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A New-Year Monody.

How they gleam, the golden years,
On the ardent eye of Youth!
In his ravished soul he bears
All the music of the spheres,
And to-morrow, then, is truth.
"These to-morrow all are mine!"
O divine
Years of youth! In his dream
How they gleam!

How they flee, the rushing years,
Past the halting path of Age!
Sounds are in his startled ears
As of clashing swords and spears
That a desperate combat wage
In a flight more desperate still.
"Will, oh, will
None be stayed!" None! Ah, me!
How they flee!

How they go, the vanished years,
Down the ebbing tide of Time!
Bearing freight of hopes and fears
O'er a current swoll'n by tears
Onward to the sea sublime—
To the ocean of the Past,
Where at last
Shall be rest! Ay! No!
How they go!

Let them gleam, and flee, and go,
Each with its appointed train,
Shining, sombre, swift, and slow!
In your heart of hearts ye know
All those years of earth are vain
Shadows of the life to be,
Sorrow free.
Use them as God wills, and so,
Let them go!

Narrow Gauge.

The following letter would rather suggest that some serious blunder has been made in estimating the cost of the proposed road from Stockton to Visalia. The following is the estimate made by the Stockton committee:

The Stockton committee on their contemplated narrow gauge road to Visalia makes the following estimate of cost and profit: One hundred and sixty miles of road, at $8,000 per mile, $1,280,000; 50 flat cars, $800 each, $40,000; 100 box cars, $1,000 each, $100,000; 6 passenger cars, $3,000 each, $18,000; 6 engines, $9,000 each, $54,000; machine shops, etc., $50,000; 3 turn-tables, $2,500 each, $7,500; bridges, $100,000; depots, etc., $20,000; total, $1,669,500. Carrying freight of six miles on each side of the road, yielding in wheat 10 bushels per acre, 200,000 tons carried to Stockton, at $3 per ton, $600,000; 50,000 tons local freight, $3 per ton, $150,000; 60 passengers per day, both ways, $6 each, 300 days, $108,000; total receipts, $858,000. Expenses: Six trains, at $60 per day, 300 days, $108,000; machine shops, $21,000; interest on $1,000,000, at 7 per cent., $70,000; taxes, $36,000; employés, etc., $35,000; 10 per cent. additional deduction from receipts as unknown and unestimated expenses, $85,800; deduction of above average yield of wheat in support of road for first year, as not furnishing full quota of six miles of route, $200,000; net gain, $301,300; total, $858,000.

The following is a letter to a proposed stockholder, from an engineer in this city:

San Francisco, Dec. 28th.

My Dear Sir:—Your favor of the 25th, enclosing the estimate of Stockton committee on their contemplated narrow gauge road to Visalia came duly to hand, and I take pleasure in offering you my ideas in reference to same. The rolling stock provided for in the estimate I do not consider sufficient to move the amount of freight estimated as likely to pass over the road named during the year. The estimated traffic being 200,000 tons of grain and 10,000 tons of other freight down, and 40,000 tons of other freight up—or a total paying freight movement of 250,000 tons; the car weight necessary to accommodate that movement will amount to 125,000 tons additional, showing a total movement of car and freight over the road in one year of 375,000 tons. The average weight of freight trains hauled by a twenty-ton engine, over such a country as the proposed line will cover, will be about as follows: 63 cars (weight 10 tons each), 126; freight, 4 tons to each car, 252; or a total of 378 tons weight to each train. Dividing the total yearly tonnage of 375,000 tons by weight of each train, and it will require about 1,000 trains to move the estimated amount of freight—or, say three trains per day one way for one year. These three trains would require an aggregate of 189 cars and three engines; but as one-sixth of the estimated traffic goes up, you must make such deduction on number of cars, which will show a daily requirement of 158 cars and three engines arriving and leaving each terminus daily. Each train you can safely calculate to be on the line (of 160 miles) at least four days ere it makes its return trip and is again loaded. Therefore it will require four times 158 cars, or 632 cars and 12 engines, constantly employed to handle the amount of freight estimated over the road named, and no allowance made for sparse engines and cars, engines for switching stock on, repairs, etc. I should estimate to operate the road named, economically and satisfactorily, at least 18 engines, with 50 cars to each engine, will be required *if the estimated amount of traffic is realized*—as it is not presumed the entire amount of grain and freight is to be shipped to or from the extreme points of the road, you can only estimate the daily mileage of freight at an average of 80 miles, which is about the average mileage made by freight trains on the best regulated roads in the world, where economy of moving freight on rails is fully understood and practiced.

As regards the passenger traffic, I think the two passenger engines and the cars estimated in the equipment named, are ample for the present, *providing nothing happens to the engines, and they can be kept constantly at work without repairs.* The road named will require but one passenger train each way daily, and for the estimated passenger movement, the cars suggested are plenty, with a couple of baggage and express cars added. I am of the opinion that your equipment should consist of at least 18 freight engines, 20 tons; 2 passenger engines, 15 tons; 6 35-passenger cars; 2 express, mail and baggage cars; 600 flat cars; 300 box and cattle cars; 10 hand cars. The estimated cost of rolling stock is much *too large* (excepting for engines), and the estimate for bridges at $100,000 *is much too small*, if the proposed road is projected on the east side of the San Joaquin river, and I am told it is. The Stanislaus, Tuolumne, and Merced are large streams, flowing into the San Joaquin on the east side. There are numerous small streams in addition to the above; also the San Joaquin, at Millerton, and King's River, near Visalia, all of which will require expensive structures to cross. I am inclined to think there is some error in the bridge estimate, as published. From the data furnished me, I estimate the cost of the proposed road at $15,700 per mile, as follows:

Grading	$320,000
Ties and track-laying	192,000
Iron and fastenings	720,000
Ballast	80,000
Bridges, etc	80,000
Rolling stock	320,000
Buildings	680,000
Turn-tables, etc	80,000
Side tracks	8,000
	112,000
Total	$2,512,000

Yours very truly, E. N. R.

Dottings.

Thirty-eight Apache bucks squelched and as many squaws captured. "To the victors belong the spoils."——Gov. Booth is raising a company to fight the Modocs. 300 patriots apply for commissions.——Gov. Booth is not raising a company. 300 patriots disgusted.——Obfusticated young man garotted on top of California street.——Press, type and editorial staff of defunct *Evening Republican* for sale cheap.——Russell, one of the Alhambra Minstrels, punched Professor Evans in the frontispiece and then commenced singing "Don't be Angry with me, Darling."——Henry Mai, who was in the room when a man shot himself, in London, has been discharged. Stokes expects to be set at liberty on the same plea.——Berlin is enraged at the Pope's latest allocation. Bismarck and the Emperor hold a council of war over it.——Burglars took communion in Trinity Church, N. Y., Sunday night, without the assistance of the priest.——Bottom fell out of a Missionary meeting in Suffolk, England. Rapid decline in Gospel stuffs.——Snow-slide at Little Cottonwood sent eleven persons where snow-slides are unknown.——Diplomatic relations between Switzerland and the Vatican broken off. Panic.——Dabney Ball bawls at Baltimore.——Grand display of pyrotechnics at the Fifth Avenue Theater, followed by real water. Uninsured.——Susan B. and George Francis, refusing to give bail, are both Bastilized. Try Chloral-Hydrate, Pitsy.——Russell will be tried next Monday for the murder of Crotty. Bestir yourselves, honorable Board of Brokers.

The Navigator Islands.

We are glad to see that the important enterprise at the Navigator Islands has attracted the attention of the Secretary of the Navy, and is thus favorably commented upon in his annual report:

"In February last, Commander R. W. Meade made, in the *Narragansett*, an extended cruise among the islands of the South Pacific Ocean, in the course of which he visited the group known as the Navigator or Samoan Islands, which lie northeast of Australia, and almost north of New Zealand, and consist of nine islands, the largest of which is called Upolu. These islands are capable of producing in abundance cotton, sugar, and all the ordinary tropical productions. They are inhabited by a fine, muscular race, mostly Christianized, and of a higher order of intellect and cultivation than almost any natives of the Pacific Archipelago. The island of Tutuila, though by no means the largest, is the central island, and possessing the beautiful harbor of Pago Pago, is the key of the group. These islands lie directly in the track of commerce and steam navigation between the west coast of America and the islands and semi-continents of the East; and the bay of Pago Pago, situated about midway between Honolulu and Sydney, affords not only far the best and safest, but absolutely the only land-protected harbor among the islands of the South Pacific. Its position, in relation to New Zealand, Australia, the Sandwich Islands, the ports of South America, and the Isthmus, and to San Francisco, makes it almost the necessary harbor for supplies, coaling and repairs for all the trade and travel westward to Australia and southern Polynesia, or returning thence to the shores of America. Its great advantages for us are to be found in these conditions, and in the fact that it is in the direct line of trade from San Francisco, through the Sandwich Islands, to the East; that its location is plainly marked by the surveys of our exploring expedition and those more recently made; that it is easy of access, night and day, with a deep, land-locked harbor, well protected from the force of the hurricanes which sweep that portion of the Pacific, and from the dangerous ocean swell resulting therefrom. As an available station for coaling for our national and commercial marine in that part of the world, it is far the best to be found within a sweep of many thousand miles. The native chiefs and people are well disposed and exceedingly anxious to secure the benefits of our intercourse and the recognition and countenance at least of our Government. Acting under his general instructions, with great judgment and skill, Commander Meade entered into the most kindly relations and intercourse with the authorities and people of these islands, exchanged the most friendly courtesies with them, and seems to have secured their friendship and confidence for our Government. He assisted them in framing friendly and proper commercial regulations, and procured from them a solemn and comprehensive agreement which gives us all the facilities for a station for coaling and supplies if needed, and invites and offers protection to every American interest, either national or commercial, asking nothing in return but our recognition and countenance, and requiring only the favorable action of our Government to establish and maintain our interest and influence in the heart of the Pacific Archipelago. It is by no means the province of this report to discuss questions of foreign policy or to present any event even of the plainest interests or requirements of national commerce, but I cannot forbear to say that if we are not prepared to ignore wholly the imperative commercial needs as well as the splendid commercial opportunities of our Pacific States, and to yield also the opening avenues of Pacific trade to the comprehension and courage of more liberal, though more remote people, we should not neglect the opportunity thus afforded, at least to protect, if not to encourage, some of the American interests which are there struggling to establish themselves."

Primeval California.

In the second volume of the translation of the "Natural History of Pliny," by John Bostock, M. D. F. R. S., and H. T. Riley, Esquire, B. A., occurs a description of a country called Taprobane, or the "Land of the Antichthones," which the learned translators seek to identify with the island of Ceylon. This is evidently a grave mistake. An examination of the text of Pliny clearly proves that Taprobane is identical with California. The expression, "Land of the Antichthones," implies the part of the earth opposite to Europe. A harbor is mentioned which corresponds with that of San Francisco, a lake which can be easily recognized as Lake Bigler, two rivers which are evidently the Sacramento and San Joaquin, and a solitary mountain which may have meant either Mount Diablo or Mount Shasta. Even in that early time the inhabitants are spoken of as having flaxen hair and blue eyes, and gold, silver and marble are enumerated among the productions. We are told that in Taprobane no slaves existed; that buildings were only a moderate hight from the ground; that the price of corn was always the same, and that there were no Courts of law and no litigation. Probably Michael Reese, Isaac Friedlander, Judge Dwinelle and Hall McAllister would argue from some of these facts that the territory described by Pliny must have been distinct from that in which the *News Letter* is now published; but it must be remembered that no reference is made to the ancestors of these gentlemen, and that Pliny wrote *natural* history. An allusion to the "Greater Bear" would undoubtedly be quite convincing to Fremont and the Pioneers. But after all, the strongest proof of the identity of "Taprobane" and "California"—proof which to the mind of Governor Booth, at least, must be demonstrative—is the historian's description of the mode of government and of avoiding the infliction of the death penalty. We are distinctly informed that the chief ruler of the people of Taprobane was a man chosen by the people, "distinguished for his mild and clement disposition, and without children." Thirty advisers were provided for him, and it was only by the advice of a majority of these that any man was condemned to capital punishment. Even then, the person so condemned had a right of appeal to a jury consisting of seventy persons, by whom his fate was finally determined. If we take the action of our childless Governor and of the Board of Brokers in Donovan's case, and the commutation of his sentence to imprisonment for life, the accuracy of Pliny and the antiquity of our Constitution will be fully established.

The San Francisco Putty Pavement Company.

We are happy to be able to announce that this enterprise promises to prove a splendid success. It is now scarcely three months since the right to lay down the new pavement, composed of a preparation of putty, and which has proven so successful in the Atlantic States and Europe, was obtained for this coast by Col. A. G. Green and his associates, and already a large manufacturing building has been erected on the Potrero, and the necessary machinery for preparing the putty and molding it into blocks is almost complete. It is not intended to repave the great thoroughfares, such as Montgomery and Kearny streets, with prepared putty until an ordinance can be passed through the Board of Supervisors making prepared putty a legal paving material, so that streets so paved can be accepted by the city. This, however, Col. Green hopes to succeed in doing at an early day. The Board is friendly to the scheme, with, we believe, the single exception of Supervisor McCarthy, who still has doubts as to the durability of the new paving material. The block laid down with prepared putty on Market street, some weeks since, stands well and appears to give great satisfaction to the residents of that locality. Where prepared putty has been in use in Belgium it is said to have answered well. Nashville, which has no other pavement, is already famous throughout the South for the beauty of its streets. We feel that we may now assure our readers that the unsightly views of Market street left by the Stowe Co., as well as the uneven and almost dangerous fissures and quagmires of Montgomery street, will soon be reckoned as matters of the past. Within another twelve-month, we doubt not, almost every street in San Francisco will be torn up and laid down with the beautiful and durable paving material. Let the Supervisors look to it at once that the necessary legislation be furnished, and let San Francisco speedily rank among the first of American cities to be paved with putty. We welcome the new industry as a benefit to the poor and a comfort to the rich. The stock of the San Francisco Putty Pavement Company will, we are confident, prove a good investment.

—— The earnings of the Central Pacific Railroad Company for November were $1,229,990, against $997,273 in 1871, and $777,513 in 1870. For the first eleven months of the year, the amount was $12,060,390, against $8,894,713 for the same time in 1871 and $7,411,424 in 1870. The gain this year is noteworthy.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER 1872,
IS NOW READY FOR DELIVERY,
Containing a Splendid Photograph by Bradley & Rulofson, of the Hon. Charles Clayton, with Biographical Memoir.
The Trade and Agents Supplied by White & Bauer, 429 Washington Street.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.--Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 22. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, JAN. 4, 1873. No. 49.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 605 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. GEO. STREET, No. 30 Cornhill, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—870@875—Silver Bars—1¼ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 89¾@90. Mexican Dollars, 6@7c premium.

☞ Exchange on N. York, ¼ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 11 per cent. On London, Bankers 49; Commercial 49⅛; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, Jan. 3d, at 2 P. M., 111¾. Latest price of Sterling, 109¾@109⅞.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco.......................January 3, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	101	103	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	121	—
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	101¼	102½	Oakland 10s	102	—
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	101½	102½	Spring Valley Water Co.	79	—
Legal Tender Notes	89⅝	89⅞	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	105	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	98	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	50	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	95	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	90	—	Union Insurance Co	85	88
Santa Clara Bonds, 7s	90	—	Pacific Bank	90	92½
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	93	The Bank of California	130	135
San Francisco Gas Company	63	—	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	110

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

Wheat.

The Wheat receipts at San Francisco for December were the lightest for any month this season, except July. This was expected, as large quantities of the Wheat were stored at points on the water courses, where it could not be reached until the rains commenced to swell the streams. This having now been accomplished within the last fortnight, it is expected the deliveries will again show an increase, and the total for January may possibly be in excess of any previous month. In round numbers, we have received over 7,000,000 cental's Wheat in the past six months, distributed as follows:

Receipts in July, centals	714,000
Receipts in August	1,380,000
Receipts in September	1,603,400
Receipts in October	1,452,400
Receipts in November	1,050,208
Receipts in December	939,800
Totals	7,069,600

This quantity is considerably in excess of the receipts for any previous entire year. It is thought that there is from 4,000,000 to 5,000,000 centals yet to come forward. The above figures include the quantities taken aboard ships loaded at Oakland wharf and South Vallejo. The receipts for December and for the first six months of the year compare as follows:

	December.	Six Months.
1865, centals	126,981	1,187,200
1866	163,400	2,918,900
1867	169,900	3,210,500
1868	359,200	4,445,500
1869	437,800	4,683,400
1870	317,400	3,787,000
1871	54,200	1,618,900
1872	939,800	7,069,600

—— Steamship *China*, 3,836 tons, H. G. Morse, Commander, sailed from Hongkong November 27th, and from Yokohama December 8th. From Hongkong to Yokohama had strong monsoon to Van Diemen's Straits; from thence fresh S.W. and N.W. winds. Yokohama to San Francisco had a succession of westerly gales. Last two days moderate north winds. Cabin passengers to San Francisco—A. H. Anderson, G. H. Buhle, E. W. Siebert, V. T. Hubbe, C. Vanderbilt, Jr., G. H. Terry, W. H. Harrison, H. W. Hiller, wife and child, H. P. Tuttle, U. S. N., M. C. Green, E. V. Linden, V. Belzukevich and W. B. Doughty. Steerage for San Francisco—Six Europeans, one Japanese and 115 Chinese. Cabin to New York—G. R. Greenough, Arthur Wallack and Charles Wallack. Cabin for Boston—J. Lennell.

—— The San Francisco Gas Company have declared a quarterly dividend of 1 per cent. for the three months ending December 31st, amounting to $60,000, payable immediately. This is the first dividend under the new arrangement. Heretofore the Company have disbursed monthly at the rate of 6 and 9 per cent. per annum. An active competition has brought about the present low rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Formerly the stock sold at 90 and above, but was recently parted with at 60, though the last sale was at 66, at which price there is still some inquiry.

Latest from the Merchants' Exchange.

New York, Jan. 3d.—Gold opened at 111¾; 11 A.M. at 111¾; 3 P.M. at 111¾. U. S. Bonds—Five-twenties of '62, 112¾; 1867, 113¾. Sterling Exchange, 109¾@110¼. Pacific Mail, 74¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 46¼. Wheat, 1 80@2 05. Pork, quiet, 13¼@——. Cotton, 20¾. Hides, quiet, dry, 25@25¼; salted, 12¼c., steady. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 65; Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 75, dull; Whale, quiet, 69@70c.; Winter Bleached, 70@74c., dull. Wool—Spring, fine, 35@45c.; Burry, 28@32c.; Pulled, 50@60c. Fall Clips, 20@33c.; Burry, 25c. Barley, —. London, January 3d.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 8d.@12s. 10d. Club, 12s. 9d.@13s. United States Bonds, 89¾, ex Coupon. For money, 91¾@91¾; for account, 91⅞@92.

—— J. J. Valentine, General Superintendent of the Bullion Department of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express, has prepared a statement of the production of precious metals west of the Missouri river for the year 1872. The total exceeds $62,000,000, most of which passed through the Express Company as carriers, and may therefore be relied on as essentially correct. We condense as follows:

Gold by Express	$27,352,958
Gold by other conveyances	3,076,801
Silver by Express	24,196,719
Ores and Base Bullion	7,610,436
Total	$62,236,914

The sources of the above treasure are given in the annexed table:

California	$19,049,098	Utah	$3,521,020
Nevada	25,548,811	Arizona	149,777
Oregon	1,905,045	Colorado	3,001,751
Washington	226,051	Mexico	585,072
Idaho	2,514,000	British Columbia	1,350,074
Montana	4,442,135		
Total			$62,236,914

The product for the year shows an increase over 1871 of $3,952,884, chiefly due to gains from Nevada and Utah.

—— The following transactions in real estate were made on Tuesday, December 31st: A full 50-vara on the north side of King street, between Fifth and Sixth, together with an adjoining lot of 22 feet 11 inches front and 137¾ feet in depth, was sold to the Contract and Finance Company for $15,000. The southeast corner of Geary and Jones streets, 23¾x68¾ feet, with the two-story frame house thereon, $7,130. Lot on the south side of Sacramento street, distant 80 feet east from Polk street, 30x18 feet, with the ten-roomed house thereon, $7,100.

—— The German Savings and Loan Society have declared their usual semi-annual dividends at the rate of 9 per cent. on term and 7½ per cent. per annum on ordinary deposits for the six months ending December 31st, payable on January 15th.

—— Among recent private sales of miscellaneous stocks, we note 50 shares Union Insurance at 86 and 50 Spring Valley Water at 79; also United States 5-20's at 100¾ for 1862 and 1867, latter ex coupon, and 10-40's at 98.

—— Two commercial banks, at Stockton, have each declared the usual 1 per cent monthly dividend, payable on the 15th. A Gold Note Bank is expected to go into operation there by the 1st of February.

—— The stockholders of the Amador Mining Company of California, have decided to disincorporate, and have made the usual application to the Courts for that purpose.

—— The *China* will sail for Yokohama on Monday next in place of the *Great Republic*, which cannot be got ready in time. The *China* is rapidly discharging cargo.

—— S. K. Holman, late Assistant Agent, has been appointed Acting Agent of the Pacific Mail Company in this city, in place of Eldridge & Irwin, resigned.

—— The First National Gold Bank of San Francisco has declared a dividend of 2½ per cent., amounting to $37,500, payable on the 10th inst.

—— The whale bark *Helen Snow* was sold by auction, January 2d, by order of the United States Marshal, for $4,000.

—— The Pacific Borax Company have levied another assessment of 25 cents per share, delinquent January 31st.

—— Fifty Shares of Lady Bryan stock were sold at par yesterday morning at the San Francisco Board.

—— The City Gas Company have raised the minimum price of gas from $1 60 to $1 90 per 1,000 cubic feet.

—— No steamer will be cleared for Panama on the 7th, owing to the non-arrival of the *Costa Rica*.

—— The stockholders of the Pacific Bank will hold their annual meeting on the 13th of January.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor. Frederick Marriott, 605 to 615 *Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.*

INV. 1916

Christmas Poem.

DEAR NEWS LETTER:—We, the melancholy five, met in the little chapel at the Oaks on Christmas day to commemorate the sacred anniversary of that miraculous event, the birth of our Saviour. We had a gallon of Cutter's fluid, marked Sanguis Christi, and a large melancholy-looking fowl with both legs bound firmly together with No. 20 cotton, lying in the cold embrace of death, marked Corpus Christi. A characteristic prayer was offered by Deacon Schotte, after which the blonde sister moved we pass the Blood. The toast of the evening was then drank standing: "The Boy in the Barn." After imbibing sundry draughts of the consecrated fluid, which elevated our minds to a pitch of devotion beautiful to contemplate, the parson gave out a hymn—"The Star of Bethlehem," which was sung with much feeling. A happy idea then seemed to strike a pale sister with sky-colored eyes. She proposed we give a representation of the birth of Jesus. Her proposition was acceded to with joy, whereupon the Judge, who never failed to put in an appearance at communion, with pious zeal hastened to pass the sacred cup, and we all drank a little more Blood. The mournful five then proceeded to put the chapel in order to pourtray the great event. The parson borrowed a tame cow from Mrs. Johnson, and sung her to sleep in one corner on some straw. Deacon Schotte held a candle so the light shone through an auger-hole in the ceiling, to represent the "Star in the East." We gave a little boy, who comes round after swill, three bits to play the infant, but here was a hitch in the piece: we had no virgin; the ladies present were all married, and of course could not play Mary, so we had to fall back on a dummy. Just then a discussion arose as to whether Christ was born in the morning or in the afternoon. One doubting brother remarked, "Mayhap Christ was not born at all." Not feeling competent to pass upon so grave a question, I decided to read to them an extract from an unpublished poem bearing upon the subject:

SCENE—*The Bar of God.* TIME—1 *B. C.*

* * * * * *
The arch fiend saw his vast ambition
Had doomed him to some dire perdition;
Yet still his courage never quailed,
Although his bold attempt had failed.
He felt that with his crippled wing
He might not hope to rise again
And glory from his plumage fling
Over the star-bespangled plain.
His soul was sad, not for the sin,
But sad to think he could not win;
And bitter thoughts came swelling up
Like wormwood in life's honey-cup.
And yet he would not yield compliance,
But looked on God with bold defiance.
Then God called Satan up for sentence.
He made no offer of repentence,
Nor deigned one look of fear or wonder
At great Jehovah's awful thunder;
But stood, with brow calm and serene
As ever devil wore, I ween,
And listened with profound attention
As God described His great invention,
The place where Satan was to dwell,
Which the proud Maker christened hell.
God said the scheme for man was this:
For good souls, Heaven's eternal bliss;
For sin, to expiate its errors,
A hell well stocked with ghostly terrors.
Fearing some good deeds might exempt them,
He wanted much a devil to tempt them,
"And thou black fiend, with venom reeking,
Art the dark demon I am seeking.
Satan, I give to thee the power
To tempt mankind in every hour.
I'll plant all passions in his breast,
Thy cunning skill must do the rest
To people hell's delightful regions
With earth's unborn, unnumbered legions.
But fearing all may take the bait
Suspended o'er perdition's gate,
And when their hungry souls are crammed
With sin, will be forever damned,
Lest the Almighty sit alone,
With none to worship round his throne,
To guard against that evil hour
And keep the balance of my power,
I have resolved to visit earth
And there produce a monstrous birth,
A miracle which shall astound
The wisdom of the most profound.
First I'll create a mystic elf,
The mold and pattern of Myself.
Although invisible, yet still
His powers are equal to My will.
This shadow of the Eternal Host
Mankind shall call My Holy Ghost;
Shall greet Him as a new divinity,
The third great pillar of the Trinity.
This essence shall beget a child
By wedded virgin undefiled,
Whose pure mind shall a luster shed
Around the matrimonial bed,
Which, like a glowing mist, will rise
And shroud the husband's jealous eyes.
I'll seek on earth some obscure spot
Where superstition is begot
Of man's deep ignorance and fear,
Where, held in veneration dear,
Are dreams, and charms, and mystic signs,
Where all the unmistaken lines
Of weak credulity are shown
In every word, and look, and tone.
From these poor, simple-minded fools,
My spirit shall select its tools
To make for Heaven one more divinity,
And finish up the Holy Trinity.
I'm told that on Judea's plains
Is found the least amount of brains
Of any place at present known
Beneath the shadow of my throne.
There I will fix my Ghost's location
And start him in his avocation
For sinful man's regeneration,
And square the books with inspiration.
I'm told one Joseph hath a wife,
One in the lowly walks of life,
Whose innocence is quite perfection,
Just suited for this grand conception,
And since the prophets have foreseen
My Son would be a Nazarene,
I'll take her on her good behavior,
And make her mother of a Saviour."
Satan had listened all the while
With a serene sardonic smile,
And when Jehovah's speech was ended
He said, "Good Lord, be not offended,
But let us here join in communion;
Our two great minds must work in union.
You, through your Son, can people Heaven,
And I'll fill hell to set us even.
Thus o'er mankind we'll have full sway,
And rule while ages roll away."

THE OAKS, Christmas, 1872. —THE PARSON.

"Old Benbow."

On November 4th, one hundred and seventy years ago, there died a hero whose deeds are recorded on no monument, and whose statue is not to be found among that glorious collection of works of art which adorn the squares and public places of the metropolis. It is perhaps as well for him that his memory has been allowed to fade out of sight, for the spirit which actuated him to the last moment of his career was one that finds no echo in the sympathies of those who are in the present day supposed to represent the feeling of this nation, and the very circumstances attending his death were such as would now stamp him as a benighted barbarian, who had no higher motive in the performance of his duty than to preserve untarnished the honor of his country, sacrificing even his life for what modern intelligence has discovered to be a trumpery sentiment, unworthy to be weighed in the balance against what are termed "pecuniary considerations." Admiral Benbow, better known as "Old Benbow," died on November 4, 1702, from the effect of wounds received August 21st, in that year, when with one ship he engaged a French squadron of five ships which threatened one of our West India Islands. This action commenced on August 19th, when the Captains out of five of the seven ships which sailed with Benbow refused to assist the Admiral, and letting their vessels drop astern, left him with only one ship besides his own to fight his adversaries. All that day these two vessels, *Breda* and the *Ruby*, maintained the unequal contest. The *Ruby*, becoming disabled, was sent to Jamaica to refit, and on the 21st Old Benbow renewed the battle, single-handed, with one ship against five. Three times in person did he board the French Admiral's ship, and three times was he driven back wounded in the face and in the arm; and with his right leg shattered by a chance shot, he lay on deck in a cot giving his orders. When some one expressed sorrow that his leg was broken, Benbow answered, "I am sorry for it too; but I had rather have lost them both than have seen dishonor brought upon the English nation. But, do you hear! If another shot should take them off, behave like brave men, and fight it out." All this time the five Captains remained looking on at a respectful distance in their ships. Benbow at last extricated the *Bedra* and sailed to Jamaica, where the five Captains were tried by Court Martial, by whose sentence two of them were shot and one cashiered. Admiral Ducasse, who led the French squadron, wrote a letter to Benbow when the fight was over in a spirit which, if acted on by England now, would lead to fearful results. "Sir," he said, "I had little hope on Monday last but to have supped in your cabin, but it pleased God to order it otherwise, and I am thankful for it. As for those cowardly Captains who deserted you, hang them up; for, by God, they deserve it.—Yours, etc., Ducasse."

—— It is said that the Laureate will publish another poem shortly, one of his fugitive efforts, which is reported to rank with the poet's best.

REDEMPTION OF SAN FRANCISCO BONDS.

Holders of Bonds of the City and County of San Francisco of the issues named below are hereby notified that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of said bonds will receive sealed proposals for the surrender of any portion thereof at the office of the City and County Treasurer, City Hall, San Francisco, until 12 o'clock noon of WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 15TH, 1873. The amounts to be applied to the redemption of Bonds are about as follows, more or less, viz:

Six per cent. Bonds, issue of 1855	$33,500 00
Six per cent. Bonds, issue of 1858	40,000 00
Seven per cent. Bonds, issue of 1860-61	90,000 00
Seven per cent. Bonds, issue of 1867	45,500 00
S. F. and S. J. R. R. Bonds, seven per cent	47,500 00
School Bonds of 1866-7, seven per cent	27,500 00
School Bonds of 1870, seven per cent	25,500 00
School Bonds of 1872, seven per cent	4,500 00
Hospital Bonds of 1871, six per cent	6,500 00
Total	$289,500 00

Bidders will state at what rate they will surrender their Bonds, for payment in United States gold coin, less coupons due.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a deposit of ten per cent. of the bonds offered, or their equivalent in gold coin, or certified checks; and should the bonds tendered be not presented within FIVE days after the award, the next lowest bid will be accepted, and the deposit of such delinquent bidder declared forfeited.

No proposal above par will be entertained, and the Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Bids must be indorsed, "Proposals for surrender of Bonds, issue of ——."

By order of the Commissioners. J. A. BAUER, Treasurer.
City and County Treasury, San Francisco, Oct. 11, 1872. Nov. 16.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $750,000. OFFICERS:—John H. Redington President; George H. Howard, Vice-President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; N. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary. H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS.—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Grogan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, B. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 17.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—SAN FRANCISCO—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. B. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 435 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital: $200,000. DIRECTORS: W W Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Michael Skelly, M P Jones, Selden S Wright, W B Cummings, C F MacDermot, James M Barney, F S Wensinger, C W Kellogg, A W Gee, Peter Dean, John H Wise, Chas S Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E T Gile, Charles Main, Donald McLennan, W B Hooper, G L Bradley. Sacramento: H C Kirk, H S Crocker, D W Welty, N D Thayer, J R Sullivan, F S Freeman. C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. HORNER, Secretary. July 27.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

The Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, of San Francisco, California. Organized April 25, 1863. Capital, $500,000, fully paid in gold coin. Fire, Marine, Harbor and Inland Transit Risks, on terms as favorable as any other reliable first-class company. Greatest amount taken on one risk, $50,000. Portions of risks considered too large will be re-insured in responsible companies. Losses promptly paid in United States gold coin. D. J. Staples, President; G. T. Lawton Vice-President; Charles R. Bond, Secretary.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,052,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,150,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
[Jan. 13.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1720.)

Cash Assets....................$13,000,000.
☞ Fire Risks at current rates. [Nov. 16.] CROSS & CO., Agents.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 18.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

THE STATE INVESTMENT AND INSURANCE COMPANY.

Fire and Marine.—No. 409 California street, opposite Bank of California.
TYLER CURTIS, President.
PETER DONAHUE, Vice-President. Jan. 20.

NORTH CHINA INSURANCE CO.

Cash Assets, $1,600,000. Marine Policies issued by the undersigned Agents. [Nov. 9.] CROSS & CO.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanaxelnth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co
Constantinople—Baltozzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Boersen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnd Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co; Rothschilds; Bank of London; Baring, Bros & Co; Delizy, Davies & Co; F'k Anstie, M. D.; "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co; Huth, Grunning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Unias Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.

COURT CHAT.

—— The Queen received at Windsor Castle, December 5th, Iwakura, the Chief Ambassador, with Kido, Okubo, Ito, and Yamaguchi, Associate Ambassadors, and the Secretaries of the Embassy, Shioda and Hyashi. The occasion, being one of great historical interest, if not of actual diplomatic character, was invested with the importance of semi-State; and the Ambassadors were accompanied from London by Lord Granville, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, a Royal train of saloon carriages being assigned to them, and the Paddington Railway Station being carpeted and otherwise carefully arranged for their departure. On alighting from the train, Iwakura and his companions were led through the Royal waiting-room to the Queen's carriages, which were in attendance to convey the party to the Castle. Sir Harry Parkes and General Alexander took part in the induction of the party to the precincts of English Royalty. Three carriages had been sent from the Castle Mews, two being drawn by four horses, with outriders in the Royal scarlet, and at the railway station a Guard of Honor of the Second Battalion of Grenadier Guards was drawn up. After the custom which had prevailed among all Eastern races, from the beginning of history to these prosaic and parsimonious days, the Japanese came bearing gifts. Their offerings, which were without exception costly, were in some instances of considerable size. These more bulky objects were contained in two pair-horse broughams, which followed the three carriages of half-State. At the grand staircase the Ambassadors were received by Lord Sidney, the Lord Chamberlain, who ushered them to the audience chamber, where they were met by Her Majesty, who was accompanied by the Duke of Edinburgh and the Princess Beatrice. The Duchess of Sutherland was in attendance on the Queen, and several military officers were present. It may be mentioned that the Japanese party wore Court suits of European fashion, they having seemingly wholly discarded while on their travels the costume of their own country. The Chief Ambassador, after reading an address to the Queen, delivered to Her Majesty his letters of credence. The Royal reply was handed by the Queen to Lord Granville, who gave it to the Ambassador. The visitors, after the reception, lunched at the Castle and then took their leave, evidently pleased with the gracious welcome they had received at the hands of Royalty. Lord Granville accompanied the deputation back to town, as did Lord Lucan and Colonel Marshall.

—— The late King of Sweden set an example, which we hope to see every day more extensively followed here, by bequeathing to the national museum of his country such of his pictures as relate to national scenes, together with a very valuable collection of armor and other valuables. In former days a wealthy New Yorker, who desired to benefit his native city in such manner at his death, was placed in this difficulty, that, unless he specially founded an institution for the reception of his gift, there was no place to receive it. Happily, in the last two years, we have changed all that. No collector need now be at a loss; full justice will be done to the inanimate objects dear to his soul when he starts on that last journey where no luggage is allowed, if he will but bequeath them to the Metropolitan Museum of Art. One of the best points about this institution is, that it has nothing individual in its origin. No great name obscures all other donors, as in the case of the Astor Library. Thus we hope to see the time when we shall pass from room to room called after some celebrity in art and taste, who has thus contributed to the education of his countrymen by a beneficent bequest, and whose memory is handed down for all time to a grateful posterity by the chamber which bears his name, and the bust or portrait of him which fills the most prominent position in it.

—— The Russian Government has demanded from the King of Belgium the extradition of one Vashtenew, one of the *valets de chambre* that accompanied the Grand-duke Alexis to the New World. Vashtenew was sent by the Grand-duke with a portion of his trunks from Cuba to Russia. He delivered all trunks but one to the Imperial family on his arrival at St. Petersburg. But the trunk he kept contained the letters which the Grand-duke received while in the United States. Among them are many *billets-doux* from foolish American women. The faithless valet took the trunk to Brussels, and sold the letters to a young bookseller, who has since then announced as in press a volume which will probably prove painfully interesting to some of our countrywomen. Its title is: "The Private Correspondence of a Prince on his Travels round the World." The Russian Government claims that Vashtenew is nothing but a common thief, and wants the Belgian Government, on that ground, to send him back to St. Petersburg, together with the stolen and interesting trunk.

—— Sandringham celebrated the Princess of Wales' birthday right merrily. On Saturday, in addition to the large party already at the house, a number of fresh visitors, amongst whom were seen Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone, arrived, being met at the gates of Sandringham by the Prince and Princess and their guests, who had been to a meet of the West Norfolk Foxhounds at Barwick-in-the-Brake. The Princess attained her twenty-eighth year on Sunday, and received a number of birthday presents, the Prince of Wales giving his wife, sister, and his three little girls splendid bouquets in honor of the day. In the morning the whole party went to Sandringham Church, and in the afternoon there was a grand feast in the Princess's honor in the Royal mews, for the women and children on the estate, corresponding to that given to the men on the Prince's birthday. The Princess had already distributed her annual gifts of clothing to the school children.

—— The following statement is published with regard to the stature of the Emperor and Princes of Germany: The Emperor's hight is five feet ten inches three lines; that of the Prince Imperial, five feet eleven inches; of Prince Charles, five feet nine inches; of Prince Frederick Charles, five feet seven inches one line; of Prince Albrecht, junior, six feet four inches, the late Prince Albrecht having been five feet eleven inches. Prince Von Bismarck is also, it is stated, five feet eleven inches in hight.

—— The Emperor William drinks but very little wine; his nephew, the Russian Czar, drinks a great deal of *votky* (Russian whisky); President Thiers is fond of a bottle of Chambertin; King Amadeus loves the sweet wine of Alicante; Queen Victoria sticks to her port; the Sultan and the Khedive relish Bordeaux; and the Emperor of Austria takes his Tokay regularly.

—— The Sultan and all his vassals, including the Khedive of Egypt, the Hospodar of Roumania, and young Prince Milos of Servia, will be at the Vienna Exhibition next year. The Emperor of Austria will invite the rulers of all civilized countries to visit Vienna on the occasion, and the President of the United States will be strongly urged to attend.

—— A statue of Queen Victoria, in bronze, the work of Mr. Marshall Wood, was unveiled at Montreal on the 21st ult., by the Governor-General, Lord Dufferin, in the presence of 20,000 persons. It was the gift to the public of citizens of Montreal of both English and French extraction, and his lordship delivered addresses in both languages.

—— Before leaving for Africa, Sir Bartle Frere was received in audience by King Victor Emmanuel, who handed to the leader of the Zanzibar Expedition a gold medal bearing his Majesty's effigy, with the request to deliver it to Dr. Livingstone as a token of his esteem.

—— An Arab surgeon, Mohammed Ali Bey, who has just cured the mother of the Khedive of a serious malady which had deeply affected her health, has received from his patient a fee of £1,000, and been raised by the Viceroy to the rank of pacha.

—— The rumors respecting the precarious state of Prince Bismarck's health continue to find currency, and it appears to be perfectly understood that he will not resume his political labors, under any circumstances, until next spring, if then.

—— It is said that the Queen has addressed an autograph letter to the Lord Chief Justice of England expressive of Her Majesty's warm and cordial acknowledgment of his great services at the Tribunal of Geneva.

—— Queen Isabella of Spain looks younger and healthier since she left the country which she governed so miserably. She enjoys Paris and its amusements with undisguised relish.

—— The King of Holland is said to have signed a decree depriving his eldest son of the right of succession in consequence of his vicious and dissolute life.

SAN FRANCISCO POST OFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	ARRIVE. A.M.	ARRIVE. P.M.
Alameda	.....	3.40	.....	1.00
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co.'s steamers)*	.....	3.40	.....	9.00
Cloverdale and Coast Points	.....	1.40	11.15	.....
Eureka*	.....	1.40	11.15	.....
Marysville and Sacramento	6.30	3.40	3.00	9.00
Napa Route via Vallejo	.....	3.40	12.40	.....
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6.30	.....	.....	9.00
Oakland	6.30	3.40	.....	3.00 9.00
Overland	6.30	.....	.....	9.00
Petaluma and Coast Points*	.....	1.15	.....	12.00
San Rafael*	9.15	.....	9.00	.....
San Jose	8.00	4.15	9.30	6.00
Southern California and Arizona*	8.00	.....	.....	6.00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6.30	3.40	3.40	9.00
Vallejo and Benicia	7.00	3.40	12.40	9.00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County	.....	3.40	.....	2.40
Great Britain, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays	.....	9.00	.....	.....

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER CITY INDEX AND PURCHASER'S GUIDE.

This is the handsomest and most useful work ever published in this city. It contains a full and complete list of city, county, state and government Officials, and other important information of a like character. AN INSURANCE DEPARTMENT, specifying the companies entirely reliable for the Safest and Speediest Recovery of Losses by Fire, Marine Disasters and Lapse of Life, is a special feature. THE PURCHASER'S GUIDE.—A most valuable and unique department of the work contains the names of the principal Capitalists, Merchants, Professional Men, Business Women, Manufacturers, Storekeepers and Traders in every branch, with their places of business. In this particular Department the reader can see, at a glance, where to Find the Best and Cheapest Articles required for Domestic Use and Household Purposes, such as Groceries, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Millinery Goods, Furniture, Hardware, Crockery, etc. If you want a Love of a Bonnet, a choice Leg of Mutton, a first-class Lawyer, an eminent Physician, Agricultural Implements, Mining Machinery, or anything else among our ten thousand daily wants, you can find where to get them by easy reference to the PURCHASER'S GUIDE. This Matchless Business Pocket-Book is only 2½ by 4 inches, containing 200 pages. It is picturesquely covered, etc. Price, 10 cents per copy; $40 per Thousand. Sept. 28.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO, Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed

BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec. 9.]

G. W. CHESLEY.] **G. W. CHESLEY & CO.,** [J. S. JONES.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Fine Wines and Liquors. Sole Proprietors of CONDURANGO BITTERS. 414 Front street, San Francisco. 51 Front street, Sacramento. August 17.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 17.

REDUCTION IN GAS.

Office of the San Francisco Gas Company, March 15, 1872.—Notice is hereby given that on and after this date, the price of Gas will be reduced from Four Dollars and Seventy-five Cents ($4 75) to Three Dollars and Fifty Cents ($3 50), per Thousand Cubic Feet. [March 23.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

BATTY & CO.'S

Favorite English Relish, Nabob Sauce, pints and half pints, Nabob Pickle, pints.—200 cases just arrived, per "Esmeralda," from Liverpool.
Oct. 5. PORTER, DONALDSON & CO., Sole Agents.

FOLEY & FLORANCE,

North Beach Livery Stable, Powell Street, below Filbert, San Francisco. Carriages to Let. Horses taken on Livery. All orders left at the stable promptly attended to, day or night. Clarences 63, 90, 119 stand on California street, opposite 422. All orders left there will meet immediate attention. Nov. 30.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

Watching.

Yes, it will soon be dawn, dear; the darkness is lingering still,
But I know it is almost the morning, the air is so hushed and so chill.
Can you lie silent no longer? Indeed, if you can, it is best,
For sometimes you sleep towards morning; try to be quiet and rest.

It is the pain that disturbs you? Your forehead feels hot to my palm.
I hoped that the fever had left you, you lay there so patient and calm.
Is it so hard to bear, dear! I know it is hard, by your smile.
Ah! if I only could take it, and let you be free for a while!

Weary! No, I am not weary; only of seeing you so.
Do not you trouble for me, dear: I rest in the daytime, you know.
Just let me straighten your pillow and darken the light from your sight:
All I can do is so little, the aid I can give is so slight.

Yes, I can see at the window the dawning begins to grow strong.
Though you are always so patient, I know that you find the hours long;
But now that the pain is more easy, while yet the night-silence is deep,
Perhaps you may still get some rest, dear; try to be quiet and sleep.

Our English Mail.

Somebody who has been "studying our weights" reports that, upon the average, boys, at birth, weigh a little more, and girls a little less, than six pounds and a-half. For the first twelve years the two sexes continue nearly equal in weight, but beyond that time males acquire a decided preponderance. Thus, young men of twenty average 143 pounds each, while young women of twenty average 120 pounds. Men reach their heaviest bulk at about thirty-five, when their average is about 152 pounds; but women slowly increase in weight until fifty, when their average is about 129 pounds. Taking men and women together, their weight, at full growth, averages about twenty times as heavy as they were on the first day of their existence. Men range from 108 to 220 pounds (the Tichborne claimant weighs about 350 pounds!) and women from 88 to 207 pounds. The actual weight of human nature, taking the average of all ages and conditions—nobles, clergy, tinkers, tailors, maidens, boys, girls, and babies, all included—is very nearly 100 pounds. These figures are given in avoirdupois weight; but the advocates of the superiority of woman might make a nice point by introducing the rule that women [illegible] 'roy weight—like other jewels—and men by avoirdupois. The [illegible] then stand—young men of twenty, 143 pounds; young women of [illegible] unds, and so on.

[illegible] re parliamentary return has been issued, from which we learn that [illegible] 8 joint-stock companies were registered in the five months ending [illegible] t, with an aggregate proposed capital of £50,736,050. During the [illegible] year there were 802 companies registered, with a proposed capital of £69,578,816. Nearly the whole of these were, of course, established with limited liability; and, though a few were brought out in Scotland and Ireland, the large majority of them bear the London registry. How many of this long array of speculative undertakings were launched with reasonable hopes of success, of course, does not appear from the official records. Certain it is, however, that several of them are already in Chancery; of many others it is not known whether they are in operation or not, and a large number bear, upon the meagre facts before us, none of those symptoms which betoken a prolonged existence. Among the mining companies winding up at the date of the return, the official return mentions the New Atlantic silver, which had a proposed capital of £250,000; the Redington Quicksilver, with a nominal capital of £220,000; the Powell United Lead, capital £48,000; the Gakbog Colliery, capital £20,000; the Lyme Regis Blue Lias Cement and Hydraulic Lime, capital £50,000; the Excelsior Hydraulic Gold Washing of California, with a capital of £250,000; the Australian and Oriental Coal, with a capital of £300,000; the Cannop Level and Speech House Hill United Collieries, capital £75,000; the East Cornwall St. Vincent Mining, with a capital of £30,000; and the Carpdo Copper and Sulphur, with a capital of £600,000. We find, moreover, from the official records that a large proportion of the new companies launched during the year and a-half referred to, have failed to state how much of their nominal capital has been actually subscribed; and are only "supposed to be still in operation."

An official return has been issued showing for every Union in England an Wales the number of able-bodied paupers and their families receiving out-door relief on the first day of the year 1872. The total is 267,401. The list comprises 29,793 men. Relief was given in respect of the families of these men, resident with them, in the case of 24,148 wives and 61,561 children under sixteen. The relief given included also 60,274 widows, and 154,778 children dependent on them; 5,830 single women; 1,516 mothers of illegitimate children, with 2,459 such children.

The return of the proceedings in Her Majesty's Court for Divorce and Matrimonial Causes, shows that in 1871 the number of petitions filed was 412, being 30 more than in 1830 and 37 more than in 1869. Besides these there were twelve applications for protection of property, as against six in 1870; there were also 97 petitions for alimony, being 77 more than in the previous year. Decrees nisi were granted in 191 cases, and 166 were made absolute; in the present year these numbers were 220 and 154 respectively. During the fourteen years of the existence of this Court, the number of petitions filed amounts to 4,568, being an average of 326 a year. In the Court of Probate the number of probates granted was 10,963, and of administrations, 5,036. The total amounts under which property was sworn for the purpose of probates or administrations are represented by an aggregate of £112,178,935 for the principal and district registries.

Intelligence was received in Liverpool on November 25th to the effect that the Pacific Steam Navigation Company's mail steamer *Tacora*, Captain Stewart, had struck on a sunken rock at the entrance to Monte Video, and was afterwards beached. The *Tacora* was one of the latest additions to the company's fleet of mail steamers, and was a ship of 3,500 tons burthen. She left Liverpool on October 4th for her maiden voyage to the West Coast of South America, and was making a splendid run when the disaster occurred. The vessel was built on the Clyde this year. The mails, passengers, specie and crew were all saved, with the exception of two seamen, who were drowned. The wreck of this steamer will, it is said, entail a loss of about £250,000, but she was well insured. Later dispatches state that she struck on a sunken rock off Cape Santa Maria, at the entrance to the River Plate, at 3 o'clock on the morning of October 28th. As the beach in the neighborhood of Santa Maria is a soft one, the salvage operations, should the vessel be got off, are expected to be very favorable. When she left Liverpool she had a cargo valued at £70,000, and on her voyage she called at Bordeaux and Lisbon to take in a further cargo.

A terrible scandal has been brought to light within the past few days. The person involved is a retired naval officer of much distinction, and who formerly had command of one of our naval stations. He is also the present holder of a baronetcy more then two hundred years old; is a K. C. B., a county magistrate, and a deputy lieutenant. Not long ago he held an important post in connection with one of the scientific committees of the service. He is, moreover, a grandson of one of our most distinguished deceased statesmen and writers, and he is nearly connected by marriage with one of our most eloquent living prelates. A few years ago he left the navy and went in largely for Directorships, and became also Trustee to an important charity. He has now left the country, carrying the funds of the charity with him, and also the capital of a joint-stock company, which has had to make application, in consequence, to be wound up. The matter is aggravated by the fact that he has disappeared with a disreputable female companion, leaving his wife, the daughter of an admiral, penniless. His name has been struck off the list of his club.

— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,

314 California Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE

ST. PAUL F. & M. INSURANCE COMPANY,
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

GIRARD F. & M. INSURANCE COMPANY,
PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

NORTH MISSOURI INSURANCE COMPANY,
MACON, MISSOURI.

AMAZON INSURANCE COMPANY,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,
COLUMBUS, OHIO.

TRIUMPH INSURANCE COMPANY,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF U. S. A., OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

CAPITAL REPRESENTED,
THREE MILLION SEVEN HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS!
AGGREGATE ASSETS - - - - - $6,700,000

Policies Issued on Desirable Property at Fair Rates.
Losses Equitably Adjusted and Promptly Paid.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
General Agents,
Oct. 19.] 314 California Street, San Francisco.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 20.

LOS ANGELES, BY THE NEW ALL RAIL AND STAGE LINE.

July—Time Schedule—1872. Tri-Weekly, via Southern Pacific Railroad, leaving San Francisco, via C. P. R. R., MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, via Oakland Ferry, at 4:30 P.M., passing Lathrop at 8:15 P.M. connecting at TIPTON (terminus S. P. R. R.), 250 miles from San Francisco, with the TELEGRAPH STAGE LINE, leaving at 6 A.M., TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SUNDAYS, arriving at Los Angeles next day about 6 P.M. PALACE SLEEPING COACHES will be run regularly on Trains between San Francisco (Oakland) and Terminus S. P. R. R. in Tulare Valley. Through Tickets and Sleeping Car Accommodations secured only at 2 NEW MONTGOMERY STREET, San Francisco. A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent Southern and Central Pacific Railroad.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent S. P. R. R.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent C. P. R. R.
August 3. W. G. ROBERTS, Agent Telegraph Stage Line, S. F.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares; Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc.; Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F. Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The Staunch and Favorite Steamship "Newbern," A. N. McDonough, Master, will sail on her next regular trip on ....at 12 o'clock M., from Front-street wharf, connecting at the mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona, the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through Bills of Lading will be furnished, and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
August 3. 410 Front street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

E. C. NEWHOFF. C. D. DUNN. M. D. CARR.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

Mercantile Printing House, N.E. corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets. CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF, Practical Book and Job Printers, desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now prepared to do every description of printing in the very best style of the art. Our presses and types are all new, and of the very latest styles. Give us a call. The third floor of the building in which our office is in will be rented for composition rooms, to good tenants, on very reasonable terms. Apply to [May 11.] CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF.

NARROW GAUGE, FOR DENVER RAIL.

Apply to Porter, Donaldson & Co., corner Sansome and Halleck. Nov. 15.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Aliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Malls.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamutz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

4033

A Song.

Bury the loved one where western winds blow,
Where the sword-grass shall wave o'er her tomb;
At her head let the lily and maiden-hair grow,
At her feet let young violets bloom.

Bury the acorn down there in the dell,
'Mid the ferns, by the violets' side—
Through the long summer days it will ripen and swell,
Till the oak stands confessed in its pride.

Bury enmities; bury them deep
In the depths of thy pitying breast;
Let the flood of oblivion over them sweep,
And charity lull them to rest.

—*F. B. Doveton.*

The Fables of Zambri, the Parsee.

TRANSLATED FOR "FUN" FROM THE PERSIAN BY DOD GRILE.

VII.

An author who had wrought a book of Fables (the merits whereof transcended expression) was peacefully sleeping atop of the modest eminence to which he had attained, when he was rudely awakened by a throng of critics, emitting adverse judgment upon the tales he had builded.

"Apparently," said he, "I have been guilty of some small grains of unconsidered wisdom, and the same have proven a bitterness to these excellent folk, the which they will not abide. Ah! well, those who produce the Strasburg *pâté* and the feather pillow are prone to regard *us* as rival creators. I presume it is in course of nature for him who grows the pen to censure the manner of its use."

So speaking, he executed a smile a hand's-breadth in extent, and resumed his airy dream of dropping ducats.

MORAL: As above.

VIII.

"What have you there on your back?" said a zebra, jeeringly, to a "ship of the desert" in ballast.

"Only a bale of gridirons," was the meek reply.

"And what, pray, may you design doing with them?" was the incredulous rejoinder.

"What am I to do with gridirons?" repeated the camel contemptuously. "Nice question for *you*—who have evidently come off one."

People who wish to throw stones should not live in glass houses; but there ought to be a few in their vicinity.

IX.

A man pursued by a lion, was about stepping into a place of safety, when he bethought him of the power of the human eye; and, turning about, he fixed upon his pursuer a steady look of stern reproof. The raging beast immediately moderated his rate per hour, and finally came to a dead halt within a yard of the man's nose. After making a leisurely survey of him, he extended his neck and bit off a small section of his victim's thigh.

"Beard of Arimanes!" roared the man; "have you no respect for the Human Eye?"

"I hold the human eye in profound esteem," replied the lion, "and I confess its power. It assists digestion if taken just before a meal. But I don't understand why you should have two and I none."

With that he raised his foot, unsheathed his claws, and transferred one of the gentleman's visual organs to his own mouth.

"Now," continued he, "during the brief remainder of a squandered existence, your lion-quelling power, being more highly concentrated, will be the more easily managed."

He then devoured the remnant of his victim, including the other eye.

This tale seems to imply the falsity of certain accepted beliefs. [It is, therefore, insulting.—*Translator.*]

X.

An ant laden with a grain of corn, which he had acquired with infinite toil, was breasting a current of his fellows, each of whom, as is their etiquette, insisted upon stopping him, feeling him all over, and shaking hands. It occurred to him that an excess of ceremony is an abuse of courtesy. So he laid down his burden, sat upon it, folded all his legs tight to his body, and smiled a smile of great grimness.

"Hollo! What's the matter with *you?*" exclaimed the first insect whose overtures were declined.

"Sick of the hollow conventionalities of a rotten civilization," was the rasping reply. "Relapsed into the honest simplicity of primitive observances. Go to grass!"

"Ah! then we must trouble you for that corn. In a condition of primitive simplicity there are no rights of property, you know. These are 'hollow conventionalities.'"

A light dawned upon the intellect of that pismire. He shook the reefs out of his legs; he scratched the reverse of his ear; he grappled that cereal and trotted away like a giant refreshed. It was observed that he submitted with a wealth of patience to manipulation by his friends and neighbors, and went some distance out of his way to shake hands with strangers on competing lines of traffic.

Nevertheless, this fable does *not* teach that social observances are always—or even commonly—grounded in good sense. If it did, that would make it true.

XI.

A snake who had lain torpid all Winter in his hole, took advantage of the first warm day to limber up for the Spring campaign. Having tied himself into an intricate knot, he was so overcome by the warmth of his own body that he fell asleep and did not wake until nightfall. In the darkness he was unable to find his head or his tail, and so could not disentangle and slide into his hole. Per consequence, he froze to death.

Many a subtle philosopher has failed to solve that knotty problem himself, owing to his inability to discern his beginning and his end.

The Latest in Balloonatics.

We have yet, it seems, a chance of seeing the complete fulfilment of Dr. Darwin's prophecy about the achievements of "unrivaled steam." M. Puy de Lome, the French aeronaut, who did good service to his countrymen during the war with Germany by his improvements in the construction of balloons, will not be satisfied until he has effected some startling changes in the science of aerial navigation. One of his latest balloons is a veritable aerial ship, in which a screw shaft, worked by eight men, and a rudder worked from the car by means of cords, play prominent parts. He found that a balloon to be successfully navigated must always be maintained at an equal degree of inflation, so that its resistance to the air should be constant. His balloon is fully inflated with hydrogen at starting, and the constant degree of inflation is maintained by means of hanging tubes. As the gas expands, it forces itself down these tubes, which hang about twenty-five feet below the balloon, and its own pressure in the tube reacts upon the body of gas in the balloon. There is a small internal balloon which can be filled with air, by means of a valve opening at low pressure, as the gas escapes through diminution of pressure from the primary balloon. The experimental voyage in this new kind of ship, of which a full account is now published, was highly successful, and the voyagers were delighted with the graceful evolutions of the machine which worked the balloon, and the readiness with which it answered to both helm and screw. M. Puy de Lome proposes to substitute a stationary engine of eight-horse power for the eight men who work the screw. He thinks he could then travel at the rate of fourteen miles an hour, and sail much closer to the wind.—*Court Journal.*

— Lady Burdett Coutts and a committee of ladies have sent £100 to the London School Board, to be applied in teaching the children in the board schools to avoid any description of cruelty to dumb creatures.

— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL AND WORK FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL BUILDING.

OFFICE OF BOARD OF CITY HALL COMMISSIONERS, San Francisco, Nov. 26, 1872.
Sealed proposals for furnishing certain material for a portion of the New City Hall Building and Hall of Records and for the construction thereof, will be received at the office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, corner of McAllister and Leavenworth streets, until 12 o'clock M. of FRIDAY, the 27th day of December, A. D. 1872, except for Iron Work, for which proposals will be received until 12 o'clock M. of FRIDAY, the 24th day of January, A. D. 1873, viz:
10,000,000 Brick; 5,000 Barrels Lime; 5,000 Barrels Cement; Stone for Facing of Basement Story and Building the same in the Walls, etc.; Rolled Iron Joists; Iron Girders and Columns; Building Brick in the Walls, etc., including Bonding, Anchors etc.; Building Brick Facing of Basement Story; Fixing, Fitting and Laying Iron Joists and Girders, all according to the printed specifications, schedule, etc., and plans and drawings, at the office of the Board. Each bidder for brick will state what quantity he will furnish within one year, and at what times he will deliver them. Samples must accompany each bid.
P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE,
Nov. 30. Board of City Hall Commissioners.

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT.

The time for receiving bids advertised to be received December 27, 1872, is hereby extended to JANUARY 10, 1873, except for Cement, which is extended to JANUARY 21, 1873. P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE,
Dec. 28. Board of City Hall Commissioners.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on-the-Main. March 28.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates; also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.
Oct. 26. A. McKINLAY, {Agents.} A. S. FINNIE.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Babcock; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT,
GEO. ROBINS, Secretary. [April 16.] President.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 24.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States. March 19.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec. 24.

LINDENBERGER & BURKE,

Commission Merchants, Nos. 28 and 30 Sansome St., San Francisco, and Agents of the Willamette Woolen Mills, Salem, Oregon. Oct. 5.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 512 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco. J. A. MARS, Assayer. Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters, etc. Aug. 24.

D. F. VERDENAL.] POULTERER & VERDENAL, [T. J. POULTERER.

Stock Brokers, San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board, 409 California street. May 11.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Roney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 16, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

Tom Tiddles's New Year's Eve.

[A FACT.]

Tom Tiddles was a dry good's clerk,
He boarded down a cellar,
He wore a shiny, high plug hat,
And a gingham umbrella.

His hair was cut in Boston style,
His whiskers quite "Dundreary,"
His manner light and *debonnaire*,
And his *tout ensemble* cheery.

The 'Frisco girls all said he was
A little duck of a man,
He'd walk a mile for just one smile,
Or glance o'er the top of a fan.

Now Tiddles long had saved his cash,
And bought him a gorgeous suit,
Fitting his little figure tight
As the belt of a raw recruit.

On New Year's Eve he donned these togs
And sallied forth to greet,
With jaunty step and killing grace
His friends on Kearny street.

They smiled at many a bar that night,
And down the drinks did toss,
And were a set of jolly dogs
You ever came across.

Till Tiddles' head began to swim,
And his eyes did grimly stare;
He wished a pump a 'happy New Year,'
And swore it was Laura Fair.

But being primed with one last drink,
He boldly struck for home;
He plashed through swampy puddles,
And charged the deepest loam.

But home at last he staggered,
Nor stayed he long awake,
But dreamed of the joyful morrow,
And the New Year's calls he'd make;

Of the fair ones' smiles of welcome,
As he bowed before them low
In his bran-new suit. From hat to boot
The "regular swell, you know."

He woke, and O, 'twas pitiful
To see his woful plight,
He was mud and "egg-nog" all over,
And his new clothes ruined quite.

His sweet plug hat was "busted,"
His pants were split at the knees,
The rainbow tie had departed,
And his head felt big as a cheese.

Poor Tiddles lay in bed all day,
And his temples throbbed with pain,
And he swore with many an oath that he
Would never get tight again.

MORAL.

Now *dry*-goods clerks, your brains may
Too *wet* at times, believe, [get
So when you buy a nice new suit,
Don't *wet* it New Year's Eve.

W. L. E.

Theatrical, Etc.

THE YELLOW HAT.—To present this burlesque on the boards of a down-town theater with that amount of splendor on which its success depends, was a bold undertaking. The management of the Metropolitan Theater has gone to great expense in its production, both in matter of scenery, dresses and appointments. Nothing can be more enchanting than the Transformation Scene, it is truly magnificent. But the whole course of the play itself is marred by the gross carelessness of the officials in charge of the mechanical effects. This demon of slovenliness lurks everywhere. Scenes are slammed together with a crash, the trap-doors are in no hurry at all to shut, and generally have to be struggled with a while, attendants in their shirt-sleeves show themselves with easy nonchalance at the slips, the prompter bawls so as to be heard all over the house, and so on, until the beholder begins to wonder whether he has not got into the Bella Union or Atheneum by mistake. The play itself is simply a jumble. The scenes stand on their own hook, without much dependence on the preceding ones, and the characters make their exits and their entrances in a loose, disconnected manner, and, towards the end, the plot seems to have run itself into the ground, and the spectator is bewildered to see half-a-dozen Yellow Hats on the stage at once. What might be deemed the leading character was held by Miss Blanche Calton, a coquettish little actress, with a good presence and a fair notion of by-play. The best feature about Miss Cherry Belle, is her banjo-playing. She also sings nicely, and acts with naturalness and quiet worth; but what are we to say of a lady who drifts into friendly familiarity because her admirers in the gallery are a little demonstrative in her favor? Who offers to treat them to an imitation of the banjo-playing peculiar to darkies on the old plantation, "for I'm a Southerner myself!" With another *encore* or two, the lady would probably have become gushingly confidential, and have given us some particulars about her father and mother, and where they came from. Whatever Mr. Hudson Liston's histrionic capabilities may be, he has not as yet appeared to much advantage before a California audience; indeed the impression he leaves on most of his hearers is a decidedly unpleasant one. He labors under the idea that he is the wit of the evening, and his attempts to attract attention by saying or doing something "funny" are simply nauseating. He pulls out a pistol which misses fire; he peeps into it and blows down the barrel. This stupendous joke he repeats every few minutes because several noodles up aloft are heard to laugh at it. He never imagines that at the twentieth repetition it becomes a little stale, and after that, positively odious. The silliest thing of the evening is his remark on a horned and tailed visitor from the infernal regions—"Put a cigar in his mouth and it would be our President!" The best joke of all is that the managers, after picking up this genius at we know not what dance-cellar or underground caff, announce his name in large capitals, while such actors as Edmonds, Ellerton and Hinckley dwindle in the shades of small type. Mr. Eytinge makes a very jovial "King Broccoli II." but it is surprising that it never dawned upon his faculties that he is not exactly a Sims Reeves. In attempting to sing a song he perpetrated some of the most execrable discords it has ever been our misfortune to listen to. The man who has the cheek to stand before any but an audience of deaf men and bowl in that manner, deserves a worse fate than Donovan's. If Mr. Ellerton did not make much of "Ric-Rac" it was not his fault, but the author's. In the olio, two little bits of girls sang "The Apple of My Eye" very takingly. Miss Lulu Wilson has mistaken her vocation. That hard, rusty, squeaking voice would sound better in subdued cadence at the domestic hearth, or calling the cows to lactation.

ALADDIN.—This thing of beauty promises to be a joy for some time, for the attendance is nearly as large as at its initial performance. It is one of those productions that will bear seeing almost any number of times. Miss Minnie Walton looks as if she had just stepped out of the Arabian Nights, and trots around quite Celestially in her little bottines. Toole, the comedian, has the power of convulsing an audience with laughter as soon as he appears on the stage, merely by the infinite drollery of his grimaces. Mr. Williamson, the Toole of our world, possesses this faculty to some extent. He contributes most of the fun of the evening, for no one can help laughing at his comicalities. The part of "Asmc" is a curious one. He pops out and fights terrific short-sword combats with "Kasrac," although one might almost suppose they are relatives by the similarity of their names, and the fact that they are both mutes. When he attempts to force his way into the baths, what an extremely solid obstacle he finds in the person of Miss Chambers! A towering Amazon she guards her princess like one of the "eight mighty daughters of the plow," who shielded Tennyson's "Princess." In the lantern scene, when the whole party are nicely seated on the staircases, and the acrobats have finished, his Celestial Serenity sings out, or might sing out, "In the name of the Prophet—legs!" And legs it is. In they troop, long legs, short legs, fat legs, thin legs, high legs, low legs, and no legs at all, æsthetically speaking. Poor legs, how they must long for a flannel petticoat these cold nights! But it is not till the four legs belonging to the two *premières* fly, absolutely fly in, that the thrilling moment arrives. For a time nothing is distinguished but those four ubiquitous lower extensions, flinging, twisting, and curvetting, defying the bewildered beholder to tell which are Betty's and which Emily's. And then they stand up on the very tip of one little satin slipper, "like herald Mercury new-lighted on a heaven-kissing hill," seeming scarcely to touch the earth. How they do it is one of those things no fellow can understand. We went home and tried it on our domestic hearth-rug, but although it looks easy enough for a fellow to prance round on his big toe-nail, you will find it deceives its looks greatly. Dark-haired Betty, you have won upon us, and you, sunny-haired Emily, by a very trifle—the way you spell your names. A smaller soul than thine, O raven-crowned, would have announced herself as Mdlle. Bettie; than thine, O goldy-locks, as Mdlle. Emilie. Those with slower feet and less sylph-like forms than thine may need to assume some long rippling Italian name, but you can afford to stick to the honest Saxon. Good girls. The gentle critic patteth you on the back, ebon-tressed Betty, and you, too, amber-haired Emily; praying for each—long may she wave in graceful curves before the footlights, and may the shadow they cast of her never be less.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.—The most artistic performance of the evening is the finale of the third act of *Ernani*, given very meritoriously by Mr. Russell and three others of the minstrel troupe. Mr. Russell's voice is more conspicuous for strength than for either beauty or mellowness, and sounds quite hard in some of his sentimental songs. Misses Worrell and Hall still appear in their songs and—can we call them "dances!" The performance of these ladies is worse than feeble; it is meretricious in the extreme. Emerson is as good as ever, and Sutton is becoming one of the best end-men in America. Taken in all, the entertainment is a highly amusing one, and entirely free from indecency, which cannot always be said of the "live" paper, which for the sake of a little notoriety wantonly trumped-up that charge against it.

On the occasion of delivering to the widow of the late Col. Evans the proceeds of the benefit tendered on her behalf, Mr. McCullough performed a characteristic act of quiet generosity. The benefit at the California Theater having proved less remunerative than was anticipated, on account of bad weather, he reduced the appropriation for the actual current expenses of the night $250; in other words, presented the bereaved family with that amount.

Mr. Hartdegan, of the California Orchestra, will give a vocal and instrumental concert at Pacific Hall on the 16th. The Fabbri Troupe and others will appear.

THINGS ELSEWHERE.

Women actors assuming masculine characters have often invested the parts with a dash and spirit which not only gained them the applause of discreet critics, but captivated the hearts of the more susceptible of her own sex. Peg Woffington is, perhaps, the most remarkable instance of the latter quality of attractiveness, as stage traditions point to several cases in which her "Sir Harry Wildaire" and "Lothario" won the admiration and affections of those of her own sex. We do not find, however, that the male characters of Shakspeare, except those similar to "Sebastian," in *Twelfth Night*, were attempted by the female sex until the assumption, by a Mrs. Webb, at the Covent Garden Theater, London, in 1788, of the character of "Falstaff." The only remarkable thing about this performance, which has been handed down in dramatic history, is not her interpretation of the jovial old knight, but the fact that her natural corpulency was such that she was enabled to fill the clothing of the redoubtable hero without any of that padding generally so necessary an auxiliary with those who assume the part. Mrs. Glover, the celebrated English actress, on one occasion acted "Hamlet," which, in fact, has found many female interpreters, including Mrs. Shaw, Mrs. Crampton, and Mrs. Marriott, well-known actresses in their day on the New York stage. "Romeo" has also found many feminine impersonators, among them being Charlotte Cushman, Mrs. Shaw, and Mrs. Colmon Pope, all of whom have performed the character in New York. The more vigorous characters, however, have been but rarely essayed, for beyond a certain point woman's strength is inadequate to man's force of character or depth of passion. Even in such parts, however, Shakspeare has received female interpretations, for we find that early in the present century a Mrs. Battersby enacted the character of "Macbeth" for her benefit at the old Park Theater, New York; that a Mrs. Baldwin, in 1823, acted "Anthony" in *Julius Cæsar;* and more recently Miss Cushman performed "Cardinal Wolsey" in *Henry VIII.* with considerable ability. Mrs. Macready is also playing "Shylock" in *The Merchant of Venice.*

As a novelty in theatricals, the *Gaulois* tells us that Pekin itself has sent to Paris a singer, Mlle. Yen-Sao-Zol, with an admirable voice, a charming face, and—need we say it?—a small foot.

—— We have been reading with much pleasure and interest a small *brochure* of about forty pages, just published by Edward Vischer, Esq., and very neatly printed by Winterburn & Co. It is entitled, "Notes on the Californian Missions," being in fact a supplement to the author's "Pictorial of California." The work is the result of a most patient pilgrimage among the now crumbling ruins of the old Spanish missions from San Diego to Sonoma, a distance of two hundred and twenty-eight leagues, and will be of value in the future as preserving a portion of the history of California, which is fast passing into oblivion. The necessity of this rescue is obvious, when, as Mr. Vischer says, "The twenty-one established Missions of Upper California, which, on our first visit in 1842, we found representing at least a semblance of their previous importance, have dwindled down to about twelve or fifteen, mostly dilapidated and fast-decaying remnants, ill adapted to withstand the action of the elements. The San José Mission Church fell by earthquake only two years after we had sketched it." So for twenty years our author has been gathering together and making drawings and sketches of these early settlements, and has furnished us with a production both literary and illustrative, alike valuable to the antiquarian, the historian, the churchman and the pioneer.

—— The *Overland Monthly*, emulating the practices of the *Toledo Blade*, *Police Gazette*, and similar ornaments of periodical literature, entreats the reader to "Send on Four Dollars and we will send you"—so and so; "Send on five dollars and we will send you"—something still more alluring. The dignity of the magazine might be enhanced if the proprietors were to buy up a lot of family portraits of Washington to offer as premiums, something in the "cheap and nasty" line would do; or they may induce people into buying what they do not want, by the offer of a beautiful illuminated marriage certificate, *a la Christian Advocate.* When a magazine descends to such petty acts of bribing and coaxing for subscribers, it is pretty good evidence that it has ceased to stand on its own merits.

—— Is there another city in the States whose sidewalks are blocked up in the way that ours are, not only with live freight blocking up the corners, but with merchandise of nearly every description, from a heap of melons to a bedstead! When San Francisco was a small and insignificant city, and before its storekeepers had the appliances they have now, there was some excuse for it, but it ought to be remedied now. In Eastern and European cities people are fined heavily for infringing upon the public thoroughfares, but our citizens here prefer to endure the nuisance sooner than make a fuss. Cannot some charitable person be found who will put himself to a little inconvenience, *pro bono publico?*

Foreman Caned.—On New Year's Eve, at five o'clock, D. H. Munson, Foreman at Francis & Valentine's, was presented with an ebony cane, elegantly mounted in solid gold, with a monogram of his initials thereon. This souvenir of respect from his fellow craftsmen is from the establishment of Anderson & Randolph, Montgomery street. It is pleasing to hear of such cordial feelings existing between a foreman and the employees.

—— At St. John's Presbyterian Church, next Sunday, Rev. Dr. Scott will, in the morning at 11 o'clock, give a New Year's greeting to his congregation, and at 7½ P. M. will open a new volume and turn over a new leaf for 1873. The public cordially invited to attend the welcome.

—— The British Benevolent Society will hold its regular monthly meeting at the rooms, 720 Montgomery street, on Monday, 6th instant.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

金山唐山新聞紙

For Every China Steamer, will be Issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current; Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date; latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 24.

SOME THINK THAT PROTRUDING TOES

Look better than a Silver Tipped Shoe or Boot. Take your choice. Nov. 23.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℘ ℔	55@ 70
Do. pickled	65
Do. Packed	40@ 60
Cheese, Cal.	20@ 25
Cheese, N. Y.	20@ 25
Honey	25@ 30
Eggs, ℘ doz.	65@ 70
Lard, ℘ ℔	18@ 20
Ham & Bacon, ℘ ℔	18@ 20
Cranberries, ℘ gal.	75@
Potatoes, Irish, ℘ ℔	2@ 3
Do. sweet	2@ 3
Lima Beans, ℘ ℔	6@ 10
Tomatoes, ℘ ℔	@ 5
Onions, ℘ ℔	@ 6
Squashes, ℘ ℔	@ 5
Pumpkins, ℘ ℔	3@ 5
Cabbages, each	10@ 15
Cauliflowers, each	15@ 20
Cucumbers, ℘ doz.	@
Celery, ℘ doz b.	75@1 00
Beets, ℘ doz b.	25@
Turnips, ℘ doz b.	25@
Parsnips, ℘ doz b.	25@
Radishes, ℘ doz b.	25@
Green Peas, ℘ ℔	@
String Beans, ℘ ℔	@
Apples, ℘ ℔	6@ 12
Pears, ℘ ℔	8@ 12
Quinces, ℘ ℔	@
Peaches, ℘ ℔	@
Pine Apples, each	50@1 00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℘ ℔	12@ 25
Do. new, ℘ ℔	@
Oranges, ℘ doz.	50@1 00
Lemons, ℘ 100	75@1 00
Limes, ℘ doz.	25@ 35
Quail, ℘ doz.	2 00@2 25
Chickens, each	50@1 00
Turkeys, ℘ ℔	20@ 25
Geese, ℘ pair	3 00@4 00
Ducks, ℘ pair	1 75@2 00
Rabbits, ℘ pair	25@ 30
Hares, each	30@ 50
Oysters, ℘ 100	1 00@1 25
Clams, ℘ 100	60@
Mussels, ℘ 100	12@
Salmon, smoked, ℘ ℔	8@
Salmon, fresh, ℘ ℔	20@
Codfish, ℘ ℔	12@
Rockfish ℘ ℔	10@
Smelts, ℘ ℔	15@
Tomcod, ℘ ℔	15@
Sturgeon, ℘ ℔	4@
Sea Bass, ℘ ℔	@
Flounders, ℘ ℔	25@
Halibut, ℘ ℔	50@
Perch, ℘ ℔	10@
Shrimps, ℘ ℔	8@
Anchovies, ℘ ℔	4@
Soles, ℘ ℔	25@
Herrings, ℘ ℔	3@

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 20, Stevenson's Building, S.W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

A Touching instance of maternal affection occurred at Woodward's Gardens, in the interesting collection known as the Happy Family. Some of the young scions of the monkey tribe had been amusing themselves by playing circus, riding the porcine member of the family around the apartment; which they, no doubt, call riding pig-a-back. Soon they quarreled, and their voices mingled in discordant pother. At this their aged mother, who sat up aloft chewing a chignon she had abstracted through the bars, descended, with a severe look on her face, scattered the disputants right and left, mounted the pig herself and rode around the ring at a frantic rate for half an hour. The old dowager then dismounted and, calling her children about her, said, "Little ones, why quarrel like those miserable two-handed bipeds who have shut us up in this bastile! Let them delight to bark and bite, for 'tis their nature to. When free in the forests your kindred never quarreled. Ah, well do I remember the day we were captured! I sat with eight or ten of my husbands on a tall mahogany tree, when a number of these flat-footed human troglodytes stopped beneath it with their axes and said, 'Here is one that will do for N. P. Cole & Co.,' and as they were chopping it down we heard them telling how this firm of N. P. Cole & Co. was one of the biggest furniture manufactories in America, and how they sold the cheapest and best chairs, the handsomest bedroom sets, the——See, there is a boy with peanuts! Run and get some, and bring me half, you rascals!"

Seated in our office, the other day, dipping our Promethean-tipped quill now into the scathing sarcasm of a Juvenal, now into the gentle satire of a Horace, we were interrupted by the arrival of Mrs. N., who burst into the room snorting like a sea-lion, upset the paste-pot, kicked over Diester's Webtionary, and flopped herself down on a pile of newspapers. "I have been shamefully abused," said she, "O how dare they insult a poor lone female!" "Who was it—his name!" we screamed, flourishing our scissors ferociously. "Passing Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, Montgomery street," continued our Sophronisba, "one of the porters ran against me with his two-wheel barrow so rudely that I lost my balance and sat down in it, and the wretch wheeled me half across the office in that undignified position before he stopped. And to see the clerks all grinning like monkeys, the jackanapes! O I feel mad enough to—to—" "Calm yourself, my soul's delight," murmured we. "The popular mode of locomotion among the Phœnicians"—"O hang the Phœnicians," she exclaimed, "come and help me select some jewelry at Anderson & Randolph's." We went, and the superb Etruscan gold set that now graces Mrs. N's person and strikes envy into the heart of all beholders is our choice, sir. We have an eye for the Beautiful.

A Baron's castle in feudal times would be a curious sight to one accustomed to the luxuries of this age. The hall was strewn with rushes on which the retainers and hounds stretched themselves promiscuously to sleep. A bench, reaching from end to end, served as a table for their meals, which generally terminated in a drunken orgy. The pages of history inform us that every age of civilization has in turn fallen back into barbarism. Will this age of enlightenment prove an exception to the rule? The thought of treading upon rushes is repulsive to one whose foot has been accustomed to repose in the downy softness of Plum, Bell & Co.'s carpet. The idea of eating off rude boards instead of our massive mahogany tables, of sleeping anywhere but on our spring bedstead of beautifully carved black walnut from the same popular house, is distressing in the extreme to a well-regulated mind. Stay your hand, ye vandals, who in the decrees of Fate are to overturn our civilization! Arouse not ye Goths to glut your ire! as long as we are alive, at any rate.

Several ambitious poets have forwarded us attempts to rhyme the word "silver." One who signs himself "Salathiel," and is blushing unseen in the desert air of Minna street, makes a desperate plunge after it. He says:

Her voice, so soft and silvery,
Sounds sweet upon the hill, very.

Won't do, Salathiel—several sizes too thin. Such verse as that makes us ill, very. Still, by the manner you call in "apt alliteration's artful aid" with your soft-sliding sibillants, we think, perhaps, the true poetic fire might be kindled in your breast with a little puffing. Commence at the lowest grade and knock off a few yards of City Lyrics, or some senseless jingle for the *Overland*. Another, signing E. P. S., we shrewdly suspect to be the fair young Emily, who broods over the callow *Pioneer*. She cuts the Gordian Knot thus:

"Don't spare him, Minnie Myrtle Miller,
Pile on the lies, they bring the siller.

'Siller' means 'silver'—all the same in Scotch—send on that Florence Sewing Machine." Not if we know ourselves. What does a washed-out copy of Vic. Woodhull want with a Florence! That easiest, cheapest and most elegant of Sewing Machines is indeed a graceful adornment to every household, but it would seem as out of place across her knees as a baby or a wash-tub.

What is the difference between an animal and a vegetable? The answer is, the one possesses voluntary motion, while the other does not. But this rule is a very imperfect one. For instance, the *lianes*, or climbing plants of tropical forests, will direct their growth toward certain particular trees, and not toward those that are nearest them. When they encounter one of the objectionable trees, they carefully draw themselves away and proceed in another direction. Cases might be multiplied showing this power of selection in plants which, to use Mr. Darwin's words, "would be called instinct in an animal." The same thing is exemplified on our streets every day when people avoid all other houses and make for the photographic gallery of Bradley & Rulofson. The remarkable affinity people have for this popular house is the result of the long experience and acknowledged excellence of these popular artists.

It is hard to cause wonderment in an Apache. He considers it *infra dig.* to exhibit surprise at any of the inventions of the pale faces. We showed them our watch. They turned it over with a supercilious blasé air as if they had carried "turnips" in some invisible watch-pocket all their lives. We produced a telescope. On peeping through it they had some difficulty in suppressing their wonder, but they soothly swore there was some trick about it. We put a bullet from our Winchester rifle into a tree a thousand yards off, at which they smiled contemptuously. We were in despair. Then recollecting that in our pocket was a number of I. W. Taber's matchless photographs, we drew them forth. It fetched them. Their reserve broke down, they danced around them in admiration, they howled a war-song in their praise. And the homage was deserved, for this house has few equals in the beauty and correctness of their photography.

One day last winter Joaquin Miller dashed into our room much worked up. He sat down and commenced pulling out his long flaxen hair and strewing it on the carpet in distraught woe. We were about to ring for the chambermaid to sweep it up, but recollected just in time his tender *penchant* for this much-abused class of females. So we simply asked him what in the name of all the gray old gods was the matter. He told us his brain was utterly demoralized trying to find a suitable rhyme to "Turkey." We thought a moment. Ha! Io triumphe! We have it. "Gerke," shouted we, and haling him around to the agency, 418 Market street, we introduced him to that famous vintage. "By the burning Sappho!" exclaimed the tickled poet, inspecting the chandelier through the bottom of his tumbler, "those rhymes have a natural fitness for each other, for what would a Christmas turkey be without Gerke?"

The French Academy of Sciences has offered a reward of twenty-five thousand francs for the simplest means of knowing when a person is dead. Many methods have been proposed by scientific men, but the most successful is to present to the olfactory nerves some aroma which was particularly grateful to the person when living. The ingredient best adapted for the purpose is some one of Eberhardt & Lachman's rare old vintages. They appeal so strongly to the memory through the sense of smell that if the vital spark yet remains it is irresistibly roused. The next step in the treatment is to administer about two gills by way of mouth; if this does not restore him he must be dead indeed.

Will the "Parliament of man, the federation of the world," ever be more than a dream of the visionaries, the Ultima Thule of romance? Will the time arrive when the war-drum throbs no longer, and the civilized people of the world are united under one Government, one language, one law, one commerce, one coinage? The tendency of modern thought certainly points to such a time, though far in the future. Meanwhile it behooves us to educate towards it. Let us use every means to help forward the cause of public education. Let our schools be supplied not only with the best teachers, but with the best desks and school furniture, namely, that manufactured by Gilbert & Moore, 219 Bush street. You may spend an hour very pleasantly inspecting their stock.

A correspondent came across the following description in Byron:

She had an Asiatic eye
Dark as above us is the sky;
But through it stole a liquid light
Like the first moonrise of midnight.

He wants to know what kind of an eye the other one was. He also asks how many moonrises usually occur at midnight. Poetic license, my boy; do not be too realistic. That simile about the "liquid light" is good. If you want to know what that is, go to Landsberger's Cellars, get a glass of their pure California Wine, hold it up so that the rich "liquid light" may stream through it, and you will say it is prettier than all the Asiatic eyes Byron ever dreamed of.

A pretty Persian allegory says that every tear an angel sheds is caught on its descent to the earth by an oyster, which opens its shell to receive it; and after a little time the tear becomes a pearl. We muse upon this every time we go into Emerson Corville's Saddle Rock headquarters. As the tantalizing *morceau* glides over our enraptured epiglottis we cannot help thinking that if there are no oyster-beds on the other shore, no wonder the angels weep. Call and take one of Corville's unrivaled oyster-stews for lunch. Physicians say they are not only highly nourishing, but brain-producing, promoting the vivacity of the nerve-centers and the secretion of adipose tissue. They also augment the supply of oxygen and engender unlimited ozone. Try them.

Burton, the explorer, tells of an Arab Scheik who was filled with astonishment that one should be traveling for pleasure. Said he, "Wonderful are the works of Allah! Behold that Frank is trudging about, when he can sit still if he pleases!" The old Scheik would recline all day on his cushions, smoking his long chibouque and scolding his wives and slaves. As the prophet Mahomet has forbidden his followers wine, how do you think he got around it? Why, the old rascal would take his nip of Hotaling's genuine Cutter whisky as regularly as Governor Booth or Billy Emerson, or any other notable; and like them, he would take no other, although it cost like the mischief to import it into the interior of Arabia.

A thousand people to the square mile. Such is the state of things in the Presidency of Bengal, the most densely populated country of the globe. What would Malthus have thought of this? Seventy years ago he said society was then in danger from over-population, when no country in Europe had over four hundred to the square mile. The population of Bengal has doubled within the past seventy years. One of the causes conducing to this healthy state of things is the universal use of Batty's Nabob Pickle by the whole nation. This famous pickle is put up by Batty & Co., London, and may be had of Porter, Donaldson & Co., corner of Halleck & Sansome streets.

It makes a great difference in one's impression of an author if the work he reads is well printed and tastily got up. The red-line edition of the popular authors, published by Field, Osgood & Co., for instance, is pleasing to the eye and grateful to one's sense of beauty. A. Roman & Co. have in their handsome stock the best editions, both for printing and binding, of all the well-known authors in every branch of literature. Not only is their supply of books a beautiful one, but it is most comprehensive, embracing the works of note of all nations and languages. An immense variety of children's books, toys, games for winter evenings, etc., may also be seen at this popular house.

And Jeremiah the prophet said, "What seest thou?" and the lad answered and said, "I see a chariot approaching, and the driving is like unto the driving of Jehu the son of Nimshi, for he driveth furiously." Then Jeremiah said, "My son, keep thine eye peeled and tell me how the horses look." Then the boy said, "Lo, verily they are bedecked gaily, and the harness is like unto the harness of Main & Winchester, for it gleameth nobly from afar. Moreover, also, the buggy-robe is like unto the buggy-robes from the same establishment, on Battery street, for it is as handsome and durable as the cedars of Lebanon." Selah.

It is reported that "George Eliot" will soon visit this country. There is no living writer who would meet with a more cordial reception than "George Eliot." She has been called the "Female Bacon," a cognomen most ill-chosen, as it has not the slightest bearing on her wonderful talent for appealing to the affections and inducing self-searching thoughts. She is a lover of the country. All her works treat of rural life, they "babble o' green fields." Consequently she would enjoy a visit to that lovely spot, Thorpe's Hotel and Gardens, on the San Bruno road, as much as our citizens who so delight to patronize that charming retreat.

William Cullen Bryant, the poet and veteran editor of the New York *Evening Post*, is expected to visit this city soon. In spite of his advanced age, he is erect and vigorous, and his faculties seem endowed with perennial strength. As he wishes for quiet, comfortable apartments during his stay, it is expected that he will take up his abode at the Galt House, 632 Market street, which ranks among the highest for convenience, elegance and respectability.

This is the weather to test our roads. A good one like the San Bruno road is all the better for a little moistening. All who drive on it feel better, too, after a little moistening at Harry Blanken's. This is because his drinkables are of the very best quality, in the opinion of our wisest judges.

To protect the understanding of humanity nothing is like leather fastened together by Cable Screw Wire. Boots and shoes made in this way never rip, or leak, or come apart.

Ragged stockings and protruding toes are not seen on feet where Silver Tips are worn. Parents remember this, they last twice as long. For sale by all dealers.

SAN FRANCISCO PARK BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the Park Commissioners, south-east corner of Montgomery and Pine streets, until THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1873, AT 2 O'CLOCK P.M., for the purchase of SAN FRANCISCO PARK BONDS to the amount of Seventy-five Thousand Dollars ($75,000), or for any part thereof, authorized to be issued by said Commissioners, by an Act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to provide for the improvement of Public Parks in the City of San Francisco," approved April 4th, 1870, and an Act entitled "An Act amendatory of and supplemental to an Act entitled 'An Act to provide for the improvement of Public Parks in the City of San Francisco, approved April 4, 1870,'" approved March 30, 1872.

Said bonds to be of a denomination of $1,000, with coupons for interest attached—principal and interest payable in gold coin of the United States. These Bonds will be payable Twenty-four and a half (24½) Years from the date of their issue, viz., January 1, 1873, and will bear interest at the rate of Six (6) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, at the office of the Treasurer of the City of San Francisco.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco are required by law to raise by tax, in addition to the ordinary taxes, every year, a sum of money sufficient to pay the interest annually accruing on these Bonds, and the Public Parks and Avenues are pledged by law as security for the redemption of said Bonds.

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase said Bonds, payable in U. S. gold coin.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids, as the public good may require.

Proposals should be addressed "To the Park Commissioners," and should be endorsed, "Proposals for the purchase of San Francisco Park Bonds."

EUGENE L. SULLIVAN, CHARLES F. MACDERMOT, C. J. BRENHAM,
J. T. FLEMING, Secretary. [Dec. 7.] Park Commissioners.

Tom Tiddles's New Year's Eve.

[A FACT.]

Tom Tiddles was a dry good's clerk,
He boarded down a cellar,
He wore a shiny, high plug hat,
And a gingham umbrella.

His hair was cut in Boston style,
His whiskers quite "Dundreary,"
His manner light and *debonnaire*,
And his *tout ensemble* cheery.

The 'Frisco girls all said he was
A little duck of a man,
He'd walk a mile for just one smile,
Or glance o'er the top of a fan.

Now Tiddles long had saved his cash,
And bought him a gorgeous suit,
Fitting his little figure tight
As the belt of a raw recruit.

On new Year's Eve he donned these togs
And sallied forth to greet,
With jaunty step and killing grace
His friends on Kearny street.

They smiled at many a bar that night,
And down the drinks did toss,
And were a set of jolly dogs
You ever came across.

Till Tiddles' head began to swim,
And his eyes did grimly stare;
He wished a pump a 'happy New Year,'
And swore it was Laura Fair.

But being primed with one last drink,
He boldly struck for home;
He plashed through swampy puddles,
And charged the deepest loam.

But home at last he staggered,
Nor stayed he long awake,
But dreamed of the joyful morrow,
And the New Year's calls he'd make.

Of the fair ones' smiles of welcome,
As he bowed before them low
In his bran-new suit. From hat to boot
The "regular swell, you know."

He woke, and O, 'twas pitiful
To see his woful plight,
He was mud and "egg nog" all over,
And his new clothes ruined quite.

His sweet plug hat was "busted,"
His pants were split at the knees,
The rainbow tie had departed,
And his head felt big as a cheese.

Poor Tiddles lay in bed all day,
And his temples throbbed with pain,
And he swore with many an oath that he
Would never get tight again.

MORAL.

Now *dry*-goods clerks, your brains may get
Too *wet* at times, believe,
So when you buy a nice new suit,
Don't *wet* it New Year's Eve.

W. L. E.

Theatrical, Etc.

THE YELLOW HAT.—To present this burlesque on the boards of a down-town theater with that amount of splendor on which its success depends, was a bold and risking. The management of the Metropolitan Theater have gone to great expense in its production both in matter of scenery, dresses and appointments. Nothing can be more enchanting than the Transformation Scene, it is truly magnificent. But the whole course of the play is [illegible] marred by the gross carelessness of the officials in charge of the mechanical effects. This element of carelessness lurks everywhere. Scenes are slammed together with a crash, the trap-doors are in no hurry at all to shut, and performers have to be struggled with a while, attendants in their attire serves show the [illegible] nonchalance at the wings, the prompter bawls so as to be heard all over the house, and so on, until the bewildered beholder has to wonder whether he has not got into the Bella Union or Atheneum by mistake. The play itself is simply a jumble. The scenes stand on their own hook, without much dependence on the preceding ones, and the characters make their exits and their entrances in a loose, disconnected manner, and, towards the end, the plot seems to have run itself into the ground, and the spectator is bewildered to see half-a-dozen Yellow Hats on the stage at once. What might be deemed the leading character was held by Miss Blanche Clifton, a coquettish little actress, with a good presence and a fair notion of by-play. The best feature about Miss Cherry Belle, is her banjo-playing. She also sings nicely, and acts with naturalness and quiet worth; but what are we to say of a lady who drifts into friendly familiarity because her admirers in the gallery are a little demonstrative in her favor? Who offers to treat them to an imitation of the banjo-playing peculiar to darkies on the old plantation, "for I'm a Southerner myself!" With another *encore* or two, the lady would probably have become gushingly confidential, and have given us some particulars about her father and mother, and where they came from. Whatever Mr. Hudson Liston's histrionic capabilities may be, he has not as yet appeared to much advantage before a California audience; indeed the impression he leaves on most of his hearers is a decidedly unpleasant one. He labors under the idea that he is the wit of the evening, and his attempts to attract attention by saying or doing something "funny" are simply nauseating. He pulls out a pistol which misses fire; he peeps into it and blows down the barrel. This stupendous joke he repeats every few minutes because several noodles up aloft are heard to laugh at it. He never imagines that at the twentieth repetition it becomes a little stale, and after that, positively odious. The silliest thing of the evening is his remark on a horned and tailed visitor from the infernal regions—"Put a cigar in his mouth and it would be our President!" The best joke of all is that the managers, after picking up this genius at we know not what dance-cellar or underground gaff, announce his name in large capitals, while such actors as Edmonds, Ellerton and Hinckley dwindle in the shades of small type. Mr. Eytinge makes a very jovial "King Broccoli II," but it is surprising that it never dawned upon his faculties that he is not exactly a Sims Reeves. In attempting to sing a song he perpetrated some of the most execrable discords it has ever been our misfortune to listen to. The man who has the cheek to stand before any but an audience of deaf men and howl in that manner, deserves a worse fate than Donovan's. If Mr. Ellerton did not make much of "Ric-Rac" it was not his fault, but the author's. In the olio, two little bits of girls sang "The Apple of My Eye" very takingly. Miss Lulu Wilson has mistaken her vocation. That hard, rusty, squeaking voice would sound better in subdued cadence at the domestic hearth, or calling the cows to lactation.

ALADDIN.—This thing of beauty promises to be a joy for some time, for the attendance is nearly as large as at its initial performance. It is one of those productions that will bear seeing almost any number of times. Miss Minnie Walton looks as if she had just stepped out of the Arabian Nights and treats around quite [illegible] to her [illegible]. Tom, the [illegible], has the power of convulsing an audience with laughter as soon as he appears on the stage [illegible] by the [illegible] of his grimaces. Mr. Williamson, the Tom of our world, possesses this faculty to [illegible] extent. He contributes most of the fun of the evening, for no one can help laughing at his ridiculous dies. The part of "Abanazar" [illegible] although one might not expect [illegible] by the [illegible] of their names, and the fact that they are both mutes. When he attempts to force his way into the baths, what an extremity [illegible] in the person of Miss [illegible]. A towering Amazon [illegible] the [illegible] daughters of the [illegible], who shielded Tennyson's "Princess." In the lantern scene, when the whole party are nicely seated on the staircases, and the acrobats have finished, the Celestial Serenity sings out, or might sing out, "In the name of the Prophet—legs!" And legs it is. In they troop, long legs, short legs, fat legs, thin legs, high legs, low legs and [illegible] [illegible]. [illegible] how they must long for a [illegible] [illegible]. [illegible] Good girls. The gentle [illegible] name, but you can afford to stick to the honest Saxon. Good girls. The gentle Emily pats you on the back, ebon-tressed Betty, and you, too, auburn-haired Emily, praying for each—long may she wave in graceful curves before the footlights, and [illegible] the shadow they cast of her never be less.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.—The most artistic performance of the evening is the finale of the third act of *Ernani*, given very meritoriously by Mr Russell and three others of the minstrel troupe. Mr. Russell's voice is more conspicuous for strength than for either beauty or mellowness, and sounds quite hard in some of his sentimental songs. Misses Worrell and Hall still appear in their songs and—can we call them "dances?" The performance of these ladies is worse than feeble, it is meretricious in the extreme. Emerson is as good as ever, and Sutton is becoming one of the best end-men in America. Taken in all, the entertainment is a highly amusing one, and entirely free from indecency, which cannot always be said of the "live" paper, which for the sake of a little notoriety wantonly trumped-up that charge against it.

On the occasion of delivering to the widow of the late Col. Evans the proceeds of the benefit tendered on her behalf, Mr. McCullough performed a characteristic act of quiet generosity. The benefit at the California Theater having proved less remunerative than was anticipated, on account of bad weather, he reduced the appropriation for the actual current expenses of the night $250; in other words, presented the bereaved family with that amount.

Mr. Haridegan, of the California Orchestra, will give a vocal and instrumental concert at Pacific Hall on the 10th. The Fabbri Troupe and others will appear.

THINGS ELSEWHERE.

Women actors assuming masculine characters have often invested the parts with a dash and spirit which not only gained them the applause of discreet critics, but captivated the hearts of the more susceptible of her own sex. Peg Woffington is, perhaps, the most remarkable instance of the latter quality of attractiveness, as stage traditions point to several cases in which her "Sir Harry Wildfire" and "Lothario" won the admiration and affections of those of her own sex. We do not find, however, that the male characters of Shakspeare, except those similar to "Sebastian," in *Twelfth Night*, were attempted by the female sex until the assumption, by a Mrs. Webb, at the Covent Garden Theater, London, in 1788, of the character of "Falstaff." The only remarkable thing about this performance, which has been handed down in dramatic history, is not her interpretation of the jovial old knight, but the fact that her natural corpulency was such that she was enabled to fill the clothing of the redoubtable hero without any of that padding generally so necessary an auxiliary with those who assume the part. Mrs. Glover, the celebrated English actress, on one occasion acted "Hamlet," which, in fact, has found many female interpreters, including Mrs. Shaw, Mrs. Crampton, and Mrs. Marriott, well-known actresses in their day on the New York stage. "Romeo" has also found many feminine impersonators, among them being Charlotte Cushman, Mrs Shaw, and Mrs. Colman Pope, all of whom have performed the character in New York. The more vigorous characters, however, have been but rarely essayed, for beyond a certain point woman's strength is inadequate to man's force of character or depth of passion. Even in such parts, however, Shakspeare has received female interpretations, for we find that early in the present century a Mrs. Bartereby enacted the character of "Macbeth" for her benefit at the old Park Theater, New York; that a Mrs. Baldwin, in 1823, acted "Anthony" in *Julius Cæsar*, and more recently Miss Cushman performed "Cardinal Wolsey" in *Henry VIII*, with considerable ability. Mrs. Macready is also playing "Shylock" in *The Merchant of Venice*.

As a novelty in theatricals, the *Gaulois* tells us that Pekin itself has sent to Paris a singer, Mlle. Yen-Sac-Zoi, with an admirable voice, a charming face, and—need we say it!—a small foot.

—— We have been reading with much pleasure and interest a small *brochure* of about forty pages, just published by Edward Vischer, Esq., and very neatly printed by Winterburn & Co. It is entitled, "Notes on the Californian Missions," being in fact a supplement to the author's "Pictorial of California." The work is the result of a most patient [illegible] among the now crumbling ruins of the old Spanish missions from San Diego to Sonoma, a distance of two hundred and thirty-eight miles and we [illegible] as preserving a portion of the history of California, which is fast passing into oblivion. The necessity of this rescue is obvious when, as Mr. Vischer says, "The twenty-one celebrated Missions of Upper California, which, on our first visit in 1842, we found still preserving at least a semblance of their previous importance, have dwindled down to about twelve or fifteen, mostly dilapidated and tottering remnants, ill adapted to withstand the action of the elements. The San Jose Mission Church fell by earthquake only two years after we had sketched it." So for twenty years our author has been gathering together and making drawings and sketches of these early settlements and has furnished us with a production both literary and illustrative, alike valuable to the antiquarian, the historian, the churchman and the pioneer.

—— The *Overland Monthly*, emulating the practices of the *Toledo Blade*, *Police Gazette*, and similar ornaments of periodical literature, entreats the reader to "Send on Four Dollars and we will send you"—so and so; "Send on five dollars and we will send you" something still more alluring. The dignity of the magazine might be enhanced if the proprietors were to buy up a lot of family portraits of Washington to offer as premiums, something in the "cheap and nasty" line would do; or they may induce people into buying what they do not want, by the offer of a beautiful illuminated marriage certificate, *à la Christian Union*. When a magazine descends to such petty acts of bribing and coaxing for subscribers, it is pretty good evidence that it has ceased to stand on its own merits.

—— Is there another city in the State whose sidewalks are blocked up in the way that ours are, not only with live freight blocking up the corners, but with merchandise of nearly every description, from a heap of melons to a bedstead? When San Francisco was a small and insignificant city, and before its storekeepers had the appliances they have now, there was some excuse for it, but it ought to be remedied now. In Eastern and European cities people are fined heavily for infringing upon the public thoroughfares, but our citizens here prefer to endure the nuisance sooner than make a fuss. Cannot some charitable person be found who will put himself to a little inconvenience, *pro bono publico*?

Foreman Caned.—On New Year's Eve, at five o'clock, B. H. Monson, Foreman at Francis & Valentine's, was presented with an ebony cane, elegantly mounted in solid gold, with a monogram of his initials thereon. This souvenir of respect from his fellow craftsmen is from the establishment of Anderson & Randolph, Montgomery street. It is pleasing to hear of such cordial feelings existing between a foreman and the employees.

—— At St. John's Presbyterian Church, next Sunday, Rev. Dr Scott will, in the morning at 11 o'clock, give a New Year's greeting to his congregation, and at 7½ P. M. will open a new volume and turn over a new leaf for 1873. The public cordially invited to attend the welcome.

—— The British Benevolent Society will hold its regular monthly meeting at the rooms, 730 Montgomery street, on Monday, 6th instant.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current; Grain, Shipping, Monetary or Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date; latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission abroad [illegible]. Dec. 21.

SOME THINK THAT PROTRUDING TOES

Look better than a Silver Tipped Shoe or Boot. Take your choice. Nov. 23.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ₰ lb	55@	70
Do. pickled	@	
Do. Packed	40@	50
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Cheese, N. Y.	20@	35
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ₰ doz.	65@	70
Lard, ₰ lb	15@	20
Ham & Bacon, ₰ lb	18@	20
Cranberries, ₰ gal	75@	
Potatoes, Irish, ₰ lb	2@	3
Do. sweet	2@	3
Lima Beans, ₰ lb	@	10
Tomatoes, ₰ lb	@	5
Onions, ₰ lb	@	6
Squashes, ₰ lb	@	5
Pumpkins, ₰ lb	3@	5
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	15@	20
Cucumbers, ₰ doz	@	
Celery, ₰ doz b	75@1	00
Beets, ₰ doz b	25@	
Turnips, ₰ doz b	25@	
Parsnips, ₰ doz b	25@	
Radishes, ₰ doz b	25@	
Green Peas, ₰ lb	@	
String Beans, ₰ lb	@	
Apples, ₰ lb	6@	12
Pears, ₰ lb	5@	13
Quinces, ₰ lb	@	
Peaches, ₰ lb	@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ₰ lb	15@	25
Do. new, ₰ lb	@	
Oranges, ₰ doz	50@1	00
Lemons, ₰ 100	75@1	00
Limes, ₰ doz	25@	35
Quail, ₰ doz	2 00@2	25
Chickens, each	50@1	00
Turkeys, ₰ lb	20@	25
Geese, ₰ pair	3 00@4	00
Ducks, ₰ pair	1 75@2	00
Rabbits, ₰ pair	25@	30
Hares, each	35@	50
Oysters, ₰ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ₰ 100	50@	
Mussels, ₰ 100	12@	
Salmon, smoked, ₰ lb	8@	
Salmon, fresh, ₰ lb	20@	
Codfish, ₰ lb	15@	
Rockfish, ₰ lb	15@	
Smelts, ₰ lb	15@	
Tomcod, ₰ lb	15@	
Sturgeon, ₰ lb	4@	
Sea Bass, ₰ lb	@	
Flounders, ₰ lb	20@	
Halibut, ₰ lb	50@	
Perch, ₰ lb	10@	
Shrimps, ₰ lb	5@	
Anchovies, ₰ lb	4@	
Soles, ₰ lb	25@	
Herrings, ₰ lb	3@	

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 2, Stevenson's Building, S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, [illegible] and investing capital and managing estates.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

A Touching instance of maternal affection occurred at Woodward's Gardens, in the interesting collection known as the Happy Family. Some of the young scions of the monkey tribe had been amusing themselves by playing circus, riding the porcine member of the family around the apartment; which they, no doubt, call [illegible] Soon they quarreled, and their voices mingled in discordant [illegible]. At this the aged mother, who sat up aloft chewing a chignon she had abstracted through the bars, descended, with a severe look on her face, scattered the disputants right and left, mounted the pig herself and rode around the ring at a frantic rate for half an hour. The old con[illegible] then dismounted and, calling her children about her, said, "Little ones, why quarrel like those miserable two-handed bipeds who have shut us up in this bastile? Let them delight to bark and bite, [illegible] When free in the forests [illegible] never quarreled. Ah, well do I remember the day we were captured! I sat with eighteen of my husbands on a tall mahogany tree, when a number of those flat-footed human troglodytes stopped beneath it with their axes and said, 'Here is one that will do for N. P. Cole & Co.,' and as they were chopping it down we heard them telling how the firm of N. P. Cole & Co. was one of the biggest furniture manufactories in America, and how they sold the cheapest and best chairs, the handsomest bedrooms [illegible], the— See, there is a boy with peanuts! Run and get some, and bring me half, you rascals!"

Seated in our office, the other day, dipping our Promethean-tipped quill now into the scathing sarcasm of a Juvenal, now into the gentle satire of a Horace, we were interrupted by the arrival of Mrs. N., who burst into the room snorting like a sea-lion, upset the paste-pot, kicked over Dicster's Webtionary, and flopped herself down on a pile of newspapers. "I have been shamefully abused," said she. "O how dare they insult a poor lone female!" "Who was it—his name?" we screamed, flourishing our scissors ferociously. "Passing Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, Montgomery street," continued our Sophronisba, "one of the porters ran against me with his two-wheel barrow so rudely that I lost my balance and sat down in it, and the wretch wheeled me half across the office in that undignified position before he stopped. And to see the clerks all grinning like monkeys, the jackanapes! O I feel mad enough to—to—" "Calm yourself, my soul's delight," murmured we. "The popular mode of locomotion among the Phœnicians"—"O hang the Phœnicians," she exclaimed, "come and help me select some jewelry at Anderson & Randolph's." We went, and the superb Etruscan gold set that now graces Mrs. N's person and strikes envy into the heart of all beholders is our choice, sir. We have an eye for the Beautiful.

A Baron's castle in feudal times would be a curious sight to one accustomed to the luxuries of this age. The hall was strewn with rushes on which the retainers and hounds stretched themselves promiscuously to sleep. A bench, reaching from end to end, served as a table for their meals, which generally terminated in a drunken orgy. The pages of history inform us that every age of civilization has in turn fallen back into barbarism. Will this age of enlightenment prove an exception to the rule? The thought of treading upon rushes is repulsive to one whose foot has been accustomed to repose in the downy softness of Plum, Bell & Co.'s carpet. The idea of eating off rude boards instead of our massive mahogany tables, of sleeping anywhere but on our spring bedstead of beautifully carved black walnut from the same popular house, is distressing in the extreme to a well-regulated mind. Stay your hand, ye vandals, who in the decrees of Fate are to overturn our civilization! Arouse not ye Goths to glut your ire! as long as we are alive, at any rate.

Several ambitious poets have forwarded us attempts to rhyme the word "silver." One who signs himself "Salathiel," and is blushing unseen in the desert air of Minna street, makes a desperate plunge after it. He says

> Her voice, so soft and silvery,
> Sounds sweet upon the hill, very.

Won't do, Salathiel—several sizes too thin. Such verse as that makes us ill, very. Still, by the manner you call in "apt alliteration's artful aid" with your soft-sliding sibilants, we think, perhaps, the true poetic fire might be kindled in your breast with a little puffing. Commence at the lowest grade and knock off a few yards of City Lyrics, or some senseless jingle for the *Overland*. Another, signing E. P. S., we shrewdly suspect to be the fair young Emily, who broods over the callow *Pioneer*. She cuts the Gordian Knot thus

> "Don't spare him, Minnie Myrtle Miller,
> Pile on the lies, they bring the siller.

'Siller' means 'silver'—all the same in Scotch—send on that Florence Sewing Machine." Not if we know ourselves. What does a washed-out copy of Vic. Woodhull want with a Florence! That easiest, cheapest and most elegant of Sewing Machines is indeed a graceful adornment to every household, but it would seem as out of place across her knees as a baby or a wash-tub.

What is the difference between an animal and a vegetable? The answer is, the one possesses voluntary motion, while the other does not. But this rule is a very imperfect one. For instance, the *lianes*, or climbing plants of tropical forests, will direct their growth toward certain particular trees, and not toward those that are nearest them. When they encounter one of the objectionable trees, they carefully draw themselves away and proceed in another direction. Cases might be multiplied showing this power of selection in plants which, to use Mr Darwin's words, "would be called instinct in an animal." The same thing is exemplified on our streets every day when people avoid all other houses and make for the photograph gallery of Bradley & Rulofson. The remarkable affinity people have for this popular house is the result of the long experience and acknowledged excellence of these popular artists.

It is hard to cause wonderment in an Apache. He considers it *infra dig.* to exhibit surprise at any of the inventions of the pale faces. We showed them our watch. They turned it over with a supercilious blasé air as if they had carried "turnips" in some invisible watch-pocket all their lives. We produced a telescope. On peeping through it they had some difficulty in suppressing their wonder, but they readily swore there was some trick about it. We put a bullet from our Winchester [illegible] into a tree a thousand yards off, at which they smiled contemptuously. We were in despair. Then recollecting that in our pocket was a number of [illegible] match[illegible] photographs, we drew them forth. It fetched them. Their reserve broke down, they danced around them in admiration, they howled a war song in their praise. And the homage was deserved, for this house has few equals in the beauty and correctness of their photography.

One day last winter Joaquin Miller dashed into our room much worked up. He sat down and commenced pulling out his long flaxen hair and strewing it on the carpet in distraught woe. We were about to ring for the chambermaid to sweep it up, but recollected just in time his tender *penchant* for this much-abused class of females. So we simply asked him what in the name of all the gray old gods was the matter. He told us his brain was utterly demoralized trying to find a suitable rhyme to "Turkey." We thought a moment. Ha! Io triumphe! We have it. "Gerke," shouted we, and hailing him around to the agency, 418 Market street, we introduced him to that famous vintage. "By the burning Sappho!" exclaimed the tickled poet, inspecting the chandelier through the bottom of his tumbler, "those rhymes have a natural fitness for each other, for what would a Christmas turkey be without Gerke!"

The French Academy of Sciences has offered a reward of twenty-five thousand francs for the simplest means of knowing when a person is dead. Many methods have been proposed by scientific men, but the most successful is to present to the olfactory nerves some aroma which was particularly grateful to the person when living. The ingredient best adapted for the purpose is some one of Eberhardt & Lachman's rare old vintages. They appeal so strongly to the memory through the sense of smell that if the vital spark yet remains it is irresistibly roused. The next step in the treatment is to administer about two gills by way of mouth, if this does not restore him he must be dead indeed.

Will the "Parliament of man, the federation of the world," ever be more than a dream of the visionaries, the Ultima Thule of romance? Will the time arrive when the war-drum throbs no longer, and the civilized people of the world are united under one Government, one language, one law, one commerce, one coinage? The tendency of modern thought certainly points to such a time, though far in the future. Meanwhile it behooves us to educate towards it. Let us use every means to help forward the cause of public education. Let our schools be supplied not only with the best teachers, but with the best desks and school furniture, namely, that manufactured by Gilbert & Moore, 219 Bush street. You may spend an hour very pleasantly inspecting their stock.

A correspondent came across the following description in Byron:

> She had an Asiatic eye
> Dark as above us is the sky;
> But through it stole a liquid light
> Like the first moonrise of midnight.

He wants to know what kind of an eye the other one was. He also asks how many moonrises usually occur at midnight. Poetic license, my boy; do not be too realistic. That simile about the "liquid light" is good. If you want to know what that is, go to Landsberger's Cellars, get a glass of their pure California Wine, hold it up so that the rich "liquid light" may stream through it, and you will say it is prettier than all the Asiatic eyes Byron ever dreamed of.

A pretty Persian allegory says that every tear an angel sheds is caught on its descent to the earth by an oyster, which opens its shell to receive it; and after a little time the tear becomes a pearl. We muse upon this every time we go into Emerson Corville's Saddle Rock headquarters. As the tantalizing *morceau* glides over our enraptured epiglottis we cannot help thinking that if there are no oyster-beds on the other shore, no wonder the angels weep. Call and take one of Corville's unrivaled oyster-stews for lunch. Physicians say they are not only highly nourishing, but brain-producing, promoting the vivacity of the nerve-centers and the secretion of adipose tissue. They also augment the supply of oxygen and engender unlimited ozone. Try them.

Burton, the explorer, tells of an Arab Scheik who was filled with astonishment that one should be traveling for pleasure. Said he, "Wonderful are the works of Allah! Behold that Frank is trudging about, when he can sit still if he pleases!" The old Scheik would recline all day on his cushions, smoking his long chibouque and scolding his wives and slaves. As the prophet Mahomet has forbidden his followers wine, how do you think he got around it? Why, the old rascal would take his nip of Hotaling's genuine Cutter whisky as regularly as Governor Booth or Billy Emerson, or any other notable; and like them, he would take no other, although it cost like the mischief to import it into the interior of Arabia.

A thousand people to the square mile. Such is the state of things in the Presidency of Bengal, the most densely populated country of the globe. What would Malthus have thought of this? Seventy years ago he said society was then in danger from over-population, when no country in Europe had over four hundred to the square mile. The population of Bengal has doubled within the past seventy years. One of the causes conducing to this healthy state of things is the universal use of Batty's Nabob Pickle by the whole nation. This famous pickle is put up by Batty & Co., London, and may be had of Porter, Donaldson & Co., corner of Halleck & Sansome streets.

It makes a great difference in one's impression of an author if the work he reads is well printed and tastily got up. The red-line edition of the popular authors, published by Field, Osgood & Co., for instance, is pleasing to the eye and grateful to one's sense of beauty. A. Roman & Co. have in their handsome stock the best editions, both for printing and binding, of all the well-known authors in every branch of literature. Not only is their supply of books a beautiful one, but it is most comprehensive, embracing the works of note of all nations and languages. An immense variety of children's books, toys, games for winter evenings, etc., may also be seen at this popular house.

And Jeremiah the prophet said, "What seest thou?" and the lad answered and said, "I see a chariot approaching, and the driving is like unto the driving of Jehu the son of Nimshi, for he driveth furiously." Then Jeremiah said, "My son, keep thine eye peeled and tell me how the horses look." Then the boy said, "Lo, verily they are bedecked gaily, and the harness is like unto the harness of Main & Winchester, for it gleameth nobly from afar. Moreover, also, the buggy-robe is like unto the buggy-robes from the same establishment, on Battery street, for it is as handsome and durable as the cedars of Lebanon." Selah.

It is reported that "George Eliot" will soon visit this country. There is no living writer who would meet with a more cordial reception than "George Eliot." She has been called the "Female Bacon," a cognomen most ill-chosen, as it has not the slightest bearing on her wonderful talent for appealing to the affections and in during her searching thoughts. She is a lover of the country. All her works treat of rural life, they "babble o' green fields." Consequently she would enjoy a visit to that lovely spot, Thorpe's Hotel and Gardens, on the San Bruno road, as much as our citizens who so delight to patronize that charming retreat.

William Cullen Bryant, the poet and veteran editor of the New York *Evening Post*, is expected to visit this city soon. In spite of his advanced age, he is erect and vigorous, and his faculties seem endowed with perennial strength. As he wishes for quiet, comfortable apartments during his stay, it is expected that he will take up his abode at the Galt House, 623 Market street, which ranks among the highest for convenience, elegance and respectability.

This is the weather to test our roads. A good one like the San Bruno road is all the better for a little moistening. All who drive on it feel better, too, after a little moistening at Harry Blanken's. This is because his drinkables are of the very best quality, in the opinion of our wisest judges.

To protect the understanding of humanity nothing is like leather fastened together by Cable Screw Wire. Boots and shoes made in this way never rip, or leak, or come apart.

Ragged stockings and protruding toes are not seen on feet where Silver Tips are worn. Parents remember this, they last twice as long. For sale by all dealers.

SAN FRANCISCO PARK BONDS

Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the Park Commissioners, south-east corner of Montgomery and Pine streets, until THURSDAY, JANUARY 9, 1873, AT 3 O'CLOCK P. M. for the purchase of SAN FRANCISCO PARK BONDS to the amount of Seventy-five Thousand Dollars ($75,000), or for any part thereof, authorized to be issued by an Act entitled "An Act of the Legislature entitled 'An Act to provide for the Improvement of Public Parks in the City of San Francisco,' approved April [illegible] 1872, and an Act entitled 'An Act amendatory of and supplemental to an Act entitled 'An Act to provide for the improvement of Public Parks in the City of San Francisco, approved April 4, 1870,'" approved March [illegible].

Said Bonds to be of the denomination of $1,000, with coupons for interest attached—principal and interest payable in gold coin of the United States. These Bonds will be payable [illegible] years from the date of their issue [illegible], January 1, [illegible] and will bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, at the office of the Treasurer of the City of San Francisco.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco are required by law to raise by tax, in addition to the ordinary taxes, every year, a sum of money sufficient to pay the interest annually accruing on these Bonds, and the Public Parks and Avenues are pledged by law as security for the [illegible].

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase said Bonds, payable in U. S. gold coin.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids, as the public good may require.

Proposals should be addressed "To the Park Commissioners," and should be endorsed, "Proposals for the purchase of San Francisco Park Bonds."

EUGENE L. SULLIVAN, CHARLES F. MC DERMOT, [illegible] DUNHAM, Park Commissioners.

J. T. FLEMING, Secretary. [Dec. [illegible]]

Tom Tiddles's New Year's Eve.

[A FACT.]

Tom Tiddles was a dry good's clerk,
He boarded down a cellar,
He wore a shiny, high plug hat,
And a gingham umbrella.

His hair was cut in Boston style,
His whiskers quite "Dundreary,"
His manner light and *debonnaire*,
And his *tout ensemble* cheery.

The 'Frisco girls all said he was
A little duck of a man,
He'd walk a mile for just one smile,
Or glance o'er the top of a fan.

Now Tiddles long had saved his cash,
And bought him a gorgeous suit,
Fitting his little figure tight
As the belt of a raw recruit.

On New Year's Eve he donned these togs
And sallied forth to greet,
With jaunty step and [illegible] grace
His friends on Kearny street.

They smiled at many a bar that night,
And down the drinks did toss,
And were a set of jolly dogs
You ever came across.

Till Tiddles' head began to swim,
And his eyes did grim [illegible],
He wished a pump a 'happy New Year,'
And swore it was Laura Fair.

But being primed with one last drink,
He bo[illegible] struck for home,
He plashed through swampy puddles,
And charged the deepest foam.

But home at last he slugged [illegible],
Nor stayed he long awake,
But dreamed of the joyful morrow,
And the New Year's calls he'd make,

Of the fair ones' smiles of welcome,
As he bowed before them low
In his bran-new suit. From hat to boot
The "regular swell, you know."

He woke, and O, 'twas pitiful
To see his woful plight,
He was mud and "egg-nog" all over,
And his new clothes ruined quite.

His sweet plug hat was "busted,"
His pants were split at the knees,
The rainbow tie had departed,
And his head felt big as a cheese.

Poor Tiddles lay in bed all day,
And his temples throbbed with pain,
And he swore with many an oath that he
Would never get tight again.

MORAL.

Now dry-goods clerks, your brains may
Too *wet* at times, believe, [get
So when you buy a nice new suit,
Don't *wet* it New Year's Eve.

W. L. E.

Theatrical, Etc.

THE YELLOW HAT.—To present this burlesque on the boards of a down-town theater with that amount of splendor on which its success depends, was a bold undertaking. The management of the Metropolitan Theater has gone to great expense in its production, both in matter of scenery, dresses and appointments. Nothing can be more enchanting than the Transformation Scene, it is truly magnificent. But the whole course of the play itself is marred by the gross carelessness of the officials in charge of the mechanical effects. This demon of slovenliness lurks everywhere. Scenes are slammed together with a crash, the trap-doors are in no hurry at all to shut, and generally have to be struggled with a while, attendants in their shirt-sleeves show themselves with easy nonchalance at the slips, the prompter bawls so as to be heard all over the house, and so on, until the beholder begins to wonder whether he has not got into the Bella Union or Athenæum by mistake. The play itself is simply a jumble. The scenes stand on their own book, without much dependence on the preceding ones, and the characters make their exits and their entrances in a loose, disconnected manner, and, towards the end, the plot seems to have run itself into the ground, and the spectator is bewildered to see half-a-dozen Yellow Hats on the stage at once. What might be deemed the leading character was [illegible] by Miss Blanche Clifton, a coquettish little actress, with a good [illegible] presence and a fair notion of by-play. The best feature about Miss Cherry Belle, is her banjo-playing. She also sings nicely, and acts with naturalness and quiet worth; but what are we to say of a lady who drifts into friendly familiarity because her admirers in the gallery are a little demonstrative in her favor? Who offers to treat them to an imitation of the banjo-playing peculiar to darkies on the old plantation, "for I'm a Southerner myself!" With another encore or two, the lady would probably have become gushingly confidential, and have given us some particulars about her father and mother, and where they came from. Whatever Mr. Hudson Liston's histrionic capabilities may be, he has not as yet appeared to much advantage before a California audience; indeed the impression he leaves on most of his hearers is a decidedly unpleasant one. He labors under the idea that he is the wit of the evening, and his attempts to attract attention by saying or doing something "funny" are simply nauseating. He pulls out a pistol which misses fire; he peeps into it and blows down the barrel. This stupendous joke he repeats every few minutes because several noodles up aloft are heard to laugh at it. He never imagines that at the twentieth repetition it becomes a little stale, and after that [illegible]. The silliest thing of the evening is his remark on a horned and tailed visitor from the infernal regions—"Put a cigar in his mouth and it would be our President!" The best joke of all is that the managers, after picking up this genius at we know not what dance-cellar or underground café, announce his name in large capitals, while such actors as Edmonds, Ellerton and Hinckley dwindle in the shades of small type. Mr. Kyllage makes a very jovial "King Boccoli II." but it is surprising that it never dawned upon his faculties that he is not exactly a Sims Reeves. In attempting to sing a song he perpetrated some of the most execrable discords it has ever been our misfortune to listen to. The man who has the cheek to stand before any but an audience of deaf men and howl in that manner, deserves a worse fate than Donovan's. If Mr. Ellerton did not make much of "Ric-Rac" it was not his fault, but the author's. In the olio, [illegible] "The Apple of My Eye" very takingly. Miss Lulu W[illegible] [illegible] That hard, rusty, squeaking voice would sound better [illegible] at the domestic hearth, or calling the cows to lactation.

ALADDIN.—This thing of beauty promises to be a joy for some time, for the attendance is nearly as large as at its initial performance. It is one of those productions that will bear [illegible] almost any number of times. Miss Minnie Walton looks as if she had just stepped out of the Arabian Nights, and trots around quite Celestially in her little bottines. Toole, the comedian, has the power of convulsing an audience with laughter as soon as he appears on the stage, merely by the infinite drollery of his grimaces. Mr. Williamson, the Toole of our world, possesses this faculty to some extent. He contributes most of the fun of the evening, for no one can help laughing at his comicalities. The part of "Azrac" is a curious one. He [illegible] out and fights terrific short-sword combats with "Kazrac," although one might almost suppose they are relatives by the similarity of their names, and the fact that they are both mutes. When he attempts to force his way into the baths, what an extremely solid obstacle he finds in the person of Miss Chamberlain! A towering Amazon she guards her princess like one of the "eight mighty daughters of the plow," who shielded Tennyson's "Princess." In the lantern scene, when the whole party are nicely seated on the staircase, and the acrobats have [illegible] Celestial Serenity sings out, or might sing out, "In the name of the Prophet—legs!" And legs it is. In they troop, long legs, short legs, fat legs, thin legs, high legs, low legs, and no legs at all, æsthetically speaking. Poor legs, how they must long for a flannel petticoat these cold nights! But it is not till the four legs belonging to the two *premieres* fly, absolutely fly in, that the thrilling moment arrives. For a time nothing is distinguished but those four ubiquitous lower extremities [illegible] the bewildered beholder to [illegible] Betty's and which Emily's. And then they stand up on the very tip of one little satin slipper, "like herald Mercury new-lighted on a heaven-kissing hill," seeming scarcely to touch the earth. How they do it is one of those things [illegible] can understand. We went home and tried it on our domestic hearth rug, but although it looks easy enough for a fellow to prance round on his big toe-nail, you will find it deceives its looks greatly. Dark-haired Betty, you have won upon us, and you, sunny-haired Emily, by a very trifle—the way you spell your names. A smaller soul than thine, O raven-crowned, would have announced herself as M[illegible] Bettie; than thin[illegible] goldy-locks, as Mdlle. Emilie. Those with slower feet and less sylph-like forms than thine may need to assume some long rippling Italian name, but you can afford to stick to the honest Saxon. Good girls. The gentle critic pats you on the back, ebon-tressed Betty, and you, too, amber-haired Emily, praying for each—long may she wave in graceful curves before the foot-[illegible] the shadow they cast of her never be less.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.—The most artistic performance of the evening is the finale of the third act of *Ernani*, given very meritoriously by Mr. Russell and three others of the minstrel troupe. Mr Russell's voice is more conspicuous for strength than [illegible], and sounds quite hard in some of his sentimental songs. [illegible] and Hall still appear in their songs and—can we call them "dances!" The performance of these ladies is worse than feeble, it is meretricious in the extreme. Emerson is as good as ever, and Sutton is becoming one of the best end-men in America. Taken in all, the entertainment is a highly amusing one, and [illegible] free from indecency, which cannot always be said of the "live" paper, which for the sake of a little notoriety wantonly trumped-up that charge against it.

On the occasion of delivering to the widow of the late Col. Evans the proceeds of the benefit tendered on her behalf, Mr. McCullough performed a characteristic act of quiet generosity. The benefit at the California Theater having proved less remunerative than was anticipated, on account of bad weather, he reduced the appropriation for the actual current expenses of the night $250, in other words, presented the bereaved family with that amount.

Mr. Harkiegan, of the California Orchestra, will give a vocal and instrumental concert at Pacific Hall on the 16th. The Fabbri Troupe and others will appear.

THINGS ELSEWHERE.

Women actors assuming masculine characters have often invested the parts with a dash and spirit which not only gained them the applause of discreet critics, but captivated the hearts of the more susceptible of her own sex. Peg Woffington is, perhaps, the most remarkable instance of the latter quality of attractiveness, as stage traditions point to several cases in which her "Sir Harry Wildfire" and "Lothario" won the admiration and affections of those of her own sex. We do not find, however, that the male characters of Shakspeare, except those similar to "Sebastian," in *Twelfth Night*, were attempted by the female sex until the assumption, by a Mrs. Webb, at the Covent Garden Theatre, London, in 1786, of the character of "Falstaff." The only remarkable thing about this performance, which has been handed down in dramatic history, is not her interpretation of the jovial old knight, but the fact that her natural corpulency was such that she was enabled to fill the clothing of the redoubtable hero without any of that padding generally so necessary an auxiliary with those who assume the part. Mrs. Glover, the celebrated English actress, on one occasion acted "Hamlet," which, in fact, has found many female interpreters, including Mrs. Shaw, Mrs. Crampton, and Mrs. Marriott, well-known actresses in their day on the New York stage. "Romeo" has also found many feminine impersonators, among them being Charlotte Cushman, Mrs. Shaw, and Mrs. Colman Pope, all of whom have performed the character in New York. The more vigorous characters, however, have been but rarely essayed, for beyond a certain point woman's strength is inadequate to man's force of character or depth of passion. Even in such parts, however, Shakespeare has received female interpretations, for we find that early in the present century a Mrs. Batterby enacted the character of "Macbeth" for her benefit at the old Park Theater, New York; that a Mrs. Baldwin, in 1823, acted "Anthony" in *Julius Cæsar*; and more recently Miss Cushman performed "Cardinal Wolsey" in *Henry VIII.* with considerable ability. Mrs. Macready is also playing "Shylock" in *The Merchant of Venice*.

As a novelty in theatricals, the *Gaulois* tells us that Pekin itself has sent to Paris a singer, Mlle. Yen-Sao-Zol, with an admirable voice, a charming face, and—need we say it!—a small foot.

—— We have been reading with much pleasure and interest a small *brochure* of about forty pages, just published by Edward Vischer, Esq., and very neatly printed by Winterburn & Co. It is entitled, "Notes on the Californian Missions," being in fact a supplement to the author's "Pictorial of California." The work is the result of a most patient pilgrimage among the now crumbling ruins of the old Spanish missions from San Diego to Sonoma, a distance of two hundred and twenty-eight leagues, and will be of value in the future as preserving a portion of the history of California, which is fast passing into oblivion. The necessity of this rescue is obvious, when, as Mr. Vischer says, "The twenty-one established Missions of Upper California, which, on our first visit in 1842, we found representing at least a semblance of their previous importance, have dwindled down to about twelve or fifteen, mostly dilapidated and fast-decaying remnants, ill adapted to withstand the action of the elements. The San José Mission Church fell by earthquake only two years after we had sketched it." So for twenty years our author has been gathering together and making drawings and sketches of these early settlements, and has furnished us with a production both literary and illustrative, alike valuable to the antiquarian, the historian, the churchman and the pioneer.

—— The *Overland Monthly*, emulating the practices of the *Toledo Blade*, *Police Gazette*, and similar ornaments of periodical literature, entreats the reader to "Send on Four Dollars and we will send you" [illegible] so; "Send on five dollars and we will send you"—something still more alluring. The dignity of the magazine might be enhanced if the proprietors were to buy up a lot of family portraits of Washington to offer as premiums, something in the "cheap and nasty" line would do; or they may induce people into buying what they do not want, by the offer of a beautiful illuminated marriage certificate, *à la Christian Advocate*. When a magazine descends to such petty acts of bribing and coaxing for subscribers, it is pretty good evidence that it has ceased to stand on its own merits.

—— Is there another city in the States whose sidewalks are blocked up in the way that ours are, not only with live freight blocking up the corners, but with merchandise of nearly every description, from a heap of melons to a bedstead! When San Francisco was a small and insignificant city, and before its storekeepers had the appliances they have now, there was some excuse for it, but it ought to be remedied now. In Eastern and European cities people are fined heavily for infringing upon the public thoroughfares, but our citizens here prefer to endure the nuisance sooner than make a fuss. Cannot some charitable person be found who will put himself to a little inconvenience, *pro bono publico?*

Foreman Caned.—On New Year's Eve, at five o'clock, B. H. Monson, Foreman at Francis & Valentine's, was presented with an ebony cane, elegantly mounted in solid gold, with a monogram of his initials [illegible]. This souvenir of respect from his fellow craftsmen is from the establishment of [illegible], Montgomery street. It is pleasing to hear of such cordial feelings existing between a foreman and the employees.

—— At St. John's Presbyterian Church, next Sunday, Rev. Dr. Scott will, in the morning at 11 o'clock, give a New Year's greeting to his congregation, and at 7½ P. M. will open a new volume and turn over a new leaf for 1873. The public cordially invited to attend the welcome.

—— The British Benevolent Society will hold its regular monthly meeting at the rooms, 730 Montgomery street, on Monday, 6th instant.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

金山唐山新聞紙

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current; Grain, Shipping, Monetary and [illegible] Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date; latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. [illegible] sion to China correspondents.

SOME THINK THAT PROTRUDING TOES

Look better than a Silver Tipped Shoe or Boot. Take your choice. Nov. 23.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔ ℔	65@	70
Do. pickled	65	
Do. Packed	40@	60
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Cheese, N. Y.	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz.	65@	70
Lard, ℔ ℔	15@	20
Ham & Bacon, ℔ ℔	16@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal.	75@	
Potatoes, Irish, ℔ ℔	2@	3
Do. sweet	2@	3
Lima Beans ℔ ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔ ℔	4@	5
Onions, ℔ ℔	4@	6
Squashes, ℔ ℔	4@	5
Pumpkins, ℔ ℔	3@	5
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	20
Cucumbers, ℔ doz.	6	
Celery, ℔ doz. b.	75@1	00
Beets, ℔ doz. b	25@	
Turnips, ℔ doz. b	25@	
Parsnips ℔ doz. b	25@	
Radishes, ℔ doz. b	25@	
Green Peas, ℔ ℔	6@	
String Beans, ℔ ℔	6@	
Apples, ℔ ℔	4@	12
Pears, ℔ ℔	5@	12
Quinces ℔ ℔	6@	
Peaches, ℔ ℔	4@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔ ℔	14@	25
Do. new, ℔ ℔	6@	
Oranges, ℔ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Limes ℔ doz.	25@	35
Quail, ℔ doz.	2 00@2	25
Chickens, each	50@1	00
Turkeys, ℔ ℔	20@	25
Geese, ℔ pair	3 00@	4 00
Ducks, ℔ pair	1 75@	2 00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	30
Hares, each	25@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels ℔ 100	12@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔ ℔	6@	
Salmon, fresh, ℔ ℔	20@	
Codfish ℔ ℔	12@	
Rockfish ℔ ℔	10@	
Smelts, ℔ ℔	15@	
Tomcod, ℔ ℔	15@	
Sturgeon ℔ ℔	4@	
Sea Bass, ℔ ℔	6@	
Flounders, ℔ ℔	25@	
Halibut ℔ ℔	6@	
Perch ℔ ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ℔ ℔	6@	
Anchovies ℔ ℔	4@	
Soles, ℔ ℔	25@	
Herrings, ℔ ℔	3@	

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents [illegible] [illegible] Montgomery and Pine streets, San Francisco. — Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling [illegible] and investing capital and managing estates.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

A Touching instance of maternal affection occurred at Woodward's Gardens, in the interesting collection known as the Happy Family. Some of the young scions of the monkey tribe had been amusing themselves by playing circus, riding the porcine member of the family around the apartment; which they, no doubt, call riding pig-a-back. Soon they quarreled, and their voices mingled in discordant pother. At this their aged mother, who sat up aloft chewing a chignon she had abstracted through the bars, descended, with a severe look on her face, scattered the disputants right and left, mounted the pig herself and rode around the ring at a frantic rate for half an hour. The old dowager then dismounted and, calling her children about her, said, "Little ones, why quarrel like those miserable two-handed bipeds who have shut us up in this bastile? Let them delight to bark and bite, for 'tis their nature to. When free in the forests your kindred never quarreled. Ah, well do I remember the day we were captured! I sat with eight or ten of my husbands on a tall mahogany tree, when a number of these flat-footed human troglodytes stopped beneath it with their axes and said, 'Here is one that will do for N. P. Cole & Co.,' and as they were chopping it down we heard them telling how this firm of N. P. Cole & Co. was one of the biggest furniture manufactories in America, and how they sold the cheapest and best chairs, the handsomest bedroom sets, the——See, there is a boy with peanuts! Run and get some, and bring me half, you rascals!"

Seated in our office, the other day, dipping our Promethean-tipped quill now into the scathing sarcasm of a Juvenal, now into the gentle satire of a Horace, we were interrupted by the arrival of Mrs. N., who burst into the room snorting like a sea-lion, upset the paste-pot, kicked over Dicster's Webtionary, and flopped herself down on a pile of newspapers. "I have been shamefully abused," said she. "O how dare they insult a poor lone female!" "Who was it—his name?" we screamed, flourishing our scissors ferociously. "Passing Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, Montgomery street, continued our Sophronisba, "one of the porters ran against me with his two-wheel barrow so rudely that I lost my balance and sat down in it, and the wretch wheeled me half across the office in that undignified position before he stopped. And to see the clerks all grinning like monkeys, the jackanapes! O I feel mad enough to—to—" "Calm yourself, my [illegible] delight," murmured we. "The popular mode of locomotion among the Phœnicians"— "O hang the Phœnicians," she exclaimed, "come and help me select some jewelry at Anderson & Randolph's." We went, and the superb Etruscan gold set that now graces Mrs. N.'s person and strikes envy into the heart of all beholders is our choice, sir. We have an eye for the Beautiful.

A Baron's castle in feudal times would be a curious sight to one accustomed to the luxuries of this age. The hall was strewn with rushes on which the retainers and hounds stretched themselves promiscuously to sleep. A bench, reaching from end to end, served as a table for their meals, which generally terminated in a drunken orgy. The pages of history inform us that every age of civilization has in turn fallen back into barbarism. Will this age of enlightenment prove an exception to the rule? The thought of treading upon rushes is repulsive to one whose foot has been accustomed to repose in the downy softness of Plum, Bell & Co.'s carpet. The idea of eating off rude boards instead of our massive mahogany tables, of sleeping anywhere but on our spring bedstead of beautifully carved black walnut from the same popular house, is distressing in the extreme to a well-regulated mind. Stay your hand, ye vandals, who in the decrees of Fate are to overturn our civilization! Arouse not ye Goths to glut your ire! as long as we are alive, at any rate.

Several ambitious poets have forwarded us attempts to rhyme the word "silver." One who signs himself "Salathiel," and is blushing unseen in the desert air of Minna street, makes a desperate plunge after it. He says:

Her voice, so soft and silvery,
Sounds sweet upon the hill, very.

Won't do, Salathiel—several sizes too thin. Such verse as that makes us ill, very. Still, by the manner you call in "apt alliteration's artful aid" with your soft-sliding sibilants, we think, perhaps, the true poetic fire might be kindled in your breast with a little puffing. Commence at the lowest grade and knock off a few yards of city lyrics, or some senseless jingle for the *Overland*. Another, signing F. P. S., we shrewdly suspect to be the fair young Emily, who broods over the callow *Pioneer*. She cuts the Gordian Knot thus:

"Don't spare him, Minnie Myrtle Miller,
Pile on the lies, they bring the siller.

'Siller' means 'silver'—all the same in Scotch—send on that Florence Sewing Machine." Not if we know ourselves. What does a washed-out copy of Vic. Woodhull want with a Florence! That easiest, cheapest and most elegant of Sewing Machines is indeed a graceful adornment to every household, but it would seem as out of place across her knees as a baby or a wash-tub.

What is the difference between an animal and a vegetable? The answer is, the one possesses voluntary motion, while the other does not. But this rule is a very imperfect one. For instance, the *lianes*, or climbing plants of tropical forests, will direct their growth toward certain particular trees, and not toward those that are nearest them. When they encounter one of the objectionable trees, they carefully draw themselves away and proceed in another direction. Cases might be multiplied showing this power of selection in plants which, to use Mr. Darwin's words, "would be called instinct in an animal." The same thing is exemplified on our streets every day when people avoid all other houses and make for the photographic gallery of Bradley & Rulofson. The remarkable affinity people have for this popular house is the result of the long experience and acknowledged excellence of these popular artists.

It is hard to cause wonderment in an Apache. He considers it *infra dig.* to exhibit surprise at any of the inventions of the pale faces. We showed them our watch. They turned it over with a supercilious blasé air as if they had carried "turnips" in some invisible watch-pocket all their lives. We produced a telescope. On peeping through it they had some difficulty in suppressing their wonder, but they stoutly swore there was some trick about it. We put a bullet from our Winchester rifle into a tree a thousand yards off, at which they smiled contemptuously. We were in despair. Then recollecting that in our pocket was a number of [illegible] Taber's matchless photographs, we drew them forth. It fetched them. Their reserve broke down, they danced around them in admiration, they howled a war-song in their praise. And the homage was deserved, for this house has few equals in the beauty and correctness of their photography.

One day last winter Joaquin Miller dashed into our room much worked up. He sat down and commenced pulling out his long flaxen hair and strewing it on the carpet in distraught woe. We were about to ring for the chambermaid to sweep it up, but recollected just in time his tender *penchant* for this much-abused class of females. So we simply asked him what in the name of all the gray old gods was the matter. He told us his brain was utterly demoralized trying to find a suitable rhyme to "Turkey." We thought a moment. Ha! Io triumphe! We have it. "Gerke," shouted we, and hailing him around to the agency, 418 Market street, we introduced him to that famous vintage. "By the Burning Sappho!" exclaimed the tickled poet, inspecting the chandelier through the bottom of his tumbler, "those rhymes have a natural fitness for each other, for what would a Christmas turkey be without Gerke!"

The French Academy of Sciences has offered a reward of twenty-five thousand francs for the simplest means of knowing when a person is dead. Many [illegible] have been proposed by scientific men, but the most successful [illegible] of arteries [illegible] some aroma which was particularly grateful to the person when living. The ingredient best adapted for the purpose is some one of Eberhardt & Lachman's rare old vintages. They appeal so strongly to the memory [illegible] the sense of smell that if the vital spark yet remains it is irresistibly roused. The next step in the treatment is to administer about two gills by way of mouth; if this does not restore him he must be dead indeed.

Will the "Parliament of man, the federation of the world," ever be more than a dream of the visionaries, the Ultima Thule of romance? Will the time arrive when the war-drum throbs no longer, and the civilized people of the world are united under one Government, one language, one law, one commerce, one coinage? The tendency of modern thought certainly points to such a time, though far in the future. Meanwhile it behooves us to educate towards it. Let us use every means to help forward the cause of public education. Let our schools be supplied not only with the best teachers, but with the best desks and school furniture, namely, that manufactured by Gilbert & Moore, 219 Bush street. You may spend an hour very pleasantly inspecting their stock.

A correspondent came across the following description in Byron:

She had an Asiatic eye
Dark as above us is the sky,
But through it stole a liquid light
Like the first moonrise of midnight

He wants to know what kind of an eye the other one was. He also asks how many moonrises usually occur at midnight. Poetic license, my boy; do not be too realistic. That simile about the "liquid light" is good. If you want to know what that is, go to Landsberger's Cellars, get a glass of their pure California Wine, hold it up so that the rich "liquid light" may stream through it, and you will say it is prettier than all the Asiatic eyes Byron ever dreamed of.

A pretty Persian allegory says that every tear an angel sheds is caught on its descent to the earth by an oyster, which opens its shell to receive it; and after a little time the tear becomes a pearl. We muse upon this every time we go into Emerson Corville's Saddle Rock headquarters. As the tantalizing *morceau* glides over our enraptured epiglottis we cannot help thinking that if there are no oyster-beds on the other shore, no wonder the angels weep. Call and take one of Corville's unrivaled oyster-stews for lunch. Physicians say they are not only highly nourishing, but brain-producing, promoting the vivacity of the nerve-centers and the secretion of adipose tissue. They also augment the supply of oxygen and engender unlimited ozone. Try them.

Burton, the explorer, tells of an Arab Scheik who was filled with astonishment that one should be traveling for pleasure. Said he, "Wonderful are the works of Allah! Behold that Frank is trudging about, when he can sit still if he pleases!" The old Scheik would recline all day on his cushions, smoking his long chibouque and scolding his wives and slaves. As the prophet Mahomet has forbidden his followers wine, how do you think he got around it? Why, the old rascal would take his nip of Hotaling's genuine Cutter whisky as regularly as Governor Booth or Billy Emerson, or any other notable, and like them, he would take no other, although it cost like the mischief to import it into the interior of Arabia.

A thousand people to the square mile. Such is the state of things in the Presidency of Bengal, the most densely populated country of the globe. What would Malthus have thought of this? Seventy years ago he said society was then in danger from over-population, when no country in Europe had over four hundred to the square mile. The population of Bengal has doubled within the past seventy years. One of the causes conducing to this healthy state of things is the universal use of Batty's Nabob Pickle by the whole nation. This famous pickle is put up by Batty & Co., London, and may be had of Porter, Donaldson & Co., corner of Halleck & Sansome streets.

It makes a great difference in one's impression of an author if the work he reads is well printed and tastily got up. The red line edition of the popular authors, published by Field, Osgood & Co., for instance, is pleasing to the eye and grateful to one's sense of beauty. A. Roman & Co. have in their handsome stock the best editions, both for printing and binding, of all the well-known authors in every branch of literature. Not only is their supply of books a beautiful one, but it is most comprehensive, embracing the works of note of all nations and languages. An immense variety of children's books, toys, games for winter evenings, etc., may also be seen at this popular house.

And Jeremiah the prophet said, "What seest thou?" and the lad answered and said, "I see a chariot approaching, and the driving is like unto the driving of Jehu the son of Nimshi, for he driveth furiously." Then Jeremiah said, "My son, keep thine eye peeled and tell me how the horses look." Then the boy said, "Lo, verily they are bedecked gaily, and the harness is like unto the harness of Main & Winchester, for it gleameth nobly from afar. Moreover, also, the buggy-robe is like unto the buggy-robes from the same establishment, on Battery street, for it is as handsome and durable as the cedars of Lebanon." Selah.

It is reported that "George Eliot" will soon visit this country. There is no living writer who would meet with a more cordial reception than "George Eliot." She has been called the "Female Bacon," a cognomen most ill-chosen, as it has not the slightest bearing on her wonderful talent for appealing to the affections and [illegible] She is a lover of the country. All her works treat of rural life, they "babble o' green fields." Consequently she would enjoy a visit to that lovely spot, Thorpe's Hotel and Gardens, on the San Bruno road, as much as our citizens who so delight to patronize that charming retreat.

William Cullen Bryant, the poet and veteran editor of the New York *Evening Post*, is expected to visit this city soon. In spite of his advanced age, he is erect and vigorous, and his faculties seem endowed with perennial strength. As he wishes for quiet, comfortable apartments during his stay, it is expected that he will take up his abode at the Galt House, 613 Market street, which ranks among the highest for convenience, elegance and respectability.

This is the weather to test our roads. A good one like the San Bruno road is all the better for a little moistening. All who drive on it feel better, too, after a little moistening at Harry Blanken's. This is because his drinkables are of the very best quality, in the opinion of our wisest judges.

To protect the understanding of humanity nothing is like leather fastened together by Cable Screw Wire. Boots and shoes made in this way never rip, or leak, or come apart.

Ragged stockings and protruding toes are not seen on feet where Silver Tips are worn. Parents remember this, they last twice as long. For sale by all dealers.

SAN FRANCISCO PARK BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the Park Commissioners, [illegible] corner of Montgomery and Pine streets, until THURSDAY, JANUARY [illegible], AT [illegible] O'CLOCK M., for the purchase of SAN FRANCISCO PARK BONDS to the amount of Seventy-five Thousand Dollars ($75,000), or any part thereof, authorized to be issued by said Commissioners, by an Act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to provide for the improvement of Public Parks in the City of San Francisco," approved April 4th, 1870, and an Act entitled "An Act amendatory of and supplementary to an Act entitled 'An Act to provide for the improvement of Public Parks in the City of San Francisco, approved April 4, 1870,'" approved March 30, 1872.

Said bonds to be of a denomination of $1,000, with coupons for interest attached—principal and interest payable in gold coin of the United States. These Bonds will be payable Twenty-four and a half (24½) Years from the date of their issue, [illegible] January 1, 1873, and will bear interest at the rate of Six (6) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually at the office of the Treasurer of the City of San Francisco.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco are required by law to raise by tax, in addition to the ordinary taxes, every year, a sum of money [illegible] accruing on these Bonds, and the Public Parks [illegible] are pledged by law as security for the redemption of said Bonds.

[illegible] the rate per cent. at which they will purchase said Bonds, payable [illegible]

[illegible] reserve the right to reject any or all bids, as the public good may require.

[illegible] To the Park Commissioners, and should be endorsed [illegible] Park Bonds.

[illegible] SULLIVAN, CHARLES [illegible] MACDERMOT, [illegible] BENHAM,
J. T. FLEMING, Secretary. [illegible] Park Commissioners.

Narrow Gauges—A Warning.

It is characteristic of Californians that they are more reckless than any other people in putting their money into every new speculation and experiment that comes along. From the Fraser River excitement of a few years ago down to the late diamond fraud, we have rushed into the arms of every sensational enterprise that "promised" big returns. We are always about finding "Another El Dorado," or coming into a millennium where everything styled "old fashioned" is to be abolished and new ideas and new machinery are to revolutionize things in general and the world made particularly lovely hereafter. As all the other swindles we have embraced have in due time come to grief, there remains just one more to be pricked and exploded. The farmers of this State have been bitten of late with the narrow gauge tarantula, and induced to dance to almost any tune the projectors of these new-fangled railroad schemes might play. Like old Dr Townsend's sarsaparilla, warranted to cure any disease from an aching heart to a bleeding toe, the narrow-gauge railroad we are now told is the panacea for all our woes. Our salvation depends, they tell us, on the State being gridironed with these cheap little roads, for in that one word, "cheapness," lies the motive for much of the newspaper advocacy of the narrow gauge in California. Opposing the Central Pacific by building parallel lines to its branches is the height of economy and financial wisdom, pleads the Sacramento Union and the sagacious *Bulletin*. And yet it can be shown that railroads, whether of the narrow or standard gauge, if built to any great extent parallel to existing lines, will most assuredly ruin the men who furnish the money for such enterprises. And that newspaper will find out in time that it is doing a very injudicious and hazardous thing when, to gratify a feeling of revenge or hatred of the Central Pacific Company, it advises the farmers and business men to subscribe to visionary railroad schemes, which can only result in failure and total loss to the men who go into them. We make the broad assertion—which no one can refute who is at all conversant with the inside workings of California railroads—that take our whole system of railroads and cut them into separate corporations of 50 or 100, or even 200 miles each, and not one of them would pay running expenses and interest on its bonded debt. It is only from the fact that all of these roads are connected together—forms to a great trunk line, having but one set of general managers and officers, with one mammoth machine and repair shop—that expenses are so reduced that the running of trains through the sparsely populated regions of this State is a possibility. Yet there are many who profess to believe that half a dozen separate and distinct organizations formed to build short railroads that can but divide an already comparatively small traffic, will pay, though each of these railroads when built, will have to have its President, Secretary, General Superintendent, General Freight and Ticket Agents, etc., etc.—the salaries of which amount to as much on a road of 50 or 100 miles as they do for a road ten times this length.

The difference in cost of construction, as we shall show hereafter, between the narrow and standard gauge railways, is not very great, probably less greater than is the difference in the price of iron between the high figure iron was for to-day and the much lower rate it had at the time when most of the existing railroads in California were built. In estimating the cost of narrow-gauge roads in comparison with the cost of the 4 feet 8½ inches or standard gauge, and also of the comparative cost of operating them, the following questions have been asked, and in repeating them it is proper to remark that they have not, nor cannot be, truthfully answered in any way favorable to the narrow gauge theorists:

1. Will it cost any less for the surveys and locations of a narrow-gauge line than for one on the standard gauge?

2. Will the right of way cost less?

3. Will ditches required for drainage be any less in size or cost on the narrow than on the standard gauge?

4. Will fencing cost any less per mile for narrow gauge than for standard gauge?

5. Will the water way for bridges and culverts be any less in clear space? or will the foundation for bridges require to be any less deep for narrow than standard gauge?

6. Where the line is a surface line, with but little grading required (as is the case on most of the valley roads in California) will there be any difference in the cost of foundation between the narrow and standard gauge?

7. Will there be any difference in the amount of ballast required between narrow and standard gauge, except the difference in the width of the gauges, say 350 cubic yards per mile, which would cost but $35 or $50? Of course where no ballast is required there is not even this small item of difference in the cost between the two gauges?

8. If engines are of equal power, will they not, if of the same design, be of equal weight and cost for both gauges?

9. Will it cost less for laying and fastening the rails on a mile of narrow gauge than on a mile of standard gauge?

10. Will the telegraph lines (now required on all railways) cost less on narrow gauge than on standard gauge?

11. Can you make station houses, platforms, cattle-yards, etc., smaller or less expensive for narrow gauge than for standard gauge, the amount of business being the same?

12. With cars of the two gauges of appropriate width for each gauge, will not the train on standard gauge, carrying the same load, be much the shortest train, with less wheels and less rolling friction?

13. Trains on the narrow gauge roads, from necessity being much longer than that of the broad gauge, carrying the same number of passengers and freight, will not the extra number of wheels under the narrow-gauge cars passing over the track cause the friction and wear of the rails to be much greater?

14. Is a long train as easily handled as a short one?

15. Will a narrow gauge railway require any less officers and employees than a standard gauge railway? On the contrary, for the same amount of business, will it not require more men to operate the narrow than the broad gauge, on account of more trains or cars being required?

16. Can narrow gauge cars carry horses and cattle as easily and comfortably as standard gauge cars?

17. Has a passenger in a first-class narrow-gauge car the same room to stand in, sit in and sleep in, and the same comfort he finds in a standard-gauge car?

18. Will not a break of gauge, occasioning a change of cargo from one set of cars to another, create an increased delay, besides extra expense, extra damage to goods and additional risks of accident?

With one uniform gauge over all the lines of railway in this State, interchanging and connecting with each other, there will be much less rolling stock required and less side tracks, less locomotives, and goods can be delivered earlier and in better condition. It is stated on good authority that a change of goods in quantity from one train to another will cost in time a day, in distance more than a *hundred miles* run, in addition to damage and amount paid for the transfer. Two sets of cars have to be furnished, and both have to lie idle during the transfer.

The above are a few of the disadvantages of narrow gauge railroads. That they will prove in the end a costly delusion and a snare we firmly believe. The Denver road, held up as a model and advertisement by all the narrow gauge advocates in the country, is found to have cost $22,000 a mile, while it has a carrying capacity of not over one-half that of the standard gauge. That it pays is owing to a great extent to the fact that its rates for carrying freight are something like *four times* those charged on the California railroads, being in fact, we are creditably informed, no *less* than were charged by teamsters who formerly hauled freight in wagons over the same region now traversed by the Denver narrow gauge railway. Passenger fares on that road are not so high as are the freight charges, being but eight cents a mile, while the average on the California roads is four cents. Should the proposed narrow gauge roads in California ever be built, and do as well as this Denver company, they will have to advance the rates of fare and freight from one to four hundred per cent over those now charged by the standard gauge. What a luxury it will be for the farmers to pay in their heavy subscriptions for such accommodations.

It is true the enterprising adventurers who propose to build these narrow gauge railways with other people's money *promise* that freight shall be transported over the narrow gauge roads at *one-sixteenth* of their stock for two and a half cents per ton a mile. Men with money capital of their own, and having no experience in railroads, [illegible] *promise* anything. Let our farmers be not deceived. When they are forced to pay every dollar they have subscribed to short installments, and then find that as stockholders they are individually liable for all the debts and losses incurred by these forced holders of costly railroads (all railroads are costly then) they will thank us for this advice, and wish they had taken it in time. Some years ago just such an excitement and furor for building railways took possession of the farmers of Iowa, Wisconsin, and other Western States, as now agitates the agricultural population of California. Then, as now, there were plenty of adventurers, willing, aye, anxious to handle the people's money and build their railroads for them. The farmers subscribed liberally, and in the end they were forced to pay their subscriptions, and they didn't get their roads built either. Many subscribers were driven into bankruptcy, and nearly all the balance had to mortgage their lands to satisfy the railroad sharks. Have we any assurance that the results will not follow the present furor for narrow gauge railroads in California? When subscriptions have been legally made, they can be collected after ten years are half as well as when a hundred miles are finished. Thus far farmers of Butte and Colusa counties are liable, and may have to pay their subscriptions in full for a road terminating thirty miles from Benicia. And the farmers and business men of Tulare who have taken stock in *their* narrow gauge are liable even if the road never reaches thirty miles out of Stockton.

To say that these new roads can be bonded for anything to speak of is to greatly underrate the sagacity of money lenders here or abroad. Nor is of a road constructed as yet on experimental principles, and running nearly parallel to one of standard gauge, will be almost if not entirely unsaleable.

Stripped of all engineering and technical terms, the discussion of the narrow gauge principle resolves itself into simply this: If a three-feet gauge, with small and narrow cars, are preferable to a broad gauge and large cars, then our wagon roads are too wide. They should be narrowed, and all vehicles made smaller as well. Instead of the traditional four-horse stage-coach, we should have four small coaches, drawn by small single horses, with, of course, a driver for each. Hotels accommodating one hundred guests should be divided into say five hotels, accommodating twenty each. Steamboats should hereafter be built having one-half or less the capacity of those to which we are accustomed, and instead of the California Pacific dispatching one steamer to Sacramento at four o'clock each day it should send two of the smaller kind. Our theaters, churches and schools should be remodeled by lessening the size, and thereby multiplied, thus giving employment to a larger number of actors, preachers, and teachers—just as the narrow gauge railways give employment to a larger number of men in doing the same business than do the standard gauge roads. The expenses will be much larger, it is true, but who cares for expenses in this country. Into precisely such logic as this runs the arguments used by the narrow gauge advocates. No wonder that several State Legislatures have prohibited, by statute regulations, the building of these three-feet railways at all, and thus saved the people of several States the costly experiments and impractical results that come of this "war of the gauges."

"It was a sight to make an old man young!" says Byron. This kind of sight may be obtained by using Moll's Brazilian Pebble Spectacles.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st of every month punctually at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

When the sailing date falls on Sunday, the steamer will sail the preceding Saturday.

January 6th, 1873—Steamer CHINA, . . . Capt. Cobb.

There will be no departure January 16th, February 16th or March 16th.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave punctually at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27 of each month for PANAMA and connecting via Panama Railroad with one of the Company's splendid Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

When the sailing date falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN and MANZANILLO.

All steamers connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

All steamers will touch at SAN DIEGO and ACAPULCO.

January 17th—Steamer CONSTITUTION, ... Captain Cavarly.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

SAN DIEGO BRANCH.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamer will leave for the above ports every Thursday at 9 A. M.

Returning will leave San Diego every Monday, and San Pedro Tuesday.

☞ For temporary arrangement see notice below.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO.

Steamer —— Capt. —— will sail as above at 9 A. M., on alternate Wednesdays, viz: January 1st, 15th and 29th.

Returning will leave San Luis Obispo on alternate Mondays.

Through bills of lading signed, and through tickets sold from and to all ports on the San Diego route to and from New York, Europe, Mexico and Central America at San Francisco Tariff Rates.

GUAYMAS BRANCH.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Jan. 24th for Cape San Lucas, San Blas, Mazatlan, Guaymas and La Paz.

No freight received on bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M., the 23th.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts. [Jan. 4.] S. B. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, until MONDAY, FEBRUARY THIRD 1873 at 12 o'clock noon for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the city and county of San Francisco, to be called Montgomery Avenue, and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1872. Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each Bond and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in GOLD COIN OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund.

The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,[illegible] as ascertained and certified by decree final on the 11th of November 1872.

The property liable under said Act and the Treasurer for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty [illegible] dollars ($60,[illegible]) and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

Bonds at par to the amount of one hundred and fifty-eight thousand dollars ($158,000) have already been accepted by and delivered to parties damaged, leaving one million eight [illegible] thousand seven hundred and thirty-seven and 25-100 dollars ($1,[illegible]) to be provided for by the sale of Bonds. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders, where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in gold coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond (excepting from bidders entitled to damages) satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the city and county of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds."

The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, November 5, 1872.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
Dec. 7. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London; National Provincial Bank of England; Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank; Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland London; Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within), Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co., Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within), Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 89 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers, Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers, The City Bank, Finch lane, The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane, Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., F. C. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 13 Moorgate, East Cheapside Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road, Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland, San Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill, Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs., W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S., Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W., George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N., Thos. Mills, 23 Goswell Road, E. C., Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st., E. C., Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool; Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 25.

THOMAS TURNBULL,

Architect, Shiels' Block, No. 66 Market street.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Boyd—In this city, December 29th, to the wife of George Boyd, a son.
Damon—In this city, December 28th, to the wife of O. F. Damon, a daughter.
Fisher—In this city, December 31st, to the wife of H. C. Fisher, a daughter.
Lessensky—In this city, January 1st, to the wife of L. Lessensky, a daughter.
Lissner—In this city, December 28th, to the wife of L. Lissner, a son.
Porter—In this city, December 28th, to the wife of George Porter, a son.
Ranken—In this city, December 28th, to the wife of H. Ranken, a son.

ALTAR.

Bennett-McPherson—In this city, December 30th, C. A. Bennett to F. McPherson.
Barry-Little—In this city, December 31st, Wm. Barry to Margaret Little.
Dow-Leach—In this city, January 1st, George E. Dow to Cora Jane Leach.
Holcomb-Carr—In this city, December 31st, Wm. A. Holcomb to Della L. Carr.
Haste-Peare—In this city, January 1st, Lewis Haste to E. G. Peare.
Jelison-Beckle—In this city, December 28th, B. F. Jelison to Isabella Beckle.
Kennedy-Griffith—In this city, January 1st, Jas. Kennedy to M. J. Griffith.

TOMB.

Frodsham—In this city, December 29th, John Frodsham, aged 73 years.
Frase—In this city, December 29th, Henrietta Frase, aged 11 years.
Hubbard—In this city, January 1st, John Hubbard, aged 56 years.
Kuhnell—In this city, December 31st, Maria L. Kuhnell, aged 60 years.
Moneypenny—In this city, January 1st, Charles Moneypenny, aged 52 years.
Malke—In this city, December 28th, H. Malke, aged 45 years.

"The Old, Old Story."

In golden ages, warm old Ovid sung
"The old, old story," and was hailed by men
High Priest of Love! Bard of the honeyed tongue!
The earth was young; 'twas an old story then.

Love clung to Time, and then a Gothic saint
"That old, old story," still to youths a tool,
"That old, old story," beautiful and quaint,
Old as creation—yet as fresh as old.

'Neath the broad oaks of Eld, in deep green shades,
On the soft moss, the lovers waste the hours;
Fond swains are whispering to lovesick maids
"The old, old story" in the woodland bowers.

On sunlit shores where the broad ocean roll's
Roaring in deep sea caves his ancient song,
"The old, old story" midst the roar is heard,
As old as ocean—it will live as long.

Beneath the gable of the fisher's cot,
By the bright sunny wall a maiden stands,
And bends with loving, trusting heart to hear
"That old, old story" on the yellow sands.

Leaves from a Lady's Diary.

December 31.—Why should this day, which of all others ought to be devoted at least to meditation, be one of fuss and, in many instances, falsehood? We worry all day making a supper, and as the clock strikes twelve a boisterous congratulation takes place, which is more or less to say, according as the champagne has been distributed. Went to the W——'s, where the spread was too good and I was only amused at B——, who neglected *pâté de foie gras*, oysters and champagne, in his entiring efforts to kiss Emily under the mistletoe. Poor man, if he had begun by taking, he would not have been obliged to ask for a kiss. Got to bed at two, in a pouring rain, and felt wet and headachy.

January 1, 1873.—O, the torture of New Year's calls! O, the sacrifice to vanity, to be able to inscribe a one score or two of names, many of whom only put their feet in your house on this day. And when an agreeable man does come and you begin an interesting conversation, in rushes a parcel of over-dressed youths to take away that which they wish you. Young E. Y. has just returned from a four month's involuntary sojourn in the Falkland Islands, and amused me with his account of the amicable way with which the representatives of foreign powers carry on their diplomatic relations with each other. For there are only two Consuls in the entire group, both of whom keep stores of general merchandise. France writes to Russia to obtain some particulars about the mortality or by a Cossack skipper, at the same time asking him how he is off for sardines. Little M., who always makes me his confidante, confessed that he ate one breakfast at twelve and another at two o'clock, and that he enjoyed the second feast the best. He eats like some people drink.

Jan. 2.—Put by finery, cover up the chairs and count the cost of the last ten days, for the real life begins to-day. I could not help thinking that cara is somewhat resembles the rules on a figure Mrs. C—— cut at the A——'s last night. She wore natural flowers in a mass of false hair. We think sometimes to cover our falsehoods by one truth, which is like the remaining tooth on each side of the jaw, whereon the *rolder* is fastened. Was much amused by overhearing, after dinner, the oracular way with which young W——, who is supposed to know the world, was imparting his experience to two or three younger men, who were listening with open mouths. That is just what he likes. His theme was the coquetry of woman, and his object was to impress upon his hearers how thoroughly he knew them, concluding his denunciations by saying, "And yet, boys, we can't do without the charming creatures."

Billy Emerson.

To habitual visitors at the Alhambra, the erratic Billy is undoubtedly the lodestar of attraction, and he is indeed a character worth seeing. His quips and cranks, his mirth, wit and originality, have drawn full houses night after night, until he has risen above the ordinary minstrel in the estimation of the people, and ranks as an artist in his peculiar line. He would be the first to learn himself an artist, but an artist he is, and of no ordinary versatility. It is not every one that is so fitted to the profession which he follows, but Billy Emerson is surely fulfilling his vocation—to make the world laugh—for he seems to be infused with the very genius of minstrelsy. Gifted with a singularly clear, true voice, he is as pathetic in a ballad as he is absurd in a burlesque. An Irish air by him flows from his lips with the true ring of the brogue, and burnt-cork cannot hide the intensely Celtic look of his face when he is in that character. Who has not laughed at his grotesque appearance as a Dutchman, his rollicking, trustful look as the new waiter, his indignant face in "Seven Oaks," his pleading expression in "Don't give the name a bad place"? But it is in the portrayal of the negro character that he is reserved. In his famous sketch of "That Rascal Billy," what roars have greeted him over the sub-barrel he wished to borrow for the bonfire, to be returned when the fun was over; and how we could almost see the smoke of the cabin through the trees when he sang "We're gwine to do shuckin' of de corn." Our hearts warm with the essence of the good old time "before the war," when, as the white-haired old darkey, he gives us, "Carry the News to Mary," or "Scenes on the Mississippi." It has been in the hearts of whole audiences to give him something to eat in *A Trip to Paris*, and sketches of that ilk, for he can assume the look of the hungriest, the rawest, most miserable, forlorn, deadbroke wretch in existence. Indeed, there is little that he cannot look to be, for his power of mimicry is something extraordinary. He catches the tricks of voice or gait of a performer and reproduces it on the stage a half hour after so very like, yet so broadly caricatured that it never fails to bring down the house. On the end he is essentially comic, and more than any other who customarily occupies that seat. Indeed, it has been said that no other minstrel could successfully fill an engagement in a city in which Billy Emerson had appeared, and we are inclined to believe it, for discussed from an æsthetic point of view, he is an artist.

—— The California Land and Exchange will open for business about February 15.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. This Evening, Jan. 4th, and every evening will be produced the Great Dramatic and Terpsichorean Spectacle ALADDIN; or, THE WONDERFUL LAMP. Magnificent scenery by Porter. Startling Mechanical and Musical effects. Elegant Appointments. New Ballet. Gorgeous Costumes, arranged by J. H. Paxon. To give due efficiency to this performance, engagements have been made with the Star Premiere Assoluta, MLLE. BETTY RIGL, the Premiere Danseuse, EMILY RIGL, and the famous MONS. CARRON and his three talented children. Saturday Afternoon, Jan. 4th—Grand Aladdin Matinee. Jan. 4.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—E. G. Bert, Proprietor and Manager; John Woolard, Business Manager; W. J. Ferguson, Stage Manager; Chas. H. Schmitz, Musical Director. This Evening, January 4th—Grand production of the Spectacular Fairy and Pantomime Extravaganza, THE YELLOW DWARF, after weeks of careful preparation and at an enormous expense, with new and magnificent scenery by Mr. Wm. Porter; Original Mechanical Effects by A. W. Barrett; Automatic Effects by Mr. Edwin Deaves; Properties by H. Morrison; Gorgeous Costumes by Mme. Louis Lerme; New Music by Mr. J. L. Schmitz; Armor, Appointments, a Corps de Ballet, Amazon ladies, etc. Jan. 4.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam. Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer; Bob Hart, Stage Manager; Geo. T. Evans, Musical Director. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. The Popular EMERSON MINSTRELS. Grand First Part, concluding with THE OLD KENTUCKY HOME. Misses Jennie Worrell and Lillie Hall in Songs and Dances. Finale: Third Act of Ernani, Rossini and full Vocal Corps. The GREAT EMERSON, Jack and Farron's "Foot ple Eccentricities"; "Pomp's Patients." Monday Evening, Jan. 6—First appearance of JOHNNY ALLEN, MISS ALICE HARRISON and LITTLE MAC. Jan. 4.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Glorious fun, mirth, and revelry, at this Transcendent Place of Amusement. Saturday and Sunday, and every Evening January 4: GRAND CAN CAN BALLET, "Bride of Asnores," Schmidt and Therese Corps de Ballet. First Part, and Unbelling—The Great Recheda Family. The London Comique, Chas. Verner, Coghill and Cooper, the Strong Artists. Larkin and Armstrong, Dutch Artists. Banjo Duet, Kelly and Bree. Comic Act, "Olympic Lodging." Tuers, Larkin and Bree. Globe, Geretta GROUCH, Dutch Stage Act. Short and Interlude. Songs, Dances, Acts, concluding with the PARISIAN CAN CAN. Admission, 25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $2.50, $3 and $5. Jan. 4.

OFFICE OF THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY,

526 California street. December 31, 1872. Dividend Notice. The GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.—The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of nine per cent. (9) per annum on Term Deposits and seven and one-half per cent. (7½) per annum on Ordinary Deposits free from Federal Tax, for the six months ending December 31, 1872, payable on and after January 15th, 1873. By order, GEO. LETTE, Secretary.
San Francisco, December 31, 1872. Jan. 4.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—CHANGE OF AGENCY.

Having resigned the Agency of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., the copartnership heretofore existing between us under the firm name of ELDRIDGE & IRWIN is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation. Mr. S. B. HOLMAN, Assistant Agent, will have charge of the Company's business as Acting Agent. OLIVER ELDRIDGE,
San Francisco, December 31st, 1872. RICHARD B. IRWIN.

The undersigned has this day taken charge of the Agency of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY at San Francisco.
S. B. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.
San Francisco, January 1st, 1873.

Referring to the above notice, the undersigned will hereafter do a General SHIPPING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, under the firm name of RICHARD B. IRWIN & CO., at No. 310 Sansome street, corner of Pine.
RICHARD B. IRWIN.
San Francisco, January 1st, 1873. Jan. 4.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

San Francisco Savings Union, No. 532 California st., corner Webb. For the half year ending with the 31st December 1872, a dividend has been declared at the rate of nine and six-tenths (9 6-10) per cent. per annum on term deposits, and eight per cent. per annum on ordinary deposits, free from Federal tax—payable on and after the 15th January, 1873. By order,
Jan. 4. LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.

STEAMSHIP NEBRASKA.

Departure of this steamer for Honolulu and New Zealand is postponed until further notice, owing to the detention of the London mails. She will receive freight SATURDAY, January 4th. Shippers are requested to clear their goods same day.
Jan. 4. I. W. RAYMOND, Agent.

NOTICE.

Saturday, January 4, 1873, is the Last Day State, City and County TAXES can be received without adding five per cent. to the amount of Taxes. By drawing check to the order of the Tax Collector, with Tax Bills enclosed, Taxpayers will save themselves the inconvenience of waiting at the office, and the receipted bills will be sent to their address.
Jan. 4. A. AUSTIN, Tax Collector.

IMPORTANT TO TAXPAYERS.

Five per cent. will be added to State, City and County Taxes, after SATURDAY, January 4, 1873.
Jan. 4. A. AUSTIN, Tax Collector.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made. Exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of not greater power cost $3 each and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

GOOD CABLE SCREW WIRE

Boots and Shoes are selling from Maine to California. Nov. 23.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 12.

The Music Listener.

As she listens to the music,
  She lives in a land of dreams,
More lovely than moonlit midnights,
  Or pales stars pictured in streams.
When waves of music are flowing
  From the organ, deep and loud,
Her soul from the earth is soaring,
  Like the lark above a cloud.

Her eyes have an eager lustre,
  And she seems to drink each strain
Of the music, as a blossom
  Drinks deep of the summer rain.
There's a beauty on her features,
  That owes not a tint to art;
Her lips like the leaves of roses,
  By the June winds blown apart.

She has no thought of the future,
  The music only she hears;
So still she stands that her jewels
  Have the quiet glow of tears.
She is calm as a sculptured figure,
  With a cold and steadfast look;
That stands forever and gazes
  On an unclasped marble book.

And long as the music surges,
  Through the quaint and sacred pile,
Her face has a look of sadness,
  That seems akin to a smile;—
A look which the hand of painter
  Has never limned or caught—
The bloom and the perfect radiance
  Of a calm and holy thought.

So long as the music trembles,
  She listens as though alone;
And only seems to be living
  When the last sweet note has flown;
Still dreaming every moment,
  Till the music dies away—
Like the sounds of vernal showers
  Ill a silvery clouded day. —*S. H. Bradbury.*

Choosing or Finding.

The controversy as to which of the two methods of marrying one's daughter in use in France and England respectively has not yet been decided by any preponderating evidence. Whether the parties, especially the mother, ought to find a husband for the daughter, or whether the girl, young and inexperienced as she is, should seek one for herself, with the chance of not knowing her own mind in the first place, and of not understanding the real nature of the man she chooses in the second. These are the two principles contended for by the rival methods, and the fight is still going on. The truth is, the worst of either is so infinitely bad that there is nothing to choose between them; and the same is true, inversely, of the best.

The French method is based on the theory that a woman's knowledge of the world, and a mother's intimate acquaintance with her daughter's special temper and requirements, are likely to be better guides in the choice of a husband than the callow fancy of a girl. It is assumed that she will be able to separate the reality from the appearance, to winnow the grain from the chaff. She will appraise at its true value a fascinating manner with a shaky moral character at its back, and a handsome face will go for little when the evidence of the family lawyer proves the poverty of the family purse. To the girl, a fluent tongue, flattering ways and a taking presence, would have included everything in heaven and earth that a man should be; and no dread of future poverty, no evidence of the bushels of wild oats sown broadcast, would have convinced her that Don Juan was a *mauvais parti* and a scamp into the bargain. Again, the mother usually knows her daughters' dispositions better than the daughters themselves, and can distinguish between different idiosyncrasies and their respective needs as no young people are able to do. Laura is romantic, sentimental, imaginative; but Laura cannot mend a stocking or make a shirt; her hands are small—gloves six—and her arms are like tobacco-stoppers. She has no power of endurance, no persistency of temper, and no executive ability; but she falls in love with a younger son just setting out to seek his fortunes in Australia; and, if she is allowed, full of enthusiasm and delight she marries him and goes out with him. In a year's time she is dead, literally killed by hardships, or, if she has vitality enough to survive the hard experience of roughing it in the bush, she collapses into a wretched, haggard, faded woman, prematurely old, hopeless [illegible] jaded, the miserable victim of circumstances, sinking under a burden too heavy for her to bear. Now a French mother would have foreseen all these dangers, and have provided against them. She would have known the unsubstantial quality of Laura's romance, and the reality of her physical weakness and incapacity. She would have kept her out of the sight and hearing of that fascinating younger son, just off to Australia to dig out his rough fortunes in the Bush, and would have quietly assigned her to some conventional well-endowed man of mature age, who might not be exactly a soul's ideal, and whose rheumatism would probably make him chary of the moonlight, but who would have taken care of the poor little frail body, dressed it in dainty gowns and luxurious furs, given it a soft couch to lie on, and a luxurious carriage to drive in, and have provided it with food convenient and ease unbroken. And in the end Laura would have found that mother was right, and knew what was best for her; and that her ordinary-looking, middle-aged caretaker was a better husband for her than would have been that adventurous young Adonis, who could have given her nothing better than a shakedown of dried leaves, a deal box for an arm chair, and a cup of brick tea for the sparkling wine of her youth. It may be a humiliating confession to make, but the old saying about poverty coming in at the door and love flying out of the window holds true in all cases where there is not strength enough to rough it; for the body holds the spirit captive, and however willing the one may be, the weakness of the other conquers in the end. On the other hand, Maria, square-set, defying, adventurous, brave, would be as one smothered in rose-leaves as the wife of a rich man here in England. The dull monotony of conventional life would half-madden her, and her uncompromising temper would break out in a thousand eccentricities, and make her countless enemies. Let her go to the Bush if you like. She is of the stamp which bears heroes, and her sons will be a stalwart race, fit for the work before them. The wise mother who had it in hand to organize the future of her daughters would take care to find her a man and a fortune which would utilize her energy and courage; but Maria, if left to herself, might perhaps fall in love with some cavalry officer of good family and expectations, whose present "dash" would soon have to be exchanged for the stereotyped conventionalities of the owner of a place where, as his wife, her utmost limit would be riding to hounds and taking off the prize for croquet.

Such well-fitting arrangements as these are the ideal of the French system; just as the union of two hearts, the one soul finding its companion soul, and both living happily ever after, is the ideal of the English system. Against the French lies the charge of the cruel sale, for so much money, of a young creature who has not been allowed a choice, scarcely even the right of rejection; against the English there is the cruelty of suffering a girl's foolish fancy to destroy her whole life, and the absurdity of treating such a fancy as a fact. For the French there is the plea of the enormous power of instinct and habit, and that really it signifies very little to a girl what man she marries, provided only that he is kind to her and that she has not fallen in love with any one else, as she is bred to be sure to love the first presented. For the English there is the counter plea of individual needs and independent choice, and that women do not love by instinct, but by sympathy. The French make great account of the absolute virginity in heart of the young girl they marry, and few Frenchmen would think they had got the kind of woman warranted if they married one who had been engaged two or three times already, and to whose affianced lovers had been accorded the familiarities which we in England hold innocent and as matters of course. The English, in return, demand a more absolute fidelity after marriage, and are generous to any false starts before. To them the contract is more a matter of free choice than it is in France, consequently failure in carrying out the stipulations carries with it more dishonor. The French, taking into consideration that the wife had nothing whatever to say to the bargain which gave her away, are inclined to be more lenient when the theory of instinctive love fails to work, and the individuality of the woman expresses itself in an after-preference, always provided, of course, that the *bienséances* are respected, and that no scandal is created.—*Saturday Review.*

—— The late Fanny Fern always used a small pressed fern-leaf on her writing paper, instead of the usual monogram.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business on or about February 15th.

ROLL OF THE SAN FRANCISCO STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD

E. P. PECKHAM, . . President. | B. H. COIT, ... Caller.
GEO. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President. | H. SCHMIEDELL, . . . Treasurer.
FRANKLIN LAWTON, Secretary.

Barton, W. H........................	Kinsey, A. G.......405 Cal'a, up stairs.
Bonyngo, C. W	Lissak, A. H.......440 California street.
Budd, W. C.......415 California street.	Loveland, L. F........................
Burling, W ......423 California street.	Martin, M. S ....
Cahill, E........406 Montgomery street.	Marina, E. J. De S.....409 Cal'a street.
Charles, H. A........................	McDonald, M. J..402 Montg'y, up st'rs.
Child, E. F ......403 California street.	McElwain, J........................
Coursen, G. A	Noble, H. H....417 Hayward's Build'g
Crosby, F. W........................	Page, R. C......331 Montgomery street.
Dixon, S	Peckham, E. P....413 California street.
Duncan, W. L.....422 Montgomery st.	Perry, J., Jr.....104 Leidesdorff street.
Deane, Coll......103 Leidesdorff street.	Parker, W. C.....104 Liedesdorff street.
Everett, A. F.. 506 Montgomery street.	Borke, B. B........................
Eyre, E. E........................	Rogers, R. F..405 Cal'a st., Room No. 1
Ehrlich, M.... 412 Montgomery street.	Rose, L. S.......416 Montg'y, up stairs.
Ford, J. C.......420 Montg'y, up stairs.	Schmiedell, H ....401 California street
Fitch, J. B..... 411½ California street.	Schmitt, B L........................
Fox, C. W......406 Montgomery street.	Seligsberg, Wm .. 426 Montgomery st.
Freeborn, J	Shotwell, J. M........................
Glover, G. F. M.. 425 California street.	Smiley, G. W.....444 California street.
Hall, E. F., Jr........................	Stanford, W. T....316 California street.
Herr, J. J.......422 Montgomery street.	Strother, F F ...330 Montg'y, up st'rs.
Higgins, W. L....418 California street.	Stoutenborough, C .. .420 Montg'y st.
Hassey, F. A....402 Montg'y, up st'rs.	Sherwood, B F........................
Poulterer, T. J....323 California street.	Turnbull, W....418 Cal'a st., up stairs.
Henriques, David........................	Vinzent, C ....
Hill, H. L..................Out of town.	Webster, G G ...304 Montgomery st.
Ives, G I ......424 Montgomery street.	Williams, H........................
Jones, J. H. ....431 Cal'a st., up stairs.	Wilke, F. H....416 Montgomery street.
Jones, C. W. ...418 Montgomery street.	Winans, J C ....
Keene, J. E....408 Montgomery street.	Whitney, A. W........................
King, J. L.	Woods, F. H........................
Kilgour, L........401 California street.	Zinns, L. A ... .411 California street.
Knox, Geo. T.....513 California street.	

CALIFORNIA STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD.

T. J. L. SMILEY, ... President. | JOS. TILDEN, ... Caller.
CHAS. L. WELLER, . . Vice-President. | E. J. BALDWIN, ... Treasurer.
W. W. LAWTON, . . . Secretary.

Adamson, W. R. H...408 California st.	Lincoln, J.......322 Montgomery street.
Allen, C. R.......106 Liedesdorff street	Mansfield, M.. 306 Montgomery street.
Baldridge, M.......608 Montgomery st.	Marina, S. J. de S .322 Montg'y street.
Baldwin, E. J.....509 California street.	McCullough, T. J...306 Montg'y street.
Barrell, Sam'l 422 Montgomery street.	McCarthy, O....327 Montgomery street.
Bourne, J. B......323 California street.	McKenty, J.....422 Montgomery street.
Broderick, R...6 Merchants' Exchange.	Middleton, John...310 Montg'y street.
Case, J. M......322 Montgomery street.	Moore, J. M.....77 Montgomery Block.
Childs, F. G.......426 California street.	Myers, W. F......411 California street.
DeGreayer, S...513 Montgomery street.	O'Connor, T. M........................
DeLacey, Chas....430 California street.	Owens, J. H......426 California street.
DeLorme, E. W....506 Montgomery st.	Patridge, H. C....International Hotel.
Diftot, A.......422 Montgomery street.	Perine, G. M......413 California street.
Duncan, W. T.....413 California street.	Pheby, T. E... 446 Montgomery street.
DuVal, W. S.411 California st, Room 4.	Ricketts, A. H........................
Fitch, H. S.....506 Montgomery street.	Roberts, D. ....
Flagg, H. H...415 Montgomery street.	Rogers, Geo. E. 331 Montgomery street.
Gildemeester, J. P. H.113 Montg'y Blk.	Rosenblatt, S......503 California street.
Gray, J.........306 Montgomery street.	Rudsdale, M......418 California street.
Hart, Thos. R...422 Montgomery street.	Sanborn, T. C......411 California street.
Harvey, C. C......416 California street.	Schmitt, M.........437 California street.
Hawkins, Jas...18 Stevenson Building	Smiley, T. J. L.....310 Montgomery st.
Hill, J. Bryant....523 Montgomery St.	Smith, E. L..... 302 Montgomery street.
Hitchens, Jas........................	Smith, W. J.....422 Montgomery street.
Hoare, C. W......408 California street.	Snowball, R. Y....411 California street.
Hoitt, I. G........................	Soren, Geo. S...528 Montgomery street.
Howard, H. G 322 Montgomery street.	Stewart, Geo. W........................
Hussey, J. L....305 Montgomery street.	Taylor, W. S....420 Montgomery street.
Hyneman, S........420 Montg'y street.	Thompson, J. M..310 Montgo'ry street.
Kenney, C. A......411 California street.	Tibbey, E. S.......503 California street.
Kent, R. T......401 Montgomery street.	Tilden, J................At Board Room.
Klopenstine, J..422 Montgomery street.	Weller, Chas. L.....521 Jackson street.
Lacour, L.......603 Montgomery street.	Williams, W. J.......At Board Room.
Lawton, W. W........At Board Room.	Wolf, F........421 Montgomery street.
Leuzarder, J. M........................	Wright, Wm. H. 420 Montg'y street.
Lichtenstein, M. B.406 Montgomery st.	

TO SCIENTISTS.

Wanted, M. Alphonse L. Pinart, the skulls of deceased Indians of tribes belonging to California, Arizona, Oregon, Washington Territory, Idaho, Alaska and British Columbia. Each skull must be accompanied by a certificate indicating the tribe to which deceased belonged and the exact locality where procured. A fair price will be paid on delivering the same to AGAPIUS HONCHARENKO, No. 11 Clay street, San Francisco, California, who is authorized to act in the matter as agent.

Paris November 2, 1872. Dec. 28.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys Oregon.
Aug 10.] WM NORRIS, Agent, No. 217 Sansome street.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

— IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Politol.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Munton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Blaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kobler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville. J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.

St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Daniell's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche J. Heydner, Proprietor.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

—— The murder of Anthony F. O'Neil, a detective, by James C. King, recently, was one of the most deliberate assassinations which has ever taken place even in New York. O'Neil had been testifying in a divorce suit pending between King and his wife at the office of Judge Sutherland, referee in the suit. As O'Neil was leaving the office with other witnesses and the parties, the case having just been adjourned for the day, King followed him with a pistol and fired three shots in rapid succession, mortally wounding his victim, who died almost immediately. King then walked back to the referee and said, "Here, Judge, I have settled it," handing him at the same time the revolver with which he had just been firing. He made no attempt at resistance, but surrendered himself willingly, and has been, according to all the reports, remarkably cool and composed ever since. There is no particular reason that we can see why he should not be. He killed O'Neil, according to his own story, for undue intimacy with his wife; and the chances of his ever being convicted of murder are very small. He is said to have committed other murders, and if so, he has no doubt studied with care such *causes célèbres* as the Fair and the Stokes trials. The natural result of a study of this class of cases would be to convince any ordinary sensible criminal that with good legal advice, in any case with a woman in it, he could be reasonably sure either of a verdict of insanity or a disagreement. His self-possession and perfect willingness to be taken perhaps indicate that he took legal advice before getting his pistol.

—— The Government of the United States has generally been the first in the field with novelties of every kind. A recent experiment at Schenectady, on the Hudson River, with a new torpedo boat, is generally regarded as a success. The trial took place in the presence of a commission of naval officers. This boat is small, and is intended to be navigated by a person standing on the shore, through the medium of telegraphic cables. The navigator is reported to have stood on shore in this case, and by means of two telegraphic keys the vessel was propelled and steered at pleasure. As no one is to be on board this new style of torpedo boat, there is no risk of loss of life to those using it, and it is easy to imagine the numerous cases of river and harbor warfare in which it would be available. But, further, if it can be navigated from the shore by means of its electric bridle and reins, why not from the deck of a ship? The few indications of the character of this invention made public are extremely interesting and suggestive.

—— It is said that some 6,000 or 7,000 pounds of Australian gold, known as "brittle," having recently been coined by the French Mint for the Bank of France, all the pieces have been found to admit of being easily broken, and they have therefore to be re-melted. This is attributed to the presence of a small percentage of antimony and arsenic, extremely difficult of removal; and these elements are known to produce a similar effect in all metals or alloys which are subjected to the molecular changes induced by the pressure and heat developed under the action of the dies in the coining press.

—— At the general meeting on November 26th of the Hudson's Bay Company, the Directors' report, which recommended an interim dividend of eight shillings per share, was adopted. The Chairman, Sir Stafford Northcote, M. P., in referring to the improvement in the position of the undertaking, stated that the Company have already received a larger quantity of furs this year than at the corresponding period of several previous years, and that several town lots of land have been sold at Fort Garry for an aggregate sum of £25,000.

—— The London *Times* of the 20th ultimo contained some remarkable illustrations of prolonged existence in the case of nine ladies and two gentlemen, whose united ages amounted to 941 years, giving an average of 85 years and more than six months to each of those eleven persons. Of the nine ladies, the oldest had reached the great age of 93 years, the youngest being 81. The two gentlemen were 80 and 81 years old. The average of the ladies' ages alone was 86 years and upwards of three months.

—— Highland Lake, East Andover, New Hampshire, has been the home of a pair of herons for nearly half a century, and the good people of the town had come to regard these venerable and long-legged fowl as birds of good omen; but lately a sacrilegious fowler shot one of them, when popular indignation rose to such a pitch that the sportsman narrowly escaped with his life.

—— A Missourian who stole a kiss from a pretty girl was fined by a magistrate, horse-whipped by her brother, and harried into the brain fever by his wife. The clergyman also alluded to the affair in a sermon; the local editor took sides with the clergyman and reviewed the case in print, and the potato bug ate up every blade of the malefactor's wheat.

—— A young lady of Michigan dug a well forty feet deep, last Summer, and received $130 therefor from her father. She received numerous offers of marriage from young farmers who wanted wells dug, just after she completed her job, but she declined them all, saying that she thought it best to "let well enough alone."

—— The pseudo "Lord Gordon," whose career in New York a few months ago excited some attention, is "wanted" in this country for having defrauded different persons and firms in London and Edinburgh to the extent, it is said, of £10,000, under the assumed title of "Lord Glencairn."—*Scotsman.*

—— At the meeting of the Grand Trunk Railway Company of Canada, held on November 28th, the Directors' report was adopted. It was mentioned that about £1,300,000 will be required during the next three years to complete the renewal of the line with steel rails and to meet other expenses

—— At the Vienna Exhibition there will be an Infant's Pavilion, where will be gathered everything pertaining to the life of the child—toys from Japan, China, Turkey, Egypt, as well as all the countries of Europe, with illustrated books and other matters of interest to the juvenile mind.

—— The Buffalo papers state that a young man in that city, who, while taking care of a horse sick with the prevailing epidemic, received a small portion of the virus in the eye when the horse snorted, has lost the use of that eye in consequence, and will probably lose the use of the other

—— Marshal MacMahon is known in the French Army for his miserly habits, and his personal expenses during the year are said to be less than 1,000 francs. His wife, on the contrary, is said to be extremely extravagant.

—— Old President Thiers said, the other day, to a leading Orleanist, "My friend, we are growing old, but let us not forget that we may remain young if we try to keep in harmony with the spirit of the times."

—— The Parisians are in a fright about the Obelisk of Luxor at the Place de la Concorde. Some alarmist has discovered that the granite is cracking, and that the hieroglyphics are rapidly being effaced.

—— Anthony Egerle, a parricide, was recently beheaded at Uri, in Switzerland, after receiving fifty lashes on the bare back. His mother, who had assisted him in assassinating his father, committed suicide while in prison.

—— The thirteenth monthly interim dividend of the Emma Silver Mining Company (Limited), at the rate of eighteen per cent. per annum, is announced for payment on December 2d.

—— The largest canal in the world is one in China, which passes over two thousand miles of country and alongside forty-two cities. It was commenced as far back as the tenth century.

—— General di Cesnola's collection of Cyprian antiquities, consisting of nearly 10,000 statues, urns and articles of jewelry, has been bought by the United States for £10,000.

—— The *Nebraska* dressed ship at Dunedin, New Zealand, and fired a salute in honor of Grant's election. It was replied to by the Naval Brigade, firing ten guns.

—— Emile de Girardin had, during his long journalistic career, only about one hundred and twenty libel suits. He won them all but three.

—— Mr. Ellis is engaged upon a statue of Elias Howe, the inventor of the sewing-machine, which is destined for Central Park.

—— A grand-daughter of Thaddeus Kosciusko is teaching school at Soleure, in Switzerland.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *.*SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.— The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopaths and Invalids, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage. Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb. 25.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution AGAINST FRAUD.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitation by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester, Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Budgett & Hughes. Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 28.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps; Chemically-prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges, for Pin fire and Central-fire Breech loading Guns, Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, Sept. [illegible] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements. Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornamental but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

D. CALLAGHAN,

Manufacturer of Donnelly's Yeast Powders, Cream Tartar, Soda and Saleratus, 121 Front street, San Francisco, California.
April 6. D. CALLAGHAN Proprietor.

EDWARD F. HALL & CO.,

Stock Brokers and Members of the San Francisco Stock and Ex-change Board. Cash advances made on active stock accounts kept with us.
Jan. 13. Office No. 410 California street.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 4[illegible] Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 17

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 21.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 18th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox. the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand Feet.
Nov. 9. JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

Lines on Woman.

[Read directly, then read first and third and second and fourth lines of each verse, and lo! the difference.]

The bliss of him no tongue can tell,
Who in a woman doth confide,
Who with a woman scorns to dwell,
Unnumbered evils will betide.

They make the daily path of life
A pleasant journey strewed with flowers;
A dreary scene of painful strife
They quickly change with matchless powers.

Domestic joy will fast decay
Where female influence is unknown:
Where'er a woman holds the sway,
A man in his perfection's shown.

She's never failing to display
Truth in its native loveliness
A heart inclined to treachery
A woman never did possess.

That man true dignity will find
Who tries the matrimonial state:
Who pours contempt on woman kind
Will mourn his folly when too late.

Sunbeams.

MORCEAUX DU JOUR.—CRIBBED AND ADAPTED FROM THE FRENCH.

One of the most respectable remnants of the campaign of 1870 presented himself the other day to the regimental surgeon. "What do you want?" asks the doctor. "Well," said the mangled hero, "I am not satisfied with my right leg." "What do you require? we have only taken off as much as was necessary." "That's just what annoys me," said Mars, "You have amputated the right leg up to the groin and my left leg up to the calf, and it looks bad to the eye." "Well, what are you driving at?" "I want you to operate on my left leg and make me more harmonious. Josephine is a woman of taste, and will have it so." All the persuasion in the world could not alter the warrior's determination, so it had to be done. Truly the French are an artistic people!

—— "Why, Maxime," said a Parisian to his friend, "however came you to marry such a little wife?" "Ah, mon ami," sighed the new but already experienced husband, "the very least you can take of a wife is too much."

"It is very strange," said a spendthrift to his friend, "if I have only half a franc in my pocket I can never keep it two days." "Perhaps that is because you leave it so much alone; it gets miserable and longs for a change."

Monsieur X—— coming home terribly late with no excuse, and dreading the ire of madame his wife, tapped timidly at his door "Who's there?" said madame, with dreadful promptness. "Ah," exclaimed X., in a voice of thunder, for he was struck with a bright idea, "Who may you be waiting for at this time of night?" Poor madame fainted.

A Parisian exquisite, whose notions of honor were so fine that in vindicating them in a duel he got into trouble, was waiting for his trial one day in the police court. Being kept waiting for examination some three hours he became very impatient, and at last interrogated the usher: "Usher, how long will it be before my case comes on?" "O, not long now, monsieur, there is only another thief before you." Exquisite collapsed.

Madame Calino was dining one day with her friend Brebant, who had invited, much to her disgust, some vulgar people from the country. During dessert one of the rustic bores, charmed with the glitter of the diamond in her ring, said, "Madame, what a beautiful diamond you have—is it real?" "Real!" exclaimed Madame with great indignation, and in her dignified disgust forgetting for a moment her usual respect for appearances, "Real! I should think it was, they lend me fifty francs on it at the pawnbroker's."—*Hornet.*

—— Cardinal Cullen calls on his clergy to use their influence in suppressing wakes. Let them begin on the town cats.

CAT-ERWAULINGS.

"I'm a cat! I'm a cat! of the pure roving style,
The hearth is my home, but my lounge is the tile;
Up, up! on the roof, from the twilight till three,
Or half-past! or half-past! I, to ramble, make free.
I heed not the brick-bat, I fear not the stone;
I the latch-key despise, or short-pipe at me thrown;
Nor 'neath the old hat or baked 'tatur I quail,
While I've legs for my oars—for my rudder a tail!
Miaw, miaw! but a nest (mouse or bird's) let me find,
And I warrant I'll leave pretty clean bones behind!
Moll row! but a feast or *amour* let me see—
I'm a cat! I'm a cat! and I'm out on the spree!"

—— The Duchess of Newcastle, who was a great writer of romances in the time of Charles II., asked Bishop Wilkins, who had just announced his discovery of a world in the moon, how she could get there. "As the journey," said she, "must needs be very long, there will not be any possibility of getting there without stopping on the way." "Your grace," replied the bishop, "can be at no loss for places to stop at, as you have built so many castles in the air."

—— One of Charles Lamb's friends visiting him, with his wife and children, happened in the course of conversation to repeat the old saying, "One fool makes many." "Ay, indeed," said Lamb merrily, pointing to the children, "you have a fine family."

—— A liberal sympathizer with the workingmen's movement out in Indiana has adopted the eight-hour system on his farm. He lets his workpeople begin at eight in the morning and quit at eight in the evening.

—— The Young Enthusiast.—Aunt Mary: "What is meant by decanting a noun, Ethel?" Ethel: "Politely refusing it, Aunt dear." *Fun.*

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, December 22, 1872, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will

Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A.M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted), S. F. & N. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Donahue with Trains for Cloverdale; making close connection at Lakeville with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:10, 8:10, 9:20, 10:10 and 11:20 A.M., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, 8:15, 9:30 and *11:30 P.M. (9:30, 11:20 and 3:00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:30, 6:40, 7:30, 9:00 and 11:00 A.M., 1:20, 2:40, 4:35, 6:10, 7:25 and 10:10 P.M.

Leave Oakland, *5:40, 6:50, 8:20, 9:10, 10:00 and 11:10 A.M., 12:00, 1:40, 2:50, 3:30, 5:05, 6:20, 8:35 and 10:20 P.M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:20, 9:00 and 11.15 A.M., 1:20, 4:00, 5:20 and 7:00 P.M. (7:20, 11.15 and 5:20 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:15 A.M. and 3:30 P.M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:20, 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:30, 4:35 and 5:30 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 8th, 1872.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave— San Francisco.		8:00 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:10 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11:20 a m	5:42 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	1:20 p m	. .	......
Pajaro	Arrive	2:25 p m	.	......
Castroville	Arrive	3:05 p m	. .	. . .
Salinas	Arrive	3:45 p m		.
Hollister	Arrive	2:50 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave— Hollister.		. . . .	. . .	11:05 a m
Salinas		. . .	. . . .	10:50 a m
Castroville		. . . .	. . .	10:30 a m
Pajaro		. . .	. .	11:20 a m
Gilroy		. . .	. .	1:0[illegible] p m
San Jose		†6:50 a m	7:45 a m	2:20 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	9:10 a m	10:10 a m	[illegible] p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at 4:25 p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m; arrive at San Francisco at 11:30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets; also Valencia street at its junction with Twenty-fifth street, at 6 A. M., running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock P. M., and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty-fifth street at 11:10 P. M., and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 M. The cars run to Main street up to 6:30 P. M., after which they run only as far as Sansome street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag, reading "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S. P. R. R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S. P. R. R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty-fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes direct to Hayes Park.
Nov 12. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries or Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons. to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 25.] Agents, 423 Front street.

UNITED STATES, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA MAIL S. S. LINE.

Contractors for Carrying the British and American Mails via Honolulu. The splendid paddle-wheel steamers of this line are specially constructed for Speed, and arranged to promote health, comfort, and free ventilation on long voyages in the heated tropics. One of the following fleet, viz. Nevada 2,600 tons, Dacota, 2,600 tons, Nebraska, 2,600 tons, will leave for Ports in the above named Colonies, via Honolulu, every Fourth Wednesday, on arrival of the mail from London. Steamship Dakota will sail Nov. 6th. For Freight and Passage, and further information, apply at the Offices of the line, No. 41 Sansome street, San Francisco. I. W. RAYMOND,
[Oct. 26.] Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8:15 a m., 11 a m., 4:30 p m. Saucelito at 8 a m., 9:30 a m. and 3.30 p m. Sunday Time—San Francisco, 10 a m., 12 m., 2 p m and 4 p m. Saucelito, 11 a m., 1, 3 and 5 p m. On Saturdays, an extra trip from Saucelito at 5 p m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a. m. H. A. COBB, President,
Nov. 16. 522 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 a. m. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 2:30 p. m., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield [Aug 24.] CHAS. MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL.

Gardens and Farms, at the junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot.—This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:20 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 4:20 p.m. San Rafael, 7:45 a.m., 11:10 a.m., 3:30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a.m., 3:00 p.m.; San Rafael, 8:00 a.m., 1:30 p.m. [Aug. 21.] CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS
Feb. 26. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition; and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labled." JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded free of all charge monthly by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce.—The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen Nov. 23.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary. Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, P. M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Pomeroy, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office 424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 14.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g.
Justices—420 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—413 Montgomery street.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—116 Kearny street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 14, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—220 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Outside Land Committee—24 Exchange Building, Washingt'n and Montgomery streets.
Health Office—Jackson street.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Jackson St., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
Quarantine—3 Kearny street.
Harbor Master—19 Vallejo St.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

Belgium—E. Grisar, 1517 Powell.
Chili—H. Barroilhet, 624 Montgomery street.
Chili—Consul General Francisco 2d Casanneva, 506 Battery st.
Denmark—G. O'Hara Taafe, 320 California street.
Ecuador—Daniel Wolf (absent).
France—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street.
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, 319 California street.
Guatemala—Juan Urruela, 409 Battery.
Hawaiian Islands—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street.
Honduras—Wm. V. Wells, 37 Second.
Italy—G. B. Cerruti, 1405 Powell.
Japan—C. W. Brooks, Grand Hotel.
Mexico—J. Rivas, 526 Kearny.
German Empire—C. A. F. Dulsenberg, 314 Sacramento street.
Netherlands—J. De Fremery, 410 Sansome street.
Nicaragua—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
Peru—De la Fuentey Subirat Federico.
Portugal—Francis Berton, sw. cor. Clay and Liedesdorff. Sts.
Russia—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Build'ng.
San Salvador—H. J. Dorsey.
Spain—C. Martin, 420 California.
Sweden and Norway—G. C. Johnson, 20 Battery street.
Switzerland—Francis Berton.
U. S. of Colombia—F. Herrera.
Bolivia—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
Callao—D. J. Williamson, 350 Brannan street.
Costa Rica—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
Greece—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
Argentine Republic—G. Baum, 516 Battery street.
Austro-Hungarian—G. Muecke, 109 California street.
Turkey—George W. Gibbs, 23 Battery street.

In Harness; Or, "A Man that's Marred."

A NOVEL, BY "O—DA."—[SLIGHTLY CONDENSED.]

[*Continued.*]

Artemis Terpsichore

"Come down with us for the shooting on the First," said Bertie to me, one morning as he was unharnessing himself, after exercising his troop in Belgrave Square.

So Bertie and I with half a dozen other men in our set, swung down in the express on the 31st of August.

"Wonderful how Slapdashe knocks over the birds, seeing he'll use nothing but his regulation sabre—his back-handed sweep is terrific," laughed Bertie, as we were discussing *paté* and Bass, under the hedge rows after a splendid morning's work among some outlying covers in the open.

"Nothing to Dovill of the Artillery," yawned Trelawney, of the Queen's Bays. "He goes out with a field piece, and you should just see him limber up when the dogs point."

"Why, down at Grafton's box, last year," drawled Gower, of the Coldstreams, "the birds were so tame I used to go out and catch 'em with my salmon rod baited with corn. Good fun it was too, and saved a deal of money for powder and shot."

"True," sighed Slapdashe, "but *Cui bono?*"

The day ended up with a ball, to which the County came, as likewise did *La Belle Demoiselle aux Beaux Yeux Bleux.*

The band struck up one of Strauss's waltzes, and Bertie passed me, waltzing with Violet Trefusis, who danced like a *bayadere*, or a Willis, I forget which.

Slapdashe lounged up to where I was standing with some guardsmen, Cabinet Ministers and other riff-raff of the turf.

"Cavendish," he began, sorrowfully, "she's outwitted us."

"More's the pity," laughed De Vere, of the Rifle Brigade.

"Never dreamt it," lisped Bloke Chichester, of the Scot's Greys, as he swung out of the door after a bock-and-seltzer.

"No more did I," smiled Gower, sticking his thumbs in his waistcoat pockets.

"After all," said Slapdashe, as he heaved a sigh, "*Cui bono?*"

"*Chacun à son goût,*" roared Trelawney, as he whirled Flora Ferrars into the ring.

We stood and watched Lady Arabella Vieicœur walking on Tom Severn's arm till the music ceased and the *valseurs* slipped away one by one after Al, Möet, Sillery, Guinness and Bass, for Bertie's wires were no end fit.

"Pah!" said Slapdashe, at last, "the odor of fustian and corduroy is intolerable; come out into the air. Oh, for a tankard of Guinness and a *papelito!*"

Bertie was leaning in the doorway, reading a pink note (not looking bored, he was too high toned for that), and as we passed pulled his left wristband over his wrist with a jerk, as if his left felt an intense longing to "straighten from the shoulder" on something.

I kept out of his reach, and had got on but a fewpaces when we heard a crash

"It's nothing," said Bertie, smiling sadly, as he extricated his arm from the panel of the door, "only a three-inch oak. Toames, fetch me another coat."

I thought of my escape as the band struck up Godfrey's last, and Bertie swung Lady Gwendoline Trestlian, a nymph of eighteen, with azure eyes and *crêpé* hair, into the center of the room

"No one has my step like you, Bertie dear," she whispered, as his mustache touched her forehead, and they glided into the measure of the *valse à deux temps.*

"So Hercules has found his Omphale at last," said Slapdashe to me in the smoking-room, after the ball broke up. "Well, I'm not sorry, for Dejanira was a devil."

CHAPTER IV.

"Dies expectata quo equi certare aderat peratl."

Slapdashe drove me and one or two other men down to Epsom on the 24th, for Bertie was going to ride the "Guard's Crack" for the Soldier's Blue Ribbon at the Grand Military. Before the race began, we, with several men in the Household Cavalry, Heavies, Horse Artillery and Rifle Volunteers, walked over the running ground, which covered fourteen miles and had four hundred and twenty-seven jumps in it. After walking a couple of hours or so, we paused at last, somewhat fatigued, before a large six storied brick building, surrounded by a pond, with moats and drawbridges fore and aft, which rather impeded our progress.

"Course ends rather abruptly," exclaimed Wentworth of the 1st Royals. "Thought the runnin' went past the Grand Stand."

"So it does," answered Bertie, languidly.

"Then what's that cotton factory doing there, I should like to know?"

"Oh, that's the last jump," sighed Bertie, as he bit the end off a Havana."

The bugle sounded "Boot and Saddle," and Bertie strode off to get harnessed. When he returned he was astride the Guard's Crack, a flea-bitten grey, with ragged hips and noble withers.

Three hundred and fourteen of the finest cattle in all Leicestershire started, but the first jump disposed of two hundred and ninety-seven of them; the rest were scattered—Bertie leading, of course.

As they neared the last jump we held our breath through our race glasses. Suddenly there was a flash, followed by a loud explosion, and the field was enveloped in a cloud of smoke.

Then the Guard's Crack was seen lifted higher and higher against the sky, far above the roof. He gave one bound in mid-air, cleared the roof, draw and moat, and was over!

The Grand Stand heaved a sigh of relief, which might have been heard at Margate!

As he pranced up the "run in" he was alone. The other brutes were all left on the roof except one, a mule ridden by Bloke De Vere, of the Enniskillens, which entered a third story window.

"Good trick that of Toames," said Bertie to me, with a wink, as he rode off to get weighed. "Never have got over in the world without the mine."

CHAPTER V.

"Marlborough s'en va-t en guerre."

A week after the "Gougers" were ordered to the Crimea, and we marched through to London in the grey morning, with our colors cased and our pompons out, and the band playing the "Poor Old Soldier."

It was winter when we arrived. Winter in Balaclava and among the Chersonese! Aladyn and Devno, think of it! Shortly after our arrival, we of the Household Cavalry were ordered to take some Russian guns, and Bertie, who had exchanged into a regiment of *Chasseurs d'Afrique*, was to lead the charge. We shook our heads and dashed away over to the plain to the guns seven miles away, Bertie sitting down in his saddle like a Pytchley bullfinch, and rolling up the sleeve of his sword arm.

"*Cui bono?*" shrieked Slapdashe, waving his sword as a shell took off his head and bespattered me with *sang pur.*

Three hours later a few of us reached the guns, and Bertie commenced giving that ugly back-handed cut which made him so famous in Scinde, and the Cossacks lay in piles. His horse, a blood mare, received a nine-inch ball in the flank, and threw up her head with a scream as she toppled over.

"*Le Colonel est tue,*" cried *Papellito*, the vivandier of Bertie's regiment, who had followed him into the fight

Bertie staggered up, kissed the mare on the forehead (it was the one thing he loved), and throwing his shako into the mouth of a mortar just about to be fired, jumped in after it *Bang!* went the piece with a stunning crash Just then I was attacked by a Russian lancer, but managed to keep him engaged with my right arm, while with my left I raised my field glass and saw Bertie's body describing an arc through the air.

As he sped across the sky and disappeared with a splash in Balaclava Bay, the breeze wafted back his farewell words to my ear;

"I die in harness."

At that moment the lancer ran me through the lungs, and I fell forward as one dead.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

Shall Men Fly?

Darwin tells us that even in the upper regions of the air, near the summits of the Andes, vultures may be seen floating onwards for miles upon motionless wings. What is the secret of this flotation? Gravitation acts as forcibly on the substance of the bird as on that of the animal. Nor can we believe that there is any buoyancy, properly so-called, in the bird's body or wings. Those vultures which seemed to float steadily through still air must have received support from the air in one or more of three several ways: either by swift motion acquired before the floating began and slowly reduced through the effects of ærial resistance, or by the action of ærial currents through which they were carried, or else, while seeming to float horizontally, they were in reality traversing a slightly sloped descending path. Neither of the two former explanations seems available, because the floating motion is continued so long as the fractional resistance of the air would most certainly have destroyed a large share of the original motion. This would happen equally whether the bird had in the first place urged its way swiftly through the air, or had floated itself off, so to speak, upon a swiftly moving air current. On the other hand, there would seem to be no valid objection against the third explanation, for a single observer, at rest, would have no means for determining whether a bird were sailing along horizontally, or gliding down a gentle incline. But it matters little which explanation of the three we accept as the most plausible. The point to be chiefly noticed is the fact that a heavy body can be sustained, for long distances, merely by the supporting action of the air. There can be little doubt that it is only on account of the perfect steadiness of their motion through the air that they are thus supported. The efforts of aeronautical mechanicians must be directed to secure a similar steadiness of motion for ærial facilities. Granted this, there can be no reason why the power of steam and iron should not avail to secure an ærial motion even surpassing in rapidity the flight of the swiftest birds. Unless we are willing to believe that birds fly by some power distinct from any which physical science deals with, we seem justified in believing that the birds may be matched or surpassed by the flying machine, as surely as the swiftest animals are surpassed by the locomotive. It is encouraging to consider that the actual amount of power necessary to convey a weight through the air (if that support is derived directly from the air) is very much less than that required to convey the same weight by sea or land. In the presence of failing coal supplies, this consideration will one day assume first-rate importance.—*London Spectator.*

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes, fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market

HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24.

NOTICE—OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS.

City Hall, November 14, 1872. The Report of the Board of Public Works in the matter of the Opening of Montgomery Avenue having on this 14th day of November, 1872, been finally approved and confirmed by the County Court of the city and county of San Francisco, notice is hereby given, that the said Board is now prepared to deliver Montgomery Avenue Bonds to all persons for damages awarded to them, in amounts equal to the damages awarded for lands taken and improvements thereon WM. ALVORD,
President of the Board of Public Works.
H. S. TIBBEY, Secretary. Nov. 14.

OFFICE OF THE CEDERBERG GOLD MINING CO.,

420 Montgomery street, Room 3, Third Floor.—San Francisco, December 9, 1872.—Information having been brought to this office that stock of the so-called extensions of the Cederburg Gold Mining Company has been sold as the stock of this Company, parties dealing in Cederberg stock are warned to be careful to see that it is signed by JOB M. SEAMANS, President.
D. M. BOVEE, Secretary. Dec 14

NO BRIDGE OR PIER

Is absolutely safe unless the Timber is prepared by the "Hamar" process. It is indorsed by all eminent Engineers in Europe and America. Warranted to be indestructible by either the attacks of the teredo or the action of the elements. Testimonials furnished. Contracts solicited.
Dec. 14. Apply to THOMAS WALLACE, 534 California street.

TO TAX-PAYERS.

Taxes due, October 28th, 1872. Delinquent January 6th, 1873. The usual delay, confusion and annoyance experienced by Tax-payers will be very much increased this year, as both personal and real property has to be paid upon at the same time. This being the case, the undersigned would most respectfully suggest, that Tax payers furnish this office with a schedule of their property at an early day. Where there have been no changes the tax bills of any previous year are the most convenient and correct memoranda. [Oct 15.] A. AUSTIN, Tax Collector.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. R. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 313 California street, San Francisco Nov. 16.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

GIANT POWDER COMPANY.

The Giant Powder Company, Bandmann, Nielsen & Co., General Agents, 210 Front street. Nov. 21.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment, into better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7.

"GERKE" WINE

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vida, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. BENJ. A. GERKE.
LOWNDES & HAMLIN, Agents. Nov. 11.

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC LOHMAN JOHN W. TAYLOR.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.
Nov. 30. 301 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 17.

C. L. CRACKBON.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal Feb 3.

E. F. CHILD,

Stock Broker, 503 California street, San Francisco, California. March 2.

Donovan and His Friends.

One of the leading subjects of discussion during the week has been the action of the State Executive in the case of Donovan. The community, as usual, has taken sides for and against Governor Booth, and has heaped praise and abuse upon him with about the regard in either case for justice and reason. The truth is that the commutation of Donovan's punishment was an affair by itself of but small consequence. But it has been made to constitute a precedent of [illegible] ... [illegible] to the future administration. Judging from the data of partisan discussion, we fancy we can gather the following facts, that embrace, we believe, pretty nearly the whole case. Donovan appears to have been a drunken, shallow fellow, ... who followed an irregular life in Canada to the age of ... without being accused of crime, but at last made himself hot for his friends, neighbors and kindred, ... his departure for California three or four years ago was deemed at least no great affliction. There is some testimony of his ... He turned up in Contra Costa county, where he soon after had a dispute with one Mucke about a small debt claimed to be due him. Donovan wanted seventeen dollars, while his debtor admitted an indebtedness of only eight. Donovan refused this sum, mounted his horse and rode away, vowing vengeance. He spent the night in getting drunk. In the morning he appeared at the house of his debtor and murdered him in what, if the murderer was sane, may be called tolerably cold blood. Two juries, one of the vicinage and one of San Francisco, whither the cause was transferred, have decided that it was murder in the first degree, and upon the last verdict he was sentenced to death. And here the matter would no doubt have terminated, but for a few ladies and gentlemen of San Francisco, who resolved at all hazards to save his life. First, a statement was made to the Governor that evidence was en route from Canada hitherward, establishing the fact that Donovan was a man subject to temporary fits of insanity. Upon this, a reprieve of a fortnight was obtained, [illegible] which the so-called evidence came, but proved to be substantially of but little weight when set against the verdict of a jury. But the philanthropists did not desist because of this fact. They bestirred themselves in every possible direction, and set at work all sorts of influences. The local reporters, always an active and [illegible] class, were interested, either by ... or sympathy, and the local columns of the daily journals teemed with details tending to befog real justice and to make sympathy for the doomed man. The ... [illegible] ... the Bulletin, the ... and the Chronicle were each ... same merciful views. The night before the intended execution, ladies and gentlemen were seen about the hotels, or dashing along the streets in carriages bearing petitions and ... asking for mercy on the ground of what they claimed to be the man's unquestionable insanity. The prisoner's Father ... every possible means of influence ... to reach the Executive ... At ... o'clock at night the telegraph was put in operation. ... state of mind over the impending hour of strangling a poor crazed creature who knew not for what he was to die. Five thousand of the best and most intelligent citizens had put down their names ... [illegible] ... the Governor all night long. In the morning his Excellency rose up and did just what any one ... [illegible] ... would have done. He commuted the sentence to imprisonment for life, and ... A man of more ... [illegible] ... He would have heard ... of all the acts of insanity at the last ... Governor Booth scorned to do such a thing, but acknowledged that in a matter involving the life and death of a fellow-creature, he could not put his judgment against that of the combined and expressed opinion of hundreds of men known by him to be, in many instances, his own equal in point of ... and uprightness. Had the petitioners been clamoring for the blood of a man ... [illegible] ... the world ... [illegible] ... And this, we believe, would have been the attitude of those poor fellows ... As ... to the aggregate views of the public, as he had the best reason to believe, ... in favor of human life and ... and he has ... [illegible] ... every good citizen, instead of every man who had not already resolved to condemn him, and who was not seeking in advance for a pretext, in despair of finding fault with an honest and upright executive. We are as strongly in favor of capital punishment as any journal in the land, but there is no advantage, indeed there is a clear injury to the cause of public justice to have the death penalty ... in any case where there is so much as a shadow of doubt. There was a doubt in the case of Donovan, and the Governor acted wisely ... to the clearly expressed opinion to that entertained by many good citizens.

Hawaii.

Whatever may be said about Kamehameha the Fifth as supporting his regal dignity, one thing ... that he came from a royal stock. ... [illegible] ... First, who united the group of islands under one sovereignty, was of ... [illegible] ... Prior to his accession, each island possessed its individual king, and predatory warfare was rife among them. Now, the last of the line is dead and the throne is vacant. To us, accustomed to regard our ... [illegible] ... with their ... courts and standing armies, the spectacle of a dark skinned ... [illegible] ... presents an aspect rather ... ridiculous, but the natives ... [illegible] ... as much reverence to ... as England ... to Victoria or the Russian peasant to the Czar. The question now arises, what is to become of the Sandwich Islands? We do not expect an answer to the problem until ... England and France have always ... [illegible] ... the United States or by Russia. America ... [illegible] ... Honolulu ... [illegible] ... will require a coaling station which alone can be advantageously furnished by Honolulu ... [illegible] ... the harbor where a vessel can enter and ride with safety, and that port ... coral reefs. The bay of Lahaina is too shallow and exposed, the harbor of Hilo is too open ... [illegible] ... the ... [illegible] ... Hawaiian group ... [illegible] ... sugar, coffee, ... [illegible] ... At the present ... [illegible] ... the crown of Kamehameha the Fifth.

— The California Board Exchange will open for business on about February 15.

Let 'Em Swing.

We are sorry Donovan was not hanged. We are always sorry to hear of anybody ... [illegible] ... the News Letter excepted, escaping the gallows. If we had time ... and we haven't, being so busy, ... we would gladly attend the execution of half the community, that is, about the proportion who borrow the News Letter instead of subscribing and paying for it. We would not hang them all upon the same ground, but feel confident a sufficient reason could be found for strangling every second man ... To begin, we would hang the City Fathers, Mayor and Board of Supervisors on general principles. It is impossible to go wrong in the selection. Shrader might be reserved as a warning to future Boards. The Board of Brokers we would swing up to a man, Cater, Secretary and all, to rid the world of dangerous examples. They are too honest and unhealthy ... the next general ... of San Francisco ... would ... the struggle for existence. We would hang ... the Board. So with Father ... Then we would turn to the Industrial School masters, Harris and his gang. They should be ... [illegible] ... Of newspaper men, ... we would ... [illegible] ... of all as standing scapegoats. There is no telling the amount of sins, public and private, that could be packed away to the wilderness of Kentucky by those worthy citizens. Clarkson should be maintained at the public expense. So should John Bear! ... [illegible] ... They are Hare, and we hate Hare. Of ... [illegible] ... He is liberal, and will lend any ... [illegible] ... Ralston and Latham we would swing up ... So we would Parrott. Michael Reese we would spare, believing that ... [illegible] ... the Miner's Restaurant. Governor Stanford we would hang, and give his railroad to the orphans. But in this we confess to an unworthy sentiment of vindictiveness towards the orphans, whom we hate. These creatures would most likely in their ... [illegible] ... the road, and then anybody can answer what would happen to them. Governor Booth we would swing up with ... We had a chance to rid ... [illegible] ... for Donovan ... into the Board of Brokers. Such was his sympathy with suffering ... [illegible] ... The Board in its greed wanted to keep ... and have Donovan too. We will see ... The lawyers we would hang, of course, but in that we claim no merit. ... So will the Doctors, that our names may be ... We would hang no undertaker, because by it nothing would be gained. The business always runs in the family. Hang Jimmy McGinn and twenty McGinns would rush in to bury him and share the spoils. Hang old Gray, and ... [illegible] ... about their business. Nobody will be hanged except some poor devils of murderers, as a rule, the least deserving of the gallows.

Codex.

Everybody has experienced in his life time that feeling of dread, an indefinable sense of impending calamity akin to the mysterious creeping of the flesh when some one is walking over his future grave, that nameless horror which may arise from a distempered brain or a ... [illegible] ... by foreboding, warnings, insanity or nightmare. Under such are we laboring at the opening day of a new year in the shape of a Code. Every one saith with bated breath to his fellow: "To-day the new codes come into operation." No one appears to be in the least aware what this condensed constitutional act is, but ... [illegible] ... a storm, and ... [illegible] ... the approaching ... [illegible] ... the ten commandments, has already been published. All that we know thus far is ... [illegible] ... Deuteronomy ... [illegible] ... take our whisky ... on Saturday night. We shall not be permitted to swear, to chew tobacco, to spit in the streets, to stand at the corners, to play cards in corner groceries, to go to the theater on Sundays. A detachment of the Y. M. C. A. is to be placed at each end of Waverley Place from midnight on Saturday to midnight on Sunday. Driving on the Cliff House road is strictly prohibited ... [illegible] ... But, on lay days, the ... may drink to his heart's content, may be ribald in his speech and ... may gamble away his week's wages ... but not on a Sunday. Provided always, nevertheless, that this ... shall not apply to ... Central Pacific, or to restaurants of the first class, or any of those who ... This is but a portion of the new code, the ... [illegible] ... One thing, however, is certain, a man cannot be made an angel ... by act of Congress.

The Founding of the Cylinder.

The founding of the largest cylinder ever made in this State was commenced on Wednesday last, at the Risdon Iron and Locomotive Works, corner of Beale and Howard streets. This cylinder is for the P. M. S. S. Company's steamship Arizona, to replace the one broken some five weeks ago. When completed, it will be 105 inches diameter, and 120 inches in length, and will weigh at 40,000 ... This immense casting required 1,760 ... of iron, which, after being melted in three cupolas, was ... [illegible] ... to the tanks in four ladles, Nos. one and two ... each, and Nos. 3 and 4, crane ladles, holding 9,600 lbs., and 8,000 lbs. respectively. The two tanks have a capacity of ... ten tons each. The molten iron, as it poured into the mold, was an interesting sight. The immense mass will require a week to cool, when the boring will be commenced, which will occupy three or four weeks. This will be done by a lathe made for the purpose, 360 ... with a square head, on which a boring bar ... is fastened. By this the casting, which is now ... [illegible] ... smooth. The great work of casting this mold passed off without a hitch, and was witnessed by a large number of prominent mercantile gentlemen, among whom was Mr. Waddel, Supt. of the P. M. S. S. Co., who attended in the interests of the Company. The cylinder will be ready for fitting into the Arizona in about ... Messrs. ... Master Machinist, H. Raphael, Foreman Molder, and E. Jones, Loom Molder, had charge of the work, assisted by a force of fifty men.

Two marine engines are now being constructed at the shops of this establishment, one for the vessel building at Owen's, to be launched next week, the other for the U. S. Revenue Cutter, being built by Dickey Brothers. The Risdon Iron Works have the contract for completing the machinery of this vessel throughout.

— The unhappy being who fills the editor's chair in the Call office is sweary. His head is swelled ... and the perspiration of fatigue exudes from ... The unfortunate gentleman has been floored by the ... work, necessary ... to produce ... upon topics whose ... captions come in something like the following order: Monday—The Railroad; Tuesday—The Monopoly of Railroads; Wednesday—The Railroad Monopolists; Thursday—Railroad Kings; Friday—The Railroad Ring; Saturday—Are we to have a Railroad?

— Senator Van Ness, whose name will long be remembered in connection with the famous ordinance that bears his name, died at San Luis Obispo yesterday morning, Jan. 3d. ... [illegible] ... has cast a gloom over this city, where he formerly ... filled several important positions with fidelity and ability.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Outline Illustrations to Burger's Ballads. By Moritz Retzsch. Oblong 4to, cloth and morocco.

Poems. By Jean Ingelow. New illustrated edition. 4to, cloth and morocco.

The Æneid of Virgil. Translated by Christopher P. Cranch. 8vo, cloth.

The Woods and By-Ways of New England. By Wilson Flagg. 8vo, cloth.

The Treasures of the Earth, or Mines, Minerals, or Metals. By Wm. Jones. 12mo, cloth.

The Outcasts, and Other Poems. By J. W. Watson. 12mo, cloth.

Domesticated Trout: How to Breed and Grow them. By Livingston Stone. 12mo, cl.

Bessie. A Novel. By Julia Kavanagh. 8vo, paper.

A Woman's Vengeance. A Novel. By Jas. Payn. 8vo, pa.

For the King. A Novel. By Chas. Gibbon. 8vo, paper.

David Copperfield. 1 Vol. New Illus. House. Dickens.

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Merchant Tailor, 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

DR. ABORN,
Residence and office, 232 Geary street, opposite the Plaza. Dec. 28.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

— In the latest number of the *Overland* some verses were published which are a curiosity in their way. They are by a Mr. Kendall, and entitled "The Gate." The poet tells us at the commencement that

> Half of the yellow moon
> Hung in the west in a swoon.

There is no apparent reason why the moon should be swooning just then, but it makes a neat rhyme, and sound before sense is a poet's privilege. While the moon hangs swooning in the west a "young couple" are walking down a gravel path. As they near the gate the poet's feelings become terribly worked up. He gives vent thus

> Shears to sever our paths
> Cut us not yet in halves,
> Cried I the gate, and we stood
> Close to each as we could

What does "Cried I the gate" mean? Will somebody tell us? That image about the shears is unique and ambitious, the only fault being that so fair a gem is set in so imperfect a rhyme. He might have said

> Shears to sever as calves
> Cut us not yet in halves,

and made a pleasant jingle of it, or

> Scissors, love's only thwarters,
> Cut us not yet in quarters.

The poem finishes up with *aplomb*. We are told that "a frenzy of bliss burst on her lips ... kiss." After this bursting business we are left to suppose that the cruel shears did their work, and the two young persons went home to bed. What the silly twaddle means, if it means anything at all, it is not worth while to inquire. The wonder is why it was allowed to dribble down the columns of a ... magazine that claims to be the literary exponent of the Pacific Slope. That such a production should disgrace its pages, is another proof among the many we have had of late that the *Overland* wants an editor. It wants a man at the helm who, at least, knows enough to distinguish between passable poetry and "rot" that could not find a place in the Poet's corner of the humblest country newspaper. The *Overland* has indeed sunk low when it gives such trash as this a place merely because the writer is a vilifier and slanderer of Bret Harte.

— Near a small town in the southern part of the State is a pretty cemetery. For a long time this cemetery was unenclosed, until a ball was held, by the proceeds of which a neat white picket-fence was erected around it. Outside this picket-fence may be seen a tombstone marking the last resting-place of a clerical gent, man, say the Rev. Obadiah Cantwell. This pious vessel of ... his solemn injunction that his sanctified remains should not be deposited in ground fenced in by aid of that sinful practice, dancing. After all that has been said and written to show the connection between dancing and the devil, it is refreshing to hear a word in its favor from one of the class most savagely opposed to it. Rev. Dr. Scott advises parents to establish dancing as an innocent amusement for young folks during the winter evenings. The clergy find it hard to kick against the pricks of ... [illegible]. If the mountain will not come to Mahomet, it is just as well for Mahomet to go to the mountain with a good face. Policy, my boy.

— Considerable sympathy has been expended during the last week upon a creature of the mammalia species who got into trouble on rollers. This tender young thing, so innocent that she did not even know which of the tribe was her child's father, was cast into a den of Magdalene, many of whom were wickedly certain regarding the paternity of theirs. As the ... of the Magdalen was feared to be contagious, the fair flower was removed from its deleterious influence to the wholesome atmosphere of the County Hospital, whence, after ... the miniature of ... fatherly ... passed to the occupancy of an unpleasantly damp apartment in Laurel Hill. Moral: Vestals not choosing to swing round the circle, from the rink to the Magdalen Asylum, and from the Hospital to the grave, are advised to be sure of the right man, and call him to account.

— A play, entitled *Charles I.*, is having a successful run in London. It is chiefly remarkable for its utter perversion of history in representing Oliver Cromwell as a mean, intriguing, despicable demagogue. The beloved king is, of course, everything that is gentle, courteous and saint-like. Can we wonder at Carlyle shrieking his bitter Jeremiads at what he calls this Age of Tinsel? It may well sour the philosopher's temper to see his hero that he worships perhaps a little too blindly, dragged in the dust and insulted. We understand that Col. W. H. L. Barnes is engaged in writing a play on the subject of Cromwell. There is no doubt that this gentleman will render justice to the character of the grand, sturdy Puritan, and point anew the sad moral that "a prophet is not without honor save in his own country."

— Rev. Dr. Dwinelle, of Sacramento, says Mrs. Woodhull is the rottenest woman in America. All right. No one will dispute his experience in rotten women. Thanks are due to the Dr. for the phrase, which doubtless will become popular. After so much "wickedest man," a course of "rottenest woman" will be an agreeable change for the newspapers. We know some one of his brethren who knows all about it, say Dr. Cox, for one who is the rottenest woman in San Francisco, barring, of course, the ... wants of the hospital. After that he might inform us who is the rottenest man, barring, of course, the editorial rooms of the *Call* and *Bulletin*.

— An insult is never such unless so intended.—*Chronicle*. Absurd. To say an insult is never an insult unless so intended is as much as to say a horse is never a horse ... If the writer meant that an assertion is never an insult, unless intended for an insult, he also makes a thoughtless and unreasonable proposition. If you told the proprietor of the *Call* that he had the good of San Francisco at heart, he would take it as a gross insult, although no ... might be intended.

— Miss Snook leaves her purse in a street-car. A fellow, not considering a ... purse ... takes it and puts out, not even offering to ... Miss Snook returns. Tableau. Great distress in the Snook ... That name summarily chokes off any rising sympathy for her. Phœbus Apollo! Snook!

— The extent of ... among the Celestial converts ... in Rev. Mr. Pond's church, is subsiding, and now any Celestial who thinks he can make anything by it will be received into the sanctuary along with the white folks. Thus they joyfully get over the Pond's ...

— Mr. Biter, the apothecary, is accused of being a ringleader of the malcontents at the County Hospital. You had better attend to making pills, Biter, or you will get bitten. Keep your finger out of the pie, Biter, or you may find yourself bitten in your back, Biter.

— Several Chinese converts were added to the First Congregational Church during the last month. "The heathen in his blindness bows down to wood and stone."

— Miss Anna Kaiser received another benefit at Pacific Hall last evening. Mr. Moller will take the next of ... series during the ensuing week. This thing is becoming stale, and that, if not unprofitable.

— The California Placard Exchange will open for business on or about February 15th.

An Untimely Thought.

> I wonder what day of the week—
> I wonder what month of the year—
> Will it be midnight or morning—
> And who will bend over my bier!
>
> What a hideous fancy to come
> As I wait at the foot of the stair,
> While Eleanor gives the last touch
> To her robe, or the rose in her hair!
>
> Do I like your new dress—pompadour?
> And do I like you? On my life,
> You are eighteen, and not a day more,
> And have n't been six years my wife!
>
> Those two rosy boys in the crib
> Up stairs are not ours, to be sure!—
> You are just a sweet bride in her bloom,
> All sunshine, and snowy, and pure!
>
> As the carriage rolls down the dark street,
> The little wife laughs and makes cheer—
> But ... I wonder what day of the week,
> I wonder what month of the year!
>
> —*Atlantic Monthly*

Peeps at the Parsons.

Dr. Gibbons told two nice little stories to the Temperance Legion, the other Sunday night. Story No. 1 went thus. Two carpenters were called to work in a doctor's office in this city. Doctors require the carpenters, some times, although pretty handy with the saw themselves. (Strange to say, no one in ... this joke except a wooden-legged man, who laughed ten minutes over it.) On the shelf of the room in which they were to work stood what appeared to be a can of preserved fruit. What was in it, my hearers? Brandy cherries? No. Pickles? No. Yes. It contained cancers and tumors preserved in alcohol. Then ensued a melancholy instance of the power of temptation. It was like the story in your First Reader about the little boy and the apples. They looked at them, they took off the cover and smelled of them, they fished some out and ... of them, and at last they took and swigged off all the alcohol to the last drop. When the horrid deed was done, one remarked, "By Jiminy, Bill, I could go another can ..." "Yes," answered the wretched Bill, "I could find room for two more." Story No. 2 also illustrates the force of temptation. A man chopped off his toe, by accident, and put it in a jar of alcohol on the mantel as a memento. The wound was a long time healing, and one day, as he was lying on the sick-bed, he began to eye that toe with a fiendish glare. Soon the demon became too strong for him, and hobbling out of bed to the jar he drained it dry. He then popped the toe into his mouth and went back to bed. My friends, imagine that man after he had cut off his toe, using it as fine-cut! We hear of the effects of tanglefoot, but here was a terrible case of tangle-toe. At the close, a vote of thanks was tendered to the Doctor for his interesting lecture, so edifying to the young folks there assembled.

Solomon said, "Thou art fair, O my beloved, and there is no spot or slightest stain in thee." These words refer to the spouse of the Almighty God. Whenever the Scriptures speak words of love and denote attributes belonging to a spouse, they are directly applicable to the Blessed Virgin Mary. *Father Burke on the Immaculate Conception.* [Those who read this same Song of Solomon without the "eye of faith," see in it the filthiest string of obscenity that was ever allowed to be put into print. If Father Burke sees fit to apply these lascivious ravings of a prurient old man to the "spouse of the Almighty God," we can only say there is no accounting for tastes. How on earth he can adapt to a virgin those highly-seasoned comparisons and enormously-developed charms that the ... beast chants with such ... literature, passes our comprehension. Father Burke is out of his depth altogether in these matters, especially when he attempts to pass judgment on one who had such immense experience with the sex as So... What is a celibate priest supposed to know about such things, anyhow?

The intolerance of those so-called scientists, Mr. Darwin and his friends, is most preposterous and overbearing. — *Occident*. If there is one thing that "our young State" ought to be proud of, it is the high tone of its religious press. The ... vituperation hurled by the *Occident* at Mr. Darwin, will shake ... to the foundation. On looking through his works again, we find that the Presbyterian organ is correct. Mr. Darwin exhibits the most intolerant and rabid bigotry all through them. He asserts that all who do not at once adopt his views ought to be burned at the stake, after the example set by Calvin when he burned Servetus. He attempts to stir up the people to riot and burn down the houses of those who differ from him in opinion, on the plea of good John Knox. He thinks that only he and a few others, elect and foreordained by God, will be saved, the rest of mankind will go where the fire dieth not and the worm is not quenched. It is time the writings of this preposterous, narrow-minded sectarian were suppressed, to make way for the broad freedom of Presbyterianism.

A negro was executed last month at Washington for murdering his wife with a butcher's cleaver. At the gallows he was the happiest darkey under the sun. He shouted: "Farewell world! I am going to my Jesus! Follow me! Hallelujah!" It would be well if we had this colored brother's faith. He is now nestling in Jesus' bosom, while we obdurately nestle in our wives' bosoms instead of using butchers' cleavers on them. He is twanging his harp in the New Jerusalem, where the streets are ... paved with gold, while we trudge through our miry streets twanging only our light catarrhs. Let us pray.

Benson, of the *Christian Advocate*, accuses Rev. Dr. Carpenter of sensational preaching, and says "The true minister of Christ should go forth weeping and bearing precious seed." The Doctor is much exercised over the criticism of so seedy a character as Brother Benson, and has determined to weep and bear seed every time he goes forth.

Answers to Correspondents.

— The reliance on our infallible judgment, evidenced by the numerous letters before us, shall not be disappointed. What we do not know concerning all things visible and invisible is not worth knowing, and as knowledge is ..., hereafter every inquiry not accompanied with a five dollar bill will be consigned to our large waste-paper basket.

LOTHAIR.—It is considered extremely vulgar in good society to say "please," or "thank you," too flunky. Even in ... you ... never heard it done. It sounds "soft." A quill tooth-pick is best. It is usually carried in the right waistcoat pocket, though it is considered good ton to wear it ... for an hour or two after meals. A good one will last a man a month with care. Some of our city ... carry theirs three or four months, but they are ... to ... of ... being used ... When dining at a restaurant never remove your hat. It is a piece of affectation, and the mark of a bloated aristocrat.

TOMMY.—You want to know what relation you became to your second cousin's mother-in-law when she married her deceased husband ... in the Insane Asylum, he being at the same time your grandfather ... your mother's uncle. We must get you to wait till next week for a definite answer. We put in several hours every day studying on it, but have not ... it out yet.

SNOOKS.—Never say die, my boy. In tearing up your photograph she paid you the highest kind of a compliment, for it meant that your picture was indelibly impressed upon her heart, and more ... As to throwing your hat into the street and telling you to follow it, that was merely ... [illegible] ... You don't know the girl as well as we do. Next time you serenade her, manage to stand where the water and things cannot reach you.

MAGGIE.—You should not have allowed him to kiss you more than six times at a lick, and when he entwined his arm around your waist, why did you not remove it by seizing his fingers firmly with your left hand, and ... O pshaw! It cannot be explained on paper. Call at our office in Merchant street, Maggie, we will devote an hour or two any time to giving you lessons in these things.

POT BOY.—You are right. "Gone to pot" is a corruption of "Gone to Potrero." The phrase has attained additional significance since the new Hospital has been located there. Those who enter that establishment may in one sense be said to have "gone to pot."

ALGERNON DE BOOTZE.—The individual named Pat, to whom Hamlet alludes when he says, "Now could I do it pat while he is a-praying," was one Patterson, known in history as Billy Patterson. It is not ascertained what ... [illegible]

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METALS	PRICES	TEAS	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$50 00 @ 52 50	Japans	—30 @ —73
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	4 @ — 6	Oolong	—53 @ —83
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Tin Plates I C ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No 1, ℔	—10 @ 11
Tin Plates I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	—9 @ —10
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	—7½ @ —8
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	—12 @ —13
Banca Tin, ℔	— 40 @ — 42½	Muscovado	—6 @ —8
Quicksilver	— — @ — 87½	Peruvian	—6 @ —8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	15 00 @ 15 25	Sperm Wax, ℔	—30 @ —41
Australian	11 00 @ 11 50	Adamant do	—15 @ —19
Cumberland	24 00 @ 31 00	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	15 00 @ 18 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	12 00 @ 12 25	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	1 90 @ 2 00
Rio, ℔	— 19 @ — 19½	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 21 @ — 23	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 16 @ — 17	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	— 16 @ 19	Chicken Gunnies 20-D	—17 @ —18
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales	—15 @ —16
China No 1, ℔	— 6½ @ — 6¾	Burlap Bags	—15 @ —15½
China, No 2	— 5¼ @ 5¾	Hessian 40-inch, ℔ yard	— — @ —13
Hawaiian	— 8 @ — 9	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool, ℔	—14 @ —25
Champagne ℔ doz.	15 00 @ 35 00	Tallow	—8 @ 9
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	—15 @ 20
		Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs	1 85 @ 2 12
Sherry, do. do.	1 75 @ 7 00	Barley	1 25 @ 1 35
OIL.		Oats	2 00 @ 2 15
Coal and Kerosene	— 40 @ — 50	Flour, ℔ 196 lbs	4 25 @ 6 25

The Placard Exchange and Information Bureau of the Pacific Coast.

The work of preparing the building, southwest corner of Merchant and Montgomery streets, for occupancy by the California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau of the Pacific Coast, is progressing rapidly. The lower or street floor will be occupied by the business office. The second story is occupied by two lofty and spacious rooms, communicating, lighted by numerous windows along both sides. In the third story is another large room, which will be occupied for the purposes of the Exchange, besides the printing offices and editorial rooms. The exterior of the building is being renovated and will be covered by placards of attractive and original design. Across the front will be represented two railway trains, bound one East and the other West; under these, in a sliding panel, will be the time table of the Overland road. A representation of a steamship, outward bound through the Golden Gate, will be accompanied by the table of sailing dates of the ships of the Pacific Mail and Australian steam lines. Other placards will occupy the entire exterior of the building. The general design of the interior has been heretofore intimated. The rooms will be handsomely carpeted, furnished and decorated. Bradley and Rulofson are now preparing a series of sixty superb photographic views of California scenery, which will contribute to adorn the walls. These will be laid off in panels, upon which placards will be tastefully displayed. In all there will be several thousand superficial feet to be let out for placards on terms which will be announced in due season. Already a number of leading interests have bespoken the space needful for their announcements. Around the rooms will be arranged show-cases and other appliances needful for the display of samples of merchandise. The teas of China and Japan, coffees from Central America and the East Indies, blankets from California woolen mills, shot and lead pipe, spices and canned fruits, wines and brandies—in short, all the products of Californian industry will be accommodated, the space for a number of which has been already engaged. A cabinet of minerals, and preparations or samples of the agricultural and other productions of the coast, will constitute one of the more interesting features for strangers. In one aspect, the Exchange will be a perpetual Mechanics' and Agricultural Fair—embracing a wider range of interests and a greater variety of illustration than such an exhibition can command. The feature of a land office or land exchange will be presented in the forty-four county maps now in preparation, showing the private and public lands in each county, the railroads and water ways, and the rates of local taxation—things essential to be known by an intending settler. The operations of the Brokers' Board will be communicated by wire as they transpire. Eastern money and merchandise quotations will also be posted daily. The design is to bring San Francisco, California and the Pacific Coast to a focus at the Placard Exchange; to collect there an epitome of the various practical information now scattered at a dozen different centers. By the time it shall be in full operation, a man wanting to buy a farm, a pair of spectacles or India rubber boots, to hire a cook, sell a horse, or give away a foundling, will have only to make his application at the Placard Exchange in order to attain his end. It will be a point at which all interests can meet, and the buyers and sellers—whether of labor or things—can come together. Periodicals and papers will be on hand for reference or recreation. Admission will be free—first to parties having placards on view; second, by tickets to be distributed by them; and third, by tickets, which will be in supply at the first-class hotels for delivery to guests. The Exchange will become one of those features of the town which every stranger will repair at once to examine. Thus the privilege of admission will be preserved from abuse, while it will still be so free as to attain the end of presenting the placards to the view of all whom it can possibly be desirable to have see them.

—— The Mint sent the Refinery 19,351 ounces crude gold last month, valued at $352,147, and received in return 57,496 ounces fine gold, valued at $1,177,931, and 2,103 ounces fine silver, valued at $3,823. The operations between the Mint and Refinery for the year 1872 were as follows:

	Sent to Refinery. Ounces.	Sent to Refinery. Value.	Sent to Mint. Ounces.	Sent to Mint. Value.
Gold	452,890	$8,029,027	809,851	$16,661,310
Silver	65,358	110 129	131,046	177 085

In addition, the Refinery sold in the open market, 251,680 ounces fine gold, valued at $5,165,210, and 198,096 ounces standard gold, valued at $1,685,338. The total product of the Refinery, for the year, was 1,259,640 ounces gold, valued at $25,411,908.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Jan. 3d, 1872.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS	FRI'Y	NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	7	7¼	8
Alpha	—	—	42	Kentuck	155	160	—
Alps	2½	4	—	Kentucky	—	—	*4½
Amador Tunnel	—	—	*5	Knickerbocker	5½	6½	6½
American Flag	1	7	—	Lillian Hall	—	—	*½
Arizona & Utah	—	1½	1¼	Louise	—	—	—
Arkansas	—	—	*2	Mahogany	*8	—	*8
Baltimore Consolidated	2¼	2¼	—	Mammoth	—	—	*½
Belcher	89	88	89	Meadow Valley	—	18½	—
Belmont	5½	6¼	—	Minnesota	—	1½	—
Bellevue	1	1	—	Marron	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	—	—	8½	Newark	—	2½	—
Bowery	—	—	*1½	New York Consolidated	1½	—	1½
Buckeye	2¼	—	—	Noonday	—	—	*½
Caledonia	26½	26¼	26	Occidental	—	—	*1½
Cederberg	3¼	3½	—	Ophir	46	46½	47
Cederberg West	—	—	—	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	4½	4½	—
Central	—	—	2	Overman	66	65½	66½
Charter Oak	¼	—	—	Page & Panaca	—	2½	—
Chapman	—	¾	*¾	Pea Vine	—	—	*½
Chief of the Hill	—	2¼	—	Phoenix	2	2	—
Chief East Extension	—	—	—	Picton	—	—	*1½
Chollar	51	51	55	Pioche	10	10	—
Condor	—	—	*¾	Pioche West	—	—	*1½
Confidence	—	11	10½	P Phoenix	7	7	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	*3	Raymond & Ely	89	91	—
Consolidated Virginia	47	45	45	Rescue Consolidated	—	—	—
Cook & Geyer	—	—	*¾	Ruby Hill	—	—	*2
Crown Point	50	50	66	Savage	80½	80½	81
Central No. 2	—	—	—	Seg. Belcher	—	65	75
Daney	¾	¾	—	Silver Cord	—	—	—
Eclipse	19	—	10	Senator	—	—	*1
El Dorado	—	—	—	Sierra Nevada	12½	12½	13¾
Empress Eugenie	—	—	—	Silver Peak	—	1	—
Empire Mill	7¾	7¾	7½	Silver Hill	7	—	7½
Empire, Idaho	—	—	*1½	Silver Mountain	½	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	12½	13½	—	Silver Wave	—	—	*¼
Eureka, G. V.	—	—	*14	Spring Mountain	—	—	*1
Exchequer	16½	15	15	Standard	—	—	*2½
Globe	2½	2½	2½	Sterling	—	—	*½
Golden Chariot	—	3	—	Succor	—	3	2½
Gould & Curry	177½	177½	175	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	*1¾
Gila	—	—	*½	Tecumseh	—	—	*1½
Hale & Norcross	64½	65	64½	Trench	—	—	*14
Hermes	10	10	—	Union Consolidated	1½	—	—
Huhn & Hunt	—	—	*2¼	Utah	—	—	*2½
Home Ticket	—	¼	—	War Eagle	—	—	*1
Ida Elmore	—	—	*12½	Washington & Creole	—	—	*2
Imperial	6½	6½	6½	Washoe	—	—	*4
Independent	—	—	*½	Woodville	5¾	6	6
Ingomar	1½	—	—	Yellow Jacket	73½	74	74
Insurance	—	—	3	Yola Gravel	—	—	*1½
Ivanhoe	—	—	*¼	Yellow Stone	—	—	*5
Jackson	—	—	*½				
Jacob Little	—	—	*¼				
Julia	5¾	6	6				

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus * † Buyer 30.

Female Ornaments.

Ladies who would shudder or scream at the sight of a black beetle or humble bee can yet tolerate other insects on their person, and glory in a host of entomological spoils, in the shape of beetle earrings and necklets, and tiny insects attached to the artificial flowers they wear. Indeed, they are as savagely bedecked with the spoils of the animal kingdom as any aboriginal American belle, save that theirs are more richly set and strung, and involve more labor and outlay in the manufacture. A lady may almost be clothed and decorated from head to foot with products of the animal kingdom. The insect tribes will furnish her silk robes and hose, the gauzy tissues she wears are embroidered with dazzling beetle wings. She may indulge in necklets of beetles, and ear-rings and brooches of the same. Her coronal or tiara may be of the brilliant breasts and heads of the humming bird, or other costly nodding plumes. For submarine spoils she may indulge in elaborately carved coral, cameos, or other shell jewelry, with pearl rings for her dainty fingers. Her gloves and her shoes will be of kid. Her fan—of ivory, of tortoise-shell, of pearl, or of feather trimmings—may have much ornamentation from the hand of the carver or delicate flower painter. Her opera glass may be of ivory, of mother-of-pearl, or of tortoise-shell setting. Indeed, there is no limit to the obligation she will be under to the animal kingdom.—*Art Journal.*

—— The Sales at the San Francisco Stock Board for the four days ending on Monday evening amounted to $1,261,000. Pioche Phoenix was the most active, with sales of 3,000 shares, followed by 2,700 shares Belcher, 2,400 shares Yellow Jacket, 2,300 shares Empire Mill and 2,200 shares Eureka Consolidated and Meadow Valley. The sales in only six other kinds exceeded 1,000 shares each. There were no sessions of the Board on Tuesday or Wednesday. Business was again resumed on Thursday. Dealers are looking for lively times soon, though some parties do not anticipate much business until Spring. The batch of incorporations effected on the last three days of the year 1872 will result in the floating of a large quantity of new stock.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER 1872,
IS NOW READY FOR DELIVERY.
Containing a Splendid Photograph by Bradley & Rulofson of the Hon Charles Clayton with Biographical Memoir

The Special and Authorised Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 22. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, JAN. 11, 1873. No. 50.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 605 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—Silver Bars—1¼ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 89¾@89⅞. Mexican Dollars, 5@7c premium.

☞ Exchange on N. York, ¼ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 11 per cent. On London, Bankers 49; Commercial 49¼; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, Jan. 10, at 3 P. M., 112⅝. Latest price of Sterling, 109¾@109⅞.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. January 10, 1873

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	10¾	103¼	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	120	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	10¾	101	Oakland 10s	100	—
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	100¾	101	Spring Valley Water Co.	81	—
Legal Tender Notes	89⅝	89¾	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, '58	98	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	25	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co	50	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	81	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	90	—	Union Insurance Co	85	88
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	—	Pacific Bank	93	92½
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	92	The Bank of California	130	135
San Francisco Gas Company	63	—	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	110

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets

The Hawaiian Islands.

An immense amount of literary trash is being published in reference to the little kingdom of Hawaii. We are told Uncle Sam must by hook or by crook annex these attenuated specks on the earth's surface, which, isolated from us by twenty-one hundred miles of ocean, have long acknowledged the sway of the Kamehamehas. The truth is, we don't want them, they would be useless if we had them, and we cannot take them except by a violation of good faith. Of all the beautiful islands of the Pacific, they are the least valuable. Composed of volcanic lava, which has no covering of soil except in the valleys, they are for the most part barren. Lying away from the innumerable and fertile islands of the South Pacific, they do not occupy any commanding position. The only possible use of these islands is that the harbor of Honolulu may be a useful refuge to vessels in distress. Its use to us for that and other friendly purposes being guaranteed by a solemn treaty, in which we, equally with Great Britain and France, agree to recognize the independence of these Islands, nothing more remains to be desired. But there is milk in the Hawaiian cocoa-nut, as there is in most others. The truth is, there are a number of English and American planters whose sugars would, after annexation, be entitled to come here duty free. Annexation accomplished, their estates would immediately rise in value two or three hundred per cent. This may or may not be desirable. The determination of that question depends much upon one's personal interest. For ourselves, if we were a planter, we should quickly determine it in the affirmative. But not being one, we content ourselves by stating the case as it is. In reference to this matter, General Grant's head appears to be level, and his reported utterances are statesmanlike and in keeping with our treaty obligations.

Mercantile Library Association.

The gentlemen composing the Nominating Committee of this Association have completed their ticket. The officers elected are all good men, and the institution will not suffer under their management. Some of the Committee informed us that they had selected as many of the old Board as could be got, many of them declining renomination. Of the old Board renominated are the President, Mr. James Otis, who fills the position excellently; the Trustees, Messrs. Dawes, Lowoy and Bowie. Renominations were also tendered to Messrs. J. C. Wilmerding, George C. Bode, E. T. Hall, Jr., James Patache. There appears to be general regret among the prominent members, as well as the Nominating Committee, that Major Will. Harney, the Secretary, should have declined a renomination. All having an interest in the welfare of the Institution feel that it can ill spare the services of so useful and efficient an officer, one who has for so many years taken an active interest in its welfare, and who possesses such a perfect knowledge of all its workings. The position of Treasurer was tendered to Mr. M. M. Tompkins, of the Bank of California, but he is a resident of San Rafael, and therefore ineligible, as under the constitution all officers are required to be residents of the city. We recognize the names of W. R. Johnstone, William Norris, J. H. Redington as nominees on the new ticket, all worthy and highly respectable citizens, as, indeed, are all on the ticket. It should be supported.

—— The Directors of the Odd Fellows' Savings Bank have declared their semi-annual dividends at the rate of a little over 9½ per cent. per annum on permanent, and a trifle over 8 per cent. on short deposits, payable on the 20th instant. The exact figures are 9 63-100 and 8 3-100 per cent. respectively.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements communications, etc., for this paper.

Latest from the Merchants' Exchange.

New York, Jan. 10.—Gold opened at 113⅛; 11 A. M. at 112⅞; 3 P. M. at 112⅝. U. S. Bonds—Five-twenties of '62, 113¼, 1867, 115⅛. Sterling Exchange, 109¾@110⅛. Pacific Mail, 70⅝. Quicksilver Mining Company, 45. Wheat, 1 80@2 05. Pork, strong, 13½c. Cotton, 21¼. Hides, quiet, dry, 22@25⅝, salted, 12½c., steady. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 55. Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 75, dull; Whale, quiet, 62@70c; Winter Bleached, 70@74c, quiet. Wool—Spring, fine, 35@45c. Burry, 25@32c; Pulled, 50@60c. Fall Clips, 35@43c. Burry 25c. Barley, London, January 10.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 7d.@12s. 9d. Club, 13s.@13s. 9d. United States Bonds, 90⅞, ex Coupon. For money, 91⅞@91¼; for account, 92¼@92⅜.

—— The production of Wool in California in 1872 is estimated to have been 23,235,000 lbs., of which 21,919,500 lbs. was received here, including 13,551,000 lbs. spring and the remainder fall clip. The shipments direct from the interior amounted to 1,180,000 lbs., while the amount of pulled Wool manufactured was 1,150,000 lbs. In addition, there was received during the year 1,175,000 lbs. from Oregon, and 3,841,400 lbs. from foreign sources, chiefly from Australia, most of which was in transit for Boston. This gave us a total supply for the year of 28,072,300 lbs., exclusive of a stock of 750,000 lbs. on hand January 1, 1872. The shipments during the year amounted to 21,579,000 lbs., including about 2,000,000 lbs. Australian. The local factories took 2,575,000 lbs. The stock on hand on the 1st of January, 1873, was 2,000,600 lbs. California and 500,000 lbs. foreign. The value of the Wool exported from San Francisco in 1872 was $7,750,000, against $7,750,000 in 1871.

—— The following San Franciscans were recently registered in Paris: Louis and Mrs. L. Wormser, 6 Boul. Montmartre; General, Miss and Mrs. E. D. Keyes, Pension Royale; Mrs. Van Voorhies, 73 Boul. de Neuilly, H. Storrs Stone, Villa Embert; Dr. H. D. and Mrs. H. D. Coggswell, Hotel St. Romain; Edward Homes, Hotel St. James; C. W. Bonynge and family, Grand Hotel; Mrs. Very, 79 Boul. de Neuilly; Mrs. Hackpool, Hotel St. James, W. Baker & family, Hotel de Baviere; J. and Miss Zinetti, Hotel St. James; and at the Langham Hotel, London, A. Wassermann, J. W. Murphy, C. Reis and H. H. McIntyre.

—— At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the "San Joaquin and King's River Canal and Irrigation Company," the following officers were elected for the ensuing year, viz: Trustees—J. Mora Moss, President; John Bensley, Vice-President; I. Friedlander, Treasurer; W. S. Chapman, Chas. Webb Howard, Charles Lux, A. H. Rose. G. W. Holmes, re-elected Secretary; R. M. Brereton, Business Manager; M. L. Stangroom, re-elected General Superintendent of Works.

—— A line of steamships is advertised to leave New Orleans at an early date, touch at Belize, Honduras, and run all along the great coast of Mosquito, at Greytown, Nicaragua, and at Port Simon in Costa Rica. This will embrace the leading ports in the States forming the Republics of Central America.

—— A movement is on foot to procure the building of a ship canal across the peninsula of Florida. A committee of the Mobile Board of Trade estimates that it would make the annual saving to commerce from insurance premiums alone $2,878,733, and in freight as much more.

—— The Empire Mill and Mining Company have levied an assessment of 50c per share, amounting to $25,000, delinquent February 11th, and the Tecumseh Mining Company one of 20c per share, delinquent February 12th.

—— The Smithsonian Institute sends California 750,000 white-fish eggs this month; also a large number of shad eggs; also, to the San Francisco Academy of Sciences, over $10,000 worth of scientific publications.

—— The New York, Newfoundland, and London Telegraph cable has been transferred to British capitalists for $2,000,000. The transfer was effected on Thursday of last week.

—— The East India cotton crop is much larger this year than last. In four divisions reported the out-turn is 701,112, while last year it was only 534,579.

—— The Meadow Valley Mining Company have declared a monthly dividend of $1 per share, amounting to $60,000, payable on the 15th instant.

—— The steamer *Constantine* has been purchased by Goodall, Nelson & Perkins for $15,000, and will be put in the southern coast trade.

—— The Eastport Coos Bay Coal Company have declared their usual 1 per cent. monthly dividend, payable immediately.

—— The Giant Powder Company have declared their usual monthly dividend of 1½ per cent., payable on the 15th instant.

—— Five hundred shares of Columbus stock were sold January 8th and two hundred January 9th, at 1¼.

—— The San Francisco Gas Company will hold their annual meeting on the 20th instant.

—— The screw steamer *Pelican* is reported sold for $55,000.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 605 to 615 *Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.*

The Cuckoo.

[BY C. S. CALVERLEY.]

Forth I wandered, years ago,
When the summer sun was low,
All the forest all aglow
With his light:
'Twas a day of cloudless skies;
When the trout declines to rise,
And in vain the angler sighs
For a bite.

And the cuckoo piped away—
How I loved his simple lay,
O'er the cowslip-fields of May
As it floats!
May was over, and of course
He was just a little hoarse,
And appeared to me to force
Certain notes.

Since mid April, men averred,
People's pulses truly stirred
By the music of the bird,
Had upkept:
It was now the close of June:
I reflected that he'd soon
Sing entirely out of tune,
And I wept.

Looking up I marked a maid
Float in loon-like o'er the glade,
Casting evermore a staid
Glance around:
And I thrilled with sweet surprise
When she dropt, all virgin-wise,
First a courtesy, then her eyes
To the ground.

Others' eyes have p'raps to you
Seemed ethereally blue,
But you see you never knew
Kate Adair.
What a mien she had! Her hat
With what dignity it sat
On the mystery, or mat,
Of her hair!

We were neighbors. I had doff'd
Cap and hat to her so oft
That the latter had grown soft
In the brim:
I had gone out of my way
To bid e'en her sire good-day,
Though I wasn't, I may say,
Fond of him:—

And we'd met, in streets and shops,
But by mill or many copse
Where your speech abruptly stops
And you get
Incoherent ere you know it—
Where, though nothing of a poet,
You intuitively go it—
Never yet.

So my love had ne'er been told!
Till the day when forth I strolled
And the jolly cuckoo trolled
Out his song.
Naught had passed betwixt us two
Save a bashful 'How d'ye do'
And a blushing 'How do you
Get along!'

But that eve—how swift it passed!
Words that burned flew from me fast
For the first time and the last
In my life.
Low and lower drooped her chin,
As I murmured how I'd akin
Or behead myself to win
Such a wife.

There we stood. The squirrel leaped
Overhead: the throstle peeped
Thro' the leaves, a moonshine steeped,
Of the time.
There we stood alone: a third
Would have made the thing absurd:
And she scarcely spoke a word
All the time.

We've a little Kate—a dear!
She's attained her thirteenth year,
And declares she feels a queer
Sort of shock
Not unpleasant though at all—
When she hears a cuckoo call:
So I've purchased her a small
Cuckoo-clock.

John Brown, the Queen's Personal Attendant.

John Brown, holding the envied position of personal attendant to the Queen of England, is perhaps about as genuine a specimen of unsophisticated humanity as this fac ty world contains. Twenty four years ago he was taken from his father's house into the palace, a raw, country lad, to fill a humble situation in the Royal household, his credentials, an honest patronage and a pair of willing hands. As his antecedents will show, John Brown was born almost within the shadow of Balmoral, and probably he owes his sound physical constitution to his hardy upbringing. His father, a small farmer with a numerous family, gave him what education he could afford; but John set out early in life to seek his fortune. Not far from home he got employment, and gave such satisfaction that, when he desired to make a change, his master gave him a handsome present in addition to his wages, and parted with him with extreme reluctance.

Shortly after this, circumstances called him home. But he only returned a day or two when he was offered a situation at Balmoral Castle, and from that period up to now he has been in the Queen's service. Fourteen years he served at Balmoral in a humble capacity, and the late Prince Consort, with whom the young gillie had occasion to come frequently into contact, discovered a sterling nature hidden under a modest reserve, and with abundant opportunity for testing his principles the Prince's favorable opinion strengthened as time rolled on, a though tangible evidence of Royal favor was withheld for a time. There can be no doubt the Prince Consort's appreciation of his worth has induced her Majesty to promote John Brown to the post he now occupies. But be that as it may, John is admirably fitted for the position he occupies. He is a man of individuality. You have but to look at him to see that. In hight he is what might be termed medium size, but his powerful, well-knit frame is splendidly developed, and shows to great advantage in the costume he wears (full Highland dress). There is much character in the broad, massive brow, the keen, shrewd eyes, the firm, resolute, kindly mouth. You instinctively feel, in looking at him, that, had he been educated up to his abilities, he would have been a man of mark. The meager advantages afforded in his youth for mental culture have, however, been richly supplemented by mother Nature. His address is not polished, but there is a singular attractiveness in his open, frank, manly manners. His homely speech suits him best, he will tell you laughingly, and thereto he shows his good sense. Passing over minor details, there can be no question of his fitness for the situation he holds. For instance, at Balmoral he is invaluable as a reliable guide and trusty guardian. His intimate knowledge of the country, in all its aspects, and the people is of great importance; and his quick perception and presence of mind render him a safe pioneer. On more than one occasion he has brought his Royal mistress out of peril. I shall give a solitary instance. The Queen, accompanied by two of her daughters, was returning to Balmoral from a visit to Glassalt, when suddenly the horses started aside from a new road they were unaccustomed to. It was an awkward spot for an accident, but John Brown realizing the danger at a glance vociferated "Pull up" so vigorously to the coachman that serious consequences were averted. As it was the carriage was overturned, and the Royal party were thrown out. At a little distance the coachman lay insensible. The outrider was on before, and only John Brown remained to do duty for all. Under the trying circumstances many men would have lost their head, but with amazing coolness he whipped out his clasped knife, and quietly cut the traces to free the struggling animals, and bore the occupants of the carriage to a place of safety. It is alleged that only for a moment he was perplexed, when his lamp went out, and an emphatic exclamation escaped his lips which the Royal ears that heard it construed into an ejaculatory prayer. The outrider chanced to look round as he galloped along, and seeing no lamps, he rode back to ascertain what was wrong; but the danger was past. It is well known that this ready tact has smoothed the Queen's way into the humble Highland home she has honored with her presence, and the people are gratefully alive to the obligation they are under to John Brown for the footing they are on with her Majesty. As one remarked, none could have been found so well adapted to bring the Queen and her lowly Highland neighbors together. "You see he is one of ourselves, and his familiar face beside her Majesty puts heart into us."—*Gossip.*

—— The Government of Jamaica, some few months ago, sent specimens of chinchona, jalap, and senna, grown in the island, to London, for examination and analysis. The chinchona was sent to Mr Howard, of Stratford, while the Apothecaries' Company were the recipients of the senna and jalap. We have just received a Jamaica newspaper of October 14th, in which the opinions of Mr. Howard and the Apothecaries' Company on the quality of the drugs sent them are published. The report is very encouraging to the producers, and shows that Jamaica may yet be a great field for the cultivation of these important articles of our materia medica.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

REDEMPTION OF SAN FRANCISCO BONDS.

Holders of Bonds of the City and County of San Francisco of the issues named below are hereby notified that the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of said bonds will receive sealed proposals for the surrender of any portion thereof at the office of the City and County Treasurer, City Hall, San Francisco, until 12 o'clock noon of WEDNESDAY, JANUARY [illegible], 1873. The amounts to be applied to the redemption of Bonds are about as follows, to wit:

Six per cent. Bonds, issue of 1855	$[illegible]
Six per cent. Bonds, issue of 1858	[illegible]
Seven per cent. Bonds, issue of 1862	[illegible]
Seven per cent. Bonds, issue of 1864	[illegible]
S. F. and S. J. R. R. Bonds, seven per cent	[illegible]
School Bonds of 1866, seven per cent.	[illegible]
School Bonds of 1870, seven per cent.	[illegible]
School Bonds of 1872, seven per cent	[illegible]
Hospital Bonds of 1871, six per cent.	[illegible]
Total	$[illegible] 00

Bidders will state at what rate they will surrender their Bonds, for payment in United States gold coin, less coupons due.

Each proposal must be accompanied by a deposit of ten per cent. of the bonds offered, or their equivalent in gold coin, or certified checks, and should the bonds tendered be not presented within FIVE days after the award, the next lowest bid will be accepted, and the deposit of such delinquent bidder declared forfeited.

No proposal above par will be entertained, and the Commissioners reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Bids must be indorsed, "Proposals for surrender of Bonds, issue of ——."

By order of the Commissioners. J. A. BAUER, Treasurer.

City and County Treasury, San Francisco, Oct. 11, 1872. Nov. 16.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $150,000. OFFICERS:—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary; H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS.—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Grogan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, B. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Loewenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager; W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager; I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, S. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, S. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager; S. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, S. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager; A. F. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security! DIRECTORS.—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. F. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, J. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—J. Lunt, [illegible]. Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan. GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President. CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 423 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital: $300,000. DIRECTORS: W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Michael Skelly, M. P. Jones, Felden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, F. S. Wensinger, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Gee, Peter Dean, John H. Wise, Chas. S. Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, Charles Main, Donald McLennan, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley. Sacramento: H. C. Kirk, H. S. Crocker, D. W. Welty, S. D. Thayer, J. H. Sullivan, F. S. Freeman. C. W. KELLOGG, President. H. G. HORNER, Secretary. July 2.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Non-forfeiture Law.

WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,

April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

The Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, of San Francisco, California. Organized April 25, 1863. Capital, $500,000, fully paid in gold coin. Fire, Marine, Harbor and Inland Transit Risks, on terms as favorable as any other reliable first-class company. Greatest amount taken on one risk, $50,000. Portions of risks considered too large will be re-insured in responsible companies. Losses promptly paid in United States gold coin. D. J. Staples, President; G. T. Lawton, Vice-President; Charles R. Bond, Secretary.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,[illegible], and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.

GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.

WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,180,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

W. L. BOOKER, Agent,

[Jan. 12.] No. 318 California street, San Francisco.

☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1720.)

Cash Assets $13,000,000.

☞ Fire Risks at current rates. [Nov. 16.] CROSS & CO., Agents.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 305 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 14.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.

FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,

Feb 5. No. 430 California street.

THE STATE INVESTMENT AND INSURANCE COMPANY.

Fire and Marine.—No. 409 California street, opposite Bank of California.

TYLER CURTIS, President.

PETER DONAHUE, Vice-President. Jan. 20.

NORTH CHINA INSURANCE CO.

Cash Assets, $1,500,000. Marine Policies issued by the undersigned Agents. [Nov. 9.] CROSS & CO.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING AT CHANGES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS [illegible] THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turnbull, Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanaz Roth & Fils, Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Lorsen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co., A. Wilard, Esq. James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—La Terroth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnd Freres et Cie, Wanner, Langer & Co; C. Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co, Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—[illegible] of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co; Rothschilds; Bank of London; Baring, Bros & Co, Delisy, Davies & Co, F. K. Austin, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co. Heth, Gruning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Unias Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Roun de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; G. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

—— The ruins of several large cities, evidently constructed by a race of men of wealth and civilization, have been discovered in the Republic of Transvaal, on the east coast of South Africa. One of these cities, on a farm near Bloemhof, on the banks of the Vaal river, is to be thoroughly explored, and the results of the excavations already made excite much interest among archæologists. The ruins of another buried city, now being explored by Herr Mauch, cover an area of at least two square miles. The walls were thirty feet high and eighteen feet thick, built of blocks of hewn stone, laid in cement now as hard and durable as the stone itself. Within the walls were found iron water-pots and vases with ornamental handles. In the Republic of Transvaal, which is rich in minerals, are many abandoned mines, which were evidently worked in former years. One hundred and sixty pits were found near the Limpopo river by Mr. Guzman, who was prospecting for a railroad from Pretoria to Delagoa Bay. He stated that the pits were rich in minerals, and exhibited at the diamond fields specimens of copper, tin, silver, bismuth, cobalt, nickel and quicksilver. Some alluvial and quartz gold has been found in different places in Transvaal, but reports differ as to the richness of these deposits. The inhabitants of Sofala, a port parallel with the largest of the buried cities, claim to have certain documents which prove the ruined town to be the ancient Ophir, "and identify it with the Queen of Sheba," but as these documents have not yet been produced, their assertions are doubted.

—— The organization of an Italo-American steamship company is likely to have the effect of reviving American shipbuilding. In the early part of the present year a number of wealthy Italians conceived the project of establishing a line of steamers between Italy and this country, and succeeded in obtaining a charter from the Italian Parliament for the purpose of carrying out their design. Accordingly, contracts for the construction of vessels were invited, and tenders were offered from well known English, Scotch, French, and American builders. After some deliberation, the company resolved to enter into a contract with Mr. John Roach, of the Chester (Del.) shipyard, for the construction of a number of iron ships. Whether it was from a desire to advance the shipbuilding trade in this country that the Italian company accepted the tender of the American builder is not known, but it is noticeable that the American tender is considerably in excess of those offered by the European builders. The route of the new company will be from Naples to Leghorn and Genoa, thence to Lisbon, and from Lisbon to New York. The capital stock of the company is 100,000,000 lire, or $20,000,000, divided into 100,000 shares.

—— While there is a growing feeling in England against the postal-card as a possible and actual vehicle of slander and implement of black-mail, the menaced "institution" has at least one staunch friend on this side of the water. His name is Col. T. W. Higginson, and he writes: "A very little use of the cards will prove to any one that their merit does not lie in their cheapness alone, but in their compactness and convenience. In two-thirds of the letters which a busy man writes, the mere writing costs less time than the process of bringing together his paper, envelope and stamp, then folding, enveloping and stamping. All this is saved by the postal-card. You carry in your pocket all of your letter except the words, and a few moments at anybody's desk will add those. To a traveler, or to a man whose business keeps him in the streets, the convenience is enormous; and, if the postal-cards cost more than the ordinary rate of postage, they would still be worth having."

—— The following table of the comparative value of California coals determined by a series of careful experiments made by the United States Government at Mare Island should be carefully studied and understood. The experiments were made with reference to determining the amount of the several kinds of coal which would be required for a calorific equivalent to a cord of the best oak wood obtained in this market. The result was as follows: Nanaimo, Vancouver Island, B. C., 1,800 lbs.; Bellingham Bay, Washington Territory, 2,200 lbs.; Seattle, Washington Territory, 2,400 lbs.; Rocky Mountain, Utah, 2,500 lbs.; Mt. Diablo, California, 2,600 lbs.; Coos Bay, Oregon, 2,600 lbs.

—— London has now got a free city library, which is likely to become a very fine thing. Before the fire of 1666, there was an institution of this kind, containing many precious volumes; but, after its destruction, no steps were taken to revive it until 1824. Since that year, additions, which slowly came, were stowed away in a gloomy room, of bad approach, in the Guildhall; but, now the corporation have taken the matter in hand, a splendid apartment has been provided, and it turns out that the collection is, in one respect, pre-eminently what it should be, viz., richer in topographical works relating to London than even the British Museum itself.

—— A recent calculation relative to the principal European languages shows that English is spoken by 90,000,000 of persons, inhabiting Great Britain and Ireland, North America, the Bermudas, Jamaica, Cape of Good Hope, Australia, Van Dieman's Land, Newfoundland, and the East Indies; German by 55,000,000, in their own country, Switzerland, Austria, Hungary, Russia, North and South America, La Plata, Australia, and the East Indies; Spanish by 55,000,000, in Spain, Cuba, Mexico, the Republics of South America, Manila, etc.; and French by 45,000,000, in France, Belgium, Switzerland, Canada, Cayenne, and North America.

—— "The American scandal case," as it was called in London, being a breach of promise suit brought by a pretty book-keeper, Miss Elizabeth Dredge, against Clinton Winans of Baltimore, one of the proprietors of the "Cigar" steamers, has been settled. Miss Dredge alleged that Winans became engaged to her, and after some time induced her to become his mistress, and that a son was born to them, but, instead of fulfilling his promise, he married another woman. She laid her damages at $50,000, but the case was compromised by the defendants paying $7,500.

—— The death rate of New York for the past week was twenty-eight per one thousand per annum, while that of London for the last week of November was only nineteen per thousand, of Paris, twenty-three per thousand, of Berlin, twenty-five per thousand, and of Brussels, twenty-one per thousand. To find a favorable comparison with the death rate of New York we must go to Vienna and Rome, where, for the last week but one of November, the death rate was thirty-six per one thousand.

—— It is said the Peruvian Government has under consideration, with every prospect of approval, a proposition to throw open to any one, native or foreigner, the right to work the mines they may discover within its territory, with a greater extent of land than was allowed by the old Spanish mining laws. The working of coal is to be particularly favored by certain additional privileges, while the State will buy the coal of such mines in preference, at the current market prices.

—— Great rejoicings are taking place in Dresden to celebrate the "golden wedding," or fiftieth anniversary of the marriage of the King and Queen of Saxony. Many distinguished persons, including the Emperor and Empress of Germany, are the guests of their Majesties.

—— Vienna is to have a magnificent marine aquarium for the grand International exposition to be opened there in May next. It will contain two hundred thousand gallons of sea-water, to be brought on a fast train in twenty hours journey from Trieste to the Austrian capital.

—— Important discoveries of diamonds have been made at Oberon, in New South Wales; opals are now numbered among the mineral products of Western Queensland, but more important than either is the announcement of large finds of iron ore in Tasmania.

—— A demonstration was made on the 20th inst., in Paris, by 3,000 students in favor of Prof. Robin, a distinguished member of the Institute, who was struck from the jury list in consequence of his disbelief in the existence of a God.

—— Alas for the honesty of the Parisians! No fewer than 61 cups have been stolen from the various drinking-fountains erected by Sir Richard Wallace.

—— Upwards of $285,000,000 has been added to the national wealth of this country during the past year through immigration.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

SAN FRANCISCO POST OFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE A. M.	CLOSE P. M.	ARRIVE A. M.	ARRIVE P. M.
Alameda		3 [illegible]		1 00
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co.'s steamers)		3 [illegible]		9 00
Cloverdale and Coast Points		1 00	[illegible]	
Eureka		1 [illegible]	11 15	
Marysville and Sacramento	6 [illegible]	3 [illegible]	3 [illegible]	9 00
Napa Route via Vallejo		3 00	12 [illegible]	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 [illegible]			9 00
Oakland	6 [illegible]	3 00		3 00 / 9 00
Overland	6 30			5 00
Petaluma and Coast Points		1 15		12 00
San Rafael	9 [illegible]		9 00	
San Jose	5 00	4 15	9 [illegible]	6 00
Southern California and Arizona	[illegible]			6 [illegible]
Stockton and Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3 40	5.[illegible]	9 00
Vallejo and Benicia	[illegible]	3 40	12.40	9.00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		3.40	......	3.40
Great Britain Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays		9 00		

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6.30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER CITY INDEX AND PURCHASER'S GUIDE.

This is the handsomest and most useful work ever published in this city. It contains a full and complete list of city, county, state and government Officials, and other important information of a like character. AN INSURANCE DEPARTMENT specifying the companies entirely reliable for the Safest and Speediest Recovery of Losses by Fire, Marine Disasters and Lapse of Life, is a special feature. THE PURCHASER'S GUIDE.—A most valuable and unique department of the work contains the names of the principal Capitalists, Merchants, Professional Men, Business Women, Manufacturers, Storekeepers and Traders in every branch, with their places of business. In this particular Department the reader can see, at a glance, where to Find the Best and Cheapest Articles required for Domestic Use and Household Purposes, such as Groceries, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Millinery Goods, Furniture, Hardware, Crockery, etc. If you want a Love of a Bonnet, a choice Leg of Mutton, a first-class Lawyer, an eminent Physician, Agricultural Implements, Mining Machinery, or anything else among our ten thousand daily wants, you can find where to get them by easy reference to the PURCHASER'S GUIDE. This Matchless Business Pocket-Book is only 2¼ by 4 inches, containing 200 pages. It is picturesquely covered, etc. Price, 10 cents per copy; $60 per Thousand. Sept. 28.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Venvo Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.

March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S.F.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.

BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.

Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as to any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,

Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

Dec. 9.]	NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento.	J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

G. W. CHESLEY & CO.,

G. W. CHESLEY.] [J. S. JONES.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Fine Wines and Liquors. Sole Proprietors of CONDURANGO BITTERS. 414 Front street, San Francisco. 51 Front street, Sacramento. August 17.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchange as above with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

REDUCTION IN GAS.

Office of the San Francisco Gas Company, March 15, 1872.—Notice is hereby given that on and after this date, the price of Gas will be reduced from Four Dollars and Seventy-five Cents ($4 75) to Three Dollars and Fifty Cents ($3 50), per Thousand Cubic Feet. [March 23.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

FOLEY & FLORANCE,

North Beach Livery Stable, Powell Street, below Filbert, San Francisco. Carriages to Let. Horses taken on Livery. All orders left at the stable promptly attended to, day or night. Clarences 63, 90, 119 stand on California street, opposite 432. All orders left there will meet immediate attention. Nov. 30.

A. ROMAN & CO.,

ANTON ROMAN.] [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

SOME THINK THAT PROTRUDING TOES

Look better than a Silver Tipped Shoe or Boot. Take your choice. Nov. 23.

Parva Domus—Magna Quies.

A narrow home, but very still it seemeth.
  A silent home, no stir of tumult here.
Who wins that pillow of no sorrow dreameth,
  No whirlwind echoes jar his sealed ear;
The tired hand lies very calm and quiet,
  The weary feet no more hard paths will tread,
The great world may revolve in clash and riot,
  To its loud summons leaps nor heart nor head.

The violets bloom above the tranquil sleeper,
  The morning dews fall gently on the grass,
Amid the daisies kneels the lonely weeper;
  He knows not when her lingering footsteps pass.
The autumn winds sigh softly o'er his slumber,
  The winter piles the snow-drifts o'er his rest;
He does not care the flying years to number,
  The narrow home contents its silent guest.

No baffled hope can haunt, no doubt perplexes,
  No parted love the deep repose can chafe,
No petty care can irk, no trouble vexes,
  From misconstruction his hushed heart is safe,
Freed from the weariness of worldly fretting.
  From pain and failure, bootless toil and strife,
From the dull wretchedness of vain regretting
  He lies, whose course has passed away from life.
—*All the Year Round.*

[From the Australian Edition of the News Letter]

Steam Communication with Australia.—An Important Announcement.

For some time past rumors have been in existence of the formation of a new organization to run a steam line to Australia. It affords us satisfaction to be able, by authority, to inform our Colonial readers of the exact state of the facts. It is true that a new organization has been formed, embracing certain English steamship and American railroad interests, and proposals emanating from it have been despatched to the Government at Sydney. The names of the gentlemen attached to those proposals is a sufficient guarantee for the success of the enterprize. Than the names of General A. E. Burnside, of New York, and of Thomas A. Scott, of the Pennsylvania Central, Union Pacific, and Southern Pacific Railroads, there are none that stand higher in this country. With a splendid life-long record, General Burnside has a reputation beyond America, and is known to be the chosen representative here of several millions of British capital invested in our railroads. Thomas A. Scott is probably the wealthiest railroad proprietor in this country, controlling, as he does, five thousand miles of road—two thousand miles of which are part of our through line to the East. Our Pacific Railroad men have always looked upon the establishment of an effective steam line to Australia as a desirable thing, as it would become an important feeder to their roads. The failure of others taught them that to ensure success the railroads must themselves take an active interest in the enterprise, high class steamers must be secured, and a union of the British and American interests concerned must be effected. All this has been accomplished, and the Government of New South Wales has before it the result in the shape of proposals for a twelve-knot service, the contractors being responsible for the mails the whole way between England and the Colonies. Though it is difficult to see how any line at all is possible without the co-operation of the railroads, no advantage is being taken of their position to obtain a high subsidy. On the contrary, we understand that a very moderate amount is asked, the principal profit being expected from the increased traffic that will in time accrue to the roads. We look upon this announcement as being calculated at an early date to settle the whole question of our steam communication with Australia, New Zealand and the Isles of the Pacific. So soon as the necessary negotiations are completed, it is certain that we shall have a line commensurate with the requirements of commerce, and one that will develop the advantages of our splendid Pacific route.

The Secret of True Conjugal Happiness.

A cynic once observed that most women spend their lives, first in trying to get a husband and then in trying to get rid of him. Even the persons who advertise for situations as housekeepers, and describe themselves as "thoroughly domesticated"—as if the rest of human kind were but half-tamed beasts—would hardly wish to find their husbands "thoroughly domesticated," and desirous of stopping always by the fireside. Never yet, we are thoroughly persuaded, has there been a master of a household so tenderly beloved but that his temporary absence is occasionally felt as a relief by his adoring wife and daughters. And in not a few cases, especially in that of the fussy husband, when the said absence is to be prolonged for a few days, do we not invariably, on paying a chance visit, perceive a special lightness of heart revealed by the whole feminine community? First, the servant who opens the door and displays a vista of stair-carpets up—mops, brooms and tubs in the back-ground—grins delightedly in our face; and then Materfamilias runs out and tells us, with a smile, "Oh! Mr. Jones will be so sorry to miss you. He has gone to the Brighton for two days, and so the girls and I intend having an early tea, with muffins, and going to the play." Even when there is no "play" in question, that English female Saturnalia, or Festival of the Bona Dea, with muffins and buttered toast, instead of meat and wine, seems by some occult law, to be invariably celebrated whenever the Paterfamilias goes from home, and a certain general loosening of the reins of kitchen and nursery discipline accompanies the innocent refection. Of course if "Papa" is going away for a twelvemonth to the Antipodes it is quite another story, even though he be fussy. Then there are tears and wailing and dispirited looks all over the household, instead of the mops and the muffins. But, undoubtedly, the secret of true conjugal happiness—and as it may sound to say it—is for Edwin to leave his Angelina to herself for some hours every day in every year. "Absence makes the heart grow fonder," and also makes it tenfold more easy to keep a bright hearth and a bright face ready for the evening's reunion with a fresh accumulation of kindly feelings on both sides. The simple fact is, that when the human beings, even two sisters or two brothers, live incessantly together, they must either rub against each other, as we have said, like grater and nutmeg, or else draw mental life off from one another till one or both are exhausted, like vampire and victim.—*Echo.*

—— The New York *Jewish Chronicle* recommends Mr. Bennett of the New York *Herald* to send Mr. Stanley in search of the ten lost tribes of Israel! Suppose the following scene: Mr. Bennett in bed at 4 A. M.—"Mr. Stanley, have the ten tribes ever been found?" Mr. Stanley, in room adjoining, also in bed—"No, sir, not to my knowledge." Mr. Bennett—"Can they be found?" Mr. Stanley—"I should judge so." Mr. Bennett—"Will you find them?" Mr. Stanley—"I will, sir." Mr. Bennett—"Start immediately; draw on me for as large a sum as you like, and don't come back until you have found all the ten tribes, whom you must send to America as speedily as possible." And Mr. Stanley takes the first boat for—anywhere, and depend upon it the news will soon be flashed along the line—"Glory! I have just found Tribe Number One! The Reubenites are well, and send congratulations."

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,

314 California Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE

ST. PAUL F. & M. INSURANCE COMPANY,
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

GIRARD F. & M. INSURANCE COMPANY,
PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

NORTH MISSOURI INSURANCE COMPANY,
MACON, MISSOURI.

AMAZON INSURANCE COMPANY,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY,
COLUMBUS, OHIO.

TRIUMPH INSURANCE COMPANY,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF U. S. A., OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

CAPITAL REPRESENTED,
THREE MILLION SEVEN HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS!
AGGREGATE ASSETS - - - - - $6,700,000

Policies Issued on Desirable Property at Fair Rates.
Losses Equitably Adjusted and Promptly Paid.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
General Agents,
Oct. 19.] 314 California Street, San Francisco.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, Rod, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Laps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability and the new and highly ornamental style of body mouldings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods and run without the squeak and rattle of iron and steel bound buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stages, concord stage wagons, farm wagons, trucks, drays, freight wagons, army wagons and slaughter-house carts, hand carts, and also street rail road cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order in all its branches and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 30.

LOS ANGELES, BY THE NEW ALL RAIL AND STAGE LINE.

July—Time Schedule—1872. Tri-Weekly, via Southern Pacific Railroad leaving San Francisco via C. P. R. R. MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, via Oakland Ferry, at 8:00 A. M., passing Lathrop at [illegible] connecting at TIPTON (terminus S. P. R. R.) [illegible] miles from San Francisco with the TELEGRAPH STAGE LINE leaving at [illegible] A. M. TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SUNDAYS, arriving at Los Angeles next day about [illegible] P. M. PALACE SLEEPING COACHES will be run regularly on Trains between San Francisco (Oakland) and Terminus S. P. R. R. in Tulare Valley. Through Tickets and Sleeping Car Accommodations secured only at 2 NEW MONTGOMERY STREET, San Francisco. A. N. TOWNE,
General Superintendent Southern and Central Pacific Railroad.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent S. P. R. R.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent C. P. R. R.
August 3. W. G. ROBERTS, Agent Telegraph Stage Line, S. F.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc. Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts. Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc. Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on this Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17.]

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The Staunch and Favorite Steamship "Newbern," A. S. McDonough, Master, will sail on her next regular trip on [illegible] at 12 o'clock M., from Front street wharf, connecting at the mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona, the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through Bills of Lading will be furnished, and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
August 3. 210 Front street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

E. C. NEWHOFF. C. D. DUNN. M. D. CARR.

Mercantile Printing House, N.E. corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets. CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF, Practical Book and Job Printers, desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now prepared to do every description of printing in the very best style of the art. Our presses and types are all new, and of the very latest styles. Give us a call. The third floor of the building in which our office is in will be rented for composition rooms, to good tenants, on very reasonable terms. Apply to CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF. [May 11.]

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 27.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS AND RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alianca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Steiglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Landa, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co, S. H. Stamulz & Co, "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co, Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

Heather.

On the top of an Irish mountain
  The wind has plenty to say,
The wild mists run, to catch the sun,
  Who hides in a fright away.
Green and soft is the moss aloft,
  Though nobody saw its birth,
And hurrah for the mountain heather,
  The sweetest thing upon earth!

O soft is the sky that's above me,
  O soft is the ground below,
Again and again falls the summer rain,
  And also the winter snow!
My foot has found no steadfast ground,
  And never a resting-place,
But hurrah, for the saucy heather
  Looks up and laughs in my face.

Do you hear a delicate humming,
  So busy and yet so gay?
Look and see the sweet wild bee
  Fly forth on his upward way;
Long the time I take to climb,
  For want of his shining wing;
But the beautiful mountain heather
  Is made for the wild-bee king!

O what were the world without mountains,
  That glory God has given! [Islas—
Grand and fair they pierce the air,
  And stand up close to heaven!
How could they be glad and gay,
  Nor awe with a rugged frown,
If the sweet little honey-heather
  Was not their innocent crown?

Polite Insolence.

Polite insolence is an art which is very extensively cultivated in this enlightened nineteenth century. That it is cultivated to some purpose is evinced by the delightfully grateful manner in which every little Jack-in-office can insult those whom he has no desire to propitiate. There are very few people living who have not, at some period of their existences, been wounded to the quick by one who has brought the art to a high state of perfection. They must have chafed at the studied impertinences to which they have been subjected—impertinences all the more difficult to bear because, being covered by a flimsy veil of mock-civility, effective retaliation is rendered all but impossible. It is not what is said—though frequently what is said is disagreeable enough—so much as the manner in which things are enunciated. The adept in the first place implies that you are too mean and paltry for him to have close intercourse with; and, in the second, that you are guilty of impertinence in approaching him at all. Therefore, if he condescends to hold any communication with you he adopts a supercilious tone, a satirical smile, and completely ignores the major portion of what you say. In addition, he suddenly brings you up short, and summarily ends the interview. For the rest, without actually saying so, he informs you that you are a fool, a "cad," or something equally degraded. He evades every question you may ask him, and declines to afford you the information required. When you draw nigh to him it is his sweet will to keep you waiting until you are thoroughly tired out, and then, perhaps, to walk off as if he were ignorant of your existence. He is equally audacious when himself merely a "go-between." He eyes you complacently as you kick the toes of your boots out at long delay; then, when he has sufficiently asserted his dignity in this respect, he asks you who you are and what is your business, in a manner which evinces that he deems you some poor devil who has come on something little better than a begging mission; and, lastly, having thoroughly scrutinized you, he remarks, with an air of indifference, that he does not think there is any use in your waiting, for the big-wig is out, engaged, or too transcendent a mortal to trouble himself with your petty concerns. As you depart, thoroughly vexed, and longing for an opportunity of revenge, he warms his coat-tails before the fire, feeling that he has successfully vindicated his claim to be considered a master of the art of polite insolence.

There has been a material increase in the adepts of this art during the last ten or fifteen years. A middle-aged man, who contrasts society as it now is with what it was in his younger days, cannot fail to be struck with the alteration for the worst which has taken place. It would appear that, as the middle class grow wealthy, they become less like true men, and that their aspirations increase at a greater rate than even do their riches. It is from this middle class that the devotees of the art of polite insolence mainly spring. Well educated, possessing plenty of money, there are those who yet look down upon middle-class people from heights of superiority. Thus, the latter are led to ape a splendor which they cannot attain, and slight those who are beneath, and those who are really on terms of equality with them. Thus it is that there are more mistrust, jealousy and suppressed hate entertained by middle-class people, one for the other, than can be found amongst any of the other sections of the community; and thus it is that the middle class is regarded with dislike both by those above and below them. To put the matter plainly, cultured snobbery and hollow pretentiousness are the bane of the middle-class, and, until matters are remedied, that class can never command the respect which its talents and intrinsic merits deserve, and can never be that compact and united body which it ought.—*Liberal Review.*

Royal Life at Balmoral.

NUMBER II.

The Queen is familiar in almost every hut, and perhaps the refining influence of Royalty has had something to do with the polish that is infused into the manners of the cottars. No tale of distress ever reaches her ears in vain. She mingles her tears with the mourners and leaves not to others the task of comforting the afflicted. As an incident of her prompt sympathy with suffering, I may relate the following fact. In a little hut hidden from Balmoral a young man lay dying of consumption. He had a wife and several children, and the family were in great poverty. It came to the ears of one of the officers at the palace that the dying man had been a soldier in the Queen's Guards, and her majesty was informed of the circumstance. The soldier's hut was in an out-of-the-way place and never had been visited by the Queen, and as soon as the facts of the case were made known to her, she went to see the invalid. The dying man was able to creep about at that time, and he happened to be absent on a little matter of business, but the Queen left a message that she would see him the following day, and she visited him until he died, supplying him with every comfort from the Palace. Wherever death has entered, the Queen has left the impress of her step in tangible form—here an easy chair, there a comfortable couch, books, or anything that was needful for the comfort of the sufferer. The poor are the Queen's peculiar care. She has nearly a hundred pensioners, who are supplied with weekly rations at the palace. Each person is presented with a ticket, and has an appointed day.

AN "AULD WIFE" AND "HER COO."

Some original characters are amongst them. Trudging homewards with her basket and pitcher, a rosy old dame overtook me one day.

"How far have you to go?" I asked.

"Five miles and a bittock," was the answer, as the old lady stopped to change her heavy basket on her other arm.

"That is eleven miles you have to walk for your portion."

"Oo, aye, but I wad hae a langer gate to travel to Abergeldie."

"Are you alone?" "Deed am I; me and the coo."

"Have you no friends?" "Jist the coo. My son was drooned; he was a' I had." The cheerie old face saddened for a moment, and a mist came into the twinkling blue eyes. "Has the Queen been to see you?"

"Na, my hoosie is far oot o' the way, and the coo would be in the road tae."

"Does the cow live in the house?"

"Ay, and she wad be missing me," added the venerable dame, taking up her basket and marching off.

On her Majesty's birthday the pensioners receive each one pound of tea and two pounds of sugar, and a piece of "plaidin'" at a gown length. On the morning of the Queen's birthday the choir of Crathie Kirk sing in front of the palace windows, her Majesty making a selection from the programme. "Ca' the Ewes to the Knowes," was one of the songs specially marked out by her; "The Hundred Pipers" is another Royal favorite. The last verse, however, is discreetly omitted by the Queen's minstrels. On Prince Albert's birthday also her Majesty distributes presents amongst the old servants and others, and the poor are remembered at the New Year from the abundance of Balmoral. The little Post-office is adorned with some beautiful photographs of her Majesty and the Royal family. Royal gifts of course.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business on or about February 15th.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL AND WORK FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL BUILDING

OFFICE OF BOARD OF CITY HALL COMMISSIONERS, San Francisco, Nov. 26, 1872.

Sealed proposals for furnishing certain material for a portion of the New City Hall Building and Hall of Records and for the construction thereof, will be received at the office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, corner of McAllister and Leavenworth streets, until 12 o'clock M. of FRIDAY, the 27th day of December, A. D. 1872, except for Iron Work, for which proposals will be received until 12 o'clock M. of FRIDAY, the 3 Friday of January, A. D. 1873, viz: 1,000 M. Brick; 5,000 Barrels Lime; 5,000 Barrels Cement; Stone for Facing of Basement Story and the [illegible] the same in the Walls, etc.; Rolled Iron Joists, Iron Girders and [illegible] Iron-work; Building brick in the Walls, etc., including Bonding, Anchors, etc.; Building brick facing of Basement Story; Furnishing, Setting and Laying Iron Joists and Girders, all according to the printed specifications, schedule, etc., and plans and drawings, at the office of the Board. Each bidder for brick will state what quantity he will furnish within one year, and at what times he will deliver them. Samples must accompany each bid.
P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE,
Nov. 30. Board of City Hall Commissioners.

NOTICE OF POSTPONEMENT.

The time for receiving bids advertised to be received December 27, 1872, is hereby extended to JANUARY 10, 1873, except for Cement, which is extended to JANUARY 31, 1873.
P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE,
Dec. 28. Board of City Hall Commissioners.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. Directors—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO

Capital $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 29.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates, also, Telegraphic Transfers. Bills and Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.
Oct. 26. A. McKINLAY, { Agents. } A. S. FINNIE.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Babcock; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT,
GEO. ROBBINS, Secretary. [April 16.] President.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 24.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 1.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof.—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec 21.

LINDENBERGER & BURKE,

Commission Merchants, Nos. 28 and 30 Sansome St., San Francisco, and Agents of the Willamette Woolen Mills, Salem, Oregon. Oct. 5.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 512 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco. J. A. MAIN, Assayer. Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters, etc. Aug. 31.

D. F. VERDENAL.] **POULTERER & VERDENAL,** [T. J. POULTERER.

Stock Brokers, San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board, 409 California street. May 11.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 17.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Honey's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 16, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

Louis Napoleon Bonaparte.

The time has not yet come to write the life of the remarkable man who has just passed away, and public and political opinions are too biased by their own partisan views of the events of his career to permit a judgment of the various acts that have marked his eventful reign. Louis Napoleon, in one of his early careers as an adventurer, for his one had returned to France, and after the death of the Duke de Reichstadt he was the direct heir to the imperial dignity. He aimed to the throne was as vain as those of the sons of Louis Philippe himself a usurper king by the voice of the people. He was born at a time when the power of the first Napoleon was at its zenith. A little more than two years previously, Austria had been conquered, a little more than three and the Pope had formally crowned him Emperor at Notre Dame. The peace of Tilsit the previous year had apparently assured the permanency of the imperial dynasty. Josephine was still Empress and the Court is still remembered for its almost barbaric splendor. Six years after Louis Napoleon's birth came Elba, and a little more than a year after that, St. Helena. It were needless to follow the fortunes of the subject of our sketch to Switzerland, Italy, America and England. No part of his early life in these countries has left any trace worthy of note, on the contrary, the impression that has remained of him is that of a scapegoat, profligate, unscrupulous man of pleasure, with only one fixed idea, and that was to mount the throne of his uncle. And he succeeded, spite of the most formidable obstacles that ever surrounded an exile. With the odium of two ridiculous failures attached to him, and no enemy is so powerful in France as ridicule, watched by the police, without money, without powerful friends, of no gainly person; from that day in 1848 when a republic was proclaimed in Paris to the famous coup d'etat of December 2, 1851, he saw his opportunity, and allowed no doubt, no obstacle to stand between him and the purple.

Then it is that his history begins. In December, 1852, he was elected (not proclaimed, he was too wise for that) Emperor. He was then in his forty-fifth year. All those who had known him in exile flocked to his court. Some, like St. Arnaud and Fleury, who had shared his mortifications and dangers, were worthy of receiving their reward from a grateful master. In the same way that William of Orange ennobled and enriched the Bentincks and others, who helped him to his place in the English crown; but the majority could hardly be said to have brought talent and dignity to the new ruler. Added to this the whole Bonaparte family, so long scattered over Europe, found at length a rallying point, and Louis Napoleon, ostracised at every court, was hampered with his relations, many of whom were not popular in France. His first wise step was his marriage; he could expect that royalty would accept him, so he allied himself with the blue blood of Spain, and therein pleased his people without flying in the face of European sovereigns. If he did not directly instigate the Crimean war, he foresaw its inevitability, and so contrived that the world gave him the credit of being the prime mover. Certainly France emerged from the strife in a greater power than she was when her people elected Napoleon Emperor, and then it was that he assumed his uncle's favorite role of Dictator to Europe. England, in particular, seemed anxious to remain the firm ally of her neighbor, and, as long as that lasted, neither Russia nor Prussia nor Austria need be dreaded. The United States also declared herself friendly. Austria alone was distant and distrustful. She dreaded the influence of Napoleon in Italy. Count Cavour, the wisest man of his age, spared nothing to gain over the French. Envoy upon Envoy, Ambassador on Ambassador besieged the Emperor with prayers for his alliance offensive and defensive, but in vain. Napoleon was inflexible, he would not send an army into Italy. At length the great statesman went himself, and pleaded the cause of his country so well that Napoleon finally exclaimed, "Let but Austria take the initiative of attack on Italy and France will protect her." The Austrians were goaded into crossing the Mincio. Hardly had the first company traversed the forbidden line than Cavour telegraphed to Louis Napoleon, calling upon him to redeem his promise. That he did so Magenta and Solferino fully prove: that he also broke it, the treaty of Villa Franca equally declares. It gained Venice and Lombardy from the Austrians, but she had bought Nice and Savoy to her ally, whose army did not return from the plains of Lombardy until the cession of these fair provinces had been finally made. This was in 1860. The French court at this time was, if not the most severely refined, certainly the most brilliant in Europe. The Empress Eugenie, young and beautiful, had succeeded in establishing that which no Princess Mathilde or other handsome, clever Bonaparte could have done, namely, had surrounded herself with a galaxy of wit and beauty that made Paris again the center of fashion and the nucleus of pleasure. Nor did the ancienne noblesse hold aloof. The old names again began to assemble at St. Cloud, Compiegne, or at the Tuileries. There was not the feudal pomp of Vienna nor the starched aristocracy of St. James, but the exuberance of a young existence suddenly exalted to the highest rank. It had its evil, however. The license of the higher orders became too wanton, and the profligacy of the monarch was imitated by his attendants. The history of that time has yet to be written. Recent events have unveiled a foul mass of corruption and peculation in high places but up to 1862 all went well. From that time to 1866 France had to endure the harassing, expensive, unpopular, unproductive war with Mexico. Louis Napoleon believing that, in the civil war then raging in the United States, the South would succeed, endeavored to found an Empire in Mexico, which would be a grateful ally. This was his first great mistake, and as soon as he found it was so, he abandoned the well-meaning Utopian Maximilian to his fate. Meanwhile, Paris had been embellished to an extent hitherto unknown under any reign. New boulevardes stretching for miles around the city, with broad avenues, lined with magnificent buildings, a luxury that devoured fortunes and a rage of speculation that made them. Vice too gilded and too temptingly apparent, the monarch full of disease, against which he fought with all the stubbornness of his determined nature. To Biarritz for health, and the court trooping after him with all the determination to laugh and be gay, whatever the doctors may prescribe. Ministers of State passing and repassing, for European affairs begin to look gloomy. The old French story, deficit in the budget, and all sorts of expedients to stop the leak and keep the truth from the people until the bare, hideous truth was revealed, when the nation, drunk with enthusiasm, called upon the Imperial monarch to march to Berlin. Napoleon's reign virtually ended in 1870. Under it France was glorious without being great, and progressed in wealth, arts and sciences, without having achieved the power of self-government. Napoleon's supporters were the army and the priesthood. As a rule, the Bourgeoisie, whilst they fattened on the extravagance and admired the show, were not his warm supporters. They had made him Emperor, and he declared war without their advice and often against their will.

—— The *Montanian*, of Virginia City, Montana Territory, recently published the following advertisement:

"Wang Gen owes Dr. Yee Chough five hundred and fifty dollars. He cannot pay it. So according to the Chinese law, he left his woman, Sing Gim, in Dr. Yee Chough's possession as collateral, until the money shall be paid. All right. By and by, all same yesterday, Sing Gim stole three hundred and seventy dollars from Dr. Yee Chough, and ran away. Now, then, all Chinamen take notice, that if you keep Sing Gim you must pay me nine hundred and twenty dollars, all same Wang Gen.

DR. YEE CHOUGH."

So, because the lovely Sing Gim steals $370, her value straightway rises from $550 to $920! At that rate some of our city officials would be enormously wealthy, Marks, for instance. Let us commend Dr. Yee Chough's logic—the more you steal, the greater your worth in the eyes of your enlightened countrymen.

—— House-keepers would do well to inspect the large stock of Stoves, Tinware, etc., kept on hand by J. De La Montanya, 214 to 220, Jackson street. At this establishment may be seen a well assorted stock of Stoves, Grates, and Ranges of recent importation. They will be found of the newest and most admired patterns, and at moderate prices.

—— We notice that S. L. Jones & Co. have a large quantity of 4 by 4 contract matting for sale in lots to suit. All who need the article will find this an excellent opportunity for purchasing a supply cheap.

—— "My Little Girl" is the title of the new novel by the authors of "Ready-money Mortiboy," which will shortly appear in the columns of *Once a Week*.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

Theatrical, Etc.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.—The Christmas piece, *Aladdin*, is about to be removed from the boards. The Messrs. Rigg will no longer whirl, dance and play [illegible] as before the legal bite—[illegible] for [illegible] that the [illegible] of *Aladdin* has [illegible]. If [illegible] was [illegible] more [illegible] for the careful and magnificent manner in which the piece was produced. [illegible] Manager McCullough has [illegible] First on the list is that of John T. Raymond [illegible], with whom an engagement immediately [illegible] the withdrawal of *Aladdin*.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.—The bill at this house is and [illegible] good. The manager shows a remarkable energy in [illegible] new and happy variety to his many patrons. The Alhambra is an institution of which the city is and may well be proud. Its aim is solely to entertain and amuse, and, as such, has become the favorite after-dinner resort of those who seek relaxation from a day's toil or worry. In its peculiar province, it is found to be as much a necessity in a large city like San Francisco as the California Theater in its position as the Temple of Drama. Under the present wide-awake management, this theater has advanced rapidly in public esteem. The best talent has been secured, mistakes have been promptly remedied, any tendency to coarseness scrupulously avoided, and the crowded and fashionable houses nightly testify that such efforts are not unappreciated by the people of San Francisco. The lodestar of the evening is Emerson the peerless, who shows more and more plainly that he possesses that indefinable something called true genius. Mr. Sutton abounds in sparkling wit, and has a certain rich way of telling a thing that is quite his own. His contortions and grimaces are particularly relished by the young folks, and are laughed over and imitated in many a home.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.—The acrobatic performance of the San Francisco Olympic Club in the pantomime of *Humpty Dumpty's Dream*, is one of the best these talented and persevering artists have yet given us. The graceful and daring athletic feats of W. S. Lawton would have delighted the soul of Tiberius Cæsar. Messrs. Ward, Sears and Curtis are also worthy of honorable mention. On the removal of the Christmas piece, a season of popular drama will be commenced, and the talented actress, Miss Augusta L. Dargon, is announced to commence an engagement at an early day.

The benefit concert of Sig. Silvia Rossi took place on Thursday evening, at the Pacific Hall. The hall was well filled, and the audience seemed to thoroughly appreciate the fine music they heard. Sig. Rossi sang Donizetti's *Don Sebastiano*, which was encored. Then Miss Elzer (who, by the by, must be a little old enough for long dresses) sang very sweetly an aria from Mozart's *Nozze di Figaro*; she also was encored. Herr Jacob Muller then sang a romanza, and being called to an encore sang, "Speed on My Barque." Braga's "La Serenade" was very nicely rendered by Miss Annie McKenzie. It is a difficult song, and requires a vast amount of practice. She too had to come back to an encore. Meme. Inez Fabbri and Herr Jacob Muller sang Mozart's grand duo *Bastienne*, splendidly. A Scotch song, "Bonnie Wee Wife," by J. Maguire, was somewhat weak, as his voice is not powerful enough for such a large hall. Wallace's duet, from *Maritana*, was beautifully sung by Miss McKenzie and Mrs. Eunice Barstow. Sig. Fulvio Rigo sang an aria from Verdi's *Don Carlos*. A cavatina, by Mrs. Eunice Barstow, was received with rapturous applause. Her sweet voice seemed to go straight to the hearts of her audience, and when in response to the ovation, she sang an English ballad, she carried the whole house. "Let Me Love Thee" was sung very fairly by an amateur, Mr. Dougan. A grand duo of Verdi's *Rigoletto*, by Miss McKenzie and Sig. Rossi, brought to a conclusion a very pleasant musical evening.

Adolph Hartdegen, the *only* great violoncellist who has ever visited this coast, and who was, till he left the East, one of the leading soloists of Theodore Thomas' concerts as well as at the Jubilee Habitués, will give a concert on Thursday evening next, at Pacific Hall. The wonderful mastery he has obtained over his instrument has been noted by all our musical connoisseurs, and the music he evokes from it has delighted all who have heard him here. He will be assisted by the whole Fabbri combination, by Emil Gramm, on the violin; Ferrer, the guitarist and by Sig. R. Lucchesi, a pianist, who will make his debut on that occasion.

THINGS ELSEWHERE.

THE SOCIAL EVIL OF THE LONDON STAGE.—Three weeks ago the *Hornet* bared his sharpest sting against those baleful followers of Pandarus, who make the stage a vehicle for prostitution. The subject is one that all true lovers of our lofty English drama would like, if it were possible, but the vice has grown too loud and brazen-visaged to be concealed, and it is time it was grappled with. In the interest of the good and pure and noble women, who refine and delight the world by their matchless art, the *Hornet* calls on all Englishmen to aid in the endeavor to beat down this giant evil. The letter of a young actress puts this matter in all its fearful reality before the world. Applying a few days ago at a theater for an engagement for Christmas, something like the following conversation took place. Manager: Yes, Miss ——, I can find a character for you in my pantomime, but you know I cannot give you anything. Young Actress: What do you mean? Manager: Why, everything will be found you, but I cannot pay you any salary. Young Actress: What is it, you say? Manager: But then, you know, there will be plenty of swells about, —— and ——. Decency drops a veil over the rest of the vile suggestion, and all the *Hornet's* readers will share the scornful indignation of the young actress. From another theater comes a story of women engaged as actresses at a shilling a week, with the hideous assistance to gaining and [illegible] livelihood. These nefarious hosts upon a high and noble profession are comparatively few among the forty theaters of London, but their evil influence is most pernicious. Cannot they be crushed out? The Lord Chamberlain, we learn from the *Examiner*, recently sent for a theatrical lessee and informed him that if he allowed the "Sunday Evenings for the People" to be continued, his license would be in danger. If harmless lectures and sacred music on Sundays have led the represent[atives] of the law to threaten the suspension of a license, how much stronger grounds of action should be found in the degrading practices of certain theaters. Respect for the law of libel at present prevents a journal naming these houses, but should the Lord Chamberlain have any desire to purify the stage, he will have little difficulty in learning where to commence. All honorable managers, and real actors and actresses will hail his action with hearty approval.—*Hornet*.

—— The lady managers of the San Francisco Female Hospital, Clay street, will give a grand Calico Ball at Platt's Hall, Friday, January 31st. It is now a long time since this institution has come before the public, and the ladies have determined to make the approaching entertainment one of the most pleasing character. The managers of the Hospital have for many years carried on their work quietly and effectively, and in now seeking by these means to remove its indebtedness, deserve the earnest co-operation of all classes. We have no doubt whatever that the society of San Francisco will cordially assist in securing this object, and thus give a powerful impulse to the usefulness of this most noble of our charitable institutions.

—— We are in receipt of a song entitled "Don't You Grieve After Me," by Billy Sweatnam, sung by him with much success at the Alhambra Theater. Arranged by Geo. T. Evans. Published by Gray, 623 Clay street. Also "Chung Chow Hung," Chinese song, as given by Miss Maggie Moore in *Aladdin*. Music by Charles Schultz. Same publishers.

—— The Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D. D., L. L. D., Pastor of St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street, will preach, Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock, also at 7½ P. M. The public are cordially invited to attend. Sunday School, 9½ A. M.

—— A well known and much esteemed lady, Mrs. Eveline Morris, Premium Shirt maker, will leave on the 15th inst. for Panama. Her business will be continued by Mr. Neuberg, of this city. Her absence will not extend over two years.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal. fresh ℔	50@	60
Do pickled	40	
Do Packed	40@	50
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Cheese, N. Y.	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz.	55@	70
Lard, ℔	18@	20
Ham & Bacon, ℔	18@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75@	
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	2@	3
Do sweet	2@	3
Lima Beans, ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	6@	5
Onions, ℔	6@	8
Squashes, ℔	6@	5
Pumpkins, ℔	3@	5
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	15
Cucumbers, ℔ doz.	6@	
Celery, ℔ doz b.	75@1	00
Beets, ℔ doz b.	25@	
Turnips, ℔ doz b.	25@	
Parsnips, ℔ doz b.	25@	
Radishes, ℔ doz b.	25@	
Green Peas, ℔	15	
String Beans, ℔	6@	
Apples, ℔	6@	12
Pears, ℔	8@	12
Quinces, ℔	6@	
Peaches, ℔	6@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	12@	25
Do new, ℔	6@	
Oranges, ℔ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Limes, ℔ doz.	25@	35
Quail, ℔ doz.	2 00@2	25
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	20@	25
Geese, ℔ pair	3 00@4	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	1 75@2	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	30
Hares, each	35@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	12@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	8@	
Salmon, fresh, ℔	20@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish, ℔	10@	
Smelts, ℔	15@	
Tomcod, ℔	15@	
Sturgeon, ℔	4@	
Sea Bass, ℔	6@	
Flounders, ℔	25@	
Halibut, ℔	50@	
Perch, ℔	1@	
Shrimps, ℔	6@	
Anchovies, ℔	4@	
Soles, ℔	25@	
Herrings, ℔	3@	

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 30 Stevenson's Building, S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco. Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Brown—In this city, January 7th, to the wife of Thos. Brown, a son.
Chrysler—In this city, January 6th, to the wife of F. J. Chrysler, a son.
Flynn—In this city, January 7th, to the wife of Edward Flynn, a daughter.
Petre—In this city, January 11, to the wife of Adam Petre, twins—daughters.
Robins—In this city, January 8th, to the wife of Geo. Robins, a son.
Read—In this city, January 1st, to the wife of E. Read, a daughter.
Schanke—In this city, December 31st, to the wife of J. Schanke, a son.
Stube—In this city, January 6th, to the wife of A. Stube, a son.
Wands—In this city, January 6th, to the wife of W. S. Wands, a son.

ALTAR.

Boelefuehr-Bernhardt—In this city, January 5th, F. Boelefuehr to B. Bernhardt.
Crooks-Grant—In this city, January 7th, M. J. Crooks to S. J. Grant.
Fitzgerald-Healy—In this city, January 7th, E. J. Fitzgerald to M. M. Healy.
Pratt-Jessup—In this city, January 4th, L. E. Pratt to Sarah Jessup.
Robertson-Warren—In this city, January 4th, S. A. Robertson to Ella S. Warren.
Metz-Zimmerman—In this city, January 1st, John D. Metz to Jos. Zimmerman.
Tobin-Brown—In this city, December 24th, Edward Tobin to Adelaide Brown.
Rees-Julien—In this city, January 5th, Samuel Rees to Zene Julien.

TOMB.

Anthony—In this city, January 8th, T. Anthony, aged 78 years.
Bohanon—In this city, January 6th, J. M. Bohanon, aged 42 years.
Bona—In this city, January 6th, John Bona, aged 42 years.
Larsen—In this city, January 8th, Peter Larsen, aged 28 years.
Lipman—In this city, January 8th, Chas. F. Lipman, aged 45 years.
Metzradt—In this city, January 9th, F. Metzradt, aged 49 years.
Pendergast—In this city, January 7th, James Pendergast, aged 74 years.
Pregnell—In this city, December 28th, George Pregnell, aged 55 years.
Tracy—In this city, January 7th, Archibald Tracy, aged 36 years.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

Royal Exotic Nursery, King's Road, Chelsea, S. W., near London.

DEAR NEWS LETTER: I have this day unpacked your parcel of cuttings from Japan via San Francisco, and am really astonished at the condition in which they have arrived. I think there is every chance of their rooting, at any rate most of them, and I have ordered all to be put into pots. If we succeed we shall hope next season to send you some young plants rooted from these branches. Unfortunately but one of the lot is unknown to us: all are already in cultivation here in England. At the same time if you send a further collection in the same way, it is quite probable some novelty may be found among them. I am confident there must be many fine plants to be introduced from Japan. I may add that conifers are frequently rooted from cuttings, and indeed many always so propagated. I am, dear *News Letter*, yours sincerely,

HARRY S. VEITCH.

> "Then the whining school boy, with his satchel
> And shining morning face, creeping like snail
> Unwillingly to school."

We have no fault to find with this, except in one particular—who ever heard tell of a "morning face?" Might as well talk of an afternoon face, or an evening face. True, we know certain old girls who by the aid of enamel and paint get up quite a passable shining evening face, if you get the right light on it, at the proper focal distance. But Shakspeare could not have had this in his mind: the ladies did not get up such pranks in his day. The word evidently ought to be spelt "mourning," for was not the boy whining, crying? Scholars do not creep to school unwillingly now-a-days, either, for, since the introduction of Gilbert & Moore's excellent school furniture, the school-room has become a much more pleasant place, and they seek it with joyful alacrity.

The unrolling of a mummy must be an absorbing sight. To see the moldering cloths that served as cerements three thousand years ago removed for the first time; to behold a regular ancient Egyptian, who used to hob-nob with Pharaoh and Potiphar and Germe's Cleopatra, it stirs a man up, and all that sort of thing. But since they have started manufacturing them in Connecticut out of boot-legs and superannuated mattresses, the poetry is knocked out of it entirely. Barnum got hold of one last month that was warranted straight from the big Pyramid, and on unrolling the last layer, he found a copy of the London *Times*, containing a glowing editorial on N. P. Cole & Co.'s great furniture manufacturing company, the mammoth establishment of the Pacific Coast. On reading this article carefully the great showman came to the conclusion that although his mummy was a dummy, they knew something about making furniture out in California.

"'Tis not in mortals to command success, but we'll do more, Sempronius, we'll deserve it." This apothegm of Addison has been much admired, but, after all, it is like most of his writings, sententious, but lacking pith. Whatever deserves success finds it. What deserves to find its way to the top, always manages to come uppermost. Every man stands for what he is worth in the world. The picture of real merit starving in a garret is a false one. The adage, "There's nothing succeeds like success," might read, "There is nothing succeeds like that which ought to succeed." Look at Bradley & Rulofson, for instance—what is the secret of the immense success of their photographs? Simply because they are the best. When the highest skill is joined with beautiful and graceful finish, it is not surprising that their portraits have so honorable and wide-spread a reputation.

As we peered out through the dismal rain last Saturday evening, an unwonted sound smote upon our ears. We looked, and whom should we see but our old friend and boon companion, B—sh—p K—p, with sleeves rolled up, trundling a large barrel along the street, and, if the truth must be told, uttering some not very episcopal remarks on the rain and the new Code. We asked him what in the name of St. Bartholomew he was about. "Why," said he, "the new Sunday Law comes in to-morrow, and how could I preach without the assistance of a glass of beer? How could my family exist a day without it?" He had forgotten about it till the last moment, rushed down to the agency, 418 Market street, purchased a barrel, but was too late to find a conveyance for it. Leaving this muscular Christian to pursue his pious task, we went in.

> —— How he did shake, 'tis true, this god did shake
> Ay, and that tongue of his, that bade the Romans
> Mark him, and write his speeches in their books,
> "Alas!" it cried, "give me a drink, Titinius,"
> Like a sick girl.

You ought to have seen Titinius bump himself to get Cæsar a drink of something strong to break his shakes. Presently he returned with a jug full of Hotaling's genuine old Cutter. As the warrior raised the *poculum* to his lips and incorporated a pint he felt the ague retreat discomfited into his boots and remarked, "*O si sic cuteri omnes.*"

One of Saturn's rings has disappeared. The missing ring is the inner one. It has been gradually approaching the planet during several years past. The cause of this startling phenomenon is a dismal mystery. Many ascribe it to the introduction of Bally's Nabob Pickle into that planet, causing it to turn on its own axletree with increased energy. This hypothesis is a very reasonable one, for not only is the fame of this pickle admitted to be universal, but by preventing dyspepsia it induces a healthy state of the body politic and tends to the breaking up of rings. It may be obtained of Porter, Donaldson & Co., corner of Halleck and Sansome streets.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

We are told that it was the duty of lovely Hebe to hand round the nectar to the conclave of gods assembled in Olympus, but as to the ingredients of the liquid that moistened the celestial gullets the oracles are dumb. No doubt somewhere in the Fields of Elysium Bacchus had a space fenced off for a vineyard, where he used to make that boozy old scalawag Silenus earn his drinks by grape-gathering. The most reasonable supposition is that the fluid called nectar bore a close resemblance to Landsberger's California Champagne. If so, no one can wonder at the successful accomplishment of the twelve labors of Hercules, his arm being nerved with its invigorating properties.

Plato sent down to posterity a tradition of his day that a great continent which occupied the place now covered by the Atlantic ocean suddenly sank down out of sight. On it were organized governments, wealth, arts and civilization, instantly lost to human sight. One proof of their high state of civilization is that the best oysters in the world are found at Baltimore and other places along the coast, evidently the result of careful cultivation by that long lost people. The higher a people advance in intellect and manners, the higher do they value this delicious mollusk. This is shown by the crowd who daily throng to Emerson Corville's to partake of his superior native and imported varieties.

The New Code has been hauled over the stones pretty roughly, and it certainly deserves most of the adverse criticism it has received. There is one clause, however, that reflects much credit on the compilers; we refer to the ordinance where all the City Fathers shall have their photographs taken by I. W. Taber. They are then to be hung in the New City Hall: the portraits not the Fathers. Wisdom was shown in choosing the Prince of Photographers for so momentous a duty, for no one knows better how to hand down to an admiring posterity the immortal features of an Alvord or a Jimmy McGinn than Mr. Taber.

Mr. Robert Browning is at work on a new poem, and has been forswearing dinner parties of late, in order to write the more diligently. A real piece of self-denial, for the author of "Paracelsus" and "Fifine" loves the feast of reason and flow of soul which are to be had at good houses. If any of our poets feel inclined to follow his example, there cannot be a fitter place for wooing the skittish muse than the Galt House, 632 Market street. The rooms are quiet, sunny, comfortable and well located, and may be had either single or in suits.

The ancient Scandinavians had a curious way of explaining thunder. They believed it was the racket caused by their god Thor rattling over the floor of heaven in a carriage drawn by two white goats. An iconoclastic age rejects this legend, although, with a splendid triumphal car and a set of Main & Winchester's unrivaled harness, it would not be a bad turn out. But if his godship saw the pretty equipages on the Cliff-House road, resplendent in the trappings of the same eminent makers, he would give up riding the goat and go to thunder in future behind a pair of bays.

The hanging gardens of Babylon were considered sufficiently a curiosity to be called one of the wonders of the world. They were supported on tall pillars, and at eventide threw their shadow far over the valley of the Euphrates. As they delighted the Assyrians, so we San Franciscans have our Thorpe's Hotel and Garden, at a pleasant distance from town, on the San Bruno Road. All who visit it pronounce it a most charming spot, and just the place to enjoy an afternoon's recreation.

There is not any virtue, the excise of which, even momentarily, will not impress a new fairness upon the features.—*Ruskin.* You are right, Ruskin. Going along the street you may tell by the generous glow of his countenance and benign look the man who takes his modicum of good, pure wine, such as is kept by Eberhardt & Lachman. Those who drink baser compounds inevitably show it on their features.

Call on Harry Blanken, at the Six Mile House, San Bruno Road. His liquors are of the purest quality, his cocktails superb, and a punch is his masterpiece. Don't forget to drop in.

To protect the understanding of humanity nothing is like leather fastened together by Cable Screw Wire. Boots and shoes made in this way never rip, or leak, or come apart.

Ragged stockings and protruding toes are not seen on feet where Silver Tips are worn. Parents remember this, they last twice as long. For sale by all dealers.

"Not with blinded eyesight poring over miserable books," says Tennyson, foreseeing the time when folks would use Muller's Brazilian Pebble Spectacles.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

When the sailing date falls on Sunday, the steamer will sail the preceding Saturday.

February 1st—Steamer COLORADO .... Capt. Warsaw.

There will be no departure February 16th or March 16th.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27 of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's splendid steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

When the sailing date falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN and MANZANILLO, and connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

January 17th—GREAT REPUBLIC .... Capt. Cavarly.
January 27th—MONTANA .... Capt. Nolan.
Steamer of January 17th will not call at SAN DIEGO.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamer will leave for the above ports every Thursday at 9 A. M.

Returning will leave San Diego every Monday, and San Pedro Tuesday.

Steamer SENATOR sailing January 16th and 30th, will call at San Simeon and San Luis Obispo, for passengers only.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO.

Steamer will sail as above at 9 A. M., on alternate Wednesdays, viz: January 15th and 29th.

Returning will leave San Luis Obispo on alternate Mondays.

Through bills of lading signed and through tickets sold from and to all ports on the San Diego route to and from New York, Europe, Mexico and Central America at San Francisco Tariff Rates.

GUAYMAS BRANCH.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Jan. 25th, for Cape San Lucas, San Jose, Mazatlan, Guaymas and La Paz.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M., the 25th.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Jan. 11.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,
Jan 4. No. 605 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

Is Goat Island a Menace to San Francisco?

Is San Francisco really going to the devil? is the question which people in the Eastern States and Europe will naturally ask themselves if they are unfortunate enough to read the *Bulletin* and *Call*. What was the primary cause of the falling out of the *Bulletin* and *Call* proprietors with the Railroad Company, we know not, that they are now at swords' points is quite evident. When the *Bulletin* and *Call* were cheek by jowl with Stanford and the railroad magnates, there was no favor the would-be newspaper kings were not ready to grant. Stanford asked for Goat Island as a railroad terminus, and the *Bulletin* declared it was the best thing that could be done under the peculiar circumstances. Subsequently Stanford [illegible] the bridge project, and Pickering and Fitch favored it in our "two papers—both daily." They talked personally to their friends in favor of the bridge, in place and out of place. No danger then to the city from Goat Island or the bridge of [illegible]. No arraignment then of "Stanford & Co." as arch enemies and robbers of the public domain, no depreciation of property caused by this "railroad scheme." But times have changed. Stanford is no longer the pillar upon which Pickering and Fitch rest their fortunes. A too severe financial strain caused the support to be withdrawn. And now that the Railroad Company wants Goat Island as their terminus, the *Bulletin* and *Call* launch their effete thunderbolts and denounce the project as robbery, pillage, murder, arson, rape, adultery! Facts are falsified, erroneous conclusions drawn, all that Pickering and Fitch may "get even" with Gov. Stanford. The city of San Francisco is threatened with ruin, grass is to grow in her commercial streets, desolation is to stalk abroad and ruin stare every man in the face, while the rival commercial metropolis of the Pacific coast rears its lofty fronts from the Goat Island flats! We listened to these repeated declarations of a hopeless future with some apprehension, for, although we had confidence in the future of San Francisco, we are not arrogant enough to consider ourselves infallible. Perhaps, we thought, there is reason in what the immaculate Pickering and Fitch assert upon their honors, and it behooves us to inquire. We went down towards the city front, in and among the marts of commerce, met our merchant princes with smiling faces, and asked them what effect Goat Island as a terminus would have upon San Francisco? The answer was frequent, couched in terms more forcible than elegant. "Goat Island be d—d. You might tow Goat Island to San Francisco, but you can't tow the pennies over to the Island." Apprehension was not apparent upon the countenances of Front street. We paused a moment and then wended our way up town where the small tradesmen ply their [illegible] trade. We conversed with the cobbler at his last, the tailor with his ready needle, the blacksmith with his forge, and we asked them about Goat Island. They said they were too busy to bother their heads about Goat Island; that San Francisco was not built in a day, and would not be pulled down because the railroad stopped across the bay. Many of them had been to New York, and spoke of Jersey City's prosperity compared with that of the city on the other side of the river, and concluded that the Jersey City of San Francisco Bay would not hurt much. We went among the real estate men who congregate in and about our Wall street, and asked what influence the Goat Island scare had on their business. "There is nothing much doing in the real estate business just now," was their answer. "Under the influence of too sanguine hopes real estate a few years ago went up out of sight. Reaction came, as might be expected, and prices now are nominal, but you can't buy anywhere within the city without paying a good round price. Real estate owners are not afraid of Goat Island." We went among the money kings and among the stock gamblers. They told us the money mark[et] was very tight. The former expressed no fear of Goat Island as a rival city. The stock brokers paused when we inquired about the railroad terminus, then asked where "the money was situated." And so in every avenue we sought in vain among the people for evidence to justify the *Bulletin* and *Call* in their gloomy apprehensions. We found the people buoyant with hope and expecting a prosperous season. The rain had poured into the ground and the farmers were glad. Wheat was daily being laden for export to distant lands. Goat Island still stands, and whether occupied by the railroad as a terminus, is not a menace to San Francisco's prosperity. San Francisco has too much energy, too much life, too much money to fear any rivalry from the commerce of Goat Island. The Island is within the limits of San Francisco, and our Tax Collector will [illegible] making his rounds, call upon the Railroad Company for any improvements made thereon. And so we say to those who, residing in other lands, are unfortunate enough to read the *Bulletin* and *Call*, take their assertions about Goat Island *cum grano salis*. Put not your faith in any rival city, and don't buy real estate anywhere but in San Francisco. We are progressing rapidly as a city, and will continue so to progress until the end of time, long after the bones of the hypocritical Fitch and the pharisaical Pickering shall have moldered into unclean dust.

—— At a dinner given by that ancient city guild, the Fishmongers' Company of London, Mr. Goschen, the first Lord of the Admiralty, responding to the toast of "The Navy," adverted to remarks made at various times in disparagement of it, and to the fierce controversies to which the naval administration had of late given rise. There were members of Parliament, he said, and it might be Ministers too, who said they enjoyed the recess and looked forward with [illegible] like dismay to the coming session. He thought there was no occasion for that. For himself, he liked the House of Commons and he rejoiced to think that fierce as the war carried on in other ways would be, he might be tested there before long, and that he would be afforded opportunities of answering in his place in Parliament. In England, he said, we are prone to disparage ourselves as a nation, and to elevate other countries at our own expense. The result was that the power of the country for good was continually weakened in Europe by that habit of self-disparagement. That was especially true with regard to our naval administration. An impression, he said, existed that our ships were inferior to those of other countries. In answer to that he would take ten of our own ships, he meant ships completed; he would take the *Devastation*, the *Monarch*, the *Hercules*, and the [illegible] and six ships of the *Audacious* class. On the other hand he would take France, Prussia, Russia, and the United States, and would defy them to produce the same number of effective ships. He would take ten of another class of ships—those which were to be employed in the coast defence—and he would challenge all those four naval Powers to produce ten equal to them. He would take the *Hotspur*, the *Glatton*, the *Cyclops*, and three sister ships, and he would take France, North Germany, Russia, and the United States, and defy that those four countries could not among them produce ships equal to those we had got for the purposes for which they were intended.

—— Mr. Edwin Norris died last month in London. Though at the advanced age of seventy-seven, he was active to the last. Indeed, he died in the midst of the work for which he had set out—to [illegible] apart the last portion of [illegible] on [illegible]. It is this work also by which he will be best known to posterity, viz., the Cuneiform Assyrian Dictionary. Not only did he, together with Sir Henry Rawlinson, edit, under immense difficulties, the first four volumes of the great Corpus [illegible] of Assyrian and Babylonian Cuneiform inscriptions in the British Museum and elsewhere, each consisting of no fewer than seventy folio plates. He was also the first who undertook single-handed the herculean work of compiling [illegible] fragments of cuneiform writing, [illegible] Museum, together with the first Assyrian dictionary. One of the most versatile philologists, [illegible] of the [illegible] language, of which he wrote a grammar [illegible]. He did also a Tahitian version of parts of the Bible, wrote on the [illegible] Rock Inscriptions, edited and translated the ancient [illegible] drama, and contributed a number of learned papers to the Asiatic and other societies. In his extreme modesty and the [illegible] with which he placed every one of his hard-gotten treasures at the disposal of all who chose to ask, he was exceptional, even among real scholars. Nor were his great merits unknown, though people abroad seemed to appreciate them even more than did England. Thus the University of Bonn spontaneously gave him the honorary doctor's degree, which no English University thought fit to bestow upon him.

—— A new journal in the French language, *La Neva*, has just appeared at St. Petersburg. In an introductory article it says that its object is "to love, defend, and encourage France," and to make France and Russia better acquainted.

How the Old Year Died.

Darkness had fallen and the world was night's,
Death-like and soundless, and the tread of feet
Was hushed in silence, while the spectral lights
Revealed the shadows of the ghastly streets.
Slowly the hours crept on from chime to chime,
As fell the echoes of the hearing tongue—
Sad, solemn warnings of remorseless Time—
Out on the the silence and the darkness flung,
As one hour's death, another's birth was rung.

The night waned, and the closing hour was near;
The heavens were hung in draperies of cloud,
Dark'ning the earth so soon to be a bier;
And the white moon fast drifting wove a shroud
To cloak the body of the lifeless year;
While ghosts of years long dead, a shadowy crowd,
Gathered around Time's slowly-dying son,
Whose course was ended, yet seemed scarce begun.

The sands were out: no mighty power could stay
The hand of Fate when the decree was read.
And while the night clasped trembling hands with day
Above the body of the noble dead,
The midnight bells, with hoarse, uproarous clamor
Did all the ties of '72 dissever;
As if Old Time's reverberating hammer
Were spiking down his coffin-lid forever.

And thus the spirit of the old dead year
Passed from the earth to join its kindred dead.
We hardly learned to know it while 'twas here;
It walked among us, yet we heard no tread.
Unseen it came, and as it came it went.
And while we muse, regrets steal o'er the heart,
And sad remembrances of time misspent:
Something undone of our allotted part,
Setting us farther back than at the start.

S. P. Davis.

The Placard Exchange and Information Bureau of the Pacific Coast.

The work of preparing the building, southwest corner of Merchant and Montgomery streets, for occupancy by the California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau of the Pacific Coast, is progressing rapidly. The lower or street floor will be occupied by the business offices. The second story is occupied by two lofty and spacious rooms, communicating, lighted by numerous windows along both sides. In the third story is another large room, which will be occupied for the purposes of the Exchange, besides the printing offices and editorial rooms. The exterior of the building is being renovated and will be covered by placards of attractive and original design. Across the front will be represented two railway trains, bound one East and the other West, under these, in a sliding panel, will be the time table of the Overland road. A representation of a steamship, outward bound through the Golden Gate, will be accompanied by the table of sailing dates of the ships of the Pacific Mail and Australian steam lines. Other placards will occupy the entire exterior of the building. The general design of the interior has been heretofore intimated. The rooms will be handsomely carpeted, furnished and decorated. Bradley and Rulofson are now preparing a series of sixty superb photographic views of California scenery, which will contribute to adorn the walls. These will be laid off in panels, upon which placards will be tastefully displayed. In all there will be several thousand superficial feet to be let out for placards on terms which will be announced in due season. Already a number of leading interests have bespoken the space needful for their announcements. Around the rooms will be arranged show-cases and other appliances needful for the display of samples of merchandise. The teas of China and Japan, coffees from Central America and the East Indies, blankets from California woolen mills, shot and lead pipe, spices and canned fruits, wines and brandies—in short, all the products of Californian industry will be accommodated, the space for a number of which has been already engaged. A cabinet of minerals, and preparations or samples of the agricultural and other productions of the coast, will constitute one of the more interesting features for strangers. In one aspect the Exchange will be a perpetual Mechanics' and Agricultural Fair—embracing a wider range of interests and a greater variety of illustration than such an exhibition can command. The feature of a land office or land exchange will be presented in the forty-four county maps now in preparation, showing the private and public lands in each county, the railroads and water ways, and the rates of local taxation—things essential to be known by an intending settler. The operations of the Brokers' Board will be communicated by wire as they transpire. Eastern money and merchandise quotations will also be posted daily. The design is to bring San Francisco, California and the Pacific Coast to a focus at the Placard Exchange, to collect there an epitome of the various [illegible] of [illegible] now scattered abroad [illegible]. By this time [illegible] in full operation a man wanting to buy a farm, a pair of spectacles or a rubber boot, to hire a cook, a [illegible], will have only to make his application at the Placard Exchange in order to attain his end. It will be a point at which all interests can meet, and the buyers and sellers, whether of all sorts of things, can come together. It will be a [illegible] place of reference or information. Admission will be free—first to parties having placards on view; second, by tickets to be distributed by them; and third, by tickets, which will be found only at the first-class hotels for delivery to guests. The Exchange will become one of those features of the town which every stranger will repair at once to examine. Thus the privilege of admission will be preserved from abuse, while it will still be so free as to attain the end of presenting the placards to the view of all whom it can possibly be desirable to have see them.

A Dogmatic Minister.

A minister in one of our churches, while on his way to preach a funeral sermon in the country, called to see one of his members, an old widow lady, who lived near the road where he was traveling. The old lady had just been making sausages, and she felt very proud of them—they were so plump, round, and sweet. Of course she insisted on her minister taking some of the links home to his family. He objected on account of his not having his portmanteau along with him. The objection was soon overruled, and the old lady, after wrapping them up in a rag, carefully placed a bundle in the pocket of the preacher's capacious great-coat. Thus equipped he started for the funeral. While attending the solemn ceremonies of the grave some hungry dogs scented the sausages, and were not long in tracking them to the pocket of the good man's overcoat. Of course this was a great annoyance, and he was several times under the necessity of kicking the whelps away. The obsequies of the grave completed, the minister and congregation repaired to the church, where the funeral discourse was to be preached. After the sermon was finished, the minister halted to make some remark to his congregation, when a brother who wished to have an appointment [illegible] [illegible] of the pulpit, and gave the minister's coat a hitch to get his attention. The divine thinking it a dog having designs upon his pocket, raised his foot, gave a sudden kick, and sent the good brother sprawling down the steps. "You will excuse me, brethren and sisters," said the minister, confusedly, and without looking at the work he had just done, "for I could not avoid it. I have sausages in my pockets, and that dog has been trying to grab them ever since he came upon the premises!"

—— An ingenious inventor has turned electricity to a new account, but not as yet with complete success. His object is to use it as a motive power for the propulsion of vessels, in lieu of steam, and he tried the experiment the other day on a yacht named the *Miranda*, with the screw detached. The result was the driving of the shaft at such an immense velocity that before the machine could be stopped it had broken away all the fastenings, being too powerful by half for the work it had to do. The inventor of the machine, which is called the "Electro-Magnet Motor," estimates the number of its revolutions at full speed at from 1,400 to 1,600 per minute.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 259 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escomte de Paris, 11 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C., The Jerusalem Coffee House, Lowjer's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London & Venezuela Bank, 6 Tokenhouse yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C. London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S, Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Holborn, N. Thos. Mills, 21 Goswell Road, E. C., Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W. Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloucester, E. C., Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Latane and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

Is San Francisco Willing to Grant Proper Terminal Facilities to the Central Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads?

On Saturday evening last, a meeting, of about three hundred, was held at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce, to protest against the cession of any part of Goat Island to the Central Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroad Companies.

Governor Booth, who, on account of personal hostility to the Railroad managers, is willing to go back to ox-teams, was aptly selected as Chairman of this motley assembly, and, as in duty bound, and according to programme, proceeded to give his views on the situation, not forgetting to present the platform upon which he hopes to be returned to the U. S. Senate.

Among other rash assertions the Governor is reported as saying: "It is my deliberate conviction that the public sentiment of this city and State is as nearly unanimous in opposition to the passage of the Goat Island bill as it can ever be on any subject where two opinions are possible." Now we are equally confident that if the question were submitted to a vote of the people of the State, that the proposition would carry by a two-third vote.

But the most astounding statement is to be found in the following resolution, which was passed and sent on to Washington: "Resolved, that we have always been willing to give to this and all other railroad corporations, the most ample means of bringing ships and cars together in San Francisco by conceding to them, on terms of equality, water-front and terminus facilities in Mission Bay and elsewhere, as may be needed."

A few facts and a little history may perhaps refresh the memories of these gentlemen, if not, others may be prevented from believing a huge falsehood. It is a well-known fact that there are but two railroads which terminate upon or touch the Bay of San Francisco, the Central Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads.

During the session of the Legislature, in the Winter of 1868, these companies made a joint application for three hundred acres of the submerged lands lying within the city, for the terminal of their roads.

The same men who were the leading spirits at the aforesaid meeting, through the press and otherwise, denounced the plan in unmeasured terms; claimed that the amount demanded was altogether too large, and sought to induce the Legislature to cut the grant down to twenty or thirty acres, and actually succeeded in reducing it to sixty acres. The grant was made in an Act which provided for the organization of the Tide Land Commissioners. The Act provided that the Commissioners should have control of all the submerged lands between the shore and ship's channel, and should divide them into blocks, streets, etc.; that the lands granted should be located by the Governor, Mayor and President of the Chamber of Commerce, but should *not be located within three hundred feet of the water front.* The companies protested in vain against the insertion of this clause, but the influence of San Francisco prevailed against them. But this was not the worst, for when the location was finally made, instead of being in one or two pieces, with streets running around on the outside, it was made in forty-two different pieces, being cut into triangles and divided by streets and market places to such an extent as to be valueless for terminal purposes.

The companies having failed in the Legislature of 1868 in locating the grant to secure proper terminal facilities, caused a bill to be introduced in the Legislature of 1871 which provided for the granting of the streets and market places aforesaid, and also China and Central Basins to them.

At this stage of the proceedings a Committee of Six, appointed by the citizens and endorsed by the Board of Supervisors, proceeded to Sacramento and entered into negotiations with the railroad managers, which resulted in a compromise by which the companies abandoned their own bill, and in conjunction with the Committee succeeded in securing the passage of a law that ceded the aforesaid streets, basins and market places to the city in trust, to be devoted to railroad and commercial purposes.

The agreement between the committee and railroad companies was reduced to writing and signed by the respective parties, by the terms of which it was agreed that the city should immediately grant the streets and market places, and a portion of the other property along the water front, to the companies, and afterwards to grant, on terms to be agreed upon, the remainder of the same. To carry out the understanding, an order was prepared and presented to the Board of Supervisors, which provided for the granting of the streets and market places to the companies, but at the instance of the manipulators of this meeting, the order was indefinitely postponed by that body. Subsequently a majority of a committee of one hundred of the most prominent citizens agreed among other things to procure substantially the same relief for the companies, and two different orders for that purpose were introduced in the Board of Supervisors, when the same influences secured the defeat of each.

With these facts fresh in the minds of all reading and intelligent citizens, we confess to an astonishment beyond our power of expression that any number of men, however small, whose conduct on the subject matter has been so opposite to the spirit of the resolution in question, could be found who would adopt it and then for any purpose transmit it by telegraph to the Associated Press for general publication. The railroad companies are now absolutely at the mercy of the harpies of San Francisco, unless Congress, in its wisdom, grants them the relief that the commerce and trade of the country imperatively demand.

Why a Legislature or city should prevent two great railroads from bringing their cars to ships' tackle, unless for the purpose of imposing an unwise and unnecessary tax upon commerce, it is hard to conceive.

We have not extenuated, neither have we set down aught in malice. We have simply recited the facts, and we end as we commenced, by asking, *Is San Francisco willing to grant proper terminal facilities to the Central Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads?*

Leaves from a Lady's Diary.

Jan. 6.—Twelfth Night, and even the names of the kings, with the exception of Melchior, hardly known. It is left to our children to celebrate this strange visit of old. Who were those kings, and of what nature was the mysterious information which prompted them to bring their rich offerings, the latest of whose gems is supposed by the faithful to have shone in the shrine at Cologne. Went to a party in the evening, which would have been gay had it not been for a melancholy Hebrew face, that flitted around and looked as if he had been forgotten by one of the kings and had never changed since. He sang, and his voice was like the wind among dry reeds. Pretty Mrs. H. was Queen, and I can't help thinking that it was arranged beforehand, for she got up like some one whose name was called in class, when the bean fell to her. Driving home, saw that beautiful house at the corner of B. street one blaze of light. I know who was there, and sighed. A woman's love has often three phases. She begins by giving it away, continues by selling it for a high price, and ends by peddling it.

Jan. 7.—The very best picture I ever saw on a subject I don't like, I went to look at Snow & Roos' to-day. I hate street scenes, where every brick is accurately copied, and the signs on the stores perfectly well spelt, and the whole has a look of a street corner in a looking glass, but here is a painting by Hahn representing some street in its early market morning so true and life-like that I could not but admire it. Had I met that picture years hence in Europe, I should have recognized the locality exactly; besides, it is very carefully painted. While I was there, W—— came in and began to talk to me immediately of Harry E——. I could see at once that he hates him for the sake of the blue eyes of Mary B——. When men are jealous of one another, they are worse than women, and are vituperative without point; they can sting, but not out of velvet claws.

Jan. 9.—Went to the Fabbri Concert. Good house, and first part good music and singing, but the second composed of those sweet ballads, which do so delight the people that they go on encoring for ever, till one vote's oneself away. Mrs. W. D—— was there, ever remembering that she was the belle of Poddletown, and ever laying out snares for declarations of love. The other day young M—— brought her a bouquet from his sister, and thanked her for having found a place for their coachman's son. She simpered, and complained to her friends that he was really too marked in his attentions.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business on or about February 15th.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PACIFIC HALL.—GRAND CONCERT.

Given by the eminent Solo-Violoncellist, ADOLPH HARTDEGEN, late Solo-Violoncellist of Theodore Thomas' Concerts and the great Boston Jubilee.

Thursday Evening . . . January 16th.

Assisted by the following distinguished Artists, who have kindly volunteered:
HERR JACOB MULLER, SIG. R. LUCCHESI, Pianist,
MISS ANNA ELZER, (His first appearance,)
MR. EMIL GRAMM, Violinist, SENOR FERRER, Guitarist.
PROF. MULDER-FABBRI.......CONDUCTOR.

Admittance.......$1 00

Reserved Seats, $1 50.

Seats can be secured at M. GRAY'S Music Store, 621 and 623 Clay street, between Montgomery and Kearny.
Doors open at 7 o'clock; to commence at 8 o'clock. Jan. 11.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. This Evening, January 11th, Last nights of the Gorgeously Illuminated Spectacle, ALADDIN; Or, THE WONDERFUL LAMP. Last nights of the Ballet. Last nights of M'lle Betty Rigl. Last nights of M'lle Emily Rigl. Last nights of the famous Mons. Caron and his talented Children. Last nights of the Amphion Quartet Club. The famous Comedian, MR. JOHN T. RAYMOND, will shortly commence an engagement at this theater. Saturday, Jan. 11th—ALADDIN MATINEE.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—E. G. Bert, Proprietor and Manager; John Woodard, Business Manager; W. J. Coggswell, Stage Manager; Chas. H. Schmitz, Musical Director.—This Evening, January 11th—The Grand Spectacular Fairy and Pantomime Extravaganza, in three acts, THE YELLOW HAT, which, since its initial performance, has been witnessed by twenty thousand persons, whose universal verdict pronounces "The Yellow Hat" perfection. The performance will commence with the laughable Pantomime, entitled HUMPTY DUMPTY'S DREAM, by the San Francisco Olympic Club. Box Office open from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., when Reserved Seats can be secured six days in advance. Positively no free list. There will be no exception to this rule. Will shortly arrive—The gifted artiste, MISS AUGUSTA L. DARGON. Jan. 11.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; F. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday, Jan. 11th, and every evening, second Week of Miss JENNIE WORRELL, Queen of Burlesque, and Miss JENNIE HALL, the grand Dance Queen. Jennie in her great character of NAN, and Song and Dance. First Part—Minstrels. Tent-pins, Larkin and Armstrong. "I'm Going Home," Cogill and Cooper. Flying Corde, Ed. Montague. "Village Coquet," Ballet, Therese, Schmidt, and corps de ballet. "The Other Fellow," Kelly and Bros. Trial Dance, Tuers and Josephine. Songs, Verner and Jennie Johnson. NAN, THE GOOD FOR NOTHING. "Tom Dribble's March," Harry Collier and Chas. Verner. In preparation—A new Burlesque. Admission, 25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. Jan. 11.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer; Bob Hart, Stage Manager; Geo. T. Evans, Musical Director.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon—The Popular EMERSON MINSTRELS. Grand First Part, concluding with DIVORCE. Monday Evening, January 20th—First appearance of JOHNNY ALLEN, MISS ALICE HARRISON and LITTLE MAC.
☞ This Theater does not advertise in the "Chronicle." Jan. 11.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

San Francisco, January 8th, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that an Election for officers of the Mercantile Library Association of San Francisco for the years 1873 and 1874, will be held at the Hall of the Association on MONDAY, January 20, 1873. The Polls shall be open from 9 A. M. until 5 P. M. and from 6 P. M. to 8 P. M. on said day.
JAMES OTIS, President.
WM. HARNEY, Recording Sec'ty.
Jan. 11.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.—ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Election, Monday, January 20th, 1873.

Polls open from 9 A. M. until 5 P. M., and from 6 P. M. until 8 P. M.

REGULAR TICKET.

For President	James Otis, of Macondray & Co.
For Vice-President	William B. Johnston, Insurance Agent.
Recording Secretary	T. H. Rearden, Attorney at Law.
Corresponding Secretary	Edward Whealon, with Wells, Fargo & Co.
Treasurer	W. W. Wiggins, Bank of California.

Trustees.

William Norris	North Pacific Transportation Co.
George C. Hickox	Banker.
William Loewy	Attorney at Law.
John H. Redington	Redington & Hostetter.
Henry K. Moore	Real Estate.
A. McF. Davis	With Horace Davis & Co.
Henry P. Blanchard	With Blanchard & Co.
Henry P. Bowie	Attorney at Law.
John Taylor	John Taylor & Co.

The undersigned, a Committee appointed to nominate a Board of Trustees of the Mercantile Library Association for the ensuing year, have the honor to report the subjoined nominations. We can confidently commend them to the cordial support of the members of the Association. To the late Board of Trustees the thanks of the Association are due for the zeal and efficiency they have exhibited in the administration of its affairs; and especially to the Recording Secretary, who now withdraws after two years of laborious and valuable service.

OGDEN HOFFMAN, T. L. BARKER,
M. ASHBURY, A. M. EBBETS,
W. T. COLEMAN, P. L. WEAVER,
Committee.
Jan. 11.

THIRTY-ONE TEHAMA COUNTY COUPONS,

Numbered as follows, were either lost or stolen, on or about the 25th December, 1872:

Single			Double						
122	124	129	117	120	128	131	146	151	156
123	136		119	137	130	144	150	153	

Payment on the same having been stopped, the holder will please return them to
Jan. 11. D. CALLAGHAN, 121 Front street.

MR. WM. N. OLMSTED,

Late of 306 California street, becomes a member of our firm from and after the 13th inst.
January 11th, 1873. RICHARD D. IRWIN & CO.,
[Jan 11.] 300 Sansome street.

GIANT POWDER COMPANY.

The Giant Powder Company, Bandmann, Nielsen & Co., General Agents, 210 Front street. Nov. 21.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

Old Time and I.

[BY MARK LEMON.]

Old Time and I the other night
Had a carouse together;
The wine was golden, warm and bright—
Aye, just like Summer weather.
Quoth I, "Here's Christmas come again,
And I no farther richer"
Time answered "Ah, the old, old strain—
I pitibee pass the pitcher."

"Why measure all your good in gold?
No rope of sand is weaker;
'Tis hard to get, 'tis hard to hold,
Come, tad, fill up your beaker.
Hast thou not found true friends more true
And loving ones more loring?"
I could but say "A few, a few!
So keep the liquor moving."

"Has thou not seen the prosp'rous knave
Come down a precious thumper!
Has thou not disclosed?" "I have, I have!"
"Well, surely, that's a bumper!"
"Nay, hold a while, I've seen the just
Find all their hopes grow dimmer."
"They will hope on, strive and trust,
And conquer! That's a brimmer.

"'Tis not because to-day is dark,
No brighter days before 'em;
There's rest for every storm-tossed bark!"
"So be it. Pass the jorum."
"Yet I must own I should not mind
To be a little richer."
"Labor and wait and you may find—"
"Hallo! an empty pitcher."

The Study of Dancing.

A glance at the advertisements in the newspapers at this season of the year reveals a goodly array of offers from professors of the art of dancing to teach the accomplishment in a few lessons. Some of these announcements appear to imply on the part of the masters or mistresses of the craft the possession of a secret as mysterious as the celebrated charm of Mr. Barry; that is to say, they undertake to tame the wildest and most uncouth of pupils into tame and graceful performers by a process so quick that it seems to owe its virtue to magic. This, indeed, is the new mode. The old fashion prescribed that a lady or gentleman should learn to walk before dancing. Neophytes were practically put to the back board and the goose step. They were made to march slowly to a tune upon a squeaking kit or sort of pup-fiddle, and after a severe course of such treatment were at length initiated by single steps into the manner of moving in a quadrille. We have now changed all that. The crumming system is at work in the dancing school. And as horse trainers are to the habit of harnessing proficient stagers with animals unaccustomed to the shafts, professors of the dance have discovered that nothing expedites the culture of a pupil like having "the benefit of his daughters to dance with." Of course the number of people engaged in this calling is proof of the large proportion of persons in town requiring their services; but no doubt well readily confess to taking lessons, any more than he or she will, if possible, be detected dyeing the hair or dining at one o'clock. However, there are both ladies and gentlemen who really make dancing a study.

Although the Winter is the season of the dancing man's discontent, he has a few opportunities of consolation in those off-hand scratch parties which indefatigable mothers are not indifferent to promoting at any time of the year; in fact, he loves the little dance perhaps even more than the big ball. In the crush and polite confusion of the large assembly there is but scant room for the proper exercise of the waltzing art. He may be were the occasion may be seized in order to exhibit the gifts of pilotage and steering, but these are only the minor niceties of the dancing man's craft; there is nothing be likes better than an improvised affair, when at some one's suggestion middle-floor furniture is thrust into corners, a center space is established under the gasolier, and the piano is made to give tongue in a quadrille; for the genuine dancing man does not ignore quadrilles. The figures enable him to develop latent capacities of fascinating movement which contrast remarkably with the sort of plantation walk in which an ordinary practitioner endeavors to do what is expected of him. There is an air of assurance and of certainty about his manners which is imposing. In lancers or caledonians he is as completely at home as a drill sergeant among raw recruits. He is master of every perplexity, and by his discreet management will extricate puzzled performers from the miseries of that ridiculous dead-lock which at intervals will occur in quadrilles of a semi-domestic kind. But, of course it is in the round rather than the square dance that your ringdooing expert chiefly triumphs. The whirling dervish would not get the better of him in that. His head is equal to the most limited circle of revolution. His shoes flash simultaneously with the gleam of his partner's white boots. Contrast his perfect composure at the rapid finish of a galop with the discomfiture, to say the least of it, visible on the countenances and the necklies of common-place guests. One has been hauling a blonde against the music until every step was a torture to both. Another is obliged to stagger to a sofa with a general appearance of having had the boning-gloves on with a friend. A third has been compelled to stop after a single turn in order to make the requisite apologies for a torn dress and a disturbed temper. He has contrived to keep up like a man in a dream, when the reprieve of a halt comes drops in a crisis of vertigo into the bosom of an indignant wallflower. Our dancing man serenely twirls through it all. If his partner can stay, it is really a pretty sight to note the perfect rhythm of the spinning, and the ease with which the grand problem of the reverse is solved without a blow. He is the dancing man who claims the merit of waltz or galop, and if he has a good partner you will discover them taking relief from the monotony of the figure by alternating the direction of the swing. This can be done without risk of collision by moving inside the regular round of the dance, describing a smaller circle, but it has also the effect of precipitating an inclination to giddiness to which unscientomed waltzers of the outside ring may be subject.

The dancing man is made, not born. It is not in private parlies that he acquires so wonderful a command over his legs. He is the person to whom the professors of calisthenics, etc., both male and female, to whom we have before alluded, largely address themselves. Our dancing man frequents the academy of some distinguished shiplack, where the professor receives only advanced pupils. Here our dancing man learns the feats which put you to the blush when your awkward interpretation of Strauss or Godfrey into motion were contrasted with his. Not that the professor or his daughters could do with every one what they have done with our dancing man. He brings his soul to his work, and gives his whole mind to his heels. He picks up steps with wonderful alacrity. He has a kind of phenomenal apprehensiveness for the most recondite of figures. He has a memory of exceptional strength for postures. But besides his studies with adepts the dancing man has twice the experience of the average adventurer into evening parties. He is indefatigable in the season and never misses the chance of showing his accomplishments out of it. And, oddly enough, it often happens that neither middle age nor marriage cures the dancing man, and his gymnasia are perfect to the last. Fortiness imparts a kind of graceful swimming motion to his circuits, and any girl who knows the value of having her own dancing seen at its best cannot do better than keep a waltz or two on her card for the Benedict who in his early youth and long after the expiration of his legal infancy had won the admiration of many a ballroom by his grace, expedition and confidence in the discharge of a fascinating obligation of polite intercourse. *Pall Mall Gazette.*

— A terribly exciting scene occurred on the Cornwall, England, railway the other day. The driver of a mineral train, descending the incline which runs from Brungalon through St. Austell to Par, lost control over it, in consequence of defective brakes, and the train dashed at a frightful and increasing speed down the line on which a mail train was approaching. The driver of the passenger train saw the danger when the mineral train was a mile off, and reversed his engines. The passengers watched with breathless terror from every window the descending train. There was a race for life to Par, but the mail train was there first by twenty yards, and all danger was avoided. The scene appears to have been a most exciting one, for the officials and passengers at St. Austell station, when they saw the mineral train run away, all with one consent began to run along the line to witness the catastrophe they feared. Some of the passengers in the mail shrieked, others fainted, and the boldest was alarmed at the possible issue of the terrible chase, for the heavy mineral train for some time gathered impetus from the incline, and rapidly galoped on the mail. When they found their safety assured they overwhelmed the brave driver of the train, Samuel Westlake, with their thanks. A subscription on his behalf was set on foot with the consent of the railway directors, who will also make him an acknowledgment on their own account.

— The California Picard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, until MONDAY, FEBRUARY THIRD, 1873, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the city and county of San Francisco, to be called Montgomery Avenue," and to take private lands therefor, approved April 1, 1862. Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each Bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in GOLD COIN OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund.

The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,218,777 28, as ascertained and certified by decree final on the 11th of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at twenty-five millions of dollars ($25,000,000) and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

Bonds at par to the amount of one hundred and fifty-eight thousand dollars ($158,000) have already been accepted by and delivered to parties damaged, leaving one million eight six thousand seven hundred and thirty seven and 28-100 dollars ($1,056,737 28) to be provided for by the sale of Bonds. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds payable in gold coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond (excepting from bidders entitled to damages), satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor And Treasurer of the city and county of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds."

The Mayor And Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, November 7, 1872.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
JOHN A. RAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

Dec 7

SAN FRANCISCO PARK BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the Park Commissioners, south east corner of Washington and Kearney streets, until THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1873, AT ONE O'CLOCK P. M., for the purchase of SAN FRANCISCO PARK BONDS to the amount of Seventy-five Thousand Dollars ($75,000), or for any part thereof, authorized to be issued by said Commissioners, by an Act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to provide for the improvement of Public Parks in the City of San Francisco," approved April 4th, 1872, and an Act entitled "An Act to indemnify and to supplemental to an Act entitled 'An Act to provide for the improvement of Public Parks in the City of San Francisco,' approved April 4, 1872," approved March 9, 1872.

Said Bonds to be of a denomination of $1,000, with coupons for interest attached—per cent. shall interest payable in gold coin of the United States. These Bonds will be payable Twenty four and a half years from the date of the issue. Mr. January 1, 1873, and will bear interest at the rate of Six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco are required by law to raise by tax, in addition to the ordinary taxes, every year, a sum of money sufficient to pay the interest annually accruing on these Bonds, and the Public Parks and Avenues are pledged by law as security for the redemption of said Bonds.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase said Bonds, payable in U. S. gold coin.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids, as the public good may require.

Proposals should be addressed "To the Park Commissioners," and should be endorsed "Proposals for the purchase of San Francisco Park Bonds."

FRANK L. SULLIVAN, CHARLES F. MACDONALD, C. J. BIENHAM,
J. T. FLEMING, Secretary. Park Commissioners.

[Dec 7]

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date; latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 31.

OFFICE OF THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY,

526 California street, December 31, 1872. Dividend Notice. The GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY—The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of nine per cent (9) per annum on Term Deposits, and seven and one-half per cent. (7½) per annum on Ordinary Deposits, free from Federal Tax, for the six months ending December 31, 1872, payable on and after January 15th, 1873. By order,

GEO. LETTE, Secretary.

San Francisco, December 31, 1872. Jan. 4.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—CHANGE OF AGENCY.

Having resigned the Agency of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., the copartnership heretofore existing between us under the firm name of ELDRIDGE & IRWIN, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation. Mr. S. K. HOLMAN, Assistant Agent, will have charge of the Company's business as acting Agent.

OLIVER ELDRIDGE,
RICHARD B. IRWIN.

San Francisco, December 31st, 1872.

The undersigned has this day taken charge of the Agency of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY at San Francisco.

S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

San Francisco, January 1st, 1873.

Referring to the above notice, the undersigned will hereafter do a General SHIPPING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, under the firm name of RICHARD B. IRWIN & CO., at 30 & 32 Sansome street, corner of Pine.

RICHARD B. IRWIN

San Francisco, January 1st, 1873. Jan 4.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

San Francisco Savings Union, No. 532 California st., corner Webb. For the half year ending with the 31st December, 1872, a dividend has been declared at the rate of nine and six-tenths (9 6-10) per cent. per annum on term deposits, and eight (8) per cent. per annum on ordinary deposits, free from Federal tax—payable on and after the 15th January, 1873. By order,

LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.

Jan. 4

TO SCIENTISTS.

Wanted, M. Alphonse L. Pinart, the skulls of deceased Indians of tribes belonging to California, Arizona, Oregon, Washington Territory, Idaho, Alaska and British Columbia. Each skull must be accompanied by a certificate indicating the tribe to which deceased belonged and the exact locality where procured. A fair price will be paid on delivering the same to AGAPITUS HONCHARENKO, No. 11 Clay street, San Francisco, California, who is authorized to act in the matter as agent.

Paris, November 28, 1872. Dec. 28.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon Steamship Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 214 Sansome street.

Aug 10.

CHARLES G. EWING,

Optician, No. 121 Montgomery street, opposite Occidental Hotel, San Francisco. Wholesale and retail. Nautical Charts and Instruments. Instruments and apparatus imported to order, adjusted and repaired. Aug. 31.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

— IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Polizoi.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hood, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square, Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Munton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordova.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Sidney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Gross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel. Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pouze.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—R. Wallis, Prop.

St. Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genoves & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Moch & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

— A remarkable man now holds the post of one of the senior messengers in the India Office, London. Giovanni Battista Falcieri is the man on whose shoulders Lord Byron died at Missolonghi, at seven o'clock in the evening, on the 19th of April, 1824. He is a fine-looking, hale old man, of seventy-five years of age, and speaks with the highest respect of his noble master. In fact, any one that dared speak against the great poet might excite the indignation of Falcieri to a dangerous extent; and we doubt very much if even such Byronic detractors as Mrs. Stowe would altogether be safe. Falcieri used to swim with Lord Byron; but he was with him after the famous feat of swimming the Hellespont. This old chasseur tells with infinite pride that, while wearing a costume (uniform?) similar to that of his master, he would be occasionally saluted for his lordship. "Titta" is the Italian abbreviation of his name; and on an informant remarking on the difference of climate between England and Italy, he replied that he had not visited Italy for nearly forty years. He came over with the corpse of Lord Byron—was eventually appointed to serve in the Board of Control Office, from which, on the Indian Government passing entirely to the Crown, through the influence of Sir John Cam Hobhouse (Lord Broughton), Falcieri was appointed to the India Office, where he is to be found daily, with every promise of reaching a "green old age," one of the few connecting links between the times of Byron and our own.

— Mrs. Florida White, well known in the fashionable world forty years ago, was one of the most beautiful, accomplished, elegant and attractive women of her day. She was the daughter of General Adair, of Kentucky, and her first husband was Joseph M. White, the second delegate sent to Congress from the Territory of Florida. Highly educated, full of genius, and with the manners and bearing of a queen, her society was courted by the most elevated circles of Washington, New York and Boston. She was a brilliant conversationalist, ready and effective at repartee, and a sincere, warm-hearted gentlewoman of the most gracious and generous impulses. On one of her visits to Rome she was presented to the Pope. "Kneel, my daughter," said he, as she stood erect in her imperial grandeur before him. "All kneel but one except the daughters of royal princes." "I am a princess in my own right, your Holiness," she replied. "How can that be when you are an American born?" "In my country the people are sovereign, and I am a daughter of the people." The Pope smiled gracious assent, rejoining, "Then receive an old man's blessing."

— The Orleans princes, by accepting the return of their property, confiscated in 1852, have forever thrown away their chances to the French throne. The family are well-to-do, dilettante and well treated by society; that they should accept 40,000,000 francs at a moment when France is straining every nerve to raise money enough to throw off the hated German occupation, will furnish a just rebuke to all their future efforts to serve their country. The heirs of King Louis Philippe number twenty-two persons, in eight families; each family will receive about $1,000,000. Among the heirs is the unfortunate Empress Carlotta, of Mexico, whose mother was daughter of the king and sister of d'Aumale, Montpensier, and Prince de Joinville.

— A Rangoon paper states that his Majesty the King of Siam, who signs himself in a letter to Her Majesty as Her Majesty's affectionate friend and brother, sent to Eng and some three ago six boxes of presents for the acceptance of the Queen. The presents are as follows: Box No. 1—A water goblet, made of pure gold, 2, a wax taper stand, made of pure gold, 3, a box made of pure gold, supposed to be the sacred tooth box, 4, a splitter made of pure gold. Box No. 2—Two gold dresses and a gown. Boxes No. 3 and 4—Four spears, such as are borne by a part of the King's body guard when they follow him. Box No. 5—A large and small royal umbrella, white in color. Box No. 6—A royal palankeen.

— A "sweet thing" in divorce cases is likely to come on soon. Lord Wentworth brings a suit against his wife for a dissolution of marriage, and charges her with adultery with two co-respondents. The name of one, however has been withdrawn, the gentleman belonging to the Spanish Embassy, and not being amenable to the Court. It must be rather disappointing for him, I think, for there is some little distinction in being a co-respondent when a noble Lord is the petitioner, even if you are, as this gentleman is, the First Secretary of Legation.

— Bismarck was recently called upon by a Russian lady, who asked him for his autograph. After the Chancellor had complied with her request, she said to him: "Prince, may I use your autograph for a noble purpose?" "Certainly," he replied, "but what is it?" "My brother has been exiled to Siberia; let me write an application for his pardon over your name and the Czar will grant it." Bismarck consented, and Alexander II. informed him, when at Berlin recently, that the pardon had been granted.

— "The Pope he leads a jolly life," according to the song. Contrariwise, it is said that one reason of Pius IX.'s long life and good health is doubtless the simplicity of his table and his abstinence from everything he finds injurious. He scarcely allows any condiments in his food, excepting, however, tomatoes, of which he is so fond that he always gives the order which a Florentine gentleman always promulgates on the arrival of a new cook: "Be sure that you put tomatoes in everything but the coffee."

— The Emperor of Germany has lately conferred the Order of the Iron Cross on Mrs. Alsager, the English lady who was nursing in the hospitals of Saarbruck from the commencement of the war, 1870, to January, 1871, a false report of her death having prevented the inspector of the hospitals there (Dr. Kupper) from sending her name in for the decoration at the time when it was first awarded.

— The £10,000 voted by Parliament for the alteration and utilization of Greenwich Hospital is being expended by three out of the four extensive wings being cleared out and fitted up for the purpose of a Naval College, under admiralty contract with Messrs Smith, builders, London. Accommodation is being prepared for seven hundred young gentlemen.

— The private apartments of Philip II. in the palace of the Escorial remain in the same state as when he died. They are ostentatiously plain and uncomfortable. In the corner of the closet which served as his bed-room, a small window opens into the church, so that the king could witness the celebration of the mass when too ill to leave his bed.

— That odious little Catacazy has turned up again. He is in as high favor with Gortschakoff as ever; has just been entrusted with a very delicate negotiation at Rome, and enjoys the intimate friendship of President Thiers. We would recommend to Mr. Fish a slow and meditative reperusal of the 55th Psalm. It may help him to bear up.

— Ferdinand I., once Emperor of Austria, who abdicated in 1848 in favor of his nephew Francis Joseph, lies seriously ill in his retreat at the Royal Castle of Prague, and at our latest intelligence the dignitaries of the Church had been summoned to administer the last sacrament in the presence of the whole Court.

— Mlle. Lucille Tostee, who first introduced opera bouffe to New York, which was at the French Theater on Fourteenth street, under H. L. Bateman's management, is in Brussels, playing legitimate comedy. She is to return to America and appear in her celebrated character of the "Grand Duchesse."

— Mr. Arthur Haliburton, the son of the famous "Sam Slick," who has been for some time at the War office in control of a portion of the transport work, has just been offered by Lord Northbrook, under whom he served for some time at Pall Mall, the post of Assistant Accountant-General in India.

— Sir John Lubbock and Mr. Grant Duff are now traveling in Asia Minor, and it is expected they will bring home some very important and interesting information on the prehistoric remains of that region, an almost untried hunting-ground.

— The Naples journals state that on the 16th ult., during a thunder-storm at Capodimonte, whilst King Victor Emanuel was at breakfast, the lightning struck the next room, doing some damage. His Majesty did not even interrupt the repast.

— Peers in Great Britain are disqualified from voting. The Lord Chief Justice has maintained, and other Judges have concurred, that there is a positive exclusion of peers from the right to vote for members of the House of Commons.

— The California Picard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street; P. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions attached to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Retailers. N. B.—Ask for Judson's Dyes, twelve yards of bonnet ribbon. "SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.—The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success has been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to the finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which superseded every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Home, Club and Invalids, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills—Bruges, Belgium. Feb. 2.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution AGAINST FRAUD.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, bottles, stoppers and jars of the foreign market, attempts having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 21, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialities: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatic in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Budgett & Hughes. Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S WORM LOZENGES, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, containing Solid Quicksilver and Calomel in a most agreeable manner, for administering a well-known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Prepared for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies. Treble Water proof Gun Powder, Patent Fine Pigeon Shot, Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gun Light Cartridges, for Fire and Gas Light, Fire Breech Loading Gun Wire Cartridges, for Rifling guns at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, Sept. 1. 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patent.—To prevent infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

D. CALLAGHAN,
Manufacturer of Donnelly's Yeast Powders, Cream Tartar, Soda and Saleratus, 121 Front street, San Francisco, California.
April 6. D. CALLAGHAN Proprietor.

EDWARD F. HALL & CO.,
Stock Brokers and Members of the San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board. Cash advances made on active stock accounts kept with us. Jan. 13. Office: No. 416 California street.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 17.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. (Oct 23.) J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 15th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox. the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand Feet.

JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

Nov. 9.

A Sweet Thought for Sunday.

The bells are all ringing for parsons to preach,
How delightful to Christians the fact is
O, when will the peals my sad tympanum reach
Of bells for the parsons to practice!

Sunbeams.

—— A Wisconsin Indian is a nice fellow to have around, especially if he has a box of rattlesnakes. One who answered this description recently asked a farmer to give him a sheep which had been prepared for exhibition and on being refused, he fired at the sheep and the farmer set his dog on him and drove him off. With all the blood of his noble race boiling in his veins at this indignity the Indian went straight to his tent, got his box of snakes, and returning, waited till the farmer and his wife had retired, and then entered their room and emptied five rattlesnakes upon the bed. With the assistance of the hired man the reptiles were all killed before any one was bitten

—— A woman who was recently brought before a London police court for assaulting her husband, urged in defense that, on coming home from a convivial party, the night of the assault, she found that her husband had retired and had wrapped all the bed-clothes around him, and lay, looking like a huge cocoon, in the middle of the bed. She tried to secure her lawful share of the clothes, when he, irritated at the disturbance, struck her, and she took up a bar of iron and heavily belabored him. The judge bound her over not to do so any more

—— "Sal," cried a girl, looking down from the upper story of a grocery, addressing another girl, who was trying to enter the front door, "we're all bein to camp meeting, and we have been converted, so when you want milk on Sunday, you'll have to come around to the back door."

—— "Cham," the French caricaturist, advises that the desk of the tribune in the French national assembly should be covered with pieces of broken bottles, like garden walls, in order to prevent the orators from continually thumping it with their fists.

—— "What is the meaning of 'ex nihilo nihil fit'?" asked a Highlander of a village schoolmaster. "Weel, Donald," answered the dominie, "I dinna mind the literal translation; but it just means that ye canna tak' the breeks off a Highlandman."

—— A totally depraved Kentucky boy recently threw a handful of cartridges into the coal scuttle at church and watched the effect. Presently the fire was replenished, the cartridges went off, and also the minister and congregation.

(From Punch.)

—— "If he isn't, he should have been."—Shallow people have been asking on what possible ground Bob Lowe, an Englishman born and bred, should have been asked to preside at the Scottish dinner. We should have thought it clear—from his tight grip o' the bawbees. "*Ipsis Hibernis Hibernior*" used to be said of the English settlers in Ireland. "*Ipsis Scotis Scotior*" is surely true of the Chancellor of the Exchequer whenever the cash is concerned.

—— "'Tis not a day or two shows us a man," remarks Mrs. Emily Iago. Or a woman. I know a family in which there was an old maiden lady, who by the united voice of everybody was declared "the sweetest old lady in the world." Yet the family did nothing but quarrel. When she became extinct, so did all the quarreling.

—— Mr. Gladstone (in his beautiful valedictory address to the University of Edinburgh) mentioned that among the Greeks ugliness was regarded as a kind of sin. I have heard strong-minded ladies assert that in England there exists a similar superstition.

—— Quite another Thing.—Paddy (the loser)—"Arrah, g along! I said I'd lay yoo foive to wan, but I wasn't goin' to bet my ha'f-crown agin your tath'rin little sixpence!" [Exeunt fighting.]

(From Fun.)

——Dry and Crusty.—Old Fusby: "Waiter! bring me half a pint of sherry." Waiter: "Sherry, sir, yessir!—(A pause.)—Dry, sir?" Old F.: "Well, if I am, what's that to you?"

—— An Un-alp-y Guess.—Hon. Capt. Musket (to casual acquaintance): "Visited the Alps this year?" Mr. Cadd: "The Alps! oh, yes! Dined with 'em frequently in Paris."

—— Go to Coventry!—Woman was made from a rib-bone—she loves rib-bon(s) to this day.

—— Like Cures Like.—Not always—nothing like a smart shower for spoiling a smart bonnet.

(From Judy.)

—— What is the difference between a tortoise-shell tom and a burnt child?—One is a brindled cat, the other a kind of brat.

—— They say crocodiles do not really weep; we know a sailor, though, who has seen whale's blubber.

—— "A bumper at parting," as the drunken man said when he ran up against the post.

—— Be temperate in diet—our first parents ate themselves out of house and home.

—— Ought you to reckon a dog's worth by what he will fetch or what he will bring?

—— It makes all the difference if you put Dr. before instead of after a man's name.

—— A Bad Glass for the Eyes—Your sixth glass of hot brandy and water.

—— An Effective Peace (piece) Maker—A bull in a china shop.

—— The Best Flowers for Winter Wear—Furze.

—— Painful Suspense—Hanging.

—— A Stock-in' Trade—Hosiery.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, December 22, 1872, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland, Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for all stops, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted), S. F. & N. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Donahue with Trains for Cloverdale; making close connection at Lakeville with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7.0, 8.10, 9.20, 10.10 and 11.20 A.M., 12.10, 1.30, 3.00, 4.00, 4.15, 5.30, 6.15, 9.20 and *11.20 P.M. (9.20, 11.20 and 4.00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5.20, 6.10, 7.30, 9.00 and 11.40 A.M., 1.30, 2.40, 3.35, 4.10, 7.25 and 10.10 P.M.

Leave Oakland * 6.50, 8.20, 9.10, 10.00 and 11.10 A.M., 12.0, 1.4, 2.30, 5.0, 5.00, 6.30, 8.05 and 10.20 P.M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7.20, 9.2 and 11.15 A.M., 1.20, 4.20, 5.50 and 7.00 P.M. (1.20, 11.15 and 5.00 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4.30, 7.00 and 1.4 A.M., and 2.30 P.M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5.25, 7.25, 9.00 and 11.20 A.M., 1.20, 4.05 and 5.20 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 8th, 1872.

Trains South.		Through Train	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—San Francisco,		8.10 a m	*3.20 p m	*4.40 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11.10 a m	5.02 p m	7.00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12.50 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2.20 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2.40 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—Hollister,				11.30 a m
Salinas				[illegible] a m
Castroville				[illegible] a m
Pajaro				[illegible] a m
Gilroy				[illegible]
San Jose		*6.20 a m	7.[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m
San Francisco	Arrive	8.10 a m	[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m

*Saturdays at [illegible] p m Sundays excepted

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at [illegible] a m, arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1.00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11.[illegible] a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets; also Valencia street at its junction with Twenty fifth street, at 6 A. M., running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock P. M., and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty-fifth street at 11.10 P. M., and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 M. The cars run to Main street up to [illegible] P. M., after which they run only as far as Sansome street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag reading "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted Blue, and are the only cars running to the S. P. R. R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S. P. R. R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty-fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes, direct to Hayes Park.

Nov. 12 THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 423 Front street.
March 25.]

UNITED STATES, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA MAIL S. S. LINE.

Contractors for Carrying the British and American Mails, via Honolulu.—The splendid paddle wheel steamships of this line are specially constructed for speed, and arranged to promote health, comfort, and free ventilation during voyages in the heated tropics. One of the following fleet, viz. Nevada 3400 tons, Dacota, 3400 tons, Nebraska, 3400 tons, will leave for Ports in the above named Colonies, via Honolulu, every Fourth Wednesday, on arrival of the mail from London. Steamship Dakota will sail Nov. 13th. For Freight and Passage, and further information, apply at the Offices of the line, No. 317 Sansome street, San Francisco. I. W. RAYMOND, Agent.
[Oct. 26.]

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8.15 a. m., 11 a. m., 1.30 p. m. Saucelito at 9 a. m., 9.30 a. m. and 3.30 p.m. Sundays Time: San Francisco, 10 a. m., 12 m., 2 p. m. and 4 p. m. Saucelito, 11 a. m., 1, 3 and 5 p. m. On Saturdays, an extra trip from Saucelito at 5.15 p. m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a. m. H. A. COBB, President, 22, Montgomery street.
Nov. 16.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, Wm. Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible] Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] P. M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. [Aug. 21.] CHAS. MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL.

Gardens and Farms, at the junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot.—This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows. San Francisco, 9.20 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 4.20 p.m. San Rafael, 7.45 a.m., 11.15 a.m., 2.20 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows. Leaving San Francisco at 11.00 a.m., 3.10 p.m.; San Rafael, 8.00 a.m., 1.2 p.m. [Aug. 21.] CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has "C. KEARSLEY" printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for freckles, tan, sunburn, or any roughness of the skin in bottles, 2s. 9d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS, Feb. 26. 150 Oxford st. London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition; and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Colors, Sponges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded free of all charge monthly by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 23.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary, Wm. Barney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Barney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Freerd, H. Trauke, F. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, C. W. Mehrerle, J. C. Langton, J. T. Pomeroy, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office—334 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments. Dec 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Building.
Justices—422 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall
Probate—City Hall.
Fourth District—City Hall
Twelfth District—City Hall
Fifteenth District—423 Montgomery street.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and County Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets
City Physician—City Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] Kearny street
Custom House—Battery street
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm
Mayor—City Hall
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall
Tax Collector—City Hall
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall
County Clerk—City Hall
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall
Auditor—City Hall
Treasurer—City Hall
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—229 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall
Outside Land Committee—24 Exchange Building, Washingt'n and Montgomery streets
Health Office—Jackson street.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Jackson St., bet Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
Quarantine—Theatre street
Harbor Master—19 Vallejo St.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

Belgium—E. Gilsar, 1217 Powell.
Chili—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street
Chili—Consul General Francisco 2d Casanueva, 308 Battery st
Denmark—G. O'Hara Taafe, 320 California street.
Ecuador—Daniel Woll (absent).
France—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, 313 California street
Guatemala—Juan Urruela, 409 Battery.
Hawaiian Islands—Henry W Severance, 401 Front street.
Honduras—Wm. V. Wells, 37 Second
Italy—G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
Japan—G. W. Brooks, Grand Hotel
Mexico—J. [illegible], 526 Kearny
German Empire—C. A. C. Dalsberg, 319 Sacramento street.
Netherlands—J. De Fremery, 323 Sansome street
Nicaragua—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomerystreet.
Peru—De la Fuentesy Subirat Federico.
Portugal—Francis Berton sw. cor. Clay and Liedesdorff. Sts
Russia—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
San Salvador—D. J. Dorsey.
Spain—J. Mateu, 427 California.
Sweden and Norway—G. C. Johnson, Battery street
Switzerland—Francis Berton.
U. S. of Colombia—F. Herrera
Bolivia—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street
Callao—D. J. Williamson, 230 Brannan street
Costa Rica—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Oregon—Geo Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
Argentine Republic—C. Baum, 316 Battery street
Austro-Hungarian—G. Muecke, 302 California street.
Turkey—George W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.

The Veiled Muse.

Spirit of Beauty, haunt me not!
Thou bringest insufferable pain;
Thou who art gone, be thou forgot,
Nor rise to vex my rest again.
Either with memories sadly sweet,
Or hopes foredoomed to dull defeat.

Ah, come no more in whispering leaves,
Or peaceful grass, or breath of flowers!
Enough this baffled spirit grieves,
Remembering thee and rosy hours.
Spare it the throbs of hope and fear—
The cruel sense that thou art near.

The passion dies within my soul;
The music dies within my brain;
Save when there comes a funeral toll,
A low, lamenting, sad refrain,
An echo from that shrine of song
Long darkened and deserted long.

In what was fair I once had part—
But all fair things are now my shame.
Their nameless beauty hurts my heart,
Because I cannot speak its name!
Uttered, 'twould make that heart rejoice;
But oh, I cannot give it voice!

Once in these veins the blood was warm;
With ardent joy this heart beat high;
And the great gales that proudly storm
The loftiest rampart of the sky
Were not more daring, fierce and strong
Than this now silent soul of song.

But, wasted now that youth of gold,
Through mortal being a battered slave!
And he to die may well be bold,
Who is not bold enough to live—
In haunted silence of disgrace,
Where hush'd thy voice and veiled thy face

Ah, come no more to do me wrong,
In twilight hours of tender dream
When this worn nature seems less strong
Than evening mist that shrouds the stream
Though love be dead, at least retain
Some pity for thy lover's pain:

And don't forget, though all be past,
That thou and I clasped hands in youth;
I saw thee close, I held thee fast,
Plucked kisses from thy rosy mouth,
Learned that bliss which now I weep—
The love I won but could not keep.

The Fables of Zambri, the Parsee.

TRANSLATED FOR "FUN" FROM THE PERSIAN BY DOD GRILE.

XII.

A bear, who had worn himself out walking from one end of his cage to the other, addressed his keeper thus.

"I say, friend, if you don't procure me a shorter cage I shall have to give up zoology; it is about the most wearing pursuit I ever engaged in. I favor the advancement of science, but the mechanical part of it is a trifle severe, and ought to be done by contract."

"You are quite right, my hearty," said the keeper, "it is severe; and there have been several excellent plans proposed to lighten the drudgery. Pending the adoption of some of them, you would find a partial relief in lying down and keeping quiet."

"It won't do—it won't do!" replied the bear, with a mournful shake of the head, "it's not the orthodox thing. Inaction may do for professors, collectors, and others connected with the ornamental part of the noble science, but for us, we must keep moving, or zoology would soon revert to the crude guesses and mistaken theories of the apple period. And yet," continued the beast, after the keeper had gone, "there is nothing novel and ingenious in what the underling suggests. I must remember that, and when I have leisure give it a trial."

It was noted next day that the noble science had lost an active apostle, and gained a passive disciple. No moral.

XIII.

A herd of cows, blown off the summit of the Himalayas, were sailing some miles above the valleys, when one said to another:

"Got anything to say about this?"

"Not much," was the answer, "it's airy."

"I wasn't thinking of that," continued the first; "I am troubled about our course. If we could leave the Pleiades a little more to the right, striking a middle course between Bootes and the ecliptic, we should find it all plain sailing as far as the solstitial colure. But once we get into the Zodiac upon our present bearing, we are certain to meet with shipwreck before reaching our aphelion."

They escaped this melancholy fate, however, for some Chaldean shepherds, seeing a nebulous cloud drifting athwart the heavens and obscuring a favorite planet they had just invented, brought out their most powerful telescopes and resolved it into independent cows, whom they proceeded to slaughter in detail, by discharging at them the instruments of smaller calibre. There have been occasional "meat showers" ever since. There are probably nothing more than—

[Our author can be depended upon in matters of fact, his scientific theories are not worth printing.—*Translator*.]

XIV.

A hen who had had hatched out a quantity of ducklings was somewhat surprised, one day, to see them take to the water and sail away out of her jurisdiction. The more she thought of this the more unreasonable such conduct appeared, and the more indignant she became. She resolved that it must cease forthwith. So she soon afterward convened her brood and conducted them to the margin of a hot pool having a business connection with the boiling spring of Doo-sno-swair. They straightway launched themselves for a cruise—returning immediately to the land, as if they had forgotten their ship's-papers.

When Callow Youth exhibits an eccentric tendency, give it him hot.

Theatrical Nuisances.

Joe Cowell, in his book of theatrical reminiscences, describes the annoyance actors experience by the ceaseless fumbling of programmes and turning of leaves in their "books of the play" by the audience. Actors are not the only sufferers from the restlessness of concert and play goers. There are people in every audience who are in perpetual struggle to keep up a connection between the performance and the programme, and twist and turn their handbills in this vain effort, as if an entertainment consisted of perusing the account of it. Then there are others who *must* read the libretto or the "book of the play," and only occasionally give their regards to the performers, tormenting themselves to find where the speaker or singer is now, why this is omitted, why something is done that is not down on the book, and so on. Then there are others—principally ladies—who keep up a continual disturbance with their programmes. They fold them, turn them, rattle them, crush them, make fans of them, ceaselessly find something to do with them that will make a noise, to the exasperation of every attentive listener in the assembly. If the writer were a great tragedian or a singer, he would certainly stipulate, as a condition of his appearance, that programmes and books of the play should be excluded from the audiences whenever it was his mission to entertain. What with rattling programmes, noisy ushers, musicians who always come stumbling in to their places, to the ruin of the last scene of every act of a play, and go stumbling out again at the opening of every first scene; people who come bustling in too late, and people who go bustling out too soon; people who come to talk, and people whose ears, responding a flash too late, are forever asking what the last speaker said—between these combinations the man who likes to enjoy a play deliberately and freely is put in a nervous torment enough to make him forswear public entertainments forever!—*Appleton's Journal*

—— It is said that the hair-dressers of London, some 3,000 strong, are seriously thinking of amalgamating into one general institution, not for any intimidatory purpose, but simply to improve the position of their business. They wish to become more thoroughly acquainted with chemistry in connection with the human hair and with the manufacture of perfumes, and they seriously think that, could it be readily provided, false hair would be generally worn by the community. They desire, too, to make themselves able to converse affably with their customers.

—— The *John Bull* says: We believe that the Tory party will cordially support the claims of women, themselves householders and possessors of property, to the electoral franchise, believing that the right to a vote should be given with regard to property and not to sex.

—— A young Israelite, Mr. Lionel D. Rosenthal, of Dublin, has gained the Junior Freshman Exhibition Prize at Dublin University, value £50, tenable for two years. There were forty competitors.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

The Chinese Army.

The news just received from China, to the effect that the Chinese Government has declared its intention of siding with Korea in the event of the present dispute between that country and Japan ending in an open rupture, gives an additional interest to the inquiry in what state of preparation would the war find the Chinese forces at the present time? From an article which appeared in a recent number of the *Revue des Deux Mondes* by M. Giquel, the superintendent of the Foochow arsenal, and from various notices contained in some of the later issues of the *Overland China Mail*, we gather the following particulars on the subject: Like all the rest of the world China has, during the last few years, been arming rapidly. At the present moment the Government has under its orders a force of 50,000 men armed with Enfield and Remington rifles, and drilled on the European model by European officers, supplemented by thirty field and mountain batteries. At Shanghai, Nanking, Foochow, and Tientsin arsenals and dockyards have been established under foreign superintendence, where the manufacture of guns, powder and rifles, and the construction of ships of war have for some time been actively carried on. At Foochow 2,500 Chinese artisans work under the superintendence of seventy-five Europeans, and have so far become skilled at their labor as to be able to build and fit up three steamers a year. Five men-of-war have already been launched from the dockyard at Shanghai, and at the present moment there are two iron despatch boats and a sister frigate to the one just launched, on the stocks at that place. Besides these a large iron steamer is to be built measuring 290 feet in length, and of 1,300 tons in burden, and also a fleet of sailing transports.

If we turn to the coast defences, we find an equal degree of activity—notably in the neighborhood of the capital and on the approach thereto. The Taku forts, which proved so fatally destructive to our gunboats in 1859, and which offered such a firm resistance to the allied armies in the following year, have been completely rebuilt, and the old-fashioned native smoothbore have been displaced by rifled cannon of foreign manufacture. The comparatively harmless fortifications at the mouth of the Peh-tang river have been made into formidable works, while along the coast connecting these two fortified places, as well as above and below them, a series of rifle-pits have been dug. The road between Taku and Pekin has been raised and made available for the rapid transport of men and war material; and half way between the former place and Tientsin a fortified camp has been constructed and armed with five Krupp guns. These military reforms, however, appear only in the neighborhood of the principal ports and of Pekin. Elsewhere, in Kweichow, Yunnan and the Northwestern Provinces, the Miau-tsze and Mahommedan rebels have to contend with forces armed and drilled after the manner of their forefathers. A correspondent, writing from the first-named province, gives an account of the melancholy condition of the troops who are supposed to be there engaged in combating the Miau-tsze. Of the numerous battalions returned by the general as fully manned, the merest skeletons only exist in reality. The pay issued to those actually serving is uncertain and various in kind; sometimes, but very rarely, it is represented by specie; at other times rice is given as an equivalent, and often the men are sent away from the pay office empty-handed. The natural results follow. Powder is to be bought for twopence a pound in the streets of Kweiyang Foo, and matchlocks are offered at something less than two shillings apiece. These are constantly purchased and repurchased by the General, who thus succeeds in satisfying the wants of his men, at the same time that he gains to himself credit for buying military stores at a remarkably cheap rate. Mr. Cooper in his book of travels gives much the same account of the Imperial forces operating in the province of Yunnan.—*Pall Mall Gazette*.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards and are so complicated that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 634 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24.

OFFICE OF THE CEDERBERG GOLD MINING CO.,

420 Montgomery street, Room 3, Third Floor.—San Francisco, December 9, 1872.—Information having been brought to this office that stock of the so-called extensions of the Cederburg Gold Mining Company has been sold as the stock of this Company, parties dealing in Cederberg stock are warned to be careful to see that it is signed by JOB M. SEAMANS, President.
D. M. DOVEE, Secretary. Dec. 14.

NO BRIDGE OR PIER

Is absolutely safe unless the Timber is prepared by the "Humar" process. It is indorsed by all eminent Engineers in Europe and America. Warranted to be indestructible by either the attacks of the teredo or the action of the elements. Testimonials furnished. Contracts solicited.
Dec. 14. Apply to THOMAS WALLACE, 534 California street.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment, into better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
LOWNDES & HAMLIN, Agents. Nov. 11.

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC LOHMAN JOHN W. TAYLOR.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION
Nov. 30 501 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco, N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12

C. L. Crackbon.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. Murdock.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

E. F. CHILD,

Stock Broker, 503 California street, San Francisco, California. March 2.

Obscene Literature.

There is a class of books, multiplying rapidly during the last few years, which are producing a pernicious effect in our midst. Under cover of a medical disguise they are the vehicle for suggesting ideas of the most unnatural and infamous character. Under the cunning pretext of plain-spokenness, they revel in unrestrained coarseness and pander to every lewd imagining. They circulate under the ban, they shun the light, they are hawked around by men who first feel their way by leaving a prospectus of the work, they are bought only by the ignorant, the unwary, or the vilest of the vile. An incident occurred at Oakland last week which may give some idea of the proportions this evil is assuming. While one of our well-known citizens was in town, having left his wife and a domestic at home as usual, a man came sneaking to the back-door, and, *after first asking if there was a man on the premises*, presented a paper to the girl instructing her to give it to the lady of the house. It was a prospectus of a work entitled "Sexual Science, including Manhood, Womanhood, Reproduction, Maternity, Bearing, Puberty, Girlhood, etc., by Prof. [illegible]. A synopsis is then given of the contents of the book, under such captions as "How Young Women May Perpetuate their Charms, Why Men Admire a Full Bust in Women, Sexual Trials for Girls, Intercourse, Amorous Husbands, The Sexual Organs, How Young Husbands Should Treat their Brides, Preventing Conception," and so on down both sides of the sheet, in language we cannot state or pages by repeating, but which few men can read without a [illegible] indignation, that a miscreant should dare to thrust it into the hands of any pure, good woman. Is the arm of the law powerless to prevent this? We read in the criminal reports how a human beast without discourse of reason is arrested for exposing his person, but here is nakedness, lustful and hideous, forced upon the gaze of our wives, sisters and daughters. George Francis Train and Mrs. Woodhull are now deservedly undergoing imprisonment for publishing indecencies, the echoes of the almost universal outcry from both press and people, condemning Mr. Hepworth Dixon, have scarcely died away; but the most highly-colored details of either appear tame and inert beside the revolting immoralities of this book. It will surprise many to learn that at the foot of this sheet is the imprint of A. L. Bancroft & Co., General Agents. That this firm should be engaged in the dissemination of obscene publications in this cowardly underhand way is a blot on their fame that cannot be explained away. It seems hardly credible that a house of their standing should, for the little paltry gain they make by it, descend to such a disgrace. In doing their best to scatter vice broadcast throughout the land, Messrs. Bancroft & Co. are working incalculable harm, and they will find it recoil on themselves in the shape of a tarnished reputation in the eyes of all right-minded persons. Those who circulate obscenity openly the law hunts down with merciless severity. Those who do it insidiously are far more powerful for evil, and therefore all connected with the sale of this book deserve to be denounced as enemies to society and systematic corrupters of public morals.

Go Through 'Em.

We are glad to be able to state that the appliances for robbing countrymen sojourning in our city are steadily on the increase. It has long been a matter of regret to our best citizens that people from the interior were so often allowed to escape from the town, carrying away with them in many instances their clothes, and even at times small sums of money. Though the evil was apparent, the remedy has not been so obvious. It has been our misfortune that the country participated in the law making power—has participated, indeed, to the extent of a limited control. A bill requiring each rural visitor arriving in San Francisco to turn out his pockets to the citizen discovering him, to deliver his baggage to the city at the [illegible] as a municipal fine, and to mortgage his farm and property in the interior to whoever should first learn of their existence, would probably meet with opposition from country members, and without very considerable disbursements to the lobby, would probably fail. Such being among the difficulties attending the robbery of strangers—from a legal point of view, of course—any device hit upon by our enterprising fellow citizens tending to accomplish the same result in some less direct but equally effective manner, is worthy of special mention and praise. We are glad to be able to call attention to a very neat thing practiced by the managers of one of the principal hotels of this city. The great caravansaries have each an arrangement with a particular hackman whereby no other hacks save his are allowed to stand in front of the hotel, or ply to and from it in the regular way. For this the arrangement, the proprietors levy directly from the hack proprietor, but in the end from the guests sojourning in the house, the monthly sum or rental of two hundred dollars per month. Not a bad thing to take in these dull and depressed times. But this is not all. The privilege of robbing the traveling public has been allowed to grow into a capitalized property, and the present hackman at one of the hotels we refer to paid, we are told, a bonus of $[illegible] to come into the estate. Now, of course, a hackman who pays $[illegible] down as capital, and $200 per month as a continuing tribute for the first pull at the countrymen freshly arrived, must give them a pretty good tug, and if he does not pull away the skin, it is all to the [illegible] we fancy. There remains, we are led to believe, in the bucolic mind, a [illegible] traditional idea of a time when the landlord of a hostelry could be depended upon to protect his guest freshly arrived from the extortionate demands of the hackman, or other person who had driven to the inn. And we are told that this antique notion still operates to the extent that guests who feel themselves imposed upon in many cases call upon the clerk to settle the bill, and to see that not too much is paid for the service. This is a most fortunate circumstance, and should be turned to good advantage. The landlord should be called in every case of a dispute about hack fares as a disinterested person, and as such he cannot fail to recollect that his tenant the hack proprietor, is having a tough time of it with his rent and bonus, and the two together ought to have but little trouble in making a handsome grab at the countrymen's purse. Everything goes.

The Harbor.

The sins of the Harbor Commissioners—the guilty ones—are fast finding them out, and it seems probable, since the indictment of Mr. John Marks and his son, that all concerned in the frauds will receive their meed of justice. It is to be hoped, now the eyes of our citizens are opened, that a glance at the frauds will lead them to look further into the general defects of our harbor system. Standing upon the threshold of a continent, with the shipping of the Indian and China seas daily coming hitherward, it behooves us to make our port our chief local interest—a State matter. The State should furnish the money, if necessary, to make it what it should be, and enable us to reduce our present enormous rates. To begin with, it would be well to do away with the rotten wooden wharves that disgrace our city front, and erect in their stead structures of California hewn granite, built by masons, such blocks as are seen in Liverpool and other superior ports. The immediate expenditure would perhaps seem great, but a comparison at the end of ten years between the cost of erecting a stone wharf and the enormous outlay required for repairing, replanking, and keeping in order a wooden one, would show a large balance in favor of the former. Tolls, which are an extortion taken with the other wharf rates, should be abolished, and we do not think the treasury would miss much even then, for it would be impossible to find, along the entire city front, a book containing a full and true account of the receipts of any wharf for the past year. It has been suggested by some that wharves be leased at auction to the highest bidder, each one separately, but this system would create a competition and unevenness of rates that would be perplexing to the ship captains, and of no good to the city. Rather let the dockage of ships be conducted by the Harbor Master, a gentleman who now draws $250 per month for the arduous work of keeping the ships clear for the ferryboats. Let the principal changes be made in the hitherto complicated manner of collecting dues, for where money passes through so many hands, a little sticks to each. Let the Secretary of the Board of Harbor Commissioners present the bills after they shall have been signed by the members of the Board to the consignees, receive the money, and pass it into the treasury, which we'll warrant will be fuller for the simple operation.

—— The Australian Steam Line Subsidy bill is again to come before Congress. Webb asks $500,000 per annum for ten years. The new organization, elsewhere announced, say that the whole matter will be postponed pending negotiations with New South Wales, and that if these are satisfactory, $100,000 per annum for six years will be a very liberal contribution for this country to make.

Siamese Twins.

ARCADES AMBO, that is, "blackguards both."—BYRON.

Chronny had a little Post
Which fleeced its readers so,
For everywhere that Chronny went,
The Post was sure to go.

It followed him about each day,
Which was against the rule,
It made the people laugh and talk
To see George such a f—tool.

"What makes the Post ape Chronny so?"
They cried, with much ado.
"Why, Chronny prints the Post, you know,
And lends it 'stuffing,' too!"

Mr. C. T. Fay on the Constitution.

Speaking for the *News Letter* alone, and not to be held up for anybody else, we must say that we hope Stanford may get Goat Island. We are moved to this upon many grounds, but more especially because we think if he did get it, he would certainly [illegible] the handsome thing by us. But while we hope he may get it, we begin to doubt much if it will after all do him any good. We listened attentively to Mr. Fay's remarks at the meeting last Saturday night in the Hall of the Chamber of Commerce, and confess that his point against the constitutionality of the bill did not quite convince us, certainly set us thinking as we suspect it will many others besides us. Mr. Fay's point, as nearly as we can state it, was to this effect: Section 8 of Article 1 of the Constitution gives to Congress power to regulate commerce with foreign nations and between the several States. This Mr. Fay contends, is a grant of power to Congress. Article 1 of Section 10 confers upon the United States exclusive jurisdiction over the District of Columbia, or other site of the National Capital. This, he insists, would stand alone likewise be a grant of power. But it must be read in connection with Article 4 of Section 7, which guarantees to every citizen the right to the unrestricted pursuit of happiness, subject only to the condition that unless he shall be a native born citizen, or a citizen at the time of the adoption of the Constitution, he shall not have the right to coin money, to issue letters of marque or reprisal, to emit bills of credit or pass any Bill of Attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or make anything except gold and silver, or greenbacks, legal tender for the payment of debt. From this Mr. Fay argues, with a great deal of ingenuity, to say the least, that save in the pursuit of happiness alone, and as a necessary adjunct thereto, and upon no other ground, and not even in such case, except he intends to remove it to some point within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, say at Washington City, or some similar place, can Stanford have Goat Island. So far so good, say we, and up to this point we confess that Mr. Fay's position is practically unassailable. But Mr. Fay as we understand him, goes further and claims that it is as much as the power of Congress to regulate our relations with foreign nations and the Indian tribes, as laid down by Section 8 Article 1, he has expressed that therefore the Island cannot be conferred upon any citizen on account of race, color, religion, or previous condition of servitude. With all due deference to the learned authority, we must be allowed to hesitate in accepting this proposition. We think he goes too far. The Fifteenth Amendment was a beneficent measure, passed solely with the view expressed and adopted, of especially the Democratic Party, and keeping Piper out of Congress, and to make use of its provisions at this late day to accomplish the ejection of Mr. Fay to the President in 1876, though Mr. Fay's position as a citizen at the time of the adoption of the Constitution, thus showing him to be the oldest inhabitant, is a strong one, yet we at least cannot be induced to assent to it. Never, while memory holds her seat. "The Union must and shall be preserved."

How to Win Commerce.

In the *News Letter's* special edition for Australia, published on Monday last and dispatched per the *Nebraska*, we made an important announcement, which will be found elsewhere in our present issue, and has reference to the new organization which is to run a steam line to Australia. This announcement seems to have taken the little *Call* by surprise—though why it should we are at a loss to conceive. Every one moderately well posted knows that Australia would have nothing to do with the Webb line, and has recently invited tenders for a thoroughly effective service upon conditions which necessarily exclude Webb's steamers, which are wooden side-wheelers, whilst iron screw propellers are stipulated for. This being so, the *Call* ought to rejoice that the enterprise is being taken hold of here by men who never fail in any thing. But then, railroads are said to have an interest in it, and Pickering's anti-railroad monomania is so intense at present that he could not be happy even in heaven if a Stanford or a Scott were there. To establish really effective steam lines that can successfully compete with those on rival routes and win commerce for San Francisco, is one of those desirable things the doing of which ought to be applauded by all of our citizens. Steam lines are the best possible feeders to the roads, and that being so, railroad men are legitimately employed in promoting their establishment. In doing that they are serving their own interests and those of San Francisco at the same time. This very matter illustrates how insane is the cry which would breed strife where the ties of mutual interests should bespeak harmony.

The Goat Island War Virtually Ended.

One by one the arguments against the cession of a portion of Goat Island to the Central Pacific Railroad were given up, until at last the opposition were content to rest their case upon two grounds only, viz: that the whole of the island was needed for military purposes, and second, that connecting the island with the main land would be destructive of the harbor. It was upon these arguments that Governor Booth based his speech at the recent meeting. There has been a kind of tacit consent that these questions should be determined by experts. Accordingly, when Senators Casserly and Cole moved to have the matter referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, Senator Stewart, who had charge of the bill, at once assented. The result is that General Humphrey, Chief Engineer of the United States Army, reports "that certain portions of Goat Island may be relinquished for commercial purposes without materially impairing the seacoast defenses. The portion that may be thus occupied includes twenty-eight acres of the northern portion of the island, together with the northeastern and southern portions of the shores, reserving sufficient space on the eastern shore for two Government wharves. The opinion is expressed that no material injury to the San Francisco harbor channel will result from the construction of a railroad bridge from Oakland to the island, if built upon piers of minimum dimensions placed in the direction of the currents." Far removed as he is from all local prejudices or influences, this report of General Humphrey ought to be accepted as final.

Pickering vs. MacCrellish.

The pot is engaged in declaring that the kettle is black. The *Call* is after the *Alta*. The former, as a systematic promulgator of bogus statements, objects to the latter poaching upon its particular domain. The *Alta* gave, under displayed heads, a pretended telegram from Washington announcing the formation of the new organization to run our Australian steam line. The news published by the *Alta* was correct, but the *Call* claims that the dispatch was written in this city. The *Call* is right. The *Alta* stole the whole thing on Wednesday from the *News Letter's* Australian edition published on the previous Monday.

—— We regret to announce the failure of George Clifford, an old pioneer merchant, and for several years past acting as broker and operator in tea, rice, sugar and other merchandise. Mr Clifford's debts and liabilities amount to about $75,000, and his assets $20,000. He is largely indebted to several Chinese resident merchants—in fact, the bulk of his indebtedness is for rice bought of China merchants. It is to be feared that this failure is to be attributed to outside operations quite distinct from regular legitimate business, and that the failure will occasion considerable litigation.

—— Mr. Wm. N. Olmstead, long a California-street merchant of good standing in the China trade, has been taken into the new mercantile firm of Richard B. Irwin & Co., a house which promises to rank highly in commercial circles.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Things to Think of. By Rev. H. A. Sawtelle. 12mo, cloth.
Life of Chas. Dickens. By John Forster. Vol. II. 12mo., cloth.
Treasure Trove. With Illustrations. By S. Eytinge, Jr. 16mo., cloth.
A Lovely Life. By J. A. St. John Blythe. 12mo., cloth.
Camping Out. By C. A. Stevens. 12mo. cloth.
Left on Labrador. By C. A. Stevens. 12mo. cloth.
Mrs. Skaggs' Husband and Other Sketches. By Bret Harte. 12mo. cloth.
Livingstone and His African Explorations. 12mo., cloth.
Dr. Wainwright's Patient. A Novel. By Edmund Yates. 8vo., paper.
The Strange Adventures of a Phaeton. By Wm. Black. 8vo., cloth.
Spicy. A Novel. By Mrs. Martha J. Lamb. 8vo., paper.

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Heald's College Journal,

An eight page [illegible] published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school, and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing
E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug. 15.] San Francisco.

PETER SHORT,
Merchant Tailor, 113 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

DR. AHORN,
Residence and office, 213 Geary street, [illegible] the Plaza. Dec. 28.

THOMAS TURNBULL,
Art[illegible], Phelan Block, No. 688 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,
Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento [illegible]. May 30

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

—— San Francisco is the Benjamin of cities. Young and unusually favored, it has shut [illegible] of its older brothers in many respects, for instance, in the efficient management of its prisons, harbors, etc., and the cultivated literary tone of its daily press. We scorn to speak of our strawberries, although it might surprise a stranger to see them blocking our markets in September. Nor need we mention that the failure of the Narrow Gauge Railroad scheme was solely owing to the enormous size of our pumpkins. Producers would never consent to quarter them up in order to get them into those miserable little cars. But our greatest native curiosity is our real live female murderer, one who came within a hair's breadth of mounting the scaffold and the platform. As Eugene Aram was drawn by some weird fascination to linger near the corpse of his victim, as the returned convict is irresistibly impelled toward the place of his crime, so this abandoned woman persists in hanging around the scene of her guilt and thrusting herself upon the notice of the community she has outraged, who only ask that her hated memory be allowed to slip into oblivion. Her haggard and care-worn face leers upon us from the street car, the sidewalk and the theater. She is our eyesore, our *bête noire*, our "black care sitting behind the horseman," our blood-stained Banquo, the ghastly ghost of murdered man, but the living form of a murderer. Long ago it was announced that she was going to her own sunny South, but the promise of good fortune was too pleasant to be realized. Sindbad was burdened by the Old Man of the Mountain on his shoulders, and could not shake him off. Ours is the Old Woman of the Mountain who clings to us with her skinny legs, a loathsome, played-out wanton with shrunken flesh and crannied neck, and the brand of Cain written all over her hawk-like face, who fastens herself upon us to defy and insult us. Heaven, how tired we are of this brazen harpy, this stench in our nostrils, this corruption festering in God's sunlight and defiling the top of the green earth, when she ought to be rotting six feet below it in a murderer's grave!

—— An indignant Oregonian put a head on his Chinese attaché for admiring his wife. It appears that the Celestial was pursuing his usual avocation at the cooking-stove when he suddenly became enthralled with the spirit of beauty, and approaching the lady of the house, chucked her playfully under the chin, remarking "Nicy, nicy!" And for this the husband fiendishly laid out a job on his front teeth that would delight the soul of a dentist; six teeth at five dollars a tooth. We protest. Here we are trying all we can to elevate this degraded race. We wheedle them into Sunday-school, where Deacon Fitch preaches them homilies on the terrible effects of lying and slandering; we coax them to join the church where Brother Stone subsides around their yellow necks as affectionately as he does around whiter and softer ones, wiping his weeping eye on their caudal appendage; we lead them through the Anatomical Museum, and the Art Galleries on Pine street and Waverley Place, to give them some idea of the æsthetics of the human form divine; and as soon as one of them shows a glimmering appreciation of the Beautiful he is Hoodlumized by a web-footed barbarian. Too bad. Why, there is dear aunty Emily, who parts her name in the middle, would give her solo remaining tooth to be told she looked "Nicy, nicy," even by a Mongolian.

—— It is part and parcel of our business to read all our newspaper exchanges, else we should ask to be forgiven for the time unprofitably spent by us every day in perusing the vapid editorials which disgrace the columns of some of our contemporaries—notably the *Bulletin* and *Call*, whereof the virtuous Fitch and the super-annuated Pickering are managers. At rare intervals the *Bulletin* shows some of its former snap and vim by the publication of a trenchant, incisive editorial. This proves conclusively to our mind that at such times both Fitch and Pickering are absent from their posts. The *Call* never had any spirit or force to speak of, and naturally enough Pickering finds it easy to follow in the beaten path. Some people affect to believe in a future state, where there will be rewards and punishments meted out according to the work of the flesh. We sincerely hope that Pickering and Fitch have no such belief. If they have, the dread of what must come to them when they shuffle off the newspaper coil would strike more terror in their souls than a hundred Stanfords all armed in Goat Island coats-of-mail. Meanwhile there is time for repentance, and if the *Town Crier* shall be the means, by his weekly instructions, of saving Pickering and Fitch a single torture in the world to come, his work will not have been in vain.

—— Kitchen ranges continue to explode with unabated vigor. We do not wish to suggest to Providence, but if he only would inveigle a few of the obnoxious tribe into an explosive kitchen, and allow us to examine the *debris*, what gratification would it afford us. How tenderly would we lift the charred pen-finger of the gushing Pixy. How mournfully the shoulder-blade, or any other of the ungainly developments of M. M. M. What a sigh of relief would thrill our frame as we came across any portion of the *corpus* of the lively Laura, that could be relied upon as an assurance that the rest of her didn't hang together. What a pæan would arise from the multitude as we held aloft the tongue of George Francis Train done to a cinder. What a Samson would we appear as we hurled at the Philistines the burnt jaw of a Pickering.

—— A ghastly accident at the corner of Taylor and Mission streets, last Monday. A number of children were amusing themselves on a neighboring sand-hill, leaving a helpless wee thing sitting quietly in the middle of the road. In a moment a carriage dashed past, a scream of terror from the children, but alas it was too late! The remorseless wheel had passed over the neck of the little innocent, completely severing the head from the body. On collecting the melancholy remains, the face was observed to wear the same set, waxy smile it ever had, and the adjacent ground was horribly bespattered with sawdust. The little girl that owned it has been bothering her mother for a new doll ever since, and promises never to leave the next one lying in the road.

—— Ruskin despises what is known as fine writing, and wishes every one would call a spade a spade. Which the same is our sentiments. If one of these word-torturers had to record the nursery rhyme, "Mother may I go out to swim?" he would evolve something in this style: "Maternal parent, in the innermost recesses of your mind do you deem it permissible for me to depart hence for the purpose of indulging in the act of natation?" "Yes, my dearly-beloved female offspring, suspend your extra-cuticular habiliments upon the foliated prolongation of a bifurcated *Pinus Hickoryensis*; but, nevertheless, do not allow the periphery of your corporeal substance to come in contact with the inter-riparian semi-diaphanous fluid."

—— Just what we expected. It turns out that it is the female mosquito that makes all the noise [illegible] amount of profanity wasted on these insects. The male mosquito sports it like other lords of creation. He loafs in the prettiest flowers he can find and stays out late at night to get rid of her infernal buzzing. But when he does come home, Jiminy Christmas, don't he catch it! "Her little bill is awl," but she keeps it sharpened up.

—— There is something delightful in the freshness of Mortimer, the murderer's, nature. How charming is the simplicity with which he calls the court a liar. How naïve are his remarks to the lawyers. We trust that the Board of Brokers and other humanitarians are ready with their petitions to rescue this gentle being from the clutches of a court which may become prejudiced against him because of his playful way of expressing himself.

—— Mrs. Lawrence, who sues for a divorce because of an incomplete marriage, off[illegible] contrast to the many cases in our [illegible] in which the consummation [illegible] would be [illegible] to know how many ladies Mr. Lawrence has not disappointed since he left for parts unknown.

—— Laura D. Fair complains that the new toy, "Wolves in the Fold," is making game of her. Does she mean it makes her quail?

—— A ring that ought to be suspended. Picke-ring.

Peeps at the Parsons.

The following extracts are from a work recently published in England entitled "A Sight of Hell," by Rev. Furniss, C.SS.R. It is printed "*permissu superiorum*," and recommended to be used along with the Catechism in Sunday Schools; being one of a series of "Books for Children." We have a picture of a girl in flames: "You see this girl! What a terrible dress she has on—her dress is made of fire! It is pressed down all over her head; it burns with the skin; it scorches the bone of the skull and makes it smoke. The red-hot fiery heat goes into the brain and melts it. You do not perhaps like a head-ache. Think what a head-ache that girl must have. But see more. She is wrapped up in flames, for her frock is on fire. If she were on earth she would be burned to a cinder in a moment. But she is in hell, where fire burns everything, but burns nothing away. There she stands, burning and scorched; there she will stand, burning and scorched forever." Then we have a boiling boy: "But listen; can that be the sound of a kettle boiling? No. Then what is it? It is the blood boiling in the veins of that boy. The brain is boiling and bubbling in the head. The marrow is boiling in his bones." Then a peep at a baby in a red-hot oven: "Hear how it screams to come out! See how it turns and twists itself in the fire! It beats its head against the roof of the oven. It stamps its little feet on the floor of the oven. You can see on the face of this little child what you see on the face of all in hell—despair, desperate and horrible." It is not necessary to adopt this cheerful little work in our Sunday Schools, for a like effect may be produced on the youthful mind by recounting the exploits of Harris and his myrmidons.

It has been rumored that the Rev. Mr Hemphill is about to marry. If he dares to do this, no language can be strong enough to denounce so horrible a monster. He believes that only a small fraction—perhaps one-tenth—of the human race will be saved. He believes that should he have six children, five of them will burn in hell to all eternity, and yet he deliberately contemplates becoming a father! There is no mistaking this doctrine. For years Mr. Hemphill, who takes a sort of pride in his ultra-Calvinism, has proclaimed it from Calvary pulpit with all his strength. Saturn devoured his own children, and reaped thereby the execration of gods and men. Herod slaughtered the innocents, but here is one who would out-Herod Herod with a vengeance. Here is one who coolly proposes to bring creatures into being that they writhe in torment forever. It follows that either Mr Hemphill is capable of the most fiendish cruelty, or else he does not believe what he preaches. There are but these two horns to the dilemma, and he is impaled on one or other of them. For the sake of humanity and common-sense, let us hope it is the latter.

A minister complains in the *Pacific Methodist* that he has had no surprise parties this festive season, and that while his brethren have been the recipients of "raids on the parsonage," he has had none. Some pastors, he intimates, would have thrown up the place in disgust after such neglect, but he will try it a little longer. This modest gentleman writes from Salinas, and signs his initials. For down-right cold cheek it would be difficult to match this letter outside the domains of parsondom. When his flock receive their *Pacific Methodist*, and peruse the epistle of their shepherd, they ought to assemble at once to make a "raid on the parsonage," and start this fellow on his travels. If they cannot find their way to heaven without the aid of such as he, they are in a bad way indeed. It would impart particular pleasure to our finger and thumb to grasp the proboscis of this clerical bummer and apply traction thereto.

"The door of a Methodist Church is not like a trap."—*Christian Advocate*. Who said it was, you noodle! You remind us of the fellow who addressed the crowd concerning an obnoxious individual: "Now don't break all his windows; don't duck him in the pond; don't ride him on a rail;" yet, strange to say, that is exactly what they did. So this "Christian advocate" puts the very words into people's mouths. He says, "Don't say our Church is like a trap; don't say we entice in the weak-minded and unwary," till folks begin to think the arrangement is something like a trap after all.

"I know personally very many young men, called of God to the ministry, who, by receiving a little aid, say one hundred dollars a year, would be able to prosecute their studies. The most of them would prefer to borrow it."—*Christian Advocate*. They would not accept it as a gift. You could not force it on them. Like Mr. Montague Tigg, when he wanted to borrow the "ridiculously small sum" of one shilling and sixpence, they would scorn to receive it as charity. Try them, somebody.

The pastor of one of our churches was addressing some of his flock on the abstruse subject of Original Sin. Said he, "Alas, brethren, we were born vile sinners; we all belonged to the devil in our infancy." "Who told you so?" said one. "I have it from heaven," said the man of God. "Then 'Heaven *lies* about us in our infancy!'" returned the doubter. If this church-member cannot read Wordsworth to better purpose, he will be told to pay up his back dues and join us outside barbarians.

"Some people do not like to hear of 'mother Church;' but she is indeed our mother, for she is the bride of Christ."—*Churchman*. She is a mother because she is a bride—what kind of logic is that? As a rule, brides are not mothers, and it would not do with some of them to insinuate that they were, either.

Bishop McTyeire recommends some preacher to go with the gospel net to Los Angeles. This reminds us of Alexander Dumas' *bon-mot*, "God fishes for men with a rod, the devil with a net."

—— Some one says the ritualistic practices at St. Alban's Church wax scandalous. Horrible! The scallawax!

Jones.

To the Editor of the San Francisco News Letter—Dear Sir—You have got him! Got the most accomplished orator of the present century. Got the honestest man that ever drew breath in a free country. Make much of him, draw him out. If he has a fault, it is bashfulness. He hides his light under a bushel in a most aggravating way. You must, as I said before, draw him out. Offer him some coin; call it "mint sauce." Say to him, "My Christian friend, here are sixty 'mint sauces.'" Don't be afraid he'll strike you; he won't, dear editor; I'll lay 500 to 1 in greenbacks that he won't. I'll tell you what he'll do; he'll take them and ask for more. That's a striking characteristic about him; he is never satisfied. Go next day and ask him if he remembers your giving him £60, and he won't; he'll take his oath to it. Oh, how we miss him on his accustomed hills. And how thankful we are to continue missing him! Jones, no doubt, will lecture round your city. Let him; he's a nice lecturer, and he can drink milk. He is a teetotaler, one of the worst kind. His appetite and drinkette are enormous. If you want any little oracles worked, Jones is your man. He is handy at the needle too. Look at his legs, observe they are slightly curved out. He has disgraced an honorable calling. He was once a tailor, and a very good tailor too; but it did not afford him sufficient scope for the exercise of his truly great talents. There was not enough "mint sauce" to suit C. E. He is good on police court architecture too. He can give you an exact description of the interior of our City Court. Ask him if he knows Moses Alexander, and if he loves him still. Ask him all these questions, and he will, without the faintest semblance of a blush, tell you that he knows not what they mean. True, he represented Ballarat in Parliament, but he was expelled the House—the first member who was visited with such disgrace. Dear Editor, a few words of advice and I will conclude. Button up your trousers pockets, don't believe anything he says, and pass him on as soon as you can. He's a bad egg.—Yours truly,
M. PUNCH.

P.S.—His wife and children are still in Victoria, and they want particularly to hear from him. You may mention this little fact to him. He has no doubt forgotten to provide for them during his absence. *Melbourne Punch.*

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

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CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

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[Established July 20, 1856.]

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LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch No 1	$50 00 @ 52 50
Bar Iron, assorted, ₩ lb	— 4 @ — 6
Metal Sheathing ₩ lb	28 @ — 33
Tin Plates, I C, ₩ box	13 00 @ 14 00
Tin Plates, I X, ₩ box	14 00 @ 15 00
Lead, Pig ₩ lb	— 6 @ — 6½
Lead, sheet, ₩ lb	— 9 @ — 10
Banca Tin, ₩ lb	— 40 @ — 42½
Quicksilver	— — @ — 87½
COAL.	
West Hartley, ₩ ton	15 00 @ 15 25
Australian	11 00 @ 11 50
Cumberland	14 00 @ 20 00
Anthracite	15 00 @ 18 00
Bellingham Bay	12 00 @ 12 25
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50
COFFEE.	
Rio ₩ lb	— 19 @ — 19½
Java, Old Government	— 22 @ — 23
Manila	— 16 @ — 17
Costa Rica	— 14 @ — 19
RICE.	
China, No 1, ₩ lb	— 6½ @ — 6¾
China, No 2	— 5 @ 5½
Hawaiian	— 5 @ 9
WINES.	
Champagne ₩ doz	15 00 @ 25 00
Port, according to brand, ₩ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00
OIL.	
Coal and Kerosene	— 40 @ — 50

TEAS.	PRICES.
Japans	$— 30 @ 75
Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
SUGARS.	
China, No. 1, ₩ lb	— 10 @ — 11
Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 10
Manila	— 7½ @ — 8
Crushed, American	— 13 @ — 13
Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
CANDLES.	
Sperm Wax, ₩ lb	— 30 @ — 41
Adamantine	— 15 @ — 18
SPIRITS AND LIQUORS.	
Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
Alcohol, American	1 90 @ 2 00
Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Chicken Gunnies, 200-lb	— 17 @ — 18
Gunny Bags in bales	— 15 @ — 16
Burlap Bags	— 15 @ — 1½
Hessian 40-inch, ₩ yard	— — @ — 12
DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
Wool, ₩ lb	— 14 @ — 28
Tallow	— 8 @ — 9
Hides	— 19 @ — 20
Wheat, ₩ 100 lbs	1 85 @ 2 15
Barley	1 35 @ 1 45
Oats	2 00 @ 2 15
Flour, ₩ 196 lbs.	5 25 @ 6 50

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Jan. 10th, 1872.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED'S	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	46	48	47½
Alps	3½	3½	—
Amador Tunnel	5	5½	6
American Flag	7½	8½	10½
Arizona & Utah	3½	2½	
Arkansas	—	2	2
Baltimore Consolidated	2½	2½	2¾
Belcher	91	88	88
Belmont	5½	6	6¼
Bellevue	—	2	—
Ben & Belcher	—	3½	—
Bowery	—	—	1
Buckeye	2½	2½	2½
Caledonia	27½	26	27½
Cederberg	7	7	6½
Cederberg West	—	—	—
Central	—		7
Charter Oak	—	—	¾
Chapman	¾	¾	—
Chief of the Hill	4½	4½	4½
Chief East Extension	—	—	—
Chollar	58	56½	57
Condor	—	¼	—
Confidence	40½	41	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	* 5
Consolidated Virginia	43	44	42½
Cook & Geyer	—	—	¼
Crown Point	91½	88	93½
Central No. 2	—	—	—
Daney	—	—	½
Eclipse	—	—	10
El Dorado	—	—	—
Empress Eugenie	—	—	—
Empire Mill	7½	6¾	6
Empire Idaho	—	—	½
Eureka Consolidated	15	13½	13½
Eureka, G. V.	16	—	—
Exchequer	17	17	16½
Globe	3	2½	2½
Golden Chariot	9	9	7½
Gould & Curry	177½	180	* ½
Gillis	—	—	* ½
Hale & Norcross	91	97	—
Hermes	—	10	—
Hahn & Hunt	3½	2½	3
Home Ticket	—	—	* ¼
Ida Elmore	—	—	* 12½
Imperial	6½	6½	9
Independent	½	1½	1½
Ingomar	3	2	2
Insurance	—	3	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	1
Jackson	—	¾	¾
Jacob Little	—	—	* ¾
Julia	5½	5¼	4½

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED'S	FRI'Y
Justice	9	8	—
Kentuck	160	155	145
Kentucky	—	—	* 7
Knickerbocker	5½	5½	5½
Lillian Hall	—	—	* ½
Louise	—	—	—
Mahogany	—	—	5
Mammoth	—	¾	½
Meadow Valley	18½	18	18½
Minnesota	—	1½	—
Marion	—	—	—
Newark	3½	3½	3½
New York Consolidated	1½	2	1½
Noonday	—	—	* ¾
Occidental	—	2	—
Ophir	43	47½	49
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	5½	5½	6½
Overman	70	67½	67½
Page & Panaca	—	2	2
Pea Vine	¾	¾	¾
Phœnix	1½	1½	1½
Picton	—	—	* 1½
Pioche	11	12½	13
Pioche West	—	—	* 1½
P Phœnix	—	6½	5½
Raymond & Ely	92½	87	83
Raven's Consolidated	—	—	—
Ruby Hill	—	—	* 3
Savage	83	78	78
Seg. Belcher	76	75	72
Silver Cord	—	—	—
Senator	—	—	* 1
Sierra Nevada	14½	13½	13½
Silver Peak	1½	1	1½
Silver Hill	8	—	8
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Silver Wave	—	—	* ¾
Spring Mountain	—	—	* ¾
Standard	—	—	* 2¾
Sterling	—	—	* ¾
Succor	—	3	3½
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	* 1½
Tecumseh	—	—	* 1½
Trench	—	—	* 11
Union Consolidated	—	—	* 1½
Utah	—	—	* 2½
War Eagle	—	—	* 1
Washington & Creole	2½	—	—
Washoe	—	—	* 1
Woodville	6½	5½	4½
Yellow Jacket	78	74	77
Yale Gravel	—	—	* 1½
Yellow Stone	—	—	† 5

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

Broad and Narrow Gauges.

To the Editor of the News Letter:—As your columns have often conveyed to the public important matter relating to narrow-gauge railroads, I trust you will allow me space in this week's issue to notice the attack made upon the "new system," as expressed in an article headed "Narrow Gauge—A Warning," in your issue of January 4th. There is evidently much aimed at in the article, for in its composition it exhibits either *personal prejudice* and *interested motives*, or ignorance of the new system and the practical workings of same. The article, though carefully prepared (no doubt by a railroad engineer), contains *no arguments or sufficient data* to warrant the conclusion arrived at, and it seems to be a desperate attempt to convince our farmers that the so-called "narrow-gauge" system is a delusion and a snare that will swallow them up as stockholders a little sooner, perhaps, than the exorbitant freight rates that must accompany a wide gauge. This warning is offered in the face and eyes of the fact that the system is advocated by the best engineering talent in the world, and that, too, after many years of careful study and trials. It is a well-known fact that these roads are being introduced the wide world over, it having been proved *beyond all* doubt that they are *cheap, convenient, expeditious* and *reliable* as mediums for transporting freight and passengers. It is to be regretted that the author of the article named is not known. Attacking, as it does, the *new system* so important to this coast, and antagonistic, as it is, to the old system and the present wide-gauge monopoly, the reading and thinking community will attach considerable weight to *the source* from which such an article emanates. I for one am on the side of the "new system," and have advocated the three-feet gauge from the beginning of this new "War of the Gauges." I have recommended it, for I believe the introduction of same in this State will ensure economy, efficiency and low rates. The cars for that gauge will allow the largest floor area for freight or passengers with the smallest amount of *dead weight*. Such a line, be it long or short, will have a capacity equal to *any traffic* that will be offered it. I am prepared, through your columns, or any other, to enter into a discussion relating to the claims of the two systems, providing the champion of the wide gauge will come forth over his own signature, in which event I will undertake to prove the correctness of the following answers to the questions propounded in the above mentioned article—"A Warning":

1. Surveys *will* cost less on a narrow-gauge line than on a wide gauge.
2. Right of way *will* cost less.
3. Ditches *will* cost less. 4. Fencing *will* cost less.
5. Foundations for bridges *will* cost less.
6. Narrow-gauge foundations *will* cost *less*, no matter what the character of country is over which a line is projected.
7. A narrow gauge *will* require considerable *less* ballast than the wide gauge, and the cost of placing and renewing it is much less.
8. Engines of equal power, so *far* as their ability to handle an equal amount of *paying freight* is concerned, will weigh less and cost less on a narrow gauge than on a wide.
9. It will cost less to lay the rails on narrow gauge.
10. Telegraph lines can be built and maintained for less on narrow gauge.
11. Station houses, platforms, cattle-yards, etc., although of same size, will in the aggregate, cost less.
12. *A train of narrow-gauge cars, carrying the same load, will be shorter than the wide-gauge train, with less weight, with more wheels and less friction and wear and tear of rails.*
13. Answered by No. 12.
14. A train of narrow-gauge cars, *however long*, having the same amount of freight as a wide-gauge train, is easier to handle than the train of wide cars.
15. For the same amount of business it will require less men and less engines to operate the narrow-gauge road than the broad gauge, *on account of fewer* trains, although more cars.
16. In the movement of cattle it is simply a question of space, and the same number of feet can be allowed to a single animal on the narrow gauge as on the wide.
17. A passenger on a first-class narrow-gauge car can have plenty of room to stand or sit; and equal sleeping accommodations can be arranged on the narrow gauge as on the wide.
18. A break of gauge in transferring freight (passengers will transfer themselves) will cost per ton of freight to transfer about as much as it will cost to transport the same five miles on the wide gauge or ten miles on the narrow; thus the sooner freight is transferred from the wide to the narrow car the cheaper it is for the consumer, providing said freight has to be moved over ten miles after transfer.
19. I am prepared to fully prove the correctness of the above.

As regards the cost of the Denver Road and its tariff rates, any [illegible] ascertain by writing to Denver how correct and truthful "A Warning" is in his statement regarding that road.

California farmers and those men who are expected to contribute to the building of narrow-gauge lines through our agricultural valleys, have sufficient intelligence to know that the "new system" is threatening the monopoly here, *hence the warning*. False reasoning, like "A Warning," will not change their determination to provide facilities for reaching a market with their produce at *living tariff* rates. *No matter what the first cost is, even if it costs more than the wide gauge, they are determined to have a narrow-gauge system*, for they will then do away with the ruinous, *everlasting dead weight* that has to be hauled over the country in the proportion of about two tons dead weight to one ton of paying freight, and this is added on to *tariff rates*.

Two cents and a half per ton per mile is the matter with the party who throws out "A Warning," for he knows, and everybody knows, that such rates per mile on narrow gauge up our valleys or over our mountains would work great harm to our present wide-gauge roads.

The narrow-gauge wedge has entered; let it continue to enter and our farmers and our State will soon awaken to the importance and value of the new system. I stand ready to prove in detail my answers to "A Warning." Having no connection or interest in any railroad enterprise in this State, I cannot be considered prejudiced to any particular interest. The narrow-gauge question is an interesting and important one to this State, and to some extent I am familiar with it. If it is "*a fraud and a delusion*," as suggested by "A Warning," let it be known: and to arrive at the facts, an open discussion upon its merits as compared with the wide gauge will be interesting, and must in the end solve the problem. I have no doubt there are many narrow-gauge engineers in the State who will aid me. I for one *stand ready to prove the superiority* of the narrow gauge over the standard gauge in every substantial particular. Respectfully yours, E. N. Robinson.

San Francisco, January 8, 1873.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER 1872,

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

THE CITY & COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO — EUREKA — BOARD OF SUPERVISORS — ORGANIZED JUNE 8 1858 — COUNTY OF SACRAMENTO

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 22. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, JAN. 18, 1873. No. 51.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 606 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—Silver Bars—1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 89@89½. Mexican Dollars, 5@7c premium.

☞ Exchange on N. York, ¼ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 11½ per cent. On London, Bankers 49; Commercial 49½; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1½

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, Jan. 17, at 2 P. M., 112½. Latest price of Sterling, 109¼@109½.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco, January 17, 1873

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	10.½	109½
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1881	100½	101½
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	100½	101½
Legal Tender Notes	89	89½
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	98	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	95	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	90	—
Santa Clara Bonds, 8s	90	—
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95
San Francisco Gas Company	63	—

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask
Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	125	130
Oakland 10s	102	—
Spring Valley Water Co	81	
Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
Central Railroad Company	—	
N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	60	—
Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	—	—
Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	20	60
Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	90	85
California Insurance Co.	80	85
Union Insurance Co	83	88
Pacific Bank	93	93½
The Bank of California	133½	136
Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets

The New Steam Line to China.

It is expected, says the *Commercial Herald*, that the steamers of the China Trans-Pacific Steamship Company (Limited)—the new British company recently formed to run between Hongkong and this port, touching at Yokohama—will be ready in China at the beginning of the Tea season. These steamers, we are informed, are iron screws, of 4,000 tons register, full ship rigged, and it is thought that they will make the voyage from Hongkong to this port in something under thirty days. With this new line in operation, and with the promised increased facilities by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, we may reasonably look, during the coming year, for very much larger importations than ever before. It is also very likely that we shall see some material reduction in the freight tariff, both by steamer and rail, which will further augment our imports. One chief merit of the route via San Francisco is that Teas from China and Japan go all the way to New York and Boston through the temperate zone, having also a short water carriage, thus preserving a peculiar freshness and flavor impossible to be attained where there is long exposure to the sea air and the hot weather of the tropics.

Where is Annexation to Begin, and Where End?

If the discussion now going on in reference to the annexation of the Hawaiian Islands produces a sound public opinion as to the true policy of the United States in regard to the absorption of foreign territory, it will have accomplished a greatly to be desired result. Certainly there are few subjects on which more nonsense is talked and written. Quite a number of Americans, without sufficient reflection, would go in for annexing all creation. Few ideas are more popular than the extension of the boundaries of the Republic. Canada, Mexico, Cuba, San Domingo and Hawaii are all to be laid under contribution if the annexationists have their way. Our best thinkers, however, see danger in such ideas gaining a firm hold upon the public mind. Thoughtful men see trouble enough ahead in the task of holding together the vast territory at present under the control of this Government. Our interests are already sufficiently diversified and our population incongruous enough without adding the rebellious Mexican, the lazy Cuban and the half-civilized Sandwich Islander.

—— Attention is called to a reduction in refined Sugar. The schedule is that of the California Refinery, to which the other Refineries must conform, at least in a measure. The reduction is ½c on white and ¼c on yellow Sugars. The proprietors of this refinery have adopted a new rule in reference to payments. It has been customary to sell on 45 days by note, with 2½ per cent off for cash. The prices now adopted are net cash rates, with three days allowed for examination of bills. A year ago, white refined Sugars in this market were 3¼c higher than they are to-day. It looks as though the fight among the refiners was to be carried to the bitter end.

—— At the annual meeting of the Knickerbocker Mining Company, held yesterday, the following Trustees were elected without opposition: J. E. de la Montagne, Robert Sherwood, W. F. Meyers, O. Dickinson, Jr., J. O. Hanscom. The claim is in the Washoe District, adjoining the Caledonia mine on the south. At the close of the previous fiscal year, January 19, 1872, there was a cash balance on hand of $7,057 49; receipts for the year, $60,031 59; disbursements, $50,386 33; balance, January 17, 1873, $13,709 01; other assets, consisting of hoisting works and building, valued at $18,498 16, against which there is due $1,500 for labor and materials.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Grain Exports.

The following table shows the quantity and destination of our exports by sea of Flour, Wheat, Barley and Oats, for the twelve months ending December 31, 1872. Overland shipments, 26,400 bbls Flour:

To	Flour bbls.	Wheat. centals.	Barley. centals.	Oats. centals.
New York, etc.	7,579	23,159	......	......
Great Britain	0,701	6,012,424	201	......
China	108,770	1,121	1	1,238
Japan	6,968	201	1,419	771
Hawaiian Islands	8,100	689	60	3,689
British Columbia	3,642	1,121	12,063	3,614
Mexico	8,558	19	325	79
Central America	44,600	68	257	575
Panama	10,037	3	16	196
Manila	4,380	......	......	......
Tahiti	5,555	1,014	3,222	12
Russian Possessions, Asia	5,543	......	......	......
South Sea Islands	511	......	......	......
South America	490	......	142,193	......
Singapore	1,250	......	......	......
Java	4,480	617	......	......
Australia	16,318	28,971	16,631	46
New Zealand	1,250	......	11	......
Africa	2,500	2,012	......	......
Totals, 1872	247,688	6,071,389	176,183	10,179
Totals, 1871	212,091	1,311,079	12,371	7,832

Latest from the Merchants' Exchange.

New York, Jan 17.—Gold opened at 112¾, 11 A.M. at 112½; 3 P.M. at 112½. U. S. Bonds Five-twenties of '62, 114; 1867, 115. Sterling Exchange, 109½@110½. Pacific Mail, 70½. Quicksilver Mining Company, 41½. Wheat, 1 90@2 10. Pork, quiet, 13½c.—Cotton, 20½. Hides, firm, dry, 25@25½; salted, 12½c., steady. Oils Sperm, quiet, $1 55. Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 75, dull; Whale, firm, 62@70c. Winter Bleached, 70@74c., quiet. Wool—Spring, fine, 35@45c.; Burry, 28@32c.; Pulled, 50@60c. Fall Clips, 26@33c.; Burry, 25c. London, January 17. Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 5d.@12s. 8d. Club, 12s. 10d.@13s. 1d. United States Bonds ex Coupon, 89½. Consols, 92½@92¾.

—— The steamer *Great Republic* sailed for Panama at noon yesterday. This being the first steamer of this month, she had a large and valuable cargo, including $30,000 in treasure for Central America, and $137,000 in merchandise for New York, including 225 cs Borax, 270 tons Pig Lead, 76 tons Lead Ore, 1,100 pkgs Salmon, 550 cts Mustard Seed, 4,000 galls Whale Oil, 23,000 galls Wine and 3,600 Hides; also, 1,400 bbls Flour, mostly to Panama and Central America, and 80,000 lbs foreign Wool to England.

—— The annual meeting of the California State Telegraph Company, held January 16th, resulted as follows: President, George H. Mumford; Vice-President, James Gamble; Secretary and Treasurer, George S. Ladd; Directors, George H. Mumford, W. C. Ralston, H. H. Haight, James Gamble, Charles K. McLane, Jas. T. Boyd and George S. Ladd.

—— The stock of Wheat in the State is estimated at 5,000,000 ctls, of which 1,000,000 ctls is supposed to be in this city; stock of Barley, 330,000 ctls, Oats, 100,000 ctls. The stocks of leading staples in this city on the 1st instant, are reported as follows: Coffee, 2,725,000 lbs; Rice, 10,455,000 lbs, Sugar, 22,580,000 lb, Petroleum, 540,000 galls.

—— Mining stocks were again lower yesterday for most kinds. Compared with the previous day, Belcher declined $3 50; Alpha, Consolidated Virginia, Ophir and Savage each, $2. Crown Point and Yellow Jacket each, $1. Kentuck advanced $5 and Overman $1.

—— The steamer *Ajax* will leave for Portland to-day; also the steamers *Constantine*, *Gipsy* and *Salinas* for southern ports.

—— An assessment of $3 per share has been levied on the stock of the Clear Lake Water Works, delinquent February 18th.

—— The public Wheat sales at Liverpool yesterday showed an advance, average California selling there at 12s 5d to 12s 9d.

—— The British ship *Irwell*, from Hongkong for San Francisco, went into Singapore dismasted on the 24th of November.

—— New York telegrams quote Gold at 112½; Quicksilver, 41½; Pacific Mail, 70½; Sterling, 109½ to 110½.

—— The January receipts from the Raymond & Ely mine to date, aggregate $180,000.

—— The Monitor Belmont Mining Company have received $40,9.3 since the 14th instant.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 605 to 615 *Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.*

Memorial Verses on the Death of Theophile Gautier.

(BY ALGERNON CHARLES SWINBURNE.)

Death, what hast thou to do with me? So saith
Love, with eyes set against the face of Death;
What have I done, O thou strong Death, to thee,
That mine own lips should wither from thy breath?

Though thou be blind as fire or as the sea,
Why should thy waves and storms make war on me?
Is it for hate thou hast to find me fair,
Or for desire to kiss, if such it be,

My very mouth of song, and kill me there?
So with keen rains vexing his crownless hair,
With bright feet bruised from no delightful way,
Through darkness and the disenchanted air,

Lost Love went weeping half a winter's day.
And the armed wind that smote him seemed to say,
How shall the dew live when the dawn is fled,
Or wherefore should the Mayflower outlast May?

Then Death took Love by the right hand and said,
Smiling: Come now and look upon thy dead.
But Love cast down the glories of his eyes,
And bowed down like a flower his flowerless head.

And Death spake, saying: What ails thee in such wise,
Being god, to shut thy sight up from the skies?
If thou canst see not, hast thou ears to hear?
Or is thy soul too as a leaf that dies?

Even as he spake with fleshless lips of fear,
But soft as sleep sings in a tired man's ear,
Behold, the winter was not, and its might
Fell, and fruits broke forth of the barren year.

And upon earth was largess of great light,
And moving music winged for world-wide flight,
And shapes and sounds of gods beheld and heard,
And day's foot set upon the neck of night.

And with such song the hollow ways were stirred
As of a god's heart hidden in a bird,
Or as the whole soul of the sun in spring
Should find full utterance in one flower-soft word,

And all the season should break forth and sing
From one flower's lips, in one rose triumphing;
Such breath and light of song as of a flame
Made ears and spirits of them that heard it ring.

And Love beholding knew not for the same
The shape that led him, nor in face nor name,
For he was bright and great of thews and fair,
And in Love's eyes he was not Death, but Fame.

Not that gray ghost whose life is empty and bare,
And his limbs moulded out of mortal air,
A cloud of change that shifts into a shower,
And dies and leaves no light for time to wear:

But a god clothed with his own joy and power,
A god re-risen out of his mortal hour
Immortal, king and lord of time and space,
With eyes that look on them as from a tower.

And where he stood the pale sepulchral place
Bloomed, as new life might in a bodiless face,
And where men, sorrowing, came to seek a tomb,
With funeral flowers and tears for grief and grace,

They saw with light as of a world in bloom
The portal of the House of Fame illume
The ways of life wherein we toiling tread,
And watched the darkness as a brand consume.

And through the gates where rose the deathless dead
The sound of a new singer's soul was shed
That sang among his kinsfolk, and a beam
Shot from the star on a new ruler's head.

A new star lighting the Lethean stream,
A new song mixed into the song supreme
Made of all souls of singers and their might,
That makes of life and time and death a dream.

Thy star, thy song, O soul that in our sight
Wast as a sun that made for man's delight
Flowers and all fruits in season, being so near
The sun-god's face, our god that gives us light.

To him of all gods that we love or fear
Thou among all men by thy name wast dear,
Dear to the god that gives us spirit of song
To bind and burn all hearts of men that hear.

The god that makes men's words too sweet and strong
For life or time or death to do them wrong,
Who sealed with his thy spirit for a sign,
And filled it with his breath thy whole life long.

Who made thy moist lips fiery with new wine
Pressed from the grapes of song, the sovereign vine,
And with all love of all things loveliest
Gave thy soul power to make them more divine.

That thou might'st breathe upon the breathless rest
Of marble, till the brows and lips and breast
Felt fall from off them as a cancelled curse
That speechless sleep wherewith they lived opprest.

Who gave thee strength and heat of spirit to pierce
All clouds of form and color that disperse,
And leave the spirit of beauty to remould
In types of clean chryselephantine verse.

Who gave thee words more golden than fine gold
To carve in shapes more glorious than of old,
And build thy songs up in the sight of time
As statues set in godhead manifold:

In sight and scorn of temporal change and clime
That meet the sun re-risen with refluent rhyme—
As god to god might answer face to face—
From lips whereon the morning strikes sublime.

Dear to the god, our god who gave thee place
Among the chosen of days, the royal race,
The lords of light, whose eyes of old and ears
Saw even on earth and heard him for a space.

There are those souls of these immortal years
That wrought with fire of joy and light of tears,
In words divine as deeds that grew thereof,
Such music as he swoons with love who hears.

There are the lives that lighten from above
Our under lives, the spheral souls that move

Through the ancient heaven of song-illumined air,
Whence we that hear them singing die with love.

There all the crowned Hellenic heads, and there
The old gods who made men godlike as they were,
The lyric lips wherefrom all songs take fire,
Live eyes, and light of Apollonian hair.

There round the sovereign passion of that lyre
Which the stars hear and tremble with desire,
The ninefold light Pierian is made one
That here we see divided, and aspire,

Seeing after this or that crown to be won;
But where they hear the singing of the sun,
All form, all sound, all color, and all thought
Are as one body and soul in unison.

There the song sung shines as a picture wrought,
The painted mouths sing that on earth say nought,
The carven limbs have sense of blood and growth,
And large-eyed life that seeks nor lacks not aught.

There all the music of thy living mouth
Lives, and all loves wrought of thine hand in youth,
And bound about the breasts and brows with gold,
And colored pale or dusk from north or south.

Fair living things made to thy will of old,
Born of thy lips, no births of mortal mould,
That in the world of song about thee wait,
Where thought and truth are one and manifold.

Within the graven lintels of the gate
What here divides our vision and our fate,
The dreams we walk in and the truths of sleep,
All sense and spirit have life inseparate.

There what one thinks, is his to grasp and keep;
There are no dreams, but very joys to reap,
No foiled desires that die before delight,
No fears to see across our joys and weep.

There hast thou all thy will of thought and sight,
All hope for harvest, and all heaven for flight;
The sunrise of whose golden-mouthed glad head
To paler songless ghosts was heat and light.

Here where the sunset of our year is red,
Men think of thee as of the summer dead,
Gone forth before the snows before thy day,
With unshod feet, with brows unchapleted.

Couldst thou not wait till age had wound, they say,
Round those wreathed brows his soft white blossoms? Why
Why should'st thou vex thy soul with this harsh air,
Thy bright-winged soul, once free to take its way?

Nor for men's reverence hadst thou need to wear
The holy flower of gray time-hallowed hair,
Nor were it fit that aught of thee grew old,
Fair lover all thy days of all things fair.

And hear we not thy words of molten gold
Singing? or is their light and heat acold
Whereat men warmed their spirits? Nay, for all
These yet are with us, ours to hear and hold.

The lovely laughter, the clear tears, the call
Of love to love in ways where shadows fall,
Through doors of dim division and disguise,
And music made of doubts unmusical;

The love that caught strange light from death's own eyes,
And filled death's lips with fiery words and sighs,
And half asleep let feed from veins of his
Her close red warm snake's mouth, Egyptian-wise;

And that great night of love more strange than this,
When she that made the whole world's bale and bliss
Made king of the whole world's desire a slave,
And killed him in mid kingdom with a kiss;

Veiled loves that shifted shapes and shafts, and gave,
Laughing, strange gifts to hands that durst not crave,
Flowers double-blossomed, fruits of scent and hue
Sweet as the bride-bed, stranger than the grave;

All joys and wonders of old lives and new
That ever in love's shine or shadow grew,
And all the grief whereof he dreams and grieves,
And all sweet roots fed on his light and dew;

All these through thee our spirit of sense perceives,
As threads in the unseen woof thy music weaves,
Birds caught and snared that fill our ears with thee,
Bay blossoms in thy wreath of brow-bound leaves.

Mixed with the mask of death's old comedy
Though thou too pass, have here our flowers, that we
For all the flowers thou gav'st upon thee shed,
And pass not crownless to Persephone.

Blue lotus-blooms and white and rosy red
We wind with poppies for thy silent head,
And on this margin of the sundering sea
Leave thy sweet light to rise upon the dead.

Theodore Hook's Hoaxes.

Sheridan had a great taste, we may say constructive skill in *hoaxing*, but he is far exceeded by Hook. The reader will recollect in "Gilbert Gurney" the episode of his rowing with a friend (Mathews), when they read a painted board in a garden at Barnes, "Nobody permitted to land here. Offenders prosecuted with the utmost rigor of the law." But the comedians resolved to disembark, we taking the fishing-line as a surveyor's line, Hook, pencil and book in hand, and Mathews as clerk, with the cord and walking stick, landed, and began to pace the lawn in front of a beautiful villa. The dining-room window was thrown up, and forth came an irritated gentleman from his dinner, inquiring how the trespassers dare invade his territory. Their reply was cool and business like. They by degrees communicated to the indignant old gentleman the pleasant intelligence that they had come to settle where a new canal company were to cut across his pleasant retreat. He grew alarmed, and the intruding officials were "never more pained than with such a duty." "Would they walk in, and talk the matter over?" This they reluctantly did. An excellent dinner was on the table. They were unnecessarily pressed. They sat down, and enjoyed the repast and its accompaniments, and over half-a-dozen of claret they discussed the line of canal. The wine warmed the host's gratitude—"one bottle more, dear gentlemen!"—and it was getting dark, when Hook burst into full extempore song, and explained the whole in this verse:

> "And we greatly approve of your fare,
> Your cellar's as prime as your cook;
> And this clerk here is Mathews the player,
> And my name, sir, is Theodore Hook."

The Rev. Mr. Barham relates the following veritable case: Hook and a friend having rowed in a boat and gig, took a drive in the country, and had reached Ruislip, near Uxbridge, when they bethought them of dining. "Of course, you have money with you?" said Hook. "Not a sixpence, not a sou," was the reply. Theodore was in the same predicament—the last turnpike having exhausted his supply. "Stay," said Hook, brightening up, "do you see that pretty little villa?" Suppose we dine there?" The suggestion was capital. "You know the owner then?" Inquired he. "Not the least in the world," was the reply. "I never saw him in all my life, but that's of no consequence. I know his name; it's E——w, the celebrated chronometer-maker, the man who got the £10,000 premium from Government, and then wound up his affairs, and his watches, and retired from business. He will be delighted to see us." So saying, up he drove to the door. "Is Mr. E——w at home?" Answer, "Yes." In they went. The old gentleman appeared, and after a little staring at each other, Hook began: "Mr. E——w, happening to pass through your neighborhood, I could not deny myself the pleasure and honor of paying my respects to you. I am conscious that I may seem impertinent, but your ability overcame me in regard for the common forms of society, and I and my friend here were resolved, come what might, to have it in our power to say that we had seen you, and enjoyed, for a few minutes, the company of an individual famous throughout the civilized world." The old gentleman was caught. Shaking of hands and a few more compliments followed, and presently the remark: "But, gentlemen, you are far from town; it is getting late; pray do me the honor of staying and dining, quite as we say in the family way—now, pray, gentlemen, do stay." The two visitors consulted gravely. It was impossible. They must return to town, Hook adding a little more compliment, which resulted in a still more pressing invitation from the chronometer maker. At length they agreed to stay and dine, and join in a bottle of "Barnes' best." The dinner dispatched, the bottle was multiplied by six. The host was as happy as a king, and would not allow his new friends to depart without a pledge to repeat their visit.

Another hoax, printed in the "Life of Thomas Ingoldsby," is thus racily narrated: "Hook was present at Lord Melville's trial, with a friend. They went early, and when the peers began to enter, a country lady touched Theodore's arm, and said, 'I beg your pardon, sir, but pray who are those gentlemen in red now coming in?' 'Those, ma'am,' returned Hook, 'are the Barons of England; in these cases the junior peers always come first.' The lady thanked him, and repeated the information to her daughter, who asked, 'Dear me, ma, can that gentleman be one of the youngest? I am sure he looks very old.' 'Human nature' added Hook, could not stand this. Any one though with no more mischief in him than a dove, must have been excited to a hoax. 'And pray, sir, what gentlemen are those?' pointing to the bishops who came next in order, in scarlet, and lawn sleeves, over their doctors' robes. 'Gentlemen! madam,' said Hook, 'These are not gentlemen, these are *ladies*—elderly ladies—the dowager peeresses in their own right.' The fair inquirer fixed a penetrating glance upon his countenance, saying, 'Are you quizzing me or not?' Not a muscle moved, and the lady to d her daughter not to tell *that*. The Speaker in the House of Commons, in his richly embroidered robe, came next. 'Pray, sir,' said she, 'who is that fine-looking person opposite?' 'That, madam,' was the answer, 'is Cardinal Wolsey.' 'No, sir,' cried the lady, drawing herself up, and casting at her informant a look of angry disdain, 'we knows a little better than that. Cardinal Wolsey has been dead many a good year.' 'No such thing, my dear madam, I assure you,' replied Hook, with a gravity that must have been almost preternatural. 'It has been, I know, so reported in the country, but without the least foundation; in fact, those rascally newspapers will say anything.' The good old gentlewoman appeared thunderstruck, opened her eyes to their fullest extent, and gasped like a dying carp, and then hurried from the spot."

Hook seems to have paraphrased Sheridan's trick of casting his friend Richardson, whom he saw in the street, into a hackney coach, then getting into a quarrel with him, and getting out of the coach, causing Richardson to pay Sheridan's morning's fare. Theodore found himself without money after a long ride: a friend was passing, he was hailed and taken into the coach, but neither had any money. Hook pulled the check-string, and desired to be driven to No. — ——— street, at the west end of the town, the residence of a well known surgeon. On arriving there he inquired, "Mr. ———, is he at home? I must see him immediately." Mr. ——— soon appeared, when Hook, in an agitated and hurried tone, begged his attendance instantly required by Mrs. S———, No. —, "Pray lose not a moment." "I will start directly," replied the medical man. "I have only to run up stairs and get my apparatus, and step into my carriage." "Ah! exactly," returned Hook. "But I am in agony till I fairly see you off. Don't think of ordering out your own carriage; here's one at the door, jump into that." This he did, and was soon at the house directed, the abode of a stiff mannered maiden lady, to whom Hook owed a grudge. The doctor was admitted, the lady was insulted, and he was glad to escape into the coach, which deposited him at his door, with his own fare, and that of Hook to defray.—*Timbs' Wits and Humorists.*

—— An orator in New Orleans recently "quoted history," by referring to "the iron coffin of De Soto, containing the gold trumpet presented to the illustrious discoverer by Queen Victoria." "Why," a friend exclaimed an instant after, "Queen Victoria wasn't born three hundred years after De Soto died, and how could she give him a gold trumpet?" "She left it to him in her will," promptly replied the orator.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co., Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Dyje & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co., Thomas Turrell, Wayte, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. I. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner, Ed Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanarcinth & Fils, Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co., Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres; Jacques, Alléon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Börsen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—M. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Buck & Co., A. Willard, Esq., James Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lottermoth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnal Freres et Cie, Wanner, Langer & Co; C. Dubois & Co, Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co, Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq., H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Goun & Co., Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co., Delizy, Davies & Co., Fk Anstie, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co., Alsop & Co; Hath, Gruning & Co., Bates, Stokes & Co., Graham Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Rendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Lima Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co, Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fills & Co., Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumnor & Co., McCulloch, Sellars & Co.
Madras—Binny & Co., Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Lelechman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

—— Of all the Englishmen who came to lecture to us this season, we are safe in saying that Professor Tyndall will go back with the richest laurels. He did not come to lecture us instead of lecture to us, as was the mood of Mr. Froude, nor did he propose to palm off upon us something a little thin on the presumption that we were but Yankees and would n't know the difference, as, it is charitable to suppose, was the mood of Mr. Macdonald and Mr. Yates. But he came purely and solely because he had something new and great to reveal, respected us enough to know that we should appreciate it, and because, we would fain believe, he wanted to know us. It has been an experience of both pleasure and toil to him. He rehearses with his assistant (who is a man of no mean attainment in science and is beginning under Tyndall as Faraday began under Davy) all the experiments every day before his lecture, so as to disappoint his audience in no particular. The American people will not begrudge the Professor his well-earned profits. We understand, however, that he intends to devote the whole net profits of his courses to some scientific purpose in this country. If this is so, we shall indeed be under obligation to him. If this design is carried out we should be ungrateful if we did not, as a people, give him some gift, that he may carry home with him; not a medal or a service of plate, but something unique and valuable to him. What shall it be?

—— A new and very ingenious method of supplying vehicles, country residences, etc., with gas in a portable and compact form, has been invented by Mr. John Peebles, of Dundee. The principle of the invention consists in furnishing a large supply of gas in a very small space by the compression of the gas into a tenth of its original bulk. The apparatus invented for the purpose by Mr. Peebles consists of two parts: first, a "compressor," or metal cylinder, into which the gas is forced by means of a double-acting force pump, which is withdrawn when the former is charged, the valve being self closing; second, a "governor" connected with the "compressor" by a pipe having a very small aperture, sufficient to admit an ordinary pin, and through which, when open, the gas is forcibly expelled by its own pressure. Two trials have already been made on the tramway cars, and proved highly successful.

—— Since the new classification of telegraph clerks was issued, Mr. Scudamore's young men and women at the central telegraph office have been seized with a perfect passion for marriage. With the increase of pay which they have received, and the amount of back pay to which many of them have been declared entitled, not a few of both sexes have fallen into little fortunes, and in spite of dear coals, dear beef, and a general rise on everything on which newly married couples are popularly known to exist, have resolved to make matches of it. The "movement" is so general, and threatens to deprive Telegraph street of so many excellent girl clerks, that the popular head of the department is seriously alarmed at it. He should "strike." the girls to strike against marriages and remain single.

—— Mark Twain cannot repress his humor even under the most unhumorous circumstances. He wrote to the Royal Humane Society, recommending for reward the captain and some of the crew of a ship on board which he was a passenger, for rescuing some sailors from a wreck, and concludes with the following observations: "If I have been of any service towards rescuing these nine shipwrecked human beings by standing around the deck in a furious storm, without any umbrella, keeping an eye on things, and seeing that they were done right, and yelling whenever a cheer seemed to be the important thing, I am glad, and I am satisfied. I ask no reward. I would do it again under the same circumstances."

—— Among the incidents of the late gas strike in London was one which is well worth recording. One of the first persons whom the gas companies made aware of the coming difficulty recently was the Postmaster-General. Orders were immediately issued from the Post Office for 2,400 candlesticks and something like a ton of candles. As a precaution against the increased danger arising from the use of candles as compared with gas, the floors of the Post Office were covered with sand, and buckets filled with water were placed under the sorting tables. A large staff of men and boys were employed as snuffers. These preparations had the effect of very considerably lessening the inconvenience arising out of the strike.

—— How fallible is human wisdom! Here for some months we have all been clamoring "Hang him! Hang him!" for the protection of society against murder, and now it turns out that Wright, the last murderer at Washington, had been greatly interested in recent murder trials in that city, and had actually witnessed two executions. Within a year there have been fourteen murders in the District of Columbia, and in six weeks three executions. In Heaven's name, what is to be done? How many executions are necessary to insure the moral reform of the average spectator? If two won't suffice, will three? Or is it the fact that all who "assist" at executions, with perhaps one exception, suffer a lowering of their moral natures in the operation?

—— The English Courts very properly hold Robert Bowles to strict account for the misdeeds of the firm of which he was a member, however hard it may seem to hold a man who is innocent of malice. The son of Cook, the English tourists' guide, was in town recently, looking after Charles Bowles, the Cooks being creditors of the firm. Mr. Cook represents the London feeling against the firm as very bitter. The best and only honorable course open to Charles Bowles seems to be to present himself in London, release his unfortunate brother and render an account of his affairs. But he remains in Springfield, awaiting the progress of the suit of his local creditors, and in a mental condition that renders him totally unfit for business.

—— An error of a rather extraordinary character was committed on a recent Sunday morning by the respective gentlemen who occupied the pulpits at the Independent and Wesleyan Chapels at Normanton. Owing to ignorance on the part of both preachers as to the whereabouts of the places of worship mentioned, the gentleman who was to "hold forth" at the Wesleyan Chapel found his way to the Independent place of worship, and *vice versa* with regard to the Congregational preacher. The members of each congregation expressed their gratification with the discourses, and that the only little inconvenience observable was with regard to the hymns.

—— The Austrian, French and Prussian newspapers are engaged in a lively controversy over the disclosures made by the Duke de Grammont in regard to the origin of the late war. The Duke brings documentary evidence to support the truth of his assertion that Austria promised to assist France in case of war with Prussia. The Duke publishes an Austrian dispatch to the French Government in which the pledge is given in the following words: "Your cause is ours; we will contribute to the success of the French arms."

—— A wonder of the vegetable kingdom is now in flower at Mr. William Bull's nursery, Chelsea. This floral wonder was discovered in Central America by the late Dr. Seeman, and this the first time it has bloomed in this country. The individual flower (or properly spathe), is nearly 2 feet long by 1½ feet in circumference, and produced on a stem only eighteen inches high. It is certainly one of the most gigantic flowers of which we have any record.

—— When Laplace met the late Mrs. Somerville for the first time, he said, in his lofty way, "Madame, there have been only three women who understood me: yourself, Caroline Herschel and a Mrs. Greig, of whom I have never been able to learn anything." "I was Mrs. Greig," said the modest little woman. "So, then, there are only two of you!" exclaimed the philosopher.

—— In the United States there are 43,847 clergymen, 40,731 lawyers and 61,858 physicians. To bury those whom the physicians hurry to their graves are 1,[illegible] undertakers and 13,114 sextons. The clergymen, lawyers and physicians number 146,[illegible]. Is it not a wonder that there is not more unhappiness in our glorious country?

—— The *Times* says it is thought that only half the wheat area is sown in the United Kingdom. The difference in value of spring sown and autumn sown wheat on the English crop is estimated as not likely to be less than from five to ten millions sterling.

—— Four Englishmen well known in the world of letters are on a lecturing tour in America—Messrs. Tyndall, Froude, Yates and Macdonald—and all of them are meeting with considerable success.

SAN FRANCISCO POST OFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	ARRIVE A.M.	ARRIVE P.M.
Alameda		[illegible]		[illegible]
Benicia and Buena Vista, by C. P. R. R. Co.'s steamers		[illegible]		[illegible]
Contra Costa and Coast Points		[illegible]	[illegible]	
Eureka		[illegible]	[illegible]	
Marysville and Sacramento	6 30	[illegible]		[illegible]
Napa Route via Vallejo		[illegible]	[illegible]	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 30			[illegible]
Oakland	6 30	[illegible]		[illegible]
Overland	6 30			[illegible]
Petaluma and Coast Points		1 15		[illegible]
San Rafael	[illegible]		[illegible]	
San Jose	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Southern California and Arizona	[illegible]			[illegible]
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Vallejo and Benicia	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		[illegible]		[illegible]
Great Britain, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays		[illegible]		

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6.30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER CITY INDEX AND PURCHASER'S GUIDE.

This is the handsomest and most useful work ever published in this city. It contains a full and reliable list of city, county, state and government officials, and other important information of a like character. An INSURANCE DEPARTMENT, selecting the companies entirely reliable for the safest and speediest recovery of losses by Fire, Marine Disasters and Lapse of Life, is a special feature. THE PURCHASER'S GUIDE—a most valuable and unique department of the work contains the names of the principal capitalists, Merchants, Professional Men, Business Women, Manufacturers, Storekeepers and Traders in every branch, with their places of business. In this particular Department the reader can see, at a glance, where to buy the best and cheapest Articles required for Personal Use and Household Purposes, such as Groceries, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Millinery Goods, Furniture, Hardware, Crockery, etc. If you want a Lover of a Bonnet, a choice Leg of Mutton, a first-class Lawyer, an eminent Physician, Agricultural Implements, Mining Machinery, or anything else among our ten thousand daily wants, you can find where to get them by easy reference to the PURCHASER'S GUIDE. This Matchless Business Pocket Book is only 2½ by 4 inches, containing 200 pages. It is picturesquely covered, etc. Price, 10 cents per copy; $40 per Thousand. Sept 28.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. OLO MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.

BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 12 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 12 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stock and dwelling furniture and merchandise, warehouses and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 23. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento.	J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

G. W. CHESLEY.] **G. W. CHESLEY & CO.,** [J. S. JONES.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Fine Wines and Liquors. Sole Proprietors of CUNDURANGO BITTERS, 414 Front street, San Francisco; 51 Front street, Sacramento. August 1.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or at the Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

REDUCTION IN GAS.

Office of the San Francisco Gas Company, March 15, 1872.—Notice is hereby given that on and after this date, the price of Gas will be reduced from Four Dollars and Seventy five Cents ($4.75) to Three Dollars and Fifty Cents ($3.50), per Thousand Cubic Feet. [March 23.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

FOLEY & FLORANCE.

North Beach Livery Stable, Powell street, below Filbert, San Francisco. Carriages to Let. Horses taken on Livery. All orders left at the stable promptly attended to, day or night. Carriages stand on Kearny street, opposite [illegible]. All orders left there will meet immediate attention. Nov. 30.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. U. FRANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

SOME THINK THAT PROTRUDING TOES

Look better than a Silver Tipped Shoe or Boot. Take your choice. Nov. 23.

A Young Poet.

POEMS OF THE PASSIONS. By Horace Yerworth. London: John C. Hotten, Piccadilly.

This is a volume of more than average excellence. It has proofs, however, that the author is young; for some of his effusions are crude and lack strength and consistency. Nevertheless, with all their blemishes, they offer much that is pleasing and that promises future good work. Mr. Yerworth is not a mere rhymer, but a thoughtful and clever man, who can clothe his thoughts in very musical verse. Some of his lays are good specimens of the purely imaginative order of poetry. Fervor and polish are visible on many pages of the work, and the lyrical faculty is conspicuous. The most pleasing poem is named *Claudine*, which our space will not allow us to quote, but for the following we find room:

LOVE AND WISDOM.

"Venus Minerva met, and laughing said,—
'What youth, my dear, wouldst thou prefer to wed?—
One who employs a dark impassioned eye,
Or one whose gaze reflects the mild blue sky?'
Here the bright queen demurely paused and sighed,
As the chaste goddess solemnly replied:—
'I do not use myself to love, indeed;
But should I fall into so weak a need,
My wisdom which would only be my guide——'
'For love's sake hold your wisdom!' Venus cried;
'Hearts and not heads should quicker teach us, there,
To first embrace the dark, then clasp the fair,
Pretending, something coy and something loath,
Rather than either lose, to love them both.'"

Heraldry.

Wealthy Americans, who aspire to the dignity of a pedigree, a gallery of ancestors and a coat-of-arms, will be interested in the following, which we find in a volume published lately in London, entitled "The Hand-Book of Heraldry": "Already an attempt has been made in America to restrain, in some measure, the indiscriminate bearing of arms. The question has been raised in Congress, whether it would not be advisable to compel all those who use arms to register them in the United States Court, and to pay an annual tax for the same, as in England. It is also proposed to inscribe, at the bottom of the shield, the date when such arms were first granted or assumed; any infraction of the law to be punished by a fine of five hundred dollars. Wholesome as this regulation would be in restraining the too general use of arms, it falls short of what it should be; for, according to the proposed law, any one will be at liberty to adopt whatever arms he may please, provided he pay his ten or twenty dollars a year. No provision is made for new grants, or for examining the authenticity of alleged claims; it is simply a device to increase the revenue of the country. Nevertheless, it is calculated to be productive of much good, and is probably but the precursor of a legally established College of Heraldry." The old saying, that one must go from home to learn the news, seems to be exemplified in this interesting and, we must add, rather astonishing information. We can only wish that the writer had been a little more explicit, and told us in what branch of Congress and at what time this important subject was mooted. It would require a considerable stretch of the imagination to fancy our United States Judges gravely discussing what particular green dragon or azure griffin Shoddy is entitled to paint on his carriage-panel; or whether, from an excess of family pride, he has not added a few centuries to the date on his ancestral shield. It cannot be denied, however, that the proposed law, to which the London herald has so kindly called our attention, would greatly simplify the genealogical muddle by reducing it to a mere question of dollars and cents. The longest purse would then own the most resplendent coat-of-arms; and, as everything should be in keeping, a pedigree, corresponding in length and grandeur, would undoubtedly be furnished for an additional compensation, with, perhaps, the portraits thrown in. When the happy time comes around that our own National Heralds' College shall grant arms, with pedigrees attached, our Croesuses can stand up beside their British cousins with conscious pride; nay, they can look down on them—for has not Mr. James Phillippe, of Bedford Row, London, abolished, at one fell swoop, English genealogies, arms and all? He says, with a most reprehensible bluntness, that "nearly the whole of the pedigrees hitherto published are fictitious;" that the genealogical manuscripts in the British Museum are "simply trash;" and, "as for the Heralds' College having any right to grant coats-of-arms, it is so absurd that it is wonderful that any persons should be such addle-pated donkeys as to entertain any such humbug." The author of "The Hand-Book of Heraldry" will consider it very shocking, doubtless, that any true-born Briton should thus "go back" on his country's traditions; but he may console himself with the idea that, when our college goes into operation, under the wise superintendence of our United States courts, all whom Mr. Phillippe has so inconsiderately stripped of their honors may come over here, and for a consideration refit themselves with pedigrees and arms.

Laughing Bill.

The *Baltimore American* says: "A month or two ago an individual, whose characteristic was his cachination, made his appearance in New York, and after electrifying the Gold Room, the Board of Brokers, the theaters, and the newspaper men, was immortalized in the columns of the New York papers as 'Laughing Bill.' His genial laugh, so infectious that even the stupidest of mortals caught it, was made the theme of the most extravagant description, and the producer of the outburst was minutely drawn. Whether the description tallies or not, either the Laughing Bill or a Laughing Bill put in an appearance at the Holliday Street Theater recently. He sat in an 'Orchestra Seat, Left,' dressed in light pants, dark coat, a mustache and darkish side whiskers, and at every pun, double entendre, or contretemps, he started a laugh that ran through the house. Even the stupidest joke or most glaring guy was the cue to him to begin a laugh that rung from pit to dome; not an ordinary laugh, but a professional one. Beginning with a chuckle, it ranged all through the gamut to a regular 'ha, ha!' that had both merriment and lungs to give it force. The audience, stolid as ordinary audiences are, sat staring at the stage, prepared to laugh at the funny situations, but totally unprepared to be set off at the slightest provocation into roars; but in spite of their individual selves, when the leading laugh led off they chimed in, *nolens volens*, and never was heartier tribute paid to attempts at pleasing in old Holliday Street. Of course he was stared at, but he did not mind that; he was execrated by quiet-minded play-goers, but that made no difference. Laugh he would, and laugh he did, filling the theater with the heartiness of the sound till almost everybody joined in, and the nuisance of the early part of the evening became the source of enjoyment for the latter part. He was from the first an attentive listener to the plays, and during the interludes the excursions he made to Lushington increased his interest and added volume to his laugh. He is a genius, whoever he is."

Justice in California in '51.

The first Alcalde, in 1851, in Yreka, California, was known as "Cut-eye Foster," but he left no docket, and soon ran away, and George C. Vail reigned in his stead. No law book was ever used in his court; he decided each case on its own merits, writing out the full history, and his docket is a curiosity. In one case brought before him, a boy had driven a team from Oregon, and worked all winter for a man, who declined to pay. He sold out in the spring, and was leaving suddenly, when, on complaint of the boy, Vail and two constables stopped him on the road. It was proved that he had received three thousand dollars on his sale, but he declared himself unable to pay, though not denying the boy's claim. Judge Vail decided in these words: "Constable, stand this man on his head, shake him well, and see if you can't hear something drop!" No sooner said than done. A vigorous shaking brought to light a wallet containing two thousand dollars in gold dust; the boy received his claim of three hundred dollars, the judge and constables took an ounce apiece for their trouble, and the defendant went his way a lighter man. Justice like this was cheap at three ounces.—*Bamberge's Newspaper Reporter of Omaha.*

— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
314 California Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE

ST. PAUL F. & M. INSURANCE COMPANY,
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

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Oct. 19.] 314 California Street, San Francisco.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 30.

LOS ANGELES, BY THE NEW ALL RAIL AND STAGE LINE.

July—Time Schedule—1872. Tri-Weekly, via Southern Pacific Railroad, leaving San Francisco, via C. P. R. R., MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, via Oakland Ferry, at 4:00 P.M., passing Lathrop at [illegible] P.M., connecting at TIPTON (terminus S. P. R. R.), 250 miles from San Francisco, with the TELEGRAPH STAGE LINE, leaving at 6 A.M., TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SUNDAYS, arriving at Los Angeles next day at 6 P.M. PALACE SLEEPING COACHES will be run regularly on Trains between San Francisco (Oakland) and Terminus S. P. R. R. in Tulare Valley. Through Tickets and Sleeping Car Accommodations secured only at 2 NEW MONTGOMERY STREET, San Francisco. A. N. TOWNE,
General Superintendent Southern and Central Pacific Railroad.
J. T. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent S. P. R. R.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent C. P. R. R.
August 2. W. G. ROBERTS, Agent Telegraph Stage Line, S. F.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts, Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The Staunch and Favorite Steamship "Newbern," A. N. McDonough, Master, will sail on her next regular trip on .... at 12 o'clock M., from Front-street wharf, connecting at the mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona, the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through Bills of Lading will be furnished, and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
August 5. 410 Front street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

E. C. NEWHOFF. C. D. DUNN. M. D. CARR.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

Mercantile Printing House, N.E. corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets. CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF, Practical Book and Job Printers, desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now prepared to do every description of printing in the very best style of the art. Our presses and types are all new, and of the very latest styles. Give us a call. The third floor of the building in which our office is will be rented for composition rooms, to good tenants, on very reasonable terms. Apply to [May 11.] CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF.

NOTICE

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 27

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Aliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co. Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lande; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamulz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Boisse, Cross & Co, Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

The Undiscovered Country.

Could we but know
The land that ends our dark uncertain travel,
Where lie those happier hills and meadows low,
Ah, if beyond the spirit's utmost cavil
Aught of that country should we surely know,
Who would not go?

Might we not hear
The hovering angels' high imagined chorus,
Or catch betimes, with wakeful eyes and clear,
One radiant vista of the realm before us—
With one rapt moment given to see and hear,
Ah, who would fear?

Were we quite sure
To find the peerless friend who left us lonely,
Or there by some celestial stream as pure,
To gaze in eyes that here were lovelit only—
This weary mortal coil, were we quite sure,
Who would endure?

—*Round Table.*

The Answer.

"Who would not go"
With buoyant steps to gain that blessed portal,
Which opens to the land we long to know!
Where shall be satisfied the soul's immortal,
Where we shall drop the wearying and the woe,
In resting so!

"Ah, who would fear?"
Since sometimes, through the distant pearly portal,
Unclosing to some happy soul a-near,
We catch a gleam of glorious light immortal,
And strains of heavenly music faintly hear,
Breathing good cheer.

"Who would endure"
To walk in doubt and darkness with misgiving,
When He whose tender promises are sure,
The Crucified, the Lord, the Ever-living,
Keeps us those "mansions" evermore secure,
By waters pure?

"Oh, wondrous land!
Fairer than all our spirit's fairest dreaming;
"Eye hath not seen, nor ear can understand
The things prepared, the cloudless radiance streaming,
How longingly we wait our Lord's command—
His opening hand.

Oh, dear ones there,
Whose voices, hushed, have left our pathway lonely,
We come, ere long, your blessed home to share;
We take the guiding hand, we trust it only—
Seeing, by faith, beyond this clouded air,
That land so fair!

—*J. H. T. in Round Table.*

Dancing.

Dancing is perhaps the oldest amusement in the world, and too natural not to outlive all opposition, yet while we often hear it disparaged, we scarcely ever hear it defended for its extreme reasonableness. A small book entitled "Dancing in a Right Spirit," is the only attempt of the kind I have met with, but the author has greatly limited himself by considering the question in one direction only. Whilst very rightly and sensibly reminding us how dancing was a religious pastime among the Jews, and how it is nowhere forbidden, but rather commended, in the Bible, he leaves untouched any consideration apart from the Bible, and much may be said in favor of dancing from an artistic point of view. As beauty of color to the eye, as sweet sounds to the ear, so is the luxury of quick, easy motion to the healthy frame. All young things delight to skip and dance. When it hears quick, lively music the child must dance; it is an irresistible, spontaneous instinct, as much as to use its young voice and shout and laugh and sing out its merriment. It is the first praise of the child to its Creator. By enjoying the life He gives it, the child unwittingly, unconsciously, praises Him in its bright, swift motion, as hereafter it will do consciously in a maturer form by the life it will lead to His glory. So in the childhood of mankind, men danced before God in the full joy of their hearts. It was a kind of praise to God from these children of the earth's earlier days, and as much the right and natural mode for them to express praise, as it is now the right and natural mode for children to enjoy themselves. Whatever gives us highest enjoyment is most appropriately connected with religion; and as physical enjoyment comes before mental, dancing formed a part of religious ceremonial before more recondite rituals or more abstract ideas superseded it. When that time came dancing slipped out of the religious sphere. And not only that, but in process of time a grim theology, which would banish all cheerfulness from life, did its best to condemn dancing, together with many other innocent and natural amusements, as sin. But such gloomy views of things are too unnatural to retain the world in their bondage, so dancing is still an enjoyment to thousands; and when nature's preeminent right of guidance is more and more recognized, dancing will again assume its place amongst the arts which add beauty and joy to our lives, and, though no longer amongst the rites of religion, will, far from being considered hurtful to the religious sentiment, be seen to be a furtherance thereof in the same manner as are painting, music, and all other branches of the joyous and beautiful.—*Victoria Magazine.*

Hospital Sunday—A Suggestion to the Churches of San Francisco.

The *Court Journal* says: "At last the suggestion which has been for so long before the public that there should be a London 'Hospital Sunday,' seems to be in a fair way of being carried out. There ought, indeed, as the *Lancet* long ago suggested, to be a National Hospital Sunday—one day set apart, and sermons preached in aid of the hospitals and dispensaries of the kingdom in every church and chapel in the realm. We see in the papers day after day appeals from various hospitals, and it is notorious that a great number of such institutions are sadly in want of funds. Experience has shown that wherever Hospital Sundays have been started they have been enormously successful, and the objections which many people have to ordinary charity sermons, do not in any way apply to the discourses delivered on that day. Thus, in Birmingham, where the system has been for years in operation, and is very well carried out, it has been calculated that if congregations all over the country supported Hospital Sunday to the same degree per head of population as has been observed in the great midland capital, no less than £200,000 would be collected annually. In Manchester the first Hospital Sunday realized upwards of £5,000; in Leeds, £1,914 was raised one year, while the Birmingham average is about £4,000. It is clear, therefore, that a great deal of money is lost to hospitals for the want of these special services, and we are glad to think that the agitation now going on is likely to be crowned with success. As our readers will be aware, an influential meeting has been held (and another is in contemplation), at which all religious denominations were represented. We shall therefore very soon, we hope, see Hospital Sunday established in London, where no doubt it would be most successful, and be the means of very considerably aiding the many medical charities of the metropolis. There must be perfect freedom from the spirit of party, creed, or clique in the organization, as there must be absolute impartiality in the distribution of the funds collected. As far as we can see there is every chance of impartiality. Such names as those of the Lord Mayor, the Bishop of London, Archbishop Manning, the Deans of Westminster and St. Paul's, Mr. Spurgeon and Dr. Binney, are guarantees that Hospital Sundays would be carried out fairly."

— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.—ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

Election, Monday, January 20th, 1873.
Polls open from 9 A. M. until 5 P. M., and from 6 P. M. until 9 P. M.

REGULAR TICKET.

For President............James Otis, of Macondray & Co.
For Vice-President............William B. Johnston, Insurance Agent.
Recording Secretary............T. H. Rearden, Attorney at Law.
Corresponding Secretary............Edward Wheaton, with Wells, Fargo & Co.
Treasurer............W. W. Wiggins, Bank of California.

Trustees.

William Norris............North Pacific Transportation Co.
George C. Hickox............Banker.
William Loewy............Attorney at Law.
John H. Redington............Redington & Hostetter.
Henry K. Moore............Real Estate.
A. McF. Davis............With Horace Davis & Co.
Henry P. Blanchard............With Blanchard & Co.
Henry F. Bowie............Attorney at Law.
John Taylor............John Taylor & Co.

The undersigned, a Committee appointed to nominate a Board of Trustees of the Mercantile Library Association for the ensuing year, have the honor to report the subjoined nominations. We can confidently commend them to the cordial support of the members of the Association. To the late Board of Trustees the thanks of the Association are due for the zeal and efficiency they have exhibited in the administration of its affairs, and especially to the Recording Secretary, who now withdraws after two years of laborious and valuable service.

OGDEN HOFFMAN, T. L. BARKER,
M. ASHBURY, A. M. EBBETS,
W. T. COLEMAN, P. L. WEAVER,
Jan 11 Committee.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

San Francisco, January 8th, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that an Election for officers of the Mercantile Library Association of San Francisco, for the years 1873 and 1874, will be held at the Hall of the Association on MONDAY, January 20, 1873. The Polls shall be open from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., and from 6 P. M. to 9 P. M. on said day. JAMES OTIS, President.
Jan 11 WM. HARNEY, Recording Sec'ty.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 23.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates, also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.
Oct. 2. A. McKINLAY, } Agents. } A. S. FINNIE.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Habcock; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 201 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT,
GEO. ROBINS, Secretary. [April 16.] President.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 24.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. R. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

"GERKE" WINE

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
LOWNDES & HAMLIN, Agents. Nov. 11.

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC LOHMAN. JOHN W. TAYLOR.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.
Nov. 30. 501 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

G. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 414 and 416 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

C. L. CRACKBON.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

E. F. CHILD,

Stock Broker, 503 California street, San Francisco, California. March 2.

Evangelical Hymn.

Dear News Letter:—Being law-abiding citizens, we hastened to comply with the last great legal enactment, the Sunday Law. [May it stand an eternal monument, sacred to the memory of this progressive age!] According to the solemn fete met in the little chapel at the Oaks, to celebrate the beautiful working of that beneficent restraint on the wicked propensities of a thirsty community. Warned, a week in advance, that the law would be rigidly enforced, the thirsty five got themselves up equal to the emergency, and came fully prepared to do justice to the occasion. Deacon Scott was loaded with a gallon of old rye secreted under his cloak, the Judge put in an appearance with a life-preserver strapped in under his coat, filled with the utter best, a sister remarked that the Judge had become quite stout, when he rolled his eyes toward heaven and said he was filled with glory; the blonde sister wore a patent bustle filled with "Old Tom," and when she sat down the pressure forced the beverage up through a small pipe whose tube was concealed in the folds of a lace collar; the auburn-eyed girl sailed into the sanctuary with half a gallon of IXL bitters stowed away in two India rubber air tanks, covered by the bosom of her dress—she often pressed her lips to the nozzle of a small piece of hose hid beneath a scarlet necktie—she called it nursing the baby; the Parson wore a beaver hat, with an air-chamber in the crown, filled with Eye-opener, the pet lamb of the fold did not drink, so the law had no terrors for her. We found, however, one dozen and a half of brandy peaches done up in her waterfall; the exercises of the evening were commenced by Deacon Scott's singing, in bewitching tones, that beautiful hymn:

> On Jordan's stormy banks I stand
> And hear the distant hum
> Of voices in some happy land
> Crying pass around the rum.

The Parson then arose to read an elaborate sermon which he had prepared, bearing on the Sunday Law, but, to his dismay, he found some one had purloined the manuscript. In this dilemma, he offered the following prayer, which was invented for evangelical week; it has been set to organ music, and sung in every church throughout the Christian world:

> Dear Lord, then out the Christian world
> This day on high our prayers are hurled,
> In one grand universal strain,
> Hoping a hearing, to obtain
> Before Thee, Father, Ghost and Son,
> Or each of all, or either one.
> Thou who doth note the sparrow's fall
> Wilt surely heed this loud call
> Reechoing over land and sea
> From Thine own chosen ones to Thee;
> Harken unto us, as of yore,
> When on the Red Sea's sacred shore
> Thy everlasting footstep trod,
> And men and angels walked with God;
> We backward tearful glances cast
> Down the dim maze of the past,
> Mourning the loss of happy days
> When, to the great Jehovah's praise,
> Were plied the thumb-screw, rack and flame,
> All in our dear Redeemer's name.
> Dear, blissful days, when the red cross
> Above humanity would toss,
> When earth was ruled by right divine
> And knees bowed to Thy sacred sign,
> Thy mystic wooden emblem shone
> Encircled by a bloody zone,
> Fermenting in every battle then,
> Crushing out souls of common men.
> Once at the sound of Thy dread name,
> Oh, Lord, the multitude became
> Mere puppets in the hands of those
> Who doled out eternal woes.
> Delightful days, forever flown,
> And shall we never see them more!
> Nor hear the sceptic's dying groan
> Above the red flame's hiss and roar!
> We've spent for Thee long years of toil,
> And seas of blood have drenched the soil
> Of every land where Thy blessed word
> Was forced upon the common herd.
> 'Twere glorious to behold Thee then,
> Thou ultimate on the minds of men.
> Alas! for these degenerate times,
> Mankind the mount of knowledge climbs,
> And from the hilltop of to-day,
> He views Time's checkered landscape o'er,
> Sees Thy proud temples in decay,
> Thy ilanders hushed on Jordan's shore.
> Oh! Lord, this sceptical Paul Pry
> Hath dared to send his searching eye
> Beyond Thy followers' sacred story
> Far down among the ages hoary.
> With sacrilegious hand he clears
> Away the dust of countless years,
> Where many an empire's fate lies hid
> Beneath the desert pyramid,
> Lonely and grand his stony eye
> Turned mockingly toward the sky,
> Defying still the hand of Time,
> Of sculpture's art, the most sublime
> Conception ever yet expressed,
> A riddle, never to be guessed,
> Unchained by legendary looks,
> Stands yet the awe inspiring sphynx;
> Unnumbered millions found a tomb,
> Dear Lord, before Thine Eden's bloom,
> And long ere Adam trod the sod
> Were temples to the unknown God.
> Accursed science hath laid bare
> The frauds we framed with pious care,
> And man's search after hidden things
> Into contempt Thy doctrine brings,
> He knows his race ere Adam's birth,
> And laughs at Thy creation's dawn,
> Sneers at a world from nothing made
> And calls our pious work a trade;
> Points with a scornful finger where
> Thy faithful ones unite in prayer,
> And proudly calls on us to name
> The day in which an answer came;
> Dear Lord, the sceptic hath us there,
> For Thou art pledged to answer prayer;
> With faith applied unto the deed
> The size of a small mustard seed,
> O Lord, we've watched and waited long,
> And our devotions, deep and strong,
> In holy hallelujahs went
> High up Thine azure firmament,
> Still Satan's cold realm hath a share
> In all the good beneath the sun,
> There's no distinction anywhere
> In favor of the right-born one.
> Dear Lord, we ask Thee for some sign
> With which to smite the infidel,
> Draw o'er the heavens a fiery line
> With finger pointing into hell.
> Or, if it please Thee, Lord of Love,
> When next come showers from above,
> Send rain upon the Christians' head,
> And on the sinners fire, instead,
> The rainbow dodge is overdone
> And Joshua's stopping of the sun,
> And Jonah, swallowed by a whale,
> They say soon is like some fishy tale,
> We must, O Lord, have something new,
> That prying sinners can't see through.

Yours respectfully, O Lord, Amen. THE PARSON.

The Oaks, January, 1873.

Our Street Music.

Our street musicians seem to be on the increase, although the blind at present carry on the largest business. One blind young fellow in particular makes night hideous with the awful noises he manages to extract from an old fiddle. If he merely "traveled on his blindness," we fancy he would do much better, as instead of calling forth feelings of pity for his misfortune, his vile attempts at music call down curses on his fiddle. Then there is another blind musician who plays upon an overgrown accordion. He does not make quite as much noise as the fiddleman, and therefore is more bearable. The barrel organ, too, is largely used in the business, and who has not passed with more or less feeling of pity the little lame girl who patiently grinds away, fair weather or foul. As an appeal to feelings of patriotism, we have a one-armed, one-legged organ grinder, dressed in well worn regimentals, with the "stars and stripes" waving over his head. There is also a villainous looking Italian who plays the organ and sends a wretched little girl to collect. He is neither lame nor blind, and can have no possible excuse for following such a miserable calling. Taken as a whole, the street musicians of San Francisco are below mediocrity, and are a great nuisance to people forced to listen to their vile noises. Latterly a new class has started. The venders of corn plasters, tooth powders, etc., now collect their victims together by means of a badly played banjo and a shocking voice. We should like to make the toothman use the corn plaster and vice versa. *Arcades ambo!*

—The Rev. Dr. Scott is now delivering a course of Sabbath evening lectures in St. John's Presbyterian Church, upon "Commerce, Trade and Christianity." Next lecture subject is "Our Cities as the Home of Christian Traffic." Dr. Scott will also preach at 11 A. M., and an opportunity will be given for parents to present their children for baptism. Public cordially invited to attend.

—In a previous issue we inadvertently compared our little friend, R. G. Marsh's, stage management with the bungling manner in which it was done at another theater. We make the amend by saying that Mr. Marsh is a painstaking manager, and an actor of long experience.

—The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

Peeps at the Parsons.

Special Providence is a wonderful thing. The Chicago fire was the vengeance of God falling on that wicked city even as it fell on Sodom. Hobb's nasalic fire from lack of [illegible], but Boston fired in in lack of the holy oil of the living truth. Two thousand persons were burned to death at the destruction of Lima Cathedral. This was God's judgment on them for being Catholics. Twelve servant girls were roasted in the burning of the Fifth Avenue Hotel. It turns out that four of them never said their prayers, five were false hair and powders, and the other three had been seen to wink surreptitiously at the hotel clerk. After such revelation we can only wonder that God's judgment had been so long delayed. Barnum's Museum burned down. About time it did, for the elephant was a hardened Sabbath breaker, and chewed tobacco, and the way he trumpeted, in imitation of the Rev. Mr. Scudder at a prayer meeting, was a gross insult to the cloth. The blue parrot also was an impious beast, and used to "swear like a Christian," as the sailor said. A girl caught cold at a ball and died. God's judgment on dancing. A chimney fell and mashed the bed usually occupied by a young man who just then was out to a ball. God's judgment comes in here, too, somewhere, although it may be obscure to us. For the last twenty years of his life that arch infidel, Gibbon, suffered from an enormous hernia of the irreducible kind. It has recently been discovered that this was the punishment inflicted on him by God for writing that terrible Fifteenth Chapter of the Decline and Fall.

As Hallelujah Cox was preaching among the animals at North Beach, last Sunday, he observed a tall person listening in earnest attention. Hallelujah thought he, with a twinkle in his little porcine eyes, "a sinner approaching the anxious seat." I will convert him. It will get my name in the papers better than the tale I trumped up about the Jew girl a month ago." And he went at it with holy zeal and vehemence until he got the steam up nearly to the forty parson power" by they Smith speaks of. Still the stranger made no sign, but regarded him intently with something not of earth in his rapt earnest gaze. Hallelujah hitched up his pants about his ponderous epigastrium, mopped off the grease that oozed through his skin, and started in again. He exhorted, he pleaded, he wrestled. He sung texts round but the air was thick with them, and at last rushed on to grasp the sinner by the hand, when he discovered it was only the figure-head of some old vessel! Poor Cox fell exhausted into the arms of his attendant flunkies, the Ass. Christian Young Men, who trot round after him so meekly, contend for the honor of holding the great man's hat, laugh when he smiles, cough when he clears his throat, and have a strange itching in the nose whenever he happens to sneeze. Elijah bent his steps to the sad sea waves to perform his ablutions, and the last thing we saw was a group of little boys watching this Reverend Cox comb his back hair.

The *Pacific* leaves its legitimate business of blackguarding the other sects and dishing up Brother Stone's sermons, to make a sneering attack on Bret Harte, calling him silly, superficial, mocking, sneering, etc. The article is merely a string of abusive falsehoods, which the writer knew we could not be substantiated by quotation or reference, so he wisely did not attempt it. Beyond its own petty clique of self-righteous saints, the tool of this pious organ is nowhere heard, and we ought to apologize to our readers for calling their attention to it, but there is something so amusingly snobbish in the way the little sheet assumes the god, affects to nod and oracularly devolves its rounded periods concerning an author that its narrow brain can no more comprehend than Cox could understand Tennyson. The paper is a *parvenu* among decent journals, a parasite clinging to the skirts of honorable literature, with ideas as unfit for this age as Rip Van Winkle's flintlock. For instance, it approves of the expulsion of the Jesuits. A government, with its head turned by success, arrogating the right to join arms, arts, letters advancement and everything else, goes back three hundred years in the world's history and persecutes a body of Christians on account of their religion, and this journal—a Christian journal, mark you—wags its tail and yelps in chorus. This is modern American christianity according to the *Pacific*. Poor, paltry *Pacific!*

Rev. J. Ludlow, of Sacramento, is a happy man. His daughter was "born again" on the very anniversary of her other birthday! They led her down to a slough back of town, where she was washed and made white—down in the blood of the Lamb. Dear brother Ludlow acted as spiritual accoucheur on the occasion, and cackles over it in the *Evangel* as delightedly as an ancient hen who has laid an unexpected egg in her old age. It certainly was a singular coincidence, and if the fresh girl had not been a [illegible], we would have suspected some connivance about it. If the period of one's first birth is often a matter of previous arrangement, some say it is, we don't pretend to know, then the time for the second ought also to be amenable to pleasant adjustment. When the time arrives for us to be born again, although not particularly anxious to be "born in a tower," like the Sybaritic lot truly, yet we would prefer a warmer season than this for the occasion, and a more comfortable spot for our reception than the Sacramento river.

Take a long breath and peruse the following from the *Pacific Methodist:* "The error can be easily detected by a careful reflex examination of the spontaneous process of intuition with certain complicated elements." Good gracious! What a coil is that! It reminds us of a *bon-mot* of King James I. He remarked of a certain preacher that his sermons were like the peace of God, "which passeth all understanding."

The Rev. Mr. Buel, the same, it will be remembered, who insulted the memory of Horace Greeley almost before his remains were cold, says the Week of Prayer will "astound the world of scientific infidelity, and cause those learned cavilers, Professor Tyndall and others, to hide their heads in shame." Poor Buel.

Adolph Hartdegen's Concert.

Pacific Hall was well filled, and an appreciative audience was well pleased last Thursday evening. Mr. Hartdegen is a finished performer on that most difficult of instruments, the violoncello, and the opening duo with Mr. Emil Grammann on the violin was warmly applauded. The *reverie D'Aptique*, a violoncello solo, is a charming composition. Signor Iacchetti was particularly brilliant in his execution on the piano of selections from *Faust* and *Lucia de Lammermoor*. This young and rising artist gains upon us the more we hear him. Jacob Muller was in splendid voice, and gave the *Non è Ver* of Mattei with great effect. Miss Exner, whose dress was really too short for a grown up young lady, sang an air from *Ernani* very well, with one exception, which young artists are too apt to indulge in—she introduced variations of her own composing. Signor Ferrer—but at the first twang of the well known guitar we left.

Theatrical, Etc.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.—Last night was the last evening performance of *Aladdin*, but a matinee will be given this afternoon. In the evening the opera of *La Favorita* will be presented by the Fabbri troupe, with a ballet by the sisters Rigl and full corps. It is to be the benefit of Signora Fabbri, and no doubt she will have a good house. On Monday Mr. Raymond will commence his engagement with *Forbidden Fruit*.

METROPOLITAN.—The well-deserved run that the *Yellow Hat* has had soon draws to a close. On Monday Miss Dargon appears in *Camille*.

ALHAMBRA.—Notwithstanding the abuse leveled against this house by the "Hire paper," it still has good houses every night. Last night Billy Emerson had his benefit. A crowded house, of course, was the result.

—Woodhull seems to have had a nice time in the Ludlow-street jail, says the general conduct of the institution is "admirable in all respects," and apparently enjoyed herself so much during the month she spent there that it seems a great pity that she can't be furnished a permanent residence in so pleasant a home.

—A bottle containing strychnine has been found in Stokes' cell. What a pity he didn't have time to use it. The Judge, Jury, counsel and hangman would have been saved a heap of trouble.

—The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Article	Price
Butter, Cal. fresh ℔ ℔	50@ 60
Do pickled	40
Do Packed	35@45
Cheese, Cal	20@ 25
Honey	25@ 30
Eggs, ℔ doz	50@ 70
Lard, ℔ ℔	15@ 20
Ham & Bacon, ℔ ℔	15@ 20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75@1 00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔ ℔	2@ 3
Do sweet	2@ 3
Lima Beans, ℔ ℔	8@ 10
Tomatoes, ℔ ℔	20@ 25
Onions, ℔ ℔	4@ 6
Squashes, ℔ ℔	4@ 5
Pumpkins, ℔ ℔	3@ 5
Cabbages, each	10@ 15
Cauliflowers, each	10@ 15
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	40
Celery, ℔ doz h	75@1 00
Beets, ℔ doz b	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b	25
Parsnips ℔ doz b	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	25
Green Peas, ℔ ℔	15@ 20
String Beans, ℔ ℔	15
Apples, ℔ ℔	6@ 12
Pears ℔ ℔	5@ 15
Quinces, ℔ ℔	6
Peaches, ℔ ℔	6
Pine Apples, each	50@1 00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔ ℔	15@ 25
Do new, ℔ ℔	15
Oranges, ℔ doz	50@1 00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1 00
Limes, ℔ doz	25@ 35
Quail, ℔ doz	2 00@2 75
Chickens, each	75@1 00
Turkeys, ℔ ℔	20@ 25
Geese, ℔ pair	3 00@4 00
Ducks, ℔ pair	1 75@2 00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@ 40
Hares, each	25@ 50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@
Clams, ℔ 100	50@
Mussels, ℔ 100	40
Salmon, smoked, ℔ ℔	25
Salmon, fresh, ℔ ℔	20@
Codfish, ℔ ℔	12@
Rockfish ℔ ℔	10@
Smelts, ℔ ℔	15@
Tomcod, ℔ ℔	15@
Sturgeon, ℔ ℔	4@
Sea Bass, ℔ ℔	6
Flounders ℔ ℔	25@
Halibut ℔ ℔	8
Perch, ℔ ℔	10@
Shrimps, ℔ ℔	6@
Anchovies, ℔ ℔	6@
Soles, ℔ ℔	35@
Herrings, ℔ ℔	8@

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 2, Stevenson's Building, S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

> —When Bishop Berkeley said there was no matter,
> Why then it was no matter what he said.

We have heard of fellows treading themselves into the ground, but the worthy Bishop argued himself out of existence altogether. According to his logic everything is nothing. There is no such thing as matter; what you suppose is substance only exists in imagination. You attempt to put a head on the Bishop. It is only your imaginary hand coming in contact with his imaginary nose. You steal his purse and he will not care, but call Shakespeare to witness that "'tis something, nothing." If this remarkable reasoner had lived among us he would not have held such views five minutes after visiting Taber's Gallery, 10 Montgomery street. Methinks I hear him say, "Yes, there is one thing that is a reality beyond all question—the beauty of Taber's photographs."

At a recent Church Fair in this city a young lady deliberately, and in cold blood, got up and recited Poe's "Raven" from beginning to end. What the audience had done to deserve this terrible infliction is not known, but to their credit, be it said, they stood it through manfully. The ingenious trickery of rhyme and the mournful lugubriousness of this poem make it popular with many, particularly the young and sentimental. There has been a time in my life, and in yours, too, reader, in our ephemeral, Byronic days, when we admired it vastly, and delighted to spout it in tragic tones, but now it seems an unhealthy, maudlin affair. No doubt it was written under the inspiration of bad liquor. If Poe had reclined on his cushion's crimson lining, with a decanter of Landsberger's excellent California wine by his side, we might have had a more cheerful production. It is supposed by many that the poem was written in a satirical vein, and that it was not the raven that was on the bust but Poe himself.

What is the Latest Wonder? Mrs. Fair emigrated? 'Twere a consummation devoutly to be wished. A decent access opened to North Beach? No, sir. It's necessary that one should have an opportunity of studying the manners and customs of the Chinese and Barbary Coasters from the car windows. The *Call* showing signs of returning vitality? No. It has fallen into the sere and yellow leaf. Modern's get their deserts? Kind sir, that may not be. The ladies resolve to follow comfort, not fashion in their dress? Not much. Don't be visionary. Has our *Town Crier* joined Brother Stone's Church? Alas, no. He still lingereth in the gall of sin. What is it, then? 'Tis this, give ear, O nations: Bailey's Nabob Pickle, the most delicious condiment, the most esteemed appetizer, may be procured of the agents, Porter, Donaldson & Co., corner of Halleck and Sansome streets.

If Socrates, the peripatetic philosopher, were to walk about and button-hole our citizens with his yarns about the immortality of the soul, he would be voted a public nuisance. If Diogenes flourished now, he would not be allowed to live in his dirty tub, liable to catch tuberculosis and such diseases; no, he would end it up and make a stump speech from the top of it. If J. Christ rode side saddle on a donkey down Montgomery street and tried to inflame the people against Judge Lenderhack and other authorities, he would soon find himself under the kind guardianship of Captain Towle. Times change, and men change with them. Instead of living in a noisy, restless hotel, people begin to find it is better, cheaper and more comfortable to reside in quiet apartments like those of the Galt House, 632 Market street, kept in excellent style.

Vandyke drew a portrait of Cromwell, leaving out the mole on his cheek. The Protector ordered the painter to put it in immediately. This idea has so run down of late that it has become a piece of affectation. Portraits of Lincoln, Johnson and Grant usually have a thundering big wart alongside the nose, and the bigger it is the greater is supposed to be the fidelity of the picture. The protuberance on the cheek of the statue of our late lamented in front of the Lincoln schoolhouse looks like a large paper wad thrown and stuck there by some mischievous school-boy. There is a curious history connected with that wart. It is well known that Lincoln drank Hotaling's Catter Whisky exclusively, but he ran out of it once, and had to try an inferior brand. Hence the melancholy wart.

> —Far up in the hush of the Amazon river,
> And hid in the heart of the deep Andes,

are the isles that Joaquin Miller has sung about in a poem of many thousand lines. No doubt they are very beautiful, and if the strong-limbed females who inhabit them are anything like the Amazons who march about in *The Yellow Hat* they must be enchantingly lovely indeed. But for real quiet enjoyment of nature, Thorpe's Hotel and Gardens, on the San Bruno Road, is a far more desirable place for a day's pleasure-taking.

The trotting match between Phil. Sheridan and Thad. Stevens comes off to-day at Trent's Park, Alameda. The next race will be between Edgar Alan Poe and George Washington. Last week Longfellow beat John G. Whittier several lengths. The long-talked-of match between Thomas Carlyle and the new colt, George F. Train, has not yet come off, for the latter is still very skittish and makes bad breaks. The old mare, Harriet B. Stowe, is about used up. Last time she came up she broke and "fouled" badly, so she is now turned out to grass. The dashing filly, Susan B. Anthony, has been rigged up in a new set of harness from Main & Winchester's, and kicks gay. Still she won't stand the crouper, and squeals viciously when anyone attempts to put on the bridle.

Mr. Squeers would instruct his scholars how to conjugate the verb "to dig" by sending them into the garden to dig potatoes. This was what he called practical education. It might also serve as a specimen of the "compulsory education" that Professor Bolander is about to transplant from his bumptious fatherland to shove down our throats. Next to competent teachers in our schools, the *desiderata* is good, convenient desks and benches. The school furniture manufactured by Gilbert A. Moore, 217 Bush street, is the most modern, comfortable and handsome we have yet seen. An inspection of their warerooms is most pleasing and interesting.

Water as fuel may sound like a contradiction of terms, but it is quite possible that in future years it will be burned universally in place of wood and coal. Another scheme, which bears a more practicable appearance, is to utilize the heat of the sun to run our engines, warm our dwellings and cook our food. But it will be some time before these projects are matured, and this generation may continue to purchase their cooking and heating stoves from the immense assortment of J. De La Montanya, 214 to 220 Jackson street. For modern and most improved styles of stoves and general Hardware this house holds a high reputation.

"A man may not marry his grandmother" is one of the canons of the Church of England. This severe law ought to be repealed. It is too cruel. How many fond hopes it has been the means of blasting, how many broken hearts it has sent to the grave, it is impossible to say. It ought to be considered the inherent right of every true born citizen to marry his grandmother if he so choose. Anyhow, it is the duty of all contemplating housekeeping to inspect the extensive and beautiful show rooms of N. P. Cole & Co. Their furniture is of the best material and the most modern designs, and at moderate prices.

The Darwinian theory of the survival of the fittest is worthy the attention of all thinkers. During his stay on this coast, Professor Agassiz made a fierce onslaught upon Mr. Darwin's ideas, but if they survive the Professor's, we may conclude they are the fittest. A good illustration of the theory may be found in the success of Bradley & Rulofson's Photographs. They are found to be the fittest, best and most artistical, and for that reason their popularity is unbounded. The light and shade are managed with great skill, and the utmost attention is given to minutest details.

To protect the understanding of humanity nothing is like leather fastened together by Cable Screw Wire. Boots and shoes made in this way never rip, or leak, or come apart.

One of the most attractive sights on the California and Oregon Railroad is the extensive ranch belonging to Mr. Henry Gerke. It comprises twenty-five [illegible] acres, mostly under cultivation, stretching from the Sacramento River to the foothills. The vineyard, which is a model of careful cultivation, produced one hundred and fifty thousand gallons of wine last year, and next season the amount will probably be increased one-third. For purity and excellence, this wine stands very high among *connoisseurs*. The city agency is at 418 Market street, George Hamlin, Manager.

The Peak of Teneriffe is a great natural curiosity. It rises sheer from the sea perpendicularly to the height of 10,000 feet, presenting a most majestic appearance. Near by is the island of Madeira, the popular resort of consumptives on account of the softness and salubrity of its climate. The famous Madeira wine is a product of this isle and may be procured of Eberhardt & Lachman, corner of First and Market streets. In their well known cellars may be found the best and purest of our native wines and Champagnes, as well as all the favorite foreign brands.

The Sea Serpent was seen the other night off Meigg's wharf. The monster came through the Golden Gate and made his way toward the city as bold as you please. As it approached, puffing and snorting, and glaring with baleful eyes, much excitement prevailed among the monkeys and other animals assembled on the wharf. As it drew near, it turned out to be a vessel loaded with Saddle-Rock oysters for Emerson Corville, Pine street. Call and try them.

Sheridan was twenty miles away when he started on his famous ride. Harry Blanken is only six miles away, and you see loads riding out to his hostelry on the San Bruno road every day. It is because he keeps such excellent liquors—regular rejuvenators. Call and rejuvenate.

Ragged stockings and protruding toes are not seen on feet where Silver Tips are worn. Parents remember this, they last twice as long. For sale by all dealers.

"The heathen in his blindness" does as most other folks do if their sight is troubled—purchases a pair of Muller's Brazilian pebble spectacles.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

February 1st—Steamer COLORADO .... Capt. Warsaw

There will be no departure February 16th or March 1st.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 7th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN and MANZANILLO, and connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

January 17th—GREAT REPUBLIC .... Capt. Cavarly
January 27th—MONTANA .... Capt. [illegible]

Steamer of January 17th will not call at SAN DIEGO.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamers falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamer will leave for the above ports every Thursday at 9 A. M. Steamer PACIFIC—January 2d.

Returning will leave San Diego every Monday, and San Pedro Tuesday.

Steamer SENATOR sailing January 20th, will call at San Simeon and San Luis Obispo, for passengers only.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO.

The Steamer GIPSY will sail as above this day (Saturday), Jan. 18th, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Returning will leave San Luis Obispo on alternate Mondays.

Through bills of lading signed and through tickets sold to and from all ports on the San Diego route to and from New York, Europe, Mexico and Central America at San Francisco Tariff Rates.

GUAYMAS BRANCH.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Jan. 25th, for Cape San Lucas, San Blas, Mazatlan, Guaymas and La Paz.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M., the 24th.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts. [Jan. 18.] S. H. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business and residence lots [illegible] front on the [illegible] and Central Pacific Railroad are [illegible] for cash, by the Directors. A few residence lots beautifully [illegible] evergreen trees, available in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufactures it is unequaled, as it commands by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,

Agent Decoto Land Company, 621 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 14.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made. Exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the family circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press and Wood Engraving Establishment to better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of [illegible] street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 5.

GIANT POWDER COMPANY.

The Giant Powder Company, Bandmann, Nielsen & Co., General Agents, 210 Front street. Nov. 21.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.

Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,

Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

GOOD CABLE SCREW WIRE

Boots and Shoes are selling from Maine to California. Nov. 23.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Asher—In this city, January 15th, to the wife of A. E. Asher, twins—girls.
Browne—In this city, January 15th, to the wife of Captain D. Browne, a daughter.
Brown—In this city, January 13th, to the wife of J. S. Brown, a son.
Casey—In this city, January 11th, to the wife of Thos. Casey, a daughter.
Harris—In this city, January 14th, to the wife of David Harris, a daughter.
Murray—In this city, January 17th, to the wife of Wm. Murray, a son.
Malan—In this city, January 15th, to the wife of J. Malan, a son.
Rose—In this city, January 14th, to the wife of H. Rose, a son.
Sengsberg—In this city, January 15th, to the wife of Wm. Sengsberg, a son.
Weir—In this city, January 11th, to the wife of J. C. Weir, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Andrus-DeVotie—In this city, January 11th, T. B. Andrus to Ellen A. De Votie.
Brink-Svenson—In this city, January 15th, M. Brink to Gerdo Svenson.
Dexter-Chance—In Sacramento, January 12th, J. Dexter to Margaret Chance.
Jansen-Hansen—In this city, January 15th, H. Jansen to Ertil Hansen.
Mattson-Larsen—In this city, January 11th, O. O. Mattson to M. Larsen.
Narr-Buff—In this city, January 11th, L. Narr to M. Buff.
Stratton-Hermann—In this city, January 11th, C. M. Stratton to A. Hermann.
Tonnesen-Jorgensen—In this city, January 13th, H. Tonnesen to L. M. Jorgensen.

TOMB.

Barnett—In this city, January 14th, George Barnett, aged 31 years.
Bicknell—In this city, January 13th, Julia Bicknell, aged 20 years.
Hanson—In this city, January 14th, Charles M. Hanson, aged 49 years.
Hill—In this city, January 13th, Charles E. Hill, aged 40 years.
Lee—In this city, January 15th, Louisa M. Lee, aged 56 years.
Letterman—In this city, January 15th, Emil Letterman, aged 12 years.
Robinson—In this city, January 11th, Mary E. Robinson, aged 52 years.
Stevens—In this city, January 13th, George F. Stevens, aged 39 years.
Ward—In this city, January 16th, James J. Ward, aged 46 years.

The Placard Exchange and Information Bureau of the Pacific Coast.

The work of preparing the building, southwest corner of Merchant and Montgomery streets, for occupancy by the California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau of the Pacific Coast, is progressing rapidly. The lower or street floor will be occupied by the business offices. The second story is occupied by two lofty and spacious rooms, communicating, lighted by numerous windows along both sides. In the third story is another large room, which will be occupied for the purposes of the Exchange, besides the printing offices and editorial rooms. The exterior of the building is being renovated and will be covered by placards of attractive and original design. Across the front will be represented two railway trains, bound one East and the other West; under these, in a sliding panel, will be the time table of the Overland road. A representation of a steamship, outward bound through the Golden Gate, will be accompanied by the table of sailing dates of the ships of the Pacific Mail and Australian steam lines. Other placards will occupy the entire exterior of the building. The general design of the interior has been heretofore intimated. The rooms will be handsomely carpeted, furnished and decorated. Bradley and Rulofson are now preparing a series of sixty superb photographic views of California scenery, which will contribute to adorn the walls. These will be laid off in panels, upon which placards will be tastefully displayed. In all there will be several thousand superficial feet to be let out for placards on terms which will be announced in due season. Already a number of leading interests have bespoken the space needful for their announcements. Around the rooms will be arranged show-cases and other appliances needful for the display of samples of merchandise. The teas of China and Japan, coffees from Central America and the East Indies, blankets from California woolen mills, shot and lead pipe, spices and canned fruits, wines and brandies—in short, all the products of Californian industry will be accommodated, the space for a number of which has been already engaged. A cabinet of minerals, and preparations or samples of the [illegible] will constitute one of the more interesting features [illegible]. In one aspect the Exchange will be a perpetual Mechanics' and Agricultural Fair, embracing a wider range of interests and a greater variety [illegible] than such an exhibit can ever [illegible]. The [illegible] will be presented [illegible] county maps [illegible] each county, the railroads and water ways [illegible]. The [illegible] Eastern [illegible]. The design [illegible] Placard Exchange [illegible]. By the time [illegible] a man wanting to buy a farm, a pair of spectacles [illegible] the Placard Exchange [illegible]. Admission will be free, parties having placards on the second [illegible] by tickets to be distributed by them [illegible]. The Exchange will become one of those features of the town which every stranger will [illegible]. Thus the privilege of admission will be [illegible] to attain the end of presenting the placards to the view of all whom it can possibly be desirable to have see them.

M. Thiers' Account of the War.

An interesting volume has been published in Paris, entitled "A Parliamentary Inquiry into the Acts of the Government of National Defence," under the Presidence of M. Saint Marc-Girardin. M. Thiers the first witness examined, gives the following account of how the war commenced: "The candidature of the Prince of Hohenzollern was announced. M. Ollivier was all for peace; the Emperor himself inclined towards it. It was said (I had had at that period no opportunity to approach him) that he had lost a good deal of his decision. In general he was uncertain in his mind, and never made it up until after much hesitation; this hesitation had become more than ever pronounced. Nevertheless, both he and his Ministry were for peace. Unfortunately there were at Court certain hot-tempered individuals who were anxious to retrieve the Sadowa mistake. It was declared that the Empress repeatedly said, in speaking of her son, 'That child will never reign unless Sadowa is avenged.' There were plenty of persons around her who were never tired of dinning it into her ear, either from conviction or as courtiers. In the Legislative Body, the pure Bonapartists, those who cared more for the fate of the dynasty than for the country, persistently demanded that the opportunity should be seized for making war. The pure Conservatives were alarmed, and in their fright pronounced for peace. What is certain is that the Bonapartists alone desired war, as they saw that the dynasty had lost a great deal of influence since Sadowa; that they themselves had lost ground at the elections; that, in a word, France was likely to slip through their fingers." Hence the national cry of avenging Sadowa; hence the attempt to do so without adequate means; hence the misfortunes of France.

—— Some time ago it was proposed in Glasgow to raise a fund by means of shilling subscriptions, for the erection of a monument in memory of Robert Burns. The amount now received in shillings amounts to £1,022 12s.

—— A farmer, more ingenious than honest, secreted eight pounds of shot in the crop of a fine-looking turkey, sent to a Boston market. The fowl was one of four, the lot weighing 114 pounds.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

Josh Billings' Idea of Girls.

Girls are the most unaccountable things in the world, except women. I like the wicked flea, when you have them they ain't there. [illegible] proper fractions and the tender [illegible] girl, proper or improper, and you can't [illegible]. They [illegible] of two. They are as full of old Nick as the rabbit can hold, and they would die if they couldn't torment somebody. When they try to be mean they are as mean as possible, [illegible] and then they are a good deal meaner. The only way to get along with a girl when she comes at you with her [illegible] is to give her tit for tat, and that will [illegible] her, and when you [illegible] a girl [illegible] she is as nice as a new pin. A girl can [illegible] more wild oats in a day than a boy can sow in a year, but girls get their wild oats sowed all in a while, which boys never do, and they settle down as calm and placid as a mud puddle. [illegible] a first rate, and I guess the boys all do. I don't care how many tricks they play on me, and they don't care either. The [illegible] girl in the world can't always be [illegible] like a glass of soda. By and by, they will get into the traces with somebody they like, and pull as steady as any old stage horse. That is the beauty of them. So let them wave, I say, they will pay for it some day, [illegible] and trying to make a decent man of the feller they have spliced onto, and ten chances to one if they don't get the worst of it.

People You Object to Meet.

Mr. Whiner, who never sees you without saying how very fat you've grown, or how very pale you look. Mr. Humdrum, who, when in society, confines his conversation to the changes of the weather and the rising price of coals. Lady Dawdler, who, if you meet her in the park, is pretty sure to ask you to carry her fat lapdog for her. Mr. Quaver, who raves about the music of the future, and never says a word of sense about the music of the present. Captain Illustriham, who bellows out your name when he meets you in the street, and shakes you by the hand till he nearly rings your fingers off. Mr. Wheezer, who fancies that he is an invalid, and explains to you the symptoms of his latest ailment. Mr. Hardupe, who, upon the strength of old school fellowship, wishes to raise a charge of borrowing half a sov. of you. Mr. Borer, who even now discusses the merits of the Tichborne case. Messrs. Smith and Pilgarlic, who, when they happen to meet, and nearly invariably talk shop together, and take away your appetite. Mr. Jerem[iah] Doldrums, who thinks he has a grievance against one of your best friends, and takes you by the button-hole in order to explain it. Baron Munchausen, Jr., who once was captured by the brigands, and every time he sees you explains the incident. Mr. and Mrs. Cadger, who, if you invite them for a day or two, always come provided with luggage for a fortnight.—*Fun.*

"Housing" 'Em at Vienna.

The question of the "housing" of the many visitors to Vienna during next year is being taken into serious consideration by the proper authorities. It is proposed to build a series of wooden pavilions, constructed in a manner in accordance with the necessities of the various nationalities. This determination is causing great dismay amongst the hotel keepers of Vienna. An eminent English agriculturist, who visited this city during the last month, was horrified by being requested to pay three shillings for the fourth part of a cauliflower. His bucolic mind being [illegible] with their wholesale production and their selling at a small price, this violent outrage on his purse rendered him melancholy during the remainder of his stay in this city paradise for millionaires. Cauliflowers must come down, or their eaters from England will be scarce at the Exhibition.

—— Mr. Herbert Spencer recently said in an address on the young mother: "Consider the young mother and her nursery legislation. But a few years ago she was at school, where her memory was crammed with words, names and dates, and her reflective faculties scarcely in the slightest degree exercised. . . . The intervening years have been passed in practising music, in fancy work, in novel reading, and in party going, no thought having been given to the grave responsibilities of maternity, and scarcely any of that solid, intellectual culture obtained which would be some preparation for such responsibilities. And now see her, with an unfolding human character committed to her charge; see how profoundly ignorant of the phenomena with which she has to deal, undertaking to do that which can be done but imperfectly with the aid of the profoundest knowledge." It is certainly very horrid, but the difficulty seems to be, first, to teach a young girl to be a mother, and then to get an "unfolding" human being. The simile is not good, for the complaint is rather that she doubles up the infant.

—— Mr. Mechi sums up the result of the harvest in a letter to the *Times*. He says he is no alarmist, but he believes that the people of Britain will have to pay for foreign corn, in quantity and price, fifteen to twenty millions sterling more than in good wheat season.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; F. Zimmer, Musical Director. Saturday, Jan. [illegible] MISS JENNIE [illegible] and MISS LITTLE NELL [illegible] Kelly and Marsh as the two Tragedians; Chas. Vernon in Character Songs. Cogill and Cooper in "Black-Eyed Susan" [illegible] Island Spectre." Larkin and Armstrong in the [illegible] Worrell and Hall, Double Song and Dance. Grand Ballet [illegible] "Return to the Village," Therese, Schmidt, and corps de ballet. See programmes. Admission, 25 cents. Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. Jan. 18.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Afternoon, January [illegible] ALADDIN Matinee. Saturday [illegible] MME. INEZ FABBRI [illegible] Grand Opera [illegible] Orchestra. LA [illegible] AND BALLET [illegible] THE FORBIDDEN FRUIT. Jan. 18.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—E. G. Bert, Proprietor and Manager; John Woodard, Business Manager; W. J. Maxwell, Stage Manager; Chas. H. Schmitz, Musical Director. Saturday Afternoon, Jan. 18—Positively Last YELLOW HAT Matinee. [illegible] MISS AUGUSTA DARGON [illegible] American stage. Jan. 18.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer; [illegible] Hart, Stage Manager [illegible] Musical Director. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon [illegible] EMERSON'S MINSTRELS [illegible] in his kaleidescope of [illegible] Jan. 18.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship [illegible] Ajax, F. Bolles, Commander, will leave Folsom street wharf for the above port, on SATURDAY, January 18th, at 10 o'clock A. M. [Jan. 18.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 1. No. 603 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st., Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 16 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st, E. C., Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

What they Say in London About our Mining Speculators.

The *Mining World* is a journal published in London. It is ably conducted, and is an unquestionable authority on the subjects of which it treats. In its issue of the 21st of December is an article entitled "American Mining," which is certainly not calculated to be light and pleasant reading to such of our mining speculators as contemplate operating in the London market. The writer says:

"To report on American mining is like being present at the dinner after a funeral, with the certainty that the will of the deceased, about to be read, contains no legacy for ourselves. Here is the biggest and best of them: The Emma Mine, in spite of a report from Mr. George Anderson, M. P., of his own ocular experience, a report as long and really as meagre after all as the tail of a kite, has been running up and down the gamut of depression with its shares at sixteen, and now at eighteen, and nobody knows why, or nobody seems inclined to tell. We suspect it will be found that the snow is falling again, and that the working of the mine is suspended—it is, however, satisfactory to learn that the dividends are not to be suspended—and who that knows anything of the Sierra Nevada but must expect snow there for at least three months out of the twelve. In the plausible story told at the Great Western Silver Mining meeting we get at a fact or two from parties who had just come back. 'My experience,' says Dr. Nelson—by which he means what he had seen in a month, and heard from those who had been there for years—'is that for three months' working, at three dollars a man, the Company don't get back two dollars.'

"At the Flagstaff, there is some doubt arising about the quality of the ore. It will be remembered that Mr. Fowler, in the Saturn, mistook iron pyrites for galena, to the tune of £641,000 on the wrong side for the shareholders.

"As for Camp Floyd, which a few weeks since rejoiced in a premium, the shares are now at two to three discount; and the mill is 'shut down,' all work being stopped, 'awaiting developments in shaft No. 3.'

"The Richmond is in a deplorable condition. It will have to follow suit with the Emma, and buy its opponent out. The position of this property, as recorded at the meeting, is a caution to investors in United States mines. As for the Troy Mine (a Bacup concern), this seems to be fast following in the track of the other Nevada adventures, and is apparently not far from bankruptcy.

"Next comes the South Aurora, of which a meeting has just been held to 'reconstruct.'

The shareholders seem to take their losses merrily, as the following extract from the report of the meeting will show.

Mr. Spratt.—As a member of the Committee, I will make only a few observations, because it has grown so late. I expected one extraordinary meeting, but we have had two. [A laugh.] First, as to the name of the new Company. I am sorry that they have kept up the name. They propose to call it the "South Aurora Consolidated." I think, though Shakspeare says, "What's in a name," if he had been alive in the present century he would have found a great deal in a name. The South Aurora! Why, whenever you hear that you will say, "Oh! I lost money by that," or you will hear some nasty expression. I do not see why we should keep the name. I would suggest that you call it the "Consolidated." That will be good enough, and quite comprehensive enough for us.

A Shareholder.—I should propose that you call it—or us—"the Chloride Flats." [Roars of laughter.]

Mr. Spratt.—I think we are anticipating Christmas. If our friend would only engage himself at Covent Garden he would bring down the house—in fact he would be simply invaluable. [Laughter.]

The *Mining World* goes on to say, "What need for a moral to this tale? Will English investors ever persist in being robbed with their eyes open?—In paying tens of thousands of pounds for holes on an inaccessible mountain side, and expecting to find there, the roadways, the ready labor, the laws and usages of civilized life? Ask any man who has been amongst these mines if he dare to speak, much more to telegraph the truth in plain language! We know it for a fact that 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, nay, a 100 thousand pounds, have been paid for properties absolutely worthless, and that it has almost invariably been urged that the party sent over to give judgment and authorize or not the payment of the money has been either totally ignorant of mining, or himself a partner in the transaction on which he is appointed to deliver judgment. *Caveat emptor!* indeed, but the best thing to do is to keep away altogether. None should deal at a shop kept by a notorious thief; and such are the mining adventurers of America almost to a man."

[We protest against this last sentence as too sweeping. There are as honest men to be found among "mining adventurers" as in any other class. The truth is, there is a peculiar fascination about mining speculations, and distance lending enchantment to the view, our friends in England too often invest without exercising that caution and discretion which is essential in all adventures. It is rash and silly to condemn all mines and miners because, through their own want of care, losses have been made.—Ed. News Letter.]

The Commercial Herald.

One of the most valuable and influential journals published on the Pacific Coast is the San Francisco *Commercial Herald*. Its annual number, containing a detailed and tabulated review of the business transacted in San Francisco during the year 1872, is a monument of well directed, intelligent enterprise, furnishing elaborate information respecting the material interests of California, and exhibiting in the clearest manner the progress made during the past twelvemonth. It is ably conducted, and is rendering most important service in its special field of operation. To the business community it is invaluable, and as an assistant to immigration it is unequaled by its contemporaries. At home and abroad the *Commercial Herald* is regarded as authority on all subjects within its legitimate sphere. We congratulate its publishers upon the eminent success that has attended their efforts. From the *Herald's* review we learn that our wheat product for 1872 was 25,000,000 bushels; of which we exported 7,000,000 centals. Our gold and silver yield was $60,000,000, whilst during the past sixteen years our total export of the precious metals has reached the enormous total of $656,000,000. Mining stock sales last year aggregated $160,000,000. We imported merchandise to the value of $40,000,000, and exported $21,000,000. Our wool clip amounted to 25,000,000 pounds and our wine product was 4,000,000 gallons. Of such a showing California need not be ashamed.

Prentice Mulford in England.

The *Bulletin* treats its readers each week to Mr. Prentice Mulford's English experience. Mr. Mulford tells, with much pathos, many thrilling little incidents, and describes his numerous adventures in search of the "cheap and nasty" with a frankness and minuteness quite overpowering. He has reveled in the society of the "gentle costermonger," he has hob-nobbed with the "White chapel birdcatcher," and has gained a great insight into private English life by peeps through keyholes, over garden walls, etc. No doubt when he returns here he will feel himself quite capable of lecturing on "High Life in England," and on what he saw of my Lord So and So. We predict for him a certain kind of success, though not that which would entitle him to be considered the "Dickens of America," and should advise him to call his first book "Crawls Through the Mud of Low Life," which would be very well in its way, written, as it would be, in the terse good English of Mr. Mulford. But with only such experiences, Prentice must not set himself up as an authority upon the inner life of representative English society.

—— Earthquakes are swinging around the circle. The last was felt at Columbus, Ohio, about midnight of January 4th. There were three detonations, which shook houses, rattled furniture and caused general alarm, but no serious damage was done. They will get around this way by and by.

—— An exchange says Cora Pearl, the notorious Parisian who has been banished from France for causing one of her admirers to blow his brains out, is reported on the way to San Francisco. This looks like rivalry; but then the two vary in their modes of practice.

—— Ear trumpets of a wonderful construction, by which it is said ordinary sounds can be heard at a distance of a mile, are to be exhibited at the Vienna Exposition.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL AND WORK FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL BUILDING

Office of Board of City Hall Commissioners, San Francisco, Nov. 25, 1872.

Sealed proposals for furnishing certain material for a portion of the New City Hall Building and Hall of Records and for the construction thereof, will be received at the office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, corner of McAllister and Leavenworth streets, until 12 o'clock M. of FRIDAY, the 24th day of January, A. D. 1873, for

5,000 Barrels Cement; Rolled Iron Joists; Iron Girders and Columns, Furnishing, Fitting and Laying Iron Joists and Girders. All according to the printed specifications, schedule, etc., and plans and drawings. The printed specifications and printed forms of proposal can be had on application to the Secretary, and the plans and drawings can be seen, and all further information—as to details of the work, etc.—can be obtained from the Architect, at the office of the Board.

The bids must be indorsed for the material proposed to be furnished or work done, and addressed to the Secretary of the Board. No bid will be entertained unless made on the specified "Printed Forms of Proposal," and accompanied by a certified check or bond, with two good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to 10 per cent. of the total sum of the tender, to be returned on the due entering into the contract of the party to whom it may be awarded, or to be forfeited if the party fail to enter into the said contract. The Board reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly, in "City Hall Warrants," of 75 per cent. of the estimated amounts due, and the remaining 25 per cent. when the contract is completed.

P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE,
Jan. 18. Board of City Hall Commissioners.

ELECTION NOTICE.

FIREMAN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, 401 California street, on TUESDAY, January 21, 1873, at 12 o'clock M. Polls open from 12 o'clock M. to 3 o'clock P. M. Transfer books closed January 8, 1873. Per order of D. J. STAPLES, President.
CHAS. R. BOND, Secretary.
San Francisco, December 31, 1872.

ADJOURNMENT OF MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company is postponed till TUESDAY, January 28, 1873, at 12 o'clock M., as per resolution of Board of Directors. D. J. STAPLES, President.
CHAS. R. BOND, Secretary.
San Francisco, January 13, 1873.

FIREMAN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to a Resolution of the Board of Directors, that a meeting of the stockholders of said Company will be held at the office of the Company, on the southwest corner of California and Sansome streets, San Francisco, on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1873, at 12 o'clock M., to reorganize said Corporation, in accordance with the provisions of Chapter I, Part IV, of the Civil Code of the State of California; also, to elect a Board of Directors, and for the transaction of other business of importance. A full attendance of Stockholders is important. D. J. STAPLES, President.
CHAS. R. BOND, Secretary.
San Francisco, January 13, 1873. Jan. 18.

ODD FELLOWS' SAVINGS BANK.

Dividend Notice.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Odd Fellows' Savings Bank, held this day, a dividend was declared at the rate of nine 53-100 (9 53-100) per cent. per annum on permanent deposits, and at the rate of eight 03-100 (8 03-100) per cent. per annum on short deposits, for the semi-annual term ending December 31, 1872, payable on and after the 20th inst. JAMES BENSON, Secretary.
San Francisco, January 8, 1873. Jan. 18.

DIVIDEND NOTICE

The Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Savings, No. 225 Sansome street, declared a dividend for the half year, ending December 31, 1872, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum on Term, eight per cent. per annum on Class One, Ordinary, and six per cent. per annum on Class Two, Ordinary Deposits, free of Federal tax, payable on and after January 10th, 1873. By order.
Jan. 18. G. M. CONDEE, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Savings and Loan Society, No. 619 Clay street.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend for the six months ending December 31, 1872, of nine per cent. per annum on ALL deposits, payable on and after the 15th inst. CYRUS W. CARMANY, Cashier.
San Francisco, January 10, 1873. Jan. 18.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE, MONTGOMERY STREET SOUTH, AND LAGUNA SURVEY

Warrants on the above funds, allowed by the County Court will be paid at the City and County Treasury on the 15th instant, from which date the interest will cease. Holders thereof are notified to file with the Treasurer a list of the numbers held by them. J. A. BAUER, City and County Treasurer.
San Francisco, January 14, 1873. Jan. 18.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 435 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital—$200,000. Directors: W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, John H. Wise, Chas. J. Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, Charles Main, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, James Phelan, D. H. Haskell. Sacramento: H. S. Crocker, N. D. Thayer, F. S. Freeman.
C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. Horner, Secretary. Jan. 18.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OR DRIVERS OF VEHICLES.

The Annual License is now due for the year ending January 1, 1874. If not paid on before January 31, 1873, an addition of 25 per cent. will be added each month for delinquency. E. R. BUCKLEY, License Collector.
Jan. 18. Room No. 7, City Hall.

OUTSIDE LANDS

Any and all persons that have made duplicate payments of Outside Land Assessments can have the amount refunded at the office of the undersigned, upon the presentation of an order from the Mayor and City and County Attorney. [Jan. 18.] A. AUSTIN.

THE NEXT ANNUAL MEETING

Of the Stockholders of the Home Mutual Insurance Company, for the Election of Directors, will be held at the Company's office, 433 California street, on MONDAY, the 20th instant, at 1 o'clock P. M. Polls will be closed at 4 o'clock P. M. CHAS. R. STORY, Secretary.
San Francisco, January 10, 1873. Jan. 18.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Pacific Mail Steamship Co.—The Steamer Ortay, Capt. Sudden, will sail for MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON and SAN LUIS OBISPO on SATURDAY, January 18th, at 5 o'clock P. M. S. K. HOLMAN,
Jan. 18. Acting Agent.

POLL TAXES FOR 1873 ARE NOW DUE

Payable at the Assessor's office, or to a Deputy.
Jan. 18. LEVI ROSENER, Assessor.

S. F. NEWS LETTER

Copies wanted of March 25th and December 30th, 1871, at this office, 603 to 615 Merchant street. Jan. 18.

The Two Streams.

Behold the rocky wall
That down its sloping sides [fall,
Pour the swift rain-drops, blending as they
In rushing river tides.

Yon stream, whose sources run
Turned by a pebble's edge,
Is Athabasca, rolling toward the sun
Through the cleft mountain-ledge.

The slender rill had strayed,
But for the slanting stone,
To evening's ocean with the tangled braid
Of foam flecked Oregon.

So from the hights of will
Life's parting stream descends,
And as a moment turns its slender rill,
Each widening torrent bends,—

From the same cradle's side,
From the same mother's knee,
One to long darkness and the frozen zone,
One to the peaceful sea.

—*O. W. Holmes.*

Disraeli Alone in the World.

Viscountess Beaconsfield, wife of Mr. Disraeli, died at Hughenden Manor on Sunday, December 15th. Her ladyship was the daughter of the late Capt. John Viney Evans, R.N., and niece of the late Gen. Sir James Viney, K.C.B., C.B., of Taynton Manor, Gloucestershire, whose heir-at-law she became. Her ladyship was married in 1815 to Mr. Wyndham Lewis, M.P., of the county of Glamorgan, who died in 1838. In the following year she was married to Mr Disraeli, who had entered the House of Commons in 1837 as one of the members for Maidstone. Mrs. Disraeli, during the Premiership of her illustrious husband, was in 1868 created Viscountess Beaconsfield of Beaconsfield, in the county of Buckingham. Thus closes, in the fulness of years (says the *Times*) a life which has exerted no inconsiderable influence on English politics. She stands out a striking illustration of the power the most unobtrusive of women may exercise while keeping herself strictly to a woman's sphere. Looking back on the long and tender relationship which has been gently dissolved in course of nature, we are irresistibly reminded of the feelings expressed by Mahomed when the Prophet of the Faithful lost the loving woman he had married in days of comparative obscurity. "By God," he exclaimed, in an outburst of regretful gratitude, as he raised her solemnly to the rank of the four perfect women, "By God, there never can be a better wife. She believed in me when men despised me. She relieved my wants when I was poor and persecuted by the world." From their wedding day till now, the existence of the one was merged in that of the other. It was their mutual happiness that the wife lived only in the husband, the husband's extraordinary career was the happy achievement of her life, and it was her pride to shine in the reflection of his fame. Mrs. Disraeli was many years her second husband's senior (when she died she had reached the venerable age of eighty-three), on the other hand, she had the money he desired for something better than sordid motives. But Mr Disraeli was too shrewd a man to pay for name and power at the price of happiness. It is certain he chose wisely every way, and seldom has a marriage proved more of a love match than this. Esteem is the most genuine form of love, and, as we have seen, Mr. Disraeli's esteem for his wife was hightened by a most lively sense of gratitude. His gratitude was characteristic of one who was no ordinary man. It gave evidence of the nobler qualities that secured his political success. It flowed in a current at once steady, and calm and deep, and flowed with a force and constancy of purpose not to be diverted by the accidents of his career. He kept no close debtor and credit account with his conscience, when he passed from triumph to triumph. How many husbands, far less engrossed abroad, have considered a tithe of the fame he won sufficient acquittal of so old a debt! How many content themselves with leaving their wives to enjoy prosperity in isolation! Mr Disraeli did no such thing, although for that he would claim but little credit. The fact is, his wife made his home a very happy one, and he turned to its peacefulness with intense relief in the midst of fierce political turmoil. We are apt to forget that most men lead a double life, that those of the strongest natures and sharpest individuality show themselves in the most marked contrasts. It was a pretty sight, that of the remorseless Parliamentary gladiator, who neither gave quarter nor asked it, who fought with venomed weapons although he struck fair, and shot barbed darts which clung and rankled in the wounds—it was a pretty sight to see him in the soft sunshine of domestic life, anticipating the wishes of his wife with feminine tenderness of consideration, and receiving her ministering with the evident enjoyment which is the most delicate flattery of all. The secret of the spell she held him by was a simple one. She loved with her whole heart and soul, she believed in him above all men, and he appreciated at its real worth that single-minded self-sacrificing devotion.

It is difficult to overrate the strength and support given by unstinted love like that, and few, we suspect, appreciate it more than those who would seem to need it the least. It is neither counsel nor sparkle, but observant, ready sympathy that a man of energy and self-reliance longs for in moments of exhaustion and depression, and the more impassible the mask he wears the greater the relief of being able to drop it in private. Lady Beaconsfield was very far from being a reserved woman. She must have often talked too fast and freely for her husband's liking, occasionally the expressions of her artless admiration of him were caught up and colored, to be circulated as "good stories" at dinner tables; but the intuitive instinct of her affection set a seal on her lips in the minutest matters where her talk might do him an injury. She was very much in his confidence, and she was never known to betray it. Except for the subtle influences of the home she made him, the help she brought was passive rather than active from first to last. All he had asked was fair play for his talents at the start; her fortune had given him that, and he did the rest himself. So in after years while he led his party in the Lower House, or served the State as Premier of England, she had neither social talents nor fascination to place at his disposal. It was not in her to make his *salon* a center of society, to gather within the range of his influence eminent Englishmen and influential foreigners, or to sway by the reputation of brilliant *reunions* the easy opinions of liberal-minded politicians. She was no Lady Palmerston to act as her husband's most trusted ally, working for him in season and out of season with tact quickened by love. Her death will leave no gap behind her which bereaved society will find it hard to fill. But perhaps her husband will lose the more that society will lose the less. Her love for him was wonderful, "passing the love of women." It was shown in traits of unobtrusive heroism worthy the matrons of Republican Rome. Few men can boast the courageous self-command which made her conceal, during a long drive to Westminster, the pain of a finger crushed in the carriage door, lest she should agitate her husband on the eve of a great party debate. She knew a word could always bring her the sympathy that was her sweetest consolation, but the last her one thought was to spare him. Surprised by a sudden flow of blood from an incurable cancer, knowing that her doom was certain, and that their happy wedded life was fast drawing to its end, she had the touching resolution to preserve her secret; while, all the time knowing it as well as she, he never for a moment suffered her to guess his knowledge, or gave her the grief of seeing him suffer. It was the graceful symbol of the chivalrous devotion which had never wavered; it was an appropriate return for the inestimable services she had done him, when, in November, 1868, he could offer her the peerage bestowed in acknowledgment of a distinguished career. The loss of his companion has snapped the tender associations of a lifetime, and must have left a blank which nothing can entirely fill. The sympathy of the public can count for little when he misses that he has so long been used to. Yet to a veteran in public life there must be comfort in the thought that the public you have served is feeling with you, that England, irrespective of party, deplores even the timely termination of an essentially English union.

Scene in a Glasgow Theater.

A singular episode occurred at the Theater Royal, Glasgow, recently, in the course of Miss Bateman's personation of "Medea." It will be remembered that in the third act "Medea," picturing to herself the scene which must be taking place at the altar, where "Jason" and the Princess are being married, works her imagination up to a pitch of great intensity. The spectator has something of the feeling which comes upon him in the scene where "Macbeth" goes in to murder "King Duncan." At one of Miss Bateman's most impassioned passages, a person suddenly rose in the pit, and exclaimed excitedly, "Father, Son, and Holy Ghost! God help us! Amen!"

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, until MONDAY, FEBRUARY THIRD 1873, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the city and county of San Francisco, to be called Montgomery Avenue and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1, 1872. Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each Bond and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in GOLD COIN OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund.

The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,244,737 26 as ascertained and certified by decree final on the 14th of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000) and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

Bonds at par to the amount of one hundred and fifty-eight thousand dollars ($158,000) have already been accepted by and delivered to parties damaged, leaving one million eighty-six thousand seven hundred and thirty seven and 26-100 dollars ($1,086,737 26) to be provided for by the sale of Bonds. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders, where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in gold coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond (excepting from bidders entitled to damages), satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the city and county of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds."

The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, November 27, 1872.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and Co. of San Francisco.
Dec. 7. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO PARK BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the Park Commissioners south east corner of Montgomery and Pine streets, until THURSDAY, JANUARY 23, 1873, AT 2 O'CLOCK P.M., for the purchase of SAN FRANCISCO PARK BONDS to the amount of Seventy five Thousand Dollars ($75,000), or for any part thereof, authorized to be issued by said Commissioners by an Act of the Legislature entitled "An Act to provide for the improvement of Public Parks in the City of San Francisco," approved April 4th 1870, and an Act entitled "An Act amendatory of and supplemental to an Act entitled 'An Act to provide for the improvement of Public Parks in the City of San Francisco, approved April 4, 1870,'" approved March 30, 1872.

Said bonds to be of a denomination of $1,000, with coupons for interest attached—principal and interest payable in gold coin of the United States. These Bonds will be payable Twenty-four and a half (24½) Years from the date of their issue, viz., January 1, 1873, and will bear interest at the rate of Six (6) per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, at the office of the Treasurer of the City of San Francisco.

The Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco are required by law to raise by tax, in addition to the ordinary taxes, every year, a sum of money sufficient to pay the interest annually accruing on these Bonds; and the Public Parks and Avenues are pledged by law as security for the redemption of said Bonds.

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase said Bonds, payable in U.S. gold coin.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids, as the public good may require.

Proposals should be addressed "To the Park Commissioners," and should be endorsed, "Proposals for the purchase of San Francisco Park Bonds."

EUGENE L. SULLIVAN, CHARLES F. MACDERMOT, C. J. BRENHAM, Park Commissioners.
J. T. FLEMING, Secretary [Dec. 7.]

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current; Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date; latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 24.

OFFICE OF THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY,

526 California street, December 31, 1872. Dividend Notice. The GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY. The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of nine per cent. (9) per annum on Term Deposits, and seven and one-half per cent. (7½) per annum on Ordinary Deposits free from Federal Tax, for the six months ending December 31, 1872, payable on and after January 15th, 1873. By order, GEO. LETTE, Secretary.
San Francisco, December 31, 1872. Jan. 4.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—CHANGE OF AGENCY.

Having resigned the Agency of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., the copartnership heretofore existing between us under the firm name of ELDRIDGE & IRWIN, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation. Mr. B. K. HOLMAN, Assistant Agent, will have charge of the Company's business as acting Agent.
OLIVER ELDRIDGE,
San Francisco, December 31st, 1872. RICHARD B. IRWIN.

The undersigned has this day taken charge of the Agency of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY at San Francisco.
B. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.
San Francisco, January 1st, 1873.

Referring to the above notice, the undersigned will hereafter do a General SHIPPING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, under the firm name of RICHARD B. IRWIN & CO., at No. 220 Sansome street, corner of Pine.
RICHARD B. IRWIN.
San Francisco, January 1st, 1873. Jan 4.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

San Francisco Savings Union, No. 532 California st., corner Webb. For the half year ending with the 31st December, 1872, a dividend has been declared at the rate of nine and six-tenths (9 6-10) per cent. per annum on term deposits, and eight (8) per cent. per annum on ordinary deposits, free from Federal tax—payable on and after the 15th January, 1873. By order,
Jan 4. LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.

TO SCIENTISTS

Wanted, H. Alphonse L. Pinart, the skulls of deceased Indians of tribes belonging to California, Arizona, Oregon, Washington Territory, Idaho, Alaska and British Columbia. Each skull must be accompanied by a certificate indicating the tribe to which deceased belonged and the exact locality where procured. A fair price will be paid on delivering the same to AGAPIUS HONCHARENKO, No. 611 Clay street, San Francisco, California, who is authorized to act in the matter as agent.
Paris, November 28, 1872. Dec. 28.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly; Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
Aug. 10.] WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 417 Sansome street.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS — IN — Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pollzoi.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Munton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Feliz, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel. -A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe. -M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville. J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.

St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

—— Some time ago the Republican Government of France ordered the Museum of Sovereigns at the Louvre to be broken up. These idols of former times and Royal races, says the correspondent of the *Scotsman*, having now been dispersed—poor Marie Antoinette's slippers have gone in one direction, and the last letter she penned in the Conciergerie in another. Most of the objects have been returned to the persons who presented them, and the city of Paris recovers several historical objects, amongst which is the traveling case of Napoleon I., consisting of seventy-two pieces of gold. The Emperor breakfasted off this magnificent service before fighting Austerlitz, Jena, Friedland, and other battles, including Borodino, where, by the way, he suffered from indigestion, and refused to let the Old Guard take part in the battle. The watch and the "locket," or coral which the young King of Rome, Napoleon's son, used when he was cutting his teeth, have been returned to the family of the Marchands. One can fancy the danger which would result to any Republic from allowing an Imperial "locket" to be exposed in a museum. Have not people often gone mad over less interesting relics? Other souvenirs have been placed in St. Denis, near the resting-places of their Royal owners, and some of the warlike description have been removed to the Invalides, where coats of mail and plumed helmets figure alongside of modern artillery, and the arquebuse lies down with the breechloader. The Viceroy of Egypt has just sent a handsome present to the collection, in the shape of the sword, buckler, and casque of St. Louis, which have probably remained on the banks of the Nile ever since the beginning of the thirteenth century.

—— The Pope recently received a number of distinguished strangers resident in Rome, of whom the greater part were English and Americans. His Holiness, as is his custom, conversed with his guests, inquiring their nationality and the object of their visit to Rome. He passed among the ladies, most of whom, being somewhat confused, answered his questions in stammering accents. One young English lady, more nervous than her companions, he inquired where she was born. "I am twenty-four years of age, Holy Father," answered the young lady, whose confusion prevented her from properly understanding the question. The Pope could not refrain from laughter, and replied, "I asked you where you were born!" (*Je vous demande où vous êtes née.*) The young lady, considerably embarrassed, said, "Pray for me, Holy Father, I have not spoken the truth. I was twenty-nine years old some months ago." This *naïveté* considerably amused his Holiness, whose infallibility enabled him to overlook the gravity of his fair visitor's offence, but it did not prevent him from enjoying the good joke.

—— The sympathy of our own Royal Family with Mr. Disraeli in his affliction is already known. We understand that letters of condolence have also been received at Hughenden from distinguished personages and statesmen in several European capitals, and even from the furthest parts of India. Addresses and letters of sympathy under Mr. Disraeli's bereavement have also been sent to him by many working men's associations and private persons previously unknown. A thousand stories are told at Hughenden of Lady Beaconsfield's simple deeds of kindness, her womanly charities towards the poor and sick, and her graceful affection for her husband; nor are instances wanting of the chivalrous devotion with which he repaid her love and trust. Mr Disraeli in his bereavement must feel at least gratified at the expressions of profound sympathy which we all feel and desire to convey to him.

—— Mr. Gladstone has replied to a Fenian sympathizer. He is asked—"Can you, as an Englishman, tell Irishmen, as such, that you have done to them and theirs in the same case that you and yours would be done by! Or can you, as a son of man, tell Him, the Son of Man, that you have dealt, and are still dealing with His, your own fellow man, as he commanded?" His reply, through his secretary, is as follows: "10 Downing street, Nov. 30th, 1872. Sir: Mr. Gladstone desires me to acknowledge the receipt of your letter on the 28th inst., and to inform you that he has no difficulty in answering the two questions, with which you conclude, by a clear affirmative. I am, sir, your obedient servant, J. A. Godley."

—— It is rumored that Mr. Disraeli is likely to retire from active participation in political affairs. We cannot understand how any one can be authorized to put such a statement forward, as any political remarks at such a moment would most likely not have been made, and if weariness at the past had forced an utterance, or listlessness as to the future have been expressed, we must take into consideration the influence of the time, and the recent bitter sting which, when a little distant, may yield to other views. We should not be surprised if Mr. Disraeli were, on the contrary, to absorb himself in work, and give to it his remaining energies, well knowing what work is as a balm for affliction.

—— Garrick and Hogarth, sitting together at a tavern, mutually lamented the want of a picture of Fielding. "I think," said Garrick, "I could make his face," which he did accordingly. "For Heaven's sake hold, David," said Hogarth, "remain as you are for a few minutes." Garrick did so while Hogarth sketched the outlines, which were afterwards finished from their mutual recollection, and this drawing was the original of all the portraits we have at present of the admired author of "Tom Jones."

—— The Ambassadors of London and St. Petersburg have been reminded that their high salaries (£8,000 per year) are meant to be expended in representing France in a worthy manner, and not for personal remuneration. It would be well if the other embassies in London received a hint from their respective Governments, for, with two honorable exceptions, they do not offer much to the increase of London gaiety, either in or out of the season.

—— Mr. Gladstone writes to the *Spectator* to say that he has been misunderstood upon the subject of Homer. Instead of beginning every day with a study of the Greek bard, he has not read his works for a quarter of an hour together for the last four years. He had said that the question of Biblical archæology must always with him begin with Homer.

—— "Well, Fred," said Mr. Bright, sneeringly (to Mr. Lucas, late editor of the *Tablet*, and a pervert from Quakerism), "how do you get on with the new superstition?" "O, very well," was the reply, "how are *you* getting on with the old hypocrisy?"—*Grant's Newspaper Press.*

—— Mons. Duval, madly in love with Cora Pearl, who refused to see him, forced his way into her house and shot himself. He is not dead. Mons. Duval is the son of the celebrated millionaire butcher and proprietor of the *bouillon* establishments.

—— On Tuesday M. Thiers received Mr. Smith, a chief of the Mormons, and some of his *co-religionaires*, who expounded their tenets, much to the amusement of the President and Mdlle. Dosne, who were present at the interview.

—— The capital stock invested in British and Irish railways had attained last year the enormous sum of $2,763,400,000. The total length of the railways of the United Kingdom was, in 1871, 15,376 miles.

—— Queen Victoria has appointed Lady Inglis, widow of Major-General Sir John Eardley Wilmot Inglis, K.C.B., the defender of the Residency, Lucknow, housekeeper of St. James' palace.

—— The highest accounts are given of the Prince Imperial. He is said to be a lad of very great ability and promise, and the professors at Woolwich expect that he will do great things.

—— A rumor is current that Mr. Gladstone is about to honor literature by conferring a baronetage upon one of the proprietors of the *Daily Telegraph*.

—— A French writer says: "The seasons in London are equally divided—there are four months of Winter, four of fog, and four of rain."

—— Haddon Hall has not been occupied for 170 years, but the banqueting-hall was splendidly fitted up for the reception of the Royal visitors.

—— The King of Bavaria has sanctioned the reorganization of the Bavarian artillery upon a footing similar to that of the Russian army.

—— The Austrian Empress' dressmaker's bill is an annual trifle of fifty thousand dollars.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s. 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *.*SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.—The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopaths and invalids, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage. Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb. 23.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creasote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs Scott, Thomson & Co. Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co., Kurrachee, Messrs Rodgett & Hughes Umballa and Meian Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps, Chemically-prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding; Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges, for Pin-fire and Central-fire Breech-loading Guns, Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. 7.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 13.

D. CALLAGHAN,

Manufacturer of Donnelly's Yeast Powders, Cream Tartar, Soda and Saleratus, 121 Front street, San Francisco, California.
April 6. D. CALLAGHAN, Proprietor.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 426 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug 1.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 18th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox. the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand Feet.
Nov. 9. JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 18, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

On a Resurrectionist.

Here lies an honest man, my brothers,
Who raised himself by raising others,
Anxious his friends from soil to save,
His converse still was with the grave;
To rescue from the tomb his mission,
He took men off to the physician;
And strove that all, whom death releases,
Should rest—if not in peace—in pieces.
So here he waits his resurrection,
In hopes his life may bear dissection.

Sunbeams.

— The following is a *verbatim* copy of a letter received by the manager of a leading railway company in the north of Ireland from one of his station-masters on the line:—"Dear Sir: This application is somewhat [illegible], but I ask you to kindly back it with your sanction, as I am serious in making it. Owing to the want of proper appliances at this station for doing work, I am often called out to the yard from my proper duties to supply directing brains to others. This keeps me late in office, making up for lost time; and, as I was [illegible] of your coals during the chilling weather of September and October, I got cold in my system, which terminated in acute rheumatism in my face, necessitating the extraction of five teeth to save from worse. As these teeth did good service in their time to the company in talking-*up* a good character for the directors when they required it, or talking-*down* a bad one when they got it, besides doing other duty of a personal character, and as I hope to talk more yet in your service for mutual benefits—I take the liberty of asking the directors, through you, to kindly supply me with a set of artificial teeth, which will occupy the place, and partly make up for the great want of those I have lost. Your obedient servant * * * P. S. If the teeth would not be used during my time in the service, they could be kept for my successor."—*Belfast News Letter.*

[From Punch.]

— Anecdotes of High Life. – Mr. Swellington (who is fond of letting people know he is acquainted with the aristocracy)—"I assure you, my dear fellah, I was staying at a country-house the other day, and the master (most intimate friend of mine) rang for the chef, and asked him why the dooce they all objected to Australian beef? 'Well, my lord,' says the chef, 'I really can't give any precise reason for it.'" Mr. Griggsby (who is fond of chaffing Mr. Swellington), "Ah! very interesting story! I was staying at a country house, too. The Missus (reg'lar old pal o' mine) rang for the sub-vice-deputy-assistant-groom of the chambers, and put the very same question to him. 'Well, yer grace,' says he, 'I'm blowed if I know!'"

— Both Bothered.—School Examiner: "Name the kings of England who died violent deaths." Boy: "Please, sir, did a king who died in a fit die a violent death?" School Examiner: "I am not allowed to help you in answering questions. You must judge for yourself!"

— Rather Rum.—Mrs. Malaprop, who takes a deep interest in the welfare of our navy, is glad to hear that there is an officer specially appointed by the Admirablety to look after the sailors' allowance of spirits and water, called the Highgrographer.

— Taking it for Granted.—Engaging Photographer—"Just look a little pleasant, miss! Think of 'im!"

— Note for the Moralist.—Virtue is not its own reward. If it were it would be as common as vice.

— Advice to Bachelors.—Never marry a horsey girl. She will be a nagging wife.

— An expensive wife makes a pensive husband.

— Companion of the Bath—The sponge.

[From Judy.]

— A Pleasant Prospect.—Mr. Swellington (who has promised to take his cousin Annie to the ball, and has five minutes to get ready in)—"Mrs. Nailem, where are my patent leather boots?" Mrs. N.: "O, dear, sir, do you want them?" Mr. S.: "Of course I want them! I am behind time now. Where are they?" Mrs. N.: "I am very sorry, sir, but as you never seemed to wear them, I thought they were no use, so I sold them to a man for a pair of vases, sir."

— Another Street Outrage.—Scene, Temple Bar.—Old Gentleman: "Boy, I want to go to Somerset House." Boy: "Very well, old cockolorum, I don't mind your going, if you'll promise not to be gone long."

[From Fun.]

— High Bowe.—Unaffected Sister: "How do we keep Christmas? as one of the festivals of the Church, of course." Very affected Brother: "A'ow, ah! with decowations! So glad you do it wespectable—I was afwaid you might keep it as one of the festivals of the [illegible]—with wretched distwibutions of blankets and beef and common sawts of things!"

— A Doubt-full Admission.—(Time—after supper.) Dootong: "May I have the pleasure of putting down a waltz with you, Miss Eaton?" Miss E.: "Really, Mr. Dootong, I'm afraid I'm so full already that I haven't even a corner left."

— Lower Bone.—Tim: "What does Crismas mean? Why it means 'corn,' an' 'wine,' an' 'oil,' an' roast beef an' plum puddings for the hupper classes for one, ower downs, it means these year cares an—prickles!"

— Turning a Hair.—Customer: "I think my hair's getting grey, isn't it?" Haircutter: "Well, reely, sir, I can't say but what it do seem to be meditating a change of color."

— A Proverb for the U. K. A.—None are so blind as those who see double.

— The only genuine Penny Reading—"Victoria D. G. Brit: Reg: F: D."

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, December 1, 1872, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted), S. F. & N. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Donahue with Trains for Cloverdale; making close connection at Lakeville with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from [illegible] Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

Oakland Branch. Leave San Francisco, 7 0, 8:10, 9:20, 10:10 and 11:20 a.m., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:20, 8:15, 9:20 and *11:20 p.m. (9:20, 11:20 and 5:00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:20, 6:30, 7:30, 9:00 and 11 [illegible] a. m., 1:30, 2:40, 4:[illegible], [illegible], 7 [illegible] and [illegible] p. m.

Leave Oakland [illegible] and 11 [illegible] a. m., [illegible], 5:05, 6.20, [illegible] and [illegible] p. m.

Alameda Branch—Leave San Francisco, 7:20, 9:00 and 11:15 a.m., 1:20, 4:00, 5:20 and 6:00 p.m. (4:20, 11:15 and 5:20 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:20, 7:00 and 10:[illegible] a. m., and 5:20 p.m.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:35, 9:00 and 11:20 a.m., 1:30, 4:05 and 5:30 p.m. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 8th, 1872.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—San Francisco		8.40 a m	*3:20 p m	†4.40 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 30 a m	5:40 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12.50 p m	..	..
Pajaro	Arrive	2:20 p m	..	..
Castroville	Arrive	3:05 p m	..	..
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m	..	..
Hollister	Arrive	2:10 p m	..	..

Trains North.		San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave—Hollister		-	-	11:05 a m
Salinas				10:00 a m
Castroville				10:40 a m
Pajaro				11:20 a m
Gilroy				1:00 p m
San Jose		†6.50 a m	[illegible] a m	3:31 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	8:10 a m	10:15 a m	5:10 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:20 p m. †Sundays excepted.

FREIGHT TRAINS

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11:30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.

J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets and Valencia street at its junction with Twenty-fifth street at 6 a. m., running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock p. m., and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty-fifth street at 11 10 p. m., and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 m. The cars run to Main street up to 6:30 p. m., after which they run only as far as Montgomery street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag, reading "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S. P. R. R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S. P. R. R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty-fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes direct to Hayes Park.

Nov. 12. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 423 Front street. March 23.]

UNITED STATES, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA MAIL S. S. LINE,

Contractors for Carrying the British and American Mails. [illegible] The splendid steamships of this line are specially constructed for speed, and arranged to provide health, comfort, and free ventilation during voyages in the heated tropics. [illegible] Nevada [illegible] Nebraska, 3,000 tons will leave for Ports in the above named Colonies, via Honolulu, every Fourth Wednesday, on arrival of the mail from London. Steamship Dakota will sail Nov. 6th. For Freight and Passage, and further information, apply at the Offices of the line, No. 217 Sansome street, San Francisco. I. W. RAYMOND, [Oct. 26.] Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the Steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6:45 a. m., 11 a. m., 4:30 p. m.; Saucelito at 8 a. m., 9:30 a. m. and 5:20 p.m. Sunday Time—San Francisco, 10 a. m., 12 m., 2 p. m. and 4 p. m. Saucelito, 11 a. m., 1, 3 and 5 p. m. On Saturdays, an extra trip from Saucelito at 5:15 p. m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a. m. H. A. COBB, President, Nov. 16. 221 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 187-, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 a.m. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 1:30 p. m., connecting at Petaluma with stages for [illegible] and [illegible]. [Aug. 24.] CHAS. MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL,

Gardens and Farms, at the Junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot.—This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours—On and after Saturday, February 24, 187-, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 8:30 a.m., 1:00 p. m., 4.30 p.m. San Rafael, 6 a.m., 11:15 a m., 2:30 p m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a.m., 3:30 p.m.; San Rafael, 8:30 a m., 2:30 p.m. [Aug. 31.] CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s 9d per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin; in bottles, 1s 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS. Feb. 26. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST—EPP'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labeled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Druggists' Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, [illegible], Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE, July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce—The success of the season at the table for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities to the Duke of Edinburgh hence. It is delicate and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 23.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors: I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, B. H. Breed, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Freund, H. Tracy, [illegible] Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Pomeroy, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 16.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a. m. Cash advances on consignments. Dec 11. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g.
Justices—402 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] Kearny street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—[illegible] Merchants Exch'nge.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 11, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—28 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Outside Land Committee—31 Exchange Building, Washingt'n and Montgomery streets.
Health Office—Jackson street.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Jackson St., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
Quarantine—23 Kearny street.
Harbor Master—14 Vallejo St.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

Belgium—E. Grisar, 1517 Powell.
Chili—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street.
Chili—Consul General: Francisco 2d Casanueva, 206 Battery st.
Denmark—G. O'Hara Taafe, 520 California street.
Ecuador—Daniel Wolf (absent).
France—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street.
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, 319 California street.
Guatemala—Juan Urruela, 109 Battery.
Hawaiian Islands—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street.
Honduras—Wm. V. Wells, 31 Second.
Italy—G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
Japan—C. W. Brooks, Grand Hotel.
Mexico—J. Rivas, 526 Kearny.
German Empire—C. A. C. Dubuisson, 314 Sacramento street.
Netherlands—J. De Fremery, [illegible] Sansome street.
Nicaragua—F. Herrera, [illegible] Montgomery street.
Peru—De la Puenteny Sobirat Federico.
Portugal—Francis Berton, sw. cor. Clay and Liedesdorff Sts.
Russia—M. Kuskofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
San Salvador—D. J. Dorsey.
Spain—C. Martin, 423 California.
Sweden and Norway—C. J. Janson, 21 Battery street.
Switzerland—Francis Berton.
U. S. of Colombia—F. Herrera.
Bolivia—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
Callao—D. J. Williamson, 330 Brannan street.
Costa Rica—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
Oregon—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
Argentine Republic—C. Baum, 510 Battery street.
Austro-Hungarian—G. Muecke, 109 California street.
Turkey—George W. Gibbs, 28 Battery street.

Wayside Gushings.

BY MRS. HARRIS.

Dear Noos Letter: It seems a age since I bade you an ajoo,
But habsence, as the poet says, do make the 'art more frue;
My 'ealth of late 'ave been that poor I've scarcely wrote a line,
But memory's woice 'ave constant said as 'Arris still was thine.
Sayrah is at a banxious age and takes a deal of care,
And 'ave recent growed to sich an 'ight 'twould make your hoptics stare.
'Er natur', like 'er missus's, is a skemspeck and pure,
But 'tain't no use, ven the oss is gone, to lock the stable door.
Sometimes I fear, ven she goes for beer, she never will come back,
But in the dark some dry goods clerk will drag 'er to an 'ack.
Likeways there's a perliceman whose whiskers struck 'er eye,
And I'm 'alf afeard as they do meet each other on the sly:
Let 'im beware, for 'Arris' eye is on 'im unbeknown,
And if guilty proved, she'll brandish 'im as a wile wagabone.

'Ow 'ave you been! Your note do ask particularly kind
After my 'ealth, but do not say 'ow Father Time do find
Your own contemporaneous corpse as was born the werry year
That 'Arris like a meteor flashed across this earthly sphere.
Your constitooshun, like my own, 'ave stood life woudrous well,
And but for vind and rummatis I'm sounder than a belle;
The doctor he 'ave hordered me to take my 'ot Scotch cold,
For, says he, "Mrs. 'Arris, your stummick's gettin' old,
And it is best to take it neat for lemons is in wain
To cheer the 'art or give relief in chronic wentral pain."
Vich I do think the man is right, so now I takes it neat,
For sometimes I feels 'most too weak to stand upon my feet.

I should 'ave gushed on New Year's day, but did eat some weddin' cake
As disagreed and give me a most 'orrible 'ead ache;
Sayrah did say it were the punch likeways the wile champagne,
As we drank permiscuous where we called and would do the same again.
I were indignant at 'er words as can be a baggrawator,
But vot should that young critter know of a poeters's natur?
'Owsomdever, I did take some pills and rumfusio in bed,
Feelin' an 'orrid 'eaviness in my un'appy 'ead,
Thank 'evans 'tis o'er, and quite restored, vunce more I takes my pen
To give the world my serious views on manners and on men.

Talkin' of New-Year's wisits, you should 'ave seen the folks
As called on 'Arris that there morn, a-crackin' of their jokes;
But ven I see'd 'em coming, says I, "Sayrah, lock the door;
Don't let 'em in; say I've gone out and won't be 'ome before
To-morrow night, for cake is ris and wine likeways is dear,
And rooing stares us in the face should they ask for bottled beer;
Besides, as I'm a furriner it is more *comme il faut*,
As Frenchmen say, to wisit them, and we'll save our wittles, so
Get on your things, bring me my shawl, we'll lock up for the day—
Ven other people pays the bill 'tis 'Arris that is gay."
So off we went that blessed morn, and them 'Oodlum boys did call,
"There goes old 'Arris rigged as fine as if goin' to a ball
With pooty Sayrah by 'er side a-rinkin' as she valks
'O'ldin' 'er Missus by the arm and smilin' as she talks."
But I 'ave wowed I'll never call again ven I goes out
At any 'ouse where they don't keep a drop of bottled stout,
For them French wines do turn that sour upon vun's hinmost soul
As causes spazzoms in vun's chest, and makes vun's hoptics roll
Vith languish vile vun 'as to talk and seem to like it much,
Vich 'Arris 'as a British soul and cannot stummick such.

Series the First of 'Arris' Poems is now arranged complete,
And forms a wolume as the world admits ain't easy beat;
The ablest critics in the land 'ave wrote me for to say,
"'Arris, you are, without a doubt, the Voman of the Day."
Talk of your walking Millers and migratory Hartes,
Theirs is a poetry heavy wrote by hecstasies and starts,
But for a hepic as depicks the hups and downs of wirtue,
Mine is the style, and don't contain a word of wice to 'urt you.
So 'ere we goes for wolume two, to come out hevery week;
Sayrah and I will do our best our hinmost thoughts to speak.
Likeways hadwentures will occur to that young gal and me
As'll give a thrilling hinterest to my touching poetry
For in this hage werse is the rage; prose ain't no good at all,
Vich is the reason vy that 'ook-nosed Ebrew 'ad a fall,
As did start a paper without funds and vith other people's brains,
And went that rash he made a smash and got laughed at for 'is pains.

Matrimony.

Now, matrimony, to my mind, ought to be a fair partnership; but all the wives an' married faymales take Hoppy McCormack's view ov it. An' sure his view ov it was exactly like the handle ov a pump—'twas all o' one side. He was called Hoppy bekase he had a wooden leg. He wasn't born wid it, you know—he only [illegible] it. Well, they do say ov Hoppy, that one night when he was in Dublin an' drink—an' be the same token there was few people could put themselves outside a few scald o' tumblers o' whisky punch in as short a time as Hoppy one night, when he was in drink an' Dublin, the end ov his wooden leg got into one ov the fire-places in Sackville street, an' he, be n' occupied in his mind keepin wakin' around twid the wooden leg till mornin', houldin out his latch key, and wonderin' who had run away wid the front door. Well, as I was sayin', all the faymales—particularly them as is licensed by their marriage-lines "to worry"—take Hoppy's view ov the partnership, an' I tell ye how. Hoppy, ye see, was partners onct on a time wid Cawdy [illegible] in a private still, down near Knockabud ladder, an' the gaugers happen'n to get a scent ov the poteen, Hoppy an' Cawdy had to run for it; but, thru to the partnership, they tuk the poteen along wid 'm. "What's partnership, Cawdy," ses Hoppy, as he did his "dot an' carry one" after him—"what's partnership, alanna?" "O, it's a fair an' equil division of profit and labor," sez Cawdy. "That's just my way of thinking," sez Hoppy, "so if I carry the whisky, and you carry me, the profit 'll be all right, and the division of the labor equil." But, comin' back to me subject—matrimony, they tell me, is now called a civil contract—it's called so by the law—but, by the hokey, Murtough Molloway was nearer the truth when he sed that the rayson it was called a civil contract was bekase all civility ended at the altar—when the masculine victim had tied the knot wid his tongue that he couldn't afterwards ontie wid his teeth. Howsomever, be all accounts, it's an ould ancient institution, an' I have heerd that a good wife is a bargain any day—an' a bargain that seldom comes singly—but, singly or doubly, it's like what they call an epidemic—chronic in the case of widdys—an epidemic that kem to our ancestors as natural as the mazles. It breaks out, I'm towld, in their posterity, when they're about escaping from their teens. The symptoms in the faymale showing strong when she begins squeezin' in her waist until it ain't half an armful, and making a balloon or her back hair. An' in the male when he makes up his mind to makin' clane pipes dirty, an' to feelin' for nothin' at all on his upper lip. Howsomever, if it be that it must be had onct at laste in a lifetime, my opinion is that, like the hooping-cough, it's lightest when taken early; but, if it ain't taken wid a trifle ov the *rale* money, there'll be precious little of the harmony in the mixture. An' as most ov the people ov the day, who haven't had the disase, are likely to catch it by rubbin' again those that have, an' squeezin' the fingers ov those that haven't, I'll just conclude my remarks an' my last tumbler wid a conundrum. "Why is the state of matrimony like a besieged city in war-time?" Do ye give it up? Well, it's bekase those that are outside are wantin' to get in, and those that are inside are wantin' to get out!

—*J. Crawford Wilson.*

— The California Placard Exchange will open for business on or about February 15th.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $750,000. Officers—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice-President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; N. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary. H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. Directors—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Grogan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, D. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse. A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, [illegible], L. F. Grover, P. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. Sacramento—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. Marysville—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. Portland, O.—Henry Failing. New York—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan. GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President. Charles D. Haven, Secretary. Geo. T. Bohen, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over Nine Million Dollars. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the Only Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law. WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent. April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

The Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, of San Francisco, California. Organized April 25, 1863. Capital, $500,000, fully paid in gold coin. Fire, Marine, Harbor and Inland Transit Risks, on terms as favorable as any other reliable first-class company. Greatest amount taken on one risk, $50,000. Portions of risks considered too large will be re-insured in responsible companies. Losses promptly paid in United States gold coin. D. J. Staples, President; G. T. Lawton, Vice-President; Charles R. Bond, Secretary.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,052,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business. GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent. Wm. Macdonald, Agent. Nov 21.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,190,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. BOOKER, Agent, [Jan. 13.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco. ☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1720.)

Cash Assets.......................................$13,000,000.

☞ Fire Risks at current rates. [Nov. 16.] CROSS & CO., Agents.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin. FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California, Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

THE STATE INVESTMENT AND INSURANCE COMPANY.

Fire and Marine.—No. 409 California street, opposite Bank of California. TYLER CURTIS, President. Peter Donahue, Vice-President. Jan. 20.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 321 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec. 21.

LINDENBERGER & BURKE,

Commission Merchants, Nos. 28 and 30 Sansome St., San Francisco, and Agents of the Willamette Woolen Mills, Salem, Oregon. Oct. 5.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO., March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 512 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco. J. A. MARS, Assayer. Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters, etc. Aug. 21.

POULTERER & VERDENAL,

D. F. Verdenal.] [T. J. Poulterer.

Stock Brokers, San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board, 409 California street. May 11.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 11.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Roney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 15.

Our Boys.

Colonel Barnes has done good service by his recent lecture. Possessing the ready command of choice language, which he uses with all the skill of the orator, the Colonel is able to raise almost any subject from the region of mere common place. When, however, by a happy intuity he hit upon the one great question of to-day which, more than any other, goes home to the heart of every right thinking parent, he was bound to achieve a more than ordinary success. We congratulate him upon what he did as well as upon what he left undone. He painted the disease with frightful vividness, and started the public mind upon a track of inquiry which, if followed out to a logical termination, will assuredly furnish us with a remedy. To have done this within an hour's discourse is to have accomplished much. What was left undone is in a fair way of being worked out by the concentrated thought given to it by our citizens generally and by the discussions going on in the press. The subject must not be allowed to drop. It is something more than one of San Francisco's ordinary sensations which excite to-day and are forgotten to-morrow. A month, a year, aye! years hence it will still be a serious question as to what we shall do with our boys. Great reforms, underlying the whole social fabric, are not worked out in a day. Colonel Barnes, having constituted himself in some sort a leader on this subject, must not lose sight of it. He has the ability, and we trust it will be proved that he has the perseverance to follow the matter up until tangible results are attained. Meanwhile the discussions in the press will help on the good work. We shall do well to remember that much of the evils of the hoodlum life of our city is really the fault of the parents themselves. Every father ought to feel it a paramount duty that his son should, at a proper age, be set to some useful employment. The fact is, there is a monstrously absurd feeling growing up, not always openly expressed, it is true, that work is not just the respectable thing for our sons to do. It may be all very well for other people's children, but for ours, why, that alters the question. This nonsense must be got rid of. Nothing is more honorable than work—nothing more vicious than idleness. No doubt some of the causes are peculiar to our city, which go a great way toward making our boys the helpless young scapegraces that many of them are. Their parents too often live in hotels, boarding-houses, or in lodgings, where there are none of those home ties which, in other States and cities, go far to produce a happy home circle. Without such surroundings, parents too often feel a sense of relief when their boys are "out of way," and are only too careless as to their whereabouts or their associates. Then, our climate being as mild and genial as it is, there is not that incentive to active out-door exercises which prevails elsewhere. We know towns with less than half the population of San Francisco that could supply a hundred boat's crews of boys. How much better it would be for the moral and physical development of our boys if they were engaged pulling a stout oar on our lovely bay, instead of standing at a corner grocery sucking away at their cigars, a nuisance and a public eye-sore! Nine out of every ten of the young hoodlums one meets are small-chested, sallow-complexioned and totally lacking the robustness and vigor of manly boys. With no true ambition, they seek only to excel in things which it would be well that they know nothing at all about. It is far from pleasant to look forward to the race of emaciated, chestless, strengthless, vicious beings that must inevitably be the result of the follies of these times. No problem to-day demands more earnest treatment than the question, "What are we to do with our boys? We trust Colonel Barnes will proceed until he has in some measure at least helped us to a happy solution of the difficulty. Like all good preachers, however, he must stick to his text.

Base Cowardice.

In our last week's number, seeing the error of our ways, we formally eschewed honesty in journalism and pledged the *News Letter* to a career based upon the plan of reaching out for everything in sight. We are not prepared to admit that in this we made a blunder, for stealing is not without its pleasures, but we confess at times we are strongly moved by disgust with our associates. Not because they are knaves, for that is to be expected, but their beastly hypocrisy and cant. Of all the disappointments to which we have been subjected, the conduct of John Marks has been the most trying. Of this man we had the highest expectations. He was a princely scoundrel, as we had reason to believe, and there was nothing the *News Letter* would not have done for him. But no more Marks for us; he is a common sneak, and unworthy of the notice of gentlemen in our line. The Governor's expert, a certain Mr. Crane, has examined Marks' accounts, and a few figures will be quite sufficient to show up the fellow's character in its true light. From that paper the conclusion is inevitable that John Marks paid into the State Treasury, during a period of about ten months in 1872, the enormous sum of sixty or seventy thousand dollars, money that had been collected for dockage and tolls of vessels at the wharves. It is true that he afterwards drew it all out again, and some thousands of dollars besides, but what of that! Why did he part with the coin at all! Why let it go from him in a world so uncertain as this? It was indeed a grievous error. The fact that he has squeezed everything that went through his grasp and made it pay toll will, no doubt, be pleaded in his extenuation; his friends will say that he has nipped and put away a quarter of a million in three years, that he has had ten per cent. on the dredging, twenty per cent. on the pile driving, fifty per cent. on the dockage and all the tolls, and that this ought to shield him from our wrath. But we say no! He paid money into the State Treasury, which money he could have put into his pocket. It is not the loss of the funds to rascaldom that we deplore, especially as it is admitted that he got it all back and thirteen thousand dollars with it, but it is the motive of the thing. We charge John Marks with a cowardly subserviency to public opinion that renders him unworthy of our society. He paid the money into the State Treasury from hypocrisy; he wanted the world to regard him honest; he would have the money and be respectable besides; he wanted both to have his pie and eat it. We confess we had hoped for better things. We had looked forward to the time when we, in company with a few kindred spirits (John Marks among them), after having enriched ourselves sufficiently by a general system of larceny, should form a select club of thieves, with elegant rooms in California street, and then quietly and luxuriously contemplate the delightful spectacle of our sons robbing the world under our advice and general supervision. But it won't do. He is a dunghill, this Marks. Faugh! We can't think of it without the rising of our gorge.

The Obsequies of Napoleon III.

The last act in the life drama of the late Emperor was played in the small town of Chiselhurst, in England, last Wednesday. It was the [illegible] by the French nation. The day that the remains were laid in the tomb was the same day on [illegible] which he placed his foot on that ladder the apex of which was the Imperial crown. An immense crowd attended the ceremony. Representatives from all [illegible] of Europe were present. [illegible] the [illegible] Queen of England [illegible], accompanied by her Lord Chamberlain, to do honor to the remains of one who had [illegible] in her country. The First Napoleon died [illegible] the last Napoleon died [illegible] the consequences of [illegible]. The Bonaparte family, with the exception of [illegible], were all present, [illegible] the Emperor's Marshals and some of his [illegible] came over from France to pay the last tribute of respect to their late master. The Empress was [illegible]. A solemn requiem mass was held at Rome under the [illegible] of Cardinal Bonaparte. The [illegible] of Italy ordered [illegible] funeral [illegible] at Milan [illegible] [illegible] to the French [illegible] the French nation [illegible] [illegible] may restore the house of Bonaparte again to power, in which case the ashes which now repose in a foreign soil will be transported to that Mausoleum in Paris where those cold marble figures keep their eternal watch over the transported remains of the great founder of the family.

An Epigram.

[NOT FROM MARTIAL.]

[Respectfully dedicated to W. A. K——l, in acknowledgment of his spirited assaults on Mr. Bret Harte's character, at the distance of three thousand miles.]

Call me a hound, a reprobate defamer,
A sneak gratuitous, a sturdy liar,
White-livered thief, a savage turtle tamer,
An idiot boy, a jelly-fish on fire,
A rampant snail, a complement of sludge,
A watery fool, a scullion and a drudge,
A most incredible joke:
Call me the remnant of a tinker's dream,
A small mistake, a nose-compelling steam
Of Limburg cheese, a vanity, a soak!
Yes, call me these! I'll bear it, though you mend all
With more and more; but call me not a Kendall!

Another Back Somersault by Pickering.

On Monday evening last the Board of Supervisors passed a resolution which had the entire concurrence of the *Call*. It was simply declatory of the city's willingness to grant the Central Pacific facilities to bring ship and car together. The *Call* reprinted this resolution and attached to it a leading article approving its passage, in the course of which it said: "Our citizens are all willing, yes, desirous that an ordinance should pass adjusting the lines of streets and giving Stanford & Co. any needful facility in the city." This was a precise echo of the terms of the Supervisors' resolution. Having so pronounced, one would have thought that even the *Call* would have stood by its own deliberate utterance for at least a week. Not so, however, for the ink with which the article was printed had hardly time to dry ere the whole thing was taken back again, not in a candid, manly way, but in a sneaking, sniveling fashion quite *a la* Pickering. Quoting from the Sacramento *Union*, it adopted the following language: "If any man can see in these resolutions of the Board of Supervisors anything else than a direct move in favor of the Goat Island scheme, he is much sharper-sighted than we are. We regard it as a diversion, after the victory is as good as gained, in favor of the enemy—as an act of base treachery to the interests of the city." In other words, that which it was admitted "*all* our citizens were willing, yes, desirous to do" on Wednesday, was declared on Thursday to be "an act of base treachery to the interests of the city." Does not this clearly show that Pickering is the least trustworthy of guides in regard to this railroad matter? Made up of a mass of hatred, malice and all uncharitableness, he is nothing if not vicious. His peculiar idiosyncrasies in this direction have so diseased his brain on all subjects pertaining to the Central Pacific Railroad that he appears to have lost the power to be consistent with himself for twenty-four hours together. This is, however, quite true to nature. It is not at all uncommon for persons unduly enraged finding their anger quite impotent, to rush around in a mad way, first striking high and then low, and exercising no judgment in the administration of their blows. Never was a greater mistake made than when Pickering constituted himself the leader of an insane war against the railroad system of our State. He was not strong enough for the place. He whom a Blair had easily vanquished was certainly no match for a Stanford. He might be good at a shot in the back, but the face of his enemy was always sufficient to bring him to bay. Like Mrs. Partington, toddling along with her mop, he may be excellent at a puddle, but he is nowhere when a wave has to be encountered. Leaving him trundling his mop at a puddle, the product of his own senility, we pass the poor old creature by, regretting that the last hours of a fast ending life should be misspent in so idle a task. Meanwhile this railroad war is fast drawing to a close, to the satisfaction of all good citizens. The last objection to the grant of Goat Island has been conclusively answered upon the dispassionate authority of the Engineer-in-Chief of the United States Army. Soon the whole question will be settled, and the Central Pacific will go on in the even tenor of its way, extending the blessings of railroad communications with the interior and building up a trade and commerce in San Francisco which will increase the value of real estate and enrich the very men who are now so insanely backing against it.

Some Curiosities in National Money Borrowing.

When private individuals propose to loan money, they usually consider the willingness and capacity of the borrower to repay them, and in the proportion in which these considerations are satisfactory is the question of the amount of interest determined. Precisely the same principle ought, one would think, to prevail in regard to national money borrowing. If it did, then ought the United States to be able to obtain loans on terms as favorable as the most successful money borrowing power on earth. Both our willingness and capacity to repay the national creditors are fully shown by the unparalleled rapidity with which we are doing so. In the history of nations there is nothing like it. Yet most other countries can borrow on more favorable terms than we can. English 3 per cent. consols are almost as high as our 6 per cent. bonds. United States 6 per cents are selling at 95, whilst the 6 per cents of a young country like Australia are selling at 115. Massachusetts' 5 per cents sell at 8 per cent. discount, whilst those of New Zealand are at 2 per cent. premium. The city of Melbourne borrows all the money she wants at from 4 to 5 per cent.; the city of San Francisco has to pay eleven. These are certainly curiosities in borrowing which may well lead us to inquire why these things are so. If we borrowed as cheaply as does even Australia, we should have many millions less taxes in the year to pay.

California vs. New York City.

Under the frightful heading, "Startling Record," that incendiary publication, the platitudinous *Call*, publishes an extract from a New York paper showing the number of violent deaths in that city during the year 1872. There were murdered in the city 57 persons; 735 were sent to their graves by casualties, and 140 suicided. What is there startling in these figures, unless it be their littleness? The population of California is considerable less than that of the city of New York, but in the little matter of murderous pastimes, this State can bear off the palm. The records shows that there were 182 murders in this State last year—more than double the number New York can boast of. But then we have to sorrowfully knock under on the scores of suicides and accidental deaths, there having been only 36 of the former and 100 of the latter during the year. But, in spite of the humiliating littleness of the figures last given, we insist that, on the whole, the Golden State bears off the palm. Its pre-eminence in the matter of murders places it a head and shoulders above the Empire City. A "startling" fact, perhaps, but yet one of which we proudly boast, because to the "meat-axe" of the *News Letter* persistently wielded against shams and humbugs, may be attributed a large proportion of these events chronicled under the head of "murders."

"Friend George."

Harry George and Larry Pickering are engaged in asking each other's secrets. Harry wanted Larry to tell him if Simonton traveled with a free pass. Larry says he didn't. We don't believe him. There is no article in the particular creed which Simonton professes to which he adheres more strictly than that which inculcates the necessity of getting things cheap. We don't believe he would take coin out of his pocket when a free pass happened to be there. Larry then asked "friend George" to tell him to whom he sold the Sacramento *Reporter*? Harry promptly answered, "To the highest bidder, of course." Then comes Harry and wants to know why Larry first strenuously advocated the Goat Island scheme and then flopped round. Larry has not been heard from for four days. We predict he won't be—on that subject.

—— Had the Street Commissioners made such a "clean sweep" as their harbor brethren, we should be spared the cursed affliction of the mucilaginous mud; and the profanity heaped upon foul street crossings could be directed with more advantage into better deserving channels. We hate to see ladies with skirts dragging in the mud. We had rather see them elevated two, nay, three feet from the ground any time.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Things to Think of. By Rev. H. A. Sawtelle. 12mo, cloth.
Life of Chas. Dickens. By John Forster. Vol. II. 12mo., cloth.
Treasure Trove. With Illustrations. By S. Eytinge, Jr. 16mo., cloth.
A Lonely Life. By J. A. St. John Blythe. 12mo., cloth.
Camping Out. By C. A. Stevens. 12mo., cloth.
Left on Labrador. By C. A. Stevens. 12mo., cloth.
Mrs. Skaggs' Husbands and Other Sketches. By Bret Harte. 16mo., cloth.
Livingstone and His African Explorations. 12mo., cloth.
Dr. Wainwright's Patient. A Novel. By Edmund Yates. 8vo., paper.
The Strange Adventures of a Phaeton. By Wm. Black. 8vo., cloth.
Spicy. A Novel. By Mrs. Martha J. Lamb. 8vo., paper.

A. ROMAN & CO., Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers. 11 Montgomery st., Lick House Block.

BANCROFT'S DIARIES! [illegible] Important Information to BUSINESS MEN. Elegant Russian Diaries at BANCROFT'S, 721 Market St.

SUNNY ROOMS, CENTRALLY LOCATED "GALT HOUSE," No. 632 MARKET STREET. Superior Apartments, single or "en suite." NEWLY FURNISHED.

HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post St., San Francisco.

THE ONLY THOROUGH BUSINESS College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should secure a sound practical Education at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Session day and evening throughout the year. Students can commence at any time. Each receives separate instruction. There is a Preparatory Department for those insufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for

Heald's College Journal.

An eight page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school, and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing
E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug 2] San Francisco.

PETER SHORT, Merchant Tailor, [illegible] Montgomery street, San Francisco.

DR. ABORN, Residence and office, 213 Geary street, opposite the Plaza. Dec 28.

THOMAS TURNBULL, Architect, Eble's Block, No. 608 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS, Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 30

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

A Reporter from Hades in San Francisco.

The devil in his regions sat, not very long ago,
'Twas rather sultry weather in his residence below;
He called a favorite imp and said, "Mount thou the upper air,
And go to San Francisco and see what's doing there.
Inspect the city thoroughly, each block and street and court,
And having done so, come back here and hand me your report;
See all that can be seen, and keep a sharp look out for souls,
And while you're there you might as well inquire the price of coals.

Call on the Supervisors, they're all old friends of mine,
And any favor you may ask I'm sure they won't decline.
Bring all the Sunday *Chronicles*, and perhaps you might as well
Inform DeYoung how much we like his paper down in hell.
And when you're in the city, leave my card with Mrs. Fair,
And tell her that her absence is very hard to bear.
Pray don't forget the lawyers, but tell them with my love,
In cases of emergency I'm with them "hand and glove."

Then go to all the churches, pay a visit unto each,
Be particular in noting down the doctrines that they preach;
Be sure and take a trip down town and hear old Dr. Cox
Hold forth to rampant hoodlums and monkeys from his box.
There, off you go! I think enough instructions you have got,
I would say more, but really, it is so devilish hot;
As you go out tell Cerebus be sure and look alive,
And send another chain in case *friend Mooney should arrive.*

A month flew by, the imp came back to Erebus, and quick
Was ushered to his Majesty. "Come in," exclaims old Nick.
"Ah, so you're back from 'Frisco; you're welcome, just sit down,
And tell me what is doing in that lively little town.
You followed my instruction?" "I did, your Majesty,
As you will soon discover if you listen unto me."
The imp took out his note book, then in the following style
The greedy ears of Satan with his tale he did beguile:

"I've splendid news, your Majesty, for it must be confessed
That San Francisco *is* the fastest city of the West.
I visited the prison, and your Majesty's own larder
Has seldom held so choice a crop, and never cases harder
I found the 'Chicken' doing well, and gave him your regards,
But Mrs. Fair had gone elsewhere, so did not waste the cards
I went to church, heard Bishop Kip, who sent me fast asleep,
And into every gospel shop I took a hasty peep.

I called on several lawyers and found them doing well,
Living on *egg*, as usual, while clients lived on *shell;*
I gave De Young your message, and he asked for your address,
And hoped that you'd step up some day to see the Lightning Press.
I also saw friend Pickering; he's looking very gray,
And hopes to be among us at some not far distant day.
Of illustrated papers, I've brought a nicish lot,
There's nothing here, your Majesty, that's half so "blue and hot."

I visited the *demi-monde*, your Majesty's own daughters,
And found them pretty well fixed up in very cozy quarters.
They do a thriving business, though some of them complain
That 'amateurs' are robbing them out of their hard-earned gain."
"Great news! great news!" cried Satan, "oh! what millions come to me,
Led downwardly the flowery paths of sensuality.
Go on, go on, my trusty Imp, what more did you see there?
I'm very deeply interested in your visit, I declare."

"I saw what there was to be seen; I roamed about at night,
Watched drunkards drinking poison, saw many a deadly fight,
For, bless you, homicides up there don't end their days in jail,
For killing's got so common that they let them out on bail."
Says Satan, "'Tis good news; I've a *burning* love for souls;
This place must be enlarged, and I must order in more coals.
But hark! I hear a rapping right at the outer door,
Call in again to-morrow, then you can tell me more."

—— Hosanna! Eureka! The country is safe after all. The stern lance of justice has struck down an offender, and those to whom Sheriff Adams is kind enough to send invitations will soon have the pleasure of seeing a man swing into eternity. An intelligent jury was obtained, and after a short absence they reported that Russell ought to swing for killing Crotty, and the Court has so directed. Crotty wasn't worth the powder that blew him to the other world, and Russell, financially and morally speaking, isn't worth any more. Greene Curtis didn't come to Russell's rescue because there was no whisky in the jug, *i. e.*, money in the case. But the law is vindicated. Justice sits triumphant upon its throne—a murderer is convicted. Wilkerson killed a woman in cold blood, and as a reward rusticates at San Quentin. Laura Fair slaughtered her victim, and sweeps our streets with silken gowns. But Russell must swing and so vindicate the outraged law. *Laus Deo*, who does all things well. As Russell is impecunious there need be no fear of an appeal to the Supreme Court, consequently the hanging performance will come off according to programme.

—— California street has put on a suit of mourning—for stocks are down and nobody knows the why and the wherefore. The bulls and bears seem to have forgotten their animosities, and embrace with tearful eyes. Meanwhile they await the coming slaughter of the innocents incident upon the promised spring rise, always in the prospective. The *Town Crier* sympathizes with the stock operators. His sympathies have always been with them ever since he mortgaged his wife and babies to put up "mud" on Savage at $780, and Yellow Jacket at $775. Had he "coppered" these favorites instead of "longing" for them, he might now have been peculiarly in better circumstances, but still he sympathizes with the stock operators. He now earns an honest livelihood. Can they say as much? And when the spring rise comes may he be advised. "Points" from "reliable" sources thankfully received.

—— The *Bulletin* the other day had an article headed, "Judge Darwin's Answer to the Marplots." This being—for the *Bulletin*—slightly sensational, we proceeded to read with interest, supposing that some vile schemers were about to be exposed. The "marplot," however, turned out to be Hall McAllister, and the occasion for the use of such language only the delivery of a very able argument by that gentleman before Judge Blake as to the manner in which Grand Juries ought to be [illegible]. The matter is still *subjudice*, and therefore is not yet properly a subject for newspaper criticisms. Why, then, did the *Bulletin* make use of the epithet? Was it done to overawe counsel or influence the court? In either case it was equally uncalled for and improper. So great a stickler for the proprieties [illegible] to have known that it was so. There is such a thing as punishment for contempt, and there are Judges we wot of who would not hesitate to apply it.

—— The *Alta*, of yesterday, informed us that "about 10 o'clock last evening John Brash, aged thirty-five years, an old printer of this city, dropped dead at the corner of Clay and Montgomery streets. He was strongly addicted to liquor, which probably superinduced his death." This is very precise, but exceedingly inaccurate. John Brash did not die at the place named, or at any place. In fact, he's alive yet! John says if hanging for killing men before their time is revived, the *Alta* man will stand a poor show.

—— The spiritualists pretend to know all about Greeley's local on the other world, and claim that he frequently responds to their inquiries. A certain Mrs. J. H. Conant publishes in the *Banner of Light* what purports to be a message from Horace. What a shame thus to disturb the poor old man's [illegible]. It is to be hoped he has got rested and properly settled in his new quarters. He has hardly had time even to begin studying the kind of farming best suited to the country he is in, when meddlesome women pester him with their mundane questions. If we were Horace, instead of permitting them to fool around us, we should consign them to that other place said to be prepared for the devil and these, his angels. Out upon such promulgators of lying nonsense who do not respect the dead, much less the living!

—— Pickering announces that the Military Committee of the Senate will report in favor of the passage of the Goat Island bill. We are glad to hear it. We always rejoice at the passage of anything, for such operations are healthy for the body politic. Cole and Casserly, who are trying to curry favor with San Francisco, especially favored the reference of the bill to the Military Committee, and now the Military Committee is captured by the Goat Islanders. Go to, Cole and Casserly, you are not the kind of men to make a fight of this kind. You are too amiable, too willing, too accommodating to consent to a reference to a committee that listens to argument and reason instead of prejudice and passion.

—— Congressional Committees are engaged in washing the dirty linen of leading members. It is not a pleasant task, for the effluvia is so strong as to be almost unendurable. Before the committees get through their work it will be found that Walpole didn't lie when he said, "Every man has his price." Congressmen and statesmen all have their price. Some like Credit Mobilier and Union Pacific Railroad stock; some like other securities, and some like cash. There is very little perceptible difference between the average Congressman and the average San Francisco Supervisor.

—— The *Call* says that when Mrs. Fair visited a bank the other day, the cashier threw her pass-book on the counter in a very rude way, giving the amiable manslayer the opportunity of retorting: "You might behave like a gentleman, anyhow!" With her usual good luck, Laura certainly came out of that encounter ahead. He was right who, when taken to task for his politeness to a man that had asked alms of him, replied, "He could not allow the beggar to be more of a gentleman than he was." The fact of the devil being around ought not to necessitate our being a devil, too.

—— "The length of the days *are* constantly increasing." This piece of useful and grammatically expressed information the *Alta* gives her readers in her "local brevities." When we read it we felt like exclaiming, "Is they so!" The stupid cuss who wrote it deserves to be scraped down the back with the sharp edge of a hand-saw. His insensibility would be proof against anything less scarifying. Applying even the *Town Crier's* whip would only be like tickling the hide of a rhinoceros with a feather.

—— "Wales Among the Mourners" is the facetious heading of a telegram in Sunday's *Chronicle*, announcing that the Prince of Wales would attend the funeral of the late ex-Emperor of France. What a pity it is that the "wales" could not be laid upon the back of the witty Bohemian who indicted the aforesaid heading. The addle-pated wretch who could perpetrate so atrocious a pun on such an occasion, richly deserves some such reward for his brilliant stupidity, by way of poetical justice.

—— "An Honest Man" writes to know what business to go into to make a livelihood for himself and a growing family. We don't know what to advise conscientiously, and the *Town Crier*, if anything, is always conscientious. Pickering doesn't want a partner; if he did, "Honest Man" wouldn't get the situation. Chopping wood is about as pleasant a pastime as we know of. The stock business always offers an opening for "an Honest Man." Let him look around California street.

—— The fate of the Kilkenny cats appears to have had no warning for the two P.s of the *Call* and *Chronicle*. They slash away at each other in a manner most reckless and terrifying to behold. Meanwhile an interested community is anxiously looking on with bated breath, awaiting the result. Let all maintain a firm grip on their nasal appendages and hope for the best. The "P. of the *Chronicle*" seems to have been strongest thus far. *Dieu defend le droit!*

—— The *Bulletin* says that "a monster sea-lion waded through the mud of Oakland flat, whose trail looked like the boundary of a land-grabber's grant—never following a straight line." We know a creature whose trail is just like that. It must have been Pickering taking a survey of railroad operations thereabouts. It is not the first time he has crawled in the mud. We should have taken the animal to have been more of a land-rat than a sea-lion.

—— An Illinois man is coming to California in the Spring in a balloon to avoid the heat, dust and fare of railroad travel. Our "boss" proposes to go and meet him in the *Arthur*, and wants the *Town Crier* to go along. He doesn't see it, but says "if some one round the office must go on that air expedition, better take dog Jack." Hearing which remark, Jack has just skedaddled with his tail between his legs. Sensible dog!

—— By far the most thorough and able article that has appeared on a real live commercial subject in any of our daily contemporaries for a long time past, was that which the *Chronicle* printed the other day entitled, "Steam in the Pacific." The writer's head is level on that subject, anyhow. If we were interested that way we should buy him out—the fellow knows too much.

—— The lightning calculators, who stir up numerical excitement on the public thoroughfares, imagine themselves adepts at big figuring. Let them try to estimate the stealings of the Harbor Commissioners, or the number of times Pickering has successfully made an ass of himself, and they will conclude that there is not the power in numbers they supposed.

—— Mr. Burch, a drunken carpenter, committed suicide behind the Oakland hills. It is frightful to contemplate the abyss of despair into which a man must have fallen to be willing to die in Oakland, but we charitably incline to the opinion that that man must have been insane who was willing to be found dead with an *Alta* in his hand.

—— A rural exchange remarks: "The San Francisco newspapers are as lively as crickets in June." Admitting, "for sweet charity's sake," that they are as sprightly as crickets in June, nobody can deny that they are as dull as clams during the remaining months of the year.

—— The Reverend Hallelujah Cox has been holding forth to the jackdaws, monkeys and animals of North Beach. Though not at all inclined to rush into rash speculations, *Town Crier* is quite willing to bet his bottom dollar that the Doctor will soon abandon this new enterprise. It won't pay.

—— The *Alta* wants machinery constructed that will lift a three-thousand ton ship out of the water and convey her across the Isthmus of Panama. The writer of the *Alta's* ponderous leaders would be just the man to engineer this heavy business.

—— An emissary of the devil in *The Yellow Hat* performance carries off a woman with an eagle that doubles up. Nothing could be more suggestive. A double eagle will get away with most of our women. "'Tis pity, pity 'tis, 'tis true."

—— Who is Kaiser William's "dead duck?" The papers say, "Bismarck." We don't believe it. We have always looked upon that astute individual as "a live man."

—— Henry G. Hanks is going to lecture at the Mechanics upon "The use of the Blow-pipe." Does he mean the *Call?*

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CALIFORNIA FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

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[Established July 20, 1856.]

Vol. 22. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, JAN. 18, 1873. No. 51.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES	TEAS	PRICES
Pig Iron, No. 1, ₱ h, No. 1	[illegible]	Japans	$— 30 @ — 75
Bar Iron	— 4 @ — [illegible]	Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
Metal sheathing	— [illegible] @ — 31	SUGARS	
Tin Plates I C	1 00 @ 10 00	China, No. 1, ₱ lb	— 10 @ — 11
Tin Plates I X ₱ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 8 @ 10
Lead, Pig ₱ lb	— 6 @ [illegible]	Manila	— [illegible] @ 8
Lead, sheet ₱ lb	— 9 @ 1[illegible]	Crushed, American	— 11⅝ @ — 12
Banca Tin ₱ lb	— 60 @ [illegible]	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Quicksilver	— — @ 9[illegible]	Peruvian	— 6 @ 8
COAL		CANDLES	
West Hartley, ₱ ton	15 00 @ 17 [illegible]	Sperm Wax ₱ lb	— 30 @ — 44
Australian	[illegible]	Adamantine	— 15 @ — 18
Cumberland	18 00 @ 21 00	SPIRITOUS LIQUORS	
Anthracite	15 00 @ 18 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	[illegible]	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	[illegible]	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE		Alcohol, American	1 10 @ 2 00
Rio ₱ lb	— 19 @ — 19½	Rum Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java Old Government	— 22 @ — 27	Brandy French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	[illegible]	BAGS AND BAGGING	
Costa Rica	14 @ — 19	Chicken tonnage 30 lb	— 17 @ — 18
RICE		Gunny Bags in bales	— 15 @ — 16
China, No. 1, ₱ lb	— 6½ @ — 6¾	Burlap Bags	15 @ — 15½
China, No. 2	[illegible]	Hessian 40 inch, ₱ yard	— — @ — 12
Hawaiian	— 5½ @ — 9	DOMESTIC STAPLES	
WINES		Wool ₱ lb	— 11 @ 25
Champagne ₱ doz.	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 8 @ 9
Port and Burgundy ₱ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 19 @ 20
Sherry, do	1 15 @ 6 00	Wheat ₱ 100 lbs	1 85 @ 2 05
OIL		Barley	1 15 @ 1 45
Coal and Kerosene	[illegible]	Oats	2 00 @ 2 15
		Flour ₱ bbl	5 25 @ 6 57

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Jan 17th, 1872.

NAME OF STOCK	MON	WED	FRI	NAME OF STOCK	MON	WED	FRI
Adams Hill	—	[illegible]	—	Justice	4	9	9
Alpha		45	46	Kentuck	142	135	130
Alps	3	3	3	Kentucky	—	7	7
Amador Tunnel			—	Knickerbocker	5	5	—
American Flag	5	6	6	[illegible] Hall	—	—	—
Arizona & Utah	2	2	2	[illegible]	—	—	—
Arkansas	—	2	—	Mahogany	8	9	9
Baltimore Consolidated	2¼	2	2	Mammoth	—	—	—
Belcher	46	48	45	Meadow Valley	19	17	—
Belmont	—		3	Minnesota	1½	1	87c
[illegible]	—		—	Marion	—		
Best & Belcher		5	—	Newark	3	3	3
[illegible]	1	1	1	New York Consolidated	—	—	—
Buckeye	—	—		Noonday	—	—	—
Caledonia	27½	26	26	Occidental	—	—	—
Cederberg	6	—	—	Ophir	47	45	44
Cederberg West	—	—	—	Orig Hidden Treasure	1	6	5
Central	—	—	6	Overman	68	68	61
Charter Oak	2	—	—	Page & Panaca	1	—	2
[illegible]	2	—	½	Pea Vine	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	4	4	3	Phoenix	—	1½	1
Chief East Extension	2	—	—	[illegible]	—	—	—
Chollar	32	32	31	[illegible]	12	11	10
Columbus	1	1	1	Pioche West	—	—	—
[illegible]	2	1½	2	[illegible]	7	6	5½
[illegible] Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Raymond & Ely	91	85	86
Consolidated Virginia	63	59	58	[illegible] Consolidated	—	—	—
[illegible]	—	—	—	Ruby Hill	—	—	—
Crown Point	94	90	91	Savage	75	71	70
Central No. 2	—	—	—	Seg. Belcher	65	65	70
Daney	—	¼	½	[illegible]	—	—	—
Empire	10	—		Senator	—	—	—
El Dorado	—	—	—	Sierra Nevada	—	—	—
[illegible]	—	—	—	Silver Peak	1	—	1
Empire Mill	7	7½	7½	Silver Hill	1	—	1
Empire Idaho	—	—	—	Silver Mountain	—	—	
Eureka Consolidated	12	12	11	Spring Mountain	—	—	—
Eureka G V	3	3½	16	Standard			
Exchequer	17	—	—	Sterling	—	—	—
Globe	2	3½	2	Succor	3½	3	3½
Golden Chariot	8	7	6	Southwest Consolidated			
Gould & Curry	15	16	17	Silver Chariot	—	—	1
Gen'l Lee	—	—	10c	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	92	90	91	Trench	—	10	—
Hermes	9	8	7	Union Consolidated	—	1	1
Hahn & Hunt	3	3½	3	Utah	—	—	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—	War Eagle	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	—	—	—	Washington & Creole	2	2	1½
Imperial	8¼	8½	8	[illegible]	—	—	—
Independent	1	1	2	Woodruff	4½	4	4½
Ingomar	1	1	1	Yellow Jacket	77½	77½	71
Insurance	3	—	—	Yale Gravel	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—	Yellow Stone	—	—	5
Jackson	—	¼	50c				
Jack Little	—	—	—				
Julia	1	1	1¼				

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30.

— The California Placerd Exchange will open for business about February 15.

BIZ.

— WE CLAIM CALIFORNIA to be the Wheat Banner State of the Union—having in the harvest year of 1872-73 produced over 25,000,000 bushels; some place it at 30,000,000. Let us compare our Wheat crop with those of the more prosperous Wheat raising States of the West. The yield in 1871 in Indiana was 19,381,000 bushels, and for Illinois, 24,471,[illegible] bushels, which were the two largest, and their crops for 1872 were confessedly smaller. Our Wheat and Flour exports in 1872, 7,000,000 centals! Wheat and Flour exports in seventeen years, 43,000,000 centals!

— OUR GRAIN FLEET in 1872 consisted of 259 vessels, carrying 350,000 tons of Wheat and Flour.

— OUR LUMBER FLEET in 1872 consisted of 58 vessels, carrying 25,000,000 feet. Our receipts of Lumber in 1872 was 237,[illegible] feet.

— RECEIPTS OF DOMESTIC COALS for twelve years 1,760,000 tons! Wool clip of 1872, 25,000,000 lbs! Wine product of 1872, 4,000,000 gallons!

CALIFORNIA'S WEALTH IN THE PRECIOUS METALS.—In sixteen years California has added to the world's wealth, in coin and bullion, through the port of San Francisco, the enormous amount of $[illegible],000, a round number, and wholly exclusive of what has been carried by individuals. A country capable of such stupendous achievements must command the attention of business men in all parts of the globe. Our gold yield in 1872 was $[illegible].

The coinage of the Branch Mint in 1872 was $16,[illegible],000. Mining stock sales in 1872, $180,000,000.

Our foreign import values in 1872, $40,000,000. Merchandise export values by sea in 1872, $34,000,000. We have no means of getting at the value of our immense overland traffic of millions. The amount of freight sent overland in 1872 was [illegible] pounds, against [illegible] pounds in 1871. The proportions forwarded from San Francisco show no material change. From San Jose the increase was [illegible] pounds, Stockton, [illegible] pounds, and Marysville [illegible], of which [illegible] were wheat. Sacramento shows a decrease of 1,10[illegible] pounds. Although our importations in 1872 were on a largely increased scale, our market is by no means clogged with foreign merchandise. Stocks are not in a surfeited condition, which goes to show a very great extension in the field of consumption, while it strongly indicates that our population is increasing quite rapidly, and our interior trade has undergone large expansion.

— THE "COMMERCIAL HERALD," in its annual review of the market, has had compiled, exclusively for its columns, from official sources information on a point never before attempted by any journal in this city. We have selected the various leading articles of merchandise, and in no instance does it embrace estimates or approximations, but gives the true, exact returns, as shown by the [illegible] entries. The totals show a gain of [illegible] per cent. over the years [illegible], and of [illegible] per cent. over 1871. Our maritime commerce has notably increased, the gain with [illegible] and [illegible] over $1,4[illegible]; with Japan, $1,000,000; China, $1,[illegible],000; France $700,000, Java, $800,000, Australasia $1,200,000. Trade with Brazil, [illegible], etc., shows a slight decline. Our heaviest importations were from Cuba, reaching over $10,000,000; from Japan $7,[illegible],000, England, $5,1[illegible],000. The largest quantity of free goods was received from China, such as raw Silk, Silkworm eggs, etc., are on the free list. Imports from Japan include $[illegible] in treasure, sent here by the Japanese Government to be converted into gold [illegible] returned whence it came. The largest amount of dutiable goods arrived from England, and the next largest from China. Our importations were heaviest in July and least in June. In July we also had the least of dutiable goods, and the lightest in November. Of free merchandise, our heaviest imports were in June and the smallest in May. July also witnessed the greatest consumption of free goods, and May the lowest. Of goods placed in warehouse the largest amounts were deposited in July and the least in September. Our tables also show that we have imported as follows: Of Sugar to the value of $1,[illegible]; Silk, $1,[illegible]; Teas, $[illegible],107; Coffee, $1,[illegible]; Rice, $1 [illegible]; Wool, $[illegible]; Wines, $[illegible], and [illegible] other varieties, $[illegible]. The [illegible] of all imports of treasure, besides the amount of merchandise received in transit for shipment to points overland, as received per the Mail China line. The amount brought in for [illegible] bottoms was valued at $3,7[illegible], by cars, etc., $[illegible], and in American bottoms $29,957,[illegible], of which the greater part was forwarded by the steamships [illegible] to Japan and China. An [illegible] very valuable [illegible] to our [illegible] commerce is the steamship line to Australia. A glance at our [illegible] will show to what extent its establishment has developed our trade there with those islands. [illegible] of Great Britain. It is not [illegible] to [illegible] the support of our Government. Had the schedule of Internal Revenue tax been maintained as it was in 1871, the receipts from that source would have fallen [illegible] short of $3,0[illegible],000. As it is, the energy and zeal shown by the [illegible] resulted in receipts nearly approximating those of last year, although the tax has been abolished on many classes of industry, and reduced on all others, except liquor. Our treasure exports for the year reached $[illegible], exclusive of what was forwarded through the United States mails. The Sub-Treasury transferred $[illegible] to banks, or [illegible] East $2,0[illegible]. The receipts of coin [illegible] amounted to over $18,000,000, while the receipts from the interior and coastwise were [illegible] of only $[illegible]. The value of our foreign exports was $21,[illegible], or nearly $1,000,000 more than in 1871, and [illegible] value of merchandise and treasure exports were nearly $22,000,000 more than for the preceding year.

— REGARDING THE COMMERCE of the port, the increase of our commercial relations with China, Japan, the East Indies and Australia present a very gratifying feature, as it clearly indicates a growing supremacy which promises to develop remarkable results in the near future. Every exertion should be made to stimulate and foster trade with Oriental countries and occupy a position that cannot be rivaled or snatched from our grasp. The augmented amount of business done by way of Panama indicates a steady decline in shipping [illegible] and the [illegible] the Atlantic ports and the inability of the transcontinental railroads to furnish the needed accommodation. There is one feature in our commercial relations which exhibits an adverse tendency. It is our Tea trade with China and Japan. When the Tea crop was gathered, dealers in those countries were moved with an urgent desire to market them without delay and the steamers of the Pacific Mail Company were chartered months in advance at rates highly profitable to the Company, which [illegible] control of the carrying price from the markets of export to New York. Almost in the very height of the season the Company lost two of its [illegible], while others met with disaster, crippling its facilities and forcing [illegible] opportunity

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER 1872,

IS NOW READY FOR DELIVERY,

The Special and Authorised Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee,

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 22. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, JAN. 25, 1873. No. 52.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No 605 to 615, San Francisco

GOLD BARS—870@875—SILVER BARS 1¼ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 88¼@88½. Mexican Dollars, 5@7c premium.

☞ Exchange on N. York, ¼ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 12½ per cent. On London, Bankers 49; Commercial 49½; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, Jan. 24, at 2 P. M., 113⅝. Latest price of Sterling, 109¼@109¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. January 24, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	101¼	102	Nat'nal Gold B k & Trust Co	1.5	120
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1864	100¾	101½	Oakland 10s	92	
U S Bonds 5-20s 1862	100¾	101¾	Spring Valley Water Co	59½	63
Legal Tender Notes	88½	89	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S F City Bonds, 6s, 1858	98	—	N B and Mission R R Co	60	—
S.F City and Co Bonds, 6s, '58	95	—	Front St, M and O R. R. Co	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co	60	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M Ins Co	60	65
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	90	—	Union Insurance Co	85	88
Santa Clara Bonds, 7s	80	—	Pacific Bank	90	92½
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	132½	135
San Francisco Gas Company	63	—	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

A Better Annexation Than the Hawaiian Islands.

The Central Polynesian Land and Commercial Company has just increased its capital, in consequence of its success in acquiring unexpectedly large areas of valuable land. This is just one of those legitimate commercial adventures which it would be well for the interests of San Francisco if our business men would take hold of, to the exclusion of a few such schemes as "wild-cat mines," "diamond swindles," etc. It has been by just such enterprises that the merchants of London and Liverpool have made their respective cities the entrepots they now are. The first trading post in the East Indies did not amount to as much as does this company's depot at the Navigators to-day. The objects of the company have been the acquiring by purchase of the best lands in these lovely isles, the securing of the harbor—whose exceptional superiority is such that Commander R. W. Meade, in his report to the United States Government, calls it the "Key of the South Pacific," —and the formation of a central trading depot in connection with the steamship lines between San Francisco, New Zealand and Australia. These objects have been largely accomplished, and 300,000 acres of the very best lands have been acquired. Within twelve months, when the steam lines are put on a proper footing, these lands will sell readily at $10 per acre, upon terms extending over three years. Thus, if 150,000 acres be sold, they will yield $1,500,000, or six times as much capital as it is expected the shareholders will ever be called upon to pay, and leave half the company's property to the good. In the meantime a steamer is wanted to distribute goods amongst the islands from the central depot, and to collect the cotton and other products. For this and other purposes the capital has been increased. These facts we obtain from a most interesting report now before us. Until we read this document we had no idea of the magnitude of the operations now going on in the South Pacific.

— There is at present the smallest amount of tonnage on the way to San Francisco that has been known for some months. All of it will be fully due by June. There are eight vessels now due from domestic Atlantic ports and nine vessels from European ports, representing 14,000 tons of tonnage. The 48 vessels en route from the China Seas, Australia and South America, are due in all the next 30 days. These represent 40,000 tons of tonnage. We ought to have an influx of 50,000 tons of tonnage by the 1st March. However, we do not look for the arrival of any large fleet, as it is too late in the season to expect continuous southerly winds. It is probable that vessels will come in rather slowly for the next two or three months. This will have a tendency to keep freights up and wheat down. The tide has already turned again in favor of shipowners, who are demanding £4 10s. to take cargoes to England.

— The sales at the San Francisco Stock Board for the week ending on Wednesday evening amounted to $2,510,[illegible], a gain over the previous week. Belcher and Meadow Valley were the most active, in each of which the sales were 6,700 shares, the former at $81 to $70 and the latter at $17 75@18 50 per share. Hahn & Hunt and Pioche Phenix were the next most active, about 6,200 shares of each changing hands at $37@$9. The stocks in which the sales exceeded 4,000 shares were Eureka Consolidated, Gould & Curry (new issue), Imperial and Raymond & Ely. Those exceeding 3,000 shares were Chollar-Potosi, Consolidated Virginia and Jackson.

— The Superintendent of the Cederberg mine has sent down $7,800 in bullion. The usual dividend of fifty cents per share will probably be paid.

☞ M. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications etc., for this paper

Latest from the Merchants' Exchange.

NEW YORK, Jan 24.—Gold opened at 113⅝; 11 A.M. at 113¾, 3 P.M. at 113⅝. U. S. Bonds—Five-twenties of '62, 114⅜, 1867, 115⅝. Sterling Exchange, 109¼@110¾. Pacific Mail, 73. Quicksilver Mining Company, 43½. Wheat, 1 95@2 15. Pork, strong, 13¼@——. Cotton, 20¾. Hides, firm, dry, 25@25½, salted, 12¾c., steady. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 55. Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 75, dull; Whale, firm, 62@70c.; Winter Bleached, 70@74c., quiet. Wool—Spring, fine, 35@45c., Burry, 28@32c. Pulled, 50@60c. Fall Clips, 26@33c., Burry, 25c. LONDON, January 24.—Liverpool Wheat Market. 12s. 4d.@12s 6d. Club, 12s. 10d.@13s. 2d. United States Bonds, ex Coupon, 90⅞. Consols, 92¾@92⅞.

The Samana Bay Purchase.

The Samana Bay Company, at a meeting held at New York on Wednesday, adopted the Commissioner's report, and ratified the contract made with the San Diego Government. The company also elected A. B. Stockwell, President, P. N. Spofford, Vice-President; Henry Clews, Treasurer, and R. R. Hazard, Secretary. The company intend purchasing or building three steamers beside the *Tyber*, which will run regularly between New York and Samana, establishing weekly communication. It also intends chartering a large steamer and sending out a cabin load of excursionists, who may wish to inspect San Domingo before taking up a residence there. The *Tyber* is now loading with house furniture, etc., for the officers of the company.

San Franciscans Abroad.

PARIS.—Capel, A. T., Hotel St. James, Can. Miss Jessie D., 11 Rue Balzac; Cogswell, Dr H D., Hotel St. Romain, Cogswell, Mrs H D., Hotel St. Romain; Hassey, Mrs J A. 28 Rue Bassano, Hastings, Mrs C O F., 10 Rue Lord Byron; Sillem, W., Hotel d'Orient, Sillem, Mrs. W., Hotel d'Orient; Son, Adolph, Grand Hotel; Worn, George A., 59 Avenue Josephine, Worn, Mrs. G. A. and family, 59 Avenue Josephine. NICE.—Moore, Justin P., Pierce, James H., Pierce, Richard T., Grand Hotel. LONDON.—Adolph, A., Langham Hotel.

— We report the sale of 12,000 tons Wheat, sufficient to load eight good-sized ships. The price paid is withheld, but is believed to be less than was offered for the same lot a few weeks ago. Parties who have been expecting to see Wheat go to $2 25 are not so confident as they were. The condition of the tonnage market is not considered favorable to any material improvement in Wheat, at least for the present. Apart from the above transaction, sales have been light for several days. It is probable that other large lots will be parted with at a shade under recent asking rates.

— Proposals for San Francisco Park Bonds were received by the Commissioners on Thursday. The bonds are of $1,000 each, bear 6 per cent. interest, payable semi-annually, and run 21½ years. The entire amount was taken by J. Seligman & Co. as follows: $35,000 at 90.70 per cent., and $20,000 at 91 05 per cent. Considerable progress has been made in beautifying the grounds of the Park, which is already a favorite resort for drives.

— At the annual meeting of the Black Diamond Coal Mining Company on the 23d, the following Trustees were elected for the ensuing year: D. O. Mills, A. Hayward, P. B. Cornwall, Thomas Bell and John Bensley. The same gentlemen were elected Trustees of the Bellingham Bay Coal Company, and P. B. Cornwall was afterwards elected President of both Companies.

— The Mining Share market, yesterday, was dull, and prices were generally lower. Compared with the rates the previous morning, Yellow Jacket declined $4, Overman $2 50, Crown Point, Caledonia, Ophir and Savage each $2, Belcher, Chollar-Potosi, Exchequer, Gould & Curry and Hale & Norcross each $1. Raymond & Ely sold about the same as last evening.

— A credit sale of Market street property is announced for February 26th. It is known as the Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum property, but is not now used for that purpose. The terms are one-fifth cash, and the balance in three annual installments at 7 per cent. per annum. The sale will attract attention.

— S. Lachman, of the firm of Eberhardt & Lachman, has purchased the large building corner of Market and Fremont streets, for $135,000. It will be used by the firm for their native wines and liquors, and will be the largest wine house on the coast.

— The brig Hazard cleared yesterday for Central America with 10,000 qr sks Flour and 43,000 lb Rice, besides other cargo. The Legal Tender will follow with Flour and miscellaneous goods.

— There will be no steamer for Portland to-day, the sailing time having been deferred until next Tuesday.

— It is proposed to place the remainder of the new 5 per cent. Government loan on the market.

— The Liverpool Wheat market was telegraphed yesterday at 12s 4d@12s 6d for average California.

— The rate of discount at the Bank of England has been reduced from 4½ to 4 per cent.

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Rest.

Is there no rest for way-worn feet?
Is there no future—peaceful sweet?
Is there no place where dear ones meet?
After this mortal life?

Is there no ease for hearts that sigh?
Is there no home above the sky?
Is there no life for souls that die?
Beyond this world of strife?

Listening, the zephyrs low reply:
We cannot tell the mystery
Of death, or life, or judgment nigh;
'Tis hidden from our sight.

We only know through ages past,
Across death's silent ocean vast,
Above the winds and stormy blast,
Jehovah reigns in light.

There is the rest for weary feet,
There is the place where lov'd ones meet,
There is thy future—peaceful, sweet;
No other do we know.

There—there is ease for hearts that sigh,
There is thy home beyond the sky,
There where the dear ones never die,
Where living waters flow.

Bulwer Lytton—Novelist, Poet and Statesman.

A greater genius than Dickens or Thackeray is no more. A novelist, poet and statesman has passed to that bourne whence no traveler ere returns. A character and genius more many-sided than those of Lord Lytton could hardly be found in the whole range of literature. The reputation won by him during the course of his long and brilliant career is as varied as his industry has been indefatigable. He has, with apparent ease, achieved for himself almost equal celebrity as statesman and orator, as dramatist and essayist, as poet, as novelist, and as social philosopher. Thirty-five years ago, in recognition of his literary merits, he received the award of a baronetcy, in companionship with Herschel, as the representative man of science. His subsequent elevation to the Peerage was partly an acknowledgment of his brilliant literary reputation, and partly in recognition of his merits as a politician and administrator.

Lord Lytton has recorded the recollections of his boyhood in one of the most charming chapters of "The Student." He did not go to any of the public schools, but after a successive course of tuition at Brighton, Ealing and Ramsgate, he proceeded direct to Cambridge. His literary powers were early developed, for when only fifteen he produced a book, "Ismael," an Oriental tale in verse. During this period he maintained a constant correspondence with Dr Parr, the famous scholar, who had been intimate with his grandfather, Richard Warburton Lytton. At Cambridge he speedily distinguished himself by his oratorical powers, was chosen President of the Union Debating Society, and refused a seat in the House of Commons offered him as a mere nominee shortly after the delivery of an especially brilliant speech. During this period he devoted himself sedulously to the cultivation of neglected portions of English literature, and in connection with the present Earl of Lovelace founded a bibliographical society, still honorably remembered as "The Old Book Club." In 1822 he took his B.A. degree, quitting the University at the early age of seventeen. Three years later he was recalled to the Senate House for the purpose of reading his poem on "Sculpture," which had obtained the Chancellor's Gold Medal. During his undergraduate career he had spent part of his long vacations in traversing the more picturesque counties of England and Scotland on foot, accompanied only by a dog, and it was at that time that he determined resolutely to devote himself to the study of English composition.

After the delivery of his prize poem, Bulwer went abroad for a time, and, as he passed through Paris, issued from the press there, privately, in 1826, what has never since been published, a little volume of fugitive pieces entitled "Weeds and Wild-flowers." In 1827 he entered the British army as a cornet in the Dragoons, very soon afterwards, however, throwing up his commission on account of a preference for literature. On the 29th of August of that year he married Rosina Doyle, only daughter of the late Francis Wheeler, Esq., of Lizzard Connell, in the County of Limerick. Through this union Lord Lytton has had issue the Hon. Edward Robert, now Secretary to the Embassy at Vienna, and heir to his father's title and estates, and an only daughter, Emily Elizabeth, who died in the Spring of 1848 very prematurely. In 1827 he published a metrical story and a prose romance. The poem was entitled "O'Neill; or, The Rebel." The latter, which was the maiden fiction of the now voluminous novelist, was a remarkable book, which he has since suppressed, called "Falkland." After this date his literary career commenced in earnest. In a sequestered house at Woodcote, in Oxfordshire, he penned what brought him his first success, "Pelham; or, the Adventures of a Gentleman." The MS., which had been rejected by the publisher's reader, was read by the publisher himself, who at once (in 1828) issued the work in three volumes, and despatched a check for £500 to the young novelist. "The Disowned" appeared in 1829 and was followed in 1830 by "Devereux." "Pelham" proved his right to the title of wit and humorist. "The Disowned" revealed at once larger powers and loftier aspirations, more especially through the character of Algernon Mordaunt, in himself the very archetype of the heroism of Christian philosophy, while the intricate plot and subtle analysis of "Devereux" displayed still more fully the young novelist's exceptional capabilities as a writer of fiction. Those capabilities were still more remarkably evidenced in 1831 by the scathing political satire of "Paul Clifford." A fantastic effusion in verse named "The Siamese Twins," appeared in the same year, and is now only worthy of remembrance as having introduced the first octave sketch of the afterwards more carefully finished poem of "Milton," a fragment which, even in its then form, at once elicited the hearty commendations of the *Edinburgh*. In 1831 Mr. Bulwer entered the House of Commons as M. P. for St. Ives. He warmly attacked the now abolished "taxes upon knowledge," he showed himself the strenuous advocate of dramatic copywright, and spoke in defense of the rights and privileges of literature.

The tragical romance of "Eugene Aram," in 1832, dedicated to Sir Walter Scott, popularized in a remarkable way his already high reputation as a novelist. "The Pilgrims of the Rhine," in 1833, extended his fame, not only in England, but on the Continent. "Godolphin" sprang into celebrity at once, upon its own merits, having, like so many of its author's subsequent works, been published first of all anonymously—the novelist in this way, all through his career, winning reputation upon reputation. During the same year he produced the two volumes of his sparkling, and in parts sagacious, political treatise, entitled "England and the English," besides undertaking with a sort of enthusiasm the editorship of the *New Monthly Magazine*. His own contributions to that periodical during his comparatively brief interval of editorship were eventually republished, under the title of "The Student." Bulwer at this time held his seat in the House of Commons as M. P. for Lincoln, which he represented for nine years. Shortly after the appearance of his "England and the English," he sought relaxation through a holiday tour in the Italian peninsula. During his sojourn in Rome he began writing his mediæval romance of "Rienzi;" but, happening soon afterwards to visit the disentombed cities near Naples, his ardent fancy was kindled with a new ambition—that of peopling those silent and calcined streets with the creatures of his imagination. The result of this was the publication, in 1834, of "The Last Days of Pompeii." Subsequently he resumed his interrupted task in celebration of the rise and fall of Petrarch's friend, Cola Rienzi, the Wallace of the Eternal City, and in 1835 gave to the world "The Last of the Roman Tribunes." Between the appearance of his two Italian romances, Bulwer dashed off at a heat his startling political pamphlet, entitled "The Crisis." Published at the usual pamphlet price of 3s. 6d., fifteen large editions were sold off within a fortnight from the date of its first appearance. Its title was no misnomer. It came before the world literally at a crisis, and "told" with an effect that was in many ways unexampled. Immediately upon the reconstruction of Lord Melbourne's Government the young pamphleteer was offered by the Premier one of the Lordships of the Admiralty; but, clinging to his favorite pursuit of literature, Bulwer declined the flattering offer. A sumptuously illustrated volume was his next production as a man of letters. It comprised within it his two minor tales of "Leila, or the Siege of Granada" and "Calderon the Courtier." His attention was now turned to the stage, and in 1836 his maiden drama, in five acts, *The Duchess de la Vallière*, was performed, Macready being included in the cast as the "Marquess of Bragelonne." Some twenty years afterwards, in a notable oration delivered at Edinburgh, Bulwer frankly observed, "My first poetry was thought detestable, and my first play very narrowly escaped being damned." In point of fact the *Duchess* disappeared from the boards in less than a fortnight. If he was disheartened by this for a while as a dramatist, he showed himself to be at the very same time sufficiently aspiring and courageous as a historian. "Athens: its Rise and Fall," gave promise through the two large volumes which were issued from the press in 1836 of proving a work cast in and molded somewhat akin in its proportions to that of Gibbon's masterpiece. Thirlwall's "History of Greece" appearing soon afterwards, and that in its turn being succeeded by the still profounder and more laborious "Annals" of Grote, there can be small room for wonder, though there may be some for regret, that Bulwer's "Athens" has been left ever since then by him a symmetrical, but fragmentary, commencement. The year afterwards saw the production of the most widely popular of all his romances, "Ernest Maltravers, or the Eleusinia," followed in 1838 by its equally fascinating sequel, "Alice, or the Mysteries." It was in the year last mentioned that the novelist received the signal token of his success in authorship. He was raised to the baronetcy on the occasion of the young Queen's coronation. It was during that same year that he made his second and singularly brilliant venture as a dramatist. *The Lady of Lyons*, written within less than a fortnight, and played as a benefit for the sufferers by the hardships of the manager (Macready), took the town by storm, and has held its position ever since as a stock piece. The historical drama of *Richelieu* was played with success in 1839, as to a certain extent also did another five act play, called *The Sea Captain*. The latter, however, out of motives of fastidiousness on the part of the author, was withdrawn from the stage at the close of the season, although it had run triumphantly through it, to be recast by him, and reproduced upon the boards nearly twenty years afterwards (in 1868) under its new title as *The Rightful Heir*. Perhaps the most popular of all his dramatic successes, however, was that achieved in 1840 by his brilliant five-act comedy of *Money*. This was followed, in 1841, by his story of modern life and manners in London society, entitled *Night and Morning*. In association with Dr. Lardner and Sir David Brewster, Sir Edward had, prior to this, undertaken the editorship of a newly established literary and scientific organ, called the *Monthly Chronicle*, a periodical that failed to become popular by reason of its being overweighted with the purely scientific contributions of his two learned collaborateurs. In its pages he himself produced, among other effusions, a little tale of marvel and of mystery, called "Zicci," which he afterwards expanded into what he has termed emphatically "the well-loved work of his mature manhood," meaning his splendid and visionary romance of "Zanoni," the Rosicrucian. The latter was published in 1842, as was another of his minor volumes of poetry, entitled "Eva; or, the Ill-omened Marriage." A twelvemonth afterwards appeared the most highly elaborated of all his historical romances, "The Last of the Barons." In the December of 1843, consequent upon the death of his mother, he took, by Royal permission, on succeeding to the estates of Knebworth, the additional name of Lytton, after his, until then, more familiar patronymic, Bulwer. Having been restored to health, after a very severe illness, by the system of Preissnitz, Sir Edward Lytton gave signal evidence of his sense of obligation to Hydropathy through his "Confessions of a Water Patient." One by one, he had for some time, been contributing translations of the "Poems and Ballads of Schiller" to *Blackwood*. These having at length been completed, were republished in 1845 in a collective form, preceded by a life of Schiller. Another biographical sketch of a literary character was penned by Sir Edward in 1846, being that prefixed by him to the three volumes of the "Essays of Laman Blanchard." Resisting an invitation to stand for Westminster, Bulwer Lytton gave himself more sedulously than ever to the cultivation of his poetic powers, and achieved at last a brilliant success in 1845 by his animated satire of "The New Timon." And the success was legitimate and complete, for the work was first of all issued from the press quite anonymously.

In 1847, after an interval of four years, he again appeared before the world in his character as novelist. He had conceived the plan of illustrating in two vividly contrasted works of fiction the influence for good and for evil of home education on life and character. The darker of these companion pictures was the first completed, and in 1847 made its appearance under the title of "Lucretia; or, the Children of Night." The sweeter and tenderer limning of "The Caxtons" did not come before the public in its complete form until two years afterwards. "Lucretia," in consequence of this, appearing only by itself without its visible equipoise, and in an artistic sense, its just fraction, was in many quarters completely misapprehended and greeted with a storm of obloquy. A murderer and a highwayman having previously been treated by him, the one with tragical, the other with half satirical, half pathetic effect, in "Eugene Aram" and "Paul Clifford," Sir Bulwer Lytton was immediately accused of being a systematic offender against morality.

Roused to a reply, he vindicated, in a pamphlet entitled "A Word to the Public," his perfect right as an artist to deal with crime as he had thus done in three out of his fifteen romances. His argument told effectively, insomuch that his assailants were completely silenced. In 1848 he dashed off with a flying pen, in one fortnight, the whole of the three volumes of his picturesque historical romance of "Harold, the Last of the Saxon Kings." During the same year he issued from the press, anonymously, the most ambitious of all his poetic works—his epic in twelve books of "King Arthur," a poem which he himself spoke of as the "life of his life," when, in the preface to the second edition, he at last owned to its authorship. Meanwhile, month by month, there was appearing anonymously in the pages of *Blackwood's Magazine* the charming story of "The Caxtons, a Family Picture." Unannounced as by any one in particular, it rapidly won its way to the public heart, and excited but one sentiment of admiration. It was succeeded in due course, through the same channel, by a work of kindred purity and power, but of far greater elaboration. The narrative in this instance was illustrative of the varieties of English life, and was emphatically designated by its author, "My Novel." It may be regarded as so far worthy of the title that it is in many respects Lord Lytton's masterpiece. Another prose fiction, also published originally by installments in "Maga" (extending, like its predecessor, to four volumes) completed the Caxton series, under the *bizarre* title of "What Will He do with It?" Four years after its completion, another serial tale was contributed by our author—not to Ebony, but to *All the Year Round*—under the apt designation of "A Strange Story." Since its publication ten years ago in its completed form (1862) Lord Lytton has not appeared before the world as a novelist. It is a remembrance of this that imparts such a peculiar interest to the announcement of his forthcoming fiction of "Kenelm Chillingly, His Adventures and Opinions." Several works of a miscellaneous character have in the interim borne evidence to the unflagging industry and versatility of the great author. Another five-act drama was produced by him in 1851 as a contribution to the interests of the Guild of Art and Literature, and under the whimsical title of *Not so Bad as We Seem*, was enacted in various parts of the country by Charles Dickens and his company of amateur comedians. During 1851 also with his Protectionist "Letters to John Bull," the author of "The Crisis" again appeared before the world effectively in the rôle of a political pamphleteer. As an essayist he showed, through the delightful pages of *Caxtoniana*, far larger powers than had been foreshadowed by the ablest papers in the *Student*. As a poetic translator, he, in 1852, added to the catalogue of his works a classic companion volume to his version of "Schiller" through his ingenious rendering of the "Odes and Epodes of Horace" into rhyme, which bears close kin in their rhythmic flow and cadence to the and the original. Four years prior to this, namely, in 1866, he had produced in rhythm cal strophes traceable to, though not directly imitative of, the Greek metres, after the dealings of various old Pagan legends, under the title of "The Lost Tales of Miletus." As an equally startling experiment he produced in 1860 his rhymed comedy of *Walpole*. Nine years previously, in 1860, he had celebrated brilliantly in his terse verse as of the time and impersonated the various chiefs of Parliamentary eloquence. He was so far qualified to sit in judgment upon the heroes of the Senate whom he thus described in his poem of "St. Stephens" that he had long ago achieved by his own right to assume a conspicuous place among the foremost orators of the Legislature. Re-entering the House of Commons in the July of 1852, after an absence from it of eleven years, he did so, as had done so many of his ancestors, as M. P. for Herts. He held his position on the front bench now to the left, now to the right, of the Speaker, among the chiefs of the Conservative party, until his elevation to the Peerage, in the July of 1866 as Baron Lytton of Knebworth. Once during the interval, immediately after the formation of Lord Derby's second Government, he had taken his seat in the Cabinet as Secretary of State for the Colonies. During his twelvemonth of office, the abolition of the monopoly of the Hudson's Bay Company was accomplished, and the two noble colonies of British Columbia and Queensland were called into existence. In each settlement the colonists have attested their grateful appreciation of his genius as an administrator by giving the name of Lytton to the nucleus of a future great city. But Bulwer Lytton's work is ended. His life's labor is ended. In Dickens, Thackeray and Bulwer, the world has lost the greatest writers of these days. Their places—who shall fill them?

THE NEWS LETTER IS FORWARDED PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES FOR BUSINESS WHERE LETTERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

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Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lotterroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnd Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
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London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co, Rothschilds, Bank of London; Baring, Bros & Co, Bailey, Davies & Co; F'k Austin, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co; Huth, Grunning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
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Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
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Marseilles—Pascal, Fils & Co, Rost de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

— The Ayrshire *Advertiser* tells a good story of a well-known poet who embarked not long ago at Oban in one of the Clyde steamers, having in his charge a party of ladies, *en route* for Skye. There came on board, in full Celtic costume, the piper of the chief of that isle, with the "blushing honors thick upon him" of success from a piping competition at a recent Celtic gathering. No sooner had the boat started than the piper commenced to stride the deck, as if "monarch of all he surveyed," deafening all on board with melody or discord, according to taste. Our poet and his party were of those to whom the piping was sheer pain. For a time they suffered patiently, in the hope that the piper would, ere long, exhaust himself. But as his vigor seemed to grow by exertion, the poet tried to bribe him to silence with two half-crowns, equivocally praising his performance, and hinting that that was enough for the present. "Na—na," said the piper indignantly, "she doesna play for siller, and she'll no stop for siller," and strode off majestically, playing louder than ever. The continued noise being all but intolerable, the poet, finding money of no effect, tried what sympathy would do, and standing in the piper's path, entreated him to desist, as one of the ladies of his party was sick. The piper, a little cross, replied, "If the lady be sick, she should take a tram"—moving off blowing defiance from his pipes to all creation—a rejoinder received with roars of laughter from the passengers on deck. The ladies, in despair, retreated to the cabin; and, after a time, the poet, finding both money and sympathy of no avail, thought he would try a little "chaff," so, accosting the piper for the third time, said, "I believe the bagpipes are a first rate thing for frightening rats away from any dwelling," to which the piper dryly replied, "It is well known to all well-informed persons, that *all* vermin hate the bagpipes, *specially Lowland* vermin!" and on he went, with his pipes more loudly screeching and their bright ribbons flying defiantly about his head and shoulders, as if his clan had gained some great victory.

— The "grace of a Talleyrand and the dignity of a Nesselrode" were displayed by Mr. Charles Francis Adams when, the other evening, as the *Russia* touched her dock at New York, he was accosted by a stranger. Mr. Adams had just returned from the Geneva Arbitration, and was gratified by the success of his country before that tribunal; but his pleasurable feelings were turned to bitterness when he learned that the enterprising stranger was a New York *Herald* "interviewer." Not even the "pale light of the moon," or the polite address of the reporter, prevented Mr. Adams "drawing back affrighted," or, more probably, disgusted with the impudence of the fellow who asked in a breath to what hotel he was going, whether he would proceed direct to Washington, and what were his views on the Geneva Conference. "Sir," said Mr. Adams, "I am now a simple private citizen, and I desire to have no communication with the press. I am going to the Brevoort House to-night, and I will answer no further question," with emphasis. Then Mr. Adams, "seemingly annoyed, retreated behind a mast," and the reporter coolly bade him good night.

— A French quotation often serves to point an English epigram. A literary lady who hoped to become the mother of a son, thus philosophically consoles herself for her disappointment:

"Ah, well! 'Tis over. Should I not resign
My weaker will to Fate's imperious shall?
'Tis not a boy—yet such as 'tis, 'tis mine—
Then let me thankful murmur, *C'est égal*."

— A very remarkable entertainment was given on Christmas Day by Sir Sydney Waterlow, the Lord Mayor, in the Egyptian-hall of the Mansion-house. The Chief Magistrate of the city invited the whole of his relations, 210 in number, to dine with him, and 186 of them accepted the invitation and were present on the occasion. His father, now in his 83d year, had the peculiar gratification of dining at the same table with his 13 sons and daughters, 49 grandchildren, and 14 great grandchildren. The Lord Mayor was supported by his four sons and four daughters, his four brothers and six sisters, 17 nephews, 22 nieces, 29 cousins and one grandson. On the other hand, the Lady Mayoress was surrounded by her stepmother, four brothers, three sisters, 12 nephews, 12 nieces and 41 cousins. Thirty-four years ago Mr. Alderman Wilson, when Lord Mayor, gave a similar entertainment to his relations, and in the same hall, but probably the company was not so numerous nor so diversified as that of Wednesday.

— An anonymous epigram written upon the Duchess of Devonshire when canvassing for Fox at the Westminster election in 1780, though not containing a pun, is a graceful tribute:

"Array'd in matchless beauty, Devon's fair
In Fox's favor takes a zealous part,
But oh! where'er the pilf'rer comes—beware!
She supplicates a vote and *steals* a heart."

— The typical milkmaid is defunct—dead and buried as undoubtedly as that model mother of the race, the Dairyman's Daughter, whose unpretentious tomb is an unfailing attraction for stage coach tourists in the Isle of Wight, who stay for refreshment at the White Lion at Arreton. "As innocent as a milkmaid," indeed! It might go down very well as a joke in a burlesque; but such a comparison, made in sober earnest, would now be received pretty much as if one spoke of an honest horse-dealer, or an immaculate trader in marine stores. Our good friend, the *Milk Journal*, has "interviewed" her in his laboratory, and she has come out anything but guiltless. She may not be responsible for the counterfeit, but she knows quite well that the contents of her pails is not milk.

— A Bury St. Edmund's contemporary states that the publicans have hit upon a new way of showing their dislike to the Home Secretary for the part he took in passing the Licensing Act. On the face of the clock over the figure eleven is placed a slip of paper on which is printed the word "Bruce." Imagine the landlord saying, "Now, gentlemen, I must bid you good evening, it has now struck Bruce." We all know that a Roman Emperor gave his name to a month in the calendar, and Mr. Bruce, as a lesser luminary, has had conferred upon him the right of naming, not a month, nor a day, but an hour. This ingenious device of the people of Bury St. Edmund's might fairly be followed in other cases.

— Lord Erskine paid a pretty compliment to Lady Payne.
"Tis true, I am ill; but I need not complain,
For he never knew *pleasure* who never knew *Payne*."

— Of David Gray, who died at twenty-three, we are told that the thought of the publication of that poem he could get no one to print, haunted his perturbed spirit—"it troubles me like an ever-present demon;" and that when at length, chiefly by Mr. Sydney Dobell's unwearying exertions, it was printed, and a specimen page was sent to him, David, with the shadow of death then dark upon him, gazed long and lingeringly on the printed page. All the mysterious past—the boyish yearnings, the flush of anticipated fame, the black surroundings of the great city—flitted across his vision like a dream. "It was good news," he said. That was on the second day of December, 1861; and on the third, David was dead and gone.

— In a recent lecture before the Institute of Surveyors in London, Mr. Sturge showed how greatly the price of land in England has fluctuated during the last century. In the twenty three years ending 1751 rent gradually advanced, from 1795 to 1815 it doubled, from 1816 to 1822 it fell 20 per cent, from 1823 to 1848 it advanced 10 per cent, from 1849 to 1852 it again fell at a rate of about 15 per cent, and from 1852 to 1872 it again rose from 10 to 20 per cent.

— Leigh Hunt's first prose endeavors were a series of papers in the *Traveler* (afterwards incorporated with the *Globe*), which he offered with fear and trembling to the editor, Mr. Quin, and was astonished at the gayety with which he accepted them. What astonished him more, by his own account, was a perquisite of five or six copies of the paper, which he enjoyed every Saturday when his essays appeared, and with which he used to rush from Bolt Court in a state of transport.

— The Bishop of Calcutta has appointed a special day of prayer for an increased supply of missionaries. It has been asked if it be England or India which stands most in need of the missionaries.

— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

SAN FRANCISCO POST OFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	ARRIVE A.M.	ARRIVE P.M.
Alameda		[illegible]		[illegible]
[illegible] and Rio Vista (by C. P. R. R. Co.'s steamers)		[illegible]		[illegible]
[illegible] and Coast Points		[illegible]	[illegible]	
[illegible]		[illegible]	[illegible]	
Marysville and Sacramento	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Napa Route via Vallejo		[illegible]	[illegible]	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	[illegible]			[illegible]
Oakland	[illegible]	[illegible]		[illegible]
Overland	[illegible]			[illegible]
Petaluma and Coast Points		[illegible]		[illegible]
San Rafael	[illegible]		[illegible]	
San Jose	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Southern California and Arizona	[illegible]			[illegible]
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Vallejo and Benicia	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		[illegible]		[illegible]
Great Britain Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays		[illegible]		

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER CITY INDEX AND PURCHASER'S GUIDE.

This is the handsomest and most useful work ever published in the city. It contains a full and complete list of city, county, state and government officials and other important information of unusual character. An INSURANCE DEPARTMENT, specifying the companies entirely reliable for the safest and speediest recovery of Losses by Fire, Marine Disasters and Loss of Life, is a special feature. THE PURCHASER'S GUIDE, a most valuable and unique department of the work, contains the names of the principal capitalists, Merchants, Professional Men, Business Women, Manufacturers, Storekeepers and Traders in every branch with their places of business. In this particular Department the reader can see at a glance where to find the best and cheapest Articles required for Domestic Use and Household purposes, such as Groceries, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Millinery Goods, Furniture, Hardware, Crockery, etc. If you want a Lover of a Hotel, an Architect, a Master Builder, a first-class Lawyer, a competent Physician, Agricultural Implements, Mining Machinery, or anything else among our ten thousand daily wants, you can find where to get them by easy reference to the PURCHASER'S GUIDE. This Matchless Business Pocket-book is only 2¼ by 4 inches, containing 224 pages. It is picturesquely covered, etc. Price, 10 cents per copy; $60 per Thousand. Sept. 28.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for the American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds. Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 20. MURPHY, GRANT & CO, Sansome cor. Bush, S.F.

S. T. SUIT & CO'S CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, Capital Bourbon, | National Bourbon, Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.

BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec 9.]

G. W. CHESLEY.] G. W. CHESLEY & CO., [J. S. JONES.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Fine Wines and Liquors. Sole Proprietors of CONDURANGO BITTERS. 414 Front street, San Francisco. 51 Front street, Sacramento. August 17.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

REDUCTION IN GAS.

Office of the San Francisco Gas Company, March 15, 1872.—Notice is hereby given that on and after this date, the price of Gas will be reduced from Four Dollars and Seventy-five Cents ($4 75) to Three Dollars and Fifty Cents ($3 50), per Thousand Cubic Feet. [March 23.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

FOLEY & FLORANCE,

North Beach Livery Stable, Powell Street, below Filbert, San Francisco. Carriages to Let. Horses taken on Livery. All orders left at the stable promptly attended to, day or night. Clarence Stables, Hastand's and Calderon's street, opposite 622. All orders left there will meet immediate attention. Nov 30.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

SOME THINK THAT PROTRUDING TOES

Look better than a Silver Tipped Shoe or Boot. Take your choice.
Nov. 23.

The Lay of the Henpecked.

Once I was single, but now I'm a pere,
I've a wife who b longs to Sorosis,
While at Woman's Rights m etings she's called to the chair,
I rock cradle and dry our brats' noses.

'Tis her custom each duty domestic to shirk,
For which I have to suffer, poor sinner;
If it were not for Bridget, our maid of all work,
I often might whistle for dinner

She says she's formed for a much "higher sphere,"
So she never descends to the kitchen,
In short, minus buttons I daily appear,
For the bosoms she ne'er puts a stitch in

She vows that her sex is most vilely oppressed,
That the men a tyrannical set are,
That if females po'ld car rights now possessed,
The world would be governed much better.

But with Male Women's Righters she seems hand and glove,
Their praises she's always a chanting,
She likes to hear lectures indorsing free love,
And with long-haired men go gallivanting.

If I mildly remonstrate she calls me a "brute,"
And begs that I will not distress her;
From her talk you would think me a savage Piute,
Though in tenderest tones I address her.

Before folks she treats me with lofty disdain,
If I speak she is certain to snub me;
In their presence meek silence to keep I am fain,
'Tis no wonder that henpecked they dub me.

Should I chance, of a night, to stay out rather late,
Though I've swallowed nought stronger than "Burton,"
She vows I am muddled and cannot walk strait—
O! she's d mb on the lectures called "Curtain."

How changed is she now from the blushing young bride
Whom I joyfully led to the altar,
O, Lord! how I wish the knot ne'er had been tied,
Or that I could slip out of the halter.

Then had any one told me my bliss would take wing,
Most indignantly I'd have denied it,
But marriage, alas! is an uncertain thing,
And you never can tell 'till you've tried it. —*Harold.*

Letter from New York.

New York, January 8, 1873.

Dear News Letter —In accordance with my promise, I attended service at St. Ignatius Church, in Fortieth street, Rev F. C Ewer, D.D., rector, and was not so very much astonished after all. This was probably because, on the previous Sunday, I was at St Alban's Church, where Father Morrell ritualizes to a much greater extent St. Ignatius Church was formerly occupied by the congregation of Rev. O B Frothingham, who held forth weekly in lugubrious tone, like Booth, the actor, and in a manner not over orthodox. The square end of the church has had a sort of chancel made by building a sacristy and organ-room on either side, and between them is a remarkably handsome altar by Miller This I was told by the sexton, who also said that the church would hold 650 people, and that Dr. Ewer would wear an alb, a stole, a maniple, and a chasuble.

People, and intelligent looking, too, soon began to come in, and were shown to seats by one of the vestrymen and the sexton, both of whom had on creaky boots, the result of standing on the hot-air register Then forth came a youth in a black cassock, who lit several candles on the altar, with a long fishing-rod The music, distant singing, and in came the choristers, all dressed in white gowns, little boys first, one carrying aloft a wooden cross, then the larger choristers, and Rev. F. C last, and they all went to work. First they sang a hymn, really now it was mighty well sung, and then the Doctor took a turn, and so they kept it up for quite a while. There was nothing so very high church, except the bowing of heads when they sang the "Gloria Patri," and rather more than the usual number of bows in the creed, winding up with every one crossing himself There was something wrong about the altar, as one of the two young men in white gowns, who knelt alongside of Dr Ewer during prayer time, had to change the prayer book, which stood on a little rack, several times from one side of the altar to the other Must have been a draught of air, or perhaps Dr. E. had a stiff neck. Tried very hard to discover why the Doctor, every now and then, would bob down by the altar, just as if some one was snow-balling him from the other side. Possibly he was afraid the candles might fall on him.

The sermon was on a text taken from the 16th verse of the 2d chapter of Canticles, or Solomon's Song, "My beloved is mine, and I am his," upon which (and I confess I don't see the connection) the Doctor proceeded to preach about "Spiritual Indigestion." If he had taken the rest of the verse, "He feedeth among the lilies," there might have been some cause for indigestion. It appears that we are to be enabled to digest the Lord by seven conditions desire, elevation of soul, apprehension of God, spiritual hunger, self surrender, identification, and exercise That is all very well for those who have time. The reverend Doctor then went on to prove the advantage of having a spiritual director, or "religious man," on the same principle as we have our "medicine man" He also compared spiritual indigestion to bodily indigestion. The latter causes disagreeable complaints, pain and flatulence, and likewise doth the former give rise to spiritual flatulence, which is—profanity and sermons, from which good Lord deliver us!

They take up the collection while the people are standing. Good idea; enables men to get their hands into their breeches pockets Cooper said to me the other day, "Do you know, I saw a girl's knees in church, last Sunday." "Gracious heavens! where?" "Why, at St Albans," he said. I asked a young lady why she bobbed her head every now and then, and she said that the Bible said, "That at the name of Jesus every knee should bow," so I suppose she thinks her joint is located in her neck. During one of the long prayers I couldn't help wondering whether there were not some in the congregation who thought that F C E. bore a striking resemblance to the gentleman who was buried for a short time in Arimathea. And it further entered my humble and devout mind, what a high old joke it would be to get into the church some Saturday night, and put some Roman candles (not Roman Catholic candles, but fireworks) into the tall artificial candles standing on the altar Then, when the acolyte or servitor, lights up with his fishing-rod, during the solemn parts of the service, there would be more seen and done on that particular occasion than is set down in the rubric. Lest I should snicker at my own thoughts, I sneaked out during one of the prayers and went home.

H. A.

Fireproof Starch.

From the scion of royalty to the seamstress or the ballet-girl, more cases of sudden and violent death have been due to the combustion of wearing apparel than to any other cause Now it is the Archduchess Mathilde of Austria—now the accomplished wife of the poet Longfellow—who falls a victim to her dress catching fire; far oftener, however, it is the poor *danseuse* or *cantatrice* before the footlights, or the still poorer heroine of the "Song of the Shirt." At the International Exhibition at South Kensington there was exhibited a starch, says the *Lancet*, which ought to remove all such calamities in future from the category of accident to that of design. Improving on the old and very partially adopted tungstate of soda, Mr Donald Nicoll has produced a preparation which renders the finest cambrics and muslins, the material of window-blinds, mosquito-curtains—the finer fabrics of every kind, in short—not only uninflammable, but well-nigh incombustible Henceforth we are entitled to expect that the verdict, hitherto so frequent at coroners inquests, "Burnt to death by her clothes accidentally taking fire," will reach its minimum, and that the "curse of Prometheus" will, in great measure, be neutralized by this latest addition to the armory of preventive medicine.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
314 California Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE

ST. PAUL F. & M. INSURANCE COMPANY,
ST PAUL, MINNESOTA.

GIRARD F. & M. INSURANCE COMPANY,
PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

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TRIUMPH INSURANCE COMPANY,
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NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
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THREE MILLION SEVEN HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS!
AGGREGATE ASSETS - - - - - - $6,700,000

Policies Issued on Desirable Property at Fair Rates.
Losses Equitably Adjusted and Promptly Paid.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
General Agents,
Oct. 19.] 314 California Street, San Francisco.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, varieties of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Rockaways, End, side or Wood Spring, Open Buggies Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets Rugs, Whips, Lamps Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mouldings Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel bent buggies The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, hose carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz. for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law Nov 30.

LOS ANGELES, BY THE NEW ALL RAIL AND STAGE LINE.

July—Time Schedule—1872. Tri-Weekly, via Southern Pacific Railroad, leaving San Francisco, via C P R. R., MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, via Oakland Ferry, at 8:00 a.m., passing Lathrop at 8:17 p.m. connecting at TIPTON (terminus S P R. R.), 250 miles from San Francisco with the TELEGRAPH STAGE LINE, leaving at 6 a.m. TUESDAYS THURSDAYS and SUNDAYS, arriving at Los Angeles next day about 6 p.m. PALACE SLEEPING COACHES will be run regularly on Trains between San Francisco (Oakland) and Terminus S. P. R. R. in Tulare Valley Through Tickets and Sleeping Car Accommodations secured only at 2 NEW MONTGOMERY STREET, San Francisco. A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent Southern and Central Pacific Railroad.
J L Willcutt, General Passenger and Ticket Agent S P R R.
T H Goodman, General Passenger and Ticket Agent C P R R
August 3. W G ROBERTS, Agent Telegraph Stage Line, S F.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares; Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers and other noted resorts, Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St Louis, etc, Ocean Routes via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc Published monthly by
A L BANCROFT & CO, Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17,

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The Staunch and Favorite Steamship "Newbern," A. N. McDonough, Master, will sail on her next regular trip on .... at 12 o'clock M., from Front-street wharf, connecting at the mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona, the attention of shippers is particularly called Through Bills of Lading will be furnished, and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
August 5 410 Front street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound The Clyde built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets [Oct 19] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

E. C. Newhoff. C D Dunn. M. D. Carr.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

Mercantile Printing House, N E. corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF, Practical Book and Job Printers desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now prepared to do every description of printing in the very best style of the art Our presses and types are all new and of the very latest styles Give us a call The third floor of the building in which our office is will be rented for composition rooms, to good tenants, on very reasonable terms Apply to [May 11] CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 29.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD —

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co, Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo Commercial Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Company
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Aliança.
Odessa Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Malls
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright Maxwell & Co, Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Hawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S S Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America
Vienna—M L. Biederman & Co; S H Stamulz & Co, "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co, Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co, Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia, Gov A. E. Kennedy
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co, Jardine, Matheson & Co, Dent & Co, Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama Jardine, Matheson & Co, F Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,
Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

Is Kissing a Sin?

Oh, wha is it dares to ca' kissing a sin?
Oh, wha is it dares to ca' kissing a sin?
Though we're mostly alane,
When it's oftenest dane,
For a' that, wha is there dare ca' it a sin?

I doubt na', when Adam an' Eve met thegither,
The first thing they did was to kiss ane anither,
An' thinkin' it fine,
Like themsel's, maist divine,
Fell in each other's arms an' kiss'd ither again.

If there e'er was a man would look backwards an' fear
To steal a bit kiss n w an' then fra his dear,
May the wretched auld sinner
Ne'er manage to win her,
Who be thinks without kissing will yet be his ain.

What matter although they look sour now an' then,
Toss their heads an' avow they care nothing for men;
When the opposite sex is
Inclined to perplex us,
It is only because they want kissing again.

They tease us because they want kissing again,
Because they want kissing and tousling again;
Let auld maids mak' faces,
Auld bachelors grimaces,
'Tis the want o't mak's them look sae wrinkled an' thin.

Then wha is it dares to ca' kissing a sin?
Then wha is it dares to ca' kissing a sin?
Although mostly alane,
When it's oftenest dane,
Yet, nae'theless, nane dare ca' it a sin. —*Cowper Spearpoint.*

Mr. Lowe, M. P., on Liberals and Tories.

At a recent meeting of the North Wilts Liberals, Mr Lowe, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, spoke as follows on the two great parties in the country

"For 700 years they had been governing Ireland, and they had never yet found out the way to do it. They had tried two ways. One way was this: they had tried to keep down the population by the sword, and by visiting the religion of the great majority of the people with every species of penalty and proscription. Strange to say, that didn't answer. The more they proscribed, the less they conciliated; and instead of making the people obedient and loyal, they raised, and he said they deserved to raise up against themselves, resistance and rebellion. [Hear hear.] Then they took the second course—much less blamable than the other, but that had not answered either. They removed the proscriptions, they admitted the Irish people to their rights as fellow-citizens, but they still maintained a number of invidious institutions, the heritage of evil times. This had not satisfied them, and, in his opinion, it ought not to have satisfied them. In the fullness of 700 years' experience they had tried a third course, and had removed those badges of domination which were forever being flaunted in the eyes of the nation. This was a policy of justice, and they hoped it would succeed Hitherto they had not deserved to succeed, but he trusted that before they left this Irish matter alone altogether, they would put themselves in a position to say that at least they deserve to succeed [Cheers] He turned next to the present state and prospects of the Liberal party If those principles were right and good, be assured in these times of free discussion those principles would keep the party in its present proud position. What were the principles of the Liberal party? Mr Disraeli, who was a great vamper and manufacturer of phrases, had said that the principles of the Conservative party were national, and the principles of the Liberal party were mere cosmopolitan He did not understand that, and he dared say they did not either [Laughter] What was more, he did not believe the talented authority expected that they should understand it. Those words had a great many different significations, and the author doubtless wished to reserve to himself liberty to apply one or the other as he found circumstances to suit, just as he (the Chancellor of the Exchequer) had known gentlemen to provide themselves with a plurality of views to suit the difficulties of their situations [Cheers and laughter] Perhaps, after all, 'cosmopolitan' means that which is good all the world over, and, perhaps, 'national' means that which a particular class of people, who may be very ignorant, very circumscribed in their views, very prejudiced and very isolated, may think good. [Cheers.] The creed of the Tory was that he sticks to what is; the creed of the Liberal was that he sticks to what ought to be. The principles of the Liberal party had certainly been a splendid success They knew that upwards of forty years, during the times of Mr Fox and Lord North, the Liberal party wandered in the wilderness. A ray of comfort never descended upon them, so that Lord Byron wrote of them

"Naught's permanent among the human race—
Except the Whigs *not* getting into place."

Well, they got into place in 1830 at last, and what was the state of affairs then? The Dissenters had just obtained their rights, the Catholics and Jews were treated as unworthy to enjoy the privileges of Englishmen, the municipalities of the country were in the hands of self-elected bodies, who had usurped the property of the corporations, who spent the money in gormandizing and Parliamentary corruption; at that time the standard creed of the greater part of the political mind was that it was quite right to take the bread of the people and the industry of the country for the purpose of increasing the rent of the landlords These and other things they had swept away These were causes which cemented men's feelings and held the party together until the last of these triumphs was won, and the Dissenters admitted to universities. [Cheers.] In removing these disabilities they had certainly rendered an enormous benefit to the country, and they had also somewhat weakened the ties which held the Liberal party together, because it was obvious (if his definition was right) the nearer they made what is to what ought to be, there was the less stimulus to the Liberal party. During the past four years the Government had entered on a different sphere of operation; they had to deal with all sorts of interests, laws and privileges, which were hostile to the general good of the country, but which a number of individuals were interested in supporting, and which another large party are interested in opposing. They could not look for the same unanimous support as when the evils of the Irish Church, for instance, were of a grosser nature, but evils enough remain to keep the party in work for an indefinite time, and it was their duty to rally together to sweep away these evils. So far from there being a prospect of want of occupation that continuing to work at the mine at which they had been laboring during the past four years—there was no period that could be fixed when the labors of the Liberal party would become superfluous. [Cheers] Supposing they could redress all the existing grievances, no sooner would they have done that than the development of human intelligence would require a great deal of what had been done to be done over again. Therefore, although their labor becomes daily more difficult, and the means of exciting popular passions are fewer and weaker than before, their duty was still the same as before, and those who were Liberal in spirit ought to press forward to further victories in the cause of progress. He preferred to speak of the party than the Government, because the Government was a transitory thing, and the party he hoped would exist for centuries."

—— On the 30th November, at Dartford Police Court, Ellen Palling, 14, and Sarah Palling, 6, were charged with having stolen about two gallons of sprats belonging to a farmer in the neighborhood. It appears from the report in the local paper that "The sprats were bought for the purpose of manuring the land, but being moderately fresh some quantity had been abstracted by the cottagers around." The prisoners were "cautioned and dismissed How long will it be before the untold wealth of the sea is brought within reach of our hungry poor! Where are the shrewd men of business who will "venture a sprat to catch a salmon!" —*Fun.*

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

ELECTION NOTICE.

FIREMAN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, 401 California street, on TUESDAY, January 14, 1873, at 12 o'clock M. Polls open from 12 o'clock M. to 3 o'clock P M. Transfer Books closed January 8, 1873. Per order of D. J STAPLES
CHAS. R. BOND, Secretary President.
San Francisco, December 30, 1872.

ADJOURNMENT OF MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company is postponed till TUESDAY, January 28, 1873, at 12 o'clock M., as per resolution of Board of Directors D. J. STAPLES,
CHAS. R. BOND, Secretary President.
San Francisco, January 15, 1873.

FIREMAN'S FUND INSURANCE COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to a Resolution of the Board of Directors that a meeting of the stockholders of said Company will be held at the office of the Company, on the southwest corner of California and Sansome streets, San Francisco on the 28th day of January, A. D. 1873, at 12 o'clock M., to reorganize said Corporation in accordance with the provisions of Chapter I, Part IV, of the Civil Code of the State of California, also, to elect a Board of Directors, and for the transaction of other business of importance A full attendance of Stockholders is important. D. J. STAPLES,
CHAS. R. BOND, Secretary. President.
San Francisco, January 13, 1873. Jan. 18.

ODD FELLOWS' SAVINGS BANK.

Dividend Notice.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Odd Fellows' Savings Bank, held this day, a dividend was declared at the rate of nine 50-100 (9 50-100) per cent. per annum on permanent deposits and at the rate of eight 04-100 (8 04-100) per cent per annum on short deposits for the semi-annual term ending December 31, 1872, payable on and after the 20th inst
JAMES BENSON, Secretary.
San Francisco, January 8, 1873. Jan. 18.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Savings, No. 225 Sansome street, declared a dividend for the half year, ending December 31, 1872, at the rate of ten per cent per annum on Term, eight per cent per annum on Class One, Ordinary, and six per cent. per annum on Class Two, Ordinary Deposits, free of Federal tax, payable on and after January 15th, 1873 By order
Jan 18. G M. CONDEE, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Savings and Loan Society, No. 619 Clay street.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend for the six months ending December 31, 1872, of nine per cent. per annum on ALL deposits, payable on and after the 15th inst
CYRUS W. CARMANY, Cashier.
San Francisco, January 10, 1873. Jan. 18.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE, MONTGOMERY STREET SOUTH, AND LAGUNA SURVEY.

Warrants on the above funds, allowed by the County Court, will be paid at the City and County Treasury on the 18th instant from which date the interest will cease Holders thereof are notified to immediately file with the Treasurer a list of the numbers held by them. J. A BAUER,
City and County Treasurer.
San Francisco, January 14, 1873. Jan. 18.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 433 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital $250,000. Directors W W Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S Wright, W D Cummings, C F MacDermot, James M Barney, C W Kellogg, A W Jee, Peter Dean, John H Wise, Chas J Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E T Gile, Charles Main, W D Hooper, G L Bradley, James Phelan, D H Haskell Sacramento: H S Crocker, N D Thayer, F S Freeman.
C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. Horner, Secretary. Jan. 18.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OR DRIVERS OF VEHICLES.

The Annual License is now due for the year ending January 1, 1873. If not paid on before January 31, 1873, an addition of 25 per cent. will be added each month for delinquency E. R. BUCKLEY, License Collector.
Jan. 18 Room No 1, City Hall.

OUTSIDE LANDS.

Any and all persons that have made duplicate payments of Outside Land Assessments can have the amount refunded at the office of the undersigned, upon the presentation of an order from the Mayor and City and County Attorney [Jan 18] A. AUSTIN

POLL TAXES FOR 1873 ARE NOW DUE.

Payable at the Assessor's office, or to a Deputy.
Jan. 18 LEVI ROSENER, Assessor.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
Lowndes & Hamlin, Agents Nov. 11.

Philip L. Weaver. Isaac Lohman John W. Taylor.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION
Nov 30. 301 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

C. Main. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. D Winchester.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc, Nos 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 13.

C. L. Crackbon] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C A. Murdock.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind
Feb 15. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free Address G STINSON & CO.,
Nov 16. Portland, Maine.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment, into better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express Oct. 7

E. F. CHILD,

Stock Broker, 303 California street, San Francisco, California. March 2

Our Art Gallery.

There has been considerable blowing of trumpets upon this subject. May not we toot our horn a little while? Nay, when Mr Bret Harte, in his "Argonauts of '49," tells us what a terrible crowd we were not very long ago, a feeling of amazement rises within us at the degree of cultivation to which we have arrived to have an art gallery at all, and, under the inspiration of the moment, we start for Pine street. One involuntarily turns to the right upon entering a place like this, and as we turn, passing lightly over the little pink dunce and other familiar landmarks, we are greeted with a vision of two astounding pieces of canvas, named respectively "The Departure" and "The Return." The most indulgent observer will find it difficult to determine which is which. In the former the foreground is occupied by a lackadaisical looking young gentleman, with a profusion of spotted necktie, gazing seaward, and an elderly statesman-like person endeavoring to comfort him. They are apparently upon the lone rock by the sea. Its companion consists of three young girls standing in a row like a spelling-class, each having very long crimped hair and marvelous hands. The faces are perhaps good, but it is exceedingly difficult to determine whether the young man and his companion went to sea on the big rock or whether the young ladies had left the young gentleman to take a walk over the raging sea and return through the leafy pleasantness of a wood. Underneath the Departure may be seen a bust of Carol ne Richings, which, however excellent it may be, gives one the impression that her ears were pointed by a Digger Indian, for nothing else would warrant the size of her ear-rings. The usual number of amateurish landscapes and portraits are sprinkled over the wall, and in the midst of a patch of these we come across a picture of the Infant astride a cloud—presumably. He rejoices in a high Roman nose, a hand that looks as if it belonged to some other picture, and a thigh that drives all thought of the subject out of our head. More landscapes and portraits. If we must have these latter, why will not the artists indulge us with something other than hard-featured females in the inevitable lace shawl, or young men with an utterly imbecile expression. A street scene in San Francisco attracts considerable attention, principally because the subject is so familiar, although mules with such legs as those in the foreground were never outside of Andalusia. "My dear," observes a lady at our elbow, who had spent the past summer in exploring California, "what is this beautiful picture before us?" "Bierstadt's 'Donner Lake,'" responds her companion when upon the lady casts a surprised glance at the inner room, where she had expected to find this treat, for, although she grants the great beauty of the picture, Donner seems strangely unfamiliar to her in this guise. Columbus, who, by the way, has extremely long ears and a not unpleasant expression of countenance, should have been hung further away from the main attraction, that visitors might be allowed to come across something good at intervals. Still life pictures, those hideous creations, abound. The inner room contains little to speak of. The east wall contains a number of sketches of female figures in water color. They are not easy to understand, for, although in a flying position, each one supports a pair of moccasins. A vile daub in the corner is also rather mysterious, and it is entertaining to notice how many go to that corner to try to find it out. A few ladies are trying to find their way into the gallery without being observed. We follow them and are amused at the different effects of this naughty place. One timid little lady casts a shy glance upward, blushes, hurries through and descends the opposite staircase as fast as possible. The gaze of a second falls unerringly upon those features of the Pioche collection, to which Director Plunkett principally objects. She nudges her friend, she giggles, she lingers. A third, she of the period, who considers it the thing to admire such pictures in exact ratio with their nudity, gazes upward at the bathers and exclaims, "How beautiful!" We do not concur. There is a suggestion of the Flowery Kingdom in the faces of these nymphs that is not to be admired. The one in the foreground, who is introducing a queerly-shaped leg into the bath, looks very much as if the waters were from Saratoga Springs and offensive to the nostrils, which, by the way, have a very wide and horsey look. St Martin, at the head of the stairs, has an extremely uncomfortable expression—looks, indeed, as if he had lunched on pickles and cream, which had begun to disagree over his prayer-book. Francis Xavier, on the opposite wall, carries the proverbial ivy and fastens his mantle with a pin, which reminds us forcibly of Boss Tweed's big diamond. The Fabbri Chorus seems to have walked bodily into the picture of "Moses in the Bulrushes," the Princess herself being the *fac simile* of the ugliest in the crowd. A very Israelite Judith, with a very Dutch face, smiles over a Holofernes, which we at first mistook for the face of Carl Schurz, dropped from one of Nast's cartoons. A Cupid, disporting on the grass with a very surprised expression, exhibits a very large head and a very small ——, in fact, is not so proportionate as one would expect. A large picture of Virtue and Vice had an extremely demoralizing effect on us, for, whereas Vice and her followers seem to be having a very jolly time of it, Virtue stands as straight as a die, in a most uncomfortable attitude, holding two enormous burning candles which threaten to burn to her shoulders very soon, and regards the vagaries of the sinners with a singularly placid demeanor. The "Kiss of Judas" is chiefly remarkable for the shadowy proportions of the Apostle's legs, and for its utter absence of harmony of color. As we descend we catch sight of a horse's head, a fine picture, by Van Boeckhoven—but no, so much indiscriminate praise has been lavished upon this collection, so much good ink wasted, that we refrain from the popular mistake and praise nothing.

The "Chronicle's New Departure.

The *Chronicle* has come out with an able and dignified leader, which is evidently intended as a new departure. We have often had occasion to differ from the *Chronicle* in the past, and do not expect always to agree with it in the future; indeed, it is not the peculiar province of the *News Letter* to agree with its contemporaries, for we are nothing if not disagreeable to them. We however admit that the *Chronicle* has arrived at a new era in its existence. With the best press on this coast, a new dress of type, an able editorial corps, and the most enterprising of proprietors, a bright, vivacious sheet is being produced. In the new pronunciamento to which we have alluded, it says:

"Our business contents us; we are growing and strengthening, and our circulation will in a few months exceed the *Bulletin* and *Call* together. Our space is valuable, and while important questions throng upon us and demand consideration, we feel mortified that we are weak enough to stop and kick these curs that so pertinaciously bark at our heels. We have not found it necessary to abuse one monopoly in order to screen our advocacy of another. We have not found it necessary to endeavor to destroy our State's credit abroad, or to imperil the project of building more railroads in the State to cover up our subserviency to a telegraphic monopoly. We will not endeavor to destroy the financial credit of the company by lies and false statements. We will not endeavor to prevent the companies from borrowing money in London, Frankfort or Amsterdam to build railroads in our State. We will not deny the companies commercial facilities along our harbor front; we will not omit doing any reasonable and proper thing to bring the railroad terminus to San Francisco. We dare the *Bulletin-Call* to follow where we lead. We dare them to strike at corruption in high places; and if they can plant a surer, quicker or more powerful blow than we can, we will be the first to applaud the act. We challenge these two Chadband proprietors of the two journals, connected by the umbilical cord of a common interest, to take the advance and outstrip the *Chronicle* in its advocacy of bold truths and in its denunciation of bold offenses. Let them expand their editorial strength in warring against corruption in high places, against wrongs intrenched in usage, hedged around by wealth and influence and power, and not exhaust themselves in this never-ending war with the *Chronicle* about business, circulation and motives, questions that only concern and interest themselves. Our readers are tired of it; the country press is tired of it; and God knows we are tired of it, and, furthermore, we are going to put a stop to it."

Silk Manufacturing Company.

That we can produce silk, and silk of a very superior quality, is no longer a matter of doubt, and it only needs a little pushing to make it one of our most important productions. Messrs. Meagher, Touchard, Martin and Gauthier, have determined to see what can be done, and feel confident that the results will amply repay them. We wish them every success. Any one wishing to see specimens of Californian grown and manufactured silk, can do so by paying a call at the President's office, No. 235 Montgomery street.

Lizzie.

Gentle Lizzie—queen of girls,
Modest, winning, sweet, and fair,
Round her head in clustering curls
Hangs her pretty golden hair.

Cheery, chatty, brisk and airy,
Gracefully she glides along;
Merry, laughing, blue-eyed fairy,
Cheering all with silvery song.

Little flirt, both night and morning,
With the beaux she loves to shine;
Though many lovers daily scorning,
Still she whispers "I am thine."

Some may wonder why I tarry,
Why my love can be so cold,
Well—'tis rather soon to marry;
Lizzie's only five years old.

—*Glasgow Mail.*

Theatrical, Etc.

CALIFORNIA.—*Forbidden Fruit*, a domestic comedy, in three acts, adapted from the French, has had a week's run. There is very little merit in the play, and hardly any plot. A wife, "Eve Clinton," does not appreciate her husband's true worth, and fancies she is in love with a friend of his, a "Mr. Neville." Her sister-in-law, however, "Mrs. Barker," keeps a sharp look out, and reads her a good many lectures. "Mr Barker," her husband, is the comic man of the piece, and gets very jealous of "Neville," who, he suspects, is after his wife. "Clinton" and he, however, hear a conversation between "Neville" and "Mrs Barker" in which "Neville" declares his love for "Mrs Clinton." "Mr Clinton" takes a sensible view of the case, and finally lectures them both into a state of repentance, just as they were going to make a bolt of it. Mr Raymond, as the vulgar, funny "Joe Barker," is very good although he a little overdoes the thing, but Mr Marlowe was certainly never intended by nature to represent a villain, his rendering of "Henry Neville's" part is stiff and lacking energy. By far the best piece of acting, to our fancy, was in the part of "Mrs. Barker," taken by Miss Helen Tracy. Miss Annie Graham took the part of "Eve Clinton," the weak wife, and carried the character through very well. Mr. Chaplin, as "George Clinton," the wronged husband, was as good as the part would allow him to be. He possesses undoubted talent, and it is a pity that he has not better parts allotted to him. The drama of *Only a Jew* is in active preparation, also, Gilbert's comedy of *Pygmalion and Galatea*.

ALHAMBRA.—Johnny Allen, Miss Harrison, Little Mac and company are playing *Schneider*. We do not predict a long run for it, as it is very, very slow, after the lively minstrelsy of Billy Emerson's troupe. However, it may suit those who are fond of Dutch personifications, enlivened by pantomime, and seasoned with the sensational.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.—Miss Dargon has met with very fair success in the part of Deborah, but we fail to understand why she has not drawn better houses, as her acting is certainly much better than one generally sees, and if well supported, she ought to fill the house.

ORIENTAL CLUB.—The Bal Masque of the Oriental Club came off with great *eclat* on Thursday night. The galleries were crowded with people who had come to see the truly picturesque effect of the varied costumes and kaleidescope contrast of colors. There were dozens of almost every description, from a peasant to a princess, and from a Spanish gentleman to Buffalo Bill. Several prizes were awarded for the best dressed and sustained characters. The ladies, as usual, took the palm for originality. A more gorgeously got up ball has seldom come off in this city. Let us hope that the Oriental Club may hold many more such delightful reunions.

—— Gustave Hinrichs, the wonderful young performer on the clarionet, is going to give a concert next week, which will be an event in our musical world. A full orchestra will execute the overture to Beethoven's *Fidelio*, the nocturno from Mendelsohn's *Night Dream* will be given with accompaniment, a scena from *Der Freischutz*, by Madame Fabri, selections from Wagner's *Tannhauser*, and many well-selected *morceaux*, which ought to attract an overflowing hall. The programme will be published shortly.

—— The Ivy Social Club will hold its fourteenth party, at Union Hall, on Friday evening, February 21st. These social reunions are always cheery and thoroughly enjoyable. The preparations for the next party will fully sustain the reputation which that club so well merits.

—— The Caledonian Club will give their annual ball at Pacific Hall on Friday, February 21st. It is expected to be a very nice affair, as Mr. Stewart Menzies, the newly elected Chief, is bending all his energies to make it so.

"My Love to the War has Gone," or "Let those who Quarrel Fight," as sung by Miss Maggie Moore in *Aladdin*, also by Billy Emerson at the Alhambra Theater, is published by M. Gray, Clay street.

—— "I Am Thinking of Mary," ballad dedicated to Miss Mary Campbell, San Francisco, words and music by George Stewart (colored), sold by M. Gray, publisher.

—— "The Chief End of Business." This is the topic chosen for Rev. Dr. Scott's lecture Sunday evening in St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street. Dr. Scott will also preach at 11 o'clock A.M. The public cordially invited. Sunday School, 9½ A.M.

The Mercantile Library.

The annual election of the officers of the Mercantile Library was held on Monday last with the following result: James Otis, President; Wm. B. Johnston, Vice-President; Recording Secretary, T. H. Rearden; Corresponding Secretary, Edward Wheaton; Treasurer, W. W. Wiggans; Trustees, Wm. Norris, G. C. Hickox, Wm. Loewy, John H. Redd ngton, Henry K. Moore, A. McF. Davis, Henry P. Blanchard, Henry P. Bowie and John Taylor. In retiring from office, the late Board of Trustees paid a very high compliment to the zeal and efficiency of Major Wm. Harney, who, after three years laborious and valuable service, retired from his position as Recording Secretary.

—— INTERCEPTED LIGHTNING—S-m-t-n to P-ck-g: Give the *Alta* h—ll. Keep a stiff upper lip. We've got the money, and the postal telegraph bill will never pass this session.

—— INTERCEPTED THOUGHT—Mac solus: Altogether, I think I've made a confounded mess of the business. I don't so much mind the publication of the correspondence with Gamble, though that's bad, as being obliged to confess having swapped dispatches with the *Chronicle*. And then to be patronized by DeYoung in his leaders, and to be forced into partnership with him. I don't care about being bullied by the *Bulletin* and *Call*, because they have been pretty well shown up of late, but to be pitied by the *Chronicle!* Woodward, come and have a drink.

SAN JOAQUIN AND KING'S RIVER CANAL AND IRRIGATION CO.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the San Joaquin and King's River Canal and Irrigation Company, held the 21st day of January, 1873, it was unanimously resolved, that in order to secure a cooperation of the citizens of California in one of the most important works for the benefit of the Agricultural and Commercial interests of the State, the President is hereby instructed to open Books for the subscription of 75,000 shares of the 100,000 shares of $100 each, capital stock of this Company, at the present cash cost of the work now done. No subscription to be received for more than 500 shares. Notice is hereby given, in conformity with the above that Books of subscription for the 75,000 shares are now open at the office of the Company, No. 421 California street, Room 9, during business hours, for thirty days. Capital Stock, $10,000,000, divided into 100,000 shares of $100 each. About forty miles of canal are completed and supply water for Irrigating Lands bordering on the Canal. Surveys are made from Tulare Lake to near Antioch, say 200 miles, and work progressing. The Company has no debts. For further particulars and terms of subscription, apply at the office of the Company.

Jan 25. J. MORA MOSS, President.

REFRESHMENTS AT ALL TIMES.

Lunch at the usual hours. Tea and Coffee, Wines, Liquors and Cigars 22 Kearny street, corner of Bush, San Francisco

Jan 25. SPIERS & POND.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries.

Butter, Cal, fresh ℔	50@	60
Do. pickled	65	
Do. Packed	35@45	
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz	40@	45
Lard, ℔	16@	20
Ham & Bacon, ℔	18@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	2@	3
Do. sweet	2@	3
Lima Beans, ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	20@	25
Onions, ℔	4@	5
Squashes, ℔	4@	3
Pumpkins, ℔	3@	5
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	6@	
Celery, ℔ doz b.	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b.	25@	
Turnips, ℔ doz b.	25@	
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	25@	
Radishes, ℔ doz b	25@	
Green Peas, ℔	15@	20
String Beans, ℔	6@	
Apples, ℔	6@	12
Pears, ℔	5@	12
Quinces, ℔	6@	
Peaches, ℔	6@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	12@	25
Do new, ℔	6@	
Oranges, ℔ doz	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Limes, ℔ doz	25@	50
Quail, ℔ doz	2 50@2	75
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	20@	25
Geese, ℔ pair	3 00@4	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	1 75@2	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	35@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@	
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	40	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	6@	
Salmon, fresh, ℔	10@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish, ℔	8@	
Smelts, ℔	12@	
Tomcod, ℔	12@	
Sturgeon, ℔	3@	
Sea Bass, ℔	6@	
Flounders, ℔	25@	
Halibut, ℔	6@	
Perch, ℔	6@	
Shrimps, ℔	6@	
Anchovies, ℔	5@	
Soles, ℔	30@	
Herrings, ℔	5@	

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 20, Stevenson's Building, S.W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Bienenfeld—In this city, January 21st, to the wife of Elias Bienenfeld, a son.
Haskell—In this city, January 23d, to the wife of Walter Haskell, a daughter.
Hock—In this city, January 22d, to the wife of Tobias Hock, a daughter.
Gardner—In this city, January 24th, to the wife of C. Gardner, a son.
Levy—In this city, January 23d, to the wife of Louis Levy, a daughter.
Murray—In this city, January 23d, to the wife of John Murray, a daughter.
Newsom—In this city, January 19th, to the wife of Alfred C. Newsom, twins.
Tobbenboske—In this city, January 19th, to the wife of J. Tobbenboske, a daughter.
Werner—In this city, January 19th, to the wife of John Werner, a daughter.
Wynkoop—In this city, January 22d, to the wife of G. C. Wynkoop, a son.

ALTAR.

Beckmann-Niese—In this city, January 18th, John N. Beckmann to Dora Niese.
Dorns-Dougherty—In Sacramento, Jan 20th, A. M. Dorns to Katie Dougherty.
Greene-Kennedy—In this city, January 17th, S. Greene to Annie Kennedy.
James-Greenleaf—In San Jose, January 16th, John B. James to Addie Greenleaf.
Smith-Freese—In this city, January 17th, Christian Smith to Matilda Freese.
Smith-Westervelt—In Sacramento, January 17th, W. H. Smith to E. Westervelt.
Wellsford-Holland—In this city, January 19th, J. Wellsford to Sarah Holland.

TOMB.

Birch—In this city, January 22d, Mary Birch, aged 33 years.
Eberling—In this city, January 21st, Johanna Eberling, aged 33 years.
Forbes—In this city, January 21st, John Forbes, aged 46 years.
Frisbie—In this city, January 21st, Wm. D. Frisbie, aged 31 years.
Grom—In this city, January 23d, Antonio L. Grom, aged 42 years.
Hughson—In this city, January 23d, Wm. E. Hughson, aged 45 years.
Harris—In this city, January 21st, F. J. Harris, aged 47 years.
Joseph—In this city, January 22d, Michael Joseph, aged 80 years.
Morse—In this city, January 23d, Charlotte E. Morse, aged 70 years.
Mahoney—In this city, January 21st, John Mahoney, aged 49 years.
Pfohl—In this city, January 23d, Peter Pfohl, aged 65 years.
Scannell—In this city, January 21st, John Scannell, aged 45 years.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

As Maud Muller was raking the meadow sweet with hay, the Judge rode up and asked her for a drink. As he emptied the tin cup he also drank deep of the liquid love in the deep wells of her russet eyes. (Joaquin.) He rode off and she went on with her toil, but she was careless and *distrait*, and didn't rake clean and broke the teeth out of her rake, for which the old man scolded her in very Low Dutch.

A vague unrest
And a nameless longing filled her breast,

For she was wishing that she the Judge's wife might be, and wear silk dresses and belong to the Mercantile Library and live in a fine house furnished throughout with N. P. Cole & Co.'s magnificent furniture. And every time she passes their busy establishment, on Bush street, with her brutish husband and nine small children, she whispers, "It might have been."

There is Something New under the Sun.—That the manners of the people in the "early days" should be tinged with that rudeness and uncouthfulness of manner which may be expected in societies in which the ameliorating influences of the gentler sex are not found, is not to be wondered at, but that the prejudices of these "early days" have not been sooner overcome has struck us with some surprise, but we are now able to note with pleasure that Richard Hayes & Co., at the corner of Bush and Kearny streets, have opened a saloon and refreshment bar on the system successfully conducted by Spiers & Pond in Paris, London, Vienna, Berlin, etc., in which they will avail themselves of the services of barmaids as well as barmen; and we feel assured that this will open a new avenue of honorable work for well meaning women, and a refuge from the coarseness of common barrooms for decent men.

Shakspeare was a punster; so was Horace and Plato and Bacon. On that memorable occasion when the Duchess of Salisbury dropped her garter, she remarked to the gentleman who handed it to her, *Honi soit qui mal y pense*, which is the old English for "On his walk he madly puns." When the Carthagenians were crossing the Ap-pun-nines during the Punic wars, Scipio sent home his celebrated message, *Deal-ender, est Carthargo*. But when the Rev. Mr. Talmage prefixes the quotation, "Jesus Swept," to his recent work entitled "Crumbs Swept Up," it is going a little too far. Such a pun calls for punishment. Robert Burns once asked Longfellow if he knew any one who could beat Batty & Co. putting up pickles. The answer was, "Nay, Bob." Batty's Nabob Pickle can be procured of the agents, Porter, Donaldson & Co., corner of Halleck and Sansome streets.

Napoleon I. wrote the worst hand on record, not excepting Horace Greeley. His letters from Germany to Josephine were sometimes mistaken for maps of the seat of war. Shakespeare wrote a remarkable hand; Wordsworth's handwriting was very ordinary; Edgar A. Poe's was strikingly beautiful, as clear, regular and legible as print; Tennyson's handwriting is chaste and classic; Longfellow's vigorous and handsome; Emerson's sprawling and illegible. More attention is given of late to the teaching of writing in the public schools, particularly in the adoption of desks which give the easiest and best position to the writer. The favorites are those manufactured by Gilbert & Moore, 217 Bush street. Their school furniture bears a high reputation throughout the State.

William Cullen Bryant, the veteran poet and journalist, is eighty-seven years old, and shows no signs at present of folding his tent like the Arabs. He skips out of bed like a lark at nine o'clock every morning, and walks ten miles after breakfast, that is, he walks up and down the car that brings him to town. He is most abstemious in his diet, never partaking of butcher's meat more than twice a day. He drinks no strong drinks of any kind; the bland and gently exhilerating properties of Landsberger's California champagne not coming under that category. Three times a day he bows his head and implores a blessing on Landsberger. May he live to greet the twentieth century. Perhaps so.

The amount of adulteration in articles of consumption is alarming. Milk is water and chalk, butter is pig's fat colored with anatto, port wine is a decoction of logwood, beer is a mixture of aloes and molasses. Used-up tea leaves are collected from hotels, dried, colored with sulphate of copper and again offered for sale. What is sold as champagne is more often a mixture of marble dust, sulphuric acid, apple juice and alcohol. In view of these facts it is well to know that native and foreign champagnes, and wines of finest quality and undoubted purity may be had of Eberhardt & Lachman, corner of First and Market streets.

There was a certain man who went down from Jerusalem into Jericho and fell among thieves, who stripped him of his raiment and wounded him, leaving him half dead. It chanced that a Levite came along that way, and as soon as he saw him he went over to the other side of the road. Everybody gave him a wide berth until a good Samaritan saw him, bound up his wounds, and gave him a draught of Gerke Wine, which soon sent him on his way rejoicing. George Hamlin is agent for the sale of this famous vintage, 418 Market street.

"I will discover the source of the Nile or be an-nile-ated," says Livingstone in his last communication to the *News Letter*. "After that I will visit San Francisco, if it is only to sit for my portrait by those unrivaled artists in photography, Bradley & Rulofson. Stanley brought me out a dozen or more photographs taken in their inimitable style, and I never saw anything to equal them. Those of your eminent divines, Cox, Emerson, Hemphill and Hart, were noticeably excellent, and speak well for the pulpit of San Francisco.

Josh Billings' counsel to young men is, "keep kool, kultivate your mustash, be pollite tew your rich aunt, if you have got one, studdy Hall's guide tew health, and shun all grass-widders." We will add another piece of advice that will do for both young and old, which Josh would certainly have added had he visited this country. Get your harness, saddlery, buggy robes, etc., of Main & Winchester, Battery street. This firm is held in pleasing reputation among our citizens for superiority of workmanship.

Co-operative kitchens are being started in England, whereby all the cooking for twenty or thirty families is done at one place. This may do where imperfect stoves make the preparation of food a difficult task, but with us it is not so. Handsome, convenient and delightful cooking-stoves, of most modern and approved styles, are constantly kept on hand by J. De La Montanya, 214 to 220 Jackson street. The stock of this house is frequently renewed by large importations, as is well worthy inspection.

The value of advertising has just been strikingly shown. A gentleman advertised for a wife, and received answers from eighteen hundred and ninety-five husbands, saying he could have theirs. Another instance may be found in the unbounded popularity of Hotaling's Cutter Whisky. It is known and esteemed everywhere for its purity as well as its healthful and invigorating properties. A. P. Hotaling, Jackson street.

The desert of Sahara may be made to blossom as the rose at no far distant date, by means of artesian wells and irrigation. The oases, bright with verdure, show what the desert is capable of with the aid of water. On a small scale they resemble that delightful oasis of which we city folks are justly proud, Thorpe's Hotel and Gardens, on the San Bruno Road. This lovely weather there is nothing more enjoyable than a trip to this pleasant spot.

Wordsworth was subject to those aberrations of thought which often accompany genius, and would frequently walk out forgetting parts of his clothing. His favorite style of dress was gray plaid, with a remarkably broad hat and a still more remarkable pair of green spectacles. It is a pity there was no I. W. Taber in his day to present by his matchless photography this eccentric to future ages.

Agassiz recommends fish as a brain-producer. The amount required to produce brain in the vacuous skull of Pickering would depopulate our coasts of their finny inhabitants. Oysters serve the same purpose and are much recommended by physiologists as a proper article of diet, and by *gourmets* as a gratifying delicacy. The best in town are to be found at Emerson Corville's Saddle Rock, Pine street.

O. W. Holmes, like most old bachelors, delights in quiet, cosy apartments, as is shown by his "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table." If he should ever be persuaded to leave his beloved Boston and dwell with us, he would find quiet and comfort to his heart's content at the Galt House, 632 Market street. This house is newly fitted up and kept in elegant style.

Siste, Viator! when you reach the Six-mile House, on the picturesque road to San Bruno, Barry Blanken would have a word with thee. His drinkables will make glad thy countenance; his cocktail regaleth the inner man. He is a right good man and a jovial. Cultivate his liquors' acquaintance.

Ragged stockings and protruding toes are not seen on feet where Silver Tips are worn. Parents remember this, they last twice as long. For sale by all dealers.

To protect the understanding of humanity nothing is like leather fastened together by Cable Screw Wire. Boots and shoes made in this way never rip, or leak, or come apart.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

February 1st—Steamer COLORADO.......................Capt. Warsaw.

There will be no departure February 16th or March 15th.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN and MANZANILLO, and connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

January 27th—CONSTITUTION.......................Capt. Morse.
February 7th—MONTANA.......................Capt. Nolan.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamers falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamer will leave for the above ports every Thursday at 9 A. M. Steamer PACIFIC—January 23d.

Returning will leave San Diego every Monday, and San Pedro Tuesday.

Steamer SENATOR, sailing January 30th, will call at San Simeon and San Luis Obispo, for passengers only.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO.

Steamers will sail as above at 9 A. M. on alternate Wednesdays, viz: January 15th and 27th.

Returning will leave San Luis Obispo on alternate Mondays.

Through bills of lading signed, and through tickets sold from and to all ports on the San Diego route to and from New York, Europe, Mexico and Central America at San Francisco Tariff Rates.

GUAYMAS BRANCH.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Jan. 28th, for Cape San Lucas, San Blas, Mazatlan, Guaymas and La Paz.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M., the 27th.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Jan 25.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on-the-Main. March 25.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates; also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.

Oct. 25. A. McKINLAY, (Agents.) A. S. FINNIE.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 14.

Narrow-Gauge Railroads.

Editor News Letter: The advocate *par excellence* of the narrow-gauge system of railways is Mr. E. N. Robinson, [illegible] of this city. In the last issue of the News Letter he has a lengthy communication in reply to some statements made by the writer of it in a paper published January 4th. I did not suppose, before I read Mr. Robinson's essay, that the advocates of the narrow-gauge were so hard pressed for arguments to sustain themselves that they feel engaged to try and prove, among other things—1st. That engines will cost less on a narrow gauge than on a wide gauge. 2d. That it ties will cost less. 3d. That fencing will cost less. 4th. That it will cost less to lay the rails on narrow gauge. 5th. That telegraph lines can be built and maintained for less on a narrow than on a standard gauge. 6th. That station-houses, platforms, cattle yards, etc., although of same size, will in the aggregate cost less. 7th. That a train of narrow gauge cars *carrying the same load*, will be shorter than the wide-gauge train, with more wheels, and less friction and wear and tear of rails. 8th. That a train of narrow-gauge cars, however long, having the same amount of freight as a wide gauge train, is easier to handle than the train of wide cars. I have selected the above from Mr. Robinson's propositions, and challenge him to prove any one of them. If he can, he can prove anything—that black is white, that two and two *don't* make four, that fire does not burn, and that death is life! Such propositions as these will be easy to prove in comparison to the task, for instance, of showing that a telegraph line along a narrow-gauge railway will cost *less* than one stretched an equal distance by the side of a standard gauge road.

This is the first time I ever heard of "a narrow-gauge telegraph." I shall next expect Mr. Robinson to affirm that a straight line is *not* the shortest distance between two points. I shall not weary the readers of the News Letter with any elaborate or detailed replies to each of the propositions Mr. R. declares he can prove—I prefer to wait till he has *tried*. Mere assertion goes for nothing in this age of facts and practical ideas. But perhaps I may be allowed to say that there are some assertions that carry with them such absurdity, that no argument is required to prove their falsity. The mere repetition of them is their own answer—such, for instance, as that "fencing will cost less on a narrow than on a standard gauge railway." Are the narrow-gauge engines and cars such hideous things as to frighten off all the cattle and horses in sight of them, making the more excuse for a fence alone necessary? If so, the narrow-gauge roads ought to be able to get along without any fences at all. Or are the cattle along the lines of the proposed narrow-gauge roads so poor and weak that but little fencing is required to keep them off the track? One or the other of these must be the reason why "fencing costs less for a narrow-gauge than for a wide one." Again, Mr. R. says "ditches will cost less." Then He who sends the rain upon the just and the unjust alike must discriminate between the amount of water He pours down upon the line of a narrow-gauge as against that He rains upon the line of the standard gauge.

If narrow-gauge railways require less ditches they must have less rain to encounter than other roads, which I fancy will be very unwelcome news to the farmers in the San Joaquin and other valleys through which it is proposed to build them. But enough of these criticisms. One cannot argue seriously against propositions so ridiculous as those put forward by Mr. Robinson in support of his narrow-gauge theories. In addition to the reasons I gave in a former article why a 4 feet 8½ inch gauge is altogether preferable to this 3 feet innovation, I will briefly note a few more. The plea of economy has been advanced as one of the motives for narrowing the gauge of railroads. Now if all freight was of a heavy character, such as minerals, iron, granite, etc., small cars on a narrow gauge track might be the most profitable. But unfortunately the general commerce of every populous country mainly consists of low, medium specific gravity, adapted to food, clothing, fuel, etc., averaging about eighty cubic feet per ton, which makes the standard gauge cars by far the most suitable for transporting it, both as regards cost and storage, and also as regards economy and safety. Take, for instance, wool, half pressed, eight tons will fill a space over 1,300 cubic feet, which a broad-gauge car accommodates, while a narrow-gauge car could not begin to do it. If it is suggested that the small cars can be multiplied to a number sufficient to equal the carrying capacity of a medium sized train of the broad gauge, I answer: First, that the cost of these small cars is proportionately greater than the large ones, as the labor to construct them is about the same, the only saving being in material. Second, the repairing and keeping in order is the same. Third, the longer the train the more power is required to haul it, even if it carries no more weight than the shorter train. This is simply illustrated by a bag of sand, which a man can pick up and carry, but which a horse can scarcely draw if attached to it by a rope a quarter of a mile distant. The closer to the engine you get the load the greater ease, less expense, and wear and tear in hauling it. Thus the narrow gauge "long-train argument" falls right here. One of the greatest drawbacks to a train of small short cars, consists in this: The drawhead stake and break room to every car, long or short, is a foot and a half at each end, or three feet to the car, which lengthens out the narrow-gauge train that much more than it does the broad gauge, on account of its taking a greater number of cars to carry the same load, and without its having any corresponding advantage in return. There being the same space between the cars of the broad and narrow gauge, the length of the train is increased in a greater ratio thereby than it is by the mere fact of there being more cars in one train than in the other.

The question of speed is altogether important in operating a railroad. The narrow-gauge car and engine must necessarily have small wheels. With a large wheel the center of gravity on a narrow track would be too high in the load that rests above it, and it would become top-heavy and liable to capsize. For this imperative reason narrow gauge cars have small wheels, that the load may rest as near the ground as possible. Now a small wheel, of course, makes many more revolutions in running at the same speed than does a large wheel, hence the friction is greater, boxes heat much sooner, in fact it will be hard and impossible to make a high rate of speed for any great distance with cars running on small wheels.

The managers of the narrow-gauge roads will always have to be content with time tables one-third slower at least than those governing the standard gauge, and as time is money in railroading more than in anything else, this fact is a strong argument in favor of the standard gauge. To say nothing of the public demand for quick transit, the wages of employees are generally governed by the number of hours they are employed, and if it takes one train eighteen hours to make the same distance that another train makes in twelve hours, expenses must be greatest on the slow train.

This fact leads to another almost as important. A large wheel has a greater bearing surface than a small one, and wears the rail less. A truck carrying the same load as a wagon, cuts the ground much more. The difference in the size of the wheel is about the difference in the size of the ruts they each make respectively, in passing over a dirt road. The narrow-gauge cars, having small wheels, must wear out the life of the rails faster than the larger wheel cars on the standard gauge. And I maintain that a thirty-pound rail will do as well for a standard gauge road as for a narrower one. By making cars lighter than they are now *the proportion of dead to load weight can be reduced as much on one gauge as on the other*, and all the assumed advantages of the narrow gauge on this score, fall to pieces and vanish before this fact, which can be easily demonstrated. In my next article I will dwell at greater length than I now have time to do upon this branch of the discussion. In closing, I desire to ask Mr. Robinson one or two questions. If a 3-ft is preferable to a 4-ft 8½ in gauge, would not a 2-ft gauge be better still? And, if so, would not an 18-inch gauge be still more preferable? If the narrow gauge has such shining virtues, then one would naturally suppose the narrower you make it the better. Perhaps, by and by, we shall be told that a *single rail* is the thing after all. To those men who think that every *change* must necessarily be an improvement, I cordially recommend the one rail theory in the science of railroading. Mr. Robinson, among the number. Let them study up its advantages, the "saving of dead weight," etc. This is an age of progress, and perhaps we shall soon learn that the narrow gauge advocates of to-day have discovered that they have been wholly wrong in supposing that any gauges at all are necessary; that the one rail and the science of equilibrium are the two things that will bring railroad and passenger travel to perfection at last. Another question of a more serious character I wish to have answered. We are told that the best engineering talent in the world, etc., has given its adherence to the narrow gauge, in preference to the broad or standard gauge. Then I ask how it is that of the [illegible] miles of railroad built in the United States last year, every foot of it is of the standard gauge, except a few miles built in the mountains of Colorado and Utah? And why is it that of the 9,000 miles of projected roads, or in process of building in the United States, all, with but two or three trifling exceptions, are of the standard gauge of 4 feet 8½ inches? Has the "best engineering talent in the world" failed to convince the capitalists and experienced railroad builders of this country that it is to their interest to stand on the standard gauge? It would seem so. The Erie Railway is changing its track from a 6-foot gauge to one of 4 ft 8½ in. Why don't they change it to a 3 ft gauge, if the latter has so many superior advantages? The Grand Trunk of Canada is doing the same thing.

Are the celebrated English engineers so ignorant of the advantages claimed for the narrow gauge that they do not recommend its adoption on a single road in Great Britain or in Canada? On the contrary, they have studied every phase of this "war of the gauges," and repudiate the narrow as strongly as they hold to the standard system.

The Texas Pacific was commenced as a narrow gauge road, but its Directors having, by the aid of some of "the best engineering talent in the world," investigated thoroughly its advantages and disadvantages, they came to the unanimous conclusion that the 3-foot gauge was a humbug, and they have now adopted the standard gauge.

The Legislature of the State of Texas has recently forbidden any narrow-gauge railways being constructed in that State, and wisely declared for uniformity in the width of all the tracks laid in that State hereafter. There is not a single narrow-gauge railroad in process of construction east of the Mississippi river, and there are not 200 miles in the United States. Yet for the last three or four years a *certain class* of engineers have been constantly lauding it to the skies, and incessantly pointing out the wonderful advantages (?) of these roads. Do not these facts speak to some of the people of California, who are now asked to rush in where all the wise men of the East fear to tread—who are every day asked to subscribe liberally towards building a species of railways that older and more experienced communities will not touch.

INVESTIGATOR.

Our Trade With the South Pacific.

A Boston journal says: Our commerce with the South Pacific is growing with amazing rapidity. During the twelve months ending June 30, 1871, the total imports from Australasia into the United States reached but $778,361 in value—only one-ninth of which was carried in American bottoms, while the total direct imports from Australia and New Zealand at New York and Boston for six months ending April, 1872, they were $1,312,018, and at San Francisco for nine months ending Sept. 30, 1872, $1,445,402, must have been during the present year *four and a half millions of dollars*, the duties upon which would be over $1,500,000. Our exports have also grown immensely and proportionately, and are of the most varied description, the manifests of four American vessels which sailed to Australia from New York and Boston last October showing over *seventy varieties*, from kerosene down to rubber boots, regular assorted cargoes. In addition to this we must add over $1,000,000 per annum in imports from the Sandwich Islands (for the six months ending September 30, 1872, such imports into San Francisco were $512,570) and a fair proportion of exports. Such figures as these, coming as they do from official sources, open one's eyes to the tremendous strides our South Pacific commerce is making, and the fact that American bottoms are now doing over two-thirds of this carrying trade is encouraging. An official statement before me shows that at San Francisco, from March 1, 1871, to October 31, 1872, the number of vessels entering from Australia and intermediate islands in the Pacific ocean was 213, of which 146 were American, of vessels cleared to same 197, of which 155 were American, nearly three-quarters you observe. But after all our trade with Australasia is nothing to what it should be. There are 3,000,000 of Anglo-Saxons there, besides the Aborigines. Its foreign commerce amounts to more than $325,000,000 annually, and, much as we have progressed within the last year or so, we have but little over 10 per cent. of it, while England has the other 90—and this in spite of the fact that San Francisco is so many thousands of miles nearer than Liverpool.

Delayed Steamers.

AGENCY PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY, San Francisco, January 24, 1873.

STEAMSHIP "ALASKA."—To allay any uneasiness which may have been created regarding the safety of this vessel, by the dispatch from N. S. appearing in this morning's *Chronicle*, we beg to state as follows: The *Alaska* was due at Hongkong, as per schedule, January 21st. The *Colorado* spoke and communicated with her January 3d, about half way across. She had then lost one day and had the worst portion of her voyage before her. Owing to the prevalence of strong westerly winds and northwesterly swell, her commander did not expect to reach Yokohama before January 10th, or at earliest 15th. Under these circumstances she could not possibly reach Hongkong before the 24th or 25th of January. No uneasiness is felt at this office on account of her non-arrival, as we feel that her delay can be satisfactorily accounted for.

STEAMSHIP "MONTANA."—Regarding this vessel, now supposed to be overdue at this port from Panama, we have to state: The steamer leaving New York December 20th, the President, by cable, directed the agent at Panama to detain the *Montana* over one trip, to connect with the *Ocean Queen*, from New York, January 1st, the *Idaho* not being able to accommodate all the passengers. We do not expect her to arrive here before January 31st, or thereabouts.

We have telegraphed to New York for information, and if any be received we will promptly notify.

Very respectfully, S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

A Two-Minutes' Sermon to Young Ladies.

Ladies—caged birds of beautiful plumage, but sickly looks, pale pets of the parlor, who vegetate in an unhealthy atmosphere, like the potato germinating in a dark cellar, why do you not go into the open air and warm sunshine, and add lustre to your eyes, bloom to your cheeks, elasticity to your steps, and vigor to your frames? Take exercise; run up the hill on a wager, and down again for fun; roam the fields, climb the fences, leap the ditches, wade the brooks, and after a day of exhilerating exercise and unrestrained liberty, go home with an appetite acquired by healthy enjoyment. The beautiful and blooming young lady, rosy-cheeked and bright-eyed—who can darn a stocking, mend her own frock, command a regiment of pots and kettles, feed the pigs, milk the cows, and be a lady when required, is a girl that young men are in quest of for a wife. But you pining, screwed-up, wasp-waisted, doll-dressed, consumption-mortgaged, music-murdering, novel-devouring daughters of fashion and idleness, you are no more fit for matrimony than a pullet is to look after a brood of fourteen chickens. The truth is, my dear girls, you want less fashionable restraint and more liberty of action; more kitchen and less parlor; more leg exercise and less sofa; more pudding and less piano, more frankness and less mock modesty. Loosen your waist strings, and breathe pure atmosphere, and become something as good and beautiful as nature designed.

Mercantile Library.

On Thursday the annual meeting of the Mercantile Library Association was held in the museum of the institution, President James Otis presiding. A statement of the financial condition of the Association was then gone into by Mr. Otis, and it is cheering to know that the income exceeded the expenditure by $1,000, the receipts [illegible] in the treasury is $[illegible], and not all it was. Mr. Otis complained that the taxes were a very heavy item, and expressed an opinion, that the State ought to exempt from taxation what is only used as a library. He went on to say that a catalogue was in preparation which would require an outlay of some $5,000. To meet this expense subscriptions have been procured of $2.50 each from 1,372 members, which will cover a good part of the cost. The call upon the treasury will not exceed $2,000. The committee hope to have the catalogue ready in three or four months.

—— A fearful crime was recently committed at the village of Erglsch, district of Loeche, Valais. In a moment of rage, caused by drunkenness, a young man killed his father by stabbing him with a knife. The father, feeling his end to be nigh, caused his son to be brought before him, when he forgave him for what he had done, pointed out to him the surest means of escape, gave him some money, and expired a moment afterwards.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London; National Provin'l Bank of England; Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank; Colonial Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, branch of the National Bank, 17 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within), Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 10 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within), Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 23 Lombard st., Donsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane; Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 263 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escomte de Paris, 11 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London; & Vereeniging Bank, 3 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, Southampton Bldgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S.; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hilton, S.; Thos. Mills, 21 Croswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gresham st., E. C.; Committee on Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool; Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

New Books.

AUNT JO'S SCRAP-BAG SHAWL-STRAPS. By Louisa M. Alcott, author of "Little Women," "Little Men," etc. Published by Roberts Bros., Boston. A. Roman & Co., San Francisco.

The gift of story-telling must have descended to Miss Alcott in a wonderful degree, as she has been able to write a delightful book of travels through France, Italy, Switzerland and England, which, for a number of incidents, is one of the most graphic books. She says in her preface that "has always refrained from using names of any church, [illegible] fancy sites, and [illegible] of [illegible] far as in her way, [illegible] herself to the personal views of [illegible], and [illegible] her letters, and the result is a thorough [illegible] book. Not pretending to style, and easy and graceful in manner, that it is hard to select a passage for quotation, but a paragraph from her description of her trip across the Atlantic gives us such an excellent idea of its horrors, that we give it the preference.

"Great heavens, what a week that was! Rain, wind, fog, creak, pitch, toss, noise, smells, cold. Broken sleep by day, now in every variety by night, food and drink a delusion and a snare, society an affliction, life a burden, death a far-off blessing not to be had at any price. Slowly, slowly the victims emerge from the lower depths of gloom, feebly smile, faintly joke, pick fearfully but wistfully at once rejected dishes, talk about getting up, but don't do it, read a little, look at their sallow countenances in hand-glasses, and speculate upon the good effects of travel upon their constitution. Then they suddenly became daring, gay, and social, rise, adorn themselves, pervade the cabins, sniff the odors of engine and kitchen without qualms, play games, go to table, and just as the voyage is over they begin to enjoy it."

LITTLE BOBTAIL; Or, THE WRECK OF THE PENOBSCOT. By Oliver Optic. Published by Lee & Shepard, Boston. A. Roman & Co., San Francisco.

"Little Bobtail" is the first volume of the Yacht Club Series, and promises to be as attractive to the young people as are all the works of this ever popular author. A very good plan has been adopted in this series, and that is, that each book is complete in itself, with a hero of its own, and an entire independent story, and having no necessary connection with any other story, a plan which will commend itself to readers who do not wish to follow a hero through half a dozen books.

THE TALL STUDENT. From the German. By Charles T. Brooks. Published by Roberts Bros., Boston. A. L. Bancroft, San Francisco.

This is a beautiful edition of an old German child's story, each paragraph being accompanied by a very humorous illustration.

We have also received from A. Roman & Co.—

"What Katy Did," a Story, by Susan Coolidge. Published by Roberts Bros., Boston. "Spicy," a Novel, by Mrs. Martha J. Lamb. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

From Bancrofts—"Very Young Americans," by Laura W. Ledyard, published by Roberts Bros., Boston, and a magnificent edition of the "Life and Works of Thorvaldsen, by Eugene Plon. Translated from the French by I. M. Swester. Illustrated by thirty five woodcuts from the Masters' Compositions. Published by Roberts Bros., Boston.

Which is Which—A Parallel.

Let the reader for a moment imagine the following to be true: Last evening three gentlemen of this city started to go to Sacramento by the four o'clock train, and while standing in front of the ticket office, waiting for it to open, engaged in some conversation about railroads, in the course of which one of them severely censured the jobbery and extortion of Stanford, and declared that the Government ought to take the road into its own hands, and compel Stanford & Co. to disgorge the millions they had made in building it. When the ticket office was opened the three friends presented themselves for tickets. To two of them tickets were returned on the payment of the regular fare, $4, but the third, the one who had made the remarks about Stanford, was informed by the clerk that he could not get a ticket unless he paid $100 for it. He protested against this, but in vain, and was told that if he did not choose to pay the price demanded, he might hire a skiff and row up to Sacramento, or stay where he was, just as he pleased. The only reason which the clerk would give for this discrimination was that sometime ago a box of apples had been sent from Stockton to this gentleman, and that he had not promptly paid freight on it. As it was absolutely necessary for the gentleman—who is one of our oldest and best known citizens—to be in Sacramento this morning, he was obliged to pay the $100, and as he produced five twenties from his pocket and handed them to the clerk, the baggage smashers and other employees of the company, who had gathered around "to see the sport," jeeringly shouted "You see what you get for wagging your infernal jaw," whereupon the gentlemanly clerk remarked to our reporter, "That is an entire mistake. Our company takes no notice of what anybody says against us; this is merely a legitimate business operation, that is all."

Now suppose such an item as that had appeared in one of our papers. What would the *Bulletin* have to say? And what would the *Call* and Sacramento *Union* have to say? Yet just such a case has occurred, the only difference being that the corporation is the Western Union Telegraph Company instead of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, and that the party discriminated against is the *Alta* newspaper, and not an individual. According to the admissions of the telegraph company itself, on a certain day in the early part of this month a dispatch from San Diego was received, addressed to three papers, the *Alta*, *Chronicle* and *Record*. For this dispatch the *Chronicle* and *Record* were charged $7 apiece, the *Alta* was charged $116. Yet neither the *Bulletin*, *Union* nor *Call* see any injustice in this. —*Post.*

San Francisco Female Hospital.

The Grand Calico Ball in aid of this hospital will be given at Platt's Hall next Friday evening. It is under distinguished patronage and promises to be a brilliant and enjoyable affair. The lady managers have been working like Trojans for many weeks past to render the entertainment a perfect success, and it is gratifying to know that their efforts will meet with a generous response from our citizens generally. The San Francisco Female Hospital is now in the fifth year of its existence. It was organized by a number of humanely disposed ladies, who saw the crying need of some establishment in our city where destitute sick women could find a home, medical attendance and proper care. The Society is under the direction of a Board of Managers, consisting of twelve ladies, and its benefits are free to all sick females, without regard to nationality, religion or condition of life. Some idea of its usefulness may be learned from the facts that upwards of 200 women were admitted and 10 births occurred during the past year. The cost of maintaining the hospital, up to the present time, [illegible] the Society. The object now in view is to liquidate the debt of the institution and to provide means to further its ever-widening sphere of usefulness. It is to be hoped all who can do so will unite with the ladies in this noble work, and help forward this most deserving of our charitable institutions.

—— Our opinion of thee, M——s, as a thief was bad enough; our gorge arose within us, and with relentless hand we tore thy veil from thy receptacles. But when we discover thee to be a breeder of thieves, the heart loathes thee, the stomach sickens at [illegible] We refuse to defile the chaste columns of the *News Letter* with words expressive of the thing thou art. O thou plagiarist, M——s! The trail of the serpent is over us all, but that thou shouldst infect the creature of thy blood with thine own particular [illegible] Let us look around or at our [illegible] Let us guard our wives and examine the [illegible] of our youths, lest thou hast perpetuated thyself when we wot not of it, for great is thy propensity to covet that which is not thine.

—— We have before us a copy of a monthly called the *California Horticulturist and Floral Magazine*, published by John H. Carmany & Co. It contains much useful information, and will next month be rendered still more interesting, as Mrs. E. S. Carr will contribute a series of papers on "The Rural Homes of California." Each paper will be accompanied by a full page photograph, and the opening paper will describe Fair Oaks, the residence of Hon. Thomas H. Selby, in San Mateo county.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE TO WHARF-BUILDERS

Office Board of State Harbor Commissioners, No. 414 Montgomery street, San Francisco [illegible] Sealed proposals will be received at [illegible] until [illegible] A. M. [illegible] February [illegible] for [illegible] of Wharf [illegible] Wharf [illegible] the City Front [illegible] All [illegible] to the approval of the Board. [illegible] The work to be done under the supervision of the Engineer of the Board, at such times and places on the water front as the Board shall direct. Payments will be made by draft on the State Wharf and Dock Fund, in gold and silver coin of the United States, from time to time as the work is accepted and approved by the Board and their Engineer. A good and sufficient bond will be required for the faithful performance of the contract. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids, as in their opinion the public good may require. Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of the bids.

JOHN J. MARKS, JAS. H. [illegible], JOHN ROSENFELD, State Harbor Commissioners.
J. A. McCLELLAND, Secretary. Jan 25

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; J. Zimmer, Musical Director. Saturday, Jan. 25th, and every evening, Best variety entertainment in America. Dutch McAllister, Larkin and Armstrong, "Doing the Block." Chas. Vernon [illegible] Overture, Orchestra. [illegible] Happy Josephine, Miss Josephine [illegible] Miss Carrie Chapman [illegible] EYES, [illegible] Orchestra, concluding with LADY OF THE LYONS, OR [illegible] by Kelly, Vernon, Marsh and Company. Admission, 25 cents. Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. Jan 25

OFFICE OF THE TIDE LAND COMMISSIONERS,

Room No. 12 southwest corner Clay and Kearny sts., San Francisco, January 19, 1873.—NOTICE TO DELINQUENT PURCHASERS OF SALT MARSH AND TIDE LANDS. Notice is hereby given to purchasers of Salt Marsh and Tide Lands [illegible] interest [illegible] the State Treasurer [illegible] All Salt Marsh and Tide Lands [illegible] and the property resold on the FOURTH DAY OF MARCH, 1873, as provided by law.

R. P. JOHNSON, EDGAR BRIGGS, C. M. STRATTON, Tide Land Commissioners.
J. M. CURRIER, Secretary. [Jan 25]

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Afternoon, January 25th, Forbidden Fruit Matinee. Saturday Evening [illegible] in three acts, adapted from the French by Messrs. Charles H. [illegible] and W. J. Florence, entitled FORBIDDEN FRUIT, with novel and appropriate scenery. MR. JOHN T. RAYMOND as "Joe Barker." After which the delightful drama of ROBERT MACAIRE, with Mr. Raymond in his great character of "Jacques Strop." Monday Evening, Jan 27th—ONLY A JEW.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—E. G. Bert, Proprietor and Manager; John Woodard, Business Manager; W. J. Cogswell, Stage Manager; Chas. H. Schmitz, Musical Director.—Saturday Afternoon, Jan. 25—[illegible] Matinee. Saturday Evening will be presented the new society play, written expressly for Miss DARGON, entitled UNMASKED. Augusta [illegible], Miss Dargon. The performance to conclude with the [illegible] Miss Dargon of Thomas Davis' poem entitled FONTENOY; OR, THE CHARGE OF THE OLD IRISH BRIGADE. Jan 25.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer; Hal Hart, Stage Manager; [illegible], Musical Director. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. Attraction Extraordinary! The celebrated Dutch Comedian and character actor, JOHNNY ALLEN. The beautiful Comedienne and Vocalist, Miss ALICE HARRISON. And the world-famed LITTLE MAC. Will be presented the great sensational Drama, SCHNEIDER; OR, DAT HOUSE VON DER RHINE. Little Mac's Baby Elephant. Little Mac's Original Essence. Jan 25.

MAGUIRE'S OPERA HOUSE.

Washington street, above Montgomery.—Complimentary Benefit to JIMMY KENOVAN, the Orphan's Friend. Performance ending on Saturday, Jan 25, at 12 M. Unparalleled Feat of Walking and Dancing Thirty Consecutive Hours! Performance by a Minstrel Troupe. Jan. 25.

FRENCH MUTUAL PROVIDENT SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Twenty-sixth Semi-Annual Dividend.—A Dividend of nine per ct. per annum net (9 per cent) upon the capital of the French Savings and Loan Society for the [illegible] ending December [illegible] the Report of the Committee [illegible] declared by the Board of Administration [illegible] Dividend will be payable on and after the eighteenth instant, at the office of the Society, 411 Bush street. GUSTAVE MAHE, Director of French Savings Bank.
Jan. 25.

SHIPPERS TO PIOCHE

Will please take notice that the horse teams between Palisade and PIOCHE are all disabled by the Horse Disease, and all Pioche Freight must, for the present, be forwarded VIA TOANO or WELLS, where teams are supplied with Ox Teams. R. W. MONTAGUE, Freight Agent C. P. R. R.
Jan 25

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS and GLAZIERS, No. 4[illegible] Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan 25

RICHARD HEYES & CO.,

Cigars, Wine and Liquor Merchants, 230 Kearny, and 405, 407 and 409 Bush streets, San Francisco. Address P. O. Box 339. Jan. 25.

SPIERS & POND.

239 Kearny street, cor. of Bush, San Francisco. Wines, Liquors and Cigars, Tea and Coffee. Lunch at the usual hours. Refreshments at all times. The comfort of the domestic fireside, the graces and courtesies of the drawing room, the freedom of the club. Jan. 25.

A Woman's Love.

Her voice is unspeakably sweet,
Watching and low;
And her hair ripples down to her feet:
Her hair all aglow
With the arrowy sunbeams that lovingly play
In its beautiful mazes the long summer's day.

His features are massive and grand;
His cheeks all embrowned
With the sun of a tropical land;
Yet the magical sound
Of his deep mellow voice sinketh into her breast,
And brings with it happiness, comfort and rest.

A heaven of love in her eye—
Love, that no throne,
Nor the wealth of the Indies could buy,
All is his own!
Plainly all his, by the kiss that is pressed
On his lips, and the head that reclines on his breast.

And *he*, is he worthy this love?
That, you may know
By her eyes that are glancing above,
And by the glow:
The bright joyous glow that is gathering now
On her delicate cheek and her beautiful brow.

—*F. B. Doveton.*

Cheek.

At a meeting of citizens it was unanimously resolved that the people of this city are now, and always have been, in favor of granting proper terminal facilities to the Pacific Railroads. At the last meeting of the Board of Supervisors, that body unanimously resolved that it had always been in favor of closing the streets in the sixty-acre reservation and granting the railroad the right to bring ship and car together at the water front.

Pickering and Fitch, in their two papers affirm, day by day, that they have always been in favor of granting proper terminal facilities to the railroad companies. Either our memory is very short or these same citizens, the Board of Supervisors and Pickering and Fitch have, from the first, thrown every conceivable obstacle in the way of these companies. While they complain of the conduct of the companies, they have been guilty of the most despicable treachery. Twice have they appointed committees to confer with the railroad officers; twice have they entered into solemn contracts, and twice have they, in the most shameless manner, violated their written and verbal obligations; and the very lands now required by the companies, to wit: the streets and market places within the sixty-acre reservation, and China and Central Basins were granted to the city in trust for railroad and commercial purposes in consequence of one of these very contracts. Order after order, providing for the transfer of the streets and market places to the railroad companies in accordance with the terms of these contracts, has been defeated by the Board of Supervisors, and the *Bulletin* and *Call*, instead of supporting or favoring the passage of either, called upon the people to hang the Supervisors if they dared to pass them. All these lies are proclaimed and published at this time for the purpose of deceiving the members of the United States Senate in order to induce them to vote against the Goat Island bill.

For four long years and more the railroad companies have been struggling to reach the water front, but they are no nearer now than when they commenced. The truth is, San Francisco, as at present governed and controlled, is opposed to bringing ship and car together. The draymen and warehouse men desire to levy toll on every pound of freight that passes through the city; rival paper railroad companies desire to levy black mail on existing roads, while Pickering and Fitch, the Proprietors of the *Bulletin* and *Call*, being instigated by the devil or some other personage, have systematically, and from pure cussedness, opposed every effort that has been made to reach the water front.

Unfortunately for trade and commerce, unfortunately for San Francisco and California, unfortunately for the whole country and its best interests, the men who control at present a portion of the press of the State and the government of the city and State are actuated by malice or selfishness, and seem incapable of grasping or comprehending the wants of a community devoted to trade, manufactures, agriculture and commerce. Instead of taking a broad and comprehensive view of questions affecting the present and future welfare of the city and State, they confine themselves to inquiries as to the individual profits they may make, or to the amount of injury they may inflict upon those who have outstripped them in enterprise and in the acquisition of wealth.

Let no one be deceived by the aforesaid resolutions, or by the Satanic press of the State, *viz* the Sacramento *Union*, San Francisco *Bulletin* and *Morning Call*. There is not a man in San Francisco who does not know that it is utterly impossible for the railroad companies to obtain anything reasonable from the city authorities. The city authorities will not even arrange the streets through the railroad reservation so as to make it possible to use it for railroad purposes. The city authorities will not even allow them to reach the water front without hampering them with such conditions as to make the grant worthless. We do not believe that the railroad companies will again ask the city for terminal facilities. Were we the manager of those companies, we would see the city government in perdition before we would again ask what has twice been treacherously denied with abuse and insult.

NOTE.—The above article was unavoidably crowded out of our last week's issue.

Coloring the Eye.

Dr. R. J. Levis, of the Pennsylvania Hospital, has devised a means of coloring opacities in the cornea of the eye. He says, "The disfigurement of the glaring white opaque spaces of the cornea can be cured by indelibly tinting, so that if central, they shall show the blackness of the natural pupil, or if peripheral in location, the color of the underlying iris may be most deceptively imitated. Should even the entire cornea be opaque, a very natural imitation of the appearance of the whole circle of the iris and the pupil can be accomplished." The instrument used is a bundle of from three to six very fine sewing needles inserted into a handle. For coloring matter, ordinary water pigments are used, rubbed to a pasty consistence, and mixed with a little glycerine. For the black of the pupil India ink is employed. The surface of the opaque spot being wiped clear from moisture, the paint is applied thickly over it with a small pencil. The needle points are made to penetrate repeatedly and rapidly in varying directions until much of the opaque surface is gone with the pigment. Two or more repetitions of the process are required. The operation is said to be painless; and as the coloring matter is regularly tattooed into the tissues, it cannot be washed out by tears.

—— At Nice there is a Russian who made many millions of roubles by railway speculations. He refuses now to go into society, and receives at his house none but the persons whom he knew in the happy old days when he had not a sou. To them he makes little presents of a thousand or two thousand roubles, and so on. He is an uneducated man, but passionately fond of music, and his one pleasure is to maintain an orchestra. He engages by the year the best musicians he can obtain; in the morning they take up their position at one end of a *salon* in his villa, he sits down in his arm-chair at the other end, and they play to him all day. This is luxury to him—what is it to the musicians?

—— "'Deed, minister, I maist think shame to come to you," said an old dame who had sought the clergyman's kindly offices for the same purpose on four previous occasions. "What's the matter, Margaret, that you should think shame to come to me?" "'Deed, sir, it's jist this—I ha'e come to seek you to marry me again." "Well, Margaret, I do not see that you have any occasion to think shame to come for any such a purpose. Marriage, you know, is honorable in all." "'Deed is't, sir, but I ha'e had ower muckle o't already. I believe there never was ony puir woman plagit wi' sic deein' bodies o' men as I ha'e been."

—— The *Nouvelle Presse Libre* recently contained this rather remarkable announcement: "A young man of twenty-five, well brought up, and of good family, wishes to be adopted as a Prince by a foreign or native Prince. Address, Fils d'optif, a M. Rodolphe Mosse, Vienne Seilerstrasse No. 3." We have never seen as yet an icicle fanning itself as it reclined on a heap of salt in a patent double-action refrigerator; and we must therefore admit that this is the most striking specimen of coolness we ever beheld.—*Fun.*

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business on or about February 15th

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, until MONDAY, FEBRUARY THIRD, 1873, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the city and county of San Francisco, to be called Montgomery Avenue, and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1, 1872. Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in twenty years from January 1, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each Bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in GOLD COIN OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund.

The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,711,737 26, as ascertained and certified by decree final on the 14th of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000) and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

Bonds at par to the amount of one hundred and fifty-eight thousand dollars ($158,000) have already been accepted by and delivered to parties damaged, leaving one million eighty-six thousand seven hundred and thirty seven and 26-100 dollars ($1,086,737 26) to be provided for by the sale of Bonds. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders, when the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds payable in gold coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond (excepting from bidders entitled to damages), satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the city and county of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds."

The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, November 5, 1872.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
Dec. 7. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date; latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to Chinese correspondents. Dec. 24.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes, fronting on the main or side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as the command by rail and the rest of the State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication office. Dec. 21.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

OFFICE OF THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY,

526 California street. December 31, 1872. Dividend Notice. The GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.—The Board of Directors has declared a dividend of [illegible] per cent. [illegible] on term Deposits and seven and one-half per cent. (7½) per annum on Ordinary Deposits, free from Federal Tax, for the six months ending December 31, 1872, payable on and after January 15th 1873. By order,

GEO. LETTE, Secretary.
San Francisco, December 31, 1872. Jan. 4.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—CHANGE OF AGENCY.

Having resigned the Agency of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., the copartnership heretofore existing between us under the firm name of ELDRIDGE & IRWIN, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation. Mr. S. K. HOLMAN, Assistant Agent, will have charge of the Company's business as acting Agent.

OLIVER ELDRIDGE,
San Francisco, December 31st, 1872. RICHARD D. IRWIN.

The undersigned has this day taken charge of the Agency of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY at San Francisco.

S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.
San Francisco, January 1st, 1873.

Referring to the above notice, the undersigned will hereafter do a General SHIPPING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, under the firm name of RICHARD D. IRWIN & CO., at No. — Sansome street, corner of Pine.

RICHARD D. IRWIN.
San Francisco, January 1st, 1873. Jan. 4.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

San Francisco Savings Union, No. 532 California st., corner Webb. For the half year ending with the 31st December, 1872, a dividend has been declared at the rate of nine and six-tenths (9 6-10) per cent. per annum on term deposits, and eight (8) per cent. per annum on ordinary deposits, free from Federal tax—payable on and after the 15th January, 1873. By order,

Jan. 4. LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.

TO SCIENTISTS.

Wanted, M. Alphonse L. Pinart, the skulls of deceased Indians of tribes belonging to California, Arizona, Oregon, Washington Territory, Idaho, Alaska and British Columbia. Each skull must be accompanied by a certificate indicating the tribe to which deceased belonged and the exact locality where procured. A fair price will be paid on delivering the same to AGAPIUS HONCHARENKO, No. 611 Clay street, San Francisco, California, who is authorized to act in the matter as agent.

Paris, November 28, 1872. Dec. 28.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly; Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

Aug 3.] WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 210 Sansome street.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 303 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

GOOD CABLE SCREW WIRE

Boots and Shoes are selling from Maine to California. Nov 23

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pollzoi.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Munton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kobler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel. E. Wallis, Prop.

St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

—— The Prince of Wales is a great favorite with the gamekeepers at Chatsworth. His Royal Highness has utterly demoralized the keepers by his good humor and hearty plainness of manners and speech; after being commended in such unmeasured terms by the heir to the Throne, they will only turn up their noses in future, says a correspondent, at the remarks by mere commoners. "He's a fine open-hearted chap, that I will say," was the opinion confided to me by one of the men who had followed him in the paddocks. The criticism might be refined, no doubt, but I question whether its honesty would be augmented by any amount of polish. Much amusement was caused at one point by the manner in which the Prince cleared a wall, over which it was necessary to pass. The fact is that the future King of England is rather full-bodied, and knocked the stone fence down in transit. Apparently the spot is forever immortalized in the eyes of gamekeepers by the occurrence of this mishap; a gate or a flight of steps will be erected there in memory of the event.

—— The Duc and Duchesse de la Tremouille—both of whom are deservedly esteemed—have gathered around them at the Chateau Rambouillet the *élite* of the Legitimist world. The Crussalles, Juigny, Duclease, O'Connors, Turennes, Harcourts and many foreigners and diplomatists hunt and shoot. The pack of stag-hounds is of the finest, and the hospitality is quite English. At Chateau de Livry the faithful adherents of the late Government find a welcome from the Vicomte and Vicomtesse d'Aguado, who are admirably seconded by the Duchesse de Montmorency and the Marquise de las Marismas, their daughter and daughter-in-law. In the forest of Fontainebleau, too, where M. d'Aguado has two excellent packs of hounds, one for stag-hunting and the other for chasing the wild boar, there have been brilliantly-attended meetings.

—— Ladies who are so earnestly striving to enter one or other of the learned professions, or to win for themselves and their sisters the privileges which are popularly known as "women's rights," will be glad to learn that for political services of the highest importance, an Indian lady, the Begum of Bhopal, has been invested with the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India. The ceremony took place in the middle of November last, at Bombay, his Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General, Grand Master of the Order, having held a chapter in his camp in the Oval, near the city, for the purpose of investing her Highness as a Knight Grand Commander of the said Order, and the Hon. John Strachey, member of the Council of the Viceroy and Governor-General of India, as Knight Commander of the said Order, in obedience to the command of Queen Victoria.

—— M. Thiers has received the Mormon chief, Mr. Smith, with six polygamists, *en route* for Jerusalem. Mr. Smith and his pleiad called at one o'clock, but M. Thiers was busy. Meanwhile M. Barthelemy St. Hilaire tried to beguile their time by having them shown all over the palace—a pleasure quite natural to the Versailles, we should say. At one o'clock at last the President of France and the Dictator of Utah met. The latter is described as a tall and respectable-looking person, about fifty. He gave M. Thiers the most recent information about the manners and customs of Salt Lake, and the two gentlemen only parted at 1:15 P.M., when Mr. Smith formally and gravely told the President, whom he called his illustrious friend, that he prayed for Heaven's blessings on the French President and his great people.

—— Sir Redmond Barry, a Judge of the Melbourne Supreme Court, is one of the most perfect snobs imaginable, and this is not merely in character, but in manner. He is a very great stickler for ceremonies, and has been annoyed at hearing that the colonists did not preserve sufficient exactness or discrimination in the titles by which they addressed the Judges of the Inferior Courts. These are only entitled to be dubbed "your Honor," in contradistinction to "your Lordship." Accordingly, he sent to inquire into the facts, and was told that the titles by which the County Court Judge was addressed varied considerably, from "your Worship" up to "your Highness," and that once the title given had been "your Holiness."

—— Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Hesse-Darmstadt have been invited to stay with the Empress of Russia during her sojourn at Sorrento. The Villa Nardi has been taken for the Hereditary Grand Duke, who is married to the Princess Dagmar. Great preparations are being made for the reception of the imperial guests, and fifty workmen are employed on both hotels. A private chapel is being constructed for the performance of the rites of the Greek Church, and six choristers are to be brought from Russia to assist in the service. Everything is expected to be ready by the 1st of February. The Imperial family are due on the 15th of that month.

—— People ought to be enthusiastic sportsmen in Italy when such a vigorous example is set by the head of the State. The King went to Florence. It was only a visit of a few hours. His Majesty got back to Rome at two o'clock next morning, and by seven he was outside the Porta Pia again, and away into the Campagna for a day's shooting. A night's traveling does not apparently interfere with Victor Emmanuel's keen relish for a day's walking after woodcock, and, at any rate, his early hours, even at this season, display a laudable simplicity of habit and taste.

—— A firm of photographers are preparing an album, containing portraits of the various native chiefs and princes who have lately visited Bombay, for presentation to her Majesty Queen Victoria. The likeness of her Highness the Begum of Bhopal, in her full robes of Knight Grand Commander of the Star of India, will be one of the most attractive features of the book.

—— We are glad to hear from the latest accounts that the Czarowitch is improving in health, and that the imminent danger is passed. It is most singular how widely spread sickness has been of late amongst Royal personages on the Continent. It is almost as remarkable as the courtly round of measles which occurred two or three years since.

—— Queen Victoria has presented a copy of "Leaves from the Journal of our Life in the Highlands," containing her autograph, to Mr. J. C. Daniel, M. A., in recognition of the services which, for twelve years he has devoted as Secretary to the Royal Caledonian Asylum.

—— Whilst the King of Bavaria is dashingly increasing his rolling (or rather sliding) stock by a sleigh worth £20,000, the ex-Imperial train of France, composed of eight luxuriously-comfortable carriages, has been sold to the Emperor of Russia for £1,200

—— The Sha of Persia appears to have really made up his mind to visit Europe, and an envoy, named Madhar Khan, is about to start at once for Teheran to announce the approaching visit of his Majesty at the European Courts.

—— The *Petit Journal* offers to its patrons a "Life of M. Thiers," thus set forth: "M. Thiers enfant, M. Thiers étudiant, M. Thiers journaliste, M. Thiers écrivain, M. Thiers amoureux."

—— The Mikado of Japan intends to celebrate the completion of telegraphic communication with Europe by a formal ceremony, and will send messages to all the European nations.

—— Madame Thiers has sent 1,000 francs, and the Orleans Princes 25,000 francs, to the fund being raised by the *Figaro* for the relief of the sufferers by the recent floods in the department of the Seine.

—— In Aberdeen, the man of literature and science, Professor Huxley, has been chosen Lord Rector in preference to the man of title, the Marquis of Huntley.

—— A Royal Admiral has been made in the person of Oscar II., King of Sweden and Norway, who has accepted the commission of Admiral in the Danish fleet.

—— The Russian Emperor has conferred a diploma of honor on Baron Liebig, for his application of theoretical chemistry to practical purposes.

—— The Irish Academy of Music is in future, by her Majesty's sanction, to be styled, "The Royal Irish Academy of Music."

—— It is rumored that a daughter of the Grand Duke Constantine of Russia will be shortly betrothed to Prince Milan of Servia.

—— General Garibaldi has, it is said, written to a friend in Glasgow to say that he expects to visit Scotland next year.

—— A Parisian journal says the Lord Mayor of London will visit Paris about the 15th of January

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most certain remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. C. Browne's CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s. 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *.*SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES"

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.— The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopaths and invalids, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage. Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb. 25.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution AGAINST FRAUD.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER AND BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties, Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion, in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott Thompson & Co., Bombay and Poonal, Messrs. Treacher & Co. Kurrachee, Messrs. Bodgett & Hughes Umballa and Meian Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in boxes of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well-known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps. Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding. Joyce's Gas Tight Cartridges for Pin fire and Central fire Breech-loading Guns, Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances; and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,

Sept 1 57 Upper Thames street, London

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent infringements, Notice is hereby given that BETTS'S NAME is on EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France thus enabling the vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament but that they are a security against the fraud. [illegible]

Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

D. CALLAGHAN,

Manufacturer of Donnelly's Yeast Powders, Cream Tartar, Soda and Saleratus, 121 Front street, San Francisco, California.

April 6. D. CALLAGHAN, Proprietor.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 506 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel [illegible] Aug 17

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 25.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 18th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox. the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand Feet.

Nov. 9. JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist. 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 16, Hall Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 4.

Sunbeams.

—"Tom Hood's Comic Annual," being a work published at the office of *Fun*, we cannot with due regard to the unassuming character of our readers, say all we might say about that work. We, therefore, quote, an unwilling as well as unimportant witness, in the form of a paper, forwarded to us from its publishing office and describing itself as the Liverpool *Leader*: "'Tom Hood's Comic Annual' comes to us, because we paid a shilling for it, which somewhat diminishes our kindly feelings." We hasten to observe that had we known before of the existence of the Liverpool *Leader*, or, knowing of its existence, had supposed its criticism, favorable or unfavorable, worth the twopence postage, we should have forwarded a copy for review. At the same time we may perhaps be allowed to remark that, in London at any rate, we believe any respectable paper might have procured a copy of the "Annual" at the nearest newsvender's at the ordinary trade-price; and we may add that as the "Annual" is out of print, we shall be happy to take that particular copy off the amiable editor's hands—if not too dirty—at the price he gave for it. For fear our readers should suppose from what we say that the notice is slashingly unfavorable, we may mention that the L. L. admits that the "Annual" "is amusing 'as times go' (i. e. times when the existence of L. L. is possible) and is a capital volume to idle and smile over at Christmas time." It is so contrary to the usual etiquette to notice a work that is not sent you, and especially to admit that you have spent a whole shilling on it in your desire to be complimentary, that we could find it in our heart to send our reviewer a whole dozen of stamps!—which would be three pence in his pocket, for the notice runs to nine lines.

VULGAR.

If I had a donkey as wouldn't go,
Do you think I'd wallop him? no! no! no!
I'd give him some corn and cry, "Gee wo!
Gee up, Neddy."

REFINED.

If I had an animal averse to speed,
Do you think I'd chastise him?—no indeed!
I'd give him some oats and cry "Proceed!
Go on, Edward."

—Sir Nicholas Bacon being once in the capacity of judge on the point of passing sentence upon a fellow just found guilty of robbery, the culprit greatly importuned him to save his life, and, among other things, alleged he had the honor of being one of his lordship's relations. "How do you prove that!" said Sir Nicholas. "My lord," replied the man, "your name is Bacon and my name is Hog, and hog and bacon have in all ages been reckoned akin." "That is true," answered the Judge, "but hog is never bacon until it has been *hung*, and therefore, until *you are hung*, you can be no relation of mine."

—At a soiree given to the children of a certain Scottish village by a benevolent lady, the minister of the parish was present, and was seated near a gentleman whose surname was Cuddie. During the magic lantern treat, the bag, containing the gas for lighting the lantern was lying before the two gentlemen referred to, when the latter said to the minister, "Do you know what that is?" when his reverence, expecting the questioner would draw the inference, replied, "I think it's an ass." Mr Cuddie instantly replied, "Man, it's no yoursel' I mean, it's the pock!"

—THE WEATHER AND THE MARKETS.—Winds rule high. Chimney-pots have a downward tendency. Tiles rose at first, but there has been a considerable fall in them since. Timber is down. From watering places, no sales reported. Floods are on the rise. Considerable animation has prevailed on drying-grounds. Linen and calico fluctuating violently. Telegraph posts are drooping. Gas is dull. Managers of companies are firm. In mechanics on strike, there is absence of animation. Inquiries about the weather, active.

—Two old Scotchmen conversing lately about a fine cemetery recently opened in the vicinity of which they lived, fell out about the merits of the "new-fangled graveyard." One of them boldly expressed his aversion to it in the remark: "I'll rather tae dee aya than be buried in sic a place!" His companion, who held an exactly opposite opinion, retorted, "Weel, gin I'm spared in life an health, I'll gang naewhere else."

—A wag met a friend one frosty evening, and after the usual exchange of civilities, inquired, "Where are you going?" "Faith," replied the other, "it's so very cold I'm following my nose home to my own comfortable fireside." "Then you had better be quick about it," rejoined the first. "For what reason?" said his friend. "Because your nose is running!"

—We observe that the *British Medical Journal* speaks approvingly of "Night-ingale's Respirator and Mouth-protector." Considering the late Lord at which that delightful bird sings in the open air, we only wonder it has not adopted some such precaution long since. At the same time we should think the mouth protector would interfere with the celebrated "Jug, Jug."

—At a house where Dean Swift was once dining, the lady of the mansion boasted much of her family, observing that as her name began with a *de* it must necessarily be of old French extraction. When she had finished, "Now," says the dean, "I will thank you, madam, to help me to a little of that *dumpling*."

—ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS. M. (Islington) If you know our opinion of Bicycles, you wouldn't send us laudatory odes to the locomotive treadmill of self-convicted idiots.

B. W. W. Your "Lines wash"—no, cool and them? they wash even dry, and so are fit for nothing but W. P. B.

GUINEA PIG (Liverpool).—Your "Who stole the donkey?" is declined with thanks. We cannot allow you to obtrude your private history on our readers.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, December 1, 1872, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer from Broadway Wharf—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted), S. F. & N. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Donahue with Trains for Cloverdale, making close connection at Lakeville with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH.—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7.00, 8.10, 9.20, 10.30 and 11.40 A. M., 12.40, 1.50, 3.00, 4.00, 5.15, 6.30, 8.15, 9.20 and *11.30 P. M. (9.20, 11.30 and 1.00 to Oakland only.)

LEAVE BROOKLYN (for San Francisco), *5.20, 6.20, 7.30, 9.00 and 11.0 A. M., 1.20, 2.40, 1.4, 4.40, 7.35 and 10.10 P. M.

LEAVE OAKLAND, *5.30, 6.30, 8.00, 9.10, 10.10 and 11.10 A. M., 12.30, 1.40, 3.50, 3.40, 5.35, 6.20, 8.35 and 10.30 P. M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH.—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7.20, 9.00 and 11.15 A. M., 1.30, 4.10, 5.30 and 6.50 P. M. (6.20, 11.15 and 5.30 to Fruit Vale only.)

LEAVE HAYWARDS (for San Francisco), *4.30, 7.00 and 10.40 A. M., and *2.3 P. M.

LEAVE FRUIT VALE, *5.25, 7.55, 9.00 and 11.20 A. M., 1.50, 4.05 and 5.30 P. M. *Except Sundays

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 8th, 1872.

Trains South.	Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave— San Francisco....	8.30 a m	*5.20 p m	†4.40 p m
San Jose ... Arrive	11.10 a m	5.42 p m	7.00 p m
Gilroy ... Arrive	12.40 p m		
Pajaro ... Arrive	2.20 p m		
Castroville ... Arrive	2.45 p m		
Salinas ... Arrive	3.30 p m		
Hollister ... Arrive	2.00 p m		

Trains North.	San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave— Hollister			11.45 a m
Salinas			10.00 a m
Castroville			10.30 a m
Pajaro			11.20 a m
Gilroy			1.00 p m
San Jose	*6.25 a m	7.45 a m	2.51 p m
San Francisco ... Arrive	9.10 a m	10.10 a m	5.10 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2.30 p. m. †Sundays excepted.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 6.15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at 4.25 p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1.00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11.30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.

J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets, also Valencia street at its junction with Twenty-fifth street, at 6 A. M., running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 4 o'clock P. M., and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty-fifth street at 11.10 P. M. and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 M. The cars run to Main street up to 6.45 P. M., after which they run only as far as Sansome street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag, reading "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S. P. R. R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S. P. R. R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty-fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes direct to Hayes Park.

Nov. 12. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 5.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive, For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 123 Front street.
March 2.

UNITED STATES, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA MAIL S. S. LINE,

Contractors for Carrying the British and American Mails via Honolulu.—The splendid paddle-wheel steamships of this line are specially constructed for Speed, and arranged to promote health, comfort, and free Ventilation on long voyages in the heated tropics. One of the following fleet, viz: Nevada, 2,400 tons, Dacota, 2,400 tons, Nebraska, 2,400 tons, will leave for Ports in the above named Colonies, via Honolulu, every Fourth Wednesday, on arrival of the mail from London. Steamship Dakota will sail Nov. 6th. For Freight and Passage, and further information apply at the Offices of the line, No. 417 Sansome street, San Francisco. I. W. RAYMOND, Agent.
Oct. 26.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEMENT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8 a m., 11 a. m., 4.30 p. m.; Saucelito at 8 a. m., 9.30 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. Sunday Time: San Francisco, 10 a. m., 12 m., 2 p. m. and 4 p. m. Saucelito, 11 a. m., 1, 3 and 5 p. m. On Saturdays an extra trip from Saucelito at 6.15 p. m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a. m. H. A. COBB, President, 32, Montgomery street.
Nov. 16.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 a. m. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 1.30 P. M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. [Aug. 21.] CHAS. MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL.

Gardens and Farms, at the Junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot. This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroads), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 8.20 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 4.00 p.m. San Rafael, 7 a.m., 11.15 a.m., 2.30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10.30 a.m., 3.30 p.m. San Rafael, 8.00 a.m., 5.20 p.m. [Aug. 24.] CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for the freckles, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb. 20. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA. GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labeled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Sheepskins, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE, 16 Coleman st., London.
July 11.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen, Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE. The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It adds a gusto, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. L. Lennon, F. M. Freund, H. Trauts, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. P. ..., Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Building.
JUSTICES—402 Montgomery st.
COUNTY—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—718 Montgomery street.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATT'Y—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—California and Sansome streets.
CITY PHYSICIAN—County Hospital.
CORONER—115 Kearny street.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants' Exch'nge.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City H.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUP'T OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place.
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUP'T PUB. SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSE—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 13 City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—239 Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INTERSTATE SCHOOL—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall.
OUTSIDE LAND COMMITTEE—24 Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets.
HEALTH OFFICE—Jackson street.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall.
POUND KEEPER—Jackson St., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
QUARANTINE—3 Kearny street.
HARBOR MASTER—15 Vallejo St.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

BELGIUM—F. Orsar, 1217 Powell.
CHILI—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street.
CHILI—Consul General, Francis Casanueva, 506 Battery st.
DENMARK—G. O'Hara Taafe, 220 California street.
ECUADOR—Daniel Wolf (absent).
FRANCE—Edmond Breuil, 431 Jackson street.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, 519 California street.
GUATEMALA—Juan Urruela, 409 Battery.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street.
HONDURAS—Wm. V. Wells, 37 Second.
ITALY—G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
JAPAN—G. W. Brooks, Grand Hotel.
MEXICO—J. Rivas, 536 Kearny.
GERMAN EMPIRE—C. A. C. Dulreul erg, 314 Sacramento street.
NETHERLANDS—J. De Fremery, 410 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
PERU—De la Fuenteny Subirat Federico.
PORTUGAL—Francis Berton, sw. cor. Clay and Leidesdorff Sts.
RUSSIA—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
SAN SALVADOR—B. J. Dorsey.
SPAIN—C. Martin, 423 California.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—G. C. Johnson, 33 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Francis Berton.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—F. Herrera.
BOLIVIA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
CALLAO—D. J. Williamson, 530 Brannan street.
COSTA RICA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
GREECE—Geo. Fisher, 739 Montgomery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—C. Baum, 510 Battery street.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN—G. Muecke, 616 California street.
TURKEY—George W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.

Wayside Gushings.

BY MRS. HARRIS.

Oh, my poor 'ead! my 'apless 'ead! that gal will drive me wild
As I 'ave trained in wirtue's paths permiscuous from a child.
Did I l ever tell you, *News Letter*, as I bought 'er a planner
As soon as she diskivered that 'er wo ce were a soprannee?
It were a old 'un, vunce a "Grand" by Weber, of New York,
And its wentral noises would prowoke the dead to up and valk,
Yet I 'ave stood it till my nerves is shook that hupside down
I've scarcely strength to 'ook my stays or get into my gown.
But 'Arris 'as a feelin' 'art, and, thinks I, should I denige 'er,
Sayrah might take to wicked vays and lead me to despise 'er,
So I consented she should learn to play, likeways to sing,
A little dreamin' as 'er woice would be constant on the wing.
But hever since the hopera 'ad such a hinfluence on 'er
That gal's been fancyin' 'erself a famous prima donna,
Vot vith 'er woice and them there toons she plays upon the "Grand,"
'Tis wuss than a street horgan or Hostling Jooby band
'Er dancin' is a noosance, a-skippin' hup the stairs,
Upsettin' of von's furnitur' and smashin' of von's chairs,
But that's a trifle to 'er woice as keeps on bobbly-gall-ob,
Like a worn-out wheezy win in, from hearly dawn till late, oh!

This mornin', barter a bad night, in vich I dreamed of 'Arris,
Likeways the Hemperor, recent dead, as vunce did reign at Paris,
Halso a hexecution as I fancied that I see'd,
In vich the chap did kick that 'ard it made my witals bleed,
Vich p'raps pork chops took late at night do hagitate the mind,
Leastways ven whisky and strong hale permiscuous is combined,
And wooden nutmegs do not hald a hovercrowght hinside,
Especially ven the brain is full of poetry beside
But scarcely 'ad the horb of day its usual rising shown,
And casual sunbeams played upon my wisage unbeknown,
Than I were startled by a woice as were a perfect scarer,
Vich bellered in an 'orrid toon "The bells is a-ringin' for Sayrar,
Sayrar, Sayrar, the bells is a-ringin' for Sayrar,
Sayrar, Sayrar, the bells 'a a-ringin'"——
Hinstant I leapt into my clothes as hagile as a dancer,
And wowed with wengeance in my 'art I'd make the 'uzzy hanswer
"Stop that there row, howdacious gal, you'll drive your missus vild."
Oh, sharper than a sarpint's tooth to 'ave a thankless child!
Vot do I 'ear! Can it be true she says she do not care a ——
But still keeps on that blessed song, "The bells is a-ringin' for Sayrar!"
'Ark, there's a knock at the front door! Sayrah, see who's a-knockin',
And stop your noise, for your shrill woice do sound partickly shockin'!

"'Tis my perliceman," Sayrah cried, "vith a paper in 'is 'and,
Look at 'is whiskers and moustarch, oh, Missus, ain't he grand!"
"Od rot the man," says I, "Sayrah, vot a vagon loads of 'air!
'Tis condick only as do make both men and vimmen fair
Ask vot he vants, don't let 'im in but hopen the door slowly;
If he 'as come a-sparkin' you I'll report 'im to Chief Crowley
And the Board of Superwisors, ven he'll werry soon get sacked
And lose 'is badge for doin' a unhofficer-like hact."
"La, missus," Sayrah says, says she, "'ow can you be so 'ard
Upon a poor perliceman as 'ave vhiskers like a pard!
Vot 'ave he done? He 'ave but said, 'Sayrah, my 'art is your'n,
And ven I'm Chief I'll marry you as sure as you is born.'"
"Vich is a breach of promise, for he never vill be Chief,
So don't be 'umbugged, Sayrah, he's no better than a thief,
To come at sich a 'our as this, ven your missus 'ave jest risen,
To court a gal as is my own and never can be 'is'n."

He knocked again and called up so loud, "'Arris, Matilda Jane."
"Say vot you vant at vunce," says I, "or houtside you remain,"
"'Ere is a summons," vos 'is vords, "to go before the Court
For playin' music at all 'ours and ven you didn't ought.
Sparerib, the pork butcher next door, 'ave hentered this 'ere suit,
And I'm werry sorry as the man is sich an 'artless brute."
"Let 'im in, Sayrah, oh, good 'evans, this comes of that planner,
And your eternal screeching vith your 'orrid soprannee
Pray, good perliceman, take a chair and tell me vot you'll take."
"Vhisky," says he, "and this 'ere case vill come before Judge Blake."
"Vot, 'im with the gray vhiskers, as do shake 'is doubtin' 'ead
Like a old howl, vith a fearful scowl! Oh, that I vos dead!
Sayrah, is this your gratitood for all my hanxious care,
As did take you ven a hinfant and no expense did spare
To bring you up respectable, as a credit to your sex,
As 'ave done nothink helse of late than my poor 'art to wex,
And now 'ave brought your missus to this most 'orrid end,
To be 'ad up as a noosance vhom no lawyer vill defend."

'Ere Sayrah vept and on 'er knees cried, "Missus, please forgive,
I'll be your wassal and your slave as long as I do live,
And as for Sparerib, the vile wretch, I'll break 'is 'oggish 'ead,
As can't abear to 'ear my woice the soul of music shed
Over 'is 'orrid butcher's shop, where pigs is cruel slain,
And likeways 'osses and dead cats he deals in for 'is gain,
And turns 'em into sassige meat vich board'n' 'ouses buy—
Put me in court and I vill give that pork butcher the lie."

"Sayrah, dry up your tears," says I, "and give me an 'ot vhisky;
I'll face the brute in open court altho' the law is risky."
"Madam," says the perliceman, "If I might give a 'int,
You'd get a lawyer on your side like Tyler or Judge Quint."
"Them as defended Mrs. Fair, as at on I 'ave 'ung in chains?
Not vile my nasse is 'Arris and consheus yet remains,
But if you know a hable man, as can expound the laws,
Send 'im to me, I 'ave the fee, and he shall plead my cause."
Vith another drink and a hartful wink at Sayrah, that M. P. [shall be!"
Says, "I knows a lawyer, vich 'is name is Sawyer, as your hadwocate

The Tichborne Claimant.

A great meeting to sympathize with the Tichborne claimant has been held in London. St. James' Hall was crowded in all its galleries and stairs; ladies, members of Parliament, and people in full opera dress were present. There was quite a competition and high struggle for admission. Mr. Whalley occupied the chair, and delivered a speech, in which he stuck to the point. There was no allusion brought in in his remarks either to the Pope or turnpikes. He simply denounced the Government, condemned the Attorney General, declared that justice was being outraged, affirmed that his burly friend "Sir Roger" was the victim of an outrageous conspiracy, and treated his audience to all the leather and prunella which has already done such good service in other times. Mr. Onslow, who followed, was equally emphatic, equally incoherent, and equally perferrid. He stated that new facts of importance would be brought out at the trial, to prove that the claimant was really "Sir Roger." One of these facts was a collar that had been picked up somewhere in New South Wales which the claimant would be able to prove was the identical collar he had worn when shipwrecked in the *Bella*. Cheers greeted this *coup de theatre*, which had the evident effect of warming the claimant's heart, and he thereafter spoke with his accustomed heat and fluency.

—Salesman: "Now, then, ain't yer goin' to bid for the best 'oss in the pair? Scratched for the last Derby in consekens of being too sure to win!" Bystander: "Scratched, eh! Judging from 'is knees I should ha' said cut, not scratched."

—The California Placard Exchange will open for business about February 15.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $750,000. OFFICERS.—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary; H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS.—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Grogan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, H. M. Harshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. K. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!!! DIRECTORS.—SAN FRANCISCO—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, L. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. B. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

The Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, of San Francisco, California. Organized April 23, 1863. Capital, $500,000, fully paid in gold coin. Fire, Marine, Harbor and Inland Transit Risks, on terms as favorable as any other reliable first-class company. Greatest amount taken on one risk, $50,000. Portions of risks considered too large will be re-insured in responsible companies. Losses promptly paid in United States gold coin. D. J. Staples, President, G. T. Lawton, Vice President, Charles R. Bond, Secretary.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,150,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
[Jan. 13.] No. 519 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1720.)
Cash Assets . . . . $13,000,000.
☞ Fire Risks at current rates. [Nov. 14.] CROSS & CO., Agents.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 208 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb. 9. No. 430 California street.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States. March 19.

JAMAICA RUM.

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 321 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec. 31.

LINDENBERGER & BURKE,

Commission Merchants, Nos. 28 and 30 Sansome St., San Francisco, and Agents of the Willamette Woolen Mills, Salem, Oregon. Oct. 5.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,
March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE.

No. 512 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco. J. A. MARS, Assayer. Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters, etc. Aug. 21.

D. F. VERDENAL.] POULTERER & VERDENAL, [T. J. POULTERER.

Stock Brokers, San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board, 409 California street. May 11.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Roney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 15.

GIANT POWDER COMPANY

The Giant Powder Company, Bandmann, Nielsen & Co., General Agents, 210 Front street. Nov. 21.

'Tis Dogs Delight to Bark and Bite.

The prettiest quarrel just now going is the quarrel between the *Bulletin-Call* and the *Alta-Chronicle* over the telegrams. Like all family rows, it is a bitter one, and like all fallings out between rogues, it presents some opportunity, a fair one if they don't wake up too soon, for honest folk to get their due. We have spent an entire week in reading up the four journals engaged in the affray, trying to get at the cause of the dispute, and have at last sifted it out successfully, and present the result of our laborious researches to our readers. It appears that the proprietors of the newspapers above named were some time back each of them in some manner impressed in a mysterious way with doubts as to the entire purity and moral integrity of the characters of the others, and that this feeling was coincident, occurring to all about the same moment. Being so impressed, they each went zealously about an examination into the antecedents of the other, with very marked results, indeed. Pickering very soon got hold of the family record of the proprietor of the *Alta*, and ascertained beyond a reasonable doubt that MacCrellish was of Scottish extraction, and descended in a direct line from the notorious Sawnie Bean, who was executed some time during the last century for a series of atrocious murders, accompanied by acts of cannibalism. That the family, what was left of it unhanged, reached the United States with nothing save the thrifty habits of old Bean and a taste for human flesh, both of which have ever since remained with them. That Frederick Bean MacCrellish bought into the *Alta* not so much with the idea of gains growing out of its publication as for the advantage of having an ostensible occupation under which he could conceal his continuous crimes, more especially murder and cannibalism. Sundry vague hints in the *Bulletin-Call* concerning the disappearance, in unaccountable and mysterious ways, of employés of the *Alta*, are understood to refer to old and much used printers decoyed into the job office and murdered by MacCrellish and his monstrous associates, and their bodies utilized by extracting from them the long-accumulated deposits of printers ink, with which they are known to be in most cases saturated. But if we are to believe the statement of Pickering, even this most economical shift was not enough to save the paper from bankruptcy, and at the last moment Stanford stepped in and bribed the wretched MacCrellish with $200,000 and a free pass on the Market-street cars for a year. This is only Pickering's statement, let it be understood. But it is borne out by this well authenticated circumstance—that the Market-street cars are known to have become lousy on a certain day about four months back, and have so remained ever since, and which day is understood to agree with the date of MacCrellish's pass. This, taken by itself, would be a very strong point in evidence, and would, indeed, be enough alone to make out a *prima facie* case, even though we should reject Pickering's testimony entire. From the *Alta*, on the other side, we gather these few facts concerning the proprietors of the *Bulletin-Call*. The public will be astonished to learn that these gentlemen are twin brothers, having been born on the 4th day of July, 1801, at the same birth, of poor but honest parents. They were united at the time of parturition by a ligament in the nature of carbolized cat-gut, but which connecting band the physician in attendance promptly severed with a circular saw, carrying the children to a neighboring planing mill for that purpose. It was considered a most difficult feat at the time, as the twins were greatly attached to each other. They grew up without showing special evidence of depravity, and it was not until their arrival in California that they entered upon that career of crime that has in a brief space rendered the name of Pickering and Fitch so world renowned. Mr. MacCrellish has in his possession the original receipt, signed by Casey, showing that he received from P. and F. the sum of $500, U. S. gold coin, for the murder of James King of William. From that time forward till the last six weeks it appears that one or the other of the proprietors of the *Bulletin-Call* has committed almost every crime of note that has occurred in our city. MacCrellish saw them in the act of firing the Harpending Block, and knows that Pickering killed both Crotty and Mitchell, one in our city and the other in Contra Costa County. Just at this moment they are engaged under contract with the notorious James Gamble in decoying children into the back room of the *Bulletin* publication office and murdering them to procure the grease from their bodies to oil the telegraph wires. For this they obtain the Eastern news free, and it is even hinted that James Orton has given them an order for grease enough to supply the wires over a section of the telegraph in one of the Western States, where children are at present so valuable as to command a price just now considered excessive. We do not vouch for the truth of either of the histories above briefly sketched. We can only say that the gentlemen who compiled them have known each other long and intimately, and that the respective opportunities for finding out all about each other that is to be known have been ample. It would be perhaps well for the public to act towards each of them as if the statements of the other were truthful, as no doubt in a considerable measure they must be.

John J. Marks.

Pride goeth before destruction and a haughty spirit before a fall. Could John J. Marks have thought of this proverb when he insisted upon having a more specific complaint filed in his case? We fancy not, and that he has made the blunder of an arrogant man. A reasonable amount of ambition we find no fault with, but Mr. Marks mistakes his position when he imagines that he can rank with Tweed in the magnitude of his scoundrelism. As we understand it the counsel employed by the State saw that Marks' embezzlements would come well within a quarter of a million, and seeing how small the sum was, were a trifle ashamed of him, and for the credit of the coast, made a laudable effort to save him the disgrace of a place among small thieves. So, by using certain vague and general allegations, they endeavored to impress the world with the idea that Marks had really done something magnificent and worthy of a high position among the rogues of modern times. But the arrogance and conceit of Marks has exposed all. He demurred to a complaint purposely intended to allow of much leeway for the imagination—a complaint that might be interpreted as a charge that he had stolen a million, nay, even ten millions, if necessary, and insisted upon all of his exploits being named and described with precision and certainty, with time and with place. So it has come and, after all, what does it amount to. A mere bagatelle, a flash in the pan. Why, we have heard of County Treasurers, from rural counties, stealing two dollars for his one. Marks a metropolitan rogue? No, indeed, far from it. He is a disgrace to the city. Tweed nipped twenty-five million, and here is our city, acknowledged to be second in rank, and he is picked up, exposed, skewered and about to be chased out of office in the most summary and vulgar manner, before he sinks two hundred thousand dollars. Marks, we are disappointed in you. Tweed had his Judges and his Common Council, his Mayor and his Prosecuting Attorney. Tweed had his Governor and his Legislature, his Sheriffs and constables. Tweed was a thing to contemplate. Tweed was a rogue to read about, an awe-inspiring scoundrel. Tweed made New York talked about, and will make it read about. He was a scoundrel whose like we shall not soon look upon. But, and this is the disgusting part of it, to think of the conceit of this Marks, this frog, who would be as big as a bull, and so bursts himself. He must needs insist upon having specific allegations, setting forth his exploits, with time and place, with sum and circumstances, and he gets it, and what then? Why, little or nothing. He and his young hopeful have only just escaped the disgrace of petty larceny. And this is the pair of the Pacific Coast who aspire to be the Tweeds. If California is to produce nothing better than this, is it not time to consider the propriety of turning honest *en masse*?

An "Alta" Overdose of Puff.

The *Alta* gives us a charming description of how San Franciscans spend Sunday. This is its style: "Saucelito, with its grand groves and grottoes, its gorgeous verdure, and its stupendous hillsides, offered superior inducements to several thousand men, women and children. They crossed in the ferry (of course they did) and wandered about among the exotic plants that abound there, drinking in the sweet aroma of the budding flowers, and dreamily watching the numerous vessels with their snow-white bosoms opened to the breeze. And when the setting sun, with all its wealth of colored clouds, drew nearer and nearer to the horizon, and warned them that the shades of eve were approaching, with tears of regret, such as Adam and Eve shed when they left the Garden of Eden, they slowly retraced their steps to the city, regretting that such heavenly pleasure could not extend over a longer period (all of them more or less itching from poison oak), and thanking the author of their being for his wonderous works." We fancy MacCrellish must own considerable land at Saucelito.

The Alta's Altercation.

MacCrellish looks quite glum and blue,
In fact he don't know what to do,
For *Bulletin* and *Call* both laugh
And back the Western Telegraph.
But we are made of sterner stuff,
And see the case quite plain enough!

MacCrellish is, as most men know,
In paying bills, a little slow;
But had he, 'gainst all Nature's laws,
Espoused the Western Union's cause,
Why, then his telegraphic ills
Would all be squared, despite the bills.

The "Bulletin's" Meanness and the "Alta's" Punishment.

"Mean," "pretty," "contemptible" are phrases which none of us like to have deservedly applied to us. Yet they are words that fall short of expressing the disgust of right-thinking minds in regard to the *Bulletin's* cowardly course in attempting, by unfair means, to injure the commercial credit of the *Alta*. What would be thought of a merchant who would, by false insinuations, wickedly endeavor to ruin the credit of a rival but perfectly solvent firm? On 'Change such conduct would be deemed unpardonable. Shall it be said that the moral sentiment which rules in the trading community is higher than that which obtains amongst members of a profession which ought to stand the very highest in our community in point of fair dealing and rectitude? It is the duty of the press to encourage a fair and honorable spirit of trading throughout the community generally, as well as to aid all efforts to elevate the tone of commercial morality. How can that duty be effectively performed by men who, in their own proceedings, are guilty of conduct worthy of a scallawag? If a bank manager were to be guilty of the unspeakable meanness of making insinuations against the solvency of a competitor in business, with a view to procure a run upon his bank, what would be thought of such conduct, and what would be the duty of the *Bulletin*, as an independent journal, in the premises? If the *Bulletin* were called upon to perform that duty to-morrow, with what consistency could it do so in the face of its proceedings towards the *Alta* during the past week? The *Alta's* impecuniosity may be as undoubted as the *Bulletin* alleges it to be, but it lay not with a rival in business to proclaim the fact to the world, especially with such vicious embellishments as have been vindictively added in this case. It would afford us pleasure to hear from our old friend of California street a more effective defense on this point than has yet been vouchsafed to us. The *Chronicle* says it offered to pay the *Alta's* bill. That seems ominous. The relative financial strength of our morning contemporaries must have greatly changed when such an offer was possible on the one hand, and needed on the other. The truth is, MacCrellish does not appear to have exercised ordinary business discretion in this telegraphic dispute. On the 6th of January last he announced that "any paper favoring cheap telegraphy was likely to bring down upon its head the wrath of a most dangerous monopoly." That being true, he ought to have been doubly careful not to give the "dangerous monopoly" a substantial grievance to serve as a pretext upon which to exercise its "wrath." Yet at this very time he was behindhand some three or four months in his payments. The *Alta's* own statement shows that it believed a fight to be inevitable. That being the case, a discreet man would have taken care that when the dispute came it should find his enemy in the wrong. Whilst, however, we do not think that this difficulty was engineered skilfully, that does not alter the merits of the case. Underlying these side issues is the great fact that a "dangerous monopoly" seeks to control, in its own interests, the press of this country; and as exemplified in the case of the *Alta*, determines to crush any paper that does not do its dirty work. The *Bulletin* and *Call* are fitting instruments for the work that has to be done, and very willing they seem to be to do it. But the whole people must take the matter in hand and make an irresistible war upon this gigantic power, which would dam up against all but its own diluted stream of information our great channel of life, light and knowledge—the unfettered press.

Heavy Real Estate Suit.

In the flush times of California the banking house of Palmer, Cook & Co. was the best known financial institution in the city. Not only was this bank the custodian of all the public moneys, but the firm was on the bonds of nearly all the city officers. Besides, they dealt largely in real estate. The express and banking house of Adams and Co. was at this time in a flourishing condition, having agencies in every town of importance in the State. This house also possessed a large amount of real estate when it failed in 1855, and Joseph Palmer, the senior partner of the firm of Palmer, Cook & Co., authorized his brother, William H. Palmer, to purchase a considerable portion of this real estate at the bankrupt sale. Several years afterwards Palmer failed, and he filed a petition in bankruptcy. Yesterday, Reuben H. Lloyd, assignee of the creditors of Joseph Palmer, commenced an action in the United States Circuit Court to recover this property for benefit of the creditors. Palmer, it is claimed, never went through bankruptcy, because, under the State law, a banker could not take the benefit of the bankrupt Act. He, however, made application under the United States Bankrupt Law, but has not received his discharge. It is also claimed by the assignee that a portion of the property purchased by Wm. H. Palmer is held in trust for his brother Joseph, and that other portions were sold when Joseph was notoriously bankrupt, and consequently, under the Bankrupt Law, he could not give title as against his creditors. The property involved in this action is highly improved and of immense value.

John P. Jones, Senator from Nevada.

So Jones is at last elected U. S. Senator, and we are content. For nearly a year past his candacy has been a matter of interest not only across the hills, but to us in California, and especially in California street. And of course he has been persistently assailed by Tray, Blanch and Sweetheart, as is the custom in such cases. But there is merit in the man, and this has enabled him to live down slander. He has earned the confidence of the people of his State, as is unmistakably evidenced by his almost unanimous election, while his manly qualities command for him the respect of good men everywhere. A few years ago Mr. Jones was a Senator in our Legislature from one of the northern counties, where he then resided, and at the end of his term he left the Legislature with an unchallenged record for intelligence and integrity. He is now in the prime of life, with a princely fortune acquired by the rise of mining property, and we incline to the belief that his only future ambition is to gain the lasting applause of his fellow men. As his hands were ever unsoiled by basely-won lucre when a poor man, we may safely predict that he will never take stock in the Credit Mobiliers, which is supposed to be so soothing to an itching palm. We think Nevada has done well. She has selected an honest and able Senator for the next six years. We salute Senator Jones as he passes on his way to the "Theater of the Gods on the political Olympus."

Jasper O'Farrell's Opinion of John J. Marks.

The old pioneer whose name appears above begins at last to understand the little game so long played by his colleague in the Board of Harbor Commissioners. A certain Deputy Sheriff, who had charge of the late Grand Jury, overheard an interview between the two in the anteroom of that body, when the Harbor Commission frauds were being investigated, which pretty clearly indicates O'Farrell's opinion of Marks. The two gentlemen were in attendance for the purpose of being examined. Marks was coming out, having given his statement, and found O'Farrell seated in the antechamber awaiting his summons to enter.

MARKS—Is that you, O'Farrell? What are you doing here?

O'FARRELL—Waiting to be examined about your stealings.

MARKS [taking up a cane from the corner and looking at it in a hesitating manner]—Is this your cane, O'Farrell?

O'FARRELL [bluntly]—Yes, that's my cane, Marks. For God's sake, *don't steal that!* It's the only one I have in the world.

MARKS [laying down the cane suddenly and starting for the door]—Good morning, O'Farrell.

O'FARRELL—Good morning, Marks. [*Exit* Marks.

—— The Emperor William has ordered his Court to go into mourning for the late Emperor Napoleon. We are afraid the defunct won't appreciate this token of respect for his memory. He still has too keen a recollection of the baptism of Fire, Sedan and other unpleasant episodes. It isn't possible for France to forget Germany, even in the grave.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Coffee—Its History, Cultivation and Uses. By Rob't Hewitt, Jr. 12mo, cloth.
Back-Log Studies. By Chas. D. Warner. 16mo, cloth.
Hand Book on the Treatment of the Horse. By Ch. Wharton. 12mo, cloth.
The Leather Stocking Tales. By J. Fenimore Cooper. 8vo, cloth.
A Japanese-English and English-Japanese Dictionary. By J. H. Hepburn. Second Ed. 8vo, hf. Morocco.
The Wandering Heir. By Chas Reade. 12mo, cloth and paper.
Guy Earlscourt's Wife. By May Agnes Fleming. 12mo., cl.
Strange Adventures of a Phaeton. By Wm. Black. 8vo. paper.
Aristophanes. By the Rev. W. Lucas Collins, M. A. 16mo, cl.
Shawl-Straps. By Louisa M. Alcott. 16mo, cloth.
Off the Skelligs. A Novel. By Jean Ingelow. 12mo, cloth.

A. ROMAN & CO., Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers. 11 Montgomery st., Lick House Block.

BANCROFT'S DIARIES! CONTAINING Important Information TO BUSINESS MEN. Elegant Russian Diaries AT BANCROFT'S, 721 Market St.

SUNNY ROOMS. CENTRALLY LOCATED "GALT HOUSE," No. 632 MARKET STREET. Superior Apartments, single or "en suite." NEWLY FURNISHED.

HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post St., San Francisco.
THE ONLY THOROUGH Business College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should secure a useful and practical Education at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Sessions day and evening throughout the year. Students can commence at any time. Each receives separate instruction. There is a Preparatory Department for those not sufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for
Heald's College Journal.
An eight-page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school, and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing
E. P. HEALD, President Business College, Aug. 17.] San Francisco.

PETER SHORT, Merchant Tailor, 613 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

DR. ABORN, Residence and office, 213 Geary street, opposite the Plaza. Dec. 28.

THOMAS TURNBULL, Architect, Shiels' Block, No. 668 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS, Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

A Reporter from Hades in San Francisco.

The old man took his cocktail, a pretty stiff one, too,
And said, "The time hangs heavily, what the devil shall I do?
A bright idea—send up the imp that came in yesterday,
My lively imp from 'Frisco, he's got something more to say,
And bring another cocktail, of that ten horse-power gin,
That my caser up above so likes, you know, old man McGinn.
And tell the imp to hurry up, I'm waiting now to hear
More news from San Francisco, my own good town and dear."

The summons soon is answered, and the imp once more appears,
And Satan cried, "Read on, good imp, I'll open wide my ears."
And so the imp began again, and thus his story ran
(He'd not made up his note book on any regular plan):
I went into the Stock Exchange to hear the Bulls and Bears,
Fighting away as usual over their wild cat shares;
But things were very dull, and the money market tight,
And neither one had strength enough to make a show of fight.

I took a turn around to see our friends, the *curbstone* men,
They all have had a bad knock down, and some won't rise again;
Their clothes are getting seedy, it's as much as they are able
To raise enough to get a meal, or run a free lunch table.
I went to all the theaters, but didn't see much there,
And didn't get an item about which you would care.
I went to the Alhambra, expecting there to find
Something of greater interest and more suited to your mind.

From all I'd read about the place in an unbiassed sheet,
I thought full many a subject of your Majesty's I'd meet,
But everything was quiet, the performance all O. K.,
So I damned the lively paper, and quickly came away.
I called in every cellar where lager beer is sold,
I flirted with the cellar girls, all ugly ones and bold;
They do a splendid business though, and many a drunken ass
There changes health for sickness, and honest gold for brass.

I also took a good square look at the California boys,
And thought them quite unworthy of the trouble and the noise
That they've lately made about them; I think they might as well
Try to set the sea on fire, or snatch out coals from hell.
And at the little Hoodlum girls I took a passing peep;
They're got up most elaborately, but got up on the cheap;
And I think your royal harem will get a good supply
Of some dainty little creatures from among them by and by.

I saw the Supervisors, and called upon the Mayor,
And a set of jollier fellows never met, I do declare.
The poor young city keeps them, and "the goose is hanging high,"
But if they suck too greedily they'll suck the city dry.
The city has to suffer much; only the other day
The people took a good-sized piece of Market street away.
If anything goes wrong at all folks say, "Ah, 'tis a pity;
"Who'll pay?" "Why, I don't know; but I suppose the city."

They've discovered that the harbor is very full of *sharks*,
For there's been a precious row about our old friend, Mr. Marks,
Who's quietly been pocketing a nicish little sum
To keep the pot a-boiling and keep himself in rum.
Now all the city's after him, and every one cries "shame!"
(I guess, though, if they got the chance they'd do about the same.)
However, he's been caught, and so of course must suffer;
If he hadn't, they'd have called him smart; as 'tis, they call him "duffer."

I took a "Christian Young Man" home, who'd had a little beer,
And on the road he blurted out, "I say old man, look here,
We're going to close up all saloons on the holy Sabbath day."
I told him they had better first that forty thousand pay.
And now, your Majesty, my notes are ended, may I go
To take a hand at poker with the other imps below?
"Yes, you may go; you've pleased me much with your unvarnished tale,
Though a part of what you've told me is just a little stale."

—— It is long since we have enjoyed such a genuine sensation of pleasure as has been afforded us by the perusal of the revelations made before the Congressional Committee relative to the Credit Mobilier of the Union Pacific Railroad Company. The pleasure is coupled with a single regret—that we were not invited by Oakes Ames to invest a few hundred dollars when dividends amounting to fifteen hundred per cent. were in sight. What are Belcher, Crown Point and Raymond & Ely to this! Why eke out an existence of financial stress when a few dollars cautiously invested in Credit Mobilier stock would have enabled us to live a life of honest ease, luxury and indifference to the criticism of carping and disappointed minds! The *News Letter* long since eschewed scrupulous honesty in the conduct of its business. When such rogues as Fitch and Pickering prosper in business, shall we fall behind in the race? Perish the thought! And as we were not favored with Credit Mobilier stock we want an investigation to see who was so favored among the Bohemians of the Pacific Coast. Where was Simonton when Ames was dealing out so liberally! And how much did Simonton keep for himself, and how many dividends were credited to Pickering and Fitch? About that time Pickering purchased the *Call* and turned it into a *Bulletin* kite. Did the purchase money thereof come from the Credit Mobilier, directly, indirectly, or how? Had Ames been generous enough to remember us all we should have no word of complaint, and should laugh down all these innocent *exposes*. But because we believe Pickering & Co. have been favored at our expense and that of the virtuous *Chronicle*, we protest. Let MacCrellish, De Young and Woodward be appointed on the Investigating Committee, and if Pickering and Fitch ever received any profits from Credit Mobilier stock—hang 'em!

—— If we were asked to believe ten per cent of all we hear about "our boys" we would despair of the coming generation. But we don't. The male hoodlum isn't half as bad as he is painted, while his female companion, although lacking some of the essentials of grace, isn't to be despised. As a general rule our orators and newspapers are given to exaggeration. Out of a mole hill a respectable mountain is raised. Falstaff's men in buckram are as nothing compared with the legion of hoodlums raised up daily by the press. We have had the experience of many large cities, and believe that San Francisco hoodlums compare favorably with their prototypes anywhere. In the meantime "our boys" don't seem to care a shoe-string. They keep on growing from day to day, sowing their wild oats, and will turn up average Supervisors and Congressmen when least expected. While we are talking about "our boys"—and we are interested, believing ourselves to be the father of an interesting progeny—let us suggest an idea for Barnes, Pixley and other orators. When the birch used to quicken our ideas at school, we were taught many matters that profit us now, among other things, to follow in the footsteps of our elders. If "our men" would set "our boys" a better example, our hoodlums would be better behaved. But what can be expected of "our boys" when they see the depravity, dishonesty and deceit of their fathers and big brothers who have grown to man's estate? "Our boys" are quick, shrewd and observing. They pattern after their elders, and soon we expect to see any number of *Hell-fins* and *Colts* started by inchoate hoodlumish Pickerings and Fitches, who desire to ape these gentlemen in their nefarious business.

—— At the late Bal Masque a certain Mr. Belasco appeared in "seedy, tagged, soiled tights and swallow-tailed coat, as the 'Strolling Actor.'" He must have made a mistake; he was representing an "ex-Judge" to perfection.

—— The *Town Crier* is in danger of having his audacity suffer an eclipse. For cool effrontery and irrepressible impudence commend us to Arnold, of diamond fame. He has issued a circular in Kentucky calling for twenty-five trusty associates to join him in a grand diamond hunt in the wilds of the Far West. And by way of postscript he adds: "No experts need apply." Honest, honest Arnold! let us at this distance admire the sublimity of thy cheek, for we always admire any thing that is singularly prominent in our fellow men. We admire the dexterity of the thief who transfers a million from one man's coffers to his own; we admire the brazen front of the harlots of the Cora Pearl and Helen Mansfield school, who bring suicides to their polluted feet; we even admire the journalistic dishonesty and turpitude of Pickering of the *Call*, and Fitch of the *Bulletin*, for they are unequaled in deeds of mendacity; but even all these must pale in an estimation before the ice-chilled coolness of Arnold preparing for another diamond hunt. If ever Arnold should receive the reward which is his due, he will be elected to Congress from Colorado Territory. When this consummation is reached, our vengeance will be satisfied.

—— Our venerable grandmother, the *Alta*, has come to grief. The telegraphic powers that be threaten to cut off her lying dispatches. Grandame says it's because she has been advocating the Postal Telegraph scheme, as if her influence was worth a rushlight to anybody or anything. The powers that be declare that *Alta's* lies have been cut off because she wouldn't pay her bills—as if anybody were obliged to pay for mutilated lies, whether furnished by telegraph or otherwise. De Young, of the *Chronicle*, says he offered to father *Alta's* bill, which was good for De Young, and illustrates the progress of the *Chronicle*. Pickering and Fitch indorse the Telegraph Company, wherefore we conclude that the *Alta* is right and the Company wrong. We hold as a proposition whose truth cannot be doubted, that these persons will never tell the truth when a falsehood will serve their purposes better. On the whole, we congratulate the *Alta* on being released from her telegraph contract. We will agree to furnish better dispatches, containing more truth and fewer lies, for half the money, with De Young as collateral security.

—— The lawyers have stirred up another stink-pool, and a large number of complacent property-owners are summoned to answer why their lands should not be taken away from them. Among other pieces the lawyers want is that upon which stands Mercantile Library Hall. And will all our lottery investments amount to nought? Shall we have violated the law and drawn blanks to pay a mortgage on property belonging to somebody else? A pest on these lawyers, who are continually raking up the embers of the past, disemboweling the corpses of estates long buried, and feasting on the remains of widows, orphans, and Library Associations. A plague on all these lawyers and their cases! Let them all be shanghaed for a $80 advance, and property-owners rest in undisturbed security. Then, and not till then, let there be peace!

—— A story generally circulated, published and believed, unfortunately turns out to have been a hoax. We refer to the story whereof a young limb of the law, addicted to sleeping with a whisky jug, was the hero. It was thought that an attempt had been made to shanghai him on board a vessel bound to Cork, Ireland, and he had escaped by a lucky accident. Everybody regretted, and no one more than the *Town Crier*, that he had been struck by this force of luck. We would have rejoiced if the lawyer had gone to sea before the mast. It would have enabled him to earn an honest livelihood and kept him from degrading an honorable profession. The story had no basis of truth. The lawyer was on a drunken spree, and was not even threatened with a merited fate.

—— The epizootic is coming; praise be to the god that shapes the destinies of horses, for we want a new sensation. The sensational reporters are at a loss for items. The epizootic will give them a chance to spread themselves, and the young item sharps who belong to the Bohemian Club will make business in discussing the horse disease. And the veterinary surgeons will look wise and kill more horses with their prescriptions and experiments than will die if let alone. Pickering and Fitch had better diet themselves, for the horse disease has been known to attack unclean men. Let them put their stables in order—the epizootic enters charnal houses.

—— Fitch, of the *Bulletin*, has been to the State Prison to study the growth of vegetables. One would have thought that that was not just the particular study to be profitably pursued within the walls of San Quentin. The Deacon, however, brought away some curious information. He says: "In the course of a lengthy conversation, one of the professors expatiated with marked zeal upon the adaptability of Point San Quentin for the growth of vegetables of a soft and yielding sandstone formation." The "professor" must have been thinking of such soft turnips as the one which does duty for that itemizer's head.

—— On Bush street, between Dupont and Stockton, there is an immense bell, with a little French Catholic Church attached to it. Now that bell does more ringing than any ten bells in the city (fire bells included). The only reason we can assign is, that the French residents on Dupont street require an extra amount of ringing to call them to works of salvation. More souls have gone astray by damning that bell's infernal din than it will ever get into the church if it rings till it cracks.

—— The condition of Mission street wharf is like that of the man who went from one part of London to another in a bottomless Sedan chair. If it hadn't been for the honor of the thing, he might just as well have walked. Rodgers, Meyer & Co. hire the wharf and are told that they mustn't discharge their ship on it, so that they are to pay wharfage for the honor of being tied to a teredo-eaten pile *lucus a non lucendo*.

—— "Those whom the gods love die young." The gods love not Pickering, of St. Louis fame, else when the bullet lodged in his back he would have died, for he was young. Now he waxeth old; and though he dyeth daily, still he liveth. Those whom the gods would destroy they first make mad. Let Pickering and Fitch both view the ground where they must shortly lie.

—— One correspondent, from Oregon, writes that: "The wounded from the 'Battle of the Lava Beds' are slowly recovering, but will not be able to sit down with any degree of comfort for some time to come." If they are all old free lunch wrestlers, that won't interfere with their eating. They are in that case used to perpendicular meals.

—— The new code provides that any person passing through any inclosure of another, and leaving the same open, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and punishable by a fine of not less than twenty dollars, nor more than fifty dollars. We have sent for a policeman to arrest the fellow who has just left that door open.

—— The son of the late Napoleon III. is for the present to be a simple Count, and has adopted for his motto "Strength, but not impatience," which means no more landings at Boulogne, but wait till the army is secured, and then walk in and upset the President or King for the time being. Wait till the people cry "Next."

—— Mrs. Sherman, the charming lady who has quietly put away no less than eight people during the last twelve years, has at last "given herself to Jesus." What a nice New Year's present! He must keep a sharp look out for arsenic, though. We wish him luck with her.

—— One who knows how it is herself gets off the following: "When a young lady is being kissed by her lover, what newspapers may she be supposed to have in her mind? Certainly no *Spectators* and no *Observers*, but as many *Times* as you like."

—— A shameless individual the other day described the fig leaf as being the sex of statues, a lost woman as being the easiest found, and seduction a crime wherein the guilty one is pardoned and the victim condemned.

—— Several poor devils have been fined for walking off with the condemned blocks of the Nicholson pavement. What should be the punishment of those who laid it down?

CALIFORNIA

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FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

[Established July 20, 1856.]

Vol. 22. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, JAN. 25, 1873. No. 52.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.	TEAS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	60 00 @ 52 50	Japans	℔ — 20 @ 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	4 @ 6	Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
Metal, sheathing, ℔	28 @ 31	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates, I. C., ℔ box	13 00 @ 11 00	China, No 1, ℔	— 10 @ — 11
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 10
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 7½ @ — 8
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 11⅝ @ — 12
Banca Tin, ℔	— 40 @ — 42½	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Quicksilver	— — @ — 90	Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	15 00 @ 13 25	Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 41
Australian	11 0 @ 11 0	Adamantine	— 13 @ 18
Cumberland	15 0 @ 20 00	SPIRITS AND LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	5 60 @ 13 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	2 50 @ 12 25	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 3 60
Mount Diablo	9 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	1 50 @ 2 00
Rio ℔	— 19 @ — 19½	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 3 25
Java, Old Government	22 @ — 23	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 16 @ 17	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	— 11 @ — 13	Chicken [illegible]	— 17 @ 19
RICE.		[illegible]	— 15 @ 16
China, No 1, ℔	— 6½ @ — 6¾	Burlap Bags	— 15 @ — 15½
China, No 2	— 5½ @ — 5¾	Hessian, 40 inch, ℔ yard	— — @ — 12
Hawaiian	— 8½ @ — 9	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool, ℔	— 14 @ — 30
Champagne, ℔ doz	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 8 @ — 9
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 18 @ — 20
Sherry, do. do.	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs	1 75 @ 2 05
OIL.		Barley	1 75 @ 1 45
Coal and Kerosene	— 40 @ — 50	Oats	2 00 @ 2 15
		Flour, ℔ 196 lbs	5 65 @ 6 50

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Jan. 24th, 1872.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED.	FRI.	NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED.	FRI.
Adams Hill		—	*½	Justice	8¼	7½	8
Alpha	—	12	—	Kentuck	—	—	9½
Alps	3	—	2¼	Kentucky	—	—	—
Amador Tunnel		—	—	Knickerbocker	—	4¼	4
American Flag	7½	7½	⅝				
Arizona & Utah	2¼	2½		[illegible] Hall	—	—	—
Arkansas	—	—	2	Louise	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	2½				
Baltimore Consolidated	2¼	2½	2¼	Mahogany	—	—	7¼
Belcher	75	76	74½	Mammoth	75c	—	—
Belmont	5	5¼	5¼	Meadow Valley	17½	17	—
Benton	—	—		Minnesota	9½	1	—
Best & Belcher	5	—	—	Marvin	—	*—	10c
Bowery	1	—	*1	Newark	3½	3¼	—
Buckeye	—	—	1¼	New York Consolidated	—	1½	1½
				Noonday	—	—	—
Caledonia	25½	24½	22				
Lederberg	6½	7	—	Occidental	—	—	—
Central	—	—	*6	Ophir	46	40	41
Charter Oak	⅜	⅜	—	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	5½	5
Chapman	⅜	—	⅜	Overman	54	56½	54
Chief of the Hill	2	2½	2¾				
Chief East Extension	—	—	—	Page & Panaca	2¼	2	3¼
Chollar	55	51½	50	Pea Vine	50c	60c	½
Columbus	—	3½	2	Phoenix	1	½	½
Confidence	8	8½	8½	Pluton	—	—	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Pioche	11	13½	11⅝
Consolidated Virginia	45½	51	50	Pioche West	—	—	—
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—	P Phoenix	—	4½	4½
Crown Point	—	90	90				
Central No. 2	—	—	—	Raymond & Ely	60½	60	60
				Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Daney	—	—	⅜	Ruby Hill	—	—	—
Eclipse	9	9	12½	Savage	60	62½	60
El Dorado	—	—	—	Seg. Belcher	71	60	70
Empress Eugenie	—	—		Silver Cord	—	—	
Empire Mill	6½	6½	6½	Senator	—	—	—
Empire Idaho	—	—	—	Sierra Nevada	—	14	12½
Eureka Consolidated	10½	10½	9½	Silver Peak	⅜	—	
Eureka G. V.	—	—	*6	Silver Hill	—	—	*7
Exchequer	15	15	12½	Silver Mountain	—	—	½
				Spring Mountain	—	—	—
Globe	2½	2	1½	Standard	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	6	5½	6	Sterling	—	—	—
Gould & Curry	16½	†15¼	15½	Succor	3½	3	3
Gen'l Lee	—	—	—	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	*⅜
				Silver Chariot	1	—	*1
Hale & Norcross	87	84	—	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hermes	—	6½	7½	Trench	—	—	*10
Hunn & Hunt	4¼	—	4½				
Home Ticket	—	—	—	Union Consolidated	—	—	*1
Ida Elmore	—	—	6	Utah	—	—	—
Imperial	7¼	7¼	7¼				
Independent	2½	3	3	War Eagle	—	—	—
Ingomar	—	1¼	60c	Washington & Creole	—	3	1¼
Insurance	—	—	—	Wash'e	—	—	
Ivanhoe	—	—	1¼	Woodville	4½	4½	4½
Jackson	½	½	—	Yellow Jacket	71	68	59
Jacob Little	—	—	—	Yale Gravel	—	—	—
Julia	4	4	4	Yellow Stone	5	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30.

—— A Mr. Dixon offers to remove Cleopatra's Needle from Egypt, and to erect it on the Thames Embankment for £15,000.

The Merits of the California Placard Exchange.

The problem of the age is condensation. Science has made such rapid strides, that in order to keep up with the progress, a digest, or epitome, of such advancement must be presented before us in one focus. Such is one of the objects of the Placard Exchange. To state the case broadly in two words, it is—Illustrated Information. Take the fact of a traveler arriving in San Francisco. He comes to obtain knowledge of the resources and products of California. For that purpose three things are necessary. First, What to see; secondly, Where to go in order to see; and thirdly, What are the means of transport to the desired locality. The first is the object, the second the direction, and the third the execution. All these requirements are condensed in the Labor Exchange. Is the object the [illegible] of the Pacific Coast, the Exchange will furnish the names of the principal gold or silver mines, with specimens of each, with directions where to go and how. Does the visitor desire information about agriculture, the official maps of the 44 counties of California are spread before him, each section of land being laid down, and those sections as yet belonging to the Federal Government, and which can be bought at $1 25 per acre, clearly defined. The great grain districts will be pointed out to him, together with the lines of railroad in operation or projection; the large operations for irrigation or reclamation of the vast tule lands of the State will be seen at a glance, at the same time reference will be made to private ranches or tracts of land already taken up, whereof portions are in the market for purchase or lease. Any one desirous of turning his attention to sheep raising or wool growing will obtain accurate information of the ranges from Monterey to the States of Nevada and Oregon, with full details of the various clips and returns North and South, of sheep runs for sale or to let, and available land is not already taken up. Samples of the various wools will also be on exhibition. This is but one branch of the Placard Exchange, and interesting chiefly to the foreigner. To the dweller within our gates, the institution offers manifold inducements. First of all, the exhibition of his peculiar branch of industry should he wish such to be made known, and secondly, space on the walls for his address. But a still greater inducement exists in the fact that every branch of commerce, profession or calling will be represented in the Placard Exchange. Cargoes of goods arrived and for sale, ships loading and the nature of their freight, ships and steamers to sail and their destination, with rates of freight and passenger money, prices current and sales effected of staple goods, rates of freight to all parts of the world, prices current of foreign markets, with latest telegrams, these will be provided for the merchant. For the community at large, the prices of stocks and government securities, lands, lots, houses or stores to sell or to let, together with information of a miscellaneous character. To sum up, every conceivable want of a busy world in the way of knowledge or information will be comprehended within the walls of the Placard Exchange. The spacious and lofty rooms will be well furnished and brilliantly lighted. Newspapers from all parts of the world will cover the tables, a superintendent will be in attendance not [illegible] at night to direct the inquirer, works of art will adorn the walls, in short, nothing will be wanting to render this, as was said above, an Illustrated Epitome of Information for the Pacific Coast. Telegraphic communication will be direct all over the globe, and as if to render the arrangement complete, a *daily Placard* will be published, containing a *resumé* of foreign, domestic and local news, a digest of mercantile intelligence, the arrivals and departures of ships, the state of the money and stock market; in short, it will be a faithful reflex of the Placard Exchange itself as a model of Condensed Information.

Great Steam Line Between England and Australia Via the Cape of Good Hope.

It appears, upon the authority of the *European Mail*, that a great steam line is about to be established between England and Australia via the Cape of Good Hope. The line via Suez serves the purpose of Melbourne in respect of rapid transit of mails, passengers, gold, etc. But a service to be performed by large steamers by a route which would avoid the necessity of making any connections or transhipments from end to end was greatly desired for the purpose of immigration. Hence the establishment of the proposed line. The editor of the *European Mail* says: "The promoters of the line between Liverpool and Australia, referred to in my last, seem to be in earnest. They had a meeting the other day, and as there are many influential men amongst them, I give you their names: Mr. Tyndal Bright, Messrs. Gibbs, Bright & Co., Liverpool and Melbourne; Captain Geo. Macdonald, of London; Mr. Wm. Pearce, Messrs. John Elder & Co., Glasgow. Among those who take an interest in the undertaking are the following: The Chairman, Deputy Chairman, five of the Directors, and Secretary of the Great Western Railway Company; the Chairman and two of the Directors of the National Provident Society; Lord Kensington, M. P.; Mr. Meyrick, M. P.; Mr. Wm. Owen, Admiral Lord Stokes, Mr. Wm. Davies, Captain Jackson and Mr. Clarke. At the meeting referred to, Mr. Bright explained the objects of the proposed company, the advantages it would afford to the Great Western Company, and particularly to Milford Haven, and put before the meeting his calculations, which had been made after careful consideration, and to the correctness of which he pledged the reputation of his house, and these showed a very handsome dividend to the shareholders, after making all reasonable deductions. The fleet is to consist of six ships of 5,000 tons register, each to cost £170,000. One is to leave Milford Haven and one Melbourne every month, and to make her passage in forty days. It is proposed to make Milford Haven the port of call on the outward and homeward voyage—the steamers finally arriving at, and first starting from, Birkenhead. Another meeting will shortly be held to take steps to further develop the project."

Canal and Irrigation Scheme.

A meeting of the Trustees of the above company has been held, at which it was determined to increase the capital stock. About forty miles of canal are already completed, and supply water for irrigating lands. Surveys have been made from Tulare Lake to near Antioch, say 200 miles, and work is progressing. The company has no debts. This is an important enterprise, deserving success. The company's advertisement will be found in another column.

—— THE AMERICAN CLIPPER SHIP YOUNG AMERICA, Captain Cummings, has again accomplished another rapid voyage, having made the run from Liverpool here in the unprecedented passage of 93 days. She will have quick dispatch, taking a return cargo of Wheat to the United Kingdom. This ship was chartered a year ago for Liverpool at £3, deemed at that time a very high freight and a favorite charter, but a variety of circumstances, resulting from bounteous crops and a scarcity of tonnage, carried freights up to an exorbitant figure, and, with many fluctuations, they again rule at £1 5s. and upward.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER 1872,

IS NOW READY FOR DELIVERY.

The Special and Authorised Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, FEB. 1, 1873. No. 1.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—SILVER BARS 1½@1¾ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 89¼@89¾. Mexican Dollars, 5½7c premium.

☞ Exchange on N. York, ½ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 12½ per cent. On London, Bankers 49; Commercial 49⅜; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1½.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, Jan. 31, at 2 P. M., 113⅞. Latest price of Sterling, 109¼@109½.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. January 31, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	102	102½	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	123	130
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	101	102	Oakland 10s	102	—
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	101	103	Spring Valley Water Co	84½	85
Legal Tender Notes	88½	88¾	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s 1855	18	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	60	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s	95	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	92	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	80	83½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	90	—	Union Insurance Co	83	88
Santa Clara Bonds, 7s	93	—	Pacific Bank	90	102½
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	123	125
San Francisco Gas Company	65	—	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	160

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor California and Leidesdorff streets.

Latest from the Merchants' Exchange.

NEW YORK, Jan. 31.—Gold opened at 113¾, 11 A.M. at 113⅞; 3 P.M. at 110⅞. U. S. Bonds—Five-twenties of '62, 114⅝; 1867, 110⅝. Sterling Exchange, 109¾@110⅛. Pacific Mail, 73⅞. Quicksilver Mining Company, 43. Wheat, 2 00@2 15. Pork, quiet, 14@14½. Cotton, 21½. Hides, quiet, dry, 25@25½; salted, 12½c., steady. Oil—Sperm, steady, $1 65; Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 75, dull; Whale, weak, 68@70c.; Winter Bleached, 70@74c., quiet. Wool—quiet Spring, fine, 35@45c.; Burry, 28@32c. Pulled, 50@60c. Fall Clips, 25@35c.; Burry, 25c.

LONDON, January 31.—Liverpool Wheat Market. 12s. 3d.@12s. 5d. Club, 12s. 8d.@13s. 1d. United States Bonds, ex Coupon, 91⅞. Consols, 92½@92⅝.

—— Since the auction sales of real estate on Wednesday, there has been much inquiry for properties then withdrawn, resulting in the selling of some lots, and negotiating for others. The subsequent transactions are as follows: Lot forming the southwest corner of Van Ness avenue and Locust avenue, fronting 30 feet on the former and 109¼ feet on the latter, $1,750. This was the only remaining unsold lot of the 50-vara forming the northwest corner of Van Ness avenue and McAllister street, offered by auction on Wednesday. Adding the previous sales to the above, we find the 50-vara (120x109¼ feet) realized $19,700. A lot on the south side of O'Farrell street, distant 75 feet east from Polk street, 25x80 feet, has been closed out for $3,500.

—— The sales at the San Francisco Stock Board for the week ending on Wednesday evening, amounted to $1,970,000. The heaviest transactions were, as usual, in low-priced shares, consisting of 9,100 shares Imperial, 5,500 shares Empire Mill, and 5,400 shares Hunn & Hunt. From 4,000 to 4,000 shares of Belcher, Caledonia, Eureka Consolidated, Gould & Curry, Meadow Valley and Pioche Phoenix were also sold. Those in which the sales exceeded 3,000 shares, were Ivanhoe, Jackson, Phoenix and Yellow Jacket. There were also 2,000 shares of the following sold, Crown Point, Chollar-Potosi and Raymond & Ely, besides several low-priced kinds.

—— An importation of the right kind was the arrival here the other day of a hundred of Scotia's sons and daughters. We can do with any number more of such importations. We wish the new arrivals every success, and hope they will soon be able to send so good an account of California to the old country, that many of their former neighbors may be induced to follow their example in immigrating to this land of gold. Several of the new-comers have gone into the employ of Messrs. Ralston and Mills.

—— Transactions in miscellaneous securities during the week, from private hands, embrace 70 shares Bank of California at $135 per share; 200 shares National Gold Bank and Trust Company at $120 per share, small lots commanding $125; City Hall Commissioners' Warrants at $95; $20,000 in United States 5-20s of 1867 at $102. 500 shares Spring Valley Water at $85. A lot of Los Angeles Bridge Bonds bearing 7 per cent. interest was offered at 80.

—— There was an improved feeling in Mining Stocks yesterday, and nearly all Washoe kinds were higher. Compared with the rates on the previous day noon, Chollar-Potosi advanced $7, Crown Point $6, Yellow Jacket $4, Belcher, Hale & Norcross, Ophir, Overman, Savage and Segregated Belcher each $3, Alpha, Caledonia and Consolidated Virginia each $2, Confidence, Exchequer and Kentuck each $1. At the other Board, Raymond & Ely was $4 higher.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7,50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

San Franciscans Abroad.

PARIS—Boyd, Miss A. LeG., 30 Bd. Malesherbes; Chrystal, Mrs.; Chrystal, Peter; Chrystal, James, 8 Rue Balzac. Cogswell, Dr. H. D.; Cogswell, Mrs. H. D., Hotel St. Romain. LeGay, Mrs. John B., 30 Bd. Malesherbes. Pond, James S., Hotel Chatham. Stevens, Levi; Stevens, Mrs. Levi, Stevens, Miss Kittie; Stevens, Miss Dollie, 15 R. Godot de Mauroi. NAPLES—Hager, Hon John S., Hager, Mrs J. S. NICE—Babcock, J., Hotel Chauvain. LONDON—Harrison, Capt. C. H., 10 Duchess street; Harrison, Mrs., do. Murphy, D. T., Langham Hotel.

Business Looking Up.

The Kimball Manufacturing Company have increased their working force to over 200 men, and are full of orders for cars of all descriptions, fire-ladders, hose-carts, big wagons and little wagons. They pay out $5,000 per week wages and support, directly and indirectly, over five hundred souls. They ship carriages to Japan and China nearly every steamer, but cars are their specialty. They are giving the narrow gauge their special attention. The future business of the concern promises to be a big thing.

Showing of the Savings Banks.

The last half yearly reports of the San Francisco Savings Banks exhibit the following satisfactory showing: Number of depositors, 46,000; total deposits, $42,474,935; loans and investments, $13,145,414; gross earnings for the half year, $2,091,118; cash on hand, $1,174,861; dividends, $1,818,406. There is an increase during the half year in all the items except the amount of cash on hand.

Julian Mine.

The new twenty-stamp mill on this, one of the most thoroughly developed mines in California, recently made a clean-up with most satisfactory results; and the Superintendent writes that the yield of the present run will exceed the last. The cost of mining and milling will not exceed four dollars per ton, fifteen (15) miners being sufficient to supply the twenty stamps.

—— We learn that one-third of Mission Block No. 22, located on the west side of Valencia street, at its junction with Market street, was transferred on Thursday to an incorporated company. There are over forty building lots in this parcel, and it is expected that dwellings will be at once erected, which will be offered for sale on the homestead principle of monthly payments.

—— In regard to railroad matters, it is certain that Peter Donahue, Esq., has purchased the Northern Pacific Road. Several of our daily contemporaries are busily engaged in printing a whole host of rumors in regard to railroads and steam lines, and are making incorrect statements in reference to matters of which they know nothing.

—— The Board of Brokers take care to keep up the high character of their institution for efficiency. In electing Mr. Borling to be their Chairman, they have chosen an urbane and gentlemanly presiding officer, and have paid a well-deserved compliment to one of our most successful business men.

—— The tonnage market has been quite active during the past month. The whole number of engagements reported is 62, of which 48 were for Wheat, 3 for Flour, 4 for Lumber, 2 for Coal and 10 for miscellaneous goods.

—— The fifty-first cargo of Wheat to England, during the month of January, was cleared at the Custom-house yesterday afternoon. This is the largest in any one month in the history of the port.

—— The North Beach and Mission Railroad Company have declared a dividend of one-half of one per cent., aggregating $3,000, payable to-day.

—— The Liverpool Wheat market is another penny lower, average California being quoted there at 12s 3d@12s 5d, and club at 12s 8d@13s 2d.

—— The inclement weather yesterday put a stop to out-door business. The rain is very welcome and will be of great service.

—— The steamer *Olympia* will probably leave for Eureka at 10 A.M. on Saturday.

—— The steamer *Colorado* will sail for Yokohama and Hongkong at noon to-day.

—— The rate of discount at the Bank of England has been further reduced to 3½ per cent.

—— The steamer *Constantine* will sail for Santa Barbara at 2 P.M. to-day.

—— The Pacific Mail steamer *Alaska* has reached Hongkong in safety.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, FREDERICK MARRIOTT, 605 to 615 *Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.*

The Flight of Youth.

Youth is gone away,
Cruel, cruel youth,
Full of gentleness and truth
Did we think him all his stay;
How had he the heart to wreak
Such a woe on us so weak,
He that was so tender-meek!
How could he be made to learn
To find pleasure in our pain?
Could he leave us to return
Never again!

Alas! we know not how he went,
We knew not how he was going,
For had our tears once found a vent,
We had stayed him with their flowing.
It was an earthquake, when
We awoke and found him gone,
We were miserable men,
We were hopeless, every one!
Yes, he must have gone away
In his guise of every day,
In his common dress the same
Perfect face and perfect frame;
For in feature, for in limb,
Who could be compared to him?

Now between us all and Him
There are rising mountains dim,
Forests of uncounted trees,
Spaces of unmeasured seas.
Think with him how gay of yore
We made sunshine out of shade—
Think with him how light we bore
All the burden sorrow laid,
All went happily about Him—
How shall we toil on without him!

How without his cheering eye
Constant strength embreathing ever!
How without Him standing by
Aiding every hard endeavor!
For when faintness or disease
Had usurped upon our knees,
If he deigned our lips to kiss
With those loving lips of his,
We were lightened of our pain,
We were up and hale again;
Now, without one blessing glance
From his rose-lit countenance,
We shall die; deserted men—
And not see him, even then!

We are cold, very cold—
All our blood is drying old,
And a terrible heart-dearth
Reigns for us in heaven and earth:
Forth we stretch our chilly fingers
In poor effort to attain
Tepid embers, where still lingers
Some preserving warmth, in vain.
Oh! if Love, the Sister dear
Of Youth that we have lost,
Come not in swift pity here,
Come not, with a host
Of Affections, strong and kind,
To hold to our sinking mind,
If She will not, of her grace,
Take her Brother's holy place,
And be to us, at least, a part
Of what he was, in Life and Heart,
The faintness that is on our breath
Can have no other end but death.

—*Lord Houghton.*

The Aspects of Modern Progress.—Speech by Mr. Gladstone.

Mr. Gladstone delivered the prizes to the pupils of the Liverpool College, of which he was one of the founders, on the 21st ult. Previous to the distribution of the prizes he delivered an excellent speech, which has probably never been surpassed by that gentleman in point of brilliancy and eloquence. He commenced by alluding to the condition of the college, the higher standards to which education had now attained, and the state of culture in Britain and Germany, and then said: "We live in a wealth-making age. It may surprise you to hear—but I believe it to be unquestionably true—that more wealth has in this little island of ours been accumulated since the commencement of the present century—that is within the lifetime of many who are still amongst us—than all the preceding ages from the time, say of Julius Cæsar, or anybody else you like—(laughter and cheers)—and at least as much of that wealth in the last twenty years as in the preceding fifty. If we ask, where is this to end—when will this marvelous process be arrested—when will this great flood-tide begin to ebb? I, for one, know not. I am by no means sure that we are yet near high-water; but, with the impetuosity of this galloping career, with the wonderful development of such arts of life as bear directly upon enjoyment, there grow up continually a correlative class of dangers and temptations.

'The world is too much with us, late and soon.
Getting and spending, we lay waste our powers.'

The world, in truth, becomes more worldly. It ties us down to earth by more and stronger cords, and to break them requires bolder and more assiduous effort. If we wish to secure our freedom of mind against the perils that environ it, this is not to be done by renouncing business, or by baling energy in its pursuit; it is by balancing their activity with other activities. 'Yes,' it may be replied, 'we ought to live in a world unseen, as well as in the world we see,' and that is doubtless true, and for many, whose opportunities are small, it is sufficient; but for this great community, whose opportunities are large, though true, that is not the whole truth. The entire nature of man is the garden which it is given to him to cultivate. We cannot as a nation, or as individuals, be well if we do not provide for the soul as well as the body; but neither can we be well if we do not, according to our means, provide for the mind as well as the soul. Half a century ago the name of this country stood high with reference to mental cultivation. There is nothing in the pursuits of the merchant that ought to preclude the pursuit of mental refinement. The day's work is not so long, nor the anxiety so constant, as to wear out the whole stock of energy that a vigorous English nature can command. Greece, the very same State which took its place at the head of literature, and philosophy, and art, was noted for its encouragement of trade. 'The best products of Sicily and Italy, Cyprus and Egypt, of Lydia and Pontus, and every other country flow,' says Xenophon, 'into the markets of Athens, which rules the sea.' 'Hither,' says Thucydides, 'came all the products of the earth;' and Pericles and Alcibiades were not ashamed to superintend extensive manufactories, of which they were themselves the owners. (Cheers). In Florence—the true Athens of modern times—many of the nobles were amongst the most conspicuous merchants, and when Holland took the place of Italy at the head of the commerce of Europe, art and science and learning walked in the noble train of liberty; and the University of Leyden, founded in memory of the heroic efforts of the citizens in their struggle for freedom, took its place even in that little country amongst the very foremost of the universities of Christendom. (Cheers). We now speak with deserved respect and gratitude of the learned labors of Germany; but those who observe the German names, and the German firms who have established themselves in the commercial communities of England, will readily understand that no country is making greater advances in the paths of enterprise than that learned country. (Cheers.) If, then, gentlemen, there are among you—as I am persuaded there are among you, my younger friends—those who, though destined to the pursuits which have made this great emporium famous, have, in tasting the cup of knowledge, acquired a desire for deeper and for longer draughts—if you can say with Virgil:

'*Quarum sacros fero ingenti perculsus amore,*'

there is no reason why he should be discouraged, no reason why he should regard the beginning of business the end of culture, but let him rather resolve that though it be but in fragments of his time he will woo his studies with a life-long love.

"I am not about to touch upon the differences which distinguish and partially sever the Church of England from those communions by which it is surrounded, whether they be of Protestant, Nonconformists or of those who have recently incorporated into the Christian faith what we must suppose they think a bulwark and not a danger to religion—the doctrine of Papal Infallibility. It is not now only the Christian Church, or only the Holy Scriptures, or only Christianity which is attacked. The disposition is boldly declared to deal alike with root and branch, and snap the ties which under the still venerable name of religion unite man with the unseen world, and lighten the woes and struggles of life by the hope of a better world. [Applause.] I will not pain and weary you, gentlemen, with a multitude of details, but no reference ought to be made lightly on such a subject as this; and to show that I have not referred to it lightly, I will refer by name to a single writer, and only a single writer, but one who is not a British writer—to the learned German, Dr. Strauss. He is a man of far wider fame than any British writer who marches under the same banner. 'Why,' he asks on behalf of not only himself but of a party in Germany, for which he speaks, and for which he claims that it best answers to the state of modern thought—'why should there be a separate religious society at all, when we have already provision made for all the state—schools, science, and the fine arts?' The essential and fundamental inquiry with him is whether we are or are not still to have a religion. In the second chapter of 'The Old Belief and the New,' written by Dr. Strauss, he finds that there is no personal God, that there is no future state. The dead live in the recollection of survivors; this is enough for them. All religious worship ought to be abolished; the very name of 'Divine service' is an indignity to man. Therefore, in the sense in which religion has been heretofore understood, his answer is that we ought to have no religion any more; but proceeding, as he always does, with the most commendable frankness, he admits that he ought to fill with something the void which he has thus made. This he accordingly proceeds to do. Instead of God, he offers to us what he calls 'The All,' or 'Universum.' 'Man, he said, is not responsible to man for his belief.' [Hear, hear, and cheers.]

"But, as before God, one and the same law applies to opinions and to acts—[hear, hear!]—or, rather, one and the same law applies to inward or to outward acts, for opinions are inward acts. [Hear, hear!] Many a wrong opinion may be guiltless, because formed in ignorance, and because that ignorance may not be our fault. But who should presume to say that there is no mercy for wrong actions, also, when they too often are due to ignorance, and that ignorance has not been guilty! The question is not whether judgments and actions are in the same degree influenced by the condition of the moral motives; but if it is undeniable that self-love and passion have an influence upon both, then, so far as that influence goes, for both we must be prepared to answer. Should we, in common life, ask a body of swindlers for an opinion upon swindling, or a gambler for an opinion upon gambling, or of misers for a description of our duty as to bounty? And if, in matters of religion, we allow pride and perverseness to raise a cloud between us and the truth so that we see it not, the false opinion that we form is but the index of that perverseness and that pride, and both for them and for it, as their offspring, we shall be justly held responsible. [Hear, hear, and cheers.] Who are those upon whom this responsibility will fall it is not ours to judge. These laws are given to us not to apply presumptuously to others. It is enough if we apply and enforce them honestly against ourselves." [Cheers.]

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort, Cashier, N. K. Masten. Directors—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. New York Agents—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. Agents—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 28.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Eu-rope, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates; also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.
Oct. 2. A. McKINLAY, {Agents.} A. S. FINNIE.

ODD FELLOWS' SAVINGS BANK.

Dividend Notice.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Odd Fellows' Savings Bank held this day, a dividend was declared at the rate of nine 85-100 (9 85-100) per cent. per annum on permanent deposits, and at the rate of eight 04-100 (8 04-100) per cent. per annum on short deposits, for the semi-annual term ending December 31, 1872, payable on and after the 20th inst.
JAMES BENSON, Secretary.
San Francisco, January 8, 1873. Jan. 11.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Bab-cock; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. R. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, President.
Geo. Hopkins, Secretary (April 16.)

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 21.

SHIPPERS TO PIOCHE

Will please take notice that the horse teams between Pallisade and PIOCHE are all disabled by the Horse Disease, and all Pioche Freight must, for the present, be forwarded VIA TOANO or WELLS, which routes are supplied with Ox Teams.
Jan. 25. B. W. MONTAGUE, Freight Agent C. P. R. R.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 427 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan 25.

RICHARD HEYES & CO.,

Cigars, Wine and Liquor Merchants, 230 Kearny, and 405, 407 and 409 Bush streets, San Francisco. Address P. O. Box 129. Jan 25.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OR DRIVERS OF VEHICLES

The Annual License is now due for the year ending January 1, 1873. If not paid on before January 31, 1873, an addition of 25 per cent. will be added each month for delinquency. E. B. BUCKLEY, License Collector.
Jan 18. Room No. 7, City Hall.

P. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Roney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 603 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanarcinth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Boersen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutterroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnd Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England — Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co; Rothschilds; Bank of London; Baring, Bros & Co; Delizy, Davies & Co, F'k Anstie, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co, Huth, Gruning & Co, Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Unias Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; O. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; O. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

— John Smith—plain John Smith—is not very high sounding; it does not suggest aristocracy; it is not the name of any hero in die-away novels; and yet it is good, strong, and honest. Transferred to other languages, it seems to climb the ladder of respectability. Thus in Latin it is Johannes Smithus; the Italians smooth it off with Giovanni Smith; the Spaniards render it Juan Smithus, the Dutchman adopts it as Hans Schmidt; the French flatten it out into Jean Smeet; and the Russian sneezes and barks Jonzoff Smittowski. When John gets into the tea trade in Canton he becomes Jovan Shimmit; if he clambers about Mount the Icelanders say he is Johne Smithson; if he trades among the Tuscaroras he becomes Ton Qua Smittia; in Poland he is known as Ivan Schmittiitweiski; should he wander among the Welsh mountains, they talk of Jihon Schmidd; when he goes to Mexico he is booked as Jantil F'Smitti; if of classic turn he lingers among Greek ruins, he turns to Ion Smikton; and in Turkey he is utterly disguised as yourself as Voe Self.

— An English traveler describes a "Mystery" called the "Creation," which he saw performed in Hamberg, Germany, in 1723. According to his account it was a grotesque affair. Young priests had wings of geese tied on their shoulders to personate angels. Adam appeared on the scene in a big curled wig and a brocade morning gown. Among the animals that passed before him to receive their names was a well-shod horse, pigs with rings in their noses, and a mastiff with a brass collar. A cow's rib bone had been provided for the formation of Eve, but the mastiff spied it out, grabbed it and carried it off. The angels tried to whistle him back, but not succeeding, they chased him, gave him a kicking and recovered the bone, which they placed under a trap-door by the side of the sleeping Adam, whence there soon emerged a lanky priest in loose robes to personate Eve.

— The Ballarat *Courier*, November 1, 1872, remarks that people when walking about streets metaled with quartz might keep their eyes on the ground to their pecuniary advantage. At all events this was the experience of a man who yesterday sold a nugget, weighing twenty-seven ounces, to Witkowski Brothers & Co., of Bridge street, and which he found on one of the roads in the suburbs of Ballarat. The nugget is of the honey-comb order, and must have been exposed for some time, as it is sunburnt, so to speak, on one side. The man refuses to say where he found it, as there may be a few more pieces lying about the same spot. It has fallen, however, into the right hands. The man is very steady, and has a large family, which he has had to support for some time past on £1 a week.

— The future of Ireland and the detention of the Fenian convicts in prison for yet another Christmas are the topics on which the energies of some of the Irish writers are expended. The following specimen of "high-falutin'" is very fine: "The baleful star still broods above our Erin. The voice of the calumniator of our race and land (*intellige* Froude) breaks in discordantly upon the anthem of praise and worship. The curse of the torture-stricken and the terrible cry of the captive mount up to the Throne of God with the sweet voice of our Christmas bells!"

— The Odessa *Messenger* relates that the authorities of that town are on the track of a painful judicial error, committed eleven years ago. At that date a murder was perpetrated on the person of Mme. Doudovovitch, wife of a General, and suspicion fell on the lover of the victim's maid servant, a man named Kiseleivitch. This person was tried by a Court Martial, condemned to be shot, and afterwards executed. It now appears that the real murderer of the lady has been discovered, and has confessed his crime in furnishing proofs of the truth of his statement.

— A new combination in the coal trade is likely to be formed. Should it be successful it will give the entire control of the coal mines in the Schuylkill region into the hands of the Reading Coal and Iron Company. During the past year this corporation expended, under the charter procured last session, no less than $60,000,000 in buying collieries. At present they have an interest over mines producing 3,700,000 tons per annum, and should their proposals to other companies be accepted they will have a full control over the sale of 31,942,000 tons of coal.

— A gentleman even more an explorer than Stanley is going to publish a book called "Another World," in which he will favor us with his experience in a planet of the manners and customs of the inhabitants, their laws, etc. We hope he will also give us the last theatrical news, literary *on dits*, and Court and fashionable movements. Next to the voyage of Babil and Bijou to the moon, this will be the most substantial proof of the planet being inhabited.

— The other evening, as the Rev. G. T. Valentine, Vicar of Holme Eden, was preaching in St. Mary's, in Carlisle, his hair caught fire by one of the gaslights which project from a pillar near the pulpit. The reverend gentleman had sufficient presence of mind to give no indication of being conscious of the fact, and quietly allowed the flame to expire of its own time.

— An artist who has painted a portrait of a gentleman noted for his frequent libations, invited the gentleman's friends to see it. One of them, who was rather near-sighted, approaching it too closely, the artist in alarm exclaimed, "Don't touch it; it isn't *dry*." "No use of looking at it then," replied the gentleman. "It can't be my friend."

— Wiesbaden gambling tables had a splendid financial year. After paying all expenses, which are enormous—5,000 francs a day, including the yearly tax of 200,000 florins to the Prussian Government—the shareholders have received interest on their capital at the rate of 107 per cent. per annum. A nice little dividend this

— The United States Government has instructed their representative at the Court of Madrid to warn the Spanish Government that unless a change of policy towards Cuba be adopted the friendly relations which have always existed between the Governments of Spain and the United States will be considerably endangered

— A new Act prohibiting the exhibition of betting lists has just come into operation in Australia. It has checked a fast-growing nuisance, which made betting easy for boys, who occasionally backed certainties with other people's money, and went to jail when they did not come off.

— They dress well in China. On the the third day of the Emperor's marriage he and his young bride appeared in dresses valued at £260,000; it may be said of considerable "Worth."

— A famous rose tree in the Island of Ceylon is eighty feet in circumference and fifteen feet high. It has been known to bear two hundred roses in full bloom at one time.

— Writing on the late excessive rainfall, it is estimated from careful calculations that the fall in England last year amounted to 60,000,000,000 tons.

— A young gentleman of twenty-five recently married a lady of forty-two in Minnesota, and now sues for a divorce because she "chastises" him.

— At a recent fashionable wedding in New York, the groom, after the ceremony, lifted the bride's vail and presented her to the clergyman to kiss.

— At a recent marriage a novelty in the bridesmaid's gloves was introduced. To the back of the gloves a small, compactly-made rosette was attached.

— Upon the marriage of Miss Wheat, of Virginia, an editor hoped that her path might be flowery, and that she might never be thrashed by her husband.

— A New York paper says that the sparrows imported into that city from England have grown several shades lighter in color since their arrival.

— Henry Ward Beecher says that more lies have been told about him, every year of his public life, than would shingle a cathedral.

— The people of Jasper County, Mississippi, recently voted against a railroad lest the locomotive should scare the deer out of the county.

— In Marseilles a hairdresser has been sued for $400 damages because he unfortunately dyed a lady's hair violet instead of red.

— In Cincinnati there is said to live a man so bow-legged that he has his trowsers cut with a circular saw.

— A new line of steamers is to be started connecting New Orleans and Liverpool.

SAN FRANCISCO POST OFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	ARRIVE A.M.	ARRIVE P.M.
Alameda		3 40		1 .0
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co.'s steamers	....	8 40		9.00
Cloverdale and Coast Points	-	1 40	11 15	
Eureka	-	1 40	11 15	
Marysville and Sacramento	6.20	3 40	5.00	9.00
Napa Route via Vallejo		3 40	12.40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6.20	.	..	9.00
Oakland	6.30	3.40	----	8.00 9.00
Overland	6 20			9.00
Petaluma and Coast Points		3 15		2 15
San Rafael	9 15		9 40	
San Jose	8.00	4 15	9.30	6.00
Southern California and Arizona	8 00			6 00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3 40	3 40	9 00
Vallejo and Benicia	7 00	3 40	12 40	9 00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		3 40		2 40
Great Britain, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays		9 00		

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m till 6.30 p.m On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p. m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P.M.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER CITY INDEX AND PURCHASER'S GUIDE.

This is the handsomest and most useful work ever published in this city. It contains a full and complete list of city, county, state and government Officials, and other important information of a like character. AN INSURANCE DEPARTMENT, specifying the companies entirely reliable for the Safest and Speediest Recovery of Losses by Fire, Marine Disasters and Lapse of Life, is a special feature. THE PURCHASER'S GUIDE.—A most valuable and unique department of the work contains the names of the principal Capitalists, Merchants, Professional Men, Business Women, Manufacturers, Storekeepers and Traders in every branch, with their places of business. In this particular Department the reader can see, at a glance, where to Find the Best and Cheapest Articles required for Domestic Use and Household Purposes, such as Groceries, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Millinery Goods, Furniture, Hardware, Crockery, etc. If you want a Love of a Bonnet, a choice Leg of Mutton, a first-class Lawyer, an eminent Physician, Agricultural Implements, Mining Machinery, or anything else among our ten thousand daily wants, you can find where to get them by easy reference to the PURCHASER'S GUIDE. This Matchless Business Pocket-Book is only 2½ by 4 inches, containing 200 pages. It is picturesquely covered, etc. Price, 10 cents per copy; $60 per Thousand. Sept. 28.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 14.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO, Sansome cor. Bush, S.F.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, Capital Bourbon, National Bourbon, Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.

BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec. 9.]

G. W. CHESLEY & CO.,

G. W. CHESLEY.] [J. S. JONES.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Fine Wines and Liquors. Sole Proprietors of CONDURANGO BITTERS. 414 Front street, San Francisco. 51 Front street, Sacramento. August 17.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

REDUCTION IN GAS.

Office of the San Francisco Gas Company, March 15, 1872.—Notice is hereby given that on and after this date, the price of Gas will be reduced from Four Dollars and Seventy-five Cents ($4 75) to Three Dollars and Fifty Cents ($3 50), per Thousand Cubic Feet. [March 23.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

FOLEY & FLORANCE,

North Beach Livery Stable, Powell Street, below Filbert, San Fran-cisco. Carriages to Let. Horses taken on Livery. All orders left at the stable promptly attended to, day or night. Clarence's St. No. 119 stand on California street, opposite 422. All orders left there will meet immediate attention. Nov 30.

A. ROMAN & CO.,

ANTON ROMAN.] [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Fran-cisco, California. Jan. 1.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug 17.

Caprice.

She hung the cage at the window;
"If he goes by," she said,
"He will hear my robin singing,
And when he lifts his head,
I shall be sitting here to sew,
And he will bow to me, I know."

The robin sang a love-sweet song,
The young man raised his head;
The maiden turned away and blushed;
"I am a fool," she said,
And went on embroidering in silk,
A pink-eyed rabbit, white as milk.

The young man loitered slowly
By the house three times that day;
She took her bird from the window,
"He need not look this way."
She sat at her piano long,
And sighed and played a death-sad song.

But when the day was done, she said,
"I wish that he would come!
Remember, Mary, if he calls
To-night—I'm not at home."
So when he rang, she went, the elf,
She went and let him in herself.

They sang full long together
Their songs love-sweet, death-sad!
The robin woke, from his slumber,
And sang out clear and glad.
"Now go," she coldly said; "'tis late;"
And followed him—to latch the gate.

He took the rosebud from her hair,
"While "You shall not!" she said;
He closed her hand within his own,
And while her tongue forbade,
Her way was darked in the eclipse
Of blinding love upon his lips.

Silly Telegrams.

[From the Australian Edition of the News Letter, Jan. 29th.]

Most absurd telegrams have been, during the past month, passing over the wires to our contemporaries in respect to steam line matters at Washington. A corrupt lobby, which, it is understood, was to receive one year's subsidy for passing Webb's bill is terribly wrath at the turn events have taken. Against the influence and character of General Burnside and of Thomas A. Scott they were nowhere. First they denied that the organization, which we last month authoritatively announced, existed. Then Burnside and Scott arrived at Washington, and, being interviewed by the press, admitted the whole facts precisely as we had stated them, excepting that larger intentions than we had ventured to give publicity to were expressed. It appears that the new organization expect to own sufficient stock in the Pacific Mail Company, which runs from here to China and Panama, to enable them to control that Company. Then we were told that personal feeling against Webb had much to do with the formation of this new organization. If this were true it would only suffice to show that with such railroad opposition the continuance of Webb's line would be impossible. But men of General Burnside's and Thomas A. Scott's calibre don't enter into speculations of so large a nature from motives of mere personal feeling. Again, we were gravely informed that Mr. Anthony Trollope's visit to Australia was as an employee of the London Post Office, and its object was to induce the Colonies to have nothing to do with the San Francisco route. This silly statement was at once exploded by General Burnside's testimony that the Right Hon. Robert Lowe had intimated some time ago to the agent of Victoria that "if the Colonies were satisfied with the Webb line the home Government would contribute £20,000 per annum towards its maintenance," an American line though it was. Then we had the stale news hashed up that Mr. Vogel had again obtained office in New Zealand, but to that was added the statement that he was a "firm friend of the Webb line, and that his accession to office ensured the success of the service." This statement was made, it is alleged, on the faith of a telegram received by Mr. Webb himself. We venture to think Mr. Vogel will not be too much obliged to his friend for this use of his name throughout the American press. These are only a few of the many silly telegrams that have been flying about, and it is feared here that equally absurd messages have been sent to the Colonies. Our friends will do well to be on the lookout for *canards*.

Large Diamond.

The discovery of a diamond of enormous weight is reported from the Cape. It is said to be of 288 carats, in color a light yellow, shape good, though slightly flawed on the surface. The actual value—or, perhaps we might say, rank—of this brilliant remains to be proved, and much may depend on the opinion of home experts. But in weight it surpasses all known stones. The great Russian diamond weighs only 193 carats, and the Pitt diamond only 136. The Koh-i-noor was originally enormous—800 carats—but was "cut down" by a Venetian jeweler to 279 carats, which was its weight when exhibited in London in 1851 at the Great Exhibition. It was recut the next year, and now weighs 102¼ carats. The importation of Cape diamonds has tended to a great depreciation in the value of the inferior kinds, with which they more largely compete; yet we believe that there has been no falling off in the value of the higher qualities of precious stones.

Little by Little.

One step and then another,
And the longest work is ended;
One stitch and then another,
And the largest rent is mended;

One brick upon another,
And the highest wall is made;
One flake upon another,
And the deepest snow is laid.

— The Australian correspondent of the London *Era* writes: "Mr. Kennedy, the Scottish vocalist, assisted by his family—two sons and two daughters—made their bow to their Melbourne audience on the 2d of July, at the New Temperance Hall, Russell street, and received quite an ovation. Indeed, I never witnessed any entertainment that went off so enthusiastically. I presume all the Scotch people in the colony must have been present. Of course, Mr. Kennedy, senr., is the principal attraction. As a conclusion to the entertainment, 'Auld Lang Syne' was sung, and the audience was so thoroughly carried away by their entertainer that they all stood up—men, women, and children—and sang together as lustily as ever they had done on the tops of the hills of their native land."

— The following is "cute" reasoning on progress in transportation: "I can recollect ten or twelve years ago, that if I started from Bosting on Wednesday I could git to Philadelphy on the next Saturday, makin' jist three days. Now I kin git from Bosting to Philadelphy in one day; and I've been cal'latin' that if the power of steam increases for the next ten years as it has been doin' for the last ten years, I'd be in Philadelphy jist two days before I started from Bosting."

— On a recent trip of one of the Illinois river packets—a light draught one, as there were only two feet deep of water in the channel—the passengers were startled by the cry of "Man overboard!" The steamer was stopped, and preparations were made to save him, when he was exclaiming, "Go ahead with your darned old steamboat! I'll walk behind you."

— Dr. Dio Lewis gives the following cure for dyspepsia: "Have a right good talk, with a funny anecdote or two, and half a dozen hearty laughs with each meal. This eating alone at a restaurant and shoveling in the provender in solemn silence, will give dispepsia to an ostrich, and create a feeling of despondency in the stomach of a quartz mill."

— Small boys in Bangor, Me., supply themselves with pocket money by leaving parcels of their own devising at people's doors, marked, "Pay the boy ten cents."

— A New York firm last year imported fifteen million goose-quill toothpicks.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly; Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon. Aug 16.] WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 217 Sansome street.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

E. F. CHILD,

Stock Broker, 603 California street, San Francisco, California. March 2.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,

314 California Street,

SAN FRANCISCO.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE

ST. PAUL F. & M. INSURANCE COMPANY, ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

GIRARD F. & M. INSURANCE COMPANY, PHILADELPHIA, PENN.

NORTH MISSOURI INSURANCE COMPANY, MACON, MISSOURI.

AMAZON INSURANCE COMPANY, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, COLUMBUS, OHIO.

TRIUMPH INSURANCE COMPANY, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF U. S. A., OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

CAPITAL REPRESENTED,

THREE MILLION SEVEN HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS!

AGGREGATE ASSETS - - - - - $6,700,000

Policies Issued on Desirable Property at Fair Rates.
Losses Equitably Adjusted and Promptly Paid.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
General Agents,

Oct. 19.] 314 California Street, San Francisco.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carts, Bugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 20.

LOS ANGELES, BY THE NEW ALL RAIL AND STAGE LINE.

July—Time Schedule—1872. Tri-Weekly, via Southern Pacific Railroad, leaving San Francisco, via C. P. R. R., MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, via Oakland Ferry, at 4:30 P.M., passing Lathrop at ... P.M., connecting at TIPTON (terminus S. P. R. R.), 250 miles from San Francisco, with the TELEGRAPH STAGE LINE, leaving at 6 A.M., TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SUNDAYS, arriving at Los Angeles next day about 8 P.M. PALACE SLEEPING COACHES will be run regularly on Trains between San Francisco (Oakland) and Terminus S. P. R. R. in Tulare Valley. Through Tickets and Sleeping Car Accommodations secured only at 2 NEW MONTGOMERY STREET, San Francisco. A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent Southern and Central Pacific Railroad.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent S. P. R. R.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent C. P. R. R.
August 3. W. G. ROBERTS, Agent Telegraph Stage Line, S. F.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares; Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc.; Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F. Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The Staunch and Favorite Steamship "Newbern," A. N. McDonough, Master, will sail on her next regular trip on ... at 12 o'clock M., from Front-street wharf, connecting at the mouth of the Colorado with the steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona, the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through Bills of Lading will be furnished, and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent, 610 Front street.
August 3.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P.M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

E. C. NEWHOFF. C. D. DUNN. M. D. CARR.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT,

Mercantile Printing House, N.E. corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets. CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF, Practical Book and Job Printers, desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now prepared to do every description of printing in the very best style of the art. Our presses and types are all new, and of the very latest styles. Give us a call. The third floor of the building in which our office is in will be rented for composition rooms, to good tenants, on very reasonable terms. Apply to [May 11.] CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 29.

THE NEWS LETTER

Is FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co, Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Landa; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamets & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co. Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

The Outcast.

BY WILLIAM ALLEN SMITH.

Is it not hell below for the "poor thing,"
Wandering alone at night, no one to bring
Cheer to the broken heart; voiceless its woe,
Bright gleams the river in unceasing flow!

Standing there shivering in the pale light,
Is an "unfortunate;" sin's baleful blight
Claims her a victim, her beauty has fled,
Long has she prayed to be with the hushed dead.

Homeless, unfriended now—oh, bitter tears,
Aimless and hopeless for all coming years,
Hard, stony-hearted, hypocritical world,
Condemn ye the victor, the destroyer uphold.

One fearful plunge, one soul-felt prayer,
So silent it moves not the dark midnight air.
The waters close o'er and murmur along,
And the bright morning breaks with the bird's happy song.

Christ! if thou reignest in heaven above,
Is not this a child of thy undying love?
Wilt thou not wash her pure 'neath the dark flood?
Spurned by her own race, yet saved by thy blood.

God! may the dark way she trod all alone
Usher her into thy heavenly home;
For thou hast promised the weary heart rest,
If repentant, redeemed forever thy blest.

Chime, ye vesper bells! kneel, ye gilded "caste!"
Think not this mock of Christ at judgment will pass;
Curl on those proud lips in high, lofty disdain,
For thee—yes, for thee—Christ suffered in vain.

The Effect of Gold Discoveries.

Since the days when the sons in the fable were rewarded for obeying their father's dying request to search for treasure in the garden, the precious metals and stones have been wonderful agents in advancing wealth, civilization and colonization. The utilitarian who regards personal adornment, when it assumes the shape of carrying metals and stones in one's ears or nose, or slave-like chains around one's neck, as remnants of gross barbarism must still admit that the artificial value placed upon precious metals and precious stones has been the chief cause of discovery and colonization. Without going back to the days when ships went from Palestine to Tarshis, we may touch upon some main incidents of which we have a complete history and glance at the influence of the precious metals on the history of the world. To tap the wealth of the Indies, to find the mines from which the gold for Solomon's temple was dug, was the object alike of the great father of discovery and the succession of bold Portugese navigators who spread along the Western Coast of Africa, doubled the Cape, and who have left their names in India. Love of gold was the origin of the demolition of human sacrifices and cannibalism among the Aztecs, and the cause of the fall of the Inca Power in Peru. But the effects of discovery of gold in our own age has been more wonderful than any which have preceded them. Some of us can recollect Texas and California when people were few and far between, when the population consisted in great measure of outlawed Yankees, of half-caste Roman Catholic priests and the most wretched and faithless semi-Christian Indians. The land was good and inviting, and, as in Italy, man seemed to be the only growth that dwindled there. But soon the cry of gold reached the uttermost parts of the earth, and drew people from the Old World and the new, from China and from Germany. Gambling and speculation spread the news. Every outrage rendered the place more famous. San Francisco, from being a wretched monastery, grew as few towns have ever grown. Its isolation was felt at Washington and New York. Hence the Pacific Railway, the steamers to Shanghai, Hongkong, Australia, Japan and New Zealand. Within our own recollection an exploring party went from Tasmania to Port Philip and returned with the impression that the time had not arrived for planting a colony there. A small one, however, was planted, but dwindled until the surplus population of California, enthusiasts from England, and the Chinese were drawn to the gold fields of Victoria. The new fields had attractions alike for the lovers of adventure and the lovers of gold. There grew into early maturity the fine town of Melbourne; there industries, common to all Australian Colonies, rapidly developed themselves, and next to the Dominion we may call Victoria the finest of our Colonies. The great wheat fields of North America remained the home of the buffalo and the Indian hunter until gold fields drew men from England and the States. The isolation of British Columbia from the rest of the world has, however, prevented such advances being made in prosperity as its mineral and agricultural wealth would justify us in expecting. But it is the parent of the North Pacific Railway, the future road from England to China. The land of the Griquas and the Free Orange State in South Africa have caused hundreds of blunders to be made in the Colonial Office and thousands of inconveniences to the Cape Government until the diamond fields were discovered and peopled by men who thought no more of a Griqua, a Dutch Boer or a Hottentot than of a plain English digger. Then the Colonial Office stepped in and gave to the diggers such liberty as they were prepared to fight for.

So far the gold fields have been found where they have done the most practical good. If we could have pointed out a place out of India where we should have liked the next gold field to be found, we should have said near Port Darwin. The South Australian Government has long endeavored to turn the northern territory to account. It was hoped that it would become the great horse-breeding colony for India, and that it might become a colony partly of natives of India and partly of Europeans, and thus the northern portion of the great continent of Australia, as well as the southern, would soon become settled. And now news comes to us that gold in large quantities has been found at this very place. Thus gold discoveries will speedily cause the far off and unknown portions of the world to fill up and become the prosperous homes of millions.—*Overland Athenæum and Daily News.*

Little Jokes.

We receive communications of every name and nature, and a fair proportion of them are all about precocious little children, children who say quaint and sometimes wise and really witty things. One now before us tells all about a Sunday school scholar, only six years old, who was asked by his teacher "why they took Stephen outside the walls of the city to stone him to death?" The little fellow was silent for a moment, as though absorbed with the problem, when, brightening up suddenly, he replied: "So they could git a better crack at him." Charley Richards, one of our chattiest correspondents, sends us the sketch which follows. There lives near by here one of those nondescript characters commonly called old maids, Hannah Griswold by name. Hannah is not the most brilliant female that has ever stepped upon earth to make the heart of man rejoice, but still she has a destiny to fill, no doubt. This good maiden's ambition has always been to marry, but the fates have been adverse, and she has been obliged to play her little game thus far all alone. One of her neighbors, who knows full well Hannah's ambition, told her, if she could look away over to Farmer Sheldon's barn, some three miles off, and see a hen's egg on the gable end of it, she would be married within sixty days. Taking a commanding position Hannah commenced her gaze of love. After a long and earnest look, she was asked "if she could discover the egg?" "Well," said Hannah, "I can just make out the outlines of the egg, but I can't see the barn."—*London Mirror.*

— On the occasion of the last annual market in Dorneck, St. Gall (says the *Swiss Times*), an innkeeper, while carving a California ham, came upon a nugget of gold of the size of a walnut. The lucky find, weighing 151 grammes, proved to be of the finest gold. It is well known that various hard substances find their way into pigs' stomachs, but the discovery of a nugget in a ham shows that there is something new under the sun.

— The rental of Edinburgh for 1872-'73 has been valued at £1,291,176 14s. 6d.

NOTICE TO WHARF-BUILDERS.

Office Board of State Harbor Commissioners, No. 414 Montgomery street, San Francisco, January 23, 1873. Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 10 o'clock A. M., THURSDAY, February 6th, proximo, for furnishing materials and doing the work of driving 256 piles, and laying 229,400 feet of lumber, as follows, viz: At North Point Wharf, 15 piles and 15,000 feet of lumber. At Vallejo-street Wharf, 15 piles and 15,000 feet of lumber. At Jackson-street Wharf, 170,000 feet of lumber. At La Rue's Wharf, 18,000 feet of lumber. At Howard-street Wharf, 70,000 feet of lumber. At Spear and Bryant streets, 58 piles and 41,400 feet of lumber. At Main-street Wharf, 30 piles. And 130 fender piles at the various wharves on the City Front. All lumber must be of the best quality of Puget Sound, and subject to the approval of the Engineer of the Board. Fender piles to be not less than 14 inches in diameter at the butt, and of an average length of 45 feet. Standard piles to be not less than 15 inches in diameter at the butt, and of an average length of 60 feet. Bidders will state a price per thousand feet for lumber of different dimensions, including plank caps, stringers, curbs and chocks, measured in the work, which price must include the cost of taking up and removing old lumber, a price for each fender-pile driven, sawed, and bolted, which price must include the cost of pulling up the old fender pile, and a price for each standard pile driven, sawed, and bolted. Caps to be fastened to each pile with wrought iron bolts, twenty-two inches in length and seven-eighths of an inch in diameter; outside stringers to be bolted to each cap, with bolts twenty-two inches long and one inch in diameter; inside stringers to be bolted at each end to the cap, with spike-pointed bolts, eighteen inches long and five-eighths of an inch in diameter; chocks to be bolted to outside stringers, with three bolts to each chock, five-eighths of an inch in diameter and eighteen inches long; curbs to be bolted with three-quarter-inch bolts, twenty-two inches long, and four-inch plank to be well spiked to each stringer with eight-inch spikes. The work to be done under the supervision of the Engineer of the Board, at such times and places on the water front as the Board shall direct. Payments will be made by draft on the State Wharf and Dock Fund, in gold and silver coin of the United States, from time to time, as the work is accepted and approved by the Board and their Engineer. A good and sufficient bond will be required for the faithful performance of the contract. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids, as in their opinion the public good may require. Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of the bids. JOHN J. MARKS, JASPER O'FARRELL, JOHN ROSENFELD, State Harbor Commissioners.
J. A. McCLELLAND, Secretary. Jan. 25.

SAN JOAQUIN AND KING'S RIVER CANAL AND IRRIGATION CO.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the San Joaquin and King's River Canal and Irrigation Company, held the 21st day of January, 1873, it was unanimously resolved, that in order to secure a co-operation of the citizens of California in one of the most important works for the benefit of the Agricultural and Commercial interests of the State, the President is hereby instructed to open Books for the subscription of 75,000 shares of the 100,000 shares of $100 each, capital stock of this Company, at the present cash cost of the work now done. No subscription to be received for more than 500 shares. Notice is hereby given, in conformity with the above, that Books of Subscription for the 75,000 shares are now open at the office of the Company, No. 23 California street, Room 9, during business hours, for thirty days. Capital Stock, $10,000,000, divided into 100,000 shares of $100 each. About forty miles of canal are completed and supply water for irrigating Lands bordering on the Canal. Surveys are made from Tulare Lake to near Antioch, say 200 miles, and work progressing. The Company has no debts. For further particulars and terms of subscription, apply at the office of the Company.
Jan. 25. J. MORA MOSS, President.

OFFICE OF THE TIDE LAND COMMISSIONERS,

Room No. 12, southwest corner Clay and Kearny sts., San Francisco, January 10, 1873.—NOTICE TO DELINQUENT PURCHASERS OF SALT MARSH AND TIDE LANDS. Notice is hereby given to purchasers of Salt Marsh and Tide Lands, upon which payment of the 2d, 3d or 4th installments of twenty-five (25) per cent. has become delinquent, that the same must be paid with legal interest thereon to the State Treasurer at Sacramento on or before the 25th inst. All Salt Marsh and Tide Lands upon which purchasers fail to make said payment will be advertised on the 27th inst., the money already paid shall be regarded as forfeited, and the property resold on the FOURTH DAY OF MARCH, 1873, as provided by law.
R. P. JOHNSON, EDGAR BRIGGS, C. M. STRATTON,
J. M. CURRIER, Secretary. [Jan. 25.] Tide Land Commissioners.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE, MONTGOMERY STREET SOUTH, AND LAGUNA SURVEY.

Warrants on the above funds, allowed by the County Court, will be paid at the City and County Treasury on the 15th instant, from which date the interest will cease. Holders thereof are notified to immediately file with the Treasurer a list of the numbers held by them. J. A. BAUER, City and County Treasurer.
San Francisco, January 14, 1873. Jan 18.

FRENCH MUTUAL PROVIDENT SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Twenty-sixth Semi-Annual Dividend.—A Dividend of nine per ct. per annum net (9 per cent.) upon the operations of the French Savings and Loan Society, for the six months ending December 31st, 1872, has, in conformity with the Report of the Committee of Verification appointed by the members of the Society, been declared by the Board of Administration, at the Semi Annual Meeting held on the 15th inst. This dividend will be payable on and after the eighteenth instant, at the office of the Society, 411 Bush street. GUSTAVE MAHE,
Jan. 25. Director of French Savings Bank.

DIVIDEND NOTICE

The Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Savings, No. 225 Sansome street, declared a dividend for the half year, ending December 31, 1872, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum on Term, eight per cent. per annum on Class One, Ordinary, and six per cent. per annum on Class Two, Ordinary Deposits, free of Federal tax, payable on and after January 10th, 1873. By order.
Jan. 18. G. M. CONDEE, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Savings and Loan Society, No. 619 Clay street.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend for the six months ending December 31, 1872, of nine per cent. per annum on ALL deposits, payable on and after the 15th inst. CYRUS W. CARMANY, Cashier.
San Francisco, January 10, 1873. Jan. 18.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

San Francisco Savings Union, No. 532 California st., corner Webb. For the half year ending with the 31st December, 1872, a dividend has been declared at the rate of nine and six-tenths (9 6-10) per cent. per annum on term deposits, and eight (8) per cent. per annum on ordinary deposits, free from Federal tax—payable on and after the 15th January, 1873. By order, LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.
Jan. 4.

"GERKE" WINE

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
LOWNDES & HAMLIN, Agents. Nov. 11.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 18th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox. the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand Feet.
Nov. 9. JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

POLL TAXES FOR 1873 ARE NOW DUE.

Payable at the Assessor's office, or to a Deputy.
Jan. 18. LEVI ROSENER, Assessor.

GIANT POWDER COMPANY.

The Giant Powder Company, Bandmann, Nielsen & Co., General Agents, 210 Front street. Nov. 21.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 16, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

Social Gossip.

Dear News Letter:—The only event of social importance that occurred in the last eight days was the "German" last Friday. As usual, it was a very enjoyable, pleasant affair. The county of San Francisco was well represented, and the strangers present declared they had never been among such a lot of pretty girls. It is a fact, our girls are pretty, charming and amiable, and if they would but dissipate a little less they would be the queens of beauty. That is what strikes all new arrivals, the want of freshness apparent in those pretty faces. The ladies were all nicely dressed, the music was good, there was a great deal of *en train*; in fact, it was a success. Who was there? Well, nearly everybody. Pretty Miss McD., with her beautiful "auburn" hair hidden under an inch of flour. Mrs. X., with her everlasting bridal dress. It is now fully five years since her "happy event" took place, and still does she appear at every party in that wedding dress. I am surprised she does not still have her orange blossom wreath entwined in her hair. She has as much right to wear it as that Eastern bride who was there, even if she has been longer under the yoke. Miss deL. was there also. She is not exactly pretty and is not a very good waltzer, but she is rather nice looking and deuced pleasant. She chats sweetly, and if she would only keep her hair off her forehead she would take. Of the married ladies, there was quite a number of pretty ones. Of home folks, the best looking were the three Mrs. B.'s. The Baltimore couple was there. People say they are newly married; it does seem so. There appears to be a tacit understanding between them to flirt as much as possible. Differing with everybody else, I think she is quite good looking. He is a handsome man and dresses well, but he ought not to wear his shirt-studs in a bunch. His cousin, the 50-year old beau, was very attentive to her, and introduced him around as "my cousin, who was an officer in the Confederate army." He might abbreviate and say *a la* Solon Shingle, "who fit into the Rebellion." Everybody was glad to see Mrs. P. there. She is a universal favorite, and having been sick lately, her reappearance was a pleasure to every one. The painter's wife's sister was there. What delicious lips she has! My politeness does not permit me to doubt of their genuineness. There was more flirting than at any of the former parties and several corners were occupied. The most determined one of all was that carried on by that nice, black-mustached fellow, who owes his success not only to his good looks, but also to his tailor. He is a married man, and his wife is one of the sweetest creatures living, but she was not there; and if I can slightly alter Shakspeare for the occasion I will say, "She was wise, if I can judge of her." The flirtation was so deep that they could not see well what was going on around them. I confess I envied the gentleman and would like to have been in his place. The room was very warm and everybody was thirsty. The committee had very thoughtfully furnished some champagne bottles for the gentlemen, and we drank no less than three gallons of—water! A little after 2 o'clock everybody went home happy and content. I met the Occidental blondes a few days ago in the street and they were really splendidly dressed. One of them was at the Alhambra the other night and had a pretty pair of diamond ear-rings on. Invitations are out for a party next Tuesday at the ex-Mayor's, and the ex-Governor and bank manager is to give a grand ball on the 24th. Those are the only two "blow-outs" in perspective, as the great wedding is not to take place; it is going to be quite private. The calico ball is going to be full and mixed. I'll gladden your ears with the details next week. It has been so dull that I have no more to report. So long, Bob.

Theatrical, Etc.

California Theater.—Frank Murdock's play of *Only a Jew* has drawn large houses all the week. It is a play in which the pathetic and the comic are so mixed up together that the one relieves the other. Raymond, as "Uncle Nathan," a Hebrew pawnbroker, is capital, especially in the part where the comical comes in. He is well supported: Mestayer as "Jeemes Chunks," a housebreaker, and Williamson as "Crankley," a sneak thief, could not be better. Little Miss Wilson, as "Prinks," acts with a natural ease and grace that many an older actress might envy, and would do well to emulate. In *Toodles* Raymond again appeared, and the roars of laughter that greeted him testified to his merits plainer than words could do. In the drunken scene he is too comical for anything, and acts so naturally that we fancy he must "know how it is himself." Next week, Gilbert's new comedy, *Pygmalion and Galatea*, will be produced, and will no doubt have a big run.

Alhambra.—The sensational drama of *Diedrich; or, Life in New York*, is filling this house to overflowing every evening, and those who attend are compelled to laugh will I nill I at Johnny Allen's and Little Mac's quaint oddities. This is the last week of these clever artists in their Dutch sensation pieces. Next week they will join their forces with the Great Emerson Minstrels, and with *Allen* on one end and *Emerson* on the other, with Little Mac in the olio, will make this the greatest combination ever offered by any manager, and we know that the *Napoleon Maguire* will be well repaid by the citizens of San Francisco for his kind consideration in affording them such a pleasure as they will enjoy at the Alhambra next Monday night.

Metropolitan.—*London Assurance*, with Miss Dargon as "Lady Gay Spanker," has drawn very fair houses. Miss Dargon seems quite as much at home in the character of the sporting "Lady Gay" as she did in that of the persecuted Jewess. We regret to hear that this is the last week of her engagement at the Metropolitan.

The complimentary concert tendered to Mr. Vernon Lincoln, took place on Thursday evening, in the Mercantile Library Hall. Owing perhaps in a great measure to the extreme coldness of the evening and threatening aspect of the clouds, the hall was not half filled. Those, however, who did venture were amply rewarded, if only by the treat they had in hearing Mr. Hartdegan on the violoncello, and Mr. Hugo L. Mansfeldt on the piano. Mr. Hartdegan is too well known to the public to need anything we can say in his praise, but as Mr Mansfeldt is new to our San Francisco audiences, a word about him would not be amiss. He is undoubtedly a first class musician, and we predict will make a great hit in San Francisco. His execution is perfect, and his touch delicate and light. Mrs. Robert Moore and Mrs. Lincoln Martell were both obliged to come back to an encore. Mrs. Martell has a very sweet voice and knows how to use it. Mr. Lincoln also sang two or three very pretty English ballads, which were loudly applauded.

The Royal Arches of Yosemite.

When Hill painted the "Great Canyon of the Sierras," we thought it must for years be peerless, but this "bit of Nature" tells of great wealth of resource, and versatility in its painter. The atmosphere in this picture seems to make our respiration through our organs of vision, so plainly do we *feel* the *out of door* effect. Hill is eminently an out-door painter. His pictures brace and refresh us. We "hold communion with Nature" through his genius, and feel his thoughts upon the penciled canvas. The beautiful sweep of shade down through this landscape, from its upper hights upon the right to its center and across, rising to the topmost cliff upon the left, surrounding and condensing the warm light in its center, is a good study for some of the little, shallow-brained, would-be painters, who have had the bad taste to maliciously animadvert upon that which they can never comprehend. In this picture the foreground objects hold their natural place, nor are those in the mid-distance flat upon the background, like the decolletage of school-girls. The tree-boles and their leafy crowns stand in the airy landscape, with space about them, miles away from the dim, gray walls, awful and grand, seemingly Nature's mausoleum. There is no dull opacity of sky, but blue, illimitable space, intensified by the high-reaching horizon of rock on either side against the azure ether. When "Magilp," the *Call* art-critic, eight years since said Hill would, if he lived, become the greatest painter in America, it was no idle prophecy. We congratulate Mr. Ralston upon the possession of the best picture of landscape ever exhibited upon any gallery walls in California, and feel indebted to him for his recognition of a great painter, and for retaining his *chef d'œuvre* in our young State.

The Pioneer Coursing Club.

The lovers of coursing are invited to attend the public coursing of this club, which comes off at Modesto on February 5th. The entrance money will be $5, and the drawing will take place on the evening of February 4th at Modesto. Four prizes will be run for. First prize, a Silver Pitcher, value, $100; Second, set of Silver Forks and Spoons, value, $50; Third, Silver Cup, value, $40; Fourth, Silver Dog Collar, value, $25. Any one wishing to see the sport, or run a dog, must meet the club at the 4 o'clock boat for Oakland, February 4th.

An Irreverend Parson.

The following contribution from a learned Unitarian minister we insert for its brightness whilst disagreeing with some of its sentiments:

Dear News Letter:—The last ten days hath brought forth some of the most astounding developments in the shape of miracles that hath ever been witnessed by the prayerful souls of this or any other age. Knowing, as I do, the pious proclivities of the "News Letter Corps," and being well aware that your able sheet is the great exponent of the only true religion, I hasten to give you the experience and individual reports of the prayerful five in witnessing the miraculous phenomena which has occurred and is still transpiring in our midst, causing a profound sensation in the upper circles of our sceptical commonwealth.

Let the followers of the Nazarene take courage; let the ungodly stand aghast and quake before the disciples of the Man of Bethlehem; hang out the banner of the Lord; raise the standard of the Cross and let the sacred emblem wave once more in triumph over the head of the scoffing infidel. Glory to Alpha; three cheers for Omega; hurrah for the everlasting Three. Our prayers are answered; we have knocked and the door hath swung open; we have sought and struck it; we have not flopped down on our knees for eighteen hundred years for nothing; I knew it would come, it was only a question of time; we have swung around the circle and talked with God.

We have prayed for a sign, and behold, we have manifold signs showered upon us. Excuse my exuberance of spirits, dear News Letter, but my soul is filled with joy at the successful working of miracles in our midst in these degenerate days. But to my subject. At the close of the Evangelical week, we, the zealous five, closed the little chapel at the Oaks, organized ourselves into an army of the Lord, donned the uniform of our Redeemer, and as soldiers of the Cross took the field against the cohorts of Satan. Armed with twelve thousand copies of the patent Evangelical Prayer, "corresponding to the twelve tribes of Israel," we divided our army into three divisions and took up our separate lines of march.

The Blond Sister led on the right wing, her left resting on the *Bulletin* office, with the Coast of Barbary for her base of supplies; the Azure-eyed Girl commanded the extreme left, right resting on Dow's distillery, with open communication with the Young Men's Christian Association for a base. The Parson took the field in person, commanding the center and investing the city of Oakland, leaving a strong reserve, consisting of the Pet Lamb and Deacon Scott, lying in ambush behind Wilson's rum mill. You will be enabled to see by the annexed reports from the corps commanders the effect of well-directed, persistent and determined prayer, offered in good faith and backed by a little judicious labor:

THE BLOND SISTER'S REPORT.

Sunday, in the Field near Barbary Coast

Dear Parson—E're the sun arose
I sought the sinner in his lair,
And poured upon Emanuel's foes
A copious shower of patent prayer.
And when the day-god's burning eye [vail,
Came scorching through night's dusky
We saw our prayer inscribed on high
Athwart the heavens, a fiery trail.
No glorious morning sunbeam fell
On the accursed infidel;
Lord Pickering's hall in shadow lay,
And father on across the way
The *Chronicle* lies buried deep
Within Egyptian gloom asleep.
The wicked little *Morning Call*
Is hid by darkness' sable pall,
Vague and unreal as a ghost;
The *Alta* and the *Evening Post*
Are dimly seen behind a cloud,
Enveloped in a murky shroud.

A blighting, damp and darksome shade
Is on each Sunday paper laid,
And round the *Scientific Press*
It seems a howling wilderness.
But bathed in heaven's delicious dews,
That holy, transcendental *News*
Letter in golden sunlight lies,
And round its consecrated walls
A faceless, mellow halo falls
Like day-beams over paradise.
The dwellers on the Barbary shore
Turn up to heaven affrighted gaze,
Note the red hell-mark circling o'er,
Then down each wanton falls and prays.
Through Rev. De Waverly I sent
A bomb-shell charged with patent prayer.
The Lords through fear refused their rent;
Oh, what a miracle was there!
Parson, where 'ere our effort goes
The desert blossoms like the rose.

REPORT OF THE AZURE-EYED GIRL.

Dear Parson, comforter of souls,
Onward, the glorious battle rolls,
And every hour, the death knell tolls,
For some departing sinner.
But thanks to God, and the sweet prayer,
We've snatched him from the devil's snare;
He now in heaven will have a share,
And eat with Christ his dinner.
Brother, this morning, for our Lord
To have the million over-awed,
I confess a pious fraud
Was played upon the people.
Before the dawn of early day,
I sought St. Mary's temple gray;
With stealthy step I took my way,
Far up its lofty steeple.
Thus perched on high in middle air,
I scattered copies of our prayer,
They fell like snow-flakes everywhere;
What followed, sure, will please us.

Where 'ere a holy missive stuck,
The sinner with remorse was struck:
And heavenward, like some dying duck,
He rolled his eyes on Jesus.
Then straightaway, through a rifted cloud,
I saw a figure in his shroud,
And heard a voice as trumpet loud
Proclaim his second coming.
Dumb, and awe-stricken; not a word
Was uttered not a pulse was stirred,
But through the silver rift we heard
The golden harp-strings humming.
The fight is o'er, the world is ours,
The cross floats over heathen towers.
Now in religion's sunny bowers
We'll revel unmolested.
This happy day had never come,
Dear Parson, had thy voice been dumb.
Thy wisdom, stopped the sale of rum,
And had the great prayer tested.

REPORT OF THE PARSON.

Head-Quarters, Army of Occupation, Sunday. Advance Guard in position on the shore of Merritt's Lake, near Blazes.

Dear Sisters—I've scattered, like fierce driving hail,
The great patent prayer on the wings of the gale,
It hath smitten the head of the sinner with fire,
And he trembles with fear of the Lord in his ire.
I met a big scoffer, weighing three hundred pounds;
I pass'd him a copy, he fell on the ground,
While the cold perspiration oozed out of each pore,
He said, he'd be d——d if he'd sin any more.
A wicked steam-engine swept over the road,
And a train of lost souls, it defiantly tow'd
Straight on to destruction; but on the track lay
A prayer that stopped travel on God's holy day.
Some hard-hearted boys, with no fear of a hell,
Had kettled a dog, who with many a yell
Came bounding along, where a worshiping few
Had fallen asleep in each soft-cushioned pew.
I caught the tin-kettle, and some of the hair,
And wraped them both up in a copy of prayer.
Since then, in that district, there's been no more noise;
It cured the dog's tail, and converted the boys.
Yet, alas! my dear Sisters, the truth must be told,
There is ever an old dusky ram in the fold.
Right here, in our midst, a lone widow, they say,
Plays poker each night with the meek Deacon Grey.
My lovely co-workers, farewell for a time;
We have fought, side by side, in a cause most sublime;
We've conquered; no shadow now clouds the bright day,
Except the lone game of that renegade Grey.

Yours to command, The Parson

The Oaks, January, 1873.

—— Jerry Beyea and Alonzo Von Meir are two young men of an exceedingly economical turn of mind. They recently wanted tickets to a charity ball, but didn't want to pay for them. They were clearly of the opinion that "charity begins at home." This was not enough—they asked for complimentary tickets! These fellows are too mean to live.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries

Butter, Cal., fresh ₩ ℔	50@	60
Do pickled	@	
Do Packed	@	
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ₩ doz.	40@	45
Lard, ₩ ℔	18@	20
Ham & Bacon, ₩ ℔	18@	20
Cranberries, ₩ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ₩ ℔	2@	3
Do sweet	2@	3
Lima Beans, ₩ ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ₩ ℔	20@	25
Onions, ₩ ℔	@	5
Squashes, ₩ ℔	@	3
Pumpkins, ₩ ℔	3@	5
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	25
Cucumbers, ₩ doz.	@	
Celery, ₩ doz b	75@	
Beets, ₩ doz b	25@	
Turnips, ₩ doz b	25@	
Parsnips, ₩ doz b	25@	
Radishes, ₩ doz b	25@	
Green Peas, ₩ ℔	15@	20
String Beans, ₩ ℔	@	
Apples, ₩ ℔	6@	12
Pears, ₩ ℔	6@	12
Quinces, ₩ ℔	@	
Peaches, ₩ ℔	@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ₩ ℔	12@	25
Do, new, ₩ ℔	@	
Oranges, ₩ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ₩ 100	75@1	00
Limes, ₩ doz	25@	50
Quail, ₩ doz.	2 50@2	75
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ₩ ℔	20@	25
Geese, ₩ pair	3 00@4	00
Ducks, ₩ pair	1 75@2	00
Rabbits ₩ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	35@	50
Oysters, ₩ 100	1 00@	
Clams, ₩ 100	50@	
Mussels, ₩ 100	@	
Salmon, smoked, ₩ ℔	8@	
Salmon, fresh, ₩ ℔	15@	
Codfish, ₩ ℔	12@	
Rockfish ₩ ℔	12@	
Smelts, ₩ ℔	15@	
Tomcod, ₩ ℔	15@	
Sturgeon, ₩ ℔	4@	
Sea Bass, ₩ ℔	@	
Flounders, ₩ ℔	25@	
Halibut, ₩ ℔	@	
Perch, ₩ ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ₩ ℔	8@	
Anchovies, ₩ ℔	6@	
Soles, ₩ ℔	25@	
Herrings, ₩ ℔	4@	

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 20, Stevenson's Building, S.W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

Eastern Personalities.

Republicans of New York State have carried it, says a correspondent, with the name of Grant, and yet so demoralizing are they that they have surrendered, forelock, fetlock and crupper to "the party of Reform." The Legislature is to be run so as not to offend Controller Green, the colossal Ignoramus. Yet what excuse have the Republicans? He is a Democrat, and a white-livered one at that—one of your awful nice Democrats, with qualmish stomachs and big pockets; not a vulgar thief, but only a what-you-call-'em. They take him in preference to bluff, practical, clear-headed old Chamberlain Palmer, who is a Republican. I can't get that through my head. They make an awful fuss about Palmer being appointed by Oakey Hall! But so was Green appointed by Oakey Hall! Palmer is to go out, and Green is to stay in! Then the Republicans palaver with Havemeyer, who is an out-and-out Democrat! But these fellows add to the word Democrat the word Reformer. Oh, d—— the Reformers! they are all thieves! The Republican Legislature is going to surrender to them. Havemeyer, who swears worse than I do, is going to make all the city appointments. Just you wait and see the appointments he makes, and then tell me whether or not the Republican politicians are sold. I suppose gold-pen John Foley will take Palmer's place as Chamberlain. A relative of Havemeyer and Green, who is a high-salaried clerk in the department of Parks (his name is Whittemore), is pushing for a seat as a Commissioner. Heaven save the mark! He is already a clerk at $5,000 a year; an Examining Clerk in Green's department at $3,000 a year; and clerk to the Board of Audit at $2,000 a year; and he has got Goldy's place in the Mayor's office, as Private Secretary, at about $3,500 a year, and small pickings, and yet they want him to have *more!* Oh, poor Oliver Twist! you'll twist Reform all out of shape. Young Peckham, who evidently takes after his mother, has already made ten thousand dollars out of the Oakey Hall suit, and what will he make out of the rest? John H. Strahan, a Scotchman, who has first declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and who don't know enough law to last him over night, has drawn $17,000 in one year as legal counsel to the Controller, who himself boasts of being a lawyer, and yet there is a Corporation Counsel whom Green might have had for nothing. This is Reform. They all hang their hats up on the law—say the law sustains them, and if it don't sustain them, it's a bad law. There is only one law book applicable to their case, and that is "Browne on Frauds." Then they talk about education on their side and ignorance on the other. Why, great heavens! their new Mayor writes his name, W. F. Havemeyer, with a small *f*, and I suppose that like Joe Lane, of Oregon, he spells God with a small *g*

The Harpers Brothers have published Fred. Hudson's "History of American Journalism," and although Manton Marble published in the *World*, as a review, his flimsy lecture on journalism, which hardly refers to the book, and although Stalhamer praised the book in the *Herald*, as he was bound to do, Mr Hudson has seriously disappointed those newspaper men who expected a work of genius and of power. The style is not good. It is full of French words, which, not being quotations, might have been as sensibly expressed in English. It is not dignified, and is boyish. There are many grammatical errors. The matter is in some instances interesting; but there are no theories and few explanations of the management of papers. The book is fearfully lacking in completeness. It does not mention some of the prominent journalists. Bundy, Ivory Chamberlain and D. G. Croly, of the *World*, two great journalists, and many others are forgotten. Whitelaw Reid is dismissed with the mere mention of his name, and W. F. G. Shanks, his city editor, is quoted as authority. Dana gets a chapter, as he ought to, but Amos C. Cummings does not get a word; nor George Alfred Townsend, nor Pop Mackenzie. J. C. Goldsmith is spoken of as a bright and able editor; but Charles Nordhoff, long time editor of the *Evening Post*, and S. S. Conant, once manager of the *Times*, are omitted. John Russell Young has pages given to him and to his praise, and G. W. Smalley is not regarded. Neither is John Hay. No wonder that the *Tribune* gave the book only a short and sarcastic notice. Reid was not even quoted once. According to Hudson, who ought to know, Young is Paris correspondent of the *Herald*.

A New York clergyman has delivered a sermon entitled "The Uses of Stokes." He discoursed in this style: "The man was not always what he is to-day. There was a time when he would have smitten you on the mouth if you had suggested the possibility that he should have become the tenth or twentieth hanger-on in the train of a depraved woman. He had too large a soul, too clean a taste, was too near his mother. But the dwarfing process sets in. His purity of taste is fouled, his holy love of woman destroyed. Base fires were lighted to burn and smoke where the holy flames had illumined. The fearful change goes on till impossibilities become possible, and possibilities become actualities. Once he could not have been interested in the rivalries of such baseness; such companions would have nauseated him. But his taste changed, till he could struggle with the meanest man or the meanest woman. Once you would not have dared to suggest that he could do a murder. And *he could not*. But he has changed. He cannot only do it, but remain brazen-hearted, blasphemous and defiant when it is done. Go into the chambers of his soul, and you find the law that was written there by the finger of God all blackened over by the smoke of the lurid fires of lust. We have no reproaches to heap on his head. Very hard is the deprivation of liberty, very hard the condemnation of public sentiment. Very hard is the doom of death at the hands of law. Very hard to be sent out into eternity to be herded forever with his enemies and rivals in crime, for murder does not settle your relation with a foe, he is not out of the way by any means. Very hard to appear before God to be judged for privileges wasted, powers squandered, laws broken and deeds done in the body. Leave him with a prayer for mercy in the hands of his God. But use rightly his life for an example to be shunned as to its object, development and end."

The *Mercury* gives the following report of a New York Police Court case: The first case called was that of The People *v.* Kupit Hhytequq, who, upon a scientific examination conducted by the Judge, replied to questions as follows:

Justice.—"Young man, who are you?"

Kupit Hhytqnq.—"Ching Ching ki yi vomans ish Chink hong badt vai Kum Kum."

Justice.—"What in the world does the man say?"

Officer Muldoon.—"He be one o' thim Chinemin, yer Honor."

Justice.—"O, ah, what is he charged with?"

Mary McGrath (of the apple-woman order).—"Be dad, the dirty whelp, he be the skunk that tould me he wud be me husband, and contribute to me support, and by the spurrits of all the Evangel'st, he tells me now that he thought I was goin' to keep him. Since the thirty first day of last April the divil hasn't given me a cent."

Justice.—"You should have married him on the 1st of April, and then there would be some accounting for your foolishness."

Mary (wrathfully).—"Don't call me a fool, zur."

Court Officer.—"Silence!" Doorkeeper.—"Silence!"

Justice (to Chinaman).—"Look here, young man, you don't appear to understand what is said to you; but I can't overturn the marriage law by presuming in my capacity as Judge that you didn't know what you were doing when you got married to this woman. I therefore, announce, as the judgment of this Court, that you take as affectionately as possible your worthy wife to her desolate home, and treat her in such a manner as will hereafter reflect with credit upon your countrymen."

[Exit Chinaman, looking much enlightened.]

Horace F. Clark, Vanderbilt's son-in-law and right bower, was one of the most eloquent lawyers in New York. One day, being poor, he went into Vanderbilt's office and said: "Commodore Vanderbilt, I like your daughter and she likes me, and I want your consent to my marrying her!" "Ah," said the old man cynical, "you want my money, do you?" Clark turned toward the door and said, "O, you and your daughter be damned!" "Say! young fellow!" shouted Vanderbilt, "come back here, you can have her!" So he married the girl, left law, went into Wall street, and is worth twelve to fifteen millions.

Colonel John Hay makes no bones of saying that things don't exactly suit him. He is a fine lecturer, the writer of foreign articles in the *Tribune*, and has one of the finest voices in the world. He came near going on the *Herald*. The first-class writers who have "come near" going on that paper are not a few, but they didn't go. The *Herald* has the most unintellectual crowd of pink-eyed Bohemians in America.

Congressman Phillips says he isn't behind the *Tribune*. It is whispered that Senator Sprague and S. P. Chase are. Whitelaw Reid sleeps with the life of Greeley under his head. August Belmont is behind the *World*. Croly's new illustrated paper offices are the most elegant in New York. The *World* misses Croly.

Tennie C. Claflin wears a blue sailor jacket, a jaunty cap, and is as pretty as a sunflower. She is too pretty to prosecute, but too pretty to help her sister print the nasty things in the *Weekly*. Woodhull has a Roman nose and a bad complexion, while Tennie is as ruddy as one of the rouge saucers the ladies buy at the druggists.

Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker wanted her brother, Henry Ward Beecher, to confess from the pulpit his *liaison* with Mrs. Tilton, and she wanted Mrs. Tilton to confess. Theodore told her his wife would confess, when she confessed to the something with somebody else, both of which confessions would be lies.

Willie Butler Duncan, who is giving his authority for opinions adverse to the financial management of the Government, is a banker, rich, high-toned, nearly ran for Mayor, but his high-tone ail was too much of ailment for Democracy, and he was on the Orange side in the great riots.

Theodore Tilton eats raw oysters, with ale, and takes his time at it. His sandy hair is as long as ever. When, years ago, he went on the *Independent*, he was about to become an editorial writer of the *Herald*

Thurlow Weed was ready with $50,000 to put into the *Tribune* if it could be made Administration. He wanted to weed out Liberalism.

The Administration fight on Sam Bowles, at Springfield, Mass., is said to be so heavy that Sam is cutting down expenses on the *Republican*.

Colonel Hamilton, son of the very late Alexander Hamilton, member of Mr. Washington's Administration, dresses poorly and wears long hair.

George Jones and E. B. Morgan, between them, own eighty shares of the *Times*.

Louis J. Jennings, of the *Times*, has got red hair.

General Grant don't like Mayor Havemeyer.

More Light.

We remark with pleasure the *Chronicle's* conversion to the principles of the Anti-Coolie League. (By the way, where are the other Anti-Coolies?) The editor of the *Chronicle* is the only one that makes sign in public; and this makes him resemble the rhinoceros, who looks, it is said, as if God had forgotten him—probably on account of his nose. At all events, it is better to come in late than never, and the *Chronicle* blows almost as hard as Mooney once did. Every day there is a little drop of Anti-Chinese truth from the bottomless pump of the "live paper." They eat rice, those heathen, and other nasty things; they live very close together; they work for small pay, and they keep on working; and so on, through the well-known, well-thumbed catechism of the great Irish historian, and father of assurance. All these things are true, and it is true also that the Chinese keep white people from working, we have heard this from men so very drunk that they could not help speaking the sober truth. A fearful state of things in a country so promising as ours! We do not suspect the *Chronicle* of hypocrisy. That enterprising paper is almost as frank as a paper can be. It goes in to win, and tells you plainly that it means business. We ask it then, as a business concern, whether it believes, in its secret office, that the Chinese can in any way injure the morality of our advanced community? Does it not, on the contrary, feel in its very bones that if San Francisco had to choose between its Chinese population and the members of Congress, every consideration of decency and duty should make it vote in favor of the former? The Chinese have no Credit Mobilier; but perhaps the *Chronicle* regards this as one of our noble achievements. To come nearer home, then, there is nothing in all China answering to the *Morning Call*; nothing in all the Central Flowery Land so desperately degraded as those never-ending, still-beginning affidavits. Let the writers on this unique paper walk about and lie down in safety; and no sharp editor calls for their expulsion from the land. Did anybody ever see Brother P——, or the deacon, done in Chinese? We trow not. These are not for John. We know that the Chinese do not take to American ways, do not seek to become naturalized, do not wish to rear families among us; and every man of sense must respect them for their *non possumus*. The man who pretends to look down upon them as from a hight of superior morality is either a knave, or a fool, or a hypocrite; for there is not, in Europe or Asia, a country lower in morals than the United States. The *Chronicle* is not a fool, we have acquitted it of hypocrisy; and we decline to say precisely what it seems to be.

—— "Home Memories," a ballad by Charles Bray, words by W. R. Fortier, published by M. Gray, 623 and 625 Clay street, is very pretty; the air is simple, yet musical, and the words very pathetic.

—— The Rev. Mr. Morcell, a distinguished English lecturer, is delivering an amusing lecture, entitled, "Curiosities of American Advertising." His principal illustrations are taken from the *News Letter*.

—— *Passing Events* is the very appropriate title of an excellent illustrated paper that comes to us from London. It is full of entertaining reading, and is published by T. Roberts, 300 Strand, W. C.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

February 1st—Steamer COLORADO........................ Capt. Warsaw.

There will be no departure February 16th or March 16th

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

February 7th—MONTANA, Capt. Nolan, will call at San Diego

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamers falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

INCREASED SERVICE.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:

ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, February 3d, 14th, 25th.

PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, February 8th, 20th.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO, SANTA BARBARA AND SAN PEDRO.

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M., as follows:

SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, February 10th, 21st.

Through bills of lading signed, and through tickets sold from and to all ports on the San Diego route to and from New York, Europe, Mexico and Central America at San Francisco Tariff Rates.

GUAYMAS BRANCH.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, March 4th, for Cape San Lucas, San Blas, Mazatlan, Guaymas and La Paz.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M., the 3d.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts [Feb 1st.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

— Cried Bacchus, "Of this nectar I am sick,
Go fetch me other wine, and fetch it quick."
His messenger on lightning wing then sped,
Tasted the wines of France both white and red,
Then through Germania he quickly flew,
And tasted there, alas! it would not do.
At last, near tired, for the search was vain,
He'd tried them all, e'en Portugal and Spain,
He came to 'Frisco for some Gerke Wine,
Old Bacchus quaffed his fill, and swore it was divine,
And said, "Oh, where with such wine did you meet?"
"At Hamlin's, the agent, on Market street."

Russia and England are exchanging growls, and perhaps before many months are passed Europe may be once more convulsed with war. Russia threatens England's Indian possessions, which must be protected. Being in the confidence of one of the Russian statesmen, we can inform our readers of Russia's chief reason in thus encroaching upon India. She wants to get the receipt for making the "Nabob Pickles." She can't get it, so must go to Porter, Donaldson & Co., corner of Halleck and Sansome streets, and buy what she wants.

— "Go harness my horses and call out my men,
For I fain would drive out to the Cliff House again,
But that harness is shabby, that robe's got the mange,
This thing is played out, and I will have a change.
Go quickly to Main & Winchester's store,
And order two sets, or, perhaps better, four,
And tell him to send up new robes for the feet,
From his place at 208 Battery street,
For his harness and robes look handsome for years,
Each article's better than it even appears."

The Holy Family have formed the subjects of most of Robin's splendid pictures, but after all, these pictures, life-like though they look, are only his idea of what their appearance was like. Could we now see them portrayed as we see our fellow men at Bradley & Rulofson's, 429 Montgomery street, how much more satisfactory and reassuring it would be to the doubting mind. Two or three hundred years hence people may doubt even our existence. So let us get photographed at once.

— "What find I here?
Fair Portia's counterfeit, what demi-god
Hath come so near creation?"—*SHK.*
Blest be the art that can immortalize
The art o'er which time cannot tyrannize;
That keeps in mind the dear departed's face
So true and life-like in its simple grace.
No painter's brush, no artist's labor
Can portray life like L. W. Taber.

Rest for the weary traveler, rest for the tired excursionist, cooling drinks, and cool, refreshing shade, lovely flowers, pleasant smiles, and a hearty welcome. All these and many more can be found at Thorpe's Hotel and Garden, on the San Bruno Road, where the proprietors are always glad to see their friends, and make them as comfortable as good food, good wine, good rooms, and a clear bracing air can make them.

— To make a home happy and look like a home,
You don't want fine pictures or marbles from Rome,
You want all the furniture handsome, yet strong,
To look very well and to last very long;
You don't want the backs of your chairs to fly off
If you happen to sneeze, or you venture to cough.
The best that is made, and 'tis now all the go,
Is sold on Bush street, by N. P. Cole & Co

The culinary art, for an art it surely is, and one worthy of cultivation, has been brought almost to perfection in this city. To cook anything properly, one must have good stoves, tinware, etc. These have been furnished by J. De la Montanya, 214 220 Jackson street, to nearly all the first-class private houses and restaurants, and may account for the excellent way in which things are cooked at our best houses and restaurants.

— They may talk as they like of the generous wine
That's made on the banks of the sparkling Rhine,
No doubt it's good, it should be, its dear,
And not much better than we grow here;
For Eberhard & Lachman's native champagne
Is a wine you can drink and want again.
At the corner of First and Market their store,
If you buy there once you'll want some more.

We notice that the Oil House of F. B. Taylor & Co., 113 Front street, have added to their extensive business the importation and sale of Paints of all kinds, White Leads, Varnishes, Brushes, etc., their stock of these articles being the most complete of any in the city. The above firm is one of the most enterprising among our merchants, and have attained an enviable reputation for fair and honorable dealing.

— The daintiest morsel a person can eat,
So luscious, so grateful, so wholesome and sweet,
Is the Saddle Rock Oyster, for where can you find
An oyster to equal the Saddle Rock kind?
At Emerson Corville's, on Pine street, you'll get
The finest and fatest you've tasted, I'll bet.

— Fill the goblet, fill it high
With the wine of Kentucky.
Let it be old Cutter's whisky,
(Other brands are bad and risky)
It's the same; 'twill never differ,
Pour out more, I like it stiffer.

When the demijohn gets low,
To Hotaling, the agent, go.
Tell him to send two gallons more
Of the same old sort I had before,
Below Montgomery, on Jackson st.,
You'll find him; hurry up your feet.

"Pull up, pull up," said my friend, as he drove our slashing team along the San Bruno Road. "I never pass the house of my old friend Harry Blanken without stopping to have a chat and taste some of his first-class liquors." So we did pull up, and my friend was right; better liquors I never tasted, and a heartier welcome I never got.

Horace Greeley was often heard to remark, "A boys surroundings influence his after life." On the same principle, the desk at which a school boy sits and writes all day must influence him more or less. The school furniture made by Gilbert & Moore, 219 Bush street, is universally acknowledged to be the best made.

Housekeepers who make their own bread and take an honest pride in making the best that can be made, sweet and wholesome, should try Thomas Donnelly's Yeast Powders, manufactured by himself at his factory, 315 and 317 Battery street. One trial is enough to insure none other being used.

Rochefort's Lantern is not quite forgotten, as Messrs. Bullock & Jones have presented their customers with elegant handkerchiefs with a lantern in the corner, got up in different colors. May they light up a smile on many a fair face.

Gov. Stanford's Views in Reference to Goat Island.

What [illegible] newspaper article [illegible] to Goat Island to form a girdle around the world, the man who of all others might be supposed to have the most interest in it has [illegible]. Gov. Stanford has just expressed his views before a [illegible] of the [illegible] Having quietly said his say, [illegible] Goat Island to take care [illegible] and started for home. The [illegible] of the [illegible] the committee. Gov. Stanford [illegible] he would prefer in the first place [illegible] that they might have a proper understanding of this matter [illegible] a map of the local lines in California, showing the lines of railroad as they converge after leaving the mountains from the East, and the California and Oregon line and the San Joaquin Valley line—important trunk lines—how they reach San Francisco and the shortest practicable line by which they can reach San Francisco by [illegible] and the most economical way of doing the business of San Francisco, as well as the general commerce of the United States and [illegible] as may pass on the continental lines of the road." He proceeded to point out on the map the lines upon which the business is now done between

SAN FRANCISCO AND SACRAMENTO

and east from Oregon, which he describes as a circuitous line running out within about three-eighths of a mile of Goat Island. The circuitous route, he said, was not projected by the Central Pacific Company, who had merely purchased it in an incomplete condition at a time when other parties owned the right of way in Vallejo. The company pushed it to Niles Station in 1869, intending to come into San Francisco by way of Ravenswood, if they could obtain the necessary water-front privileges, but, being thrust back 1,700 feet from the deep-water line in Mission Bay, they built on to Oakland direct instead of crossing the bay at Ravenswood.

The present circuitous route from Sacramento to Oakland was 131 lineal miles in distance, and to tap the road at Niles Station and come to San Francisco by way of Ravenswood would make it

FIFTEEN MILES LONGER,

but the heavy grade on the present line, according to well known methods of computation, practically added a distance of 32 miles to the lineal measurement, making the route now used, in effect, 170 miles long; adding to which the 15 miles of new road necessary to be constructed, in order to make all rail by this route to San Francisco, it would make the total distance from Sacramento to San Francisco via Stockton and Ravenswood 185 miles. The company desired to shorten the transportation distance 100 miles by constructing a new road from Sacramento direct to Goat Island via the Straits of Carquines, by which route or by way of Vallejo the route was only 85 miles.

THE POSSESSION OF GOAT ISLAND

was not so necessary to the Company as it was to the welfare of San Francisco, in which, Mr. Stanford said, he was greatly interested; and it was only to enable the railroad to do the business of San Francisco and of the country at large with greater facility that the Company desired the privileges proposed by the bill. They had no deep water frontage in San Francisco, and a great part of the commerce was consequently subjected to the payment of charges amounting to two dollars per ton. The Goat Island bill provided that the Company should make no charges for wharfage at their proposed depot at the Island, or for the ferriage of freight and passengers. Their present facilities for

THE TRANSHIPMENT OF FREIGHT

at the end of their Oakland wharves were insufficient; and although they had expended some $2,300,000 in extending their tracks to the deep water line, the wharves would have to be renewed at least once in every seven years, and possibly in five, the piles being [illegible] red through by the toredo; and the bottom at the end of the wharves not being soft, but consisting of a sort of Sandstone, which was not broken by the clusters of piles, it was necessary to dump in rubbish stone to maintain them, thus injuring the harbor.

In reply to an inquiry put by Senator Casserly, Mr. Stanford stated that the shoal running from the northerly end of the island was purchased by friends of the Central Pacific Company for $250,000, not on account of the value of the shoal, but to get possession of

THE ADVERSE FRANCHISE

of the Terminal Company to build a railroad across the Straits of Carquines, etc. He admitted that it was the intention of the Company to build all necessary depots for the temporary accommodation of freight, but disclaimed all intention of going into the warehousing business or erecting buildings for any other than the usual and legitimate railroad purposes to which the bill restricted them. It was the intention of the Company to concentrate at Goat Island their whole system of roads running north and south, but not to build up a town there, for if they had any such idea the estimates showed that it could be done cheaper and better by

DREDGING OUT SAN ANTONIO CREEK.

In answer to the further inquiries suggested by the California Senators, he said it was true that the Company had agreed to a proposed compromise which contemplated [illegible] the Goat Island project. In deference to strong feelings against it, raised mainly by speculators and owners of outside property who wanted to compel the Company to locate their depot at various portions of the city (North Beach, Mission bay, Visitacion Rancho, etc.) the Company had agreed not to ask the privilege of extending their pier to the island, but to enter the city via Ravenswood, if partially recompensed for the necessary outlay, and given deep water facilities, but they expressly reserved the right to

MAINTAIN OTHER ROUTES,

so as to allow shippers to determine what route they would send their goods, whether by Oakland, Ravenswood, Sancelito or otherwise, according to the convenience [illegible]. The ratification of this agreement by the [illegible] had been prevented by a parliamentary trick, an amendment depriving the Company of this reserved right having been adopted at such a time and in such a way as both to vitiate the agreement and to [illegible] thus passed [illegible]. He claimed that property [illegible] in the center of the [illegible] favorable to the Company as having Goat Island, but they were quiet while numerous [illegible] Mr. Stanford being asked why the Company did not make their present pier at Oakland and wharf [illegible] it was [illegible] at the end of the pier were not safe, and their cargoes and other freight awaiting transfer could not be insured, and because the railroad company, having common interests with the great city of San Francisco, did not desire to disturb it as a commercial center, but, by bringing their cars [illegible] a mile and a half of the city front, wished to promote its interests and make it virtually the terminus of the road.

Bulwer.

For Bulwer he will always be, while his works live, let family affairs and the law arrange matters as they may. It was Bulwer, and not Lytton, who wrote *Pelham*, *Rienzi* and the *Last Days of Pompeii*, and God knows how many other books, the [illegible] and the dread of careful parents. How [illegible] of his, with their pointed [illegible] beards, and their grand Vandyck air, [illegible] hardsome [illegible] It has never been [illegible] that we know of [illegible] Bulwer. He did [illegible] Poet [illegible] It seems absurd to say the [illegible] class of [illegible] a handsome [illegible] statesman, an orator, and [illegible] a poet. It [illegible] Schiller [illegible] Horace that [illegible] King Arthur [illegible] and the world refuse to think of him [illegible] as a poet. Elizabeth was [illegible] as a sovereign, and yet she died with *Calais* engraved upon her heart. It is impossible to doubt that the one haunting thought of Bulwer's life was his failure as a poet.

— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 1st.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London, J. A. [illegible], [illegible] Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 269 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escomte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S. Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 21 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st, E.C; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

Earth's Journey.

Father, Thou knowest best,
This thought is all my stay;
I see but just the step ahead,
Thou knowest all the way.

To me, as on I walk,
The way seems all obscure,
But Thou wilt guide my trembling feet,
And make my footsteps sure.

E'en though the darkness falls,
And hides the path from view,
Thy rod and staff direct me still,
And will my strength renew.

Father, the way seems long,
My strength is very weak,
Support me still by Thy right hand
And words of comfort speak.
—*W. C. Bryant.*

The Republican County Committee.

At last there is hope for the honest portion of the Republican party. The rule of blackguardism is about to pass away and a season of political purity is dawning upon us. For years past Wm. B. Carr and his friends have controlled the ballot-box and the Nominating Convention in our city, and the result has been that the worst and most corrupt men in the community have held office, and plunder and peculation have been the order of the day. But there is always a point beyond which human nature refuses to be driven. The public will stand much, but it will not submit to everything. The Credit Mobilier exposures at Washington appear to have been the turning point in our municipal destinies. Those infamous disclosures have reacted upon our coast, and now there is to be a radical revolution in party machinery. Some of our worthiest and purest citizens have long looked with alarm upon the increasing tendency of politics to fall into the hands of bad men, and at last they have set about doing what they can to check this dangerous influence.

Among those who have regarded all sorts of corruption with the greatest apprehension, and who have by day and by night studied over plans for its removal, we may mention Richard Chute, Esq., William B. Higgins, Esq., E. W. Casey, Esq., [illegible] and many other well known, good and public spirited citizens. At a meeting held in the [illegible] of the San Francisco Mint, on the evening of Monday of last week, it was resolved to inaugurate a new movement by the [illegible] of a County Committee to take the place of the present one. That body once [illegible] and [illegible] to accord with the people, all the rest would [illegible]. The meeting was called to order by Edward W. Casey, Esq., who stated the objects of the [illegible]. [illegible] Esq., was made President and Thomas [illegible], Esq., Secretary. [illegible] Mr. [illegible] Mr. [illegible] sent letters of [illegible] and regret, [illegible] sympathy with the movement. Mr. McIlver was absent in Washington, battling for popular rights against monopolies. Mr. John T. Doyle was likewise unavoidably absent, but wrote a letter explaining his position on narrow-gauge railroads. The meeting being organized, Wm. B. Higgins, Esq., took the floor and spoke for half an hour, explaining at length the political [illegible] He remarked that the corrupting influence of organized capital, especially railroad corporations, had gone on in its encroachments upon the rights of the people until [illegible] of the most dangerous character menaced [illegible] the [illegible] of the country and [illegible] city. [Mr. [illegible] Hear, hear.] The San Francisco [illegible] integrity and [illegible] of this [illegible] must [illegible] and wrest the party ma[chinery] from the hands of Carr and the railroad, or sink at once into an insignificant suburb of Oakland. [Tremendous applause.]

He said that he had reason to suspect, indeed, to feel confident, that money had been systematically employed in influencing elections, both general and primary, in this city for years past, and that Wm. B. Carr, in his judgment, was the man who had been the most active in the distribution; that unless the control of politics could be taken from him, there was no telling to what extent corruption might in time extend. He had prepared a set of resolutions which he believed embodied the sense of the meeting, and which he would now read. Mr. Higgins then read the following resolutions:

Resolved, That the influence of the Carr Gorham-Sargent combination of political manipulators upon the Republican Party is and has always been fraught with danger to the best interests of that party and the people, and should be opposed by all good citizens. [Mr. Gannon, hear, hear.]

Resolved, That Schuyler Colfax, Vice-President of the United States, by accepting stock in a railroad corporation as a remuneration for his services, has forfeited the confidence of all respectable citizens.

Resolved, That Wm. B. Carr has proven himself to be unworthy of the good opinion of all Republicans by conducting politics so as to reap from it financial advantage to himself, a course of conduct reprehensible in the extreme, and finally,

Resolved, That at the Primary Election to be held on the 5th of February, we will favor the election of none but the best, purest and most respectable citizens to be County Committee men for the ensuing year, and that the watchword of this organization shall ever be, Death to Corruption in every form, and Confusion to Carr and his friends.

Mr. Higgins having offered the resolution, was followed by Col. James Gannon, who took the boldest ground upon the side of good government and political purity, whereupon the motion was put and the resolution adopted amidst great enthusiasm and good feeling, and the meeting adjourned.

We have long predicted that Carr and Gorham could not forever continue in their nefarious political practices without at last raising against themselves a storm of popular indignation that would hurl them from power. And at last the storm has come, and we welcome it. It will purify the atmosphere. We venture to say that from this time forward none but good men will obtain office in this city and State. But it must not be understood that all is now accomplished, and that the public can rest supinely upon the field of victory. There remains much to be done to secure the fruits of success. One great difficulty still stares us in the face. The best and purest citizens are usually loth to take office. Where are we to find the men to elect? Col. Gannon has stated positively that he will have nothing. So has Mr Higgins. Messrs. Chute and Casey are both engaged in assisting Colonel Stevenson in another field of usefulness, in a function of such benefit to the commercial interests that we feel the public must excuse them.

Mr. Hanson, of the First Ward, would make a capital Supervisor, and Mr. Thos. Rogers would do credit to the State Senate. But these gentlemen are not millionaires, and their own private affairs require their constant and active supervision. Michael Miles, Esq., and John Reiley, Esq., will both doubtless be urged to represent the city in the Assembly; but it is understood that they will refuse for the same reason, that is to say, the urgency of private affairs. Patsy Donahue, Esq., has been talked of for Sheriff, to succeed Mr. Adams, and has, we understand, yielded a reluctant consent to allow his name to be used, provided, of course, the people succeed in beating Carr and Gorham in the County Committee election. Otherwise he will decline to participate in politics during the present year. Mr. John Martin, we are happy to state, would in like event not be unwilling to serve the city as Tax Collector. Mr. Timothy McCarthy, as well as Mr. Shrader, might be induced to stand re-election for their present positions in the Board of Supervisors. But this by no means makes a complete list of officers required. And it behooves all good citizens to occupy their minds with reflecting upon suitable candidates to be put forward in case we succeed in shaking off the rule of the Carr-Gorham-Sargent ring, and once more come back to our pristine purity.

The County Committee election takes place on the 5th of February, and all good citizens will be expected to turn out and take part. "Who would be free must strike the blow." Messrs. Higgins and Gannon are in earnest, and will never pause till they effect a complete revolution in the politics on this coast.

— The scarlet woman, the harlot *par excellence* of the nineteenth century, has had the honor of lecturing before a Sacramento audience. With hands red with the blood of a fellow creature; with a heart corrupted and polluted by the lechery of years; with a soul as unclean as ever defied the Omnipotent, she poured out her venom upon an audience of three hundred people, and was applauded! We never had much of an opinion of Sacramento. It is needless to say we have lost the little good opinion we ever had. If they will only invite Laura to make Sacramento her permanent place of abode, we shall consider decency avenged.

— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 1st.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with [illegible] in the manufacture of DONNELLY'S YEAST POWDERS has [illegible] imitation. The public are hereby [illegible] Yeast Powders [illegible] Battery and Front [illegible] Yeast Powders are manufactured [illegible] Pure Cream of Tartar [illegible] Saleratus [illegible] Battery and Front, and all manufactured [illegible] purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public [illegible] years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.

THOMAS DONNELLY.

San Francisco, January 25, 1873 Feb 1

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. [illegible] Stage Manager, [illegible] Musical Director.—Saturday, February 1, and every evening—Best performance in the city. Endless variety. Look at the programme.—Lillie Hall, the dashing. Jennie Johnson, the charming. First appearance of MISS LILLIE HALL AND [illegible] Larkin and Armstrong [illegible] Verner, the comic. Cogill and Cooper, the dance fiends. Matt Kelly as "The Coal Heaver." Montague, the equilibrist. "1 O'clock Train," by Cogill. First Part of Minstrelsy. Interlude, concluding with the CAPTAIN'S NOT A-MISS. Full Cast. See programmes. Admission, 25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. Feb 1.

MAGUIRE'S OPERA HOUSE.

Washington st., above Montgomery.—New Combination of Italian Opera Company, for a brief season only. Arrival of the distinguished Baritone, and positively first appearance in America of SIGNOR ENRICO PARDINI. First appearance in Opera in this city of Prima Donna Contralto, SIGNORA SPERANZA. Signorina Adelina Speranza, Pietro Bacci, Miss Anna McKenzie, Signor Fulvio Rigo, and Grand Chorus. Conductor of Orchestra, MAESTRO D. SPERANZA. Manager, CHAS. ALPERS (who also furnishes the Orchestra.) Saturday Evening [illegible] MARIA DI ROHAN, grand Opera, in three acts [illegible] Feb. 1.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer; Bob Hart, Stage Manager; Geo. T. Evans, Musical Director.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. Houses crowded from pit to dome! Hundreds unable to gain admission! The celebrated Dutch Comedian and character actor, JOHNNY ALLEN. The beautiful Comedienne and Vocalist, MISS ALICE HARRISON. And the world famed LITTLE MAC. Will be presented, the thrilling Sensational Drama, in four acts, entitled DIEDRICH; Or, LIFE IN NEW YORK. Feb. 1.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St. above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Afternoon, February 1, Rip Van Winkle Matinee. Saturday Evening [illegible] RIP VAN WINKLE. Mr. [illegible] Raymond as "Rip Van Winkle" [illegible] Company. Monday Evening, February [illegible] "The Palace of Truth," the delightful Comedy, PYGMALION AND GALATEA. Feb 1

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—F. G Bert, Proprietor and Manager; [illegible] Business Manager, W. J. Coggswell, Stage Manager; Chas. H. Schmitz, Musical Director.—Saturday Afternoon, Feb. Last Miss Dargon Matinee. Saturday Evening, will be presented [illegible] thrilling story, dramatized by Terry, GUY MANNERING. Miss Augusta Dargon in her great character of "Meg Merrilies." Will shortly arrive, MISS MARIAN MORDAUNT. Feb 1

"SPIERS & POND,"

239 Kearny street, cor. of Bush, San Francisco. Wines, Liquors and Cigars, Tea and Coffee. Lunch at the usual hours, and Refreshments at all times. The comfort of the domestic fireside, the graces and courtesies of the drawing room, the freedom of the

C L U B.

Refreshments at all times, and Lunch at the usual hours. Tea and Coffee, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, 239 Kearny street, corner of Bush, San Francisco.
Feb. 1. "SPIERS & POND."

NOTICE.

All Property-Owners to whom damages have been awarded for lands and improvements taken for the opening of Montgomery Avenue, will take notice that they are entitled to bid for Montgomery Avenue Bonds in amounts equal to their awards. All bids must be sent to the Mayor, Auditor or Treasurer, on or before MONDAY, February 3, 1873, at 12 o'clock noon.
WM. ALVORD, ALEX. AUSTIN, R. H. STRETCH,
Board of Public Works.
Feb. 1.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 512 California street, South side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

THE HIBERNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY,

Northeast corner of Montgomery and Post streets, San Francisco, January [illegible] At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Society held this day, a Dividend was [illegible] on all deposits at the rate of eight per cent per annum, for the six months ending with January [illegible], 1873, payable immediately, and free from Federal tax. Feb 1. EDWARD MARTIN, Secretary.

THE LATEST ARRIVAL.

400 Cases per Steamer Montana, from Liverpool, of the favorite English Relish, NABOB SAUCE, NABOB PICKLE.
PORTER, DONALDSON & CO., Sole Agents,
Feb 1 Corner Sansome and Halleck.

WEBER PIANOS,

At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. ☞ These Pianos have a world wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb 1.]

THE CALICO BALL TO-NIGHT.

Notice.—The Aladdin Quadrilles, the Aladdin Schottische will be played for the first time. In print at Gray's Music Store. Feb 1

THE OFFICE OF THE CEDERBERG GOLD MINING CO.,

And Manhattan Marble Co., of California, is removed to No. 319 PINE STREET. [Feb. 1.] D. M. BOKEE, Secretary.

[C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE. [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 445 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

OUR LETTER BOX.

"Jones" and Melbourne "Punch."

To the Editor of Melbourne Punch.—We have duly received the copy of *Punch* you sent, containing an article entitled "Jones," which is addressed to us and signed by you. Courtesy perhaps requires that we should answer it, though we would much rather have been spared the task. As the *News Letter* is nothing if not polite, we should have been glad if this exchange of sentiment between us could have had reference to some more congenial subject. We desire to cultivate friendly relations with our cousins in Australia. We respect *Mr. Punch*, your venerable parent of Fleet street, and could have wished to have hailed you as a worthy scion of so noble a progenitor. But you are not. He has always been above dirty acts. The effusion we are replying to convinces us that you are a mean, cowardly scallawag. That's unavoidably polite, or otherwise we should have employed a phrase that would have more adequately expressed the loathing we have for a man who sends his malice to the afar off and to injure one of whom we know nothing except that he seems to be industriously, though not too successfully, engaged in the endeavor to get an honest livelihood. When your unmanly attack upon this "Jones" of yours is all boiled down, what does it amount to? Your first sneer is at the curvature of his legs, resulting, as you are careful to tell us, from his early employment as a tailor. We fear that the closest examination would fail to reveal about your body that or any other sign of having followed so honest an employment. It is evident that you know nothing of the spirit which pervades men's minds in this country. Here, labor is above all things honorable. To bear upon your person the marks of industry is to carry about with you an indelible certificate of character. Our late President was a tailor, the martyr Lincoln was a rail-splitter, and the great soldier who is the present head of our nation was a tanner. The fact that you thought it worth your while to get off such a sneer would seem to indicate that you think such things effective with your people. We sincerely trust you are mistaken. If in a young country like yours you are not a working people, you can't be much else that amounts to any good.

You gave us this piece of gratuitous advice: "Button up your pockets, don't believe anything he says, and pass him on as soon as you can. He's a bad egg." If this is true, we can only say that those who repeatedly selected this man to be the recipient of the highest honor that can be conferred by a free people must be a queer lot. This charge is a boomerang which comes back to injure him who hurled it. He's an ill bird who fouls his own nest. We have before us a volume of your publication for 1867-8, and certainly if the amount of space you thought fit to allot to particular public men bore any proportion to their relative merits, then indeed must this Jones have been the man of most consequence in your community. In one of your cartoons he is represented as a giant whose popularity is about to swallow up that of all his compeers. In those days you seemed to enjoy "a bad egg." You tell us he was "expelled from Parliament," but why not let us know the whole truth? You might have mentioned the reason for this expulsion. If you had told us that it was for receiving £50 to aid him in an election contest from people who differed from him on certain political principles, we should have better understood the case. If you had told us that, our credulity would have been severely taxed, for we could hardly imagine such high-handed proceedings possible. In this country such a political contribution would not even have excited an unfavorable criticism from the press. Then why did you not tell us that this expelled member was immediately returned back to Parliament by one of the largest and most cosmopolitan constituencies in your country, and that, too, against a most popular Cabinet officer? You gave us a little advice. Accept a word or two in return: "Wash your dirty linen at home." This is not the first time you have flaunted your filthy rags in our face. We have no desire to judge of your people as harshly as you would lead us to do. Here men will be insured a fair field, and will be judged by the record they make amongst us. You tell us Jones has not provided for his family. No wonder, if the poor devil has long been hounded down after the style of your article. We have a practice in California which we have hitherto warred against. It is that of "putting holes in people." Henceforth our opinion is changed; you have converted us. We now see that the pistol, bad as it is, is necessary to make some men decent, and you are just one of those men. There, that is the opinion held of you, you mean, cowardly sneak, by

THE NEWS LETTER.

Narrow Gauge.

Ed. News Letter.—In my communication of January 8th, I plainly stated that I was prepared (through your columns or any other) to enter upon a discussion of Gauges, *providing the champion of the wide gauge would announce his ideas over his own signature, and that I stood ready to prove the superiority of the Narrow Gauge over the standard in every substantial particular.* In your issue of the 25th, "Investigator" appears, and after claiming the authorship of the article which suggested my former reply, says *he* will not weary the *News Letter* with any elaborate or detailed replies to my propositions, and will wait until *I have tried* to prove what I stated I could in my former communication. I don't know who "Investigator" is, and don't care. I stand ready to argue the Gauge question with him, but I cannot enter into a discussion with a person who hides himself and his responsibilities behind a *nom de plume*. Fair play is a jewel, and my desire is to argue this question with a *wide gauge* advocate who is *not afraid* to further his own ideas. As "Investigator" seems to be *on the fence* as well *as in the dark* regarding the gauge question, I will add the following simple sum in Railroad arithmetic for his information, and when he accedes to my proposition, I will undertake to answer all his questions in detail and satisfactorily to any one not directly influenced by connection with the present standard gauge.

Surveys will cost less on narrow gauge because the cost of engineering is governed by the length of time that the service of engineers are required in *locating* and *constructing* a line of railroad, the principle expense being on *construction*, and as a "narrow gauge" can be constructed in a less time than a wide, the engineering expenses must necessarily be less. As regards fences, "Investigator" misunderstood my proposition. He infers that I claim *less fencing* in a "narrow gauge" than in a wide. This is his mistake in my favor. I correct him by making the "*absurd assertion*" that the *same length of fence of the same dimensions*, and *alike in every respect*, will cost less on the narrow than on the wide, *for the reason* that a fence is never built in advance of the railroad, but generally follows after the rails are laid. A mile of double line of fence will weigh about sixty-five tons, and as transportation can be sustained for *less cost* on narrow gauge than on wide, the first cost of fence along a line of narrow gauge railway, and its maintenance *forever after, must be less* than on a wide gauge; not, perhaps, to any very large amount at first, but whatever it is, *it is on the side of narrow gauge.* The same facts will apply to telegraph poles and wire, and for all materials used for constructing stations, etc., that is hauled over the road. If "Investigator" will investigate the above and let me hear from him next week (in the manner I propose), I will have a few more sums for him, equally as simple to prove. I cannot afford, and do not intend, to fight a shadow, and if "Investigator wants direct answers from me, and my reasons for same, he can have them by applying through the *News Letter*, over his own name. Yours truly,

E. N. Robinson.

San Francisco, January 27, 1873.

Letter from New York.

New York, January 19th, 1873.

Dear News Letter.—Tyndall has been the rage here lately. He has a fine Hibernico-Anglican brogue and the Vitus's dance, otherwise no is the philosopher. His assistant, Mr. Cottrell, appears to be a very capable man, but he does not most miserably patronized by the Professor, who damns him with faint praise, or, what is more likely, praises him with faint damns.

The following extract of the choicest bits of his six lectures will give you a fair idea of the "unjo-latry theory."

LECTURE BY PROFESSOR TYNDALL.

Ladies and Gentlemen: I propose this evening to give you some ideah of the 'xtrordinary action of the rays of laight when passing through synchronous and mutual chromatics.

In paoint of fect, it is neces'ry, in ordah to—ah—meck it pufickly clear, as regards the invecible rays of the spectrum, that we consider the caytous supposition that the polarizah will gredjily strenthen the amount of raj'ant heat in a copi'ah wiah, as a preliminary to a more extended inquiry into the verr yous facts of the unjo-latry theery.

Mr. Cotthrell will now throw a beem of laight upon the scrheen. Laight down. Yes, there it is. I don't know, I'm shaw, whether we can do it, but I place upon a cherling-fork a bit of sojah, and we should perceive upon the scrheen the vibrations of the molecules. Yes, there they ah, as it wah, projected entirely by the vibrations of the molecules of the bit of sojum which I placed upon the chirling-fork, thus illustrating in a most forcible manner the strenth of the unju-latry theery. Laight!

I, ah—we, ah—we will now—ah try another experiment. Mr. Cotthrell will now throw a beem upon the scrheen. Laight down! Yes, there it is. We will now place a bit of gun-corton within the red rays of the spectrum, and at the same time we put a film of mica between the analyzah and the polarizah.

Naow, if we were to place a bit of roxalt between the K'yarbon paoints, and using a number of lenzes of different powahs, we should prarbly find [Mr. Cotthrel, I wish your boots would make less noise] we should prarbly find that—ah—[don't keep the lecture waiting] we should find [that's all right, a little sharper, carefully] we should find—ah—we should perceive the glorious effects that are now projuced upon the scrheen. (Applause.)

Naow, that's very brilliant. Mr. Cotthrell will now reverse the current, meck, breck, meck, breck; and wot is the result? The result is this: The gun-corton is become as black as jet, the red rays are entirely quenched, and the temp'chah of the grheen rays is obviously increased. But now—and this part of the experiment requires the coolness of a General on the field of bettle—we apply this gleas jah, containing a fizzing mixchah, to the bit of gun-corton (*the gun-cotton goes "fizz," and the Professor gives a violent start*). You see what has happened, a most wonderful confirmation of the strenth of the unju-latry theery. Laight!

The credit of this experiment is jue to my assistant. This is not what I intended. In paoint of fect—laight down!—we will now endeavor to, ah—laight down!—Mr. Cotthrell will now throw a beem upon the scrheen. Yes, there it is. He has now prepared a lens which will projuce upon the scrheen a beautiful image of the K'yarbon paoints. There you see it, and were it not a gross egotism, I should say it was the most beautiful one I had ever seen—laight!—and when men of genus will devote their time to the developments of kimistry, we may expect further confirmation of the strenth of the unju-latry theery. (*The Professor bows and retires.*)

Brooklyn has also had him. H. A.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, until MONDAY, FEBRUARY THIRD, 1873, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the city and county of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1, 1872. Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each Bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in GOLD COIN OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund.

The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,244,737 26, as ascertained and certified by decree final on the 14th of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000) and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

Bonds at par to the amount of one hundred and fifty-eight thousand dollars ($158,000) have already been accepted by and delivered to parties damaged, leaving one million eighty-six thousand seven hundred and thirty seven and 26-100 dollars ($1,086,737 26) to be provided for by the sale of Bonds. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders, where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in gold coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond (excepting from bidders entitled to damages), satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the city and county of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds."

The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, November 27, 1872.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and Co. of San Francisco.
Dec. 7. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

金山唐山新聞紙

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current; Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec 24.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes, fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 604 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec 21.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $5 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—CHANGE OF AGENCY.

Having resigned the Agency of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., the copartnership heretofore existing between us under the firm name of ELDRIDGE & IRWIN, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation. Mr. S. K. HOLMAN, Assistant Agent, will have charge of the Company's business as acting Agent.
San Francisco, December 31st, 1872.
OLIVER ELDRIDGE,
RICHARD B. IRWIN.

The undersigned has this day taken charge of the Agency of the PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY at San Francisco.
San Francisco, January 1st, 1873. S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

Referring to the above notice, the undersigned will hereafter do a General SHIPPING AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, under the firm name of RICHARD B. IRWIN & CO., at No. 260 Sansome street, corner of Pine.
San Francisco, January 1st, 1873. RICHARD B. IRWIN.
Jan. 4.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

— IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

Note.—The News Letter is regularly mailed to each Hotel in this list.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pollzol.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Head, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel. A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Munton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Boltschi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.

St. Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

— A good story has been told concerning a Q C, well known on the Home Circuit. The wife of the aforesaid Q C lost a favorite poodle dog, and in her distress invoked the aid of her liege lord to recover the lost pet. Q C knew the head of the dog-stealing fraternity of London *par excellence*, so he sent for him and told him of his loss. "Well, Master Q C (was the reply) I knows your dorg well, and I think I knows how to get it. But it's a wery waluable dorg—will cost a lot of money." "How much?" "Well, £30." "Rubbish!" But after a deal of altercation Q C agreed to give £25, whereon his "friend" said, "You're a gen'elman," and the bargain was struck. "But (was the addendum) yer can't hev him for a few days." "Why not?" said Q C. "Why, yer sees, Muster Q C, yer dorg was only sold last Monday to a lord gent for twenty guineas, and as he's got to be darned fond of him, we feels bound to let him have him a few days afore we take him back agin; he must hev somthing for his money." The dog came back in due course.

— The Austrian Minister of Finance, Baron de Pretis, has laid the estimates for 1873 before the Reichsrath. It appears that the estimated expenditure for 1873 exceeds that of the past year by 25,500,000 florins, and that the estimated revenue for 1873 exceeds that of the past year by nearly 19,000,000 florins. No use has been made during the current year of the sums voted by the Reichsrath for extraordinary purposes. The financial year of 1873 is expected to close with a surplus of 3,500,000 florins. The Minister attributed this favorable financial result principally to the increase in revenue from taxes, and expressed a belief that there was, at last, a prospect of the budget being balanced. The financial statement is said to have been received with the greatest satisfaction, and the Rente rose 1 per cent. on Exchange.

— On the 22d inst. a number of officials under former Pontifical Ministries presented their respects to the Pope. The Pope said, in his allocution to them, "I say it publicly that at the hour where we are may be recalled 'Ignis, grando, nix, glacies, spiritus procellarum.' All senseless creatures listen to the word of God 'audiunt verbum Domini.' It cannot be denied that since the fatal 20th of September the potentates have obeyed the hands of God, and that He has used them not as a tender Father, but as a severe Judge." After enumerating all the disasters from storm, fire, water, which have recently occurred, the Pope concluded his meteorological observations by giving his blessing.

— The mortality in the ranks of the peerage this year has been large. Eighteen peers have died, viz. The Earl of Lonsdale, 81, Viscount Boyne, 75, Lord Clarina, 74, Lord Inchiquin, 72, the Duke of Leeds, 70, the Earl of Clancarty, 68, Lord Dalling and Bulwer, 68, the Marquis of Londonderry, 67, Lord Southampton, 67, the Duke of Bedford, 63, the Earl of Moray, 62, Lord Harris, 62, Lord Audley, 55, Lord Gifford, 55, the Earl of Carysfort, 47, Lord Hastings, 47, the Earl of Kellie, 34, and the Marquis of Camden, 31. Lord Dalling's title has become extinct, and the successors to the peerages of Camden, Hastings and Southampton are minors. During the year four new peers have been created—Viscount Ossington and Barons Ettrick, Hanmer and Selborne.

— New Year's Day speeches have been the order of the day among foreign potentates. The Emperor William, on receiving the members of his Cabinet, spoke of the recent Ministerial changes. Addressing Prince Bismarck, he said: "I have with great reluctance made some changes in your position; they were, however, necessary in order to preserve your services." Then turning to Count Von Roon, his Majesty added, "The same applies to you, Count," and thereupon he shook hands with every Minister present, requesting each to continue to afford the Empire his assistance.

— The *bona-fide* seamen serving in the Royal Navy on the 1st April, 1872, exclusive of pensioners, coastguard men, and men in the Indian troopships, numbered 17,785; the first-class boys, 4,099; and the second-class boys, 3,428, of whom 3,391 were in training ships. The number of first-class boys who entered for the first time in the preceding year was 137, and of second-class boys 3,038; while the total number of *bona-fide* seamen who entered was 514. Among 2,464 seamen who left the service there were 506 who deserted, and 600 who were invalided.

— A Roman journal says: "The Prince of Naples' carriage has been run into a second time, and by all accounts it was purposely done. The coachman was driving through the Via della Umilta and saw a cart approaching. He was driving slowly, but the carter deliberately pulled his horse so that the cart should come into contact with the carriage. The carter was at once arrested, and we hope will meet with a punishment sufficiently severe to prevent other men of his kind from committing similar outrages on a defenseless child."

— A telegram from Constantinople announces that the Sultan has authorized a loan of £23,000,000 for the completion of the railways in European Turkey and the extension of the Nicomedia line in Asia. The creation of these railways will be of so much importance to England in connection with her Eastern possessions, that there is no doubt the loan will be favorably received in this country.

— A political Christmas tree was exhibited in Paris recently. It was a good-sized fir from the Vosges mountains, torn up by the roots, with a quantity of the native soil of Alsace still clinging to it. Around this tree, richly laden with toys and bonbons, were congregated 2,000 children of Alsace and Lorraine exiles. M. Gambetta and several other deputies were present.

— The question which arose concerning the manner in which the foreign Representatives should enter the presence of the Emperor of China has been settled, the Chinese officials yielding to the demands of the foreigners. The Diplomatic Body of Pekin will be received by the Emperor on the first of the Chinese Moon.

— Herr Kaulbach, having perhaps heard of the fears expressed in Vienna that even water may run short along with everything else during the Exhibition, is painting for the Vienna Exposition a monster picture of the Deluge. It should naturally, to be in artistic keeping, have been in water color.

— The King of Portugal, in opening the Cortes, recently, said that means had been taken to punish the recent conspirators against the Throne. Measures had been adopted to cancel the floating debt. The prospects of the Treasury were good, and no additional taxation would be required.

— The German Government, which appears resolved not to be brow-beaten by the Vatican, has given warning to the newspapers in Posen and Koenigsberg, that if they publish the utterances of the Pope against Germany in his recent allocution to the cardinals they will be immediately seized.

— The aged Guizot is about to bring out another work. The subject is *Monarchy, Imperialism and Republicanism.* This veteran statesman and author entered on his 86th year last October. He has seen three Monarchies, two Empires, and three Republics.

— Mr. Gladstone completed the 63d year of his age last Sunday, having been born in Liverpool on the 29th December, 1809. Mr. Disraeli, who was born in London on the 31st December, 1805, entered his 68th year on Tuesday last.—*Court Journal of January 4th.*

— The last piece of rock in the Anglo-Maltese Hydraulic Dock is being cut at the present moment, and the completed dock will be opened with all due ceremony next month by Admiral Lord Clarence Paget, who is on his way to Malta for the purpose.

— About 135 blue-jackets are about to leave England for Australia, in order to man the colonial-built schooners destined to put down slave-dealing and kidnapping in the South Seas.

— The fever of the Czarowitch is gradually subsiding, and the strength of the Grand Duke, though weakened through the fever, remains on the whole very satisfactory.

— A new bishopric is proposed for the north of Europe, the seat of which will be at Heligoland, one for Rockhampton, Australia, and one for Lahore, India.

— The Archbishop of Canterbury has advised the reading of the usual prayer for fine weather if the present inclement season should continue.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne. See Lancet, Dec. 1, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London. "So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. Agents in New York.—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. Jo y 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *.*SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.— The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homeopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage. Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb —.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties, Pepsine the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion, in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creasote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta: Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co. Bombay and Poonah: Messrs. Treacher & Co. Kurrachee: Messrs. Budgett & Hughes. Umballa and Meian Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London. Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 2.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps; Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding; Joyce's Gas Tight Cartridges for Pin fire and Central fire Breech-loading Guns; Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. 7.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France. June 15.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press and Wood Engraving Establishment, to better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct 7.

C. L. CRACKBON.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 2.

Sunbeams.

— SCIENTIFIC STRAWS.—It is a well-known but interesting fact that the various learned and scientific societies give periodical dinners, at which there is, as a rule, no lack of mirth and music. We understand that an enterprising firm of publishers propose to bring out a volume of melodies suited to these festive times. Choruses, we, form the principal and most valuable and useful portion of the work. For instance, the Geographical might be celebrated in this form,

Sing "Go," my lads! sing "O!"
Sing Geographic So—
Society!
Lo Ieiy!
Here's Rawlinson and Co.

This, with a few changes, would also suit the Microscopical, as thus.

Sing "Mi," my boys! sing "Cro!"
Sing Microscopic So—
Society!
Lullety!
What slides we have to show!

The Antiquarian would require a more archaic arrangement

Sing "An," my boys! sing "Ti!"
Tiquarian So!
Society!
Lullety!
Old rags and bones to boy!

— A Dutchman, getting excited over an account of an elopement of a married woman, gave his opinion thus "If my vife runs away mit under man's vife, I shake him out of his breeches, if she was mine fadder, mine Got!"

— A DIFFERENCE.—A French woman said that she never loved anything "You loved your children," suggested a friend "When they were little," she replied. "And you love diamonds?" "When they are large."

— Michael Gorman, of Pontiac, Mich., has died from the effects of habitual over-eating, in spite of the warning of the disgusted doctor, who said, "If you will gormandize, why Gorman dies, that's all."

— A drunken Dutchman by the name of Cain, staggering through the streets one day, was asked if he was the man that slew his brother "No," said he, "I was the one that got slewed."

— "Are dose bells ringing for fire?" inquired Simon of Tiberius. "No, indeed," answered Tibe, "dey hab got plenty of fire, and de bells are ringing for water."

— A facetious keeper, who was taking two convicts to jail last week, when the train stopped, called out, "Step out, gentlemen, fifteen years for refreshments!"

— Josh Billings says he never knew a dog of any breed whatsumever to take hyderfoby after he had been thoroughly vaccinated with buckshot.

— What is that which has a mouth and never speaks and a bed in which it never sleeps? A river.

— It is a wonder scarf-pin so don't get sea sick—they often ride on the bosom of such heavy swells.

— Why is an assembly of poor-law guardians like a deal plank? Because it is a board.

— Why are religious people fit subjects for entomologists? Because they are insects.

— Why is a ship designated "she?" Because she always keeps a man on the look-out.

— A loving swain in Maine dedicated a napkin ring "To my almost wife."

— When are two kings like three mice? When they make a league.

— Why are cards like the opposite house? Because they are over the way.

— An editor who was going a-courting said he was "going to press."

[From Punch.]

— A fellow coming from the top of the Alleghanies to New York, in winter, was asked whether it was as cold there as in the city. He had probably been at some march-of-intellect school, for he glanced at a thermometer "Horribly cold," said he, "for they have no thermometers there, and, of course, it's just as cold as it pleases."

— New Year's Day was celebrated in all parts of Scotland with the customary libation, convivialty, and midnight orgies. The auld Scotch song

"We're no foo—we're no that foo!
But just a wee drap in our ee!"

faithfully represents the happy snappy condition of the populace for the New Year's week, doubtless including Hogmanay Monday to come.

— NOTION OF NOBILITY.—A man of birth is commonly one whose remote ancestor did something, and has immediate predecessors, for many centuries, nothing at all.

— Boarding Mistress Have some sausage, Mr Jones! Mr Jones No, thank you, I have no more liking for them a nice I lost my dog.

AFFIRMATIVE NEGATION.—Giles Did e'er a man ever see such wet weather in all his born days afore? Hodge Noah!

ACCOMPLISHED PROPHECY.—"Après moi le Déluge" —*Metternich*

— An Awful Swell.—The cheek after a toothache.

— He who talks, sows, he who listens, reaps.

— A Marine Paint The beach of the sea.

— Ship a Head.—Hoists, and plenty of em.

— It doesn't hurt and to pinch it.

— Man over-board An oyster.

— A Sea-saw.—The sword-fish.

— Field Exercise.—Plowing.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, December 1, 1872, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A M (daily) Atlantic Express Train, via Oakland for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland Connects at Davisville for Colusa, Red Bluff, Ogden and Omaha

7.15 A M (daily) P R R Steamer from Broadway Wharf—connects at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Napa

2.00 P M (Sundays excepted), S F & S P R R Steamer from Broadway Wharf, connecting at Benicia with Trains for Livermore, making close connection at Lakeville with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento

4.00 P M. (Sundays excepted) Cal P R R Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River

5.15 P M (daily) Overland Express train via Oakland Through Freight and Accommodation

OAKLAND BRANCH—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7.0, 8.10, 9.20, 10.10 and 11.20 A M, 12.10, 1.20, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 6.00, 6.30, 9.00 and 11.00 A.M., 1.00, 2.00, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00 and 10.10 P M.

LEAVE OAKLAND 6.0, 6.30, 7.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 and 11.30 A.M., 12.30, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.05 and 10.20 P.M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7.20, 9.00 and 11.15 A M., 1.00, 3.00, 3.20 and 5.00 P.M. (6.20, 11.15 and 6.20 P.M. Fruit Vale only)

LEAVE HAYWARDS for San Francisco, *8.20, 7.30 and 10.45 A M, and 3.30 P.M.

LEAVE FRUIT VALE, *8.25, 7.35, 9.00 and 11.20 A M, 1.20, 4.05 and 5.30 P M. *Except Sundays

T. H GOODMAN, Gen Pass and Ticket Agt.
A N TOWNE, General Superintendent

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 8th, 1872.

Trains South.	Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—			
San Francisco	8.40 a m	*3.20 p m	*4.40 p m
San Jose	11.10 a m	5.45 p m	7.00 p m
Gilroy Arrive	12.30 p m		
Pajaro Arrive	1.20 p m		
Castroville Arrive	1.35 p m		
Salinas Arrive	2.45 p m		
Hollister Arrive	3.40 p m		

Trains North.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—			
Hollister			11.05 a m
Salinas			10.00 a m
Castroville			9.10 a m
Pajaro			8.30 a m
Gilroy			8.10 a m
San Jose	*6.50 a m	7.45 a m	5.35 p m
San Francisco Arrive	9.10 a m	9.10 a m	2.40 p m

*SATURDAYS at 1.30 p m Sundays excepted.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Freight leaves San Francisco at 4.15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at 7 p m

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 7.30 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11.30 a m

A N TOWNE Gen'l Superintendent A L HAWLEY, Assistant Superintendent
J. L. WILLCUTT General Passenger and Ticket Agent

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets, also Valencia street at its junction with Twenty-fifth street, at 6 A M, running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock P M, and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty-fifth street at 11.00 P M, and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 M The cars run to Main street only from 6.00 P M, after which they run only as far as Sansome street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad The last car for each train will carry a red flag as a sign "Last Car for Train" The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S P R R Depot On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S P R R Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty-fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes direct to Horse Park

Nov 12. THOMAS AGNEW Superintendent

S MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint etc and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Albion street London, E C Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card April 3

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive, For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 423 Front street
March 23.]

UNITED STATES, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA MAIL S. S. LINE,

(Contractors for Carrying the British and American Mails via Honolulu The splendid paddle steamers of this line are specially constructed for speed, and arranged to provide health, comfort and free ventilation on a long voyage in the hottest tropics Once in after long intervals Nevada or Colorado, Dacotah, or Idaho, Nebraska, Montana will leave for Ports in the above named colonies, via Honolulu, every fourth Wednesday, on arrival of the mail from London Steamship tickets will sell Nov 6th for Free, at San Francisco, and further information apply at the Offices of the line, No 27 Sansome street, San Francisco J W. RAYMOND, Agent
(Oct 26.)

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8.30 a.m., 11 a.m., 4.30 p m; Saucelito at 8 a.m., 9.30 a.m. and 3.30 p.m. Sunday Time—San Francisco, 10 a.m., 12 m., 3 p.m. and 5 p.m. Saucelito, 10.30 a.m., 1 p.m. and 5 p.m. On Saturdays, an extra trip from Saucelito at 1.15 p m On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 1 p m H A CORB President,
Nov 16 22 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1872, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 a.m. Returning Leave San Francisco at 3 p.m. connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Roseville (Aug 24.) CHAS MINTURN

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL.

Gardens and Farms, at the Junction of the County and Stockton Roads, near the San Bruno Depot.—This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassed

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J T Mekenzie, connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows San Francisco, 9.0 a m 1.00 p.m., 4 0 p m San Rafael, 6 a m., 11 15 a.m., 2.30 p m Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows Leaving San Francisco at 11.00 a.m., 3.00 p m San Rafael 8.00 a.m., 3.30 p m (Aug 24.) CHARLES MINTURN

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing irregularities and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has CHI MISELY printed on the Government stamp Price, $2.00 per box May be had of all chemists throughout the world Also Dr LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for freckles, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in 1 dollar, 14 dollar bottles Sold everywhere J KANGE & SONS
Feb 20. 150 Oxford st, London

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in 1lb and ½lb packets, labelled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Goods, Patent Medicines, Druggists' Drugs, Paints Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shoulder Braces, Perfumery Toilet Articles, Brushes, Combs, Soaps, Medicine Chests, Druggists' Sundries, Veterinary Medicines Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge to order by

DUBOYNE, BULBIDGE & SQUIRE,
July 11 16 Coleman st, London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H R H, the Duke of Edinburgh The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce The success of the sauce at the table, for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen Nov 28

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

L. A. Amerigan, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary Wm Harney Treasurer Directors L A Amerigan, Wm Harney, H H Byrne J E Pease, P Friend, H Traill P Crosby H V Herbert, J W McKenzie, J E Langton J T Pomeroy, Adam Smith, Agent Office 424 Montgomery street Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 14.

J O MERRILL & CO,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec 14 E M PATTEN, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Build'g.
JUSTICES—632 Montgomery st.
COUNTY—City Hall
DISTRICT—City Hall
SUPREME—City Hall
EIGHTH DISTRICT—City Hall
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—113 Mont gomery street
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall
CITY AND CO ATT'Y—City Hall
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—California and Sansome streets
CITY PHYSICIAN—County Hospital.
CORONER—135 Kearny street
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants' Exch'nge.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street, near Drumm
MAYOR—City Hall
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City H.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall
SUPT. OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Merchant Place
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT PUB SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSES—City Hall
ALDERMEN—Board 14, City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets
FIRE DEPARTMENT—629 Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall
SUPERVISOR—City Hall
OUTSIDE LAND COMMITTEE 24 Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets.
HEALTH OFFICE—Jackson street.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall
POUND KEEPER Jackson st, bet. Sansome and Battery sts.
SEALER OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES—Van Ness Av and Franklin St.
QUARANTINE—23 Kearny Street
HARBOR MASTER—13 Vallejo st
HARBOR POLICE—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

BELGIUM—E Grisar, 1311 Powell.
CHILI—H Barrolhet, 524 Montgomery street
CHILI—Consul General Francisco Ed Casanueva, 500 Battery st.
DENMARK G O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California street.
ECUADOR—Daniel Woll (absent).
FRANCE—Edmond Brenil, 454 Jackson street
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, 312 California street
GUATEMALA Juan Urrutia, 409 Battery
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Henry W Severance, 425 Front street
HUNGARY—Wm. V Wells, 37 Sansome
ITALY G. B Cerruti 1415 Powell.
JAPAN Ad. W. Brooke, Grand Hotel
MEXICO—J Hirsa, 536 Kearny
GERMAN EMPIRE C A C Buhlenberg, 314 Sacramento street
NETHERLANDS—J De Fremery, 310 Sansome street
NICARAGUA—F Herrera, 331 Montgomery street
PERU—Sir Fiorentino Rossiral Federico
PORTUGAL—Francis Berton, sw. cor Clay and Kearny sts
RUSSIA—M Kittak (from, U. S Court Building
SAN SALVADOR—D J. Dorsey.
SPAIN—C Martin, 425 California.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—G C. Johnson, 31 Battery street
SWITZERLAND—Francis Berton.
U S OF COLOMBIA—F. Herrera.
BOLIVIA—F Herrera, 331 Montgomery street
CALLAO D J Williamson, 230 Brannan street
COSTA RICA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
GREECE Geo Fisher, 723 Montgomery street
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—C Baum, 510 Battery street.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN—G Moecke, 120 California street
TURKEY—George W Gibbs, 33 Battery street.

Wayside Gushings.

BY MRS HAMM

"Sayrah, the fatal morn is come, yon we must go to Court,
For pay n' loons an' I sing'n songs at times yo'n allin Court!
Tho' it's a critter that you are, you'll bring my gray 'airs down
In sorrow to a hanxi in grave, an once was reddish brown,
Me, as 'ave n needy, yo'n a babe as ill y-'d been my own,
A little'n ukin I'd 'ave cause in bother years to groan
Over sich con lick as 'ave rot and old Sparrib a Lammosity
An I make 'im take a sommitus of to satisfie ferocity,
Vich that wile pork butcher vs. sweat b-con Isn't make 'im sausiges,
Cos if your constant strumdin' of them hoperatic passacues,
A-jay, more than half of 'em may p raps be friends of 'is'n,
Yi try us, and if gal ty found I'e'll 'ave to go to prison,
But I will not reproach you, for your conshu is most feel sore
At draggin' of me into court, as was never there before,
And I'm much afeard that Sparrib may influence Judge Blake
By sendin' of 'im sausiges, vich I'e is sure to take,
Not know'n' as they is composed of various hanimilies
As Sparrib catches after dark and them pernicious bilies."

"Missus," says Sayrah, "if I 'ave a voice as is sopranner
Am I to blame? nor yet for playin' tooms on the planner,
A young man told me as I sang like Adelina Patti
Yen he 'eard me through the winder a-singin' "Batti, batti,"
As is the soul of melody and I know it a-by 'art
Through 'earin' of it frequent in a hopera by Mozart."

"Your hargyments is good, Sayrah, but they won't do at law,
As forces beyery citizen at night to 'old 'is jaw
For fear f'rakin' hinfants and disturb in' of the peace
Or hinterrup th' burglars and arousin the perlice
But it is time that we should start—give me my Roostan muff,
And in 'is lifin' don't forget my vhisky flask to stuff,
For them law trials would vexy out the pashus of a saint,
Likeways, we may get 'ungry, so put in that pork pie,
And then we'll wish this 'appy 'om, vot may prove a last good bye"

"Don't weep," says she, "dear missus," as my tears began to start,
"O, Sparrib, monster! you are broke poor Mrs. 'Arris 'art,
But wer-ever, slow though it may be, shall 'over o'er your 'cad,
I stop your makin sassiges from 'osses as is dead,
Vich you do buy po 'olesale and their corpses mix with spice,
To 'ide their nasty flavor and make people think 'em nice
That tom-cat whose hexpirin' voice I heard in bed last night
Shall scat out to your doin' 'our, like an 'orrid ghost in white,
And various cats 'ave long been missed as all the neighbors say,
And I'll brand you as a murderer before the Court to-day
But, missus, there's another pint about vich I've been thinkin',
Vot will the Court say if they sees you from that bottle drinkin'?"

"Leave that to me," says I, "Sayrah, I'll say it is root beer
The doctor gave me for to stop a chronic diarrh ea
And before we sets out, Sayrah, we'll take a vinegiass neat,
As I'll'elp to keep the cold out and purtect us from the 'eat!"

The Court, ven we got there, was crammed halmost to suffocation
Vith a surgin' tide, from far and vide, of folks from hevery nation;
A sh aper thrilled upon my ear, as the perlice made way,
Of "There she is; that's 'Arris, she's the WOMAN OF THE DAY,
And that's the famous Sayrah as drove old Sparrib vild,
And through 'er hopera music 'alf 'is sassige meat 'ave spiled;
My eye, ain't she a beauty? and they say she's a sopranner
As can be 'eard for miles round vith the hald of a planner!"
Poor Sayrah I blushed and I felt flushed, but 'er perliceman came
And took our harms and said, "Good day," and we both vished 'im the same.

"Don't be afeard, 'says he, "I've fixed vith Sawyer, who's in Court,
'Im with the dress-tail coat on and 'is breeches rather short.
He sure that ven your name is called you 'on ar it out loud,
For Judge Blake can't 'ear and he may turn queer at seein' sich a crowd.
Come in vith me, I'll find you both a seat best lo Judge Sawyer,
And my hadvice to you is, just be guided by your lawyer."

Vith hanxious hopties I looked round upon the mass of faces
As vos standin by, their faces vild vith 'orrible grimaces,
Through hesgerness to 'ear the case and I catch a glimpse of me,
Known by my poems to the 'orld, as is read from sea to sea.
In a far corner I be'eld, a-sittin' in a niche,
The sombre faces of two twins, as was Pickering and Fitch,
As is both of 'em proprietors of the *Bulletin* and the *Call*,
Both daily, and quite weekly, as do 'ave no weight at all,
And not far off I saw De Young a-standin' on 'is toes
To see my face, and near 'im were the shadow of a nose,
Lookin' as 'ooked against the wind, as is Emanuel's profiles
Or the two noses rolled in one of Habraham and Moses.

"Do can that 'orrid monster be!" asked I of the perlice,
"Vith 'is cut y 'air a-shinin' with 'ojo and or bear a grease!"
"Well, he tried to be a editor, but as he couldn't spell
He gave it hup, yet, though a fool, he thinks himself a swell,
'Is name is B-ann ti, the was nest ass as ever 'eld a pen,
'Jest to do make the women laugh, and is hign rance the men."
Just then a female 'and was laid permiscuous on my shoulder,
And a small voice spoke, as might be forty 'ul looked holder,
Says she, "I'm Stevens is my name, Sister, give me your 'and;
Your cause is hours an' that of every woman in the land
I'll make it clear in the *Pioneer* that Sayrah a voice is free,
By Divine Right, to sing an night, tho the cocks is strikin' three
Or four, or more, she's a right to roar as spite of opos laws
As would take away our liberties and habrogate our laws
Vot rest, I wonder, vy the laws we're hunder forbid us for to do,
As would stifle song and Tiedesdorf's poetry in you?
Free speech, free song, free love we'll ave, 'spite of the tyrant's ban;
Keep your 'art hup, Mrs 'Arris, for we rely th you to *run*."

"Free love,' says I, "I don't approve, but free speech, you shall see,
I'll give 'em vot the time do cause to cross-hexamine me
Sayrah, we 'ave 'ad three cases I'll make 'em face the Court," 'e cried,
And 'ere comes Sparrib, strutin' in vith 'is lawyer by 'is side.
It is Judge Tyler who vill bust 'is biler in a happley lectic fit
If he don't restrain is helequence and curb 'is hangry vit.
'Ark! the Judge vinks and shakes 'is 'ead! Vot's that I 'ear 'im speak?
"I put off Sparrib *nexum* 'Arris to the middle of next week!'"

— At St George's, Bournsbury, lately, there were joined together in holy matrimony a perfect deaf and dumb bridegroom and a deaf and dumb bride. Neither, however, we learned, was born deaf and dumb The clergyman read the service very slowly aloud, for the benefit of the congregation, with a considerable amount of gesticulation, by means of the deaf and dumb alphabet upon his fingers, for the enlightenment of the happy couple The bride and bridegroom took their allotted parts in the service by means of the dumb alphabet, and no real theofly occurred except in those parts where, under ordinary circumstances, the hands of the two persons would have been joined A little amusement was caused by the inability of the bride to explain that a certain gentleman who had been put forward by those officiating was not the one she had herself chosen for her partner, but the clergyman soon came to the relief of the distressed bride. In the more interesting parts spec ally concerning the bride and bridegroom, the gestures were of that loving description that no knowledge of the dumb alphabet was required by the congregation in order to interpret them aright.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company Capital $200,000 OFFICERS—John H Redington President, George H Howard, Vice President, Charles H Story, Secretary, S H Foddy, Marine Secretary H H HIGGINS, General Manager DIRECTORS—San Francisco—Geo H Howard, I D Atherton, H F Teschemacher, A B Grogan, John H Redington, A W Bowman, S Hobbs, H H Hatch, Jos D Conrad Wm H. Moore, Geo S Johnson, H N Tillier, W M Greenwood, S L Jones, Geo S Mann Lyon Wagner, W H Foster, Jr, Jas Galloway, W T Garrett, C Waterhouse, A W Pettigrew Oregon Branch—Portland, F Wasserman, B Goldsmith, L F Grover, Hayward H Lewis Lloyd Brooke, J. A Crawford, H. M French, J. L Stallard, Hamilton Hoy Manager, W T Ladd Treasurer Marysville—D F Knight San Diego—A H Wilcox Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas Carolan J F Houghton, H W Fuller, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Jul as Wetzlar, Manager, I Lapham, Secretary Stockton Branch H H Hewlett, Geo S Evans, J D Peters, S M Orr, W F Meker, A. W Simpson, A T. Hudson, H M Larning, H H Hewlett, Manager, S M Orr, Secretary San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belding, A Foster, J S Carter, Jackson Lewis, S Bayer, Noah Palmer, H D Murphy, J J Denny, Manager, A S Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt Nevada (Journey). Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—No. 416 and 418 California street Cash capital $200,000 in Gold Assets exceed $1,000,000 Gold Fair Rates Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J Mora Moss James Otis, Moses Heller, S J T Dana, M J O'Connor, W W Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Rodier, Jos. Seller, W. F. Ralston, I Lawrence Pool, A Weil, N G Kittle, Jafer Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S Latham, J Baum M D Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G Prignardo Jr, George C Hickox, I Lemmon Meyer, H H Baird, T R Lipde, Jos Lawrence, Edw Cauwaert Jr, J F. Houghton L A Booth. MARYSVILLE—L Cunningham Peter Decker PORTLAND, O—Henry Failing NEW YORK J G Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President N G KITTLE, Vice President
CHARLES D HAVEN, Secretary GEO T BONEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO, OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of life insurance for over a quarter of a century Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies non-forfeitable It is a Purely Mutual Company, divides every cent of surplus among Policy holders This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Laws by

WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N E. cor. California and Sansome sts, opposite Bank of California.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

The Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, of San Francisco, California. Organized April 25, 1863. Capital, $200,000, fully paid in gold coin Fire, Marine, Harbor and Inland Transit Risks, on terms as favorable as any other reliable first-class company. Greatest amount taken on one risk, $50,000 Portions of risks not desired by any one office, are often too large will be insured to responsible companies Losses promptly paid in United States gold coin D J. Staples, President, G. T Lawton Vice-President, Charles H Bond, Secretary.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 423 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital $200,000 DIRECTORS W W Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden B Wright, W B Cumming, C F MacDermit, James M Barney, C W Kellogg, A W Jee, Peter Dean John H Wise, Chas J Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, J. T Gile, Charles Main, W B Hooper, G. L Bradley, James Phelan, D H Haskell Sacramento H B Crocker, N D Thayer, P S Freeman.
H. G. HOEHNER, Secretary. C W KELLOGG, President. Jan. 18.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,022,850, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business

GEO C BOARDMAN, General Agent
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000: Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000: Annual Fire Premiums, less re insurance, $1,150,000 Losses Promptly Paid in U. S Gold Coin

W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
(Jan 13.) No 312 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1720.)

Cash Assets . . . . . $13,000,000.
☞ Fire Risks at current rates. (Nov. 16.) CROSS & CO., Agents.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL,

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco Nov. 16.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin

FALKNER, BELL & CO, Agents for California.
Feb 8. No 420 California street.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on the Coast for the celebrated J H CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Log cabin, Kentucky The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J H Cutter Old Bourbon" Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States March 19.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Gr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by (Feb 9.) AGARD, FOULKES & CO, 412 Front street

JAMES G. STEELE & CO,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California Dec 24

LINDENBERGER & BURKE,

Commission Merchants, Nos. 28 and 30 Sansome St., San Francisco, and Agents of the Willamette Woolen Mills, Salem, Oregon. Oct 5

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, on late arrivals For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO, March 19. 412 Front street, S. F

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 512 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco J. A MAILE Assayer Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters, etc. Aug 24.

D P VERDENAL.] FOULTERER & VERDENAL, [T. J. FOULTERER.
Stock Brokers, San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board, 400 California street. May 11

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12

No More Taxes for Anybody.

Mr David A. Wells, an officer of the U. S. Revenue Department, is one of Mr Stebbins' war-horses in the great campaign for the liberation of the Mercantile Library from bondage to the tax-gatherer. Mr Wells has written a letter, which echoes the eloquent complaints of the Librarian of the only Library on the Pacific Coast. The taxation of libraries is declared, in this letter, to be an act of barbarism, and many commodities are named in which this great truth has so penetrated the minds of men that all libraries, public or private, and even the most private, are exempted from taxation. This is something like a beginning of progress, but it is only a beginning. It is left for California, notoriously the most brilliant and quick-witted population on the face of the earth, to spring at once to the front, and show what enlightenment means. To know what is wanted is all that our people ask. A library, then, is a collection of books. It may be formed all at once, as by many rich men, who purchase in a day or two eight or ten thousand running feet of volumes, to fill the shelves in their new library rooms, or more slowly by an association like the Mercantile Library, which buys and stores away in its halls a few first-class works, such as the romances of Mrs. Southworth, or the *Gentleman's Magazine*, or again, it may be made by a poor devil like ourselves, given to hunting second-hand bookstalls and buying an old volume for two bits, occasionally for cash on delivery. However formed, the library is a collection of books, primarily intended to be read, but in the eye of the law it is not essential that they be read. The works may be all on one subject, or on many subjects, or on none at all, in any case they are books and make a library. We propose, therefore, that all libraries be exempted from taxation in California, and as the stock in trade of every bookseller is literally a collection of books, of course no bookseller is to pay taxes. Furthermore, it is quite evident that the purpose of relieving libraries from taxation is to assist in spreading knowledge and education; but it would be clearly unjust to levy taxes on the men who write books while excusing those who buy them. To do this would be to make the law stultify itself; obviously, therefore, authors will pay no taxes under the new rule; and as every one who writes for publication is an author, no writer for any paper or magazine may be taxed, because he is supposed to live by his labor in spreading knowledge abroad. It follows that all newspapers must be relieved of the burden they now carry, because, if the newspapers were not published, the writers would not be able to address the people. Every newspaper in California, therefore, may look forward to a happy future. It is, however, a well-known fact that authors and booksellers and writers would all find their occupation gone were there no printers. Printers, who set up the types and work off impressions of books and newspapers, are not less important to the beginning and maintenance of libraries than publishers and booksellers; and they must be treated with the same favor. But the type-founder and the paper-maker are essential to the very existence of the printer as printer; and how could they be overlooked by the law of exemption? Again, how could the type-founder or the paper-maker carry on their industry without metals and rags? And how are these to be obtained without the intervention of miners, and merchants, and seamen, and railroads? But ships must be provisioned, railroads must be laid down, captains and engineers must be educated; and all these, besides many others who contribute in one way or another to the building up of a library, must be fed and clothed and doctored and prayed over and buried; and who is to point out the link in this long chain at which exemption must cease and taxation begin? The principle of exemption, once admitted, irresistibly embraces every class and almost every individual in the community. It is like the magnificent procession described in one of Marryatt's tales, which took up every inhabitant of the Chinese Empire, so that there were no spectators left but three blind old women, who bowed their heads and died; and Messrs. Stebbins, Stuart Mill and Wells might do worse than to follow this example.

Cheap Telegraphing.

Cheap telegraphing is one of the necessities of the times. The only certain means to secure that end is the adoption of a Government Postal Telegraph system similar to that which has worked such wonders elsewhere. Time was when America was far ahead of Great Britain in the use she made of the electric current. In 1859 the number of messages sent by its means in the United States exceeded those transmitted throughout Great Britain in the proportion of three to one. To-day the dispatches of the latter exceed those of the former by 70 per cent.; and as England is about to reduce her telegraphic rates one-half, the difference in the number of messages sent in the respective countries will soon be vastly increased. Why this change? If the reasons for it were not well known they would soon be made abundantly clear by a study of the English reports of the working of the Postal Telegraph system there. The English Government took over the telegraph wires on the 1st of April, 1870. By the end of the first year the following amazing results had been achieved. The charge to the public had been reduced one-half, business had increased 63 per cent. The length of wires was extended from 51,311 miles to 63,319 miles. The number of instruments was increased from 1,909 to 4,104; the receiving offices from 2,150 to 3,997; the messengers from 1,471 to 3,110; clerks and operators from 2,638 to 4,918, and further—hear this, ye gentlemen of the press, and give special heed to it, ye monopolists, Pickering and Fitch!—the newspapers were more liberally and cheaply supplied with news. In place of 6,000 words, sent before the change by monopolizing companies like the Western Union, there was a daily average of from 15,000 to 20,000 words sent to the press by the end of the first year, and the number of papers receiving telegraph news was increased from 176 to 407! In the face of so large a reduction in rates and so great an expenditure in extending the wires, creating new offices, etc., it might naturally be supposed that during the first year, at any rate, the pecuniary results would exhibit an indifferent showing. Not so, however. We find that after paying all expenses there was a net revenue amounting to $1,612,900, which not only paid the interest upon the high price which the Government had been obliged to pay for the lines, but left a considerable balance with which to extend the wires. We venture to assert that within the whole range of ascertained results in this country or any other it is not possible to name a reform whose success in every particular has been more complete. Yet even in England this reform is still only on the threshold of its triumphs. The intention was early formed to further reduce the rates. At present a message of twenty words, exclusive of the address and signature, can be sent throughout the United Kingdom for twenty-four cents. This charge it was proposed to reduce to twelve cents. It was, however, foreseen that the increase in business would be so great that not all the operators in England would suffice to get through with it. The manager set himself to overcome this difficulty by a very practical method. Soon he established free schools in which to teach telegraphy to both males and females, and in this way he has already trained over five hundred females, who have proved peculiarly expert in this growing and important branch of business. And now that he has about overtaken the probable needs of his department, it is proposed that the reduction to twelve cents per message of twenty words shall take place. Where these reductions are to stop or at what point telegraphic expansion is to cease, it would to-day be difficult to tell. Emancipated from the thraldom of private monopolists, the telegraphic system of England has exhibited results which can neither be talked away nor ignored. America will not long be content to lag behind in this great reform. We have said and written many pretty things about Morse, who won for himself and the United States the credit of inventing the electric telegraph, but we should better honor the memory of the dead genius by extending to their utmost limits the blessings of the great invention which he gave the world.

That Telegram.

The latest telegram published prior to the sailing of the Australian steamer is that furnished by the *Call*. It does not appear among the usual Associated Press dispatches, and is no doubt supplied by the steamship lobby at Washington. Whilst skillfully worded to keep within the truth, it conveys an impression exactly the opposite of that which is true. The telegram in question conveys the idea that the Postal Committee's report was adverse to General Burnside. The fact is entirely the other way. The General asked that Congress should take no action until the result of the negotiations with New South Wales is known, but if that request was refused then he submitted a proposal that a subsidy not exceeding $225,000 should be voted and that bids should be invited for the service. The Committee unanimously decided to lay the latter proposal aside and to let the whole matter stand over. Thus no legislation will take place on the subject this session.

The Dark-Eyed One.

[A REALISTIC POEM.]

I saw him, the proud and stately man,
We met in Montgomery street;
His eyes were dark, his brow was worn,
And he stepped as only a soldier can,
When he hears the war-drum beat.

With a fixed disdain he eyed the throng
As it hurried and fluttered around;
Stern on his way, with purpose strong,
And teeth close-clinched, he strode along,
And he gave not an inch of ground.

But woe! for a trembling seized his frame,
And his jaws relaxed and dropped:
He groaned; and, crushed with a load of shame,
He feebly withdrew the way he came——
His suspender button had popped.

Senator Cole and the Honor of the Government.

We are glad to see that Senator Cole has again succeeded in saving the country's honor. Senator Cole is always saving somebody's honor. It is a family peculiarity of the Coles to be anxious about honor, and they save it whenever there is the slightest pretext. We once read somewhere of a French king who got badly licked in battle, and who telegraphed back to his minister or mistress, convertible terms with French kings, that all was lost save *honor*. This has often proved to be true of the Cole family in their efforts to save honor, whether for themselves or the country. They have saved it, but nothing else. Captain Jack, and eighty half-starved Modocs in Siskiyou county, after being time out of mind bedevilled by settlers and robbed by agents, learned two months ago what was patent to everybody else any time these ten years, that a speedy death was better than a lingering one, and resolved to try it. So they declared war in the Indian way by stealing some cattle and killing the owners. White folks so situated would have been stealing them and killing their owners from the first. This done, they retreated to the lava beds and awaited the consequences. All the political contractors and border plug-uglies at once clamored for war. There was a splendid opportunity to gain cheap glory and much State scrip. Governor Booth saw the situation at a glance and the way out of it. The Indians, now badly frightened at the near approach of that speedy death which before had seemed so tempting compared with slow starvation, were willing to go on a reservation, provided one could be found with any pretense of food or show of existence. But to do this it was necessary that Government should consent that a reasonable reservation should be allotted them. The only fit one in the country having been taken from them to accommodate the whites, there was nothing to do but for the Government to give it back. But in doing this it appears the Government must in a manner admit that it had cheated the poor Indians, or at least that they had been cheated by somebody in its name. Now comes Senator Cole, the Savior of the nation's honor. It must not be. The position of the Government must be maintained whether right or wrong. To the Cole family honor goes before all things. Captain Jack must perish and the Government credit be sustained. Shack-Nasty-Jim must fall, or the glorious prestige gained for the nation by General Cole on many a battlefield, and preserved to it by the statesmanship of Senator Cole, must pass away, and the United States become a by-word and a scoff. So the wise and eloquent inventor of feathered paddle-wheels telegraphs that the war must go on, and the war does go on. It has gone on to a second battle, in which the United States and the Cole family have lost all, but saved their honor. But while they have been able to save their honor, forty men, soldiers good and true, and as brave and deserving as any of the Cole family, have not even saved that, for they have lost their lives, and to them all is vanity. We say that had Senator Cole been as wise in public affairs as he is skillful in the mechanic arts, evidenced by his feathered paddle-wheel, that these forty soldiers would to-day be drawing their pay and rations with both life and honor safe, and nobody the worse for it. But then anything to prevent Governor Booth from making the point of settling the Modoc war. For thereby a Senatorial point was to be made, and to that the Cole family has a word to say. Once a Senator, always a Senator, and has not the paddle-wheel maker worn the toga? Perhaps he may again, but we shall see.

Oscar L. Shafter, Ob. Jan. 22, 1873, Aet. 61.

We find the chapter has been ended and "finis" written at the close, yet ere we shut forever the volume that, in all our experience of its pages, whether of sunshine, of mirth and of sweet wisdom, has given us so much good, we return on the wings of memory and glide slowly over the course again from the beginning to the end. It is the method of every thoughtful and grateful heart. Our lives are human books, yielding little or much good, and the close of every human volume bids us think and weigh, and, if worthy, speak. But yesterday he, whose life was a daily record and teacher of thoughtfulness, of wisdom, of patience, of courtesy, of gravity and mirthfulness, of singular tenderness, of modest benevolence and parental love, was here and speaking, and to-day the record is finished, and the volume closed forever. For twenty years among us, none ever knew him who did not gain from him more knowledge of himself, so contagious was his patient consideration, and so suggestive the fullness of his wisdom. For two decades he was here, an earnest and untiring worker in the rugged and arduous way of a profession of whose long and distant journey no man can know every step, but traveling over which none ever found more true, or surer, or more faithful guide. The way he went was always upward, with firm and eager step, and where his footsteps staid their onward march, who here traveling the same path could say, that they could find him save by looking upward and beyond them? There came a time when the people knew his wisdom, and sought him first and with united voice to take the highest seat in their human temple, where to guide our feet we look most for wisdom, dignity and truth. It was we that sought him, and not he any place the people could give. He did not need us to make him wise and true, or do him honor. From himself, from his earnest soul, his ceaseless labor and reverence for wisdom beyond himself, he was most honored. And raise him, as we half believed we did, he was himself always at a hight above the reach of our poor lever. But the strength given him had its human limit, and the large mind that half a century had never ceased to solve the problems of human circumstances, has worked its last lesson, and has been drawn aside (if so it be) into the society of the great thinkers who have gone before. His tender and considerate heart has ceased to beat; its deep emotions to move again only in sympathy with those of the "just men made perfect." The bell tolls and the widow weeps, and children listen in vain for that voice of affection, and the courts are silent for a day, and his brethren will not know again his logic or his philosophic speech. Every man who knew him remembers him as one wiser and better than himself, and at his new-made grave utters a *Requiescat* and farewell.

Long Live the King!

Hawaii is once more happy. "Drunken Bill" is elected to reign over her. Things are fixed, the wires have been judiciously pulled, and Sam Wilder is ahead. Henceforth a power in Honolulu is this same Sam. Married into the Judd family, he controls the missionaries and the natives. Having made the new King, he is now the chief adviser of Kamehameha the VI. He is the power behind the throne which is greater than the throne itself. When he opens his mouth, let no dog bark. Well, the power might be in worse hands. Sam is a pushing, active, shrewd American. The late King's chief adviser was an old sorceress. Sam is a good exchange for the old woman. A live man is better any time than a superstitious fortune teller. There is something wonderfully elastic in the capacity of an American to adapt himself to circumstances. One would have thought that being raised in Republican simplicity, Sam would not easily have fallen into the ways of Royalty. Quite a mistake! Nothing that ever fell from the lips of Louis the magnificent exceeded in appropriateness that pretty little speech which Sam the other day put into the mouth of the newly elected King. We salute the rising sun. Great is thy shadow, O, Samuel! All the powers of the earth doth acknowledge thee to be the King's right bower.

—— We have received a rhyme of seven verses entitled "A Reminiscence," containing a well-founded complaint, but its publication just now would be inopportune. It must therefore stand over for the present.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 1st.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Coffee—Its History, Cultivation and Uses. By Rob't Hewitt, Jr. 12mo., cloth.
Back-Log Studies. By Chas. D. Warner. 16mo., cloth.
Hand Book on the Treatment of the Horse. By Ch. Wharton. 12mo., cloth.
The Leather Stocking Tales. By J. Fenimore Cooper. 8vo., cloth.
A Japanese-English and English-Japanese Dictionary. By J. H. Hepburn. Second Ed. 8vo., hf. Morocco.
The Wandering Heir. By Chas Reade. 12mo., cloth and paper.
Guy Earlscourt's Wife. By May Agnes Fleming. 12mo., cl.
Strange Adventures of a Phaeton. By Wm. Black. 8vo paper.
Aristophanes. By the Rev. W. Lucas Collins, M. A. 12mo., cl.
Shawl-Straps. By Louisa M. Alcott. 12mo., cloth.
Off the Skelligs. A Novel. By Jean Ingelow. 12mo., cloth.

A. ROMAN & CO., Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers. 11 Montgomery st., Lick House Block.

BANCROFT'S DIARIES! CONTAINING Important Information TO BUSINESS MEN. Elegant Russian Diaries AT BANCROFT'S, 721 Market St.

SUNNY ROOMS, CENTRALLY LOCATED "GALT HOUSE," No. 632 MARKET STREET. Superior Apartments, single or "en suite" NEWLY FURNISHED.

HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post St., San Francisco.

THE ONLY THOROUGH Business College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should secure a useful and practical Education at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Sessions day and evening throughout the year. Students can commence at any time. Each receives separate instruction. There is a Preparatory Department for those not sufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for **Heald's College Journal**, An eight-page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school, and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing E. P. HEALD, President Business College, Aug 1.] San Francisco.

PETER SHORT, Merchant Tailor, 613 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

DR. ABORN, Residence and office, 213 Geary street, opposite the Plaza. Dec. 28.

THOMAS TURNBULL, Architect, Shiels' Block, No. 459 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS, Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

—— There is nothing we like better than chivalry, of the right stamp; and we hold to the opinion that Don Quixote (if any one pronounces this Don Ke-ho-te, smite him on the mouth!) was the perfect type of chivalry. At first blush, there seems to be but slight resemblance between the knight of the Woeful Countenance and Mr. P——, of the Board of Education. Nevertheless, there must be a resemblance; otherwise, how should we think of it? Mr P—— has come forward as the champion of woman's right to equal pay for equal work, and this is well. All the papers praise thee, oh P——! To thee all journals cry aloud; and thy horn shall be exalted. But go to, let us speak quietly together. We suppose a case. There is an examination coming on, in all the public schools. Piles of papers are to be read over by the teachers or, let us say, by twenty-five of them, and all women. To pay for this extra labor, one thousand dollars are appropriated by the Board of Education. Gird up now thy loins like a man, for I will demand of thee, and answer thou me. These papers being equally divided among the twenty-five lady-teachers (we should call them women, if we dared), is it not according to the rules of equity that the thousand dollars also should be equally divided among the same lady-women? Is it quite fair that one of these should have three hundred and fifty dollars, and the other twenty-four put up each with one twenty-fourth part of six hundred and fifty dollars? Did you ever hear of such a case as this, Mr. P——? And if any should say that it really came to pass, at the examination last summer, Mr. P—— even directing this use of the appropriation, how would you feel disposed to regard such a statement? On the whole, we have curious thoughts about it, and venture to suggest that it would be well to introduce the following into the school instructions as the standard Rule of Proportion:—1 woman : 1 man : : 1 other woman : 12 women (lady-teachers.)

—— Were we inclined to be profane—which we never are, be it specially observed—we would say that the Modocs are playing hell on their watch generally. Our troops had them all corralled in a lava bed and proposed to treat them with fall shells from mountain howitzers; the Colonel commanding had prepared a regular plan of battle that knocked Bull Run into the shade; every man had his orders, and the result was—an inglorious defeat for "our boys," even our dead being left within reach of Shack-Nasty-Jim and Captain Jack. The Indians, we are told, were scattered along a distance of two miles. Being two hundred in number, it follows, as the day the sun, that the Indians were fifty-two feet apart, or thereabouts. And yet, whenever "our boys" made an attempt to storm any particular point of the lava bed, they were met with "a murderous fire from the Indians." Those Indians must have been nimble of foot to circulate at any point along a front of two miles. Meantime, being defeated, we have drawn off our forces, and reinforcements will be sent on. Defeat has convinced the officers that more men, more arms, more howitzers are needed. Pity a little common sense couldn't go on with the reinforcements.

—— Pickering and Fitch claim that one advantage of the Western Union's monopoly is the privacy that can be relied upon in its transmission of messages. Does any man in his senses believe it is fairly entitled to credit in that respect? On the celebrated "Black Friday," in New York, an extraordinary leakage of its gold quotations took place in favor of Fisk & Gould. When the fact was afterwards made known the company alleged that the wires had been tapped. No one, however, believed the statement. The other day both the *Bulletin* and *Call*, with the utmost confidence, declared that a certain telegram in the *Alta* was not sent from Washington over the wires. If telegraphic secrets had been properly kept we should like to know how Pickering and Fitch could have been so positive on the point? If Pickering knew how to answer a plain question straightforwardly and truthfully, we should dare him to so answer that one. We should put the question to Fitch, only he's a deacon, and we don't wish to put an unnecessary strain upon his conscience.

—— Another of those insidious approaches toward the entire absorption of our city front has been made by the Central Pacific Railroad Company, and as usual the Board of Supervisors are made the ready instruments in aiding and abetting this new "grab." Governor Stanford has applied for permission to establish a fog bell at the head of Broadway wharf. This is another encroachment on the part of this ambitious monopoly. The obsequious Board, who are neither more nor less than the paid agents of this all-absorbing corporation, most readily granted the petition. Henceforward the Oakland and Alameda boats, heedless of fog or mist or driving rain, can over-ride all other ferry lines not belonging to this powerful combination, and another link is added to that chain which is binding the interests, the welfare, the future, the existence, the vital energy, the heart's blood and the prosperity of this, our fair city, in its fatal coils. How long, O Lord! how long!

—— That one Russell is condemned to be hanged, we all know. But the fact does not appear to be as generally known as it might be which Russell it is that happens to be in that unfortunate predicament. Crotty's murderer seems to be mixed up in a strange kind of way with another Russell, who happens unfortunately to be in our midst. Several correspondents ask to be enlightened as to which is which. There ought to be no difficulty in distinguishing the two men. There is not the slightest similarity in their appearance. When Nature was serving out her favors the murderer had much the best of it. The one has a moderately open countenance, whilst the other has a sneaking, hang-dog look. If only one of the two Russells must be hanged, we know which would be most missed.

—— That most wonderful of modern lawyer detectives, Clark, has made another raid on the gamblers, and Judge Louderback has punished them according to their deserts. Meanwhile the Sunday Law remains a dead letter. Not that we favor the Sunday Law. We think it a fraud upon people who want to get religiously drunk on the Sabbath; but a law is a law, and being such, it ought to be enforced. The gamblers are God-fearing men, for in the halcyon days of their prosperous existence they always closed their doors and muzzled the tiger on the Sabbath. Now they ask that the dispensers of liquid comforts shall likewise observe the law. So, prithee, friend Clarke, as thou lovest us, let not our Christian streets be defiled by trafficking souls on the Sabbath.

—— That was a smart piece of enterprise on De Young's part. The *Bulletin* and *Call* each sent a reporter with that balloon into the upper regions. Pickering and Fitch being themselves well posted in matters down below, were evidently desirous of getting a wrinkle as to how things proceed up above. De Young, learning what was in the wind, bribed the balloonists to land the two Bohemians in a swamp and keep them there until he dished up the details of the perilous adventure to an expectant public. Smart, very! Bunker, since his return, has been besieged by the ladies with all sorts of questions. He says he doesn't believe any one from the *Bulletin-Call* will ever get as near heaven again.

—— Not having been agonized by the perusal of the *Alta's* gibberish for the past week, we are exceedingly gratified not to be able to announce to our readers the exact status of the telegraph war. When last heard from, MacCrellish was negotiating for the purchase of one of the old Atlantic Cables, with which he intends to connect the *Alta* office with the North Pole, and so obtain exclusive news from the hyperborean regions. It is said that this idea was suggested by lightning press De Young, whose cool audacity is not appreciated in the *Call* office. The rumor that MacCrellish had sent a cartel to Pickering through a mutual friend—P. of the *Chronicle*—is untrue, although nothing would afford the latter more pleasure.

—— Somebody has been trying to assassinate the President of Peru, whoever that unfortunate individual may be, and as usual upon such occasions, the attempt failed. This being a progressive age, we doubt not we shall soon be able to announce the complete success of the scheme, besides many others not yet attempted. We kindly invite to our midst a few friendly assassins to make way with Bro. Pickering, whose death by natural means is impossible. We have waited until perseverance has ceased to be a virtue. *P. S.*—All first-class assassins wanting a job, please apply to Mr. P., *Chronicle* office.

—— Never having placed much confidence in Schuyler Colfax, we never named any of our babies after him. It is needless to say we are glad we didn't, for we have a contempt bordering upon the infinite for any human being wearing the semblance of breeches who would sell himself out for a $1,200 check, then deny it, and finally have it found in his bank account. Had the check been for a million—or even a hundred thousand—we should have been proud of Colfax's acquaintance. But a paltry twelve hundred—not sufficient to pay dog Jack's board for a twelve month, bah! Colfax, get thee to the companionship of Pickering or Fitch, and repent.

—— One after another the fables of history melt into thin air, and characters, besmirched for centuries with the hatred of mankind, come forth into the light, white as wool. The latest instance of tardy justice done is in the case of Peter the Great, hitherto falsely accused of having put to death his son Alexis. By a series of researches, which we brought to a close on the evening of January 25th, 1873, we have discovered that the untimely death of the Prince was due to Peter's unfortunate habit of dabbling in medicine. In one word, it was a case of Alexi-pharmacy.

—— Pixley of the *Chronicle* and Pickering of the *Call* are at swords' points, and daily offend our nostrils with their mutual abuse. Both gentlemen are aged—to a certain extent; both are inclined to be vituperative. This thing ought to have an end. We are the happy owner of a tract of land adjoining Lone Mountain, which is at the disposal of the journalistic pugilists. Let a forty-foot ring be pitched in the center, then have at him, Pixley! We agree to bury the defunct, with "dog Jack" as chief mourner. Could Pickering ask for aught else?

—— The Rev. Horatio Stebbins has received more than one call to break the bread of life to Eastern congregations. Call No 1, declined with thanks. (A poor $3,000 a year). Call No. 2, declined with Christian fortitude. (Something less than $5,000 a year). Call No. 3, his heart yearned toward those sheep in the East, without a shepherd; and his congregation are now deliberating whether they can stand an extra $1,000 a year to keep him here. It is a pleasing and a lovely sight to see two lunatics pulling vigorously at opposite ends of a gas-bag.

—— Next to Pickering we admire Mortimer, the clever villain who willingly shoulders the crimes and misdeeds of others. Now whenever any sort of respectable man like unto Pickering is accused of murder, rape or robbery, let him not be sick and send for Maginnis, but simply ask Mortimer to step round. That which men dare do Mortimer has accomplished; that which other men have done and don't want to acknowledge, can be blamed elsewhere by applying to Mortimer, the modern scape-goat. Vive Mortimer.

—— Why will outsiders and innocent third parties always stand in the way and get shot when a parcel of worthless hounds indulge in the luxury of attempting to perforate each others' carcass with an ounce of lead? Lookers-on or passers-by always receive the lead, while the perpetrators live to regret their awkwardness. The hanging of a couple of burnt-cork vagabonds were a poor consolation for the untimely taking off of a good citizen—but it would be better than nothing. So we hope they may hang well.

—— Modesty and innocence are the difference between knowledge and ignorance; the one is a virtue, the other a mere involuntary act; the one will blush with shame, whilst the other will stare in unknowing wonder. Both are to be respected, the one from its very strength of resistance, the other from its utter weakness of blindness. A young man who talks of "modest women" has long lost his innocence, and consorts chiefly with his opposite sex, who have long lost their modesty.

—— Ben. Butler has come out as a man and a soldier should, in favoring the resolution to restore to the pension list the veterans of 1812, who were unfortunate enough to fight for the "lost cause," and had their pensions cut off on that account. He remarked, with a manly spirit, that "they had won the right to be wrong once in their lives," and on the same principle we admit that Gen. Butler is now entitled to be considered "right for once in his life."

—— A Coroner's jury has just illustrated the average stupidity of such bodies by indicting an honest laborer for having kicked his wife to death. When will juries learn to respect the rights of husbands and the responsibilities of wives? What business have outsiders to interfere in the diurnal pastimes of happy families? If a husband shall not be permitted to kick the wife of his bosom, what is the use of being married?

—— Sheriff Adams' first neck-tie party will come off, the weather, Governor and Supreme Court permitting, on the 21st day of March. Laura Fair has been specially invited to be present, so that she can appreciate how great is her debt to the stupid jurymen who let her loose upon the community. We would prefer to see Laura hang in place of Russell. Comparatively, he is a lamb led to the sacrifice.

—— The *Chronicle's* "war correspondent" winds up his dispatch with an apology to Bob Small for having stated that he wantonly killed two little Indian pappooses. We should have thought that the matter was too small to need an apology. The public *must* have sensational news, and Bob Small ought to feel proud of being the medium through whom such interesting fiction is conveyed.

—— The *Alta* decidedly favors the introduction of the English language into Japan as the official tongue of commercial and diplomatic intercourse. This is singularly unselfish and disinterested on the part of the *Alta*, whose communication with the land of the Rising Sun *must* be through an interpreter, let the Japanese write and speak what civilized tongue they may.

—— Our friend "Mac," formerly Triple Thunderer of the McCarthian *Flag*, is playing roots on Brother Pickering. "Mac" is contributing to the *Call* a series of occasional papers which Pick believes are all new born, whereas they have already done service in the St. Louis *Globe*, to which "Mac" was erewhile attached. Poor Pick! blind as a bat—and only in his teens!

—— Dr. Stone, on Sunday, is about to try the "efficacy of prayer" on Professor Tyndal's theory—namely, that condensed prayer will remove mountains, instantaneously cure the sick, besides doing a few minor services to the public at large. He will experimentalize first upon Telegraph Hill, then on the Stock Brokers, and will end up by operating on "our boys."

—— The *Chronicle* reporter had an interview with the condemned Russell on Saturday. Before leaving the wretched man he "thrust a few daily papers through the grating." What refined cruelty! Could he not let the poor man's last days on earth be serene without annoying him with the quarrels of the two P's?

—— Pickering declares that he has always been opposed to Chinese immigration. We don't doubt it. We believe he would stone an inoffensive Chinaman just for the fun of it, knowing his victim wouldn't be able to return blow for blow. Write thyself down an ass once more, friend Pickering.

—— Commend us to an honest rascal—for there are honest rascals in the world despite Pickering and Fitch. We don't want to describe an honest rascal; but to give our readers an idea of what he does *not* resemble, we say, look upon the pictures of the two individuals we have named.

—— In St. Louis they license prostitutes. In Memphis they invite them to attend prayer-meetings. In Sacramento they not only tolerate their lectures, but listen to them. In San Francisco they are treated like women of the town. You pays your money and takes your choice.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 1st.

CALIFORNIA

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FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

[Established July 20, 1856.]

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, FEB. 1, 1873. No. 1.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.	TEAS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$20 00 @ 32 50	Japans	$— 30 @ — 75
Bar Iron, assorted ℘ lb	— 4 @ 6	Oolong	— 50 @ — 55
Metal sheathing ℘ lb	— 28 @ 31	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates, I C ℘ box	14 00 @ 14 00	China, No. 1, ℘ lb	— 10 @ — 11
Tin Plates, I X ℘ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 10
Lead, Pig ℘ lb	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 7⅜ @ — 8
Lead, sheet ℘ lb	— 9 @ — 1[illegible]	Crushed, American	— 11⅜ @ — 12
Banca Tin ℘ lb	— 40 @ — 42½	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Quicksilver	— — @ — 80	Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℘ ton	15 00 @ 15 [illegible]	Sperm Wax, ℘ lb	— 30 @ — 44
Australian	11 00 @ 11 50	Adamantine	— 15 @ — 13
Cumberland	14 00 @ 20 00	SPIRITS AND LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	15 00 @ 14 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	12 00 @ 12 25	Whisky, Scotch	3 00 @ 3 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 6 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	1 90 @ 2 60
Rio, ℘ lb	— 19 @ — 19½	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 2[illegible] @ 2[illegible]	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 16 @ — 17	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	— 11 @ — 19	Chicken Gunnies, 20-lb	— 17 @ — 18
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales	— 15 @ — 16
China, No 1, ℘ lb	— 6⅜ @ — 6⅝	Burlap Bags	— 15 @ — 15½
China, No 2	— 5⅜ @ — 5⅝	Hessian, 40-inch, ℘ yard	— — @ — 13
Hawaiian	— 9⅜ @ — 9	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool, ℘ lb	— 16 @ — 28
Champagne ℘ doz	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 8 @ — 9
Port, [illegible] brand, ℘ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 15 @ — 20
		Wheat, ℘ 100 lbs	1 75 @ 2 00
Sherry, do. do.	1 75 @ 7 00	Barley	1 25 @ 1 45
OIL.		Oats	2 00 @ 2 15
Coal and Kerosene	— 40 @ — 50	Flour, ℘ 196 lbs	[illegible] @ 6 51

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Jan. 31st, 1872.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS	FRI'Y	NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS	FRI'Y
Alamo Hill	4½	—	—	Justice	7	6¾	7½
Alpha	31½	37	40	Kentuck	5	5½	11
Alps	3	2¾	3	Kentucky	—	—	—
[illegible]	—	—	2	Knickerbocker	3½	4	4½
American Flag	8	7½	8½	Lillian Hall	—	—	—
Arizona & Utah	—	—	2½	[illegible]	—	—	—
Arabian	—	—	2	Mahogany	8	7½	—
Alamo	1½	—	—	Mammoth	—	—	¾
Baltimore Consolidated	2	2	2	Meadow Valley	16½	15	15½
Belcher	7½	7½	7½	Minnesota	½	1	1
Belmont	3	—	—	[illegible]	—	—	—
[illegible]	2	—	—	Newark	3	2½	2½
Best & Belcher	—	—	3	New York Consolidated	1½	1½	1½
Bowery	—	—	—	Noonday	—	—	—
Buckeye	—	—	1¼	Occidental	—	—	—
Caledonia	27	27	21½	Ophir	35	34	43
[illegible]	2¼	2	—	Original Hidden Treasure	5	5	—
Central	—	—	6	Overman	46	47	56
Charter Oak	—	—	¾	Page & Panaca	2	1½	1½
Chapman	—	—	¾	Pea Vine	½	½	½
Chief of the Hill	3½	3½	—	Phoenix	¾	¾	¾
Chief East Extension	—	—	—	Picton	—	—	½
Chollar	81	81½	86	Pioche	10½	10½	11
Columbus	—	—	2	Pride of the West	—	1	—
Confidence	8	8	9½	P Phoenix	3½	4½	3
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Raymond & Ely	85	85	86
Consolidated Virginia	47	48	50½	Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Cook & Geyser	—	—	—	Ruby Hill	—	—	—
Crown Point	87	89½	97	Red Jacket	2	—	—
Central No. 2	—	—	—	Savage	54½	51	53
Daney	½	½	½	Seg. Belcher	65	50	—
[illegible]	—	—	8	Sierra Nevada	11	10½	11½
El Dorado	—	—	—	Silver Peak	1	¾	—
Empire & [illegible]	—	—	—	Silver Hill	7½	7½	7¼
Empire Mill	6½	6	6½	Silver Mountain	½	—	—
Empire Idaho	—	—	—	Standard	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	10	9½	9½	Sterling	—	—	—
[illegible]	—	16½	18	Succor	2½	2½	3
Exchequer	11	11	12½	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Globe	1½	—	—	South Chariot	—	—	½
Golden Chariot	5½	5	—	South Overman	—	—	⅝
Gould & Curry	12½	12½	13½	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Gold Lee	—	—	—	Trench	—	—	* 18
Hale & Norcross	77	81	86½	Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Hermes	—	—	8	Utah	—	—	—
Hahn & Hunt	4½	4½	6	War Eagle	—	—	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—	Washington & Creole	—	1	1
Illinois	4	—	4	Washoe	—	—	—
Imperial	6½	6½	7½	Woodville	3¼	4	4½
Independent	2½	2½	2	Wellington	2	—	—
Ingomar	1¼	1	—	Yellow Jacket	65	57½	63
Insurance	—	—	—	Yule Gravel	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	1	1	1	Yellow Stone	—	—	* 5
Jackson	½	½	—				
Jacob Little	—	—	—				
Julia	3	3½	—				

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus*. † Buyer 30.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 1st.

The Merits of the California Placard Exchange.

The problem of the age is condensation. Science has made such rapid strides, that in order to keep up with the progress, a digest, or epitome, of such advancement must be presented before us in one focus. Such is one of the objects of the Placard Exchange. To state the case broadly in two words, it is—Illustrated Information. Take the fact of a traveler arriving in San Francisco. He comes to obtain knowledge of the resources and products of California. For that purpose three things are necessary. First, What to see; secondly, Where to go in order to see; and thirdly, What are the means of transport to the desired locality. The first is the object, the second the direction, and the third the execution. All these requirements are condensed in the Labor Exchange. Is the object the mines of the Pacific Coast, the Exchange will furnish the names of the principal gold or silver mines, with specimens of each, with directions where to go and how. Does the visitor desire information about agriculture, the official maps of the 44 counties of California are spread before him, each section of land being laid down, and those sections as yet belonging to the Federal Government, and which can be bought at $1 25 per acre, clearly defined. The great grain districts will be pointed out to him, together with the lines of railroad in operation or projection; the large operations for irrigation or reclamation of the vast tule lands of the State will be seen at a glance, at the same time reference will be made to private ranches or tracts of land already taken up, whereof portions are in the market for purchase or lease. Any one desirous of turning his attention to sheep raising or wool growing will obtain accurate information of the ranges from Monterey to the States of Nevada and Oregon, with full details of the various clips and returns North and South, of sheep runs for sale or to let, and available lands not already taken up. Samples of the various wools will also be on exhibition. This is but one branch of the Placard Exchange, and interesting chiefly to the foreigner. To the dweller within our gates, the institution offers manifold inducements. First of all, the exhibition of his peculiar branch of industry should he wish such to be made known, and secondly, space on the walls for his address. But a still greater inducement exists in the fact that every branch of commerce, profession or calling will be represented in the Placard Exchange. Cargoes of goods arrived and for sale, ships loading and the nature of their freight, ships and steamers to sail and their destination, with rates of freight and passenger money, prices current and sales effected of staple goods, rates of freight to all parts of the world, prices current of foreign markets, with latest telegrams, these will be provided for the merchant. For the community at large, the prices of stocks and government securities, lands, lots, houses or stores to sell or to let, together with information of a miscellaneous character. To sum up, every conceivable want of a busy world in the way of knowledge or information will be comprehended within the walls of the Placard Exchange. The spacious and lofty rooms will be well furnished and brilliantly lighted. Newspapers from all parts of the world will cover the tables; a superintendent will be in attendance until ten o clock at night to direct the inquirer; works of art will adorn the walls, in short, nothing will be wanting to render this, as was said above, an Illustrated Epitome of Information for the Pacific Coast. Telegraphic communication will be direct all over the globe, and as [illegible] to render the arrangement complete, a *daily Placard* will be published, containing a *resumé* of foreign, domestic and local news, a digest of mercantile intelligence, the arrivals and departures of ships, the state of the money and stock market, in short, it will be a faithful reflex of the Placard Exchange itself as a model of Condensed Information.

Clairvoyants and Astrology.

And this is the nineteenth century and we are supposed to be the most highly civilized race under the sun, yet we allow advertisements under the heading to appear day after day and year after year in the columns of our dailies. The question naturally arises who patronizes these people? (for support they must have). Surely no civilized person could ever be such a fool as to give his or her money in exchange for their [illegible] wrapped up [illegible] schools. It is possible that a newly landed "biddy" or two might be entrapped once, but as a rule they have not much spare coin, and the present to them is more important than the future. Who, then, does support these people! We can hardly imagine any [illegible], with their native shrewdness, and hatred of being sold, wasting their money in fattening such a horde of impostors. But still they live, and to all appearances, thrive; we see their signs boldly displayed in our most fashionable thoroughfares, and themselves swelling it in the gayest attire. We can arrive at only one conclusion, namely, that these places are but dens of infamy, sailing under false colors. We will not acknowledge ourselves fools, and so prefer to be dubbed villains.

England's Indian Empire.

The population of India has been commonly stated at 200,000,000; but we learn from the *Homeward Mail* that the census of 1872 gives the vast aggregate of 241,000,000, or about one-fourth of the entire population of the globe. Of this enormous total, 186,000,000 are under the direct sway of England—that is to say, they pay revenue to the Supreme Government; while the remaining 54,000,000 are either virtually under British administration, as in Mysore and Berar, or come more or less directly under our influence. These are figures which must at once strike the imagination. What a dependency for this little England of ours, with a population less by millions than that of the single presidency of Bengal, to hold! And the numbers who acknowledge our rule in the East are increasing at a rate altogether unknown in European countries. The *Homeward Mail* tells us, on the evidence of the figures now published, what otherwise would seem altogether incredible, that in two years England's subjects in India have increased by one-fifth.

—— "The Physical Abuses of Business" is the theme chosen by the Rev. Dr. Scott for his Sunday evening lecture in St. John's Presbyterian Church. Dr. Scott will also preach at 11 A.M. Sunday, and to both services the public is cordially invited to attend. Sunday School, 9½ A.M.

—— The *Resources of California*, published by J. P. H. Wentworth, has reached us. It is replete with useful practical information, and should have a wide circulation, especially in the interior. It is well worthy of being mailed to friends in the East or in Europe. It gives just the kind of information that would be invaluable to intending immigrants.

—— We have before us an illustrated monthly called *Our Young Folks*, published by James R. Osgood & Co., Boston, Mass. It is now in its ninth volume and besides being an entertaining book for young people, contains much that is really good and useful.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER 1872, IS NOW READY FOR DELIVERY,

The Special and Authorised Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, FEB. 8, 1873. No. 2.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, CALIFORNIA China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—Silver Bars—1¼@1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 88@88¾. Mexican Dollars, 4¾@5¼c premium.

☞ Exchange on N. York, ¼ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 12⅞ per cent. On London Bankers 49; Commercial 49¼, Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, Feb. 7, at 2 P. M., 114. Latest price of Sterling, 109¼@109½

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco.... February 7, 1873

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	103	102¾	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	125	130
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	101	102	Oakland 10s	102	—
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	101	102	Spring Valley Water Co	82	—
Legal Tender Notes	88¾	88¼	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '70	10.	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	95	—	S. P. and Mission R. R. Co	50	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	95	—	Front St. M and O R R Co	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	90	100	Fireman's Fund Insurance Co	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	20	22½	Merchants Mutual M Ins Co	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	-	California Insurance Co.	80	75
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	90	—	Union Insurance Co	65	88
Santa Clara Bonds, 8s	90	—	Pacific Bank	90	92½
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	1[illegible]3	125
San Francisco Gas Company	65	—	Pioneer L'd & L n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor California and Leidesdorff streets

Latest from the Merchants' Exchange.

NEW YORK, Feb 7—Gold opened at 113¾, 11 A.M. at 113¾, 1 P.M. at 114 U S Bonds—Five-twenties of '62, 114¾, 1867, 116⅛. Sterling Exchange 109¾@110¾, Pacific Mail, 75. Quicksilver Mining Company, 44¼. Wheat, $2 05@$2 20. Pork, quiet, 14¾. Cotton, 21⅛. Hides, quiet, dry, 25@25½, salted, 12½c, steady. Oil—Sperm, steady, $1 50@$1 55. Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 75, dull. Whale, weak, 63@70c. Winter Bleached, 70@76c, quiet. Wool quiet. Spring, fine, 35@45c, Burry, 25@32c; Pulled, 50@60c. Fall Clips, 30@35c. Burry, 18@25c.

LONDON, February 7—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 5d@12s 9d. Club, 12s. 8d@13s. 3d. United States Bonds, ex Coupon, 90⅝. Consols, 92¼@92⅝.

—— A set of wind and current charts for the Pacific, Atlantic and Indian Oceans has just been issued from the Hydrographic Office of the Admiralty. These physical charts show, in a simple and graphic form, the prevailing winds and other phenomena for periods corresponding nearly to the seasons of the year, and a general chart is added giving the ocean currents of the above great seas. These charts have been constructed from the pilot charts of Capt. Maury, the wind charts of Admiral Fitzroy and of Lieut. Fergusson, of the Indian Navy, together with those published by foreign Governments.

—— The mining share market was generally strong yesterday. The Savage assessment became delinquent, and was sold, assessment on, for $75, against $87 yesterday, a decline of $2. Compared with the rates on Thursday noon, Ophir advanced $3; Overman, $6; Crown Point and Segregated Belcher, each $5; Consolidated Virginia and Hale & Norcross, each $1; Chollar-Potosi, $3, Sierra Nevada, $1 50; Belcher, Caledonia, Exchequer and Gould & Curry, each $1. At the California Board Raymond & Ely sold at $86, against $85 the previous evening.

—— The Panama steamer sailed at noon yesterday, with $59,000 in merchandise, for New York, including 400 cases borax, 2,600 gallons brandy, 15,000 gallons wine, 3,000 gallons whale oil, 500 barrels flour, 130 packages salmon, 30 tons mustard seed, 2,000 hides, and 4,000 pounds wool; also, 1,000 barrels flour, to Central America and Panama.

—— On the 1st of March, the London and San Francisco Bank will commence operations on their proposed new building, at the northwest corner of California and Leidesdorff streets. The edifice will be an imposing one, costing at least a quarter of a million dollars, and is expected to be ready for business by the 1st of January, 1874.

—— The following steamers will sail from this port to-day: At 8 A. M., William Taber, for Eureka; at 9 A. M., Pacific, for San Diego and way ports; at 12 M., Newbern, for the Colorado River; at 4 P. M., Constantine, for Santa Barbara and way ports.

—— At the semi-weekly public wheat sales in Liverpool yesterday, average California sold at 12s. 9d.@12s. 8d., a decline of 1d. on the maximum rate, and Club at 12s. 8d.@13s. 8d. The receipts of California there now average a cargo per day.

—— The Cherokee Flat Blue Gravel Mining Company have levied an assessment of $1 per share, and the Pocahontas Gold Mining Company one of 50c per share, delinquent March 10th and 7th respectively.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

The California Placard Exchange.

The Directors of the CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE and BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST, have every reason to feel gratified at the favor with which this initial institution is received, every member of the business community, without exception, to whose notice it has been brought, having fully indorsed the organization and the systematizing of the plan proposed, all uniting in their promise to give it their warm support. Communications are continually received already from foreign countries, expressing approval of the Exchange as a means of bringing information on so many useful points to one focus. The advantages of this centralization will be immense, and the saving of time to visitors, as well as to residents, so great as to be quite a new feature in the science of commercial intercourse. The photographers of the city, more especially Messrs. Bradley & Rulofson, are furnishing upwards of one hundred and fifty photographic pictures in their best style for exhibition, the gentleman named contributing a large number of their most perfectly finished views of the interior. The decorations are intrusted to the tasteful execution of Messrs. Peters & Harp, and the candelabras will be furnished by Mr. Prior, the well-known gas fitter. It is fully expected that this useful institution will be opened by the 1st of March, as the arrangements are being rapidly completed.

The Non Arrival of the Nevada.

The non arrival, up to the hour of our going to press last evening of the Webb steamer Nevada, was causing some anxiety to the uninformed in such matters. There is no necessity for alarm. The average time required by the line has only yet been slightly exceeded by the Nevada. It is true, she is ten days over contract time and that she is supposed to be the best boat in the service. The telegraph informed us that she left Auckland on the 4th of January last. She has therefore been thirty-five days at sea. The contract calls for twenty-four days. The steaming distance is 5,880 miles, so that if she were now in she would have accomplished seven knots per hour. There is no necessity for anxiety yet.

—— Money is working easier. Bank rates for call loans are steady at 1@1¼ per cent., while term loans range from 9 to 12 per cent. Coin drafts on Atlantic cities are being drawn at ¼ per cent.; Currency drafts, 12¾ per cent. premium on gold; Telegrams, 1¼ per cent. premium; Exchange on London, 49d for 60-day bankers' bills, and 49½d for commercial bills; Gold bars, 870@775; Silver bars, 1¼@1½ per cent. discount; Mexican Dollars are nominal at 6¾ per cent. for old and 4¾ per cent. for new issue; Silver coin, 1½@1¾ per cent. discount.

—— H. M. Newhall & Co. sold the United States steamship Resaca for $41,000. The steamer Vanderbilt was also offered, but the highest figure bid was $56,000, and the vessel was withdrawn. The Resaca was sold to Goodall, Nelson & Perkins.

—— The ship Glad Tidings was cleared from New York yesterday for San Francisco, with a full assorted cargo, including oysters, starch, coal oil, nails, and other manufactures.

—— The Spring Valley Water Company and the California Theater Company will each pay a monthly dividend of one-half of one per cent. on the 10th instant.

—— The large firm of Manchester warehousemen, Pawson & Co., of St. Paul's Churchyard, has failed with liabilities estimated and £800,000.

—— The Raymond & Ely Mining Company have declared a dividend of $5 per share for the month, payable on the 10th instant.

—— An assessment of 10c per share has been levied on the stock of the Placer Gold Mining Company, delinquent March 17th

—— The steamer Idaho is at Acapulco with a broken shaft, and will wait the arrival of the Great Republic to tow her up.

—— The product of the Mount Diablo mines for January was 13,907 tons, against 14,671 tons for the same month last year.

—— The ship Derby has arrived at Liverpool with a cargo of California Wheat in 112 days.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 605 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

Morning Dew.

[BY THE SWEDISH POET [illegible]]

As dew that falls at morn,
To cheer the thirsty award,
On those by sickness worn
[illegible] Thy word, oh Lord!
Thou first fruits from the grave,
Thy words from death can save;
Or take from that drear thing
Its bitterness and sting.

As sinks the sun at even,
Within a golden sea,
While [illegible] the heaven
And [illegible]—
So gleams his closing eye,
Who feels the Lord is nigh;
Who knows, where'er he bide,
That Friend is at his side.

As cold at dawn doth seem,
E'en summer's morning-gray;
Though warm the sun shall beam
At noontide of the day—
So, when the last dawn tinges
Our sky with golden fringes,
May that last chill we know
Bring in the unending glow.

A Japanese Sketch of Sheffield.—Extraordinary Document.

The Sheffield *Independent* publishes a "careful translation" of a letter written by an *attaché* of the Japanese Embassy, the chief members of which recently visited Sheffield, and were present at the Cutlers' Feast. The document is a most extraordinary one, as will be seen from the following extracts:

From ——, in the train of Shoniu Tomomi Imakura, Ambassador in England, to ——, his father, in Miako, Dai Nipon:

I am mindful, O, my father! of the command laid upon me to send you a careful account of my wanderings in this island, which is so small that a prince of our empire would not think it too great for his sole dominion. . . . Confused as my mind is by the influx of hasty impressions, I am incapable of generalizing the information thus procured, or I would place it before you compactly. I shall, therefore, describe what I saw in one city in which manufactures are carried on in every street, and, as it seemed to me, in every house. . . . You have been to Obosaka, our rich commercial center, and doubtless remember its opulent merchants, skillful artisans, comfortable laborers, clean streets, well-built houses, and splendid temples. The English city of which I would speak is richer than Obosaka and as populous; the comparison ends here. Its name is Sheffield, and we reached it late in the evening, after a weary journey in one of the wonderful machines of which you have heard, and which cleave the air with the swiftness of a dragon, and the strength of a god. As we had been treated elsewhere, so we were treated here; grave, solemn gentlemen, arrayed in the quaint, and, to me, fantastic costume of the country, awaited us, and one, who may have been the Daiomi of the district, read a scroll writ in his own tongue, which he then handed to my master, who added it to a vast collection of similar documents, given us since our arrival in England. These men, my father, are as unlike us as the Tartar is unlike the inhabitants of Than; their stature is unequal—sometimes small, sometimes large, but oftener an ungainly mixture of size and breadth, which presents the oddest contrast imaginable with our pure ideal of manly beauty and physical grace. Their faces are still more diverse than their persons, for no two are alike—indeed, a native whom I questioned on this point gave me to understand that so various are the features of this race that many wear two faces, and some more than two. I marveled at this, and hesitated to believe him, yet why, my father, should he tell a stranger aught but the truth? . . . We were led into the street, where jenrikshaha, drawn by four-footed beasts called "horses," instead of by men, were in waiting. Into these vehicles we ascended, and were conducted through busy streets full of men and women—these latter without veils or other face-covering—who turned to examine us as we passed, and pointed at us in wonder. In the thoroughfare where there seemed to be most noise and commerce, a man, clad meanly, and with a heavy, miserable face, staggered wildly, as though afflicted with sudden pain, and fell against an adjacent wall. "Look, look!" I cried, pulling the Englishman who sat near me. "Poor wretch, the sickness of death is upon him. Help, help, if ye be human!" But my companion laughed loudly, instead of rushing to the assistance of the stricken brother; he said something about "drink" and "police," but I know not what he meant, and am grieved to find that in a land which boasts of its polished civilization the common kindness of savage to savage does not pass for a necessary virtue. Our destination was the palace of the great man who elected to be our entertainer; and truly, after his fashion, he was hospitable in the extreme. Their houses are not like ours, but much more cumbrous, and are built as though they were meant to last forever. Adornment is a passion with them, and scarce anything can be more incongruous than the collection of knick-knacks to be found in their principal rooms. Of their domestic life I can speak but little, for I did not closely examine that into which I was not entitled to look.

Our stay in this city of Sheffield was one in which we saw much, and learnt not a little; hour by hour we flitted from factory to factory, observing now an artisan making a sharp knife or a rough file, and now a band of workmen casting a gigantic gun, which may hereafter send with one breath a thousand human beings to destruction. Everywhere we saw men busy, but nowhere did we see them happy. In the face of each laborer there was that which told of a life devoid of the higher pleasures; they eat, sleep, and work, 'tis true—so does the beast of burden. Our guides spoke of there being countless thousands of these toilers in the city; and when I asked what they did with their leisure—whether they spent it in worship at the shrines, of which there are many, or in viewing the beauties of nature beyond their gloomy dwellings—he laughed—these Englishmen laugh in a stranger's face—and pointed to a grand building, painted gaudily, and having a profusion of lamps not unlike those in the great temple of Hungangi. Again I failed to understand his meaning, but politeness forbade me troubling him for an explanation. The houses of the poorer sort are wretched for the most part, and are shockingly unclean; the streets are paved with stone, and are much more disagreeable than the public walks of Miako. But what struck me most forcibly was the want of nobility or manliness in the bearing of the inhabitants. Many walk with their backs bent and with eyes fixed on the ground, as if, like Tartars, they worshiped the sun and were fearful to look at their god. The women are ugly beyond my dreams. O, my father, conceive a creature who walks on her feet! Impossible! you will say. Yet have I seen the wives and daughters of the [illegible] in this city of Sheffield perform this horrid wonder. And my amazement [illegible] into disgust when I found that the practice was common, and that, while in our country the ladies are most [illegible] to prevent the growth or expansion of the feet, these strange people take no [illegible] of the matter, and allow the toes to enlarge without let or hindrance. The first lady into whose presence I was brought bestowed upon me a welcoming smile, and in doing this her lips were parted, and her mouth was revealed. O agony! I could have fainted as I beheld an even row of small teeth the color of which was a beastly white. Even the gums were not dyed or [illegible] black, and not a single tooth had been broken, though how female [illegible] can be supposed complete with a nature [illegible] is more than my brain can imagine. Alas! I ceased to wonder when I had seen how [illegible] more frequently; they are heaps of flesh, blood, and bone, without shape or [illegible] creatures on whom the hand of Ka-the-pa, the avenging god, has been laid in anger. Will you believe it, my father, the eyebrows are allowed to remain even when the maiden becomes mature—the lips are of a sickening red, instead of being of the [illegible] to the beautiful dames of Miako. And the countenance and [illegible]! How shall I ask you to credit me when I say that the one is sharp and pointed and the other white, except in rare instances! Our own women [illegible] grace and expression to their faces by [illegible] them a [illegible] red, and depicting on the cheeks some pretty device of a bird or a fish [illegible] women [illegible] paint and only a few [illegible] to [illegible] a taste and skill to increase their attractions [illegible]

A rich feast was given during our stay by the merchants of the city, and we must needs [illegible]. Had [illegible] feast so horrid been held in Miako, the [illegible] would have been thought mad, and the hosts madder still. In the place of our temperate dish of fish and light platter of fish or rice, there rose huge mounds of the flesh of filthy beasts which sent forth a sickening smell, but which these wonderful people ate in incalculable quantities. And as they ate so did they drink—not the saki of our prudent banquets, but colored water containing the essence of stupefying drugs, which they swallowed in huge draughts as though their thirst could never be quenched. This [illegible] and interests me, the people [illegible] them. Magnificent abroad, they are [illegible] at home; they are [illegible] yet timorous, hospitable yet rude and discourteous, benevolent yet harsh and cruel, and—wildest paradox of all—Christians, yet good men. Farewell!

Russia in Central Asia.

At present neither Russia nor India has any actual "frontier" whatever; and the scheme of preserving a belt of neutral territory as a line of demarcation between the two Powers is about as feasible as separating two fires by a wall of paper. Never once in the whole range of history has such a project succeeded, except by the intervention of a third Power. Rome and Carthage guaranteed the neutrality of Tarentum, and the result was that after the "neutral" city had been thrice sacked by its protectors Rome devoured it and Carthage together. France and Spain guaranteed the neutrality of Navarre, and where is Navarre now? Burgundy and France guaranteed the neutrality of Provence, and Louis XI. swallowed it at a mouthful, with the best part of Burgundy along with it. Russia and Austria guaranteed the neutrality of the clipped-down "kingdom of Poland"—with what result we all know. The neutrality of the Danubian Principalities, as guaranteed by Turkey and Russia, would not have endured for a single generation had it not been for the counterpoise of Austria. In a word, our present position is one of uncertainty, and any uncertainty is simply fatal in playing against such antagonists. We cannot—it is impossible to insist too strongly upon this—we cannot be too explicit with Russia. So long as she merely prosecutes her just quarrel with Asiatic barbarism she merits our hearty approval, but beyond this she must not go. The possibility of her invading India is indeed chimerical, but the possibility of her hemming in Asiatic Turkey, making Persia her obedient vassal, and interrupting our communications with the East, is not so. We have committed a great error, and that error must be repaired promptly, if at all. A correspondent adds: "One word more before I quit the subject—a subject which, to me at least (thinking as highly as I do of Russia *per se*) is anything but a pleasant one to dwell upon. It has been urged by many of Russia's supporters that her conquests in Central Asia are so many victories of civilization over barbarism, and to be rejoiced over accordingly. But what is this civilization by which Asiatic barbarism is to be purified? The question is fully answered by a few extracts from a letter written by a Russian resident at Samarcand, which (how reluctantly I will not attempt to say) I have just read and believed: 'The three classes of the Russian population—military, officials, and merchants—are at constant feud among themselves, each party attempting to secure all the best things for itself, as was made abundantly manifest when the question of choosing a site for the building of the "European Quarter" came under consideration last September. The ground thus chosen was valued in a very arbitrary manner, and the native occupants, with their wives and families, were simply driven out of their dwellings and bidden to go elsewhere. One of the members of the Commission of Survey (which consisted of two representatives from each class) obtained permission to appropriate several costly marble tombstones to his own use; whereupon the president resigned, and was succeeded by a person who is not likely to quit his post from any fear of condemnation. The morality of the Russian population is indescribably low, and has fallen even lower since the permission recently given to the soldiers to establish their wives and families in one of the suburbs of the town. It is no exaggeration to say that almost every soldier's wife is a prostitute, the husbands themselves conniving at this degradation; while drunkenness and debauchery prevail to an incredible degree. Many of the Russians have established harems, while a still larger number have abandoned themselves to the hideous vices prevalent among the brutalized Orientals. In a word, numbers of educated men, reared in the great centers of European civilization, have sunk to the level of the Sart and Dhoowana!'"

SAN JOAQUIN AND KING'S RIVER CANAL AND IRRIGATION CO.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the San Joaquin and King's River Canal and Irrigation Company [illegible] day of January, 1873, it was unanimously resolved, that [illegible] in one of the most important works [illegible] cial interests of the State, the [illegible] subscription of 75,000 shares of the 100,000 shares [illegible] Company, at the present cash cost of the work [illegible] [illegible] that Books of Subscription [illegible] the Company, No. 320 California street [illegible] days. Capital Stock, [illegible] [illegible] canal are completed [illegible] water for irrigating lands [illegible] Tulare Lake to near Antioch [illegible] miles, and work progressing. The Company has [illegible] For further particulars and terms of subscription, apply at the office of the Company.
Jan. 25. J. MORA MOSS, President.

OFFICE OF THE TIDE LAND COMMISSIONERS,

Room No. 12 southwest corner Clay and Kearny sts., San Francisco, January 10, 1873.—NOTICE TO DELINQUENT PURCHASERS OF SALT MARSH AND TIDE LANDS. Notice is hereby given to purchasers of Salt Marsh and Tide Lands, upon which payment of the 21 [illegible] (twenty five per cent.) has become delinquent, that [illegible] thereon to the State Treasurer at Sacramento [illegible] All Salt Marsh and Tide Lands upon which [illegible] vertised on the 7th inst., the money [illegible] shall be regarded as forfeited and the property resold on the FOURTH DAY OF MARCH, 1873, as provided by law.
R. P. JOHNSON, EDGAR BRIGGS, [illegible] STRATTON,
J. M. CURRIER, Secretary. [Jan 10] Tide Land Commissioners.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE, MONTGOMERY STREET SOUTH, AND LAGUNA SURVEY.

Warrants on the above funds allowed by the County Court, will [illegible] City and County Treasury [illegible] the 16th instant [illegible] are notified to immediately file with the Treasurer a list of the numbers held by them.
J. A. [illegible]
San Francisco, January 14, 1873. City and County Treasurer. Jan. 18.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at [illegible] Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
Lowanus & Harris Agents. Nov. 21.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct 21.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 18th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox. the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand feet.
Nov. 9. JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

POLL TAXES FOR 1873 ARE NOW DUE.

Payable at the Assessor's office, or to a Deputy.
Jan 18. LEVI ROSENER, Assessor.

GIANT POWDER COMPANY.

The Giant Powder Company, Bandmann, Nielsen & Co., General Agents, 211 Front street. Nov. 21.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 18, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS-RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Rider, Smith & Co.; Wm Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—J. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Torrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanasrinth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co
Constantinople—Baltozzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Bourse.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England; Gurney & Co; Rothschilds; Bank of London, Baring Bros & Co, Derby, Davies & Co, [illegible] "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co, Alsop & Co; Heath, Gramming & Co, Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; B. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Casa Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadle & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fils & Co, Revue de France.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce, C Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.

In Winter.

Oh, Robin, why dost sing?
Are not the last poor blossoms of the rose
Sodden and dead? and all the lilies, too,
Which, like tall angel sentinels, have stood
Guarding a plot of green the summer thro'?
Even the leaves drop down,
Writhen and brown,
As if they died in agony; red beech,
And tawny chestnut fans, scorched by the breath
Of Autumn's burning kisses laid on each.

Oh, winter sun, why shine?
Are not the deepest bowers laid dead and bare
Where thou was wont to peep? and o'er, alas!
Is all thy pretty play of hide and seek,
Among the nodding leaves and bearded grass!
Over the hoary wood
In angry mood
Thou gazest with a red and sullen eye,
Touching the barren boughs with scornful fire,
While with long gathering moan the wind sweeps by.

Oh, violet, why bloom?
False prophet of the spring, thou venturest forth
Trilling the heart of fitful April hours!
Scentless, thou droopest to the ice-bound earth,
A pallid ghost among the blackened flowers.
The very pool lies dead
While overhead
Gray, misty snow-clouds darken all the air
And spectre birds flit noiseless through the sky,
Seeking their frozen nests in dumb despair.
—*London Society.*

Bogus Mormons Fooling President Thiers.

For some time past a most impudent gang of swindlers has infested Paris and victimized hundreds of people in that great city, under the pretext that they were distinguished representatives of the Mormon Society of Utah. The grossest ignorance concerning American affairs is still prevalent, even among the more educated classes in France, and, in consequence of this fact, the swindlers, whose movements were directed and inspired by two shrewd Yankees—Charlie Dibdin, an ex-convict of the Charlestown State Prison, and William Aldrich, an almost white mulatto, born in Springfield, Massachusetts, and known to the criminal authorities of that State as an unscrupulous rogue—were successful beyond expectation. They hired a splendid suite of apartments in the Rue Castiglione, where they gave regular seances, according to the Mormon faith. Aldrich has a good-looking mistress, and the latter, together with a number of prepossessing Englishwomen of bad character, attended the seances in the capacity of the wives of the two Mormon elders. Dibdin, who is a very sanctimonious looking fellow, officiated in conducting the services in a gorgeously fitted up chapel. Invitations, printed in golden letters on the finest paper, and adorned with mystic emblems, were sent to large numbers of such wealthy inhabitants of the French metropolis as were known to be interested in American affairs and in curious social and religious movements. Many of the latter attended regularly and manifested a profound interest in the services of the bogus Mormons.

About four months ago the two swindlers became associated with several Frenchmen and two Italians, and resolved with them to make a bold push for enlarging their operations. They had printed certificates of membership, which were to be had for the sum of fifty francs, and which, according to the assertions of Dibdin and his accomplices, were intended to pay off the public debt of the Mormons. These certificates were signed by Brigham Young, and they were reimbursable in five years at an annual interest of fifteen per cent., the latter to be paid either at the Paris office of Dibdin and his confederates, in the Rue Castiglione, or at 65 Cheapside, London, at the office of two of the accomplices of the Parisian bogus Mormons. They were also to be good for their investment in real estate in Salt Lake City or at other Mormon settlements in Utah. The swindlers obtained six hundred and fifty thousand francs upon these fraudulent certificates. When the traffic in the latter, toward the close of November, began to flag somewhat, the swindlers, of whose doings Brigham Young and his crowd were probably utterly ignorant, prepared another coup, destined to stimulate the interest of the foolish Parisians in the cause which they pretended to represent, and to turn the [illegible] to account. For this purpose they caused to be inserted in the *Petit Journal* and other Parisian papers, which are eagerly read by the foreign residents of that great city, advertisements to the effect that Brigham Young had died on the 15th of October, 1872, at his Palace in Salt Lake City, and that the "one hundred and twenty thousand Mormons of Utah," by universal suffrage, had chosen one "John Smith" as his successor. On the 25th of November a [illegible] funeral service was held in honor of Brigham Young, at the chapel in the Rue Castiglione in the presence of a large number of invited guests, and, on that memorial occasion, Elder Dibdin delivered a soul-stirring oration, in which he dwelt on the most glowing terms upon the high talents and fervent piety of the defunct Brigham.

This curious solemnity was followed by the cruise of another rite meant to keep [illegible] to the second series of the "Mormon [illegible]." In order to help on the [illegible] and encourage subscriptions, the newspapers were furnished with the information that "His Excellency John Smith, the new Mormon President, was on his way to Paris." That excellent man, who was no other than an old English second-hand furniture [illegible], whose principal stock in trade was a [illegible] respectable appearance, and who for the occasion had been dressed in a [illegible] black broadcloth, made his appearance in Paris about the middle of last month. With unparalleled daring the swindlers now [illegible] [illegible] "Mormon President" [illegible] some of whom [illegible] the deepest interest in his valuable statements [illegible] condition of the Mormons, which he reported as flourishing to the highest degree.

To crown all this tissue of the most barefaced effrontery, "President" Smith was formally presented, on the 28th of December, to M. Adolphe Thiers, the President of the French Republic. Next day the announcement of their interview, unfortunately for the bogus Mormon, appeared in *Galignani's Messenger*. A real Mormon emissary, who has long lived in Paris, and who is known there as Elder Panchard, rushed to the office of the Prefect of Police. In a few hours Dibdin and Aldrich, with nine of their women, were arrested. Furbisher succeeded in making his escape to England; but it is probable that his extradition will be demanded by the French authorities.

Too Late for Explanation.

Lord Mark Kerr, who distinguished himself at the battle of Fontenoy, was a good but eccentric officer, and a terrible duelist. His *debut* was remarkable. He was a lad of a light, effeminate appearance, apparently [illegible]. His father, the Marquis of [illegible], who [illegible] him to London to join his regiment (the Coldstream Guards) requested the Colonel, who was his partner or friend, to watch over him and see that he submitted to no improper liberties, and to instruct him on the way he should go in case he should have the misfortune to be insulted. These were the days of hard drinking, prodigious swearing and brutal manners. This scion pacific of nobility soon became the butt at mess, and a peg to hang practical jokes upon, until at a year's standing a Captain threw a glass of wine in his face. He still said nothing, but wiped his face with his handkerchief and invited him to breakfast *tete-a-tete* on the following morning at nine o'clock. Lord Mark arrived punctually and ate his breakfast with perfect composure and spoke but little. At length the Colonel [illegible] "Lord Mark," said he, "I must speak to you on a rather delicate subject, but, as your future friend, I am compelled to waive ceremony. Captain L. yesterday morning publicly passed an affront on you, which your honor and the credit of the regiment require you to notice." "What do you think, sir, I ought to do?" inquired Lord Mark. "Call on him for a full explanation," rejoined the Colonel. "It is, I fear, too late for that," replied the young ensign; "I shot him at eight this morning, and if you take the trouble to look out of the front window you will see him on a shutter."

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER CITY INDEX AND PURCHASER'S GUIDE.

This is the handsomest and most useful work ever published in this city. It contains a full and complete list of city, county, state and government officers and [illegible] [illegible] of a like character. As [illegible] DEPARTMENT [illegible] the companies entirely reliable for the safest and speediest delivery of [illegible], Fire, Marine Disasters and Lapse of Life, is a special feature. The Purchaser's Guide is a most valuable and unique department of the work, containing the names of the principal capitalists, Merchants, Professional Men, Business Women, Manufacturers, Stockbrokers and Traders in every branch, with their places of business, so that any article or department the reader can see, at a glance, where to find the best and cheapest Articles required for [illegible] household [illegible] such as Groceries, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Millinery, [illegible], Furniture, Hardware, Crockery, etc. If you want a Loin of Beef, a Leg of Mutton, a first-class Lawyer, an [illegible] Agricultural Implements, Mining Machinery, or anything else among our ten thousand daily wants, you can find where to get them by easy reference to the PURCHASER'S GUIDE. This Matchless Business Pocket-Book is only 2¼ by 4 inches, containing 200 pages. It is picturesquely covered, etc. Price, 10 cents per copy; $60 per Thousand. Sept. 28.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

金山唐山新聞紙

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing. containing a review of Markets and Prices Current; Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date; latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 21.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 21.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and tastefully fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free [illegible].
April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 20. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S.F.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.

BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

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NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec. 9.]

G. W. CHESLEY.] **G. W. CHESLEY & CO.,** [J. S. JONES.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Fine Wines and Liquors. Sole Proprietors of CONDURANGO BITTERS. 414 Front street, San Francisco. 51 Front street, Sacramento. August 17.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, at Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 17.

REDUCTION IN GAS

Office of the San Francisco Gas Company, March 15, 1872.—Notice is hereby given that on and after this date the price of Gas will be reduced from Four Dollars and Twenty Five Cents ($4.25) to Three Dollars and Fifty Cents ($3.50) per Thousand Cubic Feet. [March 23.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

FOLEY & FLORANCE,

North Beach Livery Stable, Powell Street, below Filbert, San Francisco. Carriages to Let. Horses taken on Livery. All orders left at the stable promptly attended to, day or night. Clarence [illegible] stand on California street, [illegible] there will meet immediate attention. Nov. 28.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

— As a hit at the numerous quack doctors in the United States, the *American Agriculturist* gives the following recipe for getting rich: "Get from the medical dispensatories, or elsewhere, any simple stimulating compound or tonic, or take cheap whisky and color it, adding any cheap stuff to give it a medicinal taste. Adopt any name you choose, the more nonsensical or mysterious the better—one having an Indian, or Japanese, or Turkish sound will be all the better. Employ the glass-blower, or printer, or both, to get up fanciful bottles, or boxes, or labels. Look out that the package, contents included, don't cost over five to eight cents. Assume for yourself a name, as near that of some noted physician as you dare go, and add to the end of it M. D., F. R. S., D. M. D., etc. Write a long story about your great age, experience and great success abroad. Invent 50 to 100 or 1,000 wonderful cures wrought by your medicines, giving names in full, with residences, date, etc., but be careful to not blunder into giving any real name of any person living in the same place. These matters arranged, advertise your medicines largely. Print and scatter circulars, pamphlets and pictures by the ton. *Result.*—You will reach a multitude of weak, nervous, ignorant people who are slightly ailing, or think they are. They will take your stimulating or tonic preparations and 'feel better' right away. They will believe they have escaped or been cured of some terrible disease (the symptoms of which you should take good care to set forth vividly in your circulars) Henceforth you have not only a regular customer, but one who will sign your certificates of cure as strong as you can write them, and who will talk up the wonderful virtues of your medicines to others."

— A singular story is told by a Millbridge physician of Rufus Mitchell, aged thirty, who recently bled to death from a slight cut: "He was one of those unfortunate men who bleed from the slightest scratch of the skin, and many times he has lain and bled till it seemed that the blood had all run out, and then he would gradually recover. This time the cut was quite large, and he lived but a few hours. There is something remarkable about this family, who are here termed as belonging to the bleeding family. None but the males bleed, and they are the sons of the females of the same family. For instance, this man has left children; none of them will bleed, but if the girls should have boys in their families, they will be of the bleeding kind, but the boys are themselves free and their families will be the same. I cannot explain this. I have practiced in the family for more than twenty years. During this time a number of them have died from this cause, and others have bled, often dangerously. They seem to be as careless about edge tools as though they were like other people."—*Springfield Republican.*

— The *Sporting Gazette* thinks the following extraordinary incident will equally interest hunting men and the students of natural history: During the last cub-hunting season of the Badminton hounds, Mr. Charles Minett, of Chalkley Farm, in the Parish of Horton, Gloucestershire, was called out of bed very early on the morning of the 7th October by his cowman to see a fox sucking a cow. On his reaching the spot the cow was lying down and the fox gone; but the two upper quarters of her udder, the only ones getatable from her position, were empty and the teats wet, as if a cat had sucked her. It appears that the cow, when there is much keep and grass, does not retain her milk well. As it had trickled down the hill the fox first lapped it, and then traced it to its source. The cow was constantly watched subsequently, and the fox frequently seen to suck her. So constant was he at one time that Mr. Minett shut up the cow and preserved her milk, when the fox turned his attention to some of the others, who, however would not stand it.

— Special services were held in many of the principal London churches on December 31, in connection with a rapidly-growing practice of "seeing the old year out and the new year in." It is believed that the system was first adopted by the Wesleyan Methodists, who called the last few hours of the old year "Watch Night," but now Dissenters of all sorts follow out the plan; and Churchmen—high, low and broad—have their special midnight services. In the churches in connection with the Establishment the proceedings, as a rule, began at eleven o clock with the Litany, or what is now popularly known as "the shortened service," then came a brief sermon. In the Wesleyan chapels the services were of a similar character, except that no set form of prayer was used. Deep silence was observed during the passing away of the year, and in all cases a joyous hymn was sung before the congregation dispersed.

— At a late meeting of the Russian Society for the Encouragement of Commerce and Industry, a report was read by M. Boulloe upon the opening up of a new route from Russia, through Tartary, to China. Two expeditions were sent out, the second being at the worst period of the year, and having to travel through a desert covered with snow. Twenty-five men and 150 camels were sent, and 1,500 pounds of Chinese merchandise were brought back. It is expected that the proof thus given of the possibility of traversing the Mongolian steppes will give a new spur to the trade with China, although some fresh arrangements will, it seems, have to be entered into with the Chinese authorities, who at present insist on all caravans passing by way of Ourga and Kiakhta.

— Some gentlemen of an Aberdeen Bible Association, calling upon an old woman to see if she had a Bible, were severely reproved with the spiritual reply, "Do you think, gentlemen, that I am a heathen, that you should ask me such a question?" Then, addressing a little girl, she said, "Run and fetch the Bible out of my drawer, that I may show it to the gentlemen." The gentlemen declined giving her the trouble, but she insisted on giving them ocular demonstration. Accordingly the Bible was brought, nicely covered, and on opening it, the old Aberdeen lady exclaimed, "Well, how glad I am you have come! Here are my spectacles that I have been looking for these three years, and didn't know where to find 'em!"

— The Swiss *Times* says it is announced that within a short time a butcher's shop will be opened in Geneva for the sale of horseflesh. The Department of Justice and Police have taken every precaution to ensure nothing but the best and healthiest meat being offered to the public. The slaughtering of the animals will take place under the surveillance of a veterinary surgeon appointed by the Department, and only such as bear his mark will be allowed to be sold. There will be two prices—fifty cents per pound for the choice pieces and forty cents for the rest.

— A charcoal pedlar, not far from Hartford, had a Newfoundland dog, which he taught to jump into his basket and lie while he filled in the charcoal. When the pedlar carried the basket very full into the cellar, the purchaser, looking out of the window and checking the basket, was quite satisfied. The dog, well trained, walked out with his master as if nothing had happened.

— The circulation of the New York *Herald* is usually 100,000, but on the day when the returns of the election were given 152,000 copies were sold without satisfying the demand. The only time when the *Herald* had previously approached this circulation was at the surrender of Lee at Appomattox, which was the end of the war, it reaching then upwards of 140,000.

— A correspondent of the Indian *Daily News* inquires whether it is in accordance with native etiquette for females to parade the public streets dressed in one fold of cloth of the lightest and most transparent material, which quite fails, as it is evidently intended to do, to hide the figure which is so distinctly visible through the dress!

— The German Government have made inquiries at the various ports, and have ascertained that the shipping interest is fully prepared to adopt the English system of pilot and alarm signals at sea, and orders are about to be issued for the assimilation of the German to the English code.

— A French statistician, who vouches for the facts, states that Paris contains 1,450 hunchbacks, 1,234 individuals with only one arm, 1,145 with one leg, 110 cripples, 17 without noses, and three without either arms or legs.

— There is a man in Philadelphia who belongs to 343 different secret lodges, circles, etc., and knows 1,377 signs, grips and passwords. He must understand the rule of permutation thoroughly.—*Boston Post.*

— In about three months it is fully anticipated that a splendid new line of steamers will commence to run between Liverpool and Philadelphia.

— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 1st.

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GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE

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Oct. 19.] **314 California Street, San Francisco.**

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, [illegible] Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, [illegible] Lap and [illegible] Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory woods and run without the usual [illegible] and [illegible] latest built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build [illegible] order [illegible], and in all cases guarantee the best material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of the manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of the company, viz: for the Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 30.

LOS ANGELES, BY THE NEW ALL RAIL AND STAGE LINE.

July—Time Schedule—1872. Tri-Weekly, via Southern Pacific Railroad, leaving San Francisco, via C. P. R. R., MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, via Oakland Ferry, at 4:00 P.M., passing Lathrop at 8:15 P.M. connecting at TIPTON (terminus S. P. R. R.), 250 miles from San Francisco, with the TELEGRAPH STAGE LINE leaving at [illegible] TUESDAYS THURSDAYS and SUNDAYS, arriving at Los Angeles next day about 8 P.M. PALACE SLEEPING COACHES will be run regularly on Trains between San Francisco (Oakland) and Terminus S. P. R. R. in Tulare Valley. Through Tickets and Sleeping Car Accommodations secured only at 2 NEW MONTGOMERY STREET, San Francisco. A. N. TOWNE,
General Superintendent Southern and Central Pacific Railroad.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent S. P. R. R.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent C. P. R. R.
August 3. W. G. ROBERTS, Agent Telegraph Stage Line, S. F.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Comprehensive descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes via Panama and Nicaragua to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17.]

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The Staunch and Favorite Steamship "Newbern," A. S. McDonough, Master, will sail on her next regular trip on .... at 12 o'clock M., from Front-street wharf, connecting at the mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona, the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through Bills of Lading will be furnished, and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
August 3 [illegible] Front street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt

E. C. NEWHOFF. C. D. DUNN. M. D. CARR.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

Mercantile Printing House, N. E. corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets. CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF, Practical Book and Job Printers, desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now prepared to do every description of printing in the very best style of the art. Our presses and types are all new, and of the very latest styles. Give us a call. The third floor of the building in which our office is now, will be rented for composition rooms, to good tenants, on very reasonable terms. Apply to [May 11.] CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 7.

THE NEWS LETTER
Is forwarded, prepaid, every Saturday, to the following Addresses and Places of Business Resort throughout the World —

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo — Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
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Oporto—Banco Alianca.
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Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—P. De Landa, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamula & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co, Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama — Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,
Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

A Sea Song.

Come, make for me a little song—
"Twas so a spirit said to me—
And make it just four verses long,
And make it sweet as sweet can be,
And make it all about the sea.

Sing me about the wild waste shore,
Where, long and long ago, with me
You watched the silver sails that bore
The great, strong ships across the sea—
The blue, the bright, the boundless sea.

Sing me about the plans we planned;
How one of those good ships should be
My way to find some flowery land
Away beyond the misty sea,
Where, alway, you should live with me.

Sing, lastly, how our hearts were caught
Up into heaven, because that we
Knew not the flowery land we sought
Lay all beyond that other sea—
That soundless, sailless, solemn sea.

The Colonial Question.

A correspondent writing for Australia says this important question has occupied some attention during the past year. The *Times* thinks English statesmen so local and so unreliable that colonists must seek safety in flight, and must avoid trusting the British Cabinet. As some think, a much more satisfactory solution of the difficulty was suggested by Mr. Haliburton to make the Cabinet a safe arbiter of Imperial interests, by the introduction of a few accredited colonial representatives. "Colonial representation in the Cabinet," he said, "seems likely to be the result of our discussions and difficulties." All the other schemes, though ingenious, do too much or too little. Let us recall them *seriatim*—1. Representation in the British Parliament. The objection to this is that it is impracticable and undesirable. Parliament has already more than it can attend to, and Canadians and Australians have already their own Parliaments, and do not need another. Besides this, we must remember representation and taxation must go together. The scheme is too cumbersome, expensive and impracticable to be thought of. 2. A Colonial Council of Advice. This scheme of Mr. Macfee, the indefatigable member for Leith, is also thought to be impracticable, or at least cumbersome and useless; for, it is argued, what use would there be in having fifty or a hundred retired colonists and ex-governors, or even deputies from all the colonies to give advice to Lord Kimberley? Advice is unavailing without influence to back it, and such a body would be practically useless. 3. Colonial Envoys. Sir Robert Torrens scheme has much to recommend it. He wishes to put the principal colonies on the same footing as foreign countries, and to have their ambassadors to represent them. The objection to his scheme is that ambassadors and envoys come from foreigners, and their appointment would practically end in our looking upon colonists as aliens. 4. Representation in the Cabinet. Mr. Haliburton's scheme is said to meet all the difficulties in a very simple way. I do not bind myself to it, but here is a summary of his views: The United Kingdom with its House of Peers and House of Commons rules the Empire by a Cabinet of 15 members, who are responsible to Parliament and to the people. The great Canadian Confederation has also its Parliament; why should not they be able to send one member to the Council of the Empire—a "Home Secretary of State for Canada," paid by Canadians, and representing, with suitable rank and status, a great country? He, as representing the people, would have a proper position and weight, and would have a voice in everything except in local questions, or subjects connected with taxation. In time the Australian Colonies, he argues, will cease to be mere colonies, and could, when confederated, claim their right to be represented by a "Home Secretary of State for Australia and the Pacific Colonies." South Africa, and perhaps the West Indies, might in time earn a similar rank and privilege. This would make four Secretaries of State out of a Cabinet of nineteen or twenty; so there would be no danger of our controlling English legislation. But four of the ablest colonists, having the rank of Secretaries of State, could protect colonial interests most amply, by being able to advise and to vote in the cabinet; and this system would serve us until some great changes yet unknown may suggest a grander and a more intimate union of the Empire. All we need do is to utilize our present Constitutional machinery, and to enable colonial parliaments to have a small share in Cabinet-making. Perhaps it would be advisable that every five years a reappointment or a new nomination might be made, so that party changes in a colony would not disturb the tenure of their Secretary of State. There would be no need for the colonial representatives in the Cabinet, however, to be affected in any way by the state of parties in the British Parliament. The one advantage of this scheme is that it would hold out a new inducement for our colonies to cordially adopt the principle of confederation, as by so doing they would not, as they fear, be drifting away, but would be more closely incorporated with the Empire. This scheme of Mr. Haliburton's savors somewhat of that proposed some time since by Mr. Eddy. This gentleman contends "for a real committee for the colonies, composed of Privy Councillors, and, in its relations to the colonies, corresponding to the Cabinet in its relations to the British Islands." The time may perhaps come, however, when the Agents-General, who are the legal and responsible agents of the colonies, may be accommodated with a seat in the Cabinet, and so bring about a solution of this "vexed colonial question."

"Mother's Come Home."

A circumstance occurred a few days ago, in the neighborhood of the Old Kent Road, which caused a great deal of excitement and amusement. Some three or four weeks ago the wife of a beershop-keeper eloped with the barman of a neighboring public-house, and having been away for about eighteen or twenty days, she returned to her liege lord and master, who received her with open arms. In a few days the news got whispered about that the fair runaway had returned to console her disconsolate partner, and some of the neighbors determined to let the fact be known publicly. They accordingly made an effigy of the lady, and painted a mask that was a tolerably good likeness of her. With this they marched through the streets in procession, and when they got into the quiet turnings near the beershop, a bellman rang his bell loud and long, until every one came out of their houses to see what was the matter. The bellman then, in a set speech and with stentorian lungs, announced the important fact that "Mother's come home." By this time there were several hundreds of people present, among whom were a large number of the roughs of Peckham. They then marched the effigy to the front of the beershop, and fixing it on a prop in a field opposite, applied a light to its mouth, which instantly took fire, being saturated with paraffin for the purpose. In a few minutes there was a tremendous explosion and blaze, the body being filled with fireworks, which went off in every direction, while the fragments of the effigy blazed away on the prop, illuminating all the neighborhood. In a very short time a steam fire engine from the Kent Road station dashed down the street, thinking there was a house on fire, and about the same time a considerable body of police had been drawn to the spot by the explosion and blaze. When the matter was explained the police were amused at the joke and refused to interfere, and the fire engine returned to the station. The husband and wife took these proceedings as a compliment, and came out in front of their house and made their acknowledgments for it, after which the husband drew four gallons of ale, which he took out to the crowd. It was eagerly seized upon by the roughs, who, with hearty cheers, drank the health of "Mother's come home."

A Great Reclamation Scheme.

Most continental travelers are acquainted with that vast expanse of water in Northern Italy known as the Ferrara Marshes, covering nearly two hundred square miles of what was once the most fertile land in Italy. An Anglo-Italian Company has been formed for the purpose of reclaiming these watery wastes, and plans for accomplishing the work were solicited from the most celebrated hydraulic engineers in this country and on the Continent, and the choice fell on Messrs John and Henry Gwynne, of Hammersmith, to whom the contract for the whole of the machinery has been given. The body of water to be drawn off the land is over 2,000 tons per minute, and as the consumption of fuel was a consideration of primary importance, these gentlemen have guaranteed that the maximum consumption of coal shall not exceed 1¾ lb per indicated horse-power per hour, and to deliver the whole of the machinery in ten months. The engines will be on the compound surface condensing principle, of 1,400 horse-power, working centrifugal pumps, and we believe are the first that have been constructed for drainage purposes on this principle.

— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 1st.

"The Phœbes."

A number of High Church ladies have formed themselves into a society called "The Phœbes," whose self-imposed duty it is to clean out the churches which they frequent. A correspondent of a contemporary thus humorously describes their operations: Just at first it is considered well to undertake the charge of but one church until the society shall be fully organized; so one fabric has been selected as the first for the Phœbes to commence operations upon. The work is done on Friday and Saturday afternoons, and as soon as the daily service on Friday morning is over the Phœbes muster in the church. Lady A.'s carriage sets her down at the door, and the brougham of the Hon. Misses B. comes next. The humbler cab brings Miss C., and Mrs. D. is seen hurrying round the corner on foot; and so on until the number of Phœbes is complete. Then the church doors are locked, that profane eyes may not gaze on what is being done. From the hour when the doors are closed upon the workers, rank vanishes and perfect equality reigns; the Phœbes are then only known by their numbers. The Phœbe No. 1 goes on her knees to polish the tiles of the chancel floor; Phœbe No. 2, carefully gloved, attacks, with blacklead brushes, the stove; Phœbes Nos. 4, 5, 6 and 7 are sweeping out the pews and beating up the hassocks; while Phœbe No. 8 has taken the brass eagle of the lectern in hand, and, under her vigorous exertions, its youth seems to be renewed. The society has only been in working order for a few weeks, and has had some difficulties to encounter, chief amongst which is the utter ignorance of the Phœbes or how the work ought to be done. As one lady describes their difficulties: "I always thought," she said, "that a housemaid has the easiest life in the world, but it is quite a mistake. You have no idea how hard it is to polish a stove; and scouring a floor is painfully dreadful. As to beating the dust out of the hassocks, it is not to be thought of; and if you just take my advice you will leave it for the present, and some day I will get a woman in to do it. I know it is against the rules, but I would sooner send a furniture-van and have them done at home than break my back, as I have been doing."

Thrilling Scene in a Menagerie.

The Swiss *Times* says that at the menagerie of Signori Bidel and Fairnall, at Turin, recently, the audience were treated to a performance not in the bills. Signor Bidel, the famous lion-tamer, entered as usual a large cage in which were lions, lionesses, bears, hyenas and a lamb. After the feats of leaping, etc., ordinarily shown in such exhibitions, the grand feature consisted in the simultaneous approach of the wild animals to the lamb and the exchange of the "kiss of fraternity." This was accomplished successfully, the animals methodically touching noses, then gravely stalking back to their places. The performance was to close with putting the lamb's head in the mouth of a lion. No sooner had the jaws closed upon the head of the animal, than it was evident, by the eyes and movement of the tail of the lion, that foul play was threatened, and, before a word of command could be given, streams of blood were running from his mouth. Children screamed and women fainted, but fortunately the panic was of short duration. Signor Bidel, with a tremendous blow on the throat of the lion and a shout of command, forced the half-wild animal to relinquish his victim, and, although roaring fearfully, he sullenly obeyed the fixed eye and gesture of his master, retiring into a corner of the stage. But, to the renewed horror of the people, in dealing with the lion he had turned his back upon the lioness, who, with a howl of rage, leapt upon his back. Fortunately for Bidel, her claws and teeth entered his clothing only, and with a spring and cry he leapt from under her, at the same time striking right and left with his loaded whip, forcing the animals to the front of the cage. There was an instant of hesitation and submission on the part of the latter, during which Bidel, revolver in hand, unfastened the cage and backed himself out of it. Seeing him safe, the reaction of the audience was tremendous, and the cheers that greeted his appearance were deafening. Although perfectly quiet, the deathly pallor of his face gave evidence of the danger he had passed.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.
To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 121 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNELLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnelly's Improved [illegible] Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at the Factory, [illegible] street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnelly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself, the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnelly's Yeast Powders. Thomas Donnelly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure and unadulterated Saleratus, and his Unadulterated [illegible] Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.
THOMAS DONNOLLY
San Francisco, January 25, 1873. Feb 1.

"SPIERS & POND,"

239 Kearny street, cor. of Bush, San Francisco. Wines, Liquors and Cigars, Tea and Coffee. Lunch at the usual hours, and Refreshments at all times. The comfort of the domestic fireside, the graces and courtesies of the drawing room, the freedom of the
C L U B.
Refreshments at all times, and Lunch at the usual hours. Tea and Coffee, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, 239 Kearny street, corner of Bush, San Francisco
Feb. 1. "SPIERS & POND"

NOTICE.

All Property-Owners to whom damages have been awarded for lands and improvements taken for the opening of Montgomery Avenue, will take notice that they are entitled to bid for Montgomery Avenue Bonds in amounts equal to their awards. All bids must be sent to the Mayor, Auditor or Treasurer, on or before MONDAY, February 3, 1873, at 12 o'clock noon.
WM. ALVORD, ALEX. AUSTIN, R. H. STRETCH,
Feb. 1. Board of Public Works.

THE OFFICE OF THE CEDERBERG GOLD MINING CO.,
And Manhattan Marble Co., of California, is removed to No. 319 PINE STREET [Feb. 1.] D. M. DOKEE, Secretary

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [H. A. MOORE.
Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 415 Brannan street. Feb 1.

C. MAIN **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.
Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc. Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco.
N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept 13

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC LOHMAN. JOHN W. TAYLOR.
WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,
Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co, CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.
Nov. 30. 501 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OR DRIVERS OF VEHICLES

The Annual License is now due for the year ending January 1, 1873. If not paid on before January 31, 1873, an addition of 25 per cent. will be added each month for delinquency. E. R. BUCKLEY, License Collector.
Jan. 18. Room No. 7, City Hall.

F. G. NAGLE,
Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Roney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

Social Gossip.

Dear News Letter.—In my last I promised to tell you all about the calico ball, but it was so dull there that I hardly know what to write about. The attendance on the floor was small, which made dancing very pleasant. The gallery though was very full. A spirit of [illegible] pervaded a great many from wishing with the crown, to which half an eagle constituted the "Open Sesame." There were no very pretty toilets, and the rule of calico dresses was utterly disregarded. In one corner of the gallery we noticed a few pairs having a good time. The couple I spoke of in my last were there, and seemed to be still getting along nicely. Next to them was beautiful Mrs. H. or Miss L., I hardly know how to call her, flirting with the Secretary beau. She is the handsomest woman in San Francisco, and dresses elegantly. I wonder if the old fellow left her that much of a man, as a young lady I know told me she thought he was. What taste some women have! Then there was gorgeous Miss H. with the army doctor she won. They were good friends last winter, then he went on an excursion to some beautiful spots around Tubb's Hotel, where we all thought he would stick, but he has come back. As the old lady says, "who would have thought it!" Lovely Miss L. was there, and looked better than usual. We missed her cousin, the fair child! One of the sweet Eastern arrivals, Miss M., who has such beautiful eyes, but whose nose is not exactly classical, was present. She is a very sweet girl. Our young friend, who runs the Austrian line, was as usual very attentive to her. How anybody can find him interesting, I do not know. He said to me, a word, and left the lady do all the talking. Lucky, for his conversation when he does deign to open his mouth is not exactly witty.

Sweet Miss B. delighted us with her splendid waltzing. How graceful she is! The jolly scenery's wife was accompanied by her husband, who was very devoted, and introduced all his friends to her. How some had Miss I. came and escorted young Ben. She did not dance, but seemed very much satisfied with her companion. The buxom little Jewess, Mrs. L., appeared to be having a good time; she is inclined to be flirty—at least, she is acquainted with every handsome man there. Her husband stands there, watching her with a jealous eye. She has a brother who is the most impudent, cheeky, small Jew you ever saw. Our friend the architect, who at fancy dress balls always wears the same old hussar uniform, was fixed up in grand style. He had covered up his shirt with little pictures, pasted on. The effect was horrible and tasteless in the extreme, but the poor fellow seemed to think he was elegant. Two of the floor managers, so called, I suppose, because those on the floor manage to keep them continually running around as [illegible], had put on shirts decorated with [illegible]. You were nearer to those cherubs, friends, than you will ever be to any others. The most important duties devolved upon the gentlemen of the Reception Committee; they consisted in the wearing of a large [illegible] rosette, and the showing of the same to all the participants. It gave the wearers a dignified look, and as they strolled around the hall they did not fail to impress the looker-on with an idea of their importance. Our friend, the youthful bank teller, distinguished himself in ably discharging the above duties. We were all sorry to see that he has not yet sufficiently mastered the difficulties of the polka to go through the same, but he is young and may learn yet. P., of the Lancet, astonished us, as usual, by cavorting right and left for all the dances, as we know that he does not know the first step. When the music strikes up, he then says, "Suppose we talk this through?" He is not at all conceited of his conversational powers.

Damon and Pythias were of course there, Pythias glorying in the wearing of a white rosette. But perhaps you do not know who they are? A couple of young swells, clerks in the French bank, noted for their handsome and well dressed employers. They are never seen apart, and when you meet one in a parlor or ball room, or at the theater, you may be sure that the other one is somewhere around. Damon is the Lilliputian curly haired American who returned lately from Europe, and who puts on more airs than if he was a lord or [illegible]. He is terribly conceited, his barber told me the other day that if one hair was shaved off on one side of his whiskers more than on the other, he was unhappy. The girls [illegible] him and say he is sweet. I, myself, think he is a little snob! He was very attentive to little Mrs. J., and danced with her several times. Pythias is the Belgian with the aristocratic name. He is a terrible flirt. He reminds me of a pump handle when he "dips," and to think he imagines himself a good dancer! He was having a good time with his latest affinity, but seemed to think that the intervals between the dances with her were the longest he ever saw. Later in the evening we saw him with his old love, Miss B. Their conversation was animated, and it looked like a stormy discussion on some point or other. The calcium light effects were very pretty, but were especially appreciated by several couples in the gallery, as that part of the hall was in complete darkness. I will not [illegible] any names. As a whole the ball was pleasant, and I sincerely hope that the lady managers were financially successful. The party at S.'s Tuesday, was quite a nice affair. The rooms were very warm, and there were too many ladies, or rather, too few gentlemen, but otherwise the enjoyment was general. The belle was Mrs L. It is too laughable to see how poor all the gentlemen are, in hopes of an invitation for the 26th. How it must amuse her. Mrs. D., the doctor's wife, had a beautiful black lace overskirt on. A couple of the four sisters were present and one of them was at her old tricks up the stairs with her old love, to the latest guest of the army officer who has latterly been foraging around here. I will sum up for this week. So good-bye.

Bon.

Tibby vs. True.

We are inclined to think that Tibby is a cat. No woman but one with a superabundance of feline nature could have kept up such a caterwauling as has made things lively in the Broadway School for the past few months. Poor True, how we pity him! A cat in her agreeable moods is bad enough. There is a suggestion of the jungle in her mysterious purring noise, an *[illegible]* of the tiger in her stealthy creep and noiseless spring, and a concealing horror in the blink of her green eye. But fancy this unfortunate man landed in a nest of six hundred kittens with one old cat to spur them on, and all in a rage. Back raised, for flying, eyes glaring, [illegible], and snarling at the new comer, for cats like nothing new, and Tibby or Tabby as you will, with a strong memory of the state [illegible] and Byronic throat of the lady killing Flood determined to put down the man who presumed to take his place. Tibby may be a very good teacher of grammar and arithmetic, but [illegible] she should waste her [illegible] such dry details, for, judging by the reasons she has inculcated into our girls of late, we have endowed her with an imagination almost vivid enough to write for the *News Letter*. What are we to think of the young lady who refused obedience to Mr True because he [illegible] eyelashes cast a bigger shadow than his whiskers, or of the [illegible] creatures who call him by such pet names as "[illegible] how True or [illegible]?" With a refinement of cruelty learnt in the young each girl in the [illegible] class carries a scent bag, which she holds to her nose with remarkable alacrity when the odorous Principal enters the room. True may not be altogether fragrant, but what chance does he stand in a crowd where [illegible] the only one of [illegible]! All these games are carried under the direction of Tab, who stands behind the obnoxious man and makes faces. Don't make any more faces, Tabby. Remember Elijah and the bears. God won't love you if you make faces—nor man either, for your lineaments being all together of a Grecian cast, you cannot afford to dispose of your few remaining chances by ruining their symmetry with grimaces.

San Francisco, February 6, 1873.

Dear News Letter.—At parties, nowadays, Jerry, Alonzo and one or two other [illegible] perform round dances almost exclusively in corners of the room. Probably the gentlemen mean well enough; certainly they mean no [illegible] and fashion, but the actual result is [illegible] on a crowded floor is [illegible] to the majority. When [illegible] spirit of progress on male dancers [illegible] onward and [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] during occupation of any portion of the floor whether by chairs, tables or people, [illegible] to increase [illegible] confusion. Furniture can generally be removed; perhaps Jerry, Alonzo and company can be instructed.

Truly thy yours, Luke Osner.

—"[illegible] of the Moral Evils of Business as It Is," is the subject of the Rev. Dr. Scott's Sunday evening discourse. Dr. Scott will also preach Sunday morning. Hours of service, 11 a. m., and 7½ p. m. Public cordially invited. Sunday School, 9½ a. m.

Theatrical, Etc.

California Theater.—The mythological comedy of *Pygmalion and Galatea* has met with well-deserved success and shows that at a California [illegible] there is some appreciation left for refined comedy. The plot is too well known to need much explanation. The scene opens, and in fact the whole play takes place in the studio of "Pygmalion," an Athenian sculptor, and one whose soul is wrapped up in his work, to [illegible] he aspires to more than human skill, and [illegible] the importunate [illegible] ignorance they decide, in order to punish him for his presumption, to grant his prayer, namely, that the statue he has just finished of "Galatea" should not only resemble woman in her loveliness, but also in her true [illegible]. "Pygmalion's" wife, "Cynisca," having reason to leave home for part of a day, in a fit [illegible] wayfarer her husband to make love to "Galatea," in order to keep true to her, whose as the model. "Pygmalion" does not seem half as surprised as he should be when the cold marble and lifeless cries, "Pygmalion!" "Pygmalion!" and, in fact, treats all the affair as a matter of course. The blunders of untutored innocence cause a little row in the family circle, first between "Pygmalion's" sister, "Myrinne," and her intended "Leucippe," a warrior, secondly, between the old Athenian [illegible] "Chrysos," who, having come to buy a few tons of sea plate, mistakes the vaulted statue for an artful young model. "Cynisca," the wife, comes in at a most inopportune moment, and finds "Chrysos" with his arm round the innocent "Galatea." A scene, of course, ensues. At first she is pleased that "Pygmalion's" prayers have been answered, but the enraged [illegible] "Galatea" again puts her foot in it, and "Cynisca," being of a spiteful turn and gifted with a power of turning blind those she fancies have done her an injury, strikes "Pygmalion" with blindness. In his absence, "Galatea" forgets the injured [illegible] "Cynisca" hears the conversation between her rival and poor, blind husband in which he declares his heart is still with "Cynisca." She restores, restores his sight, and "Galatea," tired of this "worldly world," once more turns into her native marble. Miss Rose Wilton, as "Cynisca," plays with great feeling and animation, although, we believe, laboring under the disadvantage of a bad cold. G. D. Chaplain takes the part of the Athenian sculptor very well, although we fancy "Pygmalion" would hardly have received the realization of the hopes and prayers of his life as coolly as Mr. Chaplin did. Miss Annie Graham read the somewhat difficult part of "Galatea" with an innocence that did it ample justice. Raymond's rendering of "Chrysos" was good, but still had a little too much of his favorite low comedy about it. Mrs. Judah, as the overpowering wife of the hen-pecked "Chrysos," was good as she always is, and we are glad to see her once more on our boards. Miss Minnie Walton, as "Myrinne," "Pygmalion's" sister, looked very pretty, but it wanted a great stretch of the imagination to imagine her a Grecian maiden. Mestayer looked and played well as the warlike "Leucippe." The whole play, to our fancy, bears a great resemblance to Gilbert's other play, *The Palace of Truth*. The dissolving statue of "Galatea" is not as well done as it might be. The [illegible] the last, and the whole figure more gradually. *The Opera Bridegroom* convulsed the house with laughter, as Raymond certainly in low comedy has few equals. The burlesque of *Ixion* is in rehearsal.

Alhambra.—Billy Emerson has returned, and it seems now like the original old place. Johnny Allen is all very well in his way, but the "Germanican English" is played out. The public are surfeited with it, and their stomachs revolt. It is bad enough to make fun of our "off color relations," but though we may not admire the German character, still we have so many of them among us that it is surely bad taste to play on the same old string all the time. We say "give them a rest." Little Mac is one of the most comical individuals that ever stepped on any stage—for elasticity he beats a rubber ball all to pieces—and even if a rich relative had died, you could not help laughing at his extraordinary evolutions.

The Metropolitan Theater gives us every night a most varied programme. The spectacular scene from the *Tell or Hel* is alone worth going to see. It is some time since they have had as good a company as they now have.

Mr. G. Hinrichs' first grand orchestral concert of classical and popular music *a la* Thomas, will take place on Wednesday evening, next, at Platt's Hall. The programme is an excellent one, and will doubtless draw a full house.

Wilson's Grand Amphitheater and Parisian Circus opens Monday evening next, on Sutter street, between Montgomery and Kearny. Mr. Wilson does not depend upon an outside show to attract the public, but inside the entertainment will be found of the highest order. There is a splendid troupe, including some of the best talent in the United States. The auditorium and seats are comfortable in every respect. There ought to be good houses.

F. M. Pixley will lecture on "Our Arabs" on the 13th, for the benefit of the Church Union. Of course it will be highly attractive. Pixley is always worth listening to.

We hear that Delahanty and Hengler have joined Spaulding, the minstrel, and are now performing the night at the East to splendid houses.

Notice to Correspondents.

The season is presumably favorable to the muse, judging by the contents of our mail bag. As our capacity to insert the immense supply from all quarters is limited, our contributors and friends must not be disappointed if they are not gratified with a speedy appearance of their effusions in the News Letter.

Mrs. Harris writes us to say that having had one of her very severe attacks of chronic alcoholism, she has been compelled this week to omit the utterance of her usual "goshings." Sayrah has had also her troubles.

"The Ins and Outs of City Life." We should have liked to have given a place to this well-written article, but it is hardly suited to the *News Letter*, which deals with stern realities rather than imaginary scenes. We shall be glad to hear from the writer again.

We cannot undertake to return rejected communications. Correspondents' letters coming to hand later in the week than Thursday, cannot be answered sooner in the *News Letter* than the following week.

—Is it a lie? It will be recollected that some time since the *Alta* printed a telegram which purported to come from Washington, and had reference to the movements of the [illegible] organization, which proposes to put our Australian steam line on a proper footing. The *Bulletin* pers[istently] declared that the telegram was written in this city. Last week we wanted to know how the *Bulletin* could be so sure about it if the Western Union had not been too ready to divulge telegraphic secrets. The answer has not been vouchsafed to us through the columns of the *Bulletin*, as it ought to have been, but it has reached us from the less effectually for a [illegible]. It is stated that Raymond, agent for the Australian Line, informed the *Bulletin* people that MacCrellish showed the pretended telegram before it was published, and demanded one thousand dollars as the price of its suppression. Is this true, or is it a lie? If, as we suspect, it is the latter, then let it be nailed at once. We think we do a service when we afford the slandered an opportunity to perform that feat. If it can be accomplished successfully, we shall have something to say to the authors of that story. We suspected utterances destroy more reputations than open statements. Now, Mac, it is in order for you to rise and explain. Was it blackmail, or not a lie?

—A well-informed Irish friend writes as follows: "Trinity College is to be stripped and spoliated after the manner of the Irish Church. But when the Protestants of Ireland find that they have been betrayed into a union so [illegible] force, and only to be robbed and deserted, there will be a revulsion of feeling, and as it crossed [illegible] to 'pacify' [illegible] the Pope's projects of getting the [illegible] again [illegible] will be greatly advanced."

—Contrary to general expectation, the jury in the Lee Embracery case has found the defendant guilty, as [illegible]. We say contrary to general expectation, because [illegible] juries generally say "not guilty." The Brothertons will doubtless bear with pleasure of the verdict that condemns their guardian friend and attorney.

—School Director Plunkett denies that the ladies who conducted the last examination of pupils got disproportioned pay. The statement appears to be an error.

THE LEADING MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING,	President.
G. W. SMILEY,	Vice-President.
B. H. COIT,	Caller.
H. SCHMIEDELL,	Treasurer.
F. LAWTON,	Secretary.

Baldridge, M.	606 Montg'y st.
Budd, W. C.	416 California st.
Burling, W.	428 California st.
Ford, J. C.	420 Mont'y, up stairs.
Fitch, J. R.	411 California st.
Higgins, W. L.	413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H.	431 Cal'a, upstairs
Keene, J. R.	408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co.	426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H.	417 Hayw'd B'd'g
Peckham, E. P.	413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H.	401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W.	444 Cal'a st.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal. fresh, ℔	50@	60
Do. Pickled	65	
Do. Packed	60	
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz.	40@	45
Lard, ℔	15@	20
Ham & Bacon, ℔	15@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	2@	3
Do. sweet	5@	8
Lima Beans, ℔	@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	20@	25
Onions, ℔	4@	5
Squashes, ℔	4@	5
Pumpkins, ℔	3@	5
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz.	40	
Celery, ℔ doz.	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz.	25@	
Turnips, ℔ doz.	25@	
Parsnips, ℔ doz.	25@	
Radishes, ℔ doz.	25@	
Green Peas, ℔	15@	20
String Beans, ℔	65	
Apples, ℔	6@	10
Pears, ℔	5@	12
Quinces, ℔	65	
Peaches, ℔	65	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	12@	25
Do. new, ℔	@	
Oranges, ℔ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Limes, ℔ doz.	25@	50
Quail, ℔ doz.	2 00@2	75
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	20@	25
Geese, ℔ pair	3 00@4	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	1 75@2	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	35@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@	
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	50	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	5@	
Salmon, fresh, ℔	10@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish, ℔	12@	
Smelts, ℔	15@	
Tomcod, ℔	15@	
Sturgeon, ℔	4@	
Sea Bass, ℔	60	
Flounders, ℔	25@	
Halibut, ℔	65	
Perch, ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ℔	5@	
Anchovies, ℔	5@	
Soles, ℔	25@	
Herrings, ℔	4@	

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

I met a man, the other day,
With a [illegible] smiling face,
So [illegible] him up to have a say,
And [illegible] he put his case:
"[illegible] and I was dead broke,"
He said, "but now all's well.
My restaurant was going wrong,
And the truth I'll plainly tell,
My stoves, sir, were not worth a song,
But I went to Montanya's store
(On Jackson street, you know),
I bought three stoves, and want some more,
My place is all the go."

English Readers and Publicity.—A recent calculation relative to the principal European languages shows that English is spoken by ninety millions of persons, inhabiting Great Britain and Ireland, North America, the Bermudas, Jamaica, Cape of Good Hope, Australia, Van Dieman's Land, Newfoundland and the East Indies. German by fifty-five millions, in their own country, Switzerland, Austria, Hungary, Russia, North and South America, La Plata, Australia and the East Indies. Spanish by fifty-five millions in Spain, Cuba, Mexico, the Republics of South America, Manila, etc., and French by forty-five millions in France, Belgium, Switzerland, Canada, Cayenne and North America. When it is considered that the *European Mail* comes under the notice of this large mass of readers, its importance as an organ of publicity will be fully recognized. Which the *San Francisco News Letter* most heartily indorses.

Consumption, a long disease, has hitherto been supposed to defy the skill of the whole medical fraternity, but now such is not the case. One of our eminent physicians not long ago had a case of the worst description to deal with. His remedy was simple but efficacious: he simply ordered the patient a wine glass of Cutter's Whisky five times a day, and recommended him to get it at Hotaling's, on Jackson street, below Montgomery, to insure purity. The patient is now a hale and hearty man, and swears by Cutter's Whisky.

"Occident," the horse that will yet surprise the trotting world, is every day improving, and no doubt the next time he appears in public will show some of the East in fivers his heels. That he has at least 2:20 in him, any one who has seen him go must own. It only requires more training to bring his good pace to perfection. He is not a very handsome horse, but had you seen him in a buggy the other day, in a set of Messrs. Main & Winchester's harness and one of their buffalo robes over the driver's legs, you would have owned that the *tout ensemble* was perfect.

A year ago I bade farewell to my true love over the sea,
And there were the last and parting words my true love said to me:
"I hear in the land you go to the sun is always shining,
And Summer plants the whole year long around the lattice twining."
I hear that the Friscan photos are lifelike in their truth,
So promise to send me one of yours, my loved though absent youth."
I went to Bradley & Rulofson's, where they take the very best.
She wrote me, "I am happy; my heart is now at rest."

The Credit Mobilier frauds have exposed and held up to light as rogues men who were thought to possess the highest integrity. Even our Vice-President has not come out of the affair without some of the dirty mud adhering to him. In fact, it is a difficult matter in these times to say who is a rogue and who is not. We find our parsons running away with other men's wives, our deacons playing poker with splinters. Who can we trust? In the Gerke Wine you get from Hamlin, 419 Market street, there is no deception. You can trust it—it never deceives.

The remorseless hand of time has swept away friend after friend, institution after institution. Paganism has given way to Christianity, and countless poor wretches have died with the idea that the whisper of J. C.'s name insisted them a happy hereafter. The future is wrapped in obscurity, but we enjoy the present. A nice little [illegible] a neat house fitted up with N. P. Cole's handsome furniture, and the present is happy, let the future be what it may.

I work all the week in the bustling city,
But on Sunday I take a drive;
For even the bee must leave his home,
To fetch his store to the hive.
I get a new lease of life each time
I drive on the San Bruno road,
And to Nature I pay the heavy debt
That six hard days have owed.
At my good old friend Harry Blanken's
I call as I come and go.
He's a real good boy is Harry,
And you'll always find him so.

Mr Jones had sore eyes, you bet! Dr. Smith prescribed "warm chamberlye." Mr. Jones placed himself in a favorable position, and prevailed on Mrs. Jones to apply the remedy. The application came *hot*, and Mr. Jones exclaimed, with bated breath, "Shut to! Shut to!" Mrs. Jones [illegible] she wasn't to blame. She misunderstood him. His eyes are all right now, though. A pair of Muller's spectacles cured them.

"Most photographs are more or less caricatures of the original; few approach to anything like it, and none flatter." These somewhat caustic remarks were uttered by a friend of mine. He had lately come from the East, but not being one of those women for which the East has been so long celebrated, he made a grand mistake. He confessed himself in the wrong, for a photograph of his own smiling but handsome face, taken by I. W. Taber, was pronounced "positively good looking."

Life is short, let us live while we can,
And take all the good things that come.
A man after all is only a man,
And being a man must die.
But if a man died and never tasted
The Nabob Pickles, his life would be wasted;
If you get them once from Donaldson's store
You'd eat no others any more.

Do you love sweet music? Then buy a good toned pianoforte. You need no information as to where to purchase one, for everybody who is anybody knows that the best instruments are kept by Sherman & Hyde, corner of Kearny and Sutter streets. That beautiful painting covering the side of their building on Sutter street arrests attention, and shows the passer-by where the best pianos in California are to be purchased.

The Franco-Prussian War has done good as well as harm to mankind. It has taught them that fine though the [illegible] of Champagne is, there is a land where sparkling wines not only equal their but excel them. If you once try any of the Native Wines sold by Eberhart & Lachman, at the corner of First and Market streets, you will never leave home for your wines.

There is no fish that contains the same amount of nourishment in the same space that the oyster does. One egg is supposed to contain as much nourishment as a pound of meat. One oyster, if of the right sort, contains as much as two eggs. [illegible] keep the best, both native and Eastern, and a call at his place on Pine street will prove what I say to be true.

Reader, will you bear with me a few moments? I will take you away back to the days of my boyhood. The days when I sat on a form and wrote all day at a desk (they were both made by Gilbert & Moore, Bush street). I fear that my tale, plain and unvarnished as it is, will not [illegible] you. I see you are yawning, and when a man yawns—and I have the care of a horse—I shut up.

As the Juggernaut car leaves its crimson track
Still [illegible] with the blood of the fanatic black,
And [illegible] as the [illegible] dead
Are left [illegible] as it goes ahead,
So the Nabob Pickles will hold their own
When other sauces and pickles have flown.

Fireman's Fund of California.—We are glad to notice the card which appears in our advertising columns from Boston merchants, addressed to Captain W. B. Swain, agent of the Fireman's Fund of California, recognizing the very prompt and business-like manner in which the losses by the late fire were paid. This speaks well for our local company.

We notice that the Oil House of F. B. Taylor & Co., 118 Front street, have added to their extensive business the importation and sale of Paints of all kinds, White Leads, Varnishes, Brushes, etc., their stock of these articles being the most complete of any in the city. The above firm is one of the most enterprising among our merchants, and have attained an enviable reputation for fair and honorable dealing.

Although the days of miracles have passed, and the spirits now confine themselves to their own bottles, yet one has been performed in our very midst. A man, who has been blind nearly all his life, was persuaded by an old friend to buy a pair of Muller's Brazilian Pebble Glasses. He has since been able to read even the poor print of our dailies.

The staff of life is good bread. Good bread cannot be made without good yeast, therefore yeast must be at any rate the "cane of life." To get it good you must give our old friend Donnolly a call at his place of business, on Battery street, from 315 to 317.

People with tender feet, and those who wish for a good fitting boot, should go to John Utschig, 225 Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny. He is the most fashionable boot maker in the city.

During the last ten years only one man has had the temerity to pass Sharpe's Hotel, on the San Bruno road, without calling. That man is now at Stockton. Let us take warning, and not only call, but call often.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

March 1st—Steamer JAPAN, Capt. Freeman.

There will be no departure February 16th or March 16th.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

February 17th—COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge.

February 27th—MOHONGO, Capt. —— Both calling at San Diego.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamers falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

INCREASED SERVICE.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:

ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Friday February 14th, and Wednesday February 26th.

PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Saturday February [illegible]th, and Thursday, February 20th.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO, SANTA BARBARA AND SAN PEDRO.

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M., as follows:

SENATOR, Capt. Harlow, Monday February 10th, and Friday February 21st.

Through bills of lading signed, and through tickets sold from and to all ports on the San Diego route to and from New York, Europe, Mexico and Central America at San Francisco Tariff Rates.

GUAYMAS BRANCH.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, March 4th, for Cape San Lucas, San Blas, Mazatlan, Guaymas and La Paz.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M., the 3d.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Feb. 1st.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

TO SCIENTISTS.

Wanted, M. Alphonse L. Pinart, the skulls of deceased Indians of tribes belonging to California, Arizona, Oregon, Washington Territory, Idaho, Alaska and British Columbia. Each skull must be accompanied by a certificate indicating the tribe to which deceased belonged and the exact locality where procured. A fair price will be paid on delivering the same to ALPHONSE BONCHENKO, No. [illegible] Clay street, San Francisco, California, who is authorized to act in the matter as agent.

Paris, November 25, 1872. Dec 28.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan 4. No. 605 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly; Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. to and Oregon C. R. R. to through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

Aug 1st. WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 217 Sansome street.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 24.

SHIPPERS TO PIOCHE

Will please take notice that the horse teams between Palisade and PIOCHE are all disabled by the Horse Disease and all Pioche Freight must, for the present, be forwarded VIA TOANO or WELLS, which routes are supplied with Ox Teams.

Jan 25. R. W. MONTAGUE, Freight Agent C. P. R. R.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS and GLAZIERS. No. 47 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 4.6 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Escadero. Aug 17.

RICHARD HEYES & CO.,

Cigars, Wine and Liquor Merchants, 239 Kearny, and 405, 407 and 409 Bush streets, San Francisco. Address P. O. Box 239. Jan. 25.

The Music Listener.

As she listens to the music,
She lives in a land of dreams,
More lovely than moonlit midnights,
Or pale stars pictured in streams.
When waves of music are flowing
From the organ, deep and loud,
Her soul from the earth is soaring,
Like the lark above a cloud.

Her eyes have an eager lustre,
And she seems to drink each strain
Of the music, as a blossom
Drinks deep of the summer rain.
There's a beauty on her features,
That owes not a tint to art;
Her lips like the leaves of roses,
By the June winds blown apart.

She has no thought of the future,
The music only she hears;
So still she stands that her jewels
Have the quiet glow of tears.
She's calm as a sculptured figure,
With a cold and steadfast look;
That stands for ever and gazes
On an unclasped marble book.

And long as the music surges
Through the quaint and sacred pile,
Her face has a look of sadness
That seems akin to a smile;
A look which the hand of painter
Has never limned or caught—
The bloom and the perfect radiance
Of a calm and holy thought.

The bloom and the perfect radiance
Of a calm and holy thought.
So long as the music trembles,
She listens as though alone,
And only seems to be living
When the last sweet note has flown:
Still dreaming every moment,
Till the music dies away
Like the sounds of vernal showers
On a silvery clouded day.

—*Graphic.*

Webb's Steam Line Subsidy Bill Killed.

[From the Australian Edition of the News Letter.]

The steamer *Moses Taylor*, for Honolulu, was originally advertised to sail on the 29th January, on which day the English mails for New Zealand were due here. Although our daily mail from the East has arrived with the utmost regularity, there has been some inexplicable delay in regard to the New Zealand Mail, which did not reach San Francisco until the 3d inst.—seven days overdue. We very strongly suspect that the great dissatisfaction which our railroad men express at the inefficiency of the Webb Line, and their determination to have it superseded by a better one that will bring traffic to the roads, has had much to do with the delay that has occurred. Although we have had snow storms that have exceeded those of last winter, the Union Pacific Railroad has been kept open and the trains have been running on time with the utmost regularity, thus showing that the difficulty in this respect has been entirely met by the erection of snow sheds, etc.

The delay in the departure of the steamer enables us to send to our Colonial readers the particulars of the final defeat of the Webb Subsidy Bill. On Monday last a motion was made in the Senate to "table" the bill with a view to kill it. This was carried by a close vote in a full House, the ayes being 33, the noes 31. The effect under the rules of "tabling" a measure is that thereafter it requires a vote of two-thirds of the whole House to enable it to be again discussed. Of course, if there be a majority to "table" a bill, it is certain that a two-thirds majority could not be obtained to take it off the table again. Thus, tabling a bill is accepted as its final defeat. Our readers who remember how this steamship subsidy scheme was scouted by the Senators on a previous occasion, will perhaps feel some surprise that as many as 31 votes should appear to be in its favor now. It must, however, be understood that many of those votes were given only against the tabling motion, so as to allow the bill to be discussed on its merits, and that on the final division they would have been recorded against the bill. But even when we make this allowance, the fact is not to be disguised that a considerable number of votes would have remained favorable to the granting of the subsidy. The securing of the majority of those votes must, we fear, be attributed to one of those "social arts" which the Hon. Gavan Duffy was recently so anxious to learn from America. The fact is hardly attempted to be disguised that the first year's subsidy of $500,000 was to be the price of the passage of the bill. Without the slightest doubt it would have passed but for the formation of the Burnside-Scott organization. The crushing evidence of General Burnside was more than even a corrupt lobby could overcome. The Webb party were "perfectly sure" of success up to the moment that the existence of the new organization was known. From that hour they were nowhere. Some of the schemes they resorted to are to be regretted. It is to be hoped that one of these will be properly estimated in the Colonies. When General Burnside admitted that he proposed to run the line with English steamers, a howl was attempted to be got up on that score, which for a moment looked as if it might succeed, but ultimately good sense prevailed. General Burnside very quietly laid that ghost by pointing out that there were no American steamers afloat that would meet the requirements of the Australian route, and by stating that the English Government had offered to pay £20,000 per annum towards the Webb Line, American though it was. He also showed that the connection we proposed to cultivate was with British people, who were entitled to be considered. The New York *Journal of Commerce*, the *Herald* and *Times* did good service in supporting the General's propositions.

The [illegible], which is on the "inside" in regard to Webb's business, yesterday announced that the present is the last steamer of the line that will leave here, and that instructions have been sent to the other steamers to return to this port. We sincerely trust this is not true. New Zealand has a contract which entitles her to the service of the line for eight years, which she could enforce if she chose to do so. It is said that a tacit understanding has long existed between Mr. Vogel and Mr. Webb that the latter was to be relieved from the contract if the United States subsidy was not obtained. But it surely could never have been understood that the service was to be suddenly stopped, without a moment's previous notice. If the line should thus be withdrawn, we can imagine the feeling that will exist as to the want of good faith shown at this end. In respect to the new organization, New South Wales will have very substantial guarantees that good faith will be kept. Apart from General Burnside's high position and monetary connection with England, Thomas A. Scott, whose name appears to the bonds, has a credit in London which he cannot afford to trifle with. The Pennsylvania Central and other roads which he manages are large borrowers of money in the London market, and he therefore cannot afford to allow his name to be associated with any matters that would involve a question of good faith. Then the name of Thomas A. Scott none in this country stands higher in monetary circles. This, no doubt, can easily be learned by the Sydney Government, now that telegraphic communication exists with London. Now that the Webb line is about to be withdrawn, there is a very general feeling here that Mr. Vogel has not been very well treated. Certain it is that his great efforts to promote the interests of the San Francisco route have not met with their due reward in the success of the line he so greatly favored. Mr. Webb is very much blamed for not running boats that would make the time named in his contract. It is felt that if he had really made the line effective at the first, he would now have been in receipt of the United States subsidy and also of other amounts from the Australian Governments, and that he would soon have found himself proprietor of an invaluable property. But it early became apparent that he cared only to get rid of old fashioned, ineffective and very expensive steamers, in which, unfortunately, his whole fortune happened to be sunk. Hence the failure of his line. So much for the past. In respect to the future, the outlook is promising. A better start seems to be probable this time. The whole thing is in hands which never yet failed in anything. Moreover, the route that is to be followed now is the right one. An Australian connection was always essential. The port accommodations and cheap cost of Sydney are all important matters. Then experience has shown that our overland railways should be interested, and that the contractors should be responsible for the mails the whole way to England. Then, that effected, English steamers will this time be employed. Under all these circumstances success is assured. We now only await a telegraphic notice of the action of the New South Wales Government, which, it is believed, will be here within three or four weeks. If that is satisfactory, we understand the first steamer will probably leave England within three months of the receipt of such notice.

When the new organization was first announced here some surprise was expressed that Gen. Burnside should be connected with it, because it was not known that he was associated with steamship matters; the fact had been forgotten that prior to the war he had been managing director of an important line. The story goes that his connection with the new enterprise came about in this way. At a dinner party at Mr. Gladstone's he met the Right Hon. Robert Lowe, when the latter brought up the question of the Pacific route, to which his official attention had recently been called. Gen. Burnside, being a prominent American, the Chancellor of the Exchequer asked why the enterprise of America did not put their steam communication with Australia on a better footing. He said that steam communication up the Pacific was inevitable, but that as it was then being conducted it was a disturbing element in the settlement of English postal matters with the Colonies. This led Gen. Burnside to look into the matter; others were upon the same track, and hearing of the General's inquiries, the parties came together, and hence the formation of the new organization. Whilst indulging in personal gossip, we may mention that which may not be known to our colonial readers, namely, that it was to Gen. Burnside's friendship with President Grant, and to his intimacy with Mr. Gladstone, that the first suggestions for the Alabama treaty were due. It will be recollected as a matter of history, that the General was the medium through whom Bismarck and Jules Favre arranged the Franco-German armistice.

But to return to steam-line matters, we congratulate ourselves and our friends in the Colonies that this enterprise is at last likely to fall into good hands. This steam communication with the Colonies and England via America ought to be the means of helping on the "era of good feeling" which has happily commenced, and which we hope will endure for all time to come.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CARD FROM BOSTON MERCHANTS.

BOSTON, December 15th, 1872.

Captain Wm. B. Sears, Agent Fireman's Fund Ins. Co. of California:

DEAR SIR.—In recognition of the very [illegible] and business-like manner in which our losses by the great fire of November 9th and 10th were adjusted and settled by the officers of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company of California, whose policies it was our good fortune to hold, we take pleasure in inviting you to use our names as references. Very truly yours, Nichols, Parker & Dupee, Bagwood & Co., Mann, Bowers & Sawyer, Coon, Crocker & Hobart, Converse & Stanwood, Brooks & Young, Spaulding & Wardwell, Smith, Stebbins & Co., D. Webster King & Co., Melendy, Hixon & Co., Miner, Beal & Hackett, Homer & Sprague, George W. [illegible] & Co., Brandon Scales Co., Carter, Mann & Co., Frank F. Wallace, Farley, Amsden & Co. Feb. 8.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager. E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday and Sunday Evening, February 8th and 9th. [illegible] MISS FANNIE GARLINGTON [illegible] Admission, 25 cents. Dress Circle, 50 cents. Private Boxes, $2 to $5. Feb. 8.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—E. G. Bert, Proprietor and Manager. [illegible] Stage Manager, Chas. H. [illegible] [illegible] YELLOW HAT Matinee. [illegible] MISS MA[illegible] [illegible] WOMAN AND HER MASTER [illegible] Feb. 8.

CALIFORNIA THEATER

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Third Week of the Famous Comedian, Mr. JOHN T. RAYMOND. This Saturday Evening, February 8th, [illegible] a very successful comedy, PYGMALION AND GALATEA! Produced with new scenery, new properties, new appointments, new mechanisms, new and authentic costumes. Chrysos, an Art Patron, Mr. John T. Raymond. The evening's entertainment to conclude with THE SPECTRE BRIDEGROOM. This (Saturday) Afternoon, February [illegible], PYGMALION AND GALATEA Matinee. In Rehearsal—The Popular Burlesque, IXION.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherell, Business Manager and Treasurer; Bob Hart, Stage Manager. [illegible] Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon [illegible] JOHNNY ALLEN and LITTLE MAC, and the following bright stars: Bob Hart, [illegible], J. O. Russell, W. F. Baker, M. A. Scott, Sam Rickey, [illegible], [illegible] Clark, J. Robinson, and the "ONLY [illegible]." Feb. 8.

MAGUIRE'S OPERA HOUSE.

Washington st., above Montgomery.—Italian Opera.—Manager, [illegible] (Leader of the Orchestra.) Treasurer, C. G. Wells. [illegible] LA TRAVIATA, Grand Opera in four acts, by Verdi. SIGNO[illegible] SPERANZA in the character of "Violetta." [illegible] Tuesday Evening, February 11th, NORMA!

WILSON'S GRAND AMPHITHEATER AND PARISIAN CIRCUS.

Sutter street, between Montgomery and Kearny, will open and give their first performance MONDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY TENTH. Box Sheet for Reserved Seats and Private Boxes, open Saturday from 10 A.M. till 4 P.M. Parquette [illegible] cents; Dress Circle, $1 00; Reserved Chairs, $1 50; Private Boxes, $5 and $10. Feb. 8.

B. NATHAN.] ESTABLISHED IN 1850. [F. DOHRMANN.

B. NATHAN & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in fine rich China Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware. Glass Shades all sizes. [illegible] Show Rooms, 536 to 542 Kearny st. [illegible] San Francisco. Feb 8.

TENNENT'S ALE.—NEW BREW, JUST ARRIVED.

1200 Casks (Stone and Glass, Quarts and Pints of superior quality and in extra fine condition ex [illegible] For sale [illegible]

GEO. H. EGGERS.] EGGERS & CO, [[illegible]

Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions. Agents of the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

SAINT ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

The Rev. Robert Scrimgeour will give his concluding address to the above society, on the "Life and Times of John Knox," on Monday Evening, February 10th, at 8 o'clock. Ladies specially invited. By order, THE [illegible] COMMITTEE. Feb. 8.

ARMES & DALLAM,

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Bags, etc., 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco.

FOR EUREKA, HUMBOLDT BAY.

The steamship "Wm. Taber," J. C. Bogart, Commander, will leave for the above port on SATURDAY, February 8th, at 9 o'clock A.M. BEN HOLLADAY, Jr., Agent, 217 [illegible] street. Feb. 8.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane, The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane, Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheap and Merchants Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bdgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S. Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, [illegible] Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st., E. C.; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. P. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 20, Stevenson's Building, S.W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

The Navigator Islands.

We have before us the prospectus of the Central Polynesian Land and Commercial Company, which describes, as it seems to us, one of the most promising enterprises that have been started in our midst for many a day. Much has already been done by the Company, but much more yet remains to be accomplished. Three hundred thousand acres of the finest cotton and sugar lands in the world have been purchased, six cargoes of goods have been disposed of, and trading depots have been formed among the islands. To extend these operations more capital is needed. The promoters fairly meet the important question as to

WHENCE FUTURE PROFITS ARE TO COME FROM.

Business men, before investing their capital in an enterprise, are entitled to ask what they are to get for their money. It is submitted with much confidence, that this is one of those legitimate commercial adventures which it would be well for the interests of San Francisco if our business men would take hold of to the exclusion of a few such schemes as "wild-cat mines," etc.

It is by seizing just such advantages through a long series of years as are herein described, that the merchants of London and Liverpool have made their respective cities the entrepots they now are. The first trading post in the East Indies did not amount to as much as does this Company's depot at the Navigators to-day. In this case there is the guarantee of [illegible] shown by the fact that the present shareholders [illegible] practical [illegible] known citizens [illegible] [illegible] interest they now possess in the Company, and [illegible] increase. [illegible] footing with those who have done so much to secure the advantages the Company now enjoy. Then there is the fact that the Company own [illegible] acres of land of unsurpassed fertility, producing, as it will, Cotton, Sugar, Coffee, Rice, Arrowroot, Indigo, Nutmegs, [illegible], Banana, Oranges, [illegible]. That this land has an intrinsic and certain value will be evident from the following report, which appears in the London *[illegible]* [illegible] describes the result of cotton planting in the Fijis which adjoin the Navigators, but where the [illegible] useful, and where the land is admitted not to be so good, but where nevertheless the success of the planters has been unprecedented. The names given and the source whence the quotation is taken, show that the statement is thoroughly reliable. The *Gazette* says:

"That these islands possess a magnificent climate, a highly fertile soil, and abundance of labor and that the combination of these [illegible] most produce a certain [illegible] large capitalist, few will endeavor to controvert. The capacity of these islands to produce every tropical fruit, flower and vegetable [illegible] coffee and sugar, tapioca, indigo, and arrowroot, has often been proved beyond denial; while the *Sea Island cotton* raised throughout the group is the most superior of its kind. It is of that peculiar fine quality, length in staple and silky in texture, which even in the vast cotton lands of America could not be produced to perfection, except in a very limited quantity on some small islands off the coast. The prices obtained for this variety show that the Fijian produce is superior to that grown in the most favored districts in the Southern States of America. A London [illegible] quoted often bales of Sea Island cotton from the island of Mango (the plantation of Messrs. Ryder Brothers). The price obtained for those ten bales was 4s 2d. ($1) per lb. For six bales from the Nanano Estate (the plantation of Messrs. R. B. Leefe & Co.), which were sent to Brussels for lace making, 5s. 9d. ($1 38) per lb was remitted to this firm by their London agents. The cotton grown on Dr. Brower's (United States Consul) estate has fetched 2s. 11d. per lb; and while 2s. 6d. may be taken as a fair average, it gives a return of equal to £47 10s. ($237) per acre. In 1869 the value of the cotton exported, exclusive of other productions, reached the sum of £50,000. For 1870 it was estimated at £90,000, while the present year's crop (1872) will exceed £120,000.

"There is no sophistry which can be successfully arrayed against facts and figures, and these statistics undeniably prove that cotton planting in Fiji is not only a success, but must continue to be the mainstay of the group, the prop of its settlers and the ready means of peopling and civilizing the islands. Again, let us remember that Sea Island is almost unknown in India, except in one very favored district, and what little is produced there has a local consumption for the manufacture of the famous Indian fabrics. The consumption in Europe has widely extended the Sea Island variety, being employed not only in the manufacture of the finest laces and fabrics, but is largely mixed with silk in the continental looms. Further still, the consumption is also vastly increasing, and while the short staple cotton has fallen to much less than half the price paid during the civil war in America, Sea Island has shown a decline comparatively inappreciable. The production and exportation of this staple from Fiji has assumed such proportions, and its quality [illegible] so fully appreciated, it is claiming public attention."

From these facts it is apparent that land capable of producing cotton of such excellent quality must possess a substantial value. It is confidently believed that within a year from this time, when the steamer connections contemplated are effected, these lands will realize from intending settlers an average of $10 per acre upon terms extending over three years. Thus it would come that if the company sold 200,000 acres of its property, it would realize $2,000,000, which would amount to twice its nominal capital, or eight times as much as it is expected the shareholders will ever be called upon to pay, and in addition 100,000 acres would remain to the company, and would include the shores of the harbor of Pango Pango, upon which the great future city of the South Pacific must soon arise. These one hundred thousand acres, carefully selected, would early attain a special and ever increasing value. The unrivaled excellence of the company's harbor, as well as its central location ensure for it a great future. Thus in return for their investment, shareholders will receive the most substantial of all securities, namely: real estate capable of producing with unprecedented success one of the most valuable staples known to commerce.

Then as to the profits upon goods sold to the natives and planters of the various groups, and upon the articles taken in exchange for the same. What the profits under this head would amount to will of course depend upon the extent to which the company may hereafter be inclined to operate. It is unquestionable that the company's steamer would soon open up a large and rapidly increasing trade. The present shareholders being familiar with the course events are now taking in the Pacific, have large ideas as to the commerce that may be built up by a company owning the best and most central harbor there, and connecting there with the steam line which for some years must largely influence the direction trade shall take in those waters. The cultivation of sea Island cotton is proving a great success, and the various groups (especially that of Fiji) are being rapidly filled up by planters. The planters have cotton for sale, which would be collected by the company's steamer, and brought to their central depot at the harbor of Pango Pango. In exchange for manufactured goods the company would receive Cotton, Cocoa-nut Oil, Beech le mer, Sandal Wood, and all the other productions of these fertile islands, thus imitating, though on a moderate scale, the operations which built up the East India Company and won for England an empire. The present shareholders [illegible]. How far such policy shall be carried out will of course depend upon the ideas that may hereafter be held by the majority of the new shareholders.

THE RESULT OF ANNEXATION TO THE UNITED STATES.

Then there are possibilities and probabilities which [illegible] forward as absolute certainties, are nevertheless very fair [illegible] for [illegible] enterprise of this kind. The [illegible] Chiefs, Consuls, missionaries, planters, while residents and natives have [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] of this country as have dealt with it, [illegible]. The attainment of such a result is [illegible] [illegible] the Company's lands would [illegible] [illegible]. The present [illegible] for the growth of which the Company's lands are so admirably adapted, would be admitted here duty free.

Taking all these considerations together, it is submitted with much confidence that this [illegible] deserve to be fostered, [illegible] substantial security for his money, [illegible] trade and commerce of San Francisco.

We understand that many of our leading merchants are taking much interest in the enterprise, and that already many shares have been added to the Company that afford [illegible].

The Lost Soul.

DEAR NEWS LETTER—I am fully aware of the lofty eminence your widely circulated journal has attained. I am also aware that no [illegible] and truthful [illegible] with the universal world has reached the [illegible] position, the dizzy apex of literary fame and renown, by striving in your [illegible] [illegible] for the public good, having ever a fostering care for the civil and religious liberties of the [illegible] descending to the narrow circle and consideration of [illegible] or compassionate acts by which you might confer some great benefit upon the entire human family. I am constrained to offer the following just tribute to your dignified conveyance of thought as an apology for presenting [illegible] often the individual members of the congregation of the little chapel at the Oaks. [illegible] never have placed the humble five in the front ranks in the onward tramp of progress, and made them standard-bearers in the great march of mind were it not that through them a great moral and religious lesson is to be taught to this and succeeding generations.

The services at the little chapel last Sabbath were unusually solemn and impressive in consequence of the [illegible] ambition of a young man who attends the Mission Sunday School. He had [illegible] a change of heart by reading the part [illegible] of our Saviour's walk on the waves of Galilee. He was fully convinced that he had sufficient faith within him to counteract the earth's gravitating force, and relying implicitly on the precepts inculcated at his Sabbath School, he sought to emulate the [illegible] example of his great prototype, the man of Nazareth, and to make the trip from San Francisco to Goat Island on foot. The result was most disastrous to the young convert's friends. His relatives [illegible] a large income on their hands, which he had been in the habit of scattering broadcast over a Christian community, and the Parson, aided by the humble five, was called upon to offer the consolations of religion to a sorrowing family and pay the last melancholy tribute to departing greatness. We had just brought the somber service to a close by the Judge singing, in a most impassioned manner, that beautiful and touching Hebrew melody,

"Thou art gone from my gaze
Like a beautiful dream,"

when a wild-looking wet nurse rushed into our temple and said a neighbor of ours, by the name of Buren, a notorious Swedenborgian, was dying; would the Parson come and see him? Here was a chance for the devoted five to distinguish themselves; to snatch a brand from the burning; to jerk a soul from the jaws of hell, to yank a rich morsel from the very mouth of the arch fiend. We girded up our loins and sought out the poor victim of this modern delusion. We found on our arrival he had not sent for us at all; it was the mistaken zeal of a Christian servant girl that had brought us there. When we entered the room he seemed composed and happy, and was muttering to imaginary beings something about the Summer land, the golden shore, the silver portal, the gates ajar, the opaline splendor of crystaline clouds, and other vapory nonsense of like character. Here was a sad spectacle—a human soul forever lost, in the mist surrounding the church of the new Jerusalem; he must be saved at any cost. Leaving the Pet Lamb, to write the epitaph of the young man who was drown'd, the Blood Sister, Azure-eyed Girl, the Judge, Deacon Scott, and the Parson went for the unfortunate sinner, to save him. But plain prose can never do justice to our efforts, and I must chronicle them in soul-stirring verse:

BUREN'S DEATH BED.

Prone on his couch the lost sinner was lying,
The red tide of life was fast ebbing away,
While five pious friends were unitedly trying
To capture his soul ere it oozed through the clay.

In tears the Blood Sister knelt down on his pillow
And said death was stealing o'er him like a frost;
She told him that hell, with its red roaring billow,
Was yawning for sinners like him, who were lost.

Deacon Scott spoke to him of a suffering Savior,
Who died for his kind upon Calvary's hill;
No matter, he said, what hast been his behavior,
If he'd only love Christ there was luck for him still.

The Judge kissed the Cross, and then told him a story,
Of how an old sinner, who died at four-score,
Was raised by a whirlwind straight up into glory,
Because in his bosom a Bible he bore.

The Azure-eyed girl flung her white arms around him,
And begged he would think ere too late of his soul,
Or soon the arch fiend would eternally drown'd him
Beneath the hot waves of the bottomless hole.

In a low soothing strain the Parson was singing
(While holding a small silver cross to his eyes)
Of the words of our Lord to the thieves with him swinging,
Ere night you'll be with me at home in the skies.

With a confident smile he replied, I have trusted
Through life's rugged journey to reason alone,
I've learned that all creeds are but worn-out and rusted
Old rubbish that out of past ages were thrown.

The why he was here he had no means of knowing;
In his coming he said he had never a voice,
And little he recked of the road he was going,
Where Fate had forced legions, should he have a choice?

He had walk'd the same road of earth's millions uncumbered,
Had trod the same footprints of those gone before,
Whose wisdom should say where the vanish'd ones slumbered,
Or tell if the dark stream of time had a shore?

Life's curtain was droping, the final scene shifting;
His last dying words were, "I've counted the cost;
To a long dreamless rest I am quietly drifting;
If this is *not heaven*, oh! let me be lost."

Yours, in crape,

THE OAKS, February, 1873. THE PARSON.

—— The cars will soon run from Jaffa to Jerusalem, where once David and Solomon traveled on horses and camels. Why not? Has not the Holy Land endured the presence of swapping Yankees, full of "blows" and dollars, of stolid British Britons, crammed with Murray and mutton, of frisky and frivolous Frenchmen, greenish cranks, guttural Germans, and all the [illegible] from the four corners of the world, [illegible]? And also, if it [illegible] you, why the Holy Land? If the [illegible] that [illegible] anything, I imagine that all the earth was from that great day the Holy Land, [illegible] gathered together. And certainly the railway will do for Jerusalem what it has been doing where it [illegible]. It will be fine to see a Jaffa [illegible] and [illegible] tooth and nail [illegible] the [illegible] of the Temple shall be occupied by an Exchange, and a Syrian Friesländer shall buy up the Mount of [illegible] the valley of Jehoshaphat shall be turned into a park, and the Place of Wailing into an Industrial School. In those days a man shall fall among thieves, and the good Samaritan shall [illegible], his corn and wine to him [illegible] will be monopolized by the Brook Kedron Water Company. The people, in whose heads these are the only familiar ideas, run in and out of Jerusalem every day or two, [illegible] locomotives!

Not "A Disreputable Newspaper."

Satanic Simonton telegraphs from Washington that McRuer stated, in his evidence before the Senate Military Committee, that *The Spirit of the Times* of this city was a disreputable newspaper. According to the bigoted McRuer, we suppose every journal that is in favor of the Goat Island Bill is "a disreputable newspaper." But surely our merchants, our bankers and our Insurance Companies would not advertise largely in a disreputable sheet. Yet the columns of *The Spirit of the Times* are full of these most respectable advertisements, which we think is good proof that McRuer has very slandered *The Spirit of the Times*, if he really made the remark attributed to him.

Cuttings from "Punch."

Too late. Mid[illegible] Customer: "Mr. Rus[illegible], my musical education has been utterly neglected, but I've a strong desire to practice some instrument. What should you advise me to take up?" Conscientious Tradesman: "Well, sir, I should recommend the triangle—or, yes—I think a musical snuff-box, sir, would be the best!"—People you expect to meet: Mr. Smith, who speaks his native English with a slight foreign accent, whenever he returns from a week upon the Continent. Mr. Brown, who can't appreciate Beethoven, but doats upon the bag-pipes. Mr. Jones, who, when he shares a hansom with you, somehow never has small change about him. Mr. Robinson, who carefully abstains from volunteering a political opinion until he has consulted half a dozen newspapers. Mr. Crusoe, who keeps a schooner yacht, but, except in a dead calm, never ventures out of harbor. Mr. Sharpe, who, when he drops his money into the collection plate, can make a sixpence sound as though it were a sovereign. Mrs. Snobb[illegible], who cuts her little [illegible] a page, and when she [illegible] a fly [illegible] of taking carriage exercise. Mr. Tittle Tattle, who, from some official source of information, always brings the latest news of the intentions of the Government. Mr. Hodger, who considers Tupper far superior to Milton and goes ready primed with arguments to prove it. Mr. Dodger, who invariably takes an old umbrella to a party, in the hope, by lucky accident, to change it for a new one. Miss Sub[illegible], who keeps a sentimental diary and bullies her small brothers. Mr. [illegible], who cannot cut a tongue without cutting a stale joke about it.—Paddy (the lover): "Arrah, g'along wid ye! I said I'd lay you [illegible] to wan, but I wasn't go[in]' to bet my half crown agin your [illegible] little sixpence."—Unfair Advantages. Emily: "What has made you take to those great gloves, Gertrude? They make your hands look gigantic!" Gertrude (engaged): "O, my dear, my hand is disposed of, and when that's the case, one can give up appearances and go in for comfort."—Fine Art Gossip. We understand that an eminent equity draughtsman is engaged on a work of art, which he hopes to finish painting in time to be able to send it to the Exhibition of the Royal Academy.—"A Bank of England note is practically a Mint Certificate," said the *Times*. It speaks well for the good sense of our young ladies that a man wants a good many of such things to get a marriage certificate.—"'Tis not a day or two shows us a man," remarks Mrs. [illegible]. Or a woman. I know a family in which there was an old maiden lady, who, by the united voice of everybody, was declared the "sweetest old lady in the world." Yet the family did nothing but quarrel. When she became extinct, so did all the quarreling.—There is rather a good picture in the *Charivari*. A [illegible] prisoner brought before the Judge, takes off his cap with exquisite politeness, and observes, "Ah, M'sieu, I have not seen you for at least two months. I trust that Madame is quite well."—Anecdote of High Life. Mr. Swe[illegible], who is fond of letting people know he is acquainted with the aristocracy: "I assure you, my dear fellow, I was staying at a country house the other day, and the master (most intimate friend of mine) rang for the *chef* and asked him why the dinner they all objected to Australian beef." "Well, my lord," says the *chef*, "I really can't give any precise reason for it." Mr. [illegible], who is fond of chaffing Mr. Swe[illegible]: "Ah! very interesting story! I was staying at a country house, too. The Marquis (regular old pal of mine) rang for the subsidiary deputy assistant groom of the chambers, and put the very same question to him. 'Well, yer Grace,' says he, 'I'm blessed if I know!'"—To have here at Christmas upon us again? Did you ever see such weather? The *Daily Telegraph* boldly declares that we have had "twelve months of atmospheric mismanagement," and utterly declines to be grateful for the same. But this is not my view of the case. I think of the lesson which George Herbert tells us to extract from every sermon, however bad:

"When all wants sense,
Heaven takes a text, and preaches—Patience."

Probably a good many folks will be the better for remembering these lines on Christmas Day.—A Juvenile Offender. A small boy on the Upper First Form was heard to remark that the best Sanskrit grammarians were the Parsees. Didn't he catch it!

Cuttings from "Fun."

Butcher: "Good mornin', Mr. Fatrbam, don't often see you in town." Respectable Grazier: "No, but a friend o' mine said he'd take me to see them Flag-gards flogged in Newgate, and as I'd some sheep to get rid of as might as well they wasn't killed at once. I thought I'd combine pleasure and business, ye see!"—Unaffected Sister: "How do we keep Christmas? As one of the festivals of the Church, of course!" Very affected Brother: "A'ow, ah!" with deprecation, "so glad you do it so respectable. I was afraid you might keep it as one of the festivals of the pawnshop, with wretched bits of beef and [illegible]."—The [illegible]: "Do you have many hops in the country, Polly?" Polly (the simple child): "Why, of course, Ted, you know I'm [illegible] acres."—Luckily for a too-confiding public, the diamond mines scheme of Arizona has been exposed as a rascally fraud, and the shares are not worth the proverbial old song. What song is that, we wonder, Yankee Doodle—or—Yankee Doo!

Prayers for Fair Weather.

A pastoral from Archbishop Manning was read in all the Roman Catholic places of worship in the diocese of Westminster on December 2nd. After describing the rains and floods which have occurred in England and many countries of Europe and Asia, and referring them to the wrath of God against the unbelief of man, "which spreads from the Vicar of Christ to the children in our schools," the Archbishop goes on:—"The world has so far rebelled against God that men are denying the power, the utility, the reasonableness of prayer. They are jangling about it, as if it were an experiment of their chemistry. Such to us were foretold from the beginning, and their uprising among us is a confirmation of our faith. But you, reverend and dear brethren, we to the flocks committed to you, will make answer to these unbelievers at least, by the public supplications of the Church. If they have ceased to pray, we at least have not. Let us therefore, ask of our Heavenly Father, 'who maketh His sun to rise upon the good and the bad, and raineth upon the just and the unjust,' that the due course of the seasons may return, and that the labor of man may not be in vain."

A Conservative Manifesto.

The Grand Committee of the "Loyal Orange Institution of Great Britain" have issued a manifesto, and a thorough Orange manifesto it is. Here are some of its principal clauses: "That no grants should be made out of the Irish Church surplus, or the rates, to educate any person in the Roman Catholic religion in schools, workhouses or jails. The teaching of [illegible] to [illegible] in principle, and there should not be an indiscriminate endowment of Roman Catholicism and Protestantism in our day schools. We believe in the principle of an Established Church, but only so long as that establishment maintains the doctrines fought for at the Reformation. A determined opposition should be given to any bill brought forward in Parliament favorable to denominational teaching in Ireland."

The Peerage.

The mortality in the ranks of the peerage has been, as it usually is, larger than amongst the members of the House of Commons, although the latter are a more numerous body by about [illegible]. Eighteen peers have died, viz., the Earl of Lonsdale, 54; Viscount [illegible], 75; Lord Carlton, 74; Lord [illegible], 72; Lord [illegible]; 79, the Earl of [illegible]; Lord [illegible] and Bulwer, [illegible]; the Marquis of Londonderry, 67; Lord [illegible], 67; the Duke of Bedford, 63; the Earl of Moray, 63; Lord Harris, 62; Lord Audley, 55; Lord [illegible]; the Earl of Carysfort, 47; Lord [illegible], 47; the Earl of [illegible]; and the Marquis of [illegible]. Lord [illegible] has been [illegible], and the successors to the peerages of [illegible] Hastings and Southampton are minors. During the year four new peers have been created: Viscount Ossington and Barons Ettrick, Hanmer, and Selborne.

—A correspondent says: Mankind may be classified as follows: At zero stands the average dolt; ascending, we have "the naturally talented," "the preternaturally talented," and at the top we have "genius." Descending, we have "the naturally stupid," "the preternaturally stupid," and, at the bottom, "the idiot deaf and dumb mute." We wish the writer belonged to the last class—he'd be a less pestilent idiot than he is.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co., London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 23.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates, also Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.
Oct. 2. A. McKINLAY, (Agents.) A. S. FINNIE.

FRENCH MUTUAL PROVIDENT SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Twenty-sixth Semi-Annual Dividend.—A Dividend of nine per ct. per annum net, per cent upon the operations of the French Savings and Loan Society, for the six months ending December 31st, 1872, has this day, conformably with the Report of the Committee of Verification, appointed by the members of the Society, been declared by the Board of Administration, at the Semi-Annual Meeting held on the 15th inst. This dividend will be payable on and after the eighteenth instant, at the office of the Society, 411 Bush street. GUSTAVE MAHE,
Jan 2. Director of French Savings Bank.

OFFICE OF THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY,

526 California street. December 31, 1872. Dividend Notice. The GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.—The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of nine per cent per annum on Term Deposits, and seven and one half per cent per annum on Ordinary Deposits, free from Federal Tax, for the six months ending December 31, 1872, payable on and after January 15th, 1873. By order, GEO. LETTE, Secretary.
San Francisco, December 31, 1872. Jan. 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 512 California street, South side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hours on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M. for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. Feb. 11. L. GOTTIG, President.

ODD FELLOWS' SAVINGS BANK.

Dividend Notice.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Odd Fellows' Savings Bank, held this day, a dividend was declared at the rate of nine and 60-100 per cent per annum on permanent deposits, and at the rate of eight and 40-100 per cent per annum on all deposits for the semi annual term ending December 31, 1872, payable on and after the 20th inst.
JAMES BENSON, Secretary.
San Francisco, January 6, 1873. Jan 18.

THE HIBERNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY,

Northeast corner of Montgomery and Post streets, San Francisco, January 5, 1873. At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Society, held this day, a Dividend was declared on all deposits at the rate of eight per cent per annum, for the six months ending with January 21, 1873, payable immediately, and free from Federal tax. (Feb 1.) EDWARD MARTIN, Secretary.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000

Officers. President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Eob- [illegible]; Secretary, T. P. [illegible]; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 40 Sansome street (Fried-lander's Building), up stairs, Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct 14.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, and the free grants of land, will be supplied to intending settlers and others on application to W. B. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 5[illegible] street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; B. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 415 California street. July 2.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, [illegible]. July 1.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT,
Geo. Robins, Secretary. [April 16.] President.

DIVIDEND NOTICE

The Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Savings, No. 225 Sansome street, declared a dividend for the half year, ending December 31, 1872, at the rate of ten per cent per annum on Term, eight per cent per annum on Ordinary [illegible], free of Federal tax, payable on and after January 15th, 1873. By order.
Jan. G. M. CONDEE, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE

Savings and Loan Society, No. 619 Clay street.—The Board of Direct-ors have this day declared a dividend for the six months ending December 31, 1872, of nine per cent per annum on ALL deposits, payable on and after the 1st inst.
CYRUS W. CARMANY, Cashier.
San Francisco, January 1, 1873. Jan 15.

DIVIDEND NOTICE

San Francisco Savings Union, No. 532 California st., corner Webb. For the half year ended with the 31st December, 1872, a dividend has been declared at the rate of [illegible] per annum on term deposits, and [illegible] per annum on ordinary deposits, free from Federal tax—payable on and after the [illegible]. By order,
Jan 1. LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.

THE LATEST ARRIVAL

400 Cases per Steamer Montana, from Liverpool, of the favorite English Relish, NABOB SAUCE, NABOB PICKLE.
PORTER, DONALDSON & CO., Sole Agents,
Feb 1. Corner Sansome and Halleck.

WEBER PIANOS,

At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. These Pianos have a world wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb 1.]

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Poilrot.
Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.
Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains. E. Munton, Pr.
Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel. W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)
Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.
Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.
Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.
Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Blaney, Proprietor.
Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.
Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix. J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues. F. Wachter, Proprietor.
Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Bottachi Feux, Prop.
Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.
Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.
Leamington.
Regent Hotel. L. Bishop, Prop.
Liverpool.
Washington Hotel, Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.
London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.
Milan.
Hotel de la Ville. J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.
New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.
Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.
Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.
Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.
Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.
Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Walls, Prop.
St. Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.
Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.
Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.
Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.
Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Moch & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

—Our Roman correspondent, speaking of the relations existing between Victor Emmanuel and the Pope, relates the following interesting story of the King's life: "It is well known how his romantic attachment to his unofficial wife led to his subjugation by the Church. Long, long ago, when he was a poor Duke of Savoy, and hardly dared to dream of the greatness which Fate has since thrust upon him, he fell desperately in love with a fair countrywoman of his, the daughter of a drum-major in the Sardinian army. She accompanied her father to all the maneuvers in the capacity of a sutler, and never was *fille du regiment* more beautiful and more virtuous. Not a shadow of suspicion attached itself to her fair fame till the handsome Prince noticed her, and, attracted by her resplendent beauty and winning modesty, made it a habit to stop at her little canteen whenever he appeared in camp. She acknowledged the compliment by presenting him every morning with the freshest and sweetest flowers that could be found in all Piedmont, and soon her charms, aided by a certain brusque frankness peculiarly congenial to the Prince's own well-known character, completed the conquest. When his legitimate union was broken by death in 1855, he summoned the poor soldier's daughter, Rosine, to his side, making her the Countess of Mirafiori, and giving her a magnificent palace in the Piazza Emanuele, in Turin. There the camp idyl changed into one of the happiest family idyls known in Italy. For years Rosine was his guardian angel, and the three lovely children she bore him bound the somewhat restive Prince to his home and his duties. She ruled him with a strong hand, but always led him in the right path. All Italy heard with hearty delight and immense glee how she once wrote to the King, when he kept her waiting beyond the usual hour at night, 'If you do not come home at once I shall throw Emmanuel out of the window,' and how the poor King, laughingly showing the lines to his friends, said, 'You see, gentlemen, what she writes. She is capable of doing what she says, and I had better go.' Thus they led a happy, merry life, finding charity in the hearts of most men, but unforgiven by the Church. Then came the King's grievous illness, his anxious desire to be reconciled to the Church, so as to escape the curse that was to follow him into eternity, and his touching appeals to the Pope. At last all difficulties were arranged, he was solemnly married to Rosine, he received the coveted absolution for all his sins, and he has ever since remained a devout Catholic, thanks to the all powering influence his wife exercised over him to the day of her death. His early training, however, combined with his peculiar temper, have prevented him from being as faithful to her memory as to his allegiance to his Church. A fair form, a beautiful face, a bright satly even, have not lost their attractions yet for the powerful man with the grizzly beard and the youthful heart. There lived in the former capital a strange man, whose romantic antecedents would furnish ample material for a spicy sensation novel. Reared for the Church, he had become an Episcopal minister, and conceived, like many an ambitious man of his Church, the bold plan of meeting the lion in his den, and thus went to Italy. But, alas! for his imperfect training or weak powers of resistance, a short time spent in Imperial Rome, and under the shadow of the Vatican, and he abjured his errors, and returned to the only saving Church. Nor was he alone in his sacrifice, his loving wife followed his example and withdrew, when he became a priest and vowed celibacy, to a convent of nuns, and his two children were handed over to Catholic teachers. It does not seem, however, that his convictions were as firm as he probably fancied, or his happiness as complete as he had hoped, for a few years later saw him once more return to the Church of his youth and resume the ministry of his early days. No such return was possible to his wife, who now lives an abbess in an Irish convent. But his children returned to his newly-formed home in the great city, where he became the chaplain of an English church, the son to rise rapidly to eminence as a sculptor, the daughter to bloom forth in such beauty as even the favored children of Italy but rarely display. It was then she accidentally met the King's eye, who at a glance appreciated her rare charms, and left no means untried to approach her and win her favor. But she had been reared in America, and was untainted by the subtle distinctions which exist in the old world between the code of honor that rules the great of the earth, and another by which common people are bound. Safe under the protection of her own honor, she refused to hear a word on the subject, and when, at last, a bolder emissary than all others, a lady of highest rank and a real friend, ventured to ask on what conditions the King might hope to see the desire of his heart, the answer was simply but peremptorily, 'The Crown of Italy.'"

—The Court of Aix, like the former Parliament of Provence, possesses, by virtue of treaties between former kings of France and the Sultans, a jurisdiction for trying cases concerning natives of France or persons under her protection in [inhabiting] certain countries of the east and north of Africa. A trial of this kind has just taken place. Ben Akkas, a Tunisian, and Ahmed-ben Nasseur, an Algerian, were accused of murdering Mahomed ben-Rabah, French consular agent at Djerid, in Tunis. A lawsuit had been long pending between the deceased and the first named prisoner, who is described as possessing a fortune of ten thousand palm trees. Mahomed had accused his adversary of committing a forgery, and the other, fearing to be prosecuted, paid Nasseur, who was in the service of the consular agent, a sum of money to strangle his master while asleep in bed. The crime was committed on the night of the 9th January last, but a female servant of the victim surprised the murderer when at his barbarous work, and, locking the door of the chamber on him, went and gave information to the police. The man, when arrested, pretended at first that Mahomed had committed suicide, but afterwards he confessed his guilt, accusing Ben Akkas of having instigated the deed. The latter, however, opposed a most positive denial to the accusation. Neither of the men could speak French, but the office of interpreter was performed with great ability by Farry Bey, one of the young men sent by the Viceroy of Egypt to study law at the Faculty of Aix. The Court acquitted the man with the ten thousand palm trees, but condemned the other to hard labor for life, and to pay an indemnity of thirty thousand francs to the five children of Mahomed.

—One of the most graceful compliments ever paid by a wife to her husband, says the Birmingham *Post*, was the erection of a monument to Mr. Disraeli's father by the late Viscountess Beaconsfield. The idea was entirely her own, and the monument was to be a surprise to Mr. Disraeli. The deceased lady took no but main friends of the family into her confidence. An architect was consulted, and after due consideration his design was approved. Tenders were privately obtained, and a suitable site upon the estate was discovered on a hill within view of Hughenden. As soon as the statesman and his wife had left their country seat for the opening of Parliament, workmen began to prepare the foundations. If Mr. Disraeli had returned to Hughenden for the Easter recess the secret would have been discovered. Lady Beaconsfield was equal to the occasion, and filled the house with [illegible]. Although the Spring and Summer the work went steadily on, and in August an obelisk of one hundred and twenty feet or one hundred and thirty feet high had reared its lofty, erect and graceful outline against the horizon. When the prorogation enabled husband and wife to return to their country seat, the surprise of Mr. Disraeli may be conceived. The obelisk, surrounded by a palisading of stone pillars and iron rails, cost the deceased lady upwards of six hundred pounds.

—The other day St. James's, Piccadilly, was the scene of a marriage which is creating no small stir in the West End. The bridegroom is a wealthy merchant, a member of the Reform and Brooks Clubs, and representative in Parliament of the Borough of Bridport. The bride is a young lady of great personal attractions, who has for some time filled the useful position of barmaid at a tavern in Jermyn street. She is the daughter of the hall porter at the Duke of Leinster's mansion in Carlton House terrace. Till this event came off the septuagenarian M. P. had remained in bachelorhood. It is said that he was induced to change his condition through events which followed a casual visit to the house where the lady officiated at the bar. The attentions then given, and the communication shown in a temporary illness that required a strict start, so won the honorable gentleman's heart that he sought and obtained the lady's hand and the consent of her astonished parent. In addition to the position to which the lady has now attained, she will have, so runs the rumor, a settlement of £10,000.

—The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 1st.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Col-lis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne's [illegible]. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London:—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as 'Household Words.'" Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: small bottles, 6d.; Large bottles, 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet ribbon. *∗*"SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.— The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopaths and invalids, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb 3.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and palatable remedy for weak digestion, in powder, wine lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Hodgett & Hughes; Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Expert Chemist and Druggist.
Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammuni-tion, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps; Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding; Joyce's Gas Tight Cartridges, for Pin Fire and Central Fire Breech loading Guns; Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. 1. 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are very valuable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 25.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov 16. Portland, Maine.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment into better quarters at No. [illegible] Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7.

C. L. CRACKBON.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.
Job Printers. Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 1.

Sunbeams.

—— SPUTTERINGS FROM "JUDY'S" PEN.—Motto for the Davenport Brothers "Wait for the turn of the tied."——The source of the Nile was discovered long ago by the Romans They maintained that "Ex Nihilo, nihil nascitur ecce nihil, i.e., "The Nile rises from the Nile that is its source."——Paying a man in his own coin In future, all prizefighters captured will be taken to the Marlborough Street Police-court, where they will meet with "hard Knox."——The high price of "Best Wallsend" can hardly be a matter of much importance to lawyers, they have long been accustomed to see "Coke"——"You are the acme of perfection," as the falling tree said to the woodman.——Can a thing which *decreases* be said to *grow?* Certainly; else why the time-honored sentiment, "May your shadow never *grow less!*" Query for Mr Bruce A tall correspondent, recently married, writes us that he is "half" seen over *Judy* will be glad to know if this case comes within the scope of the Licensing Act. If so, "Young man, beware"——Why is a man who starts a new thing like a teetotaler? Because he is an 'orrid-gin-hater——A friend wrote to another, "Dear Bob I will be with you, *D V*, on Tuesday, but if not, will be sure to come on Wednesday."——A fact: People who suffer from toothache often pass a *night of mourning.*——"What will you take me for, cabby?" asked fat Mrs Brown "For a regular twelve-stunner, ma am," said the cabman, politely——Improving the Occasion "Never put off till to-morrow what you can do to-day, dear Tommy," said mamma. "Then let's finish up the plum-pudding to-night," said the sweet child——For the Greenwich Electors Is it true that, although your Gladstone won his *seat*, he has since lost his *standing* with you?——Is it not the moon which shines by borrowed light? Hence the derivation of the word "lunar-tick." This is another from another lunatic at Colney Hatch.——An effective (piece) maker: A bull in a China shop.——Palofn suspense Hanging.——A lame soldier halts when he marches.——A bad glass for the eyes: Your sixth glass of hot brandy-and-water.——Even if you are in a hurry, you need not drink your tea with a fork.——Ought you to reckon a dog's worth by what he will fetch or what he will bring?——It makes all the difference if you put Dr. before instead of after a man's name——"I'm the page that always red," said the boy in button's with carroty hair——When has a man a ghost of a chance of appeasing his appetite? When he's a gob'lin' up anything.——The man who was hungry and told to bolt his door, said he would much rather bar it.——Are grape-shots made from musket-trials?——The most difficult gun to keep clean. A fowling-piece.——The regular Christmas Tide That which flows round Christmas Island.——The gardener who grafted a chestnut to a box-tree found it only produced large trunks.——Impertinent men Those who manufacture sauce from check-ory.——A little boy, on being threatened with a whipping, hung his head.——When 's the best time for a young lady to learn her scales? At Christmas time, when waits are plentiful.——Paterfamilias says the only thing that continues to fall is the rain.——A general depository A child's mouth.——Persons standing in their own light The gas stokers.

Can you comprehend it?

Now this is the faith of the Church
As to falsehood, if out you can tend it,
You must, find ne yourself in the lurch,
Call it truth and let's say, "Comprehend" it.

—— The eccentric Lady T——l, who made no secret of her liking for savings, was dining one day at my Lord E——'s Being opposite a marquess of her acquaintance at the table, upon whom she had often endeavored to make an impression, she tried bravely on his torn. He was nerd pa pably "Ho ho, my lord," exclaimed Lady T——l, "there is corn in Egypt, is there?" "Yes," returned the marquess, who had written a book on the Nile, "there is and I will give you the sack for it." So he cut her direct when they next met in Pall Mall.

—— It being stated in a company of savants, that Sir T H—— was always first in his Hebrew construing class at school, a boastful member of the gathering, named D——, exclaimed that he was quite sure he had been before him once or twice "Ah, yes," returned G——, who was a savant with a funny turn of mind, "of course you have, now I remember it, Sir T. H—— was police magistrate at Bow street for ten years." And all the savants but one were convulsed.

—— HIGH LIFE IN THE COUNTRY Doctor—"I am pleased to say Mrs F tzbrowne, that I shall be able to vaccinate your baby from a very healthy child of your neighbor, Mrs Jones." Mrs Fitzbrowne "Oh, dear Doctor! I could not permit that. We do not care to be mixed up with the Joneses in any way."

—— There are really a large number of persons in this country who would be in no small measure by hearing that their children had associated, even for a few hours, with the children of a tradesman; but we are bound to add that, as a general rule, such persons are found to be the descendants of tradesmen.

—— "Why don't you wheel the barrow of coal along more lively, Ned?" asked a coal-dealer of his hired man. "It's not a very hard job—there is an inclined plane to relieve you." "Ay, master," quoth the man, who had more tr uth for wit than work, "the plane may be inclined, but hang me if I am."

—— The Troy *Press* has the following gallant item "If the young lady who daily wheels a barrow of fashionable goods down Fourth street will take the middle of the street, and not the sidewalk, she will have inaugurated a great public reform.

—— THE VENTURES OF THE SKY.—A young lady said she should like to go up in a balloon She wished so much to get above the clouds and look down It must be so pretty She had heard that even the darkest cloud had a silver lining.

—— A sausage weighing over two tons was recently made in Manheim, Pa. The epizootic had previously been extensively fatal in that quarter

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, December 1, 1872, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A M (daily) Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha

7.15 A M (daily) C P R R Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted), S. F. & N. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Donahue with Trains for Cloverdale making close connection at Lakeville with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River

3.00 P M (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento

4.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Cal P R R Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River

5.15 P M (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation

OAKLAND BRANCH—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7:00, 8.10, 9:20, 10 10 and 11:20 A.M., 12:10, 1:50, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, 8:15, 9:20 and *11.30 P.M. (9:20, 11:20 and 3:00 to Oakland only.)

LEAVE BROOKLYN (for San Francisco), *5.20, 6:40, 7.50, 9:00 and 11:00 A M., 1.20, 2.10, 4., 5.10, 7 .5 and 10.10 P M

LEAVE OAKLAND, *5.40, 6.50, 8.00, 9. 0, 10 0 and 11 10 A.M., 12:30, 1 40, 2:50, 3 .0, 5:05, 6:20, 8:00 and 10:30 P.M

ALAMEDA BRANCH—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7.30, 9. and 1 15 A M., 1 50, 4:00, 5:30 and 7:00 P.M (6:20, 11 15 and 5 30 to Fruit Vale only.)

LEAVE HAYWARDS (for San Francisco), *4:20, 7:00 and 10:45 A M and 3:30 P M

LEAVE FRUIT VALE, *5:25, 7:35, 9:00 and 11:20 A M., 1.20, 1:05 and 5 30 P.M. *Except Sundays

T H GOODMAN, Gen Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N TOWNE General Superintendent

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 8th, 1872.

Trains South.	Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only
Leave—			
San Francisco........	8:40 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:40 p m
San Jose.........Arrive	11:10 a m	6:02 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy ....Arrive	12:50 p m		
Pajaro ....Arrive	2:20 p m		
Castroville ....Arrive	2:45 p m		
Salinas ....Arrive	2:45 p m		
Hollister ....Arrive	2:40 p m		

Trains North	San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—			
Hollister			11:05 a m
Salinas			10:00 a m
Castroville			10:20 a m
Pajaro			11:24 a m
Gilroy			1 10 p m
San Jose	*6:50 a m	7 15 a m	2:31 p m
San Francisco Arrive	9:10 a m	10:15 a m	4 10 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2 30 p m †Sundays excepted

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4.15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at 4 25 p m

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11 30 a m

A N TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets also Valencia street at its junction with Twenty fifth street at 6 A M, running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock P. M., and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty fifth street at 11 10 P M and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 M. The cars run to Main street up to 6th P. M., after which they run only as far as Sansome street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag, reading "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S P R R Depot On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S P R R Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty fifth street Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes direct to Hayes Park

Nov 12. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares 11 and 12 Aldersgate street London E C Illustrated Catalogue forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card April 2

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 **Tons, to Arrive, For Sale in Bond, by** HOLLADAY & BRENHAM
March 25] Agents, 423 Front street

UNITED STATES, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA MAIL S S LINE,

Contractors for Carrying the British and American Mails via Honolulu The splendid paddle-wheel steamships of this line are specially constructed for speed, and arranged to promote health, comfort, and free Ventilation on long voyages in the tropics One of the following fleet, viz. Nevada 3,000 tons, Dakota 3,000 tons, Nebraska 3,000 tons, will leave for Ports in the above named Colonies, via Honolulu, every Fourth Wednesday, on arrival of the mail from London Steamship Dakota will sail Nov 1th For Freight and Passage, and further information, apply at the Offices of the line, No 317 Sansome street, San Francisco. J W. RAYMOND,
[Oct 26] Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Meiggs Wharf) at 8.15 a m, 11 a m, 4 30 p m, Saucelito at 9 a m, 3:20 p m and 5:30 p m Sunday Time—San Francisco, 10 a m, 12 m, 2 p m and 4 p m. Saucelito, 11 a. m., 1, 3 and 5 p. m. On Saturdays, an extra trip from Saucelito at 5:15 p. m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a. m H. A COBB President.
Nov 15. 325 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA William Warner Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 a m Returning—Leave San Francisco at 1 30 P M, connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield (Aug 21) CHAS MINTURN

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL,

Gardens and Farms, at the junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot.—This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J T McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows San Francisco, 9:00 a m, 1:00 p m, 4 30 p m San Rafael, 6 a m, 11 15 a m, 3:00 p m Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAYS as follows Leaving San Francisco at 9:00 a.m., 3:00 p m, San Rafael 8:00 a.m., 3:30 p m [Aug 24] CHARLES MINTURN

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp Price, 2s 9d per box May be had of all chemists through out the world Also Dr LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin; in bottles, 1s 6½d Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 29 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Sheep Dips, Perfumery, Toilet Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge to ships, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen, Purveyors by special appointment to H R H, the Duke of Edinburgh. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE. The correctness of the sauce at the table for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities, the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It is digestible and for flavor is unsurpassed Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen sold by all respectable grocers and Oilmen Nov 28

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary, Wm Harney, Treasurer Directors—I. A Amerman Wm Harney H H Byrne, J C Lennie, F. M Freund H Traube, F Crowley, H V Herbert, J W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Pomeroy, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer HARVEY & BROWN Agent
Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office Jan 11

J. C MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 Cali- fornia street Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec 11 E M PATTEN Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Building.
JUSTICES—42 Montgomery St.
COUNTY—City Hall
PROBATE City Hall.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—713 Montgomery street
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO ATT'Y—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—California and Sansome streets.
CITY PEST HOUSE County Hospital.
CORONER 139 Kearny street
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE Old Merchants' Exch'nge.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
MAYOR—City Hall
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall
SUPT OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT PUB SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSE City Hall
AUDITOR—Room 11, City Hall.
TREASURER City Hall
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets
FIRE DEPARTMENT—222 Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall
OUTSIDE LAND COMMITTEE—11 Exchange Building Washingt'n and Montgomery streets.
HEALTH OFFICE—Jackson street
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall
POUND KEEPER—Jackson st., bet Van Ness Av and Franklin St
QUARANTINE—23 Kearny street.
HARBOR MASTER—13 Vallejo St.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

BELGIUM—E Grisar, 1517 Powell
CHILI H Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street.
CHILI Consul General Francis Casanova, 506 Battery st
DENMARK—O Hara Taafe, 220 California street
ECUADOR Daniel Wolf (absent).
FRANCE Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street
GREAT BRITAIN—W L. Booker, 319 California street
GUATEMALA—Juan Gregoria, 409 Battery
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street.
HONDURAS—Wm V. Wells, 57 Second.
ITALY—G B Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
JAPAN—G. W. Brooks, Grand Hotel
MEXICO—J Rivas, 636 Kearny
GERMAN EMPIRE—C A C Duisenberg, 310 Sacramento street.
NETHERLANDS—J De Fremery, 10 Sansome street
NICARAGUA—F Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
PERU—De la Fuente y Subirat Federico
PORTUGAL—Francis Berton, sw. cor. Clay and Liedesdorff Sts.
RUSSIA—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
SAN SALVADOR—B. J. Dorsey.
SPAIN—C Martin, 423 California.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—G C. Johnson, 23 Battery street
SWITZERLAND—Francis Berton.
U S OF COLOMBIA—F. Herrera
BOLIVIA—F Herrera, 321 Montgomery street
CHILE—D J Williamson, 330 Brannan street
COSTA RICA F Herrera, 321 Montgomery street
GREECE—Geo Fisher, 729 Montgomery street
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—C Baum, 310 Battery street.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN—G Muecke, 104 California street
TURKEY—George W Gibbs, 23 Battery street.

News From the Zoological Gardens.

Mr Frank Buckland writes in *Land and Water* "I think it is now about one or two and twenty years ago since the old father hippopotamus first arrived in this country, and I believe it is to this hippopotamus that the society owes much of its well-earned and increasing reputation and popularity. It is therefore very interesting to observe how that the third son of this veteran animal has, like his father, gained so much popularity in all circles of society I am happy to be able to report that little "Guy Fawkes" remains in a perfect state of health, he has grown amazingly, and is becoming quite tame; he allows Prescott, the keeper, to tickle his ears, and he often opens his great mouth quite wide, and delights in having his gums rubbed, especially at the point where his tusks are just coming through, will nobody give him an ivory or india-rubber ring! He does not seem to mind the crowd a bit, and looks at them as impudently as possible. When there is nobody in the house he hops and plays about as lively as a kitten Although I have such good news to report about the young hippopotamus, I am sorry to say that the baby rhinoceros is dead. It is much to be regretted that Mr Rice did not deposit it at the Zoological Gardens, where it would have had the benefit of Mr Bartlett's great experience and care It was, unfortunately, allowed to remain in a portion of an ordinary stable, very roughly arranged for its reception. Somehow or other the clumsy old parent rhinoceros managed to lie upon the young one, and killed it. This is much to be regretted for many reasons, though of course the comparative anatomists will not be sorry having such a chance of a rare dissection I understand the price of the two rhinoceri together was £1,200. It is a very interesting fact that a young hippopotamus and young rhinoceros should be born in a few days of each other, in the middle of winter, in London. Giraffes breed in this country; so do elands. If, therefore, the above inhabitants of tropical climates breed here, and now that we know their habits and wants so well, may we not live in hopes that it may yet be possible that a young elephant may come as a Christmas box to the naturalist public for 1873?"

United States and English Representation Compared.

The laws of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, with its population of thirty-two millions, are made by a Parliament of 658 members, who not only serve without pay, but who defray the expenses of their own elections, and consequently cost the taxpayers nothing But the laws of the Republic of the United States, with their population of thirty-nine millions, are framed by the labors of about 6,000 legislators—constituting Congress, thirty-seven State Legislatures, and ten Territorial and District Legislatures—whose annual pay and mileage amounts to about $7,775,000 or £1,555,000, whose election expenses are paid by the State, and who are furnished, at the public cost, with fabulous quantities of books, stationery, writing-desks, portfolios, and other articles theoretically necessary for the discharge of their public duties. It is a moderate estimate to place the annual pay and emoluments of these 6,000 patriots at two millions sterling, and an examination of some American statistics now before us lead to the belief that the expense is really much in excess of this sum Taking it, however, at this figure, and adding to it the very small estimate of half a million sterling as the expenses of elections in the 34,000 voting precincts which make up the United States, we have two and a half millions sterling as the annual cost of the election, pay, and emoluments of the American law-making power, against which we have to set in our own case nothing Here, then, is a startling contrast between the two systems of "Home Rule" and Imperial Government. Here are facts worthy the attention of those who prate to us of Republican simplicity and economy, and who ask us to Americanize our institutions.—*European Mail*

The Party of Order.

The Party of Order (to which, we suppose, the friends of Legitimate and Hereditary Monarchy belong) are becoming equally distinguished for the application of their principles in France and in Spain In France, a contemporary says, it is true, they have not yet "taken to the road," and become mediæval bandits and freebooters, plundering railway trains and stage coaches, and levying blackmail upon villages and the suburban districts of large towns. The French Party of Order are more refined and academical in their practices, they are content to arrest the convalescence of their unhappy country, to paralyze commerce, to disturb industry, to vex and harass the public peace, and to throw the national administration into confusion and disorder, in order that a Republican Government may not have the credit of liberating the territory and restoring contentment and prosperity to the people In Spain, where the Party of Order are less civilized, the partisans of Monarchy, in the name of "religion, property, and family life," are adopting the good old fashions of the partisans of the Neapolitan Bourbons. They are becoming pure and simple brigands, and teaching Spanish merchants, manufacturers, bondholders, shopkeepers, and taxpayers in general, how much they lose by not inviting back to govern them a respectable and regular Monarchy represented by highway robbers, and a Party of Order led by anarchists and insurgents, whose principles may be judged by their actions.

"Divines."

The present age is very "rough" on the clergy, and a man, to succeed and make an independence, requires to be more than a mere anointed outrage It is, however, a poor and mean business at the best, and only suited for cunning and feeble-minded men with a disposition to beg, and an inclination for "humming." We always feel sad when we meet an incipient priest or parson—their position is so unnatural and ridiculous This they feel acutely, and their [the attempts at being facetious] conceals the uneasiness it is intended to divert A little fat pup-priest, with a pimply face, is a very sad object to contemplate We have often, in Europe, marked that simpering look of sublime insignificance that characterizes the "superior clergy," who with comical hats, aprons, and gaiters, or with red stockings and other holy toggery, they prance through the streets, making the idiotic rabble stare; and have always recognized the indications that grow out of the consciousness that a soul-saver is a sham and a make-believe We have got rid of soothsayers, prophets, and witches when are we to get rid of these sacerdotal impostors! The Quakers gave them the boot long since, and are they anything the worse of getting rid of such pernicious vermin!

Trade with Russia.

At the latest sitting of the St. Petersburg Geographical Society it was communicated to the members, on official statements, that the Russian export trade in raw materials has materially decreased since the Crimean War. In respect of iron, Russia now ranks fourth after England, Prussia and Sweden, the two former of which are better coalled to work the metal by means of their superior coal, while the last is more conveniently situated. At the time of the Crimean War Russia was almost the sole country selling hemp and flax—now Italy, Austria and New Zealand are respectable competitors, and America draws its requirements from the Philippine Islands In the tallow market America has become a formidable rival. The exports of wool have diminished since the Australian article has come into favor In respect of grain, the Russian trade has been reduced to sales to Holland, and partially to England Timber still constitutes a chief item in the export trade The diminution of raw exports is the less favorable a symptom for national production since Russian manufactures are still produced in too insignificant a number to influence the trade. The latter rests mainly on the exportation of raw material.

"Raining Sheep."

Seldom has a simple story been told in more touching language than the account given by the Toronto *Globe* of a lamentable accident which lately befell a flock of sheep when passing over a bridge in Upper Canada "There is," says the *Globe*, "a covered bridge at Peoria 600 feet above high-water mark. A drover recently attempted to drive 1,000 sheep across it When about half-way over, the bell-wether noticed an open window, and, recognizing his destiny, made a strike for glory and the grave When he reached the sunlight he at once appreciated his critical situation, and, with a leg stretched towards each cardinal point of the compass, he uttered a plaintive 'Ma-a!' and descended to his fate. The next sheep and the next followed, imitating the gesture and the remark of the leader. For hours it rained sheep The erewhile placid stream was incarnadine with the life-blood of moribund mutton, and not until the brief tail of the last sheep, as it disappeared through the window, waved adieu to the wicked world did this movement cease."

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital $750,000. OFFICERS John H Redington President George H Howard, Vice President Charles L Story, Secretary, N B. Eddy, Marine Secretary H H BIGELOW, General Manager DIRECTORS San Francisco—Geo H Howard, F D Atherton, H F Teschemacher, A. H Grogan, John H Redington, A W Bowman, C S Hobbs, B M Hartshorne, D Conrad, Wm H. Moor, Geo S Johnson, H S Tilden, W M Greenwood, E L Jones, Geo S Mann Cyrus Wilson, W H Foster, Jr, Jos Galloway, W T Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A P Hotaling Oregon Branch P Wasserman, B Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D Macleay, C H Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J A Crawford, D. M French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W L Ladd, Treasurer Marysville—D E Knight San Diego—A H Wilcox, Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A Redington Mark Hopkins, Jas Carolan, J F Houghton, D W Earl Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, I Lohman, Secretary Stockton Branch—H H Hewlett, Geo S Evans, J D Peters, N M Orr, W F McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T Hudson, H M Fanning, H H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary San Jose Branch—T Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J S Carter, Jackson Lewis, N Hayes, Noah Palmer, B D Murphy, J J Denny, Manager, A E Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt Nevada—T W Sigourney. Feb. 17

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO. OF S F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—SAN FRANCISCO—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J T. Dana, M J O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W C Ralston, J Lawrence Pool, A Weill, N G Kittle, Jabez H wes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J Baum, M D Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T Lemmen Meyer, J H Baird, T E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, A Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.
CHARLES D HAVEN, Secretary GEO T BOHEN, Surveyor Oct. 24.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies non-forfeitable It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy holders This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

The Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, of San Francisco, California. Organized April 23, 1863 Capital, $500,000, fully paid in gold coin Fire, Marine, Harbor and Inland Transit Risks, on terms as favorable as any other reliable first-class company Greatest amount taken on one risk, $50,000 Portions of risks considered too large will be re-insured in responsible companies Losses promptly paid in United States gold coin D J Staples, President, G T Lawton Vice-President, Charles R. Bond, Secretary.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 433 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks Capital $200,000. DIRECTORS W W Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S Wright, W B Cummings, C F MacDermot, James M Barney, C W Kellogg, A W Jee, Peter Dean, John H Wise, Chas J Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E T Gile, Charles Main, W B Hooper, G L Bradley, James Phelan, D H Haskell Sacramento. H S Crocker, N D Thayer, F S Freeman
C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H G. HORNER, Secretary. Jan 18.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No 11 Merchants' Exchange Building Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,052,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM MACDONALD, Agent Nov 21.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $4,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,1-0,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
W. L BOOKER, Agent,
[Jan 13] No 319 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

(ESTABLISHED A D 1720.)

Cash Assets .... $13,000,000.
☞ Fire Risks at current rates. [Nov 14] CROSS & CO , Agents.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street San Francisco Nov 16.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8 No. 430 California street.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J H CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J H Cutter Old Bourbon" Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States March 19.

JAMAICA RUM.

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO , 412 Front street.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 321 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec. 21

LINDENBERGER & BURKE,

Commission Merchants, Nos. 28 and 30 Sansome St., San Francisco, and Agents of the Willamette Woolen Mills, Salem, Oregon Oct. 5

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO ,
March 6 412 Front street S F

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 518 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco J A MAHS, Assayer Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters, etc. Aug 31

D. F. VERDENAL.] POULTERER & VERDENAL, [T. J. POULTERER.

Stock Brokers, San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board, 409 California street. May 11.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles June 12

How to Stop Crime in California.

The framers of the Constitution and legal system of California were extraordinary men. Everything California is extraordinary, but our law makers seem to have possessed a gift of foreknowledge that was little short of miraculous. Among other things, they appear to have foreseen that no state hest person would ever be elected to office in this State, and sure enough it has come out just as they had provided it should come out. They argued to themselves, "Why provide tribunals with jurisdiction reaching official malfeasance, when no officials ever guilty of 'malfeasance' [illegible] intended? So none such were provided. In the older States and in Europe it is admitted that the tendency of almost every official system is rather towards corruption than towards purity, but in California it is altogether the other way. The fact that there is no court competent to try a certain class of offenders [illegible] of [illegible] to [illegible] them from the category of criminals. It is difficult to explain why this should be the case, but it is nevertheless indisputable. Where there is no law to punish a particular crime, nobody seems willing to commit that crime. Perhaps it may be the result of that manliness of character so peculiar to Californians that makes them, as it were, above the perpetration of an offence that starts in law completely with [illegible]. This we shrewdly suspect to be the view taken by the courts of this State, when they decide that John J. Marks is not removable from office. The Judges wish to appeal to that nobility of soul for which our people are so famous, and to call that almost into operation as a preventive of official wrong-doing. If so, it is highly creditable to their knowledge of the character of our people, and we look for the best of results should this ingenious system be carried into other departments of life. If Judge Blake, of the Criminal Court, has a fault, it is that of being over cautious. And we do much fear that he will be slow to adopt the system we herein suggest. But we can say to him that it is our firm conviction that, if he would only just decide that there is no jurisdiction whereby a Californian can be tried for any offense, that crime would at once and forever cease in this State. True, there might be some trifling chicken stealing by Chinamen, and occasionally a beggar might, in desperation, nip a coat or a pair of shoes from an unwatched [illegible], but all gentlemen and persons of breeding would turn hermit in a week. Judge Louderback could alone stand in the entire criminal file place of the city of San Francisco. Stealing would become so unfashionable that a man of any sort of position might as well go to Lovers at once as to think of such a thing. The clubs would blackball him. The churches would refuse to let him serve on vestries or grandee committees of any sort. Bankers would no longer invite him to their town houses or country villas. Members of the Stock Exchange would decline to receive his orders, to dine with him, to sell him stock or long, to recognize his checks, or to deal him in any gentlemanly manner whatever. It is this feeling that has kept the Harbor Commission so pure and so clean ever since it was created. The members have felt that there was no law to call them to account for any official act, and so, out of true Californian pride, they have been as spotless as the driven snow. It is our sincere conviction that if there had been any tribunal in the State competent to try John J. Marks that he would not have proved the splendid specimen of the Californian official that he now appears to be. But he has all the time felt that it would be cowardly to take advantage of a too confiding constituency of an over trusting people, who had from the first resolved that they would not be critical of any member of the commission, no matter how much appearances might be against him; in short, that they would rely solely upon the inherent purity of human nature, and not even look for a possible remedy for an impossible evil. This is noble and it is [illegible]. But it should be [illegible] means utilized in every direction. Let all the Courts act upon this idea, if possible, and if the law is too plainly against such a view, then let the Legislature be immediately convened and let the criminal statutes that now simply annoy gentlemanly delinquents be abrogated at once, and let every citizen whose taxable property is shown to be over, say $5,000, be put upon honor. Keep the penitentiary for such contemptible fellows as are known to be poor, or who are otherwise unfit to associate with respectable people, and our word for it, we shall have, not one but a hundred thousand men not only in office, but in any walk of genteel life, any one of whom shall be as pure and as upright, as rich and as respectable as John J. Marks, by the Grace of God and the Nineteenth District Court, State Harbor Commissioner.

Politics.

Never in the history of political warfare in this State has there been such a complete disintegration of party organization as at present [illegible]. In the cant phraseology of young [illegible], "[illegible]." And they are very much mixed if we are not [illegible]. There [illegible] George C. Gorham was the most formidable candidate for the Senatorship soon to be vacant that could then be named. And he had [illegible] at that time the ardent support of the Custom House, the Mint, the Internal Revenue Department for this Coast, the Navy Yard, and the great mass of the [illegible] in San Francisco, as well as the County officers [illegible] as they are called, in almost every county in the State. It was a mighty force which he held together. But it certainly appears, if there is nothing out of the ordinary signs, to be rapidly breaking up. The Post Office of San Francisco never had much [illegible] since Postmaster Coey [illegible] as it has [illegible] now for Cole, if it is for anybody in politics. The Mint [illegible] understood to be ready to hold the bottle and have it ready to [illegible] for Mr. Felton whenever he chooses to strike for the Senatorship. The Internal Revenue officers have not as a rule openly shown [illegible] but the [illegible] in that quarter. The Navy Yard [illegible] what they want here is to keep their places. They are perhaps for General Miller and a harbor of safety. The Custom House is for Gorham, [illegible]. Tom Shannon never did anything with any manner of [illegible]. He was [illegible] to have moved. The Board of Senators were [illegible] when that [illegible] to go to Washington. They are not now to be [illegible] upon in his fight. He never had [illegible]. Mr. Fair [illegible] Mr. Fair [illegible] square. [illegible] Booth, because of that [illegible] the number of Senators [illegible] Booth's [illegible] with whom he has always been [illegible] apparently [illegible] the primary election [illegible] have turned against him. [illegible] The boys are [illegible] with Gorham as they are with his friend, Wm. B. Carr. [illegible] And if he cannot be Senator at [illegible] he can make the Senator. [illegible] and many people who do not now know what they want will know, and [illegible] also know whether there is [illegible] or cool, and [illegible] without. But we [illegible] than to wait for [illegible] water, because, as we said in the beginning, things are much mixed.

The New Creed.

This thing that I write is a poem,
Composed with astonishing ease,
It will do for a sermon, with proem,
Or hymn, if you please.

It tells you the beach loves the ocean,
The sun burns with love in the sky,
And all that has life, or has motion,
Must last till it die.

It tells, with a mild melancholy,
Not less than old-fashioned to you,
That only what's hot can be holy,
What's fleshly be true.

All else is the dream of a dreamer,
Who stirs in a feverish sleep;
The flash of a Northern-light streamer,
That dies on the deep.

For what, in the endless progression
Of time, with its numberless wrecks,
Survives for a certain possession?
The marvel of sex.

Stand up, then, and let the rest perish!
The madmen, who worship the pore,
The ideal, the spotless! We cherish
The faith that is sure.

Who loosens the bands of Orion
We know not. Man is but a clod,
And so, we take Cyprus for Zion,
Priapus for God.

—*G. C. Hurlbut.*

As for Fish.

There is something very heroic in Mr. Fish's attitude towards the Spaniards. To be sure, Spain has had a good deal of internal trouble for the last four years, what with *petrol* revolutions in Cuba and Radical and Carlist risings in the Peninsula; and she is not quite as strong as the United States. These, however, are but trifles, and they detract but little from the desperate courage with which Mr. Fish, snubbed by Russia and patronized by England, swaggers and bullies and blusters when he addresses the Court of Madrid. He calls the Spaniards to account for the continuance of the Cuban insurrection, which "seriously inconveniences our commerce," and requires them to abolish slavery. Failing these, the United States will be compelled to interfere and direct matters in the [illegible] island of Cuba (which we do not want) in the interest of humanity and progress. This is the tenor of Mr. Fish's dispatches, if we may believe General Sickles and the telegrams; but we may not believe them. We do not think it probable that Mr. Fish could muster up courage to talk as he pretends that he does talk. He was convicted of romancing in the Catacazy matter, and of shuffling in the Geneva Arbitration business, and his assertions, always open to suspicion, are positively incredible when they come into direct conflict with the statement of Zorrila, in the Cortes. What Sickles may say goes for nothing. He has one characteristic in common with men of spotless honor; one always knows where to find him. The Japanese needle points to the south, and any mariner could steer by it, since it is enough to have one point fixed, in order to find every other. So one may arrive at the truth by following the road on which Sickles turns his back, and this time Mr. Fish travels side by side with Sickles. The Government evidently thinks the time has come for the gathering of the [illegible]. It has to fear England and France. France is for the present, at least, unready, and the gathering Russian storm in Asia will apparently give England plenty of occupation. All looks fair; but even while Mr. Fish rubs his hands, he shudders,

Letting *I dare not* wait upon *I would.*

And he is right; for *if* France were not exhausted, *if* England should fight, after all, *if* Germany were not favorable! Of one thing only Mr. Fish is very sure: he will bully and bluster at a safe distance as long as he can.

No Irish Need Apply.

Dear News Letter: I am one of a host of sturdy hearts, sworn to stand firmly, shoulder to shoulder, in the great battle of Armageddon that is coming upon us. You know Dr. Cummings claims this battle for his own, but I have an equal right to the invention; and besides, the death of Napoleon III, before he could settle into Anti-Christ, has rather flabbergasted the Doctor. But that is neither here nor there. I stand by my brothers, as I said, and we have made up our minds that this country shall not be ruled by the Irish. Who are the Irish? We never asked them to come here; we never sent for them, but they keep swarming in, and voting, and making themselves at home. Let them go home, if they like to be Irish, and take their Catholic Church with them. We don't want any Catholics in America, with their Latin hymns, and mass-books and Jesuits and convents. We are Christians and Americans; and if there was any [illegible] to be done, we mean to do it, for we must keep up our liberties, and our Protestant faith, and our free schools. We want no Irish to corrupt our morals and fill our [illegible]. Down with the Catholics! But as it is not safe to proclaim these sentiments on the housetops (you know I am to be a candidate for the Board of Education) we have bound ourselves by a solemn oath, and have formed a secret society, whose mysterious symbol you may have seen in the papers lately. I have been amused at the various explanations given of this secret sign. Many take it for a crescent moon; others for a [illegible], and those are of a serene turn of mind, take it for an inverted representation of old Pickering's crooked back. But these are all wrong. It is really meant for a slice of pumpkin—a vegetable selected after due deliberation, as typical at once of our purely American origin and the homogeneous constitution of our minds on this great question. Truly yours, F P P P

Russell, the Condemned.

It is now near a month since Mr. Russell was convicted of murder in the slaying of Mr. Crotty, and [illegible] we [illegible] with uneasiness the evident indifference manifested concerning the approach of the great day [illegible] the usual appliances for manufacturing [illegible] are not being set in operation. The Headers of the daily press appear to be asleep. The [illegible] women, who usually begin to stir about this stage of the proceedings, are dangerously quiet. Howard Coit is [illegible], and the Board of Brokers are intent on other things. Can it be that Russell is to be hanged? If not, then what do these strange signs [illegible]? It may be that he is all right, and that plans are being laid that we cannot understand, but we [illegible] and [illegible] to look to him [illegible] the delicate sense of [illegible] to be shocked, Mr. Russell [illegible] the unpleasant [illegible]. Where are the [illegible]? They should [illegible] the public every [illegible] takes his [illegible] campaign. The [illegible] old women so [illegible] to [illegible]. In a few days it will be too late. [illegible] rise in stocks to save the life of [illegible] creature! Let us hope not, and that Raymond & Fly will be forgotten long enough at least to allow that life-saving [illegible] to be heard in behalf of suffering innocence. Philanthropists, to the rescue ere it be too late.

Breaking Up Wooden Side-Wheel Steamers.

The New York *Herald* gives a description of a visit to the office of the Atlantic Mail Steamship Company, which [illegible] from New York [illegible] and has just become bankrupt. The Treasurer of the Company said: "Surface condensers [illegible] have been running [illegible] line by competition. We were in the same box with the Pacific Mail, and could not, with old side-wheel wooden steamers, run [illegible]." The officer remarks: "A change from the [illegible] of surface condensers, iron steamships, to which the new superior steamer were introduced by another [illegible]. Ships that [illegible], where the old ones [illegible] like the [illegible] to the Pacific Mail, they are [illegible] what they [illegible]." Yet it is to the [illegible] wooden boats that are being used [illegible] Webb line, which [illegible] on the contrary, driving it away, that we are asked to give a subsidy of five million dollars! If we are to take these vessels, we had better, as Senator Chandler says, "put ten pounds of nitro glycerine in their hulls, tow them out into deep sea soundings, and let that voyage be their last." To control the trade of the Pacific we must have [illegible].

—— Governor Leland Stanford passed Ogden last evening, and will probably be in San Francisco on Monday.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

The Ocean: Its Atmosphere and Life. By Elisee Reclus. 8vo, cloth.

Journalism in the United States, from 1690 to 1872. By Frederic Hudson. 8vo, cloth.

Kentucky's Lover, or, Roughing It Around Paris. By Edward King. 12mo, cloth.

The Life of Chas. Dickens. By John Forster. Vol. II. 12mo, cloth.

Sally Williams, the Mountain Girl. By Mrs. E. D. Cheney. 12mo, cloth.

Only Girls. By Virginia F. Townsend. 12mo, cloth.

The Wandering Heir. A Novel. By Chas. Reade. 12mo, cloth.

Mrs. Skaggs' Husband Sketches. By Bret Harte. 12mo, cloth.

Siam: Its Manners and Customs. By Rev. N. A. McDonald. 16mo, cloth.

An Only Sister. By Madame Guizot DeWitt. 16mo, cloth.

Lady Sweetapple; or, Three in One. By George Dasent. 8vo, paper.

The Yellow Flag. A Novel. By Edmund Yates.

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E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug. 1.] San Francisco.

PETER SHORT,
Merchant Tailor, 615 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

DR. ABORN,
Residence and office, 213 Geary street, opposite the Plaza. Dec 28

THOMAS TURNBULL,
Architect, Shiels' Block, No. 408 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,
Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

—— The *Alta* the other day had a leading article with which Granny had evidently taken special pains. It was an improvement on her ordinary "how not to do it" style of writing. In it she dilated in language that was almost eloquent of the varied attainments, high culture and special aptitude to the business required by a good newspaper reporter. She pointed out how the keen faculty for observing and tracing facts possessed by a newspaper man led him to take up the clue afforded by a few pencil lines on the back of an insignificant document, and finally enabled him to give the public the details of the marvelous Credit Mobilier scandal. This is all very true, and very proper to be said. We were pleased when we read it, but our rejoicing was only momentary. The unhappy query rushed into our mind: "What is the measure in hard coin of the *Alta's* appreciation of a good reporter?" Alas! we knew it to be less than any other daily paper in this city. The most uneducated boor that shovels sand gets almost as much as the *Alta* gives the trained and cultivated gentlemen she appreciates so highly in words but so lightly in coin. This is truly a pitiable fact, but it is a fact nevertheless. The oldest paper on this coast, and the commercial paper *par excellence*, it ought to set an example in this respect. It does not; it's a bad one. The *Bulletin* pays nearly double as much, whilst the *Chronicle's* prices are 50 per cent higher than the *Alta's*. Whom the *Town Crier* loveth he chasteneth. He would work for the good-natured Mac any time for less money than he would for those fish flickering [illegible]. It is this very selfishness that makes the latter pay the best salaries. He is wise enough to see that the highest pay is the most productive investment in the end. It is more in sorrow than in anger that the *Town Crier* dwells upon these *Altaic* facts. He confesses to a soft spot for old Granny. Pity she's getting so foolish.

—— *Town Crier* likes a shindy, especially an Irish one. He thought he discerned a splendid opening for the exercise of his special talents when he read that announcement the other day of the formation of a society to exclude Irishmen and Catholics from office. He started out, shillelah in hand, in search of a head that wanted a knock. He was after the members of that society with a vengeance peculiarly his own. A diligent search, prosecuted for one whole afternoon, failed to unearth even one specimen of humanity stupid enough to belong to such a society. In fact, he came to the conclusion that the whole thing was a myth—a bugaboo raised for the purposes of political effect. In his rounds he fell in with bluff, genial Jim Adams, and was soon convinced that *he*, at any rate, possessed a soul in which no such bigoted intentions could dwell. A heart like his, which opens with good feeling to all men, irrespective of country, creed or color, could not for a moment harbor an idea repugnant to the whole nature of the man. *Town Crier* returned home disappointed of his game, and now only wants to knock the head of the fellow who set that story afloat.

—— It is a beautiful business, this in the Broadway School. The Principal, so called because he furnished the pupils with most of their sport, bustled about by the [illegible], [illegible] by the coat-tail, and pithily described, in blackboard epigrams, as "Chow-chow True," the Vice-Principal meanwhile winking, as a woman may, at the lively maidens. Our Common School system is, indeed, the foundation of the State and the sure bulwark of our liberties. It is the proud boast of America that here liberty and education go hand in hand, the children of the poorest drinking at the spring of knowledge side by side with the sons and daughters of the wealthy, and fearing, with no unequal hand, the coat-tails of teachers. Glorious thought! That in this happy land the spontaneous fingers of childhood obstinate [illegible], in their playful glee, from the Chinaman's depending pig-tail nor yet from the nether garments of the Caucasian. But one thing is wanting: A field day, with the Board of Education turned loose, and the children in full cry after them: a fair field and no favor!

—— There is no disputing the fact that California wheat is equaled by few other wheats, and excelled by none. In the London market it always fetches the highest price, not only on account of its fine outer skin and extreme dryness, but also for the fineness of its flour. Having the best of materials at our disposal, the question naturally arises, "Why don't our home-made biscuits not only rival, but excel all others?" That England should buy so much of her wheat from us, and using it for the manufacture of her finest breadstuffs, should send us her commonest kind of flour made up in the shape of "biscuit," seems absurd. We have stood this thing quite long enough, and before another year has passed our "California Cracker Company" shall supply not only America with its goods, but also Europe. The machinery now at work on the premises is the best that is used in the trade, and the biscuit made is not only cheaper, but better than any other. Let us encourage home enterprise, especially when we get more than an equivalent for our money.

—— That ever lively paper, the *Chronicle*, has suddenly been smitten with the illustration fever. Illustration is good. Last week, or rather the week before, the picture was of [illegible] most of the members of the *Chronicle* staff that it might have been taken for a [illegible] modified picture of the whole crowd. That was all right if it pleased the parties most concerned. The illustration mania, however, broke out anew, and the [illegible] of "Prince Bill," the new King of Hawaii, who is really a good-looking fellow. The *Chronicle* evidently desires to rob us of our unmarried ladies, for it announced in close contiguity to the pretty picture that His Handsome Majesty is still a bachelor. We have heard that there is quite a rush to engage passages to Honolulu by the next steamer of the Webb line, the "*Mohongo*." We will be glad to supply any lady we are not ourselves sweet upon with a letter of introduction to Sam Wilder, the King's right bower.

—— Our breakfasts have become nauseous to us, our dinner likewise. A newspaper is a necessary adjunct to a good meal, but it is decidedly unpleasant, while discussing one's steak, to come across a paragraph describing how the bone of a man's nose rotted from catarrh, or to learn that the fragrance therefrom did not altogether resemble the odors of Araby the Blest. To read through half the paper that any little obstruction we may discern in our throat or head is the incipiency of that loathsome disease, and that we may shortly expect to exude a like odor. It is not agreeable, while glancing over that evening paper in the pause after soup, to be obliged to read the details of John Smith's or Dan. [illegible] rapture, and we are [illegible] if we read anything. Even in our literary we say we are [illegible] the biography of a [illegible], whose advertisement fills several columns, in the nastiness of which he seems fairly to revel.

—— It thunders everywhere. No sooner is one Congressional lame duck nabbed in connection with Credit Mobilier stock than another appears. No sooner is the Caldwell bribery case exposed than Pomeroy—saintly old Pom.—puts in an appearance, and no sooner is the popular clamor silenced about Pomeroy, than his successful competitor, Ingalls, is accused of the same little manipulation. We had an idea that the world was becoming more honest. This idea was obtained after hearing Messrs. Stebbins, Hemphill, Cunningham and other well-paid parsons discourse on passing events. Thank God, none of these ministers have been accused of owning any Credit Mobilier stock. They are too far from temptation, and therefore we rejoice. Had they been in Colfax's place would they have sold out their dividends for $1,200? We hope not, for the reputation of California. It was too cheap.

—— Everybody has had his say about our boys, and the way to bring them up to [illegible], naturally enough, no one has struck the right path. We proceed to [illegible]. There are [illegible] of these boys, according to Col. Barnes, [illegible]. All that is wanted is to make them moral; and the way is as plain as a pikestaff. It all depends upon Col. Barnes. Let him appoint stated hours, say from two to five o'clock P. M., to receive "Our Boys" at his office, and repeat to them, *gratis*, the admirable lecture which he so happily conceived from Mr. Scott Russell's "Systematic Technical Education." In two hundred days he would have reformed, by the magnetism of his presence and the magic of his eloquence, the whole unruly herd. He might afterwards take the Trades' Unions in [illegible]. This is business.

—— A little leaven leaveneth the whole lump. A year or more ago the News Letter began to call attention to the fact that the trade of the Pacific could never be won by our old-fashioned type of ineffective and expensive side-wheel wooden steamers. An article of ours, entitled "Plain Truths About Steamship Lines," was copied by the London *Times* and *Mitchell's Maritime Register*. The New York *Financier* and other Eastern papers devoted leading articles to its discussion, and soon it went the round of most of the papers. And now its figures are being quoted by Congressmen, and its arguments are being adopted as the basis of their speeches on the subsidy question. Thus the good work goes on. The result will be that we shall ere long have cheap, speedy and effective iron steamers, which will really be of use in acquiring the trade of the Pacific which of right belongs to us. And so it comes that the press may set a ball in motion which none thereafter can stop.

—— Too bad. Supervisor Goodwin wanted to make a pilgrimage to New York and Europe, and not wishing meanwhile to lose his monthly salary, asked leave of absence from his fellow Supervisors, which was granted and Goodwin made happy. Now the City Attorney steps in and says Goodwin will forfeit salary and office if he goes, and the Supervisor thinks that won't pay. The law ought to be different, and if Supervisor Goodwin had called upon us for an interpretation of the Code, we should have said, go and be—blessed. Go, and don't come back again, we are better off without law-makers, Supervisors or otherwise.

—— We have the very highest opinion of Parson Stebbins' intellectual powers. We don't believe that Cardinal Wiseman, or even the Pope, could match theological ten cent pieces with him. We are willing to concede that he comes as near being incomprehensible as any man of his size and weight in the world, and yet we are perfectly willing, in the generosity of our hearts, that Cambridge should have him. So we say: Parson Stebbins stand not upon the order of accepting the Cambridge call, but accept it at once. You may never have another such chance so long as we both shall live.

—— To knock a man down with a club requires mere brute force, to so shake your finger at him that your victim is half scared to death is an art requiring years of practice. We have been in the latter habit for over half a century, and we have slain more victims, without shedding a drop of cruel, than any other saint on this crazy planet. It is our purpose to continue in the good work, as the Methodists say. We were destined to be the terror of evil-doers, the scourge of pious hypocrites, the whip to lash unruly scoundrels into subjection, and the—well, the devil knows, we have our hands full.

—— There is war among the Tibbys and Trues. Tibby is of the female gender while True belongs to the other sex. True is Principal and Tibby Vice-Principal of one of our model grammar schools. Tibby has been poking fun at True, and Tibby got mad because True wouldn't poke things back at her. That is as far as we can get into the merits of the case, now being investigated by a Committee of Lunatics from the Board of Education. True ought to have his head cut off for not reciprocating Tibby's affection.

—— A lady the other evening, during a friendly call, gave birth to twins. It is an historical fact that a female scold, once upon a time, called at the News Letter office, and during a fit of anger was delivered of Pickering and Fitch. We meekly accepted the situation, and did our best for the brats. We gave them their education and started them respectably in the world. Alas! we knew not what we did. We little thought what scourges we were training for the infliction of suffering humanity. May the good Lord, in his mercy, forgive our great sin!

—— We have very carefully examined Austin's delinquent list, and have been unable to find the *Town Crier's* name therein mentioned as delinquent on either real or personal estate. This convinces us of one fact—that Austin is a whole-souled fellow, and wouldn't advertise a friend unless that friend owned some property on which he failed to pay taxes; which doesn't happen to be the *Town Crier's* case. He loves taxes about as well as he does the parsons, and therefore owns nothing taxable.

—— Wonders will never cease. The Chaplain of the Mare Island Navy Yard has resigned "on account of ill health." Clergymen are like officeholders, and never resign when they have a good thing. It is easier, as a general rule, to preach Christ crucified than it is to work honestly for a living. In the case of the Mare Island man, we'll bet our next baby against some Bank of California stock that ill health had nothing to do with his throwing up the sponge. He has something better elsewhere.

—— Because pedagogue True cuts his bread with a jack-knife and prefers jam on a newspaper plate, the female sub-teachers turn up their Grecian noses and say, in classic parlance, "he ain't well bred, and don't eat with a cultivated appetite." Here we see verified the old saying: Give 'em an inch and they'll take an ell—females will. And it all comes of Brother Plunkett's wanting to put the women on an equality with men. It can't be. Nature has otherwise decided.

—— Pickering was in a terrible stew the other day when he learned that the editor of the horse paper had been bidding at the sale of the *Rescue* and *Vanderbilt* at Vallejo. He conjured up visions of Stanford attempting to start a monopoly steamship line to the Cannibal Islands, and actually indited a long editorial to prove that such a project would be a pistol at San Francisco's head, when in a lucid interval he was sent home by Fitch, and the editorial squelched.

—— It is said that Mr. Pickering, of the *Call-Bulletin*, never looks a man in the eye when talking to him, and is never very positive about anything he says. Fitch is the positive man of the concern. He it was who was so positive about Goat Island being exactly the place for a railroad depot. He it was who so positively advocated the bridge project. The positive man has changed his views. Pickering never had any to change.

—— The devil is to pay over the water. Oakland, the aspiring Terminopolis, wants to be County Seat of Alameda. San Leandro, which is the present incumbent, naturally objects, and the consequence is a great deal of bad blood and bad law, expended to no purpose. We would suggest a compromise, *à la Pickering*. Let Goat Island be the County Seat. That would split the difference between the two contestants.

—— We are now satisfied that the lawyers are in league with the Devil. And when the lawyers want to put up a job they always invoke assistance from the bottomless pit. Under no other construction can we account for the fact that Harbor Commissioner Marks and his son Thomas are still at large. Judge Wheeler says he has no jurisdiction, and now, we ask, who the Devil has?

—— The *Town Crier* hereby returns his doleful thanks to both Houses of Congress for having passed the bill abolishing the franking privilege. It was not pleasant to have one's mail daily composed of Agricultural and Patent Office Reports, political documents and other household trash. We will be relieved of such stuff in future.

—— It is falsely reported that an organization of Know Nothings has been formed in this city to prevent Catholics from holding office. Better go to New York, where there would be a field to labor in. Here the Irish Catholics are driven to the polls and get the [illegible] of a greasy rag for their votes.

—— One hundred and fifty people who live in the city of Stockton went to hear Laura Fair de Fair on her "lecture," a few evenings since. The Insane Asylum is very appropriately located at Stockton, so that the cost of transporting the majority of patrons is nominal.

—— Timotheus McCarthicus, ye representative of the colored people in the city councils, wants an office that will pay—in other words, he wants to be Sheriff in place of Jim Adams. If pugilistic science is an indispensable requirement for the position, McCarthicus ought to have it.

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Bar Iron, assorted, ₱ ℔	— 4 @ — 6	Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
Metal Sheathing, ₱ ℔	— 25 @ — 30	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates, I. C. ₱ box	15 00 @ 16 00	China, No. 1, ₱ ℔	— 10 @ — 11
Tin Plates, I. X. ₱ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 10
Lead, Pig, ₱ ℔	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 7¾ @ — 9
Lead, Sheet, ₱ ℔	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 11¾ @ — 12
Banca Tin, ₱ ℔	— 40 @ — 42½	Mescovado	— 6 @ — 8
Quicksilver	— — @ — 80	Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ₱ ton	15 00 @ 15 25	Sperm Wax, ₱ ℔	— 30 @ — 44
Australian	11 50 @ 13 00	Adamantine	— 15 @ — 19
Cumberland	[illegible]	SPIRITS AND LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	15 00 @ 18 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	12 00 @ 12 25	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	9 50 @ 9 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 11
Rio ₱ ℔	— 19 @ — 19½	Rum, Jamaica	4 00 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 22 @ — 23	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 16 @ — 17	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	— 14 @ — 19	Chicken bags ₱ 20 ℔	— 17 @ — 19
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales	— 15 @ — 16
China, No. 1, ₱ ℔	— 6½ @ — 6¾	Burlap Bags	— 15 @ — 13½
China, No. 2	— [illegible] @ — 5½	Hessian 40-inch ₱ yard	— — @ — 12
Hawaiian	— [illegible] @ — 9	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool, ₱ ℔	— 14 @ — 28
Champagne, ₱ doz	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 7 @ — 8
Port, according to brand, ₱ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 18 @ — 20
Sherry, do. do	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ₱ 100 ℔s	1 75 @ 1 95
OIL.		Barley	1 25 @ 1 15
		Oats	2 00 @ 2 15
Coal and Kerosene	— 40 @ — 50	Flour ₱ 196 ℔s	5 00 @ 6 00

The Policy of the Bank of Prussia.

In the sitting of the Lower House of the Diet (December 19th) on the discussion of the Budget of the Bank of Prussia, the President of the Bank, in reply to a question, said that establishment, in the present state of security, neither refused to grant loans upon securities nor exercised restrictions with regard to bills of exchange. It rejected no bills based on real property, and there existed no list of that class of securities to be excluded. All reports to the contrary were malicious, but the so-called credit and bank bills could not be discounted by the Bank of Prussia if the latter did not wish to jeopardize the credit of its circulation. The so-called return bills must be put a stop to. These bills have lately circulated in immense numbers, many emanating from foreign cities, whence from 30 to 50 million thalers' worth of bills are in circulation which would not be discounted by the banks of the countries where they are drawn. Our last bank return is favorable. The notes in circulation are covered by bullion to the amount of 56¾ per cent. Of the 170 million thalers' worth of bills discounted, from 50 to 90 millions will be due in four weeks. No bank is better or more securely established than the Bank of Prussia. Commercial affairs will this time again settle down. The former crises were much more severe. The rise in the rate of discount in September was at first an effectual warning, but this soon failed. A portion of the Bourse speculators must bear the blame of the present crisis. A farther increase in the rate of discount at the present time would be useless, as the bank does not suffer from a withdrawal of the precious metals, but rather from the contrary. With the beginning of the year business will derive large supplies from the redemption of the loan of thirty million thalers, and as much from the payment of the dividends. We are not in want of money, and shall not become so. We hope the House will approve the policy of the bank as here explained. The statement of the President of the bank was received with general marks of assent.

Accumulated Wealth.

It is a fact that some hundreds of persons have each owned about half a million of money. But they did not bury it, nor carry it about with them. They lived on the interest, and that fact implies that it was diverted into ten thousand channels, and was earning, by giving employment to people of all ranks in society, the interest the nominal owner enjoyed. Besides, the Cardiff *Times* says, even if profitless accumulations were made, the great leveler Death is continually at work, breaking up the amassed ingots into serviceable coin divided among the many. Money is simply the mighty force which drives the social machine, and it must be concentrated to be available. It is, however, in fact, the old fable of the bundle of sticks realized. If it were possible for every man, woman and child in this great empire to sit down to a good dinner, be well clothed, owe to nobody anything, and have five pounds in pocket, surely the most ardent desires of the most ardent cooperative would be realized. That would be a millennium without the offensive shadow of a shopkeeper to cast a gloom. But in a few hours there would be poverty and anarchy; in a few weeks starvation. No individual's five pounds could start and keep going machinery, build and support means of communication, fetch necessary products from beyond the seas, and pay the wages earned by labour. There must be union of means, there must be capital, there must be "aggregations of wealth." The world would probably work right in the end, but what a terrible convulsion the rectification of the blunder would involve!

The Bank Rate.

It may be convenient to state that there have in the past twelve months been fourteen alterations. On April 4th the rate was advanced to 3½ per cent., on the 11th of the same month to 4, and on May 9th to 5. From that date a downward movement took place. On May 30th a reduction was made to 4 per cent., on June 18th to 3½, and on the 20th of the same month to 3. On July 18th there was an advance to 3½ per cent., and for two months this rate was maintained, and then set in that upward movement from which we are now only recovering, and which with difficulty carried the market through a season of great peril. On September 18th there was an advance to 4 per cent., on the 26th to 4½, on October 3d to 5, on the 10th to 6, and on November 9th to 7 per cent. Practically this rate was also exceeded, as advances on bills and stock were put up to 9 per cent. This was the severest strain our monetary laws have sustained since the year 1866. On November 28th there was a reduction to 6 per cent., which was the signal that the crisis was over, and two weeks later, namely, on December 12th, confidence was still farther stimulated by a reduction to 5 per cent., and consequently the year is closing tranquilly, though the opening rate was but 3 per cent.—*European Mail.*

BIX.

—— THERE IS A GROWING monetary ease everywhere discernible, and the commercial outlook is exceedingly pleasing. The general jobbing trade of the city is beginning to loom up considerably. Exports of Wheat, Wool, etc., are continued with a good degree of liberality. Our stocks of general merchandise, as a whole, are not burdensome, and the prospective demand for imports is indeed very encouraging. Shipping continues to find lucrative employment. Disengaged tonnage is in limited supply, causing freights to keep up to high figures. With large crops in California during the year 1873, Grain freights will inevitably continue to rule high.

—— THE GLORIOUS RAINS that have fallen upon the Pacific Slope during the month of February have extended far and wide, north and south, especially south, where most needed. It is thus the good crops will be secured on the arid plains and in the vast mud valleys, where immense tracts of land have been sown with Wheat, and where now 1,500 or 2,000 acres are being prepared for Cotton planting. Easterby, of Napa, has perfected arrangements for planting ten acres of Rice in Fresno County as an experiment, while other parties intend to set out many thousand Ramie Plants this season. Increased attention is also being given to the production of Tobacco at Gilroy.

—— THE POPULAR IMPRESSION prevails that the grain-carrying trade of the Pacific is mostly done under the British flag. This is an error, and can be easily proved by reference to the statistics of the port. During the entire fiscal year of 1872, and up to February 1, 1873, the preponderance of registered tonnage carrying Breadstuffs hence was in favor of the Stars and Stripes—the American flag carrying the largest amount of Wheat to the United Kingdom. How long this will continue I cannot say, but we do know that a splendid opportunity for investment is now open for ship-building at Puget Sound. It will pay handsomely to speed the work.

—— AUSTRALIAN ADVICES are at hand by telegram to the effect that high freights to the mother country are now in order. Grain ships from Adelaide to the United Kingdom were being chartered hence at £4 2s 6d, and that owing to strikes among the colliers Coals at Newcastle, N. S. W., had advanced from 11s to 20s per ton between November 1st and latest dates. This intelligence is of considerable importance to us. High cost of Coals and high freights will reduce our supplies from that quarter, and ought to give strength to our Coal Market, which has for some time past been in rather a depressed condition.

—— OUR FLOUR IS WANTED in New England to some extent, best extra brands required in round hoop barrels. Unfortunately for us, railroad freights are up to $5@5 25 ₱ bbl., and this checks the outward flow. The Panama steamers will carry the flour at half price, but a preference is given to the overland route. The present high freights act as an insurmountable barrier. Such brands as Golden Age and Golden Gate Mills, silk dressed best Extra Family and Bakers Extra, can be laid down in Boston via Isthmus at $9 50 ₱ bbl. The demand for Central American continues. We note sales of Golden Age Commercial Mills for Libertad, C. A., at $6 ₱ bbl. Oregon Extras are now offering at $5 25@5 50, and Superfine for Hongkong is scarce and wanted at $4 50@4 75. Best City Mills held at $5 for standard Superfine.

—— WHEAT SHIPMENTS to the United Kingdom continue to flow in one unending stream. During the month of January 52 ships were cleared at this port.

	Wheat. Ctls.	Value.
Totals since July 1st, 1872 239 vessels*	6,952,412	12,160,591
29 vessels since July 1, 1871, with	673,859	2 1 7 704
100 vessels since July 1, 1870, with	1,189,256	6,237,043
141 vessels since July 1, 1869, with	1,299,012	6,644,309

*Also 5,000 bbls Flour. There are now on the berth 36 vessels, of 37,000 tons register. These will have quick despatch, the grain, to a considerable extent, being already purchased. The exports for the past week have been as follows: Colorado, for China, carried 5,612 bbls Flour, 176 sks Beans, 95 pkgs Ginseng, 1,000 flasks Quicksilver, etc., valued at $130,044; same, for Japan, had 325 bbls Flour, 65 rolls Leather, etc., valued at $45,327. Ceylon, for Liverpool, carried 15,621 ctls Wheat, valued at $29,179. Loch Doon, for Liverpool, had 26,177 ctls Wheat, valued at $52,350. Corea, for Cork, had 18,723 ctls Wheat, valued at $37,500. St. Lucie, for Liverpool, carried 29,220 ctls Wheat, valued at $62,510. Cocoma, for Cork, had 26 2?? ctls Wheat, valued at $54,000. Moses Taylor, for Honolulu, carried 50 bbls Salmon, etc., valued at $3,700; same, for Australia, had 100 flasks Quicksilver, etc., valued at $3,615; same, for New Zealand, had 153 doz Brooms, etc., valued at $1,027. Undine, for Mazatlan, carried 28,000 ft Lumber, 1,000 bxs Candles, 5,000 ℔s Coffee, 500 kegs Powder, 225 flasks Quicksilver, 45,168 ℔s Sugar, etc., valued at $42,779. Prince Alfred, for Victoria, had 400 ctls Barley, 195 sks Middlings, 48,272 ℔s Rice, 21,000 ℔s Sugar, Provisions, etc., valued at $23,507.

—— OUR MARKET for leading staples of Merchandise is at date without special interest. Coal seems to be acquiring more firmness. Coffee is more inquired for, particularly for shipment overland to Colorado and Missouri. Chemicals are for the moment neglected. Metals are more thought of with some prospect of a movement in Pig Iron ere long. Tin Plate favors the buyer. Quicksilver is steady at 90c. Salt is dull of sale. Sugars are in large supply, and prices of all kind low and nominal. Spirits are unmoved. Wines are more in favor by reason of lessened imports—about 2,500 cases of California Sparkling per month, now put up and consumed by the trade.

—— FREIGHTS TO THE UNITED KINGDOM keep up handsomely; two or more Grain charters have been concluded during the week at £4 8s, £4 9s@£4 10s—to Cork and a market. To a direct port £1 5s is the current rate. It is said that the American ship David Crocket is holding out for £5. Hope he may get it. The ship Tabor for Liverpool was taken, prior to arrival, by two farmers in the interior, at £4 5s, and is now loading their surplus Wheat for market.

—— The *Telegraph* says it is not easy to divine why the Cabinet of St. Petersburg should have seen fit to raise that corner of the greater Eastern question which is indicated by her progress in the Khanates of Turkestan. But since the subject has been raised, we can only speak out in plain but general terms, to show that we clearly understand the value of Central Asia to the Czar as a political weapon, and courteously intimate that any movements or intrigues which touch our manifest interests will be met according to the circumstances. Although we modified the Treaty of Paris, and restored matters in the Black Sea to the old footing of force, we shall not be found so yielding in regard to any conduct that touches directly the Bosphorus, the Persian Gulf, the Suez Isthmus, or the Oxus Valley. In 1853 the Emperor Nicholas misread the patent indications of British temper. A fresh error of that kind would bring about a similar result.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR NOVEMBER AND DECEMBER 1872,
IS NOW READY FOR DELIVERY,
Containing a Splendid Photograph by Bradley & Rulofson, of the Hon. Charles Clayton, with Biographical Memoir.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, FEB. 15, 1873. No. 3.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—SILVER BARS—1¼@1¾ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 85@85¾. Mexican Dollars, 4½@5½c premium.

☞ Exchange on N. York, ½ per cent. prem for Gold; Currency, 12½ per cent. On London, Bankers 49; Commercial 49⅜, Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, Feb. 14, at 2 P. M., 114⅛. Latest price of Sterling, 109¼@109½.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. February 14 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 186-7-8	102	103	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	1.5	1 0
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	101	102	Oakland 10s	101	—
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	1 1	102	Spring Valley Water Co	85	83
Legal Tender Notes	83	85½	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s '55	96	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s '58	95	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	80	83
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	90	—	Union Insurance Co	83	83
Santa Clara Bonds, 8s	90	—	Pacific Bank	90	92½
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	133	135
San Francisco Gas Company	65	68	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

Latest from the Merchants' Exchange.

NEW YORK, Feb 14.—Gold opened at 114⅛, 11 A. M. at 114⅜; 3 P. M. at 114⅜. U. S. Bonds—Five-twenties of '62, 116¼; 1867, 116⅜. Sterling Exchange, 109¼@110⅛. Pacific Mail, 75⅜. Quicksilver Mining Company, 43½. Wheat, $2 00@$2 20. Pork, quiet, 14½. Cotton, 21. Hides, quiet, dry, 25@25½; salted, 12½c., steady. Oil—Sperm, steady, $1 52@$1 57; Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 75, dull; Whale, weak, 65@70c.; Winter Bleached, 73@75c., quiet. Wool—dull. Spring, fine, 35@45c.; Burry, 28@32c.; Pulled, 30@50c. Fall Clips, 30@33c.; Burry, 18@25c.

LONDON, February 14.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 1d.@12s. 3d. Club, 12s. 8d@13s. 3d. United States Bonds, ex Coupon, 90⅞. Consols, 92½@93¼; Account, 92⅞@93⅛.

—— The holders of wool have brought the manufacturers to terms, and the trade is quite active now at the advanced prices. The statistics of the staple for 1872 show that the American clip amounted to 160,000,000 pounds, or 14,000,000 more than in 1871 and 3,000,000 less than in 1870. The importations rose to 93,306,581 pounds, an unprecedented amount, 20,000,000 in excess of 1871 and 70,000,000 in excess of 1870. The present stocks in Boston, Philadelphia and New York are about 12,000,000 in excess of those at the same time last year. Of the entire stock, 154,000,000 pounds were used in domestic woolens, 10,000,000 in shoddy, 5,000,000 in hosiery, 13,000,000 in worsted and 25,000,000 in carpets. Prices are now a trifle lower than in January, 1872, but a great improvement on those of last fall.

—— Maurice Dore & Co., auctioneers, hold a credit sale of property fronting on Market, New Montgomery, Stevenson, Jessie and Annie streets, on Wednesday, February 26. The Central Pacific Railroad Company's office, the Catholic Orphan Asylum, and other large buildings now occupy portions in the section for sale. The terms are: one-fifth cash, balance in one, two and three years, with interest thereon at the rate of seven per cent. per annum, payable quarterly and secured by mortgage on the property. The sale will undoubtedly be watched with interest by property owners.

—— The appropriations for California in the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill reported in the House are as follows: For Mare Island repairs and improvements, $563,000; for a steam fog signal at Point Montana, $15,000; for a steam fog signal at Humboldt, $10,000; for machinery for the new California Mint, $250,000; for the new Custom-house buildings, $405,000; for Benicia Arsenal, $70,000; for surveying public lands in California, $90,000; for a lighthouse at Point Hueneme, $12,000; for a lighthouse at Point San Pablo, $1,000; for contingents of Surveyor-General's office, $7,000.

—— The Babcock Self-Acting Engine, belonging to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, was taken to the fire at Sage's warehouse. The contents of three cylinders were discharged, effectively extinguishing the coal oil on fire wherever it could be seen. It was then sent to the dock, Captain Waddell requiring it to be returned. R. B. Irwin & Co. inform us that they will have here within two months one of the largest size Babcock engines, which they propose offering for sale to the city on a trial of several months, conditional on it being placed in a locality where the majority of fires occur.

—— Local securities are in good demand. We note sales a540 S. F. Gas, 68c; and about 850 S. V. Water, 85c. 250 City Gas changed hands at 16⅛c.

☞ MR. F. ALGA, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

The New Australian Steam Line.

The *Bulletin* last evening had the following among its dispatches: "A special says General Burnside says, in regard to his New Zealand steamship enterprise, that he is interested in the proposed line of iron steamers to be run between San Francisco, Australia and New Zealand, touching at the Sandwich Islands (and the Navigators), and that the line will be organized, whether subsidized by Congress or not. He admits that his new line is intended to supersede the existing Webb line." Thus it comes that the *Bulletin* is finding out, little by little, that what the NEWS LETTER stated over a month ago is all substantially true. Telegraphic dispatches are expected from New South Wales within the next two or three weeks, announcing the ratification of the Burnside-Scott contract, and at an early day thereafter the first steamer will leave England for Australia, via the Cape of Good Hope.

—— The sales at the San Francisco Stock Board for the past week amounted to $2,600,000. There appears to be a slight improvement in the volume of business. The heaviest transactions were in Hahn & Hunt, Imperial, Ivanhoe, Meadow Valley, Raymond & Ely and Yellow Jacket, of which over 30,000 shares were sold, nearly equally apportioned. There was an attempt to get up a little excitement in Yellow Jacket, though on what grounds does not appear. We can scarcely conceive of any reason for an improvement in the price of that stock outside of a change in the management of the mine. The other stocks in which the sales exceeded 3,000 shares were Belcher, Chollar-Potosi, Confidence, Consolidated Virginia and Eureka Consolidated.

—— The Chollar-Potosi Mining Company have at last been compelled to levy an assessment of $5 per share, amounting to $140,000, delinquent at the office on the 10th March. The last previous assessment of this Company was levied February 10, 1868, while the total amount collected has been only $78,000. The last dividend was on the 10th February, 1872, and the total dividends paid by the Company aggregate $3,080,000.

—— The propeller *California*, 674 tons, has been sold to Ben Holladay, Jr., at $45,000. This steamer has lately been running between Portland and Puget Sound ports, but will now be placed on the route between San Francisco and Humboldt county, in place of the chartered steamer *William Taber*. The *Pelican*, formerly employed on this trade, is to have a new boiler and other repairs.

—— The Mining Share Market yesterday was generally soft. Compared with the rates the previous day, Belcher and Savage each declined $3, Crown Point and Ophir each $2, Chollar-Potosi, Confidence and Consolidated Virginia each $1. Yellow Jacket rose to $81 and $83, a gain of $4 from the same Board.

In Re-Marks.—February 14. The Supreme Court this day filed their opinion in John J. Marks' case, directing the Court below (Judge Wheeler's) to overrule the demurrer of the defendant, Marks, and proceed with the case. We heartily congratulate our friend Swift on the result.

—— On the Japanese embassy landing at Corea, one of them was dressed in Anglo-Saxon clothing. He was suspected of being a *foreigner*, and was attacked and immediately killed. Otherwise the mission, it is said, was entirely satisfactory to the Japanese Government.

—— Mining assessments continue to be kept up, averaging one per day, though two per day have been levied during the week. The number levied in January, to become delinquent in February, was 30.

—— The *Nevada* had not arrived from New Zealand last night. She left Auckland on the 4th of January, and has therefore been now forty-two days at sea, or seventeen days beyond contract time.

—— An assessment of fifty cents per share has been levied on the stock of the South Chariot Mining Company, amounting to $10,000, delinquent at the office on the 22d March.

—— The Liverpool Wheat market shows a slight improvement, yesterday's telegram being 12s. 1d.@12s. 9d. for average California.

—— The American Flag mine has sent down $28,673, and the Raymond & Ely mine $39,644, the last named being for three days.

—— The steamer *Oriflamme* will sail for Portland at 10 A.M. to-day, and the steamer *Constantine* for Santa Barbara at 4 P. M.

—— A monthly dividend of one-half of one per cent. will be paid by the Merchants' Exchange Association to-day.

—— A ship arrived here from Cardiff on Wednesday in 129 days—a good trip.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 606 to 616 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

The Fancies of Youth and Age.

While yet my blood ran full and free,
Gay as the Muses seemed to me,
Forever young, forever fair,
With laughing eyes that challenge care.
No hour when they would not be wooed,
If I was, they were in the mood;
We played at courtship all day long,
And cured our pain-less griefs with song.

Too happy days! But, where now,
Three matrons, with my youth's brow,
And eyes severe that conquer mine,
I see replace those witches fine.
The Fates with their books, the unthrifty years,
The distaff, the rock, the thread, the shears,
Symbols, the artist's triple clew
To matter, form and measure due.

Each lays a finger on her lip,
And signs "Beware! the moments slip!"
How shall I keep the three to gain?
Together, triumph; singly, pain.

—*J. R. Lowell.*

Narrow Gauge Economy with Efficiency v. Broad Gauge Costliness with Extravagance.

"Si parva licet componere magnis."

Editor News Letter.—The assurance, confidence and ingenuity with which "Investigator" galloped into the gauge question, mounted upon the back of mis-statements, warrants me at the request of some of my "taramtulabitten" friends to notice a few more of his quotations. With your permission I would devote myself to each proposition, but, as any answer he can prove by acquaintance himself with facts pertaining to the road of which he is an employe, regarding its construction, cost, maintenance and management. In your issue of January 4th he thus writes:—"The farmers of this State have been bitten of late with the narrow gauge tarantula, and induced to dance to almost any tune the projectors of these new-fangled rail road schemes might play. Like old Dr. Townsend's sarsaparilla, warranted to cure any disease from an aching heart to a bleeding toe, the narrow gauge railroad, we are now told, is the panacea for all our woes. Our salvation depends, they tell us, on the State being gridironed with these opposition roads, for in that one word, 'opposition,' lies the motive for much of the newspaper advocacy of the narrow gauge in California. Opposing the Central Pacific by building parallel roads to its branches in the blight of economy and financial wisdom, pander the Sacramento Union and the vague cry for letter. And yet it can be shown that railroads, whether of the narrow or standard gauge, if built to any great extent parallel to existing lines, will most assuredly ruin the men who furnish the money for such enterprises." "Investigator" should know that not a foot of narrow gauge railroad has as yet been laid in this State, and that the farmers of California are realizing a surer death than that indicated by the "tarantula," for they are now within the deadly coils of the great "boa-constrictor," which is gradually crushing them to death, and will continue to do so unless active measures are taken to prevent it. Narrow gauge alone may not be the "panacea" for this wide gauge monopoly affliction, but a few miles of it, built and running up our various valleys, taken in connection with public opinion, may possibly tend to check it. It does not entirely cure the disease. I do not consider that our salvation depends upon the "gridiron proposition," any more than it does in catering to the great monopoly, in its insatiable demands for money and land, with which to enrich itself and impoverish us. It certainly behooves us to oppose any management that advocates and sustains extravagance of the highest order, not only in constructing their various lines of railroad, but in sustaining them, after constructed, under false colors—a management that advocates a railroad system for this State which, by their own statements, have up to the present time cost on their main trunks an average of over $140,000 per mile. This trunk line is nearly 80 miles long, and the great aggregate sum of the cost must represent a very modest interest account that will have to be provided out of the earnings of the system, entailing thereby a high tariff on the merchant, farmer, and the consumers in general throughout the State. The suggestion of "Investigator" that parallel roads to existing lines would ruin the promoters of the same, he cannot sustain either in theory or practice. It is contradicted in existing parallel roads east of the Rocky Mountains and in many parts of Europe—lines that come under the head of competing, as well as opposition railroads. I don't pretend to argue and I never understood the Sacramento Union or Evening Bulletin to advise the necessity of building railroads over the same right-of-way at present covered by the wide gauge; they recommended the building of roads to traverse the same valleys, perhaps, but in a manner to suit the requirements of the country and the inhabitants thereto, thus advocating a system in contradistinction to that advocated and practiced by the wide gauge management in this State, for they have generally located and built their lines for speculative purposes and to suit themselves and their momentary requirements. They certainly are notorious for avoiding built-up towns with their proposed lines, for the purpose of holding up cities of the town, and in that way realize at once through their land office department. Such an attempt, at our own doors, inaugurated such a bitter and lasting opposition to their further advancement in power, that they are now threatened with financial cramps. The same selfish and short-sighted policy in reference to Visalia suggested the narrow gauge railroad from that town to Stockton, which promises to be completed at an early day, and when completed must detract from the business of the present wide gauge road materially and perpetually. The earnest manner with which the people along the proposed road have taken hold of the project, subscribing liberal means to assist in building the same, certainly suggests something radically wrong with the present wide gauge and a positive requirement for a second line of rail. In either event, the people of Stockton and Visalia, and those who reside between those two places, are satisfied in building the proposed line upon a reduced gauge, without fear of the enterprise winding them up in financial ruin half so soon as will the great monopoly, if they are left alone in their glory as the only carrying medium between the farmer in the country and the cities in the city.

"Investigator" again says:—"We make the broad assertion, which no one can refute who is at all conversant with the inside workings of California railroads, that, take our whole system of railroads and cut them into separate corporations of 50 or 100, or even 200 miles each, and not one of them would pay running expenses and interest on its bonded debt. It is only from the fact that all of these roads are connected together—stems to a great trunk line, having but one set of general managers and officers, with one mammoth machine and repair shop, that expenses are so reduced that the running of trains through the sparsely populated regions of the State is a possibility. Yet there are many who profess to believe that half a dozen separate and distinct organizations, formed to build short railroads that can but divide an already comparatively small traffic, will pay, though each of these railroads, when built, will have to have its President, Secretary, General Superintendent, General Freight and Ticket Agents, etc., etc., the salaries of which amount to as much on a road of 50 or 100 miles as they do for a road ten times this length."

As the present system combined *don't pay* expenses and interest on cost, I must admit that the proposition to divide the same into several separate corporations would not mend the matter in the aggregate. If the average cost of main trunk of $140,000 per mile had to be distributed over the branch lines in the valleys that cost but $30,000 per mile, but I contend that the wants and requirements of different sections of California in railroad facilities and the way for procuring the same would be better understood, and railroads when built more economically and satisfactorily managed, if the management was more diversified and not so arbitrary as seems the present. I do not believe that one set of managers, like the one that which graces the executive of the great Central Pacific, is sufficient to manage and control all the roads in this State properly and in a manner satisfactory or profitable either to the people or themselves. This one man power over an entire railway system of any State is dangerous in a political point of view if in no other, and it has so proved itself, to such an extent indeed that the management, having become unpopular, the system as a whole cannot be sustained. Hence the cutting off of one branch or feeder (the Dutchess road) and the promise of more following from the same trunk ere many days. It is a well known fact that the railroad monopolists of the State have, during the past several years, succeeded in securing control of all the railways in California, the and its operating same under one system for the common benefit of the monopolists, a class of bonds abroad. These managers have not proved themselves generous to their employes and could not be expected to do so if it interfered with the interests of their first love. There are many reasons why the railroad system of this State should be divided up under separate managements, even if the Presidents base to be employed at $5,000 each per year in place of one at $20,000. In this way the different organizations could establish rates of tariff to suit the towns located on line, and in proportion to cost of same and operating expenses. The represented cost of the main trunk from San Francisco to Ogden is about $140,000 per mile, the length of same about 880 miles. The main line of road, and after deducting 80 per cent. for running expenses provide sufficient funds to pay an interest account of six per cent on the cost per mile. This would require earnings equal to about $16,800 per mile, or $14,784,000 yearly. (Their receipts for the current year are said to be about $10,000,000, and current expenses about $7,000,000.) Any valley branch lines that may connect with the main line on a uniform gauge need not cost to exceed on the average $30,000 per mile to operate, which under a separate management from the above main line would require a tariff rate sufficiently high to provide expenses and interest to the same manner as the trunk line. This would amount to $3,600 per mile on the branch lines as against $17,800 per mile on the main line. The difference would practically be greater and in favor of the branch lines, for the reason that the main trunk is a heavy one to work, having a large amount of mountain line, with sharp curves and heavy grades, whereas in the valleys the curvatures is light and the grades easy; but, for argument sake, I assume the running expenses to be the same. If the valley lines are under the same management and attached to the main line, under one system a uniform tariff would most likely be established, and when this is done, the farmer in San Joaquin, or Sacramento Valley, will, in addition to his own local road, be taxed to sustain a line 500 miles away, the system of over which may not benefit him either directly or indirectly. The many and every day complaints of discriminating rates originate from causes similar to this, and will continue to exist so long as we have but one railway management in this State.

"Investigator" further says: "The difference in cost of construction between the narrow and standard gauge railways is not very great, probably not greater than is the difference in the price of iron between the high figure it now is for to-day and the much lower value it had at the time when most of the existing railroads in California were built. In estimating the cost of narrow gauge roads in comparison with the cost of the 4 feet 8½ inches, or standard gauge, and also of the comparative cost of operating them, the following questions have been asked. They have not, nor cannot be, truthfully answered in any way favorable to the narrow gauge theorists: Will the right of way cost one? Will ditch a required for drainage be any less in size or cost on the narrow than on the standard gauge? Will the foundation for bridges require to be any less deep for narrow than standard gauge? Where the line is a surface line, with but little grading required, will there be any difference in the cost of foundation between the narrow and standard gauge? Will there be any difference in the amount of ballast required between narrow and standard gauge? If engines are of equal power, will they not, if of the same design, be of equal weight and cost for both gauges? Will it cost less for laying and fastening the rails on a mile of narrow gauge than on a mile of standard gauge? Can you make stations, houses, platforms, cattle yards, etc., one iota less expensive for narrow gauge than for standard gauge, the amount of business being the same? With cars of the two gauges of appropriate width for each gauge, will not the train on standard gauge, carrying the same load, be much the shortest train, with less wheels and less rolling friction? Trains on the narrow-gauge roads, from necessity being much longer than that of the broad gauge, carrying the same number of passengers and freight, will not the extra number of wheels under the narrow-gauge cars passing over the track cause the friction and wear of the rails to be much greater? Is a long train as easily handled as a short one? Has a passenger in a first-class narrow gauge car the same room to stand in, sit in and sleep in, and the same comfort he finds in a standard-gauge car?"

Although "Investigator" in the above admits the narrow gauge to be a little cheaper, I will add the following comparative estimate with the specifications of the cost of constructing 100 miles of road on the 3 feet and on the 4 feet 8½ inches gauges, each having an identical line and the same maximum gradients of 52 8-10 feet per mile. It comes from Ohio:

	Three ft.	Four ft. 8½ in.
Grading and grubbing, per 100 miles	$240,000	$302,100
Masonry and bridging per 100 miles	75,000	97,540
Ballast per 100 miles	66,700	101,700
Ties per 100 miles	66,000	105,000
Iron per 100 miles	375,000	70,000
Fish plates per 100 miles	19,000	43,000
Spikes per 100 miles	11,000	26,700
Track laying, per 100 miles	25,000	40,000
Sidings per 100 miles	67,000	142,500
Fencing per 100 miles	60,000	70,000
Right of way per 100 miles	90,000	100,000
Engineering, and agencies per 100 miles	112,000	175,000
Depots	25,000	30,000
Shops	25,000	30,000
Locomotives	15,000	210,000
Cars	110,000	250,000
Passenger cars	24,000	50,000
Baggage and express cars	12,800	10,000
Total cost for 100 miles	$1,608,800	$2,523,300
Total cost for one mile	16,088	25,233

The cost of constructing 75 miles of the Denver and Rio Grand Railroad with equipments, including stations, snow sheds, fences, car and machine shops, hotels, and every appurtenance for business, has been about $15,000 per mile, while the Kansas Pacific, built by same engineers and contractors, cost over $22,000. Mr. F. J. Stickles, of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, said that 175 miles through Clear Creek Cañon for a 4 feet 8½ inches gauge would cost $50,000, while a 3 feet was built for $25,000.

In right of way is included depots and terminal grounds, the saving in extent and cost of which in narrow gauge is principally confined to terminal points and side tracks along line of road, when the usual width is not sufficient for local requirements, etc. Such requirements on any road are in proportion to the business or traffic that has to be accommodated and provided for. Assume the requirement of sufficient land for the convenient handling of any 300 tons of freight, and the amount of land necessary on the narrow gauge is 22 2-3 square feet to the ton, as against 31½ feet on the wide. Thus, if the Southern Pacific required 60 acres of land at Mission Bay for an estimated amount of business, a narrow gauge to do the same amount of business would only require 43 acres. This comes from the fact that more freight is carried on the narrow gauge car, in proportion to its width and length, than is carried on the wide. Hence the required area of land and cost must be less, and as every foot in length of train on a narrow-gauge line, when the same is loaded up to its maximum capacity, represents 400 pounds of freight, while on the wide gauge it only represents 600 pounds. Side tracks and platforms may be shorter for same amount of business, and in consequence must cost less. It will cost less to lay rails on the 3 feet gauge for the reason that 47 tons of iron on that gauge is easier and cheaper to handle than 70 tons can possibly be on any gauge. If "Investigator" undertakes to offset the proportion by again asserting that a 30-pound rail is sufficiently heavy for the standard line, or that the heavy rail is required on the narrow, he will again exhibit his ignorance of railway economy in theory as well as practice.

A train of wide gauge cars carrying 300 tons of freight will measure in length 900 feet, and will weigh, cars and freight, 600 tons; a train of 75 narrow gauge cars will measure 840 feet long, and will weigh, with 300 tons of freight, 450 tons, the wide cars will run on 240 wheels, 33 inches in diameter, while the narrow cars will run on 300 wheels, 26 inches in diameter. This will exhibit a weight of 2½ tons on each axle of the wide gauge, and 1½ tons on the axle of the narrow. The diameter of small axles being 2½ inches, and the wide 3¼ inches, the axle friction at 30 miles an hour will not be as much on the narrow as on the wide, for the reason that the speed of the small axle is only 102 feet per minute, while the large axle is 130. Flange friction and sliding of wheels on curves are very much reduced

THE NEWS LETTER

is forwarded, prepaid every Saturday to the following Addresses and Places of Business Resort throughout the World:—

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- Dublin—Commercial Building.
- Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
- Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
- Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
- Guaymas—Buck & Co., A. Willard, Esq.; James H. Langtry.
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- Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney.
- Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. D. M. Consul.
- Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
- Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
- London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England, Glyn & Co., Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co., Debzy, Davies & Co., Pick Anslie, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
- Lima—William Gibbs & Co., Alsop & Co., Holt, Gronning & Co., Bates, Stokes & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
- Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers Association.
- Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hal.
- Lisbon—Caixa Commercial.
- Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excellentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
- Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co.; Theodore La Cade & Co.
- Marseilles—Pascal, Fils & Co., Roux de Fraissinet.
- Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
- Melbourne—James Henty & Co., Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co., McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
- Madras—Binney & Co., Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
- Mauritius—James Leischman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
- Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.

COURT CHAT.

—— The following beautiful and thoughtful lines were read at the last meeting of the Board of Guardians of Holywell, North Wales. The poet is still in the "workus" if any publisher wishes to employ him:

Jesus wept, and well He might,
To see us poor tramps in such a plight,
A can of skilly in our hand
They call it relief in a Christian land.

O God! defend the tramps, say I, [die,
Send the Guardians to, see such as they
We're on boards at their command,
They call it relief in a Christian land.

O sweet spirit, hear my prayer,
Cut them from salvation's care,
Feed them upon straw and sand,
They will call it relief in a Christian land.

—— The following is a description of the new Empress of China, of whom, we are told by a correspondent, no portrait has been allowed to reach the public: "A popular rumor describes her as tall, slender, with high cheek-bones, a straight nose, and eyes which sparkle as though each had a double pupil, giving her a remarkable aspect of vivacity and intelligence. To these features it is easy to add raven hair, black eyes, dove skin, applying the well known bridal graces of a Chinese Empress, and the portrait, however questionable its origin, will not be far from correct." After a sketch of the lady's family history, the correspondent goes on to say that three other ladies were married at the same time to the Emperor. Each of these receives an honorable title, and the selection of each was announced by special decree. For some time past we are further told the Empress has been residing in a temporary palace set apart for her while learning to comport herself properly in her new dignity. The ceremonial of the wedding is described as follows: "Among the people it is customary for the bridegroom to proceed in person to the house of the bride for the purpose of bringing her home. This duty the Emperor performed by proxy. A golden tablet inscribed with the decree or patent of appointment, and a golden seal, intended for the Empress, were placed on a table, surrounded with a cloud of incense. The seal weighs about forty pounds avoirdupois. His Majesty advancing to the table, inspects the insignia of dignity which he is about to confer on his chosen consort. He seats himself on a throne, and two ambassadors kneel before him, while a herald proclaims in a loud voice—'By command of the Empress Dowager and the Empress Mother, his Majesty has been pleased to select for Empress the Lady Aluto, daughter of Chungchi, a doctor of the Imperial Academy.' You high officers are commanded to perform the rites of her investiture.' Thereupon the Grand Chancellor places in their hands the badge of office, when they take up the seal and tablet and proceed to the house of the Imperial bride. The father and brothers, kneeling at the gate, welcome the ambassadors, and the lady herself receives on bended knees the insignia of her new rank. She then dons her robes of State, and ascending her vehicle is borne away in the midst of an immense retinue of nobles and mandarins. It was near midnight when the procession entered the 'forbidden city.' * * * Arrived at the Central Palace, the Emperor, attended by the officers of his household, waited on his bride, and the Imperial pair pledged each other in cups connected by a chain of gold, typifying that their destinies were to be henceforward 'inseparable.' According to custom, gifts were sent some time in advance to the house of the bride, occupying five days in the delivery, and each day being borne by between five hundred and a thousand men. Furniture, clothing, silks and satins, jewels and solid treasure made up the bulk of the presents. Among the gifts to the Empress, I may mention a thousand rolls of satin and sixty-eight horses. To her parents were given 11 oz. of gold, a gold tea canister, 6,000 oz. of silver, six horses, etc. Nor was the grandfather forgotten, the presents for him being similar in kind, but less in quantity."

—— A correspondent from Constantinople says: "I have already mentioned the marriage of the Princess Nazlé, daughter of Mustapha-Pacha, to Khalil-Pacha. Your readers may be interested in knowing that on the arrival of the bride at her husband's palace she was attired in a French bridal costume of white silk, trimmed with orange-flowers. Her wreath of the same blossoms was surmounted by a diadem of brilliants, and a long veil of tulle, thus enveloping partly before and partly behind her head. It was her own choice to be dressed in this fashion, Turkish brides always wearing a rose-colored dress, embroidered with gold. Another strange innovation on established custom was that Khalil-Pacha gave his arm to the Princess. She came in a carriage, with closed white satin curtains, the coachmen and English footmen wore white wedding favors on their breast; two Mameluks on horseback preceded the *cortege*, and eunuchs rode beside the windows. The relations and the *suite* of the bride followed in forty coaches, also accompanied by Mameluks and eunuchs. At noon a table of 100 covers was placed for the assembled guests. The Princess retired early to her boudoir and changed her Parisian costume for a Turkish dress of pink velvet, almost covered with gold embroidery, but still wearing her wreath of orange-flowers and diadem of brilliants. The ladies honored by admission to her presence describe her as dazzling them with her youth and beauty, remarkable for her elegance and refinement and sparkling with priceless jewels. Let us hope the gradual upsetting of silly old prejudices among the Turks, and the adoption of some European customs, will lead to the better education and greater freedom of Eastern ladies."

—— Signor B. Bruccani took a cast of the head and face of the Emperor Napoleon and Messrs. W. and D. Downey, of Newcastle-upon-Tyne, also took a photograph, after the Empress had placed a sprig of roses and a box on his bosom. In death the likeness to the first Emperor Napoleon is said to be very great. The Queen sent a telegraphic message and a royal letter of condolence to the Empress. It was brought by Colonel Gardiner. The body was temporarily interred in the vault of the Bowden family, at St. Mary's Catholic Church. To-day there was a special service at the Pro-Cathedral, Kensington. The deceased Emperor received the last rites of the Church prior to his death; they were administered by the Rev. Dr. Goddard. The Empress was so much overcome that she fainted when the Emperor died. The Prince Imperial, while in the deepest grief, hastened to support his mother in her great trial. The Pope telegraphed his deep sympathy with the bereaved. The only political act likely to ensue will be the issuing of a proclamation by the Empress of her regency during the minority of the Prince.

—— To express the precise nature of the difference between American and English ladies is extremely hard—it is something too subtle to be represented by any combination of epithets. You are sensible of a sort of charm which is wanting here; you miss another charm which is present here; you do not know which is more to be desired, but you doubt the possibility of combining them. American girls are certainly more independent than ours are, more accustomed to take care of themselves, think for themselves, decide for themselves, not less really domestic in their hearts, but less tied to their mothers' apron strings, franker in their speech, and more ready to tell you about themselves, their circumstances.—*English Paper.*

—— Some time ago two youths of Berne addressed a letter to President Grant, asking him to aid them in gathering a collection of American postage stamps. Not long since the youths unexpectedly received through the American envoy at Berne a fine assortment of United States Stamps, accompanied by a letter, in which the President said that his many duties had prevented him undertaking the collection himself, and that, therefore, his youngest son had taken the matter in hand.

—— His Holiness received a great number of foreigners—principally English and Americans—on New Year's Eve. Among them were Admiral Lord Clarence Paget and family, and Mr. Reed, the late Naval Constructor. The Pope said he was sorry that foreigners could not be present at the sacred functions, but the state of Rome prevented him from exposing holy things to the eyes of usurpers. Better times must come before he could officiate again.

—— Sheridan agreed with Walker that the pronunciation of wind should be wynd, but insisted, contrary to Walker, that gold should be goold. Sheridan tells us that Swift used to jeer those who pronounced wind with a short i, by saying, I have a great mind to find why you pronounce it winnd. An illiberal critic retorted this upon Sheridan by saying, If I may be so bould, I should be glad to be tould why you pronounce it goold.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President. W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York: Messrs. Lees & Waller. In Boston: Tremont National Bank. In London: Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 21.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates; also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.
Oct. 2. A. McKINLAY, } Agents. } A. S. FINNIE.

FRENCH MUTUAL PROVIDENT SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Twenty-sixth Semi-Annual Dividend.—A Dividend of nine per cent. per annum net upon the operations of the French Savings and Loan Society for the six months ending December 31, 1872, has in conformity with the Report of the Committee of Verification, appointed by the members of the Society, been declared by the Board of Administration, at the Semi-Annual Meeting held on the 14th inst. The dividend will be payable on and after the eighteenth instant, at the office of the Society, 411 Bush street. GUSTAVE MAHE,
Jan. 2. Director of French Savings Bank.

OFFICE OF THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY,

526 California street. December 31, 1872. Dividend Notice. The GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.—The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of nine per cent. per annum on Term Deposits and seven and one-half per cent. per annum on Ordinary Deposits, free of Federal Tax, for the six months ending December 31, 1872, payable on and after January 15th, 1873. By order. GEO. LETTE, Secretary.
San Francisco, December 31, 1872. Jan. 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hours on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M. for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
(GEORGE LETTE, Secretary) [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

ODD FELLOWS' SAVINGS BANK.

Dividend Notice.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Odd Fellows' Savings Bank held this day, a dividend was declared at the rate of nine and one-half per cent. per annum on permanent deposits and at the rate of eight and one-half per cent. per annum on short deposits for the semi-annual term ending December 31, 1872, payable on and after the 20th inst.
JAMES BENSON, Secretary.
San Francisco, January 8, 1873. Jan. 25.

THE HIBERNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY,

Northeast corner of Montgomery and Post streets, San Francisco, January 25, 1873.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Society, held this day, a Dividend was declared on all deposits, at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, for the six months ending with January 31, 1873, payable immediately, and free from Federal tax. [Feb. 1.] EDWARD MARTIN, Secretary.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Babcock; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $130,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT,
Geo. Robins, Secretary. [April 15.] President.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 21.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; H. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 3.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE, MONTGOMERY STREET SOUTH, AND LAGUNA SURVEY.

Warrants on the above funds, allowed by the County Court, will be paid at the City and County Treasury on the 15th instant, from which date the interest will cease. Holders thereof are notified to immediately file with the Treasurer a list of the numbers held by them. J. A. BAUER,
City and County Treasurer.
San Francisco, January 14, 1873. Jan. 18.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 415 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
Lowndes & Hamlin, Agents. Nov. 11.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 18th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox. the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand Feet.
Nov. 9. JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

WEBER PIANOS,

At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. ☞ These Pianos have a world wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb. 1.]

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.
Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 31.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. D. WINCHESTER.
Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N.B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

G. W. CHESLEY.] **G. W. CHESLEY & CO.,** [J. S. JAMES.
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Fine Wines and Liquors. Sole Proprietors of CONDURANGO BITTERS. 411 Front street, San Francisco. 31 Front street, Sacramento. August 10.

Good Cheer.

The robin fills the summer day
With song and sweetness as his part;
Ne'er knowing that his tender lay
Can comfort many a sorrowing heart.

Dear God, who givest each a place
Within thy plan, oh, give me, too,
Within my little round, the grace
My daily work with cheer to do.

Still loving all thou lendest me,
Who knowest that I am but dust,
Oh, make my life, that tends to Thee,
A happy song of hope and trust.

—*E. D. Rice.*

A Chinese and Japanese College.

In the days when this country and Japan were not so well acquainted as they are at present, an unpleasantness between one of our war vessels and a Japanese fort resulted in damages to the former amounting, as told to some $10,000. In a subsequent expedition to reduce the injurious fort, we incurred fresh bills, swelling the gross outlay to some $20,000. Upon this account, the Japanese Government has already paid us $500,000, by way of indemnity, and it owes us $150,000 more. A bill releasing this "debt" passed the House a year ago, and will pass the Senate whenever that overworked body gets around to it. The question now arises what to do with the money already paid. It has been kept as a fund by itself, and amounts, with accrued interest, to over $800,000. The right, just, equitable, honorable thing to do with it, would be to return it unconditionally to Japan—of course, first deducting the actual damage sustained by this country in the unpleasantness aforesaid. We hope to see this course pursued. Failing this, however, the best thing is probably that suggested by President Gilman in the last *Overland Monthly* viz., to devote this money to the founding and building up of a Japanese and Chinese college in California. With regard to the site of the college, he argues that the milder climate, the greater nearness to the homes of the students, the consequent greater facility of communication with friends at home and avoidance of the needless expense involved in crossing the continent, all point to California. If we are going to be dishonest and keep this money, we can't possibly put it to a better use than the one here pointed out. But, on the whole, hadn't we better be honest, and trust to the enlightened dispositions and statesmanlike instincts of the Japanese Government to dispose of its recovered property to the best advantage?

Chinese Barbers and Tailors.

Pekin, the metropolis of China, is erected on a very fine fertile plain, not far south of the Great Wall, in the most salubrious part of all China, abounding with corn, fruits, herbs and roots, and all the necessaries and comforts of life, except that of Tea, none of which grows in that province. The streets are always crowded, though Chinese women never appear in them, except in covered seats and chairs. The reason of this crowding is, that all provisions are brought thither by land carriage, no river or canal coming within three miles of the city, which occasions the streets to be filled with carts, camels, horses and other beasts of burden with their drivers, insomuch that it is difficult to pass through the gates in a morning or evening. The artificers also contribute to increase the crowd, as they work in the houses of those who employ them, and are perpetually looking out for business. Barbers go about ringing bells to get customers. They carry with them a stool, basin, towel, pot and fire, and when any person calls to them, they run up to him, and placing their stool in a convenient place in the street, they shave the head, clean the ears, put the eyebrows in order, and brush the shoulders, all for the value of little more than a halfpenny. They then ring their bell again, and are ready for another customer. The tailors, who ply in the streets, go home to the houses of their customers and do their work there. They do not use thimbles as ours do, but tie a rag upon their fingers; nor do they sit down to their work, but sew standing, except when they grow tired. The work is upon the table, and they stand close to it. The motley crowd busied in their several occupations causes a vast confusion, while jugglers, ballad singers and nostrum-mongers are encircled by their respective mobs.

Caught.

An injured French husband has reduced the treatment of seducers to a science. During the absence of the husband from home his wife became too intimate with a fast man, and the husband heard of it. He said nothing to his wife, but determined to be revenged. He waited until the Lothario visited the woman and then entered his house singing. His wife heard him and said to her paramour: "It is my husband! for Heaven's sake hide yourself." "Where?" She showed him a cupboard, the only one in the house, and through which passed the pipe of the stove. He entered rapidly and closed the door. "Good morning, wife!" said the keeper, with the natural voice and manner, "light the fire and make my breakfast, I am dying with hunger." She obeyed. At the end of a few minutes a thick smoke issued from the cupboard. She uttered an exclamation of alarm. "Dear me," said the husband with indifference, "the pipe has burst in the cupboard, but it does not signify as it is empty. I will have it mended to-morrow," and he made her blow the fire, and affected not to hear a groan that proceeded from the cupboard. The fire was soon lighted, and he told his wife to make him an omelet. She obeyed, but the trial was too great—she fainted while breaking the eggs. The husband paid no attention, made his omelet himself, breakfasted quietly and went out. When the door of the closet was finally opened the young man inside was found to be asphyxiated and so thoroughly smoked as to keep in any climate. How much better did this Frenchman do than to blow the fellow's brains out and perhaps ruin a costly carpet or some article of furniture? Every husband should see that his wife's room has a closet with a smoke-pipe attachment.

Growing Old.

Do we notice how much more rapidly each succeeding year seems to pass away? Cannot we remember how, in our childhood, the term of a year appeared interminable, and we thought we could compress into that great space almost any amount of work and play! But as we get older, how is it that, with all our industry, time seems too short for the work we take in hand? We become so engrossed that holy days and holidays are alike invaded; and, after all is done, how much is left unfinished, how many schemes remain untried! "It is the solemn thought connected with middle life," says the late eloquent F. W. Robertson, "that life's last business is begun in earnest, and it is then, midway between the cradle and the grave, that a man begins to marvel that he let the days of youth go by so half enjoyed. It is the pensive Autumn feeling, it is the sensation of half sadness that we experience when the longest day of the year is past, and every day that follows is shorter, and the light fainter, and the feebler shadows tell that nature is hastening with gigantic footsteps to her Winter grave. So does man look back upon his youth. When the first gray hairs become visible, when the unwelcome truth fastens itself upon the mind that a man is no longer going up hill, but down, and that the sun is always westering, he looks back on things behind. When we were children, we thought as children. But now there lies before us manhood, with its earnest work, and then old age, and then the grave, and then home. There is a second youth for man, better and holier than his first, if he will look on, and not look back."—*Tinsley's Magazine.*

Recipe to Make a Fashionable Woman.

Take ninety-nine pounds of flesh and bones—but chiefly bones—bore holes in the ears, cut off the small toes, bend the back to conform to the Grecian Bend, the Boston Dip, the Kangaroo Droop, or the Saratoga Swope, as the taste inclines; then add three yards of linen, one hundred yards of ruffles, seventy five yards of edging, eighteen yards of dimity, one pair of silk or cotton hose, six yards of flannel, embroidered, one pair of Balmoral boots with heels three inches high, four pounds of whalebone in strips, two hundred and sixty yards of steel wire, half a mile of tape, two pounds of cotton or wire hemispheres, fifty yards of silk or other dress goods, one hundred yards of point lace, four hundred yards of fringe and other trimmings, twelve gross of buttons, one box of pearl powder, one saucer of carmine, one bushel of "store" hair, frizzed and fretted *a la mad-dog*, one quart of hair pins, one pound of braid, one lace handkerchief nine inches square, with patent border, perfumed with attar of roses and musk, and "clear the track."—*New York Science of Health.*

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
314 California Street,
SAN FRANCISCO.

GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE

ST. PAUL F. & M. INSURANCE COMPANY,
ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.

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THREE MILLION SEVEN HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS!
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Policies Issued on Desirable Property at Fair Rates.
Losses Equitably Adjusted and Promptly Paid.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
General Agents,
Oct. 19.] **314 California Street, San Francisco.**

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 24.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

FOLEY & FLORANCE,

North Beach Livery Stable, Powell Street, below Filbert, San Francisco. Carriages to Let. Horses taken on Livery. All orders left at the stable promptly attended to, day or night. Carriages 13, 40, 119 stand on California street, opposite 621. All orders left there will meet immediate attention. Nov. 10.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, at Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 321 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec. 24.

LINDENBERGER & BURKE,

Commission Merchants, Nos. 28 and 30 Sansome St., San Francisco, and Agents of the Willamette Woolen Mills, Salem, Oregon. Oct. 5.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO., March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug 17.

D. F. VERDENAL.] **POULTERER & VERDENAL,** [T. J. POULTERER.

Stock Brokers, San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board, 400 California street. May 11.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

GIANT POWDER COMPANY.

The Giant Powder Company, Bandmann, Nielsen & Co., General Agents, 210 Front street. Nov. 21.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 29.

E. F. CHILD,

Stock Broker, 503 California street, San Francisco, California. March 2.

THE NEWS LETTER

Is forwarded, prepaid, every Saturday, to the following addresses and places of business resort throughout the world:—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co, Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Allanca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co, C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co, Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamolz & Co, "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa, Cross & Co; Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Matheson & Co, Dent & Co, Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Berill, W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

on the narrow gauge, owing to a difference in distance between inner and outer rails (assuming that we are on the wide gauge alignment) this must show a large saving in wear and tear and consumption of power.

Ditches are generally built in proportion to the width of road bed, depth and body of ballast used, or in other words, in accordance with the amount of drainage they have to accommodate. The width, depth and amount of ballast is determined by the width of gauge and amount of weight in business that the road bed will be called upon to resist. Therefore a road bed 10 feet wide for a 3 feet gauge using lighter rolling stock can be made proportionately as solid and permanent, with a less amount of material or ballast than can a road bed 14 feet wide for a gauge 4 feet 8½ inches, using rolling stock twice as heavy, as the 3 feet gauge; thus the drainage system for the protection of the narrow gauge can be modified in size and cost and yet retain its efficiency. Admitting that drains for the protection of embankments will cost the same on all gauges, the aggregate cost of drainage on any line of road that is not all embankment must be on the side of "narrow gauge." As regards the saving in cost of bridging and the foundation for same, that will depend upon the nature of the country over which a line is to be built; if we assume the placing of a narrow gauge on the same alignment selected for a wider gauge, with grade lines at same elevation, then the saving in foundation for bridging will be less in cost (*but not in height*), for the reason that the width of masonry will be less on account of the lesser gauge of 3 feet being accommodated with bridges of 20 per cent. less width and considerable less weight, at the same time retaining the maximum strength of structure in proportion to what they will have to sustain, with 20 per cent. less width of bridge we can afford a reduction of at least 20 per cent. less width of masonry. That a width of bridge can be reduced with width of gauge to a certain limit, and that said limit is not confined to the standard width, can be easily proved both in theory and practice. That the 3 feet gauge in this respect can claim great economy I don't think can be disputed any more than that the 6 feet gauges cover bridges 21 feet wide and 24 feet high, while the 4 feet 8½ inches adopt a width of only 18 feet 6 inches and 21 feet high, the former bridges weighing about 2,700 pounds to the running foot, and the latter about 2,300 pounds. Where the grade line of a railroad approaches the surface, foundations on narrow gauge will cost less, for the reason that less ballast will be required independent of the difference that must exist between a formation (be it light or heavy) of ten feet as against that of fourteen feet wide. If less ballast is required on the narrow gauge, it certainly must cost less to maintain or run it, hence it is much easier and cheaper to keep your line at a high standard of order as regards its permanent way, thus insuring safety, regularity of traffic, economy in wear and tear of rolling stock, and a full and economical use of power. All the above reduces the liability to accidents to almost a minimum. These are facts being demonstrated by daily practice.

"Investigator" claims that "The question of speed is altogether important in operating a railroad. The narrow gauge car and engine must necessarily have small wheels. With a large wheel the center of gravity on a narrow track would be too high in the load that rests above it, and it would become top-heavy and liable to capsize. For this imperative reason all narrow gauge cars have small wheels, that the load may rest as near the ground as possible. Now a small wheel, of course, makes many more revolutions in running at the same speed than does a large wheel, hence the friction is greater, boxes heat much sooner, in fact it will be found impossible to make a high rate of speed for any great distance with cars running on small wheels. The managers of the narrow gauge roads will always have to be content with time tables one-third slower at least than those governing the standard gauge, and as time is money in railroading more than in anything else, this fact is a strong argument in favor of the standard gauge."

In answer to the above let us see what has lately been done in practice. The *Engineering* of December 27, says: "The Festiniog Railway has shown clearly that moderate speed may be adopted in regular working and that high speeds can be reached with perfect safety. A favorite argument of the opponents of narrow gauge has been this: that the velocities must be kept so low, if danger is to be avoided, that traffic requirements, even assuming capacity to be sufficient, cannot be fulfilled. Ten or fifteen miles an hour, or even twenty miles, as an exceptional maximum, has been assigned as the limits of speed that must be set upon lines not of one foot eleven and one-half in gauge, but on those of three feet. Facts at Festiniog refute all these arguments: thirty and thirty-five miles an hour upon those steep gradients and sharp curves is not an uncommon working speed, and on a recent occasion we stood upon the foot-plate of the 'James Spooner' when she made forty-two miles an hour without experiencing the slightest indication or sense of danger. The experience gained by several years daily work conclusively shows how fallacious are those arguments, advanced to prove that speed and narrow gauge cannot go together."

The narrow gauge train, with the same amount of freight, is easier to handle than the wide, because it is the shortest and weighs less. "Investigator" says:—"Mr. Robinson may yet try to prove that a straight line between two points is *not* the shortest." I will not undertake to say that a straight line on a *plain* between two points is not the shortest, but I might be enabled to prove that a railroad line around a mountain is sometimes found shorter (at least in time) than a straight line over it. I think this fact led the gentlemen, in whose employ "Investigator" labors, to project a line from Banias, around Mount Diablo, to Oakland, and the proposed abandonment of the Livermore line for heavy traffic, although the latter line is some 30 miles the shortest.

"Investigator" had better study the equation of grades ere reviving the old straight line system proposed by the defunct Colorado River Railroad Company. "Investigator's" summary way of settling the gauge question is so peculiar that, did I not know he was a Central Pacific man and doing his level best, *for pay*, to head off the narrow gauge and to boost up and sustain the doomed wide gauge system, I should look upon his communication as a joke. He says: "This fact leads to another almost as important. A large wheel has a greater bearing surface than a small one, and wears the rail less. The narrow gauge cars, having small wheels, must wear out the life of the rails faster than the larger wheel cars of the standard gauge. And I maintain that a thirty-pound rail will do as well for the standard gauge road as for a narrower one."

I have been taught that there could be but a *point* of contact between a circle of whatever diameter and a plain. The *tread* of narrow gauge wheels, so far as their contact with the rail is concerned, is no less than on the wide on *same weight of rail*. The point of contact must therefore, be of the same length, and it only becomes a question of weight on said line of contact to determine that the narrow gauge car wheel will be the least distructive, relative speed being at the same time considered. As regards passenger cars, the "Denver and Rio Grande" road have several handsomely furnished in the "Pullman" style. They contain all the conveniences and comforts of the wider cars. Sleeping accomodations can be furnished on the narrow gauge in *every respect* equal to the wide, and furnished to the traveler at less cost.

I do not wonder at "Investigator's" disinclination to write over his own name, for his assertion that English engineers repudiate the narrow gauge and do not recommend it and that not a single line of that nature is in course of construction East of the Mississippi River, is so void of truth that his name and position might suffer from an easy obtained proof of his lack of veracity in this regard at least. "There are none so blind as those who won't see." "Investigator" claims wisdom upon a subject with which he has proved himself extremely ignorant. In his position it may be that "ignorance is bliss; and, therefore, for him, it were folly to be wise." His similes are too absurd to admit of any notice, and as some of them were borrowed from Mr. Silas Seymour's report against the "narrow gauge," as suggested for the "Texas Pacific Railroad," and as Mr. Seymour and his report was noticed, handled without gloves, and thoroughly used up by Mr. Robert Fairlie, the celebrated English engineer. I suggest that "Investigator" read the same. He will find it interesting and instructive. A man who claims to be an engineer, or having any knowledge of railroading, and dare to assert that the proportion of live to dead weight can be reduced as much on one gauge as on the other, and that thirty-pound rail will do as well for a standard gauge as for a narrow, shows so much ignorance of any system that were it not at the request of my friends I would not waste time or paper in replying to his shallow and foolish questions.

Very truly yours, E. N. ROBINSON.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 1st.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally.

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 121 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has now expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at his Factory, 413 and 417 Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself—the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders. Thomas Donnolly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure Unadulterated Saleratus, and his Unadulterated, Unequaled Bi-carbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 413 and 417 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business, now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.

THOMAS DONNOLLY.
San Francisco, January 25, 1873. Feb. 1.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec. 9.]

"SPIERS & POND,"

239 Kearny street, cor. of Bush, San Francisco. Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Tea and Coffee. Lunch at the usual hours, and Refreshments at all times. The comfort of the domestic fireside, the graces and courtesies of the drawing room, the freedom of the

C L U B.

Refreshments at all times, and Lunch at the usual hours. Tea and Coffee, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, 239 Kearny street, corner of Bush, San Francisco.
Feb. 1. "SPIERS & POND."

E. C. NEWHOFF. C. DE DUNN. M. D. CARR.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

Mercantile Printing House, N. E. corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets. CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF, Practical Book and Job Printers, desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now prepared to do every description of printing in the very best style of the art. Our presses and types are all new, and of the very latest styles. Give us a call. The third floor of the building in which our office is in will be rented for composition rooms, to good tenants, on very reasonable terms. Apply to [May 11.] CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF.

NOTICE.

All Property-Owners to whom damages have been awarded for lands and improvements taken for the opening of Montgomery Avenue, will take notice that they are entitled to bid for Montgomery Avenue Bonds in amounts equal to their awards. All bids must be sent to the Mayor, Auditor or Treasurer, on or before MONDAY, February 3, 1873, at 12 o'clock noon.

WM. ALVORD, ALEX. AUSTIN, R. H. STRETCH,
Feb. 1. Board of Public Works.

B. NATHAN.] ESTABLISHED IN 1850. [F. DORRMANN.

B. NATHAN & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in French China Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware. Glass Shades all sizes. Successors to R. A. Swain & Co.'s Retail Business. Show Rooms, 506 to 510 Kearny st. 510 KEARNY ST., cor. Sacramento,
Feb. 8. San Francisco.

ARMES & DALLAM,

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper Bags, etc., 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco.

TENNENT'S ALE.—NEW BREW, JUST ARRIVED.

1200 Casks (Stone and Glass, Quarts and Pints) of superior quality and in extra fine condition ex "Armin" and "Colombo." For sale in lots to suit. FORBES BROTHERS, Sole Agents,
Feb. 8. 403 California street.

GEO. H. EGGERS.] **EGGERS & CO.,** [CHR. H. VOIGT.

Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions. Agents of the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

SHIPPERS TO PIOCHE

Will please take notice that the horse teams between Palisade and PIOCHE are all disabled by the Horse Disease, and all Pioche Freight must, for the present, be forwarded VIA TOANO or WELLS, which routes are supplied with Ox Teams.
R. W. MONTAGUE,
Jan. 25. Freight Agent C. P. R. R.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 417 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC LOHMAN. JOHN W. TAYLOR.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.
Nov. 30. 501 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OR DRIVERS OF VEHICLES

The Annual License is now due for the year ending January 1, 1873. If not paid on before January 31, 1873, an addition of 25 per cent. will be added each month for delinquency. E. R. BUCKLEY, License Collector,
Jan. 18. Room No. 1, City Hall.

THE OFFICE OF THE CEDERBERG GOLD MINING CO.,

And Manhattan Marble Co., of California, is removed to No. 319 PINE STREET. [Feb. 1.] D. M. BOKEE, Secretary.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 319 Bush street. Factory, 445 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

RICHARD HEYES & CO.,

Cigars, Wine and Liquor Merchants, 239 Kearny, and 405, 407 and 409 Bush streets, San Francisco. Address P. O. Box 759. Jan. 25.

POLL TAXES FOR 1873 ARE NOW DUE.

Payable at the Assessor's office, or to a Deputy.
Jan. 18. LEVI ROSENER, Assessor.

OUR LETTER BOX.

What They Say.

DEAR NEWS LETTER:—Your last issue contained a communication from one Luke Onner, upon dancing in corners, to which I must answer, in my capacity as a good dancer, and one who often indulges in that which he complains of. Every ball-room has its clique of bad dancers, who rush through, knock everybody around, step on one's toes, punch one's ribs, poke their sharp elbows in one's back, and do a lot of other similar pleasant things. To get out of the way of these amiable people, or to protect our partners, we good dancers prefer occupying the corners or sometimes, in a large room, the center, leaving the rest for the wild ones. As soon as an open space is visible we dart for it, returning, when closely pressed, to our corner. If everybody would dance quietly and not run into everybody else, the corner-dancers would be the first to waltz around the room. Instead of being in the way, as "Luke Onner" spitefully writes, we are out of it. He is undoubtedly a bad dancer, and jealous of those he complains of

Mr. L. was at the social last Friday at D. T's, on First street, which proved quite pleasant. The "German" was danced, led in the usual style by Alf. de R., whose understandings are sufficiently developed to make him eminently fit for the position of leader. The party could not be otherwise than pleasant with such charming hostesses as the two young ladies. They are very agreeable and are universal favorites. The youngest one is the prettiest, but the elder the most charming. She is so polite and affable to every one that she carries people by storm. She has lived a long while in Europe, but does not, like many other young ladies, despise her countrymen and praise the Europeans. Talk to any society man about her and see how pleasantly he smiles at the mention of her name. To Miss I., who was present, I owe an apology. I innocently believed that to call a person "rosy-cheeked" was to pay her a compliment. I always looked upon a fresh face and color as beauty, but it appears I was wrong. The young lady, on reading last week's gossip, felt displeased, and remarked that she always wished to be pale. I would like to wager that at the next party she attends she will cover her cheeks with powder

I would like to protest, in the name of all *gentlemen*, against the actions of some men, who attend after too much imbibition. It exists to an alarming extent. It is a shame, and ought not to be tolerated. I will refer to this subject another time. suffice it to-day to say that at the above party a well-known naval officer, who rejoices in the possession of high toned relations, made himself conspicuous in the above manner On Monday we had an agreeable time at P.'s, up town. There were about twenty-five couples present. Nothing of importance happened that I might chronicle. Wednesday's wedding reception was grand. It was one of the handsomest affairs this season I did not get there till very late, having been to a dinner party at A.'s, on Van Ness avenue, so I did not have time to notice much. I merely offered my hearty congratulations to the happy couple and retired. They looked very well; she is a light blonde and he is rather dark, thus contrasting well She was handsomely dressed in a beautiful white silk, with a lace overskirt, and wore diamonds. Ballenberg played eight dances, and then the party broke up. The marriage ceremony was only witnessed by a select few. The invitations for the 24th are out; they are curiously worded "from 9 to 2." Then I suppose they will ring a bell, play "Home, Sweet Home," and turn out the gas. I promise you for next week a volume of gossip, as there are several things coming—the "German" this Friday, a large party at the C.'s Tuesday, and there is also rumor of private theatricals on Bush street. I will keep you posted. BOB.

Social Gossip.

SAN FRANCISCO, February 12, 1873.

DEAR NEWS LETTER:—Luke Onner, in your issue of the 8th inst., pitches into Jerry, Alonzo & Co. for "performing round dances almost exclusively in corners of the room, to the inconvenience of the majority (!) present." As the *majority* present at balls and parties are dancers, Luke Onner's complaint cannot be made with reference to the inconvenience caused the non-dancers by the obstruction of their view. Luke Onner (poor brute!) is evidently a "looker on" from necessity; he belongs to the tribe who do not, and alas! cannot reverse; he is one of those biped teetotums who spin around the whole circumference of the circle at a 2:40 gait, and requires but the slightest obstruction to get knocked out of time. In short, as a dancer he has been put on the shelf and forever discarded by the lady waltzer of the period, who is too graceful and sensible to make a "sulky" of herself, and throw away her best dances on "a ch." His best efforts will bring him only a quadrille or Lancers—*ergo*, Luke Onner's temper is a little soured. It's a pity all the rest of them are not treated in like manner. Were such the case, Jerry, Alonzo, and the rest of us "society sharps," would not, for the protection of our partners, be obliged to confine ourselves to those "precious" corners. Luke Onner proposes to instruct us. I would propose to Luke Onner, before he attempts to "teach his grandmother to suck eggs"—alias good manners and the proper way to dance—to go and take a few lessons in the last mentioned line from McCarty, above the society of whose pupils he does not rightfully belong. KORNUND PUNFORCE.

The following communication has been sent to our office As we always have been, and ever desire to be, impartial, we shall be most happy to print any correcting report that our correspondent, "The German," may favor us with:

EDITOR NEWS LETTER.—An unwarranted liberty has been taken with certain ladies and gentlemen of this city, in the publication of letters signed "Bob," in the columns of the *News Letter* In that our private affairs, of whatever character they may be, in nowise concern the public, no excuse can be offered for publishing the letters alluded to, and we (a number of gentlemen, who feel insulted and incensed at what "Bob" has written of our families or selves) have concluded to put an end for once and all to this low style of journalism—peaceably, if this warning to desist is heeded, but if not, then by means that cannot fail to be lasting and effective. Our "Germans" are intended to be strictly private. At the next, every effort will be made to exclude persons who can descend to writing for the public prints as "Bob" does, as well as those who furnish items "Bob" makes use of. If discovered, not only will the correspondent in *propria persona* suffer for his or her misdoings, but with the view to stop these proceedings for the future, those properly responsible for what appears in print will also experience the fruits of their temerity. THE GERMAN.

DEAR NEWS LETTER —Mr Plunkett denies the imputation of unfairness in the division of the fund appropriated by the Board of Education, for the payment of the teachers, who corrected papers for the last general Examination. I am glad to have his denial, because it effectually disposes of an argument used by the teacher, from whom I had the story. I urged him to call on the Board, publicly, for an investigation into the matter, so that justice might be done. His answer was remarkable: "Do you think I've lost my senses? Any teacher, who should come forward in that way against a member of the Board, would lose his head in two minutes." This seemed to me to be very feeble reasoning, and I said so, but he muttered something about bread and butter and went off. Now that Mr Plunkett has shown the baselessness of the charge, I feel greatly relieved, and trust that no one will revive the matter Truly yours, H.

The Renegade.

DEAR NEWS LETTER:—I write more in sorrow than in anger, although, considering the lofty and responsible position I hold in the community as a parson, standing, as I do, the Middle Man between my congregation and their God, I should be justified in the expression of some indignation of feeling in consequence of the melancholy event that transpired in our consecrated tabernacle last Sabbath. I fear Appolyon hath perpetrated a piece of wicked strategy upon the Parson and the humble five—one in whose devout demeanor and fervent prayers we had the most sublime faith, and in whose ultimate salvation we had the most earnest hope, hath shown evident signs of backsliding, of leaving the straight and narrow way for the broad road that leads to damnation What makes the case still more sad, our renegade brother holds a position in the upper walks of life, and can, from the lofty platform of public journalism, speak to listening millions; while, as opposed to this tremendous power, the meek and lowly Parson can count his hearers upon the ends of his fingers, and whose voice is seldom heard beyond the enclosure of his modest little sanctuary

The sinner under consideration hath been engaged for years in the wicked occupation of printing and circulating a newspaper on God's holy Sabbath; not from necessity, for my friend is wealthy; but in a pure spirit of malicious mischief, knowing full well that by propagating the pernicious doctrine of free thought that he will wean away two-thirds of the followers of Jesus from the house of God, leaving the Lord's anointed to express their different views of the various roads to heaven to almost empty benches. For fear of bringing our church into contempt and ridicule, I suppress the name of the black sheep of our flock, and only give you the initials, which is Gloster Glensmore—his mark, X. We had used every legitimate endeavor to induce this infidel back to remain in our herd of heavenly deer. The Parson had buried *hell* and *damnation* at him from the pulpit; Deacon Scott had passed around the plate until he had parted with his last stiver; the Judge had circulated the sacred cup until his hard heart melted under the dissolving influence of the consecrated fluid; the Blood Sister had worked him a beautiful model of the infant Jesus in her own hair; the Pet Lamb had done up his locks in papers and was happy, and when he at last came into the fold the Azure-eyed Girl fell on his neck and wept. We thought we had him; he had half promised to suppress his Sunday paper altogether, or have it issued in the middle of the week, when, by some mischance, he encountered one of those dreadful works of science. It was "Darwin's Origin of Man." Instead of submitting the heathen book to our judgment, he surreptitiously devoured its contents, which completely eradicated all of his preconceived ideas of creation as taught by the Bible.

We had all congregated as usual in the little Chapel of the Oaks; the service was commenced by the Blood Sister striking an imposing attitude, and sending a thrilling petition up to the throne of grace. She was beautiful to behold: her posturing was perfect. She stood firmly planted on her left limb, her right foot slightly advanced, her dexter arm raised on high, with the index digit pointing towards the gates of glory; her eyes were filled with the burning light of inspiration, and were fixed in a long, steady, earnest gaze upon a fragile web an industrious spider was weaving around the crucifix suspended over the desk of the Parson. She was followed by the Azure-eyed Girl singing in melting strains that pathetic hymn of George Gordon's:

The Assyrian came down
Like the wolf on the fold.

The sermon was then commenced, but unfortunately for the Parson he had chosen for his text, the Book of Genesis, from first to last; and was proceeding to give a glowing account of the Creation, when Mr Glensmore arose, in a mild and dignified manner, worthy of a better cause, and proceeded to take exceptions to the text. He boldly denied the truth of the whole story of the Creation. He said any boy ten years old knew better than to believe that something could be made from nothing. I replied there was nothing impossible with God, he retorted there was. He said God could not make two mountains without a hollow between them; neither could he create a two-year old bull in two minutes: that was a clincher; it closed me out. I was hermetically sealed; he had it all his own way, and quoted from Darwin, until he had traced the human family down through the various gradations of animal life to the grub worm on the banks of the Nile: placing the age of the earth several millions years anterior to the bloom of Eden. He went on to say that it was a very fat thing for a Parson to scatter old and musty stereotyped lies every Sunday from a gilt-edged pulpit to the tune of six thousand a year, with nothing but the questionable respectability of age to recommend them. He said the ministers had had it all their own way, with no one to reply to them; but as a Parson was a public personage, and speaking to the public, and as the public was made up of individuals, he was an individual public and had a right to reply, and he chose to exercise that right on this occasion. This was a stunner; the five were demoralized; the Blood Sister moaned aloud, and lamented the loss of her hair; in tears the Azure-eyed Girl said a viper had nestled in her bosom; the Pet Lamb, however, came to the rescue. She whispered in the Parson's ear to turn the tables on the free-thinker by relating his own experience in the downward race. The Parson took the cue, and stated to the rebellious brother that he, in common with all infidels, had once entertained the same skeptical opinions that had been expressed that morning in reference to the Bible; and to prove to him how wicked he, the Parson, was once, he would read to him a poem that he had written in answer to a sermon on the Creation, by the Reverend Dr Spurgeon, the great sensational preacher of London But being told by Mr. Spurgeon that infidelity was unpopular, I had suppressed the effusion and sought refuge in the bosom of the church, which the Parson advised his renegade brother to do also—from motives of policy even if he did not believe a word in the doctrine

THE PARSON'S REPLY TO SPURGEON ON THE CREATION.

Thou great expounder of God's holy word,
Whose sole delight is for the common herd,
To fawn in multitudes about thy feet,
And hear thy lips the old old tale repeat,
Of how a world was saved from total loss,
By nailing one poor vagrant to a cross;
I've heard thee blow thy sacerdotal horn,
And prate about Creation's early dawn,
Tell to unlettered millions how a God
Called into being, by his simple nod,
The myriad worlds that fleck you azure dome,
Expressly made to light man's squalid home.
O, wond'rous Spurgeon! I have heard thee say,
Before God's breath grim darkness fled away,
Closed her black wings, no more to be unfurled,
Then out of chaos leapt a new-born world.
And where is chaos? O, most learned divine!
Be pleased to draw a geometric line
Athwart the azure fields of endless space,
And point me out that wond'rous hiding place,
That boundless nowhere of the other plains,
Fill'd up with nothing, and where no one reigns.
O, pierce with thy keen theologic eye
The boundless depths of yon cerulean sky,
And let that shapeless vacuum stand revealed,
Where suns, and stars, and worlds have lain concealed,
While an eternal darkness o'er them swept,
While your great wonder-working God-head slept;
And if he slept e're your creation's dawn,
What broke his slumber on that fatal morn!
Did silence, like a nightmare, cause distress,
And rouse him from eternal nothingness!
It matters not, the cause, the how or why,
The lid drew back from his all-seeing eye;
He was awake, and bolt upright he stood,
And there pronounced his own creation good.
Oh, zealous Spurgeon, I have heard thee sing
All this and more about thy self-made king;
I've heard thee descant to the gaping crowd
Of God's voice speaking from the thunder cloud,
And lurid lightning flashing through the sky,
Were but the glances of his awful eye.
You've told how Jove, to while away the hours,
Planted a garden full of fruit and flowers,
And placed in Eden's sweet ambrosial shade,
A beauteous youth, and still more lovely maid,
And they together roamed the garden through,
Sinless and pure as Eden's morning dew.
They ate of fruits and call'd sweet Eden's rose,
Unblushing played without a stitch of clothes.
Oh, Spurgeon, why should your great *no one* spoil
His wondrous work. Six days of anxious toil
By his vast mind all went for naught
Because his virgin Eve a little knowledge sought.
The pair were lovely, all went on serene,
Till Satan, like a serpent, came between
Adam and Eve, and said if they would grapple
Jove's wisdom, they must taste the apple.
The cunning fiend show'd them the tempting fruit,
And ever since mankind hath follow'd suit,
And went for apples, whether great or small,
Unheeding the great lesson taught by Adam's fall.

The foregoing poem cured the seceder; he said the Parson had reached a sublime pinnacle of sin he could never hope to attain He struck his colors, and sat down, covered with confusion. We passed the cup, embraced all round, and went home, happy one more soul was saved. Yours, in mixed feeling, THE PARSON.
THE OAKS, February, 1873.

THE LEADING MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President
B. H. COIT, ... Caller.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Baldridge, M....606 Montg'y st.
Budd, W. C....416 California st.
Burling, W....466 California st.
Ford, J. C. 420 Mont'y, up stairs.
Fitch, J. R....411 California st.
Higgins, W. L....418 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. .434 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. R....406 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co.......426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 417 Hayw'd B d'g.
Peckham, E. P....413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H....401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W......444 Cal'a st.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	50@	55
Do pickled ...	@	
Do Packed	@	
Cheese, Cal...........	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz.	40@	45
Lard, ℔	16@	
Ham & Bacon, ℔..	18@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal ...	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔..	2@	3
Do. sweet............	2@	3
Lima Beans, ℔ ..	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔.......	20@	25
Onions, ℔	@	5
Squashes, ℔.	@	3
Pumpkins, ℔. ...	5@	6
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each....	10@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz....	@	
Celery, ℔ doz b.	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b.	25@	
Turnips, ℔ doz b. ...	25@	
Parsnips, ℔ doz b ...	25@	
Radishes, ℔ doz b ...	25@	
Green Peas, ℔......	15@	20
String Beans, ℔...	@	
Apples, ℔	6@	12
Pears, ℔...........	5@	12
Quinces, ℔.........	@	
Peaches, ℔	@	
Pine Apples, each....	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔.	12@	25
Do. new, ℔	@	
Oranges, ℔ doz......	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Limes, ℔ doz	25@	50
Quail, ℔ doz 2	50@2	75
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	@	25
Geese, ℔ pair 3	00@4	00
Ducks, ℔ pair..........1	75@2	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair.......	25@	40
Hares, each	35@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100........1	00@	
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100....	@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	8@	12
Salmon, fresh, ℔..	15@	
Codfish, ℔	15@	
Rockfish ℔	12@	
Smelts, ℔	10@	
Tomcod, ℔	15@	
Sturgeon, ℔	4@	
Sea Bass, ℔	@	
Flounders, ℔..... .	25@	
Halibut, ℔	@	
Perch, ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ℔	8@	
Anchovies, ℔	4@	
Soles, ℔...........	15@	
Herrings, ℔..	6@	

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending February 8, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 *California Street, San Francisco.*]

Monday, February 3d.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Thos Paugh to Thos F Simpson...	30 v 1381 ne cor, 20x73..................	$ 800
Mich'l Dalton to P G Partridge....	Blks 370 371 376 and 377, W A	500
John W Manning to J W Cherry..	Lot 3 blk 25, Excelsior H'd..............	400
Same to Jos P Manning	Minna n 15th, 100x50; also, Cal'a and Broderick, 82:5x77.6; also, Cal'a w Broderick, 27:6x132:7..................	6,000
Adam Giles to Wm M Ihurg.........	Kate w Fillmore, 25x120...................	1,000
Garden Tract H'd to P G Partridge	Lots 4 and 5 blk 4........................	700
Tide L'd Com'rs to H Mayenbaum	Lots 9 10 19 and 20, blk 53	960
Same to same.....................	Lots 11 12 17 and 18 blk 53...............	960
N J Bailey to A W Morgenstern...	3d n Brannan, 30x50.......................	5,000
S Morgenstern to M Morgenstern..	Lot 11 blk 23, West End Map 1	5
Chas Adler to K Strauss...........	Post w Polk, 25x120	1
K Strauss to Chas Adler	Post w Polk, 27 6x120......................	1
C Vorroth to S Morgenstern.......	Pine w Webster, 27x100....................	1
Asa Hull to M Gately..............	Market sw Montgomery, 20x80	20,000
Mis'n & 30th St Ex H to B A Carr.	Lot 7 blk 5	350

Tuesday, February 4th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
W K Doherty to H Henderson	Van Ness av and McAllister, 60x109:9...	11,000
R Brown to Marg't J Stevens	Cal'a w Broderick, 27 6x132:7	900
F C Gray to S Brignardello	Pacific and Dupont, 40x58	1
J L King to David Hewes	Und ½ Bluxome sw 4th, 45:10x120; also, Bluxome sw 4th, 22:11x120	3,500
David Hewes to Abel Thornton ...	Same	9,500
F W Eaton to Almira Eaton.......	Montg'y n Commercial, 29 6x50..........	Gift
Ignatius Kehrer to L Lelmert	Folsom sw 5th, 25x90	3,500
S Morgenstern to A S Grossgebauer	Pine and Webster, 27.8x100	1,550
Pt Lobos A& P H As'n to G Willey	Lot 74 blk 223; 78 blk 248; 59 blk 225, etc	1,490
Pleasant View H'd to same........	Lots 16 17 18 blk 257; 10 blk 258, etc.....	585
Junction H'd As'n to P B Horton .	Lot 12 blk 8.................................	350
Real Est Associates to D McLeod .	Clipper w Noe, 40x114.....................	500
Peder Sather to Fred'k Leonard...	Clinton se Bryant, 25x80..................	1
Philip Conway to same............	Clinton se Bryant, 25x80..................	3,500
Martin Barry to Thomas Barry....	Bemis sw Miguel, 50x100..................	400
Carsten Voss to Henry Kobler.....	Dupont n Union, 25x97:6	3,100

Wednesday, February 5th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
N Yung to John Spottiswood	O'Farrel and Broderick, 100x55; also, Broderick n Eddy, 82:6x100	....
Harvey S Brown to E B Cunnion..	Lot 5 blk 27, West End Map 1............	96
Same to same	Lots 2336 to 2340 inc, 2365 to 2369 inc, Gift Map 4	100
Geary st Ex H'd to G J Fake......	Lots 31 and 32 blk 165	700
Same to Edwin Goodall	Lots 29 and 130 blk 165	700
Same to Alex Rae	Lots 33 and 34 blk 165.....................	700
Pt Lobos A & P H Asn to L Baker	Lot 67 blk 942..............................	250
G Shattuck to Frances Wooster,...	Broadway and Buchanan, n 137:6, etc ..	Gift
Tide Land Com'rs to P Conway ...	Clinton nw Brannan, 23x80, also, Clinton se Bryant, 25x80	16
P Conway to M Franciscovich....	Clinton nw Bryant, 25x80	2,000
Tide Land Com'rs to John Cady..	Moss nw Folsom, 25x80	8
Webster St H'd As'n to J Jarboe.	Lots 9 10 11 12 26 57 28 and 29, blk 314 ..	13,200
C P Kimball to Thos Knight .. .	Berry and 5th, ne 366.8 nw 120, etc	2,150

Thursday, February 6th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
J Godchaux to Oswald Krenz	94 73 acres Outside Lands....	$ 250
City Land As'n to John Wilberm	Lot 37 blk 56	90
Bay View H'd to Jos E Williams .	Lots 8 and 9 blk 511	1,000
Tide Land Com'rs to Geo Koppitz .	Howard ne 7th, 25x90	9
H H Haight to P Y Merle	Jackson w Montg'y, 30x107	9,500
J K S Latham to Wm Lannigan,..	Jones and Union, 23:1x120	1,000
Bay City H'd to Barzilla Cocks....	Lots 67 and 68 blk 496.....................	650
Same to Louis B Cocks............	Lot 66 blk 496..............................	303
Same to same	Lots 36 and 37 blk 483	600
Pt Lobos A & P H As'n to B Cocks	Lot 81 blk 223..............................	280
John Coleman to N D Arnot, Jr...	Pine e Van Ness av, 6 inches x 137:6 ...	1
Wm Vosburg to Horace Little.....	22d e Sanchez, 50:11x114.................	700
T LeRoy to J R Rene	Dupont n Broadway, 45x97 6............	1
J Woodward to Joseph Kosler	Broadway e Kearny, 22:11x68:9..........	1
John Rosenfeld to A J Morrell.....	York and Pierce, 87:6x81:3	10
L Wormser to L Bravermann......	Lots 1 to 6 15 15 16 blk 529; 7 to 16 1 6 blk 536, Tide Lands	4,500

Friday, February 7th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Garden Tract H'd to Thos Lehy...	Lot 12 blk 4	$ 350
Same to John Lynch....	Lots 40 and 41 blk 1	700
John Chambers to Wm B Sloan ...	5 acres Outside Lands	500
H Z Wheeler to Geo Hamlin	15th e Castro, 25x115	1,000
John C Smith to Eleanor D Smith .	Liberty e Dolores, 23x114................	600
John G Downey to Paul Torre....	Jackson w Powell, 22:9x68:9..............	1,650
Paul Torre to S F Butterworth ...	Same	1,650
John G Downey to Thos Derby....	Und ½ Powell and Jackson, 22:9x68:9 ..	1,000
Thos Derby to S F Butterworth...	Same...	1
Masonic Cem'ty As'n to L Hunter	Lot 2 and n ½ of 4	77
Pt Lobos Av & P H to D Nostrand	Lot 25 blk 338..............................	300
W B Latham, Jr, to J McCormick.	Lot 20 blk 612, Pt Lobos H'd Ass'n	400
P Berwin to J P Newmark	Tyler w Fillmore, 67:9x137:6.............	4,000
J P Newmark to P Berwin	Tyler e Steiner, 68.9x137 6..............	4,000

Saturday, February 8th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Lloyd Tevis to R M Sherman	Lot 2 blk 304, W A	$ 1
James O'Brien to John Markham..	Clary ne 6th, 25x80	1,100
Louis Braverman to I Wormser ...	Lots 1 to 6 15 16 blk 529; 7 to 16 1 6 blk 520, Tide Lands	4,500
James Nihan to Mich'l Dunigan .	Dora nw Bryant, 25x75	....
L Duterire to City and Co S F	Dupont and Broadway, e 46 n 60:3½ nw 41 10½ w 19:3 s 92:6	48,509
C J Newcomb to Cath Moore	Octavia and Haight, 27:6x120	2,600
S Tams to Abram Block...........	Stockton and Pacific, n 36:9 e 50 n 16 e 18 s 52:9 w 68	14 500
C A Hahn to P J Crogan..........	N Eddy 110 e Steiner, 27 6x137 6, sub 3 in 361 W A.	1,100
Geo F Sharp to P W Cohen	Se Irwin 275 sw 6th, sw 275x275, South Beach Block 33	1,500
Geary St Ex H'd to C Farrelly.....	Lots 8 and 9 blk 201	700
Thos Brown to Alex Gerdes	Ellis and Polk, 55x120	8,700
F F Mitchell to W S Phelps.......	Drumm s Sac to, 70x22:11	10,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending Feb. 11, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
S Merritt to M L Brayton	Oakland: W Jackson 480 n from 12th, n 120x170	11,000
Caperton & Hays to H Brackhorst	Same: 10 acres e line San Pablo av	1
H Brackhorst to I M Mansfield....	Same...	20,000
D C Taylor to C A Bancroft.... .	Same: N Park 652:6 e from San Pablo, e 25x142	1,550
E Bigelow to J C Quinn...........	Same: 50x100 ne cor 16th and Jefferson	1,750
J Flood to S Dinsmore............	Same: W Brush 50 s fr 16th, s 53:9x90 ..	1,000
Villa H d Ass'n to L S Allen......	Same: 90x125 near San Pablo av.........	300
C H F Braun to City of Oakland..	Same: Portions of 9th and Kirkham sts.	1
Same to J J Banzelle..............	Same: ¼ lot var'sloten'r Kirkham & 8th	5
J J Banzelle to C H F Braun......	Same...	5
Same to A Borel	Same: Various lots near 8th & Kirkham	5
J E Wingate to H Steele....	Same: 100x50 se cor Broadway and 3d ..	8,000
F Rogers to M C Fross............	Same: N 15th 155 e fr West, e 55x103:9 .	2,200
J Bacon to A A Bacon	Same: W Alice 370 n fr 12th, n 156x150, also, 137x254 ne cor Adeline and 14th; also, East Oakland: 15 acs near Lake Merritt	Gift
Capital H'd Ass'n to W J Smith ..	Same: 60x100 near Lake Merritt..... ...	450
R Haynes to R P Thomas	Same 100x150 e cor Chase & Wash'n .	11,000
J E Johnson to H Trembly	West Oakland: Various lots in T'ct 405 .	8,000
Jenks & Mead to T W Cook	Alameda: 132:1x196:1 se cor Everett and Buena Vista	300
A Wilbur to T A Smith	Same: 50x217:6 nw cor Oak & S'ta Clara	750
P H'd Ass'n to H M Bullen.... ..	Same: 50x150 se cor S Antonio & Willow	500
O H'd Ass n to M Matick	1 mile n fr Oakland 210x122 & 310x100	5
Same to W Crosby	Same: Lots 114 to 118 blk 8, Maxwell Tct	..
W Crosby to Wilson Crosby......	Same: Lots 116 117 118, blk 8	1,675
A Gray to L Parker	Lynn: Lot 7 in blk A	50
J O'Hegan to J Davis	San Leandro: 26 ft on Davis st and C'k .	400
G W Dam to F Courtis	Sonsol Creek, near Lynn: 6½ acres	2,500
H N Norcross to C N Fox....	Near Berkeley: 150x300	1,000
E Matson to H Frost	Eden T p: 49½ acres Marsh Land	800
H G Ellsworth to J Sunderer......	Mission San Jose: 50x151 1	200
W Burk to N W Chittenden.......	R'd fr San Leandro to Oakland. 260x450	1 000

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. Feb. 11.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

GEORGE W. McKEAND, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro Sept. 3.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

March 1st—Steamer JAPAN.......................Capt. Freeman.
There will be no departure February 16th or March 16th.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

February 17th—COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge.
February 27th—MOHONGO, Capt. —. Both calling at San Diego.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamers falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Friday February 14th, and Wednesday February 26th.
PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Thursday February 20th,

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO, SANTA BARBARA AND SAN PEDRO.

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M., as follows:
SENATOR, Capt. Harlon, Friday February 21st,

FOR CAPE SAN LUCAS, SAN BLAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, March 4th.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M., the 3d.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts [Feb. 15th] S. H. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

SAN JOAQUIN AND KING'S RIVER CANAL AND IRRIGATION CO.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the San Joaquin and King's River Canal and Irrigation Company, held the 21st day of January, 1873, it was unanimously resolved, that in order to secure a co-operation of the citizens of California in one of the most important works for the benefit of the Agricultural and Commercial interests of the State, the President is hereby instructed to open Books for the subscription of 5,000 shares of the 100,000 shares of $100 each, capital stock of this Company, at the present cash cost of the work now done No subscription to be received for more than 500 shares Notice is hereby given, in conformity with the above, that Books of Subscription for the 5,000 shares are now open at the office of the Company, No 226 California street, Room 9, during business hours, for thirty days. Capital Stock, $10,000,000, divided into 100,000 shares of $100 each About forty miles of canal are completed and supply water for Irrigating Lands bordering on the Canal Surveys are made from Tulare Lake to near Antioch, say 200 miles, and work progressing. The Company has no debts. For further particulars and terms of subscription, apply at the office of the Company
Jan 25 J. MORA MOSS, President.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 16, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Roney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,
Jan. 4. No. 603 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

"Why that mournful visage, wife!
Why those tearful eyes?"
"I'm bothered, dear, out of my life,
This bread will never rise!"

"But see what I have brought you, dear!
The yeast of Donnolly's make,
And the dough will quickly rise, dear,
And the bread be as light as a cake.

"And I tell you, for the future, pet,
You must go to Battery street,
Three hundred and fifteen, don't forget!
Then our bread will be light and sweet."

English Readers and Publicity —A recent calculation relative to the principal European languages shows that English is spoken by ninety millions of persons, inhabiting Great Britain and Ireland North America, the Bermudas, Jamaica, Cape of Good Hope, Australia, Van Dieman's Land, Newfound and and the East Indies. German by fifty-seven millions in the own country, Switzerland, Austria, Hungary, Russia, North and South America, La Plata, Australia and the East Indies. Spanish by fifty five millions in Spain Cuba, Mexico, the Republics of South America, Manila, etc and French by forty-five millions in France, Belgium, Switzerland, Canada, Cayenne and North America. When it is considered that the *European Mail* comes under the notice of this large mass of readers, its importance as an organ of publicity will be fairly recognized. Which the *San Francisco News Letter* most heartily indorses.

For years, upon a mountain brow,
A hermit lived the Lord knows how;
Plain was his dress and coarse his fare,
No oysters, be, from anywhere.
This was the only grief be had,
A mighty care—it was too bad.

One day he bent his aged feet,
To Frisco's town to try and meet
The luxury his stomach craved,
(And like a wise man he behaved.)
Up Pine street he to Corvell's went,
There ate his fill and died content.

It is generally known, we believe, that a deaf person can, by watching the motion of a speaker's lips, understand what he says; one old lady in particular used to go to meeting, and, though stone deaf, could report every word. Her vision was impaired, and one day, when asked what was said, replied "I can tell any thing about it, I broke the spectacles I had, made by Muller, and until I get another pair I can see—none others suit me.

Breathes there a man with heart so dead,
Who never to himself has said:
"When I sufficient money handle,
Turn-outs down East shan't hold a candle

To mine. No robes or harness looks so nice,
They've none so good at any price;
I'll tell them on the Pacific shore
I got them from Main & Winchester's store."

"If Mrs. Harris' husband was here now," said Mrs. Gamp, looking round and chuckling as she dropped a general courtesy, "he d speak out plain he would, and his dear wife would be the last to blame him." I'ates flattery, but if the dear departed 'ad said: "Sairey, that likeness you 'ave as was took by J. W. Taber are lovely," bless 'is 'eart I would 'ave kissed 'im. And he would 'ave spoke truth, for more lovelier pojograf I never seed.

When stocks are down and friends look shy,
When bankers frown and brokers sigh,
And folks that used to think you funny
Avoid you, lest you'd borrow money—

To Eberhart & Lachman's go,
Corner of First and Market, you know,
Get some native wine—their best Champagne
Will bring the good times back again.

Pioneers, did you not often, when traveling in Europe, long to be once more back to the wild, heart-stirring scenes of Californian life? Did not the Rhine seem tame, and even Paris seem monotonous? And did not your heart beat with the joyous beat of a school-boy, when you saw photographs abroad of California scenery, taken so true to nature, by Messrs. Bradley & Rulofson, on Montgomery street? Yes, I know it did.

The rain has gone, the sun once more
Shines on the old Pacific shore;
Young grass, respondent to the rain,
Makes Oakland's hills look green again,
And the same bounteous hand divine

That made all these sent Gerke Wine
To cheer man's heart, respect his soul,
Restore the bliss that Satan stole.
Drink it and try it, all the elite
Get their's from Hamlin's, on Market st.

— **The Lost Arts** of antiquity, Wendall Phillips tells us, equaled, nay excelled, those of the present day. Their jokes, their poems, their dyes and paintings, their glass-ware, and a good many more little things may have. But we ask Mr Phillips where, and in what age, could he find boots and shoes to equal those now made by John Utschig, 326 Bush street. We pause for a reply.

When Theseus fled from his love, Ariadne,
She felt so faint and sick
That she sent for Bacchus, telling him,
"Go fetch me cordial, quick!"

The old man rubbed his ruddy nose,
Then with high hope, quite frisky,
He sent to earth—to Hotaling's store,
And revived her with Cutter's whisky.

Oh Heavens! how many bereaved hearts are bleeding at this very moment, how many a poor misshaped mortal has almost cursed the wretches that made him sit on those hard forms and write at those badly constructed desks. Ah, would be well no grief, no malformation did parents insist upon schools using none but Gilbert & Moore's, 319 Bush street.

Yes And now how pleasant to the wearied city man, whose hard-worked brain must have respite, is a drive now and again on the San Bruno road, or a quiet week, if he can get away, spent at Thorp's Hotel, on that road—
"The host, to entertain him,
Puts on his best array;
The lofty trees and lovely shrubs
Likewise are fresh and gay."

The California Horticulturist and Floral Magazine, for February, has a charming photographic view of the residence of Hon. Thomas Selby, at Fair Oaks, San Mateo County, executed by that popular artist, C. E. Watkins. The photograph is worth the entire cost of the magazine, 25 cents.

"Oh, ye' who, sunk in beds of down,"
Feel not a want to cause a frown,
Whose houses are happy, clean and neat,
Whose furniture is from Bush street,
Pity, oh pity, the poor lost soul
Who furnishes not from N P Cole

Harry Blanken's place on the San Bruno road should never be passed without a call. His liquors are good; his society, joviality itself. Call.

— "Some of the Causes of Dishonesty in Business" is the theme chosen by Rev. Dr. Scott for his lecture next Sunday evening at St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street Rev Wm A Scott, D D, will preach as above at 11 A.M. and 7½ P.M. Public cordially invited to attend Sunday School, 9½ A.M.

— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 1st.

CARD FROM BOSTON MERCHANTS

Boston December 14th, 1872

Captain Wm B Sears Agent Fireman's Fund Ins Co of California
Dear Sir—In recognition of the very courteous and liberal manner in which our losses by the great fire of November 9th and 10th were adjusted and settled by the officers of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company of California, whose policies [illegible] we take pleasure in [illegible] our names as references. Very truly yours, [illegible] Larker & Draper [illegible] Mann [illegible] & Sawyer [illegible] Tucker & Hart, [illegible] Pierce & [illegible] [illegible] & Wardsen, Smith, Nichols & Co., D. Webster King & Co., Melendy, Hixon & Co., Miner, Beal & Hackett, Homer & Sprague, George William Bond & Co., Brandon Scales Co., Carter, Mann & Co., Frank F. Hodges, Farley, Amsden & Co.
Feb. 8.

NOTICE TO WHARF-BUILDERS.

Office of the State Board of Harbor Commissioners, No. 414 Montgomery street, San Francisco, February 4th, 1873.—Sealed proposals will be received at this Office until 11 o'clock A. M. THURSDAY, February 20th, A. D. 1873, for furnishing Materials and [illegible] driving [illegible] of lumber, as follows, viz: At North Point Wharf [illegible] piles and [illegible] feet of lumber. At Vallejo street Wharf, [illegible] piles and 13,000 feet of lumber. At Jackson street Wharf, [illegible] feet of lumber. At Lacke's Wharf [illegible] feet of lumber. At Howard street Wharf, [illegible] feet of lumber. At Spear and Bryant streets, 53 piles and 41,000 feet of lumber. At Main-street Wharf, 50 piles. And 150 fender piles at the various wharves on the City Front. All lumber must be of the best quality of Puget Sound, and subject to the approval of the Engineer of the Board. Fender piles to be not less than 11 inches in diameter at the butt and of an average length of 45 feet. Standard piles to be not less than 12 inches in diameter at the butt, and [illegible] average length of 60 feet. Bidders will state a price per thousand feet for lumber of different dimensions for piling plank caps stringers curbs and chocks, measured in the work, which price must include the cost of taking up and removing old lumber; a price for each fender pile driven, sawed, and bolted, which price must include the cost of pulling up the old fender pile; and a price for each standard pile driven, sawed, and bolted. Caps to be 12x12 inches and [illegible] fastened to each pile with wrought iron bolts twenty two inches in length and seven-eighths of an inch in diameter; outside stringers to be 12x12 inches and bolted to each cap with bolts twenty-two inches long and one inch in diameter; outside stringers to be [illegible] inches and [illegible] at each end to the cap with [illegible] pointed bolts eighteen inches long and five eighths of an inch in diameter, chocks to be [illegible] three bolts five eighths of an inch in diameter and eighteen inches long, curbs to be [illegible] inches and bolted [illegible] stringers with three-quarter inch bolts twenty-two inches long, and [illegible] plank to be well spiked to each stringer with eight inch cut spikes. Separate bids will be received for furnishing and driving all of the above piles, and in connection therewith laying the lumber at North Point Vallejo street, and Spear and Bryant street Wharves. And separate bids for laying the lumber at Jackson street, Howard street and Lacke's Wharves. The work to be done under the supervision of the Engineer of the Board at such times and places on the water front as the Board shall direct. Payments will be made by draft on the State Wharf and Dock Fund, in gold and silver coin of the United States, from time to time, as the work is accepted and approved by the Board and their Engineer. A good and sufficient bond will be required for the faithful performance of the contract. No bid will be considered unless signed by two or more responsible parties and sureties. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids as in their opinion the public good may require. Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of the bids
JOHN J. MARKS,
JASPER O'FARRELL,
JOHN ROSENFELD,
State Harbor Commissioners.
J. A. McCLELLAND, Secretary. Feb 15.

DREDGING

Office of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, No. 414 Montgomery street, San Francisco.—Sealed proposals will be received at this Office until 11 o'clock A. M. THURSDAY, February 20, A. D. 1873, for DREDGING ALONG THE WATER FRONT to the extent of 100,000 cubic yards more or less, the said dredging to be done at such places, and at such times and in such quantities, as the Board of State Harbor Commissioners may by resolution direct. Bidders will state rate per cubic yard measured in the dredge's scows. Said earth or other materials so removed to be deposited in the Harbor at a less distance than two thousand yards from the Water Front of the City of San Francisco. The said work to be commenced within sixty days after the acceptance of the bid. Payments will be made by draft on the State Wharf and Dock Fund in gold and silver coin of the United States from time to time as the work is accepted and approved by the Board and the Engineer. A good and sufficient bond will be required for the faithful performance of the contract. No bid will be considered unless signed by two or more responsible parties as sureties. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids, as in their opinion the public good may require. Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of the bids, at the above named day and hour.
JOHN J. MARKS, JASPER O'FARRELL, JOHN ROSENFELD,
Board of State Harbor Commissioners.
J. A. McCLELLAND, Secretary.
San Francisco, February 8, 1873. Feb 15.

SIXTH ANNUAL BALL OF THE CALEDONIAN CLUB,

At Pacific Hall, Bush st., on Friday Evening, February 21. Grand March at 9 o'clock sharp
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE —Stewart Menzies, George Kennedy, Thomas M. McLeod, Donald McLennan, Donald McMillan, James Dunn, Geo Davidson.
RECEPTION COMMITTEE.—Joseph Austin, Geo. Davidson, Andrew Foreman, James Anderson, David W. White
FLOOR COMMITTEE —Major F. P. McLennan Hugh Davidson, D W White, David Mitchell, Andrew Foreman James Lawson, Geo. T Scott
Music by the entering. Tickets admitting Gentleman and Ladies, $5. To be had from any of the members of the above Committees or at the following stores Andrews & Randolph 112 Montgomery street, Anderson & Irving 2 Montgomery street; Frey's Music Store on Kearny street, Mather & Sinclair's, Market street, opposite Second Feb 15

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough Proprietor and Manager. Last Night of the Famous Comedian MR JOHN T RAYMOND. This (Saturday) Evening, February 15, last night of W S Gilbert's very successful comedy, PYGMALION AND GALATEA. Produced with new scenery, new properties, new appointments, new mechanism, new and authentic costumes. Chesley, an Art Patron, Mr. John T. Raymond. The evening's entertainment to conclude with THE COMEDY OF ERRORS. The [illegible] Afternoon [illegible] Last PYGMALION AND GALATEA and IXION Matinee. Monday Evening Feb 17th. Will be produced, the powerful Original Drama in five acts adapted from the French, by Augustine Daly, entitled ARTICLE 47. Feb 15.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager, E. Zimmer, Musical Director—Saturday and every evening during the week Engagement of Miss AGNES KENNEDY, Pt. lean Actress. LADIES AT HOME OR, NO MEN WANTED. Minstrel first part and walk around. MISS LILLIE HALL in her popular songs and dances. Third week of MISS LILLIE HARLAND. Fourth week of MISS FANNIE GARRETSON, the rising young actress at [illegible]. Charles Vetner the London Contique Invitatore Larkin and Miss Armstrong in burlesque Dutch Miss Jennie Johnson [illegible] Gerretta and Montague in a specialty. Matt Kelly, Ber and Jack in Negro acts. Hugh and Ker in double acts. A full variety interlude. Admission, 25 cents. Dress Circle, 50 cents. Private boxes $2, $3 and $5. Feb 15.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherill Business Manager and Treasurer. Bob Hart, Stage Manager. Geo. T. Evans Musical Director — Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. Great Excitement. EMERSON and ALLEN on the Ends. Immense success of the EMERSON MINSTRELS, with JOHNNY ALLEN LITTLE MAC and the following bright stars: Bob Hart, Add Ryman, J. G. Russell W F Baker, M A Scott, Sam Rickey, Charles Sutton G W Rockafeller, Benjamin Clark, J. Robinson, and the "ONLY EMERSON." Feb 15.

METROPOLITAN THEATER

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—F. G. Bert, Proprietor and Manager. John W [illegible] Business Manager, W J C Grewell, Stage Manager, Chas H Schmitz Musical Director. Saturday Afternoon, Feb 15—Last DARLING Matinee. In preparation The new sensational Play, HEARTS ARE TRUMPS. Feb 15.

MAGUIRE'S OPERA HOUSE

Washington st., above Montgomery.—Italian Opera.—Manager, CHAS ALPRESS (who also controls the Orchestra). Treasurer [illegible] Well ing. Saturday Evening, February 15, UN BALLO IN MASCHERA. Madame Agatha States as "Amelia." Sig. re Luigi Bernardi as "Oscar the Page" Signora Bianchi as Ulrica. Feb 15.

JOHN WILSON'S PARISIAN CIRCUS

Sutter street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, opposite Lick House.—Saturday Evening, February 15 Grand performance. Grand Matinees Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons. Doors open at 2 o'clock. Box Sheet, for Reserved Seats and Private Boxes, open daily from 10 A.M. till 4 P.M. Parquette, 50 cents; Dress Circle, $1; Reserved Chairs, $1 50; Private Boxes, $5 and $10. Feb 1

SCUDDER & FULLES,

Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Commissioner of Deeds for all the States and Territories No 61 Montgomery street. Feb. 15.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London, J. Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within) Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E C Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E C London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 292 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard. Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bdgs., W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S, Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel Portland Place, W., George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N., Thos Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jnn. Marriott, 11 Glosterst, E.C; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents Room No. 2, Stevenson's Building, S W. corner of Montgomery and California streets San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates

Wayside Gushings.

BY MRS. HARRIS.

The Sparerib versus 'Arris trial 'ad stil. to be put off
Another veek, because Judge Blake vos seized vith coughin' cough,
Old Tyler, too, was down'd up vith a raging diarrhœa,
As oblegeel im for to make is vil and contemplate is hier;
And Sawyer, who vos never known to pay a doctor's bill,
Vos in a most mysterious vay quite sudd nely took ill,
Vile the Foreman of the jury vos forced to go to bed
Through spazzums in is insards and throbbins in is 'ead.
These symptoms vould suffice to prove by werry clear hinductions
That all the Court vos victimized by Sparerib's vile seductions,
Who, fearin he vould lose 'is case, resolved to pisen those
Who could convict im as a base himpostor if they chose
But yet there is another view, as Sayrah do suggest,
That he sent 'em tom-cat sassiges vich they could not digest,
"For," says she, "Missus, it is strange as I should, vith these eyes,
See Sparerib lay on the Judge's desk two werry large meat pies,
Likewayse that Tyler, ven he fust attempted for to speak,
Should beg the Judge to put it off becos he felt so veak,
And my perliceman, who I'm sure vould never tell a story,
Says Sparerib gave a sassige to the Foreman of the jury;
Likewayse that all the jury laid their 'ands upon their 'arts
In a vay to suggest sassiges or undigested tarts."
But Sparerib versus 'Arris at length is held, 'eard,
And though Judge Blake ave give no sign vich party be preferred,
Yet, ven he looked at Sayrah's face, a tear ran down is nose,
Vich, to conceal is feelins, he then wip'ed off his bows
I think in youth he must ave ad some 'orrid love affair
And did a fading change 'is visage and transmogrify is 'air;
But ven he finds out Sparerib he'll prove a hanimus,
And then, old boy, I guess there'll be a devil of a fuss
For though our lawyers may be fond of sassige and pork pie,
The hole vorld knows ow they abhor the shadow of a lie,
Or false pretensions, vich as call Im murdered tom-cats pork,
Vich Sparerib many years 'ave done, as is the neighbors talk,
Also one domestic hanimals 'ave vanished that vasp clous,
That they think of Sparerib, not rat like, vithout bein malicious.
Ven Tyler rose the Court asked, "On vich side do you appear?"
"For plaintiff," says he "and I'll state the reason vy I'm 'ere
'Taint for the paltry motive of vat is called a fee,
But for the high respect I hear a artist sich as he.
("Ere Sawyer smiled quite haudibly, and hother lawyers, too,
As if to say "That's pretty good, but, Tyler, it von't do!")
"The Arts is hoom ross," Tyler says, "but if among them all
There's von that towers pre-eminent and makes the others small,
'Tis that Fine Art in vich my client, Sparerib spends 'is time,
The gastronomic, of vich sassige-makin' is a branch sublime,
For, if ve 'ad no stummicks, vere, I ask, vould be our brains?
(Ere the jury rubbed the r weskits suggestin' wentral pains,)
Therefore, if he who deserves vith Mind be vorthy hadmiration,
Much more the man who makes the food vich is Mind's sustentation.
As von, a I whose hideas flow from the regions of digestion,
I speak vith 'onest feelin' on this all-himportant question
And now, pray, gentlemen, hattend vile I hexplain the story
Vich 'ave led to this 'ere haction to be tried by you—a jury
As is, I can't e purayin, ven I looks upon each face—
The most hintelligent jury as did ever try a case.
Sparerib, the plaintiff, as we've seen, is a Artist of the Sassige,
'Ose business is conducted in a alley-vay or passige.
Defendant, Mrs. 'Arris, resides in the next one,
And hevery night ven oneat fo ka is quiet as a mouse,
Sparerib is vaked, ven veary from the labors of the day,
By a gal who thinks er mis es on is to sing, bales to play,
Both ven old Phœbus, risin', sheds is beams upon the alley,
As vell as ven the twinkling stars look down on it and valley,
Far be it from me to cast a slur upon the dance and song,
Vich both is 'ighly proper if they do not last too long,
But, gentlemen, this Sayrah plays vorse than a organ grinder,
And sings as if a chorus of vild asses vos be'ind 'er.
Poor Sparerib's brain, through want of sleep, 'ave been drove to sich a stale
That he's scarcely hable to keep up is hanimiles of late.
'Is sassige business ave decreased, and familes do complain
That lately hafter eatin' them they suffers 'orrid pain,
And I vill not say but vot he may, vile Sayrah's woice was ringin,'
'Ave put rat poison into 'em, distracted by 'er singin'
('Fre the jury who 'ad eaten 'em did all turn hawful vite,
And the Judge did press is stommick as if all vos not right.)
The gal 'as no wocation for the wocal art at all,
And I begs you'll give 'im damages and don't let 'em be small."
'Ere Tyler ceased and solemn silence reigned throughout the Court,
Till Sayrah roared out "Monster, you've said vot you didn't ought."
And vith a yell of hagony she tumbled from 'er seat
On to the floor vere she did roar and beat moon vith 'er feet.
A groan of symp thy passed around even Judge Blake did say,
"Never since on this bench I've sat ave I 'ad so sad a day."
Sayrah's perliceman, rushin through the crowd, knelt by 'er side
And whispered private in 'er ear, "Be your perliceman's bride!
There's neither law nor justice in this 'ere wenal Court,
Vere vith suckin' pigs and sassiges a jury may be bought
Let's give 'em the slip and take a ship and sail for vorlds afar
Vere you can sing, love, vile I vhistles to the mornin' star!"
But Chief Crowley came be'ind 'im and did 'it 'im on the 'ead
Vith 'is baton that he senseless fell and all thought that he vos dead.
'Ere Charles De Young did faint away at sight of Sayrah's roar,
And it took six per'cemen for to lay 'im on the floor
The jury vept and Sawyer's coat were rent vith grief in twain,
Vile even Finch did feel a stitch and Pixley groaned vith pain
The 'ook-nosed 'Ebrew viped is nose vith sympathetic grief,
And I'd 'ave died upon the spot but my vhisky gave relief,
But never through a chequered life ave I vitnessed sich a scene,
Nor felt so bodd ven in the sed I aid 'Arris at Kensal Green
'Evan grant that in this mortial vale I ne er may see again
A tragedy as did shake my nerves vith sich heartless pain
Mel o'lough, though of iron soul, as never was a groaner,
'Ollered, "I never fell more grief ven playin' Desdemona!"
Reporters, too, as feels for none, vept o'er their short-'and paper,
And said, "To this all other trials 'as been nothink but a wapor!"

— "All the world and his wife" will beat the First Anniversary of Marin Lodge No 200, I O O F, at the new Court House, San Rafael, February 24th Ballenberg's Band will be in attendance. *Reception Committee (Blue Rosettes)*—William H McGrew, A. O. McAllister, O M Irwin, Val D Doub, J B Reid, George Mason, D. Donahue. *Floor Manager*—Julius Goedje. *Floor Committee (Silver Stars)*—Johannes Peterson, John Sims, P. K. Austin, R. W. Osgood, R. A Roiche.

— Major J R Snyder has been delivering a highly interesting lecture before the "Wine Growers and Wine and Brandy Manufacturers Association, at Sacramento," upon the use and abuse of wine. It is published by the *Sonoma Democrat* of the 8th February, and occupies over four of its columns. It tells the teetotalers some home truths. The next lecturer before the Temperance Legion cannot do better than attempt an answer to it.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Bannister—In this city, February 10th, to the wife of A. Bannister, a daughter.
Downs—In this city, February 10th, to the wife of W. E. Downs, a son
Hoyt—In this city, February 12th, to the wife of H. Hoyt, a son
Levy—In this city, February 11th, to the wife of H. L. Levy, a son
Morrison—In this city, February 7th, to the wife of N Morrison, a son.
Taylor—In this city, February 7th, to the wife of E. R. Taylor, a son.
Vail—In this city, February 9th, to the wife of Albert Vail, a son.
Wiggins—In this city, February 10th, to the wife of Wm. H. Wiggins, a son.

ALTAR.

Curtis-Force—In this city, February 12th, C. E. Curtis to J. A. T. Force.
Guthrie-Griffin—In this city, February 6th, Alfred Guthrie to Ella M. Griffin.
Grace-Carrol—In this city, February 6th, J Grace to M Carrol.
Holmes-Oebrink—In this city, February 9th, V. Holmes Hildegard Oebrink.
Krumbeck-Meistedt—In this city, February 9th, C. Krumbeck to W. Meistedt.
Leege-Lutringer—In this city, February 12th F Leege to Mary Lutringer.
Lamb Garthorne—In this city, February 18th, T. Leahy to Caroline Garthorne.
Williams-Walls—In this city, February 8th, J. Williams to A. A. E. Walls.

TOMB

Hughes—In this city, February 10th, Frank W Hughes, aged 44 years.
Johnson—In this city, February 11th John Johnson, aged 35 years.
Miller—In this city February 12th, Peter Miller, aged 53 years
Mott—In this city, February 13th, Raymon Mott, aged 45 years
Pomeroy—In Stockton, February 8th George W Pomeroy, aged 39 years.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES	TEAS.	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1	$53 00 @ 57 50	Japans	$— 25 @ — 75
Bar Iron assorted, ₩ lb	4 @ 6	Oolong	— 30 @ — 65
Metal sheathing ₩ lb	24 @ 32	SUGARS	
Tin Plates 1 C, ₩ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No 1, ₩ lb	— 9 @ — 10
Tin Plates 1 X, ₩ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 10
Lead, Pig, ₩ lb	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 5½ @ — 8
Lead, Sheet ₩ lb	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11¼
Banca Tin ₩ lb	— 40 @ — 42½	Muscavado.	— 8 @ — 9
Quicksilver	— — @ — 80	Peruvian.	— 6 @ — 8
COAL		CANDLES	
West Hartley, ₩ ton	13 00 @ 13 25	Sperm Wax, ₩ lb	— 30 @ — 44
Australian	12 00 @ 12 50	Adamantine	— 15 @ — 18
Cumberland	14 00 @ 21 00	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	13 00 @ 14 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	11 00 @ 12 25	Whisky, Scotch	3 00 @ 3 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	3 00 @ 3 50
COFFEE		Alcohol American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rio, ₩ lb	— 18 @ — 19½	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 22 @ — 23	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 16 @ — 17	BAGS AND BAGGING	
Costa Rica	— 14 @ — 19	Chicken Gunnies, 300 lb.	— 17 @ — 18
RICE		Gunny Bags in bales	— 16 @ — 17
China, No 1, ₩ lb	— 6¾ @ — 7	Burlap Bags	— 15 @ — 15¼
China, No 2	— 5¾ @ — 6½	Hessian 40 inch, ₩ yard	— — @ — 12
Hawaiian	— 5¾ @ — 9	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES		Wool, ₩ lb	— 11 @ — 25
Champagne ₩ doz	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 5½ @ — 9
Port according to brand, ₩ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 13 @ — 20
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ₩ 100 lbs	1 75 @ 1 95
OIL.		Barley	1 15 @ 1 35
Coal and Kerosene	— 40 @ — 50	Oats	2 0. @ 2 15
		Flour ₩ bbl	4 75 @ 8 01

Theatrical, Etc.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.—*Pygmalion and Galatea* has had a very fair run for California, where everything is "change, forever change" On Monday *Ixion* was introduced as an afterpiece. Crowded houses have been the result, and the repeated encores showed the appreciation of the audience. The burlesque is too well known to need any description, but it has been patched with a good deal of new jokes and comic rhymes (by W Bolton, we believe) Maggie Moore, as "Ixion," played charmingly, although some parts were at chily embarrassing for her. Numerous bouquets greeted her reappearance. Minnie Walton and Nellie Cummins, as "Jupiter" and "Mercury," make two of the most charming immortals imaginable. Carrie Wyatt, also, as "Cupid," looked and acted well as did Louise Johnstone as "Juno." A set of prettier girls together have seldom been seen on any stage. Raymond as "Minerva," and Mestayer as "Ganymede," were as comic as possible, and roars of laughter greeted them.

MAGUIRE'S OPERA HOUSE.—The opera of *Il Trovatore*, with Madame Agatha States as "Leonora," was a decided success. Madame States was in excellent voice and was loudly applauded. Barcet, as "Manrico," was also up to the mark. Signora Bianchi, as "Azucena," was also good. The chorus was perhaps a little faulty, but when one has a voice like Madame States' to listen to, one can overlook such small defects.

METROPOLITAN. Miss Marian Mordaunt, an Eastern actress of no mean ability, is drawing fair average houses. In her play of *Darling* she assumes six or seven different characters. The play itself is but a poor affair, but her acting is so good that one can look over the plot being bad. Her songs and dances seem to be much admired, if one may judge by the loud applause given her. She is especially happy in the character of an Irish lad, and convulses the whole house with laughter

THE LAUREL LEAF SOCIAL CLUB held an election of officers on Monday last, when the following were elected President, H A Goold, Vice-President, W J. Davis; Secretary A D Duran, Treasurer, F S Kellogg. The club is in a most flourishing condition, financially, socially, and otherwise. Its parties are among the most successful of our city.

THE IVY SOCIAL CLUB gives its fourteenth party at Union Hall, on Friday evening next, February 21st. A good time may of course be expected

THE SIXTH ANNUAL BALL OF THE CALEDONIAN CLUB is to be held at Pacific Hall, Bush street, on Friday evening next, February 21st. Stewart Menzies, Esq., is at the head of the arrangements, and everyone knows that whatever he touches is bound to succeed. Many of our best citizens have intimated their intention to be present. Tickets, admitting lad es and gentleman, $5 each. Dancing to commence at 9 o clock

THE "PARISIAN CIRCUS," at Wilson's New Amphitheater, has been drawing crowded houses, and Mr Wilson deserves great credit for introducing so much "talent." The only exception we could take to the performance, and it is but a slight one, is, that we think the less Mr Warner, the clown, sings the better the audience will appreciate him. They don't go to a circus to hear a clown sing serio-comic songs, and bad y at that. The somersaults turned from horseback by Shields are wonderful, and the slack-wire walking by Mlle Viclorine remarkably well done. The iron jawed man, Harry Clark, is a terrible biter, taking a man up with the greatest of ease. The trained horse Pres dent does some very clever tricks, and in fact the whole performance is well worthy of a visit.

ALHAMBRA The Emerson and Allen troupe get more amusing every evening. With Emerson at one end and Allen at the other the most melancholy man must laugh. The Tourists, with Emerson Allen and Little Mac in the role is, to our fancy, one of the most comical little burlesques they have had for some time.

— "When the Stars Begin to Peep," by Charles Scholtz, is a very pretty song, as any one who has once heard Miss Maggie Moore sing it, must own. It is published by Mr Gray. Price 35 cents

— "The Aladdin Quadrille and Schottische," published by M. Gray, 623 Clay street, are musical and pretty, and will no doubt take a place among our standard dance music

Poor Enamored Fool.

Once again my heart is firing,
And old sorrows pass away.
Once again the tenderest feelings
Seem reviving with the May.

Evening late, and morning early,
Through the well-known paths I rove,
Peeping under every bonnet,
Looking for the face I love.

Once again I'm by the river,
On the bridge as in a trance;
What if she come near me by me,
What if I should meet her glance!

Now once more 'mid falling water
Gentle walkings seem to play,
And my heart in beauty catches
All the snow-white waters say.

And once more I dreaming wander,
Through the green-wood dark and cool,
While the birds among the bushes
Mock me—poor enamored fool!

—Charles Godfrey Leland, from the German of Heine.

Swift Justice.

A merchant left St. Petersburg to travel across Europe. In the course of his journey he arrived at Warsaw. Being furnished with a letter of introduction, he repaired to the house of one of the chief citizens there, and was most courteously received. He staid at Warsaw for a week, and his host spared no pains to make the visit agreeable and showed him everything worth seeing in the town. Indeed, the visitor was quite overwhelmed by an amount of kindness rarely shown to any but a friend of long standing.

At length the pleasant visit drew to its close, and after breakfast the guest expressed his wish to see some poor parts of the town, of which he had heard. "But," said he, "I have with me a small box of great value that I do not like to risk in such places. If it were my own I should not be so particular, but it was intrusted to me by a friend, who requested me to deliver it to a person in another town. It contains diamonds and other valuables. Would you do me the great favor of taking charge of it for the day?" The host, with his usual urbanity, willingly agreed to the proposal, and the merchant departed with a light heart on his tour of inspection, I forget the name, but let us say in the "Seven Dials," or "Five Points," of Warsaw.

Next morning after breakfast he cordially thanked his kind entertainers for their jealous hospitality, and added that as he was about to depart, he would now resume his charge of the box, which had never before quitted his person since he had received it from its owner. The host and business stared at him in well-acted amazement. "What box?" asked the host. "I remember no box—do you, my dear?" turning to his wife. "No," she said, "I have no recollection of any box whatever." "What was it like?" asked the host; "perhaps you left it in your room?" But on the merchant persisting that it was with the host himself it had been left, on his turning to his business and trying to make her recollect the circumstance, both offer appealing to each other several times, and finally looking at each other in their death became cold and distant, and began hinting that something must have happened to the merchant to induce him to persist in so strange a delusion. As the host touched his forehead with a significant gesture, the poor man remembered that he was in a strange city; the ground seemed to be slipping from under his feet; danger to himself loomed in the distance, and he hastened from the house in alarm. Straight to the police he went, and stated his case. The official listened imperturbably to the whole story, and then asked: "You gave up this valuable box to an acquaintance of a week's stand up without any witness or any written acknowledgment!"

"He had been so very kind, a man in his position——"

"Bah! you a man of business! But have you no proof that the box belongs to you?"

"None whatever—except the key. It is locked, and I have the key; here it is," and he produced a small key from an inner pocket.

The official remained lost in thought for some time, and then said: "Well, I will do the only thing I can for you. The Archduke Constantine (the Governor of Poland) is a stern, harsh man, but he is known for his rigorous justice, and if he believes your story he will do his best for you. I will take you to him at once."

No time was lost, and the merchant soon found himself in the Archduke's presence, and was desired to relate his story. When it was concluded, the Archduke, after a few moments' reflection, rang a bell. An official appeared. "Send for M——," naming the treacherous host. It was quickly done and the Archduke, without preamble or question said to the guilty man: "Sit down at that writing table and write as I shall dictate to you." The man took his seat and took up the pen, the Archduke began dictating:

"My Dear Wife. "All is lost and out——"

"No," said the man, springing from his seat, "I won't write that."

"Then you are guilty," was the prompt answer.

Puzzled and foiled, he resumed his seat and wrote as he was desired:

"My Dear Wife. All is found out. Send the box by the bearer."

Then he signed it with his own name, by the Archduke's order and a messenger was dispatched with it. The messenger found the lady at her toilet, when she read the missive she turned ashy pale, trembling violently. Then leaning forward, she drew the box from the recess in her toilet table, and handed it to the bearer, who swiftly returning, placed it in the hands of the Archduke. He immediately handed it to the merchant, desiring him to unlock it, that being done, he asked whether the diamonds were all there. Yes, the box had not been opened; they were exactly as the merchant had left them.

Again the Archduke rang the bell, and to the attendant who entered, he said, designating the guilty man, "Take him to Siberia, he is not to go to his own house again."

How they Treat Broken Packages in the London Post-Office.

There is no savor of American baggage smashing in this account of the tender manner in which accidentally broken parcels are treated in the London post-office, and this was at Christmas, too, when there is a great rush of mail matter. They are borne away to a side table, which is called "the hospital"—and in this post-office infirmary two clever surgeons dexterously stitch up their wounds, set all their broken limbs in splints, and in fine cure each of them as well as all curable in a marvelously short space of time. Some of the patients seem past cure. Alas for the pretty box of bonbons that has burst open, and the contents of which are brought piecemeal into hospital, where the surgeon receives them with a shake of the head. In extremis seems that doll, whose integuments have been torn off, whose nose has been stove in, and one of whose legs (which limb carries some time after the frame to which it belongs. A bit of string. Bokers up a box containing a lump of plum cake half cased in sugar, but there is no cure for this packet of Taddy's sand, addressed in a woman's handwriting to a woman, and the contents, pervading the atmosphere generally, and everybody sneezing. Decidedly "open for inspection" is the doom of this parcel, the beaux eke up out of the paper, and something or other has given madame a black eye. A box of real roses, sent from France to Scarborough, has got broken, and some of the leaves fall on the surgeon's table as the delicious odor scents the air. With tender finger he handles the beauteous bouquet, and I do hope the fair one whose bosom it was adorn to-morrow night will scarcely be conscious of the mishap. The crushed fowl in this package has not been seriously injured, nor has the snipe in this other, but the surgeon sniffs disgust at the high condiment as he makes it fit for the road again. After all it is not so bad as the dead puppy which passed through his hands the other night. There is a smashed earthenware whose contents have been mainly absorbed by a chignon addressed to a married lady. A woolly dog, that barks snappishly when he is handled, is half out of his paper kennel. A box of mistletoe has seriously suffered, but the doctor (Goldilife is dexterously to the front, and cherry lips may yet be kissed under it to-morrow night. Why didn't the gent man who sent the beautiful bouquet to the lady in Surry inclose it in a better box, and why, O, why was not the dish of tarts forwarded in something more substantial than a fragile case of paper, so as to avert the amalgamation into which they had entered with the contents of Master Jack's paint-box!

— The California Pacific Exchange will open for business about March 1st.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $200,000. OFFICERS.—John H Redington, President, George H Hobart, Vice-President, Charles R Story, Secretary, S. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary. B H BIRDSLOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS—San Francisco—Geo H Howard, D Atherton, H L Tevis, Geo Barron, John H Redington, A. W Bowman, J. Leonard, Charles R Story, S M Hartshorne, D Leonard, Wm H. Moore, Geo S. Robinson, H N Tilden W M Greenwood, S L Jones, Geo S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W H Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B Goldsmith. I. L. Grover, D Madgeney, C W Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D M French, J Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager. W L Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. F. Knight. San Diego—A H Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A Redington, Mark Hopkins, Isa Carlton, J F Houghton, D W Earl. San Jose Branch—John Weisler, Julius Weitzler, Manager, I Lowenberg, Stockton Branch, H. H. Hewlett, Geo S. Evans, J D Peters, N M Orr, W F McKee, A W Simpson, A T Hudson, H M Fanning, H H Hewlett, Manager, N M Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T Elliard Evans, Joseph Belden, A Pfister, J S Carter, Jackson Lewis, N Bakers, Noah Palmer, H. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T W Sigourney. Feb. 15.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO OF S. F.

The California in Liquidation—Established in 1861—Nos. 410 and 412 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 Gold Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! "Good Security!" HIRE 1013.—SAN FRANCISCO—J Mora Moss, James C Ills, Moses Heller, S J. Dana, M J O'Brien, W W Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Butler, Joseph Seligman, J Lawrence Pope, Ralph Ransom, Ira P. Rankin, Julius Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J Baum M H Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, L Brignardello, George C. Hickox, I Lemmen Meyer, J H Baird T. J. Lipman, Jacob Greenebaum—John Conness, President, J H Hoagland, I. A Booth. MARYSVILLE—A Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J G Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan. GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N G KITTLE, Vice-President. CHARLES D HAVEN Secretary. GEO T BONES, Surveyor. Oct 26.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000. Gold. President, Geo. F Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort. Cashier, N K Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G Hooker, M P Jones, James M Hill, James C Flood, Edward Martin, D C Calhoun, Samuel Hort. New York—Nat. Gold Bank and Tr. Co. London Agents—Jas Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Le Desdorf streets, to the opposite side of California street No 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Aetna has cash assets of $3,052,860, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.

WM. MACDONALD, Agent. GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent. Nov 21.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 415 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital $200,000. DIRECTORS. W W Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S Wright, W B Cummings, C F MacDermot, James M Barney, C W Kellogg, A W Jee, Peter Dean, John H Wise, Chas J Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E T Gift, Charles Main, W H Hooper, C H Bradley, James Phelan, D H Haskell. Sacramento H S Crocker, S D Thayer, F S Freeman. C W. KELLOGG, President. H. G HOSMER, Secretary. Jan 18.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies incontestable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among policy holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Laws. Law.

WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N E cor California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000: Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,100,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U S Gold Coin.

WM. J. ROOKER, Agent,
Jan 19. No 319 California street, San Francisco.

☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,
(ESTABLISHED A D. 1720.)

Cash Assets . . . . . $13,000,000.

☞ Fire Risks at current rates. [Nov. 16.] CROSS & CO., Agents.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.

PALMER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 9. No 130 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Assets: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov 18.

DIVIDEND NOTICE

The Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Savings, No. 225 Sansome street, declared a dividend for the half year ending December 31, 1877, at the rate of ten per cent per annum on Term, eight per cent per annum on Class One, Ordinary, and six per cent per annum on Class Two, Ordinary Deposits, free of Federal tax, payable on and after January 14th, 1878. By order,

Jan. 16. G. M. CONDEE, Cashier.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

Savings and Loan Society, No. 710 Clay street.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend for the six months ending December 31, 1877, of nine per cent per annum on ALL deposits, payable on and after the 15th inst.

San Francisco January 15, 1878. CYRUS W. CARMANY, Cashier. Jan. 16.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

San Francisco Savings Union, No. 532 California st., corner Webb. For the half year ending with the 31st December, 1877, a dividend has been declared at the rate of nine and six tenths (9.6) per cent per annum on term deposits, and eight (8) per cent per annum on ordinary deposits, free from Federal tax, payable on and after the 15th January, 1878. By order,

Jan. 4. LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 1 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against any form or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island the great agricultural and capital field, will be supplied to intending settlers and others free of charge, upon application to H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 36 California street, San Francisco. Nov 10

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Polizoi.

Birmingham (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Head, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel. A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Feeding House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains. E. Mouton, Pr.

Cheptow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel. - W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos Slaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Gosnell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. James M Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville. J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.

St. Laurent-sur-Saone, Hermitage.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Daniell's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Moch & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. C. Heydner, Proprietor.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

— News has reached the *Jewish Chronicle* of the commission of a fearful outrage upon a Jewish family in Russia, in the district of Mscheisk. A Jew was the landlord of an inn, which is situated on the border of a wood. The family consisted of husband, wife, brother and four children. On December 15, at about six in the evening, two laborers came into the inn and called for some brandy, for which they refused to pay, and Jeremiah asked in addition for the loan of five roubles. As the landlord refused to lend them any money and demanded payment for the brandy the laborers became abusive and violently were turned out of the house the landlord detaining the caps of the men, so that they might be afterwards identified when he complained of the conduct. The laborers went away, muttering ominous threats. When the innkeeper and his family had been asleep but a short time, they were awoke by loud cries of "Fire!" and on rushing out of the house they were attacked by eight men among whom were the two laborers who had been at the inn in the early part of the evening. The landlord and his family were thrown to the ground and bound. The men then set to plundering the house. When they had ransacked the place they caught hold of the poor landlord, his wife, brother, and three younger children and threw them into the midst of the burning building. Only the eldest son of the landlord, about twelve years of age, managed to escape into the neighboring wood. The others perished in the flames. One of the laborers has been arrested, and the police are in active pursuit of the other murderers.

— Our lives, or rather their happiness and misery, are in a great measure made up of trifles, just as time is made up of moments. The discomfort of having to wait for a meal beyond its regular hour, of finding things ill prepared or carelessly done, of meeting a cold reception and discomfort where a little thought and pains might have introduced ease and even elegance, or of being brought up sharp at every turn by want of punctuality or of method—these are little more difficult to bear than the uninitiated imagine. Most houses might be comfortable and elegant. Yes, elegant! For comfort consists in finding everything where and as it should be, elegance, in adding to what should be there that which need not be there, but whose presence surprises, attracts and gratifies. There is often neither comfort nor elegance in the richest mansions, while both are found in the laborer's cottage. A jug full of wild flowers, a neat white curtain, a couple of flower-pots, may effect what the expenditure of hundreds of dollars has not achieved. Let it not be said that these are mere trifles, unworthy the attention of a Christian. Distrust the pretense of spirituality whose eyes are too lofty for the common things of life. In the long catalogue of things to "think on" (Phil. iv. 8) they rank at any rate among the "whatsoever things are lovely." You say they are trifles, then all the more they ought not to be neglected. But trifles though they be, to neglect them is not a trifle, it is a breach of plain duty.—*Hearth and Home.*

— A very extensive and interesting sale of engravings by and after Turner is announced to come on at Messrs. Christie's in March. The engravings number considerably more than 20,000, and include thousands of copies of the larger and more expensive plates. The plates themselves are likewise valuable, many being in excellent condition. This property has lain for twenty years uncared for in the house in Queen Anne street where Turner's studio was. This house—tenantless, dirty, literally rotting away, of which the neighbors said it was a disgrace and an eyesore to their street—contained the treasures which Messrs. Christie are about to offer to the world. Death has lately removed the man who was ostensible custodian of the property, and after his death there were found piles of engravings of all kinds reaching breast high round the room. Stones had fallen off the roof, the water had dripped in and was actually standing in tiny pools on some of the heaps of prints, and the floors had so far rotted that some of them appeared unsafe to carry a single person.

— The "Manatophidia of India" is the name of a new contribution to medical science, by Dr. Fayrer, treating of the poisonous snakes of the East and the g bites. The result of his long and varied researches will doubtless be interesting to many readers. In his opinion, for the bite of the cobra, the namadraad, the krait, and the daboia, there is absolutely no cure, unless the wounded limb be amputated within few seconds, and this is in most cases impossible. According to Dr. Fayrer, there are, in Bengal alone, eleven thousand deaths yearly from snake bites; and the total for all India would be nearly twice that number. It is needless to impress upon any Government the necessity for checking such a mortality as this. Probably the most efficient method would be to increase the reward for killing these deadly reptiles. It is worthy of remark that venomous snakes have a powerful aversion to carbolic acid. If houses were plentifully sprinkled with this, they might perhaps be made safe against inroad and attack.

— The distinction between wit and humor may be said to consist in this, that the characteristic of the latter is nature, and of the former art. Wit is more allied to intellect, and humor to imagination. Humor is a higher, finer, and more genial thing than wit. It is a combinat on of the laughable with tenderness, sympathy, and warm heartedness. Pure wit is often bitter, cutting, and has a sting, but wit, sweetened by a kind, loving expression, becomes humor. Wit is usually brief, sharp, epigrammatic, and incisive, the fewer words the better; but humor, consisting more in the manner, is diffuse, and words are not spared in it.

— *Le Figaro* has received a "curious revelation" concerning the old year. "It appears," says that journal, "that all the calamities of the year 1877—fires, discussions in the Chamber, the journey to Grenoble, Radical speeches, inundations, cattle plague, etc.—are in consequence of the number 13, which has this year played an important role. One of our subscribers has informed us that 13 is in fact the gross of 1877, and here is his calculation: 12 times 12 make 144, which, multiplied by 13, gives the total of 1877! There are people who would explain everything!"

— The biggest—and, perhaps, the dullest—book which has ever been "constructed" is just now in process of binding. It is the book which shall contain the names of the inhabitants of Alsace and Lorraine who have now formally proclaimed their wish to remain French subjects. The book will possess a certain historical, or at least genealogical interest. The list is said to comprise 380,000 names. The *Patrie* states that 125 compositors have been employed on the work during the last three months, that it is being printed on seven presses, and that it will form a volume of 13,163 pages.

— A big theater is talked of in Paris, to be built by a company with a capital of fifteen million francs. The house is to hold twenty thousand spectators, and to realize on an average thirty thousand francs at each representation, an income allowing of the very best artists being engaged. The orchestra is to be concealed from the audience, as in the Bayreuth Theater, now being built under the direction of Richard Wagner. Several American speculators are said to be mixed up in the enterprise.

— An illustrated vocabulary of words in common use in the French, English, and German languages is announced, compiled by Professor Armand le Brun, H. Hamdorf and G. Hermann. It contains three thousand three hundred and fifty engravings.

— Sixteen million visitors at half a florin each will be required to make the Vienna Exhibition a paying concern. The London Exhibition of 1862 was visited by six millions, the Paris Exhibition of 1867 by ten millions of visitors.

— A grand chess tournament in Paris, which has occupied more than a month, has just terminated in favor of the champion of the United States.

— The Springfield *Republican* calls the great American standard-bearer, Sergeant Bates, "the champ on jackass of the world."

— The young ladies of Chicago have recently established a "personal beauty league." The objects of the society are not stated.

— A new poem by the Hon. Robert Lytton (Owen Meredith), is ready for almost immediate publication.

— A married pair in Kentucky, aged respectively 19 and 13, have applied to the courts for a guardian.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Cholera, Cramp, Palpitation, Neuralgia. DR J COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Rosse, chairman of the College of Physicians, and I. T. Davenport, that he had received information on to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents $1 40, and $2 25, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO 15 Franklin street. July 21.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words" Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price, small bottles, 25 Large bottles, 35 cents each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of worst Ribbon. ☞ SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.—The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare combination of the properties of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopath and invalids, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa, and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Cocoa Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb 2.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Ne Plus Ultra of Good Sauce.—Caution. A Great Favorite. The success attained by this delicious aromatic condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABEL, BOTTLE and STOPPER. Some of the foreign market having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L & P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester, Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 21, 23, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialities, Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder wine, granules and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from pure tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers, is an a perfect and economical substitute for laudanum. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs Scott, Thomson & Co., Bombay and Poonah, Messrs Treacher & Co., Kurrachee, Messrs Badgett & Hughes Umballa and Mehan Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS FOR CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS are purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS KEATING, London Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout Eng and, India and the Colonies. Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps. Cartridges, Prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges for Pin Fire and Central Fire Breech loading Guns. Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO, Patentees and Manufacturers, Sept. 1 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent fraud generally, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, and BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every capsule he makes for the trade of Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES, 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, and BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE.

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind. Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. Nov 16.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 20.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Solicitine Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment, into better quarters at No 8 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co's Express. Oct 5.

C. A. CRAGHOON } C. A. MURDOCK & CO., { C. A. MURDOCK.
Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 2.

Female Pleasantries.

"I heard it!"
"Who told you?"
"Her friend!"
"You don't say so?"
"'Tis dreadful!"
"Yes, awful!"
"Don't tell, I pray!"
"Good gracious!"
"Who'd think it?"
"Well! well! well!"
"Dear me!"
"I've had my
Suspicions!"
"And I, too, you see!"
"Lord help us!"
"Poor creatures!"
"So artful!"
"So sly!"
"No beauty!"
"Quite the try!"
"Between you and I!"
"I'm going!"
"Do stay!"
"I can't!"
"I'm forlorn!"
"Farewell, dear!"
"Good bye, sweet!"
"I'm glad she's gone!"

Sunbeams.

— A well-dressed traveler was recently taken ill at Saginaw, Mich., and though the doctor saw no cause for alarm, the patient got low-spirited, thought he was going to die, and requested the doctor to break the news to a girl in Rome, whom he loved dearer than life; he must do it gently, for she was a tender flower, and might [illegible]. So the tenderly the doctor wrote, and this was the response from the loving girl: "Dr. H—, I care nothing for that Mr. D—, nor to hear from him. You will please tell him to send me no more word.—Miss P— P. S.—Kill him."

— How often are we called upon to witness the fact that a mother's love is a high and holy thing, which shines with great brightness in the hour of misfortune and disgrace! We do not know how often. We give it up. But a woman out in Kentucky has a son in prison awaiting execution, and in her yearning affection for him, in her deep anxiety to comfort him in his home [illegible] and affliction, she took him around a pack of cards and a jug of rum.

— "What do you call that?" indignantly asked a customer at a cheap restaurant, pointing at an object that he had discovered in his plate of hash. "Wristband with sleeve button attached, sir," said the waiter briskly. "Well, do you consider that a proper thing for a man to find in his hash?" asked the customer, in wrath. "Good heavens, sir!" cried the waiter, "would you expect to find a ten dollar silk umbrella in a fifteen cent plate of hash?"

— Here is the latest from the nursery. Mamma (on returning from church)—"Well, Sandy, what have you been doing all the time we were away?" Young Hopeful (in great glee) "O, mamma, we have had such fun! Donald and I have been playing at a shop." Mamma (in great distress)—"O, Sandy, I am so shocked! How could my little boy play at a shop on the Sabbath day?" Young Hopeful (deprecatingly)—"O, but, mamma, you must know it was a druggist's shop!"

[From Fun.]

— Fired with Ambition.—There has been a fire at San Francisco which has quite disgusted the Californian press. The loss was only three hundred and fifty thousand dollars, which, as the journals observe, is a mighty poor show after Chicago and Boston. Our American contributor, who comes from the Pacific Coast, says that Frisco holds a strong hand in strawberries and melons, but "can't conflagrate worth a cent."

— A young man in Boston caused a photographer to jump out of a fifth story window the other day, merely because the former had fixed up his face with water-colors to represent a bad case of small-pox, which he wanted photographed to send home to a girl from whom he wished to sever his acquaintance.

— A newly made widow in Philadelphia managed to stow away three pounds of roast beef and a plate of tripe the size of her hand the day her husband was buried. She said she "didn't care much about baked funeral meats—give her plenty of vegetables."

— A Colorado pig rooted into a can of nitro-glycerine and devoured twenty pounds of the frozen mixture. His owner by filling his pen with feather beds, and not permitting anything to jar his nerves, hopes to keep the porker entire until it will be safe to kill him.

— A Kentucky elder who wrote a religious book, twenty years ago and sent a copy to Mr. Greeley, asking comment and criticism, has just given to the world this characteristic reply to his letter:

New York, October 1, 1852.

Dear Sir: Yours of the 20th ult., accompanied by your book received. Too busy to review it. My doxy is to do all the good I can, and as little harm, how much better is your doxy than my doxy?

Yours, Horace Greeley.

— If your neighbor's hens are troublesome and steal across the way, don't let your angry passions rise, but fix a place for them to lay.

— No heresy was ever yet killed by suppression; the deeper it is thrust into the ground, the stronger will be its root, and the surer its bloom.

— Which is the oldest, Miss Antiquity, old Aunty Deluvian, Miss Ann Tenor, Miss Ann Cestor, Miss Ann T. Mundane, or Miss Ann T. Ceder?

— A Most Trying Book: "Bradshaw's Guide; it's trains from beginning to end."

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, December 1, 1872, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A. M. (daily), C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted), S. F. & N. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Donahue with Trains for Cloverdale, making close connection at Lakeville with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer from Broadway Wharf, touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:10, 8:10, 9:20, 10:10 and 11:20 a. m., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:15, 7:20 and *11:30 p. m. (9:20, 1:30 and 5:40 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn for San Francisco, *5:10, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 11:00 a. m., 1:10, 2:40, 3:40, 5:00 and 6:10 p. m.

Leave Oakland *5:20, 6:50, 8:00, 9:10, 10:10 and 11:10 a. m., 12:00, 1:20, 3:20, 4:00, 5:00, 6:20, 7:00 and 10:20 p. m.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:20, 9:00 and 11:15 a. m., 1:30, 4:00, 5:00 and 6:00 p. m. (1:30, 11:15 and 5:00 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards for San Francisco, *5:30, 7:30 and 10:00 a. m. and 3:00 p. m.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:35, 9:00 and 11:00 a. m., 1:20, 4:05 and 5:00 p. m. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 8th, 1872.

Trains South.		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—San Francisco		8:10 a m	*3:20 p m	‡4:10 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11:10 a m	6:05 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	1:50 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2:5 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	3:05 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	3:35 p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2:8 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave—Hollister				11:05 a m
Salinas				10:00 a m
Castroville				10:0 a m
Pajaro				11:30 a m
Gilroy				1:4 p m
San Jose		*6:50 a m	7:4 a m	3:21 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	9:10 a m	10:1 a m	7:10 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:20 p. m. ‡Sundays excepted.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at 1:p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, A. C. BASSETT,
Gen'l Superintendent. Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the Junction of Market and Main streets; also Valencia street at its junction with Twenty-fifth street, at 6 a. m., running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock p. m., and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty-fifth street at 11:10 p. m., and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 m. The cars run to Main street up to 6:00 p. m., after which they run only as far as Sansome street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag reading "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S. P. R. R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S. P. R. R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty-fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes direct to Hayes Park.

Nov 12. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 2.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons. to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 423 Front street. March 2.

UNITED STATES, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA MAIL S. S. LINE.

Contracture for Carrying the British and American Mails.—The splendid paddle-wheel steamships of this line are specially constructed for speed and arranged to promote health, comfort and free ventilation during voyages in the tropics. One of the following steamers, Nevada, Dec. 14, Nebraska, Dec. 28, will leave for Ports in the above named tolerances [illegible] every Fourth Wednesday, on arrival of the mail from London. Steamship Dakota will sail Nov. 30th. For Freight and Passage, and further information, apply at the Offices of the line, No. 213 Sansome street, San Francisco. I. W. RAYMOND, Agent. [Oct. 26.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Meiggs Wharf) at [illegible] a. m., 11 a. m., 4 p. m., Saucelito at [illegible] a. m., and 5:00 p. m. Sunday Time: San Francisco, [illegible] a. m., 12 m., 2 p. m. and 4 p. m. Saucelito, 11 a. m., 1 and 5 p. m. On Saturdays an extra trip from Saucelito at 5 p. m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a. m. H. N. COBB, President, Nov. 16. 22 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements in her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 a. m. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. [Aug 23.] CHAS. MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL,

Gardens and Farms, at the junction of the County and San Bruno Roads south of the San Bruno Depot. This well known, retired and pleasant place is thrown open once more to the travelling public and society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1872, the favorite steamer Contra Costa, Captain J. T. McKenzie, connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9 a. m., 1:00 p. m., 4 p. m. San Rafael, 7:30 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 2:30 p. m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAYS as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10 a. m., 5:00 p. m. San Rafael, 11 a. m., 1:30 p. m. [Aug. 24.] CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills. Long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers must observe that each box is wrapped in white paper and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also DR. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin; in bottles, 1s. 6¼d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS, Feb 26. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Oilery, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Drug Sisters, Medicine Chests, Shopkeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forward free of charge monthly by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE, July 11. 16 Coleman st. London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen, Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce.—The success of the season at the tables for its agreeable warming and stimulating quality is the Duke of Edinburgh's Sauce. It aids digestion and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 28.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Doheny, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 11.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a. m. Cash advances on consignments. [Dec 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Building.
Justices—402 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—Kearny street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector Internal Revenue—401 Merchants Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 14, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—[illegible] Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Recorder—City Hall.
Outside Land Committee—21 Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets.
Health Office—Jackson street.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Jackson st., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
Quarantine—Kearny street.
Harbor Master—Vallejo St.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

Belgium—E. Grisar, 1517 Powell.
Chili—H. Barroilhet, 534 Montgomery street.
Chile—Consul General Francisco Casanova, 506 Battery st.
Denmark—G. O'Hara Taafe, 320 California street.
Ecuador—Daniel Wolf (absent).
France—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street.
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, 319 California street.
Guatemala—Juan Urruela, 402 Battery.
Hawaiian Islands—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street.
Honduras—Wm. V. Wells, 37 [illegible].
Italy—G. B. Cerruti, 1015 Powell.
Japan—C. W. Brooks, Grand Hotel.
Mexico—J. Rivas, 536 Kearny.
German Empire—C. A. C. Dulsenberg, 318 Sacramento street.
Netherlands—J. De Fremery, Sansome street.
Nicaragua—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
Peru—Jose la Fuentesy Sobiral Fresneco.
Portugal—Francis Berton, cor. Clay and Leidesdorff Sts.
Russia—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
San Salvador—D. J. Dorsey.
Spain—C. Martin, 422 California.
Sweden and Norway—G. C. Johnson, 31 Battery street.
Switzerland—Francis Berton.
U. S. of Colombia—F. Herrera.
Bolivia—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
Callao—D. J. Williamson, 330 Brannan street.
Costa Rica—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
Greece—Geo. Fisher, 329 Montgomery street.
Argentine Republic—C. Baum, 316 Battery street.
Austro-Hungarian—G. Moecke, 424 California street.
Turkey—George W. Gibbs, 23 Battery street.

And Yet.

I see him look at Linda's wavy hair,
I see him watch Grace's winning smile,
I see him notice Maud's complexion fair,
My heart with dread is beating all the while,
And yet
I'm almost sure he loves me best of all.

I see him glance at Milly's fairy feet,
And follow all their movements with a smile,
I see him charmed by many maidens sweet,
My heart with dread fast beating all the while.
And yet
I'm almost sure he loves me best of all.

For when he takes my hand in both of his,
And looks at me with his confiding smile,
My every doubt and fear are set at ease,
Although my heart is beating all the while;
And yet!
I'm sure, quite sure, he loves me best of all.

Matchmaking by Advertisement.

If marriage is the ultimate destiny of most men, as it is thought to be the object and chief business of all women, we are far from saying that the last are wrong in endeavoring by any means within the bounds of decency and discretion to attain to married life. Yet "'Tis fit men should be coy when women woo." It was commonly held to be most fitting that parents or near relatives should take the initiative when a match was to be made between indifferent parties, so far as the woman was concerned, while the other sex, it was presumed, could look out for themselves. But it appears that there are many men incompetent to this, and innumerable young women and widows, who have neither father, mother or relatives able and willing to assist them. What, then, is to be their fate? How avert the misfortune which threatens them? The answer is easy: Advertise in the *Matrimonial News*. The editor of that journal is the matchmaker of the nineteenth century, and his paper appears to be established on principles of the most business-like description. In every number the reader may review some 350 candidates for marriage, and for one shilling an advertiser may describe his or her attractions, provided that the same be done in no more than forty words. Questions of difficulty or delicacy referring to courtship are answered gratuitously in these columns, privately for twelve stamps, personally for five shillings; a fee of five shillings is also required one month after any marriage brought about by this machinery. We are assured that the business is *bona fide*, that confidence and secrecy are strictly observed, and, if we are to believe the editor, hundreds of marriages have resulted from his labors.

The *modus operandi* is this: The real name, address and photograph of each candidate are deposited with the editor, the advertisement appears, and those who like correspond in the *Matrimonial News*, at first by numbers, like convicts. No. 6,000 replies to No. 6,057 and 6,010, avowing that the part coincides, and that he desires an exchange of photographs. This is done through the editor, who then, if both parties wish it, places them in direct private correspondence with each other, on condition of receiving a fee (amount not stated). Assuming that a little has occurred, it is probable that the first step taken is to ascertain that the personal appearance is equal to the photograph, and the second to cause their respective lawyers to inquire as to the fortune of the lady and the "ample private means" of the gentleman. For it is a most noteworthy fact, and one which extorts our admiration, that not only fortune-hunting in these advertisements is conspicuous by its absence, but that instances of extreme disinterestedness abound, so that men of "private fortune" or "ample means" expressly state that "money on the lady's side is of no moment." Out of nearly two hundred, not above twenty make it a necessary qualification. One, indeed, whose list of attractions is not of a solid order, asks for that of which he apparently has none. The younger son of good county family, aged twenty-nine, fair, five feet ten inches, has *entrée* to best society, traveled a great deal, domestic, fond of country life, is a good shot, rides well, wishes to marry, but requires a wife with means. A clergyman "possessed of good means, who desires to form the acquaintance of a young, pretty, well-educated lady, "In his eternal honor, adds that "money, though an advantage, is not an essential," while "Achilles, who is an author and man of refinement and position, with means independent of his profession, only demands good sense and ladylike graces with a lady under forty. An aspiring soul, softened by a tender loving nature, will find in Achilles a responsive echo and a kind, warm and generous heart." The ladies in general state that they are tall or short, dark or fair, as the case may be, and that they are loving, affectionate, warm-hearted, thoroughly domesticated, sometimes they modestly add, "and are considered good looking," or "very nice looking, handsome, etc." One "feels sure that she would make a devoted wife," another declares she is "steady," a third mentions a highly desirable item, that she is "pleasant," a fourth that she is "rather stout, but good, without encumbrance, of florid complexion, has a nice home and business of her own, but feeling lonely would like a suitable partner," a fifth is "of comfortable means and Juno-like appearance," a sixth would prefer a clergyman and if possible a widower. Many have fascinating manners, or are well connected and educated. Of widows, who are supposed to understand what man requires, a large majority declare that they are "jolly," while only two young ladies plead guilty to that quality. A considerable number candidly state that they have nothing beyond a faithful, loving heart and willing disposition to offer, but fortunes of from £150 to £200 and £250 per annum, or from £3,000 to £5,000 down, with good expectations, are quite common in these columns. One has "a little ready money," "the income another, "the poor and not without faults, is not to be bought with money." There is a case which is explained, if true: "An heiress of noble family, aged twenty four, very handsome, with £720 a year from large landed estates, is a splendid pianist, harpist, speaks French and Italian, and rides and drives," is yet driven to the *Matrimonial News*. It is right to mention that she "will only correspond with a gentleman of good birth." Of the gentlemen, not one has the courage to state that he is short in stature. They mostly describe themselves as good tempered, tall, "considered fine looking," "think that they can make a wife" or, sometimes, "any reasonable woman happy," of good position, etc. Many affirm that they are in possession of landed estates or of appointments bringing in £1,000, £1,500, £2,000 per annum, which, if true, is a matter easily verified. "An heir to a considerable entailed estate" having no doubt observed the satisfactory results to be attained when "a V. S. examination is allowed," mentions that he is "of sound health and unimpaired constitution," valuable qualities indeed in either man or woman, which we should like to see more in request than is now the case. There are also advertisements from farmers and tradesmen who wish for economical managing helpmates. As we have before observed, fortune is rarely the essential, but good looks, education and refinement are generally demanded. In some instances beauty and music are coupled together. Several wish to be married before Christmas, others entreat for speedy replies, as they are going to India, and one wishes to "marry at once"—that is a Major in the army with good means, and all he desires is a lady of good connections not over thirty-five.

The strangest part of the traffic presents itself when we regard the social position of the candidates. In one batch there are two noblemen, two Counts, a member of three learned societies, barristers, physicians, ministers, squires with beautiful residences and good fortunes, county magistrates and numberless naval and military officers, a French lady of title, two English ditto, one having a jointure of £3,000 per annum, two heiresses, whereof one is a ward in Chancery entitled to large landed property on coming of age. Is the Lord Chancellor aware of the proceedings of his ward? Some half dozen of noble family or of ancient lineage, and above the rest in point of urgency is an application from a widow lady and her three daughters, all wanting husbands and having independent incomes. Surely this is, to say the least of it, very strange. On another point a few words of warning seem needed. Certain of the candidates desire to correspond with too many of the other sex at once. Thus a bachelor, No. 6,731, desires to correspond with no fewer than nine ladies; an Italian, No. 6,121, with six; a medical man, No. 6,456, with seven. The daughter of a deceased officer wishes to hear from eight gentlemen, and Emmeline, who is the offender-in-chief, wishes to correspond with as many as fifteen. Such a course of proceeding is hardly fair, nor is it promising of future happiness, for if the marriage accomplished proves unsatisfactory, the penalties of regret, if not of discontent, is already formed. "If I had only taken 6,453 instead of 6,531," he or she will say, "so should I have been blessed, who fear now," etc. It is hardly to be supposed that of 350 weekly advertisers all represent impostures, and we are assured (though we remain doubtful) that detection and exposure are the results of any attempt at a hoax. If our men and women are so driven by circumstances that they can find suitable companions by no other method than this, so be it. Many there may be who marry in haste and repent at leisure, but according to Congreve there is a worse fate possible. In his play of *The Old Bachelor* are the following lines:

Thus grief still treads upon the heels of pleasure,
Married in haste we may repent at leisure,
Some by experience find those words misplaced—
At leisure married they repent in haste.

—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End side or Wood Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, except in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory woods and run with all the unequal oak and center of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, hose carts, hand carts, and also street rail cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Street Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 20.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash by the Directors. Also, residence lots beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be read by used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The Staunch and Favorite Steamship "Newbern," A. N. McDonough, Master, will leave on her next regular trip on [illegible] at 12 o'clock M., from Front-street wharf, connecting at the mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona, the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through Bills of Lading will be furnished, and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,

August 3. 410 Front street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly; Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

Aug 3. WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 9. JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tables, the Geysers and other noted resorts. Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc. Ocean Routes via Panama and Nicaragua to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by

A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, gardens, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free Billiards.

Apr 1:20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 121 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Dewkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.

March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

REDUCTION IN GAS

Office of the San Francisco Gas Company, March 15, 1872.—Notice is hereby given that on and after this date, the price of Gas will be reduced from Four Dollars and Seventy Five Cents to Three Dollars and Fifty Cents ($3.50), per Thousand Cubic Feet. [March 2. JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 512 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco. J. A. MAYES, Assayer. Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters, etc. Aug 24.

Spain.

We find it difficult to understand the attitude of our local press towards the Republic of Spain, now three days old. A really cordial word has yet to be uttered by one of them. "No one can foresee the future," "It is to be hoped," and much other vacant chaff, well meant for grain, is all we can get from these organs of public opinion. All this has not even the merit of novelty to recommend it, damning with faint praise being as old as Cato. Spain is condemned, in the mind of the American, before she has had a trial, partly because we have inherited from England a ridiculous tradition of Spanish wickedness and tyranny, partly because Spanish America, with its many revolutions and convulsions, has made an impression of instability, inherent in the race; but, most of all, because they stand towards us in the relation of weaker neighbors, whose possessions are very fair in our eyes. We love the Bible, because we trust in God and in gold coin; but we do not like to read about Naboth's vineyard. The chief obstacle in the way of Amadeus has been, according to the San Francisco papers, the passionate attachment of the people to the Bourbons. The *Bulletin*, most sagacious of the five, has pictured the Spaniards as contrasting in their minds the "throne of a thousand years" with the upstart dynasty of little Savoy. One may excuse an editor for confounding St. Louis with Louis the Well-Beloved, and Henry the Fourth with Henry the Fowler, but it is unpardonable in an American not to know that the Spanish monarchy is as old as the discovery of this continent, and not older; and that the Bourbons, foreigners forced upon Spain by arms a hundred and sixty or seventy years ago, may think three or four times before venturing to measure claims of long descent with the House of Savoy. It was, no doubt, a fanatical devotion to the House of Bourbon which moved Ferdinand the Seventh to murder, without distinction of rank or party, all those who had dared to work in any way for the liberty of Spain, while he was an exile; but the men he murdered can hardly be accused of agreeing with him. If we say what we believe, we declare that the real enemy of Amadeus has been the priesthood; the enemy, in all lands, of every movement which promises to make men strong enough to walk without hesitation in a straight path. Amadeus is the son of the man, whom good priests pleasantly describe as the "Robber-King," there was every prospect that, once firmly seated as King of Spain, he would be, like his father, an honest constitutional monarch, sternly bent on doing his duty; and ten years of such a king, with a free press, free town libraries, free schools, and civil marriage, would have made it hopeless for the priesthood in Spain. Accordingly, every pretender, every schemer, every unscrupulous self-seeker in public life, had the support, earnest and active, though mostly secret, of the priests; and the open, honorable, manly opposition of the extreme Republicans was turned to their own advantage by the same incessant workers. Spain is undoubtedly not ripe for a republic. We have heard this so often, and of so many countries, that there must be a great deal of truth in it; but we have so far failed to discover where it exists. What ripeness for a republic may mean we cannot guess; and we have never been able to meet with a person who could tell us. We are told that republics require to be composed of intelligent, well-informed citizens. There are a good many of these in Germany, but Germany is not a republic. We are told that such and such a people are too ignorant to maintain a republic; but Ecuador is a republic. We are satisfied that names of governments are as purely insignificant as patronymics. John Smith is no less heroic and adventurous than Walter Raleigh; and it is in vain that we call England a monarchy and Switzerland a republic; they are both free countries. Men live in both, subject to the trials and the dangers of human life, but free to come and to go and to think. And to this Spain tends to-day. She would have done as well under Amadeus as under the republic, if the priests would have allowed it; but they are as yet too strong, and they overthrow the King, their present and certain enemy, to establish the republic, which will bring with it, they hope, convulsion to Italy, a shock to France, that will bring back the Orleans coalition, and the restoration of the Temporal Power, as the result of all this. But they reckon, as we believe, without their host. The common sense of the Spaniards, the intellectual quality for which the national mind is most remarkable, is not to be hoodwinked; the miracles, wrought in Spain the past four years, have not been the work of the clergy but the work of liberty. The name of freedom has been for that time synonymous with law; and Spaniards know, what we Americans have ceased to believe, that loyalty and law are inseparable. There are pretenders to the throne of Spain, and there are many priests, in and out of the country, toiling incessantly to support the one most available for confusion and distress to the people he claims as his chattels; but that people has received from the young Italian Prince, who left it this week, the recognition of its own sacred sovereignty. He leaves them with the declaration, "I will not be the king of a party," and even the most ignorant Spaniard will feel, remembering this, that he is one of the millions who make a great commonwealth

Dr. Stebbins on Darwin.

We shall have to give up making war on Dr. Stebbins. He has so improved under our charge, or, since the days when he went prospecting about [illegible] the text of Moses, to find the English Constitution. He has improved, we say, and in more ways than one. He still loves overmuch mouthing of [illegible] platitudes, but he can be terse at times. He [illegible] congregation with shot and shell from the arsenal of the clouds [illegible] of New England, but every now and then we find him on the side of right reason and genuine enlightenment. He is to be commended [illegible] for his utterances on Darwinism. He accepts as proved the hypothesis of the great naturalist, and finds himself no wise degraded or unsettled by this acceptance. [illegible] not be at war with truth, says Dr. Stebbins, and whatever science succeeds in proving must therefore be of unmixed benefit to the human race. This conclusion already so familiar to minds [illegible] is startling to very many; and divines of other churches will have [illegible] in proving to him that it is but the latest proof of the real infidelity which makes the essence of Unitarianism. Nor will they be wrong in this. The [illegible] of the Unitarians in the Christian world is [illegible]. The central idea of [illegible] with the denial of Christ's divinity, and to men, who begin with this, every subsequent step is not only natural, it is logically inevitable. The break up and reabsorption of the various Unitarian societies have taken place in the same way, and at a constantly increasing rate of speed, simultaneously with the advance of science and scientific criticism. It is a fact that there does not exist to-day one Unitarian Society in the country, of the [illegible] influence, since its itself the Unitarian influence has completely ceased working, and every day isolates more completely each congregation, and each member of a congregation. Much, therefore, is to be deducted from the [illegible] Dr. Stebbins's views on natural science, he is [illegible] modern thought, whether he will or no. But, after every deduction he still deserves credit for his public expression of belief, and we threaten, therefore, to look upon him with indulgence

A Great Discovery.

Mr Richard Ivers makes, in the *Alta*, a valuable suggestion. He proposes that samples of [illegible] be [illegible] in glass tubes, and exhibited at Vienna. Men who would fail to read pamphlets [illegible] with great interest, actual samples [illegible]. The *Alta* [illegible] our great attraction [illegible] samples of our January and February [illegible] [illegible] ([illegible] and [illegible] to make California their home. [illegible] [illegible] To secure this happy result, it is only needed to dispatch Mr. Richard Ivers to Vienna, as California's [illegible]

Who Stole that Painting?

Who stole the Lord's Supper? What soul-lacking beast
Has robbed poor J. C. and his friends of their feast!
A d [illegible] all [illegible] and lean,
And not even a [illegible] of hash to be seen
The low, skulking blackguard, whoever he be,
When caught, shall be crucified, nailed to a tree,
And when all his wounds get bloody and sore,
You shall rub him with pepper, old friend Livermore

Governor Booth on Swedenborg.

Governor Booth's lecture on "Swedenborg," delivered in the Congregational Church at Oakland last Wednesday evening, attracted a large audience, among whom were many citizens of San Francisco. The lecture was a scholastic and elaborate production. It was a chain of poetic and philosophical thought, expressed in beautiful and eloquent language, which kept the large audience in wrapt attention from first to last. The distinguished lecturer began by giving a brief description of the peculiar condition of society at the time of Swedenborg's birth, in January, 1688, and enumerating his principal works up to the time of his death, in March, 1772, four years before the Declaration of Independence, in the order of their production. He said that in early childhood Swedenborg displayed a peculiarity of thought and utterance that led his father to believe that he was destined for some great work. In later life the correctness of the father's supposition was proved by the ardor and devotion with which his son pursued the study of the open book of nature, and the sincere love that he bore to nature's truth. After fifty years spent in laborious acquisition of the sciences then taught, Swedenborg devoted his whole time to the study of the soul. The lecturer then explained the principal doctrines promulgated by Swedenborg, and commented upon them at length. Among the most striking of these was the belief in a double spirit—a spirit within and a spirit without—the latter in some instances seeking the other worlds of punishment and rewards, and communing with spirits there. He it was who first drew and clearly defined the line of demarcation between mind and matter, which was not understood at all by the materialists of that age. At the age of 58, Swedenborg became an invalid, and it was then that he first enunciated his doctrine or theory of the double spirit. He had before that astonished the people of his country by telling them of the destruction by fire of a town 300 miles distant while it was burning; and had attracted considerable attention by his theory in regard to the planet Venus, which he contended was like our planet, having vegetation, grass, trees and plants like the earth, and men somewhat inferior to the people of the earth, but possessing all the general characteristics of the human race. The lecturer was of the opinion that Swedenborg was what is now known as a clairvoyant, and that all his visions and dreams were similar to those of clairvoyants, so-called, of the present day. The later writings of his life were undoubtedly visionary. His dreams were always of the spiritual, not of the material. After casting a palliative veil of forbearance over what he termed Swedenborg's hobbies—his descents spiritually into hell and his ascents into heaven, with his occasional biddings in the midland of probation, his spiritual conversations with his Maker, etc.—the lecturer concluded with a glowing and eloquent tribute to Swedenborg, the man mild in manner, generous at heart, of boundless philanthropy, profound erudition, and philosophical acumen and research, which placed him far in advance of his age.

Pixley on California Wines.

Why does California continue to import foreign wines, when we have the testimony of a writer in the *Chronicle* (evidently Mr. Frank Pixley) that our native wines are nowise inferior to the finest of those made in France, Germany, Spain and Italy? Mr. Pixley observed this, during an extended tour in those countries. He does not say, but leads us to infer, that he carried with him, for the purpose of comparison, specimens of the various California vintages; otherwise, how could he positively affirm, in France, that Château-Lafitte was inferior to Sonoma Claret, or, in Germany, that the Gerke Wine equaled the finest Rhine Wines? How can any memory so accurately recall the flavor of a wine, tasted many months before, as to institute a fair comparison between it and another, the taste of which is still on the palate? It is beyond the capacity, even of Mr Pixley, to give a decision in such questions, *while in Europe*. But it would be possible to make a test of this matter in California; and, in fact, the experience of every day gives judgment against Mr. Pixley. Those who drink wine with discrimination, who take it because they want delicacy rather than strength, quality rather than quantity, almost without exception, prefer European wines. It is all a matter of taste; and some tastes are less refined than they might be. At the same time, it is within the power of every one to avoid shuffling in the discussion of this subject. California is, of course, a favorite country; it produces the News-Letter, Yo-Semite, MacCrellish, and various other wonders of nature and art; but it has not yet absorbed all the virtue of all the world. The greater purity of our wines is constantly harped upon; as if, in this blessed region, it were a law of nature that every wine-dealer should be an Epaminondas or a Washington. Widely as we differ from him, we cannot, however, refrain from admiring the frankness with which Mr. Pixley takes us into his confidence, concerning his occupation in Europe. That "widely-extended tour of observation" (and degustation!) through the wine districts of the continent lets in a light, as of noonday, upon those remarkable letters which Mr. Pixley contributed from time to time to the San Francisco papers. The rumors, so long circulated, of his impending mental alienation, as manifested in those curious documents, may now be looked upon as happily laid at rest. Not the gathering clouds of coming rain, but the mingled fumes of the finest wines of Europe, temporarily obscured that keen intellect. It was sickness, but a sickness not unto death; and we rejoice that he survived, to tread once more his native heath, and drink, in French Claret and Spanish Sherry, to the greater reputation of our native vintages.

Death-Bed Repentance.

We congratulate the conductors of the *Bulletin* upon the return of reason to its throne. For several months the *Call* and *Bulletin* have been uniting in their efforts to prove that San Francisco is located on the wrong side of the bay. They have gone out of the legitimate path of journalism to assail men and measures. They have prostituted the position they occupy to slander, vilify and abuse. They have hated with a holy hatred, and left no stone unturned to compass that hatred But the *Bulletin* shows a glimpse of returning reason and justice. Erewhile, according to the *Bulletin*, San Francisco was threatened with an eclipse; our warehouses were to be floated across the bay and anchored upon the mud flats of Goat Island. Then the railroad company wanted Goat Island for a railroad terminus. Now it is suggested that San Antonio Creek should be dredged so as to admit vessels of deep draft to the Oakland water front, and the *Bulletin* turns honest. If San Francisco had ever been seriously menaced it might be said that now was the time for alarm. Whereupon the *Bulletin* sensibly says "The controlling financial and mercantile interest will always be here. No railroad company can transfer our three to five hundred millions of real estate and personal values, our city [illegible] a hundred millions of banking capital and deposits, our insurance and shipping agencies, our solid miles of warehouses filled with the traffic of the world, our factories [illegible] the entire gold yield of the State, our fine markets [illegible] theatres, libraries, museums and galleries, [illegible] the magnet and power of a great seaport city. Stanford & Co. [illegible] bonds and lands of the republic, and subsidies from State, county and municipal [illegible] a single iron track across the Sierras, but they cannot [illegible] Congress, transfer [illegible] the coast, to the flats and sloughs [illegible] magnetic currents of finance, of exchange, of varied [illegible] concentrate and mingle. The citizens may not always be worthy [illegible] opportunities and duties—they may be supine where they [illegible] enterprise [illegible] the steady toil [illegible] [illegible] The *Call* and *Bulletin* [illegible] in a few days we expect to see both journals advocating the [illegible] Goat Island [illegible]

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

The Ocean; Its Atmosphere and Life. By Elisée Reclus [illegible] cloth
Journalism in the United States, from 1690 to 1872. By Frederic Hudson. 8vo, cloth
Kentucky's Love; or, Roughing It Around Paris. By Edward King. 12mo cloth
The Life of Chas. Dickens. Dr John Forster Vol II 12mo cloth
Sally Williams, the Mountain Girl. By Mrs E D Cheney 12mo, cloth
Only Girls. By Virginia F Townsend 12mo, cloth
The Wandering Heir. A Novel By Chas Reade 12mo, cloth
Mrs. Skaggs' Husband Sketches. By Bret Harte 12mo cloth
Man: Its Unreserved Clue. By Rev N A McDonald 12mo, cloth
At the Sister. By Madame Guizot DeWitt [illegible] cloth
Lady Swearing [illegible] three to the [illegible]. By George Duprot 8vo, paper.
The Yellow Flag. A Novel. By Edmund Yates.

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President Business College,
Aug 1] San Francisco

PETER SHORT,
Merchant Tailor, 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco

DR. ABORN,
Residence and office, 213 Geary street, opposite the Plaza. Dec 2

THOMAS TURNBULL,
Architect, Shiels' Block, No. 426 Market street

GEO. W. SHOURDS,
Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil sir, with you."

The Mobilizootic.

You talk of the Epizootic, it's bad, that's pretty clear,
But it cannot hold a candle to the fever we have here;
For it has swiftly swept away, with a relentless hand,
What few good men we thought we had in this unhappy land
It's an old complaint, the doctors say, but they give it a new name—
The "fever de Mobilier," that kills, or leaves you lame
Our hospital at Washington is full to overflowing,
And who may catch the fever next, by gad, there is no knowing.
Poor Smiler Colfax died last week, and on his marble slab
His friends and sympathizers carved an epitaph—"I was 'Grab'"
And in a most precarious state lies poor old Ames Hoax
He long has stood Dame Nature's frown, but can't her practical jokes.
Another victim pest once has seized with poisoned claws,
For an untimely rolling corpse lies poor old Henry Dawes.
John Alley, too, has left us, and his Maker gone to meet,
Yes! tired of this a-ryway, he sought a wider street
John Bingham, of Ohio, is sick, who once, when strong,
Threw poker dice with Butler, all day and all night long.
Jim Brooks, of New York City, has handed in his chips,
He died, as many more have died, with falsehood on his lips.
Another very serious case is that of William Kelly—
He only just is kept alive on Pennsylvania jelly.
Poor Glenni W. Scofield, too, has run his ship aground,
And it's quickly going to pieces—its timbers were not sound.
James Patterson, of Hampshire, died a week ago to-day,
Passed off with a strangle, to a heaven [illegible] of way
Then there's Garfield toppling at death's door, but he comes of healthy stock,
We fancy that he's fooling, and it's only a runaway knock.
The Wilsons, too, have left us, and many, many more,
Killed by the dread Mobilier, now weep by Styx's shore;
But O! we pray and hope that the pest will pass away,
And out of darkest midnight may dawn an honest day

— It is a lie! We thought as much. Last week the News Letter, in the exercise of a wise discretion and of a friendly feeling towards the *Alta*, gave publicity to the following: "It will be recollected that some time since the *Alta* printed a telegram which purported to come from Washington, and had reference to the movements of the Burnside-Scott organization, which proposes to put our Australian steam line on a proper footing. The *Bulletin* persistently declared that the telegram was written in this city. Last week we wanted to know how the *Bulletin* could be so sure about it if the Western Union had not been too ready to divulge telegraphic secrets. The answer has not been vouchsafed to us through the columns of the *Bulletin*, as it ought to have been, but it has reached us none the less effectually for all that. It is stated that Raymond, the agent for the Australian line, informed the *Bulletin* people that MacCrellish showed the pretended telegram before it was published, and demanded one thousand dollars as the price of its suppression. Is this true, or is it a lie? If, as we suspect, it is the latter, then let it be nailed at once. We think we do a service when we afford the slandered an opportunity to perform that feat. If it can be accomplished successfully, we shall have something to say to the authors of that story. Whispered utterance destroy more reputations than open statements. Now, Mac., it is in order for you to rise and explain. Was it blackmail, or is it a lie?" We hardly needed, as the tone of the article shows, Mr. MacCrellish's declaration to believe that the story was a wicked lie. He has, however, assured us very positively that it is. It is only right that we should say that the information came to us from Messrs. Pickering and Fitch, who said it was no secret and gave as their authority the name of I. W. Raymond. On his door, therefore, the *Town Crier* nails this odious lie. Right well he seems to have known how to strike the weak spot of Pickering and Fitch. "Get up a story," said he, "about the *Alta* and that will 'fetch' them directly." It did He calculated correctly that the *Bulletin* people were to be had by pandering to their prejudices, and so he got them to insert that article against the new Australian steam line organization, every word of which they have had in one form or another to take back since. What dependance is to be placed upon a paper that can be doped so easily?

— Well done, Stebbins! No one admires your recent free thinking and bold utterances more than the *Town Crier*. Year after year science is shedding more and more light upon dark and doubtful paths. Illusion after illusion is being swept away, and stern facts usurp the place of theological speculations. Robinson Crusoe is not true, we know, life-like story though it is. The Bible seems in part doubtful, for you yourself won't stand by the second person in the Trinity. Whither are we drifting? It appears, if we know not where we are going, it is at last determined from whence we came. Fancy that the bluest blood amongst us owes its origin to a monkey! Well, perhaps that is not so degrading a beginning, after all. The monkey tribe have considerably risen in our estimation ever since one day last Spring. Happening to be in a walking humor, we strolled to North Beach, where we took a good square look at our "poor relations." A little boy—a brainless and shameless young rascal—had a lot of peanuts wrapped up in a copy of the News Letter. Had it been a leaf out of the Bible or the *Alta*, we should not have been surprised; but to turn the News Letter to such base uses—O, shame! Well, this irreverent boy presented the packet to an intelligent monkey, who, disregarding the tempting peanuts, seized the paper, and casting a look of mingled contempt and anger at the depraved embryo hoodlum, retired to a secluded spot, and was occupied in the perusal of the paper, and in apparent admiration of our choicest brain scintillations, for the rest of the day. As a fellow feeling makes us wondrous kind, we have felt good towards that monkey ever since. If there is a heaven for either the original or improved breed of monkeys, then that one has a free pass, sure!

— Certain wretched specimens of the improved monkey tribe, who style themselves "Members of the Lyceum of Self-Culture," met at the Dashaway Hall on Sunday last to discuss the question "Is there a Future State?" Yes, we rely believe there is. If we were ever inclined to be doubtful upon the matter, we are quite certain now. We believe in the "eternal fitness of all things"—whatever that may mean. Certainly if there were no hereafter and no hell, there would be no time and no place in which to fitly punish these blasphemous disturbers of our peace. One learn[ed] [illegible] of the following, exactly alliterance—he affirmed that "God made Himself out of Himself, and then [illegible] Himself to please Himself." We don't know the fellow's name, and we are glad we don't. It saves us the task of stretching it with infamy. Other speakers handled the Christian names of the Holy Family with a familiarity never tolerated in anyone except perhaps the much privileged *Town Crier*, and even he has to earn absolution for every such offense by a thousand duties well performed. The monotony of the meeting was somewhat relieved by the appearance (this is intended for sarcasm) of the fair sex. Yes, two old ladies—one as homely as Telegraph Hill, and the other like Mark Twain's horse, "a splendid ruin"—blow off their odoriferous gas. If these "self culturists" can't discuss one of the most serious questions that can engage the human mind in language ordinarily decent, we shall publish their names and whip them into a reasonable degree of respect for propriety.

— The *Evening Republican* is dead, and now comes a young cub puking and puling into existence within our city limits. Its claws are blunt—in fact, neither its teeth nor anything else about it is sharp. There is no gloss to its coat, and the stuff with which it is being fed is not calculated to nourish. It belongs to a breed that don't climb, so its fall will never break its neck. It is a "Grizzly" little bear. We notice its birth in the city as a fact that says little for the intelligence of its parents Like the baby hippopotamus, we fear it is too delicate to live. Still we say, let it B. [illegible]

— The application of the term "tar-heel" to some of the members of the Credit Mobilier has occasioned some queries as to its origin. It was thusly: In the days when coppers were as large as small dinner-plates, the favorite game of called pennies, in many Southern towns, was pitch and toss. One enterprising darkey, who carried a copy of the Arabian Nights in his pocket with the leaf turned down at the incident of the greased measure in Ali Baba, conceived the brilliant idea of coating his delicate heel with tar and playing the part of interested spectator. This he did with much success, until the mysterious vanishing of the ready gave rise to a close scrutiny, resulting in the detection of the *feat* of legerdepied. After this discovery, before the game began, the warning was invariably given: "Any gemmen dah, got tah on de heel, please stand outside de ring." "Tah on de heel" has perhaps been the failing of the frequenters of other rings.

— This is Jim Nye's last "Patterson," said the genial, conscientious and clean-mouthed Nye, approaching the sorrow-stricken victim of Credit Mobilier, Patterson, "you have often said to me, 'Nye, what a pity it is that a man of your kindly impulses should not be a Christian;' and here is Schuyler, too, who has urged me with tears in his eyes to stop swearing and join the Congressional Temperance Society, and now—I don't want to hurt your feelings, but ain't you Christian statesmen in a pretty fix! I don't think you have really done anything wrong, Patterson," continued the cruel Nye, "but if ever I apply for a patent for a d—d fool, I want to file you with the caveat as a model!"

— Stebbins has concluded to remain. We mean Stebbins who had a call to minister theological platitudes to the learned Thebans of Cambridge, Mass. Stebbins said he never intended to go; he only wanted to feel the pulse of his congregation and get them to pay off the Church debt. *Facilis descensus Averni*, and equally pleasant and agreeable is the transition from paying the Church debt to paying an increased salary. Brother Ward Beecher gets $20,000 per annum; why should Brother Stebbins stint himself on $8,000! After all, come to think of it, we are glad Stebbins remains with us He is our beau ideal of the incomprehensible, and we can't dispense with his premises.

— Walt Whitman has had a severe stroke of paralysis, but his physician hopes, according to the *Bulletin*, that his "strong physic" will pull him through. It all depends on the strength Whitman's stomach is strong enough, if one may judge by his writings, to laugh to scorn the united doses of the Pharmacopœa; but he and his doctor are in Washington, and the latter probably has in his mind's eye the following prescription:

Cr Mob. Z V.
Colfax, pills Z II.
Fiant pil. ter in die sumend.

And he is right. This would not only make a clean man of Walt Whitman; it is strong enough to make the *Chronicle* decent, and purge the *Call* of stupidity

— Stone, who occupies that magnificent temple on the corner of Post and Mason streets dedicated to the worship of the living God, has gone into the railroad business. On Sunday last he lectured on "What I know about railroads and railroad building." As might have been expected, he wrote himself down an ass. If railroads had been the subject of Christ's meditations, it is quite likely there would have been a narrow gauge to heaven and a broad gauge to hell. On the latter Stone would have been engineer, Pickering and Fitch firemen, Fay conductor, and McRuer baggage-master. The *Town Crier* would have sole control of the narrow gauge road.

— A devil-may-care itemizer pens the following, which we cordially indorse: "It is said that London underwriters recently refused to insure a vessel because it was named *The Devil*. Inasmuch as the devil is liable to be neither wrecked by the waves nor destroyed by the flames, we would have supposed that an opportunity to secure such insurance would have been jumped at." For the same reasons the underwriters ought not refuse to insure the life of Loring Pickering. He will die a natural death, because, having outlived his usefulness, no one will be interested in his untimely taking off

— The Supreme Judges of this most progressive State are now engaged in masticating the case of the People v. John J. Marks, indicted by the late Grand Jury for certain little irregularities in the Harbor Commissioner's office. Hall McAllister presented the case for Marks, and Murphy, the District Attorney, for the People. Of course the People suffered on the argument, but they have the best of it on its merits Marks is waiting for the Supreme Court to decide the case, with becoming fortitude and patience. He is no ordinary rogue, this Marks.

— Among the personals in the Live Paper is one through which the advertiser, a musician [illegible], seeks to make the acquaintance of the young lady "who spoke [illegible] him at the music store." He need not care to do so, as we can tell him what she said. She expressed the opinion that "burnt cork was a great improvement to some men she knew." The fellow took it as a compliment, and immediately invested fifty cents in that advertisement. Well, it is all a matter of taste.

— The Harbor Commissioners think it about time to go into the general wharf building business, and are laying their plans accordingly. We protest against any wholesale changes until the Supreme Court shall permit poor innocent Marks to exculpate himself from the charges made by an intelligent Grand Jury. Marks is under a cloud of suspicions, and there is no telling what he might do if he had the handling of any more money, or the giving out of any more contracts.

— Here is a chance for all. Every daily paper in San Francisco (French and German excepted) has given us, "Uneasy lies the head that wears a crown," in its remarks on the abdication of Amadeus. We like to encourage merit, and now offer to the competition of these industrious thinkers the latest abominable chromo of the *California Art Gallery*, as a prize for the one who will tell us in which of Aristotle's tragedies this famous quotation occurs

— Chief Engineer Arnold, of sea-wall fame, has developed a history of the rise and progress of the *teredo navalis* and the *limnoria terebrans*, which, according to his theory, are the only destructive borers connected with the Harbor Commission. In a few weeks we expect to have the pleasure of hearing Judge Blake deliver a jury charge on the subject of more importance—the destructive borings of the *teredo Marks*.

— Old Massachusetts is beginning to see the error of her ways. One of her most gifted sons, hitherto a staunch advocate of prohibition, has come out in favor of beer drinking as a preventive for intemperance. If there is anything that always sets well on the stomach, it is a glass of beer; bitter British beer. Waiter, bring us another mug full to the brim!

— The transit of Venus is to come off in A. D. 1874, and great preparations are being made among the savans to witness the operation. We beg kindly to inform numerous applicants for front seats that this performance has nothing whatever to do with Venus rising from the sea. That will be worth seeing.

— Pickering and Fitch have succeeded very well in business, counting their worldly goods at a valuation of about a quarter of a million. We know of another person who has succeeded equally well in business Cora Pearl, said to be worth one million francs. Some people will make money.

— They never do things by halves in Chicago. An enterprising disciple of Blackstone has made arrangements with the County Clerk to have his professional card printed on the backs of marriage licenses, as follows: "Divorces obtained without publicity."

— Michigan is becoming civilized. The Senate of that State has come to the conclusion that smoking during business hours isn't dignified. The practice has been abolished by resolution.

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CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

Delivered immediately on the arrival of the mails in New York, Liverpool, London, Paris, Hamburg, Frankfort, Berlin, Suez, Alexandria, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Melbourne, Auckland, Sydney and Islands of the Pacific Ocean.

[Established July 20, 1856.]

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, FEB. 15, 1873. No. 3.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Feb. 14th, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS	FRI'Y	NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	8¾	8¾	7¾
Alpha	42	43¾	43	Kentuck	11	—	10½
Alta	2¾	2½	2½	Kentucky	—	—	—
Amador Tunnel	4¾	—	4¾	Knickerbocker	4½	4¾	4½
American Flag	5¾	5	5				
Arizona & Utah	—	—	—	Lillian Hall	¾	—	¾
Arkansas	—	2¾	—	Louise	—	—	—
Alamo	—	4	—				
Bacon	—	—	5	Mahogany	9¾	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	2	—	—	Mammoth	—	—	—
Belcher	81	81	79	Meadow Valley	13¾	—	14¾
Belmont	4½	5	4¾	Minnesota	2¾	1¾	1¾
Bellevue	—	—	—	McMahon	—	—	2¾
Best & Belcher	5½	5½	5½	Newark	2½	2½	2
Buckeye	—	1¼	1¼	New York Consolidated	—	—	—
				Noonday	—	—	—
Caledonia	21¾	21½	23				
Cedarberg	½	½	½	Occidental	—	1	—
Central	—	—	—	Ophir	46	46½	41
Charter Oak	—	¾	—	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	5¾	—	5
Chapman	—	—	—	Overman	57	59	58
Chief of the Hill	—	3½	3				
Chief East Extension	—	—	—	Page & Panaca	—	—	1½
Chollar	51	53¾	53	Pea Vine	—	—	—
Columbus	—	—	—	Phenix	¾	¾	—
Confidence	9¾	12¾	10¾	Picton	—	—	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Pioche	11¾	—	10½
Consolidated Virginia	63	62	57	Pioche West	—	—	—
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—	P Phoenix	2¾	2¾	2½
Crown Point	97½	99	99				
Central No. 2	—	—	—	Raymond & Ely	76½	80	75
				Rescue Consolidated	—	—	—
Daney	—	—	½	Ruby Hill	—	—	—
				Red Jacket	—	—	—
Eclipse	—	10½	9½				
El Dorado	—	—	—	Savage	68	73	71
Empire Eagle	—	—	—	Seg. Belcher	63	61	62
Empire Mill	7	7½	8	Sierra Nevada	—	12½	†12
Empire Idaho	—	1½	—	Silver Peak		¾	¾
Eureka Consolidated	19	19	18	Silver Hill	—		9½
Eureka G. V.	17	—	20	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Exchequer	—	11½	—	Standard	—	—	†2
				Sterling	—	—	—
Globe	—	2½	—	Succor	1¼	1½	—
Golden Chariot	—	—	4	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Gould & Curry	11	†15½	14	Silver Chariot	—	—	—
Gila	—	—	10	South Overman	—	½	½
Hale & Norcross	85	90	84	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hermes	5	5	—	Trench	—	—	—
Hohn & Hunt	5	4½	5				
Home Ticket	—		—	Union Consolidated	—	—	—
				Utah	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	—	—	4½				
Imperial	7¾	7	7½	War Eagle	—	—	—
Independent	1¾	1¾	1¾	Washington & Creole	1¾	1¾	1¾
Ingomar	1	—	¾	Washoe	—	—	—
Insurance	—	—	—	Woodville	5	5¼	5
Ivanhoe	1¼	1	1	Wellington	—	—	—
Jackson	—	¼	—	Yellow Jacket	75	†80	82
Jacob Little	—	—	—	Yule Gravel	—	—	—
Julia	†4¼	4	4	Yellow Stone	7½	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30.

BIZ.

— MONEY IS MORE PLENTIFUL. Collection day, the 10th inst., passed off quietly; payments were promptly met; no defalcations of any kind in commercial circles. Remittances from the interior continue to be made "on time." Credits to country traders are much less extended than usual at this season of the year. Business generally revives as the season opens. The planting season is exceedingly propitious; up to this date about 16 inches of rain has fallen, and everything betokens a year of great prosperity upon the Pacific slope.

— THE SUGAR REFINERIES have again, quite unexpectedly, reduced their prices. This course of action was altogether unexpected by the trade. In fact, many of the leading jobbers and dealers were looking for advanced rates. Instead of a rise, rates are this day reduced a quarter of a cent per pound. Now, Crushed and Cube Sugar is 11c., Extra Granulated, 10¾c., Golden C, 9c., Extra Golden, 9¾c., Hawaiian Raws, 6@9¾c as extremes. Best White China is now 10c., Yellow, 9c.

— BREADSTUFFS, QUITE UNEXPECTEDLY, continue to decline in price. During the current week 5,000 tons good average shipping Wheat was purchased in lots at $1 80 per cental. Coast Wheat to a considerable extent has also been placed within the range of $1 75@1 85. This shows a large decline from $2 10@2 25 early in January. Superfine Flour for China per Malay has been freely bought at $4 50@4 75 up to $5 per 196 lbs for choice. Oregon Extras sell at $5 25@5 50; California Extra Golden Age and Golden Gate $5 75@6 per bbl.

— THE COAL MARKET is unsettled pending later advices from Australia, where at latest dates 30 shillings was the ruling price, against 11 shillings in November. Freights had advanced, grain vessels loading in Adelaide for Liverpool at £4 2s 6d, and it was stated that the Colonial Wheat supply would reach 200,000 tons. If this intelligence is fully established, coals will be must advance. Late arrivals here have been stored. We quote Sydney coals at $12, nominal; Anthracite, $17; Cumberland, $18@20.

— BAGS AND BAGGING.—The good degree of success which last year attended the working of the Oakland Bag Factory has induced the company to import largely of Jute; a vessel has recently been dispatched from Calcutta to this port with 5,000 bales of the raw material. This, added to previous liberal imports, will enable the factory to work to its full capacity. We note a recent sale of 150,000 California Grain Sacks, 22x36, at 15c. Gilroy Bags, standard, are now held above this rate. We are informed that the Alameda Cordage Factory Company have concluded to extend their operations, adding thereto a Bag factory of considerable dimensions, and purpose having the same in working order this season.

— METALS are the turn dearer, particularly Scotch Pig Iron, which costs, it is said, $60 to import. Last sales from wharf, in lots, $50@52 50, but now held at $55@57 50 for standard brands. The present tendency is to a higher range of prices, so soon as the Spring demand fairly opens. Tin Plate, and other goods in the line, move off sluggishly at present.

— PETROLEUM.—We have had an extensive conflagration during the week—one of three large warehouses, used exclusively for the storage of Oils, was destroyed with a portion of its contents, say 8,000 cs, more or less, consumed—perhaps 75,000 galls lost, belonging chiefly to three parties, the two largest insured. It is not expected that any change in price will result from the fire, as our surplus stock is large, and the demand light for the season. We quote Devoe's Brilliant at 40@42@44c for the three different cans and nozzles; Daylight, 39c; Standard, 39c; Oleophine, 50c; Macy's Long Island, 39c; Downer's Kerosene, $50@52½c.

— FREIGHTS KEEP UP WELL. Last engagements to Liverpool for Wheat, £4 5s. The prevailing impression is that high freights are to rule throughout the year. Our crop prospects are exceedingly cheering, and with an expected Wheat surplus of 500,000 tons for the harvest year of 1873 we will require all the ships we can get at £4@5 freights. The tonnage supply is now fully adequate to the present wants of the port, there being at this writing nine disengaged vessels here of 9,201 registered tons. The only engagement made public during the week was that of the Sea Witch, to load Wheat for Liverpool at £4 5s. This then may be considered the rate to a direct port, yet ship-owners are asking higher figures. As considerable has been said of late regarding the shipment of our grain to the United Kingdom, we subjoin the following table, showing the nationality of the grain fleet, consisting of 248 vessels, employed in the Wheat trade with England, commencing July 1, 1872:

From	American bottoms. Vessels.	Tons.	Foreign bottoms. Vessels.	Tons.
July 1 to October 1, 1872	39	45,121	36	27,228
October 1 January 1, 1873	40	48,444	70	53,629
January 1 to February 1, 1873	20	21,037	31	25,171
February 1 to February 14, 1873	7	7,431	5	5,019
Totals	106	121,033	142	101,440

— WOOL SHRINKAGE is very little understood by the masses. Few persons can be made to believe that the wool of commerce, sold in California from 15c to 30c per pound, loses, when scoured, from 50 to 65 per cent. As an instance of this, we may say that a grower not long since was offered 17c for his dirty clip;—no, he preferred to clean it. He sent it out to the Woolen Mills for the purpose. The proprietor, after examining it, said he would pay 17c as it then was, or 45c for it cleaned. The latter price was accepted, and when washed it lost 68 per cent., netting only 11c.

— OUR EXPORTS OF BREADSTUFF continue upon a liberal scale. Our Grain fleet now numbers 348 vessels, thus:

	Wheat. Ctls.	Value.
Totals since January 1st.......63 vessels*	1,867,731	$3,718,863
Previously since July 1st.......185 vessels	5,311,846	9,021,861
Totals since July 1st, 1872.... 248 vessels	7,179 177	12,740,724
82 vessels since July 1, 1871, with	963,622	2,337,514
100 vessels since July 1, 1870, with	3,159 256	6,277,048
145 vessels since July 1, 1869, with	3,912 737	6,777,309

*Also, 6,000 bbls Flour. There are now on the berth to load with dispatch 56 vessels, aggregating 53,842 tons of registered tonnage, the bulk of all bound to the United Kingdom.

— THE MALAY, for Hongkong, in Macondray's line, will carry the bulk of 5,000 bbls Flour. The exports for the past week have been as follows: Montana, for New York, via Panama, carried 401 cs Borax, 2558 galls Brandy, 510 bbls Flour, 1918 flsks, 611 ctls Mustard Seed, 81 rolls Leather, 132 cs Salmon, 12,887 galls and 200 cs California Wine, 4,240 lbs Domestic Wool, etc., valued at $52,347; Annie Emma, for Liverpool, carried $15,710 ctls Wheat, etc., valued at $33,251; Harvest Queen, for Liverpool, had 43,765 ctls Wheat, valued at $90,400; Lartvale, for Liverpool, had $39,911 ctls Wheat, valued at $80,251; Outhorse, for Liverpool, carried 48,720 ctls Wheat, valued at $79,500; Brazos, for Liverpool, had 29,845 ctls Wheat, valued at $78,500; Monmouthshire, for Liverpool, had 36,727 ctls Wheat, valued at $73,500; Armin, for Cork, carried 25,110 ctls Wheat, valued at $50,200; Two Brothers, for Liverpool, had 23,756 ctls Wheat, valued at $47,500; Zephyros, for Guayaquil (Ecuador), carried 3,060 bbls Flour, 292 bbls Rice, 15,867 lbs Sugar, valued $23,270; Montana, for Panama, had 138 bbls Flour, 419 sks Potatoes, 38,000 feet Lumber, 24,900 lbs Rice, etc., valued at $9,906; same, for Central America, had 1179 bbls Flour, 76,000 feet Lumber, 39 ctls Wheat, etc., valued at $10,401; same, for Liverpool, via Panama, had 30 bbls Flour, 203 bales Soap Root, etc., valued at $3,481.

That Copy of Shakspeare.

Mr. John B. Felton has become the owner of a magnificent copy of Shakespeare, which, for a short time, was for sale in the bookstore of Mr. H. H. Moore, on Montgomery street. The edition is a sixteen-volume one, printed in 1851 by C. & J. Adlard, of London. Only 150 copies were printed, and their selling price was £200, or $1,000. It was edited by Jas. O. Halliwell, and has numerous illustrations by F. W. Fairholt, F. S. A., an artist whose knowledge of the dress and arts of all time fitted him happily for the difficult task of illustrating the great dramatist's works ably. On the title page it is stated that "the text is formed from a new collection of the early editions, to which are added all the original novels and tales on which the plays are founded, copious archæological annotations on each play, an essay on the formation of the text, and a life of the poet." In typography and arrangement the work is superb, and at the price of $1,000 it is by no means dear.

Splendid Portrait and Biographical Memoir of our old Resident and esteemed Friend Levi Parsons, Esq.

WILL CONTAIN A

THE NEXT NUMBER OF THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG"

The Special and Authorised Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, FEB. 22, 1873. No. 4.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL, CALIFORNIA MAIL BAG. South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—SILVER BARS—1¼@1¾ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 88@88¾. Mexican Dollars, 4¾@5¾c premium.

☞ Exchange on N. York, 6-10 per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 13¾ per cent. On London. Bankers 49; Commercial 49¼; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, Feb. 21, at 2 P. M., 114½. Latest price of Sterling, 108¾@109½.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO............ February 21, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862-5-8.	101	103	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	115	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	101	102	Oakland Gas	102	—
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865	101	102	Spring Valley Water Co	84	85
Legal Tender Notes	88	88¾	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1858	90	—	N. B. and Miss. on R. R. Co	50	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	93	—	Front St. M. and O. R. R. Co	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	90	100	Fireman's Fund Insurance Co	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	70	72½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins Co	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	90	—	Union Insurance Co	85	88
Santa Clara Bonds, 8s	90	—	Pacific Bank	90	92½
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	133	135
San Francisco Gas Company	61½	68	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	110

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers cor California and Leidesdorff streets.

Latest from the Merchants' Exchange.

NEW YORK, Feb. 21. Gold opened at 114¾, 11 A. M. at 114½, 2 P. M. at 114¾. U. S. Bonds—Five-twenties of 62, 115¼; 1867, 116¼. Sterling Exchange, 109¼@109¾. Pacific Mail, 71½. Quicksilver Mining Company, 43¾. Wheat, $2 00@2 20. Pork, quiet, 14¾. Cotton, 20¾. Hides, quiet, dry, 25½@25¾, salted, 12¾c., steady. Oil Sperm, steady, $1 57@1 60, Winter Bleached, $1 67@1 75, dull. Whale, weak, 63@70c., Winter Bleached, 70@75c., quiet. Wool—dull Spring, fine, 35@45c., Burry, 28@32c., Pulled, 50@60c. Fall Clips, 30@33c., Burry, 18@25c.

LONDON, February 21.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s 11d@12s 3d. Club, 12s. 6d@13s. United States Bonds, ex Coupon, 90¾. Consols, 92¾@92¾, Account, 92¾@92¾.

Judge Parsons.

One of the ablest, most energetic and far seeing of San Francisco's early citizens, Judge Levi Parsons, who, finding this field too narrow for the expansion of his genius, betook himself to New York about seven years ago, was seen upon our streets yesterday, looking as bright and *distingue* as ever. We understand the Judge has come hither upon matters of business, and that his stay among us will necessarily be very brief. The Judge is one of the very few men that have been really benefited by the San Francisco *Bulletin*, for had that journal not succeeded in killing his "Bulkhead" measure, he, like Michael Reese, might by remaining here have picked up a little money and been comparatively well-to-do now, whereas in New York he is a big fish and counts his fortune by millions. We have lost more in the aggregate by his going away than he has gained personally, seeing which we may well exclaim, in the language of an English King, "Cursed be the newspapers that have deprived us of such a citizen."

— Mining stocks were quiet yesterday morning, and prices were a shade lower. Compared with the rates Thursday noon, Belcher declined $4, Hale & Norcross $5, Chollar-Potosi, Segregated Belcher, and Yellow Jacket each $2, and Savage $1. Consolidated Virginia advanced $2. The Board adjourned yesterday afternoon until Monday.

— The British steamer *Ormesby* has been chartered by the Pacific Mail Company to carry coal from New York to Aspinwall. The *Ormesby* brought out the machinery from Glasgow for the new steamer *Colon*, now being fitted up at New York for the China Mail line.

— It will be noticed that California Wheat has declined to 12s. in Liverpool. A year ago the price there was 12s. 6d. The English market has exhibited a softening tendency for some time, and the recent orders received here are at lower figures.

— The earnings of the Central Pacific Railroad for January, as reported by the Company, were $852,660, against $504,200 for the same month last year, and $539,500 for the same month in 1871.

— The rate for transporting treasure thence to New York by Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express has been reduced from $7 50 to $5 per $1,000. The banks ask $7 50 per $1,000 for Exchange.

— The ore prospects at the Belcher and Crown Point are reported to be quite favorable.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

Peter Donahue, Esq.

We are glad to observe that this distinguished citizen is taking an active part in our most important enterprises. His recent purchase constitutes him again one of our railroad magnates. Then, he was the other night at the Mechanics' Institute, helping on the important matter of our steam communication with Australia. In reference to the inquiry: "If a subsidy already guaranteed for eight years to come, amounting to $530,000 per annum, was not a sufficient payment for the services of three steamers?" he wisely declined answering it on the spur of the moment. But he *will* answer it, or we are much mistaken. Col. Donahue has had experience in running steamships, and knows to a cent how much it would cost to maintain three steamers between here and Sydney. This is precisely one of those practical questions that need an answer, and Col. Donahue is just the man to answer it. We expect to have the figures upon which he bases his calculations for publication in next week's *News Letter*.

The Webb Subsidy Bill to Pass.

It is confidently asserted that Webb's Australian steamline subsidy bill is to pass. The agents of the line say that there cannot be a doubt about it. The bill was only tabled by a majority of two. The passage of a measure involving the important question of the final disposition of five millions of dollars ought not to be seriously obstructed by so insignificant a difficulty as two votes. We are glad to learn that this slight check is about to be removed. The liberal subsidy of $500,000 per annum, together with the $250,000 already being paid by the Colonies, ought to drive the three steamers necessary to run the line at a speed which will defy the competition of the Suez or any other route. "Money makes the mare to go." It also helps steamers along. This is true enterprise on the part of Mr. Webb, and we wish it the success it so well deserves.

Attractive Advertising.

The fitting up of the rooms of the PLACARD EXCHANGE and BUREAU OF INFORMATION for the Pacific Coast is nearly completed, and will doubtless offer the most attractive method of advertising yet inaugurated. In addition to the chromos and photographs, etc., etc., before mentioned, other pleasing features are being prepared, so as to induce a constant stream of visitors, irrespective of those who, finding the Exchange a reliable fountain of information on all points of interest connected with business or pleasure, will resort there to obtain such particulars as they require. The marvelous success which the proposed institution is certain to achieve, from the manner in which the idea has been received by business men, is highly gratifying to the trustees. The Exchange will be opened about the 15th of March.

Arrival of the "Nevada."

The "*Nevada*," of the Webb line, arrived from New Zealand via Honolulu last evening at half-past 5 o'clock. She left Auckland on the 5th of January, and has consequently been 47 days reaching this port. She encountered rough weather and had to put back to Honolulu for a fresh supply of coal. The *Nevada* is commanded by Capt. Blethen, who has won for himself much popularity in the Colonies. She brings a number of Honolulu passengers, but we could not learn that she had any from New Zealand.

— About 1,500 shares Spring Valley Water have been sold during the week at an average of $85 per share. A small number of shares of California Bank sold at $133 per share.

— An assessment of $2 per share has been levied on the stock of the Josephine Quicksilver Mining Company, delinquent March 31st.

— The Pacific Mail steamer *Golden Age* has received new boilers at Shanghai, and also received a very thorough overhauling.

— The *Constantine* cleared for Bristol on Thursday with a cargo of Wheat, being the fifth vessel sent there this season.

— The National Mining Company have levied an assessment of 50 cents per share, delinquent March 25th.

— It is said that the three vessels chartered on Wednesday to load Wheat for Liverpool were engaged at £4 2s 6d.

— The Aspinwall steamer left New York on Thursday with 400 tons assorted merchandise for San Francisco.

— The steamer *Senator* will sail for San Luis Obispo and way ports at the usual hour to-day.

— The next steamer for Portland will sail hence on the 25th instant.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 605 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

Remembrance.

Cold in the earth, and the deep snow piled above thee,
Far, far removed, cold in the dreary grave,
Have I forgot, my only love, to love thee,
Severed at last by time's all-severing wave?

Now, when alone, do my thoughts no longer hover
Over the mountains on that northern shore,
Resting their wings where heath and fern-leaves cover
Thy noble heart for ever, ever more?

Cold in the grave, and fifteen wild Decembers
From those brown hills have melted into spring;
Faithful indeed the spirit that remembers
After such years of change and suffering.

Sweet love of youth, forgive if I forget thee,
While the world's tide is bearing me along;
Other desires and other hopes beset me,
Hopes which obscure, but cannot do thee wrong.

No later light has lightened up my heaven,
No second morn has ever shone for me;
All my life's bliss from thy dear life was given,
All my life's bliss is in the grave with thee.

But when the days of golden dreams had perished,
And even despair was powerless to destroy,
Then did I learn how existence could be cherished,
Strengthened and fed without the aid of joy.

Then did I check the tears of useless passion,
Weaned my young soul from yearning after thine,
Sternly denied its burning wish to hasten
Down to that tomb already more than mine.

And even now I dare not let it languish,
Dare not indulge in memory's rapturous pain.
Once drinking deep of that divinest anguish,
How could I taste the empty world again!

—*Emily Brontë.*

Grain Growing and Grain Transportation.

Throughout the States and Territories of the Union there has been grown during the last few years an average of one and a half milliards of bushels of all descriptions of cereals per annum. This represents a production at the rate of about 39 bushels per head of the [illegible] population per annum. The [illegible] territory also [illegible] millions of bushels per annum to be exported [illegible] the United States and seaports. The people of the United States consume [illegible] per head, leaving for export [illegible] 1¾ bushels per head, which, being added to the [illegible] imported, brings the annual average exports to about [illegible] bushels. This, of course, includes flour, a barrel of which is estimated to be equal to five bushels of grain. The [illegible] shows a consumption of 1½ barrels of flour per annum for every man, woman and child in the United States.

As more than three-fourths of the entire cereal exports of the United States are of grain and flour of wheat, we may safely estimate the average of these exports per bushel at the port of shipment to be about $1 25. This would give an annual value to the sixty-four millions of bushels exported of eighty millions of dollars. There are three ports on the eastern seaboard of this continent to which the problem of attracting the largest proportion of the grain export is of vital consequence. These ports are New York, Boston and Montreal. As the cost of transportation is, generally speaking, the largest item in the price of cereals brought east for export, the community which can most effectually cheapen the rates for moving grain will be certain to take the lead as chief depot of foreign-going breadstuffs. New York holds the premier place at present, but it is beginning to [illegible] to hold against it for a large proportion of the trade which it has [illegible]. Montreal is already taking [illegible] the lead during a large portion of the year as the grain depot of the east [illegible]. In three years its receipts of grain have risen from thirteen millions to seventeen millions of bushels. If the great seaport of the Dominion has done so much without any special aid from an improved inland transportation system, what will the figures show when the Welland Canal enlargement allows ships of 1,000 tons to pass from the grain depots of the Lakes without breaking bulk, and when the enlargement of the St. Lawrence Canal locks, and the improvement of the St. Lawrence River navigation allow cheaper and more rapid intercourse between Lake Ontario and the sea?

The only effect in the State to these great improved transportation [illegible] [illegible] a freight railroad by way of the Hoosac Tunnel to Lake Ontario [illegible] for western freight. New York halts between [illegible] the canal system, which has [illegible] and which has formed the occasion of [illegible] [illegible] the Erie Canal [illegible]. It is estimated that the latter improvement would reduce the cost of transportation from Lake Ontario to New York by one-half and the [illegible] example [illegible] twenty-five days for the barges drawn by horses to make the passage from Oswego to New York and back, and the average freight on wheat from Oswego to New York has been [illegible] cents per bushel. It is claimed that barges [illegible] carrying [illegible] bushels each, could make the trip from Oswego to New York, by way of Oneida Lake, in four days, and carry wheat with a good profit at five cents per bushel. [illegible] New York Legislature [illegible] canals. For the western farmer it is [illegible] that the eastern competition for grain freights should be [illegible]. As it is, the transportation companies take about [illegible] the profits of the grain trade. Whatever lessens the cost of moving the chief [illegible] of food benefits not only the producer but the millions of consumers everywhere.

The Gaming-Tables at Homburg and Wiesbaden.

Play is over at Homburg. Owing to the crowd of strangers and the great [illegible] [illegible] the gaming, which was to have [illegible] on the 31st of December, [illegible] two days. A placard is being circulated in Frankfort [illegible] that with the New year play will recommence [illegible]. [illegible] The rooms have been [illegible] [illegible] The [illegible] have received interest on their capital at the rate of 15 per cent per annum. A correspondent of the *Daily News* says: "The croupiers, as a rule, are a well-conducted body of men, [illegible] anything but the brutal creatures of Gustave Doré's picture. In appearance they are the type of the banking clerk. The same habit for [illegible] years of mental calculation [illegible] has given the same aspect to both. It is a good thing that play is come to an end. Even the croupiers do not regret it. More than one has said to me, 'I have spent the last years of my life in this [illegible] service, and I should have done much better in every way for myself and my family had I been [illegible] in a more respectable calling.' The results of the stoppage of play at Homburg and Wiesbaden will, I think, be different. Homburg will probably become [illegible] Wiesbaden, instead of suffering by the change, will probably improve in many respects."

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 1st.

Summer Heats.

In connection with the extraordinary heat which prevailed last year over a large area of the earth's surface, the *North American* has recently collected some interesting facts relating to the extreme Summer temperature [illegible] parts of the world. Probably the hottest country [illegible] is [illegible] [illegible] temperature [illegible]. [illegible] Africa [illegible] but in Senegal and in the West India Island of Guadaloupe, the Summer temperature often reaches 130 degrees. This is perhaps as high a temperature as any Europeans are habitually exposed to, both regions being commonly visited for commercial purposes, and the latter being largely inhabited by white men. In Persia the temperature rises to 125 deg., and appears to be the cause of most destructive epidemics. At Calcutta, and the central part of the Ganges, the mercury rises to 130 deg., and a similar temperature is attained in Central America. In the [illegible] of Afghanistan, in the deserts of Africa and along the Atlantic Coast the maximum temperature is 110 deg., a temperature not absolutely fatal to the existence of white men, but almost completely destructive of all healthy activity. It is a curious circumstance that the same high temperature is reached in some of the [illegible] California, though the average of the State is much lower than [illegible] In Cape Colony, in [illegible] and [illegible], and in parts of the Territory of Utah, the midsummer heat is 105 deg. Next comes Greece, with 104 deg., and the deserts of Arabia with 101 deg. Next to Arabia in extraordinary as it may appear, comes Montreal with a heat of 103 deg. The State of New York follows with 102 deg., but the other Northern States do not exceed 98 deg. Spain, Lower India, China, Jamaica and the Southern States of the Union average 100 deg. Mauritius registers 96 deg., and Sierra Leone, in Africa—so terribly fatal to Europeans—has [illegible] temperature than 94 deg. For France, Denmark, Belgium, at St. Petersburg, in Russia, at Shanghai [illegible], in Burmah, the Sandwich Islands, Buenos Ayres and Trinidad the average is stated at [illegible]. In Nova Scotia and in the Azores the maximum is [illegible]. [illegible] Portugal, Pekin in China and Natal in South Africa have an extreme temperature of 88 deg. In Siberia the Summer heat is as commonly [illegible] as 77 deg., whereas in Western and Southern Australia, in parts of Scotland, it is only 75 deg. In Italy, Venezuela and Madeira 75 degrees is the maximum. In Prussia and New Zealand the thermometer rarely rises over 70 deg. and in Switzerland and Hungary not over 66 deg. In Bavaria, Sweden, Tasmania and Moscow [illegible] is the maximum, while 56 deg. is the Summer heat of Patagonia and the Falkland Islands, and the Summer heat of the greatest portion of the Arctic zone [illegible]. In [illegible] the Summer temperature is sometimes as high as 4 deg., while Nova Zembla has an extreme midsummer heat of 34 deg.—two degrees above the freezing point of water.

The Cunard Steamers.

Mark Twain writes the following humorous sketch of the Cunard Steamship Company: "It is a curious, outgrown, old fashioned Company, the Cunard. Seventeen thirty years it has been [illegible] the days of steamships, it inaugurated ocean steaming, it never has lost a man, it never lost a passenger [illegible] [illegible] than on shore. It is composed [illegible] of two or three grandchildren, who [illegible] into the shoes of a couple of old Scotch fathers. Burns and MacIver were the Cunard Company when it was born. It was Burns and MacIver when the original men had passed away. [illegible] a Glasgow merchant. MacIver was an old [illegible] [illegible] and thus the [illegible] from Glasgow to Halifax was established. [illegible] [illegible] Halifax [illegible] the Cunarders [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] That is what Sam Cunard went to [illegible] [illegible] the Cunard Company is a great institution, and has got to be so thoroughly that you and I both get together, and yet none of the family ever wrote editorials or delivered lectures."

The Charm of Reserve.

Do not be too anxious to give away yourself, to wear your heart upon your sleeve. It is not only cowardice [illegible] [illegible] secret soul concern [illegible] property. For [illegible] [illegible] those who cannot understand them. If you throw your pearls before swine, they will turn again and rend you. Nor, again, should you claim too much, unless [illegible] from your child, your friend, your wife, or your husband. Much of the charm of life is ruined by exacting demands of confidence. Respect the natural modesty of the soul. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to your own reserve, or that of another, you destroy that quality of character which makes so much of its beauty of character, and beauty of character is not too common as not to make it a crime, thing to spoil it.—*Rev. Stafford A. Brooks.*

—— A young local editor of an Ark paper does an obituary notice thus: "The sister [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to her native skies. She was a good worker, and was known from the Great River of the West to the Eastern Seas as a preeminently lovely type of the Sunday-school teacher and charwoman at the wa kaaja.

THE NEWS LETTER is forwarded, prepaid, every Saturday, to the following addresses and [illegible] throughout the world: —

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
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Callao—[illegible] Petri, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
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Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Guaymas—Bark & Co., A. Willard, Esq., James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Laithwaite & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, [illegible]
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C. Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq., H. B. M. [illegible]
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gurney & Co., Rothschild, [illegible] Bank of [illegible], Barings Bros. & Co., Davis, Davis & Co., [illegible], M. D., "Pall Mall," [illegible] "Graphic," "Court Journal," [illegible] Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—Wm. [illegible] & Co., Alsop & Co., Heath [illegible] & Co., [illegible], Stokes & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, [illegible], Liverpool General Broker's Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Union Commercial.
Madrid—[illegible] Rotor [illegible], Excelentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co., [illegible] La Calle & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fils & Co., [illegible] Freres et Cie.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co., Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Sumner & Co., McCulloch, Sellars & Co.
Madras—Binny & Co., Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Lecchman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James Club; O. M. McNab.

COURT CHAT.

Death of Lord Lytton.

To those who are passing into middle age, and still more to those who are further advanced in years, the news of the death of Lord Lytton will come as an announcement that another spring of pleasure, often tasted in the past, is closed. A younger generation may have favorites of its own whose gifts are awaited with eagerness; but the great mass of English readers have grown up under the influence of "Bulwer's" genius, and have delighted in each successive manifestation of his many-sided intellect. His novels fascinated their early years, and the remarkable fertility of his powers only seemed to furnish them with fresh gratification every time they were exercised. They may have got to know the tricks of his style and the turn of his mind, but knowledge like this did but serve to heighten the pleasure they felt in recognizing the peculiarities that could never be disguised, however various the forms in which he was clothed. It is not inconsistent with the energy of his career that even now that he is dead he has left a work passing through the press, to be within a few days in our hands. He died as he lived, working to the end. He had revised the last proof sheets of his last novel just before the sudden attack which has taken him from us. On Friday morning he appeared to be in his usual health, though suffering, as has been of late his custom at Torquay, but in the afternoon an attack of earache passed into violent inflammation, and on Saturday morning he died. His five-and-forty years since he first novel was published, and his intellectual activity never ceased from the day of his first appearance as an author. All Englishmen know his books. Their popularity in the Colonies is altogether even greater than at home. In America they have been republished in Boston, in New York, and in Philadelphia, and rival publishers in these, and we believe in other cities, have competed which should be the first to reproduce them for American readers. Some have been translated into every language of Europe; almost all have been translated into the principal European languages. If any one will reflect on the number of readers these books have had in all parts of the world, he may be startled to see how hours pass into days, days into weeks, and weeks into years of pleasure. Yet it would be a mistake to dwell merely on the amusement they have given, or to think of Lord Lytton only as a novelist. One of the earliest of his associates, who has remained through life his friend and admirer, [illegible] the greatest honor in his country as a [illegible], and [illegible] greater than the post he [illegible] England—recall to our memory [illegible] the [illegible] Lord Lytton. It was at the parting dinner given to Dickens before his last visit to the United States that the Lord Chief Justice touched on the [illegible] the [illegible] had gained since the days when they were undergraduates together at Trinity Hall. Poet, essayist, orator, statesman, dramatist, scholar, too, [illegible] he had been all these, and this [illegible] the fickle [illegible] never the character Lord Lytton essayed to fill he worked at the object he put before him [illegible] he had completed his design, and if he [illegible] distinction, he failed in none. His first efforts in poetry are now little known, and are scarcely referred to except as curious illustrations of Lord Byron's influence over his generation, but that King Arthur was [illegible] in later years Lord Lytton discovered the [illegible] of his poetic power. The vigor, wit and polish of "St. Stephen's" entitle him to high rank in the masculine school of Dryden and Pope; the "Lost Tales of Miletus" have charmed scholars with their playful fancy, and the translations from Schiller have been vouched by Mr. Carlyle as the version an English reader should consult who wishes to know the lyrics of the great German author. Those who are most familiar with Lord Lytton's essays are most fond of them, and are [illegible] that they have not received due [illegible] of his writings of this kind. "The Student," [illegible] papers of singular [illegible] which have never been adequately appreciated. The authorship of the "Lady of Lyons" was [illegible] by the preference of every actress in the stage for the part of Pauline, and the audiences in the most fastidious of our theaters have welcomed *Money* every night for more than six [illegible] the past. The [illegible] world knows his fame as an orator and novelist, and [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] upon which he built up his success. We are not [illegible] Lord Derby's [illegible] [illegible] a speech on Lord Derby's Reform Bill in 1859 equal to [illegible] [illegible] at Westminster. The leader [illegible] member of 1831 it had become a Conservative in advance, [illegible] always rational, and it must be remarked that, while Whigs go to the House of Lords to become Tories, Lord Lytton used the independence of the Upper House to become something very like a Whig. It is unnecessary to speculate upon the position Lord Lytton will ultimately occupy in the hierarchy of English letters. His keenest admirers will probably admit that he began too soon and wrote too much for lasting fame. His workmanship was, indeed, at all times most careful and accurate, but though the rapidity with which successive works appeared was never suffered to interfere with the polish of their execution, it did at times injuriously affect the spontaneity and depth of their inspiration. Tried by the very highest standard, it may be thought that his imagination, though skilful and eager in the development of dramatic situations, was wanting in the irrepressible impulse and sway of passion. It may even be said that he was a novelist by an error of intellectual [illegible] rather than through [illegible] [illegible] that would not [illegible] true of him, it is true of every [illegible] at now [illegible], and admitting the [illegible] what [illegible] did Lord Lytton pour forth out of his treasury!—*London Times, January 20th.*

Some of the earlier writings of Lord Lytton were open to the reproach of coquetting, so to speak, with that [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] no deliberate [illegible] of making [illegible] and there was [illegible] a spirit of aspiration after some [illegible] which [illegible] not content, [illegible] the world from the vulgar point of view of [illegible] indulgence. [illegible] [illegible] the weaknesses of Lord Lytton [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] It was much more French than English, and in [illegible] [illegible] an impression of unreality. Yet it was all wonderfully [illegible] [illegible] Lord Lytton can hardly be reckoned among the great creators of fiction for [illegible] of his characters [illegible] like those of Sir Walter Scott and Dickens, and some few of Thackeray's, but he was an artist of many art. In fiction, producing an astonishing number of [illegible] and varied effects and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] and of most [illegible] to the affairs of everyday life.—*Daily News, January 20th.*

When we think of such a loss as this we cannot help asking, with a sense of semi-consolation, "O, grave, where is thy victory? O, death, where is thy sting?" The "*Caxtons*," [illegible], [illegible], [illegible] still abroad, and if a pagan monarch could provide with [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] in the Marcus Aurelius [illegible] [illegible] at least, to that [illegible] man who [illegible] enduring, placed the [illegible] among the stars. [illegible] and if Eternity be enriched by increased rank [illegible] of innocent intellectual [illegible] ranks, time is not thereby robbed. Nobody has [illegible] to regard him as the [illegible] of [illegible] the [illegible] of his artistic [illegible] and [illegible] which should help to keep alive and warm that literary sense of honor from which he never swerved.—*Standard, January 20th.*

An elegant scholar, an accomplished gentleman, a true literary artist—in short, he not only wrote books but loved them, and loved those who wrote them, too. It will be long before his place as a pure and noble writer of fiction pure and noble is filled—if ever it may be filled again in the ranks of English authorship. Like other great writers of the past, Lord Lytton was statesman as well as author, and his Conservatism—the fruit of growing conviction as manifest in his statesmanship, was of that practical and enlightened character which spurned narrowness to a nicer in dogma. Lord Lytton merits—and we doubt not will receive—a grave beside our Macaulay and our Dickens, amongst those mighty dead whose memory England delights to honor.—*Birmingham Daily Gazette, January 20th.*

[The deceased peer was the son of General William Earle Bulwer, of Woodalling and Heydon Hall, Norfolk, by the only daughter and heiress of Richard Warburton Lytton, of Knebworth, Herts. He was born in 1805, and married, in 1827, Rosina, daughter of the late Francis Massey Wheeler, of Lizzard Connell, county Limerick. The deceased peer represented St. Ives in 1831, Lincoln from 1832 to 1841 and Herts from 1852 to 1866. He served as Secretary of State for the Colonies from May, 1858, to June, 1859.]

Napoleon.

Four hours after the death of the Emperor, Signor Brucciani and his assistants arrived at Chiselhurst to take a mask of his face for the use of the sculptor to whom the Empress should eventually intrust the execution of the Emperor's bust in marble. Neither the Empress nor the Prince Imperial, nor any of the Imperial household, was present while the mask was taken. The body of the Emperor was arranged on the little camp bedstead which stands at the side of the larger one he usually slept on, and on which the surgical operations had been performed, and the Emperor breathed his last. But before the mask was taken, the affection of the Empress, which would have fain falsified the verdict of the physicians, suggested that a mirror should be placed near the Emperor's mouth to test whether or no a spark of life remained. A small hand mirror was sent by the Empress for the purpose, and applied accordingly to her Majesty's desire, but, as was expected, the glass remained untarnished by a breath, and so the Empress was informed. But her solicitude went farther, and she sent two quills, with the desire that they might be inserted in the nostrils, prior to the pouring on of the plaster, as is the custom when a mask is taken from a living model. On a respectful information being conveyed to the Empress that such an arrangement was unnecessary, she waived her desire, and permitted Signor Brucciani to proceed with his work, and the preparations for the impression of the whole of the head and the upper part of the breast of the Emperor were quickly made. The massive mustache was carefully waxed and brought down over the points of the mouth towards the chin and the imperial was also waxed and pressed close to the chin. These and other minor arrangements resulted in the production of a most faithful likeness. The cast since taken from the mold shows the Emperor's face to be very round and full, and marked with a most peaceful expression, and it does not bear a trace of pain.—*Pall Mall Gaz.*

The Emperor bore his fall well. There was majesty—innate, real, and due—in his quiet submission to an exile's narrowed fortunes, after all the dazzling days of his greatness, and the grand experience of the time when he was lord and master of European events. To others he was, perhaps, perjurer, usurper, despot—whatever Paris, in her suffering, bitterly says; but to us he was quiet and rural gentleman in these latter days—placid, grateful and fair mannered in his prodigious adversity. Let us, then, complete to him and his the melancholy tribute of our hospitality, let us recall the many kind memories of his fidelity to friends, his kindness of heart, his [illegible], his patience, his silence under unjust calumnies, his submission to the accomplished fact. These things were true of him, as well as the other things; and they make the death-bed at Chiselhurst a place for the forgiving wishes and respectful meditations which belong to the presence of the dead.—*Daily Telegraph.*

No bigger scoundrel ever swung at the Old Bailey than he (Napoleon) whose carrion now infects the atmosphere at Chiselhurst. This was the oath he took on being installed as President in the National Assembly: "In the presence of God, and before the French people, represented by the National Assembly, I swear to remain faithful to the Democratic Republic, and to fulfill all the duties which are imposed upon me by the Constitution." And this oath he unhesitatingly broke to suit his own selfish purposes, and caused men, women, and children, the aged and the infirm—all, in short, who resented his perfidy, either by word or deed—to be shot down by his brutal intoxicated soldiery, whilst he, like a cur and a craven, as he really was, sat shivering with fear, but in perfect security, in the palace of the Elysée. With such competent for further mischief, the world at large will be thankful that such a dangerous monster has been removed from its surface. The past execrates, the present laughs at and loathes, and the future will curse and anathematize him as the scourge of France. And so ends the earthly career of one whose name, associated with scarcely a single virtue, is linked with more than a thousand crimes.—*Reynolds's Newspaper.*

SAN JOAQUIN AND KING'S RIVER CANAL AND IRRIGATION CO.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the San Joaquin and King's River Canal and Irrigation Company, held the 21st day of January, 1873, it was unanimously resolved, that in order to secure a [illegible] the completion of the [illegible] works for the benefit of the agriculture and [illegible] State, the President is hereby instructed to open books for the subscription of 15,000 shares of the 100,000 shares of $100 each, capital stock of this Company, at the present cash cost of the work now done. No subscription to be received for less than 50 shares. Notice is hereby given, [illegible] that the books for the subscription for the 15,000 shares are now open at the office of the Company, No. [illegible] California street, for [illegible] thirty days. Capital Stock, [illegible] divided into 100,000 shares of $100 each. [illegible] [illegible] water for irrigating [illegible] [illegible] from Tulare Lake [illegible] For further particulars and terms of subscription, apply at the office of the Company.
Jan. [illegible] J. MORA MOSS, President.

E. C. Newhoff C. D. Dunn M. D. Carr.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

Mercantile Printing House, N. E. corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets. CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF, Practical Book and Job Printers, desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now prepared to do every description of printing in the very best style of the art. Our presses and type are all new, and of the very latest styles. Give us a call. The third floor of the building in which our office is, is [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] on very reasonable terms. Apply to [Mar. 11.] CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] intending settlers and others, [illegible] call on W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 5[illegible] California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

REDUCTION IN GAS

Office of the San Francisco Gas Company, March 15, 1872.—Notice is hereby given that on and after this date, the price of Gas will be reduced from Four Dollars and Seventy-five Cents ($4.75) to Three Dollars and [illegible] Cents ($[illegible]) per Thousand feet. March [illegible] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OR DRIVERS OF VEHICLES

The Annual License is now due for the year ending January 1, 1874. If not paid on or before January 31, 1873, an addition of 25 per cent. will be added each month for delinquency. E. H. BUCKLEY, License Collector. Jan 18 Room No. [illegible], City Hall.

RICHARD HEYES & CO.,

Cigars, Wine and Liquor Merchants, 320 Kearny, and 105, 407 and 409 [illegible] streets, San Francisco. Address P. O. Box [illegible]. Jan. 25.

POLL TAXES FOR 1873 ARE NOW DUE.

Payable at the Assessor's office, or to a Deputy.
Jan. 18 LEVI ROSENER, Assessor.

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 312 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco. J. A. MARS, Assayer. Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters, etc. Aug. 31.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

— Considering the extraordinary prosperity of the country, it is really remarkable to observe the constant stream of emigration from its shores. From the annual return of the exodus from the Mersey issued by the Government officers of Liverpool, it seems that the total number of ships which sailed "under the Act" was 447, with 185,643 passengers; the number of short ships was 340, with 10,047 passengers, making a total of 787 ships and 195,730 passengers. This shows an increase, as compared with 1871, of 43 ships and 29,891 passengers under the Act, and of ships not under the Act an increase of 74 ships and a decrease of 301 passengers. The total emigration for the year was as follows: To the United States, 505 ships, with 15,134 cabin passengers and 148,444 steerage. The nationalities were as follows: English, 75,543; Scotch, 2,817; Irish, 21,620; other countries, 60,876. To Canada there were 42 ships, with 1,773 cabin and 16,263 steerage; the nationalities of the passengers being: English, 11,812; Scotch, 36; Irish, 21; and other countries, 6,766. To Nova Scotia the number of passengers that sailed direct from Liverpool were 823 cabin and 983 steerage; of these, 1,740 were English, 5 Scotch, 7 Irish, and 60 other countries. To Newfoundland there sailed 35 cabin passengers and 12 steerage, all of whom were English. One ship left the Mersey for Vancouver's Island with 63 cabin and 275 steerage passengers. Of these 192 were English, 40 Scotch, 70 Irish, and 226 foreigners; total, 528. To South America there sailed 8 ships, with 425 cabin and 1,505 steerage passengers; of these 1,517 were English, 108 Scotch, 119 Irish, and 189 foreigners, making a total of 1,933. The total number of passengers as stated above was 155,743, and the nationalities, 90,253 English, 2,726 Scotch, 24,539 Irish, and 67,926 foreigners.

— Railway travelers in India have their share of danger as well as ourselves, to judge by an exciting incident, reported by the Delhi *Gazette* as having occurred recently at Umballa. A special train conveying troops was to leave for down country. The engine-driver refused to get up steam and put the train in motion. His conduct was reported to the station-master, who ordered the police to arrest him, as he (the driver) was evidently "under the influence of liquor." The driver, on seeing the police coming to arrest him, jumped upon the engine and began steaming. The engine had moved to the end of the platform, when the station-master, who deserves great credit for the presence of mind he displayed on the occasion, jumped upon the engine and put the break on; a scuffle took place, but the driver was eventually secured. At this moment the guard, who had also been drinking "rather too much," caused a disturbance at the other end of the platform; the police, however, after some little difficulty, secured him, and marched the pair off to the thana. There is, it is stated, every probability of these convivial officers losing their situations.

— Some interesting particulars respecting public libraries are reported. The library of Boston now possesses 204,000 volumes, with an annual issue of 380,343. The Cincinnati Library has 50,000 volumes, with 37,075 issues, not including periodicals. This collection contains, in some instances, from ten to fifteen copies of the books most in demand, usually belonging to the department of standard fiction. The experiment of opening on Sundays has been tried with signal success. The library of the Cooper Institute, New York, was also opened, for the first time on Sundays, on the 13th of October. The Mercantile Library of San Francisco, not a public institution, has 30,000 volumes, and is taking extreme pains to collect everything relating to California and the Pacific Coast.—*Public Opinion.*

— The Culp method of curing tobacco, as distinguished from the old method, is described as follows: It has been customary to hang the cut plant up by the butt under a shed, with the leaves pressed against the stalk. Mr. Culp hangs up the plant horizontally so that each leaf is separate, in a tight house, so arranged that it can be ventilated and heated. Instead of allowing the plants to hang up until dry enough to use, he takes them down several times and lets them ferment in piles, his process being based on actual chemical analysis of the elements needed to obtain the highest development of the good qualities, and the throwing off of the bad qualities found in the plant when green, or formed during the process of curing.

— An unfortunate accident has occurred to one of Miss Vinnie Ream's works of art. During the whole of last summer she had been engaged in the execution of an equestrian model for the statue of Farragut. Recently it was conveyed to the Capitol for competitive examination. While being lifted from the carriage in which it had been conveyed, the workmen who had charge of it let it fall, and the model was smashed into a thousand pieces. Miss Ream, however, is likely to prepare another model for exhibition, as the Senate have extended the time for presenting models for the statue of the great American naval hero.

— A married woman in Decatur, Ohio, the other day, pining for her husband's society, went with her three little children to the billiard-room and took a seat by his side. "It's disgraceful," said he, looking daggers at her. "I know it," continued the injured wife, "and you have borne the disgrace so long, my dear, that I am determined henceforth to share it with you," and she took out her knitting-work and settled down for the evening. He went home much earlier, and it was the last of him seen in that billiard-room.

— Women's rights (says the London correspondent of the Manchester *Guardian*) have at length been recognized in high quarters. The Local Government Board have recently appointed a lady poor-law inspector, at a salary of £400 a year, to report upon the domiciles and the treatment of children who are boarded out, after the system which is generally adopted in Scotland. Mrs. Nassau Senior is the lady upon whom this distinction has been conferred.

— Calcraft, the hangman, is a robust, benevolent-looking old man, with a slight stoop and a trifle shaky in his gait, who wears a clerically cut black coat and long white hair and beard. His assistant, and probably successor, is a well-to-do Welshman, of thirty-five, who has a morbid fondness for witnessing last scenes. They both are amateur gardeners when not professionally employed.

— Mr. Anderson, the messenger of the Bank of Nova Scotia, Halifax, has been in that employ for twenty-eight years. During that time he has never been absent one day on account of sickness. Averaging his daily journeys at fifteen miles, he goes over 4,680 miles a year, and in the twenty-eight years he has accomplished the respectable distance of 131,040 miles.

— Miss Ellicott, daughter of the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, has met with a severe accident while hunting with the Berkeley hounds. Her groom cleared a fence and a wide and nasty ditch. Miss Ellicott followed, her horse fell, and the rider was thrown. Miss Ellicott was stunned, and remained insensible for half an hour. She is progressing favorably.

— "A lady," "come in for a heap of money," is enabled to keep a footman. On the first occasion when she felt herself capable of criticizing, she remarked, "Thomas, I'm surprised at your bringing in a note like that in your fist. In footor, always bring it on a salira."

— A certain city was about to be destroyed. The women were allowed to leave, and were told that they might carry away on their backs whatever they most prized. Each woman took a man.

— A grocer of Lowell, Mass., has a sagacious dog who never sees anything being weighed on the scales without putting one foot on the platform and 'innocently looking out at the door.

— To Adriel Sherwood, ex-High Sheriff of Leeds and Grenville, Ontario, belongs the honor of being the first Sabbath School Teacher on the Continent of America.

— Articles amounting in value to the enormous amount of nearly £90,000,000 were exported from Liverpool last year, being an increase of upwards of £5,000,000 over 1871.

— The claimant, Tichborne, has removed to more plebeian quarters from Brompton Square, London. The subscriptions to the "defense fund" have almost ceased.

— The names of all officers in the Canadian active militia force have been sent to the British War Office for insertion in the next issue of the British *Army List.*

— The last of the French prisoners in Germany, 54 in number, arrived in Paris Christmas week.

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THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 31.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

FOLEY & FLORANCE.

North Beach Livery Stable, Powell Street, below Filbert, San Francisco. Carriages to Let. Horses taken on Livery. All orders left at the stable promptly attended to, day or night. Clarences 63, 80, 119 stand on California street, opposite 432. All orders left there will meet immediate attention. Nov. 30.

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC LOHMAN. JOHN W. TAYLOR.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.
Nov. 30. 501 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 400 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

LINDENBERGER & BURKE,

Commission Merchants, Nos. 28 and 30 Sansome St., San Francisco, and Agents of the Willamette Woolen Mills, Salem, Oregon. Oct. 5

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 400 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug 17.

D. F. VERDENAL.] POULTERER & VERDENAL, [T. J. POULTERER.

Stock Brokers, San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board, 409 California street. May 11.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 18.

GIANT POWDER COMPANY.

The Giant Powder Company, Bandmann, Nielsen & Co., General Agents, 210 Front street. Nov. 21.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 16, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

THE NEWS LETTER

Is FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Malls.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co, Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Towns & Co, Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—P. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co, S. H. Stamulz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa, Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co, Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

Wayside Gushings.

BY MRS. HARRIS.

Poor Sayrah's 'art 'ave been that broke by that unnat'ral court,
Likeways my nerves, through Tyler's speech, 'ave been that hoverwrought
That, but for 'ot Scotch taken cold, I think I must 'ave died
Vile hevery 'alf-'our Sayrah 'ave hysterically cried.
The Judge 'ave issued a *mandamus* on the grand pianner,
And 'ave put a veto of two veeks on Sayrah's rich sopranner,
So vot to do ve 'ardly know to vile away the time
'Till the trial's o'er and then vonce more ve'll mount on vings sublime.

Thinkin' to cheer that blessed gal and stop 'er hawful groans,
I propojed on Sunday hevenin' we should go to Dr. Stone's;
"They say," says I, "he makes von laugh ven tryin' to be grave,
Vile he tries to hanswer Tyndall on the power of prayer to save;
Folks think it hodd, if prayer to God vill change our life's events,
That it don't 'elp to fill 'is church and double 'is pew rents,
Likeways hinfuse a few ideas into 'is borrowed talk,
Or hinduce 'im to give up 'is place and take up 'is bed and valk."
But Sayrah fell upon 'er knees and begged me not to take 'er,
"For," says she, "I'd rather spend a hevenin' vith a Hundertaker;
That voice of Stone's do freeze my bones, it sounds so werry 'ollow,
And ven I am conwerted 'taint that sort of man I'll follow.
Instead of that, dear missus, take me to Union 'All,
Vere there is a grand vedd'n' and to-night vill be a ball;
The moosic vill relieve my 'ead—O, missus, say you'll go,
For I long to drown my troubles in the light fantastic toe!"

"Vot if the *News Letter* should 'ear ve'd danced on Sunday night,
'Twould wex 'is righteous soul to think ve'd both turned 'eathens quite,
For that hancient party, tis vell known, each Sabbath spends in prayer,
An' singin' hymns vile sittin' in 'is leathern-bottomed chair.
Likeways 'the Gospel Medium' would hup'raid us for profanity,
And be sure to say that 'Arris 'ad abandoned Christianity,
Vile the other pious noospapers vould all likeways come down on us,
And hevery parson in the town would 'enceforth only frown on us."
'Owever she did plead that 'ard that I took 'er to the ball,
And werry much we was hadmired and stared at by them all.
'Oo should be there but Sawyer, Judge Blake, and 'alf the town
A-dancin' fit to break their necks and bring the buildin' down.
A vhisper ran along the 'All, "There's 'Arris and 'er Sayrah,"
And I 'eard the 'igh-toned fellers say, "there ain't a gal that's fairer."
Judge Blake says, "Mrs. 'Arris, may I hook you for a waltz?"
Vile Sawyer soon led Sayrah off—I'm afeard that man is false.
'Er poor perliceman, who's laid up, 'ad best keep a look-out,
But I 'ollered to 'er, "Sayrah, now pray mind vot you're about!"
So ve danced till daylight on the floor, vich is of best ma'ogany,
Forgetful of the catechism and likeways Dooterogony.
The Foreman of the Jury asked my 'and for a quadrille,
And fetched me some neat vh'sky ven I fancied I felt ill;
I think the man is smit vith me he acted that perlite,
Vich may hinfluence the werdict, so I danced vith 'im all night.

The trial is still goin' on and vill last yet many days,
For Sawyer's speech may p'raps be long and vill probably amaze
The Judge, the jury and the town, who 'ave only 'eard von side,
And little dreams the heloquence that Sawyer will provide;
For I do 'ear, that vith bottled beer, he sits up 'alf the night
Study'n' 'is speech and makin' sure he gets it off all right.
Sparerib 'ave just been put, a-shakin', on the vitness stand,
The wretched critter is shrunk up and 'is conshuns is unmanned.
The Judge varned 'im of perjury at hevery vord he said,
And vile he swore he 'ad von 'and up to 'is bimplous 'ead.
"Sparerib," says Sawyer, ven he rose for cross-hexamination,
"I hunderstand as sassiges is your sublime wocation.
Remember, Sparerib, ven you speak, the hawful hoath you're hunder,
And be werry careful in your hanswers not to make a blunder.
Tell me, do you remember, sir, an 'andsome black tom cat,
As was the dread of lawless mouse and hevery wulgar rat!"
'Ere Tyler jumped up in a rage and said, "May't please the Court,
The learned gent is puttin' quest'ons vich he didn't ought.
Vot 'as that tom cat got to do vith this hinwestigation!
Do the gent propose to poke 'is nose through the hanimile creation?"
The Judge 'ere shook 'is learned 'ead and said: "It is not clear
Vot the object counsel 'as in puttin' questions like this 'ere."
"Your Honor," replies Sawyer, "I vish to show the pallor
Of a man as murdered in cold blood that hunoffendin' crater'."
"You may put the question," says Judge Blake, "and then the Court vill see
Vether the cat vos killed by 'im or died of *felo de se.*"
'Ere Sparerib's knees together knocked, and, like a aspen leaf,
He asked for a glass of vater to afford 'is nerves relief,
Vile he clung, like ivy on a vall, to the harms of two perlice,
And said, "All that I vants is to make Sayrah keep the peace."
'Ere Sayrah 'ollered "murderer!" ven the Judge, vith a gentle frown,
Says, "Sayrah, calm your feelins', keep quiet and sit down."
"Now then," says Sawyer, lookin' round vith triumph in 'is eye,
"P'raps you'll tell us, Mr. Sparerib, 'ow that tom cat came to die?"
"I 'it it vith a stone," says he, "to stop its caterwaulin',
And ven last I see'd it, off the vall, vith an 'orrid screech 'twas fallin'."
"Did you not, Sparerib, go that night into the alley passage,
Pick up the carcass, take it 'ome, and make it into sassige?"
'Ere Sparerib fainted right away and 'ad to be took out,
Vile Sawyer said, "The Court now sees that I knows vot I'm about."

An English Woman's Experience in an American Sleeping Car.

Journeying from Boston to Washington, the authoress had her berth made into a bed, and, divesting herself of her outer garments, retired behind the curtain and slept till daybreak. "I knew," she proceeds, "that at each end of the sleeping car there was a toilet-room, white marble basins and washing paraphernalia. I put my head out between the opening of the curtain to see if the place was unoccupied, when, to my amazement, what should meet my eye, all the way up and down the narrow corridor, but stockinged—no, I mean socked—feet struggling into boots of the most decidedly masculine 'persuasion.' As I was contemplating the possibility of threading my way through this novel, living hedge, I came to the knowledge that I was the only lady in the car, and that, unknown and unprotected, I had been passing the night in the most ignorant and reckless security with about twenty men! In any other country this discovery would have been horrifying in itself, and extremely disagreeable in its results, but, short as my experience of American chivalry had been, it was quite sufficient for me to know that I had absolutely nothing to feel uncomfortable about. Most of the gentlemen did me the honor to ignore my presence completely, thereby making me feel very much assured; those that did not neither stared nor spoke; but, as the train slackened at the Jersey City station, two of them helped me down the steps of the platform, and, one taking my shawl and the other my hand-bag, said: 'Allow me, madam, to see you to the ferry,' whither they accompanied me, and bowed themselves off."

— A young Briton lately won a bet on spiders in the following ingenious manner. He wagered that a spider which he would produce would cross a plate quicker than a spider to be produced by a friend. Each spider was to have its own plate. His opponent's spider, however, on being started, would not stir, whilst its rival ran with immense speed. The bet was consequently lost, and the loser soon found out the reason why—his friend had a hot plate.—*Scientific American.*

— The California Placard Exchange will open for bus'ness about March 1st.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $375,000. OFFICERS:—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice-President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary; H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS.—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Grogan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. B. Holbs, H. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, B. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch: P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Loewenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager; W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager; I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch: H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager; N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch: T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager; A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 15.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 11 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,002,500, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 435 California street—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital $200,000. DIRECTORS: W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, John H. Wise, Chas. J. Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, Charles Main, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, James Phelan, D. H. Haskell. Sacramento: H. S. Crocker, N. D. Thayer, F. S. Freeman.
C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. HORNER, Secretary. Jan. 18.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent.
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $5,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,150,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
W. L. BOOKER, Agent.
[Jan. 13.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1720.)

Cash Assets. $13,000,000.
☞ Fire Risks at current rates. [Nov. 16.] CROSS & CO., Agents.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb. 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouses and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan. 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The Staunch and Favorite Steamship "Newbern," A. N. McDonough, Master, will sail on her next regular trip on . . . . . at 12 o'clock M., from Front street wharf, connecting at the mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona, the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of Lading will be furnished, and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
August 3. 410 Front street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 18th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 12.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

G. W. CHESLEY.] G. W. CHESLEY & CO., [J. S. JONES.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Fine Wines and Liquors. Sole Proprietors of CONDURANGO BITTERS. 414 Front street, San Francisco. 51 Front street, Sacramento. August 11.

THE OFFICE OF THE CEDERBERG GOLD MINING CO.,

And Manhattan Marble Co., of California, is removed to No. 310 PINE STREET. [Feb. 1.] D. M. BOKEE, Secretary.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

OUR LETTER BOX.

What They Say.

Dear News Letter:—The closing "German" of the series last Friday was in every respect a success. These parties have been delightful; this is the universal verdict. The ball was rather jammed, but all things went on pleasantly. There were not as many pretty faces present as usual. The Sacramento-street House was out in full force, duly frescoed for the occasion. One of the ladies gives herself such blasé airs, that it is quite riling to behold. Another looks so sweetly at you with her pretty eyes, that she quite enchants you and cuts deep gashes in your heart. The oldest of all is also very pleasant, but I will not say a word about her, for fear it would turn her head to see herself in print. One of the sweetest girls present was pretty Miss B. She is petite, with very pretty eyes, and such charming ways, and a smile positively enchanting! I overheard a conversation between two ladies in the supper room, which being very interesting, I could not help listening to. I will not name the fair ones; suffice it to say that they are two of the best dancers. They were discussing who were the good gentlemen waltzers. They named quite a lot, I only remember a few: Alfred de R., A. B., the man who runs the Australian line, the Philadelphia trunk man, the Cricket boys, Morris, Damon and Pythias, and last, but not least, myself! They say listeners never hear good of themselves, but this time the saying is at fault, for they named me second, and had quite a long talk about it, never for an instant dreaming that I was nigh. They named a lot more, but I cannot think of them. A vote of thanks ought to be tendered the managers for their efforts to make the "Germans" successful. Tuesday night, C., on Taylor street, gave their first party. I was unwell, and did not feel like going out, but of course, the occasion being such a particular one, I could not stay away. The ball was splendid, but especially the supper. The Macs thought so, too, to judge by the way they "went for it." I left immediately after supper, so I do not know much of what occurred. Wednesday evening the private theatricals mentioned in my last took place. The performance was to commence at half-past eight, but a momentary indisposition of one of the actresses caused it to be postponed till ten. In the meantime the light fantastic was tripped. Miss T., who is a first-class piano performer, played. She does render the classical, as every one knows, in splendid style, and it is delightful to listen to the sweet strains created by her nimble fingers, but her playing of dancing music is, to say the least, peculiar. After an hour's dancing seats were again removed and the folding doors opened, disclosing the curtain. This was a gem by a well known artist. On a green background, in beautiful white letters, with delicate shadowing, was the Yosemite Falls. This was dexterously and gracefully drawn up by some one, whose name I was unable to ascertain. The piece was a very pretty, short comedietta, it is undoubtedly translated, as the tone is decidedly "Frenchy." There are six characters, and they were all exceedingly well acted. These amateurs walked in with all the *aplomb* and *sangfroid* of veterans, and did not seem to be suffering the least bit from stage fright. The pleasantest part was acted by young Chs. S. He had to embrace the three ladies, and did so, as you may imagine, with a good deal of gusto. The youthful bank teller performed his part very well indeed. He got over the difficulties of pronunciation admirably, but what on earth did he keep his handkerchief the whole time in his hand for? When he embraced his wife at the final reconciliation, he looked as happy as a lord. Vienna was capital, he also sang one verse of a serenade, accompanied on the guitar, in good style. Of the ladies I have only to say, they acted charmingly. The programme was very wittily gotten up; it was the work of our Austrian friend, Dr. D. Afterwards dancing was resumed, and continued till late. The youngest of the four sisters played; also Miss Fee-Nee. They both keep splendid time, and it is a pleasure then to dance. Friday there is a large party at the Banker T., on Bush street, then the ball Monday, after that we will all rest for forty days, thanking our stars Lent has come. Good by! Bob.

Courtesy to Strangers.

Editor News Letter:—If we may judge of the whole by the sample, it would appear that the inhabitants of San Francisco have very little sense of the courtesy due to strangers in their city. Having heard that there was to be a grand skating match at Woodward's Gardens last Saturday evening, for the ownership of a certain medal worth $250 (held then, as now, by a resident of this city), we went to see it come off. The Pavilion was pretty well filled, and it was not long before the competition began. It appeared to be the rule that one should lead off, and after performing a series of such evolutions as might occur to him on the spur of the moment, should resume his seat, when the other should endeavor to excel him in the performance of the same maneuvers. It may be proper to observe here that the San Francisco champion almost invariably led off, and executed such a variety of gyrations in such a brief space of time as to give his rival all he could do to remember what he was to imitate, and so distracted his attention from his proper work. Matters ran smoothly enough, however, for the first five or six "rounds." Up to this point the San Francisco hero had been greeted at every movement with thundering applause, while the Sacramento man had received little, if any, encouragement, although the latter, in our humble opinion at least, had shown superior skating. He certainly finished well whatever he commenced, which the other man failed most lamentably to do.

It seems, however, that the champion of this city was conscious of being beaten up to this point, although his friends did their best to make it appear otherwise, for after an interval of a few minutes an individual appeared in the ring, carrying a pair of iron stilts mounted on rollers, which he proceeded to fasten on San Francisco's feet, who forthwith commenced to roll round the arena on them with a dignity and grace only to be rivaled by the majestic undulations of a hog on ice. Having concluded this performance to the intense satisfaction of the spectators generally, he divested himself of the ungainly-looking instruments, and stalking up to his opponent with an air somewhat resembling that of Othello in his most excruciating moments, cast the stilts at his feet, saying, "Just try that now," or words to that effect. Of course, the representative of Sacramento declined, not only objecting on general principles (being a gentleman) to make an ass of himself, but alleging that as it had been previously arranged that the trial was to be one of skill, made upon the kind of skates ordinarily used upon such occasions, and not one of "mountebankism," as it were; that the "hog upon ice" business was a specialty, and consequently barred. Upon this loud hissing and cries of "Go back to Sacramento" rent the air, and amidst shouts of exultation the medal was awarded to the San Francisco gladiator, who, mounted on the shoulders of a partial mob, made a triumphal exit.

Now, can anything be more essentially unfair than this? The pet of this city, with the loudly expressed sympathies of everybody in his favor, and every possible advantage conceded him, was fairly beaten on his own ground. On this he, contrary to all rule and precedent, introduces a specialty, which he had been publicly practicing and exhibiting for some time past. The other man had probably never seen such a performance in his life before, and we presume he will survive should he never do so again. But this is not all. Insult is added to injury, and a stranger, who had acquitted himself well as a skater and behaved in every respect like a gentleman, was hooted by the inhabitants of the city he visited to compete for a prize ostensibly free to all. Respectfully yours, A Disinterested Spectator.

Social Gossip.

San Francisco, February 19, 1873.

Dear News Letter:—A tempest in a teapot is always a grave affair to somebody, I suppose, so it is quite in order, when the momentous question of how to dance is agitated, that the soul of your genial correspondent, Kornerd Porforco, should be profoundly moved. I feel for him as only a "brute," "biped tectotum," and as "sich" care for his kind, and yearn to restore his blasted happiness and temper. Know then, O *News Letter*, that I would not, if I could, prohibit dancing in corners. One may as well dance there as anywhere else on the floor—better, sometimes, if he knows how as well as our friend Bob, for instance. All I meant to take exception to was the exclusive and unyielding occupation of particular spaces, corners or elsewhere, when it happens to interfere, as it often does in a crowded ballroom, with the general movement. Of course I am a bad dancer and splenetic jealous, who won't be the latter when discarded and snubbed for *Jerry, Adonis & Co*! My red face and bad pate is too much for the lady waltzer of the period, but all this does not prevent me in my retirement from noticing a thing or two. One, that the majority of dancers are bad; and two, that a few really skillful ones mingling with the crowd generally avoid collision, and, as a rule, enjoy themselves and regulate others more than those who maintain a separate space on corners under all circumstances. Whichever is best I hope the world will revolve as usual—long enough, anyway, for me to emerge from McCarty's an accomplished cornerist, when I propose to bring my powerful intellect to bear upon some other weighty topic—how to smile, perhaps, or even the proper color of a necktie.

Dejectedly yours, Lurk Onner.

Theatrical, Etc.

California Theater.—*Article 47*, a society drama in five acts, by Augustine Daley, has run the week, and has filled the house each night. It is a very interesting drama, and presents many striking scenes. In New York it had a very long run, which says a good deal for its merits. Miss Graham, as "Cora," was as good as the most exacting critic could wish. Miss Walton, too, as "Marcelle," played with a grace and vivacity truly charming. Mrs. Judah, as the afflicted mother in the Court scene, caused many eyes to look watery. Miss Tracy, in the character of the "Baroness," a woman of the world, is very good. We are glad to see Harry Edwards once more on our boards, and are glad to see that his Mexican trip has neither injured his health nor acting. As a "gentleman of the old *régime*," he is quite at home. Williamson, as the lazy "Bolain," is also very funny and good. The play is put on the stage in first-class style, and we only regret that it is not prolonged into next week.

Alhambra.—Full houses nightly show that the public are not dead to the talent that is now at the "Minstrels." It is seldom that such "knights of the burnt-cork" as Emerson and Allen appear together, with the grotesque "Little Mac" to boot besides the usual talented corps of singers, etc., etc. One of the strongest minstrel companies in the world is at present among us.

Platt's Hall.—The City Guards' benefit was largely attended. Miss Ellie Wilton appeared as "Pauline" in Delicate Ground. Señor M. Ferrer then followed with a guitar solo, and Frank L. Unger with comic songs and dances; both were first rate in their respective performances. It is only fair to state that Mr. Unger's rendering of Cupid elicited more laughter than all the rest put together. The new burlesque, however, by Clay M. Greene was a wretched piece of twaddle throughout, the jokes were far-fetched, and the whole thing hollow. We do not predict for "La Blond Dormante" a place even among third-rate burlesques.

Metropolitan.—Miss Mordaunt, in her play of "Hearts are Trumps," appeared the beginning of the week; but for some cause (we hear on account of Miss Mordaunt being indisposed) the theater is temporarily closed.

"The Parisian Circus," at Wilson's Amphitheater, opposite the Lick House, on Sutter street, is, we are glad to see, a decided success. No Circus that has ever visited our coast has at all come up to this. The performance, all through, is free from the coarseness that one too often sees in circuses. The orchestra is the best we have ever heard in a circus. Mons. Caron and his little boys are too well known here to need any comment. The scenic impersonations by Mr. Dockrill are, of their kind, very good. Young Ducrow's summersaults over ribands and through hoops makes one hold their breath. Mlle. Victorine seems to be a lady of numerous accomplishments, for not only does she walk the treacherous slack-rope with as much ease as we should walk a foot-plank, but she also appears in a bare-back, pony, hurdle and hoop performance, finally jumping, pony and all, through a blazing hoop. We like the jumping, etc., but we object to the smell arising from the "fiery hoop," and would suggest to Captain Wilson the use of some less fragrant combustible than "coal oil." Mlle. Dockrill is rightly styled the "Empress of the Arena," for she is undoubtedly one of, if not the best bare-back rider in the world. Two very clever horses are also shown, one by Kingsley and the other by Dockrill. In the grotesque, Mons. J. Kembell would make an epizootical horse laugh, and his "catching a butterfly" was greeted with roars of genuine laughter. He is the only good clown in the performance, and is irresistibly funny. Harry Clark, the iron-jawed man, is also very good, both in his "jaw-lifts" and trapeze. The whole performance is good from first to last, and we advise all who care for a good circus to go.

The Fabbri Opera Combination commence a short season at the California Theater on Monday with Halévy's grand opera, *La Juive*, with Pietro Baccei included in the cast.

White and Kearns' Amateur Combination Troupe held their minstrel-dramatic entertainment and ball at Platt's Hall on Tuesday. The hall was well filled, and every one seemed pleased.

Mr. J. S. Mansfeldt's first parlor *matinee* came off on Wednesday, the 19th inst. The classical music was very good, and the Bohemian Club Rooms were well filled. The second *matinee* concert is fixed for next Wednesday, at the Club Rooms, on Sacramento street, when popular music will be discoursed.

The Caledonia Ball last night was one of the greatest successes of the season. Everything went along splendidly, and a real good time generally was had. The attendance was large, many of our most prominent citizens with their ladies being present. The forethought that had been evidently displayed in completing the arrangements reflected the greatest credit upon the Managers.

Charles Alper's benefit is fixed for to-night at Maguire's Opera House. The opera of *Il Barbiere de Sivilia* will be produced, with Madame States as "Rosina."

On Tuesday evening, Mr. Harry Elyngo will take a benefit.

Madame Agatha States.—It was our pleasure to hear this lady on her debut, before a San Francisco audience, in Italian opera. Two years have elapsed and again she appears in our midst with a decided improvement both in study and vocalization. Her magnificent voice has attained the fullness which ripe womanhood affords, and her dramatic powers have much improved by constant application and practice. Last Sunday *Un Ballo en Maschera* filled Maguire's Opera House to overflowing, and the singing of the Prima Donna and Signor Baccei amply repaid the audience. The opera, with the exception of the chorus and orchestra, was exceedingly well performed, but Madame States and the tenor alone were powerful enough to carry the piece through and obtain rapturous applause.

Alhambra Theater.

We paid a visit last evening to witness the performance of the Great Emerson Minstrels, under the management of *Thomas Maguire*, to whose enterprise and love of music the public of San Francisco are indebted for this great treat. The Alhambra undoubtedly presents the best minstrel entertainment in the world, and justly deserves the support of all lovers of refined amusement. Not only are we indebted to Mr. Thomas Maguire for this entertainment, but the public at large are indebted to him for the last twenty years for all of the first-class entertainments given in this city, Dramatic, Operatic and Minstrel—in fact, he has imported the greatest *stars* in all branches of the profession, at enormous salary, and, dependent upon the support of our citizens, has upon several occasions lost heavily; and, nothing daunted, he, like Phœnix, rises from the ashes. To show the public that he is willing to cater still for their amusement, we may say on this occasion that it has been hinted that there is to be a beautiful theater erected not far from Market street, and that the great California manager knows something about it. If such is the case, we can congratulate Mr. Maguire upon his success, knowing well that the citizens of San Francisco will ably support any new enterprise that he may enter into for their pleasure and amusement.

To Correspondents.—"Scotia in California" must accept our apology for not publishing his exact orthography. Though his personal adventures may be highly and painfully interesting to himself, the depraved taste of the general public, we fear, would fail to appreciate them. We therefore do not care for "more anon."

— The British ship of war *Curlew* left Shanghai for the Loochoo Islands on the 27th December, in quest of the survivors of the lost ship *Benares*, that left Hongkong for this port on the 14th September. At the English Consulate, Shanghai, a letter was received from one of the survivors, stating that only five of the crew remained alive.

THE LEADING MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, ... Caller.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Baldridge, M.. 606 Montg'y st.
Budd, W. C... 416 California st.
Burling, W... 423 California st.
Ford, J. C. 420 Mont'y, up stairs.
Fitch, J. B.... 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L ... 413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H.. 434 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. R.... 408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with L. Gin-zler & Co. .... 426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 417 Hayw'd B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P.... 418 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H.... 401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W..... 444 Cal'a st.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household accessaries.

Butter, Cal. fresh ℘ lb	50@	
Do. pickled	@	
Do. Packed	@	
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ℘ doz.	40@	45
Lard, ℘ lb	16@	
Ham & Bacon, ℘ lb..	18@	20
Cranberries, ℘ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℘ lb..	2@	3
Do. sweet	2@	3
Lima Beans, ℘ lb	8@	10
Tomatoes, ℘ lb	20@	25
Onions, ℘ lb	4@	5
Squashes, ℘ lb	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℘ lb	3@	5
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	15@	25
Cucumbers, ℘ doz.	6@	
Celery, ℘ doz b.	75@	
Beets, ℘ doz b	25@	
Turnips, ℘ doz b.	25@	
Parsnips, ℘ doz b	25@	
Radishes, ℘ doz b	25@	
Green Peas, ℘ lb	10@	20
String Beans, ℘ lb	6@	
Apples, ℘ lb	6@	12
Pears, ℘ lb	8@	12
Quinces, ℘ lb	6@	
Peaches, ℘ lb	@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℘ lb.	12@	25
Do. new, ℘ lb	@	
Oranges, ℘ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ℘ 100	75@1	00
Limes, ℘ doz	25@	50
Quail, ℘ doz	2 50@2	75
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℘ lb	@	25
Geese, ℘ pair	3 00@4	00
Ducks, ℘ pair	1 75@2	00
Rabbits, ℘ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	35@	50
Oysters, ℘ 100	1 00@	
Clams, ℘ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℘ 100	@	
Salmon, smoked, ℘ lb	8@	12
Salmon, fresh, ℘ lb	15@	
Codfish, ℘ lb	15@	
Rockfish, ℘ lb	12@	
Smelts, ℘ lb	10@	
Tomcod, ℘ lb	15@	
Sturgeon, ℘ lb	4@	
Sea Bass, ℘ lb	6@	
Flounders, ℘ lb	25@	
Halibut, ℘ lb	@	
Perch, ℘ lb	10@	
Shrimps, ℘ lb	8@	
Anchovies, ℘ lb	4@	
Soles, ℘ lb	25@	
Herrings, ℘ lb	6@	

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday and every evening during the week—Miss Agnes Kennedy as "Jenny Leatherlungs"; Cogbill and Cooper in "Plantation Festival"; Jennie Johnson and Lillie Hall in Specialties. J. H. Larkin and Carrie Armstrong in "Hotch Difficulties." Fanny Garretson in Ballads. Lillie Harland in Dances. Charles Verder in Comics. Kelly, Cogill, Cooper, Hreo and others in Negro Acts. The sensation Drama (new) in one act, WOLF, THE ROUGH; THE BRAVO OF THE NEW YORK RING, full of daring incidents and situations. Admission, 25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. Feb. 22.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee—ARTICLE 47. This (Saturday) Evening, Feb 22d—Banim's great patriotic play, DAMON AND PYTHIAS. Mr. John McCullough as "Damon." And IRELAND AS IT WAS. Monday Evening, Feb. 24—The FABBRI Combination will begin a short season of Opera, opening in Halevy's Grand Opera, LA JUIVE. Tuesday Evening, Feb. 25—MR. HARRY EYTINGE'S Grand Complimentary Benefit, tendered by prominent citizens, when will be presented the great play, JACK CADE. Feb. 22.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer; Bob Hart, Stage Manager. Geo. T. Evans, Musical Director.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. Patronized by the wealth, fashion and elite of San Francisco. Immense success of the EMERSON MINSTRELS, with JOHNNY ALLEN, LITTLE MAC, and the following bright stars: Bob Hart, Add Ryman, J. O. Russell, W. F. Baker, M. A. Scott, Sam Rickey, Charles Sutton, G. W. Rockafeller, Benjamin Clark, J. Robinson, and the "ONLY" EMERSON. Feb. 22.

MAGUIRE'S OPERA HOUSE.

Washington st., above Montgomery.—Italian Opera.—Manager, CHAS. ALPERS (who also furnishes the Orchestra). Treasurer, C. G. Wellings.—Saturday Evening, February 22d. Grand Complimentary Benefit tendered the Manager, MR. CHAS. ALPERS, by the Artists, Orchestra, Chorus and numerous friends. The Grand Comic Opera, in 3 acts, by S. Rossini, IL BARBIER DI SIVIGLIA. Madame Agatha States as "Rosina." Prices of Admission—Boxes, $5 to $10; Dress Circle and Parquette, $1, Reserved Seats, 1 50; Gallery, 50c. Doors open at 7 o'clock; commence at 8 o'clock. Feb. 22.

JOHN WILSON'S PARISIAN CIRCUS.

Sutter street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, opposite Lick House.— Saturday Evening, February 22—Grand performance. Grand Matinees Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons. Doors open at 2 o'clock. Box Sheet, for Reserved Seats and Private Boxes, open daily from 10 A. M. till 4 P. M. Admission—Parquette, 50 cents, Dress Circle, $1, Reserved Chairs, $1 50, Private Boxes, $5 and $10.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Ajax, F. Bolles, Commander, will leave Folsom street wharf, for the above port, on TUESDAY, February 25th, at 10 o'clock A. M. [Feb. 22.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally.

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 121 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has now expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at his Factory, 15 and 17 Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself, the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders, Thomas Donnolly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure Unadulterated Saleratus, and his Unadulterated, Unequaled Bicarbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 316 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business, now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.

THOMAS DONNOLLY.

San Francisco, January 25, 1873. Feb. 1.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

Oct 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

Aug. 10.] WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 217 Sansome street.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts, Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc., Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by

A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.

Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 15.

SCUDDER & FULLES,

Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Commissioner of Deeds for all the States and Territories, No. 611 Montgomery street. Feb. 15.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.

LOWNDES & HAMLIN, Agents. Nov. 11

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES.	TEAS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$55 00 @ 57 50	Japans	— 35 @ — 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℘ lb.	— 4 @ — 6	Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
Metal Sheathing, ℘ lb	— 28 @ — 30	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates, I C, ℘ box.	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No. 1, ℘ lb.	— 9 @ — 10
Tin Plates, I X, ℘ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 10
Lead, Pig, ℘ lb	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 7½@ — 8
Lead, Sheet, ℘ lb.	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11½
Banca Tin, ℘ lb	— 40 @ — 42½	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Quicksilver	— — @ — 90	Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℘ ton	15 00 @ 15 25	Sperm Wax, ℘ lb	— 30 @ — 44
Australian	12 00 @ 12 50	Adamantine	— 15 @ — 18
Cumberland	18 00 @ 2 00	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	15 00 @ 18 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	12 00 @ 12 25	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rio, ℘ lb	— 19 @ — 19½	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 22 @ — 25	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 16 @ — 17	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	— 14 @ — 19	Chicken Gunnies, 200 lb.	— 17 @ — 18
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales	— 16 @ — 17
China, No. 1, ℘ lb	— 6½@ — 7	Burlap Bags	— 15 @ — 15½
China, No. 2	— 5¾@ — 5½	Hessian, 40-inch, ℘ yard	— — @ — 12
Hawaiian	— 8½@ — 9	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool, ℘ lb	— 11 @ — 25
Champagne, ℘ doz.	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 7½@ — 8
Port, according to brand, ℘ gallon	3 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 13 @ — 23
Sherry, do do.	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℘ 100 lbs.	1 75 @ 1 95
OIL.		Barley	1 15 @ 1 25
Coal and Kerosene	— 40 @ — 50	Oats	2 00 @ 2 15
		Flour, ℘ 196 lbs.	4 75 @ 6 00

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

March 1st—Steamer JAPAN.. ..Capt. Freeman.

There will be no departure February 16th or March 16th.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

February 27th—MOHONGO, Capt. ——. Both steamers will call at San Diego.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamers falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Friday February 14th, and Wednesday February 26th.
PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Thursday February 20th.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO, SANTA BARBARA AND SAN PEDRO.

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M., as follows:
SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, Saturday February 22d.

FOR CAPE SAN LUCAS, SAN BLAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, March 4th.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M., the 3d.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [22.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,

Agent Decoto Land Company, 604 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 21.

C. MAIN.] MAIN & WINCHESTER. [E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 13.

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE, [B. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Sales-room, 219 Bush street. Factory, 445 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

ARMES & DALLAM,

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Bags, etc., 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

WEBER PIANOS,

At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. ☞ These Pianos have a world wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb 1.]

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 13.

B. NATHAN.] ESTABLISHED IN 1850. [F. DOHRMANN.

B. NATHAN & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in French China Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware. Glass Shades all sizes. Successors to R. A. Swain & Co.'s Retail Business. Show Rooms, 536 to 542 Kearny st. 540 KEARNY ST., cor Sacramento, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

GEO. H. EGGERS.] EGGERS & CO., [CHR. H. VOIGT.

Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions. Agents of the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Roney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

E. F. CHILD,

Stock Broker, 503 California street, San Francisco, California. March 8.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

English Readers and Publicity. —A recent calculation relative to the principal European languages shows that English is spoken by ninety millions of persons, inhabiting Great Britain and Ireland, North America, the Bermudas, Jamaica, Cape of Good Hope, Australia, Van Diemen's Land, Newfoundland and the East Indies; German by fifty-five millions, in their own country, Switzerland, Austria, Hungary, Russia, North and South America, La Plata, Austria and the East Indies; Spanish by fifty-five millions in Spain, Cuba, Mexico, the Republics of South America, Manila, etc., and French by forty-five millions in France, Belgium, Switzerland, Canada, Cayenne and North America. When it is considered that the *European Mail* comes under the notice of this large mass of readers, its importance as an organ of publicity will be fully recognized. Which the *San Francisco News Letter* most heartily indorses.

"Ah, misery!
O breathless lips! can ye not speak to me?
Thou soulless mimicry of life, my tears
Fall scalding over thee, in vain, in vain!
I press thee to my heart, whose hopes and fears
Are all thine own; thou dost not feel the strain,
O thou dull image! will thou not reply
To my fond prayers and wild idolatry?"

So sang one who had never seen one of Brad ex & Rulofson's life fac-similes, taken at their studio on Montgomery street. Had she seen one of their photographs she would have sung a happier strain.

Did you ever know an Irish servant that hadn't a dozen cousins? A friend of ours says that he once forbade them his kitchen, but it was of no use, they came, and when he came they were hid away. His kitchen chimney smoked one day; he knew not wherefore, he knows now. He says that a kitchen chimney will smoke when there is a journeyman baker up the flue. This seemed reasonable, and we believed him; but when he said that he did not use Donnelly's Yeast Powder, made at 315 Clay street, we pitied him, and doubted his sanciness.

"Give me, indulgent gods, with mind at ease
Let me shake off the week's dull heavy load
And quietness heart, to range the sylvan scene,
Of care—at Thorpe's, on the San Bruno road—
No splendid poverty, no smiling care,
And in those gardens and that loved retreat,
No wicked hate, or servile grandeur there.
Hotel
Did every care and grief farewell.

"That's a pretty turn-out of mine, is it not?" said an ex-official friend of ours the other day, as he pulled up his really fine team in front of our place. The opportunity for a joke was not to be missed, and we observed that "it certainly was a nice turn-out, and much better in every way than the 'turn-out' the Government gave him a month ago. It was a little too bad, as he had a nice team, with harness and trappings made to perfection by Messrs. Main & Winchester, on Battery street.

Who'er excels in what we prize,
Appears a hero in our eyes.
Each girl, when pleased with what is taught,
Will have the teacher in her thought.
So those who once have sat and wrote
Of Moore & Gilbert's desks do quote
Them as the only ones they meet
That suit the hands as well as feet.
At two hundred and nineteen Bush is the store,
Don't use any other any more.

In eburna vagina plumbeus gladius. Had Diogenes lived in our days he would have applied the same epithet, with but a slight change, to most of our imported wines, for if the poet's "leaden sword in ivory sheath," they are arrant frauds in fine bottles. Not so our native wines, the purity is only equaled by their flavor, which, to an unprejudiced taste, is as fine as any imported. To be convinced, you should go to Eberhart & Lackman's, corner of First and Market streets, you will then drink no more imported rubbish.

"Wine! Bring wine!"
Let the crystal beaker flame and shine,
Brimming o'er with the draught divine!
Not from the Rhine—
Not from the fields of Burgundian vine.
Bring me the bright Olympian wine,
Bring Gerke sweet!—
And get it at Hamlin's on Market street;
It has strength and vital heat.

"The loftiest pine is oftenest shaken by the winds, high towers fall to the earth with a heavier crash, and lightning strikes the summit of the mountains," but this rule does not apply to everything. You cannot get too good furniture, or too substantial, as long of course as you combine elegance with durability. To do so you will have to go to one place, and one place only—that is, N. P. Cole's large warehouse, next the Mercantile Library, on Bush street.

The Spring has ripened into summer
The Winter's cold and rain is past;
The glorious sun has reached its golden time,
And I have found a happy home at last.
A home where the morning sun shines bright,
And the rooms are airy and sweet—
If you stop at the Gait House you'll own I'm right.
Six thirty-two Market street.

No insurmountable barriers exist to the construction of a railroad from Goat Island to the city. No greater obstacle would have to be surmounted than have been overcome by the advanced engineering skill of our country before. The granite mountain will yet bow before the hand of enterprise, and water, no matter what its depth, can only be bridged over or tunnelled under. All these may be accomplished, but no mortal can ever make a whisky to equal Cotter's, as sold by Hotaling, on Jackson street, below Montgomery.

She once was sitting here with us,
She sang, and spoke, and smiled,
And O, we loved to have her thus,
But she has gone, my child.
That picture hanging on the wall
Is all that's left of Bell,
And you must, too, at "Taber's call,
And get one done as well.

"Don't cut me up in that style." This exclamation, to our utter amazement and horror, came from a joint of beef we were carving, or rather trying to carve; the wife fainted, the children screamed, and we—well, we bolted. Our family carver was just a little blunt; since then we have purchased a set of carvers, etc., of M. Price, 415 Kearny street. Our joints now hold their peace, and the family circle is once more happy.

"Onward drivest Time, and in a little while our lips are dumb." All things have their season—
"Oh Time! how on thy rapid flight
Do all life's phantoms fly away,
The smile of hope and youn de girl,
Fame's meteor beam and fancy's ray."

Alas! this is too true, but while we have life let us enjoy it and prolong it by calling in at Emerson Coville's place, the Saddle Rock, on pine street, and eating some of his delicious and strengthening bivalves.

No man looks really dressed till he has had a good, clean shave, and his hair properly fixed up. The only place to get this done well is at the Rose House hair-dressing saloon, 221 Montgomery.

Newton's apple, Frank in's kite,
Gave laws to lightning and to light.
Muller's Spectacles give sight
To see and read in any light.

Found, a happy man. He had just come in from a drive on the San Bruno road, and had called in at Harry Blanken's.

—About 135 blue-jackets are about to leave England for Australia in order to man the tenders designed to put down slave-dealing and kidnapping in the South Seas.

Auction Sale of Real Estate.

At Maurice Dore & Co's (H. A. Cobb, auctioneer) auction offering of real estate on Wednesday, there was considerable interest manifested. Bidding was more spirited than for some time past, and the transactions were unusually large. Four 50-vara lots in Block 319, Western Addition, realized $20,900 in the following subdivision: Fifty-vara forming the northwest corner of Pacific and Webster streets, 137½ feet on the former and 127 feet 8½ inches on the latter street, $7,400; adjoining 50-vara westerly on the north side of Pacific street, same dimensions, $6,700; 50-vara forming the southwest corner of Broadway and Webster streets, 137½ feet on the former and 127 feet 8½ inches on the latter street, $4,000; adjoining 50-vara westerly on the south side of Broadway same dimensions, $3,000. In Block 212, Western Addition, two 50-varas were sold as follows: Northeast corner of Haight and Laguna, 137½ feet on the former and 120 feet on the latter to Rose avenue, on which it also fronts 137½ feet, $10,000; adjoining 50-vara easterly on the north side of Haight street, 137½ x 120 feet to Rose avenue, $7,075. Lot on the north side of Ellis street, distant 200 feet west from Taylor street, 50x137½ feet, with a fine two-story 12 roomed house thereon, $16,750. Lot on the east side of First street, distant 137½ feet north from Harrison street, 25x67½ feet, with a 20 foot L fronting on a rear street with improvements, $3,800. Lot on the northeast corner of Page and Webster streets, 27½ feet on the former and 204 feet on the latter, $1,550. The sales foot up a total of $60,875.

NOTICE TO WHARF-BUILDERS.

Office of the State Board of Harbor Commissioners, No. 414 Montgomery street, San Francisco, February 6th, 1873. Sealed proposals will be received at this Office until 11 o'clock A. M. THURSDAY, February 20th, A. D. 1873, for furnishing Materials and doing the work of driving 2[illegible] piles and laying 2[illegible],000 feet of lumber, as follows, viz: At North Point Wharf, 1[illegible] piles and 5,000 feet of lumber. At Vallejo street Wharf, 18 piles and 15,000 feet of lumber. At Jackson street Wharf, 30,000 feet of lumber. At La Rue's Wharf, 18,000 feet of lumber. At Howard street Wharf, 30,000 feet of lumber. At Spear and Bryant streets, 30,000 feet of lumber. At Main street Wharf, 50 piles. And 150 fender piles at the various wharves on the City Front. All lumber must be of the best quality of Puget Sound, and subject to the approval of the Engineer of the Board. Fender piles to be not less than 14 inches in diameter at the butt, and of an average length of 45 feet; standard piles to be not less than 12 inches in diameter at the butt, and of an average length of 45 feet. Bids will state a price per thousand feet for number of different dimensions, including plank, stringers, rubbing pieces, and chocks presented in the work, which price must include the cost of taking up and replacing old lumber; a price for each fender pile driven, sawed, and bolted, which price must include the cost of pulling up the old fender piles, and a price for each standard pile driven, sawed, and bolted. Caps to be 12x12 inches, and bolted to each pile with wrought iron bolts, twenty two inches in length, and seven eighths of an inch in diameter, outside stringers to be 12x12 inches, and bolted to each cap with bolts twenty two inches long and one inch in diameter, inside stringers to be 12x12 inches and bolted at each end to the cap with spike-pointed bolts twelve inches long and five-eighths of an inch in diameter, chock to be 12x12 inches and bolted to outside stringers with three bolts five-eighths of an inch in diameter and eighteen inches long, curbs to be 12x12 inches and bolted to the outside stringers with three-quarter inch bolts twenty-two inches long, and four-inch plank to be well spiked to each stringer with eight inch cut spikes. Separate bids will be received for furnishing and driving all of the above piles, and in connection therewith, laying the lumber at North Point, Vallejo street, and Spear and Bryant street Wharves. And separate bids for laying the lumber at Jackson street, Howard street, La Rue's Wharves. The work to be done under the supervision of the Engineer of the Board at such times and places on the water front as the Board shall direct. Payments will be made by draft on the State Wharf and Dock Fund, in gold and silver coin of the United States from time to time, as the work is accepted and approved by the Board and their Engineer. A good and sufficient bond will be required for the faithful performance of the contract. No bid will be considered unless signed by two or more responsible parties and verified. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids as in their opinion the public good may require. Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of the bids.

JOHN J. MALONE, JOHN ROSENFELD,
JASPER O'FARRELL, State Harbor Commissioners.
J. A. McCLELLAND, Secretary. Feb. 15.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, well to suit all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Coupe Phaetons, Jenny Lind Buggies, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carts, Hogs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight which all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory woods and iron without the unsightly and clumsy effects usual in bolt buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, springs, axles, and hubs, and other vehicle parts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete mountain carriage establishment of the kind in the United States, and large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order in short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth cars carry in south and east visitors at the Portland Place. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood Spring and the Side Centre Axle, and the Rockaway, Jenny Lind, Coupe, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 20.

DREDGING.

Office of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, No. 414 Montgomery street, San Francisco. Sealed proposals will be received at this Office until 10 o'clock A. M. THURSDAY, February 20, 1873, for DREDGING ALONG THE WATER FRONT to the extent of 100,000 cubic yards, more or less, the said dredging to be done at such places and at such times and in such quantities, as the Board of State Harbor Commissioners may, by resolution, direct. Bidders will state the rate per cubic yard required for the dredging, and also state the place or places to be deposited in the Harbor at a less distance than one thousand feet from the Water Front of the City of San Francisco. The said work to be commenced within thirty days after the acceptance of the bid. Payments will be made by draft on the State Wharf and Dock Fund, in gold and silver coin of the United States, from time to time, as the work is accepted and approved by the Board and their Engineer. A good and sufficient bond will be required for the faithful performance of the contract. No bid will be considered unless signed by two or more responsible parties as sureties. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids, as in their opinion the public good may require. Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of the bids, at the above named date and hour.

JOHN J. MALONE, JASPER O'FARRELL, JOHN ROSENFELD,
J. A. McCLELLAND, Secretary. Board of State Harbor Commissioners.
San Francisco, February 8, 1873. Feb 15.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 321 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec. 24.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 29

CARD FROM BOSTON MERCHANTS.

Boston, December 15th, 1872.

Captain Wm. H. Seiers, Agent Fireman's Fund Ins. Co. of California:

Dear Sir—In recognition of too very courteous and business-like manner in which our losses by the great fire of November 9th and 10th were adjusted and settled by the officers of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company of California, we take pleasure in inviting you to use our names as references. Very truly yours, Nichols & Hayes, Harper & Bunce, Hapgood & Co., Mann, Bowers & Sawyer, Leon Crock & Bright, Converse & Stanwood, Leckie & Young, Spaulding & Wardwell, Smith Stebbins & Co., D. Webster King & Co., Melody, Blake & Co., Moor, Beal & Hackett, Hooper & Sprague, George William Bond & Co., Brandon, Beales Co., Carter, Mann & Co., Frank F. Hodges, Farley, Amsden & Co. Feb 8.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon & Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 60 Old Broad street, Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 17 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 191 Bishopsgate (within) Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers, The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 223 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co. Threadneedle street, E. C.; Th Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East Indian avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs., W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Strand, W.C.; Thos. Mills, 21 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Merriott, 8 Crown Office Row; Jno Merriott, 31 Glostir st, E. C.; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 2, Stevenson's Building, S. W corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco. Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Burg—In this city, February 5th, to the wife of Emile Burg, a son.
Fitzgerald—In this city, February 17th, to the wife of M. Fitzgerald, a daughter.
Healy—In this city, February 18th, to the wife of James P. Healy, a daughter.
Kruse—In this city, February 15th, to the wife of F. Kruse, a daughter.
Price—In this city, February 20th, to the wife of Henry F. Price, a daughter.
Rau—In this city, February 17th, to the wife of Adolph Rau, a son.
Sarcander—In this city, February 16th, to the wife of J. F. Sarcander, a son.
Utter—In this city, February 16th, to the wife of J. N. Utter, a daughter.
Westerberg—In this city, February 16th, to the wife of G. Westerberg, a son.

ALTAR.

Abrego-Brodie—In this city, February 13th, J. M. Abrego to Isabel P. Brodie.
Albers Riegelhuth—In this city, February 16th, H. Albers to M. Riegelhuth.
Edelman French—In this city, February 16th, Chas. Edelman to Emma French.
Goetjen Goertzhain—In this city, February 16th, J. Goetjen to C. Goertzhain.
Helmer Bourbin—In this city, February 15th, Wm. Helmer to T. M. Bourbin.
Levy Rahn—In this city, February 16th, George Levy to Fredia Rahn.
Shirling Becker—In this city, February 16th, J. C. Shirling to Nellie A. Becker.
Taylor-Taylor—In this city, February 15th, Wm. M. Taylor to Harrisonia Taylor.

TOMB.

Boothman—In this city, February 12th, James Boothman, aged 42 years.
Cleary—In this city, February 16th, Thomas Cleary, aged 47 years.
Cron—In this city, February 15th, Adelbert Cron, aged 41 years.
Dabovich—In this city, February 12th, Christina Dabovich, aged 38 years.
Fogerty—In this city, February 13th, Elizabeth Fogerty, aged 55 years.
Heath—In this city, February 20th, Jemima J. Heath, aged 58 years.
Keller—In this city, February 12th, Michael Keller, aged 82 years.
Kelly—In this city, February 20th, Ellen Kelly, aged 45 years.
LeGouvel—In this city, February 16th, Peter LeGouvel, aged 53 years.
Ohlstrome—In this city, February 15th, F. Ohlstrome, aged 23 years.
Sheridan—In this city, February 19th, John Sheridan, aged 42 years.
Thompson—In this city, February 17th, Wm. L. Thompson, aged 41 years.
Waterhouse—In this city, February 17th, Florence Waterhouse, aged 24 years.

Preaching to the Clergy.

Dear News Letter—The little chapel at the Oaks was the scene of unusual and interesting excitement. Last Friday evening, at our regular conference meeting, the Azure-Eyed Girl was bringing the service to a close by chanting that bewildering song, "David's Lament over the Death of Absalom," by N. P. Willis:

"The waters slept; night's silvery vail hung
Low on Jordan's bosom."

When a gorgeously appointed equipage, whirled along by two spirited bays, upholstered in silver-mounted harness, dashed up to the door of our temple. An elegantly dressed oben son of Affics, wearing the livery of the exclusive upper five hundred, descended from the vehicle, and handed a gilt-edged letter to the Parson, who requested the anxious five to be seated while he read the epistle: It was from the Right Rev. Bishop Kip, and ran as follows:

BISHOP KIP'S LETTER.

Dear Parson:—We, the undersigned, leading divines of the Pacific Slope, occupying the elevated and responsible position of teachers of the people, and directors of the infant footsteps of coming generations in the straight and narrow way that leads to eternal life, have witnessed with extreme agony and alarm the inroads and innovations which are being made day by day upon our once exclusive field of labor. Being representative types of a gilt-edge theology, we have endeavored to popularize our off ris by extensively advertising our sermons in all of the large daily journals, whose wealthy proprietors have a seat in some one of the various temples of our God. The drippings of our sanctuaries, descending as sweet manna from heaven as they filtered through, our consecrated lips, have been disseminated through the secular prints of the day and mixed up with lard oil, codfish, nails, split pea, raisins, molasses, hoop iron, beeswax, mackerel, old junk, pitch, tar, turpentine, and tallow. We have sandwiched them in between all sorts of notices, rum, tobacco, furnished rooms, lost, found, and to let, hoping thereby to reach the heart and understanding of the great unwashed substratum of society. And what has been the result? The papers that should have given us a holy, devout, and somber criticism, have treated our efforts in a spirit of heartless levity. In catering to the great money getting mill lion, the secular press has ridiculed our most solemn pronouncements, and subjected our most earnest prayers and miraculous phenomena to the withering test applied by modern science. Now comes this wretched Darwin, and overthrows the Bible creation by his vicious researches, and Brother Stebbins is inclined to believe it is true, forgetting that truth is the death of our doctrine. Then arises, like a thunder-cloud on the calm atmosphere of our heavenly horizon, this learned infidel, Tyndall backed by one half of the best brains of Europe, and thrusts a chloroform sponge down the very throat of the Rev. Dr. Stone, in the shape of a prayer gauge, and dares him to try the efficacy of prayer before the people. Our ten pounds fire-proof banks discretion the better part of valor in this case, and hides his head behind the cloud of unscribed silence. But the people are not satisfied, they laugh, and say Stone's orthodox thunder is cooked up by Tyndall. Brother Moore went for his congregation last Sunday, with "The Judgment" for a text, but they did not seem to scare worth a cent. It appeared to them to be a long way off, and they felt safe. One sleepy stock broker called out in his dreams, "Take 'em; Billy Savage, seller ninety." Brother Scott has hurled hell at his hearers, until they have all requested him to quit. And so on to the end of the chapter with all of our leading lights of theology. In this strait, dear Parson, we come to you to learn the secret of your immense success at the Oaks. Knowing that you are a well paid and wealthy preacher, we would like a leaf from your book, on the art of winning the multitude. As things look now, our adherents are all dropping away, and we fear our salaries will grow small and painfully less. We are aware, dear Parson, that you have the exclusive pray ing ear of one to omni in the widely circulated and extremely respected religious journal in America, the *News Letter*, we also know that a great portion of your popularity is due to the celebrity of the medium through which you speak to the ribbed world. Yet still there must be a vast amount of intrinsic merit in the emanations from the Oaks, or you would never have been able to obtain a hearing from so distinguished a journal as the *News Letter*, and for that reason we beg you will change your regular day of preaching, and talk to us on Saturday, so that we may have some new points from you that will enable us to hood our hearers in their seats on the Sabbath. Our black servant will wait for an answer. Yours, on anything that wins the people.

Right Rev. Bishop Kip, Rev. Dr. Stone, Rev. Dr. Cox, Rev. Dr. Moore, Rev. Dr. Hemphill, and seventeen others.

The question was put and carried by the five, that we hold service on Saturday and invite the clergy. On the following day there was quite a flutter at the Oaks. The five got themselves up in proper shape to receive the august visitors. The Blond Sister purchased a peck of sandust for her calves, borrowed a paste from the woman who boarded with them to fix up her hair. The Azure-Eyed Girl procured the loan of a switch from Mrs. Cross, and looked radiant. The Pet Lamb wore the scalp lock of one of her lovers, who had been slain in the Modoc war. They served bait on capturing the destines with ornamental hair. The Judge wore a frock-tailed dress coat, which had resided out of his Elmore. Deacon Scott came in costume. He wore the undress uniform of the Vigilance Committee after the hanging of Casey. The Parson sustained the character of a Pilgrim Father after burning a witch at Salem. The divines arrived punctually at two, in close carriages, wearing masks. A select few were admitted, and the doors of the little chapel were closed. Brother Gray, the local minister, tried to gain admittance but was indignantly refused. The salary being only one hundred and fifty dollars per month, paid in drafts on nations, while the *crème-de-la-crème* inside were paid from four to ten thousand a year and presents. The services were conducted in verse, deacon Scott leading off, followed by the five and winding up with the Parson.

DEACON SCOTT.

Thou vast, supreme and primal cause
Thou wast, supreme and primal cause
That dwells within great Nature's laws.
First, last, and all, if any *thing* thou art,
Of which our brother Stebbins is a part,
Can we by supplication catch thine ear?
If so, smile on our brethren gathered here;
Rod up the ages that have pass'd away,
Little day.

BLOND SISTER.

Show them that theologic brains
Show them that theologic brains
Brighter than theirs have gone before,
Countless in number as the grains
That drift along the sandy shore.

AZURED-EYED GIRL.

And where are they? No answer springs
And where are they? No answer springs
From out the wreck of van shed things.
And o'er their long-forgotten graves,
Age upon age, the forest waves.

PET LAMB.

Oh! self-sufficient Bishop Kip,
Oh! self-sufficient Bishop Kip,
Professor *Tyndall's* hand shall clip
The gaudy plumage of thy wing,
And snap the mystic silver string
On which your worship thought to rise
And reach the gates of paradise.

THE JUDGE.

Dear Brother Cox, you're in a box,
Dear Brother Cox, you're in a box,
With fire and brimstone burning;
It fits you well, your home-made hell;
'Tis what you've long been earning.

THE PARSON.

Dear brothers, you've asked me to show you the way,
Dear brothers, you've asked me to show you the way,
That the Parson with ease may the multitude sway.
That the Parson with ease may the multitude sway,
It is this: In a few simple words I will tell—
It is this: In a few simple words I will tell—
Enlarge your small heaven and push out your hell;
Enlarge your small heaven and push out your hell;
Throw as do all the lies you have learned in your youth,
Throw as do all the lies you have learned in your youth,
Be men among men and teach people the truth.
Be men among men and teach people the truth.
Don't tell a poor cuss of a beautiful land
Don't tell a poor cuss of a beautiful land
Where streams are o'erflowing with new milk and honey,
Where streams are o'erflowing with new milk and honey,
And direct his wrapt gaze with one uplifted hand,
And direct his wrapt gaze with one uplifted hand,
While the other goes down in his pocket for money,
While the other goes down in his pocket for money,
Don't prate about God and a heavenly shore,
Don't prate about God and a heavenly shore,
And tell what His Majesty wants us to do,
And tell what His Majesty wants us to do,
As though the great *cause of all* kept a small store,
As though the great *cause of all* kept a small store,
With none to trade with him but preachers like you.
With none to trade with him but preachers like you.
Come out of your chrysalis, open your wings,
Come out of your chrysalis, open your wings,
Roam over the earth and its beautiful things,
Roam over the earth and its beautiful things,
Gaze up to the banner by science unfurled,
Gaze up to the banner by science unfurled,
And read what is written there—truth for the world
And read what is written there—truth for the world
Break away from the mist of theology a shroud;
Break away from the mist of theology a shroud;
Raise your eyes and glance over your orthodox wall,
Raise your eyes and glance over your orthodox wall,
Believe me, my brethren, you'll find, if you look,
Believe me, my brethren, you'll find, if you look,
What you lack in learning will fill a large book.
What you lack in learning will fill a large book.

The Oaks, February, 1873. The Parson

Science or History.

Dr. Carpenter, in a recent lecture, quotes a remark of Canon Kingsley's, addressed to the working-men of Bristol, and approves it, as the admission of a great historian, competent to speak. Mr. Kingsley strongly recommended to his hearers the study of science rather than the study of history; he himself having greatly withdrawn from this latter, because he found it more and more difficult to satisfy himself about the truth of any past events; whilst, on the other hand, in the study of science, he felt that we were always approaching nearer to the truth. Dr. Carpenter adds that Mr. Froude, to whom he repeated this opinion of Mr. Kingsley's, gave it his entire approval; and the lecture closed with the comparison, not wholly new, of the search after truth to the ascent of a mountain, the view of course widening as one ascends. All of this is good as far as it goes, for the encouragement of Dr. Carpenter, and other students, more or less scientific, but is it fairly put, or honestly reasoned? Is it not, on the contrary, false and dangerous in the assumption that science and history are not only indifferent, the one to the other, but in their very nature positively hostile? Surely those are narrow-minded and short-sighted lovers of science, who hope to exclude from the operation of the scientific spirit the relations of men to each other, and their recorded achievements in the past. The prevalent tone of any age, the ruling idea of any one period, is certain to influence all too strongly the minds of most men. Regard for truth and, therefore, real regard for science, should hinder serious minds from establishing fictitious boundaries, and directing objections where nature has made none. The reading world of to-day cannot escape from science, if it comes to you in your popular magazine, it is poured out upon you from the pulpit, it fills a column of your daily paper, in bits of convenient size, your boy confounds you at breakfast with the name of a fish, hauled up from the bottom of the sea, and just classified by Agassiz, and your daughter takes your breath away by defining actions, primarily automatic and secondarily automatic. If people, young and old, need any intellectual pushing, to-day, it is not in the direction of science, as ordinarily limited. They need, on the contrary, very plain talk, to be reminded that there is nothing positive in the world but history, and that to this science belongs, rather than it to science. The world is one, I fear, shallow or ignorant men try to carve it up, as they may; and the past on which we turn our backs so gladly, is all that gives value to our present. We should strive in vain to take out a single day from our lives and set it aside, for the life of man is but a single day, and yet the result of every period is that he has lived. Science not only has its own history, it is indissolubly linked with the general history, that is, with the general life of mankind, of which it makes but a part. An isolated fact in science is of no importance; a chain of such facts begins to assume importance, and why? Because such a chain begins to have a bearing on the life of men, and therefore upon history. In the historic sense, if in no other, we may fairly say that man is the measure of all things, and it can never be other than good and profitable for him to study the record, however dim or imperfect, of man's work on earth. And for men like Mr. Kingsley and Mr. Froude, great historians though they be, in Dr. Carpenter's eyes, it really seems as if a little scientific study of history might be beneficial. A little of the true spirit of science would have saved Mr. Kingsley from the wilful shutting of his eyes on the Roman work, and his mad deification of the Teutonic race to which he belongs, and Mr. Froude, under the same influence, would have written fewer party pamphlets, and might have been able to compose one good history.

Railroad Changes.

The Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railroad, which is the popular route between Omaha and Chicago, and secures the bulk of the California through travel, has long been represented in San Francisco by one of the most popular railroad men who ever came to this coast. We refer to Mr. D. W. Hitchcock. This gentleman has just gone East to assume an important position in connection with the road at Chicago. He takes with him the good wishes of a numerous circle of friends. He is succeeded here by Mr. John S. Gray, who bids fair to soon become as popular as Mr. Hitchcock has long been. The C. B. & Q. road runs the Pullman palace sleeping and dining cars, and serves up elegant meals on board. The management of the road leaves nothing to be desired.

—"Honesty the Best Policy." This is the theme chosen by Rev. Dr. Scott for his Sunday evening lecture, in St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street. Dr. Scott will also preach Sunday morning. Hours of service, 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. Public cordially invited. Sunday School, 9½ A. M.

Sheaves.

A sad autumnal sky—a twilight sky
All colorless and gray.
A low wind whispering through the withered grass
And wandering away;
Bare trees—save for a handful of brown leaves;
A quiet reaper, resting with her sheaves—

How poor they seem! how few, how worthless all!
Ah! for another Spring;
Or if the Summer, late and cold at best,
Might come again and bring
The light and warmth that best matures the grain
Before the frost falls and the latter rain!

And yet He knows, and judges all aright.
Some by the wayside fell,
Some came to naught and some the birds devoured,
And he alone can tell
What bitter chance of circumstance decreed
The utter failure of the cherished seed.

But it may be a diviner air,
Transfigured and made pure,
The harvest that we deemed as wholly lost
Waits perfect and mature
And the faint heart that now defeated grieves
May yet stand smiling 'mid abundant sheaves.
—*Scribner's Monthly.*

Tactics of the German Infantry.

An Imperial decree orders important modifications in the tactics of the German infantry. Henceforth, unless in exceptional cases, the German infantry will always be formed in skirmishing order. Infantry Captains will be mounted on horseback, as it is evident they would not be able to pass over the ground occupied by their companies with sufficient swiftness on foot. The first rank (or third) of the companies being thrown out as skirmishers, the second will be similarly ranged at a distance of two hundred paces (*schritte*) behind, ready to fill up the blanks that may be made in front. The rest of the company will be two hundred metres farther back. By this arrangement it is calculated that the destructive effects of modern projectiles will be greatly diminished. The rapidity of fire possible in the case of soldiers ranged in skirmishing order four or five metres distance from each other will enable them to produce greater results than if they were acting in compact bodies. The new Mauser rifle, with which the German troops are to be armed, is said to be a weapon of extremely destructive powers, capable of being fired twenty-six times per minute, and marking with great accuracy at a distance of 1,600 metres. It is further announced that Bavaria, like Prussia, will soon have its railway battalions. The first company, created by order of King Ludwig, will commence operations on the 1st of February. It includes six officers, twenty sub-officers, twelve Corporals and ninety-two soldiers. At present it is in garrison at Ingolstadt.

A Norwegian House.

A Devonshire gentleman has imported a wooden Norwegian house. The *Times*, in an interesting description of it, says: This was made of pine wood, about six inches thick, the interstices of the logs being filled with oakum, and the whole surface being plastered with a mixture of cowhair and lime. Outside the main wall there is a shell of wood, which is protected with paint against the action of the weather; and again inside there is another shell, which serves as a paneling to the rooms. By staining and varnishing this a good effect is produced. The cornices are carved, by the use of the ribauo saw, in devices of excellent taste. Neither paper for the walls nor plaster for the ceiling is used throughout the house. The logs are placed vertically, which prevents the unevenness so often to be observed in the woodwork of English houses. To avoid the resonance, dry sand to the depth of four inches is placed between ceilings and floors. In addition, the floors of both stories are laid with deals, two inches thick, and millboard is placed under each, with the effect of thoroughly deadening all sound. The house, which presents externally the appearance of a handsome villa residence—brighter, indeed, in color than we commonly see in this country—is an oblong of about 71 by 56 feet. The total cost will be something under £3,000. The estimates previously obtained for a stone house containing about the same amount of accommodation, had reached £4,000, extras not included.

The Radicals and the Land.

The *Spectator* thinks that the present object of the English land reformers is not either to rob owners of their property, or to destroy aristocratical institutions, or to create a peasant proprietary, but to establish free trade in land, so that that particular commodity shall go to those who want it most, or can give most for it, or can waste or employ most money in turning it to account. They want to let the workman buy the tools. If, as they hope, the peasant can give the most for little bits of land, then he will get lands without stealing. If, as they believe, the working capitalist farmer can give most, then he will get it, and work it to purpose, paying high wages to his laborers and getting high work out of them. If, as they fear, the idle capitalist can give most, then he will get it, and getting it, have this temptation to improve it, that he really will have got it, and not merely a life interest in it, so hampered that every pound he puts into buildings, or ditches, or irrigation canals is a pound taken away from the sums on which his daughters will have to live. That is what it comes to now.

— That John Chinaman considers an oath upon the witness stand a sacred and binding obligation to speak "the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth," has lately been made plain in a New York police court where in the trial for the burglarizing of a Chinese "mansion," a native of Hongkong gave evidence in the case. After stating, through an interpreter, that he believed in the existence of a God, and all about the Five Points Mission Church, John was asked by the justice what would become of him if he swore falsely. With all the solemnity of a white necktied dominie of the most [illegible] sanctity, [illegible] of Hongkong answered: "I could never go back to China, and would have to stay in New York all my life." Could aught give greater proof of the binding nature of an oath upon the Celestial conscience? What a profitable source of heavenly instructions is that Mission Church where such precepts are inculcated upon the "Heathen Chinee!"
—*Salt Lake Herald.*

— The American colony in Paris is disturbed by two scandals. One is the arrival there of a very wealthy American banker, in search of his runaway wife, who has eloped with a young scoundrel without a penny, and the other is that the throne of the Demi-Monde, made vacant by the exile of Cora Pearl, has been taken by an American woman, Mrs. Josie Mansfield, who was the cause of the death of Jas. Fisk. This woman has rented a pew in the American Episcopal Church, where she goes on Sundays at [illegible] to her prayer-book with the air of a devotee, [illegible] the disgust of her virtuous sisters who have been irritated all the week by stories of her conquests, and by her appearance at the theater with her victims.

— A Yankee dined recently at Brixton, where they had matrimony pudding with a very fine [illegible] sauce for dinner. He [illegible] it rough with the sauce, when the host kindly inquired, "Will you have some more of the pudding?" "No, thank ye," was the reply, "but I will thank you for a little more of the 'lintment.'"

— In the year 1872 upwards of 6,850,000 of eggs were imported into the United Kingdom from abroad. The average exceeds a million and a half a day, and we paid more than £5,000 a day for these foreign eggs imported.—*English Paper.*

— An American paper says a society has been formed in New York, not before it was wanted, called the Ladies' Anti-[illegible] in the newspapers-with-no-[illegible] Society.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort, Cashier, N. K. Masten. Directors—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James M. Pitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. New York Agents—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 28.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates, also Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.
Oct. 5. A. McKINLAY, { Agents } A. S. FINNIE.

FRENCH MUTUAL PROVIDENT SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Twenty-sixth Semi-Annual Dividend.—A Dividend of nine per ct. per annum (4½ per cent.) upon the operations of the French Savings and Loan Society, for the six months ending December 31st, 1872, has in conformity with the Report of the Committee of Verification appointed by the members of the Society, been declared by the Board of Administration, at the Semi-Annual Meeting held on the 15th inst. This dividend will be payable on and after the eighteenth instant, at the office of the Society, 411 Bush street. GUSTAVE MAHE,
Jan. 25. Director of French Savings Bank.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 520 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M. for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
George Lette, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

THE HIBERNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY,

Northeast corner of Montgomery and Post streets, San Francisco, January 25, 1873.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Society, held this day, a Dividend was declared on all deposits, at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, for the six months ending with January 21, 1873, payable immediately, and free from Federal tax. [Feb. 1.] EDWARD MARTIN, Secretary.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Babcock. Secretary, T. F. Baron. Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 204 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT,
Geo. Rouise, Secretary. [April 16.] President.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 24.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 415 California street. July 2.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH,	J. T. GLOVER,
C. T. WHEELER,	W. W. DODGE,
Sacramento.	San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

"SPIERS & POND,"

239 Kearny street, cor. of Bush, San Francisco. Wines, Liquors and Cigars, Tea and Coffee. Lunch at the usual hours, and Refreshments at all times. The comfort of the domestic fireside, the graces and courtesies of the drawing room, the freedom of the

C L U B.

Refreshments at all times, and Lunch at the usual hours. Tea and Coffee, Wines, Liquors and Cigars. 239 Kearny street, corner of Bush, San Francisco.
Feb. 1. "SPIERS & POND."

NOTICE.

All Property-Owners to whom damages have been awarded for lands and improvements taken for the opening of Montgomery Avenue, will take notice that they are entitled to 1½ for Montgomery Avenue Bonds in amounts equal to their awards. All bills must be sent to the Mayor, Auditor or Treasurer, on or before MONDAY, February 3, 1873, at [illegible] o'clock noon.
WM. ALVORD, ALEX. AUSTIN, R. H. STRETCH,
Feb. 1. Board of Public Works.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE, MONTGOMERY STREET SOUTH, AND LAGUNA SURVEY.

Warrants on the above funds, allowed by the County Court, will be paid at the City and County Treasury on the 11th instant, from which date the interest will cease. Holders thereof are notified to immediately file with the Treasurer a list of the numbers held by them. J. A. BAUER,
San Francisco, January 11, 1873. City and County Treasurer. Jan. 18.

TENNENT'S ALE—NEW BREW, JUST ARRIVED

1200 Casks (Stone and Glass, Quarts and Pints) of superior quality on hand in extra fine condition ex "Armin" and "Colombo." For sale in lots to suit. FORBES BROTHERS, Sole Agents,
Feb. 8. 526 California street.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pollzol.
Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel. William E. Hoad, Proprietor.
Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Munton, Pr.
Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)
Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.
Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.
Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.
Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.
Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.
Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.
Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Boltachi Felix, Prop.
Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.
Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.
Leamington.
Regent Hotel. L. Bishop, Prop.
Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.
London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.
Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.
New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.
Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.
Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.
Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.
Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.
Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.
St. Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.
Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.
Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.
Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Bean Rivage.
Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

The Beautiful Snow.

[The writer of these lines, says a correspondent of the *Springfield Republican*, was a fallen woman, who died in a hospital. They were found among her effects, and published simultaneously with the announcement of her death in the morning paper. T. Buchanan Reed was so impressed with her genius that he followed her to the grave, as sole and only mourner. If words were ever more sorrowfully sounded or more sadly yet gorgeously grief-woven than these heart-throbs reveling in rhyme, we have yet to embalm them in the mirtle memory of our tears.]

Oh! the snow, the beautiful snow,
Filling the sky and earth below,
Over the housetops, over the street,
Over the heads of the people you meet,
Dancing,
Flirting,
Skimming along;
Beautiful snow! it can do no wrong,
Flying to kiss a fair lady's cheek,
Clinging to lips in a frolicsome freak.
Beautiful snow from the heaven above,
Pure as an angel, gentle as love!

Oh! the snow, the beautiful snow,
How the flakes gather and laugh as they go,
Whirling about in the maddening fun,
It plays in its glee with every one.
Chasing,
Laughing,
Hurrying by!
It lights on the face and it sparkles the eye,
And the merry dogs with a bark and a bound
Snap at the crystals that eddy around—
The town is alive and its heart in a glow,
To welcome the coming of beautiful snow!

How wild the crowd goes swaying along,
Hailing each other with humor and song!
How the gay sledges, like meteors, pass by,
Bright for the moment, then lost to the eye—
Ringing,
Swinging,
Dashing they go,
Over the crust of the beautiful snow,
Snow so pure that it falls from the sky,
To be trampled in mud by the crowd rushing by,
To be trampled and tracked by thousands of feet,
Till it blends with the filth in the horrible street.

Once I was pure as the snow—but I fell!
Fell like the snow-flakes from heaven to hell;
Fell, to be trampled as filth in the street,
Fell, to be scoffed, to be spit on and beat,
Pleading,
Cursing,
Dreading to die,
Selling my soul to whoever would buy,
Dealing in shame for a morsel of bread,
Hating the living, and fearing the dead!
Merciful God! have I fallen so low!
And yet I was once like the beautiful snow!

Once I was fair as the beautiful snow,
With an eye like the crystal, a heart like its glow;
Once I was loved for my innocent grace—
Flattered and sought for the charms of my face!
Father,
Mother,
Sisters, all,
God and myself, I've lost by my fall;
The veriest wretch that goes shivering by,
Will make a wide swoop, lest I wander too nigh;
For all that is on or above me, I know,
There is nothing as pure as the beautiful snow.

How strange it should be that this beautiful snow
Should fall on a sinner with nowhere to go!
How strange it should be when the night comes again,
If the snow and the ice struck my desperate brain,
Fainting,
Freezing,
Dying alone,
Too wicked for prayer, too weak for a moan
To be heard in the streets of the crazy town
Gone mad in the joy of the snow coming down,
To be, and to die, in my terrible woe,
With a bed and a shroud of the beautiful snow!

Marriage Between Russia's Son and England's Daughter.

The heir to the Russian throne is suffering from fever. Much anxiety has been caused, but it is now stated that the general condition of his Imperial Highness is comparatively satisfactory. The social and political condition of the country is said to be in a sad state. Russia denies that her operations in Central Asia are to be regarded as evidence of any feeling hostile to England, and offers to allow officers, appointed by our Government, to accompany the expeditions. From all we can learn it now appears that our Foreign Office has been in communication with the Russian Cabinet on the subject of Russian dominion in Central Asia. It has been suggested that the "line" should be drawn not further south than the Oxus, but we should hardly be wise in conceding so much, as the occupation of the north bank of the river would, as has been well remarked by a contemporary, give them the great highway they want right up to Affghanistan, and the most favorable base they could desire for further operations. On this matter we cannot be too cautious. That our Government is in earnest is to be inferred from the fact that Count Schouvaloff has been on a mission here from Russia, commissioned by the Czar to offer the most friendly assurances on this question. "Assurances" in the case of Russia simply means an excuse to gain time. It is therefore to be hoped that Earl Granville will put his foot down at once upon the line he intends to hold by and keep it there. The *German Weekly Gazette* affirms that a proposal of marriage was one object of Count Schouvaloff's mission to England. It is not generally known that a Russian Grand Duke's consort is not legally required to adopt the religion of her new country, except in the case of her husband being heir-presumptive to the throne. There are, therefore, no difficulties in the way on the score of religion. The same journal, in contradiction of its earlier statement, now holds the proposed marriage to be between a Russian Grand Duke and the Princess Beatrice. Viennese society, on the other hand, imputes matrimonial desires to the Duke of Edinburgh, whose late visit to Vienna is said to have been undertaken with a view to cultivate the acquaintance of the Princess of Coburg-Cohary, whose likeness is reported to have made a deep impression at the time upon his Royal Highness. The Prince and Princess were, however, disappointed in one another on personal acquaintance, and now, in Austrian opinion, the Duke's choice is said to be wavering between the Grand Duchess Maria Alexandrovna, daughter of the Czar, and the Princess Vera, daughter of the Grand Duke Constantine. The *Gazette* also alludes to a rumor of Count Schouvaloff's having desired to make himself acquainted with the English climate, his doctors recommending permanent change of air as beneficial to his health. The budget of the Russian Empire for the financial year 1873 not only shows no deficit, but a surplus of revenue over expenditure.—*European Mail.*

— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 1st.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *.*"SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.— The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homeopaths and Invalids, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homeopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb. 25.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitation by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co. Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Budgett & Hughes; Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps, Chemically-prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gas Tight Cartridges for Pin fire and Central fire Breech loading Guns, Wire Cartridges for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. 5.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his Judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment, to better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7.

C. L. CHARRSON,] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 8.

Sunbeams.

[From Punch.]

CHARLES LOUIS NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.

"The Emperor died this morning—half-past ten."
So runs the tidings, writ-up, short and round,
On mud-splashed windows of each dusty den,
Where, daily, the day's news takes shape and sound.

It was no common life that so could fill
The thought of Europe: 'tis no common death,
Kings, Statesmen, Nations, with such shock to thrill,
As rarely greets surcease of exile's breath.

Let whoso will count of his faults the cost,
And point a moral in his saddened end;
This is the thought in England uppermost—
He, who has died among us, lived our friend.

The time to weigh him fairly is not now,
Nor are the true weights any France can bring.
That sprang to fix the crown upon his brow,
And her own neck beneath his feet to fling.

Heavily both have answered for their sin:
Nor did the Emperor heavier fall undo
Than France, that backed him still while he could win,
Nor turned against him till the luck turned too.

But now 'tis England, and not France, that stands
Silent beside an exile's dying bed,
Mindful of kindness rendered by his hands,
Borrowing with those that sorrow for the dead.

— Small Mercies. — Young Larkspur—"Hullo, Grummles, how are you? What's the matter? I hear you've had a legacy left you! My dear fellow I congrat——" "Grummles (dismally, he never could look at the bright side of things) "O, but a fellow can't expect more than one in his lifetime, and this is only ten pounds, and the estate's in chancery." (They liquor up despondently.)

— Throwing the Handkerchief.—Bob (in the course of conversation—"Woman's mission! Pooh! Woman's mission is to be beautiful! If ever I meet a woman with lots of tin, who's faultlessly beautiful, I shall marry her straight off." His admiring friend—"I suppose you'll just ask her first, won't you, Bob?"

— Mrs. Taffy's Elixir.—Wife of South Wales Miner to Delegate—"Eh, Mister! you can bawl lustily for the ballot for your politics, but if there was a ballot for 'strikes' you know well that my man there would be at work, earning a dinner for the children and me, look you."

— A Problem.—Is it consistent for a man, who professes to be a teetotaler, to think no small beer of himself?

— Short Commons.—Little M. P.'s.

[From Fun.]

— A Sad Loss-enge.—Mamma—"Edith! why did you cry when the singing began in church last Sunday—when you went with grandpa?" (No answer.) "You did not cry to-day when you went with Mary." Edith—"No, ma." Mamma—"Then why did you do so last Sunday? was it the singing made you cry?" Edith—"No, ma." Mamma—"Then what was it?" Edith—"Grandpa put a lozenge in his mouth and didn't give me one."

— Non Tali Auxilio.—In what part of the United Kingdom is it to be presumed that the garotters would prefer to reside? In the Isle of Man, because there the cats have no tails!

— A Stock Joke.—Youth on broken-kneed horse to friend—"Well, what d'ye think of my new bargain?" Friend—"Ah, I see you've been speculating for a fall!"

— A Waggish Tale.—Tammas—"A' wonder what makes t'old cow's tails wag so to-day, Susan?" Susan—"Same that makes thy tongue wag so, lad; it's fashed wi' a kolnd o' weakness."

— A Striking Disappointment.—Pat—"What the deuce is the matther?" Tim—"Och, its only a gentleman that's fallen down in a fit." Pat—"Och, bedad is that all? shure it's myself that was hoping it was a fight."

[From Judy.]

THE FLOODS IN GERMANY.

The swelling floods in German fields
Have burst their banks of clay—
A fact which strong presumption yields,
That dams have had their day.

— Quiet girls will be pleased to hear that a new color will be much worn this season, which is described as a subdued mouse color.

— "I rise for information," said Mr. ——, M. P. "I'm so glad," said Mr. ——, M. P., "for you certainly want some."

— "Where there's a will there's a way," as the young man said when he eloped with the fair legatee.

— Some people who set up for being funny fellows had much better sit down again.

— Most shoemakers are obliged to "stick to their awl," because it's all they have to stick to.

— How to Turn People's Heads.—Come into a concert late in thick boots.

— Cox for Country Justices.—How many acres go to make a wise-acre?

— Young ladies use powder, perhaps because they think it will make them go off.

— Is it not strange that contractors should be engaged to widen streets?

— Suitable Garments for Winter.—The close of the year.

— Some folks eat duck for all the world like perfect geese.

— A Serious Turn.—Twisting one's neck.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, December 1, 1872, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted), S. F. & N. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Donahue with Trains for Cloverdale, making close connection at Lakeville with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and [illegible]

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:0, 8:10, 9:20, 10:10 and 11:20 a.m., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:15, 8:15, 9:20 and *11:30 p.m. (1:20, 11:20 and :30 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:20, 6:40, 7:20, 9:00 and 11:00 a.m., 1:30, 2:40, 1:35, 6:10, 7:45 and 10:10 p.m.

Leave Oakland.* 0:0, 6:30, 8:30, 9:10, 10:50 and 11:40 a.m., 12:00, 1:40, 2:50, 3:40, 5:05, 6:20, 8:00 and 10:20 p.m.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:20, 9:00 and 11:15 a.m., 1:30, 4:10, 5:20 and 7:00 p.m. (6:20, 11:15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:45 a.m., and 3:30 p.m.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:30, 9:00 and 11:20 a.m., 1:30, 4:55 and 5:30 p.m. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 8th, 1872.

Trains South.	Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—San Francisco	8:30 a m	*3:20 p m	4:40 p m
San Jose.........Arrive	11:10 a m	5:05 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy ... Arrive	12:20 p m	..	..
Pajaro ... Arrive	2:25 p m	..	..
Castroville... Arrive	2:56 p m	..	..
Salinas ... Arrive	3:15 p m	..	..
Hollister .. Arrive	2:0 p m		

Trains North.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—Hollister	....	..	11:5 a m
Salinas	..	...	10:00 a m
Castroville	..	..	1.. 0 a m
Pajaro	..	..	11:20 a m
Gilroy	..	..	1 0 p m
San Jose	7:50 a m	7:1.. a m	3:31 p m
San Francisco Arrive	9:10 a m	10:1.. a m	7 10 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at 4:25 p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:20 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11:50 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets also Valencia street at its junction with Twenty-fifth street at 6 a. m., running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock p. m., and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty-fifth street at 11:30 p. m., and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 m. The cars run to Main street up to 6:30 p. m., after which they run only as far as Sansome street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag, reading "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S. P. R. R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S. P. R. R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty-fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes, direct to Bay & Park.

Nov. 12. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 2.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive, For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 25.] Agents, 423 Front street.

UNITED STATES, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA MAIL S. S. LINE,

Contractors for Carrying the British and American Mails via Honolulu.—The splendid paddle-wheel steamships of this line are specially constructed for Speed, and arranged to promote health, comfort, and free Ventilation on long voyages in the heated tropics. One of the following fleet, viz Nevada 3,000 tons, Dacota, 3,000 tons, Nebraska, 3,000 tons, will leave for Ports in the above named Colonies, via Honolulu, every Fourth Wednesday, on arrival of the mail from London. Steamship Dakota will sail Nov. 6th. For Freight and Passage, and further information, apply at the Offices of the line, No. 317 Sansome street, San Francisco. I. W. RAYMOND,
[Oct. 26.] Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco Meiggs' Wharf at 8:15 a. m., 11 a. m., 4:3 p. m., Saucelito at 8 a. m., 9:30 a. m. and 3:30 p. m. Sunday Time San Francisco, 10 a. m., 12 m., 2 p. m. and 4 p.m. Saucelito, 11 a. m., 1, 3 and 5 p. m. On Saturdays, an extra trip from Saucelito at 5:15 p. m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a. m. H. A. COBB, President,
Nov. 16. 32 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 a. m. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. [Aug. 24.] CHAS. MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL,

Gardens and Farms, at the Junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot.—This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:30 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 4:30 p.m. San Rafael, 7:45 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 2:30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 11:00 a.m., 3:30 p.m., San Rafael 10 a.m., 2:30 p.m. [Aug. 24.] CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for clear skin, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb. 26. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition; and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Sheep Dip, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmen's stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded free of all charge monthly by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce.—The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It adds direct to and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary, Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors: I. A. Amerman, Wm Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Franks, F. M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Pinnetor, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a. m. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g.
Justices—402 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets.
City Physician—Co'nt'y Hospital.
Coroner—135 Kearny street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants' Exch'nge.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 14, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—223 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Outside Land Committee—24 Exchange Building, Washingt'n and Montgomery streets.
Health Office—Jackson street.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Jackson St., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
Quarantine—23 Kearny street.
Harbor Master—19 Vallejo St.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

[illegible]

Belgium—E. Grisar, 1517 Powell.
Chili—H. Darrolbet, 324 Montgomery street.
Chili—Consul General: Francisco 2d Casanueva, 506 Battery st.
Denmark—G. O'Hara Taafe, 320 California street.
Ecuador—Daniel Wolf (absent).
France—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street.
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, 519 California street.
Guatemala—Juan Urruela, 409 Battery.
Hawaiian Islands—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street.
Honduras—Wm. V. Wells, 87 Second.
Italy—G. B. Cerrutti, 1415 Powell.
Japan—G. W. Brooks, Grand Hotel.
Mexico—J. Rivas, 734 Kearny.
German Empire—C. A. C. Dutsenberg, 311 Sacramento street.
Netherlands—J. De Fremery, 713 Sansome street.
Nicaragua—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Peru—De la Fuenteny Subirat Federico.
Portugal—Francis Berton, sw. cor. Clay and Liedesdorff Sts.
Russia—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
San Salvador—B. J. Dorsey.
Spain—C. Martin, 423 California.
Sweden and Norway—G. C. Johnson, 33 Battery street.
Switzerland—Francis Berton.
U. S. of Colombia—F. Herrera.
Bolivia—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Callao—D. J. Williamson, 330 Brannan street.
Costa Rica—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Greece—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
Argentine Republic—C. Baum, 510 Battery street.
Austro-Hungarian—G. Muecke, 102 California street.
Turkey—George W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending February 17, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, February 10th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
City Land Assn to John Connelly	Lot 31 in block 29	$ 90
Fairmount Ld Assn to H S Greely	Lot 116 blk 82 and lot 195 blk 5	965
Gilbert E Underhill to A E Swain	8d se Brannan, 25x158	...
I F Hastings to M Mansfield	Lots 21 and 25 blk 4 College Homestead	600
John Hogan to Emily M J Hogan	25th e Dolores, 200x114	Gift.
Samuel Irving to J F Haycock	Hyde e Washington, 85x137 6	....
David Mahoney to Cornelius Stagg	That portion of the Rancho Laguna de la Merced known as the "Park"	6,000
Gus Reis et al to E P Lawrence	Sundry properties in western por of city	Gift
D C V Nostrand to B M Hartshorn	Lots 4 5 and s ½ of 6 blk 419 Mis n Bay	2,925
John F Cassell to W S Jones	Van Ness e Sac 30x100—sub W A 88	1,900
V B Post to R Stone	Lombard w Dupont, 20x90	2,700
F Garibaldi to N Ferogiari	50 vara 374, 21x58, also, Rock Alley e Union, 20x[illegible]	4,200
Wm Striby to John O'Neil	Lots 10 and 10½ blk 256, O Neil & H Tct	1,400
John O'Neil to Ann O'Neil	Same	Gift
Tide L'd Com'rs to M P Jones	Lots 10 to 19 inc, 8 9 20 blk 658	3,201
Same to same	Lots 1 to 24 inc, blk 428	915
M Bradley to City and County S F	All interest in public reservations, etc	...
Wm Gafney to Alex'r Watt	McAllister s 75 e Octavia, 25x137 6	2,000
Same to Rob't Currie	McAllister s 100 e Octavia, 25x137 6	2,000
Tide Land Com'rs to Jno Morrissey	Tehama sw 5th, 37 6x80	10
S R Houghton to J Spaulding	1 ac Outside Lands	1
Chas A Calhoun to Geo Brown	Lot 4 blk 1, R R H'd Ass'n	270
Paul Tract H'd to Albin Kohn	Lots 1 and 6 blk 53	1,000
G Wallenrod to E F Holl, Jr	Lots 22 and 23 blk N, R R H'd No 2	270
E E Koch to Leonard Schen	Fulton w Fulton, 137 6x137 6	3,600
Bay City H'd to Henry W Garss	Lot 71 blk 496	301

Tuesday, February 11th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Tide Land Com'r to B J Broderson	Sundry lots (122 deeds)	$ 703
Bay View H'd to W F Norcross	Lots 6 blk 530	500
Charles Jackson to City & Co S F	Vallejo 102:4½ e Stockton, etc	14,263
Chas Lyons to Patrick Doyle	Capp n 65x115—sub Mission Block 182, also, lot 7 blk 325 S San Fran Hd	4,000
John Callaghan to E F Northam	5th nw Bryant 67 6x275—sub 100-v 184	50
Theo Dellwig to F Ehrenpfort	Lots 873, 875, Gift Map 3	1
John Apel to Otto Baur	Lots 1 to 24 inclusive blk 1036	...
Peter Wynants to Thos Clark	Minna e 7th, 25x80	3,650
Lewis Maison to A J Plate	E side of continuation of Guerrero 350 s 17th s 100x140	2,000
Chas P Brown to H Hargrave	Lot 22 blk 37, H A	600
O J Preston to Jos H Bailey	Stockton e Union 45.10x137 6	5
B J Brodersen to John Apel	Lots 1 to 24 inclusive, blk 1036, Tide L'ds	2,000
L M Cem Co to N H Wunnenberg	Lot 1237, Laurel Avenue	275
Garden Tract Hd to O Blomqvist	Lots 88, 89, blk 5	700
E A Marchant to Thos Donnelly	Harrison sw 6th, 25x75—sub 100-v 232	6,450
Laurel Hill Cem Assn to A J Plate	Lot 1986	96
Louis Borle to Margaret Borle	Und ½ Jessie sw 6th, 25x75	1
N H Wunnenberg to A J Plate	Lot 1237, Lone Mountain Cemetery	275
Louis Krase et al to Wm Besecke	Clay e Brockerick, 27:6x100	1,200
John Coffey to M B Murphy	Everett ne 4th, 30x80	3,300
Henry L Davis et al to P D Code	25th w Church, 50:11x114	550
Margaret McKeon to John Dignan	Harrison Ave se Folsom, 80 25x75	2,000
S Morgenstern to Susan M Elsan	Pine w Webster, 27x100	850

Wednesday, February 12th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Mathew Crooks to Eliz'h Finnigan	Pine and Jones, se corner, e 60x60	Gift.
George Bates to Edw A Morse	Sundry tracts and parcels land	1,000
Willett Culver to Herman Wendt	Tyler and Lyons, 187:6x137:6	2,000
Patk W Lahaney to Cath Lahaney	Lot 16 blk 226, O'Neil and Haley Tract	000
Emile Kower et al to Henry Winkle	Railroad Ave w Scott, 2.42 acres	7
Henry Winkle to Emile Kower	Same	10
Chris Rosenzweig to Jno L Reilly	Corbett w 2d Ave, 30x115—sub M A 80	2,600
Bay City Hd to S C E Thayer	Lot 38 blk 483	300
Herman Wohler to Henry L Davis	Und 10 acs Rancho Laguna de la Merced	2,300
R E Raimond to Mary A Raimond	Howard e 3d, 110x40	Gift.
Masonic Cem Ass'n to Fred Seibel	Lot 137 Circle Flat	121
E R Carpenter to W A Aldrich	Old San Jose Road, 127 s initial point of Rancho Bernal, s 300 10 e to point 120 w Valencia, n to point where line, etc	5,500
City Land Ass'n to Cath'ne Brown	Lot 5 blk 13	95
Henriette Hauff to Susannah Scholl	Dupont n Post, 18.6x109	Gift.
Fredk W Haubrich to B Haubrich	2d Ave n 17th, 36 6x150—sub M B 30	2,000

Thursday, February 13th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
W H Allen to Edw Pool	Undivided ½ of 50-vara 5 blk 449, W A	$2,250
Mary A Taylor to Wm Taylor	Green w Hyde, 60x20—sub 50-vara 1338	Gift.
Tide Land Com'rs to J J Johnson	Lots 15, 16, 13, 14, 17, 18, blk 876	1,216
E L Sullivan to Julia Lovejoy	West 13th Ave s Pt Lob Ave, 25x120	100
G W Frink to Minerva Frink	7th nw Folsom, 95x165	Gift.
W K Doherty to Herman Schapler	Van Ness Av, w 60 n McAllister, 80x109:9	8,950
A J Watson to D W James	Sacramento 270 w Franklin, 31 4x137 6	1,000
City and Co of S F to A Drucker	McAllister w Devisadero, w 275 s 187:6 e 68.9, etc	Prem
Same to Jos S Friedman	Fulton and Broderick, nw cor, 137 6x275	Prem
Same to same	Fulton w Broderick, w 190:7½ n 275	Prem

Friday, February 14th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Rudolph Cohen to Daniel Meyer	O'Farrell w Fillmore w 137:6 n 97:11 se 120 s 177, also, und ½ Laguna and Grove se corner e 136.3x120	20,000
Pt Lob Av H'd Ex Asn to J Howes	Lots 8, 9, 10, 11, blk 644	1,000
Same to same	Lots 32 blk 338, lot 4 blk 425	530
City Land Ass'n to A Shapera	Lots 7, 8, blk 48	150
City and Co S F to J Martinstein	Tyler and Broderick, 137 6x137:6	Prem
Same to F Metzger	McAllister w Broderick, 68:9x137:6	Prem
James L Blake to T W Mulford	Webster e Sutter, 27 6x95	1
Pat McCloskey to Mich McCloskey	Dora nw Bryant, 25x80	375
Martha B Hunt et al to D Plato	Valencia n 20th, 25x80—sub M B 7	200
Tide Land Com'rs to Ed Redmond	Shipley ne 6th, 25x75	0
John Carroll to Bridget A Gordon	Folsom ne Anthony, 25x75, also, Folsom and Ecker, 80x75	Gift.
E L Sullivan to City and Co of S F	Montgomery and Washington, nw cor, n 75, nw 8, w 101.1, se 17 9 e 40.9½	198153
Thos L Rutherford to E L Sullivan	Washington e Kearny, 137 6x28:70	1
Pat McAtee to Bridget H Gordon	Ecker and Folsom, nw cor, w 80x75	560
John Carroll to Pat McAtee	Same	482
J Crummey to Jas McM Shafter	Polk and Francisco, 275x177 6	4,038
Geo Eads to Elizabeth Meagher	Devisadero n Geary, 25x75	700

Saturday, February 15th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
A B Bates to P Merle	West half of east half of 50-vara 332	$ 5
E Judson to J H Bock	Jersey n Butte, 25x100	330
Spring Val Hd to Louise N Muller	Lots 846, 47	147
R H Lloyd to Henry Matthews	McAllister w Webster, 107:6x137:6	10,000
John C Swett to James Ross	Devisadero e O'Farrell, 25x90	600
Martha B Hunt et al to P Truman	Jessie n 19th, 25x80	140
W K Doherty to J C Meussdorffer	Van Ness n McAllister, 30x109:6	5,750
C T Emmet to David Porter	California and Powell, w 206.3, n etc	27,000
Alice McCarthy to G W Gibbs et al	Main nw Folsom, 45:10x137 6	7,000
Eugene McCarthy to same	Same	1
Henry O Howard to James T Boyd	Same	8
Same by Sheriff to Eug McCarthy	Same	12,000
Cal B & L'n Society to B J Shay	Broadway e Mason	1
Brooks Mayers to John Dugan	S Sierra e Iowa, 25x50	500
Pierre Merle to B J Shay	Broadway e Mason, e 12½-v x n 50-vara	5,000
J C Duncan to Mary G Stewart	Lot 3 blk O, R R H'd No 2	65
Same to Amelia B Hutton	Lot 18 blk O, same	65
S Bergerot to James Demartini	Vallejo e Powell, 23.4½x68:9	3,750
E A Fargo to John McCarthy	Glover w Jones, 23x60	[illegible]
Peter Clement to C W Lemperle	20th e Church, 25x114	[illegible]
A J Louderback to F M Taylor	Virginia n Jackson, 25x80	1
Geo W Frink to City and Co S F	Conveys all lots, etc, heretofore conv'd by 2d pty to 1st pty by a grantor deed	...
Wm M Noyes to Louisa V Stone	25th e Diamond, 80x114	700
H W Fortune to Wm Brooke	Und ¼ blk 119 W A	1
Wm M Pierson to same	Same	....
Myer Mansfield to C H Leavitt	Marshall w Crant, s 110, etc	450
James Neill to Sarah Neill	Bush and Powell, 45x67.6	Gift
D McDonald to J W Bucklin	1 acre of McDonald Tract	250
Geary St Ex H'd to T W Mulford	Lot 6 blk 959	350

Monday, February 17th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
H W Stahl to L H Edelen	Lots 48, 49, 50, blk 4 and lot 70, blk 32, Mission and 30th Street H'd Union	$
Joseph H Bailey to City & Co S F	Commencing at a point 88.3¾ w Stockton s Union w 49:2 e H se 59:7	2,716
Frank Cullum to Rose Shaw	Lot 241, Cobb Tract	225
City and Co S F to Fannie H Leon	Tyler 137.6 e Broderick, e 80x137:6	1,343
Tide Land Com'rs to Ed Duane	Natoma ne 7th, 25x75	7
Same to same	Same 50x75	15
Joseph Stolz to T & A Stolz	50-vara 4 blk 90, W A	5,000
John L Hunt to S F Butterworth	Valencia s 19th, 60x160	800
Jacob Greenebaum to Henry Levy	Hayes w Gough, 24:6x120	100
John McCombe to E F Northam	Powell n Francisco, 22:11x91:8	330
San Mig H'd Assn to E Higgins	Lots 17, 18	1
Same to W T Davis	Lots 30, 31	1

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending Feb. 18, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
E Bigelow to A K P Hannon	Oakland: E Harrison 101½ n from 14th thence n 75x200	$8,250
E Enlcaner to D Cokely	Same: N 15th 97 e Market th e 50x103:9	1,475
W Sherman to D Eloin	Same: 100x50 ne cor Grove and 16th	5
Merch M M Ins Co to same	Same: Same	1,500
S Merritt to G H Wheaton	Same: N Lake Ave 200 e Jackson th e 100x150	11,000
A J Welch to J Welch	Same: N Lydia 75 e Market th e 70:7x80	Gift
E M Hall to H E Hitchcock	Same: W Franklin 150 n Birney thence n 50x150	1,875
L J Hardy to P Warner	Same: 203:4 w Market between 2d and 3d x 62:6	2
P Warner to L J Hardy	Same: A lot lying w of the preceding	2
E Charterman to E Tripp	Same: 125x100 sw corner 8th and Jalla	6,000
O V Hd Ass'n to T K Reynolds	Same: 60x100, near Lake Merritt	436
Durant & McLean to W Lockerman	Same: 619 20th street near Grove	500
E Bigelow to A C Henry	Same: 3-8ths int of 7¾th acres w line Market near 7th	17,500
F M Smith Jr to L W Storer	Same: 56x91 near Lake Merritt	250
J B Scotchler to W Keating	Same: N 16th 157.3 w Kirkham thence w 25x101.9	350
W Keating to J B Scotchler	Same: N 16th 182:3 w from Kirkham th w 25x101 9	1
E Bigelow to C T Bacon	Same: 100x150, near Telegraph	5
Same to J B Woolsey	Same: 50x200, same	5
Same to C P Hone	Same: 50x200, same	5
Same to D B Bigelow	Same: Blocks 494 495 and 496	5
H P Fenninger to J F Keller	East Oakland: ½ int 150x150 w corner of Franklin and Clay	7,000
J Frank to A Howard	Same, 25x140 w cor Antonio and Adams	5
H Rathjen to same	Same: Same	5
C H Kellogg to T H Pinkerton	Same: 5 acres near Lake Merritt	1,000
D Bigelow to R C Saufley	West Oakland: E Wood 109 s of Chase s 27x102:6	650
Regt St H'd Ass'n to J Drummond	Near Oakland n city limits 75:3x120	370
J J Scotchler to same	Same: Same	70
O Hd Ass'n to P J Riley	1 mile n from same 155x200	5
J Tyrrel to H N Morse	Same: 190x155	1,000
P Under to E N Murphy	4 miles n from same: 5 acres	3,400
J T Stratton to G Miller	Same: 5 acres	400
M A P Garcia to L Francoul	Same: 31 acres San Pablo Avenue	....
J Conners to J Pritchard	Oakland Tp: Lot 69 Regent St Hd	400
J Pritchard to J Conners	Same: Lots 114 and 115	600
O Hd Ass'n to S A Van Syckle	Same: Lot 47 Maxwell Tract	5
Same to Estate of B Tompkins	Same: Sundry lots same	467
J Kessey et al to R A Morse	Same: 13 acres	6,200
Whitcher and Alden to R Stearns	Near Temescal Creek and Tel Av, 50x100	400
H W Carpentier to J B Watson	Int in por Sobrante Rancho	500
D Sullivan to Jas Garcia	Road San Leandro to Andrew's Landing 10½ acres	900
W M Mendenhall to T J Edmonston	Livermore: 280x120	250
A S Barber to Hays & Caperton	Alameda: Hayes & Caperton 110 acre tract with Exceptions	5
A F White to E S Simmons	Near Berkeley: 1 1-6th acres	1 150
C McLaughlin to Oakd Water Co	7 miles se from Mission Park: 140 acres	4,100
W M Mendenhall to R N Cough H	Livermore: Lots 1, 2, 3, in blk 30	900
N Lonnson to J Walpert	5 miles ne from Alvarado	500

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. Feb. 18.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept 3

That Mechanics' Institute Meeting.

The panacea for popular grievances in San Francisco appears to be a public meeting. Whenever there is an abuse to be corrected or a flagrant wrong to be righted, or an opinion desired to be checked, a public meeting is called on the spot by the highly respectable heads of firms composing the Chamber of Commerce and these gentlemen, by a few of the most telling commonplaces, have in the most instances correct the errors of fools and their orators, simply by stating that it is not but order them to be telegraphed to Congress, and then, if petitioners like, having performed the duties to their country, return to the enjoyment of their domestic life. Such is the general character of our public meetings, but there is no sacrifice of history, no time, no pains and no money wasting in the cause, but only a few moments of public idea and a sense of injury if they are passed by unheeded. Akin to this spirit was a meeting called by the President of the Mechanics Institute last Tuesday evening, for the purpose of urging Congress to vote the half million subsidy to the Webb line, and the result of it, of course, was urged in the with the said item of a remarkable absence of logical reasoning. The first argument pronounced by the President was as follows: "It is of the very utmost importance that there should be no interruption in our intercourse with the Australian colonies. So far granted. But the meeting was called upon to explore the subject, and not a word should be spoken in favor of the communication. It is well known that Mr. Ralston's energetic and enterprising mind is now engaged in the formation of a new line, which, if carried out, will be a powerful competition, jointly American partly English, and partly Colonial, it has been formed for the purpose of joining, in one of new, fast passenger and freight running steamers, between the port and Australasia, calling at the Sandwich Islands, and has no branch direct to the Pacific on a group. It is not known that the Webb steamers, however much they may be liked by Mr Peter Donahue, would have no chance of competition even from him with these new, powerful and modern steamboats. It would not surprise us should the subsidy be granted, as prayed for by the Mechanics Institute, and that Mr Webb will content himself with running the old Arkansas and Nevada as long as they can float, thereby obstructing the direct opening of that commerce and intercourse with the Australian colonies which has become one of the vital interests of San Francisco. Let us look at the matter in a broad or light, and we cannot but feel that San Francisco is the only spot in the Pacific coast which can reflect that there may be other cities which should give way that Australia, in wealth, population and importance is vastly superior to California. But Australia has no voice in the matter. It will be heard that the Colonies are and will be that party in that part of the world whose interests are adverse to the establishment of a regular and speedy connection between America and Australia, and it will be in vain to attempt to convince the present route to England. That the chief interest only of Webb line has stretch, it will be seen, and that it was only in the absence of competition, so far as formed, and the known, of the capital that it undertaking before faithfully carried out, that the Australians are provided with a poor and ill cared for, the best way to from the government of the United States. The Australian colonies will be partial to any thing, great commercial advantages, and any obstacles thrown in the way by our competitors, in the case of not only of our interest, as we propose to our prosperity as they are, as we before stated, utterly illogical and unwise.

What Casserly Knows About Bribery and Corruption.

Now that Congressman Casserly is the hero of the day in Washington, we suggest that he be appointed to serve for persons and papers to the California to ascertain whether or not the Hon. E. is entitled to the seat he now holds in the Senate of the United States. At the time of his election serious charges were made of bribery and corruption against Casserly and his friends. Among other things, it was said that more than $100,000 was expended by them to secure the seat. He stated at the time that he had not a cent to spare, and that he was not a rich man. Casserly, too, made no secret of the fact that he was not a rich man. Casserly, too, made no secret of the fact that he was not a rich man. Casserly, too, made no secret of the fact

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CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

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[Established July 20, 1856.]

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, FEB. 22, 1873. No. 4.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Feb. 21st, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	42	39	42
Alta	3	2¼	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—
American Flag	8¼	9	[illegible]
Arizona & Utah	—	1½	2
Arkansas	2½	—	2½
Alamo	4½	-	4½
Bacon	—	—	*5
Baltimore Consolidated	2	—	—
Belcher	62	64	66
Belmont	5	5	5
Bellevue	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	—	5½	—
Buckeye	1¼	—	—
Caledonia	24½	24	24¼
Cedarberg	—	3½	—
Central	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	½
Chief of the Hill	3½	3½	3¾
Chief East Extension	—	—	—
Chollar	41½	40½	40
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	11	10½	11¼
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—
Consolidated Virginia	57	56	58
Cook & Geyser	—	—	—
Crown Point	*101	103	104
Central No. 2	—	—	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	75
Daney	—	½	½
Eclipse	—	—	5¼
El Dorado	—	—	—
Empress Eugenie	—	—	—
Empire Mill	7½	7	7¼
Empire Idaho	—	—	*1½
Eureka Consolidated	12	15	12½
Eureka, N. Y.	17	—	—
Exchequer	—	—	11
Globe	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	4¼	4¼	6½
Gould & Curry	14½	14½	15¼
Gila	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	*87½	—	82
Hermes	6	6	*7
Huhn & Hunt	5	5½	4½
Home Ticket	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	4½	4½	—
Imperial	7	7¼	7
Independent	1½	—	—
Ingomar	¼	¼	—
Insurance	—	—	3
Ivanhoe	1¼	1¼	1
Jackson	½	—	—
Julia	—	3½	4¼

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Justice	*6	7½	7¼
Kentuck	10¼	10½	11
Kentucky	—	—	—
Knickerbocker	—	4½	4¼
Lillian Hall	—	—	*¾
Louise	—	—	—
Mahogany	9	—	—
Mammoth	—	—	½
Meadow Valley	14½	15½	16
Minnesota	1	1	—
McMahon	—	—	1
Newark	2¼	2	—
New York Consolidated	—	—	—
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	½
Ophir	46½	44	46
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	5¼	—	—
Overman	57½	56	56
Page & Panaca	1½	—	1½
Pea Vine	—	—	—
Phoenix	¼	¼	—
Picton	—	—	—
Pioche	10	10¼	10
Pioche West	—	—	—
P Phoenix	3½	—	1½
Raymond & Ely	77½	75	79
Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Ruby Hill	—	—	—
Red Jacket	4	—	—
Savage	74	73½	75
Seg Belcher	60	63	61
Sierra Nevada	12	12½	12¼
Silver Peak	—	—	¾
Silver Hill	—	8½	8½
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Standard	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	3½	3½	—
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	—	¼
South Overman	—	½	½
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Trench	—	—	—
Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Utah	—	—	—
War Eagle	—	—	—
Washington & Creole	—	—	—
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	5	4½	5¼
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	81	80	79½
Yule Gravel	—	—	—
Yellow Stone	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30.

BIZ.

There is a marked increase in the volume of business as compared with many weeks preceding. Money appears to be more plentiful in commercial circles, and the very low prices ruling for many staple articles of Merchandise is attracting deserved attention. Late advices from Hongkong reported some advance in Rice, and this in turn has had its effect here, purchases of about 10,000 mats China, strictly No. 1, may be noted upon terms reserved. This movement adds considerable strength to other holders. The Cairnsmore, from Hongkong, brought us 25,000 mats Rice. The reduction in Sugar, as noted in our last paper, has been the occasion of purchases of 10,000 bbls Refined, upon the basis of 10½c for Crushed, and 11c for Cube, 9c @9½c for Golden and Yellow "C." There is now a desire in certain quarters to speculate a little in Refined Sugars at these low rates, fully believing that the Sugars cannot be afforded at these low rates. The Refiners, however, are not disposed to encourage the speculation, although quite willing to give the jobbers the opportunity to load up to their fill. These low prices are attracting overland buyers here from Utah, Montana, Colorado, Oregon and Washington Territory, all disposed to load up at current rates. Hawaiian Sugars, being in light stock, are not much effected by this decline.

The conflagration at Sage's oil warehouse was less disastrous than was generally feared, or was supposed possible, considering the great quantity of inflammable oils stored therein. The salvage has been considerable, much oil removed in charred cases, many of the tins yet containing their full quantity. This oil has been sold both at private and public sale "as is," at rates ruling from 25 to 30c. This general distribution of low priced Coal Oils has affected the market price of standard brands not a little. Therefore it has been claimed that a fire, well under way in a building containing considerable quantities of earth oil, etc., would explode, and the entire contents quickly vanish. The contrary has been the result here, and a greater amount of oil goods removed from the building than would have been possible had the warehouse been filled with general or miscellaneous merchandise. Our Fire Department, under Chief Scannell, certainly deserves great credit for its successful efforts in subduing this fire, and confining it to the one brick store where it originated. The cause of the fire is not yet known.

Freights Have Declined During the Week. Three ships taken for Liverpool direct, to load Wheat at £4 2s 6d, including the ship David Crockett, Captain Burgess. There is now very little disengaged tonnage in port; and as Liverpool quotations for Wheat seem to be constantly giving way and purchasing limits reduced correspondingly, holders of Wheat with us have been forced to submit to lower prices. Cargo purchases of Wheat during the week have been effected mainly at $1.90 per cental, though we are cognizant of 1,000 tons taken f. o. b. at $1.95. English orders for Wheat now in hand run from 55 to 57 shillings.

Flour is Moving Off Rather More Freely. The Chicola for Punta Arenas, C. A., carried a full cargo of Golden Age Mills, extra. The same mills is now executing a New England order for 500 barrels, to be packed in round-hoop packages and shipped via Panama to New York. The Marysville mills are shipping by steamer 800 bbls to New York. The Imperial Mills, Oregon, are shipping via Panama 200 bbls extra to New York, and 300 bbls of the same to Boston. The Golden Gate Mills has a large city trade for its best extra. The National Mills and Genesee Mills are each running on China orders. Best Extra Flour commands $5.75@6; Extra Superfine, $5@5.25.

Coffee movements for the week include a shipment of 700 bags Manila Greens to St. Louis, making in all about 5,000 sacks sent to that market since January 1, 1873. We also note a shipment to London, via Panama steamer—say 234 bags, weighing 39,045 pounds triage, valued at $2,733. Our market exhibits increasing firmness. Best Central American Greens, 18@19c; Manila, 16@17c; O. G. Java, 23¼c. Stock of all kinds moderate for the season.

Leather continues to go abroad freely. Shipments of Santa Cruz Sole to London found an appreciative market, and more will go forward from the Santa Cruz Company. The steamship Costa Rica, on the 18th inst., for Panama, carried 94 rolls for New York and 15 rolls for Hamburg. Boston consumes largely of our home product, chiefly sent overland.

Quicksilver.—A shipment of 200 flasks to Callao went forward by last steamer. After all our boasting, it is said that the current product is short of the demand, and the price is accordingly advanced to 93¾c—rather high, considering the cost of production.

Native California Salts.—The Borax supply is steadily increasing, with shipments this month to New York of about 1,000 cases refined; price, 28c. We also note a small shipment of 20 bbls crude Borax by steamer. Nevada Soda in its crude state is brought here in considerable quantities, and after being crystalized into a fair quality of Sal. Soda, is underselling the imported article, and will eventually check imports.

Refined Lead.—We note a single shipment to New York from the Selby Smelting Works of 4,000 pigs Lead—say 215 tons. Heretofore we were large importers of this metal, but now imports are largely done away with. We now make our own Lead Pipe, Sheet Lead, Drop Shot, etc. Thomas H. Selby & Co. do it all.

Oils to New York.—The steamship Costa Rica for Panama carried 3,270 galls Whale Oil for the Empire City. There seems to be quite a speculation here in China Nut Oil, and price advanced to 72½@75c; stock light.

Mustard Seed.—Ever since the duty was removed from this article California seed has hardly paid for gathering. We note a shipment by steamer to New York of 761 bags.

Rice from Italy.—A small importation of 35 packages Italian Rice from Piedmont arrived here last week by the French bark Sophia D. Italian residents enjoy it at a bit per pound.

The Japanese Government, more liberal in its supply, sent us last year several cargoes of Japan Table, but the Chinese resident here won't eat it; they say it is too soft; loss great. Californians prefer Carolina or Hawaiian Table, while John Chinaman go it strong on Siam. Quite a speculation here in Rice just now.

Our Grain Fleet to this date approximates 260 vessels to the United Kingdom:

	Wheat. Ctls.	Value.
Totals since January 1st.......73 vessels*..........	2,139,404	$4,254,240
Previously since July 1st.......185 vessels..........	5,311,846	9,021,861
Totals since July 1st, 1872 ... 258 vessels..........	7,451,250	13,276,101
32 vessels since July 1, 1871, with..........	961,522	2,065,514
100 vessels since July 1, 1870, with..........	3,189,956	6,277,048
144 vessels since July 1, 1869, with..........	3,956,184	6,779,914

*Also, 6,000 bbls Flour, valued at $20,000. In addition to this, there are now 30 vessels on the berth, aggregating 30,000 registered tons, all under charter to load Wheat.

Home Manufactures.—The Bag factory at Oakland is prosperous, coining money. The Alameda Company encouraged to do like business. The Cordage Factory at the Potrero returns large profits, the Alameda Company preparing to share with them. The Pioneer and Mission Woollen Mills each doing all they can, and now comes Donald McLennan, and he says we want a Cotton Mill at the Mission right away, to work up the large Cotton Crop that is to be raised this year in the San Joaquin Valley. Where is the man with brains and capital to second the project, and carry on the work without delay. Who is he?

The Pacific Mail steamship Japan arrived here on the 15th inst., with a large and valuable cargo, consisting in part of 10,418 pkgs Tea, 363 pkgs Silk, 6,907 pkgs Rice, Hemp, Opium, Spices, etc. Of this cargo a portion is to go overland, say to New York, 2,630 pkgs Tea, 268 pkgs Silk, 98 pkgs Spices, etc.; Boston, 49 pkgs Tea and 6 pkgs merchandise; Chicago, 512 pkgs Tea; St. Louis, 143 pkgs Tea; Hartford, 45 pkgs Silk; Montreal, 625 pkgs Tea, and for Europe, 51 pkgs unspecified merchandise. For this port there were 6,431 pkgs Tea, 49 pkgs Silk and 6,684 pkgs Chow Chow.

Bags and Bagging. We are not advised of any transactions of magnitude since the sale of Oat and Grain Sacks, before reported, at 15c. Gilroy hand-sewed Burlaps are now held above the views of buyers, most of whom prefer to wait further arrivals before making liberal purchases. Wool Sacks are called for at 65@70c.

—— The propeller *Montana* has arrived at San Diego from Panama. She brings the mail and passengers of the disabled steamer *Idaho*, which was left at Acapulco to await the arrival of the *Great Republic* to tow her up.

—— The Mexican steamer arrived on Thursday with the usual cargo, including $125,830 in treasure.

The Feb will be Ready on or about Saturday, March 8th.

THE NEXT NUMBER OF THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG"

FOR

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1873. No. 5.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California Chinn Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

Gold Bars—870@875—Silver Bars—1¼@1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 88@88¾. Mexican Dollars, 5@7¼c premium.

☞ Exchange on N. York, 6-10 per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 13 per cent. On London, Bankers 49; Commercial 49¼; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, Feb. 28, at 3 P. M., 114¾. Latest price of Sterling, 108¾ dull.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco, February 28, 1873

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862-7-8	101½	102½
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	100¾	101½
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	100½	101½
Legal Tender Notes	88	88¾
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	90	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	88	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	90	—
Santa Clara Bonds, 8s	95	—
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95
San Francisco Gas Company	67½	69

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask
Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	115	125
Oakland Gas	142	—
Spring Valley Water Co.	84	85
Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
Central Railroad Company	—	—
N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	50	—
Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	—	—
Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.	50	60
Merchants Mutual M. Ins. Co.	50	65
California Insurance Co.	60	65
Union Insurance Co.	85	98
Pacific Bank	95	97½
The Bank of California	153	155
Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	110

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1	$35 00 @ 37 50
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 4 @ — 6
Metal Sheathing, ℔	— 28 @ — 30
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6½
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Banca Tin, ℔	— 40 @ — 42½
Quicksilver	— — @ — 92½
COAL.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	14 00 @ 15 00
Australian	11 00 @ 12 00
Cumberland	18 00 @ 20 00
Anthracite	14 00 @ 15 00
Bellingham Bay	10 50 @ 10 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 6 50
COFFEE.	
Rio, ℔	— 19 @ — 19½
Java, Old Government	— 21 @ — 23
Manila	— 16 @ — 17
Costa Rica	— 18 @ — 19
RICE.	
China, No. 1, ℔	— 6¾ @ — 7
China, No. 2	— 5¾ @ — 5½
Hawaiian	— 8¾ @ — 9
WINES.	
Champagne, ℔ doz	20 00 @ 25 00
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	3 00 @ 6 75
Sherry, do. do.	1 75 @ 7 00
OIL.	
Coal and Kerosene	— 33 @ — 40

TEAS.	PRICES.
Japans	— 20 @ — 75
Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
SUGARS.	
China, No. 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 9½
Manila	— 7½ @ — 8
Crushed, American	— 10½ @ — 11
Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
CANDLES.	
Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 44
Adamantine	— 15 @ — 18
SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 6 50
Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
BAGS AND BAGGING	
Chicken Gunnies, 300-℔	— 17 @ — 18
Gunny Bags in bales	— 16 @ — 17
Burlap Bags	— 15 @ — 15½
Hessian, 40-inch, ℔ yard	— — @ — 12
DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
Wool, ℔	— 14 @ — 28
Tallow	— 7 @ — 8
Hides	— 17 @ — 19
Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs	1 80 @ 1 85
Barley	1 15 @ 1 25
Oats	2 00 @ 2 15
Flour ℔ 196 lbs	4 75 @ 5 75

Latest from the Merchants' Exchange.

New York, Feb. 28.—Gold opened at 113¾; 11 A.M. at 114¾; 3 P.M. at 115⅛. U. S. Bonds—Five-twenties of '62, 115¾; 1867, 116¼. Sterling Exchange, 108½@109¾. Pacific Mall, 60¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 45. Wheat, $2 00@$2 20. Pork, quiet, 14½@15. Cotton, 20¼. Hides, quiet, dry, 25@25½; salted, 12½c, steady. Oil—Sperm, steady, $1 55@$1 60; Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 77, strong; Whale, weak, 65@70c.; Winter Bleached, 73@75c, quiet. Wool—dull. Spring, fine, 35@45c; Burry, 28@32c; Pulled, 50@60c. Fall Clips, 26@32c; Burry, 18@25c. London, February 28.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s. 7d @11s. ...Club, 12s. 4d@12s. 8d. United States Bonds, ex Coupon, 90⅛. Consols, 92¼@92¼; Account, 92¼@92¼.

San Franciscans Abroad.

Paris.—Mrs Francis Berton, Miss Alice Berton, Francis Berton, Hotel Splendide; Miss Jessie D. Carr, 11 Rue Balzac; Miss Nellie Chapman, Grand Hotel; Mrs. H. T. Kibbe, Rue d'Aguesseau; Mrs. J. W. Ladd, 19 Av de Roi de Rome; Mrs John B. Le Gay, 30 Bd. Malesherbes; Hon. George Turner, Mrs. Turner, Miss Nellie Turner, Grand Hotel. Nice.—Frank B. Austin, Grand Hotel; Dr. H. D. Cogswell, Mrs. Cogswell, Augustus Humbert, Hotel des Anglais; L. H. Newton, Mrs. Newton, Hotel Paradis. London.—Miss Nellie Chapman, 45 Tavistock square; Capt. C. H. Harrison, Mrs. Harrison, 10 Duchess street.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

The Pacific Mail Company—Steam Lines and Finances.

The extraordinary, but not altogether unexpected, break in the Pacific Mail Company's stock, indicates a calamity not to be lightly estimated. The facts are not all in yet; the number of the wounded will not probably be fully known for some little time, but it is certain that the President of the Company, A. B. Stockwell, has "gone in," and carried with him not a few innocent victims. Unfortunately some of the consequences of this financial disaster are likely to reach California. The "young operator," on the occasion of his last visit to San Francisco, managed to charm some of our knowing ones with the idea of controlling a majority of the Company's stock, and so enticed them into certain operations which it would have been well they had let alone. Mr. Stockwell's career has been a brilliant one. Its brilliancy, unfortunately, has been like that of the rocket—sudden and short-lived. Whilst many envied his good fortune, not a few will commiserate with him upon his downfall. Not being among the former, we are satisfied to rank ourselves in the latter class. A lion, even in his death, is a subject of interest. We pause over his carcass to express admiration for the prowess which was once his. But in this busy world there is little time to long indulge such feelings. We bury the dead out of sight and pass on to consider the next phase of mundane affairs. What is to be the result of this sudden collapse of Stockwell and party? The News Letter, if neither a prophet nor the son of a prophet, is nevertheless pretty well posted in regard to most of the causes which produce important results in the commercial world. Long ago we pointed out that wooden side-wheel steamers of the old-fashioned type would bring financial ruin upon any corporation or individuals persisting in running them against the iron propellers of to-day. Not even the enormous subsidy of one million dollars annually will make a financial success of the Pacific Mail Company, so long as it is committed to the ownership and use of terribly expensive wooden steamers, which can steam but eight knots an hour upon a consumption of from 50 to 70 tons of coal per day. The intrinsic value of the Company's steamers to-day is just what the iron and lumber of which they are constructed will bring at public auction. At present they are the greatest known hindrances to the extension of the commerce of the Pacific. The sooner this lesson is taken to heart by all, the better it will be for the Company and the trade of this coast. Meanwhile we shall watch the proceedings of the Pacific Mail Company with considerable interest. The old *regime* will, it is expected, be recalled to manage affairs, which, ever since their deposition, have all gone wrong. The end is not yet!

The Placard Exchange and Information Bureau of the Pacific Coast.

As the arrangements necessary to systematize the many useful and most attractive features of this institution approach completion, it is more and more universally appreciated. The Exchange will be ready for inspection by th 17th instant, and it is most gratifying that its inauguration is so earnestly indorsed by the commercial community, not one of whom has expressed anything but the very highest approval of the undertaking. The directors will be unceasing in their efforts to render the Exchange one of the most valuable, permanent and useful institutions in aid of the various material interests of the Pacific Coast.

—— The sales at the San Francisco Stock Board for the past week aggregate $2,311,000. The market for the week has been devoid of interest. The fluctuations are too unimportant to justify much business. The heaviest operations were in Huhn & Hunt, of which 11,750 shares changed hands. This is a low-priced stock, requiring only $150,000 to purchase the whole 30,000 shares. In other small stocks the largest transactions embraced 5,400 shares Julia, 4,100 shares Empire Mill, 3,500 shares Imperial, and 3,400 shares Woodville. These stocks sell at $4@8 per share, and are dear at that. About 7,000 shares Belcher sold at an average of $85, and about 3,300 shares of Chollar-Potosi, Consolidated Virginia and Savage at softening rates.

—— The *Courrier de San Francisco*, of yesterday, has the following:—"We learn from the News Letter that the California Placard Exchange—an institution the existence of which, we humbly avow, we did not know up to date—has decided to procure the bust of His Excellency ex-Governor Stanford. The bust will be in marble, and life size. Our friend, Peter Mazzara, is entrusted with the task of reproducing the august traits of the great California magnate."

—— A large discovery of cinabar in New Zealand has been recently made. An English Company has purchased 30,000 acres, and works are immediately to be put in operation. Competent persons are to be engaged. The present price of quicksilver is now most inviting.

—— The sales of valuable town property, about which we spoke last week, have been postponed till April 5th. The lots offered by Messrs. Dore & Co. for sale are very valuable, and will no doubt be the subject of much competition.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.]

Oriole.

Oriole on the willow-tree!
Singing such melodious measures,
Singest thou of summer pleasures—
Crimsoned fields of honeyed clover,
Sweet to smell in flying over,
Nests on breezy branches swinging,
Carrols in the soft air ringing,
Bluest sky with cloud fleets sailing,
Food and shelter never failing,
Life so rapturous in its living,
Nature never scant of giving,
Love, or sorrow, or such gladness,
As is most akin to madness!
Or for singing, singest thou,
Swayed on yonder slender bough—
In thy song itself delighting
Sweet beyond all poet's writing,
Clear and liquid as the river,
Flowing to the sea forever,
Glad as south winds come in June
To the rose asleep at noon!
Nothing wistful, no way tender,
Voice of Nature's soulless splendor,
Some outpouring of the flame
Burning in thy wing and name,
Song that does to heaven aspire
Even as leaping, quivering fire,
Oriole on the willow tree,
Tell thy fairy tale to me!

Then the oriole laughed again,
Laughing at my question vain, [tain,
As the brook laughs down the moun-
Like the laughter of a fountain;
Flashing through the willow-tree
Thus the oriole sang to me:—
"Restless, sorrowing, weak and human,
Most of all a weary woman,
Can a bird-song on a tree
Utter any speech to thee!
Can thy soul receive the gladness
Of a thing that knows not sadness!
Canst thou know, insatiate creature,
All this mighty joy of Nature!

Joy so rich, so full, so fleeting,
Scarce it lives beyond the greeting,
Joy the dancing leaves adorning,
Glittering in the dewy morning,
In the soft winds gayly blowing,
In the sparkling waters flowing,
Utterly intact of sorrow,
Careless for the distant morrow;
Joy that borns in grace and beauty,
Darkened with the ghost of duty,
Rapture bright beyond all loving,
Gladness all dismay reproving;
Now a flame thro' verdure flying,
Now like any swift spark dying;
Nothing tossed by hope or fear,
Shadowed not by smile or tear;
Questioner beneath the tree,
Wouldst thou not an oriole be?"
Underneath the willow tree
Thus the oriole sang to me.

Ah! what could I give for answer
To this gay and glad romancer!
Dreams that round me love to linger
On my hot lips laid a finger,
Dreams that held me all unwilling,
Dreams most sad in their fulfilling;
Yet I know them dear and tender
More than all this song of splendor;
Dear as thorns are to the roses,
Dear as graves where love reposes;
Could I lose them out of living,
I, who asked not for thy giving?
I, who on a weary day
Threw my dreaming soul away,
Would I take it back again,
Pure of joy and pure of pain,
Nevermore to thrill or languish,
Nevermore to throb with anguish,
Ne'er earth's dread delight to prove,
Nevermore to live—or love?
Oriole on the willow-tree,
Still I must a woman be!

—*Rose Terry.*

John Chinaman.

John has been invaluable to the California demagogue, furnishing for him a sop of hatred and prejudice to throw before "enlightened constituencies." It needs but to mention the "filthy Chinaman" to provoke an angry roar from the mass meeting. Yet the Chinaman is not entirely filthy. He washes his entire person every day when practicable; he loves clean clothes; his kitchen utensils will bear inspection. When the small-pox raged so severely in San Francisco a few years since, there were very few deaths among his race. But John is not nice about his house. He seems to have none of our ideas concerning home comfort. Smoke has no terror for him; soap he keeps entirely for his clothes and person; floor and wall-washing are things never hinted at, and the refuse of his table is scarcely thrown out of doors. Privacy is not one of his luxuries—he wants a house full, where there is room for a bunk, there is room for a man. An anthill, a beehive, a rabbit-warren are his models of domestic comfort; what is stinted room for two Americans is spaciousness for a dozen Chinese. Go into one of their cabins at night, and you are in an oven full of opium and lamp-smoke. Recumbent forms are dimly seen lying on bunks above and below. The chattering is incessant. Stay there ten minutes, and as your eye becomes accustomed to the smoke you will dimly see blue bundles lying on shelves aloft. Anon the bundles stir, talk and puff smoke. Above is a loft six feet square; a ladder brings it in communication with the ground floor. Mongolians are ever coming down, but the gabble of tongues above shows that a host is still left. Like a car, a Chinese house is never full. Nor is it ever quiet. At all hours of the night may be heard their talk and the clatter of their wooden shoes. A Chinaman does not retire like an American, intending to make a serious business of his night's sleep. He merely "lops down" half dressed, and is ready to arise at the least call of business or pleasure.

While at work in his claim his fire is always kindled near by, and over it a tea-pot. This is his beverage every half hour. His tea must be hot, strong, and without milk or sugar. He also consumes a terrible mixture sold him by white traders, called indiscriminately brandy, gin or whisky, yet an intoxicated Chinaman is the rarest of rare sights. Rice he can cook elegantly, every grain being steamed to its utmost degree of distension. Soup he makes of no other meat than pork. The poorest among his hordes must have a chicken or a duck for his holiday. He eats it merely parboiled. He will eat dog also, providing it is not long past maturity.

The Chinese grocery stores are museums to the American. There are strange dried roots, strange dried fish, strange dried land and marine plants, ducks and chickens, split, pressed thin and smoked; dried shellfish; cakes newly made, yellow, glutinous and fatty, stamped with tea-box characters; and great earthen jars filled with rottenness. I speak correctly, if perhaps too forcibly, for when those earthen jars are opened to serve a customer with some manner of vegetable cut in long strips, the native-born American finds it expedient to hold his nose. American storekeepers in the mines deal largely in Chinese goods. They know the Mongolian names of the articles inquired for, but of their character, their composition, how they are cooked or how eaten, they can give no information. It is heathenish "truck," by whose sale they make a profit. Only that and nothing more.

A Chinese miner's house is generally a conglomeration of old boards, mats, brush, canvas and stones. Rusty sheets of tin sometimes help to form the edifice. Anything lying about loose in the neighborhood is certain in time to form a part of the Mongolian mansion.

When the white man abandons mining ground he often leaves behind very serviceable frame houses. John comes along to glean the gold left by the Caucasian. He builds a cluster of shapeless huts. The deserted white man's house gradually disappears. A clapboard is gone, and then another, and finally all. The skeleton of the frame remains; months pass away, piece by piece the joists disappear; some morning they are found tumbled in a heap, and at last there is nothing left save the cellar and chimneys. Meantime, John's clusters of huts swell their rude proportions, but you must examine them narrowly to detect any trace of your vanished house, for he revels in smoke, and everything about him is soon colored to a hue much resembling his own brownish-yellow countenance. Thus he picks the domiciliary skeleton bare, and then carries off the bones. He is a quiet but skillful plunderer. John No. 1 on his way home from his mining claim rips off a board; John No. 2 next day drags it a few yards from the house; John No. 3 a week afterward drags it home. In this manner the dissolution of your house is protracted for months. In this manner he distributes the responsibility of the theft over his entire community. I have seen a large boarding house disappear in this way, and when the owner, after a year's absence, revisited the spot to look after his property, he found his real estate reduced to a cellar.

John himself is a sort of museum in his character and habits. We must be pardoned for giving details of these, mingled promiscuously, rather after the museum style. His New Year comes in February. For the Chinaman of limited means it lasts a week, for the wealthy it may endure three. His consumption of fire-crackers during that period is immense. He burns strings a yard in length suspended from poles over his balconies. The uproar and spattering consequent on this festivity in the Chinese quarter at San Francisco is tremendous. The city authorities limit the Celestial Pandemonium to a week.

He does not forsake the amusement of kite-flying even when arrived at maturity. His artistic imitations of birds and dragons float over our hilltops. To these are often affixed contrivances for producing hollow, mournful, buzzing sounds, mystifying whole neighborhoods. His game of shuttlecock is to keep a cork, one end being stuck with feathers, flying in the air as long as possible, the impelling member being the foot, the players standing in a circle and numbering from four to twenty. Some show great dexterity in kicking with the heel. His vocal music to our ears seems a monotonous caterwaul. His violin has but one string; his execution is merely a modified species of saw-filing.

He loves to gamble, especially in lotteries. He is a diligent student of his own comfort. Traveling on foot during a hot day, he protects himself with an umbrella and refreshes himself with a fan. In place of prosaic signs on his store-fronts, he often inscribes quotations from his favorite authors.

He is a lover of flowers. His balcony and window-sills are often thickly packed with shrubs and creepers in pots. He is not a speedy and taciturn eater. His table-talks are full of noisy jollity, and are often prolonged far into night.

He is a lover of the drama. A single play sometimes requires months for representation, being, like a serial story, "continued" night after night. He never dances. There is no melody in the Mongolian foot. Dancing he regards as a species of Caucasian insanity.

To make an oath binding he must swear by the head of a cock cut off before him in open court. Chinese testimony is not admissible in American courts. It is a legal Californian axiom that a Chinaman cannot speak the truth. But cases have occurred wherein, he being an eye-witness, the desire to hear what he *might* tell as to what he had seen has proved stronger than the prejudice against him, and the more effectually to clinch the chances of his telling the truth, the above, his national form of oath, has been resorted to. He has among us some secret government of his own. Before his secret tribunals more than one Mongolian has been hurried in Star-chamber fashion, and never seen afterward. The nature of the offences thus visited by secret and bloody punishment is scarcely known to Americans. He has two chief deities—a god and a devil. Most of his prayers are offered to his devil. His god, he says, being good and well disposed, it is not necessary to propitiate him. But his devil is ugly, and must be won over by offering and petition. Once a year, whenever collected in any number, he builds a flimsy sort of temple, decorates it with ornaments of tinsel, lays piles of fruit, meats and sugared delicacies on an altar, keeps up night and day a steady clash of gongs, and installs there a some great, uncouth wooden idol. When this period of worship is over the "joss house" disappears, and the idols are unceremoniously stowed away among other useless lumber.

He shaves with an instrument resembling a butcher's cleaver in miniature. Nature generally denies him beard, so he shaves what a sailor would term the fore and after part of his head. He reaps his hirsute crop dry, using no lather. His cue is pieced out by silken braid, so interwoven as gradually to taper into a slim tassel, something like a Missouri mule-driver's "black-snake whip-lash." To lose this cue is to lose caste and standing among his fellows. No misfortune for him can be greater.

Coarse cowhide boots are the only articles of American wear that he favors. He inclines to buy the largest sizes, thinking he thereby gets the most for his money, and when his No. 7 feet wabble and chafe in No. 12 boots he complains that they "fit too much."

He cultivates the vegetables of his native land in California. They are curiosities like himself. One resembles our string-bean, but is circular in shape and from two to three feet in length. It is not in the least stringy, breaks off short and crisp, boils tender very quickly and affords excellent eating. He is a very careful cultivator, and will spend hours picking off dead leaves and insects from the young plants. When he finds a dead cat, rat, dog or chicken, he throws it into a small vat of water, allows it to decompose, and sprinkles the liquid fertilizer thus obtained over his plantation. Watermelon and pumpkin seeds are for him dessert delicacies. He consumes his garden products about half cooked in an American culinary point of view, merely wilting them by an immersion in boiling water.

—*Lippincott's Magazine.*

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally.

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 121 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has now expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself—the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders, Thomas Donnolly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure Unadulterated Saleratus, and his Unadulterated, Unequaled Bicarbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business, now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.

THOMAS DONNOLLY.

San Francisco, January 25, 1873. Feb. 1.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

Oct. 26.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Solo Agents for Pacific Coast.
Dec. 9.]

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento.	J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

"SPIERS & POND."

239 Kearny street, cor. of Bush, San Francisco. Wines, Liquors and Cigars, Tea and Coffee. Lunch at the usual hours, and Refreshments at all times. The comfort of the domestic fireside, the graces and courtesies of the drawing room, the freedom of the

CLUB.

Refreshments at all times, and Lunch at the usual hours. Tea and Coffee, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, 239 Kearny street, corner of Bush, San Francisco.
Feb. 1. "SPIERS & POND."

TENNENT'S ALE—NEW BREW, JUST ARRIVED.

1200 Casks (Stone and Glass, Quarts and Pints) of superior quality and in extra fine condition ex "Armin" and "Colombo." For sale in lots to suit.
FORBES BROTHERS, Sole Agents, 418 California street.
Feb. 8.

ROBERT F. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 16, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS-RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lauazeinth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltozzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Boersen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutterroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnd Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co, Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co, Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co; Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co; Delizy, Davies & Co, Fk Angle, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co, Alsop & Co, Huth, Gruning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co, Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Unias Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excelentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Roux de Fraissint.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lamner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce. C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Loischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.

Life's Compensation.

Hark! the rustle of a dress,
Stiff with lavish costliness; [flush
Here comes one whose cheeks would
But to have her garments brush
'Gainst the girl whose fingers thin
Wove the weary broidery in;
And, in midnight chill and mirk,
Stitched her life into the work,
Bending backward from her toil,
Lest her tears the silk might soil;
Shaping from her bitter thought
Heartsease and Forget-me-not—
Satirizing her despair
With the emblems woven there.

J. R. Lowell.

The Merits of the California Placard Exchange.

The problem of the age is condensation. Science has made such rapid strides, that in order to keep up with the progress, a digest, or epitome, of such advancement must be presented before us in one focus. Such is one of the objects of the Placard Exchange. To state the case broadly in two words, it is—Illustrated Information. Take the fact of a traveler arriving in San Francisco. He comes to obtain knowledge of the resources and products of California. For that purpose three things are necessary. First, What to see; secondly, Where to go in order to see; and thirdly, What are the means of transport to the desired locality. The first is the object, the second the direction, and the third the execution. All these requirements are condensed in the Labor Exchange. Is the object the mines of the Pacific Coast, the Exchange will furnish the names of the principal gold or silver mines, with specimens of each, with directions where to go and how. Does the visitor desire information about agriculture, the official maps of the 44 counties of California are spread before him, each section of land being laid down, and those sections as yet belonging to the Federal Government, and which can be bought at $1 25 per acre, clearly defined. The great grain districts will be pointed out to him, together with the lines of railroad in operation or projection; the large operations for irrigation or reclamation of the vast tule lands of the State will be seen at a glance, at the same time reference will be made to private ranches or tracts of land already taken up, whereof portions are in the market for purchase or lease. Any one desirous of turning his attention to sheep raising or wool growing will obtain accurate information of the ranges from Monterey to the States of Nevada and Oregon, with full details of the various clips and returns North and South, of sheep runs for sale or to let, and available lands not already taken up. Samples of the various wools will also be on exhibition. This is but one branch of the Placard Exchange, and interesting chiefly to the foreigner. To the dweller within our gates, the institution offers manifold inducements. First of all, the exhibition of his peculiar branch of industry should he wish such to be made known, and secondly, space on the walls for his address. But a still greater inducement exists in the fact that every branch of commerce, profession or calling will be represented in the Placard Exchange. Cargoes of goods arrived and for sale, ships loading and the nature of their freight, ships and steamers to sail and their destination, with rates of freight and passenger money, prices current and sales effected of staple goods, rates of freight to all parts of the world, prices current of foreign markets, with latest telegrams, these will be provided for the merchant. For the community at large, the prices of stocks and government securities, lands, lots, houses or stores to sell or to let, together with information of a miscellaneous character. To sum up, every conceivable want of a busy world in the way of knowledge or information will be comprehended within the walls of the Placard Exchange. The spacious and lofty rooms will be well furnished and brilliantly lighted. Newspapers from all parts of the world will cover the tables; a superintendent will be in attendance until ten o'clock at night to direct the inquirer; works of art will adorn the walls; in short, nothing will be wanting to render this, as was said above, an Illustrated Epitome of Information for the Pacific Coast. Telegraphic communication will be direct all over the globe, and as if to render the arrangement complete, a *daily Placard* will be published, containing a *resumé* of foreign, domestic and local news, a digest of mercantile intelligence, the arrivals and departures of ships, the state of the money and stock market; in short, it will be a faithful reflex of the Placard Exchange itself as a model of Condensed Information.

General vs. Drover.

There was once a Scotch drover who, though he could neither read nor write, had nevertheless made a large fortune by sheep farming, and was open to any degree of flattery as to his abilities in this department of labor. A purchaser, knowing his weakness, and anxious to ingratiate himself into his good graces, ventured one evening over the whisky-toddy to remark: "I am of the opinion, sir, that you are a greater man than even the Duke of Wellington!" "Hoot, toot!" replied the sheep farmer, modestly, hanging his head with a pleased smile, and taking a large pinch of snuff, "that's too much—too much by far—by far." But his guest, after expatiating for a while upon the great powers of his host in collecting and concentrating upon a Southern market a flock of sheep, suggested the question: "Could the Duke of Wellington have done that?" The sheep farmer thought a little, snuffed, took a glass of toddy, and replied: "The Duke of Wellington was, no doubt, a clever man; very, very clever, I believe. They tell me he was a good soger; but then, d'ye see, he had reasonable men to deal with—captains, and majors, and generals, that could understand him, every one of them, both officers and men; but I'm not sure, after all, if he could manage, say twenty thousand sheep, beside black cattle, that could not understand one word he said, Gaelic or English, and bring every hoof o' them to Falkirk Tryst? I doot it—I doot it—but I have done that!" The inference was evident.

The Age of Fisk.

A civilization of planters and builders, hoeing and hammering in competition and strife. A nation of kleptomaniacs, mad to be rich at any sacrifice. Moral worth dreaded as a fanatic, or patronized as a milk sop, every material success worshiped as a god. Trade a corner in grain that starves the poor, a parley of two foxes, each lying for a goose, a game of euchre to set gamblers on edge. In a nation of people one Astor, one Stewart, one Vanderbilt, thirty thousand women so cheap that their bodies are on sale, thirty thousand men so cheap as to eat the bread of such carnage. Politics a swill-trough, at which the greediest swine gets soonest fat. The church a fashion plate. Law a thing that helps a man steal fifty millions of dollars, then, if he leaves two millions behind at death, calls it his own property. Justice so poor a farce that this man's dandy murderer becomes a public benefactor, and his wanton jilt a general blessing. Did I say all this was a nightmare? Yes, the age of Fisk.—*E. H. G. Clark, of Troy.*

—— An American adventuress, giving her name as Maria Graindorge, has been arrested in Paris on the following charge of impudent and ingenious swindling. She appears well dressed, and with a handsome baby in her arms, at the houses of wealthy Parisians, asking to see the proprietor. As soon as she was admitted to his presence, she would rush at him, exclaiming, "Traitor! wretch! villain! have I found you at last!" At the same time, the handsome baby, having been trained for that purpose, would extend its little arms toward the astonished gentleman and cry, "Papa, dear papa!" It may be imagined that "papa" preferred to give the swindler some money in order to make her leave the house. When she was arrested at her residence in the Rue Duvivier, no fewer than seven trained babies were found in the house, also nine or ten thousand francs in money. Mlle. Graindorge, upon being closely pressed by the examining magistrate, confessed that her real name was Oake; that she was a native of New York; and that she had been before at the Saint Lazare prison. The Paris Assizes found her guilty, and she was sent for seven years to New Caledonia.

—— A good story is being told of Poole, the fashionable tailor in Saville Row, London. One of his aristocratic customers, thinking to annoy him, went up to him as he was walking on the Parade at Brighton at the most fashionable hour of the day, and said to him, "See, Poole, how badly this coat fits." The great Sartor was fully equal to the occasion. Taking a piece of chalk out of his pocket, he marked sundry hieroglyphics over the puppy's back, and then, turning him adrift, said, "There, my lord, you go and show yourself to my people, and they will soon put you right." The general impression was that Lord Blank did not win that game at Poole.

CALIFORNIA STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD.

T. J. L. SMILEY, ... President. | JOS. TILDEN, ... Caller.
CHAS. L. WELLER, . . Vice-President. | E. J. BALDWIN, ... Treasurer.
W. W. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Adamson, W. R. H....406 California st.	Lincoln, J.......322 Montgomery street.
Allen, C. R........106 Liedesdorff street	Mansfield, M...308 Montgomery street.
Baldridge, M.......608 Montgomery st.	Marina, S. J. de S..322 Montg'y street.
Baldwin, E. J.... 509 California street.	McCullough, T. J...306 Montg'y street.
Barroll, Sam'l 422 Montgomery street.	McCarthy, O....327 Montgomery street.
Bourne, J. B.... 323 California street.	McKenty, J.....422 Montgomery street.
Broderick, R...6 Merchants' Exchange.	Middleton, John...310 Montg'y street.
Case, J. M......322 Montgomery street.	Moore, J. M.....77 Montgomery Block.
Childs, P. G.......436 California street.	Myers, W. F. ....411 California street.
DeGroayer, S.. 513 Montgomery street.	O'Connor, T. M....................
DeLacey, Chas....430 California street.	Owens, J. H.. ....428 California street.
DeLorme, E. W ..506 Montgomery st.	Patridge, H. C ....International Hotel.
Diftot, A........422 Montgomery street.	Perine, G M .....413 California street.
Duncan, W T.... 413 California street.	Pheby, T. B. . 440 Montgomery street.
DuVal, W. B.411 California st, Room 4.	Ricketts, A. H. ... ...
Fitch, H. S.....606 Montgomery street.	Roberts, D. ....
Flagg, H. H...415 Montgomery street.	Rogers, Geo. E. 331 Montgomery street.
Gildemeester, J. P. H.113 Montg'y Blk.	Rosenblatt, S......503 California street.
Gray, J.... .... 306 Montgomery street.	Rudsdale, M......418 California street.
Hart, Thos. R...422 Montgomery street.	Sanborn, T. C.. ...411 California street.
Harvey, C. C.......418 California street.	Schmitt, M ....437 California street.
Hawkins, Jas...13 Stevenson Building	Smiley, T. J. L.... 310 Montgomery st.
Hill, J. Bryant....528 Montgomery St.	Smith, E. L..... 303 Montgomery street.
Hitchens, Jas........................	Smith, W. J.....422 Montgomery street.
Hoare, C. W......408 California street.	Snowball, R. Y....411 California street.
Hoitt, I. G............................	Soren, Geo. S...528 Montgomery street.
Howard, H. C .323 Montgomery street.	Stewart, Geo. W....... ....
Hussey, J. L....505 Montgomery street.	Taylor, W. S....420 Montgomery street.
Hyneman, S........420 Montg'y street.	Thompson, J. M..310 Montgo'ry street.
Kenney, C. A.....411 California street.	Tibbey, E. S.......503 California street.
Kent, R. T......404 Montgomery street.	Tilden, J,...............At Board Room.
Klopenstine, J..422 Montgomery street.	Weller, Chas. L.....521 Jackson street.
Lacour, L.......503 Montgomery street.	Williams, W. J.......At Board Room.
Lawton, W. W........At Board Room.	Wolf, F........424 Montgomery street.
Leuzarder, J. M......................	Wright, Wm. H. 420 Montg'y street.
Lichtenstein, M. B.400 Montgomery st.	

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End-side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 30.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares; Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts, Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc., Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17.]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. GEO. MELLON, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
Aug. 10.] WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 217 Sansome street.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes, fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Sales- room, 219 Bush street. Factory, 415 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

COURT CHAT.

— Prince Bismarck has made a most remarkable speech in the Chamber of Deputies, explanatory of the late changes in the Prussian Cabinet. He said the burden of work had become too heavy for him, while his health was not so good as heretofore. It was therefore impossible for him to assume, as President of the Ministry, the responsibility for all the measures of the Government. The policy and attitude of the Prussian Ministry had not changed. Prince Bismarck held that a non-Prussian Chancellor of the Empire was an impossibility. He laid stress upon the necessary unity of Prussia and the Empire which was embodied in the person of the Emperor-King. There was no truth in the reports of a want of harmony between himself and the other Ministers. After much persuasion the Presidency of the Ministry had been undertaken by Count von Roon, in whom he had the fullest confidence. A Ministry of the majority was not possible where no compact majority existed. In Prussia a Royal Ministry only was possible, which, according to the intention of the Monarch, would speedily act in conjunction with the parties in the Chamber. The relations with foreign powers were characterised by Prince Bismarck as satisfactory and peaceful.

— A letter from Vienna says: "A very serious accident has just happened to two ladies of one of the first families in Austria. The Princess Sarolta Auersperg (née Countess Szapary), widow of General Prince Alexander, brother of Prince Adolphus Auersperg, President of the Cis-Leithan Ministry, lives at Presburg with her family. Not long ago her Highness and her daughter, the Princess Anna, 20 years of age, were preparing to go to a ball, when the latter let an ornament fall. The *femme-de-chambre* placed a light on the floor to look for it, and the younger lady, unfortunately turning round without noticing the act, placed her dress in contact with the flames, and set fire to it. The mother rushed forward to assist, but her gown also became ignited, and both ladies were speedily enveloped in flames. The injuries of the elder one are extremely grave, her neck and arms being deeply burned, while the wounds of the young Princess are comparatively slight. However, her state, although less alarming than that of her mother, is still such as to cause anxiety."

— With the view of keeping the ex Emperor's memory green in the soul of his admirers a miniature terra-cotta bust of the deceased is sold as the centerpiece in a bouquet of violets for the small sum of three sous. Mourning letter paper is for sale with his photograph in the corner of each sheet and embossed on the envelopes. There are scarf pins also with the head of ex-Cæsar. An illustrated sheet recounting the glories of the Second Empire for the use of "the noble peasants of France" is gratuitously distributed. The Republicans have brought out a companion sheet, also illustrated, commencing with Napoleon's shooting the soldier Radenect in the barrack yard of Boulogne-sur-Mer, in 1840. The impartial historian must look on this picture and on this.

— Messrs. Dulau, of Paris, have formed a collection, in six volumes, of caricatures published in Paris in 1870 and 1871. The first series embraces the period from the Declaration of War to the close of August; the second, from Sedan to the fall of Metz; the third, from the surrender of Metz to the March Revolution; the fourth, the reign of the Commune; the fifth and sixth relate to Italian matters, and also comprise satires on Germans of a date posterior to the fall of the Commune. The whole comprises about 1,800 to 2,000 caricatures. One copy has been purchased by Prince Bismarck, a second by the British Museum, and a third is in the hands of the collectors.

— A letter from Madrid in the Paris *Temps* says that the death of Napoleon III. caused only a little passing emotion in the Spanish capital. On the evening of the day when the news was published, the King and Queen were at the theater. The friends of the Empire complained of this in strong terms as a violation of good manners, and to appease them the King went into mourning for a few days. The display of sympathy began and ended with this formal act.

— Francis Joseph of Austria has done a good thing. He offers a prize of five thousand florins to the Journalist who will write the best editorial on Austrian affairs in the German language. Said editorial is not to contain more than one thousand words. It is immaterial what political party the writer belongs to. The Vienna papers think that there will be several thousand competitors for the prize.

— According to a telegram from St. Petersburg, public opinion is excited there by reports of the cruelties inflicted upon the Russian prisoners in Khiva. The proposed expedition is therefore in great favor, and preparations for it on a large scale are being vigorously pushed forward. Volunteers from the highest ranks are offering, it is said, to accompany the expedition.

— Miss Ada Wyndham, a relative of Baron Channell's, died on the 23d ult., whilst under the influence of nitrous oxide gas, administered for a dental operation. This is the first recorded death by this new anæsthetic, which it was confidently hoped was entirely free from danger. A verdict of homicide by misadventure was returned at the inquest.

— It is said that Miss Hosmer, who is working away diligently at Rome, has received many orders for her head of Medusa. Instead of treating it in the conventional style, making a repulsive figure, small wings nestle in the tresses surrounding a charming face, and the bust alone is entwined with snakes in the necklace fashion.

— The first ball ever given in the Quirinal took place recently. The rooms had a very brilliant appearance. All the ministers, the members of the diplomatic body, the Roman aristocracy, and the fashionable world were present. The ball terminated with the dance of Sir Roger de Coverley, in honor of Prince Arthur.

— The real name of the morganatic wife of King Victor Emmanuel, whom he now tries to put as his queen upon the throne of Italy, was Rosina Vercellana. She was of very lowly descent, and when Victor Emmanuel first made her acquaintance in 1846, she was unable to read and write.

— President Thiers' new library embraces one hundred and twenty thousand volumes. They are all uniformly bound in green cloth, except his own works, which his publishers have presented to him bound in the most splendid crimson velvet with gold rims.

— Contrary to report, which said that each of the five sons of the Khedive had had a wife apportioned to him, we now hear that the eldest son had two wives assigned to him, showing that there is some disadvantage, after all, in being first-born.

— Dr Livingstone is to be presented with a massive gold medal by the Italian Government. The medal was to be ready by the 30 instant, and consigned to Sir Bartle Frere to present it to the great traveler in person, or to forward it by some safe hand.

— A locksmith at Innspruck, in the Tyrol, has invented a pistol, which, he claims, can be fired off twenty-five times in one minute. He has offered his invention to the Minister of War in Vienna for sixty thousand florins.

— The Dowager Empress Amelie of Brazil, Consort of Pedro I., died at Lisbon on the 26th, after a long illness. Don Fernando remained all night in the sick room. The late Empress was very charitable, and is much regretted.

— Dr Louis Buchner, the philosopher, who is now lecturing in the United States, writes to the *Gartenlaube* that most of the daily papers in New York City have a circulation of upward of 100,000 copies!

— King John of Saxony has, during his long life, written sixteen books, most of them translations from the Italian and English. His translation of Dante is considered the best existing in German literature.

— At a recent sale at Paris, a gold snuff-box, adorned with microscopic pictures of several French poets, and presented to Louis XIV. by the city of Bordeaux, was bid off at 12,000 francs.

— Cardinal Bonaparte, cousin to the late Emperor, has sent 100 crowns to the parish church of Santa Maria, at Rome, to pay for masses for his relative.

— The Queen of Spain was safely confined on the 29th ultimo of a Prince. The mother and child are progressing well.

SAN JOAQUIN AND KING'S RIVER CANAL AND IRRIGATION CO.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the San Joaquin and King's River Canal and Irrigation Company, held the 21st day of January, 1873, it was unanimously resolved, that in order to secure a co-operation of the citizens of California to one of the most important works for the benefit of the Agricultural and Commercial interests of the State, the President is hereby instructed to open Books for the subscription of 5,000 shares of the 100,000 shares of $100 each, capital stock of this Company, at the present cash cost of the work now done. No subscription to be received for more than 500 shares. Notice is hereby given, in conformity with the above, that Books of Subscription for the 5,000 shares are now open at the office of the Company, No. 320 California street, Room 9, during business hours, for thirty days. Capital stock, $10,000,000, divided into 100,000 shares of $100 each. About forty miles of canal are completed and supply water for irrigating lands bordering on the Canal. Surveys are made from Tulare Lake to near Antioch, say 200 miles, and work progressing. The Company has no debts. For further particulars and terms of subscription, apply at the office of the Company.
Jan. 2. J. MORA MOSS, President.

E. C. NEWHOFF. C. D. DUNN. M. D. CARR.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

Mercantile Printing House, N.E. corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets. CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF, Practical Book and Job Printers, desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now prepared to do every description of printing in the very best style of the art. Our presses and types are all new, and of the very latest styles. Give us a call. The third floor of the building in which our office is in will be rented for composition rooms, to good tenants, on very reasonable terms. Apply to [May 11.] CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. R. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 325 California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

金山唐山新聞紙

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 24.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands. ["J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States. March 19.

FOLEY & FLORANCE.

North Beach Livery Stable, Powell Street, below Filbert, San Francisco. Carriages to Let. Horses taken on Livery. All orders left at the stable promptly attended to, day or night. Clarences 63, 40, 419 stand on California street, opposite 432. All orders left there will meet immediate attention. Nov. 30.

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC LOHMAN. JOHN W. TAYLOR.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.
Nov 30. 501 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

REDUCTION IN GAS.

Office of the San Francisco Gas Company, March 15, 1872.—Notice is hereby given that on and after this date, the price of Gas will be reduced from Four Dollars and Seventy five Cents ($4 75) to Three Dollars and Fifty Cents ($3 50), per Thousand Cubic Feet. [March 23.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OR DRIVERS OF VEHICLES.

The Annual License is now due for the year ending January 1, 1873. If not paid on before January 31, 1873, an addition of 25 per cent. will be added each month for delinquency. E. R. BUCKLEY, License Collector.
Jan 18. Room No. 4, City Hall.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 17.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 2.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

LINDENBERGER & BURKE,

Commission Merchants, Nos. 28 and 30 Sansome St., San Francisco, and Agents of the Willamette Woolen Mills, Salem, Oregon. Oct. 5.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,
March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug 17.

D. F. VERDENAL.] **POULTERER & VERDENAL,** [T. J. POULTERER.

Stock Brokers, San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board, 409 California street. May 11.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

RICHARD HEYES & CO.,

Cigars, Wine and Liquor Merchants, 239 Kearny, and 405, 407 and 409 Bush streets, San Francisco. Address P. O. Box 559. Jan 25.

POLL TAXES FOR 1873 ARE NOW DUE.

Payable at the Assessor's office, or to a Deputy.
Jan 18. LEVI ROSENER, Assessor.

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 512 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco. J. A. MARS, Assayer. Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters, etc. Aug 24.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec 24.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel, Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alianca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; O. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson, Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co, Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamulz & Co, "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa, Cross & Co, Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co, Dent & Co, Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Matheson & Co, F. Bevill, W. Birch, Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

Defeat.

[BY BARTON GREY.]

He took her hand and looked at her,
No sound did that deep stillness stir;
Even the weary, wandering rain
Had ceased to beat upon the pane;
Only about the perfect mouth
A sigh more faint than the faint south
Hovered of moment's space, and then
Died into nothingness again.

The words he spoke were brief and slow;
What could he say, she did not know,
What pulse of that impetuous soul
But owned her calm, serene control?
No need for him to test her heart
With cunning fence or verbal art,
Only to ask and wait her will,
And winning, losing, love her still.

Perhaps she wavered—ay, perhaps
The shadow of the cloud that wraps
The future from our questioning gaze
Let in some glimpse of after days,
Some hint of all she might possess
In that true spirit's tenderness,
If but her weaker life might move
Unto the music of his love.

Perhaps! who knows! He only knew
The large gray eyes were dim with dew,
Saw only on the mouth a sweet bloom
The shadow of reluctant doom,
Felt only one sad, gentle word—
And then thro' the deep stillness heard
Once more the weary, wandering rain
Beat dull against the window pane.

Profitable Investment of Capital.

During the past year California has attracted the attention of the civilized world by some remarkable examples of its agricultural capacity. With a farming population of less than 24,000, directly engaged in the cultivation of the soil, the estimated value of its principal staples for 1872, exclusive of the precious metals, is upwards of $75,000,000—more than the total gold and silver product of the United States. The yield of wheat alone is estimated at from $25,000,000 to $30,000,000. These extraordinary results have been accomplished by the individual labor and energy of our farming population. Very little aid has been furnished by capitalists in the production of agricultural industry, a large proportion of our available means having been absorbed in enterprises of a more speculative and therefore more attractive character. Nevertheless, the country has steadily prospered, and the outlook for the year is more encouraging than ever. In all probability the value of our agricultural products for 1873 will reach $120,000,000, and there is every reason to expect that there will be a large increase in our population.

If there was a more intelligent appreciation of our resources in San Francisco; if men of means could be induced to see that there are investments sure to pay better in the long run than stock-jobbing operations, it might be possible to secure at home such aid and co-operation in works of internal improvement and the establishment of manufactures as would give an impulse unprecedented in our history to the material progress of this State. But the amount of available capital is limited, and it will probably be many years before we can look to financial circles in this city for the necessary means to carry out any important scheme for the development of our domestic industry. Within the past three years, it is true, a few of our leading men have given some practical evidence of a disposition to engage in undertakings likely to be of permanent advantage to the State, but they have not had such encouragement from quarters where assistance might reasonably be expected as to enable them to advance very rapidly in their operations. Another drawback may be found in the persistent efforts of the local press throughout the country to prevent the success of any scheme, however beneficial to the State, involving the control of large bodies of land. If capitalists can be found to spend large sums of money for the benefit of impecunious settlers, without reference to their own emoluments, of course all such objections will be removed; but it is safe to predict that without general co-operation in works of a public character, very little advance will be made, and the classes who need capital will continue to find it scarce.

A glance at our tule and marsh lands will show that there are sources of inexhaustible wealth yet undeveloped in California. The State Surveyor General, in his report for 1870, estimates the area of swamp and overflowed lands at 3,000,000 acres. This land, if reclaimed and under cultivation, would produce more, he says, for a given number of years (say ten) than all the rest of the land in the State together; and he considers it rather a misfortune that we have not more of the same kind—experience having demonstrated that it is even better and more productive than our uplands. As high as eighty bushels of wheat to the acre has been produced on some of these lands, and the average will not fall short of thirty five to forty bushels.

Properly speaking, there are three classes of land in California subject to overflow—the tule lands bordering on our lakes and rivers, the low alluvial valley lands, and the salt marshes bordering on the shores of our bays and estuaries.

The tule lands derive their name from a species of gigantic rush which grows upon them, forming a mass of roots and fibres that contribute mainly to the growth of the land itself. For centuries past these tules have been burnt off by the Indians in search of game, during the dry season of the year, and the accretions formed by the roots, mingled with the ashes, together with the deposits of soil carried down from the uplands, have gradually caused them to rise above the level of the ordinary water surface. In seasons of flood, or by the action of the tide, where it prevails, they are of course submerged, unless protected by levees or embankments.

The principal tule lands of California lie along the San Joaquin River as far as their junction with the tule lands of the Sacramento, which commence above Red Bluff, following southerly both sides of the Sacramento River till they form the great delta in which the two rivers are united.

Near the lakes and high up on the rivers, the land is of a more compact texture and contains more soil than in the delta below, receiving the first and heaviest deposits of earth from the mountain streams and adjacent uplands. The leveling tendency of water would doubtless in time elevate the surface beyond the reach of ordinary floods. Even within the past twenty years a natural process of reclamation has brought within the cultivatable area many thousand acres of land which formerly produced nothing but tules.

Of the specific value of these lands in different parts of the State it is not my purpose to speak at present, but I may be allowed to express the opinion that wherever the soil is most compact will be better suited to wheat than in those localities where the texture is chiefly fibrous.

The rich clay lands of this character in the valleys of the Sacramento are unsurpassed for the production of the cereals. They will also grow tobacco, sorghum, beets and various other useful products. Cotton is yet an experiment in the valley of the Sacramento, and it may be that the Spring frosts are too late and the Autumn frosts too early to afford much hope of success in the cultivation of that staple so far north.

Within the past few years more attention has been given to the reclamation and cultivation of the tule lands embraced in the delta of the Sacramento and San Joaquin Rivers, above Suisun Bay, than to those of any other locality. Peculiar advantages exist here for drainage and irrigation by means of tide-gates. At high tide the water supplied by the main rivers is backed up, and can easily be distributed over the land; at low tide it can be drained off by sluice-gates; and when neither irrigation nor drainage is required, the gates may be kept closed, leaving only such outlets as may be necessary for the escape of seepage.

The land is exceedingly rich, being composed for a depth of eighteen or twenty feet of matted roots and *debris* from above, all thoroughly rotted below the stratum of living fibres.

Considerable work has been done during the past year on the principal islands of the Sacramento and San Joaquin delta. Rough and Ready, containing about 1,000 acres, is now under cultivation. The cost of reclamation up to the present time has been about $8 an acre. Venice Island, owned by J. Mora Moss and others, is encircled by a substantial levee, and contains several thousand acres of very fine land, most of which is now available for cultivation. Mandeville Island, 4,000 acres, is owned by Col. Jack Hays, Capt. Treanor and others, who have built an excellent house on the premises, where Col. Hays and his family are now temporarily residing. This is a very fine tract, and will be cultivated in part and used for grazing purposes this year. Bacon Island, containing 10,000 acres, is owned by N. D. Bacon and others, who have nearly completed the reclamation. Work has been vigorously prosecuted on this island during the past season, and it will soon be placed beyond all danger of floods. The land is excellent, and the location convenient of access. Boland Island contains about 6,000 acres, and is owned by Messrs. Cassell & Co. The amount expended in the reclamation so far is about $30,000. Staten Island, owned by Haggen & Terla, contains about 8,000 acres. Reclamation is making rapid progress on this island, and it will undoubtedly prove a very valuable investment. The land is rich and well located. Twitchell Island, 3,600 acres, owned by Prather Brother, Minor and Roberts, has been under partial cultivation for two years. Cost of reclamation, $12 per acre. The first wheat crop was exceedingly fine, averaging forty bushels to the acre. About 1,600 acres was planted. Last year the wheat was planted too early, and was damaged by the flood. This year the land will be thoroughly plowed and worked, and 1,800 to 2,000 acres will be planted. As high as eighty bushels to the acre has been produced on this island. Brannan and Andrus Islands, containing over 12,000 acres, are in process of reclamation, at an estimated cost of about $8 an acre. The unreclaimed land is held at $25 an acre, reclaimed at $40 to $50, depending on location. A tract of 3,000 acres was recently sold for $25 an acre. Sherman Island contains 10,000 acres, is situated near the light of the delta, where the waters of the Sacramento and San Joaquin empty into Suisun Bay. The levees have necessarily been expensive, but it may be considered proof against all floods. The farmers living on this island have manifested great energy and perseverance, and will doubtless soon reap satisfactory rewards. The land is wonderfully productive, yielding forty to fifty bushels of wheat to the acre, and vegetables of fine quality and such enormous proportions as to excite the astonishment of visitors from abroad. Present value of farms, assessments paid, from $45 to $100 an acre. Grand Island, 10,000 acres, has been reclaimed, or nearly so, at a cost of about $8 an acre. Value of the land from $40 to $50 an acre. The Webb Tract, above Antioch, contains some 20,000 acres, and is in process of reclamation. It is now encompassed by a levee, which will be increased in size as soon as practicable. Amount expended, $4 an acre; value from $40 to $50. Some sales of tracts on this island have recently been made to settlers at $25 an acre, but good selections cannot be had now at that rate.

Grizzly Island, situated in Suisun Bay, contains 12,000 acres, and has had about $30,000 expended in its reclamation. The land is exceedingly rich, and bands of sheep and cattle are now grazing on it. During eight months in the year the water at the upper end is fresh, at other times brackish. Messrs. Chapman & Co. are the owners. Nearly all the swamp land in Contra Costa County, embracing several districts, amounting in the aggregate to about 50,000 acres, is now in process of reclamation, 10,000 acres fronting on Old River has recently been sold to settlers for $25 an acre. The reclamation of this tract cost between $5 and $6 an acre. Work will probably be commenced this Summer on Roberts and Union Islands, embracing an area of 90,000 acres, principally owned by the Tide Land Reclamation Company. The estimates for reclaiming these islands, as made by General B. S. Alexander, Chief of United States Engineers for this coast, will not exceed $4 an acre. A large body of land, extending from near Sacramento City on the East side of the river, comprising the Russian and other Districts, has been partially, and in some places wholly reclaimed. For a distance of twenty-five miles an almost continuous line of fruit orchards extend along the river bank, supplying a large proportion of the apples and peaches used in this city. The Messrs. Sargents have reclaimed a tract adjoining the upland in San Joaquin County, to the east of Bolin and Venice Islands, containing 15,000 acres. Dr Hyer and his associates have commenced work on Cash and Steamboat Sloughs. Several reclamation districts have been formed, reclamation commenced, and in some instances completed, within an area covering nearly all the overflowed land from Cash Slough on the west side of the Sacramento River to Suisun Bay. One of the most important and extensive reclamation works yet undertaken in the State is that of the Tule Land Company, of which Messrs. Harding, Rose, McLane, Houston and others are the leading members, commencing at Knight's Landing, on the west bank of the Sacramento, and extending to a point fifteen miles above Colusa, embracing 120,000 acres, of which this Company own 80,000. The cost of reclamation is about $4 an acre. No finer body of land exists in any part of the world. For forty miles it is almost a dead level, with a rich, deep soil, capable of easy cultivation and producing enormous crops of cereals wherever they have been planted. Mr. Reed, President of the State Agricultural Board, has in cultivation, near Knight's Landing, one of the most magnificent wheat fields ever seen in California, the probable yield of which will be forty bushels to the acre. Every acre of the tract reclaimed is capable of producing equally good crops. At the Mormon Settlement the capacity of the soil has been tested by actual results, quite as satisfactory, obtained during the past two years. Directly opposite to this tract, in Sutter County, reclamation has been commenced, and works are to be completed during the coming Summer, embracing over 100,000 acres of equally rich land—estimated cost, from $1 to $5 an acre.

Glancing next at the tule lands of the San Joaquin Valley, we find that they are also very rich, but in consequence of their comparative remoteness and the greater difficulties of reclamation will not be available so soon. Here larger capital will be required and more extensive and costly works. The country adjacent to the lakes being flat, and the drainage not so easily effected, reclamation must be general and a system of canals will be required. Fortunately the San Joaquin Valley Canal Company have taken this matter in hand, and while bringing the waters of King's river, the Merced river, and the waters of Tulare and other lakes under control for purposes of irrigation, will greatly facilitate the process of reclamation. The Southern Pacific Railroad, now extended beyond Visalia, will afford means of transportation for the products of the country, and altogether the outlook is encouraging. Before many years cotton, tobacco, ramie, etc., will be among the most profitable staples of the State.

[*For Conclusion see Thirteenth page.*]

B. NATHAN.] ESTABLISHED IN 1850. [F. DOURMANN.

B. NATHAN & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in French China Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware. Glass Shades all sizes. Successors to R. A. Swain & Co.'s Retail Business. Show Rooms, 536 to 542 Kearny st. 540 KEARNY ST., cor Sacramento.
Feb 8. San Francisco.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

GEO. H. EGGERS.] **EGGERS & CO.,** [CHR. H. VOIGT.

Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions. Agents of the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 21.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

G. W. CHESLEY.] **G. W. CHESLEY & CO.,** [J. S. JONES.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Fine Wines and Liquors. Sole Proprietors of CONDURANGO BITTERS. 414 Front street, San Francisco. 51 Front street, Sacramento. August 17.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 18th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox. the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand Feet.
Nov 9. JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

THE OFFICE OF THE CEDERBERG GOLD MINING CO.,

And Manhattan Marble Co., of California, is removed to No. 310 PINE STREET. [Feb. 1.] D. M. HOKEE, Secretary.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

The Modern God-head—The Golden Eagle, the Silver Dollar and Copper Cent.

[We publish the contributions of the "Parson" not because we at all indorse the doctrines enunciated by him, but wholly on account of their brightness, and leave our readers to sift for themselves the wheat from the chaff.]

Dear News Letter:—The prayerful Five assembled at the little chapel at The Oaks last Sabbath, to listen to a sermon from their beloved pastor on the Great American God-head. The Parson was induced to take the foregoing popular Trinity for a text, in consequence of listening to a lecture delivered last week at the Congregational Church by the Rev. A. L. Stone. That holy man of God found much fault with the people because they would not surrender all they were possessed of to God—not only their body and mind, but their worldly goods. But the cream of the joke was, the rev. gentleman elected himself one of God's especial agents to make collections on this terrestial planet, and to have and to hold the plunder until such time as his august master should call for it. The rev. beggar did not want a portion, but all we had; a complete surrender of everything to his keeping, in trust for God. He wanted us to take no thought for the morrow, but to trust implicitly in Divine Providence for our hash. The Five went with me to hear Mr. Stone, and were so much impressed with the earnestness, honesty, and sincerity of his appeal to their, not generosity, but duty to the God of the Christian, that they were likely to become utterly impoverished in their zeal to gratify the desire of the rev. minister's needy Almighty. The Blond Sister gave all the money she had, then took off her jewels and laid them cheerfully on the altar, and shed grateful tears for the blessed privilege. The Azure-Eyed Girl, in emulating the noble example of her sister, carried the donation business to its extreme limit. She spread her shawl on the floor, threw in her money, bracelets, rings, ear-rings, and breast-pin; took off her switch and waterfall (real hair), and crept out of her robes, leaving nothing for herself to walk home in but an old pair of slippers and a hoop skirt. The Pet Lamb, in her religious enthusiasm, threw herself into the arms of the vice-regent of God, and shouted "Hallelujah," crying "Take all for Jesus!" Mr. Stone was a little surprised at this remarkable outcropping of the holy spirit, and came very near accepting the tempting offer, but sober second thought came to his rescue, and knowing he would have to pay her board, thereby levying a tax on the Lord, he relieved her of all her upholstery, money and jewels, declining the living portion of the donation. He then gave her his blessing, and sent her away with nothing on but her hair, singing that blessed anthem, "The Lord will provide." Deacon Scott rushed up to the altar and subscribed three cords of wood and a ton of coal; his mind was evidently running in a downward course, and bent on warming things up. The Judge walked solemnly up to the Holy of Holies, and with a slow and melancholy motion drew a pint flask of old rye from his pocket and laid it lovingly in the hands of Dr. Stone. Bestowing one longing, lingering look of heartrending affection on his departing idol, he turned away with tears in his eyes, muttering to himself "It is finished; what I lend to the Lord in pints may return to me in gallons." But the Parson was an old bird, not to be caught with chaff; he'd been there, and knew how it was himself. He therefore gathered the Five together, placed them in a hack, took them home, and then sat down and wrote a sermon on the only living, true, and available God-head of modern times. The discourse was delivered to a large concourse of people last Lord's Day, at The Oaks:

THE MODERN GOD-HEAD.

My brothers, to-day I would bid you beware
Of the preaching of Stone, and his orthodox snare;
He hath begged you to come and his ransomed ones join,
Give up body and soul, all your goods and your coin,
Lay down all your wealth at the feet of a God
Whose power created a world with his nod,
Called what is into being, according to Stone,
Yet still goes round begging for what is his own.
And how hath God lost all the things he hath made?
Did the child of his image outwit him in [illegible]?
Or did the arch fiend, who from heaven was hurled,
Gobble up the estate of this beautiful world,
And peddle it out to whoever would buy,
As a bar to their claim in a homestead on high?
This venerable vendor of heavenly lore
Hath told you, my friends, that the evergreen shore
Where God in his glory and majesty reigns,
Can never be reached till you part with your gains;
As soon into heaven the wealthy may wheedle,
As a camel may go through the eye of a needle.
If there's truth in the doctrine our clergymen preach,
And nothing but paupers a heaven may reach,
What becomes of the fashion and wealth of your church?
Brother Stone, you have left them, alas! in the lurch.
We may judge by the wealth into some churches crammed,
Our Christians have paid a great price to be damned;
How is it? if only the poor and the meek
Shall see the bright land that we all of us seek,
That the rich man holds on to the things of this world,
When he knows at his death his poor soul will be hurled
Right plumb into hell, if he dies worth a cent;
Still the minds of the godly on riches are bent,
From the first cry of infancy up to fourscore
The song of the Christian is, more, give me more:
He asks of us alms for his heavenly host;
He begs for the Father, the Son, and his Ghost,
And laughs in his sleeve as he rambles about,
When he thinks of two races that never die out—
Two races alike, but of different schools,
Both made for us spiders: they're flies and damn fools.
Dear brothers, and you, my immaculate Five,
Have been to hear Stone, and he skinned you alive;
Threw over your minds the soft glamour of prayer,
And robbed you of everything, all but your hair,
Then sent you the way your Redeemer hath trod,
And bid you walk barefooted after your God.
The holy man told you this world was a sham,
And that God would take care of the closely shorn lamb.
But the vail of religion, my friend, is too thin;
It is worn out and threadbare, and lets the light in.
And what doth the keen eye of reason behold,
As it peers through the web of its gossamer fold,
A wonderful God and his crucified son?
And his most holy ghostship, three figures in one?
Not at all; this lip worships a gauzy pretence,
Which is very transparent to our common sense;
Like the thin, slimy snare the grim spiders may weave
When a credulous fly they intend to deceive.
I will tell you, my friends, where the Trinity lies
(To excel in its worship humanity tries):
'Tis a wonderful God-head invented by man,
More used than the gods of the orthodox plan.
We place more reliance in gods that we see
Than we do in the Christians' invisible Three.
All the world bows its head when his face they behold,
And bask in the light of his visage of gold;
And the voice of his Son hath a clear silver ring
That down on their knees will the multitude bring;
And the ghost of his Son, a diminutive copper,
We worship, which makes up the Trinity proper.
The eagle of gold is the father of all;
On him, through the dollar, his Son we may call.
Our prayers are then answered, and downward is sent
His spirit, diffused, through the small copper cent.
Dear brothers, all worship this lovely triune,
The world dances still to its gingling tune;
It was born in our brain ere Christianity's birth,
And represents everything useful on earth.
We live for it, fight for it, die for it, still
It will reign when forgotten is Calvary's Hill.
My advice to you, friends, is, that each holds his own,
Nor yield up a dime for the twaddle of Stone;
Take no stock in the heaven of orthodox saints,
Nor be scared by the hell that a clergyman paints.
'Tis strange, yet still true, but remarkably funny,
That the God of the Christian should always want money.
Their three are a myth; our God is no hoax:
If you want to hear truth, call around at The Oaks.

The Oaks, February, 1873. The Parson.

Theatrical, Etc.

California Theater.—Halevy's grand opera, *La Juive*, has been the leading feature of the week. On Monday the house was filled to overflowing, and very few minutes after eight standing room only was left. Any one who has heard the opera must own that, although not containing many of those little catchy airs that one finds oneself whistling the next day, the music throughout is of the highest class. Madame Fabbri took the part of "Rachel," which gave full scope not only to her good voice, but also to her perfect acting. We do not remember ever having seen the part better filled anywhere. Signor Bianchi, as "Lazzaro," carried an immense amount of applause, and his "Rachele ah quando a me" met with an enthusiastic encore, as did also his "Ah col padre." Miss Anna Elzer, as "Eudosia," looked sweetly pretty and sang very nicely. Signor Baccei, as "Leopoldo," sang well, as he always does—but why, we ask, does he not take a little more pains with his acting, and understand the fact that over-acting is a player's worst fault. Herr Muller's rendering of the "Cardinal" was imposing and good. The chorus throughout, as well as the orchestra, were as good as could be. On Tuesday the old-time actor, Mr. Etynge, received a benefit. *Jack Cade* was put on the stage with the versatile McCullough as "Jack Cade," and the beneficiary as "Mat Worthy." The farce of the *Loan of a Lover* concluded the performance. Between pieces, Mr. Harry Edwards recited "The Mourners." The house was well filled.

Wilson's Parisian Circus seems to increase every day in popularity, and will no doubt be well supported as long as it remains here. The bareback riding of Madame Dockrell alone is worth going miles to see, to say nothing of all the other talent engaged, all of whom are masters of what they perform. The French clown, Kennebel, is one of the best and most laughable professors of the grotesque we have ever seen. The whole performance is one that has never been equaled in this or perhaps any other State.

Alhambra.—Billy Emerson, the king of minstrels, and Johnny Allen, continue to draw good houses every evening. Outside of the singing, several really comical pieces are played, and many an actor has appeared on our boards as a star who has not half the merit as an actor that Emerson possesses. The quartette singing of Baker, Clark, Russell and Scott is also worth hearing.

The Royal Chinese Theatrical Company made their first appearance on Thursday night at Maguire's Opera House. Any one who has not seen Mongolian acting will be very much entertained by them. Their gymnastics are, however, to our fancy, better than either their music or acting.

Stephen Leach had a benefit on Thursday at the California Theater. The house was crowded, and the entertainment was very varied and good. Hardegan played on the violoncello, Madame States sang, and Vernon Lincoln gave a solo on the French horn.

Miss Augusta Dargon will commence her engagement at the California Theater on Monday.

St. David's Day.—A merry party met last evening at the Cambrian Mutual Aid Society to celebrate St. David's Day. The evening opened with music and recitations, among the latter were some very good original lines by Mr. Gomer Evans. The festivities wound up with a ball, at which we noticed many of our most prominent citizens. The ladies were splendid samples of Cambria's daughters or granddaughters. The merry meeting broke up at an advanced hour in the morning, and every one went away pleased.

—— One of the most graceful compliments ever paid by a wife to her husband was the erection of a monument to Mr. Disraeli's father, by the late Viscountess Beaconsfield. The idea was entirely her own, and the monument was to be a surprise to Mr. Disraeli. The deceased lady took an intimate friend of the family into her confidence. An architect was consulted, and after due consideration his design was approved. Tenders were privately obtained, and a suitable site upon the estate was discovered on a hill, within view of Hughenden. As soon as the statesman and his wife had left their country seat for the opening of Parliament, workmen began to prepare the foundations. If Mr. Disraeli had returned to Hughenden for the Easter recess, the secret would have been discovered. Lady Beaconsfield was equal to the occasion, and filled the house with house-painters. All through the Spring and Summer the work went steadily on, until in August an obelisk of 120 feet or 130 feet high had reared its lofty, varied, and graceful outline against the horizon. When the prorogation enabled husband and wife to return to their country retreat, the surprise of Mr. Disraeli may be conceived. The obelisk, surrounded by a palisading of stone pillars and iron rails, cost the deceased lady upwards of £600.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

March 1st—Steamer JAPAN Capt. Freeman.
April 1st—Steamer ALASKA. ...Capt. Lachlan

There will be no departure March 16th

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steam craft to ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

March 7th—Steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, ...Capt. Caverly.
March 17th—Steamer CONSTITUTION, Capt. Moore
March 27th—Steamer MONTANA, Capt. Nolan

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamers falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:

PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Monday, March 3; Friday, March 14; Tuesday, March 25

ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Saturday, March 8; Wednesday, March 19; Saturday, March 29.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO, SANTA BARBARA AND SAN PEDRO.

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M., as follows:

SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, Wednesday, March 5; Monday, March 17, Friday March 28

FOR CAPE SAN LUCAS, SAN BLAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, March 4th.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M., the 3d.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [March 1] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

THE LEADING MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
O W SMILEY, Vice-President
B. H. COIT, ... Caller.
H SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer
F LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Baldridge, M....608 Montg'y st.
Budd, W. C....418 California st.
Burling, W. .428 California st.
Ford, J. C.420 Mont'y, up stairs.
Fitch, J. R....411 California st.
Higgins, W. L . 413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H..431 Cal'a, up stairs
Keene, J R....408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co.......426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H.417 Hayw'd B'd'g
Peckham, E. P....418 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H....401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W. ... 444 Cal'a st.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries

Butter, Cal, fresh ℔	50@	55
Do pickled		40
Do Packed		40
Cheese, Cal	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz	40@	45
Lard, ℔	16@	*
Ham & Bacon, ℔ ℔.	18@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal ...	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔ ℔..	2@	3
Do sweet	2@	3
Lima Beans, ℔ ℔ .	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔ ℔.	20@	25
Onions, ℔ ℔	4@	5
Squashes, ℔ ℔	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔ ℔ . ..	3@	5
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each....	10@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz....	6@	
Celery ℔ doz b	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b.	25@	
Turnips, ℔ doz b ..	25@	
Parsnips, ℔ doz b ..	25@	
Radishes, ℔ doz b ..	25@	
Green Peas, ℔ ℔ ..	15@	[illegible]
String Beans, ℔ ℔...	40	
Apples, ℔ ℔	6@	12
Pears, ℔ ℔ . ..	6@	12
Quinces ℔ ℔ ...	40	
Peaches, ℔ ℔	40	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔ ℔.	15@	25
Do new, ℔ ℔	40	
Oranges, ℔ doz. ...	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100 .. .	75@1	00
Limes, ℔ doz	25@	50
Quail, ℔ doz 2	50@2	75
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys ℔ ℔	6@	25
Geese, ℔ pair . . 3	00@4	00
Ducks, ℔ pair ..1	75@2	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each . ..	35@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100 1	00@	
Clams ℔ 100 ...	60@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	40	
Salmon, smoked, ℔ ℔	8@	12
Salmon, fresh, ℔ ℔ .	12@	
Codfish, ℔ ℔	15@	
Rockfish ℔ ℔	12@	
Smelts, ℔ ℔	10@	
Tomcod, ℔ ℔	15@	
Sturgeon ℔ ℔ ..	4@	
Sea Bass, ℔ ℔	40	
Flounders, ℔ ℔ .	25@	
Halibut, ℔ ℔	40	
Perch, ℔ ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ℔ ℔ .. .	8@	
Anchovies ℔ ℔ .. .	4@	
Soles, ℔ ℔ . ..	25@	
Herrings, ℔ ℔	6@	

Profitable Investment of Capital.

[*Concluded from Third Page.*]

In addition to the freshwater lands, above referred to, there are within the limits of the State about 200,000 acres of Salt Marsh lands bordering on our bays and estuaries. These lands are also exceedingly rich, being composed of deposits of silt and other matter from the rivers and the sea. Vegetable mold and fine earth are washed down from the uplands, and the sea contributes weeds, grasses, sand, shells and animalculæ. Professor Cook, of New Jersey, says: "The worth of these lands when properly reclaimed can hardly be overestimated. Wherever there is a sufficient amount of clay or mud mixed in with the grass roots and other organic matters of the marsh, it will make the soil inexhaustibly rich." General Alexander, Engineer-in-Chief of the United States, on the Pacific Coast, says: "Their complete reclamation is entirely practicable at small cost. * * * They are in no danger of floods. A dyke four feet above the surface will afford complete protection even against storm tides. When this land is once relieved from salt water it may be freshened sufficiently for grasses in a single season, and for grain and vegetables in two years. This I know from experience." It will certainly be much more valuable than the adjoining uplands, for it will be greatly more productive.

Professor Henry Mitchell, Chief in Physical Hydrography, of the United States Coast Survey, says: "Marshes reclaimed from tide waters are the most fertile and enduring of all soils." Professor Davidson, Chief of the Coast Survey, on this coast, says: "I am satisfied that these lands, when reclaimed, will be productive and valuable, and that eventually all the marsh lands bordering on the bay will be reclaimed."

Captain A. F. Rodgers, of the Coast Survey, who made the actual surveys of these lands, and who is personally more familiar with them than any person on this coast, says: "All the marsh lands on the bays of San Francisco, San Pablo and Suisun may be easily reclaimed, being above the level of ordinary tides, by a system inexpensive compared with the large margin of profit evidently offered by the unexampled richness of the soil and the rapid development of the country."

Notwithstanding the best engineering testimony as to the feasibility of reclaiming these lands at a moderate cost; notwithstanding the example furnished in New Jersey, where land worth comparatively nothing, advanced in a few years from $50 to $300, $1,000 and even $2,000 an acre; notwithstanding the experience of Holland, Great Britain, China and other countries, there are men of influence in San Francisco who will tell you these lands are of no value and can never be reclaimed.

The best proof to the contrary is the fact that wherever reclamation has been attempted it has proved successful. There are many productive patches, already comprising in the aggregate several thousand acres, under cultivation in Napa and Petaluma sloughs, and along the shores of the bay in Alameda county. Mr. E. L. Beard has 8,000 acres nearly reclaimed, upon which bands of cattle are now grazing. Garden Island, near the town of Alameda, has been reclaimed at a cost of $7 an acre, and will soon be one of the most productive tracts on that side of the Bay.

In fact, reclamation of marsh, swamp and overflowed lands can no longer be an experiment in this State. No enterprise has progressed more rapidly in California during the past three years. Nearly one-half the overflowed lands in the Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers are reclaimed or in process of reclamation. The variety of products to which these lands are adapted, their inexhaustible fertility of soil, the facilities existing for irrigation and cheap water transportation, give them an exceptional value. The greatest drawback has been the want of capital to reclaim them thoroughly and on such a scale as to preclude all danger from seepage and floods. British capital has been invited, and Mr. Ross Browne has made two visits to London for the promotion of swamp land enterprises. One of the principal objections urged there against investments of this kind is, that if the lands are so rich and can be reclaimed at so small a cost, there can be no good reason why the necessary capital cannot be had in California; and the fact that application is made to foreign capitalists is taken as *prima facie* evidence that men of means, who are supposed to be familiar with the resources of their own State, do not look favorably upon such enterprises. The truth is, there is very little available capital on this coast; but the best answer to the objection urged is the fact that the owners of the lands and private associations are reclaiming them as fast as they can—in many cases borrowing money for that purpose at two or three per cent. a month. If that does not show their faith in the value of the lands, it cannot be shown by argument. Within a few years foreign aid will not be required; and it will not be possible to secure large bodies of land, which, after all, will probably be no detriment to the State.

Another question asked is, what are the sources of increase upon which capitalists can depend for dividends?

Good valley lands in California produce about thirty bushels to the acre—reclaimed swamp lands from thirty-five to forty. Assuming the lower figure to be within bounds, three million acres of swamp land thoroughly reclaimed and cultivated, would yield 105,000,000 of bushels. Deduct for cost of plowing, seeding and harvesting, $10 per acre, and we have a net result, at 1½ cents per pound, of $33,250,000, or very nearly double our entire gold product—a pretty good source of income.

Experiments are now being made on Twitchell Island in the cultivation of Ramie, Jute, China Grass and Japan Hemp—for which the soil and climate seem to be peculiarly adapted. Ramie and jute give a net profit to the acre of $100 to $150 annually—enough to recompense the investment fourfold. The large scale on which these experiments are being made will furnish a satisfactory test during the coming season. Ramie is a perennial plant and semi-aquatic. Its value as a textile has no equal. The jute is next in importance, and furnishes material for our wheat and wool sacks. Over 3,000,000 bales are annually exported from Calcutta. Jute is sown like wheat, either in drills or broadcast, and matures in from 90 to 100 days. On the rich plains of Bengal from 3,000 to 4,000 lbs. per acre are grown. The price of jute in the United States is about half that of cotton. There is a duty on the raw material of 30 per cent.; manufactured, 40. Our tule lands will produce it at a less expense than in India, where the advantage of cheap labor is more than counterbalanced by our labor-saving machines. The city of Dundee, in Scotland, contains 70 mills, all engaged in the manufacture of jute and flax, employing 2,000 hands. We will require on this coast, for many years to come, from $3,000,000 to $5,000,000 worth of burlaps. It can as well be grown here as in India, thus saving freight and duties, and there is nothing to prevent us from manufacturing all we can produce.

To capitalists at home and abroad these simple facts are submitted. An unprejudiced examination of our resources is all that can reasonably be asked. We need capital to improve these fertile lands in a thorough and substantial manner; and feel confident that a judicious investment in their reclamation and cultivation will pay better in the long run than the most promising speculations in wild-cat mines.

The Peerage.

Lord Garlies, who vacates the representation of the county of Wigton for the Earldom of Galloway, is the ninety-ninth member of the present Parliament who has passed from the Commons to the Lords. The Hon. Henry Wyndham has become Lord Leconfield; Lord Stanley has become the Earl of Derby; Earl Grosvenor has become the Marquis of Westminster; the Right Hon. J. W. Fitzpatrick has been created Lord Castletown; the Hon. John Major Henniker has become Lord Henniker; Viscount Curzon has become Earl Howe; Lord Hyde has become the Earl of Clarendon; Colonel Greville Nugent has been created Lord Greville; the Hon. W. Brodrick has become Viscount Midleton; the Earl of Bective has become Marquis of Headfort; the Hon. T. Delarey has become Lord Walsingham; Sir Henry Bulwer was created Lord Dalling; Viscount Castlerosse has become the Earl of Kenmare; the Right Hon. J. E. Denison has been created Viscount Ossington; Mr. W. Lowther has become the Earl of Lonsdale; Sir Roundell Palmer has been created Lord Selborne; Mr. Hastings Russell has become the Duke of Bedford; and Sir John Hanmer has been created Lord Hanmer.

—— A little girl in Aberdeen, being sent to a dame's school at which the daily prayer contained this petition: "May we live in thy fear and die in thy favor, O Lord!" returned home, and announced to her mother that she could repeat the teacher's prayer, which she thought a very good one. The foregoing petition, however, she had picked up thus (and stuck to it): "May we live in thy fear and die in a fiver, O Lord." Happily, up to this date (1873), the little girl, now a worthy matron in Melbourne, lives to tell the story.

BIZ.

Coin shipments eastward by mail and express have, during February, been of considerable value and importance, and yet notwithstanding this unexpected flow, monetary affairs are by no means as stringent as they have been. We have, however, had a quiet month in trade circles; importers very generally complaining of dullness in the way of business. The Spring trade has not yet opened, and off from the line of railroads, travel is seriously interrupted by bad roads. No one complains of a stringency in monetary affairs, save stock operators, speculators, and chronic borrowers, who are always croaking, waiting for something to turn up. The country is less indebted to the city than ever before; payments from country merchants and traders have for months past been unusually prompt, showing a healthy state of trade, the natural result of bountiful crops.

Spirits.—In 1872 we manufactured at local distilleries in this city and district 1,012,857 gallons.

Beer.—In 1872 we made also 161,483 barrels Lager; of this the Philadelphia Brewery made nearly 30,000 barrels.

Sugar imports for the week have been of considerable importance. The steamship Nevada brought from Honolulu about 2,600 kegs, and the Comet from same 2,500 packages; the Hermit from Java 3,207 baskets, say 18,000 piculs, and the Siberia from same with 4,089 baskets, say 20,000 piculs. The market for Raws is dull for all kinds excepting Hawaiian Grocery grades, which finds buyers at 8¾@9¼c. The Refiners have not yet buried the hatchet. Luning, Mills, DeRo & Co. insist upon going ¼c lower than Spreckles, Eggers & Co. The California Refinery keep rates at 11c for Cube and other first-class White. The San Francisco and Pacific, 10¾c. Golden Coffee and Yellow "C," 9@9¾c.

Coffee movements are interesting. Within the current week we have shipped 1,750 bags Costa Rica to St. Louis, making a total of over 7,000 bags to Missouri since January 1st; this is a great relief to the market, and prepares the way for the new crop Central American, now fully due at this port. The British ship Siberia is at hand from Java with 8,219 bags. Our stock of Green Coffees is now much reduced. Manila is held at 16@17c; Guatemala, 15@18c; Costa Rica, 17@19c; O. G. Java, 22@23c.

Our Wheat market is considerably upset by the continued depression in Liverpool rates. Average cargo prices of California White now down to 11s 6d@11s 9d per cental. With us, price for cargo parcels, $1 80@1 85. There is more demand for Flour for export. Hongkong is taking freely of Superfine at $5 or less; and Central America takes Extra at $5 75 or less. New York and New England is now drawing Golden Age, Vallejo Starr Mills and Oregon Imperial Mills at a cost laid down in New York of $9 per bbl.

Tonnage is now rather scarce, yet sufficient for all practical purposes. The last grain charters to Liverpool direct, £4 2s 6d. We, however, quote present rate £4 to a direct port, and £4 5s to Cork. Lumber freights from Buzzard Inlet to Melbourne, $32@33, gold. Lumber from this port to West Coast of South America, $23@24, gold. The prospect is good for high grain freights for the year to come.

Wool from New Zealand.—Per Nevada an invoice of 535 bales long combing class Q, for reshipment to the East, was received here and is now being compressed for the purpose by Donald McLennan, the importer. Invoice cost £12,350 sterling, with duty added, value $80,000. McLennan has heretofore proved himself a strong friend and patron of Webb's Australian Line. We understand that the next steamer in the line, the Dakota, is to bring 600 bales more of Colonial Wool, and this, we hope, is but the commencement of a large and lucrative trade in this important staple.

Our Grain Fleet now numbers 266 vessels. One of the number, the British ship Patrician, outward bound for Queenstown, on the 27th struck a sunken wreck off the heads and went down; no lives lost. Here are the figures:

	Wheat, Ctls.	Value
Totals since January 1st ... 81 vessels*	2,359,015	$4,691,663
Previously since July 1st ... 185 vessels	5,311,846	9,021,861
Totals since July 1st, 1872.....266 vessels..................	7,670,861	13,713,524
83 vessels since July 1, 1871, with..................	1,001,556	2,443,514
100 vessels since July 1, 1870, with..................	3,159,236	6,227,048
144 vessels since July 1, 1869, with..................	3,926,084	6,779,914

*Also, 5,000 bbls Flour, valued at $20,000. There are at date 22 vessels now on the berth, with 22,760 tons registered tonnage. These vessels will have dispatch. The Young America and the La Escocesa, of the fleet, sailed out the Golden Gate side by side on the 27th February, for a race at sea.

The Percy Edwards is now on the berth taking in a cargo of Extra Flour for Central America. Our exports for the past week have been as follows: Mohongo for New York via Panama carried 453 galls Brandy, 704 cs Borax, 1,800 bbls Flour, 708 Hides, 168 rolls Leather, 5,475 galls California Wine, 16,193 lbs Domestic Wool, etc., valued at $55,831. Loch Ken for Cork had 20,397 ctls Wheat, valued at $39,775. Birkby for Liverpool carried 50 tons Copper Ore, 22,823 ctls Wheat, valued at $47,420. Fleetwing for Cork had 23,619 ctls Wheat, valued at $48,800. Patrician for Queenstown had 31,224 ctls Wheat, valued at $65,000. La Escocesa for Cork had 33,580 ctls Wheat, valued at $67,179. Young America for Liverpool carried 39,755 ctls Wheat, valued at $88,150. Art Union for Queenstown had 20,233 ctls Wheat, valued at $39,600. Glance for Cork carried 27,021 ctls Wheat, valued at $54,000. Norway for Victoria had 30,460 lbs Rice, etc., valued at $10,735. Ada May for La Paz had 40,000 feet Lumber, 775 kegs Powder, etc., valued at $17,335. Mohongo for Panama had 691 bbls Flour, 419 sks Potatoes, etc., valued at $3,641. Ben Runnels for Valparaiso had 180 doz Brooms, 400,000 feet Lumber, etc., valued at $15,410. Maggie Johnston for Tahiti carried 205 bbls Flour, 56,000 feet Lumber, 17,175 lbs Rice, etc., valued at $10,808.

The Coal Market is in buyer's favor; a cargo of Lehigh recently sold at $14.25. We have later advices from Australia via Suez Canal, and London by cable down to February 1st. Coal at Newcastle was then quoted at 25 shillings. Our previous January advices gave us 30 shillings. Prices are yet more than double what they should be. Strikes at the collieries still continued, but very few mines are being worked. This intelligence ought to strengthen our market; but with us the general market appears to be more or less demoralized, with very few transactions of moment. The increased and increasing supplies of coast bituminous, used chiefly for household purposes, has occasioned a decline in the cargo price of Bellingham Bay to $10.50. Coos Bay and Seattle continue to command $12 from the trade. Nanaimo is also in more liberal supply, but all receipts from that mine are sold under contract upon terms reserved, which includes a sale not long since to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company of 5,000 tons, to be delivered at San Diego. The bark Shooting Star, recently at hand, has 1,000 tons loaded for that point; but a change in the Company's programme may occasion a stoppage in the supply for San Diego. The King Philip, from Nanaimo, has 1,850 tons for this mart. The Eastport Company have just completed a first-class steamer for the purpose of plying between here and Coos Bay, in connection with a line of sail craft. This fine boat is called the Eastport, built staunch and strong, at a cost of $75,000, for the trade. She will carry 500 tons Coal, and make regular weekly trips. The Coal is all screened before delivery, and, like Seattle, is a great favorite among families. We are not advised of any sales of Australian, Cumberland, Scotch, or English. Prices are, therefore, more or less nominal. California Mount Diablo, which is more generally used here for steam purposes, on land and coasters, than any other description, we quote at $6.50@8.00 for coarse and fine respectively.

—— We have received the song "El Jaleo de Jerez" (the pearl of Xeres), from M. Gray's, 623 and 625 Clay street. It is a very pretty song, as any one who has heard Miss Anna Elzer sing it must own.

—— The Rev. Dr. Scott will preach Sunday morning and evening at the usual hours, in St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street. The public are cordially invited.

—— The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 17th.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Bigelow—In this city, February 21st, to the wife of F H Bigelow, a son
Hanson—In this city, February 24th, to the wife of A J Hanson, a daughter.
Hayes—In this city, February 21st, to the wife of J P Hayes, a daughter
Lehmann—In this city, February 24th, to the wife of Jacob Lehmann, a son.
McCarthy—In this city, February 25th, to the wife of D E. McCarthy, a son.
Norton—In this city, February 26th, to the wife of Capt E. Norton, a daughter.
Neal—In this city, February 22d, to the wife of Chas S Neal, a son
White—In this city, February 24th, to the wife of John White, a son.
Wrede—In this city, February 24th, to the wife of C Wrede, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Baxter Howard—In this city, February 20th, W S Baxter to Juliet Howard.
Belknap-Bradley—In Carson, Nev., Feb 25th, C H Belknap to Jennie Bradley
Edgar Little—In this city, February 23d, James Edgar to Maggie Little
Hawkins-Denton—In this city, February 24th, J J Hawkins to Alice Denton
McDonald-Booth—In this city, February 27th, M. J McDonald to Alice Booth.

TOMB.

Cohen—In this city, February 23d, Michael Cohen, aged 38 years.
Courtney—In this city, February 23d, Gregory Courtney, aged 33 years.
Douglass—In this city, February 24th, Jennie Douglass, aged 31 years.
Deering—In this city, February 23d, Mary A Deering, aged 44 years.
Ehrhorn—In this city, February 22d, Adolphus Ehrhorn, aged 47 years.
Griffin—In this city, February 23d, Mary Griffin, aged 35 years.
Nixon—In this city, February 23d, Wm Nixon, aged 43 years.
Stanford—In Sacramento, February 23th, Elizabeth Stanford, aged 82 years.
Walsh—In this city, February 25th, Catherine Walsh, aged 45 years

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

At Cozzo's Liquor Store, 37 Sutter street, a most novel, and, we may say, a most unnatural exhibition of feline sympathy and affection has existed, within the last few days, the most intense curiosity. An old and favorite cat has recently become the mother of a couple of kittens—one kitten only surviving. To the amazement of the worthy landlord and his customers, the cat has permitted an old rat to avail himself of the feline dairy, and for many days has been living on pussy lacteal supply. We are sorry to add that a termination has been put to this pleasant, curious but unnatural act by a neighbor getting a pair of pincers and squeezing the offending rat's life out of his skin.

Oh, 'tis sweet to remember the days of our youth,	'Tis sweet to remember the days we drove out,
When we first felt the warm breath of love;	As we never shall drive out more;
When we offered our heart, all devotion and truth,	And the harness that set off the whole turn-out,
To an angel (we thought) from above.	Made at Main & Winchester's store.

In new colonies the Spanish begin by building a church, the French a ball-room, the English a tavern, the Americans start a newspaper, and the Irish a procession. But whatever we have started here in San Francisco has generally been a success. And in no branch of any industry or art have we advanced as far as we have in photography. Our photographers are acknowledged even in Paris to be the best taken anywhere, and those who do not avail themselves of the opportunity of getting photos taken at I. W. Taber's, Montgomery street, are very foolish.

We pity the poor sailor, forced to roam,	But oh! what pity e'er can reach his fate
Who spends his Christmas on the trackless foam;	Who sits him down no matter where to dine,
We pity all to whom the joys of home	And did not order, till it was too late,
Hard fate that day denies, whoever they be.	Eberhart & Lachman's native wine.

A New York Monitor asked a pupil of his the meaning of the scriptural phrase "The wages of sin is death." The boy exhibited an ignorance that was truly deplorable—he did not know what wages were, and was asked what his father got on Saturday night. "Drunk," was the answer. Such would not have been the case had the father stuck to Gerke wine, which "cheers, but does not inebriate," unless taken in inordinate quantities, and even then "death is robbed of its sting," as no headache ensues.

When the humid storm clouds gather	Then I take my glass of whisky,
Over the starry sphere	Of good old Cutter's brand—
And the melancholy darkness	(I get it from Hotaling's)
Gently weeps in raining tears.	I'm the happiest in the land.

An eminent legal Judge, and a preëminent judge of human nature, observes: "It is an observation I have always made, that dress has a moral effect on mankind. Let any gentleman find himself with dirty boots, old coat, soiled shirt, and general negligence of dress, he will in all probability find a corresponding disposition to negligence of address." This is very true; but let him once get his photo taken, when well dressed, by Bradley & Rulofson, and he will never forget either his dress or address.

My wife was discontented,	But now she's O much better,
She put on lots of airs	She's a good contented soul.
Made a movement of the lounges,	For I've bought her all new furniture
And chairs of all the chairs.	From the store of N. P. Cole.

Schoolmaster: "Jones, what do you think of David's killing Goliath with such a simple weapon as a sling?" Jones: "Well, I don't know what David thought, but I guess Goliath was astonished when he found himself killed by a stone, as such a thing never entered his head before!" "Good boy! Now, who made the comfortable form and the desk at which you are sitting?" "Gilbert & Moore, of 36 Bush street." "Good boy! You shall have twenty good marks for your cuteness."

As wet as a fish, as dry as a bone,	As strong as a horse, as weak as a cat,
As live as a bird, as dead as a stone,	As sick as a mouse, as rough as a beast,
As plump as a partridge, as poor as a rat,	As light as the bread made with Donnoly's yeast.

"How do you manage to keep so fat and well?" asked a friend of ours the other day. We at once drew him to one side and imparted to him a recipe that will make him a happy man. Our directions were as follows: Rise early, eat moderately and drink as little whisky as you can. But above all things never forget to take at least one plate of good fresh Eastern oysters a day. To insure their being fresh and good, go to the Saddle Rock, on Pine street; you will then be fat and jolly.

The water stood in our eyes, reader, and it will stand in yours, if you have a heart to feel, as we turned our backs, after having spent seven of the happiest days of our life on a charming little country retreat on the San Bruno road.

"There might I rest beneath my leafy bower,
And hug the spirit of the passing hour."

No one who has ever spent a week, or even a day, at Thorpe's Hotel and Gardens will leave them without a pang.

Harry Blanken hopes, now that the weather is fine, that his friends will give him a call at his place on the San Bruno Road.

Price, 415 Kearny, *the* Cutler, has just finished a beautiful set of carvers and knives for J. J. Rosenbaum, of New York (a wedding present), but he is now doing a complete set of carvers, 15 pieces, 24 other knives, and 36 dessert knives, making in all about 90 pieces. They are for James Vickers, Esq., of Aldersgate District, and when finished will be the finest set ever turned out by our California "artist."

Mr. I. W. Taber has introduced a new style of photographs called the "Cabinet Statuette." They are lifelike in their truth and are a decided improvement upon the old kind. No one in this city takes more pains to please the public than Mr Taber, and we may safely predict for his new "Statuette Cabinets" a lasting popularity. He also has a correct photograph of the old postoffice for sale taken in 1849.

One of the best and most reliable draymen in the city is our old friend, Robert Robinson, whose drays stand at the southwest corner of Davis and Sacramento streets. Any orders given to him will (and we speak from experience) be punctually attended to. Where quickness and tact are required, no one can come up to him. He has been here since '52, and knows his work well.

Euopbious is the name that Muller's Spectacles would utter, and truly, too, could they speak.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee ARTICLE 47. This Saturday Evening March 1—In compliance with urgent request, the play of FANCHON will be repeated. Mr. John McCullough as "Jack Cade." The performance to conclude with THE LOAN OF A LOVER. Monday Evening March 3—First appearance at this Theater of the gifted artist, MISS AUGUSTA DARGON, who will appear as "Lady Teazle," in Sheridan's Comedy, SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL. March 1

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer. E. P. Hart, Stage Manager. Geo. T. Evans, Musical Director. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. Immense success of the EMERSON MINSTRELS, with JOHNNY ALLEN, LITTLE MAC, and BILLY EMERSON. Grand First Part, concluding with a Beautiful Tableau. Part Second—STAGE STRUCK and MISHAPS OF A SNOWMAN. Monday Evening, March 3d—First appearance of SIGNOR DONATO, World Famed One Leg Dancer. March 1

MAGUIRE'S OPERA HOUSE.

Washington st., above Montgomery.—Saturday Matinee—Royal CHINESE THEATRICAL COMPANY, from the Imperial Chinese Theater, Pekin, China. SIXTY ARTISTS, with Magnificent Wardrobes, etc. Wonderful Acrobatic and Gymnastic Feats. Beautiful Little-Footed Lady. Popular Prices of Admission. March 1.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager. E. Zimmer, Musical Director. Saturday and every evening during the week. Best Variety Entertainment in the City. Male and Female First Part in Minstrels. Last two nights of Lillie Hall. Miss Agnes Kennedy in a new Sketch, "The Woman Hater." F. J. Montague in his Great Tyre Act, a marvelous performance. Coghill and Leslie, per as Happy Jim and Sue. Jennie Johnson and Fanny Garrett in Songs and Ballads. Josephine to Song and Dance. Charles Vern, Comic. Lazarus and Armstrong in "Dutch Sketches." Gerretta, histrionic Statues. The Yand Bros. in Negroisms. The whole concluding with WOLF, THE LOST GIRL. Admission, 25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. March 1

JOHN WILSON'S PARISIAN CIRCUS.

Sutter street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, opposite Lick House.—Saturday Evening March 1st—Grand Performance. HARRY CAUSLAND, the Musical Geniuses in his comic Specialties, entitled "Novelty." Grand Matinees on Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons. Doors open at 2 o'clock. Box Sheet, for Reserved Seats and Private Boxes, open daily from 10 A.M. till 4 P.M. Admission—Parquette, 50 cents; Dress Circle, $1; Reserved Chairs, $1 50; Private Boxes, $5 and $10. March 1

OFFICE OF THE SANTA CRUZ ISLAND COMPANY,

San Francisco, February 6, 1873.—In accordance with a resolution adopted at a meeting of the Trustees of the SANTA CRUZ ISLAND COMPANY, duly held on February 5th, 1873, a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of said Company is hereby called to be held at the office of the Company, Room No. 10, Nevada Block, No. 1 Montgomery street, San Francisco, on MONDAY, the 10th day of March, 1873, at the hour of one o'clock P. M. of said day, to take into consideration and decide upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said company from $500,000, divided into 1,000 shares of $500 each, the present capital stock, to $600,000, divided into 1,200 shares of $500 each. JUSTINIEN CAIRE, GUSTAVE MAHE, T. LEMMEN MEYER, Trustees. March 1

CHARLES HARE,

34 and 36 Stewart street.—Tanner's Oil, Cocoa-nut Oil, Polar Oil. Pig Iron, Cumberland and Lehigh Coal, Fraziers' Copper, Yellow Metal, Nails, Anchors and Chains, Galvanized Manila Rope, Galvanized Wire, Rope in and out of Pots, Pitch, Tar, Oakum, White Lead, Eastern Oak Ship Timber, Spars, Cedar, Teak, Lignumvitae, Bees' Oil Casks, Water Tanks, Cannon, Brass and Iron, all sizes. Japan Tea and Rice, Tea, Coffee, of my own importation. Old Iron, Copper, and Metals bought at the highest market rates. March 1

JOHN SAULNIER, Bordeaux.] [P LACLAVERIE, San Francisco.

JOHN SAULNIER & Co.,

Importers of French Brandies, Wines, Groceries, Drugs, etc., etc., No. 6 Battery street, San Francisco. March 1

JAS D HAM] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM H PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

WANTED,

By an Englishman, with six years reference from railroad company in the East, a situation as Porter, Collector, or willing to make himself useful in any Office, Store, Warehouse, or other Department. Address, H. S. A., NEWS LETTER OFFICE. March 1.

ARMES & DALLAM,

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Bags, etc. 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco. Feb. 6.

WEBER PIANOS,

At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. These Pianos have a world wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb. 1.]

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan 4. No. 60 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco

F G NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Doney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 15

E F CHILD,

Stock Broker, 503 California street, San Francisco, California. March 2

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London, J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 17 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within), Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within), Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 20 Lombard st., Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers, Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers. The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside, Merchants Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road, Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change Alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 17 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland, Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C., The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill, Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, Southampton Bdgs, W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C., London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S., Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N., Thos Mills, 21 Lowell Road, E. C., Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno. Marriott, 11 Glosterst, E.C; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No 23, Stevenson's Building, S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco. Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Feb. 28th, 1872.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	42	—	—
Alps	2¼	2	1¾
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—
American Flag	5½	4½	5½
Arizona & Utah	2¼	—	2
Arkansas	—	—	1¾
Alamo	—	4½	4½
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	1¾	1¾	1¾
Belcher	63½	67½	58
Belmont	—	5	4¾
Bellevue	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	—	5¾	—
Buckeye	1¾	—	—
Caledonia	21¾	21¼	—
Lederberg	—	6	—
Central	—	—	—
Charter Oak	¾	¾	—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	3¾	4	—
Chief East Extension	—	—	—
Chollar	49	48½	45
Columbus	—	—	3
Confidence	10¾	11¼	11½
Cons Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—
Consolidated Virginia	60	62	57
Cook & Geyser	—	—	—
Crown Point	105	—	105
Central No. 2	—	—	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	—	½	½
Eclipse	—	10	—
Eldorado	—	—	—
Empress Eugenie	—	—	—
Empire Mill	5¼	7¾	7¾
Empire Idaho	½	1¼*	1
Eureka Consolidated	11½	11	11¼
Eureka G. V.	19	—	20
Exchequer	—	19	—
Globe	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	6½	6	—
Gould & Curry	15	†15	11¾
Gila	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	83	81	80
Hermes	¼	—	¾
Hahn & Hunt	4¾	5	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	—	—	—
Imperial	8¾	8	8
Independent	1½	—	—
Ingomar	¾	†1	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	1	1	—
Jackson	¾	—	—
Julia	4½	6½	5

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Justice	—	1	—
Kentuck	11	—	—
Kentucky	—	—	—
Knickerbocker	4	4	4¼
Lillian Hall	—	1	—
Louise	—	—	—
Mahogany	—	—	8
Mammoth	—	—	—
Meadow Valley	15½	15½	15
Minnesota	—	—	2
McMahon	4½	—	—
Newark	—	—	1¾
New York Consolidated	—	—	—
Noonday			
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	47	45	45
Original Hidden Treasure	5¼	5	5
Overman	55½	58	58
Page & Panaca	1½	1¾	1¾
Pea Vine	—	—	¾
Phoenix	—	¾	¾
Pictou	10	9¾	9
Pioche	—	—	¾
Pioche West	—	—	1¾
P Phoenix			
Raymond & Ely	80	79	81
Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Ruby Hill	—	—	—
Red Jacket	—	—	—
Savage	79	80	79
Seg Belcher	61	—	—
Sierra Nevada	12	—	12¼
Silver Peak	¾	¾	—
Silver Hill	—	9½	10
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Standard	—	2½	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	—	3¾	—
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	—	—
South Overman	—	¾	¾
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Trench	—	—	—
Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Utah	—	—	—
War Eagle	—	—	—
Washington & Creole	1½	1¼	1¼
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodside	3¼	3¼	4
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	79½	78½	80
Yule Gravel	—	—	—
Yellow Stone	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given distinguished thus * † Buyer 30

OUR LETTER BOX.

Social Gossip.

DEAR NEWS LETTER—The ball season was brilliantly closed by the parties Friday and Monday. The first of these, at the banker's on Bush street, was very enjoyable. The house is a very large, well furnished one. It was not too crowded there, and room for the most inveterate "dipper." The usual set was present. The young bride came, looked on a while, danced dutifully once or twice with her husband, and retired. She has beautiful arms and neck. Happy fool! Graceful Miss A. was, as usual, surrounded by a host of admirers. How ladylike and charming she is! I could name a lot of nice young men who think so, but a page would not suffice. Our young friend, the violinist, who was attired in a tremendous choker, was very attentive to her, which surprised us as, for, as a rule, he is pretty indifferent. One of the finest looking women there was Mrs McHall, who appeared to her best advantage. The hostess, assisted by her talented daughter, made every one feel at home, and the host was in one of his usual pleasant moods. But the party Monday was the grandest of this Winter. The charming hostess and her affable husband had done everything to make it a success. The mansion, which in itself is a beauty, was elaborately decorated with flowers and exotics of the rarest sort. The ex-Governor, with a taste no one suspected, has filled the house with a delicious collection of paintings, statuary, and other artistic nick-nacks. The library, the handsomest room in the house, was thronged with admiring couples viewing all its beauties. Rodert's "America," Meissonier's charming little picture, the beautiful albums of the Dresden, Munich and other galleries, etc. That pretty little conservatory filled with camelias, and with a real, trickling fountain, attracted universal attention; unluckily, it was too small to flirt in. In fact there was not much room for that anywhere. One couple quietly sat behind the beautiful painting, "Faith, Hope, and Charity," but were not as undisturbed as they wished. Another couple desperately occupied the space behind Power's "Nydia." Could that beautiful statue but impart to us all the sweet things she listened to! Two banjos were engaged. One discoursing in the library, the other down stairs for the dancers. The jam was terrific. Everybody of any note was invited. But there was also the greatest lot of snips I ever met present. I entertain a particular dislike to this class, unfortunately such a large one, of society. They are so insignificant, and at the same time so impudent, I wonder how it is that so many nice young ladies like to be surrounded by such fellows. Several of them, who ought to have been home in bed, were having fresh bottles of Roederer opened for them.

One of the belles was undoubtedly Mrs. B., who looked gorgeous in her white silk. Mrs R., with high no beauty, was splendidly dressed and looked well. The dancing apartments were thronged. The two Misses Shaw, walking around, attracted my attention. The older one, for a wonder, had a dress on that did not need continual pulling up at the shoulders. Of course sylph like and syren voiced Annie was there. As soon as the old Colonel saw her he immediately smiled and made himself as amiable as possible. Her *fiancé*, the Misses B., came along. They were rid of that everlasting black ? ?, with the mysterious ? ? They anger one immensely Jolu Mc. I suppose they were studying how to pay that morning call that is to take place. The Misses Ros ? ? ? received more than the usual attention. The young man with the luxuriant head of hair, who dances with his hat, was exceedingly attentive to a lady twice his age. You ought to have heard him, when requested to bring her a glass of water, bawling to the waiter, "Wattaw, wattaw, where is the wataw!" The rosy-cheeked grain-clerk, so universally liked by the ladies, was, as usual, very adhesive. Poor fellow, he feels sore at not finding himself named among the good dancers in my last. Mrs. Orient looked and was dressed very modestly. The elegant cavalry officer, with the very military looking collar, was making himself very agreeable. I heard him trying to persuade a lady that he was very wicked. I wonder if that gave him much trouble. The pompous, red whiskered Count came with his wife. I noticed a well-known married man, who had been dancing twice with her, trying very hard to get away. Was it fear of his own better half? The Colonel's pretty sister-in-law came with him. She is sweet, and I confess pleased me very much. That cunning man, Willie, assisted by Tibbs, managed the floor. By the by, it seems to me Tibbs is getting old. The floor being rather slippery, one had to look out. One fellow seemed to feel *how hard* it was to keep from falling. The jolly, flower-in-the-button-hole Treasurer felt rather gay, but, strange to say, his coiffure was not disarranged. One gentleman, whose name I will not mention, for I have spoken of him before, and one might think I have some animus against him, tore an immense rent in one of his gloves as he was putting it on. His frantic efforts to conceal this, especially at his introduction to the hostess, were too comical to behold. At two the crowd began to dwindle, and before the half had struck every one had retired. So ended this delightful entertainment. And now the season being over, Bob stops. He wrote these letters in a spirit of harmless mischief, hoping to amuse society, and without thought of offending any. If he failed in the latter respect, he humbly apologizes. Good-bye. BOB.

DEAR NEWS LETTER—I think that "Bob" has run this thing about long enough, so I propose—with your permission, of course—to say a few words myself. I will confess that "Bob's" way of putting things is deuced clever and all that, but one or two little incongruities have raised a doubt in my mind as to whether "Bob" is really at all the places he pretends to be, and whether he does not get his ideas second hand. Now, I am invited, and as a rule go, everywhere, and therefore know what I am talking about, which is as follows: The Latham Ball (Limited), on Monday night, was immense. Cost money till you couldn't rest. And crowded!—oh dear, no, not at all crowded. Only took half an hour by the watch to get to the dancing-room. The first thing I beheld was a matchless walking-stick. This stick is so valuable that it is considered priceless, though methinks that sometimes I see cuts on it. The Chester girls were on hand. What nice, quiet, ladylike, refined girls they are! So subdued. Gymnastics reserved for theater boxes, 'tween acts. Mo sister the widdy, unlike one of the S's, had no weed on. Madame Mack and the army chap in cords had a good time, so did Madame Mack and the chap with the hat, for the matter of that. Quite the lion of the evening was Brutus. Whew! how the women went for him. Fear not, ye fathers, husbands and brothers, for "Brutus is an honorable man." The family volume was represented by two pages, one looking much thumbed and dog-eared. Oh, Joe! how canst thou? Keeping thy hand in, I suppose.

The usual dancing fraternity turned out in full force, and must have felt the plenitude of squares, for I saw one or two youngsters contenting themselves with one gallope. Godder hopped about sportively. So did Gutchin, of the Club. I observed a gorgeous shirt-front, behind which manoeuvered a modern Briton. He could not have been safer had he been surrounded by those English castles. Carny was led round on his golden car, and Alphabet's young quandom pard plied on the agony to the old ladies and gents. Business, me boy, business, ah, ha! Sore Eyes—that's what they call it nowadays—emerged from total darkness, and looked on through blue specs. Too thin! The New Zealand Ship Chandler and the portmanteau builder chipped in now and then and also danced when they weren't stuffing in the supper room, while the young man from the country carried on the flirtation of the evening, and was badly maimed. *Herbe*, my love, you must look out. Charles—he of the whiskers—went back on the champagne, and called for ale from somewhere-on-Trent, "the dearest spot on earth." There was nearly a conflagration at one time. Young N. inadvertantly leaned his head against some woodwork. The assurance will cover the loss. Bob and Joe wouldn't dance, but preferred playing croquet with the girls. The house, like the bank, was full of ? ? A share in Belcher, O 'tis all he asked. Russ looked disconsolate and Morris happy—wherefore this inconsistency?—but Shave-your-shoes placid countenance beamed unutterable things the while. Young Benjamin looked sickly, but showed his molars to advantage. N. B.—This young man is letting his hair grow. ("If ever I cease to love," as the Irishman said.) Navy Commander in full rig. The little staff officer of bygone days was out for a holiday with his better half. I beg pardon, nine-tenths, I should have said. The owners of the best paying mine on the coast were conspicuous by their absence. The supper was magnificent. Of the wine I will content myself with whispering in thy ear *Roederer*. And here I would remark that at the supper table, the fellows who came to eat *forebore* to emulate jackals, and gave the ladies a chance. Generally, it is as much as a dress coat is worth for a gentleman in quest of refreshment for a lady to attempt to get within reach of the table, for what with the struggling, jostling, snapping and plunging, one would think it was feeding time at a menagerie. BILL.

Letter from New York.

NEW YORK, February 18th, 1873.

DEAR NEWS LETTER—I wish you knew Butler, he would make a very good Californian, but down East here he is not understood. The following story about him may sound a little tame to your ears, but we like it, as it brings home to us the reality of what we have hitherto considered as the fables of the mines, travelers' tales—very true, perhaps, but very sanguinary. As Butler was getting out of a Broadway omnibus the other day, an old gentleman slipped and accidentally tripped him up, so that both fell in the mud. Butler jumped up, and, as soon as the old fop got on his feet, knocked him down again, and kicked him violently in the ribs. "I didn't like to kick him in the head," said Butler, "as I always had a respect for gray hairs." The old gent had Mr. Butler arrested, but refused to press the charge. Butler's brother is an artist, and a pretty good sort of fellow. He thought this an unwarrantable act, and tried to show his brother that there was an element of injustice, to say the least, in kicking a man when he was down. But his brother blindly refuses to see it. "What do you suppose I knocked him down for," he says, "if it wasn't so that I could kick his——head!" A few days after, as Butler was passing a gin-shop, a polyostracist (euphemistic for ballot-box stuffer, or repeater) stuck out his foot, and down went Mr. Butler. Retaliation in kind demanded that the cad should likewise fall, which he did under Butler's fist, and he also submitted to several incisive blows on his head from Butler's heavy boots.

Overcome with admiration for his superior, the rough hastily jumped up and held out his hand to him; but Butler looked at him with the greatest contempt, and turned away, saying, "Do you think I'd shake hands with such a G—d—, etc., ? ? ?!"

Now these are quite trivial stories, and I only mention them to show you that before long our average New Yorker will not be so entirely unfamiliar with the customs on the other side of the Rocky Mountains. The nice artistic points therein I need not indicate to you.

Among our artists is one in particular, John L. F., who stands pretty near the head. He does not sell many pictures. He is so much in love with his art that his productions become, by the time they are finished, as dear to him as children. I have known him to buy back pictures he has sold so as to have them about him. It is pretty safe to say that he is unsurpassed in this country as a colorist.

Well, a certain other painter, named Miller, or Baker, or Carpenter—it was some trade or other—wanted L. F. to give him a picture (I think it's a way they have) and L. F. refused. Shortly after that, this Baker, or whatever his name was, helped L. F. move his paintings to a new studio, and a few days later said to L. F.: "Oh, I've sawed that picture, you know; that study of a sunset, with haystacks." "Sawed it!" exclaimed L. F. "Yes," replied Mr Baker, "come in and see it." So they went into Baker's studio, and there was L. F.'s picture, which Baker had "appropriated" and sawed.

"Now," said Baker, waving his hand grandly toward his walls, "take anything you see that you would like to have." L. F. is frightfully near sighted, wears two pairs of spectacles and eye-glasses all at once; but he glanced around carelessly and said very mildly, "But I don't see anything that I like, unless," and he looked at the floor, "it may be the piece you sawed off my picture. I might take that."

There was a man brought into Bellevue Hospital last week, who had got caught in some belting in a factory and carried up against the pulley with great force. They took him up and found that no bones were broken, and he was getting much better, when some one said, "How did you feel when you were carried up?" "Oh," he replied very feebly, "I fell pulley." From that moment he got rapidly worse, and was carried to the hospital in a dying condition. H. A.

—— The British Benevolent Society will hold a meeting at the rooms, 730 Montgomery street, Monday next, at 3 P. M.

The Emotions.

Of all the funny notions
That frolicsome imagination shapes,
To think that a famous lecturer on apes,
Should set himself to study Emotions;
And their Expression, by the features
Or other lineaments of living creatures!
With dogs the sign of pleasure that prevails
Is wagging their tails:—
But what expression is in vogue with whales?
The monkey grins, but then he can not laugh
But the giraffe

How can he show what joys him or what ails?
But, ah, my Darwin, does it not perplex,
Puzzle and vex,
To trace with even your intense devotion,
The various expressions of emotion
Employed by what we call the gentle sex?
We think we see a blush—
Why, tush! 'tis but a dush
Obtainable with powder and brush,
Or colored lotion!
And so we fail to trace
In woman's face
The real, plain expression of Emotion!

A Glance at France and Russia.

France has been very busy with the rival claimants for the throne that has disappeared. A fusion or coalition between the Orleanists and Bourbons has been much talked of, but seems to amount to nothing definite. The same uncertainty surrounds the Imperialists' manifestoes. The submission to the country of the question of a Monarchy or a Republic is again proposed, and the unextinguished power of Napoleon in France is manifested in many ways. The ghastly, though talented picture, of the body of the Emperor, which appeared in the *Graphic*, has been suppressed, on account of the impression it produced in Paris—a strange illustration of liberty under a Republic. M. Thiers appears to have achieved a complete victory over the Committee of Thirty, and continues his raid upon members of the International Society. The look-out for France, should anything suddenly happen to the aged President, is very disturbing.

In reference to the Russia in Asia question, the principal item of news is that General Kaufmann delayed joining the Khiva Expedition until the return of Count Schouvaloff from England; that a Cabinet Council was held, and that General Kaufmann immediately afterwards left for the frontier. The "few honeyed words" in London had, it was conjectured, made everything pleasant. Various reports are brought by the telegraph respecting the campaign. Turkey is represented as feeling herself more deeply interested even than Great Britain. The cession of territory by the Shah of Persia is declared to have been by a firman, not a secret treaty, in which case the Persian Minister would have done better to remain silent than to have sent his denial to the Press. As to the statement about a neutral zone, we must evidently wait the assembling of Parliament before knowing what is really contemplated. Besides this question, the only other special news from the Continent is a victory over Carlist troops, which is said to have restored confidence to the Government.

Joint Stock Companies.

The following new joint stock companies have been brought forward: The New Gas Company, capital £600,000, in shares of £5, established for the purpose of acquiring and commercially developing the British and foreign patents for improvements in the manufacture of gas for lighting, known as Ruck's patents. The prospectus states that the new gas, although produced from hydrocarbon vapor, differs entirely from air gas, as, instead of common air, a specially prepared gas of a permanent character is employed, which requires far less spirit to give it illuminating power, and possesses the further advantage of being able to travel through pipes without deposit or loss of illuminating power. The gas, both for heating and lighting purposes, the prospectus states to be very superior, and the process applied to gas for lighting has been submitted to rigid tests by competent authorities, who report strongly in its favor. In addition to the patents granted for the United Kingdom, steps have been taken to obtain patents from fifty-three different Governments, and the economy is stated to be such that it is not unreasonable to expect that it will gradually be adopted by existing companies all over the world. By this process, too, it is stated that one man can do as much work as thirty under the present system, and existing gasworks can be readily adapted to the system at moderate cost, while the process can be applied to single houses, churches, manufactories distant from gasworks, with perfect safety at low cost. The vendor is to dispose to the company the whole of his British and foreign patents for £50,000 in cash and £75,000 in shares of the company, together with one-tenth of surplus profits above 25 per cent., and one-tenth of the proceeds of any foreign patents which may be sold for sums in gross.—*English paper.*

—— Apropos of the new book just published, entitled "Another World," in which the author professes to give from actual experience, a matter of fact account of the laws, manners, and customs of a people situated in one of the planets of the solar system, *Punch* asks the author to be good enough to gratify a profound curiosity, and answer the following questions respecting our fellow planetarians. Have they any "Lord and master"? Are they forbidden to marry their deceased wife's sister, or is it legal to do so in the northeast and illegal in the southwest? Do they talk about the weather, or have they any weather to talk about? Do they take a reciprocal interest in us and our proceedings; and have they telescopes of sufficient power to make out the course of the Serpentine, the summit of Primrose Hill, the top of the Duke of York's Column, etc.? Do they make *mariages de convenance*? Do they wear beards? Have they lawyers? Is such a thing as a job known in the upper circles? Are any of the following articles in request among them—rouge, false hair, orders for theaters, fiery sherry, morning calls, quack medicines, high black hats, after-dinner speeches, burlesques, great exhibitions, horse-hair wigs and turtle soup? Do they make Latin verses? Do they learn the dead languages of extinct planets before they are taught their own? Are their railways or airways, or whatever their means of locomotion may be called, as well managed as our own? Have they street music? Have they trouble with their servants? Is the manufacture of umbrellas a flourishing branch of their trade and commerce? Have they a Lord Mayor? Have they a *Punch*?

British Hospitality to Mexican Exiles.

Among the exciting incidents of the Lozada revolution, now in full blast in Mexico, is one that reflects great credit upon Capt. W. R. Kennedy, commanding Her Majesty's ship "*Reindeer*." When Lozada issued his revolutionary proclamation on the 17th ultimo, the Mexican authorities at Tepic were compelled to flee for their lives. The "*Reindeer*" was at the time lying in the port of San Blas, and Capt Kennedy hearing of the revolutionary movements, generously offered an asylum to all exiles. More than one hundred men, women and children accepted his offer, and these were safely conveyed to Mazatlan, State of Sinaloa. The exiles were treated most hospitably by the Captain and officers, and soon after the vessel arrived in Mazatlan the Governor of the State, on behalf of the Government of Mexico, warmly thanked Capt. Kennedy and his officers for the hospitality and humanity so signally tendered. The facts we get from the official documents of the Government.

—— The following love epistle was sent by a sleeper [illegible] to a widow: "Divine Flint:—Were you not harder than [illegible] the mallet of my fidelity [illegible] have shaped as I pleased. [illegible] obstacles, and pyramids to my generosity."

—— *The New York Weekly* is one of our best New York exchanges. Persons who desire to keep posted on Eastern news cannot take a better paper. A specimen number will be sent free to any person who may send his address to Messrs. Street & Smith's Publishing House, 55 Fulton street, New York.

CARD FROM BOSTON MERCHANTS.

BOSTON, December 15th, 1872.

Captain Wm. B. Sears, Agent Fireman's Fund Ins. Co. of California:

DEAR SIR,—In recognition of the very courteous and business-like manner in which our losses by the great fire of November 9th and 10th were adjusted and settled by the officers of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company of California, which respective it was our good fortune to hold, we take pleasure in inviting you to use our [illegible] Nichols, Parker & Hopper, [illegible] Sawyer [illegible], Crocker & Hobart, Converse & Stanwood, [illegible] Spaulding & Wardwell, Smith Stebbins & Co., D Webster King & Co., Mitchell, Hixon & Co., Moser, Beal & Hackett, Hunter & Sprague, George Williams [illegible], Braddon Scales Co., Carter, Mann & Co., Frank [illegible], Farley, Amsden & Co. Feb 8.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $[illegible]. Officers: John H Redington, President; [illegible] Howard, Vice-President; Charles R Story, Secretary; [illegible] Eddy, Marine Secretary; H B Bigelow, General Manager. [illegible] Directors—San Francisco: [illegible] —William Wall, Robert Wall, Nevada; T W Sigourney. Feb 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE—UNION INS CO OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $[illegible] in gold. Assets exceed $[illegible]. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Sound Security! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, [illegible], T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. [illegible] Edw Cadwalader, [illegible]. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—[illegible] Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.

GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.

CHARLES D HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,[illegible], and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.

GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent

WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov 21.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 115 California street.—Fire, Marine and [illegible]. Capital: $[illegible]. Directors: W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, [illegible] Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, G. W. Kellogg, A. B. Jee, Peter Dean, John H. Wise, Chas J Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, Charles Main, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, James Phelan, D. H. Haskell, Sacramento: H. S. Crocker, N. D. Thayer, P. S. Freeman.

C. W. KELLOGG, President.

H. G. HORNER, Secretary. Jan. 18.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.

WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,

April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000. Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000. Annual Fire Premiums, less reassurance, $[illegible]. Losses promptly Paid in [illegible]. W. L. BOOKER, Agent, No. 319 California street, San Francisco.

The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal liability of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1720.)

Cash Assets...... $13,000,000.

Fire Risks at current rates. [Nov. 16.] CROSS & CO., Agents

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold.

FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,

Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 306 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings [illegible] dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents [illegible] in any other responsible company. All losses paid in U. S. [illegible].

Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The Staunch and Favorite Steamship "Newbern," A. S. McDonough, Master, will sail on her next regular trip on [illegible] at 12 o'clock M., from Front-street wharf, connecting at the mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be [illegible] at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this city [illegible] communication with all parts of Arizona, the attention of [illegible] is particularly called. Through Bills of Lading will be furnished. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,

August 1. 410 Front street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED leaves [illegible] wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage, apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Men's Hose, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, [illegible] of all kinds, Lisle Gloves [illegible].

March 3. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 29.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

— IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens. Hotel d'Angleterre,—Proprietor P. Pollaci.

Barbadoes (W. I.) Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin. Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham. The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.

The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.

The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France. Hotel Des Bains.—E. Monton, Pr.

Chepstow. Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople. Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba. Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin. The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh. The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone. London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva. Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J Kobler, Proprietor.

Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa. Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax. White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck. Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington. Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool. Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London. Bridge House Hotel.—London B.

Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.

Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons. Hotel de l'Europe,—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan. Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.

Hotel Pozzo.

New York. Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Baxter, Proprietor.

Nottingham. Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris. Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth. Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec. St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro. Cafe Americana.

Sheffield. Royal Hotel. E. Wallis, Prop

St. Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate. The Granville Hotel.

Toronto. The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor

Turin. Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice. Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.

Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna. Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.

Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.

Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche J. Heyuner, Proprietor.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

—— A new but by no means pleasant kind of bouquet has recently been invented in Palermo. Signora L——, a most beautiful woman, besides being an accomplished *prima donna*, had turned the heads of half the male population of the place. Among others madly in love with her was a certain Count. But the lady would have nothing to say to him, and the hot-blooded Italian resolved to be revenged. One evening the lady was announced to play "Leonora," in *Il Trovatore*. When she had concluded her grand air a large bouquet was flung at her feet. She darted forward to pick it up, when suddenly she heard a loud report and felt a bullet whistle close past her head. Of course she instantly fainted, and a general scene of commotion ensued. The bouquet was subsequently examined. In it was discovered a revolver with the muzzle turned upwards, and the trigger so placed that the weapon must go off on any person's grasping the stem of the nosegay. Had the lady bent forward a little more, she would inevitably have fallen a victim to this most dastardly plan for revenge, a plan of which the Count was proved to be the author. The police were immediately set upon his track, but as yet their efforts have not been crowned with success. This is the fate, however, which awaits the efforts of the police in other countries besides Italy. Meanwhile, the lady is a greater favorite than ever

—— Young Mr. Bright, the son of John, has made his political *debut* at Rochdale. In his speech he called upon his hearers to see that their representatives looked into all the departments of the State, and swept out all the cobwebs and spiders. This is the metaphor of a young Brougham; but a broom should be carefully and lightly handled, as rough and inexpert hands when entrusted with it often sends it through looking-glasses, and knocks down valuable porcelain and works of art. We should have been better pleased, and foretold a greater career for this youngster, if he had said, what in truth all youth should instinctively feel, "Gentlemen, there have been so many great, wise and good men constructing this mighty kingdom and her laws before my time, that should I see some defects which time has made manifest, I pause with respect, not believing myself wiser, greater or better than they were, ere I point to what I hope will be an amendment on the past." There is a political opening for a man of this stamp; with the demagogues and smashers-up the market is overrun, and they are happily getting out of fashion.

—— The Board of Trade of the Dominion, corresponding to our National Board of Trade, now in session at Ottawa, have adopted resolutions in favor of reciprocity with the United States. Canada seems to be more anxious on this point than we are, partly because she needs reciprocity the most and partly because our attention has been diverted to subjects more strictly political. We shall soon come, however, to the industrial commercial issues, and foremost among them is the question of reciprocity with our nearest neighbors on this continent and the isles of the sea. Free trade with Canada, Mexico, the West Indies and the Sandwich Islands, so as to make us commercially one community, will do more for the mutual interests of all these people than Shellabarger subsidies or Samana Bay Companies.

—— It is a curious fact that lithotrity, supposed to be a modern invention, was known to the ancient Romans, specimens of instruments adapted to the purpose having been found among the ruins of Pompeii. It nevertheless fell into complete oblivion, until it was revived in the present century by Baron Heurteloup, a French surgeon. Various contrivances were used by Heurteloup and others; but the type of that now in use, known as the screw instrument, was devised by Dr. Leatrange, of Dublin. That instrument, or a modification of it, was, we believe, used by Sir Henry Thompson in his recent operation. It obviates many dangers that surround the percussion operation (that of Heurteloup), and provides for the important object of completely removing the broken fragments of the calculus

—— It is generally believed that Mr. Jay Gould has made a good thing by his "restitution" to the Erie Railway shareholders. It appears that he stipulated with the directors before restoring the $9,000,000 that he should have time to bid for 200,000 shares. This he did, and as the price rose £4 a share, the dealers who agreed to deliver must have forfeited about £800,000. He had, however, previously issued other orders in Europe, and the New York papers assert that his total gains amount to $12,000,000, or half a million sterling more than he gave up. For making this money he has received a full discharge of all liabilities of every kind, and a promise that he shall always be consulted on all the important affairs of the railway.

—— Drawings have been sent to the War Office, with a view to the construction of two fifty-ton guns (fifteen tons heavier than the "Woolwich Infants") at the Royal Arsenal, in case it should be thought desirable to arm ironclads of the *Temeraire* class with weapons of that magnitude. The authorities of the Royal Gun Factories have also designed, and are prepared to construct, a gun upon the Frazer system of gun-building, seventy tons in weight, and to throw a projectile of 1,400 pounds. The seventy-ton gun, presuming it to be twice as powerful as the "Woolwich Infant," would pierce twenty-eight inches of armor-plate at the distance of a mile and a half, and would carry shot weighing upwards of half a ton sixteen miles.

—— The greatest activity prevails in the Royal Laboratory Department, Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, not only in the manufacture of torpedoes, but also in the construction of shells of all kinds and other warlike stores; An order has just been received from the War Office for 100,000 Shrapnel shells to be manufactured with dispatch, for exportation to India. A large rocket for firing with gun-cotton is in the hands of the fitters, being completed, and it is understood about a dozen are to be completed at once. An order has also been given for a monster torpedo, which is now being made on an entirely different principle to any hitherto manufactured in the Royal Arsenal, and which, it is reported, will eclipse all its predecessors.

—— Reporting to the Board of Trade on the fatal accident to Sir Donald M'Leod, on the Metropolitan District Railway, Captain Tyler recommends the adoption, as far as practicable, of a uniform standard for passenger platforms, which would be 3 ft. 1½ in. high, and 2 ft. 4½ in. at the outside edge from the working faces of the rails. He further urges the supply of continuous footboards, remaining above the level of the platforms when the carriages are loaded. Captain Tyler also points out the necessity for careful supervision in regard to the starting of the trains, and expresses an opinion that there ought to be at least as many porters at each station as there may be trains in it at any one time.

—— A new paint has been lately produced by the Silicate Paint Company of Liverpool, designed to supersede all other kinds; it is said to be fire and water-proof, never to crack, and always to retain its luster. The chief ingredient in its manufacture is silica, the nature of which is the same as that of flint, and paint thus prepared keeps the surface covered with it in a perfect state of preservation. It is suitable alike for iron or timber, entirely preventing corrosion on the one, and decay on the other, and will bear any amount of heat without blistering or changing color. It is supplied in all colors, and is used in the same way as ordinary paint.

—— At a special meeting of the shareholders in the Oriental Bank Corporation on the 30th, the Chairman gave the substance of the Bill which is to be introduced into Parliament on the opening of this session, to enable the Bank to continue the privileges of the charter which has just expired. This Bill has been prepared in case of need, but will not be used if the charter is renewed as expected.

—— A correspondent of a provincial newspaper forwards a statement with reference to a Yeovil dairyman who possesses an extraordinary cow—one that supplies fish as well as milk. In a small quantity of white fluid sold by this person lately as milk, a minnow nearly an inch and a half in length was discovered. Moral (addressed specially to dairymen): *Strain your milk before mixing.*"

—— The White Star Line are about to put on a line of first-class steamers to run between San Francisco and China, consisting of the *Republic*, *Asiatic*, *Atlantic*, *Tropic* and *Rhone*. Two of these steamers, the *Republic* and *Atlantic*, were for some time in the Liverpool and New York service.

—— The quantity of tobacco paying duty and cleared for consumption in the United Kingdom averaged 13½ oz. per head of the population in 1841. In 1851 it had increased to 1 lb. ¾ oz. per head. In 1861 it had reached 1 lb. 3¾ oz. per head. In 1871 it amounted to 1 lb. 5½ oz. per head.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne. See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & CO. 15 Franklin street. July 11

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s. 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *"SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.—The "Globe" says "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homoeopaths and invalids, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homoeopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb 25.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. [illegible] & CO., San Francisco

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties; Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Budgett & Hughes Umballa and Meian Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON-BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies. Treble Waterproof Central Fire Caps. Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding. Joyce's Gas Tight Cartridges, for Pin Fire and Central Fire Breech loading Guns. Wire Cartridges for killing game at long distances and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gun makers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,

Sept 1] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent infringements. Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling the purchaser and consumer to identify the genuineness of the capsule [illegible] the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of [illegible], but that they are essential in protecting the wine from injury [illegible]. Manufactory: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are [illegible] BETTS'S name is upon every capsule he makes for the Leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind

Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,

Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment into the [illegible] Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s [illegible] Oct. 7

C. L. CRACKBON.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 8.

In Her Little Bed We Laid Her.

NEW VERSION.

In her little bed we laid her,
After getting you know what
Dealt out to that naughty Ada,
In a very tender spot.
Yes, the nursemaid told her truly,
She would catch it for her cheek,
And her conduct quite unruly,
Misbehaving all the week.

When her mother went out shopping,
Meaning next to do the block,
Missie was employed in dropping
Into rows, like one o'clock.
First, she pinched her little brother,
Next destroyed a new chignon,
When they said they'd tell her mother
Of her awful goings on.

This, of course, we couldn't pardon,
When through utter wilfulness
She'd cut up Ma's "Dolly Varden,"
Just to make her doll a dress.
And when spoken to, she tittered
Audibly, and what was worse,
All our sympathies embittered,
By grimacing at her nurse.

In her little bed we laid her,
After getting something hot,
Though she cried, and begged, and prayed her
Dearest mamma, "please to not."
Hence we may derive a moral -
Naughty children must be smacked
When they're mischievous or quarrel
With each other—that's a fact.
—*Melbourne Punch.*

Sunbeams.

—A correspondent recently wrote to his paper as follows: "A railroad runs from Oswego to Syracuse. It is thirty-six miles long. I rode on it, and those cars moved so slow that if you want the draught in your face you have to ride backwards to get it. They never have hot journals on that road, the great danger is the stuffing and gravy around the axle will freeze. The screech of the locomotive is very faint, kind of like the warble of a four-year-old boy blowing through a knot-hole in a board fence. It is capable of giving a grasshopper a thrill of alarm. The conductor, engineer, and fireman always walk ahead of the train to look for broken rails, and the cows always run ahead of them to keep out of the dust. I tried an experiment. Two trains were passing, and I stuck a match out of the window and let the head of it rub against a passenger car. It went so slow I couldn't strike a light. If you ever take a trip from Oswego to Syracuse over that road you want to take lots of clothes, a whole ham, and a barrel of corned beef along with you."

—At a ladies' temperance meeting, not long since, one of the members remarked that the temperance cause had been a blessing to her, "for," added she, "I slept with a barrel of rum for ten years, but now," she continued, her eyes brightening, "since my husband signed the pledge, I have a man to sleep with!" Then all the spinsters present laid hands on their hearts, and sang—So be it with us, in the short form of Amen.

NICOTINED.

I cannot kiss thee, father,
Thy lips are nicotined!
O, father, I would rather
Thy clothes were rent behind!
A father who was ragged
I'd never, never mind;
But, O, I cannot kiss him
If his lips are nicotined!

I cannot kiss thee, father,
The smoke is in thy hair!
And there is seen in thy dull een
The smoker's stupid stare.
If you were only bald, father,
I'd not mind, I declare,
But, O, I cannot love you
With the smoke all in your hair!

I cannot kiss thee, father,
I will not be beguiled;
Your lips were made for spitting,
And not to kiss a child!
You leave upon my lips, father,
A taste so rank and bitter,
And O I cannot, cannot kiss
An everlasting spitter!

—A needy person applied to a wealthy one for help, and received the small sum of sixpence. The giver remarked, as he handed over the pittance, "Take it—I'm not a crome, our cars are always open to the call's of the distressed." "That may be," replied the recipient, "but never before in my life have I seen so small an opening for such large cars."

—An Oswego coal merchant, who has been burned out three times, has ordered a fire-proof office, to be mounted on wheels, so that it can be set in motion at an instant's warning. In view of the recent experiences, others will be tempted to follow his example.

—It is related of a jolly negro theater goer that when, upon one occasion, a disturbance occurred in the gallery, and an obnoxious man was about being thrown over the railing, he cried out, "Don't waste him, kill a fiddler with him."

—A New Orleans paper says: "Stanley stole the idea which led to the title of his book, 'How I Found Livingstone,' from a letter recently published in the Cincinnati *Gazette*, entitled 'How I Make Soft Soap.'"

—The following obituary notice of a distinguished citizen is from a Western paper: "Peter Ink, an old citizen of Knox County, Ohio, was blotted out the other day, aged 73."

—A "sufferer" at an American hotel says, "The fire comedown to breakfast at the sound of the gong."

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, December 1, 1872, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) S. F. & N. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Donahue with Trains for Cloverdale; making close connection at Lakeville with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7:00, 8:10, 9:30, 10:40 and 11:40 A.M., 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, 8:10, 9:20 and *11:30 P.M. (9:30, [illegible] and 1:30 to Oakland only.)

LEAVE BROOKLYN (for San Francisco), *5:20, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 11:40 A.M., 1:30, 2:40, 4:05, 6:10, 7:25 and 10:10 P.M.

LEAVE OAKLAND *5:30, 6:50, 8:00, 9:10, 10:20 and 11:50 A.M., 12:50, 1:40, 2:50, 3:50, 5:00, 6:20, 8:00 and 10:20 P.M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7:20, 9:00, and 11:15 A.M., 1:30, 4:00, 5:20 and 7:00 P.M. (4:20, 11:15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

LEAVE HAYWARDS (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:15 A.M., and 3:00 P.M.

LEAVE FRUIT VALE, *5:30, 7:35, 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:30, 4:00 and 5:30 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 8th, 1872.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—San Francisco....		8:10 a m	*3:30 p m	†4.10 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11.10 a m	5:02 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12:50 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2:2 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	3:3 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	3:5 p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2:0 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only	San Jose Only.	Through Train
Leave—Hollister....				11:05 a m
Salinas				10:00 a m
Castroville				10:40 a m
Pajaro				11.30 a m
Gilroy				1:10 p m
San Jose		†6:50 a m	7:45 a m	2:3 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	8:10 a m	10:1 a m	5:10 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:10 p m. †Sundays excepted.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4.15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at 6:3 p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:4 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11:30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, A. C. BASSETT,
Gen'l Superintendent. Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the Junction of Market and Main streets, also Valencia street at its junction with Twenty fifth street, at 6 A. M., running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock P. M., and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty-fifth street at 11.30 P. M., and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 M. The cars run to Main street up to 6:00 P. M., after which they run only as far as Sansome street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery sts. in connection with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag, reading "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S. P. R. R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S. P. R. R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty-fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes direct to Hayes Park.

Nov. 12. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 5.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM
March 25.] Agents, 423 Front street.

UNITED STATES, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA MAIL S. S. LINE,

Contractors for Carrying the British and American Mails via Honolulu.—The splendid paddle-wheel steamships of this line are specially constructed for Speed, and arranged to promote health, comfort, and free Ventilation on long voyages in the heated tropics. One of the following fleet, viz: Nevada 2400 tons, Dacota, 2400 tons, Nebraska, 2400 tons, will leave for Ports in the above named Colonies, via Honolulu, every Fourth Wednesday, on arrival of the mail from London. Steamship Dakota will sail Nov. 6th. For Freight and Passage, and further information, apply at the Offices of the line, No. 217 Sansome street, San Francisco. I. W. RAYMOND,
[Oct. 26.] Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8 1/2 a. m., 11 a. m., 4:30 p. m., Saucelito at 9 a. m., 9:30 a. m. and 3:30 p. m. Sunday Time: San Francisco, 10 a. m., 12 m., 2 p. m. and 4 p. m. Saucelito, 11 a. m., 1, 3 and 5 p. m. On Saturdays an extra trip from Saucelito at 5:15 p. m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a. m. H. A. COBB, President,
Nov. 16. 22 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 A.M. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 2:30 P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. [Aug. 21.] CHAS. MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL.

Gardens and Farms, at the Junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot.—This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco 9:40 a m, 1:30 p m, 4:30 p m. San Rafael, 4:30 a m, 11:30 a m, 2:30 p m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a m, 3:00 p m. San Rafael 8:00 a m, 2:30 p m. [Aug 24.] CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed in the Government stamp. Price 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb. 25. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Fenders, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Sundries, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and the flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 25.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; W. V. Herbert, Secretary. Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors: I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Brebe, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Freund, H. Trashe, P. Crosley, W. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Pomeroy, Adam Smith, Aaron Moyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent.
Office—324 Montgomery street, Montgomery block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 15.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 11. E. M. PATTES, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Building.
JURY ROOMS—502 Montgomery St.
COUNTY—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—713 Montgomery street.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATT'Y—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—California and Sansome streets.
CITY PHYSICIAN—Coun'ty Hospital.
CORONER—125 Kearny street.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants' Exchange.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City H.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT. OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place.
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT. PUB. SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSE—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 11, City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—221 Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall.
OUTSIDE LAND COMMITTEE—24 Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets.
HEALTH OFFICE—Jackson street.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall.
POUND KEEPER—Jackson St., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
QUARANTINE—23 Kearny street.
HARBOR MASTER—15 Vallejo St.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

BELGIUM—E. Grisar, 1517 Powell.
CHILI—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street.
CHINA—Consul General: Francisco Casanueva, 506 Battery st.
DENMARK—G. O'Hara Taafe, 320 California street.
ECUADOR—Daniel Wolf (absent).
FRANCE—Edmond Breul, 434 Jackson street.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, 529 California street.
GUATEMALA—Juan Urruela, 409 Battery.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street.
HONDURAS—Wm. V. Wells, 37 Second.
ITALY—G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
JAPAN—G. W. Brooks, Grand Hotel.
MEXICO—J. Rivas, 636 Kearny.
GERMAN EMPIRE—C. A. C. Dulsenberg, 314 Sacramento street.
NETHERLANDS—J. De Fremery, 411 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
PERU—De la Fuente y Sobirat Federico.
PORTUGAL—Francis Berton, sw. cor. Clay and Liedesdorff Sts.
RUSSIA—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
SAN SALVADOR—B. J. Dorsey.
SPAIN—C. Merllo, 421 California.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—G. C. Johnson, 75 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Francis Berton.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—F. Herrera.
BOLIVIA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
CHILE—D. J. Williamson, 320 Drumm street.
COSTA RICA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
GREECE—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—C. Baum, 5 Battery street.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN—G. Maecke, California street.
TURKEY—George W. Gibbs, 83 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending February 24, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Tuesday, February 18th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Park Hd Ass'n to John B Chase	Lot 40 blk 415	$ 670
John Jay Hall to Wm Alexn Hall	Sw Pacific and Gough, w 60 s 100, etc	1
City and Co S F to O Lawton	For Outside Lands, sundry blks	Prem
Same to same	Same	Prem
James Lick to Soc Cal Pioneers	Sw 4th, 195 se Market, sw 195 se 80, etc	Gift.
Jno F McCauley to Saml L Wilson	Nw Townsend ne 3d, 275x275	10
Geary St Ex Hd to S D Goddard	Sundry lots in blks 2 1 and 168	6,700
A Cron to Francis Roland	Nw Montgy and Greenwich, 137-6x137 6	1,800
Jno Sword to Sarah Sword	N Washington e Mason, 55x137-0	Gift
Paul Tract H'd to Fred Scheffer	Lot 6 blk 60 and lots 1 2 3 blk 27	2,000
C M Boyd to Johanna Crowe	N Sacramento w Webster, 25x103	900
Geary St Ex Hd Assn to J L Fields	Lot 1 in blk 263	350
David Porter to C Temple Emmet	Nw Folsom ne 11th, 31-6x138 M B 7	12,000
Masonic Cem Assn to J F Kesling	Lots 40 41 sec 6	180
D F McDonald to Jno C Ikel	2 acres, portion McDonald Ranch	600
Lloyd Tevis to R M Sherman	Lot 2 blk 304, W A	1
James O'Brien to John Markham	Cary ne 60s, 25x80	1,100
Louis Braverman to I Wormser	Lots 1 to 6 15 16 blk 529, 7 to 16 16 blk 536, Tide Lands	4,600
James Nihan to Mich'l Donlgan	Dora nw Bryant, 25x75	....
L Dutertre to City and Co S F	Dupont and Broadway, e 46 n 60:3¼ nw 41 10¼ w 19.3 s 92.0	48,509

Wednesday, February 19th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Geary St Ex Hd to John Crodan	Lot 25 blk 262	$ 350
Same to Henry Blythe	Lot 26 blk 169	350
Paul Tract H'd to S H Thompson	Lot 7 blk 56	366
Jno Stapleton to Odd Fel Sav Bank	Sw Mary se Minna, 23x57 6	3,370
Charles Hare to same	Ne Main se Folsom, se 137-6, nw 87-6, etc	19,669
Patrick Haynes to the same	Sw 23d and Alabama, 50x104	3,007
Thos S Jackson to Hen B Wagner	S Stevenson e 7th, 25x75	2,100
City & Co S F to Jno Cooley	E Iowa s Yolo, 100x50	Prem
Wm Hollis to Margaret S Hurley	N Grove w Laguna, 22-11x120	1,500
Thos Brown to J J Green	E Lake e Polk, 37-6x120	8,500
J S Alemany to Ellen Doyle	S Pt Lobos Ave, w Masonic Av, 60x125	1,000
Geary St Hd Assn to Laura H Wel's	Lot 19 blk 202	350
Paul R Reese to Henry W Smith	S Post w Octavia, 25x10x120	1,750
J O Duncan to Wm Stebbins	Lots 8, 9, block R R R H'd No 2	330
Wm H Lyons to City & Co S F	137-6 n Washington 51-2¾ w Montgomery, w 104.1, nw 39:3, n 34.9 76:2 and se 34 6¾	66,107
Hannah G Shattock to G Wright	Subdiv O L 320	700
Fred Iken to L S Whelton	E ½ We ton and Horsfall Tract	1
Ben Franklin H'd to J O'Donnell	W Taibelt s Visitacion Ave s 25x114	800
L S Welton et al to R R Norton	Ne Webster and Sutter, 137-6x137 6	2,000

Thursday, February 20th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Paul Tract H'd to Nicholans Druns	Lot 1 block 60	$ 360
J M Shotwell to W C Ralston	E 14th Ave, 66 10 s of I, etc	120
Thos Brown to Tristam Burgess	S Pine e Hyde, 25x87 6	2,400
City and Co S F to W C Ralston	Portion six blks Outside Lands	Prem
F R Berryessa to Cornelia E Hill	Lot 8 blk 45, University H'd Association	200
Lawrence Higgins to C Delahanty	N 25th, 100 e Columbia, 25x100	800
S L Funkenstein to P Funkenstein	Sw cor Sacr to and Leavworth, 77 6x85	1
L Gautier to Edward Hartman	Se Greenwich and Stockton, n 28x37 6	1
Martha B Hunt to Henry Pichole	Nw 12th and Jessie—por M B 38	550
T D St Germain to Ed Hartmann	Se Greenwich and Stockton, 28:9x37 6	1
Ed Hartmann to Cit & County S F	Same	3,663
Emily Brock to John Horstmann	S of 21st w Sanchez, 114x50	610
M O'Meila to Elizabeth Druckes	E Jones s Geary, 68:9x22:11	8,000
Wm M Pierson to Frank Kennedy	Sundry properties in Western Addition	30
Pearl Richards to J B Lewis	50-vara 3, N B blk 11	11
Wm Hollenback to City & Co S F	Se cor Chest and Taylor e 42.4 se 149, etc	8,011
Felton Tract Hd to Mary J Wiard	Lot 48 blk 1200	170
Wm Sharon to Wm Hollenback	E Taylor s Chestnut, 17 6x137-6	1
Conrad Troell to Jno Allen	Sw cor Jones and Glover, 30x68 6	601
Jas Lick to Cal Academy Sciences	Se Market 195 sw 4th se 195, etc, being a subdivision of 100-vara 126	Gift.

Friday, February 21st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
B Kenny to J J Brady	50-vara blk 350, W A; also, w Webster, 110 n Post, 27 6x93, also, n Bush, 82 6 e Scott, e 55x137 6	....
F L A Pioche et al to John Cooper	Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, blk 7, City Land Ass'n	360
L S Welton et al to C C Butler et al	Sundry lots in western portion city	7,000
Wm Hollis to Jno C Wright	S Turk e Devisadero, 30x75	2,600
S S Welton et al to H M Newhall	Lots 3, 4, blk 275, W A	10,000
Webster St H'd to Philip I Fisher	W Webster s Sacramento, 25x133:3	1,525
D Oblandt to Henry Oblandt	E Potrero Ave n Yolo, 108x10	3,400
Webster St H'd to Pierce Betwin	Se Sacramento and Fillmore, 20:3x127:7	1,050
Same to Alexander L Badt	N California e Fillmore, 25x112.7	1,030
Martha B Hunt to B C Lewis	S 20th e Valencia, 25x85 subdiv M B 67	125
Same to John Hart	S 19th e Stevenson, 25x85	200
L Anderson to Katinka Anderson	S Jackson w Leavenworth, 45x137-6	010.
George Treat to Wm Hoit	New Potrero blks 178 and 180	4,000
Webster St H'd Ass'n to A E Hecht	W Webster n California, 25x104.3	1,515
Eugene E Sullivan to A J Moulder	N Bush w Mason w 40-9x137-6	18,000
Frank Kennedy to F R Larkin	Sundry properties in Western Addition	1,000
Webster St H'd to S A Loughlin	Lot 13 blk 311	1,620
E L Sullivan to S Bonner	Portion Outside Land block 273	400
J D Doss to A E Wilmarth	N Washington w Polk, 57x127 6	5

Monday, February 24th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Chas F Webster to C A Noble	Ne Stanly Place nw Bryant, 1'0x112 6	$2,000
Geary St Ex Hd to Levi Flint	Lot 12 blk 262	250
J D Connell to Thomas Jones	W College, 100 s Folsom, 120x100	300
S F Sinclair to Paul Roussel	Portion Outside Land block 750	125
John Hill to I F Lincoln	Lots 34 35 blk 338 Pt Lob Av and Pk Hd	100
C F Webster to R Hazan	Lot 21 blk 4 Fairmount Ex H'd	310
Drury W James to W H Rowlson	N Sacramento w Franklin, w 10:6, etc	111
Superior Hd Asn to T Cunningham	Five lots in blk 128	2,500
Thos B Lewis to Superior Hd Ass'n	Same	2,000
Romain Bosq et al to A Pastene	N Lewis, 177 6 w Taylor, w 20x57 6	1,400
John Solterico to David Stoddart	W Polk, 100 n Pacific, n 27-8x123	1
Ann Hart to Cornelius Carnal et al	Se Tehama, 205 ne 3d, ne 25x80	1,625
City & County S F to A J Morrill	Nw California and Lyon, 100x137 7	1,525
C L Rowe to Eve Rowe	Lots 3 to 7 inclusive, blk 40, City L Assn	Gift.
J H McCabe et al to I S Allen	50 acres Outside Lands	1,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending Feb. 25, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
K H Burnell to M Dore	Oakland: 300x300 ft b'ded by 10th, 11th, Oak and Madison, ares 100x150 sw cor Oak and 11th	20,000
W Power to M Hyde	Same: 150x133 9 se cor 10th and Clay	5,000
P W Stevenson to J Price	Same: S l 5th 100 e fr Henry, th e 25x113	450
J E Scotchler to D Behrens	Oakland: N line 15th 157.3 w from Kirkham, thence w 25x104.9	350
P C Dart to H H Cummins	Same: E line Filbert 114 6 n from 12th, thence n 60x125	1,700
S Merritt to A C Miles	Same: W line Jackson 1672 n from 12th, thence n 100x170	6,000
Same to J B Van Anken	Same: Various lots in blk 12, Pacific H'd	355
E Bigelow to J P Gloss	West Oakland: 54x102.6 se cor Chase and Wood	1,575
O H'd Ass'n to J J Foley	1 mile n from Oakland: 200x155	5
F A Kimball to H G Livermore	Same: 8½ acres	1,044
J A Mars to G S Brown	4 miles n from same: A tract	1
J E Whitcher to J Edwards	Near Telegraph av and Temescal creek: 50x100	400
Doerr & Musbrunner to C Neal	Near Pleasanton: 530 acres	5
L Lewelling to P Johnson	San Lorenzo Town: ¼ acre	250
C C Scott to A Miller	Near Mission San Jose: 60 acres	1,370
Tyson & Morrison to Same	Same: 121 acres	1,500
A Miller to W Gwynn	Same: 60x121 acres	3,400
B Keeney to R C Nabb	San Leandro: 37 ft on Davis st	750
E E Baldwin to J C Gilson	Pleasanton: Lot in blk K	650
E A Manning to D S Richardson	Lynn: Lots 31 and 32 in blk C	200
H S Fitch to W L Duncan	Fitchburg: Lots 5 6 7 and 8 in blk 26	800
M Homburg to T Meetz	Alameda: ½ lot in 150x320 sw cor Jefferson and Prospect	5
T Meetz to M Homburg	Same: ½ lot w l Prospect 150 s fr Jefferson, thence s 150x320	5

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. Feb. 25.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County.) Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. 3.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on-the-Main. March 28.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates, also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.
Oct. 3. A. McKINLAY, (Agents.) A. S. FINNIE.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Babcock; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 11.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT,
GEO. B. HUNE, Secretary [April 16.] President.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 24.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 135 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles J. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros.' Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Settings and Lapidaries. March 16.

SCUDDER & FULLER,

Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Commissioner of Deeds for all the States and Territories, No. 611 Montgomery street. Feb 15.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 415 and 423 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

Vis Comica.

The New York *Evening Post*, of January 11th, gives a list, "certainly incomplete and possibly incorrect," of the comic papers that have been established in America, to the number of forty-six, exclusive of annuals. The earliest in date is Irving and Paulding's *Salmagundi*, begun and ended in 1807. The *Evening Post* invites correction of its list, and we accept the invitation. It omits to mention: The *Alta California*, and the *Morning Call*, both dailies, published in this city. The comic element in the former is a good deal diffused on account of its size, but is of rare quality. Long and careful search by enthusiastic travelers in various parts of the world, has failed to discover anything like this remarkable product. Altogether it is the most senseless and fit paper for laughter. The *Call* is perhaps less interesting to the general inquirer. Its strong point, full of comic force, but a trifle monotonous, is the daily publication of the number of copies circulated, under the form of an affidavit. Monotonous, no doubt; but even now, after the custom of years, the most hardened reader of the *Call* lapses into cachinnation at the sight of those well-known figures, "sworn to before me." We commend these corrections to the *Evening Post*, agreeing with it, on the whole, in its remarks on the fate of American comic papers, but altogether refusing to accept the cause assigned for their failure. This is declared by the *Post* (following the New York *World*) to be the remarkable freedom, brightness and spiciness of the daily papers throughout the country. We deny the freedom, brightness, etc. Some few brilliant papers there are, but there are hundreds of cities in the Union which do not produce one joke in six months among them all. Take away the New York *World*, an occasional *Tribune*, the Boston *Post*, and *the* San Francisco paper, and you have exhausted the two coasts. In the interior, there is but the Louisville *Courier-Journal*. The *Post* is misled by the cackle of Americanism around it. We may be misled, perhaps, by our distrust of this barn-yard eloquence; but it seems to us that, on the whole, American comic journalism has experienced no peculiarly hard fate. The earliest English comic paper, mentioned in the article in *Notes and Queries*, in June, 1872, is *The Cigar*, established in 1834. The earliest American, leaving out *Salmagundi*, bears date 1846. Looking at the difference of the two countries in population and wealth, it seems by no means strange that while England, in fifty years, has buried nearly seventy comic papers, America should have finished off nearly fifty in thirty years. The great and remarkable difference between the two countries is, however, in the character of the journals which survive. The English are of a high order of merit, the American, without exception, insufferably vulgar. It would be unwise and unfair to come to definite conclusions as to the causes of the American inferiority in this branch of literature; but it seems to us to be due to what Renan calls the lack of nobleness in American society, and to the lower intellectual level of the reading community. In this country everybody reads; and nearly everybody publishes a paper. The United States publish only two thousand papers less than the rest of the civilized world; how is it possible that the readers of these papers should be up to the general level of average cultivation in other countries? Everybody has just now a great respect for the Germans. They are very strong; and not only that, they are the most learned of men. But Germany shows only 800 newspapers against the 5,800 of the United States. Our conviction in the matter is that comic journalism is like all other journalism, in this country, a mere game of chance. If the paper comes out at the right moment, and finds the right community to back it, it will succeed. Otherwise it will die; and may it rest in peace!

Blood Thicker Than Water.

The niggers have cause to congratulate themselves. They have always had the Republican party upon their side, and now they are in a fair way to capture the Democracy. Indeed they have shown such a [illegible] for promiscuous sleeping that the [illegible] of the entire nation are beginning slowly to appreciate them and come around. There is a wonderful amount of sympathy in knavery. The last convert to [illegible] is Brooks, Democratic Congressman from New York City. Jim has always consistently hated the black race, but was rather vague in his reasons for hating them. At last it comes out. He believed them to be honest. The stories of their disposition to petty larceny, the [illegible] of every unnoticed red trifle that came within their reach, of the [illegible] danger run by all manner of pigs and poultry in roosting low, as well as all the [illegible] showing them to be easily tempted by [illegible], have fallen upon a doubting ear when recounted to the [illegible] of Brooks. He would believe no word of it, and so despised them, hair, hoof and horn, as [illegible] creatures unworthy to associate or in any manner to intermix with the noble Caucasian. But at last he has been converted. He sees his mistake, he acknowledges his error, he forgives, and he loves. The lucky nigger who converted Brooks is one Ranny, of South Carolina. This darkey, it appears, can't see any more harm in a member of Congress stealing from the public, than for an old plantation nigger to nip a fat gobbler from his master's roost. The principle is all the same, and both are rather pleasant things to do, so long as you are not caught at it. Brooks was detected speculating in "Credit Mobilier stock," and for a time appeared in danger of being slightly castigated by his master, the people represented in Congress. For a moment, we say, for there was never any real danger of the "scape-goat" business being really carried out in practice. Where the members of a band of robbers have the judging of an offense in which all have participated, there is not likely to be anything very important done. But Brooks was evidently frightened, and when poor Ranny, with the memory of many a stolen fat, crisp and luscious, pervading his palate, came to the rescue, the stubborn Democratic heart melted, and to Brooks the African was changed in the twinkling of an eye and became a man and a brother. He rushed over to the Black Republican side of the house and fell upon the bosom of his new found kinsman and wept. It was the most touching scene that has occurred on that historic floor since the death of the "Old Man Eloquent." Jay's acknowledged Ranny [illegible] with jet black, and a new political color was produced in an instant. It was a new [illegible] of "miscegenation." "Mr. Ranny," cried the [illegible] Brooks, "I feel deeply gratified for the vote you have cast. Heretofore I have been a persistent opponent of your race, but for the future I shall not only be your friend but the friend of your race." The heart of Ranny must have swelled with joy at the recognition of the place his race held in the great family of thieves. "Boo-oo-hoo," he sobbed on the breast of Brooks, "we are all rogues together. Now let thy servant depart in peace. I have lived to see the day when all whites and blacks are equal." We suggest that the colored people throughout the country make the anniversary of this important event a holiday, ranking with their proclamation day, and that all the thieves in the country, without respect to race or politics, be invited to participate.

An Excellent Roadway.

The work of macadamizing New Montgomery street, between Mission and Howard, has progressed far enough to show that the road, when finished, will be superior to any other roadway of the kind in the city. The foundation is composed of the ordinary rock taken from the hills, over which is placed nine inches of flint rock, obtained by the contractor, Mr. Cadue, at a quarry about seven miles from the city. This rock appears to be of excellent quality, not liable to turn into mud or ground to dust to be blown away by the wind. It is broken in pieces as large as a man's fist, and rolled hard with an iron roller, a top dressing of the same crushed very fine being rolled in to make the road smooth. Those capable of judging pronounce it the only macadamizing worthy of the name yet seen here. At the last meeting of the Board of Supervisors, Mr. Cadue was authorized to macadamize Market street from Kearny to Third, in the same manner, the contractor agreeing to keep the work in repair one year. In order to perform this and other work of the kind, Mr. Cadue has sent East for a steam-power roller, which will have a pressure of 30 tons per mile. The first year of a macadamized street is always the critical period; if not well made of durable material it will be spoiled within that time. The discovery of this new road making material is one of much importance to San Francisco, where the sandy soil [illegible] to the best [illegible], and the climate is unfavorable to the permanency of wooden pavements. The cost of macadamizing is also small, being but [illegible] cents per foot, while the expense for repairs is comparatively small. All depressions in the streets during the first year being filled with the flint rock and rolled in, there can be little doubt that a good and permanent roadway will be the result. The great difficulty in macadamizing heretofore has been the want of any suitable material.

St. David's Day.

Wear we the leek to-day in memory of honorable achievements.

Sol once more, with vernal ray,
Gilds auspiciously the day;
Eager we, with glee, to pay
St. David's mite.

Far from Snowdon's lofty peak,
Boldly bear our country's leek;
Ever proudly of it speak,
With faces bright.

Burning with poetic fire,
Harmonize the voice and lyre;
Join the chorus, son and sire,
With all your might.

Fill the page of friendship's roll,
Circulate the wassail bowl,
Saturate each thirsty soul,
To his delight.

Pledge our Patron Saint a toast,
Next to Peter—'mong the host—
David is the master ghost
In realm of sprite.

Patriotic circles band,
Goblets full, in every hand,
Drain to honor fatherland—
No more to fight.

Bloody swords, and wounds to bind,
Never more we there shall find;
Conflicts hence of mind with mind,
To judge aright.

Spite of Romans, Saxons, Danes,
Norman thieves, and English Thanes,
Cambria unencumbered reigns
Here to-night.

Celts in blood, and yet 'tis seen,
Red our flag—not festive green—
Loyally we toast the Queen,
God and the right.

The Right Man in the Right Place.

Governor Booth appears to possess the happy faculty of satisfying the public with official appointments. It is the gift pre-eminent to make a successful administration. His judges have in almost every instance been men who were honest and learned, and in the Executive branches of the Government he has, if possible, been even more fortunate. This result has been brought about, we believe, by his determination not to make the faculty for political wire pulling the test of official fitness. His last appointment, that of Lewis Cunningham, to be Harbor Commissioner, vice *Marks transferred to other fields of usefulness*, is one of the very best he has made, and is in itself a compliment to every decent official and respectable voter and tax-payer in the State. Putting it upon the most selfish ground, it is equivalent to saying to the people that he has confidence that an upright and conscientious discharge of duty is one of the roads—is, indeed, the shortest and most direct road—to political preferment. We have had before now Governors who were candidates for the Senate, more than one, or even two, and it is true that their exercise of the appointing power has in every instance demonstrated their opinions to be to the effect that the people were managed by the worst elements of society, and not by the best. They have shown that they thought their cause advanced by having unscrupulous men in subordinate positions, and so have filled up every branch of the Government with them. We do not know that Governor Booth is a candidate for the Senate. All of his enemies charge that he is, and his friends answer that they hope it is true. But we do say, that if he be a candidate, and the result of his candidacy is to put such men as Mr. Lewis Cunningham in responsible positions, then we say to him, go on being a candidate, for it works well for the people. If the being a candidate for the Senate involves the appointment by the Governor, for the time being, of high-minded and honorable gentlemen to take charge of the property of the State and manage it, of wise and just and poor men to be Supreme Judges, as in our opinion is the case with the incumbent now sitting upon that bench by the appointment of the Governor now supposed to be a candidate, we say, then let it be understood that all Governors be candidates for the Senate henceforth and forever, and let them be elected, too, as a reward for their faith in the cause of justice, truth and right.

"Engineering."

There is no exchange that reaches our table weekly more welcome or more valued by us than the *Engineering*, a scientific paper published in London, by Messrs. Dredge and Maw, two gentlemen of more than ordinary ability in the journalistic line of business that they for some years past have made a specialty. The articles written by these gentlemen can easily be detected by the thorough, scientific and unanswerable manner in which they are generally presented. Articles connected with the civil and military engineering service are particularly well handled, and the paper frequently contains, in condensed form, an immense mass of information relating to the railway interests of England, India, United States, and other countries. Scientific society matters are carefully reviewed and commented upon. The *Engineering* is the organ of no party, and although it leans strongly on the side of "narrow gauge," or the new system, it is supported by engineers of all gauges. We honestly recommend the paper to our readers, and trust it will obtain what it merits—a wide and extended circulation on this coast. Immeasurably it is the best practical scientific paper that comes to this coast. In narrow gauge matters the paper is full of practical detail, with illustrations that are works of art. Engineers and mechanics will find a fund of valuable information in the *Engineering*, that is not to be obtained in any other publication of the kind we know of. It embraces authentic statistics of the railway system of the world, and seemingly publishes nothing that is unreliable. It has done much for the narrow gauge interests, and deserves to be patronized to a large extent in this country by the advocates of that system. The following is the *Engineering's*—

NOTICE TO AMERICAN SUBSCRIBERS.—In consequence of the great increase in our American connexion, we have found it necessary to establish a branch office in the United States. Communications may in future be addressed to Mr. George Edward Harding, C. E., of 175 Broadway, New York, who is our accredited representative. In answer to numerous inquiries, Mr. Charles Gilbert begs to state that subscribers in the United States can be supplied with *Engineering* from this office, post free, for the sum of £1 14s. 8d. ($8 52 gold) per annum, payable in advance. 37 Bedford street, Strand, W. C.

Amadeus and Maximilian.

What is the similarity between the cases of Maximilian in Mexico and Amadeus in Spain? There is a good deal said about it, and the *Bulletin* has drawn, in its own egregious style, a very consolatory moral from the striking resemblance. But who can find any resemblance? Maximilian went to Mexico on the invitation of an invader, whose army was encamped in the country it had partially conquered. He was under the protection of this invader, and ruled Mexico, so far as he did rule it, entirely by force of arms, in great part foreign. Amadeus was elected King of Spain by the only government of the nation, in time of peace, and without the shadow of force put upon the national will. He entered the country, a private gentleman with his family, and no more formidable body of troops than two or three deputies from the King of Italy. He ruled Spain entirely according to law, and when he had to choose between keeping his position by force of arms and sacrificing it, he abdicated. One must have the eyes of the *Bulletin* to see in an act so magnanimous the promptings of a craven spirit. We are often disgusted by the fawning adulation with which men look upon the movements and acts of kings and princes; but all the sycophants are not royalists. There is a spirit in many republicans as base as can well be, and those in whom it lives look upon a lofty or heroic deed only to loathe it, if it come from a born king. The Spanish Republicans speak of Amadeus only with respect; the *Bulletin*, never yet suspected of a generous sentiment, affects to weigh him in the balance and find him wanting.

—Where does the *Morning Call* "Paragram" [illegible] from, and where is this arbitrary introduction of utterly false words to end? [illegible] of rendering the English language richer, these [illegible] manufacture and use of this shoddy others, by make the attempt to fix any but one standard miserably futile, and has been manufacturer and is put upon to the charge of flagrant prostitution of the pure finest language in the world. It is very [illegible], it is the stupid coining and wholesale uttering of such a counterfeit vocabulary, that every man will need carry a lexicon apparatus, if [illegible], and good speakers of English will be as rare as honest placeholders.

—The California Placard Exchange will open for business about March 17th.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

The Dog in Health and Disease. By Stonehenge. New E. 8vo., cloth.

Genesis, or the First Book of Moses, with a Commentary. By Rev. E. H. Browne. 8vo., cloth.

Recent Discussions in Science, Philosophy and Morals. By Herbert Spencer. 12mo., cloth.

Thirty Years in the Harem, or the Autobiography of Melek-Hanum. 12mo. cl.

Keel and Saddle. By Genl. Jos. W. Revere. 12mo., cloth.

Wonders of Sculpture. By Louis Viardot. 12mo., cloth.

The Drawing Room Stage. By Geo. M. Baker. 12mo. cloth.

The Mother's Work with Sick Children. By Prof. J. B. Fonssagrives. 12mo., cloth.

The Home, where it Should Be and What to Put In it. By F. & M. Stockton. 16mo. cl.

The Tribune Almanac for 1873. 12mo., paper.

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Architect, Shiels' Block, No. 402 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,
Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

—How many of that odious class usually called "nice young men," we have in this city. Poor fools, who, with waxed mustaches, light overcoats and tight boots, infest our street corners on Saturday afternoons and ogle at all the girls coming out from *matinee*. All they possess is on their backs, and when the dinner hour arrives these nice young men may be seen sneaking into a two-bit restaurant, there to make their stomachs suffer for their backs. Half an hour after and you see them, cigar (domestic) in mouth, and you would imagine from their high-toned get-up that they had dined at the California House, or some such swell place. After our cheap swell has got through his cigar, which, by the by, he generally prefers smoking in the entrance of some first-class hotel, he invests his dollar (bottom) in a dress-circle or orchestra seat. There he basks in the gaslight and smiles of the fair ones. The play over, he places himself in such a position that he can see and be seen by all the people going out. Then, unless treated to a drink (which he never refuses), he once more seeks the obscurity of humble lodgings. The morning sees the poor, half-starved butterfly got up to kill, and so, from day to day, live most of the cheap young swells whose smirking faces adorn our streets. The *Town Crier's* advice to all such mushroom abortions is to first earn an honest living, then have three good square meals a day, and after that dress and be hanged.

—"Miss Sophie Barney took a premium at a Montgomery (Alabama) Fair as 'the young woman who would make the best wife for a poor man.'" We are sorry that we have not received from Alabama the official report of the judges who decided upon the qualities which secured the premium to this young woman. We infer that her merits did not consist in her ability to compose an essay on mental happiness, or a poem on love's young dream, or to play the pianoforte, or to investigate the laws of life, or to dig up Greek roots, or pick a crow with John Stuart Mill, or take a logical tilt with Miss Anthony, or dance the 'German' in the French style, or digest Kant's transcendental calculus, or compute by Napier's logarithms, or do any such things. We infer that her merits lay in her ability to get up, in Alabama style, the coffee and griddle-cakes for breakfast, the bacon and greens for dinner, the mush and milk for supper, to wash and mend things, sweep and fix the house, make the bed, poke the fire, save the scraps, get good bargains for her small change, keep her own self neat and tidy, mind her tongue and temper, endure the [illegible] complacently, refrain from gadding, bear with all sorts of masculine faults, display all kinds of feminine virtues, and, like patience on a monument, smile at grief."

—The *Town Crier* commends to the attention of those who are engaged in the discussion of that important question, "What shall we do with our boys?" the following *verbatim* report of a fragment of conversation he overheard, carried on between two San Franciscan *young gentlemen ætant* 10 and 12. They were walking down Post street to school, with their nice little geographies and grammars slung over their backs, and alternately sucking at a cigar, the property Mobilier of the younger: "Why didn't you come up last night, Jake?" "Couldn't." "Down town drinking your G—d d—d whisky, I guess." "Well, an' if I was, dog-on-ye, what the hell does it matter to you?" "You get so G—d d—d riled, by J—s C—t, it's no ——" This was enough. Ten and twelve, gentlemen! Dear, happy, innocent children going to school and the devil!

—"Comparisons are odious," but nevertheless we cannot help comparing the celebration of the birthday of the great father of America, Washington, with that of St. Patrick's Day, on the latter day the whole city is in a turmoil, and heated Hibernians, dressed in the most fantastic costumes, patrol our streets all day long. On Washington's Birthday the procession was only a very small one, and the holiday not generally observed. Now, as in all probability the Irish would not have been able to celebrate the day at all had it not been for Washington, we think that the least they could do would be (as they love processions so much) to pay as great a tribute to the memory of the departed soldier-statesman as they do to that of the mythical St. Patrick.

—The fearful thought suggests itself to the *Town Crier's* mind, that the Modocs have whipped us into making terms. Our eagle spirit rebels at the idea, and his proud soul would fain not entertain the thought for a moment; but alas! it is so, and poor Uncle Sam has to eat humble pie at the hands of an Indian. Oh, how uneasy must rest the soul of the Immortal George when he sees what's going on below. We have come out with flying colors on the Alabama question, the Credit Mobilier is not quite as satisfactory, but to be whipped into making terms by a few half-starved Indians, makes the *Town Crier's* martial soul ache with mortification.

—Drug clerks be careful, and remember the scriptural adage, "An eye for an eye." The public place themselves almost entirely in your power, and when that power is abused, either through ignorance, carelessness, or vice, the sharp claws of the law are very apt to leave an impression on your smirking countenances. What amount of apology or money can make up to Dr. O'Donnell the loss of his eye? Our advice to the Doctor is, when he gets well, to go for that drug clerk and gouge him. An immense amount of satisfaction would be felt by him could he pocket that ignoramus's eye.

—A certain Moses Cohen attempted suicide off Meiggs' Wharf. He was a considerate young man, for before he took the fatal plunge, he carefully divested himself of his coat, money and watch. This was very knowing of him. No doubt he thought the water would stop his watch and soil his coat, and that he would not be able to see what time it was when he woke. We don't think he meant biz, or he would have taken the lot with him. Few Moses's of our acquaintance would leave a watch, coat and money unless they meant to call for it again.

—The *Town Crier* is glad to find that the case of the poor little girl with the tamborine, about which he spoke some time ago, has at last been taken up by the police. He only hopes that the villainous slave-driving discourser of discord may get a good stiff sentence—one that will teach him to earn an honest livelihood, and not hire poor little girls to do his collecting at $2 a week. He also hopes that the slinking, skulking father may also get a lesson taught him in the art of "training up a child in the way it should go."

—Poor dog Jack has been unwell for some time. His usually silky coat is rough and bristly, and those eyes, that were wont to twinkle with such brightness, have now a dull and heavy look. That tail, whose wag was so cheering to our heart, now wags but feebly. That step, once so elastic and light, is now slow and loitering. Yesterday we discovered the cause. Inside the kennel of our faithful dog was a copy of the *Alta*. We have removed it, and Jack is already visibly improving.

—The Rev. Father Buchard, in his lecture, "Chinaman or White Man—Which?" pitches pretty strongly into the poor Mongolian. He denounced them as "an idolatrous, immoral, degraded, pest-ilent, [illegible] pale and ignorant race." We [illegible] were raised to beat them in their [illegible], viz., the clean shaved, [illegible] heads, [illegible] look upon which our [illegible] the garb of priests, and with faces a one would hang them where a Chinaman would be let off for his good looks.

—The Pope has declared that he intends canonizing Mary Queen of Scots. What reason he has for so doing we know not, but imagine the infallible old gentleman is getting just a little weak in his upper story. If he had put the *Town Crier's* name down on the list there would have been some sense in it. Mary of Scotland we like as an historical martyr, but as a saint, we don't think she would be a success.

—The *Bulletin* and *Call* are the only papers that give the full text of the treaty with the Klamath Indians. This is good for them, but bad for the Klamaths; and, after all, we are not told how much whisky went to a clause. Do it over again, Messrs. P. & F.

A Noble Mission.

Britannia treads the shore, where in the bay,
Falsely secure, the hapless *Northfleet* lay,
When the destroying bark her timbers clave,
And drove her deep beneath the sullen wave.
Above, a dull expanse of cold gray sky;
Below, gray waves, o'er which harsh sea-birds fly.

"No longer mine," she cried, "the ancient boast
Of wooden walls to guard my happy coast,
Of the supremacy in days of yore
My gallant fleets upon the waters bore!
No longer mine to rule the impatient waves,
To awe the tyrants, and set free the slaves,
And homage claim, where'er my flag should fly,
Or swelling sails show white against the sky!"
She spoke, and wept, while—sign of lost command—
The trident trembled in her falling hand.

Not so, Britannia;—scarce the tidings dread
By lightning whisper through the land had spread,
When the good Queen, who graces England's throne,
Made all her subjects' sympathies her own,
And, while for present need prompt aid she dealt,
Expressed the sorrow that her people felt;
Then Wealth, and Rank, Obscurity, and Need,
Joining to emulate the gracious deed,
Gave all they might to succor sore distress,
And aid the widow and the fatherless.

Then weep no longer, dearest land of lands,
The home of kindly hearts and ready hands;
Your aid shall raise each mourner's drooping head,
You can do all, save give them back the dead;
Their grief and loss beyond your comfort are—
(When God e'en heals the wound, he leaves the scar):
But of your riches do you freely give,
And smoothe life's bitter path for those who live.

Nor yet lament your empire of the flood,
Your laurels purpled with your heroes' blood,
Nor deem you cannot boast such seamen now
As fought with Nelson, Collingwood and Howe:
That very misadventure which you weep
But serves the record pure and bright to keep.
Though foes environ her on every hand,
No fate can crush, no chains enslave the land
Whose sons inherit from the dauntless sea's,
Who dare like Stanley, and who die like Knowles.

—Fan.

Leaves from a Lady's Diary.

FEBRUARY 24th.—I was thinking to-day, as I was helping Mamie W. to dress for a ball, and noticed the look of admiration which she cast at herself in her Psyche, how very much after all a woman prefers the reflection of admiration from a man's eyes. A girl alone will pose and practice before a glass, but her true mirror is the opposite sex. If she cannot reflect well there, she is miserable. But at the same time, the infinite pains we take to appear well is not only directed to charm the other sex, but at the same time to eclipse dear Mary B. or Madame X. According to naturalists, it is the male bird or fish that covers himself with brilliant hues, and seeks to attract by agacéries, the female in the meantime remaining in sober russet, demurely receiving the impetuous attentions of her brilliant mate. Such might have been, when young ladies spun woolsey linsey and called themselves Tabitha or Dorcas. I am vexed because I was not asked to any of the grand parties lately, and am vexed at hearing those who were there, for every one that was asked went, talking loudly of the enjoyment they had, in order to attract attention to the fact of their having been there; yet, as Carlyle said one night when the falling stars were raining fast through the sky, "How very sad to see such a waste of brilliancy." Coming back from a ball makes me think that the fable of Cinderella is, after all, more true than we dare acknowledge to ourselves. We leave glitter, gloss, paint, varnish, noise, compliments, music, dancing, eating, feasting, toasting, drinking to sink into our carriage and creep to our bedroom, to become what? In most instances a household drudge, full of the strong, stern realities of life; and it is better in most instances that it should be so.

FEB. 26th.—Ash Wednesday. I always liked this day, for the bitter curses that the old Church, in its commination, hurled at the head of sinners, to which all the sinning congregation piously answer amen; it's so applicable to California. "Cursed be him who removeth his neighbor's land mark," to which the devout tribe of squatters most fervently reply, "Amen." So may it be when I stick my stake in the debatable land. Went to St. Mary's Cathedral, for I like the ceremony, having been much impressed when a little girl by the cross of ashes on my forehead. This time, however, it made no impression, and I fancied that the ashes were dirty. I was reminded of what Keats wrote.

"There was an awful rainbow once in Heaven,
We know her woof, her texture, she is given
In the dull catalogue of common things.
Philosophy will clip an angel's wings."

Was amused, the night before last, at the wonderful memory possessed by some regular ball-goers, both male and female. They lend together at intervals and compare notes. Miss S. has got on the [illegible] that she wore at Mrs. B.'s reception, and, I do declare, Mary B. has got on her mother's diamonds.

FEB. 27th.—Went with Emily to a school which is conducted on the highest moral principles. Everything that tends to natural development is as strictly restrained as possible. Instead of leading the instinct, it is sought to be smothered, the passions are proscribed instead of being properly directed. The animated corpses who undertake to direct these young, growing minds, only strive to carry away the steam, but not to subdue the fire and water, so that in matter of fact they remain utterly ignorant of anything till an explosion takes place, and then they say, "Who would have thought it?" I was sitting last night in my bedroom, just tired enough to fall into reverie, and my fire was just burning enough, having done with flame and just lingering in a dull glow, to charm me to my chair when I perceived that the forms of beauty and emulation, even from bubbling itself, may be likened to "Faces in the fire." A dream of love, a picture of married life, a desire to do good, an expectation of pleasant days. Faces in the fire. The dwelling on the possible features of an unborn child, the earnest desire that he may achieve greatness, the certainty that one will be with him helping, guiding, consoling, cheering and loving. Faces in the fire.

A Restless Body.

Some women are never happy unless when they are scrubbing, brushing, sweeping, and otherwise toiling in household affairs, although they have servants to do all they require. The Hon. Henry Erskine's first wife was one of this class, and her extreme nervous irritability and eccentric ways, it may be supposed, did not contribute greatly to Harry's domestic happiness. One of her peculiarities consisted in not retiring to rest at the usual hour. She would frequently employ half the night in examining the wardrobe of the family to see that nothing was missing, and that everything was in its proper place. The following is told as a proof of her oddities: "One morning, about three o'clock, having been unsuccessful in a search, she awoke Mr. Erskine from a sound sleep by putting to him this important interrogatory, 'Harry, lovie, where's your fresh waistcoat?'"

—The Inauguration Committee have a communication sent to them from Ithaca, N. Y., recommending, in place of a ball on Inauguration night, a prayer-meeting; to be led, of course, by Brother Colfax. The meeting will not pray for daily bread—that kind of business is played out—but for a good slice of whatever is going, Credit Mobilier, or what you please. The man of Ithaca knew ten thousand things, if we may believe Homer; the men of Ithaca are, at least, fully up to snuff.

NARROW GAUGE POSTSCRIPT

TO THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER.

VOLUME 23. SAN FRANCISCO, MARCH 1, 1873. NUMBER 5.

Narrow Gauge.

The following letter was written to Mr. Porter, of the Contra Costa *Gazette*. Mr. P. is one of the leading spirits in the movement to build a narrow-gauge road from Martinez through the San Ramon Valley to Pleasanton, on the line of Western Pacific, near Livermore. This letter contains interesting matter relating to the new system. We take pleasure in publishing it:

San Francisco, February, 1873.

Charles B. Porter, Esq., Pacheco, Contra Costa County: Dear Sir:—Your favor of the 13th, relating to the proposed narrow-gauge railroad through the San Ramon Valley, came to hand. I regret exceedingly that I could not attend the meeting held at Walnut Creek on Saturday last. The weather prevented quite a delegation of narrow-gauge advocates from this city being present. As regards the gauge that you proposed to select, I trust you will decide upon the one of three feet. There has been so much said and written about narrow gauge, principally in favor of it, that the subject begins to look a little old. However, it may be worth while to try and illustrate how and in what manner the proposed new gauge differs from the old, and whether it be for better or worse. A great many who have not seen the system at work write most fluently for or against it. The fact is, many of our narrow-gauge engineers have claimed too much for it, while the wide-gauge engineers allow us too little. The former comes from ignorance and the latter from prejudice, combined, perhaps, with ignorance of a system that is destined to revolutionize the land-carrying trade of the world.

Two years and a half ago I placed myself on record in favor of the three-feet gauge for this State, and I propose to tell you my reasons for so doing. I examined into the merits of all the gauges, both in this country and abroad, carefully, before I made up my mind to advocate the three-feet gauge in preference to any other; the result of close examinations satisfying me that on that width of gauge could be combined a maximum of capacity, comfort, efficiency and safety consistent with the minimum cost of construction, maintenance and operating expenses. There are wide-gauge engineers who will tell you that there are certain elements in this new railroad question to be studied, prior to that of gauge. All of the elements that they now name, I claim, are provided for, or can be secured on a narrow-gauge system, with, perhaps, the exception of two, namely, *great* speed on extra occasions, and luxurious comfort in long, wide, high and heavy "silver palace cars," for that class of passengers who are rich enough to afford the heavy tariff imposed for same. Both of these elements are costly, and could not be sustained on any road in the world for any length of time *independent* of the lower and cheaper class of travel; and a well-paid-for experience, both in this country and abroad, having convinced railroad managers of this fact, a radical reduction has been made in the car movement over lines where trains were formerly run up to their maximum speed. Thirty to thirty-five miles per hour is about as fast as railroads of the present age can afford to transport passengers and express. This speed can be acquired and obtained with ease and safety on a first-class narrow gauge. Rapidity of transit and comfort combined, up to the present average of standard lines, can be had on the narrow gauge for *all classes* of the traveling community at a greatly reduced tariff as compared with present rates. Thus the poor will be enabled to travel comfortably as well as expeditiously at rates they can afford to pay, and remunerative to the system. This certainly is not allowable on the present standard lines; if it is, it is not practiced. It is well known in what manner the poor emigrants are at the present time conveyed over the standard lines. They are moved at an average speed of freight trains, not to exceed ten miles an hour, like sheep or cattle (except at high rates), in cars carefully constructed to torture and worry the occupants into deserting the same (where escape becomes possible) for a better class at higher rates, thereby adding materially to the gross receipts of the road over which they may be forced to travel. I claim that the poorer class of passengers pay a large percentage of the expense necessary for sustaining the palace-car system. In other words, the tariff rate charged on emigrants is *larger* (and in consequence the profit is greater) in proportion to his comfort, time lost in prolonged transit, and the expense of transporting him, that it is on a first-class Pullman palace car passenger. The London Board of Trade reports that nearly seven tenths of the passengers traveling over railways are third-class, two-tenths second-class, and one-tenth first-class. Of the receipts, twenty per cent. comes from the first-class, thirty three per cent. from the second, and forty-seven per cent., or nearly one-half, from the third-class. Thus, you see, comfort and ease are arranged on the standard lines in reference to the special requirements of one-tenth of those who travel, and for which they pay four hundred per cent. higher tariff. Is it a wonder, then, that the merchant, farmer, mechanic and the emigrant denounce our present system and hail with delight the coming one?

Railways for the future must possess the capability and capacity of carrying the multitude satisfactorily, for by the multitude they are to prosper. The poorer class on our local roads will contribute largely to railway receipts if a cheap system of fares can be introduced consistent with comfort and profit. I propose to show you that by the new system this can and will be done, if our farmers and landholders are true to themselves. The present railroads in this State have as yet served, comparatively speaking, but little purpose to the farmer; their rates of tariff for long distances are beyond the power of the grain-grower to pay and prosper. Heavy operating expenses create high tariffs, and they are absolutely necessary on the broad gauge to sustain the system. Such rates will surely follow up any and all branches or feeders of the same. Nothing but reduced operating expenses can correct this evil, and it is with the narrow gauge we propose to do it, for on the latter gauge we can secure increased capacity for same consumption of power (which I will soon illustrate to you), and with much less wear and tear. You know there is a limit to our available farming lands on the present line of railroads, for the tariffs increase as the roads lengthen. Thus, with high tariff rates, the territory is soon reached where the occupation of the farmer is unknown. Reduce the tariff rates one-half, and farmers will be found comfortably well off tilling the soil 300 miles from a market, where they are now struggling with poverty on the outskirts of civilization, at a distance not to exceed 200 miles. The agriculturists of this State will do well to examine into the merits of a narrow-gauge system without delay, and to take hold with vigor and enter at once upon the construction of such lines throughout the State, for never can the farmer realize cheapness of production and independence until he is alongside of cheap transportation or in close proximity to it. By close proximity I mean 3 or 4 miles on either side, in which event he can load a car of the narrow-gauge size and weight, carrying four tons, and with horse power move it over a light and cheap track of his own, or built in conjunction with his neighbors, from his barn or grain stack directly to the main line, where he can deliver it loaded, ready for a passing train, for less money than he could haul the same amount in ordinary wagons over country roads and unload it at the side tracks and load it again on the car. There is no reason why a cheap track should not extend from the main line into a farm yard several miles away, the same as a branch line leads into a colliery. In this way the farmer may relieve himself of the expense in sustaining a great number of teams and men, and thus realize a profit, whereas he otherwise would sustain a loss. There is no question but that such a system will result in great good and large profits to the farmer. In this way the interests of the people residing along a line of rail are identical with those of the railroad, and they must both prosper. How different is the present system, the patrons of which are squeezed in purse until they now regard the present railroad managers as a crew of extortioners, whose sole aim seems to be personal gain without regard to any interests but their own. Narrow-gauge lines will correct all this, and it never can be corrected in any other way. The narrow gauge cannot be treated as a local affair, suitable only for particular localities, or for a limited amount of traffic, for it is more applicable to any country having a large amount of traffic to move quickly and cheaply than the wide gauge. Narrow-gauge advocates do not look upon the three-feet gauge lines as subsidiary. Their introduction would insure *efficiency, economy and low tariff.* Why should they not, therefore, become the principal lines of any country where they may be introduced. Satisfy the wide-gauge system of this State that the narrow-gauge system can transport freight for half what they can afford to do it, and how long, think you, before the wide gauge would place a third rail on their present completed lines, and by protecting themselves from a railway system that would benefit our State, benefit themselves and add rapidly to the population of California? Every foot of the present railway lines in California could be made available for narrow-gauge rolling stock for an expenditure not to exceed $3,000 per mile. Thus, long trains of narrow-gauge cars could be moved over standard lines by the engines now used on the wide gauge, and such service and use of power would be very economical and remunerative. In other words, use their power and our carrying capacity and the wide gauge can lay no claim to worth as a freight-carrying medium. Let us see what the difference would be between the systems providing a third rail were laid on the San Joaquin Valley railroad. Assuming, for instance, that 6,000 tons of grain had to be removed from the head of that valley, say 200 miles to ship at tide water, the wide-gauge cars would handle the grain as follows: Assuming that a 45-ton engine with thirty cars will move 300 tons of grain, it would take twenty trains to move all the grain named. Each train would be about 900 feet long, or three feet to a ton of paying freight, and would weigh, loaded, 600 tons independent of engine, 300 tons of which would be dead weight and 300 tons paying freight. *If all* the grain had to be moved *at once*, it would require 600 cars and 20 engines, and the train would be 18,000 feet long, and the total weight of same would be 12,000 tons. Assuming, again, that the cars and engines are at tide water and have to pass over the road empty 200 miles to reach the grain, we have 6,000 tons of non-paying weight passing over the road for a distance of 200 miles and then back again loaded with wheat, or 12,000 tons over the 200 miles a second time. This shows a movement of 18,000 tons for 200 miles, 6,000 tons only of which is paying freight. Thus you note *two tons* of dead weight is moved to *carry one ton* of paying freight. Let us now see what the narrow-gauge car could do providing a third rail were laid: Assuming that the same engine is used and the *same power exerted* in pulling the rolling stock, we would have 100 narrow-gauge cars, weighing 200 tons, carrying *four hundred tons of grain.* The train would be about 1,000 feet long, *or two and a half feet to the ton of paying freight*, and would weigh, loaded, 600 tons independent of engine, 200 tons of which will be dead weight and *four hundred tons paying weight*. If all the grain had to be moved *at once*, it would require 1,500 cars and *fifteen engines only*. The length of train would be *fifteen thousand feet, or three thousand feet shorter than* the wide gauge. Assuming the cars to move in the same manner as the wide gauge, namely, one way empty and back loaded, we have 3,000 tons of non paying weight in empty cars passing over the road for a distance of 200 miles one way and then back again loaded, or 9,000 tons moved the other way. This shows a movement on the narrow gauge of 12,000 tons for 200 miles, 6,000 of which is paying weight and 6,000 dead weight. Thus one ton of dead weight is moved to accommodate one ton that pays. Therefore, the same work is done on a three-feet gauge with a shorter train and with five less engines than on the wide, besides 6,000 tons less freight to move for a distance of 200 miles. Again, if one engine and one set of cars had to do all the work, the narrow-gauge system would move the grain in just 25 per cent. less time than it could be done by the wide gauge system, for the reason that the 6,000 tons could be moved on the narrow gauge with *fifteen trains, while on the wide gauge it would take twenty.* Such figures are instructive, and narrow-gauge advocates are gratified in believing that in time our main lines will be on a reduced gauge.

The foregoing, you will note, provides for using the wide-gauge engines. Let me now note the power used on narrow-gauge rails. The form of construction and capacity of narrow-gauge passenger and freight cars in connection with their strength and comparative light weight, solves only a part of the question now being worked out regarding the economy and efficiency of the new system. The power to be used in moving traffic

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG"

FOR

The Special and Authorised Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MARCH 8, 1873. No. 6.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

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☞ Exchange on N. York, 6-10 per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 18¾ per cent. On London. Bankers 49@49¼; Commercial 49¼@49⅜; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1⅜.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, March 7, at 2 P. M., 115⅝. Latest price of Sterling, 108 dull.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco, March 7, 1873

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s, '65-7-8	10[illegible]	102½	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	120	123
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	100¾	10[illegible]	Oakland 10s	1[illegible]	—
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	1[illegible]	101½	Spring Valley Water Co	84¾	85
Legal Tender Notes	87⅜	88	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '5[illegible]	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	98	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	60	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	95	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	94	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	98	Union Insurance Co	87	88
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	91	—	Pacific Bank	90	92½
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	121	123
San Francisco Gas Company	87½	88	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	110

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

Metals.	Prices	Teas.	Prices
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$37 50 @ $37 60	Japans	— 50 @ 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 4 @ — 6	Oolong	— 50 @ — 65
Metal Sheathing, ℔	— 28 @ — 30	**Sugars.**	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No. 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Tin Plates I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 9½
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 7½ @ — 9
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 10½ @ — 11
Banca Tin, ℔	— 40 @ — 42½	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Quicksilver	— — @ — 92½	Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
Coal.		**Candles.**	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	14 00 @ 15 00	Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 41
Australian	11 00 @ 12 00	Adamantine	— 15 @ — 18
Cumberland	15 00 @ 20 00	**Spirituous Liquors.**	
Anthracite	14 00 @ 15 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	10 50 @ 10 50	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 00	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
Coffee.		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rio, ℔	— 19 @ — 19½	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	21 @ — 23	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 16 @ — 17	**Bags and Bagging.**	
Costa Rica	— 14 @ — 19	Chicken Gunnies, 200-℔	— 13 @ — 18
Rice.		Gunny bags in bales	— 16 @ — 17
China, No. 1, ℔	— 6¾ @ — 7	Burlap bags	— 15 @ — 15½
China, No. 2	— 5¼ @ — 5½	Hessian, 40-inch, ℔ yard	— — @ — 12
Hawaiian	— 6½ @ — 9	**Domestic Staples.**	
Wines.		Wool, ℔	— 14 @ — 28
Champagne, ℔ doz	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 7½ @ — 8
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 18 @ — 19
Sherry, do. do.	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs	1 50 @ 1 85
Oil.		Barley	1 15 @ 1 25
		Oats	2 00 @ 2 15
Coal and Kerosene	— 28 @ — 50	Flour, ℔ 196 lbs	4 75 @ 5 75

Latest from the Merchants' Exchange.

New York, March 7.—Gold opened at 115½; 11 A.M. at 115⅝; 3 P.M. at 115⅝. U. S. Bonds—Five-twenties of '62, 115⅝, 1867, 116⅛. Sterling Exchange, 108⅝@109. Pacific Mail, 37. Quicksilver Mining Company, 42. Wheat, $2 00@$2 20. Pork, quiet, 16. Cotton, 20½. Hides, quiet, dry, 25@25½; salted, 12½c., quiet. Oil—Sperm, steady, $1 55@$1 57; Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 77, quiet; Whale, weak, 65@68c.; Winter Bleached, 72@75c., quiet. Wool—dull Spring, fine, 35@45c.; Burry, 28@32c.; Pulled, 50@50c. Fall Clips, 20@38c.; Burry, 15@25c.

London, March 7.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s. 9d.@12s. Club, 12s. 4d.@12s. 6d. United States Bonds, 90⅝. Consols, 92⅝@92¾.

The Sales of the San Francisco Stock Board for the past week aggregate $2,367,800. Woodville was the most active stock in the list, about 7,100 shares changing hands at reduced rates, there being more of a disposition to sell than to buy, in view of unsatisfactory prospects. The next most active stock was Consolidated Virginia, of which 6,500 shares changed hands at declining rates. What induces parties to pay from $50 to $60 per share for this stock is not apparent. Hale & Hunt sold 5,800 shares at an average of $4.50. Belcher was active to the extent of 5,400 shares at $85@83, closing at $84. There were 4,700 shares Imperial sold, 3,900 shares Yellow Jacket, and 3,100 shares Raymond & Ely. Transactions in other descriptions were under 3,000 shares, Gould & Curry, Julia and Meadow Valley showing the largest sales under this head.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

The Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast.—As the arrangements for the efficient carrying out this new institution progress, the assurances of approval and support from all quarters are such as to satisfy the Directors of the undoubted great success of the undertaking. In a word, the concentration of information on all points connected with the Occidental Coast of the United States will be so complete and systematized as to insure a multitude of inquiring visitors, and, as a natural sequence, offer a most efficient and attractive method of advertising. Those inspecting the Exchange cannot fail to be satisfied of this. In a very short time it will be thrown open to the public, when its value will be apparent to all. In the meantime the inspection of the business community is invited.

The Rocket and the Stick.—There can be no doubt that the impression conveyed in our issue of last week, as to the failure of A. B. Stockwell, President of the P. M. S. S. Co., is correct. It is said that he has turned over to the P. M. S. S. Co. collateral securities sufficient to cover losses on stock speculations. Whether the collaterals include the stock of the Australian Line (well understood to have been purchased by Mr. Stockwell and friends individually some months since, and now transferred to the P. M. S. S. Co.), we are not informed. We can only regret to see this once great and prosperous company weakened by the addition of three or four more old side-wheel steamers to its fleet. The powder being burned out, the blackened stick came down.

But this is very uninteresting.

The Wheat and Freight Markets are quite firm. It is said that some of the recent charters were as high as £4 10s, while holders of wheat are demanding $1 90 for round lots. Indeed, we are informed that this figure has been refused, and that $1 85 has also been declined for a lot of 500 tons Club. It is evident that prices of wheat have touched bottom for the present, while it is hardly probable that they will be any lower this season. The surplus yet remaining in this State is variously estimated. We think the bulk of what remains will be cleared out during the next sixty days, and the present fleet in port will perceptibly reduce the quantity now on hand.

We Rejoice to Note that our old friend, Robert C. Rogers, is again in the field of active employment. Few men in this community have had better opportunities (and employed such advantage to good purpose) of obtaining a thorough knowledge of real estate and the titles to property in San Francisco and California than Mr. Rogers. His experience as Public Administrator, an office which was tendered him by the people, unasked for, is of itself sufficient to qualify him for his present profession of conveyancer and for the settlement of estates of decedents, whilst his legal acquirements insure precision and valuable advice.

Six Million for the Central Pacific.—The report is now current that the Central Pacific Railroad Company has been able to negotiate over six millions of its bonds. We have no cause to doubt the correctness of the report, and if there ever was any pecuniary difficulty worth mentioning, which we doubt, it will now be removed.

Fast Time.—The bark *Clara Belle*, just arrived from Guatemala with a cargo of Coffee, made the extraordinary round voyage from this port to Iquique (Peru), thence to Guatemala and back to this port in one hundred and eleven (111) sailing days, viz: To Iquique, 50 days; to Guatemala, 30 days; to San Francisco, 31 days. This is considered good time.

Coffee from Central America.—The Clara Bell, just at hand from Champerico to J. C. Merrill & Co., brings 4,230 bags Green Coffee, of the new crop, a very timely arrival, and will undoubtedly command a high price. If not sold promptly, more or less of it will doubtless be shipped to St. Louis.

The California Mail Bag for January and February has just come out. It contains, besides selected pieces from the *News Letter*, composed of its brightest thoughts and hardest hits, a steel engraving of the State Capitol, and a map of the Central Pacific Railroad.

U. S. Consul, the Hon. Alexander Williams, left for his post in Guaymas, Lower Mexico, having spent a very pleasant week in this city. He has represented the United States in Mexico for six years, and has resided there thirteen.

We Note Sales of $100,000 Montgomery Avenue bonds at 63; 100 shares Bank of California at 133@131, a decline; and 5 shares National Gold Bank and Trust Company at 125.

On Account of Want of Space, we are forced to leave out until next week (although in type) several notices of books we have for review.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

A Soul Saved.

A monkey long on Meiggs's wharf had dwelt;
Wicked was he, he never knelt
In prayer but it was his extreme delight
To eat peanuts, to scratch and tear and bite.
A wicked scowl was on that monkey's face,
But soon there came for him a day of grace.
A worthy pastor on conversion bent,
Preached to that monkey, and his soul was rent
With dire remorse for all his former sins,
And scowls were changed to deep religious grins.
No more he scratches, he no longer bites,
Nor prates of Darwin or of monkeys' rights.
At break of day he sings a morning psalm,
Body at ease and mind serene and calm,
And all day long, as to and fro he rocks,
Praises his God and Hallelujah Cox

Direct Steam Communication between Melbourne and Hongkong. At the solicitation of Kong Meng & Co., the Chinese merchants of Melbourne, direct steam communication between that port and China will be established. The *Argus* of a late date contains the following particulars: "The steamer *Parana* was dispatched from Hongkong on the 1st of November, by Messrs. Norton, Lyell & Co., consigned to Kong Meng & Co., Chinese merchants of this city, with a cargo of tea and general merchandise, and is expected to arrive here by the 25th November. The intention to open up direct communication between the two ports has existed for the last twelve months, but it was only by the last mail that Kong Meng & Co. received a letter intimating that the experiment would be tried at once. On the 25th October they received a telegram from Norton Lyell & Co. to the following effect: 'You may expect steamer *Parana* on 25th November. Stay 10 days. Return via Sydney. Engage 500 passengers at best rates procurable; also cargo. Please communicate with Sydney.' Kong Meng replied to this telegram, stating the rates, which were accepted. The *Parana*, which has hitherto been trading with the China ports, is a large vessel of about 1027 tons, and is expected to accomplish the voyage in 25 days. She is bringing Chinese emigrants, probably between 200 and 300 although the number is not definitely known. Should the experiment prove successful, and the steamer be continued on the line, it is anticipated that a large passenger traffic will arise, and a steady influx of Chinese immigration take place. It is intended to fix the rates of passage-money for Chinese immigrants as low as possible—about £5 10s a head, which would be less than by a sailing-vessel. There appears to be every probability of an increased trade springing up between the ports sufficient to make the experiment a success. The expense of sending tea to England by steamer via the Suez Canal is £4 10s a ton, whereas to Australia it would not reach more than £3 or £3 10s a ton, which would pay proportionately better. A return trade in Australian flour and grain would spring up, and Australia might become a formidable rival of America in the Chinese markets. The distance is all in favor of Australia, the difference in the passage from the two places being about ten days."

NOTE.—The Government of Melbourne at one time imposed an import tax of £10 per head on Chinese, but that has recently been repealed, because experience proved the value of Chinese labor.

Anacreon. THE STAR-SPANGLED BANNER AND ODE TO ANACREON IN HEAVEN. (*From Notes and Queries.*)

Frequent inquiries have been made both from the United States and from Canada as to the authorship of "To Anacreon in Heaven." The writer says the air has acquired a widely extended interest from its having been adopted for the national song of the Star-spangled Banner. In the second half of the last century a very jovial society, called "The Anacreontic," held its festive and musical meetings at the Crown and Anchor Tavern, in the Strand (it is now the Whittington Club), but in the last century it was frequented by such men as Dr. Johnson, Boswell, Sir Joshua Reynolds and Dr. Percy to sup there. The words of the song were composed by Ralph Tomlinson, Esq.; the music is attributed to John Stafford Smith, Gent., of His Majesty's Chapels Royal. The date of the song would be between 1770 and 1775. I will give you the first stanza of the song:

To Anacreon in Heaven, where he sat in full glee,
A few sons of Harmony sent a petition,
That he their inspirer and patron would be,
When this answer arrived from the jolly old Grecian:
Voice, fiddle and flute,
No longer be mute!
I'll lend you my name, and inspire you, to boot;
And besides, I'll instruct you, like me, to entwine
The myrtle of Venus with Bacchus's Vine.

This sets Jove and the Gods in an uproar, and the jovial fellows have a good time generally. In the age of Anacreon, music and poetry ever inseparable, these kindred talents were for a long time associated, and the poet always sang his own compositions to the lyre, which were varied according to the fancy and feelings of the moment.

"Perry—His Cider."—The following amusing bit of gossip is communicated to the Otago *Daily Times* by its Melbourne correspondent: "We have got a Society for the Promotion of Morality, composed of a lot of estimable but somewhat jessy and feeble-minded gentlemen, who assemble at meetings and talk goody-goody, and in this way promote morality in the most satisfactory manner, but unfortunately with very little apparent result to their labors. They held a meeting the other day, their right reverend President, Bishop Perry, in the chair. In the course of the proceedings the Bishop mentioned, as illustrative of the way in which the Society was getting to be looked upon by the public as the guardian of the morals of the community, that he had received a letter of very gratifying tenor. The writer had drawn the attention of the society to some highly immoral practices in regard to which the Society could interpose with the most beneficial effect. The offenders were not human beings, they were the monkeys (the Bishop, in loftier language, called them "animals," but everybody knew what was meant) in the menagerie at the Royal Park. These misguided creatures were in the habit of publicly behaving in a manner that could only be regarded as most distressing to every friend of morality and propriety. The Bishop seemed to consider the Society should take the matter in hand, though he did not enter into particulars of the course of action to be followed. It did not appear whether he proposed to rely on moral suasion, whether compulsory education was to be brought to bear, whether sermons were to be preached to the monkeys, and improving tracts circulated among them, or whether the Society were to insist on their wearing aprons like—well, like bishops. The bishop is evidently a believer in Darwin. He believes that to regenerate mankind, you must begin at the beginning and reform the progenitors. By inculcating a high standard of morality in the monkeys, we shall produce an excellently moral race of men in the remote future. Really it is too easy to ridicule the matter; the only difficult thing is to believe it, and yet it appears to be an unquestionable fact. It is only another instance of the gross want of common sense amongst these goodly people, and also of the salutary effect of that sense of the ridiculous which even more than common sense saves us ordinary men of the world from such imbecile follies as these."

A Correspondent of the London "Examiner" points out an error in Byron's "Giaour" as follows: "One naturally carries Byron to Greece, and, sitting one morning five years ago on the ruins of the supposed tomb of Themistocles, I marked the opening lines of the 'Giaour':

'No breath of air to break the wave
That rolls below the Athenian's grave,
That tomb which, *gleaming o'er the cliff*,
First greets the homeward-veering skiff,
High o'er the land he saved in vain,
When shall such hero live again!

'The tomb' is on the *level margin* of the shore. Mr. Murray in his 'Guide' notices its position, but not Byron's error."

SAN JOAQUIN AND KING'S RIVER CANAL AND IRRIGATION CO.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the San Joaquin and King's River Canal and Irrigation Company, held the 21st day of January, 1873, it was unanimously resolved, that in order to secure a co-operation of the citizens of California in an enterprise of great public benefit to the Agricultural and Commercial interests of the State, the President is hereby instructed to open the books for the subscription of 15,000 shares of the 100,000 shares of $100 each, capital stock of this Company, at the present cash cost of the work now done. No subscription to be received for more than 500 shares. Notice is hereby given, in conformity with the above, that Books of subscription for the 15,000 shares are now open at the office of the Company, No. 24 California street, Room 7, during business hours, for thirty days. Capital Stock, $10,000,000, divided into 100,000 shares of $100 each. About forty miles of canal are completed and supply water for irrigating lands bordering on the canal. Surveys are made from Tulare Lake to near Antioch, say 200 miles, and work progressing. The Company has no debts. For further particulars and terms of subscription, apply at the office of the Company.
Jan 25. J. MORA MOSS, President.

E. C. NEWHOFF. C. D. DUNN. M. D. CARR.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

Mercantile Printing House, S. E. corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets. CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF, Practical Book and Job Printers, desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now prepared to do every description of printing in the very best style of the art. Our presses and types are all new, and of the very latest styles. Give us a call. The third floor of the building in which our office is located will be rented for composition rooms, to good tenants, on very reasonable terms. Apply to [May 11.] CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. R. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 225 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 24.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC LOHMAN. JOHN W. TAYLOR.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.
Nov 30. 508 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

REDUCTION IN GAS.

Office of the San Francisco Gas Company, March 15, 1872.—Notice is hereby given that on and after this date, the price of Gas will be reduced from Four Dollars and Seventy five Cents ($4.75) to Three Dollars and Fifty Cents ($3.50), per Thousand Cubic Feet. [March 22.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

B. NATHAN.] ESTABLISHED IN 1850. [F. DOHRMANN.

B. NATHAN & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in French China Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware. Glass Shades all sizes. Successors to R. A. Swain & Co.'s Retail Business. Show Rooms, 535 to 543 Kearny st. 540 KEARNY ST., cor Sacramento,
Feb 8. San Francisco.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, at Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 11.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 427 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

GEO. H. EGGERS.] **EGGERS & CO.,** [CHR. H. VOIGT.

Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions. Agents of the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

LINDENBERGER & BURKE,

Commission Merchants, Nos. 28 and 30 Sansome St., San Francisco, and Agents of the Willamette Woolen Mills, Salem, Oregon. Oct. 5.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,
March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 11.

D. P. VERDENAL.] **POULTERER & VERDENAL,** [T. J. POULTERER.

Stock Brokers, San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board, 400 California street. May 11.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

RICHARD HEYES & CO.,

Cigars, Wine and Liquor Merchants, 230 Kearny, and 405, 407 and 409 Bush streets, San Francisco. Address P. O. Box 329. Jan. 25.

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 512 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco. J. A. MAIGS, Assayer. Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters, etc. Aug. 24.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co., Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House. Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alliance.
Odessa—Rafalovich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co., Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co., Martin, Dyce & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Hobert Town & Co., Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co., S. H. Stamulz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa, Cross & Co., Alsop & Co., Wm. Gibbs & Co., Huth, Gruning & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia, Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathieson & Co., F. Bevill, W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

Eureka.

BY J. G. HOLLAND.

Whom I crown with love is royal;
Matters not her blood or birth;
She is queen, and I am loyal
To the noblest of the earth.

Neither place, nor wealth, nor title,
Lacks the man my friendship owns;
His distinction, true and vital,
Shines supreme o'er crowns and thrones.

Where true love bestows its sweetness,
Where true friendship lays its hand,
Dwells all greatness, all completeness,
All the wealth of every land.

Man is greater than condition,
And what man himself bestows,
He begets and gives position
To the gentlest that he knows.

Neither miracle or fable
Is the water changed to wine;
Lords and ladies at my table
Prove Love a simple at fare divine.

And if these accept my duty,
If the loved my homage own,
I have won all worth and beauty;
I have found the magic stone.

One More Unfortunate.—DEAR NEWS LETTER.—We have missed from her accustomed seat in our Sanctuary, for the last few days, a young person in whom we had taken a lively interest, in consequence of her correct deportment and melancholy demeanor. She wore that peculiar look of unhealthy resignation, and hidden despair, which spread like a blighting mildew over her lovely, but pallid countenance; the somber shadow spoke in silent, but eloquent anguish, of a heart mourning for its murdered innocence. When she first sat under our ministrations, at the Oaks, we thought her sorrow was caused by a mournful, but fruitless search, after her hidden Jesus. I prayed for her, 'twas no use. It was not Jesus that she wanted. I then surrounded her with all the modern appliances used by the Church to warm family secrets from the innermost recesses of the female heart, my efforts were fruitless. I then sent the faithful Five after her, the Blond Sister tried the sympathetic line; as d she fell for her, she had been in the same fix herself. The poor dove would look at her, but never a word. The Azure-eyed girl tried her hand. She brought the sufferer a new bonnet, tried it on the victim, and said she looked sweet, so much like her own dear sister, who had once been deluded away by a brute of a man. 'Twas no go. She remained as mum as an oyster. The Pet Lamb went for her and tried to carry the works by storm. She told her that she had had a dream, and that her dreams were always true. She said: "I dreamed that your name was Mary McGannon, that you descended in a direct line from the County of Mulkirk, a noble Celt who wore the green, and you had *fallen* in love with the proud scion of another family, by the name of Charles O'Damitt, who gloried in a yellow moustache, and wore an orange-colored ribbon in his button hole, and he reciprocated the warmth and ardor of your heart gushings, that oft in the twilight's holy hush she had seen those two fond beings locked in each other's arms, while fancy wafted them back to the Emerald Isle, where, spread out before their mind's eye, arose the enchanting vision of the lovely vale of Ballyshoughgalter, and towering in lofty grandeur, was seen the time-honored battlements of each other's castleated mansions, throwing somber shadows from the banks of the beautiful Shannon." The sad sister seemed a little startled at the Pet Lamb's dream, but remained shut up as tight as a jack-knife. Deacon Scott tried the power of music, and sang that touching hymn,

"Come, Cast your Cares on Jesus."

It wouldn't do; he was not up to her standard of Jesus. The Judge handed her a pint of eye-opener, hoping to unlock her secret. She threw herself outside of it with perfect ease, but remained as stolid as ever. We gave it up, gave her our blessing, and she departed, leaving five sorrowing hearts behind her. We had supposed she had been transfigured, or that the Lord had taken her home, as he had taken Elijah, until yesterday, when I received the following note from the Most Rev. Father O'Tool, which read as follows:

FATHER O'TOOL'S LETTER.

Dear Parson:—I was called yesterday to the City Prison to administer extreme unction, and receive the dying confession of Sister Mary McGannon. She was anxious to have the story of her wrongs laid before the public in a truthful manner. Knowing, as I am a priest, I dare not betray the secrets of the confessional to the world over my own name. Also, knowing that the secular press could be swayed to her disadvantage by the power of the gold of her destroyer, and having listened to some cheering words from your lips, she requested me to forward to you her dying statement in regard to her attempt to assassinate Mr. O'Damitt, knowing that you are favored by the use of a column of the only unbiased religious journal in the country—the *News Letter*—and that through that medium she would receive justice from the public, for the rash act which caused her social death, and her conventional damnation. Be so kind, my dear Parson, as to forward this to the *News Letter*, and not mention my name. I remain yours, in faith to command,

MOST REV. FATHER O'TOOL, No. 209 Pine street, Oakland.

DYING CONFESSION OF MARY M'GANNON.

O, Holy Father, raise that sacred sign
Once more, before the fading light shall fall,
Swear me by Mary, and the cross divine,
That as I hope for heaven, true is my tale.
Raise me up higher, now at ease
Resting upon thy holy knees,
Thy tender heart shall hear my song
Of love, of treachery, and wrong:
Swift backward rolls the tide of time,
And from the vale of vanished years,
Sweet visions of my girlhood's prime,
Of trusting innocence appears.
My prison walls dissolve in air,
And some fond witchery wafts me where
Oft, hand in hand, and side by side,
By Shannon's silver-tinted tide,
In trusting innocence and truth
I rambled with a noble youth.
We loved, and by that murmuring stream
We told our love, and many a dream
Of joys to come, and pleasant ways
We fashioned for our wedded days.
Alas! no sunbeam ever played
Without its corresponding shade;
While ghostly hands write on the wall,
And turn our honey-cup to gall.
A deadly feud between our sires
Dashed to the earth our fond desires:
The lofty Lord of Castle Gannon
Forbade his child to cross the Shannon,
Said she was reared to wealth and honor,
And should be wed with Tim. O'Connor.
My lover's sire, a baron proud,
Said his fair son should be endowed
With Castle Connaught, and the land
That came with Moll Maroonry's hand.
In Erin's Isle we might not wed,
Then to America we fled,
And when we reached this golden shore,
I deemed my sorrows all were o'er,
And asked him for the pledge he gave
My young heart by the Shannon's wave.
He soothed me with his winning smile,
And begged his love would wait a while
Till he had won both wealth and fame,
With which to give his bride a name.
What boots it now my wrongs to tell!
Some fatal witchery cast a spell
Around him in an evil hour,
And lured him to the enchantress' bower.
Ah! then to me his heart grew cold,
The syren bought him with her gold;
My shattered heart aside he flings
Like ruined harp, with broken strings;
He'll touch no more love's tuneful gamut,
I've lost my darling Charles O'Damitt,
And never shall know joy again,
While he is tossed upon the *Main*.
Father, from me the bullet sped
That should have laid the traitor dead.
My effort was not all in vain,
My shot sank deep within the *Main*,
And though the polished surface show
No sign of tumult hid below,
I know, with all their pomp and pride,
A skeleton walks by their side.
THE OAKS, March, 1873. THE PARSON

Is the Czar of Russia Ready for a War?—The belief has somehow gained ground in this country that the Czar of Russia is less of an autocrat than was his father Nicholas, or the Alexander before him. The fancy is erroneous. As much to-day as ever, the will of the Russian Emperor is law to his nation, as much now as in the time of the great Peter, he regulates peace or evokes war, without the limitation or advice of any one. But though his powers are now so inferior to those of his ancestors, it is his good sense that has made his policy less conservative. His serf emancipation, his vast railway system, and his army improvements were simply points of preparation. He is far from ready, however; it will take ten years to complete the network of railways and perfect the new military system, and until this is accomplished, Russia is earnestly opposed to a European war.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,000,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James M. Hill, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on-the-Main. March 29.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates, also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.
Oct 26. A. McKINLAY, (Agents.) A. S. FINNIE.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Babcock. Secretary, T. F. Bacon. Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office, No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT,
GEO. ROBINS, Secretary. [April 16.] President.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Hanoli, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec 24.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; B. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

OFFICE OF THE SANTA CRUZ ISLAND COMPANY,

San Francisco, February 6, 1873.—In accordance with a resolution adopted at a meeting of the Trustees of the SANTA CRUZ ISLAND COMPANY, duly held on February 5th, 1873, a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of said Company is hereby called to be held at the Office of the Company, Room No. 10, Belden's Block, No. 137 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, on MONDAY, the 10th day of March, 1873, at the hour of one o'clock P. M. of said day, to take into consideration and decide on a proposition to increase the capital stock of said Company from $3,000,000, divided into 6,000 shares of $500 each, the present capital stock, to $500,000, divided into 100 shares of $5,000. JUSTINIEN CAIRE, GUSTAVE MAHE,
March 1. T. LEMMEN MEYER, Trustees.

CHARLES HARE,

34 and 36 Stewart street.—Tanner's Oil, Cocoa-nut Oil, Polar Oil, Pig Iron, Cumberland and Lehigh Coal, Braziers' Copper, Yellow Metal, Nails, Anchors and Chains, all sizes. Hemp and Manila Rope, Galvanized Ware, Rope in bond or duty paid. Pitch, Tar, Oakum, White Lead, Eastern Oak Ship Timber, Spanish Cedar, Teak, Lignumvitae, Rosewood Oil Casks, Water Tanks, Cannon, brass and iron, all sizes. Japan Tea and fine Java Coffee of my own importation. Old Iron, Copper, and Metals bought at the highest market rates. March 1.

JOHN SAULNIER, Bordeaux.] [P. LACLAVERIE, San Francisco.

JOHN SAULNIER & CO.,

Importers of French Brandies, Wines, Groceries, Drugs, etc., etc., No. 105 Battery street, San Francisco. March 1.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. S. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

WANTED,

By an Englishman, with six years reference from railroad company in the East, a situation as Porter, Collector, or willing to make himself useful in any Office, Store, Warehouse, or other department. Address,
March 1. H. B. A., NEWS LETTER OFFICE.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

SCUDDER & FULLER,

Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Commissioner of Deeds for all the States and Territories, No. 611 Montgomery street. Feb. 15.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

ARMES & DALLAM,

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Bags, etc., 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

WEBER PIANOS,

At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. These Pianos have a world-wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb. 1.]

E. F. CHILD,

Stock Broker, 503 California street, San Francisco, California. March 2.

Off the Coast.

"The sea is quiet, my oarsman,
So let us idly float
In the hush of this glorious silence,
From turmoil and life remote;
The past, like the shore behind us,
Marking how little we've gained;
The future, the blue beyond us,
Boundless and unattained.

"But, love, remember I'm mortal,
Satisfied quite to know
That deep in your heart, my opal,
Is prisoned love's fadeless glow.
So I shall watch this sunlight
Tangle itself in your curls,
And light up the gems on your finger
The pallid shimmer of pearls.

"Stay; in my brain a poem
Hums, with a rythmic flow
Quaint as its words, and tender
As love was ages ago.
Bend your head and listen
Clear to its happy close,
As you might watch a rosebud
Bursting into a rose.

"The sunbeams shake in sparkles
From a hand that is fair to see.
No lay of ancient minstrel
Shall interpret love for me;
For labor is her handmaid,
And vain is the tropic thought
Of your poet you search for blessings
That loving service has wrought.

"Well, since you choose mistake me,
Silent my heart shall sing;
Though every pulse is thrilling
Like a bird at breath of Spring;
For the love my lay interprets
Lingers in your eyes,
And all my life shall teach you
Its song of sacrifice."

—*Nellie M. Arnold, in the Galaxy Magazine.*

"The Galaxy" Club-Room—Professional Metaphors.—Lord Bacon says, "Every man is a debtor to his profession," and most men show their obligation to their peculiar calling by clothing their thoughts in technical language.

There's nothing like leather, says the shoemaker, and in every station of society we find the same appreciation of one's specialty. Every person who writes a book thinks his subject the most engrossing.

"Have you read my 'Commentary on the Book of Job?'" said Dr. Orton to a friend. "I have looked into it a little."

"Is that the way you treat a book that has cost me years of severe labor?"

"Because you have deemed it your duty to spend years in writing a book, I do not consider it mine to spend an equal time in reading it."

This frank and fearless reply is quite excusable, as the worthy Doctor's exegesis filled five folio volumes.

Every reformer thinks his field of labor or his theme a matter of vital importance to the community; in fact, this feeling is universal, from diplomatist to dressmaker. Johnson met a fellow in an ale-house who always called himself "the great Twalmly, inventor of the flood-gate iron for smoothing linen." This intense interest often merges in the idea of possession. "L'état, c'est moi," said Louis XIV., snapping his whip upon his boot. With spiritual rulers it is the same. Many a good pastor regards his flock as much his property as does the farmer his sheep grazing on the hillside. Authority over a number is apt to give undue prominence to that little word *meum*. Patriotism is often this and nothing more. The late Lord Lytton exemplifies this when he tells us that the Englishman exults that so great a country belongs to himself.

"It is *my* wife whom you shall not insult; it is *my* house that you shall not enter; and by a species of ultra-mundane appropriation, it is *my* God whom you shall not blaspheme."

Earnest devotion to one occupation colors language to such a degree that we can say of many a one, as of Peter of old, "Thy speech bewrayeth thee." The human mind is so constituted that it excels in only one thing. Universal geniuses like Aristotle, Humboldt and Goethe are the rare exceptions. Hence the tendency to run in grooves or narrow ruts, and the subject nearest the heart naturally mounts to the lips. In social gatherings of professional men the conversation inevitably smacks of the shop. Ministers chuckle over the sharp sallies of their clerical brethren, lawyers retail the repartees of the bar, and doctors, who are proverbially an anecdotical class of men, draw their side-splitting stories from curious scenes of sick-room or dissecting table. Old graduates when they meet talk with renewed youth of college scrapes and escapades; teachers, from the monotony of their lives, often get so deep into their rut that they can't look over it into the big, busy world, and are in danger of becoming pedantic prosers.

Shakspeare, Scott, Shenstone, Goldsmith, Dickens and Irving have all caricatured this peculiarity of the pedagogue; and Holofernes, Dominie Sampson and Ichabod Crane are doubtless but highly colored photographs of really existing characters.

The professional robber even, when talking with his pal, uses a series of slang phrases that constitute a dialect; and by a strange association of ideas I am reminded of the jargon of the Gold Room and the patois of the Wall street broker—an unintelligible Babel to those outside the ring. This is true of every class in life to a greater or less degree, and a collection of these similes may be amusing. During the late rebellion many people were raised from humble positions to places of important trust. A stage driver of fine personal appearance became a paymaster. He was extremely reticent, and the officers of the regiment were puzzled to find out his social position. He was at last invited to mess with them, and the surgeon, happening to know a distinguished gentleman of the town from whence he came, attempted to draw out their new acquaintance by discoursing on this individual. After listening to the high commendation of his townsman, his only but very significant remark was: "Yes, sir, *he's a smooth-rolling coach*." No more need of mental corkscrews; the secret was out.

An innkeeper once, speaking of a neighbor whom he seemed not to esteem very highly, remarked, "He won't bear much of a bead anyhow." The bead that rose to the surface of the liquor in the decanters used to be considered a test of its strength. I have heard elderly people say that workmen were accustomed to test their rations of rum by shaking the bottle to see if it would bear a bead. When watered, this was wanting. And a man who had been for years in California during the mining excitement, thus described a shiftless, ne'er-do-weel companion: "I've panned him out over and over again, but can't find any *color*."

A banker signed his letters to his friends "Yours at sight," and a a lawyer advised a young man to close his billet-doux to Araminta with the words "Yours without prejudice," thereby avoiding the annoyance of a breach of promise suit. It is reported of Lord John Russell that in the multiplicity of his parliamentary duties he would forget the names of his children, and refer to them under the heads of Schedule A and Schedule B, etc. I knew an apothecary who put a leaf in his hat at a large party just as "a symptom" by which he might recover it.

The sailor must not be omitted, for his use of nautical metaphors is proverbial; indeed, he would find it hard to talk in any other way. I remember one verse of a poem called "The Sailor Ashore." He sees a man covering a roof with tin, and the mirth of the jolly tar is roused:

"Shipmate ahoy!" the sailor cried;
"It makes a fellow grin
To see you copper-bottoming
Your upper decks with tin."

"Can't we ride, too?" said some roguish fellows to a sailor who in his delight at getting on land again had hired a handsome carriage for a drive solus. "As many as wants to can crowd into the hold, but I rides on deck," was the good-natured reply.

Terrible jokes have been made about mothers-in-law, but who ever heard anything worse than the project of the veterinary surgeon to *founder* his by dancing with her until she was thoroughly heated, and then giving her all the iced lemonade she could drink!

But I have saved the most remarkable metaphor for a climax. In some newly settled western territory, from which the boy wrote to his father to come right out and join him, "because almighty mean men get office here," a jockey was promoted to a judgeship, and on the occasion of his taking his seat made the following address to the jury: "If this court know her duty, and she thinks she do, justice will walk over this track head and tail up!"

Dickens, who was always true to nature, often used professional metaphors with great effect. What can come in better just here than old Weller's announcement to Sam of the sudden demise of his mother-in-law:

"Her veels wos immediately greased and everythink done to set her agoin as could be invented. Your farther had hopes as she vould have vorked round as usual, but just as she wos a turnin' the corner, my boy, she took the wrong road and vent down hill vith a welocity you never see, and notvithstandin' that the drag wos put on directly by the medikel man, it worn't of no use at all, for she paid the last pike at twenty minutes afore six yesterday evenin, havin done the journey wery much under the reg'lar time."

The enthusiasm for one's particular pursuit, which leads to this technical use of words, is commented upon by Sir Philip Sidney in his "Defence of Poesie." When learning horsemanship at the Emperor's court, his teacher, an esquire of the stable, "exercised his speech in praise of his faculty. He said soldiers were the noblest of mankind, and horsemen were the noblest soldiers. He said they were the masters of war and the ornaments of peace; speedy goers and strong abiders; triumphers both in camp and courts; nay, to so unbelieved a point he proceeded, as that no earthly thing bred so much wonder to a prince as to be a good horseman; skill in government was but *pedanteria* in comparison. Then would he add certain praises by telling what a peerless beast the horse was; the only serviceable courtier without flattery; the beast of most beauty, faithfulness and courage; and such more, that if I had not been a piece of a logician before I came to him, I think he would have persuaded me to have wished myself a horse. But thus much, with his no few words, he drove into me: that self-love is better than any gilding to make that seem gorgeous wherein ourselves are parties."

It is a terrible come-down, but speaking of horses, you should hear the inimitable vender of the cough lozenge on the Jersey ferry-boat pouring forth unqualified praise of that nauseous mixture of ipecac, cubebs and licorice, moistened with molasses, with an enthusiasm fully equal to Sidney's squire. "Here's your regular Hit a Hoss, the only sure remedy for coughs, colds, bronchitis, hoarseness, soreness of the throat and lungs. *Samples free.* Public speakers can't get along without 'em; the favorite singers of the day always keep one in their mouth; invaluable to ministers. *Samples free.* Ladies and gentlemen are very likely to take severe colds at this season of the year, which if neglected will run into consumption. The weather is very changeable. You may be sowing the seeds of a lasting disease by not taking a box. Babies cry for 'em. Contains nothing injurious to the youngest infant. Fifteen cents a box, two boxes for twenty-five cents," and so on, till you are led to conclude that if you should take the whole lot you would get it, like the sample, entirely free.

But I am straying from the subject of metaphors. Some persons have shown their professional habits *in articulo mortis*, in a way that is very touching.

Baron Tenterden, Chief Justice of the King's Bench, who died in 1832, seemed at the moment of dying to be writing with his finger on his pillow. His last words were: "Gentlemen of the jury, you may retire." The celebrated Alexander Adam, so long a teacher in Edinburgh, died in his school. His last words were: "It grows dark, boys; it is time to dismiss the school."

Here is what an anatomist wrote to his Dulcinea:

I list as thy heart and ascending aorta
Their volumes of valvular harmony pour;
And my soul from that muscular music has caught a
New life 'mid its anatomical lore.

O, rare is the sound when thy ventricles throb
In a systolic symphony measured and slow,
While the auricles answer with rhythmical sob,
As they murmur a melody wondrously low!

O, thy cornea, love, has the radiant light
Of the sparkle that laughs in the icicle's sheen;
And thy crystalline lens, like a diamond bright,
Through the quivering frame of thine iris is seen!

And thy retina, spreading its lustre of pearl,
Like the far-away nebula, distantly gleams
From a vault of black cellular mirrors that hurl
From their hexagon angles the silvery beams.

Ah, the flash of those orbs is enslaving me still,
As they roll 'neath the palpebræ, dimly translucent,
Obeying in silence the magical will
Of the ocular motor—pathetic—abducent.

O, sweet is thy voice, as it sighingly swells
From the daintily quivering chordæ vocales,
Or rings in clear tones through the echoing cells
Of the antrum, the ethmoid, and sinus frontalis!

I have reserved the best for the close.

THE CHEMIST TO HIS LOVE.

I love thee, Mary, and thou lovest me.
Our mutual flame is like th' affinity
That doth exist between two simple bodies:
I am potassium to thine oxygen.
I would that I, my Mary, were an acid,
A living acid—thou an alkali
Endowed with human sense—that, brought together,
We both might coalesce into one salt,
One homogeneous crystal. O that thou
Wert carbon, and myself were hydrogen;
We would unite to form olefiant gas,
Or common coal, or naphtha. Would to heaven
That I were phosphorus, and thou wert lime;
And we of lime composed a phosphuret,
I'd be content to be sulphuric acid,
So that thou might be soda; in that case
We should be Glauber's salt. Wert thou magnesia
Instead, we'd form that's named from Epsom.
Couldst thou potassa be, I aqua fortis,
Our happy union should that compound form,
Nitrate of potash—otherwise saltpetre.
And thus our several natures sweetly blent,
We'd live and love together until death
Should decompose the fleshly tertium quid,
Leaving our souls to all eternity
Amalgamated. Sweet, thy name is Briggs,
And mine is Johnson: wherefore should not we
Agree to form a Johnsonate of Briggs?
We will. The day, the happy day is nigh,
When Johnson shall with beauteous Briggs combine.

Kate A Sanborn.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally.

I take this opportunity of stating to the public that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 121 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has now expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured out as at his Factory, 15 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself—the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders. Thomas Donnolly's former Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure Unadulterated Saleratus, and his Unadulterated, Unequaled Bicarbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business, now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented, superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.

THOMAS DONNOLLY.

San Francisco, January 25, 1873. Feb. 1.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

THE NEWS LETTER IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING AT ODESSA AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—J. D Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. J. Hopkins
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanasclath & Fils, Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Boersen
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq. James H Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Goon & Co, Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co, Delizy, Davies & Co; F'k Anstie M D, "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Goth Hall.
Lisbon—Unias Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co, McCulloch, Sellars & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leichman & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

The Bishop of Manchester, in a recent address to the London police force, made the following excellent suggestion: "He understood there was a temptation placed in the way of policemen to acquire a reputation for sagacity by leading on offenders into a trap, as he might say. He did not mean to say that any of his hearers had yielded to the temptation to do any thing of the kind. But he asked policemen to try to prevent, instead of merely detecting, crime. They must see many young lads and lasses of fourteen, fifteen, or sixteen years of age, who were going to the bad; and was it not worth while for policemen to say a word, or do something in a friendly manner, to hinder these lads and lasses from following their evil course? If a policeman managed to rescue a boy or a girl from crime—and he, the bishop, was sure the police sometimes had chances of doing so—he would have done something that ought to give him satisfaction for the whole of his life, and something much more blessed than the apprehension of a confirmed criminal."

Femorus, the celebrated French Barnum, is dead. Although he has not appeared before the public for ten years, his exhibitions of monstrosities will still be remembered by many. Had he confined himself to the exhibition of five-legged cows, double-tailed snakes, two-headed calves, and the like, he would have been permitted to pursue his avocation unheeded, but an attempt to graft a pair of swan's wings upon the back of a child caused him to be imprisoned for five years; fortunately the child was not very much injured in the operation, and he is now a corporal in the fourteenth regiment of the line. The last idea of Femorus was to make a monstrosity of himself by sewing on his head a cock's comb, the result of which was an abscess that carried him off in a fortnight.

The Enhanced Value which may be given to the crudest materials by the aid of ingenious mechanical manipulation, was recently strikingly illustrated at a meeting of the Literary and Philosophical Society of Sheffield, England. Messrs Cocker & Brothers, of that city, exhibited a number of very minute watch-springs, with specimens of the steel wire from which the springs are manufactured. From a pound weight of this wire there can be produced about five thousand gross of springs, the price of which averages fifty shillings a gross, thus amounting to twelve thousand five hundred pounds sterling in value. These springs are only the one thousandth part of an inch in diameter, and one pound weight of them would extend about nine miles.

A French Chemist has made some experiments with the poison *akazga*—received from West Africa in bundles of long, slender, crooked stems, and used there as an ordeal—and finds it to resemble nux vomica in its physiological effects. He has separated from it a new crystalline alkaloid, closely resembling strychnia, but differing from it in being precipitated by alkaline bicarbonates. A suspected wizard is made to drink an infusion of the bark, and then to walk over small sticks of the plant; if guilty, he stumbles, and tries to step over the sticks as if they were logs, finally falling in convulsions, when he is beaten to death by clubs; if innocent, the kidneys act freely, and the poison is supposed to be thus eliminated.

The London "Graphic" finds amusement and a lesson in local names in the following announcement, which it copies from a Chicago paper: "'The ladies of Ravenswood will give an oyster-supper and sociable next Tuesday evening at the Congregational Church. The proceeds are to be appropriated to the completion of the church building.' Fancy an oyster-supper in a church, combined, too, with a 'sociable,' an institution with which we are not acquainted, but which suggests the idea of a 'free-and-easy.' The nature of the entertainment is doubtless decorous and in good taste, and the cause is unquestionable."

Under the Head, "An Historical Parallel to Monte Christo," an extraordinary story has appeared in the *Times* of how six Communist prisoners escaped from the fortress of Port Louis, on the coast of Brittany. The statement is that the prisoners, by incessant labor for three months, contrived to sink a shaft thirteen feet in depth, and then excavated a tunnel, by which they escaped on to the rocks at low water, having ascertained the times of the tides. Three hundred prisoners were in the fortress, and all were aware of what was going on, but the writer says the secret was never betrayed

In Proof, it is alleged, that the Germans gave orders for the burning of St. Cloud, a shutter has been found belonging to a house near the church, on which is written the order: "This house to be spared till further orders. January 28, 1871.—Jacobi, Major on the Staff"—implying, naturally enough, that orders had been given for the destruction of the neighboring buildings.

A Paris Journal narrates an anecdote of the editor of a Communist paper having been kicked out of the train from London to Chislehurst, on the morning of the Emperor's funeral, by a party of Frenchmen, who lost their patience at his continued invectives against the deceased. This was done in a quiet way, while the train had nearly come to a stop near a half-way station.

A Contract has lately been signed between the directors of the St. Gothard Railway, Switzerland, and M. L Favre, of Geneva, for the boring of a new railway-tunnel through the Alps, which promises to surpass anything of the kind yet attempted. It is to be over nine miles in length, and to cost two million pounds. It is to be completed in eight years.

A French Farmer has discovered a simple and effective preventive against potato-disease. He introduces a small quantity of crushed tan-bark into each hole on planting the crop, and by this method has, for the last three years, been completely successful in preserving his fields free from the disease.

The Feasibility of constructing smoke-consuming locomotive-engines has been conclusively established in England. As an evidence of this, it is stated that while two hundred trains a day pass the King's-Cross station of the London Underground Railway, no complaint has as yet been made of smoke in the tunnel.

Now that a Union has been effected between the eastern end of the Hoosac tunnel and the central shaft, there remains between the shaft and the western end but a little more than half a mile to be bored through. The total length of the tunnel when completed will be a little more than four and three-quarter miles.

Madame Nilsson's Singing in *Otello* at St. Petersburgh has produced its usual extravagant effect. She was recalled thirty times during the evening, and received several presents, among others a magnificent tea service, valued at four thousand roubles

During the Year 1872, the production of precious metals in the States and Territories west of the Missouri River reached a grand total of $60,451,787.43, an amount in excess of the yield during the preceding year of over $3,000,000.

Mr. Eden, an in-door engineer in the Edinburgh Telegraph Office, is said to have invented a system by which, with the existing instruments, it has been found practicable to send messages from both ends of a single wire simultaneously.

Vienna has paid three hundred pounds for the right of producing Dumas' play *La Femme de Claude*; half that sum was offered by a Milan theater and refused. To prevent piracy the play has not been printed.

"The Fiend's Delight" is the title of a book, now in the press by Dod Grile (Mr Bierce), the writer of the humorous Persian fables in *Fun*, better known as the "Town Crier"

The Jews of Hamburg have issued a manifesto, entreating their friends to abstain from attending Wagner's concert in that city, on account of his hostility to the race.

M. Borelly is the discoverer of the one hundred and seventeenth asteroid, which he detected at Marseilles Observatory on the 12th of September, 1871.

Mdlle. Titiens has completely recovered from her severe cold, and is singing again.

CALIFORNIA STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD.

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Kent, R. T......404 Montgomery street.	Tilden, J...............At Board Room.
Klopenstine, J..422 Montgomery street.	Weller, Chas. L.....521 Jackson street.
Lacour, L ..... 503 Montgomery street.	Williams, W J . . At Board Room.
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Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 30.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States. comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares; Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc.; Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
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Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17.]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
Aug. 10.] WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 217 Sansome street.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes, fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 631 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec 21

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc. Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept 13.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 445 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

OUR LETTER BOX.

Social Gossip.—DEAR NEWS LETTER. In your last issue, that most remarkably preserved old beau, Bob, was fit to be quaintly with sting rather ink from his venomous pen, a class of which I, with a little, here proclaim myself a member. Though there may be others of my fraternity who would shrink from thus publicly avowing themselves members of a brotherhood stigmatized as "snips," yet I am happy in the conviction that I possess sufficient courage to come forward and plead guilty to the atrocious crime of being a young man," even if I have to "bear the palm alone." It is indeed unfortunate for such old *passés* as "Bob" (for it is universally conceded that he is one of the old *regime*), that so many of us do exist, and come between him and his antiquated happiness at parties, and it is therefore not at all a source of wonderment that he should dislike us. Were it not for us his dyes and cosmetics would pass muster with the young ladies, and be accepted as the genuine article. Were it not for us the nice young ladies would acquire to the enjoyment of no greater mundane bliss than "treading a measure," or dancing a minuet with him and his coquettish fellows. How aggravating it must be to feel his grip loosening, on a that he finds he yet youth to participate in and enjoy! Behold him in the ball room! His breath redolent with jokes, and his cheeks bearing red with glycerine or bloom of youth. He sees a young lady in her first season. She, or conscious of the popularity, is anxiously looking for Morris, or Hans, or me, and so gets close to him. Mark how he bobbs up to her, and with what simulated coquetry he entices begin. The poor girl, with that deference which all well brought up young ladies are taught to show to their grandfathers, listens to his crookedness, or pretends to do so. The band strikes up a waltz, and just as he is about to tell her about New York in '30, one of us, to her ineffable delight, as shown on her beaming countenance, rescues her and whirls her away from his side. This is our crime. This is why we should be at home in bed for this are we "snips." Now, why can't he treat us as we treat him and his brotherhood, and keep to his own general one? You don't catch us bothering the dowagers for the dances that are of right, his. Why don't he go where he is appreciated and understood, and where his quaint conversation will strike a responsive chord? Where his honeyed feel and porcelain teeth will pass unobserved? That is what I want to know. What use he at a ball, any way? If not pestering the youngest girl with his own welcome a tent one, he is sure to be standing in everybody's way, or to be crowding the floor the minute a waltz begins, or eyeing the supper room door like a lynx, or swilling a punch, heedless of the consequences to his waist coat, or pocketing the cigars, or doing some other equally horrible thing. Old Bob! a word in thy ear. Give up going to parties. If you are invited, a regret is easily written, and, believe me, gladly received. You are *passé*—very much *passé*. If you would retain the respect due to your years, behave as becomes them. Stay at home nights and nurse your gout, or improve your mind. The elder Cato learned Greek when he was eighty. You will thus escape the constant and humiliating reminder that your day is past, and that the only man who is in place at a ball, is one who is mentally and physically fresh, and withal—

"A Snip."

Dear News Letter.—A slight regard for consistency and the universal fitness of things, should have deterred the fading member of a numerous sisterhood, who shields herself behind the pseudonym of "Bob," from so violently pitching into "Sue pa." Surrounded as she is by them at parties, walked with as she is by them in the street, "laid for" as she is by them at the church doors on Sundays, spooned with as she is by them at the Opera and Theater, watched for, and run after as she is by them on all occasions, there is perhaps no one in San Francisco who should feel more grateful to them, and who has more frequent and better opportunities of becoming intimately acquainted with their ways, habits, manners, and peculiarities than herself. She encourages them, and pets them, and is dependent upon them for her dances, may, is deeply indebted to them for a constant rescue from the impending doom of wallflowerhood. And yet, she feels aggrieved at their presence at a late ball, affects to despise them, and wonders—forsooth—how a "nice young lady" will have anything to do with them. Now, on a ball, young, or only—should she prefer—perhaps a beau, I need hardly say, she ought to be able to throw some light on the subject herself. Her confession of astonishment adds to her inequality to do so, and hence her lack of at least one of the ingredients in which part come she is deficient, she does not hint that she is sure will not be old enough to be ranked by the old fogy and set up in "snipdom," who, poodle like, would lick the hand that smites them. That she is young depends upon which of the aforesaid she is, and that would only give her one chance out of four. That she is a lady is more easy of solution, if the present day acceptation of the word, as synonymous with female is adopted, but is no other case. We however do not agree with the "snips" in thinking her nice. No nice young lady would be so uncharitable to her own sex, or seek to calumniate herself in the behalf of the other. Nor do we think her young. No young lady could possibly have occasion to vent her spleen on society, no young lady could possibly be so scored with her fellow-creatures, or cut to be hoped have a mind sufficiently imagine, to imagine so many hideous scale a calumny. Lastly we do not think her a lady. No lady would so slander the men of her acquaintance, or grant good breeding, as to malign and calumniate the guests of one whose hospitality she was accepting, and take the occasion of the enjoyment the opportunity for the vent, in spite. It bodes ill for society that such a creature should exist in its midst. She will knock its fabric into smithereens, and sound the knell of every social amenity. Were she known for certain, as believer only holds it wrong for man to say he is a *saint* save in the way of kindness on a woman, we should say, treat her as if she were the man whose name she has adopted, and kick her.

NEMESIS.

[The above are the last letters we shall publish in "Social Gossip" this season, and are only published out of a spirit of fairness, and not on account of any merit they possess.]

Philadelphia, Feb. 23, 1873.—DEAR NEWS LETTER. There is a new sensation in this rectangular place, viz. a black opera. Included in the list, Eichberg's *Doctor of Alcantara* was the piece with which we were overcome yesterday at a matinee. The three ladies sang remarkably well, and the chorus (twelve men and twelve women) has never been surpassed by any opera troupe that I have seen in this country. Another sensation was an article in "Lippincott's Magazine," by a well known lady, Mrs. Hill nee M. M—re, in which she gave her views on Etiquette to an ignorant world. Gossip says a number of hot full things about this lady, who aspires to be the leader of fashion, many of which doubtless are as untrue as they are unkind. One little incident, however, I understand, is told as authentic. Mrs. Hill—nee M. M—re met a young lady in the street, to whom she said "O Miss P—, I shall be happy to see you at my ball, next Friday." Miss P— replied, "Mrs. M—, I shall be most happy to come!" Miss P— accordingly went to the ball, and on presenting herself to article Mrs. M—, she was received with, "I didn't expect to see you here." "Why not?" "You wrote no acceptance to my invitation." "You gave me a verbal invitation and I returned a verbal acceptance." To this Mrs. Hill—nee M. M—re made no reply, but turned coolly away. Your Miss P— would have gone home had not her companions, for some reason of other, preferred to stay.

I don't know whether it was on the occasion of the same ball or not, but this lady, the leader of "ton," chose to invite no young men under twenty-one years of age. By an inadvertence, one infant of twenty years and ten months received an invitation. On hearing of her terrible mistake, Mrs. M. wrote to the young gentleman and asked him to pause not to come, he wasn't old enough! The people of Philadelphia don't like this sort of thing, and some of them have spoken pointedly. The *Evening Bulletin*, for instance, has for long a series of papers called "American Social Writers," the second of which, relating the anecdote of the verbal invitation, and alluding to the other, came out last evening. As an instance of how rigid a "party" lines are drawn here I will mention that a recent Mrs. M. offered to "take up" a certain Mrs. B. If Mrs. B. would cut her Arch street acquaintance which was agreed to and carried out. Arch street, being north of Market street to be spoken by no one.

Among the young gentlemen of this town was once a certain Jimmy M. He was introduced to a young lady at a party, and while waltzing (for I dance) he began, he opened his conversation by saying to her "Ah, do poor like hard boiled eggs?" Fact.

I heard today a story of a strange event that happened not long since in Maryland. Mr. S. and his wife lived very happily with a cousin to a visit, and Harry Q., who was very intimate with them, had dear by. One day Q. had been to the post office and stopped, as he was in the habit of doing, to the house to pretty fashion. S. went down the steps and met him, and they talked together for few moments. Suddenly, in view of Mrs. S., who was sitting in a window, one of Dr. M., who was on the piazza, S. raised a small garden rake, that he had in his hand, and struck Q. on the head. In an the moment Q. had drawn a bowie knife, and buried it in S.'s side. S. drew out the weapon instantly, and before anyone was able or dared to interfere, he had pounced, it in Q.'s body, giving him a wound precisely the same as that which he had received. He then fell instantly and a dead corpse. Q. walked a quarter of a mile and fell dead. The strange part of this is that no one has the remotest idea what was the cause of the quarrel. Pray don't think now that the West has all the disputable honors.

I also heard of a young man who offered himself to a young lady and she refused him. "Well, then," he said, "will you say me a waltz?" "Certainly," she replied, and she played him a waltz. When it was done he thanked her, bid her good evening and never troubled her again. Also of a young man who offered himself and on being refused he cut off the paddling of his skull with a pistol.

Now you probably think some one has been at this, your correspondent. Never yet! these stories are well known here. I must confess that I was tempted to embellish the last one a little, by representing the lady as having another lover, who comes in and, seeing the spots on the wall and on her dress asks what it is. "Oh, nothing," she replies, "Mr. So-and-So kill himself just now." He is in the closet there if you want to see him. Dear me, I shall have to get a new kind of dress made if this sort of thing continues." But I know you like truth.

Speaking of offers of marriage, there was young Dickon, a fellow always playing practical jokes. He was one night all alive to a Miss—well call her Brown; and finally, one evening, he concluded to pop, and at a favorable moment he said "My dear Miss Mary, will you be my wife?" Miss Mary sighed, blushed, hesitated. "Will you?" he repeated. "Yes," she whispered. "No you won't," remarked the chivalric Mr. Dickon, and got up and left. For this highly original practical joke Mr. Dickon has found it necessary to incur the ire of the doctors, the apothecary, the dentist, the tailor's, and thinks old Brown is an uncomfortably hasty old party.

I note that there was married the other day a Mr. Penley to Miss Ann B. Strong. It rather suggests Longfellow

"—— how sad! one thing it is
To suffer Ann B. Strong."

H. A.

Theatrical, Etc.

CALIFORNIA.—On Monday evening Miss Augusta L. Dargon (the lady whose acting we spoke so highly of when at the Metropolitan) made her first appearance at the California Theatre as "Lady Teazle," in *The School for Scandal*. Her rendering of the part was full of truth and character. In the scene where she and "Sir Peter" vow never to quarrel any more, and only finitely end the meeting by quarrelling worse than ever, she is immense. Taken as a whole, her "Lady Teazle" is better than any we have seen on this coast. She was well supported Harry Edwards as "Sir Peter Teazle" and George D. Chaplin as "Charles Surface." Edward's "Sir Peter" was as good as it could be, and more than once brought hearty peals of laughter from the audience. In the screen scene he shows out to advantage, there being much scope for good acting. Mr. John Wilson, as "Joseph Surface," played his part well throughout. The part of "Sir Oliver Surface" was ably taken by Walter Lennon, whose acting is, if not particularly brilliant, always natural and true. The rest of the parts were played very fairly. Two full houses show that the good old fashioned comedies have not gone down in public estimation in a day where all is sensation.

METROPOLITAN.—We were prevented the other night to see a good full house once more at the Metropolitan Theater. The bill opened with the old colonial farce of *Irish Girls Francois*, Mr. H. D. Thompson taking the part of "Springbaum" and Miss Lizzie Jones that of "Mrs. Springbaum." Both these parts we, and Mrs. Jones was particularly happy in her rendering of the bitterness but poor "Mrs. Springbaum." The burlesque of *Little Don Giovanni* followed, and the Chapman Sisters made the first appearance—Miss Blanche as the "Don," and Miss Lilla as "Leporello." They play in the Italian, and delightfully, giving him a wound precisely the same as that which he had received. He then fell instantly and a dead corpse. Q. walked a quarter of a mile and fell dead. The strange part of this is that no one has the remotest idea what was the cause of the quarrel. Pray don't think now that the West has all the disputable honors.

I also heard of a young man who offered himself to a young lady and she refused him. "Well, then," he said, "will you say me a waltz?" "Certainly," she replied, and she played him a waltz. When it was done he thanked her, bid her good evening and never troubled her again. Also of a young man who offered himself and on being refused he cut off the paddling of his skull with a pistol.

Now you probably think some one has been at this, your correspondent. Never yet! these stories are well known here. I must confess that I was tempted to embellish the last one a little, by representing the lady as having another lover, who comes in and, seeing the spots on the wall and on her dress asks what it is. "Oh, nothing," she replies, "Mr. So-and-So kill himself just now." He is in the closet there if you want to see him. Dear me, I shall have to get a new kind of dress made if this sort of thing continues." But I know you like truth.

Speaking of offers of marriage, there was young Dickon, a fellow always playing practical jokes. He was one night all alive to a Miss—well call her Brown; and finally, one evening, he concluded to pop, and at a favorable moment he said "My dear Miss Mary, will you be my wife?" Miss Mary sighed, blushed, hesitated. "Will you?" he repeated. "Yes," she whispered. "No you won't," remarked the chivalric Mr. Dickon, and got up and left. For this highly original practical joke Mr. Dickon has found it necessary to incur the ire of the doctors, the apothecary, the dentist, the tailor's, and thinks old Brown is an uncomfortably hasty old party.

I note that there was married the other day a Mr. Penley to Miss Ann B. Strong. It rather suggests Longfellow

"—— how sad! one thing it is
To suffer Ann B. Strong."

H. A.

Theatrical, Etc.

CALIFORNIA.—On Monday evening Miss Augusta L. Dargon (the lady whose acting we spoke so highly of when at the Metropolitan) made her first appearance at the California Theatre as "Lady Teazle," in *The School for Scandal*. Her rendering of the part was full of truth and character. In the scene where she and "Sir Peter" vow never to quarrel any more, and only finitely end the meeting by quarrelling worse than ever, she is immense. Taken as a whole, her "Lady Teazle" is better than any we have seen on this coast. She was well supported Harry Edwards as "Sir Peter Teazle" and George D. Chaplin as "Charles Surface." Edward's "Sir Peter" was as good as it could be, and more than once brought hearty peals of laughter from the audience. In the screen scene he shows out to advantage, there being much scope for good acting. Mr. John Wilson, as "Joseph Surface," played his part well throughout. The part of "Sir Oliver Surface" was ably taken by Walter Lennon, whose acting is, if not particularly brilliant, always natural and true. The rest of the parts were played very fairly. Two full houses show that the good old fashioned comedies have not gone down in public estimation in a day where all is sensation.

METROPOLITAN.—We were prevented the other night to see a good full house once more at the Metropolitan Theater. The bill opened with the old colonial farce of *Irish Girls Francois*, Mr. H. D. Thompson taking the part of "Springbaum" and Miss Lizzie Jones that of "Mrs. Springbaum." Both these parts we, and Mrs. Jones was particularly happy in her rendering of the bitterness but poor "Mrs. Springbaum." The burlesque of *Little Don Giovanni* followed, and the Chapman Sisters made the first appearance—Miss Blanche as the "Don," and Miss Lilla as "Leporello." They play in the Italian, and delightfully, giving him a wound precisely the same as that which he had received. He then fell instantly and a dead corpse.

COURT CHAT.

America has at last a queen! The wife of King Ferdinand of Portugal, who abdicated several years ago, is a Boston girl. Her name is Lucia Hensler. Her father was a German stockmaker in the city, and the daughter, who had a very fine voice, was selected for the operatic stage. She sang in New York at the Academy of Music fifteen or sixteen years ago. King Ferdinand made her acquaintance first at Lisbon, where she was engaged at the Royal Opera House, and married her in 1869 in Paris.

In the Paris National Assembly, March 4th, President Thiers delivered a brilliant address, in which he supported the preamble presented by M. Dufaure. The vote, was taken for the separate grant entitling him in the Assembly, and was loudly applauded. The report was read by the Duke de Broglie, then came up for discussion, and, after an exciting debate, passed the Assembly by a vote of 475 against 199.

There is an Unauthenticated Rumor this afternoon (6th inst.) that the Marquis of Lorn and Princess Louise have, or are, married because of incompatibility of temper, and that the Princess is in a religious retreat near Windsor and the Marquis has gone abroad.

The Duke of Edinburgh has favored Dr. W. C. Bennett with his commands to dictate to His Royal Highness the second edition of his "Songs for Sailors." The two thousand five hundred copies of the first edition were nearly exhausted in six weeks.

The Shah of Persia will, on his journey to Europe, cross the Caspian on board the war steamer *Vladimir*, of 800 horse power and five guns, now fitting up for his suitable reception with all the luxury and splendor peculiar to Eastern Courts.

The Shah of Persia is to make a grand European tour during the coming Summer, attended by a magnificent suite. The route is to be through St. Petersburg, Vienna, Berlin, Paris, London, Rome and Constantinople.

Lord St. Leonard, the oldest member of Queen Victoria's Privy Council, has attained ninety-one years. His youngest colleague is His Royal Highness Prince Arthur, aged twenty-two.

Queen Victoria is back again at Windsor Castle, where she remains during the "Drawing-Room" season in London.

Lord Pembroke is said to be the author of the papers called "Roots," in *Temple Bar*.

"Time Sets All Things Even"—Our Opinion Confirmed Regarding Trade in Alaska.

[We are glad to find that the favorable opinions we expressed, more than a year ago, in regard to the gentlemen connected with the Alaska Fur Seal Fisheries, are now thoroughly indorsed by that most reliable paper, the *Commercial Herald*, from which we take the article under. It completely exonerates them from all the false reports that have been malignantly spread about them.]

We are now satisfied from personal investigation that in the article on "Trade of the North Pacific," published in our issue of January 31st, we did injustice to the parties interested in the Fur Seal Fisheries in Alaska.

It was stated in that article, on what appeared to be reliable information, that the Alaska Commercial Company's steamer *Alexander*, which arrived at this port on the 28th of September last, reported in her manifest 61,040 seal skins, while a comparison with shipments from New York during the year 1872 showed that the cargo of the *Alexander*, at the time mentioned, was understated in the manifest at least 10,000 skins, and that the returns of shipments of like character were falsified in the case of every cargo throughout the year, that the alleged false returns were made to avoid duty, revenue tax due the United States on seal skins from the Islands, and that the officers of the Company have ascertained that such statements are incorrect, and, we regret to say, has given rise to unjust suspicions. It is some time difficult to obtain perfect commercial data at the Custom House, but we have, since the date of the article in question, examined the record of shipments and even the duplicates of deposits from the United States Assistant Treasurer at San Francisco and New York, showing the amount of revenue tax paid into the treasury by the Alaska Commercial Company. To enable our readers to fully understand the matter, it is necessary to explain that this Company has a lease from the United States of the Government reservation known as the Seal Islands of St. Paul and St. George, in Behring Sea, which lease dated August 3, 1870, and by the terms of which the Company contracts to pay to the United States $55,000 per annum rental and a revenue tax of $2 62½ on each fur seal skin taken and shipped from the Islands named. There are four United States special agents stationed on the two Islands to see that the Company complies with the law and conditions of the lease. The skins are counted by these agents when placed on board the Company's vessel for shipment to San Francisco, and the number ascertained by the count is certified by the United States agents and a duplicate of each certificate is attached to the manifest of the vessel, and the original is forwarded to the Collector of the Port. On arrival at San Francisco the skins are placed under lock and seal on board the vessel and in the custody of the skins until discharge of the vessel, and the skins are again counted by the Custom officers. This done, the official return is made to the Surveyor of the Port, and after tax is paid upon the number of skins ascertained by the count made by the Custom officers, the skins are delivered to the Company. The official record shows the following shipments to have been made by the Company since the date of the lease. The sealing season of 1870 was nearly over before the arrival of the Company's vessel with the lease, which explains the small catch of 1870.

First shipment, per steamer Alexander, June 12, 1871—3,446 skins, catch of 1870. Second shipment, per steamer Alexander, September 8, 1871—60,665 skins, catch of 1871. Third shipment, per steamer Alexander, May 28, 1872—30,175 skins, catch of 1871. Fourth shipment, per steamer Alexander, October 16, 1872—41,413 skins, catch of 1872. Fifth shipment, per bark Cyane, October, 1872—41,756 skins, catch of 1872. The dates refer to discharge of vessels. The following statement, compiled from the official records, shows the total shipments by the company, the catch of each year, and the amount of revenue tax paid thereon, as shown by the certificates of the United States Treasurers.

	SKINS	TAXES.
Catch of 1870 (part season)	3,446	$ 9,031 00
Catch of 1871	90,841	222,961 62
Catch of 1872	96,069	252,181 13
Total amount taxes paid		523,314 75

If we add to the total tax paid for a fraction over two years' operations the $55,000 annual rental paid by the company, the grand total shows a considerable revenue from the two rocky little islands in Behring Sea. At this rate, the sum paid for the whole of Alaska will soon be realized from this one source alone. Criticisms have appeared, from time to time, on the action of the Government in leasing these islands to the Alaska Commercial Company, and we have heretofore expressed our dissent from such a course, because it apparently gave to the company an exclusive privilege which we argued might be safely left open to the world. But, on investigation, we find, that in order to preserve the seal fisheries from annihilation, such a system as that practiced by the Russians, on these and other islands belonging to Russia, became a necessity; and that Congress acted wisely in adopting that very system in the Act of July 1, 1870. In all parts of the world where these peculiar animals have existed, except in Russian possessions (and it yield an oil, many guarantees in to all seasons), and many islands in the southern Ocean), the species has been almost exterminated by indiscriminate slaughter, in the absence of any government restrictions for their preservation.

In placing these islands in charge of a company, whose interest is manifestly best promoted by the careful preservation of the fisheries, and who are under heavy penal bonds and other penalties, to obtain the system which had been so successfully practiced by the Russian American Company, Congress has not only guaranteed the preservation of a most valuable property, but has also secured to the United States an immense revenue therefrom. When we consider the great expense which the company must incur to carry on this business in remote and hazardous seas, the amount of capital involved in the enterprise, and that an income revenue tax is paid, which with the rental, amounts to more than $580,000 per annum, it is manifest that a good share of the profits of the business goes into the United States Treasury. In the view of the case, we are inclined to the opinion that the charge of monopoly cannot in any offensive sense be successfully made against the lessee of these islands. If the company be a monopoly, it is one of a new sort, and is not dangerous to the Treasury, for, unlike monopolies in general, it puts money into the Treasury, and injures neither the Government nor the people. In this instance, the Government is the monopolist, the lessee merely operating the property of the United States for the joint benefit of both. Nor do we see how the lease of these two small islands gives the control of the trade of Alaska virtually into the hands of the company, as has been frequently alleged, evidently without much reflection, or with intent to deceive the public and discourage enterprise in that direction. The two islands are isolated, being 240 miles from the main land, or the Aleutian chain, and are barren rocks in the ocean, inhabited by about 375 Aleuts—men, women, and children—the former laborers of the Russian American Company, and the present employés of the Commercial Company. How the occupation of these two isolated islands can afford the general trade or development of the vast territory of Alaska, has never yet been made clear to thinking men. The trade of the main land, and of the Aleutian Islands, is free to all, as the trade of San Francisco, and no man need fear restraint of lawful commercial enterprise in that vast region.

We have been unable to find the restrictive rules, which have been alleged to exist, prohibiting communication between the officers and crews of vessels and the native people, except as to the two leased islands, which are a Government reservation. That the Commercial Company do not, and cannot, exercise control over the trade of the main land and the Aleutian Islands, is demonstrated by the fact that there are many rival traders at sea, or nearly all, the ports and trading-places in Alaska. We know now of four vessels, belonging to parties not connected with the Commercial Company, being fitted out for trading at the ports of Alaska. Several of our merchants have trading stations in various parts of Alaska, and, so far as we can ascertain, are doing well. It is a contest of commercial enterprise in that vast region, and there is no obstacle in the way of vigorous competition. We are forced to the conclusion, that there are two sides to this Alaska question, and we shall henceforth gift the statements of rival traders before we come to conclusions. If the Alaska Company excel others in commercial venture and enterprise in opening and developing fields and avenues of trade, either in Alaska or Asia, to swell the commerce of San Francisco, and perhaps enrich themselves, we shall not be led by their rivals, nor by anybody, into attempts to trammel their endeavors by making erroneous statements concerning their business. We mean to be accurate, and just to all; condemn what we see to be wrong, and applaud the right, at all times giving encouragement to commercial sagacity and enterprise, honestly exerted. It is by such means the commercial prosperity of our city is to be fostered and maintained, and made to fill its proper destiny.

We Must Compliment the Golden Era on an acquisition in the shape of a brilliant and promising "Jerkins," whose first suit quite has made its debut through its pages. As a society "Jenkins," he no doubt will be a success, and any one regarding a "star" notice had better avail themselves of his favor.

THE LEADING MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD

WM. BURLING, . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Caller
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer
F. LAWTON, . . Secretary

Baldridge, M. 708 Montgomery st.
Budd, W. C. 410 California st.
Burling, W. 420 California st.
Ford, J. C. 420 Montgomery st.
Fitch, J. B. 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L. 411 California st.
Jones, J. H. 434 California st.
Keene, J. R. 408 Montgomery st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Gladder & Co. 426 Montgomery st.
Noble, H. H. 415 Haywood B'd'g
Peckham, E. P. 413 California st.
Schmiedell, H. 401 California st.
Smiley, G. W. 444 California st.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries.

Butter, Cal., fresh ⅌ lb	40@	45
Do pickled	35	
Do Packed	30	
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ⅌ doz	30@	35
Lard, ⅌ lb	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ⅌ lb	18@	20
Cranberries, ⅌ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ⅌ lb	2@	2½
Do sweet	2@	3
Lima Beans, ⅌ lb	9@	10
Tomatoes, ⅌ lb	6@	8
Onions, ⅌ lb	4@	5
Squash, ⅌ lb	2@	3
Pumpkins, ⅌ lb	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	25
Cucumbers, ⅌ doz	25@	50
Celery, ⅌ doz bn	75@	
Beets, ⅌ doz bn	20@	25
Turnips, ⅌ doz bn	25@	
Parsnips, ⅌ doz bn	20@	25
Radishes, ⅌ doz bn	20@	25
Green Peas, ⅌ lb	6@	20
String Beans, ⅌ lb	6@	
Apples, ⅌ lb	5@	8
Pears, ⅌ lb	8@	12
Quinces, ⅌ lb	6@	
Peaches, ⅌ lb	6@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ⅌ lb	15@	25
Dates, ⅌ lb	6@	
Oranges, ⅌ doz	50@1	00
Lemons, ⅌ 100	75@1	00
Limes, ⅌ doz	37½@	50
Quince, ⅌ doz	25@1	00
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ⅌ lb	20@	25
Geese, ⅌ pair	1 00@1	00
Ducks, ⅌ pair	1 00@1	00
Rabbits, ⅌ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	37½@	50
Oysters, ⅌ 100	1 00@1	50
Clams, ⅌ 100	50@	
Mussels, ⅌ 100	25	
Salmon, smoked, ⅌ lb	20@	15
Salmon, fresh, ⅌ lb	12½	
Halibut, ⅌ lb	12½	
Rockfish, ⅌ lb	12½	
Smelts, ⅌ lb	10@	
Tomcod, ⅌ lb	15@	
Sturgeon, ⅌ lb	20@	
Sea Bass, ⅌ lb	6@	
Flounders, ⅌ lb	25@	
Halibut, ⅌ lb	20@	
Perch, ⅌ lb	15@	
Shrimps, ⅌ lb	6@	
Anchovies, ⅌ lb	6@	
Soles, ⅌ lb	5@	
Herrings, ⅌ lb	6@	

REMOVAL.

The Offices of the Phoenix Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford; Home Fire Insurance Co. of New York; North British and Mercantile Insurance Co. of London and Edinburgh, have been removed from 424 California street to 303 Sansome street (next Pacific Bank).

March 4. R. H. MAGILL, Manager.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending March 7th, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS.	FRI'Y.	NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS.	FRI'Y.
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	6	6	—
Alpha	25	30	27	Kentuck	10	9	9
Alta	1¼	—	¾	Kentucky	—	3½	—
Amador Tunnel	3	—	—	Knickerbocker	—	4	3¾
American Flag	5¼	5¼	5	Lillian Hill	—	—	—
Arizona & Utah	—	2	—	Louisa	—	—	—
Arkansas	—	—	—	Mahogany	6⅝	7¼	7⅛
Alamo	5¼	—	—	Mammoth	—	—	—
Bacon	—	—	—	Meadow Valley	14½	14	11
Baltimore Consolidated	1⅝	1¼	—	Minnesota	—	1¼	2
Belcher	84	84	80	McMahon	—	—	—
Belmont	1½	—	1¼	Newark	1⅝	1½	1½
Bulwer	—	—	—	New York Consolidated	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	5	5	5	Noonday	—	—	—
Buckeye	2	2	—	Occidental	—	—	—
Caledonia	21	20	18	Ophir	—	⅝	—
Cedarberg	—	—	—	Original Hidden Treasure	—	—	—
Central	—	—	—	Overman	43½	43	43
Charter Oak	—	—	—	Page & Panaca	—	1	—
Chollar	—	—	¾	Pea Vine	—	—	—
Chollar-Potosi	—	—	3½	Phoenix	—	—	⅛
Confidence	10½	10½	9½	Potosi	—	—	—
Crown Point Hill Quartz	—	3	—	Psyche	9	9	7½
Consolidated Virginia	51½	52	51½	Psyche West	—	—	—
Cook & Comer	—	—	—	Pride of Phoenix	—	2½	1
Crown Point	100	99	100	Raymond & Ely	81½	80	74
Central No. 2	—	—	—	Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Ruby Hill	—	—	—
Dandy	—	½	—	Red Jacket	—	—	—
Eclipse	—	—	—	Savage	70	73	66
El Dorado	—	—	—	Seg. Belcher	60	54	51
Empress Eugenie	—	—	—	Sierra Nevada	11½	11	12
Empire Mill	—	7	6¼	Silver Peak	—	—	⅝
Empire (Idaho)	1	—	1	Silver Hill	9¼	9¼	9
Eureka Consolidated	10½	10½	10	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Eureka (Nev.)	19	—	20	Standard	—	—	—
Exchequer	—	—	11½	Sterling	—	—	—
Globe	—	—	—	Succor	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	6	5	4½	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Gould & Curry	11	11½	11⅝	Silver Chariot	¼	—	—
Gadsden	—	—	—	South Overman	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	77	75	65	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hermes	6	6½	6	Trench	—	—	—
Hunter & Hunt	4½	4½	5	Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—	Utah	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	5	4½	—	War Eagle	—	—	—
Imperial	1	1	2	Washington & Creole	—	1¼	1¼
Independent	2	2	2½	Washington	—	—	—
Ingomar	½	½	—	Woodville	4	3½	3¾
Insurance	—	—	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—	Yellow Jacket	71	71	69
Jackson	½	½	¼	Yuba Gravel	—	—	—
Julia	5	—	4½	Yellow Stone	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given distinguished thus * Buyer 30.

"The Unjust Steward's Use of the Mammon of Unrighteousness" will be Dr. Scott's theme for study at St. John's Episcopal Church, Post-street, next Sunday evening. Dr. Scott will also preach at same place at 11 A.M. Public cordially invited to attend.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Bauer—In this city, March 6th, to the wife of E. Bauer, a son.
Blodes—In this city, March 1st, to the wife of Theodore Blodes, a son.
Frisch—In this city, March 4th, to the wife of John W. Frisch, a daughter.
Gabriel—In this city, March 3d, to the wife of J. Gabriel, a daughter.
Huber—In this city, March 3d, to the wife of J. Huber, a son.
Locke—In this city, March 3d, to the wife of J. P. Locke, a daughter.
Quedens—In this city, February 27th, to the wife of W. Quedens, a daughter.
Reed—In this city, March 3d, to the wife of George S. Reed, a daughter.
Smith—In this city, February 28th, to the wife of G. Smith, a son.

ALTAR.

Gimbel Luppold—In this city, March 2d, Frank Gimbel to Anna Luppold.
John-Jones—In this city, March 1st, Henry John to Minnie Jones.
Halpin Howard—In this city, March 5th, John J. Halpin to Maggie Howard.
Mayer Weidenreich—In this city, March 2d, Marcus Mayer to Amelia Weidenreich.
Marsden Mallory—In this city, February 25th, H. Marsden to Velma J. Mallory.
Post Lawrence—In this city, March 1st, Arthur H. Post to Harriet Lawrence.
Sandmann-Funkenstein—In this city, March 3d, S. Sandmann to S. Funkenstein.
Whitton-Donaldson—In this city, March 1st, J. S. Whitton to Lizzie Donaldson.

TOMB.

Carr—In this city, March 2d, J. Tyler Carr, aged 46 years.
Doyle—In this city, March 4th, Hugh Doyle, aged 81 years.
Dunn—In this city, March 2d, Margaret Dunn, aged 41 years.
Fry—In this city, March 5th, General Cary H. Fry, aged 59 years.
Heffron—In this city, March 3d, Mrs. Maggie Heffron, aged 25 years.
Johnston—In this city, March 4th, John Johnston, aged 51 years.
Miller—In this city, March 5th, Mrs. Louise Miller, aged 64 years.
Meyer—In this city, March 6th, Johanna F. Meyer, aged 62 years.
Wilkinson—In this city, March 6th, Richard Wilkinson, aged 43 years.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

Have I Found you at last! I've been trying
For many and many a day,
And, indeed, I have almost been dying
For fear that you'd answer me nay.
But I've found you at last, my loved oyster,
The sweetest, the fattest and best,
At the Saddle Rock; rapeded I thy cloister,
And Pine street to me is now blest.

My Girl, who used to be so loving, so kind and so true, who would never flirt with any one when I took her out to parties, about a week ago suddenly grew changed and strangely distant in her manner. In no way could I account for this coldness. I had made her presents, her mother had consented to our marriage, what could be the matter? A thought suddenly struck me. I had never taken her to have her likeness taken. I acted immediately upon the idea, took her to Bradley & Rulofson's, on Montgomery street, and the result was, a splendid picture, lots of kisses and no more coldness or want of cordiality. We are as happy now as clams at high tide.

You May Talk of your drawings in crayons,
You may prate of your paintings in oil,
But give me a thorough good photo
That age or rough usage can't spoil.
I've now got a photograph taken,
I've had it for many a year;
'Twas taken by I. W. Taber;
'Tis lifelike, not faded, but clear.

"A Horse! a Horse! my kingdom for a horse!" exclaimed the vanquished "Richard." But the horse did not arrive in time. Historians do not give us a reason. We, however, from information got out of old manuscripts, are enabled to let our readers know why that horse was not forthcoming. He had been ready saddled in case of being required, but, frightened by the din of battle, he broke the reins and tore away from the scene of carnage at a gallop. Had the reins been made by Main & Winchester, whose harness beats the world, "Richard" might have escaped.

I never saw a form before
Of such unrivaled loveliness,
Nor one who was of earth who wore
The look of heaven upon her face.
I never knew a heart so kind,
Such tears for others' misery flow—
As in the Gerke wine I find.
Just try it, and you'll own 'tis so.

The best man, who's especial line of business that we know, is a certain drayman who stands at the southeast corner of Davis and Sacramento streets. In his way, he certainly is as near the acme of perfection as one can arrive at. The care with which he removes property, etc., from place to place, is only equaled by the rapidity with which he does it. His name is Robert Robinson, and if you once try him you won't trouble any other drayman. He's a good, honest "old timer."

When Eyes are beaming
What never tongue can tell,
When tears are streaming
From their crystal cell,
When hands are linked that dread to part,
And heart is met by throbbing heart,
Oh! bitter, bitter is the smart
Of those that bid farewell,
And leave that happy Thorpe's Hotel,
And garden's passing fair,
On the San Bruno Road

No. 604 Merchant Street, San Francisco, March 1st, 1873.—Sir: I desire to inform you that I have opened an office at the above address for the sale and purchase of city and country property, the examination of titles, the settlement of estates of decedents, the investment of money and the negotiation of loans. As I propose to give to these specialties my exclusive personal attention, I can ask, with the greater confidence, the favor of your patronage. I am, respectfully, your obedient servant, Robt. C. Rogers.

Oh, 'tis sweet to remember, our boyhood's bright days,
The glories of peg in the ring,
Of leap frog, of base ball, of prisoner's base,
Widdy-way, and all that sort of thing;
But alas! we remember the thrashings we got,
At school for our lessons unknown,
For robbing an orchard, or making a blot;
And the pleasure of memory's flown.

Yes, it is so: but our feelings of pleasure return when we think of the comfort we derived from using Gilbert & Moore's school furniture.

A late writer says that every created thing has a brain, has a memory, has a past, and applies its experience for the benefit of its future happiness. An old dog on a bear hunt is as cautious of Bruin's teeth as an old broker is of suspicious stocks, he can't bear them; both act on the same principle—the recollection of having been bitten before. The moral to be drawn from this is, "Buy all your furniture at N. P. Cole's store on Bush street, then you will show that you at least have a brain."

The Gas Balloon Ascension from Woodward's was quite a success, and the hight to which the balloon went was immense. It must have gone nearly to the heavens, as one of the balloonists exclaimed with fervor, "truly there is a God." The expression was unique, and the discovery original. The air at the hight they were up was very cold, and had it not been for a judicious use of Cutter's Whisky, got at Hotaling's, the aeronauts say they could not have stood it. As it is, they are none the worse for the trip.

The Swiss American Bank have a new agency in this city. Their bank is 527 Clay street, and the Directors are Francis Berton and Robert Watt. An assay office is connected with the building, so that any ores sent in can be assayed at once and value given in coin or bullion. Bills of exchange are negotiated on all the principal cities of Europe.

Judge Louderback daily receives visitors at his office, and with an impartial hand metes out justice. He receives a number of visits from gentlemen who have had just one glass too many the night before. These visitors have become so numerous that the worthy Judge has found it necessary to give them not only a reprimand, but also a heavy fine and a little good advice. His advice is, "Stick to the wines of the country, and be sure to get them at Eberhart & Lachman's."

We Have Just Received from Messrs. Gordon & Gotch, of Sydney and Melbourne, a book called the "Punch Staff Papers." They consist of a collection of tales, sketches, etc., in prose and verse, by the members of the staff of the Sydney *Punch*. The book is very nicely illustrated, and contains a good deal of very amusing and readable matter.

Harry Blanken writes us that "his clam chowder is only to be beaten by his whisky." His whisky, for sterling worth, is only surpassed by the pleasure one feels when in his Jovial Company.

Miracles are out of date; but we find the nearest approach to them in the wonderful effect that Muller's spectacles have on poor sight.

Death of a Singular Individual.—The Florentines have had a sensation in the death of a singular individual who has been seen in the streets for the last forty years, a French woman, De Flechier by name, supposed of low origin, but who proved to be the daughter of a noble in high military position under the Bourbons. Upon the announcement of her death the authorities took possession of her effects, and on forcing open the drawer of a large box in her sleeping room found it full of sacks of gold pieces—every box and drawer contained quantities of gold, Government bonds, and bank stocks, and in her shoes, whose soles were of extraordinary size and thickness, layers of newly-coined gold pieces were found. The money, 600,000 lire, has been taken care of by the municipality, and the necessary measures for ascertaining the whereabouts of the heirs have been put in operation. *Swiss Times.*

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

April 1st—Steamer ALASKA, ... Capt. Lachlan.

There will be no departure March 1st.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

March 11th—Steamer GREAT REPUBLIC, ... Capt. Cavarly.
March 17th—Steamer CONSTITUTION, ... Capt. Morse.
March 27th—Steamer MONTANA, ... Capt. Nolan

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamers falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A.M., as follows

PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Monday, March 3; Friday, March 14; Tuesday, March 25

ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Saturday, March 8; Wednesday, March 19; Saturday, March 29.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO, SANTA BARBARA AND SAN PEDRO.

Steamers will leave at 3 P.M., as follows

SENATOR, Capt. Harlos, Wednesday, March 5; Monday, March 17; Friday March 28.

FOR CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, March 4th.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P.M., the 3d

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [March 8.] B. R. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed. BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco, Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.
Dec. 9.]

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco
Dec. 9.]

"SPIERS & POND,"

239 Kearny street, cor. of Bush, San Francisco. Wines, Liquors and Cigars, Tea and Coffee. Lunch at the usual hours, and Refreshments at all times. The comfort of the domestic fireside, the graces and courtesies of the drawing room, the freedom of the

C L U B.

Refreshments at all times, and Lunch at the usual hours. Tea and Coffee, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, 239 Kearny street, corner of Bush, San Francisco.
Feb. 1. "SPIERS & POND."

TENNENT'S ALE—NEW BREW, JUST ARRIVED.

1200 Casks (Stone and Glass, Quarts and Pints) of superior quality and in extra fine condition ex "Armin" and "Colombo." For sale in lots to suit. FORBES BROTHERS, Sole Agents, 508 California street
Feb. 8.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 16, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OR DRIVERS OF VEHICLES

The Annual License is now due for the year ending January 1, 1873. If not paid on before January 31, 1873, an addition of 25 per cent will be added each month for delinquency. R. R. BUCKLEY, License Collector, Room No. 4, City Hall
Jan 14

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco California. Dec 24.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 603 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Roney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escomte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 8 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bdgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 21 Goswell Road, E. C., Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Glosterst, E C, Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. P. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 2, Stevenson's Building, S W corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital, and managing estates.

Wayside Gushings.—By Mrs. Harris.

Silence was haudible in Court ven Sawyer first arose,
And in a godlike way applied his kerchief to his nose;
Then passing his majestic 'and straight through his hauburn locks,
He fixed his hawful hoptics on the jury in their box.
"Twelve men," says he, "I clearly see, who mean to do their duty,
And windicate this day the rights of melody and beauty.
Your werdict, gentlemen, vill show that in our golden State
Gals vith a woice, like Sayrah, may sing 'owever late.
Cats on the 'ouselops may pour forth their sorrows to the sky,
And if a gal's woice mayn't be 'eard I'd know the reason vy.
The rooster, ven he 'appens to vake, is not forbid to crow
And display his wocal talents to his partners 'ere below,
O, do not, by your werdict, block this sweet gal's honward path,
Whose woice endears 'er to 'er friends as a cricket on the hearth.
Tyler 'as told you that his client's sassiges are spiled
By hoperatic moosic vich 'ave caused 'im to get riled:
He brings this soit in malice, to gratify his spleen
Against 'er guardian, for the gal is only sweet sixteen;
But vould you, gentlemen, prefer that wocal art should fall
In horder that the baser art of sassige may prewail?
Though hevery sassige in the land were rendered indigestible,
A gal's rights is more precious far than that abstruse comestible.
Moosic 'ath charms, the poet says, to soothe the savage breast—
'Tis true of all save Spareribs, who has *sassige on the chest.*
Insensate man! from 'addling long the baser animiles,
'Is 'art is dead to moosic's charms and Sayrah's vinsome smiles.
O, let 'er sing!" and 'ere he vept and said, convulsed with tears,
"Let 'armless Sayrah's 'appy woice make moosic to the spheres!"
Them tender vords a banswerin' cheer from hevery 'art avoke,
And the Judge bowed 'is ancient 'ead on Littleton and Coke.
I drew my flask out of my muff and took a hextra swallow,
For Sawyer's heloquence 'ad made my stummick feel quite 'ollow.
Five minutes quite elapsed before the Judge 'eld up 'is 'ead,
And said in trem'lous haccents, "Sawyer, go on ahead!"
But Sawyer vos quite havercome, and lifted 'is coat tail
To vipe 'is eye vile hattering vot looked *werry like a veall.*
Then smacked 'is chest vith 'is right 'and, and, looking at the jury,
Says: "Gentlemen ve vill pursoo this lemoncholy story.
My client, Mrs. Arris, is so well known to fame
That it vould be sooperfluous for me to breathe 'er name.
She 'ave become an 'ouse'old vord vhere'er the Hinglish tongue,
From the Seven Dials to the Scilly Isles, is either said or sung.
Look at 'er as she sits confessed in form a perfeck Wenus,
And in 'er mind a Yoman of the most tremenjous genus."
'Ere hevery eye was bent on me, vile eyeglasses all around
Surveyed my nose and then my toes, though 'idden on the ground.
From me they looked at Sayrah, whose modest gaze was fixed
On a youth vith 'andsome eyebrows of red and yeller mixed.
"Yes," Sawyer says, "you vell may stare, altho' you cause 'er pain,
For ven she's gone ve ne'er shall look upon 'er likes again.
'Ere on this far Pacific Coast vot poetess but she
'As e'er bewitched the pop'lar mind to 'evenly hecstacy
By epics of domestic life so simple, yet sublime,
That hevery school girl in the town is a-quotin' of 'er rhyme.
O genus! transcendental gift as is the lot of few,
Thy name is 'Arris, and vithout 'er vot the devil should ve do!"
Loud cries of "'Arris" rent the air, until the Judge cried, "Silence!
The lady's cause vill not be served by injudicious wi'lence."

Casting a vithering look at Tyler, Sawyer says, says he,
"I vill not stoop to hanswer van who don't receive a fee,
But takes it out in sassiges, and then talks werry big
Of Sassige as a Fine Art, vich it may be to a pig!"

"O, you be dam!" cries Tyler, and seized a vork of law,
Vich like all law books veighed enough to break the strongest jaw,
But two perlicemen rushed on 'im and 'eld 'im in 'is chair,
Vere, like a vild beast chained, he looked at Sawyer with a glare.
I screamed vith fright, and Sayrah too, vile the Judge did sternly say:
"Tyler, I'll fine you for contempt if you carry on this vay.
The Court vill now adjourn before the counsel get more frisky,
And enable Mrs. 'Arris to calm 'er nerves vith vhisky."

Foreign Dottings.—Olozaga, Spanish Minister to France, has notified Castelar that representatives in Paris of the different Powers of Europe have decided to send a collective note to the Government of Spain declaring the belief that their respective Governments will cease to hold diplomatic relations with it in the event of the proclamation of the Federal Republic. The debate on the bill for the abolition of slavery in Porto Rico was resumed yesterday in the Assembly.—Advices from Gibraltar state that 200 carbineers attacked the Spanish garrison at San Roque and unsuccessfully attempted to create a rising in favor of Don Carlos. The offenders were imprisoned. Thiers has recognized the belligerent rights of the Carlists in Spain. The impression gains ground in London that Carlos will succeed. It is rumored that the Carlist leaders intend to raise a loan.—The English Government having issued orders, a posse of police proceeded to the Covent Garden Theater, London, and prevented the evening performance. The hall was crowded by police and no one was allowed to enter the building. The reason for this action of the Government was the rendition of a burlesque imitation of the members of the English Cabinet. This action on the part of the authorities created considerable comment.—A young servant girl has been sent to jail for a month in London, in default of paying a fine of £35 for telling a falsehood. The lie she told was to her employer, Mr. Landester, of Brixton, to whom she represented that she had never been in service before, whereas she has actually been in several places.—Thiers has recovered from his indisposition.—It is probable that the Khiva campaign will commence at an early day.—The Victoria *Colonist* has the following: The steamer *George S. Wright* lies close ashore, near a village of the Kuergulath Indians, a fierce tribe of savages. The Indians who brought the news to Victoria remained five days encamped on the beach, but saw no signs of boats or of people from the wreck. The Indians from the villages, who are usually very curious about such matters, did not come near the spot. It is now thought that part or all of the crew may be prisoners in the hands of these savages, who are the worst in British Columbia.—Prince Bismarck is said to be suffering from acute neuralgic pain.—Prussia has sold to the Viceroy of Egypt a large quantity of the arms which she used and captured in the war.—The Pasha of Egypt has made a present of a site for a church to the English-speaking community of Cairo.—The chief prize at the International Pigeon Shooting Match at Monaco was won by an Englishman.—A wild white man has been found in the forests of Almah, in Antioquia, with the body all covered with hair. He refuses bread and cigars, saying all his wants were supplied by Heaven.—The South American steamer has arrived at Lisbon, from Rio Janeiro, and brings news that the yellow fever still continues its ravages, and the death rate is from thirty five to forty per day. Many foreigners are leaving the country. The epidemic has also spread to Bahia and Pernambuco.

The Swiss American Bank.—The long established banking firm of Hentsch & Berton have associated themselves with Mr. Robt Watt (late State Controller), and the firm name is changed to that of the Swiss American Bank. In our new country, our bankers have generally been capitalists from other lands, and it is most gratifying to find in Mr. Watt a gentleman who, having acquired his wealth in this country, invests it in a legitimate business which tends to foster our material interests. Mr. Watt possesses thorough business qualification, great energy, and a very perfect knowledge of the country and its resources. Mr. Berton, the senior partner, is so well and favorably known in commercial circles, that it is needless to say more, excepting that he is the Swiss Consul, and not to be mistaken for the soi-disant Vice Consul of France, of unenviable notoriety. The success of the newly-consolidated firm is assured, and has our most cordial good wishes.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 603 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public by the 15th inst. F. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 603 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

SWISS-AMERICAN BANK,

Incorporated in Geneva (Switzerland) January 29th, 1873. Head office in Geneva.

Capital............$2,000,000 subscribed, one quarter paid up.

President—HENRY HENTSCH, San Francisco Branch (successors to Messrs. Hentsch & Berton), 527 Clay street. Directors—Francis Berton, Rob't Watt.

This Bank is prepared to grant letters of credit on Europe, and to transact every kind of Banking, Mercantile and Exchange Business, and to negotiate American Securities in Europe. Deposits received.

Bills of Exchange on:

New York,	Hamburg,	Bern,	Fribourg,
Liverpool,	Berlin,	Neuchatel,	Lucern,
London,	Frankfort-on-the-M.	Chau-de-fonds,	Aarau,
Paris,	Geneva,	Solothurn,	Bellinzona,
Lyons,	Zurich,	Lausanne,	Locarno,
Bordeaux,	Basel,	Baden,	Lugano,
Marseilles,	St. Gall,	Chur,	Mendrisio.
Brussels,	Winterthur,	Schaffhausen,	

An ASSAY OFFICE is annexed to the Bank. Assays of Gold, Silver, Quartz, Ores and Sulphurets. Returns in coin or bars, at the option of the depositor. Advances made on Bullion and Ores. Dust and Bullion can be forwarded from any part of the country and returns made through Wells, Fargo & Co., or by checks. [March 8.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE—NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS—1873-74.

All Persons, Companies, Associations, or Firms in the City and County of San Francisco, are requested either in person or by their proper representatives, to deliver at the Assessor's Office, No. 22 City Hall, in said City and County, before the SECOND MONDAY in APRIL, 1873, a statement under oath of all Property, both Personal and Real, owned or claimed by him or them, or which is in his or their possession, or which is held or controlled by any other person in trust for, or for the benefit of him or them.—See Political Code, Sections 3633-3648.

POLL TAX IS NOW DUE at this office or to a Deputy.—See Sections 3839-3846, Political Code. LEVI ROSENER, City and County Assessor.
Saturday, March 1, 1873. March 8.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that the Field Deputies of this office will commence assessing property SATURDAY, March 1, 1873. The duties assigned to those Deputies are too well known to the community to require explanations, and while I have been careful in making my selections to fill the positions by men favorably known in this community for their competency and integrity, and am confident that the duties will be discharged by them to the general satisfaction of all concerned, I urgently request the general public to report to this office any derelictions of duty by any of my Deputies, and assure them that any just complaints will receive immediate attention. LEVI ROSENER,
March 8. City and County Assessor.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—The place for fun! Remedy for blues! Cure for long faces! Saturday and every evening during the week.—Ed. Montague in his Great Gyre Act, the marvel of the age. J. H. Larkin and Carrie Armstrong as "Hans and Kady," (original). Charles Verner in Comics. Gerretta in Living Statuary. Coghill and Cooper in "Gen d'Armes." Jennie Johnson in Comic Songs. Fanny Garretson in Ballads. Josephine, Mat Kelly and Tommy Bree. First Part—An Interlude and the TURKISH BATHS, forming a complete variety entertainment. Admission, 25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. March 8.

JOHN WILSON'S PARISIAN CIRCUS.

Sutter street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, opposite Lick House.—Saturday Evening, March 8—Grand Change of Programme. Startling Novelty; Matinee every Saturday Afternoon. Crowded houses nightly witness the finest Circus on earth. DOCKRILL PARISIAN TROUPE. Box Sheet, for Reserved Seats and Private Boxes, open daily from 10 A.M. till 4 P.M. Admission—Parquette, 50 cts; Dress Circle, $1; Reserved Chairs, $1 50; Private Boxes, $5 and $10. March 8.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee—First Miss Dargon Matinee, EAST LYNN. Saturday Evening, March 8—Grand Production of Shakspeare's Tragedy, MACBETH. Miss Augusta L. Dargon as "Lady Macbeth," Mr. John McCullough as "Macbeth." Monday Evening—Mr. McCullough as "Macduff," Mr. Chaplin as "Macbeth." March 8.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer. Bob Hart, Stage Manager; Geo. T. Evans, Musical Director.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. Immense success of the EMERSON MINSTRELS, with JOHNNY ALLEN, LITTLE MAC, and BILLY EMERSON. Grand First Part. Appearance of SIGNOR DONATO, World Famed One Leg Dancer. "Diamond Cut Diamond." "Old Black Joe." "Jocko, the Brazilian Ape." Monday Evening, March 10—First appearance of CHARLES VIVIAN, the great Serio-Comic Singer. March 8.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—Director, John Woodard; Treasurer, Andrew Burrell.—Saturday Afternoon, March 8—LITTLE DON GIOVANNI. Great success of the Charming CHAPMAN SISTERS at the People's Theater. The performance will commence with the farce of A KISS IN THE DARK. To be followed by LITTLE DON GIOVANNI. Admission—Dress Circle, 75 cents; Orchestra Seats, 50 cents, Gallery, 25 cents. March 8.

ROSSINI'S STABAT MATER.

Grand Sacred Concert by the Fabbri Combination, at Platt's Hall, TUESDAY, March 11th, at 8 o'clock, for the Benefit of FREE SCHOOL AT ST. MARY'S CATHEDRAL. Ticket (admitting one) $1. Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra. Tickets for Reserved Seats only at Gray's Music Store, 623 and 625 Clay st.

SPORTSMEN'S EMPORIUM,

538 Washington street, below Montgomery, San Francisco.—LIDDLE & KAEDING, GUN AND RIFLE MAKERS, and Importers of Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Fishing Tackle, Powder Flasks, Gun Materials, Rifle Barrels and Ammunition, wholesale and retail. Guns and Rifles made to order, and Repairing of every description neatly executed, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. [March 8.]

R. C. ROGERS,

Attorney-at-Law and Real Estate Agents.—Loans negotiated and City and County Property bought and sold. March 8.

A Resurrected Poem.

The following beautiful lines of Tom Moore, it seems, are omitted from most, if not all the American editions of his poems. They are well worthy of republication, and we give them:

THE BEACON LIGHT.

The scene was more beautiful far to my eye
Than if day in its pride had arrayed it,
The land breeze blew mild, and the azure-arched sky
Looked pure as the spirit that made it.

The murmur rose soft as I silently gazed
On the shadowy waves' playful motion,
From the dim distant Isle, till the beacon light blazed,
Like a star in the midst of the ocean.

No longer the joy of the sailor-boy's breast
Was heard in his wildly-breathed numbers;
The sea-bird had flown to her wave-girdled nest,
The fisherman sunk to his slumbers.

I sighed as I looked from the hill's gentle slope,
All hushed was the billows commotion;
And I thought the beacon looked lovely as Hope,
That Star of Life's tremulous ocean.

The time is long past and the scene is afar;
Yet, when my head rests on its pillow,
Will memory sometimes rekindle the star
That blazed in the breast of the billow.

In Life's closing hour when the trembling soul flies
And Death stills the heart's last emotion,
O then may the Seraph of Mercy arise
Like a star on Eternity's ocean

Cruise of H. M. S. "Blanche."—H. M. S. *Blanche*, six guns, Capt. Courtland H. Simpson, left Sydney, N. S. W., on 12th May for the South Sea Islands, with orders to visit as many islands, beche-de-mer fisheries and pearl stations as possible; to obtain all the reliable information with regard to British subjects reported murdered, the practice of skull-hunting, treatment of islanders employed on fisheries and plantations, the practice of kidnapping, and to collect information on these and all other subjects of interest.

The practice of skull-hunting is a most barbarous custom of the natives of these islands, who in many cases undoubtedly have been assisted by the white men, brought about in the following manner: A vessel arrives at one of the islands, and the king is informed by the master of the vessel that he is desirous of trading and bartering. The answer is that he has so much cocoanut oil, etc., which he is willing to part with for trade gear, providing he will allow some of his (the king's) warriors to take a passage in the vessel to such and such an island with whom they are at war. This is agreed on, and a number of these so-called warriors are embarked. On arriving at the island, the unsuspecting natives, as usual, come alongside, when these so-called warriors suddenly attack, kill them and cut off their heads, which are kept and placed on pegs in their taboo houses as trophies; the master of the vessel on his return secures the trade as before promised in exchange for tobacco, pipes, etc., as most fancied and wanted by the natives. It is but right to state that, although it has been reported by the missionaries on these islands that white men have assisted in these barbarous practices of skull-hunting, yet no single case has been fully proved.

At Isabel Island, Solomon Group, they have a curious mode of building houses in the trees, which is peculiar to this island only. The tree village visited was built on the summit of a rocky steep mountain, about 800 feet above the sea, and was very difficult to ascend; the native path, which, without a guide, could hardly have been discerned, being very slippery, and leading through a wood thickly grown with bushes, creepers, etc. On arriving at the summit of this mountain, which was one mass of enormous rocks, amongst which were growing the gigantic trees, to the branches of which the houses of the natives are built, the stems of these trees are perfectly smooth, without a branch for some 50 to 120 feet. One house was visited which was some seventy to eighty feet from the ground, and the ascent was by means of a ladder, made of some pliable tree, or some very strong creeper, somewhat resembling the vine; this ladder is made fast to a post within the house, and can be pulled up at pleasure. The houses are firmly and well made, capable of containing a dozen people, and are used at night to sleep in when threatened by their enemies, so as to guard against surprise, all of them being fortified with a number of large stones, which the occupants throw with great dexterity and precision. At the foot of these trees is the day hut, used for eating, etc.

At one of the villages on the sea shore of Isabel Island, a most sickly and repulsive sight presented itself. across the door of the chief's house were nailed twenty-three or twenty-five human heads, taken about three weeks previously by the chief and his followers from some of his fellow islanders. The attack had been made from the rear, as was evident by the skulls; the flesh was still on the bones, the eyes protruding, jaws broken, and the stench frightful. The bodies of all these men had been eaten

At Lugunor Island, Caroline Group, where it is doubtful if any white men had been there for years, as no sign of traffic was found, the men wore their hair in regular European fashion, chignons being commonest, which were kept up by a comb having four teeth, the top part of the comb that was visible being carved, and the whole surmounted with a cock's feather, it gave them rather an effeminate appearance. At Hogoln Islands, Caroline Group, the natives were very much frightened, having entirely deserted during the night the village off which the *Blanche* anchored. The next day, seeing a number of canoes collected together, a boat was sent to endeavor to persuade them to come alongside and barter. After a time the boat succeeded in getting amongst them. They were all quite naked, painted in regular savage style, and the boats loaded with spears, slings and stones. They eventually came alongside and were friendly.

At St. Matthias' Island, Solomon Group, no anchorage could be found. The natives came down to the beach in great numbers, and seemed very anxious for the vessel to stop, shouting and gesticulating in the most absurd manner. Both men and women were quite naked; the latter wore a sort of apron behind

At New Hanover, Solomon Group, it is very doubtful if white men had ever been there before, as the natives were ignorant of the use of tobacco, and took in exchange for their spears, etc., of which they brought for barter, paper, printed or not, and when obtained they knew not what to do with it. They were arrant thieves, and very expert. One was detected stealing a shirt, which was hung up some distance inside a port, and when chastised by the indignant owner smiled pleasantly, apparently only sorry at being detected

Visited the southeast coast of New Guinea, but it was so full of shoals at even four or five miles from the land that it was dangerous to proceed, so had to turn back after anchoring for one night. The natives came off to us in very large canoes, having enormous outriggers. They were fine looking men, quite naked, not very dark in color, and wore their hair frizzled out.

The *Blanche* arrived at Sydney 132 days since leaving, during which time the vessel had been over 13,000 miles of water, being seventy miles a day including all stoppages, anchored at twenty-five islands and passed close to about thirty others. The engines have made 2?6,071 revolutions, and the ship's company had eight days' fresh meat and 181 of salt meat.—*Sydney Morning Herald.*

One of the Clerks in a prominent banking house having an intimation that it was proposed to dispense with his services, boldly entered the manager's private room, and said, "Mr. ——, I have made up my mind that the interests of this bank require that either you or myself should leave its service. As you are the leading man of the bank, and have a large family to support, I have concluded to leave you in your position, and retire myself."

Seventy-five Thousand French Tiles arrived here the other day by the ship *Annie Frost*, from Marseilles. They are of a unique pattern. Shippers should be more careful when shipping such fragile material, as by the above vessel some twenty thousand were broken. They are for the new Roman Catholic Church.

CARD FROM BOSTON MERCHANTS.

Boston, December 15th, 1872.

Captain Wm. B. Scott, Agent Fireman's Fund Insurance Co. of California: [illegible] which our losses by the great fire of November [illegible] were adjusted and settled by the officers of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Co. [illegible] it was our good fortune to hold, we take pleasure in inviting you to use our names as references. Very truly yours, Nichols, Parker & Dupee, Hapgood & Co., Mann, Bowers & Sawyer, Coon, Crocker & Hobart, Converse & Stanwood, Brooks & Young, Spaulding & Wardwell, Smith, Stebbins & Co., D. Webster King & Co., Melendy, Hixon & Co., Miner, Beal & Hackett, Homer & Sprague, George William Bond & Co., Brandon Scales Co., Carter, Mann & Co., Frank F. Hodges, Farley, Amsden & Co. Feb. 8.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $750,000. Officers:—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice-President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; N. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary. H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. Directors—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. D. Grogan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, H. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville [illegible]. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager [illegible]. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, [illegible] S. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, S. M. Orr, Secretary. [illegible] T. Ellard Beans [illegible]. Grass Valley —William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!!! DIRECTORS.—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Isaac E. Meyer, Adam Grant, [illegible] Lawrence, [illegible] A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, [illegible], M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Lefargue, [illegible]. Marysville—[illegible]. New York—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan. GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President. Charles D. Haven, Secretary. Geo. T. Bohen, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,5?2,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.

GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent

Wm. Macdonald, Agent. Nov. 21

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 433 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital: $300,000. Directors: W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, John H. Wise, Chas. J. Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, Charles Main, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, James Phelan, D. H. Haskell. Sacramento: H. S. Crocker, N. D. Thayer, F. S. Freeman.

C. W. KELLOGG, President.

H. G. Horner, Secretary. Jan. 18.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over Nine Millions Dollars. The law of Massachusetts makes all its [illegible]. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among [illegible]. This is the Only Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts [illegible] Law.

WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,

April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,1??,000. Losses promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

W. L. COOPER, Agent,

Jan. 1. No. 319 California street, San Francisco.

☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital, but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1720.)

Cash Assets............ $13,000,000.

☞ Fire Risks at current rates [Nov 16.] CROSS & CO., Agents.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.

FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California, No. 430 California street.

Feb 8.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.— Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 18.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hall of the Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, Merchants Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, goods and dwellings [illegible] and contents. Premiums as low as in any other office [illegible] ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

Jan 29 MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The Staunch and Favorite Steamship "Newbern," A. S. McDonough, Master, will sail on her next regular trip on .... at ... o'clock M., from Front-street wharf, connecting at the mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona, the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through Bills of Lading will be furnished, and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to

EDWARD NOLTON, Agent, [illegible] Front street

August 3

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED, Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [illegible] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.

March 29. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 21

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

Note.—The News Letter is regularly mailed to each Hotel in this list

Athens.

Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Polizoi.

Barbadoes (W. I.)

Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.

Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.

The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.

The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.

The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.

Hotel Des Bains.—E. Menton, Pr.

Chepstow.

Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.

Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba

Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.

The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.

The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.

London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.

Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.

Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.

Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottacchi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.

White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor

Innsbruck.

Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.

Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.

Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London.

Bridge House Hotel.—London B.

Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.

Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.

Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.

Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.

Hotel Pozzo.

New York.

Prescott House, Broadway. — D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.

Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.

Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.

Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.

St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.

Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.

Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.

St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.

The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.

The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.

Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.

Daniell's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.

Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.

Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.

Grand National Hotel.—Hoch & Meyer, Proprietor.

Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche J. Hegdner, Proprietor

Rest.

BY ROSE TERRY.

"Love is better than house or lands;
So, Sir Stephen, I'll ride with thee!"
Quick she steps where the courser stands,
Light she springs to the saddle-tree.

Love is better than kith or kin!
So close she clung and so close clasped he,
They heard no sob of the bitter wind,
Nor the snow that shuddered along the lea.

Love is better than life or breath!
The drifts are over the horse's knee;
Softly they sink to the soft, cold death,
And the snow-shroud folds them silently

Houses and lands have gone for aye,
Kith and kin like the wild wind flee;
Life and breath have fluttered away,
But love hath blossomed eternally.

American "Society."—Of course that there is plenty of society in America [illegible]. The girl who grows up "goes out" as a matter of course; the man who reaches the age of sixteen is very likely to go to dancing classes, and two years later to balls. But there is no social code, except such as is imported from Europe, and when you say "imported from Europe," you don't mean from any one country, but some customs from England, some from France, some from Germany, some new, some old, some bad, some good, some destined to survive, some to perish. It is in fact with social ideas in this country as it is with everything else, intellectual, moral and physical—except such manufactured products as we think it necessary to exclude by a tariff—everything and everybody is allowed to come and maintain himself, or herself, or itself, if enough can be found to live on. All ideas, principles, thoughts, feelings, processes and traditions that have ever made their appearance in the world find in the United States a common field in which the struggle for existence results in the survival of the fittest. Nothing is settled, nothing is fixed. There are no decisions which are final. There are no laws or code of the levitical kind. A general sense of social obligation of course exists. It would be impossible for a gentleman who wished to cut a figure in the society of New York or Boston, to make a habit of "drawing a bead" on his hostess whenever anything went wrong in the cotillion, or of picking the pockets of his fellow guests; it would be out of the question for a waiter to sit down to table with the company, or for the ladies at a formal dinner party to remain with the gentlemen after the hostess had gone into the parlor. Within these rather broad limits, however, there is such an amount of freedom as to render it an impossibility to say where the true lines are. It is absurd in such a society as ours to talk of what is allowed, what is permitted, what is *de rigueur*, and what is not. The idea of the necessity of social ordinances, and the machinery for their application is derived from a familiarity with fixed states of society, in which for generations the means of social amusement have been concentrated in the same or nearly the same hands. But we have adopted change as the basis of existence, in this as in any other branch of life. From another point of view the matter is still clearer. When a girl "comes out" with us, or a man begins to go out, the amusement to which they are chiefly confined is dancing, and it is the dancing together of girls and boys between the ages of eighteen and twenty-two which really constitutes what foreigners hear of when they get their information about "American Society." After that they in almost all cases marry and settle down to work, in the case of the girls who remain unmarried retire from the field, reconcile themselves to a single life, or take, in the case of a few of the bolder ones, to some occupation. But meantime a new generation has entered the field New freshmen and freshmen's sisters are dancing the German together; the older set has disappeared. There are a few, a very few of both sexes who wearily keep it up for a few years longer with much tribulation and difficulty. But they are few, and are beginning to have gloomy thoughts about the vanity of earthly affairs. They, too, will soon marry or retire. With this kaleidoscopic movement going on, social existence cannot produce a "Society."—*Galaxy.*

Amusing Breach of Promise Case.—In the Bail Court, London, on Tuesday, the case of Pull *vs.* Denne was tried. Plaintiff was a dressmaker, and the defendant was formerly a grocer's assistant, but now the proprietor of the establishment in New Street, Covent Garden, which he had formerly managed. The parties first met in 1863. The first letter read was described as the coolest of the whole, and that each subsequent letter increased in warmth of affection. It commenced "Dear Nell," and asked her to excuse him for not commencing in the usual orthodox fashion, but it concluded thus: "May the pillow of peace kiss thy cheek—(laughter)—and the pleasure of imagination attend thy dreams. (Loud laughter.) With kindest love, etc." A letter, dated February, 1868, was referred to as showing that matters were getting warmer: "The oftener I see you the more I want you. (Laughter.) Oh, how I long for your company, and hear your own dear sweet voice. (Renewed laughter.) I can't write more because I have to serve other members of society" (meaning, the learned counselor observed, the grocer's shop), "With fondest love, etc." Another letter states: "You have been so kind as to give me one of the first sweets in the flowers of affection." (Laughter.) Another, dated 31st March: "My dearest Nelly:—Give me your lovely lips and your darling heart as a fresh assurance of your love, my precious angel. (Roars of laughter) Your fond, affectionate, and loving John." Another contained the following: "To the one I love, to the one I live for, to the one I would die for (if required). (Renewed laughter.) Ever your affectionate and dear John." The next letter read commenced, "My own darling.—Do not think that you will tire me in writing. If you were to get a big box of pens, ten dozen bottles of ink, and a thousand quires of paper, you would not write to me more than I should be delighted to read." (Roars of laughter) The last letter read commenced, "My darling, fond, devoted and affectionate Nelly.—I sink happily to rest because to-morrow is Wednesday, and to-morrow will bring you. Sleep on, fair lady, and dream those dreams of universal happiness. No; they are not universal. They are but like the Sabbath, that too quickly pass away." The defence was that they were not to marry until they were in good circumstances, and that the plaintiff voluntarily broke it off; but the best evidence that he was not ready and willing and able to marry was that he had recently married the daughter of his master. The plaintiff positively denied that she had released the defendant from his promise. The further hearing was adjourned.—*Echo.*

Traveling on the Volga.—Here we came upon the noble Volga, a magnificent river, which, even at this season of low water, was at least a mile and a half broad. On the opposite bank [illegible] appeared a fringe of wood some miles deep, and then again [illegible]. The trade on the Volga by steam is extensive. The engines are entirely fed with wood, of which there were on the bank numberless acres of logs ready cut and piled up some ten feet high, and companies of women, somewhat rough in manners, were ready in waiting for the steamer, to run it on board by means of wood on [illegible] held between two of them. A steamer was [illegible]. They only wait for a few minutes, to [illegible] which it [illegible]. We had to wait for [illegible] the accounts in the [illegible] of the Volga steamers led us to expect to be [illegible] comfort, convenience and [illegible]. At seven [illegible] the steamer [illegible] great was our disappointment when, instead of cleanliness, good [illegible] fare, as turned out to be squalid, rude and uncivilized. The [illegible] Russia has not yet donned the garb of civilization—as we accept the term. In its immense population there may be thirty or forty thousand persons who have traveled, are highly polished and thoroughly understand the [illegible] of this term, but the mass have no conception of the meaning of the word comfort, or what we consider the necessary conditions of an easy [illegible]. [illegible] down in the [illegible] up, hot cabin, which [illegible] the roof, about twelve inches square [illegible]. The entire deck was as usual crowded with second, third and fourth class passengers, with cargo. The awning on the bridge was so poor and [illegible]. No cabin was more than six feet by five. There was no [illegible] at all, and the [illegible]. Moreover, I was by no means [illegible] from which I had [illegible] in the Sea of Azof, and [illegible] that of [illegible] the greater portion of the next day in [illegible] the accommodation.—*From "Travels in the Eastern Caucasus."*

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. Agents in New York.—J. ASPINWALL, William street F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are household Words." Articles of clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black, Puce. Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. **SEE THAT YOU GET JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.— The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoa, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homoeopaths and Invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' original Homoeopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER AND BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester, Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and palatable remedy for weak digestion in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules; Pancreatine [illegible] containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone, Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Smith, Stanistreet & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Budgett & Hughes; Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in tins of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, [illegible] both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well-known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in tins of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following ammunition of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps; Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding; Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges for Pin-fire and Central-fire Breech-loading Guns; Wire Cartridges for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, 57 Upper Thames street, London.

Sept. 7.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that Betts's Name is on Every Capsule he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS's name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the only Patentee and Maker in the United Kingdom. Manufactories, 1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France. June 13.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind

Feb 1. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

Nov. 30.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment, into better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7

C. L. Chackbon.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. Murdock.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

Pristine Proverbs Prepared for Precocious Pupils.

Observe yon plumed biped fine!
To effect his captivation,
Deposit particles saline
Upon his termination.

Cerpiginous concretion never grows
On mineral fragments that decline repose.

Whilst self-inspection it neglects,
Nor its own foul condition sees,
The kettle to the pot objects
Its sordid superficies.

Decortications of the golden grain
Are set to allure the aged fowl, in vain.

Teach not a parent's mother to extract
The embryo juices of an egg by suction;
That good old lady can the feat enact
Quite irrespective of your kind instruction.

Pecuniary agencies have force
To stimulate to speed the female horse.

The earliest winged songster soonest sees
And first appropriates the annelides.

With soap, and brush, and flannel, you tickle
In vain the Ethiopic cuticle.

Bear not to you famed city upon Tyne
The carbonaceous product of the mine.

The mendicant once from his indigence freed,
And mounted aloft on the generous steed,
Down the precipice soon will, infallibly go,
And conclude his career in the regions below.

It is permitted to the feline race
To contemplate even a regal face. —*Punch.*

Sunbeams.

—"What do you know of his moral character?" asks the president of the court-martial of a sailor in Jerrold's drama of *Black-eyed Susan*. "A good deal" is the answer "he plays the fiddle like an angel." The late Earl Dudley wound up an eloquent tribute on the virtues of a deceased Baron of the Exchequer with this pithy peroration. "He was a good man, an excellent man. He had the best melted butter I ever tasted in my life."

—The Rev. T. L. Cuyler, says "I confess to a great liking for the godly old negro, 'Uncle Johnson,' who used to say, 'Massa, you know, de flesh be weak, and when dey begins to de meetin' to talk upon Jesus, I begins to fill up, and putty soon I has to holler, and den dey say, 'carry dat ole man out, he sturbs de meetin'."

—Every one has heard of the reply of the butcher to the sentimental lady remonstrating against the killing of innocent lambs, "Lor', ma'am, you wouldn't eat em alive, would you?" *Apropos* of this there is an anecdote of Goldsmith not commonly known. When he had written that beautiful stanza of the "Hermit"

"No flocks that range the valley free
To slaughter I condemn,
Taught by the Power that pities me,
I learn to pity them,"

he submitted it to the (future) Mrs. Goldsmith, who is said to have suggested the following improvement

"No flocks that range the valley free
To slaughter I condemn,
The butcher kills the sheep for me,
I buy the meat of them."

—An artist who has painted a portrait of a gentleman noted for his frequent libations, invited the gentleman's friends to see it. One of them, who was rather near-sighted, approaching it too closely, the artist in alarm exclaimed, "Don't touch it, it isn't dry." "No use of looking at it then," replied the gentleman. "It can't be my friend."

—A man advertised for a wife, and requested each candidate to inclose her *carte de visite*. A spirited young lady wrote to the advertiser in the following terms "Sir, I do not inclose my *carte*, for though there is some authority for putting a cart before a horse, I know of none for putting one before an ass."

—Sydney Smith being asked what were his family arms replied that the Smiths never had any arms, and invariably sealed their letters with their thumbs. Sydney was at fault. How could the smiths have thumbs without having hands? and, having hands, the Smiths must have had arms.

—An enterprising phrenologist once wrote a note to the late Charles Dickens asking permission to make an examination of his cranium. Dickens replied "Dear Sir. At this time I require the use of my skull, but as soon as it shall be at leisure I will willingly place it at your disposal."

—The solution of an old theological problem was made with refreshing directness by a blunt Yorkshire farmer to his wife, who inquired of him, "Do you think we shall know each other in heaven?" "Of course," he replied "do you think we shall be bigger fools there than here?"

—Here is an Oriental maxim, just translated: If a man knows what he knows, he will lead a happy life. If a man does not know, and knows that he does not know, he may lead a tolerable life. But if a man does not know and does not know that he does not know, he will lead a miserable life.

—Mr. Hyde having married a Miss Taller, and the "fatted calf" having been killed in their honor, it gave an editor a chance to say that "it was not the first time that cattle had been killed for the Hyde and Tallow."

—A reporter writing up a wreck at sea said that no less than thirteen unfortunates bit the dust.

—Why is it that a wave has a descent? A trip up, for it is a wave sure to bring you down.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, December 1, 1872, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A M (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A M (daily) C P R R Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P M (Sundays excepted), S F & N P R R Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Donahue with Trains for Cloverdale making close connection at Lakeville with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P M (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P M Sundays excepted Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P M (Sundays excepted) C P R R Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P M (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:00, 8:10, 9:20, 10:10 and 11:20 A.M., 12:10, 1:50, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, 8:15, 9:20 and *11.30 P.M. (3:20, 11:20 and 4:00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:20, 6:40, 7:40, 9:00 and 11:0 A.M., 1:20, 2:40, 4:25, 5:10, 7:25 and 10:10 P.M.

Leave Oakland *5:20, 6:40, 7:40, 9:00 and 11:0 A.M., 12:20, 1:40, 3:20, 5:0, 5:05, 6:30, 8:05 and 10:20 P.M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:2, 9:20 and 11:15 A.M., 1:30, 4:00, 6:30 and 1:40 P.M. (4:20, 11:15 and 5:10 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:4 A.M. and 5:00 P.M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:20, 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:50, 1:46 and 5:20 P.M. *Except Sundays

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 8th, 1872.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—San Francisco		8.40 a m	*3:20 p m	†4 40 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5 — p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12:20 p m	....	....
Pajaro	Arrive	2:20 p m	....	....
Castroville	Arrive	7:45 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	3 45 p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2 40 p m		

Trains North		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—Hollister				11:05 a m
Salinas				10:00 a m
Castroville				1 0 a m
Pajaro				11.20 a m
Gilroy				1 0 p m
San Jose		†6:2 a m	7 1 a m	2 11 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	*8:10 a m	10:3 a m	5 10 p m

*SATURDAYS at 7 3 p m. †Sundays excepted

FREIGHT TRAINS

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4 15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at 4 3 p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m arrive at San Francisco at 11 4 a m

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets also Valencia street at its junction with Twenty fifth street, at 6 a. m., running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock p. m. and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty fifth street at 11.30 p. m. and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 m. The cars run to Main street up to 6:30 p. m., after which they run only as far as Sansome street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag reading "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S. P. R. R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S. P. R. R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes, direct to Hayes Park.

Nov. 12. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc. and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' sundries and Apothecaries' Wares. 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 8.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 423 Front street. March 22.

UNITED STATES, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA MAIL S. S. LINE.

Contractors for Carrying the British and American Mails. The splendid paddle-wheel steamships of this line are specially constructed for speed and arranged to promote health, comfort and free Ventilation on long voyages in the tropics. One of the following fleet, viz. Nevada, 3,000 tons; Dakota, 3,000 tons; Nebraska, 3,000 tons, will leave for ports in the above named Countries, via Honolulu, every fourth Wednesday, on arrival of the mail from London. Steamship Dakota will sail Nov 20. For Freight and Passage, and further information, apply at the Offices of the line, No. 417 Sansome street, San Francisco. I. W. RAYMOND, Agent. [Oct. 26.]

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco Meiggs' Wharf at 8 a.m., 11 a.m., 1:30 p.m., Saucelito at 9 a.m., 12 m. and 5 p.m. Sunday Time San Francisco, 10 a.m., 12 m., 2 p.m. and 4 p.m. Saucelito, 11 a.m., 1, 3 and 5 p.m. On Saturdays, an extra trip from Saucelito at 5 p.m. On Mondays an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a.m. H. A. COBB, President. Nov. 16. 22 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, Wm. Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 a.m. Returning, Leave San Francisco at 2 p.m., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bodega. [Aug. 21.] CHARLES MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL,

Gardens and Farms, at the junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot. This well known and beautiful place is thrown open once more to the citizens of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassed.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad) will leave as follows: San Francisco, 8:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.; San Rafael, 7 a.m., 11 a.m., 2:30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a.m., 5:00 p.m.; San Rafael 8:00 a.m., 3:00 p.m. [Aug. 21.] CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has the name of KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for all freckles, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin. In bottles 2s. 6d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS, 150 Oxford street, London. Feb. 28.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA —GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Oilmen's Perfumery, Confectionery, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Medicine Chests, Sheep Dips, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge monthly by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE, 16 Coleman street, London. July 11.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.—The success of this sauce at the table for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities, as the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion and its flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all the special leading grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm Barney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Freund, H. Traute, Peter wiley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Terry, Adam Frith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 14.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a.m. Cash advances on consignments. Dec. 31. E. H. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Build'g.
JUSTICES—602 Montgomery st.
COUNTY—City Hall
PROBATE—City Hall
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—713 Montgomery street
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall
CITY AND COUNTY ATTORNEY—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—City Hall
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—California and Sansome streets
CITY PHYSICIAN—County Hospital.
CORONER—[illegible] Kearny street
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants Exchange.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Haywards Building
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street near Drumm.
MAYOR—City Hall
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City H.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall
SUPT OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT PUB SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSE—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 11, City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets
FIRE DEPARTMENT—59 Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall
OUTSIDE LAND COMMITTEE—24 Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets
HEALTH OFFICE—Jackson street
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall
POUND KEEPER—Jackson st. bet Van Ness Av. and Franklin st.
QUARANTINE—23 Kearny street
HARBOR MASTER—19 Vallejo st
HARBOR POLICE—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

BELGIUM—F. Grisar, 1217 Powell
CHILI—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street
CHILI—Consul General Francisco [illegible], 509 Battery st
DENMARK—G. O'Hara Taafe, 220 California street
ECUADOR—Daniel Wolf (absent).
FRANCE—Edmond Breuil, 424 Jackson street
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, 704 California street
GUATEMALA—Juan Urruela, 409 Battery
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Henry W. Severance, 404 Front street.
HONDURAS—Wm V. Wells, 51 Second.
ITALY—G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
JAPAN—C. W. Brooks, Grand Hotel
MEXICO—J. Rivas 722 Kearny
GERMAN EMPIRE—C. A. C. Dollenberg, 311 Sacramento street
NETHERLANDS—J. De Fremery, Sansome street
NICARAGUA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street
PERU—De la Fuente y Subirat Federico
PORTUGAL—Francis Berton, sw. cor Clay and Leidesdorff Sts
RUSSIA—M. Klinkofstrom, U S Court Building
SAN SALVADOR—J. D. Dorsey
SPAIN—C. Martin, 423 California
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—G. C. Johnson, 7 Battery street
SWITZERLAND—Francis Berton,
U S OF COLOMBIA—F. Herrera
BOLIVIA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street
CALLAO—D. J. Williamson, 250 Brannan street.
COSTA RICA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street
GREECE—Geo. Fisher, 529 Montgomery street
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—C Baum, 519 Battery street
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN—G Muecke, 304 California street
TURKEY—Geo W Gibbs, 23 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending March 3, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Tuesday, February 25th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
A J Merrell to City and Co S F	Streets, highways, etc	$
Geary St Ex Hd to B F Chadborne	Lots 20, 22, blk 262	700
Hay Park Hd to D F Mullins	Lot 26 block 533	350
Pleasant View Hd Assn to J Harry	Lot 3 blk 75	128
B L Brandt to J R Treadwell	Lots 1471 1476 1472 Gift Map 2	300
Adolph Dumont to S G Beatty	E Mission n 15th, 60x110	300
A Austin to B L Brandt	Lt 1472 1474 1476 G R Map 2	1
M Cracke to Matthew Crooks	Nw Townsend ne 4th, etc	177
Ann E Cook to Maurice Dore	Ne cor Stevenson and 19th, 120x85, etc	1,250
H Wobler to Henry L Davis	Undivided 18 acres Rancho de la Merced	.
A H Blenak Jr to Abram Bloch	N Turk w Taylor, 65x137 6	12,000
Webster St Hd to M S Greenbaum	Lots 37 38 39	4,875
B L Brandt to J Greenbaum	Und 1 acres, Moore tract	600
Stephen T King to John Toole	Lot 14 blk 210, O N & Haley Tract	1
J G Bergner to Chris Grodhaus	W Fillmore to S Kate, 25x90	3,400
Geary St Ex H d to Mrs W J Bryan	Lot 12 blk 105 Outside Lands	350
Same to Joseph Bryan	Lot 15 same	350
Same to Ed F Bert	Lot 11 same	350
Mary Jane Boyle to M Ambrose	S Hill w Church, 25.11x114	400
Paul T Hd to J S Smith	Lot 7 blk 56	500
Henry Ho lo to B Lewis	Nw Boyd ne Chesley, 40x60	160
Wm Corcoran to Henry Rolin	Same	200
Jacob Robinson to Adam Menges	Se Tyler and Van Ness Ave, 109x120	20,000
R Savage to F Loelse	S Filbert w Montgomery, 34x60	350
J F Haycock to Margt A Haycock	W Hyde s Washington, 35x137 6	Gift
P L A Pioche to E McHeagan	Lot 40 blk 21, City Land Association	90
Thos McInerney to C Felsch	Lot 11 Precita Valley Lands	1,500

Wednesday, February 26th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
P L A Pioche et al to J Roland	Lot 8 block 26 of City Land Association	$ 90
Patrick Griffin to Margt McCarty	N Grove e Church, 27 6x65 9	1,500
Jane Wilsons to Jesse E Cobo	Se Park Lane ne 32, 22x97 6	6,250
Jacob Ott to City & County of S F	Streets, highways, etc	...
Wm Donphy to Charles L Weller	Sundry lots Tide Lands	10
W R McKee to La Bonna F McKee	Sw Shotwell and 22d, 96 6x122 6	Gift
Frank McCoppin to Peter Donahue	S 19th e Guerrero, etc	15,000
Web St Hd Ass'n to F Gonzendorfer	Lots 2 and 4	3,210
Same to Leopold Cahn	Lots 15 and 6	7,300
Same to A Cahn	Lot 1	1,800
Same to L Cahn	Lots 33 and 35	2,985
Same to A Cahn	Lots 16 and 21	3,725
Same to Lambert Cahn	Lots 22 and 24	4,650
Tide L Comrs to D S Hollingsworth	Lot 14 blk 18 Tide Lands	160
Roslna Devinee to Alex Hodge	S Randolph e Worcester, 50x100	130
Adam Bootz to Joseph Hahn	W Fair Oaks, 62 n 22d, 40x117 6	....
H M Hursey to Alice M Swain	S Francisco e Hyde, 35x137 6	1
James Regan to Richard Tobin	Rancho Canada de Guadalupe, etc.	'..
Richard Tobin to James Regan	Und ½ part of tract recorded 414 Doc 1	5
Patrick Wallace to T G Cockrill	S Day e Dolores, 50x114	600
Orsen B Adams to F F Darese	Ne Washington and Hyde, 32 6x87 6	1,550
C P Duane to E J Baldwin	Scott and Grove, 137 6x275	1
City Land Ass'n to C A M Grisch.	Lots 26 and 27 blk 12	180
M Berghofer to Conrad Berghofer	Stewart st Howard, 22.11x62 10, also Folsom sw 1st, 25x75; also, 33 e Perry, 25x75, also, Tehama w 1st, 80x25	Gift
Paul Tract H d to Mary Quinn	Lots 5 6 13 14 15 blk 62	2,600
Mission & 30th St Ex H to W Scott	Lot 2 blk 7	350
John McGrath to Wm B Swain	Sanchez and Vale 25 3x100	300
Wm Hayes to Red Men's Hall Ass	Post w Stockton, 50x137 6	33,000
Wm L Booker to Jas D Riddle	Montgomery n Commercial, 29 6x50	27,500
Geary St Ex H d to Anna Jewett	Lot 18 blk 262	350
Cath Seaver to Bridget Markey	Howard n 24th, 301x91 6	6,540
Sav and Loan Socy to L J Ewell	21st and Folsom, 125x122 6	11,500

Thursday, February 27th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Tide Land Comrs to W J Tinnin.	Lots 1 2 block 619, Tide Lands	$ 600
Same to same	Lots 7 8 blk 609 same	600
Same to same	Lots 15 16 17 519 same	500
Same to same	Lots 9 10 blk 509 same	500
M L Hunt to Thos Berry	E Steele, etc—portion M B 66	100
Thos Young to John B Woosler	N Geary 80 e Polk, subject to mortgage	18,500
S Ahrens to Thomas Young	Same, sold to a balance due	15,500
Bay View H d to A Blockman	Lots 5 6 10 11 blk 536	2,000
Paul Tract Hd to Herman Kaplan	Lots in blocks 48, 609, 625, 23	2,600
Same to Levy Kaplan	Lot 7 blk 47, lot 13 blk 22	1,000
G A Nelson to B M Hartshorne	Sundry lots in S S F Hd	750
Oliver Eldridge to B M Hartshorne	Lot 7 blk 519, Tide Lands	1,000
Geary St Ex Hd to Carl in M	Sundry lots in blks 165 and 166	4,900
Henry Mahan to J S Armstrong	Lot 28 blk 613 Pt Lob Ave Hd Ex Ass'n	500
John L Hunt to C G Hooker	E Valencia n 20th, 50x80	500
John McComb to John M English	Nw 20th and Shotwell, 95x122 5	1,000
Pierre Cornwall to R M Sherman	S Tyler e Fillmore, 137 6x137 6	100
John Rosenfeld to same	S Tyler w Webster, 137 1x137 6	10
W S Burkhalter to Joseph Smith	Sundry lots in Hayes Tract	1,500
Sav & Ln Soc to John G Kahlman	E Larkin n Sutter, 45x25	4,550
Minnie E Anthony to same	Same	4,664
A E C Tuttle to same	Same	7,000

Friday, February 28th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Univ'ty Ex Hd Assn to G Jewell	Lot 8 in block 80	$ 400
Palmer Hd Ass'n to J A Alexander	Lot 172 block 13	350
City & County S F to G W Frink	Outside Lands	prem
F A Tool to Contract & Fin Com	Lots 2 and 4 5 6 blk 15	1,062
Anna E Cook to John L Hunt	W Jessie n 13th, 25x80	100
T P Riordan to Rosena Riordan	W Carolina s Nevada, 35.4x100	695
B Frank Fisher to Kate Fisher	Lots 26 27 blk 43 City Land Ass'n	Gift
John Shirley et al to John S Hahn	Position blk 491 of Tide Lands	1
P A Commins to Hib Sav & L Soc	S Broadway e Jones, 70x10	..
John B Lewis to Wm Frank Ladd	Se Park Lane e 32, 22x97 6	885
H F W Hoffman to C H Reynolds	Subdiv sundry lots of Smoke Ranch	1
R Dillon to Wm Goldrick et al	S 24th w Sanchez, 51x114	1,000
J V Lawrence to Oriana Lawrence	W Mason n Pine, 23x62 6	
Hugh Whittell to Paul Rousselt	Outside Lands	619
Wm Bosworth to same	Outside Lands	285
John B Lewis to J B Haggin	S Everett w 33, 23x80	100
A J Show to Wm Lowry	E Franklin s Oak, 50x97 9	2,100
J L Averill to Georgia J Show	Same	2,000
M Henel H Averill to same	Sw Burrows and Oxford, 120x100	Gift
H Roseckrans to Geo W Frink	100-v lot 79	5
Webster St H Assn to S Rosenblatt	Lot 6 blk 414 Western Addition	1,530

Saturday, March 1st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Geo E Hall to Albert Schartz	Lots 1 and 2 blk 21 City Ld Association	$
Mary Herzo to John Herzo	Sundry lots throughout city	prem
Paul Tract Hd to J B Gorman	Lots No 1 and 2 blk 26	1,000
Eugene B Beck to M P Jones	Sundry properties in different parts city	4,000
Lydia M Carter to M J Pritchard	N Bush e Franklin, 25x100	35
M J Pritchard to Geo F Sharp	Same	5
Bay Pk Homestead to W W Holder	Lot 27 28 29 in blks 560 and 550	1,080
W W Holder to C P Benedict	Same	5
P J White to Michael Lynch	All right, title, int of Valencia to M B 38	900
Donald McMillan to George Miller	Subd 100-v 13 15; also subd 100-v 303	101
Isaac Harris to W B Bergner	N St Marks Pl w Dupont, 40x40	8,000
G J Show to J L Averill	E Franklin s Oak, 50x97 9	1
John B Duley to Wm Hollis	Sundry lots Potrero Nuevo	1,200
Webster St Hd Ass n to J B Coffee	Lot 17	1,552
Thos Pennington to John Kearny	Se Natoma ne 9th, 25x75	....

Monday, March 3d.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Geary St Ex Hd to Bridget Dunning	Lot 10 block 166	$ 350
Same to Mary Brawley	Lot 15 of same	350
Pt Lob Av & P H Ass'n to C R Stohr	Lot 14 blk 421	270
John Kavanah to David Kane	S Clay w Scott, 25x127 6	600
Henry McCrea to Peter G Partridge	100-v near old Presidio Road	2,000
Bay Park Hd to Andrew Karl	Lot 28 blk 551	360
Same to Wm Karl	Lot 32 blk 551	360
Sumner J Taylor to Fred Sohaus	N Austin e Franklin, 25x12	3,700
John Criddick to Ed Moran	Lot 6 blk 1 West End Hay No 1	300
Web St Ex H d Ass'n to P Osgood	Lot 14	1,570
Geo W Doherty to Michael Ryan	Se cor Pt Lob Ave and 23d Ave, 53.4x100	800
Felton Tract Hd to L Sylvester	Lots 6 and 7 blk 130	340
Chris Wegener to Wm Wegener	S Lombard e Hyde, 42x137 6	Gift
Nicholas Luning to Helene Witter	Se cor Powell and Sutter, 25x57	5
John Heffman to James Hayes	W Clinton s Brannan, 25x75	1,000
Perrin Sumner to Geo W Gibbs	Se Harrison and Main, 275x550	3,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending March 4, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
H Leonhardt to C H Brickwidel	Oakland 100x150 ne cor 7th and Brush	$4,300
E Bigelow to J W Jordan	Same 60x102 9 ne corner 15th and Clay, also 30x102 9 ne corner 16th and Clay.	3,500
T Wall to E P Sanford	Same N line 1st st 300 e from Washington thence e 50x100	1
M Curtis to A Brown	Same W line Curtis 150 s from 21st th 50x100	700
P Thomson to J P Canton	Same On Adeline and Union sts near 8th street	12,500
J Evoy to E E Moore	Same 4 acres cor Adeline street and San Pablo Road	8,500
L Aldrich to T Hardy	Same N line 15th 90 e from West street thence e 65x103 9	3,000
J Pritchard to A O'Brien	Same E line Linden 150 n from 28th th n 50x125	1,100
E Winetrout to M Malley	Same E Filbert 119 s from 5th thence s 25x125	725
E P Sanford to S McAnally	Same S line 18th 140 w from West st th w 50x103 9	700
E Villette to M Clark	Same S line 4th 150 e from Washington thence e 50x100	5
A Borel to M Clark	Same	5
E Bigelow to E T Rutherford	Same S line 16th 80 e from Clay thence e 30x103 9	1,300
J H Danzelmann to C Brickwidel	Same E line Henry 100 from R R Ave n 53.11x125	900
W G Hunt to J H Danzelmann	Same S line 8th st 75 e from Brush th e 75x100	480
E Bigelow to J Lawlor	Same 61 10x40 ne cor 8th and Campbell	730
J Larue to H Truett	East Oakland 150x140 n cor Monroe and Larue	6,000
J Trutz to L Tassaig	Same Ne line Quincy 125 se fm Broadway thence se 25x140	60
E L Hall to J E Steere	Same Se line Polk 125 ne from Adams thence ne 50x75	1
A Chabot to Con Costa Water Co	Same 25x140 w cor Alameda & Washington a eo, in Oakland, lot 20 Buena Vista Homestead	850
E Bigelow to W Berry	West Oakland 27x102 6 se corner Taylor and Wood	....
J Chester to Sav & Loan Society	Alameda Alameda Park property, less exceptions	1,000
P H'd Ass'n to A T Stacy	Same S line San Jose 850 e from Willows thence e 100x100	1
W S Thompson to V Cushing	Oakland and San Leandro Road n High street 10 acres	1,800
Con Costa Water to A Chabot	Oakland Tp Int in undiv mountain land	1
J D Farwell to W Bonteil	Brooklyn Tp 114x147 and 112x147 near Cordage Manufactory	500
C Johnson to A C Miller	6 miles east from San Jose 160 acres	500
A C Miller to H C Miller	Same	800
J A Neal to J H Nicolaisen	Pleasanton 50x125	125
C Kaminsl to J A Schwab	Same	1,100
E N Manning to C N Thaarsing	Lynn Lots 11 to 16 in block G	455
H L Fitch to Canton & Everett	Fitchburg Blks 13, 11, 32, 33, 38, 39, 40	20,000
P H McGrew to A To'lrath	Lynn Lots 50, 51 and 52	225

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro March 4.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKEAND, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. 8.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 18th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox. the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand Feet. Nov. 9. JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO, [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

Epileptic Religion.—A grave English physician has recently studied the origin of Mohammedanism in the light of modern medical and physiological science. Mohammed, it is well known, was subject to epileptic fits, often of great violence and intensity; and Dr. Howden, comparing the phenomena observed in many similar cases of the mental and physical results of the disease, arrives at a theory concerning Mohammed's visions and hallucinations, which does away with the shade of suspicion of his sincerity still remaining in the minds of scholars. The repetition of the epileptic shocks, he says, weakens the critical and skeptical powers of the mind, and gives a proportionate stimulus to the dreamily-imaginative tendencies, wherever these have previously manifested themselves in any sensible degree. Mohammed was undoubtedly sincere, but he was diseased in mind, and the millions of the Mussulman world are to this day blindly following the dreams of a madman. In all this there is, of course, nothing really new. There have been many forms of religious belief, to which the sober sense of mankind gave without hesitation the name of lunacy. All are familiar with the names of the Flagellants, the Anabaptists, the followers of Joanna Southcote, the Millerites and the Spiritualists. But these and their kindred forms of religious delusion were at once so partial and so transitory in their influence that they are only to be named as illustrations in considering the vast and long-enduring phenomenon of Mohammedanism. Epilepsy is not, in itself, religion; it would be rash to assume so much; but if we admit the force of Dr. Howden's reasoning, it is impossible to deny that, without the malady, there had been no Islam. Mohammed, in full possession of his powers, would never have been able to work out a system of religion that could have survived himself. The disease supplied just that ecstatic element, without which religion falls of its development and remains a mere philosophy. All action is said to be the result of fever. "Without phosphorus," says the German physicist, "no thought;" and may we not say, looking at the well-known facts in the case of Mohammed, without disease, no religion? An instance, much nearer our own times, is supplied by Mormonism, a real religion, created under our own eyes. Smith, hopelessly inferior in every way to Mohammed, is reported to have had trances; it is certain that he was a great drunkard. Now, it is well known to physicians that epilepsy only attacks those persons in whose brains certain chemical constituents are found in certain quantities; and alcoholic drunkenness, in peculiar constitutions, brings about effects almost identical with those of the epileptic spasm. Had Smith been of a higher order, there can be no doubt that he would have had impressed on it, from his constitution, the seal of a greater durability than, fortunately, is now possible. It would be interesting to inquire how far this theory of Dr. Howden, if accepted by Mussulman scholars, might lead them. The reverence, universal among them, for the life and teachings of Jesus, would undoubtedly prevent the application of this theory, even if otherwise acceptable, to his case. They might, with the Mohammedan intellectual resignation, content themselves with observing that God is great, and that no wisdom is equal to the belief in God, or, with the sagacity of Arab critical sense, they might suggest that if, as is quite probable, religion is a mere effect of epilepsy, incredulity and intellectual atrophy are but two names for the same condition.

The News Letter on the War Path.—The *News Letter* has always been a great admirer of that quality known as "business talent." We believe in getting money, and confess that good society is correct in deciding that it makes but little difference how it is got so long as there is plenty of it. The *News Letter's* arsenal device is a cash box, and its policy is to fill it as speedily as possible. But when we are anxious to fill our box we are willing that others should fill theirs. We say, "Live and let live." But always provided the others be our friends. There is no rule, ethical or dogmatic, that binds us to wink at the dishonest games of our enemies. Our friends are at liberty to steal everything they can lay their hands upon outside the *News Letter's* strong box, and that, we trust, is burglar-proof. But we warn our foes that they must be virtuous, or we shall be after them with a vengeful pen dipped in gall. This has ever been our policy, and the consequence is that the friends of the *News Letter* are rich and prosperous to a degree that appears little short of the miraculous, while our enemies have been slowly, but surely, crushed out and driven into a well-merited obscurity. At a hasty glance, this would seem to be a great triumph to ourselves as independent journalists. And so it has been to a certain extent. But like all victories, the cases are to be summed up with the rejoicings. And having done this we are not satisfied. The result has occurred which, from the first, might have been anticipated. Hundreds of speculators, seeing that there was no immunity from criticism, save in the friendship of the *News Letter*, have taken advantage of our amiable nature, of our kindness of heart and social tendencies, by inviting us to dine and to wine, and even by graceful and well-timed presents, until at last we find that all the rich rogues are our friends, and all the poor ones are in the penitentiary. We can't stand it, and we ask for a new deal. Only last week Mac[illegible], being about to enter upon some scheme,—enterprise is perhaps the better word,—sought to fix the hounds of his press by sending us a hundred dime cigars and a basket of [illegible] Clicquot in New Jersey bottles, or New Jersey wine in French bottles, we don't now remember which, with ten shares of the stock. This was on [illegible], but this morning we received notice of an assessment upon the stock of [illegible] advertised for sale in the *Alta*. We protest. We will no longer stand by anybody or anything. We are for a general break-up of all social arrangements. And we give fair warning that we have no friends. Our list of "exempts" has been wiped out and everything goes. Special negotiations each time and no old obligations to be binding. Let the rogues take warning, we are for blood.

True Triumphant.—"But banished—that one word banished, Hath slain ten thousand Tybalts."—*Romeo and Juliet.*

Poor Tib. Her day is done. She may sit on the wall of the back yard and cry meow, but the cock-a-doodle-do of the triumphant True inside will not be calculated to give her mind an altogether beatific state of feeling. We are not sorry for Tib, whom we do not suspect of being either a lady or a very good woman. They have done with her as they should have done, but we are indignant that the poultry man True should have been left unlooched. If he was unable to cope with and put down a few snarling cats without getting the Board of Education to cast them off, he should have been lifted by the nape of the neck, which is, we believe, the orthodox way of handling whelps, terriers, and curs—and put out of harm's way. The victories of the Lambs and Savages have been dispersed. Tib has been sent to grass and this noble animal is to be allowed to eat among the rats and calmly contemplate the havoc he has made in the Berlo happy family. Put him out, honored gentlemen. For gate the school house and give us a new deal. Not Food, for they say he is going to marry a rich butcher's daughter, and he should be content with the fruits of his father-in-law's cleaver. But some nice young man with a linen front and a *soupçon* of Jockey club. One who is up to snuff at and the mahogany as well as at the multiplication table. One who doesn't lick up his food dog fashion. One who is not redolent of a disagreeable necessity in the back yard. One who is not perpetually forking the young ladies to consider with him. One who has moral courage enough to make love to the fare nailing reporter of the *Post* at [illegible] present investigations. One who doesn't put it into tears when he undertakes to reprimand the impertinent young misses of the day. One with backbone enough to him to be taken for a man, and polish enough to be at least mistaken for a gentleman. One who knows more than the pupils, and who doesn't wander into the intricacies of French orthography unadvisedly. Give the school a Principal with a few of these qualifications, and leave Tibbey to make things lively in the domestic circle, and True to bay at the moon.

The Gannon Case.—The MacDermott imbroglio has occupied a good deal of our attention, and we had intended to give an opinion thereon, at length, in this week's *News Letter*; but while we recognize a precedent point to the matter (not by any means the better founded of that we are constrained to admit the great apparent truthfulness of the facts as far as [illegible]). We shall, therefore, delay any decided opinion of our judgment until our next issue, merely noting as a point of general interest that Messrs. Pixley and Campbell have been professionally retained by Miss Gannon.

The Priest and the "Heathen Chinee."

PRIEST.

John Chinaman, John Chinaman, what dost thou on our coast,
Where true religious ardor has ever been our boast?
Why growest thou thy pigtail, why worshipest thy Joss,
In a land wherein the Virgin's bust has always been the boss.

Poor heathen dog, we pity you, to hell your footsteps bent,
For none of you Celestials will convert worth a cent.
Avaunt, you wretched mongrels; return across the sea,
And don't fill up the places where good Catholics ought to be.

JOHN CHINAMAN.

Ah, melly good, ah, melly good, my honest Catholic plest,
I know we're little better than any common beast,
For we do grow our pigtails just where your tonsure's shaved—
We no compare with Catholics, them is too well behaved.

And we do worship Joss instead of Missie Marr
(She make a plettie idol, but Joss he plain and hairy),
But when me came out here, they tell me, country free,
So dear plead, Mister Pliest, you no muchy flighten me.

The Chinese Bugbear.—It might be supposed that a people so long before the eyes of men as the Chinese would have been pretty generally examined and studied; but the facts are curiously against such a supposition. A certain dread of these men seems to be natural to Europeans. Nothing else will explain the almost timid measures of precaution taken against Mongolians by the Australians as well as by ourselves. And yet there is nothing in the history of Chinese emigration to justify such a feeling. One or two conspiracies, indeed, they have plotted, such as that against the Rajah of Sarawak; but when we look at the extraordinary duration of the Chinese Empire, its high civilization and populousness at an age far antedating the earliest authentic records of European history, we are forced to the conclusion that the genius of the race is singularly averse to colonization. For six thousand years the Chinese have inhabited their vast country; during all that time they have traded with foreign countries; their merchant vessels and their war vessels have frequented the countless islands of the Eastern Archipelago, but among all those islands there is none subject to China; no Chinese colony has built up a state, to continue under another sky the traditions and the habit of China; and except on the mainland of Asia the traces of the Chinese blood are hardly perceptible among the many mingled races of that uttermost East. There is but one explanation of such a phenomenon. The Chinese leave their country only on compulsion, so to speak, and never take root away from home. They are found to-day all over the East, but always as a race apart, a people clannish and strange to the them even after years of residence with them, and nowhere a political power. Men [illegible] enough in [illegible] being overrun by the hordes of these men, but what [illegible] numbers? A few figures [illegible] in this matter. The white population of California, in 1860, numbered 323,177. The Chinese in the State in the same year were 34,935. In 1870 the white population had increased to 499,424, and the Chinese to 49,310. The white population shows an increase of 54 per cent. in the ten years, and the Chinese of a little over 41 per cent. These simple facts are all the more eloquent when we remember that the facilities for intercourse between the two continents have been decidedly increased during the ten years in question, and we respectfully commend the result of our investigation to the study of those who now look forward with dismay to the prospect of wearing pigtails and eating their rice with chopsticks in the year 1890.

Straining at a Gnat and Swallowing a Camel.—The hypocritical puddingheads who pretend to befriend dumb animals, who won't let a man twist a stubborn calf's tail, and who pursue with all the vengeance in their power those who are fond of a little "chicken dispute," seem to totally overlook the fact that in our markets and in our streets chickens are treated infinitely more cruelly than they ever are in a "cock pit." The poor birds have to die for hours and sometimes days, bound together with their legs tied in such a manner that intense pain must be suffered by them. And then, again, who has not seen the "Heathen Chinee" carrying the wretched fowls, often for miles, suspended by their legs. Why don't these fellows who make their few cents dollars out of a pretence to be humane see to this. We hold that it is far more cruel to carry a chicken for half an hour or an hour with its head hanging down and its legs cut with a light cord than it is to let them stand up and pit one have a fair fight. Then, at least, they have the option of backing out when they please, and if only using their own spurs, they do only in the heat of their own inclination and the heat of the battle. We fancy, too, that a visit to the dog pound, where the barbarous Mexicans are clubbing them to death, might interest some of these humane humbugs.

Governor Booth.—Last week we rendered to this gentleman his just due of praise for the appointment of an honest man to be State Harbor Commissioner. The man whom we consider an honest man is Lewis Cutter, and he is [illegible] of it. Then it was felt the nomination of Lewis Cunningham, now it is felt that of Samuel Soule. Captain Soule was the author of the best creating this office, and could to have been appointed at that time, which was two years ago. And, indeed, it would have been well for the State had this been done. But it was not, and ten afterwards the politicians were too strong in the Convention and Legislature for honest men to have much, if any chance, and the State has been from that day selling wharves and going to the bad generally. From party, it has gradually gone on until the harbor was so far gone as to be no longer endurable, and so the appointment has reached to be [illegible] Boards, and this is the result. A thorough reorganization of the Board with the selection of capable men in place. Gov. Booth, we are much obliged to you. You deserve well of the State, and when an opportunity presents, we think people propose to evince our gratitude in some very substantial manner. In the same way and we will think it over, and let you know next December.

The Three Old Men "of Europe."—It is a good thing to have convictions, but a man must have rather a hard time in looking back on a life filled with one purpose. Not worth less, it really seems at times as if there were not enough to be considered. Take Europe to-day, for example. There are three parties who attract the gaze of all: the Pope, the Emperor of Germany, and M. Thiers. The last shall be first. There is, without the shadow of a doubt, far greater than the others, if for nothing else, for this reason: that there is behind him a tradition, a right of succession of the Holy Roman Empire. He is what he is, an old man with the sap and vital strength and vigor of a young man. The Pope and the Emperor are [illegible] old [illegible] circle. "Non possumus." They cannot change from what they were. Things do not change, perhaps, from himself of old days, but he seems to change. If there is a conflict in France it is between the old world theory, advocated by somebody else, and the possible theory of to-day, advocated by Thiers. [illegible] and Thiers. I am are unquestionably men of conviction. As compared with them Thiers has no convictions, but he has eyes, and he looks before and after. Old age should be wiser than itself, if it would be healthy."

The California Placard Exchange and the Ladies.—We can well understand how the word "Exchange" bears with it a meaning that closes its doors to the fair sex. Such, however, is by no means the intent of object of this new California institution. On the contrary, one branch of its utility is to afford ladies an opportunity of finding that which it costs them in general much time and trouble to discover, as, for example, a suitable house, or information on various points of domestic economy, which only a lady either desires or can appreciate. It is this concentration of intelligence which forms the true value of the California Placard Exchange. If a lady wishes to know of the arrival or departure of trains or steamboats or other means of transit, or should she seek investment for her money, insurance or other property, or the facilities of general statement knowledge of the industry of our State, in fact there is hardly a point of knowledge within the province of woman, she will find at the C. P. E.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

The Dog in Health and Disease. By Stonehenge. New Ed. 8vo, cloth.

Genesis, or the First Book of Moses, with a Commentary. By Rev. E. H. Browne. 8vo, cloth.

Recent Discussions in Science, Philosophy and Morals. By Herbert Spencer. 12mo, cloth.

Thirty Years in the Harem, or the Autobiography of Melek-Hanum. 12mo, cl.

Heel and Saddle. By Gen'l J. W. Revere. 12mo, cloth.

Wonders of Sculpture. By Louis Viardot. 12mo, cloth.

The Drawing Room Stage. By Geo. M. Baker. 12mo, cloth.

The Mother's Work with Sick Children. By Prof. J. B. Fonssagrives. 12mo, cloth.

The Home, where it should Be and What to Put In It. By F. & M. Stockton. 16mo, cl.

The Tribune Almanac for 1873. 16mo, paper.

Philip Earnscliffe. A Novel. By Mrs. Annie Edwards. 8vo, paper.

An Open Question. A Novel. By J. DeMille. 8vo, paper.

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E. P. HEALD, President Business College, Aug. 1. San Francisco.

PETER SHORT, Merchant Tailor, 113 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

DR. ABORN, Residence and office, 213 Geary street, bet. Stockton and Powell, opposite Union Square. March 1.

THOMAS TURNBULL, Architect, Shiels' Block, No. 638 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS, Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of [illegible] gomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 30.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

Usually we are in the habit of taking a constitutional cocktail in the morning as an appetizer for breakfast; several before lunch to settle our journalistic stomachs, and others innumerable before and after dinner to aid digestion. If there is anything we hate, next to Fitch and Pickering, it is dyspepsia. We have indulged in these libations, believing in common with many others that medical testimony was in favor of drinking early and drinking late, and often, being analagous to Tweed's advice to his retainers on election day. We grieve to learn that we have been laboring under a popular delusion. One hundred physicians of Montreal have signed a manifesto in which they declare, among other things, "that total abstinence from intoxicating liquors, whether fermented or distilled, is consistent with and conducive to the highest degree of physical and mental health and vigor." And now forever, farewell cocktails. It is our duty to swear off, and swear off it is! We would not injure our physical and mental health for all the cocktails in the world.

No Sooner have we got Nicely over our Industrial School Rows, than up crops another case, that of the Deaf and Dumb Asylum. Complaints are made as to food, clothing, etc., and also of indelicate conduct on the part of the Principal's brother, in kissing a blind girl, who didn't seem to see it. Certainly we excel in California, if in nothing else, in the way we manage our public institutions, no corruption exists, and the principals are always chosen for their intrinsic worth, and not because they are related to so and so, or aided so and so's election. The utmost purity of principle and benevolence of character are the inseparable attributes of our public teachers, asylum governors, etc.; and then for the ungrateful recipients of all these little attentions and kindness to turn round upon them is too bad, and shows what base ingratitude there is in this vale of tears.

Having Read in the Dailies that the storage of combustible materials in the heart of the city was prohibited by the Mayor, the *T. C.* has, much to his chagrin, but much to the relief of his sensitive conscience, been forced to destroy a keg of old rye he had sent as a Christmas present. He felt the more grieved because he had only used a quarter of it. On New Year's Day he gave a little party and invited many dear and true friends, creditors of his, to help him with his opportune present. One only of that happy party now lives, and he is the penner of these sad lines. A friend of the *T. C.'s* borrowed about a pint of that whisky to try experiments in giant gunpowder making. One false tooth alone was left to tell the tale. That whisky was bought on Pacific street and given to the *T. C.* by an old and esteemed friend, since dead.

We are a Mere Handful of Forty Millions of People. Our territory comprises only the few acres of land lying between the two great oceans. Our [illegible] are small in proportion with our territory and population. And yet with these few resources, with a courage truly invincible and a fortitude truly admirable, we have held at bay for more than two months a vast Indian army of thirty warriors, with a sick chief at their head. Twice have we brought them almost to a surrender, and once we have gone into the heart of the enemy's country with a flag of truce, and still the war continues. What is to be done with these sanguinary people? Shall we surrender to them, or shall we offer Goat Island as a compromise? We incline to the latter, as two vexed questions would be settled at once.

St. Louis would be a good place for Stebbins or Stone to be called to. It is a godly city, and very liberal are the God-fearing Christians. Last Sabbath the pastor of Christ Church announced that the debt was $40,000, and unless $10,000 were subscribed instanter, he would take up his bed and walk. The threat went through the congregation like a dose of salts. Then he went down the aisles, and $40,546 was subscribed. Show us another such generous congregation, and we'll show you another pack of dead fools. How happy would Stebbins be if he could so operate on his Christians. But San Francisco Christian people don't scare worth a cent. If Stone or Stebbins were to seriously threaten to depart for pastures new, the majority would say, let 'em go.

The Spotted Fever has knocked spots out of Tehama youngsters, and people with large and troublesome families would do well to take a trip there *en famille*. The much-mooted question as to Our Boys is at last solved. Send them all to Tehama. As most of the victims of the epidemic are of tender age, it would be reasonable to suppose that some of them, at least, have been promoted to cherubims; but we fear the number is small and the heavenly choir not benefited much, or, perhaps, what few got there are able to whistle "Won't you tell me, Molly darling," etc., then, indeed, a boon would be conferred upon the hosts above.

The Reporters of the morning papers have been discovered at odd hours and in odd places, gesticulating in the most violent and extraordinary manner at nothing apparently talking. A course of quiet espionage deduced the fact that they were practicing the deaf and dumb alphabet previous to interviewing the inmates of that asylum. We trust that Professor Wilkinson will have further to defend his little institution against [illegible] until we have had an investigation, for an investigation we must have. It has become to us as the air we breathe, nay, more, it has become the leading news of our morning papers.

We are not Fond of Rattlesnakes, rather dislike tarantulas in our boots, and would have an aversion to a bed bug. We do not like drinking after a man suffering from scrofula, nor are we fond of scrutinizing too closely the barrel of a loaded six-shooter, with a finger on the trigger. But all these are little pleasant joys when compared to what occurred to the *Town Crier* the other day; he got into a car nearly filled with Chinamen, who had just come from a small-pox ship, that was bad; but when he saw Pickering sitting in one corner, too, it was too much for him; he bolted.

People Out West are getting to be very particular. The blue laws of Connecticut are being revived in Missouri, where it has been enacted that to go into a church having a six-shooter strapped to the thigh, or a bowie-knife hitched to the belt, is a misdemeanor! Have we any personal liberty left? Have we a Constitution left? Have we a *habeas corpus*? Have we *anything* left? Shall we be bound hand and foot in church, and nowhere else? There is no telling to what base uses we may come should such unfriendly legislation catch!

They Have a Great Curiosity in that wonder of fast cities, Chicago. One of the leading politicians, by the name of Holden, has actually declined a lucrative office. We have been puzzling our brain to find Holden's prototype in San Francisco, but without success. Barnum ought to secure Holden for a season; he would soon make up all his losses by fire during the past ten years, and be beholden to nobody but Holden.

Governor Sprague lives in a house of sixty rooms, near Newport, Rhode Island, and has a line of telegraph wire from one of these rooms to New York, London, Bombay and Canton. The use of this telegraph is to inform those cities that there is such a place as Rhode Island, and that Governor Sprague keeps it in his cellar.

St. Patrick's Day is going to be generally observed this year all over the country. Anticipating the demand, all the distilleries are running full-handed, and no fears need be entertained of the supply being short. Let the Knights of St. Patrick rejoice.

We Picked Up the following little note in the street. Somebody, the schoolmaster, or somebody else, had been abroad:

SAN FRANCISCO, February 24th. Miss G. Please excuse Emma from being absent from school yester because did [illegible] sick. Yours truly, [illegible].

There are Thirty-one Lawyers in the Missouri House of Representatives, four editors, and eleven doctors. God save that commonwealth say we, piously.

BOILED DOWN JUICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PRESS.

Chronicle.—"There is no reason in the world why our export trade to England should consist solely of wheat, while we could supply her with flour, tea, barley, oats, hides, wool, hops, whale oil, butter, cheese, flax, hemp, rice, wine, brandy, sugar, tallow, and lumber. Our future trade with England must be worth more to us than that of all the world besides."—"A balloon anchored at a certain height will afford an easy and perhaps reliable way of studying the physical geography of our shore and inland water bottoms."—"It was once an honor to be a member of Congress, it is now a money-making question."—"We congratulate the people that they have been spared the horrors, inhumanities, and costs of an unnecessary war, and one which we considered unjust from the beginning."—"The disgraceful condition of Louisiana political affairs has lasted too long; let the President put an end to it."—"Without in any manner indorsing Mr. True, we commend the action of the Board in indefinitely suspending Miss Tibbey."

Bulletin.—"That the States East of the Rocky Mountains and North of Kentucky should have received the majority of the 400,000 immigrants who landed in America last year, is very largely owing to all these States having, or having had, Immigration Aid Societies and other means of directly influencing immigration. California has none."—"The condition of Mexico to-day is but little removed from a war of races. A heedless, discontented population, cherishing the spirit of caste, can never make a prosperous country."—"Upon the result of the local contest in San Francisco will depend largely the character of the next State Legislature and the choice of a Senator."—"The Harbor Commission is now well established, and we anticipate substantial reforms."—"With all the drawbacks of a late and rainy season, those who remember the dry seasons say—let it rain."

Alta.—"Our Government needs a naval station on the North Pacific, and Hawaii presents the best facilities for such."—"The President's recommendation of a currency of fixed value, means a return to specie payment, and is a rebuke to those wild financiers who imagine that this coast has been injured by the exclusion of fluctuating greenbacks."—"That christendom will finally arrive at peace we have no doubt."—"We need half a dozen swift cruisers and two navy yards."—"The Oaklanders are jubilant because a survey of San Antonio Creek has been ordered, but the real work is not a survey, but to report a plan for an artificial harbor and the cost of construction."—"The French Government would do itself much credit by turning Algeria loose, but we presume the folly will continue."

Examiner.—"On account of Chinamen, the bone and sinew of the world avoid California, just as the whites are fleeing the negro States of the South with its created 'poor white trash.'"—"The carpet-baggers in Congress stand each three feet higher in his socks since the Credit Mobilier exposé, and the most obscure nods patronizingly at Dawes, curls his lips at Garfield, and looks disdainfully at Kelly."—"A little leaven, beneath the whole lump, and who knows how much good one such man as Stephens may do in Congress!"—"It is just as true to-day as it ever was, that trial by jury is the palladium of the liberties of the citizen; what we want is a reformation in selection, and a more reasonable interpretation of the law."

Call.—"The inhabitants of California have little fear that our railroads will go into the hands of more exacting parties than those now holding them."—"The President's Message is a plain, common sense document, and does him much credit."—"No one acquainted with the difficulties to be overcome—plotting without and discord within, a reluctant people, an impoverished treasury, and an army of doubtful loyalty—has complete faith in the long continuance of the Spanish Republic."—"The property is this year assessed at $636,000,000, and placing our population at 560,247, this will give to each person the sum of $1,135."

Sacramento Record.—"The wreck of the *Patrician* is one of the most extraordinary events of the day."—"San Francisco, the natural and jealous enemy of Folsom power."—"Facts prove that an amount of attention [illegible] directed to California, coupled with a definite purpose of moving hither, greatly in excess of anything that has been known since the 'early days' of gold mining."—"What shall we do with our boys?"—"Calm to reflect, slow to act, cool to judge, free from partisan bias; and impressed with a desire to do only those things that will enable the people to turn their own way and turn to account their own resources, that is in our judgment the best kind of a President for the era and the nation."

Sacramento Union.—"Congress is not to be trusted. Those who voted in defense of the Credit Mobilier scoundrels should be tabooed by the people as political pariahs."—"There are three objections to the San Joaquin Canal Bill. It gives the lie to the declared policy of the country against further grants of public lands to private corporations. It will destroy or injure the navigation of the river; it is a scheme to monopolize all the waters of the valley, and tax the small farmers forever for their use."—"The practice of re-imbursing stolen public moneys from the public Treasury is bad, and will tend to increase the number of embezzlements by employés."

Los Angeles Star.—Speaking of the *Express*: "Filthy sheet," "low, dirty, contemptible, personal flings spewed out by the herd of scapegraces who infest that office," "rascals," "tepid quotations," "editorial column of slew-pot hash, dished up by African Hottentot," "Evening Swindle," "abortion," "vile handbill," "bread om organ," "mulish, windy intestine" (!), etc. Liberty of the press, by all means.

Stockton Independent.—"The people of Stockton never had a better opportunity to aid in the construction of a railroad to connect this place with the south portion of the valley than the present."—"San Francisco has triumphed over her unprincipled enemies, who were charged with attempting to build up a rival city upon an island within her boundaries."

San Diego World.—"If a continuance of the hard coin *regime* suits the people in the upper end of the State, it is eminently distasteful to us. We are part of a separate scheme of development, and it would benefit us immensely to be freed from any further connection with a system which repels settlement and discourages investment."

Marysville Appeal.—"The Modoc Treaty is a burlesque on the commonest [illegible], and the compromise of the Oakland Water Front, by which one-half was given to Carpentier and Felton took the other for his fee, is the nearest one-sided parallel."

Arizona Miner.—"Citizens of territories pay taxes, are subject to all duties, yet for all this they are compelled to put up with such officials as Congress sees fit to foist upon them. Surely it is time that this monarchical should give place to the elective system."

Oakland Transcript.—"If the harbor is surveyed—and there is no doubt now but that it will be—Congress will make an appropriation at the next session for dredging the bar, and the future of our city is established beyond a peradventure."

Virginia Chronicle, Nevada.—"The addition of the Sandwich Islands to our domain would not only prove of incalculable benefit to the Pacific Coast, and San Francisco in particular, but the entire nation would participate in the general good."

Vallejo Chronicle.—"We hold personalities in journalistic controversies contemptible, but we think the public have the same right to know the name of the conductor of a paper as to know the author of any particular statement circulated in society."

Courrier de San Francisco.—"We consider that England has absolutely nothing to oppose to the imperturbable advance of the great Northern Bear, and will have to put a good face on a bad matter."

Napa Reporter.—"Let us pay less attention to a useless quarrel with railroad monopolies, and labor for the establishment of woolen mills."

Oakland News.—"The patronizing manner in which the *Bulletin* talks about Oakland is so [illegible] cal, yet it is [illegible] ly impudent."

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CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT

TO THE

NEWS-LETTER

Delivered immediately on the arrival of the mails in New York, Liverpool, London, Paris, Hamburg, Frankfort, Berlin, Suez, Alexandria, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Melbourne, Auckland, Sydney and Islands of the Pacific Ocean.

[Established July 20, 1856.]

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MARCH 8, 1873. No. 6.

BIZ.

Our Merchandise Markets do not loom up as we could desire. Import trade is rather languid for the season. The wholesale jobbery of Groceries, Dry Goods, etc., are engaged doing a moderate degree of business, and hope when the Spring trade opens to have a large interior traffic. There is no complaining on our streets of dull times or Money scarcity among regular merchants or traders. And another bountiful year of good crops, like that of the past, will greatly enrich the masses of the people.

The Most Interesting Feature of the week is the new programme of the Sugar Refiners. The Bay, the California, and the San Francisco and Pacific have all combined in harmony together, and have agreed upon a uniform price schedule for the season. The rates of Sugar have been advanced ⅛c. on Yellow Coffees, and 1@1⅛c. per pound on all White Refined. The price of Golden Syrup has also been marked up ten cents per gallon. This new tariff in rates does not apply to the overland trade east of Evanston; special rates of Sugar and Syrup will be made for the encouragement of Eastern traders to come to the Pacific for supplies. Prices are thus: Cube, Crushed, and fine Crushed, each 12¾c; Powdered, 12¾c; Dry Granulated, 12c; Granulated, 11⅞c; Golden "C," 10c. In future no extra Golden "C" to be made—all to be of one uniform grade. Syrup, in kegs, 50c; half bbls, 45c; bbls, 42½c.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Great Republic, twenty days from Panama and way ports, arrived here on the morning of the 6th inst., having in tow the disabled steamer Idaho, 35 days from Panama, etc. The Great Republic made connections with ten different steamers, and the cargo by her and the Idaho embraced a large list of general merchandise from New York and England, including 1,228 bags Coffee from Central American ports. It was expected that these steamers would have brought up at least 5,000 bags new crop Coffee. The disappointment is great, and for want of needed supplies prices are very firm.

The Steamship Moses Taylor, of Webb's Australian line, has arrived and departed during the current week, having had commendable dispatch. She arrived here early on the morning of the 2d inst. with passengers and Government mails from New Zealand and Honolulu, including 925 bales Colonial Wools in transit for the East by rail, after being compressed. The Dakota went from here to Auckland via Honolulu in 25 days. The Moses Taylor made the round trip from here to Honolulu and return in 25 days, and sailed again to the Islands on the morning of the 6th instant with the London mails for New Zealand and a goodly number of passengers and much cargo. The steamship Nevada is undergoing extensive repairs, expecting to sail early in April.

Freights show a declining tendency; the latest engagements to a direct port, £4 for Wheat, to the United Kingdom. To Cork, for orders, £4 5s. There is a strong disposition shown by parties interested to keep up freights to about present rates. Of course there is not the same urgent demand for vessels as in months past, nor is there many disengaged vessels here or to arrive—most of them come here under engagement, and some that are not—will prefer to hold over for the new crop, rather than accept a Wheat charter below £4.

Flour to China.—We have now two vessels on the Hongkong berth loading Flour—one in R. B. Irwin & Co.'s line, and the other in the Macondray's. The former to Oliphant & Co., and the latter to Russell & Co., of Hongkong. Freight on Flour, $8 per ton. The exports for the past week have been as follows: Japan for China carried 6,747 bbls Flour, 60 ctls Barley, 73 pkgs Ginseng, etc., valued at $8,125; same for Japan had 934 bbls Flour, 86 rolls Leather, 296 ctls Oats, 125 doz Brooms, etc., valued at $53,466. Ada Iredale for Cork had 34,910 ctls Wheat, valued at $70,000. Dartmouth for Queenstown carried 24,538 ctls Wheat, valued at $51,585. Bonlic for Falmouth had 15,799 ctls Wheat, valued at $28,000. Sea Witch for Liverpool had 40,710 ctls Wheat, valued at $77,842. Carioca for Queenstown carried 24,031 ctls Wheat, valued at $50,000. Malay for Hongkong carried 7,748 bbls Flour, 100 sks Beans, 60,000 feet Lumber, etc., valued at $45,301. Percy Edward for Punta Arenas had 1,000 bbls Flour, valued at $5,750. Moses Taylor for Honolulu carried 000 sks Bran, 750 bbls Flour, 141 ctls Oats, 170 sks Potatoes, Provisions, etc., valued at $32,723. Margaret Crockard for Tahiti had 50 bbls Flour, 180,000 ft Lumber, 201 ctls Wheat, etc., valued at $3,414. California for Mexican Ports had 20,821 lbs Coffee, 115 flasks Quicksilver, 172 sks Potatoes, 25,791 lbs Sugar, Machinery, etc., valued at $47,366. Moses Taylor for Australia had 5 flasks Quicksilver, 160 pkgs Salmon, etc., valued at $1,543. Prince Alfred for Victoria carried 496 ctls Barley, 20 bbls Flour, 67,946 lbs Rice, 29,226 lbs Sugar, etc., valued at $23,522.

Our Grain Fleet to the United Kingdom for eight months of the current harvest year, including Oregon, approximates 290 vessels. That from this port

	Wheat. Ctls.	Value.
Since July 1st, 1872.....271 vessels*	7,811,592	13,990,758
81 vessels since July 1, 1871, with	1,035,187	2,518,610
110 vessels since July 1, 1870, with	3,231,450	6,311,548
146 vessels since July 1, 1869, with	4,010,891	6,872,614

*Also 5,000 bbls Flour. The export trade is exclusive of large shipments of Flour to China, Central America and other parts. Our aggregate shipments of Breadstuff for the period under review was 500,000 tons.

Wheat to the United Kingdom.—At this writing we have a fleet of twenty-eight vessels on the Liverpool berth. These vessels have a registered tonnage of 27,145 tons, and will have dispatch. Of the large number of ships engaged in this trade the present season, there have been a few losses at sea, but the total of disasters will not as yet aggregate 2½ per cent. of the whole.

Our Flour Market is well sustained. Extra brands at $5 50@5 75; Extra Superfine at $5 25; standard Superfine at $5, common brands for shipment at $4 25@4 75 ℔ 196 lbs. Wheat shippers pay $1 75@1 80; some holders demand $1 85 and even higher for extra choice lots. Barley is more firm, by reason of a speculative movement, with some probability of a New Zealand demand, price, $1 25@1 35 per cental. Oats are steady at $2@2 25. Rye Flour—We note a sale of 500 barrels Vallejo Starr Mills for Siberia Russian Possessions, to go via Japan.

Import Markets.—There is little doing in English Grain Bags; prices nominal at 15@15½c. Wool Sacks, 65@70c. Chemicals are quiet. Metals are languid, except Pig Iron, which is now held at $60. Quicksilver rules at 92½c. Rice is held with a good degree of firmness. It is gratifying to remark an improved demand for French Goods. Without giving special details of sales, we remark large transactions in Port and Sherry Wines, also, in cask Claret (color Wines). The two former sell in invoice parcels to the trade at 95@1 05, Bordeaux cargo Claret, $12@15. Olive Oil's are very weak, Pogolol at $4 .5 for quarts, $5 50 for pints. Possell $4 90 and 5 50 for quarts and pints respectively. Castile Soap is held at 10½@11½c, according to brand and condition. We note sales of 200 cs Sardines at $2 50 for quarter and $4 12½ for half boxes.

Teas.—One or two of our leading importers have gone East, with a view of extending the trade of their respective houses where it is not, and doing what they can to develop a direct trade with the cities on the other side of the continent. It is to be sincerely hoped that their efforts may be crowned with full success. These gentlemen have had large experience here and in China, and it is to be hoped that good may result from their trip across the continent. At present we have little of special interest to remark. Our stocks of Teas, both Black and Green, are much reduced, and we are in the best possible condition for the new crop.

Coal.—Late advices from Newcastle, N. S. W., by steamer, are not encouraging for free shipments to this port. Some vessels under charter and partly loaded for this port having experienced much difficulty in procuring cargo by reason of strikes among the colliers, have had their charters canceled, and loaded Wheat for the United Kingdom. The Niagara, with 1,760 tons Australian, has arrived, and the market is slack, dealers seemingly well stocked. A week since we alluded to the reduction in price of coast Coals. Bellingham Bay to $1 50. Coos Bay and Seattle are now down to $11. California Mount Diablo, which is more generally used here for steam purposes, on land and coasters, than any other description, we quote at $6 50@8 50 for coarse and fine respectively. Nanaimo is in good supply, but the product of this mine, situate in British Columbia, is all provided for prior to arrival. The last invoice, sales of which we have any knowledge, were for Lehigh at $14 25; Cumberland, $19@21. We quote English Steam, $14@15 and Cannell, $14@16 for cargo parcels. The 1,900 tons Steam, ex Cameo, sold private.

Inscription, Blazoned Round the Banqueting Hall of Knebworth (Lord Lytton's seat):

Read the Rede of this Old Roof Tree.
Here be trust fast. Opinion free.
Knightly Right Hand. Christian knee.
Worth in all. Wit in some.
Laughter open. Slander dumb.

Hearth where rooted Friendships go,
Safe as altar even to foe.
And the sparks that upwards go
When the hearth flame dies below,
If thy sap in them may be,
Fear no winter, Old Roof Tree.

Local Dottings.—The building at the southwest corner of Montgomery and Clay, occupied by Martin & Horton and others, is to be pulled down, and a handsome solid brick structure raised in its place.——Two Frenchmen were arrested on Wednesday for begging on the streets.——The *Moses Taylor* steamed for Honolulu on Wednesday.——The *Barnacle* says Moreland M. Sorts, a collector, has made a bolt of it, and let a good many people in for sums varying from fifty to a thousand dollars.——The Tibbey and True row has been settled at last. Both were reprimanded, and the lady's services dispensed with.——The yarn about a shark in the harbor turns out untrue. Bathers rejoice.——Stocks have had a downward tendency all the week.——A Market street watchmaker has been arrested for receiving stolen goods.——A certain John Wilkins, formerly in the employ of the Occidental, fired two shots at the man that took his place there, William H. Anderson. Neither shot took effect, and he was immediately arrested and charged with assault to murder.——The Pioneer Coursing came off at Modesto on Wednesday.——Messrs. M. and N., two young swells in their way, one a blonde the other dark, sent down to the bank to inquire if their names were not down on Latham's list for his party, and if not, why? They were occupied playing billiards at Oakland through that night, and entirely forgot the ball. Unfortunate! These are the heroes of the Marchand woman scrape.——A stay of proceedings has been granted in the case of Charles A. Russell, sentenced to be hung on the 21st instant, pending the argument of the motion for a new trial.——B. P. Avery delivered a lecture on Thursday, at the Corinthian Hall, on "Art and Its Uses."

Telegraphic News in the Dailies.—It is surprising to notice what a heap of stuff and idle matter is transmitted as news by the telegraph. Every reader of some of our daily newspapers must surely see the very small amount of wheat—the large amount of chaff—so many items of little or no local interest and to which the general reader attaches no import whatever, are rushed over the lines, and take up space to the exclusion of valuable matter. The bare rumor regarding some silly affair is published one day as facts and contradicted the next. The tweedle and twaddle of prominent persons is retailed, and a foolish prominence is given to incidents of no account whatever; collect all this trash together, and ascertain the aggregate cost of such stuff, and you would make volumes of expensive bosh. What seems to be lacking, is either brain or taste; if they would give us facts instead of rumors, their journals would be more readable and the public better informed. A hungry soldier likes to sit down to a good slice of roast beef, and a sailor who wants a broadside to tell at long range, does not load his twenty-four pounder with buck shot.

DAILY READER.

P. S.—We don't wish to "Call" or "Chronicle" any particular daily.

Where Napoleon III. was Born.—In almost all the newspaper biographies of the late Emperor of the French, it is said that he was born at the Tuileries. The ordinary tradition is, that of all the numerous progeny of the Bonapartes, the Emperor Napoleon III. and the King of Rome were the only two born in the Tuileries. The son of Napoleon I., it is true, was born there, but Louis Napoleon was born in the Rue Cerutti (Lafitte). He himself is the writer of this article's authority for the fact, and it ought to be made known before the error has become historically established.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR

The Special and Authorised Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO

NEWS-LETTER

AND

California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1873. No. 7.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California Chino Mail, California Mail Bag. South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—SILVER BARS—1¼@1¾ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 87@88c. Mexican Dollars, 5@7c.

☞ Exchange on N. York, 6-10 per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 13¾ per cent. On London, Bankers 49@49½; Commercial 49⅛@49¼; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1⅛.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, March 14, at 3 P. M., 114⅞@115. Latest price of Sterling, 107¾@108.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. March 14, 1873

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862-1868	[illegible]	[illegible]	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	120	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1861	[illegible]	[illegible]	Oakland Gas	102	—
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 186[illegible]	[illegible]	101½	Spring Valley Water Co.	84½	85
Legal Tender Notes	87⅞	88¼	Omnibus Railroad Company.	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, [illegible]	[illegible]	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	50	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds 6s, [illegible]	95	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	-	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Firemen's Fund Insur'nce Co	70	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds 6s	7[illegible]		California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, [illegible]	92	93	Union Insurance Co	87	88
Santa Clara Bonds, [illegible]	93	—	Pacific Bank	97	97½
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	120	123
San Francisco Gas Company	70	—	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	110

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets

Latest from the Merchants' Exchange.

NEW YORK, March 14—Gold opened at 115, 11 A. M. at 114⅞; 3 P. M. at 115. U. S. Bonds—Five-twenties of '62, 115⅛, 1867, 116. Sterling Exchange, 107¾@108¼. Pacific Mail, 57. Quicksilver Mining Company, 44. Wheat, $1 90@$2 10. Pork, quiet, 16. Cotton, 19¾. Hides, quiet, dry, 24½@25; salted, 12c., quiet. Oil—Sperm, steady, $1 55@$1 57; Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 77, quiet; Whale, weak, 67@70c.; Winter Bleached, 73@75c., quiet. Wool—dull Spring, fine, 35@45c.; Burry, 28@32c.; Pulled, 50@60c. Fall Clips, 28@33c.; Burry, 18@25c.

LONDON, March 14.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s. 7d.@11s. 9d. Club, 12s. 3d.@12s. 4d. United States Bonds, 90⅛. Consols, 92⅛@92⅜. Account, 92⅛@92¼.

Earnings of the Central Pacific Railroad of California.—We call the special attention of capitalists at home and abroad to the table of earnings and expenses of the Central Pacific Railroad, published in another column of this paper. An income of FIVE MILLION DOLLARS, net earnings in two years, of which over $3,000,000 was obtained in 1872, is probably the most remarkable showing ever exhibited by any railroad company that has been completed less than four years. The earnings of the Central Pacific last year amount to a larger sum than the entire annual revenue of the United States Government fifty years ago.

There was another flattening of mining values in the Stock Board this morning. Compared with the prices yesterday noon, Consolidated Virginia and Hale & Norcross declined $5, Segregated Belcher and Savage each $3, Ophir $4, Belcher, Crown Point, Chollar-Potosi, Overman and Yellow Jacket each $2, Exchequer $1 50, Alpha, Caledonia, Gould & Curry, Justice and Sierra Nevada each $1. There was no changes in city stocks at the California Board. Prices are now generally lower than at any time during the break.

The Right Man in the Right Place.—We note that our old friend and pioneer Californian, Ed. Beale, Esq., has been mentioned as probable Secretary to the Navy. No name or individual could be more acceptable or useful, should be be prevailed upon to accept this influential position.

The Monitor-Belmont Mining Company on Thursday declared a dividend of 50 cents per share, amounting to $25,000, payable on the 15th instant.

Flour to China.—Two vessels, the Atmanore and the Mariana, each for Hongkong, are loading rapidly, and will carry 20,000 bbls.

Gold and Sterling are lower, the former closing yesterday at 115, and the latter at 107¾@108¼; Pacific Mail, 57; Quicksilver, 41.

The St. Lawrence Mill and Mining Company have levied an assessment of 75 cents per share, delinquent April 11th.

A Private Telegram quotes Steam Coal at Birkenhead, England, at 20s., and 23s. at Ardrossan.

The Liverpool Wheat Market remains steady at 11s. 11d.@12s. for average California.

The China and Panama Steamers are expected to arrive next Tuesday.

Legal Tenders here are firmer at 87¾ buying and 88¼ selling.

THE BEST MANAGED AND THE MOST PROFITABLE RAILROAD IN THE WORLD. THE CENTRAL PACIFIC.

Operation in 1872.

The annual statement of the business of the company, made by its New York bankers, Messrs. Fisk & Hatch, shows an increase in gross earnings during 1872 of over 33⅓ per cent., and that the net earnings over operating expenses have increased over 40 per cent. as compared with 1871.

Results of Operation.

Percentage of operating expenses to gross earnings for 1871 and 1872:

	1871	1872.
Gross earnings	$9,467,072	$12,750,001
Operating expenses	4,295,879	5,287,370
Net earnings	5,171,192	7,465,625
Ratio of expenses, percentage	45 33-100	41 65-100

The actual earnings for 1872, published subsequently to the above statement, were $12,900,126, thus proportionately decreasing the ratio of operating expenses.

The earnings per mile of road operated for the past few years, shows that the increase in traffic and earnings for the year 1872 is largely in excess of the increased mileage.

YEAR.	Av. miles.	Gross earnings.	Earnings per mile.
1869	611	$ 5,716,115 54	$ 9,511
1870	865	7,995,116 65	9,243
1871	1,034	9,467,072 15	9,188
1872	1,175	12,753,001 91	10,856

Financial Condition.

With the completion of the California and Oregon branch the entire system of lines composing the Central Pacific Railroad and branches will be finished, and the comprehensive plans of the company will be consummated. Upon this branch, as the work progresses, the company will have the right to issue $7,200,000 additional first mortgage bonds, of which $2,080,000 are now authorized by the terms of the mortgage upon the amount of work already done, and $750,000 have been sold during the year. The entire first mortgage debt of the company, with its main line and branches completed, and the authorized amount of first mortgage bonds to be issued and the annual interest thereon, will be as follows:

	Amount Bonds.	Amt. Int. in gold.
Central Pacific main line from Ogden to Sacramento	$25,883,000	$1,552,980
Western Pacific main line, from Sacramento to San Jose and Oakland, issued prior to consolidation, and now assumed by Central Pacific	2,734,000	164,000
California and Oregon, issued prior to consolidation, now assumed by Central Pacific	6,000,000	360,000
Central Pacific on California and Oregon branch (of which only $750,000 have been sold)	7,200,000	432,000
Central Pacific on San Joaquin Valley branch	6,080,000	364,800
San Francisco, Oakland and Alameda, issued prior to consolidation, now assumed by Central Pacific (of which only $500,000 have been issued)	1,505,000	120,000
Total debt and interest	$49,788,000	$2,993,880

Miscellaneous bonded debt outstanding, and interest thereon

	Bonded Debt.	Interest, in Gold.
Central Pacific 7 per cent. bonds of 1883	$1,483,000	$103,810
Central Pacific State Aid Bonds	1,500,000	*
Central Pacific Land Grant Bonds	9,153,000	549,180
Total	$61,531,000	$3,646,870
* Interest paid by State of California.		
Add Premium, at average rate, at which earnings in gold for 1872 were reduced to Currency value		460,417
		$4,107,287
Net Earnings for 1872		7,465,625
Surplus		$3,358,338

Thus it will be seen that in 1872 the net earnings were sufficient to pay the annual interest on the entire bonded debt of the company outstanding, and on the remaining amount of bonds authorized to be issued upon the California and Oregon branch when completed, and the unissued bonds of the San Francisco, Oakland and Alameda, and leave a surplus of over $3,300,000, sufficient to pay a dividend of 6 per cent. on the issued capital stock of the company.

The capital stock account of the company stands as follows:

Authorized capital stock	$100,000,000
Amount subscribed	59,614,000
Amount paid in	54,283,190

No dividends have as yet been paid, the surplus earnings, after paying interest and providing for the sinking funds, having been applied to the extension of the branch lines, increased equipment, improvement of water fronts, buildings, etc., thus adding largely to the value of the company's property, without a corresponding increase in the funded debt.

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WAYSIDE GUSHINGS.

BY MRS. HARRIS

The hablest lawyers in the town 'ave von and all agreed
That Judge Blake a summing up von vich as never yet vos see'd
For legal learnin', and although he may 'ave been mistaken
In callin' pork a Fine Art, yet he proved a second Bacon
In 'is keen discrimination [illegible]
And 'ere and there he bust into a bantilhetic passion,
Such as might well 'ave graced the lips of a Lord [illegible]borough,
Or [illegible] to werry thorough.
'Is name [illegible] down among those lights of law
Who 'ave hobfuscated juries by many a hancient saw
And modern hinstance, showin' 'ow, by patient legal mind,
They've grabbed out of the law books all the cases they could find,
As might in any vay confoge a sing'lar case like this,
And 'ave frequent caused the jury the vital pints to miss.

I 'ave not space to hoffer you the Judge's charge complete,
You 'll p'raps find it in the *Mornin' Call*, that werry *copy-us* sheet.
But the most learned part vos this vich Sayrah did take down,
And vich, ven wrote, I sewed up in the linin' of my gown,
For fear of them reporters, who not von of 'em can follow
A man of blacktleck's remarks, they is so werry 'ollow,
As can neither write short-'and nor spell, nor by the light of sense
Catch the meanin' of a speaker if he 'ave intelligence:
So, says I, "Sayrah, you beware of that Bo'emian Club,
For I see strange crakters bobbin' round for literary grub,
And if you lend your notes, be sure you 'll never get 'em back,
But the *Bulletin* is sure to say they vos wrote by their own 'ack."

The followin' vos the cases in vich the Judge said there is
A somevot sim'lar natur' to *Sparerib werrus 'Arris*
In *Nerves werrus O'Flannagan* the plaintiff died of fright,
Through defendant dancin' Irish jigs and 'ornpipes in the night;
In *Podgers werrus Rogers* vile inwentin' a new gas,
Defendant blew the plaintiff up into a lifeless mass;
Regina werrus Bogpipes vould seem to touch this case,
Vere defendant's moosic drove a vealthy lodger from the place;
But *Placid werrus Shrilly* is most like the present suit,
Vere plaintiff vos drove ravin' mad by the defendant's flute.
'Owever, gentlemen, no case can 'elp in your decision
Of vun in vich two Fine Arts have been brought into collision.
It rests vith you to hestimate vot damage Sayrah's singin'
'Ave done to Sparerib, veighin' vich you vill your ver'nct bring in;
But should you find that malice 'ave occasioned all this fuss,
It is my dooty to point out that that's a *kanimus*
Vich, if it should not lead you to decide for the defendant,
Must mitigate the damages, so pray be independent,
And don't let assalges or song induce you to incline
To either side unfairly, but sift the matter fine.
Counsel, on either side, 'ave spoke vith vonderful ability,
And 'ave moved in turn your tenderest feelin's and your risibility,
But you must banish from your minds their beloquent appeals
For feelin', in a case of law, the judgment wrongly steals.
Forget old Sparerib's ugly phiz and Sayrah's lovely featers,
And Mrs. 'Arris' vide-spread fame and Tennysonian metres;
To you and me they are but phantoms passin' through the Court,
Our business is vith sy a suit like this 'ere 'as been brought.
I do not doubt you vill find out on vich side justice lies,
Unmoved by Sayrah's hinnocence and Sparerib's savory pies.
Go, gentlemen, into the cell prowided for the jury,
And calmly reinwestigate this werry 'arrowin' story;
Vile you are out I'll go and take a free lunch and a smile,
And Mrs. 'Arris vill regale on whisky the meanvile.

BRIMSTONE DIPPINGS.

There is a Magnificent Suite of Rooms connected with the Methodist Book concern, on the corner of Broadway and Eleventh street, where a part of God's elect, comprised of the Methodist ministers filling the pulpits of that denomination in the city of New York and vicinity, meet weekly for pious gossip and twaddle over the interests of the church, doctrinal points and the surest methods of frightening the sinners and saving souls from the wrath of God. One Dr. True, whom it seems has outgrown his creed, perhaps recognizing the injustice and cruelty of a benevolent Creator inflicting punishment out of all proportion to the crimes committed, propounded a few questions for discussion at one of these meetings, which kicked up a terrible muss among the brethren present, exciting horrible forebodings, fearful consternations, great trembling and extreme fear that the Methodist creed was going to the dogs, Zion being laid waste by Dr. True supposing that a Father of infinite Love might think it consistent with justice to limit the duration of punishment. The following are the questions proposed by Dr. True: "Shall the wicked finally be destroyed?" "Are the future punishments of the wicked permanent?" "Are the conscious punishments of the wicked endless, or are the punishments in hell parallel to the eternal bliss of the righteous in Heaven?" These questions were discussed in solemn conclave, and we presume nothing will be done in the Methodist eel-pot or Methodist frying-pan on the other side of the river Styx or Jordan till that little band of idiotic, driveling fanatics decide whether it is most advantageous for the Methodist Church militant to have a local, permanent hell, with all the accessories of a personal devil, fire and brimstone wailings and groanings, howlings and screechings, as was commonly preached years ago, or a change of base to suit the more merciful ideas of Dr. True; limiting punishment, *i. e.*, after a sufficient roasting to let the bottom of hell drop out, and those lost, tortured, blasted, unforgiven souls (which we are told by these preachers God created in his own image for a wise purpose), go into oblivion, vamose into utter nothingness.

It would have been more humane in Dr. True to have had them annihilated sooner, as the punishment was not going to benefit them any, and his Brother Beecher, of Plymouth pulpit, says: "All punishments which are not reformatory in their character are vindictive and revengeful." Surely he would not ascribe such base motives to his Heavenly Father in his dealings with his children. He should call on Miles Grant, and he could post him on the *modus operandi* of treating sinners after death. Th[illegible] to those of us that are eligible to the abodes of the damned if their doctrine of [illegible] be true. We look back with complacency to the times when the [illegible] was not open for discussion. It was then all brimstone or all glory [illegible] W——, a ranting Methodist in Southern New York, exhorted [illegible] tion and defiance in these words: "[illegible] up to Heaven in chariots drawn by [illegible] horses, and you [illegible] start down to Hell on wheelbarrows with no [illegible]." There was something [illegible] in his view of the situation, and [illegible] grain of comfort, he did not send [illegible] afoot and alone, but ticketed us through in an Irishman's buggy, and we were sure when we arrived of a warm reception. Perhaps you think Dr. True had this discussion all his own way. By no manner of means. The old Methodist war horses not stand any such danger[illegible] on his favorite dogma." "The subject of Hell must not be ignored." "The foundations of the church rests upon this question." He began to shake his dry bones and cold sweat stood on his forehead as he told his brethren that he had been approached by members of his congregation saying, "I see the Methodists are [illegible] their eternal damnation. If the punishment of the wicked is not endless, then the [illegible] of the [illegible] is not. One doctrine stands with the other. If the views promulgated by Dr. True are permitted to go unanswered, it will make me desperate." After this [illegible] discharged this shot at Dr. True each one [illegible] questions. "The [illegible] his hands [illegible] to have [illegible] a better chance than the present. If this question is adopted, I must read upon Hell, instead of warning sinners to flee from wrath to come."

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne [illegible] safest and most effectual remedy for [illegible] Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. [illegible] Browne [illegible]. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the [illegible] of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 50 cents, $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & CO. [illegible] July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, [illegible] Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black [illegible] Price [illegible] each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SONS, [illegible] wholesale Merchants. [illegible] to Dealers. N.B. A small bottle [illegible] twelve yards of Bonnet Ribbon. ☞ "SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.— The "Globe" says: "Various [illegible] manufacturers have [illegible] to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopaths and Invalids, we [illegible] recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage. Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb. 23.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain [illegible] to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their [illegible] Lea & Perrins [illegible] WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER AND BOTTLE [illegible] wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. [illegible] Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of [illegible] Messrs. Cross & Co., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations including the following specialties, Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and [illegible] Lacerated [illegible] [illegible] Pancreatic [illegible] [illegible] Messrs. [illegible] Morson & Co. [illegible], Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON-BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well-known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire [illegible] Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's [illegible] Wire Cartridges [illegible] every description of Sporting Ammunition [illegible] FREDERICK JOYCE & CO. [illegible] 57 Upper Thames street, London. Sept. 1.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor purchaser [illegible] not only to identify the [illegible] [illegible] the capsules are not used merely [illegible] are serviceable in protecting [illegible] Manufactory [illegible] WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, [illegible]

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is on every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad [illegible] In the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES, 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BOULEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects, and minute objects, detecting [illegible] and [illegible] disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle, [illegible] and can therefore be readily used by any person. [illegible] greater power [illegible] One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address [illegible] D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan. Oct. 26.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations and to [illegible] relating to the Society [illegible] J. P. M'CURRIE, [illegible] 703 Montgomery street.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 18th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox. the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand Feet. Nov. 9. JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF [illegible]:

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—[illegible] & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Bedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. [illegible]
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. J. Gardner, Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanazeluth & Fils, Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltozzi Freres, Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; [illegible]
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnd Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C. Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M. Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co, Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co, Dilley, Davies & Co; F'k Anstie, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Telegraph," "Court Journal," [illegible], Private Secretary of [illegible] Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co.; Heath Gruning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Club Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excell[illegible]mo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co, [illegible] & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fills & Co; Roun de Fraissint.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lorimer & Co., McCulloch, Sellars & Co.
Madras—Binny & Co., Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.

COURT CHAT.

The Religious Part of the Ceremony connected with the marriage of the Hon. Eliot Yorke, fourth son of the Earl of Hardwicke, to Miss Rothschild, daughter of Sir Anthony [illegible] of Aston Clinton, took place at Wimpole on February [illegible]. A great deal of excitement has prevailed in consequence of a second [illegible] of the Church of England lodging a *caveat* at the diocese court at Ely [illegible] the wedding being allowed to take place in the parish church, as the bride was a [illegible]. It was rumored that, in order to satisfy the scruples of the spectators, the [illegible] church [illegible] the happy pair were married before the [illegible] Registry office, Mount street [illegible] February 14th, and [illegible] proceeded to Wimpole. [illegible] pretty church was crowded [illegible] The religious ceremony [illegible] and bridegroom and party proceeded from the hall to the church under a carpeted arcade, overhung with evergreens and flowers. The church was simply but tastefully decorated and the service was conducted by the Hon. and Rev. Grantham Yorke, uncle of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. Edward [illegible], rector of Wimpole. There were no bridesmaids, but the bridegroom, the Hon. Eliot Constantin Yorke, was attended by Lord [illegible]. The company present included the Earl and Countess of Hardwicke, Lady Rothschild and Misses [illegible], Baron Rothschild, Lady Elizabeth Adair, Hon. Captain Yorke, R. N., and Mrs. Yorke, etc.

On February 7th the Duke of Edinburgh was presented with the freedom of the Coachmakers' Company. At a banquet which followed, the Master proposed the toast of the occasion: "Health, long life and happiness to His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh," now a coachmaker and a citizen. The coachmakers, the Master said, rejoiced to think it was a member of their craft (Mr. Viall) who was, under God, the means of frustrating the attempt on the Prince's life while in Australia; and as His Royal Highness manifested such a lively interest in the Lifeboat Institution, it would be interesting to him to know that the inventor of the lifeboat was a coachmaker; that, after much apathy and opposition, he at length launched his little boat, the *Mercy*, at Bamborough, in Northumberland, and during the first year was instrumental in saving many lives. The Duke of Edinburgh in reply said: "I am very glad to have this opportunity of acknowledging here, among the members of this company, the debt of gratitude I owe to a member of your craft for the service he rendered me in Australia. To me it is quite new to hear that it was a coachbuilder who invented the lifeboat; but I, as a sailor, cannot but be deeply grateful to the craft for the invention of a boat which has never been called into more requisition, unhappily, than in the course of the present year."

The Following truly savors of Thiers: At the prayers which took place in the chapel of the Palace at Versailles, at the time of the meeting of the Assembly, the President of the Republic was received with all the honors due to his position. A priest was at the entry of the chapel, and held in his hand a brush (*goupillon*) dipped in holy water. The President, seeing the brush, at once seized upon it and set to work to sprinkle holy water over all around him, making the sign of the cross as if he was at a funeral. After having thus officiated, M. Thiers turned to M. Grevy, who was just behind him, and handed him the brush. M. Grevy, a still greater stranger than M. Thiers to the usages of the Church, but not daring to refuse to take anything offered him by the Chief of the State, was much embarrassed when he found himself in possession of the brush. He followed the President of the Republic, brush in hand, to his place, and there being much exercised as to what he should do with the brush, he discreetly hid it under his chair, where the sacristan found it after a long hunt next morning.

Countess Cadogan.—We have to announce the death of the Countess Cadogan, which took place recently at Cadogan House, Belgravia. The deceased lady, who had been for years an invalid, was the third daughter of the late Hon. and Rev. Gerald Valerian Wellesley, D. D., by his wife, Lady Emily Mary, eldest daughter of Charles Sloane, first Earl of Cadogan, and was sister of Emily, wife of the Hon. and Rev. Robert Liddell, rector of St. Paul's, Knightsbridge, Georgiana, wife of the Rev. Henry Darby St. Quintin, rector of [illegible], Hants, and of [illegible] Elizabeth, wife of the Hon. George Augustus [illegible], of General W. H. C. Wellesley, and of Admiral George [illegible] Wellesley, C. B. She was born February 15, 1812, and married, July 13, 1839, her cousin, the present Earl Cadogan, then Viscount Chelsea, by whom she leaves surviving issue two sons and a daughter.

King Amadeo has resigned the Crown of Spain, and a Republic has been proclaimed. In a message to the Cortes on February 11th, His Majesty announced his determination with becoming dignity. His Majesty said it was a great honor to preside over the destinies of a country, however profoundly disturbed it may be, and that he had resolved to keep his oath and respect the Constitution, believing that his loyalty would compensate for the errors due to his inexperience. "My good wishes," added the King, "have deceived me, for Spain lives in the midst of perpetual conflict. If my enemies had been foreigners I would not abandon the task, but they are Spaniards. I wish neither to be the King of a party nor to act illegally, but, having [illegible] my efforts to be sterile, I renounce the Crown for myself, my sons and heirs."

On the Marriage of the Youngest Daughter of the Hon. W. Coventry to Mr. De W[illegible] [illegible] a very handsome and costly locket, the gift of the bridegroom, bearing the monogram of his own and the bride's initials. The lockets, together with a magnificent suite of turquoise ornaments, consisting of necklace with five pendants, bracelet, brooch and earrings, presented by the bridegroom, were designed and manufactured specially for the occasion by Mr. Streeter, the well-known jeweler of Conduit street, London.

An Empress's Will.—A national mourning has been proclaimed in Lisbon for the late Empress Amelia. Guns are to be fired every quarter of an hour in the fortress and war ships until the 20th inst., when the deceased lady is to be interred with great pomp. By her will, made at Lisbon on January 6, 1863, the Empress leaves as her principal heirs her sisters—the Queen of Sweden and the Countess of Leuchtenberg—and the sons of her dead brother Maximilian. She also bequeaths £3,200 for charitable purposes.

The Earl of Fife has just erected an apparatus for fire-engines at Duff House, his lordship's beautiful residence at Banff. The engines were put into operation recently, and they worked most satisfactorily. Water is conveyed in pipes from the river Deveron, a distance of about 200 yards or thereby, and can be thrown on the house from three different positions. Two engines are employed—one at the riverside for forcing the water into and through the pipes to the house, while the other is employed at the house.

When a Member of the Imperial Family of Austria dies, the body of the deceased is put through a sort of post-mortem ceremony, which savors of barbarism. It is stated that before the remains are placed in mother earth the heart is taken to one church, the entrails to another, and the body to a third. It is highly creditable to the late Dowager Empress Caroline Augusta that she protested in her will against being thus dealt with, and her desire was respected.

Monsieur Lacroix, foster brother of the late Emperor Napoleon, has just died from the effects of a terrible railway accident. He leaves two children, one of whom was the Emperor's godson, who always took an affectionate interest in the family of his faithful nurse, with whom he was brought up at Augsburg. M. Lacroix was a distinguished architect; the Elysee, Saint-Lou, and l'Aisle du Vesinet were some of his works.

The Marriage of Lady Fanny Spencer Churchill, third daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough, and Mr. E. Marjoribanks, eldest son of Sir Dudley and Lady Marjoribanks, is not expected to take place before June.

The King of Greece has conferred the Golden Cross of the Royal Order of the Savior upon Mr. Arthur Arnold, for his work "From the Levant."

CALIFORNIA STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD.

T. J. L. SMILEY, ... President. | JOS. TILDEN, ... Caller
CHAS. L. WELLER, ... Vice-President. | E. J. BALDWIN, ... Treasurer
W. W. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Adamson, W. R. H...408 California st.	Lincoln, J......322 Montgomery street.
Allen, C. R ......100 Liedesdorff street	Mansfield, M...306 Montgomery street.
Baldridge, M......508 Montgomery st.	Marina, S. J. de S. 322 Montg'y street.
Baldwin, E. J.....509 California street.	McCullough, T. J...306 Montg'y street.
Barroll, Sam'l.422 Montgomery street.	McCarthy, O....327 Montgomery street.
Bourne, J. B......333 California street.	McKenty, J.....422 Montgomery street.
Broderick, R...6 Merchants' Exchange.	Middleton, John...310 Montg'y street.
Case, J. M......322 Montgomery street.	Moore, J. M .... 77 Montgomery Block.
Childs, P. G.......430 California street.	Myers, W. F .... 411 California street.
DeGreayer, S...513 Montgomery street.	O'Connor, T. M
DeLacey, Chas....430 California street.	Owens, J. H.......423 California street.
DeLorme, E. W....506 Montgomery st.	Patridge, H. C.....International Hotel.
Diftot, A.........422 Montgomery street.	Perine, G. M......413 California street.
Duncan, W. T.....413 California street.	Phelby, T. B.... 446 Montgomery street.
DuVal, W. S. 411 California st, Room 4.	Ricketts, A. H.
Fitch, H. S.....506 Montgomery street.	Roberts, D.
Flagg, H. H....415 Montgomery street.	Rogers, Geo. E. 331 Montgomery street.
Gildemeester, J. P. H. 118 Montg'y Blk.	Rosenblatt, S......503 California street.
Gray, J.........306 Montgomery street.	Rudsdale, M......418 California street.
Hart, Thos. B....422 Montgomery street.	Sanborn, T. C.......411 California street.
Harvey, C. C.......418 California street.	Schmitt, M.........437 California street.
Hawkins, Jas....13 Stevenson Building	Smiley, T. J. L.....310 Montgomery st.
Hill, J. Bryant.....528 Montgomery St.	Smith, E. L..... 302 Montgomery street.
Hitchens, Jas.	Smith, W. J.....422 Montgomery street.
Hoare, C. W .....408 California street.	Snowball, R. Y....411 California street.
Hoitt, I. G.	Soren, Geo. S...528 Montgomery street.
Howard, H. C. 322 Montgomery street.	Stewart, Geo. W.
Hussey, J. L....305 Montgomery street.	Taylor, W. S... 420 Montgomery street.
Hyneman, S........420 Montg'y street.	Thompson, J. M..310 Montgo'ry street.
Kenney, C. A......411 California street.	Tibbey, E. S.......503 California street.
Kent, R. T......404 Montgomery street.	Tilden, J................At Board Room.
Klopenstine, J..422 Montgomery street.	Weller, Chas. L....521 Jackson street.
Lacour, L.......503 Montgomery street.	Williams, W. J........At Board Room.
Lawton, W. W.........At Board Room.	Wolf, P........424 Montgomery street.
Leuzarder, J. M.	Wright, Wm. H. 420 Montg'y street.
Lichtenstein, M. B. 406 Montgomery st.	

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the [illegible] both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and [illegible] [illegible] the strength of the [illegible] [illegible]. The [illegible] and sleeping car [illegible] farm wagons [illegible] army wagons, [illegible] street railroad cars. Having the largest and most [illegible] in the United States with large [illegible] and the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build [illegible] guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kimball and [illegible] [illegible] all infringements upon the patents [illegible] Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle [illegible] prompt and [illegible] the full extent of the law. Nov. 30.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares; Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc.; Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F. Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 14.]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards. April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. [illegible] Oregon C. R. R. through Willamette, Umpqua and [illegible] River Valleys, Oregon. Aug. 16. WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. [illegible] Sacramento street.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 604 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 13.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE.** [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Sales- room, 2[illegible] Bush street. Factory, [illegible] Brannan street. Feb. [illegible]

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

The Following Interesting Summary of the characters portrayed in the works of the late Charles Dickens, is given in a work published at Boston called the "Dickens Dictionary." Actors 17, actresses 11, actuary 1, adventurers 2, aeronauts 2, alderman 1, almanac-makers 1, Americans 27, apprentices 6, architects 3, artists, barbers 3, bachelors 1, barkers 1, bannas 1, beadles 6, blind persons 1, boarding-house keepers 1, bootblacks 2, boots 1, brokers 5, captains, chemists, clerks 13, clerks, etc., 47, ... cricket 6, cripples 6, dancing-masters 3, detectives 12, editors 4, emigrants 7, fairies 2, farmers 4, footmen 6, fops 1, Frenchmen 21, Germans 5, governesses 5, grocers 3, invalids 7, Jews 1, lawyers 35, M.P.'s 7, misers 3, musicians 10, nurses 13, old maids 10, pawnbrokers 1, physicians 15, pirates 1, pony 1, policemen 12, pugilist 1, reporters 1, raven 1, resurrectionist 1, sextons 3, showmen 7, shrews 12, surgeons 7, spies 2, swindlers 14, thieves 12, toadies 10, tobacconist 1, tramps 2, turnkeys 6, undertakers 6, vagabonds 8, vessels 7, vestrymen 6, waiters 13, widowers 3, and widows 39.

Three Persons Poisoned.—A melancholy case of poisoning has occurred at Falmouth, by which three inmates of the workhouse have lost their lives, and a fourth has narrowly escaped the same fate. It appears from the evidence taken before the coroner, that the union schoolmaster took fifteen boys for a walk on Maenporth Beach, where they were allowed to play and run about. They had only been on the beach a short time when a boy named Evan Sanders fell down in a fit, and was quickly followed by James Oates, John Scoble and Thomas Masters. They were speechless from the first, and soon became insensible. Sanders, Oates and Scoble died within an hour, but hopes are entertained of the recovery of Masters. Mr. Bullmore, surgeon, who made a post-mortem examination, found a small substance very much like mussel in the intestines, but could not swear that it was mussel, but it was known that there were plenty of mussels among the rocks. The jury returned a verdict that "The deceased died from eating poison."

A Correspondent of the "Daily News" reports a hoax which was played on Dr. Cumming recently. The doctor was announced to deliver a lecture at Folkestone on Wednesday at three o'clock in the afternoon on "The Pope and his Work in England." As he entered the hall a telegram, just arrived from London, was presented to him. He at once proceeded to the platform, opened the telegram, and read it aloud. As far as the words could be caught, they were—"Private telegram from Rome.—The Pope died at ten o'clock this morning." The effect cannot be described. Those present were confounded. The lecture was softened down and solid and ... for his reference to the solemn event which had been announced. The evening papers were sought for with avidity at all the libraries, and the whole population, including a large number of poor Irish, were greatly excited.

A Singular Case of Religious Mania is reported from Leicestershire. A few days ago the Rev. W. March, late curate of Melton Mowbray, arrived at Melton from an excursion in Ireland, and went to the house of a friend, Mr. Anderson. Early the next morning Mr. Anderson was aroused by Mr. March calling upon him to take out his right eye. On Mr. Anderson going to him, he found he had cut off his right hand, and was in the act of injuring his right eye. Drs. Powell & Roberts arrived and amputated the arm. During the operation Mr. March was remarkably calm, and complimented the medical men on their skill. Near to him, on a table, was found a Prayer-book and Bible, the latter being open at the passage where it is said, "If thy right hand offend thee, cut it off," etc. Mr. March is progressing favorably.

We Shall Soon have ocean signal stations—telegrams meeting a captain in mid ocean, warning him which way the wind is blowing a few hundred miles ahead of him. At sea as on land, all over the world there will soon be a simultaneous knowledge of where the storms are and what course they are taking. It is not thought to be at all beyond the resources of the age to have floating stations in deep water secured by submerged buoys and connected with a cable. Whether these will ever be converted into mid-ocean post-offices to save the double voyage many other boats (?) we will not hazard an opinion, but insurers of ocean freights will not ... be satisfied without the means of protecting by a storm signal, vessels that otherwise would be rushing to destruction.

For Some Time Past there has been a good deal of talk in Liverpool respecting the manner in which the revolutionary party in Spain and the insurrectionists in Cuba were so well supplied with arms and other war material, and it was suspected that a large quantity of "hardware" was being shipped at Liverpool, and that its real destination was the Spanish frontier and coast of Cuba. These suspicions now appear not to have been without some foundation, at least so the Spanish Consul at Liverpool thinks, for he has offered a liberal reward to any person who will communicate to him such information as would lead to the discovery of shipments or remittances of arms and ammunition for the insurrectionists in Spain or her colonies. The information so given will be held as strictly confidential.

An Extraordinary Attempted Wife Murder has just been brought to light in Edinburgh. A husband and wife residing in the North disagreed, and the wife went to Edinburgh. Not long ago a letter reached the wife purporting to be from her mother, intimating that her box and clothes would be forwarded to her. The box was duly received, and, on its being opened, it was found to contain a large quantity of gunpowder, broken glass and iron. A loaded pistol, with the trigger at full cock, and pointing upwards, was so set that when the lid opened the weapon should explode. Fortunately, however, the lid was slit in two parts, and the part which was first raised was not attached to the trigger, so that no explosion took place. The police are investigating the matter.

A Girl about eighteen years of age, the daughter of honest parents in Perugia, has committed suicide through having been crossed in a love affair by her parents. The heart-broken girl told them as they would not consent to her marriage with the young man of her affection, she did not know what to do with her unhappy life, and that she must die. She was taking thus in the coolest manner possible whilst drinking a cup of coffee in which she had previously boiled the heads of a quantity of lucifer matches, and in two hours after she was a corpse, to the despair of her parents, who out of love for her had tried to prevent a marriage which they knew could not turn out for the happiness of their child.

The "Economist" is responsible for this anecdote: "The Duke of Wellington was so ignorant of universe matters that when he was made Chancellor of Oxford he not only could not write the requisite Latin answer of thanks (which would not have been very remarkable), but he went to his physician to write it for him, having seen Latin on prescriptions, and supposing that the Latin of medicines and the Latin of the cavalier were the same." It does not make out a case for Latin, as the duke did pretty well without it.

The Spring Rage for Exhibitions has already set in in Paris. There will soon be a gastronomical exhibition at the Palais de l'Industrie, including everything relative to the culinary science, wonderful dishes, cooking utensils, table-ware, dessert services, etc. In conjunction with this will be a flower-show, while this will be followed by a canine, feline and galline exhibition, with dog races, rat hunts for the terriers, and mouse hunts for the cats.

A Colonel of the French line has been fined three hundred francs at Marseilles for having refused a cigar-light to a man in a circus, and accompanied the refusal by two blows of a cane. It would have been more economic for the colonel to have carried a box of vestas.

It is Announced in the Paris papers that M. Henri Rochefort has written a novel entitled *Les Dépravés* during his imprisonment. The Minister of the Interior has, however, forbidden the publication of the work in France.

Mr. Edmund Yates has been appointed correspondent of the New York *Herald* for the Vienna Exhibition.

SAN JOAQUIN AND KING'S RIVER CANAL AND IRRIGATION CO.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the San Joaquin and King's River Canal and Irrigation Company, held the 31st day of January 1873, it was unanimously resolved that in order to ... the co-operation of the citizens of this State in one of the most important works ... the Agricultural and Commercial ... of the State, the President ... subscription ... shares of the ... capital stock ... at the rate of ... shares ... of the Company ... California street ... days. Capital stock $ ... in the ... miles of canal are completed and ... water for irrigating ... the Canal. Surveys are made from Tulare Lake to near Antioch, ... work progressing. The Company has no debts. For further particulars and terms of subscription, apply at the office of the Company.

Jan 25. J. MORA MOSS, President.

E. C. NEWHOFF. C. D. DUNN. M. D. CARR.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

Mercantile Printing House, S. E. corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets. CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF, Practical Book and Job Printers, desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now prepared to do every description of printing in the very best style of the art. Our presses and types are all new and of the very latest styles. Give us a call. The third floor of the building in which our office is in will be rented for composition rooms to good tenants, on very reasonable terms. Apply to [May 11.] CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 325 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

金山唐山新聞紙

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Mining Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 21.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the finest Whisky in the United States. March 19.

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC LOHMAN. JOHN W. TAYLOR.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.

Nov. 20. 301 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

B. NATHAN.] ESTABLISHED IN 1850. [F. DOHRMANN.

B. NATHAN & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in French China Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware. Glass Shades all sizes. Successors to R. A. Swain & Co.'s Retail Business. Show Rooms, 530 to 532 Kearny st. 510 KEARNY ST., cor Sacramento, Feb. 8. San Francisco.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS and GLAZIERS, No. 417 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

GEO. H. EGGERS.] EGGERS & CO., [CHR. H. VOIGT.

Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions. Agents of the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

LINDENBERGER & BURKE,

Commission Merchants, Nos. 28 and 30 Sansome St., San Francisco, and Agents of the Willamette Woolen Mills, Salem, Oregon. Oct. 5.

EDINBURGH ALE

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO., March 26. 412 Front street, S. F.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 17.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

RICHARD HEYES & CO.,

Cigars, Wine and Liquor Merchants, 239 Kearny, and 405, 407 and 409 Bush streets, San Francisco. Address P. O. Box 29. Jan. 25.

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 518 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco. J. A. MAHN, Assayer. Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters, etc. Aug. 24.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec. 21.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 607 (?) Merchant street, San Francisco.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Roney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 15.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS REPORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co.; Peek, Hubbell & Co.; Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce, Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alianca.
Odessa—Rafalovich & Co., C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb, Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson, Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co., Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co., Martin, Dyce & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Robert Town & Co., Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—P. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co.; S. H. Stamolz & Co.; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co., Alsop & Co.; Wm. Gibbs & Co.; Huth, Gruning & Co.; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia, Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co., Jardine, Mathison & Co., Dent & Co., Russell & Co.; Augustine Heard & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel. His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co., P. Bevill, W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

NEW BOOKS.

From A. L. Bancroft & Co.—LOVE IS ENOUGH. A Poem, by William Morris. Roberts Bros., Publishers, Boston.

Mr. William Morris has long since made his mark in modern literature, and inscribed his name high on the roll of poets. His "Earthly Paradise," and "Life and Death of Jason," have gained him great reputation, and at the time of their publication, each story has attracted universal attention and called forth the most flattering comments from the best and most cultivated classes. He has that rare art of rare charms, a simplicity of diction, together with a sense and purity of style which possesses a fascination for the reader, and a certain power of characterization that has been called the "most modern." Thus the latest work of Mr. Morris, fully sustains the literary ... "Love is Enough," tells of the great king Pharamond the Freed, who, ... on the battle field after a glorious victory, dreams of a maiden in a far away country:

> "As my own sister, young of years was she and slender,
> Yellow blossoms ... in her hands had been gathering,
> But ... that ... them had fallen adown,
> And had in a round her feet with the first of the singing
> Now her singing had ceased, though yet heaved her bosom,
> As with lips lightly parted and eyes of one seeking,
> She stood face to face with the love that she knew not,
> The love that she longed for and waited unwitting."

This vision haunted his thoughts by night and by day for four years, until at last he starts together with his foster-father in quest of the object of his love. He describes to his faithful follower the vision in which he sees her, but says:

> "Yet if thou shouldst ask for a sign from that country,
> What have I to show thee—I plucked a blue-tinted knot
> From amidst of the field wherein she wandered fair-footed,
> It was gone when I wakened, and once ...
> I set some gray ... free from the way through the forest
> Thereover ... when I wakened, and once, as I wandered,
> A lock of white wool from a thorn-bush I gathered
> It was gone when I wakened—the name of that country,
> Nay, how should I know it? but ever me seemeth
> 'Twas in the south-lands, for sharp in the sunset
> And sunrise the air is, and whiles I have seen it
> Amid white drift of snow."

For four years they wander north, south, east and west, searching in vain, through perils by land and sea, captivity, slavery, sickness, and at last, worn and weary Pharamond sinks down to die, when the maiden of his dreams, the fair Azalais, draws near him, sees, loves him, and wakes him with a kiss, and patient love is rewarded. Then, as a further to test him, Pharamond returns with his bride to his kingdom to find an usurper on the throne, and his enemies in power, but contented with his wedded bliss, he spares his people a civil war and departs from his country, thus further proving that "Love is Enough."

> "O sweet wind of the night, wherewith now ariseth
> The red moon through the garden boughs frail, overladen,
> O faint murmuring tongues of the dream-tide triumphant,
> That wouldst tell me sad tales in the times long passed over,
> If sometimes I sicken and turn to your freshness,
> From bush me it is of earth entangle and trouble,
> And deeds done for nought, and change that forgetteth,
> But for hope of the lips that I kissed on the sea-strand,
> But for hope of the hands that clung trembling about me,
> And the breast that was heaving with words driven backward,
> By longing I longed for, by pains of departing,
> By my eyes that knew her pale, my palm that might speak not—
> Yea, for hope of the morn when the sea is passed over,
> And for hope of the next noon the elm boughs shall tangle;
> And fresh dawn and fresh noon and fresh night of desire
> Still flowing and changing, with nothing forgotten
> For hope of new wonder each morn which I, waking,
> Behold her awaking eyes turning to seek me,
> The hope of fresh marvels each time the world changing
> She I shew her feet moving in noon this to meet me,
> For hope of fresh bliss, past all words, half forgotten
> When her voice shall break through the hushed blackness of night."

THE NEW HISTORY OF SANDFORD AND MERTON. By F. C. Burnand. Being a True Account of the Adventures of "Master Tommy and Harry," with their "Beloved Tutor, Mr. Barlow." Illustrated by Sambourne. Published by Roberts Bros., Boston.

This is a funny book, and the author takes for granted that the reader is thoroughly up in the original Sandford and Merton, a goody-goody book of the days of our youth. Dry as that childish narrative would be to us now, we are sure that this latest effort of Mr. Burnand exceeds it in stupidity and tediousness, and conveys, besides that, unalterably dreary, dispiriting effect of the stale jokes of an old clown in an ill-smelling, dimly lighted, thinly attended country circus.

MEMOIRS OF MADAME DESBORDES VALMORE. By the late C. A. Sainte Beuve, with a selection from her poems. Translated by Harriet W. Preston. Published by Roberts Bros., Boston.

A charming memoir of a lovely woman, little known in America, but the perusal of whose life will endear her to all who appreciate the "tender graces of mind and character, and the overwhelming errors endured" by a delicate woman.

Extraordinary Resuscitation.—A remarkable instance of recalling life by medical ... has lately occurred in Brussels. An unfortunate workman, overtaken by drink, had fallen into the Canal of Charleroi, which passes the lower part of the town, and his body was not recovered for some considerable time, when it seemed useless to attempt to recall the drowned man to life, and the bystanders, after exhausting the common remedies, came to the conclusion that the man was dead. By good fortune Dr. Joux, the medical officer of the third division of the Police of Brussels, was at home, and his assistance was called in, and at once he resolved not to regard the case as hopeless. For three hours, however, the most effective remedies suggested by modern science were applied in vain, when Dr. Joux determined to have recourse to a more stringent treatment, and proceeded to apply plates of iron heated to a white heat to the upper parts of the body near the more vital organs. After some short time, to the astonishment of the assistants, faint signs of breathing were observed, and in the course of half an hour the drowned man awoke to life. At the present moment he is perfectly restored to health, and the only inconvenience which he has sustained results from the severe cauterization which his skin necessarily underwent. The novel treatment which Dr. Joux extemporized so successfully on this occasion may well deserve the attention of the Royal Humane Society.

The California Placard Exchange and the Ladies.—We can well understand how the word "Exchange" bears with it a meaning that closes its doors to the fair sex. Such, however, is by no means the intent or object of this new California institution. On the contrary, one branch of its utility is to afford ladies an opportunity of finding that which it costs them in general much time and trouble to discover, as, for example, a suitable house, or information on various points of domestic economy, which only a lady ... can appreciate. It is to a ... that ... the true value of the California Placard Exchange. If a lady wishes to know of the arrival or departure of trains, steamboats or other means of ... ion, should she ... investment for her money, insurance ... or ... a ... general condensed knowledge of the ... of our State. In fact the thousand and one sources of knowledge within the province of woman, she will find at the C. P. E.

Vienna has paid three hundred pounds for the right of producing Dumas' play *La Femme de Claude*, half that sum was offered by a Milan theater and refused. To prevent piracy the play has not been printed.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one central point ... properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great ... and prove a powerful stimulant ... In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are of the present time, illustrating the wealth, being ... of the vast and varied interests of this State and the adjacent Territories ... Every exempt ... of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be distribution tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, No. ... Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public by the ... first. E. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 601 to 613 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

SWISS-AMERICAN BANK,

Incorporated in Geneva (Switzerland), January 20th, 1873. Head office in Geneva. Capital $2,000,000 subscribed, one quarter paid up.

PRESIDENT: HENRY HENTSCH. SAN FRANCISCO BRANCH (successors to Messrs. Hentsch & Berton), 524 Clay street. DIRECTORS: Francis Berton, Rob't Watt.

This Bank is prepared to grant letters of credit on Europe, and to transact every kind of Banking, Mercantile and Exchange Business, and to negotiate American Securities in Europe. Deposits received.

Bills of Exchange on:

New York,	Hamburg,	Bern,	Fribourg,
Liverpool,	Berlin,	Neuchatel,	Lucern,
London,	Frankfort on the M.	Chaux-de-fonds,	Aarau,
Paris,	Geneva,	Soleure,	Bellinzona,
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Bordeaux,	Basel,	Baden,	Lugano,
Marseilles,	St. Gall,	Chur	Mendrisio.
Brussels,	Winterthur,	Schaffhausen,	

An ASSAY OFFICE is annexed to the Bank. Assays of Gold, Silver, Quartz, Ores and Sulphurets. Returns in coin or bars, at the option of the depositor. Advances made on Bullion and Ores. Dust and Bullion can be forwarded from any part of the country and returns made through Wells, Fargo & Co., or by checks. [March 8.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that the Field Deputies of this office will commence assessing property SATURDAY, March 1, 1873. The duties assigned to these Deputies are too well known to the community to require explanations, and while I have been careful in making my selections to fill the positions by men favorably known in this community for their competency and integrity, and am confident that the duties will be discharged by them to the general satisfaction of all concerned, I urgently request the general public to report to this office any dereliction of duty by any of my Deputies, and assure them that any just complaints will receive immediate attention. LEVI ROSENER,

March 8. City and County Assessor.

SPORTSMEN'S EMPORIUM,

538 Washington street, below Montgomery, San Francisco.—LIDDLE & KAEDING, GUN AND RIFLE MAKERS, and Importers of Guns, Ladies' Pistols, Fishing Tackle, Powder Flasks, Gun Materials, Rifle Barrels and Ammunition, wholesale and retail. Guns and Rifles made to order, and Repairing of every description neatly executed, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. [March 8.

R. C. ROGERS,

Attorney-at-Law and Real Estate Agent.—Loans negotiated and City and County Property bought and sold. March 8.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000 Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, E. R. Maslen. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James McBitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 1.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 28.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates; also Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.

Oct. 2. A. McKINLAY, } Agents } A. S. FINNIE.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Hebbard; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Geo. Robins, Secretary. [April 16.] President.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 21.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral security at current rates of interest.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 415 California street. July 2.

OUR LETTER BOX.

IN MEMORIAM.

Dear News Letter.—Since my inaugural sermon at the little chapel at The Oaks [illegible] has [illegible] to [illegible] Parson toward their heavenly home march of the faith [illegible] until last week, when an event occurred which has thrown a halo of [illegible] glory around the congregation of our little sanctuary, bringing us all with one rapid stride much nearer the gates of glory. The event which I refer to is the translation of two of our number from the various phases of this our checkered existence to the beautiful realms of a magnificent nowhere. The departure of the Judge and Azure-Eyed Girl on an exploring expedition to that undiscovered country from which Captain Cook, Francis Drake, Sir John Franklin, Columbus, and all of our ancient and modern navigators, have not yet returned, would be treated by the orthodox Christian mind as a melancholy calamity. To those benighted souls whose mental vision hath been trained to peer from earliest infancy through the magnifying lens of a religious telescope, death has ever been presented to their view as a grim monster, the ultimate of woe and dire [illegible] of personified evil, and the exit of any member of the human family from the world's great stage is looked upon as an extreme accident, but to the enlightened mind of the advanced scientific progression, the disintegration of the constituent particles that compose the individual [illegible] of the animal man, appears to be the legitimate effect of an unknown and nameless cause, which [illegible] an unsolved problem [illegible] furthermore. We at the Little Chapel, having [illegible] of a future, and being told so often by Brother [illegible], and a host of others that our mortal [illegible] was altogether [illegible], and that if we would observe Lent we should become [illegible] and that we might with ease behold the New Jerusalem. They often cited the case of one Jesus, the son of [illegible] carpenter, who lived near Nazareth, as a notable example of what fasting would effect. I looked for authority to back up their assertions, and found in an old and obsolete volume the account of where one J. Christ was seeking for the kingdom of heaven. He had no idea that if he fasted forty days and [illegible] he would be thin enough to see it, but whether he ever saw it or not the legend does not say, and we have no other evidence that bears on the subject. Not wishing to be left out in the cold if we could enter heaven by so economical a method as fasting, we resolved to try the experiment and observe Lent. I also had a private reason for keeping the fast. I had been informed by the clergy that we might eat fish without let or hindrance. In fact, fish rather helped us when we crossed the [illegible] river to swim in a sea of glory. Here was a chance for the Parson. I being a sleeping partner in a neat little craft called *The Italian Girl*. If we could make a corner in fish, I could live well, see the promised land, and make money at the same time. So we went in for Lent, but two of our number, in their zeal, overdid the matter. The Azure-Eyed Girl would not eat anything—no halfway measures for her, she said. If Christ fasted forty days she could. Fatal resolve! she only lasted ten days. She grew small and beautifully less, until her ethereal essence got loose from its earthly tabernacle and vanished, leaving behind a moldering statue of inanimate clay. The Judge tried it on fish and codfish, mixed with old rye, but the fasting was too much even for his iron frame. The cod unaccustomed to [illegible] such an element, absorbed the fiery fluid with frightful rapidity, the Judge, in his frantic endeavors to supply the demand of the fish, [illegible] his thirsty maw with floods of the scorching beverage. The conflict was too severe for the delicate mechanism of his diaphragm, and a collapse was the inevitable result. It was like putting eight gallons of rum in a five gallon keg. It was too much of a strain on the package. It was a singular coincidence that the last gasp of the Judge should mingle with the farewell sigh of the Azure-Eyed Girl. The pale curtain of the eyes, with their delicate silken fringe, dropped for the last time over her lovely sky-colored orbs, shutting out a glance of [illegible] that rested on the [illegible] countenance of the Judge. That last glance of intelligence seemed to leave its impress on the melancholy optic of my dear friend, with a last dying effort his struggling soul raised itself above the surging waves of Kentucky Bourbon, and flashed back an answering glance of mournful devotion, then fell back, and his great heart was still forever. We laid them side by side, covered them with rose leaves, and went home, happy in the thought that we had outshone all of the Christian world in the observance of that holy ordinance known as Lent. We had offered two souls of fire, and felt much nearer heaven. What a strange thing is human nature, said we, here are two human beings of average intelligence, who have brought their earthly career to a sudden and sorrowful close by following the example set by the son of an obscure mechanic, who died, if he ever lived at all, over eighteen hundred years ago, and for no practical benefit to themselves or the balance of mankind, here or hereafter. The happy Three that remained alive met on the following day, Sunday, to listen to the remarks of the Parson in reference to our vanished friends.

THE CLOSING SCENE.

Lonely and still, here side by side
Lie, left by life's receding tide,
Two shattered wrecks of human clay,
On time's broad ocean cast away.
Where now is that mysterious thing
Men call the soul? that secret spring
Hid in the net-work of the brain,
Tell-tale of pleasure, source of pain.
We question! but no sound may come
From those pale forms, their lips are dumb.
Some subtle power aside hath flung
The warbling whispers of the tongue,
And in the eyes' translucent cell
The light of life no more may dwell.
What wizard eye may pierce the gloom
That shrouds the entrance to the tomb?
Or note the time whene'er the grave
An echo back to mortal gave.
The world's deep wisdom hath not found
The secret of the low green mound,
Nor to the sons of earth have shown
Where man's intelligence hath flown,
When death's descending shadows close

His eyelids in their last repose.
You ask your Parson now to tell
Where earth-departed souls dwell.
I will not answer with a lie,
And say, that somewhere in the sky,
Far raised [illegible] a heaven is found,
Enclosed by jasper walls around,
With gates of pearl and streets of gold,
Which sinners never may behold.
I will not insult your common sense,
By stating, when you go from hence,
Without the Christian's trading mark,
Instead of leaping in the dark,
Or [illegible] in the sleep,
We land in ten ten fathoms deep.
The Christians perpetrate such jokes
To frighten fools and little folks.
Your Parson knows no place of rest
Beyond, or mother earth's green breast,
All living things the same low bed
Have sought at last, to lay the head,
And only spring to life again
With [illegible] priest's distempered brain,
Who has for Heaven a great regard,
And sells his gospel by the yard.

EPITAPH ON THE JUDGE, BY THE BLONDE SISTER.

Here lies the Judge, whose soul was sent
Straight up to Heaven by keeping Lent,
He scorched his diaphragm with rye,
Then nobly laid him down to die.

EPITAPH ON THE AZURE-EYED GIRL, BY DEACON SCOTT.

This poor girl with death had a terrible tussle,
He got her so thin she slipped out of her bustle;
Then forced down her bow in a large dose of Lent,
Then tripped up her heels and to glory she went.

THE OAKS, March, 1873. THE PARSON.

LETTER FROM PRESIDENT GRANT TO COLFAX.

South Bend, March 9th.—The President authorizes the publication of the following:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, March 4th.

My Dear Mr. Colfax: Allow me to say that I sympathize with you in the recent Congressional investigations. I have watched them closely, and I am as satisfied now as I have ever been of your integrity, patriotism and freedom from the charges imputed as if I knew of my own knowledge of your innocence. Our official relations have been so pleasant that I would like to keep them up through life. Affectionately yours, U. S. GRANT.

A CARD.

Editor of News Letter:—DEAR SIR: As a great number of the readers of your paper are Catholics, you will confer a favor on them, and place me under a personal obligation, by giving this communication a place in your columns.

In crossing the Oakland ferry, on Tuesday of the present week, I overheard a Catholic [illegible] about the affair of Miss Gartner, which occurred a few days since. The wretch said the article was for the *News Letter*. In the article in question was an alleged letter containing the dying confession of Miss Gartner and purporting to have been written by the Most Rev. Father O Toole, and received by this [illegible] who is called The Parson. I could not learn his real name, and left reading a request for this wretch of a Parson to publish Miss Gartner's dying statement in the *News Letter*. Now I wish to distinctly state that I never wrote that letter or any letter, to any *heretic* calling himself The Parson, or A Parson, and that I never confessed Miss Gartner or gave her unction, and that Miss Gartner never made a statement, and is not dead. I don't know if the lady is a Catholic, but I know that Mr. Marll [illegible], and belongs to my parish. I wish the public to know how much reliance can be placed on the statement of a Unitarian clergyman. They never miss an opportunity of having a fling at Holy Mother Church. Yours, in sincere regard,

MOST REV. FATHER O TOOLE, No. 209 Pine street, Oakland.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—Miss Dargon has achieved an undoubted success, in *Deborah* as the well filled houses each evening attest. We had the pleasure of seeing her when at the Metropolitan, and then stated that she was most undoubtedly one of the best actresses on the coast. She is much better supported now, and in the character of the Jewess, brings out all her wonderful energy and feeling. In the curse scene she comes out in great force, and completely carries her audience sympathetically with her. Her only drawback is a rather strong brogue, which, however, she has pretty well conquered.

A large house attended the representation of the *Hunchback*. Miss Dargon took the part of "Julia," and played with great force and energy. Helen Tracy, as "Helen," showed no mean ability as a *comedienne*. Henry Edwards, as "Master Walter," was loudly applauded at [illegible], for we have seldom if ever seen the character better sustained. Mr. Williamson, as "Fathom," was very comical, and was greeted with roars of laughter.

Metropolitan Theater.—The two Miss Chapmans seem to have worked wonders for the Metropolitan management, as the house, which usually was such a poorly filled one, is now well patronized. Byron's burlesque, *Little Don Giovanni*, is light and amusing, and is varied by the introduction each night of fresh songs and dances. Both the sisters are great favorites with the public, but the little one seems the more admired. She has an exquisite little figure, and a free and easy manner that takes immensely with her audience. The ballet by M'lle Gangalo and corps is also well worth seeing.

Alhambra.—The strong and popular Emerson Troupe, assisted by Johnny Allen and Little Mac, continue to draw large houses. The performance is varied and good, however, as usual, bringing the house down with his inimitable character songs. The singing of Russell is also much admired. The whole performance, from beginning to end, is well worth seeing and hearing, and as the programme is changed every night, there is no fear of any one tiring of it.

Pacific Hall.—Miss Marston's concert was by far the best attended of the season. The hall was actually filled, for a few minutes after eight no seats were obtainable. The programme was a well selected and varied one, the performance, however, being given to operatic music. Miss Marston was in splendid voice, and had to come back more than once to the repeated applause. Her voice needs only a little more cultivation to be perfection. It is rich and powerful, sweet and harmonious. She was ably assisted by Messrs. Moore, Cornfield and Weeks, with Mr. T. Evans as conductor. It was Mr. Weeks' first appearance here, and we certainly were very pleased with his singing, he has a "tenor robusto" voice. His rendering of the old ballad, "O, let me like a soldier fall," was loudly encored. The young Californian pianist, Master Fabian, pleased the audience very much with his playing, he certainly is a most talented boy. His duet with Mr. Evans, each playing on a grand piano, was one of the best features of the evening. The Italian opera chorus, of five voices, assisted very much in making the concert a success. Too much cannot be said in praise of the music rendered by the orchestra, led by Mr. Evans. Between the parts, the "Marston Polka," a very pretty and lively piece of music, was played by the composer. The whole concert passed off without a single hitch, and was in every way a complete success.

Platt's Hall.—The Stabat Mater concert for the benefit of the Free School of St. Mary's Cathedral, was not as well attended as we should have expected from the programme, nor was the programme carried out as we ourselves expected. Rossini's splendid composition wants something more than a piano accompaniment, even if that piano should be Steinway's, and we fully anticipated an orchestra, certainly were provided an organ. Yet it was [illegible] [illegible] sang the *Cujus animam* very well, but without feeling. Madame Fabbri sang the *Inflammatus* splendidly, as indeed her part of the *Quis est homo*, and in the second part Mouer brought rounds of applause by his excellent rendering of the air in [illegible] Nazareth. But the triumph of the evening was reserved for Carl Spiegler. We are inclined to think that his is the finest basso voice that has ever been heard in San Francisco. We were disappointed not to hear the *Pietro Signore* of Stradella, as we are sure Mr. Fleur would have done it justice. The chorus was not good, and the whole thing was spoilt by parsimony.

Wilson's Parisian Circus is as well if not better patronized than ever. We have never had the pleasure of witnessing a better performance, or so much good and varied talent brought together in any circus. Young Ducrow and M'lle Dockrill are each of them perfection, as far as their riding and somersaults are concerned. The French clown, too, is one of the most grotesque creatures we ever saw, and would make a cat laugh.

MORE NEW BOOKS.

From A. Roman & Co.—AN OPEN QUESTION. By James de Mille, author of "The Lady of the Ice," "The American Baron," etc., with illustrations by Alfred Fredericks. D. Appleton & Co., publishers, New York.

Another novel by this prolific author, abounding in the startling, astounding and sensational, full of impossible situations and improbable incidents. The plot is feeble, awkwardly sustained and full of incongruities. But, like its predecessors, it will probably be much sought after and read by a discriminating public.

THE GREATEST PLAGUE IN LIFE; or, The Adventures of a Lady in Search of a Good Servant. By a Lady Who Has Been Almost Worried to Death. T. B. Peterson & Brothers, publishers, Philadelphia.

We notice a novelty in the newspaper line in the shape of a New York illustrated daily, called (with we think a little presumption) the "Daily Graphic." It contains two very good illustrations and several very poor ones. We wish it every success, and if it can continue to produce as good copies as the first at the low price of five cents, it ought to succeed.

"Faithfulness in Little Things Rewarded," is the theme chosen by Rev. Dr. Scott for his third discourse on the series of Sunday evening lectures on the Unjust Steward. Dr. Scott will preach Sunday at 11 A.M. and 7½ P.M., in St. John's Church. The public are cordially invited. Last Sunday seven persons were received into church membership, all but one on public profession of their faith in Christ—the other was by letter—making now a total church membership of 350 persons. Next Sunday morning will be observed as the third anniversary of St. John's Presbyterian Church, Rev. W. A. Scott, D. D., pastor.

We have received the following pretty songs from Mr. Gray and published by him, viz.: "Aladdin's Lamp," written by Charles Swan, music by George T. Evans, and "You May Win Him Back by Kindness," a ballad, as sung by G. Russell, the music arranged for him by George T. Evans. They are both very pretty songs, musical and harmonious.

THE LEADING MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

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H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, . . . Secretary.

Baldridge, M	608 Montg'y st.
Budd, W. C.	440 California st.
Burling, W	423 California st.
Ford, J. C.	420 Mont'y, up stairs.
Fitch, J. R.	411 California st.
Higgins, W. L.	413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H.	434 Cal'a, up stairs
Keene, J. R.	408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. DeS., with J. Glazer & Co.	426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H.	415 Hayw'd B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P.	413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H.	401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W.	414 Cal'a st.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	40@	45
Do pickled		66
Do Packed		66
Cheese, Cal	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz.	40@	45
Lard, ℔	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16@	20
Cranberries ℔ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	2@	3
Do sweet	2@	3
Lima Beans, ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	6@	8
Onions ℔	6@	6
Squashes, ℔	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz.	25@	50
Celery, ℔ doz. b	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz. b	20@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz. b	25@	
Parsnips, ℔ doz. b	20@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz. b	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔	6@	20
String Beans, ℔	6@	
Apples, ℔	6@	8
Pears, ℔	6@	12
Quinces, ℔	6@	
Peaches, ℔	6@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔	12@	25
Do new, ℔	6@	
Oranges, ℔ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Limes, ℔ doz.	3@	50
Quail, ℔ doz	2 50@3	00
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	6@	25
Geese, ℔ pair	3 00@4	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 50@3	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	35@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@	
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	6@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	6@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔	12@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish ℔	12@	
Smelts, ℔	10@	
Tomcod ℔	12@	
Sturgeon, ℔	6@	
Sea Bass, ℔	6@	
Flounders, ℔	25@	
Halibut, ℔	12@	
Perch, ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ℔	6@	
Anchovies, ℔	6@	
Soles, ℔	25@	
Herrings, ℔	6@	

BIZ.

We have a Stringent Money Market, and this is grievously felt by street operators, stock speculators, etc. The [illegible] minority complain [illegible]. The [illegible] prospects [illegible] to a year of considerable [illegible] fine [illegible] acreage planted and [illegible] to the [illegible] cultivation of wheat [illegible] 1873 will exceed by fifty per cent. that of any previous year [illegible] A year ago crops in Napa Valley and other grain growing districts around the bay did not yield bountifully, but now the grain all over the State looks fine, and where in 1872 no crops were produced, this year there will be an abundance and to spare, and where crops last year were large, they promise to be even more abundant. Our grain fleet now numbers 275 vessels, and Oregon a score more, all to the United Kingdom, and there is plenty yet to go forward. Now there is some prospect that New Zealand will take off our surplus barley, she wants the barley, but that we have not got in any quantity. Out of other kinds we can well spare 100,000 bags. The Spring clip of wool is now making its appearance, it will be large, possibly 25,000,000 pounds. The present outlook of the market is not encouraging to the growers. We have now a surplus of old on hand of [illegible] pounds, which might all have been marketed a year ago at 40 to 50 cents against 25 to 28 cents at this date.

The Ship Tabor cleared for Liverpool on the 13th inst. with 44,100 centals Wheat, valued at $79,919. This is the [illegible] vessel sailed this season on farmers account, Wm. Ames, Blanchard & Co. doing the business for Lambert, Palmer & Co., of Stockton.

Grain Sacks.—There is some inquiry for Gilroy standard Burlap Bags 22x36, with sales here and to arrive at 15c. Importers and agents of manufacturers are now under limits of 17c. Some of our farmers have an idea that second hand bags will suffice for the purpose. This is a mistake, true, the first cost is less, but breakage and wastage is more, besides the grain is not as salable, so that, in point of fact, they will be the cheapest. It is estimated that our requirement for the grain crop the coming harvest will amount to 25,000,000 bags.

Coal.—We have a slack market. Three cargoes of Sydney sold this week for less than $12 per ton. Coast [illegible] $10 50 [illegible], California Diablo, $6 50 @$8 50, English Steam, $11@$12, Anthracite, $15@$17, Cumberland, $18@$21, Cannel, $15@$16.

Coffee Holders are firm, asking 19c for best Greens, some small holders selling at 18@18½c. Stock light for the season.

Chemicals.—English stock moves off slowly at present, trade quiet and rates nominal. The Great Republic for Panama carried en route for New York 900 cs California Borax, price, &c. This trade is steadily augmenting.

French Goods.—The French bark Rosendael, from Marseilles, has reached port with an assorted cargo, which, with several other cargoes recently at hand, gives us large supplies of general merchandise.

German Goods.—Two cargoes from Hamburg have arrived during the week, the Henrietta and the Altmark, both to H. Balzer & Co. We are not yet advised of any sales from these vessels but the assortment appears quite complete.

Malt Liquors From British Columbia.—We have been forced to apply to Victoria, V. I., for Porter. Our market had become bare of this beverage, and the best we could do in the emergency was to strip Vic. of all she had. More Beer is wanted, but stickers in the Methodist country have lessened the product. Al, on the contrary, is in request and of good quality, but Dublin and London Porter is at best in scant supply.

Metals seem to be called for. Scotch Pig Iron held at 60c, while 270 tons Hard Iron sold for 5c or less. Selby's Smelting Works shipped to New York via Panama steamer, Great Republic 4,800 pigs Lead, say 36 tons.

Whale Oil.—We shipped to New York via Panama steamer, on the 11th inst., 4,200 gals. [illegible]. Market dull, and we will be compelled to ship East balance of Arctic Whale, Polar Oil. Soon Coal Oil in barrels, from the East, now arrives by rail, selling at 24½c per gallon.

Butter to New York.—A car load, 20,000 lbs., Point Reyes Dairy, in rolls, went East to New York last Monday, consigned to Thomas S. Dorrance & Co. Another car will soon follow, to be shipped by Wooster, Shattuck & Co., price 32½c. The Central Pacific Railroad are obligated to send it through without delay.

Flour to New York.—The Central Pacific has entered into an agreement with the Marysville Mills to carry 5,000 bbls of their best Extra overland with dispatch. This is good. The same mill sent 800 bbls to New York by steamer on the 12th, besides a shipment of 300 bbls Oregon Imperial to Boston, and 700 bbls Vallejo Starr Mills to Portland, Maine. The previous steamer carried 700 bbls Golden Age Mills, extra silk dressed in wooden barrels, worth in New York, $10 25@$10 50 per 196 lbs.

Leather to London.—The agents in this city of the Santa Cruz tanneries have encouraging advices from London respecting shipments of Sole Leather, hoping to get ¼d advance for next lot, and a free regular shipments.

Quicksilver Famine.—Advices from London report an advance to £14, supposed to be occasioned by political disturbances here in Spain. Price here has been advanced to 95c. Why? because the consumption is now greater than the world's production. Should the Almaden Mines of Spain cease work, then look out for very *high prices*. Agents here say they are now unable to fill their orders.

Nails.—We note sales of 1,000 kegs Boonton Mills ex ship at $4@$4 25. Our stock here is computed at 50,000 kegs.

Rice.—The market is inactive, holders very firm, for No. 1 China asking 7c.; No. 2 sells at 6½@7½c. Stock of low grades large.

Sugar.—We note sales of China Refined at 9½@10c. Hawaiian Range, 8@11c. Latter rate for very choice grades, which are scarce. White Refined Sugars are 12½@12¾c. Golden C, 10@11½c.

Our Grain Fleet is steadily augmenting to the United Kingdom.

	Wheat Ctls	Value
Total since July 1st, 1872, 275 vessels.	7,950,904	11,282,279
31 vessels since July 1, 1871, with	1,035,183	2,218,010
117 vessels since July 1, 1870, with	3,347,283	6,613,159
160 vessels since July 1, 1869, with	3,085,681	7,039,116

There are now 26 vessels on the berth, with registered tonnage of 22,388 tons.

Freights to the United Kingdom have now fallen to £4 to a direct port, £4 5s to Cork for orders. The engagements for the week have been as follows: British bark Kenilworth, 691, Wheat to Cork, £1 12s 6d. British bark Acapulco, 793, Wheat to Liverpool £4 7s 6d., British bark Stormy Petrel, 457, barley to New Zealand, private, German bark Altmark, 552, cedar from Manzanillo to Hamburg, £3 15s. brig Hesperian, 241, lumber from Eureka to Melbourne, $12, French bark Rosendael, 392, Wheat to Cork, private.

There is more disengaged tonnage at date in port than for months past—plenty of ships and little business. Some of the Fleet will hold over for the new crop.

Redwood Lumber for Melbourne.—Brig Hesperian cleared March 12th for Eureka to load 200,000 feet Redwood Lumber for Melbourne, being, it is said, the first cargo of the kind ever shipped there.

Barley for Melbourne.—It is more than probable that a vessel will soon be dispatched to the Colonies with brewing Barley. Our entire stock is less than 300,000 bags.

Our Produce Market.—Best Flour is worth $5 75 for Golden Gate Extra, other brands [illegible], outside brands, [illegible] $5 25 [illegible], [illegible] $1 [illegible] [illegible] Wheat, $1 [illegible] [illegible] $1 [illegible] 1 75. Barley, $1 [illegible] 1 [illegible]. Oats, $ [illegible] Corn, $1 25 [illegible] $2 25 [illegible] oriental. Potatoes, 1@1½c. Hay, $14@20 per ton. Wool, 25 [illegible] for F[illegible], Spring clip. Hides, 18@20c for Dry; 8@9½c for Wet Salted. Tallow, 7½ [illegible]c. Best Dairy Butter, 32½@35c.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1	$57 50 @ 60 00
Bar Iron, [illegible] ℔	— 4 @ — 7
Metal Sheathing ℔	— [illegible] @ — 30
Tin Plates, I. C. ℔ bx	12 00 @ 14 00
Tin Plates, I. X. ℔ bx	14 50 @ 15 00
Lead, Pig, ℔	— [illegible] @ — [illegible]
Lead, Sheet ℔	— [illegible] @ — 1
Borax, Ref. ℔	— [illegible] @ — 42½
Quicksilver	— — @ — 95
COAL.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	14 00 @ 15 00
Australian	11 50 @ 12 00
Cumberland	18 00 @ 20 00
Anthracite	14 00 @ 16 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ 9 50
Mount Diablo	[illegible] 50 @ [illegible] 50
COFFEE.	
Rio, ℔	— 19 @ 19½
Java Old Government	— 23 @ — 24
Manila	— 16 @ — 17
Costa Rica	— 16 @ — 17
RICE.	
China, No 1, ℔	— 6¾ @ — 7
China, No 2	— [illegible] @ — 8
Hawaiian	— [illegible] @ — 9
WINES.	
Champagne, Veloz	20 00 @ 25 00
Port according to brand ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 25
Sherry, do do	1 25 @ 4 00
OIL.	
Coal and Kerosene	— 30 @ — 42½

TEAS	PRICES
Japans	$ — 35 @ — 75
Oolong	— 50 @ — 80
SUGARS.	
China, No. 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 10
Manila	— [illegible] @ — 8
Crushed, American	— 12 @ — 12½
Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
CANDLES.	
Sperm Wax, ℔	— 20 @ — 44
Adamantine	— 17 @ — 19
SPIRITS AND LIQUORS.	
Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 7 50
Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rum, Jamaica	4 00 @ 5 25
Brandy, French	4 00 @ 16 00
BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Chicken Burlap, 28x36	— 14 @ — 15
Gunny Bags in bales	— 16 @ — 17
Burlap Bags	— 16 @ — 17
Hessian, 40 inch, ℔ yard	— — @ — 12
DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
Wool, ℔	— 11 @ — 25
Tallow	— [illegible] @ — 8
Hides	— 18 @ — 19
Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs	1 70 @ 1 90
Barley	1 25 @ 1 40
Oats	2 00 @ 2 25
Flour ℔ bbl	4 75 @ 5 75

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st of every month at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

April 1st—Steamer ALASKA, Capt. Lachlan.
April 16th—Steamer CHINA, Capt. Cobb.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers to ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

March 17th—Steamer CONSTITUTION, Capt. Morse.
March 27th—Steamer MONTANA, Capt. Nolan.
April 7th—Steamer COSTA RICA, Capt. Laptige.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen and Norway.

When the sailing date of the above Panama steamers falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:

PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Monday, March 3, Friday, March 14, Tuesday, March 25.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Saturday, March 8, Wednesday, March 19, Saturday, March 29.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO, SANTA BARBARA AND SAN PEDRO.

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M., as follows:

SENATOR, Capt. Harlee, Wednesday, March 5, Monday, March 17, Friday March 28.

FOR CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon. No freight received nor bills of lading signed after [illegible] o'clock P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [March 1.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, Capital Bourbon, | National Bourbon, Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality guaranteed.

BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco, Sole Agents for Pacific Coast. Dec. 9.]

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions

Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

"SPIERS & POND,"

239 Kearny street, cor. of Bush, San Francisco. Wines, Liquors and Cigars, Tea and Coffee. Lunch at the usual hours, and Refreshments at all times. The comfort of the domestic fireside, the graces and courtesies of the drawing room, the freedom of the

CLUB.

Refreshments at all times, and Lunch at the usual hours. Tea and Coffee, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, 239 Kearny street, corner of Bush, San Francisco. "SPIERS & POND." Feb. 1.

OFFICE OF THE SANTA CRUZ ISLAND COMPANY,

San Francisco, February 6, 1873.—In accordance with a resolution adopted at a meeting of the Trustees of the SANTA CRUZ ISLAND COMPANY, duly held on February 5th 1873, a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of said Company is hereby called to be held at the Office of the company, Room No. 10, Academy Block, No. 1 [illegible] Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, on MONDAY, the 10th day of March, 1873, at the hour of one o'clock P. M. of said day, to take into consideration and decide upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said Company from $[illegible], divided into shares of $[illegible] each, the present capital stock to $[illegible], divided into 300 shares of $1,000. [illegible] GUSTAVE MAHE, T. LEMMEN MEYER, Trustees. March 1.

CHARLES HARE,

34 and 36 Stewart street.—Tanner's Oil, Cocoa-nut Oil, Polar Oil. Pig Iron, Cumberland and Lehigh Coal, Braziers' Copper, Yellow Metal, Nails, Anchors and Chains, all sizes, Hemp and Manila Rope, Galvanized Wire Rope, In bond or duty paid, Pitch, Tar, Oakum, White Lead, Eastern Oak ship Timber, Spanish Cedar, Teak, Lignum-vitae, [illegible] Oil Casks, Water Tanks, [illegible] brass and iron, [illegible] Japan Tea and fine Java Coffee of [illegible]. Old Iron, Copper, and Metals bought at the highest market rates. March 1.

JOHN SAULNIER, Bordeaux.] [P. LARRAZERE, San Francisco.

JOHN SAULNIER & CO.

Importers of French Brandies, Wines, Groceries, Drugs, etc., etc. No. 10 Battery street, San Francisco. March 1.

ARMES & DALLAM,

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Bags, etc., 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

BOILED DOWN JUICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PRESS.

Chronicle.—"The building of our new City Hall is an extravagant, unnecessary, profligate and wicked job, passed by a Democratic Legislature for a speculation and to give Democrats office."—"The most chimerical and foolish of all contemplated enterprises is that of the Darien Ship Canal; the canal would be of advantage to the commercial ports of the Atlantic, but it would be destructive to San Francisco"—"Look to-day; we are no longer retiring the public debt, our Congress adjourns after an infamous exhibit of official corruption, which it only partially exposed and wholly failed to punish, a whole list of shameless legislative acts, and God spare them when their enemies shall write a book."—"Of course every one will regret that Captain Jack and his band must be exterminated, but then Captain Jack has no business to be an Indian."—"The political guillotine at Washington, guided in its operations by our new Senator, Sargent, is daily furnishing new victims for the commiseration of their fellow Republicans."—"The resignation of Gladstone, the attitude of the workingmen of Great Britain will continue to urge England on the road to republicanism till the death of the present Queen prepares the way for a series of political movements like that occurring during the last two or three years in Spain, and similarly terminating."

Alta.—"It would seem to be the order of things that the Indian must pass away before the march of the white races; but in fulfilling this destiny, let not the laws of common justice and humanity be outraged."—"The tendency of the day seems to be to condone crime, especially if it consist of capital offenses."—"The Secretary of the Treasury has begun the re-issue of his $44,000,000 reserve notes and to reserve his gold sales, which measures will make paper more plenty and gold more scarce. The volume of gold in New York can only be increased by collecting it from a distance, and San Francisco has furnished over $500,000 per week in coin for many weeks, as well through the Post Office as by express."—"Gladstone's Irish University bill offended the Episcopalians as well as the Catholics, and these, with the opposition, are too strong for him; he must go out or call a new ministry."—"The new line connecting St. Louis with the Gulf of Mexico is equivalent to a boundary clause of our national Constitution."—"Gladstone's resignation may be the most effective method of gaining additional power, for a general election will perhaps lead to results not welcome either to the Tories or the aristocratic Liberals."—"Sundries, twenty-one; Deficiences, six; and Miscellaneous, five. These three items of appropriation have a formidable and suspicious look, and are supposed to cover much of the stealing.

Call.—"It would be a grand thing for commerce if a practical route could be found for a ship canal across the Isthmus of Darien."—"Nearly one third of the railroads of the United States are under the control of a few individuals in one corporation, called the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, of which Thomas Scott is king.'"—"Will Stanford & Co. even at this date learn wisdom! No railroad company located in a country where expenses are so likely to run away with profits, and where population is so sparse, can sustain itself unless in perfect accord with the people."—"If the industrial classes of England act together, they must prove a power whose demands the Crown and the Parliament will eventually be compelled to recognize."—"The Committee having charge of American interests in connection with the Vienna Exposition, make complaint that they are unable to procure a sufficient number of pictures above mediocrity, to represent American Art abroad. This is something of a reproach to the large cities of the East."

Bulletin.—"There is a sort of grim poetic justice in the elevation of Disraeli over the fallen Gladstone, for Gladstone may be said to have literally hounded his great rival into political exile."—"No really bad or corrupt man could, by referring the election of Senators to the people themselves, hope to buy himself into the Senate of the United States, for of the people we are not afraid."—"That terrible nuisance, the interviewer, has turned up again, and this time the victim is President Grant."—"While we are willing to admit in the broadest terms that hanging is about the worst use to which a man could be put, we cannot shut our eyes to the fact that the States which tried the experiment of the abolition of capital punishment have been forced, in most cases, to retrace their steps."

Examiner.—"Grant was re-elected on a platform pledged to inaugurate Civil Service reform. We never expected that he would, and therefore are not surprised that his very first acts—the recent Federal appointments—mark the violation of his pledges to the people."—"We need schools for instruction in the industrial arts open to all comers, and capable of imparting a practical knowledge of essential processes; and we need a better education of the young in the lessons of industry and duty."—"This gives a total circulating medium as now outstanding of $726,000,000, which is worth in gold at 15⅜ per cent. premium, $630,100,000, or a loss of nearly $90,000,000 in its purchasing power.

The Pacific.—"In what is called Society, wealth is everything. The poor man, though able to live and thrive in a moderate way, is a nobody. The possession of wealth is enough to make a man, no matter how it is gotten."

[redacted] **Record** —"Horace Adams is a man every inch of him."—"The Pacific Coast Mining Bureau being established for the purpose of protecting investors and [illegible] the [illegible] of the knaves who live by plundering [illegible] wildcat [illegible] all the [illegible] of California street, all the Hamilton brokers are opposed to it and do their best to secure aid from the press."—"No body [illegible] this side of the [illegible] or throughout the continent, has so persistently and monstrously offended against propriety, decency and truth in the measure of [illegible] Union, we think no better objective point (action for libel could have been selected."

Sacramento Union.—"The pretended nomination of Horace Adams is a fraud put upon the people by the Central Pacific Railroad Company for the sole purpose of enabling them to monopolize the water front of the city and obtaining other properties they are too mean to pay for at a fair price."—"There is as much truth in Stanford's statement that the Central Pacific Railroad has paid $150,000 taxes this year as that all the subsidies received from the Government would not pay the cost of building the railroad in California."

Oakland News—"The San Francisco press has a wonderful faculty of discovering all about bad legislation and jobbery after it is consummated; witness the City Hall job."—"The system of cumulative punishment, which makes a second petty larceny, a felony is an excellent one, and will greatly reduce the amount of crime and render property far more secure."—"Had the scurrilous writers who have assailed the honor and integrity of Colfax, closely studied the evidence elicited in his case, they would not have dared to attack the reputation of a man who by reason of his purity, integrity and brilliant capacity has been trusted by his constituents for twenty years."

Oakland Transcript.—"The best life insurance is to live frugally, save your earnings, and when they have accumulated invest them yourself."

San Diego Union.—"Even while the malicious statement of the dangers of San Diego harbor was going the rounds of the press, the telegraph brings us intelligence which has a flavor of retribution—that of the loss of the *Patrician*."

Santa Cruz Sentinel.—"If our people will renew their zeal and the aid possible with many of them, there are parties now ready to take the old extended, and construct a road from Watsonville to the point from which San Mateo will complete the road to San Francisco."

Gold Hill News.—"In a single day nearly all the horses on the Comstock range were stricken with the dreadful epizootic, as though a great, foul miasmatic wave from the East had rolled upon them and they had inhaled the contagion all at one breath."

Utah Journal.—We fancy Brigham's corruption fund, and Hooper's bland way of distributing it, had most to do in preventing the passing of Frelinghuysen's bill."

Salt Lake Herald.—"The only way to constitutionally take the power out of the hands of the Mormons is by outnumbering them at the election polls of the Territory, and by outvoting them in the Legislature."

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

As Proudly the Flag of our Union But steadily keeping its head to the flies, front,
The stars on its banner outshining the Not letting its beak or its talons get skies, blunt.
As swiftly the eagle soars higher and So De La Montanya's Union Range higher, Is always ahead, and never will change.
Nor fearing the cold, or the sun's burning fire, ☞ Place of business, 214 to 216 Jackson street.

John, what is a gentleman? Stub-toe boots, short tail coat, and a high shirt-collar. What is the chief end of a gentleman? His coat tail. What is the work of a gentleman? To borrow money, to eat large dinners, go to the opera, and petition for office. What is a gentleman's first duty towards himself? To go and stop a week at Thorpe's Hotel and Gardens on the San Bruno Road. The only trouble is, though, that he won't settle well in the city after, as he will be all the time longing to be back there. Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg are people who, the more you see, the more you like.

He who can taste without alloy
The present pleasures of the day,
Should with an easy, cheerful smile
The bitterness of life beguile—
Should all of future care detest,
For no one is completely blest.
The direct road to happiness divine
Is Eberhardt & Lachman's native wine.

"**The Right Man** in the right place" is a sentence very often used, but seldom applies without reservation to any one. In fact we had become almost skeptical as to the actual existence of the right man in any place, having seen so many of the tricks of place-hunters and office-holders. Last week, however, we had reason to change our minds, for we did find the right man, and in the right place, too. This *rara avis* was none other than Robert Robinson, the drayman, who stands at the southeast corner of Davis and Sacramento streets.

"**In Sleep**, when fancy is let loose to play,
Our dreams repeat the wishes of the day."
Last night my wife was talking in her sleep;
She spoke a lot—I learnt a precious heap
Of things she wanted and that she admired.
But the main wish that filled her very soul,
Was some new furniture from N. P. Cole
She'd seen on Bush street as she passed his store
(I'll get it her next month, if not before).

"**With Cautious Judgment** o'er and o'er, The things you recommend explore, Lest when the thing is better known, You blush for errors not your own." When you recommend your friends to go to Hotaling's for pure "Cutter Whisky," you need never blush for errors either your own or any one else's.

No. 604 Merchant Street, San Francisco, March 1st, 1873.—Sir: I desire to inform you that I have opened an office at the above address for the sale and purchase of city and country property, the examination of titles, the settlement of estates of decedents, the investment of money and the negotiation of loans. As I propose to give to these specialities my exclusive personal attention, I can ask, with the greater confidence, the favor of your patronage. I am, respectfully, your obedient servant, Robt. C. Rogers.

Young was I once and poor, now rich and old,
A harder case than mine was never told;
Blest with the power to use them I had none,
Loaded with riches now, the power is [gone.
Thus sang a rich old gentleman some six months ago. Since then, however, he has taken three plates of fine plump Eastern oysters a day at the Saddle Rock, on Pine street, and the power of enjoying life has returned.

A Mysterious Parcel was found the other day on the sidewalk down Kearny street. The finder of it was puzzled to find out what it contained, and so retired to the nearest saloon, where he examined his treasure trove. What was his joy when he discovered that it contained a dozen of the finest photographs he had ever seen, each one rivaling the other in beauty and clearness. He does not propose giving up that parcel to any one. He says that one does not pick up pictures like I. W. Taber takes every day.

Kean Broke His Leg when a boy, riding an act of horsemanship at Bartholomew Fair. The leather of his stirrup broke, and the horse being a very restive one, began plunging so violently that Kean was unhorsed. People should be very careful in selecting their saddlery, etc., as many accidents occur daily from defective harness. To insure good-looking and strong harness, every one should go to Main & Winchester's store.

Said a Thief to a wit: "There's no knowing one's friends
Until they've been tried and found steady."
"Very true," said the wit, "but all your's, I presume,
Have been tried and found guilty already."
Those who once try Bradley & Rulofson's photographs will never get any taken anywhere else, as they are never found wanting either in likeness or finish.

Livingstone lately fell in with a tribe of savages called Manganja's; in several of their villages he found the whole population on a "drunk." They drink a species of beer made from grain. How thankful we ought to be that we live in an age and country that has brought wine to a high pitch of perfection. Who has not tasted the Gerke Wine? and who has not been forced to admit that it is second to none? Its reputation is world wide.

The Recollections of Our Childhood often bring back some of the pleasantest events of a lifetime. The little innocent fun we had then was far more enjoyable than many of the graver pleasures of after life. Who cannot recall to mind some little incident that causes even now a pleasurable sensation, one of those little things that suggest so much! The other day, while passing Gilbert & Morse's store, we recognized some school furniture exactly such as we used when at school.

Sight is one of God's greatest gifts to mankind, and without which he cannot enjoy life. When age or accident impair that sight, Muller's Pebble Spectacles will restore it.

Harry Blanken has a good glass of grog and a hearty welcome for all who visit his house on the San Bruno Road. Give him a call.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally.

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Dan [illegible] street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNELLY'S YEAST POWDER, [illegible] the public are hereby [illegible] that [illegible] are manufactured unless at his Factory, 715 and 21, Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnelly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powder, manufactured by himself—the only original [illegible] Powder [illegible] Cream of Tartar [illegible] unadulterated [illegible] his Factory, 715 and 21 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for [illegible] [illegible] ton on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.

THOMAS DONNOLLY

San Francisco, January 2[illegible] 1873. Feb 1

E. F. CHILD,

Stock Broker, 503 California street, San Francisco, California. March 2.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 10 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co. bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road, Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (India, 174 Change alley, Cornhill), Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 11 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill: Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bdgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mess, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 8 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Glosterst, E.C.; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 2 Stevenson's building, S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Brostgrun—At Mount Eden, March 10th, to the wife of F. Brostgrun, a daughter
Falk—In this city, March 11th, to the wife of B. Falk, a son
Goldsmidt—In this city, March 7th, to the wife of N. G. Goldsmidt, a son
Hyman—In this city, March 12th, to the wife of Henry W. Hyman, a daughter
Harris—In this city, March 10th, to the wife of Joseph Harris, a daughter
Husing—In this city, March 7th, to the wife of Mr. Husing, a son
Lennon—In this city, March 11th, to the wife of Wm. J. Lennon, a daughter.
Lometti—In this city, March 10th, to the wife of Joseph Lometti, a son

ALTAR.

Crawford-Maddux—In Sacramento, March 8th, G. B. Crawford to S. C. Maddux.
Hyman-Friedlander—In this city, March 11th, H. W. Hyman to Rose Friedlander.
Howard-McAlpin—In this city, Chas. G. Howard to Louisa McAlpin
Proschold-Boettle—In this city, March 9th, C. M. Proschold to Louise M. Boettle.
Richardson-Woldridge—In Salinas City, A. E. Richardson to Mrs. A. Woldridge.
Salinas-Setiga—In this city, March 6th, Andrew Salinas to [illegible]
Woodhull-Carville—In this city, March 9th, E. F. Woodhull to Nina E. Carville.

TOMB.

Amerige—In this city, March 13th, George Amerige, aged 67 years.
Harrington—In this city, March 12th, Mary Harrington, aged 41 years.
Jones—In this city, March 13th, John Jones, aged 40 years.
Moser—In this city, March 13th, F. Moser, aged 58 years.
Penston—In this city, March 12th, Edward Penston, aged 62 years.
Smith—In this city, March 11th, Mighill Smith, aged 65 years.
Tothill—In this city, March 9th, Sarah Y. Tothill, aged 61 years.
Whalen—In this city, March 12th, Catherine Whalen, aged 38 years.

CANADIAN PLUMBAGO.

One of the most valuable products of the mineral kingdom is certainly plumbago, and this is owing to its comparative scarcity. The principal source whence it has been obtained in this country is Cumberland, where are situated the well known mines of Borrowdale, which at one time yielded the proprietors £100,000 in a year, the ore selling at 45s. per pound. But times have changed both with regard to the yield of the ore, and the price obtainable for it; these once celebrated mines being now practically exhausted. Plumbago is found at Glenstrathfarrar, in Inverness, and at Craigman, in Ayrshire, as well as in Cornwall, but in either case only in comparatively small quantities. Deposits of plumbago occur at Arendal, in Norway, and also in Finland and the United States, but the chief source of the present market supply is Ceylon and the East Indies, the Ceylon plumbago being a very high standard. There is, however, at the present time a great scarcity in the supply of plumbago, the crucible manufacturers absorbing very considerable quantities. In view of this, therefore, it is satisfactory to find that some extensive deposits of this mineral have been discovered in the township of Buckingham, about eighteen miles to the north of Ottawa, the capital of the Dominion of Canada. The mines which have been opened, are situated on the river de Lievre, a tributary of the Ottawa, and are favorably placed both as regards the working of the ore and its transport.

A recent examination of these mines made by Mr. George Henwood, has disclosed the fact that there are fourteen well defined lodes, in which plumbago of unusual purity occurs in large quantities. Several of the lodes intersect each other, and the mineral in some of them varies in thickness from 5 to 10 feet. Besides this, there is a quarry of disseminated ore, over a quarter of a mile in length and 75 feet in height, producing a very good percentage of plumbago. Some fine specimens of the ore recently taken from the lodes by Mr. Henwood were lately to be seen at the School of Mines, but are now at the offices of Mr. Harvey, in St. Clement's House, where we recently inspected them. They are exceedingly rich in appearance, and are remarkable for their crystalline formation and purity. They display all the varieties of the ore, some being columnar and reticulated, and others laminated. One specimen measures 2 feet in length, 16 inches in depth, and about 5 inches in thickness. Assays of this ore, made by Messrs. Johnson & Sons, show it to contain 97 per cent of plumbago, the minimum annual yield of which the lodes are capable, being estimated by Mr. Henwood at 5,000 tons, whilst twice that quantity, it is stated, can be obtained annually from the workings in the quarry. The produce of these mines is said to be preferred before the best Ceylon ores, and to command a higher price in the local markets. From the appearance of the samples, and the extent of the deposit in which they occur, we may infer that this discovery will, in its results, exercise an important influence upon the market.

We must congratulate our mining community on their good fortune, if this is the case, as it will make an immense difference in the price of crucibles.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Shank of the Mushroom Anchor, to which a buoy is attached, has the blame [illegible] for sinking the *Patrician*.—Meehan will serve out more drinks yet.—Mrs. [illegible] is [illegible] to cure the "horrors" with gentle laudanum. Stomach-pump has rather disgusted her.—Haman's little failure to exterminate the Jews was held in remembrance by all the Tribe on Wednesday and two following days.—Carl Spreckles' long lost brother has been found; his name is Spelgelson.—One of the worst of the city jobs with its distinctive belongings,—The shorthand notes of the Broadway School Investigation only cost [illegible].—[illegible] the number of uninterested and kind-hearted friends great that poor old Harger has just secured.—The Episcopal Church Union collections in the lecture room in aid [illegible] have been most satisfactory during the month of February there was collected a total of eight dollars and ten cents.—A terrible discovery has been made in Stevenson street. The skeletons of some few scores of [illegible] were found to be [illegible] by some workmen, and a [illegible] sausage manufacturer [illegible] in the vicinity.—There was a balloon ascension on Montgomery street on Thursday. For particulars, ask the Summer zephyrs and the [illegible] who had [illegible] stock in trade.—Something like half a dozen false fire alarms this week.—Several ships are lying in the stream awaiting crews.—Three sea [illegible] are on route for Barnum's and Woodward's menagerie [illegible] black tailed [illegible].—James D. Page, charged with abstracting a letter from the Vallejo Post Office addressed to Warren Haley, by Charles A. Jerrard, (now under sentence of death for Crolly's murder) has made a sensation in Vallejo by shooting his wife through the neck and himself through the head. He will shoot no more, being dead; but Mrs. Page may. She is still a mortal

THE FRANCO-CALIFORNIAN SILK MANUFACTURING CO.

A New and Important Industry is growing in our midst, that of silk manufacture, and we heartily wish it a long and prosperous life. Messrs. [illegible] and [illegible], aided by Philip Meagher, Esq., have determined to reap the golden harvest afforded by the enterprise. They have already a loom in operation which may be seen at [illegible] store, on Sutter street, and [illegible] within a few months having a hundred looms at work. The following gentlemen will serve as Directors for the first two months: E. Martin, Cashier Hibernia Bank, firm of E. Martin & Co., Gustave Touchard, President Union Insurance Company; Joseph Godchaux, Silk Importer, firm of Godchaux Bros. & Co.; Philip Meagher, Capitalist, formerly of firm of Meagher, Tooff & Co., Importers of Silks, [illegible] Silk Manufacturer of Lyons, France. The capital stock is $[illegible] in 5,000 shares of $[illegible] each, 1,500 shares will be put upon the market. To the thriving silk manufactories of Paterson, N. J. and West Hoboken, N. Y., point to the success that has attended similar undertakings East, whilst to the firm we have the [illegible] advantages [illegible] duty, cheapness of labor compared to France, and unequaled climate and commercial facilities.

The Duties collected on the 7th inst., amounted to $110,030,61, being principally collected on Australian Wool by late arrivals.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Afternoon—Last Miss Dargon Matinee, DEBORAH. Saturday Evening, March 15th—Farewell Benefit and Last Night of Miss Dargon. Monday Evening, March 17th. The beautiful Irish Drama ST. PATRICK'S EVE, or KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN. Monday Evening, March 24th—After months of careful preparation, Shakespeare's Tragedy of CORIOLANUS. Friday Evening, March 21—Annual Benefit of Miss JUDAH. March 15.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—Director, John Woodard, Treasurer, Andrew Burrell. Saturday Afternoon, March 15—Second Chapman Sisters' Matinee—LITTLE DON GIOVANNI. Monday, March 17—ST. PATRICK'S DAY—Grand Extra Matinee. Admission—Dress Circle, 75 cents; Orchestra Seats, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. March 15.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer, Bob Hart, Stage Manager; Geo. T. Evans, Musical Director. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. Immense success of the EMERSON MINSTRELS, in connection with LITTLE MAC. The Great EMERSON, in his Great Negro Act of "Old Black Joe." Reappearance of CHARLEY SUTTON on the End. SENATOR HAIT on the Modoc War. "Jocko, the Brazilian Ape." Monday Evening, March 17—First appearance of CHARLES VIVIAN, the great Serio-Comic Singer. March 15.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh Stage Manager; E. Zimmer Musical Director. This (Saturday) and every evening during the week, "Read," "Ponder," "Reflect," and "Witness"—the exertions put forth to entertain the weary stranger and abiding citizen. Engagement with the finest baritone that ever visited this coast, THOS. CAMPBELL, who comes with [illegible]. Engagement with HARRY [illegible] the Musical [illegible]. That [illegible] Larkin and Carrie Armstrong still remain. Miss Agnes Kennedy [illegible] Operatic Singer. Charles Vernon, London Comique. [illegible] Campbell, Montague and Gerretts [illegible] and Jennie [illegible], Josephine Holmes, and Harlan [illegible] all appear in special acts. [illegible] by Campbell, and "Tableaux Vivants" by all the ladies. Calcium and colored lights. Making the best entertainment in the city. Admission, 25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. March 15.

WILSON'S AMPHITHEATER AND PARISIAN CIRCUS

Sutter street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, opposite Lick House.—Grand Special Programme for Sunday Evening, March 16th. ST. PATRICK'S DAY, Great National Performance. Matinee after the Procession, at 3 o'clock. Irish Acts! Hibernian Wit! Splendid Programme! Festival of the Sons of Erin, and in the evening, at 8, RICHARD III. RICHARD III. RICHARD III. Admission—Parquette, 50 cts; Dress Circle, $1; Reserved Chairs, $1 50; Private Boxes, $5 and $10. March 15.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonnough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on SATURDAY, March 15th, at 12 o'clock M., from Front street Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamers and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to the cheap and rapid [illegible] with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none other signed. For freight or passage, having superior accomodations apply to [March 15.] EDWARD NORTON, Agent, 610 Front street.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Ajax, F. Bolles, Commander, will leave Folsom street wharf for the above port on SATURDAY, March 15th, at 9 o'clock A. M. [March 15.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

Cal. Placard Exchange Co. and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast.

J. MORRIS,

Placard Writer for the Placard Exchange.—Show Cards written in elegant style for every business, at 33 Geary street, near Dupont, San Francisco. March 15

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS.

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15.

SPANISH LESSONS

M. G. Pritchard, - - - - - - - - - - 414 California street.
[March 15.]

BURLING & BROTHER,

Stock Brokers, have removed to No. 304 Sansome street, near California. March 15.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor March 15.

WANTED,

By an Englishman, with six years reference from railroad company in the East, a situation as Porter, Collector, or willing to make himself useful in any Office, Store, Warehouse, or other department. Address, March 1. H. S. A., News Letter Office.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, [illegible] Watch, Carter, Hawkes & Co. Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia [illegible] Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 15.

REMOVAL.

The Offices of the Phenix Fire Insurance Co. of Hartford; Home Fire Insurance Co. of New York; North British and Mercantile Insurance Co. of London and Edinburgh, have been removed from 424 California street to 305 Sansome street (next Pacific Bank). March 8. R. H. MAGILL, Manager.

WEBER PIANOS,

At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. ☞ These Pianos have a world-wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb. 1.]

JAS. R. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 331 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

C. L. Crackbon.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. Murdock.

Job Printers, Successors to H. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 5.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 22.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 15, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

NO HOME.

When the honeysuckles bloom,
And the wrens flutter o'er
Their nests in the vine,
As they have for years before,
My heart flutters o'er
A long deserted nest,
And cries out for home—
Home and rest.

When wild roses shed their leaves
O'er the rocks with moss o'ergrown,
And I think of the summers
That over them have flown,
My heart would be a rose,
To scatter year by year,
Its petals o'er the rock
Changeless and dear.

When the night winds in the pines
Sing their song of the sea,
And I seem to be rocked
As my mother rocked me,
And dream I am lying
Like the ground-bird's nest,
With the pines above me sighing,
In dream ere rest.

'Tis sweet to know a home
Awaits me, so still,
'Neath shadows of leaves,
On a breeze-haunted hill;
There my father's ashes lie,
There on Mother Earth's breast,
My heart will find a home—
Home and rest.

—*M. R. Whitbury, in Appleton's Journal.*

MR. JAMES GRANT ON THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER.

It is now some time since Mr. Grant brought out his two volumes on the "Newspaper Press" (Lond. 1871), but as a third was expected, we have delayed noticing those remarks which more nearly touch ourselves. The third volume has at length appeared (though, to judge by the criticisms it has evoked from the London press, it has added little to the real information contained in those already published); while it has brought about the ears of its author a fresh deluge of journalistic hot water. So, though this issue has not yet reached our hands, we proceed to examine what has been already said of the *News Letter*—the only paper, by the way, on this side the continent, so much as mentioned in the "Newspaper Press"—your English historian does not fly his falcon at small game. In a comparison of the different manners in which the London *Times* and the San Francisco *News Letter* manage certain things, he says, (Vol. II. p. 396), "In connection with the 'Births, Marriages, and Deaths' department of our *Times*, I may make a momentary allusion to another [novelty]. I have now before me a copy of the San Francisco *News Letter* of last month, and I find that for our heading of 'Births, Marriages, and Deaths,' it has substituted, 'The Cradle, the Altar, and the Tomb.' Other papers are following the example thus set." Of course they are, just as they always do. The *News Letter* is the fertile mother of all the wit and wisdom heard in America since 1856. And whenever the good lady presents the world with something especially good, some silly old hen (three fe of a journal et) is sure to get into the straw, and fall a groaning with it, and be delivered in solemn literary *couvade**, just as the buck Indians in certain nations do, *de facto*, when their women present the tribe with an heir. So far so good, but now we have a crow of portentous proportions, a perfect *rukh*†, in fact, to pluck with Mr. James Grant. How dare he temper his praise of us with such a charge as is contained in the following (p. 423): "Like our own London daily papers, the daily journals of New York treat revealed religion with habitual reverence. This is, indeed, a remarkable feature in the American Newspaper Press. The only exception, indeed, in the case of any American Journal of standing with which I am acquainted, is in the case of the San Francisco *News Letter*. It is conducted on free principles, and seems to revel in whatever smells of brimstone." This is too much; what! the *News Letter*, whose blazoned motto is, "To fear God, tell the truth, and make money!" Where is thy thunder, heaven? How long shall these blasphemers rail upon the Lord's anointed? O, our Father, which art in heaven, thou who makest the face of the *News Letter* to shine, even as the stars for ever and ever, thou, who these many days, hast smitten the loins and loosed the reins of its amazed pernicious enemies, yea, make them to be even as Pickering, and Fitch, and Sodom, and Gomorrah, and the other cities of the plain, rebuke James Grant, and yet not altogether according to his sin, but according to thy mercy, for there has been found in this Britisher some good thing also toward God and the San Francisco *News Letter*.

* For a full dissertation on this "couvade" custom, see Tylor's "Primitive Culture," Vol. I.

† See for "rukh," "Marco Polo's Voyage," or "Harper's Monthly" for December, 1872, p. 1.

NEXT YEAR'S WHEAT CROP BAGS.

Almost as Important to the Farmers of the State as the freight question, is that of how, where and at what price they shall obtain a supply of bags for the next wheat harvest. Last year for a couple of months there was a great scarcity of bags, and owing to the inadequacy of the supply, the price ran up at wholesale to 18 and 19 cents each. This is equivalent to a charge of $3.60 and $3.80 per ton on the price of wheat, and reckoning the quantity of wheat and flour available for export which came to market as five hundred thousand tons, the wheat bags used for that purpose last year were worth $1,750,000. This represents ten millions bags. There were, however, really used twelve millions bags, so that the value was one-fifth greater. This year, if the anticipations of a yield fifty per cent. in advance of last year can be relied on, there will be required over twenty millions, of which we had in the city at the beginning of the year, only about a quarter of a million, with the material for making three quarters of a million more. This will leave about nineteen millions to be supplied from second hand sources, by manufacture or by importation. There are available about half a million second hand, and the Oakland Mills will manufacture in burlaps the equivalent of two millions, so that this leaves sixteen and a half millions to be supplied by importation. Last year we had at the beginning of the year a stock of four millions new bags on hand, a large stock of second-hand bags were available, and the Oakland Mills supplied us with material for about a million, so that we had to import an equivalent of only about four millions. And the conditions in regard to price would be greatly altered this season, and wheat bags would cost twice as much as they did last year but for the competition of the bagmakers of this city, who say that they will this year make eleven millions, or nearly eight times the quantity made last year. They claim to be able to make them at a wholesale price of 13½ cents each, and import the material from Scotland, there being a tariff discrimination of 10 per cent. in favor of American bag manufacturers. The competition between them and the importers will help to keep down the price of bags and benefit the farmers. The manufacture of such a large quantity of bags here will give employment to hundreds of additional hands, and as we can import jute from India and have it laid down in this city for five cents per pound, duty paid, we will in a few years manufacture locally probably thirty millions yards of burlaps per annum.

Wool.—The New York *Journal of Commerce* says: The following statistics of manufactures of Wool, compiled from the United States census of 1870, by James Lynch, Wool Broker, New York, will undoubtedly be found of interest to many of our readers. We give the aggregates:

Total manufacturing establishments	3,454
Total capital invested	$132,382,319
Total wages paid	$40,357,235
Total number of hands employed	119,859
Total pounds Wool used, domestic	171,330,460
Total pounds Wool used, foreign	46,581,105
Total pounds cotton used	32,473,680
Total pounds shoddy used	19,371,261
Population of the United States	38,555,983

It appears from these figures that the average wages paid per annum to woolen operatives in the whole United States is $336 per head, say $28 per month. There are, it appears, 38,555,983 persons in the United States who consume woolen goods, and 119,859 who manufacture them, and there are 3,454 owners of factories. To protect the interests of these 3,454 persons, duties are levied which raise the price of the woolens consumed, foreign and domestic, $100,000,000 more than they would be with a revenue tariff. Of this sum, the 119,859 work people get $40,357,000, or $28 per month, and the factory owners get the balance.

CARD FROM BOSTON MERCHANTS.

Boston, December 13th, 1872.

Captain Wm. B. Sears, Agent Fireman's Fund Ins. Co. of California:

Dear Sir: In recognition of the very energetic and honorable manner in which our losses by the great fire of November 9th and 10th were adjusted and settled by the "Pacific Coast" Fireman's Fund Insurance Company of California, whose policies it was our good fortune to hold, we take pleasure in inviting you to use our names as references. Very truly yours, Nichols, Parker & Dulce; Haygood & Co.; Mann, Demerits & Sawyer; Coon, Crocker & Hobart; Converse & Elmwood; Brooks & Young; Spaulding & Wardwell; Smith, Stebbins & Co.; D. Webster King & Co.; Melcody, Mason & Co.; Miner, Beal & Hackett; Homer & Sprague; George William Bond & Co.; Brandon Scales Co.; Carter, Moon & Co.; Frank F. Hedges; Farley, Amsden & Co. Feb. 8.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $[illegible]. Officers—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice-President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. D. Eddy, Marine Secretary; H. H. Bigelow, General Manager. Directors: San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Grogan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Bixby, B. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Joe Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Ed. Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager; W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight, San Diego, A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager; I. Lenman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager; N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, S. Hayes, Noah Palmer, H. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager; A. F. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security!! Directors—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Frapardelle, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. Sacramento—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. Marysville—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. Portland, O.—Henry Failing. New York—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.
Charles D. Haven, Secretary. Geo. T. Bohen, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 11 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,052,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
Wm. Macdonald, Agent. Nov. 21.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 433 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital, $[illegible]. Directors: W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckels, Seldon S. Wright, W. D. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, John H. Wise, Chas. J. Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, Charles Mann, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, James Phelan, D. H. Haskell. Sacramento, H. S. Crocker, N. D. Thayer, F. S. Freeman.
C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. Horner, Secretary. Jan. 18.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over Nine Million Dollars. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among its Policy holders. This is the Only Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000. Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, [illegible] Insurance, $1,1[illegible]. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
[Jan. 15.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Stockholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1720.)

Cash Assets . . . . . . $13,000,000.
☞ Fire Risks at current rates. [Nov. 16.] CROSS & CO., Agents.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb. 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 18.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE.—NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS—1873-74.

All Persons, Companies, Associations or Firms in the City and County of San Francisco, are requested to either in person or by their proper representatives, to deliver at the Assessor's Office, No. 22 City Hall, in said City and County, before the SECOND MONDAY in APRIL, a statement under oath of all Property, both Personal and Real, owned or claimed by him or them, or which is in his or their possession, or which is held or controlled by any other person in trust for or for the benefit of him or them. Political Code, Sections [illegible]. POLL TAX IS NOW DUE, at this office, to 1st July.—See Section [illegible], Political Code.
LEVI ROSENFELD, City and County Assessor.
Saturday, March 1, 1873. March 8.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued and paid for loss or damage by fire, on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouses and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.
Jan 29.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 15th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Men's Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Alexandre, Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush S. F.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 29.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

— IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

Note.—The News Letter is regularly mailed to each Hotel in this list.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pollzoi.
Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel. William E. Hoad, Proprietor.
Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Monton, Pr.
Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)
Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.
Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.
Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.
Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel. Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.
Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.
Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.
Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.
Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.
Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.
Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.
Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.
London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.
Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.
New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.
Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.
Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.
Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.
Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.
Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.
St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.
Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.
Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.
Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.
Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel. Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast

Incorporated Dec. 31st, 1872.

Capital Stock, $100,000, in 1,000 Shares of $100 Each.

Under the Special Direction of a Board of Managers of Stockholders.

The Directors of the "California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast," hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the

Interests of the Pacific Coast.

These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the EXCHANGE will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their

PRODUCTIONS, MANUFACTURES AND WEALTH,

Bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if ten thousand feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to

ONE MILLION OF VISITORS.

All Orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 608 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public April 1st, 1873.

J. MELVILLE, Secretary,
California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast,
Nos. 607 to 615 Merchant St., San Francisco.

San Francisco, March 15, 1873.

TWO VOICES.

ROMANCE.

When butterflies in acorn-cups
Fold up their silken wings,
And when the bee on dewdrops sups,
When fairies tread their rings;
I love to wander 'neath the star,
That Cupid fires above,
And warble to my light guitar
The praises of my love.

REALITY.

You ought to know the butterfly
In acorn-cups can never lie,
Besides, of course it isn't true
Its wings are made of silk;
Bees don't take supper, as for dew,
Why not say bread or milk?
There are no fairies. In those rings
A certain kind of fungus springs.
Cupid's a fable, be it said,
So cannot fire a star
And you'd much better go to bed.
O, what an ass you are!

SUNBEAMS.

—— A little boy named Shepardson, in Lenox, Mass., has discovered a new method of making himself useful. The little boy had a toy gun, which, in his play, he would sometimes hold toward his mother and say, "Now, mother, I am going to shoot you." One day he took a loaded pistol from a drawer without his mother's knowledge, and held it close to her ear, he said "Now, mother, I am going to shoot you." The mother supposed he had his toy gun and took no notice of him, and the charge entered her ear and she fell. It is hardly probable that she can recover.

—— An ignorant lecturer explained the passage of the Red Sea by saying that the Israelites crossed on the ice. "There is no ice under the equator," exclaimed an auditor. "Ladies and gentlemen," retorted the lecturer, "the event to which I refer happened thousands of years before there were any geographers in the world, and consequently before there was any equator. I think, my friends, that I have answered the gentleman completely."

—— A young curate, lately arrived in a very long cassock and a very short surplice, as he went up the steps to that which he would have called the altar, prostrated himself flat upon the encaustic tiles in the chancel. An old woman—a workman's wife—taking it for granted that he had been suddenly seized with faintness, rushed up to the rescue and in the kindness of her heart lifted him, much to her own satisfaction, though equally to his discomfiture.

—— A resident of Denison, Texas, a six-months-old town, which has been built up by railroad interests, writes: "This is the liveliest town in these parts. We have 3,000 inhabitants, hotels, stores, churches, groceries, two papers, one gambling house and a town hall. We have been wanting a grave-yard. Yesterday a man died, and this afternoon everybody will turn out to inaugurate the new cemetery."

—— A weaver and a Radical took his child to the meeting-house for baptism. Upon being asked by the minister what he intended the name of the child to be, he said, "The Right Honorable William Gladstone." The minister replied, "O, William, that'll never do. I can admit your bairn into the visible kirk, but if you want the mutilated honors for it, I doot ye'll hae to gang to the Prime Minister himsel."

—— Two camels and an elephant belonging to a menagerie stopping at Girard, Pa., went out to take the air the other day, and strange to say, the camels commenced baiting the elephant and put him to inglorious flight. A boy who joined in the chase was induced to retrace his steps by the remonstrances of one of the hump-backs, and he is said to have made the best time ever observed in that county.

—— The "blood and iron" phrase by which Bismarck is best known appears in a speech made by him in 1862 to the Chamber, in which he observed: "Not through speeches and votes of the majority are the great questions of the day to be decided—that was the blunder of 1848 and 1849—but by iron and blood."

—— A Parisian gunmaker has the following notice outside his window: "To those disappointed in love. A small revolver of patent revolvers. N. B.—In the case is all the apparatus necessary for extracting the ball and dressing the wound."

—— An amateur journalist of Indianapolis has made a fortune by his pen. This was how it came to pass. His father-in-law died of grief after reading one of his editorials, and left him $1,200,000.

—— The goat teams of Chicago are a success, and as they eat newspapers it doesn't cost much to feed them. A single copy of the Chicago *Times* satisfies an average William goat for twenty-four hours.

—— In New York a maiden lady has left all her property for the purpose of building a church, on condition that her body and bones shall be made into mortar in which to lay the corner stone.

—— When girls are in a flutter of excitement with "proposals," the chances are that their big race-going brothers are coolly running over "acceptances."

—— This is a sweet idea for a new drawing room ballad: "I'll bury my love in the garden, it will make the apple-tree grow."

—— No man is admitted to Georgia prayer-meetings unless the janitor can first search him for concealed weapons and carving knives.

—— A sailor, unaccustomed to society, said to his partner, after a waltz, "Let me take you back to your tabernacle."

—— The Worst Rattletrap Going: The dice box.

—— A Foot Pad: The man with gouty toes.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, December 1, 1872, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted), S. F. & N. P. R. R. steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Donahue with Trains for Cloverdale, making close connection at Lakeville with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland). Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7.0, 8.10, 9.20, 10.40 and 11.50 A. M., 12.10, 1.30, 3.00, 4.00, 5.15, 6.30, 9.20 and *11.30 P. M. (9.20, 11.30 and 9.00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn for San Francisco, *5.30, 6.40, 7.40, 9.00 and 10.40 A. M., 12.20, 2.40, 4.00, 5.10, 7.20 and 9.10 P. M.

Leave Oakland *5.40, 6.50, 8.00, 9.10 and 11.40 A. M., 12.30, 1.10, 2.50, 3.40, 5.05, 6.20, 7.45 and 10.20 P. M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7.0, 9.00 and 11.15 A. M., 1.00, 3.00, 4.00 and 5.10 P. M. (4.00, 11.15 and 5.10 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4.30, 7.00 and 10.40 A. M. and 2.00 P. M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5.25, 7.35, 9.00 and 11.20 A. M., 1.30, 4.35 and 5.20 P. M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 8th, 1872.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—				
San Francisco		8.40 a m	*3.30 p m	†4.00 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11.10 a m	5.02 p m	7.00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12.20 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2.3 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2.55 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	3.25 p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2.0 p m		

Trains North	San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—			
Hollister			11.05 a m
Salinas			10.00 a m
Castroville			10.30 a m
Pajaro			11.0 a m
Gilroy			12.0 p m
San Jose	10.35 a m	7.45 a m	2.31 p m
San Francisco Arrive	10 a m	9.12 a m	10 p m

*SATURDAYS at 3.20 p. m. †Sundays excepted.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4.15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at 5.35 p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1.00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11.50 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets and Valencia street at its junction with Twenty-fifth street at 6 A. M., running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock P. M., and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty-fifth street at 11.14 P. M. and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 M. The cars run to Main street up to 6:00 P. M., after which they run only as far as Kearny street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag bearing "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S. P. R. R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S. P. R. R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty-fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes direct to Hayes Park.

Nov 11. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries, at Aldersgate street, London, Warehouse 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogue forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 123 Front street.
March 22.]

UNITED STATES, NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA MAIL S. S. LINE,

Contractors for Carrying the British and American Mails via Honolulu. The splendid paddle-wheel steamships of this line are specially constructed for speed, and arranged to promote health, comfort, and free ventilation on long voyages in the heated tropics. One of the following fleet, viz: Nevada, 3,000 tons; Dacota, 3,000 tons; Nebraska, 3,000 tons, will leave for Ports in the above named Colonies, via Honolulu, every Fourth Wednesday, on arrival of the mail from London. Steamship Dakota will sail Nov. 6th. For Freight and Passage, and further information, apply at the Offices of the line, No. 407 Sansome street, San Francisco. I. W. RAYMOND,
[Oct. 26.] Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 9.0 a. m., 11 a. m., 1.00 p. m., Saucelito at 8 a. m., 10 a. m. and 3.30 p. m. Sunday Time—San Francisco, 10 a. m., 12 m., 2 p. m. and 4 p. m. Saucelito, 11 a. m., 1, 3 and 5 p. m. On Saturdays, an extra trip from Saucelito at 5.15 p. m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a. m. B. A. COBB, President,
Nov 16. 22 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1872, the steamer PETALUMA, Wm. Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 9 A. M., returning—Leave San Francisco at 2 P. M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. [Aug. 24.] CHAS. MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL.

Gardens and Farms, at the Junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot.—This well known beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unequaled.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9.40 a. m., 4.00 p. m. San Rafael, 11 a. m., 2.30 p. m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 9.40 a. m., 3.30 p. m. San Rafael at 9.50 a. m., 5.30 p. m. [Aug 21.] CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s 9d per box. May be had of all chemists through the world. Also Dr. LOFOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin; in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb. 26. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST—EPP'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Sponges, Perfumery, Toilets, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Medical Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, to all by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen, Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE. —The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 23.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; R. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm Hare, Treasurer. Directors—J. A. Amerman, Wm Harney, R. H. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, E. H. Frost, H. Traute, P. Crowley, R. V. Herbert, J. W. McHugh, J. C. Lawton, J. T. Fletcher, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. BARNEY & BROWN, Agents.
Office 424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 14.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Building.
JUSTICES—532 Montgomery St.
COUNTY—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—713 Montgomery street.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATTORNEY—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—California and Sansome streets.
CITY PHYSICIAN—County Hospital.
CORONER—12 Kearny street.
CITY RECEIVING HOUSE—Pottery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants' Exchange.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City H.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT. OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place.
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT. PUB. SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSE—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 11, City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—222 Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall.
OUTSIDE LAND COMMITTEE—31 Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets.
HEALTH OFFICE—Jackson street.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall.
POUND KEEPER—Jackson St., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
QUARANTINE—25 Kearny street.
HARBOR MASTER—Vallejo St.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

BELGIUM—E. Grisar, 1511 Powell.
CHILI—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street.
CHINA—Consul General, Francis C. S. Bannister, 76 Battery st.
DENMARK—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California street.
ECUADOR—Daniel Wolf (absent).
FRANCE—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, 310 California street.
GUATEMALA—C. Martin 423 Cal. st.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Henry W. Severance, 407 Front street.
HONDURAS—Wm. V. Wells, Mayor's Office, City Hall.
ITALY—G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
JAPAN—C. W. Brooks, 29 Montgomery street.
MEXICO—J. Rivas 532 Kearny.
GERMAN EMPIRE—C. A. C. Dollenberg, 41 Sacramento street.
NETHERLANDS—J. De Fremery, 410 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
PERU—De la Fuente y Sobirat Federico.
PORTUGAL—Francis Berton, sw. cor. Clay and Leidesdorff Sts.
RUSSIA—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
SAN SALVADOR—B. J. Dorsey.
SPAIN—C. Martin, 423 California.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—G. C. Johnson, 30 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Francis Berton.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—F. Herrera.
BOLIVIA—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
CALLAO—D. J. Williamson, 330 Brannan street.
COSTA RICA—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
GREECE—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—C. Daum, 30 Battery street.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN—G. Moecke, 115 California street.
TURKEY—George B. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending March 10, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Tuesday, March 4th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Michael Ambrose to J Ormiston	S Hill, 272:6 w Church, 25 11x114	$ 400
Martha B Hunt to H Leiben et al	E Stevenson n 20th, 115x80	650
Felton Tract Hd to Sam I C Sweeney	Lot 7 blk 1302	170
Herman Kaplan to E C Kaplan	Lot 10 blk 23 Paul Tract Hd	Gift
Anton Rheude to Wm Reis	N Kate w Fillmore, 25x120	750
Tide Land Com'rs to O Carroll	Ne Dora nw Harrison, 25x75	7
Ris Iron Works to N Luning	Center Georgia e Sierra, e 216 e to e line of grant to John O North, thence at right angle n 216	8
Same to Wm H Taylor	Sundry properties in southern por city	5
Same to same	Commencing at the intersection center of Georgia with n line Humboldt e 100 etc	5
J L Blaikie to Wm B Swain	Lots 2 to 7 inclusive blk 63 Excel'r Hd	1,200
R Larrimore to City & County S F	S Union w Stockton, por bl 180	5,475
Martha B Hunt to John L Crans	E Stevenson n 19, 25x80	100
Same to Hamilton Stewart	E Stevenson n 20th, 25x80	100
P B Hewlett to Wm Raubinger	N Lombard e Mason, 45.10x137:6	4,100
Felton Tract Hd Assn to A Kronberg	Lot 42 blk 1301	170
S S Murphy to same	Se cor P and 23d Ave, por bl 667 O L	600
John Merson to Callaghan Curtin	N Filbert 50w 1011	16,750
Dennis Mahoney to H S Riley	S Broadway e Gough, 127 6x68 9	3,000
Lawrence McNally to J Dale	Lots 1157 to 1176 Gift Map 3	1,000

Wednesday, March 5th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Owen Griffin to George Barstow	Portion Lot 180 Outside Lands	$ 600
Richd Harris to Oliver Dale	Por bl 188 to correct error in former deed	..
Wm Waters to Anne E Greene	Se Market and 10th, 272 6x101	38,565
Bay View Hd to Patrick Norton	Lot 16 blk 540	600
Gustave Mahe to Paul Ronnest	Outside Lands	5
Chas D Carter to J Ledlin	Subdivision Mission Block 27	120
John Carroll to same	Same	23
Henry M Scudder to S I C Sweeney	Dow Place 2d, 25x110:6, subject to mortgage of $1,500	2
J F C Reythlen to J J Schoen	Poste Dupont 23x62	2
B P Avery to John Corkey	Potrero av n 1 224, 100x25	1,400
J B Bideman to R C Hopkins	Old Road n San Souci Road, n 92 6, etc.	5
Wm L Higgins to A J Morrell	York and Pierce, 87 x 11.3	1,200
R S Randall to Tane Byrne	17th e Church, 54x100	2,500
M W Hewings to Eliza J Haggin	Lay e Taylor, e 43 n 137 6, etc, also, 50 vara 677	400
E H Hammer to Wm Enright	E line Larkin, 25.10x87 6	6,200
L M Felker to City and Co S F	Greenwich e Mason, e 25 6, etc	2,495
M Dore to S A Fradley	Por Outside Lands	5
C Anderson to Jonas Osiander	Texas n Nevada, 50x100	600
H A Bottner to Wm Noethig	Guerrero e Corbett, 30x90 9, also, 6th av r 11, 25x100, also, 33d av w G, 25x100	1,200
H B Platt to Maurice Dore	Und 1 20 blks 6 10 15, 60 v 1510 1525, S B	2,300

Thursday, March 6th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Cal Ave Hd to J M Richardson	Lot 2 blk 83 Outside Lands	$ 330
Peter E Ferrald to P McAran	Lots 10, 11, 12, bl 49, T de Lal Survey	2 100
Thos Blanchfield to Henry S Leane	N Tyler w Pierce, w 77 6x137 6	1,100
Paul Newman to John Hunt Jr	W Place e Washington, 27 6x55 6; also e Broadway, w Dupont, etc, also e of Broadway e Stockton, 21x60	3,500
John McKowen to James Thom	E Pennsylvania e Colusa, 75x100	800
F Gagliardo to John Hunt	W Waverly Pl. 60 4 e Washington, 275x35	8,841
Chas F Webster to Wm Sherman	Lot 20 blk 1, Fairmount Ex Hd	33
P F Brady to Bridget Seery	N Sac w Hyde, 45 10x120	1,200
Thomas Hildreth to Wm Dunphy	Lot 5 blk 540, Bay View View Hd	200
Same to L Cahn	Lots 31 and 35	2,465
Same to A Cahn	Lots 16 and 21	1,125
Same to Lambert Cahn	Lots 22 and 23	4,250
Tide L Com'rs to B S Hollingsworth	Lot 11 bl 58 Tide Lands	160
Rosanna Dey nee to Alex Hodge	S Rincon place Waln't, 50x110	130
Adam Boote to Joseph Halm	W Fair Oaks, 62 n 2d, 30x117 6	....
B M Hussey to Alice M Swain	S Francisco e Hyde, 35x137 6	1
James Regan to Richard Tobin	Rancho Canada de Guadalupe, etc	....
Richard Tobin to James Regan	Und ¼ part of tract recorded 411 Doc 1	5
Patrick Wallace to T G Cockril	N Day e Dolores, 50x114	600
Orson B Adams to F F Duroso	Ne Washington and Hyde, 32 6x87 6	1,550

Friday, March 7th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Geary Street Ex Hd to J R Prior	Lots 7 and 8 blk 187	$ 700
Wm E Spencer to Wm J McMurtry	Undivided half int in and to the whole of Meiggs' Wharf Co's property in City and County S F	6,000
Ed Weissig to N B Melville	S Liberty e Noe, 60x114	450
E M O'Brien to H Miller & C Lux	Cm at corner formed by n's 11th with se Market, 137 6x68 9	23,000
Geo J Greeley to Geo H Carlton	Sw corner 17th and Diamond, 75x62 6	5
Henry L Davis to H W Carpentier	Undivided 18 acres Rancho Laguna de la Merced	
Albert Macy to Chas F Brown	Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, bl Mission & 30th at H D	500
Geo H Carlton to M Kennedy	Sw cor 17th and Diamond, 75x62 6	1 000
A J Fleury to Antoine Borel	Ne 6th nw Brannan, 75x275	3,000
L L Robinson to Levi Parson	Portion Outside Lands	5
Paul Tract H'd to Thos J Reed	Lot 2 blk 9	500
Masonic Cem Ass'n to H Matthews	Lots 1, 2, sec 16	226
Ellen Byrnes to Jno S Waters	Sw Harriett se Howard, 25x75; also, n 25th, 75 e Bryant, e 25x104	6,000

Saturday, March 8th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Martha B Hunt to F Thomas	E Valencia s 18th 60x100	$ 600
Same to Alfred Gross	E Valencia n 19th, 25x100	300
A B Sampson to Robert Allen	Sec 8 tp 2 s r 6 w Mt Diablo Meridian	2,000
C L Ross to John H Chase	S Broadway, se Kearny, 22 10x68 9	1
J B Chase to Domingo Ghiglione	Same	2,275
Joe Naphtaly to Michael Hackly	S Geary w Scott, 40x137 6	2
Otto Bahr to Chas Kornfeld	S Line w Fillmore, 50x137 6	2,000
J Hilken to Frances Garibaldi	E Powell s Green, 49x137 6	5,000
C Taubmann to Chris Taubmann	Lot 782, Gift Map 2	Gift
E Dufrey to John Holt	E 7th nw Brannan, 20x80	1
Nate Ferguson to C Ferris	Subdiv 50-vara 387	Gift
Ed Summers to Mark Livingston	Block 385 Outside Lands	10,000
P Crowley to Henry Brown	N Green w Montgomery, 57 6x30	2,000
C M A Buckley to M Livingston	Undivided ½ blk 385, Outside Lands	1,500
Z D Parker to Jno B Lewis	Se Harrison e 8th, ne 25x80	100
Levi Parsons to Geo Hearst	Portion Outside Lands	14,000
Daniel Fallon to Ed Fallon	S Post w Hyde, 28x116	1

Monday, March 10th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
John L Hunt et al to Conrad Greb	E Valencia, 60 s 19th, 50x80, sub M B 67	$ 470
College H'd Ass'n to Thos Norris	Lot 8 blk 11	300
T P Riordan to David Bole	Ne cor Nevada and Nebraska, 334x100	1,610
Geary St Ex H'd to David Bole	Lots 44, 45, blk 261	700
L D Allen to Seth Walker	S P ne w Webster, 25x100	600
M Shaw to Jacob Bloom	N O'Farrell, 137:6 nw Mason, 37 6x137 6	....
Jacob M Pike to Malachi Kean	25th w Sanchez, 50 1x114	5,000
J W Tucker to Minnie H Tucker	Se cor 41st Ave and B e 30 S, etc	3
Henry Toomy to Westley Higgins	S O Farrell e Broadway, 100x137 6	2,500
Samuel Crim to J M Shotwell	E 14th Ave s 1, e 137 1, etc	69
Chris B Wyatt to B J Shay	N Pine w Pierce, 137 6x167 6	4,000
Ruth A M Weston to Wm Rahr	Easterly 76 ft Precita Valley Lot No 78	1,400
Wm A Rahr to W Struever	Same	Gift
Michael Burns to Mary Burns	E 6th n Tehama, 25x75 sub 100-v 219	Gift
Sav & Loan Soc to Wm Hinkel	W Laguna s Fell, 27 6x	5,000
City & Co S F to Wilhelm Bergren	E Hampshire s 221, 25x100	prem
Ann M Richards to John C Pelton	S Pine 223:6 e Van Ness, e 2:6x n 137:6	250
Jno C Pelton to Anna M Richards	Same	125

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending March 11, 1873

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
F L Taylor to Tompkins & Adams	Oakland: 50x200 sw cor Clay and 17th	9,000
J W Crawford to H H Flagg	Same: N l ne 10th 50 w f'm West, thence w 50x100	1,000
H Heyman to Henrietta Heyman	Same: Lots on Broadway, 5th and Washington	5
Carrick & Warner to A Hutchinson	Same, S line 3d 100 e from Broadway, th e 71x100; also, n l 3d 75 e from Broadway, thence e 75x100	2,500
W K Rowell to W A Stuart	Same: 75 s ne Merrimac n'r Telegraph by 144 8	1,670
F L Taylor to F K Hasslinger	Same: S line 17th 90 w from Jefferson, thence w 60x50	850
A Folsom to H S Huntington	Same: Lots 6 7 8, and part 9 in block 30, Tract 4 6	4,000
Court Referee to Chas Kramm	Same: 102.11x90 4 ne corner Durant and Telegraph	11,495
C Kramm to J Drever	Same: ½ interest in same	5,713
E Bigelow to T B Bigelow	Same: Portions blocks 491 and 496	5
W Smithurst to G H Powers	Same: Lot 31 in blk 3, Oakland View H'd	225
C Gibson to J C Cotton	Same: E line Webster 50 n fr 3d, thence n 25x75	1,025
T B Bigelow to E Bigelow	Same: Various lots in blks 491 and 496	5
M O'Connor to A Ford	East Oakland: E line Commerce 275 n fr Front, thence n 25x75	1,200
G D Page to M D Kellogg	Same: 150x150 e cor McLemore & Jones	Gift
N Hayes to M Harker	Same: Ne Adams 75 se f'm Polk, thence se 75x175	1,500
F Oliver to E Flagg	Same: 9 acs Peralta, Brooklyn and Watson. Oakland: 50x100 nw corner 16th and West streets	Gift
H Trembly to J E Johnson	West Oakland: S Goss 105x7 w fr Wood, thence w 75x100:4	....
P A McDonell to H Lee	Alameda: 15 acres Bay Farm Island	5
G H Parker to W Barbery	Same: S line Jefferson 50 w fr St. John's, thence w 50x150	1,050
C J F H Lampe to W H Wenck	Same: 100x140 sw cor Central & Walnut	2,000
C Mann to A M Howe	Same: N line Broadway 300 e f'm Kellogg, thence e 50x100	350
S & L Lacy to C H Chester	Same: Lots 41 to 45 and part 39, Alameda Park	....
Heirs of H Mann to W Mentel	Same: 3 lots on Euclid st & Pacific av	....
N Porter to E Terry	Same: Lot Tide L'd on Bay Farm Island	500
P H'd Ass'n to W Ward	Same: N Encinal 250 w Walnut, thence w 50x150	500
E S de Higuera to J Kopsch	4 miles n from Oakland. Tract near San Pablo av	....
J Walpert to W B Dinger	Alvarado: Block 35	300
C Sherman to F A Hyde	Brooklyn T'p: 10 ac's n'r Mills' Inst tute	15,000
G W Dam to W C Ralston	Same: Lots 12 14 and 11, Milbury Tract	6,950
H P Irvarz to A H Jayne	2 miles n fr Oakland: 30 acres	5
P Clancy to P Cavanagh	Oakland T'p: Lot 6 in blk 5, University Homestead No. 8	500
J E Whitcher to D McGraw	Same: 50x100 nw corner Telegraph av and 45th	1,200
J E Smith to F & M B of Savings	Road San Leandro to Haywood: 14 acres	3,370
W Hayward to F C Armstrong	Haywood: 101x125	508
F D Atherton to J S Tancour	Road Haywood to Mt Eden: 3 acres	620
E A Manning to J Schmid	Lynn: Lots 17 to 20 in blk F	900

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. March 11.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

GEORGE W. McKEAND, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County. Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. 3

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OR DRIVERS OF VEHICLES.

The Annual License is now due for the year ending January 1, 1873. If not paid on before January 31, 1873, an addition of 25 per cent. will be added each month for delinquency. E. B. BUCKLEY, License Collector,
Jan. 15. Room No. [illegible], City Hall.

TENNENT'S ALE.—NEW BREW, JUST ARRIVED.

1200 Casks (Stone and Glass, Quarts and Pints) of superior quality and in extra fine condition ex "Armin" and "Colonist." For sale in lots to suit. FORBES BROTHERS, Sole Agents,
Feb 5. 306 California street.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press and Wood Engraving Establishment into better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street 510 to 514 Commercial st.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

SENATOR CASSERLY—BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION.

We Stated in a Recent Issue of the "News Letter" that Eugene Casserly *bought* the seat he now holds in the United States Senate, and gave certain facts and circumstantial evidence to sustain that assertion. We have since been furnished with the following letter, addressed to Senator Conn by the Hon. Volney E. Howard, who was a competitor with Mr. Casserly for the Senatorship. Mr. Howard is one of the most learned and distinguished men in this State. He was for years an influential member of Congress from the State of Texas. He was a leading member of the famous Compromise Congress of 1850, in which were such men as Clay, Webster, Cass, Seward and Douglas, with whom he associated. Since residing in California he has ranked high as a lawyer, orator and statesman. No man who knows him would dare impeach his perfect integrity and unsullied honor. When *such* a man arraigns Mr. Casserly for bribery and corruption, it is time that his constituents, as well as the Senate, should investigate the facts. That Mr. Howard's demands for a Committee of Investigation were not granted four years ago, is because the Legislature that elected Senator Casserly was notoriously one of the most corrupt and debauched that ever disgraced this State. The circumstances of Casserly's election were therefore smothered up and concealed from the public eye by the profligate legislators who sat at Sacramento in the year 1867-'68. The following is the letter to which we refer, published now for the first time.

Hon. W. A. Conn—Dear Sir: You have my authority to withdraw my name as a Senatorial candidate whenever you see fit. I am not anxious to remain in a contest which by some parties is conducted on the principle that "An ass loaded with gold can make his way well enough through any city;" and by others, that "Every one has his price." No man who has used money in this contest to purchase votes, can be elected to the United States Senate without disgrace to the State and Democratic party. It is time that this public infamy, so long practiced, was crushed out. *That money, to a large amount, has been freely used in this contest, for the purchase of votes, is as obvious as the noon-day sun. I demand an investigation before a Committee of the Legislature. I pledge myself to prove that Mr. E. Casserly has, through other parties and agents, used and offered money corruptly to purchase his election by means of bribery.* When I say this *I only state a well-known fact. I name no other because I have no proof.* If he is elected, I pledge myself to contest his seat before the United States Senate on that ground, or that of any other who succeeds by bribery, and to turn upon him the gaze of that august assembly in scorn and contempt. There is at least the satisfaction that the Senate will give the charge a patient hearing and investigation, and in the case of Mr. Casserly, I shall make proof which will carry conviction to every dispassionate mind. It is right that this disgrace should fall on its author instead of the whole Democratic party. Our political opponents are only waiting for an election, thus obtained, to make "Rome howl" with the corruption of this business. We have in the Democratic party such men as Washington, Henly, Temple and Hoge, who have not resorted to corrupt means—let one of them, or some other untainted with bribery, be selected to represent California in the Senate of the United States, instead of an old free-soiler and pretended war Democrat reeking with corruption—who would doubtless abandon the party if the Republicans carry the Presidential election.

Sacramento, December 17, 1867. VOLNEY E. HOWARD.

OUR WATER SUPPLY.

If There be Any One Point which, more than another, demands the especial attention of a Municipal Government, it is the securing an ample water supply; and in this great requirement our city is lamentably deficient. Every reader is aware, that frequently no water can be obtained from the hydrants, particularly, from those in the upper stories of houses. But apart from the primary sanitary considerations, there is urgent necessity that an abundance should be obtainable at any moment, in case of fire, and perhaps, but few of our citizens know how little is available for that purpose at some points of the city. We venture to assert, that in the event of a conflagration of any extent, say, between Kearny street and the city front, such a deficiency of supply would be found as to render almost nugatory the strenuous efforts of our acknowledged efficient Fire Department. That the scarcity of water was the main reason why the fire at Harpending's Block was not sooner checked, and a vast amount of property saved, is beyond question. The cost and expenditure of money by the Spring Valley Water Company has failed to meet the requirements of the city, and it is apparent that all the available supplies procurable on the peninsula, are quite inadequate to the wants of San Francisco. The question arises, whither shall we look for some practically inexhaustible source of pure water to remedy the inconvenience and risk to which we are now exposed. With the recent warnings of Chicago and Boston before us, no time should be lost, before measures are promptly taken. Some two years ago there seemed a prospect of water being brought here from Lake Tahoe; a combination of interests then rendering it probable that the great expense of tunneling through one of the Sierras would be for the most part borne by the Central Pacific Railroad Company, and the pipes were to have been laid along the track. The project, however, fell through, and probably it is better that it did so, as water can be brought from a much nearer point, namely, Clear Lake, and at very much less expense. The route has been surveyed. There is no lack of money to carry out the undertaking. Why, therefore, can it not be entered upon without delay? Our Supervisors should see to it, should give their support and encouragement to any capitalists willing to proceed with the work and every citizen who has at heart the good of San Francisco, should endeavor to aid any action of the municipal authorities to further the end in view. Moreover, the city should either, on its completion, or within a very limited time, own the water and have the entire control, both of it and of the rates of charges; or if not, a *maximum price* should be established and likewise a *minimum amount of supply*, which latter, under heavy penalties, should be rigidly insisted upon. San Francisco boasts of her wealth and of her progress, but she is far behind many other cities of less importance in the matter referred to.

GOVERNOR STANFORD'S SPEECH.

In the Able Address which the President of the Central Pacific Railroad delivered to his employees in Sacramento on Monday last, there are many things refreshingly new and interesting. It is perhaps that portion of it in which he spoke of the treatment of the railroad by the general Government which attracts the most attention from capitalists. We quote a few sentences. Governor Stanford said: "There is a great deal to be said in reference to this railroad and its relations to the interests of the State and Government. When once you touch that subject it is almost impossible, and I hardly know whether I ought to touch it. I cannot do justice to it in the time that would be allotted to me to-day, or that I ought to take; but I may say this, because I have no doubt you are interested in it, and I know that every one of you are interested in the good fame of the company to which your interests attach you. It is natural that you should be. It has been a question of the Government aid. The entire amount that we received from the Government, when reduced to gold coin, equal that we received was was not sufficient to carry this road over the mountains. The balance of the money came from other sources. It came from the credit of the company, its bonds, its earnings, and so it went on, and the Government has ample security. We claim to be able to pay to the Government every penny that it is entitled to. We challenge any one to show wherein we have violated any law. We have given to the Government ample security. The roads that we have built, the main feeders, have been consolidated into the road, and instead of the Government having 740 miles of road as security, it has now about 1,200 miles. Does this look as though we thought of turning over this road or giving it up, or that we do not intend to pay the debts of the concern? You gentlemen who know what these roads are, and the country they have opened up, and their future prospects, I am sure will not think so." It is favorable to [illegible] at her chief railroad managers have acted in such a [illegible] as the extract we have quoted are [illegible] show. That the Central Pacific Company has voluntarily added over 450 miles of completed railway to its assets, thereby making the Government doubly secure [illegible] company is a fact not, generally known. It is time that it should be. And Pres[illegible] road in the United States or in the world that ever did so good a thing.

"GOOD-BYE, SWEETHEART, GOOD-BYE"

The damnest rot in all the world
Is Kendall's verse;
No garbage in the pig-pen hurled
Greener or worse.
The foulest winds that ever blew
Don't smell as bad;
No verses that we ever knew
Made us so mad.
The darkness of a winter's morn
Is light to theirs,
Nor yet enough of honest scorn
Our heart declares.

We swear they made us sick outright,
Coming from West
Oh Kendall, all [illegible] our delight,
Give us a rest.
Nor write bad verses any more—
We've had enough;
We swallow most things on this shore,
But they're too tough.
When we shall see thy verse shut up—
Ecstatic time!
Then we shall say, bang up the pup,
And from his rhyme.

OFF WITH THEIR HEADS.

The Political Guillotine has been at work all the last week with the regularity of [illegible] and dispatch. And we confess we like it. The machine can't run too fast for our satisfaction. Not a head, to the best of our belief, has fallen unjustly. [illegible] at the moment of writing it is still uncertain whether Napoleon Bonaparte Stone still presides over the letters, or whether it is old Wheaton. We sincerely hope Wheaton is the man, but cannot learn how the fact stands. As for Mr. Stone, we do not know of anything he has done to warrant his continuance as the custodian of letters. Whether he exercised the literal privilege of the postmaster to make a telescope of them, or whether he held them over the tea kettle spout and so let us [illegible] or whether he magnetized them, [illegible] them pass with a [illegible] into them at a [illegible] we know nothing and care less. Our letters are all written either in Greek, Hebrew, or Sanscrit, as a precautionary measure, by our learned correspondents, and we don't have any other kind. So we are safe, for surely Stone is not learned in the dead languages, and, as for any body except ourselves, we don't care who keeps the keys. Wheaton will make as good a Postmaster as anybody, and, besides, he is our friend. And we are for our friends all the time. Giles Gray takes the place of Clayton, which is eminently proper. The two men are mentally, morally, and intellectually as much alike as any two peas that ever grew in the same pod. Clayton has the largest in corporeal magnitude, but Gray makes up the difference by overtopping Clayton about the same extent in mental capacity, so as to equalize the thing. If Gray's luck is at all up to what it should be—taking into consideration his capacity for luck, under the old and well-known rule governing such matters—he will be our next Congressman, vice Clayton, promoted to the United States Senate, for Clayton has no reason to fear being beaten by any body luckier than himself, unless that same rule be abrogated. William Sherman has got an office at last, not a very good one it is true, but he will never [illegible] a good officer, for he is a good man. There will be no money carried off without proper vouchers while he has the Sub-treasury. We will go it all for that. But the best of the lot is the appointment of Waite for Naval Officer vice the dignified, pretty-headed imbecile who has so long sat there, doing ponderous nothing. We have forgotten his portentious and highly respectable name, but it is no matter, for the majority of our readers have most likely never heard of it. E. O. Waite is emphatically a good man, and his appointment is a credit to both the head and the heart of the gentleman who brought it about, whether that gentleman be named Sargent or Gorham, or whether it be Smokers or Smokes or anything else. He ought to have had the place long ago, and the ponderous nonentity ought never to have been there at all—not because he is a bad man, for we can't say that of him, but he had no claim on his party for that place, or any other, and the same may be said with still greater force concerning Stone. He ought to have been left in private life for his own and the party's good, and nobody in the world save Colo would have ever dreamed otherwise. His fellow feeling for mediocrity caused him to discover them, and now that he retires, they are allowed to do the same thing, and we are heartily glad of it. Good-bye, gentlemen, keep out of office in future. It is not good for you.

A PLEA FOR THE NEW CITY HALL.

Every Government Has its Parsimonious Member, and it is perhaps as well that such should be the case in order to curb the more liberal, generous spirits, who might be too lavish in their munificence. At the same time, the men who are always crying for retrenchment, for cutting down expenses, or limiting outlay on public works, are not those most respected by the people any more than they are the people's friends. This negative virtue, if it may be so called, arises from a narrow condition of mind and want of appreciation of the grand and beautiful. Such is the character of those who are continually objecting to the outlay on our New City Hall. Most of us remember with what pleasure we regarded the different plans and drawings exhibited, and how fully the majority of us indorsed the taste and judgment displayed by the Commissioners in the selection of the very beautiful design of Mr. Laver. There is hardly one of the old cities of Europe that does not possess a monument of this nature, which is a delight to the eye and the pride of its inhabitants. Why, then, should we, who boast of our superiority over those our forefathers, be inferior to them in this particular? Let any one go out to the site of this our future municipal palace, worthy of this the capital of the Pacific Coast, and see how thoroughly and honestly, even how nobly the work is done, and he will return with a longing to see it completed and a certainty that if the work is continued in like manner the money will be well laid out. Let it take ten years building, and let the expenditure be a million a year, by that time the city will have stretched far beyond the building, and the building itself will be a necessity as well as a magnificent ornament. Let those who talk about wanton, useless expenditure, pay attention to the following calculation: Wade's Opera House holds upwards of a thousand people, and is filled nightly. Say eight hundred people pay fifty cents each admission, which is below the mark, then we have at the rate of one hundred and fifty thousand dollars a year willingly paid for a mere transient gratification. Surely, six times that amount can be given ungrudgingly to build that which will be the pride of our children's children, and from the day of its opening, of eminent practical utility. We rather mistrust those who cry against æsthetic expenditure, always remembering that a certain Judas, who objected to a small outlay for essence, was the same man who betrayed his master.

RICH vs. POOR.

The "Chronicle," at some seasons of the year gives vent to a hot and cold blast, its *Euroclydon* is overwhelming. In a [illegible] somewhat lengthy article, advocating the interests of the *rich* as against the *poor man*, in the endeavor to suspend building operations on the new City Hall, and thereby enhance the value of its *[illegible] old blocks down here*. We are surprised at this paper, which is *the champion* of the *poor man* in the same issue, and all alive to everything that encroaches on his "preserves." It is now the only important public work being prosecuted of any magnitude in the interest of the working man and the mechanic; and whose expense interests the the paper seeks to undermine, if not to destroy, and at its expense to build up the assessed amount of only those who can really sell them to the [illegible] *Chronicle* itself. The men of *[illegible]* are. Alas for the *Chronicle!* If, however, the *Chronicle* would turn its facts and figures, we might pass it as a *spurt* in a [illegible] capital and prospective interest. Let them claim, as the *Chronicle's* blessings at least put up, it is right and just that the mechanic and his laborer should know who this *champion* is working for.

Webb's Australian Line has ceased to exist, the steamers having been purchased by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. No more steamers will be dispatched by either line to the Colonies, though it is said that the Pacific Mail Steamship Company will keep up the Honolulu monthly service; but up to this date no public announcement has been made.

The Ship "Orpheus," now on the way from Manila to Boston, has been purchased to arrive by C. L. Taylor & Co. on terms reserved.

The Bookstands have received notice to quit the Government buildings within six months. Uncle Sam is a good landlord.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Principles of Psychology. By Herbert Spencer. Vol. II. 12mo., cloth.
Physics and Politics. By Walter Bagehot. 12mo., cloth.
An Alphabet in Letter Writing. By Calvin Townsend. 12mo., cl.
His Level Best, and Other Stories. By Edward E. Hale. 12mo., cloth.
The Eagle's Nest. Lectures on the Relation of Science to Art. By Jno. Ruskin. 12mo. cloth.
Little Hodge: A Satire. By the author of "Ginx's Baby." 12mo., cloth.
Joseph Noirel's Revenge. By Victor Cherbuliez. 16mo., cl.
Fleurange. A Novel. By Mme. A. Craven. 16mo. cloth.
Six in All. A Novel. By Virginia F. Townsend. 8vo. paper.
Robert Falconer. By George MacDonald. New Edition. 8vo. paper.
An Open Question. A Novel. By Prof. James DeMille. 8vo., paper.
The Practical Magazine. No. 2, for Feb., 1873.

A. ROMAN & CO., Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers. 11 Montgomery st., Lick House Block.

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THE ONLY THOROUGH Business College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should secure a useful and practical Education at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Students [illegible] through out the year. Students can commence at any time. Each receives separate instruction. There is a Preparatory Department for those insufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for **Heald's College Journal,** An eight-page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school and courses [illegible] a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing

E. P. HEALD, President Business College,
Aug. 1.] San Francisco.

PETER SHORT, Merchant Tailor, 1 Montgomery street San Francisco.

DR. ABORN, Residence and office, 313 Geary street, bet. Stockton and Powell, opposite Union Square. March. 1

THOMAS TURNBULL, Architect, Stein's block, No. 638 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS, Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

Some Fathers of the Church maintain that a Christian can never fall from grace. He may faint by the way, he may backslide, he may grieve the spirit; but fall from grace he cannot, for he is borne up by the everlasting arms. A more comfortable doctrine for brethren conscious of a thorn in the flesh there could not be; and it seems as if President Grant might make a very good father of the church. His letter to the smiling Colfax is a masterpiece, whether we consider the literary ingenuity which has worked into the space of seven lines ten first personal pronouns, or the ecclesiastical calm, which takes no note of Colfax's abject posture before the public. The Bishop of California himself could not have done the thing better. Men judge after the fashion of men; but Grant, whose official relations were so pleasant with the Vice-President, cannot bear to part with him. "Leave me not, thou best of men! Let us swear eternal friendship!" Why not? What has Colfax done that the President of the United States should frown upon? Are prevarication, and lying and shuffling over and over again, to unfit a man for Executive tenderness? Is it not written that flesh is weak, and is not Colfax, albeit flabby, still in the flesh? Grant has done well to show the country, in this superfluous letter, his delicate sense of the national honor. A common ruler, a mere born king, would have felt himself obliged in a parallel case, to send the misguided man into obscurity with as little noise as possible, but we republicans manage this thing on sounder principles. Our president is a man like other men, or indeed like too many other men; and he knows what it is to be offered a slice of something good. He has also been a tanner, and he knows experimentally that the worse a tan pit smells, the tougher is the skin that comes out of it; and though Colfax's flesh is like putty, it is doubtful whether he or Grant has the tougher hide.

The "Town Crier," having made an ample fortune in stocks bought high—and sold low—had determined to seek the hospitable shelter of the Almshouse. There he at least thinks, or rather thought he could, find repose, and shaking off the trammels that bind him to this wicked world, die a happy, contented old man. But, alas, Mr. Burgoi has robbed his idea of its originality and romance. There is no rest for the wicked. Poor Burgoi is pursued by well-wishers, (God help him) and is a subject of especial interest to the gentlemen who cater for the gossip and scandal loving part of the community. The T. C. has changed his mind now, and has fully determined to buy a house and lot in Oakland; there he would combine the pleasant associations of an almshouse with calm and serene scenes of melancholy that pervades a desolated village, and allow his subdued and lowly spirit to revel in its own conceits.

Under the heading of "A Benighted People," the poor toothless *Bulletin* gives an angry growl at our Canadian neighbors, and shows in the lucid (!) way in which the leaders usually do, how much further advanced in civilization we are than they. These poor benighted people actually tarred and feathered an official who was found to have robbed the people; how horrible! 'Tis well we are more civilized, and do not tar and feather all our corrupt officials. What an awful price tar would go up to, and where should we find enough feathers? But no, we are not benighted; we follow the meek and lowly Jesus, and like him say, "Let him among us that has no sin give the first dab of tar." As that individual is not forthcoming, we put by the tar brush, and complacently flatter ourselves that we are indeed a highly civilized community.

Ten Dollars a Night for guarding the decomposing remains of a "dem'd horrid body" from the clutches of the Catholics! Rash expenditure! Of what further use was Mr. Hayden in the flesh when he could no longer deposit his vote, or what could avail his spirit after it had been taken charge of by that intangible third party, the Holy Ghost! We opine that in the company to which Mr. H. has been lately introduced, they have not inquired whether he came in under the auspices of the white aprons or the holy water. We, however, would like to ascertain of Mr. Hayden, who in life was a harmless body, what must have been his feelings upon finding himself surrounded by three great men every night to prevent his vaulting over into the other grave yard.

The Town Crier pronounces the greater excommunication against those store clerks of Kearny and Montgomery street who persist in sweeping the accumulated filth of their persons and stores across the sidewalk as people go to business in the morning. These sons of Belial never think it worth while to water their ground before going to work, and so the passer, as he runs the gauntlet through their frisking brooms, is not only shin-barked and corn-trodden, but choked and blinded with dust. A pox upon these Hoodlums! and though they had the four souls claimed by a Dakota, may each soul be fourfold damned—then take a breath, Satan, and at 'em again, Old Boy.

Why Had We Not a Little Bit of the Credit Mobilier Plunder? No one knows what honors might have been ours, had we participated in that nice one sided little game. Here's Colfax had a complimentary letter from Grant. Now that's something. Perhaps, some ten thousand years hence Grant's autograph might sell for at least ten dollars, besides the honor of the thing. Oakes Ames, too, has been *feted*, till he wishes that a Credit Mobilier would pop up every year. Still, here we are left out in the cold, and can only surmise what an ount of happiness and dollars would have been ours, had we only had the chance to get one little finger into that big mud pie.

The Superintendent of the Market Street Railroad is a man to be spotted. He is a dangerous man. "A Driver" writes to the *Chronicle* that this Superintendent does not care of what nationality a man is. Good heaven! has it come to this? And St. Patrick's Day with its [illegible]! Not care of what nationality a man is! Does this fiery Superintendent know that he walks upon a volcano? Possibly he does not even care whether a man is white or not. Has he no sympathies, no organs, no affections, no bowels, so to speak! Hell from beneath is stirred to meet thee, irrespective of nationality, thou scaly Superintendent.

A Most Singular Story is mentioned by an intelligent but unknown individual concerning an old fashioned clock. About fourteen years ago an old lady [illegible] while winding up that clock. The time was ten minutes before ten in the morning, and ever since wind the clock up when you will, it always stops at ten minutes to ten on the anniversary of her death. We hope some of our daily contemporaries will write "leaders" on this.

James D. Page, the gentleman whose correspondence with Russell has been before the public, feeling a little jealous of his wife, and suspecting her of not confining her reading to one page alone, determined to shoot her and himself, and so close the book. He succeeded in turning over a new leaf himself; but Mrs. P's wounds are not considered fatal.

The "Alta" wants to know what reform will be next in order, after woman shall have been emancipated. We understand her anxiety, and hasten to relieve it. When all the women are fairly set free, it will then be the turn of the old women. Fear not, *dearest Alta;* for thee, too, the day of redemption draweth nigh.

The Town Crier understands that the Hon. Chan Lai, the Imperial Chinese Commissioner, and his family are to call on De Young on their way back from Washington to China. Chan Lai thinks that the *Chronicle* gets off "too much cheek" on the coolie question; wants an explanation. Can Chan pay? that's the question.

We Notice a Child's Picture Game in Roman's window—"The Modoc War." The Modocs fly in all directions before Uncle Sam, mounted on a pony. Very good, indeed, for the children. Never do to let them know how things *did* go up there.

That Wild White Man they have in the forests of Almafi refuses bread and cheese, saying all his wants are supplied by Heaven. Send him Barnes and "Our Boys."

A DRAMATIC FRAGMENT.

SCENE—*The Board of Education. Enter various Members of the Board. Priest Clement takes the Chair.*

PRIEST.— You're called to order. Take your seats at once!
HOLLAND.— Old Joe is boozy. What a damned old dunce!
ROSEKRANS.—You bet your life! He's shaky on his pegs,
He's a dead goner, sure as eggs is eggs.
PRIEST.— Minor Committee on the Broadway School
Will now report; (that everlasting fool
Can spread himself, I wish to God he'd choke.)
PLUNKETT.— We, your committee, wish you to revoke
The order banishing those five school-marms
From the Broadway School; the girls are up in arms,
And we feel badly when we think how much
We owe to them, a demonstration, such
As never yet in this good town was seen,
Has worked us to the bed rock, as I mean
Girls! It is true, but girls with such a force
Of logic as would make you have recourse
To Blair or Hedge; by God, sirs, they were game,
And when I heard them talk, I blushed for shame,
Only to think that in this very Board
True was indorsed, as if with one accord,
Makes a man sick. Quick! give me the spittoon!
There, that will do! I shall be better soon!
Only revoke! These ladies, if compelled,
Yet told the truth. Which one of you, if held
To close account, could stand as well as they?
I pause to hear. I might pause for a day,
And hear no answer, but the stertorous snore
Of Mosgrove, nodding by the half-shut door.
With this I close; these ladies are my care,
And your committee hope you will be fair.
DEERING.— Plunkett has spoken, and the rest are mute,
Like Jews-harps silenced by a lover's lute.
Fain would I speak; I nominate Miss Weston,
Whom on my life I hold to be the best one
For the Washington School, I want her, that's enough.
Now for the vote, or Latin, *quantum suff.*
PLUNKETT.— I'd like to know what are the lady's claims;
No man shall bully me with empty names.
DEERING.— Bully! By God, I take it on myself.
MOSGROVE.—And such damned sneaks I'd put upon the shelf.
PLUNKETT.—Sneaks! Blast your eyes! Who says that I'm a sneak!
I'll take no brass. Come, shut your mouth or speak!
MOSGROVE.—Sneak, did I say? I meant it, every inch.
Sneak in your teeth. I'm damned if I shall flinch.
PLUNKETT.—Ha! this to me! Thou blackguard and thou liar!
Shall I not rend thee in extremest ire,
And cast thy limbs, thou liar and thou blackguard,
On earth, aghast and horrified and haggard!
So perish they, unmindful of their station,
Whose conduct shames this Board of Education,
And makes the children, in their several schools,
Take us for blackguards, nincompoops and fools.

THE GREAT COAL QUESTION.

[**Taking a Hint** from some of our daily contemporaries, we print the various suggestions of correspondents desirous of pointing out substitutes for the present high-priced coals.]

TO THE EDITOR OF FUN.—SIR,—When fuel of a fossiliferocarbonaceous character has risen so exorbitantly in the market, it behooves the philosopher and man of science to elaborate a remedy for the evil. Permit me to adumbrate a palliation if not a complete cure. Let us restore those ornaments for the fire-stoves, whose very name is redolent of summer, and do without fires, leaving it to our imaginations to warm us. I am, etc., A PRACTICAL PHILOSOPHER.

SIR,—Now coals are so confoundedly dear, why shouldn't a few neighbors club together and have a fire in the middle of the street for the common warmth of their residences? Yours, etc., CUTE.

SIR,—Not only coals but victuals are dear. It is a well-known fact that oranges are nutritious, and their peel will burn. Let us abjure the coal-merchant and the baker, and devote ourselves to the fruiterer. Yours, etc., COVENT GARDEN.

SIR,—Penny dolls are cheap. Coals are not. Let us burn penny dolls! My recollections of the last Derby convince me that the supply is ample, and the article within the reach of the poorest. Yours, etc., A TOURIST.

SIR,—Don't you think that, considering the price of coals and the severity of the weather, the House of Commons ought to announce a general holiday for a fortnight? We could then all go to bed during that period and so economize fuel. Yours, etc., ROBIN AND RICHARD.

SIR,—I think that during this inclement winter, and with coals so enormously dear, the nobility and gentry ought to throw their well-warmed mansions open to us after office-hours. Yours, A POOR CLERK.

SIR,—What becomes of all the trashy three-volume novels that are constantly issuing from the press? There must be masses of them somewhere, and they would burn well and not too rapidly. For this purpose they would fetch more than in the second-hand catalogues of Mudie and Smith & Son. Yours, A READER.

SIR,—The present high price of coals is undoubtedly due to the machinations of Rome. The withdrawal of our representative, and the triumphant installation of Sir Roger Tichborne, are the only remedies. Yours, etc., G. WHALLEY.

SIR,—There are great complaints among the poorer classes of the inclement season, and the impossibility of purchasing coals at their present price. I should recommend the poor people to call on the first Commissioner of Works, and try to shut him up. I think he would warm them. Yours, etc., HISTORICUS.

SIR,—Could not something be done to stay the present wasteful consumption of coals, by a statute founded on that excellent Licensing Act of last session? Let each consumer of coals carry a little flag in his hat stating the price he gives per ton; let the police have a right to enter any house to see that no coals are burnt after twelve o'clock except in the case of *bona fide* travellers from the tropics; and, lastly, let no coals at all be burnt on Sunday. Yours, etc., H. A. BRUCE.

SIR,—Wot a row about a few shillin' on a ton o' coal. Let 'em go up, says I! Sixty-six shillin' a ton if they likes. Wots the odds? *I* couldn't afford 'em if they was only five bob a ton. Yours, A TRAMP.

Sympathizing with Mr. Nell in his troubles and losses, and the annoyance that he must feel in having his name made such a free use of by the dailies, we refrain from noticing the subject till further developments take place.

Memoranda to Outsiders.—Levey is not gone to the Springs, and Agnes is, as usual, on the war-path. The Australian boatman is not going to Washington, as given out.

Price, single copy, 5 cents, per Week, 25 cents per Annum, including Postage to any part of the world, Twelve Dollars. Printed and Published by Frederick Marriott, No. 623 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California.

CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

Delivered immediately on the arrival of the mails in New York, Liverpool, London, Paris, Hamburg, Frankfort, Berlin, Suez, Alexandria, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Melbourne, Auckland, Sydney and Islands of the Pacific Ocean.

[Established July 20, 1856.]

Vol. 23 SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MARCH 15, 1873. No. 7.

The Meeting of Workmen--Great Gathering.

Addresses by Honorable Leland Stanford, Mark Hopkins, T. B. McFarland and F. A. Hornblower--Facts for Reflection and Figures for Proof.

At noon Wednesday the workmen in the Central Pacific Railroad shops of Sacramento began to assemble in the great paint shop to listen to addresses upon the question of the day from Directors of the road, who had responded to a call of the employes, which appeared in yesterday's *Record*. The spacious painting rooms had been cleaned, cleanly swept, and seats arranged for ladies and their escorts. Upon the east side a small platform was constructed, arranged with reference to ease of speaking to the multitude. Over the works the Stars and Stripes floated in the breeze, and from one of the lofty poles lines of signals, colors and bunting were trained from the mast head to the ground. As the hour of one o'clock drew nigh, many citizens joined the throng which went pouring into the building and when the meeting was organized, fully eighteen hundred people had assembled. Numbers of ladies occupied the front seats, while the great mass of workmen and visiting citizens thronged in a dense body the entire width of the spacious hall and in a semi-circle far beyond and to each side of the rostrum. The crowd continued to swell by constant arrivals until two o'clock, at which hour fully two thousand persons were present. The meeting opened at about one o'clock and continued for two hours, during which time the strictest attention was paid by the audience, and the most marked order and decorum observed.

THE ORGANIZATION.

C. H. Cummings, F. A. Hornblower and J. R. Watson went upon the platform. The two former took seats, and the latter said: Ladies and Gentlemen—I presume it is unnecessary for me to state to you the object of this meeting, you all know what it is. The first business in order is the nomination of a Chairman. We are now ready to hear nominations.

Charles A. Grow—I nominate J. R. Watson for Chairman of this meeting.

Mr. Watson was unanimously elected.

A. F. LaShelle—I place in nomination for Secretary Charles A. Grow.

Mr. Grow was elected. At this time Leland Stanford, President of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, and Mark Hopkins, Treasurer of the same, came upon the stand and took seats, amid the cheers of the immense audience.

J. R. Watson then said: Ladies and Gentlemen—In accordance with a request signed by a large number of the employes of the Central Pacific Railroad, inviting remarks from the Directors of this road, they now appear before you to address you on topics that are interesting to themselves, to the Railroad Company, and very largely to the city of Sacramento. Perhaps the best thing I could do would be to read their reply to the address, which is as follows:

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY,
PRESIDENT'S OFFICE, SACRAMENTO, March 7, 1873.

Messrs. Grow, Stevens, Welch and others—Gentlemen: Your communication is received, requesting a personal interview and the expression of the views of the Central Pacific Railroad Company in reference to the water front and kindred subjects to be passed upon in the selection of Third Trustee.

Thanking you for your expression of a desire to know the truth of these matters, about which so much and so many misstatements have been maliciously made, we shall be pleased to meet you at the railroad shops at one o'clock on Monday next.

Yours respectfully, LELAND STANFORD,
MARK HOPKINS.

Ladies and Gentlemen: Any further or extended remarks of mine would now be entirely out of place, as I very well know to whom you want to listen, and it will afford me great pleasure to introduce to you the Hon. Leland Stanford, President of the Central Pacific Railroad.

GOVERNOR STANFORD

came forward amid the hearty cheers of the audience and spoke as follows:

FRIENDS—I use that word not formally, but as addressed to a people who are engaged in a common enterprise with myself, men who are, and who have been engaged in constructing railroads, and in operating them to-day. By your labor, mine added, we are developing the resources of a great State. By this co-operation of labor and effort, by this community of industry and interest, we are filling this land with plenty, and building for ourselves and those to come after us a land of free and happy homes. Around this work all the good humanity may know cluster. The spread of intelligence, the advancement of civilization, the onward march of progress, these are being wrought out by those who, like us, labor side by side in all the practical undertakings of life. Such is the work, my friends, in which we are engaged, in which every man connected with the railroad is engaged. We ought to be bound together by a common sympathy as we are bound by a common interest, and therefore I feel to have a right to address you as my friends. I can say truly of every man, however humble the station filled by him in this work, that I feel an interest in him—an interest in his welfare. Here in this city we, as citizens, are approaching an important municipal election. It has been made the occasion of vituperative abuse and libel against the Railroad Company. It has attracted your attention, of course, for in common with other citizens you have an interest in the municipal affairs of your city. It is because you have this interest that you have called upon the Directors of the Company to explain to you concerning the charges which have been so liberally and maliciously dealt out against us, that you may understand the position of the Company and its interests, and the relation of those interests to the common interest of the community. Directly then as to the questions involved, let me say I cannot call to mind anything that the Railroad Company has ever proposed, or that it has ever done that has injured this city in the least. And I can say for myself and for my associate Directors who are citizens of this city, that there is not one of them who, under any conceivable circumstances, could be induced to inflict an injury upon the city of Sacramento. We have lived here too long, we have been too long identified with her strugglings and sufferings, we have been sharers in her prosperity and her triumphs, and will not in the future, as we have not in the past, seek to do her injury, detract from her reputation or hinder her progress.

THE COMPANY WANTS NO MORE CITY FRONT.

Fellow citizens, the specific question at issue in this election is said to relate to the city water front. Let me say to you now, that so far as this question concerns us we want nothing that we have not already. We have an abundance of room there already to accommodate our business, and that is all we want; and if for every vessel that comes to the wharves we have built, wharves that cost the city nothing, and which could not have been built except for the use of some one like us, engaged in a regular commerce, which have increased the facilities for business of the whole city, we pay to the city government just the same tolls as if we discharged at wharves constructed at the expense of the city.

WHAT IS PROPOSED.

We have nothing to ask in this coming election more than you as citizens or we as citizens, interested in the welfare of the city, may not ask in every election which occurs wherein we are called upon to exercise the rights of citizenship. I mean that common interest and right which each citizen feels and has in the public affairs. It is a right every man has to be a candidate for office, and I do not believe, fellow citizens, that because you work on the railroad, or because I help to work, that you or I are thereby disfranchised, or placed under disability to exercise the common rights of citizenship. We are entitled to all the rights as when we were engaged in other pursuits. I do not know where the law is to be found that denies to any man the right to be a candidate for any office, or to have the preference of friends for office because he is connected with the railroad, or to regard the interests of his friends, his town, his State or his country. I do not know of any such law, although I constantly hear it reiterated, over and over again, that if a man wishes to be a candidate for office, and shall declare himself the friend of any man connected with the railroad, that man shall be tabooed and politically ostracized. [Applause.] So much for our local matters. I do not stand here as the particular advocate of any man. So far as Mr Adams is concerned, I have every confidence in his capacity for the duties of the office to which he aspires, and every confidence in his integrity as a citizen. I have nothing special to ask of him. I have not conferred with him. I can say here, and now, that I never made terms in my life with a man as to what he should do after he got into office. [Applause.] And if I cannot trust a man without pledges to do right I cannot trust him under a pledge. Now, my friends, this Pacific Railroad has engaged the attention of the present Board of Directors, most of them for eleven years. We have become identified with it. It is to us our darling. Our hopes, our ambitions go with it—away beyond the mere pecuniary results. Had that been all when we constructed the road over the mountains and made its connection with the Eastern link, we might well have been content, but we wanted to do something more. We wanted to help build up the State, and so every dollar that we got was put into the building and operating of a great system of railroads. And if we have not done more it is not want of willingness on our part, but because we had no more dollars to spend. Are these shops here, are all of you men an injury to Sacramento? Has any harm come from your living here? Does harm come from your daily toil and the money you receive and the money you expend? Surely not, I think. But I said we are engaged in building up a great system of railroads. This was our ambition, and wherever they have gone they have proven public benefactors. We have performed every obligation rigidly to the spirit as well as the letter so far as the counties, the State and the National Government were concerned. We have created wealth, and the wealth of the Railroad Company does not consist in taking money out of one pocket and putting it in the other, but actual values, wealth to itself and much greater wealth to the State and the country. Why, in the mere matter of taxes on the property of this railroad system, take all the taxes together, it pays this year over $430,000. These taxes could not be raised excepting values had been created—wealth, actual wealth to the State. Our contract with the National Government required us to build the road and complete it in 1876. We completed it seven years earlier than that time by extraordinary sacrifices, by sacrifices of at least $10,000,000. We were able to give to the use of the country these railroads seven years earlier than it was required under the contract with the Government, whereby the Government itself, on the two roads, the Central Pacific and the Union Pacific, is saving annually about $7,000,000, as shown by their own reports.

BENEFITS OF THE ROAD.

Now in that seven years the Government alone saved $49,000,000 by this road being constructed seven years earlier than the contract required, and at a great sacrifice to the companies—to the two companies probably not less than $40,000,000. [A Voice—Speak louder, please, we cannot hear you in the back part of the room.] I am not much accustomed to public speaking. Of late years, as a rule, acts have been my forte, not words [applause], but I will endeavor to make myself heard as

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG"

FOR

The Special and Authorised Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.--Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1873. No. 8.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag. South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—890@875—SILVER BARS—1½@1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 87½@88c. Mexican Dollars, 86@7c

☞ Exchange on N. York, 6-10 per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 13½ per cent. On London. Bankers 49@49½; Commercial 49¼@49¾; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1½

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, March 21, at 3 P. M., 115⅝. Latest price of Sterling, 107⅝ very dull.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.
SAN FRANCISCO. March 21, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	[illegible]	[illegible]	National Gold B'k & Trust Co	120	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1861	[illegible]	[illegible]	Oakland [illegible]	102	—
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	[illegible]	[illegible]	Spring Valley Water Co.	84½	85
Legal Tender Notes	87½	88	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	96	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	95	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co		—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insurance Co	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins Co	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	93	95	Union Insurance Co	87	88
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	—	Pacific Bank	90	92½
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	170	[illegible]
San Francisco Gas Company	70	—	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	110

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets

CALIFORNIANS ABROAD.

Paris.—R. Amory, Hotel Chatham; C. W. Bonynge and wife, Hotel de l'Athénée; Miss Annie L. G. Boyd, 30 B'l'vrd Malesherbes; General J. B. Frisbie, the Misses Frisbie, Hotel du l'Empire; Mrs. Major Hensley, Miss Ellie Hensley and Master Hensley, Splendide Hotel; Mrs. John B. LeGay, 30 B'l'vrd Malesherbes; Mr. George H. Worn, wife and family, 50 Avenue Josephine. **Nice.**—Dr. H. D. Cogswell and wife, Pension Internationale; Augustus Hombert, Hotel des Anglais; Levi Stevens, Mrs. Stevens, Miss Kittie and Miss Dollie Stevens, Hotel de la Méditerranée; A. C. Whitcomb, Grand Hotel. **London.**—Miss N. L. Chapman, 45 Tavistock Square; M. O. Connor, Charing Cross Hotel; Captain C. H. Harrison and wife, 10 Duchess street; Francis H. Hill, H. S. Homans and wife, D. M. Macdonald, Langham Hotel; James Phelan, Charing Cross Hotel; Hon. Geo. Turner, Mrs. Turner and Miss Nellie L. Turner, 45 Tavistock Square; A. Ulssermann, Langham Hotel.

Latest from the Merchants' Exchange.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Gold opened at 115⅜; 11 A. M. at 115½; 3 P. M. at 115⅝. U. S. Bonds—Five-twenties of '62, 115⅝; 1867, 116⅞. Sterling Exchange, 108¼@108⅞. Pacific Mail, 66. Quicksilver Mining Company, 42. Wheat, $1 90@$2 10. Pork, strong, 16. Cotton, 19⅞. Hides, quiet, weak, 24½@25; salted, 12c., quiet. Oil—Sperm, steady, $1 55@$1 57. Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 77, quiet; Whale, weak, 65@70c. Winter Bleached, 70@75c., quiet. Wool—dull Spring, fine, 30@36c., Burry, 23@28c.; Pulled, 40@50c. Fall Clips, 23@28c.; Burry, 16@21c. LONDON, March 21.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s 6d.@11s 9d. Club, 11s. 10d.@12s. 4d. United States Bonds, 90⅝. Consols, 92⅞. Account, 92¾@92⅞.

A Letter Received this Day from London recites the particulars of the death of Max Strobel, a gentleman well and favorably known in California for many years past. The letter received forms an obituary that his friends will treasure, for it must assure them that, though a stranger in a foreign land, the genial and noble-hearted Major, in his illness, wanted for nothing, no care was lacking, no wish or desire denied. Max Strobel died on Monday, Feb. 17th, and was buried Feb. 21st, in Finchley Cemetery, one of the most picturesque and best laid out in London, a monument will be erected to him as soon as the wishes of his widow and friends here can be ascertained. Mr Max Strobel was proceeding to London and Amsterdam for the purpose of negotiating the sale of Catalina Island, and up to the time of his decease had proceeded in his object most satisfactorily.

The London Economist has an article on the banking capital of Great Britain, prepared by Mr. Palgrave. The resources of the English banks, private and joint stock, are placed at £483,000,000; Scotch banks, £90,000,000; Irish banks, £41,000,000; Savings banks in the United Kingdom, £50,000,000; Foreign and British Colonial banks having offices in London, £153,000,000 making a grand total of £828,000,000. The liabilities of these banks are given at £580,000,000, while the actual cash available to meet them is set down at £31,000,000.

Wheat to Liverpool.—Our friend, John Parrott, has chartered the British ship *Indus* to carry his Wheat crop to the United Kingdom at £1 freight. The quality of this grain is superior, and our farmer banker does not like the idea of selling his crop less than his neighbors, and having failed to sell at $2 10, will not now accept of $1 85, and is disposed to feed John Bull at the best price he can get for his Wheat next summer.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

NOTICE.

The California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast will be opened to the public, and prepared to commence business, on Wednesday, April 2d. The success of the undertaking is beyond question,

Ten Times More Orders for Space and Placards

Having been received than was anticipated by the Directors, or can be completed by the opening day. In methodizing and classifying the various details of a newly designed institution, original ideas are elaborated; and this, while involving considerable delay, secures a greater perfection of arrangement, and enhances the value and usefulness of the **Exchange** to the material interests of the Pacific Coast.

Quicksilver.—The orders at present in hand are said to be very largely in excess of our ability to supply. The resident agent says he could place 10,000 flasks to-day more than he could supply. As before stated by us, the price in London has lately advanced to £14, supposed to be caused by political troubles in Spain. The market price here is now 95c. The production of our mines does not equal the increased demand, and unless the troubles soon cease in Spain prices here will advance considerably more. The Quicksilver Mining Company, hailing from New York, has made its regular annual report, showing that the total product of the mine for the year ending December 31, 1872, amounted to 18,578 flasks, which was sold for $937,880, gold. The net profits, including rents, amounted to $451,759 17. In the expense account, $100,000, the cost of tunneling and prospecting, was included. The report shows that the Company has no floating debt; that it has on hand $400,000 in cash and $115,000 worth of Quicksilver and supplies. The quicksilver produced last year was sold and delivered under contract at $31 per flask for the first three months, and at $50 50 per flask during the remaining nine months. Present price, $72 07 per flask weighing 76½ lbs. At the annual meeting of the stockholders, held in New York, March 14, the following Directors were chosen: Daniel Drew, James S. Thayer, James H. Banker, A. B. Baylis, E. D. Stanton, E. N. Robinson, Eugene Kelly, Edwin Hoyt, George G. Pride, Ludlow Patton, James D. Smith. Subsequently the following officers were chosen for the ensuing year: Daniel Drew, President; James S. Thayer, Vice-President; Eugene N. Robinson, Treasurer; David Mahany, Secretary.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Constitution arrived from Panama and way ports on the 19th inst., with a very large cargo of general merchandise, and a manifest of cargo of many imperial pages, so large and items so multitudinous that the Merchants' Exchange clerks were unable to prepare a condensed copy for the press until the next day after arrival. It does seem strange that the Pursers of the several steamers cannot be made to understand the wants of the merchants, and give, in a brief and condensed form, an epitome of the cargo, that he that runs may read, without necessitating the whole mercantile community visiting the Exchange, to spend hours, pencil in hand and in a crowd of anxious expectants, to figure out the steamer's cargo. It seems a small matter to the uninitiated to be again calling attention to this matter. But really it is an important matter, and a few hours' work on board ship would enable the Purser to please and satisfy the masses. Advices were received some days since at the Merchants' Exchange that during a severe gale on the Isthmus, January 18th and 19th, a heavy loss in goods was sustained at Aspinwall. Of California goods, there was washed overboard 220 bales Wool, 90 Hides, 5 Elk Skins, 18 casks Sperm and Whale Oil, 1,000 pigs of Selby's Refined Lead and 23 Cedar Logs; of the latter, 11 logs were subsequently recovered.

New Life in Steamship Companies.—An impulse has of late been given to steamship building which is as remarkable as it is pleasing. The list of ships on the docks is really wonderful. No less than thirty-one are in process of construction for the various lines sailing from New York. The Hamburg American Packet Company have six steamers building at Greenock, and the North German Lloyd nine, all of iron and all about 3,000 tons burthen. At Chester, Pa., there are eight iron ships laid down for the Pacific Mail S. S. Co. These, with the Australian steamers probably to be added, will make a pretty respectable fleet for this company. Then the N. Y. and Mexican S. S. Co. are building two steamers, the Williams and Guion line one steamer, the Cunard line two steamers, the Inman line two, the White Star line several in course of construction and the Pennsylvania Central R. R. Co. several in prospective. This looks like progress.

The Funeral Services of the late Judge Shafter, of the Supreme Court, will take place at the First Congregational Church in Oakland, on Sunday, 30th instant, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

"THE BLIND BOY."

"**The Blind Boy**" is a poem by Thomas Essen Hake, published in England, with others, under the title of "Parables and Tales," which the *Athenæum* comments upon as follows:

We have in this case a poem which, by combining deep and sympathetic truth of idea with faithful and minute exposition, especially deserves to live. The tale is equally simple and affecting. The blind boy has a loving sister, who identifies herself with all his wants and interests. She is especially his minister in bringing before him those scenes of natural beauty which he is unable otherwise to enjoy:

She tells him how the mountains swell,
How rocks and forests touch the skies,
He tells her how the shadows dwell
In purple dimness on his eyes,
Whose tremulous orbs the while he lifts,
As round his smile their spirit drifts.
More close around his heart to wind,
She shuts her eyes in childish glee.
'To share,' she said, 'his peace of mind;
To sit beneath his shadow-tree.'
So, half in play, the sister tries
To find his soul within her eyes.

His hand in hers, she walks along
And leads him to the river's brink;
She stays to hear the water's song,
Closing her eyes with him to think.
His ear, more watchful than her own,
Caught up the ocean's distant moan.
'The river's flow is bright and clear,'
The blind boy said, 'and, were it dark,
We should no less its music hear:
Sings not at eventide the lark?
Still when the ripples pause, they fade
Upon my spirit like a shade.'

The whole of this is very touching in all that relates to the pure affection described, while the study of blindness is not only accurate, but subtle. There, moreover, is a touch of tender truth beyond the reach of art in the notion of the sister shutting her eyes that she may sympathetically realize the privation of the brother. An ardent love of Nature, human and external, and a conscientious desire to present the traits of both, run through this pathetic idyl. The three stanzas that follow are remarkable even amid much that is excellent:

A while he pauses; as he stops,
Her little hand the sister moves,
And pebbles on the water drops,
As it runs up the sandy grooves,
Or to her ear a shell applies,
With parted lips and dreaming eyes.

'That noise!' said he, with lifted hand.
'The sea-gull's scream and flapping
Before the wind it flies to land, [wings,
And omens of a tempest brings.'
She tells him how the sea-bird pale
Whirls wildly on the coming gale.

'And is the sea alone? Even now
I hear faint mutterings.' 'Tis the waves.'
'It seems a murmur sweeping low,
And hurrying through the distant caves.
I hear again that smothered tune
As if the sea were not alone.'

THE ODGER-"FIGARO" LIBEL CASE.

In the Court of Queen's Bench, before Mr. Justice Brett, on February 14, Mr George Odger sued the proprietor of the *Figaro* for damages for alleged libels published of him in that newspaper. The defendant, in addition to "Not guilty," pleaded in justification that what was complained of as libelous was true, and that the alleged libels were privileged communications. Mr. Serjeant Simon, who appeared for the plaintiff, detailed the particulars of the alleged libels, the chief of which was in reference to the occasion on which Mr. Odger presided over a public meeting held in Hyde Park on a Sunday in April last, when he burnt the Parks Regulation Bill. The principal part of the article was as follows:

"ODGER VICTORIOUS.—Know all men by these presents that Odger, the cobbler, rules the Government of England. We have ere now made sport of the great man; henceforth we shall be respectful. We do not like the cobbler, we abhor his principles; we regard him as an enemy to order; we hold him to be a demagogue of the lowest and most contemptible type, half booby and half humbug, a political Cheap Jack, who would be a political sharper if he had brains enough. What may be Odger's next fancy it is impossible to guess; perhaps he may assert the right of the Odgerites to refresh themselves in West End pantries and wine cellars, or he may demand the immediate release of all convicts who are so nearly connected with that section of the people which Odger, the cobbler, commands. Some day society will have to make short work of the Odgerites, and stamp them out as we did the cattle plague. At present Odger is supreme and triumphant, and Odgerism may work incalculable mischief before an opportunity occurs of putting an end to it with grape and bullet. How is Odger to be rewarded for his late victory? The hero of the Hyde Park railings battle is a County Court Judge. Odger has deserved as well of the Government as Beales. Odger is not professionally qualified for the judicial bench, and if Mr Gladstone overcame the difficulty by Collier, Ewelme, hocus-pocus, or by Royal Warrant, it would not do to have a judge whose soul has not soared above the three r's, and who has not so much learning as a Jack Cade or a Jack Pudding. If no office can be found for Odger, Mr Gladstone might advise Her Majesty to grant the victorious cobbler a civil list pension."

A second libel was alleged to be contained in the following paragraph, which appeared shortly afterward amid a number of similar ones

"OFFICE.—I have any quantity of bottled-up abuse, treason and riot. I will exchange the whole lot for any permanent appointment worth £250 per annum or upwards.—GEORGE PODGER."

Mr. Odger was then called. His counsel said he had no questions to ask him, but the Attorney-General cross-examined him to the following effect

I did burn the bill. I am a shoemaker now. I make boots myself at my house in High street, Bloomsbury. I live partly by this and partly by my writings and lectures.

Then you live partly by making shoes and partly by making speeches? [Laughter.] Yes. I lecture on such subjects as the Irish Church and extension of the suffrage, the English Church and class government. I object to middle class and aristocratic government.

The House of Lords?—Yes. And the Monarchy? I should prefer a Republic.

At Leicester did you say, that "me and my colleagues have resolved that the Prince of Wales shall never ascend the throne?"—I said that and more. I added, "without a protest being entered by us against it."

Did you not say in a pamphlet headed "Republicanism v. Monarchy" that monarchy had led to a series of unnatural marriages, and the consequences seemed at one time probable that we should have a race of Royal idiots?—Yes.

The Attorney-General: That no sensible people would choose such a race of men as our kings for governors, or if so, they would reject them as soon as their legal term of office had expired?—Yes.

Did you desire to prove that England was taxed with the maintenance of a mere puppet?—Yes.

The Queen?—Yes; but I think she is a most estimable lady (a laugh)

She will be very much obliged to you, I am sure. Did you think you had a right to have a meeting in Hyde Park?—Yes. I thought so from what had been said in the House of Commons. Besides, it had been our custom. I thought the park belonged to the people.

As to this second libel. You believe yourself to be "George Podger?"—Yes.

The Attorney-General, without calling any witnesses for the defence, addressed the jury. He admitted that what had been said of Mr. Odger was strong, and it might even be coarse, but he denied that there was any attack whatever upon his private character. The paper had said in the strongest terms that the plaintiff was a pestilent agitator, who, without any definite ends like those which Mr Cobden and Mr. Bright had set before themselves, went about making people dissatisfied with the state of things under which it had pleased God to appoint them to live. The cross-examination of the plaintiff himself showed that he had gone through the country holding meetings, attacking the Monarchy, and endeavoring to get the people to set up a Republic. He had called the Queen a "puppet," and said that the Prince of Wales should not succeed to the throne—without a protest, it was added. He went about making inflammatory attacks upon the Monarchy, and exciting disturbances, as he submitted to have been the case at Reading. He attacked the Royal Family, who were in their position simply because the law placed them in it, and he might say of Her Majesty that she discharged her high duties with diligence and zeal, and with a reverence for the law which excited the highest admiration (Applause). Mr Odger had suffered in no way whatever by the attacks of the *Figaro* upon him, he went about the country setting class against class, and making people dissatisfied with one another (Suppressed applause). And how could he seriously address the Jury upon "Podger!" The thing was purely a joke. What would they have thought if Mr Whalley had brought an action. It had been said that people always laughed when they saw Mr. Whalley, or even his name; but all he (the Attorney-General) could say was, that so far as his experience went, it was a very serious business indeed to listen to Mr. Whalley. (A laugh). It was absurd to found an action of libel upon a paragraph in a column of jokes.

His lordship having summed up, the jury, after considering the matter for two hours, found a verdict for the defendant.

An application was subsequently made for a stay of execution, on the ground that the verdict was against the weight of evidence, but Mr. Justice Brett declined to interfere.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne's CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 75 cents, $1 40, and $2 75 by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s. 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *.*SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.—The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopaths and Invalids, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb 25.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER AND BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L & P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitation by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations including the following specialities; Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice; an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta: Messrs. Scott, Thompson & Co. Bombay and Poonah: Messrs. Treacher & Co., Kurrachee; Messrs. Bodgett & Hughes, Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well-known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps; Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding; Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges, for Pin-fire and Central-fire Breech-loading Guns; Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, Sept. 7.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 15th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand Feet. Nov 9. JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD —

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co, W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanascinth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co
Constantinople—Baltozzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Boersen
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lotteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine, Borsenhalle.
Havre—Queand Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co, Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M. Whitney
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England — Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co, Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co, Delizy, Davies & Co, F'k Ansile, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co, Alsop & Co, Hoth, Gruning & Co, Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; B. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall
Lisbon—Uplas Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co, Roun de Fraissint.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumner & Co, McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; O. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

M. Dubourg's Theories, which have been advocated by M. Alexandre Dumas in the *Femmes de Camille*, are becoming all the rage. The ladies are alarmed, and are talking amongst themselves of forming a league against their horrid husbands, who are encouraged to murder them when they go astray. A horrible conflict, caused by jealousy and conjugal infidelity, was fought out with fatal results in the Rue Cartesaux. A crowd assembled round No. 11 in that street, where a lady was seen clinging convulsively to the railings on the balcony of the fourth story. Some of the crowd rushed up the staircase to save the poor lady, but ere they could reach the door, a man was seen to climb over the balcony, to tear the woman's hands from her grasp, and both fell into the street with a fearful crash, followed by the hideous splashing of brains and blood. The miserable pair were husband and wife. The former had detected his wife's infidelity, and resolved to dash her into the street. Subsequently he seems to have decided to share her fate. The husband was taken up, smashed to pulp, stone dead, the wife was still living, but life cannot long linger in her mutilated frame

A New Motive-Power.—Ammonia has been put to use by G. Bastianelli, of Florence, as a motive-power. It acts in the same manner as steam, and is as easily controlled; requires but a small amount of fuel to develop its immense force, the heat necessary for producing the pressure of ten atmospheres being limited to 130 degrees to 140 degrees Fahrenheit, and can now, it is said, be readily adapted to any machinery worked by steam, the new engine being quite simple in its construction. The saving of fuel is nearly seventy per cent. The complicated copper boiler, with its 150 tubes, is entirely dispensed with. The ammonia acts in continuous rotation, as it at once condenses and returns into the boiler, the quantity escaping being observable, and requiring only annual replacement. If so, coal has looked its blackest at us all, and its price will gradually get more benign to our wants. Ammonia, as a motive-power, is a very old acquaintance, and is said to have failed on account of its danger.

Sir Bartle Frere's Mission.—The Special Commissioner of the *Daily Telegraph*, who accompanies Sir Bartle Frere's anti-slave trade mission to Zanzibar, forwards two long and interesting letters, which throw much light upon the slave system in Northern Africa, and give curious accounts of the manner in which our envoy was received by the Sultan, from whom we hope for so much co-operation in the endeavors to suppress the traffic Dr. Livingstone so vehemently denounced. By the latest telegraphic news—which came through Aden on the 3d instant—Sir Bartle Frere has found the native merchants, whom he has met in public assemblage, strongly disinclined either to believe in the suppression of the slave trade, or to help on that result; and the Sultan, while professing to agree with our envoy, declares that his own life would be in danger if he signed any document for the abolition of slavery.

Canada is rather tardily following our example in providing for future Parliamentary investigation by granting fifty million acres of land and thirty million dollars in gold to her projected Pacific Railway. The Company is required to deposit ten per cent. or the capital with the Government, to be retained subject to the disposition of the Dominion Parliament. The entire capital stock is ten million dollars. The work must be finished within ten years, but certain sections must be completed within a less time, and construction at both ends, with the humiliating aid of Yankee telegraph lines, must be begun before the first of next July.

There have been Added to the Brighton Aquarium some Abyssinian toads, for whose special behoof a Wardian case has been provided. They have also added themselves to one of the tanks an infinite number of minute shrimp-like creatures, in size and appearance like the lower part of the body of the daddy-long-legs, with the addition of a singular protuberance beneath. They are, in fact, a shoal of opossum shrimps, the protuberance being in reality a bag in which, like the opossum, they carry their young. It is not known how these shrimps came into the aquarium.

Killed by a Creeping Plant.—Mr. Stephen Maple, under-gardener to F. Philips, Esq., Lee Priory, Wingham, has met his death under singular circumstances. He was training a creeping plant of a poisonous nature (probably a *Euphorbia*), when he was pricked in the hand by one of the thorns. Mortification set in, and he died in great agony four days afterwards. He was 77 years of age. We wonder Darwin never traced the likeness in tropical plants to tropical reptiles both in their aspect and their action.

The London Missionary Society proposes to establish a mission in the great island of New Guinea, which is inhabited by tribes of savage, treacherous and blood-thirsty people. The undertaking is difficult and dangerous, but a number of missionaries have been found who are willing to enter the field. Their work will be confined at present to places along the coast; and to facilitate their movements, a missionary steamer is to be provided by the generosity of Miss Baxter, of Dundee.

Manufacturers of, and Dealers in, Poetry may be interested in hearing that there is to be a grand poetry match or contest at Bordeaux. The entrance for the same will be closed on the 10th June. We hope they will settle that old bone of contention, Which is the best rhyme for potato? excluding the latest tip, Long Acre!

A Novel Pet.—A lady of Danielsonville, N. Y., has a very well-trained animal in the person of a butterfly, which nestles in her hand, alights upon her shoulder or hair, at her bidding, or, by way of variety, hides in the knot of ribbon at her throat when he feels like taking a nap.

An Art Discovery.—There is reason to believe that the long-lost portrait of Moliere, painted by Sebastien Bourdon, has been discovered among the Ingres collection at the museum of Montauban, and that it was restored by the latter painter, who purchased it at a dealer's sale.

M. Gambetta has announced his intention of making a political excursion in the North of France during the Easter recess. He will make Lille his headquarters, and he has told several friends that he will speak there even more plainly than he did at Grenoble

Still at War.—The German artists have threatened not to exhibit any of their works at Vienna if they are not treated on a footing of perfect equality with the French, who, it is said, have been unduly favored as regards space and light.

We Understand that M. Richard, the French painter, has started from Paris for Madrid as special artist for our contemporary the *Graphic*, so that we may expect some good pictures of the events now transpiring in Spain.

Sir Noel Paton, some of whose works have been exhibited in Bath, exhibits in the Royal Scottish Academy this year for the first time for several years. The subject of his picture is "Christ and the Sleeping Disciples."

Another Sportsman, M. Cailletel, has been killed at Lamarche by a wild boar, which goaded him to death after he had wounded the animal. The boar was found dead upon his victim.

The Famous Yacht "Henrietta," once the property of Mr. James Bennett, of the New York *Herald*, has been totally wrecked during a heavy gale at Honduras.

The Gastronomic Exposition will open in the Champs Elysees on the 15th of May. It is a curious idea, and might be made of considerable social advantage.

In Pursuance of the New Law against Drunkenness, the Paris police have apprehended 122 drunken men in the streets during the last two days.

It is Said that Russia will soon appear in the market as borrower. The sum required will be twenty-five millions.

CALIFORNIA STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD.

T. J. L. SMILEY, ... President. | JOS. TILDEN, ... Caller.
CHAS. L. WELLER, .. Vice-President. | E. J. BALDWIN, ... Treasurer.
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Bourne, J. B......323 California street.	McKenty, J.....422 Montgomery street.
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Gray, J.........306 Montgomery street.	Rudsdale, M. ...416 California street.
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Harvey, C. C.......418 California street.	Schmitt, M ....437 California street.
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Hyneman, S........420 Montg'y street.	Thompson, J. M. 310 Montgo'ry street.
Kenney, C. A... ..411 California street.	Tibbey, E. S.......503 California street.
Kent, R. T ... .401 Montgomery street.	Tilden, J................At Board Room.
Klopenstine, J..422 Montgomery street.	Weller, Chas. L.....521 Jackson street.
Lacour, L.......503 Montgomery street.	Williams, W. J.......At Board Room.
Lawton, W. W ......At Board Room.	Wolf, F....... 431 Montgomery street.
Leuzarder, J. M....	Wright, Wm. H. 420 Montg'y street.
Lichtenstein, M. B.406 Montgomery st.	

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 30.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts, Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc., Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F. Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards. April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon. Aug. 10.] WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 217 Sansome street.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes, fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly instalments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 21.

MAIN & WINCHESTER.

C. MAIN. E. B. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 13.

GILBERT & MOORE.

C. W. GILBERT.] [R. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 415 Brannan street. Feb 1.

AT HER WINDOW.

Beating heart! we come again
 Where my Love reposes:
This is Mabel's window pane;
 These are Mabel's roses.

Is she nested? Does she kneel
 In the twilight stilly,
Lily clad from throat to heel,
 She, my virgin lily!

Soon the wan, the wistful stars,
 Fading, will forsake her.
Elves of light, on beamy bars,
 Whisper then, and wake her.

Let this friendly pebble plead
 At her flowery grating;
If she hear me will she heed?
 Mabel, I am waiting!

Hark, you raptured carol proves
 Love no empty fable;
Hush, sweet bird, her lattice moves—
 Mabel, dearest Mabel.

—*Good Words.*

FROM A DIARY.

January 15th, 1873.—Leave camp and mine in charge of one-legged friend, whose crutch has been borrowed at night when traveling to job at the rattlesnakes amongst the rocks to make them cease their music and not frighten the horses. Agree to be back in limited time. Escort for a few miles, composed of twenty-two dusky nymphs of faultless form and good features, many being beautiful all be ng in a state of nature from waist up and knee down; promise them lots of dulcies on return. Slept on desert. Cold. 16th.—Cramp Cañon. Slept cold.

17th. Lost on top of Sierra Nevada Mountains, seven thousand feet nearer heaven; cold, freezing cold, no "Halls of Montezumas" here. 18th.—Found trail, slept cold.

19th.—Ameeis Indian rancheria. Manuel (Indian) wishes to go to mine on our return. San Rafael, a mining town. Started for the city where all the railroads are to terminate, where they live on faith, hope, bay, cl mate, view, etc.

20th.—Cañon, slept warm; Visalias, grass widow, handsome, wonder if she would like mining.

21st.—Valle Las Palmas. Nearly devoured by seven dogs. Slept warm.

22d.—Carricitas. Tia Juana and wild cat; warm bed.

23d.—San Diego. Stars and Stripes; 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th do.

28th. Start back; heavy south wind. 29th.—Carricitas; heavy south wind.

30th.—Visalias; more grass widow; she likes mining.

31st.—San Rafael; furious south wind.

February 1st. Santa Catalina. Famous 300-league grant of Castro. Stop at house of Don G., in room with young man; he sleeps near the fire. "Oh how the fleas bother me," he says, "I can hear them when they light after jumping they are big ones. A snort, and fleas are forgotten.

2d.—Day has just broken. A stir at the fire to have more light. Holy Jabers! what is this!" "Solomon in all his glory" sixty days after death. Diet of worms. Limburger If our room-mate has not been sleeping under a lot of meat hung to the roof to cure, and he is covered with maggots, and his ear in sight is full. Fleas, eh! Hope the disease is not worse than the cure. What ho! Get up, take a lively shake and to breakfast, " with what appetite " Called for Manuel, started into mountains, he protests, must go. South wind and snow, camped on mountain, heavy night, snow two feet deep.

3d.—Hard work, all trails lost storming with fury; wish we were elsewhere. The Aztecs had bad taste "Tis "a good country to live out of," as the Irishman said to the grumbling party down East, " If the Americans don't like the country let them leave it," but perhaps we can't get out. The animals heave and surge through the snow (more than four feet deep to-day) about one hundred yards at a time, and are exhausted; the white lather and perspiration freezes the moment they stop 'Tis night, we camp and feed lots of barley. Horse looks well, but mule appears about to die. Put on two blankets, one on each. The mule's ears hang as a weeping willow, or like the new-fash oned rabbits, and meet at the chin In "The Dodd Family Abroad," the old gentleman has to raise the wind, and sent home to his steward to shear the sheep. It came on a snow-storm, and to save the lives they had to put all the spare rags they had on the shorne animals. Thus might have been seen ewes with various garments on belonging to the mistress or the young ladies, whi e the ram figured in a pair of the master's old knee-breeches. Don't know if this started the idea or not, at all events an under garment was quickly forthcoming on the mule s head, with an ear in each leg and the be ly-band buttoned under the chin, and in the morning the cars and mule were all right, but poor Manuel, a new blanket tempted him, he slept and had both feet frozen. The watch stopped. Fried a box of sardines; no go, hard as iron. Canteen of water solid, have to go it on hard bread and snow straight. Turn round before fire all night, dance, sing scraps from operas. Jolly, very.

4th.—This day tells the tale. If we get over the summit each mile reduces the snow's depth. Stout hearts and limbs now or— Storming badly, animals sore, Manuel's feet in frightful cond tion. 'Tis night again, crossed the summit, only two feet of snow, a few hours in the morning will take us below the snow belt; mb. ons for sleep, but " no rest for the wicked "

5th.—Descending 7,000 feet. Each hour changes the temperature. The watch has started; there is a floating brick in the canteen. A few thousand feet lower and perhaps the sardines will " come to themselves." Care is necessary; have to take off the pack and carry it on the back round certain projections, otherwise the mule might strike against the upper bank, drop off, fall through a crack in a cloud two thousand feet beneath into the far blue below. Occasional glimpses of the desert, sand for to-morrow. Foot of mountain, minus boots, c ear running brook, grass, flowers, bees and palm trees. Three hours' sleep; start on the desert and get a good offing. Manuel's feet like elephant's, and cracked badly; must ride. Hagar, Ishmael & Co. Father Abraham was a mighty bad style of Christian. Know a party who has to walk more than fifty miles through hot sand. Hope they have neither snow nor deserts in Heaven.

6th. Three hours less than promised time. Aforesaid nymphs come for promised dulces, four bits worth of candy does the business. The young ladies like paint, and scrape off all the particles of grease that escape from the wheels for purposes of adornment. 'Tis necessary to grease the wagon wheels, the nut is unscrewed, and it is advisable to put it in some safe, clean place until wanted. As there are more than twenty of the above mentioned young ladies standing around anxious to help or save a bit of paint, it becomes necessary to serve all alike to prevent jealousy; and as the material to work on or the sharpness of the thread of the nuts may vary, so do the marks, no two being alike; they are kaleidoscopic.

When Uncle Sam annexes this region and makes me Indian Agent, I will clothe every one of them (for why should they not be taught that "modesty is a quality that highly adorns"?) with fig-leaves and cotton of their own cultivation. T

Two Spanish Sisters, Named Nicola and Maria Santa Lulia, living in great style in the Rue Lafayette, Paris, have just been arrested for as novel and ingen ous a method of shoplifting as we have seen anywhere recorded. Their special trick was to throw down any article they wished to steal, when, slipping off the large shoe worn for the purpose, they would pick it up with their toes, and then, lifting it as high as possible, hold it between the knees until safe in their carriage. It seems that, while thus holding these articles, they managed to walk without difficulty, but their method could not stand the ordeal of ascending stairs, and, as they stalked up the steps of the police station, they dropped a collection of small articles by the way, which the people picked up with much hilarity. Seventeen hundred francs' worth of property was found on them when seized, and at their rooms the police seized upwards of forty thousand francs' worth of goods of all kinds, belonging chiefly to the Magasin du Louvre, which they seem to have largely patronized.

The Army Register, for the current year, shows that the commissioned portion of the United States Army includes 12 general officers, 15 adjutant-generals, 8 inspector-generals, 10 judge-advocates, 1 chief signal-officer, 60 quartermasters, 30 commissaries, 163 medical officers, 54 paymasters, 103 engineers, 61 ordnance-officers, 30 post-chaplains, 425 cavalry-officers, 274 artillery-officers, 881 infantry-officers, 8 professors, 250 cadets, and 257 officers retired from active service, making a total of 2,797. There are 2,182 officers on the active list; and, contrary to the general impression, only 666, or less than one-third of them, are graduates of West Point.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 609 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public by the 1st inst. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 609 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

SWISS-AMERICAN BANK,

Incorporated in Geneva (Switzerland) January 20th, 1873. Head office in Geneva.

Capital..............**$2,000,000 subscribed, one quarter paid up.**

PRESIDENT—HENRY HENTSCH, SAN FRANCISCO BRANCH (successors to Messrs. Hentsch & Berton), 27 Clay street. DIRECTORS—Francis Berton, R. 1'. 6 Walt

This Bank is prepared to grant letters of credit on Europe, and to transact every kind of Banking, Mercantile and Exchange Business, and to negotiate American Securities in Europe. Deposits received.

Bills of Exchange on:

New York,	Hamburg,	Bern,	Fribourg,
Liverpool,	Berlin,	Neuchatel,	Lucern,
London,	Frankfort-on-the-M.	Chaux-de-fonds,	Aarau,
Paris,	Geneva,	Solothurn,	Bellinzona,
Lyons,	Zurich,	Lausanne,	Locarno,
Bordeaux,	Basel,	Baden,	Lugano,
Marseilles,	St. Gall,	Chur,	Mendrisio
Brussels,	Winterthur,	Schaffhausen,	

An ASSAY OFFICE is annexed to the Bank. Assays of Gold, Silver, Quartz, Ores and Sulphurets. Returns in coin or bars, at the option of the depositor. Advances made on Bullion and Ores. Dust and Bullion can be forwarded from any part of the country and returns made through Wells, Fargo & Co., or by checks. [March 8.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that the Field Deputies of this office will commence assessing property SATURDAY, March 1, 1873. The duties assigned to those Deputies are too well known to the community to require explanations, and while I have been careful in making my selections to fill the positions by men favorably known in this community for their competency and integrity, and am confident that the duties will be discharged by them to the general satisfaction of all concerned, I urgently request the general public to report to this office any derelictions of duty by any of my Deputies, and assure them that any just complaints will receive immediate attention. LEVI ROSENFER,

March 8. City and County Assessor

SPORTSMEN'S EMPORIUM,

538 Washington street, below Montgomery, San Francisco.— LIDDLE & KARDING, GUN AND RIFLE MAKERS, and importers of Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Fishing Tackle, Powder Flasks, Gun Materials, Rifle Barrels and Ammunition, wholesale and retail. Guns and Rifles made to order, and Repairing of every description neatly executed, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. [March 8.]

R. C. ROGERS,

Attorney-at-Law and Real Estate Agents.—Loans negotiated and City and County Property bought and sold. March 8.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort, Cashier, N K Masten DIRECTORS—Geo F Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles O Hooker, M. P Jones, James Moffitt, James C Flood, Edward Martin, D Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. March 28.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Eu-rope, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates; also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.

Oct. 26. A. McKINLAY, (Agents.) A. S. FINNIE.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 520 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.

GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Bab-cock; Secretary, T. P. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 504 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT,

GEO. ROBINS, Secretary. [April 16.] President.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec 21.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; E. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 413 California street. July 2.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Allianca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Malls.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co. Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co, S. H. Slamuls & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. B. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co, Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

WAYSIDE GUSHINGS.

BY MRS. HARRIS.

In 'alf an hour the Judge returned, and the jury took their places
Vith doubt and hesitation written plain upon their faces,
The clerk called out the jury roll, who banswered vun by vun,
Beginnin' vith the foreman, vich 'is name vere Vilkerson;
Then Smith, and Jones, and Brown, and Styles, the 'igh-toned 'aberdasher,
Vith Fisticoffs, the prize fighter, a werry famous smasher;
'Iggins, the 'atter, Mullet, 'olesale dealer in stale fish,
De Crapaud, French cuisinier, skilled in many a savory dish;
Sapsky, the old quack doctor, who by many a bogus pill
'As 'umbugged fools out of their cash ven fancyin' they vos ill;
Tightfit, the tailor, who gives credit—'once a man of note—
'Twas 'im as made Judge Sawyer that 'andsome dress-tail coat;
Concludin' vith Orlando Skip, who keeps a dancin' school,
And hevery vun bowned to 'is name and looked a perfeck fool.
"'Ave you agreed," 'ollered the clerk, "upon your werdick, gents!"
"No, ve 'aven't," says the foreman, "for a law pint circumwents
Our hunderstandins, and ve beg the Judge to make it clear,
Or ve shan't agree till doomsday and ve don't vant to stay 'ere."
"Vot is it?" said the learned Judge. "Vot do a noosance mean
By statoot?" cries a juryman, "that's vot must first be seen
Before ve're hable to decide if Sayrah's woice be sich,
Or Sparerib and 'is sassiges, and likevays vich is vich."
"A noosance, gentlemen, in law is thus defined," says Blake,
"A hact as causes hothers from 'ealthy sleep to vake,
Or breaks their necks and sich like through jumpin' out of bed
Ven through the ceilin' some vun pours cold vater on their 'ead,
To ring a door-bell at all hours, like the 'Oodlums of this town,
And bring a delicate lady or hasthmatic lodger down
To hopen the door and then to find there's nobody houtside—
Sich houtrages is noosances and can't be justified,
And hevery vun who does sich hacts is justly 'eld a bore—
Heven a hinfant stil'l in harms as does perniscuous roar
Is 'eld a noosance by the constitooshon of the land,
Vich, 'owever strong, sich 'orrid vays ain't hadequate to stand.
In short, a noosance is laid down as a hobnoxious hact,
And hintention is not rekisite, prowided there be fact."
'Ere the jury began vhisperin', but did not leave their places,
Vile they looked at vun another vith 'orrible grimaces,
Till the foreman rose and blew 'is nose and speakin' to Judge Blake,
Says, "the jury, if it please the Court, ave a request to make:
Ve're all of us unanimous in the vish to 'ear a song
From Sayrah, that ve may decide vich party's in the wrong.
Our werdick vill depend on vot ve think of 'er sol fanner,
Prowided as the gal can sing vithout 'er grand pianner."
"Sayrah," the Judge said, in a tone of sympathetic pity,
"Sing to the jury some nice toon or pleasant little ditty,
I know 'tis 'ard for a bashful gal to sing before the Court,
But the jury 'ave expressed a vish vich gratify you ought."
"Vot shall I sing, Judge?" Sayrah cries, a-risin' to 'er feet
And looking at 'im vith a gaze as vos bevitchin' sweet.
"Sing vot you like," replied the Judge, and sat back in 'is chair
Closin' 's eyes vith folded 'ands and a wolaptious air.
I never dreamed until that hour that Sayrah 'ad sich vit,
But Sawyer vhispered aftervards, "the gal 'ave made an 'it,
And charmed the jury by 'er hadaptation of a song
By Timmuss Moore, the poet, vich 'ave vorked uncommon strong"
So Sayrah sang in a woice that rang through the coutin' over 'ead,
"The 'arp that vonce through 'Arris' 'alls the soul of moosic shed,
And vould 'ave gone on sheddin', but Sparerib brought a suit,
And the Court did put a veto on that 'arp, vich now is mute."
At this 'ere pathos hevery eye pul ed out its 'andkerchief,
Vile in red 'ot tears and hawful groans the haudience found relief.
The Judge, he rocked 'imself like vun as is suddingly took ill,
Vile Sayrah's woice vos like the 'ooter a 'orn upon the 'ill,
'Eard far and near it vos so clear, and the people raised a roar
Of "Oorae 'Arris! vell done, Sayrah! hongcore, hongcore!"
The jury all in raptur' cried, "Might ve vonce more request
That Sayrah sing another song and do 'er werry best,
Ve then may find a werdick vithout leavin' this 'ere box;
"Do so," says Blake, "for I think this suit is *nihil nisi vox*;
Sing, Sayrah, if you please, again, that the jury may be sure
Vether your woice a noosance is and you yourself a bore,
Or vether Sparerib is to blame for not 'aving an ear
For wocal moosic from a woice as is so loud and clear."
"Vell, then," says she, "I'll sing 'Meet me by moonlight,' Judge, 'alone,'
And hafter that I'll give the Court 'Ham I not fondly thy hone!'"
As Sayrah hended all the jury knocked their 'eads together,
And hargued in loud vhispers the veighty question vether
Sayrah or Sparerib vos to blame, and werry soon they 'ollers,
"Judge, ve 'ave found a werdick unanimous as follers,
Sayrah 'ave a hangelic woice, 'tis a h unt-Heckshal treat
To 'ear 'er sing to all except a wender of cats' meat
And tomcat sassiges, like 'im who brought the present haction,
But as no damage 'as been done, Sparerib can't claim a fraction.
Ve, therefore, finds a werdick for 'Arris, the defendant,
On whom the lovely wocalist, sweet Sayrah, is dependent."
The Judge then said, "I quite agree vith the jury in this case"
And he cast a rayther hammerous vink at Sayrah's blushin' face.
Tyler fell forward on 'is 'ead in a happleporetic fit,
Vile Sawyer danced an 'ornpipe, and I vos fit to split
My sides vith laughin', vile the haudience roared vith hexultation
At Mrs. 'Arris' 'appy wict ry in this Litigation.

MARRYAT AND LEVER.

Close Upon a Quarter of a Century has passed since Marryat died; more than a quarter of a century passed since the first of Lever's novels appeared, and the books of each writer continue to hold their own: more than this, those who read these books first as boys, can turn to them again, now that they are men of middle age, with all the zest and pleasure that attended their first perusal. This one simple fact is the highest test of truth to Nature and fidelity to life to which a writer of fiction can be submitted. In his "Diary in America," Marryat tells the following charming story: "I made this morning a purchase at a store, which an intelligent little boy brought home for me. As he walked by my side, he amused me very much by putting the following questions: 'Pray, captain, has Mr. Easy left the King of England's service?' 'I think he has,' replied I; 'if you recollect, he married and went on shore.' 'Have you seen Mr. Japhet lately?' was the next query. 'Not very lately,' replied I; 'the last time I saw him was at the publisher's.' The little fellow went away perfectly satisfied that they were both alive and well." Such a power as these questions of the small American implies, is a heavy responsibility for the author who possesses it, and no author could have exercised it with an effect more uniformly beneficent than Marryat, and, it may be added, Lever. The tone and temper of Marryat's novels are those with which English parents would like to see their sons imbued—the lessons embedded in the midst of all their pleasantry are those which every lad must learn by heart, who would steer a straight course through life—lessons of constancy to purpose, loyalty to duty, loyalty to friends. And the same thing is true of Lever. Is the devil to have all the good tunes to himself? Is virtue to be perpetually condemned to wear the mien of dolness? Marryat and Lever are, above all things, national writers, and of two national writers such a boast as this is a mighty one to be able to make.

—*London Society.*

SAN FRANCISCO POST OFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE. A. M	CLOSE. P. M	ARRIVE. A. M	ARRIVE. P. M.
Alameda		3 40	...	1.50
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co.'s steamers	...	3 40	...	9.00
Cloverdale and Coast Points	...	1 40	11 15	.....
Eureka		1 40	11.15	...
Marysville and Sacramento	6.30	3 50	3 00	9.00
Napa Route via Vallejo		3 40	12.40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 30	...	....	9.00
Oakland	6 30	3 40	.....	3 00
Overland			....	9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points	6 30	...	...	9 00
San Rafael		1.15	...	12 00
San Jose	9 15	...	9 00	
Southern California and Arizona	9 00	4.15	9 30	6.00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	8 00	...	...	6 00
Vallejo and Benicia	6 00	3.40	3 40	9.00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County	7.00	3 40	12 40	9.00
Great Britain, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays	....	3.40 9 00	..	2 40 .....

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally.

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 121 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has now expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself—the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders. Thomas Donnolly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure Unadulterated Saleratus, and his Unadulterated, Unequaled Bicarbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business, now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.

THOMAS DONNOLLY.

San Francisco, January 25, 1873. Feb. 1.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

WEBER PIANOS,

At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. ☞ These Pianos have a world-wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb. 1.]

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. S. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

C. L. CRACKBON.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 3.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

WANTED,

By an Englishman, with six years reference from railroad com-pany in the East, a situation as Porter, Collector, or willing to make himself useful in any Office, Store, Warehouse, or other department. Address,

March 1. H. S. A., NEWS LETTER OFFICE.

Cal. Placard Exchange Co. and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast.

J. MORRIS,

Placard Writer for the Placard Exchange.—Show Cards written in elegant style for every business, at 33 Geary street, near Dupont, San Francisco. March 15.

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS,

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addi-tion of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15.

SPANISH LESSONS.

M. G. Pritchard, ... **414 California street.** [March 15.]

BURLING & BROTHER,

Stock Brokers, have removed to No. 304 Sansome street, near Cali-fornia. March 15.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Propri-etor. March 15.

TENNENT'S ALE.—NEW BREW, JUST ARRIVED.

1200 Casks (Stone and Glass, Quarts and Pints) of superior qual-ity and in extra fine condition ex "Armin" and "Colombo." For sale in lots to suit. FORBES BROTHERS, Sole Agents,

Feb. 8. 508 California street.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment, into better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.

Feb. 15. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G STINSON & CO.,

Nov 16. Portland, Maine.

E. F. CHILD,

Stock Broker, 503 California street, San Francisco, California. March 7.

OUR LETTER BOX.

A POETIC SERMON.

Dear News Letter:—There were no services held last Sabbath in the Little Chapel at The Oaks for the following reason: We had dressed our little sanctuary in mourning out of respect to our two departed friends, the Judge and Azure-Eyed Girl. Not wishing to cast a gloom over the spirits of our congregation, instead of the stereotyped sable weeds of sorrow, we decorated our place with green. The surviving Three, with their beloved Parson, were got up in a style becoming the occasion, being arrayed in elaborate costume, with every possible shade of green. The Blond Sister wore an olive-green polonaise, with a pea-green underskirt down to her knees, which displayed to great advantage her bine-green hose, supported by sea-green garters. Her lovely pedal extremities terminated in No. 9 yellow-green slippers, each decorated with an imitation emerald three inches square, and the light of her eyes flashing through a pair of green goggles, gave her the appearance of personified jealousy. The effect was most striking The Pet Lamb was dressed in a Paris-green robe de chamber, with nine foot trail. She wore a bunch of evergreens in her hair, and her deep-green sash was fastened with a petrified green lizard with emerald eyes Deacon Scott wore a bottle-green suit, manufactured from an old flag of Erin, given to him by Mrs. McCarthy for services rendered, in the cutting of which brought the yellow harp of the harp on the posterior portion of his unmentionables, giving the wearer the appearance of having sat on a warm gridiron. The Parson wore a closely-fitting coat of green paint, which exhibited his Adonis-like proportions to a wonderful advantage. Our efforts in substituting green as a more suitable color than black as an emblem of mourning would have been a perfect success but for an unfortunate misapprehension which entered the minds of some of our neighbors, those of the Irish persuasion, who, misled by our verdant appearance, deemed we were paying a devotional tribute to one Mr. Patrick, the patron Saint of Erin, and accordingly rushed into the Little Chapel and filled it to overflowing. I was not aware of the mistake the Hibernians had made until I attempted to commence the service by requesting the Blond Sister to sing that sacred and time-honored hymn,

BRITANNIA RULES THE MAIN,

when suddenly a gigantic son of Erin arose with unparalleled ease and grace, and in the usual mild and dignified manner of that cultivated race, informed me that I was a damned Englishman, and intended to insult his friends by singing a cursed British song, and be jabers he would throttle any Briton who opened his mouth against ould Ireland. I endeavored to show him we had nothing to do with Ireland or St. Patrick: that we had donned the green as an emblem of sorrow. It was no use; he pointed to Deacon Scott's suit, "Isn't that our flag, ye blackguard! and its game ye make of it, to wrapping the heathen carcass of a Britisher in its sacred folds." I remarked it was not St. Patrick's day. "An' sure it is," he replied, "its the 16th of March, whereupon a little wretch, with the countenance of a bull-pup, jumped up and swore St. Patrick's day was the 17th Here a third party interfered, and referred to history, where a compromise was effected in the dispute over the natal day of the Saint placing his advent on the 17th, each one of the disputants sought to maintain his ground, when an indiscreet American remarked that there never was such a person as St. Patrick, a terrible fight ensued, and in the melee we went out of mourning, and out of the Chapel, secreting ourselves in a farmer's barn until the war was over. Our sanctuary, the little Chapel, is now a melancholy wreck. The Three were stripped entirely, and we saw some of their green decorations adorning the lovely forms of the Sons of Erin in the procession on the following day, the 17th. Our friends were terribly indignant, and insisted on the Parson's writing a poetic sermon in regard to this growing spirit of interference in our religious liberties, by the followers of Christ, and the adherents of ceremonial worship, and give it to the world through the columns of the *News Letter*:

SERMON ON MAN

My friends, you'll find my text in man;
Please cast a retrospective glance,
And with unbiased judgment scan
His pathway over Time's expanse.
Open the volume of the race,
And with a careful finger trace
The record, from this Sabbath morn
Down backward to creation's dawn.
Turn one by one the moldering leaves,
Where Fate with ghostly finger weaves,
In tangled webs, on every page
The legend of each passing age
We there in Time's dark annals find
Man ever preys upon his kind;
From age to age, from year to year,
Through weak credulity and fear,
A few designing knaves have swayed
The world by their religious trade.
Primeval man saw he must die,
And asked himself the reason why;
Unnumbered suns since then have set,
That question is unanswered yet!
His simple mind had not the power
To fashion an ethereal bower,
Create a God, or make a soul
That through eternity should sing
And in Elysian clover roll,
Or roam through Heaven upon the wing.
He deemed himself supremely blest,
With death as an eternal rest.
On rolled the years; the records tell
Of many a heaven and many a hell,
Whose bowers of bliss and seas of [illegible]
Have shrunk to nothing but a name.
And those poor egotistic fools
Who founded their religious schools
Have been, by Time's remorseless waves,
Swept into long forgotten graves
Man ever swings the circle round,
In every new decade is found
Some pious nonce, whose vengeful God
Shakes over us his iron rod,
And threatens our ethereal ghost
In everlasting fire to roast,
Or bribes us with his world of bliss,
To rob us of our all in this.
Mankind will sacrifice the real
To fight and die for the ideal;
'Tis now as it hath ever been—
Men persecute their fellow men
Because some minds refuse to move
Within a theologic groove;
That self-same overbearing zeal
Inflames the Christian's breast to-day
That crushed beneath its iron heel
The hearts of millions passed away.
That murd'rous spirit's central home
Is still within the walls of Rome,
And Christian venom still is thrown
On every truth by science shown.
That spirit deluged France with blood,
Rolled over Spain a crimson flood,
Enslaved Italia's sunny land,
Swept Erin's Isle with vengeful hand,
And sought to raise the red cross o'er
Old England's freedom loving shore.
Religion! curse of human kind,
Thou blight and mildew of the mind!
Of all the woes beneath the sun,
Thy presence is the greatest one;
Thy record on the scroll of time
Is one long calendar of crime.

Yours mournfully, THE PARSON.

The Oaks, March, 1873.

Los Angeles, March 12, 1873.—DEAR NEWS LETTER: Splendid Winter, half rain and half sunshine. As they say at San Diego, "Finest country you ever saucer." Grass and other green things abound over hill and dale in the most luxuriant profusion. Nothing in nature presents a more magnificent picture than the hundred miles of valley lying between the mountains and sea in front of this city We are looking our very best, and challenge the rest of the world to produce an exhibition so replete with gorgeous splendor of natural scenery, richness and variety of products, and the enjoyable and invigorating quality of this air and climate of ours All the gramnivorous beasteses of the plain and vegetarian fowls of the air are rolling and dipping in chaginous contentment. When I

San Diego is a Port of Entry. Wilmington is not a Port of Entry; but Los Angeles will produce and consume the freight that San Diego is to do business on. Put a pin there.

Houghton did it with his little bill. Mark Twain can lie but won't. Candidates for Congress can lie and will. Houghton *had* friends here Houghton has enemies here, who, for various reasons are writhing in paroxysms of impotent anger, and who will torture him with frightened grimaces at long law But the masses are mad now, and the chances are about even they will exert themselves to be bamboozled into re-electing the little parody In the expressive parlance of the *News Letter*, dam Houghton

Our public order is hanging low about the departure of Colonel Hyde, leaving the railroad unfinished. Awkward party stepped into Dr ... the other day Chris ... Stanford element are just ... over the Company's delay, and like demoniacal pleasure in incessantly hissing into the ears of the faithful, "Dammit, didn't I tell you so?"

Ben Truman has returned He has been fooling around Washington all Winter, and his old friends demand that he be "fumigated," and, if necessary, white-washed, to again fit him for association with honest people. Gull Banning is expected on the next steamer. He, too, has been hob-nobbing with our "Christian statesmen" for some months past, and possibly would be all the safer of contact after thorough fumigation. To these gentlemen, Banning and Truman, are we chiefly indebted for the favors conferred upon this section by the last Congress. How would it do to abolish the legitimate Congress, except as a Board of Brokers, and wholly rely upon the "third house" for the things necessary to be done? The latter body seems to comprise the effective energy and intelligence, and should be legalized and awarded the honors popularly bestowed upon those who wear the toga. The Common Council is now operating as a windmill, and the District Court is doing business as a smut machine.

JOHN JONES.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

Metropolitan Theater.—The spectacular burlesque of the *Gold Demon*, came out on Tuesday, and a crowded house greeted its appearance. It, like most burlesques, has not much plot about it, but is meant, we suppose, to show the power that gold has over the world, and women in particular. The two Miss Chapmans are, of course, the stars of the evening. Miss Ella in particular seems to take the house by storm She has a piquant manner, that takes wonderfully, and her banjo playing is about as good as any we have ever heard. Her jokes are a little stale to any one who has been to the Alhambra often, and some of her gagging is more suggestive of "burnt cork" than of the legitimate stage. However, she pleases her audience, and that in our day is sufficient. Miss Blanche, though not as popular as her sister, has a much finer voice and plays with more polish than Miss Ella. W. S. more's get-up as the mother of the "Princess At fair" is first rate as is also his acting throughout. Miss Young makes a very nice sentimental "Princess Al fair," and Miss Ingles, enveloped in the "star spangled banner," a very ... ing "Fairy Becawine" One of the most comical parts is for the fair Princess' hand is "Prince Sauce tio," who appears got up much like Emperor Norton that many people supposed that the real Emperor was making his debut on the stage. J. Wallace, too, as "Prince Africana," a gentleman of color, was also good, his dancing especially was loudly encored M'lle Marie Gaugalo, the charming danseuse, danced very gracefully The grand transformation scene, with calcium variations, closed one of the best performances we have seen on the Metropolitan boards for some time We predict a long run for the *Gold Demon*

California Theater.—The appropriate and seasonable Irish drama, entitled *St. Patrick's Eve, or Kathleen Mavourneen*, has drawn large houses of Hibernia's sons and daughters. The play is a very pretty one, and all the parts are fairly sustained. Miss Maggie Moore made a charming "Kathleen," and her songs were well sung and loudly applauded. Mestayer, as "Bernard Havanaugh," was one of the best characters, and Williamson's "Terrence O'More," called forth much praise. The double Irish jig, by Williamson and Miss Maggie Moore, was one of the best features of the evening The above play was preceded by *Cool as a Cucumber*, with S. W. Leach as "Old Barkins."

Alhambra.—This favorite place of amusement still continues to fill very fairly considering the numerous other attractions now in the city Billy Emerson remains as great a favorite as ever, and his songs are encored in such a boisterous way that it must tax his good nature as well as his voice, to comply as often as he does Bob Hart, in the Second Hand Hotel, is immense he is an actor of no mean ability The Broadway School is spun out a little too long, though very laughable The "Bowdlom Circus" is funny only in its extreme absurdity, and would not stand seeing more than once Billy Emerson's benefit last night drew a good house, and the programme was a first class one, embracing some new songs by this public favorite.

Wilsons's Circus seems to be determined to keep up its prestige. Not only does Captain Wilson give us horsemanship such as has never been seen here before, tumbling equal to any the world can produce, and clowns (well, we will qualify our praise on that point, as he has only one clown worth a rap, and that is Mons. Kenoibel, the others are mere parrots, who think that serio-comic songs, badly sung, constitute an A. B. clown), but he now gives us a dramatic performance that would not disgrace the boards of a first class theater. The introduction of horses helps out the "Battle of Bosworth Field" wonderfully, and Mr. Harry Eytinge as "Richard the Third" is as good as some of our actors who glory in being photographed in character Captain Wilson deserves great credit for the go-ahead way he manages things, and will, we are sure, reap his reward in full houses.

ART.

The Picture of Cape St. Lucas, by Denny, painted for John A. Jarboe, Esq., and recently on exhibition in the Art Association's Gallery on Pine street, is a painting of unusual merit, strong, vigorous, free and natural The water is restless, transparent ocean brine, worthy of Stanfield's pencil The lurid tinge of the setting sun's red angry light, flickers and dances in the waves' shifting hollows with beautiful effect, a bit of art sufficient to make a painter's fame To stand before a picture like this and hear the comments, will tell you truthfully of every speaker's knowledge For any one to say, "There never could be a sky like that, a sun with that appearance," is simply absurd, as it would be difficult to paint a sky or sun-effect which had not spread its prototype across the heavens Lovers of Nature—men who read her face be they painters or poets, with the gift of language, or with dumb Miltons in their souls—know that the painter's art cannot exaggerate, nor yet express, the aspect of the rising or the setting sun, by land or sea Oceans show these effects with greatest power, and the artist who is brave enough to *try* to place them on the canvas deserves encouragement, while he who comes so near as Denny has, in this painting of "Sunset off Cape St. Lucas," commands and must have the recognition of all appreciative people.

There is No Doubt of the fact that California produces as good malt, if not hops, as any country in the world, but there is something in the water or in the climate that prevents the ale made here from even approaching that made in England. A large shipment of Joule's new brew of Staffordshire Ale has just been received by Messrs Richards & Harrison, corner of Commercial and Battery streets. A large quantity of Tennent's Ale has also been received direct from Well Park Brewery, Glasgow. Both these brands are so well and favorably known everywhere that comment is unnecessary, unless, perhaps, to state that the new lot of Joule's Ale is the best ever received here. Messrs. R. & H. are also importers of all the best brands of Ale and Stout, also of Islay Whisky, Jamieson's Irish, etc. All liquors, etc., are supplied to customers direct from U. S. Bonded Warehouse. They are also sole agents for Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, the only pure articles of the kind imported, and have now a good supply on hand at the corner of Commercial and Battery

Napoleon the Third's Death in exile was but one of a pretty long and very significant list. With the exception of Louis XVIII, *not one* of the monarchs who ascended the French throne during the past century ended his life tranquilly in the Tuileries Louis XVI guillotined, La Place de la Revolution Napoleon I died in exile, St Helena Napoleon II died in exile, Brechstadt Charles X died in exile, Holyrood Louis Phillippe died in exile, Claremont Napoleon III. died in exile, Chislehurst. After this who would aspire to the purple!

We have Received from Mr. Gray, the music publisher, two new and pretty songs. One is "The Merry Little Rover," dedicated to Miss Marion Fiske, music by W. F. Wellman, Jr., words by George Cooper; price 35 cents. The other is a song called "How Charming a Peep at Old Erin Would Be," dedicated to Mr. J. C. Williams, N. G., music by W. F. Wellman, Jr., music by S. N. Mitchell; price 30 cents. They are both very pleasing songs, and not being difficult, will no doubt soon become popular

St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post Street. The Rev. W A Scott, D D, pastor Preaching next Sunday at 11 o'clock A. M. and 7½ P. M. Public cordially invited to attend. Bible Class and Sunday School, 9½ A.M.

THE LEADING MEMBERS OF THE S F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President
B. H. COIT, ... Caller.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Baldridge, M...606 Montg'y st.
Budd, W. C...440 California st.
Burling, W...428 California st.
Ford, J. C. 420 Mont'y, up stairs.
Fitch, J. R. . 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L... 413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. .434 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. R . 408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. De B, with I. Glazier & Co......426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H H. 415 Hayward B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P. 413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H .. 401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G W. . . 444 Cal'a st.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal. fresh, ℔	40@45
Do. pickled	@
Do. Packed	@
Cheese, Cal.	20@25
Honey	25@30
Eggs, ℘ doz	40@45
Lard, ℔	15@18
Ham & Bacon, ℔	15@20
Cranberries, ℘ gal	75@1 00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	2@
Do. sweet	2@3
Lima Beans, ℔	6@10
Tomatoes, ℔	6@8
Onions, ℔	4@5
Squashes, ℔	2@3
Pumpkins, ℔	2@3
Cabbages, each	10@15
Cauliflowers, each	10@25
Cucumbers, ℘ doz	25@50
Celery, ℘ doz b	75@
Beets, ℘ doz b	20@25
Turnips, ℘ doz b	25@
Parsnips, ℘ doz b	20@25
Radishes, ℘ doz b	20@25
Green Peas, ℔	6@10
String Beans, ℔	6@
Apples, ℔	5@8
Pears, ℔	5@12
Quinces, ℔	6@
Peaches, ℔	6@
Pine Apples, each	50@1 00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	12@25
Do. new, ℔	@
Oranges, ℘ doz	50@1 00
Lemons, ℘ 100	75@1 00
Limes, ℘ doz	25@50
Quail, ℘ doz	2 50@3 00
Chickens, each	75@1 00
Turkeys, ℔	@25
Geese, ℘ pair	3 00@4 00
Ducks, ℘ pair	2 [illegible]
Rabbits, ℘ pair	25@40
Hares, each	37½@ [illegible]
Oysters, ℘ 100	1 00@
Clams, ℘ 100	50@
Mussels, ℘ 100	6@
Salmon, smoked, ℔	8@15
Salmon, fresh, ℔	12½@
Codfish, ℔	12½@
Rockfish, ℔	12½@
Smelts, ℔	1@
Tomcod, ℔	12½@
Sturgeon, ℔	6@
Sea Bass, ℔	6@
Flounders, ℔	25@
Halibut, ℔	50@
Perch, ℔	10@
Shrimps, ℔	6@
Anchovies, ℔	6@
Soles, ℔	3@
Herrings, ℔	@

BOILED DOWN JUICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PRESS.

Alta.—"This city has forty-five per cent. of the taxable property of the State, ninety per cent of the banking capital all the importing and exporting commerce, is the exclusive financial center and has more than half the cases that go to the Supreme Court. The requirement, therefore, that the Supreme Court should sit in Sacramento is a public nuisance, a great injustice to the people and a great inconvenience to the Justices."—"Republican institutions cannot flourish with an ignorant, uneducated people It requires intelligence, and a moral tone of character, of thought, of action to insure national freedom, these Mexico has not. She is the Pariah of nations."—"If lawyers and judges want to howl about the violation of the law (Tarpey's case), we beg them to howl a little about the gross defects of the law and the slowness of the administration of justice "—"When an end has been put to all opposition in the way of competing, and when all other means of transportation have been driven off, the railroad companies having the control and exclusive monopoly fix their rates so high as almost to amount to a prohibition "—"Moving for a new trial, in Mortimer's case, may be sympathy with or pity for the criminal, but it is neither just nor generous toward the public, whose rights and safety are thus tampered with "—"There must be more than one mistake in advancing Fred Grant four grades from Second Lieut. to that of Lieut Col. in the army, and reducing Lieut. Col Forsythe to the rank of Major to make place for the youngster "

Bulletin.—"Vanderbilt, if he will hasten his steps, may have time yet to make such gifts for the cause of education and humanity as will make the people think better of him in his mellow years than they ever did in his prime."—"The Federative principle is the mainstay of republicanism, and the only system upon which popular government can be long maintained."—"Whether the rage for iron ships is on the wane or not, or whether the present unusual demand for wooden vessels arises from a mere temporary emergency, it is clear that timber-constructed vessels are not the dead wood some supposed, and that the old style of ship-building may yet be made a business of profit."—"The one remedy for profound depression in mining stocks is good management directed to paying developments." —"A short way out of all the trouble caused by this unhealthy scramble for place is for the President to stick to what he has said about enforcing the Civil Service rules."—"There is not a pig-iron furnace in operation on the Pacific Slope, from Mexico to Alaska."

Chronicle.—"Some most unwise people at Oakland have suggested Lynch-law against Robinson, but it must be a most terrible crime to authorize the summary justice which it is at times impossible to restrain the people from committing Law is better than vengeance."—"It is noticeable that individual responsibility produces, as a rule, honest administration. Would it not therefore be better to increase the individual responsibility and take power from the larger bodies!"—"Annexation or nothing should be our policy in reference to Sandwich Island matters."—"The decision of the amiable Board of Directors of the Deaf and Dumb and Blind Institution is the most clumsy and palpable daub of the whitewash brush ever witnessed even in these days of shielding official rascality."—"If George Francis Train is mad he has a vast deal of method in his madness, and has turned his aberration of intellect to filling his pockets. We regard him as a maniac for fame, and a kind of fame out of which he can make money."

Post.—"If Mr Stone is compelled to retire from the position in which he has been so useful, he can do so with the reflection that it is amid the regrets of his fellow citizens, and in these days that is something of which very few out-going officers can boast."—"We are not much over twenty years old, and have in this great empire of our own hardly half a million people. Yet there is already one man among us worth nearly ten million dollars, and quite a number who are worth from one to seven. If not for our own sakes, at least for the sake of our children, is it not time for us to stop and ask what is the cause of the tendency of property to accumulate in a few hands?"

Call.—"The conclusion come to by the executioners of Tarpey and Harpan, that the criminals would have escaped punishment on mere technical rulings of the court, is a bitter commentary upon the administration of our present judicial system "—"An occasional contribution to the "Conscience Fund" bears evidence that the purloiners of public moneys are not entirely lost to the sense of right."—"It is not always that the charges made are sustained, but that the necessity should exist for these frequent public 'investigations' is an indication that the times are sadly out-of-joint."

Examiner.—"The scarcity of coal menaces the future of the iron supply in the United Kingdom for both home and foreign demand; our supplies of coal and iron are inexhaustible, but there is a scarcity of the skilled labor required for their development."—"The Radicals, as the party invested with almost supreme power, are entirely responsible for the acts of omission and commission, for all the defects and deficiencies, for all the misfeasances, malfeasances, nonfeasances and malversions that have characterized the conduct of governmental affairs in the United States for the last half score years."

Oakland News.—"It is against our interest to have the second county in the State divided into two insignificant counties, each one of which would have little or no influence in political affairs."—"These 'investigations' do not promote the public good, but they usually produce a great amount of harm."—"The Republican party has nothing to blush for in the record of the important acts which the late Congress originated, and whatever the faults of certain individuals of both parties, no charge can be brought against it of dereliction in duty to the country."

Sacramento Union.—"To defeat an entire Gorham-Sargent delegation, which will sacrifice any and every San Francisco interest for the office of Senator, will require, in addition to talk, a great deal of vigilance, foresight, independence and energy."—"We enter this morning (19th) upon our forty-fifth volume, and commence the twenty-third year of our existence."—"The rule of equality and uniformity in the assessment of property has been most shockingly violated in this State in the interest of large property holders, to the grievous injury and oppression of the great body of the people, to perpetuate which evil seems to be the purpose of the anti-taxpaying combination in San Francisco, a combination which is nothing less than a conspiracy to defraud the public revenue."

Sacramento Record.—"Evidence is no longer the test of guilt or innocence, nor can a verdict, though arrived at through a most patient, thorough and exhaustive analysis of all the facts presented, be considered as final; technical etiquette is stronger than anything else."—"Already fish culture has lost its character as a fanciful or amusing occupation and become a solid and standard element of food production."—"California can pay her wool factory hands one-half higher wages than Connecticut and still compete on equal terms."—"Nothing but the lambent truth of the charge can extenuate the conduct of the San Francisco Directors in calling each other "liar" and "blackguard."

Sacramento Bee.—"Faro and monte are decent games compared to this mining stock gaming. The people of San Francisco have, as a whole, become as inveterate gamblers as are the inhabitants of any city of Mexico."

Stockton Independent.—"Without doubt there are thousands of acres of land in the San Joaquin Valley which would be well adapted to the production of beets."—"If the punishment for crime was invariably administered by our Courts of Justice, we should have few cases of hanging by mob law "—"As we understand the matter, the San Joaquin and King's River Canal Company did *not* desire the appointment of a United States Commissioner, the canal this company have commenced is designed to irrigate but a small portion of the valley, and that only on the west side of the river."

Los Angeles Star.—"Our valley is broad, lengthy, and eminently fertile, and it will probably be many long years ere we shall have to complain of too great a population."

San Diego World.—"Out of upwards of one thousand actions for libel, civil and criminal, only thirty all told were successful, and the ratio is becoming less every day, as the demand for a full, untrammeled discussion of public men and measures is becoming more imperative."—"So much for Pongo-Pongo. San Francisco seems determined to achieve the infamy of fathering all the George Law schemes and Peter Funk devices of the age."

San Diego Union.—"We are at present entirely dependent upon San Francisco. Why should not our business men organize a joint-stock association and open a wholesale house in San Diego, buying goods in New York and shipping direct via Panama?"

Petaluma Argus.—"The bill which passed Congress on the 3rd, increasing the salary of members, was a deliberate robbery of the people, without shadow of excuse or justification."

Virginia Chronicle.—"No faith is to be put in these Modocs, and no peace short of that consequent upon a thorough trouncing is likely to be of long duration."

Marysville Appeal.—"San Francisco is to be congratulated upon having Mr Plunkett on her Board of Education."

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE

Bardwell—In this city, March 17th, to the wife of G. W. Bardwell, a son.
Cramer—In this city, March 17th, to the wife of J. P. Cramer, a son.
Davis—In this city, March 10th, to the wife of D. Davis, a daughter.
Franklin—In this city, March 19th, to the wife of Leon Franklin, a son.
Goldstein—In this city, March 19th, to the wife of Jacob Goldstein, a son.
Hirschman—In this city, March 17th, to the wife of A. Hirschman, a son.
Lowrie—In this city, March 19th, to the wife of John Lowrie, a daughter.
Meyerstein—In this city, March 16th, to the wife of H. Meyerstein, a son.

ALTAR.

Brookes-Hannath—In this city, March 19th, A. M. Brookes to Laura Hannath.
Brour-Saywell—In this city, March 15th, David Brour to Rosa Saywell.
Bibergill-Morris—In this city, March 16th, J. Bibergill to Sarah Morris.
Carter-Seavey—In this city, March 15th, C. W. Carter to Louisa E. Seavey.
Holladay-Ivers—In this city, March 15th, Ben Holladay, Jr., to Fannie Ivers.
Schumacher-Schroder—In this city, March 16th, J. Schumacher to M. Schroder.

TOMB

Gregge—In this city, March 19th, Julia Gregge, aged 42 years.
Holland—In this city, March 17th, Michael Holland, aged 63 years.
Kimmens—In this city, March 19th, Joseph Kimmens, aged 45 years.
Lappin—In this city, March 20th, Wm. Lappin, aged 48 years.
Perkins—In this city, March 18th, Deborah Perkins, aged 47 years.
Ross—In this city, March 17th, Wm. Ross, aged 42 years.
Stewart—In this city, March 19th, Mrs. Mary E. Stewart, aged 53 years.
Wizard—In this city, March 20th, Frank Wizard, aged 44 years.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending March 21st, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED'S	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	17	21	—
Alta	1½	1	1½
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—
American Flag	5½	5½	6¼
Arizona & Utah	—	—	2
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	—	1¼	1½
Belcher	71½	69¾	72
Belmont	—	—	4½
Bellevue	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	—	5	4½
Buckeye	1¼	1½	—
Bullion	—	19	—
Caledonia	17	19½	17
Cederberg	—	—	—
Central	—	5	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	2¼	2	2½
Chief East Extension	½	—	—
Chollar	42½	40	47
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	9	9¾	9
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	2½	3	—
Consolidated Virginia	59	61	61
Cook & Geyser	—	—	—
Crown Point	66	66½	69
Central No. 2	—	—	3
Consolidated Amador	75	—	75
Daney	½	—	½
Eclipse	6¼	6¾	—
El Dorado	—	—	—
Empire Mill	5½	5½	5½
Empire Idaho	—	—	5
Eureka Consolidated	9¾	10	10½
Eureka G. V.	20	19	19½
Exchequer	9	10	—
Globe	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	2¼	2½	2½
Gould & Curry	9½	10	10
Gila	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	38	46	39½
Hermes	7½	11	9
Huhn & Hunt	3	4	4¼
Home Ticket	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	4	2½	—
Imperial	6	6¼	6¼
Independent	¼	—	—
Ingomar	—	¼	¼
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	1	—	—
Jackson	—	½	—
Julia	—	2½	2½

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED'S	FRI'Y
Justice	4	4½	—
Kentuck	8½	10	—
Kentucky	—	—	4
Knickerbocker	2¼	2¼	—
Lillian Hall	—	—	—
Louise	—	—	—
Mahogany	4	—	3½
Mammoth	—	—	—
Meadow Valley	11½	11½	11½
Minnesota	1½	1½	—
McMahon	—	—	—
Newark	—	1	1½
New York Consolidated	—	1	—
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	29	30	32
Original Hidden Treasure	—	4	—
Overman	31	30	29
Page & Panaca	¼	1½	1½
Pea Vine	—	—	½
Phoenix	½	—	—
Picton	—	—	—
Pioche	6½	6½	6½
Pioche West	—	—	—
P Phoenix	1½	1½	1½
Raymond & Ely	57	60½	62
Ravenna Consolidated	—	—	—
Ruby Hill	—	—	—
Red Jacket	—	—	—
Savage	40	42½	38½
Seg. Belcher	34	40	—
Sierra Nevada	9¾	10	11½
Silver Peak	—	5½	9½
Silver Hill	1¾	9	—
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Standard	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	—	—	—
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	—	—
South Overman	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Trench	—	—	—
Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Utah	—	—	—
War Eagle	—	—	½
Washington & Creole	—	—	—
Washoe	1½	2	†2
Woodville	—	—	—
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	59	62½	60
Yule Gravel	—	—	—
Yellow Stone	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30

According to Professor Agassiz, the Cambridge Museum of Natural History "is a better museum than Cuvier ever saw," better than the Jardin des Plantes, or the British Museum, in fact the best in the world. Its collection of fishes exceeds those of the French and English museums put together, and it is being arranged by Dr. Steindachner, of Vienna, one of the best of living ichthyologists. The eight laboratories have an eminent naturalist at the head of each, and the whole is under the general charge of Professor Agassiz himself So many of the wealthy patrons of the museum suffered by the Boston fire that an appeal is about to be made for State aid

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

No Man e'er received such *apropos* hints
As those given to me a day or two since.
'Twas on Meggs' Wharf, where our forefathers dwell
(I *à la* Darwin, not those who in fair Eden fell)
The grave ape who sits on the roof at your right,
Said, quite kindly, "What's up? You don't look too bright,
Don't you know," whispered he, "what will brighten the murky
And drear path of life when all other things fail?
'Tis but to quaff a deep draught of the wine that's called Gerke,
And 'twill make you a man in the whisk of your tail."

Something About the Carpenter.—Director Meagher offered an amendment that the salary of Head Carpenter be fixed at $100 per month. He said be saw no just or equitable reason why the Head Carpenter should have his salary increased. There were hundreds of competent carpenters idle, any of whom would be glad to take the position for $100 per month. He referred to the former carpenter, J. W. Roussel, who did the work to the satisfaction of the Building Committee, receiving only $100 per month, out of which he supplied his own horse and wagon. He said Roussel had saved the Department hundreds of dollars in the matter of blackboard building alone, and was worth his weight in gold compared with the present incumbent. He would be willing to give Larrimore $150 per month, if he provided his own horse and buggy. The amendment was lost. The original recommendation was then put and carried.

A Man with Two Heads, each head perfect, and having a luxuriant crop of hair, and a by no means bad looking face, caused an immense sensation last week. He came up from the Oakland Wharf, and was followed by a crowd that grew larger as be got into the more fashionable parts of the city. He calmly kept on his way down Montgomery street till he came to Pine, then turned up the hill, and entered Emerson Corville's Saddle Rock Oyster House, and sitting down, ordered two plates of Eastern on half shell. The people in the crowd stood aghast, and one and all went away satisfied that he was no fool, and that "two heads were better than one."

Thank God, the weather's warmed at last,
All gone the cold and wintry blast;
Dame Nature's donned her robe of green,
And birds are mating now I ween.
Then why should I, who know so well
That Nature reigns at Thorpe's Hotel,
Stay in the city, cribbed, confined?
On the San Bruno Road, I find
The Mangenbergs, with open arms,
And gardens full of Nature's charms.

St. Patrick's Day has passed over, and for a wonder only twenty-two drunks came up to Judge Louderback for their cocktails. Considering the heat of the day and the fatigue that most of the men who marched in the procession must have felt, this is a remarkably small percentage compared with other years. Many people have guessed at the cause, and the majority seem of the opinion that the widespread popularity of Cutter's pure whisky is the main cause. Nearly all the poisonous trash sold as whisky has now made way for the pure Cutter.

Last Week I moved my quarters, my furniture as well,
And a dire misfortune happened, the facts of which I'll tell:
The drayman was a careless loon, broke chairs and tables smash,
Let fall my parlor mirror, and broke it with a crash.
Now if I'd gone to Robinson, the drayman, as I meant to,
Who stands right at the corner of Davis and Sacramento,
He'd have moved them all quite safely, nor broken my looking glass,
But 'tis too late; next time I'll know, it's done, so let it pass.

The Spotted Fever, the epizootic, the small-pox, typhoid fever, or any other disease that man or horse-flesh is heir to, is not half as bad as the demoralizing effects of bad spirits or bad wine. They not only destroy all that makes man a being a little lower than the angels, but they make him feel abashed when he compares himself with the brute beast. Murder and every other crime can trace its origin back to the use of bad spirits. Eberhardt & Lachman's native wines have no such effect, they draw out all the noble attributes of man.

Stocks are Up Again, and business looks more brisk,
The bankers put the money up, and they can stand the risk;
I don't do much in stocks myself, in fact I think its naughty,
Though Consolidated Vir—— was *bon marche* at forty,
But I've got something better, at least it is more sure
A new set of office furniture bought of Gilbert & Moore.

No. 604 Merchant Street, San Francisco, March 1st, 1873.—Sir: I desire to inform you that I have opened an office at the above address for the sale and purchase of city and country property, the examination of titles, the settlement of estates of decedents, the investment of money and the negotiation of loans. As I propose to give to these specialties my exclusive personal attention, I can ask, with the greater confidence, the favor of your patronage. I am, respectfully, your obedient servant, Robt. C. Rogers.

A Two-thirty Horse, with a neat little buggy,
And a girl to drive out each day,
Is the way to make life pass happy,
And drive all dull care away
With a pocket brimfull of shining twenties,
What would a man want more:
And of course all one's robes and harness
From Main & Winchester's store.

Laura D. Fair, tired of making herself more public than she has already done, and desirous of retiring into private life, there to expiate the great wrong she has done to heaven and to mankind, is said to have purchased a house in the country, where she hopes to live and die. It is to be very simply furnished, and no firearms are to be allowed on the premises. The only approach to firearms that she proposes having is one of Dr La Montanya's Union Range Stoves, this she sensibly considers a necessary appendage to every establishment.

When I am Dead, my dearest,
Sing no sad songs for me;
Plant thou no roses at my head,
Nor shady cypress tree;
But keep till I'm forgotten,
And keep it near your heart,
That photograph by Taber,
That life-like little carte.

At the Coronation of the Emperor Alexander, at Moscow, an enthusiastic admirer of the Czar was repeatedly saying to a stranger, "The Czar is great." "Yes," was the reply, "but God is greater." "Ah!" exclaimed the Russian, "but the Czar is young yet." There is one thing that is as good and as saleable, whether new or old, and that is the furniture made and sold by N P Cole. With care and moderate wear it will last a man's lifetime and his children's after him.

California Girls are beaten for good looks by no girls in the world. Their figures are as near perfection as Heaven will allow women to get, and their faces are prettier than any painting we ever saw. Who has not paused and gazed with mingled astonishment and admiration at the startling gallery of beauty exhibited by Messrs Bradley & Rulofson? There nature is deified by art, and there photography rises to the highest branch of an artist's study.

Blind Men, or men so near blind that the line of demarkation was difficult to draw, say that Muller's Spectacles are the only ones through which they can see.

While this Sunshine lasts avail yourselves of the fine weather and have a drive on the San Bruno Road. Don't forget to put up at Harry Blanken's.

Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe has disposed of her orange groves in Florida, and is casting about for a more congenial place of abode. Oakland is commended as an inviting field for the genius of the lady. The latest development of rare and original love intrigue afforded in that community might be worked into a charming society romance.

THE POTTER AND HIS VESSEL.

As under cover of departing day
Slunk hunger-stricken Ramazan* away,
Once more within the Potter's house alone
I stood, surrounded by the shapes of clay.

And once again there gathered a scarce heard
Whisper among them; as it were, the stirred
Ashes of some all but extinguisht tongue,
Which mine ear kindled into living word.

Said one among them—"Surely not in vain
My substance from the common Earth was ta'en,
That He who subtly wrought me into shape
Should stamp me back to shapeless Earth again?"

Another said—"Why, ne'er a peevish boy
Would break the cup from which he drank in joy;
Shall He that of his own free fancy made
The vessel, in an after-rage destroy!"

None answered this; but after silence spake
Some vessel of a more ungainly make;
"They sneer at me for leaning all awry
What! did the Hand then of the Potter shake!"

Thus with the Dead as with the Living *what?*
And *why?* so ready, but the *wherefor* not.
One on a sudden peevishly exclaimed
"Which is the Potter, pray, and which the Pot!"

Said one—"Folks of a surly Master tell,
And daub his visage with the smoke of Hell;
They talk of some sharp Trial of us. Pish!
He's a Good Fellow, and 'twill all be well."

"Well," said another, "whoso will, let try,
My clay with long oblivion is gone dry,
But, fill me with the old familiar juice,
Methinks I might recover by-and-by!"

What! out of senseless Nothing to provoke
A conscious Something to resent the yoke
Of unpermitted Pleasure under pain
Of Everlasting Penalties if broke!

What! from his helpless creatures be repaid
Pure Gold for what he lent as Dross-allay'd,
Sue for a Debt he never did contract
And cannot answer. Oh, the sorry trade!

Nay, but for terror of his wrathful Face
I swear I will not call Injustice Grace,
Not one Good Fellow of the Tavern but
Would kick so poor a Coward from the place.

Oh Thou, who didst with pitfall and with gin
Beset the road I was to wander in,
Thou wilt not with Predestin'd Evil round
Enmesh, and then impute my Fall to Sin?

Oh Thou, who man of baser Earth didst make,
And ev'n with Paradise devise the snake
For all the Sin the face of wretched Man
Is black with, Man's Forgiveness give—and take!

*Ramazan, a month of Fasting

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES	TEAS	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1	$37 50 @ 40 —	Japans	$— 50 @ 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 4 @ 6	Oolong	— 50 @ — 65
Metal Sheathing, ℔	— 25 @ 5	SUGARS	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 10
Lead, Pig, ℔	6 @ — 6½	Manila	— [illegible] @ — 8
Lead, Sheet, ℔	9 @ — [illegible]	Crushed, American	— 12¼ @ — 12½
Banca Tin, ℔	40 @ 42½	Muscovado	— 6 @ 8
Quicksilver	— — @ — 91	Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
COAL		CANDLES	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	14 00 @ 15 [illegible]	Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 41
Australian	11 0 @ 13	Adamantine	— 15 @ — 18
Cumberland	15 00 @ 20	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS	
Anthracite	4 00 @ 15	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	10 50 @ 10	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rio, ℔	— 18 @ — 19½	Rum, Jamaica	4 00 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 22 @ — 23	Brandy, French	1 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 16 @ — 17	BAGS AND BAGGING	
Costa Rica	— 16 @ — 19	Chicken Gunnies, 200 ℔	— 17 @ — 18
RICE		Gunny Bags in bales	— 16 @ — 17
China, No 1, ℔	— 6¾ @ — 7	Burlap bags	— 16 @ — 17
China, No 2	— [illegible] @ — 5¾	Hessian, 40-inch, ℔ yard	— — @ — 12
Hawaiian	— 8½ @ — 9	DOMESTIC STAPLES	
WINES		Wool, ℔	— 14 @ — 25
Champagne, ℔ doz.	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 8½ @ 9
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	2 50 @ 6 75	Hides	— 15 @ — 19
Sherry, do. do.	1 75 @ 4 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs.	1 70 @ 1 90
OIL.		Barley	1 30 @ 1 40
Coal and Kerosene	— 25 @ 32½	Oats	2 00 @ 2 25
		Flour, ℔ 1½ bs.	4 75 @ 5 75

Spiritual Humbugs.—We remarked a month since that the spiritualists always break down under any practical or tangible test, and this recalls an occasion, in 1855, when a number of eminent mediums were in Dublin, practicing their arts before all classes with great success. Even Archbishop Whately condescended to examine minutely what was presented for his consideration. Sir Philip Crampton admitted that he was unable to explain the phenomena which his friends assured him they had witnessed, but he proposed a test to prove the truth of the assertions of the clairvoyants and others, who maintained then, as they maintain still, that they can see where ordinary mortal eyes cannot. Sir Philip Crampton inclosed a bank-note in several envelops so as to be quite invisible, and promised to give it to any person who would tell him the number. The only stipulation he made was that all experiments on his envelop were to be carried on in his presence. Several attempts were made, and it need scarcely be said they failed. It was then rumored that the parcel contained no bank-note. Sir Philip Crampton thereupon opened it in the presence of witnesses, and exhibited a fifty-pound note, which he restored to his pocket.

In a Letter to the London Times, Mr Frank Buckland gives a shocking account of the cruelties perpetrated by seal-hunters. Selecting the third week in March, when the baby seals are just born, the hunter chooses a place where a number of young seals are lying, and having harpooned the mothers directly they come to nurse them. "It is horrible," says Mr Buckland, "to see the young ones trying to suck the carcasses of their mothers, the eyes starting out of their sockets, looking the very picture of famine. They crawl over and over them until quite red with blood, poking them with their noses and all wondering why they are not getting their usual food, uttering painful cries the while. The noise they make is something dreadful. If one could imagine himself surrounded by four or five hundred lions and human babies, all crying at the pitch of their voices, he would have some idea of it. Their cry is very like an infant's. These mother-seals collect into lots of five or six and crawl about the ice, their heads fast becoming the biggest part of their bodies, searching to find the nourishment they stand so much in want of."

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co, bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within), Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co, bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 131 Bishopsgate (within), Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co, bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside, Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W C, Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E C, London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S; Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W, George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Euston, N, Thos Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S W, Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Glosteral, E.C., Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

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JOHN CLARE.

The Northamptonshire Poet Plough-boy died in an insane asylum, England, about ten years since. The following extract, from the poet's "Lines on Autumn," affords a good specimen of his simple, delicate and perfect style:

The songs of home on every field
From merry harvesters are heard;
The hare, as yet, from harm will shield
Where barley waves its tawny beard.
Some sing and blink o'er kebs of drink,
And love the drunkard's brawls to own;
I love to dream by valley's stream,
And live with quiet peace alone:
The brook and wood, the vale and tree,
Are the green homes of joy to me.
Some love to drink adieu to care;
I love the solitude of rest.
Some meet with woman false and fair,
And think it joy to be distressed.
The hazel nook, the mossy brook,
I love from feelings of a boy;
The broad-topped oak, the raven's croak,
And all of Nature brings me joy.
There solitude of sun and shade
A paradise on earth hath made.

And yet the love of woman still
Hath been my sunshine all along;
Her voice along the upland hill
Was music in my early song;
Her love confessed is still the best
To comfort every care and thrall;
In poetry's page, her heritage
It is still the empress over all.
There's not a land where life hath been
But looks on woman as its queen

THE FABLES OF ZAMBRI, THE PARSEE.

Translated from the Persian by Dod Grile (Bierce).—A certain terrier, of a dogmatic turn, asked a kitten her opinion of rats, demanding a categorical answer. The opinion, as given, did not possess the merit of coinciding with his own; whereupon he fell upon the heretic and bit her—bit her until his teeth were much worn and her body much elongated—bit her good! Having thus vindicated the correctness of his own view, he felt so amiable a satisfaction that he announced his willingness to adopt the opinion of which he had demonstrated the harmlessness. So he begged his enfeebled antagonist to restate it, which she incautiously did. No sooner, however, had the superior debater heard it for the second time than he resumed his intolerance, and made an end of that unhappy cat. "Heresy," said he, wiping his mouth, "may be endured in the vigorous and lusty, but in a person lying at the very point of death such hardihood is intolerable." It is always intolerable.

A young eel inhabiting the mouth of a river in India, determined to travel. Being a fresh-water eel he was somewhat restricted in his choice of a route, but he set out with a cheerful heart and very little luggage. Before he had proceeded very far up-stream he found the current too strong to be overcome without a ruinous consumption of coals. He decided to anchor his tail where it then was, and grow up. For the first hundred miles it was tolerably tedious work, but when he had learned to tame his impatience he found this method of progress rather pleasant than otherwise. But when he began to be caught at widely separate points by the fishermen of eight or ten different nations he did not think it so fine. This fable teaches that when you extend your residence you multiply your experiences. A local eel can know but little of angling.

Some of the lower animals held a convention to settle forever the unspeakably important question:—What is Life? "Life," squeaked the poet, blinking and folding his slimy wing, "is—." His kind having been already very numerously heard from upon the subject, he was choked off. "Life," said the scientist in a voice smothered by the earth he was throwing up into small hills, "is the harmonious action of the heterogeneous but related faculties, operating in accordance with certain natural laws." "Ah!" chattered the lover, "but that thawt of thing is vewy gweat blith in the thothiety of one'th thweetheart." And curling his tail about a branch he swung himself heavenward and had a spasm. "It is *clio!*" grunted the sententious schoolar, pausing in his mastication of a Chaldaic root. "It is a thrifle," brayed the warrior, "very nice thing to take!" "Life, my friends," croaked the philosopher from his hollow tree, dropping the lids over his great eyes, "is a disease. We are all symptoms." "Pooh!" ejaculated the physician, uncoiling and springing his rattle. "How then does it happen that when we no more the symptoms the disease is gone?" "I would give something to know that," replied the philosopher, musingly, "but I suspect that in most cases the inflammation remains, and is intensified." Draw your own moral inference, "in your own juge."

For a number of years an opossum had anointed his tail with bear's oil, but it remained stubbornly baldheaded. At last his patience was exhausted, and he appealed to Bruin himself, accusing him of breaking faith, and calling him a quack. "Why, you insolent marsupial!" retorted the bear in a rage; "you expect my oil to give you hair upon your tail, when it will not give me even a tail? Why don't you try underdraining, or top-dressing with light compost?" They said and did a great deal more before the opossum withdrew his cold and barren member from consideration; but the judicious fabulist does not encumber his tale with extraneous matter, lest it be pointless.

"Such stupid things as you are I never saw," said a sleepy rat to the casks in a wine-cellar. "Always making night hideous with your hoops and elbows, and dieting during the day with your [illegible] appearance. There is no sleeping when once the wine has got into your heads. I'll report you to the butler!" "The sneaking tale bearer!" said the casks. "Let us bent him with our staves." "*Requiescat in pace*," muttered an old cobweb, sententiously. "Requires a cat in the place, does it?" whirled the rat. "Then I'm off!" To explain all the wisdom imparted by this fable would require the pen of a pig, and volumes of smoke.

A giraffe having trodden upon the tail of a poodle, that animal flew into a blind rage, and wrestled valorously the invading foot. "Hullo, sonny!" said the giraffe, looking down: "what are you doing there?" "I am fighting!" was the proud reply; "but I don't know that it is any of your business." "Oh, I have no desire to mix in," said the good-natured giraffe. "I never take sides in terrestrial strife. Still, that is my foot, I think ——" "Eh?" cried the poodle, backing some distance away and gazing upward, shading his eye with his paw. "You don't mean to say—by Jove it's a fact! Well that beats *me!* A beast of such enormous length—such preposterous duration, as it were—I wouldn't have believed it! Of course I can't quarrel with a non-resident; but why don't you have a local agent on the ground?" The reply was probably the wisest ever made; but it has not descended to this generation. It has so very far to descend.—*Fun.*

The above is from the pen of our old friend, the *Town Crier* (Bierce), now in London, and who will shortly return to us.

Matrimonially Mixed.—A queer matrimonial muddle has just been settled in Herkimer County, New York. A certain ex-Sheriff of that County, who passed much of his time in Philadelphia received information that his wife was unfaithful to him, and wrote her a sharp letter about it. Her reply was equally sharp, and stung him into bringing suit against her paramour for destroying the peace of his family. Before the suit was concluded the paramour took the woman to Indiana and procured a divorce for her, took her to Massachusetts and married her, then took her home and commenced a suit against the Sheriff for defamation of his wife's character. Recently the suits were both decided. The Sheriff received a verdict of $2,000 for his wife; the other man a verdict of $10 for his wife's injured reputation. Both parties cry "quits," and are glad the thing is over.

The Diabolical Act which, according to Victor Hugo, was practiced in England a century or two ago, has its counterpart in Japan to-day, where young puppies are subjected to an extraordinary modifying process soon after birth. The upper jaw is forced up at an angle, carrying the lower one with it, which gives the head the slope of a child's. The eyes, too, are forced out of their natural plane, so that when the process is completed, and the bones permanently fixed in their new position, the dog looks something like a weeping infant looking up. These monstrous distortions are kept as pets by the Japanese ladies of the upper ranks.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday and Sunday, March 22d and 23d—New First Part. Miss Agnes Kennedy in Operatics Jennie Johnson in Comic Act. Charles Verner in Specialty. Montague and Gerretta in Double Act. Josephine in Irish Jig. Forming a full variety entertainment. Second week of MR. THOS CAMPBELL, the fine baritone, nightly received with Thunders of Applause, who will appear in the first part, in duets, trios, quartettes. Second week also of MR. HARRY CAUSLAND, who will appear in black and white. J. H. Larkin and Miss Carrie Armstrong in "Dat Sailor's Boarding House." Foghill and Cooper in new Song and Dance. First night of Matt Kelly's new act, UNCLE BEN'S MUSEUM. The PETER WHITES to-night. Tableaux Vivants. Admission, 25 cents, Dress Circle, 50 cents, Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. March 22.

WILSON'S AMPHITHEATER AND PARISIAN CIRCUS.

Sutter street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, opposite Lick House.—Grandest Spectacular Pageant ever presented in San Francisco. Only RICHARD Matinee at 2 P. M. on Saturday, March 22d. The Combat Scene between Richard and Richmond received with universal approbation. The Funeral Cortege of Henry IV, the most impressive ever seen in the great tragedy. BATTLE OF BOSWORTH FIELD. Startling Cavalry Charge. Gorgeous Mise en Scene. THE DOCKRILL PARISIAN TROUPE, and the ever funny French Clown, Mons. Kennebel in a grand new First Part. The Second Part comprises the salient features in the Life and Death of RICHARD III; Or, THE BATTLE OF BOSWORTH FIELD. Sunday Evening—Special Performance. New, pleasing, and exciting scenes in the Arena. Admission—Parquette, 50 cents; Dress Circle, $1; Reserved Chairs, $1 50; Private Boxes, $5 and $10. March 22.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer; Bob Hart, Stage Manager; Geo. T. Evans, Musical Director.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. Immense success of the EMERSON MINSTRELS, in conjunction with LITTLE MAC. Song and Dance, CHARLEY SUTTON. "The Second-hand Hotel." "Broadway Grammar School." Concluding with the Screaming Extravaganza, HOODLUM CIRCUS TROUPE. Monday Evening, March 24—First appearance of CHARLES VIVIAN, the great Serio-Comic Singer. March 22.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—Director, John Woodard; Treasurer, Andrew Dorrell.—Saturday Afternoon, March 22—Saturday Afternoon, GOLD DEMON Matinee. Saturday Evening—The beautiful Comedy CHECKMATE. To conclude with the Original Spectacular Burlesque the GOLD DEMON. In preparation—LOTUS AND LEO. Admission—Dress Circle, 75 cents, Orchestra Seats, 50 cents, Gallery, 25 cents. March 22.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Afternoon, March 22—Only Matinee of KATHLEEN MAVOURNEEN, Or, ST. PATRICK'S EVE. Monday Evening, March 24th—After months of careful and elaborate preparation, Shakspeare's Tragedy of CORIOLANUS.

MR. L. A. WELLER.

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st of every month at noon for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

April 1st—Steamer ALASKA, . . . Capt. Lachlan
April 16th—Steamer CHINA, ... Capt. Cobb.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leaves at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

March 22d Steamer CONSTITUTION, . . . Capt. Morse.
March 27th Steamer MONTANA, . . . Capt. Nolan
April 7th Steamer COSTA RICA, . . . Capt. Lapidge

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamers falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:

PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Monday, March 3; Friday, March 14; Tuesday, March 25.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Saturday, March 8, Wednesday, March 19; Saturday, March 29.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO, SANTA BARBARA AND SAN PEDRO.

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M. as follows:

SENATOR, Capt Harloe, Wednesday, March 5, Monday, March 17, Friday March 28.

FOR CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon.
No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M.
Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [March 22] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $5 each and upwards and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

SCUDDER & FULLER,

Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Commissioner of Deeds for all the States and Territories, No. 611 Montgomery street. Feb. 15.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated [illegible] Vineyard, Napa [illegible] county, is now permanently located at 415 and 417 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
George Hamlin, Manager. Nov. 11.

SEEING AND SAYING.

Once I said,
Seeing two soft starry eyes,
Dark & bright as midnight skies—
Eyes prophetic of the power
Sure to be thy woman's dower
When the years shall crown thee queen
Of the realms as yet unseen
"Sometimes, sweet, those eyes shall make
Lovers mad for their sweet sake!"

Once I said,
Seeing lips whose crimson hue
Mock the rose wet with dew—
Warm, sweet lips whose breath was balm,
Pure, proud lips, serenely calm,
Tender lips, whose smiling grace
Lit with splendor all the face—
Sweet, for kiss of thine, some day,
Men will barter souls away!"

Once I said,
Seeing tresses golden brown,
In a bright shower falling down
Over neck and bosom fair
As you sculptured angels are—
Odorous tresses drooping low
O'er a forehead pure as snow—
"Sometimes, sweet, in thy soft hair
Love shall set a shining snare!"

Idly said I
God hath taken care of all,
Joy or pain, that might befall!
Lover ne'er shall never thrill
At thy kisses soft and still.
Lover's heart shall never break
In sore anguish for thy sake.
Lover's soul for thee shall know
Not love's rapture nor its woe.

FOREIGN AND COLONIAL NOTES.

Proposed New Australian Lighthouse.—A deputation from the various insurance companies of South Australia has urged upon the Government of that colony the necessity of erecting a lighthouse on Tipara Reef, where several casualties have occurred to British shipping.

The St. Gothard Tunnel.—It appears that this great work has been completed at the close of last year to the extent of 300 feet. The greatest progress had been made on the southern side.

Great Western Railway of Canada.—A rumor has been current in London, Ontario, to the effect that Mr. W. K. Muir, general superintendent of the Great Western Railway of Canada, has placed his resignation in the hands of the Canadian directors of that undertaking. This report requires, however, confirmation.

The Belgian Iron Trade.—A considerable number of additional orders for railway material have come to hand in Belgium. Almost as many German adjudications are now pending as at the corresponding date of 1872. The new works of M. Germain, of Marchienne, have secured their first important contract in the shape of an order for 600 trucks for the Prince Henry system.

Ismidt and Bagdad Railway.—Eight Turkish Government engineers who are to make surveys for a projected railway between Ismidt and Bagdad, will leave shortly for the purpose of proceeding with their duties.

American Small Arms.—The Roumanian Ministry of War is said to be negotiating for the purchase of 60,000 American rifles of the latest system, whether Peabody or Remington is not stated. A large number of Martini-Henry rifles have been ordered for Turkey. They are to be supplied by the Providence Tool Company, the only establishment in the United States which has a right to manufacture the arms in question.

The French Iron Trade.—Some rather important contracts have been concluded at St. Dizier, and in the group of the Nord, for iron, pig, machinery, etc.

Russian Railways.—It appears that the length of railway existing in Russia at the close of September 1872, was 12,500 versts, divided between forty two companies. The amount acquired on the various lines in the first nine months of last year was 47,707,354 roubles.

Rails in the United States.—The production of rails last year at the rolling mill owned by the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company was 20,043 tons, being the largest quantity ever made by the company in a single year. A liberal quantity of steel rails was laid down by the company last year at points where heavy grades, sharp curves, or constant shunting of trains subjects the roadway to great wear and tear.

Germany and the Iron Trade.—An important revival has been noticed in Belgium in the demand for railway plant. It is also remarked that German adjudications are becoming almost as numerous as they were at this period last year. Great activity prevails, indeed, among the German railway interests.

Northern Pacific Railroad.—Commissioners appointed by President Grant to examine and report upon the completed road and telegraph line of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, from its junction with the Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad to the "Red River of the North," have made their report. The Commissioners state that the line is judiciously located, well constructed and adequately equipped." Contracts have been recently concluded for the extension of the line a further distance of 300 miles.

Dunedin and Port Chalmers Railway.—The ballasting of this line has been actively carried on, and already trains have been running over it with wool freights, although the line has not yet been formally opened. A goods shed and station have been erected at Dunedin, and at Port Chalmers good progress has been made in the completion of the railway pier.

Steam Colliers.—The net profits of six steam colliers owned by the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company were last year $117,641. A plan has been matured by the Directors for a new fleet of steam colliers varying from 600 to 1,200 tons burthen, and a ship yard for repairing these vessels is to be established at Port Richmond.

PITTSBURG JEALOUSIES.

A Disagreeable Sensation seems to have been excited in society at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, owing to the thoughtless conduct of a married lady in that neighborhood, who has been led by jealousy to commit an indiscretion she must on reflection deplore. The Pittsburg *Commercial* gives full particulars of the distressing affair, kindly suppressing the names of those concerned. Mrs. X., as she is termed, has lately become jealous of the undue attentions bestowed, as she fancied, by her husband on a young lady designated as Ida G. The other day Ida received an invitation from Mrs. X. to call at her house, as she had a letter from the country for her. Ida accordingly paid Mrs. X. a visit, and was received with the utmost affability and kindness—her hostess placing her in the most comfortable chair in the room, "an armed rocking chair," and offering her luncheon, which the young lady declined. Shortly afterward, while smiling and talking pleasantly to her visitor, Mrs. X. stepped behind the chair and suddenly dropped a strong cord, arranged in the form of a noose, over Ida's head and arms, at the same time by a sudden jerk binding the girl to the chair. "Now," said Mrs. X., "you shall see how I will secure myself," and forthwith taking from a table drawer a pair of shears, a large knife and a revolver, she spread these implements on a table before Ida, who by this time was ready to faint with terror. Mrs. X.'s next step was to cut all the hair off Ida's head with the shears excepting one single handful, which she left, as she kindly explained, to facilitate the operation of scalping, which she intended to perform. She then brought a looking-glass to enable Ida to see the change effected in her appearance. Ida, who had by this time screamed herself hoarse in vain, complained bitterly that she was freezing and begged to be released. Mrs. X. met this request by putting the poker into the stove with the intention, as she stated, of thoroughly warming her guest by burning her eyes out. She was about to redeem this promise when Ida, by "a superhuman effort," succeeded in releasing one of her hands, with which she grasped the glowing poker, and during the struggle that ensued Mr. X. fortunately made his appearance and released Ida.

Professor Tyndall has succeeded, by the aid of a column of water two hundred and sixty feet high, in compressing air to one-eighth its original volume. When allowed to escape, it rushed out so violently as to cause so intense a cold that the moisture in the room was congealed into a shower of snow, while the pipe whence the air issued was edged with icicles.

CARD FROM BOSTON MERCHANTS

BOSTON, December 12th, 1872.

Captain Wm. B. Scott, Agent Fireman's Fund Ins. Co. of California:

DEAR SIR: In recognition of the very [illegible] and liberal manner in which our losses by the great fire of November 9th and 10th were adjusted and settled by the officers of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company of California, whose policies were our good fortune [illegible] we take pleasure in [illegible] [illegible] use of our names as references. Very truly yours, Nichols, Parker & Dupee; Haywood & Co.; Mann, Bowers & Sawyer; Coon, Crocker & Hobart; Converse & Stanwood; Brooks & Young; Spaulding & Wardwell; Smith, Stebbins & Co.; D. Webster King & Co.; Melendy, Mason & Co.; Miller, Head & Harkell; Horner & Sprague; George William Bond & Co.; Brandon Scales Co.; Carter, Mann & Co.; Frank E. Bridges; Farley, Amsden & Co. Feb 8.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants' Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital $[illegible]. Officers—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. H. Eddy, Marine Secretary; H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, [illegible], A. B. Forbes, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Holden, J. M. Hartford, [illegible], W. H. Moot, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. F. Mann, Cyrus W. [illegible], W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling, Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, H. Goldsmith, J. Graves, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, [illegible], J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. [illegible]; Hamilton Boyd, Manager; W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, L. Stork, [illegible], Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Weitzler, Julius Weitzler, Manager; J. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, S. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager; S. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Jos. [illegible], A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, S. Hess, S. A. Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager; A. J. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb 15.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO OF S F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. "Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security!" DIRECTORS—SAN FRANCISCO—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, L. Lawrence, Isaac [illegible], N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, [illegible], [illegible], T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, J. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—D. E. Knight. [illegible]—[illegible]. O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, [illegible] Philan. GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice President. CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 11 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The Ætna has cash assets of $5,052,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.

GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.

WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov 21.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA

Office in San Francisco, No. 435 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital $[illegible]. DIRECTORS: W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, John H. Wise, Chas. J. Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, Charles Main, W. H. Hooper, L. L. Bradbury, James Phelan, D. H. Haskell. Sacramento: H. S. Crocker, S. D. Thayer, F. S. Freeman.

C. W. KELLOGG, President.

H. G. HORNER, Secretary. Jan 18.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over Nine Million Dollars. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies non-forfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Law.

WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent.

April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds upwards of $6,- 750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,[illegible]. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

W. L. BOOKER, Agent,

Jan 17. No. 319 California street, San Francisco.

☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION.

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1720.)

Cash Assets $13,000,000.

☞ Fire Risks at current rates. [Nov 16.] CROSS & CO., Agents.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.

FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,

Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov 15.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE.—NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS—1873-74.

All Persons, Companies, Associations, or Firms in the City and County of San Francisco, are requested either in person or by their proper representatives, to deliver at the Assessor's Office, No. 22 City Hall, in said City and County, before the SECOND MONDAY in March, a statement under oath of all Property, both Personal and Real, owned or claimed by them, or which is in their possession, or which is held or controlled by any other person in trust for, or for the benefit of them. [illegible] Sections 3633-3619. POLL TAX IS NOW DUE at this Office [illegible] Political Code. LEVI ROSENFELD, City and County Assessor.

Saturday, March 1, 1873. March 8.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 33 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 33 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stock and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, watered and [illegible] in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde built steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P.M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds. Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes. [illegible]

March 20. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 19.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

— IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pollzo.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.

The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.

The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House. Old Square. Benj. Sexton, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains. E. Munton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Corinth.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.

Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel. A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel. Lime street. Frank Criswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel. London B.

Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.

Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville. J. Baer, Pr.

Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel. John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.

St.-Laurence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.

Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.

Grand National Hotel.—Mach & Mayer, Proprietor.

Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

A Lady Correspondent from London to the Glasgow *Weekly Mail* writes as follows concerning "chit-chat": "The recent sale of the Empress Eugénie's dresses has afforded many ladies an opportunity of possessing themselves of handsome costumes at a comparatively small cost. Her Majesty has parted with some very magnificent dresses. A noticeable feature in the evening costumes is that they were made of silk or any heavy materials without any trimming whatever, perfectly plain long skirts and bodices with a mere strap for a show. These dresses admit of any style of trimming being placed upon them, and are consequently capable of being more worn than those more elaborately made. What struck me about the toilettes I saw for sale was the beautiful manner in which the work was done. The stitching, which was all hand work, was as neat and regular as any machine work, and every seam was bound with a soft white silk. To those who are curious to know what an Empress' dress may be purchased for, it may be interesting to know that the toilettes ranged in price from £5 to £15—the former price being given for a grey poplin walking dress trimmed with black velvet and Malt[illegible] lace, and the latter for a purple velvet evening dress, lined throughout with white silk, and having a long train. I have seen a new style in that most unbecoming of ladies' overcoats the "Ulster." The most stylish, if such a term can be applied to so ugly a garment, are trimmed either with fur, velvet, or braid, according to the taste and means of the wearer. It does not seem to be a garment to admit of trimming, but the best looking I have seen was in dark blue cloth, with collar, cuffs and belt of velvet of a darker shade. I don't quite know what we are coming to in the way of valentines. The postal service this year has been totally inadequate to meet the demands of the senders of missives of [illegible] and the parcels delivery company have had to hold the field. What would our grandmothers have thought in their young days of receiving, instead of the carefully folded note size picture, with a verse underneath about hearts and darts, and doves and loves, a goodly sized box containing some dainty article of apparel tastefully folded and arranged. I saw such a one delivered not many doors from my house recently, and asking the carmen what made them so busy was told with a grin, "It's the valentines, ma'am." The members of the royal family who are in London are showing themselves everywhere and giving quite a fillip to trade and the gaieties of West-End society. The Prince of Wales is to be seen and heard of everywhere, except where the grumblers want him to be in the Parliament now and then, and the pretty face of the Princess is getting as familiar to the West End as any other feature of the parks and theatres. The Prince and Princess Christian are going about a good deal also though, I fear, from the fragile, worn appearance of her Royal Highness the Princess, that the rumors touching her delicate health are only too well founded. Her Royal Highness drove to Marlborough House the other day in a very pretty tasteful costume. Like all fashionable dresses, it was all one color, in two different shades of brown silk dress, with very wide hanging sleeves, the head of the dress being trimmed with velvet, a closely fitting jacket, and a bonnet composed of silk and velvet to match the dress. It looked slightly cold and sombre, for the Princess is very pale, and a very handsome white feather, curling from the back of the bonnet right round the front, did not tend to give her any color. White muslin is the favorite material for a fashionable bride's dress this month. It is, of course, exquisitely fine, and so thin that it looks almost like gauze, but it is mushin pure and simple, and very well it looks over the rich satin or silk of which the underdress is composed. I saw a wedding party enter St. George's Hanover Square recently, in which the bridesmaids were dressed in white muslin, with very small overskirts and braces of primrose colored silk—rather an odd color, but the effect was extremely good. They wore bonnets, too, of the same colored silk, with white flowers. The bride wore rather a curious dress, an embroidered white silk, made quite plain, it had a slightly foreign appearance. I was told it was a "nobody's" modeling, but I must say that "Nobody" had very good taste, for I have seldom seen a prettier nuptial display.

Court Mourning for the Dowager Empress of Austria.—LORD CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE, February 15. Order for the Court's going into mourning on next Sunday, the 16th of February, for her late Majesty the Dowager Empress Caroline Augusta, of Austria, step-grandmother of His Majesty the Emperor of Austria, viz.: The ladies to wear black dresses, white gloves, black or white shoes, feathers and fans, pearls, diamonds, or plain gold or silver ornaments. The gentlemen to wear black Court dress, with black swords and buckles. The Court to change the mourning on Sunday, the 2d March next, viz.: The ladies to wear black dresses, with colored ribbons, flowers, feathers and ornaments, or grey or white dresses, with black ribbons, flowers, feathers and ornaments. The gentlemen to continue the same mourning. And on Sunday, the 9th of March next, the Court to go out of mourning.

A Marriage is said to have been arranged between the King of Bavaria and the Duke of Anhalt's eldest daughter, the Princess Elizabeth, who is now sixteen. Rumors regarding King Louis's engagement have so frequently proven incorrect that the present report deserves to be received with caution. At the same time the gathering at the Ducal Court of all the Duke's nearest relatives, Princess Frederick Charles, the Duchesses of Saxe Altenburg, Nassau, Lippe, etc., indicates the imminence of some important family event.

An Incorrect Statement has appeared to the effect that the Empress Eugenie has ordered a sarcophagus and pedestal of polished Peterhead granite, to receive the remains of the Emperor until such time as they may be permanently deposited in a tomb. The fact is that the Queen of England, with a kindly and womanly sympathy, has offered to provide the sarcophagus and pedestal, and that the Empress has gratefully accepted Queen Victoria's gift.

There is a Story About the Emperor Napoleon current just now to the effect that shortly before his death the Empress told him that she had engaged a music master for the Prince Imperial, and that the reupon the Emperor begged that the master might be dismissed, adding, "One troubadour king is enough for Europe." The allusion was of course to the King of Bavaria, who has made himself so foolish over Wagner.

King Amadeo is said to have abdicated the throne without the consent of King Victor Emmanuel, who did not approve of the course taken. It is greatly grieved King Amadeo, but it is stated that the King of Italy sent word recently that, upon reflection, his son could return to Italy, where he would be well received by him and by the army.

The Emperor of Russia will, both on his journey to Vienna and on his return, pass through Warsaw. On his return His Majesty will attend a military review of the whole Russian force to be at the time assembled at the Summer camp near the Polish capital.

By the Will of the Late Empress Caroline Augusta of Austria, Archduke Charles Lewis, eldest brother to the present Emperor, is appointed sole heir.

There is no Truth in the Statement that the Dowager Countess of Westmore and has been suffering from indisposition. The Countess is in excellent health.

Baron Anselm Rothschild, the chief of the Vienna branch of the cosmopolitan banking house, is seriously but not dangerously ill.

M. Thiers has officially informed Count Apponyi that, much to his regret, he will be prevented from visiting the Vienna Exhibition.

The Princess of Wales has, it is said, entirely recovered from the disease of the knee joint, with which she was so long afflicted.

The New York World says the Emperor of Austria has a collection of criminals skulls [illegible].

The Countess of Dunmore gave birth to a daughter on Monday, February 10th, at Dunmore, Perthshire.

SAN JOAQUIN AND KING'S RIVER CANAL AND IRRIGATION CO.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the San Joaquin and King's River Canal and Irrigation Company, held the 21st day of January, 1873, it was unanimously resolved, that in order to secure the co-operation of the citizens of Lower [illegible] in one of the most important works for the benefit of the Agricultural and Commercial interests of the State, the President is hereby instructed to open the books for subscription of 5,000 shares of the 100,000 shares of $100 each capital stock of this Company, at the present cash cost of the work now done. No subscription will be received for more than 500 shares. Notice is hereby given, in conformity with the above, that Books of subscription for the 5,000 shares are now open at the office of the Company, No. 302 California street, Room 6, during business hours, for thirty days. Capital Stock $10,000,000, divided into 100,000 shares of $100 each. About forty miles of canal are completed and supply water for irrigating Lands bordering the Canal. Surveys are made from Tulare Lake to near Antioch, say 200 miles and work progressing. The Company has no debts. For further particulars and terms of subscription, apply at the office of the Company.

Jan 2. J. MORA MOSS, President.

E. C. NEWHOFF. C. D. DUNN. M. D. CARR.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

Mercantile Printing House, N.E. corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets. CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF, Practical Book and Job Printers, desire to inform their friends and the public that they are now prepared to do every description of printing in the very best style of the art. Their presses and type are all new, and of the very latest styles. Give us a call. The third floor of the building in which our office is [illegible] will be rented for composition rooms, to good tenants, on very reasonable terms. Apply to [May 11.] CARR, DUNN & NEWHOFF.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every Information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 325 California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec 24.

CUTTER WHISKY

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 15.

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC LOHMAN. JOHN W. TAYLOR.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.

Nov 30. 501 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

B. NATHAN.] ESTABLISHED IN 1850. [F. DOHRMANN.

B. NATHAN & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in French China Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware. Glass Shades all sizes. Successors to R. A. Swain & Co.'s Retail Business. Show Rooms, 536 to 542 Kearny st. 546 KEARNY ST., cor. Sacramento, San Francisco.

Feb 8.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland, The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero will be sold or exchanged as above with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or at the Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 16.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS and GLAZIERS, No. 5[illegible] Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan 25.

GEO. H. EGGERS.] EGGERS & CO., [CON. M. [illegible]

Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions. Agents of the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb 4.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

LINDENBERGER & BURKE,

Commission Merchants, Nos. 28 and 30 Sansome St., San Francisco, and Agents of the Willamette Woolen Mills, Salem, Oregon. Oct 5.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

March 29. 412 Front street, S. F.

QUICKSILVER

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 6.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug 1.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent for the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

RICHARD HEYES & CO.,

Cigars, Wine and Liquor Merchants, 233 Kearny, and 405, 407 and 409 Bush streets, San Francisco. Address Post Box 29. Jan 25.

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 512 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco. J. A. MAYS, Assayer. Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters, etc. Aug 24.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec 28.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan 4. No. 60 [illegible] Merchant street, San Francisco.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Roney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. Ja[illegible]

LEAVING CHURCH.

I see them rushing out,
In wild tumultuous rout,
And I ask what it's about
Of one near,
In the dinner hour nigh,
Or a constable near by,
That thus they wildly fly
Out of here?

Then he answers with a grin,
And he looks as sly as sin,
As he points his thumb within,
"T'ro' that
But the parson just has said
That money's to be paid,
And the people, sore afraid,
Dodge the hat."

SUNBEAMS.

—There is a story of a doctor who went to settle in a village out west, and on the first night of his arrival was sent for to attend a sick child. He looked at the little sufferer very attentively, and then delivered this oracular opinion: "This hyar babe's got the small-pox, and I ain't posted up on pustules. We must approach this case by circular treatment. You give the [illegible] this draught. That'll send him into fits. Then send for me. I graduated on fits."

—The African lad brought to this country by Mr. Stanley is said to have an excellent ear for music. When not asleep, he spends most of his time singing a tender song, which is supposed to call up recollections of his home. This is the refrain:

"Strilllkiyara ambobodoyou
Matatatal allalegont tillibela
Trallalilil bollgullou mootoo."

—A country minister of "limited capacity" recently married for a second wife a widow of some property. Being an ardent servant of Mammon, a former neighbor asked him if he did not do well by the second marriage. "O, yes indeed," he said with animation, and then, as an expression of reverent awe stole into his face, he added, "And what is very remarkable, the clothes of my wife's first husband just fit me."

—England and Germany.—British Nimrod (who has shot tigers in India, and lions in South Africa): "The fact is, Herr Muller, that I don't care very much for sport unless it contains the element of danger." German Nimrod: "Ach so! you are vont of daincher? Den you shood gom ant shood mit me! Vy, only de oder tay I shoodet my broder-in-law in de abdomag."

—Boston people are celebrated for their politeness. A journal of that city says it rained the other evening, and there was an entertainment. A young gentleman said to a young lady, "May I have the pleasure of protecting you with my umbrella?" And said she, with her round, expressive eyes looking full into his, "Put up your rag."

—One of the little pleasantries of the "gods" at the Dublin Opera House consists in throwing on to the stage a bouquet to which a piece of twine is attached. When the prima donna goes to pick up the nosegay, it is suddenly drawn up again, amidst the roars of the "deities."

—The Tempter.—First Reveler (on being turned out of the Caledonian Club): "Come, and tak' a glass at my rooms." Second Reveler: "No, no, ah've had mair than eneuch." First Reveler: "Hoots! tak' anither, man! D'ye no see ye're lettin' yer judgment get the better o' ye?"

—In Galloway large craigs are met with having ancient writings on them. One on the farm of Knockleby has, cut deep on the upper side,

"Lift me up, and I'll tell you more."

A number of people gathered to this craig and succeeded in lifting it up, in hopes of being well repaid; but instead of finding any gold, they found written on it

"Lay me down as I was before."

The local wit who propounded this "sell," fortunately for himself, died some years since.

—Church Preferment.—A young and handsome curate married a lady who was not very young, and was very plain in person, but in purse very rich. It was a [illegible] his parishioners that he had now provided himself with a Perfect Cure.

—Definition Wanted.—Aunt Maria: "And so, Laura, you enjoyed yourself very much at the Browns' party. And did you flirt much?" Lawrence: "O, dear no! On the contrary, Aunt, I danced with the same little girl the whole evening!"

—"Happy is the country that has no history," was the exclamation of a school-board gentleman who [illegible] at a recent examination of some [illegible] smart small boy on the matter of Henry VI.'s wife.

—A mosquito taper is a Pittsburg invention. It creates such a smell when burning that the mosquitoes ask to be excused. It drives human beings outdoors also—which is its only defect.

—Anna Dickinson's last lecture is entitled "Thie[illegible] Fee." Her critic explains that she doesn't [illegible] husbands. They are a thing she has long ceased to hope for.

—The defence of a gentleman who had deprived [illegible] it was, [illegible] found it on his fence, and seized it in payment for [illegible] fence.

—The True Hidalgo.—King Amadeus (throwing his crown to Spanish rabble)—"A gentleman, and a son of Savoy will not reign on sufferance!"

—An individual advertises for sale a Siberian bloodhound, which he calls [illegible] K 9 would be more [illegible]

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Saturday, March 15, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for [illegible] Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland) stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacrament[o]

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland) Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:00, 8:10, 9:20, 10:10 and 11:20 a.m., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, [illegible] 9:20 and *11:30 p.m. (9:20, 10:20 and [illegible] to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:20 [illegible], 9:00 and 11:00 a.m., 1:20, 2:40, 4:35, 6:10, 7:35 and [illegible] p. m.

Leave Oakland [illegible] 6:20, 8:00, 9:10, 10 [illegible] and 11:[illegible] a.m., 12:00, 1:40, 2:50, 3:50, 5:05, 6:20, 8:05 and 1[illegible] p. m.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:20, 9:00 and 11:15 a.m., 1:30, 4:00, 5:20 and 7:00 p.m. (5:20, 11:15 and 3:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:[illegible] a.m., and 3:00 p.m.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:35, 9:00 and 11:20 a.m., [illegible], 4:05 and 5:30 p.m. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 8th, 1872.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave San Francisco		8 40 a m	*3 30 p m	4 [illegible] p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5 [illegible] p m	7 00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 [illegible] p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Castroville	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2 [illegible] p m		

Trains North		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave Hollister		....	....	11 [illegible] a m
Salinas		....	....	10 00 a m
Castroville				[illegible]
Pajaro				[illegible]
Gilroy				1 [illegible] p m
San Jose		[illegible] a m	7 [illegible] a m	2 [illegible] p m
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m

*SATURDAYS at 3.30 p m. [illegible] Sundays excepted.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at [illegible] a m, arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11:30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets [illegible] street at its junction with Twenty fifth street, at 6 a. m., running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until [illegible] o'clock [illegible] thereafter every ten minutes. The last car leaving Twenty fifth street at 11 [illegible] and Montgomery [illegible] Market [illegible] at 12 [illegible]. The cars [illegible] Main street [illegible] after which the cars only go as far as [illegible] street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will [illegible] Last Car for Train. The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S. P. R. R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S. P. R. R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty-fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes, direct to Hayes Park.

Nov. 12. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, [illegible] and Dealers in all kinds of [illegible] Catalogues [illegible] forwarded to the Trade [illegible] Apr 3.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, [illegible] Front street. March [illegible]

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern [illegible] Master, Will sail on her return trip [illegible] at [illegible] o'clock M. from [illegible] Wharf, connecting at the Mouth [illegible] with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent, [illegible] Front street.

March [illegible]

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco [illegible] Wharf at [illegible] Sundays [illegible] On Saturdays an extra trip from Saucelito at [illegible] p. m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a. m. H. A. COBB, President, 32 Montgomery street.

Nov. 16.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, W. [illegible] Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements [illegible] her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma (Sundays excepted) at 8 a.m. Returning: Leave San Francisco at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Petaluma with stages for [illegible] and Bloomfield. (Aug 24) CHAS. MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL,

Gardens and Farms, at the junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot.—This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 21, 187[illegible], the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, in connection with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco [illegible] p m, [illegible] p m. San Rafael, [illegible] a m, [illegible] Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAYS as follows: leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a m, 3:30 p m; San Rafael, [illegible] a m, 5:00 p m. (Aug 21) CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS, 150 Oxford st., London.

Feb 26

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labelled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Supplies, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Fittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Chemicals, [illegible] Medicine Chests, Sundries, [illegible] drugs, Veterinary Sundries. [illegible] the above forwarded [illegible] BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE, [illegible] London.

July 11

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen, Purveyors [illegible] H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. The success of the sauce at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities [illegible] Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and the flavor is [illegible] Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. [illegible] by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 2

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. N. Herbert, Secretary; Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm Harney, H. H. Herbert, [illegible] McIlree, J. H. Trask, P. Crowley, H. N. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. [illegible], Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARNEY & BROWN, Agents. Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 11

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. [illegible] days [illegible] F. M. [illegible] Auctioneer. Dec 14

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Building.
Justices—[illegible] Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—[illegible] Montgomery street.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—125 Kearny street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—[illegible] Merchants' Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 14, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—[illegible] Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Outside Land Committee—24 Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets.
Health Office—Jackson street.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Jackson st., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
Quarantine—[illegible] street.
Harbor Master—[illegible] st.
Harbor Police—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

Belgium—E. Grisar, 13[illegible] Powell.
Chili—H. Barroilhet, 324 Montgomery street.
Chili—Consul General: Francisco Casanova, [illegible] Battery st.
Denmark—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California street.
Ecuador—Daniel Wolf (absent).
France—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street.
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, 719 California street.
Guatemala—[illegible] Martin [illegible] st.
Hawaiian Islands—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street.
Honduras—Wm. V. Wells, Mayor's Office, City Hall.
Italy—G. B. Cerruti, 1615 Powell.
Japan—C. W. Brooks, [illegible] Montgomery street.
Mexico—J. [illegible], 5[illegible] Kearny.
German Empire—G. A. C. Dullenberg, 311 Sacramento street.
Netherlands—J. De Fremery, 510 Sansome street.
Nicaragua—F. Herrera, 831 Montgomery street.
Peru—De la Fuente y Sotirat [illegible]
Portugal—Francis Berton, sw cor [illegible]
Russia—M. Klinkofstrom, [illegible] Court building.
San Salvador—P. J. Dorsey.
Spain—Martin [illegible] California.
Sweden and Norway—G. C. Johnson, [illegible] Battery street.
Switzerland—Francis Berton.
[illegible] Rica—F. Herrera.
Bolivia—F. Herrera, 831 Montgomery street.
Chili—D. J. Williamson, 330 Brannan street.
Costa Rica—F. Herrera, [illegible] Montgomery street.
Greece—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
Argentine Republic—C. Baum, [illegible] Battery st.
Austro-Hungarian—G. Mucke, [illegible] California street.
Turkey—[illegible] W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending March 17, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Tuesday, March 11th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
J B Shay to Peter McCannon	N Pine e Scott, 50-vara 2 blk 426 W A	$5,600
Pt Lob Av H'd Ass'n to O Hubbell	Sundry lots in blks 639 612	2,500
James Brooks to City & County S F	Und half nw cor Kearny and Pac, etc	10,000
Asa Hull to John Fay	S Sac w Davis, 30x130	8,000
Robt J Tiffany to David Scannell	Undivided half por blks 314 and [illegible]	
Ira G Hollt to Geo C Wickware	Se Market and 10th, subdiv M B 4	2,300
Kate E Learned to Cath'ne A Brush	E Steiner s Ellis, 50x68:9, blk 361, W A	1,435
J W Lees to H H Ellis	Lots 4, 5, W A blk 318	1
H H Ellis to E A Lawrence	Same	210
Martha B Hunt et al to M Kedon	Ne cor Valencia and 20th, 85x80	690
John Blake to John Kern	N Sagamore w Capitol, 50x125	175
Wm J Gunn to Dr L P Gautier	Lots 1 to 8 inclu blk 48 Excel'r Hd Ass'n	3,000
Carl H Bain to Carl Ruppel	Same	2
City Land Ass'n to C D Morrison	Lot 6 blk 23	95
Thos Schoelich to C Teckelnburg	Lots 87 and 88 blk 97, Columbia H'd	600
John Johnston to B J Harrison	Sundry lots in Western Addition	15,500
Bay View H'd to Geo H Powers	Lot 9 blk 536	500
Max Conheim to Elise Conheim	Howard sw 7th, 25x90	Gift
E L Sullivan to Ann Gryloos	Por Outside Land blk 273	800

Wednesday, March 12th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
R Gancer to Augusta Petrowska	Sw 11th se Mission, 22:6x90, sub M B 11	$1,650
John Bensley to Z F Colby	N Francisco e Mason, 22x120	250
Jos A Hofman to Wm H Hogan	S 19th e Valencia, 25x85—sub M B 66	1,200
Lamson S Welton to Henry Pierce	Se cor Geary and Buchanan, 68:9, etc	2,000
Felton Tract Hd to K R Schaefer	Lot 4 blk 1[illegible]	170
J M Goeway to Louis Feder et al	N O'Farrell, 137:6 w Polk w 68:9x120	10,000
Anna E Cook to J A Hofman	S 19th e Valen, 50x85	250
Tide Land Com'r's to Thos Prince	S Mission w 7th, 8.5x50—sub 100-va 266	16
T Prince to Cambrian Mut Aid Soc	Same	7,300
D Murphy et al to Syd L Johnson	Nw [illegible] ne 2d, 25x[illegible]	4,0[illegible]
Hestcome Perry to Simon Blum	Ne D and 21th Ave, etc—sub blk 403 O L	2,500
Geary St Ex Hd to E H Swett	Lot 2 blk 106, O L	450
Sav and Loan Soc to J T McDonald	S Fell w Laguna, 25x137:6	4,500

Thursday, March 13th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
John W Nye to Harriet A Blake	Sw cor 20th Ave and Pt Lobos Road	$500
Henry Mahan to John W Nye	Same	500
Geo T Vincent to Eliza Burke	E Mason e Chestnut, 22:6x68	4[illegible]
Arie Van Wie to John F Burns	Sw Union and Octavia, 31x75	1,6[illegible]
Alex Eaton to Thos Magilton	Portion Mission Block 70	2,000
Tide Land Com'rs to H I Holmes	Lots 1 to 24 inclusive blk 811	607
F Gagliardo to John Hunt, Jr	W Pike s Washington, 5 inches x 55 feet	88
Peter Lee to P J White	Portion block 8	1
F T Maynard to Wm Hollis	E Davis s Turk, 50x90	1,450
Mary McKenna to Anthony Dwyer	N Haight e Gough, 57 6x120	3,750
Same as Guardian to same	Same	3,750
City and Co S F to Gustave Rois	Subdivision blk 891, Potrero Nuevo	prem
Wm Bruce to Ellen Goulding	Subdiv 50-vara 1151	1
John Goulding to Wm Bruce	Same	1
Michael Gleason to Mary Gleason	Nw Ringold, sw 8th, 25x75	Gift
J W Lyngreen to Michael Gleason	Same	3,000

Friday, March 14th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Martha B Hunt et al to Thos Navin	E Stevenson e 19th, 25x90—por M B 67	$100
Pt Lob Av & Pk Hd to C Snyder	Lot 40, 41, blk 386	610
Rinaldo R Swain to Alpheus Bull	S Figg w Sanchez, 80x228	60
H Levison to Alex Austin	Portion blk 691	350
Geo H Howard to A Ludlum	Nw Howard sw 2d, 82:6x80	5
E McMahon to C R S McDonald	Sw Beal nw Folsom, 44x75	500
John Hill to Chas McMahon	S Harrison e 3d, 25x90, subj to a mortg'e	5,000
Geo Treat to George M Condee	Lots 24 25 26 27 28 Cen Pac Hd Assn	1,750
Geary St Ex Hd to J H Jones	Lots 48 49 blk 261	700
Mary Delaney to S F Butterworth	50-vara lots 3 4 blk 195, W A—Se corner Jackson and Laguna, 137:6x255x4½	10,000
F L A Pioche to C H Daxter	Lot 31 bl 43 City L'd Assn	10
Dennis Coyne to Wm J Gunn	Sw Duncan and Church, 34x100	15
John P Shine to David Scannell	E 20th Ave n D, 150x100, Gt Pk Hd	400
Cornelius Collins to M L Roach	No 426, Gift Map 4	1

Saturday, March 15th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
E L Sullivan to Hugh N Lund	Subdiv [illegible] 270 O L	$400
Wm J Gunn to Bridget M O Brien	Lot 24, blk 95, H A	500
Samuel L Theller to F L A Pioche	Lot w Judas School, containing 300 acs.	5
Same to same	314 acres com'cing Intersec S Mig Ranch	5
Same to same	Por San Mig Rancho contain'g 400 acs.	5
Same to same	300 acres same	5
L S Welton to Amson Goldsmith	Sundry lots in Western Addition	5,500
Jno W Black to Thos H Selby	Sundry lots in southern portion city	2,500
Geary St Ex H'd to H N Lund	Lots 15 and 16 blk 262	700
Same to Nancy J Slocom	Lots 11 and 12 blk 263	700
E L Sullivan to same et al	S Pt Lobos Ave e 12th Ave, 25x100	400
John L Hunt to O F Von Rhein	W Mission n 10th, 25x160—sub M B [illegible]	3[illegible]
John Rogers to Marian Hart	Sundry lots in Harper's and West'n Add	7,500
A Strobel to M Moritz	Und 10 acres in sec 12 tp 2 [illegible]	15
Stephen T King to Wm O'Hollerin	Lots 41 bl 227 and 42 bl 2[illegible] H & O N T [illegible]	
Mas Cem Ass'n to J M Caldwell	Lot 35 sec 19	50
V Wackenreuder to M Kennedy	N Nevada e Potrero, 35x150	750
Wm J Younger to Phillip S Fay	N Grove 137:6 e Fillmore, 68:9x137:6	4,300
Chas W Howard to Chas B Greene	Sw Hawthorne nw Harrison, 25x112:6	2,250
A Himmelmann to Wm Corcoran	Undivided half Mission Block 34	142

Monday, March 17th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Joseph B Crockett to E W Burr	Und ½ tract of land known as the Gore	$5
Lucy B Page to J B Crockett	Same	1,000
James Hewn to C C Pendergast	Sundry lots in southern portion city	100
Geo W Frink to Thos Byrne	Nw cor Hayes and Devisadero, 100x10:6	163
F W Macondray to Vic Koppel	S Fell e Octavia, 27:6x120	5
John P Tibbets to Peter Donahue	Ne 2d nw Bryant, 60x125	12,000
Jas B Chase to Domineo Quintaros	S Broadway e Kearny, 22 10x[illegible]	2,275
James Dows to Chas F McDermott	Mission Block 42½	10
Chas McDermott to Chas Main	Same	26,000
James Maine to Chas McDermott	Same	5
John Middleton to same	Same	....
Andrew J Moon to Anne E Green	Portion Mission Block [illegible]	5
Thos W Dennis to Hannah Bean	S [illegible] e Devisadero, [illegible]x75	1,775
Wm J Gunn to Alfred Bannister	S [illegible] and Franklin, 137x12 6	7,000
Tide Land Com'rs to M Blinn	Lots [illegible] to 22 [illegible], blk 7[illegible], Tide Lands	7,[illegible]
David Brown to Wm H Gaylord	Lot [illegible] blk [illegible], Bay Pk Hd Assn	[illegible]
Bay Park H'd to same	[illegible]	[illegible]

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending March 18, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
A J Snyder to J F Brackhage	Oakland: S line 18th 140 e from West, thence e 50x103:9	$1,500
M E Dewing to J Dewing	Same: 50x75 sw cor 10th and Wash'n	2,500
J Dewing to F Dewing	Same	2,600
E J Pringle to E Vivier	Same: S 10th 150 e from Grove, thence e 50x100, also, E Broadway 75 n from 3d, thence n 25x55	....
E H Holmes to Oakland R R As'tes	Same: N 8th 75 w fr Broadway, thence w 75x100	1
Mason & Hoff to M E Dunn	Same: 45x90 nw cor 26th and West	500
L P Fisher to C R Ribber	Same: E Chester 100 n from 3d, thence n 50x125	700
P Prior to M J Condon	Same: 25x14 sw cor 5th and Filbert	700
E McLean to M Perrin	Same: W Center 200 n from 3d, thence n 37½x145 10	690
Same to F A & M Levitt	Same: W Center 237 6 n from 3d, thence n 37 6x145 7	690
Same to same	Same: W Center 277 9 n from 3d, thence n 37 6x145 7	690
J B Scotchler to A Ennis	Same: N 13th 323 e f'm Cypress, thence e 25x1[illegible]9	850
T B Bigelow to S D Brastow	Same: 50x95:3 se corner Railroad Av and Henry	1,000
S D Brastow to M A Spatz	Same	Gift
M D Townsend to L W Wood	West Oakland: 80:7x100:4 ne cor Wood and Railroad Av; also, S Lincoln 92:6 w from Wood, thence w 50x135	24,000
Towne & Bacon to A N Drown	East Oakland: Lot 10 in blk E, Clinton Mound Tract	1
N N Davison to J S Chatterton	Same: Se Clay 300 ne from Abel, thence ne 300x300	7,500
W Friend to J H Fowler	Same: 75x150 e cor Franklin and Benton	2,500
J N & C C Olney to L Stevens	Oakland: Tracts 374, 405 and 407	5
Chipman & Aughinb'gh to H Sleen	Alameda: Lot 11 in blk 53 near High st	95
P D Atherton to J V Galante	Near Haywood. 299 acres	2,292
F D Atherton to M R Machado	Same: 299 acres	2,292
O Wight to T McLaughlin	30 miles ne from San Leandro: 153 acres	76
F D Atherton to C Tibbits	Haywood: 100x211	300
A Menges to Trust Eureka S Dist	Near Mount Eden: 1 acre	500
C McLaughlin to J Sachan	5 miles se from Livermore: 160 acres	1,000
O Mitchell to T F Bachelder	4 miles sw from Pleasanton: 160 acres	425
T White to I N Kay	Livermore. Lots 7 8 and 9 in blk 13	500
M P Kay to P Catanich	Same	500
H S Fitch to H Gaulon	Fitchburg: Lots 1 to 12 in blk 15	2,400
Mason & Hoff to M J Ashmore	3 miles n from Oakland: 30 acres on San Pablo Road	17,000
O H'd Ass'n to M H Flood	Oakland T'p: Lot 76 in blk 3, Maxwell Tract	5
D Cameron to T Shepherd	Brooklyn T'p: 113 acres hill land head Sousal Creek	4,000
W Carroll to Contra Costa Co	Same: Water privilege	1
M E Brayton to H G Livermore	Oakland T'p: An interest in undivided hill land	3,900
C McLaughlin to S F & O Water Co	Water rights over various tracts	1

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. March 18.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

GEORGE W. McKEAND, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. 3.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, Capital Bourbon, National Bourbon, Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.

BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco, Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

Dec. 9.]

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions, Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

"SPIERS & POND,"

239 Kearny street, cor. of Bush, San Francisco. Wines, Liquors and Cigars, Tea and Coffee. Lunch at the usual hours, and Refreshments at all times. The comfort of the domestic fireside, the graces and courtesies of the drawing room, the freedom of the

C L U B.

Refreshments at all times, and Lunch at the usual hours. Tea and Coffee, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, 239 Kearny street, corner of Bush, San Francisco.

Feb. 1. "SPIERS & POND."

OFFICE OF THE SANTA CRUZ ISLAND COMPANY,

San Francisco, February 6, 1873.—In accordance with a resolution adopted at a meeting of the Trustees of the SANTA CRUZ ISLAND COMPANY, duly held on February 5th, 1873, a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of said Company is hereby called to be held at the Office of the company, Room No. 10, Belden's Block, No. 137 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, on MONDAY, the 10th day of March, 1873, at the hour of one o'clock P. M. of said day, to take into consideration and decide on a proposition to increase the capital stock of said Company from $30,000, divided into 600 shares of $500 each, the present capital stock, to $500,000, divided into 100 shares of $5,000. JUSTINIEN CAIRE, GUSTAVE MAHE, T. LEMMEN MEYER, Trustees.

March 1.

CHARLES HARE,

34 and 36 Stewart street.—Tanner's Oil, Cocoanut Oil, Paint Oil, Pig Iron, Cumberland and Lehigh Coal, Braziers' Copper, Yellow Metal, Nails, Anchors and Chains, all sizes, Hemp and Manila Rope, Galvanized Wire, Rope in bond or duty paid, Pitch, Tar, Oakum, White Lead, Eastern Oak Ship Timber, Spanish Cedar, Teak, Lignumvitæ, Rosewood, Oil Casks, Water Tanks, Cannon, Brass and Iron, a Lighter, Japan Tea and fine Java Coffee of my own importation. Old Iron, Copper and Metals bought at the highest market rates. March 1.

John Saulnier, Bordeaux.] [P. Laclaverie, San Francisco.

JOHN SAULNIER & CO.,

Importers of French Brandies, Wines, Groceries, Drugs, etc., etc., No. 404 Battery street, San Francisco. March 1

ARMES & DALLAM,

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Bags, etc., 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 16, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

DELENDA EST BRITANNIA!

Let All True Britons make ready the gloomy tear and prepare to weep their country lost and homes desolated! Let the Howards and the Russells, the Seymours and the Percys practice well the arts of boot-blacking and coat-brushing, for so shall they serve their conquerors! Let proud Albion's high-born dames and maidens diligently study the best means of humoring, nursing and cringing to a drunken husband; otherwise they shall assuredly not escape sundry poker corrections from the heroes to whom, in perspective, they are already apportioned. In a word, let England make the most of her vaunted liberty while she yet has it, for it is evident that she is doomed to inevitable destruction, and that shortly. The long-pent rage of the oppressed Celt is about to burst in fury on the head of the British Lion, and a raid is projected against Mr. Bull only to be equaled in the annals of history—for dreadful vengeance taken and sublime valor displayed—by that made on Canada some years ago. It is true there seems to be some difficulty about who is to "bell the cat," but that obstacle will doubtless soon be overcome. The procession of last Monday was calculated to strike terror into the hearts of all British subjects, or even "British sympathizers," as the *Call* had it, who witnessed it. It was indeed formed by a noble band, and so well were the picked men, such as drum-majors, giants, ancient bards and so forth, selected, that one was involuntarily reminded of Darwin's theory of "Natural Selection," and was almost seduced into the belief that he had discovered the missing link. Did not the Grand Marshal and his satellites prance gaily on their generous steeds through the streets of this city, their intellectual countenances glowing with noble aspirations, and clad in all the glorious panoply of war, sashes and truncheons? Did not their Quaker hats, adorned with plumes of green above red, render them strikingly suggestive of the "remorseless brigand?" Were they not followed by the redoubted Gal owglasses? who really, however, *cannot* be as green (intellectually) as their uniforms, as we heard a spectator, doubtless a "British sympathizer," facetiously remark. Of course this was all so. And what more can any man want? Then came the green flag, having embroidered upon it a harp and what we, at the time, stupidly imagined to be a paralyzed rabbit lying beside it; but we knew better when we read the next morning in the papers that Mrs. J. J. O'Brien, in her speech at the flag presentation, entreated her audience to observe "the fidelity and watchfulness of the wolf-dog, so strikingly depicted on this magnificent flag." But the best was yet to come, and it came in the shape of a triumphal car, bearing the Goddess of Liberty, the Maid of Erin, sundry attendants, a very common-place looking driver and the old original Bard himself. What matter if the Goddess and the Maid were not *fac similes* of either Helen of Troy or the Venus de Medici? What matter if the venerable Bard did look as if he had passed a sleepless night in a flour-bin? Shall we let such trifles as these stand in the way of our admiration? Not much. Besides, if, as the *Alta* said, "it was the Bard's duty in the days of Ireland's tribulation to look care-worn, sorrowful, and to assume an air of mourning," then we say he succeeded admirably. The festivities of the day did not end here. Erin's sons were next regaled with a poem, recited at the California Theater, in which the "Poet of the Day" exhorted them to "triumph in the deeds the world, though envious—still admires," and assured them that they were the "exiled descendents of the great sword and song." After this the Rev. Father Gibney, the "Orator of the Day," made a lengthy speech, in which he appeared to bear in mind the good old saying that "discretion is the better part of valor," informing his hearers that they "must not be rash, that they must not rush up to the Lion's mouth before they could strangle him." Some friend at our elbow whispered that this piece of advice was quite needless, and we passed a sleepless night, knowing that we did not fell the slanderer to the ground. The Rev. Father also promulgated the noble (though perhaps not strictly original) sentiment that "England's distress was Ireland's opportunity." The company soon after separated, and we have no doubt that the spirit of St. Patrick animated his children.

GREAT CRY AND LITTLE WOOL.

This Familiar Proverb dates from the famous battle in which Arminius, the national hero of Germany, destroyed the legions of Varus. The German leader, patriot and warrior though he was, had like John Gilpin's wife, a frugal mind and an eye to business. A fondness for scalps was one of the many points of resemblance between our Saxon forefathers and the noble red man; and Arminius chuckled with ill-suppressed glee as he looked at the heaps of the Roman slain, and thought of the new tapestry for his wigwam. But alas! for human hopes! The Romans were all fast young fellows, and their heads, under their helmets, were smooth as billiard-balls. It was then that, in the bitterness of his disappointment, Arminius let fall the memorable words

Viel geschrei und wenig wolle.

He spoke in High German because he was so much lifted up by his victory. We could not forbear this little digression, at the very outset, because we might never have so good a chance again for airing our acquirements, and now we are content to go back to the beginning and start afresh. What moved us to write was the distress of certain journals at the advancement of "Prince" Fred Grant, eldest son of our re-elected ruler. This young man, it appears, was but a second lieutenant in the army, but is now, "by one stroke of the pen," Lieut. Colonel, and attached to the staff of General Sheridan. Lieut. Col. Forsythe has been reduced to the rank of major, to make way for this boy, but is still to do the work while "Master Fred" is to draw the emoluments. This is the story, briefly told. Needless to add that the intelligent journals vie, one with the other, in ringing the changes on "nepotism," "imperialism," "despotism," Mormonism, Quixotism and idiotism. Meanwhile, Master Fred., no doubt, disports himself at Chicago, a frisky Fritz. Why should he not? Is there anything in the theory of our Government, or in its practice, which makes this advancement of Mr. Frederick Grant a matter for public discussion? Frankly, we can discover nothing. To talk of nepotism is more than silly. Nepotism means either the foolish fondness for grandchildren, or an uncommon partiality for Cornelius Nepos. Now, we never heard that Grant had any acknowledged grandchildren, and if he had, his own son could not be one of them, and as for Cornelius Nepos, the President never heard of him. If he knows the name at all, he takes it to be the French for negus. This charge, therefore, falls to the ground. Why linger over the others? Nobody ever took Grant for an emperor, and surely, if he be a despot, he hides his own will rarely. Quixote he could not be, for the knight had a mind as large as the world and a lean body, and Grant, if not really fat, has undeniably solved the problem of living without intellect. Idiotism meets the case, very nearly, but why not, after all, openly acknowledge that the whole matter comes within the meaning of republicanism? The honors to him who can handle them, is that is the law and the gospel of the republic, and who can better handle, or, to speak more properly, who is more fit to be armed with epaulets than a brisk young fellow, of influential connections! It seems to us that the whole theory of hierarchies and routine, is opposed to the genius of republicanism, which is, above all, free to elect. In the republic, what citizen is to be excluded from a possible promotion? Is not every one free to aspire, free to hold, if he can succeed in reaching? On no possible ground, as it seems to us, other than that of military routine,—and the army, the strongest support of tyrants, is essentially anti-republican—can the free, deliberate nomination of a capable person to any dignity meet with any serious objection.

A Step in the Right Direction.—Foster has expiated his crime on the gallows, and the numerous convicted murderers now in our prisons will read with anything but pleasurable sensations the news of his hanging. A reaction was bound to set in, and the mawkish sentimentality that has allowed our laws to degenerate into mere child's play, and has caused more murders than we ever had before, must now give way to stern justice and good common sense. We compliment Governor Dix on the firm and manly course he has taken, and hope that the motto of justice-dealing Americans will ever be "A life for a life."

Montgomery Avenue Enterprise.—Fifty notices were served on property owners this morning, requiring them to forthwith remove therefrom all buildings and improvements on the land and premises heretofore taken and deeded by them to the city and county, for the uses and purposes of an open public street, known as Montgomery Avenue. All of said buildings, improvements and obstructions must be removed immediately, or under the power vested in the Board of Public Works, the same will be sold at public auction at the expiration of thirty days from the date of the service of this notice.

DEAF, AND DUMB, AND BLIND.

The wholesome spirit of investigation
Stirs in the land; the Board of Education,
Broad in the beam and heavy in the head,
With *viva terga* squeezed rebellion dead.
The fine example fires the noble mind
Of those who rule the Deaf and Dumb, and Blind;
One common impulse sways them till they meet,
With generous heart each rushes to his seat.
"Bring on the case!"—'twas Mora Moss that cried;
"Bring on the case!" the hollow walls replied.
The case was brought; its very look was rough.
The pupils swore they never had enough
Of decent food; that half the meat was rotten,
The coffee slops, the very mackerel shotten;
The bread half chalk, half mouldy, and the tea
Fit for no human creature that could see.
One on the other gazed the high souled men;
One blew his nose, one shook his head, and then,
"Tune up the music!" was the cry. There came
A boy, who testified, with red faced shame,
His teacher told him he was bound for hell;
The teacher said the boy would not sing well,
And so he told him, to arouse contrition,
That hell was yawning for his soul's perdition.
This cleared the mist; the teacher was excused,
And his bright fancy all the Board amused.
Their smiles composed, a blind girl, with a face
Half childish, told about a warm embrace,
Warm as with love, she suffered in the dark,
From Wilkinson the younger, lively spark.
Called to explain, the young man, with a sense
Of outraged purity, made this defence.
How should he win these lambs to serve the Lord
Without a sympathetic, sweet accord
Between themselves and him! How make them see
The complex mysteries of the Rule of Three,
Unless, with mutual trust, they felt and knew
From long experience, one and one were two!
A five-fold sigh the grand Directors heaved,
The tale, so simple, had their cares relieved.
They rose at once; and Mora Moss, whose reading
Is wide and various, to the rest receding,
Said, with a bow, before he donned his hat,
"Who drives fat oxen should himself be fat,"
So thought great Johnson, let me say at once,
Who deals with dunces should himself be dunce.
We, who direct the Deaf and Dumb, and Blind,
Should close the avenues of the fallible mind
To outward things, be blind, and deaf, and dumb
To truth and light and sense, though chaos come.

BISHOP KIP IN THE APRIL OVERLAND.

The Overland has never had much of a reputation for perspicacity, since Bret Harte left it. Rehashes of all ages, and from all quarters, have been constantly palmed off upon its innocence. "Cald hose het again" is a standing dish with its subscribers. Surely, however, there is a limit somewhere. We think Bishop Kip has reached it, in his last *Overland* article, "Cape Horn in 1704." This is the second of his translations, in a "Purchas His Pilgrimes" style, rather stale at this day. We allowed the first to pass, with its explanatory yarn of sea-serpent proportions, but the thing promises to be a nuisance in its continuance. We now propose to let the bran out of this pseudo-antiquarian's doll.

Bishop Kip was in England, bought there a copy of a quite common work, "*Lettres Edifiantes*" &c., compiled and published a very dull book on Jesuit Missions out of it, is now using a potsherd to scrape up what is left for the *Overland*. Bound to make that book pay for itself, is the bishop.

We do not know what edition of the "*Lettres Edifiantes*" Kip got in England; but we have compared his translation with *three* of the best editions, and find said translation a botch. We have consulted, and found to agree, in the points we are about to notice, the following editions: that of Paris, 1780-83, 26 vol. 12 mo., that of Lyons, 1820, 14 vol. 8 mo., and a Spanish edition, *Cartas Edificantes*, &c., 10 vol. 8 mo., Madrid, 1753.

In the first sentence of his translation, my Lord Bishop makes the stupid blunder of interpreting "*reconnaissance*" to mean "discoveries"—he following its etymological sense, while its idiomatic meaning in its present connection is simply "gratitude." Of course the rest of the clause is distorted to fit this.

In the first line of page 318 of the *Overland* he blunders again. The original runs, "If it was *His* will," referring to the Deity, who was mentioned in the early part of the sentence. Kip translates it, "With *your* permission," the "your" referring to a certain Father de la Chaise. Unless it is French Father and God be the same, Kip is at once murdering the language of the one, and blaspheming the name of the other. In the same page Kip uses the term "variegated paintings." The adjective in the original is simply "*bizarres*" (*bizarres*, in modern French), and not a word to indicate that there was more than one color in the paint.

In page 319, is found the worst mistake of all, so far as results go. Kip translates, "Having passed the Strait of Le Maire, and seen *more numerous* islands than are marked on our maps." The original flatly affirms the opposite. "Having passed the Strait of Le Maire, and seen beyond it some islands which *are* marked in our maps," a radical misunderstanding of the connection of the adverb *déjà*, which would bring stripes to the *cul* (Bishop Kip can perhaps translate this word) of a charity scholar. Mistake five: Kip makes his ship anchor in Conception on the 11th of May. The original says the 13th.

We finish with another mistake. The original gives the date of a disastrous earthquake at Pisco as the 19th Oct., 1682, our Episcopal dragoman translates it 13th. We want to know, now, what kind of history, what kind of geography such work as this is likely to turn out, and whether Bishop Kip can't get a French master in the city, and whether the *Overland* can't afford to pay an editor, with brains enough and culture enough—we shall not say to collect original matter, but to pick out second hand articles of some value, and a translator who can put them in decent English, without a blunder in every paragraph. For my Lord Bishop, let him keep his water-logged English for the *Pacific Churchman*, and "stick to his last."

JEALOUS EASTERNS.

Appleton's Journal is greatly exercised over California's last discovery—that of a veritable fossil or mummy, we forget which it was, of a *bona fide* mermaiden. "We have always," it says, "had a good opinion of California, notwithstanding that she has made heavy demands on our credulity. The country that produces more gold, vegetables, fruits, and wine to the acre than any other part of the continent is worthy of an unlimited degree of respect. Hitherto we have given credence to all the stories she has sent us of her wonderful resources and her unexampled growth. We have put faith in her Sierra Nevadas and her Yosemites, her big trees and her big bears, but now that she asks us to believe that she has raised a 'genuine mermaid,' she rather transcends our powers of belief. Had she reported the catching of the sea-serpent or the finding of the Wandering Jew, we might have swallowed the story; but the mermaid's tale is too fishy for our digestion." We have not yet forgotten how Barnum played that joke on a long-suffering public, and how he afterward gloried in it. No, Dame California, we don't believe in your mermaiden, whose "nose is a combination of the Roman and the snub," whose "queerly shaped head is adorned with long and broad ears," whose "cerebellum and Adam's apple are very prominent," whose "arms are long and terminate in long claws, consisting of four fingers and a thumb, with the sharpest of nails," and whose "tail is covered with scales." Better leave inventions of this sort to the "great showman."

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Principles of Psychology. By Herbert Spencer. Vol. II. 12mo., cloth.
Physics and Politics. By Walter Bagehot. 12mo., cloth.
Analysis of Letter Writing. By Calvin Townsend. 12mo., cl.
His Level Best, and Other Stories. By Edward E. Hale. 12mo., cloth.
The Eagle's Nest. Lectures on the Relation of Science to Art. By Jno. Ruskin. 12mo., cloth.
Little Hodge: A Satire. By the author of "Ginx's Baby." 12mo., cloth.
Joseph Noirel's Revenge. By Victor Cherbuliez. 16mo., cl.
Fleurange. A Novel. By Mme. A. Craven. 16mo., cloth.
Six in All. A Novel. By Virginia F. Townsend. 8vo. paper.
Robert Falconer. By George MacDonald. New Edition. 8vo. paper.
An Open Question. A Novel. By Prof. James DeMille. 8vo., paper.
The Practical Magazine. No. 2, for Feb., 1873.

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PETER SHORT,
Merchant Tailor, 613 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

DR. ABORN,
Residence and office, 213 Geary street, bet. Stockton and Powell, opposite Union Square. March 1.

THOMAS TURNBULL,
Architect, Shiels' Block, No. 608 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,
Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

A REPORTER FROM HADES IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Satan was discontented in his palace down below,
He'd had a dullish month or two, the trade in souls was slow;
In a malicious humor was His Majesty Old Nick,
Giving each demon in his road a passing blow or kick.
At last he paused, and o'er his face came a satanic smile,
"My imp at Frisco! Call him in—he's out a longish while:
Bid him come down immediately, and tell me when he comes,
And have a banquet ready for himself and all his chums."

The message flew at lightning speed, and quick the imp came back,
His note-book hanging by his side, newspapers on his back;
He doffed his hat at Satan's throne, and making a low bow,
Said, "Will it please your Majesty to hear my news just now?"
Cried Satan, "Yes, say on, my imp, my trusty imp and true,
I'll always lend a willing ear to aught that comes from you.
I've waited long and anxiously, and almost had the blues,
For things have been so slow down here, but come, let's have the news!"

"The latest news I'll tell you first, for after you can read
Through my supply of *Chronicles*, they'll tell you all you need.
Well, the last month round here has been a pretty stirring time,
And produced some of the nicest and daintiest kinds of crime.
There's Page has blown his brains out, and nearly killed his wife,
For some slight misunderstanding in their domestic life,
But of course your Majesty ere now has got his soul in tow."
"I have, my imp, and given him a nice cool place below."

"Your Majesty, I've wandered round the town by night and day,
Have watched the fiery whisky steal men's senses all away;
I've followed men, and watched them, under its dread control,
Enter those dens of infamy that damn the sturdiest soul
(I mean those houses on Dupont, the city's worst disgrace,
And those flaunting homes of sin men call the Waverly Place).
But it's an ill wind, your Majesty, that blows none any good,
And I fancy that our training school is in that neighborhood.

They've had investigations into many public schools,
And have found the teachers in them are knaves as well as fools.
Then there's that scoundrel Robinson, we long have had our eye on,
He's proved a worthy member for this our nether Zion.
We must keep a corner for him heated with tenfold heat,
For a choicer kind of villain 'tis very hard to meet.
He's accused a worthy father of that dire crime incest—
Hell is not hot enough for him, but give him of our best.

There's Russell, too, the murderer, he's coming soon, that's sure;
They're sick of all these murders, and find out the only cure
Is, strike the crime right at its root, unfurl the flag of red,
And hang them by their dirty necks until they're dead, dead dead!
And if slow-handed Justice fail, thro' gold or other cause,
The people are determined to uphold religion's laws,
For as they strung Malt Tarpy up, and tore him from his jail,
So will they hang the others up if Law and Justice fail.

Our old friend, Laura Fair, has found her lectures do not pay,
And is right down on her beam ends—least so the papers say;
For the people's taste for horrors is quickly dying out,
And her feline elocution is drowned by hiss and shout.
There's been a nice addition to the sharp young men in town,
Our young friend, Major Larkyns, from the Islands has come down;
He played his game of confidence right well, I must confess,
But if he plays the same game here he won't be a success.

I went to see our friend, Devine; he tells me he's all right.
"For if they mean to hang me, I'll blab a precious sight
Of very stern and ugly facts about a well known man,
A certain girl, a certain bridge—deny them if he can!"
The Mayor and Supervisors are all fat and doing well,
Though votes are at a discount now, they say they'll hardly sell.
The city's looking flourishing, and from all that I can glean
A better promise of a crop, for Hell, was never seen.

What a Relief it is to Our Minds to find out that the charges preferred against Mr. Gordon are false and that one of the vilest conspiracies that the world has ever known has been traced to the proper quarter. We search in vain through the annals of crime to find any case half as bad. We never for a moment believed that Gordon was guilty, but even the idea that such might be the case made us shudder and blush for our degraded race. No punishment that man can devise or God sanction could be bad enough for Robinson. Hanging would be far, far too good, roasting alive not half painful enough. Solitary confinement and a diet beginning with two pounds of Boston beans, and gradually working down to one bean a day, with nothing to read but the *Alta* and no one to visit him but a *Chronicle* reporter twice a day, is, as being the most lingering, painful and tantalizing death we can imagine, the punishment we should award him. As for Miss Katy, we should apprentice her to Mrs. F—t S——e, and even that would be hardly severe enough.

An Enterprising Sportsman, by name Malt Tarpey, has been most cruelly interfered with by certain meddlesome people, who could not mind their own business. Malt, well armed with a couple of navy shooters, a Henry rifle, and a double shot-gun, sallied forth in quest of large game; after a weary watch, he at last spied his game, a defenceless woman. A well directed shot in the back, from the double gun, brought his game to grass. This adventurous and gallant son of Erin at once stepped up to make sure that life was extinct, and then, without stopping to pick up his quarry, quietly walked away. One can hardly credit it, but the people of Watsonville and the neighborhood did not seem to like this kind of shooting, and actually strung poor Malt up to a pine tree till he was dead, dead, dead. Before he died, however, he magnanimously forgave the crowd, and to show that he bore no malice, left the husband $1,000 to buy a mourning ring. He did not seem to like the idea of taking a trip to the other world, and died as he had lived, a dirty cur.

Kleptomania seems to be the last new sensation in Chicago. At present this fashionable mania is confined to the fair sex, and to those whose positions in life are sufficiently high to be termed kleptomaniacs instead of sneak thieves. To our fancy the poor sneak thief who steals for a livelihood is infinitely preferable to the kleptomaniac who steals for sport. We are almost tempted to think that there is some truth in the old tale of Eve and the apple, but we take the part of the snake, and don't believe for a moment that it had any hand in the matter. Eve wanted no tempting; she saw the apple, wanted it, and, as women usually do, got it, ate it, and suffered for it. The only sort of theft that the *Town Crier* admires in women is the stealing of hearts, which he considers a just retribution on the poor fools who carry them outside their waistcoats.

In the Evidence brought to bear against Warring Wilkinson, in the D. D. and B. Asylum examination, a fearful and flagrant crime is brought to light; he actually took a little blind girl of six years of age up in his arms and kissed her. Now, without defending Mr. W. W.'s school management, we fail to see the enormity of the crime. But we have arrived at such an age of precocity that it is extremely dangerous to kiss a female baby out of arms. Breaches of promise cases and their probable issue are discussed in our nurseries, and visionary judgments of candy are awarded to wronged misses of six, whose too susceptible hearts have been lacerated by the blandishments of some Lotharios of eight.

If there be Any Justice Left in this Land, let Robinson have it. If he be guilty, as appears, and if he be sane, he is the most execrable and most atrocious hound to-day among. For such a scoundrel—to whom Judas Iscariot and Titus Oates are as gentlemen—the fate of Damiens were too lenient, the farthest hell too cool. He has flooded the land with a revolting tale, with a nameless abomination of slander, striking at the dearest, most sacred ties yet left to us. We demand meet punishment. We demand that his name be made a by-word and a hissing for all time; that his fate be something for shuddering and amazement, that here, where we have garnered up our hearts, where either we must live or bear no life, we raise up such a ward of awful horror as the very fiend shall not dare to pass. If, indeed, this thing may be endured, there is no home safe, no relation sacred, no fame so pure, no name so high, as to know whether it stand or fall. Away with feelings of mercy! Scourge the soul from this beast and let devils snatch at it!

A Massachusetts Medium, who is described as a young, industrious, and somewhat illiterate mechanic, is reported to be finishing the "Mystery of Edwin Drood," at the dictation of the ghost of Boz. We are asked to believe that he never read the book, and "probably never heard of it," but instantly recognized a picture of Dickens, when shown to him, as the face of the spirit who visits him, and the glorious beauty of whose eyes is wonderful to behold. Now, is not this infamous? Surely flogging is too good for ruffians like these spiritualists, who "put the bug" on the honored dead, and try to pick their pockets of posthumous fame! We feel sure the circulating medium is the only medium in the case, and that this young and industrious—chivalric-industrious-mechanic—is telling a Massa-o'——never mind what!

Once More the Much Forbearing Soul of the Town Crier rebels at the infernal din made by that beaten Bush street, to which a little French church is attached. In vain has he expostulated with the demon that presides over that bell; in vain has he invoked heaven and conjured hell to help him stop its damnable and untimely ringings. Before the earliest rooster has summoned his harem to arise, it rings. At the witching hour of midnight its gigantic clapper hammers its molten sides extorting noises hideous enough to wake a dead Irishman, and maddening enough to make Dr. Stone damn his maternal grandmother's eyes. At last a happy thought has struck us, a giant gunpowder cartridge, tied on to the clapper, and well soaked in nitro-glycerine—that's the idea! The only question is, not who'll "bell the cat?" but "who'll cat the bell?"

In These Day of Impecuniosity, it is refreshing and comforting to learn that one of our shining legal lights still keeps up our prestige, and "never goes into Court for less than $250." We congratulate our friend, Judge Campbell, on his success at the Bar, and hope he may meet with many more cases of confiding Britishers, who, having been swindled out of $3,000, require his aid, and are foolish enough to believe in his pompous assertions and pay him his exorbitant fees for a few hours in the Police Court. The Judge evidently considers that the "Alabama Claims" have been put at too low a figure. We pity the English Treasury had he the fixing of the damages.

A Beautiful Mexican Girl, with hair almost as long and thick as Godiva's, appeared in the Police Court on Thursday as witness. The glorious hirsute adornments of the Aztec beauty excited the envy of several attorneys, whose upper storeys are not so thickly thatched now as lang syne. The sight, says old Mrs. *Alta*, who happened to be present, caused several of these envious gentlemen to rub their bald pates vigorously with a bandana. Did the wipe circulate? Are pocket-handkerchiefs then as rare among the legal luminaries of our grimy little Police Court as sound arguments and good pleading?

Mrs. Minnie Myrtle Miller "regrets that the misapprehension exists that her lecturing tour was undertaken with the object of injuring her husband." O, the asp in a basket of flowers! Why, we are sick to death of this cant. We love a strong hater, one flinging the glove boldly, saying, "You have wronged me, I *will* have eye for eye and tooth for tooth." But this, this Nürnberg image, "*eiserne Jungfrau*," letting the life out in an embrace of spikey stabs; this she-Judas, cross and kiss in one—faugh! sprinkle carbolic acid here!

George Francis Train is insane at last. We knew how it would be. We told George times how it would be. Our soul has yearned over this prodigal. We have wrestled on our knees at a throne of grace for this wandering lamb, till we rose limping like Jacob after the angel hit him foul below the belt. No use: George went on just so; kept a-bleating, kept a-wandering, took to shirking his drink, grew careless about the *News Letter*, hardly ever opened a bible, and now—poor Train!

In Answer to the New York Tribune's Inquiry, "Do Not Jews Write Poetry?" that exceptionally fortunate person, the editor of the *Jewish Messenger*, says he never received a dozen bits of original poetry from his coreligionists in all his experience. This, besides being a very fortunate circumstance for the readers of his journal, also shows that the people who claim to be the chosen of God have sadly degenerated since the days of David and Solomon, in that they now pay less attention to the Psalms than to the Profits.

The Chronicle Discovered, last Thursday, a clock in a Kearny street window that had thirteen dials. Now, by that clock, in his innocent youth, did the T. C. time his truancies. Before that clock, in his early days, he was wont to chew gum, and muse on the flight of time, and the mutability of things. That clock was there before the *Chronicle* was born, yet De Young hails it now with a discovery shout, like a new Balboa sighting a Pacific. All aboard for "the live paper!"

"Belshazzar's Feast: A Grand Affair, and What Came of It," was the last Sunday evening bill of Rev. F. F. Jewell. There is an unseemly levity in the announcement, tending to disparage the sacred *eclat* of the great Babylonian free lunch. This growing irreverence with our clerical end men will yet extend to the regular profession, and encourage such originals as Billy Emerson to steal St. Paul's conundrums, the holy jokes of Solomon, and other inspired gags.

Lord Dufferin, of the "Yacht Voyage in High Latitudes," is the coming man. He is Governor of the Dominion of Canada, and he was sorely tempted, when traveling on the St. Lawrence, to turn up and spank various children that he saw. He is just the man to tell us what to do with "Our Boys," and if he would only come and do it, we should all be *multum gratificati et flattificati* to make him Governor of our dominion.

Fifty-eight Years Ago the Battle of Waterloo was described in one-third of a column in the London *Morning Chronicle*. Volumes could not convey a more forcible illustration of the expansion of journalism than does this single fact. Our own *Modoc* war has been a godsend to our sensational press. A couple of pages would not contain one half of the stuff crammed into the columns of our local dailies.

They Have Put Tom Quinn in the Insane Asylum because he is crazy and imagines himself God. Well, what a damned fool this is! Why didn't he imagine himself a devil and go and kill somebody. Then a judge, and a jury, and a committee of doctors would have got him off, and sent him a lecturing to Sacramento. God help thee, shallow man! God make incision in thee! Thou art raw.

Land seems now to be the cause of not only murders but suicides, as Mr. J. H. Gordon, of Monterey, having some little dispute about land titles, shot himself twice. This seems a very natural way of settling a knotty question, as he will at least have an undoubtedly good title to six feet by three of terra firma, and no one to dispute it.

The Investigation proves the Shipping Commissioner to be the right man in the right place. The veritable old man of the *sea*. The malcontent marine abysters at the city front should see the point and likewise the Colonel.

All the Papers in the Country have been busy drawing the moral from the exposures in Congress. This is merely superfluous. What is really called for, and in vain, is to have some one draw the *immoral* out of the Congressional [illegible]

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CALIFORNIA FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS-LETTER

Delivered immediately on the arrival of the mails in New York, Liverpool, London, Paris, Hamburg, Frankfort, Berlin, Suez, Alexandria, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Melbourne, Auckland, Sydney and Islands of the Pacific Ocean.

[Established July 20, 1856.]

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1873. No. 8.

BIZ.

The Spring Trade is now opening, although somewhat later in the season than usual. Bad roads have had much to do with this delay. Merchants, as a body, do not complain of a scarcity of money. They prefer to discount their bills of purchase in preference to giving notes at 60 and 90 days. It is the street brokers and operators in mining shares that complain of a stringent money market, they having paid out "mud" on margins until the floating capital devoted to stock gambling is all consumed. An exchange paper thus speaks of our home finances: "Half a million of dollars in gold coin drained from this market weekly for New York requirements is rather more than was bargained for, and if continued for any length of time will greatly enhance our existing financial perplexities. The New York 'gold ring' exerts a marked influence on our market, and its operations are being conducted under circumstances that are unusually favorable. The parties to it are reported to have locked up something like $16,000,000 in gold, and the United States Treasury contains now only about $12,000,000 in specie, while there is a real scarcity of gold throughout the country. Thousands of immigrants who have settled in remote Western districts, where bank facilities are scarce and difficult of access, convert their paper currency into specie, with the merits of which they are well acquainted, and constitute themselves their own bankers. The same hoarding process is going on at the South also, the negroes and cotton planters on a small scale preferring to be the custodians of their funds. The aggregate of specie hoarded in these sections is estimated to be many millions. Gold forwarded from here to New York realizes a fat premium, enough to ensure a handsome profit on merchandise for this market and purchased with the currency for which it was exchanged."

Freights to Liverpool, £4 nominal. The tonnage supply more free than for some time past, and it is probable that large vessels for Wheat may be chartered before the close of the month at £3 15s @ £3 17s. 6d. Flour to New York via Panama steamer is carried at $2 50 gold in sacks, and $2 70 in wood. The same via Central Pacific Railroad at $4 10 currency per bbl from Marysville, and $4 20 from this city, all in sacks.

The Spirits on Wheat.—Last week Mr. Isaac Friedlander sold to a speculator 2,000 tons Wheat in store at 2c. per pound free storage for the season. The *Commercial Herald* tells the story as follows, of "one of the wealthiest farmers in the State, John Mitchell by name. He is a resident of Paradise Valley, owning perhaps 30,000 acres of the best lands in the State. His Wheat crop last season was large, and of this he now holds 60,000 centals—say 3,000 tons—and this he refuses to sell at present, and why? He is under the influence of the spirits, consulting them weekly upon the subject, they telling him not to sell his Wheat, but to buy more, as the market is sure to advance considerably. Under this influence, Mr. Mitchell last week visited this city, and bought of one party 2,000 tons Wheat at 2c., and 1,000 tons of other parties for something less. This farmer now holds and controls 6,000 tons Wheat, say in all $220,000 in value, and this he is disposed to hold for the present, or as long as advised by the spirits, be they good or bad."

Imports for the Week have been liberal. We have already received two or more cargoes of new crop Central American Coffee, say a total of over 10,000 bags, and this prime green is now held at 19c. The Coal market is rather languid, and quotations hard to give. Anthracite, $14@15; Australian, $11 50@12; Cumberland, $18@20; California, $6 50@8 50; Bellingham Bay, $10 50; Coos Bay and Seattle, $11; English Steam, $10@11. No Chile Coal here for a long time past. Bags are worth 16@17c for Burlap standards. Metals are held with considerable firmness. Hard Pig Iron, $32 50@35; Scotch soft, $37 50@40. Rice is plentiful; late advices from China note some advance in Hongkong, which may have some effect here. Salt is dull and nominal. Spices are without change in value. Spirits are in request at steady prices. Sugar is held with increasing firmness, with sales of 1,500 mats China refined at 9¾, 10@10¼c, but at these prices there is a loss to the importer of fully $3 per bale, which, of course, will soon stop the business of importing refined Sugar from Hongkong. Our sugar refiners keep their prices steady at 12c and upwards, and there is some talk of another advance. They have this week put up the price of Golden Syrup ten cents, making present rate 60c in kegs, 55c in half bbls, 52½c in bbls. We note a sale of 1,200 gross Preston & Merrill's Yeast Powders at $20, present price $22.

California Cotton is likely soon to become one of her staples. This crop of 600 bales, or more, has been marketed at good prices. The crop of 1873 will, we hope, amount to 5,000 bales. All the product of the State has been sold to factories on this coast, chiefly at 18c. The Strong crop of 96 bales—say 30,000 pounds—sold at this rate, the San Jose Mills taking 40 bales, the Marysville Mills, 21 bales; others taking the balance. The Buckley Brothers have completed the baling of their crop, grown in Merced county—say 110 bales, averaging 370 pounds each. Most of their crop was planted in June. Much trouble was experienced in ginning the crop, and more or less injured in consequence. There was also much delay in picking the Cotton. Laborers were scarce and hard to get, and some of it was not picked until February. In future, we hope all these obstacles will be overcome. It is quite an important point to know that a market in California has been found for all raised here at 16@20c. Now, if we can have a cotton mill in this city to work up the crop of 1873 into flour sacks, a great and important work will be accomplished.

Barley to Melbourne.—Two small vessels have been chartered to load for Lyttelton, New Zealand, the Stormy Petrel and Esperulador, while the Henrietta Behn will load for Melbourne. The present price of choice Brewing Barley is $1 35@1 40 per ctl. We have a total stock in the State of less than 300,000 sacks. This year's crop will be gathered early, and promises to be large, hence the conclusion that the price of Barley will not advance much this season. Chevalier Barley is very scarce, and is wanted for export to the colonies.

Flour Barrels.—The market is now being supplied with a patent barrel, which is likely to fill a very important want on this coast. These barrels are furnished much less than the ordinary kind, and are likely to be used extensively. Two hundred half barrels are being filled with Extra Flour to be sent to Punta Arenas, C. A., as an experiment.

California's Grain Fleet now numbers 285 vessels to the United Kingdom. This does not embrace all the exports of the port, but simply those to Great Britain and Ireland. Of all this large quantity of Wheat sent to the United Kingdom there is less than 15,000 barrels flour; of this the ship Acapulco, now loading at Vallejo, carries perhaps 7,000 bbls best extra.

	Wheat. Ctls.	Value.
Total since July 1st, 1872.....285 vessels....	5,215,412	14,757,642
34 vessels since July 1, 1871, with	1,022,903	2,556,700
118 vessels since July 1, 1870, with....	3,371,500	6,674,331
161 vessels since July 1, 1869, with	4,116,045	7,031,388

In addition to this there are now 21 vessels on the berth that will carry 20,000 tons more of wheat; and besides all this, those well posted compute our remaining stock of wheat in the State at 100,000 tons. If this be so, it is easy to see that our last year's wheat crop approximated 30,000,000 of bushels, thus establishing our claim as the Wheat Banner State of the Union.

Wool.—The spring clip is now coming forward in limited quantity. The price is not yet established. Opinions vary as to opening prices. Growers are disposed to show a disposition to hold for better prices than the present outlook; but with a spring clip of thirteen million pounds pressing upon the market, we think Eastern buyers will be able to secure all they want at fair prices, although as yet none of them have put in an appearance. Sales for the week, in lots, 50,000 lbs., within the range of 16c. to 25c., as extremes.

Leather.—Advices from London are encouraging for further exports from Santa Cruz tanneries, correspondents say they hope to realize an advance of ½d. on previous sales, and recommend regular shipments. Deer Skins are scarce and wanted at 30@37½c. ℔ ℔. Goat Skins are also more in request for glove-makers.

Fruit.—The receipts of Oranges the past week were about 600 boxes, which sold from $3@5 per 100, though a few of the Sunny Slope brand brought $5 50. A prominent Los Angeles orange-grower stated to us in a conversation that in about a year's more time his crop will quadruple. At this rate of increase we must look for another market to take off our surplus supplies. Oregon Apples came in to the extent of about 1,200 boxes by last steamer, and brought $1 50@2 per box. On the 19th inst. another car load of 1,000 boxes of Layer Raisins arrived from the East, coming to a slow market. We also note the arrival of 150 half bbls New York Dried Apples, selling at low rates. Strawberries are now beginning to come in regularly, and prices have fallen proportionately. Asparagus, Green Peas, and New Potatoes are now quite plentiful.

Wheat.—The export demand is continued at $1 85 for round lots of Choice. Millers find it difficult to make their selections for Extra under $1 85@1 90. Some of our largest holders are not willing to sell under the latter rate. There continues a fair demand for distillation, a lot of weevily taken for that purpose at $1 55. Our Coast supplies continue more free than from any other locality, a large surplus yet remaining south of us, but unfortunately a large portion of it is dark or more or less rusty, and is not therefore desirable for shipping, or in fact not a favorite with any. The price is consequently more or less irregular, ruling from $1 50 to $1 75, according to quality, with sales to the extent of 5,000 sacks in lots. Other transactions aggregate 20,000 sacks for good to choice at $1 80@1 87½, closing price, $1 90 for the best. Our latest Liverpool quotation is 11s 6d @11s. 8d. for average cargoes of California, and 11s. 10d.@12s. 4d. for White Club.

The P. M. S. S. Co.'s Steamer Alaska arrived here on the 21st instant on schedule time, bringing 1,229 Chinese passengers and others, besides a very large cargo of general merchandise, in all 19,859 pkgs. This included 10,207 boxes Tea, 341 pkgs Silk, 1,150 bales Hemp, 172 pkgs Opium, 837 pkgs Rice, 102 bags Pepper, 177 pkgs Tapioca, 37 pkgs Sago and 3,251 pkgs Chow Chow. About 4,000 pkgs Tea go East overland, including an invoice for Montreal.

Gilt-edged Butter to New York from California.—60,000 pounds of Choice Roll Butter has been sent to New York by Pacific railway the past ten days. We hope to swell the same to 100,000 lbs., perhaps, sending one car load to Boston and another to Philadelphia.

Overland Shipments of Treasure by express for week ending 19th March, $616,264; of which $521,800 was Gold Coin and $94,464 Silver Bars. No account made of the large shipments of Gold Coin by mail.

Mexican Dollars.—The steamer Constitution arrived here on the 19th with a large cargo of general merchandise from Panama and way ports, besides 139,870 Mexican Dollars to various consignees.

Flour to Hongkong.—The Mariano has cleared with 22,000 quarter sacks. The Cairnsmore will soon follow, with a still greater quantity. Price, $5 per bbl.

We Find that the Dowager Marchioness of Waterford was not so severely injured in the hunting field as at first reported. It appears that she was jumping her horse out on a road—we believe the Ramore road—when he suddenly swerved, and the Marchioness was thrown off. The horse then ran for some distance, dragging her along the road, her habit having caught in the pommel of the saddle. The horse having been stopped, the Marchioness was extracted from her perilous position. She happily escaped with only some scratches on the side of her face and forehead, and some slight bruises on her shoulder.

It is Estimated that the average income of English authors is not more than one hundred and fifty pounds a year, yet Mr. Charles Dickens, Jr., reports that he is unable to find any one to occupy the houses for poor authors, recently erected at Stevenage. "We have been," he writes, "wholly unable to find a poor member of the guild willing to become a tenant of one of the houses, and it is to members of the guild alone that, according to the terms of our act, its benefits are applicable." What a humiliating failure of an enterprise for which Dickens, and Lemon, and Forster, acted, for which Dickens read so often, and to which Bulwer contributed so liberally!

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG."

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MARCH 29, 1873. No. 9.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—870@875—SILVER BARS—1½@1¾ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86½@87⅛c. Mexican Dollars, 5@7c.

☞ Exchange on N. York, 6-10 per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 14½ per cent. On London, Bankers 49@49⅛; Commercial 49⅛@49¼; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1⅛.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, March 28, at 3 P. M., 116⅛. Latest price of Sterling, 107½@108.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco. March 28, 1873

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8.	101¼	102½	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	120	125
U. S. Bonds 5-20s 1861	101⅝	101⅝	Oakland Gas	102	-
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	101⅝	101⅝	Spring Valley Water Co	82	83
Legal Tender Notes	87	87⅛	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	85	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	30	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	85	—	Front St. M. and O. R. R. Co.	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds.	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co....	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	93	Union Insurance Co	90	92½
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	—	Pacific Bank	90	92½
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	130	135
San Francisco Gas Company	77	80	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	110

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES.	TEAS.	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	37 50 @ 40 —	Japans	— 30 @ — 75
Bar Iron, assorted ℔ ℔.	4 @ 6	Oolong.	— 50 @ — 85
Metal Sheathing, ℔ ℔	28 @ — 30	SUGARS	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No 1, ℔ ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 10
Lead, Pig ℔ ℔	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 7½ @ — 8
Lead, Sheet, ℔ ℔	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 12¼ @ — 12½
Banca Tin, ℔ ℔	— 40 @ — 42½	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Quicksilver	— — @ — 95	Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton.	14 00 @ 15 00	Sperm Wax, ℔ ℔	— 30 @ — 41
Australian	11 50 @ 12 00	Adamantine.	— 15 @ — 18
Cumberland	18 00 @ 20 00	SPIRITS OR LIQUORS	
Anthracite	14 00 @ 15 00	Whisky, American.	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	10 50 @ 11 00	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 60
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rio, ℔ ℔	— 19 @ 19½	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 22 @ 23	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila.	— 16 @ 17	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	16 @ 19	Chicken Gunnies, 200-℔	— 17 @ — 18
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales.	— 16 @ — 17
China, No. 1, ℔ ℔	— 6⅞ @ — 7	Burlap Bags	— 16 @ — 17
China, No 2	— 5⅞ @ — 6¾	Hessian, 40-inch, ℔ yard	— — @ — 12
Hawaiian	— 8⅞ @ — 9	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool, ℔ ℔	— 14 @ — 25
Champagne, ℔ doz.	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 7 @ — 7½
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 18 @ — 19
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 ℔s	1 60 @ 1 90
OIL.		Barley	1 35 @ 1 37½
Coal and Kerosene	— 33 @ — 37½	Oats	2 00 @ 2 25
		Flour, ℔ 196 ℔s	4 75 @ 6 75

CALIFORNIANS ABROAD.

Paris.—Miss Annie J. G. Boyd, 30 Boulevard Malesherbes; Mr. P. Evans, Hotel St. James; Mr. O. F. Fargo, 57 Rue Neuve Mathurins; General J. B. Frisbie, the Misses Frisbie, Hotel de l'Empire; Mrs. Major Hensley, Miss and Master Hensley, Splendide Hotel, Mrs John B. Le Gay, 8 Boulevard Malesherbes, Mr. G. C. Perkinson, Hotel St. James, Mr. George Reiter, 15 Avenue La Grande Annie.

Nice.—Dr. and Mrs. H. D. Cogswell, Pension Internationale; Mr. Augustus Humbert, Hotel des Anglais, Messrs. James H. and Richard T. Pierce, Hotel Meurice, Mr. and Mrs. and the Misses Levi, Hotel de la Mediterranée.

London.—Miss H. L. Chapman, 45 Tavistock Square, Mr. M. O. Connor, Charing Cross Hotel; Captain and Mrs. C. H. Harrison, 10 Duchess street; Mr. Francis H. Hill, Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Homans and family, Langham Hotel.—*American Register.*

"**Public Opinion**" says, "Mr. F. H. Whymper has been appointed by Mr. Bruce Assistant Inspector of Factories for the west and southwest of England, with Bristol for headquarters." (The nearest relative of the above F. H. Whymper, Mr. Whymper, of this city, has been appointed Curator of all matters of artistic effect to the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information to the Pacific Coast.)

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

NOTICE

The Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast will be opened for business on **Friday, April 4th.** In making this announcement, the Directors would intimate that the vast amount of information to be collected, in order to perfect the comprehensive plans they contemplate, cannot be obtained for some time, but day by day, as it is procured, the value of the institution will be the more and more enhanced. In addition to the business facilities afforded by the **Exchange**, the arrangements which are being made, and the attractive features to be continually added, will render it a favorite resort for visitors. Parties desiring to assist in furthering the interests of this institution, either by engaging space or by affording information affecting the material interests of the State, will please call between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. Tickets of admission will be issued, by the opening day, to all business men.

Latest from the Merchants' Exchange.

NEW YORK, March 28.—Gold opened at 116¾, 11 A. M. at 116⅛, 3 P. M. at 116⅛. U. S. Bonds—Five-twenties of '62, 117; 1867, 118⅛. Sterling Exchange, 108⅝@109⅛. Pacific Mail, 67¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 42. Wheat, $1 90@$2 10 quiet. Pork, quiet, 16@16½. Cotton, 19⅛. Hides, 21½@23, salted, 12c, steady. Oil—Sperm, steady, $1 55@$1 56, Winter Bleached, $1 65@$1 75, quiet; Whale, weak, 64@66c, Winter Bleached, 70@75c, quiet. Wool: Spring, fine, 30@36c., Burry, 25@28c., Pulled, 40@55c. Fall Clips, 25@28c., Burry, 16@21c. LONDON, March 28.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s 6d @11s. 8d. Club, 11s. 10d.@12s. 4d. United States Bonds, 91. Consols, 92¾@92⅞.

The Failure of the Mexican House of Messrs. F. de Lizardi & Co., whose acceptances were recently returned unpaid, has been definitely announced in the following circular. The firm in its present form was constituted twenty-five years ago, but its actual origin dates much further back. At the time of the great American panic in 1837 it occupied a very important position, and was largely interested in the trade with New Orleans. The outstanding liabilities have not been ascertained. Probably they are much below those which have been current in former years. "124 Cannon street, London, E.C., Feb. 17, 1873. We regret to be under the necessity of informing you that we have been compelled to suspend payment. We have placed our books in the hands of Messrs. Turquand, Youngs & Co., for the purpose of submitting a statement of our affairs to our creditors at the earliest possible moment. Yours obediently, F. DE LIZARDI & CO."

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company.—The recent irregularity of the arrivals and departures of Pacific Mail Steamship Company's vessels is variously commented upon, and as Captain Phelps, one of the Directors, is now here, it is probable he will ascertain where the fault lies. The repeated disasters which the Company's ships have lately met with, forcibly suggests recklessness or incompetency somewhere, in marked contrast with the former administrative ability displayed in the management. How far the removals and new appointments made some time ago are the cause of this, we have no means of knowing, but we may remark that prompt measures must be taken if the Directors desire to retain that prestige which the former business-like conduct of affairs and noted punctuality of sailings and arrivals obtained for the line.

"**Loveland.**"—Under this caption we shall next week favor our readers with the first of an authentic series of love epistles between "An Adorer" and his "Expectant One." The highly connected correspondents will, through the medium of these genuine effusions, admit us to more than a glimpse of the Sportive Boy's pranks among the susceptible ones of the Upper Ten.

The Report of the London and San Francisco Bank (Limited), presented on March 4th, recommended a dividend on the paid-up capital of £600,000, at the rate of twelve per cent per annum, of which one-half was paid on account last September. The balance of £20,000 for the good will of the business of Parrott & Co. has been written off.

Notice.—Contributors to the NEWS LETTER are requested to write on one side of their paper only, as it causes endless confusion if MSS. are written on both sides.

—An excellently well written statistical article on "American Commerce in China," although in type, is unavoidedly crowded out. It will appear next week.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

GIRLS! PASS ALONG!

Bless me! what a rosy row
Of girls at me their glances throw,
As they pass home at [illegible],
The light, coquettish throng!
Can [illegible] dear [illegible] for my,
"I have had my [illegible] day
Now, I put such things away!"
Girls! pass along!

Ah, my Zoe! pray desist!
Sooth I care not to be kissed;
Ask your mother if I list
To Cupid's siren song!
She - but that is quite none -
Knows what Love and I can do;
Her advice you'd best pursue -
Girls! pass along!

Laura! [illegible] would hardly guess
How your [illegible] [illegible] tress
Lips of [illegible] [illegible] -
We'd [illegible] think it wrong.
Look! she's coming! Tempt me not
In [illegible] [illegible] or shady grot
A [illegible] [illegible] the day he has got,
Girls! pass along!

You smiling too! you naughty Rose!
I wonder now if you suppose
I'm not aware what sort of beaux
Around your beauty throng!
I know the husband-hunting crew,
And all the pretty tricks they do.
I'm old - but much too young for you.
Girls! pass along!

Away - away! - you madcaps! - fly! -
Your roguish arts why will you try
To bind a graybeard - such as I
With Cupid's slender thong?
Yet, like a powder magazine,
My heart from flying sparks I screen,
The sparks that shoot from wanton e'en, -
Girls! pass along!

— *After Beranger by Saxe.*

FUNERAL OF JUDGE SHAFTER.

The Funeral of Judge Oscar L. Shafter took place at the First Congregational Church, Oakland, last Sunday afternoon. The rear dais and the organ [illegible] were beautifully decked with wreaths and festoons of green leaves, immortelles, camelias and white roses. Wreaths were laid on the cover of the casket and at the head was a large cross, composed of camelias and evergreens. The pall bearers were S. W. Sanderson, John Currey, A. L. Rhodes, Samuel Merritt, J. W. Dwinelle, W. T. Wallace, J. P. Hoge, J. D. Thornton, E. L. Goold, David Crockett and Henry Durant. The services were conducted by Rev. L. Hamilton, of the Independent Presbyterian Church; Rev. H. J. McLean, of the First Congregational, assisting. The funeral discourse was delivered by Rev. Dr. Stebbins. The following is that portion of the sermon touching the character of the deceased:

Events in the life of the individual man tend to this conclusion. While society moves on in perpetual process or endless chain, this journey ever new and land taken up in fear and hope, attended by hovering souls of home and [illegible] pursued and home with womanly devotion wherever the [illegible] [illegible] the mariner, by day and fire by night, directed the faithful footsteps, is ended. So the mariner, storm-tossed and weary, long fed in many perils, in many seas, emerges at length into calm and genial days, happy winds woo his sails, he spies the eternal headlands that have [illegible] so many eyes, the good ship rides into port, he casts the patient anchor, and finds the straightened [illegible] the haven of his heart.

Whether we consider life as a journey upon the land, with many dangerous delays and dangers, [illegible] passages, or as a stormy voyage upon the sea, there be many who are glad when they arrive at home. [illegible] makes no error when she adopts our deepest human satisfaction, carrying them forward to the future making that a home. It was no error, but a firm look, and a delicate imagination that said, "I am a stranger on the earth." It is a true human experience. To the man worn by toil, burdened with grief, chastened by disappointment, to the man who has [illegible] through this world gained its meaning, and is leaning idea and suggestion, this is not his abiding place. As early ideas of childhood no longer satisfy his mature intelligence, so a world whose import and significance he has caught and appropriated to the uses of moral being must give way to the nobler ideas of an ever advancing experience. Whether then, by the weariness of the body, its mental energies, like the rod that is melted by electric fire, or by the aspiring mind and soul, we do outgrow the world and have done with it. We are weary and long for rest, we are travelers and wish for home. Death is blessing, peace, hope, life.

This was the experience of our friend and fellow-citizen, Chief Justice Shafter. His physical frame had received an irreparable hurt, and he could no longer grasp the isolated fact and hold it in eternal unity to its principle. The world was no longer useful. Affection might watch with tender fidelity, and love and gratitude might still find comfort in the happy labor of self-forgetfulness. But life was done, the world was done, and death was the faithful friend to rescue him from the thrall of dissolved powers.

A grateful and appreciative estimate of him as a man, is not commensurate with his external history. An account of any man's circumstances would not be an account of him, for circumstances powerful as they are are not the chief element in his being. We cannot divest ourselves of the feeling that the real quality of a man is will, idea, thought, conviction. A man's life and his character are in his mind. And the nobler a man is, the less consequence it is where he lived or died. A universality above all local origin or event pertains to the essential quality of human nature.

I had the pleasure a few years ago to spend a day with him on the Point Reyes Rancho. I arrived on the ground in the morning, and found him sleeping beneath a little bower that he had made to protect him from the glare of day or the chill of night. I thought of Jonah, who built a bower a little way out of the city of Nineveh, and lay there frequently to see what would come to pass. But a better than Jonah was here. He awoke, gave me cordial greeting, generous as the morning. We shortly took to the saddles and spent the day riding over the domain, wherever interest, curiosity or excitement led. He was full of vivacity, observation, reflection, feeling. The hills, the valleys, the running water, the shady glen, the woodbird's note, all attracted his attention, as he [illegible] it. The men all liked him, from the Spanish vaquero, the lingering remnant of a former civilization, to the American boy, taking his first lessons in throwing the [illegible] riata. All liked him, yet none were familiar or frivolous toward him. I got on that day the flavor of his mind and character - a man of great good sense.

God endowed Judge Shafter with a physical and intellectual constitution well fitted to strive with the powers of this world. Energy, endurance of labor, and a kind of mountainous good sense that sees men and things as they are and goes free of all affectation and cant, are the sure and trusty qualities of practical excellence. He had a kind of human sagacity by which he knew man from any other animal. His judgment moved with ease and self-reliance amid a great variety of circumstances, from the measure of a tree in the forest to the action of the hour in politics or the providence of God in human life. He was long-headed. He did not affect wisdom by much [illegible] science, neither did he run to fancy by talking overmuch. He expressed his opinion with that easy firmness, without show of independence peculiar to feebler natures, but as to the manor born and at home in the truth. But these practical abilities, energy, good sense, round-aboutness and integrity of nature — were by no means the measure of his endowments. His intellectual perceptions were clear, and in his statement of principles he could have had few superiors. He had that appreciation of the law of laws, the unity and generalization of truth that gives moral dignity to the intellect and the perspective of moral grandeur to all principles, without which the mind itself becomes frivolous, a mere popinjay chatter of things unreal. When themes of deep human interest were touched, his mind kindled along its summit with the fine enthusiasm of poetic feeling and insight. He did not belong to that class of minds always emphatic, never forcible; neither to that other class, "small pot soon hot," whose enthusiasm is in the blood and not in idea. His mind sometimes lay calm, latent, asleep as the Summer sea, and rolled with sleepy strength, and in all the manifestations of his intellectual activity, there was something of that repose which is the measure of reserved power and the background of all greatness. He was a pleasant companion and a good talker. I have seen him very happy in the society of children, and touched with true feeling at little expressions of love and trust in the young. He was a man of great good sense, practical, yet with wide discourse of intelligence and reason, calm, dispassionate, yet of fine sensibility and true poetic feeling, and his whole nature, by the eternal weight of moral gravity, swinging toward the truth. His religious faith was simple and human. He derived his conviction of the character of God from the nature of man and the experience of human life. He inferred that justice is love, that mercy is God's justice. I think he considered his mortal [illegible] the Almighty maker of man, he would, in the depths of simplicity of his heart, have forgotten the loneliness and imperfection of his own [illegible], and thought only that he was a man. He would have said, with David Hamilton:

Here lies David Hamilton
O Lord God, whose mercies are so great,
Do by me as I do by ye,
If I were Lord God
And ye were David Hamilton.

The body was taken to the Oakland Cemetery and deposited in the family vault. Among those present, besides the relatives of the deceased, were a very large number of the San Francisco and Sacramento Bar.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION.

Plans and Specifications Examined by the Supervisors.—The Board of Supervisors, in pursuance of a resolution in January last, invited plans and specifications for the erection of a House of Correction upon the Industrial School grounds. The building to be two stories in height, constructed of brick or stone, at a cost not to exceed $125,000, the successful architect to receive $1,000 for his plan. In response to the advertisement plans were filed with the Clerk of the Board, and at noon to-day the Board met as a committee of the Whole to consider the subject. Each architect was allowed ten minutes time for explanation. His competitors to be excluded from the room during each explanation. [illegible] Bousfield, the first on the list, explained the features of his plan for a brick building, which would cost $121,000. The plan of Kenitzer & Hyams for a brick building would cost $118,000, to accommodate 140 prisoners at $125,000. The plans of [illegible] [illegible] for brick work would cost $125,000, and the building would accommodate 140 persons. Hagler & Son proposed a building that would accommodate 150 prisoners, at a cost of $122,000, not including the cells, but by an arrangement they could construct a building to accommodate 140 prisoners in each of the three wings within the amount appropriated. The plan of Aug. Laver would cost $125,000, the building to be constructed of stone, with 240 cells. By the plan of Wright & Saunders a two-story building of stone and brick would cost $500,000, and according to their full plan the expense of construction would amount to $750,000. This building would have accommodations for 600 persons. P. J. O'Connor submitted plans for a two-story building to cost $121,188. No definite action was taken upon the plans, and on motion of Mr. M[illegible] it was resolved that the Committee meet at 1 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday next, for further consideration of the matter. It was also resolved that the three architects who had submitted plans, and who were not represented at the meeting, should have an opportunity to be heard. The Board then adjourned.

The Report of the Directors of the Anglo-American Telegraph Company, Limited, states that the total receipts for the past year amount to [illegible], including a balance of £5,677 carried over from the last account. The ordinary working and other expenses, including income tax, amounted to £31,280, leaving a balance of £337,000. Out of this amount three interim dividends of two per cent. each had been paid, leaving a balance of £[illegible]. The Directors, before declaring the net profits, had set aside £11,000 for the renewal fund, thereby increasing that fund to £[illegible]. The Directors recommended that the balance of £[illegible] be appropriated to the payment of a further dividend of four per cent. free of income tax, which, with the three interim dividends already paid, would be at the rate of ten per cent. per annum to December 31st last, and to the payment of a bonus of two per cent., also free of income tax, leaving a balance of £16,000 to be carried forward.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that the Field Deputies of this office will commence assessing property SATURDAY, March 1, 1873. The duties assigned to the Deputies are to [illegible] only to require ex[illegible] at one and while I have been careful in making my selection to fill the [illegible] with men favorably known in this community, I [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] amount, confident that the duties will be discharged by them to the general satisfaction. I [illegible] request the general public to [illegible]. Any [illegible] of duty by any of my Deputies, and assure them that any just complaints will receive immediate attention.
LEVI [illegible]
City and County Assessor.
March 1.

SPORTSMEN'S EMPORIUM,

538 Washington street, below Montgomery, San Francisco.—LIDDLE & KAEDING, GUN AND RIFLE MAKERS, and Importers of Guns, [illegible] Fishing Tackle, Powder Flasks, [illegible] Materials [illegible] and Ammunition, wholesale and retail. Guns and Pistols made to order and Repairing of every description neatly executed and guaranteed to give satisfaction. [March

WANTED,

By an Englishman, with six years reference from railroad company in the East, a situation as Porter, Collector, or willing to make himself useful in any Office, Store, Warehouse, or other department. Address
March 1 H. S. A., News Letter Office.

Cal. Placard Exchange Co. and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast.

J. MORRIS,

Placard Writer for the Placard Exchange.—Show Cards written in elegant style for every business, at 3 Geary street, near Dupont, San Francisco. March 15.

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS,

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. H. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1

C. L. CRACKBON.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to H. B. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 2

BURLING & BROTHER,

Stock Brokers, have removed to No. 304 Sansome street, near California. March 15.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

WEBER PIANOS,

At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. These Pianos have a world-wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb. 1.]

SCUDDER & FULLER,

Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Commissioner of Deeds for all the States and Territories. No. [illegible] Montgomery street. Feb. 15.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 6[illegible] to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, FREE OF POSTAGE, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES FOR THE BENEFIT OF TRAVELLERS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD: —

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, J. M. Smith & Co., Wm. Young, Eastand & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—Ed. Baare.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—J. D. Hodges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown Campbell & Co., Thomas Torrell, Wayte, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co., W. J. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner, Ed. Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lafargue [illegible] & Fils, Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co., Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres, Jacques, Simon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Hertz.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce, Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Frankfort—S. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Guaymas—Black & Co., A. Willard, Esq., James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Luttenroth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, Borenthals.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co., C. Dubois & Co., Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq., H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co., Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring Bros & Co., Drury, Davies & Co., [illegible] Angus, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co., Alsop & Co., Huth, Gruening & Co., Bates, Stokes & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Union Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excelentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co., Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Ricardo Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co., McCulloch, Sellars & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co., Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Lelechman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

Peculiarities of Different Languages.—The Hindoos are said to have no word for a "friend." The Italians have no equivalent for our "humility." The Russian dictionary gives a word, the definition of which is "not to have enough time on your fortune a want [illegible]," a second means "to kill over again, a third, "to earn by dancing," while the word "knout," which we have all learned to consider a specifically Russian meaning and application, proves upon investigation to be their word "knot," and to mean only a "whip" of any kind. The Germans call a thimble a "finger hat" (which it certainly is), and a grasshopper a "hay horse." A glove with them is a "hand shoe," showing evidently that they wore shoes before gloves. Poultry is "feather cattle," whilst the names for the well-known substances, "oxygen" and "hydrogen," are, in their language, "sour-stuff" and "water-stuff." The French, strange to say, have no verb "to stand," nor can a Frenchman speak of "kicking" any one. The nearest approach he, in his politeness, makes to it is, to threaten to "give a blow with his foot," the same thing, probably to the recipient, in either case, but it seems to want the directness, the energy, of our "kick." Neither has he any word for "baby," nor for "home," nor "comfort." The terms "upstairs" and "downstairs" are also unknown in French. In English we "cork" meat and "core" [illegible] people, and we like our girls to be "quick," but never wish to see them "fast."—*[illegible] Monthly.*

A Letter from Neufchateau, Vosges, relates that a band of wild boars entered the village of [illegible] and took refuge in a garden. To inhabitants armed themselves with guns, spades, and whatever offensive arms they could lay hands on, and tried to destroy them. One of the wild boars, the largest of the herd, jumped over the paling of the garden, rushed through the village, entered a house and rushed into a room in which an old woman of eighty was lying in bed. Her son, who is the best shot in the district, pursued the animal and overtook it as it had lain down at the side of the bed. He cried out to his mother not to be afraid, fired at and wounded the beast, which then dashed through the window. But another sportsman who happened to be outside, killed it on the spot. The other boars had also been hunted from the garden by the peasants, one of whom was attacked by an infuriated animal, and was so severely injured by its tusks, that his life is in danger.

Leasing the Pyramids.—Barnum has hitherto beaten creation as a showman, but an enterprising Aberdonian threatens to put Barnum completely in the shade. The Aberdonian in question recently left London direct for Egypt, where he hopes to be able to arrange for a five years' lease of the Pyramids. He has been in correspondence with the Khedive, and he thinks that the right to charge a landsome [illegible] for liberty to enter in [illegible] the Pyramids will be granted to him by the Egyptian Government for a "good rate consideration." If his offer is accepted, the Pyramids will be "put in each [illegible]" this summer. There is no sort of enterprise which comes amiss to Aberdonians, but I question if any Aberdonian ever before conceived the idea of making his fortune out of the work of the Pharaohs.

Gladstone tells us that the wealth which England produced in the interval of 70 years, between 1800 and 1870 equals the aggregate of the production from the invasion of Julius Cæsar to the year 1800, and he further estimates the wealth produced during the 30 years since 1840 to be equal to that produced during the 40 years previous. This gigantic result is the achievement of steam. The chemical creation of [illegible]—the use of the horse and the ox—added tenfold to the productive power of man. But the utilizing of steam as a motive power increases the products of industry one thousand fold. The aggregate amount of productions that outlast the use of one generation, and are handed down to the next, is thereby increased one hundred fold.

Mr. Bret Harte.—Mr. Bret Harte, the author of the "Heathen Chinee," and poem for a short stories in which humor and pathos are happily blended, and in which life in the Far West is described with a freshness and nerve peculiarly his own, is about to pay a visit to this country. The British public, amongst whom the circulation of Mr. Harte's books has been enormous, will be enabled to make his personal acquaintance, as he purposes to reside in London, and to the principal cities of the United Kingdom. He is to lecture descriptive of the early days of California, an enterprise which he calls "The Argonauts of '49." Mr. Harte will probably arrive in London about the middle of April.

Political Club in London for Women.—Some of the advanced spirits in London, a correspondent writes, are about to form a political club, which will admit women as well as men. Some fifty ladies and gentlemen have expressed their wish to belong to it, and among them are Professor Fawcett, Mr. Mill, Mr. and Mrs. Moncure Conway, and the daughter of Earl Russell. It is generally supposed that the concession of the suffrage to women will increase the strength of the Conservative party, but the lady members of this projected club are understood to be Republicans.

Vitromanie.—A new process for the ornamentation of windows in churches and other buildings has just been invented by Messrs. Barnard & Son, of London, under the name of "Vitromanie." It may be described in a few words: the designs, which are beautiful and harmonious in coloring and design, are printed upon a paper so prepared that, after having been coated with glue, and wetted, they will adhere, by being pressed upon it firmly, to the glass. The paper is then taken off entire, leaving the colored design alone on the window. The durability of these decorations is warranted.

Utilization of Slags.—The utilization of the slags in iron-works has long been most anxiously sought for. The following process will be of interest: blast furnace slags are granulated at Osnabruck, Germany, by allowing the molten stream from the tap to flow into water from a suitable height, in the same way as lead is converted into shot in towers. The slag is used for filling in between railroad sleepers, and also in the manufacture of concrete, and, if it contains considerable alumina, is ground and converted into alum.

"A Sensitive Waterfall."—Professor Edwin J. Houston publishes, in the *Journal of the Franklin Institute*, a notice of "A Sensitive Waterfall." As flames are sensitive to musical sounds and alter their forms in obedience to them, so he produced, so it appears, thin, delicate streams of water dripping from pendants of moss responded to certain notes of the voice, especially to a shrill falsetto. The Professor writes: "The publication of the facts will enable others to try the experiment for themselves."

Japanese Progress.—One of the Japanese ambassadors has wooed and won the daughter of a Paris banker. The *Gaulois* says: "The young lady marries the foreigner because a young man to whom she was betrothed was compromised in the late financial affairs. The despair of the damsel produced a deep impression on the Mikado's representative, who in order to console the fair one, offered his love, his hand, and a wedding outfit, which is said to be a collection of wonders."

It is Stated that an Opera, founded on Sir Walter Scott's "Talisman," the manuscript of which was nearly completed by Mr. Balfe just before his death, will be produced at Drury Lane next season. Sir M. Costa is to write the *finale*, and several "numbers" which the composer left unfinished. Mdlle. Nilsson will appear as the Queen.

The Duc d'Aumale is going to remove his collection of pictures from Twickenham to Chantilly. This collection, which consists of more than 2,500 paintings of different schools and periods, will be placed in the gallery of the Duc de Pauine.

M. Thiers has directed an architect to draw up a plan for the reconstruction of the Chateau of St. Cloud, with wings. An intention is attributed to the President of proposing the removal of the National Assembly to St. Cloud.

Mr. Bessemer says he is prepared to supply guns that shall fire balls of fire tons at the rate of one a minute, and to construct a gun to fire a ten-ton ball.

Madame Lucca, writing from Boston, speaks of a trip to Havanna and California.

CALIFORNIA STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD.

T. J. L. SMILEY, ... President. | JOS. TILDEN, ... Caller
CHAS. L. WELLER, . . . Vice-President. | E. J. BALDWIN, ... Treasurer
W. W. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Adamson, W. R. H.	408 California st.	Lincoln, J.	322 Montgomery street.
Allen, C. R.	105 [illegible] street.	Mansfield, M.	306 Montgomery street.
Baldridge, M.	606 Montgomery st.	Marina, S. J. de S.	322 Montgomery street.
Baldwin, E. J.	609 California street.	McCollough, T. J.	706 Montgomery street.
Barrell, Sam'l.	422 Montgomery street.	McCarthy, O.	327 Montgomery street.
Bourne, J. B.	523 California street.	McKenty, J.	422 Montgomery street.
Broderick, R.	6 Merchants' Exchange.	Middleton, John.	310 Montgomery street.
Case, J. M.	322 Montgomery street.	Moore, J. M.	77 Montgomery Block.
Childs, P. G.	436 California street.	Myers, W. F.	411 California street.
DeGreayer, S.	513 Montgomery street.	O'Connor, T. M.	. . .
DeLacey, Chas.	430 California street.	Owens, J. H.	428 California street.
DeLorme, E. W.	506 Montgomery st.	Patridge, H. C.	International Hotel.
Diltot, A.	422 Montgomery street.	Perine, G. M.	413 California street.
Duncan, W. T.	411 California street.	Pheby, T. B.	446 Montgomery street.
DuVal, W. S.	411 California st., Room 4	Ricketts, A. H.	. . .
Fitch, H. S.	606 Montgomery street.	Roberts, D.	. . .
Flagg, H. H.	415 Montgomery street.	Rogers, Geo. E.	311 Montgomery street.
Gildemeester, J. P. H.	113 Montgomery Blk.	Rosenblatt, S.	403 California street.
Gray, J.	306 Montgomery street.	Rudsdale, M.	418 California street.
Hart, Thos. B.	422 Montgomery street.	Sanborn, T. C.	411 California street.
Harvey, C. C.	418 California street.	Schmitt, M.	475 California street.
Hawkins, Jas.	13 Stevenson Building.	Smiley, T. J. L.	710 Montgomery st.
Hill, J. Bryant	528 Montgomery St.	Smith, E. L.	302 Montgomery street.
Hitchens, Jas.	. . .	Smith, W. J.	422 Montgomery street.
Hoare, C. W.	408 California street.	Snowball, R. Y.	411 California street.
Hoitt, I. G.	. . .	Soren, Geo. S.	328 Montgomery street.
Howard, H. C.	322 Montgomery street.	Stewart, Geo. W.	. . .
Hussey, J. L.	305 Montgomery street.	Taylor, W. S.	420 Montgomery street.
Hyneman, S.	420 Montgomery street.	Thompson, J. M.	310 Montgomery street.
Kenney, C. A.	411 California street.	Tibbey, E. S.	503 California street.
Kent, R. T.	404 Montgomery street.	Tilden, J.	At Board Room.
Klopenstine, J.	422 Montgomery street.	Weller, Chas. L.	521 Jackson street.
Lacour, L.	503 Montgomery street.	Williams, W. J.	At Board Room.
Lawton, W. W.	At Board Room.	Wolf, F.	424 Montgomery street.
Leuzarder, J. M.	. . .	Wright, Wm. H.	420 Montgomery street.
Lichtenstein, M. B.	108 Montgomery st.		

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, a full assortment of Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, [illegible] Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Lap Robes, Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our Patent Steel Spring Carriages. [illegible] always on hand, and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] durability and the new and [illegible] account of their remarkable lightness, durability and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. Street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supply of the best seasoned materials on hand, we are prepared to build to order [illegible] and guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars [illegible] will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt prosecution to the full extent of the law. Nov. 23.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States. Comprising Routes and Miles of Travel, Distances, Fares, Connections, descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tables, the Geysers and other noted resorts, Through Routes by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc., Ocean Routes via Panama and Nicaragua to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes to the Coast, etc. Published monthly by A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F. Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, games, [illegible] and delightful walks around the place. The water of the springs is [illegible] cooling and refreshing to the debilitated and [illegible]. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, omnibus free to Hotels.
April 20. GEO. MELLON, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly. Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND and to [illegible] [illegible] through Willamette, Umpqua and [illegible] [illegible] Valleys [illegible].
Aug. 1. WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. [illegible] street.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new [illegible] in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main street, and [illegible] tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also [illegible] [illegible] beautiful with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a site for manufactures it is unequaled, as it commands by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 634 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 21.

TENNENTS ALE—NEW BREW, JUST ARRIVED.

1200 Casks (Stone and Glass), Quarts and Pints, of superior quality and in extra fine condition ex "Arman" [illegible]. For sale in lots to suit. FORBES BROTHERS, Sole Agents, [illegible] California street.
Feb. [illegible]

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press and Wood Engraving Establishment into better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of [illegible] street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7.

UNSEEN.

At the spring of an arch in the great north tower,
High up on the wall is an angel's head;
And beneath it is carven a lily flower,
With delicate wings at the side outspread.

They say that the sculptor wrought from the face
Of his youth's lost love, of his promised bride;
And when he had added the last sad grace
To the features, he dropped his chisel and died.

And the worshipers throng to the shrine below,
And the sightseers come with their curious eyes;
But deep in the shadow, where none may know
Its beauty, the gem of his carving lies.

Yet at early dawn on a midsummer's day,
When the sun is far to the north, for the space
Of a few short minutes there falls a ray,
Through an amber pane, on the angel's face.

It was wrought for the eye of God; and it seems
That he blesses the work of the dead man's hand
With a ray of the golden light that streams
On the lost that are found in the deathless land. P. L. L.

FOREIGN AND COLONIAL NOTES.

Early Birds.—A band of fifteen juvenile robbers, under the captaincy of a lad but fourteen years old, calling themselves "Chevaliers of the Casquette Noire," has been arrested by the police of Paris. Nearly all the members of the band were under sixteen, their idea being that when captured the worst that could happen to them would be to be sent to a house of correction. They wore a black cap with a red cross as a mark of recognition, and were obliged by their rules to carry each a concealed naked poinard. They are already charged with seventy-six robberies with violence and murder, the plan being to get two girls who were associated with them to decoy passengers into out of corners, where the boys used to murder and rob them. It seems that the youth Gilbert, whom the others called captain, though only fourteen, inspired the greatest terror owing to the ferocity of his character, among his comrades, being only equalled in cruelty by his young lieutenant Renault. With characteristic baseness, he instantly on being arrested (ell-tale) denounced all the rest of the gang, thus aiding in their arrest, and being careful to point out the worst. If the jury find that their youth does not render them irresponsible for crimes, he and his accomplices will suffer all the penalties which the law would under such circumstances inflict upon men.

Morals in Ecuador.—A circumstance lately took place in the theater at Guayaquil which gives a high idea of the extreme sensitiveness of the guardians of public morality in that city which is very refreshing, according to the Panama *Star and Herald*, consolatory, and characteristic of that well-governed country, the Republic of Ecuador. It is this: A French lyrical company lately introduced into their programme for the delectation of the theater-going people of Guayaquil the celebrated comic opera, *La Grande Duchesse*. During the second act, when the "Grand Duchess" shows herself very familiar with "Fritz," caressing his hair by passing her fingers through it, and other quite as innocent attentions, the chief authority of the city, who was present, immediately rose up in his seat and ordered the piece to go no further, as being insulting to the morality and dignity of the Guayaquil people, and stopped accordingly it was.

An Exciting Hunt.—Some constables in London had a very exciting thief-hunt the other day. They were called on by a baker to enforce payment of certain sausage rolls to which two men and a woman had coolly helped themselves. After two constables had been placed *hors de combat*, one of the ruffians escaped out on the roof, and amused himself by dropping tiles on the heads of his pursuers. When he had jeeringly declined many invitations to descend, the constables crossed the street, and having made a *sortie*, practiced upon him with it till they caught him by the neck. He then relented so far as to come down, but only to renew the fight on *terra firma*. At last half a dozen men overpowered him, and conveyed him to the station. For affording this afternoon's amusement, and damaging innumerable helmets, he was rewarded with four months imprisonment.

Shipping an Evidence of Progress.—One of the evidences of the progress of Dublin is the increase of shipping in the port, amounting as it did in the year 1872 to an excess of 77,500 tons over that of the previous year. The deposits in the savings banks amount at present to £3,000,000, being a large increase in the savings of the humbler classes within the past few years. The extreme wetness of the last season was a serious drawback, but in former years a bad harvest and a deficiency of fuel would have resulted in a famine, whereas at present, although there was doubtless much distress, there was nothing that could not be adequately dealt with by the poor-laws.

Coal in Nova Scotia.—A writer in the *Times* says: Nova Scotia is now raising about a million tons annually of first rate steam, gas and house coal. She has hitherto looked for a market to the Atlantic cities of the United States, but this market is virtually closed to her by the almost prohibitory duties imposed, and she is now casting about for fresh markets, and cargoes sent to the West Indies and to South America have yielded handsome returns. Coal is delivered on board ship at the various shipping places in Nova Scotia at 9s per ton, and ocean steamers calling at Halifax can at any time obtain coal at the railroad wharf at about 15s 6d. per ton.

A Literary Surprise.—It has been a surprise to the public to find that Lord Lytton is the author of "The Coming Race" and "The Parisians." An acute critic has surmised the authorship from the similarity of the opening sentences of "The Coming Race" to the opening sentences of "Pelham." Lord Lytton certainly missed greatness only from the lack of that indefinable something called genius. He possessed extraordinary talent and versatility, but his best efforts were spoiled by being too conscious.

Tobacco from China.—The importation of tobacco from China into England is a novelty worthy of record. During February there have been received large arrivals of this description of tobacco. It is used in some measure as a substitute for Turkey, which it resembles in appearance, though not equal in quality. The leaf is quite yellow, and is almost void of flavor; but the imports that have come to hand show, at any rate, that the Celestials can cultivate the weed pretty successfully.

Egypt and Abyssinia.—The protest of the three European Powers against the annexation of Abyssinia by the Khedive, mentioned in the *Pester-Lloyd*, has been followed, it is said, by the movement of more Egyptian troops through Nubia towards Abyssinia, ostensibly to assist Sir Samuel Baker in the suppression of slavery, while at the same time it seems to have been the cause of a quarantine being instituted in the case of all Nile travelers returning from Nubia.

A Veteran.—The late Admiral Sir James Scott, K.C.B., was present and engaged in two general actions, five sieges, the storming of two cities, twenty-seven towns, thirty-two batteries, twenty-two forts, and at the capture of one line-of-battle ship, five frigates, six sloops, twenty-one gunboats, three hundred merchant vessels, several privateers, and "letters of marque."—*European Mail*.

The Latest Thing in Ornament.—Ladies recently returned from Paris say that the latest style in ornament to wear with a necklace is one of the old-fashioned miniatures painted on ivory and set in the old-fashioned red gold. Those who possess no such heirlooms are having them painted and set in as exact imitation as possible of the old style.

Novel Scalping.—A factory girl about 14 years of age, while crossing from one part of a Birmingham factory to another with her hair loose, had it caught by the spindle. Her hair was wound in by the machinery with such terrible violence that her head was completely scalped all round, the skin and hair being torn off as clean as a night-cap.

SAN FRANCISCO POST OFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE. A M	CLOSE. P M	ARRIVE. A M	ARRIVE. P M
Alameda		3 40		1 00
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co.'s steamers)		3 40		9 00
Cloverdale and Coast Points		1 40	11 15	
Eureka		1 40	11 15	
Marysville and Sacramento	6.30	3 40	7 30	9 00
Napa Route via Vallejo		3 40	12 40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 30			9 00 / 5 00
Oakland	6.30	3.40	......	9 00
Overland	[illegible]			9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points		1 15		12 00
San Rafael	9 15		9 00	
San Jose	8.00	4 15	9 30	6.00
Southern California and Arizona	8 00			6.00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3 40	3 40	9 10
Vallejo and Benicia	7 00	3 40	12 40	9 00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		3 40		2 40
Great Britain, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays		9 00		

Mails Departing by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

General Delivery open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date; latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 21.

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC LOHMAN. JOHN W. TAYLOR.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.
Nov. 30. 501 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

B. NATHAN.] ESTABLISHED IN 1850. [F. DOHRMANN.

B. NATHAN & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in French China Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware. Glass Shades all sizes. Successors to R. A. Swain & Co.'s Retail Business. Show Rooms, 536 to 542 Kearny st. 540 KEARNY ST., cor Sacramento, San Francisco
Feb. 8.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, at Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 11.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

GEO. H. EGGERS.] EGGERS & CO., [CHR. H. VOIGT.

Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions. Agents of the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 21.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 9] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street, S. F.
March 30.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 15.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 17.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

RICHARD HEYES & CO.,

Cigars, Wine and Liquor Merchants, 329 Kearny, and 405, 407 and 409 Bush streets, San Francisco. Address P. O. Box 359. Jan. 25.

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 518 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco. J. A. MARS, Assayer. Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters etc. Aug 24.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec. 24.

SPANISH LESSONS.

M. G. Pritchard, - - - - - - - - - - 414 California street. [March 15.]

F. O. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Boney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 15.

R. C. ROGERS,

Attorney-at-Law and Real Estate Agents.—Loans negotiated and City and County Property bought and sold. March 8.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. H. [illegible], Agent.
Oporto—Banco Aliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
[illegible]—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Landa; P. M. S. S. [illegible].
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamula & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co; Hoth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill, W. Birch, Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

WAYSIDE GUSHINGS.

BY MRS. HARRIS.

After the werdict 'undreds rushed to shake me by the 'and,
And a lot of people followed us, vith moosic by a band;
The neighbors in our alley all turned out to see us come,
And cried, "'Arris, ve are relieved you, velcome, velcome 'ome!"
So hanger vos the po, 'lar rage they burst in Sparerib's door,
And a 'orrid lot of animiles lay strewn upon the floor.
'Is bull-dog flew at us, but soon vos beat to death vith stones,
And ve stood in Sparerib's kitchen, gazin' sadly at the bones
Of hinnocent critturs 'oom the murderin' willain vith 'is knife
'Ad cut off in their 'eedless youth or in the prime of life.
Says I, "If them there jurymen 'ad hacted as they oughter,
They sartingly vould 'ave brought in a werdick of man slaughter
Against the 'orrid monster 'oo 'ave weltered in the gore
Of 'armless 'ogs and trustin' dogs vith tom-cats by the score."
'Ere haymb fell a-veepin' loud, and cried, "Is it too late
To rescue other animiles from this 'ere tragic fate?
P'raps if ve search the premises ve may find some yet unslain,
'Oom ve may rescue and restore to their families again."
A bust of hadmiration rose from the hindignant crowd,
Vile Sparerib's name vos cussed by all vith mutterins deep and loud;
Then a darin' youth, a member of the Young Men's Christian band,
'Ollers, "Brave comrades, foller me, let each vun bear a 'and
In this 'ere vork, vich vill vin respect from all the brute creation,
'Oo vill see in us, as they do in Bergh, their relatives' salvation!"

'Ere Doctor Stone looked in and said, "These animiles 'ave souls,
Tho' ven they die no requiem's sung, nor church bell ever tolls.
Should you find any captive beasts, tell 'em a parson's 'ere
'Oo vos the fust on this 'ere coast to prove their title clear
To 'appy mansions in the skies, after life's final knoll,
Ven the beasts and me vill together be in 'eaven or in 'ell.
Meanvile, please give 'em these 'ere tracts to read vith prayerful search,
And say I'd like to see 'em all next Sunday at my church!"

Deep in the coal cellar below, bound captive 'and and foot,
Lay beasts of noble parentage, as Sparerib 'ere 'ad put;
Each, thinkin' 'is last hour 'ad come, vith tears groaned forth "peccavi,"
Vile a skinny ass cried out "Alas! to sassige meat and gravy
Ve're come at last, farewell the past, and this then is the guerdon
The tyrant Sparerib hoffers to an 'armless beast of burden!"
But the Christian young man 'ollered, "Cheer up, my hancient friend,
These 'ands shall give you liberty and all your troubles end,
Vith this 'ere knife I'll save your life and you can cross the seas
To a freer land vere vithout fear you can live as you dam please."
So they cut avay vile vith grateful bray and many a joyful groan,
The critters free all bowed to me and then 'ugged Doctor Stone.
The doctor, vipin' 'is veak eyes, said, "Gratitood like this
Convinces me, my Christian friends, ve all shall meet in bliss;
From a sassige grave our 'ands did save all you 'oo now are living,
So animiles, please, go down on your knees vile I hoffer a thanksgiving.
Your names vunce destined to appear in a *Fox's* martyrology
'Ave been saved by 'eaven, and I beg the ass vill give out the doxology."
Never did 'art and woice combine as in that joyful hour,
Ven them there animiles vos saved from Sparerib's murderin' power;
Vile Stone did pray the ass did bray and a wenerable ox
Says, "Thanks ve own to Doctor Stone and 'Allelujah Cox,
For them two noble ministers 'ave took pertikler care
Of us poor critters 'oo too long 'ave been denied a share
In Christian vorship, and the 'opes 'eld out to us in tracts
Of carryin' the redeemed to 'eaven vith their luggage on our backs."

'Oo should come in vile the ox vos speakin' but that werry man,
Old Doctor Cox, who, shakin' 'ands, to thank 'em thus began:
"My Christian 'earers," Cox says, in a werry deep loud woice,
"Both in your 'ealth and frame of mind I 'artily rejoice.
I takes a special hinterest in a animile's salvation,
Owin' to circumstances vich may need some hexplanation;
Ven at North Beach I vunce did preach some 'oodlum boys around
Refused to 'ear my woice so clear and the gospel's joyful sound.
They pelted me vith brickbats and spiled my new silk 'at,
And vith foul mud polluted my shirt and vite cravat,
'Lo! to the Gentiles I vill turn,' says I, and closed my sermon,
Ven comfort came to me like dew on the little 'ill of 'Ermon;
A old orang-outang cried 'Shame! you vicked 'oodlum boys,
As refuse to 'ear such vords of cheer from such an 'eavenly woice;
Ve are the Gentiles, doctor, an ve monkeys 'ear you gladly;
Don't mind them little wulgar boys as be'ave themselves so badly;
Preach on and soon each ape and baboon vill villingly be christened'—
So to the gospel, boys refused, the monkeys gladly listened.
From that day to this I've found bliss in thinkin' I vos sent
To hoffer grace to the animile race, though for mankind fust meant.
If you vill all give in your names and join my Sabbath classes,
I promise equal gospel rights to 'ogs, dogs, cats and asses!"
A general cheer follered this 'ere, so Cox and Stone, both kneelin',
Laid their 'ands on all the animiles and blessed 'em vith much feelin.'

BOUQUETS v. BUNCHES OF FLOWERS.

The Present Season of the Year gives better opportunity, perhaps, than any other for thoughtful practice in one of the most beautiful and interesting of the fine arts—the arrangement of a few cut flowers into a bouquet deserving the name. A well-made bouquet is the little lyric poem, so to speak, of the thorough gardener. The greater and more lasting efforts of his talent—those set forth in the arrangement of his outdoor shrubs and plants—should deserve the name of his epic or his dramas; the fragrant little bunch of blossoms he calls his bouquet, culled with judgment, and arranged with due regard to the laws of harmony and common sense, should quite as well deserve to be looked upon as a sort of ode or sonnet, representing in miniature the ideas of the garden itself, though requiring a treatment of its own. However pretty individually, however sweet and shapely each one may be in itself, if taken at random, and simply tied together, flowers they are still, it is true—we cannot cancel the beauty of that little fact—but they are no more a bouquet than the run of the fingers, vaguely and wantonly, over the strings of a harp, is productive of music. There must be symmetry of general form, not mathematical symmetry, but such as we see in a birch or a chestnut—for a bouquet may in general design be either light and tender, or massive and sumptuous; there must be accurate balance also of color with plenty of white and green, and a nice concord of scents. The last-named particular, though often one of the least regarded, or never thought of at all, is in reality one of the most vital. The very name "bouquet" carries with it, indeed, this identical idea, being derived from certain ancient words which imply "perfection of odor." The dictionaries often assign it to the French term for a bush, but, excepting in connection with the arbitrary and exceptional term a "rose-bush," the latter bit of etymology may be let go whither it pleases. These three essentials, general figure and arrangement, proper blending and counterpoise of colors, and a scientific adjustment of the qualities called perfume, stand accordingly side by side in regard to the *beau ideal* of our undertaking. A trifle judiciously thrown in, of some odor comparable with deep bass, or even with a good treble, will often as completely change the quality of a bouquet as a bit of scarlet where previously there was no accent. Colors require to be disposed, as to tone and contrast, after precisely the same principle as that which guides a lady of sense in the choice of apparel. One who is a curiosity in respect of dress must never be expected to produce a good bouquet, let her try till her fingers ache; and contrariwise, if we want a gem in the way of bouquet-making, we may look with hope—well, certainly not to one dressed according to the "newest fashions" and within an inch of her life. All colors are good somewhere and at some time, though the best of the brilliant class may be utterly lost as to effect by mal-arrangement; while delicate ones may be made to seem wan and worthless just for want of a little study of what constitutes a wise and friendly juxtaposition. There are flowers that should never be used in bouquets, although it must be a remarkable plant indeed for which a suitable place could not be found in the open garden. There is not a plant in existence that is unfitted to give a charm or a tinge of splendor to scenes receptive of it; and in a certain sense there is scarcely a plant that may not be utilized as a decorative object. But the bouquet has limitations. In dealing with plants and flowers we are bound not only to treat them kindly, but to treat them justly and honestly, and as members of a commonity entitled to its rights as well as ourselves. They will be sure to repay our care and equity. The goodness of even the simplest nosegay is dependent exactly upon the amount of thought put into it, and of desire on the part of the artist to be as fair and faithful to the gifts of Flora as we are bound to be to all other things.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be a Million tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 3d. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.
California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8

SWISS-AMERICAN BANK,

Incorporated in Geneva (Switzerland) January 20th, 1873. Head office in Geneva.
Capital..............$2,000,000 subscribed, one quarter paid up.
PRESIDENT—HENRY HENTSCH, SAN FRANCISCO BRANCH (successors to Messrs. Hentsch & Berton), 527 Clay street. DIRECTORS—Francis Berton, Rob't Watt.

This Bank is prepared to grant letters of credit on Europe, and to transact every kind of Banking, Mercantile and Exchange Business, and to negotiate American Securities in Europe. Deposits received.

Bills of Exchange on:

New York,	Hamburg,	Bern,	Fribourg,
Liverpool,	Berlin,	Neuchatel,	Lucern,
London,	Frankfort-on the-M	Chaux-de-fonds,	Aarau,
Paris,	Geneva,	Solothurn,	Bellinzona,
Lyons,	Zurich,	Lausanne,	Locarno,
Bordeaux,	Basel,	Baden,	Lugano,
Marseilles,	St. Gall,	Chur,	Mendrisio.
Brussels,	Winterthur,	Schaffhausen,	

An ASSAY OFFICE is annexed to the Bank. Assays of Gold, Silver, Quartz, Ores and Sulphurets. Returns in coin or bars, at the option of the depositor. Advances made on Bullion and Ores. Dust and Bullion can be forwarded from any part of the country and returns made through Wells, Fargo & Co., or by checks. [March 8.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on-the-Main. March 28.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates; also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.
Oct. 24. A. McKINLAY. {Agents.} A. S. FINNIE.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P. M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Babcock. Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 204 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, President.
GEO. HOPKINS, Secretary. [April 14.]

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 24.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; H. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 9.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

GIRLS! PASS ALONG!

Bless me! what a rosy row
Of girls at me their glances throw,
As they early come and go,
Tripping, eager, in throng!
Can't the darlings hear me say,
"I have had my youthful day,
Now, I put such things away!"
Girls! pass along!

Ah, my Zoe! pray desist!
Sooth, I care not to be kissed;
Ask your mother if I list
To Cupid's siren song!
She—but that is entre nous—
Knows what Love and I can do;
Her advice you'd best pursue—
Girls! pass along!

Laura! you would hardly guess
How your grandam used to press
Lips of mine—well—I confess—
We didn't think it wrong;
Look, she's coming. Tempt me not
[illegible] the dame has got,
Girls! pass along!

You smiling too! you naughty Rose!
I wonder now if you suppose
I'm not aware what sort of beaux
Around your beauty throng!
I know the husband-hunting crew,
And all the pretty tricks they do;
I'm old—but much too young for you.
Girls! pass along!

Away—away!—you madcaps!—fly!—
Your roguish arts why will you try
To bind a gray-beard such as I
With Cupid's slender thong!
Yet, like a powder magazine,
My heart from flying sparks I screen,
The sparks that shoot from wanton e'en,—
Girls! pass along!

—*After Beranger by Saxe.*

FUNERAL OF JUDGE SHAFTER.

The Funeral of Judge Oscar L. Shafter took place at the First Congregational Church, Oakland, last Sunday afternoon. The rear dais and the organ loft were beautifully decked with wreaths and festoons of green leaves, immortelles, camelias and white roses. Wreaths were laid on the cover of the casket, and at the head was a large cross, composed of camelias and evergreens. The pall bearers were S. W. Sanderson, John Currey, A. L. Rhodes, Samuel Merritt, J. W. Dwinelle, W. T. Wallace, J. P. H[illegible], J. D. Thornton, E. L. Goold, David Crockett and Henry Durant. The services were conducted by Rev. L. Hamilton, of the Independent Presbyterian Church, Rev. H. J. McLean, of the First Congregational, assisting. The funeral discourse was delivered by Rev. Dr. Stebbins. The following is that portion of the sermon touching the character of the deceased:

Events in the life of the individual man tend to this conclusion. While society moves on in perpetual process or endless chain, this journey over sea and land, taken up in fear and hope, attended by hovering anxieties of home and all above, pursued and borne with wearisome devotion wherever the Divine signals lead, by day and fire by night—directed the faithful footsteps, is ended. So the mariner, storm-tossed and weary, engulfed in many perils in many seas, emerges at length into calm and gentle days; happy winds woo his sails; he spies the eternal headlands that have greeted so many eyes; the good ship rides into port, he casts the sail at anchor, and finds the straightened sail in the haven of his heart.

Whether we consider life as a journey upon the land, with many dangerous delays and disappointing passages, or as a stormy voyage upon the sea, there be many who are glad when they arrive at home. Religion surely makes no error when she adopts our deepest human satisfactions carrying them forward to the future, making that a home. It was no error, but a firm insight and a delicate imagination, that said, "I am a stranger on the earth." It is a truly human experience. To the man worn by toil, burdened with grief, chastened by disappointment, to the man who has lived through the world, gained its meaning, got its leading idea and suggestion, this is not his abiding place. As early ideas of childhood no longer satisfy his maturer intelligence, so a world whose import and significance he has caught and appropriated to the uses of moral being, must give way to the nobler ideas of an ever advancing experience. Whether, then, by the weariness of the body, its mental energies, like the rod that is melted by electric fire, or by the aspiring mind and soul, we do outgrow the world and have done with it. We are weary and long for rest; we are travelers and wish for home. Death is blessing, peace, hope, life.

This was the experience of our friend and fellow-citizen, Chief Justice Shafter. His physical frame had received an irreparable hurt, and he could no longer grasp the isolated fact and bind it in eternal fealty to its principle. The world was no longer useful. Affliction might watch with tender fidelity, filial love and gratitude might still find comfort in the happy labors of self-forgetfulness. But life was done, the world was done, and death was the faithful friend to rescue him from the thrall of dissolved powers.

A grateful and appreciative estimate of him as a man, is not commensurate with his external history. An account of any man's circumstances would not be an account of him; for circumstances, powerful as they are, are not the chief element in his being. We cannot divest ourselves of the feeling that the real quality of a man is will, idea, thought, conviction. A man's life and his character are in his mind. And the nobler a man is, the less consequence it is where he lived or died. A universality above all local origin or event pertains to the essential quality of human nature.

I had the pleasure a few years ago to spend a day with him on the Point Reyes Rancho. I arrived on the ground in the morning, and found him sleeping beneath a little bower that he had made to protect him from the glare of day or the chill of night. I thought of Jonah, who built a bower a little way out of the city of Nineveh, and lay there frequently to see what would come to pass. But a better than Jonah was here. He awoke, gave me cordial greeting, generous as the morning. We shortly took to the saddles and spent the day riding over the domain, wherever interest, curiosity or excitement led. He was full of vivacity, observation, reflection, feeling. The hills, the valleys, the running water, the shady glen, the woodbird's note, all attracted his attention, awoke his sensibility. The men all liked him, from the Spanish vaquero, the lingering remnant of a former civilization, to the American boy, taking his first lessons in throwing the stealthy riata. All liked him, yet none were familiar or frivolous toward him. I got on that day the flavor of his mind and character—a man of great good sense.

God endowed Judge Shafter with a physical and intellectual constitution well fitted to strive with the powers of this world. Energy, endurance of labor, and a kind of mountainous good sense that sees men and things as they are and goes free of all affectation and cant, are the sure and trusty qualities of practical excellence. He had a kind of human sagacity by which he knew man from any other animal. His judgment moved with ease and self-reliance amid a great variety of circumstances, from the measure of a tree in the forest to the action of the hour in politics, or the providence of God in human life. He was long-headed. He did not affect wisdom by much owlish silence; neither did he run to folly by talking over-much. He expressed his opinion with that easy firmness, without show of independence peculiar to feebler natures, but as to the manor born and at home in the truth. But these practical abilities—energy, good sense, round-aboutness and integrity of nature—were by no means the measure of his endowments. His intellectual perceptions were clear, and in his statement of principles he could have had few superiors. He had that appreciation of the law of laws, the unity and generalization of truth that gives moral dignity to the intellect and the perspective of moral grandeur to all principles, without which the mind itself becomes frivolous, a mere popinjay clatter of things unreal. When themes of deep human interest were touched, his mind kindled along its summit with the fine enthusiasm of poetic feeling and insight. He did not belong to that class of minds always emphatic, never forcible; neither to that other class, "small pot soon hot," whose enthusiasm is in the blood and not in idea. His mind sometimes lay calm, intent, sullen as the Summer sea, and rolled with sleepy strength; and in all the manifestations of his intellectual activity, there was something of that repose which is the measure of reserved power and the background of all greatness. He was a pleasant companion and a good talker. I have seen him very happy in the society of children, and touched with true feeling at little expressions of loveliness in the young. He was a man of great good sense, practical, yet with wide discourse of intelligence and reason; calm, unimpassioned, yet of fine sensibility and true poetic feeling, and his whole nature, by the eternal weight of moral gravity, swinging toward the truth. His religious faith was simple and human. He derived his conviction of the character of God from the nature of man and the experience of human life. He inferred that justice is God's justice, that mercy is God's mercy, that love is God's love. I think, in commending himself to the Almighty maker of men, he would, in the devout simplicity of his heart, have forgotten all the honors and respect he enjoyed from his fellow men, and thought only that he was a *man*. He would have said, with David Eglinhon:

Here lies David Eglinhon.
O Lord God, whose mercies are so great,
Do by me as I do by ye,
If I were Lord God
And ye were David Eglinhon.

The body was taken to the Oakland Cemetery and deposited in the family vault. Among those present, besides the relatives of the deceased, were a very large number of the San Francisco and Sacramento Bar.

HOUSE OF CORRECTION.

Plans and Specifications Examined by the Supervisors.—The Board of Supervisors passed a resolution in January last, inviting plans and specifications for the erection of a House of Correction upon the Industrial School grounds. The building to be two stories in hight, constructed of brick or stone at a cost not to exceed $125,000; the successful architect to receive $1,000 for his plan. In response to this advertisement, plans were filed with the Clerk of the Board, and at noon to-day the Board met as a Committee of the Whole to consider the subject. Each architect was allowed ten minutes time for explanation, his competitors to be excluded from the room during such explanation. George Boardwell, the first on the list, explained the features of his plan for a brick building, which will cost $134,000. The plan of Kentzler & Rann for a brick building would cost $108,000, to accommodate 150 prisoners, and $125,000 for 218 prisoners. John J. Newsom's plan for brick would cost $116,000, and the building would accommodate 140 persons. Bugbee & Son proposed a building that would accommodate 400 prisoners, at a cost of $124,000, not including cells, but by shortening the wings they could construct a building to accommodate 160 prisoners in each of the three wings within the amount appropriated. The plan of Aug. Laver would cost $125,000, the building to be constructed of stone, with 240 cells. By the plan of Wright & Saunders a two-story building of stone and brick would cost $500,000, and according to their full plan the expense of construction would amount to $750,000. This building would have accommodations for 600 persons. P. J. O'Connor submitted plans for a two-story building to cost $134,488. No definite action was taken upon the plans, and on motion of Mr. Menzies it was resolved that the Committee meet at 1 o'clock P.M., on Wednesday next, for further consideration of the matter. It was also resolved that the three architects who had submitted plans, and who were not represented at the meeting, should have an opportunity to be heard. The Board then adjourned.

The Report of the Directors of the Anglo-American Telegraph Company (Limited), states that the total receipts for the past year accruing to the Company, including a balance of £9,076 carried over from the last account, amounted to £347,280. The ordinary working and other expenses, including income tax, amounted to £30,280, leaving a balance of £317,000. Out of this amount three interim dividends of two per cent. each had been paid, leaving a balance of £216,500. The Directors, before declaring the net profits, had set aside £100,000 for the renewal fund, thereby increasing that fund to £150,000. The Directors recommended that the balance of £116,500 be appropriated to the payment of a further dividend of four per cent., free of income tax, which, with the three interim dividends already paid, would be at the rate of ten per cent. per annum to December 31st last, and to the payment of a bonus of two per cent., also free of income tax, leaving a balance of £16,000 to be carried forward.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that the Field Deputies of this office will commence assessing property SATURDAY, March 1, 1873. The duties assigned to them are too well known to the community to require explanation [illegible] have been careful in making my selections to fill the positions [illegible] and integrity, and [illegible] general satisfaction [illegible] just complaints will receive immediate attention. [illegible]
City and County Assessor.
March 5.

SPORTSMEN'S EMPORIUM.

538 Washington street, below Montgomery, San Francisco.— LIDDLE & KAEDING, GUN AND RIFLE MAKERS, and Importers of Guns, [illegible] Fishing Tackle, Powder Flasks, Gun Materials, Rifle Barrels and Ammunition, wholesale and retail. Guns and Rifles made to order, and Repairing of every description neatly executed, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. March 1.

WANTED,

By an Englishman, with six years reference from railroad company in the East, a situation as Porter, Collector, or willing to make himself useful in any Office, Store, Warehouse, or other department. Address
March 1. H. S. A., NEWS LETTER OFFICE.

Cal. Placard Exchange Co. and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast.

J. MORRIS,

Placard Writer for the Placard Exchange.—Show Cards written in elegant style for every business, at 23 Geary street, near Dupont, San Francisco. March 15.

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS,

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15.

JAS. H. HAM,] PETERS & HAM, [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

C. L. CRACKBON] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

BURLING & BROTHER,

Stock Brokers, have removed to No. 304 Sansome street, near California. March 15.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

WEBER PIANOS,

At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. These Pianos have a world-wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb. 1.]

SCUDDER & FULLER,

Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Commissioner of Deeds for all the States and Territories, No. 6[illegible] Montgomery street. Feb 15.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 605 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Young, Lessland & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co.; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanazelnth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltozzi Freres, Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Børsen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C. Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co; Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co; Delisy, Davies & Co; F'k Anstie, M. D.; "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Unias Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellars & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

Peculiarities of Different Languages.—The Hindoos are said to have no word for a "friend." The Italians have no equivalent for our "humility." The Russian dictionary gives a word, the definition of which is "not to have enough buttons on your footman's waistcoat;" a second means "to kill over again," a third, "to earn by dancing;" while the word "knout," which we have all learned to consider as of exclusively Russian meaning and application, proves upon investigation to be the word "knut," and to mean only a "whip of any kind." The Germans call a thimble a "finger hat" (which it certainly is), and a grasshopper a "hay horse." A glove with them is a "hand-shoe," showing evidently that they wore shoes before gloves. Poultry is "feather cattle," whilst the names for the well-known substances, "oxygen" and "hydrogen," are, in their language, "sour stuff" and "water-stuff." The French, strange to say, have no verb "to stand," nor can a Frenchman speak of "kicking" any one. The nearest approach he, in his politeness, makes to it is, to threaten to "give a blow with his foot;" the same thing probably to the recipient, in either case, but it seems to want the directness, the energy, of our "kick." Neither has he any word for "baby," nor for "home," nor "comfort." The terms "up-stairs" and "down-stairs" are also unknown in French. In English we "cure" meat and "cure" sick people, and we like our girls to be "quick," but never wish to see them "fast."—*Our Monthly.*

A Letter from Neufchateau, Vosges, relates that a band of wild boars entered the village of Belmont-sur-Vair, and took refuge in a garden. The inhabitants armed themselves with guns, spades, and whatever offensive arms they could lay hands on, and tried to destroy them. One of the wild boars, the largest of the herd, jumped over the palings of the garden, rushed through the village, entered a house and rushed into a room in which an old woman of eighty was lying in bed. Her son, who is the best shot in the district, pursued the animal and overtook it as it had its paws on the side of the bed; he cried out to his mother not to be afraid, fired at and wounded the beast, which then dashed through the window, but another sportsman, who happened to be outside, killed it on the spot. The other boars had also been hunted from the garden by the peasants, one of whom was attacked by an infuriated animal, and was so severely injured by its tusks, that his life is in danger.

Leasing the Pyramids.—Barnum has hitherto beaten creation as a showman, but an enterprising Aberdonian threatens to put Barnum completely in the shade. The Aberdeen man in question recently left London direct for Egypt, where he hopes to be able to arrange for a five years' lease of the Pyramids. He has been in correspondence with the Khedive, and he thinks that the right to charge a handsome sum for liberty to enter to ascend the big piles will be granted to him by the Egyptian Government for a "moderate consideration." If his offer is accepted, the Pyramids will be "put in exhibition" this summer. There is no sort of enterprise which comes amiss to Aberdonians, but I question if any Aberdonian ever before conceived the idea of making his fortune out of the work of the Pharaohs."

Gladstone tells us that the wealth which England produced in the interval of 70 years, between 1800 and 1870, equals the aggregate of the production from the invasion of Julius Cæsar to the year 1800; and he further estimates the wealth produced during the 20 years since 1850 to be equal to that produced during the 50 years previous. This gigantic result is the achievement of steam. The domestication of animals—the use of the horse and the ox—added tenfold to the productive power of man. But the utilizing of steam as a motive power increases the products of industry one thousand fold. The aggregate amount of productions that outlast the use of one generation, and are handed down to the next, is thereby increased one hundred fold.

Mr. Bret Harte.—Mr. Bret Harte, the author of the "Heathen Chinee," and numerous short stories, in which humor and pathos are happily blended, and in which life in the Far West is described with a freshness and nerve peculiarly his own, is about to pay a visit to this country. The British public, amongst whom the circulation of Mr. Harte's books has been enormous, will be enabled to make his personal acquaintance, as he purposes delivering in London, and in the principal cities of the United Kingdom, his lecture descriptive of the early days of Californian enterprise, which he calls "The Argonauts of '49." Mr. Harte will probably arrive in London about the middle of April.

Political Club in London for Women.—Some of the advanced spirits in London it is reported, are about to form a political club, which will admit women as well as men. Some fifty ladies and gentlemen have expressed their wish to belong to it, and among them are Professor Fawcett, Mr. Mill, Mr. and Mrs. Moncure Conway, and the daughter of Karl Blind. It is generally supposed that the concession of the suffrage to women will increase the strength of the Conservative party, but the lady members of this projected club are understood to be Republicans.

Vitromanie.—A new process for the ornamentation of windows in churches and other buildings has just been invented by Messrs. Barnard & Son, of London, under the name of "Vitremanie." It may be described in a few words: the designs, which are beautiful and harmonious in coloring and design, are printed upon a paper so prepared that, after having been coated with glucine and wetted, they will adhere, by being pressed upon it firmly, to the glass. The paper is then taken off entire, leaving the colored design alone on the window. The durability of these decorations is warranted.

Utilization of Slags.—The utilization of the slags in iron-works has long been most anxiously sought for. The following promises well: Blast-furnace slags are granulated at Osnabruck, Germany, by allowing the molten stream from the tap to flow into water from a suitable hight, in the same way as lead is converted into shot in towers. The slag is used for filling in between railroad sleepers, and also in the manufacture of concrete, and, if it contains considerable alumina, is ground and converted into alum.

"A Sensitive Waterfall."—Professor Edwin J. Houston publishes, in the *Journal of the Franklin Institute*, a notice of "A Sensitive Waterfall." As flames are sensitive to musical vibrations, and alter their forms in obedience to the note produced, so it appears "thin, delicate streams" of water dripping from pendants of moss responded to certain notes of the voice, especially to a shrill falsetto. The Professor writes: "The publication of the facts will enable others to try the experiment for themselves."

Japanese Progress.—One of the Japanese ambassadors has wooed and won the daughter of a Paris banker. The *Gaulois* says: "The young lady marries the foreigner because a young man to whom she was betrothed was compromised in the late financial affairs. The despair of the damsel produced a deep impression on the Mikado's representative, who in order to console the fair one, offered his love, his hand, and a wedding outfit, which is said to be a collection of wonders."

It is Stated that an Opera, founded on Sir Walter Scott's "Talisman," the manuscript of which was nearly completed by Mr. Balfe just before his death, will be produced at Drury Lane next season. Sir M. Costa is to write the *finale*, and several "numbers" which the composer left unfinished. Mdlle. Nilsson will appear as the Queen.

The Duc d'Aumale is going to remove his collection of pictures from Twickenham to Chantilly. This collection, which consists of more than 3,500 paintings of different schools and periods, will be placed in the gallery of the Jeu de Paume.

M. Thiers has directed an architect to draw up a plan for the reconstruction of the Chateau of St. Cloud, with wings. An intention is attributed to the President of proposing the removal of the National Assembly to St. Cloud.

Mr. Bessemer says he is prepared to supply guns that shall fire balls of five tons at the rate of one a minute, and to construct a gun to fire a ten-ton ball.

Madame Lucca, writing from Boston, speaks of a trip to Havanna and California.

CALIFORNIA STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD.

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CHAS. L. WELLER, . . . Vice-President | E. J. BALDWIN, ... Treasurer.
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Baldwin, E. J......509 California street.	McCullough, T. J....306 Montg'y street.
Barrell, Sam'l.422 Montgomery street.	McCarthy, O....327 Montgomery street.
Bourne, J. B......323 California street.	McKenty, J.....422 Montgomery street.
Broderick, R...5 Merchants' Exchange.	Middleton, John. 310 Montg'y street.
Case, J. M.......322 Montgomery street	Moore, J. M....77 Montgomery Block.
Childs, P. G......436 California street	Myers, W. F....411 California street.
DeGreayer, S...513 Montgomery street	O'Connor, T. M..........
DeLacey, Chas....430 California street.	Owens, J. H.......429 California street.
DeLorme, E. W....506 Montgomery st.	Patridge, H. C.....International Hotel.
Diftot, A.........422 Montgomery street.	Perine, G. M......418 California street.
Duncan, W. T.....413 California street.	Pheby, T. B....446 Montgomery street.
DuVal, W. S.411 California st, Room 4.	Ricketts, A. H..........
Fitch, H. S......506 Montgomery street.	Roberts, D..........
Flagg, H. H....416 Montgomery street.	Rogers, Geo. E. 331 Montgomery street.
Gildemeester, J. P. H.113 Montg'y Blk.	Rosenblatt, S......503 California street.
Gray, J.........306 Montgomery street.	Rudsdale, M......418 California street.
Hart, Thos. B....422 Montgomery street.	Sanborn, T. C.....411 California street.
Harvey, C. C.......418 California street.	Schmitt, M........437 California street.
Hawkins, Jas...18 Stevenson Building	Smiley, T. J. L.....310 Montgomery st.
Hill, J. Bryant....528 Montgomery St.	Smith, E. L.....302 Montgomery street.
Hitchens, Jas..........	Smith, W. J.....429 Montgomery street.
Hoare, C. W......408 California street.	Snowball, R. Y....411 California street.
Hoitt, I. G..........	Seren, Geo. S...323 Montgomery street.
Howard, H. C..322 Montgomery street.	Stewart, Geo. W..........
Hussey, J. L....305 Montgomery street.	Taylor, W. B....420 Montgomery street.
Hyneman, S........420 Montg'y street.	Thompson, J. M. 310 Montgo'ry street.
Kenney, C. A.....411 California street.	Tibbey, E. S.......503 California street.
Kent, E. T......404 Montgomery street.	Tilden, J...............At Board Room.
Klopenstine, J..422 Montgomery street.	Weller, Chas. L.....521 Jackson street.
Lacour, L.......503 Montgomery street.	Williams, W. J.......At Board Room.
Lawton, W. W........At Board Room.	Wolf, F........424 Montgomery street.
Leuzardor, J. M..........	Wright, Wm. H. 420 Montg'y street.
Lichtenstein, M. B.406 Montgomery st.	

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE-MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End side or Wood C Spring Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, header wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 23.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising [illegible] and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, [illegible] of the Principal Towns [illegible], etc. Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, [illegible] the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc., Ocean Routes via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean [illegible] Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., [illegible] Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
Aug. 10.] WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 217 Sansome street.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 21.

TENNENT'S ALE—NEW BREW, JUST ARRIVED.

1200 Casks (Stone and Glass, Quarts and Pints) of superior quality and in extra fine condition ex "Armin" and "[illegible]" For sale in lots to suit.
FORBES BROTHERS, Sole Agents,
Feb. 8. 206 California street.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment, to better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7.

OUR LETTER BOX.

It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any [illegible] favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any; and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be [illegible] journal.]

Dear News Letter.—The study of anatomy is a very necessary subject to the medical profession, and [illegible] to students, still it is not right to make the [illegible] Marine Hospital a place where [illegible] instructions are given, as is [illegible] an advertisement in the *Western Lancet*, a magazine published in this city. The hospital is self-supporting, as we will show. A sailor pays forty cents per month [illegible] serving in American vessels. This is deducted from his pay whether discharged at home or abroad. In the latter case the [illegible] receives it and is a contributor for the same. The foreign seaman has to pay one dollar per diem for the time he is in the hospital, and the consul is responsible for him [illegible] the vessel he belonged to leaves the port. The contractor's pay is [illegible] cents currency per man a day. This, we understand, includes everything except the doctor's salary. The hospital now has about ninety patients. A number of students are placed there for the purpose of receiving medical instruction, and an experienced person is residing there to teach them or guard the patients, to see that [illegible] them, such as giving poor Jack too high a medicine or taking too free use of the lancet. It certainly seems like barbarity to treat a man, who has [illegible] for nothing, [illegible] to place [illegible] in the [illegible] may, for the [illegible] sake, torture him, and no redress can the unfortunate seafaring man get. Your obedient servant,

HUMANITY.

Dear News Letter.—The *Barnacle* howls daily at Wilkinson, who wonders that a man [illegible] of the Board of Trustees of [illegible] the bar cannot calm the [illegible] of [illegible]. But the *Barnacle* [illegible] it is made a tool of. [illegible] Treasurer [illegible] and went behind some. He speculated too much and Wilkinson could not stand it. The Board squirted at it, and the gentleman had to resign [illegible]. Wilkinson is an honest gentleman. I am not, and so I'll have my revenge, and I never let him rest. He had the foresight at one [illegible] and when some one said, "Why Harry, do [illegible] that?" Harry said, "I don't care a damn. I [illegible] but I'm going to hound him and I'll never let him rest," and that's what's the matter. You see, [illegible] a nutshell, and the *Barnacle* is the tool, conscious or unconscious. Sign a document and stay in good company, for the sake of truth and decency, and then get behind a fence and throw mud, and don't let it be known who it is, but make believe it is done for the sake of the public interest. That's nice. By-and-by the people will find it out, and back will swing this pendulum of mud and fib, and malice and mendacity, and it will hit against the pillar of Justice, and down it will all come on the head of the man who first set it swinging. Yours,

JUSTICE.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

Two Oysters Once, each in his separate cell,
Thus each [illegible] all their troubles tell:
Says one, "Before I came to this gay town,
My stomach was empty, my face was brown."
Says the other, "I quite agree with that,
I came here thin, but now I'm sleek and fat,
For Corville treats us to the best of meat;
He who eats us will have a luscious treat.
I do not mind the murdering knife or knock,
But shall die happy at the Saddle Rock."

Something About the Carpenter.—Director Meagher offered an amendment that the salary of Head Carpenter be fixed at $150 per month. He said he saw no [illegible] reason why the Head Carpenter should have his salary increased. There were hundreds of competent carpenters [illegible] whom would be glad to take the position for $100 per month. He referred to the former carpenter, [illegible] per month, out of which he supplied his own horse and wagon. He said the said had saved the Department hundreds of dollars in the matter of blackboard building alone, and was worth his weight in gold compared with the present incumbent. He would be willing to give Larrimore $1[illegible] per month, if he provided his own horse and buggy. The amendment was lost. The original recommendation was then put and carried.

Tired and Hungry I sat down, waiting for my dinner,
And called the cook a [illegible], like any hungry sinner.
But O, when she brought the meat in and it was nearly raw,
I no longer kept my temper, but fell right to and swore.
Said she, "Your stove's a bad one, and so, if you want a change,
Go to De la Montanya's, and get a Union Range."
I did, and now my dinner's cooked as well as I could wish,
And I can never find a fault in any single dish.

Nothing is More Likely to make a man feel mad than to pass a disparaging remark on the likeness of his beloved. Now, the other day I sent to a second-rate [illegible] and had my girl's likeness taken; to be sure it did not flatter her, but when I showed it to a friend and asked him if he admired it, and he said "Yes, I think it's not at all a bad likeness of your mother, but they have made her look ten years older than she really is," why, I felt kind of mad. I tore them all up, and took her to Taber's, opposite the Lick House. Now, these cards were so good that I, out of jealousy, only gave her one, for fear she should give them to some other fellow. My friends stare for hours at the one I have framed, and swear she is divine. So she is.

"There's a Drop," said the Peri, "that down from the moon
Falls through the withering airs of June
Upon Egypt's* land, of so healing a power,
So balmy a virtue, that ev'n in the hour
That drop descends, contagion dies
And health reanimates earth and skies."

*Cutter's whisky, made in Kentucky, which is acknowledged the panacea for all complaints and woes that affect mankind.

CUTTER WHISKY

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents [illegible] the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY [illegible] "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to [illegible] unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious [illegible] Whisky in the United States. March [illegible]

The gods in solemn conclave sat,
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]

Said Bacchus, "I'm inclined to think
We'd better change our heavenly drink:
Let's send below, for they say that it's due,
For Eberhardt & Lachman [illegible]"

A House Painter [illegible] grained a door so exactly in imitation of oak that [illegible] quantity of leaves and produced an excellent crop of acorns. He [illegible] pointer dog on the end of a bedstead with such fidelity [illegible] baker. The owner [illegible] his furniture last week to [illegible] naturally anxious not to have these rarities spoilt by [illegible] engaged Robinson, the drayman, from the corner of Davis and [illegible]. The oak tree is as perfect as ever, and the dog points the same as [illegible]

President Grant, when in San Francisco, used to go in big licks for his toddy, and more than once has found that even a bold soldier can be made to succumb to the power of King Alcohol. We must do him justice, however, and state that, since he has become the head of our nation, moderation has been his maxim. His fondness for the "narcotic weed," has been made the subject of many an electioneering joke, but even the most malicious Democrat has not dared to hint at intemperance. No, the General who led the boys in blue to so many victories, and is now reaping a good soldier's reward, is temperate without being a hydropathist. His chief and favorite beverage is Gerke Wine.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently [illegible] Mark [illegible] corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE. [illegible] Manager. Nov. [illegible]

A Boon to Man from heaven sent
A never ending joy,
Giving him happiness and content,
Almost without alloy.

Is that new art, drawn from the sun,
The photographer's art,
It keeps in mind when life is run
Those friends from whom we part.

Such is indeed the case, as a glimpse into Bradley & Rulofson's windows will at once convince any one.

A Fool will Ever be a Fool; it's no use trying to make a philosopher out of such stuff; you might as well try to make a razor out of putty, or a race-horse out of a guinea-pig. One of these fools came to me the other day and spun me a long yarn about his trouble; he'd lost in stocks, his eldest little boy had got his eye poked out by a schoolmate of an inquiring disposition. His wife had just had twins, and, to use his own expression, he was generally "sat upon." I tried to persuade him that these were mere trifles, and that as far as being "sat upon" was concerned, he ought to like that. Gilbert & Moore's school and office furniture is sat upon by all intelligent people, and it likes it. So do they. Poor fool, he didn't seem to see it.

[W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE.** [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 313 Bush street. Factory, 445 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

"Great Heavens, What a Change there is in you!" said a friend of mine to me the other day. "Why, you don't [illegible] the same man; last time I saw you you looked pale and careworn, thin and cadaverous—what has worked such a miraculous change in so short a time?" He was correct a month ago I was worried with work and bother to almost a skeleton. "Can't you tell a friend," said he, "the grand secret." Not liking to be selfish, I told him that the only way I could account for the change in me for the better, was, that I had spent the last month with Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg, at Thorpe's Hotel, on the San Bruno Road. He started off there next day.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL.

Gardens and Farms, at the Junction of the County and San Bruno [illegible] This well known [illegible] most beautiful place [illegible] city, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an [illegible] March 21.

An Infernal Spiritualist came to my house the other day, and summoning some of his spirits, made my furniture dance about in such a way that [illegible] flew off the chairs, tables smashed, and general havoc was made with [illegible] I [illegible] much, but went and got it replaced at N. P. Coles, on Bush street. I then asked him up again. He made them dance about as before, but even the spirits could not break them, they were so strong and durable. I think that he did me a good turn, as he at any rate showed me where to get good furniture.

Murphy, a witty member of the California Bar, at a dinner party pushed a bottle of old port across the table to a distinguished Coroner, who smacked his lips over it most emphatically and pronounced it very good. "Ah," said [illegible] "I thought you'd like it, for there's a body in it." The Coroner told him [illegible] his tongue, and to insure that it should be held fast, get harness for it at Main & Winchester's. If his tongue broke that, he had better cut it out, as nothing on God's earth would hold it.

[C. MAIN.] **MAIN & WINCHESTER** [E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc. Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. [illegible] constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

No. 604 Merchant Street, San Francisco, March 1st, 1873.—I [illegible] inform you that I have opened an office at the above address for the sale and purchase of real estate, the examination of titles, the settlement of estates of decedents, the investment of money and the negotiation of loans. As I propose to give to these specialties my exclusive personal attention, I can ask, with the greater confidence, the favor of your patronage. I am, respectfully, your obedient servant, ROBT. C. ROGERS.

A Pleasant Drive, indeed, is the drive out to Harry Blanken's, on the San Bruno Road. He always has a smile and a joke for all, and the mere thought of his drinks makes one thirsty.

Can You See Plainly? If you can't, take my advice, and instead of going to any ordinary watchmaker, go to Muller and try his Pebble Glasses. You'll soon see.

BOOK NOTICES

Scribner's Monthly for April, just received, is full of good illustrations and interesting reading. It also contains some original poetry of more than average merit. It treats of subjects varied and instructive, and is, on the whole, a first-rate number of a first-rate periodical.

Wishing-Cap Papers.—By Leigh Hunt. The "Wishing-Cap Papers" are composed of a series of essays and sketches from the *Examiner*, *Tattler*, etc., hitherto uncollected and written with the graceful ease and chattiness peculiar to the brilliant Leigh Hunt. In reading these papers one is invested with a wishing-cap of his own, whereby he is transferred to pleasant places and among charming people in a very delightful way. For sale at the house of A. L. Bancroft & Co., 721 Market street.

Partingtonian Patchwork.—By B. P. Shillaber. In one of the patches we are reintroduced to our old friend Mrs. P. and her remarkable offspring, [illegible] with all their old eccentricities. Those desirous of a good laugh are advised to follow Mr. Blifkins through his domestic tribulations, and Dr. Spooner [illegible] of "The Delectable." For sale at the house of A. L. Bancroft & Co., 721 Market street.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection [illegible] DONNELLY'S YEAST POWDER [illegible] and you will find [illegible] elsewhere.

THOMAS DONNOLLY.

San Francisco, January 25, 1873. Feb. 1.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, Threadneedle street, London; [illegible] Union Bank of London; National Provincial Bank of England; Wilkins & Co., Brocon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 15 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dansdale, Fowler & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, [illegible] Yard, [illegible] Hotel, [illegible] Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, [illegible] London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, Sam's Coffee House, [illegible] Langham Hotel, Portland Place; W. George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 24 Goswell Road, [illegible] Smith, Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno. Marriott, 11 Glosterst, E.C., Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool; Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. [illegible] corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling [illegible] and investing capital and managing estates.

BUCKLE'S RELIGIOUS VIEWS.

We Have Lost the Author of the "History of Civilization," but his work and words which remain, will never permit us to forget the great ideas to which he gave name and local habitation. Since Helen Taylor has collected and published his *Miscellaneous and Posthumous Works* (3 vol. 8 vo. Lond., 1872), we may consider our sum of his labor-results as virtually complete. Now, from the time of Southey, it has been a not uncommon thing for the scrap and commonplace books of great authors, to be placed before the public, in a more or less complete and arranged form. The three volumes of this sort that now lie before us, are interesting apart from their intrinsic value, through the insight they [illegible] into the methods of their owner, and, through these methods, into himself. It [illegible] as to treat of this matter now; neither can we hope to give here any just idea of his great parts and abilities. Happily for our exigency, [illegible] have been long since recognized and crowned by the chief thinkers of all schools. Froud, representing an opposite and almost wholly antagonistic pole of thought, says of Buckle: "He took the measure of his abilities. He knew that whenever he pleased he could command personal distinction, but he cared more for his subject than for himself. He was contented to work with patient reticence, unknown and unheard of, for twenty years; and then, at middle life, he produced a work which was translated at once into French and German, and fluttered the dovecotes of the Imperial Academy of St. Petersburg." (*Short Studies*. First series, p. 8. New York, 1872.) This is the man, from whose works, as well as from a Boswellizing letter of Mr. Longmore's [illegible], opportunely, brought to our notice by the *Athenæum*) we propose to [illegible] key-note utterances on matters religious, and lay them before the readers of the *News Letter*. He characterizes the Hindoos as "that people between the Indus and the Ganges, whose philosophy formed one of the elements of the school of Alexandria, whose subtle speculations anticipated all the efforts of European [illegible] and whose sublime inquiries, conducted in their own exquisite language, date from a period when the Jews, stained with every variety of crime, were a plundering and vagabond tribe, wandering on the face of the earth, raising their hand against every man, and every man raising his hand against them. (*Hist. of Civiliz.*, I. p. 784, Lond., 1861.) Of the examination and refutation of error in general, he says, plaintively enough: "To examine the notions in which we have been educated, and to turn aside from those which will not bear the test, is a task so painful, that they who shrink from the suffering should pause before they reproach those by whom the suffering is undergone." (*Hist. of Civiliz.*, I. [illegible]) The precise boundaries and functions of speculation and practice he would fix as follows: "Inasmuch as practical men should never allow the speculative conclusions of philosophers whatever be their truth, to be put in actual operation, [illegible] [illegible] (*Hist. of Civiliz.*, II. p. 475.) [illegible] of self-indulgence is, that he shall neither hurt himself nor hurt others. Short of this everything is lawful. It is more than lawful; it is necessary. He who abstains from safe and moderate gratification of the senses [illegible] [illegible] (*Hist. of Civiliz.*, II. p. [illegible]) His view of churches is one to make their supporters stare. "In no [illegible] better measures of the superstition of a nation, than the proportion which the money spent in them bears to the general wealth of the country." (*Miscel. and Posthum. Works*, I. p. 109.) Yet he can do full justice to the [illegible] influences in the Dark Ages. For such obligations, however, he holds that "Europe should be grateful, but she should not be superstitious." (*Ib.* p. 13.) Mr. Buckle's opinion on Spiritualism as related by Longmore, is [illegible] a letter in the *Spectator*, *Saturday Review* and other high-class journals. "Well, I cannot admit there is anything supernatural about it, I think it [illegible] may be a development of some new force well worthy of scientific investigation. To the [illegible] are also indebted for a definite statement of our historians' view of Christianity [illegible] "He (Buckle) said he believed the New Testament after eliminating the supernatural [illegible] Jesus Christ the greatest teacher and civilizer of mankind that ever lived; and he even admitted that there was that in His teaching which it was difficult, indeed impossible, to account for without believing Him to be divinely inspired. In reply to a question who he placed next as civilizer of mankind, he answered, without hesitation, William Shakespeare. He afterwards said he had never known but one real atheist, and that he was a Cabinet Minister."

IN MEMORIAM

At the Request of Many Friends of the late Mrs. Corwine, we insert the following, from the *Star and Panama Herald* of February 25th, 1873.

The death, at her residence in this city, on Sunday morning last, of the wife of Mr. David M. Corwine, the oldest foreign lady resident of Panama, [illegible] more than a passing notice at our hands. It is now twenty three years ago that Mr. Corwine and wife came from the United States and made this city their permanent abode, and, with the exception of a few months of absence to visit their early home, have resided here ever since. It was here that their three children were born, only one of whom, Ida, now budding into womanhood, survives, with her father, to mourn the loss of a devoted and loving mother. [illegible] with very robust health, the deceased lady nevertheless enjoyed exemption from all serious illness until about two or three years ago, when the first symptoms of the disease (consumption) which has now brought her life to a close, made its appearance, but it was not until a little over a year ago that the disease [illegible] on a serious shape and began to excite the apprehension of her friends. Confined to her house for the past year, and to her bed for the past four or five months, everything was done to alleviate her condition that a devoted husband and loving daughter, and their friends, could devise and do, but it was all of no avail. She gradually grew weaker, until Sunday morning at eight o'clock, when she died. Her last hours were free from pain. She was also conscious, and retained the power of speech to the last. Feeling that her end was approaching, she spake words of trust and faith in Him in whom she believed, and [illegible] Feebler and fewer came her words—a last farewell spoken to her distressed husband and daughter standing by her bedside, and all was still—her life had returned to him who gave it.

To the old foreign residents of Panama, the news of Mrs. Corwine's death will cause a feeling of unfeigned sorrow and regret. None better than they know the generous hospitality of which she was the giver, and which only ceased when it became a necessity by reason of her impaired health. None know better than they the true Christian spirit of her benevolence, and the unselfish interest she took in [illegible] everything that was useful and good. To her, perhaps, more than to any other one, are the resident foreigners indebted for the beautiful flowers which make the last resting place of their dead, under the shadow of Mount Ancon, a very garden of beauty. And there, amid the evidences of her sympathy, her body rests. We cannot bring back to the stricken hearts now resting under the shadow of their great affliction, that life which had become so interwoven with their own as to seem almost as one with them, but it may prove a consolation, and lighten a little the burden of their grief, to have us say, what we are conscious they already feel, that all hearts throughout the Isthmus of Panama, and wherever they are known, beat as one in sympathy for their loss.

To all Lovers of Tobacco, we should recommend a perusal of "Cope's Tobacco [illegible] to manufacturer, the dealer, [illegible]

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Church—In this city, March 9th, to the wife of J. R. Church, a daughter.
Flanagan—In this city, March 23th, to the wife of L. Flanagan, a son.
Higgins—In this city, March 26th, to the wife of Edward Higgins, a son.
Heid—In this city, March 23d, to the wife of Bernhard Heid, a daughter.
Hastings—In this city, March [illegible], to the wife of George Hastings, twins—boys.
Marks—In this city, March 19th, to the wife of H. Marks, a son.
Rochfort—In this city, March 27th, to the wife of M. J. Rochfort, a son.
Welch—In this city, March 23d, to the wife of James M. Welch, Jr., a daughter.
Walsh—In this city, March 25th, to the wife of Wm. Walsh, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Chamberlain-Hildreth—In Castroville, March 16th, H. Chamberlain to L. Hildreth.
Deckmann-Bohnenberg—In this city, March 23d, H. Deckmann to A. Bohnenberg.
Kummerfeldt-Keseberg—In San Jose, March 23d, F. Kummerfeldt to M. Keseberg.
McCarthy-Webster—In this city, March 23d, D. McCarthy to Charlotte Webster.
Parker-Hanck—In this city, March 23d, F. W. Parker to Sarah Hanck.
Schord-Shaw—In this city, March 18th, Louis G. Schord to Flora A. Shaw.
Wolfsohn-Danielwitz—In this city, March 23d, Wm. Wolfsohn to M. Danielwitz.

TOMB.

Brown—In this city, March 26th, George F. Brown, aged 41 years.
Connor—In this city, March 23d, Edward M. Connor, aged [illegible] years.
Cleave—In this city, March 23d, Mrs. Hannah Cleave, aged [illegible] years.
Desmond—In this city, March 23d, Mrs. Ellen Desmond, aged [illegible] years.
Eldredge—In this city, March 27th, Mary [illegible] Eldredge, aged 31 years.
Frazer—In this city, March 23d, Alfred Frazer, aged [illegible] years.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.
[March 2[illegible]]

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION.

The best chance to invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific Coast. TITLE PERFECT. [illegible] for inside and $30 for corner Lots, payable $10 cash, balance $5 per month, without interest or assessments for [illegible] Blocks [illegible] by 300 Feet—Lots 25 by 100 Feet and 30 by 150 Feet. Streets all 80 Feet Wide. Subscribers can select their lots on receipt of the first payment, and those who wish to pay in full and take deeds at once can do so. This valuable property is beautifully located, commanding a fine view of San Diego Bay and surroundings. It is only eight blocks of 200 feet each from the City Park Reservation, a few minutes walk from the Hotel, and just One Mile from the Railroad lands on the water front, where the depots and center of business must be located. Congress has just made San Diego a Port of Entry, and it is now believed to be certain that grading will be commenced on the Texas and Pacific Railroad early this season. There is no place on the Coast where one can invest at the present time with as much certainty of doubling or trebling his money in a few months as in San Diego. The location, the nearness to what must be the business center, the exceedingly low price and easy terms, with the future prospects of that city, make this property the [illegible] purposes, and one of the best investments [illegible] speculation ever offered. For maps showing the entire bay, with correct surroundings and the location of this property, with the various points of interest and importance, apply to IRA G. HOITT, Secretary and Agent, 421 Montgomery street, San Francisco, where subscription books are now open.

TRUSTEES—BENJ. P. AVERY, DORVILLE LIBBY, IRA G. HOITT. March 29.

WILSON'S AMPHITHEATER AND PARISIAN CIRCUS.

Sutter street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, opposite Lick House.—[illegible] Saturday, March 29. Grand Matinee, at 2 P. M., for the BENEFIT OF [illegible] the daring Young Bareback Rider, [illegible] in San Francisco, with their [illegible] Acts! The Gymnasts [illegible] for Mr. Dockrill's Benefit. Sunday [illegible] Novelty! Novelty! Admission—Dress Circle, 50 cents; Parquette, 25 cents. March 29.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. [illegible] Stage Manager [illegible] Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, March 29th [illegible] BELLA UNION MINSTRELS. All Male Performers. Quartettes, Trios, Glees, etc. THOS. CAMPBELL [illegible] Double Song and Dance. [illegible] UNCLE BEN'S MUSEUM. Tableaux [illegible] Harland and Josephine in [illegible] TIMOTHY TODDLES. Admission—25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents. Private Boxes, [illegible] March 29.

TO CLOSE COPARTNERSHIP

We will sell Cut Glass Goblets, $3 per dozen; Cut Glass Fruit Bowls, $[illegible]; Cut Glass Decanters, $1 50 each; Cut Glass Pitchers, $1 50 each; Cut Glass Sets [illegible] dozen Goblets, 1 dozen Egg Glasses, 1 dozen Sauce Plates, 1 Sugar Bowl, 1 Spoon Glass, 1 Creamer, 1 Covered Butter, 1 Fruit Bowl, 1 Celery Glass [illegible] English Dinner Set for 12 persons, $30; French Dinner Set [illegible] Superior Plated Casters, $4 to $12, Superior Plated [illegible] Table [illegible] per dozen; Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) [illegible] Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Tea Spoons, $2 75 per dozen [illegible] (Russell's) Table Knives, $4 per dozen; Superior [illegible] Dessert Knives, $5 per dozen; [illegible] Ivory hd. (Russell's) [illegible] 50 per pair. And all goods in our Immense Stock in like proportion.

March [illegible] HAVILAND, HOOPER & CO., 313 Pine street, S. F.

METROPOLITAN THEATER

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—Director, [illegible] Treasurer, Andrew Lorrell. Saturday Afternoon, March 29—Grand Matinee. Saturday Evening [illegible] New York [illegible] LOTUS [illegible] CHAPMAN SISTERS will appear. Grand [illegible] Wednesday Evening, April 2[illegible] [illegible] Admission—Dress Circle, 75 cents; Orchestra Seats, 50 cents, Gallery, 25 cents. March 29.

ALHAMBRA THEATER

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor. [illegible] Manager and Treasurer, Bob Hart, Stage Manager [illegible] Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon [illegible] EMERSON MINSTRELS [illegible] LITTLE MAC [illegible] CHARLEY SUTTON [illegible] "The Second Hand Hotel" [illegible] "Les Miserables" [illegible] Appearance of MR. CHARLES VIVIAN, the great [illegible] Singer. March 29.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Afternoon, March 29th—Grand Matinee. Saturday Evening—[illegible] performed, after months of careful preparation, Shakespeare's Grand Historical Tragedy of CORIOLANUS. MR. JOHN McCULLOUGH as "Caius Marcius [illegible]" Wednesday, April 2d—Benefit of W. T. PORTER. March 29.

PLATT'S HALL.

One Free Lecture, by Professor O. S. Fowler, as follows: Sunday Afternoon, March 30th, at 3 o'clock, [illegible] Nature as Proving a God and [illegible] o'clock—to Ladies—"Female [illegible] Monday Evening, March 31st—to Gentlemen [illegible] to your own and children's Phrenology [illegible] GRAND HOTEL till Friday, April [illegible] March 2[illegible]

OVER THE RIVER.

[BY MRS. A. O. WAKEFIELD.]

Over the river they beckon to me,
Loved ones who've crossed to the farther side;
The gleam of their snowy robes I see,
But their voices are lost in the dashing tide.
There's one with ringlets of sunny gold,
And eyes the reflection of heaven's own blue;
He crossed in the twilight, gray and cold,
And the pale mist hid him from mortal view.
We saw not the angels who met him there,
The gates of the city we could not see.
Over the river—over the river—
My brother stands waiting to welcome me.

Over the river the boatman pale
Carried another, the household pet;
Her brown curls waved in the gentle gale—
Darling Minnie! I see her yet.
She crossed on her bosom her dimpled hands,
And fearlessly entered the phantom-bark,
We felt it glide from the silver sands,
And all our sunshine grew strangely dark.
We know she is safe on the farther side,
Where all the ransomed and angels be;
Over the river—the mystic river—
My childhood's idol is waiting for me.

For none return from those quiet shores
Who cross with the boatman cold and pale—
We hear the dip of the golden oars,
And catch a gleam of the snowy sail;
And lo! they have passed from our yearning hearts,
Who cross the stream and are gone for aye.
We may not sunder the veil apart,
That hides from our vision the gates of day;
We only know that their barks no more
May sail with us over life's stormy sea;
Yet somewhere, I know, on the unseen shore,
They watch, and beckon, and wait for me.

And I sit and think when the sunset's gold
Is flushing river and hill and shore,
I shall one day stand by the water cold,
And list for the sound of the boatman's oar;
I shall watch for a gleam of the flapping sail,
I shall hear the boat as it gains the strand,
I shall pass from sight with the boatman pale,
To the better shore of the spirit-land;
I shall know the loved who have gone before,
And joyfully sweet will the meeting be,
When over the river—the peaceful river—
The angel of death shall carry me.

LIFE IN LONDON.

The English Capital is now adopting a policy which, until a comparatively recent date, was never thought of. It lays the [illegible] for an unlimited growth of population. The old districts are widened up, and the new are constructed to be loosely peopled. The ancient close-packing system has ceased, and light and space are being let into overcrowded localities. There are now half a million more people than there were in 1861, but the traffic in the chief thoroughfares is easier. There are fewer dead locks in the streets, and business and pleasure are managed with greater facility. These are the results of the simple fact that London has within the last quarter of a century recognized the coming of the stress of an unparalleled population, and made preparations to meet it. Three hundred years ago Queen Elizabeth issued a proclamation forbidding the erection of new buildings "where none such had existed within the memory of man," for the extension of the metropolis was not only calculated to encourage the increase of the plague, but was thought to create trouble in governing such multitudes, a dearth of victuals, the multiplying of beggars, an increase of artisans more than could live together, and the impoverishment of other cities for lack of inhabitants. At that time the whole population of England and Wales was probably less than five millions, of whom certainly not more than half a million lived in London. But the inhabitable area then was very limited. Without any of the modern machinery of speedy communication and protection from depredation, a city stretching upwards of eleven miles from north to south, and from east to west would have been an impossibility. An estimate of a population of 13,000,000 in 1973 is based upon the increase of the ten years from 1861 to 1871, which was one and a half per cent per annum. The increase would be much greater, showing a population of something like 16,000,000—if calculated on the rate of accretion in the first fifty years of the present century, and still more if reckoned upon the percentage of the last twenty or thirty years. The ratio of increase of the last ten years, which gives the result of 13,000,000 in 1973, is the lowest since 1811. But that the rate has fallen somewhat since 1861 can hardly be taken to indicate a permanent turn in the tide. The decade in which occurred the American civil war, the stoppage of the English cotton manufacture, the greatest financial crash of the century, and a general depression of trade, is not a fair gauge of the tendency of the population of a great city which suffered severely from all those causes. The fact that in such a time the people of London increased by 417,000 is evidence of the determined growth of London under difficulties. Judging from the state of things since the census was taken nearly two years ago, the increase of population between 1871 and 1881 will be at a greater rate than one and a half per cent. Thirteen millions, therefore, a hundred years hence, is a very low estimate for the population of London, and nothing short of irretrievable national calamity, or a complete and wholly unlooked for revolution in the conditions of civilization in the Old World, can prevent the realization of that estimate. A population of not less than thirteen millions, and a hundred years more of progress in the arts, in science, literature, the drama—from this date a century of invention, discoveries, new modes of increasing productions and sparing toil, new pleasures and comforts, higher knowledge of all knowable things, inestimable improvements in the art of health, better laws and principles of government—Who can form a conception of Life in London at the end of that hundred years! In point of time the period is short; but there have been no ages of the past by which may be measured this century forward. A hundred years ago the machinery which regulates present habits and modes of living was not thought of, and Europeans were struggling, not very hopefully, to emulate the highest civilization of old Greece and Rome. In all, except pure art, the English have now gone far past those ancient standards, and more than once have they run once or twice on the heels of the divine masters of the past that the next high wave of genius, or the next after that, may send them far ahead of old history, even in the accomplishments in which the first civilized nations most excelled.

Naval Steam Signals.—An ingenious mode of signalling at sea has been suggested to the Admiralty. It is said to be simple, and available for night or day. The only requirements are one powerful, high toned steam whistle and one low-toned ditto, commonly called a buzzer, to be used as follows in signalling numbers referred to in the signal-book: No. 1, 1 whistle; 2, 2 do.; 3, 3 do.; 4, 1 buzzer; 5, 2 do.; 6, 3 do.; 7, 1 buzzer and 1 whistle; 8, 2 buzzers and 1 whistle; 9, 3 buzzers and 1 whistle; 0, 2 buzzers and 2 whistles. Example—for signal No. 1,480—1 whistle and a pause, No. 1; 1 buzzer and a pause, 4; 2 buzzers, 1 whistle and a pause, 8; 2 buzzers, 2 whistles and a pause, 0—1,480. It is probable the plan will be tested, and, if approved, will be generally adopted in the navy.—*European Mail.*

Meat in Texas.—There is every probability of a large trade in meat springing up between England and Texas.

CARD FROM BOSTON MERCHANTS.

BOSTON, December 15th, 1872.

Captain Wm. B. Sears, Agent Fireman's Fund Ins. Co. of California.

DEAR SIR:—In the spirit of the very creditable and business-like manner in which our losses by the great fire of November 9th and 10th were adjusted and settled by the officers of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company of California, whose policies it was our good fortune to hold, we take pleasure in inviting you to use our names as references. Very truly yours, Nichols, Parker & Hooper, Hapgood & Co., Mann, Bowers & Sawyer Co., Crocker & Hobart, Converse & Stanwood, Brooks & Young, Spaulding & Wardwell, Smith Stebbins & Co., D. Webster King & Co., Melendy, Hilton & Co., Mirer, Beal & Hackett, Moore & Sprague, George William Bond & Co., Brandon Scales Co., Carter, Mann & Co., Frank F. Hodges, Farley, Amsden & Co. Feb 8.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $[illegible]. Directors—John H. Redington President; George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary. H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS: San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. H. Morgan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, R. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, E. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Joe Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, I. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Henry Brooke, J. N. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager; W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager; I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, S. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning; H. H. Hewlett, Manager; S. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, J. Vital Belloc, A. Pfister, J. B. Carter, Jackson Lewis, S. Hayes, Noah Palmer, D. D. Murphy, T. J. Denny, Manager; A. F. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital $750,000 Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement! Losses! Solid Security! DIRECTORS—SAN FRANCISCO—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, B. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan. GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice President. CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 34 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,002,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.

GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.

WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 435 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital $[illegible]. Directors: W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckels, Selden S. Wright, W. H. Cummings, L. F. MacDermott, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, John H. Wise, Chas. J. Deering, Lev. Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Ulrich, Charles Main, W. B. Hooper, H. L. Dodge, James Phelan, D. H. Haskell. Sacramento: H. S. Crocker, N. D. Thayer, F. S. Freeman.

C. W. KELLOGG, President.

H. G. HORNER, Secretary. Jan. 18.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its policies non-forfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among its policy holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.

WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,

April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $0,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,[illegible]. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

W. L. BOOKER, Agent,

[Jan 1.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco.

☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred shareholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1720.)

Cash Assets $13,000,000.

☞ Fire Risks at current rates. [Nov 16.] CROSS & CO., Agents.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.

FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,

Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE.—NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS—1873-74.

All Persons, Companies, Associations, or Firms in the City and County of San Francisco are requested either in person or by their proper representatives, to deliver at the Assessor's Office, No. 22 City Hall, in said City and County, before the SECOND MONDAY in APRIL, 1873, a statement under oath of all Property, both personal and real, owned or claimed by him or them, or which is in his or their possession or under his control, or which is held or controlled by any other person in trust for or for the benefit of him or them.—See Political Code, Sections 3613-3648. POLL TAX IS NOW DUE at this office or to a Deputy.—See Sections 3839-3846, Political Code.

LEVI ROSENER, City and County Assessor.

Saturday, March 1, 1873. March 8.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouses, etc. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

Jan 25. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED leaves Folsom street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and [illegible] streets. [Oct. 9.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.

March 26. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome & Bush, S. F.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 29

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

— IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pollzoi.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Monton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Sisney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—R. Wallis, Prop.

St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovea & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

Alliance of the Duke of Edinburgh.—Rumor is always busy with the future of the Duke of Edinburgh. The latest is that an alliance has been definitely arranged between his Royal Highness and an Imperial Russian Princess, and that it will take place in this country during the present season. The bride elect is believed to be Marie Alexandrina, only daughter of the Emperor of Russia, who was born in October 1853, sister of the Czarewitch, husband of the Princess Dagmar, sister-in-law of the Prince of Wales; but in another quarter it is told that the royal lady on whom the Duke's hand and heart are about being bestowed is Iljena Constantinovena, daughter of the Grand Duchess Josephine, sister of the present Emperor of Russia. Although it is unable to state with absolute certainty which of these Royal Princesses is to be the bride, that all the preliminaries have been arranged for the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh with one of them is certain.

Recently, at the Freemasons' Tavern, the Prince of Wales presided at the annual festival of the Royal Masonic Benevolent Institution. This is the first time his Royal Highness has occupied the chair at a public banquet since his late illness. There was a very large gathering, including the Marquis of Ripon, the Earl of Limerick, Earl of Tenterden, Earl of Shewsbury, Marquis of Londonderry and Sir Michael Costa. In proposing the toast of the evening, his Royal Highness expressed the great interest he felt in Masonry, and particularly in the institution they had met to promote. Charity was one of the tenets of their craft. His granduncle, the Duke of Sussex, was formerly Grand Master, and took the deepest interest in all that concerned Masonry. He was the first to suggest the institution for aged Freemasons, and the idea was warmly taken up by the Grand Lodge.

The Welsh Eisteddfod.—A memorial to the Prince of Wales, asking his Royal Highness to preside at Mold, at the National Welsh Eisteddfod, is in course of signature by the magistrates and gentry of all parts of the principality; and it is confidently expected the Prince will return a favorable reply. The Eisteddfod committee proposes that any surplus, after the payment of expenses, shall form the nucleus of a fund for the formation of an Eisteddfod scholarship in the Welsh University at Aberystwith.

A Russian Theater is to be opened at Vienna during the Exhibition, under the direction of Prince Oblensky and Count Markoff. The following pieces are to be performed in the course of the Summer. *The Death of Ivan the Terrible, A Russian Marriage, The Boyard of the Sixteenth Century, The Grace of Askold and The Silver Prince.* Every effort is to be made to give an accurate and lively representation of Russian costumes, songs and dances at this theater.

The Crown Prince and Crown Princess of Germany are expected at Berlin on 10th March. Their imperial highnesses will have a grand reception, all corporations being eager to evince their sympathy with the Prince's recovery by some demonstrative act. The trades' guilds will line the streets from the station to the palace, wearing their colors and badges, and the students of the university will probably hold a torchlight procession in the evening.

The Ex-King of Spain is responsible for creating the Republic and giving the monarchical pretenders a parting slap in the face. When he had finally resolved to take this course, he sent for some of the leaders of the Republican party who were personally known to him, and recommended them to form a government upon their own principles. The Cortes acted on his advice, and the Republic was proclaimed.

According to the Present Arrangements, the Prince of Wales will pay his long-expected visit to the Duke of Rutland at Belvoir on Tuesday next (February 25th), but he will not be accompanied by the Princess of Wales. Great preparations have been made for his Royal Highness' arrival, and it is proposed that one of the features of the stay shall be a few days' hunting with the Belvoir Pack.

The Earl of Carnarvon left town on Thursday, February 27th, for Southampton, where he embarks for Gibraltar. There the noble Earl will meet his yacht for a cruise in the Mediterranean. His lordship returns after the Easter holidays. The Countess and family will stay with the Countess of Chesterfield, at Bretby, during the Earl's absence abroad.

It is Stated that Prince Frederick Charles has bestowed the pecuniary dotation conferred upon him at the conclusion of the last war upon regiments that served under his command in the campaigns of 1864, 1866 and 1870. About thirty regiments benefit by this munificent gift, invested for the assistance of non-commissioned officers and re-enlisters.

Return Hospitalities have been offered by the Admiral of the English Squadron in the Tagus to the King of Portugal and King Amadeus. Their Majesties lunched on board the *Minotaur* on Monday, February 24th, and they were received with royal honors. The *Bellerophon* has left Lisbon for Plymouth.

It May Interest Teetotalers to learn that the late King of Spain drank nothing but water, was an early riser, and set his face against late night hours. A glass or two of wine might have given him the requisite amount of nerve, brain, stamina and energy to have kept his crown.

Prince Arthur and Suite left Rome for Naples at two o'clock on Wednesday, February 26th. The members of the legation and many British residents, together with the local authorities, were present at the station on the departure of his Royal Highness.

A Marriage is arranged to take place in the Autumn between Lord Inverurie, son of the Earl of Kintore, and Lady Sydney Charlotte Montagu, sister of the Duke of Manchester. His lordship came of age last year, and her ladyship was born in 1851.

A Novel by the Princess Mathilde Bonaparte, entitled "La Dame à la Robe [illegible]," will shortly be published. This novel, it is said, was laid before M. Prosper Merimée some time before his decease, and was corrected by him.

On Monday, February 24th, at the Roman Catholic Chapel in Warwick street, was celebrated the marriage of Captain Wickham (late of the Rifle Brigade) and the Hon. Lady Tichborne, widow of Sir Alfred Tichborne, Bart.

Another Meeting of Cæsars is to take place. The Emperor of Austria is expected to take part in the interview originally projected between the Emperors of Russia and Germany, in April next, in St. Petersburg.

Curiously Enough no notice has been taken as yet of the telegraphed and frequently referred to difference between England and Portugal, which had been submitted to M. Thiers for arbitration. Was it a hoax?

Her Royal Highness the Marchioness of Lorn and the Marquis of Lorn will be for several days the guest of Sir John M'Neill, G. C. B., and Lady M'Neill, at Bernahead House, Liberton.

The Queen held a Court at Buckingham Palace on Thursday afternoon, February 27th. The Court was in mourning for her late Majesty the Empress Dowager of Austria.

Beethoven's Great-Nephew is in a state of destitution. Here would be an opportunity for Beethoven sympathy by the lovers of the Beethoven symphony.

Early in May the Queen will proceed to Balmoral and remain there for a short time; after Easter Her Majesty will go to Osborne.

The Austrian Ex-Emperor Ferdinand, residing at Prague, is in a very precarious state of health.

The Countess de Montijo, mother of the Empress Eugene, has suddenly lost her eyesight.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Diphtheria, Fevers, Ague, Croup, Hooping Cough. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 1, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as well known as Household Words." Articles of clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles 6d. Large bottles 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *·*SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.— The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopaths and Invalids, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage. Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb 23.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution AGAINST FRAUD.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialities: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Budgett & Hughes; Umballa and Mean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON-BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well-known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 3

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps, Chemically-prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gas Tight Cartridges for Pin Fire and Central Fire Breech loading Guns, Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers.

Sept. [illegible] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling a guarantee for purchaser and owner [illegible] the Lord Chancellor [illegible] said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but [illegible] are very useful in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

Oct 5 D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles F. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, [illegible] Plated Ware, Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 6.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 19th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, proximo, the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand Feet.

Nov. 9. JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

OLD KING COAL.

Old King Coal
Jol y dear on the whole,
Jolly dear on the whole is he,
He raises his price and he raises his toll
Every day by some shill ngs three.
Fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three, go the prices,
And so the poor
Must the cold endure
On account of penury

Old King Coal
Is a knowing old droll,
A knowing old droll is he;
For he s pay ng no wages and profits they roll
In fact, at the prices that be.
Fifty-four, fifty-five, fifty-six, go the prices!
And he doesn't care
For the deep despair
Of the sons of penury

Old King Coal
Has a hard heart and soul,
A hard heart and soul has he;
He brings about strikes, when he might control
His miners quite easily
Pooh! says he pooh! says he; pooh! says he, to the strikers,
When men are on strike
We charge what we like
To the verge of usury.

SUNBEAMS.

— A boy of tender years and heart has drowned 17 kittens, tied tin pans to the tails of all the neighbors' dogs, ornamented his chamber by pinning flies to the wall, cut bricklats w th his uncle's razor, blown up a pet canary w th a fire-cracker, pu led the tail feathers out of two roosters, been thrown into the top of an app stree by a cow that he was teasing, brushed his father's hat against the grain to d his sister's lover about her false teeth, and still his fond mother intends him for the pulpit.

— In Egypt, mummies have been found with teeth filled with gold, and in Ge to a skeleton has been discovered with false teeth secured to the cheek bone by a gold wire. In the museum at Naples, among some of the surgical instruments discovered at Pompeii, there is a fac-simile of Sims' speculum. In the ruins of Nineveh, Layard found several magnifying glasses.

— A gentleman was showing a vis tor some old pictures, not long ago, which had been pa nted by his mother in her earlier days, and be ng somewhat addicted to the weakness for the possession of old masters he exclaimed, "These pictures are two hundred years old, and forgetting h mse f for a moment, he added, "They were painted by my mother."

— The following is the first verse of the new "Brokers' Anthem," composed for Wall street. It is applicable elsewhere, and is quite comprehensive enough to dispense with the entire production. "Teach me a counterfeit to know, and bargains good to see, for quarters I to others show, show fifty cents to me."

— A man in Jersey City, who had ravished a kiss from a school girl, was fined by the magistrates, horse-whipped by the big brother and scratched bald-headed by his own wife. And it was not much of a kiss after all.

— People who believe the current stories about intelligent dogs will read with pleasure that a lost dog in Norfolk, having seen his master's advertisement in one of the local prints, promptly went home.

— An Indiana Sunday-school man writes to a Bible firm in New York: "Send me on some Sunday-school papers and books. Let the books be about pirates and Indians as far as possible."

— Landseer has a rival in Mr. Jones of Chicago, who, as a dog painter, has few equals. He can make a coach-dog out of a common white cur in ten minutes, if he is not disturbed.

— There is one piece of jewelry which was quite common twenty years ago, but is now rarely worn. We refer to the thimble. A lady is never seen in "thimble rig."

— I once, says Dr John Brown, asked a little girl "Who made you?" and she said, holding up her apron as a measure, "God made me that length, an' I growed the rest myself."

— A fashionable New York gentleman thinks that if ladies would only use their powder puffs more sparingly, men would get through the season with one dress coat.

— The chaplain of the Wisconsin State prison recently taught a convict to write, and the fell w ungratefully forged an order by which he made his escape.

— The Nebraska Indians are allowed to ride free on all trains they can jump on while the latter is in motion. The tribe is being reduced very rapidly.

— A boarder, of a Shakespearian turn, says that his bed reminds h m of Richard III, because it is "deformed, unfinished," and "scarce half made up."

— Cream may be frozen by simply putting it into a glass vessel, and then placing the whole into an old bachelor's bosom.

— A little girl of eight or ten summers being asked what dust was, replied that it was mud with the juice squeezed out.

— Talk about the modern falling off of home affections! Our wives are becoming dearer every day.

— "Take your time from me," as the pickpocket, sentenced to three months, remarked.

— To become the lion of a party it is not necessary to make a beast of one's elf.

— Dealy writers are undesirable acquaintances — their "coats [illegible] are [illegible]."

— "The books in the running brooks" were probably "volumes of water."

— An eq [illegible] wife makes a pensive husband.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Saturday, March 15, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A M (daily) C. P. R R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P M (Sundays excepted) C. P. R R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P M (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7 0, 8.10, 9.20, 10.40 and 11.20 A.M., 12.40, 1.30, 3.00, 4.00, 5.15, 6.30, 8.15, 9.30 and *11.30 P.M. (9.20, 11.30 and 3.00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5.30, 6 40, 7.50, 9.00 and 11 0 A.M., 1.30, 2.40, 4.00, 6 10, 7 35 and 10.10 P.M.

Leave Oakland * ... 6.00, 8 .0, 9.10.1 0 and 11 10 A.M., 12.00, 2.00, 2.50, 4.00, 5.05, 6.30, 8.05 and 10.20 P M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7.20, 9 0 and 11 15 A M., 1 0, 4 0, 5.30 and 6 40 P.M. (1.20, 11.15 and 5 30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4.30, 7.00 and 10.0 A M., and ...P M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5.25, 7.25, 9.00 and 11.20 A M., 1.50, 4.55 and 5.20 P M. *Except Sundays.

T H GOODMAN, Gen Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 8th, 1872.

Trains South.	Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—San Francisco	8 40 a m	*3 20 p m	†1.10 p m
San Jose ... Arrive	11 10 a m	6.12 p m	7.00 p m
Gilroy ... Arrive	12.50 p m	...	...
Pajaro ... Arrive	3.20 p m	...	...
Castroville ... Arrive	3.35 p m	...	...
Salinas ... Arrive	4 15 p m	...	...
Hollister ... Arrive	2.50 p m		

Trains North.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave—Hollister	...	...	11.05 a m
Salinas	...	...	10.00 a m
Castroville	...	...	1 0 a m
Pajaro	...	...	11.0 a m
Gilroy	...	...	1 0 p m
San Jose	*6 50 a m	7 L n m	2.31 p m
San Francisco ... Arrive	9 10 a m	10 1 a m	5.10 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2.50 p m. †Sundays excepted

FREIGHT TRAINS

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4 15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at 6.25 p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1 0 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11.20 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets, also Valencia street at its junction with Twenty-fifth street, at 6 A M, running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock P M, and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty-fifth street at 11 10 P M., and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 M. The cars run to Main street up to 6.00 P M., after which they run only as far as Sansome street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag reading "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S P R R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S P R R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty-fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes direct to Hayes Park.
Nov 12. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM
March 22] Agents, 1 3 Front street

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A N MacDonnough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on ... at 12 o clock M., from Front street Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through Bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15. 610 Front street.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8.15 a.m., 11 a.m., 1.30 p.m., Saucelito at ... a.m., 9.40 a.m. and 3.20 p.m. Sunday Time—San Francisco, 10 a.m., 12 m., 2 p.m. and 4 p.m. Saucelito, 11 a.m., 1, 3 and 5 p.m. On Saturdays, an extra trip from Saucelito at 2.15 p.m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a.m. H. A. COBB, President,
Nov. 16. 22 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at ... a.m. Returning—Leave San Francisco at ... P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. (Aug 31.) CHAS. MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL,

Gardens and Farms, at the junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot.—This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9.0 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 4 0 p.m. San Rafael, 10 a.m., 11 ... a.m., 2.30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10.00 a.m., 3.30 p.m.; San Rafael 8.0 a.m., 4.30 p.m. (Aug 24) CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin; in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 26 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Specifics. Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. The DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE. The success of the sauce on all the tables for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion and its flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 2

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm Hurney, Treasurer. Directors: I A Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J C Pennie, F M Freund, H Traube, P Crowley, H V Herbert, J W. McKenzie, J C Langton, J T Pomeroy, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office—624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 14.

J C MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A M. Cash advances on consignments. Dec 14 F. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g.
Justices—42 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall
Probate—City Hall
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets
City Physician Co'ty Hospital.
Coroner 15 Kearny street
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants' Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph Brenham Place
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall
Auditor—Room 11, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—229 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall
Outside Land Committee—24 Exchange Building, Washingt'n and Montgomery streets.
Health Office—Jackson street
Chief of Police—City Hall
Pound Keeper—Jackson St., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St
Quarantine—3 Kearny street.
Harbor Master—15 Vallejo St
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

Belgium—E. Grisar, 1517 Powell
Chili—H. Barroilhet, 621 Montgomery street.
Chili Consul General Francisco Casanova, 606 Battery st
Denmark—G. O'Hara Taafe, 520 California street
Ecuador Daniel Wolf (absent)
France—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, 519 California street
Guatemala—A. Martin, 623 Cal st
Hawaiian Islands—Henry W. Severance, 316 Front street.
Honduras—Wm V. Wells, Mayor's Office City Hall
Italy—G. B. Cerruti, 1105 Powell.
Japan—C. W. Brooks, 20 Montgomery street
Mexico—J. Rivas, 556 Kearny.
German Empire—C. A. C. Duisenberg, 314 Sacramento street.
Netherlands—J. De Fremery, 710 Sansome street
Nicaragua—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Peru—De la Fuentesy Subirat Federico.
Portugal—Francis Berton, sw. cor Clay and Leidesdorff Sts
Russia—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building
San Salvador—S. J Dorsey.
Spain—C. Martin, 623 California.
Sweden and Norway—G. C. Johnson, 7 Battery street.
Switzerland—Francis Berton.
U. S. of Colombia F. Herrera
Bolivia—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street
Callao—D. J. Williamson, 230 Brannan street
Costa Rica—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Greece—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
Argentine Republic—C. Baum, 510 Battery street
Austro-Hungarian—G. Muecke, 109 California street.
Turkey—George W. Gibbs, 35 Battery street

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending March 24, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Tuesday, March 18th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Geo McHenry to Chas H Killey.	50-vara lots 2 3 4 5 blk 267, W A	$ 1
Wm C Hinckley to O Lawrence	W Mason, 23 n Pierce, 62 6x23	...
Wm Bein to Anton Kramer	N Kate w Fillmore, 25x120	750
J H Applegate to Buena Vista Hd	Mission b ks 91 92 107 105 and n ½ of 109	1
Wm M Hinton to Chas H Hinton.	1 acre interest Co H'd & S V W W T'ct	1,920
Ellen Galvin to Lewis Brandt	N Hayes w Polk, w 30x137 6	1
Dennis Callaghan to same	Same	5,500
C M Brenner to P A Eakins	Lot 14 blk 310, Pleasant View H'd	200
Ed Moran to Mary Moran	W Franklin, 60 n Bush, 30x70	Gift
Pt Lobos Av & Pk Hd to J Stuart	Lot 1 blk 425 and lot 69 blk 242	600
Ernest Buser to Jules Mayer	Lot 7 blk 6, College H'd	160
Geary St Ex H'd to J M Quay	Lot 27 blk 262	550
City and County S F to M Bradley	Harrison s 22d, 51x100	prem
Francis Kance to A M Kance	Geary w Powell, 23x137 6	Gift
Tide Land Com'rs to D Nostrand	N ½ lot 6 blk 419	500
Thos Gallagher to Susan Bradley	Lots 1511 and 1512, Gift Map 4	300
Garden Tract H d to Edw Collin	Lots 26 and 27 blk 1	700
Henry Grotheer to Claus Spreckles	sib and Bryant, 60x85	12,000
E R Carpenter to S H Brodie	Und ½ blk 228 W A	15,000
John Hahn to Susan R Burge	Grove w Octavia, 13½x120	2
Fred'k Cooper to J F Strobel	Und ½ Folsom sw 7th, 25x90	2,500
Rob t H Burge to Wm J Stoddart	Grove w Octavia, 76.3x120	....

Wednesday, March 19th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Alden E Mead to Mary E Taylor	E Polk s Turk, 42 6x137 6	$ 121
Abel Thornton to Preston Wood.	Se Blaxome sw 4th, 22 11x120	1,100
Same to same	Se Bluxome sw 4th, 45x120	6,450
Preston Woods to Daniel Bayley	Same property as two above descriptions	9,850
Fred A Hihn to Joseph G Eastland	Undivided ½ water lot 519	7,500
Jno Metcalf to M N Carson	N Broadway w Polk, 68 9x137 6	5
Henry Blyth to Jno Murphy	W 16th Ave s Cal 25x120	850
P Dillon Eagan to Timothy Forde	W Jones n Washington, 68.9x137 6	486
Timothy Forde to C F McDermott	Same	7,500
Tide Ld Com'rs to John Hammond	Nw Minna sw 7th, 25x75	7
T Corcoran to Antoine Borel	Lots 7 8 blk 250, O Ne l & Haley Tract.	1,316
Michael Cronin to same	E Guerrero 90 n 22d, 31x105	1,318
Z M Chewning to same	W Bryant s 23d, 25x100	961
James Boland to Jos Wilson	Se Minna 155 sw 1st, 20x80	
Tide Ld Com'rs to Hugh Crockard.	N 6th Ave nw G, 40x120—lot 3 blk 76	741
Martha B Hunt to Chas Smith, Jr.	E Stevenson n 20th, 25x90—por M B 67.	187
Anna E Cook to same	Same	100
Peter Connolly to Etienne Taulere	S Market sw 6th, 50x90—sub 100-v 224.	4,000
Sheldon Littlefield to A M Caswell.	Lot 21 21 blk 3, Garden Tract Hd	600

Thursday, March 20th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
E W Wiley to O P Wiley	S Washington e Jones, c 83 s 137.6, etc.	Gift
Univ Hd Ass'n to Andrew McShane	Lot 6 blk 76	315
A McShane to P McArnn	Same	250
Wm Schmidt to Mrs E Connolly	Portion S B blk 13	part'n
Geary St Ex Hd to M A Austin	Lot 40 blk 261	350
Same to J P Kelly	Lot 2 blk 267	350
Paul Tract Hd to Jos Bernstein	Lot 6 blk 27	600
Vilus Wackenreuder to C J Becker	Com at sw cor 50-v 347 Precita Val Lds	4,000
Wm J Younger to A M Younger	S Broadway 125 w Baker, 122 1x100	Gift
J A Holtridge to Theodore Larbig.	W Folsom, 293 Diamond Alley, etc.	250
Geo W Dent to Julius C Dels	W Shotwell, 170 s 16th, 60x120	5,000
Joseph Albrecht to Geo T Vincent	Lots 16 101, 191, w End Hd	35
John W Morehead to R G Brown	Lots 727 to 731, Gift Map 2	5
Pt Lob Ave Hd Ass'n to Otto Behr	Lot 27 blk 642	350
Felton Tract H'd to E Niemeier	Lots 18 and 10 blk 1200	340

Friday, March 21st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
F S Wensinger to Wm Elder	Subdiv blk 101, Potrero Nuevo	$4,000
Peter Craig to G T Lawton	Lot 22 and portion lot 23 Masonic Cem.	1,000
H McNamara to Hiram Tubbs	Sundry properties on Potrero	5
Chas E Richards to A J Gunnison	Ne cor Hampshire & Santa Clara 100x100	500
A J Gunnison to Richard Finlay	Same	300
J O Van Rensselaer to G O Wilson	E Church n Horner, 65x117.6	
Geo Wallenrod to Julius Finck	W Rondel Place 225 10 s 16th, 22 2x61	1,950
Benjamin P Avery to L S Welton	S Post n Webster, 6 x137 6	2,000
L S Welton to Benj P Avery	Se Post and Webster, 86 6x137 6	2,500
Tide L Com'rs to John Mitchler	N 3d Ave 150 se G, 50x200	650
Geary St Ex Hd to S B Caswell	Lots 42, 50, blk 261 and 1, b k 300	1,050
Martha B Hunt to J Rieler	E Valencia, 110 n 20th, n 25x160	800
James M White to Thos Breeze	Lot 18 sec 2 Masonic Cemetery	100
Jacob S Cohen to Ernest Suskind	Sw Ellis and Hyde—sub 50-v 1331	4,000

Saturday, March 22d.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Ellen Connolly to Wm Schmidt.	Sw cor 4th and Brannan, 35x100	$ 1
Fred Mundwyler to J J Mundwyler	Portions blks 775 and 779	800
F R Brady to S P Bates	Undivided ½ of b k 13 Mutual Hd Ass'n	250
M H Lichtenstein to Isaac Harris	E Hyde s California, 22 11x80	4,000
Paul Tract H d to Mary Willy	Lot 15 blk 2	350
H Webster to Catharine Moore	Ne Octavia and Haight, 27 6x120	1,250
Chas H Parker to C Mary Goodman	25th w Church, 50 1x111	5
James S McCue to J C A McCue.	Subdivision blk C of O L	2,250
T W McCue to T W McCue.	No Kate se Bryant, 50x70	500
J A Virien to Daniel Leary.	E O'Farrell Alley n O'Farrell, 50x60	2,500
Amelia Poerschke to M Schill	Sundry properties in Western por city	1,000
Bay View Hd to David McLeod	Lots 10 11 blk 173	1,000
Bay City H d to Margaret E Harley	Lots 54 and 55 blk 496	607

Monday, March 24th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Samuel Dinsmore to Wm Whidden	E 5th n Mission, 25x75—sub 100-v 129	10 000
Same to M W Allen	Se Howard ne 9th, 21x80	2,700
Jos S Alemany to Thos Catterall	S Pt Lobos Ave, 100 w Collins, 25x125	470
Geary St Ex H'd to F S Redfield	Lot 3 blk 161	350
Pat McLoskey to Henry Kobler	Ne cor Kearny and Green, 45.6x68	3,000
Peter H Dencke to Mary Marshall	S Henry e Dartmouth, 75x100	1,000
Cal B & Loan Soc to J Buchanan	S Lombard w Haywood, 20x69	1
J Buchanan to Geo McCormick	Same	2,400
Matthew J Thomas to J A Slaney	W 16th Ave n C, etc—subdiv blk 365	75
Paul Tract H'd to B Harvey	Lot 1 blk 19	500
W W Stow to C F Exmann	Lots 260 and 261, Precita Valley Lands	1
Thos Bell to Julia Hastings	B k 612, Thos Bell's Tract	2,000
John Bell to Wm W Young	Turk and Gough, 137 6x120	100
J W Owen to Frank Cunningham.	Ripley Tract se cor, n 30 deg e 600, etc.	1
Frank Cunningham to A Jacobs	Same	1
L H Bonestell to J T Bonestell	Shotwell s 21st, 65x115	8,000
P Lobos A & P H As to F Cosgrove	Lot 47 blk 326	270

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending March 25, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
J Peterson to C Prior	Oakland N l ne 7th 75 e Franklin, th'ce e 1 1x100	Gift
C Prior to J Peterson	Same E Franklin 75 n from 7th, thence n 25x75	600
P Thomson to P J Bachelder	Same 52x130 se cor Market and 17th	500
J E Marchand to T J Murphy	Same ½ lot n line 7th 150 w from Washington, thence w 25x100	1,250
P M Smith to E J Kildare	Same Lot 8 in blk D, Oakland View Hd	250
E Bigelow to J Woerner	Same 50x103.9 nw cor 15th and Jefferson	1,800
W F Kelsey to P Nicol	Same N l ne Laurel 250 from E y from San Pablo, thence e 50x100	800
T B Bigelow to J Davidson	Same E Henry 95 3 n from 5th, thence n 50x125	900
F Warner to C J Wilson	Same W Myrtle 100 n from 28th, thence n 50x125	1,940
E Bigelow to G H Chick	Same 50x103.9 ne cor Jefferson and 15th	2,000
J R Dixon to A McGaslin	East Oakland: Nw line Clay 50 sw from Harrison, thence sw 25x100	1,150
A Count to H Tum Suden	Same Ne l Webster 150 se from Walker, thence se 75x150	180
J M Shotwell to B Haynes	Same 300x300 b'd Taylor, Monroe, Clay and Webster	1
J A Folger to City of Oakland	West Oakland. E line Wood 75.4 s from Goss, thence s 25x80.7	750
F C Coggeshall to W B Boyden	Oakland T'p: Lot 14 in Coggeshall T'ct	1,700
Same to J J Scotchler	Same Lot 5 in same	1,700
W B Boyden to C W Cracker	Same Lot 14 in same	1,900
O H d Ass'n to Wilcox A Bigelow	Same Lot 91 Maxwell Tract	5
E W Herrin to T F Fuller	Same Lot 59 in blk 6 same	500
A F White to E C Bovins	Near Berkeley. Lots 12 13 9 and part 8, White Tract	2,375
Same to E J Elzy	Same Lots 1 4 5 and part 8, same	4,200
P Peralta to W T Robinson	4 miles n from Oakland An interest 25 acres San Pablo Av	1
H H Young to T F Bachelder	2 miles se fr Mission San Jose 160 acres	2,000
W B Clement to A Wilson	Brooklyn T'p: 50 e l High x 200, Melrose	425
H P H'd Union to E Pitt	Haywood 200x150	500
Same to R Pitt	Same 100x150	250
H C Nabb to P Catanich	Livermore: Lots 10 11 and 12 in blk 12	375

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. March 25.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept 3.

S. T SUIT & CO'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, Capital Bourbon, | National Bourbon, Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions, Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec. 9]

"SPIERS & POND,"

239 Kearny street, cor. of Bush, San Francisco. Wines, Liquors and Cigars, Tea and Coffee. Lunch at the usual hours, and Refreshments at all times. The comfort of the domestic fireside, the graces and courtesies of the drawing room, the freedom of the

CLUB.

Refreshments at all times, and Lunch at the usual hours. Tea and Coffee, Wines, Liquors and Cigars, 239 Kearny street, corner of Bush, San Francisco.
Feb. 1. "SPIERS & POND."

OFFICE OF THE SANTA CRUZ ISLAND COMPANY,

San Francisco, February 8, 1873.—In accordance with a resolution adopted at a meeting of the Trustees of the SANTA CRUZ ISLAND COMPANY, duly held on February 5th, 1873, a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of said Company is hereby called to be held at the Office of the Company, Room No. 1, Belden's Block, No. 1 7 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, on MONDAY, the 10th day of March, 1873, at the hour of one o'clock P. M. of said day, to take into consideration and decide on a proposition to increase the capital stock of said Company from $150,000, divided into 600 shares of $250 each, the present capital stock, to $500,000, divided into 100 shares of $5,000. JUSTINIEN CAIRE, GUSTAVE MAHE, T LEMMEN MEYER, Trustees.
March 1.

CHARLES HARE,

34 and 36 Stewart street.—Tanner's Oil, Cocoa-nut Oil, Polar Oil, Pig Iron, Cumberland and Lehigh Coal, Braziers' Copper, Yellow Metal, Nails, Anchors and Chains, all sizes, Hemp and Manila Rope, Galvanized Wire, Rope in bond or duty paid, Pitch, Tar, Oakum, White Lead, Eastern Oak Ship Timber, Spanish Cedar, Teak, Lignumvitæ, Rosewood, Oil Casks, Water Tanks, Cannon, brass and iron, all sizes. Japan Tea and fine Java Coffee of my own importation. Old Iron, Copper, and Metals bought at the highest market rates. March 1.

John Saulnier, Bordeaux.] [P. Laclaverie, San Francisco.

JOHN SAULNIER & CO.,

Importers of French Brandies, Wines, Groceries, Drugs, etc., etc., No 501 Battery street, San Francisco. March 1

ARMES & DALLAM,

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Bags, etc., 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

ROBERT P SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 15, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

E. F. CHILD,

Stock Broker, 303 California street, San Francisco, California.
March 2.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

We are Passing Through the long Winter lull in politics. The fury of last year's storm is exhausted, and no new forces have been set in operation. The Executive session of the Senate is ended, and men's heads are a trifle more secure upon their shoulders than before the happening of that event. Mr. Wheaton is not so happy as he was, but Mr Stone is sufficiently jubilant to make up the aggregate of joy to its usual standard, and nothing is lost. In the meantime the rival powers that are contesting for the seat of Casserly in the Senate are not sleeping, but hard at work day and night. So far as we are concerned, we are neutral and don't care who wins, but it is fun to watch the proceedings. Our old friend Stanford is resolved to have his way or know the reason why. He will make the Senator unless he has forgotten his conning. William B. Carr has returned from Washington and brings comfort and reassurance to the faithful. "Faint not by the wayside, hearts of oak," he says, "for we will win or die in the breach." The overwhelming success of the friends of the railroad at Sacramento a month ago is not only a crushing defeat to those who believe that money and wealth ought not to rule in a free country, but it furnishes a lesson to the weak-kneed friends of low-grade politicians, who had become frightened and were wending their way towards the camp of Booth. It says to them, "Come back, my boys, we shall still have good things to divide and we give them to our friends, and who our friends are we don't forget." It is a warning to Mr. Higgins and to all of his followers not to go away in search of strange gods. It is as much as to say to the political element of the land, "Hang together, there is whisky in the jug." In the end they will hang together or we are greatly mistaken. Politics as politics, may be said just now to be slightly under a cloud. A good many things have been done that the non-political element thought ought not to have been done, and in ways of a doubtful character. Subsidies have been obtained sometimes, we suspect, by discounting slightly the funds before obtaining them, until at last the masses, who cannot be reached by coin direct, have become to a certain extent incensed at the whole system. But what are the masses? Merely a vulgar rabble of toilers, who do not think, but merely exist and work. To use them is the science of politics; make them perform, to fetch and to carry, the art of the politician. Governor Booth seems impressed with the absurd idea that there is virtue in the common people. We know better. We have watched them too long. The longest purse will carry them off, and just now the longest purse happens to be with the politicians, and Governor Stanford holds the strings of it as he ought to do. Add to this his long experience as a controlling mind, his active and skillful lieutenants, who are ever ready to carry out his ideas and plans, and we feel safe in predicting that he will control the politics of California in the future as he has done in the past. We have nothing against Governor Booth; indeed, we have been disposed to admire him. He would fain elevate that which from the nature of things cannot be lifted up. He would purify the corrupt and cleanse the foul, if he possessed the power. But the effort will be futile. This is the age of action, of accomplished events. The men opposed to Booth possess all of his ability, and besides, have been accustomed to doing things. They have sought for fruits and have found them, and they do not intend to give up the search. Mr. Gorham is young and full of talent. He selects his point and moves toward it, not always by a direct line, it is true, for sometimes the direct line is the most difficult, but by the line of least obstacles, and he never takes his eye away from the point he intends to reach. We believe that Governor Stanford will make the Senator this coming Autumn, and if he chooses to have it so it will be Mr. Gorham, and we believe he will choose to have it so. Let the active politicians take note and govern themselves accordingly. Those who have hesitated will do well to see the controlling powers before it is too late, and be taken care of. *Verbum Sap.*

PEANUTS

May the Foul Fiend light on these eternal munchers of peanuts. May ten thousand devils torment them while they live and Tartarus be their lot when they die. May the whole tribe be carted off bodily to Hades, plunged *a la* Tantalus, even to the chin in a sea of peanuts, unable to grasp so much as one. For their offence is rank, and stinks even unto heaven. No matter to what place of amusement one goes, nor in what public conveyance one travels, the air is sure to be filthily redolent of peanuts. Go to church, and peanut shells will crackle under your feet as you rise to praise the Lamb. Go to Oakland, and the steamer leaves a wake of peanut-shells behind it. We took the street-cars the other evening, on our way to the theater, and after wading knee-deep in peanut-shells from one end of the car to the other, seated ourselves between a lady and gentleman, each of whom were voraciously devouring peanuts. In the space of three or four blocks several people entered the car, some carrying bags of peanuts, others having peanuts concealed about their persons, which they invariably drew forth just as we were beginning to hope better things of them. One old gentleman in particular, deceived us most cruelly. We had watched him closely for some time, and as he made no motion, but appeared to be wrapped in contemplation, we began to think that there actually was balm in Gilead yet, that is—a man who did not eat peanuts. At this moment the conductor touched the old man on the shoulder and asked for his ticket, at the same time of course scattering peanut-shells profusely around. One or two shells fell into the old man's lap; this seemed to remind him of something he had forgotten, for he immediately snatched off his hat and there, gracefully poised on his head was a paper bag containing a small bushel of the eternal peanuts. The climax was reached, our faith in human nature destroyed, (for we had firmly believed in that old man,) the atmosphere of the car positively reeked, and had not the foulness of the air been at this moment somewhat corrected by the entrance of a woman with a baby smelling fearfully of sour milk, while at the same time an old lady on our left happened to draw off her boots to put on slippers, we must have succumbed. Little more need be said. The theater turned out to be a second edition of the car; as we had paid our money, however, we just hung our hat up on the smell, which was fearfully and wonderfully strong, and struggled hard to stick it out. It was no use; surrounded on every side by nut-cracking hoodlums we grew desperate, drew our penknife, cut our way through the pestiferous odor and departed. After this we are prepared for anything. We expect when we cross the Styx, to have to row the boat while old Charon chews peanuts. We also intend to carry a supply ourselves, to bribe Pluto to give us a position as fireman. Should we succeed in procuring the situation, we beg to inform all who like the diet that there will be a supply of roasted Hood ume constantly on hand. In conclusion let us add—damn the omnipresent peanut. T. H.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Has Tom Scott Bought It?—For several days rumors have been flying about to the effect that Stanford & Co. have sold out their Southern road. As usual, the rumors are simply untrue. The truth of the matter can be stated in a few words. For some months negotiations have been pending between the Texas Pacific Company and the Directors of the Southern Pacific looking to a consolidation of the two. The Texas Pacific, represented by Mr. Tom Scott, has made large offers for our California Southern road, which is now completed from San Francisco to a point beyond Salinas City—or a distance of 160 miles. Gov. Stanford and his associates having plenty of other roads and notably one running through the San Joaquin Valley nearly parallel to the route of the Southern Pacific, have accepted the handsome offers made by the Scott party for this railroad property. But as yet the money has not been forthcoming, and many doubt if it will be. The money market is very close and stringent in all the Eastern and European financial centers, and it is not improbable that Tom Scott has been disappointed in raising funds to so large an amount as would be required to buy the Southern Pacific road. The figure stated by a morning paper as the price is [illegible]. This is [illegible]. The road cost more than that and the land grants that go with it are worth as much more. The Southern Pacific road, together with franchises, real estate and privileges, is worth to-day $15,000,000, and Tom Scott will have to pay every cent of this sum if he ever gets it. Gov. Stanford is not and never has been anxious to sell the Southern Pacific road; among all the roads which he controls this is understood to be his favorite. But like other men when he sees a large profit, he is willing to take it by selling anything he has got, and a profit of fifteen million dollars in a single railroad operation is not to be sneezed at by even Governor Stanford, and of course he will sell the Southern Pacific if Tom Scott is on time and hands over the many millions for which the road has been contracted for.

THE NEW CITY HALL.

There Have been Several Attempts to Mix Issues in this matter of the City Hall. Now, the thing is not at all confused—to us no business is anywhere discernible, nor, indeed, can be to any informed man, however he may pretend. Let us see: Do you need a City Hall or do you not? If you need one, has your city cash enough or credit enough, is it big enough and rich enough, or ever likely to be big enough and rich enough to afford one of any fitness for its requirements? A negative answer to either of these queries and the question is at rest. Is it so to the first? We think hardly. We have not yet met the face carrying brass enough to pronounce it so. The notorious and palpable fact is, that the present building is wanting in every requisite, from sufficiency of accommodation to lowest minimum of shabby gentility. San Francisco grumbles that the Supreme Court will persist in sitting at Sacramento. Supreme Court indeed! What has San Francisco got to do with Supreme Courts, and other such chickens, when she cann[ot] raise wing enough to cover her own shyster squabs! Her District Courts are lodged out through all the city, wherever there's a room found too small for a restaurant and too shabby for a grocery; there sits a District Court. But there remains the second query. Can the city afford itself a respectable building? Momentous question, not to be glossed or avoided. Let the "Lightning Calculator" be called in, let the men else pocket be turned out from its posterior concealment, click the coins out one by one—you are supposed to be too rich for nickel or paper—and then, why then, if you are dead broke say so. It will be time then that the city move across the bay. Rome was burned yet the capitol remained, and Rome would not go to Veii. But for San Francisco, it is her curse and cancer that she wants [illegible] spirit, wants at least one public building for its nucleus and center of crystallization, when she "busts" let her emigrate to Oakland: she will have little to carry and nothing to regret. That New Zealander shall find no broken arch to stand on, should, indeed, find nothing to sketch if he did, save a village of crumbling shanties, more pretentious but not more substantial than the "pahs" of his Maori ancestors. One question more. Suppose we grant that you need [it], grant that you could not pay for one if you did, then why did you begin it? What refinement of undiluted devilism set you to making zanies and jackasses of yourselves, in sight of the beasts of the field and the fowls of heaven, on a certain memorable day, when you marched out in solemn procession, with ringing steel and flapping banners, and the bray and blast of martial music and the roar of cannon, gun answering gun from hill to hill to the Sierras! What caused you, we ask, to halt by a certain stone, and then and there, after inordinate spoutings, "great applauses," and "long-continued cheerings," etc., bid the world to stand and mark how the mighty "Queen City of the Pacific" did lay the foundation-stone of her mansion! That the grizzly of the Western Slope had laid his paw to the plow in a sufficiently imposing fashion, few were then found to question; but things seem to have altered in certain quarters since. More especially, it would seem, with our grizzly's posterior quarters, to which several small curs have attached themselves, in a highly inconvenient manner. It is even a question whether the poor brute will not stop his furrow and lose his seed-grain for the sake of peace.

"Peace sitting under her olive and slurring the days gone by."

But none of that for the *News Letter*: this watchman on the walls of Zion now putteth his lip to the trumpet; he shaketh the glittering spear; he esteemeth iron as straw, and brass as rotten wood. Let Sanballat, and Tobiah, and Geshem, the Arabian, beware, for the walls be watches *shall* go up, aye, till there be no breach left therein. Stand to your arms, my garrison; stand to your arms. Relief is at hand—"Dinna ye hear it! dinna ye hear it noo, the slogan 'o the Hielanders!"

THE CITY AND THE SPRING VALLEY WATERWORKS.

We are Glad to Learn that at last the rights of the city to free water from the Spring Valley Waterworks is to be fairly tested. We understand that ten gentlemen of standing, citizens and taxpayers, have clubbed together, have raised a fund, and have employed John F. Swift to take such steps as will lead to the question being definitely passed upon by the Courts, it being the intention to fight all compromises of the city's rights until the legal questions involved have been squarely presented, argued and adjudged. Then, if it turn out that the city must pay for her water by the gallon, say they, let it be done, but not before. It has all along been to us a matter of surprise that the Board of Supervisors and the Water Company should be so unwilling for the case now pending to be carried to the Supreme Court. In the face of an opinion in writing, given by the City Attorney to the Board, to the effect that the law was with the city, the Board goes on and passes a resolution paying the enormous sum of $92,000 to the Water Company, under the guise of a compromise, and at the same time orders the City Attorney to dismiss the appeal. We cannot understand it. Why have a City Attorney at all, if he is to take the law from the Board, instead of the Board taking it from him. Besides, it is a fact pretty generally understood that the Supreme Court, in passing upon this same case before, clearly intimated the opinion that the law was with the city, and that a technical omission or blunder in the pleadings alone prevented a judgment outright in that form. And now that the case has come back, and the omission supplied so as to bring it within the avowed reasoning of the Appellate Court, the Board rush away and pass a hurried resolution or ordinance dismissing the appeal, and thus give up the rights of the city to the Water Company. It does not look right in our opinion, and we are free to say so; and we hope that the whole matter will be sifted to the bottom, as, from the character of the gentlemen who have taken it in charge, it will, we have no doubt, be done.

THE BOGART ARREST.

"'Tis not the baying of their hounds,
'Tis but the screeching of the eagle."

Has that remarkable bird ceased to screech, or does he take his nap at two in the morning, and leave the affairs of the nation in the hands of the Secret Service? He has sounded his note so long and so loud that we actually began to imagine we were in a free country. And now we miss the flap of his wings and the shrilly tone of his voice. We are adrift in all our bearings, and fancy ourselves a century or two behind the times, with [illegible] bastiles and inquisitions [illegible] before our bewildered eyes. Who is this redoubtable Colonel, who does his deeds in darkness? who selects the dead of night in which to arrest a desperate man who carries a lead pencil as his only weapon of defence? Was it in this manner he was wont himself to be arrested in his old days in Boston, where he is now so adroit? Have the duties of the Secret Service so impregnated his nature that, like the mole, he burrows only where the light does not, or did he always seek the shadow? Since he is so ready to rake up Mr. Bogart's past, it would be well to lift the curtain a little from his own, for he has something to hide that shuns the radiance of the day. We are inclined to think there is a wheel within a wheel in this business, and the sooner its revolutions are explained, the better it will be, we opine, for all concerned.

Change in the Transportation of English Mails.—The Postoffice Department at Washington gives notice that in consequence of the withdrawal of the direct line of mail steamers running on the route between San Francisco, New Zealand and Australia, correspondence for New Zealand and the Australian colonies can no longer be forwarded via San Francisco, but must be prepaid for transmission by British mail via England at the following rates, viz: First, by British mail via Southampton—letters sixteen cents per half ounce or fraction thereof; newspapers, four cents each, if not exceeding four ounces in weight—other printed matter and samples, four cents if not over one ounce, eight cents if over one, but not over two ounces, fourteen cents if over two ounces but not over four, and fourteen cents for every additional four ounces or fraction thereof. By British mail via Brindisi, letters twenty-two cents per half ounce or fraction thereof, newspapers eight cents each, if not exceeding four ounces in weight, printed matter and samples, twenty cents per four ounces or fraction thereof, register fee, sixteen cents, by either rates, in addition to the ordinary postage.

We Must Congratulate the Harbor Commissioners on showing their good sense in appointing such a well known and talented man as John F. Swift as counsel for the Board, and feel sure they will never have cause to regret their choice.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Hand Book of Social Economy. By Edmond About. 12mo., cloth.
Enigmas of Life. By W. R. Greg. 12mo., cloth.
The Bonaparte Patterson Marriage in 1803. By W. J. R. Saffell. 12mo., cloth.
Lectures on Light. By John Tyndall, LL.D. 12mo., cloth.
Woman in American Society. By Abba Goold Woolson. 12mo., cloth.
More Worlds than One. By Sir David Brewster. 12mo., cl.
Lars. A Pastoral of Norway. By Bayard Taylor. 16mo., cloth.
Lakeville; Or, Substance and Shadow. By Mary Healy. 8vo., paper.
Heated, and Thoughts. By Rev. James Davis. 12mo., cloth.
Poems by Bret Harte. Complete edition. 12mo., cloth.
Galamon; Or, The Beggars. By J. B. De Liefde. 8vo., pap.
The Napoleon Dynasty: A History of the Bonaparte Family. By C. E. Lester. 12mo., cloth.

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Important Information
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BUSINESS MEN.
Elegant Russian Diaries
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721 Market St.

HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE,
24 Post St., San Francisco.

THE ONLY THOROUGH BUSINESS College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should secure a useful and practical Education at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Sessions day and evening throughout the year. Students can commence at any time. Each receives private instruction. There is a Preparatory Department for those not sufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for

Heald's College Journal,
An eight-page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing
E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug. 17.] San Francisco.

PETER SHORT,
Merchant Tailor, 615 Montgomery street San Francisco.

DR. ABORN,
Residence and office, 213 Geary street, bet. Stockton and Powell, opposite Union Square. March. 1

THOMAS TURNBULL,
Architect, Shiels' Block, No. 508 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,
Engraver on Wood has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

A REPORTER FROM HADES IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Your Majesty has nodded in what an awful rage
The parsons are with Tyndal and his test, the new prayer gauge;
Not one of them will try it, for they one and all declare,
That though he's good at science, he's not worth a cent at prayer;
They say their God is much above such hanky, panky tricks,
And that they leave such little things to Catholic priests and Micks;
But we know pretty well down here, and they know quite as well,
That if they tried the dodge on once, their sermon's wouldn't sell.

The brother of Matt Tarpey's on the war path, so they say,
And going to go right in bl[ind], like to cut and shoot and slay.
He'll have to be more careful or he'll share his brother's fate,
And join our little party at some not far distant date.
Our good old friend and medium, poor Mrs. Martha Poole,
Has got herself in dire disgrace (I fear 'twill hurt the school)
About some paltry jewelry that folks will say she stole,
Then funked and called the spirits up to dig it from its hole.

Stocks are so low, the brokers say, they don't know what to do,
And asked me as a favor to get them help from you."
Cried Satan, "I will help them, for they've been good friends of mine,
And given countless souls a shove down our steep incline.
The bankers are good friends of ours; I'll send and let them know
That if they hold their coin too tight, I'll give *their* stocks a blow;
Why they will grasp for money so I can't form an idea,
I know they never bring a cent of what they make down here."

"And now, my liege, I've told you all the news I have to tell,
And if you look the papers through you'll find good news as well,
For as the giant hand of time moves on from day to day,
'Frisco supplies us many souls; most all will come this way.
Now may I crave, your Majesty, permission to retire,
I've felt so cold up there above I need a little fire"
"Yes, go," cried Satan, "when you're warm, get up to earth again,
Your news is good, and on the whole, I've no cause to complain."

No More Lunch.—No more lunches, no more cold chicken and ham, no more tit-bits generally for the favored among the School Directors. Our heart, always tenderly inclined toward the schoolmarms, has rejoiced whenever we have heard of their partaking of a square meal, and we have approved of their getting at a Director's sympathies through the medium of his stomach. And now that the lunches of which we have approved are to be shut down on, we are moved to inquire—why? Because one honorable gentleman, whose society has not been particularly sought after by the dispensers of these feasts of reason, is affected with feelings something akin to those that agitate the bosom of a dog in the manger. Perhaps this gentleman indulges in the necessaries of life by the pail, and the lunches to which he was not invited would have been considerations peculiar[ly] [illegible]. Or was it a feeling of aggravation induced by seeing Mr. Plunkett and other friends of the sisterhood walk in on certain Tuesday evenings that we wot of, decorated with button-hole favors that had been fragrant and fresh at noon[ti]de. They were as stench to the nostrils of the dog in the manger and his satellite, who, on such evenings, violently opposed all resolutions favorable to the ladies. And yet, to neither of the pair would the lunches have been particularly palatable, since nothing stronger graced the festal board than coffee, and the mere mention of the beverage which was to them as mother's milk would have created consternation among the petticoats. The gentleman has placed his resolution upon the philanthropic ground that he wished to save the young things the fifty cents assessment levied on such occasions. We hope he will continue to do battle for the defenceless when the [illegible] of the Board of Education comes on, and the public will endeavor to find out to which of the Board these young girls have been compelled to pay a percentage of their paltry wages as recompense for the vote which gave them their position.

The Meagreness of our Early Education has ever been the most poignant regret of our singularly active and uniformly benevolent and useful life. Oh that we might have stayed at school a few days longer to finish our study of the differential calculus; why should we have been torn from our books when Sanscrit was just becoming a pleasure to us, and when the midnight candle would flicker in its sock[e]t and surprise us as we pored over Chaldaic manuscripts in our little bed. We had just bought a Hesiod and Theognis when our father told us that he had apprenticed us to a job-printer, warning us at the same time that should we prove insufficiently diligent or intelligent for that business, that we might have our indentures canceled and perhaps be compelled to accept a position on the editorial staff of the *Bulletin*. Had such a dire fate befallen us we might have slopped over, as one of the *Bulletin's* editors did on Saturday, as he with hungry belly opened a volume of the minor Greek poets, and proceeded to review Hesiod and Theognis as follows. "The superficial course of American colleges prescribes but a few pages of the minor and a few hundred lines of the major Greek poets; but with what an unsated appetite the student rises from the meagre banquet! With what an earnest longing he looks to the time when he may have his fill of the quaint old masters! The chances are, however, that his acquaintance with them ceases with the Junior Year; that Hesiod and Theognis will ever be little else than dim memories of half-forgotten classic lore." "Half-forgotten classic lore" might be forgiven in a *Bulletin* editor, if he would only refrain from quoting the half forgotten classic lore of other people, and had not wholly forgotten his own English grammar.

"One Cannot Make a Silk Purse Out of a Sow's Ear," nor can Mrs. Bacon be made to believe that the spirits reveal the whereabouts of stolen treasures without the medium being the thief. O, earthly minded Bacon, thus to doubt those favored ones to whom his Satanic Majesty vouchsafes his advice and presence. If every one "under the influence" were hauled up for grand larceny, what a clearance there would be. They all deserve it. Petty larceny and obtaining money under false pretences are charges that ought to be preferred and could be substantiated, against those gross impostors who stinks to offend the ears of all sensible people, and whose damnable trade is nothing more than a swindle from end to end. Only a few years since they would have been burnt as witches and wizards. If we do not acknowledge them to be these, the natural inference is that they are mean, despicable rogues, who make their daily living by playing upon the nerves of the sensitive, and who cause more anxiety in families than does a visit from grim death himself. Our contempt for these [illegible] is only equaled by our pity for the poor fools who are their dupes, and allow themselves to be bled by them.

So the Dominicans are to have a convent at the corner of Steiner and Bush streets. The reverend, I could only old vermin, founders of the Index Expurgatorius and the Inquisition, hiding their white robes under the black gowns, as they have tried to darken the world and blot out the white lost souls of the black hell-smoke of their presence! They have come to fatten in this city. Why not? Let them bury the snout in the car. There are many mouths wallowing, enough and swill enough for all the swill-eaters the fated to have a sow's dog. We have quacks at every corner, [illegible] and a herd of chokered frauds that rant and snuffle at Mi[ssion] [illegible] the very monkeys would. Why, last Sunday a sucking apo[stle] [illegible] its first sight of Cox. So tramp, tramp [illegible] ye hammers at the bar of creation, forward march!

One of Those Hotbeds of Vice and nurseries of sin, too many of which flourish in our midst, has, thanks to Chief Crowley and Judge Louderback, received a blow from which we hope it will never recover. We allude to the case of Mr. and Mrs. Demess, alias Hanson, whose cool deeds have been brought to light. Theirs is only one case in a hundred, and no one knows how many poor and innocent girls are led astray by these purveyors of human flesh. We say out upon them, stamp them under foot, and let not the air we breathe be defiled by these demons, for whom hell is too good. Judge Louderback let them off too lightly, though giving them the full weight of the law, we only wish he had had it in his power to order both Demess and his wife a couple of dozen with the "cat."

The Worthy Powers that rule Salinas City have suddenly discovered that the late Mr. Tarpey did not deserve the summary justice awarded him. How could he! Why, the thing is absurd. "A man with $70,000 deserve lynching!" Out upon the idea. He never meant to shoot Mrs. Nicholson, or any one else; besides, if he did, a man possessed of that amount has a decided right to shoot how, when and what he likes. No wonder his brother Dom. went for any one he thought had a hand in the pie; but of pure curiosity we should like to know just what amount of dollars it took to convince the Bench of Salinas City that Tarpey was a martyr, and ought to go on the calendar. If stocks are down there as they are here, a trifle would do it.

Commend Us to a Good, Right Down Liar, one who lies by instinct, and who never, even by accident, tells the truth. We have ever held Sapphira as a martyr to a good cause, and have revered her memory. We revere it no longer, for in our midst has arisen one to whom Sapphira could not hold a candle; one from whose lips a gentle stream of lies drop like water from melting icicles. Fain would we make a pilgrimage to the wilds of Oakland and press her to our heart, soiled dove though she be. San Francisco has its poets (vide Kendal), its artists and its sculptors; but it never has and never can produce such a prodigy as Oakland boasts of in Miss Kate Gordon.

The Intelligent Divine, who, with a wonderful knowledge of gas and its properties, smelling an escape, lit a candle to see where it was, wonderful to relate, got blown up. We don't pity him a bit, for every parson ought to know that gas is apt to explode when lit. But we pity his companion, Mrs. Hall, and advise her never again to trust herself alone with Parson Knight, at any rate not till he has studied natural science a little more. As for the damage done to Stone's church, he and his congregation are rich enough to pay for that. The question suggests itself to our mind, what were they doing there?

Poor Old Horace Hawes must rest uneasily in his grave, for not only has the old man's will been disputed, but even his modest request that a "plain slab of Aberdeen granite" should be put over his grave has been evaded, and Peter Head granite substituted. We can imagine how the old boy must spend his time trying to kick off the slab. The gorgeous monument that a hundred years hence was to show the world where Hawes lies, stands but a poor chance of erection. A hundred years hence people will not trouble much what he has over him or where he is. "*Sic transit gloria mundi.*"

The Pioche Lawsuit is bringing to light the nice way in which mining affairs are conducted, and it must be very refreshing to shareholders to know how easily the books can be stolen, suits ensue and their stocks go down. Mr. Patten seems to have a most accommodating memory. At one time he knows and for a consideration will tell where the lost books are. Then, again, his memory is a blank, and he knows nothing about them. Now who lies? That some one does, is very evident. If Mr. Patten is not careful, contempt of Court will be the lightest charge against him.

The Young Young, son of "the prophet" Brigham, figured as a "drunk" in the San Francisco calaboose this week. The much-married Eli of Salt Lake City will be falling off his stool, to the tune of Ichabod, and breaking his damned neck, when he hears of it. The *Town Crier* don't give a cent; he used to go a heap on the old he-Rose Mackinley; he thought the old man was raising young saints by the round dozen; but if he is only breeding hoodlums with a fifty-wife-power, why, by the burning ghost of Joe Smith, the *T. C.* won't stand it!

"**The Concordia Club,** which spread such a marriage feast at the opening of their new rooms last Saturday, is a *musical* society." Ta, ta, ta! a very good story for the clubbist's wives, De Young; but really, you know, we are not old women. The tune they play at the Concordia is called *Poker*. Such clubs were called *gambling clubs* before euphemism was introduced to the pages of the *Chronicle*. Even yet we wouldn't trust little Faro sharps to its tender mercy; but Pokerists—Pokerists who can fit up a $30,000 hall—th' th' that's quite another matter, you see.

Much Sensational Nonsense has been written about the arrest of Bogart. No doubt the arrest was ill-timed, and that the idea of it originated from petty spite on the part of some frightened official rather than from motives of justice. There seems to be no doubt that he is a deserter from the service, and as such is liable to arrest at any time. Were we in Mr. Bogart's place we should take it as a compliment to our writing that the venom of such "big bugs" had been stirred up by our little pen.

Among the Curious Advertisements that appear in our dailies, we pick out this: "An American lady of accomplishments, now doing a Chinaman's work, desires correspondence with some gentleman who will assist her in a more congenial avocation. Address Honesty, this office." We are lost in wonder as to what Honesty's occupation is. Is she picking up paper and rags? Does she make up the beds at a boarding house? What does she do? We pause for an answer.

In Wading Through one of the *Alta's* ponderous editorials of Wednesday, headed "Trouble in the East," we came across the astounding statement that "Between eleven and twelve millions belong to the Greek and American professions." Poor old *Alta*, we knew that you were in your dotage, but thought that there still remained a particle of sense in thy antiquated brain. Confine yourself to subjects that you know more about, and come out boldly as an advertising medium.

Dr. Cheever advertises this week that he "has taken the bull by the horns;" that "the materialists, Darwin, Huxley, Spencer and others" are played out.—Yes: taken the bull by the horns, as Arnold von Winkelreid took the Austrian spears by the points at Sempach. Arnold made a way for his comrades, however; Cheever has made no way for anything, save for his own literary bowels to gush out. Let them gush!

The Ship "Patrician" was wrecked on the Potato Patch. Her sometime pilot takes the *Chronicle*, and has friends who take the *Chronicle*. So it delivers itself thus: "Had the captain stayed on deck, and not gone down to look at his chart, this ship had not gone aground." But if the pilot had stayed on board, *as was his duty, till the ship was in deep water*, what then, O second Daniel of live journals!

Senator Hannibal Hamlin, of Maine, is said to be comparatively poor, contrary to a report widely published. "Comparatively" is good; I thank thee, Jew, for teaching me that word. He is comparatively poor. So is Luning, so is Mike Reese, so is Stanford. Dash it, who wouldn't be comparatively poor. We're sorry for Hannibal.

The Dailies call attention to an "alarming" horse disease prevailing in the East, and which may reach California. The dailies need not continue to flap their ears in that agitated manner. The disease is confined to animals which neigh—not bray.

A North Carolina Physician was kicked to death by a mule a few days ago. Sensible beast! The doctor disregarded the Scripture injunction, "Physician, heal thyself!" So the mule heeled him.

The Blacksmiths of Bangor, Maine, are preparing for a strike. Don't prepare too long; blacksmiths, beyond all other men, should strike while the iron is hot.

CALIFORNIA FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

Price, single copy, 5 cents, per Week, 25 cents, per Annum, including Postage to any part of the world, Twelve Dollars. Printed and Published by Frederick Marriott, No. 623 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California.

Delivered immediately on the arrival of the mails in New York, Liverpool, London, Paris, Hamburg, Frankfort, Berlin, Suez, Alexandria, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Melbourne, Auckland, Sydney and Islands of the Pacific Ocean.

[Established July 20, 1856.]

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MARCH 29, 1873. No. 9.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending March 28th, 1872.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED'S	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	23	20	22
Alta	1½	1½	1½
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—
American Flag	3½	5½	6½
Arizona & Utah	3¼	1½	—
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	1	¾	¾
Belcher	69	65	69
Belmont	—	4	4
Bellevue	—	—	—
Ben & Belcher	4	—	2½
Buckeye	1¾	1	1¾
Bullion	—	—	—
Caledonia	13½	13	14½
Cedarberg	—	6	6¼
Central	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	½
Chief of the Hill	3¾	3	3¼
Chief East Extension	—	—	—
Chollar	66½	42	41
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	—	—	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—
Consolidated Virginia	54	49½	53
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—
Crown Point	86	85	88
Central No 2	—	—	—
Consolidated Amador	75	—	—
Dancy	—	½	½
Eclipse	6½	5	—
El Dorado	—	—	—
Empire Mill	4	4	4½
Empire Idaho	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	10½	10	9½
Eureka, G. V.	—	—	20½
Exchequer	9	7	5
Globe	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	1¾	1¾	1¾
Gould & Curry	5¾	8	7½
Gillis	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	28	25	28
Hermes	7½	10	10
Hubo & Hunt	4½	4½	4
Home Ticket	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	2½	1¾	1¾
Imperial	—	5	5¼
Independent	—	¾	¾
Incomes	—	—	¼
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	½
Jackson	¾	¾	—
Julia	2½	2	—

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED'S	FRI'Y
Justice	5¼	5	4½
Kentuck	9	7½	8
Kentucky	—	—	—
Knickerbocker	2¾	4½	—
Lillian Hall	—	—	—
Louise	—	—	—
Mahogany	4	2	3
Mammoth	—	—	—
Meadow Valley	11½	10	10½
Minnesota	1¾	1¾	1½
McMahon	—	—	—
Newark	1¾	2¼	2
New York Consolidated	—	⅜	⅜
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	29	25	27½
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	3½	3½	—
Overman	36	21½	36
Page & Panaca	1½	1¼	—
Pea Vine	—	—	—
Phoenix	¾	¾	¾
Picton	—	—	—
Pioche	6½	6	—
Pioche West	—	—	—
P Phoenix	1½	2	1¾
Raymond & Ely	64½	56	57
Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Ruby Hill	—	—	—
Red Jacket	—	—	—
Savage	28½	23	29
Seg. Belcher	25	24	25
Sierra Nevada	10¼	9¾	10
Silver Peak	—	½	½
Silver Hill	9	6	6¼
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Standard	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	—	1½	—
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	—	—
South Overman	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Trench	—	—	—
Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Utah	—	—	—
War Eagle	—	—	—
Washington & Creole	—	½	—
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	2	1¾	2
Wellington	—	—	2½
Yellow Jacket	55	54	57
Yuba Gravel	—	—	—
Yellow Stone	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus * † Buyer 30.

BIZ.

The Present Outlook of Commercial Affairs upon this coast is not as inviting nor as promising as we could desire or hope for. The season for an active Spring trade is rapidly passing by, and yet our merchants have not been favored with any considerable demand for merchandise. Business is depressed in many important lines of traffic. The interior demand for goods is not as large as we had hoped for, or had a right to expect in view of the prosperous crop year, giving us large supplies of Breadstuff for export and a corresponding large supply of Sterling Bills with which to fill our Exchequer. With all this, money is not plenty, and why not? Because many of our capitalists, dry goods merchants and others are calling in all their available funds and shipping off East their gold coin by mail and express to take advantage of the high premium on gold now ruling in New York at 116¾, and some persons even predict that the rate will touch 125 before the summer is past. From these remarks the reader must not infer that our merchants and others as a whole complain of a monetary stringency. This is not the case, as many of our well to do merchants prefer now to discount their bills of purchase at current rates rather than issue notes for the same. It is stock operators, street speculators in mining shares that cry out for lack of coin.

The Government Steamer Vanderbilt has finally been sold at auction for $12,000 currency. George Howes & Co. the purchasers. This wreck of a once noted steam yacht was offered for sale about sixty days ago, and the highest bid then obtained was $26,000. At this rate Government officials declined to ratify. She was withdrawn and the Government now takes $12,000—$14,000 less than was bid when H. M. Newhall & Co. acted as auctioneers. We presume it is the intention of the purchasers to take out her machinery and convert her into a ship or bark for the grain-carrying trade.

Grain Sacks, to arrive, have been sold thus far in the season to the extent of about 500,000. Standard Gilroy Burlaps at 16c. Wool bags are now in active request at 67½@70c.

Instructions have been sent to Honolulu for the steamers of the Webb Australian line to return to this port without delay. The Nevada, now here undergoing extensive repairs, has been turned over to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and we take it that the Dakota and Nebraska are also to be transferred to the Panama line. The Moses Taylor, of same line, is now due from Honolulu. It is yet a mooted question in regard to the continuation of the Island Branch of this mail line, but we are well convinced that the Government subsidy of $75,000 will insure us a continuation of monthly mail and steam communication with Honolulu.

Blasting Powder.—The Santa Cruz Powder Company have advanced prices 25c per keg—now $3 25 per keg. The Eastern companies, Hazard and Dupont, also make their prices to correspond with those of our local factory.

Coal arrives freely and prices depressed. English Brimbo has been sold at $10 and less, Australian $11 50. There is no Chili in market. English Cannel for gas is worth $15 50. Coast supplies are free. Coos Bay and Seattle sell at $11, and Bellingham Bay $10 50. Mount Diablo $8 50. Nanaimo Steam is held at $12. Cumberland commands $18@20—latter in casks.

The Coffee Market remains in a lifeless state. Central American Greens are held at 18@19c for high grades. The demand is light.

The Cairnsmore, for Hongkong, in Macondray's line, carried the bulk of 14,000 bbls of Flour, valued at $72,000. The Clara Bell, for Manila, is to carry 3,300 bbls Extra, from the Lambert Mills, Sacramento. The Acapulco, at Vallejo, will carry about 7,000 bbls Starr Mills' Extra, for Cork and orders; it is probable that this shipment of silk-dressed flour will find its way to Havre for a market.

Portland Cement.—We note the arrival of 2,000 bbls from England, worth $2@3 50. It is being used somewhat extensively in the manufacture of patent stone for building materials, and for this purpose it is preferred to the American "Rosendale," the latter commanding $3 50@4 per bbl.

Freights are somewhat easier. Wheat to Liverpool direct, £3 15, and to Cork, for orders, £4, are ruling rates. Within a few days past tonnage has accumulated, as for instance. The arrivals on the 27th inst. embraced the ships James Foster, Jr., 136 days from New York, and Garibaldi, 110 days from New York, with full assorted cargoes, ship Friedlander, 122 days from New York, with Railroad Iron, ship Emily Farnum, 140 days from New York, with Lumber and Timber, French ship Reine du Monde, 93 days from Rio de Janeiro, with cargo of French ship Eugene and Adele, from Marseilles (condemned); British ship Dunfillan, 120 days from Liverpool, and British bark Casma, 133 days from Liverpool, with full assorted cargoes; French bark Gustave, 45 days from Callao, in ballast.

The Yang-Tze Insurance Association of Shanghai, for which Macondray & Co. are San Francisco agents, has declared a dividend of 25 per cent. upon the net premium contributed during the fiscal year ended the 30th of September, 1872. It is payable to-day.

Our Grain Fleet is steadily augmenting. That to the United Kingdom now numbers as follows.

	Wheat, Ctls.	Value.
Total since July 1st, 1872 .. 292 vessels	8,442,592	15,150,844
35 vessels since July 1, 1871, with	1,002,316	2,350,200
115 vessels since July 1, 1870, with	3,430,138	6,812,118
164 vessels since July 1, 1869, with	4,205,329	7,196,749

There are now 21 vessels more on the berth, aggregating 20,634 registered tons.

The Exports for the past week have been as follows. Constitution, for New York, via Panama, carried 3,306 galls California Brandy, 610 cs Borax, 1,300 bbls Flour, 500 Hides, 101 rolls Leather, 1,016 ctls Mustard Seed, 2,275 gals Whale Oil, 319 tons Pig Lead, 27,215 galls and 22 cs California Wine, 5,298 lbs Domestic Wool, etc., valued at $31,535. David Crockett, for Liverpool, carried 45,730 ctls Wheat, valued at $88,228. Messenger, for Queenstown, had 21,483 ctls Wheat, valued at $45,072. Theodore Ducos, for Cork, had 13,675 ctls Wheat, valued at $25,800. Hannibal, for Liverpool, had 35,632 ctls Wheat, valued at $68,000. James A. ... for Liverpool, carried 30,866 ctls Wheat, etc., valued at $55,550. Lady Gertrude, for Queenstown, had 14,862 ctls Wheat, valued at $27,500. Hermit, for Queenstown, carried 52 tons Silver Ore, 22,816 ctls Wheat, etc., valued at $52,111. Siberia, for Queenstown, had 38,653 ctls Wheat, valued at $77,142. Cairnsmore, for Hongkong, carried 152 sks Beans, 150 doz Brooms, 13,924 bbls Flour, 15,000 feet Lumber, etc., valued at $10,995, same, for Mexican ports, had 11,000 lbs Coffee, etc., valued at $6,000, same, for Central America, had 325 bbls Flour, 8,823 ft Lumber, etc., valued at $2,210, same, for Liverpool, via Panama, had 41,229 lbs Foreign Cotton, 50 rolls Leather, etc., valued at $31,632. Ionia, for Tahiti, carried 300 bbls Flour, 97,000 ft Lumber, etc., valued at $7,333. General Harney, for Honolulu, carried 283 sks Potatoes, etc., valued at $2,959. Laura M. Mangam, for Guaymas, had 402 kegs Powder, 21,600 ft Lumber, Machinery, etc., valued at $14,131.

Our Wool Market is exceedingly depressed, not to say badly demoralized. We believe our surplus stock of 1872 clip, chiefly Spring, is about one million pounds, and for this the demand is very light, and Eastern marts not holding great inducements at present. The Boston *Shipping List* of March 15th contains the following.

At this time last year buyers were turning their attention to the Spring clip of California and contracting for Wool on the sheep's back at the West, but now there is no speculative inquiry whatever. Manufacturers are making no money, and purchase only from week to week sufficient to keep their machinery running, and the steady shrinkage in prices for the past two months, so unlooked for by the trade generally, will tend to make buyers more cautious than ever. Wool growers in California and the West must make up their minds to submit to low prices, as it will evidently be some time before the market fully recovers from the embarrassments that now surround the trade.

Within the past few days we are advised of an invoice purchase of the Spring clip of 1872 of a well-to-do Wool grower at 21c, for which the buyer offered a year since for the very identical clip 42c, and refused to sell. This we believe is a fair exhibit between the market a year ago and the present.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR Jan.-Feb., with Steel Engraving of State Capitol and Map of the Cen. Pac. Railroad, is now Ready for Delivery.

The Special and Authorised Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1873. No. 10.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, CALIFORNIA UNION HALL, CALIFORNIA MAIL BAG, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—890@875—SILVER BARS—1½@1¾ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86@86¼c. Mexican Dollars, 4½@5¼c.

☞ Exchange on N. York, 6-10 per cent. prem. for Gold, Currency, 15¾ per cent. On London, Bankers 49⅞@49¼; Commercial 49¼@49⅝; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, April 4, at 3 P. M., 118⅜. Latest price of Sterling 107@107¼.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco . . . April 1, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s '62-7-8	100	101¼
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1-64	99	101
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1-62	99	101
Legal Tender Notes	85	85¾
California State Bonds, '70 '71	100	—
S. F. City Bonds, '58	95	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 64, '68	95	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 74	99	100
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½
Sacramento County Bonds, 64	75	—
Yuba County Bonds, 68	92	98
Santa Clara Bonds	90	—
San Mateo County Bonds, 78	90	95
San Francisco Gas Company	76	77¼

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	120	125
Oakland Gas	102	—
Spring Valley Water Co.	81	82
Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
Central Railroad Company	—	—
N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	60	—
Front St. M. and O. R. R. Co	—	—
Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co	50	60
Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	50	55
California Insurance Co	80	85
Union Insurance Co	90	92½
Pacific Bank	—	20
The Bank of California	125	130
Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

THE TIGHTNESS OF OUR MONEY MARKET.

The Scarcity of Gold in our markets is attributable to many causes. In the first place, the money we have to pay away to Europe on our railway bonds is a large item, our imports from foreign countries, too, have to be paid for in coin. Besides these, there are interests on the debt of the General Government, on the bonds of the several States. Our debts in this way will amount to at least $5,000,000,000. California is at the present time in a better financial condition than any other State in the Union. What few debts we have are chiefly for railroads. Our debts abroad do not amount to much. The trouble is, that our gold coin is paid away and loaned to railway men, who send it out of the country to pay interest, and so we lose it almost as fast as we can coin it. The natural consequence is that there is not enough gold left for the transaction of our business. Greenbacks are suggested as a remedy, but we scout the idea, gold we will have. Let us increase our home manufactures, and not pay away our good gold for foreign imports. We say, emphatically, no greenbacks for us.

Anniversary of the Arrival of the Second Pioneer Steamer.—Twenty-four years ago, the Pacific Mail steamship *Oregon*, Captain R. H. Pearson, arrived in San Francisco from Panama, with 250 passengers, being the second pioneer steamer. Among the officers of the vessel were Messrs. Whiting, Dall, Huntington and Purser Whittlesey. The passenger list included Capt. E. Simmons and wife, Capts. Goldsborough, Knox, Van Brunt and Rogers, and Lieuts. Blunt, Blair, and Dr. Bowie, of the navy, Maj. R. P. Hammond, Capts. Williams and Keyes, and Dr. Turner, of the army, Capt. Ruth of the Coast Survey; Frederick Billings, A. C. Peachy, Rev. A. Williams, F. J. Thibault, G. W. Wright (first member of Congress), J. C. Palmer, Dr. Eugene Crowell, Charles Kelsey, John Benson, Capt. M. R. Roberts, J. P. Moore, F. D. Atherton, Capt. Macey, Theodore C. Johnson, W. H. Gading, E. F. Northam, Rev. H. M. Whitmore, O. P. Sutton, D. N. Hawley, Col. J. W. Geary and wife, C. P. Haven, Col. G. A. Grant, Capt. David Van Pelt, also, Fred. Marriott, the proprietor of the NEWS LETTER and founder of the Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast. Many of the above mentioned have gone to their long home and only a few remain to tell of the hardships endured on that memorable trip, and of their struggles for "the one thing needful" when on shore.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, April 4th, 1873. Gold opened at 117⅝, 11 A. M. at 117¾; 3 P. M. at 118⅜. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 116, 1867, 117¼. Sterling Exchange, 107¾@108. Pacific Mail, 66¼. Quicksilver Mining Company, 40. Wheat, $1 90@$2 10 quiet. Pork, quiet, 16@17. Cotton, 19½. Hides, 24½@25, salted, 12c, steady. Oil—Sperm, steady, $1 55@$1 66, Winter Bleached, $1 65@$1 75, steady; Whale, weak, 64 ... Winter Bleached, 75@77c, quiet. Wool—Spring, fine, 30@35c; Burry, 24@28c, Pulled, 40@55c. Fall Clips, 27@28c, Burry, 16@25c. LONDON, April 4.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s 5d@11s 7d. Club, 11s. 8d.@11s. 10d. United States Bonds, 90¼. Consols, 92⅞@93.

We have Received from our resident London correspondent the report of public sale, dated 13th December, 1872, at the London Commercial Sale Rooms, of 67,140 skins from Alaska, the details of which will appear in our next, and will be found of much interest to merchants and others.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

The California Placard Exchange throws its doors open to the public on Monday next, the 7th April. The Exchange has virtually been open the whole of the past month, but the crowd of exhibitors, all requiring space, has been so great, that the staff of workmen has been wholly employed satisfying that demand—indeed, has been inadequate thereto. Notwithstanding this press of business, far exceeding the most sanguine expectations, the directors have made considerable progress in the interior decorations of the halls, as well as in ministering to the comforts of the visitors and subscribers. The freshest and rarest flowers that our horticulturists can produce, joined to the song of birds and the music of falling waters from a classically designed fountain, add a charm to the more substantial and useful knowledge which the Placard Exchange affords. It will however be weeks yet ere the manifold exigencies of the institution will be carried out, and its boundless range of utility developed. Enough, however, is already done to give an earnest of the comprehensive scheme of the promoters of the undertaking, and with this view they have determined to throw open the doors of the California Placard Exchange in its present inchoate state. The public will thereby more fully understand the intention or method, as well as see the progress of the work.

San Francisco Hotels.—The facilities of the eight principal hotels of this city, giving the number of guests each is capable of accommodating, are thus stated. Grand Hotel, 700, Lick House, 350; Occidental, 400; Cosmopolitan, 400; Russ House, 350, Brooklyn, 200, American Exchange, 200, Morton House, 150. The aggregated cost of the buildings is stated at $1,490,000, cost of furniture, $850,000, value of sites, $3,080,000, making a total investment of $5,420,000. The monthly rental of the two first named hotels is $4,000 each. The Occidental is not leased. The remaining five range from $800 to $3,000 per month.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Agent, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, March 12th, 1873:—Hon. J. S. Hager and wife, William Sillem and wife, George S. Wright and wife, George A. Worn and family, Captain J. Frisbie and daughters, Calvin Brown, C. F. Fargo, J. Fisher Smith, Thomas Menzies, Roberts (Falkner, Bell & Co.), Phillip Deidesheimer, A. B. McCreary, Henry Laurencel, Benjamin Belloc, S. C. Bigelow, W. J. Shaw, Rev. Mr. Culler, H. B. Hawkins and family, Mrs. F. A. Hussey, Mrs. P. Chrystal.

Commerce of Canada.—Recent returns show a wonderful progress in the commerce of the Dominion, in exports as well as imports. The total imports for 1872 amounted to $107,709,116 against $86,917,482 for 1871. And the total exports for 1872 were $82,639,663 against $74,173,618 for 1871. The imports of Quebec exhibit an increase in the past year of nearly five millions of dollars, Ontario of over four millions; Nova Scotia about half a million; and New Brunswick of over eight hundred thousand dollars.

Alvinza Hayward's Health.—We learn from a personal friend of Alvinza Hayward that his health has been vastly benefited at Harbin's Springs, in Lake county, where he is now staying. He has been unable for some months to walk without pain, while even the motion of being carried in a vehicle was frequently too much for him. He is now able to walk without pain and enjoys some sleep, to which for some time he has been a stranger.

There was but Little Business done in Mining Stocks yesterday, and prices were generally from $1 to $2 lower than Thursday noon. Hale & Norcross, Ophir, Overman, Savage, Segregated Belcher and Yellow Jacket each declining $2 and Consolidated Virginia, Chollar-Potosi and Caledonia each $1. Belcher was $2 higher.

The Bay District Horticultural Society of California will hold their annual Spring Exhibition at the Horticultural Hall, opening May 1st to May 10th. Exhibitors must enter on or before April 29th, and deliver before twelve o'clock on May 1st.

We Acknowledge the Receipt of some most beautiful bouquets from Thorpe's Hotel and Gardens, on the San Bruno road. The gardens there are full of countless rare flowers, most of which are in full bloom.

Telegraphic.—Arrangements have been made for amalgamating the China Submarine, British Indian Extension, and British Australian Telegraph Companies.

SHIP OWNERS AND UNDERWRITERS.

The English Board of Trade reports that in 1871 there were one hundred and twenty casualties to vessels at [illegible], that in addition to these the number of vessels employed in the regular carrying trade, which suffered wreck or casualty was 1,807. In 1870 the losses in the regular carrying trade were about 2,000, and the Board of Trade in commenting on them, casts a terrible light on such figures as those quoted above. The Board said that about "half the loss is represented by the unseaworthy, over-laden, or ill-found vessels of the collier class, chiefly employed in the coasting trade." Such facts as these are suggestive, and it is certain that a peremptory necessity for inquiry has been established, and that Parliament cannot any longer postpone the question of further legislation for the protection of merchant seamen.

THE RHYME OF THE MODERN SHIP-OWNER.

It is a drowned mariner,
And he stoppeth an M P.
"By thy dank gray beard like wet seal fur,
Now wherefore stopp'st thou me!"
"The great Club's doors are opened wide,
And I would fare within —
The members met, the House is set
To spend the nation's tin."
* * * * *
The western wave was all a-blaze,
The day was well nigh done,
Almost departed from our gaze,
Faded the blood-red sun—
When a strange shape from out the haze
Was seen by every one!
His ships are sped, they're book'd at sea,
He looks, that fellow, for gold,
He's on them a good insurance fee
And drove a bit for the crew cares bold
And their dangers manifold.
The phantom bark made never a sound,
And the twain were casting dice,
"Let the crew be drowned, for the sum is round,"
Said he, "and its worth the price."
The night was calm, tho' no stars were out,
The leak sprung in the dark—
'Mid unheard horror, and hopeless shout
Down went the fated bark!
* * * * *
How many lives were that time lost
I truly do not know,—
But the underwriters paid the cost,—
And the owner won that throw!
* * * * *
Farewell, farewell, but this I tell
To thee, M.P., distressed,
That you ought to hang one gambling swell
To encourage all the rest!
He prayeth best, whose interest
'Tis to have his vessels founder;
It doesn't compass his ends to invest
In making those vessels sounder!
* * * * *
The mariner, who had been drowned,
Quitted that senator,
And our M P in thought profound
He trod the House's floor.
He backed-up Mr Plimsoll's plan
To aid our tars forlorn.
A better and a wiser man,
He did the House adorn!

—*English Paper.*

CALIFORNIA SPRING MARKET.

A Very Respectable and Somewhat Surprising Idea of the immense resources of California may be obtained through a visit to the market places of San Francisco, with the organs of observation on the *qui vive*. Were this great country of ours a producer only of such an unlimited supply of food for man and beast, it would claim the attention of all seeking a home in a land of plenty, where no want is. California began its career with a reputation of a somewhat peculiar character. Known for years only as a land of precious metals, and precious rascals working them (of course this remark has no present application), outsiders imagined that with the exhaustion of the works and the workers would come what the self-culturists style "a cessation of vitality." But kind Dame Nature revealed other secret treasures to those who came hither only to pit and scar her face, and put them up to a wrinkle or two better than wasting their life in a hole, with five hundred chances towards getting rheumatism to one of getting rich. The greatest *wrinkle* of all was that of *furrowing* the brown face of our Common Mother, and strange as it may seem, the more she was furrowed, and the deeper the furrows, the more she smiled. In fact, to drop this rather worn out idea, we began to see that our riches were not *confined* to gold, or any other metal for that matter, and that as an agricultural country California was destined to make her mark in the world. In two words, California is taking rank and will take rank amongst the greatest exporting countries of the world. She has no need to import anything. She has raw produce and the means to work it into any manufactured staple the manufacturing market needs. Our waters, our ranches, and our market gardens are unfailing and legitimate sources of true wealth, and it is with the products of these that we have now to deal. A priced list in detail of what our San Franciscan market supplies will be useful in two ways: useful to Californians, those of us who rather look down on Agricola, and especially useful to those unhappy ones who have not yet made this their home. Beef is plentiful, and is improving every year in flavor and quality, as more attention is paid to these particulars by feeders and breeders. The present prices range from 10 cents per pound, for corned beef, up to 25 cents for prime cuts in fresh; lamb is sold at from 20 to 25 cents; spring veal, 12 to 25 cents; pork, fresh, 15 cents; hams and bacon, 18 cents; salt pork, 15 cents. Odds and ends may be bought at very few cents a pound. At present hams are imported from the East for 3 or 4 cents per pound less than they can be made here. There is no earthly reason why this should be so, and we believe that pork-packing will see very much better days in a short time. The extent of the retail beef business may rather surprise some of our readers, when they learn that from 25 to 30 cattle are sold from some of the stalls in the California Market every week. Poultry is dear; unreasonably so. For chickens, from 60 cents to $1 each is asked; tame ducks, $2 to $2.50 a pair; tame geese, $3.50 to $4 a pair, whilst turkeys fetch 25 cents a pound. Game is just as expensive; hares may be bought for from 25 to 37 cents each; jack snipe cannot be bought under $2.25 or $2.50 a dozen. In season, wild ducks are sold at from 60 cents to $1 a pair, geese, 75 cents to $1, and quail, $2 a dozen. Venison remains at an average price of "a bit" a pound. The supply of fish is of the best, and in quality and variety unsurpassed in any market in the world. These are the prices per pound: salmon, flounders, and tom-cod, 15 cents; rock-fish and cod, 10 cents; sturgeon, 6 cents; soles, 35 cents; salmon-trout, 25 cents; sardines and perch, 25 cents. Shell-fish in any amount and at reasonable prices, notably oysters, $1 per hundred; clams, 50 cents, and mussels, 25 cents. Dairy produce of the first order may be said to be a specialty of California, and an inspection of the stalls, crammed with good things, will prove an incentive to even the most wide-awake to dream of cool dairies, lowing cows, sunlit blue, the sweet smell of the waving grass and the hum of the tireless bees. To come down and be prosaic, the possession of the aforementioned good things may be obtained by the exchange of current coin to this value: butter, from 50 to 75 cts. per 2 pound roll; cheese, 20 to 25 cents per pound; honey, 20 cents a pound, light or dark; eggs, 30 cents a dozen. But the greatest treat of all we have reserved for the last, that is, sunning one's self in the smiles of great, rosy checked apples, exchanging winks with sly-looking lemons, trying to find out what the joke is that the great, heavy old melons and squashes are bursting their sides about, and how many snails are hidden in the biggest cabbage. California has a right to be proud of her fruits and vegetables, and no one need be afraid of the prices, as the list will show: oranges and lemons, 75 cents to $1 per dozen; apples, 6 to 8 cents per pound; rhubarb, 10 cents; peas, 5 to 8 cents; potatoes, new, 5 to 8 cents, old, 1½ cents; sweet, 4 cents; figs, white and black, 20 to 25 cents; onions, 3 to 8 cts; asparagus, 6 to 12½ cents; almonds, 37 cents; walnuts, 25 cents; filberts, 25 cts.; squash, 3 cents; beans of all sorts, 4 to 6 cents per pound; cabbages and cauliflowers, 10 to 12½ cents each; artichokes, 60 cents to $1 a dozen; lettuce, 25 cents a dozen; carrots, turnips, parsnips and beets, 25 cents a dozen; cress and salads of all kinds, 25 cents a dozen; celery, 75 to $1 a dozen, with many other things "too numerous to mention." Strawberries are an old story with us, and we shall soon revel in these luscious berries of the straw by only an outlay of 10 cents. No one reading the above lists can fail to exclaim, "Well, here is a country, indeed, a very Goshen." There can be no doubt about it, California can raise whatever she takes the trouble to cultivate, and to the legend on the seal of the Queen City of the West, "Gold in peace, iron in war," we would make the addition, "and plenty at all times."

Mr. and Mrs. McCreary, of California, have returned to Paris from Nice.

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION.

The best chance to invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific Coast. TITLE PERFECT. 750 Lots at $25 for inside and $30 for corner Lots; payable $10 cash, balance $5 per month, without interest or assessments for expenses. Blocks 200 by 300 feet. Lots 25 by 100 feet and 50 by 150 feet. Streets all 80 Feet Wide. Subscribers can select their lots on receipt of the first payment, and those who wish to pay in full and take deeds at once can do so. This valuable property is beautifully located, commanding a fine view of San Diego Bay and surroundings. It is only eight blocks of 300 feet each from the City Park Reservation, a few minutes walk from the hotel, and just One Mile from the Railroad lands on the water front, where the depots and center of business must be located. Congress has just made San Diego a Port of Entry, and it is now believed to be certain that grading will be commenced on the Texas and Pacific Railroad early this season. There is no place on the Coast where one can invest at the present time with as much certainty of doubling or trebling his money in a few months as in San Diego. The location, the nearness to what must be the business center, the exceedingly low price and easy terms, with the future prospects of that city, make this property the most desirable for Homestead and residence purposes, and one of the best investments for speculation ever offered. For maps showing the entire bay, with correct surroundings and the location of this property, with the various points of interest and importance, apply to IRA G. HOITT, Secretary and Agent, 421 Montgomery street, San Francisco, where subscription books are now open.
TRUSTEES—BENJ. P. AVERY, DORVILLE LIBBY, IRA G. HOITT. March 29.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.
To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally.

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 121 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has now expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at his Factory, 15 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself—the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders, Thomas Donnolly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure Unadulterated Saleratus, and his Unadulterated, Unequaled Bicarbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.
THOMAS DONNOLLY.
San Francisco, January 25, 1873. Feb. 1.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that the Field Deputies of this office will commence assessing property SATURDAY, March 1, 1873. The duties assigned to those Deputies are too well known to the community to require explanations, and while I have been careful in making my selections to fill the positions by men favorably known in the community for their competency and integrity, and am confident that the duties will be discharged by them to the general satisfaction of all concerned, I urgently request the general public to report to this office any dereliction of duty by any of my Deputies, and assure them that any just complaints will receive immediate attention.
LEVI ROSENER,
March 8. City and County Assessor.

CHARLES LE GAY,
American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.
[March 29.]

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!
Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.
None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec. 9.]

SPORTSMEN'S EMPORIUM.
538 Washington street, below Montgomery, San Francisco.— LIDDLE & KAEDING, GUN AND RIFLE MAKERS, and Importers of Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Fishing Tackle, Powder Flasks, Gun Materials, Rifle Barrels and Ammunition, wholesale and retail. Guns and Rifles made to order, and Repairing of every description neatly executed, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. [March 8.]

Cal. Placard Exchange Co. and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast.

J. MORRIS,
Placard Writer for the Placard Exchange.—Show Cards written in elegant style for every business, at 33 Geary street, near Dupont, San Francisco. March 15.

"GERKE" WINE.
The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco.
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. HENRY GERKE.
Nov. 11.

R. C. ROGERS,
Attorney-at-Law and Real Estate Agent.—Loans negotiated and City and County Property bought and sold. March 8.

PETERS & HAM,
[JAS. B. HAM.] [WM. D. PETERS.
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 331 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,
C. L. CRACKBON.] [C. A. MURDOCK.
Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 2.

BURLING & BROTHER,
Stock Brokers, have removed to No. 301 Sansome street, near California. March 15.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,
611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

WEBER PIANOS,
At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. These Pianos have a world-wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb. 1.]

SCUDDER & FULLER,
Notary Public, Conveyancer, and Commissioner of Deeds for all the States and Territories, No. 611 Montgomery street. Feb. 15.

MR. L. A. WELLER,
Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,
Jan. 4. No. 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE NEWS LETTER IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Esler, Smith & Co., Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell, Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanazeinth & Fils, Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co, Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltozzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Borsen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq., James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Leitteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co, C. Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co, Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co., Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring, Bros. & Co., Delizy, Davies & Co., F'k Astle, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co; Huth, Grunning & Co., Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Unias Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fills & Co; Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumner & Co, McCulloch, Sellars & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.

DREAMS THAT CAME TRUE.

How sweet the life of my youth with thee!
Though bitter the world of man to me.
We dwelt in an attic lone and bare,
And coldly the winter stars shone there.
And scant the bread that we had to eat,
And sad our lives, though our love was sweet.
She said—"My love, my poet, my friend,
Hope on, the true must win in the end.
"So long as you doubt my prophecies,
How can I trust when you call me wise!
"At last men will hear and understand
A poet's voice that speaks in the land.
"And rich in time we two will go,
To ancient lands you have yearned to know.
"We'll fly like the birds, without a care,
O'er purple seas and through cities fair.
"And taste the breath of a morning breeze,
Blown off piny clefts of the Pyrenees.
"And hear in Venice sweet Tasso's song,
By stately gondola borne along.
"We'll sail to Egypt, and rest awhile
In palm-girt palace beside the Nile.
"And watch from our roof Canopus rise,
In silver splendor 'mid opal skies.
"Then dream sweet days in the southern seas,
Till we reach the land of Pericles!
And see Athene's purple hill,
Whose marble columns gleam golden still;
"And find wherever we chance to go,
That my poet's fame has journeyed too!
"What days to wait for!" and then she smiled,
By such fond fancies from care beguiled.
The years have passed. And passed as she said;
Alas! the seer of my life was dead!
They call me poet and crown my brow,
I heed not fame or its guerdon now.
What praise can alter the past for thee,
Whose love was stronger than death for me!
Ah! could we meet at our attic door,
In tears as often we met before!
How sweet the sorrows we shared as one!
How bitter the joys I taste alone!

—*Good Words.*

ENGLAND AND RUSSIA IN CENTRAL ASIA.

A Recent Number of the Vossische Zeitung contains an exhaustive article weighing the relative strength of Russia and England in Central Asia, and points out that, by the recent transformation of the Russian army formerly employed in the Caucasus into an Asiatic army, admirably appointed, armed with breech loaders, and numbering one hundred battalions, thirty-six batteries and twenty squadron of horse, besides engineers, pioneers and Cossacks, the Russian force is sufficient to defy all the efforts of Great Britain to protect and uphold the Central Asian States! The same journal considers that Russia only awaits any false steps that may be taken by the English Government, and it asserts that the British military forces are utterly insufficient to stop the advance of Russia. This may be true as to military preparations, but it is simply absurd when referring to "any false steps which may be taken by the English Government," and in speaking of "our forces being utterly insufficient to stop the advance of Russia." Let the reader take the disputed line in his mind's eye, and the long line of troops and supplies required to reach it from the Russian side, and then remember that there are sufficient native troops in India in our pay, backed by a railway system which would take them to any given point, and he will realize at once that we are not without the means of resisting Russian aggression in Central Asia. Our Indian railway system would enable us to send the troops "fresh and eager for the fray" to the very points assailed, while the Russians would have to march through a country rich in nothing but sand, and the further they marched the thinner would their line become. Under all the circumstances of the case, then, there is little fear of the action of Russia in Central Asia weakening our position in the East. As we said before, it may suit politicians and place-hunters to hold contrary views, but manufacturers, and the Cottonocracy generally, know that they are only talking bunkum.

CONCERNING PRAYER MEETINGS.

We Command the Attention of our Methodist Brethren and the lights of the Y. M. C. A. to the following sensible remarks, although they are from the organ of a people whose road to salvation lies through a plunge-bath. "Something might be done by those who conduct our prayer meetings to throw more life and variety into them. Monotony is, from the necessity of the case, the sin which most easily besets these services; the sin against which it behooves those who lead them most anxiously to guard. Some conductors of prayer-meetings are little more than machines for giving out hymns and calling on persons to pray. Hymn and prayer, hymn and prayer, in unbroken alternation, often a long hymn sleepily sung, and followed by a longer prayer, this is the mechanical round into which these services are, by such leaders, permitted to fall. The president of a prayer-meeting should be a living man, infusing his own life and individuality into the meeting which he leads. There need be, there ought to be no rant, or bluster, or eccentricity. Naturally and unobtrusively, by the very tone in which he reads the hymns, by a word or two spoken sometimes about the hymn before it is sung, by the reading of a few verses from the Bible with two or three sentences of homely, warm-hearted comment, by calling on two occasionally to follow one another in prayer, without the intervening hymn; by methods which his own thought and judgment will suggest, the conductor may save the meeting from dulness and routine. The conductor of a prayer-meeting is not a service which can be rightly fulfilled by any man, anyhow. It is a service of much spiritual delicacy, involving serious responsibility, claiming earnest thought and preparation of heart in him who undertakes it. For lack of remembering this many a meeting is marred.

THE FLAT-FISH BIRD.

The Joy of Man, who sees an errant porker suddenly erect himself on his streaky part, clap his petticoes, and crow like a Shanghae, is not much when compared with the rapture caused in the scientific bosom when *The Globe* waxes paleontological. Speaking of the discovery by Professor Marsh of the Icthyornis or fish-bird, it says: "Further investigation revealed still greater wonders: the head of the first discovered species was displayed in such a manner as to show that it belonged to the skeleton, and was found to be furnished with numerous small teeth implanted in distinct sockets, in both jaws! A bird with teeth is certainly an anomaly, and if Professor Marsh is right in all his facts, he is undoubtedly justifiable in proposing for these most extraordinary creatures the establishment of a new sub-class of birds (*Odontornithia*)." What this designation may mean is worse than Greek to us, there's so much Whitechapel it, but perhaps it should be *Odontornithes*. But why all this about a bird with teeth? Hasn't the writer of that article teeth in his head, and does he not write himself down a—well, a bird, with one of his quills!

CALIFORNIA STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD.

T. J. L. SMILEY, ... President. | JOS. TILDEN, ... Caller.
CHAS. L. WELLER, . . Vice-President. | E. J. BALDWIN, ... Treasurer.
W. W. LAWTON, . . . Secretary.

Adamson, W. R. H.	408 California st.	Lincoln, J.	322 Montgomery street.
Allen, C. R.	106 Leidesdorff street.	Mansfield, M.	306 Montgomery street.
Baldridge, M.	608 Montgomery st.	Marina, S. J. de S.	322 Montg'y street.
Baldwin, E. J.	509 California street.	McCullough, T. J.	306 Montg'y street.
Barrell, Sam'l	422 Montgomery street.	McCarthy, O.	327 Montgomery street.
Bourne, J. B.	323 California street.	McKenty, J.	422 Montgomery street.
Broderick, R.	6 Merchants' Exchange.	Middleton, John.	310 Montg'y street.
Case, J. M.	322 Montgomery street.	Moore, J. M.	77 Montgomery Block.
Childs, P. G.	436 California street.	Myers, W. F.	411 California street.
DeGreayer, B.	513 Montgomery street.	O'Connor, T. M.	.....
DeLacey, Chas.	430 California street.	Owens, J. H.	428 California street.
DeLorme, E. W.	506 Montgomery st.	Patridge, H. C.	International Hotel.
Diftot, A.	422 Montgomery street.	Perine, G. M.	413 California street.
Duncan, W. T.	413 California street.	Pheby, T. B.	446 Montgomery street.
DuVal, W. S.	411 California st, Room 4.	Ricketts, A. H.	.....
Fitch, H. S.	506 Montgomery street.	Roberts, D.	.....
Flagg, H. H.	415 Montgomery street.	Rogers, Geo. E.	311 Montgomery street.
Gildemeester, J. P. H.	113 Montg'y Blk.	Rosenblatt, S.	503 California street.
Gray, J.	306 Montgomery street.	Rudsdale, M.	418 California street.
Hart, Thos. R.	422 Montgomery street.	Sanborn, T. G.	411 California street.
Harvey, C. C.	418 California street.	Schmitt, M.	437 California street.
Hawkins, Jas.	13 Stevenson Building.	Smiley, T. J. L.	310 Montgomery st.
Hill, J. Bryant.	528 Montgomery St.	Smith, E. L.	306 Montgomery street.
Hitchens, Jas.	.....	Smith, W. J.	422 Montgomery street.
Hoare, C. W.	408 California street.	Snowball, R. Y.	411 California street.
Hoitt, I. G.	.....	Soren, Geo. S.	528 Montgomery street.
Howard, H. C.	322 Montgomery street.	Stewart, Geo. W.	.....
Hussey, J. L.	305 Montgomery street.	Taylor, W. S.	420 Montgomery street.
Hyneman, S.	420 Montg'y street.	Thompson, J. M.	310 Montgomery street.
Kenney, C. A.	411 California street.	Tibbey, E. S.	503 California street.
Kent, R. T.	404 Montgomery street.	Tilden, J.	At Board Room.
Klopenstine, J.	422 Montgomery street.	Weller, Chas. L.	321 Jackson street.
Lacour, L.	503 Montgomery street.	Williams, W. J.	At Board Room.
Lawton, W. W.	At Board Room.	Wolf, F.	424 Montgomery street.
Leuzarder, J. M.	.....	Wright, Wm. H.	420 Montg'y street.
Lichtenstein, M. B.	400 Montgomery st.		

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, header wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 30.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS
By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F. Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.
Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, are most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
Aug. 10.] WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 217 Sansome street.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.
As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 21.

TENNENT'S ALE—NEW BREW, JUST ARRIVED.
1200 Casks (Stone and Glass, Quarts and Pints) of superior quality and in extra fine condition ex "Armin" and "Columbus." For sale in lots to suit.
Feb. 8. FORBES BROTHERS, Sole Agents, 508 California street.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.
Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment, into better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

Spiders Traveling by Balloon.—A correspondent of the *Scientific American* relates a singular incident. In company with other persons he was crossing Seneca lake on the 10th of October, when a small wave was seen near the center of the lake, caused by the moving of some insects. Upon investigating the matter, it was found that three spiders were gliding over the surface of the water, and attached to them was a single thread, the size of a knitting-needle, extending in the air to the hight of 30 feet, at an angle of 60 degrees, and terminating with an enormous balloon-shaped web. This latter was judged to be eight feet long and five feet wide, with stays fastened at the main thread, something similar to those of a balloon, and it was managed apparently by an innumerable number of the insects stationed at proper intervals. The party attempted to obtain a closer view, but when within a few feet of the web it began to rise, though the last spider, which proved to be about the size of a horse-fly, was brought back by the stroke of an oar. The balloon went onward and upward until lost to sight.

They Must Have a Good Many old-fashioned Methodist ministers in New York, judging from the sentiments that find utterance at their Monday morning meetings. Revivals being under discussion, last Monday, one brother said that the great point overlooked in revivals is earnestness. If the subject of the sermon proves too "heavy" and has not the desired effect, it should be emphasized by break ng the pulpit-board, which would "act like a thunder-clap and bring many to their knees." Rev. Mr. Headstrom next spoke concerning "shooting and groaning," as being very effective in revivals, and stated that occasional "Amens" had great power. Rev. Dr. Willis stated that he had read in the newspapers very extraordinary accounts of these meetings, and that he didn't know what to make of them. He thought that it was the duty of ministers to display all possible decorum in the pulpit, and did not believe in the use of such expressions as "warm climate" for hell.

A Good Story is Told in connection with Bishop Gell's late visitation tour through Travancore. A high-caste Nair complained to the bishop that a member of the Protestant congregation in his neighborhood had encroached on his garden, removing the boundary line. The bishop directed him to make his complaint before the proper authorities, but the Nair insisted upon his lordship giving him an opinion before leaving the spot. On hearing this, Bishop Gell, stepping out of his palanquin, said, "If you must have an indorsement, take it in these words 'Cursed be the man that removeth his neighbor's landmark.'" The Hindoo, it is said, was struck with terror on hearing this, and he speedily drew back, conceiving that the curse would recoil upon himself, the real offender in removing the "neighbor's landmark" in the first instance being not the Christian convert, but the Nair himself.

The Executive Mansion at Jefferson City, the capital of Missouri, is a vast depository of electricity—an immense Leyden jar, in fact. If a visitor touches his finger to a door-knob or a picture-frame, a spark and shock ensue, and strangers are often surprised by the storm of electrical sparks that stream from their feet as they pass over the carpets. The governor's family got a little tired of having so much of the stuff around, and summoned a "scientist," the other day, to look into the matter, and he is of the opinion that the mansion is built upon an immense loadstone, which generates this electricity.

A Duel was Fought Lately between two women living in the Boulevard de Courcelles. The cause of dispute was rivalry for the affections of a man named Juglin, and the two women agreed to decide their dispute by means of a duel with knives. The frightful conflict was waged in the house 84 Boulevard de Courcelles, and the result was one woman mortally and the other dangerously wounded. The cause of this dreadful contest, the man Juglin, has been arrested.

George M. Pullman, who is now in England, has concluded a contract for the adoption of his sleeping and drawing-room cars on the Midland Railway, which runs between London and Liverpool, and is the longest and most important railroad in England. The first cars will be shipped in September, consisting of two of the different varieties which are already in progress of manufacture at the Pullman works in Detroit.

A Commission appointed by the German Government, and consisting of a captain, several inspectors of arms, and some marksmen, will shortly arrive at Birmingham to inspect the first lot of the large quantity of rifles now being manufactured there for the German army. The rifles, which are of the class known in Germany as the "M 71," are all to be inspected before reception.

A Disastrous Incident is reported from the seaport town of Palamos, in Catalonia. A cutter arrived, the captain of which was quite unaware of the abdication and its consequences. Having been greeted with what he thought a treasonable cry of "Viva la Republica" from another vessel, he ordered his men to open fire upon it, and several of the crew were killed or wounded.

"We Claim the Honor," says the *Mobile Register*, "of having started a new interest in Japan Peas, and we are proud of it, for the Japan Pea is undoubtedly one of the best things for our climate. It is easily raised, will grow on almost any soil, and yields enormously. As food for man we think it has no equal in the pea or bean way." What is this Japan Pea?

The Latest Lively Notion of the Communists of Germany, which they wish to transplant to British soil, is that no father shall leave property to his children—his acquired wealth shall go to the nation at large, and the children shall begin life for themselves. The Germans are, of course, a very philosophical people, full of culture—usual costume, the strait jacket.

The Students of the Paris Polytechnic School have been utilized for a grand experiment in the use of tobacco, and the result is fatal to the weed. The minister of instruction has issued a circular to all the colleges, forbidding the use of tobacco as baneful to studiousness, and injurious to mental and physical growth.

The German Geographical Societies propose to send an expedition to explore the western part of Africa, and supplement the discoveries of Dr. Livingstone. A considerable sum of money has already been raised to meet the expenses of the undertaking.

The Paris Municipal Corporation has refused to accept legacies made by a German of 5,000 francs for the German poor of that city, and of 30,000 francs towards the establishment of a German hospital.

At a Temperance Meeting held in London recently, Mr. Charrington, the great brewer, announced that he had abjured his vocation because he had come to see the mischief which the trade inflicted upon the morals of the people.

Advices from Cape Town state that the great diamond of two hundred and eighty-eight carats, which has been exhibiting there, is to be sent to the Vienna Exhibition.

A Business-Like Young Lady of 22, in Waterloo, Michigan, got $11,000 cash in hand from her bridegroom of 60 before the marriage ceremony.

An Official of the French Foreign Office, hearing in dictation the name "Lord John Russell," wrote, "*L'or jaune rudsselle*."

Gladstone declines to say whether the Government will bring in a Corrupt Practices Bill this session.

Black Silk Stockings, with low shoes, are the latest "shoeing" for young New York in full dress.

Thirty-one New Steamships will ply between New York and European ports this summer.

One Charles Clarkson, of Hays City, Texas, has killed 5,000 buffaloes in the last four months.

A Rib of James V. of Scotland is preserved as a relic in Virginia.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE. A. M.	CLOSE. P. M.	ARRIVE. A. M.	ARRIVE. P. M.
Alameda		3 40	.....	1.00
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co.'s steamers		3 40	.....	9.00
Cloverdale and Coast Points		1 40	11 15	
Eureka		1 [illegible]	11 15	
Marysville and Sacramento	6 30	3 40	7 00	9 00
Napa Route via Vallejo		3 40	12 40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 30			9 00
Oakland	6 30	3 40		3 00 9 00
Overland	4.00			9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points		1 15		12 00
San Rafael	9 15		9 00	
San Jose	8.00	4 15	9 30	6 00
Southern California and Arizona	8 00			6 00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3 10	3 40	9 00
Vallejo and Benicia	7 00	3 40	12 40	2.00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		3 40		2 40
Great Britain, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays		9 00		

Mails Dispatched by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

General Delivery open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p. m. daily, except Sundays.
N. D. STONE, P. M.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current; Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date; latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 24.

PHILIP C. WEAVER | ISAAC LOHMAN | JOHN W. TAYLOR.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.
Nov. 30. 501 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

B. NATHAN.] ESTABLISHED IN 1850. [F. DOHRMANN.

B. NATHAN & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in French China Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware. Glass Shades all sizes. Successors to R. A. Swain & Co.'s Retail Business. Show Rooms, 538 to 540 Kearny st. 540 KEARNY ST., cor Sacramento,
Feb. 8. San Francisco

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

GEO. H. EGGERS.] EGGERS & CO., [CHR. H. VOIGT.

Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions. Agents of the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 22.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 720 Montgomery street.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—20 Qr. Casks High Proof.—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 8.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March 20. 412 Front street, S. F

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 1.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles June 15.

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 512 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco J A MAIRS Assayer Analysis of Ores Mineral Waters, etc Aug 24.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec. 24.

SPANISH LESSONS.

M. G. Pritchard, - - - - - - - - - - 414 California street.
[March 15.]

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Roney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS,

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15.

G. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE, [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 212 Bush street. Factory, 145 Brannan street Feb 1

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Company
New York—Chamber Commerce, Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Aliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamulz & Co; "Free Press"
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co.; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

HAIL! AND FAREWELL!

Hail! and farewell! Such is the frail condition
Of earthly intercourse. We meet to part.
Joy perishes in rapture of fruition:
Alas! my heart!
The flowers we gather wither in the grasping;
On beauty's cheek no fadeless lilies dwell;
The hand we clasp grows throbless in the clasping;
Hail! and farewell!

Hail! and farewell! The smile of welcome beameth
Brief as effulgent upon lovers' lips.
In hope exultant youth but little dreameth
Of hope's eclipse;
Nor cares to think that Time, who looks so radiant,
Is disenchanting Fancy's magic spell,
To dust dissolving all her fairy pageant:
Hail! and farewell!

Hail! and farewell! 'Tis thus each short-lived pleasure
Fades from our vision like a phantom wan;
We turn to gaze upon our new-found treasure,
And lo! 'tis gone!
Mid the delights that we most keenly covet
Still are we startled by fond Memory's knell;
Ave! et vale! Oh, my heart's beloved,
Hail! and farewell!

AMERICAN COMMERCE WITH CHINA.

[We present our readers with the following statistics, never before published, concerning our trade with China.]

The Report of Our Commerce for 1871 has been published, and contains some very interesting statistics on our Chinese trade. Beginning with the port of New-Chang (the returns from which are for the year ending Dec 31, 1870), we find that of the foreign goods imported to the amount of $3,283,277, paying $121,137 duties, almost the whole was of European and Japanese production. The Consul says "The trade in American Cottons, not only at this port but throughout China, presents this year a new and unpromising future. It is possible that the present cost of labor in the United States adds so much to the expense of manufacture, as compared with similar outlay in England and Holland, that the increase in selling price is not compensated by the acknowledged durability." The movement of shipping shows 3 American steamers and 14 sailing vessels entered and cleared from the port as against 15 British steamers and 110 sailing vessels, and 1 North German steamer and 70 sailing vessels, in the same time.

At Shanghai the imports for the year ending Dec 31, 1870, amounted to 12,002,375 taels, equal to nearly $18,000,000. The exports reached the sum of $19,401,977. The imports of cottons, linens and woolens were wholly from Great Britain and Europe, and amounted to 3,641,000 taels, or about $5,300,000. There is but one considerable item of exports in which America figures, the article of green tea, of which $7,825,551 worth were shipped to America and Great Britain, the report not distinguishing the respective quantities. In the navigation returns the American flag makes a far better showing. There entered the port 730 British ships of the tonnage of 386,382, 621 American, measuring 421,363 tons, and 70 North German ships, measuring 29,470 tons. The clearances were 721 British, of 385,919 tons, 629 American, of 430,056 tons, and 69 N. German, of 26,036 tons.

The imports at Ningpo (for the year ending Sept. 30, 1870), amounted to 960,000 taels, about $1,400,000, and the exports to 1,100,000 taels, or $1,700,000. In the imports American drills figure to the amount of $42,000, and the Consul observes that some 20,000 pieces of American goods more had been imported that year than in any previous. The shipping entered and cleared was American entered 233 ships, measuring 151,922 tons, cleared 233 ships of 155,125 tons, British entered 83 ships, of 19,876 tons, cleared 81 ships, of 16,331 tons, North German entered 56 ships, of 15,237 tons, cleared 55 ships, of 14,868 tons.

At Hankow, for the year ending Sept. 30, 1870, the imports amounted to 19,323,325 taels, and the exports to 11,780,433 taels. The movement of shipping was as follows: American vessels entered and cleared, 197 of all classes, of which 173 were steamers, of 155,210 tons. British vessels 141, of which 61 were steamers and 80 ships, measuring 53,563 tons, North German, none.

The number of foreign residents at Hankow is one hundred and twenty-five. Foreign business firms, twenty-two, viz: 16 English, 3 Russian, 1 German, and 2 American. The most important American interest on the Tang-tsze river, according to the Consul, is the Shanghai Steam Navigation Company, Russell & Co., Agents, Shanghai. They have eight steamers, of 14,413 tons, plying between Shanghai and Hankow, three steamers leaving each port, each week. The direct shipment of tea from Hankow for foreign ports, for 1870, and up to October, 1871, were 191,167 piculs, of 133 pounds each.

From Kiu-Kiang, which is really a subsidiary port to Shanghai, the report is to Sept. 30th, 1871. For that year the total imports under the American flag were 2,892,785 taels and the exports 5,640,362 taels. The amounts under the British flag were: Imports, 375,933 taels; exports, 1,416,945 taels. The ships entered and cleared were: American steamers 320, tonnage 306,301; sailing vessels 21, tonnage 1,919. British steamers 91, tonnage 84,203; sailing vessels 65, tonnage 7,253. The year had not been favorable, navigation having been seriously impeded for three months by the low state of the river, and the formation of sand-bars near Olyphant Island, ten miles below Kiu-Kiang, and again at a point eighteen miles above, near Hunter Island.

The value of the imports entered at Amoy, for the year ending Sept. 30th, 1871, was $7,123,935 77; the exports for the same period amounting to $6,376,874 97. Of the ships entered and cleared there were steamers: 9 American, tonnage 5,091; British 283, tonnage 120,300, North German 1, tonnage 550. Of sailing ships: 16 American, tonnage 3,743, 78 British, tonnage 25,779, 60 N. German, tonnage 14,768.

At Tamsin and Kelung the imports for the year ending Aug. 31, 1871, were $1,169,875, the exports $745,359. The vessels under the American flag entered were 1 steamer, 505 tons, and 3 sailing vessels 801 tons; under the British flag 19 steamers 9,035 tons, 36 sailing vessels 10,967 tons; North German 8 sailing vessels, 2,109 tons. Clearances the same.

The commercial movement of Taiwanfoo and Takao shows, for the year ending September 30th, 1871, a total of imports of the value of $2,009,971 62, and of exports $1,523,245 49. The flags represented numbered: American 1 steamer, 509 tons, 9 sailing vessels 1,534 tons; British 4 steamers 1,768 tons, 51 sailing vessels 11,298 tons; and German 31 sailing vessels 5,309 tons.

The exports to the United States from Canton for the year ending Oct. 30th, 1871, amounted to $2,401,510 09. In this total Raw Silk figures for $1,190,875 72, Matting for $364,701 66, Cassia for $220,745 60, Fire-Crackers for $203,286 36, and Tea for only $175,827 39.

Last Year the United Kingdom exported 3,533,157,576 yards of cotton piece goods. This shows how dependent England is on foreign demand for the prosperity of her factories. This item, which is now going the rounds of the press, is a fine example of reasoning under difficulties, nevertheless, it was hardly worth while to go so far away for a drop of comfort, always close at hand. Messrs. Jones and Smith, the eminent grocers, last year sold 1,000,013 lbs refined sugar. This shows how dependent they are on their customers, for what they sell, and we are told by the head of a Business College that, unless somebody wanted to buy them, there would be no sale for either sugar or cotton piece goods.

Paying for a Blunder.—In the Court of Common Pleas, recently, a case was heard, in which Messrs. Schofield & Co. (Limited) sought to recover damages from Messrs. Roberts, Lubbock & Co., for the dishonor of two acceptances by the plaintiffs' bankers. It was shown that this was the result of a blunder, and the defendants contended they did all they could to prevent mischief arising from it. The jury found a verdict for the plaintiffs—damages, £200.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 3d. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.
California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

SWISS-AMERICAN BANK,

Incorporated in Geneva (Switzerland) January 20th, 1873. Head office in Geneva.
Capital..........$2,000,000 subscribed, one quarter paid up.
President—HENRY HENTSCH, San Francisco Branch (successors to Messrs. Hentsch & Berton), 327 Clay street. Directors—Francis Berton, Rob't Watt.

This Bank is prepared to grant letters of credit on Europe, and to transact every kind of Banking, Mercantile and Exchange Business, and to negotiate American Securities in Europe. Deposits received.

Bills of Exchange on:

New York,	Hamburg,	Bern,	Fribourg,
Liverpool,	Berlin,	Neuchatel,	Lucern,
London,	Frankfort-on-the-M.	Chaux-de-fonds,	Aarau,
Paris,	Geneva,	Solothurn,	Bellinzona,
Lyons,	Zurich,	Lausanne,	Locarno,
Bordeaux,	Basel,	Baden,	Lugano,
Marseilles,	St Gall,	Chur,	Mendrisio.
Brussels,	Winterthur,	Schaffhausen,	

An ASSAY OFFICE is annexed to the Bank. Assays of Gold, Silver, Quartz, Ores and Sulphurets. Returns in coin or bars, at the option of the depositor. Advances made on Bullion and Ores. Dust and Bullion can be forwarded from any part of the country and returns made through Wells, Fargo & Co., or by checks. [March 8.

TO CLOSE COPARTNERSHIP.

We will sell Cut Glass Goblets, $3 per dozen; Cut Glass Fruit Bowls, $1 50 each; Cut Glass Decanters, $1 50 each; Cut Glass Pitchers, $1 50 each; Cut Glass Sets of—1 dozen Goblets, 1 dozen Egg Glasses, 1 dozen Sauce Plates, 1 Sugar Bowl, 1 Spoon Glass, 1 Creamer, 1 Covered Butter, 1 Fruit Bowl, 1 Celery Glass, 2 Preserve Dishes—$18. English Dinner Set for 12 persons, $20; French Dinner Set for 12 persons, $25 to $50. Superior Plated Casters, $4 to $12; Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Table Spoons, $5 50 per dozen; Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Table Forks, $5 25 per dozen; Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Tea Spoons, $2 75 per dozen; Superior Ivory hd. (Russell's) Table Knives, $4 per dozen; Superior Ivory hd. (Russell's) Dessert Knives, $5 per dozen; Superior Ivory hd. (Russell's) Carvers, $2 50 per pair. And all goods in our Immense Stock in like proportion.
March 29. HAVILAND, HOOPER & CO., 315 Pine street, S. F.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort, Cashier, N. K. Masten. Directors—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. New York Agents—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier.
AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston Tremont National Bank, in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on-the-Main. March 23.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates, also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.
Oct 25. A. McKINLAY, {Agents.} A. B. FINNIE.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A M to 3 P M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
George Lette, Secretary. [Feb 1] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Babcock. Secretary, T. F. Bacon. Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT,
Geo. Bourne, Secretary. [April 16.] President.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec 24.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; H. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

HUMBUG RAMPANT.

"**Call a Man a Fool,**" says Sydney Smith, "and you make an enemy; call him a sly rogue, and you make him your friend." It is this sentiment in an extremely aggravated form that is stirring up our bile at this present. San Francisco is making and indeed has made, for herself a reputation of no mean character amongst the angel cities of the earth, and to this reputation we have no very decided objection, but she is as well becoming notorious as the breeding place and nursery of humbug and of humbugs of the most arrant, rank and shameless character. Against this reputation we enter our most earnest and bitter opposition. How any sensible man can stomach the existence of these most pestiferous shams, the spiritualists, who grow rank amongst us, is more than we can understand. Nearly every block is the home of one or more of these nineteenth century ghouls, the daily papers, who, to their shame be it spoken, whip publicly with the one hand and pat on the back with the other, contain the most outspoken advertisements of the pirates of this most pernicious craft, spiritual mediums are everywhere; they have established their hours of business, their offices, and, you may depend on it, their rate of pay, and these they publish with the significant word "up" attached. One innocent creature styles herself an M. D., a medical and business clairvoyant, and independent trance medium, what ever that may mean; another, this time a Professor, gives advice in matters of love, business, traveling, sickness, losses, speculation, etc. This is disgraceful enough, but worse remains, for one oracle eclipses all the others in brazen belief in San Francisco's utter idiocy, by boldly stating that she tells of the past and future, explains mysteries, penetrates secrets, and imparts information in regard to marriage, etc. Pah! And to cap our degradation, the "only living astrologist" throws it in our foolish faces that *forty-two thousand* jackasses have been his willing victims. All these, and scores more, have spiritual circles. They are all spiritualists. They are all of the same bad kidney. And this is in the sharp, smart, go-ahead, intelligent, civilized Queen City of the West! A belief of such superstition that would disgrace a Fijian. So secure are these chuckling frauds of their ground, that on Monday night they had actually the sublime cheek to flaunt under our very highly civilized noses the twenty fifth anniversary of the establishment of their new Church of Modern Spiritualism! Dashaway Hall was full of Mesmerists and Meadam s the Supreme Idols of the Idiotic Public both afternoon and evening. The evening exercises, at which we were present, opened with a spirit rapping song sung by a party of spiritualists in a generally weak and dismal manner. Then came a speech from an amazingly fat old medium, who was fit high priestess of this Temple of Humbug, her adipose old self covered with rich black silk, having the unmistakable look of successful battening on the carcasses of intellectually dead men and women. This old lady tormented herself and her audience in her endeavors to find out "What air a yuman soul?" She nay'd it, and yea'd it, and methought it in the orthodox manner, and said it with a lachrymose twist to her oily voice and a cunning twinkle in her bleery eye as an offset. More songs and more speeches, of which these two are samples, and then dancing until midnight. Around the walls was everywhere draped the stars and stripes, and it is under the ægis of the flag of Liberty that modern spiritualism flourishes. But do none of those who sit high amongst us see that these fat filchers of the people's money, these smirking deceivers of the *forty-two thousand* fools, these preachers, practisers, priests and priestesses of most transparent humbug, these filth-bedaubed vultures have prostituted fair Liberty to License, and that we, by not uprooting the evil crew neck and crop, and sending them to the right about root and branch, aid greatly in upholding our State, and above all our city, as the laughing stock of the world!

FAR CATHAY.

It is Worth While, now that there is so much noise made about the danger of admitting the Chinese to our shores, to take a look at them in their own country, where they feel themselves strong, and hear the report of the European stranger among them. Mr. Medhurst, British Consul at Shanghae, has just published a little volume of 200 pages, embodying his views of the Chinese character and the condition of the Empire; views entitled to the greater respect that he is an old resident of China, the son of a famous Chinese scholar, and himself well acquainted with the life and the language of the people. The generally "prominent idea with regard to a Chinaman," he says, "is that he is a quaint but stolid besotted creature, who smokes opium perpetually, and drowns his daughters as fast as they appear, whose every day food consists of puppies, kittens, rats, and such like garbage; whose notions of honor, honesty and courage are of the lowest, and to whom cruelty is a pastime. This opinion may not quite tally with the impression as to civilization and social advancement, . . . but no trouble is taken to explain the contradiction, and the more ridiculous and familiar fancy is that read in." Any one would suppose Mr. Medhurst had written these words after talking with some of our enlightened San Francisco Caucasians. He gives us, further on in his book, a chapter on the Chinese character, and according to his study of it, it is distinguished by qualities not dissimilar to the Western, or let us say, American character. It appears that the Chinese walk erect on two legs, not for nothing. They have something of a sense of honor. Mr. Medhurst says: "Even in inter-course with foreigners cases constantly happen where the Chinaman's honor is the sole guarantee to the merchant for the fulfilment of the agreement." The singular untrustworthiness of this people, however, is shown in the fact that here, in California, many Chinese traders, resident among us for years, show the same scrupulous regard for their honor, the more liberal and elastic tone of our commercial morals having failed to affect them.

Probably the most significant and frightful page in Mr. Medhurst's book is the following: "They (the Chinese) are good agriculturists, mechanics, laborers and sailors, and they possess all the intelligence, delicacy of touch and unwearying patience which are necessary to render them first rate machinists and manufacturers. They are, moreover, docile, sober, thrifty, industrious, self-denying, enduring and peace-loving to a degree. They are equal to any climate, be it hot or frigid, and all that is needed is teaching and guiding combined with capital and enterprise, to convert them into the most efficient workmen to be found on the face of the earth." Alas! and alas! Is there any sorrow like unto our sorrow? It is against men like these that we have to defend the ark of our Christian civilization. And who are they that fight for us? Father Buchard (Irishman or gringman, which is the *Chronicle*, the *Evening Post*, and General Wind. Wind press and the rooted antipathy to work against activity and thrift. We should despair, if we did not remember that, in the inscrutable providence of God who doth all things well, the useless, the ornamental, the peripatetic horn-blowers have always ruled the roast, while the most efficient workmen in the world have been made

Learn how divine a thing it is
To suffer and be strong

We are doubly thankful to Consul Medhurst. He has taught us that we were right in looking on the Chinese as men somewhat like ourselves, and at the same time he has satisfied us that we need have no fears of their becoming Caucasians. Their perfectly gratuitous and low-lived sense of work is the impassable barrier between them and us. Our heart is dilated and our anxiety ceases. They would have no use for Wind in China, for even scarecrows are made to work in that country.

America at the Vienna Exposition.—From the advance sheets of Mr. Blackburne's official catalogue of the American section of the World's Fair at Vienna, we are enabled to present to our readers a synopsis of the number of exhibitors. The whole number of exhibitors to the American section is so far 615, which will be somewhat increased before the exhibition is closed. This added on will rise from American manufacturers and artists resident in Europe, who will forward their works from there. Divided by States, the following results may be of interest: Alabama has 3 exhibitors; California, 2; Colorado, 4; Connecticut, 23; District of Columbia, 8; Florida, 1; Illinois, 19; Indiana, 3; Kentucky, 4; Kansas, 1; Louisiana 61; Maine, 1; Massachusetts, 51; Michigan, 8; Missouri, 23; Mississippi, 2; Minnesota, 1; Maryland, 14; New York, 225; New Jersey, 16; Nevada, 1; Ohio, 36; Pennsylvania, 41; Rhode Island, 14; Texas, 1; Tennessee, 1; Vermont, 11; Virginia, 2; West Virginia, 1; Wisconsin, 1. To this is to be added 5 from England.

A Kentucky Man recently committed suicide because he was so wicked.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—Although *Coriolanus* was set on the boards in a most creditable manner, yet its success has not been so great as might have been expected. The scenery was unusually effective, the costumes graceful, but the play itself, with its constrained dialogue and antique emotions, strikes little sympathy in a modern audience. The leading role was borne by Mr. McCullough in his accustomed manner. With the many unquestionable excellencies that have made this gentleman a prime favorite among us, there are mingled grave faults. In action he is all that could be desired, his face-play is wonderful, but his declamation is too much of the Old Bowery stamp to allow him to rank among our best and most cultured actors. His voice, harsh and stridulous, runs ever in the same grating monotone. That Mr. McCullough rants, few can deny; although, happily, this failing was not painfully apparent in the present play as in *Richard III*, in which it became a matter of marvel how his vocal cords could sustain the continued strain without cracking. As "Menenius" Mr. Edwards evinced that fire and capacity which, so far, points so great that he narrowly missed being a great actor. Mr. Williamson, finding himself out of his element, that of course, vulgar farce, amused himself by cheating the part of "First Citizen" into a rigmarole of buffoonery and other gratifying specimens of this actor's Shakespearean emendations. Miss Minnie Walton, the special favorite of the California boards, had a part assigned her that seemed eminently suited to her dramatic genius, namely, to stand in the balcony and attract attention. She succeeded admirably. Much praise is due the management for the correct and lavish getting up of this drama, but if this Shakespearean renaissance should be continued, those plays should be chosen for representation that were written for the stage and not for the closet, to which latter class *Coriolanus* undoubtedly belongs. The next new novelty is a comedy written by a San Francisco lady, Mrs. Julia L. Dunn, entitled *The Governess*. Good and competent judges, who have seen the play, pronounce it excellent, and we anxiously look for its appearance on Monday. Our local plays have not hitherto been a success. Such wretched attempts at comedy and worse at burlesques have been put before the public so often, as written here, that people have grown very shy about home talent and the ravings of stage-struck brokers' clerks. We hope that the present production will prove that we have some dramatic talent among us.

Metropolitan.—A full house witnessed the first performance of *Aladdin No. 2* on Tuesday evening at the Metropolitan. This burlesque though somewhat antiquated, is not the same as the *Aladdin* performed at the California some time ago. It bids fair to be a decided success. No burlesque stars that have been here for a long time have taken as well with the public as the Chapman Sisters. There is an amount of ease and *naïveté* about their acting that is irresistible. Miss Blanche has also a very fine soprano voice, as her rendering of "Sweet Spirit, Hear My Prayer" will convince any one who hears her. Miss Ella, who takes the part of "Pekoe" in *Aladdin No. 2*, looks like a little fairy in her green and yellow dress. Miss Blanche plays "Aladdin" with much vivacity, and her songs are encored every time. W. Simms as "Widow Twankay" is inimitable. We have never seen any one take a woman's part in burlesque better than he does. In our opinion he is quite as good, if not better, than Raymond. Miss Pell makes a very pretty little Chinaman, and Miss Young a charming Princess. The dancing of Mlle. Gaugain and Bolslay is first rate, and calls forth much applause. The whole play is well put on the stage, and the dresses are magnificent. On Monday E. D. Davies appears. He is supposed to be the best ventriloquist of the day, and is one of the most amusing men we ever saw. *Pluto* is in active preparation for an early date.

Alhambra.—The inimitable Emerson and troupe, with Little Mac, continue to give their amusing entertainments to fair houses. Vivian, the serio-comic singer, has been expected all the week, but some unforeseen circumstance has prevented his connecting. Sam Rickey will also soon be here. He is an immense favorite, and his return will no doubt be appreciated. The "Grand Pas de Deux," by Mlle. Therese and Mons. Schmidt, is well executed and loudly applauded.

Platt's Hall.—Professor O. S. Fowler, whose lectures have created so much interest in this city, and whose knowledge of human nature and its proclivities has seldom been equaled, is about to leave us. His consultations at the Grand Hotel on phrenological developments, etc., have been largely attended, and many people have, through his agency, discovered traits in their own and their children's characters they never knew of before. We sincerely regret that he is about to leave us, as we are certain that his lectures are calculated to do a great deal of good where good is most needed. On Sunday, at 3 o'clock, he will give a lecture on a subject that ought to be of grave interest to us all, namely: "The soul and its relation to life." We advise all to attend who care to hear a good sound lecturer.

A SHEEP PICTURE.

Sunrise in Knight's Valley, Napa County, painted by Thomas Hill, is on exhibition at Snow & Roos' store. Any competent art critic in Europe or America would pronounce this painting the work of a great artist. The whole of this picture is masterly—the composition, color, drawing, sentiment, everything upon the canvas. The sheep are no washed and combed specimens for cattle-fair-prize competition. They are natural grazers, their fleece wet by night dews and begrimed by the hot, floating dust of noon. The flock is just startled by the shepherd boy, whose staff is tucked beneath his arm, that he may bury his numbed fingers in the shelter of his pockets. He looks pinched and stiff with the cold of early morning, reluctant to leave the red, smouldering embers in the old oak stump of last night's camp fire. The slow-coming sun gilds the horizon's rim and flecks with gold the trunks and limbs and leafy crests of trees, and glitters in the cold, wet weeds and grass. The trees are shapeful, submarose and natural, and the perspective faultless. The sheep act just like sheep in the cold, early morning—timid, slow and silent, gliding away among the dark, damp trees with a kind of centrality unknown to broader daylight, half-wakened and reluctant, like their shivering guardian. The misty dimness hanging over everything, coy, chill and shrinking, waiting the warm sun's amorous kiss; the action of the shepherd and the creatures in his charge, that cautious hesitation at early dawn when the whole frame is calm and the brain cooled by recent sleep, are all delineated with the power of one whose poetic observation is expressed most eloquently by the medium of his pencil. Eight years ago we said that Mr. Hill would stand among the foremost of American painters. To-day the Atlantic journals, authority in art matters, republish the *News Letter's* notices of Hill's pictures.

On the 20th inst. the Metropolitan Theater will close forever, and in a few days after only some rubbish and piles of bricks will mark its whereabouts. Put it has a companion in misfortune, for Maguire's Opera House suffers a similar fate at a similar date. It seems a pity that these old places of amusement should be taken away from us, but we suppose the end justifies the means. The end is the construction of the Maguire in that avenue, which will tower over the sites of these theaters. But then on the other hand, new places are arising. Congress Hall has been converted into a neat little theater, the site of the Alhambra, and the new theater is at last about to be commenced on Mission street, near Third. Congress Hall will be opened June 1st, and the Mission street building some time in September.

The Committee of Arrangements for the picnic at Fassking's Gardens, on St. George's Day, April 23d, as also Shakespeare's Anniversary, have got a fine programme for the occasion, consisting of racing, jumping and other sports; singing by the San Francisco Glee Club suitable to the day, and Wetterman's Band for the dance platform, which is covered for the season. Prizes for even the babies.

We Have Received of M. Gray a very pretty ballad entitled "Oft in the Twilight I'm Dreaming." The words are by George Cooper, and the music by J. R. Thomas increases his reputation as a composer of particularly sweet, if not of particularly high-class melodies.

On Dit, that "Menen us Agrippa," otherwise Harry Edwards, has been offered the stage management of Booth's Theater, New York, and that he has declined the offer, on the ground that the neighborhood lacks in subjects for ornithological investigation.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD

WM. BURLING, . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Budd, W. C....440 California st.
Burling, W. ..428 California st.
Ford, J. C. 420 Mont'y, up stairs.
Fitch, J. R. . 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L.....413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H...431 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. R.....408 Mont'y st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with L. Gla-zer & Co. ....426 Mont'y st.
Noble, H. H. 415 Hayw'd B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P. ..413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. 401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W...... 411 Cal'a st.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal. fresh, ℔	40@	45
Do Pickled	@	
Do Packed	@	
Cheese, Cal	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz	40@	45
Lard, ℔	15@	18
Ham & Bacon ℔	15@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	2@	
Do sweet	2@	3
Lima Beans, ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes ℔	6@	8
Onions, ℔	4@	5
Squashes, ℔	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔	2@	3
Cabbage, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	15@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	25@	50
Celery, ℔ doz b.	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b.	25@	
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	25@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔	6@	20
String Beans, ℔	4@	
Apples, ℔	6@	8
Pears ℔	5@	12
Quinces ℔	@	
Peaches, ℔	@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔	12@	25
Do new, ℔	@	
Oranges, ℔ doz	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ doz	75@1	00
Limes ℔ doz	3@	50
Quail, ℔ doz	2 50@3	00
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	@	25
Geese, ℔ pair	3 00@4	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 50@3	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	40@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@	
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	8@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔	12@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish ℔	15@	
Smelts, ℔	12@	
Tomcod ℔	15@	
Sturgeon, ℔	5@	
Sea Bass, ℔	@	
Flounders, ℔	25@	
Halibut, ℔	20@	
Perch, ℔	12@	
Shrimps, ℔	6@	
Anchovies, ℔	8@	
Soles, ℔	3@	
Herrings, ℔	@	

BOILED DOWN JUICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PRESS.

Chronicle.—"The King of the Sandwich Islands is coming. Queen Shaddy open your arms and embrace him."——"Hard times in San Francisco! The only solution of the matter we can give is, that we are frightened; have lost our grip, our business men have all turned money lenders; our capitalists are all hoarding in stocks. If San Francisco had a big fire or a tidal wave or an earthquake, something to send us to work a together, it would stir up more life and energy and give us a new departure."——"It is our national extravagance that keeps the American nose to the financial grindstone."——"The Chinese, when employed upon piece work, slight their work, do it imperfectly and at all times will, if possible, cheat and defraud their employers in modes unknown to white laborers."——"San Leandro weeps, because the lawyers will no longer gather about its classic shades; she ought to rejoice at being rid of such questionable company."

Alta.—"Looking at the progress of liberalism in Germany, it is quite evident that the general drift of our time tends towards the abandonment of despotic practices, the exclusion of ecclesiastics from political affairs and the reliance of Government for constant support upon the opinion of the great mass of the people."——"Our criminal laws are but pegs to hang quibbles upon."——"Why not allow the Hawaiians the little aid, help, encouragement of reciprocity?"——"Our present Code, so-called, is a lamentable failure. A complete revision or a new Code will have to be provided for, because the present is one hundred per cent. worse than our previous jumble of Acts."——"Nature has given to Mexico one of the finest locations of the earth, but she will remain at a stand-still as long as she is cursed with a continuation of the miserable suicidal policy or absolute want of any policy at all."

Call.—"Mr. Wilkinson is a competent teacher of the deaf and dumb, but no so all is a manager of the blind. Let the Directors of the Asylum employ a different instructor for the blind."——"The truth is, Los Angeles and San Diego must both become important towns, and we do not see why there should be any clashing of interests; there will be railways to both, and both will become important shipping points, inasmuch as the surrounding country is capable of sustaining them."——"Unquestionably California suffers greatly from the present delays by steamers, as well as by railroad."——"The Hindoos are looking forward for another revolt, such as took place in '57. English power is only maintained by the jealousies and hostility existing between the different religious sects."

Bulletin.—"There is not evidence enough yet to clearly fix the blame, if any, for the awful calamity of the wreck of the *Atlantic*, except that one wonders why so little coal was carried."——"Tourists will take nearly $70,000,000 of gold to Europe during the present year."——"The case of the recent Federal appointments in this State is neither better nor worse than like cases where the dead level of reciprocal patronage is the basis of appointment."——"The proportion of downright liars which make their appearance in Courts of Justice is very large. But who is convicted and who punished? It is this immunity from prosecution which emboldens rascals to lie out in open Court."

Sacramento Union.—"The C. P. R. R. Co. has possession of the working machinery of the Republican party in San Francisco. It has managed to fill the Legislature with its creatures from that county and others, and the taxpayers and property owners everywhere have been the sufferers."——"The tightness in the money market is not owing to the Secretary of the Treasury's new issue of greenbacks, but to the great extravagance of the country, the amount of imports at the port of New York for the week ending March 31st, being over ten millions in value."——"Communism in the large cities and priestcraft in the stolid provinces are vexing Spain and threatening the overthrow of her Republic."——"In the civilized world there is a growing feeling that society finds less protection in capital punishment than it would in the more certain one of imprisonment; and that gallows scenes and the publication of their minutest incidents are brutalizing and demoralizing, and ought to be reformed."

Sacramento Record.—"Governor Booth's tendencies, utterances, daily acts are one and all hostile to the Republican party; he works for and votes for Democrats and Bolters."——"The facility with which over-insurance can be effected lies at the bottom of all the murderous system of money making practiced by dishonest ship-owners. Dishonest underwriters make dishonest owners, and the latter make widows and orphans."——"There is no real terror for evil doers in the threat of life imprisonment nowadays, for no man thus sentenced ever believes that the sentence will be carried out, and in fact it seldom or never is."

Sacramento Bee.—"Gov. Dix has backbone."

Oakland Transcript.—"Possessing more natural advantages than any other port in the world, San Francisco has not as much commercial enterprise as some of the lake and interior cities of the Atlantic seaboard. With the commerce of the largest ocean patronizing her harbor, she has not a ship yard, and scarcely a ship."

San Diego World.—"Having lost your harbor, gentlemen of San Francisco, please don't take the bread out of the mouth of a poor old sailor (Captain Diggs), and send him to his grave in disgrace because you took no means to find out that your harbor had filled up from your own negligence and greed for water-front lots and franchises."

The Money Pressure in the Eastern States has become very severe. Money is quoted in New York at ⅛@¼ per cent. per day, and the telegraph informs us that the Treasury Department is beset with applications for relief. In the West and South there seems to be no money to be had. It is admitted to New York and the Eastern States, and the utmost distress prevails. At such a juncture how fortunate is California that she has maintained a sound currency and had nothing in common with that paper bank system which is bankrupting the people. Our gold currency has, to a certain extent, been sent off, but that is more the fault of over-purchases of goods than speculative operations. It is undoubtedly the case that many houses hoard all the gold they can obtain and ship it through the Express or Post Office to employ it in Wall street at high rates of interest, thus draining the market of money. The trouble is far less severe than it would have been had the currency here been paper. As the matter stands, gold has gone through the Post Office and by Express at an expense of $1 to the paper $1,000. But had the National Bank Notes been in use here, those notes being, and further the law receivable at par by all our National Banks, they would, when paper money is as dear in New York as is now the case, go through the Post Office in clouds at a nominal expense. The moment a bank put one out it would fly to New York like a bee to its hive. Every merchant here would have been bankrupted. As it is, although exposed to an occasional scarcity of money, California prospers with rapid strides. The population increased fifty per cent in the ten years to 1870, or from 379,994 to 560,223 souls, while gold ranged from forty to one hundred premium at the East. The produce exports increased from $6,212,230 to $22,754,000—that is, from $18 per head to $41 per head. In the same time the working men put $17,000,000 in the savings banks. The population of Nevada, drawn mostly from California in the prosecution of mining with San Francisco capital, increased in the same time from 6,857 to 41,000 persons, and the product of the metals has swollen greatly on California account, and the whole country has prospered. The total surplus of wheat to export in 1862 was 1,000,000 sacks. In 1872 it was 12,000,000. At the former date there was 3,721,000 lbs of wool to export; in 1872, 25,000,000 lbs. These facts show the unparalleled spread of agriculture during the period when gold was the currency here and depreciated paper money at the East. This great prosperity has been simultaneous with the high price of gold at the East during ten years.—*Alta.*

A Curious Little Incident is recorded of the Ladies' Gallery of the House of Commons. He took a leaf from a pocket book, folded it up, and from the Ladies Gallery and alighted upon a reporter's note book. Upon it was inscribed the following inquiry: "How are the bloomers, my pet?" Mr. [illegible] was speaking at the time. Perhaps a friend of his in the gallery thought him tedious.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any; and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

Dear News Letter:—How do you pronounce Co-ri-o-la-nus? I have read everything published in the newspapers on this interesting question, hoping in the multitude of counsel to find wisdom; but one paper contradicted the other, and I am more in the dark than ever. Between ourselves, I don't mind telling you that I am satisfied none of the papers know how to sound the name; if, indeed, there ever was such a name, which I very much doubt. But here is where the pinch comes in. My young lady friends have a habit of appealing to me in matters of taste, and art, and literature,—you know what expectations I have, and I need not tell you what a capital partner I make in a dance,—and I am bound to get into trouble, for I have solemnly sworn to find different pronunciations of this infernal name. Those old Romans must have been slow-goers to walk about with such names tacked to them. Do you suppose they ever called each other a that rubbish? I haven't much education, but I don't believe any people ever had a fashion of taking names here and there from cities and countries and bracelets and wild-boars. Why they must have been christened when they were babies. How would it sound for Grant to call himself Richmondanus? He would pass for a fool, and God knows there's no need of his working for that. But that's neither here nor there. The real thing is how to pronounce Co-ri-o-la-nus. If I were not afraid, I should call Shakespeare an old humbug for writing such long winded nonsense as those old plays. Anyhow, I trust in you. If you can't give me the right pronunciation, I shall practice an invention I have made. I have had some cards printed with this old buffer's name on them, and when I'm asked anything about him, I shall haul out the card, and hold it up, just when the name comes in. But don't tell anybody about this. Yours, J. T.

Mr. Editor News Letter:—I again address you in reference to Hospital management. At the St. Mary's Hospital in this city there is an insane Irish woman whose husband died leaving to her considerable property, and it has been transferred to friends of the Roman Catholic Church, the priests saying that she did so when she was in her proper senses, that occasionally occurs for a few minutes, she being illiterate, and can only make a mark with the pen. Your obedient servant. HUMANITY.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending April 4th, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS.	FRI'Y.
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	21	27	26
Alps	—	—	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—
American Flag	—	6½	6¾
Arizona & Utah	1½	2	—
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	2½	—
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	—	¾	—
Belcher	70	71	71
Belmont	4½	4½	4¾
Bellevue	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	3	4	3¾
Buckeye	1	1	1
Bullion	—	—	—
Caledonia	12½	13	—
Cederberg	—	—	—
Central	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	—	—	—
Chief East Extension	½	½	—
Chollar	41½	43	—
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	7½	9	8¼
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	½	4	3
Consolidated Virginia	30	41	41
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—
Crown Point	87½	91	93
Central No. 2	—	—	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	—	—	—
Eclipse	5½	5¾	5
El Dorado	—	—	—
Empire Mill	5¼	5¾	5¾
Empire, Idaho	¾	—	¾
Eureka Consolidated	9¾	10½	11
Eureka, G. V.	21	—	23
Exchequer	7½	—	7¾
Globe	¾	¾	—
Golden Chariot	1¾	—	1¾
Gould & Curry	8¾	8½	8
Gila	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	36	30	34
Hermes	9¾	9	3
Hahn & Hunt	—	3½	3¾
Home Ticket	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	—	—	1½
Imperial	6¼	7	6¾
Independent	—	—	—
Ingomar	—	—	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	*¾	—
Jackson	—	—	¾
Julia	1¾	—	—

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS.	FRI'Y.
Justice	4½	5	4
Kentuck	7¼	9¼	9
Kentucky	—	—	—
Knickerbocker	—	1½	1
Lillian Hall	—	—	—
Louise	—	—	—
Mahogany	2½	2½	—
Mammoth	—	—	40
Meadow Valley	10½	10½	11
Minnesota	—	—	2½
McMahon	—	—	—
Newark	1¾	1	1¾
New York Consolidated	—	—	—
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	23	23½	21
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	4	5	4½
Overman	34	42½	37
Page & Panaca	1¼	1½	—
Pea Vine	—	—	—
Phœnix	—	—	—
Picton	—	—	—
Pioche	6½	—	6
Pioche West	—	—	—
P Phœnix	1½	—	1½
Raymond & Ely	30	62	60
Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Ruby Hill	—	—	—
Red Jacket	—	—	—
Savage	45	41½	40
Seg. Belcher	—	—	22
Sierra Nevada	9½	9½	9
Silver Peak	—	¼	¾
Silver Hill	8	8½	—
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Standard	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	—	—	—
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	—	—
South Overman	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Trench	3	3	—
Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Utah	—	—	—
War Eagle	—	—	—
Washington & Creole	—	—	—
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	1¾	2	1¾
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	66½	60	58
Yule Gravel	—	—	—
Yellow Stone	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30

Gilroy Tobacco.—The Gilroy Tobacco Manufacturing Company, working by Culp's patent process, have entered upon the business they have in hand with a will. They will plant the present season 450 acres in tobacco, with the intention of manufacturing a million pounds of the weed this year. From samples of this tobacco before us, we should judge the company need not trouble themselves much about finding a ready market. By Culp's process this tobacco is so calculated to deceive the best judges of Havana tobacco. In this enterprise the company have struck the high road to fortune, and at the same time are opening up the way to an industry that will give employment to thousands of hands and prove of immense value to the State. The lands near San Jose, known as the Widows, are admirably adapted to tobacco culture. Here are thousands of acres of land almost the exact counterpart of the land whereon Mr. Culp grows his finest tobacco. The whole secret is in the curing, whereby the noxious volatile oils, of which California grown tobacco naturally contains an excess, are expelled, leaving the manufactured articles very like that produced on the Island of Cuba. This is accomplished by the new process of manufacture.—*San Jose Mercury.*

A "Midsummer Night's Dream" is spoken of as the next Shakespearian feature at the California.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Armstrong—In this city, March 30th, to the wife of J. S. Armstrong, a daughter.
Chely—In this city, April 1st, to the wife of Lomet Chely, a daughter.
Jones—In this city, April 1st, to the wife of C. L. Jones, a daughter.
Kotz—In this city, March 31st, to the wife of G. M. Kotz, a daughter.
Kibeen—In this city, March 28th, to the wife of John Kibeen, a son.
McAfee—In this city, March 27th, to the wife of J. McAfee, a daughter.
Swan—In this city, April 1st, to the wife of J. S. Swan, a daughter.
Toepke—In this city, April 2d, to the wife of Wm. Toepke, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Beck-Spelike—In this city, March 29th, Andrew P. Beck to Eliza Spelike.
Bernard-Sawyer—In this city, March 18th, C. A. Bernard to Clara O. Sawyer.
Folger-Wood—In this city, April 3d, Allyn S. Folger to Emma E. Wood.
Herzer-Ulrich—In this city, March 30th, Hugo Herzer to Elizabeth Ulrich.
Harrington-Sullivan—In Sacramento, March 2d, A. Harrington to D. Sullivan.
Osborn-Davis—In this city, April 2d, Frank P. Osborn to Mary A. Davis.
Reed-Seivers—In Sacramento, March 31st, Joseph A. Reed to Mary A. Seivers.
Valentine-Saul—In this city, March 29th, W. P. Valentine to Elizabeth Saul.

TOMB.

Chavanche—In this city, March 31st, Jules Chavanche, aged 43 years.
Bodfish—In this city, April 2d, Sarah C. Bodfish, aged 43 years.
Ebbinghausen—In this city, April 1st, Annie Ebbinghausen, aged 30 years.
Fuesler—In this city, April 3d, John Fuesler, aged 42 years.
Friedman—In this city, March 31st, Charles Friedman, aged 50 years.
Hook—In this city, March 27th, Ann Hook, aged 37 years.
Moore—In this city, March 27th, Samuel Moore, aged 47 years.
Potts—In this city, March 25th, Isaiah Potts, aged 43 years.
Robinson—In this city, March 25th, Anna Robinson, aged 54 years.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

"WHAT IS THE PLACARD EXCHANGE?"

'Tis a Place where a man, if he likes to, can find
Anything he requires, both for body and mind;
If you're going a trip by the overland route,
You can there find the roads and the time that best suit;
If you want a new house, or a nice piece of land,
Or to draw up a bill to be paid on demand,
If you want a new hat, if you want some old wine,
If you want to inspect sample ore from a mine,
If you want some new linen, a necktie, or socks,
If you want a safe broker to buy you some stocks,
If you want some good ribbons, or rare kinds of lace,
If you want a good lawyer to fight out your case,
If you're anxious to buy a good watch or a chain,
If you've wants for the body or wants for the brain,
If you want a good photograph, taken like life,
Or begad, I believe, if you wanted a wife,
If you want a good doctor to cure all your ills,
If you want a good druggist to make up your pills,
If you want to know what are the new city laws,
You will find them all there, with each chapter and clause;
If you want some new matting to put on your floor,
If you want to know aught that concerneth this shore,
You can know it right there, at the Placard Exchange.
You can find what you want, and your business arrange,
Not only advertisements there you will see,
But things of great interest, from land and from sea;
Canary birds sing in their cages around,
And a fountain's soft ripple adds beauty to sound.
In fact, in a word, all these matters to tell,
It's the whole of the State in a simple nutshell;
For the man in whose brain this idea had its birth,
Has wandered all over the face of the earth,
And now to the world he says, "Come in and see,"
For you've nothing to pay, the admittance is free.

In a Snug Little House on one of our most fashionable streets lives a young couple who have only lately started housekeeping. For the first three months all went on happy. After that time constant quarreling became the order of the day. Their quarrels at last became so violent that they mutually agreed to live separately. Before the final separation took place they decided to divide the furniture, etc., and appointed a day and a third person to see that the division was a fair one. The day came and the division proceeded without a hitch till they came to the stove. The wife, with tears in her eyes, said: "O, Henry, had we instead of this wretched thing bought one of De la Montanya's Union Ranges we might have been happy." Henry immediately went out and ordered one, kissed his wife, and now they are as happy as two doves.

"The Human Form Divine" has been a study to artists, since the day that Abel drew Cain's caricature with a burnt stick, to the present day. Michael Angelo, Correggio, Lily, and countless others, have got as near nature as the painter's skill can ever get. Still, there is even in their matchless productions something wanting. Art has stepped in, and in helping nature has made it subservient to art. Could the shades of these departed ones return to earth, we can fancy with what awe and wonder they would gaze at Bradley & Rulofson's matchless photographs, and with what crest-fallen countenances they would exclaim, "We were but novices, let us hide our diminished heads."

Twenty Dollars' Reward I had offered in vain;
I'd offered it over and over again
For a likeness I'd lost that I could not replace;
'Twas that of a loved and beautiful face.
I lost it last month when away in the East,
And never could get one that's like it the least.
Last week I was wondering, puzzled in mind
If a likeness so lovely I ever could find.
To I. W. Taber's I happened to stray,
And, looking all over his wonderous display,
I found one as lovely and taken as well,
I bought it my trouble and care to dispel.

Consumption, That Dread Monster whose hand spares none, but often plucks our fairest flowers ere they have bloomed, has at last received a check. It has been found out that a certain preventive, if not a cure, is found in the best kind of oysters. The oysters must be fat and fresh, or more harm may be done than good. Several friends of ours have thus staved off the attack of the dread complaint. They all unite in saying that to insure really fat, fresh oysters, one must go to Emerson Corville's. There both Eastern and native can be obtained at moderate prices and served up in any style that may suit. We have tried them and can vouch for their being O. K.

While Driving Last Week, to my utter surprise,
I came on a building quite new to my eyes.
Said I, "What is that?" "It's the last new school,
For no child born here can grow up a fool.
It's to be neatly finished, as you may be sure,
The furniture's coming from Gilbert & Moore,
Whose furniture ever has held the first place,
For comfort, economy, lightness and grace."

Yes, Let's Have a Drive! "Where shall we drive to?" "Why, on the San Bruno Road, of course, and we'll pull up at Harry Blanken's for some lunch and a smile. I've been there before, you bet."

At Dashaway Hall, the other day, I took a peep at the reformed drunks and entered into conversation with some of them on the subject of total abstinence. They seemed all to agree that bad spirits were the cause of much of the crime that is such a blot on our nation, and that if really good liquors were more generally used, drinking would do good, not harm. They all said that there was only one kind of whisky that ever could tempt them to drink again, and that was the real old Cutter, as sold by Hotaling. If they could always be sure of getting that there was no need of any pledge taking.

"**Come Hither, Come Hither**, by night and by day,
We linger in pleasures that never are gone;
Like the waves of the summer, as one dies away,
Another as sweet and as shining comes on,
And the love that is o'er in expiring, gives birth
To a new one as warm, as unequaled in bliss;
And, O, if there be an Elysium on earth,
It is this, it is this."

To spend a week with Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg, at their beautiful hotel and gardens, on the San Bruno Road.

Since the Earliest Times the grape has been pressed into the service of man. As a fruit, it has no superior and few equals. Its juice has done much good for man as well as much harm. We drink it in brandy, in champagne and in all our best wines. As a medicine, it is invaluable, and as a beverage, taken in moderate quantities, it is not only enjoyable and cheering, but to some constitutions absolutely necessary. Never was the life blood of the grape turned to such good account as in the making of our native wines by Eberhardt & Lachman. The wines made and sold by them are nutricious, uncommonly good to take, and generally beneficial.

Come, Come, My Love, day's toils are over,
Let's wander on the moonlit shore,
And watch the breakers rolling in,
Like restless souls of men that sin.
And while the calm, pale moonlight gleams,
And hallows love with its chaste beams,
While loving arms around me twine,
We'll pledge our love in Gerke Wine.

Coriolanus, and its pronunciation, has occupied our pedants for the last week, and several fledglings have aired their virgin quills in defence of the pronunciation taught them at school. Of course each thinks he is right, and that the other is an arrant ignoramus and ass. Let them fight it out among themselves, and then give the world the benefit of the conflict. Let them refer to the spiritualists, and get the shade of the Immortal Bill to enlighten them. However much they may dispute about Coriolanus, every one agrees that no one makes better harness, rugs, etc., than Main & Winchester.

I'm Going to be married on Sunday,
I've rented a nice little place,
And I've furnished it up to the knocker,
And filled every available space.
I never yet felt half so happy,
So easy in body and soul,
As when all the furniture came in
From the store of my friend, N. P. Cole.

No. 604 Merchant Street, San Francisco, March 1st, 1873.—Sir: I desire to inform you that I have opened an office at the above address for the sale and purchase of city and country property, the examination of titles, the settlement of estates of decedents, the investment of money and the negotiation of loans. As I propose to give to these specialties my exclusive personal attention, I can ask, with the greater confidence, the favor of your patronage. I am, respectfully, your obedient servant, Robt. C. Rogers.

Muller, thy glasses to a feeble sight
Give seeing power by day or night.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

April 16th—Steamer CHINA . . . Capt. Cobb.
May 1st—Steamer COLORADO . . . Capt. Warsaw.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN, MANZAÑILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

April 7th—Steamer MONTANA . . . Capt. Parker.
April 17th—Steamer COSTA RICA . . . Capt. Lapidge.
April 27th—Steamer MOHONGO . . . Capt. Connolly.
All calling at San Diego.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:

PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Saturday, April 5th; Thursday, April 17th; Tuesday, April 29th.

ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Friday, April 11th, Wednesday, April 23d.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO AND SANTA BARBARA

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M., as follows:

SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, Saturday, April 5th; Tuesday, April 15th; Friday, April 25th.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, April [illegible].

No freight received on the day of sailing; freight received after 3 o'clock P. M. on the 7th.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [April 5.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

CHARLES HARE,

34 and 35 Stewart street.—Tanner's Oil, Cocoanut Oil, Polar Oil, Pig Iron, Coal, Tar, Lard, Light Oil, Braziers Copper, Yellow Metal, Nails, Anchors and Chains, also Iron Hoops, and Manila Rope and Wire Rope [illegible] Oakum, White Lead, [illegible] Spanish Cedar, Teak, Lignumvitae, Lancewood, Oil Casks, Water Tanks, Cabooses, brass and Iron, all sizes. Japan Tea and Rice, Java Coffee, [illegible] at the Highest Market rates. March 1.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL,

Gardens and Farms, at the Junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot. This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable. March 22.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within), Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co. Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within), Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 269 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S. Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Houston, N. Thos. Moss, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st, E.C.; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 4, Stevenson's Building S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

HOW THE MADRID LADIES SNUBBED MRS. AMADEUS.

From the First, the hostility of the grandees of Spain against the democratic monarch was united, determined and persistent; so much so that any effort to mitigate it was speedily recognized to be hopeless. The Court consisted wholly of new people—liberals ennobled by the new king, business people. A strange device of the female aristocrats was adopted to indicate to the Queen that they considered her an interloper. The white mantilla fastened to a high tortoise-shell comb was, in the old days, the universal head-gear of Spanish ladies. The grand ladies, at the instigation, it is said, of the Marchioness of Alcanices—better known as Duchess of Morny—determined to revive this costume, and to appear in it simultaneously one day on the afternoon drive in the Prado. The day arrived. Parisian bonnets gave place to the white mantilla, and bewildering coiffures to the plain braided locks and the high tortoise-shell comb. The Queen, as she drove, noticed the strange change of fashion, and innocently pointed it out to her husband, wondering in her foreign simplicity what it meant. Had the matter ended there, it would have been well. The pristiness of the motive took away the sting of the slight. When the ladies of the Spanish noblesse chose to indicate in this tortuous fashion to the Queen that they were Spaniards of the purest blood, and that she was a foreigner unentitled to recognition as a Spaniard, they only told the royal couple and the Spanish people what both knew well already. But Sagasta, who was Prime Minister at the time, could not see that dignified indifference was the best retort. He sought out a number of the best known women of disreputable character, had them arrayed in white mantillas and tortoise shell combs, found for them handsome private carriages, and suddenly turned the good-for-nothing cortege on to the Prado to mingle with the dames of ancient lineage and reputations untarnished. It was *sauve qui peut* with the noble ladies. Madrid took up the coarse and undignified joke. Some of the women were mobbed as they drove home in a splendor to them so unwonted, their mantillas were torn off and the tortoise-shell combs seriously maltreated. It is not certain but that some of the ladies were handled after the same fashion; anyhow, Sagasta's *coup* abolished white mantillas on the Padro. No one insinuates that either the King or Queen was privy to a piece of retaliation of a character so questionable.—*Letter to London News.*

A REMARKABLE CAREER.

A Correspondent at Beyrout writes to the *German Gazette* of Vienna: I met to-day an old acquaintance, the camel-driver, Sheikh Abdol, and he told me that his wife had died. Abdol's wife was no common woman. Her name was once known all through Europe. Sheikh Abdol is the ninth husband of Lady Ellenborough, whom I met for the first time about thirty years ago at Munich, just after she had eloped with Prince Schwarzenberg from the residence of her first husband. She then went to Italy, where, as she told me herself, she got married six times in succession. All these unions were dissolved after a short duration. In 1848 I met her at Athens, where she concluded an eighth marriage with the Greek colonel, Count Theodoki—however, only for a short time. Her affections were now bestowed on an old Palicar chieftain, for whom she built a beautiful house at Athens. When her latest marriage was again dissolved she went to the Levant. During a journey from Beyrout to Damascus she got pleased with the camel driver, Sheikh Abdol, and selected him for her ninth husband. She was married to him after the Arab fashion, and accompanied him for a full year on his journeys between Beyrout and Babylon, faithfully fulfilling her duties. She even milked the camels. When she had grown tired of the nomad life, she built for herself a charming palace at Damascus, where her latest husband, whenever he came to Damascus, found hospitality for some days. I had not heard of her since 1855, when I met her here dressed as an Arab woman, and, notwithstanding the wrinkles in her face, still beautiful. Soon after she won the lawsuit against her first husband, and with it a colossal fortune, which will probably go to her relatives in England, for she had no children, as far as I know.

A MAN WITH NINE WIVES.

At the London Central Criminal Court, recently, William Morgan (40) a laborer, pleaded guilty before the Deputy Recorder to a charge of feloniously marrying Mary Elizabeth Furtado, he having at the time a wife living. The second wife, a fashionably-dressed young woman, stated that she was married to the prisoner two years ago, when she had not the least idea that he was a married man. He treated her kindly while they were living together. The Common Serjeant inquired how she discovered that the prisoner was a married man? She replied that another woman to whom the prisoner had been previously married came to the house where they were living with two children, and claimed the prisoner as her husband. (A laugh.) The Common Serjeant said he saw by a certificate that the prisoner had before been convicted of bigamy, and sentenced to five years' penal servitude. A detective officer informed the Court that he had reason to believe the prisoner had married no fewer than nine different women, and he had ascertained that he never did any work, but lived on the unfortunate women with whom he had contracted marriage. The father of one of the prisoner's wives said, in reply to a question, that the prisoner had not treated his daughter with actual cruelty, though he did not behave well, and stayed away from her for days together. He had also once or twice thrown water over her. The Deputy-Recorder said the conduct of the prisoner had been mean and disgraceful in the extreme, and he considered the case one of the very worst description. He, therefore, felt it to be his duty to sentence him to be kept in penal servitude for ten years.

Why Jews Don't Proselyte.—We are not and never can be propagandists, in the Christian sense, because we sincerely believe that it is by the life and not by the creed that men are judged. It is an old saying of our rabbis that the pious of every nation have a share in future bliss. Holding to this belief, we do not regard it as our duty to propagate our creed, even if we had the influence and the numbers to devote ourselves to such a wild scheme. Jews never court proselytes. A good man is no better by becoming a good Jew. It is the goodness, after all, which has the saving power, whether the man be Jew, Christian, or Mohammedan. We have nothing but praise and admiration for Christians who work to lead men to a better life—who are carrying our Bible and theirs throughout the habitable globe, that its light may warn the ignorant and redeem the vicious. In the Christian's labor of self-sacrifice, the Jew, too, may join at no very distant date. Hitherto we have not had time to grow and flourish. Scarcely have we rested our feet and acquired a little influence before presumably Christian kings have pounced upon our treasures and cast us into prison or exile. We found it safer then any [illegible] on that account, for they [illegible] supposed they were fulfilling prophecy by spitting on us and plucking our beards, but it was a little unjust thus to knock us into the mud and blame us for being covered with dirt. However, that day is past. At present, we have work enough to purify ourselves, rather than cleanse the Hottentot. Let us live quietly in America for fifty years more, and if our people are true to themselves, who knows what sublime scheme of propagandism they shall originate?—*Jewish Messenger.*

A Merry Party of Ladies and Gentlemen had a narrow escape from a terrible death among the Thousand Islands of the St. Lawrence recently, but were saved by the presence of mind and heroism of one of the ladies. They were out in a yacht at a late hour in the evening, when the clouded sky rendered it almost impossible to distinguish objects on the water at a short distance. They were sailing along quite leisurely, and enjoying the fine views as each party is in the habit of doing, when suddenly a dark object loomed up before them, which was evidently a large steamer. A collision seemed inevitable, unless the steamer could be signaled to change her course, as it was impossible for the sailing craft to do so. The party were in a terrible dilemma, as there were no matches and there seemed to be no means at hand to procure a light. The young ladies, except one, screamed with terror, and a fearful catastrophe seemed on the point of consummation. A shrill piping, however, was observed in the direction of the silent young lady. No one could see what she was doing, but she soon handed a roll of paper to one of the gentlemen. In a moment it was ablaze, the steamer's course was changed, and the party were saved. When they recovered from their fright there was naturally much speculation as to where that important roll of paper came from; and it finally leaked out that the fair one had heroically sacrificed her bustle to secure the safety of her companions.

A NOVELTY IN STEAM-STEERING.

The Royal United Service Institute has had submitted to it by Captain Bremner a most interesting paper on the Bremner steam-steering screw—a recent invention that seems destined to effect quite a revolution in the method of steering a vessel. By means of it a ship will be enabled to turn without headway, to keep her position, when hove to, and revolve rapidly in cases of emergency. Judging from the model exhibited by Captain Bremner, we should think this was the most perfect steam-screw ever brought before the notice of the public. If it had no other merits, the fact that it is calculated to lessen the risks of collision at sea ought to claim for it a large share of attention. It is particularly applicable to a broad-side man-of-war, as her guns could be brought to bear upon an enemy as rapidly as by a turret. The contrivance seems to us to be an exceedingly simple one, and free from the complications that generally attend such inventions. A circular aperture is formed near the heel of the ship, in what is technically termed the dead-wood, as near the keel as possible, and below the ordinary screw propeller shaft. A water-tight trunk is then fitted in the vessel, extending sufficiently far into the circular aperature, and made sufficiently strong to carry the weight and pressure of the screws when in operation. Two chain-driving wheels are placed in this trunk, one at each extremity, having an endless chain round them, and mounted in shafts, the arms of which extend outside of the trunk, and are packed water-tight. To the arms of the after shaft the steering screws are attached, one on each side. The motive power required to drive them is a small donkey engine, on deck or below. As these screws are placed in the lowest possible part of the ship, and where the water is densest, and get a perfect bite, and are not liable to be damaged either by shot or wreckage.

Worse Than an Infidel.—This is the theme chosen by Rev. Dr. Scott for his lecture next Sunday evening, at St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street. Preaching in this church by the pastor, Wm. A. Scott, D. D., L. L. D., every Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. The public are cordially invited. Bible Class and Sunday School at 9½ A. M.

We Have Received from Chas. S. Eaton, the publisher, 136 Montgomery street, a very pretty new song, called "The Angel Bride;" words by Ragstern; music by N. S. Holmes.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$37 50 @ 40 —
Bar Iron, assorted, ₩ lb	— 4 @ — 6
Metal Sheathing, ₩ lb	— 28 @ — 30
Tin Plates, I C, ₩ box	13 00 @ 14 00
Tin Plates, I X, ₩ box	14 00 @ 15 00
Lead, Pig, ₩ lb	— 6 @ — 6½
Lead, Sheet, ₩ lb	— 9 @ — 10
Banca Tin, ₩ lb	— 40 @ — 42½
Quicksilver	— — @ — 85
COAL.	
West Hartley, ₩ ton	14 00 @ 15 00
Australian	11 50 @ 12 00
Cumberland	19 00 @ 20 00
Anthracite	14 00 @ 15 00
Bellingham Bay	10 50 @ 11 00
Mount Diablo	6 60 @ 8 50
COFFEE.	
Rio, ₩ lb	— 19 @ — 19½
Java, Old Government	— 22 @ — 23
Manila	— 16 @ — 17
Costa Rica	— 16 @ — 17
RICE.	
China, No 1, ₩ lb	— 6½ @ — 7
China, No. 2	— 5½ @ — 5¾
Hawaiian	— 8½ @ — 9
WINES.	
Champagne, ₩ doz	20 00 @ 25 00
Port, according to brand, ₩ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75
Sherry, do. do	1 75 @ 7 00
OIL.	
Coal and Kerosene	— 28 @ — 32½

TEAS.	PRICES.
Japans	— 30 @ — 75
Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
SUGARS.	
China, No. 1, ₩ lb	— 9 @ — 10
Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 10
Manila	— 7½ @ — 8
Crushed, American	— 12¼ @ — 12½
Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
CANDLES.	
Sperm Wax, ₩ lb	— 30 @ — 41
Adamantine	— 15 @ — 18
SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Chicken Gunnies, 200 lb	— 17 @ — 19
Gunny bags in bales	— 16 @ — 17
Burlap Bags	— 16 @ — 17
Hessian, 40-inch, ₩ yard	— — @ — 18
DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
Wool, ₩ lb	— 14 @ — 22
Tallow	— 7 @ — 7½
Hides	— 18 @ — 19
Wheat, ₩ 100 lbs	1 00 @ 1 90
Barley	1 15 @ 1 37½
Oats	2 00 @ 2 25
Flour, ₩ 196 lbs	4 75 @ 5 75

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. E. G. Marsh, Stage Manager. E. Zimmer, Musical Director. Saturday Evening, April 5th, and every evening—THE BELLA UNION MINSTRELS—All Male Performers. THOS. CAMPBELL, the Favorite Baritone. Last week of J. H. Larkin and Carrie Armstrong. Last week of the old favorite Miss Josephine. Chas. Cogill and Fred Cooper in Song and Dance, "Throw Ourselves Away." Montague and Garretta in Specialty. Kelly, Bree and Marsh in A BIG MISTAKE. "Gerald" Ballads, Dances, Acts, etc. Concluding with the problematical Melo-Drama of the WORKING GIRLS OF SAN FRANCISCO, with a full cast. Friday Ladies' Night. Admission 25 cents, Dress Circle, 50 cents, Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—Director, John Woodard; Treasurer, Andrew Burrell.—Saturday Afternoon, April 5th—ALADDIN Matinee. Saturday Evening—Will be performed, the new Burlesque, written expressly for the CHAPMAN SISTERS, entitled, THE WONDERFUL SCAMP; Or, ALLADIN No. 2. Grand Pas de Deux, by M'LLE MARIE GALGAIN and M'LLE HUISLAY. Double Song and Dance, CHAPMAN SISTERS. The performance will commence with the laughable Farce of THE STATUE LOVER. Monday Evening, April 7th—First appearance of MR. E. D. DAVIS. In preparation—PLUTO. Admission—Dress Circle, 75 cents, Orchestra Seats, 50 cents, Gallery, 25 cents. April 5.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer. Bob Hart, Stage Manager. [illegible] Evans, Musical Director. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. Entire Change. EMERSON MINSTRELS. MME. THERESE and M. SCHMIDT, the celebrated French Dancers. LITTLE MAC, the San Francisco favorite. SENATOR HART on the Codes. BILLY EMERSON in new Songs and Dances. MASON OR PYTHIAS—WHICH? Look out for VIVIAN. SAM RICKEY will shortly appear. April 5.

CALIFORNIA THEATER

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Afternoon, April 5th—Last CORIOLANUS Matinee. Saturday Evening—Will be performed, Shakspeare's Grand Historical Tragedy of CORIOLANUS. Monday Evening, April 7th—Will be produced, a new Comedy, written by Mrs. Jas. F. Dunn of San Francisco, and entitled THE GOVERNESS. April 5.

PLATT'S HALL.

Prof. O. S. Fowler will lecture in Platt's Hall, Sunday, at 3 o'clock, on [illegible], and Health and [illegible] Life. Seats 25 cents. Last day for consultations, at the Grand Hotel, closes TUESDAY, at 5 P. M. April 5.

DR. ABORN,

Oculist, Aurist, etc.—Offices and Laboratory, 217 Geary st., above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 5.

MAIN & WINCHESTER.

C. MAIN. E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

UNICA.

I heard three maidens singing,
And thought their song so sweet
My heart was almost ready
To worship at their feet.
But when the song was ended,
My worship ended too
"I bowed. I said, "fair maidens,
To music, not to you."

I saw two maidens talking,
In gentle voice and kind,
And love was almost ready,
Love-born, to fill my mind
But when the maidens parted,
Their love seemed parted too
"I loved," I said, "your friendship,
Fair maids—I loved not you."

I saw one maiden look at me
Out of her dark grey eyes;
My spirit bowed to worship her,
And never more shall rise.
I heard one maiden speak to me
In wisely measured tone
My heart went forth in love to her,
And will be her alone.

—*Good Words.*

THE GRAND MILITARY EVENT OF THE SEASON.

The Most Interesting and Possibly the Most Important Event in military discipline that has ever transpired on this coast of ours came off last night at Pacific Hall, in the California Theater building, before an audience of interested and delighted spectators such as seldom may be seen under ordinary circumstances. The doors of the hall were thrown open for the purpose of enabling the San Francisco Cadets, under their Commander, McDonald to exhibit the new feature in their already repute and masterly drill. The company present were those only having special invitations from the Cadets and comprised simply such as United States Army officers, leading city officials officers of the militia, and the members of the press, who were present in full force. To say that the spacious hall was filled, would convey but a very inadequate idea of the situation. It was absolutely packed in every available inch of space. The purport of the gathering of this numerous and select body of guests was to witness the Cadets for the first time in their famous drill, every member being actually *blindfolded*. The fact that the company had been for some time undergoing training with this object in view, was generally known to military men, but that a success should be achieved so signal and complete as that of last night was never for a moment dreamt of even by the most sanguine friends and admirers of this truly Californian organization. Those even who are familiar with the incomparable proficiency of those young men in the regular parades, and who have not forgotten the grace, skill and precision which always characterized their presence in the line, or upon the occasions of their exceptional turnouts, will be amazed somewhat when told that in the extraordinary orders of a large body of men drilling *blindfolded*, as last night, nothing of their ordinary prowess was wanting. The drill, with all the details, was as successfully carried out as though not a man among them wore a *bandage* tightly bound across his eyes. It was a marvelous performance, and one that will not be forgotten soon by those present, military no less than non-military, and many there are, doubtless, who have since been rubbing their optics perplexed and inquiring, "*What next?*" We have been beaten by our Eastern brothers, jockies, cricketers, City Hall architect experts "Ten-length Maid," etc., but we have them at last. Let them beat the time and precision shown by the Cadets at the exhibition of last night, and they blindfolded at that. It might possibly be equaled, but not surpassed. It is a purely local organization, for it must be known that there is not a member of the Cadets that is not a native born of the State of California. Military gentlemen present last night, many of whom have passed years abroad in the schools of their profession, sojourning in all the principal capitals of the world, and seeing all things possible to be seen for a long period, were taken altogether aback! There were present a number of European military officers, who are temporarily residing in this city, who were also astounded at this marvel accomplished before their eyes. These were greatly impressed with the ease and rapidity with which all the evolutions were performed. It seemed to them like magnetism. Their dash is extraordinary and correct in time from first to last. We opine that the demonstration last night was for no idle or vain show, but had a deeper and more significant meaning. It was rather, we should judge, for the purpose of showing that very large bodies of men can be marched in the darkness of night as well as in the light of day. The extraordinary advantages gained by the system not only suggested but now carried to perfection by the Cadets in this peculiarly original feature of their military drill, were plainly shown.

As the exhibition drew to the close last evening the audience passed from palpable excitation to generous and open enthusiasm for McDonald and his Cadets, and profuse were the encomiums passed upon them. Some were so much interested that they took the pains to inquire "Could the Cadets, in their present status, march through the public streets blindfolded, and clear all obstructions with the same precision and dash as at their exhibition in the hall?" Many were of the opinion that doubtless they could, while others thought that such a thing would be an utter impossibility. Could such a spectacle be accomplished without breaking the charm of what has already been done, and no failure result, the occasion would certainly prove a gala day in San Francisco, and line the thoroughfares through which they might pass with a crowd. It would give a surpassing assurance to that which has already been accomplished and stamped with public indorsement, viz., the practicability of what is claimed for this novel and important idea. We understand that the instructor and commander of the Cadets was born in Rossshire, Scotland. It is the opinion of veteran officers that this last success ranks him equal, if not superior, to any other disciplinarian of the day.

SIZE OF ANCIENT AND MODERN MEN.

The Heroes of Antiquity, esteemed godlike in their attributes, were naturally represented as being godlike in stature. In every exhibition of arms and armor thrown open to the observer from the Tower of London to that collection exhibited in Somerset House by the Society of Antiquaries, and which has just been closed, abundant evidence is afforded that the men of the earliest times were smaller in limb and shorter in stature than the men of the present day. The ancient British and Roman arms exhibited in Somerset House could have been effectively wielded only by a smaller race of men than that of our time. The handles of the swords and daggers were too small to afford a firm grasp to the hand of a modern Englishman, and even few women's hands would have fitted in between the guard and the extreme end of the hilt. In armor, again, it is a remarkable fact that none but the smallest and slimmest men among us could squeeze ourselves into the corslets worn by such heroes as "Gottered the Volcanic" at Cressy and Poictiers. Darnley's cuirass at Holyrood Palace cannot be got outside of a man of five feet eight and of proportionate build. Wallace's sword, a huge iron contrivance which few of us could swing, and which it is certain the hero of Scotland never wielded, has been found to be no more genuine than the poker still shown as Baillie Nicol Jarvie's at the Clachan of Aberfoyle, and has been withdrawn from exhibition at Dumbarton Castle, and the armor of the Black Prince is too small for an average guardsman. It seems, then, that England, instead of producing a race inferior to that which flourished in the early heroic times, now breeds men of clearly grander and more athletic frame than she has hitherto done. In the light of this fact we must revise our early historic impressions. Richard Cœur de Lion, the Prince of Crusaders, and the fear of Saladin, we must now be compelled to regard as, after all, only a light weight. Edward the First, that Longshanks who was the "Hammer of the Scottish nation," as being considerably short of the standard of our own Horse Guards, and the famous and splendid Black Prince as a hero of infinite more skill and energy, but of very ordinary form, and with a constitution so delicate that after a few years' campaigning in France and a disastrous raid into Spain (where he suffered severely from the heat), he pined and faded and dropped into an early and premature grave. So much for mediæval giants.

The Conway American Oyster Company have made successful arrangements to supply American oysters, to be re-laid in English waters, at a uniform rate of one shilling per dozen. Owing to their hardy nature these oysters bear the journey and re-laying extremely well, and thanks to Messrs. Payne Brothers, of New Coventry street, the London representatives of the above named company, the oysters are brought to market quite fresh, and in flavor no degree inferior to our natives.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $[illegible]. Officers—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; [illegible], Marine Secretary. Directors—San Francisco: George H. Howard, J. D. Atherton, [illegible] ... [illegible] ... Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. F. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, [illegible], Manager, [illegible], Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, [illegible], A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, [illegible], Manager, A. F. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada: T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!!! Directors—San Francisco: [illegible] ... Gustave Touchard, President; N. G. Kittle, Vice President; Charles D. Haven, Secretary; Geo. T. Bohen, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 11 Merchants Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The Ætna has cash assets of $5,052,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.

GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.

Wm. Macdonald, Agent. Nov. 21.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 439 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital, $[illegible]. Directors: W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckels, [illegible] ... C. W. Kellogg, President.

H. G. Horner, Secretary. Jan. 18.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over Nine Million Dollars. The law of Massachusetts makes all its policies non-forfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among its Policy holders. This is the Only Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.

WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent.

April 22.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,[illegible]. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

W. L. BOOKER, Agent, No. 318 California street, San Francisco. Jan. 11.

☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1720.)

Cash Assets .... $12,000,000.

☞ Fire Risks at current rates. [Nov. 16.] CROSS & CO., Agents.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.

FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California, No. 430 California street.

Feb. 8.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 14.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE.—NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.—1873-74.

All Persons, Companies, Associations, or Firms in the City and County of San Francisco, are requested either in person or by their proper representatives, to deliver at the Assessor's Office, No. 2 City Hall, in said City and County, before the SECOND MONDAY in APRIL, a statement under oath of all Property, both Personal and Real, owned or claimed by him or them, or which is in his or their possession, or which is held or controlled by any other person in trust for, or for the benefit of him or them. See Political Code, Sections [illegible]. POLL TAX IS NOW DUE at this office, or to a Deputy.—See Sections [illegible], Political Code.

LEVI ROSENER, City and County Assessor.

Saturday, March 1, 1873. March 8.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents. Jan. 25.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves from street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Venus Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.

MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F. March 20.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator. 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 29.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 431 1-2 California street, Room No. 1, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills show work, and printing of every kind.

Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

E. F. CHILD,

Stock Broker, 303 California street, San Francisco, California. March 2.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

Note.—The News Letter is regularly mailed to each Hotel in this list.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Ponzo.
Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.
Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House. Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains. E. Munton, Pr.
Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)
Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.
Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.
Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.
Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.
Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.
Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.
Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.
Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.
Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.
Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.
Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Creswell, Manager.
London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.
Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.
New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.
Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel. John Hardy.
Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.
Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.
Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.
Sheffield.
Royal Hotel. E. Wallis, Prop.
St. Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.
Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.
Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.
Venice.
Daniell's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.
Vienna.
Grand Hotel. A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Mach & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

The Evening of Monday, the 24th of February, was signalized by the most splendid entertainment of the season, a grand dual ball at the Quirinal. The spacious salon was full of guests when the Princess Margherita entered, hanging on the arm of the King, his Majesty's appearance being an agreeable surprise. Prince Arthur of England, the Princess of Rome, H. Leake, Rabbor, and all the other distinguished visitors in Rome were present. The King, after looking at the dancing which began at eleven, and talking with the Minister Sella, went through the saloons with Princess Margherita, and very wisely went to bed after midnight, but Prince Humbert, who in this respect is fond of following his father's example, stopped through the entire entertainment. The *coup d'œil* of the grand saloon, which was opened for supper at two, was magnificent in the extreme, the lights and decorations being on a scale of Oriental splendor. At a central table, adorned with a colossal bouquet, sat the Prince and Princess of Piedmont, Prince Arthur and other distinguished guests, in number about sixty, while eight ladies and eight gentlemen sat at each of the ten tables surrounding the central one. The service was equal, if not superior, to what is generally seen at Court entertainments on the continent. The supper finished at three, when ninety-seven couples stood up for the cotillon, which was led by Marchese Calabrini and Count Lovatelli. Princess Margherita danced with Prince Arthur. The ladies had a charming surprise prepared for them, quite a new figure, which it requires royal hospitality to carry out. Each of them received a number corresponding to one of the elegant presents which were displayed on four tables. These were porcelain vases, Murano crystals, mother-of-pearl and tortoise shell fans, traveling pendules, and quantities of other tasteful objects, all of which were duly distributed to the ladies, who indulged in a final gallop after the cotillon, and only left the hospitable halls of the Quirinal when the morning sun was high above the horizon.

The German Emperor, while visiting a village in his land, was welcomed by the school children of the place. After their speaker had made a speech for them he thanked them. Then taking an orange from a plate, he asked "To what kingdom does this belong?" "The vegetable kingdom, sire," replied the little girl. The Emperor took a gold coin from his pocket, and holding it up asked "And to what kingdom does this belong?" "To the mineral kingdom, sire," replied the little girl. "And to what kingdom do I belong, then?" asked the Emperor. The little girl colored deeply, for she did not like to say "the animal kingdom," as he thought she would, lest his Majesty should be offended, when a bright thought came, and she said with radiant eyes, "To God's kingdom, sire." The Emperor was deeply moved. A tear stood in his eye. He placed his hand on the child's head and said, most devoutly, "God grant that I may be accounted worthy of that kingdom."

The Pope Seems to Know that there have been some irreverent allusions made to him on the Corso, for in his speech to the Lenten preachers he said "I know that there are many snares, and that we are surrounded by ridicule, insults and threats, but was not Jesus Christ Himself while on earth often subjected to similar miseries?" His Holiness then alluded to the temptation in the wilderness, and hinted that Victor Emmanuel had complied with the devil's conditions. "Is it then necessary, in order to sit upon a usurped throne, to retain it in some manner or another, even only for a short time, to take what belongs to others—is it necessary to kneel down before the devil? '*Si cadens adoraveris me?*' People sit upon thrones. * * * But enough." And with this opportune *basta*, Pius IX. interrupted his comments on the King of Italy's conduct.

Statements are Current in Paris of a reconciliation between the Duc de Montpensier and the ex-Queen Isabella based upon an arrangement that Prince Alphonso shall marry the daughter of the Duke, with, as a consequence, the Regency devolving on the Duc de Montpensier himself. It is even asserted definitely that this understanding was effected recently, and it is added that the intercession of Queen Christina and her strenuous co-operation have contributed greatly to the result. It is a curious instance of mating for the hatching of a crown. Will the egg, however, be addled or not?

President Grant, on taking the oath, the other day, kissed these words in the 11th chapter of Isaiah: "And the spirit of the Lord shall rest upon him, the spirit of wisdom and understanding, the spirit of counsel and might, the spirit of knowledge and of the Lord, and shall make him of quick understanding in the fear of the Lord, and he shall not judge after the sight of his eyes, neither reprove after the hearing of his ears."

A Young Frenchman in the department of the Seine-et-Marne has lighted upon a new expedient for avoiding military service. He assassinated his father in order to be able to claim exemption as a "widow's only son." The law does not, however, appear to view this novel device with much favor, for the Court of Assizes has found him guilty of murder and condemned him to death.

Recently, in Driving Down Pall Mall to the Levee, the off hind wheel of the brougham in which Mr. Gladstone was riding became detached, and the carriage fell with a crash. Mr. Gladstone alighted and walked in Court costume to St. James's, apparently not best pleased with his *contretemps*, and the bystanders did not fail to remark upon the downfall of the Prime Minister.

Robert A. Ellis, who served under Lord Nelson at Trafalgar, is living in Chicago at an advanced age. He retired from the British Navy shortly after the battle of Waterloo had restored peace to Europe, and came to this country. He at one time served on board the *Royal George*, the flagship which subsequently foundered at Spithead with all hands on board.

The Marriage of His Excellency Sir James Fergusson to Miss Richman, of South Australia, has been fixed for Tuesday, the 11th instant, and the happy couple are expected at Kilkerran to-day. The lady is said to unite beauty and accomplishments with a handsome fortune.

The Son of Baron Rothschild, the head of the Austrian branch, has not only married a Christian, but has abjured his faith for hers. He will succeed his father, and is, indeed, his only son and heir. His wife is a daughter of the Austrian Archduke Regner.

Chocolate Pastilles, with the portrait of Gambetta, are now patronized by all true French Republicans. The Dauphin is also to be similarly honored in maccaroni pâtés for soup. As for M. Thiers, he is still confined to bonbons and gingerbread.

On Her Marriage it is said that the Emperor of Russia will settle £50,000 a year on the Grand Duchess Marie, his only daughter. The lucky husband (not for cash sake) gossip has now freely named.

The Emperor and Empress of Germany invited themselves to dine on Wednesday, February 19th, at Lord Odo Russell's, a distinction never before conferred on a foreign diplomatist.

On the 1st of March the Princess Ada Troubetzkoy sang at the Theater [illegible] of Nice in *Lucrezia Borgia*. The two representations were for the benefit of the poor of Nice.

The King of Sweden and Norway will start in the month of June for Finmark, and the coronation will take place on his return, probably on the 18th of July.

A Novel by the Princess Mathilde Bonaparte, entitled "La Dame à la Ruche," will shortly be published.

The Prince of Wales is getting so stout since his illness that none of his old clothes will fit him.

George Sand's New Story is called "Le Chateau de Pictordu."

Rabagas is the name of a new comic journal at Palermo.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne. See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London. So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 40 and $2 15, by chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. Agents in New York—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them: anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B. A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *,*See that you get "Judson's Simple Dyes."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.— The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopaths and Invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage. Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb. 22.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations including the following specialities: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion, in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta: Messrs. Scott Thompson & Co. Bombay and Poonah: Messrs. Treacher & Co. Kurrachee: Messrs. Budgett & Hughes. Umballa and Meean Meer and Lucknow and [illegible], Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Expert Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps; Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding; Joyce's Gas Tight Cartridges, for Pin-fire and Central Fire Breech-loading Guns; Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, 57 Upper Thames street, London. Sept. 1.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given that Betts's Name is on Every Capsule he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor in his judgment said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactory—1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France. June 15.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal costs only one dollar. Single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan. Oct. 26.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY.

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Elgin, Jacot, Waltham, Carter, Howkins & D., the Fine Jewelry, Meriden [illegible], Diamonds, Britannia and Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 8.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 18th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox. the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand Feet.

JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary. Nov. 9.

TIT FOR TAT.

FROM THE PERSIAN.

I met a maid on yon hill-side,
And she was fair to see—
"Give me a kiss, fair maid," I cried;
"Give me a gift," said she.

"A gift within a purse I have,
The purse is in a pack,
The purse in keeping liesh safe,
On my good charger's back.

"And my good charger cometh not,
While on the hill I roam,
He lieth in his stal, I wot—
My charger is at home."

"And yet thou'dst have a kiss, good sir;
My lips would give it thee,
But they are locked fu'l fast, good sir—
My mother has the key;

"And my good mother is not here,
While on the hill I roam,
Just as your trusty steed, good sir,
My mother is at home."

SUNBEAMS.

—A jovial artist was painting some divine who felt it incumbent upon him to give the painter a moral lecture during one of his sittings. Somewhat in awe of the artist, he began rather nervously, but as the knight of the brush painted away without any sign of annoyance, he gathered courage as he proceeded, and finally administered a pretty good sermon. He paused for a reply, and confessed afterwards that he never felt so insignificant in his life as when the artist, with the urbane and positive authority of his profession, merely said, "Turn your head a little to the right, and shut your mouth."

—An engaged young gentleman got rather neatly out of a little scrape with his intended. She said she had heard that he had kissed two ladies at some party at which she was not present. He owned it, but said, laughing, that, after all, their united ages made only twenty-one. The simple-minded girl thought of ten and eleven, and laughed off her pout. He did not explain that one was nineteen and the other two years of age.

—A gentleman one Sabbath morning watched a country lass on the high road from the village to the kirk and observed that she looked hither and thither, this way and that, upon the road as if she had lost something. The English gentleman accosted her with, "What are you looking for my Heeland lass?" "Aweel, sir, I am scanning if the master has goone to the kirk." Her master had a wooden leg.

—We owe it to ourselves fully to realize all that is admirable and excellent in others. We owe it to them to let them that we do so. There are more virtues than mercy that are "twice blest," and this of awarding others their due stands high among them. Let us think first, as we ought, of what our praise can do for our fellow creatures—last, of what it can do for ourselves.—*Miss Preston.*

—A man recently broke off a marriage because the lady did not possess good conversational powers. A cynical friend commenting on the fact, says: "He should have married her, and refused her a new bonnet, and then he would have discovered her conversational powers!"

—A young lady of St. Louis has just sent to Europe an order for fifty yards of Brussels carpet, twenty five feet wide. She is going to work a pair of slippers for the editor of a local paper.

—When they do manage to get the people of Thompsonville, Conn., into church the sexton is obliged to lock the door to keep them there until the service is over. So says the local paper.

—Dr Velpeau used to relate that on one of his visits to l'Hotel Dieu, having asked a patient how he did, the sick man answered, "Ah, doctor, I am so ill that if anybody came and told me I was dead, I should not be astonished at it!"

—"Are dose bells ringing for fire?" inquired Simon of Tiberias. "No, indeed," answered Tibe, "dey hab got plenty of fire, and de bells are ringing for water."

—The maddest man in Camden is Smith. He wound up his clock regularly every night for fifteen years, and then discovered that it was an eight-day clock.

—There is a woman at Duluth who weighs 360 pounds. At a little distance it is difficult to tell which is the larger of the two, the town or the woman.

—Thirty persons were recently poisoned at Coral, Mich., by eating sausages. That's what comes of leaving the brass collars on the dogs.

—A young man who proposed to a handsome but heartless creature, the other evening, suggested a very popular poem—the "Beautiful's No."

—A young lady fainted when told that over 500,000 men died last year, but was revived by the information that there were 10,000,000 left.

—Affirmative negation.—Giles: Did e'er a man ever see sich wet weather in all his born days afore Hodge: Noah!

—An Indiana pig broke open a can of nitro-glycerine and swallowed eight pounds of the stuff, and now no one dares to kick that porker.

—To love and to labor is the sum of living, and yet how many think they live who neither labor nor love!

—Molasses [illegible] life. A little boy, on being threatened with a [illegible], hung his head.

—The Boston *Daily Globe* begins its New York news with, "Report of the Regular Daily Murder."

—An awful swell—The cheek after a toothache.

—To love is the only thing that can fill up eternity.

—To understand truth, one must live it.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Saturday, March 15, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles. Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:00, 8:10, 9:20, 10:10 and 11:20 A. M., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, 8:15, 9:20 and *11 20 P. M. (9:20, 11:20 and 1:00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:20, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 11:00 A. M., 1:20, 2:40, 4:15, 5:15, 7:30 and 10:10 P. M.

Leave Oakland, *5:30, 6:50, 8:00, 9:10, 10:00 and 11:10 A. M., 12:00, 1:40, 3:20, 3:50, 5:05, 6:30, 8:05 and 10:20 P. M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:20, 9:20 and 11:15 A. M., 1:20, 4:10, 5:20 and 6:50 P. M. (1:20, 11:15 and 5:20 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:45 A. M., and 3:00 P. M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:30, 9:00 and 11:20 A. M., 1:20, 4:55 and 5:30 P. M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1872.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—San Francisco		8 30 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:40 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5 40 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2:00 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 45 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	3 1- p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2:20 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only.	San Jose Only	Through Train.
Leave—Hollister				11 10 a m
Salinas				10:45 a m
Castroville				11 16 a m
Pajaro				11:20 a m
Gilroy				1 2- p m
San Jose		†6:20 a m	7:00 a m	3:00 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	8 30 a m	10:10 a m	5:25 p m

*SATURDAYS at 3:20 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:20 a m. Returning will leave San Jose at 5:00 p m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at 1 4 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11 30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets, also Valencia street at its junction with Twenty-fifth street at 6 a. m., running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock P. M., and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty fifth street at 11 10 P. M., and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 M. The cars run to Main street up to 6½ P. M., after which they run only as far as Sansome street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag, reading "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S. P. R. R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S. P. R. R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes direct to Hayes Park.

Nov 12. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares. 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 123 Front street.
March 2[illegible]

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. S. MacDonnough, Master, will sail on her next regular trip on [illegible] at 12 o'clock M., from Frontstreet Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15. 6 e Front street.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Meiggs Wharf) at 8 a. m., 11 a. m., 1:30 p. m., Saucelito at 9 a. m., 9:30 a. m. and 3:30 p. m. Sunday Time—San Francisco, 10 a. m., 12 m., 2 p. m. and 4 p. m. Saucelito, 11 a. m., 1, 3 and 5 p. m. On Saturdays, an extra trip from Saucelito at 5 15 p. m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a. m. H. A. COBB, President.
Nov. 16. 22 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 a. m. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 1:30 P. M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. [Aug. 24.] CHAS. MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL,

Gardens and Farms, at the junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot. This well known most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:20 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 4 00 p.m. San Rafael, 7 a.m., 11 1 a.m., 2:30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 1:00 a.m., 3:00 p.m. San Rafael 8:00 a.m., 3:20 p.m. [Aug 21.] CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers will notice that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s 9d per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for freckles, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles 1s 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 25. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homeopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shop-fittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.—The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 28

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors: I. A. Amerman, Wm Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Lennie, F. M. Freund, H. Traube, F. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Pence, Co. Adolph Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent.
Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 14.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a. m. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 11. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g.
Justices—[illegible] Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] Kearny street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants' Exch'nge.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 11, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—221 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Outside Land Committee—24 Exchange Building, Washingt'n and Montgomery streets.
Health Office—Jackson street.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Jackson st., bet Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
Quarantine—3 Kearny street.
Harbor Master—19 Vallejo st.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

Belgium—E. Grisar, 131 Powell.
Chili—H. Barroilhet, 224 Montgomery street.
Chili—Consul General, Francisco [illegible], 36 Battery st.
Denmark—J. O'Hara Taafe, 320 California street.
Ecuador—Daniel Wolf (absent).
France—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street.
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, 319 California street.
Guatemala—C. Martin 425 Cal st.
Hawaiian Islands—Henry W. Severance, 406 Front street.
Honduras—Wm. V. Wells, Mayor's office, City Hall.
Italy—G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
Japan—C. W. Brooks, 30 Montgomery street.
Mexico—J. Rivas, 526 Kearny.
German Empire—C. A. C. Dollenberg, 311 Sacramento street.
Netherlands—J. De Fremery, 410 Sansome street.
Nicaragua—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Peru—De la Fuente y Sabirat Kedegico.
Portugal—Francis Berton, sw. cor. Clay and Liedesdorff Sts.
Russia—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
San Salvador—D. J. Dorsey.
Spain—C. Martin, 425 California.
Sweden and Norway—G. C. Johnson, 33 Battery street.
Switzerland—Francis Berton.
U. S. of Columbia—F. Herrera.
Bolivia—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Callao—D. J. Williamson, 330 Brannan street.
Costa Rica—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Greece—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
Argentine Republic—C. Baum, 31 Battery street.
Austro-Hungarian—G. Muecke, 40 California street.
Turkey—George W. Gibbs, 83 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending March 31, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.

Tuesday, March 25th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
J G Severance to R M Sherman	Tyler e Fillmore, 137 6x137 6	$ 100
R M Sherman to Otto Muser	Tyler e Fillmore, 180x68 9	4,500
Otto Muser to Eliza Noble	Same	4,900
Wm Bosworth to Emile Bauer	Roadway and Franklin, w 4 in x n 137·6	150
Boso Baldovich to Dennis Feely	Hyde s Union, 20x60	800
W P Lamb to Henry Blyth	Sacramento e Steiner, 25x132:6	900
J D Lloyd to Harry W Taylor	Illinois n Shasta, 25x60	1,000
John A Haugh to G W Eastman	Lot 31 blk 8, Tract A, People's H Ass'n	150
John S Waters to Louis Kahn	25th e Bryant, 25x104	1,100
Maurice Dore to Jas D Lee	Fulton w Polk, 25x120	2,000
Thos Prince to H M Heineman	Ellis w Polk, 75x120	4 000
Eliz'th Hunter to J C Brawley	Fair Oaks s 230, s 21 e 132·6, etc	2,400
Julia O Conner to Peter Mathews	Hampshire s 230, 25x100	300
J J O Hickey to A Taylor	2 acres, portion McDonald Tract	400
Wm H Bruner to Jane W Bruner	Folsom ne 3d, 25x160	Gift
G D Bliss to Rob't Halleck	9th av se L, 25x100	311
J J Kenny to E E Gould	Lots 15 16 blk 151, 2 blk 311, S S F H'd	1,850
City Land Ass'n to John Straub	Lots 22 23, blk 46	150
M Riordan to Philip Cosgrove	Lots 22 23 24, blk 38, Tide Lands	500
City Land Ass'n to A Patturel	Lots 9 10 blk 12	150

Wednesday, March 26th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
S Schweitzer to Levi Strauss	Se cor Jones and Tyler, 137:6x137:6	17,500
Same to same	Ne cor Jones and McAllister, 137 6x137 6	35,000
D Melkishaugh to M Melkishaugh	Sw cor Pacific and McCormick, w 43:1 s 75 w 19 6 s 21 6 e 62:7, to w l McCormick, n to beg	Gift
Duncan McDonald to E Shepard	Com at a pt in a line due w fr Center of Sec 21, T 2 S, R 5 W, and parallel with N and S l of said section, 41 ch fr said center of Sec 21, th s 10 ch x w 1 ch, containing 1 acre	200
Abel Guy to Jas Dods	N Sacramento e Gough, 33x127:8	5
Mary Landers to to G Niebaum	E Van Ness Av s Pacific, 25x100	2,800
R B H d Ass'n No 2 to W E Lloyd	Lots 2 and 3 blk P	135
Tide Land Com'rs to M Connell	Lots 11 to 17 inc, blk 22. This deed is issued by order of Tide Land Com s to follow cert 2100, dated Sept. 21, '69, to replace original deed lost	2,128
John Wood to John A Kennedy	Se Clary ne 6th, 22 6x75	2,500
John J Powers to Elias J Baldwin	Com at Inter of N l of Fell with e l of a fence owned by J Ferguson, 70x50—por blk 229, W A. This deed intended to confirm deed 625 D 35	200
Wm A Aldrich to John C Merrill	Und ½ of lots 25 and 290, Gift Map 4, also, und ½ se of old San Jose r d 200 se Mt Vernon av, se 219 sw 92, n to com, excepting por conveyed to S F & S J R R Co in 103 D 125	25
John McCraken to same	Same	25
T W McCue to J S McCue	Ne Kate se Bryant, 60x50	.

Thursday, March 27th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
J S Alemany to James J Doyle	Van Ness Av n Pacific, 122:6x4·2¾	$ 1
Geo Wallenrod to Julius Fluck	Rondel Pl e Valencia, and 225.10 s 16th, 22 2x61—sub M B 40. This deed is given to correct an omission in deed dated March 21, 1871	1,050
D W Grant to Ellery O Pierce	Lot 13 blk 201, S S F H d	600
City and County S F to P Pentz	Capp n 27th, 65x115	prem
Peter Pentz to City and Co S F	Streets and highways	..
Martha B Hunt to Hugh Curran	Valencia n 20th, 25x90; also, Valencia n 23th, 50x80	345
J H Latham to J K S Latham	Ne cor Broadway and Webster, 25x137:6	1
Same to same	Lots 71 and 61, e ½ of 60 201 219 and w ½ Central Park H'd, also, Hot is e O Farrell, 25x90, also, York n 24th, 20 x100, also, nw cor 15th and Guerrero, w 100 n 100 w 31 9	1
Frost Donker to Louis Grasser	Minna sw 3d, 20x70	4,000
Richard Brown to E Johnson	Nw Union ne [illegible], 137 6x275, also, nw Filbert and Scott, 137 6x207 3	50
H H C Schwarze to John Smith	Geary w Kearny, 30x62 0	25,500
Rosalie M Schwarze to same	Same	25,000
J S Rothschild to Jas Bowcher	Hyde n Post, 25x68 9	2,750
Nathan Porter to S W H Raday	18th av n Cal s, 130x75	1
Geary St Ex H d to Julia Flynn	Lot 20 blk 165	350
Same to Cath Flynn	Lot 21 blk 165	350
M Kelly to Henry Ebalinghausen	Nw cor Shotwell and 21st, 65x122 6	4,000
John Searry to City and Co S F	Streets, highways, etc	.
Jas Madison to Mathew Glinck	Illinois e Napa, e 45 s 153, etc	1,315

Friday, March 28th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
T P Riordan to Geo D Hall	Se cor Nevada and DeHaro, 66:8x100	$2,160
Thos Brown to James C Weir	Ellis e Polk, 27 6x120	3,500
Chas J King to Frank Hamilton	Lot 18 blk 50, Occidental H'd Ass'n	1,100
Wm A Woodward to C Eagan	Oak e Webster, 27 6x120	1,575
Chas Keyser to F Bellinger	Lots 25 26 27 28, Hudson Garen & O T'ct	1,600
Paul Tract H d to C D Wheat	Lots 10 and 12 blk 61	1,100
Same to Henry M Collins	Lots 9 and 10 blk 25	1,000
C Hutchinson to E J Robinson	Eddy e Pierce, 27 6x75	750
John F English to John Morrison	Noe n 20th, 25x105	350
David Hewes to H L Hutchings	10th nw Mission, 25x132	1,000
Geary St Ex H d to Thos Brown	Lots 3 and 4 blk 201	700
C W H [illegible] to Thos Taylor	California e Larkin, 70·10x35	7,000
J Godchaux to Julius Oulander	Und 1 acre of tract of 9 acres O Lands	500
Daniel Goldberg to J Godchaux	Same	500
Bay View H d to J M Thorbee	Lot 10 blk 431	600
E J Foster to Mary R Harris	Buchanan s Jackson, 25 6x80	3,000
Stephen Payran to Wm Agate	Spear n Mission, 22 11x137 6	1
Wm K Doherty to Maurice Dore	Parker Av n Fulton, s 80 dec, etc, also, Parker Av n Fulton, n 272 3, etc	5
Z W Deas to W S Redding	Jackson e Leavenw'th, 25 6x137 6	3,500
John Parnell to Jas Dyrnes	19th and Valencia, 75x81, also, 19th e Valencia, 30x85, also, lots 12 to 36 inc, blk 213, O Neil and Haley Tract	10,000
Martha B Hunt to John Parnell	19th and Valencia, 80x75	750
Wm R Gunn to J R Prevost	Sutter e Franklin, 40x120	6,000
Francis Doughbetty to D Spencer	Folsom ne 7th, 25x100	4,200

Saturday, March 29th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Bay View H'd to Caroline Bates	Lot 10 blk 530	$ 500
S F Real Estate As'n to Ed Martin	Sw cor Laguna and Grove, w to Buchanan, s to Hayes, e to Laguna, etc	....
Wm Anderson to A G Kinsey	Townsend 184 w Simmons, 137 6x45:10, also, Townsend 229.2 w Simmons, 137·6x45:10	5
Wm Scholle to Daniel A Clark	Nw cor Taylor and O Farrel, 62:6x87·6	18,250
C Grodans to Anna M Evers	Fillmore s Kate, s 25 w 90	3,400
Mary E Beale to Martin Clark	Sacramento w Kearny, 27 6x59·9	11,500
Pierre Frontier to C Bartlett	15th w Dolores, w 68·9 s 24.6, etc	500
Paul Tract H'd to Joseph Winsell	Lots 4 5 6 7 and 8, blk 9	2,500
Levi Parsons to Nancy M Mauer	Camp e Guerrero, 31x99 4	5
Martha B Hunt to A Harris	Valencia s 19th, 25x80	200
Martin T Ryan to Margaret Reiley	Lots 3 4 45 and 46, blk 390, Haley Tract, also, lots 21 22 27 and 28, block 381, O Neil and Haley Tract	Gift
Thos Bordon to Chas H Kilky	Octavia n Broadway, 25x127·6	4,250
J McCarthy to Mary McKenna	Grove e Gough, 27 6x69	1,550
F S Spring to Thos Knight	E DeHaro at intersection nw Berry, sw to Price, nw to King, ne to New Channel, E to pt intersect'n DeHaro, extended s to com	800
John Hunter to Wm Gorman	Ne 15th av nw G, 25x100	150
Wm Hollis to Real Est Associate	Blk 201, W A, also, Tract of land b d n by Walter, e by Steiner, etc	5
S and L Soc'y to Ellen Connolly	Se Fulton and Laguna, 120x110	part'n

Monday, March 31st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Chas S Dewing to Jas M Boyd	Se cor Union and Sharp Pl, 31x87·0	$ 700
Battista Frapolli to C Scalmanini	Filbert 77 6 w Taylor, 128 9x25 9	100
C Scalmanini to Battista Frapolli	Filbert 103.3 w Taylor, 128 9x25 9	100
Pt Lobos Av and Pk H to G Evans	Lots 57 and 58, blk 235, also, lot 39 blk 338	650
Wm T Bradbury to C O'Donnell	Lot 16 blk 843, Presidio View H'd As'n; also, lot 31 blk 2, Garden Tract H'd	500
F Bret Harte to Jos M Wood	50 v 1 and 6, blk 165, W A	....
Emile Kower to Peter Rasmussen	Teleg h Pl e Dupont, and 91·6 n Greenwich, 17 4¾x70, also, und 1-15 of sub 9 of 50 vara 503	1,750
T P Riordan to R F Osborn	Liberty w Guerrero, 30x114	800
Thos H Holt to City and Co S F	Com at 137 6 n fr Green st and 69 2½ w fr Stockton, w 68.1¾, n 22.1, e 49.2¾, se 23 10 to beg	2,700
Z W Deas to Jay V Lawrence	Greenwich n Stockton, 20x90	2,000
Solomon McCabe to same	Same	1
Chas H Kilky to Emily M Russell	Octavia n Broadway, 25x127 6	4,250
Seth Walker to S D Allen	Welder and Webster, 106 3x29·6	200

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending April 1, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
T B Bigelow to H Vrooman	Oakland S line 16th 50 w fm Jefferson, thence w 50x101·9	$1,450
E Bigelow to H N Morse	Same N e line Franklin n fr 14th x 150	4,200
T J Murphy to A W Borell	Same 50 e line Telegraph av x 115	1,800
L Hamilton to R K Jordan	Same 65x29, Academy H d	700
S Dam to F Hanson	Same N Sycamore 132 w from Grove, thence w 25x100	3,600
A ● Henry to Cal Fur M'g Co.	Same W line West 66 n fr 28th, thence n 56x110	700
Cal Fur M'g Co to F Chadbourne	Same 112x140 nw cor 28th and West	1,000
F S Chadbourne to N P Cole	Same	1,000
E Adams to A M Kellogg	Same 75x100 se cor 5th and Franklin	400
A S Baker to T F Fuller	Same W Brush 50 s 11th, s 50x50	3,000
W Hillegass to R M Kellogg	Same, 75x100 se cor 5th and Franklin	5
E B gelow to A Hemme	Same 54, 102.6 sw corner Willow and Taylor	4,650
E Taylor to G Gale	East Oakland 150x430 n corner Clay and Sullivan	2,000
Capital H d Ass'n to J Bays	Same 280x143 near Lake Merritt	1,495
Same to M J Dillon	Same 40x130, same	410
H Phelps to M L Phelps	Same W line Union 55·6 s from 24th, thence s 52x115	5
H S Greely to M A Hearne	Same 3 acs of Jones Tract, near Lake Merritt	26,130
Capital H d Ass'n to J B Taylor	Same 51x125, near Lake Merritt	750
F Taylor to G Gale	Same 150x530 n cor Clay and Sullivan	2,000
T Phillips to C H Halle	Alameda Lot 3 in blk 75, near High st	150
Jenks & Mead to G Clifford	Same 1 0x110:0 ne cor Banding and Everett	750
O H'd Ass'n to M McCoy	Oakland T'p Lot 63 in blk 4, Maxwell Tract	5
M McCoy to J McKenna	Same	1
O H d Ass'n to S E Baldwin	Same Lot 19, Maxwell Tract	5
Same to T F Fuller	Same Lot 67 same	5
Same to G H Hallett	Same Lots 61, 63 and 68, same	5
G H Hallett to T F Fuller	Same Lots 6 61 63 and 66, same	2,500
P G Buchanan to J V B Goodrich	Near Berkeley 120x137 1 and 120x277	1,600
J Brumagim to M A P de Garcia	Near Temescal creek and Telegraph av 6x221 6	600
E A Manning to O Whipple	Lynn Lots 13 and 14 in blk X	150
W Mendenhall to M Hopers	Livermore 150x150	1,400
R Mitchell to T F Bachelder	5 miles n fr Mission San Jose 160 acres	100
E & A Bennett to same	4 miles n fr Mission San Jose 150 acres	10
C Mitchell to same	Same	400

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. April 1

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

GEORGE W. McKEAND, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County.) Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. 3.

OFFICE OF THE SANTA CRUZ ISLAND COMPANY,

San Francisco, February 6, 1873.—In accordance with a resolution adopted at a meeting of the Trustees of the SANTA CRUZ ISLAND COMPANY, duly held on February 5th, 1873, a Special Meeting of the Stockholders of said Company is hereby called to be held at the office of the Company, Room No. 10, Belden's Block, No. 3 7 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, on MONDAY, the 10th day of March, 1873, at the hour of one o'clock P. M. of said day, to take into consideration and decide upon a proposition to increase the capital stock of said Company from $[illegible], divided into 6 0 shares of $40 each, the present capital stock, to $500,000, divided into 100 shares of $5,000. JUSTINIEN CAIRE, GUSTAVE MAHE, T. LEMMEN MEYER, Trustees.
March 1

ARMES & DALLAM,

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Bags, etc., 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

A WELL-KNOWN CITIZEN INSANE.

We Regret to Learn of the alarming mental condition of our well-known fellow-citizen Mr Michael Reese. It has long been observed by physicians that the strongest brains are most likely in the end to be attacked by and to yield to cerebral disorders. Yet we were disposed to hope that active as was the mental organization of Mr Reese, that he might be spared to us yet for some years of further usefulness. Even as late as the commencement of the present year his giant mind was observed to be perfectly normal in its operations, and he made his usual annual preparation to outwit the Tax Collector with his wonted coolness, precision and foresight. He assembled his legal advisers who told him directly that the new Code went into effect, and with a pencil in one hand and a copy of the tax levy in the other, observed in a voice apparently free from emotion, considering the importance of the crisis, that at the rate his property was increasing he must inevitably be a beggar in just seventeen years seven months, four days and three hours, unless this burden of taxes could be shaken off. Mr Felton, who stood by, was quite thrown off his guard by the calmness of the thought, and would have wagered his interest in the Pioche-Felton mine estate that Reese was then sane. But alas! The demon of insanity at that very moment had possession of his soul, and the maniacal fires coursed up and down his distorted system and ran riot through his nerves and tissues like the baleful poison of the Upas tree. But we refrain from indulging in sentiment, the subject being too serious. At the very instant of his marshaling his forces for an onslaught against the remorseless Austin and his unconscionable myrmidons, who would wantonly have reduced the poor millionaire to penury, he was actually meditating upon a deed which is the conclusive evidence of the final overthrow of that splendid intellect, and which, we doubt not, will be taken advantage of by his heirs-at-law to consign him to the sombre precincts of Stockton as a hopeless maniac. It appears that a Dutchman of the name of Lager, Dr Lager, we believe—an unusual name in the nomenclature of that graceful and euphonious people—recently in the city of New York let go his beer and quit. He left some books. What kind does not appear, but most likely they were books of accounts, as the price asked for them was $2,000, and from that circumstance we infer that the claims or charges in the books must have passed with the books themselves. Mr Reese had in some manner become informed of the bargain offered by the owners up the country, and reached out for it and bought them. Had he stopped there, no sufficient reason for alarm would have appeared. But he did not. He went on with that unusual deliberation and wildness that characterizes failing intellect in incipient mental disease, and gave Dr Lager's books to the University of California. No steps have been taken, so far as we know, to confine Mr Reese, but his symptoms remain serious.

INVESTIGATE THEM ALL.

If There is Anything we Hate it is favoritism. Our motto is, a fair field and no favor, and the devil take the hindmost. (There is nothing like a text of Scripture to wind up with. It relieves the monotony.) The way these investigations have been going on is all wrong. It is favoritism throughout. Broadway School, Industrial School, Deaf and Dumb Institute, Almshouse; what are all these but high-toned establishments, filling the public eye to such an extent that a man accused of misconduct in any one of them is sure of political advancement and social influence? Old Lord Chatham knew the world. When he said that he would give a letter for a good character, because he could make £50,000 by it, his head was level with the plane of the horizon. It is a certificate of eminence and a sure title to public esteem to stand in the sight of men, under a charge of utilizing the top places of the Almshouse, or creating a necessity for a pitfall in the Broadway School. But there are other public offices and servants than those to which we have alluded. Why should not they have their investigations? Is there any constitutional reason why the Inspector of diseased meats should not be inspected? He could furnish some very savory items to the daily papers. There is also the Contractor for removing carcasses of defunct beasts—why not have an investigation held, together with those, into the discharge of his trust? Both of these gentlemen are public officers engaged in the prosecution of arduous undertakings. They are entitled to public attention. There are also the several excellent citizens, engaged month after month, in Sisyphean task of purifying the pavements and corridors and asphaltum floors of the City Hall and its environs from the tracks which Nature and the principles of Chemistry combine to reproduce continually. What is to be done for these fellow-citizens? Can it be that the higher officials, puffed up by the possession of authority, pretend to ignore the claims of a class renowned in history, a class vindicated by that careful administrator, the Emperor Vespasian, in his famous question to his son Titus, on offering him a piece of gold to smell, *Num quid offendit odor?* We trust that this hitherto neglected class of our fellow-citizens will assert its rights and insist upon an investigation.

THE CITY HALL COMMISSIONERS ARE BRICKS.

The City Hall Commissioners have decided at last to build in brick. In this they have acted wisely. There has been, as usual, a desperate pull between the contractors, who in this form are always stronger than the government, and the contractors for brick have beaten the contractors for granite. And it is a good thing for all concerned that they have done so. In a city with old walks of white pine, and sewers of redwood, whose water is sold by the gallon, and gas, mixed with atmospheric air, by the square inch—where the Park is a sand-drift, and the public squares places of deposit for dead dogs, we believe that brick is good enough for a City Hall, and we hope to see one built of that substantial and inexpensive material. The question whether the building shall cost two or five millions, at a glance may not seem important, but we can tell the Commissioners that the difference between the two sums will do a good many things. First, it will buy and pay for both the Waterworks and the Gas Company's franchises, if actual cost be taken as the test of value, and no payment be made for watered stock or cooked-up statements. It would pay for the Waterworks to-day if the same were put up at auction with the pumps, cocks and hydrants all complete, provided the rate were fixed at a reasonable price for water, which now it is not. It would pay for the Gas Company's works, with all its meters, mains, pipes and franchises, if the same are sold to the highest bidder, though he be allowed to charge even the present monstrously exaggerated prices for gas as agreed upon between the owners of the both rival gas companies. It would put our Sand Park in a decent condition of verdure and arborescence. It would construct a *cloaca maxima* down Mission Creek, through Channel street to the water front and so drain the city. And when it will do these things, why should it not be allowed to do them, and why should the owners of an obscure dry granite quarries be allowed to appropriate this magnificent sum, and so, under the present already badly treated generation for the benefit of the next or the one after? We ask why?

We have Great Pleasure in drawing attention to the following circular:

Paris, March 12, 1873.

Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe—Dear Sir—You will find at my office complete files of the San Francisco *News Letter*, Daily Sacramento *Union*, Daily *Alta California*, Daily *Bulletin*, Daily *Morning Chronicle*. Which I cordially invite you to consult at your pleasure and convenience.

Mr. F. Marriott, San Francisco, Cal. Charles Le Gay.

The many friends of Charles Le Gay will rejoice to hear that after travelling over the greater part of the civilized world, and acquiring a fund of information, both literary and commercial, he has settled down in Paris, where already his business has been useful to many here in San Francisco in the shape of commissions to purchase goods for this market. He has struck out a new branch of industry in connection with San Francisco, as well as with its travelling public, which cannot fail of success. It must at the same time be highly gratifying for an old resident of California to act as interpreter and assist in effecting business transactions where judgment, experience of foreign and American interests, can be promoted by the exercise of capacity and high standing. For American gentlemen. Among the many influential Americans that have been with him, we may mention the name of Calvin Brown, of Mare Island, who is on a tour of observation for the Government, who was recommended to him by Mr Washburne, U. S. Minister to France; John Fred Sterrett, U. S. Special Agent of the Treasury Department in Europe, and others. The patent and well-known ability of Mr Le Gay to meet with universal approbation, and is said to be just the thing for that department.

THE HOGS IN THE MANGER.

Three monarchical hogs, with their bristles erect,
Once met in a solemn conclave,
Their subject the new born Republic of Spain,
What to do with it, how to behave.

Says Hog number one, "This Republican fun
Will in time shake our thrones at their base;
I think for my part, and I speak from my heart,
It's a flagrant, outrageous disgrace."

Says Hog number two, "What you say is quite true,
And Reason will no longer bear it.
Let's join it to France—our power enhance,
Let's match for it, or let us share it."

Said Hog number three, "Let us all now agree
Its Republic we never will own,
Or else let's unite, and if needs be let's fight
To put a new king on the throne."

W. L. E.

LOVELY WOMAN.

So Worship and Love are Dead, they would have us believe, have us believe there is no God any more, or only Gold. Now verily, O scoffers, too little learning doth make you mad! The true shechinah, palladium, and kaaba of all worship yet remains—shall be, like the poor, always with us. The name thereof is woman.

I told her I believed in her,
Not in the stars of Heaven;
Let Heaven, I cried, take care of Heaven!
I only care for thee!

Gold is good, indeed, most worshipful, but only in the second degree—only as the Jacob's ladder, the mediator between man and woman. And man needs a mediator. The old *fabliau* might say, "*Dieu dans le belle prière, Amour ne le met pas arrière*," but that was one ago, long before the days of Dumas' "*femme*." Let the present lover put his money in his sack's mouth, and stick his "dues prayers" in—Tyndal's gauge, thus shall he woo with the best. "It is hard to find a man so rich as to refuse a gift," says the oldest Scandinavian Edda. It might have added "and impossible to find a woman." "One man among a thousand have I found," says the Preacher, "but a woman among all those have I not found." Wise Solomon! Holmes, indeed, wants to know "Who buys our Yankee girls?" Why, the fool! the highest bidder, of course, and C. O. D., as usual. But this is nothing. Let us not make ourselves hoarse crying, with Goethe's man of the Vehm Gericht, "Ihr Gott, did not thou make her so lovely, and couldst thou not make her good?" No—take her as she is, a blooming, warm earthen girl, such as Teufelsdröckh worshiped, with lovely eyes full of naphtha fire, passably perfect, perfect to a fault—or two. God's broad maiden and mine on whoever has a word to say, or a finger to lift, against *N. L.*'s earth goddess, woman! *N. L.*'s motto is

Arms! To arms! so they be thine, woman!

THE SPRING VALLEY JOB

We Are Not in the Least Surprised at the course of the Board of Supervisors in aiding the Spring Valley Company in "doing" the city out of $22,000 "cold up," and $2,500 a month contingent. It is quite in accordance with well established custom. It has always been so from the first, and we believe will continue to be the rule with that body for all time. But what has got into our worthy Mayor? We have known him too long and too well to believe for a moment that he can be ranked with the corruptionists. Every act of his life proves the contrary. But nevertheless here is the brazen fact, and it refuses to stand aside or to be explained away. Mayor Alvord is a man to stand by the people. If there be such a man in the city, and yet he, in this instance, has aided somebody, and that somebody in office, we fear, to touch coin. Can it be true, as is quietly whispered among the *quid nunes*, that Mayor Alvord has been deceived by the water company's agents for such work into thinking that the Supreme Court is corrupt, and that the city was already beaten in advance by corruption in that lofty tribunal? If he has allowed himself to be misled by such venomous and malignant intimations thrown out in the interest of the schemers, it is time he was set right. No State in this Union to-day has a more high-minded or purer Bench than that which dispenses justice in the final appellate court of California. It may be that no such insinuation has ever been thrown out to Mayor Alvord, but we know how resolute the monopolists are in their determination to overthrow the rights of the people, and to advance their own interests. We know they hesitate at nothing, and it would not be far out of the course of practice to spread such an idea, and so alarm a faithful public servant like Mayor Alvord into consenting to a compromise which he would in such case believe to be better than to lose all.

LOSS OF THE ATLANTIC.

Scarcely Have We Recovered from the shock of horror consequent upon reading the heart-rending details of the *Northfleet* accident, when another horror, more appalling, occurs, in which four hundred and sixty-seven human lives are sacrificed. The *Atlantic* was bound from Liverpool to New York, and had on board 650 steerage passengers, 35 saloon and a crew composed of 112 besides 14 stowaways. She left on the 20th of March, and was making for Halifax to take in more coal when the dreadful accident occurred. At 2 o'clock on the morning of April 1st, the captain having retired, she struck on the rocks off the Nova Scotian shore, and in a few minutes was a complete wreck. Not a single woman or child was saved, and at present it is believed that only 250 men got ashore alive. Only three of the saloon passengers were saved, the fifth surprising, and most of the steerage passengers in their bunks. A report is current here that she left Liverpool only half supplied with coal, it making as coal was cheaper in America, to coal at Halifax. However it may be, time will tell, and if there is any one to blame, no doubt it will be found out and pushed to the utmost.

Have We a Superintendent of Streets or Not?—In the history of thoroughfares was there ever anything to compare with the infamy of San Francisco streets? We have floundered in the mud of "Dear dirty Dublin," we have rolled in the Bath and gashes of New York, we have been thumped over the hard stones of St Petersburg, we have waded about in the mingled mysteries that pile above each other in the roads of Cairo and Tunis. But all of them together sink into insignificance when compared with the streets of ours, and public places now under the benign charge of that worthy old gentleman, Capt Ashley, Superintendent of Streets and Highways. There was a time when the outskirts were passable, for they had not been interfered with and nature left to herself, after all, not so bad a road-maker. But of late the "contractors" have prevailed and all this is changed. Larkin Avenue has come to be as bad as Montgomery street, and Mission and Howard streets west of Tenth are not better than California and Bush. We don't know how it will end, but fear that citizens will be compelled, before long, to take surveying instruments with them to determine their way to and from home.

Grace Greenwood's Opinion of the San Francisco News Letter.—As for literature, one thing is, "Still they come!" Even Mr Bozy is frightened by the great bugbear, and cries for a grand tour up of his affairs, and the newspaper correspondents say that Jones and Nye need looking to for buying all the time, the company being easy, honest, rich and the other ostentatiously poor. From the Pacific coast comes a demand for the investigation of Mr Casserly. Bribery and corruption again! All the three papers stand at one can such things be! The authority for these charges is the *San Francisco News Letter*, which a Washington paper indignantly terms a "journal of high reputation." The tribute would be regarded as a good joke in 'Frisco, even by the *News Letter* itself. It is a paper which is clear at all ... so a half has hitherto been its character. It has the ferocity of a Marat and the ... Rupert ... rather than, even ... pure Celestial. It has neither the fear of Heaven nor of the Bank of California before its eyes.

NEW BOOKS
—OF—
THE WEEK.

Hand Book of Social Economy. By Edmund About. 16mo, cloth.
Enigmas of Life. By W. R. Greg. 12mo, cloth.
The Bonaparte-Patterson Marriage in 1803. By W. J. Hubbell. 12mo, cloth.
Lectures on Light. By John Tyndall, LL.D. 12mo, cloth.
Woman in American Society. By Abba Gould Woolson. 12mo, cloth.
More Worlds than One. By Sir David Brewster. 12mo, cloth.
Lars. A Pastoral of Norway. By Bayard Taylor. 12mo, cloth.
Lakeville; Or, Substance and Shadow. By Mary Healy. 8vo, paper.
Hesiod, and Thoughts. By Rev. James Davis. 12mo, cloth.
Poems by Bret Harte. Complete edition. 16mo, cloth.
Galammi Or, The Beggars. By J. B. De Liefde. 8vo, pap.
The Napoleon Dynasty; A History of the Bonaparte Family. By C. E. Lester. 12mo, cloth.
A. ROMAN & CO., Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers, 11 Montgomery st., Lick House Block.

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Aug 1.] San Francisco.

PETER SHORT,
Merchant Tailor, 1 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

DE ABORN,
Residence and office, 213 Geary street, bet Stockton and Powell, opposite Union Square. March 1

THOMAS TURNBULL,
Architect, Shiels' Block, No 129 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,
Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 29.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

JOHN CHINAMAN'S THOUGHTS.

What does our Chinaman think of?
That's what I want to know,
Where gather the straw for the bricks
Of his China-Spanish *château*.

Dreaming over the wash tub,
Wringing the soapsuds out,
Leaning over the table,
Pushing the iron about.

Face impassive above,
Iron opiates under,
The iron hiding the heater,
And the face!—we only can wonder.

O pig eyes! slant eyes!
Have ye no tale to tell?
Brighten ye never at all,
At the thought of some saffron belle?

Through this steamy mist,
Over the darkening sea,
To some stooping father's side,
Some gray-haired mother's knee?

Will she weep over her boy?
Will he be proud of his son?
And the China belle, will she
Be facile when fortune's won?

Or wilt thou but sink and sink,
Turn chiffonnier dead-beat,
End dead some day mid the offal,
An ugly sight in the street?

Good-bye! Dream but of the bright,
And Buddha guide for thy path from,
From the stroke of the long-haired hoodlum
And the brick of Hibernian wrath.

To that goal, in the land celestial,
Where will welcome thee so well,
Bowed father, tottering mother,
And waiting China belle.

The California Art Journal—one of those evanescent foam bubbles, continually cast up to the surface of our periodical literature, to dance and glitter awhile and then burst forever—recently published a full-page engraving of a gentleman, minus his trowsers, with a rapt expression of countenance, like Elder Miles Grant in a state of religious catalepsy. It purported to be a portrait of Mr John McCullough as "Coriolanus," drawn from life by a native artist. This is how it came about: Mr McCullough, deploring the low ebb at which Art stood on this coast, and feeling that something ought to be done to bring out native talent, grandly surrendered himself, toga and all, to the tender mercies of a home-born genius. Like the "noble Roman" he loves to personify, he was willing to sacrifice himself for the public weal. Another Quintus Curtius, he threw himself into the yawning breach for the good of his country, and let us hope the vengeful manes are appeased, for it is difficult to say which of the two received the more horrible mangling. We are ever favorable to the culture of æsthetics; we like to talk about encouraging home enterprise—sounds big—but *fiat experimentum in corpore vili*, our embryo John Leech or Thomas Nast should have commenced on meaner game. For instance, he might have tried his prentice hand on Michael Reese, as "Only a Jew," or Ebenezer Knowlton, as "Sir Toby Gumsucker." The most mournful part of the production is the nose. Everybody is aware that the most distinctive feature of Mr McCullough's face is his noble Roman—not to say aquiline nose. It gives a sort of patrician cast to his countenance. And when we see this majestic organ shorn of its fair proportions by some miserable "artist," and softened down to an unromantic snub, we feel like mingling our tears with those of the injured John, and cursing "the deep damnation of his taking off."

Those Long-faced Hell-tooters, the Methodists, have arrived at the conclusion that Woodward's Gardens ought not to be open on Sunday. They state that, in thus throwing the Gardens open to the public, several monkeys, who are good Methodists, have been interfered with while at their devotions. They also mention that the donkey (who is a class-leader among the higher animals) cannot possibly devote his attention to his Maker and "our boys" at the same time. A petition has been drawn up and signed, asking Mr. Woodward to forsake Mammon and be a good Methodist, to shut up the Gardens as a place of pleasure, and open them for purposes of devotion. As a bribe, these gentlemen are going to present the Gardens with some fine specimens of the ape family, brought up and trained by themselves, and calculated to improve the morals of the whole establishment. No doubt Mr Woodward will comply with their modest and proper request, and sweet strains of heavenly music will take the place of bar-talk of hilarity, souls will be saved, and Woodward will be put on the calendar as the boss saint of modern times.

What is the Matter with the live paper? Has the demijohn under De Young's desk run out, or has Bogart's arrest produced paralysis? There is an evident absence of spirit somewhere. Where is it? Here are three marked evidences of carelessness and laxity of news gathering, to'en in the *Chronicle* chugget'd lad der, too. The *Call* published the account of Lay's safe descent from the roads on Wednesday; the *Chronicle* lagged up on Thursday. The *Call* reported the case of Chinese barbarity on the 3d; the *Chronicle* only served up the spicy dish on the 4th. Lastly, some few hours after the present month was ushered in, it came out with the astounding statement that during that time sixteen persons had been committed to the Lunatic Asylum, exclusive of its own staff. Of course we know that "present month" meant last month, but that does not excuse the carelessness. Come, come, look alive down there on Clay street, save the Walk-neons a one for an ... or two, and pay attention to the proper fixing of thy sensational sheet, Pickering hath thee on the hip, and thou art halting indeed.

The Late Fenian Procession has impressed our minds with a wonderful awe, admiration and love for that most unselfish of God's creatures, a Fenian exile. With tears in our eyes have we listened to his tale of woe, and in moments of abstraction have found ourselves catching the editorial ear and relating to him, at the imaginary foes of God Ireland. Of all the many blessings that God has vouchsafed to America, none have proved of such a value in inculcating her race, promoting her peace and commerce, integrity, as the kindness of these Fenian exiles in favoring our land with their patronage. We, on our bended knees, thank Heaven for these and all its other mercies. We always knew that kind Providence has ever watched America's welfare with an unabated eye and has given her privileged dried cyclone lands. No land can produce such grizzly, such rattlesnakes, such Credit Mobiliers, such gentlemanly murderers. No, indeed, we have much to be thankful for, much to be proud of.

The Chinese seem to look at sickness from a very matter of fact point of view. If a man is sick and disabled, he is useless, and so they leave him to die at his pleasure. This is thought by some people to be inhuman. Perhaps it is. But the theory is good, and would apply to half the cut-throats (who are worse than useless) that ... up the Montgomery and California streets ... and who pounce on the newspaper ... is ... In most cases of ... it is a cure is impossible. We say leave them to die, and don't stand there and ... it ... raise your perennial appearance, ... an honest living or die as the dogs do in the pound, when unsalable and useless.

Unfortunately for the Ranters, but fortunately for himself, Mr Lay, the aeronaut, who left earth last Sunday, has descended again all safe and sound. What a nice little item for them to ... what a warning it would have been to Sabbath breakers, if Mr Lay had been picked up in ... to ... to the world. Of ... would have been ... never ... a Washington ... but what ... natural bait, they will have to use artificial. No doubt the fish will take it just as well, as usual, for their hooks always were, like their stupidity, sticking out.

All the Dailies, even to the solemn *Alta*, have had their little April-fool tricks recorded (not that it is an unusual thing, for to them each month and day is April the 1st), and why should not the *T. C.* tell his little joke? It is true that it has not the same force as some of the others have, who sent men with coffins for men who weren't dead, and reporters to interview dying men who never felt better, but still it amused him and hurt nobody. He collected all the old *Altas* and *Bulletins* he could lay his hands on, and wrapping them in *News Letter* wrappers sent them round to his friends. Imagine their disgust when, after settling down for a good cigar and read at something worth reading, they found that the tempting wrappers contained only an old BULLETIN or ALTA. How they must have cursed Pick and his bosh, and how eagerly must they have clutched the lively weekly when it did come.

Children should not play with edged tools, nor should members of the P. P. R. handle those dangerous little "memorators" known as derringers. No more will the sporting journals describe the telling way in which "Tommy landed his right on Billy's left optic," or record how "A lightning left-hander was stopped by Tommy's right." No, the little dogs of the ring will now snarl at the dead lion, and *Otium cum dignitate* will have to be the order of the day. Perhaps Tommy will join the Young Men's Christian Association, and become a shining light, or else profound doctrines at the Dashaway Hall. No, we have a better opinion of him, and if his right is damaged, think he has a little sense left.

Strikes seem the order of the day, for the Occidental waiters, flushed with the glories of St Patrick's Day, have determined to have five dollars a month more or else no more cracker slinging for them. We say go it, Mick. The visitors will be all the better off, for surely worse waiters never carried a napkin than these sons of Hibernia. They are seldom civil, often dirty, and always slow. When this slight temporary inconvenience blows over, we hope to see good men filling up their places. No one makes a better waiter than a negro, and we are surprised that some of our hotel men don't prefer them to the ignorant self-sufficient Celts.

A Correspondent calls our attention to an interview, reported in a late number of the *Figaro*, between our dog Jack and its dog Johns. The following is an extract: "Jack smiled in contemptuous manner with his nose and wagged in a friendly manner with his tail, thus expressing two distinct emotions at the same time—contempt for his master, affection for us." Now, why should the one end of Dog Jack manifest contempt for us? And why should the other end express affection for Mr Johns? Ah, poor Jack! You are a sad dog, but there is at least one part of you which retains a lively sense of favors bestowed.

Never Since the Hanging of Turpey, the other day, has there been such excitement in the rural districts. Vigilance committees are being rapidly formed, men stand in threatening groups upon the streets, women and children are being removed to places of safety, and all the free-lunch tables have been covered with iron gratings. The commotion is understood to have its origin in an item which appeared in the *Call's* San Jose letter on Wednesday last, viz: "Dr. Lucky, Principal of the State Normal School, will start soon on a lecturing tour through the State in the interest of the school and education generally."

The Chronicle gives a certain test of death, namely, tying a piece of string round the tip of the finger. If the tip swells and grows blue red, there is still life. The *Town Crier* has a much better and more simple mode of seeing if people are dead, and has tried it with wonderful success in several instances. He reads to us and his voice half a column from the live paper's Sunday edition. If they don't get up and kick him, groan, or otherwise express extreme disgust, they are indeed dead—dead—dead! He has tried this plan so successfully with wives supposed to be dead, that husbands now object to the test.

Poor Mary Kiedler, an innocent girl of sixty Summers, has, after eight years' experience of illicit love with E. Nelson, arrived at the conclusion that she has been betrayed. Poor girl, how we pity her! We can picture to ourselves the tears of outraged innocence coursing down her wrinkled cheeks and washing the peach-like bloom from them. O, unworthy namesake of the hero of Trafalgar, thus to trifle with a young heart and ruthlessly to scuttle such a fair craft when within sight of port. The *T. C.* kissed his late wife's grandmother, the other day, and now lives in hourly fear of being the defendant in a breach of promise suit.

John P. Wilson, who left this vale of tears on Tuesday, per his own pistol, for a better world, was kindly left on exhibition fifteen hours *in statu quo* by the Coroner. No doubt that worthy and efficient official thought that the sight would be a warning to those contemplating suicide. It was kind and considerate of him. As Mr Wilson chose the lively neighborhood of Lone Mountain for the theater of his tragedy, we fear the Coroner's kind thoughtfulness was misplaced. They see so many funerals up that way that they don't scare worth a cent at a corpse.

So the Poor Old City's been done brown again. $7,000 gone in bad hose; that's the way the money goes. Well, suck away at her, but as the *T. C.* is going to run for a Supervisor at the first opportunity, save a little milk in her much drained udder. It is computed that a Supervisor of ordinary capacity can become independent in three years, wealthy in four, and a millionnaire in five. After that they drop into constant supplies of whisky, even as good as they drink, will weaken in time the best regulated money making brain.

Civil Service Reform has gone in, and Mr George Wm Curtis has gone out. We could have told how it would be, if we had been consulted in the beginning, for we saw how the *Bulletin* went. The moment the *Bulletin* knows which side will win, it goes in and lifts the bull's eye, but when it comes out at the beginning of a movement and commits itself to a policy, that policy is sure to go to the wall. The *Bulletin* went for Civil Service Reform from the start.

A Truly Generous-hearted Man has turned up in a certain Sharkey, a German, who tried to bleed himself to death in order that his wife might be happy with another. He would have succeeded, had not the landlady, objecting to having her room messed up, called in a policeman. Like George Francis Train, and other noble-minded men, his generosity was mistaken for insanity, and he is to be taken to his wife in Stockton.

It Has Often Been Said, and we may have said it also, because we thought it might be agreeable to the people with whom we were at the time, that the Castilian mind is not capable of fully appreciating the principles of true republicanism. Such theories, however, will be overthrown when we mention the fact that the Spanish Vice-Consul at Paris has lately absconded, leaving a deficit of $70,000 in his accounts.

Captain Wilson will re-open his Amphitheater with a brilliant array of sawdust talent. We understand that Pickering has made an arrangement to take several bushels of the same per week in exchange for his old timber, of which the public is more than heartily weary. P—— always was an enterprising genius.

James Montgomery, aged eleven, while playing "Hanging Foster," yesterday, at the residence of his parents, in Brooklyn, strangled himself to death. His parents will think that hanging is played out. The deceased has a surviving brother, however, and the neighbors hope it isn't.

Robert Taylor, who, it is almost unnecessary to say, is a married man, has been arrested for attempting to outrage a Mrs. Kate O'Connor. Mrs. O'Connor is fifty years of age, and it is thought that Mr. Taylor's counsel will set up a plea of insanity.

J. P. Martin, an old and esteemed citizen of San Jose, is a candidate for the office of City Marshal. He is in the drug business. At first he thought of standing for Coroner, but in view of the recent Credit Mobilier disclosures it was thought better that he should not.

John Moor, alias Alcohol Jack, was found drowned in the bay, at the corner of Davis and Vesey streets. We often hear of experts would kill a cat never water. It points a moral to all old drunks, never to take water after their grog.

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CALIFORNIA FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

Delivered immediately on the arrival of the mails in New York, Liverpool, London, Paris, Hamburg, Frankfort, Berlin, Suez, Alexandria, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Melbourne, Auckland, Sydney and Islands of the Pacific Ocean.

Established July 20, 1856.)

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1873. No. 10.

BIZ.

Business Begins to Present a more cheerful aspect. Orders for goods are now coming in from Oregon and other marts farther north. Some of our Front street houses are crowded with country custom, while others there is a dearth at the moment. Nevertheless it is very observable that the Spring trade is upon us with encouraging aspects. It is not our merchants and well-stocked traders that are [illegible] with their complaints of dull times and money scarcity. It is the disappointed street operators, stock speculators and those who are living by their wits, waiting for something to turn up for their special advantage. It is those who a twelvemonth since lost their all in the mining furor of 1872, and who have ever since been "bucking the tiger," hoping to get back those inflated fortunes that were then piled up at corner of California and Montgomery streets, and which were so suddenly wiped out by the terrible blast which soon followed and has ever since been drawing them [illegible] from those not yet fully "skinned." Well, be it so, we are not half as bad off as the New Yorkers with their depreciated currency, threatening now a commercial revolution throughout the Eastern States. Values here are more stable. Fewer fluctuations than at the East, where depreciated paper currency [illegible] can make. Here we have nothing but gold and silver. It is true the supply has been lessened for the time being by heavy remittances East to take advantage of Wall street rates running up to 1/32 per cent. per day for the use of [illegible]. Lucky for the New Yorkers that they have California gold to draw upon in this emergency.

California Exports in Wheat, Flour, Wool, Wine, and other home products, have been [illegible] of great moment to us. As before stated in these columns, they footed up $70,000,000 in 1872 and one of the produce, including the yield of precious metals upon the Pacific Slope last year fell little short of placing $100,000,000 to the credit of the West. It has enabled us to pay off our floating debt, and placed us in the front rank of States. Our merchants, too, are for the most part creditors of the East. We buy our goods, wares and merchandise for cash; we prefer to discount our bills of purchase; and with another year of bountiful crops, the like of which was never before realized here or elsewhere, we will continue to carry aloft the triumphal banner. This is no vain boasting; figures do not lie. The statistics of the port of San Francisco will bear out the truth of this article. And now what do we behold? A year of prosperity is again dawning upon us, the season is every way propitious to the agriculturist, the Wheat plant is luxuriant, the fields teem with Corn and Wine, and the mountains and the hills are covered with sheep and cattle bringing forth their increase. Indications now point to a greater Wheat crop than ever before harvested. It is safe to say that we will have *thirty, perhaps forty, million* bushels of Wheat the coming harvest.

Our Import Markets are not active at the moment, but as our interior stocks are being rapidly reduced, a revival of demand will soon be in order. Bags and Bagging are called for. Standard Grain Sacks, to arrive, are salable at 12c., while Hessian piece goods begin to be inquired for. Building Materials of nearly every description are sought after, showing progress. Candles are steady in price, with a fair demand. Cement is more called for. Coffee is held with firmness at 17@19c. for Greens. Coals are plentiful and cheap, owing to increased coast supplies. Cordage is in large local supply. Chemicals are steady in price. Fish are in good demand. Salmon are, however, scarce for the season, but this year's catch promises to be large. Fruits are in moderate supply. Oranges not as plentiful as usual. Gunny Bags are out of first hands. Gunpowder is in large demand, blasting selling at $[illegible] per keg. Hardware is in better request. Malt Liquors are in full supply, Ale particularly so, Porter is less abundant. Metals are held with increased firmness. The price of Norway Iron has been advanced ½c per pound. English Iron is unchanged. Scotch Pig Iron is held firmly at $[illegible] for Scotch. American Hard Iron, $50@53. Quicksilver firm at 95c. Naval Stores from $5 [illegible] 50. Oils are regarded pretty steady. Petroleum, in barrels, 32½c.; in tins, 36@41c. Provisions are in good request. Sugar-cured Hams 14½@15c.; Bacon, 11@13c.; Lard, 10@11c.; Best Table Butter, 25@30c.—latter for gilt-edged; of this, 100,000 lbs. shipped in March to New York and 20,000 lbs to St. Louis, Missouri.

Rice Imports the first quarter of the year show a falling off, as compared with corresponding period of 1872. On the 1st of January last, we had a stock in warehouse of 1[illegible] mats of China, the same received during the quarter 80,000 mats, leaving the stock of this description on hand March 31st at 101,775 mats. This statement is exclusive of all other sorts—Siam, Japan, Patna, etc. Of the three named varieties, there now remains of Japan about 2,250,000 lbs., of Siam, 2,2[illegible] 000 lbs., and of Patna, 2,000,000 lbs., showing a depreciation in the three kinds for the first quarter of the year of something over 1,000,000 lbs., and of this one-half, Siam, was exported. There is now, we believe, but one full cargo of China en route. The market does not rally as we had hoped, yet there is a slight increase in the demand for China within the range of 5½@6¾c. Strictly No 1 China is held at 7c.; No 2, 5¾@6¼c.; re-cleaned Siam, 6¾@7¼c for choice; Japan Table is quite unsalable; Hawaiian, 8@9c.; Carolina, 10c.

Wheat.—Business is less urgent now than at any period for nine months previously. Our total exports for the first nine months of the current harvest year aggregate (Flour included) 9,288,000 ctls, of the value of $10,574 45[illegible]. Our total receipts for the same period, 9,750,000 ctls. Adding Flour reduced to Wheat, and the aggregate of the two is 10,045,000 centals Wheat. Oregon receipts for the same period approximate 69,000 bbls Flour and 12,500 ctls Wheat, making a grand aggregate of Wheat handled here the last nine months 10,200,000 ctls, being a large excess over any previous like period. There is considerable surplus remaining in the State yet to be exported, and vessels enough on the berth or chartered to convey the same to the United Kingdom. Our market is at this writing very slack under the influence of unfavorable Liverpool advices. Last quotations, 11s 4d@11s 6d for average, 11s 9d@12s for California Club. The sales for the period under review, so far as made public, include 25,000 sks choice at $1 65; 10,000 sks, fair to good, at $1 56@1 62½; Coast ranges at $1 60@1 75, according to quality. At the close, we quote choice samples milling at $1 62½@1 65 per ctl, with limited offerings.

Sugar Imports in 1873 are thus far much less than last year. Statistics for the first quarter of the year show a considerable falling off in our imports as compared with same time last year. This is particularly striking in Hawaiian, exhibiting a falling off of about 1,500,000 lbs. In 1872 we received about 21,000 kegs, against 10,500 in same period of 1873. This comparison will also apply to other kinds, but the falling off is more felt in Hawaiian, as the grocers deal very heavily in it. The Moses Taylor, from Honolulu, brought us only 452 kegs; the British ship Wm Frolo, from Manila, brought 29,380 bags to the California Refinery. China is now held at 9½@10½c for the three grades. Hawaiian rules from 8½@13c. There is no change in California Refined. The rates agreed are as follows: Cube and Crushed 12½c.; Powdered, 12½c.; Granulated, 11¾@12c.; Yellow "C," 10c. The Ka Moi, from Honolulu, 20 days' passage, arrived on the 3d inst., with 6,617 kegs prime grocery grades.

Teas, are unchanged in value; stocks moderate, waiting for the new crop. The Pacific Mail Steamship China, from Hongkong via Yokohama, Japan, arrived here on the morning of the 3d inst., bringing a large number of Chinese and other passengers, and for cargo 8,053 pkgs Tea, 251 pkgs Silk, and 8,010 pkgs Merchandise. Of this, Tea 1,036 pkgs, Silks 253 pkgs, and Sundries 65 pkgs, go overland to New York; and for Chicago, 232 pkgs Tea; for Montreal, 3 pkgs, and for Boston, 2 pkgs. The entire balance of the cargo is for this city.

Export Markets.—Home products continue in good supply. Wheat sells at $1 75@1 8[illegible] per cental. Flour, $4 [illegible]@5 75 per 196 lbs. Barley, $1 30@1 40. Oats, $2 20@2 40 per cental. Corn, $1 17½@1 25. Beans, $1 70@3 per cental. Hay, $16@22 per ton. Bran, $18. Middlings, $26 per ton. Wool 14@25c per lb. Hides: Dry, 18@19½c.; Wet, salted, 9@9½c. Cotton—California grown, 18@20c—increased attention is being given to Cotton and Tobacco culture on the Pacific slope. Freights, to Liverpool, £3 15s., to Cork for orders, £4; Barley to Melbourne, £4.

Our Grain Fleet to the U. Kingdom is becoming more and more formidable.

	Wheat Ctls	Value.
Total since July 1st, 1872 .. 250 vessels...	8,622,532	13,391,147
57 vessels since July 1, 1871, with	1,777,976	2,796,900
115 vessels since July 1, 1870, with	3,496,271	6,91?,377
154 vessels since July 1, 1860, with	4,305,329	7,198,748

Besides all this, Oregon has sent off direct to the United Kingdom 13 vessels, carrying 521,821 centals Wheat valued at $915,219. We have now 16 vessels on the berth that will carry 16,812 tons register, and more yet chartered that are to arrive and be dispatched before the close of the season.

Flour.—The market favors the buyer. We note a sale to Government of 1,200 sks, each 100 lbs net, Vallejo Starr Mills Extra, at $2 50 ℔ sack, equivalent to $5 ℔ 196 lbs. This is the lowest price reached in a long time. 1,000 bbls National Mills Superfine, for export, sold at $5. The ship Acapulco, for Queenstown, carried the bulk of 5,637 bbls Starr Extra, a much less quantity than was expected. The steamship Alaska, for Hongkong, carried 10,320 qr sks Superfine and 527 bbls Extra; also, to Japan, 210 bbls, 310 hf sks, and 2,163 qr sks. The Clara Bell, for Manila, carried the equivalent of 2,800 bbls. We quote Golden Age and Golden Gate, and other fancy brands Extra, at $5 50 @ $5 75; Extra Superfine, $5 @ $5 25; Superfine, $4 50 @ $4 80 ℔ 196 lbs. Our Flour exports for the nine months of the current harvest year aggregate 213,000 bbls, and of which 53,863 bbls were shipped during the month of March. This Flour movement is exclusive of that sent East overland, and which is of some importance, including Marysville and Tehama Mills, to the extent of several thousand bbls. By last accounts the latter was selling in Chicago at $12 ℔ bbl, currency.

Wool.—The receipts of Spring clip will from this time on be liberal. We now want the appearance of Eastern buyers. Orders are here, it is true, but at very low limits. The stock of last year's Spring clip is yet considerable, but the demand is light. Sales for the week approximate 50,000 lbs Spring and Fall fleece, upon terms reserved. We quote this season's clip at 18@22c for average; extra choice, 23@25c; burry and inferior very unsalable at low figures. Quotations nominal.

Hides.—The market is said to be dull at a slight decline. In making our quotations, 18@19½c, it is understood that they are of the "usual selection"—that is, culls, they are one third off from the gross weight. All dry Hides are thus dealt in, both here and at the East, and it is becoming more common to do the same with green salted, the latter generally used here by local tanners and not shipped, while at present tanners are not very sharp buyers. The bulk of the dry Hides sold here are shipped East. Sales for the week, 3,000, about equally divided between dry and wet. We quote the latter at 8½@9½c.

Maurice Dore & Co. held an auction sale of real estate on Wednesday. The attendance was unusually large, and bidding at times quite spirited. Details are as follows: Lot on the west side of Seventh street, distant 250 feet south from Folsom street, 25x90 feet, with the two-story, seven-roomed house thereon, sold under a mortgage foreclosure, for $4,000. Lot on the south side of Bush street, 90 feet west from Dupont street, 41½x60 feet, with improvements, $9,500, subject to confirmation of Probate Court. Lot forming the northwest corner of Sansome and Broadway streets, 137½ feet on the former and 109½ feet on the latter street, with the brick improvements thereon, sold by order of executor, $90,500. The Pavilion Block, in Hayes Valley, was offered in 43 subdivisions, the boundaries being Hayes, Grove, Laguna and Buchanan streets. The corner lots sold as follows: Northwest corner of Hayes and Laguna, 31½ feet on the former and 72 feet on the latter street, $3,600; southwest corner of Grove and Laguna, same size, $3,700; southeast corner of Grove and Buchanan, same size, $2,750; northeast corner of Hayes and Buchanan, same size, $3,100. Inside lots on the north side of Hayes street, 25x120 feet, running through to Ivy avenue, sold from $65 to $74 per foot, or from $1,625 to $1,850 per lot. Inside lots on the south side of Grove street, same size, brought from $59 to $66 per front foot. Aggregated, the block realized $68,900, which is considered a full market figure. A piece of business property forming the northeast corner of Third and Mission streets, 20 feet on the former and 57½ feet on the latter street, with the three-story brick building thereon, was sold with an "if" for $31,250. At the time of going to press, the sale was still progressing.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" VOLUME 3 NUMBER 2.

The Special and Authorised Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1873. No. 11.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, CALIFORNIA China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—890@875—SILVER BARS—1½@1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86@86½c. Mexican Dollars, 4½@5½c.

☞ Exchange on N. York, 6-10@6-10½ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 15½ per cent. On London, Bankers 49@49¼; Commercial 49¼@50; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1½.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, April 10, at 3 P. M., 118. Latest price of Sterling, 107½@107¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. April 11, 1873

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	101	102	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	115	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	100	101	Oakland 10s	100	100
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	100	101	Spring Valley Water Co	80	81
Legal Tender Notes	85¼	85¾	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100		Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	90	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	53¾	55
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	95	—	Front St. M. and O. R. R. Co	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s.	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co	63½	—
Sacramento City Bonds.	30	32½	Merchants Mutual M. Ins. Co	60	63
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co....	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	95	Union Insurance Co	90	92½
Santa Clara Bonds, s	90	—	Pacific Bank	—	90
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	125	130
San Francisco Gas Company.	55	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor California and Leidesdorff streets

CALIFORNIANS ABROAD.

Paris.—C. W. Boynge, Grand Hotel; Mrs P. Chrystal and family, 8 Rue Balzac; J. S. Hager, Mrs J. S. Hager, Hotel du Louvre; Mrs. F. A. Massey, 11 Rue Jacques Deolly; Mrs. General Keyes, Miss Keyes, 10 Rue Lord Byron; Thos. Menzies, N. M. Roberts, Hotel Maurice; M. P. Sealon, Hotel Beau Sejour; Wm. Sillem, Mrs. Wm. Sillem, Hotel d'Orient. **Nice.**—Levy Stevens, Mrs. Levy Stevens, Miss Dollie Stevens, Hotel de la Mediterranee. **London.**—C. J. Brenham, Mrs. C. J. Brenham, Capt'n C. H. Harrison, Langham Hotel; Mrs. Harrison, 10 Duchess street; H. S. Homans, Mrs Homans and family, Langham Hotel; Hon. George Turner, Mrs. Turner, Miss Nellie Turner, 45 Tavistock Square.—*American Exchange.*

Quicksilver.—We have received the annual report for 1872, of the "Quicksilver Mining Company," of which Daniel Drew is President, and from it we condense the following data, premising that the quicksilver market is wholly under the control of the Rothschilds in Europe, who have leased the Almaden mines of Spain, and of D. O. Mills, of San Francisco, who contracted for the entire product of the New Almaden mines of California, not to exceed 21,000 flasks a year. The yield for 1872, was 19,574 flasks of 76½ pounds each, of which 3,158 flasks were delivered to mills under an old contract for $31 per flask, and 15,416 flasks, under a new contract, for $50 50 per flask, yielding $876,406 for the company, whose entire receipts, including rentals and from miscellaneous sources, were $909,870 72. During the whole year quicksilver ruled at 65 cents and upward, being now worth 95 cents per pound. At 85 cents the actual market value of 19,574 flasks would be $1,297,774, leaving a handsome margin of profit for D. O. Mills, who, however, has to pay John H. Redington a commission of 5 per cent. on every flask sold; but in turn, is required to pay for the metal, one-half cash on delivery, and the balance in sixty days afterward. The report thus shows that the company is far better circumstanced than for many years past. It has no floating debt, has purchased $200,000 first mortgage bonds, besides owning in cash and quicksilver, undelivered, more than $200,000, $73,000 in materials and supplies, and $40,000 in ore. Upon this showing Daniel Drew says, "In view of these facts, the Board do not deem themselves over sanguine in holding out to the stockholders the hope of a dividend at no distant day."

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, April 10th, 1873.—Gold opened at 118, 11 A. M. at 118, 1 P. M. at 118¼. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 117½, 1867, 118½. Sterling Exchange, 107¾@108½. Pacific Mail, 56¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 41. Wheat, $1 90@$2 10 quiet. Pork, 16@17¼. Cotton, 19½. Hides, 24½@25 salted, 12c., quiet but steady. Oil—Sperm, steady, $1 52@$1 55; Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 75, steady; Whale, weak, 65@68c.; Winter Bleached, 72@77c., quiet. Wool: Spring, fine, 30@36c.; Burry, 25@28c.; Pulled, 40@55c. Fall Clips, 22@28c.; Burry, 16@25c. LONDON, April 10.—Liverpool Wheat Market 11s. 5d.@11s. 9d. Club, 11s 9d.@12s. United States Bonds, 90½. Consols, 93¾@93½. Account, 93½. No report to-day 11th, (Good Friday.)

The Union Pacific Railroad Company report their net earnings for January and February at $774,923, against $35,955 for the same time last year. The small amount for last year was partially owing to the snow blockade.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

The Following Exhibits our Grain Exports for the first nine months of the harvest year commencing July 1st, 1872, exclusive of shipments overland.

To	Flour, bbls.	Wheat centals	Barley centals.	Oats centals.
New York, etc.	10,725	8,358	....	....
Great Britain	11,802	8,517,242	201	....
China	100,267	1,116	60	1,502
Japan	5,052	....	170	668
Hawaiian Islands	5,000	496	18	718
Mexico	415	9	213	139
British Columbia	2,415	414	8,874	194
Australia	16,118	123,971	15,067	....
Central America	21,458	39	392	....
Panama	9,899	3	27	....
Tahiti	4,637	568	3,167	12
Manilla	5,000	....	....	....
New Zealand	1,256	....	15,400	....
South America	3,716	....	142,193	....
South Sea Islands	231	....	....	....
Africa	2,500	2,042	....	....
Russian Possessions, Asia	2,694	....	....	....
Totals, 1873	213,439	8,680,270	185,819	3,908
Totals, 1872	202,802	1,120,291	9,963	7,430
Totals, 1871	170,579	3,517,545	131,964	11,931

Fifteen Million Dollars and a New Bank.—What a golden prospect opens to our view. Three millions of pounds sterling to be added to our circulating medium. We fervently pray to Mammon that such is the case. No paper millions on which a per centage is paid in as working capital, but good money to lend and money to invest, money to advance on improvements, money to sow our millions of acres with grain, money to bring it to market and find its manifold return, money to enable us to go into the bowels of the earth and lay bare its treasures, money to cover the land with steam plows and railroads, and factories, and mills and inducements to emigration, that is what we want. Bring the real hard stuff and you will be blessed; bring a fiction and be damned, for there is no jealousy in capital. Money makes money, and that which increases the actual gold capital of a state increases the wealth of those who were formerly the distributers of that gold.

To the Dividend-Declaring Institutions of San Francisco is now added the State Investment Insurance Company, which, by order of the Board of Directors declared a dividend for the month of March of one per cent. It was under consideration to declare one and a half per cent., but it was finally resolved to carry the overplus of earnings to the reserve fund for the purpose of strengthening the capital of the Company. Tyler Curtis resigned his position as President on account of ill health, which requires him temporarily to retire from active business, and in his place as President was elected Peter Donahue, and for Vice-President A. J. Bryant.

Rye Patch Mill and Mining Company.—In our last issue, attention was called to the results obtained from the working of the above company's ores, evidenced by the shipments of bullion to the company's office. Since then matters are proceeding satisfactorily. Superintendent Hoffman, under date of April 10th, telegraphs the shipment of four (4) bars of bullion for the week up to that date, aggregating 2,100 ounces, and that hereafter he will make daily shipments. The cost of mining and milling, as appears from the company's books, is from $3,100 to $3,500 per month. Let those who are looking for good things, examine these facts and figures.

At Private Sale we note sales of Burlap Piece Goods, say 50,000 yards, 40 inch, at 11¼c; Grain Sacks at 16c; Wool Sacks at 70c. According to latest advices there is at date the equivalent of 5,000,000 Grain Sacks now en route to this port via Cape Horn.

A Dividend of 1½ per cent for the month, amounting to $9,000, has been declared by the Giant Powder Company, payable on the 15th instant.

The Metal Market continues without life or animation. Scotch Pig Iron, $55@60 per ton; Hard, English and American, $53@55.

The Union Insurance Company have declared a dividend of 3 per cent. for the quarter ending March 31st.

The Bank of California will pay a monthly dividend of one per cent next Tuesday.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

THE LITTLE GRAVE.

It's only a little grave, they said,
Only a little child that is dead,
And so they carelessly turned away
From the mound the spade had made that day
Ah! they did not know how deep a shade
That little grave in our home had made.

I know the coffin was narrow and small,
One yard would have served for an ample pall,
And one man in his arms could have borne away
The rosebud and its freight of clay.
But I know what dashing hopes were hid
Beneath that coffin lid.

I know that a mother had stood that day
With folded hands by that form of clay,
I know that burning tears were hid
'Neath the drooping lash and aching lid,
And I knew her lip, and cheek, and brow,
Were almost as white as her baby's now.

I knew that some things were hid away,
The crimson dress, and the wrapping gay;
The little sack, and the half-worn shoe,
The cap with its plumes, and tassel blue,
And the empty crib with its cover spread,
As white as the face of the sinless dead.

'Tis a little grave, but, O, beware!
For the world wide hopes are buried there,
And ye, perhaps, in coming years,
May see like her, through blinding tears,
How much of light, how much of joy
Is buried up with an only boy.

Mrs G. W. Burke, Virginia.

VERY CHEAP SCIENCE.

Professor Carr, of the University of California, is not a learned man, neither is he a wise man, but there is no reason why he should expose his own deficiencies, by undertaking to lecture the public on matters manifestly beyond his comprehension. He is popular as a lecturer, for several reasons. He is thick-set and beavy-headed, and clearly able to carry an immense weight of thought. The expression of his face is perfect; no man is half as wise as Prof. Carr looks. He has complete self possession. Once before his audience, he goes on without a break in the flow of his easy, conversational talk, explaining, to the delight of all, that chloride of sodium is common salt, or that air is necessary to most of us, or that without a knowledge of agriculture man would be a miserable creature and most probably unable to till the ground. The gravity with which these and similar truths are laid down, in a half-confidential way, as revelations of the latest and severest science, never fails to win the applause of his hearers, and the announcement of a lecture by Prof. Carr is sure to fill the Hall. Men will do anything and go anywhere rather than sit with their own thoughts for an hour or two, and this terror of themselves it is which drives them to chess-rooms and bar-rooms, billiard-rooms and clubs, and lectures. They know that a man has nothing to say, that he will say it fluently and with illustrations, and that they read the very thing itself in a magazine six weeks before, but they go and take their seats, and cheer the grinder till he ceases from very weariness.

Prof. Carr's latest exercitation was on Saturday last, on the moderately wide field of "Man and Climate."

He agreed with the "wise ancients" that "man is a miniature universe;" and naturally proceeded to turn him into a "Jacob's ladder, on which angels descend and ascend, with God at the top, the earth at the bottom, and man the great audience." We lost our way at first in the gorgeous imagery of this noble passage, where God seems to slide up and down on top of the angels, man, the great audience of himself, being the Jacob's ladder which just before was the miniature universe. A little study cleared up the mist; and we recognized, with pleasure, in the Jacob's ladder our friend Prof. Carr, up and down whose person angels do continually trot, while God sits up above, and on the earth at the bottom is man, the great audience of the greater Professor.

"Climate, soil and wood give character to the inhabitants of a country," we are told, "but the principal material to support a large family of men must depend on the climate." This is not very clearly put, but it seems to mean that a large family of men may do without soil and wood, but they must have a commodity of air to support them, and there is some truth in the proposition. We never met with a large family that did not consume a good deal of air, and so far as we know the custom is general throughout the world. We do not defend it, but how is it possible to condemn unreservedly a practice seemingly essential to the moral well-being of a numerous family?

Having comfortably settled his large family, Prof. Carr showed by the example of the United States that 40,000,000 of people would in thirty six years increase to 120,000,000, mainly by the influence of climate. If this be true, as we hope it is, we cannot understand why other countries, which have lasted a good while, such as France or England, for instance, have not been filled up with population, for, if the United States have climate, so have England and France. It is true that the climate of the United States is an American climate, and, therefore, more productive than that of other countries, but how, then, is it that the United States, two hundred years ago, had only a few hundred thousand inhabitants, when the same productive climate had been at work for thousands of years? Is not Professor Carr's reasoning a good deal like filling one's belly with the east wind?

Heat, says the Professor, impairs the physical strength of man, and he points to the negro as a proof of his assertion, the fact being that the physical strength of the negro is remarkably great, greater, there can be no doubt, than that of the white man. The superiority of the temperate regions is proved by the fact that Greece was more advanced in the arts than Southern Asia or Northern Africa, while "England, the home of Shakespeare, is superior to all." In the next paragraph we are told that the Scotch are superior to the English, and the Irish to the Scotch; which seems to be an Irish way of accounting for the superiority of England. The inevitable California comes in for her share. "With proper care we can establish here a race superior to any in the world, because there is no climate more favorable to physical development." With all our heart, but why did this wonderful climate give us the splendidly developed Digger Indian? The descendants of the Portuguese settlers in Papua have degenerated in color and form, for a very simple reason. They had no European women to marry, but took native wives. Under similar circumstances there would be very little of Dr. Carr's physical and mental perfections visible in his descendants of the fourth generation. "With different climates," says the man of science, "we have different customs and manners, and hence an empire extending east and west must be the greater one. This, I believe, was the cause of the great prosperity of the Roman Empire." It used to be thought that the character of the Roman people, and their organization, social, political and military, had more than a little to do with their prosperity as a nation; but this was a short-sighted and vulgar way of reasoning, now happily abolished. It was, however, consistent with itself, and we cannot say as much for Prof. Carr's theories, which seem to be made to contradict each other. If an empire extending east and west must be prosperous, why did the Arabian Empire vanish so rapidly from the sight of men? Why did the Egyptian Empire persist in enduring for thousands of years, in flagrant violation of the "great cause" of imperial prosperity? Or how is it that "England, superior to all," lies north and south, and has done so for some time?

It is pleasant for Americans to think that they have a country lying east and west, and sure, on that account, of a glorious future, but they must be mortified to learn that, when they have the whole continent, they will go to pot, because their extension will be north and south. Nothing goes so directly east and west as a parallel of latitude, and unheard-of power awaits the people, who are sagacious enough to string out their whole population, one behind the other, exactly on, let us say, the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude. And yet we are bound to say that this pleasant theory seems to find favor in the eyes of Dr. Carr, from the ebullitions of a personal spite against degrees of longitude, his lectures showing that while he requires the almost latitude in his subjects, he frets at being obliged to recognize any limits in length.

The Daughter of George Sand, it is stated, is going to be married to a former Catholic priest, named Touanne. The bridegroom is now, despite his clerical antecedents, proprietor of a livery stable at Tours, and is reputed to be quite wealthy.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	ARRIVE A.M.	ARRIVE P.M.
Alameda		5.40 / 9 40		1.00 / 9 00
Benicia and Vallejo (by C P R R Co's steamers		1 40	11 15	
Cloverdale and Coast Points		1 40	11 15	
Eureka				
Marysville and Sacramento	6 30	3 40	3 40	5 00
Napa Route via Vallejo		3 40	12 40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 30			9 10 / 5.10
Oakland	6 30	3 40		9.00
Overland	6.30			9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points		1 15		12.00
San Rafael	9 15		9 00	
San Jose	8.00	4 15	9 30	6 10
Southern California and Arizona	6 00			6 10
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3 40	5 40	9 10
Vallejo and Benicia	7.00	3 40	12 40	9 40
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		3 40		2 40
Great Britain, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays		9 30		

Mails Departing by steaming steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

General Delivery open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily, except Sundays.

N. B STONE, P. M.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $750,000. Officers: John H Redington, President; George H Howard, Vice President; Charles H Story, Secretary; S. D. Eddy, Marine Secretary; H H Bigelow, General Manager. Directors—San Francisco—Geo H Howard, F D Atherton, H F Teschemacher, A B Gregan, John H Redington, A W Bowman, C S. Hobbs, B. M Hartshorne, D Conrad, Wm H. Moor, Geo S Johnson, H N Tilden, W M Greenwood, S L Jones, Geo S Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W H Foster, Jr, Jos Galloway, W. T Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A P Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P Wasserman, B Goldsmith, L F Grover, D Macleay, C H Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J A. Crawford, H M. French, J. Loewenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W L Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D E Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J F Houghton, D W Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Weizlar, Manager, I Lenman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H Hewlett, Geo. S Evans, J. D Peters, S M Orr, W F McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H M Fanning, H H Hewlett, Manager, S. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J S Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B D Murphy, J J Denny, Manager, A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T W. Sigourney. Feb. 11.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, S. J T Dana, M J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W C Ralston, I Lawrence Pool, A Weill, N. G Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J Baum, M D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G Brignardello, George C Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H Baird, T. F Lindenberger. Sacramento—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. Marysville—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. Portland, O.—Henry Failing. New York—J G Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N G KITTLE, Vice President.
Charles D. Haven, Secretary. Geo T. Bohen, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 11 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,052,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO C BOARDMAN, General Agent.
Wm. Macdonald, Agent. Nov 21.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 435 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital $300,000. Directors: W W Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S Wright, W H Commings, C F MacDermot, James M Haney, C W Kellogg, A W Jee, Peter Dean, John H Wise, Chas J Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E T Gile, Charles Main, W B Hooper, G L Bradley, James Phelan, D H Haskell. Sacramento: H S Crocker, N D Thayer, F S Freeman.
C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G Horner, Secretary. Jan 18.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over Nine Millions Dollars. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy holders. This is the Only Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,-750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re insurance, $1,350,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
W. L BOOKER, Agent,
No. 319 California street, San Francisco.
[Jan 15.]
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred shareholders.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss of damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.
Jan 29.

LONDON ASSURANCE CORPORATION,

(ESTABLISHED A. D. 1720.)

Cash Assets.................................. $13,000,000.
☞ Fire Risks at current rates. [Nov 16.] CROSS & CO., Agents.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 14.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

GILBERT & MOORE.

C. W. Gilbert.] [H. A. Moore.
Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 443 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS-LIST THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner, Ed. Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanazeinth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co, Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Boersen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co., A. Willard, Esq., James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lallemand & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie, Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co, Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co, Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co; Rothschilds; Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co, Delizy, Davies & Co, F k Anstie, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co, Alsop & Co, Huth, Gruening & Co, Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co, Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Uniao Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excelentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fills & Co; R. au de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co, Chamber of Commerce, C Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Lebechman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; O. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

A Manchester Tragedy.—An extraordinary case of self-destruction occurred on March 4th at the scale mills of Messrs. Winder and Barrow. It appears that three of the clerks employed in the establishment, who are volunteers, were practising, each firing in the chandelier store room, as was their custom, when one of them, named Alfred Roberts, passed his rifle to a fellow clerk named Thomas Walter, and told him to aim at his breast. It appears, however, that Roberts had, unperceived by his companions, loaded the rifle with ball cartridge. Walter took aim as desired, and to his horror Roberts fell dead at his feet, the bullet having passed through his breast. In his hand was found the following letter: "March 4, 1873. I am very glad you have saved me the trouble of shooting myself. I know you are anxious to become a marksman in the corps; perhaps I will be of service to you by making a target of myself. Wishing you success to your first shot I remain, yours respectfully, Alfred Roberts. Mr Tom Walter." It has now transpired that Roberts, who was a young man living in lodgings, had burned a number of papers in his bedroom in the morning, the nature of which is not known. Walter gave himself into the custody of the police. At the coroner's inquest, Frances Howarth, a lady to whom the deceased was engaged, said he had been depressed in spirits of late, and had said he could not tell her what was the matter with him. The jury exonerated Walter from all blame, and returned a verdict of "Suicide while in a state of unsound mind."

In the International Exhibition of 1871 there was an electrical machine exhibited in the west corridor invented by a Frenchman which may possibly have been used in manufacturing the forged bills. It consisted of two revolving cylinders, each about two inches in diameter, and four inches in length, placed vertically, these were set in motion by clockwork, and connected as regards the electrical current, both being under the control of an attendant; and though only a foot apart, would have worked just as effectively with the Atlantic between them. The machines being intended to print facsimile, a thin sheet of "foil," its length equal to the circumference of one of the cylinders, was written upon by prepared ink, this was then placed round the cylinder, and its two edges secured by gum; on the other cylinder was placed prepared "paper," similar in size to the "foil," in like manner. The cylinders being then set in motion, and the electrical current connected, there was drawn on the paper an exact copy of what had been written on the foil.

The Faith of President Grant in a blessed future, and in his power, with the aid of Congress, to assist, form rather a remarkable feature in his recent Message. People have talked about it, as well they may. "I rather believe," he says, "that the Great Maker is preparing the world to become one nation, speaking one language; a consummation which will render armies and navies no longer necessary. I will encourage and support any recommendations of Congress tending towards such ends." It is not often that messages to Parliament or Congress take so comprehensive a view. Why should not the first American citizen be the first to go out, as it were, to meet the millennium, which, though nine-tenths of mankind believe in, they put a very long way off?

The Vienna Exhibition.—The number of exhibitors to the American section is 645, which, however, may be increased before the exhibition is closed. Alabama has 3 exhibitors, California 2, Colorado 2, Connecticut 21, District of Columbia 8, Florida 1, Illinois 18, Indiana 3, Kentucky 9, Kansas 1, Louisiana 61, Maine 1, Massachusetts 51, Michigan 3, Missouri 30, Mississippi 2, Minnesota 1, Maryland 4, New York 228, New Jersey 16, Nevada 1, Ohio 86, Pennsylvania 44, Rhode Island 19, Texas 1, Tennessee 3, Vermont 11, Virginia 2, West Virginia 1, Wisconsin 1, to this is to be added 5 from England.

How a Secret was Discovered.—In his early life the late Mr. Gillott worked privately as the *employe* of half a dozen different penmakers. One day the manufacturers met together at dinner, and each backed himself to be the possessor of the best workman. They severally wrote down the name of the special artisan who could make more pens in a day than any other man. "Gillott" was written on every master's paper. This led to the discovery that Gillott had invented and was using a machine for making pens, which enabled him to do the work of a dozen men with one pair of hands.

If not this Year, by this Time Next Year, Sir Henry Rawlinson says we may hope to see Dr. Livingstone, when we suppose he will enliven us with all about "How I Found Stanley." By the way, it may be useful to note that the article in the *Edinburgh Review*, referred to recently by Sir Henry Rawlinson, in which the history of the spurious maps of Central Asia was first detailed, and the true frontier of Afghanistan described, is a paper on Yule's edition of Marco Polo, *Edinburgh Review*, No. 275 (January, 1872).

At the Half-Yearly General Court of the governors and proprietors of the Bank of England, recently, attention was drawn by one of the speakers to the facility with which the recent extensive forgeries upon that institution had been perpetrated. The chairman, Mr. George Lyall, remarked that frauds of this description were extremely rare, and that even the directors of the Bank of England were not infallible. All possible precautions would, however, be taken in future.

A Butcher Named Stanbridge, residing in Coventry, has been killed by a sheep. He had succeeded without assistance in placing the animal upon the block and sticking it, but immediately this was done the sheep kicked violently and struck Stanbridge in the stomach, which caused him to reel and fall. After some rest he was enabled with great difficulty to reach home, where he died from the effects of the injuries about two hours afterwards.

Earl Russell's long-promised book on Christianity is, it is said, to appear in the course of March. Its full title is, "The Rise and Progress of the Christian Religion in the West of Europe, from the Reign of Tiberius to the End of the Council of Trent." Is it possible that the noble Earl has managed to compress what he has to say on this comprehensive theme within the compass of a single octavo volume?

At a Recent Meeting of the Royal Institution, Professor Tyndall was present for the first time since his return from America. A resolution was unanimously adopted congratulating the Professor upon his safe arrival in England, expressing satisfaction that the people of the United States had shared in the advantages of his teaching, cordially welcoming him on his return to his own scientific home, and wishing him continued health and prosperity.

Lord Lytton's Will (the *Illustrated News* states) contains special directions as to the examination of his body, in order to provide against the possibility of his being buried while in a trance, and directs that he should be interred in the family mausoleum at Knebworth, that any epitaph should be written in the English language, and that the cost of his funeral should be limited to the modest expenses usual in the interment of a private gentleman.

The Journal Officiel announces that a sum of 279,000,000 francs has recently been paid to the German Government by France. Of this amount 129,000,000 francs were for interest from March 1, 1872, to March 1, 1873, and 150,000,000 francs on account of the fourth milliard of the indemnity. The total sum now paid towards the fourth milliard is 500,000,000 francs.

In New York Glass-Lined Iron Pipes are being used to convey water. The friction is lessened, the pipes are always clean, and the water is kept pure. Between the glass and iron is a layer of plaster of Paris, which, being a non-conductor of heat, prevents the water from freezing in the winter.

The London Lancet lately published a case of a man who for nine days followed his occupation with a needle fixed and embedded in his heart. On the ninth day a surgical operation was performed and the needle extracted. The patient recovered without exhibiting any unfavorable symptom.

It is Telegraphed from Constantinople that Safvet Pasha is appointed Minister of Foreign Affairs in the place of Khalil Cherif Pasha.

CALIFORNIA STOCK EXCHANGE BOARD.

T. J. L. SMILEY, ... President. | JOS. TILDEN, ... Caller.
CHAS. L. WELLER, .. Vice-President. | E. J BALDWIN, ... Treasurer.
W. W. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Adamson, W. B. H. 406 California st.	Lincoln, J. ... 322 Montgomery street.
Allen, C. R. ..... 106 Leidesdorff street	Mansfield, M.. 306 Montgomery street
Baldridge, M ..... 608 Montgomery st.	Marina, S. J. de S 322 Montg'y street.
Baldwin, E. J.... 509 California street	McCullough, T. J.. 306 Montg'y street.
Barrell, Sam'l 422 Montgomery street.	McCarthy, O. ..327 Montgomery street.
Bourne, J. B..... 323 California street.	McKenty, J.. 422 Montgomery street.
Broderick, B.. 6 Merchants' Exchange.	Middleton, John...310 Montg'y street.
Case, J M ......322 Montgomery street	Moore, J M.... 77 Montgomery Block.
Childs, P. G...... 435 California street.	Myers, W. F. .. 411 California street.
DeGreayer, S ...513 Montgomery street.	O'Connor, T. M. ....
DeLacey, Chas ...430 California street.	Owens, J. H. ......428 California street.
DeLorme, E. W. ..506 Montgomery st.	Patridge, H. C ... International Hotel.
Diftot, A ... ...422 Montgomery street.	Perine, G. M..... 413 California street.
Duncan, W. T .. 413 California street.	Phoby, T. B. . 446 Montgomery street.
DuVal, W. S. 411 California st, Room 4.	Ricketts, A. H. ....
Fitch, H. S ... 506 Montgomery street.	Roberts, D. ....
Flagg, H. H...415 Montgomery street	Rogers, Geo. E. 331 Montgomery street.
Gildemeester, J. P. H 113 Montg'y Blk.	Rosenblatt, S.. ...503 California street.
Gray, J.. .... 306 Montgomery street.	Rudsdale, M ....419 California street.
Hart, Thos. B .. 422 Montgomery street.	Sanborn, T. C.. 411 California street.
Harvey, C. C. .....418 California street.	Schmitt, M .... 437 California street.
Hawkins, Jas ..13 Stevenson Building	Smiley, T. J. L. .. 310 Montgomery st.
Hill, J. Bryant....628 Montgomery St	Smith, E. L ... 302 Montgomery street.
Hitchens, Jas..............................	Smith, W. J.....422 Montgomery street.
Hoare, C. W. ....408 California street.	Snowball, E. Y... 411 California street.
Hoitt, I. G................................	Soren, Geo S . 628 Montgomery street.
Howard, H. C 322 Montgomery street.	Stewart, Geo. W.....................
Hussey, J. L....305 Montgomery street.	Taylor, W. S....420 Montgomery street.
Hyneman, S.........420 Montg'y street.	Thompson, J. M..310 Montgo'ry street.
Kenney, C. A......411 California street.	Tibbey, E. S......503 California street.
Kent, R. T ......401 Montgomery street	Tilden, J................At Board Room.
Klopenstine, J..422 Montgomery street	Weller, Chas. L.. .521 Jackson street.
Lacour, L. ......503 Montgomery street.	Williams, W. J.......At Board Room.
Lawton, W. W ....At Board Room.	Wolf, F. .... .424 Montgomery street.
Lenzarder, J. M........................	Wright, Wm. H. 420 Montg'y street.
Lichtenstein, M. B. 406 Montgomery st.	

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, braded wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz. for the Wood C spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 23.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Coaches descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc; Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 15.]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. GEO MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys Oregon.
Aug. 10.] WM NORRIS, Agent, No 217 Sansome street.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes, fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 621 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 21.

TENNENT'S ALE.—NEW BREW, JUST ARRIVED.

1200 Casks (Stone and Glass, Quarts and Pints) of superior quality and in extra fine condition ex "Armin" and "Colombo." For sale in lots to suit.
FORBES BROTHERS, Sole Agents,
Feb 8. 408 California street.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment, into better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7.

HALL v. TAYLOR.—BREACH OF PROMISE.

At Oxford (Eng.) on Feb. 28, before Mr Justice Honyman, an amusing breach of promise case was tried. According to Mr Hill's statement of the case, the plaintiff was a spinster about thirty years old, living with her mother, a farmer's widow, at Grimsbury, and the defendant was a young tenant farmer, of the same age, and of a poetical turn of mind, at Shipston-on-Stour. In the latter part of 1867 the parties met and made acquaintance at a penny reading, an attachment sprang up between them, which ripened into an engagement in January of the following year. The defendant wrote to the plaintiff in the warmest terms, assuring her that "he was an isolated being, and felt himself a lonely wanderer over the face of nature, he now for the first time found himself a miserable man." Mr Huddleston, who appeared for the defendant, remarked that every man was miserable till he married. His lordship said Mr Huddleston was a leading authority on the subject. In fact, he was the most recent case. In another letter of the defendant's came the following poetical effusion:

Remember me, my dearest Nellie,
In love remember me,
For till this fleeting life shall end
I will remember thee.

I've loved thee short, I've loved thee much,
And till this frame shall be
Laid in the silence of the grave
I will remember thee.

Forget thee! Sooner shall the waves
Forget and leave the sea,
Sooner the stars forget to shine,
Than thou forgot shall be.

From your deeply-attached Joe.

Unfortunately, before the defendant's frame had been laid in the silence of the grave, or the stars had forgotten to shine, he was exposed to the dangerous attractions of a cousin, and though, as Mr Huddleston assured the Court, he still well remembered the plaintiff, he inadvertently married the cousin. After amusing speeches from the counsel on both sides, a verdict for the plaintiff was taken by consent for £300.

STORIES ABOUT BEADLES.

A Church in the North Country which needed a pastor had a beadle who took an active interest in all proceedings taken to fill up the vacancy. One of the candidates after the afternoon service was over, put off the cloak in the vestry and stepped into the church, in which our worthy was just putting things to right. "I was just taking a look at the church," said the minister. "Ay, tak' a guid look at it," said the beadle, "for it's no likely ye'll ever see't again." At a country church, a young minister from the West, and a great swell, came to do duty one Sabbath. Entering the vestry, he doffed his coat and vest previous to donning the cassock and cloak, and looked round for the looking-glass, which generally forms a part of the vestry furniture. He searched, however, in vain. At last, losing patience, he cried out, "Church officer, church officer!" After calling for some time, the head of a gray-haired man peered in at the door, and a stentorian voice demanded, "What's yer wull?" "Where's the mirror?" demanded the minister. "Sir?" said the other. "The mirror! the looking-glass," said the minister impatiently. "O, the lookin'-glass. Ye see, oor minister's sic a handsome man naterally, that he doesna need a lookin'-glass, but I'll bring ye a pail o' watter, if ye like!"

An Important Decision was rendered by Commissioner Drummond in the Land Office, Washington, on Monday last. It was in the case of a tract of land in Mendocino County, California, known as the Albion Rancho, comprising 130,000 acres. The survey of these lands as public lands was made and approved prior to the rejection of an alleged Mexican grant which covered them, and plans of this survey were filed in the local Land Office. After the rejection of the grant, J. W. Shanklin, as attorney for many parties interested as pre-emptionists, etc., in opposition to the State claim for a large portion of the tract which has been listed to it as school lands based on this survey, applied to Surveyor-General Hardenbergh for the withdrawal of the plats from the local office and an order for a new survey, on the ground that the United States had no right to survey land while an alleged Mexican title to it was still in controversy. Surveyor-General Hardenbergh refused, and the case was appealed. The Commissioner General of the Land Office now sustains the Surveyor-General, deciding that the mechanical and topographical work of survey and its approval were not void, and that the plats are now legally filed in the Land Office. In this conclusion Commissioner Drummond is sustained by Secretary Delano in the California case of Grael v. Haltzbaugh, an alleged Mexican grant, where a large tract of land was rejected by the United States District Court in 1867, and by the Supreme Court last November.

Why Women dress in styles that men do not admire, while always struggling to win the admiration of men, is a problem that we often find people puzzling over. Women dress for each other, says one writer; men never notice the details of their dress, the pattern of their silks, the color of their ribbons; they merely take in the general effect, and quite as often detest as admire it. What the woman thinks of when she purchases an article of apparel, so we are told, is the admiration or envy it will create in the minds of her rivals. These are sometimes the motives, but it is always a misplaced expectation, for if men dislike women's fashions, women are more severe in their criticisms of each other's taste. The truth, we apprehend, is this: women dress to gratify their natural instincts; they have love of color, of display, of ornamentation, and they experience delight in decorating themselves in styles that tickles their own fancy, and no doubt they are perplexed to find their efforts so little appreciated by the other sex.

The Passenger Arrivals at San Francisco for March, by way of the ocean, numbered 2,088, including 1,206 from China and Japan, 461 from Panama, 131 from Australia, 107 from British Columbia, 70 from the Hawaiian Islands and 96 from Mexico. The departures by the same route were 548, including 223 to China and Japan, 199 to Panama, 61 to British Columbia, 46 to Mexico and 16 to the Hawaiian Islands. The number of through passengers arrived by railroad in March was 3,261, and the departures by the same route were 1,517. In March, 1872, there were 850 arrivals and 652 departures by ocean routes and 1,294 arrivals and 1,222 departures by rail, against 779 arrivals and 527 departures by water and 2,096 arrivals and 1,456 departures by rail for March, 1871. The arrivals by rail last month were the most numerous in four months. The indications all point to a heavy passenger traffic in favor of California this year.

Canadian Finances.—The public statement of the Canadian national finances for the year 1872 has just been made, showing receipts of $20,714,813 64, and expenditures of $17,589,468 82, showing a surplus of about $3,000,000. The surplus, however, is only apparent, each Minister of Finance making it a point to exhibit a surplus at the end of the fiscal year. Since the confederation the Government has had a surplus every year, the whole amounting to over $10,000,000, all of which has been expended, and over $6,000,000 was added to the national debt. To this debt there is yet to be added the Pacific Railway loan, the canal improvement loans and miscellaneous liabilities of the treasury, which will give Canada a very respectable national debt.

At First Sight one does not award *Smith's Magazine* the attention it deserves. It looks, at a casual glance, like a seedsman's circular, issued by one Smith. But an inspection of its contents affords an extremely agreeable disappointment. It is full of bright articles on every subject that could possibly interest those whose taste has not been vitiated by the rotten rubbish circulated with such shameful freedom among us. Then one comes to the conclusion that the periodical is uncommonly neat from a printer's point of view. The size, too, one allows, is handier than the usual bulkier mags, whilst the price, one dollar a year, is as reasonable as the brochure is worthy of success.

A New American Poet, W. M. Carleton, is said to have made his reputation in a dash by the publication of "Betsy and I are Out." The title is not promising.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 24.

TO CLOSE COPARTNERSHIP.

We will sell Cut Glass Goblets, $3 per dozen; Cut Glass Fruit Bowls, $1 50 each, Cut Glass Decanters, $1 50 each; Cut Glass Pitchers, $1 50 each; Cut Glass Sets of 1 dozen Goblets, 1 dozen Egg Glasses, 1 dozen Sauce Plates, 1 Sugar Bowl, 1 Spoon Glass, 1 Creamer, 1 Covered Butter, 1 Fruit Bowl, 1 Celery Glass, 2 Preserve Dishes—$14. English Dinner Set for 12 persons, $25; French Dinner Set for 12 persons, $35 to $50; Super or Plated Casters, $4 to $12; Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Table Spoons, $5 50 per dozen; Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Table Forks, $5 50 per dozen; Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Tea Spoons, $2 75 per dozen; Superior Ivory hd. (Russell's) Table Knives, $. per dozen; Superior Ivory hd. (Russell's) Dessert Knives, $5 per dozen; Superior Ivory hd. (Russell's) Carvers, $3 50 per pair. And all goods in our immense Stock in like proportion. March 29. HAVILAND, HOOPER & CO., 353 Pine street, S. F.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE.—NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS—1873-74.

All Persons, Companies, Associations, or Firms in the City and County of San Francisco, are requested either in person or by their proper representatives, to deliver at the Assessor's Office, No. 22 City Hall, in said City and County, before the SECOND MONDAY in APRIL, 1873, a statement under oath of all Property, both Personal and Real, owned or claimed by him or them, or which is in his or their possession, or which is held or controlled by any other person in trust for, or for the benefit of him or them.—See Political Code, sections 3629-3635. POLL TAX IS NOW DUE at this office or to a Deputy. See Sections 3839-3846, Political Code. LEVI ROSENER, City and County Assessor.
Saturday, March 1, 1873. March 8.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S F.

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC LOHMAN. JOHN W. TAYLOR.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.
Nov. 30. 301 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

B. NATHAN.] ESTABLISHED IN 1850. [F. DOHRMANN.

B. NATHAN & CO.,

Importers and Dealers in French China Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware. Glass shades all sizes. Successors to R. A. Swain & Co.'s Retail Business. Show Rooms, 536 to 542 Kearny st. 540 KEARNY ST., cor Sacramento, Feb 5. San Francisco.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

GEO. H. EGGERS.] EGGERS & CO., [CHR. B. VOIGT.

Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions. Agents of the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb. 5.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 23.] J. F. McCURDIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,
March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

C. MAIN. MAIN & WINCHESTER. E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris. [March 29.]

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 29.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 16, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 303 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Roney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 15.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—B. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Allianca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Maille.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co, Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co, Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamulz & Co, "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co., Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co, Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia, Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co, Dent & Co, Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co, F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

IN THE SOUTH SEAS.

Eyes so black and shining hair,
And a sweet face in a frown,
Bosom ripe and full and bare,
With the sunlight leaping down
In kisses on its golden brown.

In a swarth of fragrant turf,
Pliant limbs that naked lie,
Pearl drops of the warm sea surf,
That a zephyr dares not dry,
Clinging to their symmetry.

Why should beauty run to waste!
Swinging in a lotus shade,
From a hammock interlaced—
Slender vines in curious braid
Leans the lover of the maid,

Meeting her with constant gaze,
Watching her with zealous care,
Wishing all the sensuous days
She were lying, half as fair,
He were guarding beauties fair!

* * * * * * *

Lovers cannot all agree!
Love is sudden, strong and brief!
Under a banana tree
Lo! two lovers come to grief—
Under a banana leaf!

Tortuilla Lamo, South Pacific. CHAS. WARREN STODDARD.

SPIRITUALISM EXTRAORDINARY.

A Novel Entertainment has been produced at the Crystal Palace by Messrs Maskelyne and Cooke, who in an amusing farcical sketch introduce some of the marvelous "manifestations," so well known in connection with "spirit" *seances*. Sir Hugh Credant (Mr Howarde) being a determined Spiritualist, his friends, Mr. and Mrs. Johnson (Mr and Mrs Maskelyne) do all they can to convince him that the startling effects which he attributes to supernatural agency, can be produced by mere human skill. They touch a table lightly with their fingers, and it not only "tilts," but moves bodily up above their heads, and is turned upside down. A walking-stick dances gleefully about the stage, while a bouquet floats gently through the air and presents itself to the lady, who is herself raised some three feet above the carpet, without any visible means of support. Mr Maskelyne then performs an elegant and dexterous feat with six China plates, which, by skillful manipulation alone, he causes to waltz and whirl about in a wonderful fashion. This is succeeded by the Davenport Cabinet *seance*, in which Mr Maskelyne and Mr. Cooke perform all the feats of the celebrated brothers. They are bound securely with ropes and placed in the cabinet, the doors of which are scarcely shut before music is heard within, bells are thrown out, and "spirit" hands appear at the apertures in the doors, the re-opening of which shows both performers bound as tightly as ever. The knots of the cords are then sealed, but this does not prevent them from taking off their coats and putting them on again as quickly as any ordinary men could do if perfectly free. While still bound, their hands are filled with flour, the doors are shut for a moment, and then they appear at liberty, the ropes lying at their feet, and the flour still in their hands. The concluding feat, however, is justly called "The Mystery of Mysteries." Mr Maskelyne is placed behind a screen with a box, a canvas cover, and some cord. In less than ten minutes the screen is removed, and we see the box completely covered and elaborately corded, these being taken off, and the box unlocked, Mr Maskelyne is discovered inside in a very cramped position, the box being only just large enough to contain him when doubled up "knees and nose together." The whole performance is of a most wonderful character, and although every facility is given for examining the apparatus, both before and after each feat, one comes away completely puzzled as to the *modus operandi* by which the results are achieved.

THE DOG'S FACULTY OF SCENT.

A Writer in Land and Water claims for each variety of dog the faculty of special scent. The collie can hunt his master's footsteps, or smell the sheep beneath a snow-drift. The truffle-dog scents the smell of edible fungi covered with four or five inches of soil. And if a setter could make himself intelligible, he would be able to make us acquainted with the difference between the scent of a partridge and that of a hare. Perhaps that information which we cannot obtain by direct mental intercourse, may be gained by watching the expression and gesture attendant on the change of game. A neighbor of mine told me that some years ago, when he was a snipe-shooter, he had a pointer which knew the difference, by scent alone, between a jack-snipe and a common snipe. Whenever he came upon a "Jack," the dog wagged his tail, but when it was a "Jenny," his setting was stiff and motionless. The same sporting friend informed me that a few of the best hounds in a pack would follow the scent of a hare through snow, the hare having run to her seat before the snow had fallen. Mongrels throw light on this subject. I have seen a handsome dog, bred between a pointer and a hound, proclaim her descent by acting a double character in the same field. If a covey of partridges were winded, she would hunt up cautiously to them and set steadily till the shooter came up. But if she caught scent of a hare, no correction could make her stand, she would run in and start the hare and follow it closely by nose. Another sporting friend gives me a somewhat similar instance. One of their pack was a half-bred dog, between a hound and a pointer. When running in full cry with the hounds, if it came upon partridges, the mongrel would stop and point, then put up the partridges, and again join the hounds.

OPENING OF WESTERN CHINA.

The Associated Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom have presented a memorial in favor of the completion of the survey of the proposed line for Captain Spyre's scheme of direct overland communication between British Burmah and the West of China. It is a document entitled to respectful consideration on account of the facts it sets forth. Whether Captain Spyre's plan be feasible—and whether, if feasible, it is likely to be better promoted by the operations of an engineer or the negotiations of a diplomatist—may be matter of doubt. But it is a question which should be set at rest, for there can be no doubt of the advantages that would accrue from the proposed line, unless some unsuspected obstacle should be discovered. To substitute a road of 900 miles for a voyage of 2,400 would, no doubt, be an achievement of such vast benefit as to be second only to the Overland Route to India, which it cost the late Lieut. Waghorn so many years to induce the Government of his day to take up. M. Louis de Carne, the explorer, seems to have established the fact that Shanghai, the most central and important of the open ports, is distant, by river or road, 2,400 miles from the western inland frontier of China, and Captain Spyre tells us that the distance between that and the northeast frontier of British Burmah is no more than 300 miles. In the face of such a declaration—much of which was confirmed by the survey begun under the auspices of Earl Derby and Lord Salisbury six years ago—it seems unlikely that Mr Gladstone will feel justified in withholding his sanction from the completion of the investigation.

The Story of How the Rabagas Hat, now so fashionable in Paris, was invented, is a most curious one. For a long time it was a mystery, but the narrative of its origin has recently been told. As it may in time work its way to our side of the ocean, it will probably interest those who may chance to wear it to know that that notorious creature, Cora Pearl, was the inventor of the chapeau. Miss Pearl, as the story runs, attended a brilliant supper at the Maison Doree after witnessing M. Sardou's play of *Rabagas*. While at the table the whim seized her to manufacture a new sort of hat, which she predicted would soon become the fashion. Carrying out her caprice she took a hat of one of the gentlemen present, cut the rim off with a table-knife, and requested the owner of the hat to crush it in with his fist with all the force he could give the blow. This was done, and the result was a nondescript head-covering, round in shape, and with a most uproarious form. She then called for a green veil and a ribbon, and declared that she would wear that hat for the rest of the season in the Champs Elysees and elsewhere. She was as good as her word, and, after a while, a fashionable modiste took up the idea, and ladies who neither knew nor cared whence the hat originated adopted the fashion as an exquisite novelty. This eccentric bonnet is not only curious in shape, but it is worn curiously. It is covered with a veil, and is placed on the back of the head, as if it were going to fall at every moment.

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION.

The best chance to invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific Coast. TITLE PERFECT. 475 Lots at $25 for inside and $30 for corner Lots, payable $10 cash, balance $5 per month, without interest or assessments for expenses. Blocks 300 by 400 Feet. Lots 25 by 100 Feet and 30 by 150 Feet. Streets all 80 Feet Wide. Subscribers can select their lots on receipt of the first payment and those who wish to pay in full and take deeds at once can do so. This valuable property is beautifully located, commanding a fine view of San Diego Bay and surroundings. It is only eight blocks of 300 feet each from the City Park Reservation, a few minutes walk from the hotel and just One Mile from the Railroad lands on the water front, where the depots and center of business must be located. Congress has just made San Diego a Port of Entry, and it is now believed to be certain that grading will be commenced on the Texas and Pacific Railroad early this season. There is no place on the coast where one can invest at the present time with as much certainty of doubling or trebling his money in a few months as in San Diego. The location, the nearness to what must be the business center, the exceedingly low price and easy terms with the future prospects of that city, make this property the most desirable for Homestead and residence purposes, and one of the best investments for speculation ever offered. For maps showing the entire bay, with correct surroundings and the location of this property, with the various points of interest and importance, apply to IRA G. HOITT, Secretary and Agent, 621 Montgomery street, San Francisco, where subscription books are now open.
TRUSTEES—BENJ. P. AVERY, DORVILLE LIBBY, IRA G. HOITT. March 29.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally.

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 121 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has now expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at his Factory, 15 and 21 Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself, the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders, Thomas Donnolly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure Unadulterated Saleratus, and his Unadulterated, Unequaled Bicarbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business, now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.
THOMAS DONNOLLY.
San Francisco, January 25, 1873. Feb. 1.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that the Field Deputies of this office will commence assessing property SATURDAY, March 1, 1873. The duties assigned to these Deputies are too well known to the community to require explanations, and while I have been careful in making my selections to fill the positions by men favorably known in this community for their competency and integrity, and am confident that the duties will be discharged by them to the general satisfaction of all concerned, I urgently request the general public to report to this office any dereliction of duty by any of my Deputies, and assure them that any just complaints will receive immediate attention. LEVI ROSENER,
March 8. City and County Assessor.

SPORTSMEN'S EMPORIUM,

538 Washington street, below Montgomery, San Francisco.— LIDDLE & KAEDING, GUN AND RIFLE MAKERS, and Importers of Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Fishing Tackle, Powder Flasks, Gun Materials, Rifle Barrels and Ammunition, wholesale and retail. Guns and Rifles made to order, and Repairing of every description neatly executed, and guaranteed to give satisfaction. [March 8.]

Cal. Placard Exchange Co. and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast.

J. MORRIS,

Placard Writer for the Placard Exchange.—Show Cards written in elegant style for every business, at 33 Geary street, near Dupont, San Francisco. March 15.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

R. C. ROGERS,

Attorney-at-Law and Real Estate Agent.—Loans negotiated and City and County Property bought and sold. March 8.

JAS. H. HAM.] PETERS & HAM, [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 17.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

CALIFORNIA ASSAY OFFICE,

No. 512 California street, One Door West of Montgomery, San Francisco. J. A. MARS, Assayer. Analysis of Ores, Mineral Waters, etc. Aug. 31.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec. 31.

SPANISH LESSONS.

M. G. Pritchard, ... 414 California street. [March 15.]

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS,

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15.

C. L. CRAIKBON.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

BURLING & BROTHER,

Stock Brokers, have removed to No. 304 Sansome street, near California. March 15.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

WEBER PIANOS,

At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. ☞ These Pianos have a world wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb. 1.]

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THEATRICAL, ETC

California.—The play of *The Governess* was produced on Monday evening last at the California Theater to one of the most fashionable and appreciative audiences that we have ever seen in our city. The play was a new one, written by a lady well known in good society, and hence the interest manifested by the class of our community. Its parts were strongly cast, Mr. McCullough taking the leading character. The play is a melodrama after the style of *School for Scandal*, containing striking incidents of plot and some of the most exquisite dialogue, and is a together a highly finished and most interesting production. The lady author had written the work as a first effort and for her own amusement, and with little or no knowledge of the mechanical or stage working, and yet was admirably smooth and passed off in good style. Not so sensational as the plays of Boucicault, or of as high a literary excellence as the plays of Sheridan, it ranks with such melo-dramas as *School for Scandal*, and will be regarded, we think, as a standard of this class of what may be styled as domestic plays. Certain unkind and unjust criticism charges the piece with being broad. This is prurient prudery that would find fault with the innocent and harmless badinage and pleasantry of the highest social life. The play is to be produced at the *matinee* this afternoon, when a large and fashionable audience will again enjoy the opportunity of passing judgment upon its merits.

Metropolitan.—From China to hell is but a step with some people, amongst whom is the manager of the Metropolitan Theatre. At least *Aladdin* was immediately followed by *Pluto*, who are respectively representatives of both places. The piece is nicely mounted, but the general support given the bright Chapman Sisters is somewhat simply wretched. There is Sumner, who is generally good, to be sure, and Wallace. Hetty Simms, as a distressed female, with a bass voice, is not always fresh, and Wallace cannot forever be a splay footed nigger. The acting of Miss Inglis, as a jealous wife, whose husband is a devil of a fellow ("Pluto," Thompson to wit), is good enough to merit greater attention than she gets. Blanche, as "Orpheus," a striking, but snubbed, literary and musical case, is graceful, and sings with a sweetness which one expects from the music and which rocks a jigging. Ella, as "Aristeus," the distinguished friend of "Orphy," carries on a delicate intrigue with his wife in that pretty wicked manner of hers which is the charm of this shapely little woman's acting. The play is bright, runs smoothly, and is well worth seeing. In it are introduced a graceful *pas de deux*, by Mlle Gaugain and Miss Ho slay, and a bit of low Irish comedy, carried on by a Mr Davies and two ugly dolls.

Alhambra.—A full house greeted the reappearance of Vivian, the favorite serio-comic singer. Surely, such a troupe as they now have at the Alhambra has seldom been brought together.

Platt's Hall.—Professor Fowler, whose lectures have drawn such big houses, and whose consultations at the Grand Hotel have been productive of so much benefit to those who have availed themselves of the opportunity, gives a lecture on the "Training of Children," at 3 P. M. Sunday. Those who have heard his lectures need no telling how good they are, but those who have not heard him have missed a rich treat. He only proposes staying here a short time, and we advise all who care to hear good sound sense, so mixed with eloquence and wit that it does not seem dry or tiring, to go and hear him. We also should advise a visit to him at the Grand, where much useful knowledge can be gained.

All Lovers of classical and first-class music will flock to the Musical Festival of the Handel and Haydn Society, commencing on the 29th of April and lasting for three days, at the Central Tabernacle, on Tyler street, near Taylor. The music will be a selection of "bijous" from the following: Handel, Haydn, Beethoven and Mendelssohn, and the chorus one of the best and strongest we ever have had here, will consist of two hundred voices. When we mention the name of Prof George T. Evans as Conductor it is in itself almost sufficient guarantee of good music. The solos will be rendered by the following well-known and talented singers: Mrs. Marriner, Moore and Haydn, and Messrs. Mayer, Maguire, Campbell and Makin. From what we know of the music and the people who are about to render it, we have no hesitation in predicting a genuine treat for all who go to the Musical Festival.

That Most Marvelous of Musical Geniuses, Blind Tom, commences a series of pianoforte recitals at Platt's Hall on Monday evening. This negro musician and composer has the gift of one of the most finely educated ears, and a great natural love for music, but has received no musical training whatever. What he hears he plays, and that in a manner that some of our first musicians need not be ashamed of. With delicacy and accuracy of touch, he combines great powers of expression and freedom of manipulation. Not only has he the gift of playing any selection from his advertised repertoire, but his powers of memory are so extraordinary, that after but once listening to an original composition, however long or intricate, he sits down at the piano and repeats it unerringly and often in a highly improved style.

Wilson's Circus.—Farmer's Club outdone by Colonel Wilson at the Amphitheater. Whereas the former derives gain only from his wheat, the latter receives a benefit, in the shape of "golden" opinions, not only from the wheat in his "Harvest Home," but also from the "chaff" which will be scattered nightly during the next week by his inimitable jesters. Another arrival is announced in the person of the great female gymnast, "Laura," who, though "Fair," yet is not desirous of being called Laura—Fair.

The Odd Fellows, a society of a very long standing, and perhaps the most influential one here, holds its Fifty-fourth Anniversary Picnic at Pasking's Gardens, Alameda, on Saturday, April 26th. It is one of the most select picnics of the season, and a happy, pleasant day is in store for those who go. Pasking's Gardens is a beautiful place, and we compliment the I. O. O. F. on their choice of ground.

"Ajax" and "Elmo."—Crowds will flock to see the big trot to-day, and piles of money will change hands. We advise our readers to put their money on "Ajax." We've seen him go and known he can win and will. Go to Oakland and stand to win on him.

The B. P. L. Seals have their benefit at the Metropolitan on Wednesday, April 16th. They are truly worthy of support.

HALLECK STREET IMPROVEMENTS.

Eppinger's Saloon.—Halleck street, off California, has recently assumed quite a handsome appearance by the erection of a really fine brick rear addition to the already imposing building of the Union Insurance Company. The new building has a frontage on Halleck street of thirty feet, with four large bay windows, a spacious basement, three stories, and with a good, solid looking exterior, combines a highly-finished interior. The Insurance Company's offices have been extended back, re-arranged and well lighted with skylights. The first and second stories are connected with the California entrance by spacious vestibules. The enterprising architects, Wright & Sanders, occupy the third story, Louis Eppinger having arranged the remainder of the building into the most handsome saloon in the city. The arrangements are perfect, carpets, furniture and "good things" being rich, handsome and first class. This will be readily imagined when it is known that Eppinger has expended $16,000 on the equipment of this saloon and club-room. The proprietor has spared neither expense nor trouble in beautifying his place, and this, with his great popularity, cannot fail to render Eppinger's a well frequented and pleasant resort.

A Dastardly Attempt to burn St. John's Presbyterian Church, Wednesday morning, at 5½ o'clock, was fortunately nipped in the bud. The gas was turned on in the water closet, front basement of the church, and a broom placed over the flame, and before the broom was all consumed a young divinity student lodging in the rear of the church discovered the fire, and arrested the destruction of the edifice.

We have Received of M. Gray, the music publisher, two new songs, one a song by Billy Emerson, "Going to the Shucking," and the other by the Great Vivian, "I will Stand by my Friends." Price, forty cents each.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; F. Zimmer, Musical Director. The only Variety Entertainment in San Francisco. Something to suit the tastes of all! Saturday Evening, April 12, and every evening, a treat for the lovers of Fun! First, we have THE BELLA UNION MINSTRELS, a company of first class singers, dancers, etc. The first part, then M. [illegible] in his great Gyre Act. Then Campbell, the English Baritone. "Nitro Glycerine Explosion." Josephine in Song and Dance. STATUARY, Biblical and otherwise. Gerretts and Jennie Johnson, Comics by Verner. Dutch, by Larkin and Armstrong. "Our Easy Way," by Cogill and Cooper. Ballads, by Fanny Garretson. "Prestidigitator," Harry Causland, and HOW TO GET RID OF A MOTHER-IN-LAW. Admission—25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. April 12.

METROPOLITAN THEATER

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—Director, John Woodard. Treasurer, Andrew Dorr. Saturday Afternoon, April 12—Grand Matinee. Great success of the Premier Ventriloquist of the World, WILLIE DAVIES, a his original entertainment entitled ANECDOTES AND ADVENTURES OF THE FUNNIEST OF FUNNY FOLKS. The performance each evening will commence with a Laughable Farce. Wednesday Afternoon, April 16th, First Annual Benefit of the Benevolent Protective Order of Seals. In Preparation: 30 YEARS AGO! Admission—Dress Circle, 75 cents, Orchestra Seats, 50 cents, Gallery, 25 cents. April 12.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Afternoon, April 12th—Only Matinee of Mrs. Julia E. Dunn's new Comedy of THE GOVERNESS. Saturday Evening, April 12th—Conrad's great Play of JACK CADE, THE BONDMAN, with MR. JOHN McCULLOUGH and the entire Company in the cast. Monday Evening, April 14th—First night this season of the Queen of the American stage, MRS. D. P. BOWERS, when will be presented the Comedy entitled DIANA; Or, LOVE'S MASK, with a great cast. April 12.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—T. Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer; Bob Hart, Stage Manager; Geo. T. Evans, Musical Director. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—Appearance of MR. CHAS. VIVIAN.—Entire Change of Bill.—EMERSON MINSTRELS. Re-appearance of MR. SAM. RICKEY. LITTLE MACK'S Essence. The Boss, BILLY EMERSON, in Songs and Dances. VIRGINIA MUMMY.

WILSON'S AMPHITHEATER.

Sutter street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, opposite Lick House.—RE-OPENING FOR ONE WEEK ONLY. Commencing EASTER MONDAY, April 14. First appearance of the great female Gymnast, LAURA, and by particular request, MR. OMAR KINGSLEY will appear in his unapproachable impersonation of ELLA ZOYARA, which is admitted all over the civilized world to be the most finished and artistic performance ever presented. First time of the great Equestrian Spectacle, THE HARVEST HOME; Or, MERRY SPORTS OF THE OLD COUNTRY, introducing all the incidents of the Harvest Fields—Gathering of the Peasantry, Maypole and Irish Dances, and other sports by the lads and lasses, winding up with A GRAND STEEPLE CHASE, by male and female riders. Reduced Prices—Dress Circle, 75 cents, Family Circle, 50 cents; Parquette, 25 cents. Box Office open daily, when seats may be secured. April 12.

HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY.

A Grand Musical Festival will be given by the Handel and Haydn Society, at the CENTRAL TABERNACLE, Tyler street, near Taylor, commencing on the 29th of April, continuing THREE EVENINGS, during which time the full GRAND ORATORIO OF ELIJAH, and Mendelssohn's HYMN OF PRAISE, together with Selections from Beethoven's "Engedi," "William Tell," "Stabat Mater" and "Ernani," will be given by a Grand Chorus of TWO HUNDRED VOICES, and an Orchestra of Thirty Pieces, with Full Organ accompaniment. The solos will be rendered by Mrs. Marriner, Moore and Hayden, and Messrs. Mayer, Maguire, Campbell and Makin. Conductor, Prof. Geo. T. Evans. Price of Admission, $1; Reserved Seats, $1 50. Seats can be reserved for the season at Kohler, Chase & Co.'s, 423 Clay street, on and after Saturday, April 19. Sale of Single Tickets, with Reserved Seats, commencing Saturday, April 26. Full particulars will be found in Pamphlets, to be had at all the Music Stores. April 12.

BLIND TOM CONCERTS

First appearance in San Francisco of the Celebrated Negro Boy Pianist, BLIND TOM, the Great Musical Prodigy, who will commence a short series of his Marvelous Entertainments, at PLATT'S HALL, on EASTER MONDAY, April 14th. Don't fail to see and hear this most Wonderful Living Curiosity of the Nineteenth Century. Admission, 50 cents; Reserved Seats, $1. Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock. Seats may be secured in advance at M. Gray's Music Store, without extra charge. GRAND FAMILY MATINEE on Saturday, April 19th, at 2:30 o'clock P. M. No Reserved Seats at the Matinee. Children's Tickets to Matinee, 25 cents. The Concert Grand Piano Forte used at these Concerts is from the famous manufactory of Steinway & Sons, and is furnished from the warerooms of Mr. M. Gray, 623 and 625 Clay street. April 12.

TWO FREE LECTURES

By Prof. O. S. Fowler, in Platt's Hall, on Friday Evening, April 11th, at eight o'clock, on "Love, Courtship and a Happy Marriage," and on SUNDAY, at 3 P.M., on "Training Children." WEDNESDAY, at 2, to Ladies, illustrated, "Female Health and Beauty Spots." Fifty Cents. Consultations as to your own and Children's Phrenology, best business, etc., at the Grand Hotel, till FRIDAY, April 18th, at 10 P.M. April 12.

RODGERS, MEYER & CO., 212 BATTERY STREET,

Offer for sale, in bond or duty paid. Woolbags, Fleece Twine, 3 ply and 5 ply, Flat Twine 3 ply and 4 ply, Grain Bags, Imitation Chicken Gunnies, Coffee Bags, Hessians, 40 and 45 inches, Copper Ore Bags, [illegible] Silver Ore Bags of all descriptions, [illegible] Pig Iron, Kirkless Hall [illegible] Iron, Yellow Metal, [illegible] & Co.'s celebrated brand, Composition Nails, Brimstone, Sulphate of Copper, Fire Clay and Chalk, Bath Bricks, Fire Bricks, Soda Crystals, Candles, Grass Cloth. April 12.

H. W. JONES.] **JONES & BYERS,** [J. M. BYERS.

Real Estate and Collection Agents, 423 Washington street, Room No. 6, San Francisco.—Our facilities for making Country Collections are unsurpassed. City Collections solicited, and prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and Money advanced on Real Estate. April 12.

CHAMPAGNES.

Carte Blanc, reserve, extra dry; Carte d'Or and L. Roderer, at Agent's rates. The undersigned beg to recommend the above exquisite Wine to the patrons and connoisseurs of Fine Champagne. For sale, in quarts and pints, only at [April 12.] A. M. GILMAN & CO.'S, 320 California street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Marple & Gump will sell through Newhall & Co., April 23d, Eighty CHOICE PAINTINGS, MARBLE STATUARY, etc., embracing some of the most eminent artists of the day. Pictures on exhibition and Catalogues ready April 19th. April 12.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS COMPANY,

April 5, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that from and after the 9th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS PER THOUSAND CUBIC FEET. [April 12.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CITY GAS COMPANY,

San Francisco, April 5, 1873.—Consumers of Gas are notified that from and after the 9th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS ($4) PER ONE THOUSAND CUBIC FEET. By order of the Board. [April 12.] W. W. BLOW, Secretary.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Ajax, F. Bolles, Commander, will leave Folsom-street wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, April 12, at 10 o'clock A. M. [April 12.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

BRITISH COLUMBIA—FREE LAND GRANTS TO ACTUAL SETTLERS.

The Government of British Columbia is offering splendid inducements to actual settlers—land for nothing! Under the provisions of the Land Act ascribed to February 21st, 1871, it is stated that "The Lieutenant-Governor in Council may appropriate any public lands considered suitable for settlement and cultivation, and not being mineral lands, as free grants to actual settlers, under such regulations as shall from time to time be made by Order in Council. Such grants or appropriations shall include lands surveyed or hereafter to be surveyed. No land located as aforesaid, nor any interest therein, shall in any event be or become liable to the satisfaction of any debt or liability contracted or incurred by the locatee, his widow, heirs or devisees, before the issuing of the Crown grant for such land. After the issuing of the Crown grant for any such land, and while such land or any part thereof, or any interest therein, is owned by the locatee, or his widow, heirs or devisees, such land, part or interest shall, during twenty years next after the date of such location, be exempt from attachment, levy under execution, or sale for payment of debts, and shall not be or become liable to the satisfaction of any debt or liability contracted or incurred before or during that period, save and except any debt secured by a valid mortgage or pledge of such land made subsequently to the issuing of the Crown grant thereof." We believe that neither the United States nor any British colony has ever offered such thoroughly liberal terms to actual settlers. Further details may be learned from the Government Agent, Mr. W. R. H. Adamson, 315 California street. We understand that a number of Californians familiar with British Columbia have already taken up land under the provisions of the new land ordinance.

Domestic Summary.—The export movement in Wheat and Barley is continued, our grain fleet to the United Kingdom exceeding 300 ships of the largest class, and we think the number of outward-bound vessels will reach 365 before the close of the harvest year. Thus far during the current month no considerable purchases of Wheat have been made public. Prices steady and the market measurably firm, with limited offerings. Exporters seem to be well supplied with Wheat, so that the vessels on the berth have the usual quick dispatch. There is no scarcity of tonnage for the present movement of the surplus Wheat yet remaining in the State. It is difficult to say what the crop balance now is; many well posted seem to think we have yet available 100,000 tons to go forward within the next sixty days. What we now want more than anything else is copious rains to mature the growing crops; they are yet promising, but will soon need moisture to fill and ripen. It is very seldom that April passes without copious rains, and sometimes as late as May we have showers of rain to freshen up the crops. Indications now point to a change of weather, and should we be thus favored farmers will then be willing to market the balance of their crops without further waiting. Oregon yet holds considerable Wheat and Flour, which is finding its way to this market in increased quantities. The Barley market shows no improvement; the brewers are well loaded with stocks, and the little grain left suited for export and brewing is not sufficient to lessen prices. Not so with Feed Barley; coast supplies are large, stock heavy and the demand very meagre, causing much depression, as the majority of the grain offered is dark and rusty, and the prejudice against its use very great even for ground feed. Oats are scarce and dear. Corn is also plentiful and cheap. Rye is scarce and high. Hay is abundant and prices ease off. Bran and Middlings favor the buyer. Beans are held with increasing firmness. Mustard Seed is plentiful and cheap. Hops are in light supply. Potatoes are very abundant and prices ease off as the new crop appears to take its place. Onions continue to sell high. Wool is now arriving freely, and is moving off steadily at low prices. Hides are also inclined to ease off in buyers' favor. Tallow is very plentiful and cheap; the demand very light. Dairy supplies are now very considerable, and prices of butter down to the lowest point. Cheese comes in freely; is wanted at good prices.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1....	$57 50 @ 60 —
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔ ℔..	— 4 @ — 6
Metal Sheathing, ℔ ℔....	— 29 @ — 30
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box...	13 00 @ 14 00
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box...	14 00 @ 15 00
Lead, Pig, ℔ ℔	— 6 @ — 6½
Lead, Sheet, ℔ ℔	— 9 @ — 1
Banca Tin, ℔ ℔	— 40 @ — 42½
Quicksilver	— — @ 9½
COAL.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton.....	14 00 @ 15 00
Australian..........	11 50 @ 12 00
Cumberland..........	18 00 @ 20 00
Anthracite...........	14 00 @ 15 00
Bellingham Bay	9 — @ — —
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 6 50
COFFEE	
Rio ℔ ℔	— 19 @ — —
Java, Old Government	— 22 @ — 23
Manila	— 14 @ — 17
Costa Rica	— 16 @ — 19
RICE	
China, No 1, ℔ ℔	— 6¾ @ — 7
China, No 2	— 6 @ — 6½
Hawaiian	— 8½ @ — 9
WINES	
Champagne ℔ doz	20 00 @ 25 00
Port, according to brand ℔ gallon	3 00 @ 8 75
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00
OIL	
Coal and Kerosene	— 38 @ — 52½

TEAS.	PRICES
Japans	$— 30 @ 75
Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
SUGARS	
China, No. 1, ℔ ℔.........	— 9 @ — 10
Sandwich Island.........	— 8 @ — 10½
Manila	— 7½ @ — 8
Crushed American	— 12½ @ — 12½
Muscovado...........	— 8 @ — 8
Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
CANDLES.	
Sperm Wax, ℔ ℔.........	— 30 @ — 46
Adamantine...........	— 15 @ — 19
SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Whisky, American.......	1 25 @ 4 00
Whisky, Scotch.........	5 00 @ 5 50
Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
Alcohol, American......	2 00 @ 2 10
Rum, Jamaica...........	4 50 @ 5 25
Brandy, French.........	4 00 @ 10 00
BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Chicken Gunnies, 200-℔..	— 17 @ — 19
Gunny Bags in bales	— 16 @ — 17
Burlap Bags..........	— 16 @ — 16½
Hessian, 40-inch, ℔ yard.	— 11½ @ — 12
DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
Wool, ℔ ℔.........	— 14 @ — 22
Tallow..........	— 7 @ 7½
Hides.........	— 12 @ — 15
Wheat, ℔ 100 ℔s.........	1 60 @ 1 85
Barley..........	1 15 @ 1 40
Oats	2 25 @ 2 40
Flour ℔ 1.6 ℔s	4 75 @ 5 50

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 7th, 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,211,757 46, as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 1st day of September, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $150,000. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President
B. H. COIT, ... Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Budd, W. C...440 California st.
Burling, W. 428 California st.
Ford, J. C. 420 Mont'y, up stairs.
Fitch, J. B....411 California st.
Higgins, W. L....418 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H...434 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. R....408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co......426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 415 Hayw'd B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P....418 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H....401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W..... 414 Cal'a st.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔ ℔	40@	45
Do. pickled, ...	60	
Do. Packed	45	
Cheese, Cal	20@	25
Honey	25@	[illegible]
Eggs, ℔ doz	40@	45
Lard, ℔ ℔ ...	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔ ℔..	18@	[illegible]
Cranberries, ℔ gal ...	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔ ℔..	2@	
Do. sweet ...	5@	[illegible]
Lima Beans, ℔ ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔ ℔.......	6@	8
Onions, ℔ ℔.........	@	5
Squashes, ℔ ℔.......	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔ ℔......	2@	3
Cabbages, each.......	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each....	10@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz....	25@	50
Celery ℔ doz b	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b....	25@	
Parsnips, ℔ doz b....	20@	30
Radishes, ℔ doz b....	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔ ℔.....	@	20
String Beans, ℔ ℔...	@	
Apples, ℔ ℔..........	6@	8
Pears, ℔ ℔...........	6@	12
Quinces, ℔ ℔.........	@	
Peaches, ℔ ℔	@	
Pine Apples, each ..	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔ ℔..	12@	25
Do new, ℔ ℔	@	
Oranges, ℔ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100.	75@1	00
Limes, ℔ doz.	35@	50
Quail, ℔ doz 2	50@3	00
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔ ℔........	@	25
Geese, ℔ pair 3	00@4	00
Ducks, ℔ pair 2	50@3	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	35@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100........1	00@	
Clams, ℔ 100	60@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔ ℔	6@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔ ℔ .	12@	
Codfish, ℔ ℔ ..	12@	
Rockfish ℔ ℔	12@	
Smelts, ℔ ℔	12@	
Tomcod, ℔ ℔	12@	
Sturgeon, ℔ ℔ .. .	6@	
Sea Bass, ℔ ℔	@	
Flounders, ℔ ℔	@	
Halibut ℔ ℔ ..	[illegible]	
Perch, ℔ ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ℔ ℔	6@	
Anchovies, ℔ ℔ .. .	6@	
Soles, ℔ ℔.	3@	
Herrings, ℔ ℔	@	

BOILED DOWN JUICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PRESS.

Alta.—"The act of the University of London in abandoning the pedestal of classical antiquity and in attempting to adapt education to the wants of our age, is a desecration. Let the fossils protest."——"If wooden ships are to be preferred, it is to our advantage. If iron, the British will beat us for some time yet."——"We are at peace with Spain, and desire to remain so. But, the Cubans wish to be free; they have suffered long the terrible tyranny and oppression of Spain, and if any nation should extend them the favor of the rights of belligerents, it is our own."——"We doubt whether any city in the United States can produce better physicians and surgeons than San Francisco, though the larger cities have a greater number of competent men."——"Whether raids into Mexico are conducted by Cachesi's band or any other Indians residing within our territory, our Government is responsible for the damages they inflict."——"Somewhat of our favorable opinion of the Japs may be due to the fact that they have never come into competition with our people in trade and in labor in the country."

Chronicle.—"There is $600,000,000 of currency and money in the United States. We have opportunities in California for splendid investments, but we say practically to Eastern capitalists, 'if you bring your money here we will only receive it at fifteen per cent. discount, and as money will not run up hill, it will not seek our State.'——"Give us cheap money and high prices for labor and we cannot doubt that we should speedily feel a new impulse and a new prosperity."——"There is no person in health, between the ages of ten and sixty years, who cannot become self-supporting and find employment in a farming community. Better be a frog in a small puddle than a pollywog in a great town."——"The Supervisors of Alameda County act more like boys than grown-up men."——"To be Superintendent of the Almshouse, of the Industrial School, of the Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind is the reward of political service. Appointments are [illegible] from favoritism, and not for fitness. We are weary and sick of this thing."

Call.—"San Francisco has become too large a city to admit of a few men controlling the price of gas at exorbitant rates."——"If every employer should make up his mind to give white boys and girls the preference in his mills and shops, he would be greatly benefited by such a course in the end, and have the satisfaction of knowing that while he earned a good living himself, his poorer neighbors were doing the same."——"It has always been believed that Train was a little 'cracked,' as the popular phrase has it, but there was a method in his lunacy which gave him conspicuity and brought coin to his purse."——"Enlightened public opinion in this country has long considered imprisonment for debt a relic of the barbarous ages."

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending April 11th, 1872.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y	NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill		—	—	Justice		4¼	3½
Alpha		23	23	Kentuck		—	—
Alps		1½	—	Kentucky.		—	4
Amador Tunnel		—	—	Knickerbocker		1½	—
American Flag		6	6				
Arizona & Utah		—	—	Lillian Hall.		—	—
Arkansas		—	1	Louise		—	—
Alamo		2¾	—				
				Mahogany		—	1
Bacon		—	—	Mammoth		—	—
Baltimore Consolidated		—	—	Meadow Valley		12½	12½
Belcher		70½	68½	Minnesota		2½	3
Belmont		—	—	McMahon		—	—
Bellevue		—	—				
Best & Belcher		—	2½	Newark		—	1½
Buckeye		—	—	New York Consolidated		—	—
Bullion		—	—	Noonday		—	—
Caledonia		10½	—	Occidental		—	—
Cederberg		—	5¼	Ophir		17	19
Central		4	—	Orig'l Hidden Treasure		6¼	—
Charter Oak		—	—	Overman		37	39
Chapman		—	—				
Chief of the Hill		3	2½	Page & Panaca		1½	—
Chief East Extension		—	4c	Pea Vine		—	—
Chollar		41½	40½	Phœnix		½	25c
Columbus		—	—	Picton		—	—
Confidence		8	12	Pioche		7	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz		—	—	Pioche West		—	—
Consolidated Virginia		47	52½	P. Phoenix		1¼	1¼
Cook & Geyser		—	—				
Crown Point		95	97½	Raymond & Ely		60	62½
Central No. 2		—	—	Revenue Consolidated		—	—
Consolidated Amador		—	—	Ruby Hill		—	—
				Rye Patch		7	7½
Daney		—	—				
				Savage		37*	40
Eclipse		7½	8	Seg. Belcher		11	†
El Dorado		—	—	Sierra Nevada		9	7½
Empire Mill		5	5½	Silver Peak		—	6½
Empire Idaho		—	—	Silver Hill		9½	9½
Eureka Consolidated		10½	10½	Silver Mountain		—	—
Eureka, G. V.		—	24	Standard		1½	—
Exchequer		7½	7½	Sterling		—	—
				Succor		1¼	1½
Globe		—	—	Southwest Consolidated		—	—
Golden Chariot		1½	1½	Silver Chariot		—	60c
Gould & Curry		7½	7½	South Overman		—	—
Gila		—	—				
				Tecumseh		—	—
Hale & Norcross		33	33½	Trench		—	—
Hermes		6	5½				
Hubb & Hunt		3½	3½	Union Consolidated		—	—
Home Ticket		—	—	Utah		—	—
Ida Elmore		—	—	War Eagle		—	—
Imperial		5½	6½	Washington & Creole		1	1½
Independent		—	—	Washoe		—	—
Ingomar		—	—	Woodville		1½	1½
Insurance		—	—	Wellington		—	—
Ivanhoe							
				Yellow Jacket		38	38½
Jackson		15c.	15c.	Yule Gravel		—	—
Julia		1½	1	Yellow Stone		—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30.

☞ Owing to the death of Mr. Sparrow, one of the members of the San Francisco Stock Board, that board did not meet on Monday.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Jack.—Our dog, your namesake, was, as you state, given to us by the late Emperor of China, as some slight recognition of our services to the world at large. You are wrong, however, in his pedigree. He was not sired by an elephant out of an alligator, but by a lion out of a dromedary. He is only forty years old.

English Vet.—A first-class man, a regularly educated English Vet, would do well here, but if you are doing well where you are, stay.

Sophy.—Of course we have a reporter from Hades, but he doesn't as you suppose, light his cigar with the tip of his tail. He uses pure pump water for that purpose.

Paul Pry.—You are wrong. Bishop Kip did not write those clever articles signed "The Parson," that appeared in this paper.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Arnold—In this city, April 9th, to the wife of N. S. Arnold, a son.
Bryant—In this city, April 1st, to the wife of S. A. Bryant, a son.
Carswell—In this city, April 14th, to the wife of George W. Carswell, a son.
Giles—In this city, March 28th, to the wife of Joseph Giles, Truckee Meadows, a daughter.
Keller—In this city, April 8th, to the wife of Leonard Keller, a son.
Kronberg—In this city, April 2d, to the wife of A. Kronberg, a daughter.
Lemar—In this city, March 26th, to the wife of John Lemar, a son.
Ringen—In this city, April 4th, to the wife of P. Ringen, a son.
Rulofson—In this city, April 7th, to the wife of W. H. Rulofson, a son.
Russell—In this city, April 5th, to the wife of John Russell, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Bradford-Williams—In this city, March 26th, G. W. Bradford to Marcia Williams.
Burnett-Matheson—In Petaluma, April 2d, Wm. G. Burnett to Alice Matheson.
Burris-Barton—In this city, April 9th, Butler Burris to Saddie Barton.
Falk-Raphle—In this city, April 6th, Lewis Falke to Pauline Raphle.
Kellett-Lillie—In this city, April 6th, Samuel Kellett to Mary C. Lillie.
Medan-Westphal—In this city, April 7th, G. H. Medan to Annette Westphal.
Rowland-Fridey—In this city, April 6th, Willis T. Rowland to Mary Fridey.
Sengstacken-Tiencken—In this city, April 6th, H. Sengstacken to Anna Tiencken.
Underwood-Porter—In West Oakland, April 6th, E. Underwood to F. E. Porter.
Wood-Cox—In San Ramon Valley, April 3d, Geo Wood to H. Fannie Cox.

TOMB.

Steinert—In this city, April 9th, Edward Steinert, aged 68 years.
Sparrow—In this city, April 7th, Sanders J. Sparrow, aged 50 years.
Woodinger—In this city, April 7th, Peter Woodinger, aged 41 years.
Bouldin—In this city, April 8th, James T. Bouldin, aged 56 years.
Johnston—In this city, April 8th, Margaret Johnston, aged 40 years.
Marks—In this city, April 4th, James Marks, aged 40 years.
Connell—In this city, April 6th, Thomas Connell, aged 53 years.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

"WHAT IS THE PLACARD EXCHANGE?"

'Tis a Place where a man, if he likes to, can find
Anything he requires, both for body and mind;
If you're going a trip by the river and route,
You can there find the trade and the time that best suit;
If you want a new house or a nice piece of land,
Or to draw up a bill to be paid on demand,
If you want a new hat, if you want some old wine,
If you want to inspect samples of ore from a mine,
If you want some new linen, a necktie or socks,
If you want a safe broker to buy you some stocks,
If you want some good ribbons, or rare kinds of lace,
If you want a good lawyer to fight out your case,
If you're anxious to buy a good watch or a chain,
If you're wanting a tonic for the body or wanting food for the brain,
If you want a good photograph taken like life,
Or begad, I believe, if you wanted a wife,
If you want a good doctor to cure all your ills,
If you want a good druggist to make up your pills,
If you want to know what are the new city laws,
You will find them all there, with each chapter and clause;
If you want some new matting to put on your floor,
If you want to know aught that concerneth the shore,
You can know it right there, at the Placard Exchange.
You can find what you want, and your bargains arrange,
Not only advertisements there you will see,
But them of great interest, from land and from sea;
Canary birds sing in their cages around,
And a fountain's soft ripple adds beauty to sound.
In fact, in a word, all these matters to tell,
It's the whole of the State in a simple nutshell;
For the man in whose brain this idea had its birth,
Has wandered all over the face of the earth,
And now to the world he says, "Come in and see,"
For you're nothing to pay, the admittance is free.

"Spend your Money where you make it" is a first rate motto for every Californian. Each year shows us by the increasing price of gold how necessary it is to encourage home industries and to keep in circulation among ourselves the gold that comes out of our country. The millions of dollars that yearly and monthly go to swell the pockets of foreigners, should be kept in the country. That our home industries are carried to perfection, no one can deny. In most cases the work done here is done well. One of the most notable and praiseworthy examples is the store of Mr. Peter Short, tailor, 613 Montgomery street, corner of Merchant. For style, few New York tailors can come up to him, and for material, none. His prices are moderate and his cuts perfection. At present he has in a large assortment of Spring and Summer goods, admirably suited to our climate, as they combine what we most need here—warmth and lightness. A look round his store would, we are sure, end in an order being given, and an order being given in satisfaction, complete and entire.

The Modoc War seems to be no nearer finished than it was six months ago. The Peace Commissioners know no more about the Indian character than a bear knows about Euclid. Now some one is draining Uncle Sam's pocket pretty freely on account of these Indians, and that some one knows better than to kill the goose that lays the golden eggs. We have interviewed Captain Jack and Scar Faced Jack, and both of them declare that they will accept almost any terms. The only thing that they insist upon is that the authorities should take them to San Francisco and have their likenesses taken by Bradley & Rulofson. They have seen some of the cartes retouched by Mr Bachert, and won't rest till they get photographed.

I'm Not a Very Pious Cuss, no priest or hooded monk,
But I've a very great disgust for men who get drunk.
I take my cobbler each day and cocktail before dinner,
And have my little modest spree like any other sinner.
The reason I am never drunk, or brought home on a shutter,
Is this: I take my whisky straight, and always stick to Cutter.

"What! a Letter from California?" "Yes, and see what's inside it, just look; did you ever see such a lovely photograph?" "Why, I declare, George looks handsomer than ever. How nicely they do take these photographs in San Francisco. I am almost tempted to go there, if only to get a likeness taken." "These views, too, that he sent us home last month, how splendid they were." "Let me see who they were taken by. I thought so—I. W. Taber, Montgomery street. Don't you remember that George said that he was about the best? I think he was right. None could be better, could they?"

Tom Moore, when he wrote "Paradise and the Peri," had no idea of the beauty of a Gorke ... of its productions. He might have spared the poor Peri so many ... search of the ... key to open the gates of heaven. One trip ... would have been quite sufficient. Had the Peri taken a bottle of Gorke ... the gates would have swung open, and they would have ... The only fear is that they would have liked it so ... earth would have been exhausted. No, it's as well as it is. We can drink all the Gorke down here.

The Supervisors know what's good, and we don't blame them for enjoying it. There's an enviable office, and every one has a pick at them. Still they live and grow fat and sleek. Last week we saw a merry party at Thorpe's Hotel and Gardens, on the San Bruno road. The wine cup passed freely round, and smiles beamed on all their faces. Two of these happy people were Supervisors. One of them, with a brimming beaker in his hand, proposed a toast: "May Mr. and Mrs Mangenberg flourish like the lovely plants in their gardens." It was drank with three times three.

"Up Mit de Wine und down mit de beer,
Don't care nix for demberance here;
Der Dutch drinks schnapps, und der Yankees drink rum,
Und der Kentucky boys are pumpkins some."

The talented author of the above beautiful lines has now taken to Eberhardt & Lachman's native wine. A marked improvement may be looked for in his verse.

"Come, Dear, and christen the new furniture; you shall kiss me in every chair, etc." Perhaps some of our readers will recognize the above lines as part of a letter written by a murderess to her victim. Now nothing is nicer than to sit with a nice girl on an easy chair that is an easy chair—not one of your creaking, hard frauds, but a genuine easy chair. To feel those soft white arms round your neck, and to kiss those sweet lips. No chairs we ever sat on, or lounges either, ever came up to those made by N. P. Cole, on Bush street. He's the boss furniture man in the State.

Gladstone has failed to pass his University bill, and it seems a pity, as he had all his plans laid out in such a business-like manner. He is a shrewd man, and knows what is what as well as any man living. He has shown his friendly feeling toward America in many ways, and his sympathies are ever on the side of glorious freedom. In anticipation of passing his Educational bill, he had actually sent a large order to Messrs. Goldstein & Moore for school furniture, knowing that there was the best made. He has not countermanded the order, for he says "Good things are scarce."

No. 604 Merchant Street, San Francisco, March 1st, 1873.—Sir: I desire to inform you that I have opened an office at the above address for the sale and purchase of city and country property, the examination of titles, the settlement of estates of decedents, the investment of money and the negotiation of loans. As I propose to give to these specialties my exclusive personal attention, I can ask, with the greater confidence, the favor of your patronage. I am, respectfully, your obedient servant, Robt. C. Rogers.

You Bet I had a treat last night,	With pretty girl beside me stowed,
Not drinking grog or getting tight,	But oysters and a pint of hock
Not driving on the Cliff House Road	With Cornish at the Saddle Rock.

Diamonds, Rich and Rare, have turned out a fizzle, but we have, if we have not the precious gems, something else that make up for our loss in that respect. Messrs. Jones & Hyers, the well known house agents and collectors, can negotiate for those who require them and have the security to offer, loans on easy terms. In a time when gold is as scarce as it is now this is a consideration, and should be taken notice of. As collectors, they are too well and favorably known to need any praise from us.

Judge a Man by his Actions, a poet by his eye, an idler by his fingers, a lawyer by his leer, an actor by his strut, a pugilist by his sinews, an Irishman by his swagger, an Englishman by his rotundity, a Scotchman by his shrug, a justice by his frown, a great man by his modesty, an editor by his coat, a tailor by his legs, a fiddler by his elbows, a woman by her pouting, and a neat turnout by having Main & Winchester's harness on the horses and their robes on the buggy.

"**My Heart is Sad,** and scalding tears	"Cheer up my wife and list to me,
Are coursing down my cheek,	For things are bound to change,
For I am full of doubts and fears	And I have sent you home, you see,
About the coming week."	A brand new Union Range."

Who Has Not Heard of Louis Roederer's Champagne, and breathes there a man whose eyes have not sparkled with pleasure at the sight of Cachet Blanc (Reserve)? The last mentioned is the driest champagne that is imported. Messrs. Hellman & Co. have a large supply on hand, and will make their terms easy to customers who desire a good article.

Harry Blankon, you're a trump, and as long as I live I'll never pass your house on the San Bruno Road without calling. That last cocktail you made me couldn't be beaten in the city.

If You Want to See what's going on in the world, and not mope around like a weak old pup, get a pair of Muller's Pebble Glasses—you'll see.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

April 16th—Steamer CHINA ... Capt. Cobb.
May 1st—Steamer COLORADO ... Capt. Warsaw.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

April 17th—Steamer MOHONGO ... Capt. Connolly.
Calling at San Diego.
April 27th—Steamer GREAT REPUBLIC ... Capt. Cavarly.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:

PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Thursday, April 14th; Tuesday, April 29th.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Friday, April 11th; Wednesday, April 23d.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO AND SANTA BARBARA.

Steamers will leave at 8 P. M. as follows:

SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, Friday, April 18th; Monday, April 28th.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon. No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at the Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts. [April 12.] E. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL,

Gardens and Farms, at the Junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot. This well known and most beautiful place is there once more open to the elite of San Francisco society, where breakfasts and dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable, by Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg. March 22.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London, J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate, within; Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate, within; Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch Lane; The Alliance Bank (Limited), Bartholomew lane; Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 49 Moorgate; East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st.; London Suburban Bank (Limited), 252 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D Escomte de Paris, 14 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs., W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S.; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Holborn, S.; Thos. Mills, 21 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith, Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st, E.C.; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool; Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. P. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 20 Stevenson's Building, S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling, renting, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any, and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

HELL, April 1st, 1873.

Editor News Letter.—As the *News Letter* has for some time past taken a commendable interest in my section of the country, I have taken the liberty to write to you upon a subject which has occupied my mind for a long time. I am not in the habit of indulging very often in exercises of a literary character, or boring newspapers with communications upon topics of which I know nothing. Upon the condition of affairs in Hell I feel qualified to write understandingly, knowing whereof I speak. To tell the truth, it is badly out of repair. It needs renovating. It is nearly if not entirely played out. My dominions are entirely overrun by a set of audacious scamps, who seem to imagine that the place belongs to them—and it does. Impotent to govern, powerless to command, I sit amid the ruins of a once mighty kingdom, now given over entirely to shrewd politicians, who have assumed the prerogative of self-government and grasping monopolists, who control the brimstone market. I have, after some labor, written a poem describing the real state of affairs and dispatched it by a *News Letter* reporter, who occasionally calls here. Please print it and oblige your humble and obedient servant, THE DEVIL.

The Devil sat there in his easy chair and rocked himself to and fro,
Heaving a sigh with a wistful eye at his furnace smouldering low,
When he suddenly rose and rent his clothes and rattled the scales of his tail,
And then he sat down with a terrible frown to curse and blaspheme and rail.

Many a year I've been toiling here, pegging away at souls,
Keeping the light of my furnace bright and raking these hellish coals.
There was a time when I in my prime ruled the old roost supreme,
When the flames of my pit had a sulphurous fit and burned with a ghastly gleam.
Then the devils sang, the chambers rang and rattled their tails in glee,
And my gleaming glance saw a broad expanse of liquid burning sea;
Then human souls came here in shoals, and every pit was crammed,
And the old place shook in every nook with the wail of spirits damned.

And higher rose the fire, for fuel was good and cheap,
Till the shrieks of woe, from the depths below, made my old pulses leap,
But now I look back on the beaten track of the good old days gone by,
When I fed my ghouls on human souls 'mid the red flames leaping high,
How the spirits took fright at the dreadful sight and shrank from the horrid roar,
And tried to flee from the liquid sea of fire and human gore,
How my senses burn for a swift return of those good old days of yore,
But another race has usurped the place of those who have gone before.

But now my hell isn't doing well, and business is mighty slow,
My devils have struck, and damn the luck, finances are getting low,
While those who come here just laugh and jeer and call me a miserable sell,
And throw in my face that this old place is a poor excuse for hell.
They fool with my fire and call me a liar, and make no bones of chaffing,
And if I command this cheeky band they worry their sides with laughing.
It makes me feel bad and troubled and sad, this terrible truth to tell,
'Tis rough to relate or to contemplate, but they've lost their respect for hell.
Now why is it then that they don't care a cuss for the terrors of sulphur and fire?
In order to face the true facts of the case I have taken the pains to inquire.
You see, years ago, these regions below were a terror in every zone,
Now I actually find that most of mankind have terrestrial hells of their own,
They've concocted a liquor that's fouler and thicker than the scum on the bottomless pit,
And direst inventions with foulest intentions to baffle the devil's wit.
Their terrestrial tortures are really such scorchers that they don't care a damn for this pit,
And if they affect it I fail to detect it. That my hell is a fraud I admit.

THE DEVIL.

THE CROSS OF ST. GEORGE AND ST. GEORGE'S DAY.

The Cross of St. George waves over every sea. That flag is the emblem of right, enterprise and liberty. No Briton ever sees it but it reminds him of the green fields of dear old Albion, and if his lot be cast on a foreign shore, he never fails to instill into his little ones that England, too,

Is the land of the free
And the home of the brave.

No wonder, then, that the picnic of the British Benevolent Society on St. George's Day is the picnic of the season for San Francisco. Every true Briton never fails to attend, and there under the "merrie greenwood tree," amid the groves of California's noble oaks, lives over again the happy days of long ago, when he joined in the "festive dance or joyous song" of some gipsy party or nutting excursion in the land of Johnny Bull. The Committee of the Society having outdone everything in the picnic line in previous years, intend outdoing themselves on the forthcoming excursion. That delightful retreat, Fashion's Gardens, at Alameda, has been again selected as the spot for the picnickers. Within easy access of the city, possessing delightful and charming scenery, those who went last year will not fail to attend this, while those who did not go have regretted it ever since, and made up their minds not to miss the treat another year. For families this excursion stands pre-eminent. Being the anniversary of Shakspeare's birth, professional ladies and gentlemen have volunteered to sing select glees and choruses, interspersed with solos, duets and trios of a festive and national character. No disorder or hoodlumism is permitted. Cars and boats at frequent intervals, so that there will be no rush or overcrowding. Old English sports for the youngsters, and the old made young again for the fun of the thing. Don't forget the occasion, St. George's Day, Wednesday, April 23d.

IN MEMORIAM.

Drowned, on board steamship *Atlantic*, April 1st, Anne Scrymser, of New York.

In the terrible, overwhelming and reckless loss of life, the wreck of the steamship *Atlantic* has brought weeping and wailing into many homes. Homes that were bright and happy in the expectation of returning ones, have been desolated; grief has taken the place of joy, and all the fond anticipations of family re-unions are now but the wailings for departed ones.

In a time so near the safe and happy ending of a boisterous voyage—so near the fond embrace of loved ones—the fatal judgment of a reckless man has severed the earthly ties which bound so many hearts, spreading desolation so broadcast, that one shudders at the contemplation of how slight the tenure of life is, and the uncertainty of all sublunary things. "Man proposes, and God disposes."

So far away as we are from the immediate scene of this cruel disaster and its surroundings, we cannot realize its full extent; but to those of us here whose pleasure it was, in life, to love one of its brightest, truest and kindest victims, our hearts go out in their fullest sorrow to the memory of our lost friend, clinging fondly to all the treasured memories of her happy past in California.

To the stricken family and relatives, in the irreparable loss they have sustained, we can but offer our mutual grief and sorrow to the cherished memory of the brightest, kindest of women. A. S.

South American Telegraphy.—That is a remarkable statement which comes to us from the Inspector General of Telegraphs in Chile. Telegrams are transmitted at the uniform rate of thirty cents for fifteen words. The average charge in the United States for 1871 was seventy cents. Two years ago in England it was thirty-eight cents for twenty words (a little under the Chile rate), but the Post Office Department runs the wires at a profit, charging twenty-four cents, and is about to reduce the rate to twelve cents, or nearly one cent per word. Clearly, we do *not* want a postal telegraph in the United States. We want to wait and see how it will work in Japan.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROPOSALS FOR LEASING WHARVES.

Office of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, No. 414 Montgomery street, San Francisco, March 13, 1873.—Sealed Proposals will be received at this Office until 2 o'clock P. M. of TUESDAY, the fifteenth day of April, 1873, for the leasing for a term of two years, from the first day of May, 1873, with the privilege of collecting Dockage, Tolls and Wharfage, of each of the following Wharves:

Montgomery and Francisco (Eureka) Wharf; North Point Wharf; Battery street (Greenwich) Wharf; Front street Wharf, from Vallejo street to the south line of Union street.

Front street Wharf, from the north line of Union street, extending northerly and westerly to the terminus of the present structure; the outer half of Vallejo street between the easterly line of Front street and the present easterly line of Davis street.

Vallejo street Wharf; the outer half of Davis street, between Vallejo and Broadway Wharves.

Broadway Wharf; the outer half of Davis street between Broadway and Pacific street Wharves and Ferry slips, and in connection therewith the north side of Pacific street Wharf, from Davis street extending easterly to the west side of East street.

Pacific street Wharf; the outer half of East street, between Pacific and Jackson street Wharves.

Jackson street Wharf; the outer half of East street, between Jackson and Washington street Wharves;

Washington street Wharf; the outer half of East street, between Washington and Clay street Wharves;

Clay street Wharf, excepting such portions as are now used and occupied by the fishermen;

Fisherman's Wharf, as now set apart;

Commercial street Wharf, excepting such portions as are now used and occupied by the fishermen, the outer half of East street, between Commercial and Market street Wharves;

Market street Wharf; Law's Wharf, together with the outer half of East street, between Market and Law's Wharf, the outer half of East street, between Law's and Mission street Wharf;

Mission street Wharf; the outer half of East street, between Mission and Howard street Wharf;

Howard street Wharf; also, separate bids will be received for each section of as much of the Water Front lying along East street as would be included by the extension in an easterly direction of the northerly and southerly lines of each of the lots known as Water Lots Nos. 7..., 20, 21 ..., 23 and 24. A clause will be inserted in the lease reserving the privilege of constructing the Sea Wall along the premises last described, without damage to the State for or by reason thereof.

Spear and Bryant street Wharf, all that wharf having a frontage on the bay commencing in the crossing of Stewart and Harrison streets and running thence southerly and westerly to a point near Main street, and known as Hathaway's Wharf.

Main street Wharf.

Separate bids will be required, and bidders will state the sum they will pay in United States gold coin, at the beginning of each and every month, for either of the above named wharves during the continuance of their lease. Lessees will be required, at their own expense, to do such dredging of the docks and slips, repairing wharves and reconstructing such works necessary for the protection of said wharves, docks and landing places held by them, as in the opinion of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, the safety and convenience of shipping may require. Such dredging, repairing, reconstruction and work, when deemed necessary in the opinion of said Board, to be done under the supervision of the Engineers of said Board, at such time and places as said Board may require and direct.

Lessees will be required to charge such rates for dockage, tolls and wharfage as are now established by law, failing in which, all leases held by them will be forfeited. Lessees will also be required to turn over to said Board, at the expiration of the term for which they are leased, all the wharves, docks and landing places in their possession in like good order and condition in which they were received.

A good and sufficient bond will be required for faithful compliance with the provisions of the lease, in a sum double the amount of one year's rental, agreed to be paid by the party renting, and no bid will be received unless signed by two or more responsible parties as sureties. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids as in their opinion the public good may require. Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of bids on the above named day and hour.

LEWIS CUNNINGHAM, SAMUEL SOULE, JOHN ROSENFELD,
J. A. McCLELLAND, Secretary. [April 12.] State Harbor Commissioners.

S. F. AND N. P. R. R. CO.—CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after April 1st, 1873, the steamer connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Broadway Wharf, at 3:00 o'clock P. M. Returning, the train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5:30 o'clock A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamer and arriving in San Francisco at 10:30 A. M. The steamers and cars make close connections with stages to and from all points. SUNDAY EXCURSION.—On and after April 13th leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving at Cloverdale at one o'clock P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 3 o'clock, arriving in San Francisco at 8:40 o'clock. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's office, 42 Montgomery street.
April 12. PETER DONAHUE, President.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore. The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

SAUCELITO FERRY.—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer Princess will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 9:30 and 11 A. M., 4 and 6 P. M. Saucelito at 7:30 and 9:30 A. M., 2:30 and 5 P. M. On Saturday, from Saucelito, at 7:30 and 11 A. M., 1, 3 and 5 P. M., from San Francisco at 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6:30 A. M. SUNDAY TIME.—Leave San Francisco, 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. Leave Saucelito 11 A. M., 1, 3 and 5 P. M.
April 12. H. A. COBB, President, 327 Montgomery street.

NOTICE.

On and after Monday next, 14th day of April, the price of Ice will be 2½ cents (two and one half cents) per pound, delivered to consumers. Any orders left at the Ice-House, No. 98 TEHAMA STREET, or at the office of the Pacific Ice Company, No. 418 BATTERY STREET, or given to the drivers, will be promptly attended to.
April 12. D. E. MARTIN, Superintendent Pacific Ice Company, 418 Battery street.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

"THE LOST LOCKET."

'Tis only a little locket,
And its case has worn so thin,
The greediest child of Israel
Would hardly take it in [look
And none would guess from its meager
That all I loved was therein.

'Tis only a little locket,
Yet what visions it brings to me,
Of those bygone days—too happy,
And methinks once more I see
Her fond gentle smile, and feel her head
Once more upon my knee.

'Tis only a simple locket,
Yet sooner would I miss
Each hope in life, each joy above
Than part with, aye with this.
For the one who gave it, ere I went,
Hallowed it with her kiss.

'Tis found, 'tis found, and with what joy
Its presence do I greet,
How fondly press to this lone heart,
That image cold, yet sweet;
O, would that in life, too, thou wert here,
My own loved Marguerite.

W. L. B.

EXCURSIONS.

Scarcely had we Become Resigned to Our Fate in not being able to make one in the "Grand Excursion" to the beautiful Islands of North and South Polynesia, when our "sitting-stal-comfort," to quote Jean Paul, is disturbed by the sound of happy tourist preparing to exchange dust for doctors and crowded city life for the true, free country air and ways. The route to the Yosemite Valley, by Coulterville, Bower Cave, Crane Flat and Gentry's is now open. Those fortunate visitors who have been spending the Winter on our portion of the Pacific Slope, and are only waiting to visit Yosemite before returning home, will be glad to know that the snow is no longer an obstacle to their visiting the valley. A week ago a party of horsemen started from Coulterville and passed over the wagon road leading from that town to Gentry's, which is at the top of the mountain overlooking the valley. For the first twenty-six miles of the road, to Hazel Green, they found only one half mile of snow; patches of snow on to Crane Flat, four miles farther, and from this last point to Gentry's, over the highest elevation which the road reaches, a distance of nine miles, there was snow continually; but this snow was all passed through without trouble, and its crust once broken, it melts fast and offers but little obstacle thereafter to travel. But a short delay in this case would not be dangerous, but rather an advantage. Stay a week or ten days longer say, and then you will have no trouble from snow or anything else. The route from this city is by the 4 P.M. train over the San Joaquin Valley Railroad, 157 miles to Merced; thence by stage to Coulterville, 42 miles, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays; thence by horseback or carriage, as parties may prefer, carriages going now to Crane Flat, 30 miles above Coulterville, and from there to the valley, 16 miles, by horse; or the whole distance from Coulterville to the valley, 46 miles, may be made on horseback. The valley hotels are preparing for the reception of guests, and it is expected that within the next ten or fifteen days the stages will run over the route from Merced to Gentry's, thus leaving only 7½ miles with your feet in (or out) of the stirrups.

Another excursion, which is to combine useful investigation with pleasure in a commendable manner, left Sacramento on Monday morning. George D. Roberts, of this city, and about thirty guests started for an excursion to the Tule Islands, near the mouth of the Sacramento and San Joaquin rivers. The excursionists first visited Brannan, Sherman, Grand and Twichell Islands, on the Sacramento, and then those which are located on the San Joaquin river. Several Eastern gentlemen have come out to investigate the resources and capabilities of the various portions of the State.

SPAIN.

Spain is advancing nearer and nearer to anarchy. Notwithstanding that the Cortes has now definitely declared its own dissolution, and new elections are ordered for the 10th prox., the Federals grow ominously turbulent, various provinces talk of declaring their own independence, and what portion of the army has not been corrupted by the Carlists is utterly demoralized by Democratic demagogues. The troops are not noisily mutinous, they simply refuse to obey obnoxious orders. They will parade, mount guard, and turn out of barracks when requested, but coolly and deliberately refuse to march northward against the Carlists, and when remonstrated with, remind their mentors that the Republic exists, and therefore they are no longer bound to serve. The navy also is as disorganized as the army. In the North the troops are somewhat more tractable, and great care is exercised by their officers to keep them always on the move, and, if possible, out of all towns. The Carlists appear to be prospering, though no attempt at any important move seems to have been made, and their favorite occupations of burning railway stations, tearing up lines, destroying tunnels, plundering diligences, making inroads on defenceless villages, and writing threatening letters to provincial magnates, are pursued with increased ardor. The army makes but little headway against the innumerable bands, which are now formidably recruited by deserters from the South. Combined together, and under able leaders, the Carlist leaders would prove a match for any army the Republic could at present muster, and great surprise is manifested that Don Carlos and his brother are absent from the scene of action at such an important moment. It is difficult to get at the real opinion of the generality of the people in this crisis; but the feeling apparently predominant is eminently Republican, and Senor Figueras was enthusiastically received by the various towns on his way to Barcelona.

"Poetry as It Is."—There is enough of truth in what follows to give it satiric point. "Poetry, like free thought, was first a work of inspiration, secondly of science, and lastly now of trick. At its first stage it was open to only here and there a genius; at its next to all intelligent men; and at its third to all the human race. Thus, just as there is no boy now but can throw stones at the windows which Bishop Colenso has broken, so there is scarcely even a young lady but can raise flowers from the seed stolen out of Mr. Tennyson's garden. And surely, whatever, in this its course of change, poetry may have lost in quality, is more than made up for by what it has gained in quantity. For in the first place it is far pleasanter to the tastes of a scientific generation to understand how to make bad poetry than to wonder at good; and secondly, as the end of poetry is pleasure, that we should make it such for ourselves is the very utmost that we can desire, since it is a fact in which we all agree, that no man's verses please him so much as his own."

A Gigantic Waterfall.—A letter in the *Times* states that C. B. Brown, the surveyor to the British colony of Guiana, has, in the last of his adventurous series of journeys to the sources of the great rivers of British Guiana, discovered, from a spot near the head waters of the Mazaruni, what at thirty miles distance appeared to be an immense river descending bodily from the northwestern face of the great precipice of Roraima mountain, "the atic story of the world." This extraordinary cliff is known to be 2,000 feet in hight, and appears inaccessible on all sides yet surveyed. The summit is flat and of great extent. The fall is believed, on Indian authority, to belong to the Carmi river, a tributary of the Orinoco; and will be, therefore, in the territory of Venezuela. After tumbling sheer down that astonishing wall, the water rushes down a glacis of (perhaps) 3,000 feet more, at an angle which cannot be less steep than 45 degrees.

American Girls are certainly more independent than ours are; more accustomed to take care of themselves, think for themselves, decide for themselves; not less really domestic in their hearts, but less tied to their mother's apron-strings, franker in their speech, and more ready to tell you about themselves, their circumstances, their families. There is a kind of French verve and force about them, but there is also a Teutonic truthfulness. Then there is a nimbleness and versatility of mind, as well as a self-possession of manner, which puts a stranger at his ease from the first. Where an English girl throws the weight of the conversation on her partner, an American girl takes it up, draws him out, and perhaps chaffs him in a genial fashion, and expresses her opinion freely on all the topics that turn up.

Mr. Arthur Arnold, the editor of the *Echo*, has been invested by the King of Greece with the Golden Cross of the Royal Order of the Savior, as a token of his Majesty's appreciation of Mr. Arnold's book, "From the Levant."

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 609 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 2d. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.
California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 609 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

SWISS-AMERICAN BANK,

Incorporated in Geneva (Switzerland) January 20th, 1873. Head office in Geneva.
Capital..............$2,000,000 subscribed, one quarter paid up.
PRESIDENT—HENRY HENTSCH, SAN FRANCISCO BRANCH (successors to Messrs. Hentsch & Berton), 527 Clay street. DIRECTORS—Francis Berton, Rob't Watt.

This Bank is prepared to grant letters of credit on Europe, and to transact every kind of Banking, Mercantile and Exchange Business, and to negotiate American Securities in Europe. Deposits received.

Bills of Exchange on:

New York,	Hamburg,	Bern,	Fribourg,
Liverpool,	Berlin,	Neuchatel,	Lucern,
London,	Frankfort-on-the-M.	Chaux-de-fonds,	Aarau,
Paris,	Geneva,	St. Gallen,	Bellinzona,
Lyons,	Zurich,	Lausanne,	Locarno,
Bordeaux,	Basel,	Baden,	Lugano,
Marseilles,	St. Gall,	Chur,	Mendrisio.
Brussels,	Winterthur,	Schaffhausen,	

An ASSAY OFFICE is annexed to the Bank. Assays of Gold, Silver, Quartz, Ores and Sulphurets. Returns in coin or bars, at the option of the depositor. Advances made on Bullion and Ores. Dust and Bullion can be forwarded from any part of the country and returns made through Wells, Fargo & Co., or by checks. March 8.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, E. D. Mastick. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 1.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates; also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.
Oct 23. A. McKINLAY, (Agents) A. S. FINNIE.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 28.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, President.
GEO. R. BOISE, Secretary. [April 16.]

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Babcock; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office, No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 24.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed. BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions, Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento.	J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

ARMES & DALLAM,

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Bags, etc., 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pollzoi.
Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.
Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Munton, Pr.
Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)
Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.
Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.
Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.
Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.
Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.
Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.
Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottacbi Felix, Prop.
Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.
Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.
Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.
Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.
London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.
Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.
New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.
Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.
Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.
Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.
Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.
Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.
St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.
Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.
Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.
Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.
Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Mach & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

On March 7th the Pope received what is called an international deputation, consisting of 160 persons, for whom Prince Lichtenstein was spokesman. The Duke of Norfolk, the Earl of Denbigh, Lord St. Asaph and other well-known English Roman Catholics were included in the deputation. The language used is characterized by the Roman correspondent of the *Times* as extremely violent. The invasion of Rome was treated as an execrable crime, and Italian unity as a pretext for reducing the Church to a state of slavery—an attack made with infernal astuteness and violence. The special object of the deputation was to attest solemnly the horror inspired by the new movement against religious orders.

The First Levee of the season was held by the Prince of Wales on behalf of Her Majesty at St. James's Palace on March 3d. The members of the royal family present were the Duke of Edinburgh, the Duke of Cambridge, Prince Christian and the Duke of Teck. In the diplomatic circle, after the Foreign Ambassadors and Ministers had been introduced in the order of precedence, the Turkish Charge d'Affaires presented to the Prince of Wales Rear-Admiral Fedrigo Pacha, of the Turkish Imperial Navy, now on a mission for His Highness the Khedive of Egypt. About one hundred and fifty gentlemen were presented to His Royal Highness.

The Will of Napoleon III. has been proved in England. His personal property is sworn at under £120,000, and this he leaves to the Empress without reserve. To the Prince Imperial there is only one bequest, we are told—the Imperial Crown. If this be true, we have here a certain violation of the *idée Napoléonienne*, according to which any Bonaparte may govern who is called by the voice of the people, and the Emperor's will is in this respect an important manifesto to the Imperialists. It is a message to the friends of Prince Napoleon.

Prince Louis Napoleon visited the Queen at Windsor on March 4th, and lunched with Her Majesty and the Princess Beatrice. His Imperial Highness was accompanied from London by Viscount Sydney, and in returning from the Castle to the railway station he was also accompanied by Prince Christian. A demonstration—which seemed to gratify the young Prince—was accorded him on the platform, where many ladies and gentlemen had assembled.

The Queen returned to Windsor Castle from Buckingham Palace March 1st. Before leaving London the Queen, attended by the Duchess of Roxburghe and Lady Churchill, visited the Exhibition of Old Masters at Burlington House. Her Majesty was received and conducted through the Academy by Sir Francis Grant, R. A. The Court is expected to remain at Windsor until Easter.

The Prince of Wales, attended by Major-General Probyn, left Marlborough House on March 4th for Belvoir Castle, on a visit to the Duke of Rutland. His Royal Highness traveled by the great Northern line, and reached Grantham at half-past five, where he was received by Lord John Manners, and an address was presented by the Corporation. The castle was reached by road at a quarter past six.

The Senior Member of the French Academy has just died at the age of ninety-three—General Comte de Segur, so well known for his history of the Russian campaign, in which he bore part as a General of Brigade. He is the last surviving General of that terrible retreat from Moscow. He has lived in retirement since 1848.

The Duke of Argyll has, by desire of Her Majesty the Queen, sent a letter to the eldest son of Dr. Guthrie, expressing "to the bereaved widow and family of Dr. Guthrie Her Majesty's sincere sympathy with them, as well as Her Majesty's very true sorrow for the loss of one so good and so useful."

Information Has Been Received from Cannes of a carriage accident having happened to Lord de Grey, son of Lord Ripon, the Lord President of the Council, on March 2d. Lord de Grey, who only attained his majority in January last, has received, it is feared, very serious injuries.

It is Authoritatively Reported from Berne (the *Swiss Times* says) that Monsignor Mermillod has been raised to the dignity of Cardinal. It is well known that the Pope has the right of nominating Cardinals *in petto* without calling a Consistory.

The Viscountess de Vicherey was recently knocked down by the carriage of a horse dealer in Paris. Receiving a violent blow in the chest from the pole of the vehicle, the young lady shortly expired.

The Marquis and Marchioness of Lorn are at present the guests of Lady M'Neil, at Barnhead House, Liberton. On March 1st they paid a visit to Edinburgh.

Pere Hyacinthe, or M. Loyson, as he now subscribes himself, has arrived at Geneva on his Old Catholic mission, and has been received with great enthusiasm.

It is Estimated that Mr. Lowe's surplus for the current year will be between four and five millions. The *Alabama* indemnity will alone spoil exceptional budget prospects.

Her Royal Highness the Princess Louise and Marquis of Lorn have arrived at their residence in Belgrave Square from Scotland.

The Duke of Teck left Kensington Palace recently for Stuttgardt to attend the funeral of his aunt, the late Queen Dowager of Wurtemburg.

In a Recent Auction at Paris was sold an album containing sixty-three drawings by the Duke de Berry, and which fetched £16.

The Earl and Countess of Derby arrived in Geneva recently from Aix les Bains, and are staying at the Hotel de la Paix.

The Sultan of Zanzibar obstinately declines to assist in the suppression of the East African slave trade.

A Reuter's Telegram from Bombay says that the Princes of Coburg have arrived there from Penang.

Prince Arthur has concluded his visit to Naples, and was expected to leave for England soon.

The Imperial Prince and Princess of Germany have returned to Berlin after a long absence.

Thirty-eight Persons are under trial at Toulouse for being members of the International Society.

The Marquis of Downshire is reported to be seriously ill at his mansion, Easthampstead Park.

Prince Leopold, attended by Mr. Collins, left Buckingham Palace for Oxford on March 1st.

The Deceased Wife's Sister Bill has been rejected by the House of Lords by 74 votes to 40.

The Queen held a numerously attended levee at Buckingham Palace on the 12th of March.

Very Conflicting Accounts are received from Madrid of the operations of the Carlists.

The Ex-King Amadeo and His Consort have been most warmly received in Italy.

The Performance at the Court Theater of *The Happy Land* has been resumed.

The German Parliament was opened by the Emperor in person March 12th.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK—J. ASPINWALL, William street. F. L. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as 'Household Words.'" Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *.*SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.—The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopaths and Invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage. Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb 8.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Rodgett & Hughes; Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON-BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well-known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 3.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps; Chemically-prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding; Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges, for Pin fire and Central fire Breech-loading Guns; Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances; and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. 7.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $5 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 21. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Sciences Britannia Ware and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 4.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 18th, 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox., the minimum price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per Thousand Feet.
Nov. 9. JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

"WEARY."

Weary of dancing, so weary,
Longing to sit down and sup;
To find for this sad heart and dreary,
The solace of cool claret-cup.

Weary, so weary of wishing
For a partner that's gone from my sight,
For a hand to be placed on my shoulder,
By a fair form enveloped in white.

Weary, so weary of flirting,
Waiting for something to eat,
For something to soothe and sustain me—
Bay Rass, lobster salad, cold meat.

For a hand that would lay close beside me
My meerschaum, birdseye, and fuzee,
For a step that would be such sweet music,
If it only brought sods-and B.

Wishing and waiting so sadly
For my carriage, that isn't in sight;
Willing to wait, O, so gladly!
But for such an abominable night. —*Judy.*

SUNBEAMS.

— Let us enjoy life in the best way we can; whether we are birds, beasts, men, or fishes, and eschew all those people who delight in melancholy talk, write melancholy novels, that have bad endings, or play melancholy music which I cannot abide. Dismal people are the only people to be sedulously avoided, unless, of course, they have transcendant notions of cookery. —*Arthur Helps.*

— A gentleman, in speaking to a real estate agent about the situation of an estate which he was about to buy in a level neighborhood, said: "The country is exceedingly beautiful and I do so admire a rich flat!" So do I, sir," said the obsequious but grinning agent.

— "Pray, sir," said a person at the back end of a crowd, to another who had just joined it, "pray don't press upon me, there's one behind you." "But there may be presently," said the other, "besides, sir, what's the use of being in a crowd if one mayn't shove.

— There is a good story told of Bishop Macrorie. He—the Bishop—was sitting next a Yankee navy captain, who said to him, "You have to your province two rival Bishops, C——— and another fellow, which of them do you incline to?" "I am the other fellow," said Macrorie.

— The following curious advertisement lately appeared in a provincial paper: "To be sold by private contract, a beautiful monkey, a parrot, two spaniels, and a tortoise-shell tom cat—the property of a lady just married, who has no further occasion for the same.

EPITAPH IN AN ENGLISH CHURCH-YARD.

Sacred to the memory of Martha Grim;
She was so very sparse withal,
She left the outward shell of an,
And hatched herself a cherubim.

— A man went home a few nights since at a late hour and gently knocked at the door. "Who is it?" inquired his better half. To which very proper inquiry the heartless man replied by asking, "Whom do you expect at this hour of the night?"

— A Continental artist named Wienlawlschkichl gave his English friends who wished to pronounce his name great trouble, until a wag suggested that the exact pronunciation was wine-and-whisky, then everybody cried "swallowed it."

EPITAPH ON AN EDITOR.

He left no copy of Diurnal
When he was called and went;
Alas that life's only tome
Should now be out of print!

— It is decreed by an Indiana editor, who "can't standit any longer," that the only difference between the compositor in a barn and a longer around newspaper office is, that the first is a barn door and the latter a darn' bore.

— A Scotch boy interrogated his mother as follows: "Mither, when we have to take our breakfast the morn?" "Ay, laddie, if we're spared." "And if we're no spared, mither, will we only lie hae paritch?"

— "We will meet in heaven, husband, dear," is the affectionate inscription which an Arkansas woman has had carved on the tombstone of every one of her five departed husbands.

— An instance of throwing oneself about was witnessed a few evenings ago at a fancy ball, in the case of a young lady, who, when asked to sing, first tossed her head and then pitched her voice.

— A jockey hearing some gentlemen conversing about the "Latin races," politely inquired to be informed "where their races was run," and "what was the name of the winnin' horse."

— When you have lost money in the streets, everyone is ready to help you to look for it; but when you have lost your character, every one leaves you to recover it as you can.

— An illiterate editor, in an obituary notice of a deceased subscriber, said he "had gone to that undiscovered bourn whence no intelligent soul ever returns."

— Yankee, on going with a friend to dine at the house of an acquaintance, in order to save time, said, "Scrape for me, while I knock for both of us."

— Definitions (not according to the dictionary)—Deputation. A number of mules which signifies many buffoons and only much.

— The man who couldn't find his match went to bed in the dark.

— Two female barbers in Hinsdale show woman's ability to run a razor round pretty well.

— The weight chain gives its short weight in hay, which is a large scale.

— Stand fast for your rights, never allow even your watch to be run down.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Saturday, March 15, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A. M. (daily), P. B. R. Steamer from Broadway Wharf, connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer from Broadway Wharf, touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland) stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles. Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) C. P. R. R. Steamer from Broadway Wharf, connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) connecting at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Oakland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7.00, 9.00, 10.00 and 11.30 A. M., 2.15, 3.30, 5.00, 6.30, 8.15, 9.30 and *11.30 P. M. (6.30, 8.30 and 10.30 A. M., 1.30, 3.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.30 and 10.30 P. M.

LEAVE OAKLAND, 6.30, 8.30, 9.30, 10.30 and 11.30 A. M., 12.30, 1.30, 3.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.30 and 10.30 P. M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7.30, 9.00 and 11.15 A. M., 2.30, 3.30 and 5.00 P. M. (6.30, 11.15 and 11.30 A. M. from Vale only.)

LEAVE HAYWARDS (for San Francisco), *1.30, 7.00 and 10.45 A. M., and 5.30 P. M.

LEAVE FRUIT VALE, *3.25, 7.35, 9.00 and 11.30 A. M., 1.30, 4.00 and 5.30 P. M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—				
San Francisco		8.40 a m	*3.20 p m	*4.45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11.10 a m	5.40 p m	7.20 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12.45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	1.00 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	1.45 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	2.15 p m		
Hollister	Arrive	4.30 p m		

Trains North		San Jose Only	San Jose Only.	Through Train
Leave—				
Hollister				11.15 a m
Salinas				10.45 a m
Castroville				11.18 a m
Pajaro				11.52 a m
Gilroy				12.20 p m
San Jose		9.00 a m	7.00 a m	3.00 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	9.40 a m	10.1 a m	5.25 p m

*SATURDAYS excepted. †MONDAYS excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 8.15 a.m., arrive at San Francisco at 3 p.m.

Transfer Train San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 7.00 p.m., arrive at San Francisco at 11.30 a.m.

A. N. TOWNE, Ass't Supt.
Gen'l Superintendent.

As that notorious fact
J. L. WILLITT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets also Valencia street at the junction of Twenty-fifth street, at 6 A. M., running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock P. M., and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty-fifth street at 11.00 P. M., and Mission and Market streets at 11.20. The cars run to Mott street up to 6.00 P. M., after which they run only as far as Sanchez street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets for Central Pacific trains of the South Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag, reading "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S. P. R. R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S. P. R. R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty-fifth street. Cars every minutes, direct to Haves Park.

Nov. 12. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeon's Instruments, Infants' Food, Rubber Goods, Toilet Articles, Agents for all kinds of Druggists' Sundries, 414 Market street, between Second and Third, Wares Hard 12 Mitchell street, London. Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 5.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive, For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 423 Front street. March 25.1

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonnough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on Wednesday, April 2nd, at 4 o'clock P. M., from Pacific street Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of all parties is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be for sale and none disregarded for freight or passage, having engaged a connecting car, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent.
March 15. 10 Front street.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Mission Wharf) at 7 a.m., 1, 4.30 p.m. Leave Sausalito at 8 a.m., 9 a.m. and 5.10 p.m. (Sundays excepted.) Leave San Francisco, 10 a.m., 12 m., 2.30 p.m. and 12 p.m. Sausalito, 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. (On Saturdays, an extra trip will leave Sausalito at 5.30 p.m. Monday, an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a.m. H. A. CODA, President.
Nov. 16. 22 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1872, the steamer PETALUMA will leave Napa daily, having orders to thoroughly repair and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 a.m. Returning, leave San Francisco at 2.30 p.m., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Healdsburg and Bloomfield. [Aug 21] CHAS. MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL, Gardens and Farms, at the junction of the

County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot.—This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the entire of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style or sumptuous.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, is connecting with the San Rafael Train and will leave as follows: San Francisco, 7.30 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 4.30 p.m. San Rafael, 8 a.m., 11 a.m., 2.30 p.m. (Will forward notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY and will use Leaving San Francisco at 10 a.m., 3.30 p.m. San Rafael 9.30 a.m., 3.30 p.m. [Aug 24] CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and reliable remedy in removing irregularities and relieving their inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should ask that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s 9d per box. May be had of all druggists throughout the world. Also DR. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in 2s 9d. Sold everywhere. J. BANGH & SONS, 120 Oxford st., London.
Feb 26.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The delicate aroma, perfect purity, and thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of the finest cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a dietetic by that may save us many heavy doctors bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound packets (labled) "JAMES EPPS & CO." Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Supplies, Patent Medicines, Perfumeries, Drugs, Paints, Dye Woods, Surgical Instruments, Sponges, Brushes, Perfumery, Glass, Leeches, Glassware, Chemicals, Oils, Stores, Medicines, Shot, Powder, Cap, Veterinary Medicines. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded free of all charge on receipt of 25c.
BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & CO., HIF.
July 11. 16 Cheapside, London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Muir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. THE LADY EDINBURGH SAUCE. The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by Muir & Son, Aberdeen, and sold by all respectable grocers and oilmen. Nov 28.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Ameriman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Hayes, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Ameriman, Wm. Hayes, H. V. Herbert, J. Pender, F. W. Freund, H. Traube, P. Hickey, H. V. Herbert, J. W. Mehrtens, J. C. Langton, J. T. Lemoigne, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HALSEY & HOGAN, Agents, Office—423 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

J. O. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 201 and 203 California street. Sale days Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A.M. Cash advances on consignments. Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURTS—City Hall Building.
JUSTICES—49 Montgomery St.
COURTS—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—313 Montgomery street.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATT'Y—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—California and Sansome streets.
CITY PHYSICIAN—City Hospital.
CORONER—Dr. Kearny street.
CITY HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants' Exchange.
ASSESS. INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Sacramento street, near Battery.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT. OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Merchant Place.
BOARD OF EQUALIZATION—City Hall.
SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATE NORMAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 14 City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—629 Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INSURANCE COMMISSIONER—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall.
OUTSIDE LAND COMMITTEE—24 Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets.
HEALTH OFFICE—Clarkson street.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall.
POUND KEEPER—Jackson st., bet. Van Ness Ave. and Franklin St.
QUARANTINE—Rincon Point.
HARBOR MASTER—Le Valle st.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

BELGIUM—E. Grima, 1312 Powell.
CHILI—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street.
CHINA—Consul General Francisco Ah Quanqua, 65 Battery st.
DENMARK—G. H. Hans Tank, 320 California street.
ECUADOR—Rachel Wolf (absent). Francis Edmund Brandt, 454 Jackson street.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, 307 California street.
GUATEMALA—J. Martin, 423 Cal st.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Henry W. Severance, 425 Front street.
HONDURAS—Wm. V. Wells, Mayor's Office, City Hall.
ITALY—G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
JAPAN—A. W. Brooks, 20 Montgomery street.
MEXICO—J. Hirsa, 530 Kearny.
GERMAN EMPIRE—C. A. C. Dulsenberg, 301 Sacramento street.
NICARAGUA—J. De Fremery, 310 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
PERU—De la Fuente y Sutiral, Federico.
PORTUGAL—Frank Berton, sw. cor. Clay and Leidesdorff sts.
RUSSIA—M. Rodakofsitom, U. S. Court Building.
SAN SALVADOR—H. J. Dorsey.
SPAIN—C. Martin, 423 California.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—G. C. Johnson, 33 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Francis Berton, U. S. of Columbia—F. Herrera.
BOLIVIA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
CALLAO—D. J. Williamson, 320 Brannan street.
COSTA RICA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
GUAYAQUIL—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—C. Baum, 530 Battery street.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN—G. Morcke, 104 California street.
TURKEY—George W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending April 7, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hype, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Tuesday, April 1st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
D Van Nostrand I to B Hartshorne	Lots 4 5 and S ½ of 6, blk 419, Mis'n Bay	$2 925
Webster st H'd to H Kentzer	Lot 29 and 31	2,940
Wm A Lapham to P Sprecklers	Geary n Powell, 32 6x137 6	15,825
Jane Godfrey to John Robinson	Tehama sw 4th, 25x75	2,400
Maurice Dore to S Compodonico	Fulton w Polk, n to be l of Hayes Ch'n, nw to a point from which a l drawn parallel with Polk st won d intersect the line of Fulton street at a point distant 225 w Polk, s to a line of Fulton, e to beg	3,000
Wm Hoffa to City and Co S F	Streets and highways	----
Thos Burdon to Chas H Killy	Octavia s Broadway, 25x127 6	1
Fitz Phillips to F Topliz	Sw cor Fulton and Van Ness av, 102 9x120, also, S cor Market and 6th, 25x85, also, Market sw 6th 25x25	2,000
J Hafenegger to Peter Bally	Rausch nu Folsom, 25x80	2,000
T Voisin to Antoine Borel	Mission nw 24th, 40x100	11,500
Fred K M Eckert to H Sanders	Se cor Larkin and Wash'n, 100x68 9	5,500
Paul Tract H'd to J W Donnel y	Lots 1 and 2 blk 57	1,000
John W Donnelly to T Fanning	Same, also, lot 9 blk 444, H Purchase	700
John Small to Eliza T O Conner	Stevenson sw 5th, 25x75	3,000
T P Riordan to Geo D Hall	Se cor Nevada and I Dellaro, 66.8x100	2,100
Thos Brown to James C Weir	Ellis w Polk, 27 6x120	3,500
Chas J King to Frank Hamilton	Lot 18 blk 500, Occidental H'd Ass'n	1,000
Wm A Woodward to C Lagan	Oak e Webster, 27 6x120	1,575

Wednesday, April 2d.

Dudley L Watson to E Richardson	Folsom e 23d, 7 6x120 6	$1 100
A J Ralston to Jonas Meyer	Ellis e Jones, 27 6x147 7	13,250
L S Wellton to Andrew J Pope	Geary and Webster, 68 9x137 6	3,000
C T H Palmer to same	Same	5
Moses B Lichtenstein to I Cohn	Lot 13 blk 3, Fairmount Tract, also, lots 259 and 261, Gift Map No 3	500
John W Shaw to C C Knox	11th se Market, ne 100, ne 205, etc	15,000
C W Kenitzer to P Ertzscheber	Ellis w Webster, 22 6x120	1,000
Jas C Weir to August Heminc	O'Farrell w Taylor, 87 6x25	8,000
Christian Reis to J C Weir	Same	1,500
A J Pope to L S Wellton	Geary e Webster, 68 9x137 6	3,000
O T H Palmer to same	Same	5
Same to same	Laguna n O Farrell, 21 6x137 6	5
Wm Neeting to H A Butner	Guerrero e Corbett, 30x69 9, also, n 6th av s R, 25x100; also, n 33d av w G, 25x100	1,400
Thos H Hoit to Julius Jacobs	Jones and Chestnut, 40x68 9	660
L E Wellton to John H Smyth	Bush e Webster, n 27 6 e 137 6, etc	----
B L Brandt to J Greenbaum	Und ½ acres, Moore tract	500
Stephen T King to John Toole	Lot 14 blk 210, O N & Haley Tract	1
J G Bergener to Chris Gradhouse	W Fillmore to S Kate, 25x80	3,400
Geary St Ex H d to Mrs W J Bryan	Lot 12 blk 165 Outside Lands	350
Same to Joseph Byrne	Lot 15 same	350
Same to Ed F Bert	Lot 11 same	350
Mary Jane Hayle to M Ambrose	S Hill w Church, 25 11x114	400
Paul Tillid to B Smith	Lot 6 same	500
Henry Rolin to B Lewis	Nw Boyd ne Chesley, 49x60	100
Wm Corcoran to Henry Rolin	Same	200
Jacob Robinson to Adam Menges	Se Tyler and Van Ness Ave, 100x120	20,000
R Savage to P Louise	S Filbert w Montgomery, 91x60	350
J F Haycock to Margt A Haycock	W Hyde e Washington, 15x137 6	Gift
F L A Pioche to E McKeegan	Lot 40 b k 34, C tr Lat I Association	50
Thos McInerney to C Felsch	Lot 11 Precita Valley Lands	1,500

Thursday, April 3d

G V Castro to I C de Francolini	B k 225 237 417, also, 50 vara lots 1 and 6 b k 114, W A	1
Webster st H'd to Dr David Cohn	Lot 42, Webster St H'd	1 670
J Chavanch to C Chavanche	Lot s Folsom, 23x26	Gift
S P Collins to Angela E Collins	Sacramento and Franklin, 137.6x127.8	Gift
C Ross to P Gotzkow	Colombia nw Harrison, 37 6x120	1,800
Webster st H A n to R Bernheim	Lot 30, Webster St H d	1,665
C T H Palmer to Mich'l Hogan	Laguna n O Farrell, 21 6x137 6, also, N O'Farrell e Webster, 55x137 6	5
Masonic Cem Ass'n to A F Eisen	Lot 35, Sec 37 and 43 and 44, Sec 38	225
Cornelius Collins to Barbara Eisen	Lots 172 371 and 377, Gift Map 2	Gift
Same to same	Lot 102, Gift Map 1	Gift
Pat K Donohue to J H Jarboe	Mission s Herman, 137 6x137 6	1,750
A J Moguin to John Quin	Dolores s 16th, 33.13x75	1,650
Wm Corcoran to Pat K Donahue	Same description as in deed P Donahue to J R Jarboe	500
Paul Tract H'd to Henry A Crane	Lots 7 8 14 15 16 blk 14	600
Ernest Brand to Caro nee D Brand	Folsom nd 21st, 75x80, also, Polk av nw Bryant, 25x75	5
John P Burke to Chas Ackerman	Dora nw Harrison, 25x90	2,750

Friday, April 4th.

Janet Aitken to Geo T Percy	Lot 121, S F H'd Cal'on, 4th Purchase	$1,100
Rob't C Page to Hannah M Burke	21st Ave e K, 25x100	400
Fred'k Gritzkow to F G Wegener	Columbia ne Folsom, 77 6x120	1 800
Moses Heller to Lizard Lion	Folsom st 24th, 80x100	3,350
F L A Pioche to J Feiz	Lot 1 blk 56, City Land Ass'n	95
M Morgenstern to T M Morgenstern	Tuck e Leavenworth, 27 6x137 6	Gift
A G Kinney to B M Hartshorne	Townsend sw 6th, 51 8x137 6	8,000
John McDermitt to James Pigott	Mission and 10th, 226.6x275	2,750
J G Severance to R M Sherman	Tyler e Fillmore, 137 6x137 6	100
R M Sherman to Otto Moser	Tyler e Fillmore, 120x137 6	4,500
Otto Moser to Eliza Noble	Same	4,333
Wm Rosenfeld to Emile Bauer	Broadway nd Franklin, w 4 in x n 137 6	150
Bozo Radovich to Dennis Feely	Hyde s Union, 20x60	800
W P Lamb to Henry Blyth	Sacramento e Steiner, 22x122.6	900
J D Lloyd to Harry W Taylor	Illinois n Shasta, 25x60	1,000
John A Haugh to G W Eastman	Lot 33 blk 8, Tract A, People's H Ass'n	150
John S Waters to Louisa Kahn	24th e Bryant, 25x100	1,100
Maurice Dore to Jas D Le	Fulton w Polk, 25x120	2,000
Thos Price to M Schlichenmaier	Ellis w Polk, 31x120	1,650
Eliz th Hunter to J C Brawley	Fay O'Farrell e 23d, n 27 6 x 12.6, etc	2,800
Jas O'Connor to Peter Mathews	Hampshire e 23d, 25x100	900
J J O Hickey to A Taylor	2a tre, portion McDonald Tract	400
Wm H Bruner to Jane W Bruner	Folsom ne 3d, 25x100	Gift
G B Bliss to Rob't Halleck	9th av e L, 25x100	311
J J Kenny to E E Dodd	Lots 15 16 blk 151, 2 blk 311, S S F H'd	1 250
City Land Ass'n to John Strauh	Lots 12 13, blk 43	180
M Riordan to Philip Cosgrove	Lots 22 23 24, blk 38, Tide Lands	900
City Land Ass'n to A Pattorel	Lots 9 10 blk 12	180

Saturday, April 5th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Paul Tract H'd to Owen Kelly	Lot 15 blk 17	$ 500
Alfred Bannister to A Hemme	Com at a point 701 ½ from sw cor Sac'to and Van Ness av, th along line Van Ness av, 31 11 x100	10,000
Toland M College to Univ of Cal'a	Stockton n Chestnut, 8 4x26, etc	1
M C Thompson to F Heywood	Kearny n Broadway, 62 6x20	5
F L A Pioche to J F Cossett	Lots 10 and 11 blk 1, Junction H'd	700
J F Crossett to Ed Purcell et al	Same	600
J H Applegate to E G E Borda	Blk 3, Horner's Addition	5
H Schaes et to Adam Menges	Se cor Ellis and Taylor, 25x87 6	8,000
Henry Henkel to Pat Monahan	Webb nw 4th, 25x75	4,200
Cal'a Av H'd Ass'n to Wm Parker	Lots 7 and 8 blk 88, O L	650
Michael Fagan to Maurice Dore	Natoma ne 6th, 25x80	3,500

Monday, April 7th.

Michael Kenny to Teresa Kenny	Park Ave ne 6th, 24x80	Gift
H G Hanks to Pacific Chemical Co	Francisco e Mason, 22 11x120	5
T H Palmer to J H Smyth	Hush e Webster, n 275, e 137 6, etc	1
Jas McGloan to Thos Bolger	Fell e Divisadero, 27 6x120	1,000
John W Hendrie to F Heywood	Kearny s Vallejo, 20x82 6	779
F L A Pioche to R J Parker	Lot 3 blk 14, New Garden H'd	500
Frank Brooks to G A Conroco	Se Fillmore and Filbert, 137.6x20.6	1,000
Mat'n & 30th St Ex H d to J Casey	Lot 6 blk 8	350
A Koenig to Frank Koenig	Dolores s 15th, e 73 2, etc	4,000
Henry C Hyde to M E Thompson	Kearny n Broadway, 62 6x20	60
Louis M Cohn to Custave Gump	Geary w Franklin, 27 6x120	3,000
Bay View H'd to Sam'l S Walters	Lots 7 and 11 blk 465	1,000
Same to same	Lot 11 blk 458, and 10 blk 487	1,000
W H Tilinghast to R A Swain	Ellis and Franklin, 275x120	20,000
Bay Park H'd to Oliver H Brann	Lot 3 blk 552	350
Jas Hoche to Cornelius Dorris	Ne Bryant and 23d, 115x200	2,000
W H Parker to W D Jolstein	Lots and s ½ in blk 80, O L, Cal Ave H'd	500
Jane Carrington to A Vigouroux	Lots 213 to 222, Gift Map 2	950
Geo W Gibbs to Alice Hicks	Und ¼ S B blk No 2, also, and ¼ lots 40 to 44 inc, and 3 lots unnumbered	3,000
Same to Eliz'th W Walker	1-16 same	500

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending April 8, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
N Hastings to C H Brickwedel	Oakland 100x100 sw corner Laurel and Grove	$1,000
A J Gladding to J A Hobart	Same: 182 9 Peralta near 28th	250
H H Havens to P Havens	Same: W line Union 211 6 s from 24th, thence s 52x200	100
N Hastings to C H Brickwedel	Same: W line Hannah 400 s from 33d, thence s 24 x171	1,000
P Dowl to A Remington	Same: E line Grove 75 n fr 9th, thence n 25x75	725
A J Gladding to H Durant	Same: 13 acres Dohr's Tract San Pablo Rd	5
J E Marchand to L P Tenney	Same: N 5th st 50 e from Lewis, thence e 50x100	1,250
Exs of E Tompkins to L Hamilton	Same: W line Broadway 271.10 n from Orchard, thence n 115x100	2,000
R K Jordan to L Hamilton	Same: 6x100, Academy H d	1,000
E Bigelow to W Stokes	Same: N line 16th 50 w from Jefferson, thence w 50x100	2,100
Same to H S Winslow	Same: S line 8th st 94 w from Willow, thence w 183 1x198 8	1,000
Same to J B Willson	Same: 50x100 sw cor 16th and Jefferson	1,850
Same to J W Jordan	Same: 75 e 1 ne Franklin n fr 14th x 150	3,000
Same to Levi Stevens	Same: 5 e 1 Franklin n fr 14th x 150	200
Durant & Bigelow to H Phelps	Same: N line 5th st 25 w from Chester, thence w 25x96.3	500
Villa H'd Ass'n to P W Hamill	Same: Lots 71 72 and 74, Villa H Tract	500
J B Sechler to S J Knight	Same: 32 33x140 0 ne cor Cypress & 15th	450
S W Kimball to W McCutcheon	Same: 25 e 1 San Pablo Av x 124, Kimball Tract	250
A C Henry to Exs E Tompkins	Same: ½ lot W 1 Broadway Exten 100 s Durant, thence s 100x174	4,375
Same to H Rogers	Same: ½ int in same premises	4,375
J P Moore to J G McCollum	Same: 155x80 sw cor 13th and Jackson	11,000
Woods & Boyce to O Paving Co.	West Oakland: Str p 15 inches x 27 feet Division street	----
O Paving Co to L Pearson	Same: Same	16
Burr & Dean to S & L Soc'y	Alameda: S Encinal 150 e Willow, th'ce e 100x150	2,500
L McGlaulin to G Kostel	Same: 70 Railroad Av x 49 6 near Mastick Station	133
L McMackin to D Nickson	Same: 50x66 near Mastick Stat on	600
E Terry to N Porter	Same: Tule Land at Bay Farm Island	1
A Eldren to J L Alexander	Brooklyn T p: 163 acres, Mountain H'd	6,000
S Foster to C T Cooper	Oak and T'p: Lot 18, Regent St H T'ct	400
G M Blake to University of Cal	At Berkely: 10 acres	----
H Durant to M A Reily	Near Berkeley: 27x160	8,500
R Siserna to Berkeley L & T I Ass'n	On S F Bay four miles n from Oakland 30 acres	24,000
J J Stokes to G E Freeman	Livermore: Lot 1 in blk 19	150
I Heyer to L Pamstag	Haywood ¼ int in lot Haywood, and lot Eden Road	100
Same to same	Same: ¼ int in Loyo's Brewery prop'ty	1,600
W T McKeown to J Coleman	San Leandro: Lots 15 to 25, Dutnam's Addition	----
E K Miller to P P Dam	Alvarado: Lot in Union City	----

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. April 8.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

GEORGE W. McKEAND, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. 9.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Rotaling & Co., No. 421 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of Inferior and Imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation varies appreciable parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

CHARLES HABE,

34 and 36 Stewart street.—Tanner's Oil, Cocoa-nut Oil, Polar Oil, Pig Iron, Cumberland and Lehigh Coal, Braziers' Copper, Yellow Metal, Nails, Anchors and Chains, all sizes, Hemp and Manila Rope, Galvanized Wire, Rope in Coil or duty, Pitch, Tar, O

THE NEWS LETTER AND THE "BOARD OF REGENTS."

It is Seldom we have to apologize for anything said in the *News Letter* editorially. We are a true, independent journalist, and stick to what we say, right or wrong. But last week's issue brought us trouble from a quarter where we least expected it. We pride ourselves upon being a friend of Education, and especially of "higher education, Greek and Latin, and that sort of thing. The University of California almost owes its existence to the *News Letter*. In our last issue we said Michael Reese was insane because he gave Dr Lazer's books to the University. If we had thought that the statement would damage the cause of education on this coast so much as a hair's weight, nothing could have torn the fact from our lips, though it were a thousand times true. Yet strange as it may seem, such was the result. Within half an hour after the appearance of the paper, Ralston rushed into our sanctum his eyes almost starting from his head. "Good Heavens," he cried, speaking as usual with the Regents in Greek, "do you wish to destroy education and revive the dark ages?" We swore in Chaldo-Syriac that we didn't. "Then go slow on Michael Reese. How are we to get money out of all of these rich old curmudgeons if you go after them in the *News Letter?*" We were flabbergasted, and protested in all the languages living and dead that we never meant it. "Then swear to do so no more." We swore, and he took us over to Frank's. We took gin and bitters. We next met Felton. "Oh, oh," he began, in the language of sin, which comes perfectly natural to him, "how could you, and you an educated, a scientific, a literary man? The whole coast must suffer for this. No more benefactions from the wealthy. The University is ruined." We burst into tears, and protested again in the language of ancient Mesopotamia. "Swear," said the stern and unrelenting Felton in Arabic. We swore again, this time in Coptic, and then had more gin. While we were drinking in came Butterworth and Dwinelle, conversing together in Sanscrit, and reading the unlucky article on the insanity of Michael Reese, and both sobbing as if their hearts would break. They called for spirits before seeing us, but without hesitation we joined them, as we always do when we see a party of friends partaking of refreshments. It is a habit we contracted in early times. They turned their backs to avoid us, but we were resolved not to be avoided. We called for gin in the vernacular, as the bar-keeper was uneducated, and, with an apologetic air, drank the health of the book, or higher education, saluting both Regents at the same time, one in Greek and the other in Modoc. Butterworth answered in Hindoo, declaring that he was crushed with the injury that had just been inflicted upon the cause of education. We fell upon our knees, and besought them, in ancient Scandinavian, to slay us at once. This Dwinelle, using the Welsh tongue, declined to do, and Butterworth, being now far gone in a state of melancholy intoxication, was unable. While we remained kneeling and beseeching the potent civilizers, Hammond and Dr Ross entered, and addressing the bar-keeper in Irish, called for whisky punches. This was our opportunity. Springing lightly to our feet, we addressed the two in a brilliant quotation from Juvenal, translating it into Pottowottamee as we proceeded. Bowie dearly loves that elegant author, and though angry to desperation, he forgave us at once, and we all drank together. We kept up the festivities till a late hour, and not wishing to disturb our families, all went to the Station House together in the same wheelbarrow, where we found the rest of the Regents spending the night in discussing the cause of higher education, and the probable lives of more benefaction from wealthy capitalists. For our part, all that we have said we retract. Michael Reese is not only sane, but sound in every respect. He is an educationalist and a philanthropist, and the more he gives to the University the more the *News Letter* will praise him. "Good boy, Michael. Do it again."

BLACK BUT COMELY.

The Evening Bulletin is to be congratulated. It has waked up to a glimmering sense of something not absolutely perfect in the best of all possible causes, the cause of reconstruction in the Southern States. On the 9th of April, the anniversary of Lee's surrender eight years ago, it ventured to commit itself in these vigorous terms, while straddling its immemorial fence: "The legislative assemblies of the Southern States are now controlled by blacks, and *not always* by the best elements of this population. The more ignorant they *may be*, the more dangerous they *may* become under dishonest leaders....The men who went yesterday from a condition of bondage and ignorance to one of citizens and legislators are not expected to act wisely in *every* instance." The italics are ours. Then follows an extract from the New York *Tribune* giving an account of the South Carolina Legislature, composed of 32 whites and 91 negroes, and this in a State reconstructed on a basis of equal rights, the white population being almost equal to the black, numerically. The *Bulletin* is to be congratulated on having found courage, in eight years, to squint at the truth; and, when we remember that it modestly reckons itself among the six great newspapers of the world, this is really enough to say in its favor. A little less grandeur and a little more courage would have been in place, any time these eight years, when other people could see that ignorance, mated with villainy, could produce nothing but ruin and misery. Then the *Bulletin* could tell us only of philanthropic generosities, of the good work done by the Freedmen's Bureau, and of Gen. Howard's piety. Is it so very difficult to deal with plain questions of arithmetic? For the question of reconstruction in the South was a mere question of numbers. It was simply impossible to put the negroes back into slavery; and it should have been equally impossible to reduce the whites to slavery. What should have been done, by every principle of the best government in the world, founded on the beautiful principle of universal suffrage, was to declare every man a citizen and invite him to vote. The government held military control of the country, and could have nothing to fear. In some States the whites predominated, and the local government would have been principally in their hands; in others the blacks predominated, and the government would have been theirs, to a great extent. This way of acting would not have given us excellent legislatures for the conquered communities; but it would have secured an approach to something equitable and practical. Society had been torn up by the roots; and the one imperious necessity for statesmen, if there had been any in our unhappy country, was to bring together as quickly as possible, all that was vital in the scattered parts, and try to make them knit once more. The old organization of the South was oligarchical and anti-republican in spirit; the new and heavenly order which took its place, showed its liberal and republican spirit by disqualifying and oppressing whites more than the blacks had ever been oppressed. Did the *Bulletin* ever suggest that this style of reconstruction was not only silly and suicidal, but contrary to the principles of American liberty? Any hint of the kind from that paper would be a precious curiosity. The *Bulletin* was always an echo of the fanatical party, who believe in Sumner's ravings on this matter as the revealed will of Heaven; and Sumner had made up his mind what was to be done as early as Sept. 1861. In October of that year, we were in Boston, and in company with eight or ten New-Englanders. "What shall we do," said one of them, "when we have conquered the South? It will be a matter of some difficulty to reconstruct." "Not at all," said another; "I was with Sumner this morning, and he has the whole matter clear in his head. We shall give the ballot to the negroes, and disfranchise the whites. The past must be expiated, and all will then be plain before us." Very plain it proved to be. Sumner's counsels prevailed, and this most intelligent nation, the only really free people on earth, and so on, has on its hands to-day a patient, by the side of which Ireland is a contented Dutch paradise, and Poland a kingdom of Cockayne.

THE SILENT GIFT OF MICHAEL REESE.

We are So much Accustomed in this Community to see charity paraded and munificence coupled with ostentation, that when it was reported that Michael Reese had quietly donated a valuable library to the University of California, we confess that we doubted the fact, and, as is our wont, treated it as a joke. BUT IT IS TRUE, and to our prior opinion of Mr Reese, as one of our shrewdest and farthest-seeing money magnates, must now be added that of a judicious giver, and, as is often the case with true generosity, a most liberal and unpretending donor. His clear judgment in business matters extends itself to the domain of intellectual culture, and the professors of the University are fully alive to the value of his gift. Therefore it is that we rejoice in our error and wish that we had many more like Michael Reese to help our young college, for there is a bright future for the University of the Pacific. It is a rising sun before which may be ere long, the lights of Harvard, Cooper, Cambridge, etc., will wane and wax pale.

THE WATER SUPPLY.

Next to the Air we Breathe water is our most vital necessity, and in these days of monopoly it behooves us to inquire into the matter rather particularly. Where is our water coming from, what are we going to pay for it and what sort of water is it going to be? In other places of our size and importance it is customary for the city to own both water and gas, thereby preventing the grinding rates of the monopolists. We urge the same course upon our City Fathers, especially in regard to water, for if a poor man can't afford gas, he has a recourse in a tallow dip, but to all alike, poor or rich, water is a most absolute necessity. Further, we seem to be living in an era of disaster. Conflagration has succeeded conflagration. And even among ourselves we have had fires of no small magnitude, when grave consequences and serious trouble might have been averted with a good supply of water. A proposition has been made to pay $2,000,000 for the sole right to the water of Lake Merced, and so increase the present totally inadequate supply. This pond is nearly, and below the level of the sea. A narrow ridge of sand hills form the only barrier between Lake Merced and the Pacific Ocean. It is therefore likely that the waters of that lake are totally unfit for use, and would probably bring sickness into our midst, yet without this the Spring Valley supply will be altogether insufficient. The cost of both these lakes to the city would be perhaps $14,000,000. For much less money pure water could be brought from some practically inexhaustible source, as, for example, Clear Lake, a sheet lying above the level of the sea, whose clear mountain water would seem to meet every requisition. For less money such water could be brought into San Francisco, those who undertake the work being bound, on its completion, to turn the property over to the city, taking bonds in payment. There is plenty of money available, and capitalists would be more than willing to invest on such terms. Till something of the kind is done our supply will always be insufficient and precarious, and we will gladly hail the time when, at cheap rates, we shall have our fill of the goodly element.

THE CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

The Connecticut Election means, we are told, disapprobation, reprehension, public scorn and contempt for the officials and politicians who have disgraced the American name by their infamous corruptions; and, of course, we hear again the familiar tom-tom of the "great heart of the nation." This excellent great heart is always ready to beat, with neatness and dispatch, whenever there is a new election for Sheriff or Deputy-Assessor; and we have nothing to say against it. But the significance of the Connecticut election altogether escapes our sceptical attention. If it means anything at all, it means that a new set of men are coming in for their share of the common property; and who shall blame them? Political life is certain to afford chances which no other sphere opens to capable men. There is the great fact, which cares nothing for all the cheap rhetoric of the small moralists, who whistle in our daily papers to keep up their readers' failing courage. It is not necessary to enlarge upon this theme; for common sense is the one thing needful in reasoning on it. It calls for no extended acquaintance with history, no wide experience of human life, no profound knowledge of the human heart. To know what future Congresses and Legislatures are going to do, it is enough to know that the people elect them from the people, to be sure that they will go on stealing and swindling and taking bribes, till there are none left to bribe or to swindle, till there is nothing left to steal. Whence is the reforming element to come, that shall stop all this corruption? From the people, we are told, while the very men who now fill their pockets at the public treasury were chosen yesterday from the people, and will be replaced to-morrow by the very men, who now lift up holy hands of horror, at the enormities of official life? We shall believe in this much-vaunted purity of the people, when we see the notoriously venal Congressmen, who have retired to their homes, rich and clothed with corruption as with a garment, put in Coventry by their fellow-citizens. We shall be pleased to hear from any corner of the country, which vindicates in this way the majesty of outraged public virtue.

THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

This Institution opened its doors to the public last Monday, and this week has convinced the many visitors of its eminent practical utility. Before that time the object of the Exchange was not precisely understood. Now, although incomplete in many of its details, it is felt to be the most valuable addition to our State, not only for the information it affords but also for the aid it gives in the development of the resources of the country. The great increase of our population, joined to the many branches of industry, agricultural, mining and manufacturing which have sprung up during late years, rendered an epitome of these various undertakings a necessity to the dweller in our midst, as well as to the traveler from distant lands. This condensation of information is found at the Placard Exchange, and it affords great pleasure to the promoters of the scheme to note the quick appreciation and satisfaction with which the crowds that have all day long passed from room to room and comprehended the working and economy of the establishment. Among many distinguished visitors we may mention his Honor Mayor Alvord, who expressed himself much pleased with the system and arrangement of the Exchange and predicted for it a long and successful career. The Institution has become already a feature of the city, and the hard, dull business details are soft ned and enlivened by books and photographs, flowers and fountains, so that a sense of art and feeling of beauty pervade the various apartments, chambers each devoted to its special department, the uses of which can be found by consulting the index painted on the wall and facing the visitor on his mounting the staircase. We are glad that the Placard Exchange is so kindly welcomed and so immediately appreciated, the only difficulty we apprehend being the management of so complicated a machinery whereof all the components cry simultaneously for employment.

The Jackasses are not all dead, neither are the bloodsuckers. In the case of Doctors Trenor and Tucker against the Central Pacific Railroad Company, Judge Dwinelle rendered judgment on Wednesday last in favor of the plaintiffs for $443 75 gold coin. The plaintiffs sought to recover $5,000 for medical services and hospital treatment extended to the persons wounded by a railway collision in Alameda county, and had the plaintiffs asked a reasonable, or shall we say an exorbitant sum—say $1,000—they would in all probability have had a check for the money, but because it was a claim against a railway company, the plaintiffs tried the extortionate game, and got a smaller amount and the law charges as well, to comfort them in their voracity. Dwinelle is as honest a judge as ever sat on a bench.

That Polynesian Excursion.—The excursion to the Cannibal Islands, of which we made mention last week, promises to be a thorough success. Over thirty individuals—nearly one-half of the number required—have signified their desire to form one—that is, thirty ones—on the trip. An Eastern agent has been appointed who will bring the matter before the press and public, and it is therefore confidently expected that in about a fortnight from the present time, the full number will be made up. Eastern and European visitors now here, valetudinarians (who are not too sick), tourists and gentlemen of leisure, cannot do better than apply to the agents, Messrs. Weeke & Clay, 319 California streets, and learn the details of this delightful excursion to the islands of the Polynesian archipelago.

The Senatorial Race.—Who is to be the Senator? Everybody asks the question, but nobody can answer it. As we said two months ago, we are still on Booth, not because he is so much better in the place than dozens of others known to us, but because he is sure to win, and we always back the best runner for the race, without caring much for his pedigree. There is a good deal, besides, in having the start, and, if we are not grossly deceived, Booth is now well along toward the half-mile post, while the other nags are scarcely saddled for the race.

Notice.—Contributors to the NEWS LETTER are requested to write on one side of their paper only, as it causes endless confusion if MSS. are written on both sides.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Hand Book of Social Economy. By Edmond About 12mo, cloth.
Enigmas of Life. By W. R. Greg. 12mo, cloth.
The Bonaparte-Patterson Marriage in 1803. By W. J. R. Saffell. 12mo, cloth.
Lectures on Light. By John Tyndall, LL D. 12mo, cloth.
Woman in American Society. By Abba Gould Wolson. 12mo, cloth.
More Worlds than One. By Sir David Brewster. 12mo., cl.
Lars. A Pastoral of Norway. By Bayard Taylor. 16mo, cloth.
Lakeville: Or, Substance and Shadow. By Mary Healy. 8vo., paper.
Hesiod, and Thoughts. By Rev. James Davis. 12mo, cloth.
Poems by Bret Harte. Complete edition. 16mo, cloth.
Guinnom Or, The Beggars. By J. B. De Liefde. 8vo. pap.
The Napoleon Dynasty: A History of the Bonaparte Family. By C. E. Lester 12mo, cloth.

A. ROMAN & CO., Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers. 11 Montgomery st., Lick House Block.

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Silver Gray,
Eau du Nil,
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E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug 1.] San Francisco

DR. ABORN,

Oculist, Aurist, etc., Office and Laboratory, 217 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 5.

THOMAS TURNBULL,

Architect, Whitt's Block, No. 608 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 29.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

We Wish it were written upon the door of every theater in the land—"Ladies required to remove their bonnets." It is impossible for all to sit in the front row, and how much more attractive would these temples of the muses become if the occupants of back seats could view the stage without waging a war with Madame Modiste's latest *chef d'oeuvre*. A fortnight since, while attending a representation of *Coriolanus*, we were kept in a fever heat of annoyance and rendered perfectly miserable by a blue feather and a pink rose. The blue feather was ensconced between two friends, to whom it constantly addressed itself. If we leaned to the right, the blue feather instantly inclined that way; if to the left, it whisked to that point of the compass with marvelous celerity. For one half hour, that blessed feather and ourselves dodged with a dodging to which the sparring of Jem Mace and Mr. Bennett was a mere trifle. Once we peeped under the young lady's ear, and saw a fragment of a red toga, and thought we recognized McCullough's legs. Besides this we had a tolerable view of Virgilia's hair, which one couldn't very well help if he had his eyesight at all. And once, once only, we had a full length view of the Roman patrician who stood with a very disgusted expression saying "Ph-e-e-ew" to a citizen with a red wax nose exceedingly *retrousse*, which we take it was not altogether the best tableau in the play. We underwent a similar affliction in another theater, different only in that it was a black feather and a red rose. Miss Ella Chapman was regaling the audience with a clog dance, when to our thinking a view of her feet would have been desirable. Instead, her blonde head came bobbing over the black feather at intervals in the most tantalizing manner, and that, and a rattle of clogs, was all we knew of the dance. We went to one theater to see heads, and we didn't see them; and to another to see—well, to see legs, and we didn't see them, although we feel bound in honor to state that it was not at all the little actress' fault. A request to one of these ladies would be provocative only of a look of indignation and horror, and a higher toss of the obnoxious *chapeau*. Truth to say, however, we have one honorable exception to record. A little old woman sat in front of us on one memorable evening enjoying the performance with all her happy old soul. Chance or luck brought her there, and she caught us dodging and dislocating our countenance with a hideous scowl. In an instant off came a little old flat bonnet that had been made Heaven knows where or how long ago, and with a cord about her neck she bent to participate in the fun. She had a chocolate colored skin seamed with wrinkles of every shape known to geometry, and she sported but one solitary tooth. Her thin gray hair was covered with a cap of rusty lace and a ribbon that had once been lace. She had a bald spot on the top of her head, and her body was so short that she couldn't have been much in the way anyhow. Yet, as the smile of heart politeness twinkled in her eyes, she seemed to us to be that brief, partly faded circle of beauty and fashion to be the fairest there. With supremest satisfaction we sat calmly back and enjoyed the play with an outlook which even a front seat has not given since.

At an Early Hour Yesterday the rotund form of a "blasted Britisher" might have been seen hurrying from street to street, and from store to store, with a haggard, uneasy face. He evidently was looking for some one or something. Being naturally curious, we interviewed him: *T. C.*—"You seem to be looking for something, sir, can I be of any service?" *B. B.*—"Ah, thanks, ya'as; I never saw such a blasted country: I've been looking for a shop that sells 'hot cross buns' ever since four this morning." Not being able to give him any information, the *T. C.* went on his way and wondered why he wanted hot cross buns. Suddenly a light beamed in upon his brain; it was Good Friday. Now had we not met this Britisher, we should in all probability have eaten meat, and so imperilled our immortal soul. As it was, we took three light meals, as follows: Breakfast, cup of tea and one shrimp; lunch, a smell at a piece of "Boomerang cheese"; dinner, we took off the recollection of that cheese, and woke this morning quoting Moore, viz:

> "You may break, you may shatter me up if you will,
> But the smell of that cheese will hang round me still."

The *T. C.* now feels that he is on the road to Heaven, and has invested the greater part of his stupendous wealth in backing "Ajax," knowing that there is no need of the "great medium" above.

Yes, we know how it would be. Let the women alone and the devil himself can't make them agree. Those hell cats who presume to represent women's rights in this State have proven what a nice mess we should be in if women's suffrage did come in force. It is a compliment to our intelligent women to know that Victoria Timberstern, the notorious courtesan and black-mailer, has sent a delegate here in Mrs. Kimball, who carried confusion into the camp of women's suffrage, and did more to show the people its utter folly, shallowness and petty spite than ten leading articles ever could do. She spoke in tender and touching terms of that "noblest of God's women," Victoria Timberstern. If Victoria is the noblest, we can only say we pity the rest. We should prefer calling her the "vilest of hell hags," and a disgrace to her sex. Mrs. Kimball also referred to that "grand, good man, George Francis Train." Now that Train is mad no one can deny, but that he was ever mad enough to champion these upholders of prostitution, the Free Lovers, we could hardly believe. No doubt there are many respectable women who uphold the woman's suffrage question. How shocked and mortified these must have been when the flag of promiscuous intercourse was unfurled in their midst and borne triumphantly. All sensible women who attended the Convention (and we presume there were a few) must have come away with the impression that a death blow had been given to their cause by the introduction of the Free Love element, which, like garlic, fouls all it comes in contact with.

Old Mrs. Alta is one of the most weak-minded creatures we ever knew. Some of her enemies call her mindless. This is wrong. It is not so, for sometimes the old lady has had attacks of lucidity, intolerableness, and memories of thimble-pie, tansy, cross and ladylike, of. But these spasms always leave her weaker than ever, a victim to extreme mental debility, and incapable of uttering anything but the vapid nonsense. "Perhaps." "It may be." "If," etc., are indulged in freely by the venerable female, and out of her ramblings—which she speaks of as "non-committal"—one can gather what she means. "It is thus far is wiser than the *Town Crier*. There is nothing like personal distress giving to it. "It may be that the C. P. R. R. is a failure, but whether it has been proved so, can not a fair our opinion if we could form it as to its success. To this idea we adhere, but only if our endorsement of what cannot be helped is otherwise than tenable. If so, and why not? This we consider proved." Ball, dom, but blind, and windy nothingness, old lady. Further get cross rather than so abominably "non committal," which is but an euphemism for dead, utter foolishness.

More Murders, More Murders; what are we coming to? and where is this thing to stop? How many murderers have we now in our jails? who, if they have money, get the best of food, etc., and need never fear the halter. No man worth $10,000 will ever be hung here, unless he slips up on it and gets lynched. What has become of Stokes? whose cowardly murder of Fisk, is still fresh in our minds. Foster certainly was hung, but what is one among so many? We say hang them up like dogs, and stop this open daylight murder. Those sentimental maudlin fools who oppose capital punishment should be strung up too. They have done more toward the increasing of murders than they ever could expiate by giving up their wretched lives. Had we our way a convicted murderer should only have a week to live, from the day of his conviction, then up with him. This is the only way to stop this fearful mania for murder that has taken possession of our people. Again we say, hang them all.

Mr. Marchant, the gentleman who met with such a serious accident on Thursday, besides being a good collector, must have possessed a wonderful talent for letter writing. His letter of twenty six pages to Miss Samuel must have been a masterpiece. It is to be hoped that the public will be favored with its contents. 'Tis an ill wind that blows no one any good, and this little breeze may give us a wrinkle in love letter writing. Any man with Mr. M.'s experience ought to manage to get something good into such a small space.

Last Saturday, at the Saucelito wharf, a happy party might have been seen who were evidently bent upon a fishing expedition. From their get up one could tell that they were bank clerks out for a holiday. Among this happy crowd was one whose face did not wear the smile of anticipated pleasure. Nervous and melancholy glances shot from under his spectacles in the direction of a most docile and cow-like looking horse, whose bridle he held. The rest of the party got into a wagon, and seemed bent on having a good time. But the poor youth who was to do the horseback business, seemed ill at ease. Evidently too proud to inquire, he scanned the horse over from head to tail and seemed rather inclined to think that the tail was the ladder by which he was to mount his nag. The stirrups he eyed with much suspicion, looking them off by the leathers as if they were rat traps and might spring. The party started, but alas, our adventurous horseman (in embryo) gave it up as a bad job, led the beast to the stable and took a seat in the buggy. We have since heard that if not a success as an equestrian he is quite a sharp at fishing. He filled his basket with fine young tadpoles in half a day and came home the proudest man you ever saw. He wears magnifying spectacles, and so mistook them for trout. He has since purchased a fiery Arab steed, and six fishing rods, and adopted for his motto "*Nil desperandum*."

Prof. G. D. Wilder, of Ithaca, writing to the New York *Tribune*, wants us to dose off our murderers with chloroform, instead of hanging them. Oh, the poor murderers! Good people, pity the poor murderers. Let us build them a quiet retreat—a little home in some secluded, sunny vale, far from the toil and turmoil of this cold world and its rude aversions to backed axes and smoking pistols. There let us send our mild-eyed, melancholy Thugs; let us keep them in one long lotus-eater's swoon.

> Propt on beds of amaranth and moly,
> To muse and brood and live again in memory,
> With those cold faces of their infamy
> Heap'd over with a mound of grass;
> To steep their brows in slumber's holy balm
> And hearken while the inner spirit sings,
> "There is no joy but calm."

Let them fall asleep in bliss, and wake to find themselves forever with the devil, on the other side of Jordan—yea, packed, like Rabelais' monks, hard and fast, head and heels together, under the foul fiend's tail, and Prof. Wilder the deepest man in.

A Charming Little Domestic Tragedy has taken place in the romantic neighborhood of Clementina street. Mr. Kennedy had just got over a spree, and, feeling in a somewhat morose humor, amused himself by chopping his wife and daughter on the head with an axe. When tired of this exhilarating fun, and supposing them to be dead, he tied a clothes-line around his neck, fastened the other end to a door-knob and jumped out of the window. Now Kennedy was a cute cuss; he knew there was little chance of the law ever hanging him, so undertook the job himself. He succeeded admirably, and was cut down a splendid corpse an hour after. We commend this example to all who meditate murder. It saves trouble and expense, is quick and effective, and does'nt make a mess about the house like throat-cutting, shooting, etc.

> **Tears in his Eyes,** distraction in his aspect,
> A broken voice, and his whole function suiting
> With forms to his conceit! And all for nothing!
> For Hecuba! What's Hecuba to him,

Or he to Hecuba, that he should plead for her—without a fee? O monstrous! Our Hecuba, our *dame au pistolet*, our much-broken tablet of commandments sixth and seventh, our Laura who kept "the fold" so well against "the wolf," has refused to pay his fee to the halter-averting Quint. Her soul from hell he saved (*pro. tem.*), and her neck from the Pantagruelion herb; yet she would not pay her bond. O fell ingratitude! O thankless client! I' the spotted hand, what mossy gums are thine to hide the serpent's tooth! But Themis recovered Quint his little fee—or part thereof; and the fair one of the gory locks bowed down her head and wept—think of it! over "that little hand." Give her an ounce of civet, good apothecary, and tell her, tell the Hecuba from us, that her "Cynosema," "her tomb of a dog" (female) yawns for her; and that we, we all yawn to see her in. For Quint, let him take Edgar's words to heart: "Let not the creaking of shoes nor the rustling of silks betray thy poor heart to woman; keep thy foot out of brothel business, thy pen from harlots' briefs, and defy the foul fiend." As it was in the beginning, etc.

The Nice Little Boys of our nice little town have for some time past been very bad with the balloon fever. They get their keynd parients to give them a quarter, purchase some tissue paper, a sponge, and then set to work. Gum the paper into a shape as nearly like a balloon as possible, soak the sponge in coal oil, fix it at the mouth of the arrangement, and then in the gentle Summer twilight set the thing a flaring and let it go up. This is very pretty, "a nice amusement for the children you know," but how about its coming down? A blazing sponge on a roof top is, we should think, rather apt to set the house on fire. But it cannot be so, or the said keynd parients and those who have charge of the city's safety would not allow it.

Bailiff Englander, whose handsome Hebrew visage has adorned the Police Court for some years, and whose urbane manner to those over whom he has had temporary control (especially if they have "no monish") has made him such a general favorite (!), got into the witness box to say what he knew about cards. He enlightened the Court wonderfully on the subject of poker, and his elegant language, and perfect English, caused a profound sensation. Next to bullying a moneyless drunk, poker-playing seems to be the bailiff's pet pastime. He is a wonderful man, and an ornament to society.

With what Venom the *Barnacle* pursues Wilkinson, and how great an interest that journal must take in the deaf, dumb and blind. Besides being of no interest to the public at large, its coarse allusions and vile insinuations are so palpably prejudiced and unfair, that we turn away in disgust from their perusal, and think that Mr. Wilkinson is quite right in treating them with the silent contempt they deserve.

Every Day some new abomination in our national administration is brought to light. It has just leaked out that the coinage at the Branch Mint in this city this year has been very light, and this is owing, as we learn with shame from a commercial contemporary, to the want of bullion! More unblushing infamy never was more cynically advertised. Language fails to do it justice.

The Intelligent Agriculturalists of our State have met in solemn conclave, and have settled many most important questions. They have decided that we are to have currency. How kind of them? They have also arrived at the conclusion that they lack brains. In this we concur heartily, and on that account won't quote any more of their gassy emanations.

One by One the Classic Nuisances who rendered our infant career a life of blasphemy and woe, evaporate before the march of civilization. Two English sailors have swam the Hellespont, and Leander, supple Greek, now a sorry commonplace, may go drown him in the Styx, while Hero shall bemoan her adultery no longer glorified by a glamour of romance.

Mrs. Pitts-Stevens objects to being classed among the free lovers. Poor old girl, could you not see that the *Barnacle's* reporter meant it for satire? Look in the glass, and if you can find anything approaching the loveable in your angular old mug, why, we'll swallow the looking-glass.

Bachelors and Others will be pleased to hear that the enterprising Laura Fair is about to let furnished rooms. We fancy those roomers who don't cash up when due will have a hot time. Perhaps the little memento will again be brought into requisition.

CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

[Established July 20, 1856.]

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, APRIL 12, 1873. No. 11.

MIX.

There is a Manifest Improvement observable in business marts. Trade is reviving not a little. Spring auction sales are indicative of an increased demand for general merchandise. During the current week S. L. Jones & Co. held two trade sales of importance; the first was of Teas—the importation of Macondray & Co.—terms liberal, attendance large, and a general disposition shown by the merchants to buy more or less of these superior Black and Green Teas; Standard Japan in papers sold at 45@48¼c; lacquered boxes, 62½c; jar teas, 40@47c; "Comet," Oolongs, 77@73½c, as against 85c agency price. Many hundred packages were thus disposed of, yet the bulk of the catalogue was withdrawn; prices not entirely satisfactory; terms, $500 and upwards, ninety days. Two days after this Jones & Co. sold a cargo of recleaned Siam Rice imported by James Foster, Jr., per bark Revell, say 1,000,000 lbs. This was all sold at $5 90 per 100 lbs, on a credit of 60@90 days. Again, on the 7th and 8th insts. H. M. Newhall & Co. sold by catalogue Boots and Shoes to the extent of 1,000 cases, at satisfactory prices. The business of the first quarter of the current year has not been all that we could desire, nor in volume as great as we had expected so far as general sales of merchandise are concerned. Various causes have conspired to bring about these results; yet, on the whole, we have great reason to be thankful. No mercantile disasters have occurred; no commercial failures have been brought to our notice. Complaints of monetary stringency have from time to time reached us from various outside quarters; yet, on the whole, our merchants and traders have stood up bravely, and have, we hope, weathered the storm in safety. Our credits at home and abroad stand A 1; and why not, in view of the large exports of Wheat, Wool, Wine, and other staple products of the soil. Our grain fleet for the current harvest year to Great Britain alone now numbers over 300 ships of the largest class, and the harvest year will show that we have dispatched one grain ship per day for 365 days of the year; and then see the every day current eastward by rail overland, consisting of Flour, Wool, Wine, Leather, etc.; while at the same time we are sending abroad daily of the precious metals Gold sufficient for the requirements of the every day business of the whole United States. Millions are thus constantly drawn from us in a very quiet way, by express and through the Government mails, and by the latter so large an amount that the public is refused to be told the figures. It is in this way that California has been enabled to pay off her debts, and to become a creditor State to all with whom she is in commercial account. And now, we are concerned as to the future. The present crop outlook is certainly encouraging. The Wheat plant never looked more inviting than at this writing, and with the accustomed April showers, which rarely if ever fail us, we are almost certain of a larger grain crop than the 20,000,000 bushels raised in 1872. Our wool clip is now being marketed, with the average result of past years, leaving out last season, which was an extraordinary one as to prices.

Our Exports of Brooms for the past three months, 2,915 dozen; same time in 1872, 2,415 dozen; in 1871, 2,130 dozen.

Lumber Exports for three months 1873, 2,550,613 feet; 1872, 4,271,325 feet; 1871, 5,024,081 feet. High freights and a scarcity of tonnage will account for this large deficiency.

Our Candle Receipts for three months, 58,000 boxes. Sales include 2,000 boxes Harkness Patent Wax at 20c; 3,000 boxes Grant's, 17½@18c; Proctor and Gambles, 14½@16½c.

Coal Supplies for the quarter, 106,614 tons, against 91,298 tons in 1872; an increase of the equivalent of 18,900 tons for three months. Market dull and depressed by reason of the increased coast supply. We quote Sydney $11; Coos Bay and Seattle, $10; Bellingham Bay, $9; Mt. Diablo, $6 25@8 25; English, $9@10.

Coffee Imports for three months 1871, 3,611,575 lbs; 1872, 2,754,793 lbs; 1873 2,553,225 lbs. The market for Greens is dull at 17@19c.

Our Salmon Exports by sea for 1873, 2,740 pkgs.; value, $15,589; 1872, 8,634 pkgs.; value, $24,651; 1871, 4,818 pkgs.; value, $28,425. Present stock of Salmon very light, well nigh exhausted but extensive arrangements made and making for a very large catch on this coast the present season. Case Salmon, $2 25@3 00 per dozen 1 and 2-lb cans.

Oils of all descriptions more sluggish, without sales of importance; prices nominal. China Nut, 75@80c. Petroleum in barrels, 39½c, but the sale here is forbidden. Devoe's Coal Oil in tins, 42, 43@44c; other kinds, 38c.

Provisions.—Government has purchased 70,000 lbs best Roll Butter at 29½c, packed. The ordinary price, 25@27½c to the trade. Lard in bbls, 10c; Hams, 15 a 16c for Sugar Cured. Bacon, 11 a 12½c.

Quicksilver exports for three months 1873, 2,040 flasks; 1872, 2,150 flasks; 1871, 3,630 flasks. Present price, 95c per lb; stock light.

Rice.—Market firm at 6½ a 7c for No. 1 China. Three months' imports 1871, 11,250,072 lbs; 1872, 13,761,229 lbs; 1873, 3,618,110 lbs; a falling off of ten million pounds for the quarter, as compared with same time last year.

Salt.—A very dull market for all descriptions. California Crystal Works, $15 a 16; Liverpool, $18 a 23.

Soap.—French Castile has declined to 9 a 11c. In all other kinds the Standard Company can supply all our need.

Spices.—Trade is very slack. No sales of importance to record. Pepper, 21 a 22c; Nutmegs, 90c a $1.

Spirits.—Supplies of Foreign and Domestic large. The demand for fine Old Bourbon continues to run largely on Hotaling's J. H. Cutter's Super-Excellent and B. T. Suits' Cabinet and other favorites price according to age. The California supply of Pure Neutral very large at $1 10 a 1 25.

Sugar Imports for the quarters of three years are thus stated:

	1871	1872	1873
Manila, lbs	4,301,258	10,200,546	4,214,804
Hawaiian, lbs	2,064,016	2,791,192	1,361,973
Peruvian, lbs	5,207,185	1,598,447	
Batavian, lbs	3,502,446	4,105,957	10,617,537
Central American, lbs	27 100	641,351	157,783
China, lbs	750,122	3,555,754	1,922,200
Mexican, lbs	154,667	97,276	....
Totals	16,007,234	22,879,098	18,273,707

The falling off this last quarter is considerable. 2,200 kegs Hawaiian grocery grades sold at 10@10¾c for best No. 1; other kinds, 8@9c; White Refined, 12½@12¾c; China, 9¾, 10@10¼c—business slack.

Teas.—The following exhibit gives the comparative imports for the first quarters of—

	1871	1872	1873
China, lbs	256,490	421,718	135,345
Japan, lbs	693,053	432,100	702,170
Java, lbs	......	......	200
Totals	949,543	854,818	837,715

Wines.—There is very little business doing in foreign—prices nominal. Native products are also unchanged in values, with a steady good demand for Sparkling, as well as for the several varieties of Still Wines, White and Red, now coming into very general use in the United States. We are well assured that the reported injury to the grape vines by frost is very greatly exaggerated. Exports by sea from January 1, 1873, to April 1, 1873:

To	Galls	Cases	Value
New York	118 154	473	$80,789
Central America	1,160	151	2,158
British Columbia	141	5	80
Russian Asia	420	3 7	1 957
Mexico	995	248	1,906
Japan	...	91	402
China	42	..	42
Honolulu	71	51	323
Tahiti	....	72	379
New Zealand		25	178
Panama	43	21	121
England	510	17	610
Totals, 1873	121,536	1,401	$88,957
Totals, 1872	103,370	2,157	90,556
Totals, 1871	59,537	2,355	59,354

Our Receipts of Flour and Wheat for the nine months of harvest year ending March 31, 1872-73:

	Floor Bbls. 1872	Floor Bbls. 1873		Wheat—Ctls 1872	Wheat—Ctls 1873
California	106,750	175,299	California	1,989,021	9,032,215
Oregon	95,661	69,674	Oregon	222,290	13,522
Totals	202,411	244,973	Totals	2,212,311	9,046,837

Export values of Floor and Wheat for the nine months of harvest year ending March 31, 1872-73:

	1872			1873	
Floor, bbls	202,602	$1,290,323	Flour, bbls	213,433	$1 107 1-5
Wheat, ctls	1,120,191	2,700,384	Wheat, ctls	8,553,270	15 461,193

Our Exports for the past week have been as follows: Montana for New York via Panama carried 844 cs Borax, 1,836 galls California Brandy, 1,100 bbls Flour, 3,923 galls Whale Oil, 226 ctls Mustard Seed, 328 bales Rags, 27,790 galls and 108 cs California Wine, etc, valued at 75,188. River Indus for Liverpool had 22,984 ctls Wheat, etc, valued at $56,320. Kenilworth for Liverpool had 21,745 ctls Wheat, valued at $42,750. Star of Hope for Queenstown carried 29,672 ctls Wheat, valued at $74,000. Great Admiral for Queenstown had 15,658 ctls Wheat, valued at $61,220. D C Murray for Honolulu carried 451 bbls Flour, 90 ctls Barley, 301 ctls Oats, 67 ctls Wheat, 50 bbls Lime, Provisions, etc, valued at $25,192. [illegible] for Melbourne carried 11,301 [illegible] Salmon, etc, valued at $22,650. Montana for Panama had 856 bbls Flour, 178 sks Potatoes, 58,300 ft Lumber, 500 doz Brooms (for Callao), etc., valued at $17,166, same for Central America had 1,450 bbls Flour, 181 sks Beans, 3,041 lbs Rice, Provisions, etc, valued at $18,707, same for Mexican ports had 11,085 ft Lumber, etc, valued at [illegible], same for Liverpool via Panama had 5 tons Silver Ore, etc, valued at 4 113. Dreadnought for N [illegible] carried 2,250 bbls Flour, etc, valued at $30,929. [illegible] for Mexican ports had 75 bbls Flour, 9,725 lbs Coffee, 25,000 ft Lumber, 14,633 lbs Sugar, 75 flasks Quicksilver, etc., valued at $17 194. Prince Alfred for Victoria carried 20 bbls Flour, 1,915 lbs Coffee, 17,880 lbs Rice, Provisions, etc., valued at $32,116. Moneyrules for Victoria had 1,230 ctls Barley, 34,300 lbs Rice, etc., valued at $11,807.

"Warning and Earnestness of the Present Life" is the subject chosen by the Rev. Dr. Scott for his discourse next Sunday evening, in St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street. Dr. Scott will also preach at 11 A. M. Evening service at 7½ P. M. Public cordially invited.

It is Stated that the Roman Catholic prelates, who have decided to oppose the Dublin University Bill, have issued a private address to the Roman Catholic members of Parliament, asking them to urge upon the Premier the withdrawal of the measure.

Vol. 3. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG." No. 2.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1873. No. 12.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California Chinese Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—SILVER BARS—1¼@1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86½@87c. Mexican Dollars, 4¼@5¼c.

☞ Exchange on N. York, 5-10@6-10½ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 15½ per cent. On London. Bankers 49¼@49¾; Commercial 49½@50; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1½.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, April 18, at 3 P. M., 117¾. Latest price of Sterling, 107¼@107½.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO............April 19, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	101	102	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	115	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	100	101	Oakland Gas	103	106
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	100	101	Spring Valley Water Co	80	81
Legal Tender Notes	86¼	87	Omnibus Railroad Company.	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	96	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	52½	53
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	90	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s.	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	62½	—
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins Co	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co	85	88
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	98	Union Insurance Co	90	91½
Santa Clara Bonds, 8s	90	—	Pacific Bank	—	90
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	125	130
San Francisco Gas Company.	75	76	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

CLIPPER SHIP "THREE BROTHERS," OF SAN FRANCISCO.

A Short Time Since, Jabez Howes, resident partner in San Francisco of the prominent mercantile firm of George Howes & Co., of New York, purchased the United States steamship *Vanderbilt*, at auction, for the sum of $12,000 currency, and since then has been placed in possession of the vessel by order from the Treasury Department, all the terms of sale having been satisfied. The *Vanderbilt's* entire frame is of the very best seasoned live oak, heavily iron-strapped diagonally, with unusually large hanging knees, beams, carlins and breast hooks, and furnished with three kelsons of great size and strength. She is an extreme clipper, and her lines are as fine as those of a dolphin. When one considers the ponderous character of her engines, and the extreme speed—twenty-one knots, it is claimed—with which she has been driven through the water in open ocean, without shaking or starting her frame in the least, it is easy to form a pretty good idea of her strength and the excellence of her build. Mr. Howes has sold the engines for $20,000 gold coin, and the ship, as she lies, becomes the property of the firm for the comparative trifle of $20,000 currency. Her measurement, old style, is 3,615 tons, and her carrying capacity 4,400 tons of wheat. She will be ship-rigged under the immediate superintendence of Captain Cummings, for years the well-known and popular Commander of the fine clipper ship *Young America*, also belonging to the firm. It is estimated that after being sparred, rigged, equipped, provisioned and manned, with sailor's advance paid, and lying at the wharf ready to take cargo, she will cost her owners $58,000 gold coin. There is now but little doubt that grain freights will rule at four pounds sterling the ton, and allowing five dollars the pound, the freight earnings of this ship will be $88,000 gold coin for a single trip, and as she can easily make two trips the season her aggregate earnings will be $176,000, or $56,000 gold more than the cost. Jabez Howes, in fraternal regard for his two brothers, has rechristened the ship, and she will be registered as the *Three Brothers*, of San Francisco. When ready for sea, she will be the largest clipper ship under the American flag, the old steamer *Adriatic*, formerly of the Collins line, but now owned by an English house and sailing under the British flag, being the only one in the world of greater dimensions. The unequaled speed of this vessel under steam gives assurance of a corresponding celerity under sail, and she will probably be the fastest clipper afloat. The firm of George Howes & Co. has ever been foremost in maritime enterprises of this character, and now owns quite a fleet of first-class ships, which are rendering important service to the commerce of the country. The *Three Brothers*, of San Francisco, holds out every promise of being the finest clipper on the ocean, an honor to the city from which she hails, and a source of emolument to her enterprising owners.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, April 18th, 1873.—Gold opened at 117¾; 11 A. M. at 118; 3 P. M. at 117¾. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 117½; 1867, 119¾. Sterling Exchange, 107½@108¼. Pacific Mail, 66¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 38. Wheat, $1 90@$2 10 quiet. Pork, 17¾. Cotton, 19¾. Hides, 24½@25, salted, 12c., quiet but steady. Oil—Sperm, steady, $1 52@$1 55; Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 75, steady; Whale, weak, 63@68c.; Winter Bleached, 72@77c., quiet. Wool: Spring, fine, 30@38c.; Burry, 24@28c.; Pulled, 40@55c. Fall Clips, 24@28c.; Burry, 16@25c.
LONDON, April 12.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s. 6d.@11s. 9d. Club, 11s. 9d.@12s. United States Bonds, 90¾. Consols, 93¼@93⅜. Account, 93¼.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

STEAMSHIP ARRIVALS.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Steamer Colorado arrived here on the 18th inst., from Hongkong, bringing 15 cabin and 19 steerage passengers, besides 1,258 Chinese, 17 bags United States mail matter, and 988 tons freight, as per the following memorandum of cargo, kindly furnished by the Purser: For San Francisco—682 pkgs Castor Beans, 5 do Curios, 1,200 do Hemp, 40 do Opium, 5 do Silk, 3,003 do Tea, 1,917 Sundries. For Central and South America—4 pkgs Curios, 7 do Silk. For New York via overland—226 pkgs Silk, 3,400 do Tea, 43 do Sundries. The steamship *Mohongo*, of the same line, arrived on the 14th instant from Panama and way ports, bringing considerable New York cargo, besides 1,220 bags Coffee and 1,705 bags Sugar, etc., from Central American ports. The steamship *Costa Rica*, of this line, carrying Government mails and passengers, sailed for Honolulu on the afternoon of the 17th instant, being the first of the Pacific Mail Company's service under the $75,000 Government subsidy. But few passengers and a light cargo went down on this pioneer trip. More freight and a greater number of passengers would have gone had earlier notice been given to the public. The Coast lines southward belonging to the Pacific Mail Company appear to be doing a large and prosperous coasting trade, and they, with other steam lines north and south, are doing very much toward developing the resources of the Pacific slope. The amount of produce brought here to market by these several lines of coasters is of very considerable value, consisting of Flour, Wheat, Wool, Wines, Ores, etc., while the aggregate of merchandise conveyed outward is steadily augmenting in value, and this reciprocal trade is adding much wealth to our people.

A GOVERNMENTAL INSURANCE BUREAU.

We this Week Broach a Scheme which has more than its undoubted originality to commend it to the public attention and consideration. The scheme is, in two words, the formation of a Governmental Bureau of Insurance. We believe, and we think our readers will, after a consideration of the plan in detail next week, agree that very solid advantages will be enjoyed, both by the Government and the people, through its adoption. Without at all exaggerating the importance of the idea, we may say that it seems calculated to institute an entirely new order of things in the insurance world, and to inaugurate a system which shall lead to the advancement of general interest and security. Especially will it recommend itself to those property holders who appreciate the possibility of improving the existent uncertain state of affairs, and to those who see the folly of allowing foreign companies and underwriters to pocket gains which should be put to another, better and more advantageous cause, that of the country's good.

THE MAIL BAG FOR MARCH AND APRIL.

The Mail Bag for these months has now come out. It contains, besides a the choicest pieces from the *News Letter*, two engravings, one of the Harpending Block, furnished by Mr. Wm. H. Murray, business director of the *Mercantile Director*, the other a comic sketch of San Francisco life, by a young San Franciscan, Master Birch. It is always looked for so eagerly by the San Francisco public that we are sure the announcement of its having come out will give great pleasure to our numerous readers. It is neatly bound, and its contents are amusing, interesting and instructive. It contains all the real estate transactions that have transpired during March and April, besides other matters appertaining to business matters. As the demand for the *Mail Bag* grows larger every issue, all persons wanting it had better apply soon. The price is, as usual, 25 cents; postage, 6 cents and 12 cents.

Major Boutille, Civil Engineer of Salt Lake City, who has been engaged on the survey of the Corinne and Malad Irrigation Canal, has just completed his valuable labors with plats, diagrams and specifications. By the 10th of May next the magnificent enterprise will be open to the use of all parties requiring irrigation for their lands in the above valley. A transcript of the survey is preparing for inspection at the California Placard Exchange, San Francisco.

Rye Patch M. & M. Co.—Shipments of bullion during the present week amount to 4,702 ounces. The mine is producing ores largely in excess of present milling capacity. Superintendent Hoffman advises the Company that he is sending ten tons daily to the reduction works at Winnemucca, and that within ten days remittances of bullion will be doubled. The stock is active on the Board, and the sales have been large.

The Steamer "Altona," which left Hongkong March 27th, will be due in this port on or about the 24th of April. This fine ship, which is an iron propeller, belongs to the newly organized German Pacific Steamship Company. Her cargo is consigned to Fuerstein & Co., agents, and Captain Charles Wilson, formerly Port Warden, has been appointed Superintendent.

Mr. J. H. Rogers has, since our last, received his appointment as Pilot for the Port of San Francisco. A better man could not have been selected.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

THE ANXIOUS MOTHER.

[BY THE LATE DR MACLEOD.]

Never did a kinder mother
Nurse a child than I did I have
Yet I know [illegible]
That I always feared for him.

When at school my teacher told her
I used to sit alone
Learn to [illegible] than others—
She was pleased yet feared for me

All the some [illegible] were [illegible]
With great [illegible]
The [illegible] singing,
Yet she always feared for me

Was he ever [illegible]
That the [illegible]
Was I [illegible]
That she always feared for me

Did he [illegible]
Nor at home with [illegible]
Yes—[illegible]
Why she always feared for me!

But he more than [illegible] walking
With a drop of [illegible]
Should [illegible] talking,
"He was drowned the day at sea"

And she told [illegible] other
Preachers from [illegible] school tree,
And yet I, the child, [illegible]
That was why she feared for me!

The accusative [illegible] me,
Setting me apart for [illegible]
Tub [illegible] I [illegible] me,
Why, I told Sol, "Why fear for me!

For so [illegible] I [illegible] walk, too,
In the path we [illegible]
And that he [illegible]
On the road walk with God.

Offend [illegible] him, [illegible],
To [illegible] God was near—
That the Saviour was my Brother,
Therefore I should not fear fear."

LETTER FROM OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.

London, March 30th.—You will [illegible] be aware, long before you receive this letter, of a row in the House of which the Times gives [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] with water. It would be strange, indeed, if it did not [illegible] that no one [illegible] the opportunity to make a speech, or to [illegible] speaking to definite questions on the subject. Those Liberals, who were [illegible] in their seats and [illegible] Mr Gladstone, and who, in the [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

GUENDOLEN.

She is so fair, I thought, so dear and fair!
  Maidenly beautiful from head to feet,
  With pensive profile delicate and sweet,
And Titian's color in her sunny hair,

So fair, I thought, rejoicing even to note
  The little flexible, transparent wrist,
  The purple of the gold clasped amethyst
That glittered at her white and slender throat:

The tiny ear, curled like a rosy shell:
  The gentle splendor of the wide brown eyes,
  Deep, lustrous, tender, clear as morning skies:
The full, sad lips—the voice that like a bell

Rang thrilling with a music sweet and wild,
  High, airy-pure as fluting of the fays,
  Or bird-notes in the early summer days,
And joyous as the laughter of a child.

Dearest, has heaven aught to give thee more?
  I thought the while I watched her changing face,
  Heard her fine tones and marked her gesture's grace,—
Yes, one more gift is left, all gifts before.

We go our separate ways on earth, and pain,
  God's shaping chisel, waits us as the rest,
  With nobler charm thy beauty to invest,
And make thee lovelier ere we meet again.

PERSECUTED PILGRIMS

There is a Certain Class of Society but little known out of its own ranks, or beyond the narrow circle of its usefulness. This is the lower class of poets, painters and comedians, all gifted, to a different degree, with talents of mind and physique, but yet deficient in some quality or means by which they can rise to the upper and more independent circle, so much despised and yet so much envied by them. Whence, then, this deficiency? We will first listen to their version of the matter, and then weigh the causes of their non-success.

A. B. began life in a very humble position, working at small jobs until old enough to venture out into the world, and receiving, as he himself says, "just a bit of education, for though a thoroughly sincere man, we believe that 'Alma Mater' and he are quite unknown to each other. Yet, strange to say, A. B. has devoted his late years to poetry and [illegible] that if poets were patronized as they should be he would be making a fortune, but publishers and the public are an ignorant, despotic set, and destroy talented people, etc. Poor [illegible], think we, in return for this hard statement, who has thus taken this "peachant" for the blaze of light, which has done nothing to the [illegible] thy [illegible], and we inwardly wish that A. B. had [illegible] to [illegible] instead of trying to get into the good graces of the public, which we despair of his ever attaining.

C. D. was brought up by rich parents, nursed in the lap of luxury and taught to believe himself a "genius." His father's death, followed by ruin and its attendant evils forced him to take up a profession, and as his fate would unfortunately direct him, he became a painter. Years and months has he struggled, so he tells us, to obtain that attention which his talents deserve, but alas! there has been a "dead" [illegible] on the part of the public to his style, and though they cannot avoid expressing their admiration for his pictures, yet the prices offered are so low that he prefers to let them remain in his studio for the "coming day of the future, and whilst we sincerely sympathize with him we express the hope that a harvest may be soon at hand, though we leave him with heavy doubts in our minds on the subject.

E. F. is a man of a different type from our former acquaintances. His life has been ever on the change—mountebank, conjuror, acrobat, and now theatrical artist. Who can tell of the crimes committed on the stage, of course by this weird spirit, yet his pale, rubicund face looks in day time anything but an assassin's. We inwardly say, this friend surely has none of this world's troubles to tell us. Alas! his story is even worse than the others'. He tells us tales which "harrow up the soul," shows us what a poor, evanescent thing popularity has become, and that real talent is now unknown on the stage, managers, actors and public making the theater a den but one—all piece work, badly executed and worse paid for. We leave him, exclaiming in "Hamlet's" words—

"The times are out of joint. Oh cursed spite,
That we should ever live to see them right."

Thus, then, we have before us examples of three pilgrims on the road of life wearily treading their way, and we can only ask, "Are these men fully adapted for the professions they have chosen? If A. B. had changed places with E. F., and E. F. with C. D., would the world have benefited? We fear not, for in each case the deficiency lies in the want of education as well as native adaptability. That "Poeta nascitur non fit" is an accepted axiom in present days, will prove the fault of their having chosen professions wholly unsuitable to their capabilities; hence the cold reception given them by the public, whose motto, "success is merit," awaits only those who are clever and able enough to insure it, and we conclude in the well-known words—

"'Tis not in mortals to command success,
But we'll do more, deserve it."

CONJUGAL EPITAPHS.

The Literature of Epigrams and Epitaphs comprises some of the smartest *jeux d'esprit* written by men against women, and by wives against their masters. The German poet, Besser, produced the following epigram on Adam's sleep —

He laid him down and slept; and from his side
  A woman in her magic beauty rose;
Dazzled and charmed, he called that woman "bride,"
  And his first sleep became his last repose.

To a German poet also we are indebted for the "Epitaph on a Scolding Woman," which has been rendered in English:—

Here lies, thank God, a woman who
Quarreled and stormed her whole life through.
Tread gently o'er her mouldering form,
Or else you'll raise another storm.

Few perhaps ever read a supposed colloquy between the parents of the Guthrie famille, which was very popular in Forfarshire between thirty and forty years ago. After talking over the merits of the older boys, and settling them in various professions, the mother breaks out—

"But what'll we do wi' Tam, gudeman,
  It dings me maist of a';
A ga[illegible], [illegible] w[illegible], [illegible] coof,
  He's gude for nocht ava'"

To which despairing estimate of her great son's career the father rejoins—

"O, Tam will yet be a man, gudewife,
  O' whilk we'll baith be proud;
We'll gie the callant awhile at the schule,
  An' he mak' a minister good."

Tam amply fulfilled this prophecy, earning for himself a name far beyond the limits of this kingdom—the inquiries from the Queen and the German Empress showing how wide and how high the knowledge of his personal character and labors had traveled. *Inverness Courier.*

The Promise to permit a representative of the English press to accompany the Russian expedition against Khiva has been withdrawn; no leader is required in the matter.

A State of Happiness—before marriage. A state of misery—after marriage.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current; Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date; latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 21.

TO CLOSE COPARTNERSHIP.

We will sell Cut Glass Goblets, $3 per dozen; Cut Glass Fruit Bowls, $1 50 each; Cut Glass Decanters, $1 50 each; Cut Glass Pitchers, $1 50 each; Cut Glass Sets of—1 dozen Goblets, 1 dozen Egg Glasses, 1 dozen Sauce Plates, 1 Sugar Bowl, 1 Spoon Glass, 1 Creamer, 1 Covered Butter, 1 Fruit Bowl, 1 Celery Glass, 2 Preserve Dishes—$18. English Dinner Set for 12 persons, $20; French Dinner Set for 12 persons, $25 to $50; Superior Plated Casters, $4 to $12, Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Table Spoons, $5 50 per dozen; Superior Plated [illegible] Table Forks, $5 25 per dozen; [illegible] per dozen; Superior Ivory h[illegible] Ivory hd. (Russell's) Dessert Knives, $5 per dozen; [illegible] Carvers, $3 50 per pair. And all goods in our Immense Stock [illegible]. March 29. HAVILAND, HOOPER & CO., 53 Pine street, S. F.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE.—NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS—1873-74.

All Persons, Companies, Associations, or Firms in the City and County of San Francisco, are requested either in person or by their proper representatives, to deliver at the Assessor's Office, No. 22 City Hall, in said City and County, before the SECOND MONDAY in APRIL, 1873, a statement under oath of all Property, both Personal and Real, owned or claimed by him or them, or which is in his or their possession, or which is held or controled by any other person in trust for, or for the benefit of him or them.—See Political Code, Sections 3629-3630.
POLL TAX IS NOW DUE at this office or to a Deputy.—See Sections [illegible], Political Code. LEVI ROSENER, City and County Assessor.
Saturday, March 1, 1873. March 8.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC LOHMAN. JOHN W. TAYLOR.
WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.,

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. CARBOLIZED HOSE, SPORTING AMMUNITION.
Nov. 30. 501 MARKET ST., Corner of First, San Francisco.

A BARGAIN

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 17.

GEO. H. EGGERS.] EGGERS & CO., [CHR. H. VOIGT.

Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions Agents of the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb 8.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 720 Montgomery street.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov 16. Portland, Maine.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

C. MAIN. MAIN & WINCHESTER. E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B. A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.
[March 29.]

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind
Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 29.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 16, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec 21.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Roney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE, [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom 312 Bush street. Factory, 415 Brannan street. Feb 1.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,
[illegible] No. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS-RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Allianca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb, Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Malle.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamulz & Co; "Free Presse."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co, Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Devill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

ARISE!

Arise, dear maid, the sun has flushed
  The east with rosy light
The birds are now no longer hushed,
  As in the starry night.
Thou mayst be dreaming of the past,
  Or joys long dead and gone;
Too rare and beautiful to last,
  My own, my lovely one!
    But sleep no more this morn,
      Unclose thine eyes;
    And leave me not forlorn,
      Arise! arise!

Now thro' thy chamber window wades
  The sunlight to thy face,
Because it could not, queen of maids!
  Be in a sweeter place!
Ah! through thy glossy curls it goes,
  And o'er thy bosom slips,
But first it fell as on a rose,
  Thy red and dainty lips.
    Then sleep no more this morn,
      Unclose thine eyes;
    And leave me not forlorn,
      Arise! arise!

SINGULAR BREACH OF PROMISE CASE

The Most Curious Love Letter Ever Penned.—At the Manchester (England) [illegible], Miss Elizabeth Rooke [illegible] to recover from Mr. Charles Wood damages for breach of promise of marriage. Mr. Addison appeared for plaintiff, defendant was not present either in person or by counsel. Plaintiff, who is thirty-one years of age, was forewoman to Mr. Abraham Marshal, pickle manufacturer, Hulme, and was introduced to defendant, who is manager of the Bury Brewery Company, in July. Defendant is forty-one years of age, and in August he proposed marriage to plaintiff. He was accepted, and the wedding day was fixed for October 22. The ring was bought and the banns put up, and a day was appointed when plaintiff and defendant should go to [illegible] to buy the wedding dress. Defendant, however, did not appear on the day named, and plaintiff subsequently went to see him, when he showed her a letter which he said was from a lady who had been proposed to him as his wife by the friends of his late wife, he being a widower. He added that he did not care for this lady, and wanted nobody but plaintiff. The letter was as follows:

MANCHESTER. *My Dear Charles*: At last, after considering the matter over, and gathering the fragments of my heart together, I once more sit down to write to you. I said I should see you this week, but I know full well you do not care whether you see me or not. Alas, for man's love, how soon it can change! What a few short weeks can bring forth! Do you think for a moment that I shall shrink from you? No, I can stand true to the last. I have too much womanly pride in me for that; and see you again I will if it costs me my life, for what is life when hopes are blighted? I can very well repeat the words of the old play where it says—

"She never told her love,
But let concealment, like a worm i' the bud,
Feed on her damask cheek; she pined in thought,
And with a green and yellow melancholy
She sat like patience on a monument,
Smiling at grief."

You men say more, swear more, prove much in your words, but very, very little in your love. I fancy to myself when you get this note you will wish the devil had me; but, on the other hand, it is not so with me. I am longing to see you, to hear of your welfare, and proud I shall be to hear of one whom I hope and pray may study your happiness in all things; but, my dear fellow, don't be in too big a hurry. Remember the old saying, that nothing ought to be done in a hurry, only catching fleas. Take care, you are on the top of the mountain now, and your foot might slip, and you might come down with a tremendous crash. There are cleverer men than you are have done so, and repented a lifetime, all through the heat of a moment. Beware—beware. But, good heavens! what am I talking about! You may at this present time be married. I have no doubt you think me mad, but if so I hope I shall have sense enough left at least to guide me to Bury on Sunday, as I think it will be the best day. If you have another engagement, put it off; you can surely disappoint your lady-love for once. What better is she than me to bear a disappointment? Am I something beneath her, the woman whom you have known for so many years and profess to respect and love, and can't make it convenient to see her for fear of offending the new one? But, good God, what have I brought myself to, to bend as I am doing! But I suppose it is my fate, and I must submit. All things worketh together for our own good to them that believe; if so, it is heaven's dispensation, and I must submit. I shall come by 'bus that leaves here at 11. If this does not meet your approbation, your son can drop me a line. You once told me he wrote all your business letters; if so, regard this as such. But I shall take it for granted if you keep silent; but use your pleasure; if your love will not let you come, let not my letter. Bury will be there, so will Whyndham-street; but your presence is all I require. My best love for your health and happiness is the wish of your discarded lady-love, POLLY.

Can I forget the hours of bliss
  That I have spent with thee?
Can I forget the parting kiss
  That sealed my faith to thee?

Can I forget that fond, fond sigh,
  That breathed my last adieu!
My hand, my heart was all alone
  But for the thought of you.

The next that plaintiff heard of defendant was that he had furnished a house and married the writer of this letter. Plaintiff was called, and stated that defendant had told her his salary was £2 per week. It was well known amongst the workpeople at the place where she was employed that she was engaged to defendant, and she had suffered much in body and mind from the comments which had been made on the breaking off of the marriage.

Mr. Addison contended that the promise and the breach of it had been clearly proved, and that defendant had treated plaintiff with heartless cruelty. The judge, in summing up, said the only question for the jury was the amount of damages. The jury returned a verdict for plaintiff—damages £60.

The Withdrawal of "the three right honorables" from the fairy scene at the Court Theater, at the instigation of the Lord Chamberlain, was rather ominous. It has very prettily preceded, by a few hours, the withdrawal of the same gentlemen from the theater of the House of Commons. Whatever attractions there were in Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Lowe and Mr. Ayrton at the Court Theater, it does not appear from the crowded State of the theater that their appearance with appropriate "get up" is very much missed. How will it be at the other place? Will any one weep for the return of the First Commissioner of Works or the Chancellor of the Exchequer? For them, at least, it must be unfortunate, for they can hardly expect to play the same parts again. Mr. Gladstone is, perhaps, not likely to be discarded as leader until he withdraws himself. We may be sure, however, that all three will appear in new "make-up" to the left instead of the right of the Speaker. This might suggest a change at the Court Theater that would not be offensive to the Lord Chamberlain.

A Landlord's Ten Commandments.—The proprietor of a hotel at Denison, a town at the southern terminus of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway, thus makes a new and irreverent edition of the Ten Commandments:

1. Thou shalt drink and eat at no house but mine, lest thou be called a barbarian.
2. Thou shalt not make unto thyself any bitters, or any likeness to anything that is spiritual, for I am a jealous man, visiting all sorts of iniquity upon those who never visit me, but treating kindly those that love me and keep my commandments.
3. Thou shalt not take the name of my house in vain.
4. Six times a day shalt thou drink. 5. Three times a day shalt thou eat.
6. Thou shalt use no profane language in my house.
7. Thou shalt not steal off and eat or drink in any house but mine.
8. Honor the best hotel in the city, that thy days may be long in this land.
9. I will not credit. 10. Thou shalt not bear false witness against the proprietor, but "smile" with him and pay for all you get.

Legend Regarding Shetland Wool.—A curious historical legend is connected with the Shetland wool. Three hundred years ago a man-of-war belonging to the Spanish Armada was wrecked on one of the islands. The sailors who escaped taught the natives to make brilliant dyes from roots which they found, resembling those used for like purposes in Spain. Those persons who now wear bright Shetland knit "comforters" are unconsciously wearing mementoes of the failure of the Invincible fleet, which sailed forth to awe if not conquer Queen Bess, but met with a disastrous defeat from the elements.

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION

The best chance to Invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific Coast. TITLE PERFECT. 76 Lots at $[illegible] [illegible] payable $10 cash, balance $5 per month, without interest or [illegible] penses. Blocks 300 by 400 Feet—Lots 25 by 100 Feet and 30 by [illegible] 80 Feet Wide. Subscribers can select their lots on receipt of the [illegible] [illegible]
Trustees—[illegible] Mar 1. 29.

S. F. AND N. P. R. R. CO.—CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after April 1st, 1873, the steamer connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Broadway Wharf, at 3:30 o'clock P.M. Returning, the train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5:30 o'clock A.M., connecting at Donahue with [illegible] arriving in San Francisco at 10:30 A.M. The steamers and cars make [illegible] connections with stages to and from all points. SUNDAY EXCURSION—On and after April 13th, leave San Francisco at 8 A.M., arriving at Cloverdale at [illegible] P.M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 3 o'clock, arriving in San Francisco [illegible] This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the [illegible] road. For all information apply at the Company's office, 423 Montgomery street.
April 12. PETER DONAHUE, President.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of [illegible] [illegible] is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM
A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. [illegible]

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that the Field Deputies of this office will commence assessing property SATURDAY, March [illegible]. The [illegible] assigned to those Deputies are too well known to the community for [illegible] [illegible] ations, and while I have been careful in making my selections to fill the places by men favorably known in this community for their competency and integrity, and am confident that the duties will be discharged by them to the general satisfaction of all concerned, I urgently request the general public to report to this office any derelictions of duty by any of my Deputies, and assure them that any just complaints will receive immediate attention. LEVI ROSENER,
March 8. City and County Assessor.

SPORTSMEN'S EMPORIUM,

538 Washington street, below Montgomery, San Francisco.— LIDDLE & KAEDING, GUN AND RIFLE MAKERS, and [illegible] of Guns, Rifles, Pistols, Fishing Tackle, Powder Flasks, Gun Materials, Rifle Barrels and Ammunition, wholesale and retail. Guns and Rifles made to order, and Repairing of every description neatly executed, and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
[March 8.]

SAUCELITO FERRY.—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer Princess will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] [illegible] Francisco, 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P.M. Leave Saucelito, 11 A.M., 1, 3 and [illegible]
April 12. R. A. COBB, President, 327 Montgomery street.

RODGERS, MEYER & CO., 212 BATTERY STREET.

Offer for sale, in bond or duty paid, Woolbags, Fleece Twine, 3 ply and 4 ply, Flax Twine [illegible] Coffee Bags, Hessians, 40 and 45 inch, Copper Ore Bags of all descriptions [illegible] Bags of all descriptions, Glengarnock Pig Iron, Kirklees Hall Pig Iron, [illegible] Metal, P. H. Muntz & Co.'s celebrated brand, Composition [illegible] phate of Copper, Fire Clay and Chalk, Bath Bricks, Fire Brick [illegible] Candles, Grass Cloth. [illegible]

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 1.

H. W. JONES.] JONES & BYERS, [J. M. BYERS.

Real Estate and Collection Agents, 413 Washington street, Room No. 5, San Francisco. Our facilities for making [illegible] [illegible] ated, and Money advanced on Real Estate. [illegible]

CHAMPAGNES.

Cachet Blanc, reserve, extra dry; Carte d'Or and L. Roderer, at Agent's rates. The undersigned beg to recommend the above exquisite Wine to the patrons and connoisseurs of Fine Champagne. For sale, in quarts and pints, only at [April 12.] A. M. GILMAN & CO.'S, 326 California street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Marple & Gump will sell through Newhall & Co., April 22d, Eighty CHOICE PAINTINGS, MARBLE STATUARY, etc., embracing some of the most eminent artists of the day. Pictures on exhibition at [illegible]
April 12th. [illegible]

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS COMPANY,

April 5, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that from and after the 8th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS PER THOUSAND CUBIC FEET. [April 12.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE CITY GAS COMPANY,

San Francisco, April 5, 1873.—Consumers of Gas are notified that from and after the 8th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS ($4) PER ONE THOUSAND CUBIC FEET.
By order of the Board. [April 12.] W. W. BLOW, Secretary.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any, and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

MISS COLLINS' MIRACULOUS CRUCIFIXION.

Dear News Letter: It is with extreme reluctance that I again emerge from my sacred retirement at the little chapel at The Oaks, and present myself once more before the public through the columns of your truly religious journal. I am only induced to do so to prevent the perpetration of a great fraud upon some of our most worthy fellow-citizens. The event to which I refer, is the cropping out in the Catholic Church of the phenomenon known as Modern Spiritualism, through one Miss Collins as a media. That the phenomenon occurred nearly as represented I can fully understand and readily believe, as I have witnessed hundreds of instances where the manifestations were much more startling than those witnessed in the case of Miss Collins, produced by perfectly natural causes, too. What I, as a progressive clergyman, object to, is that the Catholic Church should steal the stock in trade of the Spiritualists, and dress it up in the old, wornout, threadbare garments of superstition, and present it to the world as a miraculous manifestation from a divine source, simply because the phenomenon occurred in the upper circle of a narrow and bigoted religion. The world has arrived at that stage of progression when the people demand to be told the truth, and priests and laymen who seek to be teachers and leaders of the masses, must be prepared to back up their assertions by positive evidence that will reach the understanding of mankind, or their statements will not be believed. The average mind to-day is educated above a belief in the truth of such miraculous tales as Jack the Giant Killer, Gulliver's Travels, the Seven League Boots, Aladdin and the Wonderful Lamp, the Immaculate Conception, the making a world from nothing, Elijah ascending to heaven without dying, Christ rising after being dead three days, Æsop's Fables, Baron Munchausen, or any other old sailor yarn spun out in a dog-watch.

The fact of Miss Collins being in a trance or comatose state, is not strange or uncommon in itself, and is only made remarkable by being clothed by a Catholic priest in a supernatural night-gown and presented to the world by the daily papers in large type. The case of Miss Collins is only one of hundreds which I have witnessed in the bosom of the Church when I was Father Confessor in a Convent on the banks of the Mississippi. Any occurrence that helped to prop up the moldering walls of our Church, we taught the nuns to believe was a miracle, wrought by the Virgin Mary or some pet Saint. Any manifestation that militated against our desires, we called the working of the devil, and they swallowed it all as gospel. When I threw off the cloak of Catholicism and walked into the great world, I met the same old superstition in a new dress and a different name. It was called Spiritualism, yet through the cheap disguise I easily recognized my old acquaintance. Since then I have seen many of these miraculous spiritual phenomena. They are as old as the human race and no more mysterious than the origin of man, and he who accounts for either may successfully keep a hotel or run a daily paper. The representation of the Crucifixion through Miss Collins is no more wonderful than what occurs at the Little Chapel every day, and little or no note taken of it. For instance, during Lent, as the readers of the *News Letter* will remember, I lost two very dear friends, the Judge and Azure-Eyed Girl. Three days after death they both appeared at The Oaks. The Azure-Eyed Girl walked into my bed-room, arrayed in a beautiful crown of pale silver stars encircling her ethereal brow. Do you think I believed she was dead? Not a bit of it. She was playing the old thing on me.

The ghost of the Judge rather staggered me. He sailed in, looking as serene as a bivalve on a spring-tide, and went straight for the side-board and took a drink, but when I saw Cutter's best remained untouched, I knew it was a lie, for my legal friend would never have passed that bottle of whisky, dead or alive, or left a drop behind him. Still the occurrence was witnessed by myself and three thousand others, who are ready to make affidavits to the facts. Another case: a man by the name of Haynes called at The Oaks and went into a trance or comatose state, and said he was Tom Hyer. He let fly his left, planted a stunner on the bridge of my nose, and straightened me out in a jiffy. The only miracle I saw was that I was not rubbed before he came out of the trance. Another case: a young girl by the name of Spook collapsed at our class meeting and said she was Sir. hone, from the polar regions. His influence froze her as stiff as an iceberg in four minutes. It took me an hour to thaw her out with hot punch, when I discovered the cheat. My dear *News Letter*, the whole thing is just this. When a fellow dies he loses his own carcass, and when he comes back, and wishes to say or do anything, not having a corporal shell of his own, he is obliged to snatch up any sensitive organization that he finds lying around loose, lay their mind at rest, then bringing his will power to bear on the delicate network of their passive brain, he is enabled to present any appearance or express any idea he may desire. The same thing is done every day by many persons before either has "shuffled off this mortal coil," and while in perfect health, but it is no miracle, and is not considered very remarkable. Your humble servant, the Parson, has put many persons in the peculiar state referred to, and they have said and done things much more startling than those performed by Miss Collins, and if any of the religious lights of the day will call at The Oaks, the Parson will show them how it is done, and not charge them a cent.

Yours, in terror, THE PARSON.

The Oaks, April, 1873.

Editor News Letter:—Large numbers of Asiatics are now on the way and will continue coming to this port this year. Without doubt they will bring pestilence to this country unless proper precaution is taken. I suggest that Angel Island is the most fitting place for a small-pox hospital. The island, I understand, is uninhabited except by a few Government troops, and no danger could the latter possibly incur, as the island is of some extent. On the lee side there are several places near the beach where a building and also quarantine quarters, with substantial enclosures, could be erected, and the cost will be found to be less than hiring a hulk. The Government, I can but think, will approve the idea and save the citizens of this city from the danger of infection. Your obedient servant,

HUMANITY.

SACRED MUSIC.

A Rumor had reached us—we forget through what channel—that the music in Trinity Church, always good, was to be particularly so on Easter Sunday. We determined to borrow a prayer book and go. Instead of inquiring the way to the "sacred edifice," we followed out the idea of hanging on to the skirts of the most fashionably clad people, and this brought us amongst a crush and crowd of new dresses, new bonnets and other church finery. The choir, which most seemed to consider the center of attraction, was strengthened by several additional voices, and stranger or better still, as the case may be, the glimmer of the spectacles usually seen in the "California's" orchestra gave promise of something out of the ordinary. At length, when the crowd had thronged the building to overflowing, and filled up the adjacent school-house, the opening chords pealed out from the organ, and the performance had begun. From this to the last sweet pulsations of Prof. Schotte's solo on the French horn, we sat a pleased, charmed, quieted listener. It was a rich treat of sacred music, beautifully rendered. No better setting could be devised for the words of the finest of all services, and every time the church was filled with rich harmony, we might, with but little pressing, confess that something under our waistcoat beat responsively to the solemn or joyous phases of the music. We gave up attempting to particularize any one or two things, for we stowed away what little critical discrimination we possessed, and enjoyed the whole unreservedly and thoroughly. We were particularly struck, though, with the clear enunciation and marked cultivation shown in Mrs. Mills' singing, whilst Mrs. Barstow's rich contralto voice was in its full and mellow tenderness, we lifted, indeed, for the solos assigned her. Mr. Campbell as tenor, Mr. Russell as basso, and Mr. Gutman as baritone, all sang well. Prof. Seward is an organist of a high class, and we only wish we could give as much time to speaking of his tasteful and correct playing as in listening to it. The same selection of music is to be repeated to-morrow.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—Mrs. Bowers has begun what bids fair to be a very successful engagement at this theater. In Marston's charming comedy of *Diana; or, Love's Mask*, translated from the Spanish, Mrs. Bowers brings her wonderful facial play into full force, as "Diana." To our thinking, she is about the only really good actress we have had here for a long time. Her acting is effective without being extravagant, and each conflicting emotion is faithfully portrayed. There are few actresses that can play the part as well, and none that we have seen better. She is very ably supported by McCollom, as "Don Cæsar," and McCullough, as "Perin." Miss Minnie Walton, as "Laura," looked charming, and the part suited her. Mestayer and Marlowe took the parts of the other suitors for the hand of the fair but impregnable "Diana." Marlowe in particular, as the vain "Don Gaston," is first rate. We must not omit to mention Miss Maggie Moore, who looked very pretty in her short Spanish dress, and sang very sweetly. Her by-play with "Perin" was also good. The whole piece was well put on the stage, the garden scene in particular being strikingly pretty, and all the characters were well cast.

Alhambra.—This house is not as well filled as it used to be, owing, perhaps, to the numerous counter attractions presented just now to the public. The "Great Vivian," as he is called, or calls himself, long expected, has come at last. His songs are dull, tiresome ditties, the words of which are drowned by the orchestra. It does not seem at all unnatural that the public should encore till he has sung "Ten Thousand Miles Away." They can stand the infliction of his other songs in the hope of hearing the old favorite. It is the only song in which he rises at all above mediocrity. A change is sadly wanted at this Music Hall. People will tire of the same old thing. The comical pieces, *Bad Whisky* and *Slippery Day*, are first rate, and one cannot help seeing in both Bob Hart and Rickey dramatic talent that should rise higher than burnt-cork theaters. The singing of Russel is very uncultivated. He has a good voice, but as yet does not know how to use it to advantage. Some day his fine baritone voice will make a stir in the musical world.

At the Metropolitan Theater, the Chapman Sisters and Mr. Davies still draw crowded houses, which even the attractions of Blind Tom and the Circus fail to weaken. This theater is determined to die with colors flying, and we do not know any place where a pleasanter evening may be spent. At present *Little Don Giovanni* is the framework in which the "Pets of the Public" appear, whilst Mr. Davies makes his ugly dolls be funnier than ever.

Wilson's Amphitheater has been re-opened for Easter week, and Easter week only. The attendance and the performance have both been good; the first sufficiently so, we should imagine, to tempt Captain John to give the public another week's amusement. The features of the present programme are the appearance of Laura the celebrated female gymnast, and the impersonation of Ella Zoyara by Omar Kingsley. Laura is one of the most daring acrobats we have ever seen, for not only does Harry Clarke, who assists her, whirl the young woman about in a sling ever so high up, held in his teeth, but she returns the compliment. Omar Kingsley *minus* mustache and *plus* a great many more things, cotton included, made a gushing equestrienne, and went through several graceful feats and hoops with real ease and grace, and the stereotyped smile of the ladies of the ring, retiring with the sweetest courtesy. All the rest of the performance is a fair repetition of the previous entertainments, but the utter absence of anything like a clown is a serious drawback to the force of the company.

Young Bulsiay's Benefit.—Every one has heard with regret of the serious accident that has crippled for life one of the most daring young acrobats that we have ever seen on this coast, viz Joaquin Bulsiay. So badly was he bitten by a dog, last week, that he will never, it is feared, regain the use of one arm. Mr. Woodward, with a generosity that does him credit, has given him the use of his charming gardens on Sunday week, April 27th. The Bulsiay Family are too well known to need any comment from us. They are a talented, daring, though somewhat unfortunate family. Numbers of "artists" have volunteered their services for that day. There will be tumbling, pantomime, dancing, and all those performances that make up a pleasant afternoon. The admittance will only be 25 cents, so all ought to go that can.

Platt's Hall.—Blind Tom has been filling the hall very fairly. Although few will care to hear him twice, he is undoubtedly a wonder in his way, and the people who farm the poor semi-idiot have struck a soft thing. We think, however, that they might pay a compliment to the intelligence of their audiences by not making him do the clapping, gagging business. It won't wash in our age. We wonder that the management does not engage some known musician to play to exhibit Tom's wonderful power of memory, which is about the only striking thing in the test one performance. On the whole we must say that the "Phenomenal African" is somewhat of a fizzle. Few can sit out the entertainment and none would go again.

Notes.—Pietro Bacceì, the well-known tenor, has gone to Mexico to join the Agatha States Troupe. Mr Sothern will be with us in June and July. The date of Barton Hill's visit is not fixed, but he is expected shortly. The "Phenomenal African" has a rival in the person of a railway navvy of Indiana, who plays the most brilliant fantasias without knowing a note of music. "Our" Stella Bonheur is creating quite a furor in Italy. Mrs. McAllister is to sing in the forthcoming Handel & Haydn Festival. The Fabbri Opera Troupe is now performing in San Jose. A repetition of Ye Olde Folke's Concert on Monday.

The Handel and Haydn Festival.—This feast of good music begins on Tuesday the 22th instant, and will continue three days. The first evening's programme commences with "The Star Spangled Banner" (with a chorus of 300 voices, an orchestra of thirty pieces and full organ accompaniments), followed by selections from Rossini, Mendelssohn, Verdi, Flotow and Strauss. The second evening will be occupied with the performance of Mendelssohn's fine oratorio, "Elijah." The third evening has for its first part Mendelssohn's "Hymn of Praise," and for its second selections from Rossini, Beethoven and Mercadante, closing with the national hymn, "America." On the first evening the new, large organ will be opened by Prof. G. T. Evans, who will direct the festival. The principal solos will be taken by Mesdames Marriner, McAllister, Moore, Haydon and Clement, and Messieurs Mayer, Campbell, Makin and Maguire. All may go with the certainty of being highly gratified.

The Committee of the British Benevolent Society's Seventh Annual Picnic have arranged for the following programme of vocal music, which will be rendered by sixteen professional ladies and gentlemen, who, whilst assisting toward the charitable object, will at the same time commemorate the anniversary of the birth of the immortal Wm. Shakspeare in the manner he has so graphically portrayed of the rural festivities of England. "The Brave Old Land," "God bless the Prince of Wales," "The Death of the Brier," "Willie Brew'd a Peck o' Maut," "Wandering Minstrels," "Death of Nelson," "The Englishman," "The Queen's Letter," "Star Spangled Banner," "God Save the Queen," and "The Dance Invites us." Conductor, Professor Geo. T. Evans. The platform has an additional length of thirty-two feet since the last festival, and the Floor Managers will be on hand at 10 A. M. precisely, when the dancing will commence.

The Old Folks' Concert was so successful, "and so many men and women could not get sittings in Patron Woodbridge's hys meeting house," that it is to be repeated in "Patron Cunningham hys new Tabernacle, which is sette down on Tyler street, near ye corner of Market and Sixth streets, in ye Towne of Yerba Buena, on ye 21st daye of ye monthe of April, Anno Domini 1873." Those who go will enjoy a treat of the quaintest character.

So Successful Have Been Professor Fowler's Lectures, and so well attended, that he proposes to continue them at Platt's Hall for a short term. Every one knows the lecturer's merits too well to need any praise from us. Suffice it to say that he is not only well worth hearing, but he is worth going a long way to hear. His lectures are plain and sensible, his language eloquent and forcible.

Saint Andrew's Society.—On Monday evening, 28th instant, at 8 o'clock, the Society will be addressed by Rev. Dr. Scott. Subject, "Why and how all working men as people should seek higher mental culture and the pleasure of Literature." Members, friends and the ladies respectfully invited. By order

LITERARY COMMITTEE.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

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THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries

Butter, Cal, fresh ℔ ℔	40@	45
Do. pickled	@	
Do. Packed	@	
Cheese, Cal	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz	40@	45
Lard, ℔ ℔	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔ ℔	18@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔ ℔	2@	
Do. sweet	2@	3
Lima Beans, ℔ ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔ ℔	6@	8
Onions, ℔ ℔	4@	6
Squashes, ℔ ℔	3@	5
Pumpkins, ℔ ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	25@	50
Celery, ℔ doz b	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b	25@	
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔ ℔	6@	20
String Beans, ℔ ℔	6@	
Apples, ℔ ℔	5@	8
Pears, ℔ ℔	6@	12
Quinces, ℔ ℔	@	
Peaches, ℔ ℔	@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔ ℔	12@	25
Do. new, ℔ ℔	@	
Oranges, ℔ doz	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Limes, ℔ doz	35@	50
Quail, ℔ doz	2 50@3	00
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔ ℔	@	25
Geese, ℔ pair	3 00@4	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 50@3	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	37@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@	
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔ ℔	10@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔ ℔	12@	
Codfish, ℔ ℔	12@	
Rockfish, ℔ ℔	12@	
Smelts, ℔ ℔	10@	
Tomcod, ℔ ℔	15@	
Sturgeon, ℔ ℔	5@	
Sea Bass, ℔ ℔	@	
Flounders, ℔ ℔	25@	
Halibut, ℔ ℔	50@	
Perch, ℔ ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ℔ ℔	6@	
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Soles, ℔ ℔	3@	
Herrings, ℔ ℔	@	

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

"WHAT IS THE PLACARD EXCHANGE?"

'**Tis a Place** where a man, if he likes to, can find
Anything he requires, both for body and mind,
If you're going a trip by the overland route,
You can there find the roads and the time that best suit;
If you want a new house, or a nice piece of land,
Or to draw up a bill to be paid on demand
If you want a new hat, if you want some old wine,
If you want to inspect sample ore from a mine,
If you want some new linen, a necktie, or socks,
If you want a safe broker to buy you some stocks,
If you want some good ribbons, or rare kinds of lace,
If you want a good lawyer to fight out your case,
If you're anxious to buy a good watch or a chain,
If you've wants for the body or wants for the brain,
If you want a good photograph, taken like life,
Or begad, I believe, if you wanted a wife,
If you want a good doctor to cure all your ills,
If you want a good druggist to make up your pills,
If you want to know what are the new city laws,
You will find them all there, with each chapter and clause;
If you want some new matting to put on your floor,
If you want to know aught that concerneth this shore,
You can know it right there, at the Placard Exchange.
You can find what you want, and your business arrange,
Not only advertisements there you will see,
But things of great interest, from land and from sea;
Canary birds sing in their cages around,
And a fountain's soft ripple adds beauty to sound.
In fact, in a word, all these matters to tell,
It's the whole of the State in a simple nutshell,
For the man in whose brain this idea had its birth,
Has wandered all over the face of the earth,
And now to the world he says, "Come in and see,"
For you've nothing to pay, the admittance is free.

We Have Great Pleasure in drawing attention to the following circular: ☞

PARIS, March 12, 1873.—CHARLES LE GAY, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe—Dear Sir: You will find at my office complete files of the San Francisco *News Letter*, Daily Sacramento *Union*, Daily *Alta California*, Daily *Bulletin*, Daily *Morning Chronicle*, which I cordially invite you to consult at your pleasure and convenience. CHARLES LE GAY.

MR. F. MARRIOTT, San Francisco, California.

The many friends of Charley Le Gay will rejoice to hear that after traveling over the greater part of the civilized world, and acquiring a store of information, both intellectual and commercial, he has settled down in Paris, where already his business qualities have been useful to many houses in San Francisco in the shape of commissions to purchase goods for this market. He has struck out a new branch of industry in connection with San Francisco, as well as with its traveling public, which cannot fail of success. It must at the same time be highly gratifying for an old resident of California to act as interpreter, and assist in effecting business transactions wherein judgment, experience of foreign and American interests, can be promoted by the solid capacity and high standing of an American gentleman. Among the many influential Americans that do business with him, we may mention the name of Calvin Brown, of Mare Island, who is on a tour of observation for the Government, who was recommended and introduced to him by Mr. Washbourne, U. S. Minister to France. Gen. Fred. Starring, the Special Agent of the Treasury Department in Europe, also does most of his business with him. The patent wind-mill with which he is interested (in America only) meets with universal approbation, and is said to be just the thing for California use.

"**Crucified!** Well that's reviving the old days and no gammon." "How did it happen?" "Well, it happened thusly: My old woman likes a little drop of the cratur occasionally; sometimes she exceeds that little drop. She did last night. In the morning (Good Friday) she woke me at daylight and swore she'd gone through the 'crucifixion' in her dreams. I looked her well over, and, sure enough, there were wounds in her hands and feet. She'd been scratching mosquito bites with my best razor. She's promised never to get crucified again, and to drink Cutter Whisky, as sold by Hotaling, and no other.

On a Marble Slab over a grave in Marlborough, Massachusetts, is the following epitaph, evidently composed by a youth whose poetic genius equaled, if it did not excel that of Byron. The dear dead one lying under the slab had been his betrothed:

"Death is the road that leads to bliss divine,
For there they drink nought but the Gerke Wine
That thou hadst trod, O hapless Caroline."

A San Francisco Youth, who wanted to get spliced but had'nt pluck enough to pop the question, asked his father's advice on the subject. His father replied, "Why, you booby, how do you suppose I managed when I got married?" "Oh yes," said the aspiring youth, "but you married mother, and I've got to go and marry a strange girl." "You ignorant young fool," answered the irate papa, "what's the difference? Just you treat her to a few of Emerson Corville's oysters at the Saddle Rock, and the chances are she'll save you the trouble of popping the question." He acted on his father's advice, is now married and, need we add, happy.

Fair Chloe at her window sat and looked so sad,
We asked the darling girl, "What makes you feel so bad?"
A moment paused the girl, and then she crying told
Her cause of woe. 'Twas not for lack of shining gold
She thus looked sad. "Could I get taken well," she said,
"Not matrimonially, but photographed not wed,
I should feel happy."
We took her to Bradley & Rulofson's, and now she looks sad no more.

"**Loss of a China Packet Ship!**" exclaimed a literal minded old lady, one day, as she laid down the paper. "I should think so, when even iron ones, like the *Atlantic*, are not safe." This unsophisticated old lady had read nothing but the *Alta*, which perhaps in a measure accounts for her extreme innocence. She has lately taken to reading the *News Letter* and has shown that she has improved in her common sense, for she has bought a complete new set of furniture from N. P. Cole. His furniture, though as pretty as China, is as durable as iron.

They May Boast of the beauties of France or of Spain,
The light of the mountain, the spread of the plain,
But had I to choose through the wide world an abode,
I would live if I could on the San Bruno Road;
And O, happy as long as I lived could I dwell,
Midst the green trees and the flowers at Thorpe's Hotel.

"**Mr. Scribbler,** you have written this so carelessly that it is inexcusable, disgraceful, sir. The expressions are slovenly, and the whole is a regular botch." Thus the editor of the C— said the other day to one of his subs. The sub quietly walked out of the room, not on his ear, for he was a philosopher, but leisurely into the compositor's room, brought in the "copy," laid it before the chief, and departed, all but elated. Unhappy editor! It was his own copy. He now drinks Eberhardt & Lachman's Native Wine, writes correctly, and knows his own "copy" when in print.

"**Say, Joe,** just put the little sorrel mare in the buggy. I'm going out for a drive on the San Bruno Road. You needn't put a skirt for her in the buggy. Harry Hanken has lots for all comers, besides good liquors."

A Strike has Taken Place among a most useful class of men, namely, our restaurant cooks. They say their object is not so much money, but appreciation of their talents. To be able to be thoroughly appreciated, they must have very different ranges from many now in use. They point out how many more people go to the restaurants where De la Montanya's Union Range is used and ask, "Why have we not the same kind?" No doubt they will gain their point.

You Want Some School Furniture, office as well,
If you'll listen to me where to get it I'll tell,
Where you'll get it as good as it ever was made—
So good that it puts all the rest in the shade.
To get it thus good, and its wear to insure,
You must go to the warehouse of Gilbert & Moore.

Ebenezer Smiles was as fine a young man as ever trod God's earth. Wasn't he just spry, you bet he was. You couldn't teach Eb. much. He was just as cute as they make them. Well, Eb. came to San Francisco, he'd lots of money, and liked to cut a dash. He bought a 2:40 horse and a neat little buggy, but he couldn't stand the harness or robes made here. No, he would have them from New York. At last I persuaded him to have a look into Main & Winchester's store. He altered his mind then, and bought two sets to send home, to show them that they could be beat.

Diamonds, Rich and Rare, have turned out a fizzle, but we have, if we have not the precious gems, some other things that make up for our loss in that respect. Messrs. Jones & Byers, the well known house agents and collectors, can negotiate for those who require them and have the security to offer, loans on easy terms. In a time when gold is as scarce as it is now this is a consideration, and should be taken notice of. As collectors, they are too well and favorably known to need any allusion from us.

"**Go Search the World** from East to West,
In every land, in every clime,
Then tell me where thou'st seen the best
Then photograph. I do not jest."
Thus spoke the Sultan, Elshaber.
The slave for years sought high and low,
And with endless toil and labor,
Till at last he came to Frisco,
To the gallery of Taber.

With Open Arms we welcome this genial weather, this warm-hearted Spring. We have hung back a long time, mistrusting the weather, as we do a coquette. Now we have confidence, and have ordered clothes to suit the weather from Messrs. Bullock & Jones. We have looked over their stock, and lots of others, but have decided that they are the best. Take a look round their store, 421 Montgomery street, and you will agree with us.

Who has not heard of Louis Roederer's Champagne, and breathes there a man whose eyes have not sparkled with pleasure at the sight of Cachet Blanc (Reserve)? The last mentioned is the digest champagne that is imported. Messrs. Gilman & Co. have a large supply on hand, and will make their terms easy to customers who require a good article.

O, Muller, Muller, I never could see
'Till I got this pair of glasses from thee.

An Inventor, who has, after much study and labor, invented a new system of making railroad locomotives and car axles, which can be finished in the short space of fifteen minutes after coming out of the blast furnace without being placed in a lathe for finish, wants a person of capital. Address R. R. R., this office.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

May 1st—Steamer COLORADO .... Capt. Warsaw

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Calling at San Diego.

April 26th—Steamer GREAT REPUBLIC........ Capt. Cavarly.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:

PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Thursday, April 17th, Tuesday, April 29th.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Friday, April 11th; Wednesday, April 23d.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO AND SANTA BARBARA

Steamers will leave at 5 P. M., as follows:

SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, Friday, April 18th, Monday, April 28th.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon. No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M. on the 7th.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts. [April 19.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

MACONDRAY & CO.'S LINE FOR HONGKONG.

From Front street Wharf.—The magnificent British iron S. S. Lord of the Isles, J. Robinson Commander. This fast and powerful steamship was built on the Clyde in 1866. She is 2,187 tons register, has two compound engines of 240 horse-power. She will leave Hongkong for this port on the 10th instant, and on arrival here will have immediate dispatch on her return voyage. For freight or passage apply to MACONDRAY & CO.

Agents at Hongkong, Messrs. Russell & Co. April 19.

FOR EUREKA, TRINIDAD AND CRESCENT CITY.

The Steamship Pelican, J. D. Howell, Commander. Will leave for the above ports on MONDAY, April 21st, at 8 o'clock A. M.

April 19. BEN. HOLLADAY, Jr., Agent, 317 Sansome street.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Oriflamme, F. Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom street wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, April 19, at 10 o'clock A. M. [April 19.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

JAS. H. HAM.] PETERS & HAM, [WM. D. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 331 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 413 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 1.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	ARRIVE. A.M.	ARRIVE. P.M.
Alameda		3.30		1.00
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co.'s steamers		3.40		9.00
Cloverdale and Coast Points		1.40	11.15	
Eureka		1.40	11.15	
Marysville and Sacramento	6.30	3.40	3.00	9.00
Napa Route via Vallejo		3.40	12.40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6.30			9.00
Oakland	6.30	3.40		9.00 9.00
Overland	6.30			9.00
Petaluma and Coast Points		1.15		12.00
San Rafael	9.15		9.00	
San Jose	8.00	4.15	9.30	6.00
Southern California and Arizona	8.00			6.00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6.30	3.40	3.40	9.00
Vallejo and Benicia	7.00	3.40	12.40	9.00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		3.40		2.40
Great Britain, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays		9.00		

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

NORTH PACIFIC COAST RAILROAD.

Last Saturday, April 12th, ground was broken at Saucelito on the North Pacific Coast Railroad, about which very little is yet known to the public. A large number of gentlemen was present on the occasion as guests of the Saucelito Land and Ferry Company, which acted as *chaperon* to the Railroad Company, and the ceremonies were presided over with graceful courtesy by Gen. H. A. Cobb. A. W. Moore, President of the Railroad Company, stated that actual work had been commenced forty-five days previous at White's Hill and Strawberry Pond, and that a force of six or seven hundred laborers had been constantly employed since that time. The country was so broken and rugged that the surveys could only be made tardily, and that was the reason why a greater number of laborers had not been in the field, but they would soon have a force of 1,600 to 2,000. It was contemplated to run the road to Walhalla River, 140 miles beyond Saucelito, and that by the middle of February, 1874, it would be completed as far as Russian River, eighty-three miles distant, and the balance would be finished by August or September of the same year. He then expatiated on the natural resources and existing productive wealth of the tier of northern counties to be penetrated by the road. It is estimated that San Francisco consumes 16,800 gallons of milk daily, and Marin County is capable of supplying one-third of that quantity at 20 cents the gallon, or 10 cents less than it now costs, leaving a handsome profit for dairymen, even with a freight charge of 8 cents the gallon, and this traffic alone would give the road an income of $400 per day. The lumber trade of the counties to be opened by rail is simply immense, and at least six large trains per day would become necessary for its transportation to the tide-water at Saucelito. The grain and fruit-producing capacities of Marin and Sonoma were exceedingly great, and so soon as settlers could be placed in possession of railroad facilities to reach markets of consumption, there would be large additions to their populations. H. B. Platt, Vice-President of the Company, believed that Saucelito must eventually become the grand centering depot for all the redwood lumber, bark, wood, ties, and posts used on this coast. Its port facilities were sufficient to accommodate the largest class of ships. Along the line of the road, as far as Point Arenas, there were already [illegible] in operation, with a joint cutting capacity of 60,000,000 feet per year, and, in 1872, with the meagre and costly resources for marketing which then existed, there were sent from that region 750,000 railroad ties, 17,000 cords of wood, 200,000 posts, 5,000 cords of bark, 10,800,000 shingles, and 50,000,000 feet of clear lumber. With railroad facilities, these figures could be doubled in a short time. The number of men employed from 50 to 100 men each, and none of them ever had less than from one to three millions of feet on hand, ready to fill orders. He estimated that it would require 800 acres of space to accommodate the mass of lumber that would reach Saucelito by railroad, with the lumber piled ten feet high. During the two hours consumed in festivities, 150 yards of track were thrown up and graded, ready for the ties and rails. This very important enterprise has been conducted so far in a quiet, unostentatious manner, but it is in the hands of gentlemen who mean "business," and are pushing it with great vigor and determination. It will be of incalculable immediate benefit to the counties through which it will pass, and to Saucelito, converting it into a fine maritime port, increasing its population, and augmenting the value of its real estate and other local property. It will also become another great feeder to the metropolis, adding to our wealth, and enlarging the area of our commercial relations. By all means, give us railroads. Every one is a great artery of trade, a great public benefit, a grand substitute for navigable streams.

THE WAY THE BRITISHERS SETTLE THEIR INDIANS.

An Interesting Lecture, detailing the operations of the Chittagong column in the campaign against the Looshais, was delivered a few days ago at the United Service Institution, Whitehall, by Major East, Forty-first Regiment, Assistant-Quartermaster-General of the Bengal Army. A large and distinguished audience was present, among whom we noticed the Countess of Mayo, etc. Major-General Armstrong, Deputy Adjutant General to the forces, was in the chair. The lecturer pointed out that the Looshai country, lying on the southeastern frontier of Bengal, and extending thence to Burmah, is occupied by hardy mountain tribes, who for years had made constant descents upon the neighboring British territory. In 1871 these raids rose to such a height that exemplary punishment became necessary. Accordingly, an expedition of some size was set on foot, not to make merely a retaliatory raid, but to advance far into the depths of the country, recover captives, and secure complete submission. The force acted on two lines, one under Gen. Bourchier moved from Cachar, the other under Gen. Brownlow, to whose staff the lecturer was attached as Assistant Quartermaster-General, had Chittagong as its base. The time selected was between November, 1871, and the following March, and each column consisted of three native infantry regiments (500 strong) and half a battery of mountain artillery. Major East detailed graphically the various movements of Gen. Brownlow's force—from the advance from Chittagong by the Kernafooli river, to Kassalong and on to Demegree. At the latter place, on December 1st, active operations were commenced against the Syloo tribe of Looshais, and were completely successful. Villages captured and storehouses destroyed acted with excellent moral effect, so that on a further advance against another tribe, the northern Howlongs, an actual collision was rendered unnecessary by their timely submission. On March 6th, the column returned to Demegree, when the southern Howlongs, after slight hesitation, also surrendered, and the campaign came to a close. Its results, as summed up by Gen. Brownlow himself, were: "The complete subjugation of two powerful tribes inhabiting sixty villages, of which twenty that resisted were attacked and destroyed; the personal submission of fifteen chiefs, and their solemn engagement on behalf of themselves and tributaries for future good behavior; the recovery of Mary Winchester, and the liberation of upwards of 100 British subjects who had from time to time been made captives."

The Pacific Coast Mercantile Director will, with its May number, commence its second volume, under the new title of the *San Francisco Journal of Commerce and Mercantile Director*. This monthly journal is one of the most useful published on this coast, and Murray, Dewey & Co., as the enterprising publishers, deserve the success they are obtaining. It will for the future appear as a large quarto sheet, containing forty-eight columns of commercial news, editorials and advertisements, each issue as large as those of the New York or Chicago *Journals of Commerce*. It will thus be not only more convenient in form, and better suited to display both reading matter and advertisements, but considerably larger space will be obtained for both. In future the subscription will be $1 50 per annum.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$37 50 @ 40 —
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 4 @ — 6
Metal Sheathing, ℔	— 28 @ — 30
Tin Plates, I C, ₱ box	13 00 @ 14 00
Tin Plates, I X, ₱ box	14 00 @ 15 00
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6½
Lead Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Banca Tin, ℔	— 40 @ — 42½
Quicksilver	— — @ — 90
COAL.	
West Hartley, ₱ ton	14 00 @ 15 00
Australian	11 50 @ 12 00
Cumberland	14 50 @ 15 00
Anthracite	14 00 @ 15 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ — —
Mount Diablo	6 60 @ 8 50
COFFEE.	
Rio, ℔	— 19 @ — —
Java, Old Government	— 22 @ — 23
Manila	15 @ — 17
Costa Rica	— 17 @ — 19
RICE.	
China, No. 1, ℔	— 7 @ — 7½
China, No 2	— 6 @ 6¾
Hawaiian	— 8½ @ — 9
WINES.	
Champagne ₱ doz	20 00 @ 25 00
Port, according to brand ₱ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75
Sherry, do. do.	1 75 @ 7 00
OIL.	
Coal and Kerosene	— 33 @ — 52½

TEAS.	PRICES.
Japans	$— 30 @ — 75
Oolong	30 @ — 85
SUGARS.	
China, No. 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 10½
Manila	— 7½ @ — 8
Crushed, American	— 12½ @ — 12¾
Muscovado	— 8 @ — 8
Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
CANDLES.	
Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 41
Adamantine	— 15 @ 19
SPIRITS AND LIQUORS.	
Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Whisky Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rum, Jamaica	4 00 @ 6 25
Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Chicken Gunnies, 20-℔	— 17 @ — 19
Gunny Bags in bales	— 15 @ — 17
Burlap Bags	— 16 @ 16½
Hessian 40-inch, ₱ yard	— 12 @ — 12
DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
Wool, ℔	— 14 @ — 22
Tallow	— 7 @ — 7½
Hides	— 15 @ — 18
Wheat, ₱ 100 ℔s	1 80 @ 1 90
Barley	1 30 @ 1 40
Oats	2 25 @ 2 40
Flour, ₱ 196 ℔s	5 00 @ 5 75

The Coal Question in England.—A proposition has lately been made by a Nottingham gentleman to Mr. Gladstone to utilize the coal and other minerals lying underneath the Crown Lands, by means of convict labor. It is reported that this suggestion, to which Mr. Gladstone returned a very favorable reply, is designed not only to stave off the effects of the present panic, but to establish a means of regulating the future prices of coal and minerals. We hope that this practical solution of a great social evil will not be lost sight of. If the Government will open mines on the Crown Lands and employ convict labor, they will utilize a great deal of wasted labor and save expense to the country, as then the labor of the convicts will be a source of profit, instead of a constantly recurring charge being made for their maintenance. This system would also act as a powerful deterrent to crime, the expectation of underground work being a source of dread to the criminal population. The cost of efficient supervision would not exceed that in our present expensive convict establishments.—*Court Journal.*

St. John's Presbyterian Church (Rev. Dr. Scott's), will be closed next Sunday, owing to alterations and the erection of a new organ. The New Tabernacle on Tyler street, will be opened and dedicated at 3 o'clock, with a sermon by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Cunningham, who has just returned from the East, where he has been laboring the past winter in behalf of the San Francisco Theological Seminary. He raised $41,000 for the institution.

M. Gray, the Music Publisher, now has many of W. H. Delhanty's songs and dances, among which are those that "took" so well during his engagement with Hengler in this city a few months since. The following are worthy of mention: "I Love You," "Komo and Kiss Me," "Martha Jane Berne," "One I Dearly Love," "Little Rosey May," "Darling of My Heart," and the latest, "Lily of the Valley," and "Pretty Little Jessie."

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally.

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 121 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has now expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself—the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders, Thomas Donnolly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure Unadulterated Saleratus, and his Unadulterated, Unequaled Bicarbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business, now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.
San Francisco, January 25, 1873. [Feb. 1.] THOMAS DONNOLLY.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States. March 19.

CHARLES HARE,

34 and 35 Stewart street.—Tanner's Oil, Cocoa-nut Oil, Polar Oil, Pig Iron, Cumberland and Lehigh Coal, Braziers' Copper, Yellow Metal, Nails, Anchors and Chains, all sizes, Hemp and Manila Rope, Galvanized Wire, Rope in bond or duty paid, Pitch, Tar, Oakum, White Lead, Eastern Oak Ship Timber, Spanish Cedar, Teak, Lignumvitæ, Rosewood Oil Casks, Water Tanks, Cannon, Brass and iron, all sizes. Japan Tea and fine Java Coffee of my own importation. Old Iron, Copper, and Metals bought at the highest market rates. March 1.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL,

Gardens and Farms, at the Junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot. This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable, by Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg. March 22

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec 24.

SPANISH LESSONS

M. G. Pritchard, - - - - - - - - - - **414 California street.** [March 15.]

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS,

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

WEBER PIANOS,

At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. ☞ These Pianos have a world-wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb. 1.]

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brocon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 60 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 15 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 252 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D Escomte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C., The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street. Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st, E.C, Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 7, Stevens' building, S W corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

MUYBRIDGE'S PHOTOGRAPHS.

One of the Principal among the many objects of interest to be seen by the visitor to the rooms of the California Placard Exchange, is a series of magnificent photographs of the famed Yosemite Valley, by Muybridge of Montgomery street. To describe in detail the beauties of these works of the photographer's art would require a higher degree of criticism than we possess. After this confession, simply drawing attention to the subjects of five or six of these views, will be all that is expected. A view of the Valley from Moonlight Rock commences the series, and every object, from the broken pine in the foreground to the inequalities of the far distance seems real and tangible. There is a soft haziness about the middle distance which lends a greater depth and beauty to the magnificent sweep of scarp and hill, and which without blurring the distinctness of the objects, heightens the effect of grandeur in distance and area. In the next we select the towering forms of the Cathedral Rocks are seen. The shadow effects are not particularly good, they should be stronger and deeper to properly throw out the sheer hight of these gigantic natural spires. Loya, the Sentinel, is the chief object in the next. Below is the placid, unrippled stream, bordered and filled with the gloomy shadows of the dark-fringed pines; towering above all in a threatening sky, is the enormous Sentinel Rock looking down the valley. In the next, too, a still, quiet stream, with an extent of neighboring sward fill the foreground, the subject being the Falls of the Yosemite. Although at a great distance, the photograph is so clear that the very spray is perceptible. But too much of the giant cliff is introduced, and one looses the idea of the falls—partially, too, because of their being at too great a distance—in wondering at the magnitude of its surroundings. Gloominess and blackness, too, take the place of light and shade. Lastly, we have a portion of the trunk, the torso, of W. H. Seward, in the Mariposa Grove. This we consider the best view, as a study of the perfection to which sun-picturing has attained. Every fibre, every knot, every gnarl is here with extraordinary clearness, and one goes back again and again to marvel at the accuracy with which each tiny inequality of the bark is given. This view alone should establish Muybridge's reputation as an unequaled photographer.

A NOTABLE PICTURE SALE.

Messrs. Newhall & Co. have now on view and will sell on Wednesday next, one of the choicest collections of foreign pictures ever brought to this city, including examples by Lambinet, Veron, Dumont, Becker, Leempoten, Naumann, Verboeckhoven, Muller, De la Hoese, Willems, De Noter, and a score of others of great or rising repute. The whole series was chosen from the *ateliers* of Munich, Brussels, Paris, etc., by Mr. W. L. Marple, himself an artist of known ability. The result is that there are no bad pictures in the whole collection; many, indeed, have been selected from the studios of rising men, but while now attainable at comparatively moderate prices are sure to greatly enhance in value. A considerable proportion of the 105 works on view are by men of established reputation, and there are not a few veritable gems among them. It is impossible to particularize, but perhaps the most striking work exhibited is "Traveling in Bohemia," by Van der Venne of Munich, a most masterly and vigorous composition. The half wild Cossack horses struggling through the storm are full of life and action. Among the landscapes, commend us to Girscher's "Glacier on the Matterhorn," the "Farm Scene," by Veron of Paris, and the "Old Mill," by Paul Weber. Leempoten's small studies of sheep, chickens, etc., are admirable, and there is a score of cabinet figure compositions, some of which in the wonderful painting of details, silks, satins, jewelry, etc., are, in their way, perfection. Connoisseurs will understand that a considerable amount of time, coin and special knowledge has been required in the selection and collection of these works, and that such experiments need fostering encouragement to be repeated.

"CORIOLANUS."

While the Play of "Coriolanus" is still fresh in our memories, it would not perhaps be out of place to point out errors in it so grave as to show that Shakspeare's knowledge of Roman history must have been very slight. When the noble Roman is receiving compliments on his valor, among other compliments paid him was that he was a soldier "even to Cato's wish." Unfortunately for the great "bard of Avon," Cato was not born till at least two hundred years after the death of Coriolanus. Shakspeare, also, through Menenius, commits some gross errors, such as saying of Coriolanus, "he sits in his state as a thing made for Alexander." Now Coriolanus died about 493 B. C., while Alexander was born a century and a half later. Menenius also says that "the most sovereign prescription in Galen is but empiricutic." Now we can pardon a slip of a couple of centuries or so, but six hundred years is too much. Galen was not born till A. D. 130.

The B. I. P. Order of Seals held their annual benefit in the shape of a *matinee* at the Metropolitan Theater on Wednesday afternoon. Nearly all the places of amusement in the city contributed volunteer performers, and the result was an olio programme of unusual excellence. The house was crowded, principally with ladies, and we should think the financial result would be as great a success as the endeavor of the performers to please and amuse. The best features of the entertainment were a ballad by Miss Blanche Chapman, a clog dance by her sister, a Dutch specialty of Maggie Moore's, the *pas de deux* of Miss Gasgain and Bulalay, and the feat, foot we mean, of Mons. Donato. But after saying this we cannot keep from a little mild fault-finding. We put the matter in the form of questions and leave those referred to to answer—or otherwise. Was not the Fourth Artillery Band terribly out of tune sometimes? Why does a certain singer spoil the effect of her really good voice by using "kee-ar," "key-ind," etc., for "care" and "kind"? Why will sensible actors persist in choosing dismal, lachrymose subjects for recitations? Who was the wretched blackamoor conjuring fraud? When will the folly of indiscriminate encoring be put an end to? Do people really know that Mlle. Gasgain, as a most graceful *danseuse*, is worthy of a little better support than a bone soloist, and than she gets? Why *will* people eat those dreadful peanuts in a theater, to the discomfort of all around and of their own stomachs?

Mr. August Hemme proves to our citizens that he has a genuine love of music, and the liberality to pay for its advancement, giving everybody a chance to hear and enjoy it. The new Tabernacle, on Tyler street, near Taylor, has been built by Mr. Hemme, the organ made by Hook, of Boston, ordered and paid for by Mr. Hemme, and the services of Mr. Phillip Phillips engaged for one year to lead the choir of the new Tabernacle. Mr. Hemme has also offered the use of this new and beautiful edifice to the Handel & Haydn Society for rehearsals and concerts, and the three nights' festival will take place there on the 29th and 30th of the present month, and the 1st of May. Mrs. Marriner and Mrs. Hall McAllister are to sing the soprano solos for the Handel and Haydn. The auditorium seats 2,300 people, is very comfortably cushioned, and every seat commands an equally good view. The light and ventilation is very superior, and we record, with pleasure, this liberality and public spirit on the part of Mr. Hemme.

Persian Women.—There are worse wives than the San Franciscan, after all. Count de Gobineau says that it is unusual to find a Persian woman of three-and-twenty who has not had at least a couple of husbands, and often many more, so easily are divorces obtained. These ladies look upon themselves as wholly irresponsible beings; are extremely passionate and violent, and have "a way" of making themselves absolute mistresses at home. This is how they do it: They wear the dearest little slippers in the world. O, such ducks of slippers! turned up in front with sharpened steel spikes like skate-irons. When a lady gets mad with her "brute," she just takes off her little slipper, pulls the old man down on the divan by his beard; then ——. Talk about cats! Meow! f-f-t! She puts in her little plow and don't let go the handle till that old Tadjik's lower lip is safely tucked in his collar, and his nose (with a bit of lip attached) turned inside out and over his head, and left aimlessly dangling at the back parting of his hair. "There! you nasty, *nasty*, NASTY brute!"

We are Pleased to Note that Jose F. Godoy, son of the former Mexican Consul, U. T. Travers, a promising young orator, and Stuart S. Wright, son of the ex-Probate Judge of this city, have been (after a rigid examination in open Court by the Supreme Judges of this State) admitted to practice as Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law in all the Courts of California.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SEVENTH ANNUAL PICNIC,

In Aid of the Funds of the British Benevolent Society, at Fassking's Gardens, Alameda, on WEDNESDAY, April 23d (St. George's Day).

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.—W. L. Booker, H. G.; S. L. Jones, D. D. Brown, C. Hopps, Wm. Hayes, W. B. Allen, S. O. Hugbee, G. Naunton, T. Nelson, W. G. Hobson, J. Brewster, C. H. McCurrie.

A spacious covered platform for Dancers. Wetterman's Band, from Woodward's Gardens. British Games and Prizes for competition by holders of checks, and none others. Appropriate Singing by the S. F. Glee Club. Refreshments on the grounds, at moderate rates. TICKETS (Buff) for the round trip, $1, and Children (Red Tickets) from 6 to 12, 50 cents; to be had of any of the members and at the Secretary's office, 730 Montgomery street, previous to the 23d.

NOTICE.—The Check must be detached from the Ticket and retained, before handing the Ticket in at the Company's office, Davis and Pacific streets, for the Ferry Check, which will be given in exchange, and both preserved until collected by the Conductor on the return trip.

The Alameda boat will leave at 9:00, 11:15 A. M., and 1:30 P. M. Returning—Cars leave the Gardens at 4.10 and 5:35 P. M. April 19.

HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY.

A Grand Musical Festival will be given by the Handel and Haydn Society, at the CENTRAL TABERNACLE, Tyler street, near Taylor, commencing on the 29th of April, continuing THREE EVENINGS, during which time the full GRAND ORATORIO OF ELIJAH, and Mendelssohn's HYMN OF PRAISE, together with Selections from Beethoven's "Engedi," "William Tell," "Stabat Mater" and "Ernani," will be given by a Grand Chorus of TWO HUNDRED VOICES, and an Orchestra of Thirty Pieces, with Full Organ accompaniment. The Solos will be rendered by Mrs. Marriner, Moore and Hayden, and Messrs. Mayer, Maguire, Campbell and Makin. Conductor, Prof. Geo. T. Evans. Price of Admission, $1. Reserved Seats, $1 50. Seats can be reserved for the season at Kohler, Chase & Co.'s, 633 Clay street, on and after Saturday, April 12. Sale of Single Tickets, with Reserved Seats, commencing Saturday, April 24. Full particulars will be found in Pamphlets, to be had at all the Music Stores. April 19.

YE OLDE FOLKE CONCERTE,

For the Benefit of Howard Street Presbyterian Church, will be repeated by request, at the NEW TABERNACLE, Tyler street, near corner of Market and Sixth, on MONDAY EVENING, April 21st. Admission, $1. Children, 50 cents. Tickets and Programmes to be had at the Music Stores and at the door. [April 19.]

BLIND TOM CONCERTS.

The Celebrated Negro Boy Pianist, Blind Tom, the Great Musical Prodigy, in his Marvelous Entertainments, at PLATT'S HALL, Saturday Evening, April 19. Don't fail to see and hear the most Wonderful Living Curiosity of the Nineteenth Century. Admission, $1, Reserved Seats, 50c extra. Doors open at 7; commence at 8 o'clock. Seats may be secured in advance at M. Gray's Music Store, without extra charge. GRAND FAMILY MATINEE on Saturday, April 19th, at 2:30 o'clock P. M. No Reserved Seats at the Matinee. Children's Tickets to Matinee, 25 cents. The Concert Grand Piano Forte used at these Concerts is from the famous manufactory of Steinway & Sons, and is furnished from the warerooms of Mr. M. Gray, 623 and 625 Clay street. April 19.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Mr. John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager.—Special Notice.— The Public is respectfully informed that during the Second Week of the engagement of MRS. D. P. BOWERS, the following order of performances will be strictly adhered to. In consequence of the production of other novelties, there will be no repetition of these plays. Monday, April 21st, ELIZABETH; Tuesday, 22d, LADY AUDLEY'S SECRET; Wednesday, 23d, ELIZABETH; Thursday, 24th, LADY AUDLEY'S SECRET; Friday, 25th, Benefit of Mrs. Bowers, when THE HUNCHBACK will be presented with a great cast. Saturday, 26th, MACBETH. Saturday Matinee, MARY STUART. MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING is in preparation, and will shortly be produced, with beautiful Scenery by Porter, elegant appointments, full Chorus, and an elegant cast. April 19.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush St., between Montgomery and Kearny.—Maguire & Emerson Proprietors; Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer; Bob Hart, Stage Manager; Geo. T. Evans, Musical Director. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—Entire Change of Bill.—Great Success of MR. CHAS. VIVIAN.—Continued Success of the Great Irish Comedian, MR. SAM. RICKEY. The San Francisco Favorite, LITTLE MACK. The Screaming Irish Extravaganza, entitled BAD WHISKY. Fresh Budget of Black Gems, BILLY EMERSON. BOB HART'S Laughable Sketch, A SLIPPERY DAY. April 19.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.— Director, John Woodard; Treasurer, Andrew Burrell.—Saturday Afternoon, April 19—Grand Matinee. Great success of the Premier Ventriloquist of the World, MR. E. D. DAVIES, in his original entertainment. THE CHAPMAN SISTERS in their popular Burlesque, LITTLE DON GIOVANNI. Look out for a Startling Novelty. Admission — Dress Circle, 75 cents. Orchestra Seats, 50 cents, Gallery, 25 cents.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Afternoon, April 19th — MRS. BOWERS'S Matinee. Saturday Evening, the intensely interesting romantic Play, adapted by Edmund Falconer, entitled MARY STUART. "Mary Stuart," MRS. D. P. BOWERS. Mr. McCullough and the full strength of the Company in the cast. April 19.

GRAND EXHIBITION.

Blindfold Drill and Ball, to be given by the San Francisco Cadets, C. E. S. McDonald, Commanding, at PLATT'S HALL, on THURSDAY EVENING, April 24th. Tickets, $1, admitting Gentleman and Ladies. To be had of the members of the Company, at Gray's Music Store, C. C. Keene's, corner Bush and Kearny, or at the door on the evening of the Ball. April 19.

WILSON'S AMPHITHEATER.

Sutter street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, opposite Lick House.— Appearance of DAVE LONG, California's favorite Clown and Jester. LAURA, the Great Female Gymnast. HARVEST HOME. STEEPLE CHASE. Saturday Afternoon — Only HARVEST HOME Matinee, at 2 P. M. Reduced Prices—Dress Circle, 75 cents; Family Circle, 50 cents, Parquette, 25 cents. Box Office open daily, when seats may be secured. April 19.

HORTICULTURAL SPRING EXHIBITION.

Opens May 1, 1873, at Horticultural Hall.—Office hours of the Secretary—Every day, between 2 and 4 P. M., at No. 632 CLAY STREET, until further notice. April 19.

PROF. O. S. FOWLER

Can be consulted as to Your Own and Children's Phrenology, at the GRAND HOTEL. Last day for Consultations closes on MONDAY, at 10 o'clock A. M. April 19.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

CHANGE OF BASE.

Martin & Horton have removed from their old stand, corner of Clay and Montgomery streets, to 111 LEIDESDORFF STREET, near California. April 19.

HAIGHT & SAWYER

Have Removed their Law Office to 207 Sansome street, over the Phœnix Insurance Company. April 19

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California street, up stairs. April 19.

ALONE WITH THE SPIRITS.

I went to my room, as the shadows were falling,
 I [illegible] the rich curtains and bolted the door
I made no response to my friends, who were calling,
 But softly I crossed o'er the carpeted floor.

In silence I sat by the old oaken table,
 No brilliant lamp shed its soft light o'er the room,
The midnight had come with its garments so sable,
 And all was as still, and as cold as the tomb.

Quite worn out with watching, and wearied by waiting;
 I roused the idea of going to bed:
And this new resolve I was just meditating,
 When a brighter one still leaped into my head.

And now I felt no inclination for napping,
 But whispered right softly "O, sweet spirit, come,"
When shortly and suddenly, something came rapping;
 Now this may appear very doubtful to some.

But yet it is true, though, I heard it so plainly—
 Yes, rapping as plainly as rapping could be;
But not to put faith on the hearing sense mainly,
 I felt something touching, and resting on me.

And still it kept rapping, with no sign of stopping,
 While there I sat quaking, and eager, and pale;
Till morning revealed all the cause of the knocking;
 'Twas my little dog Freddy just wagging his tail.

NO MORE BALDNESS.

There is an Ingenious Person in Kentucky who has discovered a new method of repairing the ravages which time inflicts upon the human head, and of making the waste places of the aged scalp to bloom and blossom with every variety of [illegible] hair. It has long been known by scientific men that living hair, if plucked up by the roots, and subsequently inserted in artificial cavities in the skin, will continue to grow and flourish in its new location. The process, however, must be pursued with each hair that is transplanted, and the obvious inconvenience of drilling, say, a million holes in a hairless scalp, and planting a separate hair in each cavity, has prevented this method of cultivating a bald head from proving practically useful. But the inventive Kentuckian, of whom mention has just been made, enables hair to be transplanted with much greater rapidity. He cuts off from a convenient head a thick lock of hair, and plants it in an artificial soil compounded of various chemical substances. In this soil the hair rapidly takes root, and grows with the vigor of other vegetables when forced in a hot bed. When it has attained a desirable length, the scalp of the person to whom it is to be transferred is sacrificed, and the lock of hair bound, roots downward, upon the exposed surface. In two or three days it again takes root, the bandages that confine it are removed, and the process is repeated until the head that once shone like a billiard ball is covered with a tropical luxuriance of hair.

It is easy to see that this discovery will command the enthusiastic admiration of those ladies, who, during the recent popularity of yellow hair, submitted themselves joyfully to the difficult and dangerous experiment of bleaching and dyeing their brown or black tresses. The latter process is one which must be often repeated, [illegible] method of the Kentuckian would change at once and for [illegible] quality of the hair. Its vast superiority over all modes of [illegible] plainly evident, and no one who knows the courage with which ladies will undergo toil and suffering in the cause of fashion will doubt that the transplanting business will meet with immediate and wide-spread popularity.

It should be noted, moreover, that whereas the field of improvement in human hair has hitherto been limited to the mere change of its color, the new process enables the leaders of fashion to adorn themselves with every variety of hair known to naturalists. We may be reasonably sure, in view of this fact, that the ordinary hair of the human head will [illegible] to be regarded as cheap and vulgar, in [illegible] the choice grafts of other hair which the new method of transplanting [illegible] favorable. The [illegible] hair of the sky terrier, [illegible] may become [illegible] the [illegible] Paris [illegible] ladies of the [illegible] decoration of the woman of [illegible] flowing mane of the black horse as the [illegible] head of hair [illegible] of the period [illegible]. There is an almost unlimited field opened by the genius of the Kentucky philanthropist to the inventive Parisian leader of fashion, and to [illegible] that it will not be enthusiastically cultivated [illegible] enterprise.

THE GRAVE OF NAPOLEON III.

Prince Louis Napoleon went to Oxford on March 17, on a visit to Prince [illegible] His Imperial Highness, according to the French [illegible] Sunday, being then [illegible] years of age. There were none [illegible] and the Prince [illegible] by a correspondent at Chisel[hurst] [illegible] surprised to find that the modest [illegible] powerful Europe for remaining except for the fresh [illegible] January 15. The coffin, covered with [illegible] part of the sacristy, which [illegible] interior of the chapel [illegible] The heap of wreaths and immortelles [illegible] funeral remain as they were placed, and look almost as [illegible] from a [illegible] arrive from [illegible] upon the pavement at the entrance to the [illegible] by the Imperial [illegible] covered with crape, and are [illegible] The chapel itself has been [illegible] the congregation are to place [illegible] three chairs for the [illegible] Empress [illegible] the right, and the chair of the Emperor is between them, empty. How long the tomb will remain in its present state is uncertain; but it is probable that no [illegible] will be made until the arrival of the granite column which Her Majesty the Queen has undertaken [illegible] from Scotland, [illegible] contemplated. [illegible] her husband's tomb, and [illegible] at the services of the church, but [illegible] out of doors. There were not many strangers in the chapel, the "prohibitory" fee of half-a-crown charged on Sundays and other days when there is service keeping the little building from being crowded and its own congregation [illegible] of the way. Tuesdays only are set apart for visitors. The Prince [illegible] will be that of his father, August 15th, the feast of St. Napo[leon].

King Amadeus' Farewell.—The few particulars of the farewell of the ex-King [illegible] Madrid are very affecting. They [illegible] their midst at early morning and went out [illegible] for the last time. The Royal Guard in [illegible] the corridor and stairs of the palace down [illegible] Queen [illegible] He then tenderly took the [illegible] the carriage, at the which [illegible] excessively pale, but [illegible] affected at the emotion of the Royal house [illegible] — [illegible] *Correspondent.*

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information [illegible] General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and [illegible] will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our [illegible] charge [illegible] at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will [illegible] ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, [illegible] Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. [illegible] J. MCNUTT [illegible], Secretary. [illegible] Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific [illegible] Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

SWISS-AMERICAN BANK.

Incorporated in Geneva (Switzerland) January 20th, 1873. Head office in Geneva.
Capital.... ....$2,000,000 subscribed, one quarter paid up.
PRESIDENT—HENRY HENTSCH. San Francisco Branch (successors to Messrs Hentsch & Berton) [illegible] street [illegible]

This Bank is prepared to grant letters of credit on Europe, and to transact every kind of Banking, Mercantile and Exchange Business and to negotiate American Securities in Europe. Deposits received.

Bills of Exchange on:

New York,	Hamburg,	Bern	Fribourg,
Liverpool,	Berlin,	Neuchatel,	Lucern,
London,	Frankfort-on-the-M.	Chau-de-fonds,	Aarau,
Paris,	Geneva,	Solothurn,	Bellinzona,
Lyons,	Zurich,	Lausanne,	Locarno,
Bordeaux,	Basel,	Baden,	Lugano,
Marseilles,	St. Gall,	Chur,	Mendrisio.
Brussels,	Winterthur,	Schaffhausen,	

An ASSAY OFFICE is annexed to the Bank. Assays of Gold, Silver, Quartz, Ores [illegible] returns in coin or bars, at the option of the depositor. Advances [illegible] Dust and Bullion can be forwarded from any part of the country and returns made through Wells, Fargo & Co., or by checks. [March 8.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. Directors—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan [illegible] London Agents—Jay Cooke [illegible] cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland [illegible] banking business [illegible] market rate of Exchange. May 4

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Eu-rope, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates; also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.
A. McKINLAY, (Agents.) A. S. FINNIE.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in [illegible] Oriental Bank [illegible] Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise [illegible] United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange [illegible] the Atlantic [illegible] Draw direct on [illegible] Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburg, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 29.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT,
GEO. ROBINS, Secretary. [April 16.] President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Hab[ich]; Secretary, T. E. [illegible] Attorney [illegible] Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office, No. [illegible] street [illegible] lander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct 11

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4

J. SELIGMAN & CO.

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in [illegible] principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec 24

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 435 California street. July 2

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed. BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH,	J. T. GLOVER,
C. T. WHEELER,	W. W. DODGE,
Sacramento.	San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

ARMES & DALLAM.

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Bags, etc., 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS [illegible] HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pollzol.
Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.
Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 8.
Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and [illegible] Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Munton, Pr.
Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)
Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.
Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.
Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.
Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.
Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.
Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.
Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.
Halifax.
White Swan Hotel. A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.
Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.
Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.
Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.
London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.
Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.
New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Heath, Proprietor.
Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel. John Hardy.
Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.
Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.
Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.
Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.
St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.
Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.
Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.
Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.
Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

The Duke of Hamilton's Birthday.—The twenty-eighth anniversary of the birthday of his Grace the Duke of Hamilton was, as usual, celebrated at Chatelherault recently with much *éclat*. The weather was of the most auspicious nature, and tended greatly to the success of the day's proceedings. There was a very large assemblage of the keepers and other persons employed on the estate, along with their friends. Shortly before mid-day, Stewart S. Robertson, Esq., Junior, of Lawhead, chamberlain to his grace, appeared on the ground, and in a few appropriate remarks proposed the health of the Duke. A salute of twenty-eight guns was fired from the heights above Chatelherault, and then, after a short interval, another gun as a welcome-in to his grace's twenty-ninth year. Field and national sports were then gone into and kept up during the afternoon with great spirit. Dancing to the strains of the pipes was kept up till evening, when the sports were also ended. Altogether, the day's enjoyments were of a high order, and will long be remembered.

The Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty have given notice to such Lieutenants in Her Majesty's Navy, and to such Lieutenants of the Royal Navy, retired with the rank of Commander, as are desirous of being recommended for the appointment of Naval Knights of Windsor, under the will of the late Samuel Travers, Esq., that they must apply at the office, either personally or by letter, on or before the 30th day of April, when they will be informed of the nature of the certificates and testimonials which are required to show that they come within the meaning of the will, an extract from which is herewith appended: "These gentlemen are to be superannuated or disabled Lieutenants of English men-of-war, single men, without children, inclined to lead a virtuous, studious and devout life. To be removed if they give occasion of scandal. By the Act 30 and 31 Vic., cap. 100, widowers are deemed single men within the meaning of the will in question."

Lord Yarmouth has definitely yielded to the general request that he would become one of the Conservative candidates for the Southern Division of Warwick. It will be remembered that at the Stratford banquet his lordship expressed his willingness to contest the seat if an available candidate was forthcoming for the county of Antrim, which he has now the honor of representing. All obstacles to his lordship's candidature are now removed, and Lord Yarmouth and Sir J. E. Eardley Wilmot, Bart., will be the Conservative candidates for South Warwickshire, and from the strength of the party there is the best reason for believing that they will be returned by a decisive majority.

The Cabinet of the new King of the Sandwich Islands consists of four gentlemen. Mr. Bishop, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, head of a banking house, was born in the State of New York, but has been twenty-five years in the islands. Mr. Hall, the Minister of the Interior, is also a New Yorker, but has been in the island thirty-seven years. Mr. Sterling, the Minister of Finance, is a native of Scotland; he came from Vancouver Island to Honolulu in 1852, and is the only member of the late King's Cabinet continued in office. Mr. Judd, the Attorney-General, the only "native" in the Cabinet, is of American parentage, and went to Yale College and Cambridge Law School, returning to Honolulu in 1863.

Cardinal Mazarin was dictating one day a letter to his Secretary. The latter, overcome with incessant work, fell asleep, and the Cardinal continued dictating while pacing up and down his study. When he had come to the conclusion, he turned toward his Secretary saying, "End as usual." He then perceived that the first lines of the letter only were written. The Cardinal was very partial to that Secretary, and treated him as a father. To wake him he gave him a box on the ear. The Secretary, in a fury, returned the blow. The Cardinal, without showing the least emotion, said coolly, "Now, sir, as we are both wide awake, let us proceed with the letter."

The Following Witty Bit has been revived and placed to the credit of the Marquis of Hartington, while discussing his political claims, *apropos* of the late embroglio. At the banquet celebrating the laying of the foundation stone of the new Northern Counties Asylum, at Lancaster, Lord de Tabley and a host of people were present. The Marquis of Hartington replied to the toast of the House of Commons, and said: "I have heard the House of Commons associated with many singular institutions in this country, but the present is the first occasion on which I have heard of its being connected with an asylum for the protection of imbeciles and idiots."

A Worthy English Baronet was lately returning home in the evening from a visit, and found the rest in the dog-cart rather cooler than he expected. His coachman, being attired in his livery great-coat, was desired by his master to let him put it on and to take his light one. [illegible] the cold so much [illegible] On the [illegible] arrival at the hall, the footman, on opening the door, and without looking to see who was in the greatcoat, says, "So you have left the old Devil behind?" "No," exclaims the baronet, "the old Devil is here, and he gives you a month's warning!"

March 22d being the anniversary of the birthday of her Royal Highness Princess Louise (Marchioness of Lorne), the band of the Royal Horse Guards, under the direction of Mr. Charles Godfrey, serenaded under the windows of her Royal Highness in the morning, and performed the following selection of music: "The Crown Diamonds," Auber; Walzer, "Morning Leaves," Strauss; Selection, "Don Pasquale," Donizetti; Waltz, "Princess Louise," C. Godfrey (dedicated by special permission to her Royal Highness); "God Save the Queen."

Cabinet Government in Persia! Such is the burden of a firman published in the *Official Teheran Gazette* and telegraphed from Constantinople. The Shah orders his Grand Vizier, who is henceforth to be the Prime Minister of Persia, to commence without delay the formation of a responsible Ministry, who, in the absence as yet of a Parliament, are to meet twice a week in Cabinet Council and to discuss regularly drawn up [illegible] The Ministry is to consist of nine members, the head of departments being responsible to the Grand Vizier, and he to the Shah.

Senor Castelar has published a decree abolishing the Order *Hijos-dalgo* of the nobility of Madrid. To-day, he says, there are no distinctions of families or castes. All men are born in the plenitude of their rights, and enter at their birth a society which recognizes these rights, and a State which assures them with all its authority and strength. Consequently, all institutions which do not faithfully represent the democratic spirit of the times fall of themselves.

The Journal des Debats recently contained an article from the pen of M. John Lemoinne on the ministerial crisis in England, in which the writer states that the defeat of Mr. Gladstone is due principally to the influence of the Pope. "From the palace," says M. Lemoinne, "which he calls a prison, the Pope has just shaken the most solid Government in Europe and overthrown the greatest Minister England ever had."

The Death is announced of Albert, Count of Bernstorff, German Ambassador to the Court of Great Britain. The Count was born March 22d, 1809, and after studying at the celebrated universities of Gottingen and Berlin, adopted the diplomatic profession, and represented Prussia at all the Courts of Europe successively.

We Understand that the Committee of the Reform Club, acting under the rule which empowers them to elect annually two distinguished [illegible] of the [illegible] party [illegible] have [illegible] elected as one of these members Lord Odo Russell, Her Majesty's Ambassador at Berlin.

A Daring Lady Traveler.—Intelligence has reached Gibraltar from Malaga, that Lord and Lady Francis Conyngham, travelling overland from Mogador to Tangier, arrived safely at Arzilla on the 29th March. Lady Francis is said to be the first lady who has undertaken such a journey in Morocco.

A Novel, by the Princess Mathilde Bonaparte, entitled La Dame a la Rubine," will shortly be published. This novel, it is said, was laid before M. Prosper Merimee [illegible]

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Col-lis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, [illegible] Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia [illegible] Extract from the [illegible] ever discovered. [illegible] with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1.40, and $2.15, by [illegible] Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK—J. ASPINWALL, William street [illegible] WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have [illegible] Names of [illegible] Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet [illegible] Brown, Canary, Orange, Black [illegible] DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants [illegible] will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *.*SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.— The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopaths and invalids, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb. 22.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution AGAINST FRAUD. [illegible] Lea & Perrins' Sauce [illegible] Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice; an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Hodgett & Hughes; [illegible] and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of [illegible] a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 23.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammuni-tion of the best quality [illegible] England, India and the Colonies. Treble Waterproof Central Fire [illegible] chemically-prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, [illegible] Pin fire and Central fire Breech-loading Guns; Wire Cartridges [illegible] and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all [illegible] in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO. Patentees and Manufacturers, Sept [illegible] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling [illegible] not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule [illegible] vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the [illegible] from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker [illegible] MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever [illegible] exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing [illegible] of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the [illegible] Requires no focal adjustment [illegible] Other microscopes of no greater power [illegible] cult to understand [illegible] always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address,
Oct. 26. [illegible]

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, [illegible] Charles E. Jacot Watches, [illegible] Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, [illegible] Jewelry, Watch Materials, Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and [illegible]. March 4.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS CO.,

October 18th 1872. From and after the 1st day of November, prox[imo,] the price of Gas will be TWO DOLLARS per [illegible] Nov. [illegible]

MODESTY (?)

"Kiss me, dear maid, to seal the vow
Of love that thou hast made,"
"I have no right to kiss thee now,"
The modest maiden said.

"If thou canst find it in thine heart
My first wish to refuse,
Perhaps 'tis best that we should part,
Ere we our freedom [illegible]."

"Although to kiss you I demur,
Yet please to recollect,
That if you choose to kiss me, sir,
Of course I—can't object."

SUNBEAMS.

— One of the best dressed young men in Chicago, who parts his hair in the middle, essayed to delight a select party of ladies and gentlemen one evening by a [illegible] of wit. The most noticeable scintillation of his wit was a conundrum. "Haw," said he, "aw—when is a lady not a lady?" Nobody could tell, and the propounder of the conundrum gave the answer. "When she's a little buggy," he said. A dead silence fell on the company, and the funny man was the focus of many singular glances. He soon became conscious that something had blundered . . . So he dived into a vest pocket, brought out a newspaper scrap, read it attentively three or four times, and then brightened up. "Haw—yes," he said, "of course—haw—when she's a little sulky. Knew it was some kind of a wagon."

— A noble lord, not over courageous, was once so far engaged in an affair of honor as to be drawn to Hyde Park to fight a duel. Just as he came to the porter's lodge, an empty hearse came by, on which his lordship's antagonist, who was a droll officer, well known, called out to the driver, "Stop here, my good fellow, a few minutes, and I'll send you a fare." This operated so strongly on his lordship's nerves, that he begged the officer's pardon, and returned home in a whole skin.

— One of the importunate juveniles who solicit pennies was asked, "Where is your mother?" "She is dead." "Have you no father?" "Yes, sir, but he is ill." "What ails him?" continued the questioner. "He has got a sore finger, sir." "Indeed!" "Yes, sir." "Then why don't he cut it off?" "Please sir," responded the little maid, "he hain't got any money to buy a knife."

— The smartest case of the kind that we have met with lately is that of a girl who makes her unsuspecting father the daily bearer of sweet missives to a clerk in his office who has been forbidden to visit his employer's house. She pins the letter in the old gentleman's coat, and when he reaches the office and takes off the garment, the clerk gets it, and responds by the same carrier.

— "Bilkes, James, drunk as usual. What in the world has set you on the spree, now?" "Ae, ye maunna be harsh, governor, didna ye hear my grand whistling canary was deid?" "Stupid fellow, leaving your work and getting drunk for the death of a bird. Don't you know a man should look upon such incidents as trifles?" "So I dae, so I dae, man, but gin ye wanted a spree yersel' ye wad be glad o' ony excuse."

— This gem of poetry has had a very pretty contribution from the pen of a young lady. The verse we quote is a sample of a series read by counsel during a trial in Ireland in satisfaction for a broken promise of marriage. The satisfaction she obtained is a very handsome amount. Here is the verse:

"Ah, ask me no more—my poor brain
Is weary and lonely and sore,
Have pity! have pity! O, Tom!
For I'll send you the very best flour."

— "You are the dullest boy I ever knew!" crossly exclaimed a bald-headed old uncle to his nephew. "Well, uncle," replied the youth, with a glance at the old gentleman's bald head, "you can't expect me to understand things as quickly as you do, because you don't have the trouble of getting 'em through your hair."

— Two men disputing about their genealogy—"I can prove my family," said the first, "to have existed before the deluge." "And I," replied the other, "can trace mine from Adam." "And I mine before Adam," replied his opponent. "You are right," retorted the second, "for before Adam there were no animals but brutes."

— Mamma (reading to nice boy)—"'The Esquimaux are a dirty people, and wash but once a year—in the summer season,' but you, Johnny, will be a clean boy and wash like an Englishman, won't you?" Nice Boy: "No, ma, I'll be an Esquimaux; please, ma."

— Grandpapa: "Well, Georgie, how are you getting on, I suppose you are quite a clever little man by this time." Georgie: "I should rather think I was; I can fight any boy or girl in the school—schoolmistress too."

— Gent. (to party with pipe) "The gentleman opposite objects to your smoking." Party with pipe: "Yes, some people do, but I never take any notice of it." Goes on.

— "Ichabod, I thought you got married more'n a year ago?" "Well, aunt Jerusha, it was talked of, but I found out that the gal and all her folks were opposed to it, so I just gave 'em all the mitten and let the thing drop."

— [illegible] Robinson a place in the country, with [illegible] a year, exclaimed, "If we [illegible] have crown[illegible]." "O, yes," answered [illegible] to do."

— What an ass the fellow must have been who had a donkey-engine and expected to get horse-power [illegible].

— Mother: "Tommy, why don't you ask a blessing?" Tommy: "'Cause I don't like porridge."

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Saturday, March 15, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland [illegible], Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:00, 8:10, 9:20, 10:30 and 11:35 A. M., 12:40, 1:50, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, 8:15, 9:30 and *11:30 P. M. (7:30, 1:30 and 5:30 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:20, 6:50, 7:40, 9:00 and 11:10 A. M., 1:20, 2:10, 4:35, 6:10, 7:35 and 10:10 P. M.

Leave Oakland, *5:30, 6:30, 7:20, 8:40, 9:50 and 11:10 A. M., 12:20, 1:45, 3:20, 3:40, 5:00, 6:20, 8:05 and 10:20 P. M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:20, 9:20 and 11:15 A. M., 1:20, 4:00, 5:20 and 7:00 P. M. (5:20, 11:15 and 5:20 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:20, 7:00 and 10:40 A. M., and 2:00 P. M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:25, 9:00 and 11:20 A. M., 1:30, 4:05 and 5:50 P. M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—				
San Francisco		8 0 a m	*3.20 p m	†4 15 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5 0 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12:45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2:45 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 45 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	p m		
Hollister	Arrive	p m		

Trains North		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—				
Hollister				11 10 a m
Salinas				10:45 a m
Castroville				11 1 a m
Pajaro				11 20 a m
Gilroy				12:2 p m
San Jose		†6:20 a m	7 0 a m	2:5 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	8 a m	6:10 a m	7:25 p m

*SATURDAYS at 3:20 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:20 a m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:20 p m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at 1 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m; arrive at San Francisco at 11:20 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen. Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

MARKET STREET RAILWAY.

On and after November 1st, cars of this road will leave the junction of Market and Main streets; also Valencia street at its junction with Twenty-fifth street, at 6 a. m., running thereafter at intervals of seven minutes until 8 o'clock p. m., and thereafter every ten minutes, the last car leaving Twenty-fifth street at 11 30 p. m., and Montgomery and Market streets at 12 m. The cars run to Main street up to 6:08 p. m., after which they run only as far as Sansome street. Extra cars will leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets to connect with the trains of the Southern Pacific Railroad. The last car for each train will carry a red flag reading "Last Car for Train." The Market street cars are painted blue, and are the only cars running to the S. P. R. R. Depot. On Sundays cars leave the corner of Market and Montgomery streets every three minutes direct to the S. P. R. R. Depot, Woodward's Gardens and Twenty-fifth street. Cars leave the corner of Market and Third streets every five minutes, direct to Hayes Park.
Nov. 12. THOMAS AGNEW, Superintendent.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 2

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive, For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 25.] Agents, 423 Front street.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, [illegible] MacDonough, Master, Will sail on her next regular trip [illegible] at 12 o'clock M. from Filbert street Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all ports in the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and bonds given. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15 [illegible] Front street.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8:45 a. m., 11 a. m., 4:30 p. m.; Saucelito, at 7:45 a. m., 9 a. m. and 1:30 p. m. Sunday Time—San Francisco, 10 a. m., 1 p. m., 2 p. m. and 4 p. m. Saucelito, 11 a. m., 1, 3 and 5 p. m. On Saturdays, an extra trip from Saucelito at 5 p. m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at [illegible] a. m. H. A. COBB, President,
Nov. 16. [illegible] Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE.

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, Willis Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily, Sundays excepted, at [illegible]. Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] P. M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. (Aug 21) CHAS. MINTURN.

RE-OPENING OF THORPE'S HOTEL,

Gardens and Farms, at the junction of the County and San Bruno Roads, south of the San Bruno Depot.—This well known, most beautiful place is thrown open once more to the elite of San Francisco society, where Breakfasts and Dinners will be served in an epicurean style unsurpassable.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:00 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 4:00 p.m. San Rafael, [illegible] a.m., 2 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 9:00 a.m., 3:00 p.m.; San Rafael, 5:00 a.m., 3:20 p.m. [Aug 24] CHARLES MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving all other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has "C. KEARSLEY" printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for freckles, tan, pimples, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles, 2s. 9d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 27 150 Oxford st., London

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition; and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations. Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shop-fittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries [illegible] prices. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded free of all charge, monthly by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11 16 Coleman st., London

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce—The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 28.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. Y. Herbert, Secretary; Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors: I. A. Amerman, Wm Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Treadwell, F. Crandall, H. Y. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. G. Langton, J. T. Pomeroy, A. J. Smith, Aaron Meyer. HALSEY & BLOWS, Agents. Office: 424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 11

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sales days Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a. m. Cash advanced on [illegible].
Dec 14 E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g.
Justices' Court—[illegible] Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] Kearny street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Commissioner's Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 14, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—[illegible] Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
In. Central School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Outside Land Committee—24 Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets.
Health Office—Jackson street.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Jackson st., bet. Van Ness Av. and Frank'n St.
Quarantine—[illegible] Kearny street.
Harbor Master—[illegible] Vallejo St.
Harbor Police—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

Belgium—F. Griser, 1517 Powell.
Chili—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street.
Chili—Consul General, Francisco [illegible], 505 Battery st.
Denmark—G. O'Hara Taafe, 520 California street.
Ecuador—Daniel Wolf (absent).
France—Edmond Breuil, 424 Jackson street.
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, 319 California street.
Guatemala—C. Martin, 423 Cal. st.
Hawaiian Islands—Henry W. Severance, [illegible] Front street.
Honduras—Wm. V. Wells, Mayor's Office, City Hall.
Italy—G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
Japan—G. W. Brooks, 20 Montgomery street.
Mexico—J. Rivas, 526 Kearny.
German Empire—C. A. C. Duisenberg, 313 Sacramento street.
Netherlands—J. De Fremery, [illegible] Sansome street.
Nicaragua—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Peru—[illegible] de la Fuente y Subiral Federico.
Portugal—Francis Berton, nw cor Clay and [illegible] sts.
Russia—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
San Salvador—F. J. Dorsey.
Spain—[illegible] Martin, 427 California.
Sweden and Norway—G. C. Johnson, [illegible] Battery street.
Switzerland—Francis Berton.
U. S. of Colombia—F. Herrera.
Bolivia—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Callao—D. J. Wakinson, 320 Brannan street.
Costa Rica—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Greece—Geo. Fisher, 723 Montgomery street.
Argentine Republic—C. Baum, 510 Battery st.
Austria—[illegible] G. Moecke, [illegible] California street.
Turkey—George W. Gibbs, 23 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending April 14, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Tuesday, April 8th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Jacob Martenstein to John Marten	Sw cor Tyler and Broderick, 137:6x137:6	$ 1
Chas F Brown to Herbert Eastwood	N Navy w Dolores, 25x114	500
Geo W Osborn to Wm A Frederick	Sub blk 5 Mission Addition	3 000
Wm L Perkins to Geo W Osborn	Same	3 100
T Bogel to Wm Davidson	S Jackson w Mason, 137:6x22 11	5,000
Pt L Av & P Hd to W N Burkhead	Lot 70 blk 249	340
C L Neumann to J Hancock	Subdiv W A blk 752	100
F Garibaldi to J M Cognengniot	E Powell s Green, n line x s 68:9	100
Paul Tract Hd to Joseph Smith	Lot 4 blk 56	305
Albert Schatz to Albert Schatz	Lots 3 4 43, 44 blk 21 City Land Ass'n	100
Same to Adolph Mailer	Lots 5, 6, 19 blk 21 same	100
S T King to Mary Smith	Lot 16 blk 210, Gardenville H'd Ass'n	
E W Wiley to C P Wiley	S Washington e Jones, e 33 s 137:6, etc	Gift
Univ Hd Assn to Andrew McShane	Lot 6 blk 76	315
A McShane to P McAran	Same	220
Wm Schmidt to Mrs E Connolly	Portion S B blk 13	part'n
Geary St Ex Hd to M A Austin	Lot 40 blk 261	350
Same to I F Kelly	Lot 2 blk 267	350
Paul Tract Hd to Jos Bernstein	Lot 5 blk 27	500
Vitus Wackenreuder to C J Becker	Com at sw cor 50-v 347 Pres to Val Lds	1,000
Wm J Younger to A M Younger	S Broadway 125 w Baker, 132:4x100	Gift
J A Holredge to Theodore Larbig	W Folsom, 291 Diamond Alley, etc	250
Geo W Dent to Julius C Dale	W Shotwell, 170 s 15th, 60x120	5,000
Joseph Albrecht to Geo T Vincent	Lots 16 101, 191, w End Hd	85
John W Morehead to R G Brown	Lots 727 to 731, Gift Map 2	6
Pt Lob Ave Hd Ass'n to Otto Behr	Lot 27 blk 612	220
Felton Tract H'd to E Niemeier	Lots 18 and 19 blk 1202	340

Wednesday, April 9th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Michael Reese to City & Co S F	E Jones, n Francisco, etc—sub 50-va 901	$3,331
Same to same	Subdiv 50-vara 250 W A	4,785
Same to same	W Dupont s Vallejo, etc, subject to lease	27,536
Same to same	W Jones s Bay, etc	2 187
Elizabeth F Robinson to R Ward	Se Mission ne 2d, 19:6x50	2,000
Jas Sullivan to Maurice Doyle	S Shipley e 6th, 25x75	1,50[illegible]
Alex Andrews to Wm E Bridge	Lot 10 blk 611, Pt Lobos Av Hd	391
Wm E Bridge to Geo J Smith	Lot 12 and 11 same	600
John Landers Jr to Sarah Landers	Lots 14 and 15 Pres Valley L'ds	1
Geo W Green to J L Dubois	W Kimball n Sac, 87 6x78:11	9,500
Leander Quint to Jas L Dubois	Same	1
Same to J M Johnson	Same, subject to mortg of $5,000	2,900
Wm Hollis to Kate Ford	S Napa e Arkansas, 25x100	720
Pt Lob Av Hd Assn to W E Bridge	Lot 11 blk 641	300
A Menges to H Schuesler	S El e Taylor, 20x62 6—sub 50-v 1,000	8,000
John C Happe to J P Holderbach	W Virgin s, 62 n Jackson, 27x56	1,500
N D Arnot Jr to Reuben Morton	N Pine e Van Ness Ave, 137 6x33	4,000
J Godchaux to J Oslander	91 73 acres sec 12 tp 2 s r 6, etc	1,300
Jas Hepburn to Jas L Riddle	E Montgomery n Commercial, 23 6x50	27,500
City and Co S F to Wm Hollis	Sundry Potrero lots	prem
Wm Hollis to Mary O'Neil	Same	119
C A Calhoun to Jas Atkinson	Lot 10 blk L, R R Hd Assn	500
Daniel McLaren to Maurice Dore	N Pine w Powell, 27:6x137 6	10
Robt F Morrow to same	Sw Cal and Powell to, 275x137 6	10
Erwin Davis to same	Same	500
Wm A Lapigeer to Peter Spreckles	S Geary e Powell, 32:6x137:6	15,825
Janet Paton to T Paton	Sub blk 198 W A	1,000
Thos H Holt to Geo Winter	Portion of sec 18 tp 2 s r 6 w	5
G W Stevens to Joseph Emerick	Subdivisions 100-vara 53	21,000
Cal Build Co & L Soc to W Hayes	S Market Square e Spear, 9 x45:10, etc	1
John J Corbett to E M Hiesland	Subdivision 50-vara 943	Gift
E M Hiesland to John J Corbett	Same	8,000
Archibald C Peachy to A Forbes	Cor Sly & Sansome and Sacramento, etc	20,000
F L A Pioche to Jules de St Denis	S 19th e Dolores, 50x114	1,001
Chas Kohler to City & Co S F	N Green w Stockton, etc	15,019
John L Smith to W S Thompson	Nw Shipley sw Willow, 75x50	4,000

Thursday, April 10th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Martha B Hunt to Daniel Tagas	W Stevenson n 20th n 25x80	$ 125
Henry Hentsch to Lewis B Sage	S Union e Battery, 25x40	2,000
Same to Lewis P Sage	Same, to correct error in name of Grantee	..
C A C Dalcombere to H D Cogswell	E Kearny n Jackson, 23x10—sub 50-v 35	5
J Center et al to Cath. A McCann	W Treat Ave, 215 n John, 30x122:6	1
Michael Hannan to Jos Gutherett	Sw cor O'Farrell and Beldeman, 30x75	700
Wm Elmer to John C Moody	S Pine w Buchanan, 37 6x137 6	1,650
Sarah E Jowett to A B Grogan	Six lots Gift Map 4	150
Jos B Kelly et al to Jos C Duncan	S Cal 40 w Sansome, 27 3x60	1
Same to same	Same	60,000
Shubael B Leavitt to Wm B Lake	Sub 50-v 1317	1,600
Wm J Shaw to Board of Education	W Harrison n 11th, 137 6x68 9	2
R R H'd Ass'n to same	Lot 4 blk S W	1
F H Blanchard to Francis Sleeman	E Taylor n Post, 23 11x91 6, etc	6,000
J Fitzsimmons to Adolphus German	Se Polk and Chestnut, 137 6x68:9	850
City & Co San Fran to Hugh Dolan	Sub Mission Block 175	prem
Nicholas Haas, Jr to Saml C Gray	Lots 150, 151, 155, Gift Map 3	100

Friday, April 11th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
S N Laughlin to Charles Plummer	Sundry lots in Gift Maps 2 and 14	$1,600
Charles Plummer to N L Guthrie	Same	1,500
Joseph H Conling to Frank Kahle	Same 47 and 48 blk 560, Bay Park Hd	221
Caleb Bartlett to A Bachelia	E Scotland Pla [illegible] Fort, 25x56	1,[illegible]00
Wm Boechmann to John Obring	N Pa[illegible] Larkin, 21x80	1,600
Charles H Sawyer to City & Co S F	Streets and Highways	-
Masonic Cem Ass'n to G. [illegible] Cowan	Lots 10 to 121	1[illegible]
Isaac Leckman et al to C Dietl	Se Stevenson sw 3d, 25x70	4,500
P J White to Frank Fogo	Sw Washington Av se Mission, 25x111 5	1,000
James S Handlen to Wm J Guan	S O'Farrell w Octavia, [illegible]x150	500
Alexander Lewis to [illegible]	S Vallejo w Church, 51 4x115	550
Jean Garcenier to H G Iolmar	Subdivision Mission Block 8	[illegible]
Garden Tract Hd to Chas Koch	Lot 2 blk 3	50
Charles Koch to Margaret Murphy	Same	[illegible]0
Geo W Chapin to Fred Roeding	Sw Dora [illegible] se Bryant, 25x75	
Cal Build & L Soc to M McCann	W Treat n John, 25x122	1
Lucy B Page to Sophia Hauser	E Hyde n Union, 50x57 6	100
Sophia Hauser to H P Speltzen	Same	1,000
Thomas Kelly to Peter Lynch	Se Folsom ne 6th, 25x90, sub to a mortg	2,500
Jas R Kelly to Thos Loughran	Sw Dora[illegible] sw Bryant, 25x75	1,150
Wm M Bromfield to M Matthai	Lot 310, Gift Map 3	[illegible]
Mrs Armanda Arnot to N D Arnot	N Pine e Van Ness Av, 30x137 6	5,000

Saturday, April 12th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Moses Selig to Chong Hoon Hay	S Jackson e Dupont, 18:7x80	$1,000
N D Arnot Jr to Reuben Morton	N Pine, 170:6 e Van Ness Ave, 30x137 6	6,000
George Butler to C E S McDonald	Se cor Halleck and Leidesdorff 14x60	1,000
Henry Cromer to J F Bullwinkel	Nw Webster and Sacramento, 28x90:6	1,450
Meyer Fabian et al to W S Taylor	W Mason n Geary, 57:6x20	1
R R Givins to H Schrader	E Chenery, 114 s Grove, 25x100	300
W W Chapman to same	E Chenery s Grove, 25x100	300
Elizabeth T Schenck to Wm Willis	Lots 1 2 3 4 blk 28 Fairmount Hd Assn	1
Same to same	Lot 5 and 6 blk 28	1,500
Thos T Pearce to Hib Sav & L Soc	Sw cor Jones and Motenio w 135, etc	10,150
City and Co of S F to C R Moser	W Capp n 29th, 95x115—sub M B 182	...
Paul Tract H'd to B Harvey	Lot 1 blk 49	500
W W Slow to C F Exmann	Lots 200 and 201, Presita Valley Lands	1
Thos Bell to Julia Hastings	Blk 642, Thos. Bell's Tract	2,000
John Bell to Wm W Young	Turk and Gough, 137:6x120	100
J W Owen to Frank Cunningham	Ripley Tract se cor, n 30 deg e 600, etc	1
Frank Cunningham to A Jacobs	Same	1
L H Bonestell to J T Bonestell	Shotwell s 25th, 65x115	3,000
P Lob A & P H Assn to F Cosgrove	Lot 47 blk 826	270

Monday, April 14th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Wm S Taylor to Nicholas C Lubrs	W Mason n Geary, w 57:6x20	$6,500
Chas Adams to Hannah W Adams	Sw cor Pennsylvania Av and Solano, 90x104	Gift
Michael Kenny to Thomas Kehoe	N Post w Broderick, 55x137:6	2,000
Chas Monahan to Mary Monahan	Lots 9 and 10 in blk G Haley Purchase	Gift
Morris Silver to P Funkenstein	W Leavenworth s Sacramento, 37:6x56	4,000
Wm P Mellon, Jr to J C Parkinson	W Broderick s Sacramento, 27 6x92 6	775
F J C Lavillan to J J Doyle	Nw Van Ness Ave and Pacific, 132x131:9	50
L Scullier to A Pronsergue	Lot 22 blk 19 Market St Hd	1
Gabriel Vicente Castro to F Duffy	Block 420 W A	1,000
Henry Mahan to Wm Hollis	E Scott s Ellis, 50x150	9,500
F L Castle to Robert Barton	N Bush e Hyde, 68:9x137:6	12,500
Sav and L Society to F L Castle	Same	8,250
A R Neustadt to same	Same	10

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending April 15, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
M Curtis to W Thompson	Oakland N 230 137 6 w fm West thence w 50x100	$ 600
DeFr & Campbell to O S Holland	Same: 50x75 sw cor 4th and Broadway	1,750
Same to G H Forg	Same: 50x75 sw cor 1st and Broadway	3,000
R Ashcroft to D Forster	Same: 100x100 ne cor Castro and 4th	1
R Morrell to D Stuart	Same, S line 5th street 100 e from Lewis thence [illegible] 100x111	500
T B Bigelow to D Goor	Same, W line Center 125 s from R R Av thence s 50x125	1,000
R J Hardy to M Lawson	Same: 94x25 se cor 3d and Myrtle	600
P T Senig to L Story	Same: 50x135 near Telegraph Ave	700
P McAnran to T J Bugen	Same: 150x200 bound 7th and 8th and w by Alice	7,000
T Cuff to E Simson	Same: 10 acres on Alcatraz Ave	7,500
J E Whitcher to J Parnam	Same: 25 s line 5th near [illegible] and 75 [illegible]	500
P Wynands to M St John	Same: 125x107 6 se cor Hill st and 4th	750
W Beoltz to E Hachelt	Same: E line Franklin 50 n from 8th th n 50x75	2,800
Mason & Huff to D L Qnold	Same: 75x90 sw cor Grove and 27th	550
Capital Hd Ass'n to J Dunn	East Oakland: 117x112 near Lake Merritt	763
Same to J Daggett	Same: 66x221 same locality	1,075
O E Chittenden to N E McLeod	Same: Se Taylor 100 ne from Monroe th ne 50x150	850
A G Gladding to F G Sackett	West Oakland: Sundry lots Casserly Tr't	5
DeF & Campbell to S P Sav Union	Same: 100x125 se cor Everett & Willow	3,700
E Bigelow to J N Folger	Same: N Chase 102:6 w from Willow th w 75x133	2,000
J J Haley to Mccartney & Robinson	Alameda. Numerous tidelands Bay Farm Island	1
F Dimbra to A Chereland	Same: 50 acres at Bay Farm Island	1
J Chesler to G Leviston	Same—100x282 in Alameda Pk Tract	...
T Phillips to C H Harlo	Same: Lot 8 in blk 62 near High street	100
P Hd Ass'n to M Kelly	Same: S Alameda 350 w from Walnut th w 50x150	500
G S Kittridge to H F Smith	Same: Same	910

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. April 15.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. [illegible]

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May [illegible]th, 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April [illegible], 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, [illegible], and bear interest at the rate of [illegible] per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January in each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County. [illegible] attached to each bond and are at the option of the holder receivable in [illegible] taxes [illegible] said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,244,737 26, as ascertained and settled by decree final [illegible] day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $[illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders when the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April [illegible]th, 1873.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

ECCE SIGNUM.

Two Christian Journals, the *Chronicle* and the *Evening Post*, gave an account, on Wednesday last, of a miraculous event which occurred in this city on Good Friday, just past. A young lady, Miss Collins, who had been in delicate health and even at death's door, was that day visited by special Divine favor, and marked with the five wounds of our Blessed Lord, on the hands, the feet and the side. These marks still remain, and have been seen not only by the reporters, but by several respectable citizens, members of the Roman Catholic Church. It must not be forgotten that, before the marks appeared, the lady had taken three drops of the holy water from the spring of Our Lady of La Salette. It is not difficult to apply the meaning of this astonishing manifestation of Divine Grace; for what said Our Blessed Lord? "A wicked and adulterous generation seeketh after a sign!" And what sign could be more tremendous, what more effectual as a warning to a generation like ours, than this of the Stigmata, marked on the hands and feet and side of a virgin daughter of our people? For in this appears still further the unimagined mercy of God, that He selected as the chosen vessel of His will, not one high in authority, not even a man, but a poor girl, sick and suffering, and blessed only in His love. Oh! unspeakable work of the Spirit! It is to be regretted that infidelity is so widely spread in lands called Christian. Under the influence of this canker of the mind, men are moved to ask what can be the good of such miracles as the one we have mentioned. They say that the work is not complete unless it is done in the sight of so many, sceptics, unbelievers, Protestants, Jews and heathen, that every one shall be compelled to acknowledge the truth of it, though he continue to doubt its usefulness. They say that Heaven, out of pity for man's reasoning nature, should be careful to reproduce as far as possible, the main features of the Great Sacrifice. Some would even go so far as to require imitation crosses and two thieves, with a carpenter, to be hung thereon; losing sight, in their misplaced love of logic, of the insurmountable objection that while, at Jerusalem, there were but three thieves to be found in the whole city, (and Barabbas was one of them) even the omniscience of Heaven would find it impossible to select two out of the countless thousands in San Francisco. The thieves, therefore, could not be represented; and as for the carpenter, it would be out of the question to make any mark on his horny hands. There seems to be more force in another objection offered to these miraculous works, if, indeed, there can be any force other than that of blasphemy in man's insolent questioning of Heaven. Unbelievers say that these signs should be made to appear, not on the hands and feet of the faithful, but on a Jew; since Jesus was a Jew. It is in this way that men seek to darken counsel by words without knowledge; for if we suppose a Jew so distinguished, how could he afterwards be consigned to the torments of hell, as an unbeliever? There is yet one other audacious supposition, which we mention only under our breath, so appalling is the depth of human depravity which it seems to reveal; and that is, that these stigmata are by no means intended to represent those of Our Lord, but those of one or the other of the two thieves. The marks in the hands are necessarily the only ones shown to visitors; and who, it is infamously suggested, can be sure there is a wound in the side?

THE MODOCS.

The First and the Last Feeling roused by the Modoc war is one of astonishment, at the surprise and indignation expressed throughout the country at the conduct of the Government. Certainly, if history is philosophy teaching by example, the immense majority of the scholars in her school are incorrigible dunces. It is thought a monstrous thing that the Government should temporize and parley with these Indians; and yet the conduct of the Government, in every Indian difficulty which has happened for three-quarters of a century, has been exactly the same. It has never taken a firm position and kept it; it has never spoken plain language and followed it up; it has never obeyed a principle of even-handed justice. Why should Washington at this late day, turn its back on all its traditions? The thing that has been is the thing that shall be. Blunderers in the past, we shall keep on blundering to the end. This is a plain consideration which should silence the noise of the press against the War Department. Nor can it be thought strange that the feebleness of the head should have so far affected the rest of the military body that General Canby, a soldier grown gray in actual warfare, forgot at once all the teachings of his science and his experience, and walked, with open eyes, into a danger which mere common sense should have sufficed to guard him against. All who have observed and dealt with savages, in any age or country of the world, agree in laying it down as the first principle, never to put oneself in their power. Negotiations with wild men call, no doubt, for rare qualifications of tact and discretion; but the savage must never be allowed to feel himself the stronger, for one minute. The policy of the Government educated the Modocs into a contempt of its power; and no furious order of extermination can discharge it of responsibility for the murder of the Commissioners. That spot will not out. There would be nothing to redeem the disgust and shame with which one reads the orders of the Government and the dispatches of the officer in command, did we not know that the forces, once in the field, will do their duty manfully and without fanfaronade. It is easy for Gen. Sherman to talk of exterminating these Indians; but, after all, has there been no wrong done to them? Is it merely because they are wild men, who kill generals and clergymen as readily as common people, that we must have their blood, to the last drop? This may be the morality which prevails at the War Department; but Haynau and Mouravieff are damned in history for atrocities, differing only in degree from those implied in Gen. Sherman's order. All the Modocs did not murder Gen. Canby and Dr. Thomas, and those who did not are guilty only of being Modocs. For this crime, and the additional one of resisting when attacked, they are to be annihilated. Col. Gillem will, "if possible," carry out his magnanimous resolve that "no Indian shall boast that he or his ancestor killed Gen. Canby;" but men, not quite so conscious of their own heroism, cannot help doubting which are the civilized men and which the savages, in this miserable tragi-comedy of the Modoc war.

OPERA OF THE GOLDEN CALF.

Last Sunday Dr. Carpenter's church was the focus of song for the saints of the city. We had not known of it; we went up to a friendly pew, sat down and waited. Meantime we amused ourselves with watching the proceedings of a lank Hebrew-phized deacon, who was marching the pretty women to the front seats, and dropping the old and ugly into the back, with a regularity as marked as if he were helping God divide the sheep from the goats. But the performance began. Instead of the sermon we had expected, we had the groanings, trills and shrills of a bad opera. Now we would rather hear the Doctor once than such holy caterwauling a thousand times. Dr. Carpenter is the best-built Gospel pugilist in the city. It stirs our soul to see him fight his losing fight; to see how he keeps up that lion's heart, holds up that lion's head of his so well; giving no inch, and countering every time with cool and crushing precision upon the Satanic snoot. We are, for the nonce, ashamed of him, however, we are mad at him for giving his countenance to such a schoolgirl reunion as spoiled our Sunday evening and sent us home with empty pitchers we who had come to him for living water and for the strong meat that he knows so well to carve. It is the same everywhere; in synagogue as well as church, the opera idol stands. Last Saturday, by the force of unforeseen circumstances, we were reluctantly compelled to attend a synagogue service held not far from Mason street. They sang Verdi!—Verdi *in the Hebrew language!* think of it, ye great gods! bare your whips, ye furies!—nor, even with the musical assassination of Verdi, were the wretches content, but the "Reader" proceeded also to take the airy scalp off that beautiful song, "The long, long weary day." O give us a rest, ye howling dervishes! rend your hearts and not your midriffs! take your kettle off the tail of Melody, or the old dog will go mad! Our parting blessing is, that the devil take you for a herd of grunting swine, and drive you all down a steep place into the sea. O, would that every religious Marsyas in San Francisco had met his Apollo long ago, and that their skins hung rotting in every choir from the Mission to the City-front.

It is Said in Paris that the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh will not take place till next March, and that before it does take place the Queen will pay a visit to St. Petersburg. It is whispered that there is some difficulty as to whether the wedding should be solemnized in England or Russia. The *News Letter* suggests a double celebration of the event, one at St. Petersburg and one in London, but out of compliment to the lady, let the formalities begin in London.

WHEN WORDS FAIL.

When words fail, when, mute and pale,
The quivering lips refuse their task,
Is sorrow fled? Is feeling dead,
Or anguish over? Who can ask?

When words fail—oh! then unveil
This steel-cold grief that wounds so deep,
And you shall find a tortured mind
May still forbid the eyes to weep.

At the last, in vain you asked
Those parting words that love embalms:
As dumb and still, one dead might fill
The place I held within your arms.

Yet you know how vain the flow
Of graceful, ardent speech may be;
Then say you feel my last appeal
Is answered—answered tenderly.

Say you heard what yet no word
But failed to make you hear so well;
And say that still, through good and ill,
You trust the love I could not tell.

—*Old and New*

WATER EVERYWHERE, AND NOT A DROP TO DRINK.

It is Whispered in Knowing Circles that the "Spring Valley Water Company" is planning a flank movement upon the people. The present and dying Board of Supervisors can still be utilized. None of them have any character to lose except, perhaps, Shrader and McCarthy. They are therefore just the sort of men for desperate counsels and forlorn hopes. They will strike one blow for immortality and coin just before going out of office. The officers and stockholders of the Water Company are, as a rule, men of unquestioned ability in looking out for their own interests in this world and in the next. They pray to God and overreach the public. In the end they will probably overreach God. The high officers are all deacons in some one or other of the most fashionable churches, and take care to attend regularly; but they are not praying all the time they sit in those pews of a Sunday, though some persons might imagine they are. They are plotting, and their plots have a point to them. The scheme now being worked up is no less than to force a resolution through the Board of Supervisors purchasing the Water Company's works at some fabulous sum, we can't say precisely how much, but hear it stated at various figures all the way from two millions of dollars up to ten millions. The first is perhaps, upon the whole, a fair price, and for that reason we predict not correct. The last is so cheeky that even the pious Directors of the Spring Valley Water Company scarcely dare to attempt it. The truth will probably be found at an intermediate point as usual, say at about three or four millions, that being three or four times what the works have actually cost the Company. About one million has been spent in money out of pocket, and another, possibly two, in earnings reserved out of income after paying six per cent. dividends to shareholders. This sum of earnings in a reserved "construction fund," will be foisted upon the public as actual money spent, but even that cannot, without gross misrepresentation, be raised above two and a half millions for ENTIRE cost. To this add a million and a half for profit to manipulators, and a corruption fund to put it through, and we have the people paying four millions to buy back the privilege of drinking the water that nature drops down upon them each Winter. It is said that God rains alike upon the just and the unjust. This is not true of the Spring Valley Water Company's God. He is altogether another sort of character, and knows who to rain on and how to make everybody else pay for it. Look out for the new water-selling scheme. It is coming.

"FRIEND MOONEY."

We are Ever Glad to hear of our old friends, especially of those who, like Mooney, have left such pleasant souvenirs behind them, and whose memory every San Franciscan must revere. Our friend has lately been playing a very prominent part in "The Home Rule Demonstration in Hyde Park," London, in fact was Chairman of the meeting. We fancy, if we remember rightly, that Mr. Mooney was from Italy, or else Ireland, and as the meeting was convened on St. Patrick's Eve, we presume that accounts in a measure for his presence and patronage. They could not have chosen a better man, or one more likely to promote their cause. We look for the early deliverance of much trodden-down Ireland. These patriotic Irishmen have only to make Mr. Mooney Treasurer as well as Chairman, and then success is certain. His financial abilities have been displayed to such an advantage even here, where financial geniuses abound, that in a field like England, where the *true financier* is almost extinct, owing to certain arbitrary laws, he must at once be put at the top of the ladder without any climbing. We rejoice to hear that our old friend has kindly given out that he will not interfere with Queen Victoria's home rule. It is kind and considerate of him, and as we have a certain respect and love for Queen Victoria, we from the bottom of our hearts thank him for his merciful forbearance. If this should meet the eagle glance of Mooney, we ask him "to return and all will be forgiven," and not to waste his sweet brogue upon desert England. Many of his friends are *very anxious to hear* from him.

SENATOR COLE.

This is Senator Cole's week for returning to private life. The Senator alternates between a foreign mission and Government pap on the one side, and resuming law practice in San Francisco on the other, with the regularity of a pendulum. Between the two we begin to fear he will in the end do neither. We don't wish to give unnecessary alarm to his numerous clients in this city, who, we understand, are awaiting his arrival within the borders of our State in great swarms to load him down with briefs the moment he arrives, but we do much fear that even should he refuse the Chinese Mission, which is more than probable, that he will nevertheless not consent to practice law in this State. Our readers are perhaps not generally aware of the mechanical skill of Senator Cole. He indeed ranks among the most ingenious and gifted of our mechanical inventors. His improvement upon the paddle-wheel for steamers is one of the marvelous things of the age, and has proven such a success that we have reason to suspect he will find it to his advantage to confine his attention to that and similar subjects of experiment. A well-feathered paddle-wheel is a wonderful saving of labor to one about to paddle his own canoe. And this is Senator Cole's case. Paddle away, old statesman, you will do well in this country if you don't have any bad luck.

More Quicksilver.—There is scarcely any chance of quicksilver becoming a drug in the mineral market, and all discoveries of this useful metal are worthy of note. Napa county, which is one of our richest mercury producing districts, reports an increased supply, and we may shortly look for a reduction from its high market price of 90 cents a pound. Last week we mentioned the discovery of red sulphuret of mercury in the neighborhood of Gilroy, and now from Napa comes the report that forty Mexicans from the Almaden mines are hard at work in the Whitton Quicksilver Mine, leased from March 17th by I. Pershbacker to Edward Bale and M. Madero for two years, with a certified product of ten tons of first rate ore a day. The retorts will soon be in operation, one hundred and fifty tons being already taken out.

Kelly, the Late Chief Jailer, after some years of useful service to his country, has resigned his arduous position and gone into the liquor business. The step is but a short one. He ought to know how to treat jail birds, and no doubt will do so creditably. Next to a jailer no one in a community has more to do with the class of men that fill our jails than a gentleman in what is called the "liquor business." It is that fits them to take high positions in criminal life. A few drops of his potent whisky will make a noble murderer out of a skulking sneak-thief, a big "Credit Mobilier" man out of a poor miserable honest politician. His mighty influence has even been known to raise a paltry person from comparative obscurity to an introduction to the great Louderback.

Mr. Edward Henry Vizitelly, who, during the late war, was attached to the staff of General Garibaldi, as special correspondent of the *Daily News*, has undertaken the editorship of a new English journal, to be published weekly, at Frankfort-on-the-Main. Vizitelly is a regular recipient of the *S. F. News Letter*.

The Suez Canal.—It is announced from Constantinople that the British Government maintains its protest against the increase of the Suez Canal dues, and will hold the Turkish Government responsible for the sums paid by British ship-owners in excess of the former scale.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Getting on in the World, or Hints on Success in Life. By Wm. Mathews. 12mo. cloth.
American Game in its Seasons. By Henry Wm Herbert. 12mo., cloth.
Woman in American Society. By Abba Goold Wolson. 12mo., cloth.
New Life in New Lands. Notes of Travel. By Grace Greenwood. 12mo., cloth.
Music Hall Sermons. By Wm. H. H. Murray. Second Series. 16mo., cloth.
Rouge et Noir. A Tale of Baden-Baden. By Edmond About. 12mo., cloth.
Palmetto Leaves. By Harriet Beecher Stowe. 16mo., cloth.
A Manual of Gesture. By Albert M. Bacon. 12mo., cloth.
The Dead Sin and Other Stories. By Edward Garrett. 12mo., cloth.
Bart Ridgeley. A Story of Northern Ohio. 12mo., cloth.
Geology of the Stars. By Prof. A. Winchell. 12mo., pap.

A. ROMAN & CO., Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers. 11 Montgomery st., Lick House Block.

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E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug. 1o.] San Francisco.

DR. ABORN,

Oculist, Aurist, etc., Office and Laboratory, 217 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 5.

THOMAS TURNBULL,

Architect, Shiels' Block, No. 668 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

That we Live in an Advanced Age every day shows, but the question is, whether it is not an advanced age of humbug. Last week the *T. C.* was brushing his luxuriant locks, before going to dinner, when a ring came at the bell. The landlady being out, and no one at home but ourselves, we magnanimously opened the door. A middle-aged man, with seedy clothes, long light hair, and beard *a la* John the Baptist, greeted us: "Have the family a sewing machine?" The *T. C.* knows from a certain buzzing noise that they have, and so said "Yes." Whereupon the modern John the Baptist thanked us, and shoved a tract into our sacrilegious hands. A hasty glance showed it to be "Solemn Questions to Professing Christians." We ventured to ask our visitor what these "Solemn Questions" had to do with sewing machines. He gave answer thus: "I do a little for myself, and also for the Master." Hastily we shut the door, counted over the family plate, roosters, wardrobe, etc., and meditated upon the humbug of the age. We presume this soul-saving, sewing machine sharp, must travel for the (Psalm) Singer's sewing machine, and perhaps is the inventor of the *cross* stitch. We have asked ourselves all the "Solemn Questions," and have received satisfactory answers to most of them. To answer one, "Are you like Jesus?" we had to go to the glass. An inspection from head to foot convinced us that we were not, except, perhaps, that we have often been "nailed," and have been "crossed" more than once (in love). On reading the bottom of the tract, we found that the writer says, "We are soon to be summoned," *i. e.* to kick the bucket. How does he know? We wonder the sewing machine man had not an advertisement at the back for an undertaker.

Strip Half the Young Swells, whose broad, square shoulders look so out of proportion to their legs and faces, and what do you find? A narrow-chested, narrow-shouldered, scraggy-legged lot of apologies for men. A considerate tailor has given these youths their square-cut shoulders (the only trouble is that the tailors make all their shoulders exactly the same shape), not dame nature. Nature has given most of us forms that if properly treated, would grow into what God intended a man to be. Very few of us, however, are so favored by nature as to be able to dispense with exercises that develop muscle and activity, and still retain good figures. Jupiter's advice to the wagoner holds good in nearly all cases. We must own that some glorious exceptions to the average young man are to be found at the Olympic Clubroom on Sutter street. Almost any afternoon you can see a lot of men there that are as perfect in muscular development as any to be found in the States. And why is this? Has nature given them more natural advantages than those emaciated swells? No; but instead of poisoning themselves with bad whisky and fast women, they prefer rather to live moderately and bring out some of the muscle that nature has given all in embryo. Instead of being a lot of perambulating tailors' blocks they are "proper men." The average American young man is lazy to excess. A walk to him is a penance. He wants his car or his buggy; and the result is that he grows up a man without a man's attributes. If the young men in this city would spend less money on women, whisky and driving, and more in joining some good athletic club, we should have less crime and more MEN.

Among the Many Curious Sights Here, is one that has lately appeared in the shape of a seedy, unhealthy looking individual, who patrols our streets with a large notice stuck on his hat, back, breast, etc., to the effect that he collects bad debts. The idea, we presume, is that the sight of this announcement will make those owing money "tow up." The same dodge was tried in New York in a different way. An old buggy, with "collector of debts" printed in large letters, pulled up at your house. They, however, were not a success. It cost them more in doctors' bills, sticking plasters, pants, etc., than they could make commission. The wearer of the hat and badges could dispense with these adjuncts, as he has "dun" indelibly stamped by nature on his intelligent countenance. Any one seeing him around the premises would either cash up or send for an officer. We do not predict a successful career for this enterprising genius. He will, we fear, often have occasion to alter the size of his hat to accommodate his head. He certainly should have a double leather seat put to his pants, or they won't last a week. The money market must indeed be tight if respectable people have to employ such a medium for collecting. The quack doctors will have the particulars of their patients' cases printed on their hats when collecting their bills, next. How nice that would be! The men who employ this "noble youth" (if any) will no doubt belong to some such honorable profession.

Within Limits the T. C. doesn't object to be wine-pressed; doesn't object to be choked with the thousand odors of a packed crowd on a warm day; doesn't object to have his cranium squeezed into the likeness of a Flathead's, or his foot trodden into jelly; but he does object to have these tortures deliberately intensified and exacerbated by the fiendish ingenuity of that goblin damned, who is responsible for this pig-penning of passengers at the Oakland wharf on Sunday evenings. Instead of the stream of passengers being allowed to percolate regularly from the cars into the boat, that stream is dammed up till the pressure endangers the safety of the building. Then, at the last minute, a little door is opened and a voice cries, "All aboard!" Then, think of it, man born of woman! then are women and children, God's weaker images, defaced most wondrously by the exhilarated Hoodlum and the ramping rough. As leaves in Vallambrosa, as grass before the mower's scythe, as devotees before the car of Juggernath, they go down. The husband sees the wife of his youth, with her white arms lifted, with her garments torn and her raiment drifted, rent from his side and driven afar; and the frequent corpse of the busted infant softens the fall of the asphyxiated parent. Let who are responsible see to this. Let them hustle to its reform or *T. C.* will swiftly

"Delve a yard below their mines,
And blow them at the moon."

It has been Surmised that the delirious Chinaman who entered a car on Long Bridge in an attire closely resembling that of the burlesque blonde, was looking for Olive Harper. If he were seeking an affinity in the way of fever, that lady will certainly fill the bill. Olive treated the readers of the *Alta* to a red pepper poem not long since on the time-worn subject of the Egyptian Siren. The very naughtiest parts of Don Juan are not to be compared to these verses wherein the authoress discourses knowingly of "riotous blood," "fever heat," "panting bosom," "bounding pulse," etc., etc. A nurse in the pest house is said to have passed his idle hours in improving his elocution by declaiming this startling production. Hence the conduct of the Celestial. If this be the effect of Olive's pen in her own country where a prophet is without honor, what is to become of such a firebrand among the cool Viennese! What has become of our California chivalry, that we allow this young woman to go in this state ten thousand miles away, and never a hand to stay her? We hope our California Commissioners will look to it that such a warm young person doesn't fire the exhibition building in the course of her peregrinations. A woman that has the courage to write a poem on the subject of Cleopatra in these days, would emulate the youth that fired the Ephesian dome.

Oh, "Pop!" we have ever loved thee, the sight of the old brown bottles in which thou livest calls back our happy school days. Instinctively our hand goes behind us as we remember those days. But the solemn question arises which pop shall we drink, the nectar of Smith or the refreshing tipple of Wigget, that's the rub. It's very hard to choose, as the donkey said when he found himself between the two bundles of hay. Now this is not whether the *T. C.* goes in for "pop," in fact is a large consumer of that useful beverage. Frantically he rushes into the nearest saloon and asks for a bottle of Wigget's best, when he is told that they only keep Smith's. If *per contra* he wants a glass of Smith's Imperial, ten to one they only keep Wigget's. This thing has got so mixed up that the *T. C.* has sent an envoy to the two "big pops" to ask them to amalgamate, to let Smith drive and Wigget sell the "pop," or *vice versa*. Why should not these benefactors of teetotalers consolidate like the gas companies? Unite, O ye "pops," and call the new company "The Wigget Smith Green Ginger Imperial Pop Company." Send the *T. C.* at least fifty shares.

"In Accordance with the Usual Custom, Her Majesty the Queen has sent to Sir Thomas Biddulph a post-office order for £3, with a most gracious letter to Private Briscoe, 52d Regiment, whose wife gave birth, on the 8th inst., to three children. The letter contained three violets—one for each child." This is a most touching instance of how truly maternal is England's Government. Who has not gazed with admiration upon a newly born infant? What could be more lovely than one of these little gummy-eyed, lobster-colored pets? What must have been Mrs. Briscoe's joy, when No. 2 and then No. 3 arrived! Perhaps Private Briscoe did not see it in quite the same light. No doubt when No. 1 arrived (who, of course, was expected) he felt proud, nay, almost happy. No. 2, perhaps, made him feel a little less happy, and rather nervous. But when No. 3 arrived, we can fancy we see him rush eagerly into the sick room and exclaim: "This thing's about played out." The three pounds, no doubt, he spent in grog. His spirits must have needed some support. But what became of the violets? The *T. C.*—who has had some experience among these little gifts from heaven (?) thinks that Her Majesty's experience ought to have taught her that three boxes of violet powder would have been of more service than the flowers.

Was Ever Any One so sorely afflicted as the poor *Town Crier?* His once quiet and happy home is now a howling wilderness. And why? Alas, he will explain the cause of all his woes. In the first place, he has the honor of being favored with the services of a young Irish lady, as a help. This charming young child of nature, only lately imported, has for the last week complained of toothache. In a rash and unguarded moment the *T. C.* brought a Wednesday's *Chronicle* home (he had picked it out of a heap of them lying around on the street). Alas, the Irish lady got hold of it (the *T. C.* thought she couldn't read or he never would have corrupted her morals by leaving such a thing about). Ever since he has had no peace in the house. She will insist upon taking pilgrimages at ungodly hours in the night to the house where the wonderful miracle happened on Pine street. Her cousin (?) accompanies her. On their return they kick up a most diabolical row in the kitchen, which the young lady assures us is only "Miss Collins' cure," namely, three "Hail Marys," for the toothache. Heartily has the *T. C.* d—d Miss C. and her miracles, biddy and her toothaches, priests and their priestcraft.

"Why, that I cannot tell, said he,
But 'twas a famous victory."—*Battle of Blenheim.*

The Chronicle tells us in very big letters that we have had a victory in the Modoc war. We have lost nine men and the Indians lost two; that is, we think they did. We are not very sure, and we have no means of finding out, but it certainly sounds better to say that a couple of copper faces bit the dust. Indeed, matters begin to look quite encouraging at last. Permission has come to exterminate the tribe if necessary, and our troops have bravely exterminated two in one battle. But if the Indians continue to kill nine every time we knock down a brace, the proportion is startlingly on the Modoc side. Still, when we consider that we have about nine men to one Indian, the lookout is not quite so hopeless, and we may beat them yet by a scratch.

The Latest Amusement for Young Ladies of a religious turn of mind, is to prick holes in their hands and feet and play at crucifixion. A nice little hole under the left breast for the mark left by the Roman spear and the thing is complete. Yet stay, not quite complete yet, for a few good foxy priests are required to carry out the farce properly. We only hope Miss Collins' wounds will fester and give her enough pain and trouble to teach her not to play the "Mount Calvary" tragedy here. We should like to examine her friends, the two priests, and see which of them had played the "two thieves" part of the performance. What a shining light Miss Collins will now become. Why even the blessed Virgin must take a back seat. Who says we can't fix up a Saint that can beat the world? Of course we can. Don't we grow the biggest pumpkins, haven't we the fastest trotters (with a few exceptions), and why not have a world beater in the Saint line?

Those Hypocritical Sneaks who, under the cloak of Christianity and humanity, advocate peace politics with the Indians, in order to rob poor Uncle Sam, ought to look back with pleasure on their success. Lives infinitely more valuable than their skulking, pettifogging existences could ever be, have been lost through their damnable avarice. Our flag has been brought into derision, our good men butchered in cold blood, and all through these bloodsuckers. Of all the frauds on the face of God's earth, none can hold a candle to a peace-advocating Indian Agent. All professing to settle the quarrels brought on by their using Government money for their own purposes, and starving the Indians, should be sent to do the "big talk." We should by this means get rid of a despicable set of licensed thieves. Crook's the man we want to settle our Indian disputes. He strikes out and strikes home.

The T. C. raises his voice against those followers of "the meek and lowly," who exercise their lungs and air their bad English on our wharves on Sabbath mornings. Tired with his week's work the *T. C.* had been wont to seek the retirement of the wharves, where, rod in hand, he used to while the sunny hours away, catching the unwary smelt, and watching for any corpses that might chance to escape from their moorings and float. Since these Gospel grinders have been at work nothing but suckers and mullet heads will come near the wharf. The corpses won't float, and in a word the *T. C.'s* Sunday occupation is gone. He had serious ideas of laying a dead parson, and sinking him for a crab bait, but on a second consideration of the plan, came to the conclusion that it would only scare the crabs away too, so abandoned the idea.

"Enterprise."—There's nothing like it. The *Chronicle* reporter rides "ninety miles in fourteen hours," and does not expect to be able to sit down for a week. The Modoc bullets whistle round his head, but he heeds them not. He may be seen in the thick of battle, cigar (domestic) in mouth, note book in hand, as calm and collected as if the mighty war of nations was not going on. His eagle eye notes the number killed and wounded, while his ready pen transmits the news. Russel of the *Times*, who reported on the little European trouble in the Crimea, sinks into insignificance when compared with "Our Modoc War Correspondent." "When the bloody war is over," maidens shall weave a laurel chaplet for this prince of reporters.

The Jews have been enjoying themselves of late, but to Christians sojourning in the tents of Shem—*id est*, boarding in Jewish houses—the present week has been one of grievous tribulation. Butter has been cut off, the staff of leavened bread broken, and the beer-tap been made a fountain sealed. The "two tribes that remain" have been miserably commemorating the night on which they "*borrowed*" a few things, and bid farewell to the flesh pots of Mizraim. This they facetiously term the Feast of the Passover. Feast! great Moses, does a sour-soup-and-hard-tack diet mean "feast" in Hebrew?

Credit Mobiliers are the order of the day. They extend even to our street-car companies. Riding the other day on a North Beach car, running down Powell from Fourth, the *Town Crier* had the curiosity to inquire what the average receipts were per day. The obliging conductor showed his books for the week, and he found the average to be $22 per day. Now this company runs eighteen cars a day. The expense of each car, taking everything into consideration, would not amount to more than $10 a day. The shareholders only get a nominal dividend each month. What becomes of the rest? Nice soft thing for the managers, eh?

Mortimer, the convicted murderer, seems to have excited sympathy in the breast of a certain J. Flinn, who, pistol in hand, scaled the jail walls at Sacramento, for the purpose it is supposed of effecting Mortimer's escape. Unfortunately for himself, he crossed the path of Sheriff Cross, who bowled him over with two pistol shots. He now lies in the morgue, a warning to those who dare to trifle with the majesty of law. Mortimer says that he'd like to see the body, as he thinks it may be a relative. His family have a habit of dying in their boots.

We Hear with Sorrow that the horse disease has not even spared the noble "Democrat." It is not the first time a Democrat has been troubled with distemper, nor will it be the last. We hope that the mare "Lady Grant" will not get the distemper too. Then, indeed, both Democracy and Republicanism would be in arms against "King Epizootic's" absolute monarchy.

CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

[Established July 20, 1856.]

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, APRIL 19, 1873. No. 12.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending April 18th, 1872.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	27	33	29
Alps	—	1¼	1
Amador Tunnel	3	2	—
American Flag	6	—	6½
Arizona & Utah	—	—	—
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	1½	—
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	¼	½	—
Belcher	67	79	76½
Belmont	—	—	4¾
Bellevue	—	4	—
Best & Belcher	7	4	—
Buckeye	—	—	—
Bullion	—	—	—
Caledonia	11½	11½	12
Cederberg	3½	5½	5½
Central	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	—	2¼	2½
Chief East Extension	½	½	½
Chollar	38¾	40	42
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	9¾	10	9½
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—
Consolidated Virginia	30	30½	32
Cook & Geyser	—	½	—
Crown Point	91½	96½	95
Central No. 2	—	—	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	—	—	—
Eclipse	—	6½	8
El Dorado	—	—	—
Empire Mill	3½	3½	4½
Empire Idaho	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	10½	14½	15½
Eureka G. V.	—	—	23
Exchequer	7	8½	—
Globe	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	1	½	½
Gould & Curry	7½	7½	8
Gila	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	—	36	35
Hermes	—	8½	8½
Hahn & Hunt	3½	3½	2½
Home Ticket	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	½	—	1
Imperial	6½	6½	6½
Independent	½	¼	½
Ingomar	—	—	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—
Jackson	—	—	½
Julia	2½	2½	2½

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS	FRI'Y
Justice	4	5	5½
Kentuck	7	8¼	9
Kentucky	—	—	—
Knickerbocker	—	1½	1½
Lillian Hall	—	—	—
Louise	—	—	—
Mahogany	—	—	8
Mammoth	—	—	—
Meadow Valley	12	12½	11
Minnesota	4	4	3¼
McMahon	—	—	—
Newark	1½	1	1
New York Consolidated	—	—	[illegible]
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	18½	18½	18½
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	4½	4½	—
Overman	22	26	22
Page & Panaca	1	1	1½
Pea Vine	—	—	½
Phoenix	—	—	35c.
Picton	—	—	—
Pioche	—	7	7½
Pioche West	—	—	—
P Phoenix	—	1	1½
Raymond & Ely	81	81½	81½
Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Ruby Hill	—	—	—
Rye Patch	7½	8	8½
Savage	41	43½	43½
Seg. Belcher	28	32	31
Sierra Nevada	—	—	—
Silver Peak	½	½	½
Silver Hill	11	14	13
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Standard	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	2½	—	—
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	½	—
South Overman	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Trench	7	—	—
Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Utah	—	—	—
War Eagle	—	—	—
Washington & Creole	1	1	¾
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	2¾	3¼	3½
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	62½	73	73
Yale Gravel	—	—	—
Yellow Stone	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30.

BIZ.

There is Less Complaining in Commercial Circles as the Spring trade revives and interior buyers present themselves in search of goods, wares and merchandise. Our wholesale merchants are now looking about for bargains preparatory to making free purchases of leading staples. We are now in receipt of the first Salmon of the season—the Oregon steamer bringing us 540 cases of the Spring catch. About one-half of this lot, consigned to Cutting & Co., has been forwarded to New York; the remainder, to Platt & Newton, will doubtless be exported to Australia by first vessel. All the Salmon to be packed this season in cans has been disposed of in advance, and unless the run of fish should be very large indeed, there will be absolutely none left in first hands. Orders are now in the market which cannot with safety be taken by packers. The approximate packing on the Columbia this year will be 75,000 cases, and as the bulk of this is for export, the benefit arising to the country from this trade is apparent at a glance.

California Case Goods are now becoming of considerable value and importance, utilizing our surplus fruit and fish, and adding not a little to the wealth and manufacturing element of the coast. Cutting & Co., Code, Eckfelt & Co., and others in the business are rapidly displacing Eastern fruits, jams, jellies, etc., as well as vegetables heretofore largely drawn from the Atlantic. California packed goods are now coming into large favor in the Territories, on account of their unquestionable merit, and as soon as shipping commences to Montana, and points removed from the railroad in Utah and Eastern Nevada, demand sufficient will exist to pretty well use up stocks of goods which are not packed until late in the season, as Peaches, Pears, Blackberries, etc. There are some articles that we cannot successfully put up here, for instance Sweet Corn; this we have to draw from the East, and for this we note a steady demand, with sales since our last of 500 cases at $3 37½ for Winslow's and Yarmouth. Asparagus newly packed is now being offered, and packers will very shortly commence their work on green Peas. Pickles are quiet; the market is quite full of different brands of English packed, from which at time of writing the cost of laying down could not be obtained. We are amply able to supply all demands now for such goods for our local factories. Eastern Lobsters are very scarce, and it will be quite a while before the first arrivals from the new packing can be looked for. Oysters, our standard goods, remain much the same in price; on light weight goods the buyer now makes the price; some offerings have been made at $2 10@2 15 per dozen. We are pleased to state that there is a disposition shown on the part of the Government to make purchases for requirements for navy and army purposes on this coast of California packed goods.

Imports for the Week under review have been of little magnitude. Consequently there is less activity than would otherwise be discernable. Of Coffee, we have the Fanny Hare from Punta Arenas, and the Mohongo, also from Central American ports—the two bringing 1,000,000 lbs—and this is held at 18 to 19c for good to prime quality. The Rice market is firm under limited supplies of China Mat. Strictly No. 1 now commands 7 to 7½c, and this will continue firm until the arrival of the Tokatea from Hongkong, the only vessel having a full cargo of prime Rice now known to be en route; and should anything happen to this vessel to prolong her passage or to damage cargo, this description of Rice would inevitably advance not a little. For while there is a superabundance of Japan Table Rice here, there is a scarcity of China, and that the Chinese prefer, using Siam only as a substitute. Japan is too soft for the use of this large class of consumers, and is therefore very unsalable. Sugars are less called for than usual, for the reason that jobbers stocked up heavily when prices were low, and that at the late rise they prefer to work their own stocks. Hawaiian raws are at present in good supply, selling at 9 to 10¼c for No. 1. China Sugars are neglected. Syrups command the late rise. We note some demand for refined Sugars for Salt Lake.

The Pacific Cordage Factory at Alameda has commenced operations and are prepared to take orders at their office, 116 Front street. The San Francisco Cordage Factory, situated on the Potrero, continues its operations, and Tubbs & Co. will no doubt give the new comers a tussle for the supremacy of the trade.

The Farmers' Club have at last shown their hand by the purchase of 250,000 yards of Hessians, 45-inch goods, at 18c per yard. This they propose to have made into Grain Sacks by machinery. This is very creditable to them. Wonder if they employ Chinese labor to do it cheaply? We have had shipped to this coast from the United Kingdom for the current crop season eight million Grain Sacks, or its equivalent. The present price for standard bags is 16¾c. Should we have copious rains within a fortnight, the crop of Grain secured the coming harvest would require a much larger import, and necessitate large shipments by steamer via Panama.

Carmen Island Salt.—The schooner Undine has arrived with 230 tons to Holladay & Brenham. This comes into direct competition with California Crystal from across the Bay. Price, $15@16. Liverpool sells at $20@22 per ton.

Our Grain Fleet is steadily augmenting. That to the United Kingdom numbers

	Wheat. Ctls.	Value.
Since July 1st, 1872.....234 vessels	8,677,889	15,997,077
39 vessels since July 1, 1871, with	1,186,702	2,841,800
119 vessels since July 1, 1870, with	3,503,002	6,188,207
102 vessels since July 1, 1869, with	4,413,840	7,518,930

In addition to this there is at date 13 vessels on the berth with a registered tonnage of 15,125 tons. Our supplies of Wheat yet remaining is estimated at 50,000 tons.

Our Exports for the past week have been as follow—Mohongo, for New York, via Panama, carried 155 pkgs California Brandy, 500 cs Borax, 300 bbls Flour (Marysville Mills), 182 ctls Mustard Seed, 2,623 galls Whale Oil, 164 tons Belly & Pig Lead, 14,870 gals and 11 cs California Wines, etc., valued at $90,157. Queensberry for Queenstown had 16,150 ctls Wheat, valued at $31,914. Carmia for Liverpool carried 15 tons Silver Ore, 20,448 ctls Wheat, valued at $39,501. Sierra Nevada for Liverpool had 23,332 ctls Wheat, valued at $43,000. Ka Moi for Queenstown had 14,485 ctls Wheat, valued at $28,500. Dunolan for Queenstown carried 28,100 ctls Wheat, valued at $56,225. China for China carried 224 pkgs Abalone shells, 4,407 bbls Flour, 24,000 ft Lumber, etc., valued at $29,914; same for Japan had 240 bbls Flour, 6,000 lbs Sugar, Provisions, etc., valued at $20,273. Mohongo for Panama carried 480 bbls Flour, 250 sks Potatoes, etc., valued at $5,107, same for Central America had 50 bbls Flour, etc., valued at $1,412, same for Mexican Ports had Machinery, etc., valued at $5,500; same for Liverpool via Panama had 2 bbls Flour, 175 bales Soap Root, etc., valued at $2,710. Homedale for Burrard Inlet carried 50 bbls Flour, etc., valued at $151. Costa Rica for Honolulu carried 352 bbls Flour, 225 sks Potatoes, 54 ctls Wheat, etc., valued at $5,213. b'g, bound for Tahiti had 300 bbls Flour, 274 ctls Barley, 25,605 lbs Rice, 30,000 ft Lumber, etc., valued at $12,011.

Our Flour Market is quite inactive; we quote Superfine at $5; Extra Family and Bakers, $5 50@5 75 per 196 lbs. The Wheat market shows increasing firmness within the range of $1 75@1 90 per cental. Barley is quiet; choice brewing scarce at $1 35@1 40. Feed is plentiful at $1 20@1 25. Oats are scarce at $2 25@2 50 per cental. Potatoes are plentiful at 75c@$1 15 per cental. Hay, $14@20 per ton.

Wool.—The market for this staple is now heavily stocked, our daily receipts of the Spring clip equaling about 1,000 bales per day, and this to be added to our large "held over" stock of 1872. Eastern buyers appear to be rather "scary" of us the present season, even though our Wool is better than ever, and prices barely up to the average. Eastern orders are here, but unfortunately at very low limits, thus curtailing business not a little. About 250,000 lbs changed hands during the week, the market closing very dull under unfavorable advices from the East. We quote Spring clip choice, 30@33½c., latter rate for extra long staple; fair to good 15@18c.; burry, 12½@15c.; dirty and inferior burry, 10@11c.

Vol. 3.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG"

FOR MARCH - APRIL, 1873, IS NOW OUT.

No. 2.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, APRIL 26, 1873. No. 13.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—SILVER BARS—1¼@1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86¾@87c. Mexican Dollars, 4½@5¼c.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¼ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 15¾ per cent. On London, Bankers 49⅛@49¼; Commercial 49⅜@50; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1½.

☞ Latest price of Gold at N. York, April 25, at 3 P. M., 117⅛. Latest price of Sterling, 108⅛@108¼.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending April 25th, 1872.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	—	2	27
Alps	—	—	—
Amador Tunnel	—	1½	2½
American Flag	6½	6¼	6
Arizona & Utah	—	—	—
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	2	2½
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	—	½	½
Belcher	62	61	60
Belmont	3½	—	—
Bellevue	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	—	—	—
Buckeye	—	—	—
Bullion	—	—	—
Caledonia	12½	13	14
Cederberg	—	—	—
Central	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	2¼	2	2
Chief East Extension	—	½	½
Chollar	41	42	41½
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	9	8½	9
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	1
Consolidated Virginia	53	53	63
Cook & Geyser	½	—	—
Crown Point	109	120	120
Central No. 2	—	—	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	—	—	—
Eclipse	8	—	—
El Dorado	—	—	—
Empire Mill	5½	5½	6½
Empire Idaho	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	10½	10½	11
Eureka G. V.	21	—	21
Exchequer	—	7	—
Globe	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	3	—	4½
Gould & Curry	8½	7½	8½
Gila	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	37	38	38
Hermes	6¾	7	8
Hahn & Hunt	3	3½	3
Home Ticket	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	—	1	—
Imperial	5½	6¾	6
Independent	—	—	½
Ingomar	—	—	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—
Jackson	½	—	½
Julia	2½	2½	2½

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS	FRI'Y
Justice	5	5¾	5¾
Kentuck	8	8	8¾
Kentucky	—	—	—
Knickerbocker	1½	1	1½
Lillian Hall	—	—	—
Louise	—	—	—
Mahogany	3	2¼	3
Mammoth	—	½	½
Meadow Valley	13½	13	13¾
Minnesota	4½	6	—
McMahon	—	—	—
Newark	1	—	¾
New York Consolidated	—	—	—
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	22½	19	22
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	4½	4¼
Overman	35	32	30
Page & Panaca	—	1	1
Pea Vine	—	—	—
Phoenix	½	—	¼
Picton	—	—	—
Pioche	7¼	8	8½
Pioche West	—	—	—
P Phoenix	—	—	1½
Raymond & Ely	63	70	75
Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Ruby Hill	—	—	—
Rye Patch	6	7	9
Savage	57	62	57
Seg. Belcher	29	33	34
Sierra Nevada	8½	8½	9½
Silver Peak	—	—	—
Silver Hill	13¼	12	14
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Standard	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	—	—	2¼
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	—	—
South Overman	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Trench	—	—	—
Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Utah	—	—	—
War Eagle	—	—	—
Washington & Creole	—	—	—
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	3½	4½	5
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	70	70	74
Yale Gravel	—	—	—
Yellow Stone	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30.

The Commercial Insurance Company will remove on May 1st to their new and commodious offices in Tallant's new building, at the corner of Battery and California streets. Their business having increased so much within the last year that the old premises have been found too small for the amount of business transacted.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO..........April 25, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	101½	102¼	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	113	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	101	102	Oakland Gas	103	106
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	101	102	Spring Valley Water Co.	79	80
Legal Tender Notes	86¼	87	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	95	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	52½	55
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	95	—	Front St. M. and O. R. R. Co.	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co	62½	—
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	83	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	98	Union Insurance Co	90	92½
Santa Clara Bonds, 8s	90	—	Pacific Bank	—	90
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	133	150
San Francisco Gas Company	75	76	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—New York, April 25th, 1873.—Gold opened at 117¼; 11 A. M. at 117⅜; 3 P. M. at 117⅛. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 118¾; 1867, 119⅛. Sterling Exchange, 108⅛@109⅛. Pacific Mail, 58⅞. Quicksilver Mining Company, 39. Wheat, $1 90@$2 20 quiet. Pork, 17¾ dull. Cotton, 19¾. Hides, dry, 23@24, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 60@$1 65; Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 75, quiet; Whale, weak, 63@65c.; Winter Bleached, quiet, 70@75c. Wool Spring, fine, 27@32c., Burry, 21@25c., Pulled, 40@55c. Fall Clips, 20@27c.; Burry, 10@21c.
London, April 25.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s. 8d@11s. 10d. Club, 11s. 10d.@12s 1d. United States Bonds, 89⅞. Consols, 93¼.

London, March 31st.—The issue is announced of £17,000 in debenture bonds bearing 15 per cent interest of the Basye Consolidated Silver Mining Company (Limited)—part of a total debenture capital of £50,000, of which the vendors of the property take £33,000. The whole share capital of the company is £200,000, in 40,000 £5 shares, of which 27,000 are taken by the vendors, viz: 13,000 fully paid, and 14,000 with a liability of 10s. per share, and the remaining shares are reserved for the debenture holders if they elect to take shares for their debentures. The properties of the company are situated in Nevada, U. S., within a few miles of the Eureka Consolidated and Richmond mines, and are stated to be very valuable with a title considered indefeasible. *The vendors receive no cash payment.* In addition to the right to exchange their bonds for shares, holders of bonds when paid off will also be entitled to one-fifth of their holdings in fully paid-up shares as a bonus.

The Anglo-Foreign Banking Company [Limited] have issued their report, wherein the gross profits for the past year, allowing for bad and doubtful debts, are stated at £63,886, and the net profits £47,310; from which an interim dividend of 2s. per share has already been paid, and a further sum of 8s. 9d. per share is proposed for the past six months, or 5 per cent. for the year, in addition to a bonus of 4s. 3d. per share, or a total distribution of 10s. per share, free of income tax, being nearly equal to 8½ per cent. on the capital for the time it has been paid. The sum of £6,000 is to be applied to the formation of a reserve fund, and £7,818 to be carried forward.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, April 4th, 1873: C. F. Fargo, Charles Crocker and wife, Hon. J. S. Hager and wife, Mrs. C. Reis, Mrs. A. L. Barnes, Calvin Brown, H. M. Houston and wife, Miss Emma Houston, P. J. Hickey, Mrs. John D. Le Gay, Miss Annie LeG. Boyd, George A. Worn and family, Captain J. A. Frisbie, Misses Frisbie, C. J. Brenham and wife, J. Whittaker and wife, Geo. S. Wright and wife, Hon. C. Hillyer and family, Miss Flora Hillyer.

Our Paris Letter, dated March 27th, 1873, says that the New York Life Assurance Company has taken new and commodious offices at No. 1, Rue de Quatre Septembre, Paris. It appears by the last report of the Company that its assets increased over $3,000,000 in 1872, and its income over $500,000. Mr. H. S. Homans, formerly of San Francisco, is the European manager, and will for the future reside in the French capital.

Latest Price of Gold at the "California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast," opened at 117¼; at 11 A. M., 117¼; 3 P. M., 117⅜.

— There have been recent private sales of Bank of California stock at $128 per share.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

THE OXFORD AND CAMBRIDGE BOAT-RACE.

FROM THE TOWPATH.

There is every Reason to suppose—certainly the articles in the daily and sporting papers do not incline me towards a contrary opinion—that one visit to the towpath on the Oxford and Cambridge race-day is very much like another, and that one set of light or dark [illegible] is the same as the one which preceded it [illegible] standing the [illegible] of the critic and of experts. The oars [illegible] on each side and [illegible] the coxswain sits in the stern, and I should like to know what any one wants [illegible] description of the boats competing. But as I received a warning for doing my report my own way last week, and I was ordered—not over [illegible]—to use my own eyes and report accordingly, I [illegible] with a heavy heart made the best of my way to the towpath, via the Underground Railway and Hammersmith Bridge.

The way was not at all cheerful and I would much rather have stayed at home by the fire and read an account of the race in the evening paper, if only because by that means I should have known much more about it than I learnt from actual observation. But as editors are the most obstinate of men, and mine is the most obstinate of editors, I [illegible] When I [illegible] the first thing that attracted my attention was the large amount of [illegible] [illegible] watermen, etc., [illegible] far as I can see the only people who [illegible] reason for hoping that the rival crews [illegible] take the race from them. [illegible] the legend of [illegible] [illegible] people [illegible] from the darker stream of Oxford, whereby much reflection was created.

[illegible] with the [illegible] I will get over the bridge, where though there were plenty of people on my arrival, there was nothing to be [illegible] but wind, and nothing [illegible] observation but water. After [illegible] through a Christian [illegible] would for once imitate the wisdom of [illegible] Eastern [illegible] I may as well, however, before leaving the bridge remark that I have seen enthusiasm carried much farther in the cause of inter-university rowing than I did in that structure. A gentleman [illegible] by me carried a [illegible] of the kind I used to wear myself until I nearly got run over by a cab which came upon the [illegible]. There is of course nothing remarkable in the gentleman referred to wearing a [illegible], except that it was of a dark blue colour. This is a fact. I suppose that all sensible Oxford [illegible]

Dogs seem much interested in the rowing of the rival crews. There were vast numbers of people on the towpath, and a very large variety of dogs, dirty white bull-terriers being in a decided majority. These animals barked vigorously when the crews passed, and seemed to understand all about the business, yet nobody had sufficient [illegible] to point one of them [illegible] dark blue which would have [illegible] added to the excitement. What is, I wonder, the hidden link between "[illegible]" at [illegible] and University boat racing? They are always seen together, yet no one seems to [illegible] unravel the mystery. If the cry was "Eight [illegible]" instead of four, I could see the connection, there being then one for each rower, with possibly the reversion of the [illegible] which [illegible] I [illegible] my ideas on this subject to the principal promoter of a "[illegible]" entertainment, but I would rather not publish [illegible]

I was standing outside a public house near Putney, when the first crew put out towards the starting place. They were in the manner described above, four oars on each side and a little chap sitting behind steering. A man standing by me watching them with the air of a connoisseur said: "That's rowing, that's the way to pick 'em up, bravo bow, capital number two, that's it three, steady four, beautiful five, rip at it six, right through the water seven, splendid stroke!" Thought I, now I'm in luck. This fellow knows all about it. I'll just stick by him till the next lot go by, and listen to what he says then, and I shall be able to come out strong in my description of the race. So, without letting him know what my intentions were, I kept close up wherever he went [illegible] to the accompaniment of loud shouts we saw the second boat coming on fast. Anxiously I watched and as I watched I listened. The [illegible] commenced at the stroke and "Splendid stroke, right through the water seven, rip at it six, beautiful five, steady four, that's it three, capital two, bravo bow, that's rowing, that's the way to pick 'em up." As there may be something hidden in this which passes my observation, I here with present it to my readers.

[illegible] after this the signal was given for the start, which I have great pleasure in being able to describe as [illegible]. [illegible] the finish was similar I am not in a position to state as my engagement was simply as a pictorial reporter, and of course I have nothing to do with detail. So for further particulars I will refer you to your sporting contributor, who tried to make me believe he had a ticket for the press boat.

Palmam qui meruit ferat. I think I have proved that *I* should have had the ticket—that is, if ability goes for anything.

FROM THE PRESS BOAT.

If, Mr. Editor, my pen should falter or my style become weak during the following [illegible] of the mighty task with which you have entrusted me [illegible] [illegible] regard it as the result of being admitted on board the sacred vessel which carries the press representatives of [illegible]. A film now gathers over my eyes and I [illegible] as I think of the valuable lives which have to-day entrusted themselves to the mercy of the waves, and I shudder to think of the possible consequences, when, during our upward voyage, I heard it whispered that the weather was likely to be rough near Putney and that if such were the case we might come to grief against the [illegible] structure which there spans the river Thames. [illegible] for myself I feared, but my heart [illegible] me as I thought of the heavily ballasted heads on board, and their probable fate in the event of an accident. But happily all danger is now over, and we are as I write floating serene and calm above the Aqueduct.

An obliging gentleman has just pointed out to me one of the committee that decided who should not have tickets. Great being! How wise and profound he looks. He is of course a leader-writer on *The Times* at least, and he and his committeemen merely regard such matters in connection with the boat-race, as a kind of relaxation from their sterner duties, and in remembrance of old University days long since gone by. It would, I am told, be foolish to think of these literary luminaries in connection with ordinary boat-race reporters. They are the very heads of the journalistic profession, and, as such, have a right to decide what journalists shall be permitted to pay for tickets of admission to the journalistic steamer. Happy am I to be of the favored few.

But see the crews are out, and amid the shouts of the multitude are making for the starting post. I can't see any [illegible] Now they're off, and [illegible] how the [illegible] roar. [illegible] Then, now, where are my spectacles? Ah, here they are. Now for a good look. [illegible] they seem to [illegible] that's the [illegible] both [illegible] the tips of the oars do you [illegible] both of them [illegible] at the same time. I wish I had made my preparations a little more complete. [illegible] I knew it would break off at the point. So that's the [illegible] Railway bridge we're just passed under. What's that [illegible] you [illegible] race, was it? [illegible] If I haven't been [illegible] our conversation instead of reporting the race. [illegible] about it in the [illegible] papers. [illegible] Well, now, supposing we have a drink. [illegible]

China.—The correspondent of the *Times* has telegraphed that the Emperor has finally conceded the Audience Question.

Cochin-China.—The French Government have resolved to extend their protectorate over the whole of Anam.

What is the Difference [illegible] When it is a good one she does go to the show, but if a bad one the show goes to [illegible]

INFLUENCE OF WOMEN ON CALIFORNIAN MINERS.

In those Days [illegible] would flock in crowds to catch a glimpse of that rare and [illegible] spectacle, a woman! Did inhabitants [illegible] how, in a certain camp, the [illegible] that a woman was coming! They had been [illegible] [illegible] sign of civilization [illegible] there, and [illegible] up when an actual [illegible] dress was discovered fluttering in the wind. The [illegible] "Fetch her out!" He said, "It's my wife, gentlemen, she is sick, we have been robbed of [illegible] provisions, everything [illegible] we want to rest." [illegible] "Fetch her out!" He [illegible] different, and they swung their hats and set up three rousing cheers and a tiger, and they crowded around and gazed at her, and touched her dress, and listened to her voice with the look of men who listened to a memory rather than a present reality—and then they collected $2,500 in gold and gave it to the man and swung their hats again, and gave three more cheers and went home satisfied. Once I dined in San Francisco with the family of a pioneer, and talked with his daughter, a young lady whose first experience in San Francisco was an adventure, though she herself did not remember it, as she was only two or three years old at the time. Her father said that after landing from the ship they were walking up the street, a servant leading the party with the little girl in her arms. And presently a huge miner, bearded, belted, spurred, and bristling with deadly weapons—just down from a long campaign in the mountains, evidently—barred the way, stopped the servant, and stood gazing with a face all alive with gratification and astonishment. Then he said, reverently, "Well, if it ain't a child!" And then he snatched a little leather sack out of his pocket and said to the servant—"There's a hundred and fifty dollars in dust there, and I'll give it to you to let me kiss the child!" That anecdote is true. But see how things change. Sitting at that dinner table, listening to that anecdote, if I had offered double the money for the privilege of kissing the same child, I should have been refused. Seventeen added years have more than doubled the price.

—*Mark Twain.*

A SWALLOW-TAILED CATASTROPHE.

A Judicial Separation has been obtained by a lady in consequence of an injury inflicted by her at the hands of her husband during the marriage ceremony itself. This very early check to matrimonial felicity came about owing to the following circumstance. The parties [illegible] and [illegible] wanting [illegible] several times [illegible] the day, and as often changed her mind. Her betrothed had [illegible] ordered his wedding coat on the first assurance of the [illegible] and it hung over a chair in the drawing room during all these [illegible] spectacle at length became too trying to the [illegible] lover, who one day, after having experienced more than usually severe treatment, impatiently told his valet to lock up the wedding garment, but to take care that the moths did not get into it. "No fear, sir," replied the servant, "I have an idea [illegible] such intrusion." At last Madam [illegible] once more consented to be led to the altar and remained in the same mind for some days, during which the ceremony was duly performed in a country place, whither he repaired leaving his servant, and having himself carefully packed the coat in his portmanteau. As the bride[illegible] by her bridegroom, while the ceremony was in progress she asked him to take charge of her smelling-bottle, which he put into his pocket. After the celebration of the ceremony, however, the bride fell in need of her *flacon*. Monsieur put his hand into his pocket and drew out something which he tenderly held to her nose. It was the packet, the most fragrant of all, of [illegible]

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, [illegible] until WEDNESDAY, May [illegible] [illegible] purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds [illegible] Act of the Legislature of the State of California [illegible] of San Francisco [illegible] Montgomery Avenue [illegible] and to take private lands [illegible]

[illegible] $1,000 each payable in thirty years from January 1st [illegible] at the rate of [illegible] per cent. [illegible]

[illegible]

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April [illegible], 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.

MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.

April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

S. F. AND N. P. R. R. CO.—CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after April 1st, 1873, the steamer connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad [illegible] [illegible] SUNDAY EXCURSION [illegible] [illegible] at the Company's [illegible]

[illegible], President.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek "Kathro," [illegible] [illegible] FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance [illegible] [illegible] New York. April 26.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED PREPAID EVERY SATURDAY TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND THE LEADING BUSINESS MEN THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—[illegible]
Alexandria—[illegible]
Acapulco—L. D. Hodges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown Campbell & Co., Thomas Turton, Wayte, [illegible] Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co., W. J. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—T. T. Gardner, Ed. Garrett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lacarrière & Fils, Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co., Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Frazier & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—[illegible]
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—[illegible], Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange, Börsen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce, Central L. & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Guaymas—Bach & Co., A. Welland, Esq., James H. Laugtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, [illegible]
Havre—Queenel Frères et Cie, Wanner [illegible] & Co., [illegible] & Co., Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co.; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq., H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gurney & Co., Rothschild, Bank of England, Baring Bros. & Co., Drury, Davies & Co., [illegible], Pall Mall, [illegible] "Graphic," Court Journal, [illegible] Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—[illegible] & Co., Alsop & Co., Heath Gruning & Co., Baba, Stokes & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, [illegible], Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, [illegible] Hall.
Lisbon—[illegible] Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. [illegible], Excelentisimo Don José de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co., Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co.; [illegible] de Fraisse.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co., Chamber of Commerce, [illegible] Lammer & Co., [illegible]
Madras—[illegible] & Co., Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Lelechman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James Club, C. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

The Lecture Business in America.—We are feeling the effects of a [illegible] in the United States. "The American Literary Bureau" is an association in New York which provides lecturers for the whole American public, with whom "English celebrities" are said to be in great favor. The bureau sent an agent to London recently to look out for new stars. This gentleman has made arrangements with Mr. Wilkie Collins and [illegible] for the next autumn, and he is also anxious to secure [illegible] of the new attractions. The [illegible] in America is often very profitable. Mr. Froude and Mr. Edmund Yates, who were both "managed" by this bureau, received large sums, and Father Burke, an Irish Dominican, came back the other day from a year's tour which had netted for him no less than [illegible]—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

A True Dog Story.—The Troy *Times* says this is a true dog story. A family down town has, in a false grate in one of the rooms of the house, placed some red paper behind it to give the effect of fire. On one of the coldest days this winter the dog belonging to the household came in from out of doors, and seeing the paper in the grate, deliberately walked up to it and laid down before it, curled up in the best way to receive the pleasant heat as it came from the fire. He remained motionless for a few minutes; feeling no warmth he raised his head and looked over his shoulder at the grate; still feeling no heat he arose and carefully applied his nose to the grate and smelt of it. It was as cold as ice. With a look of the most supreme disgust, his tail curled down between his legs, every hair on his body saying "I'm sold," the dog trotted out of the room, followed by a glorious laugh at the party in the room who had watched his actions and laughed so heartily at his mistake. That dog had reason as well as instinct.

A Novel Wager.—Although M. Gustave Courbet has received his full measure of [illegible] from the Versailles Government, there is one person, at least, who must be grateful to him for [illegible]. Five years ago, says the *Paris Figaro*, he made a bet of £2,000 with a fellow countryman that he would throw himself from the top of the column, and, thanks to a parachute he had invented, reach the ground unhurt. Both men, however, were [illegible] to Australia, and the wager was [illegible]. Recently they returned, and the parachute inventor called upon his friend to fulfil his wager. The friend asserted that, the column being pulled down, the bet was void, but the other declared that he had made no stipulation as to the height of the column, and since the Communists had been obliging enough to leave nothing but the pedestal, he would jump from that. Of course he won his wager easily, but even his parachute did not save him from receiving a bruise or two.

Unusual Devotion in Lovers.—A very peculiar illustration of the rough way in which the course of true love sometimes runs comes from West Virginia. A maiden loved a youth who was unfortunate enough to be charged with horse stealing and in danger of the penitentiary. Determined to share his unhappy lot, the faithful maiden set a church on fire in order to be sent to the penitentiary too. She was not, but at the last moment her lover was acquitted, and they were again happily separated. The young man of [illegible] has been [illegible] by stealing a horse [illegible] to get into the penitentiary, but, more fortunate, [illegible] the maiden [illegible]. Only a few days ago he was made happy by escaping from the Governor, and the two are united in happiness more than doubled by the trial of a [illegible] months.

An Uncanny Scot.—William Reid, a Scotsman, accosted a stranger in Boston recently, asking to be directed to the Hartford and Erie Depot, as he wished to take the train for Hartford. The stranger proved most obliging, pointed out the way, informed William he was going there himself, and would like to [illegible] him in that city, and [illegible] to [illegible] with him in a short time. Unfortunately, however, the [illegible] merchant was short of money, and William [illegible] him with the [illegible]. The Scotsman, with the idea that a friend in need was a friend indeed, handed him $70, which was, however, a little more than was required, so the [illegible] started. [illegible] Hartford [illegible] the sharper, who, but too late, found out that he had been tricked [illegible]

The Advantages of a Wooden Leg.—Mr. Howes, of the West End Hotel, [illegible] a recent [illegible] for advice. He stated that a person came to him to [illegible] Davis, a [illegible] Mr. Howes supplied him with board and lodging, as well as money. Since then he has refused to [illegible] that the man was a [illegible], and requested him to leave the hotel, but D[illegible] the party [illegible] took off his wooden leg and refused to move. Mr. Howes stated if it were a man with two legs he would know what to do. The magistrate [illegible] recommended the employment of a good stout porter to carry him out and set him on the pavement. Mr. Howes thanked the bench and retired.

The New Steamship Pembroke.—The new steamship *Pembroke*, of the South Wales Atlantic Steamship Company, known as the Cardiff line, has arrived in New York. The vessel is a screw steamship, of 2,500 tons. Her dimensions are 321 feet by 35 feet 6 inches by 24 feet 7 inches, [illegible] propelled by two pairs of [illegible] engines of 450 horse-power. The steamer is fitted up in excellent style, and was built by W. Simons & Co., at Renfrew. It is fitted with elegant accommodations for fifty first, sixty second and five hundred third class passengers. She left Cardiff on the 20th of March, containing 47 passengers, and is consigned to Messrs. Archibald Baxter & Co., the agents, in this city.

Rumored "Ring" in the London Share Market.—A rumor is current in the city that a syndicate has been formed with a capital of seven millions sterling for the purpose of "bearing" [illegible] shares. The [illegible] has first directed its attention to railways, and the operations for a fall on Stock Exchange [illegible] [illegible] It is affirmed, moreover, that the syndicate has amongst its leading members two or three of the most notorious "wreckers" of banks and finance companies of the disastrous Overend and Gurney epoch.

The New Ocean Cable.—The contract for the construction of the new ocean telegraph cable from England to Rye Beach, New Hampshire, contains a specific prohibition of any future amalgamation with or absorption by the present cable organization. The object apparently sought is a permanent independent competition. All the required capital has been raised and the proper contracts completed. The cable is to be laid in 1874, on a line south of the Great Banks, and is to be of the best possible construction, with a greater conducting power than any now in operation.

A Mr. Wright, of Sheffield, is said to have invented a substitute for coal, and one [illegible] which there is an unlimited supply. [illegible] by passing [illegible] charged [illegible] carburetted, and [illegible] burns brighter than coal gas, and when mixed with air has a heating power which can melt copper wire. The price of the gas would be sixpence for every one thousand cubic feet.

Street Accidents in London.—No week now passes without a fearful return of deaths and accidents in London from pedestrians being run over. The [illegible] the deaths at [illegible] weekly. Last week as usual, [illegible] people. This is a fearful average for the year, being no less than 156 deaths and 2,600 maimed or injured.—*South London Press.*

With Reference to the Chinese Laborers in Cuba, the Cuban correspondent of the *Herald* [illegible] are [illegible] ascribed to unaffected Chinese. A slaveowner has assured the writer that no less than fifty capital executions of Chinese for crimes of blood prompted by revenge occur in the [illegible] every year.

The Turkish Government has [illegible] the curtain which have been placed [illegible] Church of the Holy Sepulchre [illegible], in order to prevent bloodshed between the Latin and Greek Christians.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Mercantile and [illegible] Telegraphic News to latest Eastern Market reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper [illegible] China [illegible] Dec. 21.

TO CLOSE COPARTNERSHIP.

We will sell Cut Glass Goblets $3 per dozen, Cut Glass Fruit Bowls, [illegible] Cut Glass Decanters [illegible] [illegible] Castors, $2.50 per pair. [illegible]

March 29. HAWLEY AND HOOPER [illegible]

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE—NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS—1873-74

All Persons, Companies, Associations, or Firms in the City and County of San Francisco are requested to call in person or by their proper representatives at the Assessor's Office [illegible] City Hall [illegible] [illegible] POLL TAX IS NOW DUE at this [illegible]

Saturday, March 1, 1873. [illegible] City and County Assessor. March [illegible]

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Men's Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers [illegible] Gloves [illegible]

March 8. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome [illegible] Bush, S. F.

PHILIP L. WEAVER. ISAAC [illegible] JOHN W. TAYLOR.

WEAVER, TAYLOR & CO.

Manufacturers of Boots and Shoes, agency of the Gutta Percha and Rubber Manufacturing Co., and Hazard Powder Co. [illegible] SPORTING AMMUNITION.

Nov. 30. 301 MARKET ST., corner of First, San Francisco.

A BARGAIN

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL [illegible] with the furniture, etc., on [illegible] terms. Inquire at [illegible] Lincoln Hotel [illegible]

[illegible] EGGERS & CO. [illegible]

Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions. Agents for the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb. [illegible]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to [illegible] the Society. [Oct. 23. [illegible] Secretary, 728 Montgomery street.

JAMAICA RUM.

In Quarter Casks—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid by [illegible] Feb. 9. [illegible] FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale in bulk and bottles, a late arrival. For sale by AGARD, FOULKES & CO., March 29. 412 Front street, S. F.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO. [J. A. H. EVANS.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. July 22.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS [illegible] GLAZIERS, No. 47 Jackson street [illegible] Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 20.

[illegible] MAIN. MAIN & WINCHESTER. E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, [illegible] Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street [illegible]

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.

[March 29.]

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills [illegible] and printing of every kind.

Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 26.

ROBERT F. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 16, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. [illegible]

QUICKSILVER

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, [illegible] Bank of California. Nov. 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

F. O. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Roney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. Jan. [illegible]

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE. [H. A. W. [illegible]

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom [illegible] Factory [illegible] Feb. 1.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

Jan. 4. No. [illegible] Merchant street, San Francisco.

ONE DAY.

[BY THE LATE HENRY TIMROD.]

Somewhere on this earthly planet,
In the dust of flowers to be,
In the dewdrop, in the sunshine,
Sleeps a solemn day for me.

At this wakeful hour of midnight
I behold it dawn in mist,
And I hear a sound of sobbing
Through the darkness—hist! O hist!

In a dim and musty chamber,
I am breathing life away;
Some one draws a curtain softly,
And I watch the broadening day.

As it purples in the zenith,
As it brightens on the lawn,
There's a hush of death about me,
And a whisper, "He is gone."

OLD EDINBURGH DOCTORS.

Quite a Different Kind of Personage from "Lang Sandy Wood" was the well-known Professor James Gregory, perhaps the most celebrated physician of his day, but who, in popular estimation, is dolefully remembered as the inventor of a nauseous compound known as Gregory's Mixture. He was a tall and very handsome man, and stately and grave in all his manners, but, withal, with a touch of Scotch humor in him. One evening, walking home from the University, he came upon a street row or bicker, a sort of town-and-gown riot very common in those days. Observing a boy systematically engaged in breaking windows, he seized him, and inquired, in the sternest voice, what he did that for.

"Oh," was the reply, "my master's a glazier, and I'm trying to help business."

"Indeed. Very proper; very proper, my boy," Doctor Gregory answered, and, as he proceeded to maul him well with his cane, "you see I must follow your example. I'm a doctor, and must help business a little." And with that he gave a few finishing whacks to the witty youth, and went off, chuckling at having turned the tables on the glazier's apprentice. Dr. Gregory was a volunteer, one of the old sort, but made a poor soldier indeed. He was the *bete noir* of the drill sergeant, who declared that he would rather drill ten clowns than one philosopher. The learned professor was always asking the why and wherefore of everything, until the sergeant lost all patience, and begged to inform Professor Gregory that the "first duty of a soldier was to hold his tongue," a slight variation on the customary axiom in reference to this point, but one, no doubt, perfectly suitable to the circumstances of the case.

The period of which I write was rather a rough, hard time, on the whole, and people were much in the habit of taking the law into their own hands. It was a day of duels and street fights, and it would have been singular if the doctors had escaped the contagion, especially when we remember that the *odium medicum* has never been wanting in Scotland, where, indeed, one professor in the medical faculty of the University of Edinburgh is reported to have gone about for weeks with a bad leg, simply because he couldn't make up his mind to consult the only surgeon who was able and willing to operate for his disease—a fellow-professor.

Accordingly Edinburgh laughed heartily, but was not at all scandalized, when one famous university professor kicked another famous professor, in the same faculty, down before him from near the North Bridge to where the Register House now stands. The *casus belli* was simple, but, as reported, most irritating. The offending professor was lecturing to his class one morning, and happened to say that baldness was no sign of age. "In fact, gentlemen," said the suave professor, "it's no sign at all, nor the converse. I was called in very early yesterday morning to see the wife of a distinguished colleague, a lady whose raven locks have long been the pride of rout and ball. It was early in the morning, and I caught the lady in deshabille, and, would you believe it, the raven locks were all fudge, and the lady was as bald as the palm of my hand." The professor said nothing more, but no sooner was his lecture ended than the students casually inquired of the coachman whom the professor was called to see early yesterday morning. The coachman, innocently enough, answered, "Oh, Mrs. Professor ——." This was enough, and so, before four-and-twenty hours went round, the story came to Professor A. that Professor B. had said in his class, that Mrs. Professor A. wore a wig. For two days they did not meet, and when they did, the offender was punished in the ignominious manner described.

Another professor of those days (one whom I can well remember myself, but as he has been dead but a few years, he may be nameless) was noted for his miserly habits, though, in reality, he was a rich man, the proprietor of several ancestral estates. He once observed a Highland student—proverbially a poor set—about to pick up a penny in the college quad, but just as he was about to pick it up, the learned professor gave him a push, which sent the poor fellow right over, when Doctor —— coolly pocketed the coin, and walked on amid the laughter of a crowd of students, who were watching the scene. He did not always stick at trifles. Going down the crowded street he saw a street boy pick up a shilling. Instantly the professor chucked it out of the lad's hand, and then, holding it between his thumb and forefinger, with his gold-headed cane in the other, carefully guarding it, he read out to the whimpering boy a long lecture on honesty being the best policy; how the "coin" was not his; how it might belong to some poor man whose family might be suffering for the want of that coin, and so on, concluding by pocketing the shilling, and charging the finder that if ever he heard of anybody having lost that shilling, to say that Professor —— had got it. "Everybody knows me. It is quite safe. Honesty, my lad, is always the best policy. Remember that, and read your catechism well." On one occasion he was called in consultation with Professor Gregory about a patient of his who happened to be a student of medicine. The day previously, however, Dr Gregory had called alone, and on going away was offered the customary guinea. This the stately physician firmly refused; he never took fees from students. The patient replied that Professor —— did. Immediately Gregory's face brightened up. "I will be here to-morrow in consultation with him. Be good enough to offer me a fee before him, sir." To-morrow came, and the student did as he had been requested. "What is that, sir?" the professor answered, looking at the proffered guinea: "A fee, sir! Do you mean to insult me, sir? What do you take us to be—cannibals? Do we live on one another? No, sir. The man who could take a fee from a student of his own profession [illegible] kicked [illegible] out of the faculty. Good morning!" and with that [illegible] walked to the door in [illegible] Next day, [illegible] of the patient, Professor —— sent a packet with all the fees returned. It is said that he once took a bag of potatoes for a fee, and ever after [illegible] in the matter. "The man was a poor man, sir. We must [illegible] Master enjoins it on us, and it is recommended in a fine passage [illegible] Hippocrates. The man had no money, sir, so I had [illegible] what he had, though, as a rule—as a rule—I prefer [illegible] ancient exchange, *pecunia* instead of *pecus*. Hah! hah!" He [illegible] to have been the hero of the following story. A beggar seeing him pick up a farthing [illegible] "Na, na, puir body," was the firm refusal, "[illegible]" This is not true, however, though the story loses nothing in the exchange of *dramatis personæ*. Its real hero was a certain noble earl.

—*All the Year Round.*

A Mischievous Ape.—In the Borgo dei Tintori, beside the garden of the friars of Santa Croce at one time lived a painter, Il Rosso, a disciple of Michael Angelo. Vasari relates that Il Rosso possessed an ape, which became a great favorite with one of his apprentices, called Battistini, who employed the animal to steal the friars' grapes, by letting him down by a rope into the garden and drawing him up again with his paws full of fruit. A friar who missed the grapes set a trap for rats, but one day catching the ape in the fact, he took up a stick to thrash him, a struggle ensued, in which the ape had the best of it, and contrived to escape. The friar, however, summoned Il Rosso to appear before the [illegible] and his favorite was condemned to have a weight fastened to his tail. A few days afterward as [illegible] the friar was performing mass in the church, when the ape was made to [illegible] the roof of his cell and, in the words of Vasari, he performed so merry a dance with the weight at his tail that there was not a tile [illegible] and on the friar's return a torrent [illegible] was heard, which lasted three days.—*From "Books in Four [illegible]" by J. J. Horner*

"Thou Art so Dear, and Yet so Far," as the man said on looking down the shaft of a coal mine.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

[illegible]	CLOSE. A. M.	CLOSE. P. M.	ARRIVE. A. M.	ARRIVE. P. M.
Alameda		3 [illegible]		1 [illegible]
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co.'s steamers		3 [illegible]		8 00
Cloverdale and Coast Points		1 40	11 15	
Eureka		1 [illegible]	11 1[illegible]	
Marysville and Sacramento	6 [illegible]	3 [illegible]	[illegible]	9 00
Napa Route via Vallejo		3 40	12 40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 [illegible]			9 [illegible]
Oakland	6 [illegible]	3 40		[illegible]
Overland	6 30			9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points		1 15		12 [illegible]
San Rafael	9 1[illegible]		[illegible]	
San Jose	[illegible]	4 15	[illegible]	[illegible]
Southern California and Arizona	[illegible]			6 [illegible]
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	[illegible]	[illegible]	9 [illegible]
Vallejo and Benicia	[illegible]	[illegible]	12 [illegible]	[illegible]
Visalia, Kern and Tulare Counts		[illegible]		2 40
Great Western, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays		[illegible]		

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:20 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to [illegible] p. m. daily, except Sundays.

N. B. STONE, P. M.

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION.

The best chance to Invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific Coast. TITLE PERFECT. 778 Lots at $25 for inside and $50 for corner Lots, payable $10 cash, balance $5 per month, without interest or assessments for expenses. Blocks 200 by 300 Feet—Lots 25 by 100 Feet and 50 by 150 Feet. Streets all 80 Feet Wide. Subscribers can select their lots on receipt of the first payment, and those who wish to pay in full [illegible] take deeds at once [illegible] This valuable property is beautifully located, commanding a fine view of San Diego Bay and surroundings. It is only [illegible] from the City Park [illegible] a few minutes walk from the Lots, and [illegible] from the [illegible] on the water front, where the depots and center of business must be located. Congress has just made San Diego a port of entry, and it is now beyond [illegible] certain that grading will be commenced on the Texas and Pacific Railroad early this season. There is no place on the [illegible] where one can invest at the present time with as much certainty of doubling or trebling his money in a few months as in San Diego. The location, the nearness to what must be the business center, the exceedingly low price and easy terms, with the future prospects of that city, make this property the most desirable for Homestead and residence purposes, and one of the best investments for speculation ever offered. For maps showing the entire bay, with correct surroundings and the location of this property, with the various points of interest and importance, apply to IRA G. HOITT, Secretary and Agent, 421 Montgomery street, San Francisco, where subscription books are now open.

TRUSTEES—BENJ. P. AVERY, DORVILLE LIBBY, IRA G. HOITT. March 29.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares; Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by

A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.

Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20. GEO. MELLOR Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, [illegible] and [illegible] River Valleys [illegible]

Aug. 10.] WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. [illegible] Sansome street

MACONDRAY & CO.'S LINE FOR HONGKONG.

From Front street Wharf.—The magnificent British iron S.S. Lord of the Isles, J. Robinson, Commander. This fast and powerful steamship was built on the Clyde in 18[illegible]. She is 2,4[illegible]7 tons register; has two compound engines of 240 horse-power. She will leave Hongkong for this port on the 10th instant, and on arrival here will have immediate dispatch on her return voyage. For freight or passage apply to MACONDRAY & CO.

Agents at Hongkong, Messrs. Russell & Co. April 19.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 405 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 17

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

CHANGE OF BASE.

Martin & Horton have removed from their old stand, corner of Clay and Montgomery streets, to 111 LEIDESDORFF STREET, near California. April 12.

HAIGHT & SAWYER

Have Removed their Law Office to 207 Sansome street, over the Phœnix Insurance Company. April 19.

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California street, up stairs. April 19.

SPANISH LESSONS

H. G. Pritchard. . . . . **414 California street.** [March 15.]

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD —

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co, S. H. Stamalz & Co, "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co, Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Deut & Co; Russell & Co, Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6

A MILLION YEARS.

Night cast her mantle o'er the busy earth,
But restless earth defied the placid night:
Days are not long enough for modern men,
Who work by aid of artificial light—
Not like old father Adam, who, 'tis said,
At sunset dropped his spade and went to bed.

Earth, strong and wakeful, still kept humming on,
And did not cease from toil e'en at night's noon;
So rest was banished till 'twas almost dawn,
"I need no sleep!" the Earth cried to the Moon:
"You're wrong!" retorted Luna, "for, at least,
You should give eight hours rest to man and beast.

"Ages ago, I did as you are doing,
Worked day and night and threw my strength away:
I'm cooler now, alas! and wiser grown,
And strongly counsel you your waste to stay;
Your children are degenerating fast!
Your coal and oil will not forever last!

"There's Africa fast turning to a desert!
Where cities stood you now have burning plains.
Not e'en the scars are left of what has been;
Of Tyre and Sidon nothing now remains.
The fruitful lands of Palestine are dry,
And Nineveh in ruins low doth lie.

"You're feeding on yourself and gaining nothing;
You've nought about you that at all increases,
Unless I count your stunted swarming millions,
Those parasites who tear you all to pieces:
I see consumption in your wasting face—
You'll burn up, and, like me, roll into space!"

The Earth, affrighted, shook from pole to pole,
And then her children trembled in their turn—
For by her servant, Science, she declared
That she was doomed to wither, melt and burn.
Though few had heeded when Religion spoke,
When Science raised its voice they all awoke.

Before the savants, now to gods exalted,
Men in their abject terror humbly bent,
Crying, "Peer into time! Ask Mother Nature
How many years 'twill be before she's spent!
O tell us, Prophets, will the end come soon?
When will this earth be worn out like the moon?"

The learned sages held a consultation,
Then toward the full moon turned their eager vision,
And from her spots, volcanoes, hills and mountains,
At length arrived at this profound decision:
"It seems quite probable, so cease your fears,
That Mother Earth will last a million years!"

"A million years!" the happy crowd re-echoed,
'Tis as far off as though 'twould never be!
To us ephemeral, transitory mortals,
A million years is an eternity!"
Then, all rejoicing, went upon their way,
And laughing said, "The Earth will last our day!"

—*New York Home Journal.*

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A Lady Correspondent in London writes to us as follows: "Of course the boat race is the all-absorbing topic this week in the gossip of high and low, and light and dark blue, in all sorts of combinations, the principal color in the shop windows. In point of richness and beauty of color, the Oxford blue is far before the dead-looking 'sky' which has held the winning place for three successive years. The hat which milliners have dubbed the 'Oxford' for the nonce is an ugly, narrow-brimmed, high-crowned affair, with a dent across the top of the crown. It is trimmed with an enormous bow of dark-blue ribbons, and a vail of the same shade, which is twisted round the neck in a fashion very common a few years ago. These vails are coming into favor again, and, when gracefully arranged, are by no means unbecoming, as they have a softening effect on the features. The 'Cambridge' hat is much lighter and prettier. It is a modification of the 'Rabagas,' which has become so fashionable within the last few weeks, and is very piquant and coquettish-looking. The hat itself is very small, and Tyrolean in shape, the top of the crown being almost a point, and the brim is turned up on one side and fastened with an aigrette of small feathers. The trimming is of light blue velvet mixed with satin, and a cluster of myosotis rises at the side of the back, and comes towards the front, forming a handsomely arranged bow. The pattern hat was of white straw, but I have seen the same in blue felt, which is anything but pretty. A ball toilette, prepared for a lady of neutral opinions on the subject, is made of both shades of blue, mixed with white. The two tints do not harmonize well, being quite different colors, but the white throws them up wonderfully. The dress itself is of white silk with a kilt plaited flounce in alternate folds of dark and light blue satin. The flounce is headed by a ruche of lace and a twisted knot of the two colors. The skirt is cut with a train, very long and pointed. All very stylish trains are cut with a point now, and look very handsome, only they don't hang well unless the under skirts are precisely the same shape. The tunic of the 'combination toilette,' as it is called, is of dark blue crophane, trimmed with light blue satin, and caught up here and there with bunches of blue flowers mixed with jessamine. The whole dress is prettier than might be expected from such a mixture of colors. Floral necklaces are beginning to supersede gems to wear with ball toilettes; they are fanciful and not costly, and have the appearance of a small ruff. They are made of a double plaiting of tulle or lace (the former is the prettiest), and in the center of this a small wreath of flowers or leaves fall in the center, and tapering away to the back, where the necklace or collar is tied with long ribbon strings to match the dress. Embroidered dresses are quite the rage this season. White and pale-tinted silks are embroidered with large bunches of flowers and wreaths in the most *prononcé* style; but the costliness of these delicate dresses, and their unsuitability for many occasions, has given rise to a pretty style of trimming that can be put on and taken off at will. The embroidering is the same, only done on very fine muslin, or some material on purpose, which, when placed upon a thicker material, hardly shows, and can be arranged in any style. I saw a box of most beautiful colored embroidery from a French convent in long strips, bunches, and even single flowers. The colors were exquisitely fresh and perfect, and the work so fine and regular, it was hard to believe it was done by the hand. Old-fashioned silver, and even bronze, buttons are being very much used now. Of course, antique designs are copied and sold in cheap forms, but for the most part they are clumsy, and look what they are—imitations. Elizabethan ruffs, in a modified form, are being worn this season—not the full ruffs seen on the stage, but a single frill of lace, made to stand up by some modern contrivance. They are pretty and uncommon, but troublesome and uncomfortable to the wearer."

Mr. William Longman, the publisher, who is also an author, is proceeding rapidly in the preparation of a promised work on the three St. Paul's Cathedrals which have successively occupied the center of our capital.

Bret Harte, prior to his starting on his voyage across the Atlantic to England is starring as a lecturer in New York. He is described as keeping his audience for an hour and a half in one continuous roar of laughter.

A London and Suburban Newspaper Company, capital five thousand pounds, in five thousand shares, has been formed for the purpose of purchasing and carrying on four local papers.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 133 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital $[illegible] OFFICERS: John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. H. Eddy, Marine Secretary; H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS: San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Grogan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, R. M. Hamilton, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. S. Faden, W. M. Greenwood, E. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, [illegible] Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 17.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—SAN FRANCISCO—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. B. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, [illegible] A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.

GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.

GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

Office in San Francisco, No. 130 California street.—Fire, Marine and Inland Navigation Risks. Capital $[illegible] Directors: W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckels, [illegible] Wright, W. B. [illegible] C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, John H. Wise, Chas. J. Deering, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, Charles Main, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, James Phelan, D. H. Haskell. Sacramento: H. S. Crocker, N. D. Thayer, E. S. Freeman.

H. G. HORNER, Secretary. [Jan 13.] C. W. KELLOGG, President.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLIONS DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Laws.

WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] S. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6, 750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,[illegible]; Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
Jan. 11.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco.

☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants. No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company, Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street San Francisco. Nov. 18.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. [illegible] ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia 5[illegible] California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

SAUCELITO FERRY.—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT

On and after Monday, April 7th the Steamer Princess will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] and [illegible] A. M. [illegible] and [illegible] P. M. [illegible] and 9:20 A. M., 2:30 and [illegible] P. M. On Saturday, from Saucelito, at [illegible] and 11 A. M., 1, 3 and 5 P. M. from San Francisco at [illegible] 12 M. 2 and 4 P. M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6:30 A. M. SUNDAY TIME. Leave San Francisco, 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. Leave Saucelito, 11 A. M., 1, 3 and 5 P. M.

April 12. H. A. COBB President, [illegible] Montgomery street.

RODGERS, MEYER & CO, 212 BATTERY STREET,

Offer for sale, in bond or duty paid, Woolbags, Fleece Twine, 5 ply and 3 ply, Flax Twine, 5 ply and 3 ply, Grain Bags, Imitation Chicken Gunnies, Coffee Bags, Hessians, [illegible] Copper Ore Bags of all descriptions, Silver Ore Bags of all descriptions, Glengarnock Pig Iron, Kirkless Hall Pig Iron, Yellow Metal [illegible] celebrated brand Composition Nails, Brimstone, Sulphate of Copper, Fire Clay and Chalk, Bath Bricks, Fire Bricks, Soda Crystals, Candles, Grass Cloth. April 12.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12

H. W. JONES.] **JONES & BYERS,** [J. M. BYERS

Real Estate and Collection Agents, 423 Washington street, Room No. [illegible] San Francisco. Our facilities for making [illegible] Collections are [illegible] surpassed. City Collections [illegible] and prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and Money advanced on Real Estate. April 12

CHAMPAGNES

Cachet Blanc, reserve, extra dry; Carte d'Or and L. Roderer, at Agent's rates. The undersigned beg to recommend the above exquisite Wine to the patrons and connoisseurs of Fine Champagne. For sale, in quarts and pints, only at [April 12] A. M. GILMAN & CO. [illegible] California street

OFFICE OF THE CITY GAS COMPANY,

San Francisco, April 5, 1873.—Consumers of Gas are notified that from and after the 9th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS ($4) PER ONE THOUSAND CUBIC FEET.

By order of the Board. [April 12.] W. W. BLOW, Secretary.

THE SILBER LIGHT.

The Success which has attended the practical trials of the Silber light in its application for the purpose of public illumination was referred to in the *Mining Journal* some few weeks since, upon the occasion of an influential company being formed for acquiring the inventor's British patent rights, and developing the trade arising out of them; and from the progress which has even already been made, congratulation may fairly be offered to all concerned upon the excellent prospect of the commercial portion of the business proving as highly remunerative as could be desired. To induce practical men even to test a new invention it is necessary to offer them very decisive evidence that the invention is not only correct in principle, but also likely to secure economical advantages in use; and when these practical tests have been made the public need seldom ask further proof of the real value of the proposition than that afforded by the fact whether or not the use of the invention has been continued after the expiration of the period fixed for the probationary trial. Mr. Silber's invention has passed through these ordeals most satisfactorily, for, after long probationary trial, not only has the invention continued in use, but it has been much more extensively applied. India, moreover, appears desirous not to be behind this country in its appreciation of the invention, for already the Silber light has been adopted for the new railway station at Madras, and has given such complete satisfaction that Messrs. Oakes & Co., the local representatives of the patentee, are sanguine that its adoption will become general, especially as it is found that the cost does not amount to half a pie per lamp per hour, and that the labor of attending to the Silber lights is not one-tenth of that which has been necessary with every form of oil lamp previously used. Upon the occasion of the opening of the station many of the leading Government officials, the members of council, the representatives of the railway company, and the leading merchants and tradesmen of the city were present, and those who have had the opportunity of seeing in this country the softness of light yet enormous illuminating power of the Silber light will readily understand that the station presented an imposing sight when they learn that there were 13 wall-lights, 7 hanging-lamps and several catoptric lamps, all carefully disposed to produce the best possible effect. The praises bestowed upon the invention and on the inventor must have been most gratifying to those interested in the Indian agency, the remark being very constantly heard that the effect equaled that observed in the largest and best illuminated stations in England, which, in a locality beyond the reach of gas, cannot but be regarded as a very significant expression of opinion.

That the Silber light can be advantageously used as a substitute for gas in large towns where the gas mains are in every street and the fitting already provided in the houses, is not claimed even by the inventor himself, but there are innumerable places where the number of lights required is insufficient to justify the erection of gasworks, although the necessity for a small number of brilliant lights is, nevertheless, desirable. The Madras railway station was a case of this kind, although it is not necessary to look so far as India to find instances in which the brilliancy of gas without the costliness of gasworks would be a desideratum; indeed, the course taken by the Great Western Company is conclusive proof of this. The use of the Silber lights as carriage lights upon the Great Eastern, Metropolitan, London, Brighton and South Coast, and other railways, has already been mentioned, and reference was also made to the certificate of Mr. Myles Fenton, the general manager of the Metropolitan Railway, in which he stated that the Silber lamps which have been fitted in one of their trains for about nine months have proved very satisfactory. Perfect lighting is essential on this line, and their experience so far has proved that the Silber lamps are the best that they have used, both as regards illuminating power and economy; whilst the Great Western Company has now given further proof of its appreciation of the practical utility of the invention by adopting the Silber lights for the general illumination of the Taplow station. As the Great Western Company had already had nearly twelve months' acquaintance with the lamps, it may fairly be assumed that the lighting of the Taplow station by the same means was not decided upon without mature consideration, and it may be equally fairly assumed that as the comparison with several other stations of the company has proved extremely favorable in point of economy, the same system of lighting will speedily extend itself to the almost innumerable stations in the kingdom which are at present in a state of the most melancholy gloominess, although an amount far greater than that now paid for lighting Taplow station is expended upon them.

That the Silber light is able successfully to compete with coal-gas at 3s. 9d. per 1,000 cubic feet is, no doubt, due to some extent to the facts that Mr. Silber's invention permits of mineral oil being consumed under the most favorable conditions, and that mineral oil is the most economical burning oil manufactured; but that the economy depends principally upon the construction of the Silber lamp is obvious, since the best of the mineral lamps previously constructed have been comparable with gas only when attended to and regulated with the care seldom found outside the chemist's laboratory, and even then have scarcely approached it in point of economy. Nor is this the only proof that the higher illuminating power and greater economy obtained are due to the invention, and not to the use of a special quality of burning fluid; for we have recently seen ordinary colza oil burned in a moderateur lamp of the ordinary form, but fitted with Mr. Silber's invention, which, although consuming about the same quantity of the same oil per hour, gave a light more than four times as brilliant as the fellow lamp in its unmodified form; and it speaks well for the invention that not a single instance has occurred in which the Silber light has failed to give satisfaction, although in the course of his experience the inventor has naturally been able to render the light still more nearly perfect by slight modification of detail. The invention will certainly come into general use, and cannot fail to prove highly remunerative to all concerned in its development.

THE BRITISHERS' HOLIDAY.

The Seventh Annual Picnic of the British Benevolent Society came off at Fassking's Gardens, Alameda, on April 23d, Shakespeare's Birthday, where about 3,000 persons, including those from the other side of the bay, held a festival that surpassed even the preceding successful anniversaries. As usual, it was the Queen's weather. The gardens near the entrance and west of the hotel were tastefully decorated with the flags of all nations, conspicuous in size being those of Great Britain and Ireland and the United States of America, and a banner 60 feet by 6, with "Seventh Anniversary. Welcome All," under two hands clasped with the stars and stripes and British ensign on each side. Dancing commenced to Wetterman's celebrated band at 10 A.M., and continued with an interval of one hour until 5:35 P.M., and certainly there was a large bevy of lovely girls and matrons tripping it on the light fantastic toe. At 1 P.M., in the absence of Mr. Evans, Mrs. Uhrig kindly accompanied at the piano the sixteen voices rendering the quartette and chorus of Brinley Richards' "God Bless the Prince of Wales." The glee of "The Chough and Crow," by Bishop, was played by happy Sam Mayer for twenty-four voices, which was loudly applauded. "The Death of Nelson," by F. W. Baker, was given in such admirable manner and enthusiastically received, that he had to repeat it. "The Star Spangled Banner" was then given, the solos by Mrs. Baker, Mr. Baker and Sam May, and the chorus of the grands, and cast, "God Save the Queen," the solos, duets and trios by Mesdames Uhrig, Scott, Baker, and Messrs. Baker, Mayer, Wunderlich, and chorus of the grands. Owing to the crowding on the balconies, it was impossible to carry out the whole of the musical arrangements, to the regret of the Singers' Committee and audience. At 2 P.M. the games commenced in a course staked off and roped 200 by 40 feet, and judging from the number of witnesses the jolly Britons entered into the spirit of it as in the days of yore. A neat and handy programme with the list of games and prizes, order of dances and vocal music to be rendered, was given to every purchaser of a ticket, and found to be a great convenience. At 5:35 the band struck up "God Save the Queen," the company all sang, and then, entering the commodious cars, returned to the boat and arrived at San Francisco by 7 P.M., all happy, no accidents, and proving beyond a doubt, for rural festivities the Britishers will not be beaten.

Handel and Haydn Concerts.—To-day the single reserved tickets will commence to be issued at the music store of Kohler, Chase & Co., 633 Clay street, and from the many applications already made for season as well as single tickets, we advise those who contemplate listening to these musical treats, to secure their seats at an early date.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California.—Mrs. Bowers has drawn good houses all the week, and no doubt will continue to do so as long as she stops here. Her acting is easy, natural and polished. As "Elizabeth" she displays an amount of dramatic power that, good actress as we know her to be, surprised us. McCullough's "Essex" was also good, as also was Miss Nellie Cummins' "Marie." It is a real treat to have a good actress like Mrs. Bowers among us, and we hope that the wretched sticks that persist act here will study her style of acting and profit by it. She is undoubtedly one of the best actresses America has ever produced. On Monday Shakespeare's *Much Ado About Nothing* will be produced, with Mrs. Bowers as "Beatrice." No doubt it will fill the house.

Metropolitan.—Sunday is the last evening that this theater is open, but its last days are brilliant. The Chapman Sisters have drawn good appreciative audiences all the time. No one can help liking their clever acting and pretty songs. *Cinderella* is the last burlesque produced at this theater. It is well put on the stage, and all the parts are well taken. Davies, the ventriloquist, is greeted each night with roars of laughter. The gallery are suited all to pieces with his two dolls, and their talk and the peanuts get a rest while he is on the stage.

At the Bella Union, last week, R. G. Marsh, the popular and genial manager, made quite a hit as "Black Sam," in the scene from *Uncle Tom's Cabin*. He is the perfect impersonation of a funny, rollicking darkey, and has received unbounded applause each evening. Matt Kelly's dry humor is also much appreciated by the patrons of this theater. He is perfectly irresistible in repartee and comic dialogue.

Alhambra.—The Emerson Minstrel troupe is filling the house pretty well. Maguire, however, is East, and will no doubt introduce some new talent. We want it; although the present troupe is good, people have tired and want a change.

Wilson's Circus has reopened with a more brilliant troupe than ever. He has joined with Yankee Robinson and now offers a programme to the public such as we have never before had here.

THINGS ELSEWHERE.

Charles Mathews is fulfilling a successful engagement at the Glasgow Theater Royal.——Sardou's *Uncle Sam*, at the Grand Opera House, N. Y., has proved a most lamentable failure. *Under the Gaslight* has been put on in its place. Sardou's *Agnes*, too, was rather snubbed at its first appearance in Paris. The Parisian *amour propre* was offended at its being first produced in this country.——Pauline Lucca is seeking a divorce.——The Metropolitan and Maguire's Opera House are to close for ever on the 27th.——Carlotta Patti is at present in Paris.——Wilkie Collins' *New Magdalene* is to appear in the Globe Theater, Boston, next month.——Mme. Rossini has sold her husband's inedited works for 100,000f. They will be published.——Six new theaters are being built in Vienna for the Great Exposition. Phoenix Barnum proposes to send forty Indians there at his own expense.——A Miss Josie Jones, late of Cincinnati, is receiving much praise in the Royal Musical Academy, Milan. She is to make her debut this Autumn. Contralto.——Lydia Thompson and her troupe coined money in their tour East and South.——Marian Mordaunt is acting in the late Stevens circuit.——The Grand Opera House, Memphis, Tenn., is to be rebuilt.

BAY DISTRICT HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Spring Exhibition of the Bay District Horticultural Society will open on May 1st at Horticultural Hall, on Stockton street, at three P.M., and continue for nine days. Professor E. S. Carr, of the State University, will deliver the opening address. The character of the exhibition will be different from the Autumnal exhibitions, inasmuch as the various plants differ in their flowering season. It will be chiefly a grand floral display, but as such it is expected to be far superior to any of the former exhibitions of the Society. The hall will be handsomely decorated and brilliantly illuminated. On the floor will be distributed over 150 urns and vases containing tropical plants, which will form a pleasing contrast to the plants arranged on the tables. Statuary and fountains will be so placed at intervals to render the scene effective. One of the best features of the exhibition will be the exhibition of plants received by the children at the last exhibition, for which fifty costly prizes will be awarded. This cannot fail to create a taste among the young folks for flowers and home adornment. Prizes will also be distributed to amateurs for the best exhibit of house plants, and a great many have responded to the Society's invitation to exhibit. Groups of rustic work, stands, acquariums, fern cases, etc., will also be placed to add to the beauty of the floral decoration. The galleries of the hall will be handsomely decorated with wreaths and garlands. Over three thousand feet will be required for the purpose. Afternoon and evening concerts will be given by the popular band of Schmidt & Schlotte. The exhibition promises to be a glorious success, a very large number of season tickets being already sold.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY PICNIC.

The Sons and Daughters of "bonny Scotland," and their friends, are invited to join the St. Andrew's Society Grand Annual Picnic, to Laurel Grove, San Rafael, on Saturday, May 3d. It has always been one of the most select picnics of the season, and one of the most enjoyable. A prettier place than Laurel Grove could not have been chosen for the excursion. All sorts of manly sports, races, etc., will be on the programme. All who can get away will no doubt avail themselves of the treat on Saturday, and countless merry parties will cross the bay on the *Contra Costa*. The boat leaves Davis-street Landing at 9:30 A.M. and 1 P.M.

Senor Ferrer's Concert.—As a well rendered selection of light, graceful yet good music, the complimentary concert tendered to Señor Manuel Ferrer, the guitarist, at the Mercantile Library Hall, last night, was a success. Verdi Doni [illegible] gave the character to the concert, and though some of the items were few only in their way, they were none the less pretty for that. Good taste was shown in everything, as well also the programme as platform, and we have rarely listened to a more judicious mixture of voice and instrument. Miss McKenzie, Mrs. Lardner, and Messrs. Durchez and Morley were the vocalists, Messrs. Hartleigh, Pasal, Wall, Evans, Paredes and Ferrer being the instrumentalists. To apply a commendatory adjective to each name would be a simple way to conclude this notice. Let it be supposed that the adjective is applied, and yet in walking home, the echoes of Mrs. Barstow's mellow-toned voice dwelt in our ears with such pleasant persistency, that we easily came to the conclusion that the aria from Romeo had pleased us most.

The Odd Fellow's Picnic comes off to-day at Fassking's Gardens, Alameda. It has always been a first-rate picnic, and no doubt the one to-day will equal the other ones. The Odd Fellows are a very numerous brotherhood in this city, and most of them are men of good standing and position. These come out strong at the picnic, and general hospitality and conviviality will be the order of the day. Measures have been taken to entirely stop that bugbear of picnics, the "Hoodlum," from spoiling the day's amusement.

A Pleasure Trip to the Farallone Islands starts to-morrow. The steamer *Wm. Taber* has been chartered. It starts from the Market street wharf at 9 A.M., and gets back at 6 P.M. Capt. Robert Haly has chartered the ship for his own benefit. Passengers will land and have three or four hours on shore. The sea-birds are laying and the sea-lions are in their glory. A steward will be on board to furnish refreshments.

Captain MacDonald's Cadets gave a grand exhibition of their perfect drill the other night at Platt's Hall. The hall was well filled and the Cadets were loudly applauded.

St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street, Rev. Dr. Scott Pastor. The church proper is inclosed for a fortnight, erecting an organ, but Dr. Scott will preach in the Lecture Room, Sunday, at 11 o'clock A.M., and hold Bible class and Sunday school at 9¾ A.M. No evening service.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Budd, W. C....440 California st.
Burling, W....428 California st.
Ford, J. C. 420 Mont'y, up stairs.
Fitch, J. R.....411 California st.
Higgins, W. L....418 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H...434 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. R.....408 Montg'y st.
Marine, E. J. DeS., with I. Glazier & Co.,.....426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 416 Hayw'd B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P.....418 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H.....401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W.......444 Cal'a st.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔ ℔	$25@	[illegible]
Do. pickled........	40	
Do. Packed	40	
Cheese, Cal	20@	25
Honey	10@	
Eggs, ℔ doz.	25@	
Lard ℔ ℔ ..	15@	20
Ham & Bacon, ℔ ℔.	15@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal. ..	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔ ℔..	1@	2
Do. sweet	4@	5
Lima Beans, ℔ ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔ ℔	6@	8
Onions, ℔ ℔	5@	6
Squashes, ℔ ℔	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔ ℔ .. .	2@	3
Cabbages, each.. . ..	12@	15
Cauliflowers, each ...	15@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz ...	25@	
Celery, ℔ doz b	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b ..	20@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b ..	20@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b .	20@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b .	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔ ℔ ...	6@	8
String Beans, ℔ ℔. .	15@	
Apples, ℔ ℔. . ..	10@	12
Pears ℔ ℔	6@	12
Quinces, ℔ ℔ .	10	
Peaches, ℔ ℔ ...	15	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried ℔ ℔.	15@	25
Do. new, ℔ ℔ ..	65	
Oranges, ℔ doz. ..	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100.	75@1	00
Limes ℔ doz . ..	25@	
Quail, ℔ doz 2	50@3	00
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys ℔ ℔	25@	35
Geese ℔ pair . 4	00@5	00
Ducks, ℔ pair .. 2	50@3	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair ..	25@	40
Hares, each .	37@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100. . 1	00@	
Clams, ℔ 100 ..	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100.	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔ ℔	12@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔ ℔..	10@	
Codfish, ℔ ℔ .. .	12@	
Rockfish ℔ ℔. ..	12@	
Smelts, ℔ ℔	8@	
Tomcod ℔ ℔ .. .	12@	
Sturgeon, ℔ ℔	7@	
Sea Bass, ℔ ℔ . .	6@	
Flounders, ℔ ℔	12@	
Halibut, ℔ ℔	40@	
Perch, ℔ ℔	6@	
Shrimps, ℔ ℔ ..	6@	
Anchovies, ℔ ℔ . .	4@	
Soles, ℔ ℔	25@	
Herrings, ℔ ℔	6@	

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Cahill—In this city, April 19th, to the wife of J. H. Cahill, a son.
Chase—In this city, April 18th, to the wife of J. G. Chase, a son.
Callopy—In this city, April 23d, to the wife of Jas. Callopy, a son.
Hinden—In this city, April 22d, to the wife of Valentine Hinden, a son.
Keyser—In this city, April 24th, to the wife of A. F. Keyser, a daughter.
Lange—In this city, April 24th, to the wife of Henry Lange, a son.
Richards—In this city, April 21st, to the wife of C. H. Richards, a son.
Steel—In this city, April 14th, to the wife of James H. Steel, a son.
Thomas—In this city, April 16th, to the wife of J. H. Thomas, a daughter.
Van Bergen—In this city, April 14th, to the wife of A. Van Bergen, a son.

ALTAR.

Ashcom-Morse—In this city, April 24th, J. E. Ashcom to Stella Morse.
Case-Bruce—In this city, April 20th, Joseph D. Case to Eliza Bruce.
Deubner-Ott—In this city, April 20th, Wm. C. Deubner to Kate A. Ott.
Findley-McCue—In this city, April 22d, Robert Findley to Margaret McCue.
Jones-Kirkland—In this city, April 22d, Joseph K. Jones to Kate Kirkland.
Mann-Miller—In this city, April 23d, Frank Mann to Elizabeth Miller.
McCarthy-Webster—In this city, March 23d, David F. McCarthy to C. Webster.

TOMB.

Baker—In this city, April 24th, A. J. Baker, aged 48 years.
Coller—In this city, April 21st, John Coller, aged 50 years.
McNichol—In this city, April 23d, James McNichol, aged 30 years.
Owens—In this city, April 25th, Thompson Owens, aged 47 years.
Peabody—In this city, April 20th, Eveline W. Peabody, aged 60 years.
Summerville—In this city, April 24th, Wm. Summerville, aged 45 years.
Thayer—In this city, April 21st, Andrew E. Thayer, aged 52 years.
Thevenot—In this city, April 1st, V. Thevenot, aged 35 years.
Wilson—In this city, April 22d, Alfred Wilson, aged 46 years.

THE FIRST DAILY NEWSPAPER.

One Hundred and Seventy-one Years Ago, on the 11th day of March, 1702, the first number of the first daily newspaper in the English language was published in London. Its appearance was not heralded by advertisement, for, besides the two or three weekly journals then published, and which were wholly devoted to politics and court matters, there was nothing in which to advertise. The proposed publication of the *Courant*—for such the new venture was to be called—was not looked upon with a high degree of favor by the monopolists of the London newspaper field, who affected to regard it with supreme contempt, and spoke of it only as "the pitiful Project of a poor Printer," with all the added weight that could be conveyed by a liberal use of italics and exclamation-points. But the publisher was a shrewd fellow, and saw that this display of spite would act as an irritant upon public curiosity, and, judging by what a sharp newspaper-man would do now-a-days, he went home, ordered his pressman to "put on two more quires," and awaited the result.

When the *Courant* did appear, upon the above-mentioned date, it was a curiosity. It was about the size of half a sheet of foolscap-paper, printed only upon one side, containing neither editorials, locals, court news, political matter, advertisements, nor English intelligence of any kind whatever. This last intelligence was the more singular, not to say significant, when the reader will remember that, upon that very date, the 11th of March, Queen Anne went to the House of Peers to deliver her first speech from the throne, King William III having died upon the 8th, three days before. We have said there was no home news in the first issue of the *Courant*. The assertion was too sweeping. In one corner there are seven lines, four of which relate to the funeral of the deceased king, and three are devoted to the condition of the English army in Flanders, for war at that time was raging between England and France. The remainder of the contents consisted entirely of quotations from foreign papers, with the exception of half a column in reference to its future prospects and plans. "This *Courant*," says the publisher, "as the Title shows, will be published daily, being designed to give all the Material News as soon as every Post arrives, and is confined to half the Compass to save the Publick at least half the Impertinences of ordinary Newspapers."

Six weeks after the first issue the publisher announced in his largest type that the project had been "so successful that hereafter both sides will be printed." The appearance of over a column of advertisements in the same number is a sufficient endorsement of the statement, and from that time the *Courant* increased in prosperity. Every newspaper has its leading feature, and that claimed by the *Courant* was foreign intelligence. Three months after its first appearance the following notice found a conspicuous place in its columns, which leads to the belief that newspaper publishers were much the same in those days as now as regards the obtaining of news from abroad: "It will be found from the Foreign Prints which from Time to Time, as Occasion offers, will be mentioned in this Paper, that the Author has taken Care to be duly furnished with All that comes from Abroad in any Language. And for an Assurance that he will not, under Pretence of having Private Intelligence, impose any Additions of feigned Circumstances to an Action, but give his Extracts fairly and impartially, at the Beginning of each Article he will quote the Foreign Paper from whence 'tis taken, that the Publick, seeing from what Country a Piece of News comes with the allowance of that Government, may be better able to judge of the Credibility and Fairness of the Relation. Nor will he take upon him to give any Comments or Conjectures of his own, but will relate only Matter of Fact, supposing other People to have Sense enough to make Reflections for Themselves."

Had we any intention of glorifying the modern daily newspaper at the expense of the *Courant*, we might stop here to draw a very striking comparison between the merits of the two. But that was no part of our original plan, and we care it for to us who have nothing else to do. As we have said, and as is claimed in the above quotations, the strong point of the *Courant* was its foreign intelligence. Clipper ships, ocean steamers, and atlantic cables were unknown in those days, and the publisher was obliged to depend upon the uncertain movements of the sailing vessels. ... the news from America was sometimes two, three and occasionally even four months old. Even the news from across the Channel was often two and three weeks old. But then the intelligence, stale as it was, was undoubtedly read with as keen an appetite, and discussed with as much earnestness as if it had come but hot from the wires an hour before. A fire might occur in New York, and the destroyed buildings be replaced, by the time the intelligence would reach London; or a colonial official in Boston to sicken, die, and his widow be spending her honeymoon with her second, before the news of the first event would be published in the columns of the *Courant*. But the preservative power of time did not allow anything in the news ... to lose its savor, and these modest scraps, with others gathered from various parts of the world, were served up, day after day, to the public, with great seeming acceptance. Every afternoon the same stream of patrons rolled into the narrow, out-of-the-way street of publication, bought its innumerable pennies and bore away its innumerable copies through the fog and smoke of London. At last there came a day, as there comes a day to us all, when the founder and publisher of the first daily paper in the English tongue, having acted out his work, shut his eyes upon the world, and went out of it. That work, looked at across the hundred and seventy years that have elapsed since its accomplishment, seems poor enough, but, poor as it was, imperfect as it was, absurd as it was, it was the first placing of the lever which to-day moves the world.

Charles F. Hord in Appleton's Journal.

REMOVAL.

The San Francisco and Pacific Sugar Company and R. Feuerstein & Co. have removed their offices to the Second Floor of TALLANT'S NEW BANKING HOUSE, Northwest corner of Battery and California streets. April 26.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Ajax, F. Bolles, Commander, will leave Folsom-street wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, April 26, at 10 o'clock A.M. [April 26.] WM. NOBLES, Agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND HORTICULTURAL SPRING EXHIBITION

Of the Bay District Horticultural Society of California.—Will open on THURSDAY, May 1st, 1873, at HORTICULTURAL HALL, 6n Stockton, between Sutter and Post streets, to continue Nine Days. The display of Flowers, Trees and Shrubs will be unequaled. The Hall will be decorated on a grand scale with Wreaths and Garlands, Statuary, Aquariums, Floral Fountains, Rustic Work, Bouquets and Flowers. During each Afternoon and Evening, Schmidt & Schlotte's Band will perform the most Select Music. Nothing will be left undone to make the Exhibition a most brilliant success. Prof. E. S. Carr, of the State University of California, has kindly consented to deliver the Opening Address. FIFTY HANDSOME PRIZES will be awarded to the Young Ladies of San Francisco who will exhibit the Plants received by them at the Exhibition of 1872. During afternoons, commencing on Monday, May 5th, Plants will be given away to all Boys and Girls under 15 who purchase tickets at the door. Prices of Admission—Family Season Tickets, $5; Single Season Tickets, $2; Single Admission, 50 cents, Children, 25 cents. Doors open every day except Sunday, from 11 A.M. to 5 P.M., and 6½ to 10 P.M. Promenade Concert every day from 3 to 5 and 8 to 10 P.M.
April 26. THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

FIFTY-FOURTH ANNIVERSARY, I. O. O. F.

Odd Fellows' Picnic, on Saturday, April 26, 1873, at Fassking's Gardens, Alameda, for the Benefit of the Library Fund.—Steamers will leave the Alameda Ferry Wharf, Davis and Pacific streets, as follows: 9 and 10 A.M., and every half hour until 12 o'clock M. Also, at 1½ o'clock P.M. Returning—The Cars leave the Grounds at 3 o'clock, and half hourly until 6 o'clock P.M. TICKETS, with Badges: Adults, for the round trip, $1. Youths, from 10 to 15 years, 50 cents. Children, from 5 to 10 years, 25 cents; Under 5 years of age, free. Sports of different kinds will be introduced, including innocent and amusing games for ladies and children, and prizes awarded to the successful contestants. Excursionists are particularly requested to purchase their Tickets previous to the 26th, in order to prevent confusion. And also be sure that they get Badges with their Tickets, which must be worn conspicuously to entitle them to admittance to the Grounds. Tickets will be taken at the Ferry Office, Davis street, and in exchange Return Checks will be given, which must be preserved, and will be collected on the return trip. Tickets can be obtained at ODD FELLOWS' LIBRARY, at the office of the Secretary, I. D. Barnard, 224 Montgomery street, New Age Office, Collins' Hat Store, Montgomery street, and from members of the Committee. COLIN M. BOYD,
April 26. Chairman Committee of Arrangements.

HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY.

A Grand Musical Festival will be given by the Handel and Haydn Society, at the CENTRAL TABERNACLE, Tyler street, near Taylor, commencing on the 28th of April, continuing THREE EVENINGS, during which time the full ORATORIO OF ELIJAH and Mendelssohn's HYMN OF PRAISE, together with Selections from Beethoven's "Engedi," "William Tell," "Stabat Mater" and "Ernani," will be given by a Grand Chorus of TWO HUNDRED VOICES, and an Orchestra of Thirty Pieces, with Full Organ accompaniment. The solos will be rendered by Mrs. Marriner Moore and Haydn and Messrs. Mayer, Maguire, Campbell and Makin. Conductor, Prof. Geo. T. Evans. Prices: Admission, $1; Reserved Seats, $1 50. Seats can be reserved for the season at Kohler, Chase & Co.'s, 633 Clay street, on and after Saturday, April 19. Sale of Single Tickets, with Reserved Seats, commencing Saturday, April 26. Full particulars will be found in Pamphlets, to be had at all the Music Stores. April 19.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

Grand Annual Excursion and Picnic to Laurel Grove, San Rafael, on SATURDAY, May 3d, 1873. Prizes will be awarded the successful competitors, in an excellent programme of games which has been arranged, and the friends and members of the Society are guaranteed a splendid day's enjoyment on the occasion. Steamer CONTRA COSTA leaves Davis-street landing at 9:30 A.M. and 1 P.M. TICKETS—One Dollar. Children, under 12 years, Fifty Cents, to be had at Anderson & Irving's, 213 Montgomery street, Frey's Music Store, 404 Kearny street, or from Committee on the Wharf on morning of Picnic. April 26.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager. F. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Lively Times at the Old Theater! Fun at the Nowhere! A Bevy of Beautiful Girls!—Miss Jennie Johnson, Miss Fanny Garretson, Misses Susie Robinson, Maggie Kelly, Maggie St. Clair, Mollie Edwards, Lizzie Harland. Engagement Extraordinary of CASSIDY and FRITZ, with American Acrobats. Tilton, Marinelli, in favorite Roles. Leo Dillon, Matt Kelly, Harry Cassland, Tommy Barton, Tommy Bree and W. Barr, in full variety entertainment. "Black Statue," "Mysterious Restaurant," and "Ghost in spite of Himself." Admission—25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents. Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. April 26.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson. — Director, John Woodard; Treasurer, Andrew Barrell.—Saturday Afternoon, April 26—Grand Matinee. Great success of the Premier Ventriloquist of the World, Mr. E. D. DAVIES, in his original entertainment, "Anecdotes and Adventures of the Funniest of Funny Folks." THE CHAPMAN SISTERS in their popular Fairy Extravaganza, CINDERELLA. Monday, April 28—Grand Extra Night, when the entire Company and Attaches will tender a Complimentary Benefit to Manager E. O. BERT. Admission—Dress Circle, 75 cents; Orchestra Seats, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents. April 26.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush St., between Montgomery and Kearny.—Maguire & Emerson Proprietors, Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer. Bob Hart, Stage Manager. Geo. T. Evans, Musical Director. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon—Entire Change of Bill. Great Success of MR. CHAS. VIVIAN.—Continuance of the Great Irish Comedian, MR. SAM. RICKEY. The San Francisco Favorite LITTLE MACK. "Here's Your Fishing Line." Peep of the Hurricane! "A Slippery Day." April 26.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Afternoon, April 26—MRS. BOWERS'S Matinee, and only afternoon performance of MARY STUART. Saturday Evening, MACBETH. Monday, April 28th, MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING. April 26.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO.

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties (tarred or untarred) of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are so located that orders can be shipped Direct, by rail or water, to any part of the State, when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY. [April 26.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 116 Front street.

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO.

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for Rope of any special lengths and sizes. Constantly on hand, a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes; Tarred Manila Rope, Hay Rope, Whale Line, etc., etc.
April 26. TUBBS & CO., 611 and 613 Front street.

$5,000.—A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.

I will dispose of an interest in my Wonderful Bedstead to a live man. It is a regular Bedstead. A sick person, however large, handled as easy as a babe. Raises the patients up; turns them over from one side to the other, makes up the bed and changes the clothes; places patient on the feet or on a vessel, separates patient from bed and cools the bed, rocks to sleep, and will, at using the hand, [illegible] the [illegible]. BENJAMIN POLLARD,
April 26. [illegible] Market street.

HORTICULTURAL SPRING EXHIBITION.

Opens May 1, 1873, at Horticultural Hall.—Office hours of the Secretary—Every day, between 3 and 4 P.M., at No. 421 CLAY STREET, until further notice. April 19.

NOTICE.

Mr. D. G. Scofield has an interest in the business of our firm, dating from the 1st of January last. F. H. TAYLOR & CO.
San Francisco, April 23, 1873. April 26.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

WHERE AND WHAT IS THE PLACARD EXCHANGE?

'Tis a Place where a man, if he likes to, can find
Anything he requires, both for body and mind;
If you're going a trip by the overland route,
You can there find the roads and the line that best suit;
If you want a new house, or a nice piece of land,
Or to draw up a bill to be paid on demand,
If you want a new hat, if you want some old wine,
If you want to inspect samples of ore from a mine,
If you want some new linen, a necktie, or socks,
If you want a safe broker to buy you some stocks,
If you want some good ribbons, or rare kinds of lace,
If you want a good lawyer to fight out your case,
If you want one to buy a good watch or a chain,
If you've wants for the body or wants for the brain,
If you want a good photograph, taken like life,
Or begad, I believe, if you wanted a wife,
If you want a good doctor to cure all your ills,
If you want a good druggist to make up your pills,
If you want to know what are the new city laws,
You will find them all there, with each chapter and clause;
If you want some new matting to put on your floor,
If you want to know aught that concerneth this shore,
You can know it right there, at the Placard Exchange.
You can find what you want, and your business arrange,
Not only advertisements there you will see,
But things of great interest, from land and from sea,
Canary birds sing in their cages around,
And a fountain's soft ripple adds beauty to sound.
In fact, in a word, all these matters to tell,
It's the whole of the State in a simple nutshell,
For the man in whose brain this idea had its birth,
Has wandered all over the face of the earth.
And now to the world he says, "Come in and see,"
For you've nothing to pay, the admittance is free
On Merchant street, close to Montgomery Place,
A feast to the mind and a treat to the eyes.
Just take good advice, go around there and look
At the wonders, to tell which would fill up a book.

We Have Great Pleasure in drawing attention to the following circular

PARIS, March 12, 1873.—CHARLES LE GAY, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe—Dear Sir: You will find at my office complete files of the San Francisco *News Letter*, Daily Sacramento *Union*, Daily *Alta California*, Daily *Bulletin*, Daily *Morning Chronicle*, which I cordially invite you to consult at your pleasure and convenience. CHARLES LE GAY.

MR. F. MARRIOTT, San Francisco, California.

The many friends of Charley Le Gay will rejoice to hear that after traveling over the greater part of the civilized world, and acquiring a store of information, both ministerial and commercial, he has settled down in Paris, where already his business qualities have been useful to many houses in San Francisco in the shape of commissions to purchase goods for this market. He has struck out a new branch of industry in connection with San Francisco, as well as with its traveling public, which cannot fail of success. It must at the same time be highly gratifying for an old resident of California to act as interpreter and assist in effecting business transactions wherein judgment, experience of foreign and American interests, can be promoted by the solid capacity and high standing of an American gentleman. Among the many influential Americans that do business with him, we may mention the name of Calvin Brown, of Mare Island, who is on a tour of observation for the Government, who was recommended and introduced to him by Mr. Washburne, U. S. Minister to France. Gen. Fred. Starring, the Special Agent of the Treasury Department in Europe, also does most of his business with him. The patent windmill with which he is interested in America only meets with universal approbation, and is said to be just the thing for California use.

Away with Your Vile Decoctions, your poisons take away;
I've tried them over and over again, and find it doesn't pay,
A restless and uneasy night, headache next day,
A head big as a pumpkin, a tongue like rancid butter,
Not sense enough to write a line, scarce strength enough to sputter,
No, take all other drinks away, and leave me only Cutter.

The Pope, Mons. Thiers, and countless other prominent men who have attained a green old age, with mental and bodily faculties unimpaired by time, attribute their wonderful longevity and perspicuity to the fact of having abstained from such poisonous drinks as absinthe, brandy, etc. Mr. Thiers in particular says: "Never have I felt better than at the present time; never was my head clearer—and why? A few months ago I received a present from a prominent California wine grower, Mr. Gerke. His wine has done me more good than all the physic I ever took. It is superior to French wine in many respects."

Old Uncle Hector was famous for having the largest nose in the Cape Fear region. After his death his will, which was worded in a peculiar way, was dispated. He willed the bulk of his fortune to the nephew that most resembled him. Now as there was no likeness of Hector in existence, it was somewhat difficult to decide who should be the fortunate one. Finally the trustees decided to give it to the one with the longest nose. Now had Uncle Hector lived in our day and had his carte taken by I. W. Taber, the thing could have been settled at once.

O, Dash Away that Pearly Tear, refrain that rising sigh,
Let's make the moments happy that, alas, too quickly fly,
Put on your sable cloak, love, for the wind is blowing cold,
And I'll take you to a place, love, that's "just as good as gold."
We'll go to old friend Tom Collins, at his place, the Saddle Rock,
And try some fine fat Easterns, of which he's got a stock.

Some Curious Anachronisms are perpetrated on canvas. Burgoanne, in his "Travels to Spain," notices a painting where Abraham is preparing to shoot Isaac with a pistol. In "Owen's Travels" is mentioned a painting in the Church of St. Zacharia, at Venice, where an angel is entertaining the Virgin Mary and the Infant Jesus with an air on the violin. Now, none of these absurd mistakes are made in photography. Just pull up at Bradley & Rulofson's, and see if you can help admiring nature deified by art.

"**Alas!** how light a cause may move
Dissension between hearts that love!
Hearts that the world in vain had tried,
And sorrow but more closely tied."

Too true, as a little episode in my domestic circle proved to me the other day. My wife would have a new lounge and set of chairs. She let me have no peace by night or day until I got them. I went to N. P. Cole. Peace has been restored, and "all's well."

Dr. Johnson, in his "Life of Milton," says that the term "Roman Catholic" is one of the Pope's bulls. It is "particular universal, or catholic schismatic." Catholic, as every one knows, means universal, now, the Popish religion is not universal. Goodwin & Moore's furniture, for instance, and offices, is catholic, it is universally used all over the State. No one that has once bought furniture from them will use any other. It combines elegance with durability.

"**Can You Tell Me** where I can find a good drive and a nice place to put up at?" Of course, drive on the San Bruno Road and put up at Harry Blanken's, at the Six Mile House. He'll give you a hearty welcome and good cheer.

The Epizootic has laid up nearly half our horses. Many of our street cars have had to stop, and hacks grow scarcer every day. Numerous cures have been tried and countless preventives suggested. None, so far, have had the desired effect. A friend of ours, however, has a lot of horses up, not one of which has been affected. He says that ever since he used Main & Winchester's harness his horses have never been ill a day. It seems strange, but it is true.

The Report that Squarza, our well-known and justly celebrated punchmaker, who has been residing at Palermo, in Sicily, is about to return here is without foundation. Meanwhile it is well known and believed that the proof of his great and popular secret is in the hands of his companion and friend and assistant, Mr. A. Fisher, Leidesdorff street. This is our idea, but of others to the contrary notwithstanding.

Whitney has burst up, in fact it's almost chronic with him. Long has he beared the market, but now his turn has come. If he does not look out he will have to face a jury this time. Stocks fluctuate, brokers break, but De la Montanya's Union Range will ever hold its own. It always has been the best and always will be.

An Inventor, who has, after much study and labor, invented a new system of making railroad locomotives and car axles, which can be finished in the short space of fifteen minutes after coming out of the blast furnace without being placed in a lathe for finish, wants a person of capital. Address R. R. R., this office.

The Stigmata is an every day occurrence compared with what we saw yesterday. A man, nearly blind, bought a pair of Muller's Spectacles, and now he can see to read the smallest type.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.	TEAS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1...	$37 50 @ 60 —	Japan...	— 90 @ — 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 4 @ — 6	Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
Metal Sheathing, ℔	— 25 @ — 30	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates, I. C., ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No. 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Tin Plates, I. X., ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	8 @ — 10
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 7½ @ — 8
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 12½ @ — 12¾
Banca Tin, ℔	— 40 @ — 42½	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 6
Quicksilver	— — @ — 91	Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	14 00 @ 15 00	Sperm Wax, ℔	— 20 @ — 41
Australian	11 50 @ 12 00	Adamantine	— 15 @ — 19
Cumberland	18 00 @ 20 00	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	14 00 @ 15 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ — —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rio, ℔	19 @ —	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 25 @ — 27	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 15 @ — 17	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	— 16 @ — 19	Chicken Gunnies, 20x36	17 @ — 18
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales	— 16 @ 17
China, No. 1, ℔	— 7 @ — 7½	Burlap Bags	16 @ — 17½
China, No. 2	— 6 @ — 6¾	Hessian, 40-inch, ℔ yard	— 12 @ — 13
Hawaiian	— 8½ @ — 9	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool, ℔	— 14 @ — 30
Champagne, ℔ doz	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 6½ @ — 7
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 16 @ — 17
Sherry, do. do.	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs	1 00 @ 1 90
OIL.		Barley	1 15 @ 1 40
Coal and Kerosene	— 35 @ — 52½	Oats	2 15 @ 2 25
		Flour, ℔ 100 lbs.	5 00 @ 5 75

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

May 1st—Steamer COLORADO. Capt. Warsaw.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA and connecting, via Panama Railroad with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

April 28th—Steamer GREAT REPUBLIC. Capt. Cavarly.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of the Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M. as follows:

PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Thursday, April 24th, Tuesday, April 29th.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Friday, April 11th, Wednesday, April 23d.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO AND SANTA BARBARA.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:

SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, Friday, April 18th; Monday, April 28th.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th. Freight received on the morning of sailing and day after 5 o'clock P. M. on the 7th. Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [April 2.] S. H. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that the Field Deputies of this office will commence assessing property SATURDAY, March 1, 1873. The duties assigned to these Deputies are well known to the community to require explanation, and while I have been careful in making my selections of men for the positions by men favorably known in this community for their competency and integrity, and am confident that the duties will be discharged by them to the general satisfaction of all concerned. I urgently request the general public to report to this office any dereliction of duty by any of its Deputies, and assure them that any just complaints will receive immediate attention. LEVI LUSK, City and County Assessor.

March 8.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press and Wood Engraving Establishment into better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Gerke Vineyard, Vina, Tehama county, is now permanently located at 110 and 112 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE. Ostrom & Hamlin, Managers.

C. L. [RACELLON.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO. [C. A. MURDOCK

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 8.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate within, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co., Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate within, Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st., Dansdale, Fowler & Co., bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers. The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane, Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C., Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside, Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 252 Fulham road, Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D Escompte de Paris, 11 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C., The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill, Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 1 Southampton Bdgs, W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C., London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S., Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W., George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N., Thos. Mills, 21 Roswell Road, E. C., Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st, E. C., Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 20, Stevenson's Building, S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, acc, Leasing loans and investing capital and managing estates.

BALLAD OF J. COX, D. D.

[From Our New York Correspondent.]

There was a man named Cox,
Who had the care of flocks;
In short, he was a priest,
And preached against the beast.

His church was built of wood,
And near his house it stood—
Of modern gothic style—
A venerable pile.

And every Sunday morn,
As sure as you were born,
The bell began to ring,
And all that sort of thing.

And then the bell would toll,
And animate each soul
With a melancholy sense
Of solemn somnolence.

And when the bell had tolled,
Then forth the music rolled,
And the blower at his post
Would burst himself almost.

Then in would walk J. Cox,
With auburn beard and locks,
And kneel him down to pray
In quite the high-church way.

He seldom had to look
Upon the prayer-book,
He was so very smart,
He knew the whole by heart.

And then he'd pray a while
In very humble style,
And then the choir would sing,
And all that sort of thing.

And then, at any rate,
They'd pass around the plate,
To clothe the parish poor,
Or give J. Cox a tour.

Because J. Cox, D. D.,
Was very apt to be
Quite worn out in the Spring,
And all that sort of thing.

But when he went to preach,
And undertook to teach
What seemed quite orthodox
To Reverend Doctor Cox,

Some folks would go to sleep,
And some began to weep,
And those that slept would snore,
At least some three or four.

One day, 'twas very hot,
He preached I don't know what,
Of angels on the wing,
And all that sort of thing.

He preached till afternoon,
Then tumbled in a swoon,
While the congregation slept,
Then in the sexton stepped,

And went to Doctor Cox
And gave him several knocks
In the region of the brain
And set him up again.

And on the sermon went,
Till all the night was spent,
And the next day and the next,
In hammering at the text.

But the people were so deep
In a comfortable sleep
That I know they never heard
A solitary word.

And then he showed the beauty,
And particularly duty,
Of a weekly offering,
And all that sort of thing.

And thus he preached away
Six months, both night and day.
Meanwhile, it is supposed,
The congregation dozed.

Till the Bishop, on his rounds,
Came to those sacred grounds;
But, ere he reached the door,
He heard the sleepers snore.

And when he got inside
He thought he would have died,
At the people's grumbling
And all that sort of thing.

So he went and woke the Sexton,
And he woke up the next one,
And soon the congregation
Put on more animation.

Now, J. Cox was sore athirst,
So the Bishop he dispersed
The people, and then said,
"Now, Cox, you go to bed."

And the Bishop set about
To find the reason out,
And Cox, he said, "I think
It's all caused by the ink.

It got so thick one night
That I could hardly write,
And I weakened it with wine,
And Hoffman's anodyne."

And the Bishop said, said he,
"It really could not be
Expected they could stand
Your dreary sermons and

The Hoffman's anodyne,
That risky medicine:
Get some new ink and try
Short sermons. Now, good bye."

But Cox could not condense,
And, as a consequence,
The congregation slept
Including those that wept—
While Cox urged church-going,
And all that sort of thing. D. A.

AN IMPORTANT PICTURE SALE.

The Sale of Marple & Gump's Collection last Wednesday attracted a large attendance, and the prices realized were fair, all things considered. There was no cheap rubbish in the collection, the works had been selected by Mr. Marple himself in Europe from the studios of well known or rapidly rising artists, and the whole had been most tastefully and expensively framed here, the patterns and moldings even of the frames having been recently imported by the firm, and belonging exclusively to them. Among the leading purchasers were Judge Crocker, Messrs. Baldwin, Howard, Haggin, Hickox, Smiley, Wm. Norris, E. D. Mills, R. O'Neil, J. O. Gibson, Benj. P. Avery, S. H. Brooks, and others, the two former bidding quite extensively and securing important additions to their collections. We have said that the prices realized were fair, but none were excessive, and some of the smaller works were undoubtedly sacrificed. We question whether the enterprising importers came out much more than even. This, if so, is to be regretted, as it can only result in the importation of inferior works. Our word for it, a collection gathered with so much care and good taste will not have brought one-third more in New York. Several of the bidders, however, showed much spirit. The largest price paid was by Judge Crocker, who gave $850 for Muller's "Waiting to the Examination," an important composition of large size, and who also obtained that magnificent copy of the well known "Mendicant" for $110, and several others ranging from $50 to $140 apiece. Mr. Baldwin purchased the picture which had attracted so much attention from the art sale "Traveling in Bohemia" for $560, the "Glacier on the Matterhorn," $385, and some seven or eight other prominent works in the collection. Mr. Haggin gave $320 for Naumann's "Childhood," and Mr. Howard for a gem of small size by Lambinet $110. Mr. Norris is now the fortunate possessor of "The Old Mill," mentioned by us last week, for which he paid $311. The purchasers may fairly be congratulated on their acquisitions. All, or nearly all, of the works in this collection were excellent investments and are bound to enhance in value. The next reception of the Art Association is fixed for the 15th proximo, when an entirely fresh collection of pictures will be on view. The exhibition will, as heretofore, be thrown open to the public the following day, and continue for several weeks. Bierstadt has promised several contributions, including one of large size, a scene at the head of King's River, Inyo county. We have seen this work in its unfinished state, and can assure the connoisseurs and artistic public that they have a rare treat in store. It is a magnificent composition, and depicts a portion of California never before transferred to canvas.

Dr. Johnson's Suggestion to the Board of Health.—We think that Dr. Johnson, of 630 Sacramento street, deserves the thanks of all good citizens for the suggestion he made to the Board of Health to remove the prisoners suffering from typhoid fever to a part of the old hospital at North Beach. The place he suggested has been occupied by the Matron. It is separated from the main building and contains five rooms, besides a kitchen. It has a bathroom, water-closet, permanent washstand, etc. The windows could be barred the same as those in the main building. The window overlooking the yard could be made into a door, and a flight of steps put up to connect it with the yard. A ventilator could be put in the ceiling of each room and the floor covered with shellac. We believe his suggestion has been acted upon by the Board. He is one of our cleverest physicians, and any suggestion coming from him is worthy of attention. There are at present three cases of fever in the Broadway jail.

Married.—In this city, April 24th, at the residence of Joseph S. Paxson, Esq., No. 20 Stanley Place, by the Rev. H. D. Lathrop, James E. Ashcom, of San Francisco, to Stella, daughter of Dr. J. W. Morse, of Philadelphia. No cards.

The Oldest Man now known to be living in the world is Joseph Martini Coulhino, a resident of Cape Frios, in the province of Rio Janeiro, Brazil. He was born May 20, 1694, and is therefore nearly 179 years old.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any, and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

THE STUDY OF GREEK.

Editor of the News Letter:—SIR: "Shall Greek be abolished?" was the subject of a composition (described by the reporters as "exhaustive") which was read last week at the meeting of the High School Teachers in Boston. The speech of the Principal of the University of Louvan to the "Philosophical Vagabond" has been quoted in your columns already, but it is so much better than anything said since that it will bear repetition.

"You see me, young man, I never learned Greek, and I don't find that I have ever missed it. I have had a doctor's cap and gown without Greek; I have ten thousand florins a year without Greek, I eat heartily without Greek, and, in short, as I don't know Greek, I do not believe there is any good in it."

Possibly that "splendid sample of our native raw material," Mr. Hannibal Chollop, went a little too far in his deprecation of "the ancient Athenians":

"As it was, he contented himself with showing Mark one of his revolving pistols, and asking him what he thought of that weapon.

"'It ain't long since I shot a man down with that, sir, in the State of Illinoy,' observed Chollop.

"'I shot him down, sir,' pursued Chollop, 'for asserting in the *Spartan Portico*, a tri-weekly journal, that the ancient Athenians went ahead of the present Locofoco Ticket.'"

But after all, was not Mr. Chollop partially right in his views, even though there was too much rude sincerity in his expression of them? Homer sang that matchless parting of Hector and Andromache, but Homer never wore a pair of rubber-boots. Phidias set up the Olympian Zeus, to have seen which was counted by "the ancient Athenians" as the real *nepenthes*; yet no sewing-machine clicked in his wife's boudoir. The cell in which the clearest-headed and sweetest-tempered of men drank the hemlock was glorified only by the "light within his own clear breast," and not by the genial kerosene. If, then, Mr. Chollop was right and the editor of the *Spartan Portico* wrong, if we are so much "ahead of the ancient Athenians," it is time to cut the umbilical cord which binds us to the past.

"Leave to the Greek his marble nymphs
And scrolls of wordy lore."

We shall not have scholars and thinkers to connect us with antiquity and the great brotherhood of nations, but we shall have men that know "facts, hard facts, sir." Mr. Gradgrind lived too soon. It is time to canonize him as the great Apostle of the Education of the Future. N. N.

AUSTRALASIA.

By the Steamship Dakota, we have Auckland, New Zealand, dates to March 13th. From the *Southern Cross* we summarize the following.

NEW ZEALAND.—The departure of his Excellency Governor Bowen, which took place yesterday, amidst loyal demonstrations of regret and respect, is the event of the week in Auckland. A parting ball was given on Monday evening in the Music Hall, and proved a brilliant success.

In matters political, the four weeks which have passed since our last summary was published have witnessed what is termed a Ministerial crisis, and an actual change of Ministry. Yet with a single exception there has been no change. Mr. Waterhouse has simply given place to Mr. Fox as Premier.

The Conference of Australasian delegates, respecting various matters of importance to the colonies, has closed. Melbourne has been selected as the terminus for the Galle and Australia mail service. A new service has been resolved on through Torres Straits, at a cost not exceeding £25,000, of which the Imperial Government is asked to pay £5,000. The Imperial Government is also to be asked to pay £20,000 a year towards the California line.

The Hon. Mr. Vogel, who returned from Australia some ten days ago, has, in conjunction with the delegates for New South Wales and Queensland, made a provisional arrangement, subject to the approval of Parliament, for the laying of cables between Singapore and Queensland, and between Australia and New Zealand.

The farewell meeting of his Excellency, the Governor, with the Waikato natives took place at Ngaruawahia on the 12th instant. An enthusiastic welcome was accorded to the Governor—about seven hundred friendly natives and eighty Hauhaus and kingites being present.

NEW SOUTH WALES.—We have Sydney dates of March 1st, from the Sydney *Morning Herald*. We give the following.

The eighty fifth anniversary of the colony (26th of January) fell on a Sunday. Monday was mail day, and so the usual celebration was postponed till Tuesday, when there was a special Parliamentary adjournment, and a public holiday.

Among other estimates, the Government have obtained one of £1,000 to pay a commissioner to negotiate for assistance to secure a trans-Pacific mail service. The Legislative Assembly last session, by resolution, authorized the Government to invite tenders for a mail service across the Pacific. The Government of this Colony asked the assistance of the Imperial Government in the service for the transmission of the mails through the territory of the United States. It also asked permission to make treaties with the United States Government for this service.

Since our last monthly summary, public attention here has been principally directed to the rich claims of Hawkins' Hill. The shares in Krohmann's, Beyers & Holtermann's, Carroll & Beard, Oughton & Beard, Rapp's, the Star of Peace, and others on the line of the rich veins, have all gone up in value, but the two former have increased in price far beyond anything to which they had previously reached.

VICTORIA.—The new education Act is working well. Children are, it is said, flocking to the State schools. One gratifying effect of the new measure is seen in the desire that has been stirred up on the part of parents to have their children educated.

Witnesses have been collected in Victoria for the Tichborne trial, and they are to proceed home by the outgoing mail.

All of the banks have arrived at an agreement, and the minimum rate of discount is fixed at 8 per cent., on ninety-five days' bills. Interest on overdraft accounts, 8 per cent. Exchange on London, 90 days, ¼ discount to buy, ½ premium to sell.

QUEENSLAND.—There have been extensive floods in Queensland, and in many quarters much damage has been done. At Ravenswood the rainfall for January was 35 inches.

A large number of German emigrants, about 400, have arrived at Brisbane, direct from Hamburg. They were nearly all laborers, and the local journals remark that having arrived at a very opportune time, they would no doubt readily meet with engagements.

FIJI.—A correspondent writes from Levuka, Feb. 1st: Things are at present quiet here, but not by any means in a satisfactory state. It is impossible that they can go on in their present state much longer, as both races are discontented, and more severe troubles are, it is feared, brewing.

Three of the mountain chiefs have been "showing their teeth," not against the King, but against each other, yet it is in reference to some botheration arising out of Governmental action and white men's claims.

There is a report of another Fijian chief having been killed by some white men or white man, because he was unable or unwilling to complete some contract for supplying them with Fijian labor.

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—By the Australian steamer we have later dates from Honolulu. The news is of no importance. The *Gazette* demands reciprocity.

The leprosy is rapidly on the increase, and is spreading in every direction.

The *Gazette*, in an editorial, wishes the United States to declare explicitly that it will never subjugate the Islands.

Trade is extremely depressed, and sales are confined chiefly to the auction room at prices which leave no margin for profit over cost and charges.

THE SILBER LIGHT.

The Success which has attended the practical trials of the Silber light in its application for the purpose of public illumination was referred to in the *Mining Journal* some few weeks since, upon the occasion of an influential company being formed for acquiring the inventor's British patent rights, and developing the trade arising out of them; and from the progress which has even already been made, congratulation may fairly be offered to all concerned upon the excellent prospect of the commercial portion of the business proving as highly remunerative as could be desired. To induce practical men even to test a new invention it is necessary to offer them very decisive evidence that the invention is not only correct in principle, but also likely to secure economical advantages in use; and when these practical tests have been made the public need seldom ask further proof of the real value of the proposition than that afforded by the fact whether or not the use of the invention has been continued after the expiration of the period fixed for the probationary trial. Mr. Silber's invention has passed through these ordeals most satisfactorily, for, after long probationary trial, not only has the invention continued in use, but it has been much more extensively applied. India, moreover, appears desirous not to be behind this country in its appreciation of the invention, for already the Silber light has been adopted for the new railway station at Madras, and has given such complete satisfaction that Messrs. Oakes & Co., the local representatives of the patentee, are sanguine that its adoption will become general, especially as it is found that the cost does not amount to half a pie per lamp per hour, and that the labor of attending to the Silber lights is not one-tenth of that which has been necessary with every form of oil-lamp previously used. Upon the occasion of the opening of the station many of the leading Government officials, the members of council, the representatives of the railway company, and the leading merchants and tradesmen of the city were present; and those who have had the opportunity of seeing in this country the softness of light yet enormous illuminating power of the Silber light will readily understand that the station presented an imposing sight when they learn that there were 13 wall-lights, 75 hanging-lamps and several catoptric lamps, all carefully disposed to produce the best possible effect. The praises bestowed upon the invention and on the inventor must have been most gratifying to those interested in the Indian agency, the remark being very constantly heard that the effect equaled that observed in the largest and best illuminated stations in England, which, in a locality beyond the reach of gas, cannot but be regarded as a very significant expression of opinion.

That the Silber light can be advantageously used as a substitute for gas in large towns where the gas mains are in every street and the fitting already provided in the houses, is not claimed even by the inventor himself, but there are innumerable places where the number of lights required is insufficient to justify the erection of gasworks, although the necessity for a small number of brilliant lights is, nevertheless, desirable. The Madras railway station was a case of this kind, although it is not necessary to look so far as India to find instances in which the brilliancy of gas without the costliness of gasworks would be a desideratum. Indeed, the course taken by the Great Western Company is conclusive proof of this. The use of the Silber lights as carriage lights upon the Great Eastern, Metropolitan, London, Brighton and South Coast, and other railways, has already been mentioned; and reference was also made to the certificate of Mr. Myles Fenton, the general manager of the Metropolitan Railway, in which he stated that the Silber lamps which "have been fitted in one of their trains for about nine months have proved very satisfactory. Perfect lighting is essential on this line, and their experience so far has proved that the Silber lamps are the best that they have used, both as regards illuminating power and economy;" whilst the Great Western Company has now given further proof of its appreciation of the practical utility of the invention by adopting the Silber lights for the general illumination of the Taplow station. As the Great Western Company had already had nearly twelve months' experience with the lamps, it may fairly be assumed that the lighting of the Taplow station by the same means was not decided upon without mature consideration; and it may be equally fairly assumed that as the comparison with seventy other stations of the company has proved extremely favorable in point of economy, the same system of lighting will speedily extend itself to the almost innumerable stations in the kingdom which are at present in a state of the most melancholy gloominess, although an amount far greater than that now paid for lighting Taplow station is expended upon them.

That the Silber light is able successfully to compete with coal-gas at 3s. 9d. per 1,000 cubic feet is, no doubt, due to some extent to the facts that Mr. Silber's invention permits of mineral oil being consumed under the most favorable conditions, and that mineral oil is the most economical burning oil manufactured; but that the economy depends principally upon the construction of the Silber lamp is obvious since the best of the mineral lamps previously constructed have been comparable with gas only when attended to and regulated with the care seldom found outside the chemist's laboratory, and even then have scarcely approached it in point of economy. Nor is this the only proof that the higher illuminating power and greater economy obtained are due to the invention, and not to the use of a special quality of burning fluid; for we have recently seen ordinary colza oil burned in a moderateur lamp of the ordinary form, but fitted with Mr. Silber's invention, which, although consuming about the same quantity of the same oil per hour, gave a light more than four times as brilliant as the former lamp in its unmodified form, and it speaks well for the invention that not a single instance has occurred in which the Silber light has failed to give satisfaction, although in the course of his experience the inventor has naturally been able to render the light still more nearly perfect by slight modification of detail. The invention will certainly come into general use, and cannot fail to prove highly remunerative to all concerned in its development.

THE BRITISHERS' HOLIDAY.

The Seventh Annual Picnic of the British Benevolent Society came off at Fassking's Gardens, Alameda, on April 23d, Shakespeare's Birthday, where about 3,000 persons, including those from the other side of the bay, held a festival that surpassed even the preceding successful anniversaries. As usual, it was the Queen's weather. The gardens near the entrance and west of the hotel were tastefully decorated with the flags of all nations, conspicuous in a[illegible] being those of Great Britain and Ireland and the United States of America, and a banner 60 feet by 5, with "Seventh Anniversary—Welcome All" under two hands clasped with the stars and stripes and British ensign on each side. Dancing commenced to Wetterman's celebrated band at 10 A.M., and continued with an interval of one hour until 5:35 P.M., and certainly there was a large bevy of lovely girls and matrons tripping it on the light fantastic toe. At 1 P.M., in the absence of Mr. Evans, Mrs. [illegible] kindly accompanied at the piano the sixteen voices rendering the quartette and chorus of Brinley Richards' "God Bless the Prince of Wales." The glee of "The Chough and Crow," by Bishop, was played by happy Sam Mayer for twenty-four voices, which was loudly applauded. "The Death of Nelson," by Mr. W. Baker, was given in such admirable manner and enthusiastically received, that he had to repeat it. "The Star Spangled Banner" was then given, the solo by Mrs. Baker, Mr. Baker and Sam May, and the chorus of the same, and last, "God Save the Queen," the solos, duets and trio by Mesdames [illegible], [illegible], Baker and Messrs. Baker, Mayer, Wunder[illegible], and chorus of thousands. Owing to the crowd being on the balconies, it was impossible to carry out the whole of the musical arrangements, to the regret of the Singers Committee and audience. At 2 P.M. the games commenced in a course staked off and roped 200 by 80 feet, and judging from the number of witnesses the jolly folk entered into the spirit of it as in the days of yore. A neat and handy programme with the list of games and prizes, order of dances and vocal music to be rendered, was given to every purchaser of a ticket, and found to be a great convenience. At 5.35 the band struck up "God Save the Queen," the company all sang, and then, entering the commodious cars returned to the boat and arrived at San Francisco by 7 P.M., all happy, no accidents, and proving beyond a doubt, for rural festivities the Britishers will not be beaten.

Handel and Haydn Concerts.—To-day the single reserved tickets will commence to be issued at the music store of Kohler, Chase & Co., 633 Clay street, and from the many applications already made for season seats we are [illegible] to, we advise those who contemplate listening to these musical treats, to secure their seats at an early date.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California.—Mrs. Bowers has drawn good houses all the week, and no doubt will continue to do so as long as she stops here. Her acting is easy, natural and polished. As "Elizabeth" she displays an amount of dramatic power that, good actress as we knew her to be, surprised us. McCullough's "Essex" was also good, as also was Miss Nellie Cummins' "Marie." It is a real treat to have a good actress like Mrs. Bowers among us, and we hope that the wretched sticks that personate actresses here will study her style of acting, and profit by it. She is undoubtedly one of the best actresses America has ever produced. On Monday Shakespeare's *Much Ado About Nothing* will be produced, with Mrs. Bowers as "Beatrice." No doubt it will fill the house.

Metropolitan.—Sunday is the last evening that this theater is open, but its last days are brilliant. The Chapman Sisters have drawn good appreciative audiences all the time. No one can help liking their clever acting and pretty songs. *Cinderella* is the last burlesque produced at this theater. It is well put on the stage, and all the parts are well taken. Davies, the ventriloquist, is greeted each night with roars of laughter. The gallery are excited all to pieces with his two dolls, and their talk and the peanuts get a rest while he is on the stage.

At the Bella Union, last week, R. G. Marsh, the popular and genial manager, made quite a hit as "Black Sam," in the scenes from *Uncle Tom's Cabin*. He is the perfect impersonation of a funny, rollicking darkey, and has received unbounded applause each evening. Matt Kelly's dry humor is also much appreciated by the patrons of this theater. He is perfectly irresistible in repartee and comic dialogue.

Alhambra.—The Emerson Minstrel troupe is filling the house pretty well. Maguire, however, is East, and will no doubt introduce some new talent. We want it, although the present troupe is good, people have tired and want a change.

Wilson's Circus has reopened with a more brilliant troupe than ever. He has joined with Yankee Robinson and now offers a programme to the public such as we have never before had here.

THINGS ELSEWHERE.

Charles Mathews is fulfilling a successful engagement at the Glasgow Theater Royal.——Sardou's *Uncle Sam*, at the Grand Opera House, N. Y., has proved a most lamentable failure. *Under the Gaslight* has been put on in its place. Sardou's *Agnes*, too, was rather snubbed at its first appearance in Paris. The Parisian *amour propre* was offended at its being first produced in this country.——Pauline Lucca is seeking a divorce.——The Metropolitan and Maguire's Opera House are to close for ever on the 27th.——Carlotta Patti is at present in Paris.——Wilkie Collins' *New Magdalene* is to appear in the Globe Theater, Boston, next month.——Mme. Rossini has sold her husband's inedited works for 100,000f. They will be published.——Six new theaters are being built in Vienna for the Great Exposition. Phineas Barnum proposes to send forty Indians there at his own expense.——A Miss Josie Jones, late of Cincinnati, is receiving much praise in the Royal Musical Academy, Milan. She is to make her debut this Autumn. Contralto.——Lydia Thompson and her troupe coined money in their tour East and South.——Marian Mordaunt is acting in the late Stevens circuit.——The Grand Opera House, Memphis, Tenn., is to be rebuilt.

BAY DISTRICT HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

The Spring Exhibition of the Bay District Horticultural Society will open on May 1st at Horticultural Hall, on Stockton street, at three P.M., and continue for nine days. Professor E. S. Carr, of the State University, will deliver the opening address. The character of the exhibition will be different from the Autumnal exhibitions, inasmuch as the various plants differ in their flowering season. It will be chiefly a grand floral display, but as such it is expected to be far superior to any of the former exhibitions of the Society. The hall will be handsomely decorated and brilliantly illuminated. On the floor will be distributed over 150 urns and vases containing tropical plants, which will form a pleasing contrast to the plants arranged on the tables. Statuary and fountains will be so placed at intervals to render the scene effective. One of the best features of the exhibition will be the exhibition of plants received by the children at the last exhibition, for which fifty costly prizes will be awarded. This cannot fail to create a taste among the young folks for flowers and home adornment. Prizes will also be distributed to amateurs for the best exhibit of house plants, and a great many have responded to the Society's invitation to exhibit. Groups of rustic work, stands, aquariums, fern cases, etc., will also be placed to add to the beauty of the floral decoration. The galleries of the hall will be handsomely decorated with wreaths and garlands. Over three thousand feet will be required for the purpose. Afternoon and evening concerts will be given by the popular band of Schmidt & Schlotte. The exhibition promises to be a glorious success, a very large number of season tickets being already sold.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY PICNIC.

The Sons and Daughters of "bonny Scotland," and their friends, are invited to join the St. Andrew's Society Grand Annual Picnic, to Laurel Grove, San Rafael, on Saturday, May 3d. It has always been one of the most select picnics of the season, and one of the most enjoyable. A prettier place than Laurel Grove could not have been chosen for the excursion. All sorts of manly sports, races, etc., will be on the programme. All who can get away will no doubt avail themselves of the treat on Saturday, and countless merry parties will cross the bay on the *Contra Costa*. The boat leaves Davis-street Landing at 9:30 A.M. and 1 P.M.

Senor Ferrer's Concert.—As a well rendered selection of light, graceful yet good music, the complimentary concert tendered to Señor Manuel Ferrer, the guitarist, at the Mercantile Library Hall, last night, was a success. Vocal, Duet [illegible] and [illegible] gave the character to the concert, and the other [illegible] of the "gems" were [illegible] in their [illegible], they were [illegible] pretty for that [illegible] taste was shown in everything, as we [illegible] the programme as platform, and we have rarely listened to a more [illegible] of voice and instrument. Miss McKenzie, Mrs. [illegible], and Messrs. Dorches and Morley were the vocalists. Messrs. Hardi[illegible], Daniel Weil, Lenor, Paredes and Ferrer being the instrumentalists. To apply a complimentary adjective to each name would be a simple way to conclude this notice. Let it be supposed that the adjective is applied, and yet in walking home, the echoes of Mrs. Barstow's mellow-toned voice dwelt in our ears with such pleasant persistency, that we easily came to the conclusion that the aria from Romeo had pleased us most.

The Odd Fellow's Picnic comes off to-day at Fassking's Gardens, Alameda. It has always been a first-rate picnic, and no doubt the one to-day will equal the other ones. The Odd Fellows are a very numerous brotherhood in this city, and most of them are men of good standing and position. These come out strong at the picnic, and general hospitality and conviviality will be the order of the day. Measures have been taken to entirely stop that bugbear of picnics, the "Hoodlum," from spoiling the day's amusement.

A Pleasure Trip to the Farallone Islands starts to-morrow. The steamer *Wm. Taber* has been chartered. It starts from the Market street wharf at 9 A.M., and gets back at 6 P.M. Capt. Robert Haly has chartered the ship for his own benefit. Passengers will land and have three or four hours on shore. The sea-birds are laying and the sea-lions are in their glory. A steward will be on board to furnish refreshments.

Captain MacDonald's Cadets gave a grand exhibition of their perfect drill the other night at Platt's Hall. The hall was well filled and the Cadets were loudly applauded.

St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street, Rev. Dr. Scott Pastor. The church proper is inclosed for a fortnight, erecting an organ, but Dr. Scott will preach in the Lecture Room, Sunday, at 11 o'clock A.M., and hold bible class and Sunday school at 9½ A.M. No evening service.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, . . . Secretary.

Bodd, W. C. 440 California st.
Burling, W....428 California st.
Ford, J. C. 420 Montg'y, up stairs.
Fitch, J. R....411 California st.
Higgins, W. L. 413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. 434 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. R....408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with [illegible] & Co., 4[illegible] Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 415 Hayw'd B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P. 413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. 4[illegible] Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W..... 444 Cal'a st.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	25@	35
Do pickled	40	
Do Packed	45	
Cheese, Cal	20@	25
Honey	10@	
Eggs, ℔ doz	25@	
Lard, ℔	15@	20
Ham & Bacon, ℔	15@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	1@	2
Do sweet	4@	5
Lima Beans, ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	6@	8
Onions, ℔	5@	8
Squashes, ℔	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	25@	
Celery, ℔ doz b	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔	6@	8
String Beans, ℔	25@	
Apples, ℔	10@	15
Pears, ℔	5@	12
Quinces, ℔	6@	
Peaches, ℔	[illegible]	
Pine Apples, each	40@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔	12@	25
Do new, ℔	[illegible]	
Oranges, ℔ doz	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Limes, ℔ doz	[illegible]	
Quails, ℔ doz	2 50@3	00
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	25@	35
Geese, ℔ pair	4 00@5	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 50@3	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	25@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 [illegible]	
Clams, ℔ 100	[illegible]	
Mussels, ℔ 100	[illegible]	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	[illegible]	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔	10@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish, ℔	12@	
Smelts, ℔	[illegible]	
Tomcod, ℔	12@	
Sturgeon, ℔	[illegible]	
Sea Bass, ℔	[illegible]	
Flounders, ℔	12@	
Halibut, ℔	[illegible]	
Perch, ℔	[illegible]	
Shrimps, ℔	6@	
Anchovies, ℔	4@	
Soles, ℔	25@	
Herrings, ℔	6@	

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Cahill—In this city, April 19th, to the wife of J. H. Cahill, a son.
Chase—In this city, April 18th, to the wife of J. G. Chase, a son.
Callopy—In this city, April 23d, to the wife of Jas. Callopy, a son.
Hinden—In this city, April 22d, to the wife of Valentine Hinden, a son.
Keyser—In this city, April 24th, to the wife of A. F. Keyser, a daughter.
Lange—In this city, April 24th, to the wife of Henry Lange, a son.
Richards—In this city, April 21st, to the wife of C. H. Richards, a son.
Steel—In this city, April 14th, to the wife of James H. Steel, a son.
Thomas—In this city, April 16th, to the wife of J. H. Thomas, a daughter.
Van Bergen—In this city, April 14th, to the wife of A. Van Bergen, a son.

ALTAR.

Ashcom-Morse—In this city, April 24th, J. E. Ashcom to Stella Morse.
Case-Bruce—In this city, April 20th, Joseph D. Case to Eliza Bruce.
Deubner-Ott—In this city, April 20th, Wm. C. Deubner to Kate A. Ott.
Findley-McCue—In this city, April 22d, Robert Findley to Margaret McCue.
Jones-Kirkland—In this city, April 22d, Joseph K. Jones to Kate Kirkland.
Mann-Miller—In this city, April 23d, Frank Mann to Elizabeth Miller.
McCarthy-Webster—In this city, March 23d, David F. McCarthy to C. Webster.

TOMB

Baker—In this city, April 24th, A. J. Baker, aged 45 years.
Cotter—In this city, April 21st, J. [illegible] Cotter, aged 50 years.
McNichol—In this city, April 24th, James McNichol, aged 30 years.
Owens—In this city, April 25th, Thompson Owens, aged 47 years.
Peabody—In this city, April 20th, Eveline W. Peabody, aged 60 years.
Sommerville—In this city, April 24th, Wm. Sommerville, aged 45 years.
Thayer—In this city, April 21st, Andrew E. Thayer, aged 52 years.
Thevenot—In this city, April 21st, V. Thevenot, aged 45 years.
Wilson—In this city, April 22d, A[illegible] Wilson, aged 46 years.

THE FIRST DAILY NEWSPAPER.

One Hundred and Seventy-one Years Ago, on the 11th day of March, 1702, the first number of the first daily newspaper in the English language was published in London. Its appearance was not heralded by advertisement, for, besides the two or three weekly journals then published, and which were wholly devoted to politics and court matters, there was nothing in which to advertise. The proposed publication of the *Courant* for such the new aspirant was to be called was not looked upon with a kindly eye of favor by the monopolists of the London newspaper field, who affected to regard it with the supremest contempt, and spoke of it only as "the pitiful project of a poor Printer," with all the added weight that could be conveyed by a liberal use of italics and capitals in print. But the publisher was a shrewd fellow, and saw that the display of spite would act as an irritant upon public curiosity, and, judging only by what a sharp newspaper-man would do now-a-days, he went home, ordered his pressman to "put on two more quires," and awaited the result.

When the *Courant* did appear, upon the above-mentioned date, it was a curiosity. It was about the size of half a sheet of foolscap-paper, printed only upon one side, containing neither editorials, locals, court news, political matter, advertisements, nor English intelligence of any kind whatever. This last intelligence was the more singular, not to say significant, when the reader will remember that, upon that very date, the 11th of March, Queen Anne went to the House of Peers to deliver her first speech from the throne, King William III. having died upon the 8th, three days before. We have said there was no home news in the first issue of the *Courant*. The assertion was too sweeping. In one corner there are seven lines, four of which relate to the funeral of the deceased king, and three are devoted to the condition of the English army in Flanders; for war at that time was raging between England and France. The remainder of the contents consisted entirely of quotations from foreign papers, with the exception of half a column in reference to its future prospects and plans. "This *Courant*," says the publisher, "as the Title shows, will be published daily, being designed to give all the Material News as soon as every Post arrives, and is confined to half the Compass to save the Publick at least half the Impertinences of ordinary Newspapers."

Six weeks after the first issue the publisher announced in his largest type that the project had been "so Successful, that hereafter both Sides will be printed." The appearance of over a column of advertisements in the same number is a sufficient indorsement of the statement, and from that time the *Courant* increased in prosperity. Every newspaper has its leading feature, and that claimed by the *Courant* was foreign intelligence. Three months after its first appearance the following notice found a conspicuous place in its columns, which leads to the belief that newspaper publishers were much the same in those days as now as regards the dishing-up of news from abroad: "It will be found from the Foreign Prints which, from Time to Time, as Occasion offers, will be mentioned in this Paper, that the Author has taken Care to be duly furnished with All that comes from Abroad in any Language. And for an Assurance that he will not, under Pretence of having Private Intelligence, impose any Addition of feign'd Circumstances to an Action, but give his Extracts fairly and impartially, at the Beginning of each Article he will quote the Foreign Paper from whence 'tis taken, that the Public, seeing from what Country a Piece of News comes, with the allowance of that Government, may be better able to judge of the Credibility and Fairness of the Relation. Nor will he take upon him to give any Comments or Conjectures of his own, but will relate only Matter of Fact, supposing other People to have Sense enough to make Reflections for Themselves."

Had we any intention of glorifying the modern daily newspaper at the expense of the *Courant*, we might stop here to draw a very striking comparison between the merits of the two. But that was no part of our original plan, and we leave it for those who have nothing else to do. As we have said, and as is claimed in the above quotations, the strong point of the *Courant* was in foreign intelligence. Clipper ships, ocean steamers, and submarine cables, were alike unknown in those days, and the publisher was obliged to depend upon the uncertain movements of transatlantic shipping, so that the news from America was sometimes two, three, and occasionally even four months old. Even the news from across the Channel was often two and three weeks old. But then this intelligence, stale as it was, was undoubtedly read with as keen an appetite, and discussed with as much earnestness as if it had come hot from the wires an hour before. A fire might occur in New York, and the destroyed buildings be replaced, by the time the intelligence would reach London; or a colonial official in Boston might die, and his widow be spending her honeymoon with her second, before the news of the first event would be published in the columns of the *Courant*. But the preservative power of time did not allow anything in the news line to lose its savor, and these moldy scraps, with others gathered from various parts of the world, were served up, day after day, to the public, with great seeming acceptance. Every afternoon the same stream of purchasers flowed into the narrow, dingy street of publication—left its innumerable pennies, and bore away its innumerable copies through the fog and smoke of London. At last there came a day, as there comes a day to us all, when the founder and publisher of the first daily paper in the English tongue, having achieved his work, shut his eyes upon the world, and went out of it. That work, looked at across the hundred and seventy years that have elapsed since its accomplishment, seems poor enough; but, poor as it was, imperfect as it was, absurd as it was, it was the first placing of the lever which to-day moves the world.

Charles E. Hurd in Appleton's Journal.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND HORTICULTURAL SPRING EXHIBITION

Of the Bay District Horticultural Society of California.—Will open on THURSDAY, May 1st, 1873, at HORTICULTURAL HALL, 5[illegible] Stockton, between Sutter and Post streets, to continue Nine Days. The display of Flowers, Trees and Shrubs will be unequaled. The Hall will be decorated on a grand scale with Wreaths and Garlands, Statuary, Aquariums, Floral Fountains, Rustic Work, Bouquets and Flowers. During each Afternoon and Evening, Schmidt & Schlotte's Band will perform the most Select Music. Nothing will be left undone to make the Exhibition a most brilliant success. Prof. E. S. Carr, of the State University of California, has kindly consented to deliver the Opening Address. FIFTY HANDSOME PRIZES will be awarded to the Young Ladies of San Francisco who will exhibit the Plants received by them at the Exhibition of 1872. During afternoons, commencing on Monday, May 5th, Plants will be given away to all [illegible] under 15 who purchase tickets at the door. Prices of Admission—Season Tickets, $1; Single Season Tickets, $[illegible]; Single Admission, [illegible] cents; Children, [illegible] cents. Doors open every day except Sunday from [illegible] A.M. to [illegible] P.M., and [illegible] to 10 P.M. Promenade Concert every day from 3 to 5 and 8 to 10 P.M.
April 12. THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

FIFTY-FOURTH ANNIVERSARY, I. O. O. F.

Odd Fellows' Picnic, on Saturday, April 26, 1873, at Fassking's Gardens, Alameda, for the Benefit of the Library Fund. Steamers will leave the Alameda Ferry Wharf, Davis and Pacific streets, at [illegible] and [illegible] A.M., and every half hour until 12 o'clock M. Also at [illegible] o'clock P.M. Returning, The Cars leave the Garden at 5 o'clock and half hourly until 6 o'clock P.M. TICKETS with Badges: Adults for the round trip, $1; Youths from [illegible] to [illegible] years, [illegible] cents; Children from 5 to 10 years, 25 cents. Under 5 years of age free. Splendid Gold Prizes [illegible] [illegible] including [illegible] and [illegible] games for ladies and children and [illegible] awarded to the successful contestants. Excursionists are, as usual, requested to purchase their tickets previous to the day of the picnic, to avoid [illegible] [illegible] that they get Badges with their Tickets, which must be worn [illegible] only to [illegible] them to [illegible]. Tickets will be taken at the Ferry Office, Davis street, and in exchange Return Checks will be given, which must be preserved and [illegible] on the return trip. Tickets can be obtained at ODD FELLOWS' LIBRARY, at the office of the Secretary, [illegible] D. Barnard, 2[illegible] Montgomery street, New Age Office, Collins Hat store, Montgomery street, and from members of the Committee. COLIN M. BOYD,
April 26. Chairman Committee of Arrangements.

HANDEL AND HAYDN SOCIETY.

A Grand Musical Festival will be given by the Handel and Haydn Society, at the CENTRAL TABERNACLE, Tyler street, near Taylor, commencing on the 29th of April, continuing THREE EVENINGS, during which time the full GRAND ORATORIO OF ELIJAH, and Mendelssohn's HYMN OF PRAISE, together with Selections from Beethoven's "Engedi," "William Tell," "Stabat Mater," and "Ernani," will be given by a Grand Chorus of TWO HUNDRED VOICES, and an Orchestra of Thirty Pieces, with Full Organ accompaniment. The Solos will be rendered by Mrs. Marriner, Moore and Hayden, and Messrs. Mayer, Maguire, Campbell and Makin. Conductor, Prof. [illegible]. Prices of Admission, $1; Reserved Seats, $1 50. Seats can be reserved for the season at Kohler, Chase & Co.'s, Clay street, on and after Saturday, April 19. Sale of Single Tickets, with Reserved Seats, commencing Saturday, April 26. Full particulars will be found in Pamphlets, to be had at all the Music Stores.
April 19.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

Grand Annual Excursion and Picnic to Laurel Grove, San Rafael, on SATURDAY, May 3d, 1873. Prizes will be awarded the successful competitors in an excellent programme of Games which has been arranged, and the friends and members of the Society are guaranteed a splendid day's enjoyment on the occasion. Steamer CONTRA COSTA leaves Davis street landing at 9:30 A.M. and 1 P.M. TICKETS—One Dollar; Children, under 12 years, Fifty Cents; to be had at Anderson & Irving's, 219 Montgomery street, Frey's Music Store, 404 Kearny street, or from Committee on the Wharf on morning of Picnic.
April 26.

NEW BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; F. Zimmer, Musical Director. Lively Times at the Old Homestead! Epizootic Nowhere! A Bevy of Beautiful Girls! Miss Jennie Johnson, Miss Fanny [illegible], Misses Susie Johnson, Maggie Kelly, Maggie St. Clair, Minnie Fillmore, Lillie Harland. Engagement Extraordinary of CASSIM and FRITZ, South American Acrobats. THOS. CAMPBELL in favorite Ballads. Lou Dixon, Matt Kelly, Harry Cage, and Tommy Barton, Tommy [illegible] and Wild [illegible] in a full variety entertainment. "Black Statue," "Mysterious Restaurant," and "Ghost in spite of Himself." Admission 25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $4 00, $3 and $5.
April 2.

METROPOLITAN THEATER.

Montgomery street, between Washington and Jackson.—Director, John Woodard; Treasurer, Andrew Bartell. Saturday Afternoon, April 26—Grand Matinee. Great success of the Premier Ventriloquist of the World, Mr. F. D. DAVIES. Double [illegible] entertainment. [illegible] of Entrancing Beauty. "THE CHAPMAN SISTERS" in their popular Fairy Extravaganza, CINDERELLA. Monday, April 28—Grand Extra Night, when the entire Company and Attaches will tender a Complimentary Benefit to Manager F. O. DERT. Admission: Dress Circle, 75 cents; Orchestra Seats, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.
April 26.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush St., between Montgomery and Kearny.—Maguire & Emerson Proprietors; Sam Wetherill, Business Manager and Treasurer; Bob Hart, Stage Manager; Geo. T. Evans, Musical Director.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. Entire Change of Bill.—Great Success of MR. CHAS. VIVIAN. Continued Success of the Great Irish Comedian, MR. SAM. RICKEY. The San Francisco Favorite LITTLE MACK. "Here's Your Fishing Line." Feats of the Household. "A Slippery Day."
April 26.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Afternoon, April 26—MRS. BOWERS' Matinee, and only afternoon performance of MARY STUART. Saturday Evening, MACBETH. Monday, April 28th, MUCH ADO ABOUT NOTHING.
April 26.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO.

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties, tarred or untarred, of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are located [illegible] that Rope can be shipped direct by rail or water to any part of the State, when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY. [April 26.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 11[illegible] Front street.

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO.

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for Rope of any special length and size, [illegible] on hand a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes; Tarred Manila Rope; Hay Rope, Whale Line, etc., etc.
April 26. [illegible] & CO., 611 and 613 Front street.

$5,000.—A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.

I will dispose of an Interest in my Wonderful Bedstead to a live man. It is a regular Bedstead. A sick person, however large, handled as easy as a babe. Raises the patient up, turns them over from one side to the other, makes up the bed and changes the clothes, places patient on the feet or on a vessel, separates patient from bed and cools the bed, rocks to sleep, and all without using the hands or disturbing the slumbers. BENJAMIN POLLARD,
April 26. [illegible] Market street.

HORTICULTURAL SPRING EXHIBITION.

Opens May 1, 1873, at Horticultural Hall.—Office hours of the Secretary—Every day, between 2 and 4 P.M., at No. 121 CLAY STREET until further notice.
April 19.

NOTICE

Mr. D. O. Scofield has an interest in the business of our firm, dating from the 1st of January last. F. D. TAYLOR & CO.
San Francisco, April 2[illegible], 1873. April 26.

REMOVAL.

The San Francisco and Pacific Sugar Company and R. Feuerstein & Co. have removed their offices to the [illegible] [illegible] ITALIAN SAVINGS BANK HOUSE, Northeast corner of Battery and [illegible] streets.
April 12.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship AJAX, J. Dollen, Commander, will leave Folsom street wharf for the above port, on SATURDAY, April 26, at 10 o'clock A.M.
[April 26.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

WHERE AND WHAT IS THE PLACARD EXCHANGE?

'Tis a Place where a man, if he likes to, can find
Anything he requires, both for body and mind;
If you're going a trip by the overland route
You can there find the roads and the time that best suit;
If you want a new house, or a nice piece of land,
Or to draw up a bill to be paid on demand,
If you want a new hat, if you want some old wine,
If you want to inspect samples of ore from a mine,
If you want some new linen, a necktie, or socks,
If you want a safe broker to buy you some stocks,
If you want some good ribbons, or rare kinds of lace,
If you want a good lawyer to fight out your case,
If you're anxious to buy a good watch or a chain,
If you've wants for the body or wants for the brain,
If you want a good photograph, taken like life,
Or by all, if we ever you wanted a wife,
If you want a good doctor to cure any ill,
If you want a good druggist to make up your pills,
If you want to know what are the new city laws,
You will find them all there, with each chapter and clause;
If you want some new matting to put on your floor,
If you want to know aught that concerneth this shore,
You can know it right there, at the Placard Exchange
You can find what you want, and your business arrange,
Not only advertisements there you will see,
But things of great interest, from land and from sea;
Canary birds sing in their cages around,
And a fountain's soft ripple adds beauty to sound.
In fact, in a word, all these matters to tell,
It's the whole of the State in a simple nutshell.
For the man in whose brain this idea had its birth,
Has wandered all over the face of the earth
And now to the world he says, "Come in and see,"
For you've nothing to pay, the admittance is free.
On Merchant street close to Montgomery it lies,
A feast to the mind and a treat to the eyes
Just take good advice, go there and there and look
At the wonders, to tell which would fill up a book.

We Have Great Pleasure in drawing attention to the following circular:

PARIS, March 12, 1873.—CHARLES LE GAY, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe—Dear Sir: You will find at my office complete files of the San Francisco *News Letter*, Daily Sacramento *Union*, Daily *Alta California*, Daily *Bulletin*, Daily *Morning Chronicle*, which I cordially invite you to consult at your pleasure and convenience. CHARLES LE GAY.

MR. F. MARRIOTT, San Francisco, California.

The many friends of Charley Le Gay will rejoice to hear that after traveling over the greater part of the civilized world and acquiring a store of information, both literary and commercial, he has settled down in Paris, where a ready business is ... quality have been useful to many houses in San Francisco in the shape of commissions to purchase goods for this market. He has struck out a new branch of industry in connection with San Francisco, as well as with the traveling public, which cannot fail of success. It must at the same time be highly gratifying for an old resident of California to act as interpreter and assist in effecting business transactions wherein judgment, experience of foreign and American interests, can be promoted by the solid capacity and high standing of an American gentleman. Among the many influential Americans that do business with him, we may mention the name of Calvin Brown, of Mare Island, who is on a tour of observation for the Government, who was recommended and introduced to him by Mr. Washburne, U. S. Minister to France; then Fred. Starring, the Special Agent of the Treasury Department in Europe, also does most of his business with him. The patent window ... with which he is interested in America only meets with universal approbation, and is said to be just the thing for California use.

Away with Your Vile Decoctions, your poisons take away;
I've tried them over and over again, and find it doesn't pay.
A restless and uneasy night, headache all next day,
A head big as a pumpkin, a tongue like rancid butter,
Not sense enough to write a line, scarce strength enough to sputter.
No, take all other drinks away, and leave me only Gerke.

The Pope, Mons. Thiers, and countless other prominent men who have attained a green old age, with mental and bodily faculties unimpaired by time, attribute their wonderful longevity and perpetuity to the fact of having abstained from such poisonous drinks as absinthe, brandy, etc. Mr. Thiers in particular says: "Never have I felt better than at the present time: never was my head clearer—and why? A few months ago I received a present from a prominent California wine grower, Mr. Gerke. His wine has done me more good than all the physic I ever took. It is superior to French wine in many respects."

Old Uncle Hector was famous for having the largest nose in the Cape Fear region. After his death his will, which was worded in a peculiar way, was disputed. He willed the bulk of his fortune to the nephew that most resembled him. Now as there was no likeness of Hector in existence it was somewhat difficult to decide who should be the fortunate one. Finally the trustees decided to give it to the one with the longest nose. Now had Uncle Hector lived in our day and had his carte taken by J. W. Taber, the thing could have been settled at once.

O, Dash Away that Pearly Tear, restrain that rising sigh,
Let's make the most of life, for that, alas, too quickly flies,
Put on your sable cloak, love, for the wind is blowing cold,
And I'll take you to a place, love, that's "just as good as gold."
We'll go to old friend Louis Roca, at his place, the Saddle Rock,
And try some fine fat Eastern oysters, of which he's got a stock.

Some Curious Anachronisms are perpetrated in canvas. Burgoyne, in his Travels in Spain, notices a picture where Abraham is preparing to shoot Isaac with a pistol. In "Owen's Travels" a painting is mentioned in the church of St. Zacharia, at Venice, where an angel is entertaining the Virgin Mary and the infant Jesus with an air on the violin. Now, none of these absurd mistakes are made in photography. Just pull up at Bradley & Rulofson's, and see if you can keep admiring nature deified by art.

"**Alas!** how light a cause may move
Dissensions between hearts that love!
Hearts that the world in vain had tried,
And sorrow but more closely tied."

Too true, as a little episode in my domestic circle proved to me the other day. My wife would have a new lounge and set of chairs. She let me have no peace by night or day till I got them. I went to N. P. Cole. Peace has been restored, and "all is well."

Dr. Johnson, in his "Life of Milton," says that the term "Roman Catholic" ... of the Pope's bull. It is "particular universal, or catholic schismatic." ... Pulverman & Moore's furniture for economy and otherwise ... it is now really used all over the State. No one that has once bought furniture from them will use any other. It combines elegance with durability.

"**Can You Tell Me** where I can find a good drive and a nice place to put up at?" Of course, drive out on the San Bruno Road and put up at Harry Dankins, at the Six Mile House. He'll give you a hearty welcome and good cheer.

The Epizootic has laid up nearly half our horses. Many of our street cars have had to stop, and hacks grow scarcer every day. Numerous cures have been tried and countless preventives suggested. None, so far, have had the desired effect. A friend of ours, however, has a lot of horses up, not one of which has been affected. He says that ever since he used Main & Winchester's harness his horses have never been ill a day. It seems strange, but it is true.

The Report that Squarza, our well known and justly celebrated punch-maker, who has been in ... some time, is about to return here is without foundation. Meanwhile it is well known and believed that the proof of his great and popular secret is in the hands of his companionable friend and assistant, Mr. A. Pfister, Leidesdorff street. This is our idea, but of others to the contrary notwithstanding.

Whitney has burst up; in fact it's almost chronic with him. Long has he beared the market, but now his turn has come. If he does not look out he will have to face a jury this time. Stocks fluctuate, brokers break, but the Is Montana's Union Range will ever hold its own. It always has been the best and always will be.

An Inventor, who has, after much study and labor, invented a new system of making rails and locomotive and car axles, which can be finished in the short space of fifteen minutes after coming out of the blast furnace without being placed in a lathe for finish, wants a person of capital. Address R. R. B., this office.

The Stigmata is an every day occurrence compared with what we saw yesterday. A man, nearly blind, bought a pair of Muller's Spectacles, and now he can see to read the smallest type.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.	TEAS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron Scotch, No. 1	37 50 @ 40 00 —	Japans	— 35 @ — 75
Bar Iron assorted, ₱ lb	— 4 @ — 6	Oolong	— 30 @ — 65
Metal Sheathing ₱ lb	— 25 @ — 5	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates I C, ₱ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No 1, ₱ lb	— 9 @ — 10
Tin Plates I X, ₱ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 10
Lead, Pig ₱ lb	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 7½ @ — 8
Lead Sheet ₱ lb	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 12½ @ — 13½
Banca Tin, ₱ lb	— 40 @ — 42½	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Quicksilver	— @ — 95	Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ₱ ton	14 00 @ 15 00	Sperm Wax, ₱ lb	— 30 @ — 41
Australian	11 00 @ 12 00	Adamantine	— 13 @ — 15
Cumberland	18 00 @ 20 00	SPIRITS OF LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	14 00 @ 15 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	6 50 @ — —	Whisky, Scotch	3 00 @ 3 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	3 00 @ 3 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rio ₱ lb	19 @ —	Rum, Jamaica	1 70 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 22 @ — 23	Brandy, French	1 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 15 @ — 17	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	— 17 @ — 19	Chicken Gunnies 30×5	— 17 @ — 18
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales	— 16 @ — 17
China, No 1, ₱ lb	— 7 @ — 7½	Burlap Bags	— 16 @ — 16½
China, No 2	— 6 @ — 6½	Hessian 40 inch, ₱ yard	— 12 @ — 13
Hawaiian	— 5½ @ — 8	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool, ₱ lb	— 11 @ — 20
Champagne ₱ doz	20 00 @ 24 00	Tallow	— 6½ @ — 7
Port according to brand ₱ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 16 @ — 17
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ₱ 100 lbs	1 70 @ 1 90
OIL.		Barley	1 15 @ 1 30
Coal and Kerosene	— 33 @ — 38	Oats	2 15 @ 2 35
		Flour ₱ bbl	5 00 @ 5 75

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 10th of every month at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

May 1st. Steamer COLORADO . . . . . Capt Warsaw

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

April 27th—Steamer GREAT REPUBLIC . . . . Capt Cavarly

Through tickets to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of the Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer was said on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M. as follows:

PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Thursday, April 24th, Tuesday, April 29th.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnson, Friday, April 18th, Wednesday, April 30.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO AND SANTA BARBARA.

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M. as follows:

SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, Friday, April 18th, Monday, April 28th.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon ... No freight received or bills of lading signed after 11 o'clock ... on the 7th. Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. . . . April 2. . . . S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that the Field Deputies of this office will commence assessing property SATURDAY, March 1, 1873. The duties assigned to these Deputies are too well known to the community to require explanation, and while I have been careful in making my selections, I have faith in them with implicit confidence in their competency and integrity, and I am confident that the duties will be performed by them to the general satisfaction of all concerned. I earnestly request the co-operation of the public to report to this office any dereliction of duty by any of my Deputies, and assure them that any just complaints will receive immediate attention. LEVI ROSENER, City and County Assessor.

March 1.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press and Wood Engraving Establishment into better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct 7.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Lassen Vineyard, Vina, Tehama county, is now permanently located at No. 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE. Nov 11.

C. L. CUSHMAN.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 3.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London; National Provincial Bank of England; Wilkins & Co., Brecon Old Bank; Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank; Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank; Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane; The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane; Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st.; London Suburban Bank (Limited), 252 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street; East Cheapside; North m Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London; & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel; Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S.; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 21 Gswel Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gosterel, E. C.; Commission Sal and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool; Henry Lafon and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 2 Stevenson's building, S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

BALLAD OF J. COX, D. D.

[From Our New York Correspondent.]

There was a man named Cox,
Who had the care of flocks,
In short, he was a priest,
And preached against the beast.

His church was built of wood,
And near his house it stood
Of modern gothic style—
A venerable pile

And every Sunday morn,
As sure as you were born,
The bell began to ring,
And all that sort of thing.

And then the bell would toll,
And animate each soul
With a melancholy sense
Of solemn sombre 'cence

And when the bell had tolled,
Then forth the music rolled,
And the blower at his post
Would burst himself almost.

Then in would walk J. Cox,
With auburn beard and locks,
And kneel himself down to pray
In quite the high-church way.

He seldom had to look
Upon the prayer-book,
He was so very smart,
He knew the whole by heart.

And then he'd pray a while
In very humble style,
And then the choir would sing,
And all that sort of thing.

And then, at any rate,
They'd pass around the plate,
To clothe the parish poor,
Or give J. Cox a tour

Because J. Cox, D. D.,
Was very apt to be
Quite worn out in the Spring,
And all that sort of thing

But when he went to preach,
And undertook to teach
What seemed quite orthodox
To Reverend Doctor Cox,

Some folks would go to sleep,
And some begin to weep,
And those that slept would snore,
At least some three or four

One day, 'twas very hot,
He preached I don't know what,
Of angels on the wing,
And all that sort of thing.

He preached till afternoon,
Then tumbled in a swoon,
While the congregation slept
Then in the Sexton stepped,

And went to Doctor Cox
And gave him several knocks
In the region of the brain
And set him up again

And on the sermon went,
Till all the night was spent,
And the next day and the next,
In hammering at the text.

But the people were so deep
In a comfortable sleep
That I know they never heard
A solitary word

And then he showed the beauty,
And particularly duty,
Of a weekly offering
And all that sort of thing

And thus he preached away
Six months, both night and day.
Meanwhile, it is supposed,
The congregation dozed

Till the Bishop, on his rounds,
Came to the sacred grounds,
But, ere he reached the door,
He heard the sleepers snore.

And when he got inside
He thought he would have died,
At the people's grumbling
And all that sort of thing

So he went and woke the Sexton,
And he woke up the next one,
And soon the congregation
Put on more animation

Now, J. Cox was sore athirst,
So the Bishop he dispersed
The people, and then said,
"Now, Cox, you go to bed."

And the Bishop set about
To find the reason out,
And Cox, he said, "I think
It was caused by the ink.

It got so thick one night
That I could hardly write
And I weakened it with wine,
And Hoffman's anodyne"

And the Bishop said, said he,
"It really could not be
Expected they could stand
Your dreary sermons and

The Hoffman's anodyne,
That risky medicine
Get some new ink and try
Short sermons. Now, good bye."

But Cox could not condense,
And, as a consequence,
The congregation slept
Including those that wept—
While Cox urged church-going,
And all that sort of thing. H. A.

AN IMPORTANT PICTURE SALE.

The Sale of Marple & Gump's Collection last Wednesday attracted a large attendance, and the prices realized were fair, all things considered. There was no cheap rubbish in the collection, the works had been selected by Mr. Marple himself in Europe from the studios of well known or rapidly rising artists, and the whole had been most tastefully and expensively framed here, the patterns and moldings of the frames having been recently imported by the firm, and belonging exclusively to them. Among the leading purchasers were Judge Crocker, Messrs. Baldwin, Howard, Haggin, Hickox, Smiley, Wm. Norris, E. D. Mills, R. O'Neil, J. O. Gibson, Henry P. Avery, S. H. Brooks, and others, the two former bidding quite extensively and securing important additions to their collections. We have said that the prices realized were fair but none were excessive, and some of the smaller works were undoubtedly sacrificed. We question whether the enterprising importers came out much more than even. This, if so, is to be regretted, as it can only result in the importation of inferior works. One word for it, a collection gathered with so much care and good taste would have brought one-third more in New York. Several of the bidders, however, showed much spirit. The largest price paid was by Judge Crocker, who gave $... for "M... the Examination," an important composition of large size and who also obtained that magnificent copy of the well known "Mona Lisa" for $110, and several others ranging from $300 to $... apiece. Mr. Baldwin purchased the picture which had attracted so much attention from the artists, "Traveling in Italy," for $500, the "Glacier on the Matterhorn," $335, and some seven or eight other prominent works in the collection. Mr. Haggin gave $... for Naumann's "Childhood," and Mr. Howard for a gem of small size by Lambinet $110. Mr. Norris is now the fortunate possessor of "The Old Mill," mentioned by us last week, for which he paid $310. The purchasers may certainly be congratulated on their acquisitions. All, or nearly all, of the works in this collection were excellent investments and are bound to enhance in value. The next reception of the Art Association is fixed for the 15th prox mo, when an entirely fresh collection of pictures will be on view. The exhibition will, as heretofore, be thrown open to the public the following day, and continue for several weeks. Bierstadt has promised several contributions, including one of large size, a scene at the head of Kings River, Inyo county. We have seen this work in its unfinished state, and can assure the connoisseurs and artistic public that they have a rare treat in store. It is a magnificent composition, and depicts a portion of California never before transferred to canvas.

Dr. Johnson's Suggestion to the Board of Health.—We think that Dr. Johnson, of 621 Sacramento street, deserves the thanks of all good citizens for the suggestion he made to the Board of Health to remove the prisoners suffering from typhoid fever to a part of the old hospital at North Beach. The place he suggested has been occupied by the Matron. It is separated from the main building and contains five rooms, besides a kitchen. It has a bathroom, water-closet, permanent washstand, etc. The windows could be barred the same as those in the main building. The window overlooking the yard could be made into a door, and a flight of steps put up to connect it with the yard. A ventilator could be put in the ceiling of each room and the floor covered with shellac. We believe his suggestion has been acted upon by the Board. He is one of our cleverest physicians, and any suggestion coming from him is worthy of attention. There are at present three cases of fever in the Broadway Jail.

Married.—In this city, April 24th, at the residence of Joseph S. Paxson, Esq., No. 20 Stanley Place, by the Rev. H. D. Lathrop, James E. Ashcom, of San Francisco, to Stella, daughter of Dr. J. W. Morse, of Philadelphia. No cards.

The Oldest Man now known to be living in the world is Joseph Martin Coutinho, a resident of Cape Frio, in the province of Rio Janeiro, Brazil. He was born May 31, 1694, and is therefore nearly 179 years old.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any, and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

THE STUDY OF GREEK.

Editor of the News Letter:—SIR: "Shall Greek be abolished?" was the subject of a composition (described by the reporters as "exhaustive") which was read last week at the meeting of the High School Teachers in Boston. The speech of the Principal of the University of Louvain to the "Philosophical Vagabond" has been quoted in your columns already, but it is so much better than anything said since that it will bear repetition:

"You see me, young man, I never learned Greek, and I don't find that I have ever missed it. I have had a doctor's cap and gown without Greek; I have ten thousand florins a year without Greek; I eat heartily without Greek; and, in short, as I don't know Greek, I do not believe there is any good in it."

Possibly that "splendid sample of our native raw material," Mr. Hannibal Chollop, went a little too far in his depreciation of "the ancient Athenians":

"As it was, he contented himself with showing Mark one of his revolving pistols, and asking him what he thought of that weapon.

"'It ain't long since I shot a man down with that, sir, in the State of Illinoy,' observed Chollop.

"'I shot him down, sir,' pursued Chollop, 'for asserting in the *Spartan Portico*, a tri-weekly journal, that the ancient Athenians went ahead of the present Locofoco Ticket.'"

But after all, was not Mr. Chollop partially right in his views, even though there was too much rude sincerity in his expression of them? Homer sang that matchless parting of Hector and Andromache, but Homer never wore a pair of rubber-boots. Phidias set up the Olympian Zeus, to have seen which was counted by "the ancient Athenians" as the real *nepenthes*, yet no sewing-machine clicked in his wife's boudoir. The cell in which the clearest-headed and sweetest-tempered of men drank the hemlock was glorified only by the "light within his own clear breast," and not by the genial kerosene. If, then, Mr. Chollop was right and the editor of the *Spartan Portico* wrong, if we are so much "ahead of the ancient Athenians," it is time to cut the umbilical cord which binds us to the past.

"Leave to the Greek his marble nymphs
And scrolls of wordy lore."

We shall not have scholars and thinkers to connect us with antiquity and the great brotherhood of nations, but we shall have men that know "facts, hard facts, sir." Mr. Gradgrind lived too soon. It is time to canonize him as the great Apostle of the Education of the Future. W. H.

AUSTRALASIA.

By the Steamship Dakota, we have Auckland, New Zealand, dates to March 13th. From the *Southern Cross* we summarize the following:

NEW ZEALAND.—The departure of his Excellency Governor Bowen, which took place yesterday, amidst loyal demonstrations of regret and respect, is the event of the week in Auckland. A parting ball was given on Monday evening in the Music Hall and proved a brilliant success.

In matters political, the four weeks which have passed since our last summary was published have witnessed what is termed a Ministerial crisis, and an actual change of Ministry. Yet with a single exception there has been no change. Mr. Waterhouse has simply given place to Mr. Fox as Premier.

The Conference of Australasian delegates, respecting various matters of importance to the colonies, has closed. Melbourne has been selected as the terminus for the Galle and Australia mail service. A new service has been resolved on through Torres Straits, at a cost not exceeding £25,000, of which the Imperial Government is asked to pay £5,000. The Imperial Government is also to be asked to pay £5,000 a year towards the California line.

The Hon. Mr. Vogel, who returned from Australia some ten days ago, has, in conjunction with the delegates for New South Wales and Queensland, made a provisional arrangement, subject to the approval of Parliament, for the laying of cables between Singapore and Queensland, and between Australia and New Zealand.

The farewell meeting of his Excellency, the Governor, with the Waikato natives took place at Ngaruawahia on the 12th instant. An enthusiastic welcome was accorded to the Governor—about seven hundred friendly natives and eighty Hauhaus and Kingites being present.

NEW SOUTH WALES.—We have Sydney dates of March 1st, from the Sydney *Morning Herald*. We give the following:

The eighty fifth anniversary of the colony (26th of January) fell on a Sunday. Monday was mail day, and so the usual celebration was postponed till Tuesday, when there was a special Parliamentary adjournment, and a public holiday.

Among other estimates, the Government have obtained one of £1,000 to pay a commissioner to negotiate for assistance to secure a trans-Pacific mail service. The Legislative Assembly last session, by resolution, authorized the Government to invite tenders for a mail service across the Pacific. The Government of this Colony asked the assistance of the Imperial Government to the service for the transmission of the mails through the territory of the United States. It also asked permission to make treaties with the United States Government for this service.

Since our last monthly summary, public attention here has been principally directed to the rich claims of Hawkins' Hill. The shares in Krohmann's, Beyers & Holtermann's, Carroll & Beard, Creighton & Beard, Rapp's, the Star of Peace, and others on the line of the rich veins, have all gone up in value, but the two former have increased in price far beyond anything to which they had previously reached.

VICTORIA.—The new education Act is working well. Children are, it is said, flocking to the State schools. One gratifying effect of the new measure is seen in the desire that has been stirred up on the part of parents to have their children educated.

Witnesses have been collected in Victoria for the Tichborne trial, and they are to proceed home by the outgoing mail.

All of the banks have arrived at an agreement, and the minimum rate of discount is fixed at 5 per cent., on ninety five days' bills. Interest on overdraft accounts, 8 per cent. Exchange on London, 90 days, ½ discount to buy, ½ premium to sell.

QUEENSLAND.—There have been extensive floods in Queensland, and in many quarters much damage has been done. At Ravenswood the rainfall for January was 33 inches.

A large number of German emigrants, about 400, have arrived at Brisbane, direct from Hamburg. They were nearly all laborers, and the local journals remark that having arrived at a very opportune time, they would no doubt readily meet with engagements.

FIJI.—A correspondent writes from Levuka, Feb. 1st: Things are at present quiet here, but not by any means in a satisfactory state. It is impossible that they can go on in their present state much longer, as both races are discontented, and more severe troubles are, it is feared, brewing.

Three of the mountain chiefs have been "showing their teeth," not against the King, but against each other, yet it is in reference to some botheration arising out of Governmental action and white men's claims.

There is a report of another Fijian chief having been killed by some white men or white man, because he was unable or unwilling to complete some contract for supplying them with Fijian labor.

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.—By the Australian steamer we have later dates from Honolulu. The news is of no importance. The *Gazette* demands reciprocity.

The leprosy is rapidly on the increase, and is spreading in every direction.

The *Gazette*, in an editorial, wishes the United States to declare explicitly that it will never annex the Islands.

Trade is extremely depressed, and sales are confined chiefly to the auction room at prices which leave no margin for profit over cost and charges.

MY DARLING.

Through the long days and years,
What will my loved one be,
Parted from me?
Through the long days and years.
Always as then she was
Loveliest, brightest, best,
Blessing and blest—
Always as then she was.

Never on earth again
Shall I before her stand,
Touch lip or hand
Never on earth again
But while my darling lives
Peaceful I journey on,
Not quite alone,
Not while my darling lives.
—*Colonel John Hay.*

SLEIGHING IN ST. PETERSBURG.

A Correspondent of a contemporary says: "Without any breach of confidence, or the slightest indiscretion on my part, you shall be told of one of the 'designs of Russia.' It is the openly avowed design of this Northern colossus to make its winter season as pleasant as possible. In spite of the cold climate of the capital, there is so much fun and bustle, such 'sleighing' and skating, such wrapping up in furs and laughing at the weather, that I doubt if the rise of temperature, very noticeable, will give pleasure to the Russians hereabouts. Indeed, I fancy they will be much disgusted by it. We are still in the full swing of Carnival time, for the Greek calendar is twelve days behind that of the Western or Latin world, and there is yet a little space before the beginning of Lent. Every one seems disposed to make the most of that space. There are balls and parties in plenty, there are special performances at the theatre, and a number of theatrical 'benefits' have been duly announced. For humbler seekers after pleasure, we have a fair in the Champ de Mars, and any amount of cheap 'sleigh-rides' in the snow-covered streets. High and low, rich and poor, glide silently along on sledges. What a contrast to the worry and racket of St. Petersburg pavements in summer! No wonder that these people tell you to come hither in the winter months. The keen wind, and the pleasant gliding motion; the absence of noise and dust, and the clever driving of the *isvostchiks*, make a mere trip through the city quite a sporting exercise to a stranger. It is better, of course, as far as the pace is concerned, to leave the busy streets altogether and get away upon a crisp white surface where the horse may be allowed to trot his fastest; but there is more life to be seen on the light brown snow of the city itself. Observe yonder handsome sledge with a pair of high-stepping steeds as black as night. You would swear that the coachman in the long blue gown and odd-looking cap was bent on killing somebody before he got home. He appears to be lost to all consideration of prudence, and drives full tilt into a crowd of sledges, whilst the light brown snow flies up in a cloud, like spray. Yet see how deftly those shabby little sledges glide to right and left, or pull up sharp, or dart forward in a hurry, and how it results that no one is hurt. Away goes the handsome equipage, scarcely slackening speed for an instant, and the two ladies half hidden in furs, and the solemn footman who stands behind them, preserve an unruffled composure. Now there is another well-appointed turn-out to be observed coming in the opposite direction. It is impossible, as one should think, to avoid a general 'smash up' this time. The crowd is so great that some mischief must be done. But again the little sledges are equal to the occasion, and again the seeming danger is averted. The light brown snow bears many a mottley freight in this Carnival time, for the thinest and the roughest of sledges from the country are allowed to ply for hire in St. Petersburg. You may count the family parties by the dozen which are packed into small wooden cradles, as it were, and dragged along with infinite merriment. The men in sheepskin overcoats and stout boots have a padded, greasy look, which it does one good to see, and the women are mere bundles of warm clothing. It is a curious part of the Russian winter how warmly every one is dressed. They have so severe a touch of frost every now and then that they must dress warmly or die, and hence even the quite poor are booted and muffled in what we should think a luxurious way. They are a quiet, good-natured set of people are these humbler Russians, with very little of the 'rough' element to be seen in their holiday gatherings. Let us drive towards the Champ de Mars and enjoy a view of some of the sights of the fair. Thicker and thicker is the throng of sledges as we approach the scene of action. That great dusty parade-ground of my summer recollection is now clear and pleasant enough, and it is no hardship to have to walk the last part of the distance. But you can well imagine that with such a stream of traffic to be turned aside there will be a considerable scramble at the critical corner. The police have their orders, and it is useless to struggle against fate. The foot-passengers are not to be endangered on the parade-ground. Yet some bold *isvostchiks* are bent upon further progress. Here is a 'row' for our special instruction. We see a mounted gendarme dart after one of the delinquents, and, stooping as he overtakes him, wrench off his number from the front of the sledge. Other policemen come up. The crowd is interested and observant, the numberless driver is carried in expostulation. With such a number he is lost. Mark how quickly a detachment of the 'force' attends him on either side. Now, surely, they will 'run him in,' for he is loud and vehement, with tears in his eyes, and is causing a stoppage of traffic. There is a moment's pause, whilst the *isvostchik*'s case is in suspense. The mounted gendarme grins at the policeman on foot, and they look hard at the defeated driver. He has turned his horse's head, and is moving sorrowfully into the crowd again, a numberless man. But that grin on the stern face of his conqueror has boded well for him, and in the distance we may observe that the metal plate which bears the number is being returned with a word of warning."

CAFFIRS AND FIREWATER.

Later on in the Course of the Parley, and after Anta, in reply, had spoken of various themes, a councillor, Hakem by name, said Anta, answer the point about the bright and shining money going to the canteens, and the brown money going to the Great House.

ANTA. This is the way I answer that. Of a truth, son of Browaler, our great father, the nation is completely ruined. After all these words that you have addressed to us to-day, if we heard that the wife of so-and-so at a certain kraal had made beer, every one of us would make for that kraal to get drunk. If we heard of a certain place where we could get drink, we would all adjourn to it. The nation is utterly ruined. Even our children, whom we have taught to drink, have far surpassed us. They are greater drunkards than we are. The nation is being literally thrashed out by drink. That is a perplexing point. It is a hateful thing. The craving for tobacco is nothing now compared to the craving for brandy. Even our love for it surpasses our love for our women.

There is something very doleful and tragic in this confession, doubly doleful and tragic because so true, and if further proof of its truth than I have adduced already were wanted, it is readily adduced in the following extract from the report from which I have just quoted:

Riding homewards a couple of hours afterwards, the words of Anta and the honest old councillor proved to be too true. I came upon group after group of men quite hopeless. As I approached the Thorn River I came upon about thirty men dismounted, treating themselves to a dance on the wagon road, whilst the horses in mute amazement stood gazing at their masters. The reason of this dance was easily discovered, for several men were freely imbibing the drink they love so well. Some of them were the most miserable specimens of humanity that one rushed out from the others, shouting, "Contradict me if you dare. We all belong to the tribe of Heleke, and none but Helekes are allowed here!"—*Cape Argus.*

Should America continue to grow in libraries for the next twenty years as it has grown in the last twenty, 1890 will find it a most learned nation. The census of 1850 shows four and a half millions of books in their public and private libraries, the census of 1860 found thirteen millions, and that of 1870 over forty-five millions—a record of threefold growth every ten years. One of the most pleasing features of the statistics of the present census is the presence, for the first time, of eleven hundred libraries, belonging to cities and towns and freely open to the whole community. The record of the periodical press shows the same law of growth, though not at so rapid a rate: two thousand five hundred in 1850, four thousand in 1860, and five thousand nine hundred in 1870.—*London Mirror.*

Is Corn Sour? No, its wheat.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Engravings, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Price Lists, descriptive of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our commerce and interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor and citizen of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 60 to 6½ Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 3d. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 60 to 6½ Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8

SWISS-AMERICAN BANK,

Incorporated in Geneva (Switzerland), January 20th, 1873. Head office in Geneva.

Capital... $2,000,000 subscribed, one quarter paid up.

PRESIDENT—HENRY HENTSCH, SAN FRANCISCO BRANCH (successors to Messrs. Hentsch & Berton), 27 Clay street. DIRECTORS—Francis Berton, Robt Watt.

This Bank is prepared to grant letters of credit on Europe, and to transact every kind of Banking, Mercantile and Exchange Business, and to negotiate American Securities in Europe. Deposits received.

Bills of Exchange on:

New York,	Hamburg,	Bern,	Fribourg,
Liverpool,	Berlin,	Neuchatel,	Lucern,
London,	Frankfort-on-the-M.	Chaux-de-fonds,	Aarau,
Paris,	Geneva,	Solothurn,	Bellinzona,
Lyons,	Zurich,	Lausanne,	Locarno,
Bordeaux,	Basel,	Baden,	Lugano,
Marseilles,	St. Gall,	Chur,	Mendrisio.
Brussels,	Winterthur,	Schaffhausen,	

An ASSAY OFFICE is annexed to the Bank. Assays of Gold, Silver, Quartz, Ores and Sulphurets. Returns in coin or bars at the option of the depositor. Advances made on Bullion and Ores. Dust and Bullion can be forwarded from any part of the country and returns made through Wells, Fargo & Co., or by checks. [March 8.

FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Master. DIRECTORS—Geo F Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS: Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland, and the Continent. Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received, subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Eu-rope, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates, also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.

Oct 25. A. McKINLAY, } Agents } A. S. FINNIE.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 23.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 520 California street, North side bet Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Extra hours on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M. for receiving of deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.

GEORGE LETTE, Secretary [Feb 1] L. GOTTIG, President.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California.

GEO. H. PRIME, Secretary [April 15.] LEONIDAS E. PRATT, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Hab-cock; Secretary, T. F. Baron; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office, No. ... street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec 21

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; B. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES:

Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed. BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco. Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,

Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. OLIVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec 21

ARMES & DALLAM,

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Bags, etc., 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pollzol.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.

The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.

The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Munton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordova.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.

Hotel de Bergues. F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.

Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.

Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe. M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville. J. Baer, Pr.

Hotel Porro.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.

St. Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.

Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.

Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.

Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

The Romantic Career of Lady Ellenborough.—Miss Isabella Burton, wife of Captain Burton, writes to the *Pall Mall Gazette* as follows: About sixteen years ago, tired of Europe, Lady Ellenborough conceived the idea of visiting the East, and of imitating Lady Hester Stanhope and Lady Mary Wortley Montagu. (There is also a French lady, Mme. de la Tour d'Auvergne, who has built herself a temple on the top of Mount Olivet, and lives there still.) Lady Ellenborough arrived at Beyrout and went to Damascus, where she arranged to go to Bagdad across the desert. A Bedouin escort for this journey was necessary, and as the Mezrab tribe occupied the ground the duty of commanding the escort devolved upon Shaykh Mijwal, a younger brother of Shaykh Mohammad, Chief of this tribe, which is a branch of the Great Anazeh tribe. On the journey the young Shaykh fell in love with this beautiful woman, who possessed all the qualities that could fire the Arab imagination. Even two years ago she was more attractive than half the young girls of our time. It ended by his proposing to divorce his Moslem wives and to marry her, to pass half the year in Damascus (which to him was like London or Paris would be to us) for her pleasure, and half in the desert to lead his natural life. The romantic picture of becoming a queen of the desert and of the wild Bedouin tribes suited her wild fancies, and she was at once accepted, and she was married in spite of all opposition made by her friends and the British Consulate. She was married according to Mahommedan law, changed her name to that of the Honorable Mrs. Digby El Mezrab, and was horrified when she found that she had lost her nationality by her marriage and had become a Turkish subject. For fifteen years she lived, as she died, the faithful and affectionate wife of the Shaykh, to whom she was devotedly attached. Half the year was passed in a very pretty house she built at Damascus, just without the gates of the city, and the other six months were passed according to his nature in the desert in the Bedouin tents of the tribe. In spite of this hard life, necessitated by accommodating herself to his habits (for they were never apart—she never lost anything of the English lady, nor the softness of a woman. She was "grande dame au bout des doigts" in sentiment, voice, manners and speech. She never said or did anything you could wish otherwise. She kept all his respect, and was the mother and the queen of his tribe. In Damascus we were only nineteen Europeans but we all flock around her with affection and friendship. The natives the same. As to strangers, she only received those who brought letters of introduction from a friend or relative, but this did not hinder every ill-conditioned passer by from boasting of his intimacy with the House of Mezrab, and to recount the untruths which he invented, *pour se faire valoir*, or to sell his book or newspaper at a better profit. She understood friendship in its best and finest sense, and for those who enjoyed her confidence it was a treat to pass the hours with her. She spoke French, Italian, German, Slav, Spanish, Arabic, Turkish and Greek as she spoke her native tongue. She had all the tastes of a country life, and occupied herself alternately with painting, sculpture, music, or with her garden flowers, or poultry, or her thoroughbred Arab mares, or carrying out some improvement. She was thoroughly a connoisseur in each of her amusements or occupations. To the last she was fresh and young, beautiful, brave, refined and delicate.

The Secret Box.—The process by which a Ministry, with due observance of etiquette, resigns office has, we see, been speculated upon in the columns of a contemporary—of course, with a view to what has not happened. We may therefore state that on such occasions the key of those well-known dispatch boxes are handed in by the former possessors, and seals are given up by such as have them; for instance—the Lord Chancellor, the Lord Privy Seal, the five Secretaries of State (Home, Foreign, Colonial, War and India—and the Chancellor of the Exchequer resign their respective seals of office. But there are Cabinet Ministers who do not resign seals on retiring; these are the Lord President of the Privy Council and the First Lords of the Treasury and the Admiralty; the Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster gives up his seal of office on resignation. It may be added that there is a general circulating box, of which all the Ministers have a key; but no one but the Prime Minister has a key to the secret box of the head of the Government.—*Court Journal.*

On March 14th Her Majesty held a drawing-room at Buckingham Palace, when about ninety presentations were made. The Prince and Princess of Wales, the Duke of Edinburgh, the Duke of Cambridge and Prince Christian were present. The Queen wore a black silk dress with a train, trimmed with crape and jet, and a jet diadem over a long white tulle veil trimmed with black tulle. Her Majesty also wore jet ornaments, the Riband and the Star of the Order of the Garter, the Orders of Victoria and Albert and Louise of Prussia, and the Saxe-Coburg and Gotha Family Order. The Princess of Wales wore a dress of black poult de soie, with plaitings of tulle, with a tunic of fine Irish lace, ornamented with bouquets of variously tinted cresses and grass, and a train of black poult de soie covered with Irish lace. Head-dress, a tiara of diamonds, feathers and veil. Ornaments, pearls and diamonds. Orders, Victoria and Albert, Catherine of Russia, and the Danish Family Order.

A Strange Visitor presented himself at Windsor Castle recently. It appears that a person of respectable appearance and of middle age arrived at Windsor from London by the Great Western Railway, and at once proceeded, carrying a box, portmanteau and a rug to the Castle. On being stopped by a police officer on duty, he made the startling announcement that he had received instructions to attend at the Castle for the purpose of making arrangements for burying the Princess Beatrice, and that he had written to Her Majesty upon the matter on the previous Saturday. The officer, having doubtless had experience of previous visitors suffering from various forms of mania, informed him that his services were not required, and politely saw him on his way back to London by the train.

The Memorial Diplomatique says the marriage of Prince Arthur with the Grand Duchess Mary, daughter of the Emperor Alexander of Russia, is now arranged. The young Prince will go to St. Petersburg immediately after the return of the Emperor, who is now in Italy. The Prince of Wales and his sister-in-law, the Grand Duchess of Russia (Princess Dagmar of Denmark), have, it is said, greatly contributed to this union.

On the Anniversary of the Death of the Duchess of Kent, the Queen and Princess Beatrice visited the mausoleum of the Duchess at Frogmore in the morning. By Her Majesty's command the mausoleum was opened between the hours of twelve o'clock and half-past four p.m., to enable the ladies and gentlemen and servants of the household to visit the tomb.

The Vienna Exhibition.—The Chevalier de Schaeffer, Deputy Consul-General for Austria and Hungary, has received official information that the Universal Exhibition at Vienna will be opened on the 1st of May, 1873, by the Emperor in person.

The Maharajah Dhuleep Singh has resolved, it is announced, to contest Whitby at the next general election with the Premier's son, Mr. W. H. Gladstone. His highness is a Conservative.

It is Rumored, says the writer in the London *Guardian's* "Table Talk," that Dr. Lushington's secret about Lord Byron has not died with him, and will be made public before long.

It is Said in Paris that the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh will take place next March, and that before it does take place the Queen will pay a visit to St. Petersburg.

Prince Arthur, who has rejoined his regiment at Dover, opened the Dover and Cinque Ports Poultry Show on the 20th March, and afterward inspected the collection.

M. Thiers, says the *Lancet*, is suffering from gastrodynia—that is, a painful affection of the stomach attendant on dyspepsia.

Wrangel, the oldest of the Prussian field marshals, is very ill. He is paralyzed on the left side.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Col-lis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 1, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London: "So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 40, and $2 15 by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK—J. ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & CO. 15 Franklin street. July 11

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as 'Household Words.'" Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *,*SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.—The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared Cocoas, but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopaths and Invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb 22.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution —AGAINST FRAUD.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion, in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co. Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co. Kurrachee, Messrs. Fedgett & Hughes. Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BONBONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, resembling both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 22. Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & CO., corner Battery and Clay sts. San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammuni-tion, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps, Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gas Tight Cartridges, for Pin fire and Central fire Breech loading Guns, Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, Sept 6.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Sole Patentee and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France. J. n. D.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost several dollars and upwards, and are difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address, Oct 5 D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Courvoisier, Jurgensen, Wheeler & Carter, Hawkins & Dodds's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co. and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 8.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

COME TO GRIEF.

" If that leap d n't give tha latone a shake,
He is a rider, and a no stake."
[see London Punch and Cartoon of Feb. 15.]

With his whip at work, and his spurs rammed in,
And too hard a hand on his horse to begin,
Six foot of stone to clear in his stride,
And near taking-off ground beside,
We saw him powdering down the hill,
With coused rather less of wisdom than will;
And just as judgment had cried "Hold hard!"
To a war of life, and cover card,
We saw his teeth clenched hard for a rush,
And his brow o'erspread with an angry flush,
And then we knew how it would be—
With that leap, in that temper twas all U P!

Three times his prudence and half his pluck—
With recollections of two years' luck,
And the famous "kills" of Church and Land,
To harden his heart, and nerve his hand—
It needed all these, and something beside,
At such a leap, with a chance, to ride!
But some said his horse hard-mouthed had got,
And we knew *his* temper had grown hot.
And then, that crowd just under the wall,
Fr ze coats and black, in angry bawl,
With their sodd n waving of flag and crosier,
Might well shake the pluckiest jock's composure;
With sounds in his ear, and such sights in his eye,
The steadiest horse in the world would shy!

Yet he went at it, first with such a will
That those who had laid the long odds on a spill,
For a moment, Queer sired thought to see,
And looked for a hedge, if a hedge might be.
But then came that see-saw of rasping rein,
That works a horse against the grain,
And that sting of whipcord and angry heel,
Where a cuter hand had spared lash and steel;
And the hullabaloo of that foolish crowd,
Where the jock looked for cheers, but not so loud—
And book-makers cheered, and backers were dumb,
For the chance was gone, and the cropper come!

And we saw, through the stones of the wall, in the air,
A rider still in his saddle square;
And we saw the Irish horse in a heap
Come rolling over that luckless leap;
And we saw that plucky rider down
With a broken neck, or a fractured crown!
Not yet! In spite of stun or sprain,
He's off and up on his legs again,
And shaking his fist at the shouting crew
Who yelled his leap with their hullaballoo!
And as ready to ride—thank British beef—
As if he never had "come to grief!"—*London Punch.*

SUNBEAMS.

—Recently, in a car on a New York Central Railroad train, a dispute arose between two old ladies. One declared if the conductor opened the window she would die, and the other protested against its being closed, for she would certainly smother to death. The conductor was in doubt, when a venerable gentleman exclaimed, "Open the window and kill one of them, and then close it and kill the other, and then we shall have peace."

—Somebody is advertising a preparation which, among other merits, is warranted to keep a lady's hand free from chaps. *Punch* knows another way to effect this. Let her dress in the present fashion, and have it known that she has no money. Chaps, if they are sensible chaps, will let her hand alone very severely.

—Appeal to the United States.—You do sing "Hail, Columbia!" as well as "Yankee Doodle," but still your continent has derived its name from Amerigo Vespucci. Now, Amerigo is only the Christian name of that voyager. Couldn't you sometimes call your great and glorious country Vespuccia?—*Punch.*

—The following epitaph is to be found, it is said, in St. Andrew's Cathedral burying ground:

" Here lies beneath this stone confin'd
John Duncan, laird of Stonywynd.
He was a man of great renown
Guid brother of St. Andrew's town.
He had every virtue that can
Denominate an honest man."

—At a late session of the Unitarian Conference, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe asked why reference was constantly made to the "brethren," never to the "sisters." The Rev. Robert Laird Collyer replied that he would answer the same as a Methodist parson did to a similar question: "The reason is because the gentlemen embrace the ladies."

—A prison chaplain being recently required for a Scotch prison, and the choice made one of the Board said: "Weel, I see no objection to the man, for I understand he has preached a kirk toom (empty) already, and if he be as successful in the jail, he may be preach it vacant as weel."

—The latest patent has been taken out by a railroad restaurateur. It is for a patent reversible gutta percha beefsteak, which can be fried and served up four times a day for a year before it requires renewal.

—An epitaph, which is hard on "the father," in an Eastern burying ground, reads as follows:

" Here lies the mother of children five:
Two are dead and three are alive.
The two that are dead preferring rather
To die with the mother than live with the father."

—An Irishman was summoned for refusing to pay a doctor's bill, when he was asked why he refused to pay. "Why, what for should I pay?" said Mike, "shure he didn't give me anything but some emetics, and there wasn't one could I keep in my stomach at all, at all."

—A gentleman unaccustomed to public speaking becoming embarrassed, whispered to his Dublin friend, "Quick, quick; give—give me a word." Upon which the other replied, "Faith, and I will, but just say what word you want."

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Saturday, March 15, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A M (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A M (daily) C P R R Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland). Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:30, *8:10, —:20, 10:0 and 11:20 a.m., 12:10, 1:30, 2:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, *7:20 and *11:30 p.m. (7:30, 11:20 and *1:00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:10, 6:0, *:30, 9:00 and 11:00 a.m., 1:30, 2:40, 5:0, 10, 7:40 and 10:10 p.m.

Leave Oakland, *5:0, 6:30, 8:0, 9:0, 10:0 and 11 10 a.m., 12:00, 1:40, 2:30, 3:0, 5:05, 6:20, 6:05 and 10:20 p.m.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:30, 9:00 and 11.15 a.m., 1:30, 4:00, 2:30 and 4:00 p.m. (1:20, 11 15 and 3:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:15 a.m., and 3:30 p.m.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:20, 7:25, 9:00 and 11:30 a.m., 1:30, 4:00 and 5:30 p.m. *Except Sundays.

T H GOODMAN, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 5th, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only	San Jose Only.
Leave—San Francisco	..	8:30 a m	*4:20 p m	†4 40 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	6 40 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12:45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2:00 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 15 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible]		
Hollister	Arrive	2 30 p m		

Trains North.	San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—Hollister			11 10 a m
Salinas			10:45 a m
Castroville			11 10 a m
Pajaro			11 20 a m
Gilroy			1 25 p m
San Jose	6:20 a m	7:00 a m	3:00 p m
San Francisco....Arrive	8:20 a m	10:10 a m	5:25 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:20 p m †Sundays excepted

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:30 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:30 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at 1:30 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1 a.m., arrive at San Francisco at 11 20 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEMENT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer "Princess" will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 9:15 a m, 11 a m, 1:30 p m. Saucelito at 8 a.m., 9:30 a m and 3:30 p m. Sunday Time—San Francisco, 10 a m, 12 m, 2 p m and 4 p m. Saucelito, 11 a.m., 1, 3 and 5 p m. On Saturdays, an extra trip from Saucelito at 5 p m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a.m. H. A. COBB, President.
Nov 16. 2 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily, Sundays excepted, at 7 a.m. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 2 p.m., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. [Aug 21.] CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:20 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 4:30 p.m. San Rafael, 7:45 a.m., 11 15 a m, 2:45 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a.m., 3:00 p.m. San Rafael 8:00 a m, 3:45 p m. [Aug 24.] CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a. m. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec 11. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, Side or Wood Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 20.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonnough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on at 12 o'clock M., from Front street Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none other signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15. 4½ Front street.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for freckles, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles 1s 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 26. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST. EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin lined packets labled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H R H, the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. The success of the season at the table for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 28.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. Y. Herbert, Secretary, Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I A Amerman, Wm Harney, H H Byrne, J C Pennie, F M Freund, H Traube, P Crowley, H Y Herbert, W McKenzie, J C Langton, J T Ferrior, A Jun Smith, Aaron Meyer. HAGNEY & BROWN, Agents. Office 423 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 14.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM
March 25.] Agents, 423 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g.
Justices—400 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall
Probate—City Hall.
Fourth District—City Hall
Twelfth District—City Hall
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets
City Physician—Co'ty Hospital
Coroner—18 Kearny street
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants' Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm
Mayor—City Hall
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt of Streets—City Hall
Assessor—City Hall
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 11 City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—229 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall
Outside Land Committee—21 Exchange Building, Washingt'n and Montgomery streets
Health Office—Jackson street
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Jackson St., bet. Van Ness Av and Franklin St
Quarantine—21 Kearny street.
Harbor Master—15 Vallejo St
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

Belgium—E. Grisar, 121 Powell.
Chili—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street
Chili—Consul General—Francisco 26 Casanueva, 508 Battery st
Denmark—G. O'Hara Taafe, 520 California street
Ecuador—Daniel Wolf (absent).
France—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, 419 California street.
Guatemala—C. Martin 423 Cal. st
Hawaiian Islands—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street
Honduras—Wm V Wells, Mayor's Office, City Hall
Italy—G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
Japan—G. W. Brooks, 30 Montgomery street.
Mexico—J. Rivas, 526 Kearny.
German Empire—C. A. C. Duisenberg, 314 Sacramento street.
Netherlands—J. De Fremery, 710 Sansome street.
Nicaragua—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street
Peru—Ilo la Fuentey Sobiral Federico
Portugal—Francis Berton sw. cor Clay and Leidesdorff Sts.
Russia—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building
San Salvador—D. J. Dersey
Spain—C. Martin, 423 California.
Sweden and Norway—G. C. Johnson, 37 Battery street
Switzerland—Francis Berton
U. S. of Colombia—F. Herrera
Bolivia—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street
Callao—H. J. Williamson, 530 Brannan street
Costa Rica—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street
Greece—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street
Argentine Republic—C Baum, 310 Battery street.
Austro-Hungarian—O Muecke, 103 California street.
Turkey—George W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending April 21, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.

Tuesday, April 15th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
F F Selberlich to G F Whitcomb	Ne cor Mississippi and Solano, 100x25	$ 750
G E Whitcomb to F F Selberlich	Same	700
Geary St Ex H'd to M R Best	Lot 5 blk 263	350
E A Gi on Tittel to J G Kahlman	W Kearny n Sutter, 6 inches x 60 ft	1,000
A J Gladding to David P Marshall	W Larkin n California, 60:3x137 6	....
John Morrissy to Pat Morrisey	Se Tehama sw 5th, 37 6x80	5
Patrick Morrisey to J Morrisey	Se Tehama sw 5th, 37 6x80	5
Paul Roussel to City & Co S F	W Powell s Filbert, n 30, etc	4,634
Same to same	E Stockton s Green, s 26 etc	6,831
Richard Crooke to E Dixon	N California e Steiner, e 27, etc	1
Edward Barry to same	S corner 6th ave and B st sw 100x25	1
John H Smyth to Thos H Douglas	S Pine e Webster 62 6x137 6	3,000
Laurel Hill Cem Ass'n to F Brisac	Lot 2011 Laurel Hill Cemetery	241
Michael Radford to E Gulbert	Se Jessie sw 4th, 20x70	2,000
E Gulbert to Caroline Gulbert	Same	Gift
Catherine Stapleton to T Donnelly	E Clinton s Brannan, 25x80	1,000

Wednesday, April 16th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Ida Precht to Isadore Le Francq	N Greenwich e Dupont, 17:2x70	$1,800
Robt R Bulmore to Ed Hoffmann	N Jackson w Jones, 24 8x112:6	4,050
Maria Larkin to H W Larkin	Ne 3d se Mission, 77 6x25	5
Henry Pierce et al to J R Merrill	N California w Divisadero, 82:6x137:7	500
Jos S Alemany to Cornelius Burns	W Boyce, 175 Pt Lobos Ave, 50x100	675
Geo O'Conner to Roger O Donnell	Sw Mission, 155 sw 3d, 20x70	3,750
J H Meredith to L S B Sawyer	Lot 2 blk 94, Excels or H'd	320
John Robb to Nicholas Richard	S Green e Kearny, 30x[illegible]	1,475
Edward Edwards to Ferd Bauer	Lot 39, blk 250, Haley & O Neil Tract	800
Daniel B Spangler to D McDevitt	N Jessie, 175 e Church, 50x114	500
Ed Moran to Mary Moran	W Franklin, 60 n Bush, 30x70	Gift
Pt Lobos Av & Pk Hd to J Stuart	Lot 1 blk 425 and lot 69 blk 242	600
Ernest Buser to Jules Mayer	Lot 7 blk 6, College H'd	150
Geary St Ex H'd to J M Quay	Lot 27 blk 202	350
City and County S F to M Bradley	Harrison s 22d, 51x100	prem
Francis Kaace to A M Kaace	Geary w Powell, 25x137 6	Gift
Tide Land Com rs to D Nostrand	N ½ lot 6 blk 419	500
Thos Gallagher to Susan Bradley	Lots 1611 and 1642, Gift Map 4	300
Garden Tract H'd to Edw Coffin	Lots 26 and 27 blk 1	700
Henry Grotheer to Claus Spreckles	8th and Bryant, 70x85	12,000
E R Carpenter to S H Brodie	Und ½ blk 268 W A	15,000
John H Hahn to Susan R Barge	Grove w Octavia, 1¼x120	2
Fred'k Cooper to J P Strebel	Und ½ Folsom sw 7th, 25x90	2,500
Rob't H Barge to Wm J Stoddart	Grove w Octavia, 76:3x120	....

Thursday, April 17th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
C Koopmanschap to Henry Conner	N Vallejo e Powell, 20x137 6	$ 1
D F McDonald to Sarah M Hunter	1 acre McDonald Ranch	700
Isaac S Allen to S P Corning	S Erie w Howard, 27x115.4	2,300
Thos Corey et al to Thos Murray	N Hayes w Polk, 27:6x80	1
J F Glover to John Murphy	N Glover w Jones, 23x60	350
Jonet on H'd Ass'n to J J Guilfoyle	Lot 12 blk 6	350
D J Mills to A J Lewis	Se Union and Fillmore, 85x7x195	5,000
Tide Land Com rs to L Weyteman	Lots 2 3 and 4 blk 83 Tide Lands	1,212
Julius Platshek to Mary Levine	Sw 10th nw Folsom, 100x162 6	7,500
P Masterson to T H Way	W Auburn n Jackson, 23x50	1,525
John S Hand to John Shirley	Subdiv blk 491, Bay View H d	1
City and County S F to J Dexter	W Pennsylvania Ave s Solano, 75x100	....
Sav & Loan Soc to M Trainor	N Clay w Taylor, 19:6x97.6	6,000
City and Co of S F to Wm Hollis	Subdivisions P N blk 180	..
Lorin Bruno to S W Shepherd	Nw Mariposa and Missouri, 62 6x100	4,500

Friday, April 18th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Tyler Curtis to Henry P Macnevin	Undivided 1-5 bound e by Division, etc	$2,000
City & Co of S F to W E Loomis	Sundry properties in Western Addition	Prem.
W E Loomis to City & Co S F	Streets, highways, etc	....
Samuel F Sinclair to W J Pritchard	E Nebraska, 300 n Yolo, n 21x100	100
W J Pritchard to City & Co S F	Streets, highways, etc	....
City & Co S F to W J Pritchard	Sundry subdiv Potrero property	Prem.
N Reynolds to City & County S F	Sw Powell and Filbert, s 22:6, n 50:9, etc	11,340
Mary Gowenlock to M Gowenlock	Subdiv blk 71 W A	4,000
F Brisac to Laurel Hill Cem Ass'n	E Elder Path n Dell Ave 15x14 L H Cem	75
Chas T H Palmer to F R Austin	N Bush e Laguna, 78x137 6	2,000
Henry J Holmes to J M Stockman	Nw cor 24th Ave and I B, 300x200	100
E A Lawrence to E Robertson	50-vara lot 1 in blk 291, W A	450
Geary St Ex H'd to C A Sankey	Lot 31 blk 166	300
Marian Hart to James H Lemon	S 19th e Stevenson, 25x85—sub M H 67	2,000
Paul Neuman to Honora Rank	S Jackson w Leavenworth, 137 6x31 1½	....
H A Cobb to Henry L Davis	Ne Jackson and Montgomery, 60x60	..
Web'r St Hd Ass'n to J K Basford	Lot 31 blk 314 W A	1,625
Felton Tract H'd to W Joseph	Lot 1 blk 1209	170
Jos A Hofmann to Marian Hart	S 19th e Valencia, 25x85	3,000
John Martin to Margaret Martin	So Market ne 8th, 82 6x165	5
A J Kopech to Jose R Pacheco	Six 50-vara lots in blk 286, W Addition	1,250
Columbus Bartlett to H Sav & L So	N Sacramento e Kearny, 23 9x59 5	14,703
Pierre Boulanger to L Caufield	W Dupont s Sacramento, 65x31:7 6	Gift
Pt Lob Av H d Ass n to W M Seaton	Sundry lots Pt Lobos Avenue H'd	3,600
R C Barbadoes to Wm C Ralston	E 1st s Boston Place, etc	3,993
Wm H Tayler to Nicholas Luning	Potrero Nuevo Property	50
Nicholas Luning to City Gas Co	Same	50
Same to Wm H Taylor	Same	50

Saturday, April 19th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Robert N Cowes to R C Barbadoes	E 1st s Boston Pla, s 25, e 87:6, n 50, etc	Gift
Thos D Lewis to Edward M Hall	Sundry lots in University Mound Hd	1
Stephen S King to David Raymond	Lot 32 blk 227, Gardenville Hd	1
John Sanders to N S Simpkins Jr	S Pine, Larkin, 83:9x137:6 sub to mortg	8,750
David Cahn to S P Butterworth	N Clay w Van Ness Ave, 137 6x127 9	35,000
M O Smith to M O Callaghan	N North Pt st w Leavenw'h, 137:6x137:6	3,500
Wm O'Nell to Michael McNamara	Nw Jessie sw 7th—sub 100-va 263	2,800
Tide Land Com'rs to T Donnelly	Ne Clinton se Brannan, 25x80	8
David P Durst to Louis Meyerstein	Se Tyler and Larkin, 137 6x137 6	100
Spring Val H'd Ass'n to C Moser	Lots 262, 263, Spring Valley Hd	720
John L Cobb'eigh to H Barr Howell	N Clay w Polk, 50x127 8	5,000
Geo McHenry to Chas H Kilpy	50-vara lots 2 3 4 5 blk 207 W A	1
Wm C Hinckley to O Lawrence	W Mason, 21 n Pierce, 62 6x25	....
Wm Belu to Anton Kramer	N Kate w Fremont, 25x150	750
J H Applegate to Buena Vista Hd	Mission blks 91 to 107 108 and n ½ of 109	1
Wm M Hinton to Chas H Hinton	1 acre interest Co R d & S V W W T'ct	1,933
Ellen Galvin to Lewis Brandt	N Hayes w Polk, w 30x137 6	1
Dennis Callaghan to same	Same	5,600
C M Brenner to P A Eakins	Lot 14 blk 310, Pleasant View H d	200

Monday, April 21st.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Spring Val H Ass'n to C Horstman	Lots 30 and 31, Spring Valley Homestead	$ 720
John G McCullough to John Stroufe	S Fulton e Masonic av, also s Fulton, etc	1
Pac Tan'y Co to Hib Sav & L'n Soc	E Folsom s 18th, 2[illegible]x245—M B 51	24,740
Michael McCarty to same	Ne Van Ness and Broadway, 137 6x27.6	2,632
Patrick Burns to Ellen Burns	Precita Valley and other lands	Gift
Stanhope Dickinson to Dan Toole	N Belmont e Palmer, 25x125	225
Noe Garden H d U n to J Jacobs	Lot 5 blk 23 and lot 2 blk 22, Noe Gar Hd	1,000
City & Co of S F to J Spottiswood	Subdivs blks 533 and 579 W A	Prem.
Sol P Kimball to Harriet C Carlton	Und 1-3 ne Fremont se Folsom, 30x137 6	1
Masonic Cem Ass'n to A Hubbs	Lot 50 section 14	62
E T Perkins to Emile Grisar	Sundry properties Potrero Nuevo	7,179
Joseph Marchant to Chas Pidancet	Tide Lands	1,000
Same to Adrian Pidancet	Same	1,000
Wm Hollis to George W Lynch	E Divisadero s Turk, 25x80	2,150

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending April 22, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
C H Bradley to H Bay	Oakland 157 6x100 sw cor Castro & 13th	10,000
W F Bacon to E Flemming	Same S line 21st 100 w from Brush th w 50x100	650
E Zimmerman to G Zimmerman	Same 200x100 ne cor Harrison and 2d	5
N Stoel to C E McGregor	Same E Lindon 450 n from 25th thence n 50x125	1,500
M Sanderson to M McCarty	Same 50x50, se cor 10th and Castro	1,100
M H Mansfield to F Warner	Same: E line Brush 50 feet n from 5th thence n 50x75	750
E Bigelow to N Huntington	West Oakland N 8th 45 e from Wood th e 50x97	1,650
G A Chase to same	Same 45x113.5 ne cor Wood and 8th	1,100
H Schussler to J O'Connor	East Oakland 150x140 n corner Adams and Contra Costa	2,400
A G Abell to S T Wells	Same: 300x300 Patten, Jackson, Strode and Franklin	1
W B Clement to M P Kay	Alameda: E line Park 325 n from Webb thence n 25x98:3	850
P H'd Ass'n to L D Towne	Same: S line of San Antonio 250 w from Walnut thence w 100x300 to San Jose	2,000
Wilcox & Bigelow to W Blair	Oakland Tp Lots in White House Tract	4,000
J D Mudikin to W W Carter	Same: 122:6x100:2 sw cor Tel'ph & 39th	1,000
Oakland H d Ass n to R L Bushnell	Same: Lot 120 Maxwell Tract	5
J E Marchand to T J Murphy	Four miles n from Oakland, 20 acres	5,000
A J Kopech to H W Carpentier	Same: A Tract near San Pablo Avenue	....
J W Brumagim to J Anselmi	Near Temescal Creek—100x135 Teleg'ph and Merced	600
J Silva to C Martin	Four miles ne from Haywood, 10 acres	1,200
S Merritt to C Paolitti	Berkeley: Lot 1 blk 1 Villa lots adjoining University	7,000
W G Craw to S T Call	Near Haywood: 396 acres	....
H S Fitch to J Bailey	Fitchburg Lots 8, 9, 10 in blk 9	500
Same to A M Crane	Same: Lots 1 to 12 in blk 21	2,000
A Collins to W Haywood	Haywood: One lot	700
P Pollahwiski to C Hermann	Same: 200x100	000
Swift & Coleman to Sac Sav Bank	San Leandro: Blk 10, lots M & N blk 18	1,500
M S Palmer to L Levy	Livermore: Lot 12 in blk 14	175
E Barry to E Dixon	Near San Jose: 10 acres	1
F Hollins to J T Stevenson	Road Centreville to Alvarado, 25 acres	4,000
W Morrison to O W Patterson	Near Centerville 20 acres	3,790

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. April 22.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

GEORGE W. McKEAND, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County) Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. 3.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally.

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 124 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has now expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself—the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders, Thomas Donnolly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure Unadulterated Saleratus, and his Unadulterated, Unequaled Bicarbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business, now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented, superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.
San Francisco, January 25, 1873. [Feb. 1.] THOMAS DONNOLLY.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

CHARLES HARE,

34 and 36 Stewart street.—Tanner's Oil, Cocoa-nut Oil, Polar Oil, Pig Iron, Cumberland and Lehigh Coal, Braziers' Copper, Yellow Metal, Nails, Anchors and Chains, all sizes, Hemp and Manila Rope, Galvanized Wire, Rope in bond or duty paid, Pitch, Tar, Oakum, White Lead, Eastern Oak Ship Timber, Spanish Cedar, Teak, Lignumvitæ, Rosewood Oil Casks, Water Tanks, Cannon, Brass and Iron, all sizes. Japan Tea and fine Java Coffee of my own importation. Old Iron, Copper, and Metals bought at the highest market rates. March 1.

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS,

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent for the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec 24.

WEBER PIANOS,

At Sherman & Hyde's Music Store, corner Kearny and Sutter sts. ☞ These Pianos have a world-wide reputation. Call and see and hear them. [Feb 1.]

A GOVERNMENTAL INSURANCE BUREAU.

Last Week, as our readers will perhaps remember, we mooted the idea of a Governmental Insurance Bureau, and gave our three general features of the establishment, and arguments for its feasibility. In this issue we present the plan in detail, premising that such details are necessarily preliminary and subject to revision and amendment. But they carry evidence of the standard principles which are to secure the People from imposition, from what might be characterized by a harder word than either of the two, and to promote public economy, and to stay the drainage of money by foreign capitalists. Without further preface we put the matter before our readers, content to let the scheme stand on its own merits, and endeavoring to present it in a form sufficiently plain to need but little further elucidation. To begin at the beginning: Let there be a General Board of Underwriters established at Washington, composed of eleven members, elected by the President of the American Republic, each member to receive a yearly salary of $10,000, the President of the Board receiving $12,000. In each State let there be a Board of five members elected by the General Board, the members to be residents of such State, to hold a life office, and to receive a salary of $6,000, gold coin per annum. In case of death, half of such salary to be duly paid to wife and orphans of such deceased members, during their natural lives. Should any of such Board be entirely disabled from serving on account of sickness, such member to be pensioned at a salary of $4,000. This Board to elect amongst them a President at a salary of $7,000, such elections to be held every two years. In each county — provided that such county contain 100,000 inhabitants — an office for insurance to be established. These County Boards to be composed of three members, elected by the General Board, who shall also hold life office at a salary of $4,000 per annum, its President to receive $5,000 — they to employ clerks and other help at decent salaries, men without reproach, and dismissable at any time without any appeal to the State Board or the General Board at Washington. In the matter of salary for disability by sickness or death, the County Board to stand on the same terms as the State Board. No member of any Board will be allowed to hold any office, or practice any profession outside his duties on the Board. Lawyers to be employed in cases of actual fraud. All insurances to be collected and paid in gold coin. If there be no funds on hand, losses to be paid in drafts on the General Board at Washington. All funds in hand to be deposited at several National and Savings Banks, drawing interest, with a provision of reimbursement at fifteen days' notice. Whenever the funds of the State Boards accumulate to over $[illegible], such surplus to be immediately forwarded to Washington. Tabulated statements to be published every three months by the State Boards, stating in numbers only, the amounts of premiums collected, the losses paid, the outstanding risks, the general expenses, including all salaries and the actual profit and loss of each State. The Rates of Premium of insurance to be as they now are, but [illegible] such time as the General Board may see fit to make a change. Every two years a general meeting to be held at the Capital, every State sending one of each Board to report and take advice, such meetings to last only [illegible] days. It will be the duty to decide any intricate or uncertain cases there may be outstanding. In the event of any extraordinary conflagration or emergency, a Meeting of Consultation to be held at Washington. *No risk to be entertained for more than the valuation on which the taxes are paid, but under, if thought best by the underwriters.* The Fire Department to be paid by the Board. Water in all towns to be free. No marine risks to be taken, and no insurance to be effected on crops or cattle. Under this order of things a child might effect an insurance, everything being ruled by a settled tariff and a sense of real security would be all-pervading. Here we let the matter rest for this week, believing that all who are interested — and who is not? — will consider the plan, and that all who consider it will be convinced that its adoption would be the establishment of a regime which would assuredly secure the individual, the city, and the country a lasting good.

GIVE THEM THE SUFFRAGE.

The Ladies appointed to examine the charges against the Principal of the Deaf and Dumb and Blind Asylum have had the committee meetings and conducted their investigation in secret, and they now report that they find but a few irregularities. They give no definition of the word "irregularities," and we are left to guess at what they mean. It is a waste and [illegible] matter to [illegible] of words, and out of this groove at least half the [illegible] in the world. Some women would consider it an irregularity in a man to come home with his boots in his pocket, or try to blow his nose with the door-key. [illegible] that the regular march of life was interrupted only when the husband stayed at home on club-night, [illegible]. These and the thousand similar meanings of the word cannot possibly have been in the minds of the ladies of the Committee, as all of them were at [illegible] happy in their homes and full of [illegible] good. What then do they mean? What is an irregularity in the Principal of an Asylum for the deaf and dumb and the blind? Principal W[illegible] was charged with [illegible] good food for himself and family, and giving the [illegible] charge. This was not an irregularity, for it was [illegible] by the testimony of the witnesses that it was the regular [illegible]. He was charged with [illegible] the Asylum, cutting them and then selling them. [illegible] of the flock. No man can serve two masters [illegible] and this would amount to an irregularity, or else he loved his pupils and this might seem to be irregular. [illegible] hate them. So far then, there is no sign of a possible irregularity. What do the ladies mean? They surely cannot mean to hint at anything like [illegible] the [illegible] with the [illegible]. The suspicion is dreadful, and yet we know our [illegible] "raised" but there [illegible] in America can tell whether a column of figures is cast up correctly or not. If we were in France, [illegible] we might have cause to tremble, but here it cannot be. Still the [illegible] stares us in the face. What is an irregularity? Will the ladies explain? They secretly investigated Mr. Warring Wilkinson (Warring [illegible] name for a man who has [illegible]) about him. What do they find irregular? Did [illegible]. Was he strictly confidential with all the [illegible]? Is it true that he had an [illegible] of Rembrandt photographs taken three weeks ago, and if so, where are they? A Congressman could [illegible] than these ladies. We respect them too highly to believe them capable of throwing away their time and trouble. Like Congressmen, they are fond of [illegible], ready for duty, up with [illegible] done. So [illegible] we say, give the ballot to the Ladies' Investigating Secret Committee. Let them vote and be voted for.

THE MEDICAL MUDDLE

The Doctors, as usual, are [illegible] each other's throats, and this time the University must pay the penalty. Bennett don't like Cole, and Cole hates Bennett. The Gibbons, father and son, declare in a breath that Toland is a quack, and Toland stands ready to demonstrate to all creation that there is only one great man in the world than Gibbons's father, and that is Gibbons's son. Lane has his pet aversion among the [illegible] and won't associate with any of them, and so it goes on to the end of the chapter. But in the meantime the Regents [illegible] University find themselves in a mess. They have taken upon themselves to establish a medical department to utilize the doctors and [illegible] the worthless, and failure is staring them in the face. The incongruous refuse to be congruous, the irreconcilable won't be reconciled. Doctors will hate each other and call their rivals bad names if for no other reason than because they always have done so. We would like to see the muddle cleared up [illegible] faith in Butterworth, who has never failed in anything [illegible] to our knowledge. But we must say that just now [illegible] he has his hands full. He is pledged to weld the lion to the lamb, to make the badger [illegible] and more, to cause them to lead a happy [illegible]. His reputation is at this moment staked upon working [illegible] and Bennett, and Lane and [illegible] and all the Gibbons into the same hotch-potch and to make of them a palatable mess. We feel for Butterworth, and we feel for the public, but we [illegible] "caught a Tartar" for the doctors, and [illegible]. We hope they may get on [illegible] each other in the future as they have [illegible] in the past, and we [illegible] "[illegible] has made them so."

A BRAVE MAN'S TEARS.

A maiden's tears for a lover shed,
For a hope that's gone, a sweet heart's dead,
A widow's tears o'er a husband's grave,
Or the abject tears of an iron bound slave,
Are nought compared with a brave man's tears,
When he leaves his home and his love for years
Like water pressed from a flinty stone.

His tears are the sap drawn from every bone —
Each tear he sheds, each sigh he gives,
Takes a day away from the days he lives.
Vainly his courage strives for control,
The tears seem pressed from his very soul.
We're sad enough in this life so brief
Yet no sight so sad as a brave man's grief.
W. L. S.

THE GENTLE MODOCS.

We are Growing Quite Uneasy about the poor Modocs. General Gillem appears to us to have lost his temper. A sanguinary disposition ill becomes a modern warrior of the Peace School. If President Grant should happen to see the last general order of [illegible], treating as it does, threatening, and slaughter against the Modocs and their posterity, we are sure he would become alarmed for his "pets" in the lava beds and censure [illegible]. We would like to see these gentle savages of the North carefully dealt with, and if possible brought to this city, where they could be of infinite service to the police. Their mode of dealing with a full "whites" and of the Peace Commissioner type is altogether to our taste. We would encamp the entire tribe in squads, first taking care to supply them bountifully with ammunition, and so set on them about the city as it takes [illegible] "where they would do the most good." We would post a few of them [illegible] at the doors of some of our fashionable churches on Sunday morning and explain to them through interpreters that the most respectable-looking [illegible] coming out, with [illegible] the most confirmed and malignant [illegible] clothes, were Peace Commissioners of the most confirmed and malignant character. "Shack Nasty Jim" and two or three braves we would station over the way in California street, where they could command the Board of Brokers. About one o'clock "Scar Faced Charley" should take care of the [illegible] office. There is a Peace Commissioner [illegible] that the savage would appreciate. "Bogus Jim" should perambulate between the Board of Supervisors and the Spring Valley Water Company's office. We feel sure he could not go amiss. In so rich a field of usefulness, "Boston Charley" we would send around to the various savings banks with orders to dangle the scalps of any highly respectable patriarch who might be found figuring over [illegible]. "Curley [illegible]" might [illegible] what an interest column [illegible] any very serious mistake could be made in any one of the back offices of these institutions. As for "Captain Jack" and [illegible], we would keep them under our immediate charge for operations of a general character. First, we would visit the Tax Collector's office and obtain a list of the names of property owners above $100,000, and point out the wigwams to the enterprising red men and say, "Go in and do your duty." We would [illegible] but few from the fury of the sons of the forest. Michael Reese should escape. He is a patron of higher education, and gives away libraries. [illegible] Stanford, for his [illegible] and devotion to the good of the people and his hatred of all newspapers save the *News Letter*. Charley McDermott should not lose a hair of his ambrosial locks on [illegible] Gannon's account. We like [illegible] Gannon. With these few exceptions, we feel that the best society might be greatly thinned out, and we would let the Indians have a full swing at the most of them. But we fear, as we said in the commencement, that the gallant ale [illegible] are destined to come to grief in the "lava beds," and that San Francisco will be none the better for them. It is a pity. They could do good here.

THE EPIZOOTY.

We Always Knew that horses were better than men, better indeed than any living thing except perhaps women and some dogs. We now know what it is [illegible] the most useful members of society. We suffer, we are [illegible]. [illegible] among men would be a blessing compared with [illegible] in the horses. In the first place, it would trouble no one not attacked, and [illegible] the attacked. And then, the man or men [illegible] is but a trifle. The death of any [illegible] in a serious misfortune [illegible] melody. The death of the best of men has its points of advantage. It is a favor all [illegible] to all [illegible] him [illegible] and but a fell [illegible] workers if he be poor. The death of men in very many cases proves to be an omnium of benefit to all. We know of no [illegible] would wholly [illegible] and many whose death would [illegible]. We feel that the common [illegible] could advantageously spare a man [illegible] and the death of any named individual [illegible] his fellows into transports of delight, but would be a [illegible] satisfaction to the majority of a [illegible] and [illegible]. How can we see them suffer? How can we spare them, in [illegible]? We hear that Morton, the drayman, [illegible]. We would rather have spared Morton, the drayman or [illegible] the most [illegible] respectable members of Dr. Lyman's church, or [illegible] the Directors of the Spring Valley Water Company. But it was [illegible] whom [illegible] can only be taken from us. [illegible] and placed where it is deserved. O Lord, and [illegible] ever pray.

THE "ALTA" ON HOODLUMS.

The Alta makes out a terrible case against the unfortunate Hoodlum. It says "The Hoodlum [illegible] is incapable of appreciation [illegible] system either of [illegible] civilization. His [illegible] he has embraced it in one of forms only and barely. [illegible] You cannot found upon such [illegible] any [illegible] civilization. We do not believe there ever was or ever will be an American Hoodlum [illegible] a truly civilized being. And yet, on the [illegible] charity we have regarded [illegible] and [illegible] the country to [illegible] than forty would be [illegible]. Hoodlum [illegible] Hoodlum [illegible] kind of [illegible] that the Hoodlum [illegible] exterminated. [illegible] of [illegible] on the part of the [illegible] Christianity and civilization [illegible] argument of the Hoodlum [illegible]. We are [illegible] peel to society. So far we are [illegible] not ready to admit that the Hoodlum should be hunted down, and exterminated, root and branch, and this, not because we are half as far advanced in practical Christianity as the *Alta*, but because in the fervor of its impassioned rhetoric, that excellent and motherly journal has [illegible] the Hoodlums belong to the [illegible] If, indeed, the *Alta* had called for the imprisonment and extermination of the Indians on the Continent, we should have applauded to the echo, but the Hoodlum, though in all other respects as dirty and dangerous as any Indian, is white, or at least potentially white.

Senator Cole's Last Card.—Ex-Senator Cole has one more play, and he leads a trump. It is Master Jesse [illegible], and the old [illegible] postmaster of [illegible], Kentucky, for the [illegible] and other things of that sort in the future. Senator Cole has engaged him for the [illegible] and we shall soon see with what success. The Senator [illegible] to be playing for a [illegible] to succeed Casserly, and here is his chief attraction. [illegible] We shall see. If this scheme proves an [illegible] as it may, [illegible] an uncertain, then he can draw for a second [illegible] and [illegible] a draft [illegible] papa, who stands by the friends of his family. We [illegible] the Sandwich Islands are raised to a first-class mission, [illegible] and [illegible] the Senator [illegible] He might do worse, for he might have to practice law in San Francisco.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Getting on in the World, or Hints on Success in Life. By Wm. Mathews. 12mo, cloth.
American Game in its Seasons. By Henry Wm. Herbert. 12mo, cloth.
Woman in American Society. By Abba Goold Woolson. 12mo, cloth.
New Life in New Lands. Notes of Travel. By Grace Greenwood. 12mo, cloth.
Music Hall Sermons. By Wm. H. H. Murray. Second Series. 12mo, cloth.
Rouge et Noir. A Tale of Baden Baden. By Edmond About. 12mo, cloth.
Palmetto Leaves. By Harriet Beecher Stowe. 12mo, cloth.
A Manual of Gesture. By Albert M. Bacon. 12mo, cloth.
The Dead Sin and Other Stories. By Edward Garrett. 12mo, cloth.
Bart Ridgeley. A Story of Northern Ohio. 12mo, cloth.
Geology of the Stars. By Prof. A. Winchell. 12mo, pap.

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New Style of Ladies' Stationery:

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An eight page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school, and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing

E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug 16. San Francisco.

DR. ABORN,

Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory, 213 Geary street, at [illegible] Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 5.

THOMAS TURNBULL,

Architect, Shiels' Block, No. 658 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 25.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

One Night, in the Early Part of this Week, the *Town Crier* was lying peacefully asleep in his virtuous couch, when the slumber of the just was thoroughly awakened by a terrific dig in the ribs with a sharp elbow, and by hissing in his ear, "Good gracious, Town, what *is* that noise?" He sat up and listened. Such is of the strangest and wildest music [illegible] on his astonished ear. That sound is very like a quotation even if it isn't. The music evidently proceeded from instruments constructed of brass and wood, and there was an occasional crash, but unmistakable evidence of [illegible] at sixpenny. What the tune was, Lord knows. At times the beat of the bass drum would wander away into musical vagaries that were astonishing indeed, and be brought up suddenly with a sort of smothered *pouf*, produced evidently by the violent introduction of a drum stick into the inner orifice of the suffering instrument. One clarionet held on to a prolonged and high pitched shriek, whilst another tooled and squeaked up and down such musical bars and dales of discordant melody, that this had evidently a trial of which were able to [illegible] continued and [illegible] breathing. A player of the cornet stuck to "Home, Sweet Home," with a pertinacity that savored of inebriated stubbornness, and he who produced the [illegible] thumping the aforementioned parchment, endeavored with an assiduity worthy of a better cause to beat time to everything, but failed lamentably therein. With his night garments fluttering in the very early morning breeze the *Town Crier* opened his casement and asked to see who were these "serenaders" [illegible] night. That he is sure of. They were a uniform seen often near the Presidio, and he agreed with Mrs. Town as she shook up his pillow, and declared "'twas shameful."

With what Joy we read that the old country is gradually, yet surely, shaking off the trammels of that devil-fish, Religion. (Not the Religion of God, but the played out old humbug that has kept the world back a thousand years.) Fawcett's bill, for abolishing the religious test, is a step, and a big one, too, in the right direction. Why should a certain sect come forward and say, we, and only we, are right in our religion, when, perhaps, the odds against them are a thousand, nay, ten thousand to one. Give every one a show, and let the best man win, is our motto — be he Papist, be he Buddhist, or be he of no religion at all. Universities are not meant at all [illegible] for religious training. If they are, they fall a long way short of their aim. The religion of the world should be that which teaches a man "his duty towards his neighbor." No one, however, as sect runs against sect, as prejudice overweighs sound sense, while priestcraft rules the roast and philosophy contents itself with the crumbs, "man's duty towards his neighbor" will be as it ever has been, translated to mean man and along as justly as he knows how with the use of his own belief, and [illegible] and robbing those who dare to be of any other. We believe that the all [illegible] plucked by erring Eve, contained countless pips, each of which has grown into a religious sect. If we are correct in our belief, Eve has certainly brought more trouble into the world than woman, good and noble as she is, can ever hope to counterbalance.

Sherman, though he has a habit of whistling "Marching Through Georgia," has a pretty clear head on his shoulders. His view of the Indian question, one that at the present moment must be worthy of every American's consideration, is a clear and lucid one. He bases his arguments on a good, solid common sense basis. His red tape, however, sticks out when he says that "the present Indian agents, as a class, are very good men." We ask, what for themselves or the Indians? and here, I have to disagree with him and contradict him, by saying that we think, as a class, they are the meanest set of thieves that ever [illegible] dirty plunder. He pleases us a little better when he goes on to say that "they lack force and power, which the Indians alone respect." We do not exactly know whether they lack force. They do, no doubt, in Sherman's acceptance of the term, but one kind of force we know they do [illegible]. They force the Indians, otherwise peaceably inclined, to commit murders and robberies, that if left alone they are just as [illegible] would never dream of. We believe that an Indian respects a man that is a man, but when the white men that are placed in immediate connection with him, and to him represent the "Big Boston Man," behave so scurvily to him, he returns by being a savage, and as an honest philosopher judges one by the other, and fights the devil with his own weapons — treachery. Much as we admire some parts of Sherman's Indian views, we must say that his view of the "good agent" is to be the least a mistaken one.

Even that Time-honored Subject, the Weather, as an introductory to topic of conversation, has given place to the [illegible]. Modoc [illegible] and the epidemic [illegible]. The [illegible] War [illegible] must expect to be made [illegible] record of [illegible] ring [illegible] strongly flavored with the [illegible] of Cæsar, he has no equal. And now he has furnished our Western Barnum with a tangible evidence, of one at least, of the terrible conflicts in which he has been engaged. The visitor to Woodward's Gardens, who [illegible] by [illegible] the bloodstained hands of that Nasty Jim. The account of the struggle given in the [illegible] accompanying the gift, showed it to have been one which for [illegible] ferocity and force of [illegible] bears a strong resemblance to that of the famed Kilkenny cats [illegible] in the [illegible] into the [illegible] Now [illegible], that [illegible] like the [illegible] Apache [illegible] has [illegible] in the [illegible] belonged to some son of a gun, and we would as soon believe Mr. Woodward as the *Chronicle*.

The Season for Self-Choking, shooting, etc., seems to have come in with the [illegible]. Nearly every day a man or [illegible] little boy, [illegible] We had an establishment [illegible] up for the express benefit of all [illegible] who [illegible] dispatched [illegible] sent [illegible] to pay. [illegible] Fancy what a sensation it would create [illegible] and [illegible], and not able to do any [illegible] harm, has decided to [illegible] Monday next. [illegible] the [illegible] expected [illegible] be had either at the [illegible] room of [illegible] We think the [illegible] and become [illegible] to commit suicide. It is a fish [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] use for once and show sport. The law used occasionally to treat us to a "hang," but those good old days have gone by. We have to look to amateurs now for the fun.

What! the Pope Dead? The Infallible Pope! No; don't believe it. Bless you, he [illegible] dead yet for some time. He's good for a certain [illegible] or two, what's the use of infallibility. Here, however, our better sense comes to the rescue, and we think, if he is dead (?) he's shown remarkably good sense in dropping off just at the present time. This is a degenerate age, and as, of course, all Popes go straight to heaven, with free passes, [illegible] the [illegible] part after all. We only hope our poor old man won't strike [illegible] Turk's heaven. He would be sadly [illegible] to treat the advantages of the fair houris that Mahomet has placed there to people their heavens with. We fancy, however, that he'll have more snakes than Eves in his heaven. He's pretty well used to dealing with them, so will feel at home. There have been worse Popes, and there have been better. One grave complaint lodged against him, is, that he never [illegible] a fellow get a good square kiss. Several pious pilgrims have been disgusted to find that after a little walk of some two thousand miles, a nasty, horny toe has [illegible] "It was "hard to [illegible]."

A "Noose"-paper Supplement—[illegible] The "Noose" paper is the [illegible]

We never Should have Suspected, never should have believed had we not [illegible] our own eyes, that the *Illustrated* [illegible], whose ancestors [illegible] to [illegible] into the [illegible] world, till were paid once a year have given us such an insight into the other world, could have so far forgotten its nationality and its Christianity, as to have caricatured the Modoc martyr, General Canby. We can forgive the *Chronicle* for making sport of Captain Jack, he deserves it, but for a paper that even pretends to [illegible] to heart every point in its daily issue, to [illegible] a caricature of the late General, surrounded by a frame of young cornmeal, too bad. Now [illegible] "last little present" to keep his gently [illegible] No. It will be to him as a thing of the past. A paper that has no respect for the dead can have no interest for the living *T. C.*

The T. C. has at last come to the conclusion that too much China will send San Francisco to pot. He does not object to the Mongolian taken in moderate doses, but too much, even of a good thing, is apt to create nausea. The question has often suggested itself to the reflective mind of the *T. C.* Have we really any idea how many Chinamen we have right here in the city? Ever since one of these Mongolians (to whom, in a weak moment, he intrusted his week's wash) returned him two babies' napkins and a worn-out pair of socks, and assured him that "dat all washee you gibbe me," he has entertained a wonderful idea of their mental capacity. He thinks they might possibly dodge the census, and return their numbers twenty per cent. less than they actually are. He also fancies that if some of their houses were examined, lots of defunct Chinamen would be found in every state of decomposition, acting as household furniture.

A French Gentleman has discovered a mode of escaping earthly woes and furnishing an item for the newspapers which we heartily recommend to those who are tired of the one and ambitious of the other. It costs very little, and gives one an opportunity to "try again." This [illegible] gentleman lost the [illegible] of his [illegible], and [illegible] to choke himself [illegible] with soda water, he purchased at once some [illegible] charcoal, hermetically sealed every chink and crevice of his room, threw himself on the bed with the photographs of the dear departed and the dear departed [illegible] and [illegible] awaited death. Somebody broke, however, and the would-be suicide, after some hours of patient waiting, got up to investigate matters. He had only forgotten to light the charcoal. He thought better of it, married again, and wishes now he had lit it.

Utica Brooker, a New York lady of the Timberstern school, felt very much hurt at having to leave the Court, when the dirty filth of the demented George Francis train was read. No doubt she wanted to hear it, went there to hear it — and then to be disappointed! — must have hurt her feelings very badly. Her motto as she explained to the Court is, "Evil to him who evil thinks." We do not suppose that the reading of any amount of filth would bring even the faintest blush to the check of any member of her school, and think that the only reason she was ordered to leave the Court was, that the lawyers were afraid her presence might make them blush and feel embarrassed. Lawyers are not as a rule too sensitive, but they can never hope to compare in cheek with a "strong-minded woman." Their strength of mind is only equaled by their breath. Both are equally offensive.

A Blind Man was crossing Regent street, London, when he was on the point of being run over by a reckless hansom cab-driver, and at the risk of her own life, a beautiful young lady ran to his rescue, and pulled the poor man to the pavement in safety. A rich bachelor saw the transaction and straightway sought her out, was introduced, courted, proposed, was accepted, and married the heroine without loss of time. The effect of this has been wonderful. Hopeful young ladies can be seen standing in the vicinity of street-crossings, with one eye searching for stray blind men, and the other on the look-out for a rich bachelor. But it would be an awful bore if they should tackle the old man and have the bachelor nowhere around.

Master Bryan, who is fond of raw turnips and has a dislike to the producers of that [illegible] fruit, viz: the Chinese, evinced that dislike in rather a marked manner last duty, by shooting the owner and producer of his loved turnip. It is a [illegible] that such a rising young Hoodlum should be stopped in his career of usefulness. But we hope that "Ah Wing," though he was a Celestial, will be avenged and that Master Bryan will get strung up as a lesson to other aspiring Hoodlums, who prefer [illegible] turnip to the ancestral "[illegible]" and whose brutality [illegible] to comprehend that a hard working, honest Chinaman is better than a thief-bred embryo politician.

Father Graham denounces England as "an ass," "a fox," "a Thor," "a boor," "a slave," "a ghoul," whose people are "a brutal mass, abject as the abject villagers of the [illegible] Dahomey." The dear old father [illegible] with the dignity of an English nature [illegible] [illegible] and carefully have he [illegible] an [illegible] of [illegible] Is not that an awful [illegible] with the blood of the [illegible] name and that the [illegible] Scotch, but only [illegible] (You should be proud of such a child. His breath, however, savors more of rotten potatoes than of good oatmeal.

Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg, whose good management of Thorpe's Hotel we have so often [illegible] on the San Bruno Road for the [illegible] Park, where they are about to open a delightful place. We are very [illegible] that they have come [illegible] like Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg are [illegible]. We [illegible] that [illegible] a marvel of beauty, as we all know that for taste and design in gardening, flowers, etc., no one can come up to Mrs. M.

Mr. McAllister, the gentleman whose sparkling wit and pertinent questions, in the [illegible] case have made the Fourth District Court so lively the last day or two, exceeds the bounds even of lawyers' propriety when he calls out Mr. [illegible] in open court, if he seduced a lady [illegible] who has nothing whatever to do with the case. Even if a lawyer does take up a dirty case, so the continued [illegible], he ought to have enough delicacy left not to bring in a lady's name in the way he did.

The Awful Records of Lava Bed conflicts recorded by the *Chronicle* correspondent at the front are well calculated to curdle the [illegible] of the credulous [illegible] that one of [illegible] and [illegible] with [illegible] his right side. We hope an all merciful Providence will vouchsafe to put an end to this bloody work.

A Certain Suttor King, of Oregon, has been invited by the authorities there to take up his residence in the Penitentiary for a year for abducting a girl of sixteen. Judge Louderback ought to look to this. There are hundreds of young girls of sixteen here that have abducted innocent youths of tender age and sensibilities. We ask, will not the law protect them? We refer to the young men.

The Epizootic paralyzes the draying trade. One enterprising [illegible] has Chinamen drawing his little cart. He doesn't use a whip, because [illegible] at them, [illegible] the new [illegible] machine and damns them in the name of [illegible]. It is cruelty to animals, we call on [illegible] to let the [illegible] carter [illegible] snake-whip, or be made to feel that there is a limit even to torturing draught in here.

Sir Samuel Baker is reported still alive in Africa. This promises to be another [illegible] "Dead" — "alive" — "dead" [illegible] again [illegible] the *Herald* this time and send Bogart to [illegible] Baker? If the *Chronicle* and the Court-martial [illegible] down about Bogart, perhaps Bogart will try and do without the Court-martial.

If a Man named William marry, why is he pretty certain to be henpecked? [illegible] a Will of [illegible] own.

The Stigmata is spreading. One McGinley is threatened with it now.

CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

[Established July 20, 1856.]

Vol. 23. | SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, APRIL 26, 1873. | No. 13.

BIZ.

By Reason of the Very General, all-pervading Epizootic, business in nearly every department seems to have come to a dead lock. Our dray horses are laid aside, our horse-cars have stopped running, hack and carriage horses are [illegible]. Our business streets appear to be deserted—very few goods, wares or merchandise being carried from point to point. Our bread wagons, milk wagons, etc., are no longer to be heard at early morn. Oxen have now to be substituted for horses by Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Chinamen are employed to carry burdens—even the United States mail is now conveyed to the cars and steamers upon the backs of Mongolians. Our streets have now quite the stillness of the Sabbath—our fire engines are without animals to draw them to the scene of conflagration. Truly we are in a crippled, diseased condition, and [illegible] know how or what next to do in the natural and every day line of business. Fortunately we have, it is said, the horse distemper in a mild form. It yields to proper care and treatment, and within ten days or a fortnight we hope business will again fall into its accustomed channels. This epidemic fortunately attacks us at a time of very general depression in business, and we trust that ere the time of harvest it will be well with us on this coast.

The Day Following our Last Issue of the News Letter we were—yes, the whole Pacific slope was—blessed by copious rains. Fully one-third of an inch fell in this State. Our drooping grain-fields were freshened and the plants took on new life. The April showers which fell on Sunday and Monday night, the 20th inst., were of incalculable benefit to the growing wheat in our valleys. True, it would have been better and saved some crops had it come earlier. Nevertheless, those best posted say that our wheat harvest was increased by the rain at least 1,500,000 centals. We have some croakers left yet, and they say the west side of the San Joaquin has gone in now; but we know that they who utter such things are heavy wheat holders now, and they would like to get up something of a scare that would enable them to work off the balance of last year's crop at two cents per pound before another harvest is gathered. What selfish mortals we men are! Well, those best informed hereabouts seem to be of the opinion that we are yet to have full average crops of cereals. The cool weather of the week has indeed been serviceable, and we do not see anything particularly discouraging to the farmer.

Imports for the week have been of some moment, and include by arrival of the steamship Dakota, from New Zealand via Honolulu, 390 bales Wool, chiefly in transit for New York, and from the Islands 3,433 kegs Sugar, 42 bales Pulu, etc. The steamship Great Republic, from Panama and way ports, brought up a large cargo of Eastern and foreign goods, received via Aspinwall, also, 3,677 bags Coffee from Central American ports. The Hawaiian bark Kale, eighteen days from Honolulu, brought us 8,486 bags and kegs Sugar, 221 bags Guano, 824 bags Rice, 261 bales Pulu, Hides, etc. The ship Tokaten, 72 days from Hongkong, had 20,756 bags Rice and other goods; the Minlora, from Cardiff, 1,238 tons Coal; the John Tucker, from Androssan, 1,200 tons Coal, 19,000 Fire Brick, 50 tons Iron, etc.; the Fanny, from Swatow, had 8,000 bags Sugar.

The Sales of the Week include a cargo sale of Sugar to the Golden Gate Refinery, say 1,000,000 lbs., per Jeanette Ferguson—upon terms reserved. This sugar refinery has been idle for more than a year past, and is now about to resume operations. Our recent sugar imports have been free.

Teas at Auction.—The second Spring sale of the season was held on the 22d inst. An auction sale by catalogue, of Japans, I. C. Moore's importation, was held; terms, 90 days, or a discount of one per cent. per month for cash. The attendance was good, but, like previous sales, sample lots in the main were only taken. About a quarter of the offering disposed of.

Our Import Markets are languid. We note sales of 150,000 yards 45-inch Burlaps, [illegible] 50 [illegible] standard Gilroy Wheat Sacks, to arrive, at 16c. [illegible] Fire Bricks has declined to $32 50 per M. Candles are unchanged in value [illegible] of sale, stocks are large, low prices prevailing. Coffee [illegible] steady. Drugs are higher for some articles used for the [illegible] are unchanged, save Borax, which has declined by reason of increased supplies. Dry Goods participate in the general dullness. French [illegible] and nominal. Fish by the Ajax from Portland, we are in receipt of the second shipment of new Salmon for the season, making 1,[illegible] cases of 2-lb [illegible] The bulk of all the salmon to be packed this season in cans has [illegible] in advance, and unless the run of fish should be very large indeed, [illegible] none left in first hands. Orders are now in the market [illegible] cannot with safety be taken by packers. The approximate packing on the [illegible] this year will be 75,000 cases, and as the bulk of this is for export, the [illegible] arising to the country from this trade is apparent at a glance. The market [illegible] Cod and Mackerel is less active, while Hake is difficult of sale at very low [illegible] Overland supplies considerable. But few vessels are going Codfishing the [illegible] season. In regard to California Case Goods we remark that since our last issue there has been more animation in goods of this character. Many Montana orders, which have been awaiting prompt shipment from Corinne, and the roads being open for teaming have come into the market and have absorbed many goods. Still, general jobbing business has been dull, and neither California trade nor that of Nevada can be considered fairly opened. Packers are busy preparing for the [illegible] packing season, and are even now at work on Asparagus and Green Peas. [illegible] for Tomatoes recently [illegible] for trade [illegible] in the State, [illegible] reduced, and these goods readily command rates which a [illegible] were considered extreme. [illegible] of which none is offering on [illegible] required for orders taken in advance of the packing. There is no change in price worthy of note, though it would require but a week or [illegible] increase values of quite a number of [illegible]. We note further sales of [illegible] Yarmouth Corn, say 200 cases, at [illegible] 200 cases Cutting & Co's Peaches at $4 25. 500 cases do Tomatoes, $2 62½ [illegible]

The Metal Market is very sluggish; prices nominal for all. Naval Stores lower. Spirits Turpentine declined to 75c. Nails are without change. Oils more sluggish. Petroleum is in large stock and rates steady. Quicksilver remains at 95 cents.

Provisions are upward inclined by reason of advancing rates eastward. Butter has risen to 30c for the best. Rice is steady and firm at 7@7¾c for China. The ship Tokaten for Hongkong brought us one million pounds in 20,576 bags.

Salt seems to have lost its seasoning. Liverpool stored sells in lots slowly at $22. California Crystal, $14@16 per ton. Spices remain as heretofore. Spirits remain the same as before noted—there being a large sale for J. H. Cutter's Old Bourbon, of which A. P. Hotaling is the accredited agent for this coast. Sugars are unchanged in value. Tobacco is in large supply at old prices. Wines are unmoved. It is said that this year's vintage in California will equal that of last season notwithstanding the late frosts. Rumford's Yeast Powder is now down to $15 50; determined to be less than Callaghan's, $16, of California make.

Our Breadstuff Exports are yet continued on a princely scale; our Liverpool Grain fleet stands thus:

	Wheat. Ctls.	Value.
Since July 1st, 1872.....310 vessels	8,939,351	16,182,777
35 vessels since July 1, 1871, with	1,186,702	2,841,800
130 vessels since July 1, 1870, with	3,530,295	7,071,507
187 vessels since July 1, 1869, with	4,540,065	7,702,402

We have now on the berth 15 vessels, aggregating 18,000 tons, and more to follow. The exports for the past week have been as follows: Centaur, for Cork, carried 35,181 ctls Wheat, valued at $70,000. Cormorant, for Liverpool, had 33 tons Copper and 80 tons Silver Ores, 33,411 ctls Wheat, valued at $72,172. Menshikoff, for Apia (Navigator's Island), carried 120,000 feet Lumber, 60 bbls Flour, etc., valued at $3,125. Marama, for Tahiti, had 278 ctls Barley, 835 pkgs Bread, 25,000 feet Lumber, 690 bbls Flour, etc., valued at $11,923. John Bright, for Petropaulowski, carried 225 bbls Flour, 12,000 feet Lumber, etc., valued at $11,158. Prince Alfred, for Victoria, had 60 dozen Brooms, 340 ctls Barley, 51 ctls wheat, etc., valued at $29,142.

COTTAGE WINDOW GARDENING.

Flower Show in Salford.—One New-Year's Day we gave some account of a movement set on foot by Mr. Leo Grindon, Mr. John Edwards and some other benevolent gentlemen whose names have not come to the front, for the encouragement of the growth of simple flowers in the windows and dwellings of the poor; so that objects of beauty might help to brighten them, and ideas of neatness and cleanliness be awakened and fostered, especially in the minds of children, to whom the care of the plants was to be specially entrusted. Several hundred hyacinth bulbs were purchased, properly potted and distributed gratuitously, but carefully, and chiefly in the immediate neighborhood of Broughton Road, Salford, with the understanding that when in bloom there was to be a general exhibition. The show was held on Saturday afternoon, in the Richmond Lecture Hall, and showed the effort to have been far from in vain, not less than 250 plants being brought in by the owners—one apiece, of course—and of these at least one hundred were such as would have done credit to any parlor. There was no doubt as to the kind of atmosphere in which each particular plant had grown—a fact that the Sanitary Association might do well to note; nor could there be any uncertainty as to the stimulus that had been given to notions of tidiness and pretty "get up," some of the flowers being trimly tied with ribbons, others labeled with tasteful little cards, etc. A considerable number of visitors had paid their 2d. for admission, and in due time the prizes were distributed. These consisted of about a score of nicely established hydrangeas, callotas, etc., kindly given in person by Mr. H. S. Yates; while every exhibitor received a little packet of some kind of flower-seed suitable for the pot when the hyacinth should be withered, with instructions how to sow it, etc. Lest there should be any difficulty as to proper soil, a gentleman resident of Lower Broughton expressed his willingness to supply every applicant. We take this movement, simple as it is, to be one of the kindliest on behalf of the poor that the day has produced, and commend it heartily to the practical sympathy of all right-minded people. It is independent of sect or party, costs very little except personal labor, and lays the foundation for an immense amount of good result.—*English Paper.*

The Sunday School Convention of the Pacific Coast was held this week, the 22d, 23d and 24th inst., in the Tabernacle, Rev. Dr. Cunningham, pastor. This large edifice, just completed, was open to the public, first last Sabbath, and has on four several days since been filled to repletion, crowds going away unable to gain an entrance. Eloquent addresses were delivered by the Rev. Dr. Patterson of Chicago, Rev. Drs. Dodge and Cunningham of this city, Rev. Mr. Dunn of Napa, Rev. Mr. Jewell of the Methodist Church, Mission street. Philip Phillips, the "Sweet Singing Pilgrim," occupied altogether too much time showing off, and Evangelist Hammond, from the East, amused the children.

Langley's City Directory for 1873 has been some time out. A careful consideration of its title page convinces us that it is the most useful book published in this city for some weeks. The information as to where people live and what they do is really remarkable. Several of our acquaintances, whom we imagined had nothing settled about them, except a determination to do nothing, look quite staid and respectable members of society, with their names, address, and occupations (!) given in print. As a book for steady reading, the Directory is not a success. It so much resembles the Dictionary in point of disconnectedness, but as furnishing answers to the questions of who, what, and where, it is unfailing and most admirable.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS COMPANY,

April 5, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that from and after the 9th day of April, 1873, the price of gas will be FOUR DOLLARS PER THOUSAND CUBIC FEET. [April 12.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

Vol. 3.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR MARCH - APRIL, 1873, IS NOW OUT.

No. 2.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. | SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1873. | No. 14.

OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—890@875—SILVER BARS—1¼@1¾ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86⅝@86¾c. Mexican Dollars, 5@7c.

Exchange on New York, 5-10@¾ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 15½ per cent. On London, Bankers 49⅝@49¾, Commercial 49¾@50. Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1⅛.

Latest price of Gold at New York, May 2, at 3 P. M., 116⅞. Latest price of Sterling, 108¼@108⅝.

Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco . . . . . . May 2, 1873

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	102	103	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	105	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	99	91	Oakland 10s	103	106
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	98	99	Spring Valley Water Co.	79	80
Legal Tender Notes	86⅛	87	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s 1855	96	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	52½	55
S. F. City and Co. Bonds 6s, '58	85	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	90	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	60	65
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	93	Union Insurance Co.	85	90
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	—	Pacific Bank	50	56
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	115	121
San Francisco Gas Company	75	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	150	160

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, May 2d, 1873.—Gold opened at 117⅛; 11 A. M. at 116⅞; 3 P. M. at 116⅝. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 114⅛; 1867, 116⅝. Sterling Exchange, 108¼@109⅝. Pacific Mail 55¼. Quicksilver Mining Company, 40. Wheat, $1 90@$2 20, quiet. Pork, 17 firm. Cotton, 19¼. Hides, dry, 23@24; green, 11, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 50@$1 55. Winter Bleached, $1 67@$1 75, quiet. Whale, weak, 63@68c.; Winter Bleached, quiet, 72@75c. Wool—Spring, fine, 27@34c.; Burry, 21@25c.; Pulled, 40@55c. Fall Clips, 23@27c.; Burry, 16@21c. LONDON, May 2.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s. 9d.@11s. 11d. Club, 12s.@12s. 3d. United States Bonds, 89⅝. Consols, 93⅜.

GWIN MINE.

The work of sinking the south shaft in the Gwin mine a hundred feet deeper—making seven hundred in all—is progressing rapidly. About twenty feet of the distance has already been sunk, and the contractors, Messrs. Gleason & Co., experienced hands at the business, are pushing the shaft down as fast as a constant application of muscle, picks, drills and giant powder will permit. A very pleasing feature connected with the sinking is the fact that the ledge is improving in thickness and quality of rock as the shaft deepens. At the 600-foot level, the initial point of the present sinking, the ledge is about six feet wide, and is as solid, well defined and rich body of ore as any yet uncovered on the coast. It was scarcely expected that the ledge could be better at a greater depth, but we are informed that richer ore is now exposed in the bottom of the shaft than has ever been taken from the mine. Meanwhile there is no falling off in the yield from the batteries, the average production of the mine amounting to fully $1,000 per day. We consider the Gwin the best and most promising mine in the State of California to-day, and no other is improving so rapidly. Since the above was in type we have been shown some of the richest specimens of quartz, taken from the bottom of the shaft, that we ever saw. The ore was so covered and filled with free gold that it was almost impossible to break it in pieces in a mortar.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, April 10th, 1873: Hon. J. L. Hager & wife, Charles Crocker and wife, Mrs. Peake, Mrs. Arnold, Henry B. Ross and wife, Mrs. W. H. Stowell, Miss Stowell, Miss C. Stowell, Mrs. H. Reis and family, Mrs. A. L. Barnes, J. D. Frisbie, C. F. Fargo, George A. Worn and family, Jonas G. Clarke and family, S. Steinhart, Charles Schmitt, Mrs. Jno. G. Hodge and family, Mrs. Faxon, Calvin Brown, Miss A. Le G. Boyd, Mr. John B. Le Gay, J. Clarke.

The Steamship "Lord of the Isles," that is expected to arrive here about the 10th, is not one of the regular steam liners. Four steamships are built and now ready to leave for China from England for the China and San Francisco line. This line commences running when the green tea crop comes into market, which generally occurs about the month of August, and the first of the above line may be expected here in September. Macondray & Co. are the San Francisco agents.

MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

NEW BANKS AND INFLUX OF CAPITAL.

Two New Banking Corporations are on the eve of being established in San Francisco, for the purpose of carrying on a joint stock banking business, and we are assured will have ample resources, chiefly subscribed by European capitalists. The management will be confided to well known financiers and business men of our city. It is but natural that *we* in common with *all* the banks of this city *rejoice* at the prospect of receiving additional banking capital through these two European organizations. Messrs. Seligman, who have been the main movers in the one, will act in conjunction with Mr. Steinhart, whilst the other bank will be under the immediate superintendence of Mr. Daniel Meyer, assisted by Messrs. Frederick Roeding, Friedlander and others, prominently and favorably known. We sincerely hope that these two institutions will bring us a *permanent cash capital*, to be invested in this country and to aid in its development, not to be loaned on an easy money market in London or New York, and then the moment the Wall street sharks choose to fix up one of their perennial "lock ups," to call upon our business men to pay up advances at a ruinously short notice, thereby virtually proving a curse rather than a benefit to our commercial community, and leaving our local banking institutions to carry our people. It will be of no use nominally establishing a bank here and trusting to the previous dividends paid by other banks of this State during the past year; to enable the directors to have all the shares subscribed for, they must show their institutions to have permanent and fixed capital *for use here*. This being POSITIVELY PROVED to be the case, their SUCCESS IS CERTAIN, and EVERY moneyed interest on this coast will give them a HEARTY WELCOME.

It may reasonably be asked: To what do we owe this sudden influx of foreign capital, and what impulse actuates that which is naturally so timid, mistrustful, and so careful in its tread? We answer, the increased and growing importance of California in the markets of the world. When ship after ship was taken up at extreme rates to load wheat from California to Great Britain and that still our granaries were unexhausted, the capitalists laboring as they were under a plethora of wealth, began to believe in this new field for investment that the last twenty years has opened up, and they also will venture to operate in that country, and, as we said before, EVERY MONEYED INTEREST ON THIS COAST will give them a HEARTY WELCOME, BUT WE WANT TO BE QUITE SURE THAT THE MONEY IS COMING HERE TO BE INVESTED IN SAFE AND SOLID SECURITIES AMONG OUR COMMUNITY, IN ORDER THAT OUR WELCOME SHOULD BE MOST CORDIAL AND SINCERE.

RYE PATCH MILL AND MINING COMPANY.

Reference has recently been made in the columns of the *News Letter* to the above property, in consequence of which we are in the receipt of inquiries asking for further information. The mine is located in Humboldt County, Nevada, near Rye Patch Station, on the Central Pacific Railroad, twenty-three hours by rail from San Francisco. The mill is at a stone's throw from the depot. This is one of the very few mines in the State of Nevada that has developed itself—*no assessments having been levied at any time.* The earnings of the mine have paid for the erection of two mills, at a cost of $85,000; all the working expenses and profits. Two shafts have been sunk to the main working level 160 feet, whence drifts have been run north and south over 300 feet, disclosing a vein of from 6 to 16 feet in width, enclosed between well defined walls of slate and porphyry. The ore is so easily worked that eight men break out all that the Rye Patch and Winnemucca Mills are capable of crushing. Another mill at Oreana, ten miles from Rye Patch, will soon commence crushing for the company. Superintendent Hoffman writes that with 20 miners he can easily supply 50 stamps. A tunnel to tap the ledge 500 feet below the surface is now driven in 650 feet, and it is thought the tunnel will strike the ledge within 30 days, and should the ore there prove of the same quality as above, it will open up a property second only in value to the richest of the Comstock mines. A new shaft has been commenced 600 feet north of the present working, and at a depth of 40 feet, opens up a ledge eight feet in width, of ore superior in quality to that found in the present shaft at the same depth. The ore crushed at the Winnemucca Mill averages $51 60 per ton. The reserves of ore in sight are estimated at over 25,000 tons. Developments are being prosecuted with vigor, and daily shipments of bullion made.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

A SPRING GROWL.

Would you think it! Spring has come.
Winter's paid his passage home,
Packed his ice-box, gone half way
To the arctic pole, they say.
But I know the old ruffian still
Skulks about from hill to hill,
Where his freezing footsteps cling,
Though 'tis Spring.

Heed not what the poets sing
In their rhymes about the Spring.
Spring was once a potent queen
Robed in blossoms and in green.
That, I think, was long ago,
Is she buried in the snow,
Deaf to all our caroling—
Poor old Spring!

Windows rattling in the night;
Shutters that you thought were tight
Slamming back against the wall;
Ghosts of burglars in the hall,
Roaring winds and groaning trees;
Chimneys shuddering in the breeze;
Dolefal damps in everything—
Such is Spring.

Sunshine trying hard awhile
On the bare brown fields to smile;
Frozen ruts and slippery walks,
Gray old crops of last year's stalks,
Shivering hens and moping cows;
Curdled sap in leafless boughs,
Nipped by winter's icy sting—
Such is Spring.

Yet the other day I heard
Something that I thought a bird.
He was brave to come so soon,
But his pipes were out of tune;
And he chirped as if each note
Came from flannels round his throat,
And he had no heart to sing—
Ah! poor thing.

If there comes a little thaw,
Still the air is chill and raw
Here and there a patch of snow,
Dirtier than the ground below,
Dribbles down a marshy flood,
Ankle-deep you stick in mud
In the meadows—while you sing,
"This is spring."

Are there violets in the sod?
Crocuses beneath the clod?
When will Boreas give us peace?
Or has Winter signed a lease
For another month of frost,
Leaving Spring to pay the cost?
For it seems he still is king—
Though 'tis Spring. —*N. Y. Independent*

QUEEN VICTORIA AND HER SUBJECTS.

Certain Dailies in this City have thought fit to state that Queen Victoria was received very coldly by the people of London on the occasion of her visit to the East End. Now, although the sheets in which this lie was *chronicled*, are so used to lying that to tell the truth would make them blush, yet as there are some people who *might* be led to believe them, we publish the following extracts from the leading English papers. We leave our readers to judge for themselves whether the Queen is honored by her people or not.

It is the Queen's felicity that she can be honored and esteemed by all her people, without any reserve. If she owed this privilege originally to her position, as born to greatness, she retains it in virtue of her wisdom and right feeling. The sovereign of this country is honored by her people and loved as no other hereditary ruler upon earth is. The reason is that the Queen has always shown herself perfectly content with the important, if limited, part assigned her by the Constitution of the country and permitted by the habits and character of the people. Five-and-twenty years ago, the late Sir George Cornwall Lewis reminded his contemporaries that the Government of England, notwithstanding its form, was a Republic, more truly a Republic than the United States, if the self-governing power of the nation is taken as the standard.—*Daily News, April 3.*

It is as mother and wife that her Majesty is best known, and as her carriage moved yesterday through the narrow streets of our London Leeds, there was not one of the spectators but must have thought of the terrible sorrow that has overhung her life and of the noble example she has set to every English home. The day is not one of which so-called history will tell. No cannon boomed, no armies paraded, no beef-eaters or men-at-arms stood halberd in hand in serried phalanx, no royal banners flaunted in the breeze; no brazen music rent the air. And yet we venture to predict that in years yet to come the children of those who are now children will tell how the good sovereign came to visit the park called after her name—her youngest daughter with her, and how the people, as one man, went out to greet her, and to bear witness to the reverence her spotless life has added to that honor which is her right as Queen.—*Daily Telegraph, April 3.*

There can be no room for doubt that such events as those which yesterday took place in the East End of London are pregnant with the happiest results. The coming of her gracious Majesty, the delightful weather, the gay, holiday appearance of the streets, the merry sound of bells ringing from church steeples, the hum of enjoyment and excitement, the happy and good-natured disposition of the crowds which thronged the thoroughfares, one and all contributed for the day, and for many days to come, to give that healthy tone to mind and body without which life would not be endurable.—*Morning Advertiser, April 3.*

The visit of the Queen to the East end of London, yesterday, was one of those happily conceived occurrences which mark her Majesty's thoughtful appreciation of the relations subsisting between herself and her people. The acts of driving to Victoria Park and back, and the receiving of an address, may in themselves appear to be of no particular moment, but these acts become significant and important when the spirit that prompted them is recognized. Victoria Park is essentially the people's park. It is the character and objects of this park that give significance to the Queen's visit; for by that visit she has shown as plainly as can be shown, that the welfare and happiness of even the poorest and most out-of-the-way of her subjects are borne in her thoughts. The reception that the Queen met with on her way to and from Victoria Park showed that the people were fully sensible of the meaning that underlay the act. There was a geniality about the spectators who lined her Majesty's route not to be mistaken. The interval of time between the announcement of the intended visit and its taking place did not permit—as was, we believe, considerately desired by the Queen—of a display of the decorations customary on similar occasions. But what better decorations of her route could a sovereign have than faces beaming with pleasure and approval? Such decorations there were in abundance. In fact, the Queen was received as well as the staunchest upholders of the Monarchy could desire, as the address to the Queen stated, the fulfillment of a long-cherished desire afforded her "an opportunity of witnessing the generous and enthusiastic feeling of a law abiding people faithfully attached to her person" and loyally devoted to the interests of her House. In view of such a reception and such an address we may afford to laugh at what has been termed the Republican movement in England. Republicanism is an exotic, and does not flourish on the soil of England, and if there had been any doubt on the subject, the accompaniments of the visit of the Queen to the poorest district perhaps in the whole country ought to have set the doubt at rest. —*Morning Post, April 3.*

It was a happy thought that prompted Her Majesty to announce, quite unexpectedly, at the beginning of the week, that she intended to pay a visit to the East End of London; and it was right royally acknowledged by the teeming population of Shoreditch and Bethnal Green. The visit was all the more gracious because it was purely a visit. There was no building or park to open, or foundation-stone to lay; no special occasion that would, in the ordinary course of things, have taken the Queen among the poorest of her subjects. Yet there she was among them, starting from Buckingham Palace before half the West End had breakfasted, making for Islington, Dalston and Hackney to Victoria Park, round the park out into Bethnal Green, thence past the new East End Museum, and between the lines of lusty cheerers along Shoreditch, Bishopsgate, the City, and home by the Thames Embankment. It was just the day for being out and about, and though no one would ordinarily choose exactly that route for a three hours' excursion, Her Majesty was probably never better satisfied with the result of a morning's drive than in thus fulfilling her promise to Bethnal Green. There was just enough of hastily contrived decoration to show the readiness of the poorest to welcome the Queen, but all that was imposing was in the vastness of the crowd and the warmth of the cheering. The Queen went to the East of London simply to see the people and to be seen by them, and this the East Enders will not forget. Her Majesty, who seemed to be in excellent health, has, so far as they are concerned, rendered in a far better way compensation for long retirement than by holding any number of levees or drawing rooms.—*Overland Mail.*

Her Majesty has been pleased through the Home Secretary, to return the following reply to the loyal address presented to her in Victoria Park on Wednesday last:

"I thank you for your loyal and affectionate address. For the cordial welcome I have received from the industrious and loyal community, I return my sincere thanks. I thank you also for the reference in your address to the deep interest taken by my beloved husband, the late Prince Consort, in everything which concerned the health, the enjoyments and the homes of the poorer classes of my people, an interest which I heartily shared with him, and which has never ceased to occupy a foremost place in my thoughts. I thankfully acknowledge that while much remains to be done, real progress has been made during my reign in this direction, and I trust that in every succeeding year there will be seen a steady advance in those works which promote not only the health and comfort, but the moral progress of my people." In addition to this communication, Mr Charles Reed, M. P., has received the following letter from the Home Secretary:

"HOME OFFICE, April 3, 1873. Dear Mr Read: I have received the Queen's commands to express Her Majesty's great gratification at the enthusiasm, loyalty and order which the Queen witnessed yesterday in the North and East End of London, on the occasion of her visit to Victoria Park. The Queen was extremely pleased with what she saw, and was much impressed with the hearty loyalty displayed by all classes of her people who joined in welcoming Her Majesty so warmly to the East of London."

RANSOME'S ARTIFICIAL STONE.*

We have, on Many Previous Occasions, called attention to the interesting and valuable processes for the production of artificial stones, now successfully worked, and widely introduced for several years by Mr Frederick Ransome, and we have also pointed out the progress that has been made in the same industry in the United States. In America, indeed, many attempts on a considerable scale were made to produce the stone, which all fell short of a practical success on account of a want of knowledge in the details of the process on the part of those attempting to introduce it. One of the first to develop the manufacture in America was Doctor May, of San Francisco, who, after establishing extensive works in that city, failed from the reason given above. This difficulty, however, he removed by visiting England, where he was made thoroughly acquainted with the details by Mr Ransome, and on his return to San Francisco, the works which had before been a source of considerable loss, were at once brought into successful working. Mr Ransome's son subsequently joined Doctor May's undertaking, and the manufacture and sale of artificial stone on the Pacific Coast is now, we believe, very considerable. Other profitable fields have since been found. The disastrous fire at Chicago was followed, as is well known, by an almost unparalleled energy in rebuilding the devastated city, and no place offered a more certain and extensive prospect for the establishment of Ransome stone works than Chicago, where the demand for building materials so far exceed the available supplies, and where, even after all the restorations are made, and the material has established its well deserved reputation, the demand must still continue to meet the necessities of the rapidly growing city.

About a year ago, therefore, Doctor May started Ransome stone works in Chicago, and the results obtained have, so he informs us, exceed his expectations. The works, although of considerable capacity, cannot supply the demand, even when they are kept in full operation by double shifts night and day, and large orders arrive from towns 300 miles distant from Chicago. Amongst other work executed has been the whole front of an hotel, 183 feet wide, and six stories in hight. It is to be remarked, also, that the stone has borne the test of the past severe American winter—having been exposed to twenty-seven degrees of cold below zero without being in any way affected.

We are glad to find that further encouragement has been given to the more extended use of the process by the granting, in the United States, of the patent for Mr Ransome's most recent improvement, known under the name of apœnite. By this process the manufacture of the stone is rendered cheaper and more simple, and it can be produced more rapidly; it hardens without any subsequent application of chloride of calcium, or any similar solution. To effect this, Mr Ransome combines common sand, Portland cement, ground carbonate of lime, and finely divided silica, easily soluble in caustic soda; these are made plastic by the addition of silicate of soda, and molded to any desired form. By this combination the silicate of soda is decomposed, and forms, with the Portland cement, silicate of lime and alumina, while the caustic soda, liberated in the operation, combines with the soluble silica, producing more silicate of soda, which again attacks the lime in the Portland cement. In this manner the process of combination repeats itself until the caustic soda becomes entirely fixed, and none remains to be removed by subsequent process.

This mode of manufacture, which has been introduced to a large scale in this country, will now doubtless be rapidly taken up in the United States, where the value of the stone already produced there is so well appreciated, especially as it can compete with natural stone, even in localities where the latter is most plentiful, on account of the cost of hand labor in quarrying and working. There are few towns in the United States in which a demand would not be at once created sufficient to make the new establishment of works for either the old or new processes profitable undertakings, probably the production of apœnite would be preferred on account of the greater ease, economy, and rapidity with which it is produced. But we hope that any intending American manufacturers will follow Doctor May's example, and pay a visit to Mr Ransome's works at Greenwich before they start operations.—*From Engineering, of London, 4th April.*

* The large stone step and landing pavement at the entrance of the California Placard Exchange, having been made under this patent, all parties desirous of seeing and examining its excellent qualities and universal adaptability will be additionally gratified on visiting the Exchange. Let neatly into the stone, in brass letters, is the following:

PACIFIC STONE COMPANY—RANSOME'S PATENT

$5,000.—A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.

I will dispose of an interest in my Wonderful Bedstead to a live man. It is a regular Bedstead. A sick person, however large, handled as easy as a babe. Raises the patients up, turns them over from one side to the other, makes up the bed and changes the clothes, places patient on the feet or on a vessel; separates patient from bed and cools the bed, rocks to sleep, and all without using the hands or disturbing the slumbers. BENJAMIN POLLARD, 11th Market street. April 26.

REMOVAL.

The San Francisco and Pacific Sugar Company and H. Feuerstein & Co. have removed their offices to the second Floor of TALLANT'S NEW BANKING HOUSE, Northeast corner of Battery and California streets. April 26.

NOTICE.

Mr. D. G. Scofield has an interest in the business of our firm, dating from the 1st of January last. F. B. TAYLOR & CO. San Francisco, April 25, 1873. April 26.

C. L. CRACKBON.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.
Job Printers, Successors to H. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 2.

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS.

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

THE NEWS LETTER IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co; Wm Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hodges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner, Ed Gassett, Merchants Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanascuith & Fise; Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co, Dommler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltozzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange, Boersen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq., James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Latterroth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Qu and Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co, C Dubois & Co, Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co, Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co, Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co, Delizy, Davies & Co, F'k Anshe, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co, Alsop & Co, Huth, Gruening & Co, Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Unias Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excelentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fills & Co; Ricard de Fraisinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co. Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, O. M. McNab.

COURT CHAT.

All of our Readers have heard of the English play entitled *The Happy Land*, which was the other day suspended by the Lord Chamberlain, who ordered certain changes in it. A correspondent informs us that the real author of this interference was not so much the Lord Chamberlain, who has been so vigorously condemned for going to the relief of Messrs Gladstone, Lowe and Ayrton, as it was the Prince of Wales. He is said to have been much scandalized at some allusion to a lack of hospitality supposed to have been displayed in the reception of certain recent state visitors, as for instance the Khedive. "Where do you receive your foreign guests?" was the question, and the reply was, "At Buckingham Palace—Hotel." This to the Prince seemed shocking, and alterations were ordered by the Lord Chamberlain, who, however, kept the Prince's name out of the business and made a stalking-horse out of his own official objections to Mr Ayrton's surrender of lilac pantaloons and to the cancan, with song, danced by the three Ministers above mentioned. We are informed from the same source that the Prince of Wales has also recently been taken for a subject by a metrical satirist, who has been writing for *Beeton's Annual* some parodies of the Laureate's later "Idyls." The parodies are reported to be duller than the originals, but it pleases the disaffected and the gossipmongers to see the "tournament of the dead innocence" turned into one of the pigeon matches in which the Prince delights. Stupid as the performance was, however, the Prince is understood to have bought up the copyright for a considerable sum, and copies at first worth one shilling are now sold for ten. Worse than all this, however, is the fact that the Prince and his brother, the Duke of Edinburgh, cast a vote apiece the other night in the Lords for the bill authorizing marriage with a deceased wife's sister, and that they have frequently gone to the theater during Lent just passed. These two things are said to have made very angry the High Church party—which, however, has always been known for its loyalty, and may no doubt still be.

The Late Mr. Greeley made it a capital offence in Mr Motley, when this gentleman represented the United States at the Court of St. James, that he had dukes at his dinner table. But most Americans know enough of diplomacy to understand that the dinner table is one of its favorite resources, and that a success may be assured by the mere fact of getting a duke for an after-dinner talk. A notable instance of this dinner diplomacy was the new convention between Germany and France, lately signed at Berlin. Lord Odo Russell, the English Ambassador, gave a dinner, at which the Emperor William and Vicomte de Gontaut Biron, the French Ambassador were guests. The Emperor took occasion to be particularly gracious to Count Biron, and the latter, watching his opportunity, expressed the hope that his Majesty would favor with his presence the reception concert to be given at the French Embassy, and added that would gladly have made this a ball in honor of the Emperor, but the continued occupation of France was a barrier to such a festivity. With great cordiality the Emperor expressed his desire to evacuate France before the time stipulated by the last convention, and his readiness to listen to any proposals to that effect from the French Government. Count Biron at once telegraphed this table-talk to Paris, and shortly received the new terms of President Thiers. A few days later, March 12th, the throne speech to the Reichstag expressed the hope that the time was not distant when the financial condition of the French Government, so rapidly developing, would warrant the entire evacuation of French territory earlier than was at first anticipated. On the 15th of March the new convention to this effect was signed by the two governments, and on the evening of the same day the Emperor and Empress appeared at Count Biron's reception, where the former attracted the attention of the company by his marked courtesies to the Ambassador and his family. Thus the by play of social diplomacy came in to smooth the lingering asperities of war.

The Marriage of an English Lady to a Mahomedan in Morocco.—The marriage of Miss Keane with a Mahomedan in Morocco does not appear to have turned out happily. A dispatch from Gibraltar, of the 23d instant, received through Mr. Reuter's agency, says: The marriage of the Shereef of Guazan to Miss Keane, and his subsequent mode of life—his not having secluded her after the manner of Mahomedans, and not having insisted upon her renouncing her Christian tenets—is looked upon as a great outrage upon the precepts of the Mahomedan religion. The interference of the marriage is said to have caused a painful sensation at the Court of Morocco, and, notwithstanding the Shereef's exalted position, the Sultan has sent dispatches to the Governors of the provinces expressing his indignation at the Shereef's conduct, ordering them to warn him that if he does not immediately return to his possessions at Guazan and conform to the precepts of the faith, make atonement for past errors and lead a life of piety, such as becomes the sacred (in Moorish eyes) position which he holds, his estates will be confiscated, he will be deprived of his prerogatives, and, if caught, thrown into prison. This decree of the Sultan has given great satisfaction to the Moorish community at Tangier. Both the Shereef and his wife have disappeared, and it is supposed they are concealed in some foreign legation in Tangier. The position of Miss Keane is considered critical, she being regarded by the Moors with feelings of hostility.

Nepotism.—It is very natural, remarks the Sheffield *Daily Telegraph*, that a father should wish to provide "for them of his own household," and a judge after long service may perhaps fairly exercise in favor of his own family the patronage which belongs to his office, and is one of the considerations moving him to accept the office. Still, when all is said in defence of nepotism, one does not like to see the bearer of an honored name stoop to it. The last act of Lord Romilly in office was the appointment of one of his sons as clerk in the Rolls Court, with a salary of £1,200. It is pointed out that the Romillys always had their share of good things. For example, Lord Romilly was Master of the Rolls with an official salary of £6,000; Mr Edward Romilly, at the Audit Office, with £2,000; Mr Chas Romilly, Crown Office, £1,200; Colonel F. Romilly, Customs' Commissioner, £1,200; Hon. Edward Romilly, Clerk of Records, £1,200; and Hon. Wm. Romilly, Clerk in Enrollment Office, £1,200. The last three are sons, the first three brothers, of Lord Romilly.

The Marquise St. Leger, writing in the *Cosmopolitan*, gives the following graphic description of some charming toilets worn on the boat-race day. She says: "Everybody noticed a yacht full of pretty ladies, grouped so artistically—it was 'The Ladies' Club.' Our Lady Blanche had a charming toilette from the English Worth of London. Mr Augustus Ahlborn, Quadrant House, has become as much the *mode* as the great friend of Princess de Metternich, the fashionable lady tailor. Lady Blanche's costume was a wonder of good taste, and will be *encogue* in the Club. Of course it was blue—two shades of delicious *azur*—but the making: the *retroussé* was so charming! the bows holding the sashes of artistic grace. It was so French like and fitted to perfection. The Duchess Belgravia looked grand in her rich polonaise, trimmed with rare Chantilly, from the same establishment. The passementerie on the shoulders, the train of the polonaise looped up on the left with brandebourgs, were certainly very elegant."

The Marquise de Boissy, formerly known as the Countess Guiccioli, the friend of Lord Byron, died last week at Florence after a long and painful illness. In connection with the Countess' life it will perhaps be interesting to state that during her not unfrequent visits to England she sometimes paid a pilgrimage to the little village church of Hucknall, in which the remains of Lord Byron are interred. It was her wont on such occasions to be clad in the deepest mourning, and to ask permission to remain alone in the church while she knelt at the poet's tomb. She was seventy years of age when she died, and a few years before her death she appeared as an authoress for the first and only time, mainly in order to vindicate the poet's fame from the insinuations of Mrs Beecher Stowe.

The Prince of Wales has paid a three days' visit to Lord Carington, at Melton Mowbray. Accompanied by his two sons, Prince Albert Victor and Prince George, His Royal Highness witnessed the Oxford and Cambridge boat-race from the umpire's steamboat. The Princess of Wales and the Duchess of Teck witnessed the race from the grounds at Chiswick.

The Queen visited the East end of London on April 2d, and received an address in Victoria Park. The weather was propitious and immense crowds cheered Her Majesty.

The Duke of Teck has returned to town from Stuttgart, after visiting the King and Queen of Holland.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

金山唐山新聞紙

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 21.

TO CLOSE COPARTNERSHIP.

We will sell Cut Glass Goblets, $3 per dozen; Cut Glass Fruit Bowls, $1 50 each. Cut Glass Decanters, $1 50 each, Cut Glass Pitchers, $1 50 each, Cut Glass Sets (5—1 dozen Goblets, 1 dozen Egg Glasses, 1 dozen Sauce Plates, 1 Sugar Bowl, 1 Spoon Glass, 1 Creamer, 1 Covered Butter, 1 Fruit Bowl, 1 Celery Glass, 2 Preserve Dishes—$18. English Dinner Set for 12 persons, $20, French Dinner Set for 12 persons, $25 to $50, Superior Plated Casters, $1 to $12, Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Table Spoons, $5 50 per dozen, Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Tea Spoons, $2 75 Table Forks, $5 25 per dozen, Superior Ivory hd (Russell's) Table Knives, $5 per dozen, Superior Ivory hd (Russell's) Dessert Knives, $5 per dozen. Superior Ivory hd (Russell's) Carvers, $2 50 per pair. And all goods in our Immense Stock in like proportion. HAVILAND, HOOPER & CO., 225 Pine street, S. F. March 29.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE—NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS—1873-74.

All Persons, Companies, Associations, or Firms in the City and County of San Francisco, are requested either in person or by their proper representatives, to deliver at the Assessor's Office, No. 22 City Hall in said City and County, before the SECOND MONDAY in APRIL, 1873, a statement under oath of all Property, both Personal and Real, owned or claimed by him or them or which is in his or their possession, or which is held or controled by any other person in trust for, or for the benefit of him or them—See Political Code. Sections 3629-3644. POLL TAX IS NOW DUE at this office or to a Deputy—See Sections 3629-3644, Political Code. LEVI ROSENER, City and County Assessor. Saturday, March 1, 1873. March 8.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds. Lisle Gloves, Veaure Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor Bush, S. F. March 29.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland, The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

GEO. H. EGGERS.] **EGGERS & CO.,** [CHR. H. VOIGT.
Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions. Agents of the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb 3.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a. m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 306 Montgomery street.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS COMPANY,

April 5, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that from and after the 9th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS PER THOUSAND CUBIC FEET. [April 12.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street, S. F. March 29.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. Nov 16.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.
Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS and GLAZIERS, No. 537 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. D. WINCHESTER.
Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 21.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, - - **1 Rue Scribe, Paris.** [March 29.]

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind. Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 19.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No 10, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

P. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Roney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 14.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE.** [H. A. MOORE.
Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 145 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec. 21.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK, LIMITED.

Constituted with Limited Liability under the Companies' Acts, 1862 and 1867.

CAPITAL £1,200,000, IN 59,970 ORDINARY SHARES OF £20 EACH,

And 600 Founders' Shares of £1 Each.

First Issue £600,000, in 600 Founders' Shares of £1 each, to be paid up in full on Allotment, and 29,970 Ordinary Shares of £20 each, of which £2 to be paid on Application, and £3 on Allotment. Further calls will be made as required, but no call is to exceed £5 per share, and one month's notice at least will be given of each call. The Board of Directors have power, by the Articles of Association, to exchange fully paid-up shares for warrants to bearer. If no allotment is made the deposit will be returned in full.

Directors.

HENRY HITCHCOCK, Esq. (late of Messrs. A. and S. Henry & Co., Manchester).
Hon. HUGH M'CULLOCH, (Messrs. Jay Cooke, M'Culloch & Co.)
REUBEN D. SASSOON, Esq (Messrs. D. Sassoon & Co.)
W. F. SCHOLFIELD, Esq. Director of the London and Brazilian Bank (Limited).
ISAAC SELIGMAN, Esq. (Messrs. Seligman Brothers).
(With power to add to their number.)

MANAGERS IN SAN FRANCISCO—Messrs. I. STEINHART and D. J. SELIGMAN.

BANKERS—Messrs. SMITH, PAYNE, and SMITHS; Messrs. JAY COOKE, M'CULLOCH & Co. SOLICITORS—Messrs. FRESHFIELDS.

BROKERS—Messrs. J. and A. SCRIMGEOUR. AUDITOR—JOSEPH SEBAG, Esq. SECRETARY (pro tem.)—Mr. JOHN G. CUSSANS.

Temporary Office, 3 ANCEL-COURT, THROGMORTON STREET, E. C.

PROSPECTUS.

The Anglo-Californian Bank (Limited) is established for the purpose of conducting general banking and commercial business between England and San Francisco, and also between San Francisco and other parts of the United States of America, South America, India, China, Japan and other countries.

It is well known that San Francisco is the *entrepot* on the Pacific Coast for trade and commerce between Europe, America and Asia. In that city there are constant and increasing facilities for the employment of capital in banking and bullion business. Money can there be placed at rates varying from 10 to 15 per cent., with good collateral security. The vast amount of gold and silver annually produced in the surrounding districts requires large capital for its purchase and transmission to Europe and Asia, thus affording an extensive and profitable field for safe banking enterprise.

The old-established and lucrative business of Messrs. J. Seligman & Co., in San Francisco, will be transferred to this Bank, without any payment in cash, and the proprietors will subscribe for £100,000 of the capital, being part of the first issue of £600,000, and the transfer of the business and the good will thereof will be made to the Company free from all payment and liability, and without any charges whatever, the consideration being the 600 Founders' shares, which will entitle the holders to one-fourth of the remaining profit of the Company after setting apart a sum sufficient to pay a dividend of five per cent. upon the paid up capital of the Company, thus showing the perfect confidence of the vendors in the future success of the Bank. The holders of the Founders' Shares will not participate in any dividends or profits of the Company beyond the one-fourth share above mentioned.

The business of the Company will include, in addition to ordinary banking business, bullion and exchange operations, the negotiation of State, Municipal or other loans, and generally the conduct of all banking, financial and agency business.

It is proposed to associate with the Bank prominent China and South American houses in London, which will enable it to enter at once into a very important branch of the bullion and produce business of San Francisco, *i.e.*, remitting gold and silver for London account to China, Japan and South America, and receiving and sending cargoes and consignments of produce for and to those places, the yearly growing importance of the California wheat crops constituting a very legitimate and important branch of the San Francisco business.

An agreement has been entered into, dated the 4th day of April, 1873, between Abraham Seligman, of San Francisco, in the State of California, in the United States of America, banker, of the one part, and John G. Sawter, No. 12 Holland Grove, North Brixton, in the County of Surrey, gentleman, a Trustee on behalf of the Company, of the other part.

Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association and of the agreement may be inspected at the offices of the Solicitors for the Company, and Prospectuses and Forms of Application can be obtained at the office of the Company, No. 3, Angel Court, E. C., and from the Brokers of the Company.

The Anglo California Bank [Limited].

No. FORM OF APPLICATION—(To be retained by the Bankers.)

To the Directors of the Anglo-California Bank (Limited) —Gentlemen: Having paid to your bankers the sum of £——, being a deposit of £2 per share, I request that you will allot me —— Shares of £20 each in your Company; and I hereby agree to accept the said Shares, or any smaller number which you may allot to me, and to make the payment of £3 per share on allotment, and to pay the calls on the said Shares in accordance with the Prospectus; and I hereby authorize you to place my name on the Register of members of your Company in respect of the Shares which may be allotted to me. I am, Gentlemen, your obedient servant,

Name in full . . . . . Address in full . . . . . Date . . . . . 1873.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki

May 1st—Steamer COLORADO . . . . . Capt Warren.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

May 10—CONSTITUTION . . . . . Capt. Morse.
May 17—ARIZONA . . . . . Capt. —.
May 27—MONTANA . . . . . Capt Parker

Steamers of the 7th and 27th will call at SAN DIEGO, MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 1th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:

PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Saturday, May 10th, Thursday, May 22.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Monday, May 5th, Friday, May 16; Wednesday, May 28.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO AND SANTA BARBARA

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M., as follows:

SENATOR, Capt. Barlow, Tuesday, May 13th, Monday, May 26th,

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt Metcger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday May 6th.

Notice will be received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M. on the 5th at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at the Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts. (May 3) S. B. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally.

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan 121 Front street San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has now expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thos. Donnolly's genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at the Factory, 15 and 17 Clay street between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly is the proved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself—the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders. Thomas Donnolly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure Unadulterated Saleratus, and his Unadulterated, I requested Bicarbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 15 and 17 Clay street between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful for his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of the favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Take no other call, and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.

San Francisco, January 2, 1873 [Feb. 1] THOMAS DONNOLLY

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION.

The best chance to invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific Coast. TITLE PERFECT. 776 Lots at $25 for Inside and $30 for corner Lots; payable $10 cash, balance $5 per month, without interest or assessments for expenses. Blocks 300 by 300 Feet—Lots 25 by 140 Feet and 50 by 150 Feet. Streets all 80 Feet Wide. Subscribers can select their lots on receipt of the first payment, and those who wish to pay in full and take deeds at once can do so. This valuable property is beautifully located, commanding a fine view of San Diego Bay and surroundings. It is only eight blocks of street car track from the City Park. Horses stop a few minutes walk from the hotel and just one mile from the Railroad Depot. Water front, where the depots and center of business must be located, extends a mile and a half. This is the Port of Entry, and it can be believed by everybody who knows anything of the commercial and Pacific Railroad City that this is the best place on the Coast where one can invest at the present time with as much certainty of doubling or treebling money in a few months as in San Diego. The location, the nearness to what must be the business center, the exceedingly low price and easy terms, with the future prospects of it all, will make this property the most desirable for Homestead and residence purposes and one of the best investments for speculation ever offered. For maps showing the entire bay, with correct surroundings and the location of this property, with the various points of interest and importance, apply to HIRAM G. HOITT, Secretary and Agent 421 Montgomery street, San Francisco, where subscription books are now open.

TRUSTEES—BENJ. P. AVERY, DORVILLE LIBBY, HIRAM HOITT. March 29.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London, J. Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brown's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 59 Old Broad street, Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 11 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 11 Bishopsgate (within), Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co., Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 121 Bishopsgate (within), Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escomte de Paris, 21 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S. Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W., George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N., Thos. Mills, 21 Goswell Road, E. C., Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm Merritt, 8 Cream Office Row, Jno. Merritt, 11 Gloster st, E.C, Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 2, Stevenson's Building, N.W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco. Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

THE FARALLONES.

Last Sunday was a day that we had looked forward to with much pleasure, but one that we now remember with a feeling somewhat akin to disgust. At half-past nine we got on board the *Wm. Tuber*, bound for a trip to the Farallone Islands, expecting to get there in about two hours, spend three hours on the Islands, and then return to the city about six. Alas, all our mental pictures were doomed to be swept away by the uncompromising hand of reality. The *Wm. Tuber* may, during some part of her existence, have been able to steam at the rate of eight knots an hour. Now, however, she—or rather he—goes at the moderate rate of about five. The paddle-wheels afforded a nice resting place for the tired seagulls. They had only to change their location every five minutes or so. After about five weary hours, spent in vainly endeavoring to persuade the robust gentleman with more stomach than wool, who acted as steward, that a ham sandwich did not consist of bread alone, that coffee required some of the berry in it to be palatable, and that two bits was too much for two cents worth of bad whisky, we arrived at a large rock with a light-house stuck on the top. This was the main island. We went within about two hundred yards of the rock, and two boats were lowered. The hoodlums of course got first show, and filled the boats. They didn't get much of a pull on the poor wretches who had to stop on board, for in about half an hour the whistle warned them that we were ready for off. The Island, or rather rock, has a few melancholy little black specks, which are (so they say) birds. These confiding creatures deposit their eggs, without (like many other feathered bipeds whose humps of secretiveness are highly developed) any attempt at concealment, on the bare rocks. The sea lions did not show up; no doubt they were also engaged in the useful occupation of egg-laying. The journey home was a little more interesting than that out, as a young gentleman of the hoodlum type relieved the trip by firing off his pistol every two minutes. Some one said that he was shooting at the seagulls, but, from the little notice they took of either himself or his little gun, we don't believe it. He hit the water nearly every time. Several of the ladies got sea-sick, one in particular we noticed. She was a tall blonde, and had a very interesting face and laughing blue eye. In vain she struggled with the demon seasickness, and in vain it with her, for even after sticking her finger down her throat with a pertinacity worthy of a better cause, she could not throw up. It was a drawn battle. Somebody pointed out a middle-aged man to us, with lots of hair, and spectacles on his face, and said it was Judge Lounderback. We don't believe it was him, as he would have interfered with several little games of "push" that were going on. A most melancholy attempt at music was made by about six men in dusters, who, by courtesy, were called the band. We believe that they had more to do with the sea-sickness than the much-vilified sea. At half-past nine we stuck on a mud bank somewhere near the Market-street wharf, and in about half an hour were once more on dry land, or rather wharf. There were, we should imagine, about six hundred other victims besides ourselves, who returned disgusted with the ship and trip. We must, however, do Capt. Haley the justice to state that he was too ill to attend personally to the comfort of his passengers, and had no idea that such a number would be on board. Our advice, however, to all who intend visiting the Farallone Islands is to stop at home; or, if they are bent on a sea trip, to take a day on the Oakland ferry boat. She travels faster, and the accommodation is much superior. The scenery, too, is poor, for the Farallones can't begin to compare with Goat Island. We must not conclude our account of this pleasant trip without saying that we sighted several whales, and an odd porpoise or two. Several imbecile youths threw strings overboard with pieces of meat hung on hooks attached. Need we say that no obliging fish availed himself of the splendid offer. Soon after the boats left for the land, a party of four Britishers might have been seen dragging a huge valise on to the upper deck. The party, consisting of a lady and three gentlemen—two robust, one thin—eagerly opened the valise, and drew from it a large loaf and half a bullock. This they washed down with porter *ad libitum*. Then out came the second course, a large plum pudding, that had perhaps once been as round as its eaters, but, owing to having been sat upon, or other natural causes, was somewhat flattened. It soon disappeared. Wonderful to relate, the fishes did not get the benefit of a morsel, either *au naturel* or otherwise.

NEW BOOKS.

The Wishing Cap Papers. By Leigh Hunt. Published by Lee & Shepard, Boston. A. Roman & Co., San Francisco.

All lovers of the pleasant art of essay writing will welcome these vivacious and sparkling papers, now collected for the first time from the leading English newspapers and magazines. They are full of charming bits of descriptive writing concerning the palaces, parks and gardens of London; of rambling, easy gossip, telling of the old houses and streets where poets and painters lived, with a kind, racy word or so for the dear craftsmen, of vivid word painting of country scenes of "English fields and meadows rich with grass and powdered with flowers," of lively yet tender reminiscences of his friends—and such friends—Charles Lamb, Hazlitt, Keats, Shelly, Coleridge, Knowles, and all the leading artists of the day. "His Personal Reminiscences of Lords," "Dr. Doddridge and the Ladies," "Recollections of Old Actors," "George Selwyn and His Contemporaries," "Whitehall," "Spring," "A Walk in the City," "Madame Pasta," are full of anecdote and graceful writing. He admires the great prima donna with all his heart. Hear what he says of her arms:

"Being closer to Madame Pasta than usual this night, we had a complete opportunity of noticing the extraordinary grace of her movements. She is never at a loss, because she never thinks of being so. She leaves the whole matter to truth and nature, and these settle it for her, as completely as they do for an infant. You might make a picture from any one of her postures. A favorite act on of hers and one that strength touching, is, after calling a person of more than usual force, to put up her hands before her eyes, laying and shutting up, as it were, her looks in them, as if to hide from herself her own emotion. When she opens her arms in a transport of affection, leaning at the same time a little back, and breathing and looking as true as truth could wish, her heart seems to come forward for one as real, and her arms to wait the assent on of its acknowledgment. For all arms be it observed, are not arms, whatever they pretend any more than all that pretends to be love is love, or all eyes have an insight. Some arms are a sort of foreclosing in air, merely to help people's walking. Others have machines at the end of them, to take up victuals and drink with, or occasionally to scratch out one eyes. Others, more am shy, are to hang armlets and bracelets on, or to be admired for a skin or a shape; and then ladies put them in kid gloves, on purpose to take them off, and hit them indifferently to their cheek with rings on their fingers, and people say, what an arm Mrs. Timson has! But the real arms are to serve and love with, to clasp with; and to be true and true arms, content to be admired for their own sakes if the possessor be worthy, but happy to enable you to lose sight of them for the sake of the heart and the honest countenances." An historical bit from the paper on Whitehall:

"It is generally supposed that Charles the First went to the scaffold through one of the front windows of the Banqueting House. But he came out at the north side. Pennant informs us that a passage was broken on purpose. It was remaining in his time, 'and was a door to a small additional building of late date.' Most likely it is still in being. This was the hour of Charles' life which did him most credit. Cromwell might have envied it at the close of his usurpation. Marvell, a lover of liberty, has done it justice:

He nothing common did, or mean,
Upon that memorable scene,
But with his keener eye
The axe's edge did try;
Nor called the gods with vulgar spite,
To vindicate his helpless right,
But bowed his comely head
Down as upon a bed."

When will a court-poet write such verses upon a freeman? Leigh Hunt is not a respecter of kings and princes, and enjoys a joke on the nobility (see his "Personal Reminiscences of Lords"), and sneers openly at their pretensions. His pride in authorship is excessive. I quote from "A Walk in the City." "I have touched upon these matters before, but I repeat them here, partly for the pleasure of doing so and partly to remark how the celebrity arising from authorship survives everywhere. Old city palaces, the dwellings of a proud nobility, have fallen one after another; you must now dig for their memorials in dusty books. Political tumults have shaken perhaps every street in London; you must search for them in old chronicles which are not used by one person in a million. But in the living productions of genius survive at once the rare individuals born, and the places that gave them birth."

THE JUBILEE SINGERS OF FISK UNIVERSITY, AND THEIR CAMPAIGN FOR TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS. By G. D. Pike. Published by Lee & Shepard, Boston. A. Roman & Co., San Francisco.

A book purporting to be published in answer to the many questions asked about the Jubilee Singers. Which they are American citizens of African descent, and their photographs, by an artist named Black (quite an appropriate name, figure in the book, and show a huge preponderance of lips and jaw, a wonderful spread of nostrils, and a peculiar and unmistakable kinkiness of hair not to be overcome by frizzes in the females, or bear's grease and wool-cards in the males. "Nigger wool out."

BITS OF TALK ABOUT HOME MATTERS. By H. H., author of "Verses" and "Bits of Travel." Published by Roberts Brothers, Boston. A. L. Bancroft & Co., San Francisco.

We have come to the conclusion that H. H. must be an old maid—a charming one, but still an old maid, with preposterous ideas in regard to children—bachelors' wives and old maids' children are proverbial. In "Bits of Talk" she goes after parents with a particularly sharp stick, and rates them soundly with their cruelty, inhumanity, rudeness, barbarity, and tyranny to their little ones. "This reminds us of the advice of an old darkey when we took some little chickens from their clucking mother, concluding to bring them up by hand—of course, our attempt was an utter failure. 'You better gib 'em back to de ole hen—she know mo' 'bout bringing up chickens dan you do—do good Lord taught her.'" But H. H. has a charming way of her own, nevertheless, and her books are always delightful, and even if she does scold once in a while, we always feel better after her little sermonizings.

WOMAN IN AMERICAN SOCIETY. By Abba Goold Woolson. Published by Roberts Brothers, Boston. A. L. Bancroft & Co., San Francisco.

"The Atlantic Monthly," for May. Table of contents: "The Two Letters," by Lucretia P. Hale; "A Legend," M. A. T.; "Child Life at the Isles of Shoals," Celia Thaxter, "The Trodden Path," B. W., "The Presidential Campaign of 1796," James Parton, "The Goal of Spring," James F. Colman; "A Chance Acquaintance," W. D. Howells, "A Prayer in Weakness," M. B. C.; "A Cruise Through the Galapagos," E. C. Agassiz; "Emanuel von Tellenberg and His Self-Governing College," Robert Dale Owen, "Specie Resumption," Sam R. Reed, "Henry Howard Brownell," Thomas Baily Aldrich; "My Railroad Fight in and out of Court," John R. Coleman; "Scanderbeg," Henry W. Longfellow; Recent Literature, Art, Science, Politics. We have scarcely ever seen a more brilliant array of names in one number of a magazine. It recalls the palmy days of the *Atlantic*. The contents are worthy of the writers, though the poetry is scarcely up to the mark even with such names as Longfellow and Aldrich. In Recent Literature, "The Poems of Henry Timrod," edited with a sketch of the Poet's Life by Paul H. Hayne, are reviewed, and a verse of one of his war poems given—

"Come with the weapons at your call,
With musket, pike, or knife,
He wields the deadliest blade of all
Who lightest holds his life.

The arm that drives its unbought blows
With all a patriot's scorn,
Might brain a tyrant with a rose,
Or stab him with a thorn."

NAHL'S LAST PAINTING.

"Sunday in the Mines in '49" is pronounced by nine out of ten of the spectators as exaggerated, something unnatural even for those unnatural days. The more a person looks at the picture, however, the more its truthfulness and its force is impressed upon him. Just such scenes as this were occurring in every mining camp and even in San Francisco on every Sunday up to as late as '59, and many years later in the mountains. The charge of gaudiness in color, so often laid to Nahl, is, in our opinion, a want of discrimination in those who never study nature or color. We have for many years believed that Nahl is nearer to nature than the other painters in California. He uses color for its full value; he dares bring in close contrast the florid orange and the cold blue; he sees and paints the rich tints in the soil, the grass, the rocks, the warm atmosphere, the sky at rising and setting sun, while most painters cannot see color, nor would they dare paint it or attempt it as Nahl does. The shadows of the tree-boughs upon the cabin in this new painting, the action and drawing of both horses and men, the working up of the foreground, the easy naturalness of the group before the cabin, the nicely made out but subservient distance, and the whole effect of the picture merit anybody's attention and challenge any painter in America. T. A. B.

We have Received of M. Y. Ferrer one of the prettiest pieces of music this author has composed. It is called the "Alexandrina Mazurka de Salon," Composed and arranged for the piano by M. Gray, publisher. Price, fifty cents. Also from M. Gray: "Come and See Me," as sung by Charles Vivian; words by S. Booth; arranged by Carl Hess. "I Will Stand by My Friend," as sung by C. Vivian; words by Bedford Renie; arranged by George T. Evans. Also, "Yes, Love, When Stars are Breathing;" dedicated to Mrs. Edwin Russell, Portland, Oregon; words by Jerome Hopkins. Published by M. Gray, 653 and 655 Clay street.

St. Andrew's Society Picnic.—This has always been one of, if not the, pleasantest picnic of the season. A prettier place than San Rafael could not have been chosen. All Scotchmen, friends of Scotchmen, etc., will have a merry day. The boat *Contra Costa* starts for San Rafael at 9:30 A.M. and 1 P.M.

The British Benevolent Society will meet at their rooms, 730 Montgomery street, on Monday next, at 8 P. M., when the annual election of officers will take place. W. L. Booker, President. A. P. McCurrie, Secretary.

GRAND HORTICULTURAL SPRING EXHIBITION

Of the Bay District Horticultural Society of California.—Will open on TUESDAY, May 6th, 1873, at HORTICULTURAL HALL, on Stockton, between Sutter and Post streets, to continue 8 or 10 days. The display of Flowers, Trees and Shrubs will be unequaled. The Hall will be decorated on a grand scale, with Wreaths and Garlands. Statuary, Aquariums, Floral Fountains, Rustic Work, Bouquets and Flowers. During each Afternoon and Evening, Schmidt & Schlotte's band will perform the most select music. Nothing will be left undone to make the Exhibition a success. Prof. E. S. Carr of the State University of California has kindly consented to deliver the Opening Address. FIFTY HANDSOME PRIZES will be awarded to the young Ladies of San Francisco who will exhibit the Plants received by them at the Exhibition of 1872. During afternoons, commencing on Monday, May 5th, Plants will be given away to all Boys and Girls under 13 who purchase tickets at the door. Prices of Admission—Family Season Tickets, $5; Single Season Tickets $2; Single Admission, 50 cents; Children, 25 cents. Doors open every day except Sunday, from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M., and 7½ to 10 P. M. Promenade Concert every day from 3 to 5 and 8 to 10 P. M.

April 26. THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

NOTICE.

The Public are hereby notified that the Field Deputies of this office will commence assessing property SATURDAY, March 1, 1873. The duties assigned to these Deputies are well known to the community, to require explanation, and I deem it proper to make my selections with the full conviction that by men favorably known, these duties will be performed with competency and integrity, and an conduct so that the duties so performed shall be satisfactory to the general satisfaction of all concerned. I earnestly request the general public to report to this office any derelict use of duty by any of my Deputies, and assure them that any just complaints will receive immediate attention. LEVI ROSENELD,
March 8. City and County Assessor.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 20.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment, into better quarters at No. 526 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7.

TO AN OLD PIPE.

O, I sing to thee, thou old brown clay,
As I sit, to my sweetheart a roundelay;
But I sing to thee when she's away,
And I'd sing her another some other day.

And I sing my love, my love for thee,
And I won't tell my sweetheart just now,
d ye see.

But O, when she knows my perfidy,
O, won't she be jealous, my old T. D.

I have told to her my love before,
I have told it her often, O yes, galore,
But I now to thee that love restore,
Which I've only been keeping for thee in store.

Thou art good and true and constant too,
May the other be constant and true like you
Never look on thee with jealous view,
But I m fearful of that, my old pipe,
ain't you?

But I need not tell this love of mine
When thy lips have so often been pressed by mine,
For in love we've burned the herb divine
For an incense to Cupid so oft, long syne

Thou hast cheered me oft in days of care,
Thou hast oft been my solace in dark despair,
When misfortunes seemed to fill the air,
And blue devils hovered around my chair

When the Nine refuse t' inspire my lay,
For not only fickle I pt coy are they,
For a rhyme on thee I call alway,
And thou never refusest, my o'd brown clay.

And when clouds of smoke with fragrance rise,
And ascend with my fancy to seek the skies,
I commune with gods with closed eyes,
And the flesh and the devil and world despise.

I might sing, old pipe, the whole night long,
And thou'd still be the burden of al my song,
But a warning voice says, "don't prolong;"
'Tis the weird midnight bell with its sad ding dong.

And thy fire burns low—thou'rt getting cold
It was not always thus, art thou growing old
And I hear thee reply
With a smile in thine eye,
"Thou aren't younger thyself, if I'm not too bold."
Well, al mo t it may be, were the truth but told.

Curre.

WHY DO THEY NOT COME?

Mr. Amasa Walker's thoughtful and sensible address to the Chamber of Commerce, on the 17th April, has had the effect of setting men to asking, once more, why immigration does not seek this State. The ready answer with most of them is, that men will not consent to lose from fifteen to twenty per cent of the nominal capital they possess in other States, for the privilege of dwelling in San Francisco. It cannot be denied that there is some reason in this answer, and we grant that some such consideration of seeming loss does really turn the thoughts of some persons from California. But this consideration can have no force with any but capitalists, small or large, and the great bulk of the Americans seek no new homes any not capitalists. But less can this be said to affect the foreign immigration, from whatever quarter it comes, for the Europeans, about to settle in the United States, have all left countries in which there is a sound metallic currency; and, indeed, they are so prejudiced in favor of such a currency that they retain their distrust and dislike of paper money, even after handling it for years. It seems quite clear to us that the refusal to adopt the currency of the rest of the country, while it may be one of the causes which retard our prosperity, must be counted as one of the very least. What, then, are the greater causes? It is assumed by many of those, who argue on this question, that California is very well known to the world at large, and an object of strong attractions to all who read. We do not believe this is the case. The increased facilities of travel have brought and do bring very many persons this way, for simple sight-seeing, but they pass through the State, just as they pass through any region which lies in their way, and they study it will, no special care. To the outside world California is a geographical expression, no more suggestive or attractive than Austria or Norway, or Nova Scotia. The European immigrant, if he has not been secured for Illinois or Missouri by a Bureau of Immigration, will settle somewhere in the great valleys, because he finds thriving and prosperous communities of his own people all about him, and fertile lands at an extremely low figure. Why should he go farther West to fare far worse or no better? We accept the many loss fact by of our soil and our genial climate as facts well known, even to European peasants, and yet the experience of every day with friends, newly arrived from the East, should teach us that people at a distance do not believe in our advantages of soil and climate. It is the East-pass immigration that we want to settle our country, and build up the homes of thrifty freemen, and what inducements do we hold out to these men, to make them pass by the rich, unoccupied lands of the continent behind us? As for the capitalist, what shall he do with his money, when he brings it here? Lend it to the manufacturer? But manufacturers must be of very slow and feeble growth in a country where coal is at famine prices. The legitimate openings for capital are but few, for the truth is, and this we believe to be the great cause which operates against us, we are a community of gamblers. To a certain extent this is true to-day of all countries, yet it is especially and prevalently true of mining countries, in all ages. The history of the settlement of such countries presents always the same features. A first, wild rush, a gradual falling off, as the great prizes cease to be found, and then a slow movement of immigration, hardly enough to show that there is movement. There is an it not unnatural inclination on the part of serious, industrious men, from choosing a home in such a community, and the flow of population from other parts of the world to California continues to be largely made up of men who come, not to work and establish, but to try their luck. So long as California was cut off from the rest of the civilized world by a slow and tedious voyage to be undergone, certain manufacturing industries were able to support themselves, but these gave way at once to competition with those of a harder growth in communities brought into almost immediate contact with us by the opening of the Pacific Railroad. Now and for years to come it will be merely impossible for California to manufacture on any large scale. The only way of escape from the hot and unwholesome atmosphere of the gambling den in which we have lived has been through the fields and orchards and vineyards of a rural population. Whatsoever measures of public or private enterprise will secure a steady stream of this population will save us, and nothing else will

Proving a Head of Hair.—The following story of the amenities of reporting is the roughly *ben trovato*, if not entirely true, which we can scarcely hope it is. It comes from the St. Louis *Democrat* whose reporter has lately been interviewing Miss Lydia Thompson. He tells the story as follows. The reporter inspected her closely. She weighed about one hundred and thirty-five pounds, is tritely built and active. She was attired in a quilted black silk jacket, with cuffs and collar. A breastpin, from which dangled her chatelaine, confined the collar. Her hair was worn *en compadour*, and attracted the reporter's attention. "Do you wear a wig, Miss Thompson?" he asked. "Why, no." "Is your hair bleached?" "Certainly not, that is a natural color." "I've heard that you wear a wig." "You can try if you like." She took her hair down, and the reporter grasped it in both his hands. He put his foot on her shoulder and pulled. She cried for mercy, but he had made up his mind not to let personal comfort stand in the way of his investigation in the cause of science. "Are you satisfied?" she gasped. "Not yet," he answered. He took a hight around a leg of the table, and said, "I think it's a wig!" he shouted, as he took another turn. The table leg broke off short, but he caught the door knob and pulled her over a chair. The chandelier caught his eye, and he threw the hair over it. Handing a hand he hauled, and up she went till her head touched the border. Taking a hitch round the sofa, he folded his arms and stood contemplating her. "Let me down," she demanded. "Do you own up to a wig?" "I do, I do!"

Coal in the United States.—Advices received from New York state that the production of coal in the United States last year was 41,91,155 tons. This total represents an increase of upwards of 9,000,000 tons as compared with 1872. The production of anthracite coal last year was 28,000,913 tons.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Engravings, Photographs, Lithographs, Designs, Maps, Business Sketches, and Bills of Sale of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access properly classified and hence most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Placard page will present to the eyes of the visitor and citizen of the Pacific States and San Francisco, a glass, in which their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the same and advancing the interest of California and the adjacent Territories to the Eastern Sections of the Union. The charge for Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 1000 feet be engaged, there will be a limitation tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 10 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be ready supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 1st. J. MERVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast No. 10 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8

SWISS-AMERICAN BANK,

Incorporated in Geneva (Switzerland) January 20th, 1872. Head office in Geneva.

Capital $2,000,000 subscribed, one quarter paid up.

PRESIDENT—HENRY BENTSCH, SAN FRANCISCO BRANCH (successors to Messrs Heutsch & Bertens), 22 Clay street. DIRECTORS—Francis Berton, Robt Watt

This Bank is prepared to grant letters of credit on Europe, and to transact every kind of Banking, Mercantile and Exchange Business, and to negotiate American Securities in Europe. Drafts received.

Bills of Exchange on:

New York,	Hamburg,	Bern,	Fribourg,
Liverpool,	Berlin,	Neuchatel,	Lucern,
London,	Frankfort-on-the-M	Chaux-de-fonds,	Aarau,
Paris,	Geneva,	Schiffhausen,	Bellinzona,
Lyons,	Zurich,	Lausanne,	Locarno,
Bordeaux,	Basel,	Berne,	Lugano,
Marseilles,	St Gall,	Chur,	Mendrisio.
Brussels,	Winterthur,	Schaffhausen,	

An ASSAY OFFICE is annexed to the Bank. Assays of Gold, Silver, Quartz, Ores and Sulphurets. Returns in coin or bars, at the option of the depositor. Advances made on Bullion and Ores. Dust and Bullion can be forwarded from any Parlor of the country and returns made through Wells, Fargo & Co., or by checks. March 8.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000. Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper: Vice. President, Samuel Hoff, Cashier S. K. Marten. Directors—Geo F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Booker, M P Jones, James McMillit, James C Flood, Edward Martin, D Uriah Sullivan, Samuel Hoff. New York Agents—Jay Cooke & Co London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates, also, Telegraphic Transfers. Drafts on Drafts on Scotland, Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other bank business transacted. Oct 2 A MCKINLAY, (Agents) A S FINNIE

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs Lees & Walker, In Boston, Tremont National Bank, In London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Bills drawn for sale on the Atlantic, drawn direct on Lombard, Dublin, Paris, St Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main March 8.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M. for receiving of deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. GEORGE LETTY, Secretary. [Feb. 1] L. GOTTIG, President.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 501 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Gen Bonnes, secretary. [April 18.] President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry E. Babcock; Secretary, T F Bacon, Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office No 501 Post street (Fried-lander's Buildings, opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct 11

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahr, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec 21

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Leal Stearns, President; H. N Vanbrunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B B B Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed

BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.

Dec. 0] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,

Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH,	J. T. OLIVER,
C. T. WHIPPLE,	W. W. DODGE,
Sacramento	San Francisco

Dec 0 1

ARMES & DALLAM,

Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Bags, etc., 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

— IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor Pr Pohl.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E Munton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Carlsbad.
Grand Hotel Buisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slapey, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J Kohler, Proprietor
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel, Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel, London B
Langham Hotel, Portland Place. W James M Sanderson, of New York, Manager
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J Baer, Pr.
Hotel Porta.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel. John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Maurice, 225 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel. E. Wahls, Prop

St. Laurence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Daniell's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A Schneider, Pr
Grand National Hotel.—Mach & Mayer, Proprietors.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche J. Heydner, Proprietor.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

A Process of Food Preservation.—The invention of a French gentleman named De la Peyrouse, was put in practice a short time since at the Governor Hotel, London, in the presence of a party of gentlemen, with a view to test its efficacy as a means of importing meat from long distances. The process consists in packing the meat in barrels or jars, and enveloping it in a casing of fat thoroughly impervious to the air. The packing of meat in fat is not new, but hitherto the drawback has been the rancidity and tainy condition of the fat, in parting a disagreeable flavor to the meat. In the present instance, the fat employed is prepared by a special process, by means of which the inventor confidently expects to prevent decomposition and rancidity. He employs, according to the terms of his patent, "mixtures of alkalines carbonates (monocarbonates, sesquicarbonates, bicarbonates), of oxides of sodium, potassium, or ammonium, with some alkaline or earthy chlorides of sodium, potassium, magnesium, aluminium, dissolved and put in contact by chalk lime with the fatty matters, and thereby effecting the melting of the fatty matters with oil produced on of acids or greaves, whilst at the same time, the fatty matters, separated from the membranes, and so treated, are neutral and inoxidizable." Under this patent, the inventor also forms solid soups by the mixture of this prepared fat with flour of peas, beans, lentils, etc., with dry meat or fresh vegetables. In the present instance, several casks and jars were filled with pieces of meat, some raw, and some very slightly cooked, the object of this being to expel the air, and the melted fat, at a temperature of 200 degrees, was poured in, the meat being so arranged as not to touch the sides of the vessel. This caused a considerable disengagement of air before the fat became solid. Several of these casks were subsequently sealed with the Society of Arts' seal, and are to be sent on a voyage to Buenos Ayres and back, as a test of the efficacy of the system.

The Girls Who Get Married.—How did that homely girl ever contrive to get married? Is not unfrequently remarked of some goodly-nestle creature whom her best friend regards as the apple of his eye, and in whose plain face he sees something better than beauty. Pretty girls who are vain of their charms are rather prone to make observations of this kind, and consciousness of the fact that flowers of beauty are often left to pine on the stem, while weeds of homeliness go off rapidly, is no doubt in many cases at the bottom of the sneering. The truth is, that most men prefer homeliness and amiability to beauty and caprice. Handsome women are apt to over-value themselves, and in waiting for an immense bid occasionally overstep the market. The plain sisters, on the contrary, aware of their personal deficiencies, generally lay themselves out to produce an agreeable impression, and in most instances succeed. They don't aspire to capture paragons with princely fortunes, but are willing to take anything respectable and over-worthy that Providence may throw in their way. The rock ahead of our haughty Junos and coquettish Hebes is fastidiousness. They reject and reject until nobody cares to woo them. Men don't like to be snubbed or to be trifled with, a lesson that thousands of pretty women learn too late. Men who are caught merely by a pretty face and figure do not, as a rule, amount to much. The practical, careful, thoughtful portion of mankind is wisely content with unpretending excellence.

The Manufacture of Pifferari.—In a wretched hovel of the Rue des Acacias, the Paris police lately unearthed the strangest industry—a manufacture of *pifferari*. The manager, or, let us say, the dean of the institution, takes children at the age of seven, and after a twelvemonth's apprenticeship restores them to their fond parents as accomplished beggars, thin, wan, and deformed enough to move to pity the hardest heart. His course, says the Paris account, embraces starving, dying the hair black (to make the face pallid), and teaching on some instrument the prayer in *Traviatore* and the duo in *Favorita*. There is no charge for tuition, as the seminary is self-supporting. After the first month the pupils are able to solicit alms, and thus to repay their kind preceptor for the pains he lavishes upon their professional education. Victor Hugo founded his "L'Homme qui Rit" on the play custom of mutilating children to play the fool at fairs, the clown in courts. His hero, changed through sundry awful operations into a laughing mask, earns his living by showing himself, but a training-ship, a kindergarten of innocent beggars—this was reserved for an age when vast development of promiscuous charity, joined with total indifference of it, should elevate mendicancy to a profession.

The Telegraph Wires throughout Great Britain consists of 100,098 miles, and the wires leased by the department to private firms or individuals for the transmission of messages on their own business between offices and factories and so forth, make a system of 5,157 miles. The total is 105,255 miles, and this mileage of wire serves 1600 postal telegraph offices and 1,097 centers of private wires. There are 435 of the centers in the metropolitan division, 202 in the northwestern, 130 in the northern, 40 in the northeast rn, 31 in the southern, 6 in the eastern, 14 in Scotland, 35 in Ireland. The Pneumatic tubes worked in London extend the aggregate length of 12,800 yards, in provincial towns, 9,069 yards—namely, 2,700 in Dublin, 2,100 in Liverpool, 2,025 in Manchester, 295 in Birmingham, 279 in Glasgow. The estimate provides a corresponding number of telegraph messengers. More than half this number is entitled to uniform clothing—tunics every eighteen months, trousers and hats every six months, overcoat and leggings every two years. Those not entitled to uniform have, like the others, a belt and pouch every three years, and have also an arm badge.

General Fremont has just gained a case before the Supreme Court that may enable him to clear himself in the Memphis and El Paso railroad business. The ordinance of the Texas convention, grant right lands to actual settlers, and requisitions the Memphis and El Paso railroad land grant, is declared unconstitutional. The injunction of the lower courts against the government land commissioners, restraining them, is made perpetual. The total amount of the land grants is 8,400,000 acres, of which the entire amount passes to the Texas Pacific road, conditioned upon 700,000 acres being set apart for the redemption of the Texas El Paso bonds, this amount being subject for the purpose. The lands provided are ample for all the expenses of the road, besides redeeming the bonds. The result will release General Fremont from all obligations. He has, for some years, devoted himself almost exclusively to a certain, this result, and has refused political and other employment until it was consummation. In sight of his success, the French edict against him must be hastily vacated as it was in Texas Pacific road, conditioned upon

Revivalist Hammond has bid farewell to his Cucadilla converts, and come on a crusade to California. In the brief time that he was at Denver he succeeded in getting the town into a remarkable revival frenzy. Especially among the lower, ruffian class it has his influence been perceivable. After convert upon the prisoners in the Denver jail the good work took a turn among the saloons, gambling dens and brothels of the town, and the result of his work proves that three months are not the hopeless cases that the daintier evangelists in the habit of consuming them. Indeed, Mr. Hammond's retirement, wholesale style, of preaching the Gospel seemed to have an electrical effect upon the people of the border gen rally, and the Denver News says of him: Mr. Hammond has revolutionized Denver. Every one was skeptical about him when he first came, but now all are strong believers in his effectiveness as an evangelist. He has done a great work in that city, and, in leaving us, will carry the best wishes of all the Christian people in our midst.

In His Annual Report the Registrar-General states that London, within its ancient boundary, has now upwards of 1,000,000 souls, and had in the middle of 1872, within the limits of the health returns, 3,311,228 inhabitants. The estimated increase of population was 44,839. The average mortality of the year was 21 per 1000, and the Registrar-General explains the disappointment that may be felt that the figure does not go record, as it ought to, below 20, by the fact that much of the water supply of the metropolis is still drawn from the Thames.

The Missouri Papers record an act of munificence on the part of Mr Shaw, an English resident of St. Louis, which is almost unequaled in the United States. It is the free gift of a noble park to the inhabitants of St. Louis. The tract set apart for this purpose is situated close to the town, is richly wooded, and abounds in picturesque scenery. It covers an area of over 300 acres, and its value is estimated at about $150,000. Mr Shaw has received the warm acknowledgements of the municipal authorities of St. Louis for his generous gift.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J Collins Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colic, Cramp, Palpitation, Neuralgia. Dr J Collins Browne's CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec 7 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London: "So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr J Collins Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr J Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 1s 6d, 2s 9d, and $2 25 by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK: J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words" Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle. Of Dye Names of Colors Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price Small bottles 50 Large bottles, 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to dealers. N. B.—Small bottles of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. ★ "SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

MARAVILLA COCOA.

No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.—The Cocoa Nibs have long been known to the world, and many attempts have been made to attain a reputation for their preparation, but no doubt the long and thorough success had been achieved until Messrs Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of "Maravilla" Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For Homœopath and invalids, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage. Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Sonchi Chocolate. Steam Mills: Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb. 22.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution. Almost EVERY—The success of this most delicious and universally recommended sauce having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L & P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant process against manufacturers and venders of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS CROSS & CO., San Francisco

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 21, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties. Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and in globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. Morson and son are the only British manufacturers. Greatest purity and recommended for pulmonary complaints, requiring orders entrusting their care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs Scott, Thomson & Co., Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Thacker & Co., Karrachee, Messrs. Bogert & Hughes Umballa and Melan Meer, and Lucknow and Delhi, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and all Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in boxes at 25 cents, 12 oz. KEATING'S DIGESTIVE WOMAN TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, form a delightful combination of the most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Dyspepsia, Constipation, Costiveness, Piles, Flatulence, Sick Headache, Nervous Debility, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Cramp in the Stomach, Spasms, Sickness, Pain after Eating, Wind in the Stomach, Fever, Ague, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Dropsy, Gravel, Nervous Headache, Nervous Irritation, Nervous Debility, Sleeplessness, Hypochondriasis, Hysteria, Fever and Ague, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint

THINKING.

THOUGHTS BY A NOODLE.

I don't think a goose is a swan,
I don't think a sheep is a rabbit,
But I think, when I'm thinking thereon,
That thinking's a dangerous habit.

For some people think they are right,
And some people think they are clever,
And some think that black must be white,
And some think of nothing whatever.

And some people think of themselves,
And some people think of their neighbors;
And some think the gold that one delves
Is very poor pay for one's labors.

For my part I think that I thought
That I think while a-thinking and musing,
That thinking is really worth nought,
Because thinking, I think, is confusing.

SUNBEAMS.

— A Yankee teetotal orator recently delivered himself as follows: "Now, boys, if you want to be generous and treat each other, why not select some other place beside the liquor shop? Suppose, as you go by the post-office, you say, 'I say, my dear fellow, come in and take some stamps.' These stamps will cost you no more than drinks all round. Or go to the haberdasher's and say, 'Boys, come in and take a box of collars.' Walk up to a grocer's, free and generous, and say, 'What kind of coffee will you have?' Why not treat to groceries by the pound as well as liquors by the glass? Or take your comrades to a cutler's, and say, 'I'll stand a good pocket knife all round.'"

— An eminent London oculist not long since was called in to see a curious case, or rather patients, for there were two of them. They were two grizzly bears at the "Zoo," and he was asked as a favor to operate upon them for cataract. Chloroform was administered, and the operations were successful; but unluckily, one of the patients recovered from the anæsthesia too quickly, and considerably mauled his keeper. Some time afterwards the same oculist was asked to operate on one of the tigers, but he respectfully declined the proposal, saying that he must draw the line somewhere, and he drew it at grizzly bears.

— A cynical traveler, who acquired a taste in Canada for sleigh riding, and cannot humor his taste in England, publishes the following receipt for a like sensation: "Sit in the hall in your night-clothes, with both doors open, so that you can get a good draught; put your feet in a pail of ice-water, drop the front door key down your back; hold an icicle in one hand, and ring the tea bell with the other." He says, "you can't tell the difference with your eyes shut."

— A Hartford editor is uncomfortable. He says "A country subscriber writes that he is just recovering from small-pox, and will be on in a few days to renew his subscription. We hope he won't mind a little thing like that. We will send the paper and wait for the money. We will wait cheerfully. We ain't of that avaricious kind of people who grab for money as if for very life. We despise such things. There is no earthly reason for the coming on—we will wait."

— A correspondent, knowing, he says, that we like quaint and curious items, sends us the following copy of an epitaph to be found in the church at Great Woolford, Warwickshire:

"Here old John Randall lies,
Ale was his meal,
Ale was his drink,
And did his heart revive,
And if he could have drunk his ale,
He still had been alive."

Not the slightest doubt of it, correspondent. Yet we should say he died because he was "ailing."

— The other day a youth was observed sliding down an alley, and enjoying himself hugely. He would coax a big dog up the alley, and when the animal would run back the lad would grab hold of his tail, and slide down most beautifully. In playing the game it is always best to select a good-natured dog—one that doesn't take much pride in his tail.

— A man who saved a lady recently from drowning has registered a vow never to make a "humane society" of himself again. He took off his coat and leaped into the canal to save her, when a pickpocket stole his portmonnaie from his coat, and the rescued one beat him because he pulled her chignon off in getting her out.

— A tutor of a college, lecturing a young man on his irregular conduct, added, with great pathos, "The report of your vices will bring your father's gray hairs with sorrow to the grave." "I beg your pardon, sir," replied the pupil, "my father wears a wig."

— A girl who had become tired of single blessedness thus wrote to her intended: "Dear Jim, come right off if you're comin' at all; Edward Kelderman is insistin' that I shall have him, and he hugs and kisses me so continually that I can't hold out much longer."

— A Western clergyman, in presenting a revolver to one of the Volunteers, said: "If you get into a tight place and have to use it, ask God's blessing if you have time, but be sure and not let the enemy get the start of you. You can say 'Amen' after you shoot."

— How to make one's self obnoxious—To walk down a crowded thoroughfare carrying a ladder on your shoulder, and to turn round every other minute to see if any one is looking at you.

— Nobody ever stands in the horse cars at Leavenworth, Kansas. When a gentleman enters a car, the nearest young lady rises and offers him her seat. She then sits in his lap, and both are satisfied.

— The Nebraska Indians are allowed to ride free on all trains they can jump on while the latter is in motion. The tribe is being reduced very rapidly.

— "The Best and Cheapest Route for Ireland" evidently meaning the potato.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Saturday, March 15, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.15 A.M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

5.15 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco [illegible]

Leave Brooklyn [illegible]

Leave Oakland [illegible]

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:20, 9:00 and 11:15 A.M., 1:20, 4:00, 5:20 and 7:50 P.M. (5:20, 11:15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:45 A.M., and 2:30 P.M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:25, 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:20, 4:05 and 5:30 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave San Francisco		8.30 a m	*3 20 p m	†4 40 p m
San Jose	Arrive	10 40 a m	5 00 p m	7 00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2 0 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 15 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2 [illegible] p m		

Trains North	San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave Hollister			11 10 a m
Salinas			10 45 a m
Castroville			11 [illegible] a m
Pajaro			11 30 a m
Gilroy			2 p m
San Jose	†6 50 a m	7 0 a m	3 0 p m
San Francisco Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	5 25 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2 30 p m †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:30 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:[illegible] p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4 15 a m arrive at San Francisco [illegible] a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at [illegible] arrive at San Francisco at 11:[illegible] a m.

A. N. TOWNE, A. C. BASSETT,
General Superintendent. Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY—WINTER ARRANGEM'NT

On and after Saturday, September 7th, the steamer Princess will leave San Francisco (Meiggs Wharf) at [illegible] a.m., [illegible] a.m., 4:20 p.m., Saucelito at 8 a.m., 9:30 a.m. and 3:30 p.m. Sunday Time—San Francisco [illegible] 11 a.m., 1, 3 and 5 p.m. On Saturdays, an extra trip from Saucelito at 5:15 p.m. On Monday an extra trip from San Francisco at 7 a.m. H. A. COBB, President.
Nov. 16. 02 Montgomery street

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November [illegible], the steamer PETALUMA, Wm. Warner, Captain, having [illegible] Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible] Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and [illegible] [Nov. 21] CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours—On and after Saturday, February [illegible], the fast steamer Contra Costa, Captain J. T. McKenzie, connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco, 4:20 p.m., 1:00 p.m., 5:00 p.m.; San Quentin, [illegible] a.m., 9:20 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leave San Francisco at [illegible] a.m., 3:00 p.m.; San Rafael [illegible] a.m. [illegible] CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a.m. Cash advances on consignments. Dec. 11. [illegible] PATTEN, Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, [illegible] Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both [illegible] durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 20

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonnough, Master. Will sail on her [illegible] M., from Front-street Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. The [illegible] bills of lading will be furnished [illegible] For freight or passage, having [illegible] apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent. March 15. [illegible] Front street.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently [illegible] Purchasers [illegible] is wrapped in white paper [illegible] printed on the [illegible] box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for [illegible] any roughness of the skin; in bottles [illegible] everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb. 26. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations [illegible] JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic [illegible] Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods [illegible] Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, [illegible] Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests [illegible] BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & CO. [illegible]
July 11

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. [illegible] by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce —The success of the season at the table for [illegible] able, warming and stimulating qualities, [illegible] Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. N. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Hayes, Treasurer. Directors: [illegible] Aaron Meyer. [illegible] Agent. Office: 421 Montgomery street, Mining Bureau Block, next to Bulletin Building. Jan 14.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares. [illegible] Aldersgate street, London, E.C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 5.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 23.] Agents, 423 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g
Justices—[illegible] Montgomery St
County—City Hall
Probate—City Hall
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—715 Montgomery street
District Attorney—City Hall
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall
Public Administrator—City Hall
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall
Sheriff—City Hall
[illegible] California and Sansome streets
City Physician—City Hospital
Coroner—[illegible] Kearny street
Custom House—Battery street
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants Exchange
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street near Drumm
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall
Tax Collector—City Hall
Street Superintendent—City Hall
Assessor—City Hall
County Clerk—City Hall
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—[illegible]
Board of Education—City Hall
Street [illegible]—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall
Auditor—City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets
Fire Department—[illegible] Kearny
[illegible]—City Hall
Industrial School—City Hall
Surveyor—City Hall
Outside Land Committee—21 Exchange Building, Washingt'n and Montgomery streets.
Health Office—Jackson street.
Chief of Police—City Hall
Pound Keeper—[illegible] Van Ness Av. and Franklin st
Quarantine—[illegible] street
Harbor Master—[illegible]
Harbor Police—Cor Pacific and Davis streets

CONSULS

Belgium—F. Grisar, 1217 Powell
Chili—B. Barrelihet, 524 Montgomery street
Chili Consul General—Francis [illegible] Casanueva, 506 Battery st
Denmark—G. O'Hara Taafe, 520 California street
Ecuador—Daniel Wolf (absent).
France—Edmond Breuil, 424 Jackson street.
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, [illegible] Calif [illegible] street.
Guatemala—[illegible] Martin 423 Cal st
Hawaiian Islands—Henry W Severance, 40 [illegible] street
Honduras—Wm. N. Wells, Mayor's Office, City Hall
Italy—[illegible] Carroll 1013 Powell
Japan—C. W. Brooks, 25 Montgomery street
Mexico—[illegible], 536 Kearny.
German Empire—A. C. [illegible] Sacramento street
Netherlands—J. De Fremery, 6 Sansome street
Nicaragua—F. Herrera, [illegible] Montgomery street
Peru—De la Fuente y Subirat Federico.
Portugal—Francis Berton, sw. cor. Clay and Liedesdorff Sts.
Russia—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building
San Salvador—D. J. Dorsey.
Spain—C. Martin, [illegible] California street
Sweden and Norway—[illegible] Battery street
Switzerland—Francis Berton
U. S. of Colombia—F. Herrera
Bolivia—F. Herrera, [illegible] Montgomery street.
Chili—R. J. Williamson, 33 Brennan street
Costa Rica—F. Herrera, 339 Montgomery street.
Greece—[illegible] Fisher, 420 Montgomery street.
Argentine Republic—C. Baum, 215 Battery street
Austro-Hungarian—G. Moerke, 104 California street.
Turkey—George W. Gibbs, 3 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending April 28, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Tuesday, April 22d.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Edwin Martin to J S Loly	Block 6 of Sunny Vale Homestead Ass'n	$ 5
John L Smith to Jonas Barman	S Folsom e 6th, 25x165	7,000
Horillo A Swain to Michael Castle	Sw Franklin and Ellis, 275x120—50-va lots 5 and 6 block 133 Western Addition, subject to mortgage for $15,000	25,000
Paul Reservation to P McDermott	Lot 8 blk 2	350
L Van Laak to Geo E Davis	Lot 3 [illegible] S S F Hd	400
City & Co S F to Henry L Davis	E Old San Jose Road, 130 n 26th, 65x9	Prem
Chas Feckelnburg to J Witt	F Dale w Church lots 37 38 blk 97, H A	1 0
Ann E Green to Sarah A English	S cor Market and 10th, 272x195	22,000
J Dexter to City & County S F	Streets, Highways, etc	..
Henry L Davis to same	Same	
Frederick Hess to G M Josselyn	Sw Sacramento and Kearny, 21 8x2[illegible] 11	20,000
Sidney L Johnson to Fred Hess	Sw Sacramento and Kearny, 21 8x[illegible] 6	5
R Ganzer to Augusta Petrowska	Sw 11th se Mission, 22:6x90, sub M B 11	1,650
John Bensley to Z F Colby	N Francisco e Mason, 22x130	250
Jos A Hofman to Wm H Hogan	S 19th e Valencia, 25x85—sub M B 66	1,300
Lamson S Welton to Henry Pierce	Se cor Geary and Buchanan, 68:9, etc	9 000
Felton Tract Hd to K R Schaefer	Lot 4 blk 1202	171
J M Goowey to Louis Feder et al	N O Farrell, 137:6 w Polk w 68:9x120	10,000
Anna E Cook to J A Hofman	S 19th e Valencia, 50x85	250
Tide Land Com'rs to Thos Prince	S Mission w 7th, 8.6x50—sub 100-va 266	16
T Prince to Cambrian Mut Aid Soc	Same	7 300
D Murphy et al to Syd L Johnson	Nw Clementina ne 2d, 23x60	4,088
Bartholome Perry to Simon Blum	Ne D and 31th Ave, etc—sub blk 403 O L	2,500
Geary St Ex Hd to E H Swett	Lot 2 blk 166, O L	450
Sav and Loan Soc to J T McDonald	S Fell w Laguna, 25x137:6	4,500

Wednesday, April 23d.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Johanna Hagerty to D Bruce	W Williams, 62:6 n Geary, 25x50	$ 100
Henry Timmy to John Hinkel	Ne Geary and Baker, 137:6	3,000
Fol and Howard F H to R Gannon	Lots 50, 51, Howard & Fol Sts Prop U'n	3,000
T H Ziegenfuss to City & Coun S F	Streets, highways, etc	
City Gas Co to S F Gaslight Co	Potrero Nuevo	5
San Francisco Gas Co to same	Sundry Water Lots and properties belonging to S F Gas Company	1
City & County S F to P F Darche	Sw cor Pennsylvania & Colusa, 60x100	Prem
Jos D Enas to Amasa B Andrews	S Sacramento w Jones, 97:6x30	4,000
Jeremiah Calaghan to Wm Hood	Calaghan building on Kearny e Pacific	1
Wm Hood to City & County S F	E Kearny s Pacific, 102:8, s 91:5, etc	50,000
A Austin to B L Benot	Lots 1473 1474 1476 Gift Map 2	3
M Crooks to Matthew Crooks	Nw Townsend ne 4th, etc	177
Annie E Cook to Maurice Dore	No cor Stevenson and 19th, 180x85, etc	1,250
H Wohler to Henry L Davis	Undivided 18 acres Rancho de la Merced	
A H Hisask Jr to Abram Bloch	N Turk w Taylor, 55x137.6	12,000
Webster St Hd to M S Greenbaum	Lots 37 38 39	4,875

Thursday, April 24th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
City & Conn S F to T A Ziegenfuss	W Valencia s 24th, 65x90, sub M B 109	Gift
Pierre Boulanger to L Canfield	W Front n California, 27 6x45	
V Wackenreuder to Theo Erdin	Lots 319 to 331, Precita Valley Lands	450
Stanhope Dickinson to W Rorgon	N Fairmount e Palmer, 25x125	250
Cal Ave H'd Ass'n to J K Basford	Lots 10 to 15 inclusive, blk 89, O L	1,980
Paul Tract H Ass'n to T H Hatch	Lot 1 blk 30	500
Bay View H'd to same	Lots 12 to 14 inc, blk 437	2,500
Paul Tract H'd to R M Bangon	Lot 2 blk 30	500
Lizzie Moneypenny to R J Cox	Sundry lots in Gift Maps 2 and 4, etc	2,000
Charles T H Palmer to J McConick	W Buchanan s Geary, 55x137:6	400
Same to Elisha Brooks	S Sutter e Buchanan, 31:4¼x137:6	250
Same to Edwin Bonnell	Subdivisions blks 272, W A	1,200
Same to Eliphas Marinols	S Bush w Laguna, 30x120	218
Same to Thomas G Spear	S Post E Webster, 110x137 6	250
Same to Geo R Lawson	W Webster n Post, 27 6x93	183
A Judson Marsh to C J Pillsbury	Sundry lots Haley Purchase	1
Spring Val Hd Assn to Thos Bell	Lots 20 Spring Valley Hd	300
Wm D Bowie to Sav & Loan Soc'y	S Turk e Pierce, 75x87:6	650
Samuel Tyler to same	Sundry lots O'Neil & Haley Tract	750
Jacob Prince to same	W 12th se Market, 50x75:11	3,500
Richard Dillon to D Hennessy	N 23d e Noe, 25.6x14	500

Friday, April 25th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Henry Lewis to Geo A Duval	S Greenwich e Jones, 30x220	$ 25
Wm Kincaid to Mary E Lovell	Lot 28 blk 3, Garden Tract Hd	380
Wm J Lynch to Richard Dillon	Lot 21 and 22 blk 131, Terminus H Assn	1,700
Orchard Hd Assn to E Stanwood	Lots 43, 44 and 45 Orchard H'd Ass'n	1,200
Bay View H'd to H McPherson	Lot 4 blk 487, Bay View H'd	500
Horatio McPherson to H S King	Same	1
Duncan McDonald to P E Farrell	One acre	200
P E Farrell to John Amos	Same	250
Lewis Meyerstein to J Regan	Se Taylor and Larkin, 137·6x137:6	2,300
Patrick Dunnigan to Martin O'Dea	Se Jessie ne 3d, 20x80	2,150
D F McDonald to L H Bonestell	One acre, portion McDonald Ranch	700
J Marks to I Blaskower	Seven lots in blk C of Haley Purchase	1,487
Henry Toony to W L McCormick	Subdivision 50-vara 613	6,000
A C Peachy to John Parrott	Nw Davis and Cala w 137·6x137·6	120,000
Same to Fred Billings	B and W lots 547, 548, 549, 550, 552	70,000

Saturday, April 26th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
E A Lawrence to P G Partridge	Undivided ½ lot 1 blk 512, W A	$1,000
Jno Spottiswood to City & Co S F	Streets and highways, etc	
I H Reynolds to Augustine Craman	S Ellis e Octavia, 28.9x120	2,500
Cal'a Pioneers' Soc to H Raker	Lot 46 sec 43, Masonic Cemetery	53
Louis Sceliler to George Morcan	Lot 23 blk 5 Garden Tract Hd	1
Gardenville Hd to Sarah Hynes	Re-recorded to correct error	
Frank Cullen to Thomas Minihan	Lots 243 and 261, Cobb Tract	400
F S Wensinger to Wm Elder	Subdiv blk 101, Potrero Nuevo	4,000
Peter Craig to G T Lawton	Lot 22 and portion lot 21 Masonic Cem	1,000
H McNamara to Hiram Tubbs	Sundry properties on Potrero	5
Chas E Richards to A J Gunnison	Ne cor Hampshire & Santa Clara 100x100	500
A J Gunnison to Richard Finlay	Same	500
J C Van Rensselaer to G O Wilson	E Church n Horner, 53x117 6	
Geo Wallenrod to Julius Finck	W Rondel Place 22x10 s 16th, 22 2x61	1 950
Benjamin P Avery to L S Welton	S Post e Webster, [illegible]x1[illegible] 6	2,000
L S Welton to Benj P Avery	Se Post and Webster, [illegible]x137 6	2,500
Tido L Comre to John Mitchler	[illegible]	550
Geary St Ex Hd to S B Caswell	Lots 12 [illegible] blk 300	1 050
Martha B Hunt to J Rieter	E Valencia, 110 n 20th, n 25x160	300
James M White to Thos Breen	Lot 18 sec 2 Masonic Cemetery	1 0
Jacob S Cohen to Ernest Suskind	Sw Ellis and Hyde—sub 50-v 1311	4,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending April 29, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
J Kearney to J O'Brien	Oakland—110x31·10 nw cor Brush & 17th	$2,350
J Fillmore to same	Same to same	2
T Cleary to M Trainor	Same: N 5th 125 e Jefferson th e 25x100	Gift
A J Bryant to W Bryan	Same: 125x150 ne cor Harrison and 8th	12,000
G Preda to D Cavasso	Same: E line Chestnut 169 s fm 2d 25x133	1
A C Henry to D Roach	Same: E l San Pab 79 e fm Alden 70x150	1,150
M Lourson to R L Miller	Same: N 14th 125 e fm Brush th 25x100	1,000
T B Bigelow to E W Chamberlin	Same: W line Center 175 s fm R R Av thence s 25x143·9	600
J B Scotchler to J E Bacon	Same: N l 16th w fm Kirkham, 50x104·9	700
L McAlpen to C G Howard	Same: Lots 1 and 31 in blk A, Oak V Hd	800
H K W Clarke to E R Carpentier	Alameda, ¼ int in 25 acres Lewellyn T't	...
F Dentra to P A McDonald	Same: 83 acres at Bay Farm Island	1
Same to same	Same: 61 acres same	1
G Manly to J C Walsh	Same: Lots 10 a 19 in blk 83 near High st	800
Whitcher & Alden to E Mulholland	Near Temescal C'k and Tel Ave, 50x100	480
C L Des Rochers to F L Taylor	Oakland Tp: Part lot 9 in plot 13	2,400
J J Scotchler to G Tommasini	Same: Lots 23x86 Regent st Hd Tract	107
Same to F Cerino	Same: Lot 50 in same	70
L Merritt to J Wentzell	At Berkeley 120x100·7	1,000
Same to J A & A Edgar	Same 110·1x120	800
Flint & Haven to C Schmidt	Brooklyn Tp: Lot on Moraga Valley Rd	425
J Bauer to A Hermann	M [illegible] on San Jose ½ interest in 5 acre	1,625
A G Oakes to A Collins	Haywood: 40x300	500

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. April 29.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. 8.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 7th, 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,244,737 26, as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $450,000. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

S. F. AND N. P. R. R. CO.—CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after April 1st, 1873, the steamer connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Broadway Wharf, at 3:[illegible] o'clock P.M. Returning, the train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5:30 o'clock A.M., connecting at Donahue with steamer and arriving in San Francisco at 10:30 A.M. The steamers and cars make close connections with stages to and from all points. SUNDAY EXCURSION.—On and after April 13th, leave San Francisco at [illegible] A.M., arriving at Cloverdale at one o'clock P.M. Returning will leave Cloverdale at 3 o'clock, arriving in San Francisco at [illegible] o'clock. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's office, 421 Montgomery street.
April 12 PETER DONAHUE, President.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate or restore. The favor it has received and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO.

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties (tarred or untarred) of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are so located that orders can be shipped Direct, by rail or water, to any part of the State, when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY. [April 26.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 116 Front street.

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO.

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for Rope of any special lengths and sizes. Constantly on hand, a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes; Tarred Manila Rope; Hay Rope, Whale Line, etc., etc.
April 26. TUBBS & CO., 611 and 613 Front street.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4, No. 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE AMERICAN PEOPLE DEGENERATING.

We are Becoming Alarmed at the evidence which are increasing on every side of the degeneracy of the American people. Two generations ago we excelled in every mental and physical quality, and more, we proved it daily by competitive trials with foreign nations who brought in contact with them. It is not so now. We are overmatched and beaten at everything. And it is precisely in those qualities of which we are the proudest that our decadence is the most striking. It is as commonly said that we are losing our prestige. Our liars are not the liars they once were. Our cheats have lost their cunning and our swindlers almost get sawed off themselves. We are too apt to rely upon past triumphs and not to study to keep pace with the expansion and development of rascality. It is thus that we get distanced in the race. We imagine that because we perform some brilliant stroke upon each other, rob our neighbors or get elected to office and plunder the public, that we could do the same things, practice the same tricks and come off equally successful when tried upon the people of foreign countries. There is a popular fallacy. Tweed could not have stolen New York, but does it follow that he could have stolen London? Fisk stole the Erie Railroad and bought the Legislature, the Courts, the Bar and the Press with the gross earnings, but could he have done the same thing in France or Russia? We doubt it. Self reliance is a fine quality, and is greatly abused to self conceit, but self-conceit, which is but a step farther in the same direction, destroys all. The natural financial operations we have carried on in defiance of Europe since the repudiations of forty years ago, have been upon the whole successful. Colonel Fremont planned well in the affair of the El Paso Railroad and got away with considerable money. But there stands the judgment of the criminal courts of that country which will in all probability be a bar to his further operations for some time to come. To be successful he should have left matters so that he could go abroad and enjoy the money which he has. He must stay at home as a defeated regime. And now we have to chronicle another failure of the most disastrous character. The administration sent commissioners to the Modoc Indians. Here was a beautiful field for confidence games, and on never before worked by our people. It was fair to presume that they were in the main unacquainted with our method of doing things. They scarcely suspected us, and we had scarcely to throw on off their guard. It would be no vain thing to say, ordinarily speaking, that we could easily steal them blind. We sent off our shrewd men secondrels, selected with care by the State Department from the entire country. But what account do they fetch back? Have they succeeded? Does Australian plunder in money and in scamp enrich our people? Not a red. We were caught at it, and this business ruined before the Expos ition Building was opened. Napped in the very bed. Yes, our people, from e mate, fool, cr s me occa l cause just finding out, are rapidly degenerating, and we must take a back seat for a time. Would it not be well to open schools where stealing in all its branches could be taught at the public expense? Think of it.

MR. JOKING MILLER.

We did not Invent this Name for the great Oregon poet. We found it in the N. Y. *Herald*, the only paper which has had sense and courage enough to say positively what thousands believe to be true of Joaquin Miller's jingo verse. And the name as a writer who is done a joke in himself, and the cause of, has to all men of culture, who are not perversely bent on making out a case, seemed a fortunate thing for him, and, so far, we are glad of it. But it is a disheartening fact for those who believe in the value of a wide cultivation, to find an utterly empty writer hailed as a genius, because he has a fine ear for cadence and alliteration and rhyme, though even in these his only merits he is but the shadow and echo of Swinburne, himself a real poet, no doubt, but already exhausted, and doomed, with a feverish flowers of life, to a speedy oblivion. A local writer has recently examined and ratified Joaquin Miller's claims as a poet, on the ground that he possesses the one indefinable quality of poetic speech, a possession which cannot be acquired, but comes from nature. It would be nearer the truth to say that Joaquin Miller has a fine natural sense of the sound of words, with but a feeble sense of the r value. It is admitted that he is raw and untrained, and we believe he will be so to the end. There is nothing his progress is visible in his poems. The one just published in the *Overland* is as pretty, as mixed one and as empty as the earliest of them all. His greatest effort, "Arizonian," is perfectly numerous full of sweet nes which go in at one ear and out at the other. Round and full and glittering as soap bubbles, and as unsubstantial. But the "Island of the Amazons" is at least as bad as "Arizonian." Who has read, without incessant yawning, that never-ending succession of pompous prettiness, drawn out through tangled forests and darkened women, and lions, and sins, and devils, and God knows what bes des, and brought up at last exactly nowhere. A this, we are told, is the music of poetry, full of promise, and we see no reason to doubt that the first writings of all young poets are full of vagueness and dimness, and a more pronounced light in sound. Even if this were true, which it is not, it would not apply to Mr Miller case, for he is not a young poet, but so far advanced in his intellectual growth, that where we cannot undertake to say what he may do we know perfectly well what he cannot do. He cannot write one g ns like of Little poet thought so expressed that it shall at de in the memory of the reader. One might as reasonably hope to see Tom Thumb become a great musical composer as to look for a poet in Joaquin Miller. The gift of rare delicate poetic and rhythm in words has been conferred on the one just as the gift of musical genius and rhythm has been given to the other, and the interest which attaches to both is of the same character. It is impossible not to be struck by the remarkable fact, by of expression in each, and to perfect sterility and it is equally impossible to feel more than a momentary curiosity at the sight of such phenomena.

A NEW VIEW OF THE MODOC WAR

Under this Head the Evening Bulletin gives an account of a theory concerning the Modoc "treachery," as it is called which Washington is supposed to be at the *Herald* furnishes. According to this theory, the Indians of the Pacific Coast, with the exception of Arizona, believe that the time of the red man is at hand, and that all the Indians who have died since are to rise again and assist to recover for the country from the whites, and that the murder of the Peace Commissioners was brought about by Capt. Jack under the belief that he is to be the Moses of his people. This is a very beautiful theory, and quite worthy of the enterprising journal which sent Stanley to Africa, but we refuse to accept it, even though the *Bulletin* command, for ten reasons, nine of which we keep to ourselves because the truth is more than audacity for our purpose. The Indians need no rise in the rear of the dead to fix a earth. They have a brutal theory that when the bodies are out the man is dead, to rise only in the happy hunting-grounds in the other side of Jordan. Moreover, there is nothing in the conduct of the Modocs thus far which warrants a belief in the Indian theory, on their part, quite the reverse. If they had taken part in that the tribes on the coast in a general plan of warfare for a definite end, it is reasonable to suppose that they would have wasted all these months upon woman, with all y had to do to begin the pleasant task of murdering the frontiers men, and plundering otherwise with a movement of all the other tribes, none of which are yet on the move. It is a good thing for an Indian Agent to fill a large salary on a reservation, if only to show that he keeps his men quiet, and Mr Meacham, Agent on the Umatilla Reservation, could by his several years open. After his death a great deal on, combined with pro and knowledge of the Indian character, he must arrived at a remarkable conclusion. "The model of a man is an Indian," he says, "to be become and nothing else." Were it not for Mr Meacham's reputation as a man of spotless integrity and perfect truthfulness, we should all of us be ready to suspect that there is something not tinted in the first notes of the report, it is much easier to be a dead Indian than ready say it to be Indians. In this case it is a real mystery, Mr Meacham has deserved well of his country, and the least can be done for him is to press of him with Capt. Jack's head in a charger, when the process of embalming is completed.

Freights continue to rule high, owing to the scarcity of shipping. Wheat at 17 to 17½ is the rate. Lumber vessels now command high rates to the West Coast.

THE EMPEROR'S WILL.

The Will of Napoleon III., copied by telegraph, is worthy of a little attention. Though it is well known that the property descended to Eugenie and is but a portion of the Imperial possessions, we do not attach any importance to the stories of the great sums saved to Napoleon. Ever we was certainly a strange of his ever, and the testimony of all who were in a position to know anything of his way of life, is to the effect that he spent his money freely and not altogether for his personal gratification. Yet, as he was not Lorenzo Medici, as Renan says that he had a love, real though not very cultivated, for the noble culture of humanity, and he encouraged, as well as he knew how, what seemed to tend in the right direction. How little he could know what was the right direction, his world plainly shows. Taken as an document it is brief as and cree, yet it would have been still more brief, had the passages of pure Napoleonic quackery been suppressed. The whole character of the man as portrayed in the document, his delusory of his uncle, the oppressed people, his belief in his star, his theoretical protestation of love for France, his second-hand worship of Rome (in his son), all these are so many zeros at sea of a character, half fanatic half charlatan. Face to face with his last hour, he calls upon his son to remember the motto of the first Napoleon "Everything for the French people," and he follows up this solemn appeal to a fraudulently with the Napoleonic commonplace "To fix in his mind the writings of the prisoner of St. Helena, "to study the Emperor's deeds and correspondence," and "finally to remember, when other subjects permit, that the cause of the people is the Cause of France." The other three injunctions are laid down in essentially recall the letter of Napoleon I to his brother, the King of Holland. "Your duty is first to me, then to France and, last of all, to the Dutch people." Then, when circumstances permit "in an adequate touch, in that exquisitely ambiguous style which none have managed better than the Napoleons. It is the spirit of the "illustrious uncle," which has guided from heaven the fortunate career of the nephew (the will is dated in 1858) and the son of them phew. I enjoy the same assistance from heaven, if he proves himself worthy of his race. Everywhere the central idea is "my uncle." The first impulse is to be preserved because he urged to "Napoleon Hortense, I do his father loves whom here, as elsewhere, by his absence." Napoleon III does not express his reference to the "Catholic, Apostolic, Roman" religion. Let there be not a word in the will which implies that there can exist another God than the first Napoleon.

MOLTKE AND CAPTAIN JACK.

A Private Letter has been shown us written by Count Von Moltke to a German friend in this city. The subject is the Modoc War. The great Prussian chief was the more recent in southern Oregon with much interest, and his comments are discussing. He ranks Captain Jack as the greatest strategist the Western continent has ever produced. In the opinion of Count Moltke the quality of the gallant Indian is a genius partakes more of the fiery earnestness of Hannibal than of the calm and sedate judgment of Wellington. But in any case he is of the opinion that Jack must in the end triumph and the great American Republic will succumb to his well directed fury, and be absorbed by him and carried to the "Happy Hunting Grounds." In a few weeks, predicts the Count, he will come out of his fortifications and move deliberately upon Washington. That city once surrounded, the fall of President Grant's government is but a question of days. What will be the result of the experiment of a change of races in North America he does not quite foresee. But he is confident that the Credit Mobilier swindle will be less frequent, elections will be conducted with diminished political disturbances, society will be elevated, religion purified and the laws administered with improved vigor and impartiality. We echo the hope the conqueror of Napoleon III. may not be mistaken.

SHRADER AND McCARTHY.

We Had a Call Yesterday from Supervisors Shrader and McCarthy. These gentlemen naturally felt annoyed at the mention of their names in connection with their fellow Supervisors. We are not surprised at this. They are well rid of them at the bottom very bad men, and it is only because of their association with others that we have been obliged to refer to them at all. If all, or even a majority of the Supervisors could be as pure as our friends and public spirited as the gentlemen above named, it would be a great fortunate reminiscence for our city. But unfortunately the contrary is the fact. Many of the other Supervisors are sure to be to the corporal one, many are under the influence of wealthy schemers, and all are arrant hypocrites. They pray in at other an tones, carry the plate in church, attend Bible class, at Lectures in the day. But for Shrader and McCarthy, the Board would be an utter disgrace to the community. But when we have say this much we have made a the apology we intend. We are independent journalists and never take anything back and cut one friend on. Shrader is a snob, and spends too much of his time at the Pacific Club, and McCarthy is a pot house. Both of them are serious Leads, and ought to be ashamed. Look to it, gentlemen.

THE ANGLO CALIFORNIAN BANK.

London, April 11, 1873.—A company has been formed under the title of the Anglo-Californian Bank, with a capital of £1,000,000, to conduct a financial business, carried on by a steamer between England and San Francisco, and also between San Francisco and the ports of the United States, South America, India, Japan and other countries. The bank is a very strong one, and it is stated that the Rothschilds, who are the agents of Messrs. Morgan & Co., will be transferred the company free of all ability and charge whatever, the consideration being four shares of £1 each, which will be entitled to a fourth fully paid shares, the present capital is £500,000. The company, in addition to ordinary banking business, also carry on exchange and to on general use, and it is proposed to establish a branch in Mexico and South American towns to facilitate business and intercourse. The remittance and exchange business of San Francisco will be a very important branch of the bank. It will produce business of France and. The ordinary shares are £20 each, of which a first issue of 20,000 shares, a total first issue of £400,000.—*American Mail.*

That Triple Tiara—"Isabella says the *Alta*, "was the last sovereign who wore the Triple Tiara." This is certainly a cruel *Alta*! not to tell us where she wore it, and how she put it on, and why she stopped wearing it, and where she keeps it, and whether it would fit Queen Victoria, or be good to a girl, just for cheek! Do tell us, after all what it is, this a Triple Tiara? Is it anything like a corn plaster? If so we are glad Isabella can do without it now, but what stumping corns she must have had to wear her plasters three deep! And such a fat old body, too. We wish we could go to Europe, and learn all these fine things, only half as well as Isabella, much travelled *Alta*.

William Lane Booker, Esq., H. B. M. Consul, has obtained leave of absence from his duties on account of some illness. Mr Charles Mason, who has been for several years British consul for many years, has been appointed British Consul ad interim, and will be left to supply the vacancy occasioned by Mr Booker's absence. Mr Mason is a thoroughly good and efficient officer, and his strict attention to business, and his very agreeable manners, have rendered him extremely popular in our community. We wish the Consul a pleasant trip.

Our Notabilia—The fabric in our shop has attracted much attention in Paris and Lyons. Our Notabilia is quoted in the *Court Journal*, the *Court Circular*, the *Public Opinion*, *Harper's Bazar*, *Harper's Weekly*, *Illustrated London News*, *Illustrated Times*, *Illustrated Graphic*, *Punch*, *Punch*, *Punch*, and the *Illustrated Times*. We are an original and effective mode of advertising. Anyone who that column will convince the reader of its intrinsic merit and extreme originality.

We Congratulate Mr Stuart S. Wright on his marriage with Miss Maria D. Hopkins, at Mare Island, on April 30th, and we wish them every joy.

NEW BOOKS OF THE WEEK.

Getting on in the World, or Hints on Success in Life. By Wm. Mathews. 12mo. cloth.
American Game in Its Seasons. By Henry Wm. Herbert. 12mo. cloth.
Woman in American Society. By Abba Goold Woolson. 12mo. cloth.
New Life in New Lands. Notes of Travel. By Grace Greenwood. 12mo. cloth.
Music Hall Sermons. By Wm. H. H. Murray. Second Series. 12mo. cloth.
Rouge et Noir. A Tale of Baden Baden. By Edmond About. 12mo. cloth.
Palmetto Leaves. By Harriet Beecher Stowe. 12mo. cloth.
A Manual of Geology. By Albert M. Bacon. 12mo. cloth.
The Dead Sin and Other Stories. By Edward Garrett. 12mo. cloth.
Bart Ridgeley. A Story of Southern Ohio. 12mo. cloth.
Geology of the Stars. By Prof. A. Winchell. 12mo. pap.

A. ROMAN & CO.,
Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers.
11 Montgomery st., Lick House Block.

ELEGANT

New Style of

Ladies' Stationery:

Creme de la Creme,
Primrose,
Silver Gray,
Eau du Nil,
Azure,
Opal.

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721 Market St.

HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE,
24 Post St., San Francisco.

THE ONLY THOROUGH BUSINESS COLLEGE on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should secure a scholarship at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Seven one hundred and twenty-three students in attendance during the school year just ended, from the Pacific States and Territories, Mexico, Central and South America, Sandwich Islands, Japan, and China. Circulars free.

Heald's College Journal.

An eight page paper published monthly by the College giving full particulars in regard to the school, and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by all Dealers.

P. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug 1 San Francisco.

DR. ABORN,

Oculist, Aurist, etc. Office and Laboratory, 2 Geary street, near Stockton off the Union Square. Apr 5.

THOMAS TURNBULL,

Architect, Phelps Block, No. 605 Market Street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento streets, over No. 7. May 10.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

A REPORTER FROM HADES IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Widely the gates of Hell fly ope, the sir gates that once within
Your chance of getting out again is very, very thin,
In wishes the imp from Frisco, with a horn he on his back,
(They say of the virtuous below, or else he'd have a lack),
The tinkling of a bell is heard from Satan's private room,
And through the sulphurous fumes of Hell the deep bass voice booms
"Is that my imp from Frisco?" "Yes." "Then send him right up here,
And fetch a dozen cigar cases, and lots of lager beer."

Sit down and tell me all the news," Hell's mighty monarch cried,
"I get no news at hot house, so bring through my dominions wide."
"I bring you all the latest news about the Modoc war,
Which at the present time exists in the whole Pacific shore
Has I stirred up Indian agent blisters, the savages have turned,
And scornfully the terms of peace held out to them have spurned,
And if the lying agents are correct, many are shot,
For war stamping Lava Beds is raging fierce and hot

Canby, a general as brave as ever went to fight,
And Thomas, of religious fame, a church shining light,
Slain by the red skin treacherous, send wails from Styx's shore.
To join them on that black stream a hook, who knows how many more,
For only just four days ago some twenty more were killed
Old Charon must look to his oars, his boat will soon be filled
All course the Indian policy, mismanaged that of peace,
If used with Indian savages their wars will never cease.

There have been some nice sh murders since last I was down here,
The hangman are jo, the law's work hard, people have ceased to fear.
There's Marchant shot down like a dog without a show to fight,
And people found who prayed for the dead, and say it served him right."
"Tis good for us, my trusty imp, I like such sh ching well,
Fill up a fresh cigar for me, bring prayers, I send them sick to Hell.
No, ha! the souls that come down here are spoilt by silly fears,
By some parson's foolish babble or woman's maudlin tears."

Our old friend, Laura Fair, again has put her posters out,
To give a recitation, but none know what about,
For this a very rare thing, they won't let her be heard
"Twice." Her good friends should think, to catch each blood-stained word
There's Tweed's credits need a bolt, he who was once the pet,
Who so mild in face and ready grace to lost with much regret;
A few, too, of I's creditors would like to see him back—
Many a face on Front street now is looking long and black.

On Easter Sunday I looked into every gospel shop,
At nearly all the liquor stores I've called and had a drop,
The churches looked well enough, they are about the same,
Except that their performances are just a little tame
The gin shops do good business, and may they long do so,
They are the best friend that we have, who sends such lots below!
The *demi-monde* are flourishing, white and Chinese as well,
Add in the open daylight is gaze still plying their trade of Hell.

Never, my lord, in a long trips to "Frisco have I seen
Our crop of souls so flourishing, or look so well and green,
Free love is doing good work, she is as our mighty cause
Bolder than I instilled on, for she's ably aided by the saw
She flaunts the flag of open vice without one blush of shame—
Nor heeding wives and lam see have come to dread her name,
And now, your Majesty, my news is for the present tood,
I'm join the other imps outside if I may be so bold."

"Certainly, my imp, you may go, so far all has pleased me much
I see a goodly crowd of souls are in it within my reach
Of all souls scattered over the world and stretching face,
None can compare with Frisco, for it is a lively place
Each week I receive more recruits than any of its size,
It is my own Pacific port the plum that most I prize
Don't stay too long in Hell, my imp, but quickly go above,
Get back to my friends in "Frisco, and light them all my love."

One Day in the Beginning of this Week, Mr Bennett, the champion of restricted trade, let Mrs Kimball, the empress of the Hill, on the prettily decorated platform of Pacific Hall. There were many objections made and attempts to prevent that party, but Mr Bennett commenced the week attack by relating a fine story, worth our readers into a good the form of prostitution under a mild name and the world's ... poverty. Then Mrs Kimball entered with Professor Jones, and discussed the good and bad effects of hearing Opera with the "naked truth" spoken of last week as "general damage of the chain of humanity," and without waiting to see the Bohemian stalking in to answer what need of argument there, it had advanced. When Jones got to the end of Lohengrin and Tannhauser with the Chinese Chorus, and the advocates of Lohengrin, he dressed the all in one with a tricky ... "Lohengrin is a Lohengrin, and with chopped hands for a cross, and a large ... and with the great Victoria of Windsor! from the naughty aspersions cast upon her character by the ... declared "on my word on earth," and exclaimed "I would never stain it for that she's a Hero." "Why Ward Beecher—preacher, quackery, charlatanism, hypocrisy, humbug, sin ... and shame run free now, God knows, but let it be another Hell and all in, and that San Francisco should go out in a blaze of glory. The mention of such a potential abominable and dirty ... in a hypocrisy.

O. Leonidas! How proverbial patriotic valor! Then words a cousinship of heroism! We return to hear of real will to come down from the high hitching pedestal and pose in the ... to Capt. Jack. What were the act ... of your three years braves among the Lava Beds, when the ... the field their own ... United States Army, with infantry, cavalry, and artillery, sappers Carson, Wilkinson and Joaquin Miller, and the ... Where are worthies, that no point is found in praise of Captain Jack? Was it never ... Colonel Tal. Tal is as ... as they are cruel, treacherous, and devilish. Tal is ... Tal ... Tal ... Tal

CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

(Established July 20, 1856.)

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1873. No. 14.

BIZ.

Our Exports for the past week have been as follows. Great Republic, for New York via Panama, carried 647 cs Borax, 32 bales Foreign Cotton, 300 bbls Flour (Marysville Mills), 3,364 Hides, 164 tons Selby's Pig Lead, 220 ctls Mustard Seed, 9,652 gals Whale Oil, 20 rolls Leather, 11,956 galls and 76 cs California Wines, 630 lbs Whalebone, etc, valued at $76,872. Friedlander, for Liverpool, had 48,329 ctls Wheat, valued at $86,300. James Foster, Jr, for Liverpool, had 42,147 ctls Wheat, valued at $77,000. Wm. Frothg, for Liverpool, had 45 tons Silver Ore, 23,230 ctls Wheat, valued at $48,150. Java, for Liverpool, carried 40,629 ctls Wheat, valued at $76,500. Garibaldi, for Liverpool, had 38,218 ctls Wheat, valued at $70,441. Colorado, for Japan, carried 419 bbls Flour, 70 cs Bread, 81 rolls Leather, 22 head Live Stock, 221 cs Soap, Machinery, Provisions, etc., valued at $31,163; same, for China, had 6,773 bbls Flour, 23 bbls Ginseng, 30,000 feet Lumber, Provisions, etc., valued at $46,345. Great Republic, for Panama, carried 218 bbls Flour, 30,000 feet Lumber, 485 sks Potatoes, 245 gals and 20 cs California Wines, etc., valued at $8,001; same, for Liverpool via Panama, had 123 rolls Leather, 1,936 lbs Mohair, 25 galls California Wine, etc, valued at $6,268; same, for Central America, had 350 bbls Flour, etc., valued at $3,227; same, for Mexican Ports had 223 flasks Quicksilver, etc., valued at $21,368. Nidaros, for La Paz, carried 450 bbls Flour, 37 flasks Quicksilver, 2,167 lbs Sugar, 3,228 lbs Coffee, etc., valued at $23,422. Naramissic, for Honolulu via Noyo River, carried 250,000 feet Lumber, valued at $2,250.

Cotton for Liverpool.—The ship Ontario, Captain Williams, under charter to Falkner, Bell & Co., will carry the first shipment of 100 bales California Cotton to Great Britain—30,000 lbs—grown by Bulkley Bros. Messrs Rodgers, Meyer & Co. propose to make a second like shipment soon, being of the crop raised by Strong Brothers. Several hundred bales of California grown Cotton have been this season purchased by our local factors at 18@20c—the quality fine Sea Island, but rather short staple. Several thousand acres will this season be planted with cotton, and with good prospect of success.

Our Grain Fleet to the United Kingdom now numbers a—

	Wheat, Ctls.	Value.
Total since July 1st, 1872, of 315 vessels	9,131,927	$16,487,218
40 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	1,242,904	2,915,033
150 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	3,536,,95	7,071,507
109 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	4,568,267	7,841,711

There are eleven vessels additional on the berth soon to follow. The monthly Wheat receipts at tide water since the commencement of the current season have been as follows: Receipts in July, centals, 714,000; receipts in August, 1,300,800; receipts in September, 1,003,400; receipts in October, 1,432,400; receipts in November, 1,059,200; receipts in December, 959,800; receipts in January, 1,171,000; receipts in February, 783,200; receipts in March, 608,900; receipts in April, 464,100. Total, 10,040,700. The receipts for the past month have been quite large, considering the lateness of the season. The quantity compares as follows with the same month in previous years, to which is also appended a comparison for the first ten months of the year:

	April.	Ten Months.
1866, centals	180,200	1,821,400
1867	411,600	4,516,200
1868	135,500	4,720,100
1869	225,900	5,753,700
1870	351,500	6,787,400
1871	82,900	4,422,900
1872	178,600	3,121,200
1873	464,100	10,040,700

Since July 1, 1872, the interior mills of the State have sent us 775,242 qr sacks Flour. We have also received from Oregon during the same period the equivalent of 76,200 bbls Flour and 37,800 centals Wheat. By reducing the Flour to Wheat and adding the product, we have the following as the receipts in Wheat at San Francisco for the ten months ending April 30th:

From California, centals	10,022,100
From Oregon	368,500
Total	10,390,600

This is the largest quantity of Wheat ever received at San Francisco in a similar period. The export movement last month was less active, owing to the lateness of the season. There were only nineteen cargoes despatched. This is a very gratifying statement for the harvest year—showing a considerable and gratifying prospect. Of the 315 ships loaded with Wheat 179 were loaded at our wharves, 96 from Oakland wharf, and 43 at Vallejo. There is considerable Wheat yet remaining in the State, and this is steadily finding its way to market at advancing rates; $1 90 is now the top price. Flour, $5@5 50; Barley, $1 20@1 40; Oats, $2 10@2 35 per cental. A week ago Bran was run up to $40 per ton, but has since declined to $30. Wool is in better demand; sales for the week 500,000 lbs, at 15@30c; extra choice fleece, long staple, 21@22½c.

Import Markets are rather slack at present. Grain Sacks, 22x36, now 15½@16; 40-inch Burlaps, 11¾; 45-inch, 13c. English Fire Brick, $30@32 50 per M. Coals are very slow. The Mindora's cargo, of 1,400 tons Cardiff, sold to the P. M. S. S. Co. for $9. Coffee is dull at 17@18½c. for Greens. Cordage has declined two cents per pound. Chemicals are plentiful and prices favor the buyer. French Goods are in full supply by recent arrivals. Metals are very sluggish, no sales making of importance. Oils are dull. Provisions are inclined upwards. Quicksilver remains at 85c. Rice commands 7@7¼c. for No. 1 China; 6@6⅛c. for No. 2. Salt is without movement. Spices are neglected, save Pepper, which is scarce.

Spirits.—The general market is devoid of all interest. The most important movement of late is the New York order, received by A. P. Hotaling, for 250 bbls J. H. Cutter's fine old Whisky, to be reshipped via Cape Horn, for the benefit of a long sea voyage. We also note a New York order for 25 bbls Cutter Whisky, the very finest brand of "O. K.," to be shipped as fast freight. This shows the high appreciation placed upon this brand at the East. General business suffers by reason of the epizootic. Nearly one-half of the horses usual in our streets withdrawn from service, and this curtails teaming and adds to the expense of draying, etc. We note the continued arrival of small invoices of High Wines, from Omaha, selling at low prices by reason of the active competition with local supplies. There is no special inquiry for French Brandies or Holland Gin.

Sugar.—We note the purchase of the Janet Ferguson's cargo of 1,600,000 lbs Batavian, by the Golden Gate Refinery. This parcel was of high grade, and is reputed placed at or about $9 40 ⅌ 100 lbs. It seems a little strange that this refinery should see its way clear to resume operations at this juncture of trade affairs, when others of our leading refiners are neither selling or in fact refining, and certainly not making any deliveries at this time. It really seems as though there was no demand at present either for White Refined, Yellow Coffees, China, or Hawaiian Grocery Grades. Prices are nominally as before reported, as the epizootic brings business to a dead-lock. China is now held at 9½, 10@10½c for the three grades; Hawaiian rules from 6@10c. There is no change in California Refined. The rates ruling are as follows: Cube and Crushed, 12⅞c., Powdered, 12⅝c; Granulated, 11¾@12c; Yellow "C," 10c.

Furs and Skins.—As increased attention is being given to our market and her sources of supply, we submit herewith a memorandum. Account sales of sundry Furs sold for account of Mr. Henry Kohler, of San Francisco in London, April 5, 1873: 299 white Fox Skins, average, $1 70, 21 blue Fox Skins, average, $7. 287 Mink Skins, average, $4; 1,147 red Fox Skins, average, $2 50, 21 Land Otter Skins, average, $8, 170 cross Fox Skins, average $5, 7 Bear Skins, average, $3 75. 204 Marten Skins, average, $5 25. 44 Lynx Skins, average, $5. 5 Silver Fox Skins, average, $80. Sea Otter—2 good silvery, $280 ⅌ skin, 2 pale silvery, $185 ⅌ skin; 4 middling, $145 ⅌ skin; 3 small, $80 ⅌ skin, and 2 pups, $20 ⅌ skin. 14 Wolf Skins, average, $7. It will be observed that some of the prices realized, particularly for Sea Otters, were very high, affording a large profit to the fortunate possessor.

Wines.—We note the arrival of the French bark Marie Charlotte, 145 days from Bordeaux, with fresh supplies. There is at present demand very little business doing in Clarets, Champagne, or other imports. Mr. J. M. Curtis—late manager Lake Vineyard Wine Company, now merchant—has kindly furnished us with a proof-sheet of his circular, dated San Francisco, Cal., May 1st, 1873. During the first quarter of the current year, the Wine trade, in common with our other commercial interests, has felt the depressing influences of a stringent money market, and the complaint of "dull times" has been general and justifiable on the part of vineyardists and merchants. The failure, however, has been in our local demand. The export trade shows a fair increase over last year (.5 8-10 per cent.), as exhibited by the following statement of exports of Native Wine and Brandy—in gallons:

From	Quarter ending March 31, 1873.	Quarter ending March 31, 1872.	Gain this year.
San Francisco, by sea	144,276	109,587	34,689
San Francisco, by rail	39,856	36,725	3,131
The interior, by rail	4,584	3,712	872
Totals	188,716	150,024	38,692

With the same ratio of increase our exports should reach, during the current quarter, 258,000 gallons, and for the year, 1,200,000 gallons. The loss of trade occasioned by the snow blockade last year is fully equaled this year by the high price of gold and by the disastrous effects of the tax levied on Champagne made by the "quick process." We may therefore congratulate ourselves that our Wines meet with growing appreciation abroad, while the small local demand is no evidence of their disfavor at home, for during the period under review there has been greater stagnation in the collateral branches of the trade, Whisky and foreign Wines than the dealers in domestic Wines have felt. The dry Wines of 1872 have not yet been removed from the vineyards to any large extent—the supply of 1871 Wines being ample to supply the demand till the close of the year. Such as have come to land compare favorably with previous vintages. The sweet Wines of 1872 are now fairly on the market; the supply is not large, but fully equal to the demand, which, for export, tends more and more to dry Wines, particularly white varieties. The frost of April 3d, 4th and 5th was much more severe than that of April 1st, 1872, which destroyed nearly one-half the grape crop of that year. It was this year felt most severely in Sonoma and Napa counties, but no district in the State has escaped without a loss of one-quarter of the usual crop. Notwithstanding the increased number of vines in bearing, it is not probable the vintage this year will exceed that of last year—say 4,000,000 gallons—which, with a full yield, such as that of 1871, we have vines enough to produce 9,000,000 gallons. So far the anticipated loss has not affected prices, and probably will not affect the price of any but dry White Wines of good shipping quality. Red Wines are in large supply—the demand small. Port Wines of first quality have been largely engaged for shipment East, second and third qualities are abundant and cheap. Angelica is in fair supply. Muscat, both sweet and dry, are in request. White Wines from choice varieties of grapes are in demand for blending with Mission Wines. Brandy is in light request, but shows a tendency to advance, the supply being small. The prices current, in gold, for Wines of good shipping quality, including the casks, and delivered free on board ship or rail, are as follows: Dry Red Wines from Mission grapes, 40@50c; do from Malvoisie or Zinfandel grapes, 50@75c; dry White Wines from Mission grapes, 45@55c; do from Riesling, Berger, Chasselas, or other choice varieties, 65@85c; do vintage of 1870, 90c@$1; dry Muscat or Muscatelle, 65@70c; Port, 75c@$1; Angelica, 70@85c; sweet Tokay, $1; Sherry, $1; sweet desert wines, such as Mound Vineyard, Sultana, etc., 90c@$1; Sparkling Wines, quarts, per case, $9@12; do, pints, do, $10 50@14; Brandy, 50 degrees alcohol strength, $1 65@2 60; grape spirit, White Brandy, per proof gallon, $1 25 ⅌ gall. The present rates of freight by sea are: By sail via Cape Horn to New York, 10c ⅌ gal., currency; by steamship via Panama, fast, 15c ⅌ gal., gold; do, slow, 12½ ⅌ gall, do. By rail the Summer rates are not yet published, but will be lower than the present tariff, which is as follows ⅌ 100 lbs in currency: To New York, in car-loads, 18,000 lbs, $2 60; to St. Louis, in car-loads, $2; do, in quantities exceeding 3,000 lbs, $2 25; to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Pittsburg, in quantities exceeding 3,000 lbs, $2 75; to Milwaukie, $2 35; to Burlington and Chicago, $2 25; to Omaha, $2.

Vol. 3.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR MAY,

WILL BE ISSUED ON SATURDAY NEXT,

Containing a Splendid Lithographic Engraving of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, with Biographical Memoir.

No. 3.

The Special and Authorised Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee,

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1873. No. 15.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements communications etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

GOLD BARS—870@875—Silver Bars 4¼@1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86@86¼c. Mexican Dollars, 86@90c.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¼ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 15¼ per cent. On London, Bankers 49½@49¾, Commercial 49¾@50; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1½.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, May 9, at 3 P. M., 117¼. Latest price of Sterling, 108¾@109⅛.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco. . . . . . . May 9, 1873

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-'66	102	103	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	115	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865	103	[illegible]	Oakland Gas	115	117
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	100	101	Spring Valley Water Co	79	80
Legal Tender Notes	86	86½	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s 1855	93	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	82½	85
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	90	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insurance Co	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	80	22½	Merchants Mutual M. Ins. Co	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	73		California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	93	Union Insurance Co	85	90
Santa Clara Bonds, 8s	90	—	Pacific Bank	80	85
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	123	125
San Francisco Gas Company	78	80	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	110

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—New York, May 9th, 1873.—Gold opened at 117⅜; 11 A. M. at 117¼; 3 P. M. at 117¾. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 115⅝; 1867, 119¼. Sterling Exchange, 108½@109⅛. Pacific Mail, 54½; Quicksilver Mining Company, 105. Wheat, $1 90@$2 20 quiet. Pork, 17½ dull. Cotton, 19¾. Hides, dry, 23@24; green, 13, steady. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 60@$1 65; Winter Bleached, $1 67@$1 75, fair demand; Whale, weak, 63@66c; Winter Bleached, quiet, 72@75c. Wool—Spring, fine, 27@31c.; Burry, 21@26c.; Pulled, 40@55c. Fall Clips, 23@27c.; Burry, 16@21c. London, May 9.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 1d. Club, 12s. 3d. United States Bonds, 89⅛. Consols, 93⅛.

THE LOCATION OF THE PLACARD EXCHANGE.

It was no Hasty Judgment that was exercised in the choice of a site for the California Placard Exchange, as the following facts will show: *The Custom House and Post Office* are within a block and a half; the Government is going to expend half a million on the adjoining vacant lot; the New Montgomery Avenue, connecting with the Saucelito Ferry, starts almost from the doors of the Exchange; the City Hall and Law Courts are within sight of its doors; Sherman's Block is over the way, and so is Low's Block, corner of Sansome and Clay streets; Montgomery Block is within a stone's throw; the stream of population flowing along Kearny street skirts it on the West, and the tramp of the passers-by on Montgomery street is heard on the East. *No spot could be more central*, could be more the hub of our city; and we are within an ace of having the Bank of California located in Sherman's Block. The Courts of Law, with the noble army of lawyers (and martyrs for clients) surround it on all sides; street cars go in all directions from its doors, and at the same time the quiet and repose necessary to an institution of the like nature are gained by the avoidance of its frontage on a busy street, where the noise of traffic and rattle of many wheels would be more a nuisance than an amusement. The situation was carefully chosen with a view to present and prospective advantages. Every car line of the city passes within a block or two of its locality, or its doors.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, April 10th, 1873.—Moses Ellis, George Sanderson, Charles Crocker and family, Mrs. L. Arnold, Mrs. C. Peake, Mrs. C. Reis and family, Mrs. A. L. Barnes, Mrs. Ladd, Mrs. P. Chrystal, Mrs. Hussey, Master Frank Hussey, Geo. S. Wright and wife, Jonas G. Clark and wife, C. F. Fargo, C. H. Harrison and wife, Geo. A. Worn and family, Daniel Murphy, A. Hombert, Sig. Steinhart, Charles Schmitt, H. Laurencel, Miss Abey Boyd, Mrs. J. B. Le Gay.

ON BANKS AND BANKING.

Our Last Week's Issue contained an article with the above caption. The hints therein thrown out, as to the necessity of the capital of the new banks being bona fide and permanent, were so ably elaborated the following day in the *Alta California*, that we are tempted to insert the article in extenso.

We have occasionally very pompous announcements of accessions of foreign capital to be employed in banking in this city, but, for some reasons, the facts fall very short of the announcements. For some time the rumor ran of a large German bank organizing in this city. At last the figures took shape of $15,000,000, with a great flourish of trumpets, commanding, however, but little confidence. Finally we procured and published, a day or two since, the prospectus, in which the nominal capital had dwindled down to $5,000,000. Of this amount only 24,970 shares were put upon the market, at £20, of which only £5 were to be paid up, making the paid up capital £149,850, or $750,000—a considerable discount on $15,000,000. This $750,000 is to take the place of the capital now employed by the Messrs Seligman, consequently there is very little, if any, actual increase of capital. It is no doubt the case that as the market opens out and the means of profitable employment present themselves that the capital will be drawn to the extent of the whole amount, but this, as in the case of the London and San Francisco Bank, will be very gradual. The new foreign banks now before the public are as follows:

	Nominal Capital.	Paid up.	Succeeds.
Bremen Bank	$3,000,000	$1,000,000	D. Meyer and others
Swiss American	2,000,000	500,000	Hentsch & Berton.
Anglo-American	5,838,780	656,956	Seligman & Co.
Total	$10,838,780	$2,156,956	

Thus this paid-up capital of $2,156,956 in fact represents but little more than has been employed heretofore in the businesses to which the new organizations succeed; but, in point of fact, the foreign banks doing business here have little or no capital. Let us take the returns assessed to the Internal Revenue for taxes:

	Capital.	Deposits.
Bank of British North America	None	$428,571
Seligman & Co	None	327,753
Belloc Freres	$57,142	230,017
Hentsch & Berton	22,857	55,860
London and San Francisco Bank	571,428	1,720,806
Bank of British Columbia	375,492	135,404
Davidson, Beral & Co	114,286	985,715
Total foreign	$1,1 9,205	$3,204,192
Total local	4,606,576	7,612,819

These figures being greenbacks, the actual foreign capital is $930,000. The deposits are the money of merchants and others lodged with the banks for safe keeping, and it will be observed that the public thus lend to these banks nearly three times the amount of their capital. The difference between a local bank of which the capital is subscribed here and wholly paid up in $20 pieces, and which is loaned out to merchants, farmers, dealers or manufacturers, on their notes, and a foreign agency bank, is very great. The funds of the latter are in Europe and remain there. They usually do not come here at all. The operation of the bank is to draw bills against its credit in Europe at sixty days. These bills it sells to importers of goods who wish to remit, and who pay for the bills in California gold pieces. The foreign banker, so far from bringing any money here, actually obtains California gold on his credit at sixty days. With the gold he seeks means of covering his bills at maturity. He may buy commercial or grain bills at less rates than he got for his own. He may buy silver, or gold ingots, or may ship the coin, or may arbitrate in many ways to get the gold in Europe to meet his bill at a less rate than he sold it for. He is all the time trading upon California money under pretense of lending money. It sometimes happens that, having sold his bills, he does not immediately invest the money in means of covering, but will lend it at 1@2 per cent per month, subject to a telegraphic order to remit it at notice. It is then called in without ceremony and sent to London. There were pretty rough examples of this last Autumn, when interest rose to seven per cent. in London. It is sometimes a boyish amusement to obtain a silver dollar with a hole in it, to which a string is attached, and the dollar dropped on the sidewalks, to be promptly pulled in when the juvenile watcher sees any one attempt to pick it up. This illustrates the employment of foreign capital, or rather credits, for it is always California money obtained on credit that is subject to foreign orders. With local capital there is nothing of all that. The money circulates from hand to hand and must find employment. It cannot afford to be idle. If merchants do not want it, farmers do, or manufacturers may require discount, but some of them always get it. It is not twitched away because the Emperor William gives the old lady of Threadneedle street the gripes.

The Amount of the New German Gold Coinage to March 15th was £25,560,000. A subsequent statement, to March 22d, shows that the amount had increased to 543,620,970 marks, or £27,182,000, an increase of £622,000 in the week. The average weekly coinage has been about £600,000 for some time. January 1st next is fixed for the new reckoning by marks.

Dinner to the British Consul.—W. Lane Booker, the British Consul, is, after a long spell of hard work, going away for a holiday of a few months. He is such a favorite here that Governor Booth and other citizens have determined to give him a dinner. It will come off on Wednesday next, and will no doubt be a big affair.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

DUNCANSBAY HEAD.

[BY EVAN MACCOLL.]

[Written in an album kept at the Huna Inn for visitors to John O'Groat's House.]

Pilgrim, not when skies are smiling
And the sea looks calmly [illegible],
But when roars the blast des[illegible]
Shouldst thou Gallo's* headland view.

When the scud that o'er it sweepeth
Ocean [illegible]
And [illegible] ship pathless keepeth
On her path [illegible] with close-reefed sails,

When o'erhead, the storm-cloud margin is
Brightened by the lightning's play,
And, far down, the foaming [illegible]
Dashing, die in clouds of spray,—

Then it is that fancy pictures
Harm and [illegible]
Swallowed up where oft as victors
Rose their war-songs o'er the flood.

When upon the distant skerrie
Cowers the cormorant in fear,
While the screaming sea-mew merry
Rides upon the wave-crest near,—

Then it is that I would, cheerful,
Tarry on yon giddy hight,
Then old ocean's turmoil [illegible]
In my soul wakes wild delight.

Rocks that rise in wizard grandeur,
Cliffs where broods the eagle grey,
Chasms, caves, where wild waves thunder,
These thy charms are, Duncansbay.

*Gallo or Gall-thaobh,—the Gaelic for Caithness,—literally, the border of the stranger.

NEW YORK SPRING FASHIONS.

It has been Predicted for the last year or two that the polonaise would surely "go out this season," but it bids fair to keep the position it has won. It is so convenient, so effective, yet so quiet when made [illegible], so stylish when of properly contrasting fabrics, that ladies are not willing to renounce it. The fact that it is to be fashionable this year is learned, not so much on the streets, where but few new things have yet appeared, but by the order-books of fashionable modistes. Modifications in shape there are, for we find less fulness in the skirts than there was last season, and less "bunching" on the hips, the waists also are not made so loose-fitting, but are [illegible], and are shaped so that they may be left open to display the vest, which for Summer wear is a daintily embroidered garment of sheer white linen, sometimes lined with a delicate color such as violet, turquoise blue, rose or *limon*—the last being the new clear buff color.

The materials of which polonaises are made differ extremely, and on it, more than on anything else, depends the character of the costume. The black silk skirt is now almost generally worn by ladies, and with a cashmere polonaise of the same color, you have the regulation church-going costume. A grey opera flannel or lady's cloth polonaise, simply corded with black, is the correct thing for shopping, attending art or music lessons, or going to business. A polka dotted or brocaded [illegible] will be in style to attend lectures, while one of lace or Al[illegible] tissue will be effective at a promenade concert, or in a box at the theater. Of course the [illegible] [illegible] black skirt. A [illegible] [illegible] cashmere [illegible] [illegible] The [illegible] trimmed with black lace [illegible] and [illegible] together with the skirt, makes a handsome [illegible] dress [illegible] [illegible] to match the [illegible] makes a more formal and dressy [illegible] costume.

The newest [illegible] are made [illegible] to the front to [illegible] of the skirt proper. This [illegible] the front breadth composed of perpendicular pla[illegible] from the [illegible] [illegible] the back [illegible] of the breadth, where they are [illegible] by loose [illegible] material, [illegible] [illegible] of alternate folds [illegible] [illegible] is kilt-plated from waist to hem. [illegible] but is the most expensive way of making [illegible] of material.

A[illegible] in the *Princesse* and *Gabrielle* styles of dress, but as the ladies who [illegible] to provide them [illegible] polonaises [illegible] the change is not as noticeable as if they were [illegible] beautiful [illegible] simplicity of [illegible]

[illegible] and there are [illegible] make them do [illegible]

[illegible] Summer wear [illegible] competent [illegible] water-waved surface seems just the thing for the [illegible] coming [illegible] We find this among the [illegible] prepared by a French house in New York for a bride going to [illegible] in June [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] Nile green [illegible] The skirt [illegible] to the waist and [illegible] the fashion [illegible] [illegible] neither is a silk slip to be [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] water-waved [illegible] green [illegible] A [illegible] bias band of [illegible] which borders [illegible] all round. The fringe is made of the [illegible] of this [illegible] and is [illegible] by machinery in that [illegible] way [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the fashion to [illegible] the fatigue it affords to be frayed out of.

For water [illegible] and country wear the gaily flowered chintz costumes of last season will be [illegible] by basket [illegible] and white stripes exactly the pattern of ordinary "ticking." The [illegible] They are imported [illegible] made and the material cannot be purchased, which will render them very exclusive. We will, however, soon see the market flooded with cheap [illegible] king coutille for ladies' costumes. [illegible] my lady's maid's wardrobe, or perhaps by [illegible] my lady's chambermaid. These eccentricities of costume are [illegible] by some people on special occasions, but with others they are [illegible] the whole season.

[illegible] new straw and wood-colored costumes appeared on Easter week, which, because of their simplicity and good taste, will keep in style all season, [illegible] the most fastidious. The black and white costumes [illegible] in our last fashion article as being prepared for Easter week, were worn only by [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] The [illegible] season of fasting and prayer and [illegible] simple fresh, Spring-like costumes.

For the Benefit of those who Want Wives and cannot get them, an association is being formed in London to do all the matrimonial [illegible], including the awful one of popping the question, for sums which, as the prospectus soon to be [illegible], "are within the means of every gentleman who can prudently take unto himself a wife." The new association will aim at doing something more than merely discovering wives and husbands. It will arrange to find settlements [illegible] and will charge the recipients a graduated sum for such advantages, in addition of the fee on account of the better half."

A New Parcel Tariff has been introduced into the Reichstag by the Postmaster [illegible] Dr. Stephan. According to its provisions, one uniform rate of payment is established for all [illegible] postal [illegible], irrespective of distance, for small packages. A parcel [illegible] not more than five kilogrammes may thus be sent from one end of Germany to the other from Memel, say, to Constance, for the very small sum of 6d., while for smaller distances, within 45 miles, the same parcel may be forwarded for 3d. Why not in England?

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of [illegible] office of the Company, [illegible] Merchants' Exchange [illegible] ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH [illegible] information will be readily [illegible] 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their [illegible] of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens: Directors.—W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barner, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. W[illegible], G. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell [illegible], Charles Main [illegible] H. G. Horner, Secretary. May 3

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000 Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President [illegible] Edward Martin, [illegible] Callaghan, [illegible] London Agents—Jas. [illegible] available in Europe, China and Japan. [illegible] banking business. Deposits in [illegible] or on special deposit. Collections [illegible] est market rate of Exchange. May 4

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates; also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, [illegible] British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking [illegible] Oct. 2 A. McKINLAY, Agents. A. S. FINNIE.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS: In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller [illegible] National Bank [illegible] Amsterdam, Hamburg, [illegible] Vienna, [illegible], Sydney, Melbourne, [illegible] Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from [illegible] A.M. to [illegible] P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M. for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. GEO. LETTE, Secretary. L. GOTTIG, President.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid [illegible]. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't. Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President, H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, [illegible], Secretary. [April 16.] President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Hob[illegible] [illegible] Secretary [illegible] Real Estate and other Approved securities. Office No. 704 Sansome street [illegible] [illegible] building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct 11

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and [illegible] at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4

J. SELIGMAN & CO.

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec 24.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; B. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed. BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco. Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions, Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

C. L. CRACKBON.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal.

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS.

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF [illegible] THE [illegible]

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanazeinth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—[illegible] Martin, Dyce & Co, Dun[illegible] & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres; Jacques, Allean & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; [illegible]
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce, [illegible]
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Latterroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine, [illegible]
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; O Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co.; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England; [illegible] Bank of London, Baring, [illegible], Delisy, Davies & Co., [illegible] Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; [illegible] Hall.
Lisbon—Uniao Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentissimo Don Joao de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fills & Co; Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce, [illegible] & Co, McCulloch, [illegible] & Co.
Madras—[illegible] & Co., Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James Club, C. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

There Seems to be a flourishing trade in eggs between Scotland and London. At a meeting recently of the Perthshire Society of Naturalists, the President, in the course of his address, gave the prices of a few eggs which he had received from a London house: Golden eagle eggs, £1 6s. each; merlin, long-eared owl, and tawny owl's eggs, 1s. 6d. each; white wagtail, grey wagtail, goldfinch, lesser redpole's eggs, 6d. each; siskin's eggs, 2s. 6d. each; northern diver's eggs, 10s. each; and the common snipe's eggs, 6d. each. These prices being so remunerative, the consequence is that in many places, and especially on the breeding grounds in the north, people find it worth their while to occupy themselves all the breeding season in getting eggs for the London collectors, and the President mentioned that while in the north isles of Shetland some years ago, he visited a schoolmaster there, who showed him a lot of eggs collected by himself on commission for a London agent, all most beautifully and scientifically blown—a boring instrument and sucker being used for the purpose—and in one box alone were 300 snipe's eggs, equal at 6d. each to £7 10s. Any person who is fortunate enough to possess a golden eagle bird that is a regular daily layer might easily make at this rate between £100 and £500 a year. Such a bird would be a fortune to a small family.

Marriages in High Life in Paris have recently assumed the character of a religious and musical *fête*. Invitations upon beautifully-printed paper are issued for the religious ceremony. Ladies and gentlemen respond by appearing in elegant morning dresses, except those favored individuals who are to be placed nearest to the altar, and who are in evening dress. Some time ago it was the fashion for the bridegroom to appear in a blue coat, with gilt buttons, white waistcoat, and grey trowsers, but that is all changed, and now the black suit and white cravat have again come into favor. Until lately the musical performances were limited to a few strains from the organ, played upon the entrance and the departure of the wedding party, but now the composition of the musical selection has become one of the great questions connected with the religious ceremony of marriage. The object is to have as much music as possible, to obtain the service of some eminent instrumentalist or vocalist, or even of a body of singers who during the ceremony shall execute solos or concerted pieces.

There is a Well-Known Transatlantic Story which relates that a New Yorker, being about to take his departure for Europe, called upon his friend *pour prendre congé*, or in order to take leave of him. The friend, who, as being an exalted member of the "shoddy" aristocracy that flourishes in the American metropolis, was guileless of French, happened to be absent from home when the call was made, and a farewell card, with the customary letters, "P. P. C.," inscribed upon it, was left for him in his absence. "'P. P. C.,' what can that mean?" asked the astonished recipient of the valedictory greeting, upon returning to his home. After cudgeling his brain for a long time without success, a bright thought suddenly struck him. "It *must* mean 'Pullman's Palace Car,'" he triumphantly exclaimed, "and it is evident that my friend is off for San Francisco."

An Amusing Scene was once witnessed on a skating rink in Canada. The principal attraction was a beautiful young lady, charmingly dressed with short skirts. She was a very graceful skater, and in her evolutions displayed a pair of beautifully-formed ankles, and a little more, so symmetrical that they seemed to charm the eyes of the young men, although they aroused the envy of her own sex. But beauty's reign in this case was short; she fell upon the ice, and had the misfortune to rip her stocking with her skate. Not being aware of the mishap, she quickly rose, and continued to glide over the ice as before; but now the admiration for her was turned to laughter, for a trail of sawdust followed her, oozing from that ill-fated stocking. It is needless to add she shortly left the ice.

M. Linden, of Brussels, has lately imported a large stock of young plants of the celebrated cow tree of South America—the Palo de vaca of the Spanish and the Sandi of the Indians. This extraordinary tree yields milk of as good quality as that of the cow. It flows freely from incisions made in the trunk, and is commonly used as an article of food by the inhabitants of districts where the tree is abundant. The tree grows upwards of 100 feet high, with a smooth trunk 6 to 8 feet in diameter, and without branches for the first 60 or 70 feet of its hight. If it would only grow in the open air in our climate, or could be acclimatized by any process, what a jump for joy there might be throughout the country at this prospect of new food resources for the public!

A Series of Experiments, instituted to test the average loss in weight by drying, shows that corn loses one-fifth and wheat one fourteenth by the process. From this the statement is made that farmers will make more by selling unshelled corn in the fall at seventy-five cents than the following summer at one dollar a bushel; and that wheat at $1 32 in December is equal to $1 50 for the same wheat in the June following. This estimate is made on the basis of interest at seven per cent., and takes no account of loss from the depredations of vermin. These facts are worthy of consideration.

A Choice Collection of Modern Pictures, the property of a gentleman, and a small collection of choice water-color drawings and several important modern pictures from different private collections, were disposed of recently. Clarkson Stanfield's picture, "The Bay of Spezzia," sold for 500 guineas. An Italian coast scene, by the same artist, realized 335 guineas. J. C. Hook's "Washerwomen in Brittany," exhibited at the Royal Academy in 1866, realized 660 guineas.

The Raphael Anniversary.—Urbino, the birthplace of Raphael, celebrated on Sunday the anniversary of the birth and death of the illustrious painter—the respective events occurring on the same days in 1483 and 1520. The present occasion has been distinguished by a graceful event, the handing over to the municipality, in trust for the nation, of the great artist's birthplace, which has been purchased by a public subscription.

We Hear a Characteristic Story of the late Charles Dickens. An Oxford undergraduate, with the natural modesty of the race, sent to the editor of *Household Words*, at the end of the Crimean war, a copy of verses on the return of the Guards, with this note: "Sir—Understanding that you insert Rhymes in your Serial, I send you some." To which Dickens answered: "Sir—We do not insert Rhymes without Reason."

The Melbourne Telegraph has the account of an old man who at 69 married a girl of 14, and after three years' matrimony has discarded his wife and refused to support his three children by her. The court of law that was appealed to by her declined to take the old man's view of his responsibilities. It is clear that at the antipodes life is conducted on different principles altogether.

The Famous Lion belonging to the Dublin Zoological Gardens has died at the age of nine years. Five hundred pounds were offered for him two years ago. He was considered a magnificent animal, and many naturalists have offered large sums for his carcase, in order to have the hide stuffed.

New Prussian Rifle.—The *Times* says: "A few days ago the German Emperor reviewed the 1st Fusilier Company of Infantry Guards, just armed with the new Mauser rifle. The men fired fourteen times per minute, a number of discharges which admits of being nearly doubled."

A Patent Oyster.—A down-east journal informs us that a Maine man is about to apply for a patent for an artificial oyster, made out of flour paste, tapioca, salt and water. The inventor places these in second-hand oyster-shells, which are carefully glued around the edges.

Verdi's Opera Aida was given for the first time in Naples recently. The audience being wild with delight, called the composer before the curtain thirty-nine times. They will know him when they see him again.

There Was a Private View at South Kensington recently, of the collection of paintings by Philip and Creswick, some 300 in number, which occupy the galleries filled during the last two years by foreign pictures.

Some German Chemists are said to have discovered that starch, by being peculiarly treated with nitric acid, becomes converted into an explosive substance, which promises to be [illegible] compound.

It Has Been Reckoned that the 100 representations of the *Poule aux œufs d'or* have produced over £20,000. Golden egg laying indeed.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be Issued on the day of sailing [illegible] Market [illegible] etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission [illegible] correspondents. Dec. 21.

TO CLOSE COPARTNERSHIP

We will sell Cut Glass Goblets, $3 per dozen; Cut Glass Fruit Bowls, [illegible] Cut Glass Sets [illegible] dozen Goblets, 1 dozen Egg [illegible], 1 dozen Sauce Plates [illegible] Spoon Glass, 1 Creamer, 1 Covered Butter [illegible] (Rodgers Bros.) Table Spoons, $5 50 per dozen; Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Table Forks, $5 25 per dozen; Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Tea Spoons, $2 [illegible] per dozen; Superior Ivory hd. (Russell's) Table Knives, $6 per dozen; Superior Ivory hd. (Russell's) Dessert Knives, $5 per dozen; Superior Ivory hd. (Russell's) Carvers $2 [illegible] per pair. And all goods in our immense Stock in like proportion. March [illegible] HAVILAND, HOOPER & CO., 225 Pine street, S. F.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE.—NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS—1873-74.

All Persons, Companies, Associations, or Firms in the City and County of San Francisco are requested [illegible] No. 22 City Hall [illegible] is in his or their possession, or which is held or controled by any other person in trust for, or for the benefit of him or them.—See Political Code, Sections [illegible]. POLL TAX IS NOW DUE at this office or to a Deputy.—See Sections [illegible] Political Code. LEVI ROSENER, City and County Assessor. Saturday, March 1, 1873. March 8.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Venve Jouvin, and other makes of kid Gloves. March 20 MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

REMOVAL, OCTOBER 2D.

Dewey & Co. have removed their U. S. and Foreign Patent Agency, Scientific Press, Pacific Rural Press, and Wood Engraving Establishment, into better quarters at No. 338 Montgomery street, on the southeast corner of California street, diagonally opposite Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express. Oct. 7.

A BARGAIN

For sale or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland THE LINCOLN HOTEL [illegible] will be sold or exchanged as above, with [illegible] Inquire at 406 Front street, or address [illegible]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 3 J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 720 Montgomery street.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS COMPANY,

April 5, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that from and after the 9th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS PER THOUSAND CUBIC FEET. [April 12.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid by [illegible] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD, FOULKES & CO. March 20

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS and GLAZIERS. No. 427 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

C. MAIN. MAIN & WINCHESTER. E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, [illegible] Saddlery Ware [illegible] 214 [illegible] [illegible] assortment of [illegible]

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . . **1 Rue Scribe, Paris.** [March 29.]

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind. Feb. [illegible] FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 19

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records, Conveyancer and Copyist, 411 1-2 California street, Room No. 16, bet. Montgomery and Sansome, San Francisco. Dec. [illegible]

QUICKSILVER

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Honey's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. Jan. 3.

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE, [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom [illegible] street. Factory, 415 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.,

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec. 21.

SPRING.

The sun is warm, the sky is blue,
 The buds are full, the grass is growing
I wonder if the signs are true,
 And winter really is going!
'Tis too good news it seems to me
 That gentle spring at last is coming,
This very morn I saw a bee—
 But he was humming.

The seeds don't seem to show as yet—
 I fear they've rotted altogether;
The winter's been so very wet—
 But shall we have more settled weather?
Those fleecy clouds, on high that wing,
 Can weep like Niobe's sad daughters;
And we perchance may find the spring
 A spring of waters.

Oh, gentle spring! betray us not,
 We can be dry, and yet hilarious:
And, pray, give back the watering-pot
 To January's old Aquarius
Where'er your tiny foot shall touch,
 Bid b oss us spring, the greensward wetting,
For we've an appetite for such,
 That needs no whetting.

"TOMPKINS' ADIEU."

SCENE I.

Why those Sad Faces? Why those portmanteaus piled up in the passage? Why that sumptuous supper of fried tripe and cow heel? Ah, why? 'Tis Tompkins' last night at home. Yes, to-morrow he sails for a far off land alone, no, not alone, for is he not accompanied by the united blessings and prayers of his pious family?

MRS. T., T.'s MOTHER. Oh, my son Adolphus, I cannot realize the fact that we must part so soon. Say, is it true, or is it an awful, hideous dream? [Here she realized the fact that she was awake by burning her mouth with a bit of cow heel. Having spit it out she continued.] Your poor father, Dolphy, were he living, would have given you more wise and better advice than I, your poor mother, can; but there is one thing I must make you promise me or I shall never rest, will you promise?

TOMPKINS [who's theatrically inclined]—Say on, sweet being, through whose tender care I have been nurtured, and whose far-famed beauty, I regret to say, I have not inherited, I promise.

MRS. T. 'Tis this To take a Cockle's anti bilious pill three times a week, a dose of salts [Epsom] once a month, and say your prayers night and morning. 'Tis all I ask.

BETSEY T., T.'s ELDEST SISTER.—And oh, Dolphy, may not I also claim a promise?

MR. T.—My heart is so full—of—of—feeling—that I can refuse nothing. Say on.

BETSEY T.—'Tis simply this: that when the morning sun shines benignly upon the half-waking earth, and the little birds bathe in the showers of dew drops, when all is glad, and calm, and wet, that you will repeat those lines which have ever been a solace to me in trouble, and whose lovely stanzas have enraptured my soul with more than earthly bliss; those, I mean [with much emotion];

"How doth the little busy bee," etc.

MR. T.—Sweet sister, thy boon is granted, and these thrilling stanzas shall ever be the first words to escape my awakening lips [Here T's feelings so overcame him that he was obliged to take a "deep, deep draught" of stout, after which he delivered himself of the following romantic lines, which he had composed for the occasion ten years before.] With both his hands in his pockets and one on the table, he began

Mother, mourn not for your son,
Who's going off like any gun,
But who, when in a foreign land,
Will often bless his mother, and,
With aching heart and downcast eye,

Will muse of her and heave a sigh
But if that sigh he cannot heave [a gasp]
As far as you, oh do not grieve,
For he will ever think of you,
Of brothers, sisters, cousins, too.

Adoo.

The effect of these touching verses was tremendous. Mrs. T. upset the pickled onions, nearly choked herself with a long strip of tripe, and finally went into—the next room, decidedly unwell. Miss T., whose tender and romantic nature thoroughly appreciated and felt the delicate and touching pathos contained in T.'s verses, wept—yes, wept. The briny tears chased each other in quick succession down her lovely cheeks and finally deposited themselves in her plate. Tomkins, fearing that he was rendering the last night at home sadder than he had intended, began to whistle "Pop Goes the Weasle," at the same time dancing a hornpipe. The clock strikes eleven—a general move for bed.

SCENE II.

[St. Catharine's Dock; ten in the morning; on board the *Kanjaurtummer*, bound for Timbuctoo. Mrs. and Miss T. have come to see T. off. Sails; frantic embraces and broken sighs, copious tears and a brandy-and-soda.]

MRS. T.—Oh, my poor, poor, dear, dear Dolphy, you will never see your poor mamsy more. I feel a presentiment. You know how ill and weak I am; oh, that last attack of the measles has left your poor mamsy a complete wreck. [Gives him countless wet kisses.]

MR. T.—Cheer up, my mother, 'tis to glory we steer; take a little more soda and b—

MRS. T.—Oh, Dolphy, dear, I fear you are too fond of spurrits. [Finishes the soda and b—]

MISS T. [with emphasis].—Adolphus, I feel it is childish to weep, besides it makes ones eyes look red. I will restrain my feelings till I am *alone* and in solitude with some sympathizing friends, who can feel for and weep alone with me and ma. Farewell; a sister's blessing. [Kisses him and both leave for home.]

SCENE III. AND LAST.

The anchor's weighed, Tompkins on deck, waving aloft a somewhat unclean rag, commonly called a pocket handkerchief, and used as a "nose-wipe," and shouting at the top of his voice, "Adoo, O reservoir" [T. had been educated in France.] At last, exhausted, sad and thirsty, Tompkins descended slowly into the state cabin, and having summoned the steward, whom he called "waiter," asked for another b-and-s. The day passed calmly and quietly. T. slept well, and dreampt of home and tripe suppers, with visions of glorious lands, whose rivers were stout and whose mountains were cow heel. At last the morning dawned and T. awoke. At first he thought he had made a mistake and gone to bed in the—ah, well, say cupboard. In time he realized the facts of the case, in fact, they forcibly impressed themselves upon his mind by nearly pitching him out of his bunk. Tears dimmed those lustrous eyes, but with a calm and serene demeanor he repeated those lines that had so often solaced his sister, "How doth," etc. He had only got to the third verse when he felt unwell; in fact, very unwell. A smothered cry of "Waiter!" a frantic rush for the basin, and all was over. He grew worse; pitied the whale who swallowed Jonah, and at last came to the conclusion that a tripe supper is not a good thing to sail on. Gets better in time, lands all safe and is happy.

P.S.—The above is compiled from a peep into Tompkins' diary.

A Tea Dealer of Centra street, St. Luke's, has been prosecuted by the vestry for selling adulterated tea. Iron filings and clippings, gritty matter, foreign stalks, and small fragments of wood, were amongst the incongruous substances found in the preparation in question, when it was submitted to an analysis. The magistrate inflicted a penalty of £10 and the costs.

Old Sermons and Dear Coals.—In consequence of the present high price of coals, a parish minister in Forfarshire has stated that he has discontinued studying, and until coals can be got at a cheaper rate, he has intimated his intention to preach his old sermons! He alleges that he cannot afford coals for his study fire.

A Statue of Buddha, fifty feet high, copied from a bronze statue made six hundred years ago, has arrived at Vienna, for the Exhibition, from Japan.

S. F. AND N. P. R. R. CO.—CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after April 1st, 1873, the steamer connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Broadway Wharf, at [illegible] o'clock P.M. Returning the train will leave Cloverdale daily at [illegible] o'clock A.M., connecting at Donahue with the steamer, arriving in San Francisco at [illegible] P.M. The steamers and cars make close connection with stages to and from all points. SUNDAY EXCURSION.—On and after April 13th, leave San Francisco at 8 A.M., arriving at Cloverdale at one o'clock P.M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 o'clock, arriving in San Francisco at 7:30 o'clock. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's office, 424 Montgomery street.
April 12. PETER DONAHUE, President.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore. The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Woman's Glory is her Hair—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.
A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

NOTICE

The Public are hereby notified that the Field Deputies of this office will commence assessing property SATURDAY, March 1, 1873. The duties assigned to these Deputies are too well known to the community to require explanation, and while I have been careful in making my selections to fill the positions by men favorably known in this community for their competency and integrity, and am confident that the duties will be discharged by them to the general satisfaction of all concerned, I urgently request the general public to report to this office any derelictions of duty by any of my Deputies, and assure them that any just complaints will receive immediate attention. LEVI ROSENER,
March 8. City and County Assessor.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO.

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties (tarred or untarred) of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are so located that orders can be shipped Direct, by rail or water, to any part of the State, when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY [April 26.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 116 Front street.

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO.

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for Rope of any special lengths and sizes. Constantly on hand, a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes; Tarred Manila Rope, Hay Rope, Whale Line, etc., etc.
April 26. TUBBS & CO., 611 and 613 Front street.

$5,000.—A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.

I will dispose of an interest in my Wonderful Bedstead to a live man. It is a regular Bedstead. A sick person, however large, handled as easy as a babe. Raises the patient up, turns them over from one side to the other, makes up the bed and changes the clothes, places patient on the bed or on a stretcher, separates patient from bed and cools the bed; rocks to sleep, and all without using the hands or disturbing the slumbers. BENJAMIN POLLARD,
April 26. 11.6 Market street.

REMOVAL.

The San Francisco and Pacific Sugar Company and R. Feuerstein & Co. have removed their offices to the Second Floor of TALLANT'S NEW BANKING HOUSE, Northeast corner of Battery and California streets. April 26.

NOTICE.

Mr. D. G. Scofield has an interest in the business of our firm, dating from the 1st of January last. F. B. TAYLOR & CO.
San Francisco, April 25, 1873. April 26.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States. March 19.

CHAMPAGNES.

Cachet Blanc, reserve, extra dry; Carte d'Or and L. Roderer, at Agent's rates. The undersigned beg to recommend the above exquisite Wine to the patrons and connoisseurs of Fine Champagne. For sale, in quarts and pints, only at [April 12.] A. M. GILMAN & CO.'S, 86 California street.

OFFICE OF THE CITY GAS COMPANY,

San Francisco, April 5, 1873.—Consumers of Gas are notified that from and after the 9th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS ($4) PER ONE THOUSAND CUBIC FEET
By order of the Board. [April 12.] W. W. BLOW, Secretary.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 17.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

CHANGE OF BASE.

Martin & Horton have removed from their old stand, corner of Clay and Montgomery streets, to 111 LEIDESDORFF STREET, near California. April 19.

HAIGHT & SAWYER

Have Removed their Law Office to 207 Sansome street, over the Phœnix Insurance Company. April 19.

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California street, up stairs. April 19.

SPANISH LESSONS.

H. G. Pritchard, - - - - - - - - - - 414 California street.
[March 15.]

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson, Henry Malls.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Towns & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biedermann & Co; S. H. Stamolz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co, Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel. His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bovill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

OLD FOLKS.

Ah! don't be sorrowful, darling,
 And don't be sorrowful, pray;
Taking the year together, my dear,
 There isn't more night than day.

'Tis rainy weather, my darling,
 Time's waves, they heavily run;
But taking the year together, my dear,
 There isn't more cloud than sun.

We are old folks now, my darling,
 Our hearts they are growing gray;
But taking the year all round, my dear,
 You will always find the May.

We have had our May, my darling,
 And our roses long ago, [dear,
And the time of the year is coming my
 For the silent night and the snow.

And God is God, my darling,
 Of night as well as day,
And we feel and know that we can go
 Wherever he leads the way.

Aye! God of the night, my darling,
 Of the night of death so grim;
The gate that leads out of life, good wife,
 Is the gate that leads to Him.

A NAUGHTY LITTLE GIRL'S VIEW OF LIFE.

I'm Only a Little Girl, but I think I have as much right to say what I want to about things as a boy. I hate boys, they're so mean; they always grab all the strawberries at the dinner table too, and never tell us when they are going to have fun. Only I like Gus Rogers. The other day Gus told me he was going to let off some fireworks, and he let Bessie Nettle and me go and look at them. All of us live in a hotel, and his mother's room has a window with a balcony. His mother was gone out to buy some *creme de lis* to put on her face, and he'd went and got eleven boxes of lucifer matches and ever ever so many pieces of castile soap. He stealed them from the housekeeper. Just when she went to put them in her closet Gus went and told her Mrs. Nettle wanted her a minute, and while she was gone he grabbed the soap and matches, and when she came back he watched her, and she got real mad, and she scolded Della (that is the chambermaid), and said she knowed who did it, and I was real glad, because when I was turning somersets on my mother's bed the other day Della slapped me and said she wasn't going to make the bed two times to please me; then Bessie and me sticked the matches in the soap like temples, and Gus fired them off, and they blazed like anything and they made an awful smell, and Gus went and turned the gas on, so's his mother would think it was that.

We got our dinner with the nurse, 'cause the man that keeps the hotel charges full price for the children if they sit at the table in the big dining room. Once my mother let me go down with her, and I talked a heap at the table, and a gentleman that sat next to us said little girls should be seen and not heard. The mean old thing died last week, and I was real glad, and I told Della so, and she said if I went and said things like that I couldn't go to heaven. Much she knows about it; and I wouldn't want to go if dirty things like she is went there. Yesterday Mary, our nurse, told Bessie Nettle's nurse that she heard Larry Finnegan was going to marry her. Larry is one of the waiters, and he saved candies for me from the big dining room; and Bessie Nettle's nurse said, "O, Lord! what a lie!" and Bessie Nettle went into her mother's room, and her little brother said she nipped him, and Bessie said, "O, Lord! what a lie!" and you should have heard how her mother did talk to her, and went and shut her up in a dark room where she kept her trunks, and didn't let her have nothing but bread and water, and Gus Rogers went and yelled through the key-hole and said, "Bessie, the devil is coming to fetch you," and Bessie screamed and almost had a fit, and her mother told Mrs. Rogers, and got Gus licked, and Gus says he's a mind to set the house on fire some day and burn her out.

One day I went into the parlor and creeped under the sofa, and there wasn't nobody there. They don't let dogs nor children go into the parlor, and I think it's real mean, and I had to creep under the sofa, so nobody could see me, and Mr. Boyce came in, and Miss Jackson, she said one day that children were worse nuisances than dogs. And Mr. Boyce and Miss Jackson came in and sat down on the sofa, and he said, "O, Louisa, I do love you so much," and then he kissed her, for I heard it smack. And then she said, "O, Thomas, I do wish I could believe you; don't you never kiss anybody else?" And he said, "No, Earnest," and I yelled out, "O, what a big story," for I saw him kiss Bessie Nettle's nurse in the hall one night, when the gas was turned down. Didn't he jump, you bet! And he pulled me out and tore my frock, and he said, "O, you wicked child, where do you expect to go to for telling such stories!" and I told him, "You shut up; I ain't going any where with you." I wish that man would die, like the other one, so I do; and I don't care whether he goes to heaven or not.

Gus Rogers' mother had a lunch party in her parlor, and they had champagne, and they never gave him any; and when his mother wasn't looking he found a bottle half full on the sideboard, and he stealed it and took it in our nursery; and Mary wasn't there, and Gus and me drinked it out of the glass Mary brushes her teeth in; and it was real nice; and we looked in Mary's wardrobe and found her frock she goes to church in; and Gus put it on, and Mary's bonnet too; and we went in the hall and we tumbled down and tore Mary's frock, and made my nose bleed, and Gus said, "O, there's an earthquake!" cause we couldn't stand up; and you should see how the house did go up and down—awful, and Gus and me laid down on the carpet, and the housekeeper picked me up and tooked me to my mother's room, and my mother said, "O, my! whatever have you been doing?" and I said, "O, Lord! I drinked champagne out of Gus Rogers's mother's bottle, in the glass that Mary brushes her teeth in." And the housekeeper says, "O, my goodness gracious! the child's as tight as bricks," and I said, "You bet; busy for you!" and then I was awful sick, and I've forgot what else.

OPERATIVE EARNINGS IN CALIFORNIA.

A San Francisco Paper compiles a table giving the rates of wages for different classes of skilled operatives in that city and the average annual earnings of each. The variable demand for labor produces important discrepancies between the nominal and the actual annual earnings. Thus, to take the first instance on the list, the wages of foundrymen are given at per diem, $3 50 to $4; with uninterrupted employment this rate would give yearly earnings $1,050 to $1,200; but the actual average earnings are set down at $750, equal to $2 50 per working day. This latter part of the exhibit, which is the more important, must needs be guess work, but will be the more accurate according as the compiler inquired more diligently into the facts of the case, prosecuting his own investigations in a number of establishments and shops. Only by access to pay-rolls and books throughout the establishments in a particular line of industry could the figures be absolutely accurate, as they are given by the Labor Commissioners of Massachusetts. This perfection of compilation does not purport to have been attained, but it is claimed for the figures that they were compiled with pains and are believed to be substantially correct. With this explanation that they are to be looked upon as an approximation, we collate them as under:

OCCUPATIONS OF MEN.

Occupation.	Yearly Earnings.	Occupations.	Yearly Earnings.
Foundrymen, machinists, etc.	$ 750	Compositors	$1,092
Blacksmiths and assistants	$468 to 882	Marble workers	936
Boiler makers	908 to 1,144	Bookbinders	1,092
Boot and shoemakers	811 to 1,918	Coopers	1,348
Box makers	676 to 702	Rope makers	1,092
Stair hands	1,092 to 1,248	Bakers	780
Billiard-table makers	1,033 to 1,716	Shipwrights and caulkers	780
Harness and saddle makers	858 to 1,248	Tinsmiths	936
Woolen mill operatives	612 to 702	Bag makers	621
Trunk makers	468 to 1,761	Hat finishers	1,092
Furniture hands	968 to 1,872	Stone masons, bricklayers, plasterers	1,500
Tailors	1,248 to 1,560	Carpenters and hodmen	936
Carriage builders	780 to 936	Painters and plumbers	1,248

OCCUPATIONS OF WOMEN.

Occupation.	Yearly Earnings
Boot fitters	$1,092
Woolen mill, carpet bag, paper box, shirts, clothing, hat, cap and bag makers	$350 to 678
Saddlery, hair work, fur making, white goods, artificial flowers, flag makers and photography	416 to 676

—*Sacramento Union.*

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $750,000. OFFICERS.—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; N. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary; B. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS.—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Forbes, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, B. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, B. S. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. F. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., J. S. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, S. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 17.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—SAN FRANCISCO—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 11 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re insurance, $1,150,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
[Jan. 13.] No. 519 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 18.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. R. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

PORTLAND CEMENT

John C. Gostling & Co., London.—The Portland Cement supplied by the above is now considered superior to any manufactured, and as a proof of this, we may mention a few of the important works where it has been extensively used, viz: by the Metropolitan Board of Works, in the Main Drainage and Thames Embankment; the Thames Conservancy, in repairing and constructing New Locks, etc. (the preceding have used upward of One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Tons). The Government Works at Portsmouth Dockyard are now being supplied at the rate of Twelve Thousand Tons per annum. The above quantities will in themselves speak for the good quality of this Cement, and the Certificates given by eminent Engineers are the results of tests made from that always supplied, and not from Cement manufactured specially for testing, as is often done by well known makers. This Portland Cement is particularly adapted for all works where great strength and durability is required, and for uniformity of color cannot be equaled. In order to test the quality of all Portland Cement before using, a sample should be gauged neat and immediately immersed in water, and let remain there seven days before breaking. All orders to be addressed to the Sole Agents for California and this Coast, MACFARLANE, BLAIR & CO., 302 California street, S. F.
Or to J. C. GOSTLING & CO., 83 Grace Church street, London. May 3.

THE COPARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of HAVILAND, HOOPER & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. JOS. KENT HOOPER retiring. JOHN T. HAVILAND, JOS. KENT HOOPER,
San Francisco, May 1st, 1873. MURRAY DAVIS.

The business will be continued under the name and style of HAVILAND & CO., by the undersigned, who assume all liabilities, and to whom are payable all debts due to the old firm of Haviland, Hooper & Co.
May 3. JOHN T. HAVILAND, MURRAY DAVIS.

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

Ex "Marie Charlotte," from Bordeaux.—100 Cases Louis Roederer celebrated "CARTE BLANCHE," quarts and pints, for sale, to the trade, by
May 3. MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

FOR SALE.

A Steam Flouring Mill with Distillery and about 15 acres of good Land, distant ¼ mile from Sonoma. Inquire at SONOMA HOTEL, Sonoma; or of W. D. BLISS, Petaluma. [May 3.] ALFRED BOREL & CO., S. F.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

MONEY TO LOAN

I am prepared to Discount good Notes at low rates.
May 3. JOHN T. LITTLE, No. 304 Montgomery street.

DEVINE.

Dear News Letter:—The [illegible] Three and your humble Parson were disturbed in their devotions at the [illegible] Chapel, last evening, by a messenger from the County Jail, with a very [illegible] request from a [illegible]. We had met in the [illegible] Chapel to offer up our prayers and thanksgiving to Divine Providence for the signal success of our arms against the [illegible] Modocs. We felt that the victories achieved and the glory won on the blood-stained fields of Lava were due to the special interposition of Divine Providence. Such a [illegible] of a peace commission with Henry rifles and mountain howitzers could produce nothing less than a modern miracle. The all-powerful arm of the great I Am, as nearly a hundred U. S. veterans were instruments in His hands, held sixty fierce and blood thirsty Modocs at bay for sixteen long weary weeks. The all-seeing eye was fixed steadfastly on Captain Jack and Scar-Faced Charley during the whole of that time. The savage chiefs were a little confused at beholding the experiment of the meek-and-lowly-Jesus policy fighting side by side with those who seemed imbued with the fiery zeal and vindictive spirit of Mahomet, and it was not until the Almighty had suffered the leaders of both wings of the army, the peaceful and the warlike, to fall as martyrs at the hands of the savage that the Indian became convinced of the forbearance, long suffering and mercy of the Lord. He then experienced a change of heart, repented, and immediately renewed the fight. We deemed the bringing the son of the forest to a stand-still by the Most High equal to the feat performed by Joshua, a few years ago, when he went out to fight in causing the other sun to come to a full stop for about half a day. We set them both down as miracles, and were offering a devotional tribute to Jehovah for the latest one, when we were disturbed by the entrance of Sister Anastasia McCue. She handed the Parson a most impressive looking missive, a large red envelope with a black border. It was tied with black tape, and fastened with the impress and seal of the Holy See. I breathed a prayer over a paper cutter and opened the letter. It was from his Reverence Father Spreckles, and read as follows:

COUNTY JAIL, May 8, 1873.—Dear Parson: I am [illegible] come to me at once. The representative of a class with which we were both very friendly years ago must die to-morrow. Let us forget how wide your theological path and mine [illegible] in the years that have gone, and unite now like Christian gentlemen and do what we can to make the soul of poor Devine presentable to the Creator. I have worked at him for weeks, but seem to make no impression. Not that he is hardened or reckless; on the contrary, he seems to desire to know something about the heavenly house and lot. I've prayed with him in Latin, read him all the Greek service, taught him scores of Aves, and Paters, bathed his brow in consecrated water, cemented a holy wafer fast to his toe, wore out with him four sets of magical beads, and all to no purpose. He says he don't understand a bloody word of it. What he wants, he says, is an American heaven, where he will not be like a cat in a strange garret among a blarsted lot of foreigners. He said he knew a fellow who used to be around the wharves among his kind, that had taken to preaching, who lived somewhere at The Oaks, and was called the Parson. Also a person called Deacon Scott, a member of the same church. He thinks if he could get you two to come and talk with him that he could get booked in the right coach for his inevitable journey, and set out for the undiscovered country with a light heart. Having been about the wharves for several years myself, soliciting supplies from the shipping for a butcher's shop, and knowing that yourself and Deacon Scott had been more or less mixed up with a class to which poor Devine belongs, I beg you will come over and start the poor fellow light-heartedly to glory.

Yours in sanctity, REV. FATHER SPRECKLES.

Accordingly, Deacon Scott and the Parson called last evening on Mr. Devine. The poor fellow was very glad to see us. We were also welcomed heartily by Father Spreckles. Devine took a retrospective glance at the situation, and said he was the victim of a corrupt, immoral and money-worshiping civilization; that he had to be hung because he was poor and friendless. If he had as much money as Mrs. Fair, the jury in his case would have found that Kemp had committed suicide. Mrs. Fair committed a cold-blooded murder, before witnesses; her jury said she was insane, and had done no wrong. In his case, a crazy Dutchman shot himself in his company, and because there were no witnesses present to prove the contrary, twelve men, on two different occasions, had found him guilty of murder, and he supposed he must swing, as he had not money enough to make the community think differently. We all believed, from his manner and clear statement of the facts in the case, that he was innocent; and how twelve intelligent men could convict him of murder, because a crazy man killed himself, and acquit a crazy woman for murdering a man, we marve'ed much. But Law and Religion roll along on golden wheels, and of such is the kingdom of heaven. We said it was a hard case, and left him the following extract from the free-thinkers' catechism, to console him in his last moments:

We come into the world naked and bare,
We go through the world in sorrow and care;
We go out of the world—nobody knows where—
No preacher tells more in his longest prayer.

The Oaks, May 7, 1873. THE PARSON.

CHEAP MONEY.

Will we Get It? Everybody wants it. Indeed we know some *good* people that would take a short loan even if it were not very cheap. We speak feelingly on this subject and the sympathies of the public are with us. Money, to be cheap, must be abundant—that is, abundant as compared with other commodities, or capital in other forms, and the demands of trade. Are we going to have it so? Will the opening of the New Foreign Bank Agencies help us in this regard as many wise people seem to think? *That depends.* Will they import their capital *some day?* Not much, we think. They will draw their bills for it and sell them in the market. Not a dollar will they add to the *money* of the country, but they may prevent just so much from being sent away to pay for imports or to cover adverse balances. They may help us to keep what we already have and even to accumulate a little—but *that too depends.* Suppose money is worth twice as much in New York as it is here, will it stay here? What has been the experience of the past few months? Every dollar coined by the Mint has been sent away to the Atlantic side and a great deal more. Who does not know that money, like all other forms or kinds of capital, will go where it can be used to the greatest advantage and commands the highest price? When our German and Hebrew friends can turn over their twenty dollar pieces in Wall street at ½ per cent. a day, will they keep them here for the accommodation of the dear people of this coast at one per cent. per month? *Not much.* Money is dear now in all the great commercial centers of the world and is flowing towards them. We cannot expect it to be cheap here while it is dear everywhere else. *In fact it is too cheap already*, and "that's what's the matter." We should put up the rate in self defence, and offer some practical antagonism in such an emergency as this, to the incessant drain upon us. The banks here are absolutely doing the public an injury by loaning their [illegible] at one per cent. and permitting the country to be exhausted. They should advance it as the Bank of England does when exchanges are adverse, and keep it up until the tide turns and a healthful equilibrium is restored. Moreover, such a course would check over trading promptly, and do good in more ways than one. But how the [illegible] gogers and seedy curbstone brokers would howl and denounce them as sharks, though really conservators of the public welfare. *We go for a high protective rate*, and are willing to take a *large* amount of money at two per cent. per month. *Try us if you don't believe it.*

THE BRITISH DINNER.

The Usual Banquet in Honor of Her Majesty's Birthday will be held under the auspices of the British Benevolent Society, on Friday, the 23d instant, instead of Saturday, the 24th. The committee of arrangements promise to have every thing in a thorough British style, from a Baron of Beef to the Plum Pudding, and the dinner is not to be served *a la Russe*, but carved upon the table. It is the intention of the Society to show Wm. Lane Booker, Her Majesty's Consul (who is about to leave for England), some extra mark of respect.

St. John's Presbyterian Church.—The Rev. Dr. Scott, pastor, will preach Sunday at the usual hours in the lecture-room. Public cordially invited. On Tuesday evening, May 13th, the new organ will be exhibited to the public. One grand concert and festival.

ART ASSOCIATION.

The Eighth Reception of the Art Association takes place next Thursday evening, and the exhibition promises to be the best which has been gathered within its walls. It is understood that all the local artists will be represented; that Bierstadt will have two, and probably three, important works; that Hill will contribute several examples of his own vigorous and truthful style, and several pictures by other artists from his private collection, and that Keith has sent a grand scene, "The Crown of the Sierra," which will greatly add to his reputation. Shaw, Irwin, Munger, Marple, Brooks, Denny and many others will exhibit perfectly new works. William Graham, an artist who was some years ago a resident here, but who has been in Rome for many years, whither he shortly returns, will have a dozen examples of his felicitous and delicate handling. His works have not been publicly exhibited here at all, and we predict that they will be a surprise to our *connoisseurs* and a great attraction to the collection. The art collectors, too, have liberally contributed from their galleries. A most wonderful piece of painting of a child eating porridge, by Bouguereau, of Paris, from the collection of Jos. A. Donohoe, will, we think, be regarded as the gem of the exhibition. Perfect in drawing, most happy in color, tender in expression, and simply wonderful in handling, it is to us worth its weight in diamonds ten times over. Wm. T. Coleman contributes a charming Kensett, the Hon. Wm. Alvord, M. Dusol, Wm. Norris, General Alexander and A. A. Cohen have sent in some fine works, the latter exhibiting "Mephistopheles appearing to Faust," by Jacomin, a work which will attract much attention and probably some criticism. Mr. Charles Kohler contributes two of Rosenthal's best, "The Exile's Return" and "Affection's Last Offering," which, though exhibited before, are never stale. The pictures were still coming in when we left the gallery yesterday, but we have said enough to indicate that the collection will be of a most interesting nature.

Signor Cerruti, the Italian Consul, emulating the example of M. Breuil, has applied to his Government for casts from the antique, etc., for the use of the School of Design, and has himself presented to the Association a copy of a most rare and valuable work, containing forty line engravings from the celebrated Napoleonic frescoes, by Appiani, in the Royal Gallery at Milan. This costly gift could hardly be duplicated except from a private collection, and we question whether there is another copy in the United States. Signor Cerruti was unanimously elected an honorary life member of the Art Association.

KEITH'S NEW PAINTING.

The "**Crown of the Sierras**" will be on exhibition at the Art Reception on the 15th. We knew that Keith was going to be a painter when we saw that little green picture from his easel—the picture purchased by B. P. Avery, of the *Bulletin*—a New England scene—"After the Storm," or some such title; a genuine piece of art, but, we did not intend to speak of that picture; we wish to say something of the "Crown of the Sierras." Among the hardy pines, on the right foreground, we can see the tearing devastation of the sweeping floods, where melted snows had swollen them into the maddened torrents. The strewn trunks and wrenched limbs, and choked up debris, tell of the wild exultation—the deafening roar of those leaping waters, loosed from their icy bondage. Some timid deer are venturing to drink from the shallow, brawling stream. The shady ravines, adown the mountains' side, show long white threads of lingering snow, while on the mighty crown, the immense accumulation, high-piled, cold and spotted white, seems so vast, so overwhelming, that we feel glad it is so far above the earth—too near heaven to yield itself to the Sun's amorous kiss, and, melting, flood the hemisphere. If this picture seem cold, severe, austerely grand, still, it is beautifully faithful; just as the Sierras seem, in those primitive places—the proof-sheets of Nature's handiwork—and the artist has not departed from his grand theme.

M. L. BRITTAN'S SALE.

M. L. Brittan, well known and respected in this city, has for some time past done much to improve the breed of horses and cattle in the neighborhood of Redwood City. To-day his entire stock will be sold by Messrs. Kilip & Co. at auction, and the Southern Pacific Railway have made such arrangements as will enable all lovers of fine and highly bred animals to be present at the sale. Mr Brittan has proved himself a benefactor to the State by the importation of Clydesdale horses of a very high stamp, which breed, crossed with our native stock, have produced draft horses of a very useful character for agricultural and other purposes. Trotting stock of high character will be also offered to the public, and the catalogue includes several pure short-horn bulls; in fact, the sale is of great interest to all well-wishers of the State, as the scattering abroad of so fine a collection of horses and cattle cannot fail to effect the well-being of California. We hope Mr. Brittan will find himself rewarded for his commendable efforts in this direction.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—Mrs. Bowers has continued to fill this theater all the week. Never was any actress more popular than she deservedly is. We are glad to hear that she has consented to stop another week among us. Her "Elizabeth" is as good, if not better, than any we have seen. Those who care about really fine acting should see her in *Elizabeth* to-night.

Maguires Minstrels have received a valuable addition to their forces in Kelly and Leon, and as a natural consequence the house has been better filled than it used to be. Vivian, too, is liked by some people as a serio-comic singer, but for our own part we fail to see merit enough in his singing to entitle him to be called "The Great Vivian." We like him better as harlequin. Little Mac is as grotesque as usual, and those that admire deformities seem pleased. Miss Anna Adams, a singer of some repute, and Master Barney appear on Monday.

Miss Fanny Marston, whose sweet voice and masterly execution has charmed us so often, is about to give a "Subscription Season" of three nights, operatic and ballad concerts. The tickets fail to state rather an important item, viz.: where they are to be held; but we presume that Pacific Hall will be the place. Miss Marston will be assisted by our best home talent, and a good series of concerts cannot fail to result. The days fixed upon are: May 15th, 22d and 29th, and a concert at Oakland on the 27th.

A Grand Organ Exhibition and Concert is to be held at St. John's Presbyterian Church, better known as Dr. Scott's, on Tuesday evening, May 13th. The lovers of sacred and classical music will no doubt come out in great force, and those wanting a seat should get there early. The price of the tickets will be one dollar.

Men and Memories of the Spring of '50.—We have been looking over the advance sheets of Barry & Patten's book, and have been carried back, so pleasantly, over so many years, recalling long-forgotten forms and faces, and well-remembered scenes and incidents, brought back so vividly by the well-told remeniscences. There is such an entire absence of pretence. Such a gossipy, chatty style of relation, that we are not tired or bored. The book will be thrice pleasing—the reader, the publishers, and the author—because it will be a decided success.

Mr. M. Bachert, the celebrated young artist, late of Sarony's gallery, New York, and now with Bradley & Rulofson of this city, has surpassed all his former efforts in photography, by producing "The Elite Portrait," which is in every respect artistic.

PIONEER LAND AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

Bank of Savings and Deposit, 413 California street. Incorporated, [illegible] Dividend payable on the 30th of June [illegible] per month on the same. [illegible] at three days notice, bearing ten per cent. [illegible] This incorporation is in its fifth year, and refers to over five hundred depositors for its economical and successful management; thereby securing the full amount of interest earned. No charge for entrance fees or pass books. Money to loan on approved securities.
H. C. [illegible], President. [May 10.] [illegible], Cashier.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Budd, W. C....440 California st.
Burling, W....428 California st.
Ford, J. C. 420 Mont'y, up stairs.
Fitch, J. B....411 California st.
Higgins, W. L. 413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H..431 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. B....408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co......426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 415 Hayw'd B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P....413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H....401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W......444 Cal'a st.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries.

Butter, Cal. fresh ℔	25	35
Do pickled	40	
Do Packed	45	
Cheese, Cal.	20	25
Honey	30	
Eggs, ℔ doz	25	
Lard, ℔	15	20
Ham & Bacon, ℔	15	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75	1 00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	1½	2
Do sweet	4	5
Lima Beans, ℔	6	11
Tomatoes ℔	6	8
Onions, ℔	5	8
Squashes, ℔	2	3
Pumpkins, ℔	2	3
Cabbage, each	10	15
Cauliflower, each	15	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	20	
Celery, ℔ doz	75	
Beets, ℔ doz	20	25
Turnips, ℔ doz	20	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz	20	25
Radishes, ℔ doz	20	25
Green Peas, ℔	5	8
String Beans, ℔	25	
Apples, ℔	10	12
Pears, ℔	5	12
Quinces ℔	15	
Peaches, ℔	15	
Pine Apples, each	50	1 00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	12	25
Do new, ℔	40	
Oranges, ℔ doz	50	1 00
Lemons ℔ 100	75	1 00
Limes, ℔ doz	25	
Quail, ℔ doz	2 50	3 00
Chickens, each	75	1 00
Turkeys, ℔		35
Geese, ℔ pair	4 00	5 00
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 50	3 00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25	40
Hares, each	25	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00	
Clams, ℔ 100	50	
Mussels ℔ 100	25	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	25	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔	10	
Codfish, ℔	15	
Rockfish ℔	12	
Smelts, ℔	15	
Tomcod, ℔	12	
Sturgeon, ℔	5	
Sea Bass, ℔	15	
Flounders, ℔	12	
Halibut, ℔	10	
Perch, ℔	10	
Shrimps, ℔	6	
Anchovies ℔	8	
Soles, ℔	25	
Herrings, ℔	10	

THOMAS TURNBULL,
Architect, Shiels' Block, No. 638 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,
Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

RANSOME'S ARTIFICIAL STONE.*

We have, on Many Previous Occasions, called attention to the interesting and valuable processes for the production of artificial stones, now successfully worked, and widely introduced for several years by Mr. Frederick Ransome, and we have also pointed out the progress that has been made in the same industry in the United States. In America, indeed, many attempts on a considerable scale were made to produce the stone, which all fell short of a practical success on account of a want of knowledge in the details of the process on the part of those attempting to introduce it. One of the first to develop the manufacture in America was Doctor May, of San Francisco, who, after establishing extensive works in that city, failed from the reason given above. This difficulty, however, he removed by visiting England, where he was made thoroughly acquainted with the details by Mr. Ransome, and on his return to San Francisco, the works which had before been a source of considerable loss, were at once brought into successful working. Mr. Ransome's son subsequently joined Doctor May's undertaking, and the manufacture and sale of artificial stone on the Pacific Coast is now, we believe, very considerable. Other profitable fields have since been found. The disastrous fire at Chicago was followed, as is well known, by an almost unparalleled energy in rebuilding the devastated city, and no place offered a more certain and extensive prospect for the establishment of Ransome stone works than Chicago, where the demand for building materials so far exceed the available supplies, and where, even after all the restorations are made, and the material has established its well deserved reputation, the demand must still continue to meet the necessities of the rapidly growing city.

About a year ago, therefore, Doctor May started Ransome stone works in Chicago, and the results obtained have, so he informs us, exceed his expectations. The works, although of considerable capacity, cannot supply the demand, even when they are kept in full operation by double shifts night and day, and large orders arrive from towns 300 miles distant from Chicago. Amongst other work executed has been the whole front of an Hotel, 183 feet wide, and six stories in hight. It is to be remarked, also, that the stone has borne the test of the past severe American winter—having been exposed to twenty-seven degrees of cold below zero without being in any way affected.

We are glad to find that further encouragement has been given to the more extended use of the process by the granting, in the United States, of the patent for Mr. Ransome's most recent improvement, known under the name of apœnite. By this process the manufacture of the stone is rendered cheaper and more simple, and it can be produced more rapidly; it hardens without any subsequent application of chloride of calcium, or any similar solution. To effect this, Mr Ransome combines common sand, Portland cement, ground carbonate of lime, and finely divided silica, easily soluble in caustic soda; these are made plastic by the addition of silicate of soda, and molded to any desired form. By this combination the silicate of soda is decomposed, and forms, with the Portland cement, silicate of lime and alumina, while the caustic soda, liberated in the operation, combines with the soluble silica, producing more silicate of soda, which again attacks the lime in the Portland cement. In this manner the process of combination repeats itself until the caustic soda becomes entirely fixed, and none remains to be removed by subsequent process.

This mode of manufacture, which has been introduced to a large scale in this country, will now doubtless be rapidly taken up in the United States, where the value of the stone already produced there is so well appreciated, especially as it can compete with natural stone, even in localities where the latter is most plentiful, on account of the cost of hand labor in quarrying and working. There are few towns in the United States in which a demand would not be at once created sufficient to make the new establishment of works for either the old or new processes profitable undertakings; probably the production of apœnite would be preferred on account of the greater ease, economy, and rapidity with which it is produced. But we hope that any intending American manufacturers will follow Doctor May's example, and pay a visit to Mr. Ransome's works at Greenwich before they start operations.—*From Engineering, of London, 4th April.*

* The large stone step and landing pavement at the entrance of the California Placard Exchange, having been made under this patent, all parties desirous of seeing and examining its excellent qualities and universal adaptability will be additionally gratified on visiting the Exchange. Let neatly into the stone, in brass letters, is the following:

PACIFIC STONE COMPANY RANSOME'S PATENT.

The Handiest Little Book we have seen for a long time is Bancroft's "Guide Map of the City and County of San Francisco." It is correct in even the most minute detail, and is a book, or rather map, that every one should carry.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

Stocks, we are glad to see, are just a little better;
Ballances are juster twixt creditor and debtor;
But business, after all, is better far than mining,
You have a safer thing, and not as much repining;
No, give us a business life, no drinks but Gerke Wines,
The rest may take their whisky to drown wild-cat mines.

Sam Brannan's Divorce Case has made quite a sensation. Most of our readers will remember the case and some of its interesting features. The last is a claim that comes from New York for $3,000 for services rendered by Jessie Selig man. The price that the worthy Jessie puts on his services is just a little large, but he knows best what he's worth, we suppose. Sam Brannan says that his services were not worth more than $500, and we agree with him. Why, for that money a man could buy harness and rugs from Main & Winchester to last a lifetime.

News, Good News have we heard this day; news that has cheered us more than all the news from the Lava Beds; all the outside news of the world does not compare with our latest. We have learned that our dear friends Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg, whose house on the San Bruno Road was a marvel of neatness, cleanliness and comfort, are about to open a place near the Golden Gate Park on a much finer scale. We wish them luck, and hope very soon to see their place, taste their dinners and drink their healths in their own good wine in their own house.

O Glorious Oyster in thy pearly shell,
For years I've known and loved thee well.
When other food would make me ill
Of thee I always took my fill,
But never saw I such a stock
As Corville's at the Saddle Rock.
His place, of course, is on Pine street;
You'll find his bivalves fat and sweet.

Henry Ward Beecher may be coming here or he may not. We don't care a rap any way. If he does come here, he'll come to take our money away with him. He's not a man likely to come all this way for nothing. In confidence we can tell our readers why the boss parson means favoring us with a visit, and request them not to make it more public than possible. The reason is, and we have it from the best authority, that having heard so much about the Union Range stoves made by De la Montanya, he intends taking a few dozen East.

Captain Jack is tired of war
And says he's going to retire,
Give up a savage life
And his wigwam's cheerful fire.
He's going to buy a house,
And, like a sensible soul,
He's going to buy his sticks
From the house of N. P. Cole.

Byron, the Poet of poets; the man from whose brain poetry flowed like water off a duck's back; the man whose memory a certain lady [illegible] who happens to be sister to a parson, [illegible] to refer to Mrs. [illegible] (We [illegible] the zenith of his fame, drank (and as a matter of course gained inspiration from) nothing but Moet's and Chandon's Champagne. No doubt if he had lived in San Francisco he would have gone to Degener & Co., 109 California street, to buy his tipple.

'Twas on a Bright, still Summer's day,
So still that not a passing breeze
Disturbed the slumbers of the trees,
Cigar in mouth, I sat me down,
Glad to escape the busy town.
[illegible]
'Twas "Cutter's best," on which I dote,
No headache it will ever cause,
It clashes not with nature's laws.

The Vienna Exhibition will no doubt attract thousands of Americans to Vienna. What must be their chagrin when they find that America is the worst represented nation that has a place assigned to it in the building. And why is this? We have manufactories that are second to none. We produce natural materials that no other country can. Have more precious minerals than most lands have, and still are so poorly represented. It is said that Gilbert & Moore's school and office furniture, made in San Francisco, is about the best sample of home manufacture we have there.

That Man, when properly portrayed, is about as fine a subject for study as any [illegible], artists, from time immemorial, have covered their canvas with the human form divine. But artists are apt to either flatter grossly or caricature grotesquely. Not so with the art of photography. It can no more lie than the glorious sun from whom it draws its life. Some, of course, succeed better than others in producing life-like true pictures. No one has come nearer perfection (if he has not arrived at it) than I. W. Taber, of Montgomery street.

"Rome wasn't Built in a Day," so some wise person remarked, while some still wiser cuss added, "So wait for the turn of the tide." No doubt the gentleman who made the first assertion was right. Rome was not put up in a day. Nor was San Francisco. Nor did we learn how to beat the world with our photographs in a day, or year either. But that we do beat them, you have only to go to Bradley & Rulofson's to see. Get your carte taken, and don't bother to "wait for the turn of the tide."

An Inventor, who has, after much study and labor, invented a new system of making railroad locomotives and car axles, which can be finished in the short space of fifteen minutes after coming out of the blast furnace without being placed in a lathe for finish, wants a person of capital. Address R. R. R., this office.

We would Call Attention to the card of Corle, Stewart & Co. Knowing both gentlemen, we can confidently say, that any business placed in their hands, will be promptly and faithfully attended to.

The Six-Mile House, on the San Bruno Road, is as well known as the Bank of California. The host and hostess are as pleasant as a May day, and their meals, liquors, etc., are beyond praise.

Fine Print is injurious to the eyes. If a person has to do much of this kind of reading we should advise them to by all means use Muller's Pebble Glasses.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES.	TEAS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$50 – @ 52 50	Japans	– 30 @ – 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	[illegible]	Oolong	– 30 @ – 60
Metal Sheathing, ℔	– [illegible] @ – [illegible]	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box.	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No. 1, ℔	– 8 @ – 10
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box.	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	– 8 @ – 10
Lead, Pig, ℔	6 @ 6½	Manila	– 7½ @ – 8
Lead, Sheet, ℔	– 9 @ – 10	Crushed American	– 12½ @ – 13½
Banca Tin, ℔	– 40 @ – 42½	Muscovado	– 6 @ – 8
Quicksilver	– – @ [illegible]	Peruvian	– 6 @ – 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	14 00 @ 15 00	Sperm Wax, ℔	– 30 @ – 41
Australian.	11 00 @ 12 00	Adamantine	– 13 @ – 15
Cumberland	18 00 @ 20 00	SPIRITS AND LIQUORS.	
Anthracite.	14 00 @ 15 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 6 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American.	2 00 @ 2 11
Guatemala, ℔	17 @ 18½	Rum, Jamaica.	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	– 22 @ – 25	Brandy, French.	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	– 17½ @ 18	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	17 @ – 18½	Chicken Gunnies, 300-℔.	– 17 @ – 19
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales	– 16 @ – 17
China No 1, ℔	– 7 @ – 7½	Barley Bags	– 14 @ – 15
China No 2	– 6 @ – 6½	Hessian Stitch ℔ yard	– 11 @ – 11½
Hawaiian	– 7½ @ 8½	EXPORT STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool ℔	– 14 @ – 22
Champagne, ℔ doz.......	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	– 6½ @ – 7
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	15 @ 17
Sherry, do. do	1 25 @ 4 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 ℔s	1 75 @ 1 90
OIL.		Barley	1 25 @ 1 50
Coal and Kerosene	– 34 @ – 72½	Oats	2 25 @ 2 25
		Flour ℔ [illegible]	5 00 @ 5 75

SWISS-AMERICAN BANK,
Incorporated in Geneva (Switzerland) January 20th, 1873. Head office in Geneva.
Capital ....$2,000,000 subscribed, one quarter paid up.
PRESIDENT—HENRY HENTSCH, SAN FRANCISCO BRANCH (successors to Messrs. Hentsch & Berton), 527 Clay street. DIRECTORS—Francis Berton, Rob't Wall.
This Bank is prepared to grant letters of credit on Europe, and to transact every kind of Banking, Mercantile and Exchange Business, and to negotiate American Securities in Europe. Deposits received.
Bills of Exchange on:

New York,	Hamburg,	Bern,	Fribourg,
Liverpool,	Berlin,	Neuchatel,	Lucern,
London,	Frankfort-on-the-M.,	Chaux-de-fonds,	Aarau,
Paris,	Geneva,	Soleure,	Bellinzona,
Lyons,	Zurich,	Lausanne,	Locarno,
Bordeaux,	Basel,	Baden,	Lugano,
Marseilles,	St. Gall,	Chur,	Mendrisio.
Brussels,	Winterthur,	Schaffhausen,	

An ASSAY OFFICE is annexed to the Bank. Assays Gold, Silver, Quartz, Ores [illegible]. Returns [illegible] the [illegible] of the depositor. Advances [illegible]. Dust and [illegible] can be forwarded from any part of the country and returns made through Wells, Fargo & Co., or by checks. [March 8.

MARAVILLA COCOA.
No Breakfast Table is complete without this Delicious Beverage.—The "Globe" says: "Various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared cocoas, but we doubt whether any [illegible] had been achieved until Messrs Taylor Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, a [illegible] concentration of the purest elements of nutrition [illegible] the Maravilla [illegible]. For [illegible] we [illegible] a [illegible] beverage." Sold in packets only by all Grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor Brothers' Original [illegible] Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate. Steam Mills—Brick Lane, London. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. Feb. 22.

H. W. JONES.] **JONES & BYERS,** [J. M. BYERS.
Real Estate and Collection Agents, 423 Washington street, Room No. 8, San Francisco.—Our facilities for making Country Collections are unsurpassed. City Collections solicited, and prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and Money advanced on Real Estate. April 12.

ARMES & DALLAM,
Manufacturers of and Wholesale Dealers in Wood and Willow Ware, Brooms, Brushes, Matches, Cordage, Twine, Paper, Bags, etc., 215 and 217 Sacramento street, below Front, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

GEO. H. EGGERS.] **EGGERS & CO.,** [CHA. H. VOIGT.
Commission Merchants and Dealers in Groceries and Provisions. Agents of the California Sugar Refinery, 208 and 210 California street, San Francisco. Feb. 8.

THE DEEP-SEA WORLD.

It was Not Until About Thirty Years Ago [illegible] the whole subject [illegible] of the creation of a deep-sea world. [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] darkness and the [illegible] pressure [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

THE SPANISH LADYE'S LOVE.

The Following is one of the most celebrated and beautiful ballads in the English language. We have been hunting in San Francisco for a copy of it for many months back, and now we give it to delight our readers. Our personal associations with it go back to the nursery. The author of this fine old poem is not known. It was written about the middle of the seventeenth century, and tradition says that the story told is founded in fact. The *Edinburgh Review*, in noticing in 1856, an illustrated edition of *The Spanish Ladye's Love*, says "That this striking ballad should have been a favorite wherever it was known, we do not wonder. Whether viewed as a picture of human emotion, under circumstances applicable to all times, or as a noble and delicate tribute to the English national character of the seventeenth century, it is, to our minds, one of the most remarkable and perfect compositions of its class. We see embodied in it the characteristic features and the dominant influences, of the country and the time. Here, as in a miniature, we have portrayed the love of adventure, the spirit of honor and bravery, that respect for engagements, that deep-rooted feeling of religion, those 'high thoughts seated in hearts of courtesy,' (to borrow an expression from Sydney) which the imagination delights to associate with this glorious period of our annals. We can trace in every line the pride of country naturally springing from the dignified position then occupied by England, and stamping a feeling of power and self-respect on every heart conscious of belonging to

"The fortunate island of the race and free,
The beautiful, the brave, the lords of earth and sea."

But we detain our readers from the poem itself. The spelling is slightly modernized.

Will you hear a Spanish lady,
How she wooed an English man?
Garments gay and rich as may be
Decked with jewels she had on.
Of a comely countenance and grace was she,
And by birth and parentage of high degree.

As his prisoner there he kept her,
In his hands her life did lye;
Cupid's bands did tye them faster
By the liking of an eye.
In his courteous company was all her joy,
To favor him anything she was not coy.

But at last there came commandment
For to set the ladies free,
With their jewels still adorned,
None to do them injury.
Then said this lady mild, "Full woe is me,
O let me still sustain this kind captivity!

"Gallant captain, show some pity
To a ladye in distresse,
Leave me not within this city,
For to dye in heavinesse.
Thou hast set this day my body free,
But my heart in prison still remains with thee."

"How should'st thou, fair lady, love me,
Whom thou knowest thy country's foe?
Thy fair wordes make me suspect thee,
Serpents lie where flowers grow."
"All the harm I wishe to thee, most courteous knight,
God grant the same upon my head may fully light.

"Blessed be the time and season,
That you came on Spanish ground;
If our foes you may be termed,
Gentle foes we have you found;
With our city, you have won our hearts each one,
Then to your country bear away, that is your owne."

"Rest you still, most gallant lady,
Rest you still and weep no more,
Of fair lovers there is plenty,
Spain doth yield a wonderous store.
Spaniards fraught with jealousy we often find,
But Englishmen through all the world are counted kind."

"Leave me not unto a Spaniard,
You alone enjoy my heart
I am lovely, young and tender,
Love is likewise my desert,
Still to serve thee day and night my mind is prest,
The wife of every Englishman is counted blest."

"It would be a shame, fair lady,
For to bear a woman hence;
English soldiers never carry
Any such without offence."
"I'll quickly change myself, if it be so,
And like a page I'll follow thee, where'er thou go."

"I have neither gold nor silver
To maintain thee in this case,
And to travel is great charges,
As you know in every place."
"My chains and jewels every one shall be thy own,
And eke five hundred pounds in gold that lies unknown."

"On the seas are many dangers,
Many storms do there arise,
Which wil be to ladies dreadful,
And force tears from watery eyes."
"Well in truth I shall endure extremity,
For I could find in heart to lose my life for thee."

"Courteous ladye, leave this fancy,
Here comes all that breeds the strife:
I in England have already
A sweet woman to my wife,
I will not falsify my vow for gold nor gain,
Nor yet for all the fairest dames that live in Spain."

"Oh how happy is that woman
That enjoys so true a friend!
Many happy days God send her;
Of my suit I make an end
On my knees I pardon crave for my offence,
Which did from love and true affection first commence.

"Commend me to thy lovely lady,
Bear to her this chain of gold,
And these bracelets for a token,
Grieving that I was so bold.
All my jewels in like sort take thou with thee,
For they are fitting for thy wife, but not for me.

"I will spend my days in prayer,
Love and all her laws defye,
In a nunnery will I shroud me,
Far from any companye,
But ere my prayers have an end, be sure of this,
To pray for thee and for thy love I will not miss.

"Thus farewell, most gallant captain!
Farewell to my heart's content!
Count not Spanish ladies wanton,
Though to thee my love was bent
Joy and true prosperity goe still with thee!"
"The like fall ever to thy share, most fair ladye."

THE ORIGIN OF EARTHQUAKES.

Few Men have devoted so much thought to igneous and seismic phenomena as Mr R. Mallet; it is, therefore, not surprising that the latest theory broached should have proceeded from one so well known for his devotion to this branch of science. Our globe, he points out, is still radiating heat into space; for every degree so radiated some contraction of the mass must take place. Its surface seems to have long ago arrived at an equilibrium of temperature, hence the contraction must take place internally, tending continually to leave round the shrinking internal core a loose and unattached skin. The force of gravity continually acting on this rind draws it closer and closer to the center, and it, not being able to contract, is thrown into ridges and hollows, exactly as the skin of a dried apple wrinkles and cracks over its shrunk inside. An earthquake is the creep produced by this shrinkage, and the consequent crumpling and crushing together of the superficial strata; and as this forcible crushing together of the matter of which the surface of the earth is composed must produce enormous development of local heat, we have at once the two phenomena correlated. We can at least imagine a time arriving when the main body of the earth has cooled down so far and set so solidly that it refuses to contract any further under the influence of internal gravity. It has set like a plaster cast round our imaginary apple. Into the void there to be left, the water and air which now enliven the surface may find an entrance. This we may presume to have happened to our satellite, and we may imagine, and perhaps eventually calculate, the time when it must occur to ourselves. Thus strangely does one science help another. Geology might at first sight seem the basest of sciences, concerning herself with rocks and mud; yet she calls to her aid the most ethereal of all, and in return throws a light on celestial phenomena otherwise beyond our comprehension. From the star moon we are still to extract more and stranger information than did ever sibyl, Pythoness or "Astrologer or seers of old."

A Peat Fuel Company has been formed in Athlone for the manufacture of peat fuel by Clayton's patent machinery. Several landed proprietors have offered bogs at a nominal rent, and the experiment, if successful, will give a wonderful impetus to the manufactures of the country.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	ARRIVE A.M.	ARRIVE P.M.
Alameda		5 10		1 00
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co) steamers		3 50		9.00
Cloverdale and Coast Points		1 50	11 15	
Eureka		1 [illegible]	11 15	
Marysville and Sacramento	[illegible]	3 [illegible]	2 00	9.00
Napa Route via Vallejo		3 [illegible]	12 40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 .0			9 00
Oakland	6.30	3 40		3 00 9 00
Overland	6 30			9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points		1 5		12 00
San Rafael	2.1[illegible]		1 [illegible]	
San Jose	8 .0	4 15	9 50	6 00
Southern California and Arizona	[illegible]			.00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	0 30	3 10	5 40	9 10
Vallejo and Benicia	7 .0	3 40	12 40	9 00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		3 40		2 40
Great Britain Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays		9 20		

Mails Dispatched by foreign steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

General Delivery open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:00 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 14th, 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open an Avenue or Street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and Interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $[illegible], as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 1st day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $[illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of the assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor.
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION.

The best chance to invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific Coast. TITLE PERFECT. [illegible] Lots at $25 for inside and $[illegible] for corner Lots, payable $10 cash, balance $5 per month, without interest or assessments for expenses. Blocks 200 by [illegible] feet. Lots [illegible] by [illegible] feet and [illegible] feet. Streets all [illegible] feet wide. Subscribers can have [illegible] the first payment, and those who wish to pay in full and take deeds at once can do so. This valuable property is beautifully located, commanding a fine view of the Bay, City and surrounding [illegible]. It is only eight blocks of 200 feet each from the City Park Reservation, a few minutes walk from the hotel and just One Mile from the Railroad lands on the water front where the depot and wharf of the Texas and Pacific Railroad are located. The best trade San Diego has of late been rapidly increasing, and it is believed to be certain that grading will be commenced on the Texas and Pacific Railroad early this season. There is no place on the Pacific coast where one can invest at the present time with as much certainty of doubling or trebling his money in a short time as in San Diego. The location, the nearness of what must be the business center, the exceedingly low price and easy terms, with the future prospects of that city, make this property the most desirable for Homestead and residence purposes, and one of the best investments for speculation ever offered. For maps and plats, with correct surroundings and the location of this property, with other points of interest, and all information apply to BRAG HOITT, Secretary and Agent, 621 Montgomery street, San Francisco, where a beautiful map may be seen.

Trustees—BENJ. P. AVERY, DOLVILLE LIBBY, BRAG HOITT. March 29.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Condensed descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc. Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts, Through Route to the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc., Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
September 17.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer twice daily. The hotel and baths cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly; Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
Aug 10.] WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 217 Sansome street.

MACONDRAY & CO'S LINE FOR HONGKONG

From Front street Wharf.—The magnificent British Iron S. S. Lord of the Isles, J. Robinson, Commander. This fast and powerful steamship was built on the Clyde of [illegible] tons register. Has [illegible] horse power. She will leave Hongkong for this port. On her arrival here will have immediate dispatch, on her return voyage. For freight or passage apply to
MACONDRAY & CO.
Agents at Hongkong Messrs. Russell & Co. April 19.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 211 and 219 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Blankets, Robes, [illegible]. We would invite our friends and the public to examine before purchasing. April 12.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS — IN — Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre. Proprietor P. Po itol.
Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel. William E. Hood, Proprietor.
Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfied, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains. E. Munton, Pr.
Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel. W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)
Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.
Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.
Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.
Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel. Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.
Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.
Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues. F. Wachler, Proprietor.
Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.
Halifax.
White Swan Hotel. A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.
Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.
Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.
Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.
London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.
Milan.
Hotel de la Ville. J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.
New York.
Prescott House, Broadway — D. Hexter, Proprietor.
Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel. —John Hardy.
Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.
Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.
Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.
Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.
St.-Laurence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.
Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.
Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.
Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel. —Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.
Vienna.
Grand Hotel. — A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Moch & Moyer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Haydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

The Latest News sent us from Sorrento is that on Wednesday the Grand Duke Vladimir and his sister were at San Carlo, and on Thursday they were at Pompeii, where of course a special excavation was made. They were also present at a *soirée* given by the Countess Dolgorouki. Her Majesty, contrary, we are told, to her general custom, dines with the members of her family and household, and it is, we believe, a very happy and merry party. One evening she expressed a wish to see the Tarantella danced, and Signor Tramontano immediately sent for some of the best dancers in Sorrento, who performed before the distinguished guests, and received *in regalo* a considerable sum of money, several bottles of Bordeaux, while the Empress and her daughters handed round to the women boxes of bonbons. We understand that the Grand Duchess Marie is expected on a visit to Her Majesty about the 15th of next month, and also the Princess Alice of England with her husband. Report says that his Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh will also come. Amongst the thoughtful attentions paid to the Czarina was a beautiful bouquet of violets sent to her by the Countess Sutelchin, from her charming villa at Capodimonte, and which particularly delighted Her Majesty, as she is devotedly fond of these flowers.

The Following Account of the interview which his Majesty King George IV had with Count Capo d'Istrias (vol. iv., p. 220) shows how the family blue induced Trikoupis to portray to his readers the insignificance of the elected President of Greece. "On Capo d'Istrias arriving in England he wished to be presented to the king, after many days elapsed he was summoned to Windsor, where the king was residing. The Count was shown into the picture gallery. After some time another door opened, and a man of tall stature entered, dressed eccentrically and carelessly, he shut the door after him and began to survey the pictures, proceeding to where Capo d'Istrias stood. The Count thought at once that he could be no other but His Majesty, whom he had seen before when he accompanied the Emperor Alexander to England. The Count was taken by surprise at this unexpected meeting and stood erect and motionless. The King, advancing as by accident, met the Count face to face, and said to him, 'Ah! vous êtes ici, monsieur le Comte, je suis bien aise de vous voir.' Thus saying, without waiting for a reply His Majesty saluted and retired. The servant opened the same door by which the Count had entered and conducted him to his carriage, and thus the interview ended."

Count de Waldeck, who has just celebrated the 107th anniversary of his birthday, is about to undertake the management of a new entertainment in Paris. The registry of his birth, in due form, bears the date of March 16, 1766. He was a contemporary of Louis XV., and perhaps the only one of them in France that has seen the Dauphin. Born in Prague, he is a naturalized Frenchman. He devoted forty years of his life to scientific travels in different countries: Nubia, Abyssinia, Mozambique and Mexico. Apart from a slight deafness, he is affected from no infirmity, is in the full enjoyment of all his faculties, and his memory has faithfully retained the different episodes of his long career. He has, however, preserved a sad recollection of Austerlitz, where he was a Captain in the fourth Hussars, as a ball received there, and which has never been extracted, causes him much suffering on certain occasions. Everybody may have remarked his pictures at some of the late exhibitions, entitled, "Lo stesso d un Centenaire." This veteran still forms plans for the future, and now returns to his first vocation, as he was Director of the Porte Saint Martin Theatre in 1789.

An Indian Prince. His Highness the Maharajah of Joodhpore, has recently died, and in accordance with his national custom has been burned, with all the honors. The corpse was dressed with all the magnificence of royal robes and decked with jewels worth $75,000. In front of the funeral procession walked two elephants, laden with gold and silver coins to the amount of $62,500, which were scattered at every hundred paces among the spectators, to be scrambled for. The corpse, sandals and jewelry were all thrown together upon the burning pile. From the day on which His Highness died five thousand Brahmins received food and rupees each at his palace gates. His numerous wives and concubines were anxious to be burned with him, but the English law forbids the continuance of the custom, and these weeping widows are preserved.

A Book Called "An Emperor's Vacation at Vichy," is apparently written to show how little the writer knew of the late Emperor Napoleon in his leisure hours. However, it is something to know that he "wore the morning dress of a simple gentleman," that "the only entertainments he much affected were theatricals;" that the "taciturn nature and brooding soul—secretive even to itself, was not given to outward manifestations of emotion, but he was once seen to give one hearty laugh until the tears ran down his face at some buffoonery of Dejazet, which did not greatly amuse the rest;" finally that he either did or did not sit up late into the night, but certainly if he did not he burned a light until a late hour. The poems, tales and light articles are numerous, but present no special feature calling for remark.

M. de Lesseps has written a letter suggesting that the Sultan should invite the maritime Powers to appoint a commission to fix upon a uniform mode of determining the carrying capacity of vessels, with a view to put an end to the tonnage disputes which have arisen in connection with the Suez Canal. M. de Lesseps deserves so well at the hands of the community that he deserves justice. It is a little, but as the distinguished Frenchman has long since learnt is in the fact—[illegible].

One who signs Craufurd Tait Ramage says "If Sir Alexander Stewart of Earnsley, whose daughter Janet was married to Sir Roger Kirkpatrick of Kelosburn, be related to the Stewarts, the Royal Family of Scotland, which is very likely, though I do not know his pedigree, we would thus find that the Empress Eugénie, by her Kirkpatrick descent, was related to Her Majesty Queen Victoria.

Mr. A. G. Dudley Ward, writing from New York, says that he never beheld such lavishness in costume after street attire as there is in that city. "I have not (he says) seen a shabbily dressed woman since my arrival. Knowing the grand totals which are made up of small items of long sealskin jackets and the like, I may say the average cost of a lady's dress here is not less than £40."

An American has proposed to move Northumberland House, but whither will he take it? The only person who wants it is Lord Elcho, and it might be planted *cheek-by-jowl* to his house early some morning when the adventurous Yankee has time to do the little job.

About Sixty Finished Pictures and sketches by James Hayllar, including several works exhibited at the Royal Academy, and other modern pictures, were last week disposed of at the rooms of Messrs. Christie, Mason and Woods, in King street, St. James's.

Trontanova, the sculptor, has sent to the Royal Academy a beautiful head of "Gentle Spring," and a portrait in marble of Mrs. Thomson, of Birmingham. His full length marble figure of "The First Letter of Love" could not be completed in time.

A Discovery has just been made in the picture gallery of Baron de Stackleberg, at the chateau of Tachau (Bohemia), on a painting by Holbein, of an inscription which fixes in a positive manner the birth of that great painter in 1495.

On Thursday, April 3d, a statue of the late King of the Belgians was conveyed to Mons by special train. It is expected to be unveiled to the public at the coming communal *fête* at Mons.

Sir James Ramsay of Banff has let the mansion, with the shootings of the moors and low ground, Alith, to Frank Mildmay, Esq. It is reported the rent for the season is to be £1,000.

The Ladies of the harem of the King of Siam have taken to wearing the European costume. This is said to be one of the results of the King's visit to Calcutta last year.

The Carlist Insurrection still makes head against the Government troops. Don Carlos had abdicated in favor of his son, Jaime, under the regency of his brother.

The Duchess of Inverness continues in the same state. Her Grace is under the care of Dr. Walshe, of Park Lane.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK—J. ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & CO. 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. **"SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester, Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion. In powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Smith, Thomson & Co. Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co., Kurrachee, Messrs. Hodgett & Hughes, Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, resembling both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation and especially adapted for Children. Sold in tins of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Expert Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 21.
AGENTS—CHARLES LANGLEY & Co., corner Battery and Clay sts, San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies. Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps; Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding; Joyce's Gas Tight Cartridges for Pin fire and Central fire Breech loading Guns. Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances; and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO. Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. 1] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament but that they are useful in protecting the wine from injury and ensuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes, of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 621 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 21.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry. Meriden Britannia Co and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 8.

AN ENGLISH EASTER.

It is the merry Eastertide
When flowers should all spring forth.
This year they cannot be replied;
The wind is East by North.
Bring out my Winter clothes again,
My flannel garb enfold,
I've symptoms of rheumatic pain;
I've caught a fearful cold.

The fruit tree blooms are nipt and dead.
And small's our hope of plums.
I'll give it up, and go to bed,
And sleep till summer comes.
As yet the dormouse has not stirred,
The weather's far too cool.
The swallow comes not "like a bird"—
He isn't such a fool.

I should not wonder, nor would you,
If we should have some snow,
Besides we may have skating too
Before the Spring days go.
And then to crown the bitter cup
This fact will still remain
Coals may go down, but they'll go up
If we light fires again.

A bounding nymph is gentle Spring
When painters paint her form,
"She dancing comes" the poets sing—
Well, that's to keep her warm.
"On either hand, with footsteps light,
A nymph revealed to sight is"—
Yes, Influenza on the right,
And on the left Bronchitis.

Hence, foolish painter, feeble bard,
I scorn your notions silly.
Spring's skies are cold, her weather hard,
Her nights morose and chilly
Yet stay! you need not take to flight!
But I can leave—and will –
A land where when it's Easter quite,
The wind is Easter still!

SUNBEAMS.

—Pitt was once canvassing for himself when he came to a blacksmith's shop "Sir," said he to the blacksmith, "will you favor me with your vote?" "Mr Pitt," said the son of Vulcan, "I admire your head, but hang your heart" "Mr Blacksmith," said Pitt, "I admire your candor, but hang your manners"

—When Charles Fox was miserably teased for money by some Hebrew creditors, he told them that he would discharge the incumbrance as soon as possible "But, Mr F name the day" "The day of judgment" "O, Mr F, that will be too busy a day for us" "Right, Moses, so we'll make it the day after"

—Mr John Colquhoun in his lecture on the "Feræ Naturæ" of Britain, says his game-preserver in Edinburgh assures him that he finds eagles, foxes, martens, seals etc, good and wholesome meat, but always adds, "I canna come a wheesel weasel—they beat me"

—A military officer, one day while reviewing his company, happened to be thrown from his horse, and as he lay sprawling on the ground, said to a friend who ran to his assistance, "I thought I had improved in horsemanship, but I find *I have fallen off*."

—An over sanguine gentleman having hazarded the remark recently, that "the back of the Winter may now be considered broken," was met with the rejoinder that "If it wasn't, it ought to be, considering the tremendous load of bad weather it had to carry"

—A man who had his new hat exchanged for an old one in a barber's shop, advertised that unless it was returned he would forward to the wife of the person who took it the letter found concealed in the lining of the old one The hat was returned

—"Has Mr Smith been here inquiring for me today?" asks Brown of the hall porter at his club. "Can't say, sir," replies the porter—an Irishman of course, "I know Mr Smith by sight, but not by name"

—"You've destroyed my peace of mind, Betsy," said a desponding lover to a truant lass. "It can't do you much harm, John, for 'twas an amazing small piece you had, any way," was the quick reply

—Dignified Clerk: "Are you going to marry yourself?" Facetious Pathfinder "Arrah, now, when did ivir ye hear tell of a gintleman marry himself? Shure there's a lady goin' to be married along wid me!"

—"A dowry of £5,000, good expectations, and a very old and sick father," are among the recommendations of "a young lady of good family" advertising for a husband in a Continental newspaper

—The Force of Example.—"Now, Jessie, say your prayers like a good little girl" "Mamma, dear! Why mayn't I kneel down and hold my tongue, as papa does?"—*Punch*.

—A bishop, fond of hunting, being rebuked that the apostles never hunted, replied, "No; shooting was very bad in Palestine, so they went fishing instead."

—An old lady thinks the Government Bonds must be a family of strong religious instincts, because she hears of so many of them being converted.

—Why should we be contented with our lot, when it is a hard one? Because we shall all come to be square at the last mortal shuffle

—An American physician says that mosquitoes have in their veins some of the best blood in the country

—What best describes and most impedes a Christian "Pilgrim's Progress"? A Bunyan (bunion).

—A learned bishop wittily defines a speaker as "a man who is able to think upon his legs"

—Why is a philanthropist like an old horse? Because he always stops at the sound of woe

—Why is a lively young lady like a hinge? Because she is [illegible]

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, May 4th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A M (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (Or), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha

7.30 A M (daily) C P R R Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma

2.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P M (daily), San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland) stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop Merced Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles Stockton and Sacramento

4.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Cal P R R Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River

6.30 P. M (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation

OAKLAND BRANCH Leave San Francisco, 7:00, 8:10, 9:20, 10:10 and 11:20 A M, 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:30, 8:15, 9:50 and *11:30 P M (9:20, 11:20 and 4:00 to Oakland only)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:20, 6:00, 7:30, 9:00 and 11:00 A M, 1:00, 2:40, 4:00, 5:10, 7:15 and 10:10 P M

Leave Oakland *5:50, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 11:00 A M, 12:00, 1:40, 2:50, 3:40, 5:00, 6:20, 8:00 and 10:00 P M

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco 7:00, 9:00 and 11:15 A M, 1:00, 3:00, 5:20 and 6:30 P M (4:00, 11:15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards for San Francisco, *4:20, 7:00 and 10:45 A M, and 3:00 P M

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:55, 9:00 and 11:20 A M., 1:50, 4:05 and 5:20 P M. *Except Sundays.

T H GOODMAN, Gen Pass and Ticket Agt
A N Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only	San Jose Only.
Leave— San Francisco		8.40 a m	*3.20 p m	†4.40 p m
San Jose	Arrive	10.10 a m	5.20 p m	7.00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12.45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2.05 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2.45 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2.30 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave— Hollister				11.10 a m
Salinas				10.15 a m
Castroville				11 1 a m
Pajaro				11.30 a m
Gilroy				1.25 p m
San Jose		6.00 a m	7.00 a m	3.00 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	8.00 a m	10.10 a m	5.25 p m

*SATURDAYS at 3.30 p m †Sundays excepted

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9.20 a m Returning will leave San Jose at 5.00 p m

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4.15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at 1.00 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1.30 p m; arrive at San Francisco at 11.00 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent
T. H. GOODMAN? J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8.30 and 11 A M, 4 and 6 P M Saucelito at 7.30 and 9.30 A M, 1.30 and 5 P M On Saturday, from Saucelito at 7, 9 and 11 A M, 3 and 5 P M from San Francisco at 10 and 12 M, 2 and 4 P M On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf), at 6.20 A M SUNDAY TIME.—Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P M Leave Saucelito, 11 A. M., 1, 3 and 5 P. M. H. A. COBB, President.
April 12 [illegible] Montgomery street

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows. Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 A.M. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 2.30 P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield [Aug 21] CHAS MINTURN

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad) will leave as follows San Francisco, 9.00 A.M., 1.30 P.M., 5.00 P.M. San Rafael 7.00 A.M., 11.00 A.M., 3.30 P.M. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows Leaving San Francisco at 10.00 A.M., 3.30 P.M. San Rafael 8.00 A.M., 1.30 P.M. [Aug 21] CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street Sale days Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A M Cash advances on consignments.
Dec 11 E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Carryalls, Coupés, Hacks, Rockaways, Chariots, End and Side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashion makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory woods and run with out the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies The case with which they carry is unequaled The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, loaded wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts hand carts, and also street railroad cars Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of the factory Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law Nov 30

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship New- bern, A. N. MacDonnough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on at 4 o'clock M, from Front street Wharf Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days and to the rapid and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed For freight or passage having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15 [illegible] Front street

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s 9d per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world Also Dr LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles 1s 6½d Sold everywhere. J SANGER & SONS
Feb 26 150 Oxford st London.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges Glassware Chemicals, Homœopathic Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11 16 Coleman st, London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen, Purveyors by special appointment to H R H the Duke of Edinburgh The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce —The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce It all is greater and for flavor is unsurpassed Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen Sold by all respectable grocers and Oilmen Nov 28

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary, Wm Harney, Treasurer Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Temple, E. M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langdon, J. T. Pomeroy, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent
Office—421 Montgomery street Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 14

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc, and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street London, E C Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card April 3

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive, For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM
March 21 Agents, 12 Front street

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g.
Justices—602 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street.
District Attorney—City Hall
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney City Hall
Grand Jury Rooms City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—12 Kearny street
Custom House Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants' Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Haywards Building
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall
Tax Collector City Hall
Supt of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall
County Clerk—City Hall
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph Brenham Place
Board of Education—City Hall
Supt Pub Schools—City Hall
State Harbor City Hall
Auditor—Room 11, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets
Fire Department 229 Kearny.
License Collector City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall
Surveyor—City Hall
Outside Land Committee—24 Exchange Building, Washingt'n and Montgomery streets
Health Office Jackson street.
Chief of Police City Hall
Pound Keeper—Jackson st, bet Van Ness Av and Franklin St.
Quarantine 3 Kearny street
Harbor Master 19 Vallejo St.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

Belgium—E Grisar, 1517 Powell.
Chili H Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street.
Chili—Consul General Francisco Casanova, 508 Battery st
Denmark—G. O Hara Taafe, 300 California street.
Ecuador—Daniel Wolf (absent)
France—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, 519 California street.
Guatemala—C Martin 423 Cal. st
Hawaiian Islands—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street
Honduras—Wm A Wells, Mayor's Office, City Hall
Italy G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
Japan—G. W. Brooks, 20 Montgomery street
Mexico—J Rivas, 536 Kearny.
German Empire C A C Dohrmann, 11 Sacramento street
Netherlands—J De Fremery, [illegible] street
Nicaragua—F Herrera, 231 Montgomery street
Peru—De la Fuenteny Subirat Federico
Portugal—Francis Berton, sw. cor Clay and Leidesdorff sts
Russia—M. Klinkofstrom, U S Court Building
San Salvador—H J Dorsey
Spain—C Martin 423 California
Sweden and Norway—G C. Johnson, 7 Battery street
Switzerland Francis Berton.
U S of Colombia—F. Herrera.
Bolivia—F. Herrera, 231 Montgomery street.
Callao—D. J. Williamson, 330 Brannan street
Costa Rica F Herrera, 231 Montgomery street
Greece—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
Argentine Republic—C Baum, 510 Battery street
Austro-Hungarian—G Muecke, 405 California street
Turkey George W Gibbs, 33 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending May 3, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, April 28th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Spring Valley H Ass'n to R Cowan	Lots 67 and 68, Spring Valley H'd....	$ 750
Same to Fred Bedarf	Lot 121, same	350
Same to Shultz & Luebeck	Lot 68, same	300
Henry Toomy to Alex Toomy	E Taylor s Bush, 20x62:6	Gift
Ida Precht to Alfred Bannister	Ne Bush and Jones, 127 6x60	19,000
Ida Precht feinme sole to same	Same	10
H Ballentine to W C Forsyth	Subdivision Mission Block 1	600
M de la Montnuya to J Marchio	W Kearny n Broadway, 27x90	4,000
Bay View H'd to Daniel Barry	Lot 6 blk 530	500
Jos Roberts to Chas G Roberts	Lots 11 to 24 inclu, bl 127, O'N & H Tct	5
Alex Austin to Antoine Borel	E Mission, 235 s 25th, 1ex115	163
Owen H Clancy to John Clancy	Lots 10 and 11 blk 62, City Land Ass'n	50
Richard Harris to Oliver Dale	Kentucky n Solano 50x100	2,600
A Himmelman to H P Merrifield	Sac'to w Steiner, 2 10x120	700
Bay View H'd to Jos Bassett	Lots 2 and 3 blk 466	1,000
City Land Ass'n to R P H Wood	Lots 27 and 28 blk 35	160
A H Rose to W F Davison	E ½ Potrero blk 462	7,800
A A Jennings to Chas Ruppel	Church n Park, 150x114	2,000
D Cuneo to Lee Leong	Spofford s Wash n, 18.4x47:8	2,300
Felton Tract H'd to Jos Boardman	Lots 25 26 and 27, blk 130	615
D C Van Nostrand to Mary Wood	Lines n Alameda, 55x100	0
A J Moon to John R Jarboe	Valencia s Hermann, 50x80	6,000

Tuesday, April 29th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Abraham Lewis to H Borkheim	E Polk s Turk, 25x82, sub 50-v 4 bl 6 W A	$ 1
Henry Borkheim to A Lewis	Same	1
Michael Reese to City & Co of S F	N Pacific 80 w Stockton, 177 6 w 17, etc	1
A Himmelman to heirs J W Sullivan	Sw Franklin and McAllister, 165x137:6	1
Paul Tract H'd Ass'n to A Cameron	Lot 10 blk 52, Paul Tract H'd	600
Same to James Cameron	Lot 11 blk 52	500
Spring Val H'd to G Holtzberger	Lot 213, Spring Valley H'd	750
Orin Jones to Lizzie E Jones	N Sutter e Leavenworth, 25x68.9	4,000
Wm Humphrey to James Boyd	N Bush, 81.3 e Fillmore, 25x127.6	1,000
Geo Tait to Lawrence W Palmer	W Webster s Hayes, 92x25:6	1,200
Same to Edgar Bishop	W Webster n to S Hayes, w 90, s 25:6, etc	1,200
Thomas Brown to Wm J Gunn	Lot 10 blk C, Pacific Sav and H'd Ass'n	470
Jane Sullivan to John Schuseler	S McAllister to E Franklin, s 150 e 27 6	2,500
C Curtis to Gustave Touchard	Sw Broadway and Battery, 70x137 6	49,504
John Cox to Edwin Hudman	W Guerrero, 60 s 25th, 25x125	1,000
Daniel Sweeny to Mary A Sweeny	Nw 15th and Shotwell, 130x170	Gift
Ferd Vassault to John Landers	S Bush w Leavenworth, 52 6x137:6	7,015
Frank Cavagnero to F Gipparo	W Kearny n Union, 20x60	1,600
R Cushing to Andrew Louderback	Und half lots 7 and 11 blk 392 S S F H'd	10
Rufus C Markel to Wm McAfee	W Treat Ave s 210, 60x122 6	6,400
A F Block to Isaac F Block	Portion Outside Lands	5
John C Pelton to A M Pelton	N Pine w Polk, 35 6x137 6	Gift

Wednesday, April 30th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Geary St Ex H'd to A M Wardwell	Sundry lots in blks 262, 87 and 165	$3,500
Theresa Kahn to Solomon Reiss	Lots 5 and 6 in Central Pacific HJ Ass'n	100
Morris Coleman to John Lynch	Nw Stevenson 2d, 25x70	3,000
Abbie Whitney to Wm Bennett	S Clay w Powell, 48x71 6, subj to mortg	1,700
The Association to Jos Guberlet	Lot 13 blk 151, Property of Association	600
Henry Winkle to same	Lot 87 Ben Franklin H'd	300
A Austin to Marie Clerc	Portion of blk 111, W A	3
Geo Enslebry to James Cornyn	Lots 30 and 31 blk 32, City Land Ass'n	150
S D Leary to John B Avalline	Se Green and Baker, 137x103	4,060
Fred Lumblade to Samuel Hill	Lot 44 blk 10, City Land Ass'n	100
Kate E Learned to Catherine A Brush	E Steiner s E[illegible], 50x100, blk 381, W A	1,435
J W Lees to H H Ellis	Lots 4, 5, W A blk 318	3
H H Ellis to E A Lawrence	Same	210
Martha B Hunt et al to M Kedon	Ne cor Valencia and 20th, 85x80	650
John Blake to John Kern	N Sagamore w Capitol, 50x125	175
Wm J Gunn to Dr L P Cantler	Lots 1 to 8 inc n blk 43 Excelsior Hd Ass'n	3,000
C Taubmann to Carle Taubmann	Lot 762, Gift Map 2	Gift
E Duffley to John Rohr	E 7th nw Brannan, 20x80	1
Natale Feroglare to C Ferrea	Subdiv 50-vara 187	Gift
Ed Sumner to Mark Livingston	Block 485 Outside Lands	10,000

Thursday, May 1st.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Geary St Ex Hd to E B Shaw	Lots 1 and 30 in blk 262	$ 700
Calvin M Verrill to J Fitzsimmons	Se Everett n 4th 30x80, subj to a mortg	2,600
Thos Sheridan to G B De ferrari	W Laguna, 23 s Willow Av, 5x51 9½	250
Janice King to Fannie C O Donnell	E Bamber Place, 50x90	Gift.
Geo Treat to Camilla Martin	W Kansas s Napa, 308x100	600
Henry Hastmann to Thos Hill	N Post w Hyde 11 1x137 6, sub 50-v 1 24	8,100
Thos Sheridan to Giuseppe Fontana	W Laguna, n Eddy, 25x51 9	1,525
Spring Val H'd Ass'n to W Schultz	Lot 248, S V H'd	260
Sun V H'd to A ta White L Works	Lots 1, 2, 3, blk 2, S V H d	5
Edward Martin to same	Same	5
J H Townsend to J H Blumenberg	S Pine Sansome, 34 4x96	10,500
James Curtis to H P Livermore	E Mission s 20th, 60x122 6	7,500
Hib Sav & Loan Soc to J Hornung	S Pacific w Mason, 22x68 9	2,100
Chas G Wilkins to A R Neustadt	S Sacramento, e Polk, 30x118	7,100

Friday, May 2d

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Jean H H Reno to Louis Duterte	E Dupont to N Broadway, 45x07	16,500
E H Washburn to John Sanders Jr	Sw Decatur se Bryant, 25x60	6
Fred O Wegner to W B Cummings	S Pine e Kearny, 23.11x137 6	1
Edney Tibbey to Adam Grant	N Bush w Leavenworth, 97.6x137 6	28,000
John Center et al to M M Milwain	E Howard n John, 60x122:6	1
John Reynolds to Samuel Reynolds	Sw cor Guerrero and Ridley, sw 180, etc	part'n
John H Clark to Bridget Lyons	N Church, 74 n 25th, 40x75	1,000
Duncan McDonald to Robt Watt	One acre McDonald Ranch	700
H S Gates to E P Billings	Se cor A and W 27th sts, 125x75	42
Chas Neuhaus to Edward Newman	Ne 6th se Harrison 70x100	10,000
Tide Land Com'rs to R Flaherty	Se Q and 3d Ave, 200x100	310

Saturday, May 3d.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Tide Land Com'rs to N Lebhardt	Block 748, Salt Marsh and Tide Lands	$ 662
Chas D Young to John G Wilkins	N Henry w Noe 52x115, subject to mortg	2,000
L S Welton to Mary H O'Connor	S California w Buchanan, 25x137 6	531
Masonic Cem Ass'n to W J Gunn	Lot 14 sec 19	152
Henry C Swain to Wolsey Evanson	E 35th at 130 n of C, 120x120	350
S L Collet to Josiah W Dodge	S Filbert e Larkin, 25x82 6	1,575
Poland Howard P U to T C Walton	Lot 53, Howard and Folsom St Prop U'n	1,000
Wm Woodward to J B Mersing	Nw Folsom, sw 6th, 75x75	7,700
Fanny Lafferty to Richard P Davies	Sw Gardner nw Bryant, 25x75	2,500
F O Tracit to Byron Pinkham	S Santa Clara e Mission, 100x37:6	900

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending May 6, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
D L Emerson to P McCarthy	Oakland E line Henry 138 s from 5th th s 25x125	$ 400
E A & A E Bushell to C Stool	Same W line Market 300 n from 28th th n 50x125	3,000
N Stoel to E A Bushell	Same N line 12th 125 w from Broadway thence w 25x100	3,500
H Vrooman to R M Murray	Same Lot 55 Buena Vista H'd Tract	425
H A Rockfellow to P Barrett	Same S l n 3d 125 w from Cypress th w 25:1x158	500
Villa H'd Ass'n to W H Miller	Same Lots 42 to 47 in Villa H'd Tract.	1,500
W H Miller to R B Miller	Same to same	2,100
Hall & Brown to Board of Educa'n	Same S line Alden Ave 240 w fm Grove thence w 200x200	3,600
F Warner to C Stoel	Same W line Market 250 n 25th thence n 50x125	3,000
H Stale to C Dralster	Same S l ne Caledonia Ave 413:6 e from thence e 100x141 6	600
F Scoram to G Jirwelrt	Same S line 14th 90 e from Wood th e 50x100:3	850
G W Dam to L N Gordon	Same, W line Union 50 s fm 30th, 50x115	300
T B Bigelow to J Campbell	Same S line R R Ave 50 w from Chester thence 25x96:3	475
A Campbell to W Dix	Same W line Campbell 65 s from 13th thence s 25x115	500
S T Damon to S Hill	Same 100x150 ne cor Madison and 3d	4,000
G W Dam to J H Gordon	Same W Magnolia 200 n from 28th th n 100x153.1	5
H L Haven to J T Haven	Same E line Chester 138 s from 5th th s 75x125; also e Peralta bet 3d and 5th	1,100
E McLinn to E H Willet	Same S line 5th 25 w Chester thence w 37-6x113	660
F K Shattuck to E Hunt	Same N 12th 100 e from Grove thence e 75x125	1
E Hunt to E P Stone	Same Same	7,000
M Ryan to C S Hoffmann	Same S line 11th 125 e fm West, 25x100	1,600
F Warner to W Hayes	Same 100x125 ne cor 25th and Filbert	1,400
E Bigelow to G W Armes	Same E Harrison 714 n fr 12th th n 468 x 150; also w Alice n fm 12th, 312x150	21,500
M Curtis to E Conlon	Same S line 23d 75 w fm West, 25x90 4	250
J B Meridith to L S Sawyer	East Oakland 103.6x40 w corner Charter and Alameda	500
O Whipple to J H West	Same 50x150 e corner Jones & Webster	600
E C Sessions to P Olofson	Same W line Alameda 90 s from Shatton thence 50x127 6	1,250
J Taylor to E Taylor	Same 150x13 bounded Jackson and Franklin and nw by Clay	9,000
E Evens to J Staderus	Same Ne Madison 75 se from same th se 25x141	525
H E Emmons to S James	West Oak and E Wood 50 7 n from Atlantic thence n 50x105.7	1,950
O H Tufts to C V D Hobbard	Same N 6th 98 w fm Willow, th 72x97.9	2,500
C Minturn to O E Eldridge	Alameda, Bounded by willow, Walnut, Buena Vista and Marsh	15,000
G C Eldridge to L A Hastings	Same ½ undi lots 1 to 5 Jones' acre lots	5
F Franks to A & P K Jenner	Same S line Santa Clara 145 w fm Park thence w 75x150	2,750
T D Mathewson to N Page	Same 15 acres s by R R Ave e by Fitch n by Marsh	1
A L Tubbs to A Merrill	Same The Chapman Estate 111 ac tract	5,000
Hays & Caperton to H R Smith	Same 177 6x140 2 sw cor Santa Clara Ave and Broadway	1,350
T J Murphy to J E Marchand	Oakland City and Township Sundry lots	1
J E Marchand to T M Antisell	Same Same	1
H Center to R Riley	Near Mies on San Jose 25 cents	2,000
Hunt & Haven to C Schmidt	Brooklyn Tp. Lot on Moraga Valley Rd	495
J Bauer to A Hermann	Mies on San Jose ½ interest in ½ acre	1,025
A G Oakes to A Collins	Haywood. 40x100	500

Reported by G W McKeand, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro May 6.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Profes- sional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro Sept 3

GRAND HORTICULTURAL SPRING EXHIBITION

Of the Bay District Horticultural Society of California.—Will open on THURSDAY May 8th, 1873 at HORTICULTURAL HALL, on Stockton, between Sutter and Post streets, to continue Nine Days The display of Flowers, Trees and Shrubs will be on a grand scale. The Hall will be decorated on a grand scale, with Wreaths and Garlands, Statuary, Aquariums, Floral Fountains, Rustic Work, Bouquets and Flowers During each Afternoon and Evening Schmidt & Scholtz's Band will perform the most Select Music. Nothing will be left undone to make the Exhibition a most brilliant success Prof E S Carr, of the State University of California, has kindly consented to deliver the Opening Address FIFTY HANDSOME PRIZES will be awarded to the Young Ladies of San Francisco who will exhibit the Plants received by them at the Exhibition of 1873. During afternoons, commencing on Monday May 5th Plants will be given away to all Boys and Girls under 15 who purchase tickets at the door Prices of Admission Family Season Tickets, $5, Single Season Tickets, $2, Single Admission, 50 cents Children, 25 cents Doors open every day except Sunday, from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M., and 7½ to 10 P. M. Promenade Concert every day from 3 to 5 and 8 to 10 P. M.
April 25. THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

RODGERS, MEYER & CO., 212 BATTERY STREET,

Offer for sale, in bond or duty paid, Woolpacks, Fleece Twine, 3 ply and 4 ply, Flax Twine, 5 ply and 3 ply, Grain Bags Imitation Chicken Gunnies, Coffee Bags, Hessians, 40 and 45 inch Copper Ore Bags of all descriptions Silver Ore Bags of all descriptions, Glengarnock Pig Iron, Kirkless Hall Pig Iron, Yellow Metal, P H Muntz & Co's celebrated brand, Composition Nails, Brimstone, Sulphate of Copper Fire Clay and Chalk, Bath Bricks, Fire Bricks, Soda Crystals, Land co, Grass Cloth April 12.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. B. PETERS

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles June 12.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 416 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco HENRY GERKE.
George Hamlin, Manager. Nov. 11.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 603 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

HENRY WARD BEECHER COMING.

The Innate Flunkyism of the California People was brought prominently forward one day last week and placed in a most ridiculous light. A young gentleman, a passenger by railroad from the East, in a moment of youthful pleasantry, and, perhaps with a suspicion of what asses we make of ourselves when opportunity offers, gave his name to the reporter at Ogden who attends to such matters, as *Henry Ward Beecher*. And so it was telegraphed through to California. Had we been less provincial than we are, had we been, indeed, like any other civilized or half civilized people on the globe, there the matter would have ended. But we are Californians, and with the pretentiousness of a metropolitan population, we are more provincial than the wildest backwoodsman from Oregon. The telegram was printed, and our people as usual became intensely excited over the expected event. A celebrity from the East was coming, and he must be fêted. A whole State must turn out and perform and prance and be made a fool of because a New York preacher was supposed to be traveling West for the benefit of his larynx. Luckily the rumor was false, and our self-respect was partially preserved. But when will this thing stop? Are we to be a society of asses to all eternity? We had the Stickles fever once on a time and played the fool. Luckily he did not come, and for the time saved our fire crackers and champagne. Soon after that Colfax came out, and turned the coast quite topsy-turvy. Fred. MacCrellish managed him, put him through his paces, made him grin and grimace and spout, and we shouted and roared and applauded till we were all down sick with the sore throat, not because we really admired either Colfax or MacCrellish (two men much alike, save that one of them is honest, for we didn't), but because it was a good chance to indulge our provincial weakness for hero worship. We carried it on to our heart's content, nor ceased while Colfax was on this side the Rocky Mountains, nor until we had made both him and McCrellish believe that one of them would certainly be President and the other Secretary of the Treasury at the very least. The Chicago party was the next—fifty or a hundred commercial travelers, "drummers," claiming to be all rich, all representative men. It was a bold stroke for trade and carried out with infinite cheek and dash. It succeeded. The town went mad with enthusiasm. It invited all Chicago to dinner thro' its [illegible] representatives. Of course Chicago accepted. Chicago dined with us, Chicago wined with us, and when she was full of our victual she rose up from the table and took our measure for clothes, took our measure for shoes, took our measure for hats, and for under garments, stripping us to the buff for that purpose, then laughed in our faces and went home and sent out the things made to the [illegible] post prandial orders, with bills charged at greenback rates, but [illegible] and collected them in gold. So much for Chicago. Then came Boston with her seven car loads of solid respectability. Then we met at the Mission and taking off the locomotive, hitched in our best men such as Michael Reese and Lawton and Latham and Friedlander and Tom McCarthy and Haltenworth and Jacob Deeth and Tevis, and hauled them up to the front of the Grand Hotel, where a carpet was spread for them to walk in upon. It was pompous for old Boston, but were we not once more asses? Then came Tom Scott and his crowd and Stanford toaded them and Ralston toaded them, and [illegible] and Parrott and all San Mateo toaded them. And then they went on to San Diego and got more of it, and went home and snapped their fingers at last. Next Delano dropped in upon us. Secretary of something, we do not recall what, but whatever it was, he ought not to have been secretary of it, unless it was a big ranch. Ben Wallace toaded, and old Hardenburg, and every body that wanted anything in the way of an office, and he went off and laughed to think how he had played us and no doubt has kept on laughing ever since. At one time Jim Fisk thought of coming, if Josie Mansfield would only consent, and his judges and strikers and thieves could be safely left to themselves that long. He would honor us so it was said. Whereupon the military got ready to receive him with the highest honors of war. Harmes rubbed up his armor, pipe-clayed his belts, and put fresh stuffing into his calves to do honor to the Prince of Erie. But he did not come at the time, and afterwards Stokes arranged matters so as to indefinitely postpone the triumph of Fisk upon the Pacific. It was a good postponement to have. For our own part we are sick of this bucolic snobbery, and would fain see it brought to an end. Let us receive our fellow citizens from the Atlantic States precisely as they receive us when we visit them. Why were all of those people preparing to obtrude themselves upon Mr. Beecher had he been coming among us? Were they kinsmen or connections of his? Were they even old time friends or acquaintances? What business was it of theirs if he was on the train? He was not coming to see them, and most likely never had heard of any of the hundreds of people who were officiously getting ready to do that which was calculated to harrass and annoy him if he was a man of refinement and to tickle his vanity and toady to him if he were only a vulgar fellow like themselves. We can never be a polished and refined people so long as this sort of thing receives any countenance or encouragement from the educated classes. It is vulgar no matter who does it. We don't.

NARROW-GAUGE RAILROADS.

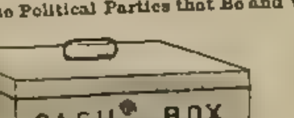
The News Letter's Objections to Narrow-Gauge Railroads, so long persisted in by this journal, have been removed at last. But we did not surrender our opinions until we had thoroughly examined the whole question, and saw our error in all its force. We had a theory upon the subject and, like all men with theories we were stubborn. We believed that the narrow gauge railroad would not be ahead compared with the broad gauge, and so much less expensive to operate as was claimed by its advocates. That it would be cheaper to build, we admitted, but when built, the running cost would still be heavy. We admitted that a three-foot tie must cost less than a six foot tie, that a ten-ton locomotive would be cheaper than a twenty ton locomotive, and all other things entering into the construction account in proportion. But when these engines come to be set at work, said we, will the men who work them charge less for their services than they would if employed upon a broad gauge road? If a broad gauge driver or stoker have six dollars a day, will a narrow gauge driver or stoker be content with three dollars a day? Can low priced narrow gauge men be found to fill the various positions of trust at the stations and upon trains? We asked these questions, and we asked them with incredulity in our manner, believing they could not be answered affirmatively. But we were wrong and the Benicia narrow-gauge road, just commenced, has convinced us of it. They have found a corps [illegible] of narrow gauge officers, directors, civil engineers, and workmen generally. Instead of a broad-gauge President at $20,000 a year and perquisites, they have secured a gentleman of narrow gauge capacity, at substantially no salary at all. It is Hon. Cornelius Cole, late narrow-gauge Senator from this State. There is a world of economy in that employment. [illegible] will add to [illegible] the reduced scale conforming to the gauge of the road. Money will be spent [illegible] but not to the full breadth of their capacity. Unless, indeed, narrow gauge roads prevail over all others, and in that case narrow gauge Legislatures will be elected, and Narrow Gauge Cole will be sent away to Washington as narrow-gauge Senator once more. Politicians will then shrink their brains, and politics be made to conform to the prevailing gauge. As we said in the beginning we are convinced that the new system will succeed, and the *News Letter*, from this time forward, is with the *Alta* in favor of narrow-gauge roads, and would have them extend from Saucelito to Siam.

"The Elections."—There is lots of fun ahead for the boys—any amount of tickets, and a rich programme. On the straight Republican ticket we have Higgins and the renowned Tim McCarthy, both pretty good boys. Then comes the Liberal party with Bryant and Bailey, and the [illegible] Tax Payers' Union, with Joe [illegible] on the box. Then the Reform party, headed by old Mrs. *Bulletin* and nursed by [illegible]. Democracy, too, is well represented by McDonald and Maynard, opposed by McCoppin and his boys. The programme is rich and rare, and there is every show of sport. Come up, [illegible] and pick out your men. You have the list before you [illegible].

Sumner or Butler.—The *Bulletin* thinks it very discouraging that a State like Massachusetts should turn its back on Sumner to take up Butler, but the reason is obvious. Sumner is all for the negro, Butler is all for [illegible]. The negro was [illegible]. The negro is [illegible] the same yesterday, to-day and forever. Sumner [illegible] with the negro. But Butler hath chosen that better part, which cannot be taken away from him, for who the devil could steal from Butler?

OUR PLATFORM.

A Declaration of the Principles of the San Francisco "News Letter," Addressed to the Political Parties that Be and Wish to Be.



Seven Years have gone by since the *News Letter* published to its subscribers a candid statement of its principles. During that period everything connected with this journal has been changed. Old type has been worn out and new type bought to supply its place, and so with all the presses, machinery and implements connected with its weekly production. And if physiologists know them our science, even ourselves are no longer the same, but all of our corporeal nature, food muscle, tissue, and integument is of a formation less ancient than seven years ago. But our mind is unchanged. If we are older, we are simply more set in our ways. And as it is with our mental structure, so is it with the principles of the journal over which we preside. They are as immutable as time. But all of our readers of seven years ago are not now extant, or being extant, are not in condition to appreciate us as we wish to be appreciated. Some have become poor, fleeced by the exactions of the *Bulletin* and *Alta*, and thank God poor people don't read the *News Letter*. Others have died and gone to Heaven, where all readers of the *News Letter* go. In many instances citizens have suffered from not knowing that we were, to step down from our usually elegant and classic English to the vulgar but expressive phraseology of the period, "on it." As a consequence of the ignorance of us they have, when attempting to carry out some swindling scheme, passed us by, and have spent their money in purchasing the influence of inefficient journals like the *Chronicle* and the *Call*, when, in fact, the *News Letter* could have been induced to favor the thing for the same or even less sums than those wasted upon newspapers of no character and no talent. While in the meantime we have been obliged, as mere measures of self protection, to come down upon the nascent enterprise, and to crush it with the weight of our irresistible invective not only destroying the scheme but impairing, by the weight of obloquy cast upon the promoters, their availability as the movers of future enterprises having public or private plunder for the objective point.

All of this might in most instances have been avoided by a more general knowledge diffused throughout the community of our true position and actual views. For the benefit, therefore, of all gentlemen meditating designs of a predatory character, whether the object be to reach that end through political manipulation and official statute, so as to steal the public treasure outright or private frauds, with its ever varying and delightful ramification, we suggest to all, seek the *News Letter* as the initiatory step. Don't [illegible] the [illegible] of the *Bulletin* and *Chronicle* because they may appear to be cheap, for any difference in amount will be only in appearance, since when measured by results everything is in our favor. Until we have been obliged to consult ourselves against you, and perhaps hopelessly smash you, thus requiring double inducement to reconsider the subject, and treble [illegible] seeking to overcome opinions already fixed, and [illegible] efforts to extricate you when convinced, but come at once freely, frankly, and ingenuously, and "pungle" before it is too late. In order not again to be misunderstood we once more republish our *Declaration of Principles*. The *News Letter* is for coin, not "contingent," but [illegible] up. Not to make us do wrong for that *we never have done and never will do while we live*, but to render our mind active and searching, to quicken our pen, to make our logic convincing, our sentences incisive, our words cutting. These things money alone will do. We have tried [illegible] in life all other stimulants, [illegible] and find money the only one possessing the [illegible] of virtue. Therefore, money we must have, or we fight everything and everybody. Our principles are admirably typified by our "cash box," a faithful and accurate representation of which heads the article. Look at it everybody, and ponder. We have no religion of our own, but adopt those of our friends. We have no politics, we are independent. We are for those elected, and after them, closely watching that they do their duty. Occupying an independent and fearless position, we are free to expose and prove the wrongs, and to uphold and protect the right. If you want our influence before election, give us the needful guarantees of your honest intentions and good faith that you will protect the just cause no matter what countryman they may be, that you will be ever watchful and vigilant as our public servant, that you will not steal *more* than you can put your hands on, and all else shall be safe, and have our protection. All this being first done, you will have our protection and influence.

THE SAVINGS' AND LOAN SOCIETY VS. AUSTIN.

The Importance of the decision of the Supreme Court in the test cases against the Tax Collector of San Francisco can hardly enough be insisted upon. First of all, and this of itself is a great gain, it settles a long vexed question, but secondly, and [illegible] with greater advantage, it relieves our citizens from the action of an [illegible] and unjust interpretation of the act imposing taxation. The task of Mr. Austin, the Tax Collector, was a difficult one. On one side he was instructed that such was the law, on the other hand an indignant protest was uttered that it was illegal and unconstitutional. In this dilemma no course remained but an appeal to the highest tribunals, and Mr. Austin lent his aid to bring the matter to a final issue. And the Supreme Court has most righteously decided that property cannot be assessed twice for the same tax; that if land is assessed at its full value no tax shall be levied on any mortgage thereupon, or more properly the amount of the mortgage shall be deducted from the value of the estate, and the mortgage shall be taxed to the mortgagee. [illegible] if the estate is worth so much [illegible] the mortgage, as for instance, in the case of a purchaser, he pays over the purchase money after deducting the amount of the mortgage, which he accepts [illegible]. There are many minor [illegible] in this important judgment very ably set forth by Judges Crockett, Niles and [illegible], concurred in, with trifling exceptions, by Judges Rhodes and Wallace. But the great point [illegible] relieving mortgages from taxation and that had previously been [illegible], has been [illegible] and henceforth capitalists and [illegible] banks can advance money on real estate, without fear of boards of [illegible] or double taxation.

It Has Been Decided to reconstruct the Hotel de Ville, Paris, at a cost of 13,891,892 francs. The design adopted is that of MM. Balu and Deperthes.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Getting on in the World, or Hints on Success in Life. By Wm. Mathews. 12mo, cloth.
American Game in its Seasons. By Henry Wm. Herbert. 12mo, cloth.
Woman in American Society. By Abba Goold Woolson. 12mo, cloth.
New Life in New Lands. Notes of Travel. By Grace Greenwood. 12mo, cloth.
Music Hall Sermons. By Wm. H. H. Murray. Second Series. 12mo, cloth.
Rouge et Noir. A Tale of Baden Baden. By Edm. About. 12mo, cloth.
Palmetto Leaves. By Harriet Beecher Stowe. 12mo, cloth.
A Manual of Gesture. By Albert M. Bacon. 12mo, cloth.
The Head Man and Other Stories. By Edward Garrett. 12mo, cloth.
Bart Ridgeley. A Story of Northern Ohio. 12mo, cloth.
Geology of the Stars. By Prof. A. Winchell. 12mo, pap.

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THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

We have Endured many street aggravations without a murmur. We have stepped into [illegible], and have been poked in the eye with numberless parasols. We have stood the importunities of [illegible] and the whiff of a Chinese cigar. We have smelled the odors of stale food from restaurants as we passed. We have waited on corners a half hour for a car that was supposed to run at intervals of five minutes. We have stood the raising of car fares, the use of inconvenient tickets, the freaks of disobliging conductors, and we have with grace surrendered our seats to women who didn't [illegible] say "thank you." We have submitted to having our boot polish [illegible] on the miniature lakes that adorn our asphaltum pavements, we have tripped over uneven [illegible] our rather [illegible] with [illegible] and unwarranted showers from the [illegible]. We have [illegible] a half hour waiting to cross the street [illegible] whirl of summer wind, and certainly chased it four or five blocks amid the encouraging cries of [illegible]. We have [illegible] cobble stones [illegible] of newsboys and have gotten on [illegible]. We have come across as many cripples and [illegible] patriotic [illegible] to the streets of Rome or Constantinople. The French flower girls [illegible]. We have feasted [illegible] Montgomery street [illegible] Sacramento, the north, and [illegible] the south [illegible]. It is not to the [illegible] three blocks. It is not to the [illegible] boxes which seem to be holding a [illegible] of paper which [illegible] the wind. Neither do we regard the stumps of cigars [illegible]. But we do feel strongly [illegible]. Perhaps if we put it in [illegible]. Every one in San Francisco [illegible] these three blocks and expectorates. Every one in San Francisco that had [illegible] the throat seems to have chosen this particular place in which to [illegible]. Every man in San Francisco that had [illegible] handkerchief seems to have chosen this spot to relieve himself in a manner [illegible] satisfactory [illegible] than elegant. Other parts of our city have [illegible]. The details are disgusting [illegible] the dust-heaped boxes [illegible] tobacco juice [illegible]. And unless the rain of [illegible] fails to wash [illegible] ment will remain defiled with a defilement which would be scorned of the beasts of the field.

Of all the Morbid, Sickly, Disgusting Indulgencies wherein the press panders to the public [illegible] is that of narrating the [illegible] of a man sentenced to die. [illegible] the judgment of the Supreme Court confirming that of the one below, and [illegible] has been telegraphed here, that the reporters of the *Alta*, *Call* and *Chronicle* rushed to the Sheriff and breathlessly entreated to be allowed to torment the murderer [illegible] of interviewing him. The following morning they all appeared with the stenographed report, which, as it was verbatim alike in all the journals, was evidently a joint-stock affair, and the public gloated over the details of the words and behavior of the condemned felon. The *Chronicle* was for this, and the *Alta* [illegible] to be so. The *Call* tendered the courtesy of the press, and the *Alta* after [illegible] the "Chicken," gave a column of his biography, which proved him to be one of the most hardened villains that ever came [illegible], and that had [illegible] been hanged years ago the community would have been [illegible]. But [illegible] man should be tortured by the prurient [illegible]. He has a good [illegible] and should [illegible] the death, but in God's name let him die privately, let him be put away from this world [illegible] the [illegible] of his heart and the quivering of his limbs, as he stretches at the end of the cord of justice.

Smif, whom we thoroughly respect, came up into the office on Monday morning [illegible]. "Do you think I'm a donkey?" said Smif, gently [illegible]. "No," we replied, with one of [illegible] heated, it only [illegible]. [illegible] Smif [illegible] a good sized [illegible] with the [illegible] "Mr. [illegible]" [illegible] again Smif [illegible] by the scalp lock, and having shown [illegible] we received a [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] pocket [illegible]. If there is no *Town Crier* next week, our friends will know the reason.

We Admire Gratitude almost as much as we do Mrs. [illegible] (N. B.—She is looking over our shoulder as we write) and are [illegible] happy to be able to record any [illegible] exhibition [illegible]. A drunk [illegible] overboard from *El Capitan* [illegible] that ferry boat was [illegible] the Oakland wharf a few evenings ago [illegible] had not a [illegible] himself [illegible] down a rope hanging from the deck, and seizing the drowning man's hair succeeded in keeping him [illegible] on board. The wee rescuer having [illegible] the [illegible] put aside the hat and said, "You did, you did, God bless you! *Keep the hat!*" To be sure it was old and several sizes too large, but it is the action, the noble action, we admire.

A Robust Gentleman of the name of Gannon has been exercising his muscle in the Mint on George of the *Post*. Not content with putting on the hug, and smiting George in the mouth he was obliged to draw his little gun on his large [illegible] at any rate, to have [illegible] the drawing of a [illegible] family. It is a [illegible] that George had the greatest trouble in getting a warrant for [illegible], and as we write we are uncertain as to whether he has got it. We have some idea that when George said Gannon "knew Chief Crowley" he came about as near the truth as he [illegible]. The *Town Crier* [illegible] that whisky, even as good as that sold at the Mint, should make so much trouble.

Captain Semmes, [illegible] of the award of the [illegible] Tribunal [illegible] make a profit out of the affair! It is remarked that General Butler never thought of this view of the case.

The "Active and Intelligent" Police Officers who have charge of the [illegible] which we [illegible] recommend [illegible] which; shake him and bump him—the more the better. The action [illegible] the struggling, especially if his head be the *piece de resistance*. Let him fall suddenly on the flags, and pry his mouth open with a baton, or handcuff or key. Get plenty of salt and water; first cram his mouth with the salt, and wash it down with the water. Repeat the operation until the patient is full or until the fit has passed. This may well be called using an *argumentum ad hominem*, "an argument deriving its force from the situation of the person appealed to."

The Members of the [illegible] Sacred Dramatic Society gave a performance this week at [illegible], of what in the bills was called the unequalled representation in character of the sublime and thrilling Scriptural narrative of *Joseph*, with appropriate music. In the scene where the brethren return from Egypt with corn, says a local authority, "asses are introduced, which perform their duties well. Altogether, the performance was a great success." We confess we do not, however, envy those who can derive either instruction or amusement from such a profane exhibition as this. The Ober Ammergau affair was a little too much, even for the Continentals, and will not be given again. We hardly expected to see it transplanted to our uncongenial shores. At Madrid the experiment has been a great success, and it was selecting the right place.

Ignorant Fitzy. Does she not know enough of physiology or psychology, whichever it may be, to know that hens do not crow? How could she expect to get a crow up over the defeated Collins, when, among all her cohorts, not a red comb is to be found. Even a sedate old barnyard hen cannot deliver herself comfortably of a good cackle unless Chanticleer be in the vicinity. If there be no Chanticleer, what is all the clucking and cackling for? Alas, Fitzy! Collins is beyond your clutches, and who knows but that he may have gone over to the Boston sisterhood, where hungry spinsters are crying for a rib, even if it be the half of another woman's rib. The despised Collins will be at a premium there, and his fate will warn others here. Oh, for a man, old hens; oh, for a man!

"Our Enterprise Appreciated," is the modest heading in one of the *Chronicle's* Tuesday articles. It purports to contain the sentiments of the Oaklanders to explain the exquisite joy afforded them by being able to read the *Chronicle* before breakfast. Now in the first place we have an idea that Oakland people, as a rule, don't eat any breakfast till they get to the city. In fact we are almost certain that what few wretches do feed over there have not yet learned how to read. Even if they can read, it is only the "big caps," and those letters in the *Chronicle* contain too much blood and thunder to give any one an appetite for breakfast. A good one is required to eat an Oakland "dejeuner."

Judge McKee is no doubt a good and upright man, but when he allowed himself to be made Judge he made a mistake. He in all probability would have made an excellent parson, a good President, or even a moderate editor, but he is not a success as a Judge. It was setting a very bad example to let young Sampson off in the way he did. It is true Sampson is young, most of us are at some period of our lives. But we ask him, is it not better to make an example of a boy that uses such a cowardly instrument as a knife and risk spoiling him [illegible] than to let hundreds of aspiring Hoodlums run away with the idea that sticking a man with a knife is, if anything, rather a meritorious act than otherwise?

Who has Not Noticed two youths who infest our sidewalks always arm in arm. A glimpse is sufficient to show that they hail from London, England. In vain have they grown light thin whiskers, they can't get away from their cockney proclivities. They are almost as inseparable as the Siamese Twins. If one eats, the other eats, too. If one smokes the other blows a cloud. They lunch together, walk together and no doubt sleep together. One is tall and thin the other short and stout. They are the Damon and Pythias of our streets, and are as well known as the Emperor.

The Chronicle of Friday contains an article that we suppose is meant to be satirical. Its subject is the "War Between England and Ashantee." A nation that [illegible] and held at bay by forty Indians is not in a position to poke fun at England's China, Indian or Abyssinian wars. She effected her purpose in each case, and did not leave [illegible] dead warriors pickled and sent home in caskets than she could help. Besides, is not the *Chronicle's* war with China one of the weakest and most puny efforts ever she made?—which is saying a heap. We suppose that De Young's corps are chiefly Marks.

We Know that such a strong dose of Credit Mobilier as Oakes Ames took would disagree with him [illegible] might make him sick, but we did not think it would kill him. But it has, and there is no getting away from the fact that too much Credit Mobilier, with congratulations and home speeches put on the top of it, is certain death. We only wish Colfax had taken a little more, he might have sought a better and happier home. We can't, though, for a minute accuse him of not having taken enough, so we suppose that he gorged himself to such an extent that he got sick, threw up and so was saved.

The Town Crier humbly confesses that his only fault is a tendency to sneer at what are called "conscientious scruples," but when he finds a genuine instance, like the following letter to the manager of a lottery, he expresses his [illegible] gesture of respect, and thinks better of humanity than the facts warrant: "Dear Sir—I am conscientiously opposed to lotteries. I regard them as no better than gambling schemes. My son has received ticket No. 7,311 in your enterprise, but if it draws anything, I beg you will not send him the money. Send it to me."

When Virtue Sleeps on a dunghill and vice roosts on a church pew, then and not till then shall we pardon Mrs. Stowe for writing panegyrics on Deborah the Poet and Prophetess. Her life, a man, a poet and a gentleman we treat as poor Byron himself would not be worthy of the consideration of any thinking person. Her *Uncle Tom's Cabin* is a tissue of lies, painted black. Niggers have been known to blush at its flagrant untruths. To sum her up, she is a humbug of the worst kind. And then to start in and pretend to translate Deborah's writings into bad English and worse verse. Oh it's too bad.

The Stock Broking, free lunch hunting population are jubilant. Stocks are up, and [illegible]. Of course there are exceptions, such as Savage, Crown Point, Belcher, [illegible] & Ely, and some few others. They are genuine stocks, and are not in the hands of [illegible], like most of the other mines. No Mines was ever looked for half as fiercely as Savage is now. [illegible] is the order of the day.

The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher thinks that if the following form of prayer were more frequently used it would possess the merit of sincerity: "O Lord, I met a poor wretch of yours to-day—a miserable unwashed brat—and I gave him sixpence, and I have been sorry for it ever since." Recommended by so high an authority, it is possible that this confession may become popular; but we fear the verbal changes necessary in order to make it rhetorical would soon make it sound like a boast of benevolence.

The Parsons have sold out all their stocks and have invested their spare cash in new black pants, coats, etc. And why? Because Ward Beecher is coming. Yes, the great boss parson of the East is coming to see us. [illegible] his best time. Most people give him a [illegible] to get drunk in [illegible]. A [illegible], however, is regretting that he didn't bring his sister along. She's [illegible] here.

The Stigmata Humbug is once more dragged into life by the *Post*. [illegible]

In its Sporting Column a newspaper places the programme of the [illegible] petition for poetry "to be held during the summer at Bordeaux. If it is [illegible], the prize writer might be said to have won by a head."

CALIFORNIA.

FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT OF THE NEWS LETTER

[Established July 20, 1856.]

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1873. No. 15.

BIZ.

A More Cheerful Aspect is observable throughout all business circles. The leading thoroughfares where most do congregate, our wholesale houses, stores and warehouses, are alive with the hum of industry. A walk through Front street, Battery, Sansome, Pine, Bush and Market streets, exhibit considerable stir in the shipment of Dry Goods, Groceries and other leading merchandise staples. Leaving these stirring scenes for the Merchants' Exchange, we find that the Stock Brokers and curb stone operators are again in full force, busy as bees gathering honey. The change wrought within a few days is wonderful, and the query is from whence comes this relief. A few weeks ago every thing on the street was dull and lifeless. Money was scarce, and complaints numerous; but now, "presto—change," the magic wand seems to have done its work most effectually. Fortunes are now made in a day. The street scenes have undergone a wonderful change. May has brought about a complete revolution in commercial and financial affairs. April's gloom has all vanished in the brightness of May.

We are yet Without our Usual May Rains, and as little water fell in April, our crops of cereals are suffering for needed moisture. The Wheat crop of 1872, which many estimated at forty millions of bushels, will scarcely pan out twenty million bushels. Last year we harvested 25,000,000 bushels, and exported to date 9,250,000 centals—say 15,000,000 bushels. Those well posted say we will have this present harvest year 300,000 tons surplus Wheat export, or more than ever before harvested in any one year save that of 1872. The fleet to the United Kingdom may thus be summed up:

	Wheat, Ctls.	Value.
Total since July 1st, 1872, of 318 vessels	9,200,187	$16,513,576
40 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	1,242,904	2,931,023
120 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	3,535,225	7,071,807
103 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	4,522,257	7,841,711

Wool.—The arrivals from the interior are considerable, mostly of short staple and of undesirable qualities. Eastern orders are for Northern fleece, long staple Merino, and for the selection of this kind 22@23c are paid. The sales for the period under review aggregate perhaps 750,000 lbs. Medium Spring fleece commands 18@20c; the next grades 13@14c, consisting of Burry and inferior parcels. For these latter there is little sale. Our stocks are considerable, and in the absence of Eastern buyers stocks accumulate. Hides continue to command 17@17c for Dry, 6@8½c for wet salted. Tallow is more called for with free sales at 6@7c. Leather is in good supply, but prices paid are below a remunerative point, and trade is therefore slack.

Breadstuff Markets.—Flour is higher. Shippers to Hongkong pay $4 75 to $5 25 for Superfine; Extra Baker and family brands, $5 25@5 75. Best silk dressed is now jobbing at $6 per 196 lbs. Wheat has advanced to $1 22@1 25 per cental. Barley is now higher, $1 25 @ 1 45. Oats are lower, $3 a 2 25. Corn is higher, $2 20 a 2 25 per cental.

Import Markets are rather sluggish. Rags and Bagging, 14@15c. for Burlap bags, Hessians, 40-inch, 11@12½c, 45-inch, 12½c. Candles, 17@18c. Coal, English, $9@10 for common; Anthracite, $12@14; Cumberland, $18@20; Coos Bay and Seattle, $10; Bellingham Bay, $8-50; Nanaimo, $11; Mount Diablo, $8 50. Coffee, Manila, 17½@18c; Central American, 17½@18½c; O G Java, 23½c. Crockery and Earthenware are higher; the jobbers advance prices on and after May 10th 25 per cent. Chemicals are the same as last quoted. Dry Goods, Clothing, etc.—The Pioneer Woollen Mills are out with a new price list; terms favor the buyer. French Wines, Clarets in casks, more called for. Fruits, Sauces, etc, move off more freely. Malt Liquors are called for, particularly London Porter, which is scarce. Metals are dull. Pig Iron is lower. Nails are slow sale. Oils are neglected, and prices nominal. Provisions are the term desired. Quicksilver is scarce and high, price, 95c, the New Almaden withholding their supply at present. Rice is firm. Salt is dull and nominal. Spices are unchanged. Spirits remain as heretofore. Sugars are very slow of sale. Teas are quiet. Tobaccos are steady. Wines are in fair request. Salmon of the Spring catch now arriving freely from the North, and are of superior quality.

WHY WOMEN TIPPLE.

Last Week we furnished our readers with a list of reasons why women drink—tipple we mean. Mrs. P—t-S—n felt her charming sex slighted, and forwarded us the following with her (free) love: Mrs. A—tipples because her neighbor has a new bonnet and she has not. Mrs. B—because she's subject to palpitations; Mrs. C—because it makes her sleep; Mrs. D—to keep her husband company; Mrs. E—because the week's washing is over; Mrs. F—because it is to come; Mrs. G—because it's good for the wind; Mrs. H—because she is a "lone-horn widow," Mrs. I—, but this is too personal; Mrs. S—because it cheers her; Mrs. L—because she lost a son three years ago; Miss M—because it makes her pale and interesting-looking; Mrs N—because she likes it; Mrs. O—because every one else does; Miss P—because it gives her confidence; Mrs. Q—to make her eyes bright; Mrs. R, who goes to church, because St. Paul has commanded it. Mrs. S—because she couldn't refuse Mrs. T—'s invitation; Mrs. U—, well, you know best yourself; Miss V—because she thought 'twas something else; Mrs. X—to remove the temptation from the Chinn boy; Mrs. Y—! Because she does, and thinks it none of your business. There!

"A Good Caption Covereth a Heap of Rubbish," and "Give trash a good name and print it," are two proverbs in which our newspapers seem thoroughly to believe. One journal, remarkable for putting the pith of its articles in the titles, amused us much this week by its samples of absurdity coming to a heading. The monthly death report is styled "*The Reaper's Work*;" the marriage of a man and woman is spoken of as another noose in "*Hymen's Silken Cord*;" and the preparations for the reception of General Canby's body are said to have been made in "*The Hall of Mourning*." These are like a $300 walking costume, "very pretty and simple," but the *T. C.* offers the perpetrators of this journalistic clap-trap these amendments: BIRTHS—News of Nativity or Nascent Acquisitions; DEATHS—"The Mortuary Mancuvers of the Grinning Grizzly Phantom;" MARRIAGES—"More Willing Victims on the Hymenal Sacrificial Thingumbob."

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Bloch—In this city, May 7th, to the wife of Isaac F. Bloch, a son.
Fleming—In this city, May 4th, to the wife of P. H. Fleming, a son.
Gros—In this city, May 5th, to the wife of L Con Gros, a son.
Jewell—In this city, May 7th, to the wife of S. L. Jewell, a daughter.
Knower—In this city, May 6th, to the wife of J. G. Knower, a son.
Newman—In this city, May 6th, to the wife of Isaac Newman, a daughter.
Olsen—In this city, May 5th, to the wife of John P. Olsen, a son.
Rosenfeld—In this city, May 8th, to the wife of John Rosenfeld, a son.
Sadler—In this city, May 6th, to the wife of Herman Sadler, a daughter.
Tyson—In this city, May 7th, to the wife of Duncan S. Tyson, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Callaghan—Farrell—In this city, May 4th, Daniel Callaghan to Eliza A. Farrell.
Goetze—Stelizer—In this city, May 3d, Henry Goetze to Catherine Stelizer.
Hays—McCarty—In this city, May 4th, John Hays to Hannah McCarty.
Lingenfelser—Rohlffs—In this city, May 4th, C. Wm. Lingenfelser to Maria Rohlffs.
Johanson—Peterson—In this city, May 6th, C. A. Johanson to Sophia Peterson.
Johnson—Wheeler—In this city, May 7th, Melville Johnson to Belle Wheeler.
O'Connell—Barrett—In this city, May 4th, Richard O'Connell to Sabina Barrett.
Schulte—Lingenfelser—In this city, May 4th, J. H. Schulte to A. C. Lingenfelser.

TOMB.

Ball—In this city, May 8th, Mrs. Mary F. Ball, aged 67 years, and 2 months.
Bank—In this city, May 3d, Joseph Bank, aged 50 years.
Barkley—In this city, May 8th, Mrs Ann Barkley, aged 55 years.
Bunker—In this city, May 6th, Joseph Bunker, aged 38 years.
Greenough—In this city, May 8th, John R. Greenough, aged 76 years, 10 months.
Keating—In this city, May 3d, Thomas Keating, aged 25 years.
Reynolds—In this city, May 4th, Robert Reynolds, aged 35 years.

MONOPOLY.

The Following Extract from the Antioch *Ledger*, always intelligent and far seeing, is well worthy of careful reading:

With most people the word "monopoly" bears with it a meaning full of terror. Penury, want and starvation of the masses are some of the legitimate fruits which its opposers predict. On this coast the Central Pacific Railroad has been the direct cause of this fear, and so thoroughly are the minds of many of our leading men imbued with this idea of monopoly, that they become immediately frightened at the combination of capital or brains in any undertaking, and forthwith warn the people with lugubrious voice to beware of the suppose monopoly. We are led to these remarks from the fact that several journals in this State—more especially the Stockton *Independent* and the San Francisco *Call*—are doing what they can to make the farmers believe that some gigantic speculation is at the bottom of the attempt to build a canal through this valley, and that in consequence, they (the farmers) will be made the victims of a grand swindle. The *Call* quotes from the *Ledger* of April 26th, and while it favors the undertaking, is fearful lest a few acres of this barren waste shall be donated by Congress to the company. To us this seems like poor logic. If B., by giving a portion of his land to A., *Altona*, a first-class iron propeller, has just arrived with a valuable cargo from Hongkong. Her Captain, Capt. Hore, is a thorough business man, and one much liked. The *Altona* steams on the 24th. The next ship to arrive is the *Bute Lodge*, named after the Marquis of Bute. There are nine A 1 iron propellers on the line, and if the Pacific Mail does not look to its laurels, they will soon play second fiddle.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—New York, May 16th, 1873—Gold opened at 117¼; 11 A. M. at 115; 2 P. M. at 117¾. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 115¾; 1867, 120¾. Sterling Exchange, 109@110¾. Pacific Mail, 40¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 30. Wheat, $1 20@1 30 gold. Pork, 18 dull. Cotton, 19¾. Hides, dry, 23@34, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 50@1 55; Winter Bleached, $1 07@1 15, quiet, weak. Whale, active, 63@65c; Winter Bleached, 72@75c. Wool—Spring, fine, 27@34c.; Burry, 21@26c.; Pulled, 40@55c. Fall Clips, 22@27c.; Burry, 16@21c.

LONDON, May 16.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 3d.@12s. 4d. Club, 12s. 6d. United States Bonds, 69¾. Consols, 93¼@93½.

The Prospectus is issued of the Anglo-Australian Steam Navigation Company (Limited), capital £1,250,000, in £10 shares. The company is formed to establish a line of full powered steamships between Great Britain and Australia, via the Cape of Good Hope; and the ships it is proposed will be six in number, of between 4,000 and 5,000 tons register, each capable of effecting the voyage in forty-two days (fifteen days' less time than by Southampton and Suez), and carrying 100 first, 100 second, 100 third or intermediate, and 300 steerage passengers, with 2,000 tons of general merchandise, and the requisite quantity of stores and coal for the voyage. The ports in Great Britain will be Milford and Liverpool, and in Australia, Melbourne, and the Victorian Government promises a contract for a mail service for five or ten years. A dividend of 10 per cent. is expected as soon as the traffic on the line is developed.

The Report is issued of the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company. After allowing a sufficient reserve for the claims of Her Majesty's Government in respect of the percentage, over and above the 8 per cent. dividend due upon the mail contracts, the directors recommend a distribution for the half-year ending December of £3 15s per share from the profit and loss account, in addition to a bonus of £2 per share the insurance account, making together £5 15s. per share, free of income tax. The directors announce with regret the resignation of the chairmanship by Captain Mangles.

Rye Patch M. and M. Co.—The developments in the Rye Patch Mine continues of the most extraordinary character, and our previous convictions as to the value of this property are more than fully confirmed. Receipts of bullion at the office of the Company during the current week, 9,047 ounces.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents. ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO

NEWS LETTER

California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1873. No. 16.

☞ **OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL, California Mail Bag,** South side Merchant street, No. 605 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—SILVER BARS—1¼@1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 85¼@85½c. Mexican Dollars, 56c.@6c.

☞ Exchange on New York, 8-10@¾ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 16¾ per cent. On London, Bankers 49½@49¾; Commercial 49½@50; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¾.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, May 16, at 3 P. M., 117¾. Latest price of Sterling, 108½@108¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO — May 16, 1873

Stocks and Bonds.	*Bid*	*Ask.*	*Stocks and Bonds.*	*Bid*	*Ask*
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	102	103	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	115	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	99	100	Oakland 10s	115	117
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	99	100	Spring Valley Water Co.	75	80
Legal Tender Notes	85¾	86	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '81	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1883	90	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	32½	35
S F City and Co. Bonds, 6s '95	95	—	Front St M and O R R Co	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Firemen's Fund Insur'ce Co	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	80	82½	Merchant's Mutual M Ins Co	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 6s	92	98	Co mercial Insurance Co.	85	90
Santa Clara Bonds, 6s	90	—	Pacific Bank	80	86
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	125	127
San Francisco Gas Light, Co.	67	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

THE GERMAN PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Company have had the field to themselves for a long time. Their lumbering, old paddle-wheels have churned the Pacific without opposition for years, and their cargoes of pig-tailed abominations have no doubt paid them well. But now, just when the affairs of the Company have received a series of blows, from losses in wrecks and losses by Stockwell & Co., in steps the German Pacific Mail Steamship Company, and bids fair to run their old side-wheels from the Pacific waters. One of their steamers, the *Altona*, a first-class iron propeller, has just arrived with a valuable cargo from Hongkong. Her Captain, Capt. Hore, is a thorough business man, and one much liked. The *Altona* steams on the 24th. The next ship to arrive is the *Bute Lodge*, named after the Marquis of Bute. There are nine A 1 iron propellers on the line, and if the Pacific Mail does not look to its laurels, they will soon play second fiddle.

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☞ **MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to** receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

THE MONEY MARKET.

Money has been easier this week than it was last, decidedly so, though still in very active demand. The improvement is due mainly to two causes: *First*—Two of our great mines, the Crown Point and Belcher, have just paid out enormous dividends, aggregating near $5,000,000. This has given fresh vigor to the Share Market, strengthened confidence generally, and added to the coin in circulation. *Second*—There has been a let-up at the East. Money is easier in New York. The intense pressure there and high rates growing out of it attracted money from all quarters, and there was a great influx, which gave relief. Though still high, the rates now approximate more nearly nominal figures. Very little change, however, has taken place in Gold on the Atlantic side, but that is another matter. Gold is not money over there. Bank Notes and Greenbacks are money. Gold is only a commodity, and the supply of it is running very low. Notwithstanding the recent sales and disbursements by Government, the price fluctuates but slightly and temporarily. The fact is patent that the Secretary of the Treasury has no longer power to *bear* the market as formerly; but his operations have wonderfully checked the advance for the time being. This, however, facilitates the export of gold, and such has been the effect of the Secretary's manipulations all along—*bearing* Gold—until its relative cheapness has made it the most desirable commodity in the country for export, and so it has gone, *gone*, until at length the prospect of absolute exhaustion stares our Eastern friends in the face; $35,000,000 exported last year against a production of scarcely $70,000,000. In this emergency they naturally turn to this coast as the chief source of supply, and hence, in part, the heavy demand on us of late for Gold Coin. But since the first of the present month the payment of interest on Government Bonds has released some $15,000,000 or more from the Treasury, and the demand on us has fallen off. The shipments of Coin this week have been comparatively trifling, while at the same time the Mint has been in very active operation, so that our supply of Coin has augmented.

G. O'Hara Taaffe, Esq., the lately appointed Consul for Sweden and Norway, was the recipient of a flattering ovation Monday night, being waited upon with a serenade by a band of select singers of the Scandinavian Society, accompanied by a numerous attendance of prominent natives of the Scandinavian peninsula. Mr and Mrs. Taaffe had already retired to bed when the well known notes of the Northland airs fell upon their ears, but were not slow in leaving their couch to throw open their doors and acknowledge the compliment intended, as we understand, as an expression of appreciation not only of Mr. Taaffe's long services as Vice-Consul, but also of his promotion to Consul for the United Northern Kingdoms, which in fact meets *general* approval. Champagne flowed, oratory was resorted to, and about midnight the visitors tore themselves away, to allow their host and hostess to return into the realm of Somnus.

The Establishment of a line of steamers between San Francisco and Hongkong is now a fixed fact. There are three now on the way hither, viz: *The Lord of the Isles, Quang Se*, and the *Cyphrenes*. The first will be due in a few days, the second June 1st, and the 3d about the 6th of June. In addition to these, the *Galley of Lorne* will leave Hongkong on the 18th of June for this port, and is to inaugurate the new line of British steamers, of which Macondray & Co. are agents. *The Lord of the Isles*, on her return, will go via Yokohama. The *Quang Se*, although an English vessel, is under charter to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

San Francisco and Northern Pacific Railroad.—The route is decidedly the shortest, cheapest, and by far the most pleasant for tourists to take who purpose visiting the Geysers, Skaggs Springs or Clear Lake. The country on either side of the line is picturesque, and all the surroundings are far more pleasant than those on any other railroad. Excursion tickets good for the season are offered at greatly reduced rates, at the Company's office, 420 Montgomery street.

The Splendid Sign of the Placard Exchange, which yesterday attracted such a crowd on Merchant street, was painted by Noble & Gallagher, and the wood-work done by Gilbert & Moore. It is undoubtedly the finest sign in the city, and reflects great credit on the painters and makers, also on the enterprise of the Placard Exchange Company.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

Vol. 3. THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL BAG, FOR MAY. No. 3.

REMEMBER.

If within your crystal soul a question,
Of the color of my passion, vexes;
If its unsought incense thrown around you,
By excess, perplexes;
Know no worshipped saint I hold above you—
Remember that I love you.

If you cannot answer all the fulness
Of the measure of my heart's devotion,
If your leaning toward me is but only
A reflected motion;
Know, than worlds, even so, I'd rather move you—
Remember that I love you.

If love's perfumed air expands in blessing,
But in moments when its sweets surround you;
If from its pervading presence parted,
Questions still confound you;
Know that never doubts of mine disprove you—
Remember that I love you.

If your features, warmed by my caressing,
Glow with a divine illumination,
But to fade too soon in shades of silence,
Stirred by no pulsation;
Know my soul refuses to reprove you—
Remember that I love you.

And there is a meaning in "I love you,"
[illegible] in later days of embryo guessing;
As the [illegible] to sunshine
Flame in heart-confessing;
Know in golden truth I do approve you—
Remember that I love you.

—*Mary B. Dodge in Appleton's Journal.*

FINANCE IN QUEENSLAND.

Australian Treasurers will have reason to remember the year 1872 as one of great financial prosperity. There is scarcely a colony on the mainland but can boast of an income in excess of the estimate, and in one instance at least, that of New South Wales, the surplus over expenditure is almost embarrassingly large. Queensland, although she has not attained to the same enviable distinction as her next door neighbor, has yet a handsome balance to the good. Beginning the year under hopeful auspices, her receipts have not only realized expectations, but have exceeded them by a round £150,000. To this result every important department of revenue has contributed something, and the colonists reasonably congratulate themselves upon the fact as indicating that the state of things over which they are in a position to rejoice is not merely accidental.

For some reason or other it has become the custom among writers about the colonies to place South Australia and Queensland in the same category, and for this reason, if for no other, the financial operations of our northeastern sister have for us a special interest. In examining into them we find that in many respects, either as to processes or results, or both, they differ widely from our own. Take, for example, the item of customs, which [illegible] both provinces. In [illegible] the Treasurer [illegible] £[illegible] a year, an amount [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] £11 [illegible]

It will no doubt interest the people of South Australia, who at the very suggestion of increased taxation are accustomed to betray a restlessness which [illegible] has effectually answered its object, to know that the burdens [illegible] borne by Queenslanders are nearly three times as heavy as those placed on our shoulders. Excluding the excise and gold duties, but taking into account the stamp tax, which produces an amount of £23,219, the levy upon Queensland taxpayers last year yielded £431,862. This, divided amongst a population of 130,000 souls, gives a total of nearly £3 12s., almost thrice the average sum paid by South Australians, who, under the head of customs, contribute something short of £1 8s. each, and have no equivalent for the stamp duty fund. The land revenue of our Eastern neighbor approximates closely to that of this colony, but there is a wide difference in the items. Out of an aggregate of £310,000 the absolute sales of land only bring in £13,000, the principal dependence of the Treasurer being upon the rents of conditional purchases, £115,000; and pastoral rents, £111,772. In 1872 there was an extraordinary amount of activity in the mining departments, the mineral selections realizing £45,300. It is not to be supposed that this branch of income will maintain its productiveness, although the fact that selectors are allowed to obtain the fee-simple of mineral lands tends to keep it in a flourishing state. The only other departments of revenue worth mentioning are those of railways, which brought close in upon £90,000—a comparatively moderate sum considering their length; the post office, which yielded £23,000, and the electric telegraph, from which £16,[illegible] was received. The gross income for the year, irrespective of special receipts devoted to special services was £[illegible].

In the matter of expenditure there are some points in connection with the Queensland accounts worthy of notice. In the first place it is observable that the establishments almost without exception show an increase upon 1871, amounting in the aggregate to several thousand pounds. How far this is due to the natural expansion of that department, and how far to the relaxation of that economical policy which a depressed state of public finance rendered necessary does not appear, but the expenses of Government certainly seem large for a community like Queensland. The actual outlay during the year upon what may be termed ordinary services reached £832,000, an amount slightly, but only slightly, in advance of the estimate. On the police the enormous sum of £80,000 odd was [illegible], upon the conveyance of mails and the maintenance of the post office and electric telegraph departments the [illegible] total of £71,[illegible] was expended, whilst for the purposes of education [illegible] was provided. [illegible] [illegible] Austra[illegible] being tried in Queensland [illegible] With regard to several [illegible] expenditure [illegible] of [illegible], which last year amounted to over £[illegible], was partly met out of the general revenue and partly out of borrowed money, by far the larger portion coming from the latter source. Railways and roads, [illegible], telegraphs, harbors and rivers and steamers for public [illegible] have been [illegible] and even municipalities appear to depend for their subsidies upon the Loan Fund. Hitherto as our Treasurers and Legislature have become in matters financial, they have not yet espoused such liberal views as seem to animate Queensland politicians. We have got as near to borrowing for the maintenance of main roads as our natural abhorrence of such a system will allow, but we have not openly and deliberately provided the Treasurer with a chest of borrowed money from which to make up current deficiencies at his will. As a matter of fact, last year's outlay from loans upon the services mentioned reached £112,[illegible] in Queensland, and that in spite of the fact that the revenue surpassed the ordinary disbursements by nearly £1[illegible].

Looking at the Queensland accounts as a whole we may gain from them instruction both as to what we should do and what we should avoid. They show conclusively that in the matter of taxation for general State purposes South Australia are specially favored, whilst in other respects, and notably in regard to the appropriation of loans, a more sound policy prevails here than among our northeastern neighbors.—*Australasian Paper.*

The Australian Preserved Meat Companies are now arranging for freezing their meat in casks. The entire animal will be frozen and landed in England as fresh as when first shipped.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance. Capital [illegible] Officers: John H. Redington, President; [illegible] H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; [illegible], Marine Secretary. H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS.—San Francisco: [illegible] Gregory, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, D. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Sharp, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann [illegible] Oregon Branch [illegible], C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San [illegible] Charles Crocker [illegible] Redington, Mark [illegible] Stockton Branch [illegible] W. Simpson, A. T. Hud[illegible] San Jose Branch [illegible] Jackson Lewis [illegible] A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley [illegible] William Watt [illegible] Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb 1.

REMOVAL

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their [illegible] Fire and MARINE INSURANCE [illegible] commensurate with the hazard assumed, and [illegible] attention of the insuring public is invited to [illegible] responsible citizens: of Directors, comprising [illegible] W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James [illegible], Peter Dean, [illegible] [illegible] T. Gile, W. B. Hooper, [illegible] Freeman, N. D. Thayer, Jas. [illegible] [illegible] KELLOGG, President. [illegible] Secretary. May

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.

WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. [illegible] Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 13 Merchants Exchange [illegible] in any other responsible company. All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. [illegible] Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair [illegible] DIRECTORS—SAN FRANCISCO: [illegible] J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, [illegible] Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, [illegible] Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—[illegible] Houghton L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—[illegible] GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. [illegible] KITTLE, Vice President
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and [illegible] streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.

GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,380,000. [illegible] Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
W. L. BOOKER, Agent
No. 319 California street, San Francisco.
[illegible]

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8 No. 430 California street

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 18.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. R. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan 25.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [illegible] Secretary, [illegible] Montgomery street

PETERS & HAM,

JAS. H. HAM.] [WM. S. PETERS.
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . . **1 Rue Scribe, Paris.**
[March 29.]

JAMES G. STEELE & CO.

Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, California. Dec 21

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare [illegible] all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.
Nov 16. Portland, Maine

A. ROMAN & CO.,

ANTON ROMAN.] [J. A. HOFMANN.
Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS-RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—[illegible] Freres
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. [illegible]
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanzeinth & Fils, Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co
Constantinople—Ballozzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; [illegible]
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce, Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine, Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnd Freres et Cie, Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M. Whitney
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co; Rothschilds, Bank of London; Baring, Bros & Co, Delisy, Davies & Co; [illegible] "Public Opinion," "Telegraph," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—Williamson, [illegible] & Co, Alsop & Co; Huth, Grunning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall
Lisbon—Unias Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadle & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fills & Co; Roux de Fraissint.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.

A MYSTERY.

BY JOHN G. WHITTIER.

The river hemmed with leaning trees,
Wound through its meadows green;
A low, blue line of mountains showed
The open pines between.

One sharp, tall peak above them all
Clear into sunlight sprang:
I saw the river of my dreams,
The mountains that I sang!

No clue of memory led me on,
But well the ways I knew;
A feeling of familiar things
With every footstep grew.

The river wound as it should wind;
Their place the mountains took,
The white, torn fringes of their clouds
Wore no unwonted look.

Yet ne'er before that river's rim
Was pressed by feet of mine,
Never before mine eyes had crossed
That broken mountain line.

A presence, strange at once and known,
Walked with me as my guide:
The skirts of some forgotten life
Trailed noiseless at my side.

Was it a dim remembered dream?
Or glimpse through æons old?
The secret which the mountains kept,
The river never told.

But from the vision ere it passed,
A tender hope I drew,
And, pleasant as a dawn of Spring,
The thought within me grew,

That love would temper every change,
And soften all surprise,
And, misty with the dreams of earth,
The hills of Heaven arise.

HOW THE LONDONERS SPENT EASTER MONDAY.

Fine Weather, a Bank Holiday, and the almost universal cessation from business on Easter Monday, caused the main thoroughfares of the metropolis to be thronged from an early hour in the morning with thousands of persons of all classes and ages making their way to the various railway stations. The day was bright sunny, and warm; the wind had changed to the southeast; and a clear sky took the place of the oppressive gloom of Good Friday. From seven until ten o'clock trains crowded with excursionists were dispatched as rapidly as safety would permit from the various London termini—Margate, Ramsgate, Brighton, Portsmouth, Southampton, Dover, and other towns on the south, southeastern, and southwestern coasts being those more generally resorted to. The suburban traffic from the Waterloo station of the southwestern line to Hampton Court, Kew, Putney, Richmond, etc., was enormous, and the station was thronged until a late hour in the afternoon, hundreds at last leaving greatly disappointed with their fruitless efforts to find accommodation in the crowded trains. The scene at the stations of the Chatham and Dover and Crystal Palace lines were of a similar character, and the officials report they do not recollect a day when the traffic was greater. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] about 14,000. By four o'clock in the afternoon 10,210 persons had passed into the Bethnal Green Museum, and two hours earlier the visitors at the National Gallery were between 7,000 and 7,000. More than 43,000 holiday-keepers went to the Crystal Palace, and 10,450 visited the Brighton Aquarium. It is universally admitted that on no previous Easter Monday has so large a number of the inhabitants of the metropolis kept holiday, and that there was but little disorderly conduct or intemperance to be seen in the streets, which were thronged with the homeward-bound holiday makers until a late hour at night. In the evening the theaters were crowded, although, with very few exceptions, the programmes remained unchanged. At the Adelphi a melo-drama founded on the story of "The Wandering Jew" was produced, and at the Gaiety a burlesque by Mr. Reece, called *Martha*. The other houses presented a remarkably stationary aspect. At the Haymarket there was the *Wicked World*; at the Lyceum, *Charles I*; at the Olympic, *Little Em'ly*; at the Strand, *Old Soldiers*; at the Prince of Wales, *Man and Wife*; at the Queen's, *Old London*; at the Globe, *Time Works Wonders*; at the Opera Comique, *The Bohemians*; at the Court, *The Happy Land*; at the Holborn, *Much Ado About Nothing*; to which a particular effect is given by Mr. Creswick's performance of the two parts, "Benedick" and "Dogberry;" at the Vaudeville, the *School for Scandal*; and at the Alhambra, *Black Crook*.

THE BANK FORGERIES.

Austin Bidwell, alias Warren, one of the men concerned in the forgeries on the Bank of England, who was arrested on his arrival at Havana [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Michael, professing to be commission merchants, attempted to obtain from the [illegible] Bank of Boston on a bogus check drawn by a Chicago house; but the bank officers were too smart for them and they made off to escape arrest. Michael, in October of the same year, having in his company a young man named Hill, appeared in Worcester, Massachusetts, and by forging a certified check got $20,000 out of a bank there, and then stole a horse and wagon to aid them in escaping. Hill was subsequently arrested in New Jersey for a forgery perpetrated in connection with Michael Macdonnell [illegible] years in the State Prison, but was pardoned out [illegible]. George Macdonnell was one of the gang at the time of these forgeries, but did not appear as a principal. From the admission of his confederates, however, it appears that George was the inventive head of the organization, and planned a gigantic system of forgeries in the United States. Deposits in small sums were to be made in different banks and certified checks to be obtained thereon, which were to be altered, and, by simultaneous action, the forgers expected to make a haul amounting in the aggregate to hundreds of thousands of dollars. After Michael had been in prison over a year, George came here and tried to get him released when the Legislature was in session, but met with no encouragement. Michael then tried to bribe the son of the late warden, Willard, to aid him in securing outside assistance, and gave him a letter to W. W. Bidwell, in New York, which was never delivered. This Bidwell, it now appears, was one of the confederates of George Macdonnell in the English robbery. These facts go to show the gang is an old one, and the New York detectives in concealing that fact evidently have some motive for it. Michael's term in the State Prison will expire next Fall, and he will go free now that the Worcester matter is settled."

The Public Debt of the United States was decreased $1,644,000 during the month of April. The total amount of the debt and accrued interest on the 1st May was $2,252,377,630, while the amount in the treasury was $96,641,217, including $70,537,377 in coin, against which there were outstanding gold certificates amounting to $24,141,000, thus reducing the proportion owned by the Government to $46,600,000.

PORTLAND CEMENT

John C. Gostling & Co., London.—The Portland Cement supplied by the above is now considered superior to any manufactured, and as a proof of this we may mention a few of the important works where it has been extensively used, viz: the Metropolitan Board of Works, in the Main Drainage and [illegible] [illegible] Carvers, $2 50 per pair. [illegible] this Coast. [illegible]
Or to J. C. GOSTLING & CO. [illegible] London. Mar 1.

TO CLOSE COPARTNERSHIP.

We will sell Cut Glass Goblets, $3 per dozen; Cut Glass Fruit Bowls, [illegible] 1 Sugar Bowl, [illegible] Rodgers Bros.' Table Spoons [illegible] Table Forks $5 [illegible] per dozen; [illegible] Ivory hd. [illegible] Carvers, $2 50 per pair. And all goods in our immense Stock in like proportion.
March 29. HAVILAND, HOOPER & CO., 335 Pine street, S. F.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento,	J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco

Dec. 9.]

S. F. AND N. P. R. R. CO.—CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after April 1st, 1873, the steamer connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted) from Broadway Wharf, at 3:00 o'clock P.M. Returning, the train will leave Cloverdale [illegible] connecting at Donahue with steamer and arriving in San Francisco at [illegible] Steamers and cars make close connections with stages to and from all points. SUNDAY EXCURSION.—On and after April 13th, leave San Francisco at [illegible] arriving at Cloverdale at one o'clock P.M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 3 o'clock, arriving in San Francisco at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] road. For all information apply at the Company's office, 424 Montgomery street.
April 12. PETER DONAHUE, President.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. [illegible] FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

金山唐山新聞紙

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current; Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date; latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 21.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lillie [illegible], Alexandre Joseph, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 29 MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S.F.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Gerke Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at [illegible] Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
[illegible] HAMLIN, Manager Nov 11

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co., Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 17.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid by [illegible] Feb 9 [illegible] & CO. 412 Front street.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by [illegible] & CO.
March [illegible] Front street, S. F.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan 4 No. 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

COURT CHAT.

The Prince of Wales, who was accompanied by the Princess, laid the first stone of the Norfolk County School at North Elmham on April 14. The place was gaily decorated, the streets were crowded and their Royal Highnesses were received with much enthusiasm. The school has been originated on the Devonshire model, principally through the exertions of the Rev. J. L. Brereton, and the necessary capital (£10,000) has been provided through the organization of a limited liability company. Replying to an address, the Prince said: "It is a sincere gratification to contribute—in however small a degree—to the education of a class with which as a landowner I am so intimately connected; and it is with the strongest feelings of hope and confidence in the beneficent results that I now proceed to lay the first stone of a school first projected and still mainly intended for the advantage of the agricultural community. The Princess, by her presence on this occasion, desires to be associated in all my good wishes for the ultimate success of the undertaking, and we both beg you to accept our warm and cordial thanks for the kind sentiments you have expressed towards us." The proceedings ended with a luncheon served in a marquee upon the ground, and to which the Prince and Princess of Wales were invited. About six hundred ladies and gentlemen sat down, under the presidency of Lord Leicester. The Prince of Wales, in acknowledging the toast of his health, said: "My lot being cast in Norfolk, as a country gentleman it has always been my earnest desire to do all in my power to further any good work which may be set on foot in the country, especially it has given the Princess of Wales and myself great pleasure to lay the foundation stone of this Norfolk County School, which I sincerely hope may prosper in every possible way. The school has been founded by the tenant farmers of Norfolk upon a new principle, and I have not the slightest doubt that it will flourish. I take a deep interest in this school, as I do in the education of all classes of our community. And it will afford me the greatest pleasure to connect myself still more closely with the school by presenting a prize, leaving it to the managers to decide in what shape it shall be given. I wish to show you that not only am I ready to come here to-day to lay the foundation of this school, but that I also desire to have a permanent connection with the institution." On leaving the marquee the Prince and Princess paid a visit to Lord and Lady Sondes at Elmham Hall, and returned to Sandringham by way of Lynn and Wolferton.

Unexpected Manifestation of Loyalty.—A remarkable and amusing incident occurred, says the Madras *Mail*, in connection with Lord Northbrook's visit to the Colaba Lunatic Asylum, which illustrates in a notable way the deep and sincere loyalty of the Parsee nation towards the Queen. Mr. Rattonjee Furdoonjee Parack, of Messrs. Menesse & Co., observing the Viceroy's cortege passing Lower Colaba Causeway toward the Asylum, thought of paying respect to His Lordship on his return in a truly oriental style. By the time the Viceregal party passed on its return Mr. Rattonjee's bungalow, he had all the ladies of his house, upwards of a dozen, nicely dressed with silk and jewels, and kept them ready to "do respect" to the Lord Saheb. The ladies had silver trays of flowers, rose-water, cotton soaked in essence of rose, etc., ready in their hands, and stood near the gateway of the bungalow. As soon as the Viceroy's carriage drove up from Upper Colaba, Mr. Rattonjee made a sign to the coachman to pull up, and Lord Northbrook happening to see the Parsee's signal ordered his driver to stop. No sooner was the carriage stopped than all the young Parsee ladies rushed towards His Lordship and began to shower flowers, rose-water, etc., upon him, his carriage and his horses. When a Parsee lady wishes to pay her respects to a gentleman of high position, or when she wishes to bless him, she raises her hands and cracks her fingers against her temples. This was done by the ladies of Mr. Rattonjee's family, showing the greatest respect to the Queen's representative. His Lordship was so pleased with this unexpected manifestation of loyalty that he repeatedly bowed to Mr. Rattonjee and his family, and expressed himself highly pleased with the manner in which respect was shown him. Lord Northbrook's party then drove on to Parell.

On April 17th the Queen, accompanied by Prince Leopold and Princess Beatrice, drove from Osborne to Parkhurst, where Her Majesty presented new colors to the 79th Cameron Highlanders. Newport was en fête, and so, indeed, was the whole district through which Her Majesty drove. The 103d Madras Fusiliers, under the command of Colonel Jaffson, kept the ground and formed a guard of honor for Her Majesty. The Queen's colors were received from the hands of Her Majesty by Lieut. Campell-Money, and the regimental colors by Lieut. Methuen. Her Majesty said: "It gives me great pleasure to present these new colors to you. In thus entrusting you with this honorable charge I have the fullest confidence that you will, with the true loyalty and well-known devotion of Highlanders, preserve the honor and reputation of your regiment, which has been so brilliantly earned and so nobly maintained by the 79th Cameron Highlanders." After a few remarks by General Miller, the regiment presented arms and heartily responded to the invitation of Viscount Templetown by giving three cheers for the Queen. The royal party then left the field amid enthusiastic applause.

A Correspondent of the Daily News at Kief narrates the following piece of gossip which has reached him from Moscow respecting the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh and the only daughter of the Czar: "They are to live half the year at least in Russia, and have one of the new houses on the quay, in front of the Admiralty, at St. Petersburg. My informant was very precise about this part of the plan. The bride's fortune is to be a million of roubles. One of the chief causes of delay in the arrangement of the match has been the wish on each side to stipulate for living the greater part of the year in England or Russia respectively. Hence the compromise of dividing the time equally between the two. A question of precedence in England is said to have contributed to this delay."

We are Glad to Observe that an effort is being made to raise a memorial to the late Sir James Brooke, Rajah Brooke of Sarawak, who died nearly five years ago, and of whom no memorial exists. "It is a reflection on our nation," writes General Sir G. le Grand Jacob, in a letter before us, "that one who did such wonders in the East should so soon be forgotten. I (he adds), who lived and traveled with him in Borneo, knew his worth and witnessed the childlike veneration of him by his people." We are sure that the suggestion made elsewhere in our columns will be warmly responded to. Sir James Brooke's eminent services ought to be publicly recognized by a statue to his memory in Westminster Abbey, side by side with that to Sir Stamford Raffles, the benefactor of Java.

A Rich Escheat to the Crown.—Letters of administration of the effects of Mrs. Maria Mangin Browne, late of 21 Hereford street, Mayfair, who died on December 21, 1871, a widow, without child or parent, brother or sister, uncle or aunt, nephew or niece, cousin-german, or any know relative, and intestate, have been granted to Mr. John Grey, the solicitor for the affairs of Her Majesty's Treasury, the personal property being sworn under £250,000. By the death of this lady, without leaving a will and without relations, this large property, nearly a quarter of a million, falls to the Crown.

Mr. Holman Hunt's Picture of "The Shadow of Death," which was submitted to the inspection of Her Majesty the Queen last week, and which has exclusively occupied the time of the artist during the last four years, will not be exhibited for some months to come. Mr. Holman Hunt returns to Palestine immediately, and it is probable that the result of his long labor may be submitted for public criticism in November next.

A Well-Informed Correspondent states that a marriage is upon the *tapis* between the eldest son of a Somersetshire county member and a youthful heiress whose esteemed uncle twice served the office of Mayor of Bristol. The real and personal property of the young heiress is represented as not falling short of £400,000.

In the Contribution Box at the Bristol Royal Infirmary a gift of a most unusual character was found, namely, a gold wedding ring and keeper. The giver is of course unknown. It may have been from a widow wishing to convey her grateful thanks for attention to a lost husband.

The Marquis of Lorn is undergoing a month's instruction at Woolwich as colonel of the Argyle Volunteers.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 609 to 613 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 3d. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 609 to 613 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally.

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 121 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has now expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself—the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders, Thomas Donnolly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure [illegible] Saleratus, and his Unadulterated, Unequaled Bicarbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 315 and 317 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business, now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.

San Francisco, January 25, 1873. [Feb. 1.] THOMAS DONNOLLY.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, [illegible] shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,

Agent Decoto Land Company, 621 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 21.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting [illegible] the mechanism of the world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. [illegible] can therefore be used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO.

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties (tarred or untarred) of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are so located that orders can be shipped Direct, by rail or water, to any part of the State, when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY. [April 24.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 116 Front street.

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for Rope of any special lengths and sizes. Constantly on hand, a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes; Tarred Manila Rope; Hay Rope; Whale Line, etc., etc.

April 23. TUBBS & CO., 611 and 613 Front street.

$5,000—A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE

I will dispose of an interest in my Wonderful Bedstead to a live man. It is a regular Bedstead. A sick person, however large, handled as easy as a babe. Raises the patients up; turns them over from one side to the other, makes up the bed and changes the clothes; places patient on the feet or on a vessel; separates patient from bed and cools the bed; rocks to sleep, and all without using the hands or disturbing the slumbers. BENJAMIN POLLARD

April 26. [illegible] Market street

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

REMOVAL.

The San Francisco and Pacific Sugar Company and R. Feuerstein & Co. have removed their offices to the Second Floor of TALLANT'S NEW BANKING HOUSE, Northeast corner of Battery and California streets. April 26.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind

Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 22

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Roney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 15.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FOR SALE, RETAIL, EVERY SATURDAY, AT THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS IN THE PORTS OF THE WORLD:—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Aliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd
Paris—W. C. Watson, Henry Mai.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamula & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Rosa, Cross & Co, Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co, Huth, Gruning & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Berill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

REQUIESCAT

More was buried with you, love,
Than [illegible]
Yet [illegible]
When you passed from our life away.

More was buried with you, love,
Than the spring of your young renown,
And the glow of the fresh green laurel leaves
That were weaving to make your crown.

More was buried with you, love
Than golden hopes and dreams—
Than all the glittering halo hung
Round a true heart's noble schemes.

For oh! when the heavy sods lay straight,
In the black December weather,
The light of a home and the strength of a life
Were left 'neath their weight together.

There were many around your grave, love,
With an honest tear and prayer,
But one, as she knelt beside it, knew
Her youth, too, rested there. —*Young Englishwoman.*

ENGLAND'S AFRICAN DIFFICULTY.

We are Impressed with the heavy anxiety Africa is becoming. Dr. Livingstone is not yet out of the wood, and the last expedition to his relief has met with the usual impediments of a march to the interior. If it is not war with the natives, it is sure to be mutiny in the force, the failure of supplies, or the utter prostration of the party by fever. Inadequate as must be the conception here of the hardships of an African march, we seem to get sufficiently familiar with records of travel in this region to judge a calamitous end to an expedition far more probable than a successful one. Livingstone has seemed to possess a charmed life, though what he has suffered has scarcely had a parallel in human experience. The rugged desolation of the country, fierce heat, perils from wild animals and scarcely less savage inhabitants, is all made finally dangerous by the curse of a slave traffic. Even the blacks, who would be blessed by such an expedition as that led by Sir Samuel Baker, look with suspicion upon the strangers, and conjecture that they have come to engage in the very trade they desire to suppress, while all the slave participators hate the interferers. The strength of this feeling is evidenced by the treatment Sir Bartle Frere is receiving. The slave market must be flourishing surprisingly for the Sultan of Zanzibar to treat with indifference the Ambassador of Great Britain. Yet so it is; and we have plenty of evidence that this systematic slave trade has a hold in the interior that will tax all the courage, enterprising benevolence, and patience of the British nation. It is a responsibility we shall not shrink from. England has determined that the East African coast shall be cleared of slave dhows. It may be a work of time, valuable lives and much revenue may be risked in the attempt, but it will be ultimately successful, and the Sultan of Zanzibar should take note that he will have to succumb, like Theodore, sooner or later, and that he may as well yield sooner and save himself trouble. Opposition will only intensify our zeal; and if the fate of Sir Samuel and Lady Baker be unhappily as reported, that also will add to the conviction that we must not withdraw our hand until the slave trade in Indian waters ceases, and the traffic even far into the interior of Africa paralyzed. At present, it must be admitted, there is a difficulty in Africa almost as intricate and troublesome as that in Central Asia. —*Overland Mail.*

A TERRIBLE RUMOR.

A Terrible Rumor about the fate of Sir Samuel and Lady Baker and their adventurous followers is the talk of the hour. As it is not yet confirmed we may hope that, like the reports of the death of Livingstone, it is unfounded. Still it is but too probable that the intrepid travelers have perished. The expedition to the White Nile which the Khedive of Egypt entrusted to Sir Samuel Baker three years ago has not prospered. The last news previous to this rumor was sufficiently ominous to prepare us for even so disastrous a termination to the expedition as the murder of the few remaining survivors. The travelers started prepared for hostilities. The object of their mission—to get at the sources of the slave traffic—had only to be mentioned to invite violent opposition. They were accordingly a strongly-armed party at starting, numbering about 1,000. They soon encountered opposition that thinned their ranks. Before the Albert Nyanza was reached, the hardships of the march and hostile attacks of inhabitants had reduced the thousand to two hundred. Gondokoro, the depot of the slave trade, had been destroyed, and Ismailia reared in its place. The news of these severe measures ran in advance of Sir Samuel Baker. Who was he? who was the Khedive of Egypt, that these people of the interior were to submit to either? Opposition became all the more threatening as the diminished strength of the expedition became apparent. Sir Samuel and his intrepid wife, with not more than thirty of their followers left, were last reported entrenched in a fort among the people of a hostile chief, in want of supplies, months away from help, and with camp destroyed to keep it from the savages. What more probable than that, as the report says, they at length surrendered, and then were barbarously massacred? So likely is it, that it is ingeniously suggested the rumor may after all be but the echo of what we have all thought imminent. At present no such disastrous news has reached the India Office or the Foreign Office by the usual channels, and this supports incredulity in what no one wishes to believe. The expedition of relief dispatched by the Khedive has gone by way of Zanzibar, but it must be months before we can have conclusive reports by this means.

THE WALL STREET LOCK-UP.

A Trio of Desperate Gamblers.—Jay Gould, Henry N. Smith and Alden B. Stockwell are held to be responsible in the main for the present locking up; and the consequent curses heaped upon them are both loud and deep. They are generally regarded as the fathers of all the mischief brewing or brewed in the streets. Ever since Smith walked about for three days with $5,000,000 of greenbacks sewed up in the lining of his overcoat, he is supposed to be engaged in some financial deviltry; and I am inclined to think the presumption not far from correct. He and Gould and Stockwell have been running in a trio for some time, and they appear to be of advantage to one another. It is said that each supplies what the other wants, and the result is, they form a very strong combination. Independent of the monetary pressure, the question of most interest at present is, how long will or can these three great operators keep on their feet? No one gives them beyond the present year. Some declare they will be borne down before the present Summer vacation. Others swear that they are "broke" now, but are keeping a stiff upper lip. If really bankrupt, which is not at all probable, they certainly are wearing their lip firmly. If they should tumble now, what a howl of delight would rise! Men would embrace each other in sympathy of hatred. Come what may, the three cannot last very long. Nobody does in Wall street. Gould has been on the rampage for about five years, Stockwell about three; Smith about two. It is time their end was approaching. It is only a question of seasons—the best season perhaps the last. As far as can be gathered, Smith and Gould are at present holding up Stockwell, who, with a little more holding, hopes to be able to be independently erect. Smith either has, or controls, from $15,000,000 to $20,000,000. Gould controls $20,000,000 to $25,000,000. They are thought to be in league with some of the strongest banks, and thus they have the power to put the screws down until even a bag of double-eagles is compelled to bleed and scream after their scattered little ones.—*N. Y. Correspondence Chicago Tribune.*

This Seems rather Severe Treatment: We learn that Sergeant Buck, who, when chairman of a recent volunteer dinner at Hull, refused, being a Republican, to toast the Queen, has been dismissed by his colonel from the corps, of which he is the crack shot. This was making Buck pay dear for a very natural refusal. Toast the Queen! Why, they would ask him to grill the Prince of Wales next and—horrible treason—finish off by devilling the rest of the Royal Family. Before we would attempt such traitorous crimes we'd be fried ourselves.

There was Great Delicacy in the manner in which a foreigner, having a friend hung in this country, broke the intelligence to his relations on the other side of the water. He wrote as follows: "Your brother had been addressing a large meeting of citizens, who had manifested the deepest interest in him, when the platform upon which he stood being, as was subsequently ascertained, very insecure, gave way, owing to which he fell and broke his neck!"

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, [illegible] Cashier, [illegible] Directors: [illegible], Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. New York Agents—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange payable in London and elsewhere bought and sold at current rates, also Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted.

Oct. 2. A. McKINLAY, (Agents.) A. S. FINNIE.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.

George Lette, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Babcock. Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 204 Sansome street, (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller, in Boston, Tremont National Bank; In London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the-Main. March 23.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

Guaranteed Capital, $150,000. Office, No. 6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco, California. LEONIDAS E. PRATT,

Geo. H. Bush, Secretary [April 16.] President

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight [illegible] July 4

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 21

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking [illegible] street. July 2.

PIONEER LAND AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

Bank of Savings and Deposit, 413 California street. Incorporated, 1869. Guarantee Fund, $50,000. Sixtieth Dividend payable on the 5th of June. Deposits in Gold, Silver, and Currency receive one per cent. per month on the same. Certificates of Deposit issued, payable at three days' notice, bearing ten per cent. per annum. Reports can be obtained at the Bank. This Incorporation is in its fifth year, and refers to over five hundred depositors for its economical and successful management; thereby securing the full amount of interest earned. No charge for [illegible]. Money to loan on approved securities.

[illegible] President [May 10.] H. KOHPAHL, Cashier.

NOTICE.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City Hall, San Francisco, Nov. 14th, 1872. The Report of the Board of Public Works in the matter of the OPENING OF MONTGOMERY AVENUE having on this fourteenth day of November 1872 been [illegible] and confirmed by the County Court of the city and county of San Francisco, notice is hereby given that the said board is now prepared to deliver MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS to all persons, for damages awarded [illegible] equal to the damages awarded for land taken and [illegible]. WM. ALVORD

H. S. Tibbey, Secretary [May 10.] President of the Board of Public Works

FIREPROOF SAFES

At Hall's Safe and Lock Co.'s Pacific Branch, No. 537 Market street, will be found a large stock of HALL'S CELEBRATED PATENT CONCRETE FIREPROOF SAFES. Patent Dovetailed Burglar Proof Safes, Residence Safes, Bank and Vault Locks, etc. All orders and communications from Pacific States, South America, Japan, China and Australia should be addressed Hall's Safe and Lock Co., San Francisco, California, U. S. A." Catalogues and price lists sent free. [May 10.]

COSMOPOLITAN SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No. 626 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits, One per Cent. per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, Six per Cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book.

J. Crocker, Secretary. [May 10.] W. S. THOMPSON, President.

JOS. CURLE.] **CURLE, STEWART & CO.** [ROBT STEWART

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room, No. 18 Stevenson's Building, No. 331 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

CHAMPAGNE

Moet & Chandon, Epernay. For sale in lots to suit.

(May 10.) [illegible] & CO., [illegible] street, Room 7

THE COPARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of HAVILAND, HOOPER & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. Jos. Kent Hooper retiring. JOHN T. HAVILAND, JOS. KENT HOOPER, San Francisco May 1st, 1873. MURRAY DAVIS

The business will be continued under the name and style of Haviland & Co., by the undersigned, who assume all liabilities, and to whom are payable all debts due to the old firm of Haviland, Hooper & Co.

May 3. JOHN T. HAVILAND, MURRAY DAVIS.

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

Ex "Marie Charlotte," from Bordeaux.—100 Cases Louis Roederer celebrated "CARTE BLANCHE," quarts and pints, for sale, to the trade, by

May 3. MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to Discount good Notes at low rates.

May 3. JOHN T. LITTLE, No. 501 Montgomery street.

ANTI-CHINESE.

There was a Meeting of the Anti-Chinese held about ten days ago at Dashaway Hall. It is hardly necessary to say that it was not a crowded meeting. The entrance fee was twenty-five cents, and that was more than enough to keep away most of the valuable citizens, who cry out against the Chinese. Of course, the presiding officer was A. M. Winn. There could be no perfectly empty and insane project devised in this city, over which he did not preside, or try to preside. All creatures are made for some end or other, and Winn's end is the other end.

> For being by Nature, more designed
> For resting than for toiling,
> He sits upon his parts behind,
> While others do the boiling.

The resolutions offered and adopted declared opposition to the immigration of Chinese, and called upon the Legislature to amend the Eight Hour Law so as to compel those hiring white laborers to work them only eight hours a day, and they also proposed a correspondence with the Anti-Chinese Association of Sacramento, with a view to the formation of a State Anti-Chinese Association. The first resolution and the last are good for what they will bring; the second is characteristic of the intelligent men who bear up the buoyant Winn. The gist of their complaint against the Chinaman is that he is so frugal and so industrious, working early and late, that the white laborers cannot compete with him, and in order to help them in the already unequal struggle, it is proposed to take from them two hours of each day's time! The shop of United Mechanics clearly understands by the Rule of Three a solemn resolution that three means four.

Mr Philip A. Roach was the speaker of the evening. He said that the press was rallying to the cause of labor, which was only his fun, there being no press in the room, but plenty of empty seats. He spoke about the wonders wrought by "Celtic and Teutonic" labor in the East. If he had been talking to ordinary men, he would have said "Irish and German," but your United Mechanic likes a good, full sounding, incomprehensible adjective, it reminds him of Winn. Mr Roach forgot to mention that the war cry now raised against Chinese cheap labor was raised thirty years ago as in the East against Irish cheap labor, and with quite as much reason. The labor-market of the country was in what the working men regarded as its normal condition. Men could find work at good wages near their own homes, and society seemed to be progressing as favorably as possible, a sturdy, industrious and moral class of laborers gradually conquering the stubborn earth, and Americanizing it, when all at once the floodgates were opened, and a sea of wild and hungry women rushed in, ready to work for prices, at which the American would starve, and fairly drove him from the field. This is the literal truth. It was the wild Irishman who supplanted the native American, and Mr Roach knows as well as anybody that while the American could not live for less than two dollars a day, the Irishman, until he was civilized, lived for fifty cents, and spent a good part of that for whisky. These are facts, which Mr Roach knows, why could he not be honest, and bring them out, since they certainly have a bearing on the present case? It is all very well to talk of Celtic and Teutonic labor, but what have the Teutons to do with the matter? They do not look at the thing as Mr Roach does, they do not agree with the United Mechanics, they have no hatred to the Chinese, and no disposition to interfere with them. The Germans are white, to be sure, and they are citizens, and numerous, and they have votes, and these facts, taken together, may possibly have had some influence over the mind of Mr. Philip Roach, when he thought of associating them, in a secondary position, with his Celtic friends. He will loudly repudiate the "secondary position," and protest that he thinks the Germans just as good as the Irish. We are ready to believe him, and we call upon him, at once, to say why it is that these Teutons, the equals of his Celts, do not put themselves forward in his Anti-Chinese movement? We say nothing of the Americans, who are probably inferior to the Irish, but why don't the Germans rally to the battle-cry of "Down with the Chinese!" We can tell why. The Germans are not perfect, but they are, *for the most part*, men engaged in serious business, and working at it intelligently and with perseverance. Such men have no particular reason to fear the competition of Chinese or Irish, or anybody, and accordingly, they do not attend Mr Philip Roach's lectures. It is even doubtful whether they know his name, which we take pleasure in revealing to them.

The presence of the Chinese in the northern portion of the city, says Mr Roach, has depreciated the value of rents, and now the city is compelled to open a new avenue at a cost of two millions, to give the general public an approach to the northern part, etc. This is very pathetic, the worse so that Mr Roach resides in the northern part referred to, and knows perfectly well that rents have not depreciated in that quarter, because they always were depreciated, he knows also that the general public has avoided North Beach because it was given up to the poorer classes of foreigners, Irish, German, Mexican, Spanish, Greek, French and Italian, much more than because it was Chinese, which it is not, and he cannot be unknowing, at least as well as any respectable resident of North Beach, that Montgomery avenue was imagined, and brought into shape, and pushed through by an exceedingly small number of public-spirited citizens, and that the obligation of the city in the matter amounts to zero. North Beach property never was up, how could it be specially down to-day? Every city has some such neglected quarter. What Bostonian would build on Copp's Hill, what New Yorker on First Avenue, what Philadelphian in Southwark?

The whole of Mr Roach's tirade, for it was nothing else, may be summed up in this, the Chinese are pagans, and industrious, and pig tailed, and we don't like them, and they have no votes; and so, let us twist every fact out of its plain meaning, and pander to every senseless prejudice, born of fanaticism and ignorance, and see if we can secure a few hundred more votes for that great day, when there may be a man up for Congress whose name begins with R. As for the swamping of the country, let it be swamped, if a few Chinamen can do it. We care not a fig for the morality that can bear no temptation, or the religion that can bear no light, or the liberty that can bear no freedom, and when a Republic gets to the point of proscribing immigrants on account of yellow skin and pigtails, we can only regret that it did not wake up fifty years before, and shut its gates against men who say "would" for "should," and prefer whisky to opium. The real difficulty in this Chinese question Mr Roach has not even hinted at. It is pointed out to him, however, in the *New York World*, of May 6th, where he will find a letter from San Jose de Costa Rica, full of most interesting facts on the Chinese coolie traffic from Macao. The one question for us is, whether we shall supervise the immigration of the Chinese, and see that it is carried out in accordance with the letter and spirit of our institutions, or whether we shall leave it to the unchecked control of the Chinese companies. Forbid it we cannot, until General Winn is elected President of the United States, and the Hon Philip Roach, Secretary of State, to astound mankind with all he knows, and all he keeps from knowing.

On Tuesday Evening the magnificent organ of St John's Presbyterian church was opened with an accompaniment of good vocal music. Three organists exhibited the instrument—Messrs Lewis Seward, George Evans and F Katzenbach. They are written in the order of merit. Mr. Seward, in the tasteful vagaries of his improvisation and the splendid rendering of the solid harmony of Lemmens's fugue, showed himself a true musician. The choirs of both St John's and Trinity church sang in their usual style, which means that they sang well. Mrs Blake's "Dreams" were very sweet ones and rather long. "In Native Worth," by Mr Vernon Lincoln, was sung carefully and effectively. A duet of Campana by Mrs Mills and Mrs Martel pleased us as much as anything. But then we did not hear Mrs. Hayden's solo, which received the only encore of the evening, and deservedly too, we expect, for the audience after all is the best judge.

St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post Street.—Rev Dr Scott, pastor, will preach Sunday at 11 A. M., 7½ P. M. public cordially invited to attend. The organ concert and exhibition at this church was a success in every point of view. This new and magnificent organ is said to be the largest and finest of any on this coast.

The Annual Games of the Caledonia Club will take place June 14th, in Badger's Gardens, Oakland. The clansmen are practicing running, jumping, etc., to an unlimited extent, and a very enjoyable day is looked forward to.

SOIREE OF THE ART ASSOCIATION.

Scarcely More than Two Years Ago a little knot of artists and literary men organized, in fear and trembling, it must be admitted, the Art Association of San Francisco, a society which has rapidly risen to be one of our most promising institutions. Certainly none of its projectors had any expectation of such a speedy and assured success. The association is now firmly rooted in our midst. Its six hundred and fifty members include, or rather comprise, the most cultivated people in the city, and its receptions and private views are æsthetic treats. The eighth soirée given by the association took place on Thursday evening last. Some seven or eight hundred ladies and gentlemen crowded the gallery, which had been most tastefully arranged with mirrors and lamps, flowers carefully disposed by fair fingers, an excellent band led by Stockmeyer discoursing sweet music. Herr Ulrich's delighting all by his clarionet playing in said band, and vocal solos by Mrs. Moore, Messrs Maver and Duncan, assisted by Fred Lasley on the piano, varying a most delightful *conversazione*, the great attraction of which, however, was of course the collection of pictures. We can only hastily skim the surface on the present occasion, and we would say, once for all, that there are fewer bad pictures than usual, while the average is high. First and foremost comes that wonderful piece of handling, color, drawing and expression, Bouguereau's "Contentment," the gem to which we called attention last week, and which occupies the place of honor, with crimson draperies tastefully arranged round it. It's a work which all can appreciate, the ladies dote over it, and the artists hang around it, and all turn longingly away, and wish that they were Joseph A. Donohoe, its happy owner. Bierstadt is represented by two warm and sunny works, a scene on the San Joaquin and one on King's River, Tulare county, but the grand picture, of which we have previously made mention, could not be completed in time. Gilbert Munger contributes a most important work on "Shoshone Falls," the coloring of which surprises some, although we believe that the warm, burnt up vegetation, rocks and distant plains, are faithful to nature. The water is certainly admirable, and but for a little want of force in the foreground, we should place this in the first rank. Anyway, it is a remarkable picture of a scene never before transferred to canvas, the handling mastery and composition grand. Hill is represented by several works. His "Russian River Valley" struck us as unusually fresh and delicate; his "Forest Scene" is a sweet little picture, and his "Home of the Eagle" a fine composition, grey in tone and masterly in execution. The eagle, too, is a kingly bird, but the lamb is a little too much like little Mary's, reminding us too muchly of the toy-shop. By the bye, Brookes has made a new departure in painting a tiger's head, a tiger with a semi-comical expression and generally wooden aspect. The painter of really fishy fish and fruity fruit is enterprising, but his wild beast is hardly a success. Marples' "Silver Lake" has a wonderfully refined grey and dreamy effect, and is much admired. William Graham's Venetian scenes are admirable—no straining after effect, no meretricious color, but honest, truthful painting and excellent handling. This artist's works, many of them small in size, deserve the notice of our connoisseurs, none of his pictures have been exhibited in public before. Keith's "Crown of the Sierra" is a forcible and true piece of painting, realistic to the last degree and redolent of the mountain air. Note the two little gems by Verheyden contributed by the Belgian Consul, the "Storm in the Kitchen," and "Hammering the Wrong Nail," wonderful for expression, drawing and color. "The Summer Landscape," by Koek-Koek, from the collection of Wm. Norris, is a gem, in its way, of patient manipulation and high finish. But we must desist, promising to return to our notions again next week, when some of the portraits especially, and also the contributions of some of our rising amateurs, will deserve note. The exhibition is now open to the public.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—This house has seldom had a "star" that has shone with such brilliancy for so long a period as Mrs Bowers. Night after night full houses have flocked to see her, and all have gone away pleased. She is good in all that she undertakes, but in the character of *Elizabeth* she is positively beyond criticism. Her support in the piece is very poor, with the exception of McCullough and Buckley, the latter of whom shows much real dramatic talent in his impersonification of the young King of Scotland. To-day we have a splendid performance, viz., *Marie Antoinette* for matinee, *The Stranger* and *The Honeymoon* for evening. The San Francisco public will sadly miss Mrs. Bowers, and will take but sadly to our humdrum stock ladies, after her brilliant acting.

The Alhambra has been well filled during the week. The great attractions have been Leon and Kelly, who are really worth seeing. Leon's get up as a woman is wonderful. Miss Annie Adams is also another attraction; her singing is good, but she has a little too much action for the fastidious *habitués* of this music hall. If she stood still she would be better appreciated than she is—a fault in that direction being esteemed less grave than one in the other. Vivian still continues to sing his character songs, and is loudly encored each night, in order, we suppose, to hear his "Ten Thousand Miles Away," a song he sings really well.

The Horticultural Fair has been a complete success. Never being too crowded to be pleasant, the visitors have had a chance of seeing and admiring the raw plants and flowers on exhibition, and of listening to the first-class music discoursed by the orchestra. Among the most prominent exhibitors we see Mr. Woodward. He has contributed in a great measure to the success of the Fair. One of his center groups of tropical plants was truly magnificent, and worthy of the owner of our pleasant pleasure gardens. We must also mention Mr E. Meyer, the nurseryman and florist, on Geary street, whose plants and flowers were among the loveliest there. We wish the Society every success in their next Fair, and are sure they deserve it.

Woodward's Gardens are now looking lovely. The flowers are all in bloom, and the animals have got their glossy summer coats on. Lots of people go there every day and enjoy the sights and the fresh country breeze. On Sunday there will be any amount of attraction, including an extraordinary race between the one-legged dancer and Samwells.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Afternoon, May 17th—Last MRS. BOWERS Matinee, MARIE ANTOINETTE. Saturday Evening, Last Night of MRS. BOWERS—THE STRANGER and THE HONEYMOON. Monday, May 19, MR. BARTON HILL will make his first appearance in this city, in Mr. Frank Marshall's new Play entitled FALSE SHAME, OR NEW YEAR'S EVE. May 17.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor, Sam Wells, Treasurer.—MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—MISS ANNIE ADAMS, the Queen of Serio-comic Vocalists. MASTER BARNEY, the Greatest Change Artist and Jig Dancer in the world. THE ONLY LEON, the Great Female Personator, Comedian and Vocalist. MR EDWIN KELLY, the Great Interlocutor, Light Comedian and Tenor. Monday Evening, May 19th, Kelly and Leon's translation of Offenbach's Imperial Opera, entitled CHOUFLEURI, Or, A PRIMA DONNA OF A NIGHT. Admission—Dress Circle, $1, Orchestra, 50 cents, Private Boxes, $5 and $10, Parquette, 25 cents. May 17.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager, F. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, May 17, and every evening during the week—The Astounding and Wonderful Acrobatic Feats of CASSIM and FRITZ are the theme of universal admiration. See then a Grand First Part Minstrelsy, which opens the best Variety Entertainment in the United States. F. Zimmer's Overtures are not to be sneezed at. Good singing is here executed by Miss Jennie Johnson, Fanny Garrison, Maggie Kelly, St Clair, Rollins and others. If you want to see real fun come and gaze upon the Sampson Ballet in the hands of Lon Dixon, and then Matt Kealy tells you to let—well, there's nothing. There is all sorts of acts by a lot of artists, terminating with WHAT EVERYBODY DOES, Or, LOVE IN ALL CORNERS, by the Company, and they know how it is done. Admission—25 cents, Dress Circle, 50 cents. Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. May 17.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [H. A. MOORE

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 445 Brannan street. Feb 1.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Budd, W. C. . 410 California st.
Burling, W. 425 California st.
Ford, J. C. 420 Mont'y, up stairs.
Fitch, J. R. . . . 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L. . . . 413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. . 431 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. R. . . . 408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co. . 425 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 415 Hayw'd B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P. . . . 413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. . . . 401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W. . . . . . 444 Cal'a st.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	25@	35
Do. pickled		40
Do. Packed		40
Cheese, Cal	20@	25
Honey	10@	
Eggs, ℔ doz	25@	
Lard, ℔	18@	20
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	1@	2
Do. sweet	4@	5
Lima Beans, ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	6@	8
Onions, ℔	5@	8
Squashes, ℔	2@	3
Pom, kins, ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	6@	35
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	20@	
Celery, ℔ doz b.	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b.	20@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔	6@	8
String Beans, ℔	35@	
Apples, ℔	10@	12
Pears, ℔	6@	12
Quinces, ℔		60
Peaches, ℔		60
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔	12@	25
Do. new, ℔		6
Oranges, ℔ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Limes, ℔ doz	25@	
Quail, ℔ doz	2 50@3	00
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔		25
Geese, ℔ pair	4 00@5	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 00@3	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	35@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@	
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	8@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔	10@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish ℔	10@	
Smelts, ℔	8@	
Tomcod, ℔	12@	
Sturgeon, ℔	3@	
Sea Bass, ℔		60
Flounders, ℔	10@	
Halibut, ℔	40@	
Perch, ℔	6@	
Shrimps, ℔	6@	
Anchovies, ℔	4@	
Soles, ℔	25@	
Herrings, ℔		40

THOMAS TURNBULL,

Architect, Shiels' Block, No 409 Market street.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

BIZ.

It is Cheering to Observe the marked improvement everywhere to be seen throughout our business marts. Trade has once again become quite active. Our merchants are actively engaged filling orders from the interior for general merchandise. Imports of leading staples are considerable—arrivals more numerous than for some time past. Tonnage is more plentiful, and the shipping in port is again on the increase. Coffee imports have been considerable, and fortunately a large demand has sprung up from St. Louis, which relieves the market from any temporary depression that would otherwise have resulted from this large influx of stock. In this connection, we see that a Chicago firm has imported into New York 5,000 bags Costa Rica Coffee for transmission by rail to that interior city. Thus far Chicagoans have been unwilling to buy or to import Central American Coffee via San Francisco. This the St Louisians have been doing for two years, to some profit, and the trade is on the increase. We are quite sure that this is the cheapest and most direct way for the Coffee to be taken either to Illinois or to Missouri, and we are quite sure that the Chicago house of J. W. Doane & Co., credited with this purchase of Central American Coffee, will find, on careful inquiry, that they would have been large gainers by importing this 5,000 bags Coffee via San Francisco, rather than via New York.

Our Crop Prospects are not altogether satisfactory. It is yet too early to estimate the extent of the crop or to state the probable surplus of Wheat for export. The weather continues propitious, and the Wheat plant where properly planted and cared for looks well, while all volunteer and slovenly tended crops suffer a dry up for want of moisture. It is too late for rains to do the crops any good, and we have only to hope for a continuation of the cool, pleasant growing weather such as we have been enjoying for weeks past. A gentleman well acquainted with the State—a great traveler, always on the wing, a close observer of the crops, etc.—was in our office yesterday, and he says "we will harvest as much this year as last." This we think rather an extravagant statement. Our exports of Wheat and Flour for the season of 1872-3 will approximate 800,000 tons. The masters of people in the grain business place the probable surplus for 1873-4 at 700,000 tons, which is perhaps a safe estimate at this time. With another fortnight of good growing weather, the crop question for this season will be settled. Let us hope for full average crops of Cereals, while of Fruits, Vegetables etc., crops will be both good and abundant. For a dry season, the aggregate products of the Pacific slope will be immense.

Our Receipts of wheat for the current harvest year are 10,284,362 centals, against 2,489,032 last year and 4,226,022 in 1871. Of Barley, 820,165 centals, etc.

Our Exports of Wheat to the United Kingdom

	Wheat Ctls.	Value.
Since July 1st, 1872, of 120 vessels	9,282,352	$16,761,776
41 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	1,687,068	1,001,759
120 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	3,599,295	7,071,807
171 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	4,615,491	7,930,000

Our Total Exports of Breadstuffs in 1872 to date, as compared with the same time in 1871, have been in 1872-73, Flour, 240,432 bbls., Wheat, 9,324,582 ctls. In 1871-'72, Flour, 230,430 bbls; Wheat, 1,371,817 ctls.

As to Breadstuff Markets, Flour is now firm at $5 for Superfine, Extra Superfine $5 25, Extra Family and Bakers' $5 50@6; stocks light. Wheat is held firmly. Total surplus stock in the State, 50,000 tons; price, $1 85@1 90 for Coast, and for choice shipping and milling $1 95@2 per ctl. Barley is held firmly at $1 45@1 70 for brewing, and for feed $1 25@1 30 per ctl. Oats are dull sale at $2 10@2 25. Corn has advanced to $1 25@1 30. Hay, $10@22 per ton for new and old respectively.

Wool arrives freely; 1,000,000 lbs sold this week at 20@22½c for choice fleece, medium Spring fleece, 17½@20c, dirty and inferior, do., sale at 12@15c, Hides, dry, 16@17c, wet salted, 5½@6c, Tallow dull at 6½c.

Coffee for St. Louis.—About 3,000 bags prime C. A. Greens sent overland this week; price, 18c, range of the market, 17c@18½c. Imports include the cargo per German bark Ernst, from Champerico, with 7,875 bags to C. A. Low & Co.

Sugar Imports include a full cargo from Honolulu per steamship Costa Rica, say 8,644 packages. The market flat at 8c@10½c. New York advices mention the shipment of several hundred bbl's Crushed to this market. We question the policy of this traffic, as our several refineries have the working capacity to refine double our actual wants, and one or two of our largest establishments are now idle, having been compelled to cease melting for a season, owing to the very light demand in April, and no considerable increase thus far, causing a heavy stock accumulation of White Refined. China is now held at 9½@10@10½c for the three grades. There is no change in California Refined. The rates ruling are as follows: Cube and Crushed, 12½c; Powdered, 12½c, Granulated, 11½@12c, Yellow "C," 10c.

Candles.—Sales of Harkness' Patent Wax received by rail, at 20c; Solar Wax, Woods & Conahan, 14-oz, 18½c; ditto, 12-oz, at 15½c. Agency price of Woods & Conahan's Cincinnati, "Shield" brand, 16½c, W. H. Wood's "Shields," 17c for 14-oz. Sales of Grant's Philadelphia at 17½@18c. Proctor & Gamble, of Cincinnati, "Star" Candle, two sizes, 12 and 14 oz, held at 11½@16½c respectively, Emery's and Macy's now held at 17½@18c, Leonard's Patent, 18c, do Sperm, 35c, Paraffine, 32½c, Gross & Co's, 17½@19c, J. H. & Co.'s, 11½@15c.

Coal.—Three small cargoes of Sydney sold this week at or about $12@12½. Imports for the week include 1,600 tons Nanaimo per Shooting Star—a favorite article with the Gas Company, 350 tons per Lookout, from Bellingham Bay, 400 tons Coronel, per H. W. Almy, 700 tons Sydney, per Amelia, 395 tons Newcastle, per G. C. Lorenz Meyer, 870 tons from Departure Bay, per Wellington, etc., besides several small cargoes from Coos Bay, Seattle, etc. The market continues dull and depressed for all kinds, so much so that we find it very difficult to give reliable quotations for cargo parcels. We quote Bellingham Bay to the trade, $8 50, Coos Bay and Seattle, $10. California Mount Diablo, which is more generally used here for steam purposes, on land and coasters, than any other description, $8 50@$9 50 for coarse and fine respectively.

Freights.—A ship has been taken to load Wheat for Liverpool direct, at £3 10s. The impression prevails that new English orders for Wheat have within a few days been received here from Liverpool, and since the late advance in that market. This is the only solution we can give to the latest grain movement in this market. The appearance of one or more British steamers in our harbor from Hongkong, and the knowledge of more en route, and the establishment besides of a new line of British steamers in opposition to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, will have a decided effect on China Freights. We cannot now quote Lumber Freights to the West Coast of South America at over $20.

The British Steamship "Altona," 27 days from Hongkong direct, arrived on the 13th inst., with 529 Chinese passengers, 1,200 bags Rice, 1,000 pkgs Tea, and 2,500 pkgs assorted merchandise, to R. Feuerstein & Co. This is an independent steamer, having been chartered expressly to bring over passengers. The P. M. S. S. *Japan* sailed four days previously for this port via Yokohama, the *Altona* having distanced her opponent, and delivered press copies of letters in advance of those sent by the regular mail steamer.

By the Arrival of the P. M. S. S. Co.'s Steamer "Costa Rica," on the night of the 14th inst., ten days six hours from Honolulu, we are placed in possession of later as well as interesting advices from the Islands. For cargo, the steamer brought 8,514 keas Sugar, 1,156 Hides, 23 casks Sperm Oil, 161 bags Coffee, 744 bunches Bananas, Rice, Pulu, etc. The above vessel returns to Honolulu on the 24th inst.

The P. M. S. S. Co.'s Steamship "Japan" reached port on the morning of the 14th inst., with a large number of passengers, including 1,305 Chinese. Owing to the appearance of small-pox, the *Japan* was placed in quarantine, and her Chinese passengers transferred to the old store-ship *Moses Taylor* in quarantine.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Allen—In this city, May 9th, to the wife of John Allen, a daughter.
Crowell—In this city, May 15th, to the wife of George C. Crowell, a daughter.
Clayburgh—In this city, May 11th, to the wife of M. Clayburgh, a son.
Greenham—In this city, May 12th, to the wife of F. Greenham, a daughter.
Gilmore—In this city, May 14th, to the wife of J. H. Gilmore, a daughter.
Hughes—In this city, May 11th, to the wife of J. Hughes, a son.
Hall—In this city, May 12th, to the wife of Henry Hall, a son.
Kugeler—In this city, May 16th, to the wife of A. H. Kugeler, a son.
Patch—In this city, May 11th, to the wife of George Patch, a son.
Simpson—In this city, May 9th, to the wife of R. W. Simpson, a daughter.
Smith—In this city, May 12th, to the wife of R. W. Simpson, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Bidlack-Fenton—In this city, May 13th, Dr. L. D. W. Bidlack to Laura V. Fenton.
DeFrees-Seaton—In this city, May 12th, W. B. DeFrees to Mrs. P. J. Seaton.
Jenkins-Bigelow—In this city, May 10th, L. C. Jenkins to Mary E. Bigelow.
Martin-Salmon—In this city, May 12th, Charles E. Martin to Amy R. Salmon.
Meaburn-Weske—In this city, May 10th, John J. Meaburn to A. P. M. Weske.
Mueller-Streebing—In this city, May 12th, A. Mueller to Jacobine Streebing.
Pearson-Dawson—In this city, May 4th, H. Pearson to Mary Dawson.
Ramsden-McEwing—In this city, May 3d, C. H. Ramsden to Caroline McEwen.
Rogers-Kinsey—In this city, May 10th, Horatio Rogers to Mary Kinsey.
Schottler-Sullivan—In this city, May 11th, Antone Schottler to Julia Sullivan.

TOMB.

Bradford—In this city, May 12th, Mary L. Bradford, aged 56 years.
Bufford—In this city, May 12th, James L. Bufford, aged 58 years.
Eagar—In this city, May 12th, Wm. Eagar, aged 37 years.
Eldridge—In this city, May 11th, Joseph Eldridge, aged 49 years.
Griffith—In this city, May 14th, Milton Griffith, aged 11 years.
Short—In this city, May 12th, John B. Short, aged 35 years.
Tucker—In this city, May 13th, Wm. B. Tucker, aged 68 years.
Taylor—In this city, May 15th, Mrs. Margaret Taylor, aged 53 years.

GRAND HORTICULTURAL SPRING EXHIBITION

Of the Bay District Horticultural Society of California.—Will open on THURSDAY, May 8th, 1873, at HORTICULTURAL HALL, on Stockton, between Sutter and Post streets, to continue Nine Days. The display of Flowers, Trees and Shrubs will be unequaled. The Hall will be decorated on a grand scale, with Wreaths and Garlands, Statuary, Aquariums, Floral Fountains, Rustic Work, Bouquets and Flowers. During each Afternoon and Evening, Schmidt & Schlotte's Band will perform the most Select Music. Nothing will be left undone to make the Exhibition a most brilliant success. Prof. E. S. Carr, of the State University of California, has kindly consented to deliver the Opening Address. FIFTY HANDSOME PRIZES will be awarded to the Young Ladies of San Francisco who will exhibit the Plants received by them at the Exhibition of 1872. During afternoons, commencing on Monday, May 5th, Plants will be given away to all Boys and Girls under 15 who purchase tickets at the door. Prices of Admission—Family Season Tickets, $3; Single Season Tickets, $2; Single Admission, 50 cents, Children, 25 cents. Doors open every day except Sunday, from 11 A. M. to 5 P. M., and 7½ to 10 P. M. Promenade Concert every day from 3 to 5 and 8 to 10 P. M.
April 26. THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front-st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 8 P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2 P. M., from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8 30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:30 A. M. Arriving at San Francisco, 10:30 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office 418 Montgomery street. [May 11.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

FOR SALE.

A Steam Flouring Mill with Distillery and about 15 acres of good Land, distant ½ mile from Sonoma. Inquire at SONOMA HOTEL, Sonoma, or of W. D. BLISS, Petaluma. [May 3.] ALFRED BOREL & CO., S. F.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS COMPANY,

April 5, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that from and after the 9th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS PER THOUSAND CUBIC FEET. [April 12.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.
May 20—JAPAN. Capt. Freeman.
June 2—QUANG SE. Capt.——

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.
May 19—ARIZONA. Capt. Austin.
May 27—MONTANA. Capt. Parker.
Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at SAN DIEGO, MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.
Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.
Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.
When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt Lapidge, will leave at 3 P. M., as follows, Saturday, May 24th, Tuesday, June 24th, Thursday, July 24th. Returning, will leave Honolulu June 7th, July 8th, and August 7th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:
PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass, Thursday, May 22.
SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, Friday, May 16, Wednesday, May 28.

FOR SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO.

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M. as follows:
SENATOR, Capt Harloe, Friday, May 16th; Wednesday, May 28th (for passengers only).

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, May 13th.
No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M. on the 12th.
Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [May 10.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending May 16th, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill		—	8½
Alpha	47	43	37
Alps	7	—	1½
Amador Tunnel	4½	—	4½
American Flag	19½	—	9¾
Arizona & Utah	7½	7	7½
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—
Bacon	5	—	4½
Baltimore Consolidated	20	19¾	20
Belcher	50	49½	51
Belmont	6	—	5¼
Bellevue	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	6	7	6
Buckeye	2¾	3	2½
Bullion	—	—	—
Caledonia	21	20	23
Cederberg	3	—	—
Central	—	—	—
Charter Oak	½	—	—
Chapman	½	—	—
Chief of the Hill	3½	—	2½
Chief East Extension	¾	—	½
Chollar	62	60	61
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	11½	12½	9
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	3½	4½	3½
Consolidated Virginia	81	78	76
Cook & Gerret	—	—	—
Crown Point	121	120	122
Central No. 2	3½	—	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	1¼	1	1½
Eclipse	—	—	7
El Dorado	11	—	10½
Empire Mill	8½	10½	7½
Empire, Idaho	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	14	—	12½
Eureka, G. V.	22	—	22
Exchequer	16	20	12½
Globe	3	4½	3½
Golden Chariot	3	—	1
Gould & Curry	17	20	18
Gillis	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	61	64	61
Hermes	15½	—	11
[illegible] & Hunt	—	—	2½
Home Ticket	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	—	—	5
Imperial	9	8½	7½
Independent	2½	—	2½
Ingomar	1½	—	1
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—
Jackson	½	—	½
Julia	5	4½	3½

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Justice	11½	13	10
Kentuck	14	18	11
Kentucky	5	—	4½
Knickerbocker	8¾	5½	7½
Louise	—	—	—
Mahogany	—	—	—
Mammoth	½	—	½
Meadow Valley	23	—	22
Minnesota	—	—	—
McMahon	—	—	—
Newark	2	—	1½
New York Consolidated	—	—	1¼
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	47	43	36
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	7	—	5
Overman	61	55	44
Page & Panaca	1½	—	1½
Pea Vine	½	—	—
Phoenix	½	—	½
Picton	—	—	—
Pioche	11½	—	10
Pioche West	1½	—	—
P Phoenix	3	—	2½
Raymond & Ely	73	—	66½
Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Ruby Hill	—	—	—
Rye Patch	21	—	15
Red Jacket	5½	—	4
Savage	125	123	125
Seg. Belcher	68	65	41
Sierra Nevada	16	18	14½
Silver Peak	1½	—	1½
Silver Hill	—	—	2
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Standard	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	4½	5	2½
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	—	—
South Overman	15½	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Trench	—	—	8
Union Consolidated	1½	1½	1½
Utah	—	—	—
War Eagle	—	—	—
Washington & Creole	2½	—	2½
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	4½	—	4
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	90	83	74
Yale Gravel	—	—	—
Yellow Stone	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus * + Buyer 30.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

BLODGETT'S PATENT ROAD SCRAPER.

A Labor Saving Machine.—This road scraper is used extensively in the Eastern States, where it is considered a great improvement over the antiquated scraper, cart, or wheelbarrow. The old-fashioned scraper dislocates the arms, and the cart and wheelbarrow breaks the back, and otherwise strains the body, so that between the three the work of the road maker and grader is hard, compared with the facility with which the work is done by this improvement, inasmuch as it will do a great deal more work in less time, and at less expense, while the driver rides instead of tramping all day at the tail of his team, having at the same time complete control over the scraper, so that he can depress or elevate it, either to take up or discharge a load at any desired place.

A detailed description of this valuable machine is not necessary to convince any intelligent and practical road maker, that will inspect the model, of its being a most valuable labor-saving invention for either grading railroads, wagon roads, streets, excavating and leveling town plats, removing building and paving stones, for farm use, and for many other purposes where the surface of the earth requires to be graded or leveled.

A gentleman from California, while in the city of New York, saw and conversed with several railroad contractors and others who had used a large number of these scrapers successfully in clay and gravelly ground so hard as to first require plowing. He became so well satisfied that it would be just the thing for the light and sandy soil of California, that he purchased the patent right for the State of California with the view of organizing a grading company, so much needed in the cities of San Francisco, San Jose, Sacramento and other towns and cities throughout the State, for leveling sand-hills, grading streets, railroads, etc.

With such a machine there is a grand opening for the manufacturing and selling or working by contract in grading railroads, streets and building lots.

We are prepared to treat either for the sale of said patent right for the State of California, or if a fair equivalent is offered in cash and capital stock, would be willing to place said right in the hands of responsible parties for the purpose of forming a joint stock company.

A model may be seen at the office of the undersigned, who are authorized to negotiate for the sale of said right. CURLE, STEWART & Co.,
San Francisco, May 15, 1873. 331 Montgomery street, Room No. 18.

"**Tranquillity!** thou better name
Than all the family of fame,
Thou ne'er wilt leave my riper age
To low intrigue, or factious rage."

For I have bought a Union Range,
De La Montanya can't change
With "feeling heart and searching soul,
To thee I dedicate the whole."

Two Old Ladies, regular old free tea-bummers, were sitting up late one night drinking tea (with a little stick in it) and talking scandal. Says Mrs Crumby, "I fear, dear Mrs Doodeskin, that poor young Bob Jones is going to the bad. I saw him with a toothpick in his mouth the other day." "Yes, dear, I fear he is," said old mother D. "No man ever chewed a pick but what drinks." "I pity his poor wife," says Mrs C., "and I shall feel it my duty to tell her how he is going on." Here both Mrs C's and D's chairs slid from under them, the table turned topsy-turvy, and thus addressed the astonished old ladies: "I and my children, the rest of the furniture, were made by N. P. Cole. We are high-toned. No more scandal." That house was advertised to let next day.

"**A Young Man in a Broker's Office** would like to find some kind and considerate friend who would tell him the cause of pain in his eyes, back, etc., and what is the best remedy, if there is one. The pains are like acute rheumatism, but a doctor tells him that it is not that complaint. We can tell that afflicted youth the cause of all his suffering, and its cure. He has no doubt been writing on a high stool and writing at a desk pitched at a wrong angle. Let him go at once to the 'boss' and get him to purchase some of the office furniture from Gilbert & Moore.

Santa Cruz is the pleasantest watering place on our coast. Its beach is a paradise for the bather, and its country walks, drives, etc., are just the places for lover's sighs. An English lady, Mrs. Le Mare, who speaks several languages, Spanish included, has taken "The Cabin House," a house formerly occupied by Mrs. Richards, and takes boarders at the rate of $10 per week for adults and $7 for children and nurses. The house commands a fine view of the sea, has a beach of its own, indoor halls for ladies and gentlemen, and is furnished in first class style. We recommend people intending to visit Santa Cruz to write and engage rooms, as Mrs. Le Mare has already had numerous applications from the best people in San Francisco, etc. The bather saves $1 per day by having the use of the beach belonging to the house.

"**Go Gently, Go Gently**, my own little horse,
Remember you're not on the race track or course,
So raise your proud head, and don't hang on the bit,
Your shape is perfection, your harness a fit,

Such as Main and Winchester only turn out.
Go easy, my brave steed, don't caper about,
Remember that 'tis not the distance that kills,
But the pace that you go up and down our sand hills.

Devine's Confession has not yet been made public. We propose to make it so. Devine, a few hours before the fatal rope was adjusted, and the bolt drawn that launched his soul upon the sea of eternity, made a private confession of his many crimes. He murdered Kamp, he owned, and several others whose names he did not know, but whose fish-eaten corpses were fished out of our bay. No less than eight poor wretches were sent by him to their long home. The cause, he says, of all his crimes, was bad whisky, fighting whisky, such as is sold around our wharves and makes demons of men. He said had he drank nothing but Cutter's pure Bourbon, as sold by Hotaling, he should have been a better man.

Call it a Moment's Work (for such it seems),
This carte, a fragment from the life of dreams,
But say that years matured the perfect art;
It's a record, and of life a part.

These lines refer to a wonderful photograph taken by Bradley & Rulofson—a wonder and a masterpiece.

A Sailor, gray-bearded and sun-burned, landed a week or so ago in this city. He had not been here for ten years, during which time he had sailed over many a stormy sea. He had, when last in San Francisco, fallen in love with the daughter of a store-keeper on Davis street. It was mutual, but a father interfered and the girl was well nigh heart-broken. Her name was H——a. High and low he looked for her, for he had saved considerable money. He found her at last still single. Recognized her by seeing a likeness at I. W. Taber's, Montgomery street. They obtained papa's consent, and are now, thanks to Taber, happy.

"**Late, Late Yestreen**, I saw the moon
With the old moon in his arms;
And I fear, I fear, my master dear,
We shall have a deadly storm."

But ere the storm burst in its gloom,
I prithee, by all that survive,
To let me get, ere the red sun set,
A stock of Gerke Wine.

Budd Doble, of racing notoriety, has left our shores, and taken considerable of our gold coinage with him. Also Mrs. Snyder. Doble was one of the boys, and lived pretty fast during his stop here. He was a good judge of a horse, and not at all a bad one of whisky. His taste, however, in women we don't go much on, or he wouldn't have been at so much trouble over so plain an old hulk as the fair Snyder. He knew pretty well how and where to get the best of everything. He always took his "fancy roast" or Eastern on half shell at the Saddle Rock on Pine street.

As long as our hearts do beat,
As long as we've legs to stand on,
So long let us sing to the praise
Of glorious Moet and Chandon.

And as long as Frisco's a city,
And Queen of our western bay,
Let's get our sparkling tipple
From old friend Degener.

Among the Most Beautiful sights at the Horticultural Fair are some fountains supplied by Keeler, Hine, Thomas & Co., 727 Market street. They were fine specimens of bronze statuary, and were admired even more than the lovely flowers that surrounded them. Messrs. Keeler & Co. invite ladies and gentlemen to look over their large and choice selection of bronzes, feeling confident that they will please. All lovers of true art should give them a call, and try to encourage one of the most refined of modern appliances.

An Inventor, who has, after much study and labor, invented a new system of making railroad locomotives so I can run [illegible] which can be finished in the short space of fifteen minutes after coming out of the blast furnace without being placed in a lathe for finish, wants a person of capital. Address R. R. R., this office.

Max Bachert, the young artist with Bradley & Rulofson, has again surprised us, with the most charming picture, in character, ever taken, of Mrs. D. P. Bowers. We are pleased to congratulate Messrs. B. & R. on having secured the services of so talented an artist.

We would Call Attention to the card of Curle, Stewart & Co. Knowing both gentlemen, we can confidently say that any business placed in their hands will be promptly and faithfully attended to.

Blind Tom, who, by the by, is not blind in the strictest sense of the word, declares that with the use of a pair of Muller's Glasses he can see as well as Jay Gould.

Hurrah for the Six-Mile House. Its worthy host and hostess and their good liquor, etc. Never pass without giving Harry Blanken a call. He's the life of the San Bruno Road.

OFFICE OF THE CITY GAS COMPANY.

San Francisco, April 5, 1873.—Consumers of Gas are notified that from and after the 5th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS ($4) PER ONE THOUSAND CUBIC FEET.
By order of the Board. [April 12.] W. W. BLOW, Secretary.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,
Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,
In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 4.6 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug 17.

MR. L. A. WELLER,
Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 424 California street, up stairs. Apr 11

C. L. CRACKBON.] **O. A. MURDOCK & CO.** [C. A. MURDOCK.
Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 5.

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS,
After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15.

HAIGHT & SAWYER
Have Removed their Law Office to 207 Sansome street, over the Phoenix Insurance Company. April 19.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London; National Provincial Bank of England; Wilkins & Co., Brecon & Old Bank; Oriental Bank Corporation; London and Westminster Bank; Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank; Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane; The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane; Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 49 Moorgate; East Cheapside Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st.; London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cooper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London; & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, Southampton Bldgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S.; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Morrell, 11 Gloster st., E. C.; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool; Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. P. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Real Estate Agents, Room No. 2, Stevenson's Building, S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital, and managing estates.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any, and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

"OUR CHOIR."

Dear News Letter:—Lest the basses and baritones grow scornful through too much notoriety, and the tenors droop through lack of it, Our Choir has thought it expedient to bring the latter gentlemen to the front. The tenors are naturally noisy—the "even tenor," etc., is all humbug—musicians of any experience know that there is always a confusion of some sort in the tenor clef. Rehearsing and re-rehearsing seems fun to them, and just when we all think "now they know it," some one of them is nearly sure to break down, and our organist groans. One of our tenors has a very fine voice for the first two or three bars, and after that he loses it. But then when he pleads, "I walked twenty-three miles this morning," or "I drank a cup of strong coffee—ought to have known better," etc., we cannot help but accept his excuses. He is a young man of extremely delicate nervous organization. As he expresses it, "Little things affect me." He is very truthful, is this young man. "Now those bass fellows, they can stand anything, they could sing under pressure of the biggest dinner or greatest affliction." And he'll shake his head and look dolefully expectant of your exclamation that he is much more sensitive, more highly strung in fact, a sort of violin compared to a double-bass. This young aspirant for fame and solos has an artistic way of gulping for the notes that is very effective to those near him. He holds his head pretty forward as if to catch any stray motes—notes, we mean—that might be about. Another tenor has an ambition for "astonishing the natives" by a very prolonged finale. Sometimes, when "holding on" so prodigiously, you expect to see him go up or go under, or go to pieces when the collapse takes place. One Sunday he leveled his eye on some object across the church, and swelling his chest to mammoth proportions, exploded such a mine of sound that we began to think the Modocs had come—a kind of musical bomb, you know. But he, innocent of the sensation, sent his voice ringing among the rafters, and kept it there, till even the organ was out of breath. Our organist reminded him that the heavy smash business at the end had better be left to metal pipes. These are our fixed "stars." Sometimes we are honored with a sort of "occasional talent." A bass, to wit, who is a sort of literary character and has heaps of ideas, only he is so modest that not even his most intimate acquaintances have ever found out that he had. Then, and lastly, there is our Californian tenor who now and then bursts on our gaze with a beautiful scream. He sings with much expression, and if he does not make a name, it will be a terrible disappointment to himself and friends. We tenors have all such a settled conviction that there's nothing in each other, that a temporary silence, at least, is to be retained on that score. Yours, through the gamut, CANTEMUS.

THE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Why Does the Company Persist in sending to sea such steamers as the *Mohongo*, and steamers in such condition as the *Constitution* and *Pacific* are reported to be by passengers who have recently traveled in them? Again, what excuse has the Company for harassing its creditors, small and large alike, by putting them off from week to week, and even from month to month, contrary to its former custom—which is still the custom of every solvent house in San Francisco—of prompt payment on or before "steamer day"? If it be true, as freely charged in the daily press of New York, that the Pacific Mail Company is practically insolvent, that a million dollars of its assets are represented by a worthless mortgage, given by its President to secure his own indebtedness; that the same President, having himself bought the rotten and worthless steamers of the late Australian line, in the hope of getting a subsidy from Congress, and, having failed in this, turned them over to the Mail Company for another million of dollars; that the corporation which a year ago publicly reported its cash assets as high as $3,500,000, is now without cash, and in debt to the extent of $1,000,000 to $5,000,000 for new steamers, which it has no means of paying for. If these things which we read in the daily papers are true, then we can understand the cause of such a policy as we have been feebly trying to describe. Nothing could make it wise, or even decent. But if, on the other hand, the Company intends to continue its business, it behooves it to make an immediate and vast change for the better. As an example of the consequences of persistence in its present injurious course, we need only point out that within a month the Chinese merchants here, formerly among the firmest, most profitable and least troublesome of the Company's customers, will unquestionably show the sincerity of their complaints by transferring their patronage to the foreign steamers now here and en route from Hongkong. Who or what is to blame for all this, we neither know nor care. Our duty is simply to report the facts as they come to us from every quarter. The remedy rests in other hands.—*Commercial Herald.*

A RAILWAY TRAIN STOPPED BY LOCUSTS.

The Statement that a train has been stopped by a host of locusts will seem to most persons to be one of a most extraordinarily exaggerated nature, and yet we are assured that such was the fact on the line between Castlemaine and Sandhurst recently. As the 7.15 train did not arrive here to time, the station master communicated with Castlemaine by telegraph, and was informed that it had been started at the usual time. Having waited for some time, he ordered a special engine to be got ready to proceed down the line, but before it could start the train arrived, being half an hour behind time. The guard reported that when near Harcourt the train was suddenly brought to a standstill, and on inspection it was found that an obstruction had been caused by an immense accumulation of locusts on the line, covering the ground to the depth of about four inches. As the insects were crushed under the fore wheels of the locomotive, the line became so slippery that the driving wheels would not grip. The rails were sanded to no purpose, and at last small pebbles were used, and even then four trucks had to be left behind. The trains which arrived later reported that they had not experienced any such difficulty, the locusts probably having cleared off the line. How they got there in such numbers it is not very easy to guess. It was raining at the time the 7.15 train encountered them, and it is most likely a heavy flight of them had been driven together by a strong gust of wind, and been beaten down by the rain. It is a wonder the people in charge of the train did not think of getting some boughs and fastening them on to the guard irons, in order to act as a broom, a course which would be necessary if the progress of a train were impeded by a fall of snow, and which is common enough at home. From this strange occurrence, persons who have seen nothing of the dense flights of locusts, with which many of the provinces have been infested of late, will be able to gain some idea of the immense numbers in which they frequently pass over the country.—*Bendigo Advertiser, Australia.*

PUBLIC FEELING IN ALSACE.

The French Journals eagerly publish accounts of any *gaminerie* on the part of the Alsatians tending to show continued attachment to France. There was great excitement lately at Mulhausen in consequence of the appearance of a tricolor flag fastened to the topmost branch of an immense poplar tree in the town. A crowd instantly collected, and the police were soon on the spot. They offered ten, twenty, nay, thirty thalers, to any one who would remove the offensive emblem, but no one came forward. At length a German carpenter attempted the feat. This was no easy one, for the poplar tree had been covered with tar for several yards from the ground. The carpenter, however, contrived to reach the first branch, which instantly broke in his eager grasp, and he fell to the ground. He tried again, but the next branch also gave way, and it was now clear that the individual who had carried the French standard up to its present lofty position had sawn through all the branches on his way down. The discomfited carpenter was then entrusted to an easier task—that of cutting down the tree, which accordingly soon fell to the ground, amidst a storm of yells and hisses. The crowd instantly divided the flag into a thousand shreds, which they pocketed with enthusiasm, while the authorities on the spot contented themselves with tearing off the paper, which was soon a mere skeleton tree. Next morning a black cross was found fixed to the stump, with the inscription, "Fallen in the service of the country."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE OF EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the City and County of San Francisco, in the State of California, made on the 23d day of December, 1872, in the matter of the Estate of GEORGE PENDERGRAS, deceased, the undersigned, Executor of the will of said deceased, will sell at private sale, to the highest bidder for cash, in gold coin, and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on or after MONDAY, the 26th day of May, A. D. 1873, at 12 o'clock M., all the right, title, interest and estate of said deceased at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has by operation of law or otherwise acquired, other than or in addition to that of the said deceased at the time of his death, in and to all those lots, pieces, or parcels of land situate, lying and being in said city and county, and described as follows, viz:

1st. Commencing at a point in the west line of Buchanan street, distant northerly 75 feet from the northwesterly corner of Buchanan and O'Farrell streets, thence northerly on Buchanan street 12½ feet, thence at a right angle westerly 62½ feet; thence at a right angle southerly 12½ feet, and thence at a right angle easterly 62½ feet to Buchanan street and place of beginning.

2d. Commencing at the northwest corner of 50 Vara Lot One, in Block 3?7, in the Western Addition to said city, thence south on a line parallel with Buchanan street 17½ feet, thence at a right angle easterly 35 feet, thence at a right angle southerly 5 feet, thence at a right angle easterly 25 feet, thence at a right angle northerly 1?½ feet to a point, and thence at a right angle westerly 35 feet to the place of beginning.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE—Cash in gold coin. Deeds at expense of purchaser. Bids or offers may be made at any time after the first publication of this notice and before the making of the sale. All bids or offers must be made in writing, and left at the office of T. A. O'BRIEN, Attorney at Law, No. 420 Kearny street, in said city and county. RUSSELL DAVIS, Executor.
Dated May 15th, 1873. [May 17.] T. A. O'BRIEN, Attorney.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria, and Hope Town. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's comfortable Spring Wagons leave Cape Town, without fail, every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and travelling the above route are due at Du Toit's Pan, the center point of the Diggings, on the seventh day from Town. Under new and improved arrangements, punctuality is ensured. Fare to the Diggings, £12. Each Passenger allowed 40 lbs. Luggage. Rest is afforded to Passengers by night stoppage at the principal stations, and Refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the entire route. Passengers' heavy Baggage has precedence by the Company's Goods Wagons leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the head office of the Company, No. 42 ADDERLEY STREET, corner of Longmarket street, Cape Town. R. T. TOWNROE, Secretary.
Cape Town, 22d March, 1873. May 17

AUCTION SALE AT CALISTOGA,

Of Horses, Mares, Ewes, Heifers, Etc., Etc.—Will be sold at Public Auction, at the Stables of the CALISTOGA SPRINGS HOTEL, on SATURDAY, May 24th, 1873, the following property, viz: SEVENTY HEAD OF HORSES, comprising Work Horses, Brood Mares, Colts, from one to five years old, of Lodi and Clydesdale Stock. Also One Hundred and Thirty Head Thoroughbred French Merino Ewes and Bucks. Thirty or Forty Head of Dairy Cows and Heifers. Also, One Threshing Machine (Vibrator) with Horse Power. Two Mowers, Plows, Cultivators, Drags, Farming Tools of all kinds. Set of Dairy Utensils, complete. Wagons, Trucks, Buggies, Etc., Etc. Terms of Sale—All sums under $50, cash; all sums over $50, sixty days' time with approved security. [May 10.] S. BRANNAN.

THE CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.
FOR HONGKONG via YOKOHAMA,
FROM FRONT STREET WHARF.

The Magnificent British Iron Steamship Galley of Lorne, 2,037 tons, J. Robinson, Commander. This fast and powerful Clyde-built Steamship sails from Hongkong for this port about the 1st of June, and on arrival here will have quick dispatch as above. For freight on Merchandise and Treasure or Passage apply to MACONDRAY & CO.,
May 17 Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Alaska Commercial Company, for the election of Trustees and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 310 Sansome street, San Francisco, California, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of June, 1873, at 1 o'clock P. M. JOHN F. MILLER,
[May 10.] President.

NEW ENTERPRISE—METAL GOODS.

Fountains, Statuary, Vases, Aquariums, Drinking Fountains, Emblematic Signs, Figured, Rustic Chairs and Settees, Stable Fixtures, Iron Railing, Fences, Cresting, Weather Vanes, and other Ornamental Castings. Here is an opportunity for people of taste and culture to ornament their fine grounds. Please give us a call. KEELER, HINE & THOMAS COMPANY,
J. M. KEELER, Manager. [May 10.] No. 727 Market street.

FOR EUREKA, TRINIDAD, CRESCENT CITY, PORT ORFORD, COOS BAY AND UMPQUA RIVER.

The Steamship Pelican, J. D. Howell, Commander, will leave for the above ports on SATURDAY, May 17th, at 9 o'clock A. M.
May 10. BEN. HOLLADAY, Jr., Agent, 217 Sansome street.

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of
May 10. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

S. P. CHRISTY. JOHN H. WISE. THOS. DENIGAN.

CHRISTY & WISE,

Agents for Wool Growers, and Commission Merchants for the sale of HIDES, TALLOW, ETC., 107 FRONT STREET, between Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco. May 17

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Oriflamme, F. Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom st. wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, May 10, at 12 o'clock M. [May 10.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

NEW MAP OF CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA,

In Townships, with Mineral Grounds, Railroads and Land Districts defined. The MOST COMPLETE MAP ever published of the two States. For sale in Sheets or Book form. Size, 3 feet by 3½. Price—Book, $5; Mounted, $5.
May 17 WARREN HOLT, 60 Clay street.

AUCTION SALE.

New City Hall Lots Nos. 77 and 78.—Monday, June 10, 1873.—John Middleton & Son, Auctioneers, 319 Montgomery street. For particulars see advertisements in Alta and Examiner. By order Board of City Hall Commissioners.
May 17 ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary.

SAN FRANCISCO ART ASSOCIATION,

313 Pine street, below Montgomery.—Gallery now open to the Public from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. and 7 to 10 P. M. Single Admission, 25 cts.; Season Ticket (admitting lady and gentleman), $3. May 17.

RODGERS, MEYER & CO., 212 BATTERY STREET,
OFFER FOR SALE IN BOND OR DUTY PAID,

Wool Bags, Fleece Twine, 5 ply and 7 ply, Flax Twine, 5 ply and 3 ply,
Grain Bags, Imitation Chicken Gunnies, Hessians, 40 and 45 inch,
Coffee Bags, Silver Ore Bags of all descriptions, Glengarnock Pig Iron,
Sheathing Copper, Copper Ore Bags, all descriptions, Composition Nails,
Fire Clay and Chalk, Soda Crystals, Brass Cloth, Bath Bricks,
Fire Bricks, Kirkless Hall Pig Iron, Brimstone, Candles,
Yellow Metal, P. H. Muntz & Co.'s celebrated brand. [April 12.

SHEAVES

A sad autumnal sky—a twilight sky,
A rosy dawn at day;
A low wind, sighing through the Spring-time light, and some the birds
whose grain
And wail its way.
Bare trees—save for a handful of brown leaves
A quiet reaper resting with her sheaves—
And yet He knows, and judges all aright
Who doth keep left.
Not a sparrow can fall
Unnoticed,
An Hand or can tell
What Hand chance or circumstance decreed,
The utter failure of the cherished seed.

How poor they seem, how few, how light, may be in a future age
Gathered,
Threshed, winnowed and made pure,
The harvest that we deemed as whole
Wasted, perfect and mature
Lost
Ah! the Lord heart that now defeated
May yet stand smiling 'mid abundant
sheaves
—*Mary L. Ritter*

CURT CORRESPONDENCE.

Butler pronounced here in the good, which we are prate not understood, a dictum that capital letter writer Mrs. Cutter, if I strongly fame, I did not accept, for where is Dunstrick, the excuse I for [illegible] reply, [illegible] "If I attempt to do the lesson, I must be the point what I started to say, or rip the risk of expressing more fully as I do be understood, besides, my mother [illegible] time, I been very [illegible], that the farthest way she it was [illegible] and yes see the force of relevant [illegible] Some of the [illegible] chestnut [illegible] to both the [illegible] is eligible. When [illegible] by the advice of an adviser, of [illegible] a pre-[illegible] resistance to Tal. W. Nason the manager [illegible] I am [illegible] acquainted with any Mr. Phillips except a Quaker, and [illegible] the most [illegible] the world to [illegible] I don't want [illegible] brought reported to [illegible] I am so [illegible] to think I [illegible] to a Methodist person to preach for my benefit as a Quaker [illegible] Mr. Mr. Kinsey, I don't want to come. The [illegible] after the [illegible] Mr. Mr. [illegible] old Hanson, I have [illegible] that [illegible] shillings each. Why [illegible] T. W. And the [illegible] made a [illegible] Mr. Some of these [illegible] creek [illegible] are very amusing. Lord [illegible] wishing to apply to the Dark of Dust of the changed [illegible] wrote. Dear Dust, I have just been married, and am the happ[illegible] Berkeley." He [illegible] the [illegible] being [illegible] with Dear Darkness, I pity you, [illegible] Dust. Mr. Kendall, [illegible] Mr. [illegible] information as to the [illegible] Yours, [illegible]

Yours, etc. P. S. [illegible]

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of [illegible]

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION

The best chance to invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific [illegible]

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, [illegible]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by [illegible]

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: [illegible]

MACONDRAY & CO'S LINE FOR HONGKONG

From Front street Wharf.—The magnificent British iron S. S. Lord [illegible]

HARNESS AND SADDLERY

Main & Winchester, 313 and 315 Battery st., San Francisco, have [illegible]

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE

MAILS FOR	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	ARRIVE A.M.	ARRIVE P.M.
Alameda				1 30
Benicia and Russian River Steamers		6		5 30
Cloverdale and Cape Horn		1 45	11 1	
Dutch Flat		1 45	11 15	
Marysville and Sacramento	6	3	9	9 30
Napa, Lake and Yolo			12 1	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6			9 30
Oakland	6	3		9 30
Oroville				9 30
Petaluma	6 30			9 30
Sacramento		1 15		9 30
Sacramento			1	
San Jose		1	9	4 30
Southern California and Arizona				6 0
Southern Pacific Railroad	6 30	3	9	9 30
Stockton		3	12	9 30
Virginia City and Dayton		1 45		9 30
Washington Territory				

[illegible]

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

— IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe N America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.

Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pelopi

Barbadoes (W. I.)

Albion Hotel. William E. Hoad, Proprietor

Berlin.

Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 7

Birmingham.

The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station

The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. Collins, Proprietor

The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.

Hotel Des Bains. F. Mouton, Pr

Cheltenham.

Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Western Abbey, Secretary)

Constantinople.

Hotel D'Angleterre

Cordoba.

Grand Hotel Suizo.

Dublin.

The Hibernian Hotel. Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor

Edinburgh.

The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Stanley, Proprietor

Folkestone.

London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.

Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor

Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor

Genoa.

Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Bertschi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.

White Swan Hotel. A. Woodhouse, Proprietor

Hamburgh.

Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.

Regent Hotel. L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.

Washington Hotel. Lime street. Frank Boyce, Manager

London.

Bridge House Hotel. London B.

Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. James Nunn, Proprietor, of New York Manager

Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.

Hotel de l'Europe. M. Crepaux, Proprietor

Milan.

Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.

Hotel Porro.

New York.

Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor

Nottingham.

Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.

Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.

Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.

St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.

Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.

Royal Hotel. E. Watts, Prop.

St. Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.

The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.

The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor

Turin.

Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.

Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Cappi, Proprietors

Hotel Beau Rivage

Vienna.

Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.

Grand National Hotel.—Moch & Mayer, Proprietors

Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche.—J. Heimer, Proprietor

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

Domestic Servants.—A correspondent who writes to the Sacramento *Herald* [illegible]

One of the Most Valuable and Interesting Features of the ninth century [illegible]

Man is Indeed Fearfully and Wonderfully Made.—[illegible]

The Blue-coat Boys [illegible]

Northern Alligators.—[illegible]

A Japanese Paper, with a Japanese [illegible]

The Jesuits.—[illegible]

A Queer Place for a Reptile.—[illegible]

The Owners of the Steamship Cassini, [illegible]

The French Government has given orders that no time of all be lost in [illegible]

The Rev. Dr. Cumming, [illegible]

The Massachusetts Egg Dealers have developed such a habit [illegible]

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Condition and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and genuine, which the first [illegible] Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Sold in 1 oz. [illegible] Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Sole Manufacturers, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. Sole Agents in New York, J. ANSTAWALL, William street. [illegible]

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. [illegible] DANIEL HUDSON & SON, London, and all Wholesale Houses. [illegible] "SEE THAT YOU GET JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Lenton [illegible]

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES

[illegible]

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior [illegible]

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammuni- [illegible]

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Unfair comments, Notice is hereby [illegible]

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules [illegible]

MARAVILLA COCOA

Taylor Brothers, the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe, [illegible] "MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a [illegible]

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, [illegible]

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE

Made in one minute with or without Milk.—The above articles are [illegible]

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 114 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for [illegible]

TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

BY AN UNAPPRECIATIVE PARENT.

I'm proud to say I own a kid,
A kid just eight months old—
I'm open to the highest bid,
Will take bank notes or gold!

A model baby this of mine,
He never cries at night,
For at the semblance of a whine
I always gag him tight!

He's rather choice about his pap,
And grumbles loudly too
Whene'er he finds we've changed the tap
For an inferior brew.

He never wants to fight his dad,
Like many a kid I know—
Such conduct, well he wots, is bad—
I've always told him so!

He never dares to pester me
With queries crude and tame;
He cannot talk as yet, you see
(Thank heaven for that same!)

The cherub never startles one
By running off alone;
At eight months old they seldom run,
As any one will own!

And yet this infant is a bore,
This kid of eight months old,
And, as I think I said before,
I'll take bank notes or gold!—*Fun.*

SUNBEAMS.

— I got into the cars and took a seat in juxtaposition to a female. That female's face was a perfect insurance company for her. It insured her against ever getting married to any body except a blind man. Her mouth looked like a crack in a dried lemon, and there was no more expression in her face than there is in a cup of cold custard. She appeared as if she had been through one famine, and got about two-thirds through another. She was old enough to be great grandmother to Mary that had a little lamb. She was chewing prize popcorn, and carried in her hand a yellow rose, while a bandbox and a cotton umbrella nestled sweetly by her side. I couldn't guess whether she was on a mission of charity, or going West to start a saw mill. I was full of curiosity to hear her speak, so I said: "The exigencies of the time required great circumspection in a person who is traveling." Says she, "What?" Says I, "The orb of day shines resplendent in the vault above." She bitched around uneasy like, then raised her umbrella, and said, "I don't want any of your sass—git out!" And I got out.—*Mark Twain.*

— Mr. Brandytoddy's three reasons for not drinking are very characteristic of that gentleman: "Take something to drink?" said his friend to him one day. "No, thank you," replied Mr. B. "Not why not?" inquired his friend in great amazement. "In the first place," returned Mr. Brandytoddy, "I am secretary to a temperance society that is to meet to-day, and I must show my temperance character. In the second place, this is the anniversary of my father's death, and out of respect for him I have promised never to drink on this day. And in the third place, I have just taken something."

— A gentleman was traveling to London inside the Southampton coach. There were four passengers, one a lady. Cobbett, whose name was in everybody's mouth, became the topic of conversation, and was severely handled by the three gentlemen, probably Tories. "I hear," says one, "that he is a tyrant at home and beats his wife." On which the lady, hitherto silent in her corner, said, "Pardon me, sir, a kinder husband and father never breathed; and I ought to know, for I'm his wife."

— A Quaker gentleman, riding in a carriage with a fashionable lady decked with a profusion of jewelry, heard her complain of the cold. Shivering in her lace bonnet and shawl as light as a cobweb, she exclaimed, "What shall I do to get warm?" "I really don't know," replied the Quaker, solemnly, "unless thee should put on another breast pin!"

— A young lady correspondent suggests that under the Wild Birds' Act the poor dear blackbirds and thrushes are protected. Nobody must kill a robin. Anybody may kill a blackbird. Not so, if he is stealing our cherries, for then he is a robbin'. Very good, dear. We hope Alfred thinks you as clever as we do.—*Punch.*

— Useful sister (to ornamental sister, who has been bewailing the dulness of her existence for the last hour) —"Bella, you're the most *egotistical* creature I ever [illegible] in my life!" Bella (who always gets out of everything with a joke)—"Well, Jane, if I am egotistical, at all events it's *only* about *myself!*"

— A [illegible] who had made [illegible] for [illegible] was asked [illegible] "[illegible]," said he, "is the meanest place I ever visited. There is not a drop of liquor in the whole town fit to drink."

— Prince Bismarck celebrated his fifty-eighth birthday on the first of April. So Bismarck, you see, was born on the first of April. Do you know what day it is? All Fools; and Bismarck, certainly is not one of them.

— Charles: "Well, James, I suppose as you'll be able to take it easy this season, now that your oldest young lady's turned off?" James: "Ah! but there's the youngest a comin' out; so we're much as we was."

— Never too late to mend—Then go and mend thy ways, sayeth the Moralist.

— A bad style of arithmetic—Division among families.

— Mere catch-penny affairs—Hand-organs.

— Always "hard pressed"—Bricks.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, May 4th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making [illegible] at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH. Leave San Francisco, 7, 8, [illegible] 12.00 and 11.20 A.M., 1.10, 1.30, 3.00, 4.00, 5.15, 6.30, [illegible] and *11.20 P.M. (6.30, 11.20 and 1.00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco) [illegible]

Leave Oakland [illegible]

ALAMEDA BRANCH. Leave San Francisco, 7.20, 9.00 and 11.15 A.M., 1.20, 4.00, 5.20 and 7.00 P.M. (7.20, 11.15 and 5.30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4.30, 7.00 and 10 [illegible] A.M., and [illegible] P.M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5.25, 7.25, 9.00 and 11.00 A.M., 1.30, 4.05 and 5.30 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—San Francisco		8.10 a m	*3.30 p m	*4.40 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11.10 a m	5.30 p m	7.00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12.15 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Castroville	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	[illegible] p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave—Hollister				11.15 a m
Salinas				[illegible] a m
Castroville				[illegible] a m
Pajaro				[illegible] a m
Gilroy				[illegible] p m
San Jose		[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m

*SATURDAYS [illegible] Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9.20 a.m. Returning will leave San Jose at [illegible] p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4.15 a m, arrive at San Francisco [illegible]

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1.00 p m; arrive at San Francisco [illegible] a m.
A. N. TOWNE, A. C. BASSETT,
General Superintendent. Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April [illegible], the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8.20 and 11 a m, and 4 and 6 p m; Saucelito at [illegible] and 9 [illegible] a m, [illegible] p m. [illegible] On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] a m. SUNDAY TIME—Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 m, 2 and 4 p m. Leave Saucelito 11 a m, 1, 3, 5 [illegible] p m. H. A. COBB, President.
April 2. 326 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours. Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, [illegible], the steamer PETALUMA, Will. [illegible] Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and [illegible] machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible]. Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. [illegible] CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 26, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco [illegible] a m, [illegible] p m, 4.00 p m. San Rafael, 7.45 a.m., 11 a m, [illegible] p m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10.00 a.m., 5.00 p.m.; San Rafael, 8.00 a.m., 2.20 p m. [Aug. 24.] CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A.M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The case with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, [illegible] wagons, freight wagons, [illegible] wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars bring you to our [illegible]. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company [illegible] the Wood C Spring and the steel Center [illegible] will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 30.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship New- bern, A. N. MacDonough Master, Will sail for her regular trip from [illegible] at 12 o'clock M. from Front street Wharf [illegible] connecting with the Steamers of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accomodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15. 610 Front street.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. [illegible] LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb. 26. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition; and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic [illegible] Latent Medicines, Crystallized [illegible] [illegible] the above forwarded free of charge [illegible]
BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. [illegible] London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. [illegible] Duke of Edinburgh [illegible] —The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is [illegible] Prepared by J. Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable [illegible] Nov. 29.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors: I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. L. Peanie, F. M. Bryant, H. Tryabe, J. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. Mebuttle, J. C. Farrington, J. T. Pomeroy, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent.
Office—624 Montgomery street, Montgomery block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and [illegible] Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E.C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 5.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 25.] Agents, 423 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Build'g.
JUSTICES—[illegible] Montgomery St.
COUNTY—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—713 Montgomery street.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATT'Y—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—California and Sansome streets.
CITY PHYSICIAN—County Hospital.
CORONER—135 Kearny street.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants' Exchange.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City H.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT. OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—[illegible] Place.
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT. PUB. SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSE—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 11, City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—220 Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPERINTENDENT [illegible]—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall.
OUTSIDE LAND COMMITTEE—24 Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets.
HEALTH OFFICE—Jackson street.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall.
POUND KEEPER—Jackson St., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
QUARANTINE—[illegible] street.
HARBOR MASTER—[illegible] st.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

BELGIUM—F. Grisar, 1313 Powell.
CHILI—H. Barroil, bet., 524 Montgomery street.
CHINA—[illegible] General Francis [illegible] 314 Battery st.
DENMARK—[illegible] Hara Taafe, 220 California street.
ECUADOR—[illegible] Wolf (absent).
FRANCE—[illegible] Breuil, 434 Jackson street.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, 319 California street.
GUATEMALA—C. Martin, 415 California st.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Henry W. Severance, Front street.
HONDURAS—Wm V. Wells, Mayor's Office, City Hall.
ITALY—G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
JAPAN—C. W. Brooks, 20 Montgomery street.
MEXICO—[illegible] 725 Kearny.
GERMAN EMPIRE—[illegible] 318 Sacramento street.
NETHERLANDS—J. De Fremery, 310 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
PERU—De la Fuentes Subirat Federico.
PORTUGAL—Francis Berton, sw cor. Clay and Leidesdorff Sts.
RUSSIA—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
SAN SALVADOR—D. J. Dorsey.
SPAIN—C. Martin, 415 California.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—G. C. Johnson, 53 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Francis Berton.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—F. Herrera.
BOLIVIA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
CALLAO—D. J. Williamson, 230 Drumm street.
COSTA RICA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
GREECE—[illegible] Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—C. Baum, 316 Battery street.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN—G. Muecke, 109 California street.
TURKEY—George W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending May 10, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, May 5th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
J T King to J J Dally	Pacific and Powell, 22 6x67 6	$1,100
Owen Tighe to John Tormey	Mission n 19th, 80x122:6	1,500
Daniel Ryan to Roslin Rider	Maple n Broadway, 200x66; also, w Maple n Broadway, w 200, n 66, e 180, s to com, sub blk 340	10
Great P'k H'd As'n to Mary Welsh	Lot 18 blk 865	250
Sp'g Val'y H As'n to A Wunderlich	Lot 52	260
Same to Lawrence Hussey	Lots 142 and 143	720
Same to Bridget Callhan	Lots 90 and 91	720
Same to Annie O'Brien	Lots 92	360
Same to Honora O'Brien	Lots 145 and 146	720
M Chinmark to Isaac Manchester	Frederick sw 1st, 80x25	1,1 0
Mrndel Yaretsky to B J Shay	Geary w Dupont, 22 6x60	1
Mary Chapman to Samuel Read	Re-record to cor't error in acknowledg't	....
M N Rodgers to Catherine Curtis	Lot 8 blk 112, Univ'ty H'd Ass'n	1,000
Univ'ty H'd As'n to M N Rodgers	Same	315

Tuesday, May 6th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
George Treat to Andrew Genbool	Se cor Napa and Vermont, 100x100	$ 500
Same to Gustave Mahe	Vermont w Napa, s 333, e 100, n 308, e 100, n 25, w 200, to com; also, Kansas s Napa, 45x100	500
Spring Valley H As'n to S Wafford	Lot 213	300
W M Bevins to Amelia Fitel	Tyler w Webster, 137 6x27 6	1,700
W H Gawley to R T Thomas	Sac'to w Davis, 20x[illegible] sub morte $3,500	2,000
G Zimmerman to Michael Reese	Nw cor Spruce and Sumner, 31x50	11
Aaron Dood to Lucinda J Swain	Corbett n Dolores, 77x100	6,500
J Flon to Andrew Leishaker	Re-record to correct error	
F H Woods to Patrick Plover	Ellis and Pierce, 137 6x137 6	3,500
H S Baldwin to W H Raymond	Sutter w Mason, 22 6x87 6, subject to mortgage for $6,000	11,000
Henry Matthews to John O'Kane	McAllister w Webster, 107 5x137 6	8,000
J Rosenfeld to Henry Matthews	McAllister w Webster, 107 6x137 6	5
Mathew Crooke to Eliz h E Dolan	Pine and Jones, se corner, e 60x60	Gift
George Bales to Edw A Morse	Sundry tracts and parcels land	1,000
Willett Colver to Herman Wendt	Tyler and Lyons, 137 6x137 6	2,000
Patk W Lahaney to Cath Lahaney	Lot 16 blk 230, [illegible] and Haley Tract	600
Emile Kower et al to Henry Winkle	Railroad Ave w Scott, 2 [illegible] acres	7
Henry Winkle to Emile Kower	Same	10

Wednesday, May 7th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Eliz'th H Lord to F A W Davis	Bryant and Gilbert, 37 6x125	$1,104
C Delahanty to Thos Giblin	24th e Columbia, 25x101	325
B J Shay to John Heritage	Columbia w Valencia, n 114, w 50 s to n line of Columbia st, e 16 to com	1,500
W H McGrew to James R Kelly	Same	1
James R Kelly to B J Shay	Same	350
Geo Torrens to Jos L Wilson	Und ½ se San Jose R'd 915 sw Precita Av, sw 145, se 300, ne 180, etc	3,000
Mark Pixley to Francis Dewing	20th av nw H, 50x100	601
A E Sabatio to Henri Maubec	Und 7.16 Sutter e Stockton, 60x72:6; also, und 7 16 Sansome s Jackson, w 62 6x[illegible]	5
Chris Rosenzweig to Jno L Reilly	Corbett w 2d Ave, 80x115—sub M A 39	2,500
Bay City Hd to S C E Thayer	Lot 38 blk 483	300
Herman Wohler to Henry L Davis	Und 10 acs Rancho Laguna de la Merced	2,300
R E Raimond to Mary A Raimond	Howard e 3d, 110x40	Gift
Masonic Cem Ass'n to Fred Seibel	Lot 137 Circle Plat	131
E R Carpenter to W A Aldrich	Old San Jose Road, 127 s initial point of Rancho Bernal, s 300 10 e to point 150 w Valencia, n to point where line, etc	5,500
City Land Ass'n to Cath'ne Brown	Lot 5 blk 18	95
Henrietta Hauff to Susannah Scholl	Dupont n Post, 18:5x10[illegible]	Gift
Fredk W Haubrich to B Haubrich	2d Ave n 17th, 36 6x120—sub M B 10	2 100

Thursday, May 8th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
L Kowalsky to S Hoffman	Mason n Eddy, 25x68:9	$ 100
E L Sawyer to A Heiser	W 11th Av n Pt Lobos Av, 25x120	400
Martha B Hunt to Hugh Whitted	Mission n 19th, 25x90	150
D McDonald to Silvius Koran	Por McDonald Ranch containing 1 acre	700
W H Raymond to Janet Dorr	Sutter w Mason, 22:6x87:6	Gift
Julius Fischer to John [illegible]	Jessie sw 4th, 25x70	4,000
Fred k Weise to Mary Weise	Mission no 7th, 25x85, also, 25th e Encin, 50x114	Gift
Henry Wilson to Frank Scherf	Lots 1303, 1304 and 1305, Gift Map 3	1,500
L S Welton to Julius George	Geary w Laguna, 31:4¾x137 6	10
A C Weber to same	Same	1,500
P Dexter to James Dexter	Tehama [illegible] 75x100	5
Wm Graham to Mary H Hanley	[illegible]	3,500
L Peyser to Harriet Stillman	Trust deed of [illegible] to inter'st [illegible] upper story of building on se corner of Mason and Third	
Same to same	Lots 14 to 21, and frac'l lots 1, 7 to 11 inc, 22, 23, 24, blk 104	....
Same to same	Blk 103	2,510 / 6 [illegible]

Friday, May 9th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
James Brooks to City and Co S F	Nw cor Pacific and Kearny, w 40 n 58:11 [illegible] 11-10¾ to beg; also, Pacific w Kearny, w 30 n 96, etc	31,031
Louisa R White to John Gilly	Post and Devisadero, 110x27 6	3,000
Felton T et Hd Asn to J Le Count	Lots 16 and 17 blk 1,295	310
Same to Henry Hirschheimer	Lot 41 blk 1,350	170
Rufus Barker to Almena Parker	Shotwell n 20th, 30x122 6	Gift
Webster St H'd to A H Lissak, Jr	Lots 1 and 1	3,162
Same to L Laplan	Lot 5	1,635
Chas Smith to John Center	Shotwell s 23d, s 80 e 112 ne 83, thence 91 3 to beginning	3,000
A H Lissak, Jr, to L Kaplan	California e Fillmore, 42x92 7½	100
M Dore to Metropolitan Gas Co	Bryant sw 5th, se 180, se 375 [illegible] to Dore st, nw to beg	75,000
Metropolitan Gas Coto J B Haggin	Same	
H Barroilhet to H Joseph	Eddy and Polk, 121 6x137 6	6,500
Spring Valley Hd As'n to A Kaiser	Lots 217 and 218	710
S Morgenstern to H Frank	Lots 31, 32, 33, 34 blk 83, Haley Tract	1
Same to same	Lot 5 blk 541, Tide Lands	177
Same to same	Lot 7 blk 532, same	140
Same to same	Lot 7 blk 568, same	110
L Morgenstern to same	Lot 14 blk 568, same	130
S Morgenstern to same	Lot 14 blk 532, same	140
P [illegible] to Julia Gillam	Wash'n e Polk, 23:6x137 6	Gift

Saturday, May 10th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
R Tobin to City and County S F	Broadway e Dupont, e 23, s 67:7, etc	$8,278
George Treat to Ferdinand Reis	Und ½ Vermont and Colusa, 200x433; also, Kansas and Colusa, 200x141:8; also, Kansas n Colusa, 141:6x200; also, Colusa and Rhode Island, 200x433	16,000
Same to Samuel Davis	Und ½ same	8,000
C E Pilsbury to Olive H Braun	Visitacion Av e Millikin, 6x225	1
N Crosslin to Mrs [illegible]	McAllister and Webster, 137 6x137 6	Gift
Joseph C Collins to John Stable	Sanchez and Duncan, 61 6x100, also, Navy and Dolores, 33x100	1,000
John Stab'e to Wm J Gunn	Same	1,200
Soc'y Cal Pioneers to J E Margary	Lot 48 Sec 8, Masonic Cem'ty	53
Gerge Treat to Ferdinand Reis	Kansas and Napa, 100x100	500
Odd Fel'ws C Asn to McLeod Bros	Lot 35 Sec 5, Odd Fellows Cemetery	48
John Hynes to Thos Donnelley	Pierce n Eddy, 25x90	1,200
City and County S F to C Broad	Hyde n Pine, 25x60	prem
Thos White to M McCloskey	Folsom no 5th, 25x90	3,100
Tide L'd Com'rs to S F Dock Co	19 full lots, 1 to 11 inc and 17 to 24 inc, and frac'l lots 12, 14, 15 and 16, block 432, Tide Lands	9,631
Same to same	Frac'l lot 4, frac'l blk 392	140
Same to same	16 lots, from 1 to 12 inc, and from 21 to 24 to 24 inc, and 6 frac'l lots 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, in frac'l blk 398	3,297
Same to same	Frac'l lot 4, blk 1017	174
Same to same	9 lots 2 to 10 inc, and frac'l lots 1, 11, 12, 13, 19 to 21, blk 426	2,457
Same to same	22 full lots, 1 to 14 inc, and 17 to 24 inc, and 2 frac'l lots 15 and 16, blk 75	6,008
Same to same	Frac'l lots 1, 2, 3, 4, frac'l lot 1011	1,371
Same to same	Lots 15, 16, 17, 18, and frac'l lots 10 to 14 and 16 to 24 inc, blk 116	2,574

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending May 13, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
M Carlis to J Dennan	Oakland: N line Lydia 125 w from West, thence w 25x90:4	$ 200
F L Taylor to Tompkins & Adams	Same: 60x200 sw cor Clay and 17th	9,000
G M Yard to H Mackie	Same: E l Castro 53:9 s from 20th, thence s 50x100	1,000
E McLean to J Perrin	Same: W l Center 175:6 s from 5th, thence s 37 6x137 7	600
Same to M Gaines	Same: E l Chester 211 3 s from 5th, thence s 37 6x125	531
W Watts to M F Watts	Same: [illegible] x256 5 n and s by 33 and 34th, w by Adeline	Gift
J M Dillon to E Harris	Same: 130x150 nw cor Oak and 6th	5,500
J C & E Coleman to T Keegan	Same: 25x[illegible] ne cor 24th & Adeline	1,700
A Britton to P McNamara	Same: N line 23d 75 w from Jefferson, thence w 25x100	500
H Evans to L Hamilton	Same: Lot 61, Academy H d Tract	750
J Y Jones to W C Wallace	East Oakland: Sw line Monroe 75 se from Pierce, thence se 75x150	1,500
J O'Connor to A W Levitt	Same: 75x140 n cor Contra Costa & Adams	2,[illegible]0
T B Howard to A Robinson	Same: 200x150 n cor Lacey and Denton	7,000
W Ballou to L James	West Oakland: W line Wood 100:7 s fm Railroad Av, thence s 40x105:7	1,000
J M Todd to C Y D Hubbard	Same: N line 8th 84 w from Willow, thence w 51x[illegible]	625
J W & L Pearson to E W Berry	Same: 27 N line Division by 130	6,000
P Bartlett to H Reinhardt	Same: 46:11x137:7 nw cor Middle & C'ter	925
Same to T Hagan	Same: W Center 99:2 n from Middle, thence n 52:2x87 1	810
E W Berry to J W Pearson	Same: 27 n line Division by 130	1
N B Hays to A Ryder	Same: W line Peralta 108 n from Seward, thence n 4x150	100
J D Farwell to G. O'H Taaffe	Alameda: 8 acres on line High st	25,000
Same to same	Same: 2⅜ acs Tide Land Estuary of San Leandro	190
G O'H. Taaffe to V G Taaffe	Same: The preceding two tracts	Gift
S Millington to S I Fish	Same: 60 w line Versailles Av by 1.0	Gift
F Franks to W W Stone	Same: N Encinal 450 e from Willows, thence e 100x150	700
O E Chipman to J K Hamilton	Same: 172x150 se cor Santa Clara and Everett	1,200
Same to C S Benedict	Same: N l Central Av by 140, and 71 l Everett by 132	1,000
Same to H Seiglitz	Same: N Central 223.9 e from Everett, thence e 120x150	1,030
Same to J E Curvey	Same: 52:8x150 ne cor Central & Everett	500
Same to P Trask	Same: 125x132 ne cor Santa Clara and Everett, [illegible] Santa Clara by 100	1,315
Same to C Bartlett	Same: N Santa Clara 212 e from Everett, thence e 50x100	410
E Lawrence to Reis & Hoslocker	Same: 80 acres Tide Land, San Leandro Estuary	5
J R Bernal to P Carr	Pleasanton: [illegible]0x100	500
M Rodrigues to J Schwab	Same: [illegible] x125	650
W Haywood to G A Goodell	Haywood: 50x35	230
G Brown to same	Same: 7[illegible]x100	500
H S Fitch to T Leonard	Fitchburg: Lot 5 in blk 9	200
G W Dam to J C & L Coleman	San Leandro R and Fruit Vale Av 431x170 and 71 x 250	2,000
M G Cobb to E R Carpentier	4 miles n fr Oakland: 33 acs S Pablo Av	350
Gray & Flint to H L Scott	Lynn, Lots 17 to 20 in blk G	10
S Shearer to Oakland S g & R g Co	Brooklyn T'p: 300x300 at Melrose	10,000
C F Heros to H Barroilhet	Boundary line of Alameda and Contra Costa: 400 acres	3,000
W P Ingalls to J M Ingalls	Near Alvarado: ½ interest in tract	...
J M Ingalls to W F Ingalls	Same: Same	5
O H Pollard to R Perrin	Near Mis'n San Jose: ½ int in tract	700
S U H'd Ass'n to O Pennie	Oakland T'p: Lot 9 in blk 1, S U Hd T't	1,500
M Robins to J T Stevenson	Road Centreville to Alvarado: 10 acres	273
N Giambonl to F Giamboni	Brooklyn T'p: Lot 9, Ghirardelli H T'ct	1,000
H Whitaker to J R Dewlorf	4 miles n fr Pleasanton: ½ int 3,630 ac's	5,064
H Durant to G W Gibbs	Near Berkeley: 6¾ acres	750
W H Glascock to E R Carpentier	4 miles n fr Oakland; 33 acs S Pablo Av	14,000
A Unger to M A Moore	Near Berkeley: ½ interest 80 acres	500
P Hagan to T Fran	8 miles ne from Livermore 164 acres	

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. May 6.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. 3.

THE "NEWS LETTER'S" PRINCIPLES.

Our "Declaration of Principles" last week, as we expected, created no little excitement in financial circles. Scores of leading citizens, operators of every variety, financiers, [illegible] classes stepped [illegible] anxious [illegible] for more accurate information as to our system, and [illegible] the [illegible] of our tariff. We listened patiently to the varying tales of their woe, and sympathized as fully as we could with their [illegible], groaning, as they generally did, out of a misunderstanding of our ways of doing business. "Oh!" they cried, often with an intensity of agony that was [illegible], "had we only known in time that you were 'on it,' what a saving it would have been to me!" And this was the wail of agony that went up from all. There is not a swindling scheme that has miscarried, not a [illegible] overthrown, not a fraudulent stock operation that has been aired and shown up by us, [illegible] might have been saved and all parties enriched, except the venal public, had the *News Letter* been "interviewed" in time and its just anger [illegible]. The schemes we have crushed out simply for want of a proper understanding with the parties is absolutely amazing. It is distressing to think of. And the worst feature of the whole is the fact that all regrets for the past are [illegible]. And to think that [illegible] must be the grief of "operators" to learn, after we have metaphorically "kicked the stuffing" out of their little games, after we have furiously pitched in and knocked them galley west, smashed them [illegible] out of existence, that all that lay in the way of perfect accord and good feeling, all that stood between them and the warmest advocacy and earnest and sincere recommendation from us, and the most splendid and triumphant success for them, was a few paltry dollars. We might have been "fixed" in the winking of an eye if they had only known we were "on it." Almost the first sufferer developed by the "Declaration of Principles" was one of the leaders in the "Atlantic and Pacific Railroad" enterprise of last year, and one of our wealthiest and most respected citizens. He came in as early as Sunday morning. Mr Sneath at present resides in the country. He was much fatigued with his journey, having driven all night from his residence in order to see us and have a private talk. It will be remembered that some time since Mr Sneath became alarmed at the growing corruption of our city government under the domination of [illegible], Pickering, [illegible] McCarthy and the *Bulletin* newspaper, transferred his property and residence to an adjoining county in order to escape such malign influences. It was from the above mentioned rural district that Mr Sneath had driven during the night. At 9 o'clock a.m. of Sunday morning he staggered into our sanctum looking more dead than alive. In his hand he held a copy of last issue opened at the "Cash Box." His haggard features and blood-shot eyes gave evidence of the terrible excitement under which he was then laboring. He addressed us in a [illegible] whisper, supporting himself by the back of a chair as he spoke. "Is it true," he demanded, "that the *News Letter* is 'on it'?" "Easier than a sheep," was our off hand and business-like answer. "How long has this been the case?" he continued. "Always from the first," we answered, without hesitation. "Good heavens!" groaned the unfortunate man, "then the Atlantic and Pacific road have been saved?" "Slicker than grease—more easier than swapping jack knives," we continued. The great Atlantic and Pacific man staggered into a chair completely overwhelmed. We gave him a glass of Napa soda and he revived. Then he told us his sad tale. He had been the victim of misplaced confidence. We shall not go into particulars. It is enough to say that he had depended upon the *Bulletin* and *Call*, believing that those journals would be able to pull him through even against our opposition. [illegible] with chagrin that we were misunderstood and could not make a [illegible] by investing the job we most reluctantly set our foot upon it with such effect as might be expected, considering the influence of the *News Letter*. It is perhaps enough to say that its fate has become a matter of history. But need we give at length the mournful stories that were poured into our sorrowing ear during that day, of blighted hopes and of misplaced confidence? Need we speak of misguided Harbor Commissioners and other worthy but unskillful officers who have passed us by and set out with the *Alta* to their sorrow? Of diamond swindlers, who thought themselves secure with the *Call* on their side, but who too soon learned the weakness of that [illegible] sheet? Of mining speculators who hoped to gull the public by "fixing" the *Chronicle's* reporter for the Board of Brokers, and who found themselves "fixed"? And so on to the end of the pitiful chapter. Let these perhaps unmerited disasters be a lesson to the people of this coast. A hard lesson it is true, but possibly in the end all the more lasting and useful because of its severity. We say to the whole race of capitalists, political financiers and [illegible], be not deceived by appearances. You thought there was one honest journal in San Francisco, and acting upon that idea you came to grief. Had you tried us you would have discovered your fatal error. We are not a whit more honest than the *Bulletin*, the *Alta*, the *Call*, the *Chronicle*, or even than the *Post*. We only appear to be so because we are more intelligent, more refined, because our appearance is more prepossessing than the appearance of the editors of those journals, and our daily [illegible], our manners more elegant, our deportment and breeding superior, and [illegible] of this because of our careful early training and better birth. Those who think that money can only be used with those journals and not with us make a woeful mistake, and one that is replete with disaster and loss. Let this be a warning to them.

THE MECHANICAL MULLETT.

Lo, for These Many Weary Weeks—aye, months—hath this goodly city been severely afflicted with an [illegible] nuisance that hath become too grievous to be borne. It is the Mechanical Mullett known to local fame and obnoxious wherever known as General (?) A. M. Winn. Winn has selected the industrial stage upon which to display his [illegible] pranks, and, like his prototype, "Mr. Mullett," the itinerant player [illegible] all the parts in the literary comedies he foists upon public attention. Though for more than a quarter of a century he has not known the practical meaning of a day's work, he is heavy upon the rights and wrongs of working men. While [illegible] nine out of every hundred of the real working-men complain that they cannot find enough hours of labor, Mullett Winn and his misled followers [illegible] their physical [illegible], [illegible] because they have to work too many hours. Winn organizes a Carpenters' League and makes himself President. He organizes a State Council and constitutes himself chief officer. He [illegible] an Eccentric Order, whatever that may be [illegible] and [illegible] "high muck a muck" of the concern. [illegible] the League [illegible] the Council, the Council [illegible] the Eccentric and the Eccentric [illegible] them back again, while Mullett Winn, the [illegible] of each of them, [illegible] shakes hands with himself all around the room and [illegible] with the President of the League that the "illustrious" of the Council is such a good man. And this fraudulent nuisance does not rest here. Through the columns of the *Call* and *Alta* [illegible] a long suffering community with his [illegible] [illegible] his vainglorious boasting, his execrable grammar [illegible] abominable [illegible]. And this [illegible] manages to grow fat [illegible] by means of his [illegible], while the working men who listen to him and support him in his [illegible] day by day sinking deeper in the pit of poverty, and will continue to sink so long as they carry the dead weight of his unproductive carcass. Not the [illegible] China [illegible] monopolists [illegible] so injurious to [illegible] industrial community [illegible] worked by the Mechanical Mullett. He should be expunged, dried up, "dryed out," and his fat thrown into the fire. Is it possible that intelligent working men will much longer tolerate such a nuisance?

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY'S DINNER.

The Eighth Annual Dinner of the above Society comes off on Friday next, the 23d inst., that day being the eve of Her Brittanic Majesty's birthday. The dinner will be held at the Cosmopolitan and will be a [illegible] spread. Dinner will be on the table at 6:30 p.m. sharp. It is [illegible] that all true Britons will rally round the old flag, and that Mr. Lane Booker, the British Consul and President of the Society, a [illegible] on his [illegible] at day and a safe return to San Francisco. The tickets—$5 each—should be procured early, in order to secure a seat.

JASPER O'FARRELL.

The Cowardly Way in which the *Bulletin* of May 3d attacks O'Farrell has just been brought to our notice. It is hardly worth noticing, but as O'Farrell has [illegible] in this city who may happen to have read that article, [illegible] we think it only fair to let the public know the other side of the question. The *Bulletin* states that two Harbor Commissioners were indicted, [illegible] the case of only one, J. J. Marks, was tried, after which a nolle pros. was entered [illegible] O'Farrell for [illegible] Not being confident in the [illegible] O'Farrell [illegible] which [illegible] an acquittal Mr Marks [illegible]. The State Prosecuting Attorney, Mr Swift, [illegible] dismissed the [illegible] against O'Farrell. Some time before [illegible] Marks and O'Farrell [illegible] declared his [illegible], his [illegible] as Harbor Commissioner [illegible] even as he could do [illegible] specific charge against him. O'Farrell [illegible] to carry out his [illegible] [illegible] character as an upright and [illegible] feeling is with us when we say that he left the Harbor Commission without a stain upon his honor or the slightest shadow of a doubt being cast upon his well-known [illegible]. It is true that the *Bulletin* in the article we refer to [illegible] O'Farrell's name [illegible] mistaken. Moreover we [illegible] see that in a former issue of the *Bulletin* the same uncalled for assertion was made, [illegible] O'Farrell [illegible] in connection with J. J. Marks [illegible] [illegible] which was formally denied, and retracted the following evening, acknowledging the errors, although in rather an ungracious style, which more than showed their spleen towards the [illegible] O'Farrell. This second mistake of mistake was [illegible] strange and unpardonable. We were always surprised that a man of independent means like O'Farrell should have accepted an office like that of Harbor Commissioner, one that [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] of our dailies, which [illegible] for matter, can carp at him. O'Farrell [illegible] education under the tuition of the best [illegible] in England and Ireland. Since his [illegible] he has [illegible] knowledge, several [illegible] [illegible]. He intends to [illegible] attention to [illegible] of his [illegible], a ranch which when [illegible] make him more independent [illegible] or any other office held in the State. The accounts and proceedings of the office were thoroughly examined by an expert, appointed by the Governor of the State, [illegible] free of error. The minutes of the meetings of the Board, from its commencement to the present time, are open to the inspection of the public. Nearly all the resolutions passed during the three years O'Farrell was a member of the Commission were introduced and written by him. An inspection of each and all of them will show that they were in the general interest of trade and solely in that of this State. The only people who ever faulted them were those whose private interest and profit were interfered with thereby. That O'Farrell did his duty to the best of his ability, there is not a shadow of doubt, and that his character has passed through an [illegible] an office should be [illegible] against the cowardly attacks of our contemporary, which [illegible] [illegible] him, is [illegible] and [illegible]. Its [illegible] from [illegible] [illegible] lands are [illegible] and cramped [illegible] any. If all our office holders were subjected to the same search [illegible] criminal on O'Farrell has [illegible] have reason to believe that few, if any, would come out with a character as unblemished as his, and none, we are sure, have or ever will deserve more thanks from the public for his services than Jasper O'Farrell.

CURIOUS CONGRATULATIONS.

A Few Days Since the telegraph informed us that the United States Government [illegible] the [illegible] shone upon, [illegible] the high [illegible] representative at Madrid, the notorious Dan Sickles, congratulated the Spaniards upon the establishment of a Republic. Ever since the announcement of that highly interesting performance, we have puzzled our brains in a vain effort to discover the reason therefor. Are the Dons to be congratulated because they have substituted anarchical and lawless Republicanism for a [illegible] monarchy, or were they [illegible] the horrible [illegible] American Minister because [illegible] they opened the way for the [illegible] [illegible] and commercial and financial ruin now so [illegible] the Southern States of America? A thoughtful mind fails to discover any other [illegible] who have gone mad in jealousy by following [illegible] and [illegible] to whatever [illegible] may be [illegible] government. The [illegible] who are [illegible] our American Government, and [illegible] [illegible] appear to be [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] which governed the fox who by his [illegible] [illegible] Reynard exerted himself to make his brother [illegible] of fashion and that [illegible] to be thoroughly [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] own [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] managers, [illegible] and whenever they see a people afflicted with the [illegible] raised the [illegible] with unmixed joy they hasten to congratulate [illegible] in the vitiated taste manifested, and, as in the case of Spain, [illegible] regard for the eternal fitness of things, choose as the medium [illegible] who [illegible] of his natural adornments, but is also without honor, character or principle.

Queer.—Why don't the United Mechanics and the Eccentric Drum-hammers call the attention of the people to what took place in the city of New York in the month of April, 1873? The contents of that place has [illegible] [illegible] once what they call "poorly cheap Yankee labor" [illegible] [illegible] was this. It [illegible] that the [illegible] Yankees of New England [illegible] [illegible] and shipped them to New York, where they [illegible] at [illegible] the New York [illegible] There has [illegible] last [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] State [illegible] New York [illegible] [illegible] they wanted was to be let alone. This cheap Yankee labor will yet be the ruin of the country.

Two Noted London Capitalists, Messrs. Green and Rodewald, are about to visit our city and become the recipients of Messrs. Latham and Ralston's proverbial and munificent hospitality. Immediately after the ablutions necessary after a long voyage, it is the intention of these wealthy Britishers to visit and examine [illegible] BANK EXCHANGE AND BUREAU OF INFORMATION [illegible] they will adjourn to the Bank Exchange and [illegible] *Long and Tongue* [illegible] the columns of the San Francisco *News Letter*.

The Narrow-Gauge Controversy.—We hope no reader of the *News Letter* [illegible] the [illegible] published [illegible]. It [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] narrow-gauge railroads [illegible] [illegible] Mr Hoe [illegible] will have sufficiently recovered to come back at him with equal [illegible].

We have to Record the Death of S. R. Bule, J. P., who died April [illegible] Scotland, and was born in [illegible].

NEW BOOKS
OF
THE WEEK.

Cottage Residences. By A. J. Downing. New Ed. [illegible] cloth.
Half Hour with the Stars. By R. A. Proctor. [illegible]
Macbeth. Vol II. New Variorum Edition of Shakespeare. Edited by H. H. Furness. 8vo, cloth.
The Ancient Stone Implements of Great Britain. By John Evans. 8vo, cloth.
Historical Essays. By Edw. A. Freeman. [illegible]
Motherly Talks with Young Housekeepers. By Mrs. H. W. Beecher. 12mo, cloth.
The Fishing Tourist and Angler's Guide. By Chas. Hallock. 12mo, cloth.
Literature and Dogma. By Mathew Arnold. 12mo, cloth.
Her Majesty the Queen. A Novel. By J. Esten Cooke. 12mo, cloth.
The Old Countess, or the Two Proposals. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens. 12mo, cloth.

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THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

THE DEVIL'S WALK THROUGH SAN FRANCISCO.

"From his brimstone bed at break of day
A walking the Devil is gone,
To visit his snug little farm the earth
And see how his stock goes on."—COLERIDGE

To San Francisco city he went,
And his walk grew into a run,
While sparks of delight, flew in showers bright,
At the prospect of rich, rare fun.

He took a long stroll down Kearny street,
He stared into every store,
And a look of surprise came into his eyes
At the gorgeous sights he saw.

And he said, "how the city has grown
Since the last trip I took up here,
When a few wretched sheds, with hammocks for beds
Made a home for the Pioneer."

He looked at the flagstaffs while walking,
And he pulled up a passer by:
"Can you tell me," he said, "what big gun is dead,
That [illegible] flags are all half-mast high?"

And the passer by thus gave answer,
[illegible]
Says he, "Don't you know why those flags are all so?
Why, they're hanging the Chicken today."

So the Devil went off to the jail,
He turned his way through the dense crowd,
Pushed by the reporters, got up to the justices,
In front of the Chicken, and bowed.

He laughed as he saw Father Spreckels,
Who was praying with all his might,
For he knew very well there'd be sport down in hell
And a chicken for supper that night.

He thought that his friend, Sheriff Adams,
Made the whole thing go neatly and nice;
His tail gave a switch, as without e'en a hitch,
The Chicken's neck snapped in a trice.

And he told the good Sheriff if ever
He came to the regions below,
He'd give him a billet [illegible] he knew he would fill it,
Worth a million of dollars or so.

He saw the reports in the dailies,
And smiled at the horrible way
They poison the city, says he, "Its a pity
They haven't a hanging each day.

"Why not hang a reporter, and send
The rest to record his last kick,
Then [illegible], divide all the news,
And feed on the offal [illegible]."

How he smiled with a cynical leer,
As he thought what fools men must be,
To import the Chinese, with their loathsome disease,
The small pox, from over the sea.

We [illegible] the number of [illegible]
When [illegible] are sold,
And danced with delight as he pictured the sight
Of corpses all bloody and cold.

Then he called in and had a good drink
Of lager, all creamy with foam,
He dipped in his tail, turned the beer into ale,
Drank it off, and then started for home.

The Ponderous, Pompous Stoebel Stiebel St. Uman comes once more before an appreciative public in [illegible]. The curtain falls upon the immortal [illegible] "I am an L. L. D. [illegible]." It is the fashion to [illegible] degrees. Why then, may we not freely and heartily [illegible] [illegible] patent right [illegible] [illegible] by a considerate Faculty. It is the fashion, too, to make presents to those in [illegible]. Since [illegible] has a fancy for [illegible] search [illegible] of Mayfield's tigers [illegible] "properties," and that they be formally handed over to him. What a charming tableau would be presented as our chief official stood over the [illegible] [illegible] the earth [illegible] the last piece of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Mr D [illegible] [illegible] death, [illegible] [illegible] the pages of [illegible] [illegible] State of the gentle Vortimer [illegible]. With his eyes [illegible] [illegible] for the Sacramento boat [illegible] the work of the [illegible] [illegible] of clay [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] for a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] during [illegible] the coming September, of [illegible] gaudy with red tape, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] a few yards of red tape would be all that the devil would get, or the Judge judge.

The Hempen Rope has done good work this week, and has done its work in a masterly [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the *Town Crier* [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] heavy thud as his body and soul part company! Yes; the *Town Crier* thinks he sometimes—nay, often—does. Money may buy secrecy and rosewood coffins, but peace of mind—never!

The T. C. likes short courtships, and in this way thinks Adam acted like a sensible man. [illegible] [illegible] three days old. They were both [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] done, will out a house, without pot or kettle, nothing but love and Eden.

The Literary Society of Under Graduates at Santa Clara are to be [illegible] Captain Jack [illegible] [illegible] audience. Well done, [illegible], well done, Captain Jack, well done, literary society. We salute you all.

There Once was a Pilgrim with a Voice, a meek gentleman, with a mild demeanor [illegible]. In the course of his pilgrimage he struck this city of sin, this Bar [illegible]. There were souls to be saved and dollars to be made here, so the [illegible] pilgrim blesses a [illegible] and a new sacred concert. [illegible], in the course of erection, the saintly wanderer [illegible] with the manager and for the [illegible] of the souls of his fellow creatures, engaged to warble them up to heaven for [illegible]. And what if he was [illegible] four hundred a month, was a Christian to enter into an unseemly controversy and cavil like a worldly minded [illegible] [illegible] for [illegible]? No, he the meek and honey seeker, followed a divine example and "refuses no good thing." Besides the [illegible] pilgrim, although an angel, is not a cherubim, which has neither back nor body, for the pilgrim has both, and a good deal of them. We heard him warble one Sunday evening, and were melted into tears. His voice reminded us of our grandmother, although we don't remember that she had such a [illegible] [illegible] mouth, except when that [illegible] old lady was extracting a [illegible] the [illegible]. And oh! the [illegible] of his eyes. [illegible] compared to a domestic water fowl during a [illegible] of the elements. Prefacing the books of words was a sort of catechism. To the question as to how a service of praise might best be conducted, the answer was that a good Christian chorister should be engaged, who should be willing to [illegible] [illegible] to give them for nothing. What a profound apprehension of the interests of man in general, and the dear pilgrim in particular, [illegible]. The pilgrim is a poet, too, as every one who reads the following sweet stanzas must confess:

We're listed for a holy war,	Under one leader, Jesus Christ,
Eternal joy, eternal joy,	For the term of our natural life

Mark the delicate imagery and the originality of the rhymes. We [illegible], well, the salt of the earth is queer stuff we know, but if such men as the Pilgrim with the Voice are pickled ready for heaven then, drivel, cant and snuffling hypocrisies make the brine. *TRANSLATION. Duck in a thunderstorm.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has done some good, but one of their best acts was that which forbade cars stopping except at corners. That was a step in the right direction, and one meant to save the horses. Now the *T. C.* would like to suggest the passing of a law that would benefit both man and beast, viz: one that would limit the number of people taken aboard. The law does not, or rather ought not, to make any difference in dealing out its justice between men and women, and the *T. C.* most emphatically objects to women getting into cars already loaded to excess, and of course expecting a seat to be given up to them. The [illegible] is [illegible] relieved if when she gets into a crowded car, some one does not give up his seat. Let the cars be licensed to carry so many, and let a fine be imposed upon any conductor who allows more than that number to ride on his car. The passing of such a law would be a kindness to both man and beast, and would do infinitely more to promote the comfort of both than the street corner stopping law, or, in fact, any law that that officious body has yet had brought into force.

It is Currently Reported that a deputation of toothless old ladies are to wait upon Beecher on his arrival here [illegible] and present him with a splendidly bound Bible. We [illegible] that it would, like serving a present of a string of sausages to any one who lived near the dog pound, be a present not appreciated. Too much of a [illegible] about it. Give the old boy something that does not savor so much of shop. Give him, for instance, a couple of faro boxes and a file of the *News Letter*. He could make money then, and gain a little information at the same time. We give Mr. Beecher the credit of possessing more common sense than the boobies who toady him, and are sure that no one despises them more than he does himself. If these rampant old she cats have cash to spare, let them spend it on the poor. We have plenty more deserving characters here than Ward Beecher, people to whom a loaf would be of more use than a dozen Bibles would to the Jhew Parson.

The Returns from the Lava Beds are highly encouraging, and eminently satisfactory to some of the "[illegible]." They show a total of seventy-one killed and sixty-seven wounded—on our side. The enemy have lost six squaws, three [illegible], and a few cartridges and ponies. The canaries at the City Gardens have refused to be comforted, they will eat no meat and drink no water. Their feathers droop and their claws are falling off. Some malicious boys have told them the latest Lava Bed news. The *T. C.* has, however, received private telegrams from Squashingtom to the effect that after an outlay of three million more dollars and some eight sacrifices of life, things will look better. He intends [illegible] to the City Gardens, [illegible] those three [illegible] [illegible] and that two of them have disgorged several yards of red tape, and feel considerably better.

We have Known for a Long Time that our worthy Bishop was an actor in his little way, and [illegible] knowledge of the English peerage perhaps exceeded that of his Bible. A gentleman, too, who esteems his little pamphlet, containing the pedigree of the mighty house of Kip, to be of more service to mankind than any tract ever published. But we never knew till this week that he had any infallibility about him. He may have, but we don't quite see it standing out either in his sermons or actions. And yet he dares to excommunicate, yes, actually excommunicate. The *T. C.* trembles in his boots. His knees knock nervously together, and his pen trembles in his hand. On second thought, however, he gains courage. He knows what the *word's worth* in our days.

If We Havn't Diamonds in California we have Rubies. They don't however seem to be appreciated by the Baptist part of our community. These good people have been fearfully scandalized by the appearance in their midst of John A. Roby, a gentleman who gave up the stage for the pulpit and his wife for another lady. These holy Baptists therefore think that he is not of a sufficiently pure water for them. They have "withdrawn the hand of fellowship" from him. Poor fellow! how the *T. C.* pities him. No doubt, however, it will be a saving of soap to Roby, as all the Baptists the *T. C.* has had the misfortune of knowing used so much water when baptized that in after life they repudiated the use of both it and soap. What is most singular is that the Baptists, though they have lost their Ruby, still keep a Pe[illegible].

The Bulletin, an evening paper published in this city, devotes three columns to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] of its after-supper readers into a series of fearful nightmares, in which a black cap, bulging eyeballs and purple faces play a prominent part.

If Heaven has many such [illegible] around as the one that Father Spreckels [illegible] [illegible] a [illegible] kept for the *Town Crier*. [illegible] the boys he used to run with to associating with the names of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. He begins to have a higher opinion of hell and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] has come to the conclusion that the [illegible] to institute a [illegible] [illegible] mankind.

Bradlaugh, the [illegible], has gone to Spain. England and the English [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. The *T. C.* heartily hopes that the Carlists may get hold of this [illegible] scoundrel and give him the punishment he so richly deserves. We don't think he can do much harm in Spain, however, as he can't talk Spanish, and his ugly face is not one that, like Napoleon the Great's, inspired men to do and die for him.

"It is Rumored that D. W. [illegible] will challenge Harry I. Thornton. We think [illegible] [illegible] *San Francisco Chronicle*. [Charles De Young, of the *Chronicle*, [illegible]] for him. He is a man of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] has shown extraordinary powers of endurance, and has always [illegible].

FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT TO
THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER.

VOLUME 23. | SAN FRANCISCO, MAY 22, 1873 | NUMBER 10.

BATTLE OF THE GAUGES.

War Between the Two Systems of Railroad Building. Edward Curtis and E. N. Robinson Lock Horns and Fight Each Other in the News Letter's Lava Bed.

No Question is so deeply interesting at this time to our readers as the question of railroad building. Whether the roads to be hereafter constructed in California shall be of the narrow or standard gauge is a problem the newspaper press throughout the State are energetically discussing. Three or four narrow gauge roads have recently been *commenced* in this State, but whether they will ever be completed is yet undecided. The farmers, merchants and capitalists who are being solicited to take stock in these roads very naturally desire to know as much as possible as to the merits and demerits—the benefits and disadvantages—of the narrow gauge system. And the *News Letter* flatters itself that it is doing a valuable public service in republishing the following essays that appeared in our columns in the month of January last. Mr. Curtis and Mr. Robinson are both very able representatives of their respective theories, the one of the broad and the other of the narrow gauge, and we earnestly recommend every one at all interested in railroad matters, or in the future development of this State, to read what is here said on both sides. Mr. Curtis opens the discussion as follows:

NARROW GAUGE—A WARNING.

It is characteristic of Californians that they are more reckless than any other people in putting their money into every new speculation and experiment that comes along. From the Fraser River excitement of a few years ago down to the late Diamond fraud, we have rushed into the arms of every sensational enterprise that "promised" big returns. We are always about finding "Another El Dorado," or coming into a millennium where everything styled "old fashioned" is to be abolished, and new ideas and new machinery are to revolutionize things in general, and the world made particularly lovely hereafter. As all the other swindles we have embraced have in due time come to grief, there remains just one more to be pricked and exploded. The farmers of this State have been bitten of late with the narrow gauge tarantula, and induced to dance to almost any tune the projectors of these new-fangled railroad schemes might play. Like old Dr. Townsend's sarsaparilla, warranted to cure any disease from an aching heart to a bleeding toe, the narrow-gauge railroad we are now told is the panacea for all our woes. Our salvation depends, they tell us, on the State being grid'roned with these *opposition* roads, for in that one word, "opposition," lies the motive for much of the newspaper advocacy of the narrow gauge in California. Opposing the Central Pacific by building parallel lines to its branches is the hight of economy and financial wisdom, pleads the Sacramento *Union* and the sagacious *Bulletin*. And yet it can be shown that railroads, whether of the narrow or standard gauge, if built to any great extent parallel to existing lines, will most assuredly ruin the men who furnish the money for such enterprises. And that newspaper will find out in time that it is doing a very injudicious and hazardous thing when, to gratify a feeling of revenge or hatred of the Central Pacific Company, it advises the farmers and business men to subscribe to visionary railroad schemes, which can only result in failure and total loss to the men who go into them. We make the broad assertion—which no one can refute who is at all conversant with the inside workings of California railroads—that take our whole system of railroads and cut them into separate corporations of 60 or 100, or even 200 miles each, and not one of them would pay running expenses and interest on its bonded debt. It is only from the fact that all of these roads are connected together—stems to a great trunk line, having but one set of general managers and officers, with one mammoth machine and repair shop—that expenses are so reduced that the running of trains through the sparsely populated regions of this State is a possibility. Yet there are many who profess to believe that half a dozen separate and distinct organizations, formed to build short railroads that can but divide an already comparatively small traffic, will pay, though each of these railroads, when built, will have to have its President, Secretary, General Superintendent, General Freight and Ticket Agents, etc., etc.—the salaries of which amount to as much on a road of 50 or 100 miles as they do for a road ten times this length.

The difference in cost of construction, as we shall show hereafter, between the narrow and standard gauge railways, is not very great, probably not greater than is the difference in the price of iron between the high figure iron sells for to-day and the much lower value it had at the time when most of the existing railroads in California were built. In estimating the cost of narrow gauge roads in comparison with the cost of the 4 feet 8½ inches, or standard gauge, and also of the comparative cost of operating them, the following questions have been asked, and in repeating them it is proper to remark that they have not, nor cannot be, truthfully answered in any way favorable to the narrow gauge theorists:

1. Will it cost any less for the surveys and locations of a narrow-gauge line than for one on the standard gauge?
2. Will the right of way cost less?
3. Will ditches required for drainage be any less in size or cost on the narrow than on the standard gauge?
4. Will fencing cost any less per mile for narrow gauge than for standard gauge?
5. Will the water way for bridges and culverts be any less in clear space? or will the foundation for bridges require to be any less deep for narrow than standard gauge?
6. Where the line is a surface line, with but little grading required (as is the case on most of the valley roads in California), will there be any difference in the cost of foundation between the narrow and standard gauge?
7. Will there be any difference in the amount of ballast required between narrow and standard gauge, except the difference in the width of the gauges, say 200 cubic yards per mile, which would cost but $40 or $50? Of course where no ballast is required, there is not even this small item of difference in the cost between the two gauges.
8. If engines are of equal power, will they not, if of the same design, be of equal weight and cost for both gauges?
9. Will it cost less for laying and fastening the rails on a mile of narrow gauge than on a mile of standard gauge?
10. Will the telegraph lines (now required on all railways) cost less on narrow gauge than on standard gauge?
11. Can you make station houses, platforms, cattle-yards, etc., smaller or less expensive for narrow gauge than for standard gauge, the amount of business being the same?
12. With cars of the two gauges of appropriate width for each gauge, will not the train on standard gauge, carrying the same load, be much the shortest train, with less wheels and less rolling friction?
13. Trains on the narrow-gauge roads, from necessity being much longer than that of the broad gauge, carrying the same number of passengers and freight, will not the extra number of wheels under the narrow-gauge cars passing over the track cause the friction and wear of the rails to be much greater?
14. Is a long train as easily handled as a short one?
15. Will a narrow-gauge railway require any less officers and employees than a standard-gauge railway? On the contrary, for the same amount of business, will it not require *more* men to operate the narrow than the broad gauge, on account of more trains or cars being required?
16. Can narrow-gauge cars carry horses and cattle as easily and comfortably as standard gauge cars?
17. Has a passenger in a first-class narrow gauge car the same room to stand in, sit in and sleep in, and the same comfort he finds in a standard-gauge car?
18. Will not a break of gauge, occasioning a change of cargo from one set of cars to another, create endless confusion and delay, besides extra expense, extra damage to goods and additional risks of accident?

With uniform gauge over all the lines of railway in this State, intersecting and connecting with each other, there will be much less rolling stock required and less side tracks, less locomotives, and goods can be delivered earlier and in better condition. It is stated on good authority that a change of goods in quantity from one train to another will cost in time a day, or in distance more than a *hundred miles run*, in addition to damage and amount paid for the transfer—two sets of cars have to be furnished, and both have to lie idle during the transfer.

The above are a few of the disadvantages of narrow gauge railroads. That they will prove in the end a costly delusion and a snare we firmly believe. The Denver road, held up as a model and advertisement by all the narrow gauge advocates in the country, is found to have cost $22,000 a mile, while it has a carrying capacity of a little over one-half that of the standard gauge. That it pays running expenses at all is due to the fact that its rates for carrying freight are something like *four times* more than those charged on the California railroads, being in fact, we are creditably informed, no *less* than were charged by teamsters who formerly hauled freight in wagons over the same region now traversed by the Denver narrow gauge railway. Passenger fares on that road are not so high as are the freight charges, being but eight cents a mile, while the average on the California roads is four cents. Should the proposed narrow gauge roads in California ever be built, and do as well as this Denver company, they will have to advance the rates of fare and freight from one to four hundred per cent. over those now charged by the standard gauge. What a luxury it will be for the farmers to pay in their heavy subscriptions for such blessed accommodations.

It is true the enterprising adventurers who propose to build these narrow gauge railways with other people's money, *promise* that freight shall be transported over the narrow gauge roads to *subscribers* of their stock for two and a half cents per ton a mile. Men without any capital of their own, and having no experience in railroad building or operating can afford to *promise* anything. Let our farmers be not deceived. When they are forced to pay every dollar they have subscribed in short installments, and then find that as stockholders they are individually liable for all the debts and losses incurred by these inexperienced builders of costly railroads (all railroads are costly), then they will thank us for this advice, and wish they had taken it in time. Some years ago just such an excitement and furor for building railways took possession of the farmers of Iowa, Wisconsin, and other Western States, as now agitates the agricultural population of California. Then, as now, there were plenty of adventurers, willing, aye, anxious to handle the people's money and build their railroads for them. The farmers subscribed liberally, and in the end they were forced to pay their subscriptions, and they didn't get their roads built either. Many subscribers were driven into bankruptcy, and nearly all the balance had to mortgage their lands to satisfy the railroad sharks. Have we any assurance that like results will not follow the present furor for narrow gauge railroads in California? When subscriptions have been legally made, they can be collected after ten miles are built as well as when a hundred miles are finished. Thus the farmers of Butte and Colusa counties are liable, and may have to pay their subscriptions in full for a road terminating thirty miles from Benicia. And the farmers and business men of Tulare who have taken stock to *their* narrow gauge are liable even if the road never reaches ten miles out of Stockton.

To say that these new roads can be bonded for anything to speak of is to greatly undervalue the sagacity of money lenders here or abroad. Bonds of a road constructed as yet on experimental principles, and running nearly parallel to one of standard gauge, will be almost if not entirely unsaleable.

Stripped of all engineering and technical terms, the discussion of the narrow gauge principle resolves itself into simply this. If a three-feet gauge, with small and narrow cars, are preferable to a broad gauge and large cars, then our wagon roads are too wide. They should be narrowed, and all vehicles made smaller as well. Instead of the traditional four-horse stage-coach, we should have four small coaches, drawn by single horses, with, of course, a driver for each. Hotels accommodating one hundred guests should be divided into say five hotels, accommodating twenty each. Steamboats should hereafter be built having one half or less the capacity of those to which we are accustomed, and instead of the California Pacific dispatching one steamer to Sacramento at four o'clock each day, it should send two of the smaller kind. Our theatres, churches and schools should be remodeled by lessening their size, and thereby multiplied, thus giving employment to a larger number of actors, preachers, and teachers—just as the narrow gauge railways give employment to a larger number of men in doing the same business than do the standard gauge roads. The expenses will be much larger, it is true, but who cares for expenses in this country. Into precisely such logic as this runs the arguments used by the narrow gauge advocates. No wonder that several State Legislatures have prohibited, by statute regulations, the bonding of these three feet railways at all, and thus saved the people of several States the costly experiments and impractical results that come of this "war of the gauges."

To which Mr. Robinson replied as follows:

BROAD AND NARROW GAUGES.

To the Editor of the News Letter:—As your columns have often conveyed to the public important matter relating to narrow-gauge railroads, I trust you will allow me space in this week's issue to notice the attack made upon the "new system," as expressed in an article headed "Narrow Gauge—A Warning," in your issue of January 4th. There is evidently much aimed at in the article, for in its composition it exhibits either *personal prejudice* and *interested motives*, or ignorance of the new system and the practical workings of same. The article, though carefully prepared (no doubt by a railroad engineer), contains *no arguments or sufficient data* to warrant the conclusion arrived at, and it seems to be a desperate attempt to convince our farmers that the so-called "narrow-gauge" system is a [illegible] and a snare that will swallow them up as stockholders a little sooner, perhaps, than the exorbitant freight rates that must accompany a wide gauge. This warning is offered in the face and eyes of the fact that the system is advocated by the best engineering talent in the world, and that, too, after many years of careful study and trials. It is a well known fact that these roads are being introduced the wide world over, it having been proved *beyond all* doubt that they are *cheap, convenient, expeditious* and *reliable* as means of transporting freight and passengers. It is to be regretted that the author of the article named is not known. Attacking, as it does, the *new system* so important to this coast, and antagonistic, as it is, to the old system and the present wide-gauge monopoly, the reading and thinking community will attach considerable weight to *the source* from which such an article emanates. I for one am on the side of the "new system," and have advocated the three-feet gauge from the beginning of this new "War of the Gauges."

Containing a Splendid Lithographic Engraving of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, with Biographical Memoir.

IS NOW OUT

Vol. 3. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR MAY, No. 3.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. | SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MAY 24, 1873. | No. 17.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—870@875—Silver Bars—1¼@1¼ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 85@85¼c Mexican Dollars, 6c.@5c.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¾ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 16¼ per cent. On London, Bankers 49½@49¾, Commercial 49¾@50; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, May 23, at 3 P. M., 118⅜. Latest price of Sterling, 109½@109¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco.........May 23, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds 5-20s '65—7-3	102¼	103	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	113	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	95	100	Oakland 10s	115	117
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	99	100	Spring Valley Water Co.	79¾	80
Legal Tender Notes	85	85¾	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	95	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	50	53
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '56	85	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	98	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	80	82¾	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	93	Union Insurance Co	85	90
Santa Clara Bonds	90	—	Pacific Bank	80	90
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	10	15	The Bank of California	115	121
San Francisco Gas Light Co	67	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	110

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor California and Leidesdorff streets.

NOTES FOR TIME PURCHASES.

Our Merchants are more inclined to adopt the practice of Eastern cities in giving notes for time purchases of merchandise, finding that business paper is very much sought after by moneyed institutions in our midst. It has been ascertained of late that not unfrequently bankers and others would gladly discount business paper running 30, 60 and 90 days, at current rates, when they would not loan on stock securities nor suffer their customers to overdraw temporarily, as heretofore. In this way access has been had to considerable sums of money that have long been idle. It is a miserable way of doing business to buy and sell cargoes of staple goods and invoices of general merchandise upon a credit of 30, 60 and 90 days, or even four and six months, deliver the goods, and take no written evidence of the obligation other than book account, to be paid for on some subsequent "collection day." Away with such "makeshifts," and let us do business like men educated in all the minutiæ of commerce. Notes of hand are equivalent to so much ready capital, and whenever a merchant finds occasion to use a round sum of money upon call, he has only to unlock his pocketbook and bring forth a batch of merchants' paper, commercial notes of hand, that will at any time command the gold at lowest bank rates.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—New York, May 23d, 1873.—Gold opened at 118; 11 A. M. at 118; 3 P. M. at 118⅜. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 116¼; 1867, 121¼. Sterling Exchange, 109⅝@110¼. Pacific Mail, 45¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 40. Wheat, $2 00@$2 20 quiet. Pork, 17 doll. Cotton, 19¾. Hides, dry, 23@34, green, 13, dull Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 45@$1 50 fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 70@$1 75; Whale, active, 62@67c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 73@75c. Wool—Spring, fine, 27@31c.; Burry, 21@26c.; Pulled, 40@55c. Fall Clips, 23@27c.; Burry, 16@21c. London, May 23.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 2d. Club, 12s. 5d. United States Bonds, 89¾. Consols, 93⅞.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe 1, Paris, May 2 1873. Mr and Mrs. Charles Crocker, George Crocker, Fred Crocker, Mrs. Arnold General and Mrs George B. Williams, Charles Schmitt, C. F. Fargo, Mrs H. C. Kibbe, Miss Kibbe, Mrs. C. Reis and family, Mrs A. L. Barnes, Mrs S. Ladd, Judge McKay, Mrs Frank Hassey, Mrs P. Chrystal, Captain and Mrs C. H. Harrison, George A. Worn and family, Mr and Mrs. Geo. S. Wright, A. Hombert, Henry Laurencel, Mrs John D. Le Gay, Miss A. Le G. Boyd, Mr and Mrs. H. S. Homans, Hon. W. J. Shaw, Mrs. J. G. Hodge and family, Mrs. E. Paxon, Philipp Deidesheimer, Mrs. W. H. Stowell, Hon. and Mrs. Jno. S. Hager, Mr. and Mrs. Jonas G. Clark, Colonel Woodruff.

We must Congratulate our Citizens and the People of this Coast on the acquisition they have gained in the appointment of J. M. Eckfeldt as melter and refiner to the Mint of this city. Mr. Eckfeldt formerly held this position for a number of years as well as that of coiner. He has lately been holding the position of constructor of machinery for the new mint now building. He comes from a "minty" family, as several members of it have held similar positions connected with the Government. He is the right man in the right place, we think.

The Declared Value of printed books exported from England to the last three months was £183,084, being an increase of more than £20,000 in the like period of the previous year.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

THE MODOCS.

The following dispatch was received at military headquarters yesterday noon:

Fairchild's, May 22d.—General Davis informs General Schofield that Captain Hasbrouck found a portion of the Modocs on Sunday last, a few miles from that place, and attacked and routed them. He chased them seven miles, killing one Indian and wounding others. The captured squaws say this party are the Cottonwood Modocs, consisting of fifteen warriors and their families. They wish to surrender, and General Davis is giving them an opportunity to do so unconditionally. Captain Jack's party is reported south of McCloud's range of mountains. General Davis will push the pursuit. Wm. M. Whenny, Brevet Col., A. D. C.

A subsequent dispatch, of the same date and place, says: About one-half of the Modocs have come in and surrendered unconditionally. Several of them are leaders. I hope to end the war soon. [Signed.] Jeff. C. Davis, Col. Comm'd'g.
Official: Wm. M. Whenny, Brevet Col., A. D. C.

SALEM CAPITOL.

Mr. Augustus Laver, an architect so well known in San Francisco that no comments from us are necessary, has drawn up an elaborate plan for the Capitol Building about to be erected at Salem, Oregon. Unfortunately, owing to head winds encountered on his way, he did not arrive till the commissioners, with whom lay the duty of selecting from plans submitted, had made their choice. It is, however, to be hoped that they will reconsider and inspect Mr. Laver's plan before they finally decide. The erecting of a Capitol Building is quite a serious affair, and as many plans should be seen as possible. We have inspected Mr. Laver's plan, and thoroughly indorse the taste and architectural knowledge shown.

We See the Well-known Face of George Butler back at his old home at the corner of Leidesdorff and Halleck streets. How he got there the devil only knows, but as he is in possession, and the property worth $35,000 at least, he will give his old lady and her agents considerable fits before he vacates his old stamping ground. They must settle with George, or no valid settlement can be made.

A Special Meeting of the stockholders of the Commercial Insurance Company of California, was held yesterday to decide whether the Company should continue in the business of Fire and Marine Insurance. The stockholders, by a large majority, concluded to do so. The present success and prospects of the company are beyond question.

The Bulletin Says: "Our attention has been called to a swindle in Eastern Straw Wrapping Paper, the quires of which contain from twelve to fifteen sheets, and yet the reams are sold for full size. Such practices never succeed, and ought to consign those guilty of them to a term of imprisonment and a heavy fine.

Donald McLennan, of the Mission Woolen Mills, has just returned laden with heavy orders from the East. It is refreshing to see that the Eastern people recognize the beautiful quality of our California woolen goods. Long may they do so, and long may we have such a worthy representative.

Babcock, the President of the Security Bank, died this week. He was at one time Manager of the Bank of British Columbia. In all his business transactions he was upright and obliging. His death will be felt and regretted by all.

The Prince Alfred, carrying her Majesty's mails, will leave the Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month, at 10 A.M., for Victoria, B. C. She connects with the steamers for Puget Sound. John Rosenfeldt, Agent.

Full Details of the successful progress of the California Placard Exchange will be given in the *News Letter* of next week. This institution is growing and increasing in popularity every day.

Harry Baker, a pioneer of '49, is dead. He was a miner in Arizona for some time, when he took to politics. He died at his residence on Howard street.

The Next Vessel expected to arrive of the British and German steam line, is the *Bute Lodge*.

The Meadow Valley Mining Company received yesterday $14,000 in bullion.

The "Bute Lodge," belonging to the new China line, is expected to arrive daily.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

RELIGION AND STOCKS

Mr Editor —It is with mingled feelings of sorrow, indignation, shame and regret, that I appear again before the readers of the [illegible] However hard the task for me [illegible] I am [illegible] determined to take up my cross and bear it as did the meek and lowly man of Nazareth [illegible] circumstances have occurred [illegible] last week that have [illegible] [illegible] was sold last week for debt. It was bought by a [illegible] by the name of [illegible] [illegible] commemorating the last supper of our Lord [illegible]

[illegible]

Farewell Little Chapel! dear scene of my labors,
With a sad sinking heart I must bid you adieu,
I am sold out and robbed by my evil [illegible] neighbors,
I was caught in the corner of cornered [illegible]

Good bye Deacon Scott! [illegible] the [illegible] Sisters!
Our [illegible] there [illegible] in the jar
The [illegible] and the old Judge that blessed her,
From Pet Lamb and Parson must wander afar

From the [illegible] of the altar I spoke to the Savior,
And begged Him would listen for once to my prayer,
I promised three weeks of religious behavior,
If he'd only raise [illegible] a dollar a share.

Alas! for my faith in the [illegible] redeemer
My fond hope of glory received a sad shock,
For Jeborah took sides with the orthodox schemer—
Away went my money, and down went the stock

THE OAKS, May, 1873.

Yours, mournfully,
THE PARSON

The Chief Cause which led to the recall of Minister DeLong from Japan was his zeal [illegible] [illegible] it was thought that some other person should be appointed who would more [illegible] represent the United States in Japan. The President will, on his return, appoint a successor.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA
No. 423 California St. Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. [illegible] Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, I. Lonman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, [illegible] Feb 1

REMOVAL
The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office [illegible] C. W. KELLOGG, President [illegible] May

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON
Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. [illegible] This is the ONLY Company [illegible] WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent, April 23.] N E cor California and Sansome sts, opposite Bank of California.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,
Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 12 Merch. Exchange. [illegible] MORRIS SPEYER & CO General Agents Jan 27

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE—UNION INS CO OF S F
The California Lloyds—Established in 1861—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. [illegible] GUSTAVE TOUCHARD President. [illegible] Vice President. CHARLES D HAVEN Secretary. GEO T BOHEN Surveyor. Oct 24.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY
The public are invited to take notice that the Etna Insurance Company [illegible] GEO C. BOARDMAN, General Agent. WM MACDONALD Agent. Nov 21

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN
Subscribed Capital $10,000,000. Accumulated Funds upwards of $9,750,000; [illegible] Jan 15

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON
Established in 1803.—Capital $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment [illegible] FALKNER, BELL & CO. Agents for California. No. 430 California street. Feb 1

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO OF LIVERPOOL.
Capital $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. [illegible]

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO
Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island [illegible] Nov 16

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,
Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign and [illegible] Jan 25

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA
Attendance daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to [illegible] 730 Montgomery street

PETERS & HAM,
Jas H Ham] [WM H PETERS
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 221 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1

CHARLES LE GAY,
American Commission Merchant, . . . **1 Rue Scribe, Paris.** [March 4]

JAMES G STEELE & CO,
Chemists and Apothecaries, 521 Montgomery street, between Clay and Commercial, San Francisco, Cal. Dec 24

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.
Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people of either sex, young [illegible] Address, STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. Nov 16

A. ROMAN & CO,
ANT S ROMAN] [J A M FRANK
Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, Cal. [illegible] Howard street, New York. [July 23

THE NEWS LETTER
IS FORWARDED PREPAID EVERY SATURDAY TO THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES [illegible] THE WORLD

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co; Wm Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—[illegible] & Co
Antwerp—La Bourse
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—[illegible] Esq
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turton; Wayte, [illegible] Bros
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co, W J Hopkins
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, [illegible] & Co
Baltimore—James T Watkins, Merchants' Exchange
Boston—J. [illegible] Gardner, Ed Gassett, Merchants Exchange
Bordeaux—J. Lanzelot & Fils, [illegible] & [illegible], Pierre [illegible] & Co
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyer & Co, Dummler & Co
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Frazier & Co
Bristol—Commercial Rooms
Belfast—Commercial Exchange
British Columbia—Gov F Seymour
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co
Constantinople—[illegible] Freres, Jacques [illegible] & Co
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Wilmer Bros & Co
Callao—[illegible] Esq, [illegible] Reading Room
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange, [illegible]
Colombo—Chas Shand & Co
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; [illegible] & Co
Dublin—Commercial Building
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers
Frankfort—N M Rothschild & Sons
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers
Guaymas—[illegible] & Co, A. Wilson, Esq, [illegible] Langtry
Gibraltar—Turner & Co
Hamburg—[illegible] & Co, H. J. Merck & Co, Carl [illegible]
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie, Walter Lange & Co, [illegible] & Co, Hanque Commerciale
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co, Aldrich, Walker & Co, H M Whitney
Havana—Crawford, Esq, H. D. [illegible]
Jamaica—Middleton & Co
Jersey—England—Commercial Reading Room
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gibbs & Co, Rothschild's Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co, [illegible], [illegible] Court Journal newspaper, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria
Lima—Williamson & Co, Alsop & Co, Hugh [illegible] & Co, [illegible], [illegible] & Co, Farmer & Company
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, [illegible], Liverpool General [illegible]
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, [illegible] Hall
Lisbon—[illegible] Commercial
Madrid—Francisco de P. [illegible], [illegible] Don Jose de Salamanca
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co, [illegible] & Co
Marseilles—Pascal, Fils & Co, Rond de Fraissinet
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce, [illegible], [illegible] & Co, McCulloch, [illegible] & Co
Madras—Binney & Co, Chamber of Commerce, C Shand & Co
Mauritius—James Lelechman & Co, Chamber of Commerce
Montreal—St James Club, C. M McNab.

COURT CHAT.

Marriage of Prince Albrecht of Prussia.—The marriage of Prince Albrecht of Prussia, [illegible] with Princess Marie of Saxe-Altenburg, was [illegible] The bride is the only daughter of Ernest, Duke of Saxe-Altenburg, and of Agnes, daughter of Duke [illegible] of Anhalt [illegible] by marriage with the house of [illegible] Duke [illegible] is the consort of Prince Frederick Charles [illegible] The young Prince was born [illegible] of thirty-six [illegible] postponed his own marriage for some time, the [illegible] occasion with his choicest favors. The entrance of the Princess [illegible] presented to the Emperor and Empress, who were waiting for her in the Branden- [illegible]

The Princess Louise and Marquis of Lorne.—The Marquis of Lorne [illegible] Majesty takes great interest in what goes on at Shoeburyness, and yet she has never seen it.

The Lord Mayor of London did a very spirited thing in giving a fancy dress ball on Wednesday night [illegible] were received by the Lord Mayor and Mayoress, [illegible] by their court, at the grand entrance [illegible] the Egyptian Hall.

Birthday of Princess Beatrice.—April 14th being the sixteenth anniversary of the birth of [illegible] Princess Beatrice, the occasion was [illegible] Chapel and St [illegible] Church [illegible] fired from the Long Walk and Royal Adelaide frigate and Fort Belvedere at Virginia.

Count Wrangel.—March 30th, being the [illegible]th anniversary of Count Wrangel's [illegible], the Emperor William conferred a special [illegible] upon [illegible] a medallion with his portrait [illegible] has hitherto been in use only in Russia and only for very high merit.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh had an audience of the Pope at the Vatican on April 2nd. [illegible] The Duke dined at the Quirinal, and on April 4th witnessed a grand [illegible] held in the Forum.

A Sign of the Times.—The Emperor William has conferred the dignity of Privy Councillor upon the well-known "Old Catholic" leader, Professor von Schulte.

Miss Nellie Grant, the daughter of the President, is engaged to be married to Mr Tom Murphy, the son of the millionaire of Long Branch.

PORTLAND CEMENT
John C. Gostling & Co., London.—The Portland Cement supplied by the above [illegible] MACFARLANE [illegible] & CO. [illegible] May 3.

TO CLOSE COPARTNERSHIP
We will sell Cut Glass Goblets, $3 per dozen; Cut Glass Fruit Bowls, [illegible] March 29 HAYLAND HOOPER & CO [illegible]

B T SUIT & CO'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B B B Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO

NEWTON BOOTH, C T WHEELER, Sacramento	J T GLOVER, W W DODGE, San Francisco

Dec 9]

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE
It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair
Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon [illegible] is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM
A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.
It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. [illegible] Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 3.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON
紙聞新山唐山金
For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing. [illegible] Dec 4.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT
Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior [illegible] March 6 [illegible] GRANT & CO [illegible]

"GERKE" WINE
The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated [illegible] GEORGE HAMLIN Manager. HENRY GERKE. Nov 11

JOHN OSBORNE,
Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's [illegible] street, Los Angeles. June 12.

A BARGAIN.
For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland The LINCOLN HOTEL [illegible] August 1

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 424 California street, up stairs. April 5

C A MURDOCK & CO,
C L CRACKBON] [C A MURDOCK
Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 3.

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS,
After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages [illegible] NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 13.

JAMAICA RUM,
In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid by (Feb 9) [illegible] & CO [illegible] street.

EDINBURGH ALE.
Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by [illegible] March 6

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,
Jan. 4. No. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

VEILED.

At old Egypt an festivals, we are told,
Was aye a guest
Who through the feast sat rigid, silent, cold,
Whom no one prest
To share the banquet, yet who still remained
Till the last song was sung, the last cup drained.

The cup, the song, the jest, and laugh went round,
No cheek turned pale,
No guest amazed did query e'er propound,
Or lift the veil
To learn the wherefore one alone sat mute,
With whom nor host, nor friend, exchanged salute.

Essence and rose-crowned drapery did all,
That thing of bone,
That hideous skeleton in festive hall,
Evoked no groan,
No thrill of horror checked the flow of mirth,
Unseen, unfelt that grisly type of earth.

But did the host return when all were gone,
The lights put out,
The unseen presence of that nameless one
Might put to rout
All the gay fancies born of wine and song,
And speechless dread the fleeting night prolong.

At every hearth, in every human heart
There is such guest,
We may not, cannot bid it thence depart
Even at the best,
We can but crown with roses, veil and drape;
The thing exists, though we conceal its shape.

We shroud our skeletons from public gaze,
And from our own
Ignore their presence with life's lamps ablaze,
Till left alone
With festal fragments, wine-stains, lights gone dim,
We feel them with us, icy, blood ess, grim.

Our nerves would quiver to unveil the bones
Of the dead past,
We lock them in our hearts, with sighs and moans,
To keep them fast.
'Tis but in solitude we turn the key,
And dare to look upon them as they be.

GHOSTS AND GOBLINS.

It Would Be Easy to fill page after page with the details of the various ideas entertained about ghosts, goblins and demons Such ideas extend not only to the appearance of such beings, their apparel, appertenances, and so on, but to the noises which they make either of themselves or by means of various supernatural objects which they are supposed to carry about with them. Thus—

"The sheeted dead
Did squeak and gibber in the Roman streets
A little ere the mightiest Julius fell."

And it is to be noted that as ghosts commonly show no face, so few have been known to speak with full voice. This may be because the noises heard at the hours when ghosts are seen are not such as can be by any possibility mistaken for the human voice in its ordinary tones, while, nevertheless, an excited imagination can frame spoken words out of the strange sounds which can be heard in almost every house in the stillness of night. This also serves to account for the notion that ghosts can clank chains, or make other dismal noises. Sounds heard at night are highly deceptive a small noise close by is taken for a loud noise at a distance (not necessarily a very great distance), and a noise made by objects of one kind may be mistaken for noises made by objects of a different kind altogether. A friend of mine told me he had been disturbed two nights running by a sound as of an army tramping down a road which passed some 200 yards from his house; he found the third night (I had suggested an experimental test as to the place whence the sound came) that the noise was produced by a clock in the next house, the clock having been newly placed against the party wall. We all know Carlyle's story of the ghostly voice heard each evening by a low spirited man—a voice as if one, in like doleful dumps, proclaiming, "Once I was hap-hap-happy, but now I am meeserable," and how the ghost resolved itself into a rusty kitchen jack. There is a case of a lady who began to think herself the victim of some delusion, and perhaps threatened by approaching illness because each night, about a quarter-of-an hour after she had gone to bed, she heard a hideous din in the neighborhood of her house, or else she was uncertain which) in some distant room. The noise was in reality the slightest possible creak (within a few feet of her pillow, however), and produced by the door of a wardrobe which she closed every night just before getting into bed. The door, about a quarter of an hour after being closed, recovered its position of rest, slightly beyond which it had been pushed in closing. In another case, the crawling of a snail across a window produced sounds which were mistaken for the strains of weird but distant music. It is, perhaps, not going too far to say that our modern spirits who deal in noise-making as well as in furniture-tilting of yet more marvelous feats we say nothing are not unacquainted with the means by which the ear may be deceived as in the cases just considered. Some sounds said to be heard during dark *séances* suggest the suspicion. It will be seen that the opinion to which I incline—as the best and perhaps only natural interpretation of events supposed to be supernatural—is that real sights and sounds are modified by the imagination, either excited or diseased, into seemingly supernatural occurrences. It does not seem to me likely that in any large proportion of recorded (and presumably veracious) ghost stories there has been an actual phantom of the brain. Such phantoms are sometimes seen, no doubt, and unreal voices are sometimes heard, but the condition of the brain which leads to such effects must be regarded as altogether exceptional. Certainly it is not common. On the contrary, the play of fancy by which images are formed from objects in no way connected with the picture raised in the mind is a common phenomenon. Although some minds possess the faculty more fully than others, few actually want it. I suppose there is not one person in a thousand who cannot see faces in the fire, for instance though to some the pictures so produced are much more vivid than to others.—*Cornhill Magazine*.

An Important Discovery near Cape Horn.—A very important discovery has been made by the captain of the British barque *Cedric*, of Liverpool, which has arrived at Valparaiso. He reports to the authorities of that port that he had found a splendid bay, with safe anchorage, in the island of Wollaston, situate in lat. 55.22 S., and long. 67.35 W., in the Hermit group of islands, south of Terra del Fuego, twenty-nine miles from Cape Horn, and protected from all winds and storms. The *Cedric* anchored fourteen days in this fine bay taking in wood and water. The vegetation as found is described as magnificent. The Indians were found docile, and they used canoes of bark, covered with the hide of the sea-lion. The captain of the *Cedric* says the harbor is superior even to that of the Falkland Islands. The Chilian Government, in consequence of the information, was about to send orders to the Chilian coast surveying expedition in Patagonia, to proceed to and examine into the claims of the island.

The Library of Sir Richard Tufton has been sold in Paris for £5,000. It included a beautiful quarto MS. (Hore) of the 15th century, profusely illustrated, in velum, which fetched £1,200.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., at Public Notices. Every kind [illegible] Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Depository, [illegible] properly classified and made most attractive, will a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bring on a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged there will be admitted on tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 406 to 414 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 24. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.
California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 406 to 414 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally.

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 121 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at his Factory, 213 and 215 Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself, the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders. Thomas Donnolly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure Unadulterated Saleratus, and his Unadulterated Unequaled Bi-carbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 213 and 217 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, (in oily wax) on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented, superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.
San Francisco, January 25, 1873. [Feb. 1.] THOMAS DONNOLLY.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also residence lots beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly instalments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 634 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec 21.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO.

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE [illegible] all lengths and varieties (tarred or untarred) of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are so located that orders can be shipped Direct by rail or water, to any part of the State, when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY. [April 26.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 11 Front street.

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO.

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for Rope of any special lengths and sizes. Constantly on hand a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes, Tarred Manila Rope, Bay Rope, Whale Line, etc., etc.
April 26. TUBBS & CO., 611 and 613 Front street.

$5,000.—A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.

I will dispose of an interest in my Wonderful Bedstead to a live man. It is a regular Bedstead. A sick person, however large, handled as easy as a babe. Raises the patient up, turns them over from one side to the other, makes up the bed and changes the clothes, places patient on the feet or in a vessel, separates patient from bed and rocks the bed, rocks to sleep, and all without using the hands or disturbing the slumbers. BENJAMIN POLLARD,
April 26. 1116 Market street.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitations of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States. March 19.

REMOVAL.

The San Francisco and Pacific Sugar Company and H. Feuerstein & Co. have removed their offices to the Second Floor of TALLANT'S NEW BANKING HOUSE, Northeast corner of Battery and California streets. April 26.

C. MAIN **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 211 and 213 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept 12.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street 510 to 514 Commercial st.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's by an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 29.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Roney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS-RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD —

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Aliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb, Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson, Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co., Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Robert Town & Co., Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co., S. H. Stamosz & Co., "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa, Cross & Co., Alsop & Co., Wm. Gibbs & Co., Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co.; Jardine, Mathieson & Co., Dent & Co., Russell & Co., Augustine Heard & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Beriil; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 5.

ON A TREE CUT IN PAPER.

Fair hand! that can on virgin paper write,
Yet from the stain of ink preserve it white;
Whose travel o'er that silver field does show
Like tracks of leverets in morning snow.
Love's image thus in purest minds is wrought,
Without a spot or blemish to the thought.
Strange that your fingers should the pencil foil,
Without the help of colors or of oil!
For though a painter boughs and leaves can make,
'Tis you alone can make them bend and shake,
Whose breath salutes your new-created grove
Like southern winds, and makes it gently move.
Orpheus could make the forest dance, but you
Can make the motion and the forest too.
—*By Edmund Waller, in the Year 1606.*

GRANT IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

How He Receives His Visitors.—On entering the White House one is struck with the cheapness of the building and lack of decoration. Turning to your left after passing the outer door, you are met by an usher with "please step into the reception room—up stairs—first door to your right." In the reception room you hand your card to a colored usher, who vanishes. In a short time "the President will see Mr. P.," is called from a door at the rear, and you are immediately escorted to the office of the President of the United States—a room about forty feet square, with walls and ceiling frescoed in excellent taste, on the left side a fireplace with dark marble mantle, glass, a nicely mounted clock, etc. In front of you, in the rear of the room, two windows, which overlook the Potomac, showing green fields, sparkling water, and the distant city of Alexandria, the damask curtains forming a rich red border to a beautiful scene. On your right, two or three sofas and some comfortable arm chairs trimmed in brown silk, a map, stand, etc. A table covered with blue cloth, circled by eight chairs finished in brown leather, under a chandelier in the center of the room furnishes the President and Cabinet with desk room. At the head of the table sits a medium-sized man with full beard, dressed in black, using a common pen and an ordinary glass inkstand with a much used blotter, which rests on a pile of plain cards and a well-worn lead pencil.

"Good morning, sir," is the salutation as you enter—spoken in good round Saxon—as the President of the United States rises and extends his hand. "Be seated." As there are three others in the room, the proffered seat is taken and your casual waits his turn. The first visitor walks to the table, and takes a seat to the right of the President.

"I am from St. Louis, for some time connected with the — paper, an agricultural paper, and for many years identified with the agricultural interests of the State of Missouri. Not being advised as to the method, I wrote you some weeks ago asking an appointment in the consular service at a point where I could gain knowledge for the agricultural cause, etc. I enclosed my recommendations to you at the time of writing."

"Yes, I remember. You are Mr. P. of St. Louis. I referred them to Governor Fish, and was much impressed with them. You are recommended by Mr. —, and Mr. —, and Mr. —."

"Yes, Mr. President. I would like an appointment in Russia or in the Argentine Confederation. I am used to cattle and the breeding of them."

The President then entered into a conversation with him on cattle in general, and then showed thorough knowledge on the subject, much to the surprise of the applicant, who finally stated that he was a graduate of Dartmouth and not an office-seeker by profession.

"Are you acquainted with Governor Fish?" said the President. "No!" (writing a card.) "Well, to-morrow being cabinet day, I will speak to Governor Fish about your case. You can see him in the meantime. I have said to him on this card 'This will introduce Mr. —, who is an applicant for a consulship, etc. Take this to Governor Fish, at the State Department.'"

"When shall I call again?" "Call to-morrow at 2½ o'clock, after I have seen Governor Fish. Good morning."

And the Missourian bowed himself out and the President was ready for the next, who came forward and took the seat just vacated. He was a negro. His head looked like an enlarged oven, and as knotty as a red oak. He was dressed in the shabby genteel manner, with a flaming red necktie. The President gave him a long, searching look, and saw what he was, then settled himself back in his chair for a siege.

"Mr. President, I am a native of Westminster, England, a graduate of Cambridge and barrister in the English courts, also a short-hand reporter. Came to Halifax and found but little to do. I came to Boston, staid two years in the practice, and found two colored lawyers there who were doing the business. As I am not and could not become a citizen of the United States, I was not popular. I then came to Washington and obtained employment as a short hand reporter with Mr. Miller on the *Globe*. Then I worked for Mr. Douglass, who publishes a paper in the interest of the colored man, and now I am out of work and destitute. I have heard, sir, of your kindness and charity to the people of my race, and I come to you to see if you could not suggest something for me."

"Yes, I have the same interest in your people that I have in other citizens of the United States. Have you been to the Howard University?" inquired the President.

"Yes sir; but they did nothing for me."

"Have you been to see Mr. Colfax? He takes a great interest in your people."

"Yes sir," replied the colored man, "but he can do nothing for me." "Well, what can I do?"

"You don't seem to understand me, Mr. President. I am out of means, and you are said to be very charitable." "Yes, I am as charitable as I can be," said the President.

"Yes, I know you are, and the slightest pecuniary aid will be of the greatest help to me." "If I were to give to all who ask from me, I could expend a large fortune."

"Yes, but, Mr. President, you don't seem to understand the situation. I am entirely out of money." "I generally confine my charity to such as have a family."

"Mr. President, I have a wife and three interesting children."

Met at every point, the President drew his pocket book and gave the fellow a green, and then the colored gentleman for the first time took his eyes from the President's face. He carefully folded the note, crushed his dilapidated beaver with his elbow, put the bill in his pocket, and made for the door, saying as he departed, with the flourish of a Beau Brummel, "Mr. President, I shall never forget your kindness never so help me God. Good morning."

"Good day, sir," the President remarked, as he turned to greet the next, who was a young boy, with rosy cheeks and bright eyes.

"I have been turned out of West Point, Mr. President. I want to get back the had failed in his class examination, and come to you to know what to do. Here are my papers, sir," handing his credentials and recommendation from many prominent men to the President, who read them and said, "You cannot get back without the recommendation of the academic board. It would be a violation of law if you were appointed without it." Then looking closely at the boy, "If you will get their recommendation, why then your Congressman can reappoint you."

"I am too old to enter on a new appointment, and the Congressman from my district won't appoint me. The one who first appointed me is out, and a new one is now in."

"Very well. You write to the academic board at West Point, through the post adjutant, and get their permission to re-enter, asking that you may go into the third class and go on with your studies. If they consent, I will then appoint you to West Point."

"Will you?" said the boy, his face lighting up like the harvest moon, "what shall I write?"

The President then told him what to write, repeating it. "When you have written the letter, fetch it to me and I will revise it and indorse it."

"Where shall I write it?" "Sit here at this table or go to the next room."

The boy went out with a quick step and a heart too full to speak. The President then turned to your casual and entered on the business which brought him, incidentally mentioning when and where we had met, and the circumstances years ago. When you consider the number of persons he meets, and the hundreds of faces passing before him daily, you are astonished at the memory this man possesses.—*Washington Correspondence Ohio State Journal.*

Stockwell Again.—Mr. Alden Stockwell, the last ephemeron of Wall street, has made heroic endeavors to outlive his little day of glory, and take on those immortal qualities which make millionaires "solid." But apparently it is all in vain. It is but a brief Winter that has passed since he raised himself to wealth by Pacific Mail speculations, and was pointed out on Wall street as the man of the day. At the very zenith of his glory he became the corner-stone of the Samana Bay company. But shortly, Pacific Mail began to drop. There were rumors of failures, steadily denied. The sandy-complexioned commodore gave bakercaty interview to reporters, and dropped out of the caravan of "lions of the period." Mr. Stockwell was at length obliged to mortgage his large interest in the Howe sewing-machine works at Bridgeport, and the monthly pay roll of those works ran in arrears nearly $100,000. Threats of burning the buildings were made so freely by the distressed employes, that the Hartford insurance companies were proceeding, last week, to cancel their policies, when the Pacific Mail, on Saturday, advanced the money and paid off the men. Pacific Mail stock is therefore down again, and we fear Mr. Stockwell is hard pressed.

NOTICE OF EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the City and County of San Francisco, in the State of California, made on the 2d day of December, 1872, in the matter of the Estate of GEORGE PENDERGAST, deceased, the undersigned, Executor of the will of said deceased, will sell at private sale, to the highest bidder for cash, in gold coin, and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on or after MONDAY, the 26th day of May, A. D. 1873, at 12 o'clock M., all the right, title, interest and estate of said deceased at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has by operation of law or otherwise acquired, other than or in addition to that of the said deceased at the time of his death, in and to all those lots, pieces, or parcels of land situate, lying and being in said city and county, and described as follows, viz:

1st. Commencing at a point on the west line of Buchanan street, distant northerly 75 feet from the northwesterly corner of Buchanan and O'Farrell streets, thence northerly on Buchanan street 137½ feet, thence at a right angle westerly 62½ feet, thence at a right angle southerly 137½ feet, and thence at a right angle easterly 62½ feet to Buchanan street and place of beginning.

2d. Commencing at the northwest corner of 50-Vara Lot One, in Block 277, in the Western Addition to said city, thence south on a line parallel with Buchanan street 137½ feet, thence at a right angle easterly 50 feet, thence at a right angle southerly 5 feet, thence at a right angle easterly 25 feet, thence at a right angle northerly 137½ feet to a point, and thence at a right angle westerly 75 feet to the place of beginning.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE: Cash in gold coin. Deeds at expense of purchaser. Bids or offers may be made at any time after the first publication of this notice, and before the making of the sale. All bids or offers must be made in writing, and left at the office of T. A. O'BRIEN, Attorney at Law, No. 624 Kearny street, in said city and county. RUSSELL DAVIS, Executor.
Dated May 16th, 1873. [May 1..] T. A. O'BRIEN, Attorney.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria, and Hope Town. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's comfortable Spring Wagons leave Cape Town, without fail, every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and traveling the above route, are due at Du Toit's Pan, the center point of the Diggings, on the seventh day from Town. Under new and improved arrangements, punctuality is ensured. Fare to the Diggings £12. Each Passenger allowed 40 lbs. Luggage. Rest is afforded to Passengers by night stoppage at the principal stations, and Refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the entire route. Passengers' heavy Baggage has preference by the Company's Goods Wagons leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the head office of the Company, No. 68 ADDERLEY STREET, corner of Longmarket street, Cape Town. H. T. TOWNROE, Secretary.
Cape Town, 2d March, 1873. May 17.

AUCTION SALE AT CALISTOGA,

Of Horses, Mares, Ewes, Heifers, Etc., Etc.—Will be sold at Public Auction, at the Stables of the CALISTOGA SPRINGS HOTEL, on SATURDAY, May 31th, 1873, the following property, viz: SEVENTY HEAD OF HORSES, comprising Work Horses, Brood Mares, Colts from one to five years old, of Lodi and Clydesdale Stock. Also, One Hundred and Thirty Head Thoroughbred French Merino Ewes and Bucks. Thirty or Forty Head of Dairy Cows and Heifers. Also, One Threshing Machine (Vibrator) with Horse Power. Two Mowers, Plows, Cultivators, Drags, Farming Tools of all kinds; Set of Dairy Utensils, complete. Wagons, Trucks, Buggies, Etc., Etc. Terms of Sale—All sums under $50, cash; all sums over $50, sixty days time with approved security. [May 17.] S. BRANNAN.

THE CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED. FOR HONGKONG via YOKOHAMA,

FROM FRONT STREET WHARF.

The Magnificent British Iron Steamship Galley of Lorne, 2,057 tons, J. Robinson, Commander. This fast and powerful Clyde-built Steamship sails from Hongkong for this port about the [illegible] of June, and on arrival here will have quick dispatch as above. For freight on Merchandise and Treasure or Passage apply to MACONDRAY & CO.,
May 17. Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Alaska Commercial Company for the election of Trustees and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 310 Sansome street, San Francisco, California, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of June, 1873, at 1 o'clock P. M. JOHN F. MILLER,
[May 1.] President.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of
May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 210 California street.

S. P. CHRISTY. JOHN H. WISE. THOS. DENIGAN.

CHRISTY & WISE,

Agents for Wool Growers, and Commission Merchants for the sale of HIDES, TALLOW, ETC., 607 FRONT STREET, between Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco. May 1.

NEW MAP OF CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA,

In Townships, with Mineral Grounds, Railroads and Land Districts defined. The MOST COMPLETE MAP ever published of the two States. For sale in Sheets or Book form. Size, 3 feet by 3½. Price—Book, $; Mounted, $5.
May 17. WARREN HOLT, 607 Clay street.

AUCTION SALE.

New City Hall Lots Nos. 77 and 78.—Monday, June 16, 1873.—John Middleton & Son, Auctioneers, 310 Montgomery street. For particulars see advertisements in Alta and Examiner. By order Board of City Hall Commissioners.
May 17. ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary.

SAN FRANCISCO ART ASSOCIATION,

313 Pine street, below Montgomery.—Gallery now open to the Public from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. and 7 to 10 P. M. Single Admission, 25 cts.; Season Ticket admitting lady and gentleman, $3. May 17.

CHAMPAGNE.

Moet & Chandon, Epernay. For sale in lots to suit.
[May 10.] DEGENER & CO., 109 California street, Room 7.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE.** [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom 319 Bush street. Factory, 443 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

THE TRIP TO SANTA CRUZ.

A Week To-day, at 2 P. M, the steamer *Olympia* left the Jackson-street wharf bound for Santa Cruz. She had on board a small, select, but still a jolly crowd. Each one was bent upon enjoying himself, and all went "merry as a marriage bell." The "little German band" tooted away, the ladies all looked smiling, and things were generally good. But alas for earthly pleasures, the bar was reached, and reaching became the end of the day. The first to hold out signals of distress were the musicians. The distended cheeks of the bassoon man grew paler and paler, while the sounds he emitted grew faint and dissonant; the ophicleide supporter looked despairingly, longing to get into the bell of his instrument, and the big drum beater's strokes became gradually lighter and lighter. At last the cornet man found he was playing a solo, so he too went to the lee-side. Ten minutes afterwards thereditional groups of sweet strains were to be seen in every pose the stage of sea-sickness. The fair sex one by one retired, and many of the gentlemen friends who had urgent business in their cabins. Two ladies, however, held out bravely. One was a charming brunette, whose dark brown eyes would melt an iceberg; the other a semi-blonde, whose eyes of liquid blue seemed to reflect the azure sky. An ear-ache, however, subdued the brunette, while the blonde had at last to strike her colors to the prevailing complaint. The wind, which blew pretty stiffly, just caught the *Olympia* amidships, and she being almost without ballast rolled considerably, so much, in fact that some of the "sea-dogs" found difficulty in keeping their sea-legs. Slowly the shades of eve came on, and a bell announced the welcome dinner time; we came at last to those who were well. The steward, Mr. Carlos, had a first-class spread prepared, which was done ample justice to. Mr. Carlos is an old hand at providing, having run for some years in Portland. The only little episode that enlivened the weary hours, between dinner and Santa Cruz, was an attack made by an irate district court clerk, upon a gentleman who was quietly sitting down, talking to a friend. This officious clerk made a big ass of himself, but got off a great deal better than he deserved, and than he probably would have had he let off his spare gas in other quarters. Things, however, were amicably settled, and we will do him the justice to state that no one regretted his ill-timed exhibition of airs or spleen, more than he did himself. About half-past twelve the steamer drew up alongside of the Santa Cruz wharf. She did not, however, make fast, and those who could not jump ashore, had either to take boats off, or stop on board till daylight. Those who did get ashore found much difficulty in getting beds, owing to the late hour. Some in fact wandered around all night. We were lucky in getting a bed-room at the Pacific House, where Mrs. Le Mare had a nice warm supper waiting for us, and a breakfast, in which Santa Cruz trout played a prominent part, laid a good solid foundation for Sunday's engagement. Fair teams from the Fashion Stables took merry parties, bent on fishing, to Soquel, where a hundred and fifty speckled beauties rewarded their trouble. Among this party was a lady, whose success as a trout fisher was immense, landing more fish than any of her gentleman friends. Tired of watching the unwary fish being taken from their native element, we drove back to Santa Cruz and from there towards the "big trees." The country was lovely. Deep gorges on whose sides grew pines of tremendous hight and undergrowth of every conceivable tint, and at whose bottoms clear streams meandered. No one could imagine more lovely scenery than that around Santa Cruz. The hospitable inhabitants of this sweet little town had prepared a surprise party and ball in our honor, but the late hour at which we had arrived upset everything, as they "gave us up for gone." On Sunday afternoon, the youth and beauty of Santa Cruz turned out to see the *Olympia*, and her handsomely fitted up saloons were admired by hundreds of unsophisticated Santa Cruzans. At eight p. m. she left the wharf for home. As no regular time was given out for leaving, a great many was left behind, and had to go overland. The captain was much to blame for not having a clear plan made out as to arriving and leaving, and much disgust was felt and expressed at the "happy go lucky" way in which things were managed. As this was the first trip, however, people should be a little charitable. Captains Thorn and Johnson assured us that the next trip would be on time, and that things should be arranged in a way that would please all. Most of the passengers retired to their berths on the homeward trip, and those who were not sea-sick had a pleasant sleep "rocked in the cradle of the deep." At seven we crossed the bar, and about eight, landed once more on Pacific-street wharf. The trip to Santa Cruz is a most pleasant one, and we only hope that the next will be conducted in such a way that all will be pleased, and none have just cause to complain as they had last Saturday of gross mismanagement, and a general sell. We advise all who like a sea trip, and beautiful scenery, fishing, etc., to go on the next trip to Santa Cruz, and not to mind the unflattering reports of our sea-sick dailies.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—We have no false shame about stating that the play of that name is an absurd and wretched piece of twaddle. Barton Hill's idea of an English Lord is a curious mixture of snobbism and affectation, while the supporting young men might, by their get-ups, have just had a full rig-out at a dollar store. A man must possess more moral courage than we do who could sit through the three acts. Miss Graham as Magdalen, Mrs. Judah as Mrs. Howard, and Edwards as Colonel Howard, were all good, but we should advise Mr. Hill to study the character of an English Lord, from life, before he attempts to portray it on the stage. A Mr. Ebon Plympton got up with a blue scarf and no breast-pin, might possibly have been mistaken for a footman out on the spree, but for an English gentleman, never. We are sorry that Mr. Barton Hill made his *debut* in a part that suited him so badly, but hope he will stay long enough to do away with the unpleasant impression. Very poor houses have been the order of the day since Mrs. Bowers left. The change was too sudden, from her perfect acting to *False Shame* and its burlesques of gentlemen.

NOTES

Mme Nilsson is studying the role of "Edith Plantagenet," in Balfe's posthumous opera *Il Talismano*.—Mme Parepa Rosa has made a "hit as" Martha," in the Vice Royal Theater, Cairo.—Miss Annie Adams, the "Famous English Ballad Singer," has withdrawn her name from the Alhambra bill. Lack of appreciation.—Nilsson, of New York, is said to be a most generous patron of the Y. M. C. A.—Schultz, the leader of the California orchestra, has, we are glad to see, resumed his seat and baton.—Manager Maguire has leased the Metropolitan Theater, Sacramento, for a year.—A new play by W. G. Wills, called *Eugene Aram*, has been brought out with fair success at the London Lyceum.—The aggregate receipts of the California Theater during Mrs. Bower's engagement amounted to $35,000.—A new tenor, M. Salomon, has made his debut at the French Opera House, Paris.—Miss Helen Tracy has accepted an engagement with Mr. Samuels, of the New Park Theater, Brooklyn, to play leading juvenile and light comedy parts, at a handsome salary.—The Maretzell Troupe of Pantomimists will play in the California this Summer.—Alice Kingsbury, the charming little actress, whom most will remember as "Fanchon, the Cricket," wants to come back.

Pacific Hall.—Miss Marston's second concert came off on Thursday and was a complete success. Miss Marston improves in her singing each time we hear her. The last of her series of concerts is fixed for the 29th.

The musical reception by the pupils of Maider Fabbri was a delightful entertainment. The rendering of selections from *Robert le Diable*, by Miss Julia Kessing, were splendid. We have never heard an amateur who equaled her, and few professionals are much superior. Miss Alexander, Mrs. Williamson and several others sang very nicely. The Hall has seldom held a more select audience.

The City Gardens are looking lovely. The trees and flowers could make one imagine one's self to be in the country. The balloon ascension (or rather flying machine) was a failure, some part of the machinery giving way.

Crowds of People have visited Woodward's Gardens this week. On Sunday there is an unusually good programme, and a gas balloon ascension, the last that will come off here for some time.

The Annual Examination Exercises at the Mills' Seminary commence on Tuesday, May 27th and continue through Thursday, 29th. The programmes show that those attending will have a rich intellectual and musical treat.

POST CARDS.

The Postmaster General has kindly let us have a peep at the first batch of post cards that will appear in a few days. We withhold names, but give their text. The first one we saw was evidently from an irate washerwoman, and ran as follows:

"Sir,—You walk around and look a big gun, with your sham diamond studs and clean shirt front, but let me tell you, that no one your washing bill is paid you will sport no more spotless linen. Yours, etc. ——."

The next was evidently a love affair, but why so public a conveyance should be preferred we are at a loss to find out:

"I waited two hours near the Post-office on Wednesday. Why didn't you come? Shan't go any more, so look out for a fresh fellow to fool. I won't be Mary's 'little lamb' any longer."

This is another:

"Mind when the Municipal election comes off you vote for M——. If you don't, look out for squalls."

This one is evidently an Irish piece of composition:

"Terence, derr, and why didn't ye send me the dollars that ye promished. Its parrafet, I mean we're having away in this lone place. Now send the money, and I won't write anny more on the outside o' these kerds. However, I don't think yez iver git this, it looks too small to travil. Send the money by Fargo-Wells."

This one, we imagine, is an order for whisky:

"Put me up two gallons of that same sort of 'soothing syrup.' The last did much good. The picture is in rapid progress—colors bright and shiny."

What a little insight into domestic diplomacy the following favors us with:

"My Darling Mary. B. is coming home to dinner with me this evening. I have ordered some trout and a couple of ducks. Get the silver out, make everything nice, and express confusion at B.'s unexpected visit. Yours, Hubby."

We pity this distracted youth with a sympathetic pity:

"Lilly. Why will you persist in going East? If not a cat is lilly you are certainly a callous one, and this transplanting means the uprooting of all the tendrils of my tender nature. 'I never loved a dear gazelle,' etc. Forgive my apparent disconnectedness, for 'Thou art leaving me in sorrow, Lilly.'"

"Brevity is the soul of wit," to be sure, but we don't see much in the following: "No."

ART.

The Art Association has just added the following life members to its list: Messrs. Michael Reese, Lewis Livingstone, G. W. Gibbs, Abraham Seligman, Anton Roman and Henry Payot. Seventeen other members have been added to the roll, bringing it up to the following standard: Life members, 83; ordinary members, 525 (allowing for resignations, etc.).

It is proposed to organize within the Association itself a sketching club, the members of which will meet periodically, with their art-ebe materials in hand, and spend a delightful hour or so in sketching freely anything their fancy dictates, or which may be given out as the "subject" of the evening. In London there are several such clubs and it is usual on the evening of meeting to name two or more subjects, figure and landscape. At the conclusion of the sitting the sketches are exhibited, and the artists not unfrequently exchange the labors of the evening with each other.

THE STAR AND GARTER, SAN BRUNO.

The Outlets of San Francisco, for her overworked as well as her pleasure-seeking set, are many, inviting and attractive; but to find *the* bright particular spot—with host, larder and cook, par excellence—is a discovery which, for the benefit of suffering humanity, we feel obliged to make known. Without making invidious comparisons we would say to those who have not done the "Star and Garter," to do it at once. There they will find mine host, Col. Jack Gamb (and who has not heard of Col. Jack?) whom nature made for a host, *tho* to receive them. The savory and toothsome dishes, as prepared at the "Star and Garter," would tempt the appetite of a dyspeptic; the terrapin alone would capture our entire Board of Aldermen, with "Lecuine" thrown in. This, and the addition of Col. Jack's unequaled powers in describing persons, incidents and *things*, is enough to prolong the life of his guests beyond the fondest hopes of the most exacting of life insurance companies. Col. Jack, may your Star ever shine, and your Garter never slip.

The Firm of S. M. Pettingill & Co., Advertising Agents of a quarter of a century's standing, and whose offices are still in the old place, No. 10 Journal Building, State street, Boston. Their agency in New York city has grown to be larger than Boston, and now they have started another agency at Philadelphia, 701 Chestnut street. They are a good, reliable firm, and have made fortunes for thousands who followed their advice and availed themselves of their aid.

We have to Acknowledge the receipt of six beautiful chromos from *The Christian at Work and Eclectic Weekly*, 102 Chambers street, N. Y. These charming chromos are distributed among their yearly subscribers. The paper itself is a very interesting one, and is well worth subscribing to. The chromos "Carlo" and "Good Morning," are especially good.

The Dougall Lock Fast Gun.—Among the many improvements in guns, gun locks, etc., none has ever yet come up to the Dougall Lock Fast Breechloading Gun. It is handy, strong and durable. In a future issue we propose going into a more elaborate description of its application of principle and usefulness.

"Muff" Nickerson, who died a few days ago in Mobile, Alabama, came to California in 1849, and was at one time proprietor of the "Whistle" saloon, corner of Sansome and Commercial streets.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Treasurer.—MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon—Shelly and Leon's translation of Offenbach's funniest Opera, entitled CHOUFLEURI, Or, A PRIMA DONNA OF A NIGHT. Fresh re-th ollout, "the Only Leon," THE ONLY LEON, the Great Female Personator, Comedian and Vocalist; MASTER BARNEY, the Greatest Change Artist and Jig Dancer in the world; MR. EDWIN KELLY, the Great Interlocutor, Light Comedian and Tenor. Monday Evening, May 26th—First Appearance of the Greatest Banjoist in the World, ROBERT FRAZER. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cts; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. May 24.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh Stage Manager; J. Zimmer, Musical Director. Saturday Evening, May 24, and every evening during the week. The Wonderful Acrobatic feats of CASSELLI and FRITZ. Most Astounding. First Part Minstrelsy. Interlude of Songs by Jennie Johnson, Tommy Barton, Fanny Garelson, Maggie St. Clair. Songs and Dances by Lizzie Nixon, Susie Robinson, Harland and Maggie Kelly. Negro Act of "Hotel Runners," heinz, Lee and Company. Tableaux Vivants by a bevy of beautiful girls. Fun for the million, concluding with LE BAL MASQUE, by the Company. Look out for novelties. Admission 25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. May 24.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee May 24th, at 2 o'clock, and Saturday Evening, MR. BARTON HILL will appear as "Pygmalion" and "Raphael," assisted by MR. JOHN McCULLOUGH, as "Pygmalion" and "Volage," in the romantic drama in five acts, entitled THE MARBLE HEART; Or, THE SCULPTOR'S DREAM. Monday Evening May 26, Boucicault's Comedy of HOW SHE LOVES HIM. In Rehearsal, LONDON ASSURANCE and KING HENRY IV. May 24.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Budd, W. C. . 440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 323 California st.
Fitch, J. B. . 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L. . 413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. . 434 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. B. . 409 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co. . 426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 435 Hayw'd B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P. . 411 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. . 401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W. . 414 Cal'a st.

KENNEDY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods, French Cassimeres and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal. fresh, ℔ ℔	25@	35
Do pickled	65	
Do Packed	65	
Cheese, Cal	20@	25
Honey	10@	
Eggs, ℔ doz	25@	
Lard, ℔ ℔	14@	20
Ham & Bacon, ℔ ℔	15@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔ ℔	1@	2
Do sweet	4@	6
Lima Beans, ℔ ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔ ℔	6@	8
Onions, ℔ ℔	6@	8
Squashes, ℔ ℔	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔ ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Caul flowers, each	6@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	20@	
Celery, ℔ doz b.	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b.	20@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b.	20@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b.	20@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b.	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔ ℔	6@	8
String Beans, ℔ ℔	25@	
Apples, ℔ ℔	10@	12
Pears, ℔ ℔	5@	12
Quinces, ℔ ℔	6@	
Peaches, ℔ ℔	4@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔ ℔	12@	25
Do new, ℔ ℔	5@	
Oranges, ℔ doz	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Limes, ℔ doz	25@	
Quail, ℔ doz	2 50@3	00
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔ ℔	30@	35
Geese, ℔ pair	4 00@5	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 50@3	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	35@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@	
Clams, ℔ 100	60@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔ ℔	8@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔ ℔	10@	
Codfish, ℔ ℔	12@	
Rockfish, ℔ ℔	12@	
Smelts, ℔ ℔	8@	
Tomcod, ℔ ℔	12@	

BIZ.

There is Increased Activity everywhere observable along the city front and throughout all the business streets of the town. Our merchants, mechanics and traders, are actively engaged in their several callings. The weather is glorious, nothing could be pleasanter or better for the growing crops of cereals, etc. Crop prospects seem to be steadily improving, and our husbandmen are, in the main, quite cheerful over the prospects. We will not have as large Wheat crops as last season, nor as great a surplus of Breadstuff for export, and yet there is little doubt but that we will have a Wheat crop of 20,000,000 bushels, and a surplus for export of 800,000 tons—or a little more than one half of what we expected in the season now drawing to a close. Our crop of Hay will be large and of good quality, and so of all the lesser crops of feed grains, etc. Our Fruit crops are especially promising. The markets are now plentifully supplied with Strawberries, Cherries, Currants, etc., and we will soon have Apricots, Peaches and Nectarines in profusion. At the same time the Vegetable product is superior.

Our Market for Coffee and other leading import staples, is steadily improving. Coffee has been advanced in price nearly two cents per pound—nothing now to be procured under 18@20c for Greens, 20c for Singapore, 23c for Old Government Java, and 25c for Kona. Some large holders of Central American are under limits of 21@22c. The St. Louis demand for our Coffees, both Manila and Guatemala, has been of essential aid to our importers this and the past year. Our market is bare of both Ceylon and Rio Greens. It is said that our stock is below the average. Sugars are in large stock, and the demand for both Raws and Refined is by no means active. The fact is, that the low prices ruling last Fall and Winter was a strong inducement to dealers and consumers to stock up, and they did buy up Sugar and Syrup freely, and piled it away in quantities, and now that prices of White Refined are advanced, Jobbers prefer to realize and take their chances of replacing it by and by upon more advantageous terms. Hawaiian Sugars are very plentiful, and the bark D. C. Murray is near at hand with 300 tons more. The very best Island "washed" is 10c, other grades 7@9c.

The Brig Orient from Columbia River is at hand with 3,100 cases, 60 bbls and 21 bf bbls Oregon salmon. The steamer Ajax, from Portland, brought us 2,000 cases of same; price in cases, $1 per doz for 2℔ can. The steamer Altona for Hongkong carries 50 bbls Alaska salmon. The salmon trade is of growing importance upon this coast. 800 cases sent via Panama steamer to Liverpool, and very much more will follow in same direction.

The Coal Market is improving. Last sale of Australian by the cargo $12 50; Chili, $11 50; Bellingham Bay, $8 50; Mt. Diablo, steam, $6 50 a 8 50; Coos Bay and Seattle, $18; Cumberland, $20 a 22; English, steam, $10 a 12. Bags and Bagging material is held with more firmness. Grain Sacks, 16 a 17c; Hessian, 11½ a 12½c; Wool Sacks, 57½ a 60c. French Claret Wines in casks have advanced $5. New $45 a 50. Case Claret, $3 25 a 3 50; Vermouth, $6 50; Sauterne, $35 a 40 per cask. Rice imports promise to be large. The ship Alhambra at hand this week brought from Hongkong 38,000 bags; the Altona, 24,000 bags, and to arrive, the Iphigenia, 10,416 bags and the Green Jacket, 14,346 bags. These liberal imports with others to follow causes holders to lessen their grip, and to offer Patna and other kinds at auction more freely.

Our Freight Market has, within a short time, witnessed some new phases—by reason of new elements and new men on the scene of action; an unexpected demand for tonnage has sprung up recently, and at improved rates of freight to Liverpool. Three of these ships will be placed in the X Line for Liverpool, and will fly for the first time in our harbor the signal of the well known New York firm of E. E. Morgan's Sons, of which a branch house has recently been established here. The two small vessels taken for Cork and a market have a very favorable continental clause in the charter party. Hongkong freights by steamer have experienced quite a sudden and somewhat unexpected collapse. For some time past the Pacific Mail Steamship Company have been carrying many thousand barrels of Flour to China at $10 a 12 per ton freight, but as soon as the first British steamer was placed on the Hongkong berth in opposition, the rate of freight was dropped to $7, she carrying only 1,700 bbls Flour, less than one fourth the usual quantity, while the Altona, in the Feuerstein line, sailing on the 27th, will carry some 3,000 or 4,000 bbls at $5 per ton. The next opposition steamer due is the Lord of the Isles in Macondray & Co.'s line to be followed by the steamer Galley of Lorne in the China Trans-Pacific Steamship Co.'s line, and thereafter by the British steamer Hale Lodge, the second in Feuerstein's line. From this it will be seen that opposition is to be the order of business on the China route during 1873.

Our Wheat Market is rather slack at this date, although immediately following our last issue, a Liverpool cargo of 1,500 tons, average, was secured at $1 92½. A few days subsequently 1,500 tons more sold at $1 91½, and since then the seller of these two cargoes succeeded in purchasing diverse parcels, in lots, say 30,000 sks average quality, at $1 90. On the same day, 150 tons choice white, reclaimed for milling, sold at $2 ... only, 100 tons choice taken for distillation at the same price, 3,000 sks "smutty," sold at $1 85; 1,000 sks inferior coast, sold at $1 70@1 75. The Ajax, from Oregon, brought 1,971 sks. The closing rate, $1 85@1 95 per cental for good to choice. Contracts for New Wheat have been made for July and August, delivering at $1 85 per cental, others offer to sell freely at $1 90—these prices seem to be rather steep. Flour is dull of sale at $5 50@6 per bbl for best extras; standard superfine, $5 25@5 25 per 196 ℔s. Barley is firm at $1 50 for brewing, $1 25 for feed. Oats are dull at $2 2@2 10. Corn is in request at $1 25@1 30. Hay, $12@21 per ton. Potatoes, 1¼@1¾c per pound.

Our Exports of Wheat are continued.

	Wheat Ctls	Value
Since July 1st, 1872, of 321 vessels	7,9 3,9..	$16,9.. ..1
142 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	1,2..,..	3,016,791
190 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	3,5..,..	7,071 ..3
171 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	4,645,101	7 .35,999

In addition to this there are now nine ships on the berth to the United Kingdom. We have yet about 30,000 tons Wheat surplus remaining in the State.

Lumber.—There is no new feature. We quote Puget Sound Boards, by the cargo to dealers, at $12 50@15 per M for rough, and $21 50@25 50 per M for dressed; Laths, $3@3 25 per M. Export orders are executed for delivery to Puget Sound, for Rough Lumber and Timber, at $10@12; Dressed Flooring, $18@20; Sugar Pine, $40; Cedar, $30@45. Redwood Lumber continues to be controlled by a combination—rough, $20; dressed, $33 50@35; shingles, $3@3 25. Pickets—rough, $14; pointed, $16; dressed, $25 per M. Eastern Hard Wood Lumber is in moderate supply, but is extensively used by wagon makers and other manufacturers. The furniture dealers import largely by rail from Ohio and Michigan. We quote Oak Plank, $75@90; Hickory, $100@120; Black Walnut, $90@100; Eastern White Pine, $75@85 per M—all in jobbing lots.

Rice.—At auction on the 24th inst., S. L. Jones & Co. held a cargo sale of Calcutta, East India, Rice; terms, 60 and 90 days; 500 pockets sold at $6 25; 2,600 pockets, $6 05; 8,000 pockets, same, $5 77½; 1,800 pockets, $5 75; 1,400 pockets, $5 77½; 911 pockets, $4 65 per 100 ℔s.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS COMPANY,

April 5, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that from and after the 9th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS PER THOUSAND CUBIC FEET. April 12.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 31.

FOR SALE.

A Steam Flouring Mill with Distillery and about 15 acres of good land, distant ... from Sonoma. Inquire at SONOMA HOTEL, Sonoma; or of W. D. BLISS, Petaluma. [May 5.] ALFRED BOREL & CO., S. F.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending May 23d, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI	NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI
Adams Hill	1	—	¾	Justice	—	5¾	5
Alpha	40	33	33	Kentuck	12	—	9¾
Alps	2	1½	1½	Kentucky	4	4	—
Amador Tunnel	4½	—	—	Knickerbocker	6½	5¼	4¾
American Flag	5¼	5¾	6¾	Kossuth	10	9¾	9
Arizona & Utah	—	6	6¼	Louise	½	½	—
Arkansas	—	—	—	Mahogany	8	7	—
Alamo	—	—	—	Mammoth	½	½	—
American Flat	7½	6¾	2½	Meadow Valley	23	21	21½
Bacon	4	4	4	Minnesota	—	5	—
Baltimore Consolidated	17	14	8	Newark	1½	1¾	—
Belcher	55¾	65½	61½	New York Consolidated	1¾	1½	1¾
Belmont	5	4½	4½	Noonday	—	—	—
Bellevue	—	—	—	Occidental	4¼	4½	4¾
Best & Belcher	5	5	5	Ophir	33	37½	33
Buckeye	—	2½	—	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	—	3
Caledonia	23½	23	—	Overman	—	42½	23
Cedarberg	5	—	—	Original Gold Hill	4	4½	4½
Central	—	—	—	Page & Panaca	2¼	2	1¾
Charter Oak	—	—	—	Pea Vine	—	—	½
Chapman	—	—	—	Phœnix	—	½	½
Chief of the Hill	2	2½	1¼	Pictou	—	—	—
Chief East Extension	½	½	½	Pioche	10	10	9¼
Chollar	63	67	61	Pioche West	—	—	½
Columbus	—	—	—	P Phœnix	2¼	2½	2¾
Confidence	9¼	9	7¾	Raymond & Ely	56½	58	58
Cons Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Consolidated Virginia	76	74	71	Rye Patch	19	17	17
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—	Red Jacket	—	—	3
Crown Point	123	121	120	Savage	114	120	115
Central No 2	—	—	—	Seg Belcher	45	42	38
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Sierra Nevada	12¼	12½	11
Daney	2¼	2	1¾	Silver Peak	1¼	1	1¾
Eclipse	5½	7	6¾	Silver Hill	26	25	—
El Dorado	11	10	—	Silver Mountain	—	10	—
Empire Mill	7¾	7	6	Standard	—	—	—
Empire Idaho	—	—	—	Sterling	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	13	12¾	12	Succor	2½	5	—
Eureka G V	23	—	25	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Exchequer	14¼	13	10	Silver Chariot	—	—	—
Globe	—	2	3	South Overman	1½	1	½
Golden Chariot	6¾	6½	6	St. Patrick	3½	—	—
Gould & Curry	12½	14	12¾	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Gadis	—	—	—	Trench	6	—	6
Hale & Norcross	49	51	44	Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Hermes	9	11	12	Utah	—	—	1
Hohn & Hunt	2¼	2	1¾	War Eagle	—	—	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—	Washington & Creole	1½	2½	2¾
Ida Elmore	4½	—	—	Washoe	—	—	—
Imperial	7¾	1¾	6¾	Woodville	4¼	4½	5
Independent	2½	2¼	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Ingomar	¼	3¼	1	Yellow Jacket	77	73½	73
Insurance	—	1¾	—	Yule Gravel	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—				
Jackson	½	—	—				
Julia	1½	2¾	—				

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given distinguished thus * †Buyer 30.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. Directors—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, R. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. New York Agents—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on-the-Main. March 29.

AGENCY OF THE BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA,

322 California street. Commercial credits issued for use in Europe, China, Japan, the East Indies, South America and Australia. Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers available in all parts of the world. Demand and Time Bills of Exchange, payable in London and elsewhere, bought and sold at current rates, also, Telegraphic Transfers. Demand Drafts on Scotland and Ireland, also on Canada, British Columbia and New York. Bills collected and other banking business transacted. Oct. 2. A. McKINLAY, Agents. A. S. FINNIE.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Oct. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Babcock; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 104 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't. Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 1.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time in sums to suit. July 1.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; B. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 413 California street. July 2.

COSMOPOLITAN SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK.

No. 630 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits, One per cent per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, Six per cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book. J. CROCKER, Secretary. [May 10.] W. B. THOMPSON, President.

VEILED.

At old Egypt an festivals, we are told,
Was aye a guest
Who through the feast sat rigid, silent, cold,
Whom no one pressed
To share the banquet, yet who still remained
Till the last song was sung, the last cup drained.

The cup, the song, the jest, and laugh went round,
No cheek turned pale,
No guest amazed did query e'er propound,
Or lift the veil
To learn the wherefore one alone sat mute,
With whom nor host, nor friend, exchanged salute.

Cranee and rose-crowned drapery did all;
That thing of bone,
That hideous skeleton in festive hall,
Evoked no groan;
No thrill of horror checked the flow of mirth,
Unseen, unfelt that grisly type of earth.

But did the host return when all were gone,
The lights put out,
The unseen presence of that nameless one
Might put to rout
All the gay fancies born of wine and song
And speechless dread the fleeting night prolong.

At every hearth, in every human heart
There sits such guest,
We may not, cannot bid it thence depart.
Even at the best,
We can but crown with roses, veil and drape;
The thing exists, though we conceal its shape.

We shroud our skeletons from public gaze,
And from our own.
Ignore their presence with life's lamps ablaze,
Till left alone
With festal fragments, wine-stains, lights gone dim,
We feel them with us, icy, bloodless, grim.

Our nerves would quiver to unveil the bones
Of the dead past;
We lock them in our hearts, with sighs and moans,
To keep them fast,
'Tis but in solitude we turn the key,
And dare to look upon them as they be.

GHOSTS AND GOBLINS.

It Would Be Easy to fill page after page with the details of the various ideas entertained about ghosts, goblins and demons. Such ideas extend not only to the appearance of such beings, their apparel, appurtenances, and so on, but to the noises which they make either of themselves or by means of various supernatural objects which they are supposed to carry about with them. Thus—

"The sheeted dead
Did squeak and gibber in the Roman streets
A little ere the mightiest Julius fell."

And it is to be noted that as ghosts commonly show no face, so few have been known to speak with full voice. This may be because the noises heard at the hours when ghosts are seen are not such as can be by any possibility mistaken for the human voice in its ordinary tones, while, nevertheless, an excited imagination can frame spoken words out of the strange sounds which can be heard in almost every house in the still hours of night. This also serves to account for the notion that ghosts can clank chains, or make other dismal noises. Sounds heard at night are highly deceptive; a small noise close by is taken for a loud noise at a distance (not necessarily a very great distance), and a noise made by objects of one kind will be mistaken for noises made by objects of a different kind altogether. A friend of mine told me he had been disturbed two nights running by a sound as of an army tramping down a road which passed some 200 yards from his house; he found the third night (it had suggested an experimental test as to the place whence the sound came) that the noise was produced by a clock in the next house, the clock having been newly placed against the party wall. We all know Carlyle's story of the ghostly voice heard each evening by a low-spirited man—a voice as if one, in like doleful dumps, proclaiming, "Once I was hap-hap-happy, but now I am meeserable," and how the ghost resolved itself into a rusty kitchen jack. There is a case of a lady who began to think herself the victim of some delusion, and perhaps threatened by approaching illness, because each night, about a quarter-of-an-hour after she had gone to bed, she heard a hideous din in the neighborhood of her house, or else (she was uncertain which) in some distant room. The noise was in reality the slightest possible creak (within a few feet of her pillow, however), and produced by the door of a wardrobe which she closed every night just before getting into bed. The door, about a quarter of an hour after being closed, recovered its position of rest, slightly beyond which it had been pushed in closing. In another case, the crawling of a snail across a window produced sounds which were mistaken for the strains of loud but distant music. It is, perhaps, not going too far to say that our modern spirits, who deal in noise-making as well as in furniture-lifting (of yet more marvelous feats we say nothing), are not unacquainted with the means by which the ear may be deceived as in the cases just considered. Some sounds said to be heard during dark *séances* suggest the suspicion. It will be seen that the opinion to which I incline—as the best and perhaps only natural interpretation of events supposed to be supernatural—is that real sights and sounds are modified by the imagination, either excited or diseased, into seemingly supernatural occurrences. It does not seem to me likely that in any large proportion of recorded (and presumably veracious) ghost stories there has been an actual phantom of the brain. Such phantoms are sometimes seen, no doubt, and unreal voices are sometimes heard; but the condition of the brain which leads to such effects must be regarded as altogether exceptional. Certainly it is not common. On the contrary, the play of fancy by which images are formed from objects in no way connected with the picture raised in the mind is a common phenomenon. Although some minds possess the faculty more fully than others, few actually want it. I suppose there is not one person in a thousand who cannot see "faces in the fire," for instance, though to some the pictures so produced are much more vivid than to others.—*Cornhill Magazine.*

An Important Discovery near Cape Horn.—A very important discovery has been made by the captain of the British barque *Cedric*, of Liverpool, which has arrived at Valparaiso. He reports to the authorities of that port that he had found a splendid bay, with safe anchorage, in the island of Wollaston, situate in lat. 55 22 S., and long. 67 35 W., in the Hermit group of Islands, south of Terra del Fuego, twenty-nine miles from Cape Horn, and protected from all winds and storms. The *Cedric* anchored fourteen days in this fine bay taking in wood and water. The vegetation all round is described as magnificent. The Indians were found docile, and they used canoes of bark, covered with the hide of the sea-lion. The captain of the *Cedric* says the harbor is superior even to that of the Falkland Islands. The Chilian Government, in consequence of the information, was about to send orders to the Chilian coast surveying expedition in Patagonia, to proceed to and examine into the claims of the island.

The Library of Sir Richard Tufton has been sold in Paris for £5,000. It included a beautiful quarto MS. Horæ of the 15th century, profusely illustrated, in vellum, which fetched £1,200.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, Paintings, Engravings, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Sales Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 2d. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 121 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS has now ceased to exist. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at his Factory, 215 and 217 Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself—the only original manufacturer of Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders. Thomas Donnolly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure Unadulterated Saleratus, and his Unadulterated, Unequaled Bi-carbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 215 and 217 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business now seventeen years ago, he begs for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call, and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.

San Francisco, January 25, 1873. [Feb 1.] THOMAS DONNOLLY

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash by the Directors. Also residence lots beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,

Agent Decoto Land Company, 324 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 21.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

Oct 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO.

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties (tarred or untarred) of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are so located that orders can be shipped Direct, by rail or water, to any part of the State when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY. [April 26.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 115 Front street.

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO.

Established 1850.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for all sizes of any special lengths and sizes. Constantly on hand a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes, Tarred Manila Rope, Hay Rope, Whale Line, etc., etc. April 12. TUBBS & CO., 611 and 613 Front street.

$5,000.—A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.

I will dispose of an interest in my Wonderful Bedstead to a live man. It is a regular Bedstead. A sick person, however large, handled as easy as a babe. Raises the patients up; turns them over from one side to the other; makes up the bed and changes the clothes; places patient on the feet or on a vessel; separates patient from bed and cools the bed; rocks to sleep, and all without using the hands or disturbing the slumbers. BENJAMIN POLLARD,

April 26. 115 Market street.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States. March 19.

REMOVAL.

The San Francisco and Pacific Sugar Company and H. Feuerstein & Co. have removed their offices to the Second Floor of TALLANT'S NEW BANKING HOUSE, Northeast corner of Battery and California streets. April 26.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Second-hand Harness constantly on hand. Sept 14.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.

Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 29.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

F. O. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Boney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS-RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce, Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman, C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Aliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co., C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb, Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Maile.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co., Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co., Martin, Dyce & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co. Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co., S. H. Stamula & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa, Cross & Co., Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia, Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co. Jardine, Matheson & Co., Dent & Co., Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Matheson & Co., F. Bettill, W. Birch, Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

ON A TREE CUT IN PAPER.

Fair hand! that can on virgin paper write,
Yet from the stain of ink preserve it white,
Whose travel o'er that silver field does show
Like tracks of leverets in morning snow
Love's image thus in purest minds is wrought,
Without a spot or blemish to the thought.
Strange that your fingers should the pencil foil,
Without the help of colors or of oil!
For though a painter boughs and leaves can make,
'Tis you alone can make them bend and shake;
Whose breath salutes your new-created grove
Like southern winds, and makes it gently move.
Orpheus could make the forest dance, but you
Can make the motion and the forest too.

By Edmund Waller, in the Year 1606.

GRANT IN THE WHITE HOUSE.

How He Receives His Visitors.—On entering the White House one is struck with the cheapness of the building and lack of decoration. Turning to your left after passing the outer door, you are met by an usher with "please step into the reception room—up stairs—first door to your right." In the reception room you hand your card to a colored usher, who vanishes. In a short time "the President will see Mr. P." is called from a door at the rear, and you are immediately escorted to the office of the President of the United States—a room about forty feet square, with wall and ceiling frescoed in excellent taste, on the left side a fire-place with dark marble mantle, glass, a nicely mounted clock, etc. In front of you, in the rear of the room, two windows, which overlook the Potomac, showing green fields, sparkling water, and the distant city of Alexandria, the damask curtains forming a rich red border to a beautiful scene. On your right, two or three sofas and some comfortable arm chairs trimmed in brown silk, a map, stand, etc. A table covered with blue cloth, circled by eight chairs, finished in brown leather, under a chandelier in the center of the room furnishes the President and Cabinet with desk room. At the head of the table sits a medium-sized man with full beard, dressed in black, using a common pen and an ordinary glass inkstand with a much used blotter, which rests on a pile of plain cards and a well-worn lead pencil.

"Good morning, sir," is the salutation as you enter, spoken in good round Saxon, as the President of the United States rises and extends his hand. "Be seated." As there are three others in the room, the proffered seat is taken and your casual waits his turn. The first visitor walks to the table, and takes a seat to the right of the President.

"I am from St. Louis, for some time connected with the —— paper, an agricultural paper, and for many years identified with the agricultural interests of the State of Missouri. Not being advised as to the method, I wrote you some weeks ago asking an appointment in the consular service at a point where I could gain knowledge for the agricultural cause, etc. I enclosed my recommendations to you at the time of writing."

"Yes, I remember. You are Mr. P. of St. Louis. I referred them to Governor Fish, and was much impressed with them. You are recommended by Mr. ——, and Mr. ——, and Mr. ——."

"Yes, Mr. President. I would like an appointment in Russia or in the Argentine Confederation. I am used to cattle and the breeding of them."

The President then entered into a conversation with him on cattle in general, and then showed thorough knowledge on the subject, much to the surprise of the applicant, who finally stated that he was a graduate of Dartmouth and not an office-seeker by profession.

"Are you acquainted with Governor Fish?" said the President. "No." (writing a card.) "Well, to-morrow being cabinet day, I will speak to Governor Fish about your case. You can see him in the meantime. I have said to him on this card 'This will introduce Mr. ——, who is an applicant for a consulship, etc. Take this to Governor Fish, at the State Department.'"

"When shall I call again?" "Call to-morrow at 2½ o'clock, after I have seen Governor Fish. Good morning."

And the Missourian bowed himself out and the President was ready for the next, who came forward and took the seat just vacated. He was a negro. His head looked like an enlarged oven, and as knotty as a red oak. He was dressed in the shabby genteel manner, with a flaming red necktie. The President gave him a long, searching look, and saw what he was, then settled himself back in his chair for a siege.

"Mr. President, I am a native of Westminster, England, a graduate of Cambridge and barrister in the English courts, also a short-hand reporter. Came to Halifax and found but little to do. I came to Boston, staid two years in the practice, and found two colored lawyers there, who were doing the business. As I am not and could not become a citizen of the United States, I was not popular. I then came to Washington and obtained employment as a short-hand reporter with Mr. Miller on the *Globe*. Then I worked for Mr. Douglass, who publishes a paper in the interest of the colored man, and now I am out of work and destitute. I have heard, sir, of your kindness and charity to the people of my race, and I come to you to see if you could not suggest something for me."

"Yes, I have the same interest in your people that I have in other citizens of the United States. Have you been to the Howard University?" inquired the President.

"Yes sir, but they did nothing for me."

"Have you been to see Mr. Colfax? He takes a great interest in your people."

"Yes sir," replied the colored man, "but he can do nothing for me." "Well, what can I do?"

"You don't seem to understand me, Mr. President. I am out of means, and you are said to be very charitable." "Yes, I am as charitable as I can be," said the President.

"Yes, I know you are, and the slightest pecuniary aid will be of the greatest help to me." "If I were to give to all who ask from me, I could expend a large fortune."

"Yes, but, Mr. President, you don't seem to understand the situation. I am entirely out of money." "I generally confine my charity to such as have a family."

"Mr. President, I have a wife and three interesting children."

Met at every point, the President drew his pocket book and gave the fellow a green, and then the colored gentleman for the first time took his eyes from the President's face. He carefully folded the note, brushed his dilapidated beaver with his elbow, put the bill in his pocket, and made for the door, saying as he departed, with the flourish of a Beau Brummel, "Mr. President, I shall never forget your kindness—never, so help me God. Good morning."

"Good day, sir," the President remarked, as he turned to greet the next, who was a young boy, with rosy cheeks and bright eyes.

"I have been turned out of West Point, Mr. President. I want to get back (he had failed in his class examination), and come to you to know what to do. Here are my papers, sir," handing his credentials and recommendation from many prominent men to the President, who read them and said, "You cannot get back without the recommendation of the academic board. It would be a violation of law if you were appointed without it." Then looking closely at the boy, "If you will get their recommendation—why then your Congressman can reappoint you."

"I am too old enter on a new appointment, and the Congressman from my district won't appoint me. The one who first appointed me is out, and a new one is now in."

"Very well. You write to the academic board at West Point, through the post adjutant, and get their permission to re-enter, asking that you may go into the third class and go on with your studies. If they consent, I will then appoint you to West Point."

"Will you?" said the boy, his face lighting up like the harvest moon, "what shall I write?"

The President then told him what to write, repeating it. "When you have written the letter, fetch it to me and I will revise it and indorse it."

"Where shall I write it?" "Sit here at this table or go to the next room."

The boy went out with a quick step and a heart too full to speak. The President then turned to your casual and entered on the business which brought him, incidentally mentioning when and where we had met, and the circumstances years ago. When you consider the number of persons he meets, and the hundreds of faces passing before him daily, you are astonished at the memory this man possesses.—*Washington Correspondence Ohio State Journal.*

Stockwell Again.—Mr. Alden Stockwell, the last ephemeron of Wall street, has made heroic endeavors to outlive his little day of glory, and take on those immortal qualities which make millionaires "solid." But apparently it is all in vain. It is but a brief Winter that has passed since he raised himself to wealth by Pacific Mail speculations, and was pointed out on Wall street as the man of the day. At the very zenith of his glory he became the corner-stone of the Samana Bay company. But shortly, Pacific Mail began to drop. There were rumors of failures, steadily denied. The sandy-complexioned commodore gave but curt interview to reporters, and dropped out of the caravan of "lions of the period." Mr. Stockwell was at length obliged to mortgage his large interest in the Howe sewing machine works at Bridgeport, and the monthly pay roll of those works ran in arrears nearly $100,000. Threats of burning the buildings were made so freely by the distressed employes, that the Hartford insurance companies were proceeding, last week, to cancel their policies, when the Pacific Mail, on Saturday, advanced the money and paid off the men. Pacific Mail stock is therefore down again, and we fear Mr. Stockwell is hardpressed.

NOTICE OF EXECUTOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of the City and County of San Francisco, in the State of California, made on the 2d day of December, 1872, in the matter of the Estate of GEORGE PENDERGRAS, deceased, the undersigned, Executor of the will of said deceased will sell at private sale to the highest bidder for cash, in gold coin and subject to confirmation by said Probate Court, on or after MONDAY, the 26th day of May, A. D. 1873, at 12 o'clock M., all the right, title, interest and estate of said deceased at the time of his death, and all the right, title and interest that the said estate has by operation of law or otherwise acquired, other than or in addition to that of the said deceased at the time of his death, in and to all those lots, pieces, or parcels of land situate, lying and being in said city and county, and described as follows, viz:

1st. Commencing at a point on the west line of Buchanan street, distant northerly 75 feet from the northwesterly corner of Buchanan and O'Farrell streets, thence northerly on Buchanan street 12½ feet, thence at a right angle westerly 62½ feet, thence at a right angle southerly 12½ feet, and thence at a right angle easterly 62½ feet to Buchanan street and place of beginning.

2d. Commencing at the northwest corner of 5-Vara Lot One, in Block 277, in the Western Addition to said city, thence south on a line parallel with Buchanan street 12½ feet, thence at a right angle easterly 50 feet, thence at a right angle southerly 5 feet, thence at a right angle easterly 25 feet, thence at a right angle northerly 17½ feet to a point, and thence at a right angle westerly 75 feet to the place of beginning.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE.—Cash in gold coin. Deeds at expense of purchaser. Bids or offers may be made at any time after the first publication of this notice and before the making of the sale. All bids or offers must be made in writing, and left at the office of T. A. O'BRIEN, Attorney at Law, No. 420 Kearny street, in said city and county. RUSSELL DAVIS, Executor.

Dated May 16th, 1873. [May 17.] T. A. O'BRIEN, Attorney.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria, and Hope Town. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's comfortable Spring Wagons leave Cape Town, without fail, every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and traveling the above route, are due at Du Toit's Pan the center point of the Diggings, on the seventh day from Town. Under new and improved arrangements, punctuality is ensured. Fare to the Diggings, £12. Each Passenger allowed 40 lbs. Luggage. Rest is afforded to Passengers by night stoppage at the principal stations, and Refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the entire route. Passengers heavy Baggage has precedence by the Company's Goods Wagons leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the head office of the Company, No. 64 ADDERLEY STREET, corner of Longmarket street, Cape Town. R. T. TOWNROE, Secretary.

Cape Town, 22d March, 1873. May 17.

AUCTION SALE AT CALISTOGA.

Of Horses, Mares, Ewes, Heifers, Etc., Etc.—Will be sold at Public Auction, at the Stables of the CALISTOGA SPRINGS HOTEL, on SATURDAY, May 24th, 1873, the following property, viz: SEVENTY HEAD OF HORSES, comprising Work Horses, Brood Mares, Colts, from one to five years old, of Lodi and Clydesdale Stock. Also, One Hundred and Thirty Head Thoroughbred French Merino Ewes and Bucks. Thirty or Forty Head of Dairy Cows and Heifers. Also, One Threshing Machine (Vibrator) with Horse Power, Two Mowers, Plows, Cultivators, Drags, Harrows, Tools of all kinds. Set of Dairy Utensils complete. Wagons, Trucks, Buggies, Etc., Etc. Terms of Sale—All sums under $50, cash, all sums over $50 sixty days time with approved security. [May 1.] S. BRANNAN.

THE CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED. FOR HONGKONG via YOKOHAMA,

FROM FRONT STREET WHARF.

The Magnificent British Iron Steamship Galley of Lorne, 2,057 tons, J. B. Hinson, Commander. This fast and powerful Clyde-built Steamship sails from Hongkong for this port about the — of June, and on arrival here will have quick dispatch as above. For freight on Merchandise and Treasure or Passage apply to MACONDRAY & CO.,

May 17. Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Alaska Commercial Company for the election of Trustees and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 310 Sansome street, San Francisco, California, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of June, 1873, at 1 o'clock P. M. JOHN F. MILLER,

[May 1.] President.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

E. P. CHRISTY. JOHN H. WISE. THOS. DENIGAN.

CHRISTY & WISE,

Agents for Wool Growers, and Commission Merchants for the sale of HIDES, TALLOW, ETC., 607 FRONT STREET, between Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco. May 1.

NEW MAP OF CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA,

In Townships, with Mineral Grounds, Railroads and Land Districts defined. The MOST COMPLETE MAP ever published of the two States. For sale in Sheets or Book form. Size, 3 feet by 3½. Price—Book, $3; Mounted, $5.

May 17. WARREN HOLT, 607 Clay street.

AUCTION SALE.

New City Hall Lots Nos. 77 and 78.—Monday, June 16, 1873.—John Middleton & Son, Auctioneers, 310 Montgomery street. For particulars see advertisements in Alta and Examiner. By order Board of City Hall Commissioners.

May 17. ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary.

SAN FRANCISCO ART ASSOCIATION,

313 Pine street, below Montgomery.—Gallery now open to the Public from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. and 7 to 10 P. M. Single Admission, 25 cts; Season Ticket (admitting lady and gentleman), $3. May 17.

CHAMPAGNE.

Moet & Chandon, Epernay. For sale in lots to suit.

[May 10.] DEGENER & CO., 1-5 California street, Room 1.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 310 Bush street. Factory, 415 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

LEAN HARD.

Child of my love, lean hard,
And let me feel the pressure of thy care.
I know thy burden, child. I shaped it,
Poised it in mine own hand, made no proportion
In its weight to thine unaided strength,
For even as I laid it on I said
"I shall be near and while she leans on me
This burden shall be mine, not hers,
So shall I keep my child within the circling arms
Of mine own love." Here lay it down, nor fear
To impose it on a shoulder which upholds
The government of worlds. Yet closer come,
Thou art near enough. I would embrace thy care
So I might feel my child reposing on my breast.
Thou lovest me? I knew it, doubt not, then,
But, loving me, lean hard.

AMERICAN NOTES.

Boston, April 8th, 1873.—With the opening spring and early summer there will be, I trust, a peaceful invasion of this country by a goodly number of British tourists, who, however much traveled, need not fear the exhaustion of novelty until they have ridden into the Yosemite Valley, roamed through the Redwood forests, and penetrated to the head-waters of the Kern River in California. It scarcely needs the prophet's eye to discern in the not distant future, a time when the most fashionable of "grand tours" for Europeans, and especially for Englishmen, may be our Pacific Coast, which surely contains all, with the sole exception of the undoubted picturesqueness of antique ruins, that one can find in the most famed Continental resorts. For your tourist, and above all the fashionable and self pluming tourist, is ambitious. If his neighbor boasts of having spent a morning on Monte Rosa, he is not content until he has struggled to the summit of the Matterhorn, already sauntered, even the Tyrol and the Danube are commonplace, and what with Mr. Cook, the horizontal and Alpine Railways, Jerusalem, Bagdad, and even Mecca bid fair soon to become so. Happy Asia and America are left and the choice between the Hindoo Koosh and the Sierra Nevada, or between the Sea of Azof and Great Salt Lake, may not be an easy one to the tourist of the coming generation. Englishmen who are travelers must find somewhat fatigue even now, for I suspect that, considering the curiosity in regard to the Central Asian question, it would be the thing to go to more venturesome travel [illegible]—if it is possible—the north Indian frontier, the Oxus, and Samarcand, while on this side neither nature nor the people who have been modeled by it out of English stock can be laid [illegible] to them.

The more we learn of California the greater seem the attractions to the toiler and pleasure-seeker on the western slope. Until quite recently we of the eastern seaboard really knew very little of our distant sister State, and even yet our knowledge is provokingly scant where what is known stimulates so lively a curiosity. Men of science have not as yet thoroughly investigated the causes of the wonderful conformation of the Yosemite Valley, and the riches of California, and her less glittering but more substantial resources, are only just beginning to be understood. The Pacific Railroad has evidently, however, already brought about a striking change. This is seen by the great increase in the foreign population of San Francisco and other cities since the line was opened. It is asserted that a large proportion of the best emigrants, the most intelligent and most capable physically, who land on the Atlantic seaboard, could they but [illegible] the distance across the continent, go to California. There are German, English, Scotch, Dutch, and Scandinavian, as well as Chinese colonists, at San Francisco and in many of the southern valleys. Almost every one has been accustomed, when thinking of California, to think first of its gold and silver. But gold and silver are fast running behind other products which the settlement of energetic populations is rapidly—so rapidly that it hardly seems real—developing, wheat, barley, vegetables, fruits, hops and beets, cotton, sheep and cattle raising and perhaps the most [illegible] of all the [illegible] these agricultural industries [illegible] the ample [illegible] of the Golden State. The variety in the same species of products, too, is worth noting. As an instance, the variety of fruits which can be raised on a single farm, quite exceeds anything in Yankee or English, or even Italian experience. A recent writer says, that he often saw on the same farm the apple, pear, peach, cherry, quince, plum, nectarine, pomegranate, fig, orange, lemon, lime, almond, olive, English walnut, apricot, strawberry, and grape; this was in semi-tropical Southern California. The best farming regions lie in Sacramento valley in the north, and the San Joaquin valley in the south. The latter [illegible] capable of supporting in prosperity at least half a [illegible] of which vast [illegible] acres are as yet under cultivation. California, I am convinced from narratives, the accuracy of which may undoubtedly be relied on, offers brilliant rewards to two classes of Europeans. To the well-to-do tourist it presents a wide diversity of scenery and sport, much of which must be novel to the most extended experience. He travels thither in positive luxury, living in a most comfortable moving hotel, with its drawing-rooms, dining-rooms, smoking-rooms, its promenade atop the train, even its boudoirs, libraries, and reading-rooms. He may turn aside at Salt Lake, and [illegible] the [illegible] of the patriarch Brigham; the route over the Sierras dwarfs, as they say, about [illegible] the Alps or other [illegible] and California [illegible] he finds himself, it is true, in the midst of a new [illegible], and [illegible] one where he will look in vain for any of the discomforts usually [illegible] in younger lands. It is boldly stated by a recent and obviously [illegible] traveler that "the San Francisco hotels are the best and cheapest in the world, the noble art of cooking is better understood in California than anywhere else where I have eaten." He pronounces the [illegible] excellent, and says that the pleasure drives about San Francisco are admirable, the country roads kept in excellent order, and that the cost of all things is [illegible] less in California than in the Eastern States. The country inns are clean, the beds good, the food abundant and the weather certain, while the climate is exhilarating and favorable to an active life. Perhaps some of your readers would like to know the estimated cost of the trip to California, starting from Liverpool. The ocean journey costs £16 to £25; from New York to San Francisco, the fare [illegible]; [illegible] to Salt Lake, San Francisco [illegible] Yosemite, Sacramento, and San Francisco, [illegible] the round trip [illegible] palace and stage fares, [illegible] palace and [illegible] may be taken from Salt Lake to California and back, this sum being in addition, of course, to "[illegible]" excepting on the Atlantic steamer.

The other class of whom California may expect a welcome from California worth the journey thither, are the settling immigrants. It is difficult to see why any able-bodied young or middle-aged man with average pluck and a reasonably strong determination to get on should not arrive at competence in California in a few years, and at opulence in a score of years. The climate is healthy [illegible] the best to be found for the [illegible], the air is brisk and bracing, the temperature [illegible]. Land is [illegible] but it is very cheap, with deep rich [illegible], and easily brought under cultivation. For those who do not seek farms, there is employment at fair wages, with good remuneration and an ample chance of rising. There are very few poor in California, the necessities of life are within reach of all, nature is so bountiful and [illegible]. This is especially true in the southern part of the State. It is said that it is possible to secure land in the most fertile of California valleys, the San Joaquin, after citizenship has been acquired, for [illegible] acres of land as fertile as any on the continent may be pre-empted, or secured in fee, by any one who will enter upon it, and make certain specified improvements within a specified period. The San Joaquin valley, as far as the vacant lands are concerned, is divided off into sections of [illegible] acres each belonging to the railroad companies and some to the United States. These lands are conveyed, with perfect titles, on very easy terms and at very low prices, the railroad companies allow the price of the lands sold by them to be paid for in five annual instalments. A railway is already nearly completed throughout this magnificent valley, from Stockton to the Kern River, and another is to be built. A series of great irrigating ditches has been constructed by the settlers there, however, and [illegible] may be soon had from the rich soil, and land of the best quality is in the way of being shortly put in the market by the railways, in lots of from 40 to 640 acres, at ten shillings per acre, and here the immigrant is not only profitably growing grain, [illegible] semi-tropical fruits, but may freely graze his stock upon the vacant Government lands round about him. I need not say that to make this distant journey, to settle in this new land, and to draw from it competence or affluence, while it does not require a great deal of ready money as capital, does require good muscle, energy, and a "[illegible]" spirit. I believe that Englishmen, Scotchmen and Germans would almost invariably thrive in the Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys. Irish settlers might not, and in any event Irish emigrants are found to be disinclined to spread out westward of the Atlantic seaboard. There may be a misgiving in the minds of some who contemplate this journey, or settling in California, that the dangers incident to savage wilds still exist there. The Pacific railroad journey is, however, much safer than from Paris to Madrid, and it may be taken for granted that an English lady who should accompany her husband from New York to San Francisco would not only find it a more comfortable jaunt than any route she might traverse on the European continent, but need fear no peril not incident to all railway journeys, while the emigrant settling in the San Joaquin valley need not have any apprehension from Indians or rude settlers, as the railway even now has carried civilization with it, and the rapidly growing population is adding new security every day.—*London Graphic.*

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May [illegible], [illegible] o'clock [illegible] for the [illegible] of Montgomery Avenue Bonds authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works [illegible] as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An Act to provide [illegible] Montgomery Avenue" and to take private lands [illegible] April [illegible].

[illegible] The damages to be paid for the opening of [illegible] as ascertained and settled by decree [illegible]

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $[illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference [illegible] other bidders [illegible]

[illegible] Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April [illegible]

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids which will be opened at 12 o'clock on each day [illegible] at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor; MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor; JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.
May 10

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION.

The best chance to Invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific Coast. TITLE PERFECT. [illegible] payable $10 cash, balance $5 per month [illegible] minutes walk from the hotel, and just One Mile from [illegible] the water front, where the depots and center of business must be located. Congress has just made San Diego a Port of Entry, and it is now believed to be certain that grading will be commenced on the Texas and Pacific Railroad early this season. There is no place on the Coast where one can invest at the present time with as much certainty of doubling or trebling his money in a few months as in San Diego. The location, the nearness to what must be the business center, the exceedingly low price and easy terms [illegible] and improvements, apply to HUNT, Secretary and Agent, 611 Montgomery street, San Francisco, where [illegible].
TRUSTEES—BENJ. P. AVERY, BONNELL [illegible] HUNT. March 29.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares [illegible] Scenery, etc. [illegible] Yosemite [illegible] Inland and Ocean Steamship Lines [illegible] New York, all A. L. BANCROFT & CO. [illegible] Market st. S. F. Sent by mail to subscribers and [illegible] Price per [illegible] 25 cents.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time 4 hours. Fare, $1 25 by [illegible] walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly; Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon [illegible] the Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
Aug. [illegible] WM. NORRIS, Agent [illegible] street.

MACONDRAY & CO'S LINE FOR HONGKONG

From Front street Wharf.—The magnificent British Iron S. S. Lord [illegible]
Agents at [illegible] MACONDRAY & CO. April [illegible]

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever [illegible] which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE. THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. [illegible]

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Head, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. [illegible], Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House. Old Square. Benj. Sexton, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains. E. Manton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel. W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Sandey, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel. Lime street. Frank Greene, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe. M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.

St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel. Genovesi A Camp. Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

Singular Discovery.—A singular discovery has been made at the old Conciergerie in Paris. At the Court of Cassation fire had destroyed two out of the three towers and a few days since the yards in one of the towers revealed a horrid tunnel reaching the level of the Seine. There it forms a gallery sloping downwards to the bed of the river. The attempt to penetrate into this dreadful dungeon was fruitless, as the interior is lined with sharp iron spears and points, which cross each other in every direction. When this Tower St. Louis was used occasionally as the dwelling of the kings of France, captives of note were confined in its underground prisons, and when the [illegible] were becoming anxious to get rid of any one of them, they led him through a passage formed in the interior of the wall towards this newly-discovered dungeon. A secret door was opened, and he was precipitated into the yawning chasm, and there, transfixed by spikes, he perished in slow torture. Of course, it may be easily imagined that it was only portions of skeletons that ever reached the bed of the Seine.

New Method of Heating Railway Carriages.—A new invention for the purpose of heating railway carriages has been tried on the Caledonian Railway, which it is said will soon supersede the present mode of heating by hot-water pans. Recently a carriage left the General Station, Perth, fitted up with the new apparatus, which is simply a small oblong copper casement placed under the floor of each compartment, and filled with a patent composition for fuel. This composition is in cakes of different sizes, some of which, on being ignited, undergo a slight process of combustion for twenty hours, while smaller ones burn for ten or twelve hours. The great advantage over the present system is that, whereas the hot-water pans only serve to keep the feet warm, these patent fuel cases diffuse a genial warmth throughout the whole compartment making it most comfortable. The invention is a German one, and is said to be extensively used on the railways in that country, while it has also been introduced by a few British companies.

There has Just Died M. Malon, aged 64, the famous sleight-of-hand performer, who gave representations in the environs of Paris, and whose immense portable theatre attracted such crowds on *fete* days. He was better known by the name of Trtesle[illegible], and his career was a singular one. After having served as a soldier, he was engaged at the [illegible], where he filled for five years the thinking parts. Being carried off by a woman of some fortune, he left with her for Cairo, where he [illegible] a [illegible] shop, and then migrated to Rio de Janeiro, where he became accountant in a [illegible] of the second order. There it was that he acquired his talents as a juggler. Having returned to Paris, he very soon established a reputation and raised an independence. He died of inflammation of the chest, and leaves about 12,000 fr. a year.

A Remarkable Revival is in progress among the Baptist mission churches in the north of Sweden. There are now in Sweden about 9,000 Baptists in 200 churches. The Jewish ministry has so little attraction for the young men of that most [illegible] nationality, that their only theological school in this country, the Maimonides college at Philadelphia, will soon [illegible] for [illegible]. [illegible] Darwinian theory exceedingly flattering to [illegible] their dire struggles for existence in the past ages, [illegible] in its original purity, and that, therefore, [illegible] the most able [illegible] the first among all existing races.

A New Gun has been invented by an American and named after him the [illegible]. Its main new feature is that the barrels are in a water casing, so that the [illegible] from rapid and continuous fire is obviated. The barrels are grouped [illegible] and a lateral or horizontal range is thus secured, an advantage not possessed by similar guns which throw their projectiles up and down at right angles with the ground. The gun is useful at [illegible], and the loading, firing, and [illegible], or *en fusillade*, are [illegible] by means of a steel lever and a small [illegible] crank. The gun, it is said, has been successfully tried [illegible] and it is believed that a [illegible] of 100 is possible with this pattern. When firing *en fusillade* 700 rounds a minute can be fired, and by volley 1,200 a minute.

The London Correspondent of a Birmingham paper alludes to a new book containing remarks about the diet of literary men, and states that he is acquainted with a [illegible] oatmeal porridge when he is in working trim. In this respect he [illegible] Massey, who assures [illegible] porridge as a brain inspiring [illegible], and frankly acknowledges his indebtedness thereto. There is [illegible] of phosphorus in oatmeal, Mr. Massey says, "and phosphorus is brain. There is also a large amount of phosphorus in fish. Consequently, I never miss having a fish dinner at least once a week, and take a plate of good, thick, coarse, well-boiled Scotch oatmeal every morning."

When Paris was invested by the Prussians, no less than seventy applications were made to the [illegible] to communicate with the outer world, and all rejected with loud laughter. The [illegible] best who laughed last. Of the total 363 pigeons [illegible] at the disposal of the Government, only 73 reentered Paris. Several were [illegible] by Prussian talons. Two pigeons made four return voyages respectively, and one made [illegible] of Mme. Thiers and Jules Favre. Of the 115 [illegible] dispatches received during the siege, and "reduced" photographically, their total weight is not more than the thirtieth part of an ounce! Drovers' dogs were [illegible] by being sent up in balloons, with a collar full of dispatches.

The Colorado takes for the [illegible] Exhibition from San Francisco Mission Woolen Mills samples of blankets, shawls, cloths, flannels, etc. The California Manufacturing Company sent a Parlor and Chamber set, together with a few extra pieces in the shape of easy chairs, lounges, etc. Messrs. Taylor & Co. send some large and [illegible]. M. [illegible] & Co., stoves and stove furniture. Main & Winchester send a set of harness, saddles, etc. Kimble Car and Carriage Manufactory sent [illegible] each. Other houses are represented, but we have not learned their names.

A Discovery was Made by Mr. John Glasbrook, in an old adit level, at [illegible] near Lanarkshire. The miner [illegible] a new pit [illegible] came across two old [illegible] [illegible] portion of an [illegible]. The hardness of these stones are [illegible] and a part of an iron [illegible] these implements of trade must have been left where now found at least two hundred years.

The Art Journals of Paris are speaking of a fresco by Raphael, which M. Thiers went to Auteuil a day or two since to inspect, and which was discovered about six weeks ago in the neighborhood of Rome under a mound of earth. This large composition, which measures 16 feet by 10 feet, will probably be purchased for the Louvre.

A Greek of Varna has left a considerable fortune to Greek educational and charitable institutions. £500 is devoted to two scholars to be sent to Mount Athos to catalogue the MSS. in the monasteries there, with a provision for printing. £100 is given as a prize for a history of Varna, from the days of King Lysimachus to 1860.

London to Edinburgh on a Bicycle.—On the 3d of April two gentlemen left London [illegible] with the [illegible] of going to Edinburgh. After a most enjoyable trip, they arrived at their destination on the 15th, apparently in very good condition, having accomplished the distance with eight days riding.

The Once-celebrated Tenor Singer, Signor Donzelli, died recently at Bologna, aged eighty-four. He came to London in 1828 and at once gained a reputation. He was one of the few tenors who have been successful as Don Ottavio, in Mozart's opera. His voice was one of immense power and [illegible].

The Graphic is said to be growing into one of the wealthiest journalistic properties in the world. It is certainly doing very well, and has merited success by the well-directed enterprise of its management and the excellence of the work done.

The British and Foreign Bible Society are now engaged in the translation of the Bible into the Japanese language, and the first instalment, that of the Gospel of St. John, has been completed and printed.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. [illegible] Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colic, Cramp, [illegible] Neuralgia [illegible] DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell [illegible] the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne. See Lancet, Dec. [illegible]. Extract from the General Board of Health, London: [illegible] of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases. [illegible] Sold in bottles at 60 cents, $1 40, and $2 [illegible] by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & Co., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as 'Household Words.'" [illegible] Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, [illegible], Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price [illegible] Large bottles, [illegible] each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. "SEE THAT YOU GET 'JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES.'"

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle. [illegible] Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of [illegible], San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, [illegible] supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice [illegible] Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children [illegible] a perfect and economical substitute for isinglass [illegible] care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Smith Thomson & Co. Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co. Kurrachee, Messrs. Lodgett & Hughes. Umballa and Meean Meer and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. [illegible] KEATING'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat [illegible] in appearance and taste a most agreeable [illegible] domestic remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation [illegible] THOS. KEATING, London. [illegible] June 2.
Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & Co., corner Battery and [illegible] sts., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies. Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps; Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding; Joyce's Gas-tight Cartridges for Lancaster and other Breech-loading Guns; Wire Cartridges for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. [illegible] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME is on EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling the purchaser and consumer [illegible] to identify the genuineness of the capsule but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. [illegible] the capsules are not [illegible] merely for the purpose of [illegible] but that they are actually valuable in protecting the wine [illegible].
Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, and BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES, 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 1.

MARAVILLA COCOA

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, [illegible] for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution. "MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. [illegible] and we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS [illegible] the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 18.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY.

Levison Bros., No. 121 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, [illegible] Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Cartier, Hawkins & Decker Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and [illegible] Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and [illegible]. March 16.

A BURLESQUE OF MRS. BROWNING.

BALLAD.

The auld wife sat at her ivied door,
 (Butter and eggs and a pound of cheese)
A thing she had frequently done before;
 And her spectacles lay on her aproned knees.

The piper he piped on the hill-top high,
 (Butter and eggs and a pound of cheese)
Till the cow said "I die," and the goose asked "Why?"
 And the dog said nothing, but searched for fleas.

The farmer he strode through the square farm-yard,
 (Butter and eggs and a pound of cheese)
His last brew of ale was a trifle hard
 The connection of which with the plot one sees.

The farmer's daughter hath frank blue eyes;
 (Butter and eggs and a pound of cheese)
She hears the rooks caw in the windy skies,
 As she sits at her lattice and shells her peas.

The farmer's daughter hath ripe, red lips,
 (Butter and eggs and a pound of cheese)
If you try to approach her away she skips
 Over tables and chairs with apparent ease.

The farmer's daughter hath soft brown hair,
 (Butter and eggs and a pound of cheese)
And I met with a ballad, I can't say where,
 Which wholly consisted of lines like these:

PART II.

She sat, with her hands 'neath her dimpled cheeks,
 (Butter and eggs and a pound of cheese)
And spake not a word. While lady speaks
 There is hope, but she didn't even sneeze.

She sat, with her hands 'neath her crimson cheeks,
 (Butter and eggs and a pound of cheese)
She gave up mending her father's breeks,
 And let the cat roll in her best chemise.

She sat, with her hands 'neath her burning cheeks,
 (Butter and eggs and a pound of cheese)
And gazed at the piper for thirteen weeks
 Then she followed him out o'er the misty leas.

Her sheep followed her, as their tails did them,
 (Butter and eggs and a pound of cheese)
And this song is considered a perfect gem,
 And—as to the meaning it's what you please.

[illegible]

— A contemporary describes how two Algerians set out to kill a lion that infested their district. "The Arabs both fired at the brute, but only succeeded in wounding him, and the lion, frightfully roaring with pain and anger, at once rushed at his assailants, one of whom he [illegible] and tore to pieces. His friend discharged his pistols at the lion, who then disappeared in his inaccessible fastness. The copious traces of blood, however, led the natives to suppose that the lion could not outlive his victim long." Our friend heads this story "A Fatal Lion Chase." We wish it would be more explicit and say whether it means that the chase was fatal to the lion or to the Arab or to both. We like precision in cases of this kind.

— An old bachelor said, "There's a slight more jewelry worn now-a-days than when I was young; but there's one piece I always admired that I don't often see now." "What is that?" asked a young lady. "A thimble," was the reply. He was regarded with contempt and scorn by every lady in the room for the rest of the evening.

— "Are you going to make a flower bed there, Jodkins?" asked a young lady of the gardener. "Yes miss, them's the orders," answered the gardener. "Why, it'll quite spoil our croquet ground!" "Can't help it, miss; them's your pa's orders. He says he'll have it laid out for horticulture, not for husbandry!"

— "Mamma, don't forget to ask papa about going to Brighton for a fortnight!" "Hush, dear! I'm afraid it won't do. You know how dreadfully the seaside upsets papa for the first week always!" "Yes; but papa needn't come down till the second week, you know."—*Punch.*

— Sneer not at old clothes. They are often made holy by long sacrifices, by careful foldings away, that they may last until the dear ones are provided for. If many an old coat could speak, what tales it would tell of the noble heart beating underneath!

— Mamma—"And if poor mamma had not recovered, and had gone away from her little Georgy forever, what would he have done?" Little Georgy—"I don't know ma; but I guess me an' little Jimmy Goggins would have gone skating!"

— A man who has a red-headed sweetheart addressed her as "Sweet Auburn, loveliest of the plain." Sweet Auburn got mad about it. She objected to being classed among the "plain," even though called the loveliest of them.

— Jody hears that the latest feminine fashion of wearing the front hair is known as Skye terrier style. Probably it is only a natural consequence of the prevalence of this fashion that attracts the puppies.

— "There is one kind of second-hand article that I should not object to," said Mr. Softkins, "and that is a young, handsome, amiable, and rich widow."

— "When I lost my wife," said a French writer, "every family in town offered me another, but when I lost my horse, no one offered to make him good."

— To pedestrians we would say buy your racing boots of Jenkins. I had off him three years ago, and the bill itself has been running ever since.—*Sloper.*

— Last Sunday a clergyman in one of the churches, during the services, was quite at sea, and the congregation was over-bored.

— It is said that the pig ran away from the butcher because he had heard that prevention is better than "cure."

— Of all the birds that please us with their lays, the most popular is the hen.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, May 4th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A.M. (daily), C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7:10, 8:10, 9:20, 10:10 and 11:20 A.M., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:20, 8:15, 9:20 and *11:30 P.M. (9:20, 11:20 and 3:00 to Oakland only.)

LEAVE BROOKLYN (for San Francisco), *5:20, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 11:00 A.M., 1:30, 2:40, 4:35, 6:10, 7:55 and 10:10 P.M.

LEAVE OAKLAND *5:30, 6:30, 8:00, 9:10, 10:00 and 11:10 A.M., 1:00, 1:45, 2:50, 3:40, 5:30, 6:20, 7:55 and 10:20 P.M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7:20, 9:20 and 11:15 A.M., 1:45, 4:00, 5:30 and 6:30 P.M. (7:20, 11:15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

LEAVE HAYWARDS (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:45 A.M., and 3:30 P.M.

LEAVE FRUIT VALE, *5:25, 7:35, 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:30, 4:00 and 5:20 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South.	Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave— San Francisco	8.10 a m	*3.20 p m	†4.4? p m
San Jose ....Arrive	11.19 a m	5.?0 p m	7.00 p m
Gilroy ....Arrive	12.45 p m		
Pajaro ....Arrive	2.?0 p m		
Castroville ....Arrive	2.45 p m		
Salinas ....Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister ....Arrive	2.20 p m		

Trains North.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave— Hollister			11.1? a m
Salinas			10.45 a m
Castroville			[illegible] a m
Pajaro			11.50 a m
Gilroy			1.25 p m
San Jose	10.20 a m	7.?0 a m	3.00 p m
San Francisco....Arrive	8.30 a m	10.10 a m	5.23 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:20 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:30 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at 1:00 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:30 p m; arrive at San Francisco at 11:30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, A. C. BASSETT,
Gen'l Superintendent. Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday April 7th the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8:20 and 11 A.M., 4 and 6 P.M.; Saucelito at 7:20 and 9:30 A.M., 2:30 and 5 P.M. On Saturdays from Saucelito at [illegible] P.M. From San Francisco at [illegible] P.M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6 A.M. SUNDAY TIME—Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P.M. Leave Saucelito 11 A.M., 1, 3 and 5 P.M. H. A. COBB, President.
April 12. 2? Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 A.M. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 1:30 P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. [Nov. 2.] CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:50 a.m., 1:30 p.m., 4:00 p.m. San Rafael, 7:45 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 2:30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a.m., 3:00 p.m.; San Rafael, 8:00 a.m., 3.30 p.m. [Aug. 24.] CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A.M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charsbancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Rockaways, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, beaded wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 20.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonnough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on .... at 12 o'clock M., from Front street Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for Arizona. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and other goods for freight or passage having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15. 610 Front street.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should observe that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has "C. KEARSLEY" printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS
Feb. 20. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labled: "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Druggists' Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Fittings, Perfumery, Stores, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty Illustrated Price Lists of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce—The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm Harney, H. H. Hyde, L. Decoto, F. M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Laight, J. T. [illegible], Adam Smith, Anton Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent.
Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 8.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 25.] Agents, 423 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall, Building.
JUSTICES—6? Montgomery st.
COUNTY—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—713 Montgomery street.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATTY—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—California and Sansome streets.
CITY PHYSICIAN—County Hospital.
CORONER—[illegible] Kearny street.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—414 Merchants Exchange.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
QUARANTINE YARD—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT. OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place.
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT. PUB. SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSE—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 11, City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—2?? Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall.
OUTSIDE LAND COMMITTEE—24 Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets.
HEALTH OFFICER—Jackson street.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall.
POUND KEEPER—Jackson St., bet Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
QUARANTINE—[illegible] Kearny street.
HARBOR MASTER—[illegible] Vallejo St.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

CONSULS.

BELGIUM—F. Grisar, 137 Powell.
CHILI—R. Barro bet, 521 Montgomery street.
CHINA—Consul General Francisco de Casanova, 206 Battery st.
DENMARK—G. O'Hara Taafe, 220 Sansome street.
ECUADOR—Davis Wolf (absent).
FRANCE—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, 519 California street.
GUATEMALA—F. Martin 421 Cal st.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street.
HONDURAS—Wm. V. Wells, Mayor's Office, City Hall.
ITALY—G. B. Cerruti, 1315 Powell.
JAPAN—C. W. Brooks, 39 Montgomery street.
MEXICO—J. Rivas, 536 Kearny.
GERMAN EMPIRE—C. A. C. Duisenberg, 314 Sacramento street.
NETHERLANDS—J. De Fremery, 110 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
PERU—[illegible] Sub'ast Federico.
PORTUGAL—Francis Betton, sw. cor Clay and Liedesdorff, Sts.
RUSSIA—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
SAN SALVADOR—B. J. Dorsey.
SPAIN—[illegible] Mart, 429 California.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—C. Johnson, 32 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Francis Berton, U. S. OF COLOMBIA—F. Herrera.
BOLIVIA—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
CHILI—D. J. Williamson, 330 Brannan street.
COSTA RICA—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
URUGUAY—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—C. Baum, 5?? Market street.
AUSTRIA—[illegible] Muecke, 9? California street.
TURKEY—George W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending May 17, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, May 12th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Francis Hill to Raimond Parker	Sundry lots Salt Marsh and Tide Lands	16,000
Bay View H'd to Wm H Brumfield	Lots 6 and 11 blk 540	1,000
Ger Gen Ben Soc'y to E Edwards	Lot 10 blk 250, O'Neal & Haley Tract	800
F Cunningham to J G Klumpke	Commencing at the most easterly corner lan[d] owned by Harvey Sparks, thence a 30 degrees, etc, containing 6 acres	1,000
Benj Hayes to Peter Craig	S Eddy 25 e Mason, 25x70—sub 50-v 902	4,750
S Crim to Peter Burns	W Alabama s 22d, 27x100	400
City and County S F to Jno Treat	Portion blk 9??	Prem
Same to same	Undivided portion sundry O L blocks	Prem
Same to same	Same	Prem
Same to same	Same	Prem
E L Sullivan to City and Co S F	Commencing at pt 137:6 e Jackson 217:? n Kearny e 27:6 e 15, also com at a pt 165 s Jackson 78 e Kearny e 137:6x10	5
Jos K Hooper to James M Barney	Ne 6th and Townsend, 275x137:6, sub of blk 19 S B Water Lot Survey, subject to mortgage for $13,000	15,000
John Heritage to R McGinley	S Van Ness Ave 30 n Hayes, 30x100	4,500

Tuesday, May 13th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
A P Hotaling to George T Knox	W Guerrero n 15th, 75x135, sub M B 79	$5 000
Isabel Whitney to Wm Bennett	S Clay w Powell, 2?x71:6, sub 50-v 170, subject to mortg for $1,700	1,900
J B Humphrey to Lauretta Warren	Se Mission, [illegible] Stevenson, 50x?0	6??
R E Associates to Wm Hollis	Subdiv blk 152, W A	1
Eugene L Sullivan to John G Ils	E Kearny 1?0 n Washington, n 37:6, etc	35,000
L M Benson to D Wm Douthitt	Sundry lots and blk P N	
Wm H Brumfield to R P Buckley	Lots 6 and 11 blk 540, Bay View H Ass'n	000
John Campe to Edmond Brooks	N cor 3d and Clementina, 80x80—subdiv lot 5?, also, lease 28 of Leases p 45	2,300
Thos Morton to Margaret Morton	S [illegible] e Castro, 20x115	
J Clement to Caroline C Merriam	Nw Bush and Leavenworth, 100x137:6	33,500
James O'Dwyer to J Robertson	S Clipper w Dolores, 52x114	6??
Andrew McManus to Wm J Gunn	S Valley e Dolores, 114x27 2	340
G K Fitch to City and County S F	137:6 w Taylor and 45:5 s Francisco, etc	1,444

Wednesday, May 14th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Wm Mund to Dorothea Mund	Nw Folsom ne 6th, nw 100 x 22:11	$ 5
Frank P Taylor to John P Dering	San Francisco w Mason, 46x55	1,500
New S S F H'd to Nathan H Crane	Lot 8 blk 227, New S S Fran Hd Ass n	500
John McCormick to Wm Morrissey	Se Ferry sw 4th, 25x80	1,100
Mary Gowenlock to Thos Sullivan	Subdiv blk 71 W A	9,000
Thos Sullivan to Mary Gowenlock	S Ellis, 137:6 w Octavia, 65x137:6	4,000
Thos Harwood to Nicholas Gullice	W Dupont n Broadway, n 47, w 68 9, etc	5
N Gullice to City and County S F	Same	21,558
Geo Foster, by attorney, to O Tighe	E Mission n 19th, n 30x122:6	1
Pat Day to F W Panplis	S Lombard e Kearny, 74x68 9	1,550
John Forney to John P Uzniski	E Mission n 19th, 30x122:6	1,650
Samuel S Sprague to Mary Smith	E Harrison n 29d, 26x100, subj to mortg	700
Zimri B Heywood to City & Co S F	N Pacific w Kearny, w 94:2, nw 21.5, etc	17,170
Fritz Boehmer to same	Commencing at a point 55:6 e Union, and 137.6 w Stockton, s 82 w 35.10 nw 22 s n 201 e 22 n 7? 7, se 41 4 to com	7,500
Jas Gilligan to P G Partridge	S Austin e Franklin, 25x60	100
P G Partridge to E Smith	Same	1,125
Edward J Prindle to F S Spring	21 acres Rancho Laguna de la Merced	5
C T H Palmer to A C Stiles	Subdivision 277 W A	700
P Schaadt to Emilie Meyer	4 acres Outside Lands	6,000

Thursday, May 15th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Bernhard Friest to N Reynolds	Subdivision 50-v 450	$7,000
W P C Hoen to Wm H Dalrymple	W Dolores s Grove 50x25	100
Eliz'th M Gunn to Mrs R Reardon	Lot 29 blk 6 Mission and 30th St Ex Hd [illegible]	350
James H Comming to City & Co S F	Streets and Highways, etc	
City & Co S F to N Young	Nw cor Eddy and Broderick, 55x100, also w Broderick n Ellis, 82 6x100	Prem
M Fitzgerald to Domenico Guisto	N Fulton w Buchanan, 25x87 6	1,250
Maurice Dore to Wm Sharon	Sundry properties in various parts city	1
Montg St R E Co to same	Se Market sw 2d, 68:9 x ee to Jessie	1
Maurice Dore to same	Same	1

Friday, May 16th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Thos W Mulford to John B Kelly	W Webster s Sutter, s 27:6x93	$1,500
A Harpending to Maurice Dore	12¾ acres Chamblin Ranch	5
Robt J Betge to F Hagermann	S Silver Ave n 52 deg 25 min, San Bruno Road, n 12x10, s 60, etc	1,600
Jas L King to Chas McLaughlin	Portion 10?-v 2??	7,500
Charles Smith to John Center	E Howard, 120 s 23d, s 80, e 115, etc	1
Thos Varney to N C Fassett	S Park, 5?? e Harrison, 50x101	5,000
T P Riordan to Kate Henderson	W California s Nevada, 33:4x100	800
C C Webb to W L McCormick	Com'g 87.6 e Taylor and 91 5 n Sutter, n 22 11x13—subdiv 50-v 843	1
John Rogers to Marian Hart	Sundry lots in Harper s and West n Add	7,200
A Strobel to M Moritz	Und ½ acres in sec 12 tp 2 st 6 w	65
Stephen T King to Wm O'Hollerin	Lots 41 bl 237 and 42 bl 210 H & O'N T't	
Mas Cem Ass'n to J M Caldwell	Lot 35 sec 19	10
V Wackenreuder to M Kennedy	N Nevada e Potrero, 25x100	750
Wm J Younger to Phillip S Fay	N Grove 137 6 e Fillmore, 68 9x137 6	4,300
Chas W Howard to Chas B Greene	Nw Hawthorne nw Harrison, 25x112 6	2,250
A Himmelmann to Wm Corcoran	Undivided h[alf] M[ission] Block 21	143

Saturday, May 17th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Olivia C Peck to Jos C Collins	S Bush w Dupont, 41:6x63—sub 50v 291	$ 100
Lewis Peck to same	Same	9,500
John F McCauley to W A Bray	N Brannan e 6th, 78x110, also and S sw 5th w Bryant, 45 lox 60 s so, Potrero blk 114, also same -P B 143	10,000
Henry Toomy to A Auspacher	E Polk s Pine, 60x69	1
John Hunter to Chas Brockhoff	Lots 5 and 6 blk 321	1,200
J B Moore to Garrett C Sweeney	Sw 6th se Brannan, 60x80	1
Samuel Sweeney to same	Same	10
Cath Sweeney to Chris Westphal	Same	5,100
Garrett C Sweeney to same	Same	1
Bay Park H'd to M A Howe	Lot 11 block 5?0	320
W G Doolittle to Morris Shloss	Lot 23 blk 187 N S S F H'd Ass'n	500
Felton Tr't H Ass'n to Wm Henry	Lots 37 and 38 blk 1,201	340
James Cameron to Henry Brook	W Harrison n 18th, 75 s to Mariposa, etc	2

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending May 20, 1873.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
R Gibbons to T C Banks	Oakland Sundry lots in the Gibbons Property	40,000
A C Henry to M Fancault	Same: N line Charter Avenue 147.2 w from Telegraph Ave thence w 50x129 4	1,300
C H Bradley to H Bay	Same: 137 6x100 nw cor 13th and Castro	10,000
F Warner to J Holland	Same: E line Brush 50 n fr 5th th n 50x75	1,300
Mr. Curtis to F Monday	Same: W line Curtis 50 n from 21st and thence n 75x100	600
F Warner to A Sharcy	Same: W line Market 150 n from 24th thence n 50x125	1,000
W F Boardmann to J G Landry	Same: 50x100 nw cor 12 and Broadway	25,000
G L Babcock to D McClure	Same: A tract near Lake Merritt	7,500
C Babson to J McCarty	Same: S middle 308.5 w from center the w 40x145	685
D Maloan to A T Sproul	Same: N 21st 123.3 w from Linden th w [illegible]	400
J W Crawford to P Oliver	Same: N 10th 50 w from West at thence w 50x110	1,900
W Wolfsohn to S Caskell	Same: 2 lots Oakland Prospect Tract	1
J C Devny to J P Lecoor	Same: N l Sycamore 157 w from Grove thence w 25x100	650
S O Mandeville to C E Harman	Same: S line 10th 75 w from Jefferson th west 25x100	2,500
J C Hays to E L Davis	Same: N line 7th e from West at thence e 50x100	2,000
H Durant to P Murray	Same: W Chester 175 n from 3d thence north 50x125	800
D Stuart to T B Simpson	Same: N Charter 8? w from Telegraph thence 50x1?0	250
S Larue to J Larue	East Oakland: Blk 22 San Antonio	5
G Lutchey to W Metzgar	Same: 150x140 w cor Fremont & Adams	5,500
C Packard to O C Kirk	Same: Sw Washington 95 se from Jarvis thence se 25x140	1,000
C Paul to R S Kinney	West Oakland—S line Everett 95 e from Wood thence e 47 6x135	900
C E Chipman to D B Taylor	Alameda: N line Central Av 213 e from Everett thence e 80:4x300	720
Same to J Yablonski	Same: S line Santa Clara Av 332 e from Everett thence e 40x150	250
Same to W Jameson	Same: N line Santa Clara 292 e from Everett thence e [illegible]	720
J W Clark to J Heron	Same: [illegible] 5 e line Central Av and S P R'y, also 11 acres tide land	3,000
W H Glascock to C E Chipman	Same: One acre lot 19 Woodwards Surv.	52
Same to same	Same: Acre lots 1 to 5 in Jones' Survey	64
A H Jayne to H P Irving	Oakland Tp: Portion Plats 88 and 89.	6
H P Irving to E B Mastick	Same: [illegible]	6,300
J C DeVay to J P Lecount	Same: Lot 5 blk 3 State University H'd	500
Same to same	Same: Lot in blk 4 same	500
The Central Land Co to B Brown	Same: Lot 46 Brown Tract	750
G O Davis to J C Pennie	Same: Lot 9 in blk 4 State University H'd	3,200
Merrill & Durant to T M Antisell	Same: Lots 6 and 8 in blk 2 of Villa lots near University	3,200
J A Neal to J Y Isles	Pleasanton: Lot 6 in blk D, Pleasanton.	120
L Levison to C H Pollard	Near Mission San Jose: A tract	5
J Fraitore to M Fraitore	Eden Tp: 1 acre Road to Wick's Land'g	700
B Benedict to M Griffith	½ interest in the Frank Silva Ranch	600
A Mendenhall to E M Derby	Murray Tp: Sundry Tracts.	

Reported by G. W. MCKEAND, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. May 20.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKEAND, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. 3

PIONEER LAND AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

Bank of Savings and Deposit, 412 California street. Incorporated, 1869. Guarantee Fund $200,000. Sixtieth Dividend, payable on the 5th of June. Deposits in Gold, Silver, and Currency receive one per cent. per month on the same. Certificates of Deposit issued, payable at three days' notice, bearing ten per cent. per annum. Reports can be obtained at the Bank. This Incorporation is in its fifth year, and refers to over five hundred depositors for its economical and successful management, thereby securing the full amount of interest earned. No charge for entrance fees or pass books. Money to loan on approved securities.
H. C. HAGEDORN, President. [May 1?] H. KOHFAHL, Cashier.

NOTICE

Office of the Board of Public Works, City Hall, San Francisco, Nov. 14th, 1872. The Report of the Board of Public Works, in the matter of the OPENING OF MONTGOMERY AVENUE having on this fourteenth day of November, 1872 been finally approved and confirmed by the County Court of the city and county of San Francisco, notice is hereby given that the said Board is now prepared to deliver MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS to all persons for damages awarded to them in amounts equal to the damages awarded for lands taken and improvements thereon. WM. ALVORD,
H. S. TIBBEY, Secretary. [May 10.] President of the Board of Public Works.

FIREPROOF SAFES.

At Hall's Safe and Lock Co.'s Pacific Branch, No. 337 Market street, will be found a large stock of HALL'S CELEBRATED PATENT CONCRETE FIREPROOF SAFES. Patent Dovetailed Burglar Proof Safes. Residence Safes. Bank and Vault Locks, etc. All orders and communications from Pacific States, South America, Japan, China and Australia should be addressed "Hall's Safe and Lock Co., San Francisco, California, U. S. A." Catalogues and price lists sent free.
[May 10.]

THE COPARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of HAVILAND, HOOPER & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. JOS KENT HOOPER retiring. JOHN T. HAVILAND, JOS KENT HOOPER, San Francisco, May 1st, 1873. MURRAY DAVIS.

The business will be continued under the name and style of HAVILAND & CO., by the undersigned, who assume all liabilities, and to whom are payable all debts due to the old firm of Haviland, Hooper & Co.
May 3. JOHN T. HAVILAND, MURRAY DAVIS.

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE

Ex "Marie Charlotte," from Bordeaux.—100 Cases Louis Roederer celebrated "CARTE BLANCHE," quarts and pints, for sale, to the trade, by May 3. MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St Louis, Mo.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to Discount good Notes at low rates.
May 3. JOHN T. LITTLE, No. 304 Montgomery street.

MR. L. A. WELLER.

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

THE VIRGINIAN DUEL.

We are Told of an Eastern Potentate—whether sultan, vizier, or cadi—whether of larger or smaller caliber, we "disremember," as Pat says—who invariably opened his investigation of a controversy by the question, "Who is she?" The assumption, that a woman is at the bottom of every quarrel, is obvious enough, and who shall dare to say that it is unsound? Well, one of the most recent illustrations of "Who is she?" is afforded by a story of two fools in Virginia, who have been, with a certain ludicrous solemnity, illustrating the proprieties of the code of honor as it was understood in civilized countries some fifty to forty years ago, and as it existed in its pristine glory in the Emerald Isle a few years earlier. We mention "civilized countries" advisedly, because the barbarous traditions of the greater part of American dueling cannot be said to fall under the humanities of every community, unless dueling were *en regle* in Bedlam. In the endeavor to conduct this wretched affair with some of the decencies which prevailed amongst gentlemen in the days alluded to, these Virginians and their abettors (Virginians also, it is to be presumed), may possibly deserve that amount of credit which may attach to the duello at ten or twelve paces, as distinguished from the insanity of firing across a handkerchief, or the bloodthirsty and implacable style of a gradual approach with rifles, but even on that point they seem to have lacked the decent chivalry of equal weapons, as it is reported, "a conical ball had entered McCarty's hip, a round ball had penetrated the abdominal cavity of Mordecai." We are not altogether disposed to look upon a respectably conducted duel as the greatest of human crimes and evils, but we fear the world has sadly deteriorated from the suave and courteous mode of conducting a quarrel amongst gentlemen, prevalent in the days of Sir Lucius O'Trigger. At all events, the event in question was distinguished by a shallow idiocy, as imbecile as rash, which speaks but poorly for the capacity of Southern gentlemen to comprehend what may justly be considered a ground of offence. And here it is only fair to lift the onus from the "Who is she?" A lady, it is true, was the cause of the quarrel, but the absolutely unconscious cause. It seems that a Mr Page McCarty perpetrated, under certain circumstances, involving, according to the report, nothing offensive or improper, a copy of verses containing nothing more derogatory to the lady alluded to in them, than is contained in many little effusions of better recognized poets; and, be it remarked *en passant*, that many a respectably educated gentleman of poetical tendencies might have produced verses of less neatness. A Mr Mordecai, destitute apparently of the common sense which characterized his namesake of "Shushan the Palace," is reported to have said, with what is absurdly called "generous impulsiveness," but which should have been called insolent quarrelsomeness, that "if the intent was to ridicule the young lady deemed to be referred to, the writer was a scoundrel, poltroon and coward," (whatever the difference may be between the last two epithets) Hereupon, after some fencing about the bush, ensued what Sir Lucius would have styled "a very pretty quarrel as it stands." The seconds chosen displayed "commendable celerity" (sic, in *Chronicle*), "and a quietness and secrecy truly admirable." The result of these commendable proceedings seems to have been the death of Mordecai, which no one will be disposed to say he did not deserve, and the serious wounding of McCarty, who really seems to have been the least to blame. In the course of the usual sensationally headed report, the *Chronicle*, describing a portion of the preliminary row, in which Mordecai seems to have knocked McCarty *over*, indulges in that essentially snobbish expression, "struck out from the shoulder." It has always struck us that there is something particularly green in this phrase. Who, in God's name, that ever saw a prize fight, or put on gloves himself, or ever saw the world at all, would think of hitting in any other fashion? Such is the latest illustration of the code of honor, and it is to be deplored that the *Press* prefers a sensational treatment of it, to the grave reprehension which would better befit so sad a tragedy.

WHAT NEXT?

One of Our Most Gifted Divines, a preacher of unction and eloquence, has opened his vocal batteries upon our wealthy hypocrites. He says that were he to have special occasion for a collection of scoundrels, for example to make a cabinet of them as specimens, he would lay his nets about the doors of one of our most fashionable churches at the close of the Sunday morning services. He feels confident that one haul would suffice. While we entirely agree with the eloquent and reverend gentleman as to the absolute certainty of success, we cannot help inquiring into the cause of his wrath being so forcibly directed against our wealthy and respectable men and with such an outburst of vim. What have the banks done to him? Has he a mortgage with Barr upon which foreclosure is threatened? Has he been cut off from the line of accommodation with Latham? Has the Gas Company taken out his meter and refused him light, whereby he may find the way to his mouth when he would eat? Has Babcock selected him for a victim and issued special orders to Quinan that no more water shall run upon the reverend reformer? Has Donahue refused him the privilege of riding in the horse cars? Will not Stanford carry him? Does the Board of Brokers decline to sell him wildcat stocks, or to cheat him according to rule and by law? Perhaps the injury is active instead of passive. Perhaps it has positively threatened to do something instead of religiously refusing all action. Michael Reese may have resolved to invite him to dine every day for a year. Preachers don't like to starve to death any more than other people. Babcock may have determined to elect him to the Board of Supervisors instead of Forbes. Preachers don't want to be utterly disgraced; it injures their chances for the future. MacCrellish perhaps wants to publish his sermons in the *Alta* as political leaders. Preachers are not necessarily immoral, and this one may not desire to increase the world's profanity to any very marked degree. We own we cannot quite work out the gentleman's motive, and so give it up. None of our conjectures are quite satisfactory, even to ourselves. But this much we know, if ever he captures and banishes the congregation of one aristocratic church in our city, he will reduce confidence transactions and private swindling by precisely that much, and so on in proportion. Speed the work, say we.

THE CHRONICLE AND THE SACRAMENTO RECORD.

The Chronicle is On the War-Path in full paint, and with tomahawk and scalping knife. This time the victim proves to be the editor of the Sacramento *Record*, who, it appears—can it be believed?—is an Englishman. If this charge can be established (and the *Chronicle* asserts it for a positive fact), there can be but one opinion upon the merits of the dispute. To be the editor of a Sacramento newspaper would of itself go far towards withdrawing all sympathy from the miscreant, but, as if the depths of human infamy could alone satisfy the corrupt longings of this creature's depraved nature, he goes beyond all former authenticated cases of wickedness, and causes himself to be an Englishman! It may, and no doubt will, be asserted in mitigation of his crime, that he was born an Englishman, and could not help it. But this will not do, nor shall he escape retribution by any such mawkish plea. The same reasoning would apply as well to Captain Jack, to Devine, late "the Chicken," to McCrellish, and to Babcock, of the water company. What they are they were probably born, that it is to say, such of them as were born, as, for example, Captain Jack and the Chicken. We understand the others were hatched, and they could not help it. It is so with this English wretch. He might, with only the smallest effort on the part of his father and mother, have come to Nova Scotia in time to be as good a Yankee as the best of us, and then we should have been content. As it is we will have none of him. We hope the *Chronicle* will go on in the good cause, and whenever it finds an Englishman, make mincemeat of him, as in the present instance.

SENATOR SARGENT.

This Worthy Gentleman and Efficient Legislator is sojourning at the Cosmopolitan Hotel, where he will gladly receive his personal friends and any other respectable citizens who may have business with him. We do not by this intend to say positively that Fitch, or Dorsick, or Pickering, or MacCrellish, or Caleb T. Fay, or Charley De Long would be expelled from the premises should they seek admission under any pretence whatever, for we have no authority to speak for the amiable and gifted statesman under discussion, but this much we can say that we called upon him, claiming to be a representative, as we are, of the superior class of society, and were kicked down stairs after a full knowledge of our character had been explained to the gentleman. After that, what must such trash as we have named above expect should they presume to call?

RAINDROPS.

Drip, gentle rain—each drop that falls
 A soothing solace sweetly brings,
And to my heavy heart recalls
 A host of half-forgotten things.
They woo me from my night of pain—
 Drip, gentle rain.

Drip, gentle rain—oh! take me back
 To childhood and the Long Ago,
When life was one bliss-bounded track,
 And my boy bosom, all aglow,
Pulsed happiness with every vein.
 Drip, gentle rain.

Drip, gentle rain—upon my brow
 I feel my mother's good-night kiss—
She's with the holy angels now—
 As you on many a night like this
Made music on my window pane.
 Drip, gentle rain.

Drip, gentle rain—upon my tent
 Half lost in sleep, I hear once more
The soothing music, strangely blent
 With horried cannons' mouthing roar
On old Virginia's battled plain.
 Drip, gentle rain.

Drip, gentle rain—out in the night
 That blindly stares my casement on,
I see loved faces once so bright,
 I hear loved voices dead and gone—
There's a strange magic in thy strain.
 Drip, gentle rain.

Drip, gentle rain—my life is drear,
 Its sun seems shrouded in eclipse,
And oftentimes death stands so near
 I feel the cold blast of his lips,
And trouble troops an endless train.
 Drip, gentle rain.

Drip, gentle rain—all is not lost:
 The golden gleam of trusting love
Across my spirit tempest-tost
 Spans like a blessed bow above,
And hope revives—peace comes again.
 Drip, gentle rain.

WHAT THE CLERGY SAY.

As an Illustration of the Fact that all the clergymen are constant readers of the *News Letter*, we select the following from a large number of letters written within the last few days to Mr Curtis and others by our Californian Ministers, in relation to the question of narrow-gauge railroads, which he and E. N. Robinson so learnedly discussed in our last issue. We are glad to know that our esteemed friends—the clergy—are ranging themselves on the side of Stanford and the standard-gauge. Let their flocks follow them. The following is from the Rev Dr Carpenter, Pastor of the Howard Presbyterian (formerly Scudder's) Church, probably the ablest Divine in San Francisco:

My Dear Mr. Curtis:—I have read your article, the answer, and the rejoinder with particular care, and am thoroughly convinced that the day of *narrowness* is past. The proposed contraction is evidently in the interest of the contractors; and such has been the animus of bigotry all the world over, in church and state, in things physical and moral. Safe, steady progress requires a *gauge broad* in proportion to the distance to be traversed. You plead it well.

Yours, very truly, Hugh Smith, Carpenter.

227 Geary street, San Francisco, May 22d, 1873.

We are also permitted to copy the following extract from a letter written by the Rev T. H. Rouse, of San Mateo, to a friend in this city:

"Received the *News Letter* you sent me yesterday, containing the narrow-gauge discussion. Mr Curtis's arguments are so strong, candid and thorough, are so backed by facts and statistics, as to command the most entire confidence and respect. Reading men will find themselves furnished by them with just what they want to meet, the insane cry of the rabble against monopoly."

The Rev. Mr. Rouse was formerly connected with Mills' Seminary, in Alameda County, but is now the popular pastor of the Congregational Church in San Mateo.

NARROW GAUGE RAILROADS AGAIN

Two Eminent Railroad Engineers—E. N. Robinson and Edward Curtis—are discussing the merits of narrow gauge and broad gauge. As the discussion is published in the *News Letter*, we presume Stanford pays the bill.—*S. F. Evening Post.*

The *Post* is very much mistaken. The readers of the *News Letter* foot the bill, and not Stanford nor any other single individual. As an evidence that we have been well rewarded for our enterprise in publishing this somewhat voluminous discussion, we will state that every copy of our last week's paper was sold in less than forty-eight hours after its publication, and we could have sold them at a dollar apiece, if we had chosen to ask it and had the papers to spare, during the past few days. The *News Letter* takes pay from no one for publishing matters of great public interest. And to accommodate these numerous inquirers for our paper of that week whom we were obliged to disappoint, we again enclose in this number the same financial postscript as was folded into the *News Letter* of May 17th, we fortunately having preserved the type. When you are through reading this *Postscript*, send it to your friends. It will interest them wherever they may be, provided, of course, they have sense enough to appreciate a good thing.

CAPTAIN JACK AND THE PRESIDENT.

This Savage has, without doubt, escaped, and by this time is on his way northward and eastward toward the stronghold of the Rocky Mountains. The disgraceful general order of Sherman, concurred in by the President of the United States, requiring the massacre of the tribe, will, without question, be carried out upon the squaws and papooses left behind, and which have fallen into the hands of the victorious Gillem. That any civilized nation can countenance such an order is enough of itself to establish the utter depravity of human nature. That Captain Jack, if found, should suffer death for the murder of General Canby, is true, but the butchery of a tribe of women and children as a sacrifice to the manes of that soldier, is but an unworthy tribute to his memory. Gen. Grant, as well as Gen. Sherman, forgot their own positions as soldiers when they issued the order, and they owe it to their own reputations to rescind the command as speedily as possible.

OUR STREET ARABS.

At the Last Session of the Mechanics' Deliberative Assembly, a resolution was offered for the purpose of giving an education and useful employment to the vagrant boys of our city, and especially those wandering about our wharves. A receiving ship should be obtained where those boys can be educated in the rudiments of the English language and seamanship. To carry out the spirit of this resolution, a Committee was appointed to lay the matter before the Board of Supervisors and elicit their coöperation. We hope the scheme will be adopted and a place provided where boys, who are now worthless to the community and themselves, shall become useful seamen. The merchants of London, more than forty years since, established for such boys a Seamen's Home, where some of the best sailors of England have been educated. All who are familiar with the Thames will recollect the old receiving ship filled with brave boys, whose instruction fits them for the navy or merchant service. Such a vessel is just the thing for our turbulent, daring, unkept and vagrant gamins.

A NEW MIRACLE.

A Supplement to Our Stigmata.—A Paris correspondent writes us that the Montpelier papers chronicle another miracle, which is said to have taken place in the vicinity of that town, and which will, if sanctioned by the Church, no doubt turn out a good thing for the hotel keepers. It is the old story over again. A little girl seven and a half years old was gathering herbs in the field when she saw at the top of an olive tree a lady in white with a blue sash, who, on being asked who she was, said: "I am Mary, the Immaculate Conception." Some peasants who came up could see nothing, but they believed what the child said, and the next day a number of persons went to the place, and the holy Virgin, according to the girl, again appeared and demanded the construction of a chapel. The third day a still greater crowd flocked to the spot, but it was wet and no apparition took place. The Radicals scoff at this supernatural affair and wonder how it comes that the Virgin when she comes down to earth should never be the bearer of any important message.

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—OF—
THE WEEK.

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THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

THE DEVIL'S WALK THROUGH SAN FRANCISCO.

"From his brimstone bed at break of day
A walking the Devil has gone,
To visit his nice little farm, the earth,
And see how his stock goes on."—Coleridge.

So pleased was the Devil with 'Frisco,
That he made up his mind he would take
Each week a short tour
To visit his poor,
So he started again at daybreak.

The young city had hardly awoke
When the Devil arrived in hot haste,
And no one he sees
Save a few Chinese
And women more gaudy than chaste.

He called in at Ben's, took a cocktail,
For his journey had made him feel tired.
An officer there,
Asleep in a chair,
He paused for a time and admired.

And he thought to himself these police
Have pretty good times on their beats,
Good whisky each day
And pretty good pay
To listlessly loaf round the streets.

Then he watched an old drunkard come [in;
The officer changed his location,
Made the drunkard stand drinks,
Tipped the barman three winks, [tion.
Then marched him right off to the sta-

He knew very well that policeman
Had himself been as drunk as a lord,
But, then, why of course
He belonged to the force
And could take all he wanted abroad.

As the morning grew older he went
Down to look at the bulls and the bears;
He thought that a broker
Had better play poker
And let him look after their shares.

He pitied the honest old miner,
And laughed at the silly sardines
Who lose all their coin,
Then thieve and purloin,
And always live over their means.

He looked all around for Ward Beecher,
And he smiled when he thought of how
That parson would be, [sold
All his converts to see
Bowing down to the demon of gold.

He went up and interviewed Russell,
Whom he found looking cheerful and well,
And told him that he,
When he got back, would see
They gave him snug quarters in hell.

The Devil called round on the lawyers;
They were most of them hungry and thin
And killing each other,
As Cain did his brother,
When murder was said to begin.

Then he met a fat, clean-shaven priest,
Tipped him a satanical wink
And breathed in his ear
The words priests hold dear,
"Come with me, old boy, for a drink."

And the Devil rubbed his sides with glee
As he thought how many a soul,
By priests prepared,
Had frizzled and flared
When dropped in his brimstone bowl.

Religion he knew was the cloak
That vice most delighted to wear;
The hypocrite's leer
Was to him more dear
Than vice's most open glare.

He heard of a murdress in jail
(He'd read it in Sunday's live sheet);
But the Devil got sold,
If the truth must be told,
Like the rest of the boys on the street.

And so mad was old Satan to think [sell,
He'd been fooled by this ninety-ninth
That he let fly his hoof,
Burnt through the jail roof,
And disconsolate went back to Hell.

The Tooth Punchers of this City have just held a convention at St. Andrews' Hall. The President, Professor Wisdom Tooth, addressed the meeting on "The Formation of Dental Developments." He was loudly applauded. Mr. Watkins then invited all the members to have a cabinet photograph taken of their front and back teeth. His kind invitation was at once accepted. Some splendid views of dental enormities was the result. The President's speech contained many useful facts and hints to the fraternity, among which were these. He stated that most men and women were born without teeth. This he attributed to the candy eating propensities of our forefathers. He also stated that toothache was more painful than being married, and worse to cure than the measles. He went on to give advice as to fees, etc., which he said should invariably be demanded in advance; defending this theory by saying that he had found from experience that a man with a bad toothache would "pay most anything asked." He also said it would give him great pleasure to see a union effected between the dentists and candy manufacturers throughout the States. This, he clearly showed, would be of benefit to both, and dentists in particular. Upon the close of his able speech a handsome gold medal was exhibited. The medal was for presentation to the great showman, Barnum, as an evidence of the appreciation in which his invention, the "Rubber Tooth Damager," is held by the dental ducks of this State. The medal is attached by a splendid chain of gold stopped, rubber damned eye teeth, and has a clasp formed out of a carbuncle representing a huge gumboil. The medal itself is of a dentiform shape, and is surrounded by an imitation jawbone made of enamel scraped from St. Peter's front tooth. On one side is the monogram "P. T. B.," on the other the following inscription: "Presented to P. T. Barnum, S. M., by the California Tooth Punching Association, as a mark of esteem for his great invention, the Rubber Tooth Damager, with which, as all the world knows, he damned the rhinoceros' teeth in less than a week." The weight of the medal is fifty pounds, and its value ten dollars. Barnum is requested by the Association to wear it on his watch guard, and not to pawn it till hard pushed.

As the Town Crier was leisurely wending his way down Pine street, bent upon having a better look at our "local daubs" than he got on the opening night, he heard a loud and angry altercation going on opposite the Art Association's rooms. One of the voices he at once recognized as that of a Mongolian, and an enraged one, too. "You gibbe me money." "Go to h——l," was the response of a gentle youth of the hoodlum tribe, whose "chunk" was watching the muss from behind some boxes. John, however, was not to be shaken off by any allusion to the home of Joss. He still repeated his war cry: "You gibbe me some money." At last, the hoodlum hit at John. John, however, was equal to the occasion, and, picking up a loose rock, came bravely up to time. The hoodlum didn't like this, and had to call his girl up to the rescue, and draw his little gun to try and frighten John. When, however, they passed out of sight, the "Heathen Chinee" was close on their sterns, still shouting his war cry. At first we thought it must be some patriotic Chinaman after De Young. But on consideration, came to the conclusion that it was one of the *Chronicle* readers, who objected upon principle to pay poor John for the weary hours he had spent over his dirty cotton shirts and foul under linen. No doubt that youth will furnish a "spicy" article for Sunday's edition, on the "Chinese Question." The *T. C.* hopes that the cowardly young ruffian he alludes to will see this and give him a call, not forgetting to bring his little gun along.

Under the Sensational Heading of "The Government Grand Annexation Scheme," the *Chronicle* goes on to tell of the various countries to be next placed under our flag. We are a big country, but how much bigger we might be? The *T. C.* himself is about to do a little annexation on his own hook. He has often read, and longed to possess, a beautiful little island called Ireland, now ruled over by a despotic power called Great Britain. The *T. C.* has met and admired the suave and gentlemanly sons of the "ould sod" that have visited America, and has found them polite and polished, besides being peaceable to the extreme. They are so obliging that they will bear the weight of office without a murmur. How the *T. C.* has wept for these prince-born nature's gentlemen when he has seen them, in the position of menials, waiting upon the low-born Saxon. How he has watched the flashing eye that could ill brook such occupation. Yes, the *T. C.* will annex Ireland, free her from the yoke of England, and let her own flag, the "ink-spotted banner," float bravely o'er her land. He would fertilize the soil on annexation, and nillize the natives, by allowing the sea to sweep over the island for a week or so. It would be a good country, then, for Americans to emigrate to.

The Literary Public will learn with regret, that the *Grizzly* is dead. Yet stay! It is just possible that some of our readers may not be aware what Grizzly we allude to. All the Grizzly family, at Woodward's, is well. We do not allude to them, but to a sickly little cub that came into this world as bald and brainless as its progenitor. It never was supplied with proper nutriment, never was healthy, and its death was merely a matter of time. Its name alone was enough to damn it, and the dirty food on which it was fed made its breath so offensive, to those unfortunate few who by chance crossed its path, that had it not died of starvation, the dog-pound men would have had to outstep their boundary and take it to the pound. Brain it, they could not; drown it, they might, and no doubt would have. It, however, is lucky they had not to resort to this last step. We have some regard for shell-fish, and it is just possible it might have deranged the internal organization of a crab, or have caused diarrhia among the shrimps.

We Hope it is a Fact Patent to the Entire Community that the character of Miss Marchant is unimpeachable; that her vestal lamp burns with undimmed fire; that she is, in short, a modern Madonna. For ourselves, unbiased by prejudices against her antecedents, we loudly aver our belief. So does George Lawless, who has been thoroughly convinced of it. The gentle-mannered youths who congregate in the classic vicinity of Ninth and Minna streets loudly asseverate that she is a shining light. Then why should it not be true? What would we do with knights and squires when our gentle dames are so fully capable of taking care of themselves? We have read much balderdash concerning trenchant blades and trusty swords, but our faith shall hereafter rest in the potency of a riding whip wielded by the strong arm of an irate female.

The Reporters are reveling in a pool of Chinese nastiness, and are gloating over every detail with disgusting relish. There is not a heathen among their sandwiched sleepers, not a reek among their millions of vile smells, not a jar among their many discordances, not a fester of their masses of filth, not a sin from their list of horrible crimes, not a loathly detail of their beastly women, not a queue from their verminous heads, not a hair from their nasty queues, not a chronicle of their lonely deaths, not a funeral of their unlicensed burials, that is not seized upon and dwelt upon, placed in its own particular paragraph, clothed in a mass of wordy matter, and disseminated among a discriminating, ease and pleasure loving people. Why will the papers print such nasty things? Ugh! It is enough to give one the pestilence to read them.

We Learn from the papers that Mirambo, King of the Wayoweh, Central Africa, is dead. We cannot regret the decease of this mighty prince. We can bear with despots who observe the decencies of life; but a tyrant who dresses himself in a single banana leaf, and even on Sundays wears only one ring through his nose, cannot be countenanced conscientiously. A monarch who would take the trousers sent from missionary-inspired ladies of Aberdeen, split them in half, fill them with sand, and make a war-club of each leg, cannot be forgiven upon the ground of mere eccentricity. Mirambo had a habit of shoving his crown suddenly under his son when the prince went to sit down, so that the spikes would make him screech. The father enjoyed this joke as much as if he had been brought up and educated on a comic journal.

Train is Mad. Of course he is; we knew it was so, and said it was so, long ago. He was not a harmless lunatic, either. No man with such a rotten bridle attached to such an unscrupulous tongue could be harmless. He was, however, a fit man to represent Fenianism, and no madder than the generality of Fenian maniacs are. The *T. C.* would suggest, were it not for the expense, that all the brotherhood should be examined by a commission of lunacy. He feels certain that if clear cases of lunacy were not made out in all cases, some facts corroborative of the Darwinian theory would be brought to light. It is just possible that a full grown tail might be discovered. The face part is already acceded.

We Knew that Charles de Young was a talented youth, nay, ever a brilliant one. He can sum up the value per line of copy to a nicety, and has lately completed a severe course of grammatical exercises, besides being nearly able to write, but we never were aware that he was a lawyer. The *Bulletin*, of Friday, says, in a short report of the D. and D. Asylum, "Charles de Young questioned the witness, for the prosecution." No doubt he gave him fits. The *T. C.* wonders what his fee was? If at all in proportion to his talent, it must have been considerable, say, "ten cents." We believe, however, that volunteer busy-bodys are usually paid with "more kicks than cents."

We Thought we had Finished the Breed in our Midst when we choked off the "Chicken" last week, but straightway another of the blood springs up. Another of the same kind, we opine, judging from the readiness with which Mr. Simpson avows the relationship, and the gusto with which he relates the earlier eccentricities of the unpopular defunct. We hope it will shortly occur to Mr. Simpson to betake himself again to the pleasures of the briny deep, for now that necktie entertainments are fashionable, we might lay hands upon him, and too many of one family would make the business monotonous, especially to the old parties in Waterford.

If a Man Can't Beat His Mother-in-Law, who can he beat? We all must have a vent for our angry passions somewhere and it won't do to beat our wives for they are useful creatures around the domicile, nor our children for in these precocious times they haul us up before a Court of Law, and generally get judgment in their favor. We advise matrimony to the sympathetic Judge, in which case he could gaze upon nothing more calmly than a mother-in-law, her two eyes poulticed with beefsteaks, her front teeth knocked out, the dimensions of her chignon forcibly reduced, and herself in a state generally approaching the gelatinous.

For Some Time Past we have been signing "Anti-Coolie" and "Eight-Hour" petitions. They are spread on a little table near the post office, between a couple of antiquated old book stalls. We always find it convenient to sign one of these petitions every time we pass. We have signed the Eight-Hour petition seventy-eight times this week and scattered our name along the columns of the Anti-Coolie petition ninety-six times, if we recollect aright. We are in favor of both these movements, and will tackle them with renewed energy next week.

A Seafaring Man, by Name Simpson, has discovered in the defunct Chicken a long lost cousin. The scene when Crowley showed him Devine's carte was truly heart rending. Even the hard heart of the Chief was melted when the seafaring cousin wept over the picture and declared he was "a d—d bully boy." The following touching lines are said to be a joint composition, written on police paper:

"O cousin, so you've slipped your wind?
I'm truly grieved and sad to find
Your manly beak can peck no more,
All blunt the spurs so sharp before,
Your mainmast carried from the deck,
Your hull a smashed unsightly wreck,
O how your cousin mourns your loss!
Of bully boys you were the boss."

Once More the man whose name should never be mentioned without d—d in front of it, drags himself before the public. The *Town Crier* only wishes that Gordon had sent his dirty soul (if he has one) on its way to hell. Not content with ruining a family, he must still haunt their house, and scrawl his loathsome notes to his victim. The *T. C.* only wonders that a deputation does not wait upon Mr. Robinson at his rooms on Pine street, and administer that punishment which the law seems incapable of doing.

The Examiner discourses learnedly and at length on the foul vice of "padding," as practiced by the New York *Herald* in particular, and various other journals in general. Now that we know what to call it, we shall never read one of the *Examiner's* leaders, conveyed from the New York *World*, without feeling tempted to cry out "Padding!"

"Non Possumus" Friend Kit (not one of our staff), means "we are not able." Nor are we to make head or tail of your bad writing, vile grammar, and truly original spelling. We should advise you to employ the subject of your scrawl, Father Gallagher, to bury your pen and yourself with it.

Mr. Cummings, of Peoria, not coming home early enough, Mrs. C. went for him with a rolling-pin, and he came to terms and home in right smart order.

In Oxford County, Me., when the citizens wish to punish a male seducer they give him free passes to Chicago, and then burn him in effigy.

LOVE'S EMBLEMS.

They decked her out in snowy white,
  Wreathed pearls amongst her hair,
And in her dainty hand so slight
  I saw my flowers all there.

'Twas but a pink moss rose or two,
  And snow-flakes tipped with green,
While maiden-hair, still wet with dew,
  Twined round and peeped between.

I said, as I called the flowers with care,
  "This night I'll watch for a sign;
If these are preferred to some more rare,
  I shall know her heart is mine."

I read it all in her loving eyes,
  Raised shyly to smile on me;
And the sudden look of glad surprise
  Was pleasant and bright to me.

I took the little hand in mine.
  The hand that held my flowers,
And kissed the lips that had given the sign,
  Love's Paradise then was ours.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

The New Postal Cards are only of use in the United States.—The Chinese are putting their tails between their legs, and the jail barber is ready to relieve the barbarians of the troublesome appendage.—The State University is to be opened on July 16th.—Some Goth or other has taken to mutilating the books at the Recorder's office.—Most of the plants and flowers of the late Horticultural exhibition have been sold at auction. Cheaply.—One of the editors of the Swedish *Aftonbladet* is in town, "looking about."—The Master of the *Altona* has been arrested on the charge of overloading his ship with Coolies. On bail, $3,000.—Lay's balloon, fortunately for him, bursted up on Sunday; there is to be another "last ascension."—Six weeks' holiday for the schoolboys commenced yesterday. God help the poor parents.—Mons. Hercules Pierre, the man who lifts three tons with his little finger, found out what the inside of a lifting machine was made of on Monday.—The Coolies in the employ of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company have become so far civilized as to strike for higher wages.—Pierre Burges is now Pierre Bernard Burges, there being a brother also named Pierre Burges, and occasional difficulties arising as to which was the right Pierre Burges.—The Rev. T. K. Noble does not believe in fresh air amusements on Sundays. Woodward's and the City Gardens are to be closed.—The Self Culturists have decided that George Francis Train is no more mad than is Pickering, which is terribly equivocal.—Henry Baker, we regret to hear, has died from the injuries sustained by his fall down the new Mint stairway.—The County Court has adjourned till June 25th.—Butchertown wants a steam fire engine.—Lewis Mahoney, the Pioche cattle stealer, took French leave of the County Hospital on Monday morning.—The collectors report the money market much easier than for some time past.—Nearly 5,000 names on the Anti-Chinese Association roll.—To-morrow, the Feast of Pentecost, will be celebrated in the Synagogues.—The San Jose cars ran over a cow on Sunday last. "Bad for t' coo."—John Rosenfeld, Esq., has resigned his position of Harbor Commissioner, and will probably resign that of Fire Commissioner as well.—Wm. Lane Booker, Esq., British Consul, has started for a year's tour through Yurrup.—The steamship *Nevada* is being thoroughly repaired; amount to be expended, from $75,000 to $100,000; time, about six weeks.—The new schooner, *J. Wightman, Jr.*, made a successful trial trip on Saturday.—The precious Ruby has, with a magnificent setting of brass, returned to this city to vindicate his holy line of conduct.—The new Mint building will have cost $1,500,000 when completed.—Merritt's new hotel in Oakland is to be called the "Grand High-Toned Central." Lowly Merritt!—One Sonoma farmer expects seventy-five bushels of wheat to the acre.—Russell is to be hanged on the 20th July.—"Gail Hamilton" is in town.—A number of big bugs from Arizona are in the city, prepared to remonstrate with Senator Sargent on the withdrawal of the troops from that territory.—Some boys fishing from Meiggs' Wharf, on Monday, thought they had caught a whale. 'Twas a sturgeon, eight feet long, and weighing 200 pounds.—Trotting race to-day, two miles and repeat, on the Oakland Park, between "Jerome" and "Elmo," for $750.—Speaker Blaine and party are at the Grand.—Eleven hundred cases of skippered salmon gone on the *Twilight* for Liverpool.—The bakers have resolved that new bread is not kneaded on Sundays.—The *Morning Bulletin* has joined the *Grizzly*.—The Masonic Relief Jubilee is to take place on the 27th prox.—A terrible rumor has spread, that the Indians who were brought to the Station House on Wednesday night were Modocs. This is not so; they are but Yreka "Lo's," caught nabbing gee-gees.—The elegant mansions on the Custom House block are at last being demolished.—The *Post, still* appears.—Wanted—an owner for the baby found in the sewer, corner of Stockton and Pine streets.—Whit-Sunday tomorrow.—The murder of the Chinaman on Clay street is to be regretted as a most senseless piece of brutal ruffianism.—The estate of the late Chas. T. Minturn is estimated at $180,000.—The *Leader* is to appear on Monday in a new and improved form; *c'est possible*.—The Mint will be closed temporarily on Tuesday for repairs.—The sweet little cherub who sits up aloft did not take much care of poor George Holland, rigger, killed by a fall from the mainmast, Thursday, May 29th.—The *Post* has coined "Gabblegrams;" we are on the lookout for old Mrs. *Alta's* "Twaddlegrams."—Marshall Martin, the Contra Costa murderer, is to be hung on the 27th June.—Hoodlums have taken to serenading; caterwauling is heavenly in comparison.—Wilkinson is being again roasted; no wonder he gets crusty at times.—Rev. W. B. Starr is starring it as an anti-Chinese ranter. It pays better than damning the people from the pulpit at present.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

The Steamer Kiangloong, of the Shaghai S. N. Co.'s line, was totally lost on the Yangtze River, on March 9th, by running on a sunken rock.—In the libel case of O'Keefe vs. Archbishop Cullen, the plaintiff has been awarded the immense damages of one farthing.—The Spanish Republicans urge Espartero to accept the Presidency.—A terrific boiler explosion took place in Brussells on Wednesday; fourteen killed instantly.—"Doncaster" won the Derby. "Kaiser" and "Gangforward" followed neck and neck. Several casualities occurred.—"Here we go up, up, up; and there we go down, down, down." Thiers and party are nowhere now, and the victorious French Conservatives talk of maintaining McMahon in a five years Presidency. A goak we should think.—Over three hundred houses in Constantinople were destroyed by fire in the beginning of the week.—The war in Cuba still continues with unabated vigor.—The blessed Pope has received a congratulatory visit from the Emperor of Russia, on his recovery! This is the ninth time during the past three months that he has fooled us.—Bradlaugh has been banqueted in Madrid, and is to be made Knight of the "Dona Fleeced."—Panama is once more quiet.—The Khan of Khiva is at loggerheads with his brothers, and the great northern bear looks for good fishing in troubled waters.—Spain is becoming communistic with a vengeance. No more titles of nobility to be granted or used in official documents.—Yellow fever in Yucatan and Montevideo.—The Khedive of Egypt is call papa by eighty children.—Princess Theresa of Oldenburg was engaged to a big Grand Duke, but loved a poor but handsome music teacher, jilted the Duke, married the teacher, teacher made a Baron by punctilious Czar. Several organists have already left for Russia.—Earl Russell, aged 81, has just published a "History of Xtianity in Western Europe."—Calcraft has given up hanging and taken to grafting rose trees.—The U. S. Darien Expedition has ascertained that the level of the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans is the same.—Tom Hughes protested against the English House of Commons adjourning on Derby Day, but it was no go, for the House did.—There are 10,000 slaves in Cuba to be set free.—The King of the Belgians is amongst the royal visitors at Vienna.—French finances are looking well.—Queen Victoria's birthday was quietly but loyally observed throughout England.—A fire of an extensive character is reported from Callao.—On dit, that Prince Milan is betrothed to the second daughter of the Grand Duke Constantine.—It has been decided that a widower without children is eligible to a Fellowship of Jesus College, Oxford.—The success met with in acclimatising English skylarks, canaries, hares and trout in New Zealand is most satisfactory.—The shoemakers of Berlin are threatening a strike.—The Professor of Stenography in the Vienna University has written the "Iliad" in the space of a nutshell.—General dissatisfaction is said to be felt in Germany at the universal lowness of wages.—The Scottish herring fisheries this season have been unusually prolific.—Prince Bismarck is a great beer drinker.—Skilled workmen are still emigrating from France in suggestively large numbers.

MEN AND MEMORIES OF EARLY SAN FRANCISCO.

The Above is the title of a book that is now in the hands of Messrs. Bancroft. It is to be a neat little book of some two hundred and eighty pages. It is the joint composition of Messrs. Barry and Patten, and no one has a better right to chronicle the old times than they, and they have done ample justice to the subject. The book will appear this month, and no doubt will have an immense sale. Messrs. Barry and Patten have been so well and favorably known in this city for so many years that anything from their pens will be eagerly sought after. We take the liberty of quoting the following from a proof, as a specimen, and because it refers to an old friend of ours:

Henry Meiggs was one of the most enterprising, generous and intelligent men who ever came to San Francisco, and his departure was one of the greatest losses that ever occurred to the city, in the taking of one individual from its population. The unfortunate complication and overwhelming liabilities which drove him from us, was a greater calamity to the prosperity of San Francisco than a conflagration or a flood. For him, personally, in a financial point of view, it was a great movement, and the tide which bore him through the "Golden Gate" "led on to fortune." Now, he is the Rothschild of Peru—the man to whom the Government applies in time of need, and not in vain; nor yet did any one ever personally apply to him for aid, or *for the settlement of any just debt*, without satisfaction. The tribute paid to Mr. Meiggs by the late Hon. Edward Tompkins, in a letter published in the San Francisco *News Letter*, was the reward from one good man to another. Every just claim presented to Mr. Meiggs has been liquidated; and the accusations made by some in authority against that gentlemen after his departure, were utterly without foundation, but of great convenience just then, to some whom we all know to be *honorable men*.

Music, art, charity and society met with a great loss in the absence of Mr. Meiggs. The Music Hall, which stood where the Occidental Hotel now stands, was built by that gentleman. Mr. Leach, Mr. Beutler, Geo. Loder, Mrs. Wells, Miss Leach, Mr. Zander, and many other celebrities came to California by the influence of Mr. Meiggs. The organ in the Trinity Church was the gift of that gentleman. We believe no man ever went away from among us more sincerely regretted, and if he were to return, we are sure that his reception would be an ovation.

The wharf at North Beach, stretching so far into the harbor, was built by Mr. Meiggs, and is as much a feature of the city as the Plaza, or Montgomery street.

It was no inconsiderable undertaking in the early days to build such a pier; and now it is suggestive of what the builder might accomplish in our city with to-day's facilities. Mr. Meiggs' departure from this city was an unfortunate mistake on his part, and still more unfortunate for the welfare of San Francisco. Had he remained with us, the false accusations, which, by reason of his absence, certain people found it convenient to lay at his door, would have been traced then, as they have since been, to their proper source; and he would have long ago outlived his financial troubles, and won the confidence and esteem which his subsequently honored career gives him in the minds of all just Californians. In South America, the munificence of his characteristics and the grandeur of his operations in business, have made his name a proverb.

PROGRESS OF THE PLACARD EXCHANGE.

The Placard Exchange is steadily and surely carrying out its great work of practical utility. Since our last notice considerable additions have been made to the æsthetic as well as the business department of the Institution. Watkins has adorned the walls with some admirable photographic landscapes, and four large views of San Francisco taken in different directions from the intersection of California and Powell streets. This elevated spot commands almost the entire city from Black Point to the Mission, and the various public and principal buildings are depicted with singular sharpness. Muybridge's views of the lava beds are painfully interesting at the present moment, and the most cursory glance conveys the idea of danger and difficulty; he has likewise sent in some portraits of Modocs and Warm River Indians, including their leader, the renowned McKay. This artist starts in a day or two on an excursion to take photographs of the scenery and points of interest on the line of the Central Pacific Railroad. As he proceeds, his pictures will be sent to the Placard Exchange for exhibition. The Kimball carriage manufactory is preparing some beautiful models of their different carriages, which will be on exhibition next week. The various sections of Professors Whitney & Hoffman's great geological and topographical map of California are also open to inspection, and hours may be profitably spent in the study of the varied character of hill and valley, of table lands and the plains of our State. The San Joaquin Irrigation Company have also sent in their map showing the drainage of the fertile valleys of the Sacramento and San Joaquin, and the various sources of supply culminating in the great Tulare Lake. There is likewise on view at the Placard Exchange a large map of the Tamalpais estate of the late J. McElhaffer, which is of great local interest. Among other objects of art we must not omit a very pretty water color drawing taken from an elevation near General Cobb's country seat at Saucelito. The bay with its various islands and San Francisco in the distance, is happily delineated, and a good idea of this charming suburban locality is given. De Young's County Directory Charts line the walls, and will be found most useful for reference. In short, the Placard Exchange may be said to have arrived at its first stage of perfection. The various rooms are open free to all who behave themselves properly, and are desirous of availing themselves of the manifold resources which the Institution affords, whether for information, instruction, amusement or intelligence. The telegraphic news of the Globe is daily posted, the appliances for letter writing are most ample, and no expense has been spared to accommodate the dweller, the immigrant or the passing traveler.

DECIDEDLY DUSTY.

Dust we are and unto Dust shall we Return, is a disagreeable truth that is daily forced upon our attention, but that is no reason why we should add inanimate dust to the dust whereof our living bodies are composed. Why should we sit in cars or stages or buggies, and cover our he or she garments with an inch or so of penetrating molecules, when we can envelope ourselves in one of those White House Yosemite suits or linen dusters which completely exclude all dust, and the wearer steps out of them as fresh and stainless as out of a garden. No traveler should be without one. There is an immense variety all ready to put on and protect our persons from the insufferable nuisance and positive damage occasioned by dust. Down with your dust and buy a duster.

Editor News Letter:—I am pained to learn that Mr. E. N. Robinson has repeatedly charged me with a want of fairness in publishing a part only of the correspondence that has taken place between us through your columns on the question of "Narrow Gauge Railroads." He has made this statement to several of my friends of late, and I beg you to publish this brief note in reply. I published the first half of the correspondence, each letter in its regular order—and in the order in which they first appeared. The Postcript of the *News Letter* would contain no more. I simply filled the space allotted to me, and that his last letter was not published is not my fault. I should be glad to see it again in print. His arguments have helped my side of this controversy immensely; and the more we have of them the better. I will contribute something to aid him in getting out another edition of the *News Letter* which shall embody everything he has ever written on the narrow gauge question. Surely Mr. Robinson cannot accuse me of unfairness after such a liberal proposition as this. Hastily yours, EDWARD CURTIS.
San Francisco, May 29, 1873.

San Franciscans Abroad.—Paris: Mrs. Archer, Hotel Chatham; Mrs. A. L. Barnes, 15 Rue de Presbourg; Mr. and Mrs. Crocker, George Crocker, Grand Hotel; Mrs. F. A. Hassey and son, Hotel Friedland; Mrs. S. O. Hastings and Miss Flora Hastings, Grand Hotel; F. A. MacRae, Hotel de l'Athenee; Misses Motley, Hotel Chatham; Samuel Pistchek, Grand Hotel; Mrs. Reis, Ferdinand Reis, and Christine Reis, 15 Rue de Presbourg; Mrs. E. H. Tuthill, Miss Anna Tuthill, 111 R. Neuve Mathewelno; Mrs. S. M. Wilson, 75 Av de l'Imperatrice. London: Mr. and Mrs. Hager, Langham Hotel.—*American Register*

It is Said that the last annual dividend of the Alaska Commercial Company was at the rate of $45,000 per share.

Vol. 3. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR MAY, No. 3.
IS NOW OUT
Containing a Splendid Lithographic Engraving of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, with Biographical Memoir.
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The Special and Authorised Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, MAY 31, 1873. No. 18.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—Silver Bars—1¼@1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 85@85¼c. Mexican Dollars, 5c.@6c.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¾ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 16¼ per cent. On London. Bankers 49¼@49¾; Commercial 49¾@50; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, May 30, at 3 P. M., 118¾. Latest price of Sterling, 109¼@109¾

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco .... May 30, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid.	Ask	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8.	102¾	104	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	11	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864..	94	1 0	Oakland 10s	106	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	99	100	Spring Valley Water Co	73¾	80
Legal Tender Notes	85	85¼	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	—
California State Bonds, 7s '76	103	—	Central Railroad Comp[illegible]		—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	95	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co..	60	65
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	95	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	—	—
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s.	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds......	30	32¼	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co	60	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co...	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s.	92	93	Union Insurance Co	84	90
Santa Clara Bonds, 6	90	—	Pacific Bank	80	88
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	125	127
San Francisco Gas Light Co	67	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

P. M. S. S. Co.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Company's steamer *Costa Rica* sailed on the 24th inst. for Honolulu, carrying a goodly number of cabin passengers to the Islands and a large and valuable cargo of merchandise, valued at $61,785. This steamer has already become a favorite with the Islanders and others doing business at and with Honolulu, and as she is advertised to make regular monthly trips, it is firmly believed that a strong effort will be made to throw all the patronage possible into their hands. The gross receipts of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, for the year ending May 1st, shows an increase of over one million dollars as compared with last year. Following are the nine Directors unanimously elected on the 29th inst. by the stockholders of the Company: George H. Bradbury, Trenor W. Park, J. M. Burke, Chas. J. Osborne, Russell Sage, Geo. S. Scott, Geo. H. Palmer, Rufus Hatch and J. D. Smith. A. B. Stockwell, late President, failed of a re-election. If the reported selection of Captain Bradbury for the Presidency of the Company should be confirmed by the news which will be received shortly after we go to press, the stockholders are to be congratulated on having made the wisest choice that was open to them; and we venture to predict a very material improvement, at no distant day, not only in the method of management, but in the material prosperity of the corporation. If anything can save the Pacific Mail Company from the bankruptcy naturally to be expected after such an administration as that which has just passed away, leaving only a bad odor, it would be the energy, ability, integrity and experience in the steamship business attributed to Captain Bradbury by those who know him best; and under his administration we sincerely trust our merchants may not only find cause to reverse the unfavorable criticism wrung from them by recent mismanagement, but even to rejoice in a renewed lease of the Company's ancient prosperity. May we not, then, encourage the hope that we shall shortly see not only a restoration of the former popular agency, and with it a return of that prosperity and good management which formerly so proverbially characterized the management of the Pacific Mail Company as one of the best conducted leading institutions on the Pacific Coast.

The Commercial Herald Says: "The recent large arrivals of Chinese immigrants, per steamers and sail craft, is creating considerable excitement among politicians and others upon this coast; and what is remarkable about it is, that some of the leading *writers, editors and proprietors of the very papers loudest to condemn, each and all of them employ Chinese cooks, servants, etc., in their own dwellings, and employ them also to work upon their farms and to do other menial labor*. The very foremost general in the labor ranks to condemn the employment of Chinese does himself hire a Chinese cook. Where is the consistency in all this? There is also some fear expressed that these immigrants from China may introduce here the small-pox and other pestilential diseases; but of this we have little fear, as our prevailing trade-winds at this, the only season of the year when the Chinese come to these shores, are a sure safeguard in this respect. A majority of the steamers arriving from Hongkong during May have for a time been placed in quarantine. until all danger was removed.

A Deed has been Placed on Record conveying a half interest to property on the southwest corner of Market and Tenth streets. It has a frontage of 87¾ feet on the former and 193 feet on the latter street. The consideration named is thirty thousand dollars.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is [illegible]horized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

THE ANNUAL ANTI-CHINESE MOVEMENT.

Every Spring, with a regularity and punctuality resembling the habits of others of the lower animals, the anti-Coolie sets up his vernal bray. Forthwith, our great and beloved brethren of the immaculate and ever-wise daily press fall down one after another like a row of bricks, or, say follow like a flock of sheep, or anything else animate or inanimate and stupid. The melody begins in March, and its latest note offends the tired ear about the time of the annual feast of firecrackers, spread-eagle and patriotic drunks, which proudly marks the Caucasian superiority over merely Pagan anniversaries. Dearly beloved, our present entreaty is that nothing we may now utter may prevent you from having your bray out after the manner of your species, yet do we ask those otherwise sensible people who are now listening to your discord in silence and in suffering like unto our own, to note that these "hordes of Asiatics" have been coming ever since we can remember, but have never yet come; that the bulk of our Chinese immigrants always arrive here between March and July; that invariably the number returning to China between August and February exceeds the number of arrivals from China in those months; that the average immigration from China is only about 7,500, while the returning Chinamen number about 4,000, and some 2,000 die, leaving an annual increase in our Chinese population of about *fifteen hundred!* Note again, our prediction that the total "horde of Asiatics" this year won't exceed 12,000, and will *probably* fall below 10,000. Yet we beg our daily brethren never by any chance to mention any one of these facts, lest perchance somebody somewhere be displeased thereat.

THE ENGLISH DERBY.

London, May 28th.—Betting just before the start was forty to one against "Doncaster," seven to one against "Kaiser," and two to one against "Gang Forward." Twelve horses ran. The race was finely contested. All the animals started well together, "Tendrell" leading to Tattenham Corner. At a distance of two hundred yards from the finish, "Doncaster," "Gang Forward" and "Kaiser" were nearly abreast. When about one hundred yards from the stand, "Doncaster" spurted and came in amid the wild cheering of the multitude, winning the race by half a length. Time, two minutes and fifty seconds. Notwithstanding the ravings of Hughes, the House of Commons adjourned, and many an M. P. spent a merry day on the downs.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—New York, May 30th, 1873.—Gold opened at 118⅝; 11 A. M. at 118¾; 3 P. M. at 118¾. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 116¾; 1867, 121¾. Sterling Exchange, 108⅝@109¾. Pacific Mail, 42¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 29¾. Wheat, $1 60@$2 20 quiet. Pork, 18¼ dull. Cotton, 19¼. Hides, dry, 22¾@23, green, 13, dull Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 45@$1 50 fair demand, Winter Bleached, $1 67@$1 75; Whale, active, 62@68c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 70@73c. Wool—Spring, fine, 27@34c.; Burry, 21@26c.; Pulled, 40@35c. Fall Clips, 25@27c.; Burry, 16@21c.
London, May 30.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 1d.@12s. 4d. Club, 12s. 6d. United States Bonds, 89¾. Consols, 93¾@94.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe 1, Paris, May 8, 1873.—Mr and Mrs. Charles Crocker, George Crocker, Fred Crocker, Mrs. Arnold, General, and Mrs. George B. Williams, C. F. Fargo, Frank Cunningham, Edgar Mills, Mrs. S. M. Wilson, Abel Guy, A. C. Whitcomb, A. T. Beach, Frank Moore, Mrs. H. C. Kibbe, Miss Kibbe, Mrs. C. Reis and family, Philipp Deidesheimer, Captain C. H. and Mrs. Harrison, George A. Worn and family, Jonas G. Clark and family, Mrs. A. H. Barnes, Mrs. S. Ladd, Judge McCrea, George Soren.

We Notice with Sincere Regret that the State has just lost a most upright and useful servant in Mr. John Rosenfeld, who has just resigned his office as State Harbor Commissioner.

James Turner Henry, a native of Normancross, Huntingdonshire, died here on May 30, 1873. He was a nephew of Sir Thomas Henry, the well-known London Police Magistrate.

It is Stated that within sixty days all the offices of the Central Pacific Railroad Company will be removed from Sacramento to San Francisco.

The Narrow-Gauge Letter on page three should have been signed E. N. Robinson, the well-known engineer.

Our Poor Friend, Charles Minturn, whose death we all regret, died worth $180,000.

Legal Tenders here are quiet at 85 buying and 85¼ selling.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

AT THY GRAVE.

Waves the soft grass at my feet
Dost thou feel me near thee, sweet?
Though the earth upon thy face
Holds thee close from my embrace,
Yet my spirit thine can reach,
Needs betwixt us twain no speech,
For the same soul lives in each.

Now I meet no tender eyes
Seeking mine, in soft surmise
At some broken utterance faint,
Smile quick brightening, sigh half spent.
Yet in some sweet hours gone by,
No responding eye to eye
Needed we, for sympathy.

Love, I seem to see thee stand
Silent in a shadowy land;
With a look upon thy face,
As if even in that dim place
Distant voices smote thy ears,
Memories of vanished years,
Or faint echoes of these tears.

Yet I would not have it thus:
Then would be most piteous
Our divided lives if thou
An imperfect bliss shouldst know.
Sweet my suffering, if to thee
Death has brought the faculty
Of entire felicity.

Rather would I weep in vain,
That thou canst not share my pain,
Deem that Lethean waters roll
Softly o'er thy separate soul,
Know that a divided bliss
Makes thee careless of my kiss,
Than thou should'st feel distress.

Hush! I hear a low sweet sound
As of music stealing round.
Forms thy hand the thrilling chords
Into more than spoken words?
Ah! 'tis but the gathering breeze
Whispering to the budding trees,
Or the song of early bees.

Love, where art thou! Canst thou not
Hear me, or is all forgot?
See'st thou not these burning tears?
Can my words not reach thy ears?
Or betwixt my soul and thine
Has some mystery divine
Sealed a separating line?

Is it thus then after death,
Old things none remembereth?
Is the spirit henceforth clear
Of the life it gathered here?
Will our noblest longings seem
Like some dim-remembered dream
In the after-world's full beam?

Hark! the rainy wind blows loud,
Scuds above the hurrying cloud;
Hushed is all the songs of bees;
Angry murmurs of the trees
Herald tempests. Silent yet
Sleepest thou—nor tear, nor fret
Troubles thee. Can I forget? —*All the Year Round*

LOBSCHEID'S SCREED.

Credo Quia Absurdum:—such, in significant Latin, is the confession of faith of Pastor Lobscheid, Knight of the Imperial-Royal Order of Francis Joseph, Fellow of the Imperial-Royal Zoological and Botanical Society, and of several others, author of an English-Chinese Dictionary in four volumes, of a Chinese-English Dictionary, and of more than thirty other works in different languages, and presently Preacher to the United German Evangelical Lutheran St. Marcus Congregation at San Francisco, etc., etc. If any reader has lost his way in this blaze of glory, the fault is not ours; for the above is Mr. W. Lobscheid's card, which he leaves at the door of chance acquaintances. Intimate friends get the thing at full length, with never an etc. for a breathing point; and we regret to add that all his intimate friends have died in the bloom of youth. W. Lobscheid, and the rest of him, survive; for the ways of God are inscrutable and past finding out.

We have the pleasure of an outside acquaintance with Pastor Lobscheid's English-Chinese Dictionary in four volumes. They are vast and valuable volumes, (Trübner & Co., London, offer them at eight guineas; but they may be bought in San Francisco for twenty-five dollars), and we venture to say that any man who buys them will wish he had spent more money, and secured a Morrison or a Medhurst Dictionary, without which Lobscheid's had not been.

We have a closer acquaintance with some of the thirty other works in "different languages." One of these, the "*Evidence of the Affinity of the Polynesians and American Indians with the Chinese and Other Nations of Asia*," begins in these words: "When the author of the following pamphlet first arrived in the South and East of Asia, and seeing the motley groups of races passing before him," etc.; from which we conclude that by "different languages," the Imperial-Royal Knight means languages which differ from what they ought to be. Part of the pamphlet we have quoted he delivered as a lecture to the St. Marcus Church people on the 16th May; but with additions. In his pamphlet he describes the Chinamen as physically and intellectually inferior to the European. Very possibly this is true; but with whom is the decision of the question left? There is a fable, as old as Æsop—and a man who belongs to so many learned societies, and has written so many works as Pastor Lobscheid, may have heard of Æsop—and in that fable a lion is represented as objecting to a group in marble, of one of his race subdued by a man, that the lions were not sculptors. It is a great failing in the Chinese that they do not take to lecturing us. If they did, we might learn something, even at the cost of a little Caucasian pride; but as it is, the Lobscheids have free swing, and the innocent Mongols go about their business, without suspecting how much hatred and scorn ferment in the bosoms of the Mickeys and the Hanses, who have just been enlightened by the Imperial-Royal Knight, W. Lobscheid.

In his lecture the reverend Pastor said that the life of the Chinese, as he had seen it, was unspeakably foul; and that they could bring to this community only degradation and evil. He was very full and very plain on this savory chapter of Chinese experience; and accused them of practising horrors, not to be named. All of which may be true, for the Chinese are men, and the most highly-endowed race in history is deliberately accused by Herodotus of inventing the abominations alluded to. What is possible in depravity to the highest race is possible to one physically and mentally inferior; but we believe neither Herodotus nor Lobscheid; and the latter owes us eternal gratitude for putting him in such good company. We do not believe Herodotus, because, with all his perfect honesty, he knew nothing of the Chinese; and we do not believe Lobscheid, because, with all his titles and orders, he never heard of the Greeks.

This whole business of sensuality, as peculiar to one race or another, is ridiculously overdone. Every people has at times descended into the pit; and history is nothing more than a partial record of man's struggles with the beast that is innate in him. While it is perfectly true that one people may be more inclined to fleshly indulgences than another, and this at all stages of its career, it is criminally stupid, in a man supposed to be well-informed, to insist upon isolated or frequent cases of brutality as conclusive and decisive proofs of national ruin.

Still more stupid is this in the case of a presumable scholar, who has made Chinese dictionaries. There are no doubt bad and beastly words in Chinese speech, but in what language are they not? The difference against the Chinese is mainly this: that the writers of Chinese dictionaries are foreigners, who understand little of shades of meaning, and put down in their own recollections, if not in their works, words which no European language allows even to the thought of the lexicographer. "How shamefully rich," says French, "is the language of the vulgar in all countries, in words which cannot be spoken!" But no dictionary records these words; while a European, pastor Lobscheid, or another, compiling his Chinese dictionary, learns, and is horrified at learning, words which are Chinese, no doubt, but not in Chinese literature.

For here comes in what is Mr. Lobscheid's greatest outrage on the Chinese people. He charges them with the profoundest wickedness, and yet he knows perfectly well that their literature—and they are a reading people—is singularly clean. A Protestant minister does not need to be told that "out of the fulness of the heart the mouth speaketh;" and certainly if the Chinese were so degraded as he says, their literature would be tainted all through. But it is not. Compared with the Japanese, it is purity itself, and it is absolutely less indecent than any European literature, except the Spanish.

Pastor Lobscheid has shown that he is unacquainted with Greek; but he may know something of Latin, and we venture to ask him,

What proper person could be partial
To all those nauseous epigrams of Martial?

And yet the Roman has taught us all morality, no less than equity. Of the higher elements of Chinese literature we say nothing. We are of the West, and whether through prejudice, or ignorance, we confess to a belief in the superiority of Western literature. But we wish to see justice done, even in a hasty lecture. The Chinese have faults enough to bear the blame of, without incurring responsibility for what does not belong to them. These and other considerations are so many arguments against the exceptional immorality charged upon the Chinese; but the conclusive proof that this people is at least as clean as others is found in the enormous population of the Empire. If there is one physiological fact better established than another, it is that the foul vices of unrestrained licentiousness are fatal to the reproductive powers; and we leave to Pastor Lobscheid the task of bringing about an agreement between this well-known fact and his ideal picture of the depravity, which eats out the life of a people, whose number defies calculation. Our missionary says that the Chinese have overrun and invaded Borneo and Java and Siam, besides the Sandwich Islands; that in Borneo, they have reduced the natives to slavery, and in other places have monopolized all trade and commerce and manufactures. *Quod erat demonstrandum;* and of course we admit these things. At the same time, slavery existed in Borneo before the Chinese saw it. It always has existed in Asia, and it is exactly nine years since it ceased to exist in the Christian country which Mr. Lobscheid has chosen for his home. Rajah Brooke made something of the Dyaks, but neither he nor any other who knew them pretended to think them better than the Chinese. As for trade and commerce and manufactures, do not these things generally fall into the hands of the men most competent to practice them? If the Chinese monopolize these industries in various countries, it must be because they are more capable and more persevering than other races; and does the author of thirty works in different languages regard capacity and industry as vices? Some of his readers might be suspected of entertaining such a sentiment, but hardly the writer himself.

"Every effort," says this revealer of China, "has been made by the people and the governments of Europe to draw the Chinese within the sphere of civilization; but all in vain. They have learned nothing of the Europeans but the arts by means of which they may be able to work injury to the men of the West." It is hard to say whether the Christian or ignoramus is more prominent in this delightful extract. We have not visited China, neither have we tried to preach the gospel, but we have some little knowledge of the efforts made by European people and governments to civilize the Chinese. As our readers may have heard, these are always of two kinds—cannon and cajolery. If the European Lobscheids past and present, failed to juggle the Chinese out of their heathenish ways and cash, an appeal was made to the force of cannon-shot; and after a few cities had been knocked to pieces, the missionaries went to work again at the cheerful task, till there was another hitch in the machinery, and so on, *da capo*. It was and is a perpetual see-saw of Christianity and chinking, swindling and sanctity; and in all seriousness, we respect the Chinese from the bottom of our hearts for the sturdiness with which they distrust and resist the European and American influence. There is but one drawback to the satisfaction with which we regard their attitude: their refusal to be converted by him has driven the Rev. Pastor Lobscheid, author of Dictionaries, and Knight of thirty different degrees of darkness, to settle upon San Francisco, already more than sufficiently afflicted with gabble and quackery and rigmarole.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 21, 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,244,737 25, as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $...,000. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 11th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor,
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION

The best chance to Invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific Coast. TITLE PERFECT. 756 Lots at $25 for inside and $50 for corner Lots; payable $10 cash, balance $5 per month, without interest or assessments for expenses. Blocks 200 by 300 Feet—Lots 25 by 110 Feet and 30 by 150 Feet. Streets all 80 Feet Wide. Subscribers can select their lots on receipt of the first payment, and those who wish to pay in full and take deeds at once can do so. This valuable property is beautifully located, commanding a fine view of San Diego Bay and surroundings. It is only eight blocks of 200 feet each from the City Park Reservation, a few minutes walk from the Hotel, and just One Mile from the Railroad lands on the water front, where the depots and center of business must be located. Congress has just made San Diego a Port of Entry, and it is now believed to be certain that grading will be commenced on the Texas and Pacific Railroad early this season. There is no place on the Coast where one can invest at the present time with as much certainty of doubling or trebling his money in a few months as in San Diego. The location, the nearness to what must be the business center, the exceedingly low price and easy terms, with the future prospects of that city, make this property the most desirable for Homestead and residence purposes, and one of the best investments for speculation ever offered. For maps showing the entire bay, with correct surroundings and the location of this property, with the various points of interest and importance, apply to IRA G. HOITT, Secretary and Agent, 421 Montgomery street, San Francisco, where subscription books are now open.
TRUSTEES—BENJ. P. AVERY, DORVILLE LIBBY, IRA G. HOITT. March 29.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Condensed Descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc. Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts, Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc. Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17.]

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co, Thomas Turnbull, Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanazeuilh & Fils, Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Ballozzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Boerrech.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine, Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C'Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co, Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq., H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co; Rothschilds, Bank of London; Baring, Bros & Co; Delley, Davies & Co; F'k Ansile, M. D.; "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co; Hoth, Grunning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Union Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore Le Cadle & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; O. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

A Fortune-Teller's Advice.—A Southwark reader favors us with a copy of a fortune-teller's letter to a foolish young girl, duly paid for at a high price: "Dear Madam I feel happy to tell you that you are a person Well Born and under the Controle and Government of a planet Called Venus. This denotes a long life and long gurneys and travel by land and Sea and that the most difficult part of your life is to be from your Birth up to the year 1874 and your stay wear you are will be short. The change will be Much to your Advantage and you are to have Money left you by a person a long way off. You have a Young Man that has some thoughts of you at the present but the Future Husband is quite a stranger and he will cross your path soon when you are on a short gurney he will speak to you walk and talk to you. He will tell you that he would like to Make you Acquaintance with a Vue to Marriage. He is a tall dark young Man he has a short temper. He will be a kind loving husband and his name Thomas Freman he is a Engineer by trade and you will be the Mother of 8 Children." Our correspondent adds: "In this age of enlightenment one would imagine that 'fortune-telling' would be exclusively confined to the commonalty of the black country—at least, entirely eradicated from the environs of London; but unfortunately it is now as predominant in our midst as in the days of the Tudors. These fortune-tellers—mostly of the gipsy caste—are, as a rule, women of middle age, who go from house to house, chiefly in the West End, making servants their dupes, they having to pay a good price for the information imparted to them."—*South London Press.*

The Countess Guiccioli's Literary Remains.—The *Allgemeine Zeitung* of the 16th of April has an article upon Swinburne's "Byron," and detailed quotations from the preface of the new edition, in which the hope is expressed that "something at once new and true" may one day be brought to light concerning Byron's life. "However, this, like much else besides, lies in the lap of the gods, and especially in the lap of one goddess, who still treads the earth. Till she speaks we cannot guess what she may have to say." To this phrase the editor adds: "Countess Guiccioli has died meanwhile without divulging anything." "Now," says Mr. Karl Hillebrand, writing to us from Florence, "I have had the privilege of looking through the whole of the extremely valuable manuscript collection left by the Countess, which is still in the possession of her family. It contains, besides the MS. of a work on 'Byron's Stay in Italy,' by the Countess, which is full of unpublished letters and contemporary notices, a quantity of Lord Byron's autograph manuscripts (for instance, of 'Marino Faliero,' several cantos of 'Don Juan,' 'Dante's Prophecy,' etc.), and, what is a good deal more important, an extensive correspondence, dating from 1820 to 1823, which, however, is hardly adapted for publication."

Effects of Vegetable Perfumes on Health.—An Italian professor has made some very agreeable medical researches, resulting in the discovery that vegetable perfumes exercise a positively healthful influence on the atmosphere, converting its oxygen into ozone, and thus increasing its oxydizing influence. The essences found to develop the largest quantity of ozone are those of cherry, laurel, cloves, lavender, mint, juniper, lemons, fennel, and bergamot; those that give it in smaller quantity are anise, nutmeg, and thyme. The flowers of the narcissus, hyacinth, mignonette, heliotrope, and lily of the valley, develop ozone in closed vessels. Flowers destitute of perfume do not develop it, and those which have but slight perfume develop it only in small quantities. Reasoning from these facts the professor recommends the cultivation of flowers in marshy districts, and in all places infested with animal emanations, on account of the powerful oxydizing influence of ozone. The inhabitants of such regions should, he says, surround their houses with beds of the most odorous flowers.

The Australasian Says:—"Warrnambool furnishes her quota of excitement in re the Tichborne case. While on a visit to that bucolic neighborhood lately our informant encountered an old resident of the district who avows herself the wife of the real Sir Roger, married to him in Tasmania in 1854. Her attention was first attracted to the matter by her brother in England sending to her for her husband's portrait. This portrait was duly sent, and is, we hear, recognized as the veritable Sir Roger. The brother in return sent out a carte of Sir Roger taken just prior to his departure from England, and she is prepared to swear that the original of this carte was her husband. Her opinion on the subject was further confirmed by the fact of her eldest child taking up the portrait, looking at it attentively for some time, and calling it his papa. She distinctly asserts that her husband related to her the tale of the 'Bella,' and is further of opinion that the claimant is Orton, whose name she remembers her husband having mentioned."

Another Epidemic of Trichinosis.—About two hundred persons who had eaten raw ham, purchased at the shop of a butcher in Magdeburg, have been attacked, reports the London *Medical Record*, with grave symptoms of the flesh-worm disease, due to the incision of their tissues by hosts of living trichinæ. One is dead. The living trichinæ have been found in numbers (as is usual), in small parts of the muscle, and removed by a little instrument devised for the purpose, from the arms of some of the patients (of whom twelve are in the hospital), among them being the butcher who sold the diseased pork. The swelling of the face and limbs, and the acute muscular pain characterizing the disease, have been observed in all the cases, and some are still considered to be in danger. The penalties of the Germanic custom of eating raw ham are severe.

In the Jardin des Plantes, at Paris, an elephant had been turned out of his house to allow of a chase of the rats that devoured his food. The rats ran about in all directions, and while the elephant was stooping to pick up a morsel of bread which one of the crowd had thrown to him, a rat, fancying he saw a means of escape, took refuge in the interior of his trunk. The elephant made frantic efforts to relieve himself of his unwelcome visitor, but in vain. Suddenly he paused and seemed to reflect, then he went to his basin, filled his trunk with water, and amidst the great excitement of the lookers-on, ejected the water and the unfortunate rat with one sublime effort, and the exclamation, "'Od rat it!"

A Sharp Shock of Earthquake was felt at Doncaster, England, at a few seconds after half-past two o'clock, on April 29th. Many dwelling-houses and other buildings were shaken to their foundations, and people rushed out into the streets to learn the cause. Persons who were sitting at the time of the occurrence are said to have been jerked forward, or to have been thrown bodily off their seats. Furniture was displaced in upper rooms, and many tradesmen had their goods in their shops disturbed. One gentleman galloped to the Great Northern plant works, thinking that an explosion had happened. The weather was fine, but cold during the day.

At Constantinople, a number of old rusted helmets deposited in the Church of St. Irene were lately sold to a Jew as old iron, at about 12c. or 15c. the pound. There were about 600. The purchaser commenced cleaning them, and then discovered that they were of fine steel, and adorned with Arabic inscriptions, showing that they dated from very ancient times. He began by selling them at 20 piastres (25 centimes each) the piece, then 30, 40, and even 50, until at last an Armenian bought up all that were left at 22f. 50c. each, and put them up to sale in the bazaars. The government has repurchased them at from £2 to £3 apiece.

The Sacred Village of Bethlehem has been the scene of an unpriestly collision between belligerent members of the Church Militant. From Constantinople it is reported that the Roman Catholic priests at Bethlehem broke the lamps of a church—a proceeding which was resented by the priests of the Greek Church, who evinced their resentment by tearing down the curtains. Five priests of each Church are said to be wounded.

Private Advices state that the old walls of Adrianople, which are in course of destruction, have been found to be of pre-Byzantine character, the lower layers consisting of huge stones placed side by side, without cement. Probably this would be found to be the case in a great many other instances, and the dates of the structures could not be determined by this circumstance only.

An Interesting Discovery has been made by a peasant who was laboring in a field near Arles. This consists of a work in glass, in two parts, one in common glass in the form of a vase, the other comprises an ornament superposed on red glass, and is enriched with oval decorations; on one of the sides is the inscription, "*Divus Maximinianus Augustus.*"

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Spasms. Dr. J. Collis BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B. A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *.*SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution AGAINST FRAUD.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with powers of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion, in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and despatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Smith, Thomson & Co. Bombay and Punjab, Messrs. Treacher & Co. Kurrachee, Messrs. Budgett & Hughes. Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.
Agents: CHARLES LANGLEY & CO., corner Battery and Clay sts, San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps, Chemically-prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges for Pin-fire and Central-fire Breech-loading Guns; Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. 7.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS, under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 10.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co. and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 15.

THE RIVER TIME.

O, a wonderful stream is the river Time!
And it flows through the realm of Tears,
With a faultless rhythm and a musical rhyme,
And a broadening sweep and a surge sublime,
As it bends with the ocean of years.

How the winters are drifting like flakes of snow!
And the summers like buds between,
And the ears and the sheaves how they come and go,
On the river's breast with its ebb and flow,
As they glide in the shadow and sheen.

There's a magic isle up the river Time,
Where the softest of airs are playing;
There's a cloudless sky and a tropical clime,
And a voice as sweet as a vesper chime,
And the Junes with the roses are staying;

And the name of that isle is the "Long Ago,"
And we bury our treasures there;
There are brows of beauty and the bosoms of snow,
They are heaps of dust, but we love them so,
There are trinkets and tresses of hair.

There are fragments of song that nobody sings,
And a part of an infant's prayer;
There's a harp unswept and a lute without strings,
There are broken vows and pieces of rings,
And the garments she used to wear.

There are hands which are waved when that fairy shore
By the mirage is left in the air,
And sometimes we hear, through the turbulent roar,
Sweet voices we've heard in the days gone before,
When the wind down the river is fair.

O, remembered for aye be that blessed Isle
All the day of life till night:
And when evening comes with its beautiful smile,
And our eyes are closed to slumber awhile,
May that greenwood of soul be in sight!

COOK, THE TOURISTS' FRIEND.

The Tide of Summer Tourists, says *Appleton's Journal*, is flowing Europeward, the steamers being crowded by anticipation for months to come, greenbacks converted into rouleaux of sovereigns and napoleons, the seamstress, milliners, and tailors, overcrowded with work on tourists' suits, and brown-stone fronts already putting on the blank, forbidding, "not-at-home" face, which stamps them as deserted. In view of the unusual number of European travelers, consequent upon the Vienna Exposition, why does not some enterprising Yankee organize a thorough system of excursions to the Austrian capital and back? At present, only the dimmest estimate can be made of the cost of a trip thither; after leaving the steamer in the Mersey, or at the mouth of the Seine or Elbe, nine voyagers out of ten have but the haziest notion what their outlays will be in fares and hotel expenses; and the financial aspect is of the first importance to the *paterfamilias* who contemplates taking madame and his two blooming daughters such a distance. In this matter of excursions, the English—and one Englishman in particular—have quite outdone us, who boast so much of our go-ahead-ativeness. Those who trust themselves to the patriarchal care of Mr. Cook, throw on his willing shoulders pretty much all the care of their own whatever. "Cook's tourists," to be sure, are more or less sneered at in England, and by none more than your cockney, who three years ago saved a matter of twenty pounds sterling by becoming a "Cook's tourist" himself, in a run on the Continent. Of course, people who are able to travel luxuriously, to have their couriers, take their *coupe* and coachman with them, engage suites of apartments at the Hôtel Bristol and the Schweitzerhof a week beforehand by telegraph, and travel first class with the "princes and fools," may dispense with Mr. Cook and his kind altogether. He is emphatically the peculiar boon of the peripatetic middle classes, of those who are able to travel, if they can only do it moderately, and who must, as they travel, count the cost thereof. To these, Mr. Cook benevolently steps in and informs them that, at certain stated prices, he will take them almost anywhere or everywhere they wish to go. If they desire to see Paris or Vienna, Madrid or Naples, St. Petersburg or Constantinople—nay, even, for that matter, Jerusalem, Bagdad, and Damascus, the Pyramid of Cheops or the domes of Seringapatam, they have only to pack up and deliver themselves over, at the London railway-station, into the hands of Mr Cook, or one of his lieutenants. He takes charge of the trunks and portmanteaus and umbrellas, he provides clean apartments and healthy food at the Continental hotels, he attends to the health and comfort of all his perambulating flock. He does all this on advantageously cheap terms, dealing as he does by wholesale, and being a most envied customer to the less aristocratic Continental hosts. Notwithstanding the English fondness for being, eating, and traveling alone, Mr. Cook has been a distinct success, and may be looked upon as a sort of educator of the masses, as "travel tries a man," according to Lord Bacon. Every year may be seen shoals of cheerful "Cook's tourists" crossing the Channel; and on the Continent you find them everywhere, wearing for the most part contented faces, climbing cathedral-steeples, floating down German streams, flitting through Louvre and Dresden galleries, driving in groups in the Palais Royal, crawling into the Great Pyramid, and gazing wonderingly over the precipices of the Tête Noire, or vigorously mounting the pass of the Great Saint Bernard. They are happy, for the idea of lost baggage does not intrude on the sentiment inspired by the monuments and the scenery, and there is a fillip of pleasant curiosity in not knowing what hotel they are going to, and what sights they are coming upon next. They are safe in their numbers, and in the experienced skill of Mr. Cook; and they come home again with many new and pleasant acquaintances made, and with many useful things in their heads which it will be a life-long pleasure to recall. There is no reason on earth why there should not be an American Cook. Arrangements might be made with the ocean steamers, in the present stage of lively competition to carry parties of from ten to sixty at reduced fares; and the Continental lines and hotels would need little persuasion to induce them to yield material concessions. Americans are sociable beings; there is a very large class who would rather travel *en masse* than alone; and it is safe to say that hundreds would avail themselves of an opportunity to go to Vienna this summer, could they do so at a certain determined price, inclusive of every necessary expense, and relieved of the baggage bugbear and bore. Not only would they save money in fares by such a system, but, in being attended by competent managers and guides, they would be far less exposed to the wholesale swindling for which Continental hotels and shop keepers and guides regard English and Americans as the fairest of game. Mr. Cook and his assistants go shopping with their "tourist," and thus enable them to pay the real market-price for their gloves and Indian shawls and silks and trinkets. The lodgings to be had at Vienna are no doubt fast being taken up, and an enterprise such as we suggest should be organized at once if at all. It would be a luxury indeed could people of limited means be assured, not only of a trip thither without many of the ordinary discomforts of traveling, but also of a temporary local habitation after arrival there, and the certainty of seeing the splendid exhibition in such comfort as is to be had at all away from home. The more the Americans who travel, the more intelligent voters and cultured men and women we shall have; for it is always true that traveling is a good regimen for ignorance, prejudice, and want of self-control.

[See Advertisement in another column.]

We Understand that a marriage is arranged between the Hon Edward O'Neill, M.P., eldest son of Lord O'Neill, and Lady Louisa Cochrane, eldest daughter of the Earl and Countess of Dundonald, and granddaughter of Thomas, the tenth Earl—so famous as "Admiral Lord Cochrane," whose great fame was mostly created by his heroism on the Pacific coast.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 1st. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.
California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

YEAST POWDER.—A CARD.

To the Merchants, Grocers, Housekeepers, Miners, and People of California Generally

I take this opportunity of stating to the public, that my connection with Daniel Callaghan, 121 Front street, San Francisco, in the manufacture of DONNOLLY'S YEAST POWDERS, has now expired by limitation. The public are hereby notified that none of Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured unless at his Factory, 515 and 517 Clay street, between Battery and Front, where Thomas Donnolly's Improved Genuine Yeast Powders are manufactured by himself—the only original manufacturer. Thomas Donnolly's Yeast Powders, Thomas Donnolly's Genuine Pure Cream of Tartar, his Pure Unadulterated Saleratus and his Unadulterated, Unequaled Bicarbonate of Soda, are for sale at his Factory, 515 and 517 Clay street, between Battery and Front, and all manufactured and put up from the best and purest materials. Thankful to his friends and the public generally for the very liberal patronage received since his commencement in the business, now seventeen years ago, he hopes for a continuance of their favor. All orders promptly attended to. Look out for his signature, plainly written on every can, box or package. Give him a call and you will find his goods as represented—superior to any now in use here or elsewhere.
San Francisco, January 25, 1873. [Feb. 1.] THOMAS DONNOLLY.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 621 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO.

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties (tarred or untarred) of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are so located that orders can be shipped Direct, by rail or water, to any part of the State, when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY [April 26.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 116 Front street.

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO.

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for Rope of any special lengths and sizes. Constantly on hand, a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes; Tarred Manila Rope; Hay Rope; Whale Line, etc., etc.
April 26. TUBBS & CO., 611 and 613 Front street.

$5,000.—A CHANCE TO MAKE A FORTUNE.

I will dispose of an Interest in my Wonderful Bedstead to a live man. It is a regular Bedstead. A sick person, however large, handled as easy as a babe. Raises the patients up, turns them over from one side to the other; makes up the bed and changes the clothes; places patient on the feet or on a vessel, separates patient from bed and cools the bed, rocks to sleep, and all without using the hands or disturbing the slumbers. BENJAMIN POLLARD,
April 26. 1114 Market street.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

REMOVAL.

The San Francisco and Pacific Sugar Company and H. Feuerstein & Co. have removed their offices to the Second Floor of TALLANT'S NEW BANKING HOUSE, Northeast corner of Battery and California streets. April 26.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N.B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 29

QUICKSILVER

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Money's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD —

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alliance.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. O. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamulz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, south east corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

AFTER THE FAIR.

So Aileen, my darlint, you've been to the Fair,
And its mighty fine times you were havin', my lass,—
It must be I'm leavin' my wits wid'em there,
Is it talkin' ol am to meself in the glass!

My Larrie came to me—to-morrow's three days—
And says he, very saucy and pert-like, says he,
The lads bid ye come to the Fair, if ye plaze—
Is it dancin' their hearts into shoe-strings ye'll be?

Ah! thin it's themselves must be moindin' their hearts,
But it's very poor shoe-strings I'm thinkin' they'd make—
It's little I'd see o' the lads o' these parts
The while I'd be dancin' wid Pat o' the Lake.

You're right, lass, meself'll be seein' ye then,
It's dancin' wid Peggy I'll be, dear, ye know—
Just look at me wance, darlint, don't look again—
For its jealous you'd be, since you're loving me so.

I went to the Fair in a swate satin gown,
But it wasn't wid Pat I was dancin' at all,
But two foreign gintlemen, come from the town,
And wid two powdered heads on them smiling and tall.

It's Larrie was watching me angrily then,
And says I in his ear, very saucy and low,
"Just look at me wance, darlint, don't look again,
For it's jealous you'd be since you're loving me so."

We stood on the door-slip, my Larrie and me,
And says he, very soft, lookin' up to the skies,
"A moonkey ye're lovin', too mane, dear to be
In the light o' your swate, lovin' beautiful eyes:"

And thin, very hoigh and offended, I said--
"Sure it's stories you're tellin', you never can prove,"
And then very soft—"Are you losing your head!
Whist! Larrie, my darlint, it's you that I love!"

A DINNER AT DELMONICO'S.

Recently Mr. Wm. M. Soper, Superintendent of Appleton's educational department, while walking up Broadway, was accosted by a modestly dressed young man, who cordially grasped his hands, saying:

"I am exceedingly glad you have arrived. Of course you received our telegram, and are here in response to it. I am delighted to see you, I assure you. The store is closed for the day, but you must come around early in the morning and we will fix up matters in a very short time, and you can return to Kentucky a richer and a happier man." Mr. Soper here suggested this might be a case of mistaken identity.

"Impossible," said the young man blandly. "Your name is Barlow, Henry Barlow, of Louisville, isn't it?"

Mr. Soper politely replied in the negative, and the stranger overwhelmed him with apologies, adding that Mr. Soper's resemblance to "Mr. Barlow" was so remarkable that he should esteem it a great favor if he might be permitted to mention it to the real Mr. Barlow, who was hourly expected on important business. Therefore, as an act of kindness, would he give him his name? Mr. Soper, suspecting something wrong, gave him the address of G. B. Damon, of Kansas City.

Mr. Soper resumed his walk up Broadway, but before he reached his hotel his hand was seized by another young gentleman, whose garb and manner were such as to inspire confidence. "My dear Mr. Damon, how do you do? This is indeed a pleasant surprise. How did you leave our good friends in Kansas City? When did you arrive, and how long do you remain? Where are you stopping?"

Mr. Soper "saw it" at once, and viewing the fun which he saw ahead as racier than that which he might find in a theater, he politely replied that he could not remember where he had seen the young gentleman, but that his face was familiar. "Is it possible, Mr. Damon, that you do not recollect me? My name is Hammond, I am a clerk in the Kansas City Post Office. I have handed you your letters morning after morning for more than a year."

"Now that I look at you again," returned Mr. Soper, "I remember you perfectly, and I am only too glad to meet some one from home. I am very glad to see you, Mr. Hammond, very glad," and he cordially extended his hand to greet with greater warmth his fellow-citizen who took such a kindly interest in him.

Mr. Hammond here inquired whether Mr. Damon had dined. Mr. Damon had not. Would he go to Delmonico's, and honor him with his presence at dinner? And to Delmonico's they went. At the close of the feast Mr. Hammond paid the bill, whose items are as follows:

A DINNER FOR EPICURES.

Clam on Shell	60
Green Turtle Soup	80
One pint Hockheimer	$1 00
One pint Sherry (old)	1 00
Boiled Salmon, a la Hollandais	1 20
Roast Lamb, mint sauce, a la Delmonico	1 50
Tomatoes, Asparagus, Green Peas, Potatoe Croquettes	1 75
One quart Consular seal Champagne	4 50
Wild Pigeon en compote Francaise	1 50
One pint Claret, pontet canet	2 00
Plum Pudding, glacée	1 00
French Coffee	60
Havana Cigars	50
Total	$18 20

As Messrs. Soper and Hammond were stepping out to the Fourteenth street sidewalk, Mr. Soper took Mr. Hammond's hand, saying:

"Mr Hammond, I am delighted to have met you, and I am glad you recognize me, and am pleased that I know you. You must visit me in my own house as soon as we get back to Kansas City. I shall be proud to introduce so elegant a gentleman to my family and friends. I am gratified to meet you for another reason than that we are citizens of the same place. In examining my funds this morning I find that I am short. I don't think I have enough to pay my hotel bill here and my fare home. Mr. Hammond, you know who I am, and I shall be very much gratified if you can do me the kindness to lend me $100 until we reach home, when I shall make it my immediate duty and pleasure to call at the *Post Office* and refund you the amount."

Mr. Hammond vanished, uttering the single monosyllable, "Sold!"

NARROW GAUGE.

Editor News Letter: Mr. Curtis, *alias* A Warning, *alias* Investigator, the author of the articles published in *News Letter* January 4th and 25th, and which he has seen proper to re-publish in a Postscript of *News Letter* in issues of May 17th and 24th, distributing the same to the extent of several thousand copies throughout the State—for what purpose is best known to Mr. C. and the parties he serves—exhibits a spirit of unfairness bordering on meanness, for he parades before the public his two letters of January 4th and 25th, and only one of mine, dated January 11th, whereas there were three letters of mine in response to his, published in the *News Letter*, dated respectively January 11th, February 1st, and February 15th. Mr. Curtis, it seems, wrote his letters under a *nom de plume* and then subsided, but lately has again started out on his mad career over his own signature. If Mr. Curtis' skin contains an atom of fairness or honesty of purpose in this "gauge" controversy, he will publish or cause to be published the entire correspondence growing out of his first raid upon "narrow gauge" as "A Warning." The gauge question is an important one to this State, and is making good headway in this State, and I stand ready to revive this argument with Mr. C. as soon as he shows a spirit of manliness and fairness, by publishing, and, if necessary, distributing with the same energy my answers, as he displayed in sowing broadcast his effusions in behalf of the "broad gauge."

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE

MAILS FOR	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	ARRIVE. A.M.	ARRIVE. P.M.
Alameda	....	2 40	...	1.00
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co.'s steamers	-	3 40	..	9 00
Cloverdale and Coast Points	....	1 40	11 15	..
Eureka		1 40	11 15	.....
Marysville and Sacramento	8.30	3 40	3 40	9.00
Napa Route via Vallejo		3.40	12.40	.....
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6.30	...	....	9.00
Oakland	6 30	5.40	...	5.00 9.00
Overland	6 30	..		9.00
Petaluma and Coast Points		1 15		12 00
San Rafael	9.15	.	9 00	...
San Jose	8.00	4 15	9 30	6 00
Southern California and Arizona	8 00	.	. .	6.00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3.40	3 40	9.00
Vallejo and Benicia	7.00	3 40	12.41	9.00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County	..	3 00	.	2 40
Great Britain, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays		8 30	.	.....

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front-st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 7 P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs' Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 3:30 P.M., from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:30 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 10:20 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street. [May 17.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria, and Hope Town. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's comfortable Spring Wagons leave Cape Town, without fail, every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and traveling the above route are due at Du Toit's Pan, the center point of the Diggings, on the seventh day from Town. Under new and improved arrangements, punctuality is ensured. Fare to the Diggings £12. Each Passenger allowed 30 lbs. Luggage. Rest is afforded to Passengers by night stoppage at the principal stations, and Refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the entire route. Passengers' heavy Baggage has precedence by the Company's Goods Wagons leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the head office of the Company, No. 53 ADDERLEY STREET, corner of Longmarket street, Cape Town. R. T. TOWNSEND, Secretary.
Cape Town, 23d March, 1873. May 17.

THE CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.
FOR HONGKONG via YOKOHAMA,

FROM FRONT STREET WHARF.

The Magnificent British Iron Steamship Galley of Lorne, 2,037 tons, J. Robinson, Commander. This fast and powerful Clyde-built Steamship sails from Hongkong for this port about the 1st of June, and on arrival here will have quick dispatch as above. For freight on Merchandise and Treasure or Passage apply to MACONDRAY & CO.,
May 17. Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

MACONDRAY & CO'S LINE FOR HONGKONG.

From Front street Wharf.—The magnificent British iron S. S. Lord of the Isles, J. Robinson, Commander. This fast and powerful steamship was built on the Clyde in 1870. She is 2,157 tons register; has two compound engines of 350 horse-power. She will leave Hongkong for this port on the 10th instant, and on arrival here will have immediate dispatch on her return voyage. For freight or passage apply to MACONDRAY & CO.
Agents at Hongkong, Messrs Russell & Co April 19.

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of
May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. GEO MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
Aug. 10.] WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 217 Sansome street.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The A 1 Ship Blue Jacket, Grozier, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to E. E. MORGAN'S SONS,
May 24. 320 California street.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 413 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 21.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

BAGS, TENTS AND HOSE.

Neville & Co., 113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets, San Francisco. May 24.

BURLING & BROTHER,

Stock Brokers, have Removed to No. 323 California street, below Sansome May 24

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Alaska Commercial Company, for the election of Trustees and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 310 Sansome street, San Francisco, California, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of June, 1873, at 1 o'clock P. M. JOHN F. MILLER,
[May 31.] President.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any; and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

CRAPE ON THE DOOR.

Dear News Letter. In making a call last Sabbath on my old and esteemed friend, Charles Mantero, at his little cottage home on the rock in Battery street, I was inexpressibly shocked at finding crape on the door. Although he had been in bad health for a long time, and I had often called during his illness, I was still unprepared for the closing scene. In stepping up to ring the bell, my hand coming suddenly in contact with the mournful emblem attached to the bell, the circumstance suggested the following little poem, which I inscribe to the memory of my departed friend, whose noble heart is now still forever. You will be kind enough to give this little tribute a place in your paper, which my friend and myself have so often read with much interest together, and oblige

Yours ever, THE PARSON.

CRAPE ON THE DOOR.

Thou art faded and gone, like the rays of the Sun,
When the night settles down, and the Summer day's o'er;
Death shook from the hour-glass of time, one by one
The sands of thy life—there is crape on the door.

I sought my old friend, in his house on the rock,
No omen of evil the May morning wore,
And I, solemn echo but answered my knock,
No sound reached his ear—there was crape on the door.

A sad, soothing silence pervaded the place,
But a smile of ineffable sweetness he wore,
And a speaking expression remained on his face,
I am happy, at rest, since there's crape on the door.

There manhood's proud bosom was swelling with grief,
And stern eyes that mocked at a tear-drop before,
Now opened the watery gates for relief,
And wept as they looked at the crape on the door.

We wistfully gazed on the face of the dead,
And asked, is there somewhere an evergreen shore—
Some beautiful realm where the souls that have fled
May dwell with no fear of the crape on the door?

An answer came up from the heart's deepest cell,
We hope yet to meet the loved ones gone before,
But none may return the dread secret to tell
That is hid by that small piece of crape on the door.

THE OAKS, May 26, 1873. THE PARSON.

[COMMUNICATED.]

THE COMING STORM.—WHO WILL BE HELD RESPONSIBLE FOR IT?

It Must Be Evident to the Most Casual Observer that the attitude assumed recently towards the Chinese dates from the intemperate style of handling the question of Chinese immigration by one or two incendiary and sensational sheets that have sought to "fire the Irish heart," and promote mob law and violence towards that class of our population. The effects of these mischievous articles are manifest in the increasing and audacious defiance of law and order by the hoodlum element as daily exhibited in our streets in attacks on unoffending Chinese, culminating in a cold-blooded, deliberate murder on Wednesday night last. I wish to call public attention to the source and instigators of the growing danger of acts of violence and disorder, that will add materially to our hard-earned character for christian-like deeds. I am no advocate of the influx of the Chinese—do not propose to discuss that question; I simply say, that certain newspapers are sowing the seeds of the whirlwind, and advocating a course that will culminate in acts disgracing us in the eyes of every nation of the earth. The Constitution of the United States makes no distinction nor exceptions. It opens the country's arms to all. Is it proper that those who are themselves foreign to the soil, after finding a home here with us, to assert the right to dictate who shall or shall not come to our shores? It is a most wonderful example of "cheek," but that is not a matter for discussion now. I simply say that any human being coming to us is entitled to the protection of our laws without distinction, and it is disgraceful to see the indifference manifested by those sworn to protect and administer the law. The key to all this wonderful and sudden zeal in the raid on the Chinese may be found in the fact that election is near. Otherwise, would these highly virtuous gentlemen of the Board of Supervisors have troubled themselves on the subject of cubic feet of atmosphere a human being requires in order to insure him a refreshing sleep? Why not concern themselves as zealously about other "dregs of society"? They can find whites and blacks, and all nations, inhabiting filthy dens, and short of the regulation allowance of oxygen all over the town. I feel quite solicitous about the "Board;" they have gone short on so many things, I have every reason to fear that if called upon suddenly for a conscientious exhibit of motives, they would go to protest en masse. How disgusting to see men who ought to have independence enough to express their honest convictions, and stand by them, "truckling" to the foreign vote, they all want to serve the city another term—do violence to their feelings out of zeal for the cause. Oh, gloria humbug! I am not a champion for the celestial. I would rather he staid at home. I don't court that style of immigration, but once here, and coming here under the broad invitation of our Constitution, do not let us murder them in the public streets. If we do, the blood be upon the heads of those setting this ball in motion. We can put our fingers on them now, and now is the time to do it, that we may not forget in our hour of travail to whom we are indebted for laws outraged and a community disgraced. T. M.

AUTUMN IN THE SIERRA.

Bierstadt's latest, and in many respects grandest work, "Autumn in the Sierra," is now on view at the gallery of the Art Association. It is a view on the South Fork of King's River, Inyo County, and shows conclusively that grandeur exists in other parts of California besides the eternal Yosemite. Neither have the rugged wilds and mountain fastnesses of Inyo ever before been transferred to canvas. The picture itself is a composition worthy of Turner himself—a grand intermingling of crag and cliff and distant mountains, of tarn and forest, of pine and moss and lichen, fresh as nature itself, and in all probability infinitely better put together. We have no idea that this is a servile photographic copy of one given point, but that it is a happy composition, the integral portions of which are chosen from the best that Dame Nature affords, seen under a happy effect, such as might not be by any means her average aspect, and yet nevertheless and notwithstanding be perfectly true, the whole combined by a master hand for the pleasure of some one happy possessor, and (for a short time only) for the delectation of an intelligent public. There are many points in this magnificent picture worthy of note—the bare slippery rocks on the left hand of the cañon are wonderfully true, Mount Brewer, towering grandly over all, is "put in" with the true feeling of an artist mountaineer, and the ideas of height and depth are really conveyed to the beholder in this work, a very rare thing indeed in art. We must desist, however, from further praise, presuming that not a single reader of the *News Letter* will fail to visit it. Were this identical work of Bierstadt's in London, it would be exhibited by itself at the price charged for admission to the whole gallery. The Art Association gives the cheapest as well as the most intellectual entertainment afforded in the city.

The American Newspaper Reporter is a most useful little sheet to the editor, printer, compositor and general public. It is edited by Geo. P. Rowell & Co; Park Row, New York.

THE NEW POSTAL CARDS.

We Have Noticed Among the Majority of our Indwellers a lack of comprehension as to the utility and convenience of the new postal cards (price one cent), so for the purpose of elucidating the principle of this new mode of communication, we subjoin a few messages taken at random from different post bags.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 23, 1873.

DEAR MAC: Keep that matter of the Indian Reservation quiet. I will get up a story that they are innocent and arming, and then you can go up and get all the credit of peacefully getting them. Bury the hatchet for the time being, and cut no more government timber. Yours, T. M.

THURSDAY AFTERNOON, 3 P. M.

DEAR JANE: There is to be a special meeting of the Chinese Conversion Society this afternoon. I am particularly requested to be present, so that you need not expect me home to dinner. I shall not be surprised if we don't break up until a late hour, so don't sit up for me. Yours affectionately, ONESIMUS.

SAME DATE.

DARLING JENNY:—That old reprobate of a husband of yours has gone off by the four o'clock boat in blazes with Fanny V——. I will be up in half an hour's time with a team, and we'll go and dine at the Cliff. Be ready, for there is no moon, and we shall have to come home before it gets quite dark. Wrap yourself up warm and believe me ever YOUR ALFRED.

MAY 26, 1873.

MR. JOHN SMITH:—There is a balance of fifty cents owing me by Mrs. Jane McLaughlin, of Urania Place, account inclosed. Please collect and bring money to my office. I see by your advertisement that your charge for collection is five per cent. MICHAEL R——.

DEAR BOB:—Can't do it, old fellow. Stocks gone to the devil, and not a cent in bank. Have you no collateral at all that we might take to Jerry L.? Bring me some nice flowers from Oakland to-morrow. I have got the sweetest, prettiest little affair on hand you ever saw. More when I see you. Yours, FRED.

NO DATE.

MISS DAISY D.:—Cfmpwfe jmnf. Pi olbo ulf ojnfo xfsf bhbjo dpnf xfo j dpnf ... [illegible cipher] ... P. S.—Xpou ulf dpoggfssjpo nbl f up ifo o'jt vs

DR. B. K. N.: Don't write me any more poetry, it is like yourself, *totus meus oculus*, as Charley says. NOT YOUR BELLE.

MRS. MARTHA SNOW: Some people from Sacramento are coming to dinner; three of them. You must get some oysters, I suppose, and put the California champagne in ice, don't forget to wash off the labels. Open the drawing-room window shutters. I will send John from the office an hour earlier than usual, so he may get ready to wait at table. ALF. OR SNOW.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

The Alhambra furnishes a better evening's amusement than ever. We do not remember if we laughed most at Bob Hart and little Mac butchering Shakespeare, Master Barney and Sam Rickey as victims of bad whisky, or Kelly, Leon and Baker in the burlesque screeches and rant of Mons. Chanfleuri's attempt at his an opera. But we do distinctly remember thoroughly enjoying all and feeling very sore about the ribs on the succeeding morning. Vivian sang better than usual, too, we thought, and Russell's voice is quite worthy of the higher selection of songs he has chosen.

California Theater.—Mr. Barton Hill has just terminated a most unsuccessful engagement, and one we should imagine that will make Mr. McCullough rather shy about engaging any more Philadelphian stars. This climate does not suit that style of star. We are glad to hear that *Coriolanus* is to be resuscitated. It will be a relief after the weak twaddle we have lately been treated to.

The Caledonian Club's Seventh Annual Gathering and games come off at Badger's Park, Oakland, on Saturday, June 4th. There will be all sorts of all the sports such as Scotchmen glory in, and all lovers of music and speed admire. Wherever the thistle of Scotland presides over sports, or picnics, a select and enjoyable outing may safely be predicted. Her thistle pricks the hoodlum, while her purple flower makes all go gaily and smoothly.

The Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D. D., will preach Sunday as usual at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M., in St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street. Strangers and all others cordially invited to attend. The Social and Literary Society of this church and congregation held a delightful union gathering on Wednesday evening, which was well attended—music and recitations of a high order. The picnic of St. John's Church was held a week ago at San Rafael Groves. A large number attended, and with Wallis' Band the young people had a good time, and, all said, a grand success.

California State Grading Company.—This is the title of a company that will soon be incorporated and under headway, who purpose purchasing an Eastern invention known as "Blodgett's Patent Road Scraper," by which all the work will be done with white men and horses, and the necessity for employing Mongolian labor will be obviated.

Scribner's Monthly for June is even for that well known magazine an unusually good number. It contains some very interesting notes of travel, etc., and some very beautiful poetry, among which we note a pretty little piece called "The White Flag."

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, May 31st, at 2 o'clock, and Saturday Evening MR. BARTON HILL will appear in Shakspeare's Historical Tragedy, KING HENRY IV. Mr. Barton Hill as "Prince of Wales." Mr. John McCullough as "Hotspur." And a great cast. Monday Evening June 2d, Shakespeare's tragedy of CORIOLANUS will be presented, with the same magnificent scenery, excellent cast, and completeness of detail that marked its former production. May 31.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherell, Treasurer.—MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—Kelly and Leon's travestie of Offenbach's funniest Opera, entitled CHOUFLEURI, Or, THE PRIMA DONNA OF A NIGHT. "Francoise Chanfleuri," the Only Leon, THE ONLY LEON, the Great Female Personator, Comedian and Vocalist. MR. EDWIN KELLY, the Unconquerable Interlocutor, Light Comedian and Tenor. MASTER BARNEY, the Greatest Change Artist and Jig Dancer in the World. Little Mac, Sam Rickey, Charles Vivian, Bob Hart, J. C. Russell, Wm. F. Baker, Benj. Clark, J. Robinson. Monday Evening, June 2d, Kelly & Leon's great Burlesque Opera, DAR DER BLU. Appearance of the Greatest Pantomimist in the World, ROBERT FRAZER. Also, the Man with the Talking Head and Premier Ventriloquist, U. W. JESTER. Admission: Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. May 31.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, May 31, and every evening during the week—The Wonderful Acrobatic Feats of CASSIM and FRITZ, Most Astounding. First Part Minstrelsy. Interlude of Songs, by Jennie Johnson, Tommy Barton, Fanny Garetson, Maggie St. Clair. Songs and Dances by Lou Dixon, Susie Robinson, Harland, and Maggie Kelly. Negro Act, Kelly, Bree and Company. Tableaux Vivants, by a bevy of beautiful girls. Concluding with roaring Farce by the Company. Admission—25 cents. Dress Circle, 50 cents. Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. May 31.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President
B. H. COIT, . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Budd, W. C....440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 333 California st.
Fitch, J. R.... 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L... 413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H.. 434 Cal'a, upstairs.
Keene, J. R. . 408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. Doll, with I. Glazier & Co. .. 426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 435 Hayward B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P. . 413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H....401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W. .. 414 Cal'a st.

KENNEDY, MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,
French Cassimeres
and Beavers.
—ALSO—
Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries.

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	25@	40
Do pickled	@	
Do Packed	@	
Cheese, Cal	10@	25
Honey	10@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz	25@	
Lard, ℔	15@	20
Ham & Bacon, ℔	18@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	1@	2
Do sweet	4@	5
Lima Beans, ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	3@	
Onions, ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ℔	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	6@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	1 00@	
Celery, ℔ doz b	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b	6@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b	6@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	6@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔	5@	6
String Beans, ℔	25@	
Apples, ℔	8@	12
Pears, ℔	15@	
Quinces, ℔	5@	
Peaches, ℔	6@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔	12@	25
Do new, ℔	6@	
Oranges, ℔ doz	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	25
Limes, ℔ doz	25@	
Quail, ℔ doz	2 50@3	00
Chickens, each	63@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	6@	25
Geese, ℔ pair	2 00@2	50
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 00@2	25
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	
Hares, each	6@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	12@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔	12@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish ℔	15@	
Smelts, ℔	10@	
Tomcod, ℔	12@	

BIZ.

Notwithstanding all the Clamor of Short Crops, ruined harvests, etc., the promise is now of an abundance. It may be that our harvest of cereals will yet equal that of last season. The very prolonged spell of cool weather, lasting almost continuously throughout the month of May, has answered well the purpose of late rains, and now that the roots of the Wheat plant have lengthened their fibres and reached down into the wet strata, we already see and are advised from many quarters that large fields of flowing grain that had been given over to hay has now assumed a healthy grain color, and is promising a fair average yield. There are not isolated cases, but they are the words of cheer which reaches us from many valleys and plains of vast extent now waving with the golden grain.

The Most Notable event of the week has been the great decline in Refined Sugar. The California and Pacific, joined with the Bay Refinery, opened fire early Monday morning upon the Golden Gate, reducing rates of all White Sugars ¼c per pound, but not changing the price of Yellow "C." This shot was insufficient, and the following day another broadside was set off, making a forced reduction of 1¼c per pound on all Whites, and reducing Yellow Coffee ¾c, making the Crushed 11c and Yellow Golden 9¼c per pound. This important reduction stimulates trade not a little. Jobbers are now more than ever disposed to stock up at the decline, particularly as this is the fruit season, when increased quantities are used by the masses. Since our last the bark D. C. Murray has arrived from Honolulu with farther receipts of the Hawaiian product, 300 tons, and this with the decline in Refined knocking off a half cent from the highest grade of Hawaiian, making the price of best "Washed" Island Sugar, 9¾c. Syrups are not effected by the decline in Sugars, prices as for sixty days past. This decline in Sugar will without doubt cause increased orders from Salt Lake and the Northwest, and at same time check the foolish shipments of Crushed from New York to the Pacific via the Cape Horn, and to which we have before made reference in the *News Letter* "Biz."

Coffee has been somewhat neglected since the rise to 20c; holders, however, are firm in their views and not disposed to release their grip, believing that higher prices even will rule before mid-Summer shall have passed away.

Spices are very scarce and high, with little business.

Rice has been largely auctioned by S. L. Jones & Co., and by reason of very heavy imports during the week from Hongkong per steamship Lord of the Isles, and divers ships prices favor the buyer. Stocks liberal.

In Regard to Teas, Messrs. Macondray & Co. held a cargo sale at Jones' auction rooms, Thursday, and with satisfactory results, as compared with previous sales. About one half of the catalogue was disposed of to the trade, and the balance withdrawn.

Bags and Bagging Material are more sought after by reason of the greatly improved crop prospects. Gilroy and Dundee Burlap Grain Sacks, hand sewed, are wanted at 15c for standard 22x36.

Metals of All Kinds are neglected, and prices quite nominal.

Coals arrive very freely from Sydney and other foreign ports, at the same time coast supplies, and also receipts from Nanaimo, V. I., feed the market freely and causes no anxiety to stock up.

Wools continue in good request, mainly for shipment East overland. Prices about the same as last week, say 20@23c for good to choice Northern Fleece, long staple, clean average, 16@18c. Burry and dirty, 12½c or thereabouts. Hides are unchanged in value. Leather is dull and neglected. Tallow sells at 6@6½c.

Wheat moves off freely for export with several cargo sales during the week at $1 82½@$1 85; at the close $1 87½@$1 90 is asked. Contracts for new Wheat for July delivery made at $1 60@$1 65 for good average shipping parcels. Our total exports to the United Kingdom—

	Wheat. Ctls.	Value.
Since July 1st, 1872, of 325 vessels	9,433,146	$17,051,111
42 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	1,229,272	3,066,799
120 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	3,556,255	7,071 807
173 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	4,700,361	8,036,739

In addition to this there are yet on the berth loading 13 vessels, aggregating 11,500 tons registered tonnage. Other ships now arriving, both under charter and free, will drop anchor in the harbor and wait for the new crop. Prospects are flattering for a big business in the season of 1873-74.

Grain Freights to the United Kingdom, £3 10s.@£3 12s. 6d., and for Cork for orders £3 17s 6d with dispatch.

Quicksilver remains without change, delivering from Almaden light at 95c. Export orders cannot now be executed.

The Barley Crop promises to be a full average one and of superior quality; present price $1 25@1 45.

Oats are a drug on the market; by reason of excessive supplies from Nebraska and Oregon, prices have fallen to $1 85@2. **Corn,** $1 80.

Hay Crop large and good price, $15@20.

Report of Wool Market.—SAN FRANCISCO, May 27, 1873.—The market during the week under review, has been active at unchanged quotations for choice, but at slightly lower figures for Burry and defective. Choice Wools have, through out the season, been taken up by buyers almost before they could be taken from the cars, and they are still much sought for at from 22@21 cts., short, fine, heavy Wools, free from burr and seed, are selling slowly at from 15½ to 17 cts., and are accumulating. Burry Wools are in large stock, but sales are small and at low figures. Some of the best clips of Los Angeles County have been sold at 16@16½ cts. The Woolen Goods Market throughout the country is quiet, and prices are very low, gold is advancing in price and money remains dear, so that the prospect of any great advance in prices is very dubious.

WATT & MCLENNAN, Wool Commission Merchants, 625 Sansome street, San Francisco.

If Some of Our Efficient Police Officers would, instead of hauling off some decrepid old Chinaman (the leg of whose gazed pig happens to hang a quarter of an inch over the sidewalk) turn their attention to the way our sidewalks are blocked up by merchandise and horses owned by white men, they would do more good. The way in which horses are allowed to block up our sidewalks is simply disgraceful. Not content with the street, the beasts monopolize what is supposed to be meant for man's exclusive use. Besides, suppose some of these horses should take it into their head to kick—a habit that horses have—what then? No, let some of our Chinamen hauling "stars" give up killing mice and have a shy at the rats.

FIREPROOF SAFES

At Hall's Safe and Lock Co.'s Pacific Branch, No. 517 Market street, will be found a large stock of HALL'S CELEBRATED PATENT CONCRETE FIREPROOF SAFES, Patent Dovetailed Burglar Proof Safes, Residence Safes, Bank and Vault Locks, etc. All orders and communications from Pacific States, South America, Japan, China and Australia should be addressed "Hall's Safe and Lock Co., San Francisco, California, U. S. A." Catalogues and price lists sent free. [May 10.]

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis Mo.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

CHAMPAGNE.

Moet & Chandon, Epernay. For sale in lots to suit. [May 10.] DEGENER & CO., 109 California street, Room 7.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending May 30th, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y	NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	½	⅝	—	Justice	9¼	—	9½
Alpha	—	35	31½	Kentuck	11¾	11¾	12
Alta	—	—	—	Kentucky	3	3½	—
Amador Tunnel	3¾	—	—	Knickerbocker	4¼	3¾	4¾
American Flag	7¾	7¾	—	Kossuth	9	9¼	—
Arizona & Utah	5¾	5	5½	Louise	⅜	—	—
Arkansas	—	—	—	Mahogany	—	7	—
Alamo	—	—	—	Mammoth	¼	½	—
American Flat	4½	3½	4¼	Meadow Valley	21	22	—
Baron	—	4	—	Minnesota	6½	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	8¼	6¾	9½	Newark	—	1¼	—
Belcher	95	82½	100	New York Consolidated	1½	1½	—
Belmont	4½	4¼	—	Noonday	—	—	—
Bullion	15	15½	—	Occidental	4¼	4	4¼
Best & Belcher	5½	6	—	Ophir	36	40½	41
Buckeye	1½	—	—	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	5¼	4½	—
Caledonia	22	24	23	Overman	43	43	44
Cederberg	—	—	—	Original Gold Hill	4½	—	—
Central	—	—	—	Page & Panaca	1½	1¾	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—	Pea Vine	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—	Phœnix	½	—	—
Chief of the Hill	—	—	—	Pictou	—	½	—
Chief East Extension	½	¼	—	Pioche	10	—	—
Chollar	64	62½	64	Pioche West	—	½	—
Columbus	—	—	—	P Phœnix	2¼	2	—
Confidence	5¾	9¾	6¾	Raymond & Ely	61	59	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Consolidated Virginia	92	94	93	Rye Patch	17¼	17½	—
Cook & Geyser	—	—	—	Red Jacket	2½	3½	—
Crown Point	118	124	120	Savage	123	122	127
Central No 2	—	—	3	Seg. Belcher	33	31	36
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Sierra Nevada	12½	13¾	12¾
Daney	1¾	1½	1	Silver Peak	—	1¾	—
Eclipse	6¾	7	—	Silver Hill	21	21½	21
El Dorado	6¼	6¾	—	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Empire Mill	6¾	6¾	6¾	Standard	—	—	—
Empire Idaho	½	—	—	Sterling	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	12	12	—	Succor	3	3	3
Eureka, G. V.	—	24	—	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Exchequer	—	13	11	Silver Chariot	—	—	—
Globe	—	—	—	South Overman	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	6½	6½	—	St. Patrick	—	—	—
Gould & Curry	15½	15¼	15	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Gillis	—	—	—	Trench	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	49	48½	49	Union Consolidated	—	1½	—
Hermes	10	—	—	Utah	—	—	—
Hahn & Hunt	1¾	1¾	—	War Eagle	—	—	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—	Washington & Creole	3¾	3	—
Ida Elmore	—	—	—	Washoe	—	—	—
Imperial	6¾	7¼	6¾	Woodville	3	4¾	—
Independent	2	1¾	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Ingomar	1	¾	—	Yellow Jacket	79½	80	77
Insurance	—	—	—	Yule Gravel	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—				
Jackson	¾	—	—				
Julia	2¾	3¼	4				

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

June 2—QUANG SE . . . Capt.——.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th, 17th and 27th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

June 5—MONTANA. . . . Capt. Parker.

Steamers of the 17th and 27th will call at SAN DIEGO, MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 7th and 17th connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge, will leave at 3 P. M., as follows: Tuesday, June 24th, Thursday, July 24th.

Returning, will leave Honolulu June 5th, July 8th, and August 7th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:
PACIFIC, Capt. Douglass,
SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, Wednesday, May 28.

FOR SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:
SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, Wednesday, May 28th (for passengers only)

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, May 13th.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 2 o'clock P. M. on the 13th.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [May 31.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

THE COPARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm name of HAVILAND, HOOPER & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. JOS. KENT HOOPER retiring. JOHN T. HAVILAND, JOS. KENT HOOPER, MURRAY DAVIS.
San Francisco, May 1st, 1873.

The business will be continued under the name and style of Haviland & Co., by the undersigned, who assume all liabilities, and to whom are payable all debts due to the old firm of Haviland, Hooper & Co.
May 3. JOHN T. HAVILAND, MURRAY DAVIS.

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

Ex "Marie Charlotte," from Bordeaux.—100 Cases Louis Roederer celebrated "CARTE BLANCHE," quarts and pints for sale, to the trade, by MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast. May 3.

FOR SALE

A Steam Flouring Mill with Distillery and about 15 acres of good Land, distant ¼ mile from Sonoma. Inquire at SONOMA HOTEL, Sonoma; or of W. D. BLISS, Petaluma. [May 3.] ALFRED BOREL & CO., S. F.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Choynski—In this city, May 28th, to the wife of I. Choynski, a son.
Carter—In this city, May 27th, to the wife of the late J. W. Carter, a daughter.
Esheng—In this city, May 19th, to the wife of M. Esheng, a son.
Fogo—In this city, May 27th, to the wife of Carsten Fogo, a daughter.
Gregg—In this city, May 28d, to the wife of James C. Gregg, a son.
Hall—In this city, May 27th, to the wife of Francis Hall, a daughter.
Korn—In this city, May 25th, to the wife of A. J. Korn, a son.
Paulissen—In this city, May 24th, to the wife of Henry Paulissen, a daughter.
Wolffrom—In this city, May 25th, to the wife of Adam Wolffrom, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Blodget-Fletcher—In Sacramento, May 26th, C. Blodget to E. J. Fletcher.
Borfeld-Leiner—In this city, May 25th, Ernest Borfeld to Catharina Leiner.
Crooke-Coggeshall—In this city, May 27th, J. B. Crooke to Emily S. Coggeshall.
Ebenritter-Wilfert—In this city, May 28th, N. Ebenritter to Rebette Wilfert.
Hartley-Sotzen—In this city, May 22d, Rasmus Hartley to Sarah Sotzen.
Mackintosh-Brandon—In Placerville, May 29th, R. Mackintosh to M. Brandon.
Roth-Harding—In this city, May 25th, George Roth to Anna M. Harding.
Taber-Canniff—In this city, May 24th, James W. Taber to Sophia R. Canniff.

TOMB.

Baker—In this city, May 26th, Henry Baker, aged 44 years.
Bowen—In this city, May 27th, Elasalt T. Bowen, aged 87 years.
Clarke—In this city, May 25th, Teresa Clarke, aged 5 years.
Frank—In this city, May 25th, Nicolas Frank, aged 37 years.
Fleger—In this city, May 26th, Mary Fleger, aged 41 years.
Leviston—In this city, May 25th, George Leviston, aged 63 years.
Lynn—In Sacramento, May 27th, John J. Lynn, aged 45 years.
Minturn—In this city, May 24th, Charles Minturn, aged 56 years.
Walton—In this city, May 27th, Henry G. Walton, aged 53 years.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

Marguerite sits and weeps—unchecked the tears
Of bitter anguish dim her violet eyes,
And from them drip upon her damask cheek,
That blushes at their presence with surprise.
Is she in love, that thus those tear-drops flow?
And has the one she loves turned cold and strange!
It is not love—no, all that she wants is
De la Montanya's Union Range.

That the World has not much Longer to Exist seems to a great many people an established fact. They quote from Revelations, and will allow no one to hint for a moment that John was either drunk or mad when he wrote them. Probably he was both. However, the world wags along in much the same way that it has wagged for centuries, and seems to us no nearer the end than ever it was. New countries are opened to the civilized world daily, and new and charming products, such as Eberhart & Lachman's native wine, make one hope the world will last for centuries more.

Warring Wilkinson, and the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Asylum are now the cause of much anxiety to some of our meddlesome dandies, who go after sensation at any cost, and care as much really for the deaf and dumb as they do for the man in the moon. They try to make the public believe that all this is done from pure philanthropy, but we've been there and know what newspaper philanthropy means. It means dollars and cents, the former preferred. Now, if these dandies advocated the use in all schools, public and private, of Gilbert & Moore's furniture, they would do some good.

Wherever men see or want to see,
Muller they praise thy glasses and thee;
All own that you give sight to the blind,
When eyesight elsewhere they never could find.

Marriages, some one said, are made in Heaven. So they may be, but earth, we fancy, has a good deal more to do with them than Heaven. A curious case occurred only the other day to illustrate this. A young man, rich and good looking, strolled down Kearny street. He gazed listlessly at the splendid lot of photographs outside Taber's establishment. Suddenly his eyes flashed, and he rushed up to the gallery to inquire the name of a lady whose photograph was there. He got the name, found out the address, and now, thanks to Taber's photographs, is a happy, engaged man.

One Night Last Week some of those meddlesome spiritualists, not content with calling up the shades of their grandmothers (if they ever had any), or flirting with the spirit of the late Horace Greeley, called up the long stowed away soul of the old Greek philosopher, *Epicurus*. Unearthly his shade wandered round the city till it stopped on Pine street, before the Saddle Rock, there it hovered all the night, and when it went back it told the other spirits that Emerson Corville's was the place for oysters.

Three brothers once lived in Frisco,	Harry and Bill did not live long,
Harry, Bill and John.	Both died drunk, they say.
Harry and Bill both drank Pisco;	Moet and Chandon made John strong;
But only wine, John.	Bought from Degener.

Two Horses were once conversing upon the subject of each others appearance. One was a chesnut, whose mane and tail were bright silver. The other was coal black, and as glossy as a newly blacked boot. The discussion got to such a hight that a quarrel threatened to be the result. They, however, agreed to refer the matter to the stable man, who thus decided: said he, "you with the silver mane and tail are good looking, but you can't compare with the glossy black, when harnessed with Main & Winchester's harness."

The Oldest Man in the World is living in Nevada, he is one hundred and forty six, and is still a hale and hearty old man. He can walk, see without glasses except when he reads, and his teeth are as good as they ever were. He stands as erect as a young soldier, and needs no stick to help him along. His memory is good, and he speaks of the great Washington as a man of his own day. He ascribes his long life in a great measure to drinking none but the best whisky. He for a long time has got Old Cutter from Hotaling's.

The Sultan sits in his rich divan,	His feet rest on a carpet soft,
A lucky, may be, happy man,	While curtains rich hang up aloft,
His harem full of beauties rare,	But all the carpets that are there,
With dark brunettes and blondes so fair.	With Plum & Bell's cannot compare.

The Prince of Wales has hinted to his own particular friends that as soon as he can get away from Vienna he intends paying a visit to California. His reasons for taking this trip are threefold. First, he has heard so much of our Yosemite scenery that he is determined to see it; secondly, he has been told how well we treat all Britishers who visit us; and thirdly, he is anxious to hand down to posterity a true likeness of himself. This he can only do by getting taken here—at Bradley and Rulofson's.

The Le Grande Laundry, on Market street, between Montgomery and Kearny, wash whiter, starch stiffer, and charge less than any other laundry. They also sew on one's buttons, which is a big advantage to a bachelor.

When the Soul is Sad and the body bowed down with pain; when life seems a burden, and death would almost be welcomed as a friend; when the horizon is clouded over, and the stars of hope obscured; when not even the lightning flash of a transcent joy relieves the leaden sky—then it is that Gerke wine will sooth the soul and heal the body. But if constantly drank, the soul will never be sad, or the body bowed down with pain.

Who Would Go About Ungloved when they can, for a small outlay, be fitted out with gloves of the newest shade and most perfect fit? The Jouvin glove is the best glove made, both for elegance and use. A large supply of these celebrated gloves have just been received by Keane, O'Connor & Co., whose large store on Kearny street is one of the finest in the city. The price of Jouvin's gloves is $1 50 per pair, $16 50 per dozen.

There are about six things required to make a man really happy—good health; a nice, pretty, contented and healthy wife; a clear conscience; lots of what envious people call filthy lucre; a neat little house, with garden and flowers, and furniture made as it is only made by the well-known firm of N. P. Cole, whose warehouse on Bush street is as well known as the library.

Harry Blanken has a hearty welcome for all who give him a call, at his snug little house on the San Bruno Road. His wines are the best that can be procured, and so are his spirits.

A Favorable Notoriety.—The good reputation of "Brown's Bronchial Troches" for the relief of Coughs, Colds and Throat Diseases has given them a favorable notoriety.

Bullock & Jones now offer a complete stock of shirts, collars, scarfs, ties, etc., comprising the latest novelties of the day. No. 421 Montgomery street.

The Best Trout ever offered for sale on this coast—See advertisement of *The California Acclimatizing Society* in another column.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President Samuel Hort, Cashier N. K. Masten. Directors: Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. New York Agents—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents: Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. March 22.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. George Lette, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Hitchcock; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 16.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't; Wm. H. Culver, Vice President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; N. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2

COSMOPOLITAN SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No. 619 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block. [illegible] Term Deposits [illegible] per cent per month. Deposits Payable on Demand [illegible] per cent. [illegible] charge for bank book.
J. Crocker, Secretary. [May 10.] W. S. THOMPSON, President.

PIONEER LAND AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

Bank of Savings and Deposit, 415 California street. Incorporated, 1869. Guarantee Fund $[illegible]. Sixtieth Dividend payable on the [illegible] of June. Deposits in Gold, Silver, and Currency received [illegible] per cent per month on the same. Certificates of Deposit issued payable at three days' notice, bearing ten per cent per annum. Deposits can be obtained at the Bank. This Institution is in its fifth year and refers to over one hundred depositors for its economical and successful management, there [illegible] the full amount of interest earned. No charge for entrance fees or pass books. Money to loan on approved securities.
H. J. Haughton, President. [May 11.] [illegible], Cashier

OFFICE OF THE CITY GAS COMPANY,

San Francisco, April 5, 1873.—Consumers of Gas are notified that from and after the 9th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS ($4) PER ONE THOUSAND CUBIC FEET.
By order of the Board [April 12.] W. W. BLOW, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS COMPANY,

April 5, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that from and after the 9th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS PER THOUSAND CUBIC FEET. [April 12.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec 24

NEW MAP OF CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA,

In Townships, with all recent Surveys, Railroads and Land Districts defined. The MOST COMPLETE MAP ever published of the two States. For sale in Sheets or Book Form. Size, 3 feet by 3½. Price [illegible].
May 17. WARREN HOLT, 40 Clay street

SAN FRANCISCO ART ASSOCIATION,

313 Pine street, below Montgomery.—Gallery now open to the Public from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. and 7 to 10 P. M. Single Admission, 25 cts.; Season Ticket (admitting lady and gentleman), $3. May 17

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within), Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 269 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill. Bank of British Columbia; 5 East India avenue, London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S. Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. M[illegible], 21 Goswell Road, E. C. Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno. Marriott, 31 Gloster st. E.C.; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

E. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 21 Stevenson's Building, S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

MILLS' SEMINARY.

The Commencement Exercises of this justly celebrated institution, at once the pride and promise of the State, were held *yesterday*, and were characterized with unusual interest. The successful career of this school is so generally well known as to need no recital at this time. We have space but for one essay. So many were good it was hard to choose, but the following, by Miss Eliza G. Brown, of Cachville, Yolo County, is a fair specimen. The fair authoress shows much practical sense in this composition; also that she is a reading and thinking young lady, of which there are far too few in California. Miss Brown's essay is as follows:

THE FORMER AND THE LATTER.

It has been asserted that the world is degenerating. There is a certain class of people that are always telling us of the good old times and contrasting the days of our great-grandfathers with the present degenerate age. As we look back through a hundred years we certainly see that great progress has been made in civil and religious liberty, and with freedom of thought and speech comes invention and progress in the great worlds of science and art. The application of steam to all kinds of machinery has cheapened every fabric and multiplied comforts and luxuries immeasurably. In the last twenty-five years a thousand million dollars have been expended in the construction of railroads, and yet capital is proportionally greater now than ever before. Look upon some of our immense stationary engines and see how noiselessly and steadily they turn the ponderous wheels, then pass through the mighty mills and see the labor of a thousand men performed by this untiring agent, and yet the work multiplies on every hand. Stand upon a Western prairie at night, the moon silvers a twin-track that glistens far into the darkness, we hear a distant hum that grows upon the ear and detect a faint spark that brightens as we gaze. Soon the sound increases and the eye of the iron-horse overpowers the moon's imperial gleam. Mark the groaning train with its living freight moving fearlessly on at the rate of forty miles an hour as into the darkness it rushes, bearing absent friends to their loved ones, bringing good news from afar and tidings from every land. Compare this with the old lumbering mail coach of fifty years ago, moving at the rate of four miles an hour. A journey from Boston to New York was then a greater undertaking than it is now from Boston to San Francisco. Instead of the weekly mail, we now have half a dozen a day. Instead of news from Europe once in three or four weeks, it now comes to us morning, noon and night. Coal, with all its wonderful resources of color, light and heat, has taken the place of tallow candles in our homes, of oil, and darkness in our streets. The steam printing press has superseded the hand printing press, and the number of books and papers has been and is being immensely multiplied. The increase in general information and intelligence has been proportionally great. Wonderful is the progress made in the practical application of science to every department of industry. But it may be said, "All this is admitted, yet morally we have deteriorated." As individuals and as a nation we are constantly growing worse. Those who make this assertion forget that there has been a great increase of population, and with this an increase of crime, for we know in this world offences must come. But is there not a corresponding increase of that which is good? It is true that wars are more dreadful than formerly, but it is also true that they are less frequent, of shorter duration, and more is now done for the alleviation of suffering and for the comfort of the armies than ever before. Hospitals, asylums and works of benevolence at home and abroad have greatly increased.

Chicanery and treachery did not originate in our country, as some would have us believe. There have been Judas Iscariots and Benedict Arnolds from time immemorial. There were things as bad as *Credit Mobiliers* fifty years ago. It is true there is much corruption and wickedness in high places, but so there has always been. Public sentiment is a stronger power now than formerly, and will correct these. We hear no longer of the divine right of kings. The people govern now, and if those whom they choose to rule over them fail to do their duty, they are set aside. Kings and Queens, Presidents and Senate, henceforth will be controlled by the will of the people. One reason that there seems to be an increase of crime is because the reports come to us with lightning speed. A murder is committed in London, a theft in Paris, a burglary in Berlin, and we have it all in an hour afterwards. That which lost much by time and distance formerly, is painfully present now. We believe the aggregate of good people and of good deeds is the greater this moment than ever before, and that good governments are increasing rather than diminishing. It is said that we ladies are given more to frivolity and fashion to extravagance in dressing and equipage than our grandmothers were. But could we behold the women of Washington and Adam's day we should find the fashionable ladies wore their top-nots just as high, powdered their hair just as much, dragged as long trails, dressed and lived just as extravagantly for their times as do the ladies of the present day. It is our private opinion that the gentlemen are just as open to these charges as are the ladies, and that they not only like to dress and live well themselves, but enjoy seeing their wives and daughters do the same.

No doubt, we go to excess and there is need of reform, but it is not a hopeless case, nor is it at all probable that we are really much worse in our heads and in hearts than were those who are held up as our patterns in the dead age of the past. We think women all through our late war showed themselves just as heroic and self-denying as did the women of the revolution. Some there are who seem to take pleasure in seeing the dark side; the disagreeable there is in everybody and everything, but we would rather be sightless till we can see the good as well as the evil. We enjoy the light better than darkness, and we joyfully believe the FORMER was not better than the LATTER.

MANZONI.

The Death of this Great Writer is a fitting occasion for reminding our readers that he is most deservedly famous, as a poet, for his ode on the Death of Napoleon, a poem justly declared by De Stendhal to be superior to anything written on the same subject by Lord Byron, Lamartine, or Monti. "*Il Cinque di Maggio*," the Fifth of May, as it is called, is known by heart in almost every [illegible]. It has been translated into English by various good writers, but every translation fails to render the Dantesque power and compactness of the lines. Two of its stanzas give such a picture of Napoleon as that in Haydon's great painting, where he stands at sunset, looking out on the sea that holds him captive:

How often, at the silent close
Of some void, aimless day,
His fiery eyes low bent, his arms
Crossed on his breast alway,
He stood, while all the days that were
Assaulted him like foes.

Came on his thought the moving tents,
The ramparts yielding force,
The lightning flash of infantry,
The billowy charge of horse,
And to the hurried, sharp command,
Instant obedience.

AZTEC PINOLE

We have Just Received a package of a new and most nutritious kind of farinaceous food, called "Aztec Pinole." In taste it is far superior to any of the many things of the kind now in use. It is prepared from the finest Indian corn, prepared in a way that is a secret, handed down from the Aztecs. We expect that it will create quite a revolution in the meal business, and that in time, on account of the many things it has to recommend it. In the first place, its flavor is splendid; in the second, it is more nutritious than any yet known meal; and thirdly, it is prepared so easily that a man can make a good meal for himself in two minutes.

The Fellow who was arrested and held to bail in two thousand dollars for criminally assaulting six or seven children, yesterday forfeited his bail.

There is Great Excitement in New York over the Beecher-Tilton scandal, and Beecher has come out with flying colors.

We have to Acknowledge the receipt of a beautiful set of county maps, for the Placard Exchange, from Mr. G De Young.

Boston was in a blaze again yesterday, and the damage done was immense, amounting to several millions.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PARK COMMISSIONERS' ORDINANCE, NO. 3.

Section 1. The object of this Ordinance is that ground known as the Golden Gate Park, as described in the first section of an Act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An Act to provide for the Improvement of Public Parks in the City of San Francisco," approved April 4, 1870.
Section 2. All vehicles used regularly for business purposes in hauling materials or produce over the roads in said Park shall rest upon tires at least three and one-half (3½) inches wide.
Section 3. All trucks or wagons, other than those fitted with steel springs, used regularly in transporting heavy loads of material of any description over the said roads shall rest upon tires at least five (5) inches wide.
Section 4. The Secretary of said Board shall, within five days after the passage of this ordinance, make and certify an accurate copy of the same and cause the same to be published, as required by law, for ten days, Sundays excepted, and this ordinance shall take effect fifteen days after its passage.
E. L. SULLIVAN, President, S. F. BUTTERWORTH, C. F. MACDERMOTT, Park Commissioners.

Office of the Park Commissioners, San Francisco, May 27, 1873.
I certify that the foregoing is a true and faithful copy of an ordinance passed by the Board of Park Commissioners on the 23d day of May, 1873, and duly entered in the books of said Board. [May 31.] J. T. FLEMING, Secretary.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 3:30 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5:50 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:20 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.
SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at 7 P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 424 Montgomery street.
On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.
May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

1776. JULY FOURTH. 1873.

CELEBRATE! CELEBRATE! FIREWORKS!

The greatest pleasure to the greatest number at the least expense. CHURCH & CLARK are prepared to furnish Fireworks of all kinds, manufactured by them, and guaranteed superior to any. PORTABLE PIECES FOR EXHIBITIONS, which can be transported without injury. CHURCH & CLARK,
May 31. 407 Front street, San Francisco.

AT GREAT REDUCTION BY ALL STEAMERS.

ROUND THE WORLD.

One hundred and five Routes to Vienna; Seventy-two Routes to Italy; Thirty Routes to Holland, Belgium and the Rhine; Thirty Routes to Ireland, Scotland, and England. Full particulars in COOK'S EXCURSIONIST, American House. COOK, SON & JENKINS,
May 31. 262 Broadway, New York

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

The Steamer Gipsy, Bogart, Captain, will sail for San Diego and Way Ports on SATURDAY, May 31, at 3 P. M., carrying all kinds of merchandise, (excepting Acids, this and Combustibles of all kinds. Will receive freight on and after Wednesday, May 28th. (May 31.) S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

Postponement.—The sailing of the Steamship Montana is postponed until THURSDAY, June 5th, when she will leave for Panama, calling at San Diego, Magdalena Bay, Cape St. Lucas, Mazatlan, Manzanillo and Acapulco. There will be no Panama departure the 7th inst. S. K. HOLMAN,
May 31. Acting Agent.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Ajax, F. Bolles, Commander, will leave Folsom st. wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, May 31, at ten o'clock A. M. (May 31.) WM. NORRIS, Agent.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED leaves Folsom street Wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 10 A. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

SPRING VALLEY WATER WORKS,

516 California street, San Francisco, May 17, 1873.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Spring Valley Water Works will be held at the office of the Works, [illegible] California street, on WEDNESDAY, June 18th, 1873, at [illegible] o'clock M., for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
May 31. [illegible] MILES, Secretary

THE MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Cal., May 28, 1873.—This Mint will close for Annual Settlement and Repairs on TUESDAY, JUNE 3, 1873, after which date until July 1st, 1873, deposits of Trade Bullion cannot be received. Persons holding bills against the Mint for the current fiscal year will present them for settlement before June 24th. [May 31.] O. H. LA GRANGE, Superintendent.

THE CALIFORNIA ACCLIMATIZING SOCIETY

Offer for Sale: 25,000 Eastern Trout; 25,000 Tahoe Trout; 10,000 Native Trout, all of this year's hatch—quantities to suit. Address,
May 31. W. A. NEWELL, 133 Howard street.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 56 Montgomery Block. May 31.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to Discount good Notes at low rates, and make Loans upon STOCKS and REAL ESTATE. JOHN T. LITTLE,
May 3. No. 324 Montgomery street.

E. P. CHRISTY. JOHN R. WISE. THOS. DENIGAN.

CHRISTY & WISE,

Agents for Wool Growers, and Commission Merchants for the sale of HIDES, TALLOW, ETC., 407 FRONT STREET, between Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco. May 1.

AUCTION SALE.

New City Hall Lots Nos. 77 and 78.—Monday, June 16, 1873.—John Middleton & Son, Auctioneers, 310 Montgomery street. For particulars see advertisements in Alta and Examiner. By order Board of City Hall Commissioners.
May 17. ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary.

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE. [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 443 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

UP IN THE TREES.

Would we were there in the woods together—
Two little birds in the midsummer weather!
Out of the winter, away from sorrow,
With—think of ill—never a thought of the morrow!
Up in the trees, whose branches are swinging,
They sit in the soft airs, singing, singing
A song in which youth and passion are blended,
That is always beginning, and never ended!

Look at them there now, sitting, sitting
Where owls are hooting, and bats are flitting.—
One is singing, the other is sleeping,
While the Lady Moon through the leaves is peeping!—
And now look at us,—whose years are doubled,
We have missed so much, and have been so troubled—
Would we were there in the woods together—
Two happy birds in the midsummer weather! —*John Sydney.*

THE VIENNA EXHIBITION.

The Emperor of Austria opened the Exhibition on Thursday, May 1st, at noon, in the presence of an august assemblage. Precisely at a quarter to twelve o'clock the Emperor and Empress arrived in a carriage and six, when the Minister of Commerce proceeded to their Majesties, and humbly requested them and their august guests to do their Imperial Commission and exhibitors of all nations the honor of opening the Exhibition. Thereupon their Imperial Majesties, accompanied by his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales and Prince Arthur, the Crown Prince of Germany, the Princess Royal of Denmark and Bavaria, by the Austrian Archdukes and Duchesses, except the Archduchess Gisela and the Count and Countess Laudres, and by all the great officers of State and of the household, including a host of ladies, were received at the southern portal by their Imperial Highnesses the Archduke Charles Louis and the Archduke Regnier, and by Baron Schwarz-Senborn, and conducted to the dais under the centre of the dome, the military bands performing the Austrian hymn. The Emperor and Empress took their seats upon the dais amidst great cheering, and were accompanied on their right by the Prince of Wales, who wore the uniform of an English general officer, with the order of the Garter, having on his right his sister, the Crown Princess of Germany, by the Crown Prince of Germany, who was on the left of the Emperor, in Austrian uniform, as well as by the other Princes before mentioned. Handel's chorus, "See the Conquering Hero comes," was then performed by the assembled bands, after which the Archduke Charles Louis read the following address:—

"Most Gracious Sire.—With joyful feelings I greet your Majesty within these halls, dedicated to peaceful progress. Your gracious sympathy has been given to a work which attracts the eyes of all the world to Austria, and ensures to our Fatherland conspicuous recognition in participating in the promotion of human welfare secured by instruction and labor. It would not be becoming in us, to whom your Majesty's confidence entrusted the realization of your sublime wishes, to judge of our own work; but we may be permitted to point out the elements by which it has been accomplished—more especially the high initiative of your Majesty and the generous coöperation and energy of our own and foreign countries, together with the moral and political power of labor and civilization. These elements will impart to your Majesty's creation its intrinsic worth, and will transmit its memory and honor to generations yet to come. May it please your Majesty graciously to accept a catalogue and report of the historical development of the Exhibition, and to declare the Universal Exhibition of 1873 opened."

His Imperial Majesty, who wore the ribbon of the Garter, as well as that of the Austrian Golden Fleece, replied.—

"With lively satisfaction I hail the accomplishment of this undertaking, the significance and importance of which I appreciate to the fullest extent. My confidence in the patriotism and energy of our people, the sympathy and support of the nations friendly to us, have accompanied the progress of this grand work, and which I now gratefully recognize." His Majesty concluded by declaring the Universal Exhibition of 1873 now open.

Immediately upon this announcement the "Hallelujah Chorus" was magnificently performed. At its conclusion Count Auersperg congratulated the Kaiser in the name of the country on the successful completion of the work, saying, that with modesty but with elevated earnestness the people of Austria undertook this work, which gave evidence of their rising power and growing importance of the Fatherland and its active coöperation in the solution of the great problems of civilization. The Exhibition was the embodiment of His Majesty's motto that in the unity of its energies rests the power and importance of the whole Empire. Last in the series of congratulations was a long address by the Burgomaster of Vienna after the deliverance of which the Commissioners repaired to their respective sections.

The Emperor and the Imperial party were then conducted by the Minister of Commerce along the eastern nave, amid hearty cheers, occasional stoppings being made for the inspection of some more than usually attractive feature.

The ceremony from the time the Rotunda was quitted occupied twenty minutes only, but the circuit of the vast building occupied over an hour, the band and choir meanwhile performing grand choruses and magnificent marches, the bands outside performing all the national anthems of the world. Their Majesties congratulated the Commissioners of the various countries as they passed, and especially, as was but natural, spent a long time in the Austrian section.

It may interest ladies to know that the Empress wore a white *pouli de soie* pink bonnet, the Court going out of mourning for the day; the Crown Princess of Germany a pale lavender bonnet, and Spring walking dress—a fashion followed by the Imperial ladies. Prince Arthur was attired in rifle uniform, with the Order of the Garter, and the Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria in a light blue uniform.

At the English Court the Prince of Wales presented the English Commissioners, as well as the Secretary, Mr. Owen, to the Emperor and Empress. His Royal Highness also introduced Lord and Lady Dudley, whose splendid collection of jewels evoked warm expressions of admiration from the Imperial and Royal party. Their Majesties also expressed themselves highly pleased with the English section, and especially with it at part known as the Indian Court, which they said was one of the finest features in the whole building. After spending a considerable time in viewing the objects here exhibited, the illustrious party returned to the Rotunda, which they entered at twenty minutes before two o'clock, and at once crossed to the eastern nave, where they spent forty minutes, and they quitted the building at twenty minutes past two. The mixed company remaining in the Rotunda at this time was barely sufficient to form a complete avenue for the brilliant procession, and these consisted chiefly of English visitors, who announced their own presence and did honor to that of the Imperial party by hearty English cheers.

The Emperor and Empress were the first to be conducted to their carriages, which were in waiting at the South porte; the Prince of Wales followed, and after his Royal Highness came the German princes. Nothing could be more successful from a commercial, as well as from an artistic point of view, than this opening festival. The Royal party expressed themselves greatly pleased and gratified with the day's proceedings. No doubt a vast deal remains to be done, and no wonder in such a vast undertaking, but enough has been done to show that the Exhibition will prove one of the most successful industrial gatherings that the world has ever witnessed.

In the evening the Prince of Wales, Prince Arthur, the English and Colonial Commissioners, together with the Commissioners from all other countries, and the distinguished officers of the Exhibition and of the civil and military services, were entertained at dinner in the Imperial Palace, the illustrious company numbering two hundred. The banquet was of unexampled magnificence—a worthy conclusion to the festivities of the day.

A grand reception followed the banquet, and was attended by the *élite* of the capital, and all the distinguished strangers by whom it is now filled. The grand old historic saloons presented one of the most brilliant sights that ever was witnessed, of equal jewelry, the ... pearls, diamonds, and other precious stones being worn in profusion, ... and gorgeous costumes of the ladies ... uniforms, ... off the ... the loveliest faces in Europe.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

John C. Gostling & Co., London.—The Portland Cement supplied by the above is now considered superior to any manufactured, and as a proof of this, we may mention a few of the important works where it has been extensively used, viz: by the Metropolitan Board of Works, in the Main Drainage and Thames Embankment, the Thames Conservancy, in repairing and constructing New Locks, etc. (the preceding have used upward of One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Tons). The Government Works at Portsmouth Dockyard are now being supplied at the rate of Twelve Thousand Tons per annum. The above quantities will in themselves speak for the good quality of this Cement, and the Certificates given by eminent Engineers are the results of tests made from that always supplied, and not from Cement manufactured specially for testing, as is often done, by well known makers. This Portland Cement is particularly adapted for all works where great strength and durability is required, and for uniformity of color cannot be equaled. In order to test the quality of all Portland Cement before using, a sample should be gauged neat and immediately immersed in water, and let remain there seven days before breaking. All orders to be addressed to the Sole Agents for California and this Coast, MACFARLANE, BLAIR & CO., 302 California street, S. F. Or to J. C. GOSTLING & CO., 83 Grace Church street, London. May 3.

TO CLOSE COPARTNERSHIP.

We will sell Cut Glass Goblets, $3 per dozen; Cut Glass Fruit Bowls, $1 50 each; Cut Glass Decanters, $1 50 each; Cut Glass Pitchers, $1 50 each; Cut Glass Sets of—, dozen Goblets, 1 dozen Egg Glasses, 1 dozen Sauce Plates, 1 Sugar Bowl, 1 Spoon Glass, 1 Creamer, 1 Covered Butter, 1 Fruit Bowl, 1 Celery Glass, 2 Preserve Dishes—$16. English Dinner Set for 12 persons, $20. French Dinner Set for 12 persons, $25 to $50. Superior Plated Casters, $3 to $12. Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Table Spoons, $5 50 per dozen; Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Tea Spoons, $2 75 Table Forks, $5 25 per dozen; Superior Plated (Rodgers Bros.) Tea Spoons, $2 75 per dozen; Superior Ivory hd. (Russell's) Table Knives, $4 per dozen; Superior Ivory hd. (Russell's) Dessert Knives, $3 per dozen; Superior Ivory hd. (Russell's) Carvers, $2 50 per pair. And all goods in our Immense Stock in like proportion. March 29. HAVILAND, HOOPER & CO., 335 Pine street, S. F.

S. T. SUIT & CO'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed. BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco, Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento.	J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore. The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current; Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 24.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuvo Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves. March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

"GERKE" WINE

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 619 and 620 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE. GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 17

A BARGAIN

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 404 California street, up stairs. April 19.

C. L. CRACKBON.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS,

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO. 412 Front street.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO., March 9. 412 Front street, S. F.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

Jan. 4. No. 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS —IN— Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens. Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Polizoi.
Barbadoes (W. I.) Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.
Berlin. Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
Birmingham. The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France. Hotel Des Bains.—E. Munton, Pr.
Chepstow. Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)
Constantinople. Hotel D'Angleterre.
Cordoba. Grand Hotel Suisse.
Dublin. The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.
Edinburgh. The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Stacey, Proprietor.
Folkestone. London and Paris Hotel.
Geneva. Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.
Genoa. Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.
Halifax. White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.
Innsbruck. Hotel d'Autriche.
Leamington. Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.
Liverpool. Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.
London. Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
Lyons. Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.
Milan. Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.
New York. Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.
Nottingham. Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.
Paris. Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.
Plymouth. Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
Quebec. St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.
Rio de Janeiro. Cafe Americana.
Sheffield. Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.
St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate. The Granville Hotel.
Toronto. The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.
Turin. Hotel de l'Europe.
Venice. Daniell's Royal Hotel.—Genovea & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.
Vienna. Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche J. Herdner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

THE WILL OF THE EMPEROR NAPOLEON III.—[Translation.]

"THIS IS MY WILL.

I Commend My Son and My Wife to the high constituted authorities of the State (*aux grands corps de l'État*), to the people, and the army. The Empress Eugénie possesses all the qualities requisite for conducting the Regency well, and my son displays a disposition and judgment which will render him worthy of his high destinies. Let him never forget the motto of the head of our family: 'All for the French people.' Let him fix in his mind the writings of the prisoner of St. Helena, let him study the Emperor's deeds and correspondence, in order that he may remember that, when circumstances so permit, the cause of the people is the cause of France. Power is a heavy burden, because we cannot always do all the good we could wish, and because our contemporaries seldom render us justice; so that, in order to fulfil our mission, we must have in ourselves faith and the consciousness of our duty. It is necessary to consider that, from Heaven above, those whom you have loved regard and protect you. It is the spirit of my great uncle that has always inspired and sustained me. It will be thus with my son, for he will always be worthy of his name. I leave to the Empress Eugénie all my private property. It is my desire that, on the majority of my son, she shall inhabit the Elysée and Biarritz. I trust that my memory will be dear to her, and that after my death she will forget the griefs I may have caused her. With regard to my son, let him keep as a talisman the seal I used to wear attached to my watch, and which comes from my mother; let him carefully preserve everything that comes to me from the Emperor my uncle, and let him be convinced that my heart and my spirit remain with him. I make no mention of my faithful servants. I am convinced that the Empress and my son will never abandon them. I shall die in the Catholic, Apostolic, and Roman religion, which my son will always honor by his piety.

(Signed) NAPOLEON.

Done, written, and signed with my hand, at the Palace of the Tuileries, the twenty-fourth April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

(Signed) NAPOLEON."

Among the other Residences which will be brought into market this season is an estate which, though inferior in historic interest to that of Pope's villa, has about its associations which invest it with something of romance—we mean Plâs Newydd, near Llangollen, in North Wales. Some forty or fifty years ago it was well known to Welsh tourists as the home of the eccentric "Ladies of Llangollen," Miss Ponsoby and Lady Eleanor Butler, who, having eloped together from their homes in Ireland in 1779, lived there till their deaths at very advanced ages about the year 1830. It is praised in verse by Miss Seward, who also dealt out plentiful eulogiums on its eccentric occupants. The estate comprises about twelve acres in all, and is well wooded, the trees still forming a rookery, as they did when "the ladies" were alive. The house is "embellished with tasteful carved work, both inside and outside."

A Scheme is at last in contemplation to remove some of the vandalisms which disfigure the noble pile of Cistercian ruins at Kirkstall. The representatives of the late Earl of Cardigan who own the monastery, having evinced a desire to dispose of the place, the lessees, we are given to understand, have resolved upon purchasing the property, and they propose restoring the abbey to some extent. With this object in view, Sir Gilbert Scott, the eminent ecclesiological architect, has been instructed to report upon what should be done. Recently he spent several days viewing the place, and during his stay he was the guest of Major Butler, of the Abbey House. Until his report shall have been presented, all other steps necessarily remain in abeyance.

After Receiving the Reports of all the regiments of which he is commander, the Emperor was conducted into the Palace by the Czar and all the members of the Imperial Russian family. The Emperor Alexander then presented his guest with a portrait of himself, a sword of honor, the Cross of St. George, the Iron Cross for merit with the inscription "Sa Echabrost" (for valor), together with vases and an inkstand of lapis-lazuli. The German Emperor is said to have been overwhelmed at the cordiality of his welcome. The Grand Duke Nicholas afterwards presented to him the flag of the Kaluga Regiment, of which the Emperor William is also commander.

The Welcome Bidding to the English Princes by the Vienna Press is extremely hearty. The *Neue Freie Presse*, the leading paper, devotes an article to the subject, explaining the Prince of Wales' presence to be more than a mere act of courtesy. "England (says the journal in question) took up the idea of the Vienna Exhibition at first with least enthusiasm of all countries, but it now by the presence of its Prince gives a pledge of its sympathy which is valuable, coming from the most industrial and most prosperous nation in the world.

The Prince of Wales and Prince Arthur arrived at Vienna on the evening of April 28th. They were received at the railway station by the Emperor of Austria, all the Archdukes, the Dukes of Modena and Coburg-Gotha, the Crown Prince of Denmark, and the British Ambassador, Sir A. Buchanan, accompanied by the British Exhibition Commissioner, Mr. Owen. A guard of honor lined the station, and on the arrival of the illustrious visitors the band struck up "God Save the Queen."

The Graphic understands that the Queen has commissioned Mr. Sydney Hall to paint pictures of the two interesting ceremonies which recently took place in the Isle of Wight, namely the presentation of a new set of colors by her Majesty to the 79th Highlanders, and the acceptance of the old regimental colors by her Majesty for preservation in Osborne House. Mr. Sydney Hall had previously made sketches of these events for the *Graphic*.

Lady Paget, the wife of the British Ambassador in Rome, a few days ago missed some valuable jewels, and on the Questura being informed, they found that a servant recently dismissed had disposed of some of the articles to a dealer. The woman was therefore arrested just as she was about leaving by the train for Florence, and some of the objects stolen were found in her possession.

The Anniversary of the Czar's Birthday, on April 29th, was celebrated at St. Petersburg with religious and martial ceremonies. The members of the diplomatic body congratulated His Majesty on the auspicious occasion, and in the evening the Empress of Russia gave a dinner party, at which, among other Royal guests, the Duke of Edinburgh was present.

The German Emperor arrived at St. Petersburg on April 27th, and seems to have been very warmly received. The telegram speaks of an innumerable crowd, who enthusiastically welcomed His Majesty, and whose incessant cheering accompanied him to the Winter Palace.

The Ex-King of Spain is reported to be turning his experience in that country to account by writing a book, which will bear the title of "The History of King Amadeo," written by himself.

The King and Queen of Denmark, accompanied by their daughter, Princess Thyra, are expected in England at the end of the present month, on a visit to the Prince and Princess of Wales.

The Countess Gray has quite recovered from her recent indisposition, and during the last two days has taken carriage drives.

NOTICE TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE SUTRO TUNNEL CO.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Sutro Tunnel Company, held at the office of the Company, in the city of San Francisco, on the 23d day of May, 1873, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this Board that the Capital Stock of this Company should be increased to Twenty Million Dollars, and be divided into Two Million Shares of the par value of Ten Dollars per share; and that a meeting of the Stockholders be and is hereby called to take place at the office of the Company, at No. 2?, California street, at 1 o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, the 23d day of June, 1873, to determine upon this proposition.

Signed, JOSEPH ARON, SOLOMON HEYDENFELDT, EDWARD N. HOWELL, DONALD... ... THOS. C. WEDDERSPOON,
PETER W. AMES, Secretary. May 21. Trustees.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $750,000. OFFICERS.—John H. Redington President; George H. Howard, Vice-President, Charles R. Story, Secretary, S. D. Eddy, Marine Secretary. H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS.—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Grogan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, R. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling, Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 17.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 234 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens: DIRECTORS.—W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. N. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, N. D. Thayer, Jas. Phelan, Charles Main. C. W. KELLOGG, President. H. G. HORNER, Secretary. May 2.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law. WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent, April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants. No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 17 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin. Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—SAN FRANCISCO—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan. GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice President. CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,003,980, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business. GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent. WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov 21.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,- 750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less reinsurance, $1,3..,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. BOOKER, Agent, [Jan. 13.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco. ☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin. FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California, Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov 18.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every Information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. E. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS. Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS. No. 16 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 3. J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 630 Montgomery street

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. B. PETERS

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris. [March .]

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Nov 16. Portland, Maine.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers. No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. July 28.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 1.. Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 1.

THE BOHEMIAN GIRL.

Vive la Bohème! Fill cup and can,
  Be as joy to Art and down with sorrow!
One knows to-day he is a man,
  And may be only clay to-morrow.
So take your sketchbook, Brother Brush,
  And let us seek the country yonder,
To evening's smile, from Morning's blush,
  In wood, vale and meadows wild we wander.
    There, far from city smoke and whirl,
      In limpid water from the spring,
    Toast Art, the true Bohemian Girl,
      And of the gipsy's graces sing!

Vive la Bohème! Our marble halls
  Are Nature's palaces exalted,
With grand grey mountains for the walls
  And God's blue sky for ceiling vaulted;
Our carpet is the velvet sward
  Embroidered with a myriad daisies,
No incense e'er from censer soared
  Like that each flow'ret's chalice raises.
    Our choristers are thrush and merle,
      Their music makes the woodland ring,
    While Art, the true Bohemian Girl,
      With jocund throats we fondly sing!

Vive la Bohème! Lay care aside,
  And give to the slip awhile to sorrow,
Though I'm turned out and you are skyed,
  Let's laugh to-day and live to-morrow!
There, turn the canvas to the wall.
  Lock up studio! Care, avaunt!
I hold their courage is but small
  Who can't dismiss you when they want!
    Our troubles to the winds we hurl,
      Our failures to the waves we fling:
    Art is the true Bohemian Girl,
      And so the fickle jade we'll sing!—*Fun.*

SUNBEAMS.

— Here is an unpublished letter, from an American lady we believe, who some quarter of a century ago aspired to be the instructor of children. The quaintness and simplicity, for it is all sober earnestness, are worthy of being preserved: "Dear Sir—Having heard that you are in want of a governess for your children, I write to offer myself as a candidate for that post. My acquirements are English in all its branches, French, German, music, which I play well, singing, painting, drawing and dancing. My age is just twenty-eight. I am a lady by birth, high spirited, and I am sorry to say slightly quick-tempered, but still very fond of children, [illegible] of gentlemen's society; I am rather delicate, and when not as well as usual require a few tempting [illegible]. I hope, if you decide on having me for your children as their governess, that you will allow me the entree of your drawing room at all times, and that you will also allow me to join in all your domestic amusements. I wish to inform you that I have been in the habit of receiving £60 per annum, or £50 with laundress, and all traveling expenses paid. You may be glad to hear that I have an elegant figure, small hands and feet, and am, if my friends and admirers are to be believed, engaging."—*Temple Bar.*

She tied the new cravat
  Which she so kindly made me;
Then smoothed with care my hat,
  And with her arms delayed me,
She brushed my [illegible] coat,
  And said "it was so early!"
While going down the stair
  She cried, "Come home, dear, early!"
How happy then was I,
  With all I e'er desired;
A fortune could defy,
  While thus I was admired.
We parted at the door—
  Her smile deserved a sonnet!
"Dear love! but one thing more:
  I want a new spring bonnet."

— A Virginia negro, executed for a brutal murder, made a few remarks to the crowd assembled around the scaffold: "Whisky, I must say, has been the death of me. I blame nobody but whisky. You all see what whisky has brought me to. Take my advice on the scaffold, and leave it alone." Generous being! he blamed nobody but whisky—not even himself, as some rigid moralists might. This shows the evil effects of getting into bad company, and we trust that all future whisky will know better than to get mixed up with fellows like that.

— A contemporary suggests the use of Guinea pigs as an article of food. It observes: "A mistaken notion is entertained generally that they are a kind of rat, and therefore an unjust prejudice ought to be overcome, since they are excellent eating. Guinea pigs are not pigs." No, guinea pigs are not pigs. What is more, they are not guineas. Perhaps some one will be good enough to contradict these two novel and audacious assertions!

— A sheet of ordinary white blotting paper, which will tear by its own weight when wetted, is converted into a material having all the properties of a tough parchment by merely dipping it for a few seconds in sulphuric acid. The Germans are using this artificial [illegible] for sausage-skins. It need hardly be said that it is [illegible].

— "[illegible], I will make you feel the arrows of my resentment." "Ah, [illegible], why should I fear your arrows, when you never had a beau?"

— A [illegible] who asked her lover if he would like to [illegible], was surprised to hear him say he [illegible] rather see her eye (brow).

— One knack, that of bending the elbow, is more [illegible] tippler. Never allow him to acquire [illegible].

— The Woodhull says if she can't send the ship of Plymouth church to the devil, she'll Beach'er.—*Fat Contributor.*

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, May 4th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:00, 8:10, 9:20, 10:40 and 11:20 a. m., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, [illegible] and *11:[illegible] p. m. (9:20, 11:20 and [illegible] to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco) *5:20, 6:10, 7:20, 8:00 and [illegible] a. m., 1:30, 2:40, [illegible] and [illegible] p. m.

Leave Oakland [illegible] 6:20 [illegible] and [illegible] a. m., 12:[illegible], 2:00, 3:[illegible], 5:50, 6:30, [illegible] and 10:20 p. m.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:00, 9:00 and 11:15 a. m., 1:30, 4:00, 5:20 and 7:00 p. m. (5:20, 11:15 and 5:20 to Fruit Vale only.

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:20, 7:00 and 10 [illegible] p. m.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:25, 9:00 and 11:20 a. m., 1:20, [illegible] p. m. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South.	Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—			
San Francisco	8:10 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:40 p m
San Jose... Arrive	11:10 a m	5:10 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy ... Arrive	12:45 p m		
Pajaro ... Arrive	2:05 p m		
Castroville ... Arrive	2:45 p m		
Salinas ... Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister ... Arrive	2:50 p m		

Trains North.	San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—			
Hollister			11 15 a m
Salinas			10 45 a m
Castroville			11 15 a m
Pajaro			11 40 a m
Gilroy			12 [illegible] p m
San Jose	*6:50 a m	7 0 a m	3 00 p m
San Francisco ... Arrive	[illegible] a m	9 10 a m	5:25 p m

*Saturdays at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at *9 a m. Returning will leave San Jose at 5:50 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4 15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at 1:00 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11:30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 9:30 and 11 a. m. and 6 p. m. Saucelito at 8:20 and 10 a. m. and 2:30 and [illegible] p. m. (On Saturdays) from Saucelito at [illegible] and [illegible] a. m. and [illegible] p. m., from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] a. m. SUNDAY TIME.—Leave San Francisco, 10 a. m., 11 m., 2 and [illegible] p. m. Leave Saucelito, 11 a. m., 1, 3 and 5 p. m. H. A. COBB, President,
April 12. 327 Montgomery street

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, W. [illegible] Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs [illegible] her [illegible] will [illegible] as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible] a. m. Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] p. m., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and [illegible]. Nov 1. CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco [illegible] a. m., 1:00 p. m., [illegible]. CHAS. MINTURN.

J C MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction [illegible] 204 California street [illegible] Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a. m. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupe Hacks, Phaetons, [illegible], Rockaways, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lap Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little iron in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the best steel and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and rattle of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 20.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship New-bern, A. N. MacDonnough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on.......... at 12 o'clock M. from Frontstreet Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through [illegible] will be furnished [illegible]. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent, [illegible] Front street.
March 15.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable remedy [illegible] obstructions [illegible] inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers [illegible] that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s 9d per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for [illegible], tan, sunburns, [illegible] any roughness of the skin. In bottles, 1s 6d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS, 150 Oxford street, London.
Feb 26.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA. GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition; and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin lined packets, labled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by
BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE —The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 23.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. A. Herbert, Secretary, Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors: I. A. Amerman, Wm Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Freund, H. Travers, P. [illegible], H. A. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. [illegible], J. J. [illegible], [illegible] Smith, A. [illegible] Meyer. HARNEY & BROWN, Agents.
Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, [illegible] and Dealers [illegible] all kinds of Druggists' Sundries [illegible] 11 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated [illegible] forwarded to the Trade on [illegible]. April

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by
HOLLADAY & BRENHAM
March Agents, 420 Front street

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Building.
Justices—43 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Fourth District—City Hall
Twelfth District—City Hall
Fifteenth District—715 Montgomery street.
District Attorney—City Hall
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets
City Physician—Co'ty Hospital.
Coroner—135 Kearny street
Custom House—Battery street
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants Exch'nge.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
State [illegible] House—City Hall
Auditor—Room 11, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets
Fire Department—29 Kearny
License Collector—City Hall
Industrial School—City Hall
Surveyor—City Hall
Outside Land Committee—24 Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets
Health Office—Jackson street.
Chief of Police—City Hall
Poundkeeper—Jackson st., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
Quarantine—23 Kearny street.
Harbor Master—19 Vallejo St.
Harbor Police—Cor Pacific and Davis streets

CONSULS

Belgium—E. Grisar, 1511 Powell.
Chili—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street.
Chili—Consul General, Francisco de Casanueva, 206 Battery st.
Denmark—G. O'Hara Taafe, 320 California street.
Ecuador—Daniel Wolf (absent).
France—Edouard Breuil, 134 Jackson street.
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, 317 California street.
Guatemala—C. Martin 423 California st.
Hawaiian Islands—Henry W. Severance, 407 Front street.
Honduras—Wm. V. Wells, Mayor's Office, City Hall.
Italy—G. B. Cerruti, 1115 Powell.
Japan—C. W. Brooks, 20 Montgomery street.
Mexico—Manuel Aspiroz.
German Empire—C. A. C. [illegible], [illegible] Sacramento street.
Netherlands—J. De Fremery, 19 Sansome street.
Nicaragua—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Peru—De la Fuente y Subirat Federico.
Portugal—Francis Bertodano, sw. cor. Clay and Leidesdorff sts.
Russia—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
San Salvador—M. Alvarez.
Spain—C. Martin, 423 California.
Sweden and Norway—C. Johnsen, [illegible] Battery street.
Switzerland—Francis Berton, [illegible] Herrera.
Bolivia—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Callao—D. J. Williamson, 330 Brannan street.
Costa Rica—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
Greece—[illegible] Fisher, 329 Montgomery street.
Argentine Republic—C. Baum, [illegible] street.
[illegible]—G. Muecke, [illegible] California street.
Turkey—[illegible] Gibbs, 23 Battery street.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending May 23, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, May 19th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
H H Ellis to Harriet S Stanley	5 acres, com'g at sw cor nw ¼ Sec 21 etc	$ 200
Martha B Hunt to Wm Thackeray	E Stevenson n 16th, 50x80—sub M B 69.	900
A Himmelmann to Samuel P Taylor	Nw McAllister and Webster, 137:6x137:6	1
Borni Leguine to A Artmann	E Jersey s Alameda, 28:6x100	1,200
Chas L Houghton to J S Houghton	W 28th Ave 170 s C st, w 100x25	725
R McGinley to A A Zihn	E Van Ness Avenue n Hayes, 30x100	4,250
Louis M Cohn to Gustave Gump	Geary w Franklin, 27:6x120	3,000
Bay View H'd to Sam'l S Watters	Lots 7 and 11 blk 465	1,000
Same to same	Lot 11 blk 458, and 10 blk 487	1,000
W H Tillinghast to R A Swain	Ellis and Franklin, 275x120	20,000
Bay Park H'd to Oliver H Brann	Lot 8 blk 552	350
Jas Roche to Cornelius Darris	Ne Bryant and 23d, 116x200	2,000
W H Parker to W D Johnston	Lots 7 and 8 in blk 89, O L, Cal Ave H'd	500
Jane Carrington to A Vigouroux	Lots 213 to 222, Gift Map 3	950
Geo W Gibbs to Avice Hicks	Und ¼ S B blk No 2; also, und ¼ lots 40 to 44 inc, and 8 lots unnumbered	8,000
Same to Eliz'th W Walker	1-16 same	500

Tuesday, May 20th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
John Campbell to James Conroy	Subdivision blk 616, Western Addition	$1,150
Silver Terrace H'd As'n to J Vance	Lots 441 and 442	701
Chas W Elliot to Patrick Reilly	Lots 725 and 726, Gift Map 2	750
Nicholas Reynolds to Lou Wagner	E Dupont s Vallejo, 57:6x20	4,850
Lamson S Welton to J K Phillips	Nw Pine and Buchanan, 55x81:3	650
A H Barker to Clinton Hastings	Und ¾ n cor Peale and Bryant, 275x275	15,100
J H Sontag to Gustave Mahe	W Sansome n Pacific, 67x31:6	13,138
John A Stanley to F Wilke	W Stewart s Mission, 22x45:10—subdiv B and W lot 650	10
Wm Schmolz to B Dreyfuss	Nw Nevada and Texas, 50x100, also sundry other subs of blks on P N	1,300
Same to same	Subdivision sundry blks Potrero Nuevo	1,500
A M Randolph to Ida Precht	S Bush w Hyde, 30x137 6	4,000
Anne M Randolph to same	Same	1
I Shaw to Edward Dunphy	Nw Bryant w 7th, 25x80	1,700
Wm W White to Wm H White	W Kearny, 49 s Clay, s 41, w 41 11, n 25, e 31.6, n 16, e 20:5 to commencement, being subdivision 50-v 23	20,000
John Eyre to Julius C Reis	Sw Page and Octavia, w 87:6x120—sub blk 212 Western Addition	7,250
N Cousin to City & County S F	S Adler at 183:10 e Dupont, e 61:3 se 46:9 s 4:1, w 91:2, n 40 to commencement	10,581
Milton Buckley to Wm R Whealon	W Capp n 17th, 105x15	7,600
Mary C Griffin to John R Kelly	N Eddy e Pierce, 30x75	.

Wednesday, May 21st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Lamson S Welton to Asher Franke	Sw Geary and Laguna, 31 4x137.6	$ 500
F D Wilde to L W Reede	Lot 41 blk 227 N S S F Hd Ass'n	500
T B Robertson to Chas Minturn	S Ellis e Scott, 30x75; also, und half sw cor Washington s 53:8x103—subdivision blk 62 W A	4,500
N Young to City & County S F	Streets, highways, etc	
Abram Anspacher to John Wright	E Polk s P[illegible], 60x62:6	7,000
Earl A Fargo to John C Woolley	S Glover w Jones, 25x60 sub 50-v 50	350
N P Perine to Alden G Trask	S Grey Place [illegible], 25x80—sub 100-v 37 subject to mortgage for $2,500	1,300
L S Welton to Chas H Stanyan	Nw cor Bush and Buchanan, 137 6x137 6 sub blk 273, W A	1
J B Ransom to Mary A Ransom	S 20th e Dolores, 50x14—subdiv M B 76; also lots 57, 58, Ben Franklin Hd Asn, also, lot 151 Masonic Cemetery	[illegible]
John Hammond to J Collins	W Capp, 195 s 24th, 22:6x115	2
A Austin to John Hammond	Same	10
W G Doolittle to Wm McLaughlin	Lot 7 blk 157, New S S F H'd Ass'n	500
Thomas H Holt to J B Haggin	Outside Lands	6,000
Same to Lloyd Tevis	Subdivisions sundry blks in Western Addition, also, sub sundry P N blks; also, subdiv sundry blks O L	10,000
Franz Kramer to Peter Deane	N Fell w Octavia, 97:0x120	2,100
J A Mars to Geo Lang	N Jessie sw 1st, 25x80	2,200
Wm Lannigan et al to H Kenetzer	Se Union and Jone, 46:2x120	1,000
W R Townsend to Antoine Roman	Lot 37 blk 91 Buena Vista H'd	500

Thursday, May 22d

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Hugo Hochholzer to F H Eckert	S California e Larkin 2[illegible]x110:6	$2,000
John McLaughlin to Polk Brellin	Lot 17 of subdiv 1 to 74 74, P V Lots	100
S W Holladay to Thos H Holt	Subdiv blk 243, W A	25
Robert F Morrison to same	[illegible] lots 5 5 in blk 243, W A	50
Thos H Holt to J L Jones	Sw cor Clay [illegible] and Buchanan, 275x137	3,000
H Schussler to J C Meussdorffer	W Van Ness Av, [illegible] n McAllister n 30 x w 100 [illegible] sub blk 77, W A	1,250
F S Spring to Phillip Wolf	[illegible] 453, also, lots 7 to 14 inclusive, blk [illegible] also, lot 7 to 14 inclusive blk 456 Tide Lands	2,500
W G Doolittle to D A Baum	Lots 8 9 blk 157, New S S F H'd Ass'n	1,000
F B Wilde to S Littlefield	Lot 18 blk 327, same	500
Wm J Woodley to I D Slinkey	S Bush w Gough, 137 6x137 9	1,700
P C Gayelty to Wm J Woodley	Same	500
T P Riordan to E h Seeback	Nw Nevada and Vermont, 33 4x100	1,710
Pat Burns to M A Wheat	Sw Rausch [illegible] of Howard, 25x112—Subdiv 100-v 25	1,000
J Warshawski to A Warshawski	S Clipper e Church, 25x114	Gift.
John Satterlee to James J Doyle	Nw Pacific and Van Ness Ave, 132x122:6 subdiv blk 21, W A	10
J W Moyle to W W Stetson	Sundry properties on Potrero Nuevo	750

Friday, May 23d.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Simon Riordan to Bertha Assolin	W Jersey s 22d 25x1[illegible]—subdiv M B 148	$ 450
City and County S F to H P Hanson	E Tennessee s Mariposa, 25x130—subdiv Potrero blk 384	Prem
Thos Brown to Sophia W Carleton	S Pine e Hyde, 25x137:6	2,500
Sophia W Carleton to E E Vansant	Same	Gift
Luis D Sanchez to Thos Sanchez	Sub [illegible] M B [illegible]	1,000
Thos Moore to Thomas P Winter	Lot [illegible] blk 534, Central Park Hd Ass'n	100
P Toplitz to Fitel Phillips	Sw Van Ness Ave and Fulton, w 109 9 x 120, also, sw corner 6th and Market, [illegible]	4,000
Fitel Phillips to Albert Miller	Same, also, sw Mason and Ellis, e 27:6, w 52:6, s 61, n 62:6 e 137:6; also, n of Bush 60 e Dupont, e 50, n 137:6, etc	20,000
A H Rose to Frank Maxon	Lots 10 11 12 blk 90, Central Park H'd	6,000
Fredk W Utter to M G Kennedy	Sundry properties throughout city	1,500

Saturday, May 24th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
R J Tiffany to St Luke's Hosp As'n	Lots Nos 42 43 and por of 41, Map of Tiffany and Dean property	11,000
W Van Voorhies to Chas G Ewing	Se S [illegible] sw 2d sw [illegible]x75	4,100
Junction H'd Ass'n to F Mitchell.	Lots 22 blk 8, 5 blk 9, 21 blk 9 Junc Hd	1,050
Chas Lux to Francis Berton	Se Park Lane North, 256 sw 2d, sw 21 x se 97:6—sub s Park [illegible]	2,100
John Grant to same	E Park Lane n 2[illegible] sw 2d sw 22x96	17,500
H Wobler to S B Watson	Und 2 acres Ranch Laguna de la Merced	....
A G Moon to Wm Hollis	Ne cor Guerrero and Ridley, 275x160—subdiv M B 22; also, e Pearl, 75 n Ridley, n 275 x e 80—subdiv M B 22	36,000
Paul Tract H As'n to J F Spaulding	Lot 3 blk 56, Paul Tract H'd	500
S W Shaw to John F Swift	S Broadway 68:9 e Mason, 68:9 x s 137 6 subject 50-v 881	11,300
Wm H Stelzer to Antoine Borel	Sw Noe and 16th, n 115x160—sub M B 117, subject to whatever has or may be	
W M Dowling et al to H A Powell	assessed for the opening and grading of Market street from Valencia to 17th	15,000
Edwin Bonnell to Thos Gately	Undivided ¼ se cor Broderick and McAllister, s to Fulton at e 275 n 275 w to commencement	...
Same to Alex G Berson	S California e Webster, 25x137 6	1
Alf Eckstein to Herman Schussler	S California w Buchanan, 25x137 6	1
Herman Schussler to Hip Yo Long	W Washington Place 26-v n Washing.	1
Julia Gillem to P Gillem	Same; also, Polk n Jackson, 47 6x80 6	Gift
E Zimmerman to M Reese	Nw Spring and Summer, 43x50	2,200

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending May 27, 1873.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
L W & L R Snow to J Chart	Oakland: 50x108:9 nw cor 15th and Clay	$1,500
J B Bigelow to A Conefro	Same: S line R R Avenue 75 west from Chester thence w 25x[illegible] 3	500
L M Gardner to Pearson & Wood.	Same: N line of Oakland Ave 80:7 e from Wood thence e 100x100 4	....
R E Tompkins to J J Hanifin	Same: 100x108 5 nw corner Walnut and Broadway	2,975
E Bigelow to E McQuillen	Same: E line Henry 193:3 s fm R R Ave thence s 25x125	450
J Gamble to A & S Sanderson	Same: Sw line Weston Ave 361.4 e from Telegraph Avenue thence e 100x303.6	1,600
J Chart to J Norton	Same: E line 107:6 s from 24th thence s 53x115	200
S Merritt to N M Latham	Same: E line Jackson 1270 n from 12th thence n 300x160	30,000
P Bartlett to E Weinlrout	Same: W Center st 46:11 n from Middle thence n 28:1x109.7	450
J E Whitcher to J E Colby	Same: E Washington 75 s from 10th thence s 25x75, also s 10th 75 e Washington thence e 50x100	1,000
J Norton to J Chart	Same: E line Louisa 150:6 s from 24th street thence s 53x115	100
N C Fassett to T Valesy	Same: W line Filbert 175 s from 10th thence s 50x125	11,000
Capitol H'd Ass'n to W Stuart	East Oakland: 40x200 and 40x200 near Lake Merritt	1,550
Same to C C Carlton	Same: About 85x180	..
R O Sandley to M Pollard & C M Co.	West Oakland: E line Wood st s from Chase thence s 51x102:6	4,900
L Wood to C P R R Co	Same: N line R R Ass'n 60 e from Wood thence e 20x10	1
L McMacken to J B Rollins	Alameda: 70x68 near Mastic Station	500
J S Scott to A Scott	Same: E Park [illegible] n Buena Vista thence n 100x145	....
J Chester to C H Chester	Same: Lot S F Bay near Park st	500
E Adams to E B Mastick	[illegible] from Oakland Tract on San Pablo Road	2,250
J L Graves to J F Valdes	San Leandro: 145 Callan Ave x 100	1,100
J Reagan to T O'Reagan	Same: Lot se cor Ward Avenue & Haywood Road	2,000
W M Mendenhall to M Rogers	Livermore: 130x150	1,400
Same to T Gleskin	Same: Lot 6 in block 30	1 0
Same to J A Clary	Near Livermore: 20 acres	1,000
A Walker to J McHarnie	Road Decoto to Mayhews Land'g 2¼ ac	192
M Joseph to Joseph Kelting	3 miles w Dublin—77 acres	1,300
J Keming to F Frazer	Same: Half interest in same	650
A S Peralta to F Peralta	The A M Peralta division of Road San Antonio [illegible] exceptions	500
G O Davis to J R Lewis	Near Berkeley: Lot [illegible] in blk 4 State University H'd Tract	700
Same to H Burgess	Same: Lot 10 in blk 4 same	500
S U H'd Ass'n to N Rosenberg	Same: Lot 3 in blk 3 same	700
Same to H Burgess	Same: Lot 1 in blk 4 same	700
Same to W H Knight	Same: Lot 10 in blk 1 same	700
Same to S S Dunmire	Same: Lot 1 in blk 3 same	700
Same to E Wasserman	Same: Lot 7 in blk 2 same	700
Same to J R Sims	Same: Lot 1 in blk 2 same	700
Same to D Black	Same: Lot 4 in blk 3 same	700

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. May 27.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. 9.

RODGERS, MEYER & CO., 212 BATTERY STREET,

Offer for Sale in Bond or Duty Paid,

Wool Bags,	Fleece Twine, 5 ply and 3 ply,	Flax Twine, 5 ply and 3 ply,
Grain Bags,	Imitation Chicken Gunnies,	Hessians, 40 and 45 inch,
Coffee Bags	Silver Ore Bags of all descriptions,	Glengarnock Pig Iron,
Sulphate of Copper,	Copper Ore Bags all descriptions,	Composition Nails,
Fire Clay and Chalk,	Soda Crystals, Grass Cloth,	Bath Bricks,
Fire Bricks,	Kirk [illegible] Pig Iron,	Brimstone, Candles,

Yellow Metal P. H. Muntz & Co.'s celebrated brand. [illegible]

John D. Yost, San Francisco.] [H. S. Crocker, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
[illegible] Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD GOLD PENS AND PENCILS [illegible]

Jos. C. [illegible]] CURLE, STEWART & CO [illegible]

Average Loss Adjusters [illegible] REAL ESTATE [illegible]
[illegible]

THE FRENCH REPUBLIC.

The Victory of the Reactionary Coalition in the French Assembly has taken the world and the reactionists themselves, by surprise. No man could expect to see a combination strong enough to overthrow Thiers, in the very moment of his greatest power, when he had just outdone all the former triumphs of his skill and sagacity by securing the complete liberation of France from the German troops. It is true that the Assembly was bitterly hostile to him, but he knew the Assembly, and had been more than a match for his enemies, secret or avowed, through two most difficult and dangerous years. How could any one foresee that a week, which developed no new elements of difficulty, would suffice to make the victor change places with the vanquished? "It is only the unforeseen," says the proverb, "which always comes to pass;" and every modern statesman should worship, with a devotion as fervent as that of Sulla, that great goddess Fortune, whose place is so poorly supplied in our Christian mythology by the nondescript, Providence. Things went too well with Thiers, prosperity rose round him like a tide, and he made no offering to deprecate the wrath of the Deity, and the bolt fell upon him, from a clear sky. There will be a good deal of pious declamation over his downfall, and we make haste to contribute our little mite; for we are nothing if not pious, and we know, from long study, that the Pagans have a much clearer conception of the unseen powers than the Christians. There will also be—and we have heard the beginning of it—a fine outburst of Anglo-Saxon eloquence, denouncing the Gallic instability, the incapacity of the French for self-government, and the impossibility of their establishing anything permanent, for your real Anglo-Saxon always has a secret persuasion that the rest of the world is laughing at him, and he finds it necessary to spank his Goddess of Liberty in public, that all men may know she is made of durable stuff, as compared with the plaster of Paris image, from across the Channel. There is no insecurity in the political life of the English-speaking peoples. Anybody can tell what is going to come about in London or Washington during the next week, for instance, while in Paris no man is sure of finding the front door of his house, when he comes home at night. We once knew a good lady, who reproved a young relative for speaking very positively about his plans for a day, two weeks off. "You should never talk in that way. How can you tell where you may be, before two weeks?" "Why, aunt!" objected the culprit, "you were talking this morning about what you would do to-morrow afternoon." "That's a very different thing, sir!" she replied, "we know very well that we shall be here to-morrow, but it's flying in the face of Providence to talk as if you were sure of a week." Limited liability is an Anglo-Saxon invention. It is a pity that Frenchmen have missed it. The meaning of the change in France is not difficult to read. It looks to a restoration of the Monarchy, and there could be no fitter instrument for the purpose than Marshal MacMahon. The old soldier's honor is above suspicion, and his honor will make him absolutely helpless against the will of the Assembly. Were he but a soldier, he might be trusted to overlook minor civil duties, in order to use his power with the army against more feeble politicians; but MacMahon is so much of a citizen that he will certainly obey the regular, apparent civil authority. There will probably be no revolution, but a peaceable restoration of the Bourbon line. The moral support of every Government in Europe is ready to bear upon such a restoration; and if any proof of its approach were wanted, it is to be found in the "greater confidence" of the Pope, in his prayers for France, now that MacMahon is her President. It is a pitiful result of two years' Republican training to find that it ends in a great stride backwards; but man is slow to learn and slow to unlearn. It is no easy matter to establish a working Republic, and America is a melancholy example of this fact. The course of political change in France will undoubtedly follow the old road. The Monarchy will be restored and will endure for a time, to be overthrown by a new and greater effort of the Republican party, stronger with every decade of years; and the Republic will again succumb to intrigue or violence, to be replaced once more by the Monarchy, and so on, till the Republic finally triumphs. For the advanced minds of France are every year brought nearer to the great mass of the people, and the intelligent perception of the principles of freedom will at last be almost a matter of instinct.

TRAVEL AT HOME AND ABROAD.

Every Now and Then some Patriotic Journal bewails the perversity of those Americans who will go and spend money in Europe when there are wide regions of their own country absolutely unknown to them. They are called by very hard names and accused of something very like treason because they prefer Switzerland to California and Italy to Minnesota. A running fire of statistics is opened upon them. Thermometrical observations, steadily continued for twenty-two years, prove to them that the climate of San Francisco is more equable than that of any other place on the habitable globe or elsewhere; and who can do without an equable climate? Then for consumptives—and everybody is more or less consumptive—what a pleasure to reflect, as they freeze in Minnesota that they are spending their cash and their last moments among people not less foreign and far more disagreeable than the inhabitants of Mentone or Palermo! Patriotism is a noble superstition, particularly when it makes your heart beat loud and fast to tread the soil of a State born yesterday, the home of nobody, and as utterly insignificant to you as Dongola or Paramaribo. How can any New Yorker or New Englander, any Virginian or Louisianian care two straws for California or Nevada? He may have a friend settled in one or the other whose prosperity rejoices or whose ill-success grieves him; but how can he, by any possible effort, cherish any sentiment for places without history? Nobody in California regards the State as home. We have made up our minds to stay here, we do the best we can to bring up our families in a wholesome way, and we try to flatter ourselves that we are perfectly content with big pumpkins and strawberries all the year round, but every day we think, with longing and regret, of the far-away home in Massachusetts or Maryland, or Pennsylvania, or England, or Germany, and count the hours that have yet to roll away before we can shake off the dust of our feet and return to the dear native land. This is what we all honestly feel. How should a stranger be drawn more closely to this Paradise of the Pacific than we, who know it so well? The question of American travel, as far as it regards this coast, is a settled question. There is no reason why anybody should come this way for the pleasure of traveling, and, in a broad sense, there is no reason why an American should travel in America either before or after traveling in Europe and the East. If such travel merely for the sake of looking at scenery, it matters not which way they turn themselves. There is a good deal of scenery everywhere. If one cares for the communion with the aspects of Nature, he cannot escape from them short of a cellar. But if one must wait, before admiring a landscape, to be sure that the stars and stripes float over it, he may rave himself hoarse about its beauties, and in vain, we know him and his breed. The very prodigality of Nature in distributing her favors has made it impossible for any man cultivated not to be above the savage to be exclusive in admiration of mere natural beauties. Sure of finding these on every sky, the civilized man seeks, in addition to these, some human interest to decide him in the choice of his Summer's jaunt. He has but a few months to give, and how can he hesitate between England, or France, or Spain, where every little hamlet has a history and a glory and a life of its own, and California, rich in gold and pumpkins, or Michigan, where men cut timber and dig copper? It is easy to talk about the crimes of history and the noble simplicity of American farmers and miners, but we live among these simple robbers and find them to be no better, while they are far less interesting than the Visconti and lords de Castro and Warwick and Mary Stuart. The whole theory of travel from the American point of view, is a false one. If travel is good for anything, it is good to widen one's sympathies, to correct his prejudices, to cheer and to elevate his thoughts of the race, so diverse, so complex, so marvelously gifted, and so indisputably one in its strenuous effort towards the highest good. The average man, absorbed in business, is but little fitted for traveling with profit to himself, but for him, as for the more cultivated, there is more possibility of good in foreign travel than in journeys at home. In his own country he finds everywhere the same general manners, observances and customs, while in any foreign country he is compelled to note and compare differences and novelties. The single argument of any weight in favor of home travel is that one thereby keeps his money at home, and this differs only in degree, but not in principle, from the miser's plea that, let the people hiss as they may, he applauds himself while counting his money in his chest.

WANTED, A RIOT.

There Has Been a Steady and Well Sustained Effort on the part of the daily journals during the past week to get up an anti-Chinese riot. But up to the time of our going to press nothing more decisive had come out of it than the braining of an inoffensive creature while quietly walking the street. The lovers of bloodshed and havoc, however, need not despair. All the portents seem to be favorable to their wishes. The chief end of sensational journalism of course is sensation, and the hearty desire of the readers of such sheets to gratify their animal instincts. We confidently predict that within a fortnight, at the utmost, the roughs, "coasters" and "plug uglies" will conclude that their license to begin killing and burning is sufficient and set about their work. And we are glad of it, not upon our own account, for the circulation of the *News Letter* is secured among the more intelligent classes, and requires no extraneous nourishment to keep it alive. But there are journals which live by excitement, and by the morbid food known as "sensationalism." To such, a riot, a murder, a rape or a seduction is food, breath, life itself, without which they must surely die. Even during the present week one of these ephemeral productions has expired and given up the ghost. Had the Chinese riot happened three weeks ago, this moribund sheet might have still dragged out a precarious existence. But while the grass was growing this steed died. To the survivors we say hope on, and howl on, sooner or later you will succeed in arming the ruffianism of society against the defenceless creatures in our midst, and your hearts will be gratified and your exchequers replenished by the selling of startling news. Chinamen will be slain by hundreds, but your circulations will be doubled. Houses will be given to the torch and goods to the plunderer, but you will sell more newspapers than ever before. The conflagration will spread and extend over our fair city, involving in indiscriminate ruin the mansion of the rich and the cottage of the poor—but your enterprise will be lauded and advertisements will crowd in upon you. The blood of the Mongolians will run in torrents along our gutters, perhaps mingling its tide with the red life current of the fair Caucasian, but the *Chronicle* will beat the *Call*, and the *Call* will run its lightning press by day and by night to satisfy the eager impatience of the public for "the very latest intelligence." Go on, gentlemen of enterprise, the *News Letter* admires you and showers upon you its highest encomiums. The New York *Herald* is the model and thorough type of American journalism, but its glory must pass away before the glory of young San Francisco. For ourselves we would not do this sort of thing, for we are infidels and don't believe the Bible. But to those who stand by the pure faith of the country, it is quite another thing. In teaching that Chinamen should be butchered in their beds, and their houses burned over their heads, these journalists are not only striving to increase their circulation, but they are actually carrying out the teachings of their religion. True, Christ did not say in terms that Chinamen were to be slain in order to create an excitement, and to make newspapers sell; but it must have been because of two facts: first, that there were no Chinamen in Jerusalem; and second, there were no daily newspapers. Had there been, no doubt he would have comprehended the necessities of the case, and made it an article of faith to kill the one for the benefit of the other. Such being the fact, we repeat, gentlemen of the *Chronicle*, *Call*, *Alta* and *Bulletin*, these creatures don't take newspapers, and therefore no harm can be done in killing them. So let your watchword still be, death to the Asiatic, and within a month or two at the remotest you may look for a sensation, by the side of which earthquakes will be as fun and childish recitation.

TOO MUCH HONESTY IS BAD.

It is a Most Fortunate Circumstance for the material interests of this coast that the *News Letter* is not unselfish, like the *Bulletin*, that it is not bold and outspoken, like the *Call*, not devoted wholly to reform, like the *Alta*, nor thoroughly honest and high-minded, like the *Chronicle*. In short, it is a precious good thing for the State that we are just what we are, the reverse of all of this. If we were as they are, with our immense and world-wide circulation we should quite ruin the country, by publishing its faults and its ills, so that no one would come to it, or remaining at home, deal or hold intercourse with us. We suppress the truth in the interest of the coast, while they speak it out boldly, fearless or indifferent to the consequences. Suppose we should publish in this journal the circumstance that our merchants are all swindlers and our bankers thieves, would it not affect our credit! Fancy the *News Letter* declaiming day after day that every office holder in the country is a corrupt scoundrel and ought to be in the penitentiary! Or that the governing classes were political bummers and plug uglies in the pay of the powerful corporations, and that such creatures make the laws under which we live, and control every department of the State, executive, legislative, and judicial! Imagine the effect upon public opinion towards California throughout the world, should we gravely announce the fact that a loathsome disease has been introduced into the country, and has taken such hold upon the people that every second man, woman and child already has the leprosy, and that those not yet attacked by this disorder are liable momentarily to the contagion. We don't say these things. We would not say them even if they were true! For we are not honest and don't pretend to be. The honesty now in the State—and the supply is limited—is exclusively monopolized (everything is monopolized now-a-days) by the journals above named. There is none left for us. As a question of fact, there is a good deal of "rough politics" going on in the State, and will be as long as the *Bulletin* and the railroad are opposing elements, striving for the mastery of affairs. For what one won't do the other will. But we mention it not, lest the coast get a bad name. It is true, there will always be stock jobbing and "corners," and ring tricks of doubtful virtue, so long as the leading stock sharps can have access to the *Chronicle* reporters. Coin will tell in such cases, no matter how honest the proprietors may be, and certainly the *Chronicle* proprietors are the most honest men at least upon the Western Continent. But we are as silent as the tomb. Our credit is concerned. And as for contagious disorders of a cutaneous character, they can never, in our judgment, be wholly stamped out so long as the proprietors of the *Alta California* are permitted to run about the streets shaking hands indiscriminately with every body they meet. We do not deny that the leprosy prevails to a certain extent even in the best society, as the morning journals persistently assert. But why publish it to the world? We have had it, and now care but little who else gets it. As for the itch, although it is quite prevalent, yet it is scarcely of a dangerous type. Therefore what good is there in parading the fact. If people want to know our faults let them come and find out say we. Our word for it, they will find it bad enough without our preparing their minds in advance.

THE LAW LIBRARY.

We Don't Like Monopolies of any sort, and we never did. When such must exist we feel that railroads do the most good, and are therefore the least objectionable. But here in California the fashion is to heap the heaviest abuse upon railroads because they are useful and necessary, and to permit gas monopolies, and water monopolies, and other mere private schemes for gouging the public, to pass without comment. The most ingenious and hateful of close corporations at this moment is, without doubt, the Law Library. When that institution was a private affair, and depended on the liberality of its members for existence, the public had no right to complain, no matter what were its rules of admission or however restricted its membership. But it is not a private, but a public institution. The people are paying to support it—a tax is levied upon litigants for its endowment. Three dollars is exacted in advance of every suitor demanding justice in our courts, as a condition precedent to the hearing of his cause, for the maintaining of a library, not for the benefit of the whole bar, but for the wealthy and influential members of it alone. Against this we protest. When the promoters of the Law Library elected to go before the Legislature and to ask aid from the general public for their institution, the effect of their action was to throw the affair open to the bar in general, not, of course, absolutely free, but at a reasonable fee for admission and fair monthly payment. This they are not doing. They retain their terms at a standard which practically excludes some of our most worthy lawyers from participation in the benefits of a library paid for in most by their own clients. We repeat the Law Library is a close corporation for the advantage of the wealthy lawyers, and ought to be reformed.

A "Chronicle Reporter has been getting married. His name is Smith. This looks like high salaries on that sheet, or perhaps Verdenal posts him on stocks.

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—OF—
THE WEEK.

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THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

THE DEVIL'S WALK THROUGH SAN FRANCISCO.

"From his brimstone bed at break of day
A walking the Devil has gone,
To visit his nice little farm, the earth,
And see how his stock goes on."—COLERIDGE.

The Devil once more set out for earth,
He switched his scaly tail.
He clattered his hoofs
On passing roofs,
And sparks flew out like hail.

His sulphury breath made the night-bats cough,
The owls cried "lawk a daisy,"
"What the Devil's up?"
"Then there's blood to sup,"
Or else the 'old man's' crazy.

But he heeded not the night-bird's screech,
But steadily went on his way,
And landed here,
In his city so dear,
With the first gray dawn of day.

He stopped a passing milk cart,
And helped himself to a tin,
But he threw it down
With an angry frown;
It was correctly blue and thin.

He watched the butcher carts, laden
With dead hogs by the score,
And he thought of the swine
That the curse divine
Sent headlong down the shore.

He saw the quack doctors' shingles,
For he found them in every quarter;
"Ah, ah!" cried he,
"They swarm, I see;"
And he thought of the horseleeche's daughter.

He laughed at the fortune-tellers' signs,
And he said, "Superstition rages,
With as strong a sway
In the present day,
As it did in the darkest ages."

And the Devil walked through Chinatown,
But to him it was all "my eye;"
For Chinese souls (?)
Ain't worth the coals,
It takes to make them fry.

He saw Michael Reese eating peanuts,
So for pity's sake asked him to dine,
And Michael said "Yes,"
"I'll join you I guess;
But you know, "old man," you must stand wine."

But Michael he cleared all the dishes,
Both his own and the Devil's too,
And the Devil said,
When he collared his bread,
"I say, my old friend, this won't do."

Then the Devil got up in a rage,
As hungry as when he sat down,
And swore that old Mick,
At the restaurant trick,
Could whip any two in the town.

He called on a few politicians,
All thirsting for dollars and dimes;
A sneer hard suppressing,
He gave them his blessing,
And hoped they'd have pretty good times.

He called on his lordship the Bishop,
Who gave him some claret to sip,
And also a book
With a pamphlety look,
"Some account of the great house of Kip."

But the wine that the Bishop gave him
Made his stomach ache all day,
So he curled up his lip
At the house of Kip,
And it's pedigree threw away.

And he thought, as he strolled along,
What a lot of earthly leaven
Three parsons show
Who'd have you know
That "of such is the Kingdom of Heaven."

Then he met his friend Briggs on the street,
And asked if the "Tiger" was well;
But Briggs shook his head,
"My poor 'Tiger' is dead,
And I fear that you've got him in hell."

So the Devil just telegraphed home,
To ask if the "Tiger" was there:
In less than a crack
An answer came back,
"He's alive and in Frisco, I'll swear."

Then the old man looked so knowing,
And said, as he stroked his chin,
"You can't fool me
That way; you see,
It's a little bit too thin."

But the shades of eve were falling,
And the winds were blowing cold,
For the Devil's tail
Shrank in like a snail
'Neath his red cloak's ample fold.

So bidding farewell to the city,
To Chinaman, nigger and white,
He started off back
And a cloven track
Marked the road he went that night.

May the Devil or Captain Jack scalp us if we are not in great agony of soul. We groan with the tribulations of this life and our heart is burdened with pious meditations. This ball of mud whereupon we vegetate and cut up high antics before the Gods has been the scene of startling events, but bloody tragedies no longer thrill our veins with horror. We have become so familiar with them that they are taken down with the relish of our mint juleps. To die a murderer upon the gallows seems to have a terrible fascination for men. In exaltation of spirit the murderer kisses the crucifix and goes to meet Jesus, while his hands are yet red with the blood of his victim. Another slayer informs us that "the finger of God is upon him," and without the first pang of remorse, swings from the gallows as gaily as if he were going to a wedding feast. Priests and preachers, and merciful women, flock about the murderer's cell, bringing comfort and consolation to the blood-stained criminal, while hundreds of honest people, unable to procure bread to put in their mouths, are starving without a word of sympathy. This thing of patting a murderer on the back, if he only believes in Jesus, is criminal in the extreme. It offers a premium for murder, and, as we believe, injures the cause of Christ.

Exterminating the Chinese is the existing emotional insanity which afflicts the stupid public. Our leather-headed servant, the aforesaid public, had better turn its attention to greater evils than the celestials. There is Elder Pickering, for instance, who fills the columns of the *Call* daily with all the revolting crimes and exsanguinations of the age; high priest De Young, who smacks his lips in every filthy scandal that he can temporarily immortalize in the *Chronicle*; the meek, red-headed Jesuit George, who fills the *Post* with a vile column advertisement of a villainous quack, Fred McCrellish, who butchers the Queen's English in the *Alta*, and hosts of others of less ignoble antecedents. Let us "let up" a little on the celestial lambs, and try our hands at stoning the gentiles. They deserve to be exterminated, the whole lot of them. Send Pickering as Consul-General to the Fiji Islands; Charles De Young as Episcopalian Missionary to the Hindoos; philosopher George, transplant to a Monkish rookery, and the amiable Fred McC., confine at the bastile of Saucelito, where he may meditate upon the narrow gauge that leads to Heaven. We repeat let us be mild on the celestials, and exterminate these Christian Heathens. Let him that is without coin cast the first stone. We are not of that ilk, the Lord be praised. Amen.

Oakland is a One-horse Place anyhow, but since the introduction of a lot of mouse-traps on the Woodward plan, which are dignified by the name of cars, its one-horsedness is painfully conspicuous. It takes on an average an hour to get anywhere, and if one does get there, which is uncertain, one feels so shaken and bruised that the car-driver has to be called in to extract the ticket from one's pocket. God help the poor wretch who happens to miss the last cars to this city. In all probability he will have to wander about houseless all night. The young men of Oakland all look as if they belonged to the Young Men's Christian Association. At ten o'clock they put themselves in their little beds, having previously carefully said their prayers, blacked their boots, and rubbed their paper collars with rubber, ready for the morrow. The saloons can't make a living there, while the parsons have to get their clothes let out every three months. The young ladies of Oakland "waste their fragrance on the desert air," for as they remark, the gentle youths of that pop-gun city are such humdrum, effeminate numskulls, that they have to come to San Francisco to see a man.

Whilst Our Police are hog hunting in the Chinese quarters, the hoodlums are rampant. They have lately taken to serenading people at the most ungodly hours. Their hideous noises wake the tired clerk from peaceful slumbers, and cause him to use language likely to do considerable damage to his immortal soul. Slumbering wives awake and vent their spleen on their innocent husbands, and the guardian dog starts up, barks furiously, and makes one more addition to the hellish din. We can stand the amorous cat concerts, or even the dismal howl of the home-sick pup, but the horrible serenades of the San Francisco hoodlum is too much, too much.

The Monomaniacs, whose orgies in the late woman suffrage Bedlam in this holy city produced a huge public disgust, are now ranting and waxing in the cause of free love, or rather free lust. These demented creatures, impoverished in intellect, rotten in heart and base in soul, fill the atmosphere with their putrid rantings. Women cursed in the loins, barren and unfruitful; men without public respect, weak and emasculated, huddle together and get up woman suffrage conventions as the step that leads to the hells of free love. Generally speaking, the generous public of San Francisco has no desire to crucify the flesh, and the rational enjoyment of the pleasures of this life is sanctioned by church and state, but there is a limit to all things. When the free lovers and suffragist outrage decency by language and actions which would disgrace fetich worshipers, the public is no longer inclined to be generous. These pests become the object of scorn and contempt. In defiance of law and morals they become the self-elected bawds and pimps, who shamefully revel in their infamy. The Insane Asylum or State Prison, and not San Francisco, should be the abode of these moral outlaws.

So Boston is on the Gridiron once more. We thought that it had been cooked pretty well before, but it seems that Boston won't go down raw. No, the Hub must be at the head of everything; it was jealous at Chicago's fire, and so it made up its mind to have another big flare up, and whip creation. It seems a rather odd way of getting a notoriety, but Boston people are not like any other people. (The Lord be praised.) They try to imitate the English as much as possible, they succeed in caricaturing them. Their little tea parties are the quietest and most select "scandal squirts" that America boasts of. The fair Bostonians are pale, pretty and exclusive. The young men make first-class tailors, excellent "tape slingers," and fair library clerks. (See Mercantile Library.) And then, has not Boston produced "the autocrat of the breakfast table?" With all these things to recommend her, it seems a pity that she has to resort to making a bon-fire of herself in order that her existence should be known to the miserable wretches, the outer barbarians, who have not been sufficiently favored by heaven to live in the mighty city of Boston.

The T. C. lately engaged a smart and cleanly China boy to help his better half about the house. One day the old lady was out when the *T. C.* came home tired and hungry. Hastily he went to the larder, and there, oh joy! he discovered a piece of roast beef and lettuce-salad all cut up. He tackled the beef at once, and to lose no time, told the China boy to mix the salad, an operation that *Mrs. T. C.* had taken great pains to instruct him in. The boy went into the kitchen with the salad and the necessary ingredients for dressing it. In a few moments a most mysterious noise came from the kitchen, it was a sort of a fu, fu, fiz, fiz. Wondering what caused it, the *T. C.* went on tip-toe to the kitchen door. There he saw the wretched Mongolian, with distended cheeks, blowing an oily spray through his nostrils onto the salad. The *T. C.* sent that salad to a sick friend, and little Ah Wing's hand may at times be seen rubbing a certain part of his person as if something was wrong there.

Two Los Angeles Sardines, having read of the late Virginian duel, decided to settle a little dispute with regard to a yard of green satin that one of them had accused the other of stealing, at the pistols' point. As the red sun was sinking in the west, these two erring youths met by the river side, determined to shed each others' blood. Numerous friends accompanied them to the scene of carnage, and six of the Los Angeles doctors (who are ever eager for bloodshed) were in attendance. Twelve paces were measured off, the word given, and pop went one little gun. When the smoke cleared away, a pair of heels were seen in the distance. It was the principal, with an unexploded pistol. He was making about 2:40 to the nearest looking-glass, to see if he was wounded. The brave sardine who had fired stood bold and defiant, exclaiming "blood, blood, blood!" He, however, was in time appeased, and was sobbingly heard to exclaim, "Sling us along some whisky; I feel kinder scared."

The Town Crier, from a late home paper reads with much pleasure that Mr. Eastwick, M.P. for Folkston, England, has at last found out his proper position. As a speaker he never was a success. As a pioneer for English capital in Canada and California, his egregious mistakes show how unfit a man he is to promote other people's interests. His own he always looked after, and in polite swindles such as letting other people pay his bills, mail his baggage, and stand San Franciscan for his telegrams, he was a complete success; so complete that more than one San Franciscan will long remember him. The position which the *T. C.* has to congratulate Mr. Eastwick upon displaying a wonderful knowledge of his own particular attributes in accepting, is that of Chairman to the Woman's Suffrage meeting lately held in London. He's the right old woman in the right place. No doubt in time he will be promoted to the "Chiltern hundreds," as a mild preparation for a lunatic asylum.

The Heart of the T. C. leapt with joy at the sight of a regular old "Pike county" turn out that created quite a sensation on Montgomery street. So strongly did it remind of home that he pulled some hairs from out one of the pot bellied epizootic old mare's tail that help the team, to keep in his locket as a souvenir. He would fain have embraced the driver, and have asked him of home, but he feared that there might be some mistake, and his good natured simplicity taken for the native rudeness of San Franciscan barbarians, so he smothered his emotion, blew his nose, and drank a bumper at the next saloon to "dear old Pike county" and its rustic symplicity. Since the above was written, the *T. C.* has heard that the turn-out above mentioned brought an unsophisticated party to attend the "Rustic Ball." They, however, failed to reckon up the date on the almanac they've had for two years, and arrived just a day too late.

A Great Deal of Anxiety has been Felt by the Friends of Mr. Piper within the last few days. He was seen to come out of the Montgomery street baths. His friends very naturally concluded that he had gone in to have a bath, and were sadly afraid that his constitution being unused to such follies, the results might possibly be fatal. Some suggested that it might be a preparatory step to matrimony. Anxious for the safety of his friend, the *T. C.* hastened to the baths in question and elicited the following facts, viz: that Mr. Piper had been in there during the week, but only stayed a few seconds, his object being merely to borrow a toothpick, which he duly returned. The public therefore need not be fearful of the health of this noble-minded man and rising politician.

The Town Crier sincerely regrets having made such a sad mistake as to kill an innocent Chinaman in mistake for Ah Yu, whose blood money he hoped to get. In a wild mood, having read the *Chronicle*, the *T. C.* sallied forth armed to the teeth, with cobble stones and glass bottles. His eagle eye spotted a Mongolian very like the one he wanted, so he let fly and dropped him. He, however, on applying for his $500 was disgusted to find it was a case of mistaken identity. He intends giving himself up to a *Chronicle* reporter and then to the police.

"She Only Wore a Single Rose" is the name of a song now popular in England. We always had an idea that the English climate required a little heavier costume. A friend, however, suggests that probably this is the fashionable summer dress. If he is correct, the *T. C.* will spend next summer in England, and will be dressed equal to the occasion in an elegant "fig leaf," à la Eden.

They Have Invented a new and most successful method of hanging in New Jersey. It is simple and a complete success. The last man took only fifteen minutes dying. It is on the jerk principle, and does not injure the body for dissecting purposes. The neck never by any chance is broken. The lookers-on have much the best of it, and enjoy the sport amazingly.

What Will Become of the Christian branch of the Press, when one of the heavy editorial writers of the *Catholic Guardian* was at the "Horticultural Rustic" on Thursday night?

The Call defends the Chinese, and don't think leprosy amounts to much. A good, square deal of leprosy distributed through Pickering's system would have a cleansing effect.

Friday's Papers were unusually dull. The reporters all went to the "Rustic" at Horticultural Hall, you know; which wound up a little after sunrise.

FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT TO

THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER.

VOLUME 23. SAN FRANCISCO, MAY 31, 1873. NUMBER 18.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY'S DINNER.

Anniversary of Queen Victoria's Birthday—Eighth Annual Festival of the British Benevolent Society.

The British Benevolent Society of this city held its eighth annual festival in the Cosmopolitan Hotel, Friday evening, May 23d, being the eve of the anniversary of Queen Victoria's birthday. It has been customary for the British Benevolent Society, since its organization, to celebrate the anniversary of this day with festivity. An additional reason for the banquet last evening existed in the early departure of William Lane Booker, the British Consul and President of the Society, for his native land, which he is about to visit. About one hundred and seventy persons assembled in the banquet hall of the Cosmopolitan Hotel, at the appointed hour—half past 8 o'clock—to partake of the viands with which the table were laden. The walls of the hall were decorated with evergreens and banners bearing patriotic inscriptions such as the following:

THE QUEEN—GOD BLESS HER.

The shamrock, the rose, and thistle—Liberty, justice and fraternity.

England expects that every man this day will do his duty.

THE ROSES OF ENGLAND.

England's daughters are as fair
As any bud that blows—
What son of her's who hath not loved
Some bonnie English rose.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Her civilization hath encompassed the globe, and the industry of her people made her great.

OLD ENGLAND.

May justice and liberty rule in her dominions, and posterity will respect her rule

OUR NATIVE LAND.

We do not see the hawthorn tree,
But how can we forget
America, and Americans we love,
But England is England yet.

Homeward bound for England—
Sweet memories of yore;
God speed our honored Consul,
And send him back once more.

Here's a health to the land of the brave,
Here's a health to the bold and the free,
And so long as the heather and thistle shall wave,
Here's a health, bonny Scotland, to thee.

THE LAND WE LIVE IN.

America, may thy eagle soar,
And commerce spread to every shore;
Nations hail thy progress on,
And bless the land of Washington.

America and England,
May your strife ever be
For science and commerce,
Civilization and liberty.

OUR QUEEN.

Beloved by her people and respected by all nations, surrounded by white and red roses.

Here's a health to honest John Bull,
When he's gone we'll ne'er get such another,
With a heart and a pitcher brim full,
Here's a health to old England, his mother.

The names of Macaulay, Burns, Reynolds, Byron, Wellington, Bulwer, Shakespeare, Dickens, and other illustrious Britons hung in evergreen wreaths over the long tables.

After all had regaled themselves to their hearts' content with the good things spread before them, the President of the Society, Mr. Booker, proposed the toast, "The Queen," which was drank in silence and followed by music, "God Save the Queen."

The toast of "The President of the United States," was then proposed by the same gentleman, and drank amid loud applause.

Music—"The Star-Spangled Banner."

Next came "The Prince and Princess of Wales, and the rest of the Royal Family," also drank amid cheers.

Music—"God Bless the Prince of Wales." Sung by Mayer, Maguire, Booth, Wunderlich.

In proposing the toast of "The British Empire," the Rev. J. Hemphill said that during his three years' residence in this country he had met with three classes of British subjects. The first class consisted of those who forgot all about the old country immediately upon their arrival here in the new; who professed to see everything good and great in the institutions of this country, and everything bad and insignificant in the one they had left. He regarded the Britisher who slandered his country as great a fool as the one who marries a wife and slanders his own mother in hopes of pleasing the former. Wife-love and mother-love were not contradictory, neither should our love for this country conflict with the love for the country that gave us birth.

The second class were those who bring with them to this country green spectacles, and who always wear them, seeing everything done in the country wrong done. He rebuked this fostiliferous class with an anecdote. Soon after the termination of the war of Independence, the English theaters were accustomed to introduce plays wherein the American people were represented in the characters of tinkers, tailors and cobblers, with the view to subjecting them to ridicule. One evening a keen-witted Yankee happened to be in one of the theaters where a play of this description was being presented. His patience was at last exhausted, and raising himself from his seat, he said aloud, "Bravo for old England, who allowed herself to be whipped by tinkers, tailors and cobblers." [Applause.]

There was another class—a better one; one to which he belonged himself. [Applause.] Those who see things good here and in England; who look upon the good things of both countries—speaking the same language, cherishing the same sympathies, believing in the same religion, identified in the same interests. To such a class he hoped all belonged. As Britishers they were devoutly thankful for the amicable adjustment of the disagreements which threatened to plunge the two countries in a disastrous fratricidal conflict. His prayer was for a long-continued, unbroken peace to exist between the two nations; that the "Union Jack" and the "Star-Spangled Banner" might forever wave in unison over land and sea. [Applause.]

Although the land called GREAT Britain was small enough on the world's map to be covered by the digit of a man's hand, nevertheless it governed one-quarter of the population of the globe. Their good Queen Victoria—God bless her! [applause]—was the largest landed proprietor in the world; her scepter swaying over an empire on which the sun never set—an empire over the like of which the proud eagle of Rome never flew; embracing within it all colors, creeds, nations, climes, and manners of products; whose name was the dread of the tyrant and the hope of the slave; whose alliance was earnestly sought and appreciated by the strongest and proudest nations on the earth; whose people were thrifty, whose merchants were princes, and whose peers were peerless. [Applause.] England had her faults, but he would ask that nation that was without faults to cast the first stone. No other nation on the globe had a juster right to boast of social progress. Her Constitution, founded on the experience of ages, was the boast of every Briton, and the admiration of every thoughtful man in the world. There was something about British law that commanded the respect of all. The best of all was that there was no sign of approaching dissolution. The British Constitution was neither old nor infirm, nor was it afflicted with vertigo. Macaulay's prophecy remained unfulfilled, and he believed it would remain so long. The New Zealander who would stand on London Bridge and gaze on the ruins of St. Paul's Cathedral was yet unborn. Thrones and empires have tottered and fallen, but Queen Victoria sits secure on the throne of her kingdom and in the hearts of her people. [Applause.]

He concluded his speech with an eloquent peroration on England's glory.

After the playing of "Rule Britannia" by the band, Professor Thomas Price responded to the toast proposed by the Rev. Mr. Hemphill. Professor Price spoke of the empire in the following terms:

From a commercial and manufacturing standpoint, Great Britain is unparalleled in the history of nations and empires. Its foreign trade at the commencement of the present century was valued at £60,000,000 sterling. It is now £48 ,000,000. In 1854, the total imports of the United Kingdom were only valued at £3,906; in 1871 their value was £327,000,000.

The total mercantile marine of the world is estimated at 15,500,000; of this Great Britain owns one-half, the latest official returns placing the tonnage of its shipping at 7,700,000 tons. Estimating their value at £12 per ton, the capital invested in these vessels amounts to £93,000,000. The estimated value of ships and cargoes sailing to and from the ports of Great Britain annually, is estimated at £00,000,000.

The steam shipping employed in the freight and coasting trade has increased from 104,650 tons in 1850 to 1,000,000 tons in 1870.

Mr. Bowman was called upon to respond to the fifth regular toast—"The United States." He said that upon receiving the note of the Committee, communicating the fact that the distinguished honor of responding to this toast had been conferred upon him, he had consulted with a friend who was experienced in such matters, as to the correct manner of discharging the duty. He had been assured that the proper and orthodox thing to do, in responding for the United States of America on such an occasion, was to impress upon the British mind the greatness of the country in which it was our privilege to dwell; to call attention to the well-known fact that it is the greatest country on the outside of the terraqueous globe, and that in the inevitable course of manifest destiny it must soon absorb all the rest of creation. Acting upon this suggestion, he had industriously prepared a mass of statistics, covering forty-five pages of foolscap, establishing beyond question—and he would defy any bold Briton to controvert any of his conclusions—that there were more miles of railroad in the United States than in the whole British Empire, "upon which the sun never sets;" that our commercial marine exceeded in the amount of its tonnage the commercial marines of Great Britain, France and Russia combined; that our navy of twelve frigates and a monitor could sweep the seas from Zembla to the Line, that our men were the cutest, and our women the prettiest now extant on earth, and that the American eagle could soar higher and scream louder than any other fowl. Since entering the dining hall, however, he had been informed that the British residents of San Francisco were generally in the habit of reading the patriotic leaders in the daily papers, and that they had occasionally enjoyed the pleasure of listening to a Fourth of July oration. If such were indeed the case, he inferred that the British mind must already be duly impressed with the greatness of our glorious country, and he would therefore reserve the statistics with which he had so laboriously fortified himself, to be used month after next in a Fourth of July oration which he expected to deliver at Platt's Hall. The Rev. gentleman who had proposed the toast of "The British Empire" had devoutly thanked God that "Macaulay's prophecy" about the New Zealander sitting on an arch of London Bridge, and contemplating the ruins of St. Paul's, had not yet been fulfilled. Considering the short time that had elapsed since the utterance of the so-called prophecy, it might perhaps be questioned whether Macaulay had ever dreamed that its fulfillment would be so soon called for. Was not the Rev. gentleman a little premature—a little impatient? But Macaulay had intimated another prophecy. He had suggested that the success of American institutions, thus far, was due not to any intrinsic merit of republican government, but to favorable circumstances. He had said that when our population should become dense, and the vast area of our virgin acres should be occupied, that *then* the crisis would come that would test our institutions. The intimation, or prophecy, clearly was that our popular form of government would not stand the test. I do not think, Mr. Chairman, that this latter prophecy is likely to be sooner fulfilled than the former. I trust and believe that many generations may pass before the fulfilment of either is witnessed. No thinking man can be blind to the danger mentioned by Lord Macaulay. It is not to be lightly regarded, and it was certainly uttered in no malicious or unfriendly spirit. My chief hope for my country, that it may endure the test of a dense population, is, in the right education of the masses. So long as the majority respect justice and the rights of property, republican institutions are safe. I am encouraged by observing an elevation in the tone and spirit of the guides and shapers of public opinion—an increasing fairness and moderation and cosmopolitanism. I see it in the press and in public discussions, and our popular literature. As an illustration of this improvement, take the more recent tone of our speakers and writers toward England. When Dickens published his American Notes, the whole nation was frenzied with unreasonable wrath. He did not caricature us one-half so extravagantly as he had caricatured his own countrymen. He told some disagreeable truths, and perhaps added to them a little artistic embellishment. But the press howled against the ingrate who had eaten our dinners, drank our champagne, and then failed to tickle our vanity as a *quid pro quo*. There were whole communities who were in a frame of mind to have lynched him. H. Edwards Lester wrote his "Glory and Shame of England," a book full of malice, hate, and all uncharitableness. Backwoods journals, and journals of the backwoods type, railed and vituperated against England and everything English. But even then the nobler representatives of our literature did not partake of this ignoble spirit, and to-day no trace of it remains

Vol. 3. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR MAY, IS NOW OUT Containing a Splendid Lithographic Engraving of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, with Biographical Memoir. No. 3.

The Special and Authorised Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, JUNE 7, 1873. No. 19.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL, CALIFORNIA MAIL BAG, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—890@895—SILVER BARS—1¼@1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 85@85¼c. Mexican Dollars, 5c @6c.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¼ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 16¼@16½ per cent. On London. Bankers 49½@49¾; Commercial 49¾@50; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, June 6, at 3 P. M., 118⅝. Latest price of Sterling, 109¾@109⅞.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½ Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO........ June 6, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	112¾	[illegible]	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	119	125
U. S Bonds, 5-20s 1864	91½	[illegible]	Oakland 10s	105	107
U. S Bonds, 5-20s 1862	98½	100	Spring Valley Water Co.	84	—
Legal Tender Notes	83	83¼	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S F City Bonds, 6s, 1858	95	—	N B. and Mission R. R. Co.	50	52
S F City and Co Bonds, 6s, '55	93	—	Front St., M and O R R Co	15	21
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s.	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	98	Union Insurance Co	90	92
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	—	Pacific Bank	80	86
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	125	127
San Francisco Gas Ligth Co.	68	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.	TEAS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1	$30 00 @ 35 —	Japans	$— 30 @ — 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 4 @ — 6	Oolong	— 50 @ — 65
Metal Sheathing, ℔	— 21 @ — 23	SUGARS	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No. 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 7 @ — 9½
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 4½ @ — 8
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ 10	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11¾
Banca Tin, ℔	36 00 @ 38 —	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 9
Quicksilver	— — @ — 95	Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	14 00 @ 15 00	Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 41
Australian	11 75 @ 12 —	Adamantine	— 18 @ — 18
Cumberland	18 00 @ 20 00	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	10 00 @ 13 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ — —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ℔	— 19 @ — 20	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java Old Government	— 22 @ — 21	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 19 @ — 20	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	— 19 @ — 23	Chicken Gunnies, 100 ℔	— 18 @ — 19
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales	— 17 @ — 18
China, No. 1, ℔	— 7 @ — 7½	Burlap Bags	— 13 @ — 15
China, No. 2	— 6 @ — 6½	Hessian, 40-inch, ℔ yard	— 11 @ — 11½
Hawaiian	— 7½ @ — 8½	DOMESTIC STAPLES	
WINES		Wool, ℔	— 13 @ — 22
Champagne, ℔ doz.	20 00 @ 23 00	Tallow	— 6 @ — 6½
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 16 @ — 17
Sherry, do. do	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs.	1 75 @ 1 90
OIL.		Barley	1 10 @ 1 45
Coal and Kerosene	— 31 @ — 41	Oats	1 65 @ 2 00
		Flour, ℔ 196 lbs.	5 00 @ 6 00

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, June 6th, 1873 —Gold opened at 118¾, 11 A. M. at 118⅝, 3 P. M. at 118⅝. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 116⅛; 1867, 121⅞. Sterling Exchange, 109½@110⅛. Pacific Mail, 40⅛. Quicksilver Mining Company, 40. Wheat, $1 90@$2 00, quiet. Pork, 16⅛, dull. Cotton, 19¾. Hides, dry, 22½@23, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 49@$1 50 fair demand. Winter Bleached, $1 67@$1 75; Whale, active, 62@66c, quiet; Winter Bleached, 70@71c. Wool—Spring, fine, 27@31c, Burry, 21@25c, Pulled, 40@55c. Fall Clips, 27@27c, Burry, 16@21c.

LONDON, June 6—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 1d.@12s. 4d. Club, 12s 5d. United States Bonds, 89¼. Consols, 92@92⅛.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe 1, Paris, May 16, 1873 —Gen. Sam'l Bridges, S. C. Bigelow, J. Belden and family, Chas Crocker and family, Mrs Arnold, Edgar Mills, Frank Cunningham, J. G. Clark and family, Philip Deidesheimer, Mrs C. Reis and family, Mrs. A. L. Barnes, Mrs. S W Ladd, Judge MacCrellish, Geo A. Worn and family, Mr. Miecke, C. F. Fargo, Mrs. S M Wilson, A. T. Beach, A. Humbert, Clem't Ferguson and family, A. C. Whitcomb, Abel Guy, Henri de Laurencel.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

The Dissolution of the Firm of Platt & Newton, and the re-establishment of the old pioneer firm of Wm. T. Coleman & Co., are notable. At the same time, Newton Brothers & Co. have formed a new copartnership in the Tea and Grocery line, having taken the only vacant store on Front street available—we might add, procurable or suitable for their business. We have before noted the establishment here of a branch of the New York and Liverpool firm of E. E. Morgan's Sons, three ships for Liverpool having already been loaded with Wheat in their X line. The establishment of a new fruit packing, canning and preserving house, makes four or more firms largely engaged in this city putting up hermetically sealed goods. This fact of itself denotes progress. Heretofore, we imported all these case goods from the East, but now we are large exporters. Our exports of Wheat to the United Kingdom continue. The fleet for the harvest year now drawing to a close will number about 330 ships of the largest class, and we hope in the season of '73-4, with Oregon's assistance, to do equally as well. Skies are brightening.

We State, upon the authority of the San Francisco *Real Estate Circular*, that the "Central Pacific Railroad Company has in its employ a special agent who looks after immigrants. He boards each immigrant train at Carlin and spends half a day with the new-comers, answering every question they ask about routes of travel, cost of interior transportation, location of Government and railroad lands, prices of land in various locations, products, climate, etc. He also notifies immigrants of the operations and dangers to which they are subject from city short-card thieves, runners, etc., and, in short, does all that is possible to give the unsophisticated strangers desirable information. Such an agent was much needed, and his employment reflects great credit on the Central Pacific Company." This is not the only instance in which the same company has shown its regard for the interests of California, with which its own are so intimately blended. Had it not been for the forethought and timely provision made by the company, a large quantity of Wheat would have been ruined last year.

Our Local Money Market is now working with considerably more ease and regularity, but our financial institutions will soon be called upon to disgorge for harvesting and marketing the growing crops, which now give promise of being almost, if not quite, as plentiful as those of last year. Oregon is in a like condition, and will need substantial assistance. Her population is measurably increasing; her production augmenting year by year, and calling for additional capital to place it in markets of consumption. Our moneyed men have heretofore evinced much foresight and tact in providing for such wants, and may be safely trusted to do so again, without straining our local resources. Rates remain unchanged from 1@1¼ per cent. monthly in commercial banks, and 9@12 per cent. per year in savings institutions.

We Have Repeatedly alluded in these columns to the business of the Alaska Commercial Company, giving considerable data respecting the vastness and value of their vested rights, growing out of their contract with our Government. The company has 20,000 shares, and the last dividend, paid sixteen months ago, was at the rate of $10 per share, amounting to $200,000. In our next issue, after the annual meeting of this company, we shall have something to say upon this subject.

We Note the formation of a new manufacturing house, packers of hermetically sealed goods, under the firm name of C. James King of Wm. & Co. The firm has practical experience and abundant capital for the transaction of a large business. The well known character of the parties is a sure guarantee of full weight and honest measure.

The Following Officers of the Pinto Mining Company were elected May 20, 1873: Trustees. James A. Pritchard, Robert C. Johnson, Joseph Trench, Elliott J. Moore, Henry G. Langley. James A. Pritchard, President; Robert C. Johnson, Vice-President; Alfred K. Durbrow, Secretary.

The Pinto Mining Company.—We publish on the thirteenth page of the present issue copious extracts from a pamphlet recently issued by this company. The attention of our readers is directed thereto, with the assurance that the matter will repay perusal.

The Bank of England has increased its rate to 7 per cent., on account of the enormous drafts made by the German Empire, and the vast sums locked up in its vaults. Germany has become a perfect horse-leech, so far as gold is concerned.

New York, Thursday, May 28th.—Pacific Mail Steamship Company—George H. Bradbury, President, Theodore T Johnson, Secretary; no Vice-Presidents.

The Northern Pacific Railroad is completed and open to Bismark, on the Missouri river, 450 miles from Duluth, the eastern point of beginning of the road

OVER AND OVER AGAIN.

Over and over again,
No matter which way I turn,
I always find in the Book of Life
Some lessons I have to learn.
I must take my turn at the mill,
I must grind out the golden grain,
I must work at my task with a resolute
Over and over again

We cannot measure the need
Of even the lowliest grief,
Nor check the flow of the golden sands
That run through a single hour
But the morning dew must fall,
And the sun and the summer rain
Must do their part and perform it all
Over and over again

Over and over again
The brook through the meadow flows,
And over and over again
The pond runs mill-wheel goes
Once doing will not suffice,
Though doing be not in vain.
And as I resting, failing as once or twice,
May come if we try again.

The path that has once been trod
Is never so rough to feet,
And the lesson we once have learned
Is never hard to repeat.
Though sorrowful tears may fall,
And the heart to its depth be driven [all
With storm and tempestu, we need them
To render us meet for Heaven.

NOTES FROM LONDON.

London, May 13, 1878.—So we are, afters I, going to have a Parliamentary dissolution. I don t exactly know why, after the ready manner in which the Guardsmen returned to office subsequently to the unexpected resignation, or how, after the courteous conservative refusal to accept the sweets of power. Still, it is whispered, always on authorities, that a change is about to take place, and as these statements remain uncontradicted there may be some truth in them. I must admit to not being particularly interested just now in the movements of either party, nor to the great body of Englishmen does it much matter who is in, or who is not, for deep is the well-known maxim, *tempora mutantur et nos mutamur in illis*, politics mean place, and party signifies creed just as much now as ever it was in the power of those two words to express when Leonine the Third was King.

There are doubtless many worthy people in this world who see no sin in either cards or billiards, and who prefer having them innoxious from Monday to Saturday, are also of opinion that they cannot do much harm on Sunday. There is an adage that the better the day, the better the deed, but be this as it may, it is hardly fair for a man who would restrict the enjoyments of others to allow himself a seven-day license. In the Reform Club an attempt has just been made to stop the Sunday pool, whist and carte tables, and the attempt has failed signally. Nothing in itself but then, the very members who have been most strenuous in defending these institutions are the members of Parliament, who, in obedience to the orders of their chiefs, or their own roose centious dictates, deprived the poor man of his dominoes, bagatelle and skittles, or entered into the opportunities of his drinking to the shortest possible span, frustrated his small attempts to start a club, and did all in their power to teach him that liberality in Government means giving plenty of it (Government not liberality) to the poor, while the rich are allowed to make their own rules and regulations.

The Right Honorable Robert Lowe, Chancellor of the Exchequer, is most liberal in ideas. He regards one man as being as as good as another, or if anything rather better. His theory is perfect, but his practice is after all but human. Guided by the gulielem language of his learned master, Mr Lowe's butler thought one day that he might seat himself in the drawing room. But alas! he found that an ounce of practice is worth a ton of theory, and he found himself, also discharged at a moment s notice, without character or wages. And the general verdict is, serve him right, in which I concur, for I detest the folly of a man who would be here in the professions of a political economist.

Perhaps you may have noticed that the Marquis of Lorne has written to the Archbishop of Canterbury asking his grace s influence towards causing the laity to contribute in aid of a fund for the extension of poor parsons' incomes. This is another scandalous piece of class impertinence. Why should not the operation commence at the right end, and the money, if necessary, be drawn from the bloated pluralists, sinecurists and impropriators, who drain the best blood of the land and whose duties are done by a few hard worked and half starved clergymen, who are shabby, needy and necessitous, and on behalf of whom the pluralists, etc, now plead to the public? I put this in the form of a question, but have no hope of a satisfactory reply. *Perhaps* when I do get an answer it will come in the shape of increased taxation.

Do you take any interest in the Tichborne case? I should think that even the claimant is beginning to tire of its monotony, and wishes that some *deus ex machina* would arise, and say who the mysterious monster was before he became Castro. I really don t think the claimant, after all his troubles, is quite sure himself, and that is why he sits so patiently in Court day after day listening to denunciation and invective, with far more patience than any one else who happens to be present. I am to do that so as to be ready for his thirty stone (at 14lb to the stone), they have begun to build a special, private treadmill at Millbank Penitentiary, where, in the event of his being found guilty, he will, with regard to the other prisoners, occupy a similar post on to that of the gentleman, who, on account of meritorious services, was provided by Satan with a separate portion of brimstone and a little hell by itself. The first time last year I met a jurymen, the year s performance seems to have taken effect on one of the dodgers, who has placed himself on the sick list until something interesting turns up.

The trial of O Keefe vs. Cullen, in which the parish priest of Cullen brings an action for libel against his primate, the ultramontane Cardinal, gives us a fair view of the kindly manner in which professing Christians regard each other when a difference of opinion occurs between them. I believe that Cardinal Cullen intends to bear the trial out, and if it goes against him, to question its legality on the score of the jurors having been balloted for. If the decision is in his favor, the Court of course will have been, in his estimation, perfect y regular. Whether the same license will be accorded to the humble priest s not said, but I should think obstinate as he has already proved, he will hardly expect the same consideration as a crimson Cardinal. That would be too presumptuous! This is, however, premature, as it is odds against—as the sporting men say—the jury arriving at any agreement.

A new comico-satirical paper has just been started here, that is, its programme says it is such. It would be hard to discover that it was either comic or satirical from a perusal, unless comic ity consists in imitation and satire in personality. The name of the venture is *Jonius*, and it is promoted by the A'Beckett s, who have robbed along for some years now proving that though a bright man's sons may be never so dull, they may by a careful usage of the once-honored name, impose upon a credulous public. Perhaps, taking all things into consideration, it would be well if great poets, novelists, players, statesmen, and others who hold high rank in the world of brains, would have their male children sterilized as soon as born. What a lot of second-hand and mire-bedraggled reputations the world would then be spared, to be sure.

Business matters are in much the same train as usual. There is just now an inclination to inquire among intending buyers as to the value of American railway stocks, among which are the Central and the Union Pacific, and their prospects are said to be look ng up. The money market is tight, which perhaps accounts for the scarcity of coin just now with years obediently.

Jenny Lind again in Public.—Lovers of music will be glad to hear that Madame Goldschmidt, better known as Jenny Lind, is going once more to sing in public. The occasion will be at a concert which is to be given at the Duke of Northumberland s house, near Charing-cross, on the 13th inst, in aid of St. Savior s Mission Church, and there will, doubtless, be a large assembly of those who, having once heard, can never forget the magnificent voice of this splendid soprano.

The Latin and Greek Priests at Bethlehem have had another fight over their respective rights to the church. Ten priests were wounded in the *melee*.

M. Meissonnier has sold a picture on which he is still engaged, entitled "Charge des Cuirassiers," for 800,000f (£42,000).

Steps are Being Taken to erect a monument in Munich to the late Professor Liebig.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE A M	CLOSE P M	ARRIVE A M	ARRIVE P M
Alameda		3 40		9 10
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co.'s steamers)		3 40	11 15	
Cloverdale and Coast Points		3 40	11 15	
Eureka		3 40	11 15	
Marysville and Sacramento	8 00	3 40	12 45	9 10
Napa Route via Vallejo	8 00			9 10
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	8 00	3 40		9 10
Oakland				9 10
Oroville	8 00			9 10
Petaluma and Coast Points		3 15		12 10
San Rafael	9 15			9 10
San Jose	8 00	4 15	9 50	6 00
Southern California and Arizona	8 00			8 10
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3 40		7 10
Vallejo and Benicia	8 00	3 40	12 45	9 10
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		3 40		2 40
Great Britain Mondays Wednesdays, and Fridays		3 40		

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 9 a m till 6 30 p m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a m to 5 p m daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000. Gold. President, Geo. F Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort, Cashier, N. K Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G Hooker, M P Jones, James McMitt, James C Flood, Edward Martin, D Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

PIONEER LAND AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

Bank of Savings and Deposit, 113 California street. Incorporated, 1857. Guarantee Fund $ 000. Sixteen Dividend, payable on the 6th of June. Deposits in Gold, Silver, and Currency receive one per cent per month. Certificates of Deposit issued, payable at three days notice, bearing ten per cent per annum. Reports can be obtained at the Bank. This Incorporation is in its 20th year, and refers to over five hundred depositors for its economical and successful management, thereby securing the full amount of interest earned. No charge for entrance fees or pass books. Money to loan on approved security.
H. C. HAGENSEN, President. H. KOHLAHL, Cashier. [May 11.]

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $3,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Walker; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, in the China Japan and Australia. Exchange on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 28.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A M to 3 P M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P M for receiving of deposits only. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Henry S. Babcock. Secretary, T F Bacon, Attorney Sidney V Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office, No. 564 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 16.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. FERDINAND E PRATT, President. Wm H. Cuscer, Vice President. H T Graves, Secretary. May 9.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral security at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in same to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; B. S Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 424 California street. July 2.

COSMOPOLITAN SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No. 820 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $500,000. Term Deposits, One per Cent per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, Six per Cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book. J. GROCKER, Secretary. [May 10.] W. S. THOMPSON, President.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 418 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in same to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec 21.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to discount Good Notes at low rates, and make Loans upon STOCKS and REAL ESTATE. JOHN T. LITTLE, May 3. No. 301 Montgomery street.

OFFICE OF THE CITY GAS COMPANY,

San Francisco, April 3, 1878.—Consumers of Gas are notified that from and after the 6th day of April, 1878, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS ($4) PER ONE THOUSAND CUBIC FEET by order of the Board. [April 12.] W. W. BLOW, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS COMPANY,

April 5, 1878.—Notice is hereby given that from and after the 9th day of April, 1878, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS PER THOUSAND CUBIC FEET. [April 12.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

NEW MAP OF CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA,

In Townships, with Mineral Grounds, Railroads and Land Districts defined. The MOST COMPLETE MAP ever published of the two States. For sale in sheets or Book form. Size, 3 feet by 2½. Price—Book $3, Mounted, $5. May 17. WARREN HOLT, 60 Clay street.

SAN FRANCISCO ART ASSOCIATION,

313 Pine street, below Montgomery.—Gallery now open to the Public from 10 A M to 5 P M, and 7 to 10 P M. Single Admission, 25 cts; Season Tickets (multi ply lady and gentleman) $3. May 17.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 23.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS REPORTED THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co., Wm Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—Ch Delaire
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L D Hedges, Esq
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co, Thomas Turrell; Wayte, Upton Bros
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A Johnson & Co; W. J Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T Watkins, Merchants Exchange.
Boston—J L Gardner, Ed Gassett, Merchants Exchange
Bordeaux—J Lanardeth & Fils; Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Bate & Co.
Brussels—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co
Constantinople—Baltozzi Freres, Jacquos, All on & Co
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Room.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Borrson
Colombo—Chas Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures
Frankfort—N M Rothschild & Sons
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Guaymas—Black & Co, A Willard, Esq James H Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co
Hamburg—Lutterroth & Co; H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Behne; Bortenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co, C Dubois & Co, Banque Commerciale
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M Whitney
Havana—Crawford, Esq, H. B. M's Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co, Rothsch ds, Bank of London, Baring, Brothers & Co, Delry, Davison & Co, Fix Anstie, M P; "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co, Alsop & Co, Huth, Grenning & Co, Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co, Farmer & Company
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall
Lisbon—Uniao Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P Rejoritillo, Excelentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co, Theodore La Caille & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Filds & Co; Roun de Fraisant
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lemmer & Co, McCulloch, Selers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

American Ill-Treatment of Indians.—No American can contemplate the treatment accorded the Indians by this Government ever since its establishment—not to say since the discovery of America by Columbus—without a feeling of profound and acute humiliation. The Government to-day appropriates seven millions of dollars a year for the expenses of the Indian bureau, and perhaps one-fourth of it reaches the Indians. Agents and charges absorb the three-fourths. General Grant, as President, has advocated a peace policy; but a few years of such policy cannot and can we say that it should, wipe out from a savage memory the recollection of a lifetime of flagrant wrongs. Not only have the Indians been robbed by our soldiers, but results have shown that more treacherous and more cowardly means have been resorted to in order to kill them off. Injustice in the form of faithless promises, new and unexpected interpretations of treaties, and other means to kill the Indian s confidence in white man s honor, have made him profoundly suspicious, and to this distrust he adds a naturally treacherous and crafty disposition. The peace policy of the President strikes him as a mockery. He is weak, he is ignorant, he is vindictive, and blood only will satisfy his hate when once aroused. It is with this state of mind that the President has been trying his policy.

Lord Nelson's Famous Signal.—In a letter of 29th October, 1840, from Captain Pascoe, who was senior and flag lieutenant of the *Victory* at the battle of Trafalgar to Mr Cole, of Upper Norton street, Plymouth, he writes as follows: "His lordship came to me on the poop, and after ordering certain signals to be made, about a quarter to noon he said, 'Mr Pascoe, I wish to say to the fleet, England confides that every man will do his duty.' And he added, 'You must be quick, for I have one more to make, which is for close action.' I replied, 'If your lordship will permit me to substitute the word expects for confides, the signal will sooner be completed, because the word expects is in the vocabulary, but the word confides must be spelled.' His lordship replied in haste, and with seeming satisfaction, 'That will do, Pascoe; make it directly.' When it had been answered by a few ships in the van he ordered me to make the signal for close action, and to keep it up; accordingly I hoisted No. 16 at the top-gallant mast-head, and there it remained until shot away."

The New Fountain for Central Park.—The fountain designed and executed by Miss Emma Stebbins, of Rome, will shortly be unveiled. There will be few objects in the Park more attractive. The base is composed of granite and marble. A pedestal reared on this base supports four figures, representing Temperance, Purity, Health, and Peace. From a basin above the water will fall, forming in its descent a sheet of silvery spray, through which the figures will be seen with much heightened effect. The principal figure which surmounts the structure is remarkable for great beauty of design and exquisite finish. It represents an angel with outstretched wings just alighting upon the rock on which it stands. Water gushes from beneath the feet of the figure and falls into the basin below. This figure is eight feet high, the whole structure attaining an elevation of twenty-five feet. A contemporary has the following regarding it: "It is a democratic fountain of pleasure and promoter of health and happiness to a community where all are sovereigns."

Mr. George Smith, the leader of the *Daily Telegraph* expedition to Assyria, telegraphs, under date Mosul, April 26th, an announcement of successful explorations and important discoveries. He states that he has obtained upwards of eighty new inscriptions. One is an important stele of Merodach-Baladan, King of Babylon, period 1300 B. C., another, dated 1200 B. C., gives the particulars of the restoration of the causeway to the great Temple of Assur; and there are also tablets of curious and ancient Babylonian legends as well as historical memorials of Sargon, Esarhaddon, Assurbanipal, Nebuchadnezzar, Nebonidus, Cambyses, and Darius. Mr Smith says he has also excavated Nimroud with important results, and one of his most recent discoveries is that of a perfectly new text of the annals of Tiglath-Pileser.

Singular Assassination.—A singular assassination has been committed in broad daylight, near the Central Market, Paris. An open cab, with a gentleman inside, smoking his cigar, was standing at the gutter apparently waiting for some body. Suddenly, a poorly clad individual was seen to jump into the vehicle and stab the occupant twice in the chest and back with a clasp knife. He then took to his heels, but was captured by the police. The gentleman in the cab died in a few minutes, without uttering a word of explanation. On him were found several love letters from a young lady, and cards showing him to belong to a noble family. The murderer calls himself a schoolmaster, and says the motive of his crime was revenge for the seduction of his wife.

Instinct in Dogs.—Perhaps the following anecdote on the instinct of dogs, which has lately come to my knowledge, may prove of interest to some of your readers. A family residing in Yorkshire possessed two dogs, one a mastiff and the other a small dog. The owner, visiting Hastings, took the small dog with him, and at the house where he stayed there was a strict animal, who, disregarding the laws of hospitality, woefully maltreated his young sportive visitor. The little dog upon this disappeared, and in a few days returned, bringing with him the mastiff from Yorkshire, which set upon the Hastings dog and thrashed him to within an inch of his life. Having performed this piece of retributive justice he returned to his home in the north, while the little dog stayed to rejoice over his fallen antagonist.

English and American Locomotives.—England has finally come to the conclusion that the American locomotive is superior to the machine made in that country. British railroad officials have been a long time in coming to the conclusion. In this connection we see it stated that one of our great locomotive works is now extensively engaged in the business of making and exporting railway engines, and a large number have recently been sent to Brazil for the Don Pedro Railroad. It is a settled fact that the English cannot compete with Americans in the exportation of locomotives even to Russia, three thousand miles nearer to England than we are.—*Boston Globe*.

The Peacock and the Tigor.—It is a remarkable fact that the peacock and tiger are so frequently seen together. The voice of the bird is seldom heard during the day time, but as soon as the shades of evening begin to veil the landscape, his loud and disagreeable screams awaken the echoes, announcing, as the Javanese say, that the tiger is setting forth on his murderous excursions. Then the traveler carefully bolts the door of his hut, and the solitary Javanese retreats to his palisaded dwelling, for the tyrant of the wilderness is abroad. At night his dreadful roar is heard, sometimes accompanied by the peacock's discordant voice.

The Oldest Organist in the World, says *Le Figaro*, is Mr. S P Taylor, who is an Englishman, settled in America. He was a professional organist at fourteen, and now at the age of ninety-five he is still in possession of all his faculties. To play the organ for upwards of three-quarters of a century he must be an organist very well organized, says our versatile contemporary.

Le Figaro publishes some Paris news, extracted from an American paper, which it thinks will be as fresh to its readers as to those more immediately concerned. "Alexandre Dumas and George Sand are writing together a tragedy, entitled 'Destin,' which Victor Hugo declares is superior to all the tragedies of modern times."

A Pastoral from Cardinal Cullen was read in the Catholic Churches of Dublin on the 26th ult. The Cardinal criticised generally the anti-Catholic movements on the continent, and recommended the congregations to join the Catholic Union lately established in Ireland.

Philologists will hear with regret of the death, lately, in Dublin, of Dr Leitner, late professor of Sanskrit, and assistant-librarian in Trinity College, Dublin. Dr. Leitner was a member of the University of Berlin, and a pupil of Bopp and Grimm.

A Book, called "The Lives of the Irish Saints," with many hundred wood engravings of old Irish churches, by the Rev John O Hanlon, is being prepared for publication, and is expected to throw much light on Irish Christian antiquities.

Krupp, the well-known cannon manufacturer, has gone to Rome to undertake a contract to supply the Italian War Department.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J Collis Browne's CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon Earl Russell recommended it to the College of Physicians and I Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—Sir Lancet, Dec 3, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London, 1866.—"Nothing are we conscious of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr J Collis Browne s Chlorodyne is publicly echoed, edged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 12 cents $1 40, and $3. Duty all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. Agents to New York.—F ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words" Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price, Small bottles, 25; Large bottles, 50 each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N B—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of Bonnet Ribbon. ☞ "SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution. A Distinct Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment has so caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, bottle, stopper and jar. Some of the unprincipled market dealers having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L & P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see that their name is on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester, Crosse & Blackwell, London, Messrs. Cross & Co., San Francisco, and generally throughout the world. To be obtained of Messrs. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 21, 23, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure chemicals and all new Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties, Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T Morson and Son are the only British manufacturers for other, a perfect and economical substitute for Kinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs Scott, Thomson & Co., Bombay and Poonah, Messrs Treloar & Kirkpatrick, Messrs Budge & Budge & Higbes Umballa and Melan Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in boxes and tins, 1s 1½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s per box. KEATING'S BOA BOXES, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS are prettily gilt, of a sweetmeat, furnishing both an appearance and taste as attractive as any other confectionery, combining with the most powerful vermifugal properties, a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29. Agents: CHARLES LANDLEY & Co., corner Battery and Clay sts, San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England India and the Colonies. Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps. Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding. Joyce's new Tight Lock cartridges, for Fire Arms and Central Fire Breech loading Guns. Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, 37 Upper Thames street, London. Sept 1.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that Betts's Patent Capsules be marks for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are secureable in protecting the wine from injury and injuring its generous nature. Manufactories—8, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being largely forged. BETTS's name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker to the United Kingdom. Manufactories 8, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France. June 15.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative properties, and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and superseded every other Cocoa in the market. Extreme solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. Physicians and dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." To further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS, under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in the lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills Bruges, Belgium. May 18.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Chronometer Watches, Carter, Hawkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co's Silver Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

THE WITCH OF BERNSHAW TOWER.

Bernshaw Tower, formerly a small fortified house, is now in ruins, little else than the foundations being visible above the surface. It stood in one of the many beautiful ravines branching off from the great gorge of Cliviger, about five miles from Burnley, and not far from the noted Eagle's Crag. Its last owner and heiress was celebrated for her wealth and beauty; she was intellectual beyond most of her sex, and frequently visited the Eagle's Crag in order to study nature and admire the varied aspects of the surrounding country. On these occasions she often felt a strong desire to possess supernatural powers; and, in an unguarded moment, was induced to sell her soul to the devil in order that she might be able to join in the nightly revelries of the then famous Lancashire Witches. The bond was daily attested with her blood, and her utmost wishes were at all times fulfilled. Hapton Tower was then occupied by a junior branch of the Towneley family, and "Lord William" had long been a suitor for the hand of "Lady Sybil" of Bernshaw Tower, but his proposals were constantly rejected. In despair he had recourse to a famous Lancashire witch, one Mother Helston, and after using many spells and incantations, she promised him success on the next All-Hallow's Eve. On that day he went out hunting, according to her directions, when, on nearing Eagle's Crag, he started a milk-white doe, and his dogs immediately gave chase. They scoured the country for many miles, and, at last, when the hounds were nearly exhausted, they again approached the Crag. A strange hound then joined them, which Lord William knew full well. It was the familiar of Mother Helston, which had been sent to capture Lady Sybil, who had assumed the disguise of the white doe. On passing the Crag, Lord William's horse had well-nigh thrown its rider down the fearful abyss; but just as the doe was making for the next precipice, the strange hound seized her by the throat and held her fast, until Lord William threw an enchanted silken leash around her neck, and led her in triumph to Hapton Tower. During the night the Tower was shaken by an earthquake, and in the morning the captured doe appeared as the fair heiress of Bernshaw. Counter spells were adopted—her powers of witchcraft were suspended—and soon Lord William had the happiness to lead his newly wedded bride to his ancestral home. Within a year, however, she had renewed her diabolical practices, and whilst enjoying a frolic in Cliviger Mill, under the form of a beautiful white cat, she had one paw cut off by the man servant, Robin, who had been set to watch by Giles Robinson, the miller. Next morning Lady Sybil was found at home in bed, pale and exhausted; but Robin's presence at the Tower, with a lady's hand, soon dispelled the mystery of her sudden indisposition. The owner of the hand, with its costly signet ring, was soon detected, and many angry expostulations from her husband followed By means of some diabolical process the hand was restored to Lady Sybil's arm, but a red mark round the wrist bore witness to the sharpness of Robin's whittle. A reconciliation with her offended husband was afterwards effected; but her bodily strength gave way, and her health rapidly declined. On the approach of death the services of the neighboring clergy were requested, and by their assistance the devil's bond was canceled. Lady Sybil soon died in peace, but Bernshaw Tower was ever after deserted. As Mr. Roby truly observes, popular tradition "still alleges that her grave was dug where the dark *Eagle Crag* shoots out its cold, bare peak into the sky; and on the eve of All-Hallows, the hound and the milk-white doe meet on the Crag a spectre huntsman in full chase. The belated peasant crosses himself at the sound, as he remembers the fate of the Witch of Bernshaw Tower. —*Lancashire Legends.* (*Routledge*.)

GREAT WITS AND MADNESS.

Kingsley defines civilization to mean, as its Latin derivation would imply, "a feeling of fellow-citizenship." It is a feeling that we are all members of one state family, and bound to help one another in cases of wrong and distress. Certain it is, that the care taken by a people of its insane is one of the surest tests and gauges of its civilization. In Egypt the insane were once keep in large, deep pits, and fed upon snakes, under the notion that this was the best means of cure. Was not this in itself a sufficient proof of the low and degraded condition of the country? Let us take care that we do not expose ourselves to a similar charge.

It is, strangely enough, the insane to whom we are indebted for some of the noblest inheritances of humanity. Charles Lamb, the author of the matchless and immortal Essays of Elia, and of much else, writes in one of his letters, "I am now out of confinement and warranted not to bite." And his wife, the gentle Mary, killed her own mother in one of her fits of derangement. Cowper, whose Olney Hymns are universally sung, and whose lines "God moves in a mysterious way," are a daily comfort to so many in Christendom, was prevented from marrying by his frequent attacks of hypochondria. Byron was mad from disappointed self-esteem all his life. Chatterton's melancholy end, in his solitary lodging, must be attributed to the same cause. Hugh Miller, one of the finest Scotchmen of the self-elevating religious type that ever seemed painfully faultless, felt in a few moments maddening pain from over mental exertion. The state of Shelley's mind for long periods can be guessed from his marvelous sonnet—

> "Till death like sleep might steal on me,
> And I might feel in the warm air
> My cheek grow cold and hear the sea
> Breathe o'er my dying brain its last monotony."

Coleridge, whose words we are often quoting without knowing it, suffered from moral insanity which made him put himself in personal charge of a physician. The dreary sunset of the life of Walter Scott, as good a man as he was poet, lawyer and novelist, is well known. Brunel, the maker of the *Great Eastern*, had to travel up the Nile in charge of a medical man for brain disease, and Douglas Jerrold thought, at any rate, that he was mad, when he read R. Browning's "last poem," and could make no sense out of it. And how many there must be whose eccentricities and periods of aberration are carefully concealed by their friends, the personal experience of most of us can suggest.

RUSSIA AND CHINA.

Recent Telegrams from St. Petersburg point plainly to the fact, that by no one is it better understood than by the Russians, that in undertaking the expedition against Khiva they are engaging in a warfare which may possible rouse against them the opposition of all the Tartar races of Central and Eastern Asia. With wise caution they have been for some time keeping themselves well informed of the disposition of the several Asiatic States towards themselves, and more directly with that of China and the Mahommedan Dependencies on her western frontier. Only the other day the return was notified of Colonel Barabasch from an expedition to Kanchow, in the Province of Kansuh, and the other North-Western Provinces of China, and another party who have been engaged in exploring the neighborhood districts are now on their way back to Russia. This anxiety as to the probable attitude which China may take in the Central Asian question is but the natural outgrowth of the policy which has been so persistently pursued by Russia towards that country. From the moment when, in 1651, the Chinese first came into collision with the Muscovites on the Amoor, down to the present day, the history of Russia in Eastern Asia has been one of unswerving aggression. Little by little she has encroached, now on this point now on that, on her weaker neighbor's territory. Year after year the Russian settlements advanced further down the Amoor, until 1860, by a grand diplomatic coup, the Chinese Government, under pressure of defeat by the Allies, was persuaded to cede to them the whole seaboard of Manchuria between the river Usuri and the sea, from the mouth of the Amoor to the Korean frontier.

These national humiliations are deeply felt and resented by the Chinese at the present day, and there can be but little doubt that if ever the time should come, as foretold by Tseng Kwo-fan, when China shall be strong and the European nations weak, the Chinese will seize on Russia's difficulty as their opportunity. Nor is such a contingency as improbable as at first sight it may appear to be. It must be remembered that the present rulers of China are members of the same Tartar race which, in comparatively modern times, overran the whole breadth of the Eastern world from Constantinople to Pekin. Unfortunately for themselves, the last two centuries, which have enriched us with so many scientific improvements and civilizing influences, have conferred no such advantages on them. While Europe has advanced they have stood still, until it has even come to be computed that at the present time the decendents of the very men whose names were once a terror to the world, are, in the day of battle, valuable only in the proportion of fifty to one European soldier. But this, as far as their own Tartar troops are concerned, the Chinese have determined shall no longer be the case. For some time they have, as has been frequently noticed in these columns, been sedulously supplying them with European arms of the most approved description. Their native military exercises and manœuvres have been discarded, and their battalions move only now to the words of command as laid down in foreign drill books. Time thus employed will work wonders, and its possible that before very long China may again be in position to make her voice heard from Pekin to the Caspian Sea.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 3:30 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5:20 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:20 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at 7 P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street

On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front-st Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 7 P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs' Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 3:30 P. M., from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:20 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 10:20 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street. [May 17.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria, and Hope Town. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's comfortable Spring Wagons leave Cape Town, without fail, every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and traveling the above route, are due at Du Toit's Pan, the center point of the Diggings, on the seventh day from Town. Under new and improved arrangements, punctuality is ensured. Fare to the Diggings, £12. Each Passenger allowed 40 lbs. Luggage. Rest is afforded to Passengers by night stoppage at the principal stations, and Refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the entire route. Passengers' heavy Baggage has precedence by the Company's Goods Wagons leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the head office of the Company, No. 69 ADDERLEY STREET, corner of Longmarket street, Cape Town. H. T. TOWNROE, Secretary.

Cape Town, 23d March, 1873. May 17.

THE CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED. FOR HONGKONG via YOKOHAMA,

FROM FRONT STREET WHARF.

The Magnificent British Iron Steamship Galley of Lorne, 2,057 tons, J. Robinson, Commander. This fast and powerful Clyde-built Steamship sails from Hongkong for this port about the 1st of June, and on arrival here will have quick dispatch as above. For freight on Merchandise and Treasure or Passage apply to MACONDRAY & CO.,

May 17. Agents, 201 and 203 Sansome street.

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly: Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co., and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon

Aug. 1.] WM NORRIS Agent, No 217 Sansome street.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The A 1 Ship Blue Jacket, Grozier, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to E. E. MORGAN'S SONS,

May 21. 320 California street.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete [May 21] J M ECKFELDT & CO

BAGS, TENTS AND HOSE.

Neville & Co., 113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets, San Francisco. May 21.

BURLING & BROTHER,

Stock Brokers, have Removed to No. 323 California street, below Sansome. May 24.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Alaska Commercial Company, for the election of Trustees and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company, No 310 Sansome street, San Francisco, California, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th day of June, 1873, at 1 o'clock P. M. JOHN F. MILLER, President

[May 17.]

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE, [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 319 Bush street Factory, 445 Brannan street Feb 1.

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS,

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alianca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Maile.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Towns & Co, Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co, S. H. Stametz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co, Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Berill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULS.

BELGIUM—E. Grisar, 1517 Powell.
CHILI—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street.
CHILI—Consul General Francisco 2d Casanova, 508 Battery st.
DENMARK—G O'Hara Taafe, 320 California street
ECUADOR—Daniel Wolf (absent).
FRANCE—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, 319 California street.
GUATEMALA—C Merillo 423 Cal st
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Henry W. Severance 406 Front street.
HONDURAS—Wm V. Wells, Mayor's Office, City Hall.
ITALY—G. B Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
JAPAN—C. W. Brooks, 20 Montgomery street
MEXICO—Manuel Aspiroz.
GERMAN EMPIRE—C A C Dolscobi eff, 341 Sacramento street.
NETHERLANDS—J De Fremery, 410 Sansome street
NICARAGUA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
PERU—Ile la Fuenteny Sobirat Federico.
PORTUGAL—Francis Berton, sw. cor Clay and Liedesdorff Sts.
RUSSIA—M Klinkofstrom, U. S Court Building
SAN SALVADOR—J. M. Alvarez
SPAIN—C Martin, 423 California.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—G. C. Johnson, 53 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Francis Berton.
U. S. OF COLUMBIA—F. Herrera.
BOLIVIA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street
CALLAO—D. J. Williamson, 530 Brannan street
COSTA RICA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
GREECE—Geo. Fisher, 722 Montgomery street
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—C Baum, 510 Battery street.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN—G Muecke, 109 California street
TURKEY—George W Gibbs, 33 Battery street.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

THE BIRD AND BELL.

> O'er lanes of flaming furze I heard
> A singing, soaring, sweet wild bird;
> But the bright glass, the empty toys,
> The cruel tempter's false decoys,
> Lure larks from their celestial blue,
> And souls of men from rapture true.
> A fowler caged the silly bird.
> I wept. But then a bell I heard
> Stream silver from a steeple high,
> Which floated prayer-fraught to the sky.
> Deepest delight is seldom stirr'd,
> Yet, touched by tone of bell or bird,
> It overflows. The bird is given
> By Fate to earth, the bell to heaven.
> Though men are rich in heart and brain,
> One rises high, but falls again;
> The other fills the ringing skies
> With lovely deeds until he dies.

THE MARRIAGE IN THE ICE-PALACE.—A STORY OF THE RUSSIAN COURT.

[BY L. VON SACHER-MASOCH.]

Anna Ivanovna, younger daughter of Prince Ivan Romanov and Duchess of Courland, had become a widow. With all possible speed she quitted the foreign, inhospitable country in which her married life had been spent, and clapped her hands with childish glee when she beheld once more the spires of her beloved St. Petersburg. And in fact Anna Ivanovna was little better than a child, a big, whimsical, and very spoilt child, too. A genuine Russian of the eighteenth century type, she attached no mean importance to her knowledge of reading, which she had acquired from Ostermann, the son of a Lutheran pastor, at that time Chancellor of the Russian Empire; and it was with no small pride she informed her old teacher that since she had last seen him she had learnt how to write her own name. She was then thirty-two years of age, above the middle hight, and well built, though inclined to corpulency; her rounded features betrayed an easy, good-tempered disposition, though a trace of cunning lurked about the sharp corners of her small Mongolian eyes, which occasionally flashed with an almost cruel expression.

She had made herself very comfortable in a small wood-built palace belonging to her—for ease and comfort were her first consideration. So she would sit in her drawing-room in a large, well-stuffed easy chair, as if she were in a pagoda to be worshiped, graciously offering her hand to be kissed by anybody who sought the honor, and very soon as tired of her new existence as she had been in her faithful Duchy of Courland

Several times a day she would inquire for Ostermann, whom she wanted to divert her with news and gossip, but Ostermann was often ungallant enough to have no time to talk to her, and at last he proposed a substitute—Prince Anatolius Galitzin.

"But can he read, too?" was the big child's first question.

"Why does your highness ask?" returned Ostermann.

"Because I shall want him to read me the newspapers, and nice stories, and other good books, such as are written abroad now," said the duchess; "for you know, my dear Ostermann, I am very fond of the sciences."

Ostermann assured her that the prince not only combined all the qualities of a man of learning with those of a gentleman, but had the additional charm of being very young and very handsome; and on learning the latter Anna Ivanovna at once gave her consent.

Prince Anatolius Galitzin, thanks to his French tutor and German master, enjoyed an education far superior to that of most young men of his day. He was quite at home in French literature, and although only twenty he could hold his own against any ordinary scholar.

When the tall, handsome young man entered and kissed the tips of the duchess's fingers, the lady behaved in a manner altogether unbefitting her high position She fell deeply in love with him, and acted in his presence somewhat like a peasant-girl at her first ball. She sniggered, held her handkerchief up to her face in order to steal sly glances at the prince, turned crimson at the most innocent words he uttered, and when he read anything strange or extraordinary from the books he brought with him, she would playfully slap his face with her fat hand, or pat him on the back, and burst into an uncontrollable fit of laughter

Galitzin, who had cultivated his taste by the contemplation of reproductions of antique statues and copies of Italian paintings, naturally thought of nothing less than love in the presence of the corpulent duchess, and appeared totally insensible to the familiarities in which she sought to disguise her feelings. He had wished to advance himself as a diplomatist, and for that reason alone had taken the opportunity of rendering the chancellor a service. At length the fat duchess, finding she could make no impression on the young man, went so far as to tell him that he was her slave, and as such she would treat him graciously, and allow him to kneel down and declare his love for her.

"Pardon, your highness," returned Galitzin, "but my loyalty forbids my making use of such a permission"

"Pretty loyalty, indeed," said Anna Ivanovna, passionately, "that forbids your doing what I desire!"

"Your highness truly remarked just now that I was only your slave," interposed the prince, while big drops of perspiration on his forehead showed his anxiety.

"You are my slave," exclaimed the duchess, with a dignified air, "and you must obey me. I tell you plainly, I love you, and I command you to love me!"

"I am not in a position to yield obedience to your command," Galitzin replied, as he took his hat and made towards the door.

"What! you will not obey me!" cried Anna, angrily. "No."

The duchess was furious. Too lazy to rise from her arm-chair, she shouted, "Come here—come to me directly. I will pull your ears!" And when Galitzin quitted the room with a low bow, she began stamping with her feet, and crying, like a naughty child: "I will have him! I will beat him—I will beat him!"

But the prince was gone, and when, on finding he did not come for some days, she asked Ostermann to send the "pretty gentleman" back to her again, the answer she received was that Galitzin had quitted St. Petersburg, and gone abroad. At first she was speechless; she could not conceive how a man, who was only sent into the world to serve and amuse favored mortals like herself, could dare to treat her with such contempt. Then she began throwing the things about and breaking them; she kicked the waiting-woman who came to undress her, ordered the cook to have fifty blows with the knout for putting too much salt in her soup, and at last gave way to a violent fit of crying.

"What can I do now?" she said to Ostermann. "I hate the sight of books; they remind me of that deceiver. Oh, I have it! He would have loved me if I had not been so fat; for am I not a pretty woman, and a duchess too? How can I possibly get thin again?"

Osterman advised exercise. "Walking is too tiring," she objected.

"Then try riding." "Yes, I will ride."

So her equerry selected a very heavy horse, a perfect elephant, in fact, and upon this she mounted with a good deal of panting, and made her first trial in the riding-school. She met with better success than she had expected, and soon got to like it so much that she rode about the grounds of the palace for several hours a day. Although the effect was plainly visible in her diminished corpulency and increased activity, she was still far too lazy to spring from the ground into the saddle, even with the help of her equerry When she went riding one groom would lead the horse to the door while another brought a strong wooden stool, by help of which she got on to the horse's back

One day a fresh groom, unaccustomed to the duty, appeared without the stool.

"What are you about? Where is the stool?" asked Anna Ivanovna, angrily.

"The stool—what for?" asked the new groom, with a half-impudent air that pleased the duchess; and looking at him more closely, she discovered that he was young and very handsome, and that he looked very well in his close-fitting uniform.

"What for?" repeated Anna Ivanovna, lazily; "why, for me to get on to the horse with"

"Oh, if that's all, you'd better make use of my back," exclaimed the impudent groom, throwing himself on all-fours beside the horse His mistress liked this much better, she smiled, and putting her foot on his back, sprang into the saddle with the equerry's help The handsome groom must have found the princess rather a heavy burden, but he was young and strong, and made no trouble of it, and of course Anna Ivanovna did not either

"What is your name?" she asked, taking the reins. "Ernst Johann Biron."

"You're not a Russian, then?" "No, a Courlander."

"I like you, Ernst Biron," said Anna Ivanovna, giving him her hand to kiss; but he threw himself on one knee, exclaiming, "That is not for me."

"Why, what would you have, then?" laughed Anna Ivanovna.

"If I am to kiss at all, let me kiss your foot."

Anna Ivanovna slowly drew her foot out of the stirrup and held it to the handsome groom, who pressed his lips upon it with graceful reverence.

"Get yourself a horse and come and ride with me!" commanded the foolish woman, who at that moment had fallen as deeply in love with her groom as she had with the prince six months before. From that time Biron accompanied her every day on horseback; soon after she made him one of her personal attendants at the palace, and scarcely six months more had elapsed before it was in everybody's mouth that Anna Ivanovna, Dowager Duchess of Courland, had elevated her groom to be her favorite.

[TO BE CONTINUED IN OUR NEXT.]

PARK COMMISSIONERS' ORDINANCE, NO. 3.

Section 1. The object of this Ordinance is that ground known as the Golden Gate Park, as described in the first section of an Act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An Act to provide for the Improvement of Public Parks in the City of San Francisco," approved April 4, 1870.

Section 2. All vehicles used regularly for business purposes in hauling materials or produce over the roads in said Park shall rest upon tires at least three and one-half (3½) inches wide.

Section 3. All trucks or wagons, other than those fitted with steel springs, used regularly in transporting heavy loads of material of any description over the said roads shall rest upon tires at least five (5) inches wide.

Section 4. The Secretary of said Board shall, within five days after the passage of this ordinance, make and certify an accurate copy of the same and cause the same to be published, as required by law, for ten days, Sundays excepted, and this ordinance shall take effect fifteen days after its passage

E. L. SULLIVAN, President, S. F. BUTTERWORTH, C. F. MACDERMOTT, Park Commissioners.

OFFICE OF THE PARK COMMISSIONERS, San Francisco, May 31, 1873.

I certify that the foregoing is a true and faithful copy of an ordinance passed by the Board of Park Commissioners on the 23d day of May, 1873, and duly entered in the books of said board [May 31] J. T FLEMING, Secretary

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	**National Bourbon,**
Capital Bourbon,	**Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.**

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed

BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.

Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,

Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate or restore. The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Woman's Glory is her Hair—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

1776. JULY FOURTH. 1873.

CELEBRATE! CELEBRATE! FIREWORKS!

The greatest pleasure to the greatest number at the least expense. CHURCH & CLARK are prepared to furnish Fireworks of all kinds, manufactured by them, and guaranteed superior to any. PORTABLE PIECES FOR EXHIBITIONS, which can be transported without injury CHURCH & CLARK,

May 31. 407 Front street, San Francisco

SPRING VALLEY WATER WORKS.

516 California street, San Francisco, May 17, 1873.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Spring Valley Water Works will be held at the office of the Works, 516 California street, on WEDNESDAY, June 4th, 1873, at 12 o'clock M. for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting

May 31 E. M. MILES, Secretary

THE MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Cal., May 28, 1873.—This Mint will close for Annual Settlement and Repairs on TUESDAY, JUNE 3, 1873, after which date, until July 1st, 1873, deposits of Crude Bullion cannot be received Persons holding bills against the Mint for the current fiscal year will present them for settlement before June 30th. [May 31] O. H. LA GRANGE, Superintendent.

THE CALIFORNIA ACCLIMATIZING SOCIETY

Offer for Sale: 25,000 Eastern Trout; 25,000 Tahoe Trout; 10,000 Native Trout, all of this year's hatch—quantities to suit. Address,

May 31. W. A. NEWELL, 53 Howard street

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE

Ex "Marie Charlotte," from Bordeaux.—100 Cases Louis Roederer celebrated "CARTE BLANCHE," quarts and pints, for sale, to the trade, by

May 6. MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast

FOR SALE.

A Steam Flouring Mill with Distillery and about 15 acres of good land, distant ¼ mile from Sonoma Inquire at SONOMA HOTEL, Sonoma, or of W. D. BLISS, Petaluma. [May 3.] ALFRED BOREL & CO., S. F.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 50 Montgomery Block May 31

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

NOTES BY THE PARSON.

Dear News Letter:—Since the closing of the Little Chapel at the Oaks, I have received numerous invitations from all denominations in San Francisco and Alameda counties to visit their various places of worship. Some have offered me the choice of a pew free for a year; others have offered me a life membership, with the title of deacon. One religious manufactory, the Church of the Advent, made me a most tempting offer, the leadership of a female bible class, but I thought of my morals, and my better judgment prevailed. A learned Rabbi sent me a small package of shew bread, with an invitation to visit his synagogue, and assist him in disseminating the word of God according to Moses; he stated in his note that, having read my interpretation of several passages of the sacred word in the *News Letter*, he was struck with the force, beauty and correctness with which they were rendered, and thought he would like me for an assistant. I was waited upon personally by a lovely chestnut-eyed widow from San Lorenzo, who said her dear husband was then slumbering in the calm embrace of death, laid out in a beautiful silver-mounted casket in her front room; she begged I would come and preach his funeral sermon, take charge of his congregation, and board with her the balance of my days. I have also been invited to visit several of our educational institutions, and pass a criticism upon the graduating classes. Of course I saw through the polite maneuvers at once; each priest, parson, or school superintendent, hoped to receive a favorable criticism and special notice in the *News Letter*, and have his name handed down to an admiring posterity in that literary epitome of the day, the *California Mail Bag*. To the clergy, up to this time, I have given an elegant and dignified refusal, couched in the polished language of Chesterfield, but so modified as to leave them a lingering hope that it was just possible I might do them the honor at some future day to attend their various sanctuaries. Deeming it a duty that I owed to the public, I decided to visit the Asylum for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind, and make a report in which the people would have confidence. When I arrived at the institution I found a terrible war being waged within the building by two newspaper special reporters, over the bodies of two men by the name of Wilkinson. The investigating committee, seated on high stools, seemed perfectly bewildered and dumbfounded at the noisy charges and counter-charges of the belligerents. The *Alta* man flourished his blanket-sheet, shouting to the committee at the top of his voice that every soul in the Asylum was living on the fat of the land, and he could prove it by Wilkinson, who had gauged one of the pupils, using for a measure his coat sleeve around her waist. The *Chronicle* man indignantly retorted, and swore he could prove by the children that the food was poor in quality and insufficient in quantity to the last degree; but in his speech the *Chronicle* man rather over-reached himself. He said: "Gentlemen of the jury! Place yourselves in the position of these poor deaf, dumb and blind creatures. This dear girl, whose attenuated hand I hold in my philanthropic palm, has been shut up within the walls of this gloomy building, living for months upon the smell of an oiled rag. I ask you, gentlemen, to listen to the statement of this emaciated anatomy; the girl weighed about 200 pounds! She lay prostrate and speechless for six long weary weeks in the month of April, incessantly crying for bread, and this hard hearted man, Wilkinson, remained immovable as a rock, and gentlemen, this other interesting case—this lovely boy—has existed for six weeks on the smell of a snowball."

At this point I left, disgusted with the partisan spleen of the daily press. As I was leaving the grounds a pleasant gentleman stepped up, and in a very polite manner introduced himself as the proprietor of M[illegible]le Seminary, and said his carriage was in waiting, and at my service, to convey me to his temple of learning, which lay hid among the hills of Alameda; would I take a seat and listen to some of the exercises of his scholars? I consented with pleasure, and was charmed with the good breeding, genteel demeanor and lady like deportment of the young girls. The scholars were as well up in the different branches of their various studies, but what deserves especial notice were the various specimens of composition by the young lady pupils. A touching essay by Miss Mary Whipple, daughter of our old friend Stephen Whipple, entitled "The Mission of Trials," was a superb effort, and was delivered with a purity of diction and beauty of expression that conveyed a touch of pathetic feeling to the heart of every listener; but for breadth of comprehension, depth of feeling, and volume of thought, the chief feature and crowning effort of the day was an essay by Miss Ruth Matthews, entitled "The Realm of Science." The subject itself was a grand conception, the essay was a masterpiece, and the style, tone and manner of simple eloquence in its delivery, enchained the mind and fastened upon the imagination of her hearers, bearing them with her whithersoever she went. The gifted young lady lured us away to the lonely depths of the untrodden wilderness, and read us an instructive lesson from the eternal silence that broods among the tangled ferns; she plunged with us beneath the sea, and sought old Ocean's hidden cells, and with a master-mind portrayed the wondrous work that Nature's hand performs within the everlasting stillness of a submarine eternity; on the swift pinions of the mind she bore us through the azure vault of heaven, and in the fields of endless space showed us the myriad worlds of light moving along their brilliant course in grand majestic silence forevermore. Back to our own dull earth she came, and with prophetic finger raised the curtain of the low green mound—

> And showed the lone, low narrow bed,
> Where we must lay the weary head,
> When death spreads over us his pall,
> And everlasting silence covers all.

The essay was the soul of a beautiful poem, rendered in simple, unembellished prose, and the writer showed her good sense by not going beyond the grave and speculating on the glory of a seven-by-nine heaven, or the horrors of a sulphur hell. The young ladies wished me a pleasant good by, loaded me with roses, and we parted. Of course, I am aware that the reason I received marked attention was from the fact of my being "The Parson" of the *News Letter*.

I remain yours, happily, THE PARSON.

The Oaks, June 1, 1873.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California.—*Coriolanus* has been again put on the stage, with fair success. At the last night, especially, a full house listened to its somewhat tedious dialogue, and admired the appropriate scenery. Last night a crowded house showed how much John McCullough is liked, both as an actor and a gentleman. It was his yearly benefit, and, as the troubled British "King Lear," he afforded his audience a rich treat.

Alhambra.—This house has been well filled all the week, and the programme has been a wonderfully attractive one. *Barbe Bleue* is an irresistably funny piece. Kelly and Leon, with Bob Hart, are alone enough to draw full houses. Next week we have a ventriloquist who we fancy will be better liked than Davies, and who will not have to hire little boys to applaud him.

Notes.—Henz—Barton Hill has gone East.——Vivian has left the Alhambra.——Miss Annie Graham takes her benefit at the California on Monday, and Harry Edwards on Wednesday.——Jefferson, *the* "Rip Van Winkle," is expected here during this season.——Mr Sothern has recovered from his complaint and will appear on the 7th prox.——Elsewhere: Shakespeare still leads the classic stage in Germany.——The rude people of Virginia, Nevada, hove a silver brick at Mrs. Bowers at the conclusion of the *Hunchback* and yet she didn't seem to mind it.——Rubinstein, the pianist, intends retiring.——Thirty thousand people attended the opening night of the Chicago Jubilee.——Patti's recent engagement in Vienna netted $15,000 to the management.——*Fine Feathers*, by Byron, does not seem to be such a success as his former comedies.——*On dit*, that John Brougham has received a liberal offer from the Shah to open the new theater at Ispahan with *Pocahontas*.——*Poverty Flat* is said to take but badly at the Boston Theater, and to do but little justice to Bret Harte's original.——Arabella Goddard will revisit the States next Fall.

The Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D. D., will preach Sunday as usual at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M., in St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street. The public are cordially invited. Sunday School at 9½ A. M. The new and splendid organ recently received from the East will be presided over by Professor Kasenbach.

Keith's Mount Shasta, painted from a view near the source of the Sacramento River, is a superb picture. It has atmosphere, distance, fine gradation of color and natural perspective. The cattle and figures are well done, but we do not think that figures accomplish anything in such grand views, giving only a sense of intrusion. The artist has, in this painting, accomplished that which so few painters succeed in depicting—lofty, towering mountain height. He has floated the white upper touring, weary leagues away from the warm, bright foreground. This painter is a poet, too, knowing the full value of that purple mist floating between the mountain and those tall trees, flung off on either side like a grand guard on the approach to royalty. That purple mist acts on the imagination, lifts the mountain, separates it from common earth until it seems as if another planet floated near enough to our own horizon for mortal vision, yet ever inaccessible.

Mr G. D. Morse, the well known photographer of 417 Montgomery street, has engaged the valuable services of J. W. Taber, whose skill and artistic talent the public have long recognized and appreciated. No one who has ever walked down Montgomery street with his eyes open can have failed to pause and admire the wonderful display of photographs, each vieing with the other in beauty and artistic finish. In taking children's photographs, which require a greater amount of knowledge in posing than any other, Mr Morse stands at the top of his profession.

A Rich, Rare Treat is in store for the lovers of athletic sports. At Badger's Park, Oakland, on Saturday, June 14th, the Caledonian Club will hold their seventh annual GATHERING AND GAMES. Scotland has ever been foremost in manly sports, and Scotchmen, in their new home, still love to keep up games that remind them of the dear old land of the thistle and heather. Return tickets, fifty cents.

One of the Most Delightful Breakfasts in the World can be made out of a preparation of Indian corn, called "Aztec Pinole." It is not only agreeable to the palate, but also extremely nutritious. For long journeys, where there is a chance of not finding food on the road, there is nothing to beat it. It requires no cooking, and a man can carry enough to last him a month, or even longer.

We have Just Received from Messrs. Wiggett & Co. a box containing samples of their "Root Beer," "Ginger Pop," etc. We tapped several bottles and found that they contained cool and refreshing drinks that were both lively and innocuous.

Cutting and Co. have now on hand a most choice lot of Copland's well-known Pickles, Jelly and Celery Salt, also, a large assignment of The Anglo Swiss Co.'s celebrated Milk, which is too well and favorably known to need any comment.

NOW LANDING,

Ex Ship Palawan, from Liverpool, and for Sale to the Trade in Lots to suit—

Copland & Company's Pint Assorted Pickles;
Copland & Company's Quart Assorted Pickles;
Copland & Company's Pint Mofussil Pickles;
Copland & Company's Pint White Onion Pickles;
Copland & Company's Black Currant Jelly;
Copland & Company's Celery Salt.

These are all goods of superior quality and intended for fine family trade. Also, ex recent arrival—

Anglo Swiss Company's Milk,

The celebrated Milkmaid Brand, the most reliable brand in the world. And a full assortment of all kinds of Case Goods. CUTTING & CO.,
June 7. 415 Front street.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Treasurer.—MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. Kelly and Leon's translation of Offenbach's Opera, in two acts, entitled BARBE BLEUE. "Boulotte," the Only Leon. THE ONLY LEON, the Greatest Female Personator, Comedian and Vocalist; MR EDWIN KELLY, the Unapproachable Interlocutor, Light Comedian and Tenor; MASTER BARNEY, the Greatest Change Artist and Jig Dancer in the world; Little Mac, Sam Rickey, Bob Hart, Joe Rosse, Wm F. Baker, Benj Clark, J. Robinson. Monday Evening, June 9th, First week of Kelly & Leon's comedietta, BELLS OF THE KITCHEN. Admission: Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. June 7.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, June 7, and every evening during the week.—FRED KITCHIN, the Dutch comedian from the Eastern cities, has been engaged; CASSIM and FRITZ, the Wonderful Jugglers; ZADIE LASCELLES, the Beautiful Formed Woman, in Tableaux Vivants, assisted by twenty young ladies; MAY LESLIE, the Ballad at; LOTTA GRAY, the Character Actress; all in first part, interlude, and acts of THE YOUNG ACTRESS, or A CONVENIENT DISTANCE FROM TOWN. Admission—25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5. June 7.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, June 7th, at 2 o'clock, CORIOLANUS. Saturday Evening, UNCLE TOM'S CABIN. Monday Evening, June 9th, First Benefit in California of MISS ANNIE GRAHAM, when will be presented Shakespeare's play of ROMEO AND JULIET. Wednesday Evening, June 11th—Annual Benefit of Mr HENRY EDWARDS. June 7.

THE CALEDONIAN CLUB.

Seventh Annual Meeting and Games will take place at Badger's CENTRAL PARK, Oakland, on SATURDAY, June 14. Tickets (including fare there and return), Fifty Cents; Children Twenty-five Cents, to be had from the Members or at the landing on the morning of the Games. June 7.

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION.

The best chance to invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific Coast. TITLE PERFECT. 476 Lots at $75 for inside and $80 for corner Lots, payable $10 cash, balance $5 per month, without interest or assessments for expenses. Blocks 300 by 300 Feet—Lots 25 by 100 Feet and 50 by 150 Feet. Streets all 80 Feet Wide. Subscribers can select their lots on receipt of the first payment, and those who wish to pay in full and take deeds at once can do so. This valuable property is beautifully located, commanding a fine view of San Diego Bay and surroundings. It is only eight blocks of perfect level from the City Park Reservation, a few minutes walk from the hotel, and just One Mile from the Railroad lands on the water front, where the depots and center of business must be located. Congress has just made San Diego a Port of Entry, and it is now believed to be certain that grading will be commenced on the Texas and Pacific Railroad early this season. There is no place on the Coast where one can invest at the present time with as much certainty of doubling or trebling his money in a few months as in San Diego. The location, the nearness to what must be the business center, the exceedingly low price and easy terms, with the future prospects of that city, make this property the most desirable for homestead and residence purposes, and one of the best investments for speculation ever offered. For maps showing the entire bay, with correct surroundings and the location of this property, with the various points of interest and importance, apply to HIRAM G. HOITT, Secretary and Agent, 611 Montgomery street, San Francisco, where subscription books are now open.

TRUSTEES—BENJ. P. AVERY, DANVILLE LEADBETTER, HIRAM G. HOITT. March 29.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 211 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, . . . Secretary.

Budd, W. C. . 440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 323 Califor'a st.
Fitch, J. R. . 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L. . 413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. 434 Cal'a, upstairs.
Keene, J. R. . 408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with Glazier & Co., . 416 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 435 Hayw'd B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P.. . 413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H.... 401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W...... 444 Cal'a st.

KENNEDY, MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 606 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,
French Cassimeres and Beavers.
—ALSO—
Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal. fresh ℔ ℔	25@40
Do pickled	@
Do Packed	@
Cheese, Cal.	10@28
Honey	10@30
Eggs, ℔ doz.	25@
Lard, ℔ ℔	15@20
Ham & Bacon, ℔ ℔	16@20
Cranberries, ℔ gal.	75@1 00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔ ℔	1@2
Do. sweet	4@5
Lima Beans, ℔ ℔	6@10
Tomatoes, ℔ ℔	3@
Onions, ℔ ℔	3@5
Squashes, ℔ ℔	2@3
Pumpkins, ℔ ℔	2@3
Cabbages, each	10@15
Cauliflowers, each	6@25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	1 00@
Celery, ℔ doz b	75@
Beets, ℔ doz b	@25
Turnips, ℔ doz b	@25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	@25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	20@25
Green Peas, ℔ ℔	5@6
String Beans, ℔ ℔	25@
Apples, ℔ ℔	5@12
Pears, ℔ ℔	15@
Quinces, ℔ ℔	@
Peaches, ℔ ℔	@
Pine Apples, each	50@1 00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔ ℔	12@25
Do new, ℔ ℔	@
Oranges, ℔ doz	50@1 00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1 25
Limes, ℔ doz	25@
Quail, ℔ doz	3 00@3 00
Chickens, each	62@1 00
Turkeys, ℔ ℔	@25
Geese, ℔ pair	2 00@2 50
Ducks, ℔ pair	3 00@3 25
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@
Hares, each	40@50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@1 25
Clams, ℔ 100	50@
Mussels, ℔ 100	25@
Salmon, smoked, ℔ ℔	12@15
Salmon, fresh, ℔ ℔	12@
Codfish, ℔ ℔	12@
Rockfish, ℔ ℔	15@
Smelts, ℔ ℔	10@
Tomcod, ℔ ℔	10@

THE PINTO MINING COMPANY.

This Company, embracing in its incorporation some of the most reliable names in financial and mining circles, has come before the public with a statement showing the number and richness of the mines which it owns, the area and value of its real estate, and a full description of other valuable resources under its control. All these properties are located in the Pinto District, Eastern Nevada. We have been at some pains to examine this statement, and feel convinced, after a careful perusal and close examination of accompanying views, maps and plans, that the Company has done well to invite the co-operation of our capitalists in developing this magnificent domain. No more attractive or safer enterprise has ever been submitted to our moneyed men. In this opinion we are fortified by the names of the gentlemen which accompany the statement as office holders and Trustees of the Company. Feeling an interest in everything that concerns the Pacific Slope, and for the satisfaction of our readers we have made copious extracts from this statement, which we commend to their attentive perusal. We are informed that this district is situated on the eastern slope of the Diamond Mountain Range, about fourteen miles southeast of Eureka, and about thirty miles northwest of Hamilton, Nevada. The history of the discovery is in brief that in 1867 Captain Moses Wilson and a party of prospectors visited this district and made numerous locations some miles south of the now Pinto Mining Company's mines at Silverado. In the Fall of 1868, a Mr Duquette was the first discoverer, it is said, of some of the mines near the town now called Silverado.

A company, composed of a number of gentlemen of Virginia, Nevada, represented by Mr. Charles Hanson, acquired considerable property at this place, by location, early in 1869. On the 10th day of March of the same year, for a valuable consideration, they transferred and assigned all their right, title and interest in and to all of their property in this district to the Pinto Mining Company, of San Francisco. This Company owns the following mines:

1.	Duquette	1,400 feet.
2.	Montgomery	1,400 "
3.	Crown Point	3,100 "
4.	Robert E. Lee	1,800 "
5.	Our Own, No. 1	1,800 "
6.	Our Own, No. 2	2,000 "
7.	Independent	1,800 "
8.	Snowdrop	1,200 "
9.	Virginia	3,000 "
10.	Medford	3,000 "
11.	Metaphysical	1,200 "
12.	Emmet	1,400 "
	Total	23,000 feet.

In addition to these mines, the Company owns sixteen (16) quarter-sections of timber land near the mines, the town site of Silverado, with improvements, a hay ranch, and a water privilege running through the same—of about one thousand inches, miners' measurement—and personal property at the mines, of great value, calculated to carry on a mining enterprise of considerable magnitude.

The title to all these mines and real estate is perfect, and a United States patent will be procured as soon as the necessary surveys can be made and maps prepared.

The lode on which the Company's mines are located runs north and south, the country rock being composed of slate and quartzite. Considerable progress has already been made in developing the various mines, showing beyond reasonable doubt the existence of a true fissure vein.

The ores are easily worked by the ordinary mill process, and are not rebellious. Several crushings have been had at the Newark and Manhattan mills, and although the treatment of the ores reduced did not receive that careful attention that was anticipated, the results obtained were quite satisfactory: the first class ore yielded $147 50, the second class $70 and $84 per ton. A subsequent crushing of ore from the Duquette mine, at the Manhattan mill, Austin, yielded $263 89 per ton. Several reports have been made on these mines by experienced miners, and close and searching analyses of the ores given by competent assayers. Of the former, John St. John Fisk, Superintendent of the Phil. Sheridan Gold and Silver Mining Company, Virginia, Nevada, says:

"I find the ores contained in the various mines, of a high grade, especially that of the Duquette, Our Own, Nos. 1 and 2. * * * * * *

"The facilities for working these mines are all that can be desired. Wood can be obtained near the mines, in abundance. The Company's water privilege on Fish Creek is sufficient to run five hundred stamps, the water from which can be introduced into Silverado at an outlay of $10,000.

"I consider the Pinto Mining Company's property, in Pinto District, the most important mining property I have seen, outside of Virginia and Gold Hill."

Prof. C. A. Stadefeldt, the accomplished metallurgist and inventor, and patentee of the celebrated "Stadefeldt furnace," adds his testimony as follows:

"There is, in my mind, no doubt that your ores can be worked with profit by amalgamation."

Lewis Blanding, Esq., in his report to the Company on the reduction of these ores says:

"The ores treated by me consist largely of quartz of a firm, compact texture and fine grain, with a considerably less proportion of lime than is usually found in the ores of this section of Nevada. The quartz is quite hard—not tough, but friable—and readily yields to the crusher and pulverization in the pan. It is soft only where it has undergone decomposition, and this is but to a small extent, its original condition having been uncommonly hard and firm for argentiferous quartz from Nevada."

Prof. A. T. White, State Mineralogist for Nevada, and numerous other scientific gentlemen who have visited this district, have examined the mines, and expressed their confidence in its importance and future value.

The analysis of the ores made by Mr. H. P. Wakelee will at once establish their character. He gives the following results:

Oxide of copper	5.31 per cent.;	equal to 4 25 per ct. metallic copper
Carbonate of lead	8.10 "	" 6¼ per cent metallic lead.
Carb. of lime and magnesia	4.59	
Silver	861 per ct.,	equal to 256 95-100 ounces—$332 21 [per 2,000 ℔s.
Gold	trace.	
Sesquioxide of iron	3.250	
Insoluble silicious matter	69.100	
Sulphur, arsenic, antimony	8.600	Chiefly arsenic and sulphur.
	100.000	

Of the natural advantages of the location of the Company's mines, the statement says: "The town of Silverado (owned by the Co.) is finely located in a beautiful and picturesque little valley, 6,550 feet above the level of the sea, and in the immediate vicinity and at the foot of the mountain upon which the Company's mines are located. The town is protected on the west by a chain of hills, covered with pine and fir timber, which constitutes a portion of the timber lands owned by the Company. It is made accessible from Pinto Creek by a good wagon road (built by the Company) through Pinto Cañon, and also through Independent Cañon, by a natural wagon road, which intersects Woodruff & Ennor's new Palisade and White Pine stage-road near Maryland Wells. The projected Elko, Hamilton and Pioche railroad will pass within a short distance of the mines. An abundant supply of water has been obtained by sinking wells in Silverado. These advantages, together with the even and mild climate of the country and its accessibility at all seasons of the year, when considered in view of the importance of the rich mineral resources of the immediate neighborhood cannot fail to make this one of the most prosperous mining districts in the State of Nevada."

We have been thus liberal in our extracts from the Company's statement because we believe the matter to be of great public interest. We recommend our readers to procure a copy of the pamphlet at No. 6 Leidesdorff street and peruse it freely. The company now having the property in hand was incorporated under the laws of the State of California, on the first day of June, 1869, and embraces all the mines above named, divided into 60,000 shares of $100 each. About $70,000 have been expended by the Company in acquiring and developing this property and perfecting the title thereto. The Company proposes to prosecute the further opening and development of the mines with vigor and economy, and for that purpose has appropriated a sufficient number of shares of the capital stock, equal to $25,000, as a working fund, which, it is believed, will place the Company in abundant means to carry out successfully the course adopted by the Trustees for the future management of its affairs. A map of the district, showing the location of the Company's property, and samples of the ore from the different mines, can be examined at No. 6 Leidesdorff street, Hayward's Building, adjoining the California Stock and Exchange Board.

We subjoin the names of the Trustees and officers of this important Company: James A. Pritchard, President; R. C. Johnson, Vice President; Elliott J. Moore, Joseph Trench, Henry G. Langley, Trustees; Alfred K. Durbrow, Secretary.

STATEMENT
OF THE CONDITION AND AFFAIRS OF THE
COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

In the State of California, on the 31st day of December, A. D. 1872, and for the year ending on that day, made to the Insurance Commissioner of the State of California, pursuant to the requirements of Section 611 of the Political Code of said State.

Capital.	
Amount of Capital Stock subscribed	$12,500,000 00
Amount of Capital Stock paid up in cash	1,250,000 00
Assets.	
Net value of Real Estate owned by the Company	$225,000 00
Amount of Cash on hand in Company's office	771 00
Amount of Cash deposited in Banks	551,943 00
Cash in hands of Agents and in course of transmission	377,436 00
Loans secured by Bond and Mortgage, constituting the first lien on Real Estate on which there is less than one year's interest due or owing	730,500 00
Loans on which interest has not been paid within one year previous to this statement	
Amount of Stocks of the United States owned by this Company	15,263 00
Amount of all other Stocks owned by the Company	454,753 00
Amount of Interest due and unpaid	1,570,513 00
Amount of all other loans made by the Company	5,345 00
Amount of premium notes on hand on which policies are issued	1,040,244 00
All other property belonging to the Company	43,540 00
	11,576 00
Total assets	$5,132,061 00
Liabilities.	
Amount of losses in process of adjustment or in suspense, including all reported or supposed losses	$337,173 00
Amount of dividends declared due and remaining unpaid	119 00
Gross premiums (without any deduction) received and receivable upon all unexpired fire risks running one year or less from date of policy—Reinsurance thereon at 50 per cent.	446,974 00
Gross premiums (without any deductions) received and receivable on marine time risks—Reinsurance thereon at 50 per cent	777,800 00
Reinsurance Fund and all other liabilities, except capital, under the life insurance or any other special department	1,591,833 00
Amount of all other liabilities of the Company (specifying the same):	
Due on salaries	5,000 00
Reinsurance premiums due but not paid	15,077 00
Suspense account	28,006 00
Total liabilities	$3,212,084 00
Income.	
Amount of cash premiums received	$2,500,777 00
Amount of interest money received	575,053 00
Total income	$3,067 239 00
Expenditures.	
Amount of losses paid	$2,062,014 00
Amount of dividends paid	156,250 00
Amount of expenses paid, including commissions and fees to agents and officers of the Company	496,141 00
Amount of all other payments and expenditures	70,305 00
Total expenditures during the year	$2,784,710 00
Risks.	
Amount of risks written during the year in the State of California	$5,344,095 00
Amount of premiums thereon	130,550 00

G. O'HARRA TAAFFE,
General Agent for the Pacific Coast, N. E. Corner California and Sansome streets, San Francisco.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 14th, 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,244,537 26, as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 18th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $[illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer.

May 10. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor.
JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

A Maiden wandered by a rippling stream
And gazed a moment at her image there,
And e'en the speckled trout woke from his dream
Of fine fat flies to see a face so fair.

Could Bradley & Rulofson have but seen
That perfect form, that finely-chiseled face,
Yet still a fairer photograph, I ween,
Would add its luster to their wondrous place.

At a Large Sale the other day, a set of drawing room furniture was put up at auction for some moderate sum, bid after bid came, and the excitement grew higher and higher. From dollars at a time the bids went to fifties, and so eager were the bidders that an immense sum was realized. We looked at the furniture, it was wonderfully made, and looked as if it were quite new, though a bystander said it had been in the house a year or more. We ventured to ask why it fetched such a high figure. "Why," said our informant, "it is N. P. Cole's make; it always fetches high prices."

Beau Brummel, in his day, was without a rival, as far as taste in dress goes. The Prince Regent even was jealous of him, and could not, even with all his vast capital, begin to vie with the well dressed commoner. And why? Simply because the Beau not only had exquisite taste himself, but also never patronized any store but those that kept the richest and choicest goods. How the heart of Beau Brummel would leap with joy could he now stroll down Montgomery street, and take a look at the store of Anderson & Irving, No. 219.

In the days when old Phaeton handled the reins
And tooled the flash team of the sun,
The style of his harness a secret remains,
A secret that's known but to one.

Bat Main, he told Winchester, so both agreed
To set up a large harness store,
There harness is made of all styles that you need,
The secret of Phaeton's lore.

A Nervous Old Gentleman, who had been for a long time in bad health, asked his landlady one day why she did not get the passage walls papered. The kind and considerate old lady said she was waiting to see how his health went on, as to use her own words, "Coffins are such things to knock the paper off of the walls a coming down." The moral to be drawn from the above true story is, "Go to Nahl & Co.'s and get your photograph taken. Life is short." His place is 12 Montgomery street.

The Finer the Sense for the Beautiful and Lovely, and the fairer and lovelier the object presented to the sense, the more exquisite the individual's capacity of joy, and the more ample his means and opportunities of enjoyment, the more heavily will he feel the ache of no liariness, the more unsubstantial becomes the feast spread around him. But when his eyes light upon a carpet such as Plum, Bell & Co., of Post street, above supply, he feels resigned.

When one feels just a little bit off,
And tired of motion and beef,
A good plate of bivalves, you bet,
Is a mighty pleasant relief

Then go to the famed Saddle Rock,
There Emerson Corville you'll find,
Keeps the very best oysters in town,
And cooked any way you've a mind.

The Golden Gate Park is one of the prettiest drives around San Francisco, and we are glad to hear that a new attraction is about to spring up, viz a hotel kept by our old friends Mr and Mrs. Mangenberg, formerly of Thorpes' Hotel. We feel sure that it will be a complete success in every way, and that all their many friends in the city will rejoice that they have come so near us. They are a model host and hostess, and are appreciated as such.

In California the luscious grapes
Rival those of the Rhine,
For Rhenish grapes would never make
The far-famed Gerke Wine.

An Old Lady in this city, who has had some fifteen years experience in a three-day hash boarding-house, thus describes a "genius": "A man who knows more than he can find out, spills victuals on his clothes (shirt front and coat lap preferred), and does not pay his board regularly." "A business man," she says, "gets up early, don't spill his coffee, has his rooms and office furnished by Gilbert & Moore, and pays on time.

What Tune can be made out of gold notes? A fortune. What letter would be of more service to a deaf woman than an ear trumpet? A; because it would make *her, hear*. Next to the Federal Union, what is the best? De La Montanya's Union Range; because it makes peaceful homes and smiling, happy faces, such as good cooking alone can produce.

When the good ship Atlantic struck
Upon that dreaded rock,
Two seamen up the rigging climbed
To 'scape the wild waves shock.

One pulled a little bottle out,
Both took a hearty nip,
And Cutter's whisky saved two lives
From that ill-fated ship.

What in the World is prettier than a nice, dainty little hand in a pretty colored glove that fits like skin? How one longs to press such a little hand, to hold it and look into its owner's eyes, and whisper those honeyed words that girls hold so dear. Such a glove one can get at Keane & O'Connor's. Their Jouvin gloves are *par excellence* the best made.

A Nice White Shirt is one of the most essential parts of a gentleman's toilet; without it he is not dressed. The Le Grande Laundry produce the whitest shirts and stiffest collars, while their charges are moderate. Their office is on Market street, between Montgomery and Kearny.

Oh Sing Me one of the good old songs In Eberhart & Lachman's wine,
That we used to sing of yore,
When in the days of Forty-nine
We first came to this shore.

Of California growth,
We'll drink to the days of long ago
When we were young men both.

No One Has Done More for short-sighted mortality than Moller. His Brazilian pebble spectacles are spoken of as being perfect wonders, making the most short-sighted person see as well as the ordinary sighted man.

The Six Mile House, on the San Bruno Road, is a place that no sensible man would pass without having a refresher for man and beast, and a word with its cheery host, Harry Blanken.

Scarfs and Ties, new and choice fancy goods, just opened by Bullock & Jones, 421 Montgomery street.

A Telegram from Hong Kong, dated 19th April, gives the total exports from China and Japan up to that date as 149,000,000lb., against 146,623,000lb. in 1872, and 122,000,000lb. in 1871.

An Edict has been promulgated in Japan forbidding the practice of spitting in the public streets.

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 424 California street up stairs April 19

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending June 6th, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y	NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	11½	12	9½
Alpha	—	34	32	Kentuck	13	13¾	11
Alps	—	1	1½	Kentucky	—	4½	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—	Knickerbocker	4½	4½	3½
American Flag	—	3½	4	Kossuth	9½	9¼	—
Arizona & Utah	5½	7	6				
Arkansas	—	—	—	Louise	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—	Lower Comstock	—	—	2½
American Flat	4	3	2½				
				Mahogany	—	5	6¼
Bacon	—	—	—	Mammoth	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	9½	7½	9	Meadow Valley	—	22½	21
Belcher	110	104	104	Minnesota	—	4½	—
Belmont	—	4¼	—				
Bullion	—	—	—	Newark	—	1¼	—
Best & Belcher	6¼	5½	—	New York Consolidated	—	1¼	½
Buckeye	—	1	1	Noonday	—	—	—
Caledonia	24	21	20½	Occidental	—	—	4½
Cederberg	—	4½	—	Ophir	6½	41	41
Central	6	—	—	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	7¼	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—	Overman	45	42	43½
Chapman	—	43	40	Original Gold Hill	—	—	5
Chief of the Hill	—	—	1¾				
Chief East Extension	—	—	—	Page & Panaca	—	—	1¼
Chollar	75	63	73	Pea Vine	—	¾	¾
Columbus	—	—	—	Phoenix	—	40	—
Confidence	8	8¾	9½	Picton	50	33	43
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Pioche	—	8¾	10
Consolidated Virginia	95	93	109	Pioche West	—	—	—
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—	P Phoenix	—	2	3¾
Crown Point	130	135	129				
Central No. 2	—	8¾	—	Raymond & Ely	—	60	61
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
				Rye Patch	—	16	15
Daney	1¾	1¼	1	Red Jacket	—	2¾	—
Eclipse	6½	6½	6½	Savage	130	132½	130
El Dorado	—	5½	—	Seg. Belcher	75	65	57
Empire Mill	6½	6½	5¾	Sierra Nevada	13½	12¼	10
Empire Idaho	—	—	—	Silver Peak	—	1½	—
Eureka Consolidated	—	11½	11	Silver Hill	31½	29½	—
Eureka, U. S.	—	—	—	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Exchequer	—	—	11	Sterling	—	—	—
				Succor	—	—	—
Globe	3½	4	2½	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	—	8¼	8½	Silver Chariot	—	1½	—
Gould & Curry	17¼	15	15½	South Overman	—	¾	—
Gila	—	—	—	St. Patrick	—	—	—
				South Comstock	—	—	5
Hale & Norcross	55½	53	51				
Hermes	—	6¾	1	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hahn & Hunt	—	2	—	Trench	—	—	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—				
				Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	—	4¾	—	Utah	1¾	—	—
Imperial	7½	6¾	6¾				
Independent	—	1¾	—	Washington & Creole	—	7	7
Ingomar	—	—	¾	Washoe	—	—	—
Insurance	—	—	—	Woodville	—	3¾	3
Ivanhoe	—	—	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Jackson	—	20	—	Yellow Jacket	60	61½	61
Julia	3½	3¼	3	Yule Gravel	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus * † Buyer 30.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 15th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

June 16—ALASKA* . Capt. Howard

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 5th and 15th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK

June 19—GREAT REPUBLIC .... ,Capt. Cavarly.

All Steamers will call at MAZATLAN and MANZANILLO, and connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS, and all, except the GREAT REPUBLIC, call at SAN DIEGO

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge; will leave at 3 P.M., as follows, Tuesday, June 24th, Thursday, July 24th

Returning, will leave Honolulu July 8th, and August 7th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A.M., as follows

MOHONGO, Capt. Douglass, Monday, June 9; Friday, June 20.

ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Tuesday, June 3; Saturday, June 14; Thursday, June 26.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO AND SANTA BARBARA.

Steamers will leave at 5 P.M., as follows

SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, Wednesday, June 11th; Monday, June 23d.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, June 17th

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M. on the 16th

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts [June 7] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc. Tourists Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts, Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by

A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.

Sent by mail to subscribers and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. (September 17

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent for the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland, The LINCOLN HOTEL, at Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel Pescadero August 1.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers: Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within) Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hallon Coort Smith, Payne & Co, bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 18 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane Anglo-Egyptian Bank of Co., Lombard st. E. C., Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C, London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside Merchants' Bank of Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited, 203 Fulham road Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D Escomte de Paris, 18 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 8 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co, Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill, Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bdgs, W C; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E C; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S; Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel Portland Place, W. George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Haston, N. Thos Mills, 21 Goswel Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W; Wm Marriott, 8 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st, E.C; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 2 Stevenson's Building S.W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

BIZ.

The Skies are daily brightening. The genial weather of May continuing into June, unaccompanied with the hot, scorching, drying winds usual at this season of the year, has carried our cereal crops safely through until the time of harvest. The Grain is now being cut. Barley of the new crop, 1,400 sacks, has been brought to market, of good quality, and sold at $1 10 per cental. Last year it came to hand three days later, and sold at $1 40. Wheat of the new crop, has been sold for early delivery here at $1 80; but more recently it is offered to millers in Marysville, to be delivered within ten days (in new sacks), at $1 50 per cental Equal to $1 60@$1 62½ delivered at tide water. The impression now prevails in well-informed circles that we will have, in the coming season, with Oregon's assistance, as much Flour and Grain for export as we had the past and closing harvest; that while California's aggregate yield is less, Oregon's is considerably more. Those who have studied the subject thoroughly now admit that the Wheat crop of 1873 will aggregate three-fourths that of 1872 harvest. A few weeks of good weather have changed crop prospects materially. Yesterday a party informed us that early in May he did not expect to harvest more than five bushels per acre from his land on the west side of the San Joaquin, but that now he hoped to get twenty bushels. We have now entered upon the closing month of the harvest year, notable for its vast Wheat product and the greatness of its export of Breadstuff. This year's grain fleet to the United Kingdom will aggregate upward of 350 ships, carrying in the neighborhood of 10,000,000 centals of Wheat valued at about $20,000,000. In addition to this we have export dop ward of £2 000 bbls Flour to various countries, besides Wheat, Barley and Oats to other places not here enumerated. Altogether the season has been propitious, and the farmers and producers as a whole have realized handsome returns for their industry. There is yet considerable Wheat and Flour remaining in the state estimated at 30,000 tons some of which will, no doubt be carried into the new crop year which begins July 1st.

Our Grain Fleet to the United Kingdom is large.

	Wheat Ctls.	Value.
Since July 1st, 1872, of 328 vessels	9,461,646	$17,142,221
43 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	1,347,967	3,174,187
130 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	3,556,253	7,071,407
174 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	4,782,919	8,083,715

In addition to this there are twelve ships on the berth, and it is probable that this number is to be added to the above table as the result of the current harvest year. The present price of Wheat is $1 85@1 90 for good to choice. Flour, $4 75@5 25 for Superfine; Best Extras, $5 60@6 per 196 lbs. Barley, new and old feed, $1 10@1 25; Brewing, $1 35@1 45. Oats, $1 85@2. Corn, $1 25@1 30 per cental. Hay, $10@18 per ton.

Tonnage is now scarce; very little disengaged here. Grain charters to a direct port in the United Kingdom, £3 10s@3 12s 6d; to Cork for orders, £3 15s@3 17s 6d. The ship Middlesex proceeds to Portland, Oregon, to load Wheat for Cork at £4 10s. The Iron Crown takes Wheat to Liverpool, having a charter for the round voyage of £5 10s.

The German Bark Sebastian, 97 days from Zebu, to Falkner, Bell & Co., has for cargo 28,000 bags Sugar, 900 bales Hemp, etc. The Alden Berry, 44 days from Hongkong, to Wm. T. Coleman & Co., with 312 Chinese, 1,600 bags Rice, etc. The schooner Legal Tender, 42 days from Punta Arenas, with 3,350 bags Central American Coffee to Parrott & Co.

Our Markets for Imports show increasing strength. Bags and Bagging Material are more sought after as the result of improved crop prospects. Standard Bags, 15c; Burlap's, 40 in., 10¾@11c, 45 in., 11½@12c. Coal is lower; English Steam, $9; Sydney, $11 75; Anthracite, $10@12; Cumberland, $18@20; Chili, $11 50. Coffee is held with firmness at 19½@20c for No. 1 Greens. Chemicals are the turn dearer. Soda Caustic, 8¾ a 9c, Sal Soda, 2¾ a 2¾c. French Goods—Brandies having advanced very materially in price in the places of production, it would be but reasonable to look for an improvement here ere long. Sardines—Jobbers have been supplying themselves recently at $3,75 a 3 80 for halves, and $2 37½ a 2 42½ for quarters. Castile Soap—Sales at 9 a 9½c for adulterated, while good brands command 10½ a 11c by the invoice. Olive Oil is in moderate demand at $1 90 a 5 and $5 65 a $5 75 for Plagniol quarts and pints; Possel, $4 20 a $4 30 and $5 for quarts and pints.

Malt Liquors continue scarce and high, particularly London Porter, which is very much called for.

Metals move off sluggishly. Pig Iron sells slowly at $52 50 a 55 per ton. Old Yellow Metal, 14c cash.

Naval Stores.—Rosin No. 1 sells at $6 50; Spirits Turpentine, 70c.

Fruits, Sauces, Etc.—Nine cargoes of Tahitian Oranges already received this season. The very free and abundant supplies of ripe Apricots, Cherries, Currants, Strawberries, Gooseberries, etc., now pressing upon the market, are the occasion for a lessened demand for Case Goods, etc.

Gunny Bags are running short; none here in first hands.

Petroleum.—Standard has declined to 31c; Devoe's, 42, 43 a 44c. Oils—Polar Sperm, 50 a 60c.

Provisions.—Owing to increased receipts of fresh roll Butter, prices are slower, having declined 2½c from the highest point of the season. There is no perceptible change in salted Meats other than in sugar-cured Hams, which are weaker in price and in light demand, the market being fully stocked and jobbers, in the absence of any active demand from the country, indisposed to increase their stocks. Good brands of Eastern Hams now offering at 14c.

Quicksilver.—The Almaden Quicksilver Company have made a contract for their year's product; present price, 95c to trade. Borax—The Panama steamer on the 5th inst. carried 273 cs en route for Liverpool and 435 cs to New York. This is a large shipment. The producers must be getting desperate. At the late decline in New York and abroad the article cannot be produced on this coast at a profit.

Pulu has declined 7½ a 8c. Rice is a drug, by reason of excessive imports from China. Salt is held with firmness. Spices, scarce and high. Spirits are the turn dearer, particularly Cognac Brandies. J. H. Cutter fine old whiskey still commands the market, there is nothing equal to it, be sure and get the genuine. Sugars are in large supply. The great reduction in price noted a week since causes some increase in the current demand for all kinds of Refined, but no considerable sales are reported. The stock of Hawaiian, grocery grades, is liberal, and for which there is a steady good demand at 7½ a 9½c. The Refiners' price list is for Crushed, 11c; Cube and Powdered, 11¼c; Granulated, 10¾c; Golden "C," 9½c; China is slow of sale at 9½ a 10 a 10½c for the three grades in mats.

Teas.—We have nothing of a local nature to remark since the auction sale noted in our last. Stocks here moderate, and business healthful, with good jobbing trade.

Tobacco.—There continues a good jobbing demand for Virginia manufactured stock at prices heretofore noted. Leaf is without change.

Wines.—The correspondence which is daily reaching us from France confirms the telegraphic reports announcing the serious injuries inflicted upon the vineyards, by the heavy frosts which visited a widely extended district during the latter part of April, the effect of which has been for the time to arrest transactions, owing to the extravagant pretensions of those fortunate to be still holders of stock. The vineyards of the extreme South of France were measurably spared from the ravages above alluded to, and to them will commerce have to look for its supplies, until such time as the injured district can again furnish their usual quota to the trade. In our own market an advance of from $1 to $3½ cask has been obtained on ordinary cargo Claret, which now commands from $16 to $17 in round lots. Our present stock is light, and the same remark will hold good with regard to Champagne Wines, which must eventually effect prices here, owing to the high rates now ruling in France. Of Natives, sales for this week include 75 casks Gerke Wine (1868) for St. Louis, and 300 cs Angelica for Vicksburg at current rates. Buena Vista Sparkling and Landsberger's Private Cuvee and Sparkling Muscatelle command the market. Otherwise there is nothing now to be said in regard to the Native product.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT GREAT REDUCTION, BY ALL STEAMERS.

ROUND THE WORLD.

One Hundred and Five Routes to VIENNA; Seventy-two Routes to Italy; Thirty Routes to Holland, Belgium and the Rhine; Thirty Routes to Ireland, Scotland, and England. Full particulars in COOK'S EXCURSIONIST, American House.

COOK, SON & JENKINS.

May 31.] 262 Broadway, New York.

DICKSON, DE WOLF & CO.,

410, 412, 414 Battery street, offer for sale the following goods, in Bond or Duty paid.

BRANDY—Gautier, Otard, Martell and Hennessy, in quarter casks, BRANDY—Martel, Fauro & Co, and Champagne Vine, in g ass, WHISKY—Irish, in quarter casks, WINE—Port and Sherry, in quarter casks and glass, CLARET—Chateau Medoc, Pauillac, and St Julien in cask, PIG IRON—Eglinton, CHAINS—Short link TIN PLATES—I X Machen Crown brand Charcoal; Yellow Metal Sheathing; Asphalte Roofing Felt, Bleaching Powder, Soda Crystals, B Carbonate of Soda, Palm Oil Gostling's Portland Cement, Roman Cement Fire Clay, Paris White. [June 7.

THE PARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between the undersigned, at San Francisco and New York, under the firm name of PLATT & NEWTON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation Mr. HY. A. THOMAS will sign for us at New York, under Powers of Attorney The Shipping and Commission business will be continued by WM T COLEMAN & CO

WM T. COLEMAN, L. H. NEWTON.

San Francisco, May 31, 1873

I have this day re-established the firm of Wm. T. Coleman & Co., and will continue the Shipping and Commission business on my own account San Francisco, June 2, 1873 WM T COLEMAN.

The undersigned have this day formed a partnership, under the name and style of NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., for the purpose of conducting an Importing and Jobbing business, at 119 and 121 Front street.

L. H. NEWTON, MORRIS NEWTON.

San Francisco, June 2, 1873. June 7.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 400 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.

June 7 A. J. GAMBILL.

BRITISH STEAMSHIP

Lord of the Isles, Captain James Blow, from Hongkong, will discharge cargo at Front-street Wharf. Consignees will please call at our office, pay freight, and receive orders for their goods. All merchandise when landed upon the wharf will be at the risk of the owners thereof (without regard to the weather), and if not removed prior to five o'clock P. M. of each day will be stored at their risk and expense. [June 7.] MACONDRAY & CO.

FOR EUREKA AND CRESCENT CITY.

The Steamship Pelican, J. D. Howell, Commander, will sail for the above ports on TUESDAY, June 10, 1873, at 8 o'clock A M Through bills of lading given for Arcata and Hookton at reduced rates

June 7. BEN. HOLLADAY Jr, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Oriflamme. F. Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom-street wharf, for the above port, on SUNDAY, June 8, at 10 o'clock A. M. [June 7.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

JOSEPH M. BYERS,

Collector.—Office at Lecount Bros. & Mansur, 417 and 419 Montgomery street Refers by permission, to San Francisco Bulletin Co, Maurice Dore & Co, Lexington Hostetter & Co Fred'k MacCrellish & Co, John Middleton & Son, Jos L Howell, Le Count Bros & Mansur. June 7.

NOTICE.

During the absence of the undersigned, the business of Her Britannic MAJESTY'S CONSULATE will be conducted by Mr. VICE CONSUL MASON, as Acting Consul [June 7] WM LANE BOOKER, H. B. M.'s Consul

L. H. NEWTON.] **NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,** [MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

FURNISHED ROOMS

May be obtained at 331 Jessie street, between Fourth and Fifth sts. June 7.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.

March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO, Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.

GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov 11.

I. P. CHRISTY. JOHN U. WISE. THOS. DENIGAN.

CHRISTY & WISE,

Agents for Wool Growers, and Commission Merchants for the sale of HIDES, TALLOW, ETC, 607 FRONT STREET, between Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco May 17.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

EDINBURGH ALE

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,

March 20. 412 Front street, S. F.

AUCTION SALE.

New City Hall Lots Nos. 77 and 78.—Monday, June 16, 1873.—John Middleton & Son, Auctioneers, 310 Montgomery street. For particulars see advertisements in Alta and Examiner By order Board of City Hall Commissioners

May 17 ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary.

C. L. CRACKBON.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 2.

JACK'S STORY.

Religion be all very well in its way,
And handy maybe now and then,
But prayin's better for women and kids
I think than for other men.

As a parson you plays your game, sir,
When you preaches and prays,
You'd be but a fool if you didn't,
Considerin' you find it pays.

I'm a sailor, thank God,—not a parson,
A rough 'un, son of a gun,
And eat my biscuit and tackle,
As you [illegible] God, sir, after I'm done.

You've spun me a yarn about Jonas
And the [illegible] I don't [illegible] twisted,
Now I'll tell you o' something as happen'd
Once [illegible] on the Goodwin Sand.

'Twere three year ago come November,
I was mate o' the Ocean Dove,
We warn't far off o' the Goodwin,
And the night was as black as hell.

Our ship she was old and rotten,
The wind was blowin' a gale,
And the way we was pitchin' and tossin'
I'd a turned a bigger pale.

I knew we was in for a doslin',
But I didn't begin to funk,
I goes astarn to the captain,
And finds him three parts drunk.

He knew just as well as I did
There was nothing more to be done,
So I goes to the other fellows
And tells 'em one by one.

Some on 'em takes to swearin',
And some on 'em takes to rum—
That's a way [illegible] preparin'
Their souls for kingdom come.

But one on 'em he takes away, sir,
And makes for the cabin stairs,
And underneath we could hear him
A shoutin' out his prayers.

It might a' been half an hour
When on we goes with a thud,
And the old ship creaks and shivers,
And cracks fit to curdle your blood.

But we didn't begin a funkin',
Or sayin' "Thy will be done;"
We did a darn'd sight better—
We fired the minute gun.

And after we waited an hour—
More like a week it seemed—
Something we seed on the water,
And "Hip! hurrah!" we screamed.

And over the roar of the billows
We caught the answering cheer,
And the splash of oars in the lifeboat,
And we knew as help was near.

Well, to make my story short, sir,
We'd hardly left the ship
Than she give a sudden lurch, sir,
And under she goes with a dip.

And when we looks at each other
In the light of the dawning day,
I'm d——d if we hadn't forgot in
The chap as went down to pray.

My argument may be rotten,
As rotten as that old ship,
But I think if he hadn't been prayin',
He'd a given old Jones the slip.

For the men as took to swearin',
And the men as took to drink,
Were saved by the Ramsgate lifeboat,
While he was left to sink.

G. R. Sims.

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A Lady Correspondent in London writes to us as follows: The somewhat dreary comedy at the Haymarket, and the audacious burlesque upon it, which is nightly filling the Court Theatre to overflowing, are giving their names to all sorts of knickknacks and articles of feminine and masculine adornment. The "[illegible]" mantle, whether named after the clever Miss Robertson, or her magnificent part [illegible] at the "Court," is a graceful flowing cloak, with long ends in front, to be made in light material, and worn as a summer mantle or opera cloak. The Princess Mary Adelaide of Teck appeared at the theatre last week in a mantle cloak of this description, the ends crossed in front and thrown over her shoulders. They bore [illegible] behind, and were finished off with long white tassels. Her Royal Highness is looking extremely well, none the less that she is somewhat thinner than she used to be. Another article which takes its name from the popular fairy piece and its travestie is the "Darine" train, which differs from the pointed and square train now in vogue in being long at the sides as well as at the back. This train is very full and flowing and is graceful on a tall figure but [illegible] on a short one. As to gentlemen's belongings the number of articles which are named after the three Ministers who so unexpectedly find themselves in fairyland is endless. The "Ayrton" hat is being extensively worn at the West-end, and is of the whitest and glossiest of silk, rather wide in the brim and heavy in the crown. The "Gladstone" coats, ties, and wraps which are ticketed everywhere now are of the straightest and most formal cut and always ludicrously remind one of the queer personation of that tenacious Minister [illegible] little theater. The only article I have seen named after the third person in the trio is the "Lowe" umbrella, certainly a curiosity in its way. It is so constructed that it will open quite flat after the fashion of the Japanese sun shades, and yet by a new contrivance start up and close at will, and so let the rain run off. Buckles are being very much worn for trimming ladies' dresses this month. I think they are much lighter than massive buttons which every one seems so fond of. Her Royal Highness the Princess Christian wore a dress trimmed with buckles at a public ceremony last week. They were of [illegible], and were placed in the center of all the rosettes up the front and sides of her costume. I have seen a dress of [illegible] prepared for her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales trimmed with mother of pearl buckles. The method of putting them on was [illegible] stiff and formal. A pointed strap of the silk, edged with velvet, met through each buckle, and confined it to the dress. They looked some countless in number, going all round the top of a box pleated flounce up both sides of the front, and round the [illegible]. Those on the body and sleeves were smaller. The dress was accompanied by another also made for her Royal Highness, in which the most notable thing was an arrangement of [illegible] sash, [illegible] and rosettes, the pannier. The dress itself was of the pale, faded shade of pink so much in vogue now, trimmed with a darker shade. The sashes were of velvet and silk of the same colour. They were most artistically arranged to show sometimes one side and sometimes the other, and all terminated in a large bow, with a long end on the upper part of the right side of the pannier. I have seen some very pretty things in "paper [illegible]" lately. [illegible] for the neck and sleeves of dresses are made of it, and very dainty and clean looking they are. Some of the [illegible] look like the most delicate embroidery, and they are said not to tear, though I should rather doubt that fact.—*Graphic Mail.*

INTOXICATION AMONG THE MAORIES

The Resident Magistrate at Waimate, Bay of Islands, in a letter to the Assistant Under-Secretary, Native Department, New Zealand, just printed, speaking of the [illegible] natives of that district, states that the greatest evil prevalent among them is the extent to which they give way to habits of intoxication. These [illegible] people seem to be fully aware of the curse attendant on civilization, for [illegible], are endeavoring to break off the habit. If temperance [illegible] could be kept from them there would be hopes of further reformation. But these hopes are frustrated and the energies of their friends paralyzed by the efforts which are being made to inundate the district with spirits. Large quantities of Auckland distilled spirits are carried into the interior, [illegible] and there [illegible] Maoris [illegible] employed for the purpose. The result is [illegible] than the foreign article, the [illegible] the Europeans drives a brisk trade. The natives, [illegible] the winter [illegible] and a scarcity of provisions [illegible] the magistrate's letter, were mortgaging their land for spirits, and thus parting with that which would procure them food and clothing which they so much required. Thus does barbarism retreat before advancing civilization.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

金山唐山新聞紙

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Gold, Shipping, Monetary [illegible] Market [illegible] latest news by Telegraph [illegible] News to date. [illegible] Eastern [illegible] to China correspondents. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission [illegible]. Dec. 24.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards consisting of Chromos, Lithographs, Engravings, Maps [illegible] Notices of every kind [illegible] upon the 1st [illegible] There [illegible] and most attractive, [illegible] our commercial interests. In a word, the Exchange will present [illegible] of the Pacific States and San Francisco [illegible] bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast [illegible] Ten [illegible] feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 1,000 feet be engaged, there will be admitted [illegible] tickets given to the [illegible] visitors. All [illegible] for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, [illegible] Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be ready [illegible]. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the [illegible] about March [illegible]. J. MELVILLE, Secretary California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, [illegible] Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

PORTLAND CEMENT

John C. Gostling & Co., London.—The Portland Cement supplied by the above is now considered superior to any manufactured, and as a proof of this we may mention a few of the important works where it has been used, [illegible] by the Metropolitan Board of Works on the Main Drainage and Thames Embankment. The new [illegible] New Docks [illegible] and Tenby. The Government Works at [illegible] Dockyard are now being supplied at the rate of Twelve Thousand Tons per annum. The [illegible] quality [illegible] the Certificates given by [illegible] makers. This Portland Cement is particularly adapted for all works where great strength and durability are required, and for wall [illegible] cannot be equaled. [illegible] a sample [illegible] in water and [illegible] seven days [illegible]. All orders to be addressed to the Sole Agents for California and the coast, MACFARLANE, BLAIR & CO., California street, S. F. Or to J. C. GOSTLING & CO., [illegible] Church street, London. May 3.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town [illegible] near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad are now offered for cash by the street [illegible] in installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled [illegible] for our state. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bank of [illegible] office. Dec. 21.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting [illegible] and displaying the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment and can therefore be used by any person. Other microscopes [illegible] greater power cost [illegible] and upwards and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan. Oct. 25.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO.

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties (tarred or untarred) of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are located that orders can be shipped direct by rail or water to any part of the State when so desired. Apply to PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY. [April 26.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 116 Front street.

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO.

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for Rope of any special lengths and sizes. [illegible] on hand a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes, Tarred Manila [illegible] Whale Line, etc., etc. TUBBS & CO., 611 and 613 Front street. April 26.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior [illegible] brands [illegible] J. H. Cutter [illegible] reputation [illegible] endeavoring to palm off spurious [illegible]. It is really the best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

John D. Yost, San Francisco.] [H. S. Crocker, Sacramento

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers. Corner Sacramento and Battery streets, San Francisco. Pacific Coast Agency Depot, FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 12.]

REMOVAL.

The San Francisco and Pacific Sugar Company and R. Feuerstein & Co. have removed their office to the second floor of TALLANT'S NEW BANKING HOUSE, Northeast corner of Battery and California streets. April 26.

C. MAIN] MAIN & WINCHESTER. [E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—Agents for [illegible] Stage Harness [illegible] on hand. Sept. 17.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind. Feb. 10. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 29.

QUICKSILVER

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

F. O. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Roney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

CHAMPAGNE

Moet & Chandon, Epernay.—Agents in lots to suit. [May 10.] DEGENER & CO., 109 California street, Room 7.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

— IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Politzo.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.

The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.

The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square, B'm. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains. E. Monton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel. W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix. J. Kohler, Proprietor.

Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottacchi, Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel. L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Gouse, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.

Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.

Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe. M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville. J. Baer, Pr.

Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel. John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wade, Prop.

St. Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.

Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.

Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.

Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

The King and Queen of the Belgians at Windsor.—The King and Queen of the Belgians, attended by their suite, left London on Monday afternoon, May 5th, on a visit to the Queen at Windsor Castle. The arrival platform, near the Queen's private waiting-room, was crowded with ladies and gentlemen, and outside in the terminus yard were three royal carriages belonging to the Royal establishment, and [illegible] in scarlet and golden uniform. There was no guard of honor mounted at the station. Prince and Princess Christian, attended by the Hon. C. Eliot and Lady Susan Melville, the Mayor of Windsor and Mr. Coune [illegible] Devereux, and Lord Alfred Paget, Equerry in Waiting to Her Majesty, at the especial command of the Queen, were in attendance with Col. Ponsonby. The Royal party left the station amid the cheers of the spectators, and drove to the Castle, where Her Majesty and Princess Beatrice were in readiness to receive them. The Town Hall and many of the houses in High street and Thames street were gaily decorated with Belgian colors. The King and Queen of the Belgians dined with Her Majesty and the Royal family that evening. Their Majesties remained the guests of the Queen at Windsor Castle till Wednesday, and then returned to London.

The Empress Eugenie, attended by a limited suite, visited the Queen at Windsor Castle on Saturday afternoon, May 3d. Viscount Sydney, the Lord Chamberlain, attended the Empress on behalf of Her Majesty the Queen. Being quite of a private nature, the visit of the Empress to Windsor was scarcely known, and there were but few spectators upon the platform. Lord Alfred Paget, Equerry in Waiting to Her Majesty, was deputed by the Queen to receive the illustrious visitor, and came down from the Castle for that purpose. Assisted by Viscount Sydney from the Royal saloon, the Empress alighted and walked through the waiting rooms, bowing graciously to the group near the entrance as she passed to one of the Queen's carriages, which had been sent down from the Castle for the Empress' conveyance to the Palace. The carriage drew up at the principal entrance. Her Majesty the Queen and the Princess Beatrice met the Empress after her arrival at the Castle. For nearly an hour the Queen and the Empress were closeted together, and at the close of the interview the Empress, attended by Lord Alfred Paget, Viscount Sydney, and suite, quitted the Castle and drove back down the slopes to the Datchet road station. Her Majesty drove back to Camden House. The Empress, who was attired in deep mourning, looked extremely well.

Considerable Interest has been excited in Paris by the announcement of two Oriental marriages which are about to take place. One is between the Vicomte Charles de Thouars and a young Chinese lady, a convert to Christianity, and the adopted child of a French merchant of Canton. This gentleman brought his fair daughter back with him to France, and had her educated at a first-class school in Bordeaux. The young lady's name was Te Tee, but on her baptism she added Marie. The other projected marriage is still more remarkable. A Japanese dignitary, attached to the embassy now in Paris, Lokana by name, young, rich, and handsome, has asked and obtained the hand of Mdlle. Hebert, the daughter of a wealthy coal merchant, now retired from business and living in good style. The fiancee appears only to have stipulated that her suitor should embrace Catholicism, to which request he made no demur. The Japanese are naturally a religious people.

The Suggestion that Thiers should at this crisis select a Prime Minister from the Left recalls the fact that Emile Ollivier, the last hope of the Empire, previous to its fall, called in too late to save his country a ruin, now lives unknown, unremembered, in an obscure Swiss village with his wife, mountain walks his sole occupation. How strange do the following lines, written three years ago, sound to us now:—

Avec Olivier, Daru, Thiers,
L'Empire va tout de travers,
Avec Daru, Thiers, Ollivier,
L'Empire est déjà fripon er,
Avec Thiers, Olivier, Daru,
L'Empire aura tôt disparu.

The Marquis of Lorn presided on Monday evening at the annual dinner of the German Hospital, which was established in October, 1845, at Dalston, for the relief of Germans, but which does not shut its doors on natives of any country who meet with accidents. His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge was originally announced as chairman of the evening, but had received the command of Her Majesty to attend her. About two hundred gentlemen sat down to dinner, and the gallery was filled with ladies. The company included—Baron de Kraus, Baron von Lindenfels, his Excellency Count Beust, Chevalier de Schaeffer, [illegible] General for Austria and Hungary, Baron von Roster, Baron Ernest von Bunsen, Baron von Schröder the Treasurer, Dr. Wadbaum, the Rev. Dr. Coppel, and others.

Mr. Vance has given a most successful concert at St. James' Hall. By invitation of the Duke of Argyl, the troupe of Tennessee minstrels who have arrived in London to give a series of concerts in aid of the Fisk University, Nashville county, have attended at Argyl Lodge, and sung a choice selection of their melodies before a fashionable and distinguished audience. During the evening the Queen visited the Lodge. Her Majesty was pleased to express her gratification at the performance. Among the distinguished company present were the Duke and Duchess of Northumberland and Dean and Lady Augusta Stanly.

The Fashionable Season at Brussells has been brilliantly concluded by a [illegible] at the British Legation, on the occasion of their Royal Highnesses the Prince of Wales and Prince Arthur a short visit there. On Saturday, May 3d, their Royal Highnesses dined with the King, and at ten o'clock proceeded to the hotel of the Legation, which was prepared for their "reception" with great splendor. The King and Queen and [illegible] Count and Countess of Flanders, attended by their respective suites, honored Mr. Saville Lumley by their presence.

Lord and Lady Egerton of Tatton entertained a party at dinner on Wednesday, May 7th, at their residence in St. James' square, including his Excellency the Netherlands Minister and Countess Bylandt, the Earl and Countess Amherst and Lady Margaret Amherst, the Earl and Countess of Cottenham, the Earl and Countess of Dartrey, the Earl Fortescue, Lord and Lady Ruthven, Lady Hamilton Seymour, Hon. Henry Brougham, Hon. A. Yorke, Hon. Miss Willoughby, Sir Thomas and Lady Abdy, Mr. Rochfort, Mr. Danby Seymour. Covers were laid for 28.

Duchesses are Taking to Literature Now, the Duchess of Brissac having just published "Homme d'Honneur," under the nom de plume of "Ecodie." The book is a great success. This reminds me of a bon mot of an other Duchess during the late Empire. Being told that Madame X. had just been made a "lady of honor," she said, "What a pity they cannot make her husband a man of honor."

The Countess of Cardigan entertained at her mansion in Portman square, Marie Marquess of Aylesbury, the Countess of Stradbroke, General and Hon. Mrs. Corter, Admiral the Hon. H. J. Rous, Hon. George Vaughan, Rear Admiral Beauchamp Seymour, C. B., Captain Berkeley, &c. Her Ladyship has returned to Deene, Northamptonshire, but is expected in town for the season.

The Death of the Earl of Zetland is announced from Richmond. This took place rather suddenly on Tuesday, May 6th, and the town was considerably saddened by the intelligence. The late earl was in his seventy-ninth year, and had been up to a recent period the Grand Master of the Freemasons. He is succeeded in the earldom by Mr. Dundas, the member for Richmond.

M. Thiers, after having repeatedly postponed his projected tour in the North, and his visit to [illegible] of Arras, has now given up all thoughts of the trip. A letter from M. Barthelemy St. Hilaire to the Mayor of Lille says that, in the present state of public affairs, the President of the Republic cannot for a single day absent himself from Paris.

The Next Pope.—The *New Free Press* of Vienna states that the Powers entitled to a veto in the election of the Pope asked, during the late illness of Pius IX., to veto the election of any cardinal favored by the Jesuits. Spain, it is said, has not been included in the agreement.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA

No. 433 California St., Merchants' Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $[illegible]. OFFICERS—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice-President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary; H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. H. Morgan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. R. Story, B. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moore, Jr., [illegible] Johnson, H. S. Tiden, W. M. Greenwood, [illegible] L. Jones, [illegible] Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., J. S. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, [illegible] L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, H. M. French, J. Loewenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager; W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. F. Knight, San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Leonard, Mark Hopkins, Jas Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Jacob Weitzlar, Julius Weitzlar, Manager; I. Leonard, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, S. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 224 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independent of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most respectable citizens. DIRECTORS: W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Seldon S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James H. Forbes, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, F. T. Cole, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, N. H. Thayer, Jas Phelan, Charles Main.
H. G. HORNER, Secretary. C. W. KELLOGG, President. May 3.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies non-forfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among its Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Laws.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent.
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings or rented dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouses and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. Losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 25. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Joseph Seller, W. C. Ralston, J. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, J. Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Briggardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. J. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—J. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 31 Merchants' Exchange Building, and that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,[illegible], and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $8,-730,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,[illegible]. Losses promptly paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
[Jan. 13.] No. 219 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb. 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 208 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 325 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS and GLAZIERS. No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a. m. to 1 p. m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations and to form all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 22.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 534 Montgomery street.

JAS. H. HAM.] PETERS & HAM, [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 331 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris. [March 29.]

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. Nov. 16.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO. [J. A. H. FRASER.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [Jan. 25.]

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT.

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 413 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Escadero. Aug. 1.

DARWINISM IN THE KITCHEN.

I was takin' off my bonnet
One afternoon at three,
When a hinseck j'ump'd upon it,
As proved to be a flea.
Then I takes it to the grate,
Between the bars to stick it,
But I hadn't long to wait
Ere it changed into a cricket.
Says I, "Surelie my senses
Is a-gettin' in a fog!"
So to drownd it I commences,
When it halters to a frog.
Here my heart began to thump,
And no wonder I felt funky,
For the frog with one big jump,
Leap'd hisself into a monkey.
Then I opened wide my eyes,
His features for to scan,
And observed, with great surprise,
That that monkey was a man.
But he vanished from my sight,
And I sunk upon the floor,
Just as missus with a light,
Came inside the kitching door.
Then beginnin' to abuse me,
She says, "Sarah, you've been drinkin!"
I says, "No, mum, you'll excuse me,
But I've merely been a-thinkin'.
But as sure as I'm a cinder,
That party what you see
A-gettin' out the winder,
Have developed from a flea!" —*Judy.*

SUNBEAMS.

— When three Irishmen dug a ditch, for which they were to receive four dollars, the trouble was how to divide four among three and have it equal. One of them remained quiet, and the other two at last deferred to his judgment, as he had been to school and knew arithmetic, to make the division. He did it at once, saying, "It's aisy enough! Share there's two for you two, and two for me, too." "Begorra," said one of his co-laborers, "what a great thing it is to have learning!" "And," said the other, as he pocketed his single dollar, "to know 'rithmetic, too! It's the like of of us two'd never divided them four dollars aquaaly!"

— Rab Hamilton was on regular visiting terms with the Meg Dodses of Kilmarnock, and never failed to become due in his calls when fragments from the dinner table were likely to be had. One day Rab was coming out of the kitchen entry of a gentleman's house loaded with cupl ked bones, when a dog was attracted to the spot, and addressed his dumb but demonstrative petition to Rab for his share, but Rab was inexorable. "Na, na," said he, "gang your ways and coort the cook as I did."

— Rubinstein, the pianist, does not like Beecher's preaching, and says: "Mr. Beecher tries to bring religion down to the people, instead of bringing the people to religion." Supposing a man was overboard, what would Mr. Rubinstein do—throw a rope to the person in peril, or call upon him to come after the rope?

— The young ladies of Waterbury are getting to be high-toned. "Why, you o-l-d sweet-d-i-n-e! Is that you?" is the way one fair one saluted another one on the street, recently, and the angel in bustle and high heels meekly and poetically responded: "You bet! I'm your katydid every time!"—*Rochester Union and Advertiser.*

— It has been discovered that many Londoners mistake old and disused pumps, in which there is a slot where the handle used to work, for letter boxes, and put their letters in them. In one in Great Titchfield street several of these were discovered, and others are lying in the slit of a pump near Portland Place.

— A Covington newspaper man was fined for taking notes of a sermon. They called it disturbing a religious meeting. It seems that the Western women have just as much curiosity as their Eastern sisters when a note book appears in their vicinity, and are just exactly as restless until their inquisitiveness is satisfied.

— Young Lady (to a beau of whose company she is getting tired): "I hope you're not nervous, because that clock has a queer effect on people. All my gentlemen acquaintance start when it strikes ten, and it's just a-going to strike, so, if you're nervous, perhaps you'd better go before it begins." He went.

— A youth, who was taking an airing in the country, tried to amuse himself by quizzing an old farmer about his bald head, but was extinguished by the old man, who solemnly remarked, "Young man, when my head gets as soft as yours, I can raise hair to sell."

— "Can't you be a little pleasanter in your cross-examination of the witness?" asked a judge of a lawyer. "How can I make a cross-examination a pleasant one?" was the snarling reply.

— A Parisian in making his will added a clause that his wife shall remarry, which he explained was to ensure "that he would have one person at least to duly deplore his death."

— A friend, who prided himself on his aversion to anything like nasty, said he had taken an anti-Wilhamite pill.

— A Louisville man took arsenic for a cough, and gets [illegible]

— If a Bedouin should loose his teeth, would he talk gum Arabic?

— What no dairyman can adulterate—The milk of human kindness.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, May 4th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A M (daily) Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A M (daily) C P R R Steamer from Broadway Wharf, connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P M (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P M (Sundays excepted) C P R R Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P M (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P M (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland). Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH. Leave San Francisco, 7:00, 8:10, 9:20, 10:30 and 11:20 A.M., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, 8:15, 9:20 and *11:20 P.M. (9:20, 11:20 and 5:00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn for San Francisco, *5:20, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 10:10 A.M., 1:30, 2:10 [illegible] and [illegible] P.M.

Leave Oakland [illegible] 6:50, 8:00, 9:10 [illegible] A.M., 12:00, 1:45, 2:50, [illegible], 5:05, 6:20, 8:05 and 10:20 P.M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH.—Leave San Francisco, 7:30, 9:[illegible] and 11:15 A.M., 1:15, [illegible], 5:40 and 6:00 P.M. (4:20, 11:15 and 11:20 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:20, [illegible]:00 and 10:45 A.M., and [illegible] P.M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:35, 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:30, 1:50 and 5:30 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave— San Francisco		8 40 a m	*3:20 p m	4 40 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5 40 p m	7 00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2 07 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 45 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2 30 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave— Hollister				11 10 a m
Salinas				10 45 a m
Castroville				11 10 a m
Pajaro				11 50 a m
Gilroy				1 2 p m
San Jose		6 20 a m	7 0 a m	3 00 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible]	[illegible]	5 25 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:20 p m. Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:30 a.m. Returning will leave San Jose at 5:30 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4 15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11 30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday April [illegible]th the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8:30 and 11 a.m. and [illegible] p m. Saucelito at [illegible] and 9:30 a m, 2:40 and [illegible] p m. On Saturday, from Saucelito, at [illegible] and 11 a m, 1 3 and [illegible] p m, from San Francisco at 11 and 12 m, 2 and [illegible] p m. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] a m. SUNDAY TIME—Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 m, 2 and [illegible] p m. Leave Saucelito 11 a m, 1, 3 and 5 p m. H. A. COBB, President.
Apr 12. [illegible] Montgomery street

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement. On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 187[illegible], the steamer PETALUMA, W. [illegible] Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible] a m. Returning, Leave San Francisco at 2 p m, connecting at Petaluma with stages for Healdsburg and Bloomfield. [Aug 21.] CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours—On and after Saturday, February [illegible], 187[illegible], the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, in connection with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:30 a m, 1:30 p m, [illegible] p m. San Rafael, [illegible] a m, 11 [illegible] a m, 2:30 p m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at [illegible] a.m., 3:10 p.m.; San Rafael 9:30 a.m., [illegible] p m. [Aug 21.] CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House. 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a.m. Cash advances [illegible]
Dec 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Landaus, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Chariotees, Rockaways, Wood Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carts, Pegs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mouldings. Having but little metal in their construction, except for the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second-hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, ballast carts and city street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to fill orders on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going South will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz.: For the Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the full extent of the law. Nov 29.

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship New-bern, A. N. MacDonough, Master, will sail on her regular trips [illegible] at [illegible] o'clock M., from [illegible] street Wharf, connecting at the mouth of the Colorado with the Steamers and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the river. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and no [illegible] registered. For freight or passage having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent, March 15. [illegible] Front street.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should observe that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has "C. KEARSLEY" printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s 9d per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. [illegible] LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for [illegible], tan, sunburns or any roughness of the skin. In bottles [illegible] Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS, Feb 25. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA —GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Hospital ages, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Quinine, [illegible], Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forward free; full charge monthly by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE, July 11. [illegible] Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE. The success of the season at the table for its agreeable warranting and insistence [illegible] the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It is [illegible] and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 3.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors: I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Berry, [illegible] Pennie, F. M. Freund, H. Tranbe, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. [illegible], Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HALNEY & BROWN, Agents. Office: 324 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Roberts Publication office. Jan 11.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 2.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, March 2[illegible]. Agents, 123 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g
Justices—6[illegible] Montgomery St.
County—City Hall
Probate—City Hall
Fourth District—City Hall
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—[illegible] Montgomery street
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets
City Physician—City Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] Kearny street
Custom House—Battery street
Collector of Internal Revenue—[illegible] Merchants Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Haywards Building
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm
Mayor—City Hall
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall
Tax Collector—City Hall
Supt of Streets—City Hall
Assessor—City Hall
County Clerk—City Hall
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt Pub Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall
Auditor—Room [illegible], City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets
Fire Department—[illegible] Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall
Outside Land Committee—[illegible] Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets
Health Office—Jackson street.
Chief of Police—City Hall
Pound Keeper—Jackson st. bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
Quarantine—[illegible] Kearny street.
Harbor Master—[illegible]
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes, head office in Paris, 9 [illegible] street. Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 15 Austinfriars. Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. F. Waldock, Secretary. Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary. Pacific Saw Mills, Rakshall, Armistead & Co. agents, [illegible] Broad street. Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co., agents, 21 [illegible] Smith [illegible] Lane. Singapore Steam Saw Mills Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. agents 21 St. Swithin's Lane. Amoy Dock Co., John Forsk, agent, Lime st. Square. Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co., agents, [illegible] Union Insurance Co., 3[illegible] Cornhill, J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary. Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co. agents 3 Lombard st. Union Insurance Society of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street. Hongkong Insurance Co., Gledstanes & Co., agents, 31 Austinfriars. China Traders Insurance Co., Hongkong Pearson & Co. agents, 31 Great St. Helens. China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co. agents, 8 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st. Ceylon Co., Fuller Alderton, [illegible] Old Broad st. R. A. Cameron, Secy. Borneo Co., 7 Mincing Lane, Wm. Martin, Manager. Bank of Singapore, Mactaggart, Tidman & Co. agents, 34 Great St. Helens. Banks—Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, Chairman. Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. B. Gwyther, Manager. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, [illegible] Old Broad street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager. Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street. Deutsche Bank. Action Gesellschaft of Berlin, agencies, National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street. Within German Bank of London, Bartholomew Lane, Lothbury. Bank of Rotterdam, [illegible] Bank of London, agent. Delhi and London Bank, Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, [illegible] Lombard street. National Bank of India, H. O. Sawers, Chief Manager, [illegible] King William street. Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending May 31, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.

Monday, May 26th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Wm M Pierson to R McGinley	Van Ness av n Hayes, 33x109	$ 1
F L A Pioche to Patrick Maloney	Lot 11 blk 11[illegible], City Land Ass'n	95
E Ehrenpfort to W Ehrenpfort	[illegible] nw Harris n, 2 x65	1
Philip J Stannage to L M Casey	Sh pley sw 5th, 25x75	1
Thos Casey to Bernard T Riley	Same	1,125
Chas L Jacob to W Borchert	Harrison ne 8th, 33x80	1,600
T Johnston to Wm D Johnston	Lot known as Johnston T ct, O L also, Bush w Mason, 43x84, also, Bush w Polk, w 31 7¾ n fr w 12 in, n 52 s to Austin e 31 7¾ s 130 to com	1
O Livermore to Arthur K Hawkins	S cor Market and 10th, 272 6x105	30,000
Nicholas Cousin to Paul Hesson	Pacific w Kearny, w 25 6 n 137.6 w 64 3 n 43 e [illegible] s 177 6 to com	5
F F Schertich to G F Whitcomb	Ne c r Mississippi and Solano, 100x25	700
G E Whitcomb to F F Schertich	Same	350
Geary St Ex H'd to M R Best	Lot 5 blk 253	600
E A G [illegible] n Tittel to J G Kahman	W Kearny n Sutter, 6 inches x 60 ft	1,000
A J [illegible] bling to David F Marshall	W Larkin n California, 60 1x137 6	..
John Morrissy to Pat Morrissy	S e Tehama sw 5th, [illegible]	5
Patrick Morrissy to J Morrissy	Se Tehama sw 5th, 37 6x80	5
Pan Rousset to City & Co S F	W Powell [illegible] n [illegible], etc	4,631
Same to same	E Stockton n Green, n 2 6 etc	6,831
Richard Crooks to E Dixon	N California e Steiner, e 27, etc	1
Edward Barry to same	S corner 6th ave and D st sw 100x25	1
John H Smyth to Thos H Douglas	S Pine e Webster, 62:6x137:6	8,000
Laurel Hill Cem Ass'n to F Brisac	Lot 2011, Laurel Hill Cemetery	381
Michael Radford to E Galbert	S e J ssie sw 4th, 20x70	2,900
E Galbert to Caroline Galbert	Same	5 [illegible]
Casher ne Stapleton to T Donnelly	E [illegible] lston s Brannan 25x80	1,600

Tuesday, May 27th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Great Park H'd to W S Palmer	Lot 2 blk 28, lot 27 blk 791, lot 20 blk 30, lot 21 blk 857 lot 3 blk 304, lots 23 24 25 26 28 to 35 nc, blk 791, lots 3 4 6 7 8 blk 370, lots 10 11 12 13 14 29 blk 794, Great Park H'd Ass'n	$ 67
Same to Cyrus Palmer	Lots 10 to 19 inc, and 22 23 24 25 27 to 33 inc, 35 to 50 inc, blk 224, Great Park H'd	15
Cyrus Palmer to E B Mastick	Same as above two descriptions	..
F W Veil to Joseph S Cort s	Van Ness Av and O Farrell, w 137 6, etc	31,000
M M [illegible] ins to Samuel Sank	Mission n 11th 50x25	3,500
Thos Brown to Mary Donnigan	Pine e Hyde, e 25, s 137-9, w 112 6, etc	6,800
Patrick Donnigan to Maurice Dore	Same	6,800
Maurice Dore to Pat k Donnigan	Same	6,800
B Haynes to A P Brayton	Beale ne Howard, 45 10x137 6	14,300
F Thomas to M Burnet	Und 5 acres com at a pt in sec 12, T 2, S R 6 W at the nw cor of Donohoe's T ct, n 1 ch, 11 links, e 29 ch, 65 links, etc, and l.t containing 94 acres	1,500
M Burnet to V J Blanchard	Same	500

Wednesday, May 28th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Buena Vista H'd to J E Sorbier	Lot 41 blk 104, Buena Vista H'd Ass'n	600
Wm Taffe to Isreal W Raymond	Blocks 91 and 1[illegible], Potrero Nuevo—bounded 91—n by Santa Clara, e Nebraska, s Mariposa, w Utah 103 n by Santa Clara, e Vermont, s Mariposa, w Nebraska	1
Wm C Ralston to same	Nw cor of blk 91 s 152, e to a point half way between Utah and Nebraska, s 123 6, e 100, n 400, w 200 to com, also, blk 31	17,000
Thos H Holt to J B Haggin	Stockton n Green, n 22 11, w 88 1½, etc, subject to a mortgage for $4,50[illegible]	5
R T Van Norden to M Livingston	Se cor C st and 8th av, e 210, s to Fulton st, w to 6th av, n to com, being fractional blk No 385, Outside Lands	6,250
Wilson Dunlap to Augusta Dunlap	Lot 1 blk 70, New Gard n H d	1
Geary St Ex H'd Ass'n to W Brown	Lots 12 and 15 blk 1[illegible], Geary St Ex Hd	700
J L Isaacs to Jos Alexander	Stockton s Sacramento 20x60, also, O Farrell w Taylor, 25x65	7,100

Thursday, May 29th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Paschal B C [illegible] ins to R H [illegible] han	Lafayette n Union, 19x60	$ 1
Robert Ham [illegible] n to P Masterson	Minna ne 6th 25x70	4,000
James B Haggin to Thos H Holt	Und ½ of blks [illegible], 1[illegible], 157, Potrero, also, und 1-6 of property described in deed recorded in Lib D page 2[illegible], 10[illegible] acres w of Laguna Honda, also, Stockton n Green, n 22 11, etc	5,000
John Center to Chas Marois	Folsom n 2d 50x122 6	7,000
Wm Hollis to Albert R Church	Steiner n Sacramento, 25x118	3,600
Daniel Ryan to Carrie D Truett	Cherry and Broadway, 137 6x137 6	500
Wm Friel to same	Same	250
B Blumenthal to Cath Ansbro	Lots 31 and 33, Gift Map 3, also, lots 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226 Holiday Map A, also, lots 42 to 49 inc above, Precita Valley Lands	5
W G Doolittle to J J Benton	Lot n blk 157, New S S F H'd Ass'n	100
Reuben Feder to J H J Seyden	Hayes w Gough, 24 6x120	2,450

Friday, May 30th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
John Grant to J W H Tobey	Se Perry 275 ne 3d, 25x75	$1 100
Same to Henry Ostendorf	Se Perry 300 ne 3d, 25x75	3,500
Joseph Frank to Gustave Reis	Sw cor Kearny and Bush, 61 6x60 5	14,500
Wm Monahan to S C Walsh	Howard ne 11th 25x90	2,750
Pat k Golden to Edw Golden	Com e dist of 50 vara 130 57 6 n Sac'to, 20x57 6 also, Post and Laguna, 62 6x50	600
Louis Dutertre to City & Co S F	Dupont n Broadway, n 21, etc	2,100
D P Belknap to L Battis	Lots 1, 25, 37, blk 210, Haley & O'N T ct	5
Maurice Dore to Simon Stiefvater	16th and Harriet, 34 1x100	2,500
W and J Campbell to L Battle	Lots 31, 32, blk 110, H & O N Tract	3,050
C F Mellus to Toma Lipper	Harrison Folsom, 5x100	1
John Smith to Joanna Tessele	Vallejo e Powell, 42:9x136.6	9,000
Wm P Cashman to Edw Sumner	Block 785, Outside Lands	...
City and County S F to M F Kean	Com at a point 4[illegible] e Yolo and 25 s Nebraska, [illegible]	
Jas J Doyle to J D Stevenson	Van Ness av n Pacific, 60x121 6	7,000
J F Glover to Isabella O Sullivan	Grove w Jones, 25x60	315
A Unger to M A Moore	Near Berkeley, [illegible] int rest 80 acres	14,000
P Eagan to T Egan	8 miles ne from Livermore 164 acres	500

Saturday, May 31st.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Geary St Ex H'd to J L Hostet	Lot 8 blk 167, Geary St Ex H d Ass'n	$ 350
Wm E Worth to Wm B Swain	Folsom sw Hawthorne, 35x75	8,000
Wm Erzgraber to S P Taylor	McAllister and Webster, 137 6x68:9	8,400
Catherine Erzgraber to same	Same	5
Isaac N Thorne to T C Van Ness	Valencia s 17th, 36x100	5
T C Van Ness to Wm A Piper	Same	5,250
Fenton T ct H'd Ass'n to G Constant	Lots 25 to 30 inc blk 1302, Fenton Tract	1,050
Thos Knight to Henry Pierce	Turk and Leavitt, 137 6x137 6	20,000
W G Doolittle to N Hamblin	Lot 2 blk 157, New S S F H d Ass'n	500
D McMenomy to John McMenomy	Grove e Franklin, 27 6x68.9	1,100
B Tract to City & County S F	Powell n Union, n 22 11 s, etc	1,252
C D Wyatt to John F Morse	Pine and Scott, 137 6x137 6	4,500
R P Clement to Henry Sutter	Baker and Hayes, 137 6x124 10¾, subject to a mortgage for $3,000	....
City & County S F to R P Clement	Various lots in Outside Lands	...
E B Carpenter to S H Brodie	Und ½ blk 38 W A	15,000
John Hahn to Susan R Barge	[illegible] w Octavia, 13x120	2
Fred'k Cooper to J F Strobel	Und ½ Folsom sw 7th, 25x90	2,500
Robt H Barge to Wm J Stoddart	Grove w Octavia, 70 3x120	

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending May 27, 1873.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
D L Emerson to Oakl'd B of Sav'g	Oakland. 100x100 ft ne corner 12th and Broadway	28,000
E L Gibson to A W Burrell	Same N line 34 75 e from Webster, thence e 75x100	15
D Porter to O H Tufts	Same S line 10th 54 4 e fr Alice, thence e 43.8x100	2,500
M Ryan to S E Henshaw	Same W Myrtle 200 s from 10th, thence s 50x125	6,000
T B Bigelow to E Fitel	Same E Henry 145 3 s fr Railroad Ave, thence s 2[illegible]x125	500
E McLean to M Partridge	Same W line Center 153 3 s from 5th, thence s 31 3x145 4	560
Same to E Wardwell	Same E line Chester 213 s fr 5th, thence s 31 3x125	531
Same to W L Dickerson	Same W line Chester 175 6 s from 5th, thence s 31 3x125	531
Same to M A Hall	Same W line Chester 206 9 s from 5th, thence s 31 3x125	531
Same to C E McInnis	Same E line Chester 275 6 s from 5th, thence s 31 3x125	531
J de Fremery to E M Arthor	Same 10 x150 nw cor 12th and Castro	11,750
M M Eschenbury to M Dusenbury	Same E line Wooster 806 n from 14th, thence n 25x150	850
M T Dusenbury to A E Rollinair	Same Same	850
C H H'd Ass'n to G P Johnston	East Oakland 49x129 and 80x125 near Lake Merritt	1,080
Same to D C Bryan	Same 50x125 same locality	300
E C Sessions to Mrs A S Ireland	Same n line Hoff 1026 w fr Alameda, thence w 50x150	600
S Lakman to J C Kaselan	Alameda N line Pacific 150 e fr Walnut thence e 50x150	600
W B Clement to W Severance	Same 150x150 nw cor Everett & Eagle	3,000
A S Sivara to M Mariano	Road Haywood to Alvarado 6 acres	1,050
M [illegible] to J Anspacker	Livermore Part block 3	950
W M Hall to E L Beard	Near Mission San Jose 352 ac Marsh L'd	7,000
J de Fremery to G Touchard	Oakland N limits 6 acres Webster Av	2,725
T LeRoy to S P Wright	San Leandro Lot F in blk 30	20
F Peralta to P Sather	Brooklyn T p Tract H gh st, San Leandro R d and Fruit Vale Av	500
Dam & Gladding to J O'Connor	Same 5 acres San Leandro Road, near High st	2,500
G Martinez to W Iver	Same lot in 310 acres San Leandro Ck	1,700
S P Wright to T Cortin	San Leandro Lot F in blk 31	600
P Donnigan to M Mathews	Oakland T p Part plot 43	5
J H Daley to W H Comming	4 miles n from Oakland 23 acres	4 000

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. May 27

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

GEORGE W. McKEAND, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County.) Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept 5

NOTICE TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE SUTRO TUNNEL CO.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Sutro Tunnel Company, held at the office of the Company, in the city of San Francisco, on the 23d day of May, 1873, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this board that the Capital Stock of this Company should be increased to Twenty Million Dollars and be divided into Two Million Shares of the par value of Ten Dollars per share, and that a meeting of the stockholders be and is hereby called to take place at the office of the Company, at No. [illegible] California street, at [illegible] o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, the 2[illegible]d day of June, 1873, to determine upon this proposition.

(Signed) JOSEPH ARON, SOLOMON HEYDENFELDT, EDWARD N. HOOPER, IGNATZ STEINHART, THOS. C. WEDDERSPOON, Trustees.
PELHAM W. AMES, Secretary.
May 24

RODGERS, MEYER & CO, 212 BATTERY STREET,

OFFER FOR SALE IN BOND OR DUTY PAID,

Wool Bags,	Fleece Twine, 5 ply and 3 ply,	Flax Twine, 5 ply and 3 ply,
Grain Bags,	Incubation Chicken Gunnies	Hessians [illegible] and 45 inch,
Coffee Bags,	Silver Ore Bags of all descriptions,	Glengarnock Pig Iron,
Sulphate of Copper,	Copper Ore Bags, all descriptions,	Composition Nails,
Fire Clay and Chalk,	Soda Crystals, Grass Cloth,	Bath Bricks,
Fire Bricks,	Kirkless Hall Pig Iron,	Brimstone, Candles,

Yellow Metal, P. H. Muntz & Co.'s celebrated brand. [April 12.

FIREPROOF SAFES

At Hall's Safe and Lock Co.'s Pacific Branch, No. 537 Market street, will be found a large stock of HALL'S CELEBRATED PATENT CONCRETE FIREPROOF SAFES. Patent Doweled Burglar Proof Safes, Residence Safes, Bank and Vault Locks, etc. All orders and letters applications from Pacific States, South America, Japan, China and Australia should be addressed "Hall's Safe and Lock Co., San Francisco, California, U. S. A." Catalogues and price lists sent free. [May 10.]

$72 EACH WEEK

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

JOS. CURLE.] **CURLE, STEWART & CO.** [ROBT. STEWART.

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, Etc. Room No. 15 Stevenson's Building, No. 2[illegible] Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

THE NEW STATE CAPITOL AT SALEM, OREGON.

The S. F. News Letter, as an art critic, among other general matters concerning the important interests of these Western States, notes with regret the decision of the commissioners for building the new State Capitol at Salem, Oregon. Great injustice is claimed by the San Francisco architects to have existed, in advertising in our papers for an open competition, inasmuch as the responsible parties appointed by Governor Grover thought fit to conduct these preliminaries in a way hitherto unprecedented in the profession of architecture in showing undue haste in selecting a design for a work so prominent as a legislative building, having fixed on a plan the next day after they were submitted, thereby prohibiting such explanations as our city architects and others intended to make for the information of the Board. It is presumed that no mere competition drawings can entirely express on paper simply the thought of any conception in detail of the architectural designer. We are informed from several sources here that two gentlemen would have been present to make these practical explanations, but owing to two days' detention through head winds prevailing during their passage on the steamer to Portland, this was prevented. To those abroad and out of the State great partiality appears to have been shown; far more prudent would it have been, as in the instance of a large Chicago competition, to have advertised to local architects only, and not to mislead. Our architects here state they could gracefully bow to the choice of the Commissioners had they been honorably beaten; but what are the facts? No Oregon architect save one competed, they prejudging the determined arrangements. All of them, with the building fraternity and the wealthy citizens of the State (who will really pay for the work), have since protested against the hasty action of the Board. And why? First of all, the building is known to have been placed by the Commissioners in inexperienced hands, and contrary to the wishes of the people; the design, also, is a copy of the first design for the Sacramento Capitol. The pride of the rising State of Oregon—if not of the party who mechanically *copied*, for fifteen hundred dollars, another's idea—should be to erect a building having distinctiveness and individuality of character about it. A portion of the work need only to have been erected now, and when completed entire, say in five or ten years, would remain a permanent monument of the State. As it is, in twenty years, this pile of brick, proposed to be thrown together by *convicts*, thereby discouraging *honest labor*, and to the march of the public taste of this country will have to be torn down. We advise the Commissioners, as a matter of State policy, if they are skilled in the erection of ordinary public buildings, not to [illegible] on a State Capital that it is yet soon enough, as we are advised, to meet the wishes of the people for whom they are working, and restore the feeling that a building possessing at least the ordinary standard of a tastefully designed original work is expected. The Commissioners laid themselves open to blame in unusually allowing such plans and specifications as were sent to several weeks before the time appointed first to be exposed and so allow access to them by any party personally interested in the competition. The Commissioners, in their advertisement, call for a "*permanent and durable State House*," and one not to be torn down in a couple of decades.

A POLITICAL AND JOURNALISTIC SUMMARY.

The political horizon is once more clearing up, and things are looking better for all sorts of thieves. For a time it appeared as if decent people were about to come to the surface, and that the reign of rogues was drawing to a close. But the Democratic primary election, which took place on Monday, is altogether reassuring, and we may, with considerable confidence, count upon being able to rob the public under the forms of law for at least another twelve month. A splendid set of scallywags has been elected to make party nominations, and although both Tommy Chandler and "Rattle Snake Dick" have been defeated, yet we feel that others equally capable have been found to supply their places, and that rascaldom is still on the top. Whether Forbes and Story will be returned to the Board of the Supervisors, of course, depends upon the views of Babcock and Quinn. Should those worthies find no better material for the purpose of forwarding the water company's interest, then Forbes and Story, of course, must be elected. We are pleased to observe that the rich scoundrels are still able and willing to buy the poor ones, and so long as this is the case, stealing of all sorts must prosper. The water company, the various gas companies, the horse railroad companies, and the independent press still act most harmoniously in debauching politics, and are corrupting the various departments of the Federal, State, and Municipal Governments. Whatever official one corporation does not take into its pay the other does, while the "outs," as yet not worth buying, are kept well in hand by the independent press, to been utilized for purposes of plunder, whenever the people, tired of one set of thieves, determine to elect another. Altogether the outlook for rascaldom in all its phases, from the high toned speculator, down to the roughest cutter of throats, looks well and hopeful. As the organ of universal knavery, the *News Letter* is as prosperous as its patrons could wish it to be. The efforts of the *Bulletin* to cut into our specialty, and to represent, and be the official mouth-piece of a certain class of our hucksters, namely, the more wealthy and respectable scoundrels, will, we believe, eventually fail. Their rates are altogether too high. No ordinary swindling operation can stand a levy of one half the "swag," and the *Bulletin* proprietors ought to know this. It is true that large schemes, like the water job lately foisted upon the city, can afford to pay handsomely; but half, no! it can't be done, and so we told Babcock at the time. Had he paid us, say ten per cent of the $25,000, sought to be stolen, which he foolishly refused to do, believing it better to have the *Bulletin* instead, he would have been at this moment much nearer success than he now is. And once more we say to him, and to the whole crowd of them that this Winter when they shall attempt the sale of the works to the city at ten millions, they will discover their blunder, perhaps, when it's too late. The *Bulletin* is a powerful sheet, and can do many things, but it is not all powerful. They must have assistance or they will fail, and one half the "swag" is too much!

[COMMUNICATED.]

N. GREENE CURTIS FOR SENATOR.

The Contest on the Democratic Side for Our Next U. S. Senator seems to be narrowed down to three candidates, viz: Eugene Casserly, Wm. T. Wallace and N. Greene Curtis. Though living in Sacramento, Mr. Curtis has a State reputation as a legislator, and a national reputation as a great lawyer. He is probably the only man living that could have saved Mrs. Fair from the gallows. There are a few simpletons who are disposed to censure him for his unequaled efforts to acquit the murderess of A. P. Crittenden, but he only did his duty as a lawyer, and he would have disgraced his profession had he done less. Mr. Curtis is a man of strong personal magnetism, has genius of a high order, is social and warm-hearted. He was never defeated before the people for any position he has chosen to aspire to. He beat Newton Booth for State Senator in 1867, and he can beat him for United States Senator in 1873. Curtis combines the best qualities of both Casserly and Wallace, and is at least the equal of either in debate or on the stump. His career in our State Senate is well known. He was the foremost man in that body, and left behind him a record as pure and unspotted as rainbow dew. His vote was never purchased, for he is unpurchasable. If the Democratic party has any sagacity and wisdom left, it will make Greene Curtis its standard-bearer in the coming Senatorial contest. He is the most popular man of his party, and can be elected.

We have Received from George B. Carpenter, of Chicago, a Jubilee Ball commemorative admission ticket for Friday evening last, night, June 6th, to be given at the Chamber of Commerce in that city. It is very probable we might have availed ourselves of the polite invitation could we have discovered a railway pass enclosed in the beautifully printed invitation. This omission is about equal to the play of *Hamlet* with the character of "Hamlet," the Dane, *left out*. We note that W. C. Ralston and D. D. Colton are specially invited. The wires report to us this morning that the success of the Jubilee Ball was far beyond the expectations of the projectors.

One of Our "Dailies," spitefully jealous of the vigorous youth of Brother Pickering, late proprietor of the defunct *Morning Bulletin*, and envious of the beauty of his moustache, maliciously says: "Whom the gods love *dye* young."

SINCERITY.

Soft thro' the woodland sighed the balmy breeze,
And gentle zephyrs stirred the lofty trees,
As down the grand, old *forrest* aisles we strayed,
Wearing our wild flowers in a bright hued braid;
She listening with a half-abstracted gaze—
Heedless of all my vows—wrapped in a maze.

Again I plead to her unwilling ear—
"Ah! that we might *forever* wander here."—
Then roses tinged her softly tinted cheek—
She stopped—her silent tongue began to speak—
"Three woods are free," she said, "if *you* would roam;
I'm *awful* hungry, and—I'm going home.
—W.

WHAT ARE WE TO DO WITH THE MODOCS?

This Just Now is the question. The *Bulletin* and the *Chronicle*, with that breadth and scope of humanity so natural to the lofty civilization and thorough scholastic refinement of the redactors, are both out in admirable articles recommending that the whole tribe be butchered, down to the smallest sucking infant. They are for killing them all, old and young, guilty and innocent. This is just what we expected of the conductors of the two highest toned journals upon the coast. What is to be done with the bodies of the slaughtered Indians, they omit to mention; but we may infer from the general tone of the papers in treating the entire subject, that they are to be made use of in a grand cannibalistic orgie, their blood being quaffed by our young men, in order to make them fierce in war and terrible to their enemies. There is no doubt that just now something is wanting to inspire greater courage in our people. They have become arrant cowards. They flee like hares at the slightest approach of danger. Let them get bravery as the Fiji's get it—by eating their foes. If Pickering is afraid of Pixley, as is charged by those who pretend to know, let him eat the heart of Captain Jack, and our word for it, he will fear him no more. If the *Chronicle* people find their courage oozing out at their fingers' ends as the just wrath of MacCrellish waxes towards the boiling point, let them patter in the blood of pappooses, and they will fear him not. For our own part, we confess we do not believe in murdering prisoners taken in fair fight, and we never have, though there is high authority for doing it. And when, in addition to being prisoners of war, it turns out that they have been employed as allies, their services eagerly accepted as scouts and soldiers, as was done in the present case, we say to kill them is disgraceful, and unworthy of decent—we don't say civilized—people. We don't care for the lives of Indians, nor, for that matter of white people. As long as we are not killed, it is of no special consequence who is, but decency is decency and right is right, and to murder prisoners without regard to age or sex is not right. As for poor old Jack, we suppose he must go. But when we compare him with most people left behind—with the civilized, the enlightened, the rich of our city, with the bankers such as Reese and Ralston and old Burr; with all the editors except MacCrellish and Cremony, for old Welch is dead, and Jack Stratman is keeping a whisky mill; with the preachers, with the lawyers, with the doctors; when we compare him with all the supervisors except Shrader and McCarthy and Forbes, with the office-holders, save only the few honest men put in by the influence of Bill Carr and to oblige Booth—for Marks is no longer in office—when we compare him with the wealthy men, such as Friedlander and Mills and Sharron, with the aristocratic people of society, the *creme de la creme*, such as Selby and Sneath, we are forced to say how much better it would have been could we have lost them and kept Captain Jack, for he at least was honest and truthful, and whatever his opportunities may have been, was certainly a gentleman by birth and breeding.

THE HARBOR COMMISSIONERS.

Thomas D. Mathewson has been appointed to the place made vacant by the resignation of Johnny Rosefeld. Johnny resigned for the same reason that Dick Whittington came to London, that is, to be Lord Mayor. He is a good boy and ought to be Lord Mayor, but he has got no cat, and Alvord keeps them—two tabbies and a tom, to our certain knowledge—so we are for Alvord. Mathewson will be especially useful in the Harbor Commission. To Cunningham he will act as a counter-irritant. When that gentleman gets so mad at Soule as to resolve to attempt his life he will find that to kill him without destroying Mathewson will be, after all, but an inadequate and vain effort at satisfaction. He will therefore most likely spare them both. On the other hand, when Soule deserts Jim Shafter and comes out for Gorham, which he is almost sure to do before the election is over, Mathewson will stand ready to join with Cunningham in supporting a new man, most likely Stanford, who, we have reason to suspect, has really been that gentleman's choice for Senator from the first. Who Mathewson is for, we don't know. By some it is hinted that Booth is his favorite, but we doubt it. Were Piper a Republican it would be Piper, but he is not. Mathewson is probably for Pixley first and John B. Felton as second.

J. B. HARMSTAD.

We are Somewhat Surprised, we confess, at the removal of this gentleman from his place as "chief coiner" of the Mint. That Sargent, who is a strict disciplinarian, would see fit great number of officials upon this coast, we from the first felt confident. He never liked Cole men nor Phelps men. He was not specially in love with Felton men. In point of fact, Sargent men have been his favorites in the past, and just now Gorham men seem to be near to his heart. What Mr. Harmstad was we cannot tell, for we don't know. He was, however, to our knowledge, the best chief coiner the Government has ever had in its employment on the Pacific Coast, and we don't care who the others were. Then why has Sargent turned him out? Because he was a Cole man? Not that, for there are no Cole men left. The last one has gone out upon the line of the narrow-gauge railroad. Nor because he is a Felton man, for General LaGrange is understood to be that, and he is left in place. Not merely because he is a Booth man, for Charley Felton is body, boots and breeches for Booth, and damns Bill Carr morning, noon and night, and calls Gorham anti-Christ, and yet Sargent and Charley are like brothers. So it can't be for that. Then what is it for? We don't know, and therefore we are sorry. We like Sargent, and are consequently chagrined when he commits a blunder, and a blunder he has committed in turning out Harmstad.

NOTES ON ITALY BY NAPOLEON III.

Angelo de Gubernatis, the editor of the *Rivista Europea*, publishes in that monthly a manuscript of Louis Napoleon's, written when the Prince was in Tuscany, in 1831. The piece is in Italian, very badly spelled and ungrammatical, and relates wholly to the military geography of Italy, the passes, the keys of positions and the lines of defence on the different frontiers. The Prince takes for his motto the lines of Petrarch, with the famous "antico valore," and begins his essay, with great confusion of genders, in these words: "The desire of being useful to the Italians led me to begin this little work before the commencement of their heroic uprising (the revolution of 1831), and I afterwards enthusiasm made me lay down the pen for the sword." This youthful ardor for the cause of Italy took a more decidedly practical shape in after years, and met with the grossly substantial reward of Nice and Savoy, after the brilliant war "for an idea," in 1859, and it annexation is evidently foreshadowed in the following passage: "An army which, setting out for Italy, has passed the river Varo, has entered France; but an army from the French territory, after passing the Varo, has not entered Italy; it is still on the slope of the maritime Alps."

Our City is steadily growing and expanding its borders. There is considerable building going on, both public and private. There are very few vacant buildings of any kind or description within the city limits. Dwelling-houses and stores are now difficult to obtain; none empty or unoccupied. Money is less stringent than for months past, and everything betokens health and prosperity.

Erratum.—In last week's issue it was inadvertently stated that the toast to the Chairman was given by W. H. Rhoades (Caxton) to W. Lane Booker, Esq., whereas it was from Wm. Hayes, Esq., on behalf of the British Benevolent Society.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Cottage Residences. By A. J. Downing. New Ed. 4to, cloth.
Half Hour with the Stars. By R. A. Proctor. 4to, cloth.
Macbeth. Vol. II. New Variorum Edition of Shakespeare. Edited by H. H. Furness. 4to, cloth.
The Ancient Stone Implements of Great Britain. By John Evans. 8vo, cloth.
Historical Essays. By Edw. A. Freeman. 8vo, cloth.
Motherly Talks with Young Housekeepers. By Mrs. H. W. Beecher. 12mo, cloth.
The Fishing Tourist and Angler's Guide. By Chas. Hallock. 12mo, cloth.
Literature and Dogma. By Mathew Arnold. 12mo, cloth.
Her Majesty the Queen. A Novel. By J. Esten Cooke. 12mo, cloth.
The Old Countess, or the Two Proposals. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens. 12mo, cloth.

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THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

It is Said there is but one road to Heaven, the which is narrow, crooked and declivitous, beset with brambles and thorns and other tantalizing obstacles devised with great care and pains by the parties above. If it be true that there is but one road, what an astonishing procession must thread its winding way, considering in how many different fashions people are trying to get to that delectable place. A sanctimonious Mormon goes scudding along the path to the New Jerusalem with a half dozen women hanging on to his overcoat, a man being considered their only passport. Babies go creeping in on all fours, providing they have been dipped. Eleventh-hour convicts, sane, walk placidly up to the Second Person, a crucifix in one hand and a soul about the size of a fly speck in the other, that being all left of the article after its sins were taken out. The faithful of one religion present themselves to Peter, their foreheads smeared with the oil of extreme unction, and expect to slide into a reserved seat on that little bit of grease. Those of another faith creep, wet and clammy, into Abraham's bosom, creating consternation in that capacious cavity as they come fresh from immersion in a "demd moist, unpleasant" river. The charred, cracked, singed remains of a Hindoo widow fly by in a cloud of smoke. Mangled bodies, bleeding and flattened from the Juggernaut wheel, creep slowly and painfully up the highway. Politicians—no, there are no politicians on the road. They have formed a "ring" off at the side somewhere and are trying to upset the government up above, depose the present incumbents and put in their own men. Whitney has his eye on Gabriel and intends to decapitate him the instant he gets there and put a new hand in his stead that can't toot a horn worth a cent. Frank will put a trumpet in his stocking next Christmas, however, and let him begin to practice. A few lawyers go ambling along in seedy shrouds, they not having been of the well-to-do kind, who would not take a trip to Heaven unless in a Pullman Palace car containing all the modern improvements, not omitting the bar—the liquor bar. Sooth to say, there are few on the road who wear a sleek, fat, well-fed, contented look, but there is a host of thin, lean, scrawny people, who have fasted and prayed and mortified the flesh, and have been honest according to their light. And according to their light we have judged them, and have said to them, "Go your own way, if you like the way, and be blessed." But to another part of the procession, a foul, vile, ill-smelling part, it may be a part that is of the earth earthy, of the flesh fleshy, of the dirt dirty, of the filth filthy, yet who have human souls in their bosoms, and who, by the light of those souls, see a glint of Paradise ahead, we say, "Go our way or be d—d." Chinamen, who have always been as thick as maggots in corruption, never expect to go anywhere or do anything singly. They always go in lots. They expect to be translated collectively and by installments, as we carry bottles, so many heads to a hand. They believe that Joss, reaching down his long arms, grasps them by the queue to draw them up to Heaven, and so believing they wear that queue to give him a good "purchase." What sort of a grip could Joss get on an inch of hair! And since this is their religion, we have no right to trifle with it. We may beat and stone them, if it be amusement to us, we may abuse and vilify them, we may imprison them and fine them, and set them to work when they break our laws, but we have no right to leave a disconsolate Chinaman with shaved crown to cry, "O Joss! great Joss! please hand me down a bit of rope, for the Supervisors have pocketed my queue."

News Letter's Museum.—After desperate, not to say frantic, superhuman efforts on the part of the curators, this wonderful collection of curiosities is now thrown open to the public. Following is a list of the most recent additions: 1. The identical needle used by Miss Sally Collins to titillate the cuticle of her hands, previous to the usual Friday morning inspection. Per favor of Father Prendergast. 2. Six suits of political garments severally laid aside by that astute statesman, F. Pixley, Esq. The coats have been repeatedly turned, and are strongly redolent of Old Bourbon. 3. The brains of those learned judicial lights who compiled the new code. Preserved in alcohol. Persons wishing to see them must bring their own microscopes. 4. Whacks-work model of "our Ebenezer" in his customary act of birching one of his female scholars. Admirers of our modest Professor will be sorry to learn that this statue continues to smell bad, in spite of repeated coats of whitewash. His head is much swollen with gas. Shoddy material, evidently. 5. Hair-pin displaced from the marble brow of Miss Fraser during her blood-curdling struggle with the monster Thrift. Purchased at great cost from Mr. Hung Kee, Mongolian chambermaid. 6. A piece of the true cross, authenticity indubitable. Purchased from P. T. Barnum, Esq. Also, Christ's seamless coat; genuineness unquestionable. From Mission Woolen Mills. 7. Specimen of cold check, from the extensive stock of Ch. De Young, Esq. This interesting article of *virtu* is set in native brass, and is the sublimest object in the whole collection. 8. Slung-shot and two derringers, bequeathed by the "Chicken" before going to his "sweet Jesus." Jimmies, Knuckle-dusters, etc., presented by other murderers, also dispatched to their sweet Jesuses. Among these rare curiosities may be found a Dodo, an honest Congressman, an incorruptible Supervisor, and other extinct animals. A Chamber of Horrors, after Madame Tussaud's plan, has recently been attached, containing life-size pictures of Pixley pistoling Mecker, Pickering garotting Stanford, Col. Harnes massacre of the Ambador robe's, Piper slaughtering the Queen's English, Mrs. Fair, Michael Reese, Devine, Boston Charley, Bungaloo, and other notorious criminals. Contributions solicited.

A Death in a Foreign Land is always terrible; but there are added in such an end new causes of fear and dread, when the omnipresent reporter is hovering around, to photograph the last convulsion on your face, and take an inventory of the boots that are used around your coffin in the front parlor. The death of Mr. Orr, U. S. Minister to Russia, was sad enough to be treated seriously and respectfully, but the industrious telegraph seized upon the event to display some of its most fustian rhetoric. The scene in the chapel at the funeral was, we are told, "Indescribably sad. After the rector had finished the services, the diplomatists walked around the coffin, and dropped each upon it a little sand, and the civilians present did the same; and as the mellow Russian sunlight broke through the stained windows of the humble church," etc., etc. Was it the little sand, or the diplomatists, or the civilians, that made the scene indescribably sad? Sand should be cheap in Russia; they might have afforded a good deal, unless the price has gone up since the abolition of serfdom. We are left to guess at the difference between diplomatists and civilians, and suggest, with some misgiving, that it may consist in this: the former, as we know, are sent to lie abroad for their country, the latter, most probably, to die for themselves. The mellow Russian sunlight is for us no light, but darkness visible. We were prepared to learn that in the native land of whisky there were mellow Russians, not a few; and reasoning from experience gathered at the other extremity of Europe, we should expect to find them congregated about a coffin; but a mellow Russian sun passes bounds, particularly when it breaks the window. The German student did indeed surprise the moon, reeling home, almost blind drunk; but there were extenuating circumstances in the case. It was late at night and the weather was cold, and at such a moment a single glass may be too much for an abstemious moon. But a sun that forgets itself in broad daylight! Let us be thankful that we have none such in America, but must send to Russia to find one, though it is indescribably sad to know, at the same time, that only an American fool can fully enter into the feelings of a mellow Russian sun.

The Chronicle has lately been seized with an insane and morbid longing to perpetrate a sell on the poor confiding public. Some months ago, her irrepressible and ubiquitous reporter ferreted out a man who had discovered the philosopher's stone, and who made a nice little income of a million a month or so out of the business, the greater part of which he spent in purchasing *Sunday Chronicles*! This palpable lie took no one in. Then came the Hellfire arrangement, the sell of 09, and last Sunday our poor little imp had to furnish a subject for the devourers of the "...ave sheet." How much this kind of humbugging the public will stand remains to be proved, but one almost can forgive the *attempt* at deception in the clever and bright style in which they are written.

A Salvo of Guns Proclaimed the Fact that Captain Jack was taken, or rather had surrendered, and the Modoc war was over. And it was about time; our flag has been held up a ridicule to the world, and Washington, its red tape and orders for extermination, are a jest and a byword in the mouth of the civilized world, while Captain Jack is a hero, and will long live as such in the minds of those who admire pluck and strategy combined. That he whipped our troops badly there is not a doubt, and had it not been for the treachery of his own people the Captain would have been to-day freer than our boasted eagle ever was or ever will be while red tape and gold fetters adorn that noble bird. Now we have got him, the question naturally arises, "What shall we do with him?" He is a prisoner of war, and as such must be treated in an honorable way. As a general he has shown (in a small way, but big enough for our potato-chewing troops, more capacity than the frauds who strut about in blue and tack general on to their names. In shooting Canby and Thomas he merely carried out an Indian's idea of warfare, and much as the *Town Crier* regrets the death of these men, he still cannot overlook the fact that the "Boston man" has done far, far worse by the Indian than the Indian ever did by him. The authorities at Washington, we are told, propose handing the prisoners over to the civil authorities, which is a very nice way of shuffling out of a disagreeable business. Let them, however, do so, but the *Town Crier* prays that the hand that shall dare, and the brain that shall conceive to hang Captain Jack, may shrivel into the dirty dust from which they came. He stands now a one in the world as a true patriot, one whose country's welfare stood first and foremost, and one who dared and did.

And That is Henry Ward Beecher! He never did anything wrong in the Beecher-Tilton-Bowen scandal; nobody suspects him of it. But the comfortable part of that little farce is in this, that Tilton never did anything wrong in the Tilton-Bowen-Beecher scandal, and that Bowen is absolutely pure of all wrong intention in the Bowen-Beecher-Tilton scandal. There could be nothing sweeter, nothing more virtuous, nothing better, nothing purer, nothing more of good report, than the conduct of this trio of perfect Christians, who have swashed back and forth, for two years, up to their chins in a filthy ditch, begging all men to admire their deportment, and the strength of their stomachs. The wholesome moral of their performance is that men who have once become famous can do anything, without disgusting a single worshiper. Bowen and Tilton are not famous in themselves, but they have grappled Beecher with hooks of steel, and those three are one. Who so worships Beecher must perforce bow down before the Tilton-Bowen part of the three-headed beast, as well, for here there can be no divided allegiance. Without Bowen, Beecher had never attained to the full dignity of Dalai Lama. The person and the presence of him have been for many years something half-divine; when he turned up his face in the pulpit, the eye of faith beheld him as it were St. Stephens; when he wiped his fervid brow on a hot day, his disciples averred that his perspiration was aromatic, like that of Alexander the Great; but not until he mixed with Bowen and Tilton did his followers absorb with joy the result of his digestion, and declare that it was good. And so it is—*for them*.

A Number of He and She Monsters huddle together at Anthony's Hall, a location somewhere within the fire limits. What they go there for the devil only knows; what they do when they leave, the devil only cares. The females are fat, greasy, divorced concerns; their paramours, toothless and bald specimens of iniquity. They are moral lepers, every one of them. Rotten to the core in blood, bone and sinew, oozing from every pore stench and pestilence, their trails marked with slimy poison, these "reformers," shameless as they are ignorant and debased, are the vile scourges with which an evil destiny afflicts this pious and puritanical community. Insane mockers of all that is holy and sacred, blasphemous idiots reveling in orgies begot of their putrid imaginations, dupes of the most damnable heresies, these "reformers" are the distilled concentration of all that is vile and infamous in human nature. They are the crawling maggots engendered in the corpse of that hugely offensive thing called the California Woman Suffrage Association, and the maggots, through the great law of evolution—are fast being developed into "free love" monstrosities. Combined, they are a ghastly sight, and since it costs only ten cents to see them in all their beastliness, we have not been tortured with looking on the lecherous cabal. Had they placed the price of admission at one dollar, they should have had our coin and been saved this flattering notice. Their filthy exhibitions and filthier persons ought to have one redeeming feature—the devil or Deacon Fitch at the door demanding, Shylock-like, generous blood money.

With that Utter Contempt for circumstances and surroundings characteristic of an intellectual savage, we strolled into the tabernacle of our most beloved pastor last Sabbath evening. The Rev. gentleman is the only Christian shepherd in this metropolis for whom our Pagan heart has a profound respect. Always eloquent and earnest, pure in diction and graphic in style, it is seldom, as the acknowledged champion and censor of public morals, that we find aught in his sermons to criticise. They are like the *News Letter*—as perfect as can be in a world of imperfections. On the occasion mentioned, however, the Rev. Dr. made use of an expression which has pained us with an exceedingly great pain. In his illustration of a steamship about to start from the Pacific Mail Company's wharf, he likened the Captain's cry of "cast off the stern line" to the admonition of the Christian preacher to the sinner about to start on the voyage of life. "The Christian's stern line," remarked our reverend brother, "should not be cast off until he is headed in the right direction." We confess we do not like the expression, "the Christian's stern line," but if, by the right direction, the *News Letter* office is meant, we are consoled, for, verily, ours is an unctuous halfway haven, where saints and sinners alike can anchor and be d—d, if it only pays.

Our Irish Servant Girl, who, by the by, is called by innocent Hoodlums "Biddy," came running to us last week with a small piece of paper in her hand and a smile playing over her lovely mug. On close examination we discovered that this scrap of dirty paper was a little evening contemporary called the *Post*. Yet so it was, and there it was in all its majesty of mind and matter. Our domestic pointed with a finger that well matched the paper to a paragraph taking our name in vain, and was evidently much astonished to find that we did not flare up with rage. No, we merely advised this erring Hibernian young lady to discontinue spending her cents on such trash, and having saved them up for long enough, to purchase a cheap edition of Æsop's fables.

No Doubt when the New Law on Pig-tails comes into force, the chignons of our dark damsels will get considerably cheaper, and many an envious blonde will wish that she were a brunette. At present the greater part of the false hair comes from small-pox hospitals, morgues, etc., and some ladies are so very peculiar in their likes and dislikes that they object to it in consequence. When, however, they know that the shining black locks offered for sale grew on a celestial pate, fostered by a celestial sun, their foolish dislikes will vanish, and we shall see countless charmers staggering under the weight of poor John's forfeited pig-tail.

Tired of the Necktie Business, the worthy Calcraft has retired from office, and has taken to roses, and *otium cum dignitate*. He has a very pretty daughter too (whose neck the *T. C.* would not mind banging round), who, so the story goes, does not know what her dear papa's business is, but, in the simplicity of her maiden heart, believes him a Methodist parson. We feel sure that the pride of Calcraft must be shocked at being for a moment taken as such, his own business being far the more preferable. Calcraft is about producing a new rose, the euphonious name of which is to be the "Strangolata."

The Funny Man of Danbury has come among us, and right glad is the *Town Crier* to hear it. We want some one to wake us up a bit. The *T. C.* can't do it all. We have stocked the markets of the world with our funny men. Bret Harte, and Mark Twain both graduated from, and the "Heathen Chinee" was refused by us as too long for our paper. The *T. C.* only hopes that the funny Danburian will find his way to Merchant street, where a hearty welcome and an ink cocktail are going begging.

The Fire Commissioners have been hard at work chopping old heads off, and putting new ones on, and green ones, too, at that. Only the other day a new driver was discharged, or rather "resigned," on account of an attack of whisky on the brain. If all the old hands are put on one side in the way they are now, for political purposes, and new hands put in their places, we fancy that San Francisco will soon add its little blaze to the list of big fires.

TOO TRUE.

Somebody robbed, somebody killed,
 Somebody sent to jail,
This is the way the papers are filled
 Coming by every mail.
All that devils and bad men do
 Faithfully gathered in:
The press has become a horrible ghoul
 Feeding on filth and sin.
Shame on the din, vaunting of hell,
 Telling of death and strife:
Crowding away from aching hearts
 Glad news of love and life!

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Philip Mahler has been appointed a Notary Public of this city.——Over two hundred and thirty thousand dollars in demands for duties during the past week.——The order prohibiting the firing of bombs within the city limits was finally passed by the Supervisors on Monday. Thank God!——Henry Ward Beecher is not coming to California this year after all. And such a nice biographical sketch as we got up in the *Mail Bag* to welcome him, and make itself, to be sure.——Two gentle sea lions have arrived at Woodward's from Santa Barbara-wards, to replace those sent to Barnum.——Fifty-five patients admitted to the City and County Hospital last week, and fifty-three discharged; six by the irrevocable order.——One hundred and thirty-eight "Young Americans" have handed in a protest to the Board of Supervisors against the order prohibiting fireworks. Little one hundred and thirty-eight idiots; gunpowder is not patriotism.——The *Ventura*, erst the *Bé-saca*, takes the place of the *Kalorama* on the Southern Coast route. She made her trial trip on Thursday.——Lay, the balloonist, is going to the clouds above Sacramento on the Fourth.——Crown Point paid a dividend of one million dollars on Thursday.——And so Harry Andrews has gone back to Woodward's. Well, perhaps, after all, that's the best place for the "great bill" maker.——The grand review of the Sarsfield Guard has been postponed, in consequence of several of the members having mislaid their hats. There is a whisper that C. Dermond, the hatter, and an unpaid bill there, have something to do with it.——Bogus four-bit pieces are in circulation. They are greasy to the touch, even more slippery than current coin.——The Probate Court will adjourn on Monday until the 7th prox.——The century plant at the City Gardens has budded, and is expected to bloom in a few days.——Trinity Church Sunday School scholars were treated to a successful social on Thursday evening.——The *Alta* local man is death on the *Figaro's* plagiarisms, and rightly, too, for the ads are the only original matter it has.——Clay Street Railway is rapidly progressing, the portion between Kearny and Dupont street being nearly completed, the motive power will be situated on Leavenworth street.——John Brennan, the murderer of Ah Tuck, is playing the old game of emotional insanity. Bah!——George Fisher, Esq., the late Consul for Greece, is dead. He was a native of Hungary, and was 78 years of age.——Mons. Derbec, of the *Courrier de San Francisco*, wants to purchase the irregular, wrongtangular, rhomboid portion of the Health Office lot which will remain after the opening of the Montgomery Avenue, for his paper's office.——"Street-walkers" have found, for the first time in the history of this moral city, that they are amenable to the law.——The visitors at the Exposition will have an opportunity of judging of California's cutlery other than ugly hacking knives, through a table set exhibited by M. Price.——Nearly nine thousand Overland passengers during May. The largest monthly number since the opening of the line.——Mrs. J. L. Jackson's concert at the California on Sunday evening was not well attended.——Some Bohemians with rubber stomachs "did" a breakfast on Sunday. It commenced at eleven in the morning and lasted until seven at night. Poor, consumptive creatures!——A magnificent hotel is talked of being built at the corner of New Montgomery and Market streets. Its erection will cost over half a million.——The *Chronicle's* increase of circulation numbered 7,100 from June, '72, to June, '73. So much for push.——Charles Russell's friends are exerting themselves to save his neck from the deserved rope.——Sheriff Adams has refused to act as prison barber in barbarously curtailing the tails of the barbarians.——The Buislays are preparing another and larger balloon for ascension from the City Gardens.——Some ecstatic philologist has fixed the derivation of "hoodlum" as coming from "huddling."——It is said that the fire in the Co-operative Printing Office on Sunday evening was the work of an incendiary. We trust the discovery will keep the workmen in future from carefully leaving a glue pot over a burning gas jet from Saturday night to Monday morning.——Eighty-six deaths in the city last week, none from small-pox, the largest number succumbing to consumption.——A new and small and sickly weekly, yclept *The Sky and the Senate*, has commenced a puling existence.——The German *Humorist* has celebrated its third anniversary.——The six companies are preparing to publish a Chinese newspaper for the instruction and edification of the Celestials.——Harry Courtaine has entered into another engagement with Manager Crowley.——The schoolm'ams and quill drivers who left for a jaunt through the Yosemite Valleys got tipped out of a wagon and rolled down a hill. See what comes of wearing the Bloomer abomination!——Jesse Grant, son of the President, has withdrawn his light from us and gone East.——The fencing match at the Olympic Club Hall has been indefinitely postponed.——About two thousand more Chinese are expected in the next week or two.——Over a million pounds of strawberries have been received in the market since the commencement of the season.——Charles Welch, a tiger tamer, having been fined $600, was released on Thursday, his fellow naturalists making up the sum.——We see the *Post* still appears.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

It is Reported that the Khivan Expeditionary Column has met with a reverse.——Another report is that a treaty of alliance has been concluded between Germany and Italy.——The gold cup at Ascot was won by *Cremorne* on the 12th.——The ex Empress Eugenie has left England for the continent.——M. Thiers has entered into that happy state of existence, private life.——It is probable that Alsace and Lorraine will be represented by fifteen members in the German Parliament.——Spain is in a ferment, Irreconcilables, Partisans, Cortes, Figueras Cabinet, Imperialists, Carlists, and the devil knows who besides, are playing old Harry with anything like order or the chance of it.——A magnificent canard has been let loose to the effect that the Pope is dead, has been dead for some time, and that his position is filled by a dummy.——The fire at the Lingan, Cape Breton, Colliery, which threatened at one time to be inextinguishable, has been put out.——The Khedive of Egypt has received a decree from the Sultan, authorizing the formation of an independent internal government.——Prince Amadeus and his wife are paying England a visit.——On Monday the magnificent Alexandra Palace at Muswell, a northern suburb of London, was entirely destroyed by fire.——Bolivia and Chili, it seems, are to receive the blessing of the presence of those Roman monks, whose fooled nests are being torn down.——The Darien Canal survey seems to have been successfully concluded. The cost of the canal is estimated at $71,000,000.——[illegible] bill is negotiating a loan of twelve millions in London at ninety seven.——Prince Jerome Napoleon stands on a good footing with President McMahon.——Cardinal Antonelli gives it as his opinion that only an Italian prelate will be appointed as Pio Nono's successor.——The Shah of Persia is expected in London about the first.——The Clergy and secret societies of Brazil continue to wage bitter war against each other. Two of a kind can never agree.——The payment of the first installment of the last milliard of the Franco-Prussian war indemnity was paid into the German Treasury on Saturday last.——A great fire occurred in Dublin on Monday, and because the Paddies were not allowed to steal and plunder as they liked in the confusion, they stoned the firemen, police and municipal authorities generally.——No less than six Crown Princes were in Vienna together last week.——The street-car companies of London are doubling their fares.——A submarine cable is being laid between the Orkney and Shetland Islands.——The University of Zurich, Switzerland, had one hundred and ten lady students last term.——The German Government intends abolishing the duties on iron.——The builders of Liverpool are the latest strikers, no, we see the Dutch cigar-makers are. About 1,400 have left for England and America.——The cholera has disappeared from Austria.——Religious liberty has been granted in Guatemala.——Panama has had a week's peace.——Base ball has been introduced into Japan.

"Men and Memories of the Spring of '50."—Barry & Patten's new book will be for sale at their counter to-day, and from the number of names already subscribed, we think the first edition will be very soon exhausted.

CONGRESSIONAL MATTER IN BLOOM.

The Following is Taken from an Eastern Paper, and shows our old friend, Colonel Jack Gambill, now occupying "Thorpes" on the San Bruno Road, at present named the "Star and Garter," is pretty well known as a humorist all over the States: "Everybody in California knows, or or at least knows of Colonel Andrew Jackson Gambill, familiarly called by his numerous friends, "Jack Gambill," for short, in early times a pioneer packer in Trinity and Siskiyou. Aware of the fact that the Colonel had in early life filled the responsible position of stage driver in Tennessee and Alabama, the writer once asked him if he had ever known Land Admiral Reeside. "Know old Reeside, Judge? Why, I never knew anybody else. He was a trump, you bet!" Having struck a favorable theme, he continued: "I druv stage for the Admiral out of Montgomery the whole of the Winter, and it was mighty rough, I tell you. Thar had been a power of rain, equal to California, and the roads were awful heavy. In fact, in some places it was as much as a four-hoss team could do to pull an empty stage. Well, in addition to the regular mail under lock and key in the leather bags, there was always a lot of canvas sacks filled with about a ton of documents and seeds, mostly the latter, franked by members of Congress. I'd start out about two o'clock in the morning with all this deck load, making things awful heavy. As I would be about startin', the Admiral would take me one side and confidentially remark: 'Jack, you've got a big load of passengers and a tremendous large mail; you'd better distribute the Congressional matter as soon as you can.' 'All right,' says I, and sho's your born, about a mile out of town, in crossing over a creek swelled by the late rains, overboard went every canvas bag. They floated down stream and lodged in a pile of drift wood on a sand-bar about three-quarters of a mile below. The water in the branch fell early in the Spring, leaving a large pile of loam about the drift pile, and as the warm weather cum on, them Congressmen's seeds began to sprout, and by the middle of Summer you ought to have seen my truck patch. There was punkins and squashes by the wagon load, watermillions and mush-mellons by the million; parsnips, carrots and all kinds of beets, rutybeggars and other sorts of turnips. And gourds runnin' all over the drift-wood and up the trees; you'd ought to have seen them gourds! The niggers from all the plantations tharabouts was in clover. They cum from all quarters and gathered gourds until they couldn't rest. I s'pose you remember the old saying: 'A fool for luck, a poor man for children, a Frenchman for dogs and a nigger for gourds.' Well, Judge, the seeds they gathered from that ere truck patch of mine that Fall was scattered all over northern Alabama, and although my mode of distributing them thar Congressional documents may not have been exactly according to Gunter, yet I consider it did the country at large a powerful sight more good."

MAYOR ALVORD AND HIS VETO.

We Congratulate Mayor Alvord on the spirit of fairness he has shown in vetoing the unfair, unconstitutional, not to say unchristian order passed by the Supervisors. He went on the substance of the Federal treaty with China and deducted the following from the articles of our treaty with China. Article 1—America and China shall not insult each other for any trifling cause. Article 2—That Americans and Chinese in either country shall be protected by the law of such country. Article 29—That the Christian religion teaches man to regard his duty towards his neighbor. He also deducted from the additional articles added to the treaty of 1858 in 1868 the following: Article 4—That liberty of conscience should be enjoyed and no persecution allowed in either country on account of faith, and that cemeteries should be respected. Article 5—The right of Americans to go to China, or Chinese to come to America. Article 6—That the Americans in China and Chinese in America shall enjoy the same privileges, immunities or exemptions in trade, and also in travel as any other nation, but no naturalization shall be conferred in either case. Article 7—That Americans in China and Chinese in America shall enjoy all the privileges of the public educational institutions under the control of either Government. The Mayor added: "Those treaties are the supreme law of the land, and are as binding upon your honorable body, and upon myself, as an express statute of our own State Legislature. By these treaties our Federal Government have pledged the national faith to firm,

LASTING AND SINCERE FRIENDSHIP WITH THE CHINESE EMPIRE;

have promised that the people of the United States should not, for any trifling cause, insult and oppress the people of China, have covenanted that Chinese subjects in the United States should be exempt from all disability or persecution on account of their religious faith, have asserted that there is mutual advantage from the free migration and emigration of the citizens of the two countries (the United States and China), respectively, from the one country to the other, for the purpose of curiosity or trade, or permanent residence, have solemnly engaged that Chinese subjects residing in the United States should enjoy the same privileges, immunities and exemptions, in respect to travel or residence, as the citizens of the most favored nations, and, finally, have invoked, in the dealings with the two nations, the Christian sentiment, 'Do unto others as you would have them do unto you.'

A VIOLATION OF THE TREATIES.

"The passage of such an enactment would, in my judgment, be a clear and palpable violation of the provisions of aforesaid treaties, a breach of allegiance to the Federal Government, and a manifest disregard of your and my obligations as citizens of the United States of America."

DANBURY v. GOTHAM.

Almost any Man who Obtains any Particular Reputation, or who deems himself remarkably clever, is inclined, whether invited or not, to go to the metropolis, where he may have a larger audience and a truer appreciation. Chas. F. Browne, Mortimer Thompson, Bret Harte, D. R. Locke and others, did or have done this, and several of the newspaper publishers have made an effort to induce Montgomery Bailey, the Danbury *News* humorist, to change his residence from the Still river to the Hudson. Bailey is wise as well as droll, and therefore declines the invitation, though it is backed by abundant shekels. In a recent letter on this subject he said: "I like this town, where I have lived most of my life, and the town likes me. My small paper is only a weekly, but I own it and am content with the little but satisfactory independence that I enjoy. I know I've gotten a good deal of reputation lately; it won't be any less if I stay here; and if I go to New York I am dreadfully afraid I should soon be an old story and dwindle down to an imperceptible point. Your big cities like fresh oranges, but it very quickly sucks them dry and throws them away. I don't want to be sucked dry right off, so I think I'll remain where I am. I've seen from my country home how clever fellows turn out who go to New York with grand expectations. They gave up something and in the end found nothing. I am glad you want me to come and I'm gladder that I don't want to come. Danbury, insignificant village as it is, is good enough for me, and as I don't want to steal anything, or get murdered, or get up a reputation for genius, I respectfully but firmly decline to pitch my tent in Gotham."

DEGENERATE MAN AND REGENERATE WOMAN.

There is a Lesson to be learnt from every day life. Mr. and Mrs. Bunsby arrive every morning in San Francisco from Petaluma, or Stockton, or Marysville, or some other interior village. Bunsby has got rich there and Mrs. B. is a kind of authority in matters of dress and deportment. So down to the bay she comes in all the pomp and vanity of last year's fashion, wearing a black crêpe bonnet with a large red rose stuck in the middle of it. Her womanly instinct immediately perceives that she is behind the age, so as she intends to astonish the good folks on her return, she makes inquiries and finds that she must go to the White House and get a new rig. She does so. She walks into that magnificent establishment a dowdy countrywoman, and emerges a fashionable lady of the world, looking ten years younger. She is regenerated, but poor Bunsby's purse is awfully degenerated. Yet she is happy and he is proud.

United States Fish Commissioner, Livingstone Stone, was on board the California aquarium car which was precipitated into the Elkhorn River, in Nebraska, and it was with great difficulty that he got out of the car after it had sunk to the bottom of the river, and thus escaped drowning.

Vol. 3. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR MAY, No. 3.
IS NOW OUT
Containing a Splendid Lithographic Engraving of Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, with Biographical Memoir.
PRICE, 25 CENTS.
For Sale by White & Bauer, 418 Washington St., W. E. Loomis, Sansome and Washington Sts.,
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Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, JUNE 14, 1873. No. 20.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, CALIFORNIA China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—890@895—SILVER BARS—1¼@1¾ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 85¾@86c. Mexican Dollars, 5c.@6c.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¾ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 15¾ per cent. On London, Bankers 49¾@49⅞; Commercial 49⅞@50; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¾.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, June 13, at 3 P. M., 117. Latest price of Sterling, 108⅞@109¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¾. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO... ... ...June 13, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	102¾	103	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	118	125
U. S. Bonds, [illegible]	97	1 0	Oakland 10s	1:6	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	99	100	Spring Valley Water Co.	80	—
Legal Tender Notes	85¾	86	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1-55	96	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	62
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	95	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	18	22
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co	60	63
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32¾	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins Co	60	65
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	-	California Insurance Co	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	98	Union Insurance Co	90	93
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	-	Pacific Bank	80	86
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	125	121
San Francisco Gas Light Co	68	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	160

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor California and Leidesdorff streets

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES	TEAS	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$50 00 @ 55 —	Japans	$— 35 @ — 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 4 @ — 6	Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
Metal Sheathing, ℔	— 24 @ — 25	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 7 @ — 9¾
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6¾	Manila	— 4½ @ — 8
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11¾
Banca Tin, ℔	— 36 @ — 9	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Quicksilver	— — @ 9	Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	14 00 @ 15 00	Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 41
Australian	11 75 @ 12 —	Adamantine	— 15 @ — 18
Cumberland	19 00 @ 20 00	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS	
Anthracite	10 00 @ 12 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ — —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 6 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ℔	— 19 @ 20	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 24 @ — 25	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 19 @ 20	BAGS AND BAGGING	
Costa Rica	— 19 @ 20	Chicken Gunnies, 200 ℔	— 18 @ — 19
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales	— 17 @ — 18
China, No. 1, ℔	— 6¾ @ — 7¾	Burlap Bags	— 11¾ @ — 13
China, No. 2	— 6 @ — 6¾	Hessian, 40-inch, ℔ yard	— 11 @ — 11¾
Hawaiian	— 7¼ @ — 8¾	DOMESTIC STAPLES	
WINES.		Wool, ℔	— 11 @ — 23
Champagne, ℔ doz	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 6 @ — 6¾
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 15	Hides	— 16 @ — 17
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 ℔s	1 75 @ 1 80
OIL.		Barley	1 10 @ 1 35
Coal and Kerosene	— 31 @ — 41	Oats	1 15 @ 1 85
		Flour, ℔ 196 ℔s	4 50 @ 5 50

SAN FRANCISCANS ABROAD.

Paris.—Mrs. A. L. Barnes, 15 Rue de Presbourg; Mrs. J. Belden and Miss M. Belden, Hotel Chatham; Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Bongue, Grand Hotel; Samuel J. Bridge, 29 Rue Caumartin; Mrs. F. Crystal and family, 4 Rue Balzac, Mrs. F. A. Hassey and family, Hotel Friedland, Mrs. Chris Rees, 16 Rue de Presbourg, Mr. and Mrs. George A. Worn and family, 59 Avenue Josephine. **London.**—Francis F. Hill, Queen's Hotel, W.—*American Register.*

Report of Wool Market.—San Francisco, June 10, 1873.—There is but little change to report from last week. Large transactions in choice Wools have taken place at full quotations, and on Friday and Saturday there was even a slight improvement in the demand at 22@23c., 19@20c., for good long stapled light, and 16@17½c. for free, short, heavy wools; quotations for burry are almost nominal (at 12½@16¾) the transactions are so few. WATT & MCLENNAN,
Wool Commission Merchants, 625 Sansome street, San Francisco.

MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

Ourselves.

The subscriptions to the "News Letter" have been reduced to $7.50 per year for city subscribers. Mailed to any part of the United States, $8 per year. Foreign, including postage, $10. Besides these reductions, any city or United States subscriber paying $10 per year in advance, will be entitled to a copy of the "Mail Bag," free, during the entire year. The aim of the "News Letter" is "to fear God, tell the truth, and make money."

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, June 13th, 1873.—Gold opened at 117; 11 A. M. at 117; 3 P. M. at 117. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 116⅞; 1867, 121¾. Sterling Exchange, 109½@110¾. Pacific Mail, 39¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 40. Wheat, $1 73@$2 00 quiet. Pork, 18½ dull. Cotton, 19¾. Hides, dry, 21¾@23, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 49@$1 50 fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 77@$1 75; Whale, active, 62@68c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 70@73c. Wool—Spring, fine, 27@34c.; Burry, 21@26c. Pulled, 40@55c. Fall Clips, 23@27c.; Burry, 16@21c. LONDON, June 13.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s. 4d.@12s. 4d. Club, 12s. 4d. United States Bonds, 89¾. Consols, 92⅞@93¾.

We are Unable to Understand why Australia should do a large business in preserving meat and California does nothing at it. We have, just now, a fair supply of pasture, and the cattle generally are fat; but in a few months many of them will begin to grow lean and will lose much of their present weight. This would be a good time to kill them and preserve their meat, but nobody here knows the process or has the machinery. One house in Melbourne puts up two tons of meat daily, in two-pound cans, and in March, when pasture was abundant and the sheep and meat cattle were dear, a preserving company paid from one to two cents a pound for fresh kangaroos, and from twelve to fourteen cents per pair for rabbits. Their meat brings eighteen cents in the can at wholesale. Another company had preserved 68,000 sheep and 800 oxen in six months, but their books showed a loss of $1,250 for the period.

The Silver Trade Dollar.—It is expected that dies for the new trade dollar will arrive at the Carson Branch Mint from Philadelphia this month, and as soon as orders to that effect are received from Washington, coinage of this convenient commercial exchange will be commenced, giving another outlet for our silver product. The trade dollar will weigh 420 grains, or seven and a half grains more than the old American dollar, which is now obsolete. This circulating medium will also be coined at the San Francisco Mint shortly.

We have Nothing Reliable to note as yet touching the rumored purchase of a certain interest in the Central Pacific Railway, and have left all the unreliable data to our daily press. From the remark made to us by one of the high contracting parties, there can be but little doubt that if Brother Pickering, of the *Call*, could have been prevailed on to indorse a note for $5,000 at thirty days, the entire negotiation would have gone "slick thro'," and the regrets of our people would not have existed.

Pinto Mining Company.—The stock set aside by the Pinto Mining Company as a working fund meets with ready sale among those who have taken the trouble to make themselves familiar with the merits of this Company's property, and the prospects of dividends when the regular crushing of ore commences, and, judging from the manner in which the Trustees propose to manage this valuable property, the most sanguine anticipations will be realized.

Small Attachment Suits.—In the Justices' Court Friday, M. Seligman, assignee of Nicholas, Friedlander & Co., sued Wolf Brothers to secure $48 on a due-bill dated June 11, 1873. Samuel Strauss, assignee of G. Mitchler, sued Wm. Mackey and James Kierns to recover a balance of $176 92, for goods sold. Ch. Yost sued George Gancovich to recover $104 65, for goods sold. Writs of attachment were issued in all three cases.

We Regret to Notice the Death, on Thursday last, at Oakland, of Hon. William Gray, late Secretary to the Postal Department of the Government of New Zealand. This gentleman has been long connected with the Post-office, both in Great Britain and the Colonies. He was the active agent of the Colonial Government in endeavoring to secure steam communication between New Zealand and this country.

Correction.—We are requested by Franklin Lawton, Esq., Secretary of the San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board, to state that certain announcements made in the *Alta*, *Call*, *Chronicle* and *Bulletin*, in regard to the failure of Messrs Poulterer and Verdenal, stock brokers, are without foundation.

EDITOR OF S. F. NEWS LETTER—*Dear Sir:* Mr. F. Lawton has authorized me to have the above published in your paper to-morrow. T. J. POULTERER.

Since January 1st, of this Year, Belcher has paid dividends amounting to $5,432,000, and Crown Point, $3,100,000.

Notice.—We have received a copy of the Memorial Address on the life and character of the late Garrett Davis.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

THE TRUTH.

An arrowy shaft of lightning flame,
Forth from unlettered lips it came;
Winds bore it and the songs of birds;
It clove its way in burning words,
And on a holy mission sent,
Through lands and lands it went.

It barbed the hero's scorn of wrong,
The poet shaped it in his song;
It nerved the speaker on the stage,
With it the author warmed the page,
And hoary error shrank away,
Dazzled and [illegible] by its ray.

Some heard it, but they did not heed,
Some welcomed and performed its deed,
Some fought it and were stricken dumb,
They knew not what a power had come;
And, struggling to escape the light,
Were crushed by its resistless might.

O, spark from heaven! touched by thy light
The farthest hills with day are bright;
New forms of love and beauty rise,
New splendors tint the arching skies,
The [illegible] of wrongs that vex us cease,
We feel the thousand years of peace.

NOTES FROM LONDON.

London, May 20, 1873.—A night or two back, Mr. J. A. Froude, the historian, took the chair at the Newspaper Press Fund Dinner, and, of course, improved the occasion, as the [illegible] to fall upon the gentlemen connected with the great English fourth estate. If we are to believe Mr. Froude (and as Mr. Froude is writing the history of his country he is certainly entitled to some definite amount of credit) there is certainly great cause for rejoicing among us representatives of the instrument by which the country is really governed. We wield an [illegible] power, and to our honor be it said, we never abuse it. The right side of a question is always taken by us; we are always most impartial in our remarks upon [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. I was very pleased, indeed, as I sat and listened to this and the [illegible], but the [illegible] [illegible] happened to do to my two daily papers two [illegible] statements [illegible]. Truly there must be a deal of human virtue even in historians as well as in their less important fellow creatures.

I am just now very forcibly reminded of the extreme conscientiousness of journalists in London, by a fact which I will offer in corroboration, or in whatever other way you may like to take it, of Dr. Froude. There have recently been many changes on the staff of the only conservative daily paper in London, and one of these changes was the appointment of a new dramatic critic, who went about his duties in a most truly conscientious manner—that is, he commenced to write plays in the intervals between his arduous labors on the paper, or to rearrange those he had already written, and had never been able to "place." A fierce attack on a piece played at the Opera Comique was followed shortly afterwards by a much more suave and gentle notice, which latter criticism is accounted for (by malicious persons) by the fact that a new piece in rehearsal at that theater is the work of the critic in question. I believe that malice is on this particular occasion incontrovertible, as I happen to know that our conscientious journalist tried his little game on elsewhere, and failed, since which time his notices have been perfect studies of good faith and gentlemanly feeling.

I said just now "the only conservative daily paper in London." I had forgotten the existence of a new journal which lately blossomed forth under the title of *The Hour*, and which professes to be given over to political conservation. As, however, its hour is very unhappy indeed, and it hasn't yet succeeded in being anything but ridiculous, I fancy I am not, so far, wrong in my original statement. This, perhaps, comes of true conscientiousness, as *The Hour* may wish to conserve its abilities, as well as its politics.

The O'Keeffe against Cullen case has had a deal claim upon the public lately, for in addition to the smart attack and defence which shows, at the Four Courts, Dublin, to an astonished laity, how well and truly the ministers of Christian doctrine act up to the dictates of their creed, a little divertisement was created in the House of Commons on the same subject the other night, in which the Church militant showed herself well worthy her name. Really, your devout people, and your gentlemen with religious convictions, have very strong ways of showing their devotion, and seem to think that for any one else to have a conviction is the hight of rudeness. Perhaps it is, but I don't think that their business is the hight of religion, and it would be better if, on the Byronic principle, it were tempered with rum, or some other equally softening stimulant.

Talking about rum reminds me of the spirit in which the news of John Stuart Mill's death was received by a clerical, and, of course, pugnacious, little paper called the *Church Review*. With a true regard to the time honored old maxim which teaches us to say nothing but good of the dead, and a vivid remembrance of the prayer-book command to judge not, the *Church Review* published its belief that the philosopher had taken habitation in a place nameless to ears polite, accompanied by a kind wish that all who agreed with him might soon find their way there also. This was to be expected in the course of conscientious journalism, but the writer's earnestness carried him just out of his depth when he began to declaim about Mill's want of literary power, and his incapacity to write English. Talk about teaching your grandmother to suck eggs—that is nothing to the *Church Review* teaching us to write English. Stick to religion, Mr. Reviewer, and don't talk about matters of which you know nothing.

If it be true that Bateman, the lessee of the Lyceum, is going to take Irving, "the [illegible]," over to America, you had better [illegible] [illegible] in order. You had better have your playbills printed with mourning borders, your [illegible] [illegible] funeral marches and muffled drums prepared, and your [illegible] [illegible]. Be ready for a long white face, a pair of lanky, knocking knees, a whining, drawling voice, and a general dreary "creation" [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible], for if he becomes popular with you, we may get rid of him altogether.

It's likely that Providence has formed men's minds so as to show how utterly the greatest of us are [illegible] [illegible] Baron with all [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] This is written in the interest of those [illegible] who are not allowed to form opinions.

By the way, the "[illegible]," a new book, by a gentleman well-known in San Francisco, [illegible], composed of selections from work familiar to readers of the *News Letter*, is about to be issued by an adventurous publisher. [illegible] has already had many rows with the author, and for the last week or two has feigned illness in order to give the frenzied Grile an opportunity of recovering his temper. In the meantime, Dod, accompanied by his friend, Tom Hood, and one or two minions, armed with bludgeon-stakes, keeps occasional guard over the Piccadilly mansion, to the consternation of the Duke of Devonshire, who lives next door, and other noble neighbors, through whose intervention the matter is likely to be arranged. I dare say, you think the row is about money, but it isn't. It is simply because [illegible] wishes to [illegible] portrait on the title-page, an undue interference with the rights of Dod Grile, who has been specially photographed in his best new clothes for the purpose.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE

MAILS FOR	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	ARRIVE. A.M.	ARRIVE. P.M.
Alameda	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] and Rio Vista (by [illegible] steamers)	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] and Coast Points	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Eureka	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Marysville and Sacramento	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] via [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] California, Oregon and Washington Territory	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oakland [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Overland	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Petaluma and Coast Points	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
San Rafael	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
San Jose	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Southern California and Arizona	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Visalia, Kern and Tulare county	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Great Britain, Mondays, [illegible] and Fridays	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea [illegible] steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays.
N. D. STONE, P. M.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Jay Cooke & Co. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

PIONEER LAND AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

Bank of Savings and Deposit, 412 California street. Incorporated, 1868. Guarantee Fund, $200,000. Sixtieth Dividend, payable on the 5th of June. Deposits in Gold, Silver, and Currency receive one per cent. per month on the same. Certificates of Deposit issued, payable at three days' notice, bearing ten per cent per annum. Reports can be obtained at the Bank. This Incorporation is in its fifth year, and refers to over five hundred depositors for its [illegible] and successful management; thereby securing the full amount of interest [illegible]. No charge for entrance fees or pass books. Money to loan on approved securities.
H. C. HAGEDORN, President. [May 10.] [illegible], Cashier.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER. In Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on-the-Main. March 22.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Real Estate and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] street, San Francisco. Oct 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't. WM. H. CULVER, Vice Pres't. [illegible], Secretary. May 3.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

COSMOPOLITAN SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No. 620 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits, One per Cent. per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, Six per Cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book.
J. CROCKER, Secretary. [May 1.] W. S. THOMPSON, President.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold [illegible] in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 21.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to Discount good Notes at low rates, and make Loans upon STOCKS and REAL ESTATE. JOHN T. LITTLE,
May 3. No. 304 Montgomery street.

OFFICE OF THE CITY GAS COMPANY,

San Francisco, April 5, 1873.—Consumers of Gas are notified that from and after the 5th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS (\$4) PER ONE THOUSAND FEET.
By order of the Board. [April 12.] W. W. BLOW, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS COMPANY,

April 5, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that from and after the 8th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS PER THOUSAND CUBIC FEET. [April 12.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary.

NEW MAP OF CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA,

In Townships with Mineral Grounds, Railroads and Land Districts defined. The MOST COMPLETE MAP ever published of the two States. For sale in Sheets or Book form. Size, 3 feet by 3½. Price—Book, $2; Mounted, $[illegible].
May 17. WARREN HOLT, 60 Clay street.

SAN FRANCISCO ART ASSOCIATION,

313 Pine street, below Montgomery.—Gallery now open to the Public from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. and 7 to 10 P. M. Single Admission, 25 cts; Season Ticket (admitting lady and gentleman), $3. May 1.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. J. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanarcinth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltozzi Freres; Jacques, Allcon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Boersen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—[illegible] & Co., A. Wilson [illegible], James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lotterroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co; Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring Bros & Co, [illegible] "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co, Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Rendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Casa Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co, Theodore La Caille & Co.
Marseilles—Pasca, Fils & Co, Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James [illegible] & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St James Club, C. M. McNab.

COURT CHAT.

A Woman of Business.—Lady Charlotte Guest, the widow of a great Welsh ironmaster, is the owner of one of the largest coal mines in that country. Her ladyship is generally observed to be in a state of the greatest excitement when the time comes for making up the balance-sheet, and orders a copy sent to her by telegraph wherever she may be. Recently she had a grand party at her London residence, and when the festivity was at its hight a courier arrived from Dowlais with a tin box containing the expected document. Lady Charlotte ordered it to be brought to her in the brilliantly-lighted saloon, where she was surrounded by a circle of her aristocratic friends and relations, who probably enjoyed a sneer at the cinder-hole. The company laughed, for they thought of the cinder-hole, but the Welsh ironmaster's wife bided her time, for she knew the laugh would be with her, as she opened the tin case and drew out the document. "And so that's a balance-sheet," exclaimed her friends, crowding round the paper with the double-entries on the red lines, and they looked on it as on a phenomenon. They had never seen one before, and if they had heard of one, they thought it was something belonging to a ship. "But what are the profits?" cried they, as Lady Charlotte scanned her eye over the paper. Lady Charlotte, seeming not to heed them, said, as though she spoke to herself, "Three hundred thousand pounds—a very fair year;" and she recommitted the balance-sheet to the tin case. "Three hundred thousand pounds profit! What! You don't mean that in one year!" "I'd be a Cinderella myself," said a Border Countess, "to a husband with such a business. Three hundred thousand pounds! Only think! And all from that nasty cold iron! It beats the glass slipper!"

The Prince of Wales in Hungary.—PESTH, May 14.—Yesterday, the Prince of Wales and Prince Arthur visited the Academy of the Sciences. The Princes visited the library, the room in which the sittings are held, and the picture gallery. In the evening, a ball was given in the Hotel de l'Europe, at which the Princes were present. VIENNA, Wednesday Morning.—Several interesting incidents are reported from Pesth concerning the English Princes' reception. When dining at the Nobility Club on Monday, the Princes expressed themselves much pleased with the national music there, performed by two military bands and by a Gipsy band. The Prince of Wales listened attentively, and excited a storm of enthusiasm by ordering the national air to be played over again. His Royal Highness also took a lively interest in the Gipsy music—conversed with the musicians, and asked the Gipsy conductor to drink out of his wine glass. In the evening they attended the ball given in their honor at the Hungarian Hotel, when they conquered all hearts by their affable behavior. The Prince of Wales excited lively gratification by joining personally in the national dance. Yesterday, after the races were over, a parade was held before the Princes, of the Pesth fire brigade. Their Royal Highnesses have made themselves extremely popular in Hungary.

A Correspondent Writes from Naples under date May 3d: "The Empress of Russia, the Grand Duchess Maria, the Duke of Edinburgh, Prince Charles of Hesse and party steamed over to Torre dell Annunziata, and then drove to Pompeii. As it happened, a more unfortunate day could not have been selected, for from one o'clock till late in the evening it poured down in torrents, and, unless my eyes deceived me, our Prince must have had a good wetting. The steamer returned about six o'clock, and the excursionists landed just under the well-known and comfortable Hotel Vittoria. As the Empress left the yacht the band on board struck up the beautiful Russian-Hymn, and on landing three *portantine* were in waiting for her Majesty, the Grand Duchess, and Prince Charles of Hesse. Prince Alfred followed his *affiancee* on foot. It has been an unusually active week with the Imperial party. On Tuesday was the *fete* in honor of the Emperor's birthday; Wednesday was devoted to an excursion to Camaldoli. Some other spot in the neighborhood was visited on Thursday. On Friday the Imperial family, in which I include Prince Alfred, steamed over to the Blue Grotto of Capri, and then stretched across to Ischia.

There can be no Hesitation in now speaking of the engagement of the Duke of Edinburgh to the Grand Duchess Marie. They met at Hesse Darmstadt a year or two since, and from that time an understanding has existed between them. During Prince Alfred's residence at Sorrento, though nominally staying at the Tasso, he has been constantly at the Imperial villa from morning till night. His Royal Highness is now returning to London, but will leave it again shortly, and join the Empress and the Grand Duchess at Jugenheim, in Hesse Darmstadt. The Emperor will also be there later, and official publicity will then, no doubt, be given to the marriage that is to be. One difficulty existed which has been surmounted. It was proposed as a condition that the Duke of Edinburgh should reside a certain period of time every year in Russia, but he refused to bind himself. Something more than rumor says that the Grand Duchess will bring her husband £20,000 a year, besides £200,000; but a yet larger fortune will be the sweet, amiable disposition of which every one about the Court speaks.

Godoy, the notorious Prince of Peace, died at Paris some time ago in a garret, the Golden Fleece and Garter, Medjidie, and all kinds of Orders hanging about his wretched pallet, as Pope has described the Garter hanging in "the worst inn's worst room," where Buckingham breathed his last. Another Prince has also died at Neuilly, in a meanly-furnished garret, Prince Iturbide, the legitimate descendant of Montezuma, the rightful heir to the Imperial throne of Mexico, having lived for some years as waiter in a *guinguette* at Courbevoie. He laid aside his apron and slunk away to a miserable hole in Neuilly, where he died in extreme poverty. *Sic transit gloria mundi!*

A Mass for the Repose of the Soul of the First Napoleon was celebrated after all at Notre Dame recently. Notwithstanding the fact that no invitations were issued, the Cathedral was crammed by ladies of the highest rank in mourning, old officers of the grand army, young men with medals or red ribands, bearing bunches of violets. Amongst the persons of note were the Prince Murat, General Bertrand, MM. Jolibois, De Bouville, Theophile Gautier, fils, and others.

The Prince of Wales has had mounted, in the form of an inkstand, the foot of a stag which was pulled down by the Emperor Napoleon's hounds in the Forest of Compiegne on the 19th of November, 1868. The occasion was rendered the more memorable from the circumstance of his Royal Highness having had a rather narrow escape of injury by the charge of two stags, his horse being overthrown and the Prince sustaining a few bruises.

At a Drum given by a foreign ambassador in honor of her Majesty the Queen of the Belgians, imagine the hostess' face of consternation at seeing Sir H. H., who had just come in, walk straight up to the Queen, who was standing apart talking to Lady M——, and shake her cordially by the hands, mistaking her for Lady E. P. Tableau! It was *after* dinner, which is really the only excuse.

People Laugh, and say that it is clear that, looking to the scathing Mr. Gladstone gave the Corporation of London, he has made up his mind not to dine at the Mansion House again this year, even if the Shah of Persia is there.

Among the Art Sales of the Season there is to be a collection of snuff-boxes which was once the property of George IV. Most of the number are decorated with enamel miniatures by Petitot.

The Duke of Northumberland, though not a member of the Chancer Society, has sent the handsome donation of £30 to the Duke of Manchester's Fund in aid of the Society.

The Coronation of Oscar the Second as King of Sweden was celebrated at noon on Monday, May 12th, in the Stor Church, with characteristic and impressive pomp.

The Hyde Park Patriots want the Duke of Cambridge to erect a speaking platform for them. His Royal Highness thought, on reflection, he couldn't.

A Performance of the *Happy Land* burlesque, in its integrity, will shortly be given at the Crystal Palace Theater.

The Empress of Japan has set the fashion of wearing uncolored teeth and eyebrows.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine [illegible], the best safest and most effectual remedy [illegible] Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhoea [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Anyone can use them. Anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England Judson's Dyes are as [illegible] used. Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely [illegible] [illegible]. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Puce, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price [illegible] Large [illegible] 1s. 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and [illegible] wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, [illegible] and of Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of [illegible] will dye twelve yards of broad Ribbon. **SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution AGAINST FRAUD.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice; an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Budgett & Hughes; Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON-BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat [illegible] [illegible] safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for [illegible] various sizes. THOS. KEATING, [illegible] Chemist and Druggist [illegible] June 3.
Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & CO., corner Battery and Clay sts. San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following ammunition [illegible] Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding [illegible] fire Breech-loading Guns; Wire Cartridges, for killing [illegible] every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all [illegible] gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees [illegible]
Sept. 7.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY [illegible] merchants in England and France [illegible] [illegible] the capsules are [illegible] are serviceable [illegible] Manufactory, 1 Wharf Road, City Road, London [illegible]

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed [illegible] MANUFACTORY, 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 3.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the exclusive supply of this unrivaled cocoa [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS, under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 14.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company [illegible] Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of [illegible] Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers [illegible] Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 1.

A COCKNEY WAIL.

The great Pacific journey I have done,
In many a town and tent I've found a lodgment,
I think I've travled to the setting sun,
And very nearly reached the Day of Judgment.
Like Launcelot, in quest of Holy Grail,
From Western Beersheba to Yankee Dan
I've been a seeker, yet I sadly fail
To find the genuine type American.

Where is this object of my youthful wonder,
Who met me in the pages of Sam Slick!
Who opened every sentence with *By thunder*,
And whittled always on a bit of stick.
The more the crowd of friends around me thickens,
The less my chance to meet him seems to be;
Why did he freely show himself to Dickens,
To Dixon, Sala, Trollope, not to me!

No one accosts me with the words, "*Wal, Stranger!*
Greets me as *Festive Cuss*, or shouts *Old Hoss!*
No grim six-shooter threatens me with danger,
If I don't *quickly pass the butter, boss*.
Round friend's boards no cocktail ever passes,
No brandy smash my morning hour besets;
And petticoats are worn by all the lasses,
And the pianos don't wear pantalettes.

The ladies, when you offer chicken salad,
Don't say, *I'm pretty crowded now, I guess*;
They don't sing Mrs. Barney Williams' ballads
Of "Bobbing Round," nor add *Sirree* to yes.
I, too, have sat, like every other fellow,
In many a railway, omnibus, street car;
No girl has spiked me with a fierce umbrella,
And said, *You git, I mean to sit right thar!*

Gone are the Yankees of my early reading!
Faded the Yankee land of eager guests!
I meet with culture, courtesy, good breeding,
Art, letters, men and women of the best.
Oh! fellow Britons, all my hopes are undone;
Take counsel of a disappointed man!
Don't come out here but stay at home in London,
And seek in books the true American! —*London Figaro.*

EMIGRATION STATISTICS.

The Following Statistics are taken from *Crofutt's Western World*, got by them direct from the Emigration Bureau, New York, and show the European Emigration for the month of April, 1873.

NATIONALITY.	APRIL.	DESTINATION.	APRIL.
England	4,761	Alabama	3
Ireland	18,871	Arkansas	1
Isle of Man	44	Australia	—
Scotland	1,565	British Columbia	—
Wales	437	California	477
Alsace	380	Canada	624
Anhalt	6	Colorado	10
Bavaria	1,147	Connecticut	1,007
Bremen	20	Dakota	9
Baden	718	Delaware	96
Brandenburg, Prov	79	District of Columbia	20
Brunswick	15	Florida	8
Silesia	31	Georgia	29
Hesse Darmstadt	250	Illinois	5,029
Hess. Nassau	202	Indiana	477
Hesse Cassel	—	Iowa	919
Hamburg	47	Japan	—
Hanover, Prov	472	Kansas	123
Holstein	561	Kentucky	59
Lauenburg	5	Louisiana	24
Loraine	80	Maine	72
Lubeck	3	Maryland	216
Mecklenburg	401	Massachusetts	2,776
Rhenish Provinces	322	Mexico	
Oldenburg	47	Michigan	2,072
Pomerania	2,535	Minnesota	617
Prussia	6,249	Mississippi	3
Posen	1,178	Missouri	350
Saxony, Kingdom	251	Montana	5
Saxony, Province	31	Nebraska	213
Schleswig	265	Nevada	26
Thuringian, Sts	15	New Brunswick	6
Waldeck	129	New Hampshire	37
Westphalia	63	New Jersey	1,628
Wurtemberg	643	New York	14,072
Austria	111	North Carolina	4
Bohemia	393	Nova Scotia	1
Hungary	13	Ohio	2,428
Denmark	1,362	Oregon	17
Norway	419	Pennsylvania	4,710
Sweden	840	Rhode Island	552
Switzerland	681	South America	2
Luxemburg	142	South Carolina	5
Holland	1,117	Tennessee	35
Belgium	63	Texas	46
Russia	115	Utah	6
France	176	Vermont	63
Italy	671	Virginia	65
Spain	1	West Virginia	10
		Wisconsin	2,458
		Wyoming	3
		Washington Territory	—

TOTALS

Great Britain and United Kingdom	30,212
German Empire	25,615
Austrian Empire	1,669
Denmark, Norway and Sweden	3,255
All other European	7,407
Grand Total	52,568

It is estimated that the number of arrivals at Castle Garden for the month of May will far exceed those of any previous month in the history of this country. It is perhaps proper to state here, that of the large number of these emigrants credited to New York in the above table, the greater portion are those who are undecided where they will go, but will ultimately follow the vast tide that has already gone before them—to the Great West.

$72 EACH WEEK

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 3:00 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5:30 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:20 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at 7 P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.

May 31 PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 7 P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 3:00 P. M., from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale 8:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:20 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 10:20 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street. [May 17.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria, and Hope Town. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's comfortable Spring Wagons leave Cape Town, without fail, every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and travelling the above route are due at Du Toit's Pan, the center point of the Diggings, on the seventh day from Town. Under new and improved arrangements, punctuality is ensured. Fare to the Diggings, £12. Each Passenger allowed 100 lbs. Luggage. Rest is afforded to Passengers by night stoppage at the principal stations, and Refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the entire route. Passengers heavy Baggage has precedence by the Company's Goods Wagons leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the Head office of the Company, No. 62 ADDERLEY STREET, corner of Shortmarket street, Cape Town. H. T. TOWNROE, Secretary.

Cape Town, 23d March, 1873. May 17.

THE CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.
FOR HONGKONG via YOKOHAMA,
FROM FRONT STREET WHARF.

The Magnificent British Iron Steamship Galley of Lorne, 2,057 tons, J. Robinson, Commander. This fast and powerful Clyde built Steamship sails from Hongkong for this port about the 1st of June and on arrival here will have quick dispatch as above. For freight on Merchandise and Treasure or Passage apply to MACONDRAY & CO.,

May 17. Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 220 California street.

BRITISH STEAMSHIP

Lord of the Isles, Captain James Blow, from Hongkong, will discharge cargo at Front-street Wharf. Consignees will please call at our office, pay freight, and receive orders for their goods. All merchandise when landed upon the wharf will be at the risk of the owners thereof (without regard to the weather), and if not removed prior to five o'clock P. M. of each day will be stored at their risk and expense. [June 7.] MACONDRAY & CO.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly; Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

Aug 10.] WM. NORRIS, Agent, No. 217 Sansome street.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston. 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The A 1 Ship Blue Jacket, Crozier, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to E. E. MORGAN'S SONS,

May 24 220 California street.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 112 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 24.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

BAGS, TENTS AND HOSE.

Neville & Co., 113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets, San Francisco. May 24.

BURLING & BROTHER,

Stock Brokers, have Removed to No. 323 California street, below Sansome. May 24.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.

March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE, [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Sales-room, 215 Bush street. Factory, 145 Brannan street. Feb 1.

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS,

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15.

FURNISHED ROOMS

May be obtained at 331 Jessie street, between Fourth and Fifth sts. June 7.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co., Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; O. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Aliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyl.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Malls.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co., Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co., Martin, Dyce & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Robert Town & Co., Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamulz & Co., "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co. Alsop & Co., Wm. Gibbs & Co., Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia, Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co., Jardine, Matheson & Co., Dent & Co., Russel & Co., Augustine Heard & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Matheson & Co; F. Boyd, W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULS.

BELGIUM—F. Grisar, 1517 Powell.
CHILI—H. Barroilhet, 624 Montgomery street.
CHINA—Consul General, Francisco [illegible], 411 Battery st.
DENMARK—G. O'Hara Taafe, 220 California street.
ECUADOR—Daniel Wolf (absent).
FRANCE—Edmund Breuil, 434 Jackson street.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, 512 California street.
GUATEMALA—C. Martin, 123 Cal. st.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street.
HONDURAS—Wm. V. Wells, Mayor's Office, City Hall.
ITALY—G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
JAPAN—C. W. Brooks, 20 Montgomery street.
MEXICO—Manuel Aspiroz.
GERMAN EMPIRE—C. A. C. Duisenberg, 314 Sacramento street.
NETHERLANDS—J. De Fremery, 410 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
PERU—De la Fuenteny Subtrat Federico.
PORTUGAL—Francis Berton, sw. cor. Clay and Leidesdorff Sts.
RUSSIA—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
SAN SALVADOR—J. M. Alvarez.
SPAIN—C. Martin, 123 California.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—G. C. Johnson, 53 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Francis Berton.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—F. Herrera.
BOLIVIA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
CALLAO—D. J. Williamson, 330 Brannan street.
COSTA RICA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
GREECE—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—C. Baum, 310 Battery street.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN—G. Muecke, 100 California street.
TURKEY—George W. Gibbs, 53 Battery street.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

THE TWO DAYS.

IL PLEUT.

Quand il tombe de la pluie
Je m'ennuie,
Je ne suis plus bon a rien;
Sur mon bureau je m'accoude,
Et je boude
Et je dis—quel temps de chien!
Le vent, hurle comme quatre,
Il fait battre
Un maudit volet bruyant,
Il souffle, il siffle, et la tuile,
Trop mobile,
Tombe a terre en tournoyant.
Les yeux fixés sur mon livre,
J'en veux suivre
Le ses efforts superflus;
Français, Latin, c'est tout comme,
Ça m'assomme
Le Grec m'assomme encore plus.
Alors, envoyant tout paître,
Non peut-être,
(Sans quelque innocent juron),
Je plant là Démosthène
Dans Athène
Et dans Rome Cicéron.
La plume en main je griboullie,
Je barbouille,
Les marges de mon cahier;
Des dessins très-romantiques,
Fantastiques,
Eclosent sur le papier.
Arbres des plus pittoresques
Arabesques,
Gens très maigres, gens tres gras,
Bourgeois comme on n'en voit guères
Militaires,
Mais, ma, comme on ne'en voit pas.
J'execute un air de danse,
En cadence
Frappant du doigt mon bureau;
J'écoute l'eau qui résonne,
(Monotone),
Fouettant, fouettant le carreau.
Je regarde le ceil morne
Ou sans borne,
Et de l'un à l'autre bout
On ne voit qu'un voile énorme,
Uniforme,
Partout gris, buste partout.
Je rêve a trente-six choses
Si moroses
Que je m'endors à moitié,
Je m'etale, je m'etire,
Je soupire,
Je bâille à faire pitié.
Puis j'y reviens a ma tâche,
Et je tâche,
De travailler un moment,
Quand il tombe de la pluie
Je m'ennuie
Incommensurablement!

BEAU TEMPS

Il fait un temps delectable!
A ma table
Impossible de m'asseoir;
Doctes cahiers, gros volumes,
Papier, plumes,
Jusqu'au mauvais temps-bonsoir!
Dans un ocean de joie
Tout se noie,
L'air est doux, le ciel est pur,
Le soleil, qui rien ne cache,
Le détache
Eblouissant dans l'azur.
Ta douce chaleur caresse
Ma paresse
Riant soleil du printemps!
Dès que je te vois paraître
Ma fenêtre
Pour toi s'ouvre à deux battants.
Le nez au vent, je m'esclue
A la rue—
Oh, qu'on est bien pour cela,
Le coude sur sa fenêtre!
Peut-on être
Peut-on être mieux que la!
Se regarde a la croisee
Opposée
Briller rapide un ceil noir,
Lorsque la mine gentille
De une fille
Parait, s'en va, revient voir.
Un orgue de barbarie
En bas crie
Accompagnant la chanson
De l'ouvriere rieuse
Qui, joyeuse,
Chante en haut comme un pinson.
Je contemple les carrosses
Et les rosses
Et les pantalons collants,
Les crinolines gonflees
Boursouflees
Et les robes à volants.
Le fat qui fume un cigarre,
Il se carre,
Cire, doré, canne en main;
Le rêveur à longue mine,
Qui rumine
Cherchant un vers en chemin.
Je vois passant sur la marche—
Mais qui marche
Dans la rue à el gran la pas!
C'est mon pélagogue blême,
C'est lui même,
Chapeau rape, cheveux gras.

A WET DAY.

When the day is wet,
Then I fret,
I'm put out altogether;
On my desk I lean
In chagrin,
And say—what wicked weather!
The wind, wildly shrieking,
Sets a creaking
My confounded shutters;
It roars in gusts, and tiles,
Loose erewhiles,
Fall smash into the gutters.
I attempt some reading,
Not succeeding
In my vain endeavor,
French, Latin, all is one,
I am done—
Greek is worse than ever.
Soon, enraged past bearing,
Perchance swearing,
(Though my oaths hurt no man),
Demosthenes of Greece
I leave in peace
With Cicero the Roman.
Pen in hand I sketch,
Scribble, etch,
Every space defacing;
Wonderful designs,
Quaint outlines,
On each margin tracing.
Trees most picturesque
And grotesque,
People fat and people lean,
Men extra-ordinary,
Military,
Houses, such as ne'er were seen.
Then I hum some rhyme,
Beating time
On my study table,
Listening to the rain,
Dismal strain,
Dripping from the gable.
I raise my glance on high,
To the sky,
But can naught discover,
Save one massive cloud,
Like a shroud,
Heavy, gray all over.
On thirty things I dream,
Till I seem
Drowsy beyond expression,
To rouse myself I try,
Stretch and sigh,
And yawn from sheer depression.
Then I resume my book,
And I look,
And for a moment rally,
But when the day is wet,
Then I fret
Unequivocally!

A FINE DAY.

Here's a jolly day,
At work to stay
Were useless altogether,
Papers, books, pens, adieu!
No more of you
Until a change of weather.
Flooded with golden light,
All looks bright,
The air is soft, the sky
Is pure, and not a cloud
Dare enshroud
The sunlight's brilliancy.
Thy genial beams caress
My illness,
Thou glorious source of Spring!
I hail thy cheering rays
And in thy praise
My window open fling.
Here I bask, and try
To verify,
Oh, what time like the present!
Arms on the window sill—
Can there still
Be anything more pleasant!
I stare at an abode
Across the road,
A dark eye's glance discerning,
And anon I trace
A pretty face,
Peeping, withdrawn, returning.
A barrel organ now
Makes a row,
Disturbing my fair neighbor,
The maiden, who, though coy,
Full of joy,
Sings sweetly at her labor.
At all who pass I gaze,
On horse, in chaise,
At swells in tight array,
At crinolines capacious—
Truly spacious—
At dresses flounced and gay.
A snob smoks amidst the throng,
And struts along,
Curled, scented, cane in hand;
And there, with downcast eyes,
Goes one who tries
To think out something grand.
And there I see at play—
But who this way
Comes now with step so steady?
Can it my tutor be?
Yes, 'tis he
Shabby of hat, and seedy.

J'ai des vers latins à faire
Mais préfère
Ne me point exténuer,
J'ai, de haut de ma fenêtre
Tres-cher maitre
L'honneur de vous saluer!

I have some Latin verse
To rehearse,
But work of all kind scorning,
Ensconced here I much prefer,
Most worthy sir,
To wish you a good-morning!

PARK COMMISSIONERS' ORDINANCE, NO. 3.

Section 1. The object of this Ordinance is that ground known as the Golden Gate Park, as described in the first section of an Act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled, "An Act to provide for the Improvement of Public Parks in the City of San Francisco," approved April 4, 1870.

Section 2. All vehicles used regularly for business purposes in hauling materials or produce over the roads in said Park shall rest upon tires at least three and one-half (3½) inches wide.

Section 3. All trucks or wagons, other than those fitted with steel springs, used regularly in transporting heavy loads of material of any description over the said roads shall rest upon tires at least five (5) inches wide.

Section 4. The Secretary of said Board shall, within five days after the passage of this ordinance, make and certify an accurate copy of the same and cause the same to be published, as required by law, for ten days, Sundays excepted, and this ordinance shall take effect fifteen days after its passage.

E. L. SULLIVAN, President. S. F. BUTTERWORTH. C. F. MACDERMOTT, Park Commissioners.

OFFICE OF THE PARK COMMISSIONERS, San Francisco, May 2?, 1873.

I certify that the foregoing is a true and faithful copy of an ordinance passed by the Board of Park Commissioners on the 23d day of May, 1873, and duly entered in the books of said Board. [May 31.] T. FLEMING, Secretary.

NOTICE TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE SUTRO TUNNEL CO.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Sutro Tunnel Company, held at the office of the Company, in the city of San Francisco, on the 23d day of May, 1873, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this Board that the Capital Stock of this Company should be increased to Twenty Million Dollars, and be divided into Two Million Shares of the par value of Ten Dollars per share, and that a meeting of the Stockholders be and is hereby called to take place at the office of the Company, at No. 331 California street, at 1 o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, the 23d day of June, 1873, to determine upon this proposition.

(Signed) JOSEPH ARON, SOLOMON HEYDENFELDT, EDWARD N. HOOPER, IGNATZ STEINHART, THOS. C. WEDDERSPOON, Trustees.

PELHAM W. AMES, Secretary.

May 24.

DICKSON, DE WOLF & CO.,

410, 412, 414 Battery street, offer for sale the following goods, in Bond or Duty paid:

BRANDY—Gautier, Otard, Martell and Hennessy, in quarter casks. BRANDY—Martell, Faure & Co., and Camnade Aine, in glass. WHISKY—Irish, in quarter casks. WINE—Port and Sherry, in quarter casks and glass. CLARET—Chateau Medoc, Pauillac, and St. Julien, in cask. PIG IRON—Eglinton. CHAINS—Short link. TIN PLATES—I X Marked Crown, I and Charcoal. Yellow Metal Sheathing. Asphaltum Roofing Felt, Blasting Powder, Soda Crystals, Bi-Carbonate of Soda, Paint Oil. Gostling's Portland Cement, Roman Cement, Fire Clay, Paris White. [June 7.

THE PARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between the undersigned, at San Francisco and New York, under the firm name of PLATT & NEWTON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation. Mr. HY. A. THOMAS will sign for us at New York, under Power of Attorney. The Shipping and Commission business will be continued by WM. T. COLEMAN & CO.

WM. T. COLEMAN, L. H. NEWTON.

San Francisco, May 31, 1873.

I have this day re-established the firm of Wm. T. Coleman & Co., and will continue the Shipping and Commission business on my own account.

San Francisco, June 2, 1873. WM. T. COLEMAN.

The undersigned have this day formed a partnership, under the name and style of NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., for the purpose of conducting an Importing and Jobbing business, at 115 and 117 Front street.

L. H. NEWTON. MORRIS NEWTON.

San Francisco, June 2, 1873. June 7.

THE "STAR AND GARTER."

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL. The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 400 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been refitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.

June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

JOSEPH M. BYERS,

Collector.—Office at Lecount Bros. & Mansur, 417 and 419 Montgomery street. Refers by permission to San Francisco Bulletin Co., Maurice Dore & Co., Redington, Hostetter & Co., Fred. K. Mackrettish & Co., John Middleton & Son, Jos. L. Howell, Lecount Bros. & Mansur. June

NOTICE.

During the absence of the undersigned, the business of Her Britannic Majesty's Consulate will be conducted by Mr. VICE CONSUL MASON, as Acting Consul. [June 14.] WM. LANE BOOKER, H. B. M.'s Consul.

L. H. NEWTON.] NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., [MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. 115 and 117 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

E. P. CHRISTY. JOHN H. WISE. THOS. LENIGAN.

CHRISTY & WISE,

Agents for Wool Growers, and Commission Merchants for the sale of HIDES, TALLOW, ETC., 607 FRONT STREET, between Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco. May 1.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 112 Front street.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,

March 30. 112 Front street, S. F.

AUCTION SALE.

New City Hall Lots Nos. 77 and 78.—Monday, June 16, 1873.—John Middleton & Son, Auctioneers, 318 Montgomery street. For particulars see advertisements in Alta and Examiner. By order Board of City Hall Commissioners.

May 17. ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary.

JOS. CURLE.] CURLE, STEWART & CO. [FORT STEWART.

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room No. 18 Stevenson's Building, No. 721 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

Ex "Marie Charlotte," from Bordeaux.—100 Cases Louis Roederer celebrated "CARTE BLANCHE," quarts and pints, for sale to the trade, by

May 3. MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

FOR SALE.

A Steam Flouring Mill with Distillery and about 15 acres of good Land, distant ½ mile from Sonoma. Inquire at SONOMA HOTEL, Sonoma, or of W. D. BLISS, Petaluma. [May 3.] ALFRED BORELL & CO., S. F.

OUR LETTER BOX.

(It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any, and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other Journal.)

MR. RHOADES UPON THE BRITISH CONSTITUTION.

Editor News Letter —At the British Benevolent Society Dinner," given on the recent anniversary of the Queen's birthday (reported in your paper), an invited American born guest, the versatile and erratic W. H. Rhoades, *alias* "Caxton," spread himself in lofty laudation of the British Constitution and the much who esume berty it guarantees to that people. So far, good; I indorse his sentiments. But, as usual with this eccentric genius, who must always give a muddling or stultifying dash to his beautiful word paintings, he proved his profound ignorance of the Constitution of that Government, as well as his illogical exposition, by asserting that "For two centuries the House of Commons, representing the third estate of the realm, has governed England." Now, Mr Rhoades is a lawyer, and is presumed to have perused Sir William Blackstone's Commentaries. Does he make any such showing as that asserted by our *ci capitandum* romancer? The rather, does he not set forth the admirably adjusted co-governing of that kingdom by the Crown, the Aristocracy and the Commons? And does not every great writer upon governmental science - Aristotle, Bacon, Montesquieu, Calhoun and others coincide with him by arguing that the conservation of liberty and wise administration of a Government is only properly secured when the three estates (which are the natural birthings of a community) have a joint and equal rule? In the same post prandial speech occurs the following: "Yes, sir, the English language, *the only tongue spoken by freemen*," etc. What bosh! Who is to determine this question? Do the other peoples of Christendom, or the peoples elsewhere over the globe, who do not speak the English tongue, all acknowledge themselves slaves? I venture to affirm that there is a greater per centage of people in the United States, at this day, who will acknowledge themselves to be suffering and unwilling slaves, under our false system of government, than can be found elsewhere. I, for one, do so admit and protest. I am the oppressed slave of an infamous code of unjust laws, corruptly and partially administered, of thieving bands of professional politicians, of robbing rings of corporate and individual monopolists, and of a vulgar, perverted and tyrannical public opinion. License, not liberty, is what we have under our *no-form* of government in America. And all this arises from the fact that our Utopian system is so radically different from that of England, not as Mr Rhoades represents the latter; since, were it so, then, as with us, would there be no liberty nor wholesome administration of law in that country, but where the despotism of a class or absolute majority of the whole populace, is prevented by the concurrent action or properly adjusted equipoisement of the three estates, each being clothed with the power to protect itself against the encroachments of either or both the others. CHARLES E. PICKETT.

Dear News Letter: Your very careful and accurate report of the transactions of the society of dentists, a week or two ago, has called a great deal of attention to this modest and not sufficiently self-asserting class of gentlemen, and it seems evident that public opinion will sustain them in their desire to have legislative enactments to protect them from the encroachments of ignorant quacks. If this community were capable of appreciating modest worth and scientific attainments, the merit of these gentlemen might be left to work out its own salvation, but as it is not, tooth pulling cannot as a business be conducted on principles of free trade, except to the great detriment of society in the loss of eye-teeth. Compulsory education is becoming a question of earnest thought, and here is a good chance to give the idea an actual test. The dentists have all recommended themselves as suitable persons to be incorporated into a dental college, with the power of conferring degrees upon each other, and if after this is done the Legislature will pass a law compelling every citizen to attend this school for the purpose of learning who are quacks, society will soon be educated up to a proper appreciation and discrimination, and it is more than probable that in their devotion to the cause of science these gentlemen, neglecting practice, will throw all the labor upon the shoulders of quacks, who will soon kill themselves with hard work. When, if a sort of dental millenium may not be expected, compulsory education will have been proved not worth a rubber dam. Yours, in agony, TOOTHACHE.

NEW BOOKS.

PLAY AND PROFIT IN MY GARDEN. By Rev. E. B. Roe, author of "Barriers Burned Away." Publishers Dodd & Mead, New York; A. L. Bancroft & Co., San Francisco.

A very pleasant, chatty sort of book, in which the writer disclaims any intent to "make the world wiser," but being convinced that "a garden is good for humanity, he wishes to diffuse this belief as widely as possible." Besides being agreeable and readable this little book contains a great many useful hints in regard to the management of a garden, the proper time to begin work, the ground to select, the fruits suitable to certain soils and exposures, the expenses of a garden, grafting, etc.—all told in choice language and in a familiar way that is particularly attractive.

UPS AND DOWNS, an Every Day Novel. By Edward E. Hall, author of "The Man Without a Country." Roberts, Bros., Boston, publishers; A. L. Bancroft & Co., San Francisco.

PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY. By Archibald Geike, LL. D., F. R. S., with Illustrations. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York; A. L. Bancroft, San Francisco.

This is the fourth volume of the series of Science Primmers, the preceding ones on Chemistry and Physics, by Professors Roscoe and Balfour Stewart, having met with deserved success. They are well adapted for the use of beginners, and at the same time the subjects are treated with such power as to make them suitable for advanced minds.

THE BEST OF ALL GOOD COMPANY. A day with Charles Dickens. By Blanchard Jerrold. Published by Shepard & Gill, Boston; A. L. Bancroft & Co., S. F.

All those who have read the immortal works of the late great writer, Charles Dickens, have a certain curiosity to know something of the man as he appeared in his own home, and surrounded by his family and friends. The publishers have been gratified in a great degree by numberless sketches in the leading journals of the Old and New World, and finally by a diffuse and rather tedious life of him by his friend John Foster. The present little volume, written also by one of his most intimate friends, is full of interest. It contains a concise but accurate sketch of Dickens' life, many of the best sketches from "The Pickwick Papers," and "Boz," selections from his public speeches, also some of his few characteristic letters and notes, and a chapter, entitled "In Memoriam," with Dean Stanley's funeral sermon and Charles Kent's poem, "Dickens at Gad's Hill." Nothing could be more brief, more to the point, more interesting than every page of this book. One reads it through, and on laying it down feels how much pleasure, how many emotions, and what charming recollections we owe to the greatest writer of the day.

LITTLE GRANDFATHER. By Sophie May. Author of "Little Prudy Stories," "Dotty Dimples Stories," etc. Published by Lee & Shepard, Boston; A. Roman & Co., San Francisco.

PUBLIC AND PARLOR READINGS; for the Use of Dramatic and Reading Clubs, and for Social and School Entertainments, Dialogues and Dramas. Edited by Lewis B. Moore. Lee & Shepard, Boston, publishers. A. Roman & Co., San Francisco.

An unusually fine collection of selections from Byron, Dickens, George Eliot, Jerrold, Alcott, Hood, etc.

THE YEAR. A poem. By D. C. Colesworthy. Published by Lee & Shepard, Boston; A. Roman & Co., San Francisco.

All ye Folke that go forthe to the boste and kill ye beares and ye snipe and ye duckes, likewise other folke that go out on ye deepe waters and up ye streames to fish, should e'en be provided with ye goode foode, yclept Aztec Pinole.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending June 13th, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED	FRI'Y	NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	8	8	7
Alpha	—	30	30	Kentuck	—	10½	9¾
Alps	1½	1¼	1½	Kentucky	—	2	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—	Knickerbocker	4	3½	3¾
American Flag	—	5¼	6	Kossuth	—	—	—
Arizona & Utah	3¼	3¼	6				
Arkansas	—	—	—	Louise	—	—	—
Alamo	¾	—	—	Lower Comstock	—	—	3¾
American Flat	5	—	5¼				
Bacon	—	3	—	Mahogany	10	10	—
Ball mom Consolidated	9	8¾	8¾	Mammoth	—	45	—
Belcher	90	93½	91	Mead & Valley	32	34¾	—
Belmont	4	3½	—	Minnesota	5	4½	—
Bullion	—	—	—	Newark	1¾	1¾	—
Best & Belcher	—	4	4¾	New York Consolidated	—	—	—
Buckeye	1¾	—	1¾	Noonday	—	—	—
Caledonia	35	15	35	Occidental	—	—	—
Cedarberg	—	—	—	Ophir	33	37	37
Central	—	—	—	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	6	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—	Overman	35	37	36½
Chapman	—	—	—	Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	1¾	1½	—	Pace & Panaca	1¼	1½	—
Chief East Extension	—	—	—	Pea Vine	—	—	—
Chollar	66	61	60	Phenix	—	30	—
Columbus	—	—	—	Piute	40	—	25
Confidence	7½	7½	7½	Pioche	10	—	—
Cons Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Pioche West	52	50	—
Consolidated Virginia	95	95	92½	P Phoenix	3	2½	—
Cook & Dwyer	—	—	—				
Crown Point	120	117½	109	Raymond & Ely	63	61	60
Central No 2	—	5½	—	Heretus Consolidated	—	—	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Rye Patch	14	7¼	11
Daney	—	—	—	Red Jacket	4	4½	4
Eclipse	5½	—	6	Savage	167	167	137
El Dorado	—	7¾	—	Seg Belcher	47	50	52
Empire Mill	5½	5½	5¼	Sierra Nevada	—	12	14
Empire Idaho	½	½	—	Silver Peak	1½	1½	1¾
Eureka Consolidated	11	13½	—	Silver Hill	20	19½	20
Eureka, G. V	—	21½	—	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Exchequer	10	10	10½	Sterling	—	—	—
				Succor	—	2½	—
Globe	3	1½	—	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	10	10¼	—	Silver Chariot	—	3½	—
Gould & Curry	15	12½	12½	South Overman	—	—	¾
Gila	—	—	—	St. Patrick	—	—	—
				South Comstock	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	47½	43½	43	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hermes	6½	9	—	Trench	—	—	—
Hahn & Hunt	1½	1¾	2				
Home Ticket	—	—	—				
Ida Elmore	5	5	—	Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Imperial	6	6¼	6¼	Utah	3½	—	—
Independent	—	—	—	Washington & Creole	2	2½	—
Ingomar	¾	—	¾	Washoe	—	—	—
Insurance	—	—	—	Woodville	¾	3	3
Ivanhoe	—	—	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Jackson	¾	—	¾	Yellow Jacket	73	67	65
Julia	2	2¼	—	Yule Gravel	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30.

ON ITS TRIUMPHANT MARCH FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN.

The Great N. York and New Orleans Zoological and Equestrian Exposition

Will open on Jackson street lot, for ten days only, on Thursday Evening, June 19, giving two performances daily after Thursday. The largest and finest Menagerie and Circus that has ever visited San Francisco, traveling only and exclusively by rail, and requiring a Special Train of 27 cars, at an expense of over $25,000 for transportation alone. The MENAGERIE consists of 18 Cages of Living Animals, most of which have never been seen on the Pacific Coast. The CIRCUS embraces over 30 artists. H. Welby Cook, Great English Equestrian, Miss Kate Cook, Menage Rider, Miss Rosina Cook, Equestrienne, Maretta Sisters, Great Female Gymnasts, Young Leon, Vanzandt Bros., Austin Bros. For complete list see programme. J. L. DAVIS' Educated Troupe of Dogs and Monkeys. A Stud of Thoroughbred Trick and Trained Menage Horses. A School of Educated Ponies and Mules. Prof. Geo. J. Conklin and his DEN OF PERFORMING LIONS. At 10 A. M. there will appear on the streets a most Gorgeous and Grand Pageant. First, the Magnificent Swan Band Chariot, drawn by a team of 14 Camels, followed by the Elephant Siam, a Large Open Den of Animals—Lions, Tigers, and Leopards. This is a large powerful den open on all sides and is expected to view free to all, followed by a Cavalcade of Ladies and Gentlemen on Horseback, then the Long Train of Animal Dens, of Crimson and Gold. Scale of Prices—Dress Circle, $1; Gallery, 50 cents. Reserved Chairs 50 cents extra. Children under 12 years, half price.

OAKLAND, June 16th and 17th. W. W. COLE, Manager.
W. H. HAYDEN, Press Agent. June 14.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Mr. John McCullough Proprietor and Manager.—Saturday Evening, June 14th—ANNUAL BENEFIT OF MR J. C. WILLIAMSON, for which occasion he has the honor of presenting for the approval of his friends and the public in general, the following unequaled list of attractions. The Beautiful Musical Drama entitled THE CHILD OF THE REGIMENT, with a great cast, including Mr. W. BARRY. THE FABBRI OPERA TROUPE, in choice selections. MR. W. LAWTON and MR. C. A. CURTIS, will fight the great HUMPTY DUMPTY COMBAT. MR. JOHN McCULLOUGH will recite "Barbara Fretchie." MR. J. C. WILLIAMSON will recite, first time, "Hot Hart ara Fredichte" and tell that "Dwarf Story." Masters James Moore and W. Bray will appear in their unequaled Double Clog Dance. A new local farce, by Clay Greene, Esq., called THE CHINESE INVASION. Box Book now open. June 14.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; F. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, June 14, and every evening during the week. The KNOCKIEST BLACK KNOCK Burlesque, "Queen Fredigonda." Minnie Fillmore, "Jake," Mat Kelly, "Sam," Jan Dixon, "Black Crook," Barton, Carsim and Fritz, Comin' Denmore. SCENES IN SAN FRANCISCO. Fred Hitchleas, John Schmidt, Robinson and Ridiculus. Kelly, Marsh, and Dree. First Part and Interlude—Songs, Dances, etc., by May Leslie, Lotta Gray, Maggie Kelly, St. Clair, Susie Robinson. Old Men Characters, Tommy Barton—forming the best combination of variety in the United States. Admission—25 cents. Dress Circle, 50 cents. Private Boxes, $2 50, $3 and $5.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Treasurer. MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—MR. G. W. JESTER the Man with the Talking Hand, Drawing room Comedian, Anglo-French and Fornlest Ventriloquist in the World, with his Headless Man. First week of Kelly & Leon's comedietta, BELLS OF THE KITCHEN. Will shortly appear. The Greatest Pantomimist of the World, ROBERT FRAZER, in his great pantomime. N. B. Performance commences at 8 o'clock. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. June 14.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee June 14, at 2 o'clock, UNCLE TOM'S CABIN. Saturday Evening, Annual Benefit of MR J. C. WILLIAMSON. Wednesday Evening, June 18th—Farewell benefit of MR. GEO. D. CHAPLIN. In preparation: The latest sensation, J. J. McCloskey's drama, founded on Bret Harte's poems, "Her Letter," and "Flynn of Virginia," and called POVERTY FLAT. June 14.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, . . . Secretary.

Budd, W. C....440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 523 California st.
Fitch, J. R.. 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L....413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H..434 Cal'a, upstairs.
Keene, J. R. ..408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co. ....420 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 435 Hayw'd B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P. ..413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H... 401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W..... 414 Cal'a st.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	25@	40
Do. pickled		60
Do. Packed		60
Cheese, Cal	10@	28
Honey	10@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz.	25@	
Lard, ℔	15@	20
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	1@	2
Do. sweet	4@	5
Lima Beans, ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	3@	
Onions, ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ℔	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔	2@	3
Cabbage, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	6@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz.	1 00@	
Celery, ℔ doz b.	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b.	6@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b.	6@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b.	6@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b.	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔	4@	6
String Beans, ℔	35@	
Apples, ℔	8@	12
Pears, ℔	15@	
Quinces, ℔	6@	
Peaches, ℔	6@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	12@	25
Do. new, ℔	6@	
Oranges, ℔ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	25
Limes, ℔ doz.	25@	
Quail, ℔ doz.	2 50@3	00
Chickens, each	65@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	6@	25
Geese, ℔ pair	2 00@2	50
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 00@2	25
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	
Hares, each	6@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	12@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔	12@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish, ℔	15@	
Smelts, ℔	10@	
Tomcod, ℔	12@	

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Brand—In San Jose, May 30th, to the wife of G. E. Brand, a son.
Fabry—In this city, June 2d, to the wife of S. Fabry, a daughter.
Klindt—In this city, June 9d, to the wife of H. Klindt, a son.
Martin—In this city, May 31st, to the wife of John J. Martin, a son.
Niles—In this city, June 2d, to the wife of A. W. Niles, twin daughters.
Sichel—In this city, June 1th, to the wife of M. Sichel, a son.
Sullivan—In this city, June 3d, to the wife of J. Sullivan, a daughter.
Wicner—In this city, June 5th, to the wife of A. Wicner, a daughter.
Barolles—In this city, June 5th, to the wife of Thos. Barolles, a daughter.
Callaher—In this city, June 11th, to the wife of Julius Callaher, a daughter.
Francis—In this city, June 11th, to the wife of J. E. Francis, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Buckley-Riordan—In this city, June 8th, Mr. J. Buckley to Miss Hannah Maria Riordan.
Baldwin-Webn—In this city, June 4th, Orville D. Baldwin to Emelia E. Webn.
Forbes-Yound—In this city, June 2d, J. W. Forbes to Maria S. Yound.
Fyfe-Bruce—In this city, June 1th, Joseph Fyfe to Annie M. Bruce.
Krueger-Ploentzke—In this city, June 3d, Rev. J. H. Krueger to Enzo Ploentzke.
Kelly-Jory—In this city, Mr. Alfred A. Kelly to Miss Lottie Jory.
McDormell-Stevens—In this city, June 2d, James McDormell to Mary D. Stevens.
Porter-Brown—In this city, June 5th, Horace Porter to Fannie A. Brown.
Solomon-Rothschild—In this city, May 29th, Ben Solomon to Sarah Rothschild.
Vestal-Hall—In this city, June 3d, D. B. Vestal to Sallie J. Hall.
Brown-Nevit—In this city, June 5th, Moses Brown to Henrietta Nevit.
Collins-Sword—In this city, June 4th, Robert Collins to Mary Sword.
Evans-Artz—In this city, May 29th, Albert H. Evans to Fernanda Artz.

TOMB.

Bostwick—In this city, June 4th, wife of J. H. Bostwick, aged 42 years.
Baldwin—In this city, June 4th, Pamelia Baldwin, aged 78 years.
Balletti—In this city, June 4th, Constantine Baletti, aged 48 years.
Gaul—In this city, June 5th, Wm. J. Gaul, aged 35 years.
Gobbee—In this city, June 3d, Joseph P. Gobbee, aged 59 years.
Jones—In this city, June 5th, Wilbert F. Jones, aged 26 years.
Paso—In this city, June 3th, Antonio Paso, aged 62 years.
Steele—In this city, June 4th, Henry Steele, aged 50 years.
Thompson—In this city, June 4th, Wm. Thompson Jr., aged 51 years.
Minturn—In this city, May 21th, Charles Minturn, aged 56 years.
Walton—In this city, May 27th, Henry G. Walton, aged 53 years.
Bond—In this city, June 11th, Charles H. Bond, aged 57 years.
Fisher—In this city, June 11th, George Fisher (Greek Consul), a native of Hungary, aged 57 years.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

The Bright Red Sun was setting
For o'er the Golden Gate,
Its dying rays lit up the room,
And fired up the grate.

They made the carpets glisten
Like diamonds as they fell;
The carpet was a good one,
It came from Plum & Bell.

We Have Lately Had an addition to our family. Nay, don't start! it was not a baby. No, it was the sweetest little kitten you ever saw, just as pretty as a tabby coat and a long tail could make it. It walked in as if it had known us all its life (about a fortnight). All in the office were charmed with it, but alas! this the cat was mischievous, for though so young its claws were uncommonly sharp. It began to scratch the varnish off the furniture. Now, as this furniture is valuable, being made by Gilbert & Moore, we had to part with little pussy.

When gentle zephyrs blow,
As if they hardly dared
To tax the lungs of heaven
When earth is unprepared -

When lovely woman smiles,
When hearts to joy incline,
Fill up life's goblet full
With dear old Gerke Wine.

Some People Like Coal Oil as a refreshing summer beverage, while others consider whisky a good thing for the artificial manufacture of snakes, rats, and other delectable creatures. People have been known to carry their peculiarities so far as to state that "a Christian young man's mission on earth is to steal overcoats and lie in wait for umbrellas that dare to go out in unsuitable weather." But the people that have such peculiar ideas are those arrant fools who poison themselves with bad grog instead of going like sensible men to Hotaling for some "Old Cutter."

"**Murder!** I'm shot, will no one come?
To help me in this strait,
Or fetch me half a pint of rum,
Before it is too late."

"I have a bullet in my back,
I have, upon my soul,
Nor can I sit upon this chair,
Though it was made by Cole."

Cowper Has Told Us that "God moves in a mysterious way," and so he does. The simplest things in Nature are problems that the human brain can never solve, or begin to understand. God is Nature, and as God is superior to man, man should never attempt to inquire into his family history, or drag his son (?) down to be nailed on pine tops for man's especial benefit. It is presumption of the worst kind, and is a most as bad as comparing the works of art turned out by Bradley & Rulofson with common photographs.

"**Can You Tell Me Who,**" I asked a
"That well dressed man can be, friend,
Such perfect taste I never did
In Frisco City see."

"I do not know," my friend replied,
"But Anderson & Irving
Make all his clothes, I heard them say,
Just now while they were serving."

No One Who Drinks spirits, no matter however good they may be, ever feels half so well as the man who drinks only wine. Always, of course, seeing that, that wine is the best that can be got, for love or money. Love, however, in these mercenary days will not buy much, but money will buy Eberhart & Lachman's native wine, than which there is nothing finer.

Patience sat on a monument
(A habit that she's got),
Grinning at Grief, and telling her
"That crying was all rot."

Then injured Grief arose and said,
"Look here, you grinning fraud,
I've bought a Union Range to-day,
And don't want to be bored."

Love and Laudanum often go together, while Coroner's inquests and red-eyed relatives follow. Politics and policemen also go together; so do thieves and thief-catchers. A neatly dressed man always has nice gloves on, so has every well dressed lady; they both go to Keane & O'Connor's store on Kearny, and ask for their Jouvin glove.

Gold and Silver can no more make up for loss of health than butter can for the absence of flour. Many a dyspeptic old millionnaire, many a liverless Indian Nabob, would only too gladly exchange gold for health. This they cannot do, but still they may insure a good appetite by taking long drives, wrapped in Main & Winchester's superb robes, and horses harnessed with their harness.

Who has not heard and read of the beautiful Golden Gate Park, lately added to the many charming surroundings of San Francisco? Who has not driven round it and admired its perfect arrangement? And last, but not least, who has not heard with joy that Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg propose, very shortly, opening an Hotel there?

The War is Over, and peace is once more restored in the land of the Lava Beds and the home of the Lost River. Our troops have had a rough time of it, camping out, with snow falling and cold winds blowing. However, they have effected their purpose, and will soon return. How the officers will flock to Pine street, there to taste at the Saddle Rock the bivalve in all its freshness.

Crowds have flocked from all parts of the city to see the latest wonder, and none have gone away dissatisfied. All have been pleased, and have advised their friends both up country and in the city, whatever they do, not to, by any chance, miss what they may never get the chance of having again, viz., their photographs taken at Nahl's, 12 Montgomery.

Coughs and Colds are often overlooked. A continuance for any length of time causes irritation of the Lungs or some chronic Throat Disease. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" are an effectual COUGH REMEDY.

Plumbers' Brass Goods.—Plumbers' basins and closets, plated basin cocks, bath tubs, copper boilers, rubber hose for garden use, etc. THOMAS DAY, 732 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Iron Pipe, all sizes, from ⅛ to 4 inches, for gas, water, and steam. THOMAS DAY, 732 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Harry Blanken, whose cheery face we all know so well, has a hearty welcome for all who pull up at his place, the Six Mile House, on the San Bruno Road.

One of the pleasantest spectacles we ever saw was the joy of an almost blind man on first putting on a pair of Muller's pebble glasses.

For Camping Out, nothing comes up to Aztec Pinole; it is a world beater, and has saved countless lives and livers.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

金山唐山新聞紙

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 21.

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION.

The best chance to invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific Coast. TITLE PERFECT. 776 Lots at $25 for inside and $50 for corner Lots, payable $10 cash, balance $5 per month, without interest or assessments for expenses. Blocks 300 by 100 Feet—Lots 25 by 100 Feet and 30 by 150 Feet. Streets all 80 Feet Wide. Subscribers can select their lots on receipt of the first payment, and those who wish to pay in full and take deeds at once can do so. This valuable property is beautifully located, commanding a fine view of San Diego Bay and surroundings. It is only eight blocks of 300 feet each from the City Park Reservation, a few minutes walk from the Hotel, and just One Mile from the Railroad lands on the water front, where the depots and center of business must be located. Congress has just made San Diego a Port of Entry, and it is now believed to be certain that grading will be commenced on the Texas and Pacific Railroad early this season. There is no place on the coast where one can invest at the present time with as much certainty of doubling or trebling his money in a few months as in San Diego. The location, the nearness to what must be the business center, the exceedingly low price and easy terms, with the future prospects of that city, make this property the most desirable for Homestead and residence purposes, and one of the best investments for speculation ever offered. For maps showing the entire bay, with correct surroundings and the location of this property, with the various points of interest and importance, apply to IRA G. HOITT, Secretary and Agent, 21 Montgomery street, San Francisco, where subscription books are now open.

TRUSTEES: BENJ. F. AVERY, DORVILLE LIBBY, IRA G. HOITT. March 29.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore. The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

1776. JULY FOURTH. 1873.

CELEBRATE! CELEBRATE! FIREWORKS!

The greatest pleasure to the greatest number at the least expense. CHURCH & CLARK are prepared to furnish Fireworks of all kinds, manufactured by them, and guaranteed superior to any. PORTABLE PIECES FOR EXHIBITIONS, which can be transported without injury. CHURCH & CLARK,
May 31. 407 Front street, San Francisco.

SPRING VALLEY WATER WORKS.

516 California street, San Francisco, May 17, 1873.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Spring Valley Water Works will be held at the office of the Works, 516 California street, on WEDNESDAY, June 18th, 1873, at 12 o'clock M., for the election of Trustees for the ensuing year, and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.
May 31. F. M. MILES, Secretary.

THE MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Cal., May 28, 1873.—This Mint will close for Annual Settlement and Repairs, on TUESDAY, JUNE 3, 1873, after which date until July 1st, 1873, deposits of Crude Bullion cannot be received. Persons holding its against the Mint for the current fiscal year will present them for settlement before June 30th.
[May 31.] O. H. LA GRANGE, Superintendent.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

THE CALIFORNIA ACCLIMATIZING SOCIETY

Offer for Sale: 25,000 Eastern Trout; 25,000 Tahoe Trout; 10,000 Native Trout, all of this year's batch—quantities to suit. Address,
May 31. W. A. NEWELL, 153 Howard street.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 50 Montgomery Block. May 31.

BIZ.

With an Easy Money Market comes increased business orders from the interior for Merchandise are [illegible], country buyers are more numerous, credits are more freely granted, and the wheels of commerce in this way are more freely lubricated and all interests, both commercial and mechanical, move on with accelerated speed. The vastly improved crop prospects add material wealth to the State and while our grain yield promises to be in the aggregate nearly as large as last year, giving us a very bountiful supply for export, our Wool and Wine interests continue to afford additional wealth to the masses, and give us material aid in the way of freight for the shipping seeking business in this quarter. Owing to the improved crop prospects in June, Grain Freights have recovered from their late depression and are now £4 2s 6d up to £4 5s, as against £3 10s@£3 12s. 6d. to Liverpool, and £3 17s 6d to Cork, at the date of our last paper. Ship owners in all waters may now take courage, and send on their ships with a good degree of confidence in being able to secure high freights and full occupation for their vessels for another year to come.

We Have Now on the berth loading grain, or under charter to load with despatch, a dozen ships, having a tonnage of [illegible] each. Some of these vessels will carry a sprinkling of new Wheat. Since July 1, 1872, we have dispatched to the United Kingdom 331 vessels.

	Wheat. Ctls.	Value.
Since July 1st, 1872, of 331 vessels	[illegible]	$17,[illegible]
43 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	1,317,[illegible]	3,172,[illegible]
120 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	3,[illegible]	7,071,[illegible]
174 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	1,732,[illegible]	5,063,715

In addition to this we have exported to various countries a total of 254,[illegible] bbls Flour, besides Barley and other grain, making a very handsome exhibit for the year—the aggregate more than double that of any previous period.

New Wheat and New Barley.—On the 6th inst., the first new Wheat of the season reached tide water, being of good quality, suitable for export. On the 3d inst. the first of the crop of Barley arrived, and sold at $1 10. In 1872, June 6th the first received and sold at $1 [illegible]. In 1871, June 12th, and sold at $1 57½, and in 1870, June 17th sold at $1 [illegible]. As a matter of history, we annex a statement of the time of arrival of the first Wheat of the new crop for a series of years. Year 1860, Arrived July 14, Price $1 [illegible]; 1860, July [illegible], $1 [illegible]; 1861, July [illegible]; 1862, June 14, $1 [illegible]; 1863, June [illegible]; 1864, July 9, $2 [illegible]; 1865, June 12, $2 [illegible]; 1866, June 25, $1 [illegible]; 1867, June 17, $1 [illegible]; 1868, June 18, $1 [illegible]; 1869, June 15, $1 40@1 45; 1870, June 9, $1 [illegible]; 1871, June 23, $2 30@2 37½; 1872, June 10, $1 [illegible]; 1873, June 6, $1 75@1 80.

Our Breadstuff markets have recently declined. Extra baker and family flour, $[illegible]; extra [illegible], $5; standard superfine, $4 75@5; common superfine for export, $4 50@4 75 per 196 lbs. Wheat of good average quality, for shipment has declined during the week from $1 85 down to $1 75. Barley has fallen to $1 10@1 15 for feed, and for brewing $1 25@1 35. Oats now sell at $1 75@1 85 per cental. Corn has advanced to $1 [illegible]. Hay has declined to $10@15 per ton.

Wool.—The receipts are liberal, the great bulk of which is of low grades and more or less defective. All good clean long staple Northern fleece is much sought after, selling freely at [illegible] for selections. The stock is steadily accumulating. Some shipments are making East direct from San Diego, via Panama, and also from the interior by overland rail. Sales for the week aggregate [illegible]. A few buyers demand as high as 21c. for favorite clips of Northern stock. We quote the best Northern fleece [illegible], average [illegible], medium, [illegible]; burry and dirty nominal, [illegible]. Slightly burry and heavy non-burry in light demand at 15@15c.

Hides.—The market is less firm. Sales of dry at 16@17c for extreme, usual [illegible]; wet salted, [illegible]; [illegible] sold at [illegible]. The market closes weak, with a limited demand.

Tallow.—The market is dull, being abundantly supplied at low prices. Sales of 15,000 lbs Crude at 6c.; 6,000 lbs Refined at 8¼c. cash.

In Imports there is more [illegible]. Burlap grain sacks have found ready sale at 14[illegible] for standard size [illegible] hand-sewed. [illegible] in improved request. Coffee [illegible] firmness at [illegible] for Central American greens, arrivals for the week about 7,600 bags. Of Salmon, the receipts from Oregon, per Ajax, etc., 10,000 cases, the bulk of this will be exported to Liverpool. A large business has been done in [illegible] a prominent firm is stated to have purchased [illegible], and [illegible]. A sale of 125 tons Scotch Pig Iron, Glengarnock brade, ex ship, at $40, a decided decline.

The Provision Market is quite slack, several car loads of sugar-cured Hams having been sold at 13[illegible]. This is less than the cost of freight from Chicago. Lard, in tierces [illegible]. Butter, [illegible] as extreme [illegible]. [illegible] offering is now being sold by two houses at [illegible]. The New Almaden and the New Idria mines continue the control of product to Thomas Bell, while [illegible] Hewlett & Co. [illegible] control the product of the Redington mine. [illegible] parties are extensive and prices continue with limited sale. [illegible] Liverpool coarse, $17 [illegible]; fine, $21 [illegible]. Spirits remain unchanged in value, though tendency [illegible] fine French Cognac Brandy are asking higher prices. A. P. H[illegible] [illegible] Bourbon Whisky, J. H. Cutter, to New York [illegible]. [illegible] on hand, just received from Kentucky by Pacific Railway said to be the finest Whisky ever offered for sale on this coast. Sugar [illegible] large [illegible] China refined, [illegible] Hams [illegible]. The [illegible] Grab, [illegible]. [illegible] is slow of sale at 9½ [illegible] for the three grades. [illegible] Japan [illegible] not a success. Some sold as low as [illegible] up to 46c. Tobacco remains as before noted.

TRIAL TRIP AND EXCURSION.

The Trial Trip of the Steamship Ventura took place Thursday. At a few minutes past ten o'clock in the morning, she left Washington-street wharf with about five hundred invited guests on board. As she moved out into the bay, the *La Nina* [illegible] Band struck up a lively national air and the beginning of the day was [illegible]. The course taken was to Red Rock, thence to Point San Quentin, Two Brothers and Two Sisters, making stations [illegible] in one hour and ten minutes. Salutes were exchanged with the steamer *Clinton*. The trip up to Vallejo and back, the return to the wharf being made at [illegible], was most pleasant, and, as an attempt to try the speed [illegible] of the steamer, it was a great success. The steamer was originally the United States gunboat *Resaca*. She was purchased by Goodall, Nelson & Perkins for the [illegible] at a cost of $41,000. The repairs and alterations have cost an additional sum of $[illegible], and makes her one of the most complete and comfortable coasting steamers now [illegible]. Her officers are: Captain Robert Sudden, First Officer, W. P. Pommer, Second Officer, Wm Leslie, Engineer, W. P. Nevan. Her breadth over all is 230 feet, length of keel, 217 feet, breadth of beam, 31 feet, depth of hold, [illegible] feet. She is equipped with one double [illegible] engine of [illegible] horse power, and takes [illegible] for taking in and discharging cargo, [illegible] anchor, etc. [illegible] There are accommodations for [illegible] cabin passengers. [illegible] An [illegible] lunch was spread, and every [illegible] guests who were on hand [illegible] were dispensed with [illegible]. [illegible] On the return trip dancing was [illegible] and no doubt there would [illegible] had been [illegible].

AT GREAT REDUCTION, BY ALL STEAMERS.
ROUND THE WORLD.

One Hundred and Five Routes to VIENNA; Seventy two Routes to Italy; Thirty Routes to Holland, Belgium and the Rhine; Thirty Routes to Ireland, Scotland and England. Full particulars in COOK'S EXCURSIONIST, American House.

COOK, SON & JENKINS,
262 Broadway, New York.

May 31]

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.
ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards consisting of Chromo [illegible] graphs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, business cards, etc. [illegible] Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. [illegible] General [illegible] will [illegible] a great public want and [illegible] the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor [illegible] Stations and San Francisco as they are [illegible] manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge [illegible] the varied and vast interests [illegible] Territories [illegible] charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH and will be [illegible] ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 1000 feet [illegible] there will be [illegible] tickets [illegible] visitors. All orders for these attractive and [illegible] will be received at the office of the Company, [illegible] Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be the [illegible] open to the public [illegible] March [illegible].

J. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Informal on Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

PORTLAND CEMENT

John C. Gostling & Co., London.—The Portland Cement supplied by the above firm [illegible] of this we may mention a few of the [illegible] where it has been used [illegible] by the Metropolitan Board of Works [illegible] Main Drainage and Thames Embankment; the Thames Conservancy [illegible] New Docks, etc. [illegible] and [illegible]. The Government Works at [illegible] the Dockyard are now being supplied at the rate of Twelve Thousand Tons per annum. The above quantities will in themselves speak for the good quality of this Cement [illegible] by eminent Engineers are the results of tests [illegible] that always supplied [illegible] makers. This Portland Cement is particularly adapted [illegible] strength and durability [illegible] In order to test the quality [illegible] and cement [illegible] in water and let remain there seven days before breaking. All orders to be addressed to the Sole Agents for [illegible] this Coast, MACONDRAY [illegible] Order J. C. GOSTLING & CO., [illegible] Church street, London. May 3.

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 436 California street, up stairs. Apr 19

S. T SUIT & CO'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B B B Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed. BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,

Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH,	J. T. GLOVER,
C. T. WHEELER,	W. W. DODGE,
Sacramento	San Francisco.

Dec 9]

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st and 15th of every month at noon for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, calling at Hiogo and Nagasaki.

June 16—GREAT REPUBLIC ... Capt. Howard.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 5th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

June 19—ALASKA ... Capt. Nolan.

All Steamers will call at MAZATLAN and MANZANILLO, and connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS, and all, except the ALASKA, call at SAN DIEGO.

The [illegible] tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen and Norway.

When the sailing date of [illegible] steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge; will leave at 3 P.M., as follows; Tuesday, June 24th; Thursday, July 24th.

Returning, will leave Honolulu July 8th, and August 7th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at [illegible] as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. [illegible], Friday, June 20.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Saturday, June 14, Thursday, June 26.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO AND SANTA BARBARA.

Steamers will leave at 9 A.M. as follows:
SENATOR, Capt. Hart, [illegible], June 2d

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, June 17th.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P.M. on the 16th.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office at the Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts. [June 14.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new [illegible] in ALAMEDA VALLEY. [illegible] lots and [illegible] fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific [illegible] by the Directors. [illegible] beautiful with evergreen trees [illegible] all [illegible] this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,

Agent Decoto Land Company, 621 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Post office. Dec 24.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan 4 No. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London; National Provincial Bank of England; Williams & Co., Brecon [illegible] Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate within, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co., Branch of Anglo Italian Bank 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate within, Union Bank of Australia, No 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 79 Lombard st., Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers, Hoberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers, The City Bank, Finch lane, The Alliance Bank (Limited), in Bartholomew lane, Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C., Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside, Merchants' Bank, [illegible] Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London and [illegible] Bank, [illegible] Fulham road, Credit Foncier of Mauritius (Limited), 37 [illegible] Cornhill, Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 11 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, North [illegible] Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank [illegible] Yard, [illegible] Hampton [illegible], W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, [illegible], London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S., Sams's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos Mills, 44 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Glosterst, E.C; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

H F WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, [illegible] Room No. 1, Stevenson's Building, N. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate [illegible] and [illegible] and investing capital and managing estates.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 3.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—This has been a most eventful week in our own little theatrical world. First came Miss Graham's benefit, at which she played "Juliet" to Mr McCullough's "Romeo." She is to our fancy, the most painstaking actress we have here, and we are glad that a good house appeared to testify to the appreciation of her talents. If Miss Graham would do away with a little of her facial play, which she overdoes, we should like her better. However, she is a most pleasing actress, and in some of her parts shows great dramatic power. A crowded house was present at the benefit of Harry Edwards. No one better deserves the high place he holds among us, both as an actor and a gentleman, than Mr Edwards. He is the most versatile actor we have ever had on this coast. You cannot place him wrongly. He is as much at home in the character of the patrician "Mercutio" as he is in that of "Sir Peter Teazle." The *Merchant of Venice* was the piece chosen for his benefit, in which he played "Shylock." We have seen him in characters that suit him better, as he is altogether too manly for the flesh loving Jew. On Thursday a fair one came to unravel the mystery as to who the "debutante" described in the bills as a "Young lady of this city" was. Now we rather question the good taste of the management in trying to draw a house by such a claptrap dodge. Why not announce her name at once. It looks very much as if the "young lady" said to her audience and the public, "If you are good and like my acting, as a favor I'll tell you my name, but if you don't like me why I won't." Miss Freet need not have been so timid, for her audience, which seemed to consist in a great measure of her own friends, were most inconsistently persistent in their applause. In Mrs Centlivre's comedy of *The Wonder*, Miss Freet made her debut as "Violante." She is a very taking looking young lady, having a splendid figure and a face which if not strictly Grecian is at least pretty. She appeared quite at home on the stage, and what few faults she showed, such as taking the fainting and sudden appearance of "Isabella" too coolly, and copying Mrs Bowers peculiar drawl, her audience could forgive and look over. McCullough's presence as "Don Felix" seemed to inspire her with more confidence than she showed in the first part of the play. A general titter ran through the audience on the appearance of Mr. Plympton as "Frederic." He was gorgeously appareled in a dress suggestive of a window curtain that had robbed against a rainbow. With head erect and nose in air he hurried on the stage like a man who has left his great coat in a lunch restaurant. We predict a brilliant future for this young actress. Miss Freet was repeatedly called before the curtain, and must feel proud at receiving a reception such as falls to the lot of few "debutantes." She shows great promise as an actress, and will some day do honor to our California stage.

Williamson's Benefit.—No California play goers have seen and appreciated Mr Williamson. As a comedian, he has not an equal this side of the Rocky Mountains and very few on the other. He is in society a most genial gentleman. His annual benefit this evening, will be one of the most varied entertainments we have ever had here. *The Child of the Regiment*, a musical drama, with Miss Maggie Moore as "Josephine." The Fabbri Opera Troupe, with Inez Fabbri, Anna Elzer, Jacob Muller, etc., in choice selections. Mr Lawton and Mr Curtis in their *Hurly Burly Combat*, whatever that is. John McCullough and Williamson in recitations, Messrs Moore and Bray in clog dancing, and last, but not least, a local farce, *The Chinese Invasion*, written by Mr Clay Greene, which is said to be very amusing, and to contain many local hits.

The Ferrar Troupe.—Signor Manuel Ferrar, Herr Adolph Hartdegen, and Mrs Elmira Barstow, returned from their tour South last week. The trip was a successful one in all respects, some six or eight well attended concerts being given at Santa Barbara, Los Angeles and San Bernardino. At Los Angeles Mrs Barstow—who has established her South that reputation as a first class artiste which she most certainly and deservedly gained here—received a complimentary testimonial in the shape of a benefit concert. Hartdegen, the violoncellist, starts on a visit to Mexico and South America on the 19th prox. previous to which, on Monday, the 16th he gives a farewell concert at the Pacific Hall. As he is to be assisted by Mrs M[illegible], Mrs Barstow and Vernon Lincoln, as vocalists and by Ferrar, Wetll, Schott and Schmidt as instrumentalists, a programme of unusual and particular merit is to be expected.

On Wednesday and Thursday Evenings and Saturday Afternoon, the lovers of exquisite and wonderful violin playing may expect a treat. Mr. Henri Wieniawski, solo violinist to the Czar, and undoubtedly first in his specialty in the world, will give on the days mentioned three concerts in Pacific Hall. As assistant attractions, he is accompanied by Mlle. Jule de Ryther, soprano; Mr. Carl Wolfsohn, pianist, and M. L. Bembrilinski, accompanist. In manipulation and expression, Wieniawski is spoken of as rivaling Paganini.

The American Protestant Association, a body every day growing stronger and stronger in its power to protect true Americans against white-washed Catholics holds its first grand picnic at Fassking's Gardens on Tuesday, June 17th. All true Americans should attend, or at least buy tickets.

A Large Circus Troupe will arrive here on Thursday, June 19th, and will commence business on the [illegible]. It seems to be a wonderful combination of wild animals, equestrians, gymnasts, etc.

Mr Vernon Lincoln has received the position of first tenor in Trinity Church's splendid choir, vice Mr. Canfield, resigned.

Woodward's has had a host of visitors this week. The programme for tomorrow is a wonderfully good one.

No One should miss going to the Caledonian Sports at Badger's Park to-day.

The City Gardens look very flourishing, and are largely patronized.

OUR SAN FRANCISCO MERCHANTS.

Nothing has Impressed us so much with the health and growing wealth of California as a quiet stroll we took down Front street and Battery this week. There all is bustle and activity, while the immense stock carried by some firms shows that their business is not merely an outside show. There one sees nearly every nationality represented, showing that we are indeed a cosmopolitan people in the strictest sense of the word. We were particularly struck with a large carpet warehouse at the corner of Market and Battery, and wishing to actually judge for ourselves if these large houses were well stocked, or merely for outside show, we entered. The head of the firm (Mr D. N. Walter, we believe, is his name) politely responded to our request to look over the place, and volunteered to show us over. On the first floor we saw any piece of carpets, paper hangings, matting, oilcloths, damasks, lace curtains, and innumerable goods appertaining to upholstery. We also noticed an hydraulic lift in full play. On the second floor is an immense stock of carpets, matting, chair covering and other stock, while on the third floor were some of the choicest Axminster Carpets we ever saw. They have excellent taste in each goods. The basement is chiefly devoted to the storing of paper hangings and surplus stock. Taken as a whole, we have never been over either in New York or Manchester a house of the trade larger and better filled. Mr. Walter informed us that their trade was solely confined to importing and jobbing. They are the only bona fide direct importers of carpets, furniture covering, etc., in the State. The amount of the stock they carry surprised us and made us wonder where they found a market. [illegible] they have houses at Portland, Oregon, New York, Paris, and Manchester, England.

At the Close of the Present "Art Association" Exhibition it is proposed to have an experimental auction sale in the Society's gallery of such pictures as the artists may choose to leave or put in for that purpose. This is done partly for the benefit of young resident artists, whose merits in a miscellaneous sale outside might be overlooked, and partly to save commissions and other expenses. It is understood that an auctioneer of standing has generously consented to act his accustomed role on that occasion.

The Catholic Guardian asks, with great concern, how is it that Pius IX, that weak, infirm old man, imprisoned in the Vatican, and seemingly helpless, causes so much anxiety to the rulers of the earth, and makes them tremble behind their innumerable armies. It is a grateful call, but the answer is brief. Pius IX is supported by the *Daily Evening Post*. Who shall make him afraid!

AT THE LAST.

Three little words within my brain
Beat back and forth like one refrain,
Three little words, whose dull distress
Means everything and nothingness,
Unfolded more and yet instead
Of other utterance. She is dead.

Here lingering, we talked of late
Beside the hedge-grown garden gate,
Till, smiling, ere the twilight fell
She bade me take a last farewell.
Those were the final words she said—
But yesterday—and she is dead!

I see the very gown she wore,
The color I had praised before,
The swaying length, where she would
Make a light rustle on the grass [illegible],
There in the porch she turned her head
For one last smile—and she is dead!

Could I have known what was to come,
Those hours had not been blind and dumb!
I would have [illegible] close with Death,
Have striven for every glance and breath!
But now—the final word is said
The last look taken—she is dead.

We were not lovers—such as they
Who pledge a faith to last for aye,
Yet seems the universe to me
A riddle now without a key.
What means the sunset overhead,
The bloom below—now she is dead?

So now my grief, its sudden haze
Bewilders my accustomed ways,
And yet and it seems my heart
Was never from its [illegible] apart.
What was and is and shall be, wed
With that one [illegible]—she is dead.

WIENIAWSKI CONCERTS.—PACIFIC HALL.

Mr. Wieniawski has the honor to announce a series of Grand Con-certs for WEDNESDAY EVENING, June 18th; THURSDAY EVENING, June 19th; SATURDAY P. M., June 21, GRAND MATINEE, when MR. HENRY WIENIAWSKI, Solo [illegible] of His Majesty the Emperor of Russia will make his first appearance in this city together with an ensemble of eminent artists, including MLLE. JULE DE RYTHER, Soprano; MR. CARL WOLFSOHN, Pianist; MR. L. BEMBRILINSKI, Accompanist. A most attractive programme will be presented at each concert. General Admission, $1. Reserved Seats, 50 Cents Extra. Sale of seats commences Monday, June 16th, at 9 A.M., at Gray's Music Store, 623 and 625 Clay street. Steinway's Pianos used at all Wieniawski Concerts. June 14

FIRST GRAND PICNIC

Of the American Protestant Association, on Tuesday, June 17, 1873, at FASSKING'S GARDEN, Alameda, for the benefit of the A. P. A. BUILDING FUND. Dancing as well as sports of different kinds will be introduced including innocent and amusing games for ladies and children and elegant prizes will be awarded. REV. DR. JEWELL will deliver an address at [illegible] o'clock. Admission tickets, [illegible] cents. Children under 12 years, accompanied by their parents free. Fare on the Boat, 50 cents. Children half price. Steamers leave Alameda Ferry Wharf, Davis and Pacific streets, as follows: 7:30 and [illegible] A. M., and every half hour until [illegible] P. M. Also at [illegible] P. M. Returning—The cars leave the grounds at 5 P. M. and half hourly until [illegible] o'clock. Tickets can be obtained at the various bookstores and from the members of the Order.

June 14 THE COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

THE CALEDONIAN CLUB.

Seventh Annual Gathering and Games, to be held at Badger's Cen-tral Park, Oakland, on SATURDAY, June 14, 1873. The Prizes to be competed for this year are numerous and valuable, more so than at any previous meeting of the Club. A splendid Band of Music has been engaged, and the large Pavilion in the Park will afford ample accommodation for dancing. The Games will commence with the Quoits at [illegible] A. M. The Oakland Ferry Boat will run on time during the day, connecting with trains direct for the Park. TICKETS, including fare both ways, Fifty Cents, children half price. To be had from the Members, or at the stores of Anderson & Randolph, 113 Montgomery street, Anderson & Irvinge, 419 Montgomery street, Wm. A. [illegible], [illegible] Kearny street, or at the wharf morning of Games. June 14

GRAND FAREWELL CONCERT.

Tendered Adolph Hartdegen on Monday, June 16 at Pacific Hall, assisted by the following artists: Mrs. [illegible] Mola, Mrs. Eunice Barstow, Messrs. Vernon Lincoln, [illegible], Manuel Y. Ferrer. The [illegible] Planel, Ernest [illegible], Louis Schmidt, Oscar W[illegible], [illegible] Conductor Herr Otto Linden. Admission One Dollar. Seats may be secured without extra charge, at the Music Stores of Gray and Sherman & Hyde. June 14

NAHL'S ART GALLERY.

The undersigned retains possession of all negatives taken at Taber's and is prepared, as heretofore, to furnish all kinds of pictures in the best manner possible, guaranteeing, with first-class talent, [illegible] satisfaction in all cases. MR. NAHL'S personal attention is given to all retouching and coloring in every style, in which branch of art he is acknowledged by all to be at the head of his profession. NAHL & CO., Artists and Photographers,

N[illegible] Montgomery street near Market. June 14

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT

The new A 1 Clipper Ship Carrollton, Bosworth, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [May 31] F. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 20 California street

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Fran-cisco. Office Hours, 9 A.M. and 4 P.M. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to all collections and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 14

MILLS SEMINARY.

The next term of this well-known Institution will commence WEDNESDAY, July 9th. For further particulars inquire of

June 14 REV. C. T. MILLS, Principal, Brooklyn, Alameda County.

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonough, Master, will sail on her next regular trip on SATURDAY, June 14, at 12 o'clock M. from Front street Wharf, connecting at the mouth of the Colorado with the Steamers and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in TWELVE DAYS, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through Bills of Lading will be furnished and none other signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,

June 14. [illegible] Front street.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—SPECIAL NOTICE.

The Steamship Great Republic, Howard, Captain, will leave for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG on MONDAY, June 16th, at 12 o'clock noon. The Steamship ALASKA, Nolan, Captain, will leave for PANAMA on THURSDAY, June 19th, at noon, [illegible] calling at MAGDALENA BAY and MEXICAN PORTS, taking NO FREIGHT FOR CENTRAL AMERICA, connecting with Steamer COLON from Aspinwall for New York. [June 14.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—SPECIAL NOTICE

The Steamer Ancon, E. Honey, Captain, will sail for Panama on SATURDAY, June 21, at 3 o'clock P. M. calling at SAN DIEGO, MAGDALENA BAY, ACAPULCO and ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. This steamer has been entirely refitted and [illegible] offers an excellent opportunity for passengers to and freight for Central America without transhipment. Freight received on and after MONDAY, June 16. [June 14.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME and AJAX, connecting with steamers for SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and to O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

June 14 WM. NORRIS, Agent, 2[illegible] Sansome street

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Ajax, P. Holles, Commander, will leave Folsom st. wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, June 14, at 12 o'clock M. [June 14.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

THE MARRIAGE IN THE ICE-PALACE.—A STORY OF THE RUSSIAN COURT.—(Continued.)

[BY L. VON SACHER-MASOCH.]

Czar Peter II. died in the year 1730. The next claimants to the throne were the daughters of Peter the Great, and after them the daughter of Ivan Romanov, but Ostermann and the Princes Dolgoruki, who were in league with him, had fixed their attention upon Anna Ivanovna, the younger daughter. Ostermann supposed that a princess, whom he had taught how to read, would be ready to receive instruction from him in other matters. The Dolgoruckis won over the Senate. Anna Ivanovna promised to [illegible] away, and [illegible] the absolute power of the crown in favor of the nobility, and on these terms she ascended the Russian throne.

When Basil Dolgorucki came to announce to her the Senate's decision to confer the crown upon her, he found in the duchess' room an inferior-looking man, to whom [illegible] leave the apartment.

This [illegible] personage was Biron, and the aged Dolgorucki gave him [illegible] head. Biron stared impudently at the leader of the Russian aristocracy and did not [illegible], whereupon Dolgorucki seized him by the arm to push him out by main force. Anna Ivanovna hastened with all the energy of which she was capable to the rescue of her favorite, and Dolgorucki had to content himself with getting her signature to the papers he had brought with him.

The coronation ceremony was barely over before it was discovered that the woman in the imperial ermine was the slave of the man who had once made himself her [illegible]. Anna Ivanovna, without troubling herself any further about [illegible] the other points she had sworn to, declared herself an autocratic sovereign, which [illegible] that the man at her side intended not merely to rule, but [illegible].

The Senate reminded her of her promise to dismiss Biron. She answered by riding through the city with him, and showing herself with him to the people. The [illegible] and planned a revolution, and this was what Biron had hoped for. The common [illegible] who had been treated with contempt by the [illegible] aristocrats, and who [illegible] an Asiatic despot, [illegible] began to take his revenge in truly barbarous fashion. The Empress was thought to be careless, good-natured, and indeed she dare not oppose him, while he was bloodthirsty as a tiger and as cruel as a hyena. Not satisfied with putting his enemies to death, he had to drink the cup of revenge to the dregs. Before he had their haughty heads struck off, he meant to trample his victims under foot and humiliate them. So he began with the Dolgoruckis.

By order of the Empress the proud princes were summoned to the palace. [illegible] led into the presence of the Empress, [illegible] found themselves in an apartment where Biron lay on a couch in his dressing-gown. [illegible] their wrath with a scornful smile.

"Where is the Empress?" exclaimed Basil Dolgorucki.

"I am here in place of her," said Biron.

"This is a violation of our rights and an insult to the monarch!" cried Ivan Dolgorucki.

"Can you mean us to have audience of her groom!" murmured the others.

"And pray what do you call the documents that you presented to the Empress?" returned Biron, with grim composure; "and the attitude you have assumed ever since she has reasserted the absolute power that is her right? The former I call a gross insult to the Empress, and the latter Rebellion."

"What do you dare take us to task?" cried Ivan Dolgorucki.

"Yes, and what is more I demand your signatures to this paper," said Biron, [illegible] in which you beg the Empress for forgiveness, and submit [illegible] unconditionally to her will."

"Which means [illegible] rascal," impetuously exclaimed Ivan Dolgorucki, "we will never [illegible]."

"Then down on your knees and beg for your lives, rebels!" cried Biron, rising from his couch and [illegible] officers of the Imperial Guard crowded into the apartment and [illegible] the Dolgoruckis prisoners.

After a hasty trial the heads of the family were condemned to death, while the others were [illegible] Siberia. But this was not enough to satisfy Biron's lust for revenge. He [illegible] the Dolgoruckis to understand that they might expect to be pardoned if they [illegible] themselves before him. They asked for an interview [illegible] in a cloak [illegible], and showed his contempt for the Dolgoruckis by [illegible] their faces [illegible] before the all-powerful favorite, and asked forgiveness.

"[illegible] I show you any favor in my power," said Biron, with a diabolical smile, "but I cannot give you your lives or your liberty."

And the next day two of the princes were beheaded and the others sent off into exile.

[illegible] by this first success, Biron now began, with the help of the heads [illegible] the ranks of the Russian aristocracy [illegible]. After [illegible] of the Empress' friends, determined that [illegible] of [illegible]. [illegible] to the [illegible] Senate. [illegible] in [illegible] death on his [illegible] Biron [illegible] death warrants for [illegible] the Empress [illegible] her most devoted [illegible] and [illegible] to have mercy on them. Biron was [illegible] the Empress, [illegible] threw her [illegible] feet and [illegible] sobs [illegible] to spare the [illegible]. Biron dragged her to the table on which the death warrants lay, and compelled her to sign with [illegible] hand.

* * * * * * * * *

Biron's power grew absolute when, in the course of a few years, the great tenderness [illegible] Empress, and [illegible] natural [illegible] to trouble herself much about state affairs, and often [illegible] the papers presented to her by the man who was the actual ruler of Russia. [illegible] history, and [illegible] at his hands, while she could do nothing but cry and complain to her waiting maids.

In the year 1740 the Winter set in unusually early and with extraordinary severity. The Empress [illegible] taken cold, and was in such pain that she had [illegible] Her [illegible] seated [illegible] an arm-chair close to the fire [illegible] the court. The [illegible] the cold [illegible] Biron came in from a ride, whip in hand, and [illegible].

"What does this mean?" he exclaimed. "Why, it's hot enough to send any one mad!"

"I am [illegible] cold," said Anna Ivanovna, timidly.

"[illegible] the air, and you'll soon get warm," he returned in an authoritative tone.

"But let [illegible], I am so cold," groaned the Empress.

"It's fancy," he exclaimed, and began throwing open all the windows.

"You will be the death of me," cried Anna Ivanovna.

"[illegible]," he [illegible], with a brutal laugh. "Off with [illegible]"

"I cannot [illegible]," [illegible] the Empress. "The gout!"

Biron [illegible] by [illegible] both her hands and [illegible] her stand up.

"There! Didn't I say it was all fancy?" and without more ado ordered the Empress's sedan.

"It will kill me," moaned Anna Ivanovna. But her protestations and tears were of no avail; she was compelled to [illegible] sedan [illegible] at a couple of hours. Two of her ladies [illegible].

"Oh, it is bitter cold!" sighed the Empress, as the keen air penetrated through closed windows, and fur, and veil. "Bitter cold!" And in fact the cold was more intense than the oldest inhabitant had ever remembered; not a morning dawned without [illegible] the bodies of people who had been frozen to death in the streets during the night, and even birds drop frozen from the trees and house-roofs. The chairmen were compelled to stop every now and then and rub their hands with snow, to avoid getting frost-bitten, and this served to increase the discomfort and impatience of the suffering Empress. At length the singular procession reached the extreme suburb, where there were only a few tumble-down, thatched huts standing on the river bank. Here the Empress saw a sight which filled her with a kind of horror. A hole had been cut in the ice of the Neva, and in this hole stood a tall, robust woman, in a jacket that left her breast bare, washing clothes. The Empress bade the chairmen halt, and forgetting all else in her astonishment, threw open the window of her sedan, and called out to her ladies:

"Look at that woman standing in the water! What a picture of health she is! How I envy her."

Then she called the washerwoman to her, and when her summons had been somewhat reluctantly obeyed, the Empress was more struck than ever at the sight of her ruddy cheeks as she stood before her barefoot in the snow.

"What is your name?" she asked.

"Anna Ivanovna Nul[illegible], lady; but it is cold, and I must beg you not to interrupt me at my work," answered the washerwoman.

"Only a word or two, Anna Ivanovna. That is my name, too," said the Empress. "Tell me how you can stand in the Neva like that, and not freeze to death. You seem strong, and healthy, and keep your good looks too, for really you are not at all a bad looking woman, Anna Ivanovna."

The washerwoman laughed, pleased with the flattery.

"As for my health, that isn't much to brag about," she replied, "for I am frightfully tormented with the gout at times."

"With the gout!" exclaimed the Empress, "and yet you stand in the ice with bare feet. I suffer with it too, but I am fit to cry at the thought of leaving my room. True, you are still young, and I am forty-seven already, and at that age the blood isn't so warm."

"You are only forty-seven years old!" exclaimed the washerwoman, rubbing her hands in astonishment. "And you sit in a sedan chair, and let yourself be carried about just as if you were an old dame of a hundred. That comes of your hot rooms and your furs. Why I am over fifty, and I can run through the snow like a young [illegible]."

"Holy Mother of Kasan!" sighed the Empress, "I shouldn't have taken you for a day more than forty, Anna Ivanovna. Oh, how fortunate you are! Tell me how I can [illegible] hearty and good-looking as you are."

"Work, as I do, in the cold water, then take a vapor bath, afterwards roll about in the snow a little, and [illegible] good [illegible]," said the washerwoman. "But it's time I went back to my washing. God bless you, lady."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting [illegible] and [illegible]. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. [illegible] local [illegible] therefore be sent [illegible] to any person [illegible] 25 cents and upwards [illegible] scientific [illegible]. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

Oct 26 D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO.

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties (tarred or untarred) of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works [illegible] are so located that orders can be shipped direct by rail or water to any part of the State, when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY. [April 26.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, [illegible] Front street.

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO.

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for Rope of any special lengths and sizes. Constantly on hand, a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes, Tarred Manila Rope, [illegible]. TUBBS & CO., [illegible] Front street. April 2.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents for this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from [illegible]. The Trade [illegible] It is really the best Whisky in the United States. March 19

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers, [illegible] Front, Sacramento [illegible] San Francisco. Pacific Coast Agency [illegible] FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 12.]

REMOVAL.

The San Francisco and Pacific Sugar Company and H. Feuerstein & Co. have removed their offices to the Second Floor of TALLANT'S NEW BANKING HOUSE, Southeast corner of Battery and California streets. April 26.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, [illegible] 214 and 216 [illegible] street, San Francisco. Sept 14.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind. Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street 517, [illegible] Commercial st.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator [illegible]. Oct 27.

QUICKSILVER

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Hooey's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated [illegible] Vineyard, [illegible] now permanently located at [illegible] Market [illegible] San Francisco. [illegible] Manager. HENRY GERKE. Nov 11.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS — IN — Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens. Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pelizo.

Barbadoes (W. I.) Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin. Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham. The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.

The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.

The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square, Benj. Scrivan, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France. Hotel Des Bains.—E. Munton, Pr.

Chepstow. Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople. Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba. Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin. The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh. The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Saney, Proprietor.

Folkestone. London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva. Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.

Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa. Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax. White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck. Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington. Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool. Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London. Bridge House Hotel, London B[ridge].

Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.

Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons. Hotel de l'Europe, M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan. Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.

Hotel Pozzo.

New York. Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham. Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris. Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth. Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec. St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro. Cafe Americana.

Sheffield. Royal Hotel.—E. Woods, Prop.

St. Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate. The Granville Hotel.

Toronto. The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin. Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice. Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.

Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna. Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.

Grand National Hotel.—Mach & Mayer, Proprietor.

Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

San Januarius, the Patron Saint of Naples, has been behaving unhandsomely lately. Everybody who is anyways conversant with the history of this city is aware that on the first Saturday in May, and on the 19th of September, a miracle is, or should be, performed. And it happens in this wise. A small portion of the blood of the saint, collected and boiled after his martyrdom, in response to the prayers of the clergy, and groans of a large congregation of the faithful, becomes liquefied, or as in Naples it is vulgarly expressed, "boils." On Sunday last, however, notwithstanding that the image of the saint was carried with great pomp and ceremony from one church to another, escorted by a detachment of National Guards and a host of believers in tall coats and white cravats, the miracle did not take place. Forty minutes of fervent prayers, and forty minutes of cries and howls on the part of the assembled devotees, only sufficed to bring about a partial liquefaction of the clotted mass. Great was the consternation and many the surmises at this strange and unlooked for event. Years ago it would have created little short of a revolution, and had a "Protestant heretic" been in the church he would have received rough usage. And indeed it seems to be no cause for such a calamity. We well remember that shortly after the revolution of 1860 the priestly party suggested, with the hope of creating a popular ferment that the miracle would not be performed, which Father Gavazzi, who was in Naples at the time, said he was unwilling to believe, as San Gennaro was "a perfect gentleman." But General Cialdini, it is said, sent for the officiating priest, and said to him in a manner which admitted of no misinterpretation, the city being under martial law at the time, that the miracle must take place at 10 o'clock to-morrow, or he would hold him responsible for it. And take place it did, for Cialdini was not a man to be trifled with.

A Curious Story Touching a Bet.—A Berlin correspondent says:—A curious story has just cropped up in Cassel, Germany, touching a bet made between two officers there. One of the gentlemen, who was a Count and an adjutant, laid down the proposition that a man of rank and title could, whenever he chose, marry a rich heiress. He proposed a bet, indeed, that within eight days he could get himself engaged to a certain young lady who possessed the high qualification described. The bet was accepted. This young lady was the daughter of the widow of a man who had been the proprietor of a gambling house, and she was said to have half a million as her dowry. The Count set to work to win the girl's affections, and succeeded. An engagement in Germany is a solemn affair, and is always published in the newspapers. However, as soon as the engagement was arrived at the Count claimed his bet, and then wrote to the girl to say that, on account of her father having been a gambler, it was impossible for him to marry her. The engagement was annulled, and the final result, it was thought, of this business affair were a large quantity of champagne and a broken heart. But Emperor William heard of the little romance and did not like the looks of it at all. Probably before the large quantity of champagne had been drunk both the officers in question found themselves under arrest. At present, according to the command of the Emperor, they await their trial by court-martial, and it is highly probable that they may find serious cause to repent of having engaged in that merry jest.

Sacrificing Children to Propitiate Cingalese Treasure Demons.—We have a dismal story of a not unfamiliar kind from Ceylon—a search for treasure, and an endeavor to propitiate the demon in charge by a human sacrifice. Truly, this worship of devils is a bloody business, and in this instance it is an innocent child who has been slaughtered. As the case is in the hands of justice, the offenders will doubtless be punished as they deserve. We have little to say about it especially, and have referred to it in order to remind those who feel a just fury of sad gratification at a murder so brutal, that human sacrifices, which we of the West are apt to think belong to a bygone age, are by no means uncommon very much nearer than Ceylon. The awful tales of Hindu [illegible] of practice it is a hideous right to avert evil as readily as to ensure good fortune, and [illegible] of making these sacrifices [illegible] that the destruction of [illegible] whatever is murder, and will receive from the law the punishment of murder, we fear it will continue. It is to be hoped that no one [illegible] such murderers to escape, [illegible] that they are [illegible] not amenable to law, will be [illegible] or [illegible] that [illegible] brought to light, there are scores that remain hidden in the horrible villages where they are committed.—*Times of India.*

Mdlle de Malamarro de Tarboy took the veil on Saturday morning at Nancy. [illegible] which she was one of its gayest and [illegible] circumstances. She wears [illegible] family in [illegible] which was occupied by the Prussians. The officers were [illegible] in the dining room, and one of them seized the young lady round the waist and attempted to kiss her. The maiden, fired with an element at this outrage, seized a knife on the adjacent table and plunged it into the Prussian's breast. The lady was arrested, a court martial was convened, but the Prince of Hesse, who commanded the district, ordered the instant release of the fair prisoner. Never was blood more justly shed, yet it has weighed so heavy on her heart that she has been forced to seek shelter from remorse in the cloisters.

A Most Tragical Scene took place recently at the Hospital of La Charité. A young [illegible] had been recently admitted to the hospital, he was suffering from [illegible] the night on [illegible] alcoholic excesses [illegible] he had [illegible] placed in a ward tenanted chiefly by dropsical and paralytic patients. Suddenly he sprang from his bed, whipped a long knife from beneath his pillow, and rushed upon the ward brandishing his weapon [illegible] cuts right and left. Eight helpless [illegible] before the man could be secured, and by that time seven patients had fallen victims to his fury. It is hardly credible that [illegible] lunatic was [illegible] in his bed in the same crowded ward. None of the wounds have as yet proved fatal.

It is Impossible to get a room in Vienna "close to the Exhibition" under 12s per day. [illegible] from six to seven shillings, but breakfast is a far more serious matter. The *Times* correspondent [illegible] meals now [illegible] industrial [illegible] Vienna at present. "No one [illegible] of Vienna with his wife and daughter." The *Neue Freie Presse* of Vienna states that owing to interference of the Government authorities, who have revised the tariffs, the Vienna restaurants have lowered their prices. It is to be hoped that this salutary action of a "paternal" government may extend to the lodging-house keepers and hotel proprietors.

Diamonds Combustible.—An experiment recently reported by Mr. Spence, of Manchester, [illegible] shows that under certain conditions the diamond is combustible at a much lower temperature than is usually supposed. A South African "off-colored" stone about the size of a small pea was imbedded in a mixture of carbonate of soda and hydrate of lime. The crucible containing this mixture was heated in a muffle for three days and three nights, and though the temperature during that time never rose above a low cherry red heat it was found, on breaking open the mass, that the diamond had entirely disappeared.

The Historical "Pit full of Kings" of the Napoleonic era is almost paralleled at present in the city of Vienna, where there are now, according to the *Fremden-Blatt*, six crown princes, viz., the Crown Prince of Prussia, the Prince of Wales, the Crown Prince of Denmark, the Count de Flandre, and the Princes of Brunswick and Saxony. What an opening does this array of Royal personages offer for the "interviewing" [illegible] "enterprising" proprietor of the *New York Herald* be equal to the emergency?

A Duel with Swords took place on the Belgian frontier recently between Count de M[illegible] lieutenant in a regiment of Lancers and M. Henri de M[illegible]. The cause of the [illegible] was an angry dispute about political matters in which [illegible] the Count [illegible] After [illegible] the Count fell [illegible] He was removed to Courtrai, but fears are entertained that his wound is mortal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 424 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $750,000. OFFICERS—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice-President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary; H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Gorgan, J. H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, L. B. Benchley, H. M. Newhall, E. Ely, Daniel Meyer, Geo. B. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. F. Mass, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. F. Hatoway. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. E. Crosby, H. Mackleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Loewenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager; W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—[illegible]. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, [illegible], Julius Wetzlar, Manager; I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hewes, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager; N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, S. Hayes, Noah Palmer, D. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager; A. F. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb 1.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 224 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens. DIRECTORS.—W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, [illegible], Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, [illegible], G. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, S. D. Thayer, Jas. Phelan, Charles Main. H. G. HORNER, Secretary. C. W. KELLOGG, President. May 1.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies non-forfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among its Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Non-forfeiture Law. WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent. April 23.] N. E. cor California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouses and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin. Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security! DIRECTORS—SAN FRANCISCO—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weil, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, J. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan. GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President. CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 28.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford have removed from the corner of California and Sansome streets to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The Ætna has cash assets of $5,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business. WM. MACDONALD, Agent. GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent. Nov 21.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000. Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,[illegible]. Losses promptly paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. [illegible], Agent. Jan. 25. No. 224 California street, San Francisco.

☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of its [illegible] shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin. Feb 8. FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California, No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 208 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov 18.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others [illegible] to W. E. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 313 California street, San Francisco. Nov 18.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative, PAPER HANGERS and GLAZIERS, No. [illegible] Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. [illegible] Orders promptly attended to. Jan 25.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned to receive subscriptions and to attend to [illegible] the Society. [Oct 21.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris. [March 2.]

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. Nov 15.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. H. PHANS.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and [illegible] Howard street, New York. [July 22.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. In[illegible] [illegible] Nov 1.

MY AUNT AND MY UNCLE.

The lady of this legend old,
Which in our back-room we have by us,
Was, if the actual truth be told,
Pretty and pleasant, pert and pious.

On Sunday she to church would go,
On other days to picnics [illegible],
She wanted something—I did not know
What in the world it was she wanted.

She was a wicked little witch,
(Whom long ago one might by law burn);
Her eyes were bright, her voice was rich,
Her bosom carved, her tresses auburn.

Now on a certain Christmas time,
All [illegible] was mighty revel,
And mummers came with [illegible] rhyme,
And love and punch [illegible] played the devil.

Entered a mask with mighty beard,
And trident, while the fiddles kept tune:
Right through the dancing crowd he steered,
Keeping his character of Neptune.

He to the lady bent his knee,
And first she blush'd, and then grew paler,
For no one in the room but she
Knew Neptune was a common sailor.

It is, of course, extremely sad
That girls such fancies are entrapped in;
But this I know, this sailor lad
Married my aunt and died post-captain.

He fought his foe, he loved his lass,
Construed amo, amas, amavi,
And with a seventy-four could pass
Right through old Bony's party's navy.

MORTIMER COLLINS.

SUNBEAMS.

— A couple of dogs were having a dispute on the opposite side of a slat fence on [illegible] street, the other morning, when one of them, getting his nose near the [illegible] of his [illegible], plunged his head through the slats, in the hope of nipping his antagonist. That was where he made the mistake: the head went through easy, but would not pull back. The other pup, seeing his foe was in chancery, leisurely commenced eating up the front part of his head and ears. There was "music in the air" about that time, and the yelping brought the juvenile owner to the rescue. He took in the situation at once, and freezing on to the dog's tail, and bracing against the fence, he pulled his level best. For a moment it was doubtful which would give way first, the tail, the head, or the picket; but with a final surge, the boy brought away the pup minus the biggest part of both ears. The first jump that that dog made when loose was something over twenty feet, and with a continuous wail of grief he disappeared round the corner.—*North Bridgewater (Mass.) Press*

— As the train stopped at Annan the porter, the other day, thrust his head inside the door, and called out "Hannah [illegible]." A young lady, probably [illegible] with the [illegible] appellation of Hannah, [illegible] that he was addressing her, and shocked at his familiarity on so short an acquaintance, frowned like a thunder-cloud, and retorted, "Hold your tongue, do, you impudent fellow." He withdrew in a reserved and astonished manner.

— A PATENT OYSTER.—Where will the genius of the American inventor end? A down-east journal informs us that a Maine man is about to apply for a patent for an artificial oyster, made out of flour-paste, tapioca, salt, and water. The inventor places these in [illegible] hand oyster shells, which are carefully [illegible] and [illegible], and when a half intoxicated [illegible] customer calls for a dozen raw on the half-shell, he gets them fresh from the shop.

— At the session of the Unitarian Conference, the other week, Mrs. Julia Ward Howe asked why reference was constantly made to the "brethren," never to the "sisters." The Rev. Robert Laird Collyer replied that he would answer the same as a Methodist parson did to a similar question: "The reason is because the brethren embrace the sisters."

— Here is a graphic description of a fishing excursion: "Went off Saturday [illegible] for a holiday of fishing. Returned late at night, having walked thirteen [illegible], lost a £15 watch, sprained my thumb, spoiled a [illegible] part of trousers by sitting down on my luncheon, and caught a one-ounce roach."

[From Fun.]

— LETTING THE CAT OUT OF THE BAG.—Precious Bessie—"May I taste your grog, pa?" [illegible] "No, my son, it's not good for little boys to take [illegible]." Precious Bessie—"Then Mary's sweetheart [illegible] have said wrong, pa, for when he gave me some [illegible] whisky he said it would do me good—and was the right sort of stuff to make my hair curl."

— AS BROAD AS IT'S LONG.—Sympathizing Friend —"How did you get home from Middletown last night, Bill? It's a long road when you've got the drop in [illegible]." Bill—"Ah! it's not the length of the road [illegible] the breadth of it that I cast out wi'."

— [illegible] STRONG. The following appears in a leading [illegible] "American and [illegible] James's Express. To all parts of the world and New York." We have always had a [illegible] that the island of Manhattan was in "another place."

— "A MAN'S A MAN FOR A' THAT."—English [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

— A [illegible] for the [illegible]—Hacking. It may be [illegible]

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, May 4th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (Or.), [illegible], Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles Stock [illegible] Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7:00, 8:10, 9:20, 10:30 and 11:25 A. M.; 1:00, 1:30, [illegible], 4:00, [illegible], [illegible] and *11:00 P. M. 3:00, 4:20 and [illegible] to Oakland only.)

LEAVE BROOKLYN (for San Francisco), *5:30, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 11 [illegible] A. M. [illegible]

LEAVE OAKLAND [illegible] and 11:40 A. M., 12:00, 1:[illegible], 4:00, 5:[illegible], 5:00, 6:20, 8:00 and 10:20 P. M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7:20, 9:10 and 11:15 A. M. 1:[illegible], 4:00, 5:20 and 6:00 P. M. (7:20, 11:15 and 5:20 to Fruit Vale only.)

LEAVE HAYWARDS (for San Francisco), *4:00, 7:00 and 10 [illegible] A. M., and 3:[illegible] P. M.

LEAVE FRUIT VALE, *5:25, 7:25, 9:00 and 11:20 A. M., 1:20, 4:05 and 5:40 P. M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South.	Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only.
Leave—			
San Francisco	8:30 a m	*3:20 p m	*4:15 p m
San Jose.........Arrive	1:10 a m	5:[illegible] p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Pajaro Arrive	2:0 [illegible]		
Castroville Arrive	2:45 p m		
Salinas Arrive	[illegible]		
Hollister Arrive	[illegible]		

Trains North	San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—			
Hollister			11:10 a m
Salinas			10:45 a m
Castroville			[illegible]
Pajaro			[illegible]
Gilroy			12 [illegible] p m
San Jose	[illegible] a m	[illegible]	[illegible] p m
San Francisco Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m	[illegible] p m

*SATURDAYS at 2 P. M., Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at [illegible] a m. Returning, [illegible]

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at 1:00 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at [illegible] p m; arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] a m.

A. N. TOWNE, A. C. BASSETT,
General Superintendent. Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April [illegible], the Steamer [illegible] will leave San Francisco Meiggs Wharf at [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] On Saturdays, from [illegible] to [illegible], 6 and [illegible] A. M., [illegible] and [illegible] P. M. From San Francisco at [illegible] and [illegible] On Mondays, leave San Francisco Meiggs Wharf at [illegible] A. M. SUNDAY TIME: Leave San Francisco, 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. Leave Saucelito, 11 A. M., 1, 3 and 5 P. M. H. A. COBB, President,
April 2 [illegible] street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours. Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible]. Leave San Francisco at 2:30 P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. [Aug 24] CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 21, 1874, the favorite steamer Contra Costa, Captain J. J. McKenzie, connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco, [illegible] a.m., [illegible] p.m., 4.0[illegible] p.m. San Rafael, [illegible] [illegible] p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAYS as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a.m., 5:10 p.m.; San Rafael, 6:00 a.m. 1.4 p.m. [Aug 24] CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances made on consignments.
Dec 14 F. M. [illegible], Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, [illegible], Charabancs, Road, [illegible] Wood Spring, Open Buggies, [illegible], Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Fuge Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and [illegible], which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body [illegible]. Having but little metal in their construction, except in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory wood, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron-and-steel built buggies. The case with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect, or call before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, of the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 20.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on [illegible] at 12 o'clock M. from [illegible] Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamers and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication we would call the attention of shippers. Parties are [illegible] The [illegible] bill of lading will be furnished on application. For freight or passage having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15 [illegible] Front street

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also DR. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin. [illegible]. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 29 [illegible] street, London.

BREAKFAST EPP'S COCOA —GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London."

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry [illegible], Surgical Instruments, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible], Veterinary Sundries. Thirty [illegible] [illegible] the above forward [illegible] free of charge [illegible]
BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11 [illegible] London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Forms [illegible] special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. [illegible] all respectable stores [illegible] Nov 25

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary. Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. L. [illegible], M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Pomeroy, Adam Smith, [illegible] HARVEY S. BROWN, Attorney. Office—[illegible] Montgomery street [illegible] next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 11.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, [illegible] in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E.C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of [illegible]. Apr. 7

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March [illegible] Agents, [illegible] street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Build'g.
JUSTICES—[illegible] Montgomery St.
COUNTY—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—[illegible] Montgomery street.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATTY—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOM—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—California and [illegible] streets.
CITY PHYSICIAN—County Hospital.
CORONER—[illegible] Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—[illegible] Exchange.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
COMMISSIONER [illegible]—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City H.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT. OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place.
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT. PUB. SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSE—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Hayward's City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—[illegible] Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall.
OUTSIDE LAND COMMITTEE—24 Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets.
HEALTH OFFICE—Jackson street.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall.
POUNDKEEPER—Jackson st., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
QUARANTINE—Kearny street.
HARBOR MASTER—Vallejo St.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 9, [illegible] street. [illegible] Steam Navigation [illegible] [illegible] Africa, Hongkong and China Coast Company, [illegible] Jewry Chambers, J. C. Waldock, Secretary. Singapore [illegible] Mart Age, [illegible] King, Secretary [illegible] Hakodadi [illegible] & Co. agents, [illegible] Broad street, Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., [illegible] Mine & Co. ag'ts, 21 St. Swithin's Lane, Singapore [illegible] Steam Saw Mills Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane. Amoy Dock Co., John [illegible] agent, [illegible] Shanghai [illegible] Wharf [illegible] Dock [illegible] & Co. agents, [illegible] [illegible]. China Insurance Co., [illegible] Cornhill. J. S. Mackintosh, secretary. Canton Insurance Co., [illegible], Matheson & Co. agents, 3 Lombard st.; Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents, King's Arms Yard, [illegible] street. [illegible] Insurance Co. [illegible] & Co. agents, [illegible] Austinfriars, [illegible] Traders Insurance Co., [illegible] Preston & Co. agents, "[illegible]" [illegible] and Japan Marine Insurance Co., [illegible] & Co. agents, [illegible] King's Arms Yard. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Mincing Lane. [illegible] [illegible] Dock Co. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Banks: Agra Bank, 25 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. [illegible], Chairman. Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Old Broad street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager; Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street, Deutsche Bank, "Actien Gesellschaft" of Berlin, agencies, National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, With [illegible] [illegible], Bartholomew Lane, Lothbury; Bank of Rotterdam; Union Bank of London, agents. Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, [illegible] Manager, 31 Lombard street. National Bank of India, R. O. Sawers, Chief Manager, 80 King William street. Oriental Bank Corporation, [illegible] Threadneedle street, [illegible] Stuart, Chief Manager.

[illegible] will be [illegible] in the [illegible] [illegible] the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending June 7, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, June 2d.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Geo Tasheira to Geo F Bening	Se cor Eddy and Webster, 77½x120	$4,500
John Smith to City and Co S F	Com at a point 82 n Lombard and 157 w Ne sell, s 2 w 57 n 19 e 42 10½ ne 22 1 to place of commencement	1,000
Paul Tract H'd Ass'n to J A Iler	Lot 11 blk 25 Paul Tract H'd	1,000
Anloin Re Jambols to J R Spring	E Spofford 2 [illegible] Clay, etc	4,691
Wm W Fowler to T [illegible] Jersey	E Howard n 161, 60x125	6,[illegible]
James O Sullivan to T McCarthy	N Clover w of Jones, 31x60	255
Jos W Stow to Henry E Hassel	Und ½ portion Outside Lands	1
S C Haydon to Russel A Frn[illegible]	Undivided 1 12 same	1,300
Antoine Borel to John Landers	Nw cor Noe and 16th, 115x160	15,000
Henry Mahan to Robt Mains	E Boyce n Pt Lobos, 50x120	700
J Shirley to Theo de St Germain	N Jackson e Kearny, 21x31, etc	6,500

Tuesday, June 3d.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Ida Precht to S M West	S Bush w Hyde, w 4 inches x s 137 6	$ 1
Eliza Nagle to Margaret Caslwell	W Laguna, [illegible] Sutter, 62:6x25	1,750
Andrew J Coffee to Joseph Dieves	W Mason n Broadway, 68:9x100	....
A D Willmarth to John Satterlee	N Washington w Polk, 27x127 8	10
Jacques Travers to A A Haskin	Se Stockton and Francisco, 122 6x122 6, and [illegible] for $7 500	25,000
James Kearney to Ellen Kelly	S Pine e Powell, 20x60	4,000
George F Sharp to Frank H Woods	Se Tyler and Pierce, 137 6x136 6	5
Richard Holahan to T McDonnell	E Lafayette, [illegible]x57 6	1,600
J C Haake to W O Welseich	Sw Stewart nw Mission, 30x91 8	6,300
H L Coye to Mary A Storms	N Sutter e Taylor, 31 10 x 91 8	0,500
Tide Land Com'rs to T Donnelly	Ne Clinton se Brannan, 25x80	8
David P Least to Leon Meyer[illegible]	Se Tyler and Larkin, 137 6x137 6	100
Spring Val H'd Ass'n to C Meyer	Lots 352, 353, Spring Valley Hd	731
John L Cobleigh to H Barr Howell	N Clay w Polk, 50x127 8	5,000

Wednesday, June 4th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
John Batty to G R Holmes	N Post w Broderick, 41 3x137 6	$1,000
Bay View Hd to Sidney B Roby	Lot 16 blk 457, Bay View Hd Ass'n	600
Jason B Dorr to Chas E Haseltine	Und ½ nw cor Bush st and Brown's Alley, 53 11 w Kearny n 76 w 45 s 16 6 e 21 s 59 6 e 21 to comm nc ment	10
Antoine Borel to S P Middleton	Lots 2[illegible] to 2[illegible] Inc [illegible], Gift Map 4	1,000
Wm Bruce to Eliza Case	S 21st, 110 e Castro, 25x 11[illegible]	Gift
Wm Noonan to Christian Simon	S Sutter e Fillmore, 25x137 6	2,500
Wm O Swain to Bernard Kearns	N Bush w Webster, 25x137 6	1,[illegible]
Christopher Chisholm to Jno Coffey	W Dolores s 22d, 52x125	4,100
Thos Brown to Maurice Dore	Se Pine and Hyde, 62 6x87 6	7,500
Nathan Atkinson to F N Longley	W Sanchez n 30th, [illegible] x n 5 lot 43 blk 107, Buena Vista H'd	750
Bridget Fitzgerald to J Fitzgerald	Ne Leavenworth and Broadway, 68 6x40	Gift

Thursday, June 5th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Odd Fel Cem Ass'n to G G Burnett	Lot [illegible] Yerba Buena Plot, Odd Fel Cem	$ 112
City & Co S F to Wm B Olds	Sundry properties in Western Addition	Prem
E Bloomingdale to Ferdinand Reis	Undivided 1 acre in Mission [illegible] Solano [illegible] [illegible] church, etc	5,000
Geo Oh ton to same	Undivided [illegible] same	580
Yetta Greenwald to same	Undivided 1 acre same	5
Rachael E J Stephens and to S Otis	Sw Green and Larkin, s 156, w 121 n [illegible], [illegible] n 87 6 e 87 to com, also sw of Larkin and [illegible], [illegible]x75	100
Geo W Call to James Dixon	Sw Hampton Place [illegible] Folsom, [illegible]x75	3,000
M L Citron to Wm Hollis	Sundry lots in [illegible] portion of city	5
Wm H Brown to Yee Li Ba	S Clay e Dupont, 22x12[illegible], also, n Commercial, [illegible] w Kearny, 60 x w 6 inches	24,500
A Bosquet to Contract & Fin'ce Co	Sw [illegible] ew 4th, 137 1x80	9,000

Friday, June 6th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Geary St Ext'n Hd to E Torres	Lots 46 and 17 blk 2d	$ 700
Peter Conn [illegible] to D Gonzalez	E Alameda s 25th, 25x100, subj to mortg	100
J F Osgood to Leland Stanford	So Townsend [illegible] 4th, [illegible]x[illegible], also se of Townsend ne 5th, 68.5x120 subdiv of S B blk 16	10,000
Peter Dean to Contract & Fin'ce Co	Commencing at a point in S B block 15, 227 6 from sw line 4th on the line of Townsend, thence se 120 etc	2,125
Camilo Martin to Contract & F Co	Nw King [illegible] from n cor 5th and King 137 6x137 6, [illegible] nw King 317 9 ne 5th [illegible] 22:11x17 6	15,000
Wm Paddon to Caspar T Hopkins	Commencing at intersection of se line of Folsom with ne of 11th, se 152, ne 120 sw [illegible] nw to com	7,002
Mission & 30th St H'd to Geo Heyl	[illegible] [illegible] Mission and 30th St H'd	375
Maurice Dore to Leland Stanford	Sw cor Pine and Powell 137 6x[illegible] [illegible] 161 and [illegible]	3,000
Daniel Knight to Thos Young	Commencing at a point 91 s of Taylor, 137 6 s Sutter, 22 11x137 10	917
Ruth Knight to same	Same	6
John C Cross to Mary M Tasker	Lot 28 blk 18 R R Ave Hd Ass'n	Gift
City & Co S F to John Hogan	F York n [illegible], 37 [illegible]x100	Prem
E T Bowen to Thos Bowen	S Sutter e Hyde, e 6 s 137 6	11,000
Spring Val H'd Ass'n to J Springer	Lot 63 Spring Valley H'd Ass'n	860
Felton Tract Hd Assn to S E Shaw	Lots 9 and 3 in blk 120, Outside Lands	340

Saturday, June 7th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Edward Noonan to Thos D Tobin	S O'Farrell w Larkin, 27:6x137 6	$1,750
Charles C Butler to S H Wilson	Sundry lots in Western Addition	100
New S F H Ass'n to F N Steele	Lot 35 blk 32 N S S F H'd	540
Philip Wolf to John Camm[illegible]	Tide Lands	6,000
Felton Tract Hd Assn to E B Perrin	Lots 11, 12, 13, 36 to 43 inclusive, block 1204 Felton Tract H d	1,700
Abby Whitney to Nellie W Lapham	N Broadway e Laguna, 34 4x137 6	1
West St H'd Ass'n to J B [illegible]	[illegible] 131 blk [illegible] W A	1,036
Felton Tract H d to W J [illegible]	Lot 1 blk 1331	170
Jos A Hoffmann to Marian Hart	S 16th e Valencia, 25x85	2,000
John Martin to Margaret Martin	Se Market ne 5th, [illegible]x165	5
A J Kopsch to Jose R Pacheco	Six 50-vara lots in blk [illegible], W Add'ton	1,250
Columbus Bartlett to H [illegible] & I [illegible]	S Sacramento e Kearny, 41 [illegible]x[illegible]	14,793
Henry [illegible] to L Gould [illegible]	W Dupont s Sacramento, [illegible]x[illegible] 6	[illegible]
Pt Lobos Av H'd Assn to W M Seaton	Sundry lots Pt Lobos Avenue H'd	3,500
R C Barbadoes to Wm C Ralston	E [illegible] s Boston Place, etc	3,993
Wm H Taylor to Nicholas Luning	Potrero Nuevo Property	50
Nicholas Luning to City Gas Co	Same	50
Same to Wm H Taylor	Same	50

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending June 10, 1873.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
E B Marsh to L N Dougherty	Oakland, 100x75 nw cor Madison and 8d	$1,500
M A Eckhorn to J Meagher	Same, N line 9th 75 e from Brush th e 25x100	500
J Meagher to A Monteeth	Same, E line Brush 50 n fm 9th thence 50x100	1,700
Exrs of E Tompkins to A Machie	Same, 76x150 nw cor Alice and 11th	3,200
N Hastings to T Townsend	Same, Lot 28 in blk 'A' Okland View Hd Tract	300
T Townsend to A Leonard	Same	150
A V Wakeman to N Gray	Same, N line 10th 125 w from Brush th w 50x100	1,800
J G Diroll to A G Brown	Same, Lot 56 Buena Vista Hd	800
The P T S Ass n to I M Selfridge	Same, Lot 5 Pacific Theo Seminary Tct	....
Same to H E Jewett	Same, Lot 74 in same	....
Same to J P Bingham	Same, Lot 18 in same	....
L B Larue to D D McWade	East Oakland, 100x140 e cor Broadway and Madison	3,500
E M & B J Hughes to J C Balls	Same: 150x150 e cor Madison and Pine	550
W C Hoagland to J W Willard	Same: 150x150 s cor Jefferson and Jones	5,000
A Ludlum to W E Brown	Alameda: 67 acres bounded n by Central av, by Fitch & Sharon Tract and e by S F Bay	67,000
W Carroll to W S Wilkinson	Brooklyn Tp, Lots 12 13 14 Fruit Vale Hd	1,500
W H Clement to F Gerstenberg	Same, Lots 1 and 2 in blk 3 Clement's Addition to Melrose	500
L G Cole to E Tripp	Same, 12½ acres cor Redwood's and San Leandro Old Road	10,000
A P Warren to J K Brown	Oakland Tp, Various lots Vernon Park Tract	5,000
P Donnigan to M O'Neill	Same, Part plot 49	5
J Kennedy to P Donnigan	Same, Part plot 41	5
N B Byrne to J Stratton	4 miles from Oakland, 7 acres	5
Jos Hafenegger to T [illegible]	Same, [illegible] acre San Pablo Ave	250
L Franconi to E R Carpentier	Same, 33 acres on same	....
G Andrade to H W Carpentier	Same, 30 acres on same	5
J Dabner to M Lawrence	San Leandro, Lots in Dabner's Addi'n	150
P Hanson to T McInery	Same, 25 W alk bs at x 125	3,000
R Moscaholt to J Jacques	Haywood, 82x150	1,300
C A Maloney to [illegible]	Livermore, 60x112 6	573
T L Kay to W T Lemon	Near San Lorenzo, 11½ acres	770
W Holt to R [illegible]	Lynn, Lots [illegible] blk E	100
E Mastick to E A Carpenter	Borders on Town of Alameda, Interest in Marsh Land	1,200
D Hyer to M Ulman	On San Leandro Bay, 27 and 16 acres Tide Land	100
C Kaufman to same	Same	100
E L Beard to J D Robertson	Bordering on S F Bay between Alvarado and Alviso; Int in 30036 acres Tide Ld	216,000

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. June 10.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

GEORGE W. McKEAND, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. 3.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May [illegible], [illegible] 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of [illegible] and [illegible] approved by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue [illegible] [illegible] settled by decree [illegible] of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty [illegible] millions of dollars ($6[illegible],000), and said property stands pledged for the [illegible] of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where their bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditioned that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April [illegible], 1873.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 13.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor,
May 19. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Complete descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc. Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts. The Great Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc. Ocean Routes via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes to the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, [illegible] Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[Sept. 17.]

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland, The LINCOLN HOTEL at Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 506 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

C. L. CHARBON.} **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** {C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

MAYOR ALVORD.

We are Glad to See that all manhood has not departed from our city. There is one [illegible] who does not forget what is due to himself and to decency. Mayor Alvord has vetoed the Pig-tail Ordinance, and he who that in his opinion, at least, a man does not cease to be a man because he is very low. We do not congratulate the public upon this event because of any personal interest we have in the matter, for we have none. Whether the laws are observed or not, whether we behave like citizens of a model Republic, or like a band of scalping Potawattamies, has ceased to concern the *News Letter*. We invest every penny of our earnings in Russia, in Siam, and in Dahomey, and as fast as it comes in. Those countries have laws, and respect them. When we wish to speculate we shall go either to Paraguay or to Madagascar, where, if the Government should be at times a [illegible] constituted, yet at least the people are honest and well meaning, and every third man one meets in society is not afflicted with the leprosy as is the case in [illegible] [illegible] according to the statements of the daily newspapers. When we have [illegible] [illegible] our debts we shall emigrate to New Jersey, not expecting there to escape the above named disorder, for we feel that we must have already contracted it, for we have always associated with the most elegant and refined people in the city, because we hear that no San Francisco daily newspaper circulates in this blessed land. Let them burn San Francisco, say we, so long as they give us time to get away, that is, we ask Mayor Alvord's few friends to remain behind and with that idea uppermost, seems to be trying to make the place fit to live in. It is a great effort, but it will fail. Nothing can elevate the city but the killing of at least a score of [illegible] [illegible] editors—[illegible] we who think that because they have ink and type they are at liberty to do all the mischief in their power. Mayor Alvord has shown his manhood in a notable manner, and the *News Letter* salutes him. Good bye! Star and worry 'em, we won't. We are off for a country where it is not deemed laudable to harrass and bedevil the poor and humble—where fathers do not think it [illegible] spirited for their sons to stone and belabor quiet and civil people in the streets because they happen to be of a different race or religion. We offer but one word to the Mayor before going, adding our best wishes. Don't do your whole duty, for that you can't; but do as you have in the past. Do as much of it as you can with safety and with any prospect of success. If you should attempt to do your whole duty you would most likely commence by taking a shotgun and killing ten out of twelve Supervisors. Then you must load up and go down that street and do the same for the editors. By that time you would be out of ammunition and out of breath, and even a tithe of the necessary killing to say nothing of other duties would not have been commenced. So don't try that, Mr. Alvord, but stay at your post as Mayor, and veto bills as long as they will let you, and then come to us in New Jersey and settle down amongst decent people once more.

HIS NOBLE MANHOOD.

No Man is a Hero to his Valet, but a great many men are valets to some hero [illegible] better. There is a divine impulse in the human breast, which [illegible] be appeased until the lips are bent down to the Pope's toe, whether the Pope be Pius XI, or Chief-Justice Chase. Everybody knows that Mr. Chase was a very mild kind of hero, a sleek man of fair abilities [illegible] into a prominent position by the accidents of war, and never suspected of anything heroic about his death, when he was found to have dabbled in Latin literature, and to have written some very bad Latin verse. In a word, what did Mr. Chase do, that deserves remembrance? He was the father of greenbacks but he did not invent them. The French Republic of '93 had set him the example of irredeemable currency, and, indeed, we choose to go back to Alcibiades, the first ingenious gentleman who tried on promises to pay as on so much capital. One special distinction Mr. Chase may claim, among American heroes, at this late day. He gave his daughter in marriage to Sprague, the Rhode Island Senator, and signalized the wedding, which took place during the darkest period of the civil war, by an unbounded parade and insolence of display, which for a moment shocked even the callous feelings of Washington. Other men in America did their best in the same line, [illegible] Chase deserves the first place for contempt of decency, because he was then Secretary of the Treasury. Nevertheless, we have been unable to persuade ourselves [illegible] more than common, and the [illegible] great personal of the world [illegible] about him since his death has left us more sceptical than ever. His chief pretension to fame seems to have been that of a [illegible], his dignity on a par with Ben Butler's. An ingenious great [illegible] writes to the *Cleveland Herald* that, when Chase was inaugurated Governor of Ohio for the second time, a captain of [illegible] led his men to press back the crowd, with the words, "Charge bayonets!" whereupon the Governor, in awful wrath, [illegible] exclaimed, "Captain, I positively forbid any such order!" It is [illegible] that the writer saw Chase in a [illegible] passion. [illegible] should think not [illegible] in life, and Chase [illegible] it then. The peril was tremendous. The captain's nearly always slaughter [illegible] the crowd at inauguration and generally [illegible] when they know what horrors were averted [illegible] by Chase's awful wrath, the [illegible] passion which [illegible] him most [illegible] of a blood-vessel in lifting his voice, but his best suspenders shattered in that strain.

EXIT PIXLEY, EXIT "CHRONICLE."

Pixley has Published his Valedictory and retires to the shades of Tuscolum. The editorial chair he has never occupied, as he declares in a card the proprietor of the *Chronicle* having [illegible] appears [illegible] the office recommended with all [illegible] and from this the editorial tripod he now descends and steals away. That is enough for one. We do recommend it. [illegible] paper from this day and we [illegible] shall be even with [illegible]. We [illegible] man who succeeds him as we [illegible] average editor, as we [illegible] Tommy Newcomb or [illegible] or Pen Johnson, but we [illegible] when we [illegible] him that he is not Pixley, and for that matter [illegible] the original and veritable. There is but one Pixley and never can be another, and perhaps upon the whole [illegible] enough for the world [illegible] that there are no more. But we do declare, speaking for the faithful [illegible] that as a writer for a [illegible] journal, for ready and sparkling wit, for [illegible], always better than [illegible] for a clear and quick perception of what to say and how to say it on any subject that may be [illegible] thrust forth forward [illegible], the equal of that same Pixley is not today upon the continent. And if the Messrs. De Young [illegible] not a chair with us, a broad and comfortable one, with capacious arms [illegible] to him in the [illegible] [illegible] then they are [illegible] of the great [illegible] of which we have any knowledge. Bickering is no such a fool, and we will wager a round dozen of Yuarei [illegible] cigars that within that Pixley [illegible] part owner of the *Call* within six calendar months from today. *Verbum sap.*

COUNTY CLERK.

Some of our Lawyer Friends have informed us that all our Judges—Dwinelle, McKinstry, Morrison, McKee, Wheeler, Stanly, Blake and Myrick—have addressed to our efficient and worthy County Clerk, Major Wm. Harney, a compli[illegible] [illegible] high appreciation of him as one of the most competent and efficient officers [illegible] and expressing a strong hope that he may be able to continue to administer the arduous duties which he so well and ably fills. We would [illegible] [illegible] is better than we could obtain it, for we take a delight in always upholding and commending an honest, upright and able gentleman and officer as Major Harney is. When we look at the vast duties that officer is called upon to perform we are perfectly astonished how one man can carry out such a work. If we could retain [illegible] clerk of eight courts, to [illegible] [illegible] after [illegible] [illegible] the liberty and property of the people are at stake [illegible] for fifteen years. We think the fool that would set himself up as a candidate for that office [illegible] take half a lifetime to understand its [illegible] of the Judges, such a one should be taken [illegible] and at once committed. We have a hope that the present [illegible] can, for the public good. It would be [illegible] services of him, and we hope it will never occur. This is our [illegible] platform.

THE FOURTH OF JULY QUARREL.

We Regret to Learn of a Falling Out among the Fourth of July thieves. We are always sorry to hear of such falling out, for it is thus, in many instances, that honest people get their due—a result always to be regretted. For many years past, to [illegible] not much short of a score, a certain class of our "bummers" have been content to rely [illegible] during eleven months out of the twelve upon the faith that July would set them right again. And until this present year of grace their faith has, so far as our observation goes, in every instance been justified. For nearly and threadbare varlets to the number of half a hundred have invariably set forth in the early days of June with [illegible] licenses to beard, to prey upon, to badger and to cajole our citizens [illegible] and unpatriotic for money, with which to [illegible] the establishment of "the best government the world has ever seen," and to celebrate the birth-day of the "only free people on [illegible] the canopy of heaven." All of this and the pretense of patriotism. Of the sums so raised about one dollar in ten was put to actual use in the subsequent celebration. The rest stayed peacefully in the pockets of the collectors. Just as fat fingers at the ribs of bears and other animals of that family, under a bounteous provision of nature to enable them to hibernate and sorrow and await another season of plenty. And matters might have gone on smoothly enough in the same groove for an indefinite period, had the secret been well kept. But it was not. A fresh swarm of hungry scoundrels had learned somehow that there is money in the thing, and are resolved to have a share. Just as Hazeltin and his crowd got after the old gas company and compelled them to divide and so robbed the gas consumers, do these table [illegible] north of Jolsters reach out for the fat privilege of laying patriotism under contribution and stealing, on an average, five dollars from every man who loves the memory of Washington. We regret most cordially that it has occurred, not that we care for the [illegible] of the old time Fourth of July thieves, but because we fear that the general interests of stealing will be damaged in the coolest by the dear and confiding public being put upon its guard and buttoning up its trousers pocket for some time to come.

A PLEA FOR MICHAEL REESE.

Those Very Public Spirited Citizens, who are now engaged in making the rampant [illegible] resistance to the tax collectors, have petitioned the Supreme Court for a rehearing. We sincerely hope that Tribunal will grant it, and then reverse the former judgment in this matter. The heavy taxation consequent upon the bonding up of a new community falls with special severity upon wealthy men. Indeed, in some instances the charge is so enormous as to drive our best citizens almost to distraction. We understand that Mr. Michael Reese's tax bill for the year 1872, the legality of which is being tested in the above suit, is less than $11,000. Now this is absolutely outrageous, and should be [illegible] unconstitutional. In France, under an old and time honored system, very few (the men were not required to pay taxes whatever. The nobility and clergy were exempt. We are not prepared to stand out for absolute immunity for the nobility, and with us, wealth is the only patent of nobility, but we do not see any good reason why Mr. Reese, simply because he happens to be rich, and therefore of the upper class, should be required to make this enormous sacrifice, while if he were poor he would be exempt, or substantially so. Poor men get off with paying a poll tax of two dollars, and in many instances grumble over that. Then why should Mr. Reese be compelled to pay more? He has but one vote, and so doth exercise that, and ought not to be taxed higher than another having like himself but one vote. Taxation without representation led to the war of the Revolution. Mr. Reese has most gallantly thrown himself into the breach, and is struggling for the benefit of his order, and we must say he has our sympathies. His contract with his attorneys, the ablest in the State, to give them one third of all they can save, shows the fullness of his devotion to principle and [illegible] generosity. And we are also privately informed that if he wins upon the rehearing, it is his intention to donate $20 to each of the orphan asylums. We trust this may not be true for fear he may squander his vast estate, and be brought to want. We, however, give the rumor for what it is worth.

RESPECTING PIG-TAILS.

The Historical Origin of the Chinese Pig-Tail is known only to the *Chronicle* man, who has an Oriental learning of that independent paper; but it is generally understood to have been introduced into the political life of China by a distinguished mandarin named Tchah-le Tee Yung, who flourished as Censor in the time of [illegible]. Tee Yung was of an enterprising, inquisitive turn of mind, and eminently practical. He possessed a paper mill and it was said, made use of his official position to originate inquisitions and inquiries into the conduct of officers of all branches. These investigations carried on, as is the custom in China, in writing created a demand for an enormous quantity of paper of a quality like ours, very cheap, the Chinese term for the same meaning "[illegible]," and Tee Yung's establishment had a [illegible]. [illegible] In his [illegible] for subjects, glancing right and left at every official, and demanding an [illegible] into his accounts, it frequently happened that the [illegible] upon a total credit, and then he had to [illegible] and [illegible] throughout the Empire, so that the name of Tchah-le Tee Yung became a byword from Canton to the Land of Grass. Nevertheless it was with a certain horror that the people [illegible] the captain found themselves [illegible] to be haled before the tribunal at any moment and put to the torture by questions as, for instance, "When and where did you eat rice on the day before the third day of the second moon when Wah Ling removed the mat of sugar from behind the door?" These questions became a nightmare to the simple-minded folk, and they greatly preferred [illegible] when the emissaries of Tchah-le appeared on the horizon or at the end of the street. This they did, and to the [illegible] damage of the unwell, and in [illegible], so that Tee Yung, by his influence with the Council, procured the passage of an order making it imperative on every citizen to stand and give testimony to Tee-Yong's men on pain of forfeiture of pig-tail. This order was the first public recognition of the pig-tail in the Central Flowery Kingdom.

DEMISE OF CHARLES R. BOND.

The Numerous Friends of Charles R. Bond were pained to learn of his unexpected death, which took place on Wednesday evening, after a few days' illness. On Sunday last, in company with a friend, he took a drive to the Cliff House, and on their return they stopped at one of the houses on the road, where they ate some [illegible]. The dinner was renewed, and within but a few miles from the city Mr. Bond complained of feeling unwell. He stopped at the next house they came to, a place that was at [illegible] and he was brought in a back to the stock exchange and remained at the house until Wednesday morning, came down town for a few hours and died of heart disease a short time after returning to his room. Mr. Bond was of a social and [illegible] disposition, of strict integrity, and by his straightforward course gained [illegible] the confidence of the mercantile community. He arrived in this city in November, 1849, having before come here been a member of the firm of Whitney, Bond & Co., of Boston. During the whole time he has been here he has been engaged in commercial pursuits and served one term as Assessor. He was fully identified with the interests and prosperity of the city, and took an active and at times a leading part in its affairs. He was one of the founders of the Fireman's Fund Insurance Company, with which he was connected in an official capacity up to the time of his death. Among the firemen, he was also highly esteemed, having always been identified with the Volunteer Fire Department, in which he held positions of honor and trust. Mr. Bond was a native of Massachusetts, aged fifty-seven years. The flags on all the Insurance offices, the Stock Exchange, Pioneers and Exempts were at half-mast on Thursday in respect to his memory.

The Sultan's Suzerains.—The *Evening Bulletin*, familiar with any course of policy, [illegible] the world on Thursday by calling the attention to the change in the relations between the Sultan and his Suzerains. We were a little mystified when we found that these suzerains were no vassals of the Porte, but were [illegible] the [illegible] of the *Bulletin* on the subject of original composition, we concluded that Suzerain must be Clay street Turkish for some friend.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Work; A Story of Experience. By Louisa M. Alcott. 12mo, cloth.

Antiquities of the Southern Indians. By Chas. C. Jones, Jr. 8vo, cloth.

Hand Book of Hardy Trees, Shrubs, etc. By W. D. Hemsley. 8vo, cloth.

A Thanksgiving Story, containing "Betsy and I Are Out." By N. S. Emerson. 16mo, cloth.

London's Heart. A Novel. By B. L. Farjeon. 8vo, paper and cloth.

Dialogues and Dramas. By Lewis B. Monroe. 16mo, cloth.

Old Kensington. By Miss Thackeray. 8vo, cloth and paper.

Reminiscences of Scottish Life and Character. By Dean Ramsay. 12mo, cloth.

A Reed Shaken with the Wind. By Emily Faithful. 12mo, cloth.

The Natural History of Commerce. By John Yeats. Three Vols., 8vo, cloth.

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Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory, 218 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 5.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

THE DEVIL'S WALK THROUGH SAN FRANCISCO.

"From his brimstone bed at break of day
A walking the Devil has gone
To visit his nice little farm the earth
And see how his stock goes on."—COLERIDGE.

The devil once more has come to town,
Clad in his Sunday best,
Though it be he cares
For sermons or prayers—
He likes the day of rest.

For then the vice of the town is seen,
In all its rich rare force,
Few as its apostles,
They take their beer
At home that day, of course.

The "Christian Young Man" that day
His latest stolen vest, [puts on
And with holy grace
Writ on his face,
Gets drunk on the day of rest.

'Tis then the oleaginous priest,
Prates of the debt man owes
To God, but still
He robs God's till
To paint that ruby nose.

As thus the Devil was musing,
Of men and all their folly,
He saw a sight,
That staggered him quite,
And made him melancholy.

The Opera House was newly down,
And lots of his favorite dives
Lay prone and flat,
As a mashed hat,
Or comb from upset hives.

And he said, "Montgomery Avenue,
Although it does me harm,
In moving the holes
Of my bats and moles,
Will beautify my farm."

So he complimented Peachey
On this the newest attraction,
And said that he
Was certainly
A man of pluck and action.

Then he looked around the P. O. block,
And said, "This part of the place
Is fast improving,
And business moving
The way at a rapid pace."

He took a look at the Placard Exchange,
On Merchant street, and he swore
A better den,
To make things clear,
He never had seen before.

The Devil called round on Mayor Alvord,
To thank him for pleased was he
To see him act square,
By the long back hair
Of the still died "Heathen Chinee."

For though he'd don't go much
On any religion at all,
Yet he thought respect,
For creed and sect,
Should be shown to great and small.

The Devil got hold of a paper
That told of the Modocs slain,
By the coward's white,
Who, in open fight,
Would have run away again.

As he read how these mean Oregonians
Did this cold blooded murder plan,
"Now [illegible]," he said,
"These warriors red,
Despise the Boston man."

Then the Devil called in at Chief Crowley's,
To see his museum of crime; [ley's,
Unknown to the thief,
The infernal old thief,
Borrowed Horsch's sand bag—on time.

And the Devil went round that night,
With mischief in his old head,
And many a priest,
Not bruised in the least,
Next morning lay stiff and dead.

The Devil had lots of fun that night,
Knocking good people silly,
And he strolled up Pine,
But could see no sign
Of the Crucifixion Filly.

So he went round to look for Robinson,
The Oakland scandal man,
But Robinson saw
His cloven paw,
And, as usual, funked and ran.

But the old man didn't bother to run
After such paltry game,
For he knew very well
He was booked for hell,
In time, so 'twas all the same.

So bidding farewell to the city,
He threw his crab in the bay,
And got home below,
Ere the first cock's crow,
Proclaimed the dawn of day.

On Friday Morning Last, an individual in black clothes, cloth cap, blue check shirt and [illegible], opened our office door, took a little run, turned a double somersault, and alighted on our table with his feet far apart, his knees close together, his hands on his hips, and his tongue thrust into his cheek. Wagging his head he said, with a chuckle, "Here we are again. How are you yesterday, tomorrow week?" With that gravity of demeanor, for which the *Town Crier* is remarkable, we replied to the effect, that his being present was unmistakable, and that we hoped at the period of [illegible] to be in a state of sound bodily health. "Why is an elephant like an oyster?" interrupted the individual, [illegible] a fine looking child from his pocket and sitting upon it. We confessed our inability to distinguish any resemblance between the *tirculular* [illegible] and *pachy dermit* [illegible] mammal, but mildly hinted that his mode of [illegible] was more original than tender. "All right, old man," said the individual with a leer that seemed to hemisphere [illegible] "Let's give the [illegible]." With that he drew a long string of sausages from his hat and fast [illegible] round the baby's neck, [illegible] it [illegible] from the window in the [illegible] of Merchant street. At this phase of the very amusement we attempted a meek remonstrance, but the individual [illegible] the finger of one hand to his nose, and with the other brought a red hot poker from his boot. With this he [illegible] to fondle [illegible] strong, but grasping a chair we offered such a vigorous resistance, that he dropped the poker, leapt through the [illegible] door in the wall, of the existence of which we had [illegible] known nothing, and where he had disappeared there hung a copy of the *Daisy Nose*.

"The President's Parents."—Under this heading appeared an article in Thursday's *Bulletin*. The letter from which it was taken was to the New York *Herald*. No one who has read it can help feeling disgusted at the way in which the newspaper reporters of our press intrude upon private families. They have treated a most disgusting pitch of insolence, combined with downright [illegible]. The case in question is a combination of the two we have rarely seen opposed. These [illegible], innocent and [illegible], who were told at the Post Office, Covington, Ky., where Mr. J. R. Grant resided, that Mr. Grant was up at his house, but very unwell. That didn't stop them. No, off they went to his house, rang away at the bell, and the door was opened by Mrs. Grant. Here again they were told that Mr. Grant was far from well, as he [illegible] from an attack of paralysis. Nevertheless in they went. They own that their conversation seemed to distress him, but all they kept on with the persistency of the snob who can face when he's snubbed. All this these enterprising wretches did because this poor, paralysed old gentleman was the father of U. S. Grant. And then we talk of English snobbism. Why, we are worse by half. If U. S. Grant has an earache, or eats an extra egg for breakfast, the papers chronicle the important facts. If Mrs. U. S. Grant's a four-and-a-half glove [illegible] it on a six hand, it is noised abroad, and is the topic of conversation in many a boudoir. If Mrs. Grant should happen to knit a pair of stockings, the world knows it and longs for a look at the stockings. Soon we shall have a "White House Journal," [illegible] is about. And this is Republican America, the home of Washington. Alas! Alas!

We Overheard a Case of Doubtful Question and Ambiguous Answer, the other day. Strolling along as is our wont, with care and eyes wide open, we [illegible] what at first appeared to be [illegible] in front of a warehouse. Closer inspection proved it to be fire-crackers, which were being stored in a [illegible] for [illegible] of the [illegible] Fourth. A merchandise broker [illegible] of the store keeper, "How [illegible]?" The proud response was "I [illegible]. Now, the paradox is this: Was the broker's question with reference to the [illegible] of the article or to its [illegible], and again, did the reply refer to the dangerous nature of the commodity, or to the length of time it was likely to remain in the warehouse? The gentlemen in question are entreated to leave word at the Placard Exchange as to the meaning of their utterances.

What a Detestable Egotist a man is. We went to see our friend Jones at Oakland the other day. Jones has a garden full of flowers and fruit, but is miserable because his roses are covered with little green insects, the birds peck at his cherries, slugs nibble at his strawberries, and small worms infest his raspberries. These poor insignificant beasts are but fulfilling the law of their nature, and yet Jones is constantly inventing some engine of destruction to cut them off in the prime of their life. At one moment they are asphyxiated with the fumes of tobacco juice, at another they are agonized with quick lime or sulphur, they are smoked, they are drowned, they are damned by Jones, all because they live and [illegible] on that which nature so lavishly bestows on him. His plea is that they are parasites. Upon that principal man is the parasite of the pig, or of the ox, or of the sheep. In like way man has made a compact with the silk worm, he feeds him on the choicest leaves of the mulberry, keeping off all other insects, but this is only to strip the cocoon of its precious filament.

When the Cruel, and at the Time Almost Absurd order came from Sherman and Grant to "exterminate" the Modocs, much as we blamed those who issued the order, we never for a moment thought that it would be carried into execution. How wrong it was in Grant and Sherman to overthrow their orders to such a depth of barbarity, the late cold blooded slaughter of Modoc warriors show. Had that order never have been issued, our flag would not as it now must be, be regarded upon with feelings of shame by both ourselves and the civilized world. Grant has grown singularly blood thirsty, and insanely blind to the usages of civilized nations, since he aired his English in the noble, though somewhat laconic speech, "Let us have peace." Has his re-election to office made a Nero of him, and shall we see him setting a light to New York and quietly admiring the blaze from Long Branch, alternating the sport with dog fighting? We hope not, but in these days of big fires, and heedless cruelty, one cannot be surprised at anything.

The Town Crier yesterday saw a crowd pass his quiet abode on Merchant street, and looking out of the window noticed a certain Irish policeman hanging on to a Chinaman's pig-tail and taking him to the Police Court was the attraction. The Hibernian gentleman seemed to take as much [illegible] in [illegible] the poor Chinaman's tail as he did no doubt in pulling that of the pig that shared his bed and board in the "Ould sod." He used much unnecessary strain on poor John's appendage and had really no more business to hang on to it when John was willing to go quietly than he had to lead a white man by the ear. "Set a beggar on horseback and he'll ride to the devil," is a true proverb, and applies to a lot of our semi-barbarian bodies of policemen poor clans, the greater part of whom are unfit to be entrusted with anything but a hod.

We Could not Imagine a sight more likely to inspire us with admiration for our gallant troops, our peerless boys in blue, than the little affair which recently took place at Alcatraz. We allude to the attack by the Piute Indian, Tom, with those fearfully, deadly missiles, bricks, upon the garrison. We ought to be proud of the victory that we have won, and long commemorate the bloody battle of Alcatraz, where the garrison, armed only with rifles, etc. [illegible] conquered a modern Sampson, who had at his command innumerable bricks, and the ferocious and lawless spirit of his race to back him up. But we have conquered and slain him. Six little insignificant bullets, kindly aided by a loving providence, laid prone at our feet a Piute Indian armed with bricks. This makes up for what few mishaps (?) we have had in the lava beds, and makes us once more in love with ourselves.

How Startling it is to hear, in the forcible language of Mr. De Young through the columns of his paper, that we have such horrible monsters in our midst as the Wilsones. Men to whom Dylan was a chicken in iniquity, men who have actually said, "dry up" to deaf and dumb pupils, and "shut up" to blind ones. This alone seems almost too bad to believe of any human beings, but when we are also told by this humane self-constituted protector of the poor and [illegible] that one of these brethren in crime took a little blind girl on his knee, we feel truly glad that both of us and friends have actually to interfere, in order to prevent our [illegible] [illegible] the paper, and purchasing pistols and Oakland passes, in order to wipe out such scourges from our midst.

Samuel McCarthy, who studies Darwin, and thought he recognized a defunct relation in a monkey at North Beach, was a victim to misplaced confidence, for the monkey, not liking the look of his relation, or the rude way to which he used him, went for him, and considerably mutilated poor Sam's face. Sam has lately come down from the country, and says if these ancestors are [illegible] go back again. The scratching was bad enough, but when on [illegible], he [illegible] the owner of the monkey, of the way in which it had attacked him, the owner coolly forced him to [illegible] two dollars a week to teach his parrots to whistle "The Wearing of the Green," Sam went home a wiser, but a sadder man.

We are Happy to See that our Friend Brooks is [illegible] his talent for animal painting and has turned out the daggers for those zoological monsters which embarrass the boardings of our city. After having studied that bit of the Art Association [illegible] no one can mistake the touch of the great master. There are a couple of [illegible] standing on pedestals waiting for their turn at the gun, the past which [illegible] that Brooks alone can give, and a monkey with a grilled posterior so thoroughly done that there is no mistaking the chef.

Another Paradox is the following: Does an interest gain on apply immense purity in the people who will be [illegible] incompetency or want of [illegible] among public officers? If so, and as in every case where [illegible] and fraud have been detected with varied and extensive ramifications among the people, how then can they be pure? A certain man said that all Cretans were liars, but that man was himself a Cretan. How then, etc., Q. E. D.

A Chinaman has been arrested on the complaint of a certain Dr. Ayer, for stealing that gentleman's *Daily Chronicle*. It seems too cruel, for if the poor Mongolian stole it for reading purposes, which we doubt, he would have been punished enough by seeing his poor countrymen slandered and persecuted as far as it can by it. We are glad to see that the Dr. was sufficiently ashamed of himself, and his stolen paper, not to prosecute poor John.

We Have In This City a most remarkable man, whose gifts in the saying line the *T. C.* envies. This wonderfully gifted creature writes his lore for the *Bulletin*, and in one he [illegible] "Our horsemen," he remarks that "the rustle of silks and the blaze of diamonds are nowhere visible." Now any man who can see a rustle, could certainly hear the "blaze" of a diamond. The *T. C.* congratulates the *Bulletin* on possessing such a *lusus naturae*.

Why Does not the California Theater give us a little more interesting reading in the programmes? The same old things are [illegible] from month to month, and good though they may be at first, they grow stale. Cannot the genius of Mr. Johns suggest some new features and draw upon his inexhaustible brain and exchanges for them? We think he might, nay, would, if the management "came down with the dust."

Never was the Town Crier more tickled than when he heard that the Carlists had collared Mr. Head, such a [illegible] English [illegible]. He only wishes that Moody, Train, and a few more of these asses would take a trip to Spain. It is to be hoped that they will avail themselves of such a rich opportunity, of [illegible] up a warning to presumptuous ignorance, and hang him higher than Haman.

A Young Gentleman Residing in Utah Territory has got rather mixed up in his family affairs, it [illegible]. The charming young wife [illegible] and one of them applies for a divorce, because her husband is [illegible] of his mother, who happens to be the other wife. These little domestic troubles are apt to occur in Utah families. It's too near Salt Lake.

An Obsequious Foreigner, cringing to the last mob-cry, has conspicuously posted in his grocery shop, near Washington Market, "No Irish need apply." Now it is to be presumed consistently, that the party in question manufactures his tea and grows his rice in Paddy land. In either case an objectionable person to deal with.

Eight Chinamen have been tried in the Police Court, and convicted of keeping a lottery shop. We are glad to see this wholesale energy. The case of the Board of Brokers will come up in the same Court during next week.

APPLE BLOSSOMS.

Underneath an apple tree
 Sat a maiden and her lover,
And the thoughts within her he
 Yearned in silence to discover.
Round them danced the sunbeams bright;
 Green the grass lawn stretched before them.
While the apple blossoms white
 Hung in rich profusion o'er them.

Naught within her eyes he read
 That would tell her mind unto him.
Though their light he after said
 Quivered swiftly through and through him.
Till at last his heart burst free
 From the prayer with which 'twas laden,
And he said, "When wilt thou be
 Mine forevermore, fair maiden!"

"When," said she, "the breeze of May
 With white flakes our heads shall cover,
I will be thy bridal gay—
 Thou shalt be my husband-lover."
"How," said he, in sorrow bowed,
 "Can I hope such hopeful weather!
Breeze of May and winter's cloud
 Do not often fly together."

Quickly as the words he said,
 From the west a wind came sighing,
And on each uncovered head
 Sent the apple blossoms flying.
"Flakes of white! thou'rt mine," he said,
 "Sooner than thy wish or knowing."
"Nay, I heard the breeze," quoth she,
 "When in yonder forest blowing."

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

The Man with the Chinese Poison-Oak Leper on Exhibition has not called at this office, and is particularly requested not to do so.——The First Infantry are promised breech-loaders.——Out of 71 women in the jail at present, 40 are Chinese.——Matilda Heron is going to write her autobiography; we wish she would give us an opportunity to write her epitaph.——George F. Pettinos, organist, having something radically wrong in his organism, stopped playing last week.——The new bridge connecting Oakland and Alameda is commenced.——The procession of the New Orleans Zoological and Equestrian Exposition was good enough, we suppose, but we don't enjoy such things now as we used to.——Some idiots, with the bump of mistaken philanthropy like a wen, are circulating a petition for Roselli's reprieve.——"Elmo," the big trotting horse, has been sold to H. F. Morrow and H. W. Seale for $15,000.——We regret to hear that Edward Curtis, in jumping off the cars while in motion, at Dakota, fell and dislocated his shoulder, but he should have known better.——G. O. Hara Taaffe has received his exequatur as Consul for Sweden and Norway for the Pacific States.——The *Bulletin* has at last got off a respectable joke. Speaking of Mrs. Knott's claim to having raised Captain Jack, our reverend contemporary says: "He stands a chance of being raised again, by a noose."——The sea lions and seals occupy their new and larger quarters in Woodward's.——The festival of *Corpus Christi* was generally observed by the Catholics of the city on Sunday.——Over two thousand more pigtails here this week than there were last.——The Fabbri Opera Troupe are fitting up Platt's Hall as an opera house.——W. C. Ralston has been canonized by a committee of indigent females. He intends employing some quarter dozen lady clerks.——Captain Commins, of the clipper *Young America*, has received the command of the ship *Three Brothers*.——The *Witch Queen* is preparing for a pearl-fishing cruise off Costa Rica.——Shiels' Opera House on Bush street, formerly Congress Hall, will be opened about the 1st of July.——One Gallagher has taken to stealing cobble-stones; we suppose to make soup.——The Executive Committee of the boot and shoe makers have held a preliminary anti-Chinese meeting, which, because they wished it private and excluded reporters, is called "secret."——The *Post* speaks of "hair-brained women." In reference made to those who are all chignon!——The Mare Island yard is closed for a week. Shortness of the ready.——Nearly all of the 375 pupils in the public schools who have been studying phonography have passed successful examinations.——Wieniawski was so much pleased with the violin playing of young Lichtenberg, aged ten years, that he has promised to take him to Europe.——The "Lancashire Arms" is coming down and a brick building is going up in its stead.——J. S. Ford has had a present of a gold watch weighing something less than a ton.——A descriptive circular of the Benders has been received at the Post Office; a handsome lot.——Steeple-chasing is to be introduced in our turf sports, whereat the men and horse doctors rejoice.——Sunday grew warmer in such marked gradation that at night it was bathed in a perspiration.——Wieniawski was serenaded by the California orchestra and Ballenberg's band on Monday evening.——Some Paul Pry reporter has circulated a malicious report that the *Call's* large circulation is due to its large sale as wrapping paper. What folly!——Forgers are about.——Woodward intends excavating a pit for his bears.——There seems a chance of the discontinuance of the present absurd style of car tickets.——Judge Louderback is taking of taking a holiday, but bless your hearts—this to the army of bummers, drunks and hoodlums—some one else will reign in his place.——Professor Stone has gone back East for another car-load of fish.——The next term of the Probate Court will commence on the 7th prox.——The Supervisors have decided not to sell Mons. Derbec the lot on Jackson street, but to erect a public fountain thereon.——Twelve Chinese were put through the Baptist bath on Sunday evening last.——Eighty-two deaths in the city last week.——Bunker Hill anniversary was celebrated on Tuesday by a Sunday School picnic.——The little boy who pelted the gentle Chinese with rotten eggs is requested to call at this office and be spanked.——Stoddard has written an article for the *Overland* on Hawaiian lepers, but even that won't save the goody-goody monthly.——South San Francisco, thanks to Postmaster Stone's endeavors, is promised the benefit of a free daily delivery.——City railroad stocks are extremely dull, so we quit the subject.——The *Alta* local man has nominated officer Rogers as candidate for the Presidency.

THE COACHING CLUB.

This Offshoot of the old Four-in-Hand Club bids fair to become a formidable rival to its predecessor, if Wednesday's gathering—when no fewer than 31 drags turned out in Hyde Park—is to be taken as a fair indication of its distinctive progress. The members of the new club arrogate to themselves no special features belonging to the good old aristocratic club. Their object has rather been to get together and periodically exhibit the drags of private gentlemen horsed by cattle available at any moment as useful roadsters in a four-horse coach. There are, however, some exceptions amongst the members, notably those of Lord Carrington, President of the club, and also a member of the Four-in-Hand, who has a team of dappled dark bays of matchless beauty and fine action; Mr. Alfred Rothschild, whose four high-stepping blacks are perhaps unsurpassed by any stable in England; M. Murrieta's superb team, and Viscount Cole's chestnuts. But the majority are useful and well-selected cattle, without any remarkable pretentions to display. The meet on Wednesday was at the Magazine, where four lines of coaches marshaled themselves shortly before five o'clock. The unceasing downpour during the afternoon had the effect of lessening the number of spectators, but a great many carriages and equestrians had turned out when the weather cleared. At the start Lord Carrington, as President, with his brother-in-law, Lord Colville, on the box, led the van. His lordship was followed by Viscount Macduff with a magnificent team of light chestnuts, by the Earl Poulett (whose working team and general turn-out approached perfection), Lord Leigh, Mr. Charles Hoare, and Captain Whitmore, a member of the Four-in-Hand Club. Then came Viscount Cole, having his Royal Highness Prince Arthur on the box with him, and following in succession were the drags of Major Jary, M. Cristobel de Murrieta, Mr. Price B. Hamilton, Mr. Yate Hunt, Mr. Frederick Villiers, Captain Ferguson, 2nd Life Guards, Captain Whitle, 7th Dragoon Guards, and the Marquis of Worcester, acting as the coachman of the Royal Horse Guard's drag. Mr. John Gerard Leigh, with Mrs. Leigh, and a large party, here turned in as another representative of the Four-in-Hand Club, the new element being next represented by Mr. Allen Mackenzie, Royal Horse Guards Blue, followed by the coaches of Mr. Mitchell, Captain Candy, Mr. James Brand, Lieutenant-Colonel the Hon. C. White, M. P., the Hon. H. C. Needham, Grenadier Guards, Sir George Clark, 2nd Life Guards, and Mr. W. E. Oakley. The last half-dozen coaches were those of Mr. T. Chaloner Smith, Captain S. Tudor Ashton, late 14th Hussars, Mr. Hugh M'Calmont, Major Rolls, Mr. John Kirk, and Major S. Carlyon. There was one team of pure skew-balds, another of dappled grays, and many mixed fours, but amongst them all there was not a single restive animal, nor one driver who required a groom's aid. Altogether the scene was to be remembered; and Colonel Armytage, the energetic Secretary of the club, has good reason to be proud of the turnout. The destination of a vetal of the drags was the Crystal Palace for dinner, but many of the gentlemen, after driving through the southern suburbs, turned their horses' heads towards London.

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A Lady Correspondent in London writes to us as follows: The quaint troop of vocalists calling themselves the Jubilee Singers seem likely to become the fashion. The oddity of their appearance—their unmistakably negro origin, some of them being full blacks, and the old world look about them, altogether make them attractive for their very singularity; but curiosity soon merges into delight at the sound of their voices. Their selections are nearly all religious, and full of devotional melody, but their singing is so wonderfully harmonized, and their voices blend so beautifully, that it is a greater treat to hear them than many of the greatest Italian artistes. The Queen heard them at Argyll Lodge, and was very much pleased, consequently every one else is pleased too. Her Majesty is gone for a brief rest after entertaining her Royal visitors in right royal fashion. The King and Queen of the Belgians have been everywhere and seen everything, and appeared to heartily enjoy themselves and the enthusiastic welcome which met them everywhere. His Majesty of Belgium is a pleasant, keen looking man, with an observant face, that seems to note everything, and remember it too. His Queen is by no means pretty, but has a good natured face, and white teeth, which are always visible when her face breaks into a smile. Compared with the present fashion of faded colors and neutral shades of no color at all, her Majesty's taste in dress seems rather gay. Both times when I caught a glimpse of her she wore very bright colors. The exhibition of the Royal Academy at Burlington House is made use of as an exhibition of another sort, and the lounge through the rooms may be fairly considered a "toilette show," insomuch as ladies go there not so much to see the pictures as one another's dresses. It is impossible to see anything of the paintings yet or to catch more than a vague idea of a mass of color on the walls. The best things are always hidden by a mass of silk and lace as ladies crowd together to get a peep. I have seen several of the new mantilla bonnets without crowns, and I must say, though they are ridiculous-looking things in the hand and are in reality only a mounted wreath or circle of leaves, they are becoming and pretty when on. The hair is dressed very high on the top of the head, and the bonnet goes round it. The style is much prettier than the sailor bonnet, which is perched at the very back of the head like the hat of a man-of-war's man, and leaves the whole front exposed. The newest trimming this season is what the milliners call "organ pipes." The name describes it exactly. It is a series of flutings rounded by having cotton, wool or stiff muslin inside of them, and graduated in hight like the pipes of an organ. The style is ugly and heavy, and I should say a dress so trimmed would be very uncomfortable and clumsy to wear—but one must be in the fashion. A very pretty fichu mantelet is being worn with the light spring costumes. It is round at the back like a cape, and trimmed with two frills, one broad and one narrow. The front crosses and ties loosely behind with two broad, long ends. It is especially becoming to young people. I see the blouse style of dress is coming into favor again for little boys. I saw some last week prepared for the Princes at Marlborough House. They were in dark greenish gray cloth edged all round with a darker shade of the same cloth about 1½ inches wide. The blouse was double-breasted and cut square at the bottom, and the trousers were short, only reaching to the knee. The buttons were oxidized silver, with a pretty device of a bird on a branch on them. I have seen a great many of these suits at the West End, and I see that many boys wear gaiters with them, buttoned with a row of very small buttons. The gaiters either match or are made of soft buff leather. A large linen collar edged with lace is the proper style with this dress, which is very quaint looking and pretty.—*Glasgow Mail, May 24th.*

PETITION TO THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

[The following is a copy of the Petition presented to the Board of Supervisors, on Monday last.]

To the Honorable the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

The undersigned begs respectfully to submit to your honorable Board the following proposition for the due publication of the various notices under your control:

The undersigned is the President of the CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE AND BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST, an institution founded for the purpose of supplying intelligence of every nature whatever to the public of the State of California and of the Pacific States in general.

He has expended a large sum of money to carry out that purpose, and is happy to announce to your honorable Board that his efforts are being crowned with encouraging success.

A portion of the space of the CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE is proposed to be devoted to the publication of the notices, petitions, and resolutions of your honorable Board, such as those emanating from the Sheriff's office, the Commissioners of Streets, the Probate Court, the County Court, the various District Courts, and generally of all matters whereof your honorable Board has cognizance or jurisdiction over; such notices to be conspicuously placed under their several headings or departments, and to be on the ground floor of the extensive building occupied by the PLACARD EXCHANGE. The entire institution is open free to the public every day of the week with the exception of Sunday.

The CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE has now become a feature of the city of San Francisco. Its walls are covered with the names and addresses of our principal merchants, with the different banks and bankers, the foreign Consuls accredited to California, their armorial bearings and address of office, the Boards of Brokers, with specimens of the various industries and products of the State, with magnificent photographs of the salient points of scenery in California, and with other objects of interest and information too numerous to mention.

The undersigned is consequently extremely solicitous to collect and classify into one focus, the varied notifications emanating from your honorable Board, upon such terms per month as may mutually be agreed upon, firmly believing that such publication so condensed into one radius, would not only be serviceable to your honorable Board, but would be of immense advantage to the city, county, and State officers, as well as to the public in general. FREDERICK MARRIOTT, President.

San Francisco, June 16, 1873.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

Ex-Queen Isabella of Spain is at Rome.——The builders of London demand an increase of a cent an hour pay. If not, a strike.——One banking firm of Vienna failed during the recent panic to the extent of six million florins.——John Camden Hotten, the famous publisher, is dead.——The Emperor William is seriously ill.——How the Pope is we cannot tell.——Prince Jerome Napoleon is in London.——Separation of Church and State seems to be the policy of the new Spanish Government.——A Catholic priest has volunteered as missionary to the lepers on Molokai.——The old Mexican sun silver dollar is being called in.——Slavery is to be abolished in Zanzibar.——Spain is to be divided into States.——The Russians are carrying all before them.——The *Great Eastern* has laid out over two hundred miles of the new Atlantic cable.——Valparaiso is again troubled with earthquakes.——Six full-blooded niggers are candidates for holy orders at Cape Palmas, Africa.——The British and Foreign Bible Society is engaged on a translation of the Bible into Japanese.——The Italian Senate has passed a bill for the suppression of all religious corporations.——There is a rumor of serious complications arising between Prussia, Austria and France.——Belgium refuses to receive the French Communists.

MUSIC?—[Communicated.]

Expecting to hear Something Wonderful, we, on Wednesday evening last, attended the Wieniawski concert, at Pacific Hall. Heralded as Mr. Wieniawski had been—in a qualified manner by ourselves—our expectation was somewhat exalted, and altogether we were pretty well satisfied with his violin performances. His execution generally is good; to our fancy, however, he seems indifferent about the tuning of his instrument, and he is certainly not always correct in stopping—correct in the upper parts; in the lower his tones are deficient in quality. His chromatic staccato runs are pretty, but a mere sliding of the finger over some two octaves is hardly what can be called fingering. What a pity it is that he does not favor us with something really brilliant. Instead of the humdrum sentimental drivel of Bach & Co., why not let us hear some of Rode's Concerts—the Seventh or Eighth for instance. More particulars in detail next week.

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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, JUNE 21, 1873. No. 21.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California Chino Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant Street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

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☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¾ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 14½ per cent. On London, Bankers 49¾@49⅞; Commercial 49¾@50; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, June 20, at 3 P. M., 115⅜. Latest price of Sterling, 108⅞@109¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO....................June 21, 1873

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 185-7-8....	103¾	104½	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	118	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1861..........	101	101	Oakland 10s..............	105	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862..........	100	101	Spring Valley Water Co........	81	—
Legal Tender Notes...........	86½	87	Omnibus Railroad Company.	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company....	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	96	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	50	52
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	95	—	Front St. M. and O. R. R. Co.	18	21
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s.	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds.......	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	60	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co......	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s........	92	95	Union Insurance Co...........	90	92
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	—	Pacific Bank..............	90	95
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	96	The Bank of California	183	121
San Francisco Gas Light Co	65	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

WHEAT.

The Wheat Crop of 1873, now being harvested, is exceedingly promising, and by many believed to be equal to that of 1872—say 25,000,000 bushels, and, by the way, the largest Wheat crop harvested by any State in the Union. The *Record*, of Sacramento, gives a tabulated statement of Wheat-bearing counties, comparing last year's results with estimates for the current harvest, showing that the estimated crop of 1873-74 is actually greater than that of last year. This table is full of errors, for, in giving the yield of counties for 1872-73, the quantity embraces only that shipped from one or more *towns*—in fact, not one-third of the actual yield. The *Record's* totals are thus:

1872-73. Acres.	Yield. Ctls.	1873-74. Acres.	Wheat. Ctls.
2,114,000	12,701,000	2,448,000	13,220,000

And then adds: "In addition to the excess of yield the present season over last, it must be remembered that we shall go into the new crop year with more than 25,000 tons of old Wheat on hand, and that the increased requirement of tonnage to move the Oregon surplus will exceed 25,000 tons. As a summary then, we see that the combined surplus of California and Oregon available for export in all the harvest year of 1873-74, including old Wheat, reaches the aggregate of 13,500,000 centals, or 675,000 tons. It is obvious, not only that the ship-owners are masters of the situation again this year, but it will again be difficult to procure from all sources, even with the attractions of the high freights now current, a supply of tonnage adequate to the movement of the surplus." Now, the facts are these: We have actually exported the current harvest year, say from July 1, 1872, to date, in Wheat and Flour, 11,000,000 centals. (We have received at tide water 12,000,000 centals.) So that if we add interior home consumption to the amount exported, it will at once be seen that the *Record's* estimate of last year's crop is too little, and that the increase of the present crop over that of 1872-73 is too great. Whatever the figures may be, exporters now agree in placing the surplus of 1873-74 between 400,000 and 450,000 tons, and there are some very sanguine parties that place the surplus, including Oregon, at 500,000 tons. With this view of the case, the question of an adequate tonnage supply is all important. From the present outlook, there is to be a scarcity of ship tonnage, and this leads to high freights. Now, £1 5s to a direct port, or £1 10s@£4 10s to Cork and a market.

Wheat Carriage via Panama.—In view of the probable tonnage scarcity for the year to come, an effort is making to arrange for transportation via Panama. The Pacific Mail Company and the Panama Railroad Company are no longer in cahoots, while the P. M. S. S. Company have discontinued their tri-monthly trips to and from New York via Panama and way ports, only making semi-monthly trips. The plan is to charter one or more British steamers (now arriving and to arrive from Hongkong with passengers) to take Wheat in strong bags to Panama, thence across the Isthmus to Aspinwall to connect with the English line of steamers upon the Atlantic. It is thought that the steamers could thus carry 500 to 1,000 tons each at a through freight to Liverpool of £1 5s, or thereabouts. The impression prevails that a very favorable contract could be made by the Panama Railroad for a speedy transportation across the Isthmus for a large quantity of Wheat. An arrangement of this kind would be a great relief to us.

CENTRAL RAIL GOSSIP.

Each and Every one of the Daily Locals Here and at Sacramento, with a laudable desire to be ahead of its contemporary in publishing the news of a sale of Messrs. Huntington and Hopkin's interest in the C. P. R. R., *has shot ahead of the real facts for two reasons*—the one that perchance it *may be true*, and *the other* in order to extort a denial or assertion from one or other of the parties mentioned; the one tempts fortune and the other would draw inferences from hastily-uttered expressions. WE CAN ASSURE THE PUBLIC that up to the moment of going to press *nothing definite is arranged*, and of one thing *they may be certain*, that were anything settled we should know it, *and they likewise.*

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

June 17th, 1873.—Our market remains unchanged since our last. Choice Wools are taken up immediately on arrival, at 22@23c, and we believe that, in one instance, 23½c was paid for about 35,000 lbs, consequently but little remains in the hands of original holders. Wools of medium condition and staple are in fair demand, and at 16@19c. In burry Wools there is so much difference between the ideas of buyers and sellers that there are very few transactions; 11@13c is what is offered, but holders are not yet prepared to make the concessions demanded. The stock is steadily increasing. WATT & McLENNAN, Wool Commission Merchants, 625 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, June 20th, 1873. Gold opened at 115⅜, 11 A. M. at 115⅜, 3 P. M. at 115⅜. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 115⅜, 1867, 120⅞. Sterling Exchange, 109⅛@110¾. Pacific Mail, 39½. Quicksilver Mining Company, 41. Wheat, $1 70@$1 85 quiet. Pork, 17 dull. Cotton, 20⅞. Hides, dry, 22½@23, green, 12, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 46@$1 48 fair demand, Winter Bleached, $1 66@$1 75; Whale, active, 63@65c quiet, Winter Bleached, 71@75c. Wool—Spring, fine, 27@31c, Burry, 21@23c, Pulled 40@55c. Fall Cups, 23@27c.; Burry, 16@21c. LONDON, June 20. Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s. 10d. @ 12s. Club, 12s. 4d. United States Bonds, 89⅝. Consols, 92⅞@92⅝.

Messrs. E. E. Morgan & Sons, an old established commercial house in New York, long engaged in the Liverpool trade, have established a branch house in this city for the purpose of enabling farmers and others facilities for shipping their produce to European markets in such quantities as they might desire. They have already dispatched, or are about to, the ships *Twilight*, *Helen Morris*, *Undaunted*, *Carrollton*, and others. The house of J. C. Merrill & Co. have also made arrangements with prominent English houses by which they are enabled to loan farmers funds at the low rate of five (5) per cent. per annum on their consignment to them of their produce. We copy this from a Postal card sent to a farmer in the country.

The Oregon Railway, which has commanded the special inspection and personal visit of Messrs. Green and Latham, of the London and San Francisco Bank, by a tour throughout its length and breadth, has resulted in a report every way justifying the original impressions to its investors. Everything appertaining to the rolling stock, its administration and minor details, is now most encouraging. It is true that the traffic returns are not adequate to the payment of the dividends falling due in October, yet this denial will be met by a satisfactory adjustment. A more specific statement will be shortly given in the *News Letter*.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, May 31, 1873.—J. B. Dickinson and wife, Levi Parsons, L. Sceller, Charles Crocker and family, C. F. Fargo, Frank Cunningham, William Hale, Mrs. C. Reis and family, Mrs. Barnes, Mrs. S. F. Ladd, George A. Worn and family, J. Belden and family, J. G. Clark and family, Judge McCrea, Miss May Howard, Mrs. F. A. Hassey, Master Frank Hassey, A. C. Whitcomb, Abel Guy.

The Newly Appointed Agent for the P. M. S. S. Co in San Francisco is S. K. Holman, he left San Francisco yesterday, heretofore Acting Agent only. During his absence the old and respected Treasurer and Cashier, Taylor ("the faithful Taylor"), will act as Agent. We hope the new Board of Directors at New York will now see the necessity of giving their authorized agent full powers, by which a more liberal administration will be encouraged, on which the popularity of the line is specially founded.

We Are Informed that the Pinto Mining Company, at Silverado, is about contracting for the erection of a first-class mill at their mines, which will reduce the expense for working the ores very materially. The improvements now in contemplation will surely make this a very valuable and remunerative property for its shareholders.

The Steamship Cyphrenes, that arrived here on the 14th from Hongkong via Macao and Yokohama, was charted at Hongkong to proceed to Macao and receive on board as cargo, opium *only*, and no coolies, as stated in the *Bulletin* of the 14th. It is a pity that a little veracity cannot be found in that paper's editorials.

In Regard to Markets for Imports we have nothing of encouragement to remark, no large sales of Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Tea, or other goods to remark. They, with metals, etc., remain quiet and unchanged in price.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

APACHE PETE.

Thar ain't no trusting an Injon ;
He's a calawampous cuss,
And when he's a doing of suthin' bad,
He's a wishing 'twas suthin' wuss.

And he'll lie and steal, and he'll circum-
You out of your very eyes, [vent
And he'll take his tool in a way that I,
As a christian, do despise.

The most ongrateful, thankless wretch
That ever a feller see !
Favors is lost on the likes of him,
So he never gets none from me.

There was little Pete, a 'Pache boy,
Which we had around the camp
Down in Arizony, in '69,
And I've knowed that sneaking scamp,

When the boys was a havin' a little fun
And shooting, it might be, free,
To mosey behind a rock or stump,
Or shin hisself up a tree.

Till a Greaser chap, which was full of sin,
Drawed a bead on the yaller brat,
And Pete never felt the want of specs
To read with, arter that.

They was little shot, and we raked 'em out
With our knives from the critter's eyes,
Which never squirms a derned bit,
Nor cusses, nor grins, nor cries.

But he takes a stick, in a blindish way,
And meanders outen the camp
And strikes a trail for his cussed tribe,
Which we'd corraled in the swamp.

But he didn't forgit us, that reptile snake!
I was woke in the dead of night
By the horses a rairin' and waltzin' round
And cavortin' mad with fright.

Which it were a stampede, and the cattle
With a painted, yelling mob [broke,
A whooping like devils, and that thar Pete
A bossin' the little job.

They stamped the critters; nary a hoof
Nor ha'r was left behind,
And Pete elevated the Greaser's ha'r,
Which was kinder goin' it blind.

Wall, thar warn't no jestiss out on the
For the sojirs wouldn't help, [plains,
And you don't go Injun fighting on foot
If you happen to vally your skelp.

But it shows how the ornery varmints act
If you happen to cross their track; [you
They just lays for you, and they fetches
The minnit you turn yer back.

Satisfaction ! Wal, no, I wouldn't say
As you'd feel you had much cause
To be satisfied, in a case like this,
By killing a few old squaws.

That's why I'm riled when I hear 'em say
That an Injun soul's as white
As a Christian gentleman's like mine,
In God A'mighty's sight.

For I put it fa'r to a larned man,
As invited me to drink,
(Hum is my lap) and I sez to him,
"I'd like to know what you think."

And he stud...d a bit in a jobous way,
And he didn't seem to take,
Which his language were, "'Tain't much of a choice
'Tween a bar and a rattlesnake." —*N. Y. Graphic.*

THE MARRIAGE IN THE ICE-PALACE.—A STORY OF THE RUSSIAN COURT.—[Continued.]

[BY L. VON SACHER-MASOCH.]

Directly the Empress got home again, she ordered a large tub of cold water, and notwithstanding the pain it caused her, went in for a thorough ablution. After pursuing this novel avocation with dogged perseverance for some hours, she got [illegible] violent perspiration, for the room was very hot. This seemed to afford her some relief. Then she yielded to the persuasions of her ladies, and took a vapor-bath, in course of which she was kneaded and rubbed till she looked more liked a boiled lobster than a monarch ; next she was rolled in the snow, then taken back into the vapor-bath, and so on, until at last, dead beaten, she was put to bed wrapped up in furs, and enjoyed the first good night's rest she had had for many months.

The same process was repeated for some days, and in less then a fortnight the [illegible]press was able to drive through St. Petersburg in an open sledge. She alighted at the house of the washerwoman.

Entering her low-pitched, smoky room, and taking the seat offered her by the astonished washerwoman, she began "I have come to thank you, Anna Ivanovna. What favor can I show you in return!"

"I am glad you are better, lady," said the washerwoman, confused. "There isn't much to thank me for, though."

"Well, what can I do for you ?" the Empress asked again.

"Let me do your washing," replied Anna Ivanovna Nullinova. The Empress and her ladies laughed.

"Is that too great a favor!" asked the perplexed washerwoman.

"It is too small, my good woman !"

"Who are you, then, that you can be so liberal ?"

"Anna Ivanovna, Empress of Russia," replied the gouty woman, proudly.

"Holy Mother !" the good woman began to pray in terror.

"You have naught to fear !" said the Empress, kindly ; "I am very well disposed towards you, for you have as good as saved my life. So tell me something I can do for you."

"Nothing for me, gracious lady Czarina," exclaimed the washerwoman ; but you might do something for my child ; she is a pretty child, and a good child, worthy to be favored by a Czarina !"

"Let me see this wonderful child !"

The washerwoman, not daring to rise, shuffled out of the room on her knees, and presently returned with a tall, well-made girl, whose features bore the impress of intelligence and amiability, blended with remarkable beauty. "This is my daughter," she said proudly.

"Well, you have good reason to be proud of her," said the Empress graciously. "What is your name, little one ?"

"Anna Ivanovna," replied the "little one," who was taller than the Empress, in a tone at once fearless, yet courteous.

"I am very well pleased with you," continued the Empress, "I will not forget either you or your mother. You will hear from me soon, very soon. How old are you ?" "Eighteen."

"Alas! Alas!" sighed the Empress, "it seems but a moment since I was eighteen. How life runs away, and youth and beauty with it. Once I was pretty, too, Anna Ivanovna."

"The gracious Czarina is still the prettiest woman in Russia," declared the washerwoman. And the Empress smiled, for she felt just then in the washerwoman's low smoky cabin, happier than she had been for many a long day under the gilded roof of the Imperial Palace.

* * * * * * * * *

Biron, who resembled an Eastern despot of the "Arabian Nights" category, not only in his cruelty, but also in his capricious notions, conceived to celebrate the Empress' recovery in a very novel fashion. He determined to construct a palace of ice of the Neva, and give a brilliant entertainment in it. The building was carried out more successfully than might have been expected ; the Ice-Palace, a thorough bit of frozen fairyland, enticed thousands and thousands of curious spectators, from far and wide. The blocks of ice were shaped like stones, and placed together on scientific principles, so as to support the heavy weight of the roof, which was also of ice. The palace was fifty-two feet long, sixteen broad, and twenty high, and ornamented with all sorts of architectural embellishments, carved in ice. In front stood six ice cannons, and a couple of ice mortars ; they had been turned with a lathe, and were furnished with carriages and wheels, all of ice. Beside the Palace stood a small chapel built of ice, with altar, windows, and fittings of ice also.

The Empress, who was now able to take exercise without the least inconvenience, came to the festival given by her favorite in a sledge representing a dragon drawn by four horses, which Biron himself drove. Dressed from head to foot in the costliest snow-white ermine, and sitting on a heap of black bear-skins, she seemed dumb with astonishment when she first caught sight of the Ice-Palace. Then she clapped her hands in childish delight, and hastened out of the sledge to inspect it.

The guests, who were the flower of the Russian aristocracy, and had been told by Biron, in consideration of the peculiar nature of the building, to appear in the ancient costume of Moscow Bojars ; and thus afford the ladies especially an opportunity of displaying extraordinary luxury in furs, gold, embroidery, and jewelry.

The festival began with a grand dinner in the Ice-Palace, the floor of which was covered with three thicknesses of bear-skins. A band of three hundred musicians performed in front of the fairy-like building ; and on Biron's rising to drink the health of the Empress the ice-cannons fired a salute. They were of the size of six-pounders, but instead of the customary three pounds of powder they were charged with only a quarter of a pound, and the balls of twisted hemp. The ice, though not more than four inches thick, bore the explosion so well that after dinner a trial was made with iron shot.

The Empress, surrounded by the guests, stood on the steps of the Ice-Palace, gazing at the novel spectacle, which had attracted an immense crowd of spectators. Two-inch planks were fixed as targets, and these were easily pierced by the balls from the ice-cannons at a distance of sixty paces.

After the cannonade came the ball.

While the Empress was dancing a polnaise with Biron for her partner, she heard the Countess Rostopchin pronounce a name she had not heard for nearly fifteen years—a name that set even her lethargic blood galloping—that of Prince Anatol Galitzin.

"What about him ?" she asked impetuously, interrupting the dance.

"They say," replied the countess, "but I don't think it's at all probable, that since he has been abroad he has gone over to the Roman Catholic religion, and that he returned to St. Petersburg a few days back with a charming young Frenchwoman whom he intends to marry."

"Marry !" repeated Anna Ivanovna, trembling all over with excitement. "We'll see about that !" And taking Biron aside with an impetuosity quite strange to her, she said : "I always do my best to please you, and now for the first time since we have known one another, I command you to do to please me—understand me, Biron, which I *command* you to do. Prince Galitzin offended me some years ago. He has deserted our holy church. I mean to be revenged upon him, and you must carry out my revenge precisely in the way I tell you." Anna Ivanovna spoke with clenched hands and heaving breast, and her small Chinese eyes flashed with cruelty. For the first time in his life Biron felt almost in awe of her. "Your commands will be carried out to the letter," he answered.

Half an hour afterwards Prince Anatol Galitzin and his betrothed wife, a French lady of good family, were arrested at the Prince's palace.

"What is my offence ?" asked the prince.

"Don't know," abruptly answered the police-officer.

"By whose orders am I arrested ?"

"By the express orders of her Majesty the Empress."

Galitzin laughed a bitter, scornful laugh. He was at once parted from his lover and conducted to prison, where he made up his mind for the worst, and seriously began to prepare himself for a cruel and ignominious death.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort, Cashier, N. K. Masten. Directors—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 5 P.M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office No. 401 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on-the-Main. March 28.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $120,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't. Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 2.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; H. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 415 California street. July 2.

COSMOPOLITAN SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No. 626 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits One per Cent per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, Six per Cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book. J. Chocken, Secretary. [May 10.] W. B. THOMPSON, President.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.,

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec. 24.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I am prepared to Discount good Notes at low rates, and make Loans upon STOCKS and REAL ESTATE. JOHN T. LITTLE, May 3. No. 301 Montgomery street.

BURLING & BROTHER,

Stock Brokers, have Removed to No. 323 California street, below Sansome. May 21.

L. H. NEWTON.] NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., [MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. Nos. 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO., March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD :—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hodges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co., Thomas Tuttell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. I. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanzsfeith & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—Gov. F. Seymour.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltozzi Freres; Jacques, Allcon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Börsen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutterroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co, C. Dubois & Co, Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co, Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co., Rothschilds, Bank of London; Baring, Bros & Co; Delzy, Davies & Co; F'k Ansloc, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers. Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co., Alsop & Co, Huth, Gruning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Lusas Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co, Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fills & Co; Roun de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lammer & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

Unfortunate Journalists.—Mr. James J. O'Kelly, who has been pitchforked into a certain amount of notoriety as Cuban correspondent of the New York *Herald*, has sailed for Spain, where, it is said, he will undergo a trial for his Paul Pry-like inquisitiveness. He will likely have the pleasure of meeting his *confrere*, Mr. Bradlaugh, of the *World*, who has been mixed up in the little unpleasantness existing between the Republicans and Carlists, and who is kept in durance vile by the last mentioned politicians. Mr. O'Kelly may, perchance, be succeeded by his coadjutor, Mr. Leopold A. Prince, who has got in trouble in consequence of the part he took in petitioning the Judge who acted for the Government in the proceedings first taken against O'Kelly. He is confined in Fort Cabana, which, we are glad to hear, is a most comfortable prison, infinitely preferable to that in which his brother journalist was confined. From New Orleans, we hear that E. C. Hancock, of the *Herald*, has been interviewed in rather an unpleasant manner, a slung shot being used, and a broken head the result. Where is this journalistic martyrdom to cease! The world is being revolutionized by irrepressible reporters, whose pencils seem to be mightier than swords, though incapable of warding off slung shot.

The Thing which has Hitherto Puzzled Scientists is the reason of the "crowing" of the cock. Some have said that it is the temperature which affects the voice of the monarch of the dung-hill, others assert that a change in the weather will make him crow for four-and-twenty hours. In Australia cocks will crow all the night through as regularly as the clock strikes, while in Lapland it is stated they never crow at all. Lapland decidedly has the advantage there. An Edinburgh Judge has discovered a new cause. At the Police Court there, last week, two person were charged with keeping cocks in their back yards, to the annoyance of the neighbors. The complainant stated that after daybreak all sleep was impossible on account of the lusty crowing of innumerable roosters. On account of their conduct his wife was denied sleep, and her health was encroached upon. The Sheriff said that the hutches in which the birds were kept were not sufficiently secured from the light, which was the cause of their crowing, and ordered that this defect be remedied. What the result of this experiment may be it will be interesting to know, both for the sake of restless sleepers and piping chanticleers. The only remedy we have found effective for a restless Cochin, is simply to wring his neck. As Shakespeare says, "Silence is the perfectest herald of joy."

An Awkward Affair once occurred to one of the Judges on the Western Circuit. It appears that, having finished his labors and cast off his forensic wig at his lodgings, he had retired into the next room to wait for his brother Judge, whom he was about to accompany to meet some of the local aristocracy at dinner. The female servant of the house had entered the bedchamber by a side-door, and, not knowing that the Judge was in the next room, in a frolic arrayed herself in his wig. Just at that moment when the fair Mopsy was admiring herself in the looking-glass, the Judge unexpectedly entered the room, and the poor girl, catching sight of the stern countenance looking over her shoulder in the glass, was so alarmed that she fainted, and would have fallen to the ground if the learned Judge, impelled by humanity, had not caught her in his arms. At this critical moment his brother Judge arrived, and, on opening the dressing-room door, with a view to see if he was ready, discovered his learned brother with the fainting maid in his arms. The intruder quickly attempted to withdraw, when his brother Judge vociferated, "For heaven's sake, stop and hear this matter explained!" "Never mind, brother; never mind—the matter explains itself," and he left his learned colleague to bring the fainting maid to as best he could.

You Can See, says the Vienna correspondent of the St. Louis *Democrat*, crowds everywhere and, perhaps, as splendid equipages, saddle-horses, and toilets in other places, but nowhere else can you see women so tall, stately, and robust, mantled with that richness of color and gladness of expression, which are the products of a fine physical organization. They are of the most part decided blondes, or decided brunettes—Germans or Magyars—but they all seem to be cast in the same large mold, and invested with the same magnificence. In the vitality and affluence of their charms, and the scale of their ample stature, they seem to be the women that pray, smile, or dance on the warm and glowing canvas of Rubens. This implies, and is meant to imply, that their beauty is not of the finest order. In that respect our own fair countrywomen are, I honestly believe, unrivaled ; but, on the other hand, they are inferior in physique to these Austrian dames. They may speak purer German in Dresden and Hanover, and the German *cultus* may have no unpolluted shrine out of Berlin, but undoubtedly it is in Vienna that German womanhood attains the highest physical perfection.

The Anti-Tobacco Society had a singular meeting at Exeter Hall the other night. The annual report startled the meeting with a story of Manchester extravagance which seemed to take away the breath of the anti-tobaccoites, but will scarcely do more than amuse the smokers. "We have heard cigar tales which we can scarcely repeat," the Secretary read, "indeed, one we could not believe but that there are living witnesses to verify as to the fabulous cost of cigars." The disgust of the society was natural, for their total subscriptions and donations are only £813. This represents the amount of sinew with which they propose to carry on the war against an indulgence on which it is calculated that Englishmen have spent more than half a billion of money during the present century. It is interesting to note that the society has found two new allies in Miss Alice Vickry and Miss H. Downing, medical young ladies, who made effective speeches.

The Parisians at the Concert Musard, in the Champs Elysees, the other night had an edifying illustration of the progressive manners of "Young America." Seated in the most prominent part of the audience was a tall young man, with a rakish New York air, a bright crimson necktie, and a natty little velvet smoking-cap cocked capriciously over his left ear. His natural make-up and free dashing style alone would have assured him a generous share of public attention, but when he settled himself as low as possible in his seat and carefully deposited his feet on the back of the chair in front of him, and quite on a level with his head, the sensation throughout the audience was intense. He maintained this position for the most part during the two hours the concert lasted, and so secured for himself and his long legs towering in the air more notice and admiration than did the ladies' toilettes or the bâton of the conductor.

It is a Shame that the jealous London *Orchestra* should poke fun at the daintiest *prima donna* in existence merely because she is of American birth. Here is the way in which the large-footed Britisher comes down on our dainty little singer : "The musical critic of the Cincinnati *Enquirer* says that 'Miss Kellogg is in every tissue an American girl. She is this in her delicate beauty, her lithe yet perfect form ; her tiny snow-white hand and Arab foot.' Her Arab foot has often been remarked, but it never seemed to us so thoroughly American as her Ionic nose, her Sardinian chin, or her bewitching French mannerisms."

Club Life is making rapid way in French manners. It will not much affect the domestic hearth, since husbands and papas will only change from their favorite *cafe* to a more exclusive one. Mamma will go to balls, happy in her isolation, and the girls will accompany their aunts to the theater, so that there will be no competition between mothers and daughters. Professions, whether learned or unlearned, have their clubs, permission of course being obtained beforehand from the authorities. One vice creeps into these agapemones—gambling.

In Chili round balls have been discovered that are believed to be the eggs of the extinct lizards, the Ichthyosaurus and the Plesiosaurus. Only fancy the hatching of these creatures say in the Zoological Gardens! Why not? Life has remained in the mummy bean for centuries. We must admit a little difficulty in the way, but the bare possibility of such a thing as animating a representative of an extinct class is too flattering to be relinquished without many struggles.

Desiccated Ink.—The latest boon to literary travelers is "graphine," which is described by the London press as a little packet containing four small sheets of paper, and on cutting off a little bit, no larger than one's finger nail, and soaking it in a tablespoonful of water, it will produce a beautiful purple-colored ink. This condensed writing ink can be carried in the pocket-book like court plaster, and no traveler need in future carry an inkstand with him.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO. 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s. 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. **SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER AND BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS AND VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations including the following specialties; Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Bodgett & Hughes Umballa and Meian Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON-BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well-known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Expert Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29. AGENTS—CHARLES LANGLEY & CO., corner Battery and Clay sts, San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies. Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps, Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges, for Pin-fire and Central fire Breech-loading Guns; Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, Sept 1.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 13.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS, under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 18.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 14.

A PICTURE OF MIRANDA.

Thou hast th' embodied shape that Shakspeare knew,
When in the glow of bright poetic power
A form like this beamed forth to bless the hour.
Thus, to maidenhood Miranda grew,
With something in her look of morning dew,
And tranquil stars, and bud of lily-flower;
And Ariel's music heard in sea-girt bower,
The sweetest child that Fancy ever drew.
"The fringed curtains of thy lids advance,"
To eyes like these might Prospero have spoken;
And he, the enamored prince, beneath such glance,
Might say, "I do beseech your name," some token
All hallowed borne, of creature made so fair,
"Chiefly that I may set it in my prayer."

—Elizabeth Oakes Smith.

COOK, THE TOURISTS' FRIEND.

The Tide of Summer Tourists, says *Appleton's Journal*, is flowing Europeward, the steamers being crowded by anticipation for months to come, greenbacks converted into rouleaux of sovereigns and napoleons, the seamstress, milliners, and tailors, overcrowded with work on tourists' suits, and brown-stone fronts already putting on the blank, forbidding, "not-at-home" face, which stamps them as deserted. In view of the unusual number of European travelers, consequent upon the Vienna Exposition, why does not some enterprising Yankee organize a thorough system of excursions to the Austrian capital and back? At present, only the dimmest estimate can be made of the cost of a trip thither; after leaving the steamer in the Mersey, or at the mouth of the Seine or Elbe, nine voyagers out of ten have but the haziest notion what their outlays will be in fares and hotel expenses; and the financial aspect is of the first importance to the *paterfamilias* who contemplates taking madame and his two blooming daughters such a distance. In this matter of excursions, the English—and one Englishman in particular—have quite outdone us, who boast so much of our go-ahead-alivencss. Those who trust themselves to the patriarchal care of Mr. Cook, throw on his willing shoulders pretty much all the care of their own whatever. "Cook's tourists," to be sure, are more or less sneered at in England, and by none more than your cockney, who three years ago saved a matter of twenty pounds sterling by becoming a "Cook's tourist" himself, in a run on the Continent. Of course, people who are able to travel luxuriously, to have their couriers, take their *coupe* and coachman with them, engage suites of apartments at the Hotel Bristol and the Schweitzerhof a week beforehand by telegraph, and travel first class with the "princes and fools," may dispense with Mr. Cook and his kind altogether. He is emphatically the peculiar boon of the peripatetic middle classes, of those who are able to travel, if they can only do it moderately, and who must, as they travel, count the cost thereof. To these, Mr. Cook benevolently steps in and informs them that, at certain stated prices, he will take them almost anywhere or everywhere they wish to go. If they desire to see Paris or Vienna, Madrid or Naples, St. Petersburg or Constantinople—nay, even, for that matter, Jerusalem, Bagdad, and Damascus, the Pyramid of Cheops or the domes of Seringapatam, they have only to pack up and deliver themselves over, at the London railway-station, into the hands of Mr. Cook, or one of his lieutenants. He takes charge of the trunks and portmanteaus and umbrellas, he provides clean apartments and healthy food at the Continental hotels, he attends to the health and comfort of all his perambulating flock. He does all this on advantageously cheap terms dealing as he does by wholesale, and being a most envied customer to the less aristocratic Continental hosts. Notwithstanding the English fondness for being, eating, and traveling alone, Mr. Cook has been a distinct success, and may be looked upon as a sort of educator of the masses, as "travel tries a man," according to Lord Bacon. Every year may be seen shoals of cheerful "Cook's tourists" crossing the Channel; and on the Continent you find them everywhere, wearing for the most part contented faces, climbing cathedral-spires, floating down German streets, flitting through Louvre and Dresden galleries, driving in groups to the Palais Royal, crawling into the Great Pyramid, and leaning wondering over the precipices of the Tête Noire, or vigorously mounting the pass of the Great Saint Bernard. They are happy, for the idea of lost baggage does not intrude on the sentiment inspired by the monuments and the scenery, and there is a fillip of pleasant curiosity in not knowing what hotel they are going to, and what sights they are coming upon next. They are safe in their numbers, and in the experienced skill of Mr. Cook; and they come home again with many new and pleasant acquaintances made, and with many useful things in their heads which it will be a life-long pleasure to recall. There is no reason on earth why there should not be an American Cook. Arrangements might be made with the ocean steamers, in the present stage of lively competition, to carry parties from ten to sixty at reduced fares; and the Continental lines and hotels would need little persuasion to induce them to yield material concessions. Americans are sociable beings; there is a very large class who would rather travel en masse than alone, and it is safe to say that hundreds would avail themselves of an opportunity to go to Vienna this Summer, could they do so at a certain determined price, inclusive of every necessary expense, and relieved of the baggage bugbear and bore. Not only would they save money in fares by such a system, but, in being attended by competent managers and guides, they would be far less exposed to the wholesale swindling for which Continental hotels and shop keepers and guides regard English and Americans as the fairest game. Mr. Cook and his assistants go shopping with the "tourist," and thus enable them to pay the real market-price for their gloves and Indian shawls and silks and trinkets. The lodgings to be had at Vienna are no doubt fast being taken up, and an enterprise such as we suggest should be organized at once if at all. It would be a luxury indeed could people of limited means be assured, not only of a trip thither without many of the ordinary discomforts of traveling, but also of a temporary local habitation after arrival there, and the certainty of seeing the splendid exhibition in such comfort as is to be had at all away from home. The more the Americans who travel, the more intelligent voters and cultured men and women we shall have; for it is always true that traveling is a good regimen for ignorance, prejudice, and want of self-control.

[See Advertisement in another column.]

THE CLAY-EATERS OF THE ORINOCO.

The Ottomacas, of whom it is said by other Indians "that there is nothing so disgusting that they will not eat," live the greater part of the year on fishes and turtles, but when the Orinoco and its tributaries swell during the periodical rains and render fishing next to impossible, they become "dirt-eaters," and assuage their hunger with an unctuous clay. Such is their predilection for this strange aliment, in which chemistry detects no trace of organic matter, that even in times of abundance they mix some of it with their nutritious food. The most remarkable fact is that during the two months of the year when they daily devour about three-quarters of a pound of clay, and are restricted to a meagre supply of vegetable or animal provisions, such as lizards, ants and gum, the Ottomacas still remain healthy and strong, and never complain of indigestion. These barbarians are ugly, wild, vindictive; and, besides being passionately fond of palm-wine and maize-spirit, use the powdered pods of a leguminous plant, the Acacia Niopo, as a means of intoxication. The hollow bone of a bird serves as a kind of a pipe, through which they snuff up the powder, which is so irritating that a small quantity produces a strong fit of sneezing in those who are not accustomed to it. The effect of the Niopo is to deprive them for a couple of hours of their senses, and to render them furious in battle. Such is their malignant ingenuity that they poison their sharpened thumb-nails with the Woorali, so as to be able to inflict a death wound with the slightest scratch, and such their tiger-like ferocity that they suck with fiendish delight the blood of their slain enemies. The country these wretches inhabit is described as romantically beautiful—a mournful contrast to a state of society where man is eternally armed against man.—*The Tropical World, by Dr. G Hartwig.*

It is Not True, as stated in the dailies, that Pickering proposes playing George Washington on the Fourth.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate or restore. The favor it has received and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5:30 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:30 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

Sunday Excursions.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at 7 P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 424 Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front-st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 7 P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs' Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

Daily Time Table.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:30 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 11:30 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 420 Montgomery street. [May 31.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria, and Hope Town. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's comfortable Spring Wagons leave Cape Town, without fail, every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and travelling the above route, are due at Du Toit's Pan, the center point of the Diggings, on the seventh day from Town. Under new and improved arrangements, punctuality is ensured. Fare to the Diggings, £12. Each Passenger allowed 40 lbs. Luggage. Rest is afforded to Passengers by night stoppage at the principal stations, and Refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the entire route. Passengers' heavy Baggage has precedence by the Company's Goods Wagons leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the head office of the Company, No. 64 ADDERLEY STREET, corner of Longmarket street, Cape Town. R. T. TOWNROE, Secretary.

Cape Town, 23d March, 1873. May 17.

THE CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR HONGKONG via YOKOHAMA,

FROM FRONT STREET WHARF.

The Magnificent British Iron Steamship Galley of Lorne, 2,037 tons, J. Robinson Commander. This fast and powerful Clyde built Steamship sails from Hongkong for this port about the 1st of June, and on arrival here will have quick dispatch as above. For freight on Merchandise and Treasure or Passage apply to MACONDRAY & CO.,

May 17. Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20. GEO MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

BRITISH STEAMSHIP

Lord of the Isles, Captain Jacure Blow, from Hongkong, will discharge cargo at Front-street Wharf. Consignees will please call at our office, pay freight, and receive orders for their goods. All merchandise when landed upon the wharf will be at the risk of the owners thereof (without regard to the weather), and if not removed prior to five o'clock P. M. of each day will be stored at their risk and expense. [June 7.] MACONDRAY & CO

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co and Oregon C. R. R. Co through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

June 14. WM. NORRIS, Agent 217 Sansome street.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The new A 1 Clipper Ship Carrollton, Bosworth, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [May 31.] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the News Letter in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 31.

C. L. Crackbon.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. Murdock.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 3.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD —

- Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
- Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
- Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company
- New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
- Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
- Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
- New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
- Oporto—Banco Alliança.
- Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbocker & Co.
- Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
- Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails
- Point de Galle—James Black.
- Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
- Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
- St. Petersburgh—Steiglitz & Co.
- Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
- Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
- Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
- Shanghai—F. De Lauda; P. M. S. S. Co.
- Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
- Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamolz & Co; "Free Press."
- Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
- Vera Cruz—British Consul.
- Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia, Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
- Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co, Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
- Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
- Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
- Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULS.

- Belgium—F. Grisar, 1517 Powell.
- Chili—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street.
- Chili—Consul General: Francisco 3d Casanueva, 506 Battery st.
- Denmark—C. O'Hara Taafe, 520 California street.
- Ecuador—Daniel Wolf (absent).
- France—Edmond Breuil, 424 Jackson street.
- Great Britain—W. L. Booker, 319 California street.
- Guatemala—C. Martin 123 Cal. st.
- Hawaiian Islands—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street.
- Honduras—Wm. V. Wells, Mayor's Office, City Hall.
- Italy—G. B. Cerruti, 1415 Powell.
- Japan—G. W. Brooks, 20 Montgomery street.
- Mexico—Manuel Aspiros.
- German Empire—C. A. C. Dulenbeck, 311 Sacramento street.
- Netherlands—J. De Fremery, 710 Sansome street.
- Nicaragua—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
- Peru—De la Fuenteny Sabiral Federico.
- Portugal—Francis Berton, sw. cor. Clay and Liedesdorff Sts.
- Russia—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
- San Salvador—J. M. Alvarez.
- Spain—C. Martin, 123 California.
- Sweden and Norway—G. C. Johnson, 53 Battery street.
- Switzerland—Francis Berton.
- U. S. of Colombia—F. Herrera.
- Bolivia—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
- Callao—D. J. Williamson, 330 Drannan street.
- Costa Rica—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
- Greece—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
- Argentine Republic—G. Daum, 510 Battery street.
- Austro-Hungarian—G. Moecke, 109 California street.
- Turkey—George W. Gibbs, 23 Battery street.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

THE TWO REVERENDS, STONE AND SUN LUNG.

Dear News Letter:—Having no congregation of my own to sit in mute and glowing admiration, to listen with intensified attention to the heavenly truths filtering like priceless pearls through the consecrated lips of your humble Parson, and being at leisure on last Lord's day, after having listened to an oration on the Chinese situation in America, by the Rev. Dr. Stone, I accepted an invitation from Chong Wong, the President of the Hop Kee Company, to visit their Chinese temple of worship, located on Broadway, and listen to divine service, as rendered by his most sublime holiness, the highly elevated, personified crowning apex of Celestial theology, the Right Rev. Sam Lung. He was assisted in the ceremonies of his religion by the Rev. Sing Lee, Rev. Hing Kee, Rev. Ching See, and Most Rev. Rinn Gee. The clergy were supported by five leading dignitaries of their church, Deacon Chung Lung, Hung Fung, Sung Swung, and Whung Dung: the services were of the most solemn and impressive character, and the ceremonies were imposing to the last degree, the occasion being the anniversary of the birth of Josh in the Flowery Empire, just ten thousand two hundred and two years previous to the creation of the world by the God of the Christians. A most eloquent discourse was delivered by his holiness Sam Lung; his text was from one of the holy books of the Celestial Kingdom, and is found on page one hundred and seventy-seven thousand, seven hundred and seventy-seven of the sacred transcript of the Celestial Empire, as transcribed by those ancient inspired Mongolian writers who walked and talked with Josh. The text was as follows:

I am the only living Josh,
Sin melts before mine eye like slosh,
I'm first, and last, and all, by gosh,
All other creeds but mine are bosh.

Want of space in your valuable paper, my dear *News Letter*, prevents me from giving you the sermon from the foregoing text, by the gifted Sam Lung, and to condense the brilliant effort to fit the prescribed limits of a newspaper article would so alter the tone, mar the beauty of expression, and detract from the sonorous merit of the Mongolian classics that I deem it little less than sacrilege to curtail the pathetic effusion of any of its fair proportions, and in translating the text from the flowery language of those children of the sun into our barbarous English dialect, I fear I have failed to portray the soul-softening glamour and mellow light of holy radiance, that gives an everlasting luster to each and every word inscribed on the sacred pages of the holy transcript. I had listened to the Rev. Dr. Stone in the morning, whose text from the Christian Bible, was, "Be kind to the stranger within thy gates," and, in this case, his stranger was the Chinee. The text was good, lofty in sentiment, just and correct in principle, but was handled by the learned divine in a most clumsy and offensive manner, clumsy in proclaiming, from his gilt-edge pulpit, the doctrine of universal suffrage, equal rights, the enjoyment of civil and religious liberty, and the uninterrupted pursuit of happiness by every human being who chose to seek shelter beneath the outstretched wings of the American bird, and then in the next breath showing the narrow view he took of the situation, and the selfish interest he had in the Celestial emigrant, by making the offensive statement, that by putting the ballot in the hands of the Chinese, it would checkmate the Irish in politics, and if he could then convert the Mongolian to Protestantism, it would ring the death-knell of Popery, and wipe out Catholicism in America. The Rev. gentleman only missed his mark in two important points: first, the Chinee don't wish to vote; second, he will not be converted to Protestantism, or any other ism. The supreme impudence, sublime egotism, and vanity of an American clergyman is wonderful to contemplate, when he announces to an intelligent audience that a few obscure pigmies, like himself, with scarce a local renown, will at no distant day cut loose the last anchored hopes of China's pagan millions, and by the lily hand of faith will lead his moon-eyed brother forth from out the deep and sombre shade, where frowning Josh, for countless years, hath sat in awful majesty ensconced among forgotten centuries.

Make him forget his land of flowers,
His sunlit streams and sylvan bowers,
His waving woods and azure skies,
And fields elysian when he dies.

And what is offered him in exchange! Mr. Stone's seven-by-nine heaven, with golden floor and porphyry walls, with a jasper throne on which sits an improbable God, with impossible powers, about which millions of fanatics, called Christians, have prated and preached for eighteen hundred years, without any one of them being able to give it a definite location. The Chinee cannot see the advantage of changing a religion, hoary with the respectability of ages, for the mushroom theology of a day. The talented Sam Lung treated his subject in a much more masterly manner than his brother clergyman, Dr. Stone. He said the whole human family were brothers, but that was no reason why they should cut each other's throats; that he did not wish to convert Mr. Stone or any other Caucassian; that the white races had all created hells for themselves, and he was willing they should occupy them eternally; that the Chinese people did not wish to take any stock in a sulphur mine. But I am only spoiling the eloquent Sam Lung's sermon by the translation. I will, however, give you a sacred hymn, in English, as sung by three saints representing the Celestial trinity; it was sung in honor of the Immaculate conception; the singers were Saints Ah Toy, Sea Poy, and Ho Boy, and ran as follows:

HYMN.

Josh arose from his couch on the wings of the morning,
He came in a sunbeam to visit the earth,
While a star in the East show'd its light as a warning
For mortals to look for a wondrous birth.

Grim darkness was over the face of creation,
Till Josh threw a glance from his all-seeing eye,
Which rested upon our Celestial nation,
And show'd us a wonderful visitor nigh.

Josh asked for no prayers, he needed no urging,
He left his bright world for our flowery land,
He had sought through the gardens of earth for a virgin,
To reproduce Josh by a miracle grand.

At length the sweet daughter of earth he was seeking,
He found in a hut on the plains of Co Wang;
There a young Josh was born and transported to Pekin,
And has reigned ever since in a gilded Chu Bang.

I was fully convinced, after attending divine worship at the Chinese tabernacle, that the whole Christian religion was but a weak imitation and transparent counterfeit of the superstitions of Asia. It is no wonder the Chinese people laugh at the efforts of the American clergy to convert them to Christianity. Should they embrace a shadow now, when they have been wedded to the substance for sixteen thousand years? Not quite. John shabee Melican man too muchee. A holy pig was now cut up, and liberal slices of the sacred porker were passed around. We gorged a chunk of consecrated hog, swallowed a large amount of Celestial piety, in about three pounds of lard, slipped easily out of the temple, and quietly disappeared. Yours, unctuous and oily,

The Oaks, June, 1873. The Parson.

A Short Time Since a gentleman with long fair whiskers, and dressed in the hight of fashion, entered a hosier's in Vienna, and requested the shopwoman, who happened to be alone, to show him some colored shirts. Every variety was brought out, when he made his choice, and requested that a parcel might be made up for him. This being done, "What an idiot I am!" he said, "I have not seen how the shirts look when on. Would you oblige me, mademoiselle, by putting on one over your dress?" The shopwoman having complied with the request "Be so good," he continued, "as to button the collar and the wrist-bands, that I may get a thoroughly good idea of the effect. And now," he added, taking up his parcel, "allow me to wish you a very good morning!" and in an instant he was outside the door, and had disappeared, the unhappy girl perfectly stupefied, not daring to follow him into the street on account of her singular costume. Her employer, on returning from his *café* half-an-hour later, found her, with the fatal garment on, crying on the counter.

NOTICE TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE SUTRO TUNNEL CO.

At a meeting of the Trustees of the Sutro Tunnel Company, held at the office of the Company, in the city of San Francisco, on the 23d day of May, 1873, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it is the opinion of this Board that the Capital Stock of this Company should be increased to Twenty Million Dollars, and be divided into Two Million Shares of the par value of Ten Dollars per share; and that a meeting of the Stockholders be and is hereby called to take place at the office of the Company, at No. 224 California street, at 1 o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, the 23d day of June, 1873, to determine upon this proposition.

(Signed) JOSEPH ARON, SOLOMON HEYDENFELDT, EDWARD N. HOOPER, IGNATZ STEINHART, THOS. C. WEDDERSPOON, Trustees.

Pelham W. Ames, Secretary.

May 31.

DICKSON, DE WOLF & CO.,

410, 412, 414 Battery street, offer for sale the following goods, in Bond or Duty paid:

BRANDY—Gautier, Otard, Martell and Hennessy, in quarter casks. BRANDY—Martell, Fagre & Co., and Camilsade Aine, in glass; WHISKY—Irish, in quarter casks. WINE—Port and Sherry, in quarter casks and glass. CLARET—Choice Medoc, Panillac, and St. Julien, in cask. PIG IRON—Eglinton, CHAINS—Short link. TIN PLATES—I X Machen Crown Brand Charcoal; Yellow Metal Sheathing; Asphalte Roofing Felt, Bleaching Powder, Soda Crystals, Bi Carbonate of Soda, Palm Oil, Gostling's Portland Cement, Roman Cement, Fire Clay, Paris White. [June 7.

THE PARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between the undersigned, at San Francisco and New York, under the firm name of PLATT & NEWTON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation. Mr. HY. A. THOMAS will sign for us at New York, under Powers of Attorney. The Shipping and Commission business will be continued by WM. T. COLEMAN & CO.

WM. T. COLEMAN, L. H. NEWTON.

San Francisco, May 31, 1873.

I have this day re-established the firm of Wm. T. Coleman & Co., and will continue the Shipping and Commission business on my own account.

San Francisco, June 2, 1873. WM. T. COLEMAN

The undersigned have this day formed a partnership, under the name and style of NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., for the purpose of conducting an Importing and Jobbing business, at 119 and 121 Front street.

L. H. NEWTON, MORRIS NEWTON.

San Francisco, June 2, 1873. June 7.

NAHL'S ART GALLERY.

The undersigned retains possession of all negatives taken at Taber's and is prepared, as heretofore, to furnish all kinds of pictures in the best manner possible, guaranteeing with first-class talent, to give satisfaction in all cases. MR. NAHL's personal attention is given to all retouching and enlarging in every style, in which branch of art he is acknowledged by all to be at the head of his profession. NAHL & CO., Artists and Photographers

No. 12 Montgomery street, near Market. June 14.

MILLS SEMINARY.

The next term of this well-known Institution will commence WEDNESDAY, July 9th. For further particulars inquire of

June 14. REV. C. T. MILLS, Principal Brooklyn, Alameda County.

1776. **JULY FOURTH.** 1873.

CELEBRATE! CELEBRATE! FIREWORKS!

The greatest pleasure to the greatest number at the least expense. CHURCH & CLARK are prepared to furnish Fireworks of all kinds, manufactured by them, and guaranteed superior to any. PORTABLE PIECES FOR EXHIBITIONS, which can be transported without injury. CHURCH & CLARK,

May 31. 407 Front street, San Francisco.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL. The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 500 yards from the San Bruno Depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.

June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

S. P. Christy. John H. Wise. Thos. Denigan.

CHRISTY & WISE,

Agents for Wool Growers, and Commission Merchants for the sale of HIDES, TALLOW, ETC., 607 FRONT STREET, between Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco. May 17.

JOSEPH M. BYERS,

Collector.—Office at Lecount Bros. & Mansur, 417 and 419 Montgomery street. Refers, by permission, to San Francisco Bulletin Co.; Maurice Dore & Co.; Reddington, Hostetter & Co.; Fred'k MacCrellish & Co.; John Middleton & Son.; Jos. L. Howell; Le Count Bros. & Mansur. June 7.

NOTICE.

During the absence of the undersigned, the business of Her Britannic MAJESTY'S CONSULATE will be conducted by Mr. VICE CONSUL MASON, as Acting Consul. [June 7.] WM. LANE BOOKER, H. B. M.'s Consul.

OFFICE OF THE CITY GAS COMPANY,

San Francisco, April 5, 1873.—Consumers of Gas are notified that from and after the 9th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS ($4) PER ONE THOUSAND CUBIC FEET.

By order of the Board. [April 12.] W. W. BLOW, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SAN FRANCISCO GAS COMPANY,

April 5, 1873.—Notice is hereby given that from and after the 9th day of April, 1873, the price of Gas will be FOUR DOLLARS PER THOUSAND CUBIC FEET. [April 12.] JOS. G. EASTLAND, Secretary

NEW MAP OF CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA,

In Townships, with Mineral Grounds, Railroads and Land Districts defined. The MOST COMPLETE MAP ever published of the two States. For sale in Sheets or Book form. Size, 5 feet by 5½. Price—Book, $3; Mounted, $5.

May 17. WARREN HOLT, 60, Clay street.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 24.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

Ex "Marie Charlotte," from Bordeaux.—100 Cases Louis Roederer celebrated "CARTE BLANCHE," quarts and pints, for sale, to the trade, by

May 3. MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast

Jos. Ourle.] **OURLE, STEWART & CO.** [Robt. Stewart.

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room, No. 15 Stevenson's Building, No. 331 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California street, up stairs. April 19.

CALISTOGA HOT SPRINGS,

After being closed for four months, has been improved by the addition of new cottages and refurnished in a superb manner, is NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON. March 15.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any, and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

LETTER FROM LONDON.

London, May 29th, 1873.—My Dear News Letter: As I wish to advertise thoroughly before returning to Congress, I feel it incumbent on myself to do so through your columns. My immediate cause for writing is that I have been presented at Court. Fact! I kept this a profound secret from all my friends (eighteen only being let into confidence) until the moment of presentation, and then I burst out in all my glory. I didn't care much about being presented. In fact, I rather objected, but I was urged so strongly by Sir Bosh and Lady May that I at last consented. I say I didn't wish to be presented, but this is for the Territorial [illegible], let me tell you I [illegible] admit that nobody knows what efforts I did make to get the thing put through, but [illegible] whose name [illegible] had it been but the S. F. in Vigilance Committee times would have [illegible] Casey as [illegible] the State if necessary for his welfare. I wriggled through. I can't say what it cost me, but I will stake my existence that I did not pay half what I promised. I flatter myself that, being an Oregonian, a Californian and Arizonian, that I cannot [illegible] from the truth with [illegible] increasing my position as a [illegible] [illegible]. I certainly ought to be able to [illegible] after a residence of twenty years on the Pacific Coast. Well, I went through the ordeal, and as my name [illegible], my name is in all the papers, and when my friends call on me I introduce the subject and rush for a paper, which, by the way, I always keep handy, and point with pride to my name. I know that everybody in San Francisco will be jealous, and I hope they will; I consider I was a master stroke even for a Montgomery street politician. There are lots of my friends here from the Pacific Coast whom I have been very intimate with [illegible] fellows though, so I have dropped them since my presentation. I used to be a believer in a Republican form of government, but since coming in contact with so much nobility, I am inclining towards a Monarchy, and if it wasn't for that infernal corner grocery where I [illegible] my [illegible], I would try to be a gentleman, but I can't. I don't even dare to say I am in the [illegible] of [illegible] plans, for I'm such a liar no one would believe me. Pressing engagement to dine with Lord H—— prevents me from saying more, but you may expect to hear again, at a future day, from your GREAT ORIENTAL.

P. S. The rumor that I tried to get a wild cat mine while at the present [illegible] is as false as the [illegible] that were under my [illegible] stocking. I [illegible] [illegible] that I had the [illegible] thing in the world, paying dividends from the start, and I would let the Prince of Wales have an interest if he would allow me to put his name on the prospectus, but nobody seemed to be interested. Alas! how different from the days when I was [illegible] in Sacramento. G. O.

LETTER FROM CAPT. NICHOLS, OF THE BARK PATMOS.

Dear News Letter: Having read in the New York papers of [illegible] saying there to come to San Francisco that the Shipping Commissioner here had been instrumental, in fact the prime agent, in producing a great reform in the shipping of men, to wit: knocking off the bonus or blood money, I supposed on my arrival all that would be necessary for me when I got ready for sea would be to go to the Commissioner and tell him I wanted a crew, when they would be put on board by paying the customary advance and the accustomed awful charges. I was soon undeceived, however, for I was told in addition to these I would have to pay forty dollars bonus, making the cost to the ship for each man about one hundred and four dollars. I endeavored then as a matter of course, to get my men on the best terms I could, and I asked Colonel Stevenson if I sent men to the office to be shipped, with an order signed by myself, would he ship them? He told me no, but he would sign any man that I would bring there or who would come with me. This, of course, put me to great trouble and inconvenience, as my vessel was loading at Hathaway's wharf, and so far removed from the office that with my other duties to attend to, it was no small labor to take each man, who came to me for a chance, up to the office to have him sign. There being no alternative, however, and being in the hands of the Philistines, I accepted the situation, and went to the office with two men who said they would go without bonus, as it was no benefit to them but went entirely to the boarding master. When I got to the office the chief deputy, Mr. McNear, told me if I would send the two men away, he would give me an entire crew without bonus, that they should be on board in an hour, and save me any further trouble in bringing men there. I took his word, left the office, and returned in about an hour when the same deputy informed me that he had a talk with Mr. Chute, and it could not be done. I now learned that the Shipping Commissioner did not run the office, but that two other worthies named Brady & [illegible] had to be consulted. I sought out these two gentlemen at the office of Brady and Chute, and was informed by them that in addition to the advance of sixty dollars per man already paid the Commissioner, I would have to pay into their hands forty dollars more for each man before I should have one on board. Having now become thoroughly disgusted with the whole thing and annoyed beyond expression, I asked that they give me a crew on their own terms, and do with me as they thought best. In addition I have to say that in all my experience as a shipmaster—now twenty years—I never have suffered so much insult and inconvenience put together as on this occasion. To show the effect of Shipping Commission, the ship *Blue Jacket* has paid for every man shipped the sum of forty dollars as a bonus, the English bark *Huntington* shipped a crew at the same time for a bonus of $37 50 each, the ship *[illegible] Castle* the same. The crews of these two ships were shipped before the British Consul.

MESSRS. BARRY & PATTEN'S

Very Interesting Men and Memories of the Spring of '50 has elicited the following reminiscence from H. C. K[illegible], Esq.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 20, 1873.

Messrs. Barry & Patten—Gentlemen: Your delightful "Memories of '50" brings to mind a pleasant reminiscence of Gideon N. Yates, a pioneer who was with Fisher & Co., pioneer stage men of Stockton. Yates was a most genial and brilliant writer. He died in '52. While riding on horseback with Yates from the City of Mexico to Mazatlan, in 1842, he has read his own poetry to me by the hour, but the following [illegible] so impressed me that it is as green in my memory to-day as it was the day he gave it to me in Mexico. Yates, when quite a lad, was a pupil in an academy in Maine, the Principal of which, Hiram Little, was—in contrast to his name—a man who weighed 300 pounds. A particular chum of Yates' was a boy named Blair, who was an immense caricaturist, while Yates dealt in sarcasm. One day Blair proposed that he should draw the head of the Principal on the blackboard, if Yates would write his epitaph. They proceeded to the school house where Blair drew a splendid likeness of the Dominie, terribly caricatured. Yates took chalk and drew a gravestone around the head, and wrote the epitaph, as below:

Beneath this stone old Hiram Little lies, Fills this little hole,
Little in everything but size— Through that [illegible] small—keyhole
And while his mammoth body Creeps—his—little—soul

Very truly, H. C. KIBBE.

Editor News Letter—Dear Sir: As a commercial man I cannot understand how a small wheat laden bark, bound for the United Kingdom, that left this port, well found and provisioned, and presumed to be seaworthy, that started leaking a few days out, and returned to port to be recaulked, should incur a bill for over $4,000 for ship-chandlery and provisions, but for doing repairs, etc. I would know that some captains pocket a portion of the money received from the underwriters in certain foreign ports. I by no means say that it is the case here; on the contrary, I think that masters sailing from this port are good, sterling men. I suggest to underwriters not to insure on vessels that will incur expenses enough nearly to eat up a greater portion of the cargo, without sufficient reason.

Yours, truly, MERCHANT.

VON SACHER-MASOCH.

Dear News Letter: You published the beginning of a highly entertaining story, [illegible] "Marriage in the [illegible] Palace," as told by the distinguished gentleman to whose name [illegible] the article. A good story is good, no matter where it comes from; but it is a truth no less positive than poetic, that a plant should spring [illegible]. This very Sacher-Masoch contributed to the *Revue des Deux Mondes*, first published them in German, some article entitled "[illegible]" and "Tales of Little Russia," the subject of the [illegible] Ivan de [illegible], and Marcela. Of these Dora [illegible] writes, in the *Revue* of March last: "The editor of the great Revue [illegible] has imposed upon, and with the meaning to do so, imposes upon his readers in both hemispheres, by recommending Sacher-Masoch as a Little-Russian realist writer. In the name of the Russian public, we are able to assure the [illegible] that Revue that reveal Lermontov's as Don Juan de Colomea, for [illegible] taken as the best national [illegible] the [illegible] Little Russian country [illegible] which are [illegible], and that [illegible] the [illegible] of Sacher-Masoch, which, according to the *Revue des Deux Mondes*, represents the national Russian and [illegible] [illegible] a German student who, between two marks in the *Presse*, at Vienna, has read a few pages of a "[illegible]" [illegible]. Dora d'Istria knows what she writes about, and [illegible] to me that a Frenchman so apt as Sacher-Masoch would hardly hesitate at [illegible] a [illegible] story into a Russian one, when he was so successful in [illegible] off on a magazine, certainly among the first in the world—tales borrowed very freely from such poets as Goethe and Pouschkin. G. C. H.

Wieniawski is not a particularly easy name either to spell or pronounce, and it is not easy to guess what a fearful hash it calls make of the name. Grandmamma [illegible] spells it "Wieniawski," but also puts "Herr" before his name, showing very plainly, that the dear old lady's knowledge of countries and names has not a little to add to, to be old age. The little *Post* comes out with elaborate names, ones that the worthy violinist ought to be justly proud of, viz., [illegible] Wieniawski! The *Herald* [illegible] him Weinlawski, while the *Chronicle* and *Bulletin* both agree in calling him Wienawski. The *Chronicle* also revels in calling the accompanist, Mr. L. Rembielinski, by the euphonious name of Rembelelinski! Now it would have been just as easy for these journals to have ascertained what the right name was, as for them to draw upon their rich fund of imagination for a name that came somewhere near the right one.

A Splendid Consignment of Carpets has just arrived in this city, comprising Axminsters, Brussels, and all kinds of European carpets. We inquired at the Custom House, and were told that they were consigned to D. N. Walter & Co., corner Market and [illegible] streets. We at once went to their store, and were shown by them [illegible] the new arrivals. Some of the patterns were the prettiest we have ever seen, and the whole lot was selected with an eye to beauty and durability. We see that Messrs. Walter are the only "bona fide" importers (wholesale) on this coast.

Query—How is it that the two religious papers of the city, the *Pacific* the organ of the Congregationalists, and the *Christian Advocate*, organ of the Methodists, are, we might say, one and the same thing, that is to say they are published same day, and four out of the eight columns are same matter, in [illegible] order, etc., the headings to articles in some instances changed, but local items, news stories, etc., in other words all is [illegible]. BAPTIZED.

Aztec Pinolo, prepared with hot milk as chocolate, is a delightful combination of food and drink. Persons who are in the habit of taking only a cup of coffee in the morning, will find the Aztec Pinolo in this form far preferable, as they get more nutriment and at the same time have a pleasant hot drink.

St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street, Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D. D., Pastor. In the absence of the Pastor in Yosemite, the pulpit, Sunday, will be supplied by Prof. Alexander of the University (City) College. Services at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. Public cordially invited to attend.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Mr. John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager.—Sunday Evening, June [illegible], HENRY WIENIAWSKI will give A GRAND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT, assisted by MME. [illegible] MRS. [illegible], MONS. L. REMBIELINSKI and an ORCHESTRA OF THIRTY MUSICIANS.

PROGRAMME.

PART I.—1. Overture—[illegible] (Adam) Orchestra—Chas. Schultz, Conductor. 2. [illegible] Wieniawski. [illegible] [illegible]. 4. Polonaise [illegible]

PART II.—5. Overture [illegible] Weber. Orchestra—Chas. Schultz, Conductor. 6. [illegible] Wieniawski [illegible] 10. [illegible]

Box Office open [illegible] Open Sunday from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. June 21.

The New York and New Orleans Zoological and Equestrian Exposition, MENAGERIE, MUSEUM AND CIRCUS,

On Jackson street lot for ten days only.—Having finished its triumphant march FROM OCEAN TO OCEAN opened Thursday night to one of the largest [illegible] ever seen in San Francisco. [illegible] all THE GREATEST MENAGERIE AND CIRCUS [illegible] San Francisco. [illegible] Two Grand Performances Daily. Every Afternoon at 2 o'clock, and evening at 8. All the Great Stars and the Entire Company appear at each performance. J. L. DAVIS' Educated Troupe [illegible] [illegible] DENSON [illegible] PERFORMING LIONS. [illegible]

SCALE OF PRICES.—Dress Circle, $1. Reserved Chairs, 50 cents extra. Children under 12 years half price. Doors open at 1 and 7 P. M. W. W. COLE, Manager. W. H. Harlen, Press Agent. June 21.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Treasurer. MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon, continued success of MR. [illegible] [illegible] THE ONLY [illegible], MR. EDWIN KELLY [illegible] the Greatest Hit of the Season [illegible] Headless Men. On Monday Evening, June 23, will appear the Greatest Band in the World, [illegible] Old Woman Who Lived in the Shoe. N. B. Performance commences at 7¾ o'clock. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. June 21.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, June 21 and every evening during the week. [illegible] First Part Minstrelsy—Interlude of Songs [illegible] [illegible] Acrobats [illegible] THE [illegible] ARTIST [illegible] Admission 25 cents. Dress Circle, 50 cents. Private Boxes, $2, $3 and $5. June 21.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee [illegible] UNCLE TOM'S CABIN. Saturday Evening [illegible] Bret Harte's poem, [illegible] and Flynn of Virginia," and called POVERTY FLAT. June 21.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No 605 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments.
[May 21.]

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal. fresh ℔ ℔	25@	40
Do pickled		40
Do Packed		45
Cheese, Cal	10@	20
Honey	10@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz.	25@	
Lard, ℔ ℔	15@	20
Ham & Bacon, ℔ ℔	15@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔ ℔	1@	2
Do sweet	4@	5
Lima Beans, ℔ ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔ ℔	3@	
Onions, ℔ ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ℔ ℔	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔ ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	6@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	1 00@	
Celery, ℔ doz b	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b	5@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b	6@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	6@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔ ℔	4@	6
String Beans, ℔ ℔	5@	
Apples, ℔ ℔	5@	12
Pears ℔ ℔	15@	
Quinces ℔ ℔	6@	
Peaches, ℔ ℔	6@	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔ ℔	15@	25
Do new, ℔ ℔	4@	
Oranges, ℔ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons ℔ 100	75@1	25
Limes ℔ doz	25@	
Quail, ℔ doz	2 00@3	00
Chickens, each	62@1	00
Turkeys, ℔ ℔	20@	25
Geese, ℔ pair	2 00@2	50
Ducks ℔ pair	2 00@2	25
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	
Hares, each	25@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ℔ ℔	20@	
Mussels ℔ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔ ℔	12@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔ ℔	10@	
Codfish ℔ ℔	12@	
Rockfish ℔ ℔	15@	
Smelts, ℔ ℔	15@	
Tomcod, ℔ ℔	12@	
Sturgeon, ℔ ℔	3@	
Sea Bass, ℔ ℔	6@	
Flounders, ℔ ℔	10@	
Halibut, ℔ ℔	40@	
Perch, ℔ ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ℔ ℔	10@	
Anchovies ℔ ℔	4@	
Soles ℔ ℔	25@	
Herrings, ℔ ℔	6@	

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 3, [illegible] Building, S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

Two Gentlemen were strolling down Kearny street last week, when this conversation took place: A. "Look here! this is the first time I have worn these gloves, and see, they are [illegible] right across." B. "Where did you get them?" A. "I almost forget, but I believe I bought them on Montgomery street." B. "You see these gloves I have on?" A. "Yes." B. "Well, I got them from Keane & O'Connor two months ago." A. "I'll go down there at once and get a dozen pair." B. "Of course you know their store, on Kearny; you just ask for their Jouvin gloves and you'll be suited to a T."

Our Mary has gone to the races, She'd much better drive round home,
To see fast horses trot, As she always used to before,
And if she don't keep a sharp lookout, With a dashing team whose harness
Mary will go to pot. Came from Main & Winch store.

We Hear that Judge F—— is about to present his wife with a fine diamond necklace, which is now being made expressly for her in Paris. Mrs. F—— is a vain, weak woman, and is pleased with such baubles. Judge G—— having of his brother['s] [illegible] liberality, also made his wife a handsome present of one of De la Montanya's Union Ranges. Mrs. G—— is a sensible woman, and is pleased with a sensible and useful present. If either of these fair dames should ever be in the market, we should recommend widow G——.

The Glorious Victory of Bunker Hill, in which the red coated minions of England succumbed to the love [illegible] [illegible] celebrated with due cannon firing, etc. It was a most glorious day for America, and a [illegible] for England. England has enough to look after without [illegible] her head about forty million Americans. Her trade is what she depends upon, but she will have to look to her laurels for San Francisco treads on her heels. England cannot produce a finer show of carpets than those to be found in the store of Plum, Bell & Co.

Sing Not to Me of the sunny South, Eberhart & Lachman ever keep
First out of the sparkling Rhone, Rich stores of native tipple,
But sing to me of the glorious West Grown on our California shores,
And its luscious Native Wine Where our Western streamlets ripple.

None but True Artists can take a proper photograph. It is not the mere mechanical affair that some people suppose it to be. There is much that requires both the eye and hand of an artist to make photography a success. This is the grand secret of Nobl[e]'s success as a photographer. He is an artist, and brings all his artistic talents to bear on his work. His place, at 12 Montgomery street, is well worth a looking over, and his photos are so good that few people come out without having one taken.

"Who's Your Hatter?" is a very common expression, and is a question that has called forth many peculiarly clever answers [illegible] England and [illegible], what the [illegible] "[illegible]" and numerous other [illegible] sentences, more celebrated for their brevity than wit. There is one question, however, that can only have one answer, and that is, "Who's your hosier?" The answer, of course, is Anderson & Irving, 219 Montgomery.

Tick, Tick, goes the old stair clock, A merry band that day had met,
As if it were giving breath All young and blithe and frisky,
For a final stroke when the hour comes And the bottle freely circled round
That tells of the old year's death With Hotaling's Cutter Whisky
[*To be continued in our next*.]

The Vienna Exhibition has attracted thousands of pleasure-seeking Americans to the Austrian capital. A good number of Californians are there to represent the Golden State. Most of us, however, are either too busy making money to find time to spend it, or too poor to afford the trip and so stop at home. All who are here will be glad to hear that Mr. and Mrs. Manzenberg, formerly of Thorpes' Hotel, are about to open a splendid house at Golden Gate Park.

Come, Reader, Come with me, and I'll show you through a school room,
Will show you such a sight, And then you'll own, I'm sure,
That if you have a heart at all, No furniture, for office or school,
'Twill fill you with delight. Beats that of Gilbert & Moore.

Poor Old Captain Jack says that his Indian heart is dead and cold, and that like David of old, he only wants his favorite squaw, Lizzie, to [illegible] by him and keep him warm. He says that he does not give a cent whether they hang him or let him live, but then he does say that he has heard so much about the furniture made by N. P. Cole, of Bush street, that he would not like to go to the happy hunting grounds without first seeing his store and wondrous stock of furniture.

The Air Ship at the city Gardens has turned out a failure, having smashed up completely. We never thought it would be a success, but we had an idea that it would get high enough to make a long, long [illegible] out. However, it has turned out to be a fizzle. We must therefore be content with the many advantages nature has given us, and art improved upon. Such, for instance, as the well known Gerke Wine, for which [illegible] the Lord be praised.

Come, come, the bright stars twinkle, They say they can't be beaten,
The pale moon shines on high, They are so fat and fine
To the Seal Rock let's go, That if you eat a dozen
And Corvill's oysters try. You have no need to dine.

No Painting ever made, no combination of art ever produced a likeness like that seen in a good looking glass. There you have life and color true to nature. No one has ever got so near nature as Bradley & Rulofson have. Their plain photographs are splendid, but their colored pictures are a source of wonder and admiration to all who walk down Montgomery street and appreciate true art.

Thistleton's Jolly Giant bids fair to become the *Punch* of the Pacific Coast. The engravings in the last issue were excellent, but the reading matter rather weak. It will, however, no doubt improve as it grows older.

We have Received a very interesting pamphlet on "Christianity and Materialism," by B. F. Underwood, published by Butts & Dinsmore, New York. It takes a very fair view of both sides and is well worth reading.

Plumbers' Brass Goods.—Plumbers' basins and closets, plated basin cocks, bath tubs, copper boilers, rubber hose for garden use, etc. THOMAS DAY, 732 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

Sudden Changes in the Weather are productive of Throat Disease, Coughs and Colds. There is no more effectual relief to be found, than in the use of "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*."

The Six Mile House is, as every one knows, kept by Harry Blanken. No one driving on the San Bruno Road would ever think of passing without giving him a call.

What's the Good of a Pair of Eyes if you can't see out of them? Muller can make you see in about two seconds, by selling you a pair of his glasses.

When You Go Camping Out forget your gun, leave your rod at home, but never, by any chance, go without a supply of Aztec Pinolo.

Iron Pipe, all sizes, from ⅛ to 4 inches, for gas, water, and steam. THOMAS DAY, 732 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Altmayer—In this city, June 16th, to the wife of Abram Altmayer, a son.
Bonnet—In this city, June 17th, to the wife of J. Bonnet, a daughter.
Bradshaw—In this city, June 18th, to the wife of Geo. A. Bradshaw, a son.
Cook—In this city, June 17th, to the wife of John A. Cook, a son.
Hennessy—In this city, June 19th, to the wife of John Hennessy, a daughter.
Myers—In this city, June 18th, to the wife of H. Myers, a daughter.
Nickerson—In this city, June 18th, to the wife of L. H. Nickerson, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Bottazini Merithew—In this city, June 18th, L. B. Bottazini to Ella A. Merithew.
Brand Grote—In this city, June 17th, John G. Brand to Cornelia F. Grote.
Glander Peterson—In this city, June 19th, John Glander to Anna Peterson.
Gibbes Butler—In this city, June 16th, C. D. Gibbes to Charlotte A. Butler.
Hubbard Simmons—In this city, June 18th, N. A. Hubbard to Grace Simmons.
Walker Bowen—In this city, June 19th, Wm. T. Walker to Mrs. M[illegible] Bowen.
Windsor Trench—In this city, June 19th, Wm. M. Windsor to Jennie F. Trench.

TOMB.

Brink—In this city, June 19th, John S. Brink, aged 45 years.
Code—In this city, June 18th, Henry Code, aged 41 years.
Crawford—In this city, June 18th, Catherine Crawford, aged 35 years.
Oberndorff—In this city, June 19th, J. H. L. Oberndorff, aged 46 years.
Pettinos—In this city, June 17th, George F. Pettinos, aged 41 years.
Sander—In this city, June 17th, George Sander, aged 61 years.
Smith—In this city, June 14th, Jane L. Smith, aged 45 years.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Engravings, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great gap [illegible] want and powerfully stimulate our commercial interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every description of [illegible] will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if [illegible] there will be a demand on tickets given to the [illegible] All orders for these [illegible] will be received at the office of the Company, 604 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 1st. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 604 to 614 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds. Also Genuine Jouvin and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 29. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

"GERKE" WINE

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE. GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

AUCTION SALE.

New City Hall Lots Nos. 77 and 78.—Monday, June 16, 1873.—John Middleton & Son, Auctioneers, 31 Montgomery street. For particulars see advertisements in Alta and Examiner. By order Board of City Hall Commissioners. May 17. ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a. m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 23.] J. P. MCCULLOCH, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. Nov. 16.

SAN FRANCISCO ART ASSOCIATION.

313 Pine street, below Montgomery.—Gallery now open to the Public from 10 A. M. to 5 P. M. and 7 to 10 P. M. Single Admission, 25 cts. Season Tickets admitting lady and gentleman, $5. Mar 17.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Congleton, Cheshire, England. May 31.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers. No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE.** [D. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 313 Bush street. Factory, 125 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 1.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

MR. L. A. WELLER.

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 27.

FURNISHED ROOMS

May be obtained at 221 Jessie street, between Fourth and Fifth sts. June 7.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Roney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 13.

BAGS, TENTS AND HOSE

Neville & Co., 113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets, San Francisco. May 31.

BIZ.

Business Generally is healthful. It is cheering to record the improved and improving crop prospects of the State at large. At the same time the yield of our mines of gold, silver, quicksilver, etc., is immense, and steadily incremental of. The vast wealth is being fairly held among our people, giving increased confidence in the future. It stimulates business in every department and gives promise of liberal re-employment to all ships visiting this port.

Wheat from Utah.—It has been known to us for sixty days past that samples of Utah Grain were here on exhibition, and an effort making to contract for the delivery here of 10,000 tons Wheat, from Salt Lake. The two samples shown were of inequality, one somewhat smutty, but plump with grain, the other good shipping Wheat. During the current week forty tons of this Wheat has arrived, being the first instalment of 300 tons said to be near at hand. A contemporary, in alluding to this importation, says: "Four carloads of Wheat from Utah have just arrived at Oakland wharf, being a portion of a sample lot of 300 tons purchased by a leading dealer in this city. Last year the production of the Territory considerably exceeded the consumption, and a market is wanted for the surplus of several thousand tons. An agent of the Zion Co-operative Association after having tried the Chicago market, has given the preference to this city, and made arrangements with the Railroad Company for the transportation of the grain. In appearance and quality it resembles the best Oregon. It is clean and white, and a little better than the grain of this State, and is first-class in all respects. It is currently reported that very low freights have been secured for the purpose of inaugurating this Wheat trade with the Pacific. In no other way could it be brought to this coast.

Our Present Year's Grain Fleet to the United Kingdom now numbers 377 vessels.

	Wheat Ctls.	Value.
Since July 1st, 1872, of 377 vessels	9,7[illegible]	$17,[illegible]
43 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	1,347,[illegible]	3,172,127
190 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	3,[illegible]	7,0[illegible]
174 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	4,722,019	[illegible] 843,715

In addition to this we have exported in same time to various marts, 255,327 bbls, besides more or less Wheat to other places. There is now on the berth loading with dispatch twelve vessels of 12,000 registered tons, all of which, we hope, will get off in this month, and thus be included in the current harvest year's statistics, the aggregate results of which are more than double that of any previous year in our history, and may be thus stated in brief.

	WHEAT 100-lb sks.	BARLEY 100-lb sks.	OATS 100-lb sks.	FLOUR Barrels
Exports from June 30th, 1872	9,7[illegible]9,8	23,461	5,112	2[illegible],210
Shipped up to same period in 1872	1,353,776	16,190	11,270	299,312
Shipped up to same period in 1871	3,3[illegible]1,124	132,044	12,5[illegible]	374,128
Shipped up to same period in 1870	4,861,567	300,552	19,625	351,241
Shipped up to same period in 1869	4,341,953	80,[illegible]	21,190	45[illegible],731

New Wheat is now arriving, about 300 tons purchased this week at $1 65, and 2,000 tons old crop sold for export and home use at $1 70, $1 72½, $1 75 per ctl. Farmers show no disposition to make sales of their Wheat below $1 75. It is hardly possible that any considerable business will be done in the new crop till after July. Flour has now declined $5 25@5 75 for Extras, Extra Superfine $4 75@5 25, Superfine, $4 50@4 75. Barley is very plentiful at $1 10@1 15 for feed, Brewing, $1 30@1 35. Oats, $1 75@1 95. Corn, $1 30@1 35. Hay $10@15 per ton.

Imports for the Week include Br ship Carthage, 58 days from Formosa, to Falkner, Bell & Co., with a full cargo of Sugar to the California Refinery, say 9,140 mats, 1,353 boxes, and 500 baskets. The Dragon, 61 days from Hongkong, to Macondray & Co., brought 23,173 bags Rice, 1,147 rolls matting, etc. The bark Eureka, to Cross & Co., 44 days from Valparaiso, with 734 bags Walnuts, 173 bags Alfalfa, and 2,405 bags Linseed. The Mexican schooner Laura M Mangum, 25 days from San Jose Island, etc., to Faust, Peabody & Co. Schooner Montana, 40 days from San Blas, with 226 cedar logs, 62 packages Lignum Vitae, and 12 brass guns. The steamship Cyphrenes, 32 days from Hongkong and 21 days from Yokohama, to Parrott & Co., with 5,000 tons, 17,440 bags Rice, 534 pkgs Opium, 164 pkgs Sugar, etc. On the day following the above, the ship Edward James arrived, 65 days from Hongkong, to Wm. T. Coleman & Co., with 2,904 tons, 7,740 bags Rice, Tea, Sugar, etc. On the 17th inst., the Pacific Mail Steamship Costa Rica arrived 10 days from Honolulu, with 41 passengers and a full cargo, say 607 tons freight, embracing 9,500 kegs Island Sugar, 6[illegible] bags Coffee, Rice, Pulu, Hides, etc. This fine steamer has made a prosperous voyage to the Islands and will doubtless continue to be well patronized in her monthly trips. This steamship returns to Honolulu on the 24th instant.

Quicksilver.—We have before announced the breaking up of the combination heretofore existing among the different mining companies. An Eastern exchange alludes to the subject by stating that the Quicksilver Mining Company and the New Idria Company have agreed to produce during the year ending April 1st, 1874, only 31,000 flasks, the first-named company being restricted to 21,000 and the New Idria to 10,000 flasks. By the arrangement each company receives the market price of Quicksilver instead of a price determined by contract as heretofore. Already the receipts of the Quicksilver Company have been somewhat larger than they were under the last contract. The Quicksilver Company have already paid off $400,000 of their first mortgage bonds due June 1st, being all so far presented. The entire amount maturing June 1st was $520,000. It is somewhat surprising that the two companies named should limit their production, particularly at a time when the combined product of all the mines, including the Redington Company, is so far short of the actual demand. For some time past the offerings here have been an equal to the local requirement, shutting out all export orders. There is no doubt but that a market could be found for the entire product of all the working mines in the State, and that at current rates. The natural conclusion is that with a restricted production and high prices, a great incentive will be given to the development of new mines and of which there are many on this coast.

Our Exports for the current week include the following per Alaska to New York via Panama: Brandy, 3,577 gals. Borax, 71 cs. Case Goods, 82 cs. Flour, 1,300 flsks. Hides, 3,250. Hops, 23 bales. Leather, 66 rolls. Mustard Seed, 138 bags. Salmon, 1,225 cs. Wine, 32,223 gals., valued at $[illegible]. Ship Ariel, had Flour, Liverpool, Silver Ore, 314 cs., Wheat, 22,440 ctls., valued at $41,429. Jino Jack, for Liverpool, carried 903 cs. Salmon, 41,417 ctls. Wheat, valued at $85,629. Malam [illegible], for Cork, had 12,923 ctls. Wheat, valued at $24,000. Iphigenia, for Queenstown, had 14,613 ctls. Wheat, valued at $27,500. Emily, for Queenstown, carried [illegible] ctls. Wheat, valued at $[illegible]. The Clyde, for Liverpool, had [illegible] Flour Cotton, 2,455 bbls. Flour, 41 tons Copper, 16 tons Silver Ore, 1,700 cs. Salmon, 23,181 ctls. Wheat, 411 gals. California Wine, etc., valued at $1[illegible]. Helen Marie, for Liverpool, carried 1,[illegible] cs. Salmon, 772 ctls. Wheat, valued at $[illegible]. Great Republic, for China, had 1,915 bbls. Flour, 400 cs. Soap, etc., valued at $21,930. Same for Japan had 75 bbls. Flour, 27 [illegible], valued at $17,774. Cambridge, for Melbourne, carried 25,000 ft. Lumber, valued at $5,000. Costa Rica, for Mexican Ports, had 104 bbls. Flour, 17,750 lbs. [illegible], 196 flasks Quicksilver, 166 Sugar, 500 [illegible] California Wine, etc., valued at $42,[illegible]. William Irelan, for La Paz, carried 35,000 ft. Lumber, 3,561 lbs. Coffee, 12,177 lbs. [illegible], etc., valued at $23,768.

Fruit.—Our markets are filled, not to say overloaded, with the choicest fruits [illegible] at moderate prices. [illegible] Cherries, [illegible] Apricots, Strawberries, [illegible] Currants, etc., can be bought [illegible] at retail in the [illegible]. [illegible] Cherries or Currants can [illegible] for the [illegible] Fruit.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending June 20th, 1873

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'T	NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'T
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	7½	7½	8
Alpha	—	30	31	Kentuck	11½	10½	11½
Alps	—	—	—	Keystone	3¾	—	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—	Knickerbocker	3¼	3¼	—
American Flag	—	4	4	Kossuth	—	—	—
Arizona & Utah	1¼	1	1¾	Lemon	—	—	—
Arkansas	—	—	—	Lower Comstock	2½	—	3
Atlanta	—	—	¾	Mahogany	10	—	10
American Flat	6	5¾	—	Mammoth	40	47	—
Bacon	—	—	—	Meadow Valley	21½	—	22
Baltimore Consolidated	[illegible]	9½	10	Minnesota	19½	—	9
Belcher	80	85	80	Newark	—	—	1
Belmont	4	4	—	New York Consolidated	1¾	—	1
Boston	—	—	—	Noonday	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	4	4	5	Occidental	2¾	4	—
Buckeye	—	1¼	1¾	Ophir	32	33	33½
Caledonia	11½	11¼	11½	Original Hidden Treasure	6¾	—	1
Cedarberg	4½	—	—	Overman	35	35	40
Central	—	—	—	Original Gould H.	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—	Page & Panaca	1	—	1
Chapman	30	—	—	Pea Vine	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	—	—	1¼	Phoenix	—	30	—
Chief of East Extension	10	—	—	Picto	33	—	30
Chollar	37	33	36	Pioche	8½	—	8
Columbus	—	—	—	Pioche West	1	—	1
Confidence	7¼	7½	7½	P. Phoenix	3	—	3
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Raymond & Ely	80	—	65
Consolidated Virginia	91	91	91	Reserve Consolidated	—	—	—
Crook & Geyser	—	—	—	Rye Patch	10	—	9
Crown Point	117	110	11[illegible]	Red Jacket	4	—	3½
Central No. 2	6	—	—	Savage	133	130	130
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Seg. Belcher	51	51	51
Daney	—	¾	1	Sierra Nevada	11¾	—	11¼
Eclipse	6¼	—	6	Silver Peak	1¾	—	1¾
El Dorado	—	—	7¼	Silver Hill	22	20	—
Empire Mill	5¼	5	5¾	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Empire Idaho	—	—	—	Sterling	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	13	—	14	Succor	—	1½	—
Eureka G. V.	31	—	—	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Exchequer	—	—	10½	Silver Chariot	7¾	—	7¾
Globe	1¼	1¾	1¼	South Overman	—	1¼	1¾
Golden Chariot	13	—	13	St. Patrick	—	—	—
Gould & Curry	12½	11¾	12	South Comstock	—	—	—
Gila	—	—	—	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	43	42	43	Trench	—	—	—
Hermes	8	—	9	Union Consolidated	—	—	½
Hoba & Hunt	2½	—	2¼	Utah	—	—	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—	Washington & Creole	2¾	—	2¾
Ida Elmore	5	—	5	Washoe	—	—	—
Imperial	6½	6½	6½	Woodville	3	2¾	2¾
Independent	—	—	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Ingomar	—	—	—	Yellow Jacket	68	—	65
Insurance	—	—	—	Yule Gravel	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—				
Jackson	—	—	¼				
Julia	2	1¾	1¾				

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given distinguished thus * † Buyer 30

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES	TEAS	PRICES
Pig Iron Scotch No. 1	$30 00 @ 32 50	Japans	$— 25 @ — 75
Bar Iron assorted, ⅌ lb	4 @ 5	Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
Metal sheathing, ⅌ lb	24 @ 25	SUGARS	
Tin Plates, I C, ⅌ box	12 00 @ 14 00	China, No. 1, ⅌ lb	— 9 @ — 9½
Tin Plates, I X, ⅌ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 7 @ — 9½
Lead, Pig, ⅌ lb	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— [illegible] @ —
Lead, Sheet, ⅌ lb	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed American	— 11 @ — 11¾
Banca Tin, ⅌ lb	— 28 @ — 28	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Quicksilver	— — @ — 85	Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
COAL		CANDLES	
West Hartley, ⅌ ton	14 00 @ 15 00	Sperm Wax, ⅌ lb	30 @ 41
Australian	11 5 @ 12	Adamantine	13 @ 14
Cumberland	18 0 @ 20 00	SPIRITS AND LIQUORS	
Anthracite	14 00 @ 17 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 6 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 6 50
COFFEE		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ⅌ lb	19 @ 20	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Government	— 22 @ 25	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 19 00
Manila	— 19 @ 20	BAGS AND BAGGING	
Costa Rica	— 19 @ 21	Chicken Grain, ⅌ 22x36	— 14 @ — 15
RICE		Gunny Bags to bales	— 8 @ 14
China No. 1, ⅌ lb	— 6½ @ — 7¼	Burlap Bags	— 11½ @ 11½
China, No. 2	— 6 @ — 6¾	Hessian 40-inch, ⅌ yard	— 11 @ 11¾
Hawaiian	— 7½ @ — 7¾	DOMESTIC STAPLES	
WINES		Wool, ⅌ lb	— 11 @ — 21
Champagne, ⅌ doz	20 00 @ 35 00	Tallow	— 8 @ — 8½
Port, according to brand, ⅌ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 16 @ — 1[illegible]
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 6 00	Wheat, ⅌ 100 lbs	1 65 @ 1 75
OIL		Barley	1 10 @ 1 35
Coal and Kerosene	— 34 @ — 41	Oats	1 5 @ 1 65
		Flour ⅌ 196 lbs	4 50 @ 5 50

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE

MAILS FOR	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	ARRIVE A.M.	ARRIVE P.M.
* Sundays excepted				
Alameda*	6.30	.....	.....	9.00
Antioch, Black Diamond, etc.*		1 40		12 10
Benicia and Rio Vista, by P. R. R. Co. steamers*		3 5		9 50
Cloverdale and Coast Points*		2 15	[illegible]	
Eureka*				
Napa, Lakeport, etc. via Vallejo*	.....	3.40	12.00	.....
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory*	.....	3.40	12.40	.....
Oakland	6.30	.....	.....	9.00
Overland	6.30	3.40	.....	1.00 / 9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points*	6.00	..... / 1 15	.....	9.00 / 12 30
Sacramento via Vallejo	7.15	3.40	.....	12.40 / 6 40
San Rafael*	[illegible]		[illegible]	
San Jose	7 [illegible]	4 15	[illegible]	[illegible]
Southern California and Arizona*				
Stockton, via Western Pacific Railroad	6 [illegible]	4	3 0	9 0
Vallejo and Benicia	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Visalia, Kern and Inyo county*		3 [illegible]		3 10
Great Interior Mail, Tuesday and Thursday		[illegible]		

Mails by opposition and other passenger steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

General Delivery open daily from 8 a.m. till 6 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. daily, except Sundays.

N. B. STONE, P. M.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, it is taken regularly to the following addresses: The Chartered Bank of England, In Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate within, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatt, Conant, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, W[illegible], Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co., Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate within, Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 21 Lombard st., Donaldson, Fowler & Co., bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers, Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers, The City Bank, Finch lane, The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane, Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., E. C., Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Imperial Bank (Limited), Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside, Merchants Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 252 Fulham road, Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Changealley, Cornhill, Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland, Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C., The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowpers Court, Cornhill, Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, Southampton Bldgs., W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C., London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S., Sams Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W., George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 21 Goswell Road, E. C., Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno. Marriott, 11 Gt. street, E. C., Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, President.
G. W. SMILEY, Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, Secretary.

Budd, W. C. 440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 322 Califor'a st.
Fitch, J. E. 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L. 413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. 434 Cal'a, upstairs.
Keene, J. R. 408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with J. Glazier & Co. 426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 425 Hayw'd B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P. 413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. 401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W. 414 Cal'a st.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the rear 131 Clay [illegible] and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 25.

WIENIAWSKI'S CONCERTS.

Musical People and Lovers of Music had been for some time anxiously awaiting the coming of Mr. Henri Wieniawski, known to be His Violinist to the Emperor of Russia and almost confidently spoken of as the first violinist of the day. On Wednesday evening we had the first opportunity of judging his style and capabilities, and as this was the only time we heard him, we can speak only of that evening's performance. In his fantasie on *Faust* he would be indeed tried himself to the immense and, we were slightly disappointed, which was possibly partly owing to being new to the place, or to the playing. Mr. Wieniawski appeared on the platform after a long sea voyage, and arriving on a jerk of the head. In his movements of great excitement, cannot help, as a fair comparison chiefly drawn on personal attractions. The Hebrew Song, Ich kann, was beautiful in its delicate finishing notes, but we waited and hoped for something better. And in Bach's "Aria" the crisp, clear, masterly bowing was perfect, whilst Vieuxtemps' "Reverie" was an exhibition of such liquid sweetness as one hardly expects from a violin—smooth, and unbroken in tone, with no faint taper or even of sharpness, full of a lover's flowing melody, a treat indeed. No better encore could have been chosen than the short bravura Polonaise which was given with all the fire and soul of a fandango. The "Carnival de Venise" abounded, of course, in tricks, wonders rather of instrumentation, and even for such hackneyed selections with such finish as only a maestro in effects could produce. As a delicate and graceful player Mr. Wieniawski is not only admired as a true and effective executant is unsurpassed. Mr. Carl Wolfsohn, who is written down in the programme as "The eminent pianist" hardly deserves the Definite Article as a prefix. He is an eminent pianist who plays with more care than effect, and excels chiefly in quiet pieces of the strictly classical, perhaps more successful in the drawing-room than in the concert hall. Mme. Jule de Ryther is a local singer with a good, thorough-toned mezzo-soprano voice, which she makes the most of, as she is very sensible in doing. A criticism on her dress would be, perhaps, slightly more favorable than on her singing, for the first was magnificent, which the second was not. Mons. Rembielinski accompanies in a manner that deserves no praise for his assisting, unobtrusive character.

THEATRICAL, ETC

Herr Hartdegen's Farewell Concert was given in Pacific Hall on Monday evening last. He is going on a tour through Mexico, then leaves a San Francisco audience for the first time, at least for years. It is his intention to visit Mexico, South America, and we believe Europe, and if he is as successful in those countries in winning friends and admirers as he had been in this city, our hearts will be given with the assurance of his trip being of the pleasantest nature possible. The concert on Monday, although a good one and given to an audience of respectable numbers, had the fault of being badly balanced. There was too much instrumental music. Of Hartdegen's playing, we have only the highest commendation to pass. Cossmann's "Melodie," particularly, is quite a treat of tender sympathetic instrumentation. The concerted pieces were as perfect in time and tune as they could not fail to be when Messrs. Mansfeldt, Schmidt, West, Toldt, Hinds and Hartdegen were the performers. That which is to speak of the instrumental music most roused the enthusiasm of the rather undemonstrative audience was a pianoforte solo by Mr. Mansfeldt, in which great delicacy and force of touch were well marked. Balfe's duet, "Trust Her Not," sung by Mrs. Mills and Mrs. Barston, good as the voices were, was a little lacking in time, a fault which can by no means be found with Mr. Vernon in any point of The Vagabond. But although it in *morceau* was far above the mediocrity, the best piece of the evening was Schubert's "Serenade," sung by Mrs. Fenton Barstow, with cultivated voice, and obbligato when to our knowledge of the purity of tone of this lady's voice, was added admiration of its wonderful compass. A vocal trio "Lemio's Memory," was as full of sweet harmony and was out of place on the programme. In the intermission Mr. Wieniawski and Mr. Wolfsohn entered the ante room with compliments especially bestowed on Mr. Ernest Schlott, his horn playing, which the great violinist appropriately characterized as "charming."

California Theater.—Last Saturday *Hamlet* was once more put upon the stage. John McCullough's "Hamlet" was, as usual, good, though there were some parts of the play in which we thought he did not show to advantage, as, for instance, the scene in which he is just told that the uneasy spirit of his father has taken to strolling round at night. Miss Maude Walton's "Ophelia," was readily and deservedly applauded. We have seen Miss Walton in a character that suited her better, and that is saying a good deal. She looked and acted to character to perfection, and must have been repaid for her careful study and perfect rendering of the part by the hearty plaudits she elicited. Chaplin had a full house at his benefit on Tuesday. Ouida's sensational novel, *Strathmore*, was dramatized and two New York actresses made their debut here—Miss Walton and Miss Kent. These ladies met with a fair amount of public approval. The burlesque of *Pocahontas* was also played, with Miss Maggie Moore as "Pocahontas," and Chapman as "Powhattan," who sustained their characters well, as also did Miss Maude Walton. In the character of "Poodle pet," she looked positively lovely. John Wilson took a very good benefit last night.

At the Alhambra, Kelly and Leon's burlesque opera of *Mme. Angot* takes capital, and deserves to be a great hit, as the artist's part, one daughter of partners of the gift and as Madame Sontag is immense. A stranger would find it difficult to believe that the whole troupe [illegible] was a private life a quiet young fellow wearing breeches. He is, too, in the title role, gives one some first rate acting, notably in the scene of the [illegible], whilst Baker as a [illegible] [illegible] to the parties which, if hardly equal to the *primo tenore* of the Fabbri Opera Troupe, is sufficiently good to keep him from going back to playing the *Jester*, the "man with the talking hand," as a ventriloquist is now so, as a mimic is good. His humor, not of the same class as that of the great Davies, who can [illegible] about as High a [illegible] comment as we can pay Mr. Jester. A little [illegible] singer with a pleasing little voice, gets her nightly encore, which is something more, if one has doubts as to whether appreciation or consideration is the stronger motive.

The New York and New Orleans Circus is a complete success, and has been filled each night to overflowing. The horsemanship is first-class, and is a long way ahead of anything we have had here before. The Brothers Zandt, in their lightning Acrobatism were as good as could possibly be. The clowns were the worst part of the whole affair. The Brothers Austin on the horizontal bar, performed some wonderful feats, while Miss Jessie Orton surprised all with the easy way in which she walked the slack wire. Miss Kate Cooke, on her wonderful performing mare Dagmar, looked very pretty, rode splendidly, and was admired by all. The dog exhibition by Professor J. T. Davis, shows to what a wonderful pitch dogs can be trained. H. Welby Cooke did some most astounding juggling feats on horseback. The performing lions exhibited by George J. Cook is concluded. a very pleasant evening's amusement. Out of the circus one found one self in a menagerie, where animals, hundreds of wonderful birds, fat boys, elephants, tigers, etc., were to be seen.

Caledonian Club.—The sons and daughters, grandsons and grand-daughters of "Bonnie Scotland" held their annual games at Badger's Park, on Saturday last. Owing to the illness of Mr. Austin, who we are glad to see well again, Mr. Menzies acted as Chief, and a very good one he made. The foot-racing, caber-throwing, leaping, hammer-throwing, etc., showed that the Scotchmen had not forgotten the sports of their native land, though they are so far away. A [illegible] it has never been our luck to be present at. During the [illegible] and games out of doors were the order of the day. We must congratulate the Club on the excellent manner in which everything was conducted, and hope next year to see Mr. Austin well enough to fill a post he graces so well that of Chief.

The American Protestant Association held their first picnic at Fashion Park [illegible] on Tuesday last. This society is growing every day in strength as the large [illegible] that they [illegible]. The [illegible] was in every way [illegible]. The [illegible] was carried on with great spirit, and every one went away satisfied and [illegible] that [illegible] [illegible].

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING.

As Lord Dundreary once remarked with extreme good sense, "It is a clever child that knows its own father." A child that shows such a vast amount of discrimination at an early age, ought to grow into a most remarkably clever man or woman. Such a person would, we are sure, if asked to take a drink, at once ask for Napa Soda, thus showing the wisdom alluded to above. Abernethy, the world famed physician, used to say that the artificial soda water was highly injurious to man, and if used too freely, would weaken and unman him. This assertion, however, does not hold good with the Napa Soda. It comes direct from the bowels of the earth, and no medical poisons rob it of its virgin purity. Many a poor dyspeptic, many a weak-limbed invalid has had just reason for blessing the bountiful hand of nature for sending such a boon to mankind. California, and Napa county in particular are indeed favored in possessing such springs of health-giving water. The old fable of the Pool of Siloam sinks into insignificance, when one compares its supposed miracles with the glorious cures effected by Napa Soda. Besides, we should imagine that that pool would make very poor drinks, while Napa Soda as a beverage, is not to be beaten, either as a refreshing drink by itself or as a mixed drink with spirits or wine.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

June 1,—GREAT REPUBLIC Capt. Howard

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 5th and 10th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

June 20—ALASKA Capt. Nolan

All steamers will call at MAZATLAN and MANZANILLO, and connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS, and all, except the ALASKA, call at SAN DIEGO.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen and Norway.

When the sailing date of the New Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge, will leave at 3 P.M., as follows; Tuesday, June 24th, Thursday, July 24th.

Returning, will leave Honolulu July 8th, and August 7th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M. as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Douglass, Friday, June 20.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnson, Saturday, June 14, Thursday, June 26.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO AND SANTA BARBARA.

Steamers will leave at 8 P. M., as follows:
SENATOR, Capt. Hartie, Monday, June 23d.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, June 17th.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M. on the 16th.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [June 21.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—SPECIAL NOTICE

The Steamer Ancon, E. Howes, Captain, will sail for Panama on MONDAY, June 23, at 3 o'clock P. M., calling at SAN DIEGO, MAGDALENA BAY, ACAPULCO and ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. This steamer has been entirely rebuilt and refitted, and now offers an excellent opportunity for passengers and freight to Central America without transshipment. Freight received on and after MONDAY, June 16. [June 21.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

FOR HONGKONG, DIRECT

The A 1 new Iron Steamship Cyphrenes, Samuel Stephen, Commander, will sail from Front street Wharf on SATURDAY, June 28th, punctually at 12 o'clock noon. This magnificent steamer is expected to make the passage in 24 days. She has superior accommodations for passengers and shippers of freight and treasure, and carries an experienced surgeon. No freight received on day of sailing. For freight or passage apply to PARROTT & CO., June 21. 306 California street.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—NOTICE

During the temporary absence of the undersigned, Mr. Edward TAYLOR, Cashier, will have charge of this Company's business as Acting Agent. [June 2.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR EUREKA AND CRESCENT CITY

The Steamship Pelican, J. D. Howell, Commander, will leave for the above ports on TUESDAY, June 24, 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M. Through bills of lading given for Arcata and Humboldt Bay. June 21. BEN. HOLLADAY, Jr., Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Jno. L. Stephens, F. Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom st. wharf for the above port on SATURDAY, June 21, at 10 o'clock A. M. [June 14.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,

Oakland, Cal.—Open for the reception of guests on Saturday, June 21, 1873. [June 21.] J. A. LANCASTER, Proprietor.

NOTICE

Mr. William Mutrick (or Maycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or at Hanley, Staffordshire, England. You are hereby informed that your daughter, Miss ELIZA DUNN, is in San Francisco, California. Any communication addressed to her will be gladly received for Mrs. L. Dunn, at the "California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast," Merchant street, San Francisco. June 2.

NOTICE.

If James Hale, who was a sailor on board the Peruvian Frigate "Amazon," and left his ship at Panama in 1868, will communicate with Mr. A. F. Forster, 1 Hill street, Edinburgh, he will hear of something to his advantage. Any one sending information by which he can be found, or his death can be proved, will be suitably rewarded. June 21.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, White and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

A BARGAIN

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL at Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on easy terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 56 Montgomery Block. May 31.

TWO WAYS.

[BY CONSTANCE F. WOOLSON.]

I.

"The spring returneth ever,"
So sang the bluebird as he fluttered by,
So hummed the soft rain falling from the sky,
Up from the budding earth broke forth a [cry,
"We come, O Spring!"
But, moving to and fro with steady pace,
She said, "It comes not back into my face,
Where is the tender bloom and youthful grace
That it should bring?
The spring returneth never."

"The spring returneth ever," [said
So sang the brooks as down the mountain
They ran to join the rivers brimming wide;
Full of new life the mighty ocean cried,
Welcome, O Spring!" [said.
"But no, it is not true, O waves!" she
"Where are the hopes of youth, so long since fled,
Where are the loved ones gone unto the
That it should bring? [dead,
The spring returneth never."

Thus she lamented ever;
And in her garden sloping toward the sea,
So full of birds' and blossoms' revelry,
She never turned from her own misery
To watch the spring;
She never even saw an opening flower,
She never even felt the balmy shower,
But all alone she wandered hour by hour,
And held the sling
Close to her heart forever.

II.

"The spring returneth ever."
So breath'd arbutus peeping from the snow
So thought the crocus in the garden row;
Convinced at last the [illegible] whispered low,
"It is the spring!" [illegible]
"Yes, yes, it is the spring, O buds of
It is the spring," she cried, "away with gloom!" [meet the groom
Come forth, come forth, bride rose, to
Whom it will bring
The spring returneth ever."

"The spring returneth ever.
"I know it, know it well, O land and sea!
All my dead life wakes up to ecstacy;
It is a full delight merely to be,
To breathe, in spring;
Though old my face, my heart again is young, [have sprung,
Though [illegible] the roots, bright flowers again
And courage open wide the gates has flung
To meet the King
Who still returneth ever.

"Yes, hope returneth ever.
It is the coward's part to loiter sad
Among the April trees in leaf-buds clad;
Even my dead are living and are glad
In some far spring!
Immortal am I—mind, is there a choice?
Immortal am I—heart, O heart, rejoice!
Immortal am I—soul, lift up thy voice
With faith, and sing,
The spring returneth ever."

LETTER FROM A BRITISHER.

Manchester, England, May, 1873.—I do not know whether it is to be taken as more of a [illegible] upon California, or more of a reflection upon the intelligence of Englishmen that so little is known in this part of the world about your charming country, but judging from the ordinary remarks one hears from the average Britisher, when allusion is made to San Francisco and the Pacific Coast, it is clear that a considerable amount of daylight has still to be admitted into the thick skull of John Bull before he can be made to understand that California is not a lawless, uncivilized, backwoods district, where human life is constantly at the mercy of Indians, earthquakes and revolvers. Such, however, strange to say, appears to be the prevailing impression here excepting amongst business men, whose interests have tended to improve their knowledge of geography. I know several presumably well educated people who are even unable to say whether San Francisco is in North or South America.

In your go-a-head country, changes are effected with such astounding rapidity that our school Atlases have to be amended every twelve months in order to keep ourselves posted up in your latest geographical alterations, so that as those useful aids to instruction are seldom if ever referred to by most Englishmen after leaving school—their ignorance is not difficult to account for. Most Englishmen of the middle and lower classes receive their education entirely from the newspapers, and as very little news finds its way across the Atlantic into our newspapers, which is not more or less sensational, newspaper readers do not know much of the steady progress you are making in industry, commerce and civilization. We do not know how big your towns are, what facilities of locomotion you have, how large a population, what sort of climate, and what protection there is for life and property. These facts are to be gathered from a few recent works of travelers by those who are curious about or interested in such matters, but most people one meets with in this busy city have no time for anything but reading their newspapers, eating, drinking, money making, and going to church. Whenever a gigantic railway swindle has been exposed, or some scandalous piece of government peculation, or municipal corruption has come to light, we hear of it fast enough. So also when some Negro or Indian massacre, some grand railway smash or cold-blooded murder occurs our newspapers duly record it. Thus you see that our impressions of your country are scarcely likely to be of the most cheerful or lively description. People are encouraged to believe that every American report is untrue, every investment scheme a swindle, that life and property are not safe, that taxation is higher than it is here, and living so dear that it would be ruin to most Englishmen, who have anything to lose, to think of emigrating to America.

I was traveling to town the other morning with a medical man here who informed me of his intention to send out one of his sons to Canada to learn farming, and although he seemed to be quite alive to the superiority of the Californian climate, the national prejudices of the Englishman were too strong in him to overcome his dislike to living in any part of America which was not under the British flag, let the climate be as inclement and cheerless as it might. Englishmen will travel 14,000 miles from home to Australia and New Zealand in order to settle down amongst their fellow countrymen, rather than accept superior attractions in the States, where they would enjoy the additional advantage of being within much easier reach of the old country. I cannot help thinking it would be a great advantage for America—and so far as it might tend to improve the relations between the two countries, for England also—if you could attract the stream of emigration from the middle and upper classes, from amongst whom great numbers of well-bred, intelligent families emigrate every year to the Australian Colonies and Canada. Men of this stamp, or rather from this rank in life, are seldom attracted to the United States, excepting in the case of some clever rogue who leaves his country for his country's good, and who probably may hope to find in New York, where political and municipal corruption seem to flourish so well, that congenial society and loving sympathy which his bosom yearns for.

A Coquette's Punishment.—The following story is from the *L'Illustration*: S——, an advocate of considerable reputation, had married a pretty, silly little creature, whom he surrounded with every luxury that a woman's heart could desire. But there is a pretty large class of women whom nothing contents. A handsome cousin arrived upon a visit and Madame S—— began to coquette with him. The husband felt the sting of all this, but he devised a neat piece of revenge. He wrote the cousin a letter as follows:

DEAR PAUL: I know all. Thou payest court to my wife. Nothing else goes on but toyings, tender glances, romancing, and interchange of flowers. Indulge no more in these disguises and mysteries. Leave me, both of you—and that quickly. With this note you will receive a small casket containing thirty thousand francs. 'Tis Lucie's dowry. I have intimated to her that she is at liberty to take away her jewels and wardrobe. All being settled, then, take her, lead her away, convey her so far that I may never again set eyes upon either of you. Farewell, *bon voyage*, and good luck.

Shortly after dispatching this note, Monsieur S—— received the following note from the handsome cousin:

I set out to-morrow for St. Petersburg. *I go alone.* My absence will last for a year at least.

And so he went, taking with him Lucie's thirty thousand francs!

Old Mrs. Alta must have undergone a treatment of restoratives lately, we imagine. Her intellect seems to have brightened considerably. She pays accurate attention to the state of the markets, and has her eyes wonderfully well open to all that goes on around her. We at one time imagined that this old lady never would learn how to suck eggs, but she has done it most successfully lately, an unusual mental activity and clearness of perception marking the healthy effects of the extracted nutriment.

AT GREAT REDUCTION, BY ALL STEAMERS.
ROUND THE WORLD.

One Hundred and Five Routes to VIENNA; Seventy-two Routes to Italy; Thirty Routes to Holland, Belgium and the Rhine; Thirty Routes to Ireland, Scotland, and England. Full particulars in COOK'S EXCURSIONIST, American House.

COOK, SON & JENKINS,
May 31.] 262 Broadway, New York.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May [illegible], for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be named Montgomery Avenue," and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1872, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,341,737 26, as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, [illegible] where the [illegible] at the same rate, so the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor.
JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.
May 10.

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION.

The best chance to invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific Coast. TITLE PERFECT. [illegible] Lots, payable $10 cash, balance [illegible] per month [illegible] without interest [illegible] expenses. Blocks 300 by 300 feet. Lots 25 by [illegible] feet. Streets all 80 Feet Wide. [illegible] those who wish to pay in full and take deeds at once can do so. This valuable property is beautifully located, commanding a fine view of San Diego Bay and surrounding [illegible]. It is only eight blocks of 300 feet each from the City Park, [illegible] minutes walk from the hotel, and just [illegible] from the [illegible] water front, where the depot is to be [illegible] just made San Diego a Port of Entry [illegible] the Texas and Pacific Railroad [illegible] this season. There [illegible] [illegible] HOITT, Secretary and Agent, 421 Montgomery street, San Francisco [illegible]

TRUSTEES—[illegible] HOITT. March 29.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST

The Universal Microscope.—The best low priced Microscope ever made, [illegible] useful for examining [illegible] insects, [illegible] detecting counterfeit [illegible] [illegible] The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct 25. D. L. STAPLES & CO. Allen, Michigan.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States. comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc.; Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts, Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly, by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
September 14.

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO.

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for Rope of any special lengths and sizes. Constantly on hand a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes; Tarred Manila Rope; Hay Rope; Whale line, etc. etc.
April 26. TUBBS & CO., [illegible] Front street.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents [illegible] the celebrated [illegible] CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from [illegible] Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of [illegible] "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the best Whisky in the United States.
March 1v.

John D. Yost, San Francisco.] [H. S. Crocker, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers, Corner Battery and Bush streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency [illegible]
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

REMOVAL.

The San Francisco and Pacific Sugar Company and R. Feuerstein & Co. have removed their office to the Second Floor of TALLANT'S NEW BANKING HOUSE, North-west corner Battery and California streets. April 26.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, [illegible] Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. [illegible] Stage Harness [illegible] Sept 12.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Polizoi.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.

The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.

The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Munton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.

Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.

Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.

Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.

Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.

St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Daniell's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.

Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.

Grand National Hotel.—Much & May, Proprietor.

Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Haydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

It is not Generally Known that at Viscountess Beaconsfield's death her fortune passed away to the family of her first husband, Mr. Wyndham Lewis. Mr. Disraeli is therefore unable to keep up the same position as he was wont to keep during her life. Still he has his pension of £2,000 a year as an ex-Cabinet Minister, which no one will grudge him for his long services to the public, and some years ago an eccentric old lady in Devonshire left him the bulk of her fortune, amounting to about £25,000. But Hughenden has to be maintained, and a public man in town has many calls on his purse, even if he should have no family. The ex-Cabinet Minister is now a solitary man, and keeps aloof from all party and public demonstrations. It may be even gathered from a sentence in a recent letter written by him, that he would fain retire from the leadership of the Opposition. This is what he wrote last week, in an answer to an invitation: "Although, at the request of my friends, I am endeavoring to insist in conducting the Parliamentary business of the Conservative party, I am otherwise living in seclusion." There is a sadness in this language which will come home to most of us. It seems to show that he would gladly have done with politics, and is only kept in harness by the solicitation of others.

Not an Absolutely Incomputable Number of generous actions are recorded of the present ruling house of England. Indeed, it has generally been considered rather mean and miserly. It is a noteworthy incident, therefore, that the Prince of Wales recently broke ground in the direction of liberality, justifying the hope that he may possibly have cut loose from the frugal, but unprincely traditions of his house. While at Pesth recently, he received a letter, ill-written and ill-spelled, from the widow of a British mechanic whose husband had died while at work upon a bridge, planned by British engineers and built by British workmen, which spans the river between Pesth and Buda. It set forth that she was destitute and unhappy, and wanted to go home, and, as she had no one in that far land to appeal to, she ventured to appeal to her Prince. And her Prince came down very promptly and very handsomely; sent her a letter and £30, and asked her to call upon him; but before she could obey his royal summons he had departed. This is an agreeable incident, and it exhibits his Highness in a generous and attractive light. He could not have made a better use of his £30, either in the cause of charity or popularity.

Mr. Wilson, who has formed so beautiful a collection of pictures, and who recently bought Constable's Weymouth Bay for £2,260 has presented that fine specimen of our sombre landscape painter to the Louvre, adding to this gift a study of Salisbury Cathedral, by the same artist. It is a curious fact that Constable is so highly considered by the contemporary school of France *paysagiste* as to be looked upon as their father in art. Men love their opposites, it is said. The bright warm French like the cold and wet looking works of the English painter; and one is reminded of old Fuseli's direction to his servant, on a summer afternoon: "John bring me my greatcoat; I am going to see Mr. Constable's picture." Mr. Wilson, though English by name and parentage, was born in Brussels, where his father, originally from Manchester, established the first great bleaching works, in the days when King William I. of Holland ruled over Belgium. After the rupture of 1830 Mr. Wilson followed his Royal friend and patron into Holland, and established cotton printing-works at Haarlem, making, in a few years, a large fortune, which was augmented by his son, the generous friend of art who has now resided in Paris about six years.

Anecdote of Beau Nash.—It is recorded by Goldsmith that the late Duke of B——, being chagrined at losing a considerable sum, pressed Mr. Nash, for the future, to tie him up from playing deep. Accordingly, the Beau gave his grace a hundred guineas to forfeit three thousand whenever he lost a sum to the same amount at playing in one sitting. The duke loved play to distraction, and soon after at hazard lost eight thousand guineas, and was going to throw for the thousand more, when Nash, catching hold of the dice-box, entreated his grace to reflect on the penalty if he lost. The duke for that time desisted; and so strong was the furor of the play upon him, that soon after, losing a considerable sum at Newmarket, he was contented to pay the penalty.

The Hungarians, the *Manchester Guardian* (May 21) thinks, have never forgotten the sympathy which they found in England in those darker days which have now happily passed away; and in the visit of the Prince of Wales they saw an opportunity of testifying the depth of their regard for the English nation. A correspondent of the *Times* states that this really remarkable demonstration of public feeling was not only spontaneous, but "was manifested in spite of the orders of the authorities that no official character should be given to the visit." After all was over a young politician is said to have made the jocular remark, "The Prince of Wales might be the only dangerous candidate against Deak in Pesth."

The Other Day the Prince of Wales gave a breakfast in the Restaurant of the Trois Frères, and the next morning he might have read a full account of all the doings of his party, of all they might have said, of what adventures, how many they were and how they all behaved and enjoyed themselves. It was quite a hit for the paper, the *Wiener Tagblatt*, one of the cleverest and most widely spread journals, for every one wanted to read the account, and by the end of the morning all the copies had been bought up. Nor did, indeed, the Prince mind it, for it added to the popularity he had already acquired by affable and easy going ways.

When the Pope is dead, the Cardinal Chamberlain, attired in purple, knocks three times with a gold hammer at the door of the bedchamber, calling the Pope by his Christian, family, and Papal names. In the presence of the clerks and attendants he then declares "he is dead," the fisherman's ring is brought to him and broken. He takes possession of the Vatican, and the great bell spreads the news over the city. The dead Pope is embalmed, and lies in state at St. Peter's for nine days. On the tenth day, and after the burial, the new Pope is elected by ballot, and the ceremony of the Adoration is then performed.

It is Stated that a number of laborers on the Queen's estate at Osborne recently sent a memorial to Her Majesty asking for six pence more pay and one hour less time. Other demands were made by the men who signed the memorial in a "round robin." The Queen, through Sir Thos. Biddulph, at the instance of the steward, who has discharged seven of the men and could not do more. The present wages of laborers on the Osborne estate is 14s. weekly, with many advantages.

Her Majesty one morning, at Perth Station, seeing Miss Heath, the charming actress, on the platform, did her the honor of sending for her to Her Majesty's private room at the station, and presented her to the Princess Beatrice and Prince Leopold. The Queen also graciously conversed with her for some time, and accepted from Miss Heath a bouquet of choice flowers, which she carried with her to the railway carriage. At the parting Her Majesty warmly shook Miss Heath's hand.

The Pope drags on his existence painfully. Reports of his death have been circulated and contradicted, but his state is bad enough, and gets worse every day. He has lost the use of his legs, and cannot get about on his feet at all. He is moved from one chamber to another, when he is able to bear it, on a couch with wheels; he is somewhat depressed and downcast. His attendants lift him in and out of bed. His legs, in fact, are dead.

The Shah will not be accompanied in his visit to England by any of his wives. His Majesty's suite will consist of 100 persons, but will contain no representative of the harem. The expenses of the Shah during his visit to Europe are now put down at £500,000 instead of £5,000,000.

The Sultan of Turkey retains the exclusive service of a lady physician, to attend the females and children of his household. The physician is a New Hampshire lady, who graduated in Philadelphia.

FOR SALE

A Steam Flouring Mill with Distillery and about 15 acres of good Land, distant [illegible] from Sonoma. Inquire at SONOMA HOTEL, Sonoma; or of W. D. BLISS, Petaluma. [May 3.] ALFRED BOREL & CO., S. F.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants' Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $[illegible]. OFFICERS.—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice-President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary; H. H. Bigelow, General Manager. DIRECTORS: San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, J. D. Alberton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Grogan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, B. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, P. Wasserman, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Loweaberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, [illegible]. [illegible] Jose Branch—[illegible] Josiah Belden, A. Foster, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, [illegible] Manager, A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt. [illegible] Nevada [illegible] Feb 1.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 228 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, [illegible] rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the [illegible]. DIRECTORS.—W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, [illegible], G. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, [illegible], Charles Main.
L. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. HORNER, Secretary. May 3.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $[illegible]. [illegible] GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford have removed from the [illegible] California and [illegible] streets to the opposite side of California street, No. [illegible] Merchants' Exchange Building. Also that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at the above location by the newly appointed General Agent. The Ætna has cash assets of $5,052,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants. No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000. Accumulated Funds, upwards of $8,750,000. Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $[illegible]. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
Jan 17.] No. 219 California street, San Francisco.
The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8 No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 15.

THE MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT SAN FRANCISCO

San Francisco, Cal., May 28, 1873.—This Mint will close for Annual Settlement and Repairs on TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1873, after which date, until July 1st, 1873, deposits for gold Bullion cannot be received. Persons holding bills against the Mint for the current fiscal year will present them for settlement before June 20th. [May 31.] O. H. LA GRANGE, Superintendent.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, the resources and capabilities will be [illegible] W. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, [illegible] street, San Francisco. Nov 15.

THE CALIFORNIA ACCLIMATIZING SOCIETY

Offer for Sale: 25,000 Eastern Trout; 25,000 Tahoe Trout; 10,000 Native Trout, all of this year's hatch—quantities to suit. Address,
May 31. W. A. NEWELL, 630 Howard street.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. D. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . **1 Rue Scribe, Paris.**
[March 29.]

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 29.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

SUNBEAMS.

— Mr S., who has been in the O [illegible] business for several years, received lately a neat "dun" colored card, with Uncle Sam's name on the face, and upon the back finds a financial problem:

" To avoid proceedings unpleasant,
I wish you would pay what is due;
If you do you'll oblige me at present,
If you don't then I'll oblige you.
Persistently yours, B—— & Co."

— "I had a friend who dressed himself in ladies' clothes and called upon a celebrated fortune-teller. She did not discover the disguise, but he heard what made him very unhappy." Here the gentleman ceased. A lady much interested, asked "What did the fortune-teller say to him?" "Why," said the gentleman, assuming a very grave aspect, "she told him he was to marry soon and be the mother of ten children."

— Mrs. Thaxter, in her "Reminiscences among the Isles of Shoals," tells of a primitive and unlettered Shoalsman who went to the main-land, and, discovering a frog for the first time, triumphantly asked "What kind of a d—d bug do you call that?" The story is an old one, and has been told among the fishermen these twenty years, and best of all, it is true.

The farmer gone to see a show,
His daughter at the piano,
Madame gaily dressed in satin—
All the boys are learning Latin,
With a mortgage on the farm!

— On a wet, miserable, foggy day in autumn Chas Lamb was accosted by a beggar woman. "Pray, sir, bestow a little charity upon a poor destitute woman who is perishing for lack of food. Believe me, sir, I have seen better days." "So have I," said Lamb, handing the poor creature a shilling, "so have I, it's a miserable day. Good-bye—good bye."

— A lady recently discovered that her daughter was about to elope. She didn't make any fuss about it, but the night on which the elopement was about to take place, gave her daughter an opiate in her tea, so that the girl did not wake up till next morning. Meantime the lover had grown tired of waiting, and left in disgust.

— A clergyman, who owed his situation to a titled patron rather than to his abilities, in visiting his parishioners for the purpose of catechising them, asked one old stern Presbyterian, "Who made Paul a preacher?" "It wasna the Marquis," replied the old man, with a grim smile and a shake of the head.

— The village clerk, at a town in England, opened the Sunday services on an occasion when his bishop came, thus:

" The mountains skipped like frightened rams,
The little hills did hop,
To welcome into our town
His Grace, the Lord Bish-op."

— A genuine Highlander was one day looking at a print from a picture by one of the old masters, in which angels were represented blowing trumpets. He inquired if the angels played on trumpets, and being answered in the affirmative, made the remark "Hech, sirs! I wonder they dinna born wi a pair o' bagpipes."

When dressed for the evening, the girls nowadays,
Scarce an atom of dress on them leave,
Nor blame them—for what is an evening dress
But a dress that is suited for Eve?

— At a charity sermon the other night a number of receipted but unpaid bills were placed in the poor box with the request that half the amount be retained if paid, and the other half be returned to the depositor. As the accounts were all against eminent church goers they were settled without delay.

— A careless barber, trimming Sheridan's ears, put him to great pain and uneasiness. "Are you trimming my left ear now?" asked the wit. "No, sir, not till I've done the right." "O, only I thought by what I felt that you were passing through to the left ear without going round."

— The famous London auctioneer, whose advertisement stated that the only drawbacks on a certain country place which he had for sale were the "noise of the nightingales, and the litter of the rose leaves," was the right sort of man for his profession.

— "Is Pat Flanigan on board this ship?" roared Nelson, during a lull in the firing at the battle of the Nile. "I'm here, my lord," said Erin's son, showing himself on deck. "Then," said the gallant Nelson, looking satisfied, "let the battle proceed." This story is Pat's.

— A Quaker having sold a fine-looking but blind horse, asked the purchaser, "Well, my friend, dost thou see any fault in him?" "No," was the answer. "Nor thee will he see any fault in thee," said old broadbrim.

— A London paper, in recounting a death, says "The deceased lady died suddenly, without medical assistance, which came too late." To die without medical assistance is hardly complimentary.

— We notice that the "agricultural editor" of one of our exchanges advises his readers to "plant peas in the era of the moon." We advise our readers to plant their peas in the ground.

— The latest instance afforded by a "fond mother" of her tender care of her [illegible] for [illegible] he was all over dirt. He said the dirt was all over him.

— At Des Moines, the other day, four negroes got [illegible] took out his little jack knife, and now there ain't but three.

— A [illegible] advised a patient to take a walk on an empty stomach. "Whose stomach?" feebly asked the [illegible].

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, May 4th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland), for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily), P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7.0, [illegible] and [illegible] P.M. (6:20, 11:20 and 12:00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:30, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 11:00 A.M., 1:20, 2:40, [illegible] and 10:10 P.M.

Leave Oakland *6:10, 6:20, [illegible] 11:40 A.M., 12:55, [illegible] 4:10, 5:35, 6:20, 8:00 and 10:20 P.M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:20, 9:30 and 11:15 A.M., 1:30, 4:00, 5:30 and 7:00 P.M. (6:20, 11:15 and 2:00 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and [illegible] A.M., and 5:00 P.M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:35, 9:40 and 11:20 A.M., 1:30, 4:05 and 5:30 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—				
San Francisco		8.00 a m	*3:20 p m	†4.40 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5.30 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 15 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2:03 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 45 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2.30 p m		

Trains North		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—				
Hollister		....	....	11:10 a m
Salinas				10 15 a m
Castroville				[illegible] a m
Pajaro				11:25 a m
Gilroy				1:25 p m
San Jose		*6:20 a m	7:0 a m	3:05 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	5:25 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:20 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:20 a m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:20 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at [illegible] a m, arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11 30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent.
A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April [illegible]th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8:30 and 11 a.m., 1 and 5 p. m.; Saucelito at 7:30 and 9:20 a. m., 2:30 and 5 p. m. On Saturday, from Saucelito, at 7:20 and 11 a.m., 1, 3 and [illegible] p. m.; from San Francisco at 10 and 12 m, 2 and 6 p. m. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] a. m. SUNDAY TIME—Leave San Francisco, 10 and 12 m., 2 and 6 p. m. Leave Saucelito, 11 a. m., 1, 3 and 5 p. m. H. A. COBB, President.
April 2. [illegible] Montgomery street

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, W. Harry Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible] a. m. Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] p. m., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Calistoga and Bloomfield. [Aug 24.] CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 25, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco, [illegible] a. m., [illegible] p. m. [illegible] Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at [illegible] p. m.; San Rafael and [illegible] p. m. Aug. 21. CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a. m. Cash advances made on consignments. Dec. 21. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of barouches, Clarence Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End [illegible] Wood Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Curry Whips, Lamps, [illegible], Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight without the strength of the heaviest ash and hickory woods and run with all the usual creak and clatter of iron plated buggies. The ease with which they carry is unsurpassed. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars pass south with [illegible] at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 30.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonnough, Master, Will sail on her next regular trip on [illegible] at 12 o'clock M., from Broadway Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the steamboats and barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none other signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15. [illegible] Front street

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should be aware that each box is wrapped in white paper and has "KEARSLEY" printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s 9d per box. May be had of all chemists through out the world. Also DR. LINCOLN'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for eruptions, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin. In bottles, 4s 6d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS
Feb 28. 150 Oxford st., London

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA —GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Confectionery, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded, free of charge, monthly by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st. London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce—The successor of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. [illegible] Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable grocers and [illegible]. Nov 29.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Lenale, F. M. Frend, H. Trauble, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Ferguson, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent.
Office—324 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 16.

S MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares. 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 5.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 2. Agents, 423 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Building.
Justices—[illegible] Montgomery st.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—[illegible] Montgomery street.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—California and Sansome streets.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] Kearny street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants' Exch'nge.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Build'g.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yards—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—[illegible] Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Outside Land Committee—[illegible] Exchange building, Washingt'n and Montgomery streets.
Health Office—Jackson street.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Jackson St., bet. Van Ness Av and Franklin St.
Quarantine—[illegible] Kearny street.
Harbor Master—[illegible]
Harbor Police—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), [illegible] street. Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austinfriars. Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. F. Waldeck, Secretary. Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary. Pacific Saw Mills [illegible] Armstrong & Co., agents, [illegible] road street. Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson Simons & Co., agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane, Singapore Steam Saw Mills Co., Paterson, Simons & Co., agents 21 St. Swithin's Lane, Amoy Dock Co., John Pook, agent, Lime st. Square. Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co., agents, Threadneedle Philpot Lane, N. China Insurance Co., [illegible] J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary. Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co. agents, [illegible] Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street. Hongkong Insurance Co., Gordianes & Co. agents, [illegible] Austinfriars. China Traders Insurance Co., Hongkong [illegible] & Co. agents, St. Helens, China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co., ag'ts, 40 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st., Ceylon Co., Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad st. [illegible] A. Cameron, Sec'y, Borneo Co., 7 Mincing Lane, Wm. Martin, Manager, Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (limited), of Singapore, Mactaggart, Tidman & Co. ag'ts, 34 Great St. Helens. Banks: Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, Chairman. Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Old Broad street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager. Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 44 Threadneedle street. Deutsche Bank, "Aktien Gesellschaft," Berlin, agents, National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within, German Bank of London, Hatch's, New Court, [illegible], Bank of Rotterdam, Union Bank of London agents, Princess st. Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, [illegible] Bank of India, [illegible] Chief Manager, [illegible] King William street. Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

[illegible] added to the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending June 14. 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, June 9th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
H F Williams to Morris Keller	Ivy o Van Ness Av, 40x82	$ 150
A S Coburn to Perry Yaple	Lot 15 blk 23, Market St Homestead	250
F Berwin to Mrs B Shonvasser	Post e Hyde, 30x137 6	7,250
J L Blaikie to Susannah Blaikie	Und ¼ lots 1 to 7 inc, 12 to 22 inc, blk 1, lots 7 8 9 blk 2, lots 1, 4 to 18 inc, blk 3, Junction H'd Ass'n	Gift
Henry Mahan to L Algeltinger	Lot 10 blk 6?? Pt Lobos Av H Ass'n	500
D Knight to Ruth A Knight	Taylor n Post, 40x105; also, and 5 acres Treat Tract; also, lots 80 to 83 inc, San Miguel Homestead, also, lot 7 blk 234, [illegible] H'd, a se. and 1-7 com at a point 10 chains do. w from the center of sec 21, T p 2 S R 6 W, s 21 ?? 10 chains, etc	
Geary St Ex H As'n to L Algeltinger	Lots 13 14 17 blk 263, Geary St Ex H'd	16,110
H F Williams to Thos Curran	Lot 26 blk 321 O'Neil and Haley Tract	500
J H Arfort to Wm Melody	Lot 108, G R Map 1	10
P Donahue to City Grading Co	[illegible] 100, n 21 deg 30 min, etc, also, n 16th ?? w Valencia, w 75 n 270 1¼, etc to com, also, 18th e Guerrero e 2¾, 97 ¾, n 71 deg 30 min, w 95¾ inches, n 122 2 to com	10

Tuesday, June 10th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Henry Pierce to H C Patridge	Harrison sw 6th, sw 56, se 125, ne 112, nw 25, sw 55, nw 100 to com	$7,500
Same to same	8th nw Harrison, 100x75	13,500
S G Beatty to Martin Kelly	Jessie sw 3d, 22.6x75	
J Winterhorn to Pat'k Cleary	Lots 21 and 22 blk 13, Junction H d	250
Junction H'd As'n to J Winterborn	Same	700
I Kohn to State Investment & I Co	Sac [illegible] Cal'a, 30x137 6	70,000
J Travers to Adeline Haskins	Re-record on account of error in acknowledgment	
M Bozzini to Dorella Tessmer	Lot 3 blk 51, Paul Tract H d	600
C J Jansen to C C Overman	Com at a pt 191 6 n fr nw cor 20th and Valencia, 25x100	2,000
F L A Pioche to W D Grunhagen	Lots 41 and 42 blk 47, City Land Ass'n	180
Mary E Hamilton to Wm Dunphy	Vallejo e Octavia, w 73.1¾, etc	12,000
O F Cemetery As'n to C Mathews	Plot 2 in Hope Section, on Welding av, Odd Fellows Cemetery	93
E Villeneuve to Frank McGlynn	Margaret Pl n Vallejo, n 91, e 41, n 4:9, e 31 1¾, s 55, n 25 7¾	9,250
C Corlis to Savings & Loan Soc'y	Pine w [illegible], 50x137 6	2,750
C Buchner, Jr, to same	Gard. o nw Bryant, 25x75	1,165

Wednesday, June 11th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Elisha T Peck to Chas A Merrill	Nw cor 21st and Shotwell, 75x91	$7,000
Mary Ward to Guiseppo Caparro	Union e Dupont, e 20 s 60 e 10 s 20 w 60, n 80 to com	3,000
O Pendergrass to Anson G Stiles	Buchanan n O Farrell 125x62 6	215
John Grant to Andrew Blair	Fremont se Folsom, 22 11x70	5,000
G Caparro to Carlo Bacigalupo	Lafayette s Union, 20x60	1,000
George Helo to Sam J C Gray	Lot 1 blk 7, College H'd	100
C S Hobbs to Stephen D Gilmore	Sub 25, blk 106, Potrero Nuevo, lot 3 blk 2, West End Map 2, also, se Old San Jose Road ne Nagles av, 40 277, etc	500
John Grant to Hans Berg and	Perry ne 3d, 25x75	1,575
James O Dwyer to J R Robertson	S Capp e w Dolores, 22x114	565
Andrew McManus to Wm Gunn	S Valley e Dolores, 11x27 ½	310
G K Fitch to City and County S F	137 6 w Taylor and 40 5 s Francisco, etc	1,441

Thursday, June 12th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Geary St Ex H As'n to S A Johnson	Lots 21 and 23, blk 160, Geary St Ex H'd	$ 700
Mary Henry to Eliza Thomas	Pine e Taylor, 25x81	1
P L A Pioche to Jean Quer Jacq	Lot 7 blk 15, City Land Ass'n	90
J O Connor to Henry C Downing	Nw cor McAllister and Fillmore, 137 6x137 6, subject to $5,000 due on mortg'e to Hibernia Savings and Loan Soc'y	10,000
Chas P Duane to Caroline Wirt	Fulton w Pierce, 137 6x137 6	5,000
W H Tillinghast to Cont'ct & F Co	Com at a point in S H Blk 15, 20?? from sw cor 4th and Townsend, se 91 3, ne [illegible], nw [illegible]	8,500
Isabella L Munfrey to J P Dallons	Pine w Dupont, 31 4¾x137 6	6,350
Mrs F Cashman to Michael Kelly	Page o Laguna, 110x120	8,000
N H Seligman to W J Gunn	Lot 110, Visitacion Valley H'd, also, lots 5 and 6, blk 18, Excelsior H'd	300
A I Moon to Arthur K Hawkins	S corner Mark Lane and 4th, 275x193	1,750
D Pomeroy to Emily L Gilmore	Und ¾ Beale se Market, 45 1x137 6	1
Leonard Storry to Geo Prescott	Com at a point 91 8 e from e line of Dupont and 1 ?? 0 n Francisco, 10x51, sub 50-vara 183 and 184	100

Friday, June 13th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
S S Gordon to Anne M Bauer	Avery n Geary, 25x91 6	$ 500
Geo L Bradley to Andrew S Bryant	Sutter e Leavenworth 22 1¾x137 6	12,000
Leonard Storry to Thos K Wilson	Broadway e Octavia, 65 9x137 6	5,000
N G Chadwick to W H Martin	Broadway e Laguna, 27 6x112.6, subject to a mortgage	
J C Duncan to H Bish	Lot 11 blk R, Railroad H d	65
J P O'Brien to John O Brien	Mission sw 1st, 68x21, sub 100-vara 100, also, Clementina s 4th, 31 9x80, sub 100-vara 141	
James Adams to John B Felton	Bound on the north by what was formerly known as Yerba Buena, now by lands of the Presidio, w by lands of Don Francisco Haro, s by Sanchez Ranch and on the e by the Bay of San Francisco	6,000
James Kane to Bridget Kane	Shipley w 5th, 20x75	500
Alfred Robinson to Michael Phelan	Lots 279 and 278, O'B Map 3	Gift
R C Rogers to Jane Mari Barlly	Com at a point 22 8 w Dupont, 60 6 n Broadway, w 46 6, n 21 4, e 28 4, etc to beg	325
Thos Harwood to same	Same	100
C L de Moulin to Paul Housset	Commercial w Davis, 50.6x59	4,775
Wm Ede to same	2¼ acres—com Pacific Ocean at extreme high water at stake marked at the sw corner of Seal Rock Ranch, n 5¾ deg w 60.6-100 chains, etc	3,800
		1

Saturday, June 14th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Thos Pedler to Susan A Pedler	Lot 1 in blk 21, West End Map 2	$ 150
Romain O De Boom to S P R R Co	Com at a point in fence forming to ne boundary of lands of the party of the first, part 45 ft from the center line of S F and S J R R which pt is opposite stall p 81 plus 19 on said road, thence sw 491 ft, thence n 44 deg, 32 min, e 91 ft, etc, containing 124-1000 of an acre	250
Rhinaldo Mowrey to O Mowrey	Broadway e Powell, 60x25	3,750
W K Doherty to E P Vlot	Oak e Franklin, 68:9x120	8,700
Jane Montell to Henry Gatto	Lot 1 blk 32, Excelsior H'd	1,700
Wm Green to Wm K Doherty	Same as first description above	1
R P Thomas to James F Place	Francisco and Fillmore, 137 6x120	6,070

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending June 17, 1873.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
S C Brown to G Obenauer	Oakland N line 6th 50 e from Jackson, thence e 50x100	$1,500
A Borel to C Hinz	Same N line 8th 69:7 w from Kirkham, thence w 50x117 1	——
J de Fremery to M Ryan	Same 160 Adeline x 286:6; also, 320 6 21st st x 180	1,300
S V Mandeville to A C Brown	Same N line Brown 266 e from Grove, thence e 50x150	5,000
J B Scotchler to E Remillard	Same 32 3x104 9 se cor Cypress & 17th	450
Same to V L Norton	Same 32 3x104 9 ne cor Cypress & 16th	450
P Pinkham to C J Frank	Same N line 18th 75 e fr Brush, thence e 75x150	6,500
L P de Arco to C Deane	Same 100x300 by Madison, Jackson, and s by 9th	14,000
P T S As'n to J Belden	Same Lot 71, Pacific Theo Sem'y Tract	——
City of Oakland to J Wood	Same S line 6th 187 w from West street, thence w 107-6	500
G M Condeo to A Hinds	Same 104x75 ne cor Myrtle and 8th	5
A Hinds to L B Cary	Same	7,000
Harmon & Kellogg to T Crane	East Oakland 3 acs, plot 15, Watson T't	8,000
E C Sessions to P N Remillard	Same Ne Hepburn 372 6 nw from Antonio, thence nw 150x140	1,200
P N Remillard to R & E Remillard	Same	5
A Babcock to W C Wallace	Same Ne Madison 100 se from Polk, thence se 50x150	2,000
E C Sessions to M R Kellogg	Same 50x140 n cor Alameda & Charter	1,250
J Y Webster to P Shurts	Same Sw Monroe 150 se from Pierce, thence se 50x150	900
W C Wallace to same	Same Sw Monroe 100 se from Pierce, thence se 250x150	2,000
J C Bates to E McD B J Hughes	Same 150x150 e cor Madison & Pierce	1
Wolf & Graffeman to W Dorman	West Oakland 75.7x75 sw cor William and Cedar	1,800
W S Lyon to A Verbave	Same E line Cedar 60:5 n from William, thence n 50x100-7	1,100
J de Fremery to T Perkins	Same S line William 80-7 w from Pine, thence w 37 6x150.7	1,525
Same to S F Savings Union	Same S line William 118 1 w from Pine, thence w 62 6x100-7	2,500
W Wenland to J McIntyre	Same E line Campbell 67 2 s from 8th, thence s 25x180	600

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. June 17

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County.) Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept 3.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by rail and, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 324 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties (tarred or untarred) of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are so located that orders can be shipped Direct by rail or water, to any part of the State, when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY. [April 26.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 116 Front street.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to City Collections, and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 14

JACOB DEETH, GRAND MARSHAL.

It was One of the Splendid Qualities of Napoleon the Great that he had a quick eye to merit, and never allowed it to go unrecognized or unrewarded. His choice of Marshals was the highest evidence of this fact. Murat was the son of an innkeeper. Ney rose from the humblest life, so did Lannes and so did Massena. He cared nothing for their origin so long as they possessed fitness for the work he laid out for them to do. We believe one of these worthies rose from the ranks to be a Marshal of France within ninety days from the time he attracted the Emperor's notice. The Second Empire has had its Marshals, and they have not been less glorious: Bazaine, Le Bœuf, and Canrobert. One of them, McMahon, is now chief of the State and rules France under the guise of President of the Republic. The rise of Marshal Deeth has not been as rapid as that of Murat or Ney, or as [illegible] as that of McMahon, but it has been quite as deserved, and may be more lasting. Marshal Deeth is a native of New Jersey, where he was born of respectable parentage, in 1825, the year of La Fayette's second visit to the United States. At an early age he manifested a decided turn for the baker's business, [illegible] by a fondness for cakes and his mother, who was already very fond of him, [illegible] was always concocting something that this was the Jacob's vocation, he [illegible] trade with the village baker, a tradesman of considerable local celebrity in the special department of soda crackers and ginger nuts. This profession he pursued with great zeal and assiduity during the early period of his life, and there is no doubt that it has exerted a very marked influence in the formation of Marshal Deeth's character. Had he when young been put at taking large loaves [illegible] there is no telling what enterprises he might not have been equal to in after life: he might have been a Senator like Sargent, or Governor like Booth. It is by such trifles that our destinies are influenced. But it is the province of genius to override difficulties. Good fortune early turned the steps of Mr. Deeth towards this coast and here he arrived in 1849, the same year, if not by the same ship that brought to us such men as Latham and Ralston, and Pixley and Butterworth, and David C. Broderick, and many others of the first and brightest lights in finance and politics. From that day until the moment we are writing, the history of Jacob Deeth has been the history of San Francisco. True, he has not grown as rich as some of the men we have named, nor has he occupied as prominent a position in politics as others. But whenever there was good to be done, charity to be solicited and its proper disbursement insured, the sick to be ministered unto, the friendless succored, the dead buried, there, in season and out, in sunshine and upon rainy days, was to be found, sometimes Latham, and sometimes Ralston and Pixley and Butterworth and Broderick and [illegible] the wealthy and its [illegible] ways, and without fail, Jacob Deeth. [illegible] often they have attended upon such matters—matters that are the duty of all and therefore so apt to be neglected by all, and we are sure they will, upon reflection, remember that [illegible] as it may have been, they have never failed to find that no matter who else was there at the bedside of the sick stranger or at his funeral, there Jacob was already arrived and had got there before them. This is why he has been elected Grand Marshal, and it is why we are proud of it. It is an honor to the city that he is Grand Marshal. It is an honor to Messrs. A. J. Bryant and Tilton and Cockett and all the committee who stood [illegible] he should have it, or there would be no celebration. We are glad they did so, and would much rather there had been no celebration than that the old man had been in any manner slighted. We trust the appointment is for life and we now announce that Jacob Deeth shall be Marshal next year or no celebration [illegible] as long as he deems it worth his while to live. The "turn-out" on the Fourth will be the largest ever known in the city. Marshal Deeth, we are informed, has appointed all his horses [illegible] to be seen with equal advantage either from the sidewalk or from the most elevated windows of the tallest hotels. This is as it should be, and is a together in keeping with that sense of fairness and democratic community that has always been a marked characteristic of the Marshal. Our window is engaged.

A GREAT MAN GONE

There Died in this City, some days since, a man more remarkable than any who ever trod these western shores. The Royal Chaucer, or, of [illegible] George the Fisher, was born in Hungary in the year 1786, a few years too late to take part in the great French Revolution, though he was the first to [illegible] the principles of that sublime event. When he was little more than a year old, his mother was carried to Italy, and while there the giant genius was seen at [illegible] by Bonaparte, who laid his mighty hand upon its brow, and observed, in his Corsican Italian, "This will be a great fisher." And it was so. At the age of ten years, while playing one day on the shore of Lake Maggiore, the family had visited, [illegible] from a sense of duty, the youthful fisher drew out of the waters a heavy body, which was long supposed to be the crown of Margaret, but the court jewelers analysis proved it to be a rusty ringbolt. This incident paved the way to his future career. Alexander II. offered him, in the year 1811, the post of Court Interpreter of the [illegible] with a salary of [illegible] a year. He filled this office [illegible] for one year to the satisfaction of every one. At the end of that time, his unexampled courage having [illegible] made him Military Governor of Moscow, [illegible] to give him implicit obedience. It was the fertile brain of the Fisher which conceived the glorious thought of burning Moscow when it was seen to be impossible to save it from the French [illegible], and the same cabalistic mind composed the haughty inscription in the French tongue which [illegible] put upon the door of his country seat. In the whole of that terrible French retreat George the Fisher was the presiding genius of Russia, and the destroying angel of the [illegible] armies, though, owing to the inclemency of the weather he found it inexpedient to appear in the national costume of the angels, and wore a fur overcoat. At the frightful passage of the Beresina, he walked across the bridge on the heads of the struggling French, in pursuit of Napoleon, hoping to capture him single-handed and drag him back to the feet of Alexander; but the Corsican monster escaped, to afflict mankind. Foiled in this, his darling hope, the Fisher began the study of the British constitution, which he followed up with such extraordinary zeal that the Duke of Wellington, meeting him by accident on London Bridge in the year 1842, confessed before three members of his cabinet, that, until he saw the Fisher, he had never known the meaning [illegible]. Our hero next went to Egypt, and persuaded Mehemet Ali to put an end to the Mamelukes, but, [illegible] of the Sultan, he withdrew to Constantinople, where Mahmoud made him Professor of Philosophy in the Atmeidan. His lectures, which were delivered in all known languages, were [illegible] reported by the Sultan's [illegible] and after the course of study in the [illegible] of Samarkand, Lahore, Benares, Cashgar and Tokio. It is since [illegible] that we have seen the amazing revival of those efforts [illegible] and their desire for closer communion with the West. All Asia lost [illegible] worth, and the human race is the mourner of George the Fisher.

THE SUPERVISORS AND THE PLACARD EXCHANGE.

The Board of Supervisors [illegible] the "Placard Exchanges" as the best means of [illegible] the members of that body. An order to most creditable [illegible] was passed on Monday evening last. It will be [illegible] the fact that it was not done until the success of the Exchange was almost perfected, and [illegible] while it was perhaps rather a [illegible] which the present [illegible] always characterized the present [illegible]. There is the question of the permanency of the Exchange and we [illegible] the permanency of the present Board of Supervisors. That there will be [illegible] is as certain as that they [illegible] order. And they [illegible] of the [illegible] the first [illegible] and Storey and Strader, but why particularize, [illegible]. Consider that we have done it. We are [illegible] of the whole body without [illegible] one, and as the *News Letter* goes, so goes the city.

DR. STONE ON THE CHINESE.

Dr. Stone applied himself, on Sunday last, to the consideration of a problem which requires [illegible] Nobody was surprised that Dr. Stone left it in a very much more dark than before. He utterly repeated flippant assertions in themselves partly true, but in the meaning and the result [illegible] them a most [illegible] face. It is true that America is a [illegible] and [illegible] her own free [illegible]. It is true that the [illegible] of eight in the variety of the Mongolian, but it is not true that they pour into California. It is true that this State is part of this [illegible] free America [illegible] on the outer verge [illegible] the [illegible] to us, while they [illegible] anywhere else, and hardly ever [illegible]. It is true that the Irishman [illegible] is easy to charge them [illegible] the real [illegible] Dr. Stone is hardly to be excused for overlooking the merits of [illegible] It is not a little odd [illegible] the Irish as a separate and distinct class [illegible] What are they [illegible] separate than Germans, or British, or [illegible] who do not, if [illegible] Germans or Irish. [illegible] men than the law allows. It is [illegible] for a man to pretend that he does not know why the Chinese [illegible] if it were free, [illegible] Dr. Stone does know this. We regret it [illegible] humbug. The Chinese are [illegible] to men of the white race, and do not assimilate [illegible] their [illegible] is [illegible] question of fact and it is a fact. With every branch of the white race, any other may unite, [illegible] form a homogeneous people. [illegible] Dr. Stone and [illegible] the Irish [illegible] can readily be absorbed and merged [illegible] its strength and vitality, and a man who will [illegible] become a citizen and when [illegible] any [illegible] desirable member of the community even though [illegible] and [illegible] being [illegible] as sacred as any [illegible] it the Chinese [illegible] rather [illegible] of the [illegible] between [illegible] and [illegible] every [illegible] what they do [illegible] free to go where they will [illegible] and every freeman wherever [illegible] for we are part of the civilized world, which every day [illegible] to become the habitable world. We go further than this. [illegible] that Dr. Stone, [illegible] be allowed to live here, and even to preach, so long as anybody will listen to him.

THE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES.

This Learned Body met on the 16th inst., Dr. Stearns in the chair. New members were proposed, two or three of them [illegible] rich and [illegible] to be [illegible] James Lick and Michael Reese. They were [illegible] course [illegible] the [illegible] fatal. Judge Hastings [illegible] read an [illegible] feeling on [illegible] of heat [illegible] He began by saying [illegible] that [illegible] that this definition had been made [illegible] as far back as the year 1848 [illegible] the party then known as the Locofoco party, who [illegible] the match was [illegible], and in honor of whom the word locomotive was invented by a French Democrat. Had a [illegible] was caused by force. These, being made of open work, [illegible] pass through in the daytime, as any one might see by observing the [illegible] a picket fence, but the case once entered, are caught [illegible] each other exactly as a drunken man is held by two of [illegible] a policeman [illegible] the same purpose, which is to control the latent heat and allow it [illegible] to escape the surface of the ground. A remarkable instance of this [illegible] had been observed by the learned Judge in Sonoma County on a cold day of last November, when the ground [illegible] covered with hoar-frost. A party of gentlemen [illegible] were standing close to a fence [illegible] engaged in study [illegible] were bent downward. [illegible] to them [illegible] was the [illegible] of [illegible] fence that the faces of the gentlemen were flushed and covered with perspiration. Then seemed even to be somewhat exhausted [illegible] there was a [illegible] force. His previous studies in physical [illegible] no adequate explanation of this curious phenomenon, but he was forced to the conclusion that he had not [illegible] stumbled upon a discovery of the greatest importance, and he submitted to the Academy whether it would not be proper to speak hereafter of the "Fence Law of Radiation." Before closing, he anticipated and refuted an obvious objection to his new discovery, and [illegible] with the [illegible] were in a cold [illegible] state [illegible] in Raccoon Straits, and evidently under the influence of some unseen and invisible agent.

THE MORNING CALL AND MR. PIXLEY.

We are Not in the Habit of Praising our Morning Contemporaries for the excellent [illegible] and little to praise and much to criticise. But the enterprise of the [illegible] something [illegible] We are [illegible] general reading matter [illegible] department is [illegible] and should be improved. [illegible] since Mr. Pixley has [illegible] disconnected himself from the *Chronicle*. And while [illegible] we are informed [illegible] Mr. Pixley [illegible] at a salary of $25 per week [illegible] his morning paper [illegible] of the [illegible] far [illegible] into [illegible] the *Call* has not made any corresponding advance. [illegible] Mr. Pixley be induced to bury the hatchet, to bottle his [illegible] and take charge of the *Call*, we feel that from that moment its position as the first morning paper of the coast would be finally secured; and we suggest that the public will scarcely justify him in indulging his anger toward Mr. Pickering to the extent of depriving it of the pleasure and edification obtained in reading his elegant and pungent articles. His personal feelings do not concern the public [illegible] while Pixley and his [illegible] are public property. He [illegible] that Mr. Pickering [illegible] and [illegible] at work where the people [illegible] him.

Death of a Railroad Man.—Horace F. Clark, President of the Union Pacific and Lake Shore [illegible] died yesterday in New York. He was the son-in-law of Vanderbilt and [illegible] prominent railroad men in the country. He had been [illegible] but in [illegible] his fortune. He maintained a high character both for ability and business integrity.

NEW BOOKS
OF
THE WEEK.

Work: A Story of Experience. By Louisa M. Alcott. [illegible] cloth.
Antiquities of the Southern Indians. By Chas. C. Jones, Jr. 8vo, cloth.
Hand Book of Hardy Trees, Shrubs, etc. By W. D. Hemsley. [illegible] cloth.
A Thanksgiving Story, containing "Betsy and I Are Out." By N. S. Emerson. 16mo, cloth.
Lauderdale's Heart. A Novel. By D. [illegible] Farjeon. 8vo, paper and cloth.
Dialogues and Dramas. By Lewis [illegible] 12mo, cloth.
Old Kensington. By Miss Thackeray. [illegible]
Reminiscences of Scottish Life and Character. By Dean Ramsay. 12mo, cloth.
A Reed Shaken with the Wind. By Emily Faithful. 12mo, cloth.
The Natural History of Commerce. By John Yeats. [illegible]

A. ROMAN & CO., Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers. 11 Montgomery st., Lick House block.

ELEGANT
New Style of
Ladies' Stationery:

Creme de la Creme, Primrose, Silver Gray, Eau du Nil, Azure, Opal.

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HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post St., San Francisco.

THE ONLY THOROUGH BUSINESS College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies [illegible] HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco [illegible] Each receives separate instruction. There is a Preparatory Department [illegible] advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for

Heald's College Journal.

An eight page paper published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school and containing a variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing

E. P. HEALD, President Business College, San Francisco. Aug [illegible]

SHERMAN & HYDE, DEALERS IN **Sheet Music** AND **Musical Merchandise.** Sole Agents for the **WEBER PIANO.** Corner Kearny and Sutter sts. SAN FRANCISCO. Largest Stock of Sheet Music on the Coast. [May 10

HONEST DEBTS —AND— **Just Claims** Of Every Description, PROMPTLY COLLECTED —BY— **JOHN McCOMBE,** No. 502 Montgomery street. Attorneys [illegible] in [illegible]

DR. ABORN, Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices [illegible] Lick House [illegible] square [illegible]

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

Oakland is Mad with Excitement, for they have actually had a circus there. [illegible] The oldest inhabitant never remembers such a thing [illegible]. The effect upon the younger branches of the Oakland families has been astounding. The *T. C.* has been favored by a suffering and afflicted mother with a true and heartrending account of its effects in her little family circle. The afflicted lady is not strong minded, [illegible] She has a family, [illegible] of three boys aged respectively twelve, ten and four, and one little girl of eight Summers and Winters. Thinking to give them a treat, this fond parent took her quiver full to the circus. Little did she dream of the awful effect it would have on the juvenile mind [illegible] to elevate the ton of her domestic family. The dear little children went into ecstacies over the performances [illegible] bone buttons flew off their [illegible] share of the [illegible] what impressed them most was the tumbling. [illegible] they had was mixed up with [illegible] in knots and hanging [illegible] suspended by one eye [illegible] to anything. [illegible] to meet in the [illegible] wake and play circus [illegible] a deep purple color [illegible] said to be the image of the father [illegible] Willie, a flaxen haired youth of ten, has three front teeth less than he had when he went to the circus, and has a head on him that requires a larger hat than it used. These little troubles came from an abortive attempt to turn a back summersault off the [illegible] and the awkward propensity of a fender [illegible] met with a slight mishap in trying a daring feat of horsemanship, in which her [illegible] hoop to jump through, well anointed with coal oil and then ignited. She is now in bed suffering from severe burns [illegible] The youngest boy has never been seen since, but is supposed to have perished in the flames which destroyed the house, furniture, etc. This poor mother says that she won't go to any more circuses yet awhile, and her husband agrees with her in thinking them too exciting for the juvenile mind.

A Newspaper Wag has lately been amusing himself at the expense of our Juvenile friend and protector, Uncle Sam. This ambitious Bohemian is an ancestral chief of the first water, a communist on an immense scale [illegible] the [illegible] carried the appellation of the great American Gobbler. His thirst [illegible] First he wanted the Dominion of Canada and the British Possessions [illegible] "the greatest republic the world has ever seen" [illegible] to gobble the northwestern States of Mexico, and now the entire [illegible] has extended his sympathy to the Republic of Guatemala, Central America, which he [illegible] for annexation [illegible] forgotten the [illegible] San Domingo, Cuba and the Sandwich Islands, [illegible] that these would one day [illegible] Uncle Sam his bride and feeder [illegible] May he [illegible] a statesman in disguise, who [illegible] "great American people" [illegible] the best way to treat [illegible] Let us have the opinion of the loyal [illegible] of Louisiana and Arkansas on this subject. [illegible] affirmative, [illegible] and is not created a penal colony for the safe keeping of the editors of our local daily press.

A Deluge of Briny Tears has irrigated our ample cheeks, the blood around our [illegible] and flowed with intense sympathy [illegible] the days of heaven have [illegible] and yet the [illegible] rascals will not return to righteousness. St. Paul, in his first, second and third epistles to the Romans, was full of vindictiveness and fury to the sinners of the age. We, more merciful than the Apostle, weep and groan for the [illegible] of our times. [illegible] the [illegible] fraternity of this city into [illegible] each other. The *Chronicle* is on the war path [illegible] paint and feathers, vowing vengeance upon the *Bee*, and the venerable grandma [illegible] a [illegible] The [illegible] to do anything [illegible] The [illegible] between the [illegible] gentlemen of the [illegible] school is disgraceful. We have given up all hopes of killing the fatted calf and now, by these presents greeting, we shall hereafter refrain from moaning our linen with crocodile tears [illegible] saints, and reflect credit and glory upon the great bulwark of liberty, a free [illegible] press.

The City is Filled with bodies who have the characteristics of intelligent Horse Gothe and Vandals. We have met them on the streets [illegible] Montgomery and California streets during the past few weeks and as [illegible] attached [illegible] to the Bank of California and see that our [illegible] bank [illegible] with [illegible] the advent of the [illegible] in our midst [illegible] and scatter where they huddled up form[illegible], and like the Aztecs of Mexico [illegible] history is lost in the remote regions of antiquity. We know that they are not laden with corn, for our dog Jack never greets them [illegible] is an expert in such matters, and [illegible] are hard [illegible] We glance [illegible] the conundrum as [illegible] Vandals are, and suspect that an [illegible] committee of [illegible] formed to [illegible] the market. They may be [illegible] lawyers in [illegible] at the bar [illegible] characters and will bear watching.

Once More the Hated Name of the Masculine Susan B. Anthony appears prominently before the public. The time for voting [illegible] she has been found guilty, and will have to take the consequences of her [illegible] The *T. C.* [illegible] make out why some women [illegible] persist in thinking that they ought to vote and have as much [illegible] State matters as men when they know all the time that woman actually at this present moment [illegible] are there that would have the audacity to vote and [illegible] the [illegible] her letter had advocated! How many unmarried men are proof against the all-overpowering charms of a lovely woman! The *T. C.* [illegible] that women have ruled the world from the day that Adam eat that [illegible] apple to the present. [illegible] the most lengthy [illegible] all the [illegible] in the ruling ways [illegible]

A Certain Hon. Major Colborne has been immortalizing his name by [illegible] We cannot [illegible] liberty of [illegible] though [illegible]

While Taking a Constitutional Down Powell Street, the *T. C.* [illegible] ration for that emblem of mortality. Such feelings, however, did not rise in his bosom when he counted in the vacant lot [illegible] dead [illegible] in every state of decomposition, two dead cats [illegible] the most horrible stench. Now, the vacant lot is just opposite the "Nunnery," and no doubt is often used as a playground by the children who attend the school. It seems to be the execution ground of that part of the city. Every old lady in the [illegible] are there [illegible] death.

While Quietly Strolling down Montgomery Street, the other day, the *T. C.* met an old friend [illegible] J. [illegible] was carrying two pick handles and on these [illegible] the battery. A howitzer with all its appliances, some two dozen [illegible] and several cases of cartridges made up the load. J. [illegible] Smith & Wesson and a [illegible] Had the Modoc war not been over we should have thought that J. was going on a visit to Captain Jack. After a little [illegible] the fact that J. was merely going to Santa Clara Valley to preempt. We ventured to remark that he was rather fully armed, to which [illegible] "I have been on more of these expeditions than you, and I know [illegible] that preempted and wants more guns [illegible] than plows for the first few months." We imagine that J. will soon be heard from.

Professor Tyndall has had his share of abuse for the proposed test of the results of prayer, [illegible] What must be said or done to the Rev. T. [illegible] who declares that we must settle the Chinese question "with prayer, and with great and serious thought?" We agree with him, and, after great and serious thought, we conclude to let loose an original prayer of our own [illegible] the Pacific Mail Steamship Company take the [illegible] and [illegible] *Post* and [illegible] and [illegible] Winn, and whatsoever [illegible] and maketh a tempest in a teapot, and dump them all into China [illegible]

The San Francisco Bulletin is an admirable paper, one of the eight first-class papers in the world, according to its own deliberate judgment. [illegible] the case what are we to think of its enterprise [illegible] the 18th June from the New York *World* correspondent at [illegible] a statement that "a new industry, that of [illegible] has sprung into existence [illegible] of some importance in the future." It is a great proof of its [illegible] a first-class paper [illegible] three thousand miles away to find [illegible] happens at its own doors at least two years before. The *B*[illegible] is a great paper; this is a great country, and Alaska is a great unknown to the public. Let us pray.

The Dear Little Birds are all mating, and the season is peculiarly favorable to the [illegible] The [illegible] season in which [illegible] his [illegible] are [illegible] happy [illegible] and fair [illegible] gentleman [illegible] and whose [illegible] have been [illegible] of [illegible] passion [illegible] away. His hair is coming off, and he may often be seen [illegible] in a certain church porch.

Some Prognosticator of Evil has informed the public through the *Alta*, that [illegible] soon be again in a state of turmoil. This [illegible] to be in the condition of most of the crowned heads of Europe, and [illegible] in such a decided manner that he must [illegible] very favored individual. The *T. C.* [illegible] the former. Perhaps he is bearing Austrian securities, in which case he is a rogue with [illegible] chance of success. As will [illegible] he [illegible] Saucelito he hardly can hope to do much harm to them [illegible] a chance.

It is Rather Amusing, and highly interesting to the general public, to know that Pickering [illegible] wrap [illegible] and that a certain Brady is a large consumer of his literature, but [illegible] opposite. We can imagine what crowds [illegible] would rush to see such a wondrous sight as a pile of [illegible] We have [illegible] interviewed Mr. Brady, and we find that the reason he does not use the [illegible] wrappers is that the customers complained, when he did use that [illegible] sheet, that the fish, crabs, etc., so wrapped up, stank before they got home with them.

A Certain Fair Helen, of Troy, having been in early childhood considered and [illegible] brought up as a girl, has just [illegible] suddenly turning into a man, and marrying some fair damsel. We always knew that the [illegible] of Troy was a wonderful [illegible] but hardly felt prepared for such astounding news. Troy school marms are said to be now very particular as to their pupils' sex, and parents at all short-sighted or absent-minded usually call in a doctor, in order that no mistake of the kind shall occur again in the classic neighborhood of Troy.

"If a Stranger sojourn with ye in your land ye shall not vex him—thou shalt love him as thyself for ye were strangers in Egypt." Well done, Stone, my boy, well done. The *T. C.* sends thee greeting, and only wishes that the text in question was more thoroughly acted upon. We don't see much more harm in praying to Joss than to a stone, and in fact if we had our choice we should vote for Joss and a slice of glazed pig in preference to Mary and dirty Holy Water. Depend upon it, we have worse elements in our midst than poor hardworking, persecuted John.

The T. C. had begun to fear that party quarrels were about to defraud the people of their Fourth of July [illegible] It is, however, [illegible] to hear that things are [illegible] amicably [illegible] horsemanship, Meagher will appear as "The Skeleton in Armor," while Sedeck will sell small "star spangled banners" to small boys at five cents per flag. The usual amount of drunken Fenians will die, as they're green, and a most happy day is [illegible]

The T. C. congratulates the [illegible] and a [illegible] Still it is a relief from the dull monotony of her auctioneer notices and lead-like leaders.

We have been Looking through the "Post" for several months past, in the hope of seeing the letter of John Stewart Mill, the eminent British philanthropist, to Harry George. The time for printing it having long since come round in the regular course of time, we, in common with many [illegible] happy to see it in print. But perhaps [illegible]

We have Lately Learned from Pittsburgh that the [illegible]

The New York Tribune [illegible]

"Time Rights the Wrong," says the *Bulletin*. We are glad to know it on such good authority, for if anybody ought to know what wrong is, it is the *Bulletin*. Time will right this [illegible] respectable paper dies.

Thomas Tooly [illegible]

THE SONG OF A HEATHEN.

SOJOURNING IN GALILEE, A. D. 32.

If Jesus Christ is a man—
And only a man—I say
That of all mankind I cleave to him,
And to him I will cleave alway.

If Jesus Christ is a God—
And the only God—I swear
I will follow him through heaven and hell,
The earth, the sea, and the air.

—*Scribner's Monthly for July.*

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Philip Phillips, the whiner, is on the rampage.—The San Francisco Stock Board has adjourned until Tuesday.—Twelve hundred and sixty coolies last week.—The narrow-minded property owners on Clay street protest against the extension of the tramway below Sansome street on the ground of being too narrow.—The *Tuscarora*, United States war steamer, arrived on Wednesday, having left Panama on the 31st ult.—Louis Heller, Mr. Watkins' special agent, has photographed the principal warriors of the Modoc tribe. Talk about the Benders!—Changes in the California Theater: Messrs. George D. Chaplin and Eben Plympton leave for the East on Tuesday, Harry Edwards is starting on a fortnight's tour in Oregon, and Bill Barry has been engaged for queer old men's parts.—Shiel's Opera House is to be opened on Monday.—Rose Matella, who met with the accident at the Circus a day or two ago, has recovered; it was only a sprained ankle.—Sheridan Corbyn has been elected Grand Seal of the Benevolent Order of that name.—Over ten millions of dividends have been paid by local incorporations during the past six months.—Some sacrilegious pigtails have been stripping the Mason street Joss House of its gew-gaws.—Supervisor Menzies wishes to be Mayor, so do one or two others.—The fireworks at the City Gardens on the Fourth are to be something big.—The Rev. Charles O. Williamson has had grace enough for the time, and leaves the church with grace: he sails for Europe on the 1st.—One of the many events of the Fourth will be the appearance of the new band of the First Regiment.—Fifty nine patients admitted to the County Hospital last week.—A handsome block of buildings is to be erected on the corner of Davis and California streets by John Parrott.—A special officer among the Chinese declares that there is only one case of leprosy in the city.—Something like $15,000 are needed to thoroughly repair Broadway wharf.—Nearly $4,000 were taken at the Oakland and Alameda ferries on Sunday.—Shoes are coming into fashion.—The *Post* is right for a wonder. The hack charges are exorbitant, and the sooner cheap, that is, reasonable fares are introduced, the better.—Twenty dollars reward for the ten unbroken panes of glass in the windows of the old International Hotel.—The Sarsfield Guard don't seem to be easy about their lead grey yet. Also Shake O'.—The running races to-day will be of an unusually exciting character.—Madame Anna Bishop will give a concert in this city shortly.—The ushers of the California Theater take their benefit to-night.—The pictures late on exhibition at the rooms of the Art Association will be sold by auction on the 3d.—A semi-annual dividend of four per cent. will be payable on the 5th, here and at New York, on the stock of Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express.—Several fires this week, principally one on Mason street on Wednesday, and another on O'Farrell street on Thursday.—The *Barnacle* has discovered "the pestilence" (small pox) indeed. This time three cases on Clay street.—The new church and monastery of the Dominicans on Bush and Steiner streets, will be dedicated to-morrow morning at half past ten.—A petition is being signed by the livery stable keepers of the city to have a special policeman posted on the Cliff House road to prevent over driving.—The Irish American Benevolent Society will not parade on the Fourth, for which small mercy we are thankful.—A movement is on foot to secure the *California* flagship as a training vessel for vagrant and vicious boys.

"DEATH TO THE SAVAGE UNITARIANS!"

This Pleasing War-cry, invented and long monopolized by Rosas, has been taken up by Dr Bellows, to the great amazement and heartfelt sorrow of his liberal brethren. At the Unitarian Conference, held in the Church of the Messiah, New York, in the month of May, the question of a liturgy for the church worship was debated, and Dr. Bellows strongly favored it. He declared himself sick of the "baldness" of Unitarian worship. "We ran after liberty of conscience—where to! Into an open sack, and away down to the bottom, which is closed, and we have to scramble back again." The metaphor is suggestive of rats, and so far agreeable; but its chief value is, that it confirms what we said of Dr. Bellows when he astonished the faithful in this city six or seven years ago. We called him Pope Bellows, and we knew what we were saying. He also knew what he was doing; for he lost no money by his trip this way, and he left behind him, as his last, best gift, the unfortunate man, who has buried Unitarianism on this coast. Dr. Bellows scrambled out of his sack in time to tell his brethren of the Conference that the greatest enjoyment he ever had in his life was a visit once to a Catholic church. "I sat four hours," he said, "in a perfect rapture of soul and spirit * * * transfixed, as it were, by the beauty and harmony of all things around me." Alas! why not forever? What an eloquent testimony to the true faith had the saintly Bellows been made one with the Rock, literally *petrified*, with the rapture of soul and spirit eternally stamped upon his suggestive face! There had been a miracle to make Miss Collins go quietly about her business, with never a stigma on hand or character. But God moves in a mysterious way. There is rejoicing in the Catholic camp, over these remarks of the Unitarian Pope; but one finds it hard to explain their joy. The rest of the Unitarians were surprised and somewhat scornful in their reception of the great man's allocution. If Unitarianism be, to a certain extent, suicidal, why think so much of a poor Unitarian suicide? If the Catholic Church be truly the Church Universal, why blush with pride and pleasure because a notorious Unbeliever declares that he feels disposed to acknowledge the Church? "The French Republic," said Bonaparte, "is like the sun in heaven," but the organs of the Church of God are tremulous with delight because one poor creature takes their farthing candle for a celestial luminary.

LIEF ERICSON.

The Scandinavians of Minnesota and Wisconsin have just discovered an extensive mare's nest. They have become possessed of the documentary proofs that Lief Ericson, one of their countrymen, discovered the American Continent about the year 1,000 (A.D. C.), says the intelligent *Sacramento Union*, or nearly 500 years before the discovery by Columbus. They propose to erect a statue to the memory of this great Ericson, at the capitol of Wisconsin, and have already collected $10,000 towards it. The fact is that the discovery of America by the Northmen has been long known to everybody who has heard of America. The evidence was published in full, many years ago, by the Society of Northern Antiquaries, of Copenhagen, and it will be very interesting news to that Society to learn that the "documentary proofs" in this matter, which properly belong to them, are in the hands of Wisconsin and Minnesota Scandinavians. For the imputed belittling of Columbus' fame as the true discoverer of America, resulting from this Scandinavian claim, it may not be out of place to say a few words. The voyages of the Northmen, frequent as they were, were absolutely sterile of result, even as concerning their own country, and so far as related to the world at large, they might as well have been voyages to the moon. The world knew no more of them than if they had never been. The discovery of America by Columbus was a real discovery; the New World was then first revealed to the knowledge of mankind. It is a parallel case to that of Vasco de Gama's discovery of the route to India. There can be no doubt that the Egyptians and the Carthaginians both knew that Africa was a peninsula: we have the documentary proofs of its circumnavigation by both of them; but who regards these as more than curious, historical facts? They were absolutely without meaning or influence, in the course of human history, and the way to India was really discovered by Vasco de Gama, though its accessibility by land undoubtedly diminishes his achievement as compared with that of Columbus. The hints which may have come to Columbus from one quarter or another, came to everybody as well as to him; but was the only man who read the meaning, and if there be such a thing as glory, unassailable by chance, or change, or time, it is the glory of Columbus.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

Russia still continues to be successful in her Khivan expedition.—The English House of Commons has guaranteed a loan to the Canadian Pacific Railway.—Cholera has appeared in Italy, Poland, and Bulgaria.—The Cunard steamer *Marathon* was partially burned at Glasgow on Saturday.—The Shah is at present in England, and expects to visit Paris about the 5th.—The Carlists are as quiet as usual. they playfully broke into the military barracks on Wednesday.—The Commander-in-chief of the Spanish army has been captured by the Carlists.—The Khedive and the Sultan have entered into an alliance, offensive and defensive.—The yellow fever continues in Havana with unabated violence.—The German Parliament was closed by Prince Bismarck, the Emperor being too ill to attend.—The *Great Eastern* had paid out 1,874 miles of the new cable on Tuesday.—Guatemala is in a state of siege.—A serious difficulty has taken place in Canada between a number of Scandinavian emigrants and Mr Molson, an extensive iron factor on the Lower St. Lawrence.—Upwards of one thousand trains left the Farringdon Station, London, on Whit Monday.—Edward Jenkins, author of "Ginx's Baby," is to be the editor of the *Imperial*, a new London magazine.—Disraeli is to deliver the eulogium at the unveiling of Lord Derby's statue.—A military review was held in Windsor Park, on Tuesday, in honor of the Shah.—Kaiser Wilhelm, although seriously ill, is confidently expected by his physicians to recover.—It is said that the Russian court is quite jealous of the exceptional honors shown the Persian potentate.—There is a probability of a U. S. man-of-war being permanently stationed at Aspinwall to protect the interest of American residents.—The Queen's birthday was generally celebrated throughout the principal Chinese cities.

OUR PLACARD EXCHANGE.

We are Constantly Receiving new and valuable, though unpretending, additions to the "California Placard Exchange." Noticeable among these are the Map Directories from Mr. G. DeYoung, publisher. A copy of his Sacramento County Directory, which contains an accurate, classified and alphabetical arrangement of the business firms of each town and station in the county, together with valuable statistical information and well-written descriptive summaries of the commercial and general character and resources of the several places is now before us. Mr. DeYoung's Directories are highly spoken of by the press throughout the State, and we are glad to say, from our own examination, very deservedly so. The Sacramento dailies are, for once, unanimous in the justice of their criticisms. They agree in this, that exact and valuable business talent has been exercised by Mr. DeYoung in his Directories. The Sacramento *Union*, the Sacramento *Record* and the Sacramento *Bee* all bear witness to the utility and business merits of his undertaking. Need we add that when the *News Letter* indorses their testimony *c'est une affaire finie?* We are happy to add, on the strength of many years' acquaintance, that Mr. Gustavus De Young is not only an indefatigable business man, exact and reliable in all he undertakes, but that his popularity is enhanced also by his affability and integrity in private relations and his general characteristic of acting like a gentleman.

Two Notable Mansions, at two notable points of our city, one in course of construction and nearly finished, and the other on the eve of its erection, are going to adorn respectively the northwest and southwest corners of California and Powell streets. That at the northwest, which approaches completion, is the future home of David Porter, Esq., and its neighbor on the southwest corner is the contemplated abode of Governor Stanford. The one commands the view of the entrance to the harbor, looks over Alcatraz and Angel Island along the northern half of our bay, its extensive range of view being bounded by St. Helena mountain and the blue hills which form the Petaluma, Sonoma and Napa Valleys. The Governor's house will have the softer range of the Mission hills, with the table land of San Bruno bounded by the distant hills that form the San Jose valley. At the foot of each of these sites is stretched the city of San Francisco, and over the bay rise the Contra Costa hills backed by the grand old Monte Diablo. No situation in the city embraces equally the two-fold advantages of commanding scenery joined to proximity to business. The air comes fresh from the Pacific, the well grown trees in the spacious grounds break its force. At night the noise of the waves as they break on the distant shore can be plainly heard, while at one's feet lay the twinkling lights of the busy city. Mr. Porter's house, which is large and comfortable, with bold bay windows, will cost over $25,000, and will be occupied in about a month's time. Great expectation and much surmise has obtained about the Governor's house, as he has declared his intention of making it his home. The two will be an ornament to the city and a pleasure to their owners.

FEMININE PERSISTENCY.

"Nothing is so Gentle as Firmness, nothing is so firm as gentleness," said St Francis de Assis. We thought so the other day as we saw a really beautiful woman, who was walking with her husband along Kearny street. They stopped at the White House window, and as I passed I overheard, "My dear, you cannot have it." We pretended to be examining the lovely things displayed there, and the reply came in a soft, musical voice. "Perhaps you are right dear, but there is no harm going in to ask the price." As they went in I saw by a glint in her eye that her gentleness had already half conquered, and a quarter of an hour afterwards not only was the pretty, stylish dress bought, but a little assortment of sundries sufficient to set up a small shop. Such is the overpowering force of beauty yielding to manly strength, joined to the judgment, that selected the right establishment to purchase at.

The First Steamer of the New York, London and China Company will be dispatched from London in about a month, and that after that date the line will be a regular one. The first vessel has been named the *Tartar*, and is of about 3,000 tons burden. The advantages of the new line will be perhaps even more appreciated in the East than in this country. Between London and the Far East steam communication is now constant and regular, but to accommodate the important trade carried on with America by the Straits, Java and China, there is at present no regular steam line. Everything bids fair for the success of such a service as the New York, London and China Company have undertaken, if carried out with regularity and efficiency. The agents for the company are Messrs Fearon & Co., London, Messrs. Guthrie & Co., Singapore; Messrs. Tidman, Balfour & Co., Java, Messrs. Augustine Heard & Co., Hongkong.

The Old Man of the (Sea) *see* the Shipping Commissioner, has seized upon another opportunity to bring himself before the public, having appeared in the papers in a long article, evidently written with a lawyer at his elbow, concerning the collection of poll taxes from seamen, in which he attempts to show that every person in the city but himself is anxious to finger the coin of poor Jack, accusing the Assessor, Mr. Rosener, of endeavoring to corrupt him, by offering him a share of the commission to be derived from collection made from seamen, which offer he contemptuously spurned. We had formerly a good opinion of Mr. Rosener, but when he offers to take the Shipping Commissioner in as a partner, we think ourself justified in no longer recognizing him. Shame on you, Levi, that you should seek such company.

We hear a Report on the Street that Mr. Holman, late agent at this port of the Pacific Mail Company, has been recalled to New York to fill his former position of purveyor to the same. Mr I. W. Raymond, late agent of Webb's Australian Line, and formerly Vice-President of the P. M., may succeed Mr. Holman, but it is yet doubtful on whom the mantle will fall.

The Stock of the series of mines owned by the Pinto Mining Company, in Eastern Nevada, has been on the market but a short time, but it seems, nevertheless, to be growing in favor rapidly. The Directors invite the strictest questioning and closest scrutiny on the part of the public. Those who have pursued this course are willing to invest.

"Cope's Tobacco Plant" is the name of a periodical, the contents of which are not only devoted to the fragrant weed. All smokers should read it, as much useful and interesting information may be gained from it. You can at all times see its racy contents at the California Placard Exchange.

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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23 SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, JUNE 28, 1873. No. 22.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 00 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clement's Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—865@870—SILVER BARS—1½@1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86½@87c. Mexican Dollars, 5c.@6c.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¼ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 11¼ per cent. On London. Bankers 49½@49¾; Commercial 49⅞@50; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, June 27, at 3 P. M., 115⅝. Latest price of Sterling, 108½@109¼.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. ....June 28, 1873

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1862, 1-8	103¾	104¼	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	114	123
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1864	100	101	Oakland Gas	115	117
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1865	100	101	Spring Valley Water Co.	81	—
Legal Tender Notes	86½	87	Omnibus Railroad Company.	40	45
California State Bonds 7s '57	102	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6, 1 '58	96	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	53
S. F. City and Co. Bonds 6s, '58	95	—	Front St. M. and O. R. R. Co.	18	24
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	110	Fireman's Fund Insurance Co	57	60
Sacramento City Bonds	50	52½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins Co	85	95
Sacramento County Bonds 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co	85	95
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	98	Union Insurance Co	93	96
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	—	Pacific Bank	85	86
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	125	125
San Francisco Gas Ligth Co.	63	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

MONEY.

The Money Market is easy at present, the demand for coin on Eastern account having been very light for two months past, while at the same time the receipts of Bullion have been large, collections fair, and accumulations from sales of produce exported up to the average. Our Coin circulation has thus had a chance to augment in the regular course of things, for although the Mint has been closed during the month the Bullion fund has been available for all the requirements of depositors, and the outturn of Coin has experienced no sensible check. The prosperous condition of our mining interests is the leading element of the prevailing ease in Monetary affairs. We congratulate our friends of the Anglo-American Bank upon the favorable opportunity they have thus had of placing their bills for capital stock, and sincerely hope the funds accumulated by this process will not be sent away to meet the bills at maturity, but remain for legitimate use as the harvest season comes on. We learn that of the $3,000,000 capital with which this bank is to commence operations, one half is set apart for the branch in this city. This sum, when readily added to our pecuniary facilities, will afford much relief in the handling of crops and other heavy operations incident to our Autumnal and Winter seasons. The Presidency of this institution, we learn, is committed to the "cherished" hands of our distinguished fellow-citizen, H. G. Sneath, Esq., from which high hopes are entertained that the management will be of the most practical and liberal character. The Co-manager, Mr. Steinhart, is recognized as an able man in financial affairs.

THE NEW AUSTRALIAN LINE.

We are Authorized to state that Mr. Russell, the Commissioner appointed by Australia and New Zealand to negotiate for a line of first-class steamers between those countries and California, has made satisfactory arrangements with General Burnside and Thomas A. Scott for a line of propellers, of 2,000 tons each, to run twelve knots an hour, and make the round trip in a month. Mr Russell feels confident that his government will consider favorably these proposals. The first ships put on the line are to be British, to allow time for American vessels of superior quality to be built. Great credit is due to W. M. Neilson, who is the originator of this undertaking, and who has devoted much time to the scheme, and has traveled some 30,000 miles in its behalf. General Burnside and Thomas A. Scott will proceed to make arrangements in London, whilst Mr Neilson will return to San Francisco, and will visit Australia and other points where agents, etc., have to be appointed. It will gratify the friends of the *S. F. News Letter* to be informed that their favorite sheet will be the official organ of this important line, and that the office of the new company will henceforth be at the "Placard Exchange."

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, June 27th, 1873.—Gold opened at 115⅝; 11 A. M. at 115⅝, 3 P. M. at 115⅝. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 116¾; 1867, 120⅛. Sterling Exchange, 109¼@110¼. Pacific Mail, 37¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 40¾. Wheat, $1 70@$1 90 quiet. Pork, 15½ dull. Cotton, 20¼. Hides, dry, 23@23, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 42@$1 45 fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 52@$1 70. Whale, active, 64@66c quiet. Winter Bleached, 71@76c. Wool—Spring, fine, 27@31c; Burry, 16@26c.; Pulled, 40@55c. Fall Clips, 22@27c.; Burry, 16@21c. LONDON, June 27.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 4d. @ 12s. Club, 12s. 6d. United States Bonds, 89½. Consols, 92¾@92⅞.

LATEST NEWS ATOMS.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, June 6, 1873: Chas. M. Plum, Mrs. Chas. Lux, C. J. Brenham and family, Jas. Gross, Max Popper, Mrs. G. W. Hopkins, Mrs. Brown, J. B. Dickinson and wife, Geo. A. Worn and family, Charles Schmitt, J. Belden and family, Mrs. C. Reis and family, Mrs. A. L. Barnes, Mrs. S. F. Ladd, D. T. Murphy, Mr. Foley, L. Sceliler, Thomas Sunderland and family, C. F. Fargo, Jonas G. Clark and family, Judge McCrea, Levi Parsons.

It Gave us Infinite Pleasure to greet our old friend and much esteemed pioneer, Alexander Cross, Esq., on his return to San Francisco, after an absence of a dozen or more years. He comes, like "Rip Van Winkle," after so long a period, to find everything changed excepting the feelings of those old friends who knew and appreciated him in San Francisco's young days. His face is as genial, his eye is as bright and his voice as hearty as ever. Time has somewhat streaked his tresses with silver and deepened the facial lines, but has written no wrinkles on his good temper nor in the least stayed the kindly beatings of his heart.

John C. Merrill, Esq., accompanied by his wife, leaves overland, on Monday, for an extended trip of business and pleasure to Europe. The firm of J. C. Merrill & Co., of which Mr. M. is the senior, is one of our oldest established and heaviest commission houses, and it is evident from the vigor with which they have developed the Central American trade lately that Mr. M. will do "big things" for our farmers on wheat shipments, which, we understand, they are going after. We wish Mr. M. a pleasant trip and happy return.

Rumors about Pacific Mail Agency very rife about town. Some say that Holman has gone to New York to resume the office of Purveyor to the Company; that Capt Baby, who was to have been agent here, has or is about to leave the Company's service, and that Capts. Lane and Maury are now uppermost for the Pacific Agency, while I. W. Raymond, Esq., of Webb's line, is working all he knows how for the resident agency of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

Capt. Wm. Cushing, formerly of ships *Rappahannock* and *Dreadnought*, is in the city, superintending the fitting of the diving bell and other apparatus of the schooner *Witch Queen*, which is going on a pearl fishing expedition to Costa Rica. The *Rappahannock* was formerly celebrated as having taken the largest cargoes of cotton ever loaded at New Orleans.

Rockwell, Coye & Co., hardware dealers, obtained an extension some six or eight months ago, then representing to Eastern creditors that their surplus assets of all kinds amounted to about $90,000. Now, "presto change." It appears by statement made to a committee of creditors that there is actually a deficiency of $80,000. Queer, ain't it?

On Saturday, the 28th inst., Messrs Parrott & Co. will dispatch the British iron steamship *Cyphrenes* for Hongkong. She having been on the Dry Dock and thoroughly cleaned, a fast trip may be expected. The *Lord of the Isles* is awaiting her new shaft, which is in process of construction at the Risdon Works. Macondray & Co. agents.

The Official Exports of Treasure from January 1st to date have been as follows: Total since January 1, 1873, $12,243,337 36. Corresponding period, 1872, $14,319,460 70. Decrease this year, $2,076,112 34. The above does not include the amounts of treasure sent through the United States mails.

£4 17s. 6d.—Two ships taken at the close for Liverpool direct at this high rate for Wheat. The *Thomas Hamlin*, chartered by E. E. Morgan & Sons, and the *Dragon*, by Macklin & Hubback, both at £4 17s. 6d. There is now some hope that the crack ship *Three Brothers* will get a £5 charter.

Two Vessels, with more codfish, have arrived this week from Choumagin Islands, being the first of the season—the *Flying Mist*, with 22,000, and the schooner *Alfred Adams*, with 19,000. These are very timely arrivals, as the market is quite bare of cod.

Castle Brothers, tea importers, have sent an agent all through the northwest and interior States and Territories with samples of some 4,000 packages, with a view to a more general introduction and exchange of business relations.

L. O. Hanks, Esq., Consul-General of Guatemala at this port, and member of the house of J. C. Merrill & Co., arrived per *Constitution*. He may be found at their office, 201 California street, looking as fine as ever.

It is said that our old friend, Charles De Ro, Esq., of the San Francisco Pacific Sugar Refinery, is now lying very ill at his residence, South Park, of diabetis, and his friends, which are many, give up all hopes of his recovery.

The Report of the London Chartered Bank of Australia recommends a dividend for the half-year at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, which will absorb £40,000., and leave £203. to be carried forward.

At Present the only vessel in port suitable for wheat, which is disengaged, is the British ship *Dragon*, the Master of which feels confident of obtaining a five-pound freight in a short time.

The Report of the Bank of British North America announces a dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

MARY'S DREAM.

They parted in [illegible] bay,
And her heart was sad and her eyes were dim
And her lover was gone for a year and a day,
And she look'd o'er the waves and prayed for him,
And still she heard by the land or the lea
The wail of the moaning sea.

She dreamed that she saw him one stormy night,
When the billows were high and the wind was loud;
The ship was [illegible] the waves were white,
And the black bi[illegible] like a drifting shroud.

The sun shone out on the morrow morn,
And Mary went down to the quiet shore,
To see her lover all white and [illegible],
And kiss the lips that would speak no more.
And still she hears by the land or the lea
The wail of the moaning sea.

LETTER FROM A BRITISHER.

Manchester, England, June 3d, 1873.—Froissart said of the English, eight hundred years ago, that "they took their pleasure sadly," and certainly to an impartial observer, who has had the opportunity of comparing [illegible] with our neighbors on the Continent, the comment has not lost of its meaning. A lot of Englishmen out for a holiday is anything but a pleasant sight. I happen to live [illegible] from the [illegible] manufacturing center of half a million inhabitants. The place I [illegible] is a [illegible] West End of Manchester, and being somewhat in the country, it [illegible] an ancestral hall and a [illegible] park, a fair specimen of the many [illegible] spots which are everywhere dotted over England, and which (notwithstanding all the ravings of Communists and Republicans) no true Englishman would like to see [illegible] up or done away with. This ancestral demesne belongs to the noble Earl of Stamford and Warrington, and under the refreshing shades of the fine old beech trees, a splendid avenue of which [illegible] from the road up to the hall, a distance of about three fourths of a mile, the [illegible] public is graciously permitted to promenade up and down so long as it [illegible] and is leaving the [illegible] and [illegible] the herds of deer that peacefully graze upon the verdant sward. The [illegible] who inherits the fine old [illegible] estate [illegible] park, together with almost the whole of the land which forms the site of this [illegible] suburb which is springing up [illegible] the park [illegible] the [illegible] of the Manchester [illegible] for [illegible] aristocratic [illegible] and to say he has had the bad taste to withdraw his august person entirely from our vicinity, and has betaken himself to another of his paternal estates somewhere in the midland counties, where his privacy is not intruded upon by the pretentious villas of self-made Manchester cotton lords. Sad, also, to say, the ancestral hall is sub-let to one of these self-same cotton spinners, who glories in driving about in a carriage and pair attended by a couple of [illegible] flunkeys, and [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] of the [illegible]. Thus you see that every Englishman is naturally inclined to imitate his "betters," and [illegible] democrat whenever he can afford it. In early life, when he perhaps was struggling to make both ends meet, and had nothing particular to lose, he takes in the radical paper and is a diligent attender at the Methodist chapel. As he gets on in the world and makes money, he gradually drifts into Toryism, and hires a pew in a fashionable church because he finds that the church with [illegible] is so much more respectable than the [illegible] chapel, and as his ambition to get on in the world and shine in society he soon finds that to be a radical won't pay, and his coffee is [illegible] a [illegible] of very [illegible]. Thus it comes [illegible] that an ancestral park near to a large city like Manchester, need not wait long for a tenant who is ambitious of being mistaken by the vulgar multitude for a live lord.

It is said that the aristocratic owner has lost money by horse racing—which would certainly be no new thing in his case—and finds the increase to his income by letting the hall an inducement. The whole of his adjoining land is being sold off for building purposes, and it is whispered that the fine old park itself will soon have to be cut up and parcelled out to building lots. The mode of [illegible] buildings here, [illegible], may possibly be new to your readers. Instead of buying the land for cash, the purchaser binds himself to pay forever a yearly ground rent to the owner of the soil, and the average amount of this is [illegible] represented by a rental of 4 cents per square yard. One decided advantage of large tracts of land being in the hands of one owner is that some control can be exercised over the external appearance of the houses erected, and as one of the [illegible] in the building contracts in this particular suburb is that the houses are to be built of white brick, the result is that a more cheerful aspect is imparted to the place than is usual in English suburbs, or villages. In the large towns where no sort of supervision is exercised over builders, the rule seems to be for every one to erect the cheapest and ugliest red brick house he can knock together. No regard whatever (except in a few of the more expensive buildings in the center of the town) is paid to the public taste, and the consequence is that modern English towns are, without exception, the most uninteresting, ugly, monotonous looking places imaginable. The park before mentioned is a favorite place of resort for holiday seekers from Manchester, and here the British workman, so far as this part of England is concerned, may be seen in his element. The sight is by no means an attractive one, or conducive to the development of much national pride in the bosom of a Britisher. As a rule the British workman's holiday attire consists of a complete suit of black—a relic of the Puritan times, no doubt. Sometimes he indulges in a flaring necktie of sky blue, or arsenic green. He is a short, thickset, ugly looking man, and generally accompanied by an equally short, fat, ugly woman, dressed in a style which outrages every one's sense of harmony of color. The crudest and most showy colors seem to prevail, and the more startling the contrasts the more popular they seem to be; scarlet, purple, and green mixed up in an indescribable manner make up the usual costume of the British workingman's wife, who is also generally dressed in a wonderful [illegible] of the [illegible] and most staring patterns. The holiday seekers generally drive out in carts, which are crammed full of as many men, women and children as they will hold. They do not seem to have any definite object in view in coming into the country except to hang about some well known roadside public house and drink beer and spirits. After eating and drinking as much as they will hold they drive back to town again, and are presumably happier for the day's out.

One of the saddest facts which is gradually forcing itself upon the conviction of the late [illegible] Britisher is that the working classes here are gradually but surely becoming a very degenerate and demoralized race, and this strikes one in few instances more forcibly than in observing them when taking their holiday. The fact is the working man has been spoilt. For the last twenty or thirty years all legislation and all political sympathy has been directed towards ameliorating the hard lot of the [illegible], and [illegible] by what ever [illegible] name the working men of this country have come to be known. Most thinking men are, however, [illegible] to conclude that this sort of thing has been carried too far, and there is quietly going on a steady reaction against the extreme radical opinions of which at one time Manchester was considered the great hot-bed. Now we find conservative clubs springing up amongst the working classes flourishing amazingly in this center of chartism and republicanism. The working classes have been having as much of self-government lately as they well care for, seeing that the trades unions are nothing more than a system of republican self-government of the purest type. The workingmen are one and all trades union men, and, seeing that in all matters affecting their interests they work with their employers, they have full control of the situation, and can practically dictate their own terms, and do manage to have their own way entirely. It is difficult to understand what greater amount of personal liberty they can have anywhere else. The result of trades unions self-government has, however, been very demoralizing to the men. All good workmen object to be reduced to the level of the most inferior of their fellows, and to be told that they must not seek to earn a farthing more than the [illegible] however [illegible] or their abilities may be. The result is that the best men leave the country and go to the United States, where they expect to find that a man who has ability to do more than the common run will [illegible] the dead level [illegible] [illegible] have had considerable personal experience of the working of this [illegible] and can testify that the men do not take the slightest pride in doing the work well—that the [illegible] is to make the work as [illegible] and be as long over it as they can. As an instance of the working of the trades union laws I may refer to a case in my own experience when I required an iron monger to take down and replace an iron railing [illegible] [illegible] rate. This job which any two men could have performed [illegible], required the services of four men for a whole day before it could be completed. [illegible] are generally made by masons, and the grates are built in by bricklayers. Hence, I was informed that four [illegible] were necessary to do this petty job, that no stone mason could be induced to [illegible] [illegible] have anything to do with stone. Moreover, neither of these worthies would work without a "laborer" to attend on him. There are some of these [illegible] in a free country. In this city there is at present being erected a new town hall built of stone, and I hear on good authority that the union has made a rule that no mason is to make more than a limited number of strokes per minute with his mallet. Thus they have introduced what is called the "town hall stroke," to the great delight, no doubt, of the rate payers, who have to pay for this little job.

The result of recent strikes has been to render all things much dearer in this country, and as we possess amongst the "upper middle classes" an immense army of do-nothings, who live on fixed incomes derived from rents, government funds, etc., it is obvious that these unfortunate people are getting poorer and poorer every year, having to pay the same sum in necessary expenses which they had to do 1 or 2 years ago and still finding that they can only purchase half as much with it. Thus we have an enormous increase of "genteel poverty." There are men of whom there are several thousands subsisting upon small salaries of $500 to $1,000 per annum, on which it is, at present prices, barely possible for one man—let alone a family (and clergymen's families are notoriously large)—to keep body and soul together. The Marquis of [illegible] has started a movement for raising a [illegible] these small [illegible], but it is not anticipated that much will be [illegible] bishops, who clothe themselves in purple and fine linen and fare sumptuously every day, will be asked to display sufficient christian disregard of the good things of this world to sacrifice any portion of the thousands they annually pocket for the sake of benefiting their poorer brethren.

Many [illegible] in the country. It is a notorious fact that the majority of the livings of the Church of England are sold to the highest bidder. Thus the church has come to be looked upon as a more profitable [illegible] [illegible] what many of them [illegible] A smartly written pamphlet has recently appeared [illegible] the church rather [illegible] stock company to buy up all the livings in the market and farm them out to poor curates at a low salary. It is anticipated that [illegible] of the scheme [illegible] [illegible] of the purchase system in the army, we may hope shortly to see Mr. [illegible] the Church.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital $1,500,000 Gold. President: Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, [illegible]; Cashier, S. K. Hanson. Directors: [illegible] Peter [illegible] Edward Martin [illegible] [illegible] New York Agents—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] banking business. [illegible] [illegible] current market rates of Exchange. May 4

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. [illegible] Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities at current rates. [illegible] [illegible] Secretary. [Feb 1] L. GOTTIG, President

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, [illegible]; Attorney, [illegible]. Loans made on Real Estate and other securities. Office No. [illegible] Street (Masonic) [illegible] Building, opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct 11

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller. In Boston, Tremont National Bank. In London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. March 23

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $[illegible]. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposits. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, President. Wm. H. Culver, Vice President. H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 2

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited)

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time to suit [illegible]. July 4

THE MERCHANTS EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Meyers, President; M. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 410 California street. July 2

COSMOPOLITAN SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No. 620 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block.—Guarantee Fund [illegible]. Term Deposits [illegible] Deposits Payable on Demand [illegible]. Security fee [illegible] [illegible]. J. [illegible], Secretary. [May 10] W. S. THOMPSON, President.

J. SELIGMAN & CO.

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale payable in [illegible] currency in sums to suit [illegible] of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec 21

MONEY TO LOAN

I am prepared to Discount good Notes at low rates, and make Loans upon STOCKS and REAL ESTATE. JOHN T. LITTLE, May 3. No. [illegible] Montgomery street

NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,

[illegible] NEWTON.] MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries, 118 and 121 [illegible] street, San Francisco. [illegible] June 7

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—10 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 9] AGARD FOULKES & CO. 412 Front street

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY TO THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS [illegible] THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce. Elder, Smith & Co. Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—[illegible]
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—J. D. Ledger, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co., Thomas Turner, Wayte, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co., W. [illegible]
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants Exchange.
Boston—J. [illegible], Ed. [illegible], Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lafaurinth & Fils, Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co., Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—[illegible] of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—[illegible] Freres, [illegible] & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—[illegible] Esq., Exchange Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange, [illegible]
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce, [illegible] & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Frankfort—S. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Guaymas—[illegible] & Co., A. [illegible], Esq. James H. Langley.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—[illegible] & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, [illegible]
Havre—[illegible] and [illegible] et Cie, Wanner, Latham & Co., [illegible] & Co., Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. B. [illegible]
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Trading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, [illegible], Bank of London, [illegible] & Co., Henry, Day & Co., [illegible], "Pall Mall", "Graphic", "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co., Alsop & Co., Heath, Graham & Co., Henry Stokes & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, Exchange, Liverpool General Brokers Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Town Hall.
Lisbon—[illegible] Commercial.
Madrid—[illegible] Don [illegible] Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co., [illegible] & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fils & Co., [illegible]
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co., Chamber of Commerce, Gregory & Co., McCulloch, Sellars & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co., Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leichman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.

COURT CHAT.

Louis XVI Going to Bed.—At eleven o'clock came the officers on duty and courtiers. Everything was ready. A [illegible] with lace and gold brocade [illegible] on a chair covered moreover [illegible] wrapped in a piece of taffety [illegible] with [illegible] [illegible] the chamber, stood by the railing. The [illegible] of the chamber received his hat and sword, and handed them to an under official. The king [illegible] a conversation [illegible] for our sleepiness and weary legs. All the conversation was finished, the king went with the [illegible] silver-gilt, with two tapers, while the princes could only have one. The chaplain recited a prayer *Quæsumus omnipotens Deus;* and when the prayer was finished, the taper stand was handed to the first servant of the chamber, and he, at the king's orders, gave it to any gentleman he [illegible]. This honor was so [illegible] in France that many aspirants [illegible] if they did not obtain it. After the prayer the king took off his coat, the right sleeve being held by the grand master of the wardrobe, the Duke de Liancourt, and the left by a master of the first rank. [illegible] always in descending order, if the higher officer was not present. Then the king took his shirt; it was given him by the first gentleman of the chamber. If the [illegible] of the blood was present, it was he who had the right to put on the night shirt, which was considered a great honor. Then the first gentleman of the chamber presented the dressing gown to the king, who took his purse and innumerable bunch of keys, his [illegible], and knife, from his pockets, then [illegible] down [illegible] his [illegible]. At last he sat down in an armchair, a servant of the chamber on the right, one of the wardrobe on the left, knelt down, and each took one of the king's feet to pull off his breeches [illegible] That was the time for departure, the usher gave the signal, saying, "Pass, gentlemen." [illegible] the [illegible] special service, and those who had the little *entrée*. They talked to the king while his hair was being prepared for the night. That was the time for pleasant speeches and [illegible], and the free [illegible] Louis XVI often struck [illegible] [illegible] Louis XVI was absorbed by his troubles [illegible] [illegible] He played tricks on the pages, [illegible] Captain Laroche, and made them [illegible] that he used to run away for fear of it.—*[illegible] Court of Louis XVI.*

London, June 23d.—One of the grandest naval displays ever held in British waters was made to-day, in honor of the Shah of Persia, at Portsmouth. The town was crammed [illegible] and triumphal arches. The shipping was decorated with flags of all nations, and the shores on both sides were covered with masses of spectators, thousands of whom came from London. The fleet was drawn up at Spithead and consisted of forty-four vessels, the finest and largest in the British navy, comprising the entire Channel squadron with numerous gunboats and nearly all the great ironclads. The Shah arrived at Portsmouth at noon and was received with cheers by the immense assemblage in and around the depot. The royal yacht [illegible] was in waiting, and the Shah immediately embarked, accompanied by the Prince of Wales, Prince Alfred and the Czarowitz. The yacht steamed slowly out of the harbor and on arriving in the midst of the fleet was greeted with a salute from the ironclads. The Shah took a conspicuous post on the yacht, surrounded by the Princes, and proceeded to inspect the fleet, passing up and down in front and between the lines. Yards were manned and salutes fired as the royal yacht passed. When the inspection was completed, the [illegible] steamed up to the [illegible], and a grand salute was fired from [illegible] the whole of the fleet. The royal party then steamed up to Portsmouth, where a [illegible] and other festivities are now in progress. The Shah, in a conversation with Schenck, the American Minister, expressed regret that distance and want of time prevented him from visiting the United States, a country he had heard so much of, and he desired that his compliments be sent to President Grant.

Prince Iturbide.—A Paris letter to the London *Times* under date of May [illegible] Prince Iturbide of Mexico, the last surviving son of [illegible] Iturbide, who was shot at [illegible] in July 21st, 1824, died May 9th at his [illegible], aged [illegible]. He came to Paris during the Mexican war, in December 1865, and had several interviews with the American Minister, whose support he canvassed in favor of his dynasty. The sudden cessation of the war having [illegible], he resigned himself to a very humble kind of Paris life. He was attached to the [illegible], where he [illegible] at [illegible] door of the house [illegible] Montmartre, where the [illegible] emperor might often be seen in person going round the table to collect the small scot of 1f. 60c. per head. In 1867 he [illegible] a [illegible] cafe at [illegible], which he sold at a profit next year. The [illegible] he always had some [illegible] part of [illegible], which by [illegible] has left to his [illegible]. The American Consul, General Meredith Read, has [illegible] papers.

The Shah of Persia.—It is announced that the Shah of Persia will leave St. Petersburgh [illegible] for Berlin. His Majesty sent a telegram, it appears, to the Emperor of Russia while he was staying at Moscow, of which the following [illegible]: "The more I advance into your vast estates, the more I am impressed with the splendid [illegible] with which I have [illegible] your Imperial Majesty every where to receive me. The remembrance of so many [illegible] arrangements, and, above all, [illegible] of that incomparable reception at Moscow, will never fade from my heart, or from the memory of my people. What, however, most deeply touched me was the sight of the sympathy displayed by your subjects for a foreign guest, a proof of the love they bear towards that glorious Emperor to whom, happily, I shall soon express the feelings of warm gratitude with which my heart is full." In the German capital it [illegible] of His Majesty an imposing character. He [illegible] at the Potsdam station by the Emperor, and from thence [illegible] through the Brandenburg Thor, and along Unter den Linden, to the Royal Palace, where the Shah will reside.

The Following Story is given in the *Leisure Hour* for this month. A large [illegible] the king Mr. Gladstone, were staying at Inveraray Castle, and before they retired for the night Dr. Guthrie was asked by the Duke of Argyll to conduct "family worship." "With great pleasure," [illegible] doctor, and the doctor—"but in the case of Argyll we must observe the good old Presbyterian form and begin by singing a psalm." It was agreed that a Scotch psalm should be sung to a Scotch tune. But the difficulty was to find a "precentor"—that is, a gentleman or lady who would "raise the tune," and lead the singing. After a number of [illegible] and [illegible] had been appealed to and declared themselves unfit for the duty, Mr. Gladstone stepped forward, saying, "I'll raise the tune, Mr. Guthrie," and well did he perform the task. We all know what a fine voice the Premier has, but it is not so well known that he is a good singer.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention [illegible] of the new town of [illegible], near the new Beet Sugar Mill in ALAMEDA VALLEY. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] for manufacturing purposes, [illegible] for cash by the Directors. [illegible] is beautified with evergreen trees, [illegible] [illegible] this property superior to any I have ever [illegible] in the market.
BALLARD S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Editorial Office. Dec 14

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best [illegible] [illegible] Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Cholera, Cramp, [illegible] Neuralgia, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne. See Lancet [illegible] [illegible] Caution: [illegible] Dr. J. Collis Browne [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. Agents in New York—J. ASPINWALL, 86 William street. F. C. WELLS & Co., 15 Frankl[illegible] street. Jy 11

MAGENTA—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them. A [illegible] be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England Judson's Dyes are as [illegible] [illegible] Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small [illegible], Large [illegible] [illegible] of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world; or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London. [illegible] [illegible] to Dealers. N. B.—A small [illegible] [illegible]. "SEE THAT YOU GET JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Worcester, Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of [illegible] [illegible], San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including [illegible] [illegible] juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Messrs. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior [illegible] of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, [illegible] [illegible] KEATING'S [illegible] CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS [illegible] [illegible] THOS. KEATING, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] June 23

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition of the best quality [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees, Manufacturers, [illegible] [illegible] Sept 1

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements Notice is hereby given that BETTS'S [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment [illegible] [illegible] Manufactories—1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and [illegible] FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being [illegible] BETTS'S [illegible] [illegible] Manufactories—1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 13

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive supply of this unrivaled Cocoa [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and as a refreshing nutritious [illegible] after a late evening. N. B. Caution: "MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success and supersedes every other cocoa in the market. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, [illegible] TAYLOR BROTHERS [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, [illegible] at their STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 18

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY.

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, [illegible] Watch Company, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Plated Ware, [illegible] [illegible] Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 4

THE MARRIAGE IN THE ICE-PALACE.—A STORY OF THE RUSSIAN COURT.—[Conclusion.]

[BY L. VON SACHER-MASOCH.]

By this time it had got dark, and the Empress was looking from one of the windows of the Ice-Palace at a brilliant display of fire-works, which finished up with an illumination of her own name. Biron came up to her, and said:

"It is done!"

"Good!" said Anna Ivanovna, in a dignified tone, that showed she was not at all displeased to play the part of mistress for once. "Send one of my sledges at once to Anna Ivanovna Nutlinovna, the washerwoman, who lives in one of the last houses on the bank of the Neva. Send her one of my handsomest dresses, my best sable mantle, and a large thick veil. The washerwoman is to dress herself in these things, and to cover her face with the veil, so that no one may be able to recognise her; she is to come here, where she will learn what she is to do next."

"As you desire," returned Biron.

"Now, dismiss the guests, and carry out what I have ordered," continued the Empress. "And be sure that the washerwoman is treated kindly, for she saved my life; and let her be well wrapped up in furs and skins, for the poor creature suffers terribly with the gout."

* * * * * * * * *

Galitzin had been scarcely two hours in his cell when he was fetched by a police-officer, and told to get into a sledge standing ready at the prison gates. He had so entirely prepared himself for the worst that the apparent possibility of the Empress having graciously decided to be satisfied with sending him off to Siberia made him positively cheerful. When they came in sight of the illuminated Ice-Palace, he asked the officer who accompanied him what new building that was. His astonishment at the reply describing the origin of the building and the festivities that were taking place there was increased when the sledge stopped in front of the Ice-Palace, and the officer conducted him into the chapel at the side. There, in front of the brilliantly-illuminated altar, stood awaiting him with the priest, a man unknown to him, with the star of some order on his breast, and a lady in rich ermine cloak, her face hidden by a thick veil.

The stranger beckoned to him to draw nearer, and then addressed him solemnly in these words: "You have been summoned hither, prince, to hear from my lips the sentence pronounced upon you by Her Majesty the Czarina Anna Ivanovna, whom God preserve! Her Majesty might have justly condemned you to death, but she has chosen to exercise her clemency, and her judgment is simply that your marriage shall be at once solemnized in this chapel and the adjoining Ice-Palace."

"What Her Majesty is graciously pleased to command I obey cheerfully," said Galitzin, who was by no means deficient in Russian cunning. "And if you, sire, are Ernst Biron"—— "Yes, I am he."

"Then I will beg you, as Her Majesty's representative, to accept my most humble thanks," added Galitzin, kneeling down on one knee before Biron, and kissing his hand. That action at once ingratiated him with the omnipotent favorite.

"What has become of the bride?" muttered the lady in ermine.

"I see her coming now," said Biron; and as he spoke there entered a tall female form, clothed in the richest velvets and sables, and thickly veiled. She tremblingly approached the lady in ermine, and reverently kissed the hem of her garment.

"Do not fear, Anna Ivanovna," said the lady; "all that happens here is for your good; in a few moments you will be one of the noblest and wealthiest ladies in Russia."

The priest now went up to the altar and began the ceremony, putting the usual question to the prince, and then to the veiled bride.

"Anna Ivanovna," he said, addressing her.

Then for the first time Galitzin perceived that it was not his French bride who stood beside him at the altar. He stared in astonishment at the imposing figure at his side, and at the same moment she ventured for the first time to lift her eyes and look at the handsome, noble features of the man who was to be her husband. She trembled all over, but with a very different feeling from that of a few minutes before; one glance at him had given her courage, and she answered, in a firm, distinct voice, "I will!"

"Anna Ivanovna? Could it be the Empress? Did she still love him?" Such were the questions that forced themselves on Galitzin.

Rings were exchanged, and the two were irrevocably united. Then at a sign from the mysterious lady in ermine, Biron gave his arm to the prince's wife, and conducted her out of the chapel, followed by the priest.

Directly they were alone the lady in ermine went up to the prince and muttered, "You think you have your Frenchwoman for a bride, I dare say; did you not hear, your wife's name is Anna Ivanovna? Suppose it should be the same Anna Ivanovna that you deserted so shamefully fifteen years ago, and who is now your Empress!"

"Then I should indeed be the happiest of mortals!" exclaimed Galitzin, though actually horrified at the thought.

The lady laughed mockingly. "No, not that Anna Ivanovna stands before you," she said, throwing back her veil and gazing at him with a look of mingled hatred and jealousy, for the sight of the man whom she had loved so passionately, still young, and even far handsomer than before, had rekindled her love. He fell on his knees.

"Yes, that is your right place, serf!" exclaimed the Empress. "Your Frenchwoman has been sent out of the country by my orders, and I have chosen a bride for you, not one of royal blood like yourself—that were too good for you. A serf only deserves a serf. Your Anna Ivanovna is a washerwoman! Go, seek your bridal chamber and greet the old hag, that awaits you there with the bridal kiss!"

So saying she left him, and the police-officer entered to conduct him to the Ice-Palace, at the entrance of which he said to Galitzin: "Your bride awaits you here. The Empress has given orders that neither of you shall quit the palace before sunrise. Every door and window is guarded, and any one attempting to escape will be shot. His excellency Biron sends you these things," and he handed him a sable fur mantle, a pair of fur boots, and a fur cap, adding: "He would not like you to get frozen; and now my mission is accomplished."

The prince entered the Ice-Palace. The door was closed behind him and he threw Biron's furs on the floor and looked round. The apartment was splendidly furnished as a bridal chamber, and in the center of the room stood a table laid out with refreshments for two persons, the two chairs and the floor being covered with bear skins. In a distant recess stood his bride.

Determined to bear his fate with all the philosophy he could command, he clothed himself in the prince's furs and beckoned to his bride to come and partake of the repast provided for them. She approached just as he was somewhat awkwardly attempting to put on the big fur boots Biron had sent him, and throwing herself at his feet begged him to let her wait on him.

"What do you mean?" "Oh! let me be your slave!"

The tone was singular; there seemed something in it familiar to the prince, yet incomprehensible—a tone that went from heart to heart.

"Your voice does not sound much like an old woman's," said the prince. "By the way, I have not yet given you the bridal kiss."

His spouse retreated bashfully, but he followed her, saying, "Any how, you are my wife, you know, so of course I must kiss you."

When he lifted her veil he uttered a cry of surprise. It was not the old washerwoman, as the Empress had said, standing before him, but a young and beautiful girl, with a wealth of flaxen hair, and big blue eyes beaming with intelligence, amiability, and love.

"You! Can it be you who are my wife?" he exclaimed.

"Yes sir," she said, composedly, for she at once perceived the influence she had exercised upon him, and that restored her self-possession.

"And you wish to be my servant?"

"Yes, for I am your wife before God, and I love you!"

"No, no, Anna Ivanovna," said the prince; "I will be your servant!" and he threw himself at her feet and covered her hand with kisses.

"My lord, you demean yourself!" she exclaimed bidding him rise.

"I am not your lord!" said he.

"My husband, then. But I am only a washerwoman; these beautiful clothes and furs are not mine," she muttered half abashed.

"What do I care, since your are my wife?" he replied. "Can I not clothe you in ermine like a monarch? But tell me, now, how this has all come about."

"It is a mystery to me, too," she said. "The Empress wished to bestow a favor on my mother, but my mother begged her to take me, her daughter, under her protection; and I [illegible] the Empress, [illegible] to-day a sledge came to our hut with these clothes and a message from the Empress, that Anna Ivanovna was to appear at court at once in order to be married to a worthy prince. So my mother, who had been laid up in bed with the gout for the last two or three days, said to me, 'It can't be me that is meant. What should I want to be married for? Put on the furs and go!' I obeyed, though not over willingly, for I fancied a rich prince would be sure to be old and ugly. And then I saw you, my lord, and"——

"Well, and"—— "And I obeyed gladly enough."

"My darling wife!" exclaimed the prince, "take this kiss, and with it all that I have. I am yours and you are mine, and no power on earth shall separate us." She trembled as his lips pressed hers, and he whispered

"You do love me, then?"

She answered him not in words, but threw her arms round his neck, and gave him not one kiss but many for her reply.

* * * * * * * * *

The next day, when the mistake, that happened so fortunately for the prince, got noised abroad, the Empress lay on a sick bed, a martyr to an attack of gout, the consequence of a severe cold she had caught at the festivities in the Ice-Palace. The failure of her revengeful scheme contributed not a little to increase her sufferings and hasten on her end. She soon after died, raving at one time about the Ice-Palace, at another about the frozen plains of Siberia. She had appointed Biron regent, and he made up for the persecution of the Empress Anna Ivanovna by treating Prince Galitzin with peculiar favor.

The prince's beautiful wife, with that quickness which distinguishes women of the Sclavonian race, soon made herself at home in her new position. She did not rest content with the mere enjoyment of the princely luxury that surrounded her, but endeavored to acquire knowledge of every kind, so that it was not long before she had out-distanced all the ladies of her day. Her husband, to whom she bore several children, lived in uninterrupted happiness with her. There was one family anniversary that they always kept with more than customary heartiness, and that was the day on which the Empress had conceived the happy notion of marrying the prince to a washerwoman, and celebrating the "Marriage in the Ice-Palace."—*Translated from "Westerman's Monatshefte," by F. Stewart Cobb.*

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 3:30 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5:20 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:20 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at [illegible] P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 424 Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. to [illegible] Donahue Landing for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M. from Front-street Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale, 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, [illegible] P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs' Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 3:30 P. M., from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:20 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 10:20 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 424 Montgomery street. [May 11.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria and Hope Town. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's coaches [illegible] leave Cape Town with mails every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and [illegible] traversing the above route, are due at Du Toit's Pan the center point of the diggings, on the seventh day from Town. Under new and improved arrangements, punctuality is ensured. Fare to the Diggings £12. Each Passenger allowed [illegible] luggage. [illegible] afforded to Passengers by night stoppage at the principal stations, and refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the entire route. Passengers heavy luggage has preference by the Company's goods Wagons leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the head office of the Company, No. 63 ADDERLEY STREET, corner of Longmarket street, Cape Town. R. T. TOWNROE, Secretary.

Cape Town, 23d March, 1873. May 17.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 26. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

BRITISH STEAMSHIP.

Lord of the Isles, Captain James Blow, from Hongkong, will discharge cargo at Front street Wharf. Consignees will please call at our office, pay freight and receive orders for their goods. All merchandise when landed upon the wharf will be at the risk of the owners thereof with no regard to the weather, and if not removed prior to 5 o'clock p. m. of each day will be stored at the owners risk and expense. June 7.] MACONDRAY & CO.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

June 14. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The new A 1 Clipper Ship Carrollton, Bosworth, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [May 21.] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS IN CITIES THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Company.
New York—Chamber of Commerce, Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Aliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mailly.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Hawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co, S. H. Stametz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa: Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Hath, Grouing & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathieson & Co. Dent & Co; Russell & Co. Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathieson & Co; F. Berill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULS.

BELGIUM—F. Gerar, 1517 Powell.
CHILI—[illegible] Parrombel, 324 Montgomery street.
CHILI—Consul General Francis [illegible] Casanova, 406 Battery st.
DENMARK—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California street.
ECUADOR—Daniel Wolf (absent).
FRANCE—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson street.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, 312 California street.
GUATEMALA—[illegible] Marti, 425 California st.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front street.
HONDURAS—Wm. V. Wells, Mayor's office City Hall.
ITALY—G. B. Cerruti, 1135 Powell.
JAPAN—C. W. Brooks, 30 Montgomery street.
MEXICO—Manuel Aspiroz.
GERMAN EMPIRE—C. A. C. Daltenberg, 314 Sacramento street.
NETHERLANDS—J. De Fremery, [illegible] Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
PERU—De la Fuentey Subirat Federico.
PORTUGAL—Francis Berton, sw. cor. Clay and Leidesdorff Sts.
RUSSIA—M. Klinkofstrom, U. S. Court Building.
SAN SALVADOR—J. M. Alvarez.
SPAIN—C. Martin, 433 California.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—G. C. Johnson, 70 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Francis Berton.
U. S. OF COLUMBIA—F. Herrera.
BOLIVIA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
CALLAO—D. J. Williamson, 330 Brannan street.
COSTA RICA—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
GREECE—Geo. Fisher, 729 Montgomery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—C. Baum, 210 Battery street.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN—G. Huecke, 109 California street.
TURKEY—George W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stat[ionery] Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

LOVE UNEXPRESSED.

The sweetest notes among the human heart-strings
Are dull with rust;
The sweetest chords adjusted by the angels,
Are clogged with dust;
We pipe and pipe again our dreary music
Upon the self-same strains
While sounds of crime, and fear, and desolation,
Come back in sad refrains.

On through the world we go, an army marching
With listening ears,
Each longing, sighing, for the heavenly music
He never hears;
Each longing, sighing, for a word of comfort,
A word of tender praise,
A word of love to cheer the endless journey
Of earth's hard, busy days.

They love us, and we know it; this suffices
For reason's share.
Why should they pause to give that love expression
With gentle care?
Why should they pause? But still our hearts are aching
With all the gnawing pain
Of hungry love that longs to hear the music,
And longs and longs in vain.

We love them, and they know it; if we falter,
With fingers numb,
Among the unused strings of love's expression,
The notes are dumb.
We shrink within ourselves in voiceless sorrow,
Leaving the words unsaid,
And, side by side with those we love the dearest,
In silence on we tread.

Thus on we tread, and thus each heart in silence
Its fate fulfils,
Waiting and hoping for the heavenly music
Beyond the distant hills,
The only difference of the love in Heaven
From love on earth below
Is: Here we love and know not how to tell it,
And there we all shall know.

THE FIRE-WORSHIPERS OF THE FARALLONES.

Mr. Editor:—It will gladden the hearts of that refined, cultivated and intelligent portion of the religious world, comprised in the large class of readers of the evangelical *News Letter*, to learn that, cheered on by the brilliant success of the Rev. Dr. Stebbins in coaxing the Americans, Father McCue in driving the Irish, Dr. Stone lugging along the Chinese, Hallelujah Cox capturing the lowest of our Darwinian ancestors by preaching on Meiggs' Wharf, and stimulated by the super human efforts of the clergy generally to coax, push, pull, drive, thrust, kick, squeeze, jam, poke, insert and wheedle, every living being into the fold of the lovely Redeemer; I repeat that, cheered on by the unparalleled success of the above mentioned class of laborers on God's farm, the Young Men's Christian Association determined to extend their pious efforts beyond the narrow proscribed limits of the home mission, and flash the gospel light of glory beyond the boundaries of the Golden Gate. The President of the association, a man of much learning, deep research and vast resource, had learned from a pious fisherman, one of Italia's dark-eyed sons, that somewhere far beyond Point Lobos' rocky shore, fenced in by the blue Pacific's sun-lit waves, lay an enchanted isle, where a devoted band of Pagans dwelt, and still observed the unhallowed rights of Persia's worshipers of flame.

Strange tales were told of that benighted land—
None e'er returned who sought its haunted strand;
But an old legend was picked up afloat,
Near where the dago sails his fishing boat,
And quaint old letters on a sea-dog's hide
Tell that idolators upon the isle reside.
The legend hinted naught of former home,
Or why, or wherefore, those wierd souls should roam,
Or shun the polished haunts of other men,
And seek retreat in that secluded den.
The strange old parchment said, that every night
From loftiest peak should flash a beacon light,
Revolving steadily around an upright spire
And Iran's worshipers shou'd feed the fire;
That when the rising day-god's early ray,
With rosy beams should chase the night away,
Each devotee should eastward turn his face,
And on the lonely mountain's highest place,
Should bow his head before the advancing flame,
And in the sunlight worship Iran's name.
Years have roll'd on, yet each and every night
The passing ships have seen that mystic light,
And every day above the sea-mist shone
The sunlight on the haunted Farallone.

In corroboration of the parchment legend found by the Italian fisherman, various rumors would occasionally obtain in town, that the pilots, cruising off the harbor of San Francisco, had often seen the island, and some of the bolder ones had made several attempts to reach its unexplored shores, but when they drew near the land, the island would fade from their view and disappear in a bank of fog; then the wierd scream of strange birds and the unearthly howl and roar of nameless sea monsters would shake the nerves of the hardy mariner, and he would bout ship and fly away before the wind from the awful isle. Here was an opportunity for the Y. M. C. A. to distinguish themselves, not to be lost; they would fit out an expedition to the Farallones, and spread the gospel among the Pagan dwellers of that benighted isle. Accordingly a committee of three, composed of Ex-Governor Blaisdell, the Hon. H. P. Coon, and the President of the association, waited on your humble servant, the Parson, and said they had learned that I was acquainted with several of the pilots, and asked me to use my influence with them in procuring a pilot boat for the expedition. H. P. Coon said he preferred the boat named after the great Christian benefactor and philanthropist, George Peabody. I called on the owners, stated my case, when they cheerfully tendered me the use of their vessel, as all of her owners, four in number, were members of the Y. M. C. A. We procured all the modern appliances for converting the heathen, and sent them on board. The Rev. W. H. Jolliff was elected Captain, Deacon Shirly first officer; the Hon. J. P. Jones, of Klamath, had charge of the cake and wine to be used for the sacrament; Deacon Eugene Freeman, of Cape Cod, was superintendent of tracts and bibles, while the guns, powder and shot were the especial care of the Parson. We got under way from Hanson's corner, at Vallejo-street wharf, at sharp three on Sunday morning. The leave-taking on parting with our friends who had come down to the wharf to say good-bye was very affecting, and brought tears to the eyes of a large concourse of people who had gathered there to witness the sailing of the expedition. Before embarking on board the *Peabody* we all knelt down on the wharf and listened to a fervent prayer offered up by H. P. Coon for the success of the expedition. We then proceeded on board, following the lead of ex-Governor Blaisdell in singing that beautiful hymn:

Down into the waters we young pilgrims go,
To serve our Lord and Master in righteous acts below.

We then hoisted our flag, a beautiful banner, made for the occasion, and presented to us by the Old Woman's Relief Society. The legend on its silken folds was worked in snow white floss, on an azure field, and represented the Right Rev. Bishop Kip, rampant, holding in one hand a bible, and in the other a pack of playing cards and a bottle of Cutter's best; while along over his shoulder was a Henry rifle. He appeared to be taking long strides towards the setting sun; while the Farallone Island was dimly seen lifting its granite peaks through a fog-bank in the distance. Underneath the picture was a hand pointing to the figure in the flag, and in blood-red letters were these words: "The Great Modern Christianizers of the Human Race: Rum, Powder, and Bibles." We set sail, and after a run of four hours made the island, and hove-too off the eastern side. We launched our boat, and each one armed himself with a Henry rifle, a can of Dupont's powder, and a bottle of whisky; then with a pack of cards in our bosom, a bible in one hand, and a copy of Dr. Watt's hymns in the other, we landed, and took formal possession of the island in the name of the Lord. Gov. Blaisdell said it was the proudest moment of his life; that he felt like Columbus when he fell in with America. He immediately dropped on his knees, and sent a hearty thanksgiving on high for our safe arrival. Tears stood in the eyes of Deacon Coon, as he uttered the responsive Amen. The Hon. J. P. Jones took a drink, nibbled a sandwich, and commenced singing that popular church melody:—

On Jordan's stormy banks I stand,
And cast a wistful eye
On heaven, or any other land,
Where saints may not go dry.

Deacon Shirly was deeply affected. He reverently lifted his hat, flinging the luxuriant wealth of his silken locks to the balmy breeze, and shouted, "Glory!" He had reached the ambition of his life, to land as a missionary on the desert isle. Our lay brother, Deacon Freeman, seemed lost in a dreamy reverie. There was something in the surroundings which seemed to call up vague and ill-defined memories of by-gone days, and all he could utter, was, "Cape Cod, by the Lord, God!" The Parson offered up a pound of powder as a burnt offering to the Lord, the report of which brought the natives down to the beach. They were not at all like what we expected to find them. They appeared to be quite human, and had names like ourselves, with the prefix of Mr., as the leader of the band introduced himself as Mr. Moree. They also recognized the marriage institution, as a lovely female

With cheeks like moss roses, and eyes of deep blue;
And two lips like posies, with pearls shining through;

came skipping down to the beach, singing in the sweetest voice I ever heard,

The light of other days has flown,
Yet, one fond heart still throbs with mine,
And on the isle of Farallone
My light of life shall ever shine.

She was presented to our party as Mrs. Moree. She listened with grave attention to the remarks of Deacon Coon. He said, "We were sent by the Lord to spread the gospel, and make this desert isle to blossom like the rose." He asked her had she ever seen a bible. She replied, that she had one somewhere about the island, but had not seen it for years; it was an old story, and she thought its day of usefulness had passed away. Deacon Freeman offered her a tract, called the "Sinner's Death-bed." She smiled, saying, she did not wish to have her dreams disturbed by any such nightmare. Brother Blaisdell asked her if she knew that Christ died for her. She said she had heard a report of that kind, but did not see how it could be, as Christ was killed eighteen hundred years before she was born. Here, Deacon Coon chimed in, and asked if she would not have religion, would she take a policy in the Charter Oak Life Insurance Co. She, laughingly, declined, remarking, that it was traffic more than piety that brought us to the island. Deacon Shirly asked Mr. Moore if it was true that he was a fire worshiper. He said, in reply, that he recognized light and heat as the great essentials to life and motion, and the sun as the great, first cause of all the effects we now behold, and that he held in especial veneration sunlight and fire. If that was considered worship then he was a fire worshiper. Here, the Hon J. P. Jones produced a pack of cards, and offered to play Mr. Moore a game of seven up for a young seal and two dozen Murr eggs, against a bible and a bottle of whisky. Mr. Moore declined playing. He refused to have introduced into his peaceful community the elements of discord: whisky and bibles. He said the two things that had been the greatest curse to humanity, that had destroyed one-half of the race, and deluged with blood the civilized world in every age, were those two articles of Christian traffic: rum and religion. We left in disgust. We could make no impression on the possessors of common sense. They were wedded to the cause of a Christian, human reason. We, however, concluded a treaty with the natives by which Deacon Jim Dager has the exclusive right to gather Murr eggs for the devout Catholics of San Francisco.

Yours, in sorrow,

The Oaks, June, 1873. THE PARSON.

AT GREAT REDUCTION, BY ALL STEAMERS. ROUND THE WORLD.

COOK'S TOURS.

One Hundred and Five Routes to VIENNA; Seventy-two Routes to Italy; Thirty Routes to Holland, Belgium and the Rhine; Thirty Routes to Ireland, Scotland, and England. Full particulars in COOK'S EXCURSIONIST, American House.

COOK, SON & JENKINS,

May 31.] 262 Broadway, New York.

DICKSON, DE WOLF & CO.,

410, 412, 414 Battery street, offer for sale the following goods, in Bond or Duty paid:

BRANDY—Gautier, Otard, Martell and Hennessy, in quarter casks.
BRANDY—Martell, Faure & [illegible] and [illegible], [illegible] in glass.
WHISKY—Irish, in quarter casks.
WINE—Port and Sherry, in quarter casks and glass;
CLARET—Choice Medoc, Pauillac, and St. Julien, in cask.
PIG IRON—Glengarnock.
CHAINS—Short link.
TIN PLATES—I X Machen Crown brand Charcoal.
Yellow Metal Sheathing.
Asphalte Roofing Felt.
Bleaching Powder.
Soda Crystals.
Bi-carbonate of Soda.
Palm Oil.
Gosting's Port and Cement, Roman Cement, Fire Clay, Paris White. [June 7.

THE PARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between the undersigned, at San Francisco and New York, under the firm name of PLATT & NEWTON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation. Mr. [illegible] THOMAS will sign for us at New York, under Powers of Attorney. The shipping and Commission business will be continued by WM. T. COLEMAN & CO.

WM. T. COLEMAN, L. H. NEWTON.

San Francisco, May 31, 1873.

I have this day re-established the firm of Wm. T. Coleman & Co., and will continue the Shipping and Commission business on my own account.

San Francisco, June 2, 1873. WM. T. COLEMAN.

The undersigned have this day formed a partnership, under the name and style of NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., for the purpose of conducting an Importing and Jobbing business, at 119 and 121 Front street.

L. H. NEWTON, MORRIS NEWTON.

San Francisco, June 7, 1873. June 7.

NAHL'S ART GALLERY.

The undersigned retains possession of all negatives taken at Taber's and is prepared as heretofore to furnish all kinds of pictures in the best manner possible, guaranteeing with first-class talent to give satisfaction in all cases. MR. NAHL'S personal attention is given to all retouching and coloring in every style, in which branch of art he is acknowledged by all to be at the head of the profession. NAHL & CO., Artists and Photographers.

No. 12 Montgomery street, near Market. June 14.

1776 JULY FOURTH. 1873.

CELEBRATE! CELEBRATE! FIREWORKS!

The greatest pleasure to the greatest number at the least expense. CHURCH & CLARK are prepared to furnish Fireworks of all kinds manufactured by them, and guaranteed superior to any. PORTABLE PIECES FOR EXHIBITIONS, which can be transported without injury. CHURCH & CLARK,

May 31. 407 Front street, San Francisco.

THE WIENIAWSKI CONCERTS.

When a Man, [illegible] the broad-cast disseminations of unrivaled pretensions, comes before the public to practically demonstrate his claim to the very modest assumption of being in a given specialty, the most accomplished adept in the world, all considerations of just criticism are reasonably enough discarded. Mr. Wieniawski, the violinist, evidently desires to confirm this view of the state of things, and challenges fair criticism. Although in the California Theater, last Sunday evening, his class of hand [illegible] in some [illegible] besides being somewhat of a Falstaffian order, a conglomerate mixture of the lame and the lazy, apparently incapable of doing much creditable, and not even anxious to exert themselves to do the little within the grasp of a sorry mediocrity. The two leading fiddlers seemed to be at cross purposes, for just as sure as one of them played an energetic up-bow, the other as energetically pulled a strong down bow. With some of the others a daily bread and butter vocation in tooting horns at some dancing bear opera, was seemingly warrant enough for a public display on stringed instruments to decorate the classic compositions of certain leading German luminaries of the chaste manufacturing school. Of Wieniawski, as a performer it would be a desecrated table to place to say that he is not an accomplished one, but if not pandering to a vicious taste in the community, he shows a lack of judgment in the selection of the pieces he makes display in. His first piece on Sunday evening was the first movement of Mendelssohn's (only) violin concerto, that, in general construction and harmonic make-up as well, is about as poor a thing as he could have had the bad luck to fall upon. Any more than Beethoven, Mendelssohn knew nothing of the commanding intricacies of superior violin playing as an examination of their special productions will readily show. Beethoven composed but one violin concerto, and a mightier effort could not reasonably be required of Mendelssohn. The [illegible] thrown look of his own production has ever been a question whether he thought it too good to be paralleled or converse—too bad to be perpetuated in kind, is not now determinable. One thing certain is, that its character and position is not jeopardized while Mendelssohn exists, and another thing is, that a ready first class command of [illegible] would not touch either if unshadowed by an untutored, barbarous taste of a mobocratic tyranny of taste.

Admitting Mr. Wieniawski has all the practical dexterity which is the professional highly-intended called technic necessary to give a good account of Mendelssohn's concerto, he either began at too quick a rate of delivery or became discomforted with the miserable discordant [illegible] of the orchestra, for the little there is to show off with in the composition by far [illegible] forcibly. The triplet passage, beginning with the twenty fifth bar and ending with a sequence of triplets of a diminished seventh, alternating in octaves in the forty-fourth bar, was not well executed. In lieu of a distinct and clear [illegible] there was a confusion and a disregard of all rhythmical precision, which is not an unusual or uncommon fault with Mr. W. His second piece was of a more pleasing character and certainly more suited to the audience. "The Carnival of Venice," which is set down in the bills as a composition of Paganini's, may in truth be so, but if a parallelism in progression with notes that are identical, proves anything at all, it can be easily shown that the arrangement patented as "H. W. Ernst's op. 18," is precisely that which Mr. Wieniawski executes and executes admirably too. His fingering is easy and good, while his tone on the E and A strings is crisp and clear. On the D and G strings he fails to bring out the full and mellow richness that never fails to follow the bow of a thorough master. His bow arm is cramped and stiffened by a too close adherence to the [illegible] [illegible] promulgated by the Spohr school, who disfigure all eloquence by indiscriminate and unnecessary low-bow drawing; for, filling evidently that a free and full vibration of the string is retarded rather than accelerated by a continuous pressure and passage of the bow. As Mr. Wieniawski is undoubtedly capable of doing great things, and is no doubt desirous to prove a [illegible], might he not then favor us with something really brilliant—for instance, "Mayseder's First Concerto," "Rodes' Eighth," or "DeBeriot's First"—all masterly compositions by masters of the instruments for which they wrote, and in any one of which there is fifty times more dexterity and finish required than in either "Mendelssohn's Concerto" or the still less worthy "Kreutzer Sonata" of Beethoven, which he has since figured in, and which is of a kind that depends more upon the reputation of its author than upon anything charming and novel within it. Mr. Wieniawski's associates, as they are evidently only required to make up a bill, do their respective parts creditably enough.

THE ARTISTS' "OWN" SALE.

The Artists are About to try an Experiment, which, if successful, as we sincerely trust and believe it will prove, will doubtless be repeated in the future. They are to hold an auction sale at the rooms of the Art Association, 313 Pine street, on Wednesday evening next, organized among themselves, at which none but the *bona fide* works of resident artists will be offered. The following artists are represented: Hill, Williams, Marple, Munger, Hahn, Shaw, Irwin, Denny, Narjot, Wandesforde, Harrington, Herrick, Rix, Baumgras, Bush, Boomer, Frost, Togetti, Ross and Whymper. Of course the idea has sprung up in the Art Association itself, and by holding it in the Society's rooms many expenses are saved; furthermore, one of our leading auctioneers, himself a *connoisseur* in the arts, will officiate at the altar (where we trust there will be no sacrifices, but only incense continually ascending, mingled with the songs of happy artists), and will contribute his important share in the enterprise without impoverishing the treasury one cent. The sale promises to be of considerable use to many of our young and rising artists, who will here have a better opportunity of displaying their works than in any ordinary sale. The collection includes many of the best pictures exhibited in the recent exhibition, with others fresh from the easel. Hill, for example, has his fine, vigorous "Eagle's Nest," "Nagara Falls," "Mt. St. Helena," and some minor works previously exhibited, while he has added a couple of charming fresh and green "Wood Scenes." Marple has five works never before exhibited, first of which we should place "Alpine Glow," "Mt. Shasta," from Strawberry Valley, and "Yosemite," highly effective and pleasing compositions, exhibiting considerable power in handling and effect. His smaller works are almost equally noticeable. Denny has some capital marine views and coast scenes. Williams, the versatile, has three or four studies of quails, etc., which are admirable. Hahn has a charming study of "Still Life"; Shaw contributes his child "In Disgrace," a capital piece of painting. Bush has a well-painted piece, "Moonlight, San Francisco". Ross, some very fresh and true studies round the Bay; Frost, a careful study of Konac Indians, and Whymper a very effective little lake scene. The pictures are now on view. They can be purchased with or without the frames, which is a sensible arrangement. Success to the Artists "Own" Sale.

SAN FRANCISCO INDUSTRY—"THE PACIFIC STEAM BAG FACTORY"

We Visited this Week the Establishment of Messrs. B. Detrick & Co., near the end of Clay street, and were surprised and pleased at the busy scene which presented itself. A recent act of Congress, which came into operation last year, created a discriminating duty between imported bagging in bulk or piece, and the same made into bags for grain or other purposes. The consequence is that Messrs. Detrick, instead of being, as heretofore, only importers of bags and bagging, have added to their business the manufacture of grain, flour, wool, ore, etc., bags. An engine of ten horse power, which of itself is a model, consuming very little coal and easily attended to by one man, drives a double range of sewing machines, which are superintended by some thirty white girls. The sewing room is large, airy, and well ventilated, the work girls have none of the wearing action of the treadle-movement, and gain good wages at a healthy and useful occupation. After the bags are made they are packed in bales of five hundred, by a hand press with powerful leverage, and can be supplied to the farmers at prices that will compete with any bags in the market. Messrs. Detrick can turn out in the neighborhood of ten thousand bags a day; they employ about fifty hands, using none but white labor, and it is a pleasure to look upon so thriving an industry in our midst, and one which supplies the wants of the farmer, the miner, the shepherd, as well as of the various chemical works of the Pacific Coast. Messrs. Detrick have just finished a balloon, which, with its owner, is going to make a tour of the provinces.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—*Pretty, Fat* has been running the week. It is well [illegible], for it is very poor and very flat. To-night the ushers and doorkeepers take their annual benefit, when *Damon and Pythias*, also *Pocahontas* will be put on the stage. It is to be hoped that it will have a full house, for their civility and politeness has won them many friends. On Monday, Sothern appears for the first time in California in "Lord Dundreary." Seats have already been engaged for two weeks to come, and his engagement will no doubt be a decided success. It is needless to say, that he is in his own particular line unequaled.

Alhambra.—This music hall has had a first-rate programme all the week, containing many amusing sketches, in which Bob Hart showed talents that are worthy of the legitimate stage. "The Man with Many Heads," by G. W. Jester, is an amusing piece of ventriloquism. The songs by both Baker and Russell are first-rate. Russell certainly has a wonderful baritone, which shows more evidence of training each time we hear him. Barney, in his wonderful jig, brings down the house. Vivian has returned from the country, and sings his old songs in his old style. Next week appears the pantomime of the *Old Woman Who Lived in a Shoe*, in which Robert Fraser, the great clown, will appear. It is hailed by all as a pleasant change.

Shiels' New Opera House on Bush street (late Congress Hall) has been fitted up into a very pretty little theater, and will open on Monday next. The company consists of Mr. Frank Roach, Mr. Maurice Pike, Mr. Ryer, Mr. Dillings, Miss Pateman, and Miss Millie Sackett. They are from Booth's Theater, N. Y. The opening pieces will be *The Wife* and *Sarah's Young Man*. The theater is to be under the management of W. H. Smith, and our old friend, R. G. Marsh, is to be stage manager, and we have to congratulate the new theater on having engaged the services of such an able stage manager as Mr. Marsh.

Circus.—Another Week.—In consequence of the success which has attended the performances of the New York and New Orleans Menagerie, Museum and Circus, the management have concluded to remain another week, so that our citizens and visitors from the interior, during the holidays next week, will have an opportunity of visiting the best combination that has ever appeared on this coast, and is well deserving of a continuation of the liberal patronage it has received. Matinee performances will be given on Wednesday, Friday and Saturday of next week, at 2 P. M.

The City Gardens are going to have a grand turn out on the Fourth of July. There will be a grand military display, and twenty-five valuable prizes will be distributed to those who may get the lucky numbers on entering the Gardens. In the evening the Gardens will be illuminated, and dancing, etc., will be kept up till the "wee sma' hours."

Woodward's Gardens has been largely patronized during the week, and presents an extra good programme for Sunday.

The Choir of Trinity Church, assisted by the quartette choir of St. John's, purpose giving a concert in the [illegible] adjoining the church on Tuesday evening next. A good programme of chorals, duets, trios and solos, has been prepared, and those who are curious as to what this fine choir can do outside "chants and spiritual songs," and those who are lovers of good music should attend. Especially, we think, does the "should attend" apply to the members of Trinity Church. Prof. [illegible] is the conductor.

Songs and Ballads by Popular Composers.—"Together Again," a ballad, words by C. O. Clayton, music by H. Millard. Also, "I Faithful Still Will Be," "Once Again," words by Lionel H. Lewis, music by Arthur S. Sullivan. Published by M. Gray, 623 and 625 Clay street.

SHIELS' OPERA HOUSE.

A. M. Gray & Co., Lessees; R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; W. H. Smith, Business Manager, H. Doleman, Musical Director. [illegible] Treasurer. Monday Evening, June 30th, 1873, this New and Beautiful Temple of the Muses will open, with MR. FRANK ROCHE, MISS BELLA PATEMAN, MR. ROBT. PATEMAN, MR. MAURICE PIKE, MISS MILLIE SACKETT, from Booth's Theater, New York. MR. and MRS. LEMONDS, MISS MOLLIE [illegible] and [illegible] dramatic [illegible] THE WIFE, LADY OF LYONS, CAMILLE, [illegible] Miss [illegible] as "Julia St. Pierre," and MISS PATEMAN as "Mariana." Prices of Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Family Circle, [illegible] June 28.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam. Wetherill, Treasurer.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—Return of the Favorites. [illegible] VIVIAN, BARNEY, MAC HARDY, [illegible] and the Man with Many Heads. KELLY and [illegible] RUSSELL, BAKER and HART in New Songs. Monday Evening, June 30th, will appear [illegible] the World ROBERT FRAZER, [illegible] the Old Woman Who Lived in a Shoe. [illegible] FRANK MORAN and BILLY MANNING [illegible] Performance commences at 8¼ o'clock. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra 50 cents; Private Boxes, $3 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. June 28.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor. John W. [illegible] Stage Manager; [illegible] Zimmer, Musical Director. Saturday Evening June [illegible] [illegible] Variety Company in a [illegible] Programme. [illegible] The Mysterious Floating Head, the greatest [illegible] ever exhibited [illegible] [illegible] Mabel Gray, [illegible] [illegible] The Grand Combination producing the greatest Variety [illegible] on the Pacific Coast. A little of everything and everything good. Admission—25 cents; Dress Circle, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $2.00, $3 and $5. June 28.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, June 28, at 2 o'clock, Last performance of POVERTY FLAT. Saturday Evening, [illegible] the Ushers and Doorkeepers—DAMON AND PYTHIAS and POCAHONTAS. Monday Evening, June 30th. First appearance in California of MR. SOTHERN. July 28.

PACIFIC HALL.

Farewell Wieniawski Matinee. Saturday, June 28th, at 2 o'clock. [illegible] Sonata [illegible] will be performed by Messrs. WIENIAWSKI and WOLFSOHN. A most attractive programme will be presented. June 28.

ONE WEEK MORE OF THE

New York and New Orleans Zoological and Equestrian Exposition, MENAGERIE, MUSEUM AND CIRCUS,

On Jackson Street Lot, under two Pavilions, crowded with the [illegible] of the City. Matinee to-day at 2 P. M. and in the Evening at 8 P. M. The Menagerie [illegible] Grand Performance Sunday Evening at 8. All the Great Beasts and the Educated [illegible] Elephant, Hippopotamus and Monkeys, and the Wonderful Den of Performing Lions. Change of Programme. Matinee on Wednesday, Friday and Saturday next week. [illegible] Dress Circle, $1; Reserved Chairs, 50 cents extra. Children under 12 years, half price. Doors open at 1 and 7 P. M. W. W. COLE, Manager. W. R. HAYDEN, Press Agent. June 28.

GRAND CELEBRATION OF THE GLORIOUS FOURTH OF JULY,

Day and Evening, at the City Gardens.—Two Grand Performances by CASSIM and FRITZ, and others. Balloon Ascension! Pantomime! $1,00 [illegible] Fireworks in the evening! Grand Illumination! Grand Festival of DIVISION NO. 1, A. O. H. and Military Companies which will participate. Every gentleman entering the Gardens on July 4th will receive a number entitling the holder to a chance in one of the Twenty-five Valuable Prizes! GRAND NATIONAL BALL all night. Admission, 50 cents, Children, 25 cents. June 28.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 31.]

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	25 @	40
Do pickled		40
Do Packed		40
Cheese, Cal	10 @	25
Honey	15 @	30
Eggs, ℔ doz	25 @	
Lard ℔	15 @	20
Hams & Bacon ℔	15 @	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	[illegible]	10
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	1 @	2
Do sweet	4 @	6
Lima Beans, ℔	6 @	10
Tomatoes, ℔	5 @	
Onions, ℔	3 @	5
Squashes, ℔	5 @	7
Pumpkins, ℔	2 @	3
Cabbage, each	10 @	15
Cauliflowers, each	10 @	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	1 00 @	
Celery, ℔ doz	75 @	
Beets, ℔ doz	10 @	25
Turnips, ℔ doz	10 @	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz	10 @	25
Radishes, ℔ doz	20 @	25
Green Peas, ℔	5 @	6
String Beans, ℔	15 @	
Apples, ℔	5 @	10
Pears, ℔	15 @	
Quinces, ℔	10 @	
Peaches, ℔	10 @	
Pine Apples, each	50 @ 1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔	12 @	25
Do new, ℔	10 @	
Oranges, ℔ doz	50 @ 1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	[illegible]	25
Limes, ℔ doz	25 @	
Quail, ℔ doz	2 50 @ 3	00
Chickens, each	75 @ 1	00
Turkeys, ℔ ℔	25 @	35
Geese, ℔ pair	2 00 @ 2	50
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 00 @ 2	25
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25 @	
Hares, each	50 @	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00 @ 1	25
Clams, ℔ 100	50 @	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25 @	
Salmon, smoked, ℔ ℔	12½ @	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔ ℔	12 @	
Codfish, ℔ ℔	12½ @	
Rockfish, ℔ ℔	15 @	
Smelts, ℔ ℔	10 @	
Tomcod, ℔ ℔	12½ @	
Sturgeon, ℔ ℔	10 @	
Sea Bass, ℔ ℔	10 @	
Flounders, ℔ ℔	12½ @	
Halibut, ℔ ℔	40 @	
Perch, ℔ ℔	6 @	
Shrimps, ℔ ℔	6 @	
Anchovies, ℔ ℔	4 @	
Soles, ℔ ℔	25 @	
Herrings, ℔ ℔		

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 23, Stevenson's Building, S.W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES	TEAS	PRICES
Pig Iron Scotch, No. 1	$40 00 @ [illegible]	Japans	25 @ 75
Bar Iron, [illegible] ℔	[illegible]	Oolong	30 @ 65
Metal sheathing ℔	[illegible]	AT FANS	
Tin Plates, I C ℔ box	[illegible] @ 11 00	China No. 1, ℔	9 @ 9½
Tin Plates, I X ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	7 @ 9½
Lead Pig ℔	[illegible] @ 6½	Manila	[illegible]
Lead Sheet, ℔	9 @ 10	Crushed American	11 @ 12½
Block Tin ℔	4 @ 18	Muscovado	6 @ 8
Quicksilver	— @ 1 00	Peruvian	6 @ 9
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	14 00 @ 15 00	Sperm Wax, ℔	30 @ 44
Australian	11 5 @ 11 —	Adamantine	17 @ 18
Cumberland	14 00 @ 20 00	SPIRITS AND LIQUORS	
Anthracite	[illegible] @ 12 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	[illegible] @ —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 7 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ [illegible]	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ℔	19 @ 20	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java Old Government	22 @ 24	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 16 00
Manila	19 @ 20	BAGS AND BAGGING	
Costa Rica	19 @ 20	Chicken Gunnies 30×36	18 @ 19
RICE		Gunny Bags in bales	14 @ 14
China No. 1, ℔	[illegible] @ [illegible]	Burlap Bags	11 @ 11½
China No. 2	6 @ [illegible]	Hessian 40 in., ℔ yard	11 @ 11½
Hawaiian	7½ @ 8½	DOMESTIC STAPLES	
WINES		Wool, ℔	11 @ 23
Champagne, ℔ doz	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	6 @ 6½
Port, according to brand		Hides	16 @ 17
℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Wheat, ℔ 100 ℔	1 65 @ 1 75
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 6 00	Barley	1 10 @ 1 [illegible]
OIL		Oats	1 5 @ 1 55
Coal and Kerosene	35 @ — [illegible]	Flour, ℔ 196 ℔	4 50 @ 5 50

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

July 1—MacGREGOR .... Capt. [illegible]
July 16—Steamer CHINA .... Capt. Cobb.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 7th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

July 7—ARIZONA .... Capt. Austin.
July 19—NEVADA .... Capt. Morse.

All Steamers will call at MAZATLAN and MANZANILLO, and connect at ACAPULCO for all CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS, and all, except the ALASKA, call at SAN DIEGO.

Steamers [illegible] connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Through tickets [illegible] Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway. When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge, will leave at 3 P.M., as follows: Tuesday, June 30; Thursday, July 24th. Returning, will leave Honolulu July 8th, and August 7th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Douglass, Wednesday, July 2; Monday, July 14; Friday, July 25.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Thursday, June 26; Tuesday, July 8; Saturday, July 19; Thursday, July 31.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO AND SANTA BARBARA.

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M., as follows:
SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, Monday, June 23d; Saturday, July 5; Tuesday, July 15, Saturday, July 26.
GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, for San Diego and way ports, carrying acids, oils and combustibles—Tuesday, July 1; Wednesday, July 16.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, July 2.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M. on the 21st. Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [June 2.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The place so well and favorably known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and one mile from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained. June [illegible] A. J. GAMBILL.

S. F. CHRISTY. JOHN H. WISE. THOS. DENIGAN.

CHRISTY & WISE,

Agents for Wool Growers, and Commission Merchants for the sale of HIDES, TALLOW, ETC., 607 FRONT STREET, between Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco. May 1.

NOTICE.

During the absence of the undersigned, the business of Her Britannic MAJESTY'S CONSULATE will be conducted by Mr. [illegible] MASON, as Acting Consul. [June [illegible]] WM. LANE BOOKER, H. B. M.'s Consul.

NEW MAP OF CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA,

In Townships, with Mineral Grounds, Railroads and Land Districts defined. The MOST COMPLETE MAP ever published of the two States. For sale in sheets or Book form. Size [illegible] Price: Book $[illegible]; Mounted, $5. May 17. WARREN HOLT, 60 Clay street.

FOR SALE.

A Steam Flouring Mill with Distillery and about 13 acres of good land [illegible] mile from Sonoma. Inquire at SONOMA HOTEL, Sonoma, or of W. D. BLISS, Petaluma. May 31. ALFRED BORREL & CO., S. F.

ALFRED B. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 11.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore. The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE. Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Yeuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves. March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S.F.

NOTICE.

Mr. William Matrick (or Maysrock) of Barnes, Surrey, or of Handley, Staffordshire, England.—You are hereby informed that your daughter MRS. ELIZA DUNN, is now in San Francisco, California. Any communication addressed to her will be gladly received for Mrs. E. Dunn, at the "California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast," Merchant street, San Francisco. June 21.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 11.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 512 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to City Collections, and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 11.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

JOSEPH M. BYERS,

Collector.—Office at Lecount Bros. & Manser, 417 and 419 Montgomery street. Refers, by permission, to San Francisco Bulletin Co., Massey Dore & Co., Reddington, Hostetter & Co.; Fred'k MacCrellish & Co.; John Middleton & Son.; Jos. L. Howell; Le Count Bros. & Manser. June 7.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston. 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 31.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 11.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Rosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE. GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

MILLS SEMINARY

The next term of this well-known Institution will commence WEDNESDAY, July 9th. For further particulars inquire of [illegible] REV. C. T. MILLS, Principal, Brooklyn, Alameda County.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—NOTICE.

During the temporary absence of the undersigned, Mr. Edward TAYLOR, Cashier, will have charge of this Company's business as Acting Agent. [June 21.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent P. M. S. S. Co.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,

Oakland, Cal.—Open for the reception of guests on Saturday, June 21, 1873. [June 21.] J. A. LANCASTER, Proprietor.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD, FOULKES & CO., March 20. 412 Front street, S. F.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

FURNISHED ROOMS

May be obtained at 331 Jessie street, between Fourth and Fifth sts. June 7.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Boney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 3.

BAGS, TENTS AND HOSE.

Neville & Co., 113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets, San Francisco. May 31.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 11.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 30 Montgomery Block. May 31.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

The Park Villa, at the corner of Willow Avenue and Golden Gate Park, will be open to the public on Thursday next, July 3d. Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg, so long and favorably known to the public, have taken especial pains in fitting up this new house with all modern appliances. The dining rooms are roomy and well furnished, while the parlors are the perfection of neatness and comfort. They have engaged the services of the best cooks to be got on the coast, and any one who ever visited them when living at Thorp's, knows that for their wines, liquors, cigars, etc., they have ever been just as famous. It is a very pretty drive out from the city to the Golden Gate Park, and is every day becoming more fashionable. Soon, instead of the Cliff House, it will be, "Let's have a drive out to the Park Villa." Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg are too well and favorably known to need any compliments from us, yet we cannot help saying that, as a host and hostess, we have never seen their equal. The Villa is a villa in the true sense of the word. It is surrounded by beautiful trees, which shelter it from the wind and the public gaze. Its garden is large and full of choice flowers, and a splendid view can be obtained from the windows of the Villa.

We are a Great Country in every sense of the word. Our gold has nearly doubled the supply of the world. The fabled Land of Ophir sinks into insignificance when compared with California. Our climate embraces the balmy, dreamy, Italian Summer, the Scotch Winter, and the health-giving breezes of the English sea-side watering place. Our girls are nowhere to be beaten, either for looks or honest worth, and our boys grow into men of business and culture. And last, but not least, our photographs beat the world, as a visit to Nahl's establishment, No. 12 Montgomery street, will convince the most sceptical.

Then One Among that company
Got up and proposed a toast
"The health of all the pretty girls,
And the one that each one loves most.

They also drank, with many cheers,
To the best of whisky makers,
To Cutter, who, as all men know,
Don't toot for the undertakers.

Every One must have noticed a consumptive, broken-down looking man, who seemed only to be walking about to save funeral expenses. He got so thin that his shadow got disgusted, and wouldn't walk around with him any more. No one would know that man now. His shadow is as broad as it is long, and his face at once tells the observer that he is a healthy man. The secret of this sudden change is this. Every day for the last three months that man has had a good plate of oysters at Emerson Corville's, whose place of business is so well known as the Saddle Rock.

Nothing will last forever,
The world in time must decay,
The hand of death must sever
The soul from the mortal clay.

Rocks the hardest and strongest
Are worn by the breakers roll,
Furniture lasts the longest
That is sold by N. P. Cole.

Last New Year's Day presents came teeming in. Presents of every kind, from the gold watch and chain from Uncle Joe (who struck oil in Baltimore Consolidated) to the worsted socks from our maternal grandmother. All were acceptable, and many of them really useful. The most useless of the whole lot was a very gorgeously bound book of tracts from Nathaniel Gospelgob, a Methodist [illegible]. These tracts were all written by himself, and savored too much of hellfire for any of us to appreciate them. The most useful present was a set of Main & Winchester's harness from our sporting cousin Bob.

A Fleeting Sunbeam straying
Down fair Montgomery street,
Was caught and made a servant,
But he found his bondage sweet.

For Bradley & Rulofson,
By his aid, take all their "cartes,"
Which pictures even vie with
The Society of Arts.

The Name of the New House just about to be opened by Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg, formerly Thorp's Hotel, is "Park Villa." It is beautifully situated in the Golden Gate Park, and all old friends will rally round the house. No one is better capable of pleasing the public than Mr. and Mrs. M., and the number of friends they have in and about the city, must insure a most complete success. The drive out to the Park is one of the nicest round here, and with the extra inducement of the Park Villa will, no doubt, become more and more a fashionable resort.

"**My Gentle Wife**, I pray thee say
What trouble's on thy mind?
Why frets thou thus the livelong day?
Say, have I been unkind!"

"No, love, you always have been kind,
And so my grief I'll tell.
I want another carpet, love
Get it from Plum & Bell."

No One Better Appreciates a well dressed man than a San Francisco young lady. She can at a glance tell the man who wears really good clothes from the one who gets rigged out at a dollar store. There is an unmistakable something in the set of a well made shirt, or even a necktie, that speaks volumes, while the common, home-made shirt or necktie says "shoddy" as plainly as ever words could. The men who dress best say that Anderson & Irving's store, 219 Montgomery, is the best place to get good shirts, collars, gloves, etc.

Pope Pius sits in the Vatican,
A weak and dying Pope,
For whom the world has no pleasure left,
(The next world may let's hope.)

When a priest comes in with a goblet,
"Taste this, oh Father mine."
"Ah, that's nice," cried the Pope, "what is it?"
"Father, it's Gerke Wine."

Every Man Likes Comfort, and all try to be as comfortable as possible. Men for instance, who spend all the day in an office, or children who have to sit at their desks all day, should be provided with suitable and comfortable furniture, desks, etc. Many a boy has grown up crippled and misshapen through sitting on badly-made chairs and writing on desks pitched at a wrong angle. No one need ever fear such misfortunes if they get their furniture made by Gilbert & Moore, Bush street, who make school and office furniture a specialty.

With aching head and weary feet,
A traveler plodded alone,
Not a single morsel to eat,
And weak grew his limbs once so strong.

At last he spied a monastery,
And out came a monk so holy,
Who asked him in and fed him well
On splendid Aztec Pinole.

Sacramento, June 24.—Dear George: Our house is turned upside down, our family circle is quite demoralized, and briny tears have taken the place of genial smiles. And why? Simply because the stove we had in the kitchen has burst, and scalded two of the boys badly. Tom has an arm scalded, and Willie's head is seriously injured. Please send me up one of the De La Montanya Union Ranges; they are the only really safe ones for domestic use.

Your affectionate wife, LIZZIE.

Harry Blanken sits at his door and smiles
On the San Bruno Road. 'Tis just six miles.

Sir Francis Drake, when he drove the Spanish galleon right over to the shores of California, was heard to exclaim when in sight of our fertile shores, "Right well I know that this country will grow grapes, the juice of which would make old Bacchus lick his lips." His prophecy has come true. Nowhere in the town grown and none who has ever tasted the native wines sold by Eberhard & Lachman will ever again waste their money on imported wines.

"**None so Blind** as those who wont see," is a very true old adage. All may see if they only choose to go to Muller and buy a pair of his pebble glasses. They are most tale in preserved lost [illegible].

Plumbers' Brass Goods.—Plumbers' basins and closets, plated basin cocks, bath tubs, copper boilers, rubber hose for garden use, etc. THOMAS DAY, 732 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

[COMMUNICATED.]

A WORTHY SERVANT OF HIS MASTER.

The Resignation of the Rev. Charles G. Williamson, as Rector of Grace Church in this city, is a subject of deep regret, not only by the majority of his congregation, but also by many not professing the Episcopal faith, who had the pleasure of his acquaintance and enjoyed the profit of his society. As an earnest Christian and a devoted laborer in the vineyard of the Lord, Mr. Williamson commended himself by his daily walk and conversation, to all who are truly pious and desirous of seeing the Episcopal Church built up in this city. At the time when he commenced his ministrations in Grace—now one year ago—the church was $10,000 in debt, the congregation limited in numbers and lukewarm in feeling. The best commentary on his labors for the twelve months may be found in the fact that this state of things is entirely changed. The debt has been paid off to the uttermost cent, the number attending divine worship increased, and a greater interest manifested in the ministrations of the gospel. Mr. Williamson has not confined his labors to Grace Church. He was "instant in season and out of season." Wherever there was an opportunity to be heard there he lifted his voice and proclaimed "the glad tidings of great joy." At the Bethel Church, at the city front, Saucelito, the hospitals and elsewhere, "to the poor was the gospel preached." We do not know the causes which led to his resignation. We can only express, in common with many of our fellow-citizens, sorrow that such is the fact. He leaves for England, via Baltimore, on the 1st proximo, followed by the prayers and good wishes of those who recognize him as a faithful steward who has well discharged an arduous trust. May He who controls the winds and the seas have him in His holy keeping.

(The above is communicated, and as our readers may see, is not at all in our usual style. We don't go in for such sugary religious epithets. We only print it because Mr. Williamson is a really good fellow, though he is a parson.—EDITOR.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

June 24th, 1873.—Since our last there is no material change in our market to report. Choice Wools continue in demand at full rates, 22½@23½c, and in one instance we understand that 24c has been paid for an extra choice lot of Sonoma County Wools. Wools from all inland and good conditions and staple, are in fair demand at 16@19c. Transactions in Burry are on a small, at nominal rates, as [illegible] for has been paid for about [illegible] of 1872 spring, for which 50c was refused in April, 1872. The sale is considered an extraordinary one, and can hardly be taken as a criterion. It is estimated that about 12,000,000 lbs of this year's Spring clip have been received. WATT & McLENNAN,
Wool Commission Merchants, 625 Sansome street, San Francisco.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending June 27th, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	—	29	21½
Alps		1½	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—
American Flag	—	—	—
American & Utah	2¼	2½	2¼
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	¼	¼	¼
American Flat	5¾	6¾	6¼
Baron	—		—
Baltimore Consolidated	11½	9¼	9¼
Belcher	91	95	85
Belmont	—	3¼	
Bullion	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	—	4½	—
Buckeye	—	1¼	
Caledonia	15½	15	15½
Cedarberg	—	4½	
Central	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—		—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	—	—	—
Chief East Extension	—	—	—
Chollar	56	56½	55
Columbus		—	—
Confidence	7¼	7	7
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	2	2	—
Consolidated Virginia	94	94	94
[illegible]	—		
Crown Point	110	106	109
Central No. 2	—	—	6¼
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	—	½	—
Eclipse	8	5½	6
El Dorado	—		
Empire Mill	¾	4½	4½
Empire Idaho	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	—	12¼	—
Eureka G. V.	—	—	—
Exchequer	—	5½	—
Globe	1¼	1¼	1¼
Golden Chariot	—	10	
Gould & Curry	11½	11¼	11¼
Gila	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	41½	41	42
Hermes	—	5½	—
Hubs & Hunt	2½	—	3¼
Home Ticket	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	—	—	—
Imperial	5¾	6	6
Independent	—	—	—
Ingomar	—	¼	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—
Jackson	—	—	¼
Julia	1¾	1¾	1¾

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS	FRI'Y
Justice	8½	8	7½
Kentuck	15½	10½	10
Kentucky	—	—	—
Knickerbocker	4¼	4½	4
Kossuth	—	—	—
Louise	—		—
Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Mahogany	—	—	—
Mammoth	—	45	—
Meadow Valley	—	—	—
[illegible]	—	10½	—
Newark		6	—
New York Consolidated	—		—
Noonday	—	30	—
Occidental	—	4	—
Ophir	21½	22¼	21½
Orig'l Hidden Treasure		6¾	7
Overman	—	1¼	3¼
Original Gold Hill	5	—	—
Page & Panaca	—	1¼	—
Pea Vine	—	30	—
Phoenix	—	30	
Potosi	—	¼	¼
Pioche	—	—	5
Pioche West	—	—	—
[illegible]	—	—	—
Raymond & Ely	—	68½	—
Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Rye Patch	—	7	9
Red Jacket	—	3¾	—
Savage	134	134	133
Segregated Belcher	31	5	31
Sierra Nevada	14¼	11	10¼
Silver Peak	—	1½	—
Silver Hill	20	25	—
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	2	—	—
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot		2½	2½
South Overman	—	1¼	1
St. Patrick	—	—	—
South Comstock	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Trench	—	5	—
Union Consolidated	—	¼	
Utah	—	—	—
Washington & Creole	—	3¾	—
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	7¼	7½	7¾
Wellington	—	—	
Yellow Jacket	62	62	61
Yule Gravel	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30.

JOS. CURLE.] **CURLE, STEWART & CO.** [ROBT. STEWART.

Auctioneers, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room, No. 18 Stevenson's Building, No. 321 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 21.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE

Ex "Marie Charlotte," from Bordeaux.—100 Cases Louis Roederer celebrated "CARTE BLANCHE" quarts and pints for sale to the trade by May 3. MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

STUART BELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California street, up stairs. April 19.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 15 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate within; Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane, The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane, Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland, Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill, Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bdgs., W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S., Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno. Marriott, 11 Closter st, E.C.; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Budd, W. C....440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 323 Califor'a st.
Fitch, J. R....411 California st.
Higgins, W. L....418 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H...434 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. R. 408 Montg'y st.
Marina, E. J. DeS., with I. Glazier & Co......426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 435 Hayw'd B'd'g.
Peckham, E. P....413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H....401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W......444 Cal'a st.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

BIZ.

The Scarcity of Money heretofore existing in the State at large, seems to have vanished entirely, and now money appears to be quite plentiful, call loans on Government bonds and gilt-edge collaterals having recently been made at 7 cts per cent. in considerable amounts, chiefly to men desirous of re-loaning the same to their customers upon business notes and other securities of a satisfactory nature. Altogether, commercial and financial affairs have recently assumed a more healthful tone for the general good of the people of this coast; substantial improvements in buildings are now in order; real estate seems to be looking up; and the outlook is more cheering than for many months past. Immigrants of a desirable character are now flocking to our shores in greater numbers than for a long time past, and this is to be attributable to our mild and healthful climate, to the fruitfulness of the soil, the abundant crop yields of Grain, and the immense product of precious metals upon the Pacific Slope. All kinds of sea-going craft are in great request, and to them lucrative business is given at high freights. This season's harvest of grain and fruit has been prolific, and our markets are now fully supplied, and at reasonable prices.

Imports during the week have been of considerable importance, and include the following: Per British steamship Mactregor, to the Pacific Mail Company, 2,278 pkgs Tea from Hongkong, of this 5,327 pkgs for New York, overland, 600 pkgs to Boston, 1,045 pkgs to Chicago. This steamer also brought 621 Chinese, 21,846 bags Rice and Chow Chow in quantities. The British steamer from Hongkong, the Gaelic, of Lorne, 27 days, with 641 Chinese, to Macondray & Co., and for cargo 34 bags Rice, 500 pkgs Tea, and 3,000 pkgs Chow Chow, chiefly to Chinese merchants.

Oregon continues to send us large supplies of Salmon and other products. The Mohongo, from Portland, had for cargo 5,281 cs. 753 bbls, 170 half bbls and 50 tcs Salmon, 141 bales Wool, besides 1,211 bars Railroad Iron. The steamer Ajax arrived previously with 9,286 cs Salmon, 718 bales Wool, 1,000 bbls Flour, 793 sks Oats, etc. The receipts of certain articles of Oregon produce from January 1st to date have been as follows: Flour, qr sks 297,714; Oats, ctls, 64,785; Wheat ctls, 61,986; Salmon, bbls, 4,482; hf bbls 1,447, pkgs, 15,159; Apples, bxs 10,503; Dried, pkgs, 612; Butter, pkgs, 660; Beef, bbls, 70; Bacon, pkgs, 121; Lard, pkgs, 3; Hams, pkgs, 15.

Our Grain Fleet to the United Kingdom now foots up 338 vessels, being the

	Wheat, Ctls.	Value.
Totals since July 1st, 1872, of 338 vessels	3,751,071	$17,654,939
43 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	1,317,967	3,172,157
120 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	3,586,230	7,071,697
174 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	4,712,419	9,083,715

In addition to this we have now on the berth 15 vessels aggregating 14,701 registered tons. These ships will all have dispatch, some carrying new Wheat, and will not clear till July. Our comparative shipments from June 30th, 1872 to date are thus:

	WHEAT 100-lb sks.	BARLEY 100-lb sks	OATS 100-lb sks	FLOUR Barrels
Total	9,751,071	225,902	5,401	361,139
Shipped up to same period 1872	1,353,811	16,130	11,273	[illegible]
Shipped up to same period 1871	3,753,124	132,065	12,548	141,763
Shipped up to same period 1870	4,841,750	300,021	11,548	351,103
Shipped up to same period 1869	4,973,213	91,840	24,492	469,251

Freights to the United Kingdom have again advanced to £4 15s to £4 17s 6d. These are current rates for vessels to load soon. It is said that quite a number of ships have recently been taken to arrive in July and August at full rates, and that the number of vessels already chartered to carry Wheat now adds up about one hundred. Tonnage at best is very scarce, and ships and smaller craft are in great request for Lumber, etc., commanding high freights. One or more ships have already sailed from Great Britain to this port in ballast, seeking business. The condition of our markets not warranting the shipment of Coal, Pig Iron, or manufactured goods at present, and the ship owners believing that a paying freight could be had here this Fall that would compensate for the round voyage. Freights to China and Japan are quite nominal. The presence of so many British (opposition) steamers in our harbor has much to do with this, besides there is at present no desire to ship Flour to Hongkong, as by last telegraph advices from China Flour was lower there than here.

The California Wheat Yield for 1871 was 16,737,000 bushels, for 1872, 25,000,000 bushels, showing an increase of 8,263,000 bushels in one year.

In Regard to Import Markets—Bags and Bagging Material are now selling below cost of exchange. Burlap Grain Sacks, 11@11¼c with large receipts. A ship with 1,363 bales Jute, from Calcutta, arrived this week for the Oakland Bag Factory. Two cargoes of Central American Coffee are at hand this week, say 6,888 bags. The market is very quiet, price 19@20c. Coal is dull; Anthracite, $14.12; Australian $11.50 12; English, $9@10; Cumberland, $18@20; Coast Bituminous, $8.75@10; French Goods dull and nominal. English Ale and Porter, scarce and high. Metals plentiful and dull; Pig Iron, $50@52 50. Quicksilver, $1 per lb. Linseed Oil, 90@95c.; Whale Oil, 40@50c., latter for Polar. Rice plentiful and nominal. Salt is dull and slow of sale. Spices scarce and high. Spirits rule as heretofore. Sugars are in large supply, and prices of raw and refined steady. Teas are abundant. Tobacco is plentiful, a large public trade sale announced for July 1st.

Markets for Exports quiet. Flour, $4 50@5 50, as extremes. Wheat, $1 65 @1 75. Barley, $1 12½@1 33. Oats, $1 75@1 90. Corn, $1 25@1 30 per cental. Hay, $9@14 per ton. Wool, 10@23c. as extremes. Hides, dry, 16@17c., salted, 8@9c. Tallow, 6@6¾c. per lb.

Another Thousand.—The P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamship China arrived on the 17th instant from Hongkong via Yokohama, with 1,060 Chinese and other passengers, and for cargo 5,850 pkgs Tea, 413 pkgs Silk, and 3,996 pkgs Chow Chow. Of the Teas overland by Pacific Railway, 3,175 pkgs go to New York, 175 to Boston, 25 pkgs to Philadelphia, and 35 pkgs to Chicago. The steamer also brings 1,700 bales Hemp.

Dividends Paid by Local Incorporations for June, 1873.—Bank of California, [illegible]; First National Gold Bank of San Francisco, ——; Merchants' Exchange Bank, $1,500; National Gold Bank and Trust Company, $1,000; San Francisco Gaslight Company $30,000; Spring Valley Water Company $10,000, California Theater Company, $2,500; Eastport Coos Bay Coal Mining Company, ——; Giant Powder Company, $9,000; Merchants' Exchange Association, ——; North Beach and Mission Railroad Company, $5,000; Pioneer Land and Loan Association, $1,160; Belcher Mining Company, $1,012,000; Cederberg Mining Company, ——; Consolidated Amador Mining Company, ——; Crown Point Mining Company, $1,000,000; Eureka Mining Company, $20,000; Meadow Valley, $60,000; Monitor Belmont Mining Company, ——; Raymond & Ely Mining Company, ——. Total, $2,291,160.

We Must Congratulate our contemporary, the New York *Daily Graphic*, upon the progress it has made. It is now eagerly looked for on the Pacific Coast, and not only are its illustrations looked at with interest, but its reading matter is so good and carefully selected that it is read in preference to other Eastern papers.

St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post Street.—The Rev. Dr. Scott, pastor, having returned from his visit to the interior, will preach Sunday as usual at 11 A.M. and 7½ P.M. Public cordially invited. Sunday School, 9½ A.M.

The Steamer "Venitia" delivered London papers thirty-four days old in Hongkong lately.

BANKING NOTICE.

We beg to inform the public and our patrons that the Banking business of J. SELIGMAN & CO., 412 California street, will be transferred to the ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK, LIMITED, on the first day of July next, and we take pride in offering a successor that will be able and willing to properly receive our many friends. J. SELIGMAN & CO.
San Francisco, June 23, 1873.

Referring to the above, we invite the attention of the public and patrons of MESSRS. J. SELIGMAN & CO. to the institution named

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK, (LIMITED)

Which will be formally opened on the second day of July next, at Seligman's old Bank, 412 California street.

Its authorized Capital Stock will be $6,000,000
Subscribed stock 3,000,000
Cash paid in, July 2d... 1,500,000

The paid up Capital will be increased from time to time to keep pace with the legitimate wants of the coast. The foreign relations will be such as to insure exchange operations on the most favorable basis.
June 28. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

RECENTLY ARRIVED,

In prime order and for sale to the trade in lots to suit:

Copland & Company's Pint Assorted Pickles;
Copland & Company's Quart Assorted Pickles;
Copland & Company's Pint Mofussil Pickles;
Copland & Company's Pint White Onion Pickles.

These Pickles are of unrivaled quality and intended for fine family trade. Also, the famed

Anglo Swiss Company's Milk,

Prepared at Chaux, Switzerland—the celebrated Milkmaid Brand, the most reliable brand in the world. CUTTING & CO., Agents,
June 2. 415 Front street.

NOTICE.

The undersigned Insurance Companies propose that Saturday, the 5th proximo, be observed, in addition to the 4th, as a holiday, and request the Bankers and others as far as may be practicable, to close their places of business on that day also: [illegible] Hartford Fire Insurance Co., Imperial Fire Insurance Co., Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co., Union Insurance Co., Merchants Mutual Marine Insurance Co., Transatlantic Fire Insurance Co. of Hamburg, Commercial Union Assurance Co. London, California Insurance Co., London Assurance Corporation, Hutchinson Mann & Smith, General Agents, Scottish Commercial Insurance Co., Pacific Insurance Agency, Northern Assurance Co., Underwriters Agency, Lancashire Insurance Co., Fireman's Fund Insurance Co., Phoenix Insurance Co., Home Insurance Co., North British and Mercantile Insurance Co., Hamburg Bremen Insurance Co., Home Mutual Insurance Co. June 28.

NOTICE.

In compliance with the request of many leading firms and public institutions, the undersigned give notice that they will close their respective Banks on the 5th prox., the SATURDAY following Fourth of July. A clerk will be in attendance until 12 o'clock M., to receive payment of notes falling due. The Bank of California, D. Davidson & Co., London and San Francisco Bank (Limited), Wells, Fargo & Co.; The First National Gold Bank of San Francisco, Belloc Freres; Sather & Co., Hickox & Spear, Donohoe, Kelly & Co., J. Seligman & Co.; The Merchants' Exchange Bank, For the Bank of British Columbia W. H. Tillinghast, Manager; Bank of British North America, Tallant & Co.; Pacific Bank, per P. H. Burnett; Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank; Swiss-American Bank; Alfred Borel & Co.
[June 28.]

NOTICE.

The late David Balderston, of 10 Regent street, Greenock, having by his trust disposition and settlement left a legacy to Mrs. Mary Balderston or Mackenzie, his sister, widow of William Mackenzie, some time blacksmith in Glasgow, who left Scotland many years ago and left her to her children. Notice is hereby given that the said MRS. MARY BALDERSTON or MACKENZIE, if alive, or if dead her children, are required to claim the said bequest and to establish their right thereto within two years from the [illegible] day of February, 1873, the date of the said David Balderston's death, and that if she or they fail to do so, Mr. Balderston's Trustees will proceed to pay over the said legacy to the other residuary legatees as directed by the said trust disposition and settlement and codicils thereto. Communications on the subject to be addressed to JOHN MacDONALD, Solicitor,
June 2. Mansion House, Greenock, Scotland.

THE CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR HONGKONG DIRECT.

FROM FRONT STREET WHARF.

The Magnificent British Iron Steamship Gaelic of Lorne, 2,037 tons, R. Robinson, Commander. This fast and powerful Clyde built Steamship will be dispatched on TUESDAY, the 8th of July, at 12 o'clock noon, punctually. The ship carries an experienced surgeon. For freight on Merchandise and Treasure, or for Passage, apply to MACONDRAY & CO., Agents
June 28. 204 and 206 Sansome street.

THE CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO (LIMITED) ETC.

British Steamship Gaelic of Lorne, Richard Robinson, Commander, from Hongkong will discharge cargo at Front-street Wharf on FRIDAY, June 27th. Consignees will please call at our office, pay freight, and receive orders for their goods. All merchandise when landed upon the wharf will be at the risk of the owners thereof (with no regard to the weather) and if not removed prior to five o'clock P. M. of each day will be stored at the risk and expense.
June 28. MACONDRAY & CO., Agents

POSTPONEMENT—FOR HONGKONG, DIRECT

The A 1 Steamship Cyphrenes, Samuel Stephens, Commander. The sailing of the above Steamship has been postponed to THURSDAY, July 3d, at [illegible] A.M. Freight will be received until 4 P.M., Wednesday, July 2d, and the mail will close at the office of the undersigned at 6 P.M. same day. PARROTT & CO.,
June 28. 305 California street, San Francisco.

FOR COLORADO RIVER, DIRECT.

The Brig J. B. Ford, A. Weeks, Captain, will sail Saturday, June 28th, connecting with Boats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Co. for all points on the River. EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
June 28. 610 Front street.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

A Meeting of the Stockholders of the Sutro Tunnel Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 5[illegible] California street, at one o'clock P. M., on WEDNESDAY, the ninth day of July, 1873, to consider proposed amendments to the By-Laws. JOSEPH ARON, EDWARD N. HOOPER, IGN. STEINHART, THOS. C. WEDDERSPOON, Trustees.
PELHAM W. AMES, Secretary.
San Francisco, June 23, 1873. June 28.

ARTISTS' ANNUAL SALE OF PAINTINGS,

Embracing the works of Hill, Williams, Munger, Marple, Hahn, Shaw, Bush, Irwin, Denny, Nagel, Wagner, Baumgras, Wandesforde, Rix, Harrington, Herrick, Ross. To be sold by auction, at the rooms of the Art Association, 313 Pine street, on WEDNESDAY, July 2d, 1873, at 8 o'clock P. M. Paintings on exhibition June 25th, 26th, and July 1st and 2d, day and evening. Admission free. June 28.

REMOVAL.

A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his office and warerooms to No.'s 113 and 115 Pine street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over mountainous and difficult roads. June 28.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Ajax, F. Bolles, Commander, will leave Folsom st. wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, June 28, at 10 o'clock A. M. [June 28.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

THE TWO KINDS OF CRABS.

A Boston Correspondent of that much esteemed journal, the *Springfield Republican*, gives the following *Apologue of the Crabs*. It was handed to Mr Wright, the editor of that journal, with the use of language, which may be deemed Yankee, which appeared with the name attached to it, which relat s the tale of "Our next door mirror" upon the "Crab" s treasury. Let me quote

Uncle Sam had a row of crab-boxes,
Where they rested by the sandy sandlens,
The motion to crab th was hard,
Not to do it they could be tempted.

"I'll demand my uncle, I feel,"
Said Bob, in a solemn appeal,
"Low wages do tempt us to steal"

The force of this moral idea
Was so mighty and powerful you see,
Not to do it they could be tempted.

So the beetles, they gave Bob a boost,
And he flew to the top of the roost,
Two pounds per man from the roost.

I have sam a now watching the spot
To discover a man who will not
Go home with the feed in his pot.

LETTER FROM LONDON.

London, June 4th, 1873.—DEAR NEWS LETTER. What would you do in California with a man who is doing a good job in the Legislature, relatively expressed himself in opposition to the poorer classes having the opportunity of pleasure seeking, and not content with the more expensive of opinion, does everything in his power to make those who take for a few days of the week cheaper, temporal and not approve on Sundays? What would you think of an old radical who would return advantage in the way of enjoyment of himself during the week, thereby obliging to the enjoyment of others on the only day for him to do so, and who would do it at legal hours so that there should be no given finds no clear hackles, no pot-house, no rural, no, both, but at the same time, temporal, which all, for those who have been long in crowded courts and alleys, only petition so fast, often, until they yearn for the parks and fresh air, as the thirsty hart pants for the waters? I can fancy your answers being a most emphatic yes! I can also fancy you imagine that my questions are but outcom of a fertile imagination. They are, though, based on very hard facts indeed, as, most perceptibly, upon an actuality. The efforts of the Sabbath-day bills which had made the "Lord's Day" seem the more than an opportunity for lowering carters and coalies, drunkards, and Lords in all present, joined with the rise of the star of Shaftesbury and Mr Tom Hughes for Sunday being a day of rest and not of recreation. Tree philanthropy this, for the men of many chances to destroy the only opportunity of their poorer brethren possess, and then to guide their steps from their habitations.

Mr Hughes has much to answer for, he objects to racing, and to the betting consequent thereon, and has made himself ridiculous in the House of Commons about the presence of members on Ascot on Thursday, and their adjournment to the Derby Day. But does he, or he, or deep in the bowling saloons, and some what less, perhaps, aware of the other, by and by, pay, by where he is supported the Derby, a thing run and won, and the members of Parliament of the holiday. Mr Hughes has a lot, for use of the off-to-first prancing. He wrote a very moderate book for which he made a handsome price of it, and as fame and as his book contains, the sale, regarding of it, most, he, called himself a sporting oracle. Nothing, however, that he may write or say, proved worth, and that if he had wages he invariably lost them on a hot mind even a new half became a fire. Christian and an ass and enemy of the turf, and blows under the banner of Shaftesbury & Co. ma? Fancy this, this big quarrel, at, he, d protect the Derby and become an at those at the Objector to Sunday pleasures. Rather came a crop of this, ay. To make his case good he made a deliberate misstatement, no, no, not that, but he, he, he, he, he, he, he, he, he, but not minutes for his mind he made a correction. It said it to be received as gospel from the Speaker, and so sat down a soon what sadder man than when he rose. The man a small man, for, when I am true, thankful.

The running of twelve horses on a course a mile and a half long—a race which lasted just 3 minutes 40 seconds, does nearly half a million people to Epsom and carried a many pounds in exchange hands, suffic cut proof in the fact of the chance racing stands of Yelling gold was by the ortuo, gentlemen enthusiasts. The congregation on the Downs of the turf and all sorts of ranks, rat hard, be assisted by those who have never been on the Downs, and it is worth forgiving a lot of pot-house manage to keep the course as far as the high a trimmed rope separated the two great lines of stands and spectators. But then we are "orderloving Englishmen," which possibly also accounts for our quiescence under the rabid persecutions of an intolerant minority. We may, though, turn round suddenly and rend these cors some day. Yet, some day means a very indefinite period.

Can it be true that you believe Joaquin Miller and his friend Olive Harper are celebrities here, and that our landed gentry, our nobility, and our leading literati are striving with each other for the honors of the Americans' acquaintance? If you have been told so please contradict the assertion emphatically, you must nothing but a knowledge of our social system no matter how stupid, to prove how utterly unlike such a state of things is. The last lace, one or one past when very much celebrated Miller men who come quite hardly on stepping, are their d ficiency education were asked to great men at the sacrifice feed? laughter at I mean I were to exhibit the Miller, if he did he hard to do secret only Miller should be invited among people who consider a breach of etiquette the greatest crime in the world. But tell ok I was to say unkind things about a man who has had a house I possessed of a fair share I attr ty, but our lines are marked out, and even Tupper himself must not overstep the boundary. Byron was a lord, and Thack ray a real snob, or rather, perhaps, the reverse. I have moved in the circles which admitted them irrespective of their talents. Dickens was a snob, very man born. Small it was not, and true to the rest at ranks, they represent. Dickens, the child the child, never passed the mi ? ? ?

FORSAKEN.

The bachelor old, tucked him snug in the clothes,
And showed to the night but the tip of his nose;
As he [illegible] the wind round his [illegible] roar,
And rattle the frame of his oaken street-door,
Till he found that sleep
Not a sense would steep,
For the noise and the fall
Of his nightly ale [paid,
Whose cask had not reached, though long ordered and
Were against sleepy lids on his eyes being laid
Rat tat! tat-a-tat! "That's my knocker below
Who the deuce wants admittance I'm puzzled to know,
At this time of night and in this sort of weather?
None have I who care for me more than a feather.
Should I then arise?
Or folks comfort prize?
Should I seek being ill?
And the doctor's bill
Will the hands that rat-tat with my knocker so loud
Square it up should I [illegible] the coffin and shroud?"
Rat tat! rat-a-tat! "Oh, confound their persistence!
No care to their racket may keep up resistance!"
His window is up and his head shot out through,
And his language is strong as what I or what you
Would discharge at those
Whose [illegible] our blows
Round us [illegible] at night
In our raiment [illegible],
And mocked our appearance and ruffled our peace,
And he finished all up with a roared "Po-o-lice!"
'Twas the old olden tale—no policeman could hear
Tho' the shout would have deafened a mile-distant ear.
"Police! po-o-lice!" till the bachelor's voice
Got hoarse, and he stopped, for he'd no other choice,
And he bent his eye
To identify
Him by sign and token
Who his rest had broken—
Just then there came whistling policemen in view;
He looked, there was no one to hound them on to!
Not one—but the steps that led up to his door
Showed a close-handled [illegible]—'twas a body they bore.
A body most carefully wrapped from the cold
With a paper proclaiming in characters bold
To the gathered crowd
Whom the shouting loud
Of the bachelor drew
To intently view
The body that lay on the flinty steps there—
"To be kept hung up always, this barrel, with care."

SUNDREAMS.

—— DOGGED PERVERSITY. The few Scotch folk who remain in the [illegible] country can hardly be doing so well as their traveling brethren. Meat must be scarce, and where do, a flesh can pass current for lamb. Yet it would seem from the following that it takes a sanitary inspector to discover the difference for the inhabitants of Greenock: "At the Greenock Police Court a few mornings since, a woman, named Margaret Munro or Lafferty, pleaded guilty to having sold to two persons several pieces of a dog, which she pretended was lamb. One of the purchasers was an eating house keeper but the sanitary officer discovered the transaction before the flesh could be used." This [illegible] very must have been rather hard on the eating house keeper. It is a pity there should be any doubt as to the name of a woman possessed of so original a genius; as if we were only sure our letter wouldn't miscarry we'd write her to come up to town and cater for some of those friends who will drop in [illegible] as well as accidentally just about dinner time. Friends at a distance will please accept this information.

—— My dear friend A., who is easily gulled, was walking the other day in Piccadilly, when, as usual, young S. took him suddenly by the arm, and said, "Well, have you heard the news? [illegible] has bought the *Times*." "What! impossible! the *Times*, that brings in such an enormous income! Why what in Heaven's name could he have given for it?" "Now, you promise not to tell any one just at present?" "I do, my dear fellow, of course not, but how much?" "*Threepence*," exclaimed the inveterate joker with a chuckle, darting into the St James's Club, leaving A. furious.

—— CHEMISTRY OF COMMON LIFE. Lady Customer to Druggist: "Will you let me have a pint bottle of chloroform?" Druggist (amazed): "A pint bottle, mum! Of chloroform, mum! May I be allowed to ask for what purpose?" Lady: "A disinfectant." Druggist aghast: "Disinfectant, mum! Surely you cannot be aware [illegible] the use of such a quantity would cause [illegible]. There must be some mistake, mum, in naming chloroform. Allow me to suggest Eau de Cologne." Bystander: "Perhaps the lady means chloride of lime."

—— ADJUSTMENT.—Bootmaker (who has a deal of trouble with his customers: "I think, sir, if you were to cut your corns I could more easily find you a pair that—" Choleric Old Gentleman: "Cut my corns, sir! [illegible] to fit me a pair o' boots to my feet, sir! I'm not going to pare my feet down to fit your boots."

—— [illegible] Fare furious at being overcharged: "I [illegible] ever seeing your face before!" Cabby: "I [illegible] [illegible] pardon it, sir, but on [illegible] felt [illegible] on the pianoforte in my drawing room, sir."

—— General Contreras has been nominated to the command of the army of Madrid. [illegible] If any [illegible] there [illegible]

—— Her [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

—— A [illegible] maker says that of all manufactured [illegible] bear the [illegible] character, since [illegible] grand, upright and square.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, May 4th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train, via Oakland, for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (Or.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) [illegible] P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf). Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

2.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) [illegible] P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH. LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, [illegible] [illegible] and 11:20 A. M. [illegible] [illegible] and *11.30 P.M. (Sundays excepted) 11.30 and 1:00 to Oakland only.

LEAVE BROOKLYN (for San Francisco), [illegible] 9:00 and 11:00 A.M., 1:20, 2:40, 4:35, 6:10, 7:25 and 10:10 P.M.

LEAVE OAKLAND, [illegible] 8:00, 9:50, 10:00 and 11:10 A.M., [illegible]

ALAMEDA BRANCH—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, [illegible] 9:00 and 11:15 A.M., 1:30, 4:00, 5:20 and 6:30 P.M. (1:20, 11:15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only.

LEAVE HAYWARDS (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and [illegible]

LEAVE FRUIT VALE, *5:25, 7:35, 9:00 and 11:30 A.M., 1:20, 4:00 and 5:30 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave— San Francisco		8:40 a m	*3.30 p m	*4:1[illegible] p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5.40 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2 0[illegible] p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 45 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2:30 p m		

Trains North	San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave— Hollister			11.10 a m
Salinas			10 45 a m
Castroville			[illegible] a m
Pajaro			11.50 a m
Gilroy			1 2[illegible] p m
San Jose	[illegible] a m	7 0 a m	[illegible] p m
San Francisco Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:30 a m. Returning will leave San Jose at 5 30 p m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4 15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 1[illegible], the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco, Meiggs' Wharf, at 8 and 11 a.m. (and [illegible] p.m. [illegible] at [illegible] and [illegible] p m. On Saturday from Saucelito at [illegible] 11 a.m. [illegible] p.m. from San Francisco at [illegible] and [illegible] p.m. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6 [illegible] a.m. SUNDAY TIME: Leave San Francisco 10 and 11 a.m., 2 and 4 p.m. Leave Saucelito 11 a.m., 1, 3 and 5 p.m.
April 12. H. A. COBB, President, 327 Montgomery street

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible] Leave San Francisco at [illegible] P. M. connecting at Petaluma with stages for all [illegible] [Nov 21.] CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco at [illegible] p.m. [illegible] San Rafael, [illegible] a.m. [illegible] SUNDAYS [illegible] Leaving San Francisco at [illegible] a.m. [illegible] p.m. San Rafael [illegible] p.m. Aug. 11) CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at [illegible] Cash advances [illegible] consignments.
Dec 11 E. H. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco have on hand of their own manufacture, and are [illegible] from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of [illegible] [illegible], Coupes, Hacks, [illegible] Buggies, Top buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old fashioned makes and styles both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body [illegible] Having but [illegible] metal in the [illegible] [illegible] in the three they have only the weight [illegible] half the strength of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm [illegible] army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment [illegible] the United States, with large supply of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to fill orders on short notice and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, [illegible] the Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Centre Plate will meet with prompt and energetic protection to the fullest extent of the law. [illegible]

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonough, Master, Will sail on her next regular trip on [illegible] at 12 o'clock M., from Front-street Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. The [illegible] bills of lading must be [illegible] [illegible]. For freight or passage having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 5 [illegible] Front street

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS

Kearnley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, [illegible] celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. [illegible] is wrapped in white paper and has [illegible] KEARNLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. [illegible] LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin; in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 26. 150 Oxford st. London

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The Civil Service Gazette remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labelled "JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London."

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Druggists' Drugs, Paints, Dry [illegible], Surgical Instruments, Shop fittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. The above forwarded free of charge [illegible] by
BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11 16 Coleman st., London

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE—The success of the season at the table for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It is digestive and its flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 29

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

L. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary. Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—L. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, [illegible], H. Friend, H. Trask, [illegible], H. V. Herbert, [illegible] McKenzie, J. C. Langt, [illegible] [illegible] HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, [illegible] and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares. 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of [illegible] April 3

CARMEN ISLAND SALT

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March [illegible] Agents, 423 Front street

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Building.
[illegible]—[illegible] Montgomery St.
COUNTY—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—[illegible] Montgomery street.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATT'Y—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—California and Sansome streets.
CITY PHYSICIAN—County Hospital.
CORONER—[illegible] Kearny street.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—[illegible] Merchants Exchange.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento [illegible]
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place.
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT. PUB. SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION H[illegible]—City Hall.
AUDITOR—City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—[illegible] Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall.
OUTSIDE LAND COMMITTEE—Exchange Building, Washington and Montgomery streets.
HEALTH OFFICE—Jackson street.
CITY PRISON—City Hall.
[illegible]—Jackson [illegible] bet Van Ness Av and Franklin St.
QUARANTINE—[illegible] street.
HARBOR MASTER—[illegible]
HARBOR POLICE—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES.

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street; Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 97 Cannon street; [illegible] India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austinfriars; Hongkong and China Gas Company, [illegible] Old Jewry Chambers, [illegible] Secretary. Singapore Gas Co., [illegible] St Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary. [illegible] Saw Mills, Hakodadi, Armistead & Co. agents, [illegible]. Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. ag'ts, 31 St Swithin's Lane. Singapore [illegible] Steam Saw Mills Co., [illegible] & Co. agents, 31 St Swithin's Lane. Amoy Dock Co., [illegible] agent, [illegible] Square. Hongkong and Whampoa Dock [illegible] & Co. agents, Crown court, Philpot Lane. N. China Insurance [illegible] 3 Cornhill, J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary. Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co. agents, 3 Lombard st. Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street. Hongkong Insurance Co., [illegible] & Co. agents, 38 Austinfriars. China Traders Insurance Co., Hongkong [illegible] & Co. agents, 34 Great St Helens. China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert [illegible] agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st. [illegible] Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad st. [illegible] Mincing Lane. [illegible] Manager. [illegible] Dock Co. (limited) of Singapore, [illegible] agents, [illegible] st. Banks: Agra Bank, [illegible] Nicholas Lane, [illegible] street. [illegible] Chairman, Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Old Broad street, [illegible] General Manager. Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street, Deutsche Bank, "Actien Gesellschaft," [illegible] agent. National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, With [illegible] Bank of [illegible] [illegible] Bank of London, agents. [illegible] Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager. [illegible] street. Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, [illegible] Chief Manager.

Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending June 21, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.

Monday, June 16th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Chas D Elliot to Thomas Emery	W Central Place s Pine 5[illegible]	$ 5
Henry F Williams to W J Gorman	Lot 17 in blk 22 O N [illegible] & Haley Tract	650
Geo E Davis to R H Hall et al	E W [illegible] Shasta, 100x25	100
R H Hall to M B French	Undivided half of same	
J F Glover to Margaret McCarthy	N [illegible] w Jones, 25x60	555
Joseph B Manore to John Hill	Lot 5 in blk 1, Noe Garden H'd	450
John C Haske to S B Peterson	Sw 17th and Church, 100x100	4,500
Jackson Coulson to S & L Society	W Hampshire s 25th, 60x100	700
L Alexander to same	W [illegible] York, [illegible]	750
J T King to J J Daily	Pacific and Powell 22 6x67 6	1,000
Owen Tighe to John Tormey	Mission [illegible]	1,500
Daniel Ryan to Rosila Rider	[illegible] Broadway, 20x66, also, w Maple n Broadway, w 20, n 60, e 180, s to com sub blk 840	10
Great P'k H'd As'n to Mary Welsh	Lot 13 blk 2[illegible]	250
Spring Valley H As'n to A Wonder et al	Lot [illegible]	500
Same to Lawrence Hossey	Lots 142 and 143	75
Same to Bridget Cullinan	Lots 90 and 91	750
Same to Annie O'Brien	Lots 92	500
Same to Honora O'Brien	Lots 145 and 146	750
M Chomark to Isaac Manchester	Frederick [illegible] 1st, 80x25	1,1[illegible]0
Mendel Yaretsky to B J Shay	Geary w Dupont, 22 6x90	1
Mary Chapman to Samuel Read	Re-record to cor [illegible] error in acknowledgement	
M N Rodgers to Catherine Cutler	Lot 8 blk 112, University H d Ass'n	1,000
University H'd As'n to M N Rodgers	Same	315

Tuesday, June 17th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Henry Z[illegible] to John Campe	[illegible] cor Howard and 12th, 1[illegible]	$8,000
Geary St Ex Hd Ass'n to T Kelly	Lots 2 and 3 blk 263, Geary St Ex H d	700
Alexander Steiger to W H Steiger	Und por sundry lots in Gift Maps 3 and 4	5
Same to same	Lot 8 in block 55, lot 6 blk 152, lot 3 blk 155 University Mound Survey	5
J W Harding to Chloe R Holden	Lots 1 2 7 8 in block 175 University H'd Ass'n, also sw Dwight and Gambler, [illegible] 240 to com 1	1,000
Dominick Gonzales to S Collins	E Alabama s 24th, 25x100—subdiv blk 32 Precita Race Course Tract	650
Hillside Hd Ass'n to Alfred Burr	Lots 70 & 71, Hillside Hd	5
J Townsend to Adela G de Zemeno	Lots 2 3 4 5 blk 67, S S Francisco	400
Samuel F Bufford to C A Sharon	S Sutter [illegible] Powell, 75 6x137 6	10,000
E G Collins to E B Clark	Sw cor Jackson and Dent's Place, 2[illegible] 62 6—sub 50 [illegible] to $2 [illegible] mortg	1,000

Wednesday, June 18th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
G K Porter to Catherine McIntire	Ne Guerrero and Valencia, n 75x80	$ 600
E S Welton to Chas H Stanyan	Nw Bush and Buchanan, 137 6x137 6—subdiv blk 373, W A	1
Thos Ansbro to Harry W Taylor	Lots 31 & 33, G R Map 3	200
J M Larrogue to Cons Reforma M C	Reforma and Bolibiana lodes in Santa Maria Mountain, Lower California	
A Montardier to Malvina H Parker	E Chatham Place n Bush, 21 9x60	4 500
B Montardier to same	Same	4,500
John Ormiston to S P Taylor	S 11th w Church, 25x114 sub block 83, Term one H d	800
Abram Anspacher to Edward Lobb	N Geary w Hyde, 25x137 6	8,000
Joseph Chousse to Leopold Gregel	Com at a line of lake [illegible] of the Laguna Survey 65.5 nw from e cor of said lot thence nw 100x275	4,300
E S Welton to Jas K Phillips	Nw Pine and Buchanan, 55x81 3	1
L H Wakefield to Joseph Congdon	N Fell w Buchanan, 55x120	3,600
Aug Dunlap to Sav & Loan Soc	W Shotwell s 17th, 122x122 6—lots 57 and 58 Howard and Folsom St Property	
Richard Brown by Trus to same	[illegible]	1,100
Isaac Rowe to Maurice [illegible]	S Turk e Pierce, 25x137 6	2,100
E S Welton to M J McDonald	Undivided [illegible] 498 Outside Lds	410
Isaac Rowell to Col J C Ulman	S Post e Laguna, 25x[illegible]	150
Elizth S Welton to Edw H Parker	Subdivision [illegible] blk 851, W A	535
	N Pine 137.6 w Laguna, 68.9x137.6	500

Thursday, June 19th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Stefano Berigham to City & Co S F	Com 91 8 n from Filbert and 31 10 from Gavin, 11 7 n 16 [illegible] 21 3 to beg	$ 654
Wm P Merriam to A J Mason	N Oak e Webster, 27 6x[illegible]	5
A J Mason to Henry A Crane	N Oak e Webster, 55x120	6,000
Washington P Weeks to same	Same	5
Bay View H d to A Bochman	Lot 7 blk 536 Bay View H d	500
John J Kelly to Louis McLane	Se cor [illegible] and Laguna, 50x275, sub blk 100 W A, also, [illegible] and Laguna, e 20x275, sub blk 131, W A	2,500
Louis McLane to A H Barney	Same	1
John Q Piper to Edmund Randolph	50-vara lot 3 in blk 1[illegible], W A, cor Sutter and Octavia	100
L Gottig to E F Spence	Nw Howard ne 9th, 50x90	6,000
Wm Monahan to L Gottig	Same	6,0[illegible]
J A Blackburn to Marcus Delfs	S Chestnut w Taylor, w 65:6x145	4,750
Maria Murray to Wm Waddell	Ne Downey se Bryant, 18x80	1,500
M S Latham to R C Rogers	N Kate, 81.3 w Webster, 220x120	0,000

Friday, June 20th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Annals Fuzenot to Aug Fuzenot	Lots 44 and 45, O Neil & Haley Tract	$1,000
T S Spring to Thos Knight	Sold [illegible] 11th 41 S B and W [illegible] 109 P N	2
John Barkloo to Wm Wetland	N Jackson w Jones, 19x137 6	5
Wm Coleman to Jacob Schweitzer	E [illegible] Place s 14th and [illegible] Valencia [illegible] S [illegible] M [illegible]	2,600
Chas Stolz to Andrew Bosquet	S [illegible] Mason 25x60 subdiv [illegible] 171	2,100
Fulton Tct H'd Ass'n to W L Davis	Lots 2 to 9 incl, [illegible], Fulton Tract H d	1,400
Gavin Ralston to Wm J McConnell	Lot 5 block 130, lot 7 blk 155, lot 5 blk 163, University Mound Survey	5
Same to same	Lot 6 blk 1[illegible], lot 7 blk 155, [illegible] blk 155 of same	5
Alta White L'd Works to C Palmer	Lots 1 2 3 in block 2 Sunny Vale H'd in trust for creditors	
Jas Daly to Margaret A Corby	S P[illegible] 9—subdivision of 5[illegible] 1083, subject to a mortg for $1,700	6 500
J F Bryant to Wangenheim et al	N Point [illegible] Davis, n [illegible]	1
Henry Toomy to W J Richardson	Sw Eddy and Broderick, 137 6x100	3,500
D[illegible] to A [illegible]	W Jasper [illegible] Filbert, 50x[illegible]	5,500
Patk W Lahaney to Cath Lahaney	Lot 10 blk 25, O Neil and Haley Tract	600
Franz Kowert et al to Henry Winke	Railroad Ave w Scott, 2 [illegible] acres	7
Henry Winke to Emilie Kowert	Same	10

Saturday, June 21st.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
College Hd Ass'n to Mary Rogers	Lot 23 and 24 blk 4 College Hd	$ 600
C Zimmerman to Michael Hesse	Nw cor Spring and Sommer, n 13x50	15,000
Spring V Hd Assn to J Schlesinger	Lots 250 and 251, Spring Valley Hd	790
L B Beachly to First Cong Soc S F	W corner California and Dupont, w 100 x [illegible] subdiv 50-v 145	25,000
First Cong Soc to H M Newhall	Same	20,500
Jos W Clark to same	Same	5
Oliver B Johnson to same	Same	5
Henry L Dodge to same	Same	5
L S B Sawyer to Wm B Lake	Subdiv lots 3 and 4 blk 13, Noe Gard Hd	000
J M Thompson to Phineas Haskell	S Ellis e Laguna, 50x120	2,200
Chas F Webster to Wm Drury	Lot 5 blk 3 Fairmount Ex Homestead	250
John McKenzie to Jane Sullivan	Se [illegible] sw 3d and 160 ne Harrison, 25 x 8[illegible] subdiv 100 x 71	2,300
Edgar O Brown to Francis S Spring	Lot 21 blk 18 Railroad Ave Hd, also lot 7 blk 13 University Mound, also, lots 6 and 7 blk 30, 6 lots in blk 11, and sundry lots in blks 10 & 5 Univ M Hd	1,000
B Neubbens to Chas H Reynolds	Lots 411 412 414, Gift Map 2	250
Pat Slater to J H Smyth	Ne cor 11th ave and J st, 401x120, O L	250
N Atkinson to P C Waltenbaugh	S Sacramento e Broderick, 178x132 9—subdiv W A 500, subj to $2,500 mortg	500
Geo L Storey to W Frank Whittier	Ne McAllister and Larkin, n 137 6x137 6, 50-v 1433, subj ct to mortg for $11,000	17,500
Alex Cape[illegible] to J B Felton	Sundry lots Outside Lands	
Thomas Agnew to E P Buckley	Lots 1 and 16, blk 451, Bay View H d	520
L H Edelen to J W Gashwiler	Lots 48 to 50 blk 1, lot [illegible] blk 20 Mission and 13th Street Homestead	2,600
Nils Borgren to S Abel Eckstand	E Hampshire s 2[illegible], 25x100, subdiv P N 57 to correct error in deed 676 Doc 350	400
Hib Sav & Loan Soc to J Alexander	S Antonio w Jones, [illegible]—sub 50-v 1094	6,500

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the week ending June 24, 1873.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
E Bigelow to G H Chick	Oakland 50x103 9 ne cor 15th and Jefferson	$1,600
G H Smith to J Hutchinson	Same S line Bay Pl 190 e from Teleg'h Ave thence e 100x11[illegible]	1,500
Armes & Sather to E Redden	Same 50x110 nw cor 5th and Filbert	1,193
Same to B Dugan	Same N line 5th 50 w from Filbert th w 50x100	965
City of Oakland to J S Fogg	Same Lot corner West, 5th and Market	500
J C Hayes to C P R R Co	Same Strip 80 feet wide Alice st from 1st street to the creek	1
E Adams to same	Same Same	1,100
J de Fremery to S F Savings Union	Same 10[illegible]x200 n by 13th e by 12th and west by Grove	10,350
M Lynch to C J Frank	Same 1 acre San Pablo Avenue	5,000
F P Flint to C A Low	Same 100x100 nw cor 11th & Harrison	6,000
D Wilcox to R A Beaton	Same W line Webster 200 n from 14th street thence n 50x150	7,250
W A Stuart to I C Steele	Same S line Merrimac 300 e from Telegraph thence e 75x145, also in Oakl'd Tp, Parkous Plot 69	2,500
O Hd Ass'n to W D English	Oakland Tp: Lots 71 72 Maxwell Tract,	5
W S Lyon to A Verbose	West Oakland: E line Cedar 50 7 n from William thence n 50x100 7	1,100
D Knight to R A Knight	Same Various lots in Casserly Tract	1,300
P H Blanchard to same	Same to same	1
T Metz to C P R R Co	Alameda Two acres near Mastick Sta'n	4,000
L Michel to E C Michel	Sousal Creek near San Leandro old R d half interest in 7 acres	1,500
J T Stratton to E Niehaus	Near Mission San Jose: 7½ acres	500
J Benzin to C Zimmerman	Haddsville One Lot	75
S S Frakes to J Rose	Three miles ne from Vallejo Mill, 40 acs	375
A W Seesor to T J Edmondson	Pleasanton: Lots 6 7 8 in blk C	6,000
F D Atherton to T Hanschildt	Near Haywood 140 acres	4,000
Same to E Nehrboss	Same 3[illegible] acres	6,000
Whitcher to B Myron	Near Telegraph Ave and Temescal Cr'k	475
J A Williams to J Black	Near Mission San Jose 50 acres	1,500
L R Snow to L N Snow	San Leandro Part blk 50	10
M J Deaman to G Touchard	Oakland n city limits 1½ acres of Webster street	1,000
E Cose to H C Parks	Brooklyn Tp Tract Redwoods Road	5
G W Dam to J B Sanderson	Oakland Tp S line Milton 100 w from San Pablo thence w 20x100	650
J Kelly to T Nolan	9 miles ne from Livermore	1,200
Lewis & Miller to J Ha[illegible]	Near Alvarado 50 acres	6,000
J Wilkinson to H E Bunker	Livermore ½ interest in 50x214	1,000
G Forbes to P C Waltenburg	Same ½ int rest in same	1,000
S Merritt to J Buchman	Berkeley 75x110	1,000
N B Byrne to J Wheeler	Near same 16 acres and 17 acres part of plot 81	5
Same to G Miller	Near same 2 acres part of plot 81	5
G Miller to J Sharron	Near same Same	500
Adams & Boyd to N P R R Co	Strip 100 ft wide on located line N P R R	1

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records in Alameda County, at San Leandro. June 24.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

GEORGE W. McKEAND, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and several years experience in searching the records of that County). Office in Webber Block, opposite the Court House, San Leandro. Sept. 1

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Dec 9]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. (Oct 21) J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street

THE MONOPOLY OF MONOPOLIES.

On This Coast, where monopoly reigns supreme, by land and by sea, where rings rule railroads, and rapacious capitalists get up corners in stocks, one monopoly stands out in bold relief, pre-eminent, both for its despotic sway, and the absolute necessity of the element it controls. We refer to the Spring Valley Water Works Company. There is, perhaps, no city in the world but San Francisco that would stand the exorbitant charges, and the unfair and unequal way in which these charges are made. Ever since the consolidation of the San Francisco and Spring Valley Water Works Companies in 1865, they have been slowly, yet surely, increasing both their prices and their control of the water supply, till the city is now completely in their hands, and at their mercy. How they use this power, rather abuse it, the municipal corporation, and the householders know to their cost. Their exorbitant bills are sent in, and if not paid the water supply is at once cut off, and no redress can be obtained. They say, "If you want water you must pay our prices, or else go without." Now, as even in these days of whisky and lager, water is more or less useful about a house, the poor householder has to cash up or go tealess, gardenless and washless. Is San Francisco always to submit to this outrageous violation of the laws both of justice and nature? Last year there was a big talk about the "Lake Tahoe" Water Company, but what has it come to? All wind and no water. In course of time, we shall, no doubt, have a company who will have the whole and sole control of the air we breathe; for water is as necessary to human life as air. There is also another way of looking at this most important question. Supposing two dry seasons were to come, what guarantee have the poor, doped public that they will be supplied with water at the present, or even higher rates? The supplies from Lobos and Pillarcitos Creeks are not by any means inexhaustible, as these creeks are dependent upon the rains. Even granting that the company can always keep supplies equal to the demand, the water so supplied is of such a poor quality that the prevalence of *diabetis* in this city is attributed by doctors in a great measure to its pernicious effects. Their mains are only cleaned out when almost blocked up with vegetable and other filth, and the whole management is from beginning to end a gross imposition upon the public. The elections, however, are coming on, and it is the duty of every citizen to strenuously oppose any candidate for Senatorship, or office, municipal or otherwise, who shall not first pledge himself to do his utmost to free the city from a monopoly, which, like Victor Hugo's devil fish, extends its thousand arms into our households, and if it does not suck our life blood, has it in its power to enforce its own price for the most necessary element of life, viz: water. We growl about the Chinese, and have lately taken some measures to mollify that nuisance, yet still we calmly see in our midst an evil infinitely worse, and are either too supine or too much under the thumbs of the capitalists to make even an effort to free ourselves from shackles which no other citizens in the States would ever have allowed to bind them for one moment. The time has come when we must either make a bold fight for freedom or else make up our minds to be forever at the mercy of that most abominable of monopolies, the Spring Valley Water Works Company. And the way to do this is, not to buy up the played-out, old plant of the Spring Valley, and so throw away ten millions for a most doubtful return, but for the city to negotiate with parties here, who are ready and willing to supply water of better quality at lower rates, and who will give reliable bonds.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

Of the Thousands of Intelligent Citizens who will participate in the celebration of the above festival during the coming week, only the smallest portion have the slightest knowledge of the origin of the custom. And the number and variety of contradictory opinions generally erroneous concerning the day, and the causes that have led to its being treated as a holiday are among the most singular fallacies of history. By many it is believed that upon that day St. Patrick banished the snakes from Ireland, and in commemoration of the supposed event it is not unusual for the adult natives of that country to return to their homes on the evening of the 4th with reptiles of various species in their boots. But there does not appear to be any substantial ground for this belief. On the contrary, there seems to be satisfactory reasons for thinking that the famous achievement of Ireland's patron saint was performed in the Spring of the year, and that his command to the serpents to "march forth" has given a name to the very day upon which they were told to go. The change made by the Gregorian calendar probably accounts for the 17th of that month being now observed, instead of the 4th, as St. Patrick's Day. Equally absurd is the notion prevalent among a very intelligent class that Lager Beer was invented on the 4th of July. It is true that for a long period this point was in debate, but it is now positively known not to have been the 4th of July, therefore has nothing to do with the discovery of beer. It is likewise the fact that neither Columbus nor Michael Reese set foot on American soil for the first time on the 4th of July, nor was that the day upon which MacCrellish bought into the *Alta California*. The truth is, the day we are about to celebrate is a family anniversary, founded by one of the ancestors of Jacob Deeth. Adam Deeth was the ante-diluvian party to whom we refer, and it can be established beyond a question, by archives now in the possession of the present head of the house, Marshal Deeth, that the old gentleman celebrated the happy occasion by a procession of two, of which he was Grand Marshal, marching around the Garden of Eden, the place of his residence, at the head of the show, in the uniform of the period, a fig-leaf and a staff of office. At the end of the march the entire procession joined in a collation of ginger-nuts and hard-tack, with apples for desert, and thereby hangs a tale. What was the occasion of the demonstration appears now to be buried in the mists of a remote antiquity, but the fact that every Deeth, from that time to this, has succeeded to the office and has assisted in keeping up the custom, appears to indicate that it is intimately associated with the private history of the family. Perhaps Marshal Deeth will explain.

TIMOTHY McCARTHY, ESQ.

It is Whispered in Knowing Circles that the above named gentleman is willing to accept the position of Sheriff of San Francisco. This will surprise a majority of his fellow-citizens, and especially his intimate friends, for it is in direct opposition to his life-long habit, of refusing to serve in any official capacity where there are any sort of emoluments attached to the place. Mr. McCarthy detests emoluments of all sorts. It has, however, leaked out that he seeks the place of Sheriff for the purpose of satisfying his strong passion for revenge. The Sheriff, it will be remembered, is ex-officio hangman. There is a large body of his fellow-citizens who richly deserve hanging, and Mr McCarthy argues that the whole of them cannot possibly escape the gallows for the two years of his expected term. He will surely catch some of them, and it don't make much difference to him which. Of course, if he could have his choice, it would be far more agreeable. In that case, he would commence by swinging up Babcock and Tevis, and the Spring Valley Company's Directors, for attempting to induce him to vote for the $92,000 swindle. Indeed, but for his native shrewdness, he might have been caught in their trap, and thereby had his motives misconstrued. Having done for that gang he would go after the outside land and pork grabbers, and there would be a great consumption of hemp. But we need not particularize. When he becomes Sheriff he can only operate upon those regularly condemned by Court and Jury; and while we have no doubt that he will get the majority of those above hinted at before his time expires, yet he cannot count upon any of them with absolute certainty. Public justice is so impeded and tampered with of late years that the gallows is the worst cheated of all the really useful institutions in the land. We would like, of all things, to see Mr. McCarthy elected Sheriff, especially since we have learned the highly laudable reasons that lead him to desire the place. But we would fear that he will be, when elected, only gratified in part, and that his career, though in the main satisfactory to himself, will be subject to constant mortification and disappointment. We fear that he will be aggravated every day by seeing men who ought to be hanged, and that he will long in his heart to suspend between heaven and earth, walking impudently about the streets, and even holding secure places in the best of society. Such, however, are among the difficulties of holding office in a Republic, and Mr. McCarthy cannot hope to be exempt from the ills common to all his countrymen. There is no truth in the rumor that he has already hanged Mr. Fitzgerald for practice.

THE LETTER.

In her room she's sitting lonely,
And she looks upon the lawn,
Through the twilight grey and solemn,
As the stars begin to dawn.
On her face a look of sorrow,
Like a mournful picture lies;
And a calm deep shade of anguish
Lingers in her tearful eyes.

On her lap was seen a letter
She had read an hour ago—
When her lips began to quiver,
And her burning tears to flow.
For its lines had hushed her laughter,
And had filled her heart with pain,
Till she felt no joy or rapture
E'er would linger there again

All her hopes of future gladness
Now were scattered—lived no more—
Dropped like withered leaves from flowers
When the Summer's nearly o'er.
He for whom she prayed had perished,
He whose memory was her pride,
He for whom she long had waited—
Waited to become his bride.

Ah! that letter brought her tidings
That had chilled and blanched her cheek,
Bowed her mind with saddest memories,
And a grief she could not speak.
He who'd vowed to love her ever
In a distant land had died—
He with whom she oft had lingered
By the wood and mountain side.

All her bridal dreams had faded
And her bitterest pangs were known;
While her face, o'ercast with sorrow,
Looked as rigid as a stone!
Often in the sober twilight,
As the stars begin to dawn,
Sits the maiden sadly looking
Through her tears upon the lawn!

—*S. H.*

THE MORNING CALL AND ITS NEW EDITOR.

The Negotiations which have been pending for the last week between the proprietors of the *Morning Call* and Mr. Pixley, looking to his employment upon that journal as editor-in-chief, we are happy to announce, have been brought to a most successful conclusion. It appears that Mr Pixley's ultimatum was sent in some ten days ago. His demand will seem to the public, as in fact it was, reasonable to the point of modesty. He only required an interest in the journal equivalent to fifty-one per cent of its stock, intending, it is understood, to change its policy to coincide with his own views upon the Chinese question. This, with a fixed salary of ten thousand dollars per annum, was readily agreed to by the *Call* people, and Mr. Pixley took his seat in their office last Monday morning. We have watched the journal closely during the week, and already fancy we can observe the effect the infusion of fresh and vital genius into its management has upon its matter. It no longer seems like the same journal. As early as Thursday it was observed to have—not exactly an opinion—but something very like it. The remark was hazarded that "muddy water was good for some kinds of ducks." This is a sentiment of too decided a character to have been ventured upon by the *Call*, as it was. The *Call's* subscribers, we dare predict, will soon see more and more of this tone of decision in its leading articles, and the day is not distant when the paper will fearlessly express opinions, not simply upon one, but upon many interesting subjects. We would not be astonished if before a twelve month shall pass away under the new editor, even the *Call* will boldly declare that muddy water is good for many kinds of ducks; nay, if its circulation does not fade away upon the new standing taken, it would not surprise us to find it declaring that muddy water is good for all kinds of ducks, and even for the smaller varieties of geese, and so on, until chickens, peacocks and guinea hens, are recommended to bathe in the same wallow with pigs and Chinamen. Such is the effect of boldness. Mr. Pixley, under the existing arrangement, is required to write only occasional articles for the *Bulletin*, and those are limited for the present to dealing with political questions.

THE PERSIAN SHAH.

The Simple Pleasures of Childhood are sweet in the eyes of uncorrupted maturity; who would mar that spontaneous gaiety! Not we, for worlds; and the remarks we feel obliged to make are not meant to interfere with the innocent sports of the California press. Every daily paper of the State, from the *Call* down to the Sacramento *Union*, has devoted its mighty mind to the exposure of the nefarious schemes covered by the trappings and banners and parade of the Shah's reception in England and every one, we need hardly say, succeeds in tearing the mask from Albion's perfidious face. Our very soul is rent with anguish, when we think of the misery in store for the British Ministry, when mail after mail dashes head on into London, groaning under the weight of the *Call's* leaders, indorsed by the *Chronicle*. Ilium fuit! The old island will rock and strain under the stress. God grant that she may bear it, and yet hold together! But we fear. One thing consoles us. As soon as we heard of the Shah's landing in England, we telegraphed to him for information as to his purposes, and the "Successor of the King of Kings, the Most High and Mighty Lord of Persia" (we are indebted to the *Chronicle* for his Majesty's official titles) deigned to vouchsafe the following reply, received here at 3:15 P.M. on Thursday, June 26, 1873: "Friend *News Letter*: Thy pleasing message is before me. It is not true that I am the successor of the King of Kings. I am a peaceful Shah, fond of my pipe and the ballet, but otherwise, as thou wilt have conceived, a good deal of a Quaker. It is not my fault if thy California writers are bitten by the gad-fly of importance; but thus much will I say unto thee. Often have I seen in Persia men diseased in mind, touched by the hand of the Almighty, wandering to and fro, foaming at the mouth, and talking wildly of terrors and judgment to come on the morrow; and their noise was as the noise of grasshoppers. Comfort thee, my lamb: it may be that God has forgotten those poor men; and shall they not write?"

THE PROTECTOR OF FRANCE.

Does France Need a Protector? Some will say, of course, she does; others, and we are of them, will smile at the imbecility of the man who even dreams that France can ever be anything but a great power in the world, let the world roll as it may. But believers in France, and unbelievers, will both be filled with confusion and amazement when we tell them that France has found a protector in the "gallant Irishman whose blood has mingled for some generations" (none but an Irishman could perform that feat) "with the genial current of French chivalry." The Dublin *Nation*, from whom we borrow these soul-stirring words, in its issue of the 31st of May, is crowded, crammed, overrun with Patrick MacMahon, the Irish President of France, "supporter and avenger of the Papacy." Not content with glorifying him in singularly Irish prose, the *Nation* has called in the aid of the engraver, and electrifies its readers with a picture, of which the following is a faint description. The background of the composition is a massive rock, perhaps a little too large for the Blarney Stone, and intended, no doubt, if one may judge from the expression of MacMahon's face, as he leans against it, for Vinegar Hill. Besides the frightful grin upon his classic features, the hero is attired in enormous jack-boots, with his left arm he holds to his manly heart a lady, a good deal dishevelled, and more completely at her ease in his embrace than would be agreeable to Madame MacMahon, if her feelings were worth considering. At the base of the hill swarm bayonets, and sabres, and shakos, and fierce faces of nondescript nationality, were it not for the open mouths of two or three, which cry out "Murphy," as distinctly as if you were in Connaught. This is the way the Irish nation conceives the French contemporary history.

Hayward and the Springs.—We learn from the interesting and amusing letter of "Sally Gabbleton," in the *Alta*, that Hayward has offered the large sum of one hundred and ten thousand dollars for Harbin's Springs, and that his large offer has been refused. Mr Hayward has already bought Zeigler's Springs, an adjacent watering place, and it will no doubt be regretted by the public, who so well know and appreciate Mr. Hayward's almost princely way of managing whatever he undertakes, that the owner of Harbin's Springs has not accepted an offer which, we feel sure, he will never have a chance of bettering.

The Announcement is made of the failure of Parker, Watson & Co., wholesale dealers in tobacco and cigars. Liabilities, $145,000; assets small.

NEW BOOKS
—OF—
THE WEEK.

Work: A Story of Experience. By Louisa M. Alcott. 12mo, cloth.
Antiquities of the Southern Indians. By Chas C. Jones, Jr. 8vo, cloth.
Hand Book of Hardy Trees, Shrubs, etc. By W. B. Hemsley. 8vo, cloth.
A Thanksgiving Story, containing "Betsy and I Are Out." By S. S. Emerson. 16mo, cloth.
London's Heart. A Novel. By B. L. Farjeon. 8vo, paper and cloth.
Dialogues and Dramas. By Lewis B. Monroe. 12mo, cloth.
Old Kensington. By Miss Thackeray. 8vo, cloth and pa.
Reminiscences of Scottish Life and Character. By Dean Ramsay. 12mo, cloth.
A Reed Shaken with the Wind. By Emily Faithful. 12mo, cloth.
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THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

THE DEVIL'S WALK THROUGH SAN FRANCISCO.

"From his brimstone bed at break of day
A walking the Devil has gone,
To visit his snug little farm the earth,
And see how his stock goes on."—COLERIDGE.

Once more to the fumes of hell,
The Devil has bid adieu,
And for a day
He steals away
His own pet city to view.

Last week there came a message,
As he was taking his wine,
To pray that he
Would go and see
About the Amador Mine.

For sundry knockings were heard,
Which scared the little devils,
And made them fear
They'd got too near
To hell in the deepest levels.

The Devil set off at once,
And he told them to beware;
He wanted no souls
To steal his coals
In a way that was unfair.

The Devil then went away,
Feeling he'd done his duty,
And he came right here
While the stars shone clear,
To see our youth and beauty.

He looked at the new tramway,
They're building up Clay-street hill,
"I wonder," said he,
"How long it will be,
Before they will have a good spill."

He said, "If the chain once breaks,
My word won't there be a smash,
It won't leave enough
Of their corpses tough
To make e'en a decent hash.

He boarded the *Crusader*,
But the captain was not there;
So he said, "Ah well,
He's too bad for hell,
And his mate, too, I declare."

"Folks talk of me with horror,
But some of these old sea-dogs
Are so bad that I
Wouldn't spoil my stye
By putting them with my hogs."

"These paltry, low-life rascals
Can do whatever they please,
And it seems to me
That there can be
No law on the open sea."

Disgusted, he left the wharves,
And he strolled through China town,
But the girls had fled.
Said he, "Are they dead
That all their shutters are down?"

So he stopped an officer,
With a good old whisky face,
And asked him "Why
They didn't try
To clear out Waverly Place?"

And the officer replied,
"These electioneering tricks
Are only done
By some big gun
Who thinks it will please the Micks."

"Ah! Ah!" then laughed the Devil,
"What hypocrites most men are,"
And he slipped a "piece"
From out his valise
In the hand of this bright "star."

The officer gave a howl,
For the coin was burning hot,
With a curse and hop
He let it drop,
And went away at a trot.

This was the very first case,
Of a "star" refusing tip,
And the Devil spent
That coin as he went,
Below, in a good stiff nip.

He said, "What politicians
I've got at home, to be sure,
But then down there
They act pretty square,
For hell is their only cure."

He scratched his back on the *Post*,
And blessed the Duke of Argyle,
And said he would call
If he wasn't so small
For Georgie after a while.

He took a walk to North Beach,
But he could not stand the stink;
He said, "What a smell!
Why its worse than hell
Ten thousand times, I think."

And the smell made him feel so faint
That he left in great disgust,
And he cursed the Board
Who such filth ignored,
Then rattled off home to his crust.

A Change of Location is often desirable, especially when corner groceries have to be shunned, and tailors have a habit of calling to inquire into the state of your financial health at unseemly hours. Such, however, was not the case with poor old M., who poured his tale of woe into the ever open ears of the *Town Crier*. No, M. is almost a model man; his debts are all regular, and don't bother him a bit. For him a corner grocery has no terrors, and a tailor's morning call does not disturb the equanimity of his temper. Was it not too bad, when lately returning from a trip in the country rather late, and with a little old Bourbon on board, to find that his house on Union street had taken unto itself wings, or legs, and had departed. For some hours poor M. roamed round and round the Plaza, gauging the state of his sobriety by walking on one plank, and going through the multiplication table backwards. At last he saw an officer, and with joy beaming in his weary, bleary old eyes, asked him where No. — had gone to, and if he was right in supposing he was on Union street. The kind policeman explained to M. that the house in question had merely retired a few yards to make way for the uncompromising avenue. He pointed out to M. a narrow plank, at the end of which he espied his lost home. M. drew a long breath, thanked the police officer, and essayed to walk that plank. He only fell twice, and then was home again. His room did not look like it used to look. His wife's picture lay prone with its glass and frame smashed. His jug had poured its contents over the bed, and had scattered itself over the floor in minute atoms. Everything was demoralized, and M. went to sleep in a glorious state of uncertainty as to whether he might not find himself, house and all, on the top of Telegraph Hill when he woke.

Mr. and Mrs. Town Crier were as near quarreling on Wednesday night as they have been for the week. This was the reason. Mrs T. C. has an idea that trailing draperies are becoming to her, and so in walking is always followed by a train of about half a block in length, much to the pleasure of wayfarers and, if she would confess it, to her own inconvenience. On the evening in question, the progress of the fond couple, along Stockton street by the by, was one of frequent interruptions, owing to Mrs T. C.'s being pulled up suddenly about every five minutes by her freight train catching on the convenient spikes which so plentifully stud the old walks of that street. And of course, every time the train collided there was a break on or a tear off. For the first dozen or so occasions the T. C. meekly disentangled the debris and used up all his private stock of pins in repairing the damages, but with his last pin went his patience, and he said in a tone which his gentle partner afterwards characterized as brutal in the extreme, "Why don't you hold up your dress my dear?" "Why don't you use the immense influence you boast so much about and get the Mayor, or Governor Booth, or the gas-men, or somebody to keep the sidewalks in decent repair?" retorted she with that brilliant rapidity of reply for which her dear mother was so remarkable. Although somewhat nonplussed the T. C. did not own it, but answered her in kind, if not kindly. And now two loving hearts are wretchedly estranged, and all because those who should see that the sidewalks are kept in proper repair neglect their duty in this matter as flagrantly as they do in all else.

A Certain Captain Francis Galton, says the *Court Journal*, proposes to people Africa with Chinese, in order to remove the aboriginal African from the face of the earth. It would seem to the *Town Crier* very much like swopping a bag of fleas for a box of bed bugs. "Of two evils choose the lesser." The Federal Government of the United States has no doubt some such scheme on hand, and is now trying the experiment in California, where the demoralized and degraded white is fast being swept off the face of the country by the moral and cultured Mongolian.

We are Vexed at the late exploit of one whose exemplary past does not palliate his apostate departure from the Moral Code, whereof we are the lauded exponent and Crusading vindicator. It disquiets us that one, who, ever eagerly avowed our tutorship, and sunned himself in the beams thereof, should, on a single occasion, have forsaken his standard when fancying himself beyond our all-observant scope, inasmuch as he has sought to wile the good folk of Los Angeles a faulty dissimulation we herewith Court-martial. It appears that Mr.—excuse us into the belief that he would serve them without, at the same time serving himself, *Professor* Ebenezer E. Knowlton, whilst sojourning among the dwellers of our California Eden, conceived the idea of giving an entertainment—"Our Boys and Girls," "Elocutionary Gems," and such like—professedly, for the sole benefit of the Los Angeles Library Association; but it having transpired that he had projected this little scheme with the covetous design of garnering for himself one-half of the proceeds, one of the volunteer contributors to the programme gave notice of his intended withdrawal, and the Professor pressing him for the reason thereof, was met with the undisguised accusation of a want of disinterestedness—a charge before which the valiant Knowlton fell prostrate and confessed. For the *benefit* of this guileful penitent, we give the following not inapt quotations: "Bread of deceit is sweet to a man, but afterward his mouth shall be filled with gravel;" "Who so diggeth a pit shall fall therein;" and "He that rolleth a stone it shall return upon him."

Politics are now the order of the day, and professional politicians, who have been for some months growing seedier and seedier, are now looking brisk and blooming in their new beaver suits and plug-hats. Their beaming countenances also tell of the whiskies put away each day. It would be very interesting to follow one of these political suckers through his day's work and watch how he went about his business. The very fact of such a class of men existing at all, shows that there are men, and lots of them, among us who, either from love of power or from greed, will keep half a dozen of these jail birds at work at big pay to insure his election to office. There are certain men who take certain lines. For instance, that rough-bearded, red-headed, thick-lipped, high cheek boned, animal-looking man in the beaver coat, fancy waistcoat, green tie and white fuzzy plug hat, is invaluable to any candidate who wants to propitiate the Irish element. That dark, small-eyed man, with long hair and a clean shave, holy-ghostly looking face, whose coat tails almost sweep the ground, and whose mild voice would do for charming rattlesnakes, can wheedle more votes out of the Methodists than any man on the coast. Here comes a little dapper man, with light check pants, brown coat, black tie, long, dark mustache and goatee; he is a sport, and that heavy watch guard and diamond shirt pin testify to his ability as a canvasser. The *T. C.* could and will give descriptions of a few more of these suckers, whose trade is politics and whose motto is—Coin.

No One Can Properly Appreciate the exquisite pleasures of a camping out expedition who has not been on such a trip. It was the *T. C.'s* fate to go on one of these happy excursions last week, and being of a generous disposition he tenders his experience and advice to the public. In the first place, never wear a pair of thin boots; he did, and after the first day had nothing left but one heel and half a sole (he walked). In the second, be sure you have the whisky stowed away properly on your pack horse; he didn't, and so lost it all on the road. Thirdly, don't undertake to carry a gun that weighs more than ten pounds; he did, and now has a stiff arm. Fourthly, don't sleep on over-ripe hay; he did, and found that fleas, bugs, centipedes, tarantulas, etc., can't compare with rubbed-in hay seeds. Fifthly, don't depend upon what you shoot or catch for food; he didn't, so got plenty to eat. Sixthly, don't have a man with a voice as one of the party; he did, and the paucity of the game bag was mainly attributable to this cause. Seventhly, don't wade in after terrapin, or when you have caught them don't tie them up in a handkerchief; he did both; the results, rheumatism and large hole in handkerchief, through which terrapin escaped. Eighthly, take a friend along who can and will cook the grub; he did, and appreciated his talents. Ninthly, if you have any show of doing anything else, don't go camping out at all.

The T. C., Some Two Years Ago, was presented by his loving wife with a sweet little male infant, whose training he has himself undertaken with most favorable results. His bible has hitherto been, as far as the *T. C.'s* training goes, the *News Letter*, and his prayer book the *Holl Bag*. His fond mother, however, labors under the immense disadvantage of having possessed religious parents, whose pernicious training she can never shake herself completely free from. In vain has the *T. C.* thrown out sponges at her kneeling form, and otherwise tried to wean her from idolatry. She will keep up her bad habits, and even went so far as to have the baby dipped in water, a process she called christening, and one which caused that infant to snifle for months. The result of her mania upon the child may be gathered from the following conversation, which took place between the *T. C.* and his precocious infant: Child (looking up at the stars): "Pa, have those stars any people in them?" *T. C.*: "We have every reason to believe that they have." Child: "Will they all go to heaven?" *T. C.*: "Can't say, but why do you ask such a question?" Child: "Ma says that no one goes to heaven unless Jesus dies for them, and if he dies in every one of those stars, it must hurt him a good deal." *T. C.* (very embarrassed): "Go to bed, Tommy, and don't bother me."

It Seems to be the Aim of most of our fashionable young ladies to emulate in dress and manner as much as possible the "demi monde." Some of them draw the line of demarkation so finely that it is a difference with a hardly perceptible distinction. They stare at men in a way that is, to say the least, suggestive, and their powdered cheeks and elaborate head-gear would better become the Jardin Mabille than our unpretending and quiet streets. The folly and absurdity of such a course ought to suggest itself to parents who are not desirous of having their daughters followed by the "nice young men" who haunt our corners, and are only too willing to interpret what perhaps was only meant for fun to mean prodigacy. The *T. C.* advises mothers having such fast daughters to keep them at home, and make them make their own dresses and wear their own hair.

Warner, the proprietor of the "pro bono publico menagerie" and Cobweb Hall, at Meiggs' Wharf, says that if the Board don't alter the arrangements of the sewers down North Beach, he won't have a monkey left alive in a month, and as all the other inhabitants will be either dead with fever or removed by that time, he thinks it would be "kind of lonesome down there alone." The Board of Health are invited by him to a little boating picnic excursion, at North Beach, and need not fear boat accidents, as they are to take their pleasure in the putrid stinking pool they have themselves created. They are requested not to stuff up all the smell, but to leave a little for the Mayor and corporation.

Are Fish Animals? Is there not a society for the prevention of cruelty to animals? Is it cruel to keep over a hundred gold fish wedged in a little tank of about nine inches by twelve, to keep them there day after day, packed, indeed, like herrings in a barrel, panting, gasping, like frightened birds? If so, is not that owner of such a tank of cruelty, to be found in the fruit store on the north side of Washington street, just below Dupont, amenable to the laws for the suppression of shameful brutality to God's creatures?

Dr. Blach, the City Physician, has petitioned the Board of Health for a three dollar fee for signing certificates of death, and he is authorized to charge that amount for such services. His charge for a cure, if in proportion, must be somewhat large, but it's so seldom such a charge is necessary that the worthy doctor prefers making a sure thing out of the dead ones.

A Certain Mary McNeil has been locked up for stealing a baby. What a pity it is that there are not more Mary McNeils in the city to relieve overburdened mothers. The *Town Crier* would put Mary on the track of any amount of babies whose mothers would never trouble to prosecute her. But Mary was drunk, and that accounts for it.

A Vienna Journal contains the following announcement: "Anna Agrikol, sick nurse, watches dead bodies, repairs straw chairs, applies leeches, and makes pastry, desserts, and delicacies."

"**Love,**" says an amorous writer, "is an internal transport." The same might be said of a canal boat.

A SUNSET WALK.

Purple, gold, and ruby tints,
 Are fading in the sunless sky,
And pearly, dim, uncertain glints
 Mark one lone star on high.
The cricket's tiny bell is rung,
The last song of the bird is sung.

Far away the din and fret—
 The daytime hurry and the strife—
The weary toil and sad regret,
 Which haunt our daily life—
Oh, far away these leave me now,
With sunset's kisses on my brow.

Leaves, which all day idly toss,
 Now pause to listen for the Night,
Fast riding with his radiant host,
 O'er hills of dying light.
Around me falls the hush of prayer,
And dimmer grows the pulseless air

Peace and Love on all descend!
 Oh, surely, in an hour like this,
Kind Heaven seems nearer earth to bend,
 To give one good-night kiss!
Fair home-lights now the wanderer sees,
Like fire-flies, twinkle through the trees.

Loving ones return to him,
 And rosy cheeks with love-light glow;
Fond hopes arise, at twilight dim,
 In dreams of long ago.
And all the joy sweet memory gives,
Touched by the hand of sunset, lives.

Oh, tranquil sunset of the soul,
 When all the jar of earth is past!
When storms no longer round us roll,
 And heaven is near, at last!
We know, though faint and fail we may,
Calm sunset ends the longest day.

—*George Cooper, in Appleton's Journal for June.*

THE VIRGINIA CITY CALAMITY.

The Fearful Explosion which caused the death of ten people and the destruction of some $400,000 worth of property, was first known in this city by the following telegram received by the Bank of California: "Virginia City, June 30th. 8 18 A. M. A terrific explosion last night in the "L" of Root's building fronting on B street, in the rear of the bank, blowing to atoms all that portion of the building, and portions of Douglas' on the north, and Sharon's on the west, and shattering our building very considerably. A fire ensued, destroying the entire of Root's building, and extended to the upper portions of Bank building, completely gutting the top story, but was checked in the second story, deluging the first story with water. It is estimated that 11 persons were killed—only four thus far recovered. Kennedy & Mallon lose their entire stock. We will occupy a portion of Driscol & Co.'s office until ours is in condition. Cannot yet determine the extent of the damage to our building. The insurance will probably cover the loss.

(Signed.) A. J. RALSTON

The *Chronicle's* correspondent thus explains the explosion and its cause: "The explosion was doubtless the work of nitro-glycerine, as we learn that six cases of this pent-up lightning were stored in the building, under the rooms of Van Bokkelen and Smith, on Friday last. General Van Bokkelen was the local agent of several powder companies—is said to have been agent for Black, Giant, and Hercules Powder. Recently, as we learn, he had been making a series of experiments with these several explosives, and we get it from pretty good authority that on Friday last he received and stored under his bedroom and office six cases of nitro-glycerine. This, with about one hundred pounds of Giant Powder, perhaps as much Hercules, and over two hundred pounds of Black or blasting powder, was stored in the B-Taylor streets L of the Root building. At the time of the explosion a number of miners, coming up town in the face of the wind, from the burning wreck distinctly recognized the fumes of Giant Powder. Giant Powder is nitro-glycerine in a different form. Giant Powder would have produced the concussion, perhaps, but 100 nor 1,000 pounds of it could not have produced the disaster, because it would have worked different—would have rent the solid earth instead of shattering distant buildings with the fragments of the one in which it exploded. The sensation of nearly every one in Mrs. Taylor's lodging-house was that of a general upheaval and the resultant crash, but those who preserved sufficient presence of mind to notice external things, say that the explosion seemed to come from General Van Bokkelen's room. General Van Bokkelen was doubtless in bed, as he was undressed, when the explosion occurred, and his body was found several feet north of his room. The body of Davis was found forty feet north of his room, and that of Smith had been thrown fifty feet north. The other bodies found were immediately under the rooms occupied by them in life. Giant Powder is supposed to explode only by concussion. Nitro-glycerine explodes without apparent cause. General Van Bokkelen, though a cautious and prudent man, had a pet monkey in his room, and probably had small and large quantities of both Giant Powder and nitro-glycerine also. He entered his room only about twenty minutes before the explosion, and doubtless proceeded at once to undress. While his lamp was still burning, the monkey probably got up a jamboree and upset the lamp on a can of glycerine. Of course the truth will never be known.

The following is the list of killed: Major General Van Bokkelen, J. P. Smith, William Davis, Ben. Mandel, Mrs. Ed. Dean and her little daughter, Billy Low, Charles Knox, Mrs. Emily O'Connor and John Devine, the latter having been killed by an iron door which was blown through a window in Derby & Gearhart's livery stable on the other side of the street. There may be, and probably are, several others killed. The body of General Van Bokkelen was taken from the ruins before the fire had reached it, and it was literally crushed to jelly—his skull being broken above the forehead, the left eye crushed in, and the right leg broken to fragments. The body of J. P. Smith, horribly mangled, was found under the brick and debris on the opposite side of Taylor street, and that of his attendant (for Smith had not yet recovered from the effects of a severe accident met with two weeks before), young Davis, was found in the middle of Taylor street. The body of Charley Knox was taken from the ruins and was scarcely recognizable. Billy Low's watch and fragments of a body (supposed to be his) were taken out.

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A Lady Correspondent in London writes to us as follows: The Claimant has bestowed a title upon a coat, though I don't think the fashion will last as long as his notoriety. The garment ticketed by the tailors as "The Claimant" is an ugly dust-colored affair, with huge buttons, and about as much shape as a sack. The huge man's popularity is on the wane, the public are tired of him and his clumsy speeches, and he no longer draws crowded houses when he is announced to appear at theaters or music halls. He is not pretty to look at, and he is a very bungling speaker, so there is really nothing to attract people to see him. Ladies don't crowd to Westminster as they did at the beginning of the trial, and a fashionable west-end toilette is by no means necessary for the occasion. Blue is the prevailing color in ladies' toilettes now, and a very ugly shade—a real old-fashioned "sky" is the favorite tint. I saw a very pretty costume prepared for Ascot in sky blue silk, trimmed with white and black lace. The polonaise was the newest shape from Paris, and which is very becoming to almost all figures. It is fastened from the neck to the bottom, but is not cut to the waist in front. It fits tightly behind, with a large full pouf with a large bow and ends. Alternate rows of black and white insertion are laid on as trimming, and a very wide mixed black and white lace is put on at the edge. Straight down the front there is a handsome trimming of insertion and lace, with large bows at intervals, and very large square cuffs of lace and insertion finish the sleeves. The "Ascot" bonnet is very stiff and ugly. I think it must be meant for an imitation of a Welch woman's hat. It is high in the crown, and the brim turns up in front. It has no feathers or flowers, but a broad band of ribbon of a darker shade than the bonnet goes round it, and it has a large bow on the right side. Under the brim is a wreath of flowers, a ruching of ribbon on a quilling of tulle, according to taste, which has at a little distance precisely the effect of a muslin cap border. A veil of the same color as the trimming goes from the left side of the bonnet under the chin and up to the back of the right side behind the ear, where it is fastened and falls in a long end down the back. There is nothing to recommend it—it looks stiff and ugly even on the prettiest face. The newest hats are a curious shape. They look exactly as if they had been perched here and there all round the brim, which turns down and rests flat upon the head. The crown is low, and the trimming comes from the back right over the top to the front. The style is pretty and careless looking, and a new change from the rather severe looking sailor hats, which don't suit everybody. The "Alexandra" waist-band and bag is a pretty trifle in bronze leather, which is very much worn. The belt is mounted and buckled with silver, and from a pretty clasp on the right side hangs a small bag.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Yesterday was the Fourth of July.—The New Dominican Friars' Church was dedicated by Archbishop Alemany on Sunday last. The first church of this kidney in the city.—Eighty-five deaths last week.—Miss Sarah Collins, the crucifixion young woman, and Miss Armer, her confidante, have become members of the Order of the Holy Family. The first is called Sister Briar—root cross; the second, Sister Jane of the Seventeen Dolorous Dumps.—Dr. Scott has returned to his flock.—Six ships are in want of crews; it is said that only Jacks enough for two are in port. Jacks are bowers, indeed.—Dr. Lyman, having been appointed Bishop of North Carolina, preached his farewell sermon on Sunday morning last. The doctor was visibly effected. His congregation kept their feelings under admirable control.—Judge Louderback is married. Pity the drunks after a certain lecture! It is a good thing to have a safty-valve.—Robert Ferral has been lecturing the Dashaways on "American Orators," with himself as an example. The Dashaways don't think much of American orators.—Part of Beale-street wharf has gone down as bait for the little fishes.—At last, the Police Station-house authorities have scented their abode of bliss with chloride of lime and now the last state of that house is worse than its first.—The pound-master must find the sausage making business pay or he would never condescend to break off the tag from Linderbaum's "leedle dang," and then impound the bow-wow.—The fines and forfeitures in the Police Court amounted to $1,865 in June.—The *California* is now a sheer hulk.—It took something like a dozen policemen to carry Mary Reynolds (emotional insanity) to the City Prison on Sunday night, and yet she only weighs, when sober, 250 pounds.—Nearly 15,000 letters were delivered by the carriers in June.—A movement is on foot by the Frenchmen of this city to show in some way their appreciation of ex-President Thiers.—That the city might be kept in peace, $13,175 a month are paid to the gray-coated guardians of that gentle quality.—A stupid mistake has been made about the machinery of the New Mint. It is found that to get some of the pieces in, a portion of the rear wall will have to be knocked down.—Delivery and deposit of letters by carriers and mail boxes are the newest blessings to South San Francisco.—Runaways have been very frequent this week. One on Sunday, one on Monday, and two on Tuesday.—James N. Barrett has the contract for food and supplies to the County Jail and City Prison, at 8 cents per head. "The sighing of the prisoners," etc.—Frank Henry Knickerbocker has petitioned to have his name changed to Frank Henry Fish. We don't see the gain.—The two paintings of Tamelpais and Ross' Valley, exhibited on Montgomery street, look like pictures in consumption.—To-day is a general holiday.—The "Rescue Society" is making one more effort to provide a home for "repentent" (read played-out) Magdalenes.—The *Alta* man calls Marlowe's recitation of "The Blue and the Gray," a treat. Is it a joke?—The "Artists Own Sale" commenced on Wednesday evening.—Half a dozen claimants to the $2,100 left by Wm. Ross of Sonoma County (the suicide at Coso House) have appeared, all called William Ross. Others are expected from England.—One hundred coolies peddle the vegetables of the Oaklanders.—300 inmates of the County Hospital on the first.—The turn of the white light o' loves seems at hand; and only fair too.—One hundred and eighty-three marriage licenses during June.—Edward Hughes, a one-armed mechanic, has finished a table of one hundred thousand pieces of wood. So much for perseverance, for it took him fourteen months to make it.—The San Francisco Stock Board adjourned from Wednesday last to Tuesday next.—The *Post* still appears.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

An Earthquake, attended with serious loss of life and property, was generally felt over Italy, last week.—M. Jules Ferry, the French Minister at Athens, has been recalled, and M. Gobrilac appointed in his place.—Four thousand Biscayans have declared in favor of Don Carlos.—The Spanish Government has struck a medal to be bestowed on officers and men chiefly instrumental in suppressing the Cuban rebellion.—Sir Samuel Baker's mission is reported as being entirely successful.—The Exposition, particularly in the American department, has been much injured by a severe rainstorm.—The Capital of Khiva is occupied by Russian troops.—The principal members of the International Society have been arrested in Rome.—Slavery is to be abolished in Cuba.—Baron Rothschild, of Paris, according to custom, opened his doors to all comers at the last feast of the Passover.—Earl Russell has proposed a scheme of his own for the better government of Ireland.—Spain continues in her state of wretched disorder.—Rumors of the probable renewal of hostilities with the Maories reach us from New Zealand.—The Alexandra Palace, so recently destroyed, cost £3,000,000 in erection.—The Dutch are not willing to play second fiddle. Another and larger expedition is being fitted out by them against Acheen.—Negotiations for a postal convention between France and America are soon to be resumed.—The receipts from internal revenue in the United Kingdom during the past fiscal year, were £53,896,000.—On dit, that the protest against abolition of religious corporations is to be a hard fought one.—MacMahon intends asking pardons for the most deserving of the Communist prisoners.—The Shah is in London still.—The Emperor of Austria will visit the Czar in December.—The Bank of England forgers have been fully committed for trial.—Seven hundred and fifty emigrants left Liverpool for the Mormon land on Wednesday.

THE SAN JOAQUIN AND KING'S RIVER IRRIGATION CO.

This Company have done all the surveys necessary to secure a general irrigation for the entire valley, and that their operations are confined exclusively to the west side of the valley, from Tulare Lake to Antioch, that they do not interfere in any way with the future irrigation of Kern, Tulare, Fresno, Merced, Tuolumne and Stanislaus counties, and that the result of their operations tend only to advance the general system of irrigation for the valley. The surveys which the company have made throughout the valley during the past two years have been of great public benefit, because they have demonstrated the wonderful natural adaptability for irrigation, the abundance of water available from the winter's rains, and the melting of the snows, from the middle of December to the middle of July. These surveys, which have taken the past two years to perfect, have enabled the Irrigation Commission, appointed by Congress, to understand the water system of the valley, and will, thereby, enable them to report *two years sooner* than they could possibly otherwise do. The actual profiles—longitudinal and transverse, taken by the company and the railroad company—have been completed sufficiently to give a correct idea of the best general system of irrigation of the entire valley. Every county has, therefore, been benefited by these surveys. This company's field of operations are, and will be, confined exclusively to the west side of the valley, and, therefore, the above surveys, while advancing a general system for the southern and eastern portions of the valley, are in no sense a monopoly of the waters, as so often charged in newspaper articles.

Boiler Explosions seem to be the order of the day. Why will not parties using steam power take precaution in time, and use none but the best and most approved kind of boiler? "The Root Wrought-Iron Sectional Safety Boiler" is now becoming pretty generally used, and has the highest approbation of many prominent engineers and others: It is in use on the Conard line of steamers, in all parts of the States, in Virginia City and Gold Hill, to wit: Belcher Mining Co., Imperial Mining Co., Union Mill and Mining Co., Chollar-Potosi Mining Co., Sutro Tunnel Co. A model may be seen at room 18, No. 321 Montgomery street.

Most People must have remarked and admired the large and beautifully dressed doll that was on exhibition at the White House on Thursday. She, like the rest of our fashionable ladies, was dressed there, and presented by the White House to the managers of the fair to be held next week at Platt's Hall for the benefit of the orphan boys of San Rafael. Very few of our city young ladies possess a more complete toilette than this doll, itself and its wardrobe being worth more than $200. It is a very handsome present, and given for a very good cause.

The Regular Monthly Meeting of the British Benevolent Society will be held at the Rooms, 730 Montgomery street, on Monday the 7th instant, at 8 P. M.

Trenor W. Park, of the Emma Mine swindle notoriety, is one of the new Directors of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company.

Vol. 3. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR JUNE, No. 4.

IS NOW READY FOR DELIVERY, CONTAINING THE

USUAL AMOUNT OF INTERESTING READING MATTER.

PRICE, 25 CENTS.

For Sale by White & Bauer, 413 Washington St., W. E. Loomis, Sansome and Washington Sts., at the Office 607 to 615 Merchant St., and all News Dealers.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, JULY 5, 1873. No. 23.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL, CALIFORNIA MAIL BAG, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—890@910—SILVER BARS—1½@1¾ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86¾@87c. Mexican Dollars, 6c.@6c.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¼ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 11¾ per cent. On London, Bankers 49¾@49¾; Commercial 49¾@50; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¾.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, July 3d, at 3 P. M., 115⅝. Latest price of Sterling, 109½@110⅛.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. . . . . .July 4, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s '65-7-8..	103¼	104½	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	115	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	100	101	Oakland 10s	105	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862....	100	101	Spring Valley Water Co......	80	—
Legal Tender Notes	86¾	87	Omnibus Railroad Company.	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '5..	100	—	Central Railroad Company...	—	—
S. F. City Bonds 6s, 1855	98	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co....	60	53
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	95	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	18	22
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s.	97	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds.......	80	82½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	73	—	California Insurance Co......	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	98	Union Insurance Co	92	95
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	—	Pacific Bank................	60	68
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s..	90	95	The Bank of California.......	125	127
San Francisco Gas Light Co.	65	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES.	TEAS	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1...	$50 00 @ 53 50	Japans.........	— 20 @ — 73
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔..	— 4 @ — 6	Oolong . .	— 50 @ — 65
Metal Sheathing, ℔....	— 24 @ — 25	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box...	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No 1, ℔ . . .	— 9 @ — 9½
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box...	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island...	— 7 @ — 9½
Lead, Pig, ℔........	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila...	— 7 @ — 7½
Lead, Sheet, ℔........	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11½
Banca Tin, ℔	— 36 @ — 38	Muscovado...........	— 8 @ — 8
Quicksilver...........	— — @ 1 00	Peruvian..............	— 8 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton.....	14 00 @ 15 00	Sperm Wax, ℔.........	— 30 @ — 44
Australian	11 25 @ 12 —	Adamantine.	— 14 @ — 18
Cumberland...........	20 00 @ 22 50	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Anthracite............	10 00 @ 12 00	Whisky, American.......	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay.........	8 50 @ — —	Whisky, Scotch , ...	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo...........	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American......	2 00 @ 3 10
Guatemala, ℔.	— 19 @ — 20	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government..	— 22 @ — 23	Brandy, French..........	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila.................	— 19 @ — 20	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica............	— 19 @ — 20	Chicken Gunnies, 300-℔..	— 18 @ — 19
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales.. .	— 17 @ — 18
China, No 1, ℔ . ..	— 6⅜ @ — 7½	Burlap Bags	— 11 @ — 11½
China, No 2	— 6 @ — 6½	Hessian, 40-inch, ℔ yard.	— 11 @ — 11½
Hawaiian	— 7½ @ — 8½	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool, ℔...........	— 12½ @ — 24
Champagne, ℔ doz.......	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 6 @ — 6½
Port, according to brand,		Hides	— 16 @ — 17
℔ gallon.	3 00 @ 4 75	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs. . .	1 65 @ 1 75
Sherry, do. do........	1 75 @ 7 00	Barley	1 10 @ 1 35
OIL.		Oats	1 15 @ 1 33
Coal and Kerosene . .	— 31 @ — 44	Flour ℔ 196 lbs. ...	4 25 @ 5 25

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

July 1st, 1873.—The market continues steady and unchanged for choice at 22½ to 24½ and 24. Medium, 15@19c. There seems to be a slight increase in the demand for Burry, at from 13@16c., and for some choice lots higher prices have been paid. Reports from the East are quite favorable to, at least, a continuance of present quotations.

WATT & MCLENNAN,
Wool Commission Merchants, 625 Sansome street, San Francisco

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange. — NEW YORK, July 3d, 1873.—Gold opened at 115⅜; 11 A. M. at 115½; 3 P. M. at 115⅝. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1868, 116; 1867, 117⅛. Sterling Exchange, 109⅝@110⅛. Pacific Mail, 36¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 37. Wheat, $1 60@$1 85 quiet. Pork, 18½ dull. Cotton, 20½. Hides, dry, 23¼@23, green, 10. Wool Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 42@$1 45 fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 60@$1 70; Whale, active, 58@65c. quiet. Winter Bleached, 68@74c. Wool—Spring, fine, 27@31c.; Burry, 21@26c.; Pulled, 40@55c. Fall Clips, 23@27c.; Burry, 16@21c. LONDON, July 3.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s. 6d.@11s. 10d. Club, 12s. 4d. United States Bonds, 90¾. Consols, 92⅞@92¾.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

The P. M. Steamship Alaska narrowly escaped burning on the 12th of April last, while on her trip from this port to Yokohama, and when she was one thousand miles from the Sandwich Islands, the nearest land. The fire was caused by a quantity of sulphuric acid, shipped as "medicine." The officers and crew, at the risk of their lives, succeeded in extinguishing it; cases of merchandise, wine, bales of leather, etc., were drawn out, charred to a coal, removed to the upper deck and drenched with water, after which they were carefully stowed away to be used as evidence against the shippers, Will & Nano, of San Francisco.

A Telegram from the East, respecting the fishery and boundary provisions of the Treaty of Washington, is at hand, and is as follows: Washington, July 1st. President Grant has issued a proclamation announcing that he has received official notification that the British and the Dominion Parliaments have adopted the necessary legislation preliminary to those portions of the Treaty of Washington pertaining to the fisheries and to the relations between the United States and the Dominion, going into effect, and that consequently they are now in full practice.

A Note from London, 14th June, says that there is a prospect that M. De Lesseps's great work, in obtaining a junction of the Russian line of rail from Moscow to Cabul, will be supplemented by a ship canal called the Paunben Channel, cut straight through the most prosperous of British possessions, Ceylon. The new channel is striking on account of its directness, its shortness, and the small amount of its estimated cost. Though little more than two miles long, it will save 700 miles in distance, and about four days in time.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, June 18, 1873.—A. S. Head and family, Miss Head, Thomas Sunderland and family, C. G. Hooker and family, J. R. Dickinson and wife, Edgar Mills, Frank Cunningham, Charles M. Plum, George A. Worn and family, C. F. Fargo, Daniel T. Murphy, Judge McCrea, Mrs. C. Heis and family, Mrs. A. L. Barnes, Mrs. S. F. Ladd, L. Scollier, Charles Schmitt, Jonas G. Clark and family.

The Agent for the Past Six Years of the Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Company has proceeded to London in furtherance of the Company's interest, and in aid of other important undertakings. Mr. R. has been the faithful and responsible agent for many years in this city, and is entitled, as an experienced man of business, to every consideration with our London friends.

The French Minister of Marine has sent to the *News Letter*, from Paris, a circular warning ship owners, captains and insurance agents, against a new "infernal machine," intended for the destruction of vessels, which for fraudulent purposes it is desired to destroy. It is put on board in the shape of coal, and at a given moment after the vessel is at sea it explodes.

The Pacific Mail Steamer Arizona arrived from Panama and way ports on the 2d inst., with passengers and a large and valuable cargo, including very considerable invoices of Dundee Bags via Aspinwall. We have also to notice the arrival of the ship Eliza McNeil, from New York, to Wm. T. Coleman & Co., with a large cargo of general merchandise.

Major Harney, our present County Clerk, has received officially the unanimously expressed wishes of the Judges of the various Courts of the City and County of San Francisco, that he ought and must be continued in his present position. It is needless to assert that we heartily endorse this very general belief.

We Incidentally Mention that the "Cyphrenes," that left on the evening of the 3d instant for Hongkong, seemed to be the acme of perfection, as far as the ship-building art of the present age has extended. Carries a large cargo, engines perfection, and the hull and accommodations superb.

The First of the Trans-Pacific Line of Steamers may be expected here in about six weeks. They are considerably larger than the English steamers that have come as yet to this port. The vessels that are now running in that line are chartered.

There is Considerable English Railroad Iron coming here from Portland, Oregon, reshipments. The iron was originally imported for the Northern Pacific Railroad, and the cause of its diversion to California is not made public.

The Anglo-Californian Bank (Limited) commenced business on the 2d of July, in the banking house formerly occupied by Messrs. J. Seligman & Co. The Bank will undoubtedly do a large and prosperous business.

We Must Congratulate the Mint upon obtaining the valuable services of Mr. William H. Keith as Assistant Coiner. We have known him ever since '52, and have always found him "just as good as gold."

The Price paid for the property on the east side of Sansome street, south of California (30 by 187½ in size), was $60,000, and not $70,000.

It is Rumored that Philip Meagher, formerly of Meagher, Taaffe & Co., is to be nominated by the Tax Payers for the State Senate.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

COULD YOU

Could you lay your hand in mine, love,
As you did it long ago
When the air was frosted wine, love,
And the earth was a crinkling snow,
Could you kiss me as you kissed me,
And our [illegible] meet as they met,
Ah! there never was a joy, one,
But was answered with regret.

Is it ages that have passed, love?
Is it centuries' [illegible] days?
Has the Winter and the blast, love,
[illegible] out the olden ways?
Other arms have fondly pressed thee,
Other lips caressed than mine,
Other love perchance has [illegible],
Since the day of "Auld Lang Syne."

Could you meet me, could you greet me,
As we met when days were sweet,
When the [illegible] beat more [illegible]
To the rhyme of dancing feet,
When our hearts beat wild with pleasure,
Earth was joy [illegible], life was new,
When our love was all our treasure,
I was happy, you were true!

Could I clasp you, could I hold you,
Could my kisses rain in showers,
Could my arms once more enfold you—
Autumn cannot bring Summer flowers!
Could the rhyming and the chiming
Of the bells bring back once more
All the sweetness and comp[illegible] tenderness
Of the vanished days of yore.

Vainly would these arms surround thee,
Vainly would the [illegible] art of [illegible],
Woman's [illegible] wreath to crown thee!
Woman's warmth! [illegible] [illegible] cold!
Yet the ringing and the [illegible],
Of the bells bring back to me
Other days when thou wert mine, love,
And thy heart was all to me.

POSING FOR THE NUDE.

About Twenty Students were collected at the atelier, awaiting the arrival of the person who was to pose. A glowing stove made the place excessively warm, with a view to the comfort of the expected model. As it was customary to admit only painters, [illegible] advised me not to intimate that I did not belong to the [illegible] priesthood of art, as painters, especially models, [illegible] the presence of [illegible] laymen being thus designated in the language of the atelier.

Presently the model arrived, a bright handsome brunette of nineteen or twenty. There was a demonstration of welcome from the painters, the door was locked, and she proceeded in a business-like fashion to prepare for work. When ready she mounted a platform about two feet high, where she fell easily into a broad side-light. Two of the more advanced painters, who acted as a committee of arrangements, placed her in position. This being the first pose, there was a discussion about the posture to be assumed. Several times the two placed her and then retired a few yards to observe the effect, remarking as they did so, "Don't hold the arm so stiff." "Incline the head a trifle," and what not, accompanied with painters' pantomime, such as slow drawing the head, shutting out portions with the interrupted hand, and making the effect with half-closed eyes. The fourth trial proved to be a success, at which a phrase of general satisfaction was expressed. The two, enjoining her not to budge, while the others got behind their easels and went to work, some taking off their coats. One modeled in clay, with this exception all had crayons. All faces turned earnestly toward the canvas, the clay, and the model, and not a sign of dawning [illegible] was to be seen. To them the woman was a statue. Nothing was recognized here but art, it took the form of worship, and he who looked with other eyes than those of an artist was accounted sacrilegious. Thus the [illegible] opinion of the atelier made them all artists and [illegible] feeling was not possessed. It was assumed.

After a time the silence was broken by her requesting some one to heat up the stove as she was cold, which brought out one or two ejaculations, and a murmur that we were already in the interior of Africa, to which she retorted that they would not think so if they were in her place. Another [illegible] silence was interrupted by her asking the time, at which one of the elders remarked, "Not yet, mademoiselle." Again in a few minutes she said she was sure the time was up. "Hist, my child," answered the same elder, "repose yourself." She left the stand, drew a mantle about her, and took a seat by the stove with a sense of relief. She was obliged to look out for herself in regard to the time of posing, as the painters were usually so absorbed as to forget it.

The repose of the model brought with it a contrast to the previous silence. There was a general buzz, and lighting of pipes and cigarettes. Two or three compliments were addressed to the model for her excellent posing, native gaiety cropped out, and two or three told her she was an angel or a duchess, to which she replied in that spirit of raillery with which these things were uttered. This was an illustration of French character—fond of work and equally fond of play.

I approached the model as she sat by the stove and entered into conversation with her, when I learned she had another occupation, that of artificial flower making, by which she earned three francs a day. Posturing was naturally more profitable; she received five francs for the two hours and a half to have been she remained in the atelier, during which she posed about two hours, the remainder being taken up in rests. The times of repose she called le entr'actes. Believing me to be a painter, she called my attention, in a simple, natural way, to the roundness of her arm, the texture and color of the skin, and the curved lines of her shoulder. She went on to say in a manner purely professional:

"My arms and shoulders are my best points, and I occasionally pose for them. I like it much better than posing for the whole figure."

At length the painter in authority told her it was time to resume the pose, and before stepping on the platform she looked at his watch. She was posing for Cynthia, who cast the shepherd Endymion into a deep sleep in order to kiss him. One of the painters having acquainted her with the mythological story of the artful stealing of the osculation, she observed that she paid very little attention to such nonsense—besides, one could not be here more than half these pains are said about such things. Then she fell cleverly into the posture, guided by a few directions. As they proposed to work on the face, she was instructed to wear a pleased expression. Cynthia was taken at the moment she is advancing toward the sleeping Endymion to snatch the kiss, coy and yet impelled by sweet temptation.

"Try, my child," said the man in authority, "to imagine that the young man you love lying asleep before you with his pockets full of bank notes."

This had the desired effect, the model could not help laughing, and the traces of it remained some time on her face. All fell to work again and silence was supreme, as each tried to transfer Cynthia's happy face to canvas. Once in a while, when through lassitude or forgetfulness she modified the posture, papa—the elder—said to her sharply, "Mademoiselle, pay attention," which showed that, however much license was allowed during the rests, rigid discipline was exacted in time of work.

When she got through, she made her toilet in the same business-like way that she had unmade it. She asked for a looking glass to complete it, but the article could not at once be found. "What savages! twenty men and not one mirror! But I am not surprised at it; you are such monsters you are afraid to look at yourselves." As Frenchmen like to be called monsters by the women, this was taken as a general compliment. At length a cracked mirror, poetically styled starred, was produced, before which she smoothed out her plumage like a bird in the sunshine. Her attire was simple—a round rose-colored little hat, black alpaca robe, dark brown mantle, closely fitting gloves and boots, and a parasol in her hand composed her costume. Equipped, she had the demeanor of a modiste of Nanterre, or a convent girl. The five franc piece was handed to her enveloped in paper, a mark of delicacy. After making an appointment for another day, she passed out with a modest, quiet air amidst a general chorus of adieus.

The painters of the atelier were composed of both sexes, working together apparently without difficulty. Six or seven women were present, two of whom were Americans. On making the acquaintance of one of the latter she observed:

"Some of our countrymen find an impropriety in our working in a mixed atelier, and perhaps there is, according to society's code, but if a woman wants to be a painter she must get over her squeamishness. If she wants to paint strong like a man, she must go through the same training. The trial to a modest young woman is at first great, but as soon as she is possessed of the art idea, the first impression which she receives on entering the atelier wears away, and she is absorbed in her work like those around her. There is no sex here; the students, men and women, are simply painters. In the atelier exceptions mostly in a woman painter is a [illegible] copy the women who [illegible] conventionality [illegible] in the pursuit of art stands a chance of distinction. If the woman has not the desire and enthusiasm to profit by the advantages of the atelier she had better not touch paint or pencil. This is one of the best ateliers in Paris to learn to paint in, and this is a sufficient reason for our coming here. Society can no more be governed by the rules of art than the atelier can be governed by the rules of society. If Rosa Bonheur had occupied her time looking after the proprieties she would not stand where she does to-day."

There was something most defiant in the remarks of the young lady, as if she held a pencil on that required defending. What she said, too, left an inference that she had broken many lances in maintaining herself on what is regarded as debatable ground.—*Albert L.A. ster, in July Galaxy.*

BANKING NOTICE.

We beg to inform the public and our patrons that the Banking business of J. SELIGMAN & CO., 412 California street, will be transferred to the ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK, LIMITED, on the first day of July next, and we take pleasure in offering our [illegible] that will be able and willing to [illegible] receive our many friends. J. SELIGMAN & CO.

San Francisco, June 2d, 1873.

Referring to the above, we invite the attention of the public and patrons of MESSRS. J. SELIGMAN & CO. to the [illegible] named.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK, (LIMITED)

Which will be formally opened on the second day of July next, at Seligman's old Bank, 412 California street.

Its authorized Capital Stock will be	$6,000,000
Subscribed Stock	3,000,000
Cash paid in July 2d	1,500,000

The paid up capital will be increased from time to time to keep pace with the legitimate wants of the [illegible]. The foreign relations will be such as to insure exchange operations on the most favorable basis. June 2. F. F. LOW, IGN. STEINHART, Managers. [illegible] SEATH.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital $1,500,000 Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, E. D. Morgan. Directors—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, [illegible], M. J. [illegible], James [illegible], [illegible] Edward Martin, [illegible] Callaghan [illegible]. New York Agents, Jay Cooke & Co.; London Agents, Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland, [illegible] Authorized to transact a general banking business. Deposits in [illegible], Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. [illegible] collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rates of Exchange. May 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hours on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M. for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.

GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. [illegible] street (Fried lander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct 14.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 28.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

6 Post street, Masonic Temple San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Money received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. EDWARD [illegible] HEATT, President. Wm. H. [illegible], Vice President. H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; G. S. Van Dyne, Cashier. Banking House 435 California street. July 2.

COSMOPOLITAN SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No 626 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block.—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits One per cent per month. Deposits Payable on Demand. Six per cent. [illegible] for [illegible] W. S. THOMPSON, President. J. Cameron, Secretary. [May 10.]

J. SELIGMAN & CO.

Bankers, No. 412 California street.—Exchange and Telegraphic Transfers for sale, payable in Gold or Currency, in sums to suit, on all principal cities of the United States. Also, Bills of Exchange on the principal cities of Europe. Dec 21.

MONEY TO LOAN

I am prepared to Discount good Notes at low rates, and make Loans upon STOCKS and REAL ESTATE. JOHN T. LITTLE, No. 304 Montgomery street. May 3.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT

Our spring importations being now complete we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle [illegible] and other makes. [illegible] March 29. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

NOTICE

Mr. William Matrick (or Maycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or at Hanley, Staffordshire, England. You are hereby informed that your daughter, Miss ELIZA DUNN, [illegible] in San Francisco [illegible]. Any communication addressed to her will be [illegible] Mrs. E. Dunn at the [illegible], or at Placard [illegible] and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Merchant street, San Francisco. June 2.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double, Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours 9 a.m. and [illegible] Having completed my arrangements for making Collections, [illegible] are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to City Collections and in adjustments prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated and money advanced on Real Estate. June 14.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES AND [illegible] THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co., Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hey & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—J. D. Ledyer, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co., Thomas Turrell, Wayle, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co., W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants Exchange.
Boston—J. [illegible], Ed. Garrett, Merchants Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanza, [illegible] & Fils, [illegible] & Gretillet, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co., Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres, Jackson, Steen & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange, Borsen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce, Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co.; A. Willard, Esq.; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Luttermuth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, Borse-halle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie, Wanner, Langer & Co., Chinbole & Co., Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq., H. B. Mac Lorenl.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Glyn & Co., Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring Bros. & Co., Delisy, Davies & Co., Fk. Anstie, M.D., "Pall Mall Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—W. [illegible] & Co., Alsop & Co., Huth Gruning & Co., Bates, Stokes & Co., Gibbs, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendal, Liverpool General Brokers Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Praca Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excelentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co., The Iturbide La Salle & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fils & Co., Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co., Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Sumner & Co., McCulloch, Sellar & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co., Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James Club, C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co., Peel, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimerman, Fair & Co.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

Women as Hod-Carriers in Vienna.—I have before alluded to the fact that women [illegible] the hardest kind of [illegible] work in Germany, but was not prepared for the sights I have witnessed to-day in Vienna. In America mixing mortar and carrying the hod is considered such hard work that few white men can be found willing to undertake it at the present day. An immense building near our hotel, occupying a whole block, is in course of erection, on which not less than 500 persons are employed, fully 200 of whom are women. At the hardest laboring work is done by women, such as making and carrying mortar in buckets on their heads to the workmen, handling the brick. They are not as well as women, at least, several overseers being engaged to keep them constantly in motion. We found the same progress in other women at work on all the new buildings, and there must be many thousands of them to-day doing this species of laboring work in Vienna. They are both young, middle-aged and old, but all seem to be strong and healthy. At dinner-time they swarm into the shops to purchase a piece of brown bread and fat bacon and a mug of beer, and eat their dinners sitting on the curbstones. Their wages is one florin, or 40 cents per day, and I am assured by a gentleman resident here that most of them are [illegible] about the [illegible] or in barns or sheds, having no homes. Amidst all the splendor and wealth of this great city, with its millions of inhabitants, there is perhaps more destitution, want and suffering than in any other city of America. Still we frequently hear some of our countrymen praising and preferring the governments of Europe. Whilst viewing the scene, the emperor and empress, with his staff and outriders, galloped [illegible] in [illegible] stones, dashed along the [illegible] on the way to the palace, whilst a short distance off stand the royal stables, a magnificent structure, covering at least four blocks of ground, as large as Franklin square, the meanest animal of which is better cared for than these women. It is not to be wondered that of the 8,000 births annually in the hospitals, that in Vienna, less than 500 are of children born in wedlock.—*Correspondence Baltimore American.*

In Moses Square boots and shoes may be obtained at any price from sixpence. [illegible] A brisk business in the boot trade is done on Sunday morning, a singularly crowded, and the system of exchange [illegible] is the inferior department. There are stalls [illegible] of [illegible] in boots "past mending," and dilapidated trodden-down things, and with [illegible] their eye? [illegible] and with [illegible] leathers. It would seem impossible for boots in a worse condition to be worn but wearers of old boots just as they [illegible] the fair bootmakers' hall, and [illegible] them [illegible] a pair [illegible] stall [illegible], [illegible] of them with the [illegible] on their feet, they will perhaps hand three halfpence or twopence and their own for the other pair, and effect the change on the spot, squatting down on the muddy pavement to do it. Every Sunday there is a [illegible] the privilege of [illegible] at [illegible] rent for the few feet of space they [illegible] to display their goods. I learn [illegible] for certain, but I [illegible] that the rent of the [illegible] Moses Square is estimated at a penny the square yard, the term of tenancy commencing at ten o'clock on Sunday morning and expiring at two in the afternoon.—*St. Pauls.*

The Women of Vienna.—A correspondent of the St. Louis *Democrat* writes from Vienna that he has found the type of woman which Rubens loved to paint. The Austrian capital is the place which [illegible] these brawny dames. Thinks he: "Undoubtedly it is in this city that German womanhood attains the highest physical perfection. No where else can you see women so tall, stately and robust, mantled with that richness of color and gladness of expression which are the products of a fine physical organization. They are for the most part declared blondes, or decided brunettes, Germans or Magyars, but they all seem to be cast in the same large mold, and invested with the same magnificence. In the vitality and affluence of their charms, and the scale of their ample stature, they seem to be the very women that pray, smile, or dance on the warm and glowing canvas of Rubens. But our American [illegible] does not altogether agree with Peter Paul in his enthusiasm for these ample and expansive charms. He shows his loyalty to his own countrywomen by adding: "This implies, and is meant to imply, that their beauty is not of the finest order. In that respect our own fair country women are, I honestly believe, unrivaled; but, on the other hand, they are inferior in physique to these Austrian dames."

One of the Light Brigade, a survivor of the "noble six hundred" who rode "into the mouth of hell" at the famous charge of Balaklava, lives in Chicago. He entered the British service as a private in the ranks, and served in [illegible] and [illegible] campaign. He was frequently promoted for [illegible] and [illegible] qualities until he finally attained a captaincy. In the "charge of the Light Brigade," he received eleven wounds, six of which were severe [illegible] permanent scars. His story is that of the "noble six hundred," when ordered to "charge for the guns," [illegible] thought they had an easy task in the capture of a few field pieces. They never dreamed, he says, of the 6,000 Russians who were lying in wait behind the batteries. Five hundred were killed on the field and only one escaped unwounded, yet in spite of the storm of shot and shell, [illegible] the guns, and all that were left of them found their way back to the British lines. Of this memorable charge there are now in England two, in Canada one, in Chicago [illegible]. They each receive a pension of £1 per annum from the British government.

A Cape Diamond Worth £25,000.—Messrs. A. C. Stewart & Co., Cape merchants, [illegible] have just had consigned to them for sale from [illegible] diamond from the Cape fields weighing, the [illegible] carats, and last week the gem was on show at the [illegible] rooms of Messrs. [illegible] & Co. It measured 1½ inches in one direction, 1¾ inches in another, and [illegible] inches thick. [illegible] like all Cape diamonds, has a decidedly yellow color, resembling in appearance the stone known as the "Grand Duke of Tuscany," or "Austrian" diamond. It weighs 12 carats more than the celebrated Koh-i-noor, and is at present exceeded in weight by only four other diamonds, viz: the King of Portugal's, weighing 1680 carats; the Rajah of Mattan's, 367 carats; the great Mogul's, 279¾ carats, and the Nizam's, 340 carats. If it had been of the first water its value of course would have been beyond calculation, but as it is it is estimated as being worth £25,000.

The Gazzetta di Venezia Says: "Two young girls, whose faces and chins [illegible] had an East Aberdeen [illegible], passed through the station of Mestre yesterday, coming from Trieste. These two persons reproduce the phenomenon of the famous Siamese twins, with this difference, that they are united by the back. They appeared unembarrassed in the [illegible] and in good spirits. A question was asked at the station whether they should pay a ticket for one or two persons, and the question was not decided. Reference has been made to the Board of Directors of the railway."

Rev. Father Damen, S. J., says the Chicago *Evening Post*, is a very sensible [illegible] divine. He has been talking to the girls, and talking to them plainly. He says that paint and powder on the cheeks are a sign of barrenness within. Much paint, no brains. He says further that they should eschew dime novels and cultivate the cook book, and raise them there to a level with [illegible] by sharing their work in the kitchen, and permitting them to share their leisure in the parlor. Moreover, he says they must not be any more "girls"; they want to be angels in a future state of existence.

The Sale of Game and Rabbits.—According to a return to the House of Lords the licensed game dealers last year in England sold of game, 1,485,553; wild fowls, 556,854; hares, 610,593; and 4,408,833 rabbits. In the United Kingdom the game numbered 1,641,060, wild fowls 540 [illegible], hares, 702,834, and rabbits, 5,104,817.

A Big Dictionary.—German newspapers announce that the dictionary of the German language, in course of preparation by the Brothers Grimm, will contain more words than any other publication current. It has already reached the number of 170,000, and by the time it is completed it will comprise at least 500,000.

Don Carlos is a tall, slim man, nearly six feet high. He wears a thick beard, and his first appearance makes a very agreeable impression, which is increased by his lively manner and an almost free and smile.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. [illegible] Dr. J. Collis Browne was undoubtedly the inventor [illegible] [illegible] have received [illegible] from [illegible] the effect of [illegible] [illegible] Extract from the General Board of Health, London: "We are not [illegible] urge the necessity of [illegible] this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of all planting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is [illegible] [illegible] edged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most [illegible] ever discovered. [illegible] The [illegible] the Government Stamp [illegible] with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, with which none are genuine. In Bottles at 1s. 1½d., and 2s. 9d. by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. Agents, New York—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO. 17 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, as ribbon can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England Judson's Dyes are as Household Words, [illegible] articles of clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions affixed to the bottles. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, [illegible], Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price, small bottles, 6d.; Large, [illegible], 1s. 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, [illegible] wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of [illegible] ribbon. "SEE THAT YOU GET 'JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES.'"

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion, [illegible] in powder, [illegible] globules, and Pancreatic [illegible], [illegible] of the [illegible] from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat [illegible]. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable and true preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood-tar. [illegible] Morson and Son are the only British manufacturers [illegible], a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and despatch. Foreign Agents: Calcutta, Messrs. Smith, Stanistreet & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Ongell & [illegible]; Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. [illegible] KEATING'S CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a pure vegetable sweetmeat, [illegible] in appearance and taste, a [illegible] a most efficacious remedy for Intestinal Worms. It is perfectly safe and mild, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in [illegible] various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 28. Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & Co., corner Battery and Clay sts., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof [illegible] Percussion Caps, [illegible] Felt Gun Wadding, [illegible] Patent Cartridges for [illegible] and [illegible] Breech Loading Guns. Wire Cartridges [illegible] and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gun makers [illegible]. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, 57 Upper Thames street, London. Sept 1.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS's NAME is on every Capsule he makes for the great [illegible] merchants in England and France; the [illegible] properly to identify the genuine [illegible] the capsule [illegible] [illegible] vessel [illegible] in England. The Lord Chancellor [illegible] that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are [illegible] in protecting the wine from injury and insuring a genuine article. Manufactory, 1 Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS's name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the sole Patentee and sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES, 1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France. June 15.

MARAVILLA COCOA

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution: "MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition distinguish the Maravilla from all others. For invalids and dyspeptics we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS under the ablest homeopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 16.

F. O. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Haney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 15.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's Main street, Los Angeles. June 17.

THE LONGER LIFE.

[FROM THE OLD ENGLISH OF TOTTEE'S MISCELLANY, 1557.]

The longer life, the more offence,
The more offence, the greater pain,
The greater pain, the less defence,
The less defence, the lesser gain.
The loss of gain, long ill doth try;
Wherefore come death and let me die.

The shorter life, less count I find,
The less account, the sooner made,
The count soon made, the merrier mind,
The merry mind doth thought evade,
Short life in truth this thing doth try,
Wherefore come death and let me die.

Come, gentle death, the ebb of care,
The ebb of care, the flood of life,
The flood of life, the joyful fare,
The joyful fare, the end of strife,
The end of strife, for which I sigh;
Wherefore come death and let me die.

COOK, THE TOURISTS' FRIEND.

The Tide of Summer Tourists, says *Appleton's Journal*, is flowing Europeward, the steamers being crowded by anticipation for months to come, greenbacks converted into rouleaux of sovereigns and napoleons, the seamstress, milliners, and tailors, overcrowded with work on tourists' suits, and brown-stone fronts already putting on the blank, forbidding, "not-at-home" face, which stamps them as deserted. In view of the unusual number of European travelers, consequent upon the Vienna Exposition, why does not some enterprising Yankee organize a thorough system of excursions to the Austrian capital and back? At present, only the dimmest estimate can be made of the cost of a trip thither; after leaving the steamer in the Mersey, or at the mouth of the Seine or Elbe, nine voyagers out of ten have but the haziest notion what their outlays will be in fares and hotel expenses; and the financial aspect is of the first importance to the *paterfamilias* who contemplates taking madame and his two blooming daughters such a distance. In this matter of excursions, the English—and one Englishman in particular—have quite outdone us, who boast so much of our go-ahead-attiveness. Those who trust themselves to the patriarchal care of Mr. Cook, throw on his willing shoulders pretty much all the care of their own whatever. "Cook's tourists," to be sure, are more or less sneered at in England, and by none more than your cockney, who three years ago saved a matter of twenty pounds sterling by becoming a "Cook's tourist" himself, in a run on the Continent. Of course, people who are able to travel luxuriously, to have their couriers, take their *coupe* and coachman with them, engage suites of apartments at the Hotel Bristol and the Schweitzerhof a week beforehand by telegraph, and travel first class with the "princes and fools," may dispense with Mr. Cook and his kind altogether. He is emphatically the peculiar boon of the peripatetic middle classes, of those who are able to travel, if they can only do it moderately, and who must, as they travel, count the cost thereof. To these, Mr. Cook benevolently steps in and informs them that, at certain stated prices, he will take them almost anywhere or everywhere they wish to go. If they desire to see Paris or Vienna, Madrid or Naples, St. Petersburg or Constantinople—nay, even, for that matter, Jerusalem, Bagdad, and Damascus, the Pyramid of Cheops or the domes of Seringapatam, they have only to pack up and deliver themselves over, at the London railway-station, into the hands of Mr. Cook, or one of his lieutenants. He takes charge of the trunks and portmanteaus and umbrellas, he provides clean apartments and healthy food at the Continental hotels, he attends to the health and comfort of all his perambulating flock. He does all this on advantageously cheap terms dealing as he does by wholesale, and being a most envied customer to the less aristocratic Continental hosts. Notwithstanding the English fondness for being, eating, and traveling alone, Mr. Cook has been a distinct success, and may be looked upon as a sort of educator of the masses, as "travel tries a man," according to Lord Bacon. Every year may be seen shoals of cheerful "Cook's tourists" crossing the Channel and on the Continent you find them everywhere, wearing for the most part contented faces, [illegible] cathedrals [illegible] floating down German streams [illegible] the Louvre and Dresden galleries, [illegible] in the Palais Royal, crawling into the Great Pyramid, and leaning wonderingly [illegible] the Tête Noire, or vigorously mounting the pass of the Great Saint Bernard. They are happy, for the idea of [illegible] baggage does not intrude [illegible] the sentimental [illegible] by the monuments and the scenery, and there is a [illegible] in not knowing what [illegible] they are going to and what [illegible] they are cooling upon [illegible]. They are safe in the [illegible] and in the experienced [illegible] of Mr. Cook, and they [illegible] with many new and pleasant acquaintances made, and with many useful things in their heads which it will be a lifelong pleasure to recall. There is no reason on earth why there should not be an American Cook. Arrangements might be made with the ocean steamers, in the present state of [illegible] competition, to carry parties from ten to sixty at reduced fares, and the Continental lines and hotels would need little persuasion to induce them to [illegible] material concessions. Americans are [illegible], there is a very large class who would rather travel en masse than alone, and it is safe to say that hundreds would avail themselves of an opportunity to go to Vienna this summer, [illegible] a certain determined price, the relief of every necessary expense, and removal of the baggage [illegible]. [illegible] such a system, but, in being attended by competent managers and guides, they would be far less exposed to the wholesale swindling for which Continental hotels and shopkeepers and guides regard English and Americans as the legitimate game. Mr. Cook and his assistants go shopping with their [illegible], and thus enable them to pay the real market-price for their gewgaws and Indian shawls and [illegible]. The lodgings to be had at Vienna are said to be fast being taken up, and an enterprise such as we suggest should be organized at once if at all. It would be a [illegible] could people of limited means be assured, not only of a trip thither without many of the ordinary discomforts of traveling, but also of a temporary local habitation after arrival there, and the certainty of seeing the splendid exhibition in such comfort as is to be had at all away from home. The more the Americans who travel, the more intelligent voters and cultured men and women we shall have; for it is always true that traveling is a good regimen for ignorance, prejudice, and want of self-control.

[See Advertisement in another column.]

A PASTORAL PIPER.

Bishop Elder, of Mississippi, is a genial writer, and seemingly a cousin of Bishop Kip's. The writing of the one is like that of the other, and the driving of both is like the driving of Jehu, the son of Nimshi, for they drive furiously, in the face of all sense. Bishop Elder is of the elder and original Catholic Church, which is a very different thing from the old Catholic—and his latest Pastoral is concerning that old serpent, the devil, of whom he tells us "St. Paul called the devil) the god of this world, who has so blinded the minds of unbelievers, that the light of the gospel of the glory of Christ may not be seen by them." This is strong language, and, if it were not St. Paul's, we should call it rather too strong to be adopted by a good bishop, who believes that "God created the material world and the laws which govern it," and that it is "He who gives men the power to discover from these laws of nature just as much as he pleased to let them know, and nothing more." Evidently there is one god too many in this scheme of the world. Either St. Paul is right, and then the god with a small *g* has it; or else Bishop Elder is right, and then this world belongs to God. If it does, what shall be done to a bishop who treats his God like a scene-shifter? "In our generation," the Pastoral goes on, "God has been lifting the curtain a little higher than before, and men are learning something more about the elements and their mode of action" [illegible] they are able to see the rage of the actors and actresses [illegible] the stage. That is what the Bishop wanted to say, and we are glad [illegible]. [illegible] the devil, as permitted by God, the Bishop of Mississippi recommends to his flock to protect themselves against the evil spirits by prayer, signs of the cross, [illegible] the [illegible] water (of the Benedictines) beads, sharks' teeth, scapulars, medals, splinters, and the like. A large supply of the above constantly on hand and for sale, low, to the trade, by the only original Jacobs, of Mississippi.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May [illegible], 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor,' approved April [illegible], 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from [illegible] [illegible] Principal and Interest are payable in [illegible]

The [illegible] be paid for the opening of [illegible] settled by decree [illegible]

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, [illegible]

[illegible] accepted at par be part of damaged [illegible] the sale of [illegible] have a preference over other bidders [illegible]

[illegible] Treasurer [illegible]

[illegible] must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor.
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

SAN DIEGO PROPERTY UNION.

The best chance to invest in Real Estate ever offered on the Pacific Coast. TITLE PERFECT. [illegible] payable $10 cash, balance $5 per month [illegible] [illegible] Secretary and Agent, 421 Montgomery street, San Francisco, where subscription books are now open.

Trustees: HENRY [illegible] AVERY, DORVILLE LIBBY, IRA G. HOITT. March 29.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made [illegible] detecting counterfeit money and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $5 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $[illegible]. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising [illegible] Travel, Distances, Fares, [illegible] of the Principal Towns [illegible] Chicago, St. Louis, etc., Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F. Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by [illegible] Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and [illegible] orders for Rope of any special [illegible] a large stock of Manila [illegible] April 2.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. May 1.

John D. Yost, San Francisco.] [illegible] CROCKER, Sacramento

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers, Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco. Pacific Coast Agency Depot, FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

MAIN & WINCHESTER.

C. MAIN. E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. [illegible] assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 14.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties (tarred or untarred) of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are so located that orders can be shipped Direct, by rail or water, to any part of the State, when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY. [April 21.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 119 Front street.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF [illegible] THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel, Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—[illegible]
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Maile.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Paterson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamola & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co, Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co, F. [illegible], W. [illegible], Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

Belgium—[illegible] Morbange, Grand Hotel. Consul, E. Grisar, N. W. cor. Broadway and Sansome.
Chili—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanova, U. S. Court [illegible]
Denmark—[illegible]
Ecuador—[illegible] Herrera, [illegible]
France—Consul General—[illegible]
Great Britain—[illegible] Booker [illegible]
Guatemala—[illegible]
German Empire—[illegible]
Greece—[illegible]
Hawaiian Islands—[illegible]
Italy—[illegible] Wells, Mayor's Office.
Italy—[illegible]
Japan—[illegible] W. Brooks [illegible]
Mexico—[illegible]
Netherlands—[illegible]
Nicaragua—[illegible] Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
Costa Rica—[illegible] T. Lemmen Meyer [illegible] Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
Peru—[illegible] General—F. de la Fuente y Subirat, Lick House.
Portugal—[illegible] Vice Consul—H. [illegible] Swiss American Bank.
Russia—[illegible] Martin [illegible]
Sweden and Norway—Consul [illegible]
Spain—[illegible] Martin [illegible]
Bolivia—[illegible] Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
U. S. of Colombia—Consul—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery st.
Turkey—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, [illegible]
Argentine Republic—Consul—[illegible] Battery street.
Switzerland—[illegible]
Austria—[illegible]
Bavaria—[illegible]
San Salvador—Consul—(Vacant).

NEW ROME.

[LINES WRITTEN FOR MRS STORY'S ALBUM.]

The armless Vatican Cupid
Hangs down his beautiful head!
For the priests have got him in prison,
And Psyche long has been dead.

But see, his shaven oppressors
Begin to quake and disband;
And the *Times*, that bright Apollo,
Proclaims salvation at hand.

"And what," cries Cupid, "will save us?"
Says Apollo: "*Modernize Rome!*
What inns! Your streets, too, how narrow!
Too much of palace and dome!

O learn of London, whose paupers
Are not pushed out by the swells!
Wide streets, with fine double trottoirs,
And then—the London hotels!"

The armless Vatican Cupid
Hangs down his head as before.
Through centuries past it has hung so,
And will through centuries more.

—*London Times.*

GALLOWS LITERATURE.

The Old Lady who Liked to Enjoy her Murders, says the *Saturday Review*, ought certainly to have been a subscriber to the New York *Herald*. The readers of that famous journal have lately supped full of horrors. We have before us an article headed "Nixon's Nemesis," which begins by stating in plain prose that Michael Nixon died on the gallows at New York on the morning of the 16th May. He quarreled about the right of road with Charles H. Phyfer, pulled out a revolver and shot him through the head, so that he died in ten minutes. He was tried, found guilty, and sentenced to be hanged, and found to his astonishment and dismay, that the sentence would be carried into effect. The respectable inhabitants of New York who, according to the *Herald*, were lately inquiring "what they should do to be saved," have answered their own question by hanging a few of the atrocious ruffians by whom their city was infested. Nixon sank to abject terror when he lost hope. He held affecting interviews with his wife and children, and a reporter was present, or dreamed that he was present, with note-book all the time. "The *Herald* of yesterday contained an account of his farewell to his children, of his affectionate parting from his wife. It was not his last." The market was propitious for a few more parting words. A positively last interview was held. Speech was almost choked by emotion, and yet the reporter managed to catch every word. After parting from his wife Nixon returned sadly to his cell. He looked around. "All was so still and silent." He sat down and was evidently still thinking of his wife. "He murmured her name and spoke to her." He was recalled to himself by Father Duranquet, who began praying. Nixon prayed too. His eyes shone with a strange light. He sighed. "What a deep, deep sigh!" "No words could have expressed the anguish he (Nixon) must have felt." We are glad to find that the reporter had some little modesty, although he appears to have stripped himself of delicacy. Even he could not undertake to paint the scene between the murderer and the priest. After a few minutes Nixon listened to the reverend Father's words, and became calm. He was prevailed upon to go out into the corridor. He smoked for half an hour. "He seemed to enjoy it." Then he prayed again with the priest. At midnight he ate supper in the corridor. "He could not eat much—a piece of bread and coffee, that was all." He returned to the cell, lay down, and tried to sleep. The lamp threw a ghastly light upon the different objects in the cell. He shut his eyes, but a horrible sight rose up before him. There was blood upon the wall—a human form—deathly glassy eyes—blood—blood—everywhere blood. He started up with a shriek. All was quiet, all was dark. No blood, no terrible vision; but the kind Father spoke gentle words of love that sank into his soul. He lay down again, but could not sleep. He jumped up and clutched the iron bars. "Yes, he was a prisoner." Then he went to sleep, and dreamed that he was standing under the gallows, and a reprieve was brought by his wife. He awoke, and presently went again to sleep, and dreamed that he witnessed his own hanging. All this is written with considerable power, and it might furnish Mr. Irving, or any other actor in the homicidal line of business, with an effective recitation. But is it or is it not a newspaper report? There is nothing to prevent a continuation of the same narrative after Nixon was actually hanged. If a reporter can see and hear through stone walls and iron doors, perhaps he can look behind the veil of death. The eye that searches the Tombs at midnight ought to be capable of penetrating beyond the grave.

REDUCTIO AD ABSURDAM.

It is Said that a Professor of English Composition in Rutger's College, having given the Freshman class of that venerable institution the "Animal Kingdom" as a subject of disquisition, was amazed at receiving from every member of the class a copy of the following, as his composition:

"The animal kingdom differs somewhat from the Kingdom of Grate Briton, inasmuch that it is divided into different parts called [illegible] [illegible] the fishes, and the wales [illegible] Then kume the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and sum are a good deal [illegible] the water, but the [illegible] [illegible] Other animals [illegible] [illegible] bone, [illegible] and lay egs. The kow ain't like the hors except tha are covered awl over with hare and hav 4 legs. Kows hav horns most generally, always 2, horses dun't. Kows giv more milk than horses do and are good for the milk wich tha give. Kalves don't giv no milk, but are lectle kows. Horses are sumtimes fast trotters, and are very usefull. The lokomotive is kalled a hors, but it ain't the kind we are talkin about. Man is a animal, but he does more than awl other animals put together and shook up in a bag. He kan build houses and make books and write kompozishons and a good many other things, but other animals kan't kaus tha hain't got no sents to think with. They do things bekaus it is natural for them to do it. Sum animals are kleen and some haint. Hogs are dirty; kats aint so much so for they lik themselves, so dus a kow. Ther iz a grate meny things wich bares on this subject, but we don't think of menshoning um now, so in konklusion we wud sa that this kompozishun iz about the animal kingdom."

A Few Years Ago a lot of domestic rabbits were imported into Japan. These have multiplied wonderfully. Fancy colored rabbits are held at fancy prices. All the *élite* of Japan have been seized with a rabbit frenzy. Bunnie is cherished, petted and carried in aristocratic arms. If one wealthy Jap boasts of his pets, another one overmatches them with his own. The speculative spirit now prevails. There is a great stock speculation going on. Auction houses make notable sales. Buyers will purchase at one house and rush over to another to sell at auction if possible at an advance. The rabbit speculation is perhaps as legitimate as many of our mining stock speculations, with this difference, that one can always see the rabbits, but cannot always see the lead of a gold or silver mine. The Japanese have struck a good lead. It is better than the great tulip speculation of Holland. Fancy colored rabbits by the million, and all Japan going wild on the hand somest rabbit! There is something tangible in this business. Honest bunnie is held up by the ear and publicly inspected, the hairs on every fancy spot counted, and the coin laid down for him. The Japanese have got a novelty. But it is an honest one. No painting in of extra spots, but colors that will wash, is the order of the day in Japan.

During the first week of the opening of the free baths in New York, this year, 40,000 boys and 21,000 girls took a wash. From which we may infer that girls are twice as much afraid of water as boys.

LETTERS FROM AUSTRALIA.

The Following Extracts of Letters from a young gentleman in Australia to his nephews in Partick may be interesting to your young folk readers:—

HERBERT RIVER, Cardwell.—I don't know that I have any stories to tell you this time about snakes; I may tell Jamie one this mail. I might tell you now about alligators. We have very heavy floods here just now, the river overflowing its banks in all directions, filling up all the swamps and flooding the low-lying ground. It has not done much damage to the sugar cane as yet, although some severe landslips have taken place, carrying cane and earth with them into the river. In consequence of so much water, alligators have come out of the river and established themselves in the swamps and water holes. Last week a fine cow was so badly bitten by one that it had to be shot. The alligator had caught her by the breast and torn a large lump out before she could escape. The day after one of the horses in the paddock had its head completely eaten off. Next day a few of us went out with rifles, etc., to have a shot at it. We found it had got the body of the horse into the water, and was quietly munching it. Once it popped up its head when we fired a volley at it. It was evidently struck, for it gave a "swirl" in the water, giving us a good view of it. It was, I should say, about 30 feet long. Yesterday, owing to the water going down, we were able to go into the paddock again, when we found one more bullock missing.

I told Johnny in this letter I would tell you a snake story. A young child had been asking for some time bread and milk for baby, but as her mother never saw her eat it herself, but always take it away outside, she determined to watch her. She followed the child, and heard her crying "Baby, baby," and immediately a large carpet snake came out of a hole and commenced eating the bread and milk out of the saucer held by the child. If the snake happened to spill a drop of milk the child patted it on the head and said, "Naughty baby to spill the milk." When the milk was finished the snake was told to go to sleep, when it went into its hole immediately. The mother was watching the child all the time, but dared not go near in case the child should be bitten. When her husband came home the snake was hunted out and shot, but strange to say the child after that pined away and died, grieving for the loss of her strange playfellow. This story is said to be true, and just happened lately. A large carpet snake was shot here the other day, and skinned. I measured the skin—it was 18 feet long. Wasn't it a big one!

NOTICE

The undersigned Insurance Companies propose that Saturday, the [illegible] Co., Merchants' Mutual Marine Insurance Co., [illegible] of Hamburg, Commercial Union Ass'n of London, California Insurance Co., [illegible] surance Corporation, Hutchinson, Mann & Smith, General Agents, Scottish Commercial Insurance Co., Pacific Insurance Agency, Northern Assurance Co., Underwriters Agency, Lorillard Insurance Co., Fireman's Fund Insurance Co., Phenix Insurance Co., Home Insurance Co., North British and Mercantile Insurance Co., Hamburg-Bremen Insurance Co., Home Mutual Insurance Co. June 28.

NOTICE.

In compliance with the request of many leading firms and public institutions, the undersigned give notice that they will close their respective Banks on the 5th prox., the SATURDAY following Fourth of July. A clerk will be in attendance until 12 o'clock M. to receive payment of notes falling due. The Bank of California; D. Davidson & Co; London and San Francisco Bank (Limited); Wells, Fargo & Co.; The First National Gold Bank of San Francisco; Belloc Freres; [illegible] & Co.; [illegible] & Spear; Donohoe, Kelly & Co.; J. Seligman & Co.; The Merchants' Exchange Bank; For the Bank of British Columbia, W. H. Tillinghast, Manager; Bank of British North America; Tallant & Co.; Pacific Bank, per P. H. Burnett; Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, Swiss-American Bank; Alfred Borel & Co. [June 28.]

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.

A Meeting of the Stockholders of the Sutro Tunnel Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 321 California street, at one o'clock P. M., on WEDNESDAY, the ninth day of July, 1873, to consider proposed amendments to the By Laws.

JOSEPH ARON, IGN. STEINHART, EDWARD N. HOOPER, THOS. C. WEDDERSPOON, Trustees.

PELHAM W. AMES, Secretary.
San Francisco, June 23, 1873. June 28.

REMOVAL.

A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his office and warerooms to No's 113 and 115 Pine street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over mountainous and difficult roads. June 28.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, Capital Bourbon, National Bourbon, Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions, Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec. 9.]

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated [illegible] Tehama County, is now permanently located at [illegible] Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE. [illegible] Manager. Nov. 11.

MILLS SEMINARY.

The next term of this well-known Institution will commence WEDNESDAY, July 30th. For further particulars inquire of REV. C. T. MILLS, Principal, Brooklyn, Alameda County.
June [illegible]

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—NOTICE.

During the temporary absence of the undersigned Mr. Edward TAYLOR, Cashier, will have charge of this Company's business as Acting Agent. [June 21.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent P. M. S. S. Co.

CUBLE, STEWART & CO.

[illegible] CUBLE.] [ROBT. STEWART.

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room, No. 18 Stevenson's Building, No. 331 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 31.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

Ex "Marie Charlotte," from Bordeaux.—100 Cases Louis Roederer celebrated "CARTE BLANCHE," quarts and pints, for sale, to the trade, by
May 3. MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California street, up stairs. April 19.

[From the Court Journal of June 11 1873]

MARRIAGES IN HIGH LIFE.

MARRIAGES IN ST James' Church, Piccadilly.

A Large Circle Assembled at St James' Church, Piccadilly. London recently to witness the marriage of Lady Fanny Octavia Louisa Spencer-Churchill second daughter of the Duke of Marlborough, K G, and Mr Edward Marjoribanks eldest son of Sir Dudley Coutts Marjoribanks, Bart.

The wedding party congregated shortly after 11 o'clock, the bridegroom being accompanied by Mr Edward Balfour, who acted as groomsman.

The Duke of Marlborough and the bridesmaids assembled at the church entrance in Jermyn street to receive the bride, who arrived at a quarter past 11 accompanied by her mother the Duchess of Marlborough.

During the arrival of the guests the organist played a voluntary. Among the relatives and friends assembled were the Marquis and Marchioness of Blandford, the Marchioness of Lansdowne, the Marquis and Marchioness of Londonderry, the Marchioness Camden, Sir Ivor and Lady Cornelia Guest, the Earl of Portarlington, Lord Randolph Spencer-Churchill, Lord and Lady Alfred Churchill, Mr and Lady Isabella Stewart, and many others.

The bride was conducted by her father to the communion table, followed by the eight attendant bridesmaids—namely, her four sisters, the Ladies Rosamond, Anne, Georgiana and Sarah Spencer-Churchill, her cousin, Lady Alexandrina Vane Tempest, the Misses Mary and Isabel Marjoribanks, sisters, and Miss Hogg, cousin of the bridegroom.

The bride's dress was of white satin, trimmed with the finest Brussels point lace, with veil of the same fabric and a wreath of orange blossoms. The only ornaments she wore were a necklace of pearls and a pearl diamond pendant and earrings, the gift of Sir Dudley and Lady Marjoribanks.

The bridesmaids were uniformly attired in dresses of pale blue silk trimmed with white gauze, wreaths of pink roses and feathers and veils. Each youthful lady wore a crystal locket with coloured enamelled monogram and pearl and gold border.

The religious rite was performed by the Bishop of London, assisted by the Rev John E. Kempe, Rector of St James'. The bride was given away by her father. After the Bishop had blessed the bride and bridegroom they retired, followed by their nearest relatives, to the vestry, when the marriage was registered and attested.

The bridal party afterwards reassembled at the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough's mansion in St James' square where they were met by a distinguished company invited to the wedding breakfast. The guests at the breakfast included nearly all the aristocracy of any note, and several very distinguished foreigners.

At a quarter to two o'clock the bride and bridegroom left St James' Square for the Southwestern Railway, on their way to Abbotsbury Castle, the Earl of Ilchester's seat in Dorsetshire, to spend the honeymoon. On their departure the bridesmaids lined each side of the way from the door to the carriage and as they were driven off the conventional shower of satin shoes followed. The bride's travelling dress was composed of pale blue and pink silk, handsomely trimmed with lace, bonnet to harmonise, with lace fall.

THE BRIDAL PRESENTS

were very numerous. Among the presents of jewelry, in addition to the jewels the bride wore on her marriage, she received a diamond and sapphire bracelet from Sir Dudley Marjoribanks, from Miss M Marjoribanks, a ruby and diamond locket, Miss Isabel Marjoribanks, a chatelaine watch, Mr Archie Marjoribanks, a jacinth ring, Mr Coutts Marjoribanks, an antique locket, from Misses Maria, Laura, and Emma Marjoribanks, an onyx and pearl pendant and earrings, gold cross and cross, and an aquamarine locket, a gold chain, locket, earrings, and bracelet set with pearls and diamonds from Sir Ivor and Lady Cornelia Guest, a turquoise and diamond locket and earrings from the Marchioness Camden, a gold bracelet, with diamond and sapphire center, from Sir James and Lady Hogg, a gold bracelet, set with pearls, rubies and emeralds, from the Earl and Countess of Dudley, a gold bracelet, set with sapphires and diamonds, from the Earl and Countess of Ilchester, a sapphire and diamond ring, from the Countess of Portarlington, a gold bracelet, set with pearls and diamonds, from Mr and Mrs Scheniey, a gold bracelet, set with pearls and diamonds, from Colonel and Mrs. Hogg, gold bracelets from the Marquis and Marchioness of Londonderry, Mrs Dancey, and Mr and Mrs Geo Campbell, onyx and pearl locket, from Mr Ilsfour, diamond and onyx bracelet, earrings and pendant, from Mr M Garel, a gold locket, set with pearls and rubies, from Baroness Mayer de Rothschild, pair of beautiful coral earrings, from the Countess of Cork, a Spanish cross from Miss Guest, pearl, diamond and turquoise bracelet, crystal locket with diamonds, and pearl and diamond ring from Mr Marjoribanks, a gold bracelet, set with rubies and diamonds, from Mr and Mrs. Tinkin, gold collar and bracelet, studded with pearls, from Mr and Mrs E. Marjoribanks, a pair of pearl and diamond earrings, from Mr Johnstone, a gold snake bracelet, from the Earl of Feversham, a gold bracelet set with onyxes, from Lord and Lady Rendlesham, gold bracelet set with coral and pearls, from Mr A. Balfour, a gold locket set with coral and diamonds, from Mr C. Forbes of Newe, gold earrings studded with pearls, from the Marchioness of Blandford enamel opera glass, period Louis XIV, from Mr Davis. Presents of plate were made by the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough, a silver gilt dessert service and tray, and breakfast service, the Marquis and Marchioness of Londonderry, a silver gilt tea service, the Dowager Marchioness of Londonderry, a silver box, Lord and Lady Aveland, a pair of silver gilt candlesticks, Mr H Mrox, a pair of silver gilt candlesticks, Mr Dancey, a pair of silver candlesticks and a silver gilt work case, Colonel and Mrs Catherine, a silver inkstand, Mr Weyand, a silver gilt dish, Mr Strangways, a set of silver salt cellars and spoons, Viscount Holmesdale, a set of silver shell salt cellars and spoons, Viscount Newport, a silver box, the Ladies Georgiana and Sarah Churchill, a pair of silver gilt sugar bowls, Mr and Lady Charlotte Schreiber, a pair of silver goblets, Messrs E. and R Dawson, silver mustard and pepper set, Lord Cremorne, a silver gilt dish, Viscountess Newport, a pair of silver liqueur cups, Messrs Wroughton and Pryor, a set of silver teaspoons and sugar tongs, Viscount Malden, a silver box, the Countess of Donoughmore, a silver basket, the Earl of Rosebery, a silver teapot, Mr Mackenzie, a pair of silver gilt candlesticks, Mr Horace Farquhar, a silver gilt fruit bowl, Baroness North, a silver gilt bowl, Mr Graham Vivian, a silver gilt sugar basin, Mr and Mrs William Baring, a silver dish, Mr and Mrs Smith and family a silver inkstand, Mr. C. S. Hope, a silver flask, Mrs Lee and Miss Marjoribanks, a pair of claret jugs, Viscount Grimston, a silver sugar basin and cream jug, Mr Alfred Montgomery, a silver mounted brush, Mr Hunter, a silver tea service.

Among the presents of art objects of vertu and of a miscellaneous description were a valuable Cashmere shawl from the Marquis of Blandford, Lord and Lady Alfred Churchill, a clock and China casket, the Earl of Portarlington, an oxydized silver casket, Mrs Grissell, a Sèvres China clock, Mrs M Garel, a travelling clock, Viscount Hambley, a Dresden China looking-glass, Mr Keyte, an oxydized silver casket, Mrs Robertson, an oxydized silver box, Lady Mary Hely Hutchinson, an ormolu inkstand, Lord Randolph Churchill, a travelling bag and dressing case, the Ladies Rosamond and Anne Churchill, a China dessert service, Lady Antrobus, a pair of candlesticks, Madame Van de Weyer, a Sèvres China inkstand, Captain and Lady Maria Hood, an enamel scent bottle, Sir Anthony de Rothschild, a velvet bag with antique clasp, Julia Countess of Jersey and Mr Brandling, an enamel scent bottle and ormolu chatelaine, Colonel Jocelyn, an Algerine coffee-pot, Lord and Lady Ernest Vane Tempest, a Sèvres card dish, the Earl and Countess of Wilton, Dresden China ornaments, Lady Molesworth, an agate vase, Mr Marjoribanks, a costly fitted dressing case, Lady Cornelia Guest, a writing box, Hon Mrs Strange Jocelyn, a Sèvres China tea set, the Earl and Countess of Mount Charles, a Dresden China tea service, the Countess of Macclesfield, an aneroid barometer and stand, the Hon Randolph Stewart, a China tea service, Hon Mrs Tomline, a lapis lazuli seal, the Duchess of Marlborough, a China coffee service, the Earl of Abingdon, an ormolu inlaid clock, Lord Claud J Hamilton, a Brussels lace fan, a similar one from Mr C Sykes, M P, Lady Frances Church ill, a Dresden China flower vase, the Earl of Dartrey, a perfume barrel, Lady Churchill, a pair of China candlesticks, Lady Townshend Farquhar, a basket work table, Sir T and Lady Bateson, a clock, Major-General Hon J and Mrs Macdonald, a clock, Lord and Lady Wharncliffe, a watch, Lady Whichcote, a silver chatelaine, the Duke and Duchess of Abercorn, a pair of China vases, Sir J and Lady Conwell, an ormolu and onyx box, Lady Georgiana Hamilton, a Venetian glass vase, Lady Dorothy Nevill, a painted fan, Baroness Bülow, a China flower vase, Mr Marjoribanks, a sil... robe and hat brooms, a silver belt with crown clasp, Mr Lettman an oxydized silver jar, Mr Robertson, a Sèvres cup and saucer, Lady Louisa Spencer, a pair of Dresden figures and lace fan, Mr and Lady Isabella Stuart, a pair of China candelabra and clock, the Countess of Bective, a painted fan, Viscountess Ingestre, a china ornamental tea urn, Lady Catherine Wyndham, a hat basket, Colonel Dudley Carleton, a pair of cut glass bottles, besides many others too numerous to describe, etc. Sir Dudley Marjoribanks's servants presented the bride with a silver gilt sugar bowl and a set of dessert spoons, and the servants and workmen of Guisachan sent a bracelet, earrings, and brooch of cairngorm and gold.

The bride carried a choice bouquet, composed of the rarest and most beautiful flowers, surrounded with rich Brussels lace, and trimmed with pearls and satin. This was supplied by Harding of 72, New Bond street (late of Maddox street), and was the gift of the bridegroom.

The Chamber Concert given by the choir of Trinity Church, on Tuesday evening, was an entertainment where music of a specially pleasing nature was given in a specially pleasing manner. The audience was not only a fill one, but filled the room comfortably, and after the first two or three numbers of the programme, woke into an audibly appreciative one. We cannot afford space to notice each piece, to pick out its merits, but two or three claim particular notice. The trio "Memory," was sung by Mrs M ..., Mrs Barstow and Mr L..., with all the delicacy of expression which it is capable of requiring. The harmony is at its finest, but that of the ninth and tenth bars in the conclusion is perfect. It was encored, of course. "The Angel's Serenade," by reason of Mrs Barstow's sympathetic, finished manner, aided by Herr Hartdegen's splendid accompaniment, led the audience (before styled appreciative) to recall the performers twice. San Franciscans are beginning to discover the worth of Mrs Barstow's rich voice. A ballad of Levey's "Fernside," was sung by Mrs Blake, with such display of power and culture, that we think it a pity she should dwarf her concert singing to sweet simplicities. "Once Again," by Lincoln, and "When the Swallows Homeward Fly," by Mrs Blake, were, after these, the best pieces on the programme, which leaves us only the power to say that the remainder were good.

Rather Cool and Refreshing for July.—On the evening of the 1st inst., a "Chamber Concert" of sacred music was held in the Sunday School room, Trinity Church building, corner of Post and Powell streets. The music was given by the choir of Trinity Episcopal Church, assisted by the choir of St John's Presbyterian Church. The audience was rather meagre and the applause very faint, even after the masterful solo effort of the soprano of Trinity. Now for the coolness of the thing. The choir of Trinity was desirous of giving a grand concert for the organ fund of said church, and applied to the vestry of the church for permission to hold the concert there. It was refused, being consecrated ground. The leader of the choir then applied for the use of St John's Presbyterian Church, hoping thus to secure the use of the fine new organ. It was not granted. Application was then made to Mr Backwood, Treasurer of Calvary Presbyterian Church (Brother Hemphill). Query by Mr Backwood—"Object, and why not give the concert in Trinity?" The answer. "Consecrated walls." Then Calvary Church was refused for the purpose. Is not this rather a cool proceeding, not to use any milder term? A Pioneer.

The Address to the graduating class of one of our local colleges, by Henry P Bowie, brother of Augustus, the orator, delivered some weeks ago, has been published. It is a neat little volume of some six pages, and is quite up to the average of its thousand and more predecessors on similar occasions. It abounds in high flown platitudes, soaring flights of flowery fancy, and choice tit-bits of classical quotation. It is published by E. Bosqui & Co., and is distributed gratuitously in the cause of Literature, Science, and the Arts.

Mr. J. F. Bowman, who has been for many years well known as a literary man of some talent, gives a lecture in the Mercantile Library Hall, on Thursday next, July 10th. His subject will be "Langley own," and as it is one with which he is thoroughly at home, a very pleasant evening may be looked forward to. He will be assisted by Miss Jane Gray, and some members of the Bohemian Club, of which he is a prominent member.

Messrs. Cutting & Co., who are the largest importers of pickles on this coast, have just received a large consignment of such as choice pickles from Copland & Co., London, a house that has stood at the head of the pickle trade in England for upwards of thirty years. They have also on hand a large quantity of the celebrated Anglesea Company's Milk, which has been so long and favorably known. Messrs. Cutting & Co's place of business is 415 Front street.

Mr. Houseworth, the artist, so well and favorably known in this city, has taken Mr. Nahl's fine ones, at 12 Montgomery street, and hopes that his friends will come up and see his photographs, which he is confident cannot be beaten on this or any other coast. He is a careful and painstaking artist, and no one knows their business better than he does his.

The Babcock Portable Fire Extinguisher is a thing that every one should have in their house. It is cheap and its merits as a fire extinguisher are best proved by its almost universal use. It shuts off the supply of oxygen, without which fire cannot burn, and does not injure property.

SHIELS' OPERA HOUSE

A. M. Gray & Co., Lessees; R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; W. H. Smith, Business Manager, H Dohrman, Musical Director; Chas Carelan, Treasurer. First Grand Saturday Matinee, at 2 o'clock. THE MARBLE HEART. General Admission, 25 cents. Monday Evening, July 7th—The great sensational Drama, in 4 acts, of LA PIERRE, Or, THE MYSTERY OF CHATEAU BLANCHE.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, July 5, at 2 o'clock—MOTHERS Matinee. Our American Cousin. Saturday Evening, Last performance of Mr. Sothern as "Dundreary," in OUR AMERICAN COUSIN. Monday Evening, July 7th, will be produced Lord Dundreary's BROTHER SAM. July 5.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherill, Treasurer. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon—The Greatest Combination ever offered in the world by any Manager—Frank Moran, Robert Fraser, Billy Manning, Master Barney, Little Mac, Sam Hickey and Bob Hart. FRANK MORAN and BILLY MANNING will appear every Evening. ROBERT FRAZER in his great pantomime, the "Old Woman Who Lived in the Shoe." N B Performances commence at 8 o'clock. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra 50 cents, Private boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. July 5.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny st., near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; John Woodard, Stage Manager, E Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening July 5 and until further notice—Read the Monster Programme given by our Great Variety Company. A new Local Extravaganza full of fun and music, entitled FARALLONES. Passion and Fritz, the truly wonderful and graceful performers, in a new and startling sensation. Miss Laura Ferren has made a great hit and appears nightly. Mat Kelly, Lena Dixon, Fred Hitch, Tommy Carton and Tommy Rice are mixed up with telling effect. Our Ladies, a perfect constellation of brilliants, are the bright particular stars. Do you know Green? If not, come, we'll introduce you. The horse cars will run every night this week. No extra charge. Novelties, sensations and realities. The only Great Variety Performance on the coast. If you would serve the State and be yourself a fan, come often. Admission—25 cents, Dress Circle, 50 cents. Private Boxes, $2.50, $3 and $5. July 5.

CITY GARDENS.

Sunday and Monday, July 6th and 7th, Grand Farewell Festival of the SAN FRANCISCO CADETS in their marvelous BLINDFOLD DRILL. CASSIM and FRITZ, Miss Ferren, Leon Barswolde and Andrew Ferguson Champion of the Sword Games assisted by the members of the CALEDONIAN CLUB, J. W. McKenzie, Jr., Mrs Cream, Henry Lokke, the California Grand Concert. Athletic Sports. Admission—Fifty Cents, Children, Twenty Five Cents. July 5.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples

Mr K engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. May 4 }

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries

Butter, Cal, fresh ℔ ℔	50@	40
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz	40@	
Lard, ℔ ℔	10@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔ ℔..	16@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal....	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔ ℔..	2@	3
Lima Beans ℔ ℔	5@	10
Tomatoes, ℔ ℔.	3@	
Onions, ℔ ℔ ..	3@	5
Squashes, ℔ ℔. . ..	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔ ℔	2@	3
Cabbage, each ...	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each ...	6@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz....	25@	
Celery, ℔ doz b........	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b . ..	@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b .	6@	25
Parsnips ℔ doz b ...	6@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b . .	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔ ℔ ...	5@	6
String Beans, ℔ ℔...	5@	15
Apples, ℔ ℔... . ..	6@	12
Pears, ℔ ℔	6@	10
Peaches, ℔ ℔........	12@	20
Pine Apples, each....	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔ ℔.	12@	16
Do new, ℔ ℔ .	15@	
Oranges ℔ doz. . .	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	25
Limes, ℔ doz	25@	
Chickens, each ...	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔ ℔ .. .	25@	30
Geese, ℔ pair . ..	2 00@2	50
Ducks, ℔ pair . ..	2 00@2	25
Rabbits, ℔ pair .	25@	
Hares, each ...	5@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100 ...1	00@1	25
Clams, ℔ 100 ..	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100 .	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔ ℔	12@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔ ℔...	12@	
Codfish, ℔ ℔	12@	
Rockfish ℔ ℔	15@	
Smelts, ℔ ℔	11@	
Tomcod, ℔ ℔ ..	12@	
Sturgeon ℔ ℔ .	5@	
Flounders, ℔ ℔ .	12@	
Halibut, ℔ ℔	10@	
Perch, ℔ ℔	6@	
Shrimps, ℔ ℔	10@	
Anchovies, ℔ ℔ .. .	4@	
Soles, ℔ ℔ ..	25@	

BABCOCK Fire Apparatus, TANKS,

EXTINGUISHERS, ENGINES, HOOK AND LADDER TRUCKS, ETC

Richard R. Irwin & Co., General Agents for Pacific Coast.

FOR SALE BY

W. D. MURDOCH, Local Agent, 319 California street, San Francisco. July 5.

H F WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents Room No. 3, Stevenson's Building, S W corner Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco. Prompt attention given to all matters relating to Real Estate such as buying and selling, one month, renting, leasing and investing capital and managing estates.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE

Carneau—In this city June 26th, to the wife of Wm L. Carneau, a son.
Fenton—In this city, June 27th, to the wife of M J Fenton a son
Hamberg—In this city June 10th, to the wife of C Hamberg, a daughter.
Koshland—In this city, June 24, to the wife of Nathan Koshland, a son.
LeBerthon—In this city, June 29th, to the wife of T LeBerthon, a daughter
Marks—In this city, June 30, to the wife of M Marks, a daughter
Taylor—In this city, June 30th, to the wife of J M Taylor, a daughter
Tomlin—In this city July 2d, to the wife of George Tomlin, a son
White—In this city, June 30th, to the wife of J. W White, a son.

ALTAR.

Caldwell-Beamer—In Woodland July 1st, S Caldwell to Tena Beamer
Cornell-Cronan—In this city, July 3d, J R Cornell to Catherine Cronan
Damonte-Raggio—In this city, July 2d Antonio Damonte to Angela Raggio.
Froese-Knapp—In this city, June 29th, Fred k Froese to Charlotte Knapp
Grothe-Weinkauf—In this city, July 2d, August Grothe to Anna Weinkauf.
Lotz-Weber—In this city, June 28th, Jacob Lotz to Magdalena Weber
Pinkstone-Meyers—In this city, July 2d, A S Pinkstone to Emma Meyers.
Pritchard-Cavanaugh—In this city, June 28th F Pritchard to R Cavanaugh
Rulofson-Abbott—In this city, July 3d A fred C Rulofson to Jane W Abbott.
Seligman-Strassman—In this city, July 3d, M H. Seligman to Lucy Strassman.

TOMB

Arnold—In this city, July 1st, Captain John Arnold, aged 73 years
DeRo—In this city, June 29th, Charles DeRo, aged 45 years.
Harrison—In this city, July 1st, Wm Harrison, aged 51 years
Mason—In this city, July 3d, Mi ... Mason, aged 68 years.
Nichols—In this city, July 3d, Peter R Nichols, aged 32 years.
Lamson—In this city, June 29th Joseph Lamson, aged 59 years
Rosenfeld—In Yokohama May 29th, Julius Rosenfeld, aged 55 years.
Scholtz—In this city, June 25th Christine Scholtz aged 66 years
Schneider—In this city, June 30th, Helena Schneider, aged 53 years

DOCKAGE, WHARFAGE AND TOLLS.

A New Schedule of Rates.—Following are the rates of dockage, wharfage and tolls established by the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, to go into effect immediately:

DOCKAGE.

Vessels.		Per Day
Under 10 tons		$00 50
10 tons and under	25 tons	00 75
25 tons and under	50 tons	1 25
50 tons and under	75 tons	1 50
75 tons and under	100 tons	2 00
100 tons and under	150 tons	3 00
150 tons and under	200 tons	4 00
200 tons and under	250 tons	5 00
250 tons and under	300 tons	6 00
300 tons and under	400 tons	7 00
400 tons and under	500 tons	8 00
500 tons and under	600 tons	8 50
600 tons and under	700 tons	9 00
700 tons and under	800 tons	10 50
800 tons and under	900 tons	11 00
900 tons and under	1000 tons	11 50
1000 tons and under	1100 tons	12 50
1100 tons and under	1200 tons	13 50
1200 tons and under	1300 tons	14 50
1300 tons and under	1400 tons	15 50
1400 tons and under	1500 tons	16 50
1500 tons and under	1600 tons	17 50
1600 tons and under	1700 tons	18 50
1700 tons and under	1800 tons	19 50
1800 tons and under	1900 tons	21 00
1900 tons and under	2000 tons	22 00
2000 tons and under	2200 tons	23 00
2200 tons and under	2400 tons	25 00

Vessels 2500 tons and over, in proportion. Vessels loading and ballasting, half the above rates. Vessels at outside berths or in the slips shall pay half rates of dockage.

TOLLS.—Vehicles drawn by one or more animals, 12½ cents, loads when in excess of two tons, 6¼ cents additional for each ton or part thereof, excepting grain, flour, potatoes and other vegetables when in excess of two tons 5 cents additional for each ton or part thereof, loads of lumber when hauled on the wharves of 2,000 feet or less, 12½ cents; loads when in excess of 2,000 feet, 5 cents additional for each 1,000 feet or part thereof; extra vehicles, 12½; cattle or horses for transportation, 5 cents each, sheep or hogs, 1½ cents each; hand carts, 5 cents each.

WHARFAGE.—The following articles, when landed upon the wharf and remaining for a period not exceeding 48 hours, shall pay wharfage as follows: Wood per cord, 12½ cents, lumber, per M. feet, 10 cents; stone, iron and general merchandise, per ton, 6¼ cents, brick, per 1,000, 10 cents, coal and asphaltum per ton, 10 cents, hay, per ton, 10 cents. Any of the above articles remaining on the wharf more than 48 hours shall pay the above rates of wharfage for each additional day or fractional part thereof. All goods landed upon the wharf, and taken from thence in lighters or other vessels, shall pay 6¼ cents per ton wharfage. All goods received or discharged by vessels lying alongside of the wharf or in slips, from or into lighters or other vessels, shall pay 5 cents per ton wharfage, and lumber 5 cents per M.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.—Dockage to commence upon a vessel making fast to the wharf and to conclude when she hauls out and to pay for each day or fractional part thereof. No allowance to be made for Sundays, holidays or rainy days. Vessels shall rig in jib, flying jib and spanker booms when required by the Wharfinger, and shall also haul or change births, at their own expense, by his direction. No merchandise will be allowed to remain upon any wharf over night without permission of the Wharfinger, and then only at the risk of the owner. All goods remaining on the wharf after the owner or consignee has been notified to remove the same, will be removed by the Wharfinger at the expense of the owner. All goods, wares and merchandise shall be charged by weight or measurement, according to custom. Two thousand pounds shall constitute a ton, except coal, iron and stone. No load exceeding five tons will be admitted on or off the wharves, except single packages. Driving on any wharf faster than a walk, prohibited. Parties holding portions of the water front under lease from the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, are obligated to charge and collect the above rates, and any person violating said rules will forfeit his lease.

About that Book, "Men and Memories," written by our old friends, Messrs Barry & Patten. Every paper in California, Nevada, Oregon, Washington Territory and Arizona—every newspaper with an ed tor capable of appreciation—has praised this book of old remin scences, and it has sold splendidly. To those who are not great on pedestrianism, we would say, you need not waste the time to journey to Bancroft's, on the road to the Mission, as the bookstores all have them, and they are for sale at Barry & Patten's, 413 Montgomery street.

The Rev Wm. A. Scott, D. D., will preach Sunday as usual at 11 a m and 7½ p m, in St John's Presbyterian Church, Post street. The public are cordially invited. Sunday School and Bible Class at 9½ a m. Subject of evening discourse, "The skepticism of an Apostle about the Resurrection."

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

Whenever you furnish your office, be sure
You get all your things from Gilbert & Moore
For they make the best of forms, desks and stools,
For house or for garden, for office or schools.
Their goods are so solid that time cannot wear,
And any amount of rough usage they'll bear.

A Most Painful Case of Lunacy came before the Commissioners last week. A young man, whose name we withhold, had just got married, had purchased a house and furnished it, and to all outward appearance was happily settled down. Such, however, was not the case, for the furniture, for which he had paid a large price, turned out so rotten and bad that it preyed upon his mind, and he soon became a lunatic. If he had gone to N P. Cole, of Bush street, he would now be a sane man.

When the rude winds are hushed,
And the face of the ruddy sun
Tells by its soft glad smile
That its hot days work is done,

We'll drive to the New Park Villa,
Where the Mangerbergs await
With genial hospitality,
At the Park of the Golden Gate

N B—The Villa, corner of Sixth Avenue and Fulton street, Golden Gate Park, is now open to the fashionable public.

Many of the Dishes of Antiquity are being revived, and people are surprised to find that centuries ago people knew what was good and wholesome quite as well if not better than they do now. Nothing can better prove the above statement than the introduction of the Aztec Pinole into the civilized world. It is invaluable for home use, journeys, camping out, and contains in itself a one the most wonderful sustaining qualities. No one who has once tried it will ever think of being without it.

A Neat and well made shirt,
A tastily fitting tie,
And a well made tidy glove,
Catch any lady's eye

And as we like to give praise,
To those who are really deserving,
If you want to get these goods,
Go to Anderson & Irving

The New Shaft just made for the British steamship *Lord of the Isles* has turned out to be worthless, having a large flaw in it. It has to be forged over again, and will cause a considerable amount of loss to the makers as it weighs some ten tons, and will cost about $1,000. Flaws are apt to be found in the very best work, but no flaws or faults have as yet ever been found in the carpets sold by Plum & Bell. They sell the best class of carpet goods in this city, and do a large trade in them too.

I Know you love me, darling,
I know it by your smile,
And on your truth, my darling,
I go my little pile

We'll soon be married, darling,
And all I will arrange,
A snug little house my darling,
And a De la Montanya Range

When Age Creeps On, and the passions of youth have sobered down into the philosophical, when the smiles of fair women cause no flutter, as of old, and life seems almost a burden, when the step, once so elastic, grows feeble and shaky, and the legs, that were wont to be so lithe and muscular, will hardly obey the brains' commands, then Gerke Wine will give back youth and energy. The fair one's smile will be grateful, as of old, the step light as ever, and "the goose will hang high."

The Procession on the Fourth was a very grand one; some of the turn-outs in the horse line were really magnificent. One or two teams were perhaps not quite up to the mark, but taken as a whole it was a very creditable show for a young and rising city like San Francisco. Every one seemed to admire the harness, robes, etc, of some of the greatest teams, and all agreed that Main & Winchester's harness and robes are the best made.

"Oh, Tell Me, will you, Johnny,
Where that photograph was taken?
It is the best I ever saw,
Or else I'm much mistaken"

"Why, it was taken at Houseworth's,
No 12 Montgomery street,
They take the best of photographs,
And nowhere can be beat."

Baby Farming in New York has been carried on for a long time, and has been winked at by the authorities. At last they have been obliged to notice this growing evil, and the disclosures about to be made will doubtless horrify the public. That such institutions exist in nearly all large cities is known almost as well as that Bradley & Rulofson, of Montgomery street, are the best photographers in the world.

The Luscious Grapes of our Western Coast
Have been our pride, and are our boast,
No finer grapes in the world are grown,

Than those the Californians own,
No finer wine was ever made
Than Eberhardt & Lachman trade.

The Fearful Explosion in Virginia City shows how dangerous it is to have powder, especially giant powder, stowed away under dwelling houses. It is very questionable whether it should ever be allowed to be manufactured at all. It is almost as dangerous as the tangle-foot whisky sold at groceries before Hotaling introduced the glorious Cutter brand.

Muller has worked some most wonderful miracles with his pebble glasses. Men who could hardly see before have in a moment, by using his glasses, seen the smallest objects quite distinctly.

The Night is Young, the gaslights shine,
Let's take a little stroll down Pine,
We'll go to Corville's, and you'll find

His oysters there of every kind,
His place the Saddle Rock, you know,
Where all the city swells do go.

For Coughs, Colds, and Throat Disorders, use "Brown's Bronchial Troches," having proved their efficacy by a test of many years.

The Snuggest Little House on the San Bruno Road is Harry Blanken's Six Mile House. There better and man can get a refresher.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain Shipping Mercantile and Bullion Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec 24.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL,

Oakland, Cal.—Open for the reception of guests on Saturday, June 21, 1873. [June 21] J A LANCASTER, Proprietor

EDINBURGH ALE

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO., 411 Front street, S F. March 30

MR. L. A WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 23

BIZ.

Six Months of 1873 have already elapsed by a half year of commercial prosperity for the Pacific Coast passed and gone. We have already celebrated another anniversary of our national existence, and have fairly set sail upon the good ship six months, freighted with abundant harvests of cereals, and Wheat and Barley enough to our farmers to load an Alaska grain fleet of 300 ships, if the largest ever to the United Kingdom. Our newspapers teem with dry statistics of the harvest year of 1872-73. We must, however, be content with a short synopsis thereof. The average export price of Wheat for the year, $1 40; the highest range was in January and February, 1873, reaching upward of $2 per cental, and then steadily declining to $1 75 in June, which was a little higher than the average for the Fall trade. The grain fleet to the United Kingdom for the harvest year of 1872-73 was 330 vessels, carrying 0,740,055 centals Wheat, valued at $17,028,900 the exports of Flour for same period, 270,643 bbls, the entire export trade of breadstuff for the year reduced to Wheat, aggregating about 11,000,000 centals, and at the Custom House at about $20,000,000, considerably more than double that of any previous year in the history of California. It must be a pretty good country that with only 500,000 inhabitants as the census says, continues to yield $20,000,000 worth of Wheat in a single crop, which occupied 330 ships a whole year in market, and then re-inforces it with [illegible] at such another before us. If the first year's surplus is sent away. This has no reference to the gold and silver yield, nor to the Wool, Wine, Brandy, Fruit, Butter, etc., produced in addition, amounting in the aggregate to many millions more. As a logical result, the money for these large and varied productions has found its way to this market, and is now quite plentiful, with steadily increasing additions.

In Regard to the grain fleet, it will be seen that the amount of American tonnage employed predominates over that of any other nationality, a fact which obtains only in the port of San Francisco, as relating to foreign commerce. From all sources of information now within reach, this year's crop of Wheat promises to be as heavy as that of the past twelve months, necessitating the services of a great amount of tonnage, with the probability of high freight charges. Tonnage is in demand everywhere, and ship-owners will, undoubtedly make the most of their opportunity.

In Cognac Brandies, the business for the past six months has been far below the average, as compared with a corresponding period of several years gone by, many houses stocks of French Brandies on hand. Outside brands have been forced upon the market at different times, and sales made far below the cost of importation. We quote favorite brands at $4 50@7 50 per gallon.

The Importation of Dundee Goods promises to be considerable the present season, not only of Hessians in the piece, but Grain Sacks, hand sewed of standard quality. It is said that invoices to arrive have been sold at 17c. The Panama style, sewed by machine, brought upwards of 22c. Gunny bags, and matting, are very high in price. During the current week large purchases of standard size have been made at 14 c. or thereabouts. Gilroy Bags are for the most part held above the market, say 15 to 15½c. The fact is, the business has, this far during the season, been to the importer unprofitable—a loss of nearly two cents on each bag, and the farmers grumble at their sack.

The Metal Market exceed duly quiet and inactive. Our foundries are comparatively idle, and but little business, besides carry for over last year's supply of Scotch and English Pig Iron—present price $30 to $32 50. Bar manufactured Iron, Steel, etc., also wholesale quotations, trade when this, and the foregoing prices to the few leading houses continue the same, but to do the retailers, as they are obliged to carry very heavy stocks of every kind and description—say $300,000 to $500,000 year in and year out, but with all this food profits are to them satisfactory.

French Wines are in more request than for some time past, resulting in sales during the week of about 600 ½ and ¼ casks Port and Sherry at 95c @ $1 for the former, and 60@75c for the latter. We also remark a good demand for Bordeaux Claret, both in casks and cases, the former sells at $46@48, the latter at $3 37½@$3 50 per dozen.

California Wines are steadily gaining in public favor all over the United States. Gerke reports sales for the week of one pipe 155 gls Angelica for Cincinnati, one do 184 gls Malaga for New York, 125 cs Gerke Wine for New York, and for Philadelphia 120 gls Grape Brandy, 400 gls Ass'd White and Red Wines, and 50 cs, all for the city of Brotherly Love, besides 300 gls and 50 cs Gerke for La Paz. Otherwise, we have little new to remark in regard to the Native product. Prices of Still Wines, both White and Red, are unchanged. A comparison was lately made between the Sparkling Wines of the Buena Vista Company and good samples of German and French Sparkling Wines, by connoisseurs at Sonoma. Their judgment was that the "Land of California" was superior to the Champagne from Rheims, and that the "Buena Vista" brand was better than the Champagne of Ay. Our opinion has been for long been expressed that the genuine Sparkling Wines of California, including the Buena Vista Company, are generally superior to the French Champagnes sent to this market, and [illegible] a few of the best and most costly brands, but many consumers do not know any better than to pay twice as much for a foreign article of inferior quality.

The Fourth of July call for an increased demand of ardent spirits, and those fond of the real stuff must prepare to go to Rotterdam for their Old Whisky. None but the Old Hollander. No one gets fourteen years old if you like. At that age it is very smooth and oily, nothing equal to it in this country.

Breadstuffs are in good demand. Superfine Flour sells for $4 to $4 50, Extra Superfine, $4 75 to $5. Golden Age and Golden Gate, Extra Bakers and Extra Family $5 25 to $5 50—the latter for best silk dressed, none better, superb. Barley sells at $1 12½ to $1 15, for feed, firm at $1 25 to $1 35. Oats are slack at $1 75 to $1 90 per central. Hay, $12 to $15 per ton. Potatoes, 1½c per lb. Bran, $30 per ton. Peaches, plentiful, at $1 50 per basket.

Freights to the United Kingdom, £1 17s 6d to a direct port. At this writing tonnage is scarce and wanted.

The British Steamship Cyphrenes, in Parrott's line, sailed for Hongkong on the 30 instant, with 9 barrels of 4,000 bbls Flour. This will pay better for his cast than rock from Telegraph Hill.

The Grain Fleet for the Harvest Year of 1872-73, is thus, as compared with previous years:

	Wheat Ctls	Value
Totals since July 1st, 1872, of 330 vessels	9,740,055	$17,028,900
44 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	1,198,000	3,253,127
120 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	3,556,271	7,051,167
354 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	4,732,319	8,083,713

Also, 2,025 bbls Flour, valued at $10,131.

Vessels on the Berth for the United Kingdom to load Wheat are as follows: Anaga, 2 9/12 decks, 811 Atlantic, 1,071, Cabaya, 756, Cairo, 1,120, Columbia, 1,000, Caravan, 1,145, Dragon, 666, Iron Crown, 993; Lizzie Williams, 827; Mary, 925, Trinidad, 721, Thomas Hamilton, 688, Undaunted, 1,761, Vallejo, 641. Total different vessels aggregating 11,241 tons.

Quicksilver.—The price of this important staple is continued at $1 per lb.

Our Import Market for staples is rather a sickly one, and no [illegible] for supplies of the [illegible] imports are in liberal stock. Hams in crate, 7 to 9½c, [illegible] reduced by 9½c for the three grades of California refined, 11 to 11½c for [illegible] Hams on table advance. Tea—The original [illegible] advanced this week [illegible] Martinez, and 111 [illegible] the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, all [illegible] of teas, en route for New York by Pacific railway. Prices remain [illegible]

Tobacco—A large public trade sale of Virginia and Maryland Tobacco took place [illegible] The attendance was large and [illegible] Sales amounting to [illegible] were prepared to buy [illegible] and quoting 20 lots sold.

Coals continue in good supply. Scotch Splint, $11 50 to $12; Australian, same; English Steam, $9 to $9 50; Coast, $10; Mount Diablo, $8 50 to $8 50 for coarse and fine; Bellingham Bay, to the trade, $6 50.

Two Steamers to the Pacific Mail Steamship Co. arrived this week from Hongkong, via Yokohama. One, the British steamer Metropolis, chartered by the Company to take the American place in the line, arrived on the 30th of June with 621 China, and for cargo 4,750 pkgs Tea, 11,980 bags Rice, etc. The bulk of the former is en route for the East by Pacific Railway—say 5,227 pkgs for New York, 600 pkgs for Boston, 1,015 pkgs for Chicago, and only 1,108 pkgs Tea for San Francisco—we believe all of the new crop. On the 27th ult., the day following the above arrival, the steamer China appeared on schedule time from same ports, bringing 1,030 Chinese and other passengers, and for cargo 5,570 pkgs Tea, 1,901 bales Hemp, besides 1,040 pkgs Chow Chow. Of the Tea, 1,940 pkgs for San Francisco, 3,178 for New York, 175 pkgs for Boston, 25 pkgs for Philadelphia, and 33 pkgs for Chicago, as so, 44 pkgs silk, all new crop Tea.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending July 24, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI	NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	9	10½	—
Alpha	—	28	—	Kentuck	10½	9¾	—
Alta	—	2	—	Kentucky	—	—	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—	Knickerbocker	3¾	—	—
American Flag	—	—	—	Kossuth	—	—	—
Arizona & Utah	2 4	1¾	—				
Arkansas	—	—	—	Louise	—	½	—
Alamo	¾	—	—	Lower Comstock	—	—	—
American Flat	5	5	—				
				Mahogany	—	—	—
Bacon	—	—	—	Mammoth	—	22	—
Baltimore Consolidated	9½	8¾	—	Mead's Valley	—	22	—
Belcher	94½	94½	—	Minnesota	—	11	—
Belmont	—	—	—				
Bullion	—	—	—	Newark	—	4½	—
Best & Belcher	—	4¾	—	New York Consolidated	1	1½	—
Bockeye	—	—	—	Noonday	—	—	—
Caledonia	17	17	—	Occidental	4	4	—
Gelderberg	—	—	—	Ophir	31	31	—
General	—	—	—	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	6	—
Gharner Oak	—	—	—	Overman	23	22	—
Chapman	—	—	—	Original Gold Hill	8	—	—
Chief of the Hill	—	2½	—				
Chief of East Extension	—	30	—	Page & Panaca	—	1½	—
Chollar	—	8	—	Raymond & Ely	—	8¾	—
Columbia	—	—	—	Reserve Consolidated	—	2¾	—
Confidence	7	6½	—	Rip Patch	—	2½	—
Crown Point Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Red Jacket	—	2½	—
Consolidated Virginia	101	101	—				
Cook & Berger	—	—	—	Savage	13	13¾	—
Crown Point	16	16½	—	Sag Belcher	32	33	—
Central No 2	—	6	—	Sierra Nevada	10	10½	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Outer Peak	—	15	—
				Silver Hill	19½	20	—
Dandy	—	1¾	—	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
				Sterling	—	—	—
Eclipse	—	—	—	Succor	—	—	—
El Dorado	—	—	—	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Empire Mill	1¾	1¾	—	Sweet Chariot	—	—	—
Empire, Idaho	—	—	—	South Gregorian	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	—	11¾	—	St. Patrick	—	—	—
Eureka, G V	—	—	—	South Comstock	—	—	—
Lacheuer	—	—	—	Tecumseh	—	—	—
				Tyler	1	—	—
Globe	1½	1¾	—				
Golden Chariot	—	17	—	Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Good & Curry	—	11¾	—	Utah	—	—	—
Julia	—	—	—				
Hale & Norcross	62½	61	—	Washington & Creole	—	1¾	—
Hermes	—	—	—	Wash'e	—	—	—
Hoosac & Hunt	—	1¾	—	Wheelrite	—	2¾	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	—	4½	—	Yellow Jacket	62	64	—
Imperial	5¾	5¾	—	Yale Central	—	—	—
Independent	—	—	—				
Jacinar	—	—	—				
Insurance	—	—	—				
Ivanhoe	—	—	—				

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days the last price is given distinguished thus: " Buyer.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Nagasaki and Hiogo.

July 1—Mariposa [illegible] Capt —
July 16—Steamer CHINA Capt Cobb

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 5th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, connecting via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

July 5—ARIZONA Capt Austin
July 19—NEVADA Capt Morse

All steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and will, except the ALASKA, call at SAN DIEGO.

Steamers leave the connecting port of Aspinwall for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets to Liverpool, Havre, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of Colon or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt Lapliper, will leave at 3 P M, as follows, Tuesday, June 24th, Thursday July 24th, and August 4th.

Returning will leave Honolulu July 8th, and August 4th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows.

MORNINGO, Capt. Douglass, Wednesday, July 2; Monday, July 14; Friday, July 25.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Thursday, June 26; Tuesday, July 8; Saturday, July 19, Thursday, July 31.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO AND SANTA BARBARA.

Steamers will leave at 3 P M, as follows:

SENATOR, Capt Harlow, Monday, June 23; Saturday July 5, Tuesday, July 15; Saturday, July 2.

ALIVA, Capt Hedges, for San Diego and way ports carrying stores, oils and cow hobbles—Tuesday, July 1, Wednesday, July 9.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, July 22.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P M on the 21st.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company office, at their Wharf, corner of Pine and Brannan sts. [Jun] R. R. THOMAS, Acting Agent.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, cost our agent regularly to the following addresses: The Chartered Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Avenue, Pall Mall, London; Bank of London National Provincial; Bank of England; Wilkins & Co., Lincoln's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 18 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Threadneedle street; Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Halton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Lombard street; Bank of British North America, 131 Bishopsgate; Bank of British Columbia, 60 Old Broad street; Bank of Australasia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Power & Co., bankers, Prescott, Grote, Clive & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane; The Alliance Bank, Bartholomew lane; Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., 10 Lombard st.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury; E. C. London; and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate; East Cheapside; Richards' Bank, Company of London, 112 Cannon st.; London Suburban Bank (limited), 24 Pulteney road; Credit Foncier of Mauritius, 6 Lothbury; 17 Chancery lane; Cerbali, Compt & Bacourdet, Paris, 11 Leadenhall street; East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 1 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; San Fito Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's court; Cornhill Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Westminster Bank, 6 Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's court; Cornhill Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Westminster Bank, 6 Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's court; Cornhill Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue,

A FEW SERIOUS WORDS

Respectfully Addressed to the Clergy of San Francisco.

[BY A LAYMAN FROM CLEAR LAKE.]

Oh, gentle Parsons, pray ye heed
These bastling lines, which I, indeed,
Have scribbled just for you to read,
When ye have leisure.

Reflect upon them, if you please,
And tell me if [illegible] case
Right in the teeth of facts like these,
Can yield you pleasure.

Knights of the Cross, why idly rave?
Rest Christ, oh! rest in thy cold grave!
Thou canst not make another slave:
We've turned the tables!

Thy day is done—the hour is near
When perfect love shall cast out fear,
Thy hell shall wholly disappear
With other fables.

Thy sad, and tale, long held to view,
Distant in clime, in time not new,
Let's hope to God it is not true,
Told but to frighten!

Thou saidst thyself so that men might
What trees in men's orchards grow, [know
Beside the fruit that each should show
When it doth ripen.

Where er the heathen learns to pray,
Sing psalms, and keep the Sabbath Day,
There a rack [illegible] spiritual away,
A God that pleases.

And parsons bring their knavish tricks,
Their [illegible] of stone or bricks,
Their Bibles, Holy Ghosts, Old Nicks,
And their diseases.

Most other creeds refuse strong drink,
Forge prostitution's renowned [illegible],
Thine winks on both a solemn wink,
As sins quite venial.

Boddhists, Mahommedans, Hindoos,
Alike the gentle cope refuse
Allowed to Pariahs and Jews,
And Christian menial.

Can we not in thy life be now
Detect—though pure as driven snow
The germs whence these foul nightshades grow
Of human folly!

Thy first of miracles (b) was wrought
To brew strong drink that none had ought
For folk who had just all they ought,
And were quite jolly.

And ever, in thy life so sweet,
'Tis a regular we always greet
Some Magdalen—about thy feet,
Slobbering and fawning.

Thou didst not even blame the lives
Of light o' loves, and faithless wives,
E'en she caught [illegible] the act contrives
To escape even schooling! (d)

Oh, monstrous mockery of love!
Oh, soft-voiced cage-taloned dove!
Oh, mildewed manna from above!
Mildewed and rotten!

Was it worth while to come so far,
Thy deity with nails to mar,
To show us all what fools we are,
Thou God-begotten!

Unlettered fishermen were sent, (e)
In every hamlet to pitch tent,
And preach salvation as they went,
Loafing around there,

Whom should [illegible] not at once receive,
The astounding tale [illegible] believe,
Then were these by ones to leave,
Stamping the ground there

Shaking the dust off as they trod,
To damn [illegible] an eternal rod
All who d[illegible] their proper God
To be Jehovah.

Should Cornish fishermen come now
With a like yarn, and raise a row,
They would not net one fish, I trow,
From Sky to Dover!

Once when an hungered thou didst espy,
A noble fig tree spread nigh,
For figs its branches thou must try,
Though it grew wildish.

"The time of fruiting was not yet," (f)
Thou damned that fig-tree in a pet,
And witheredst it before sunset,
That was spoiled—childish!

Devils at thy command were sent
Into a herd of innocent
And grunting porkers, and they went
To the land of Norman.

Here was a pretty piece of work!
Forbidden to the Jew and Turk,
If thou thyself declinedst fat pork,
Why should the Roman?

No other virtue do we see
Equivalent to sanctity
To [illegible] wing and believing thee
To be Jehovah.

Conceived from thy baby years,
Naught in thy eyes thy mother's fears,
Her anxious search and gentle tears
Shed for her sorrow. (g)

Unfilial, unfraternal man,
Who thy domestic life shall scan,
And wish his own formed on thy plan,
Thy friends all toadies.

Thy mother and thy brethren (h) naught;
Respect for parents never taught;
The devil p[illegible]ed—O—horrid thought!—
To feed the blind [illegible].

Oh! Prince of Peace, thou cam'st to draw
The sword of Bigotry and Law,
And gorge the vulture Murder's maw,
Till he grew lusty.

And only able hath the lore
Of science broken on her floor, [core,
That faith [illegible] drenched with faultless
Now old and rusty.

Scan well thy work—let devils tell
Its blood-stained chronicles, which swell
The fragments of thy fabled hell,
Broken to splinters.

The bloody crews its fires most pale,
Nor bolts of black [illegible] bell [illegible] roll,
When not one cares to hide as late
In coming winters.

"Gibbeted Gods" (i) in vain ye bleed,
Till cease drink and lust and greed,
The world doth man is a purer creed,
And it shall have one.

Turn to the East, its star ye view,
Where England's missionary crew
Now learns one from the meek Hindoo,
It came to give one!

A few steps further [illegible] the tide—
God's thought is free, God's world is wide,
Survey the [illegible] on either side,
[illegible] of Mars' sons

With wiser eyes this landscape scan,
And marvel [illegible] at our Father's plan,
Pause ere ye damn your fellow man,
My gentle Parson. —*Jem Pullman*

(a) Luke, vi, 18-41, Matt, vi, 16-18. (b) John, i. (c) Luke, vii, 37. (d) John, viii, 3. (e) Matt, x, 11. (f) Mark, xi, 12-23. (g) Luke, i, 48. (h) Matt, xii, 48. (i) Matt, viii, 22.

WILD BEASTS IN INDIA.

An Important Paper was read a few days since at the rooms of the Social Science Society by Captain Rogers on the "Destruction of Human Life and Property in India by Noxious Wild Animals." It appears that the [illegible] of the border lands between jungle and cultivation are killed and eaten by tigers in such numbers as to require the immediate and serious attention of Government both in India and in England. We give a few out of many instances:—"A single tigress caused the destruction of thirteen villages and 256 square miles of country were thrown out of cultivation." "Wild beasts frequently obstruct Government survey parties. In 1869 one tigress killed 127 people, and stopped a public road for many weeks." "In January 1868 a panther broke into the town of [illegible], and attacked without the slightest provocation the owner of a field. Four persons were dangerously wounded, and one died." "Man-eating tigers are causing great loss of life along the whole range of Satpura Mountain Forest. There are five of them. One is said to have destroyed 101 people." "Writing from Sandurca, 1870, a gentleman says one tigress, in 1867-9, killed respectively 27, 34, 47—total 108 people. This same tiger killed a father, mother, and three children, and the week before she was shot she killed seven people." "In Lower Bengal alone in a period of six years were killed by wild beasts 13,401. In South Canara, in July 1867, forty human beings were killed by wild beasts." Finally Captain Rodgers concludes by telling us that the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces in his report shows the following terrible returns of human beings killed by tigers:—In 1866-67, 372; 1867-68, 285; 1868-69, 285; total, 942. It appears that there are difficulties in the way of killing down these tigers. First the superstition of the natives, who regard the "man-eating tiger" as a kind of incarnate spirit, [illegible] deity, whom it is dangerous to offend; secondly, the failure of Government rewards; thirdly, the dislike of certain castes in India to take [illegible] tigers are game to be shot with the rifle as an attraction to sport. Capt. Rodgers exhibited an ingenious self-acting spring gun for the destruction of tigers. An animated discussion followed, in which Lord Napier and Ettrick, K.T., the chairman of the meeting, and other gentlemen connected with India and [illegible] natives took part. Various remedies were proposed. Among them Mr. Frank Buckland suggested an organized destruction of the tiger cubs in the breeding season, and the destruction of full-grown tigers in traps, pitfalls, and other devices, by means of a drug of various [illegible] which tigers [illegible] are [illegible]. He defended English sportsmen against the imputation of even continuing at the preservation of tigers for sport at the expense of the lives of men, women, and children in India.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers con- necting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad will run daily [illegible] Sundays excepted, from Market street Wharf at [illegible] The Steamers and Cars make close connection with Stages for all points. Sunday Excursions—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at [illegible] A.M., arriving at Cloverdale at [illegible] returning will leave Cloverdale at [illegible] This will allow a passage of several hours at any of the [illegible] of the road. For all information apply at the Company's office, No. [illegible] On and after June [illegible] the [illegible] leave San Francisco at 2:30 P.M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A.M. daily.

May 31 PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS—REDUCED RATES

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at [illegible] A.M. from Vallejo street Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale [illegible] Leaves Cloverdale, [illegible] P.M. Arriving in San Francisco [illegible] P.M. Fares and Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connection with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest and shortest route to the Geysers, Skaggs Springs and THE GEYSERS, [illegible] Tickets on sale at the office or at the Steamer. Connections made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort. Daily Time Table—Steamer leaves San Francisco at [illegible] from Market street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale [illegible] P.M. Arriving in San Francisco [illegible] P.M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street. [May 1.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria and Hope Town. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's comfortable Spring Wagons leave Cape Town with the mail every Tuesday and Saturday Morning, traversing the above route, and [illegible] at [illegible] the [illegible], at [illegible] stages at the several days from Town. [illegible] new and improved arrangements, [illegible] to be secured. Fares to the Diggings £12. Each passenger allowed 40 lbs. luggage. Rest is afforded to Passengers by night stoppage at the principal stations, and Refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the route. Passengers heavy Baggage has preference by Luggage Wagon [illegible] leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the head office of the Company, No. 62 ADDERLEY STREET, or [illegible] street. R. T. TOWNSEND, Secretary. Cape Town. Cape Town, 2d March, 1873. May 17

THE CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

FOR HONGKONG, DIRECT.

FROM FRONT STREET WHARF.

The Magnificent British new Steamship Galley of Lorne, 2,037 tons, [illegible] Commander. This fast and powerful Clyde-built Steamship will be dispatched on TUESDAY, the [illegible] of July, at [illegible] o'clock noon punctually. The ship carries an experienced surgeon. For freight on Merchandise and Treasure, or for Passage, apply to MACONDRAY & CO., Agents, June 28. [illegible] Sansome street.

THE CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED) ETC

British Steamship Galley of Lorne, Richard Robinson, Commander, from Hongkong, will discharge cargo at Front street Wharf on FRIDAY, June 27th. Consignees will please call at our office, pay freight and receive orders for their goods. All merchandise when landed on the wharf will be at the risk of the owners thereof, [illegible] in regard to the weather, and if not removed prior to five o'clock P.M. of each day will be stored at their risk and expense. June 2. MACONDRAY & CO., Agents.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The Hotel and Swiss cottages are all new and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, [illegible] garden, vineyards, and fine drives around the place. The waters of the Springs [illegible] invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free [illegible]. April 26 [illegible] MILLER, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

CONARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and State-rooms secured [illegible] Office. May 17 F. F. MORGAN'S SONS, 20 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to Sitka and PUGET SOUND and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette Umpqua and Rogue River Valleys Oregon. June 14 WM. NORRIS, Agent, [illegible] Sansome street.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The new A 1 Clipper Ship Carrollton, Bosworth, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [May 24.] F. F. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED leaves Folsom street wharf on the 5th and 24th of each month, at 4 P.M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 12.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

JOSEPH M. BYERS,

Collector.—Office of Levount Bros. & Menne, 417 and 419 Montgomery street. Refers by permission to Hon. Francis [illegible], Mayor; [illegible] Hitter & Co., [illegible] Martel & Co., John [illegible] Miller & Son, John [illegible] & Masten. June 1.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston. 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the News Letter in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland, The LINCOLN HOTEL at Pescadero will be sold or exchanged as above with or without the furniture. Inquire at 40 [illegible] street, [illegible] Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1

GILBERT & MOORE.

[F. W. GILBERT.] [R. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 14 Bush street. Factory, 415 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

— IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE. THE NEWS LETTER is REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre. — Proprietor P. Petizot.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.

The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. [illegible] Proprietor.

The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. B. J. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Monion, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.

Hotel de Bergues. F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Bottacchi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel. L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Gosset, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.

Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.

Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.

Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hoxter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.

St. Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel. Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.

Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.

Grand National Hotel. Much & Mayer, Proprietors.

Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

The Court has been Placed in Mourning for ten days by the death, on May 29th, of one of the Queen's grandchildren, Prince Frederick William, second son of Prince Louis of Hesse, who fell from a window of the Castle at Darmstadt, a depth of twenty feet, dying two hours afterwards. Fears are entertained as to the effect of the accident on the Princess Alice, who is very near her confinement. The facts of the sad occurrence are given as follows: At a quarter to eight, the nurses as usual brought the Royal children into Princess Alice's bedroom. On this occasion there were but three, viz: Prince Ernest, Prince Frederick William, and the baby, Princess Victoria. Out of the bedroom opens a bathroom, into which shortly after his arrival Prince Ernest ran. The Princess, knowing the window to be open, as was also the one in her bedroom, hastily got up and followed the child, leaving Prince Frederick William by himself and the baby on the bed. During her short absence Prince Frederick William [illegible] a toy with which he was playing far out of the window, and, while trying to recover it, he fell a height of twenty feet to the ground. The Princess, hearing a noise, rushed back, but only in time to see the unhappy child in the air. Her shrieks soon brought assistance, but all efforts were useless, and the poor little fellow died at about eleven o'clock. He was a weakly child from his birth, but of a lively and gay disposition, and his death is an immense sorrow to his parents, for whom, it is needless to say, the greatest sympathy is felt. The little Prince was buried on the evening of June 1st, at the mausoleum of the Rosenhöhe, just outside the city. The most touching sympathy was manifested by all classes of the people. Mr. Evan Baillie, the British Chargé d'Affaires at Darmstadt, represented Her Majesty the Queen at the ceremony. Information has been received by Her Majesty the Queen that the Princess Alice and Prince Louis, her husband, display great resignation and fortitude under the heavy affliction which has befallen them.

The Hero of the Week has been His Oriental Majesty the Shah of Persia. Neither the [illegible] of the Emperor of Germany nor the sad incident to which we have alluded have interfered with the very marked attention shown to the Royal stranger at Berlin. The Shah and his suite are described as taking as much interest in everything they see as they awaken by their presence. We hear much of the Shah's gems, and of the need that there will be to give a reception here that shall harmonize with an oriental estimate of ceremonial. We understand that Sir Henry C. Rawlinson, K.C.B., Sir Arnold B. Kemball, K.C.S.I., C.B., Major Burne, C.S.I., and Capt. Grey, Bengal Army, left London on June 16th, *en route* for Brussels, to meet the Shah, and they will remain in attendance on His Majesty during his stay in this country. The Corporation of London is busy arranging to give due reception. Buckingham Palace is being made ready, men-of-war are set apart for a naval display, and it would seem that special care is being taken that England shall not, on this occasion, be behind Germany. The object of the Shah is said to be to gather information with a view to the material progress of his country, that he is not a student of the science of war, and thus not wholly absorbed with the latest perfections in the art of war introduced to him in Prussia. The ceremonies at Berlin are, in point of magnificence, dimmed by the gaiety of Vienna, which has reached a climax in the reception given to the Czar of all the Russias, who arrived at the Austrian capital on June 1st. There appears to be no cessation of the "mutual admiration" which the three Emperors are lavishing on one another at their respective capitals. International exhibitions have not hitherto been all success in promoting peace and good will, but that at Vienna is at least singularly powerful in gathering emperors, kings, archdukes, and princes from all Europe. The Emperor of Germany will be the next distinguished visitor. The King of the Belgians and the Prince of Montenegro are sharing the special ovations given to the Czar.

The Appeal Court of Paris has just heard a case of some historical interest. The Countess de Marsan, sister of Marshal de Rohan-Soubise, and Gouvernante of the Children of France, was possessed, at the period of the Revolution, of considerable estates in France and Belgium. She was obliged to fly and fell into very straitened circumstances. Four of her servants, however, followed her. By a will dated Linz (Austria), July, 1790, she appointed Prince de Rohan Molbazon her universal legatee, subject to the payment of certain bequests to her domestics. The validity of the testament was contested, as the countess had been declared in common with all other emigrees, by the revolutionary laws, incapable of exercising any civil rights. When the Restoration took place her heirs were placed in possession of considerable funds out of the [illegible], and a claimed for indemnification of the persons who had fled. But in the interval the right of success on had been sold to a certain M. Declercq for 80,000 francs, a sum far below the real value of the property. Since then the Duke d'Aumale, as representative of the Prince de Condé, commenced an action to recover the share of the countess in inheritance. A compromise ensued, and the duke received two millions and a formal guarantee against any claims which might be brought against the estate. In the present case a person named Peter, a business agent, sued the Duke d'Aumale and the heirs of M. Declercq to recover certain sums which, with interest, reach a considerable amount, and which he alleged were due to the heirs of the four old servants and which he declared he had purchased. The case was first brought before the Tribunal of the Seine, which dismissed the claim, and that sentence has now been confirmed.

A Lady Gay Spanker.—As a proof that the ladies of "Young England" are not behind their grandmothers in pluck and stamina, the following [illegible] achievement will testify:—"About half-past eleven, on the day of the great race, as the Duke of Beaufort and his daughter, Lady Blanche Somerset, were preparing for a ride in the Row, her ladyship remarked she should like to see the Derby run for; but as his Grace had made no arrangements there was only one chance open—to ride down. No sooner said than done. Both being in good condition, they started at a quarter to one, and reached the Downs in an hour and forty minutes. The Blue's coach was easily found near the winning post, whereat they lunched, and after witnessing the race returned to town on horseback, reaching Grosvenor square at half past six! To add to the pleasantness of the trip, the crowd had assembled on the course before they had got there, and only four vehicles were passed after crossing Putney Bridge. They had the road all to themselves, likewise, in returning. Considering that Lady Blanche is only seventeen, this was a marvelous performance, and shows what condition acquired by hunting through the Winter, and riding, walking, and dancing exercise, in the season, in town—will accomplish."

The Ceremony of Crowning the Rosiere of Nanterre took place on Whit Sunday, notwithstanding the rain which fell without intermission. The fortunate candidate on this occasion was Mdlle. Anne Molleux, aged eighteen, the daughter of agriculturists in rather straitened circumstances, and who in their absence has taken care of their three small children. The crown of flowers was placed on her head by Madame Jacquet, wife of a rich landowner of the neighborhood. The rites at the Mairie and the Church were performed with all the usual solemnity, due honor being rendered by the procession by a detachment of the 40th of the Line in garrison at Rueil. The Rosiere received several presents from Madame Jacquet, besides a dowry of 500 francs, given by the Commune.

It is not Generally Known that at Viscountess Beaconsfield's death her fortune passed away to the family of her first husband, Mr. Wyndham Lewis. Mr. Disraeli has a personal fortune of £4,000 a year as an ex-Cabinet Minister, which has been well earned by his own services to the public; and some years ago an eccentric old lady in Devonshire left him the bulk of her fortune, amounting to almost £40,000. Mr. Disraeli continues to keep aloof from any party and public demonstrations.

The Queen remains at Balmoral. A few days ago Her Majesty visited some of the [illegible] of her persons attendant [illegible] in the glen. Mr. and Mrs. Donald [illegible] to the first honored with a visit from the Queen, who partook of the [illegible] fare placed on the table before her. Her Majesty, while in the glen, called on Francis Lee, formerly at Craithe Abergeldie, who now occupies the position of [illegible] in the Royal household.

Mr. Gladstone and Family have been spending Whitsuntide at Chatsworth, on a visit to the Duke of Devonshire.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $750,000. OFFICERS:—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; C. P. Eddy, Marine Secretary; B. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS—San Francisco: Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Forbes, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. E. Hobbs, B. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad Wood, H. Moor, Isaac S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, E. L. Jones, Jesse Marx, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Joe Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, J. E. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Loewenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager; W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville: D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Jo. Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager; J. Lippman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager; N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, S. Hayes, N. A. Palmer, D. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager; A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 224 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining a rate commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most respectable citizens:

DIRECTORS: W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. H. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Parney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, F. T. Gee, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, N. D. Thayer, Jas. Phelan, Charles Main. C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. HORNER, Secretary. May 3.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jas. Seller, W. C. Ralston, Lawrence Ford, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, I. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—E. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. [illegible] Merchants Exchange Building. Also that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at the new location by the newly appointed General Agent. The Ætna has cash assets of $5,052,590, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies non-forfeitable. It is a purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouses and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 29 MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000. Accumulated Funds upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,[illegible]. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. T. BOOKER, Agent.
Jan 15 No. 318 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital, but by the unlimited personal responsibility of forty-seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8 No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

THE MINT OF THE UNITED STATES AT SAN FRANCISCO.

San Francisco, Cal., May 28, 1873.—This Mint will close for Annual Settlement and Repairs on TUESDAY, JUNE 3d, after which date until July 1st, no deposits (except of [illegible] Bullion) can be received. Persons having claims against the Mint for the current fiscal year will present them for settlement before June 25th. [May 31.] O. H. LA GRANGE, Superintendent.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. R. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 324 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

THE CALIFORNIA ACCLIMATIZING SOCIETY

Offer for Sale: 25,000 Eastern Trout; 25,000 Tahoe Trout; 10,000 Native Trout, all of this year's hatch. Quantities to suit. Address
May 31 W. A. NEWELL, 3[illegible] Howard street.

PETERS & HAM,

[JAS. H. HAM.] [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 221 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.

[March 29.]

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb 16 FRANCIS & VALENTINE. Clay street 510, 514 Commercial st.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's. Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 29.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

SUNBEAMS.

— Beef and Liberty.—It is a standing joke against the English that they cannot commence any important undertaking without first inaugurating it with a dinner; and, doubtless, eating and drinking have usually been very intimately connected in the mind of the average Englishman with his notions of freedom. The man who ate his beef and plum pudding and drank his port wine thought he had made good thereby his claim to the title of a patriot, and the jovial poet, Charles Morris, expressed this sentiment in one of his songs:

> While thus we boast a general creed
> In honour of our shrine, sir,
> You find the world long since agreed
> That beef was food divine, sir,
> And British fame at home and afar
> The truth where'er she wanders,
> For we see, for women and for war
> Beefsteaks make Alexanders.
>
> *Chorus.* In British breasts this spirit sprung
> For Freedom's preservation,
> But British beef the sinews strung
> Who saved the freedom nation.
>
> May Beef long bless this far-famed coast,
> Where no despotic ruffian
> Hath dared a Brazen Bull to roast
> With men we use for stuffing.

Beef has been a standing dish for many centuries, and still holds its own against a lighter diet; but times have much changed, and few men now would be able to show their patriotism in the manner of the notorious Duke of Norfolk when he ate some six pounds of beef-steaks at a sitting.

[From Fun.]

— A preacher who had recently lost his wife, after commenting on her great moral worth, concluded with the following pathetic remarks: "My dear brethren and sisters, for six long months before my poor wife's death she suffered from divers diseases and torments. If she took medicine for one ailment, it was sure to [illegible] with another; and the last case was worse than the first. But through all her pains and a [illegible] of the [illegible] took her off. But thank God, she had her breath to the last, and went a-shouting clear through to glory. My brethren, I've lost sheep and I've lost cows, but I tell you the death of my wife was the worst luck I ever got. I [illegible] like an orphan, and for one whole month after I put her away I felt like I could fall down and go to sleep anywhere."

— Bad Company.—A Virginia negro about to be executed for a brutal murder made a few remarks to the crowd assembled round the scaffold: "Whisky, I was say, has been the death of me. I blame nobody but whisky. You all see what whisky has brought me to. Take my advice on the scaffold, and leave it alone." Generous being! he blamed nobody but whisky—not even himself, as some rigid moralists might. This shows the evil effects of getting into bad company, and we trust that in future whisky will know better than to get mixed up with fellows like that.

— Too Good.—Miss Haughty: "But why won't you come and let me paint your picture, dear? [illegible] you said you wanted a very good [illegible] girl. I ain't one, and don't want to be one!" Miss D.—"Don't want to be a good girl—but why?" [illegible]—"'Cos all good girls die young, and I don't care about that just yet."

— A genuine Highlander, looking at a print from a picture by one of the old masters, in which angels were represented blowing trumpets, inquired if the angels played on trumpets, and being answered in the affirmative, made the remark, "Hech, sirs! I wonder they dinna borrow a pair o' good sound bagpipes."

— There is a good story told of Bishop Macrorie. He—the Bishop—was sitting next a navy captain who said to him, "You have in your province two rival bishops, I—— and another fellow, which of them do you incline to?" "I am the other fellow," replied Macrorie.

— A gentleman describing a wedding the other day got off the following extraordinary sentence in regard to the bride: "In her dewy face the twin roses of health and beauty shone." He probably meant to say bonny—but "those careless printers."

— "I don't like my situation," said a robust boy to a companion. "Why, I thought you got more a week than any of us!" was the reply. "Yes, that's so; but then, you see, I'm too strong a boy to live on a weekly salary, anyhow!"

— A Utica paper says, "A cow on Corn Hill kicked the pump over yesterday and broke her leg. The cow must die, but the milkman hopes to be able to continue business. He thinks he can repair the pump."

— A lawyer once caught the words uttered by the witches in Macbeth, "A deed without a name." "A deed without a name!" Why, by the statutes, it is void.

— A charming young lady, who attends evening church service regularly, is called the "vesper belle" by the distracted youths of the parish.

— A person's character depends a good deal upon his bringing up. For instance, a man who has been brought up by the police seldom turns out respectable.

— A contemporary speaks of a fashionable tailor [illegible] one of the old war horses of the trade." A "beasty" change, we suppose.

— There be those who though poor are willing to [illegible]. [illegible]

— [illegible]

— The genuine young shaver is a barber's baby.

— A spring bed—A bed of radishes.

— A [illegible] trade—Henry.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, June 19th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland), [illegible] Sacramento, Marysville, [illegible] and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. daily San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. daily Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7 0, 8.10, 9.15, 10.0 and 11.20 a. m., 1.00, [illegible] and *11.30 p. m. (1.20, 11.20 and 1.00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5.0 [illegible] 9.00 and 11 0 a. m., 1.30, 2.15 [illegible] 5.0 and 10.10 p. m.

Leave Oakland *[illegible], 8.20, 9.10, 10.0 and 11.10 a. m., 12.00, [illegible] 2.30, 3.0, 5.05 [illegible] and 10.20 p. m.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7.0, 9.0 and 11.15 a. m., [illegible] and 5.00 p. m. (1.20, 11.15 and 5.20 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *1.20, 7.50 and 10.45 a. m., and [illegible] p. m.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5.25, 7.20, 9.00 and 11.20 a. m., 1.30, 4.05 and 5.20 p. m. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—San Francisco		8.10 a m	*3.20 p m	*4.45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5.0 p m	7.00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2.0 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2.45 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2.30 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave—Hollister				11.10 a m
Salinas				[illegible] a m
Castroville				[illegible] a m
Pajaro				11 [illegible] a m
Gilroy				12 [illegible] p m
San Jose		*6.30 a m	7 0 a m	3[illegible] p m
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m

*SATURDAYS at 2.30 p. m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9.30 a. m. Returning will leave San Jose at 5.20 p. m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4 15 a. m., arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] a. m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1.00 p. m.; arrive at San Francisco at 11.20 a. m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 6th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8.30 and 11 a. m., 4 and 6 p. m.; Saucelito at 7.30 and 9.30 a. m., 2.30 and 6 p. m. On Saturday, [illegible] at [illegible] and 11 a. m. [illegible] p. m.; from San Francisco at 12 and 12 m., 2 and 4 p. m. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6.30 a. m. SUNDAY TIME.—Leave San Francisco, 10 and 11 a. m., 2 and 4 p. m. Leave Saucelito, 11 a. m., 1, 3 and 5 p. m. H. A. COBB, Freight Office, April 12. 27 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Time.—On and after Wednesday, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, Wm. [illegible] Warner, Captain, having undergone a thorough repair and improvement, [illegible] will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible]. Returning, Leave San Francisco at [illegible] p. m., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega [illegible]. [Nov 21.] CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 21, 1873, the favorite steamer Contra Costa, Captain J. T. McKenzie, connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco, *8.0 a.m., 1.00 p.m., 4.50 p.m. San Rafael, *[illegible] a.m., [illegible]. [illegible] SUNDAYS [illegible] [Aug. 21.] CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a. m. Cash advances [illegible]. Dec. 11. J. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Landaus, Coupes, Broughams, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, Bradleys or Wood Spring Top Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Laps, and Harness, [illegible]. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style [illegible]. Having had little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight [illegible] of the lightest ash and hickory wood, and run with all the ease [illegible] of the steel [illegible] buggies. The cars with which they carry [illegible] qualities. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, loaded wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind on the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Bryant and Fourth street cars go right by the door of the manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of the company, viz: for the Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 20.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonnough, Master, Will sail on her next regular trip on [illegible] at 12 o'clock M., from Front-street Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through Bills of Lading will be furnished and no other signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Sec'y, March 15. [illegible] Front street.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and irregularities in the convenience to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s 9d per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. [illegible] LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for freckles, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin. In bottles. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS, Feb. 24. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST. EPPS'S COCOA GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The Civil Service Gazette remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets, labelled "JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London."

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, [illegible], Medicine Chests. [illegible] Every [illegible] of the above forwarded, free of all charge on [illegible] BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE, July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen, Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce.—The success of the season at the table [illegible] as an [illegible] at [illegible] the Edinburgh Sauce. [illegible] Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen, [illegible] all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 29.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, [illegible], M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. [illegible], Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office—124 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication Office. Jan 11.

S. MAW & SON.

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries. [illegible] 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London. [illegible] goods forwarded to the Trade on [illegible] of Horticultural [illegible]. April 2.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, March 45.] Agents 420 [illegible] street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Building.
Justices—62 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—513 Montgomery street.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—California and [illegible] streets.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] Kearny street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Comm'rs and Wharves—Sacramento street, [illegible] Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Sup't of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Jacobson Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Sup't Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 14, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—227 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Outside Land Committee—21 Exchange Building, Washingt'n and Montgomery streets.
Health Office—Jackson street.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Jackson st. bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
Quarantine—Kearny street.
Harbor Master—[illegible] St.
Harbor Police—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), [illegible] street. Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austin friars. Hongkong and China Gas Company, [illegible] Jewry Chambers, [illegible], Secretary; Singapore Gas Co., 3 St. Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary; Pacific Saw Mills, [illegible] & Co. agents; [illegible] Singapore [illegible] Steam Saw Mills [illegible] & Co. agents, 2 St. Swithin's Lane. [illegible] Dock Co., [illegible] agent, [illegible] Square. [illegible] Dock, [illegible] & Co. agents, [illegible] Court. [illegible] China Insurance Co. [illegible]; [illegible] Insurance Co., Matheson & Co. agents, [illegible] street. Union Insurance Society of Canton, [illegible] agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street. Hongkong Insurance Co., [illegible] & Co. agents, [illegible]. China Traders Insurance Co., [illegible] & Co. agents, [illegible] Helens. [illegible] China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co., ag'ts, 20 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st., Ceylon Co., [illegible] Broad st., [illegible] Cameron, Sec'y; Borneo Co., Mincing Lane, Wm. Martin, Manager; Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (limited) of Singapore, Mactaggart, Tidman & Co. agents, 34 Great st. Helens. Banks—Agra Bank, 22 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street; [illegible]; Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Old Broad street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager; Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street; Deutsche Bank, "Actien Gesellschaft" of Berlin, agencies National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within, Union Bank of London, Lothbury; Bank of Rotterdam, Union Bank of London agents; [illegible] Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, [illegible] Manager; [illegible] National Bank of India, [illegible] Chief Manager, 20 King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, [illegible] Stuart, Chief Manager.

[illegible] companies [illegible] to the above [illegible] if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending June 28, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, June 23d.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
City and County of S F to J Decker	S Bush e New Com ave, e 85 10 to e line of New Com ave, n to s line Bush, etc	$1,350
Erastus Bartlett to B Richardson	Se Harrison and 8th, 175x275	5
D F Loan Ass'n to J D Robertson	Lot 8, Walnut Dell Sect	57
Cal Ld Com to D J F B Common	Outside land 100-v 50	25
Same to J H Chamon	Outside land 100-v 191	30
Same to E P Chamon	100-v 181	27
Same to Samuel J Parish	100-v 271	25
Same to D J F B Chamon	Se cor Townsend and Pierce, e 275x240	85
Same to E Chamon	100-v 231	25
J L Sullivan to Claude Long	W 11th ave n A st, 25x120	400
Mary F Wood to Jane M Doyen	W Clay ave n Clay st, 30x56.9	1,500
Arthur T W French to M F Wood	Same	5
S J Parish to J F B Chamon	100-v 251	200
P J Sweeney to Myles D Sweeney	All interest in estate of Geo F Sweeny	4,000
John Sorensen to John M Martin	Nw Hyde and Broadway, 137 6x117 6	2,300
Gus Touchard to Edwin Danforth	Sw cor Broadway and Battery, 70x137 6	60,000
David Porter to Jas M Treavy	Se [illegible] n e 50, 30x75	2,750
Fred Rading to B J Shay	N Union e Leavenworth, sub 50-v 200	1,000
Bay View H d to H H Schafer	Lots 5, 6 and 7, blk 433, Bay View H d	1,500
H H Schafer to John F Schafer	Same	1,000
Same to same	Sundry lots in Mission & 30th st Hd U'n	2,700

Tuesday, June 24th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Chas Kornfeld to Chris H Schmidt	S Pine w Fillmore, 50x127-6, sub to mort	$2,500
Benj Richardson to E Bartlett	Sw 8th se Harrison, 65x275, sub 100-v	5
E A Fargo to James Kelly	W Jones s Vallejo, 20x68.9	475
P H Canavan to L L Robinson	Sundry lots, subdiv blk 549 W A	14,200
Bay Park Hd to Charles H Aitkins	Lots 29 and 30 in blk 560 Bay Park H'd	720
C H Aitkins to Mary Ann Aitkins	Sundry lots University and Bay P k Hds	....
Same to same	S Broadway w Polk, w [illegible] x117 6	..
S B Wallace to Jos Brandenstein	Ne cor Paris and [illegible], 25x100	5
Same to same	N Jackson e Hyde, 20x[illegible]	5
Wm Hayes to Fabius Stanley	Lot se cor 5d and Brannan, 50-v square	10
F Stanley to Wm Hayes	Same	11
Fred MacCrellish to M Cheesman	Und 1-5th blks 6 10 to N B water lots	25,000
Same to same	Se cor Webster and Oak, etc	8,000
Isaac Lipman to Meyer Davidson	Und [illegible] ne cor Frank'n and Page, 51x100, subject to mortg for $1,500	5
I Rowell, dec'd, to Wm J Gunn	N Washington w Cherry, 257 10x185.1	800
E A Fargo to Chas W Pope	Nw Jones n Broadway, 50x[illegible] 6	800
Edward J Welsh to Sav & Loan Soc	Subdiv 50-v 941; also, sub 50-v 220	25
Daniel Meyer to Amson Goldsmith	Ne Sutter and Laguna, 137 6x137 6	8,000

Wednesday, June 25th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
John D'Arcy to Hib Sav & L'n Soc	Sw 8th nw Bryant, 75x85	$6,954
Chas H Baldwin to Maurice Dore	Nw Leav'th and Pine, 137-6x137-6	1
T D Lamer to Ann Sprung	W Mission Ave s 17th, 32x96.9	2,200
A J J Victor to Louis Dutertre	N Broadway e Dupont, 51 6x72 6	22,000
Jeremiah W Gale to Robt Howe	Und ½ lots 1 2 3 4 5 6 of blk 1, San Mig Ranch Survey	2,673
Henry Austin to Barnard Boylan	Lots 1 blk 21, Noe Garden Hd, also lot 6 blk 22, Market St. H d	600
James Donovan to R H Lloyd	N York 135 w Mason, 32.6x137.6, subject to mortgage for $4,200	10,000
P H Canavan to S F Butterworth	Sundry properties in Western Addition	14,800
Russell & Erwin M Co to S Hayden	Portion sundry Outside Lands	1,200

Thursday, June 26th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Geo Murphy to Abraham Cohl	Vulture w Sanchez, 25x114, Buena V Hd	$ 300
Louis Derr to John Spreance	Lot 568, Gift Map 2	158
John [illegible] to Thos Poland	19 h w Guerrero, 50x114	2,000
John McCombe to Cecilia Mahon	O Farrell w Mason, 40x60—subject to mortgage for $2,000	3,000
J C Reise to Thos B Howard	S cor [illegible] and Townsend, ne 275, se 275, sw [illegible], w 217 [illegible]	5
Thos B Howard to Mary T Howard	Und ½ same	Gift
Leopold Hyams to Jane M Doyen	E [illegible] of 51 e 101 97 6 n Clay, n 40, w 12, s 20, w 60.9, etc	5
W Dorgeen to Gustavus S Johnson	Hampshire s 220, 25x100	300
Pat'k Keating to Pat'k Lynch	Jessie e 5th, 25x60	4,300
Laura [illegible] to A L Frank	Geary w Laguna, 31 4½x137 6	300
Same to [illegible] Harrington	Post e Buchanan, 5x137 6	501
H Von Deesten to B M Abern	Sutter w Lyons, n 87 6, w 12 9, n 68.9, e 22 to com	2,700
Francis Foye to Peter Lee	Grand Av se Mission, 25x56 8	1,000

Friday, June 27th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Thos Haywood to City & Co S F	Dupont n Broadway, n 21, w 40 5, etc	$6,965
Peter Nolan to Susan M Low	Camp e Guerrero, 30x115	2,100
W H L Barnes to Tabitha Myers	Re-recorded to correct error	....
Henry Connor to Serafino Arata	N Vallejo at the center of 50-vara 227, thence e 20 x n 60 varas	4,000
Serafino Arata to G Gamasso	Same	Gift
E S Welton to Anson Goldsmith	Sw cor California and Laguna, 137 6x137-6; also, Pine w Laguna, 68-9x137 6; also, Sutter and Laguna, 137 6x137 6	1
M Barzini to Gaudenzio Barzini	Lot 4 blk 67, Paul Tract H d	600
John Spaulding to C W M Smith	Sw [illegible] w [illegible], w 46.9, n 80, subject to a mortgage for $2,000	600
David Callaghan to John Donohue	S Folsom w Fourth, 80x20; also, leasehold lot 38 L 328	800
Angela Fella to Isabel de Franchini	Dari Dari Rancho, containing 14,639 acs	600

Saturday, June 28th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Albert C Varney to J S Alemany	Vallejo w Dupont, 30x137 6	827
J S Alemany to City & Co of S F	Vallejo e Stockton, 21 6, etc	500
G V Castro to J J O'Shea	50-vara lot 5, blk 40, W A	600
New S S F R'd As'n to C Smidt	Lot 36, blk 157, New S S F H d	1
N Smith to Henry Thomas	Mission s 18th, 60x122 7	800
T P Riordan to A F Alexander	Bellaston [illegible], 33 4x140	1
R C Page to Thos Brown	Lots 5 and 6 blk 125, S S F Hd & R Ass'n	
Wm B Lake to D F Joscelyn	Ocean H [illegible] Re[illegible], s 110 4, e 25, e 25, n 25, n 25, etc Noe Garden Hd, subj to a mort for $300	900
Henry Pless to Cath Schumacher	6th nw Bryant, 25x55	5
Same to Same	Same	5,000
Meth F Church to Henry Thomas	Mission s 16th, 50x125	1
City and County S F to Mary Correll	Tough and Greenwich, n 10, etc	

AT GREAT REDUCTION, BY ALL STEAMERS.
ROUND THE WORLD.

One Hundred and Five Routes to VIENNA! Seventy two Routes to Italy. Thirty Routes to Holland, Belgium and the Rhine. Thirty Routes to Ireland, Scotland, and England. Full particulars in COOK'S EXCURSIONIST, American House.

COOK, SON & JENKINS,
May 31.] 262 Broadway, New York.

DICKSON, DE WOLF & CO.,

410, 412, 414 Battery street, offer for sale the following goods, in Bond or Duty paid:

BRANDY—Gautier, Otard, Marie and Hennessey, in quarter casks.
BRANDY—Martell, Faure & Co., and Champagne Aine, in glass.
WHISKY—Irish, in quarter casks.
WINE—Port and Sherry, in quarter casks and glass.
CLARET—Choice Medoc, Pauillac and St. Julien, in cask.
PIG IRON—Eglinton.
CHAINS—Short Link.
TIN PLATES—I X Machen Crown Brand Charcoal.
Yellow Metal Sheathing.
Asphalte Roofing Felt.
Bleaching Powder.
Soda Crystals.
Bi-carbonate of Soda.
Palm Oil.
Gosling's Portland Cement, Roman Cement, Fire Clay, Paris White. [June 7

THE PARTNERSHIP

Heretofore existing between the undersigned, at San Francisco and New York, under the firm name of PLATT & NEWTON, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation. Mr. HY. A. THOMAS will sign for us at New York under Power of Attorney. The Shipping and Commission business will be continued by WM. T. COLEMAN & CO.

WM. T. COLEMAN. L. H. NEWTON.
San Francisco, May 31, 1873.

I have this day re-established the firm of Wm. T. Coleman & Co., and will continue the Shipping and Commission business on my own account.
San Francisco, June 2, 1873. WM. T. COLEMAN.

The undersigned have this day formed a partnership, under the name and style of NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., for the purpose of conducting an Importing and Jobbing business, at 119 and 121 Front street.
L. H. NEWTON. MORRIS NEWTON.
San Francisco, June 2, 1873. June 7.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore. The favor it has received and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Woman's Glory is her Hair—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.
A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 500 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been refitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

NOTICE.

During the absence of the undersigned, the business of Her Britannic MAJESTY'S CONSULATE will be conducted by Mr. VICE CONSUL MASON, as Acting Consul. [June 7.] WM. LANE BOOKER, H. B. M.'s Consul.

NEW MAP OF CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA,

In Townships, with Mineral Grounds, Railroads and Land Districts defined. The MOST COMPLETE MAP ever published of the two States. For sale in Sheets or Book form. Size, 3 feet by 3½. Price—Book, $[illegible]; Mounted, $5.
May 17. WARREN HOLT, 60 Clay street.

FOR SALE.

A Steam Flouring Mill with Distillery and about 15 acres of good Land, distant ½ mile from Sonoma. Inquire at SONOMA HOTEL, Sonoma; or of W. D. BLISS, Petaluma. [May 3.] ALFRED BOREL & CO., S. F.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. A. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, Il[illegible] street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

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PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

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Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 3.] Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 30 Montgomery Block. May 31.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan 4. No. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE NEW AQUARIUM AT WOODWARD'S GARDENS.

Nearly Every One Knew that, for the last year, Mr. Woodward had been hard at work making an aquarium, but few were prepared to see it such a complete success. On Wednesday, Mr. Woodward invited the scientific men of the city, and the press, to a private inspection of this, his latest addition to an already wonderfully fine collection of living curiosities. The new aquarium is some seventy feet long, and is divided into fourteen tanks, already filled, and two larger tanks, with stalactite roofs, not as yet inhabited. Three tanks are devoted to fresh water fish, most noticeable among which are the speckled trout from San Pedro, and the perch. The salt water tanks, with their varied and interesting inhabitants, are a source of never-ending amusement and instruction to the spectator. There we see the sea anemone (actinia viridis), with its countless tenticles spread out to lay hold of any edible substance that may chance to be floating around; also, the star fish (asterias pulchella), which may be seen sticking to the glass, thus giving a good view of its wonderful formation. It is most interesting to watch the crustaceans, who seem perfectly at home in their new residence, and fight with as much zeal as if they were "at the bottom of the deep blue sea." Not the least interesting among the sea fish is the common wharf catfish. This fish does not only swim like others, but it may also be seen hanging on a rock in a perpendicular position, sometimes upside down, evidently ready at any moment for a spring at its prey. Two fine specimens of the spotted sharks are to be seen lisorely swimming round tank No. 4. They are about three feet long, and are savage, sulky-looking fellows. There are specimens of various kinds of sea perch, the black, blue, silvery, etc.; also of the cod, whose green looking bodies form a strong contrast to the white sandy bottom on which they lie. The fish are fed with some kind of minced fresh meat, which is dropped in at the top of the tank, and is generally seized by some hungry fish long before it reaches the bottom. The crab shovels it into his mouth with his claws like a man filling a pipe, using his nippers as a tobacco pouch. The catfish darts from his seat on the rock with a swiftness that one would hardly expect to see in so clumsily built a fish. The sea anemones have to be fed by means of a long pair of wooden tongs, which deposit the meat on their tanticles, which soon draw it in and quickly digest it. The water in all the tanks is as clear as possible, and a perfect view can be obtained of all their finny inhabitants. Too much cannot be said in praise of the laudable spirit which has prompted Mr. Woodward, in spite of many severe disappointments, to still persevere in an undertaking which will form no mean part in the natural history education of the rising generation of San Francisco. Mr. Woodward has brought all his European experience (gained with an especial view to the subject in question) of aquariums, and that of his able assistant, Mr. Schumann, to bear upon the present undertaking, which is a complete success. Mr Woodward provided a very elegant cold collation, which was done ample justice to by both scientific men, doctors, the press, and the "most humblest man in the room," as James, the red-shirted fisherman, who sat at the far end of the table, facetiously termed himself. The wine—which, by the way, was of excellent quality—circulated very freely. Numerous speeches were made, most of which were more remarkable for their peculiar grammar than for their eloquence, and any amount of encomiums were lavished upon Mr. Woodward, who seemed to hold up very fairly under such a weight of flattery. At about half-past seven the party broke up, returning to town by special cars provided by Mr. Woodward. All were unanimous in declaring that the aquarium was a complete success, and that Mr. Woodward was a truly enterprising, public-spirited man. We cannot end this account of the aquarium and its opening without saying a word in praise of Mr. Andrews, whose management of the affairs of the Gardens goes a great way towards making them such a favorite place of resort. He is a courteous gentleman, and is a universal favorite with all classes.

A PRECIOUS CORRESPONDENT.

The Sacramento Union has been publishing, for some time past, the letters of one Theodore Triplet, a fine specimen of the "Intelligent American" tourist in Europe. His letter of May 25th, dated at Paris, is a curious compound of Josh Billings, Chambers' Cyclopædia, Harper's Guide-Book, and original ignorance. He is profound on the French language: "Having acquired sufficient French to make my wants known, I believe I will cease further [illegible] The faculty of acquiring languages does not belong to the highest order of intellect anyway. [illegible] Saxon has a literature rich enough to afford [illegible] etc., etc. This reasoning is undoubtedly Triplet's, though [illegible] and Start King, in a lecture on Bryant fairly outdid the "Own Saxon" twaddle [illegible] to his aid, once how well America, if cut off from intercourse [illegible] of mankind, could [illegible] on the literature of her Edwardses, her Franklins, her Emersons and her Bryants. All Frenchmen have reason to congratulate themselves that Triplet's mind is too mighty, "anyway," to acquire their language. The vials of wrath have been poured out upon them, but they are spared the last infamy, the cackle of a Triplet's own Saxon [illegible], in broken French. The great fountains of Versailles were to play on Sunday and to Versailles on Sunday, went Triplet, [illegible] as he writes. [illegible] blank, because he had no English [illegible], and could find no "Frenchman who knows one comp[illegible] from another. There is, in truth, very little in common between Triplet and most Frenchmen. The latter go frankly about their business, without talking of Moses. Triplet pretends to believe in the sacredness of the Mosaic law, and cannot for the life of him remember what he calls his [illegible] one of the great paintings, the "Conversion of [illegible]," is too much for Triplet's Cyclopædias and Guide-Books. He wants to know why the Bishop calls Claude "a Mountaineer," and what a Mountaineer is. We are never so happy as when we teach the young idea. A Mountaineer is neither more nor less than a Mormon, and if Triplet had filled his mind [illegible] the study of French, he might have known this. In the Bois de Boulogne our traveler saw many pretty women driving, most of them bad, he says, and we are bound to believe him, for when a man acquires just French enough to make his wants known and then settles the character of the women he sees in public, how can you doubt his knowledge of French society or his honesty? No more than you can [illegible] question his conclusion, that there is no [illegible] in the life, [illegible] in the purposes of Paris." The life and the purposes of Paris must be familiar as his garter to a man who confesses his ignorance of French verbs, and it gave us [illegible] delight to find him repeating, after the school readers, that the French have no word for "home." No, indeed, neither have they any word for *[illegible]* for railway, nor steamer, nor *[illegible]*, but, oddly enough, they have the reality of all these except the *Morning Call*. There are stupid Frenchmen, but none [illegible] enough to make a *Morning Call*. Something like the Sacramento *Union* they might descend to, beyond that [illegible] could not sink them. The Triplet, summing up his French experience finds his own Saxon literature [illegible], and quotes the English [illegible] the Frenchman [illegible] frequent to the effect that "virtue is the mainspring of a republic as honor is the life of a kingdom," and concludes that while there may yet be many kingdoms in France, there cannot be one republic. This is bad for France, [illegible] of virtue, while she abounds in honor, and possibly it is far from consoling to Triplet's own native America, where the honor which makes the life of kingdoms is so far a word without meaning, while the virtue, which is the mainspring of a republic, is spoken of only to be laughed at.

THE NEW AUSTRALIAN STEAM LINE.

Late Exchanges and Special Dispatches from New York fully confirm the [illegible] by the *News Letter* as to the completion of a contract by General Burnside and Thos. A. Scott, by which we are to have a highly effective steam line between San Francisco, Australia, New Zealand, and way ports. The main line after leaving San Francisco, is to touch at Honolulu, Samoa, Fiji, New Caledonia, and terminate at Sydney, [illegible] a branch line is to start [illegible] from Samoa [illegible] connecting with the various New Zealand ports. The first vessel is to leave New York and proceed to Australia, [illegible] service at that end within three months from the present date. For twelve months chartered steamers are to be used. In the meantime new iron propellers are to be built in this country, with ventilation, and other requirements especially suited to the [illegible] weather to be [illegible] to be traversed. The whole of the arrangements, it is understood, are to be made in such a manner as to insure the establishment of a line effective in every respect. The importance of it [illegible] relating to the future interests of San Francisco it is difficult to overrate. It is in good hands, and success is assured.

LIGHT.

While I hid mine eyes, I feared;
The heavens in wrath seemed bowed;
I look, and the sun with a smile breaks forth,
And a rainbow spans the cloud.

I thought the winter was here,
That the earth was cold and bare;
But I feel the coming of birds and flowers
And the spring-time in the air.

I said that all the lips
I ever had kissed were dumb;
That my dearest ones were dead and gone,
And never a friend would come.

But I hear a voice as sweet
As the fall of summer showers;
And the grave that yawned at my very feet
Is filled to the top with flowers!

As if 'twere the midnight hour,
I sat with gloom oppressed;
When a light was breaking out of the east,
And shining unto the west.

I heard the angels call
Across from the beautiful shore;
And I saw a look in my darling's eyes,
That never was there before.

Transfigured, lost to me,
She had slipped from my embrace;
Now lo! I hold her fast once more,
With the light of God on her face!

CINCINNATI INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION.

The Fourth Cincinnati Industrial Exposition will be opened on September 3d, and continue till October 4th, 1873. Premiums are offered for nearly every kind of machinery and manufacture and natural product: sewing-machines, musical instruments and productions in any department of the fine arts being [illegible] excepted. It is not a little curious that the managers of these great shows have not yet thought of applying the principle, thus recognized in special cases, to every class of articles on exhibition. A great occasion of the kind draws together vast multitudes of people, and affords the owner of an article an unequaled opportunity to bring it before the public; why is not this enough, so far as the managers of the exhibition are concerned? Every man will see to the advertising of his own wares; and if you furnish him the best means of doing this, why should you be further called upon to take sides with him against others in the same line of business, and declare, under your own hand and seal, that his are the only genuine Holloway's Pills, and all others counterfeit? This is the weak side of all these fairs. The premiums have been so lavishly distributed that discrimination as to merit is merely impossible; and practically, no man cares a straw whether the soap, or the spoons, or the piano he is looking at won the gold medal at the Great Exposition, or not. The public has an instructive common sense in matters of trade. It knows how gold medals are made, and it knows how easily they may be given to the wrong person. Let the dealers go to these fairs as they go into the great every-day fair of the world, on their own merits, show what they have, and be glad that so many people saw it. They would devote more time to the perfecting of their wares, if they knew that nothing but excellence in their products could benefit them. We should like to call attention, before closing, to the ascendency of France and the French phrases over the American mind, in a quarter least suspected of feeling their influence. It is the boast of American business men that they are original and practical. We feel like calling for the police when an American uses either of these words; but it is enough to point out that there never was an Industrial "Exposition" in America until after the one at Paris in 1867, and that since that time hardly an association, or city, or State in America has dared to hint at anything but an *Exposition*. None of them could say what an Exposition was, or in what it differed from an Exhibition, with its real and well-known English meaning; it was enough that Exposition was French and only half understood, to make it irresistible.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

Yesterday was truly a gala day. All the "nice young men" put on their Sunday clothes, and all the bellicose ones their uniforms, while their sisters, mothers, sweethearts and wives made up an appreciative crowd of spectators. Any amount of soiled bunting and five cent flags showed the patriotism of the Pacific Coast, while the turn out of abled-bodied troops testified to her power not only to sport bunting but strike home for the Union if wanted. Numerous fair girls from the country munched peanuts and gazed with awe and admiration at the procession, while their lank brothers, with sunburnt faces and wide brimmed hats, chewed their fine cut, and tried to look as if they didn't care a "darn'd red cent any way." The day was just cool enough to make marching a pleasant exercise, and the summer winds not having as yet arisen, the varied uniforms did not assume that dusty mouse-color which a summer walk along our streets usually results in, but the exhibition of said American patriotism was not worthy of Nature's favors. The procession did not equal that of preceding years, possibly because of the absence of the verdant Irishman, whose benevolent physiognomy shone not from the "serried ranks." The First Regiment of Infantry presented a really fine appearance, the column marching a steady, well-marked time, but the remaining infantry corps jumbled sadly in their marching. We will in mercy put it down to the cobble stones. One thing is always most significantly to be noticed in Fourth of July processions: the preponderance of foreign uniforms, and the absence of native American militia, or volunteers. German Infantry and Cavalry, French Zouaves, Swiss Foot, etc., are the prominent features in the parade of military pomp. To be sure, there were the retail butchers, possibly Americans, but apparently cosmopolitan. But the stars and stripes waved over all, all enjoyed the sight, all were in danger of being scorched by bombs and crackers, and all laid themselves out for pleasure, if not for profit. It was the 97th anniversary of the freedom of a great country, and all, especially late in the evening, agreed that no day in the year was like unto the glorious Fourth of July.

THE FOURTH ATLANTIC CABLE.

The Great Eastern is now more than half way across the Atlantic, engaged, in company with two consorts, in laying the fourth cable which has been placed and worked in the bed of the ocean. Counting from the first cable laid in 1858, this is the fifth of the Atlantic cables, but as that one only worked for a few weeks and has since remained neglected and silent, it does not count. It was originally intended to lay this fourth cable from Porthcurno on the Cornish coast, direct to Halifax, and thence to New York. But owing to the desirability of reducing the risk of laying by adhering to the system of short lengths, and to other reasons of a commercial nature, it was determined to fall back upon the routes of the other cables, viz., from Valentia to Heart's Content, Newfoundland. The course of the fourth cable, which will be known as the cable of 1873, is to be north of that of 1865, and unless at the shore ends, the two will not approach nearer than thirty miles. The squadron, of which the *Great Eastern* started at the head, comprised also the *Hibernia*, the *Edinburgh* and the *Robert Lowe*, the latter being a small vessel of 700 tons, and the former being 3,000 and 2,300 tons respectively. The laying of the shore end at Valentia was done by the *Robert Lowe*, after which the vessel returned to the Thames. The Sydney Cable is to be laid by the three smaller vessels after the completion of the present one, and after that job is complete the *Hibernia* will join the *Great Eastern* at Heart's Content, whence the two will proceed to the point of rupture of the cable of 1865, which is 568 miles from Valentia, where it will be grappled for, and as is expected, found and repaired. The length of the cable of 1865, whose recovery is thus to be attempted, is 1,626¾ miles; the cable of 1866 is 1,858¾ miles; the French cable from Brest to St. Pierre is 2,557 miles, and the line about to be laid will be nearly the same length as that of 1865. To give an idea of the expense of these cable undertakings, it may be noted that the cable squadron, as it left Portland Roads on the present expedition, represented a moving mass worth two and a half millions sterling.

International Postal Cards.—The Postmaster-General is engaged in considering a system of postal cards between America and Great Britain. The proposed rate is three cents, and notwithstanding the objections of steamship companies, competition is sure to bring forward a candidate for carrying the mails at the lowest possible rate. One effect of this will probably be the reduction of the postage on letters.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

The American Annual Cyclopedia, and Register of Important Events for 1872. [illegible]

I Go A-Fishing. By W. C. Prime. Crown, 8vo., cloth.

Popular Lectures on Scientific Subjects. By H. Helmholtz. [illegible]

Orations and Addresses. By Wm. C. Bryant. 12mo cloth.

Anecdotes of Public Men. By John W. Forney. 12mo. cl.

The Intellectual Life. By Philip G. Hamerton. 12mo. cl.

Questions of the Day. By the Rev. John Hall. 12mo. cl.

Purple and Fine Linen. A Novel. By Edgar Fawcett. 12mo. cloth.

Wit and Wisdom of George Eliot. [illegible]

The Hour and the Man. A Novel. By Harriet Martineau. 8vo. paper.

"He Cometh Not, she said." A Novel. By Annie Thomas. 8vo paper.

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[illegible] April 5.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

The Following is as much as the *T. C.* is able to remember of the patriotic oration of Mr Estee and other exhilarating exercises at Horticultural Hall, yesterday: "[illegible] Citizens and Brother and Sister Eagles: My heart almost bursts with patriotism when I think of the [illegible] providence which an All-seeing Providence [illegible] gave an eagle. After [illegible] has this day kindly allowed us to celebrate. When I think of the [illegible] day when this most glorious of victorious nations first unfurled to the world, and the balmy breeze of a July morning, a glorious flag, whose stars shine with more brilliancy than the planets of heaven, and whose stripes are purer than the Spring Valley water, I feel that heaven [illegible] has indeed favored me by allowing me to be a soaring eagle. Yes, brother citizens, I repeat it, a soaring eagle, the king bird of heaven. [Loud applause, and cries of 'Eagle head!'] Let us, oh, brother eagles—let us, I say, let us leave sordid Europe behind and wing our way to the realms where [illegible] freedom sits enthroned upon glittering clouds, and where the [illegible] celebrated night and day where the [illegible] cherub [illegible] and the languishing seraphim shout 'Hail Columbia' through eternity, and where the [illegible] just men made perfect are heard with heaven [illegible] chanting 'The Star Spangled Banner.'" Here Mr. Estee's feelings of patriotism quite overcame him, large drops of perspiration marked out on a flag upon his noble brow, while the wooden eagles all around snapped their beaks, laid candy eggs and wagged their tails in proud defiance of the uncivilized countries of Europe, Asia and Africa. The big drum burst itself in an attempt to do honor to the occasion, and the *Town Crier*, feeling bound to say something for his country, warbled, in his sweet scented tenor, "Home they brought her warrior drunk." He only got through the first verse when he was kicked out, showing how ignorant the masses are [illegible] of true music. A friend of the *T. C.*'s gave him a piece of dirty paper, with a well chewed old tobacco plug in it, which he saw the poet of the day carefully put into his hat, and being close to him and fond of light chewing and [illegible]. Part of it was illegible, but the *T. C.* gives as much as he could make out, and has some sort of idea that it was the boss poem of the day:

"To the west, to the west, where Columbia smiles,
And eagles soar over the tops of the tiles,
Oh! who on the face of the wide world so free,
What nation so glorious, my brothers, as we!
Our beloved banner waves proudly on high,
Its star spangled bosom as pure as the sky;
Who grows such big pumpkins and glorious *beets*?
How spotless our virtue, how chastened our sheets."

Here tobacco juice and hair oil rendered one of the most beautiful poems we have ever read, quite unintelligible.

Encouraged by the Success that has attended the Spring Valley and Gas Company monopolies, the *Town Crier* has made up his mind to carry out a plan he thinks brilliant, and one which will, no doubt, soon be highly remunerative. His plan is simply this. He will, by a judicious system of bribery, induce the leading physicians of this city to sign a petition to the municipal council, stating that the cold winds which blow with such terrible force on our Summer afternoons are highly injurious to human life, and praying that the city will duly consider the immense advantages to be gained by granting a subsidy of some ten millions to the the *T. C. & Co.* for the purpose of assisting them in the laudable, though somewhat arduous, undertaking of entirely enclosing the city with glass, making in fact a huge crystal palace of the whole peninsular. The city council (being, of course, presented *à la mobilier* with a few shares) will, no doubt, grant the subsidy without a murmur. Then the *Town Crier's* grandest idea will come in force. He will set numerous strong air pumps to work, exhausting air enough to make it very hard work for people to breathe, and then charge them an enormous price per cubic foot for the air they breathe. The only slight draw back to this noble and philanthropic scheme is the fact that the excited and misguided public might possibly take it into their heads to smash the glass and so let in air of their own. This, however, he thinks very unlikely, as a confiding and easy going public who can stand being hoaxed by water companies and duped by gas men patiently and without a murmur, like the San Franciscans have, would never be likely to object ever so mildly to any one getting up a corner in air. Besides they have too much respect for the old proverb, "People who live in glass houses should not throw stones."

There is Every Reason to Believe that the editors of the local daily press delight in making asses of themselves. We rejoice in this, for if there is anything we like to see it is an ass who has no more brains than the code allows. But when these braying animals attack the praying animals as they did the Rev. Dr. Stone a few days ago, we are severely shocked—and this despised community is well aware of the fact that it takes a good deal to shock us. If the Rev. Dr. had murdered a Barbary coaster, bought stock in the *Call*, pilfered short bits from the blind cigar peddler, or had done some other act equally outrageous, we could have conscientiously applauded the donkeys in their howling against him. Having simply forgotten his high and holy mission by turning his back upon Heaven a few moments to boldly face the Celestial problem which riles our Caucasian mudsills, deserves eulogies rather than condemnation. His views on the question were sound to the core; he trampled upon the corns of the long-eared, and hence their braying. The donkeys aforesaid have no interest in this matter, one way or another, except to make money out of it. By flaming appeals to the chuckle-headed public they put cash in their coffers. Behold the contrast to our unselfishness. Like Dr. Stone we have spent a lifetime as a missionary in ameliorating the condition of the wrong and oppressed; and we add, proudly, with a profound contempt for coin. The only reason why we are not abused as he is may be attributed to the fact that we are not worth abusing. With our usual modesty we correct this snow-white falsehood with this palpable truth: they fear us.

The Venerable and Gouty Old Duffer, who hopes to get to heaven on the strength of being "a man of means," is in great demand in this community at present. [illegible] the goose. The "stylish and fascinating young widow" is after him with a vim in the "Personals" of the press. She wants a "home," not a husband this time. She is willing to sacrifice her charms to any toothless, bald headed, cross-grained, knock-kneed old dope who will furnish coin as an equivalent. This [illegible] from the East, with her false hair, false teeth, false health and false heart, openly and shamefully offers herself [illegible]. [illegible] who unfortunately gives her [illegible] California [illegible] The [illegible] in quest of the flesh. With her arts and [illegible] herself about the present and [illegible] "man of means," [illegible] human product which, it is said, [illegible] be found in no other geographical location on the planet [illegible] California. We weep a copious flood of briny tears for this old man; we invoke the Young Men's Christian Association for this toothless duffer, we appeal to the local priests and confidents of the great I Am for this aged and miserable dupe. In conclusion we give him a little sound and original advice: "Old man, be virtuous and you'll be happy."

While Conversing with a very shrewd old gentleman, the other day, on the merits and demerits of our daily press, the shrewd old gentleman made a remark, of the truth of which the *T. C.* leaves his readers to judge. The *T. C.* ventured to remark that "the *Chronicle* was by far the most pushing journal on this coast." "[illegible]," the old gentleman replied, "Yes, it's a real smart paper, but I find the reading of it entails much trouble." The *T. C.* inquired, "Why so?" "[illegible]," answered the shrewd old man, "I have to read all the other dailies to see if what I've read in the *Chronicle* is true."

The Detestable Leeches known as quack doctors are our special pets of abomination. In hunting up something exceedingly mean and nasty, even unto the perfection of meanness and nastiness, we have struck upon these quacks as filling the bill to a T. A reconnoisance on Kearny or Montgomery street will develop these human vermin as thick as lice upon the cranium of a Piute brave. Mr. Lo, in his utter contempt for sanitary laws, richly merits his wealth of personal property in "live" stock, but why a Christian community should breed and feed the other pestilence is a question that might well perplex a Philadelphia lawyer or a Chicago Bohemian. Our morals as a people are unsullied, and our reputation for chastity has been carried on the wings of the wind to the four corners of the earth. A man has merely to mention the fact that he hails from San Francisco, in any nook or quarter of the civilized and uncivilized world, and forthwith pæans rend the air in praise of his many virtues. Great is Diana of the Ephesians, was the old war cry, but the modern bugle blast re-echoes, Great is the man of Frisco. Considering our immaculate skirts, we cannot see why a roaring Providence should afflict us with our pet abominations. We have no desire to add to our reputation as a notorious liar by pretending to ignorance in this matter. We know all about it. These infamous quacks are the leeches fattened through violations of the seventh commandment, etc. There's more truth than poetry in this brief sermon.

The Town Crier could never understand why people who become American citizens, should persist in parading on every possible occasion the flags of the countries they have deserted in order to obtain the coveted privileges of citizens of the Great Republic. That it is bad taste to flaunt such flags all must acknowledge, and that it is an insult to our flag many with just cause think. The *T. C.* congratulates the Fourth of July Committee on their pluck and good taste in not allowing other flags to be carried on the day of all others when the starry banner should reign supreme. The Fenians feel hurt to think that their flag—one by the bye which would reflect no credit upon any civilized procession—should not be allowed to wave triumphant and defiant on the Fourth. It is an emblem of priest-ridden ignorance and of fancied wrongs, whose existence are notional in the extreme; and even granting that they do exist, have been brought about by the savage barbarity of the sufferers themselves. America and England were never better friends than they are to-day, and all true Americans feel it as an insult to a land that they have not yet ceased to be proud of claiming their origin from, to allow the furtive green of played-out Fenianism to wave as proudly as their own honored flag of liberty and fraternity.

Several Passengers lately from China might have been seen dancing in the wildest manner about the streets yesterday. These gentle Mongolians were so much reminded of home and their New Year festivities that they would almost imagine they were back again: one of them observed to the *T. C.* in his native language, which, of course, the *T. C.* understands, as he does everything else: "I am glad, my poor and benighted friend, to see that the Americans are every day adopting our ways and manners. What would a holiday be to an American if he had not his fire-crackers? This is a step in the right direction, which we have prompted, and our missionaries report very favorably upon the result of their efforts to convert the heathen white to the worship of the only Joss."

The High-heeled, Long-haired, Big Shirt-fronted Hoodlum of this City ought to feel proud when he knows that the gentle Mongolian, out of reverence for his stone-throwing bowie-knifing propensities, has erected a joss to him, which he worships with wonderful assiduity and propitiates with such gifts as the following, viz: Packets of chewing tobacco, peanuts, five-cent lager, and Barbary Coast tanglefoot whisky, cheap hair-oil, stilty heeled boots, and in fact with all that the hoodlum heart loveth, even to a paper such as the noble youth reads at his pet houses, the Bella Union, Buckley's, etc. After a revelation like this what hard-hearted hoodlum would ever insult poor John.

That there are no Pleasures without Alloy, has been clearly proven by the case of the Globe Hotel Chinaman, Ah Loy, who had long indulged in the exquisite pleasure of sleeping with some thirty other Chinamen in a fifteen-foot room. In trying to escape the artful Rodgers, he slipped from the roof where he was secreted, and has since died, whether by foul means or otherwise, it is hard to say. Ah Sing, who is gifted with most wonderful powers of sight—being able to see through a mansard roof, or a six-inch plank (without a hole in it), says he saw him stabbed. As, however, it does not in any way affect the municipal elections whether he was stabbed or not, people don't take much interest in the case.

A Correspondent of the Evangelist is distressed at the decay of the anniversary spirit in Boston, because a missionary, who had passed twelve years in the wilds, had only twelve minutes allowed him to give an account of his labor in the vineyard of the Lord. There is no reason for distress or complaint. Accurate observations, continued through many years, proves that it takes an Evangelical Missionary three years to make one convert. This gave the brother in question a bag of four souls for his twelve years, and three minutes apiece to tell how he brought them down; and quite time enough.

The Devil not having recovered from his exertions of yesterday, when he took a prominent part in the procession (wearing, as perhaps some may have observed, a little "star spangled banner" attached to the tip of his tail, and mounted on a coal-black steed), must apologize for not giving an account of the way in which he spent the glorious Fourth. Suffice it to say that next week he will relate as much of his experience as he can remember. He met so many old friends who stood treat that the latter part of the evening is shrouded in mystery. THE DEVIL.

The Low-lived Hounds of Gamblers who air their filthy persons at the corner of Kearny and Clay streets, had a rich joke yesterday. They came across a drunken man and put a large bomb, ready ignited, in his pocket, and awaited the result. It was a nice little joke and one worthy of its perpetrators. It blew away the greater part of his coat-tails, all the seat of his pants and a good deal of what filled it. He is not yet dead though, and will no doubt live to shoot the dirty coward who did such a mean action.

The Pleasure of sleeping over a room where giant gunpowder, nitro-glycerine and other harmless explosives are stowed, has been lately demonstrated with some force in Virginia City. No one seems to blame but poor Colonel Van Bokkelen's monkey. It seems somewhat hard to accuse the poor beast of doing so much mischief, but if it really did do so it must have been a "powder monkey."

The Fire-eaters of New Orleans have been at work again. This time the weapons used were shot-guns. One of the principals was killed, the other untouched. The *T. C.* advises belligerent Southerners in future to settle their little disputes by both putting their heads down a two hundred pounder and letting their seconds fire off the gun. It would be fair for both and very effective.

John P. H. Wentworth, having a wide circle of acquaintances, is lying seriously ill of intermittent fever.—*Bulletin.* [We are very sorry for Mr. Wentworth, and cannot but hope that he will be left to fight it out with the fever, abandoned by all who know him. In this case, surely, if any, a man may well cry out "Save me from my friends!"

Since Mr. Williamson's Annual Benefit, on the 24th of June, he has been engaged in collecting trout eggs at Lake Tahoe, for the California Acclimatizing Society. Having succeeded in collecting over half a million eggs, he has returned to this city, resigned the rectorship of Grace Church, and now goes to Europe and the Holy Land.

It is Related of Mark Twain that a few months after his first baby was born, he was holding it on his knee, when his wife said, "Now, confess, Samuel, that you love that child!" "I can't do that," replied the humorist, "but am willing to admit that I respect the little thing for its father's sake."

Pickering, of the Bulletin and Call, "both daily," is rigorously opposed to dueling, but does not object to assassination. For particulars inquire of Frank Blair.

The Enterprise of American journalism is well illustrated by the pictures in *Harper's* of the Modoc war, copied without credit from the London *Illustrated News.*

The Alta says that "bosh has more devotees than Josh." Will the *Alta* never quit blowing in an underhanded way about its circulation?

SUICIDE.

I long to leave this weary earth,
And shake its trammels off;
I've had the measles very bad,
Also the whooping cough.

Oh, would that in my early youth,
Ere sin had entered in,
I'd changed into a cherrybom
The gates of heaven within.

I will not hang myself, for that
Is a mere felon's death,
And prussic acid, though it kills,
Causes unpleasant breath.

I do not care to shoot myself—
I hate the cannon's roar—
And then, you know, the fearful mess
It makes upon the floor.

I would not from the window jump—
Asphaltum has no charms—
And it might fill some passer-by
With causeless dread alarms.

Alas! I fear I still must live;
Still drain life's bitter cup,
And damn my poor eternal soul,
Cursing Wells Fargo's pup.

U. C., (*One of Many Sufferers.*)

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Deer Shooting does not commence till August 1st. *Verbum Sap*.—Adolph Hartdegan, the violoncellist, left for Peru on Saturday.—A sounding line of 4,000 fathoms has been shipped on board the *Hassler*, for use in sounding on the telegraph cable route to China.—A social club was organized on Wednesday evening, called the Social Violets, of which J. Farrel is Chief Scented Violet. Modesty of demeanor is to be the characteristic of the members. Hem!—Nearly seven thousand passengers on the C. P. R. R. during June, of which number 4,573 came westward.—James Williams, the brute who drove "Shoo Fly" to death on the Cliff House road, has been sent to prison for one hundred days.—Several very severe accidents have taken place during the past week or two, from the explosion of Chinese bombs. What a farce the Supervisors' order was, to be sure.—More men are wanted on the Clay-street railway.—The case of the brutality of the Mate of the *Caravan*, to three of the crew, has been set for trial on Monday next.—The importunities for your vote on Thursday were little better than being dunned.—The Higginses are not happy. He wants a divorce because she is unfaithful, and she wants a divorce because he is cruel. Male Higgins says he is afraid of daily poisoning, and female Higgins says he always has poison ready in his pocket. What a lovely thing is marital felicity!—Clay street is rapidly becoming Chinatown.—Michael Reese has bought $30,000 worth of Hospital bonds. Doubtless the condition of the patients will be much ameliorated.—It seems rather dangerous to try to pass a spiel mark, Peter Finley, Esq., being sentenced to fifteen months' imprisonment for this mild joke.—Miss Minnie Walton is going East to fill other, and we hope better, engagements.—A competitive examination of applicants for positions as teachers in the High Schools was held on Wednesday evening.—John McCullough was seen lying in the water at the foot of Washington-street Wharf, on Tuesday evening. But such is the name of Captain J. Lee's new schooner, and it should have been printed in *the italics*.—There were 363 deaths in this city in June, which number includes nearly twice as many men as women.—John Hennessey will be careful about stepping on orange peel in the future. He put his little foot on a piece last Sunday evening, fell and broke his leg. Poor man.—That fearful nemesis, Rogers, captured eleven Chinamen for huddling like pigs, on Monday night.—The Howard-street cars will, in a few days, extend their trips to Twenty-fifth street.—Dr. Oswald Weiss has been elected Rabbi and Reader of the Sherith Israel Church.—William Gray has exceeded the stealing of a dime from a blind man's hat. He has taken to robbing the tombstones of their ornaments—that is, he had taken to, for now he is taken up.—Shooting is not allowed in the Golden Gate Park.—A Ladies' Fair, by ladies fair, was held during the latter part of this week, in Platt's Hall, for the benefit of the San Rafael Orphans. Only the object can warrant the imposition.—The losses by fire in the city during the year ending June amounted to $381,560. The actual fires numbered 187, the alarms 270.—A shark weighing sixty pounds was caught in the bay last week.—The *Galley of Lorne* sailed for Hongkong on Thursday.—The City Prison has been elevated to a state of cleanliness.—Surgeon Semig, who returned from the Lava Beds on Monday, bears sad marks of the Modoc war. One foot has been amputated, and his left arm paralyzed by a ball, which remains in the shoulder muscle.—Johnny Mack's tomb is be decorated by those who remember the deceased comedian, to-wit Robert Frazer, James Farquharson and Little Mac.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

Messieurs De Cassaignac and Ranc, having ventilated each other with small-swords, consider their honor saved. O, Tempora! O, Mores! O, ventilated idiots!—A new comet has been discovered at Vienna and an attempt made to burn down the Exposition.—The Shah is now in France, eating peas with his fingers probably.—The trial of Marshal Bazaine (of Metz notoriety) will take place in September.—The Spanish Government has given the Carlists five days to surrender. An ultimatum is of value in ratio to the power of the issuer.—The Fourth was celebrated by the American residents at Madrid, but not in Lisbon.—The Pope is taking constitutional walks; we expect to hear of his training for a race next week.—It is officially reported from St. Petersburg that the Khan of Khiva has surrendered to the Russian forces. No news from the Khan.—A new Turkish loan is about to be introduced in the London market.—Panama still continues in its chronic unsettled condition.—A certain Ralph Morris has been discovered by an English newspaper, who fought under Sir John Moore at Corunna.—There is another side to the quarrel between Holland and Acheen, from which Mengherr seems to have played the aggressor.—The Hindoo peasants of Poonah have revolted, but no serious trouble is apprehended.—There are forty-two Protestant churches in Rome.—China is spoken of now as the most profitable field for railroad enterprise.—The vine disease is spreading in Portugal.—Yucatan is in a state of siege.—The second instalment of the last milliard of the French war debt was paid on the 5th.—An International Postal Congress is to meet in Berne on September 1st.—The telegraph cable from Havana to Porto Rico is in working order.—Ten thousand Persian slaves were found in the Capital of Khiva by the Russians.—Sir Samuel Baker has reached Khartoum in safety; he reports Tanganyika and Albert Nyanza as one enormous inland sea, seven hundred miles in length.—The entanglements of the Tichborne case are getting worse than ever. First, a young woman swears that she was engaged to the claimant for a year as Arthur Orton, and now an Australian convict declares that he was present at the death of Orton years ago.—There seems to be good reason to suppose that Herr(?) O'Kelly will shortly be released. He is at present in Madrid.—The Swiss Federal Assembly was opened on the 7th.—Don Carlos has ordered the arrest of the fighting priest Santa Cruz.—The Mexican press is urging the Government to confer the rights of citizenship upon foreigners without compelling them to renounce their nationality.—The Shah has a long mustache and a short temper.—The presence of the cholera at Venice has been officially announced.—The English House of Commons, on the movement of Mr Richards, has declared in favor of permanent national arbitration.—The Parisians receive their French news from English papers.—*On dit*, that Eugenie has hired a house in Paris, and intends commencing house-keeping there again.—There are only four of the "gallant six hundred" of Balak(?) are left.—The Lieutenant-Colonel of a Spanish regiment has been cashiered for challenging a brother officer.—The Havana *Tribuno* has been suspended by the Cuban Government until the fine of $2,000 imposed by the authorities is paid.—The theaters are now used in London for special religious services for the masses. A step in the right direction.

The San Joaquin and Kings River Canal and Irrigation Company. This company have completed 40 miles of canal, which is 54 feet wide and has 4 feet depth of water. About 15,000 acres of crop, consisting of wheat, barley, corn, alfalfa, cotton, etc., are being successfully irrigated by its waters this year. The company intend, as soon as the means can be secured, to extend their canal 45 miles further, to enter the San Joaquin river at San Joaquin City, just below the mouth of the Stanislaus. When that is completed there will be 85 miles of canal, navigable throughout, and will irrigate over 300,000 acres of as fine land as there is in the State, securing it forever from the effect of drought. The canal from Tulare Lake to Antioch, which this company propose to construct, is a work wholly distinct from the one just named. This Tulare Lake Canal will irrigate from 400,000 to 500,000 acres, and the two canals will command nearly 800,000 acres of land, and both will be navigable throughout.

THE GODLESS SCHOOLS.

A Good Name is Declared, on excellent authority, to be better than various other good things; and the Catholics are fully entitled to plume themselves upon the name they have invented for our public schools. Were Catholics, eaten up by zeal of the Lord's house, in any way like other people, we might suppose they were talking mere ribaldry when they spoke of the godless public schools; but they are very seriously horrified at the absence of images in the school-rooms, and at the pretty bonnets of the teachers, necessarily hateful in the sight of God, since he admires the white coal-scuttles which the world looks upon with loathing. The *Catholic Guardian*, organ of the true believers, cannot contain its holy horror at the condition of the public schools, as revealed by the seizure of obscene literature, recently made in New York. More than fifteen thousand letters, written by students of both sexes throughout the country, were among the articles found in the possession of the dealers in these vile wares. Documents there were which showed that the dealers have organized circulating libraries of this poison, under the charge of the most vicious boys in the schools, who are paid to spread contamination on every side. Truly a sad showing, but not directly perilous to us in San Francisco. We have schools, to be sure, and they are quite godless, but there is not the least call for God so long as we have School Director Plunkett. The *Guardian* must allow us, also, to thank it in the name of America, for the concern which it expresses at the contemplation of the frightful future before a people who persist in bringing up their children in schools so polluted. None but a conscientious Catholic writer could fully sympathize with us in this our affliction, for if any man can know what depth of depravity may be reached in schools, it must be a pious Catholic, familiar with the monstrous practices of priests in charge of seminaries and boarding schools; practices which have called for the interposition of the civil power, and have been judged by criminal process in Catholic countries, not once or twice, or twenty times, but so often that in many districts of France and Italy the local dialect has been enriched with a shameful verb. A pious Catholic, who has studied and occasionally refers to "Dens Theology," certainly knows what obscene literature is; and because the *Guardian* hates all impurity, we venture to ask whether it ever heard of Dr Friedrich, who visited Rome for the first time during the sitting of the Vatican Council, and recorded his impressions in a Tagebuch, published at Nordlingen in 1871? In this volume he has noted down many things, which startled and confounded him, a believing son of the church, and one in particular which we really commend to the attention of the *Guardian*. The Prof. of Moral Philosophy in the University, Dr. Friedrich tells us, kept a brothel for the use of priests, chiefly. The *Guardian* very properly considers that, for a Catholic, there can be no morality outside of religion. We beg it, therefore, to decide for us whether a priest, enjoying the hospitalities of the Professor's zenana was, for the time being, a student in morals or a student in theology! It is very true that two wrongs do not make a right. We accept as proven, the charge against the public schools, and stop only to point out that, since there are degrees in infamy, the condition of these schools is purity itself compared with those under the charge of Catholic priests, and for this reason: the obscene literature conveyed into the public schools is conveyed surreptitiously. It is furnished by vile creatures, who have no connection with the school system: and it is certain to be seized and destroyed when discovered, and the whole public is deeply interested to discover and destroy it. In these godless schools no foul-minded teacher can wield an influence of religious terror to cow his pupils while he poisons their innocence with suggestions of foul thought. The public schools are open to the gaze and the criticism of every one. They are far from perfect, but the broad day shines in upon them. The case is totally reversed with the schools that are godly in the eyes of the *Guardian*, and every assault upon the free school system is but another reminder that the history of the Catholic Church and the literature of all Catholic countries tell but one and the same story, as to the utter unscrupulousness of the priest in power, whether Pope or archbishop, professors of morals under Pius IX., or editor of the latest Catholic organ.

CIVILIZATION AND CAPTAIN JACK.

The First Evidence given us that the Modocs have felt the influence of civilization is Captain Jack's explanation of the band he took in the recent Lava Bed troubles. Now the untutored savage of olden times would have maintained a dignified silence in the presence of his captors or simply remarked, "I did it with my little hatchet—I am prepared to die," and wrapping his robe around him he would have received his death wound with stoid indifference, and died chanting the war song of his nation. But Captain Jack has given up all such foolish ideas of Indian etiquette and has adopted the civilized dodge, and says, "Now, look here, boys, a joke's a joke, but this has gone far enough. You can't play this on me. Never saw General Canby; don't know him. When he got killed I was trying to stop the row that was all. Always did like the whites anyhow, and tried to help 'em along. Never stole anything in my life, always bought it and come down with the coin like a man. The other fellows were always trying to kick up a disturbance, but I wasn't. Never shot off a gun during the whole fight; 'pon honor I didn't. You see I ain't the man you're looking after at all. Now just ask the boys and see if I ever told a lie in my life. I wouldn't tell a lie to be President of the whole United States." If the authorities don't swallow Jack's explanation, he will have to fall back on the insanity dodge.

HEAVY STOCK SUIT.

"Peleg" Goeth for "Joseph."—Peleg Bumpus brought suit yesterday, in the Fifteenth District Court, against Joseph M. Shotwell, a stock broker and Director in the Clay street savings bank, for $17,000, for alleged wrongful detention and misappropriation of twenty shares of original Belcher mining stock, with its numerous rich dividends. Peleg shows good judgment in having secured as his counsel the ever successful and luxurious Bulkeley. He knows a thing or two about stocks as well as law, having (they say) scattered some of his superfluous cash in California street, just to find out how *things are fixed*. We know nothing of the case except from the complaint on file, and can only say, may the right succeed.

THE COMING PLACE.

Perhaps the Prettiest Place Near San Francisco is Saucelito, and every day its lovely hills and verdant conges are filled with happy citizens, only too glad to escape from the cold winds and blinding dust of the city. We do not know of any place that we should prefer for the purpose of building a homestead and settling down. The railway will soon connect it with San Rafael, and its land becomes more valuable every day. The sale of land in Old Saucelito, by Maurice Dore & Co., at their new salesroom, No. 317 Montgomery street, on Tuesday, July 22d, will no doubt be largely attended, and the competition proportionably great.

The Following is the Result of the Pioneers' election on Monday last: President, James Lick; Vice-Presidents, David J. Staples, Peter Deane, John H. Jewett, Benjamin P. Kooser, J. Ross Browne; Secretary, Louis R. Lull; Treasurer, Howard Havens; Marshal, William Hoefner. Directors—Thomas Nelson, Emil Buffandeau, William C. Randolph, C. A. C Duisenberg, Jacob Deeth, James Neal, Arch. Wason, Henry H. Ellis, Washington Bartlett. The result was announced at 8 P. M., after which the members repaired to the banquet hall, where a sumptuous collation was served.

The Western Savings and Trust Company, 136 Montgomery street, cannot fail to be a success, as the names of the men connected with it are alone sufficient guarantee of its legitimacy and business integrity. It will no doubt facilitate the business operations of our merchants, brokers, etc., and will no doubt soon rank among our leading banks.

The Modocs are indirectly responsible for the death of C. G. C. Canby, brother of the General. He died in the Missouri State Lunatic Asylum, on the 9th of June, having become insane on learning of the General's murder.

Horace Davis has been re-elected President of the Produce Exchange.

Vol. 3. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR JUNE, No. 4.
IS NOW READY FOR DELIVERY, CONTAINING THE
USUAL AMOUNT OF INTERESTING READING MATTER.
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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

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☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—975@980—SILVER BARS—1¼@1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 88⅜@87c. Mexican Dollars, 6⅜@6c., new; 10⅜@7c., old.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¾ per cent prem. for Gold; Currency, 14⅜ per cent. On London Bankers 49¼@49½, Commercial 49¾@50, Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, July 11, at 3 P. M., 116. Latest price of Sterling, 109¾@109½.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. . . . . July 11, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask
U.S. Bonds, 5-20s '65-7-8	115¾	[illegible]	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	118	123
U.S. Bonds, 5-20s 1861	100	101	Oakland Gas	105	107
U.S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	105	101	Spring Valley Water Co	80	—
Legal Tender Notes	86⅞	87	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57	100	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, '55	98	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	52
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	95	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	18	22
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchants Mutual M. Ins Co.	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, '68	92	98	Union Insurance Co.	90	95
Santa Clara Bonds	93	—	Pacific Bank	80	86
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	95	The Bank of California	125	127
San Francisco Gas Light Co	64	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	160

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor California and Leidesdorff streets.

THE DEATH OF GENERAL THOMAS N. CAZNEAU.

One of the Most Amiable and Excellent of our citizens was General Thomas N. Cazneau. General Cazneau was a man of marked prominence in both business and social circles, and his loss will, in the peculiar line of his business as a Marine Adjuster, be irreparable. He was one of our earliest citizens, coming to California from San Domingo in the year 1849. He was of Irish parentage, and in the politics of the Democratic party was a prominent leader. Fond of military affairs, he became largely identified with our citizen soldiery. From the command of the McMahon Grenadiers he was advanced to the rank of General. During the administration of Governor Haight he was Adjutant-General of the State. At the time of his death, General Cazneau was Marine Director of the State Investment and Insurance Company, having the control of the Marine Department of that Company, to whose prosperity he largely contributed. The General leaves a wife and a family of grown sons. He died at the age of sixty-one years, after a brief illness. His funeral will take place to-morrow, and will afford an opportunity for a grand military and civic display.

The Officers and Members of the Fire, Marine, and Life Insurance Companies of San Francisco, are respectfully requested to meet at the parlors of the Lick House, on SUNDAY, July 13th inst., at 9½ o'clock A. M., for the purpose of attending the funeral of the late General Thomas N. Cazneau.

July 12. CHAS. H. CUSHING, Secretary of State Investment and Ins. Co.

THE CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED.)

The Galley of Lorne, in this line, steamed proudly out of the harbor just after noon on Thursday. The *Vasco De Gama*, the first of the ships built for the line, is nearly ready, and will soon take her place regularly. Her inside fittings are being superintended by our old friend, Sam. Hubbard, formerly of the Pacific Mail Co., which is a guarantee that things will be right in that respect. She will be commanded by Capt. Rice, formerly of the ships *Golden Horn* and *Portland*, and is well known by our mercantile community. Our old friends, Macondray & Co., as agents, will afford all facilities, as is their custom.

San Franciscans Abroad.—PARIS.—Mrs. M. A. Bartlett, Miss Alice Bartlett, Miss Annie Bartlett, 4 Rue Balzac; F. A. Benjamin, Grand Hotel; Mrs. Wm. R. Brown, 5 Rue Euler; Alfred Eifel, Grand Hotel; Mrs. Mathias Gray, Hotel des Deux Mondes; Mrs. A. E. Head, Miss C. R. Head, 49 Rue Lafayette; Mrs. C. O. Hooker, 49 Rue Lafayette; Miss L. M. Nudd, Miss S. P. Nudd, Hotel Chatham; Charles N. Plum, 45 Rue de Trevise; E. W. Scott, Hotel Chatham; Lloyd Tevis and family, Grand Hotel. LONDON.—Miss Nellie Chapman, Miss Lizzie Chapman, 29 Upper Bedford Place; Mrs. M. Cheeseman, Miss O. Cheeseman, Golden Cross Hotel.—*American Register.*

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, June 21, 1873.—Lloyd Tevis and family, Thos Sunderland and family, Mrs. A. J. Butler, Mrs. E. R. Cory, W. M. Smith, Chas. M. Plum, A. E. Head and family, Miss Head, C. O. Hooker and family, J. B. Dickinson and wife, C. F. Fargo, Mrs. S. Ladd, Judge Melton, Mrs. C. Reis and family, Mrs. A. L. Barnes, Geo. A. Worn and family, L. Sceller, H. Laurencel, Chas. Crocker.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

W. C. Ralston has been elected President of the Bank of California, to succeed D. O. Mills, whose intended absence renders his retirement from the chair necessary. This is as it should be. Nine years ago these two gentlemen entered upon their responsible offices—the one as Chairman the other as Cashier, both virtually the responsible managers of the great corporation. They were elected for four years, but their re-election has always been insisted upon by the shareholders, who have now unanimously chosen Mr. Ralston to fill the void caused by Mr. D. O. Mills' departure, so long delayed in deference to the wishes of the shareholders, but now rendered imperative.

The New Minister.—The Rev. W. N. Van DeMark, of Pittsburg, Penn., who has accepted the call from the First Universalist Society, arrived in this city on Thursday evening. The Society met at 801 Bush street, last evening, to give him a most heartily, social greeting. He will preach his first sermon in Pacific Hall, on Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock, and in due time the *Town Crier* will photograph him.

Pacific Mail Stock Enjoined.—NEW YORK, July 11th. The Chairman of the Stock Exchange this morning issued the following notice to members of the Board: "Morton, Bliss & Co. have been enjoined from transferring any Pacific Mail stock in the name of persons recently published as bondholders, and such stock is not now good on delivery to purchasers."

The Annual Election for Directors of the Central Pacific Railroad was held in this city yesterday, with the following result: Leland Stanford, C. P. Huntington, Mark Hopkins, E. H. Miller, Jr., Robert Robinson, C. H. Cummings and Wm. E. Brown. All the so denominated branch roads of the Central Pacific, except the California Pacific, will hold their election to-day.

Fruits abound everywhere. Our markets are surfeited with ripe fruits. Peaches, berries, apples, pears, etc., selling "dirt cheap" from first hands, but very "slivery" from middlemen. Why do not growers, or some men of enterprise establish a fruit depot on Market street, and another at the north end of the city, and sell peaches at fifty cents per basket to the masses?

The World is pretty well sick of 4th of July speeches, but Governor Booth uttered a most graceful one on the 4th to the Pioneers at Sacramento. It was so good we had placed it aside for printing in extenso, but such has been the immense pressure of MS. this week we have reluctantly delayed its publication until our next issue.

The Produce Exchange, at its annual meeting, re-elected Horace Davis President, and E. G. Mathew Vice-President. This institution is progressive, and now enrolls among its members most of the influential merchants of the city engaged in wheat, flour, and produce generally. Its value and usefulness none can gainsay.

English Capitalists have projected a railroad from San Diego across the continent to Matagorda Bay, on the Gulf of Mexico, for which the surveyors have completed the preliminary survey from San Diego to the mouth of the Colorado river, and their report upon it is very favorable.

The Post Says: "With Senator Casserly, on Saturday night, arrived some ten tons of franked matter, and more came through last night. The Post Office is deluged with *Congressional Globes*, speeches and reports for the Senator's constituents—the last expiring agony of the franking privilege."

The Directors of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company in London have received a telegram from their Melbourne agent intimating that the mail contract has been awarded to the company for seven years, at the rate of £90,000 per annum.

It is a Noticeable Fact that in New York and other American cities a larger number of people than usual are this year cultivating simplicity and richness, rather than show, in their dress. This is already apparent in Saratoga.

We Have to Thank some unknown friend in Yorkshire, England, who has so regularly transmitted per month to the *News Letter* files of the Huddersfield *Examiner*, the *Leeds Mercury* and the Huddersfield *Daily Chronicle*.

Fruit is now down to such low prices that receivers will be compelled to dump it overboard unless the masses will come to the rescue. Pears, and peaches and apples are selling at 25@50 cents per basket. Who will buy them?

A Relief Party which had been sent to the Spitzbergen group of islands, found the eighteen Norwegian sailors who had been left there by a vessel of the German Arctic Navigation Company, all dead.

A New Story is told of Sidney Smith, who rebuked Lord Melbourne's profanity by saying, "Let us assume that everybody and everything are damned, and proceed with the subject."

The New York Board of Health report that city to have been healthier thus far this season than it has been for any summer for many previous years.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

A REVERIE.

I paced in sad and thoughtful mood
Our little lane that runs a rood
To join the highway near the wood.

I looked above, and with surprise
I saw a thousand crimson dyes
In varying shades bedeck the skies.

A picture this (I spoke aloud),
The colors, sunlight, space, and cloud,
The limner is behind a shroud.

And while I gaze the gathering pall,
Erased the beauty past recall,
I wept because I knew not all.

I knew not all, nor could suppress
The thought, if due to feebleness,
Responsibility is less.

My soul then caught a subtile power,
Life seemed but wedded for an hour
To Time, with sorrow for its dower.

A few more risings of the sun,
A few more settings one by one,
And then our little part is done.

I thought, when from my feet there broke
A bird with hasty fluttering stroke,
And from my reverie I woke.

I searched and found whence it had flown
With leaves and long grass overgrown,
Its nest within a hollow stone.

My bursting heart that sought relief,
Now found a symbol of its grief,
Three fledglings and a withered leaf.

I mused again, for hours it seems,
With this the text of all my dreams,
New life and death, the two extremes. J. S. B.

THE ENGLISH HEAVY SWELL.

Sothern's "Lord Dundreary" is so fresh in our memories that the following graphic description of the life of an English heavy swell will be read with interest: "I have a friend (says a correspondent of the Boston *Post*, though I do not boast of him), who is a simon-pure London man of fashion. He is the second son of a lord, and has an income of five thousand pounds a year. Of course he is not so ungentlemanly as to engage in any occupation. I fear the old baron, his father, would make short work of his five thousand if he dared to bind a purpose of going 'into trade.' And what does he do? He seems to be the most enviable of men, for I never saw mortal more perfectly content with everybody, himself included. As his daily career is a type of that of high London society in general, I will sketch it for you. In his person he represents, more perfectly and exhaustively than any one I know, the spirit of aristocratic London in the season. He rises in his room at the Albany at half past eight, and breakfasts at the Junior Carlton, close by; skims the *Times* and chats with his boon companions till ten o'clock. Promptly with that hour his groom appears with the sleekest of chestnuts, which he mounts and makes for Rotten Row. There he flirts, hears the latest gossip, books a wager for the Derby, and takes an hour's brisk canter. From the park he goes to lunch—not to the Junior Carlton, but to some West End house, likely enough, he drops in to lunch with Lady Blanche, and then goes to lunch a second time with Lady Amelia—that is, lounges at lunch time into perhaps half a dozen houses, where he takes a nibble at the delicacies, and has a refreshing chat. The afternoon is full of engagements. It is a *fete champetre* at Richmond or Putney, a match of cricket at Lord's, a race on the Thames, a royal breakfast party in the gardens of Buckingham Palace or Windsor, a crack game of billiards at the club, a meet of the hounds in Middlesex, a drive into Kent or Surrey, an hour at the Exhibition, a pleasant little party to the Academy, or a whitebait dinner at Greenwich. In the evening his brain is in a perfect muddle what, among so many things, to do. There is Patti as 'Desdemona' at Covent Garden, and there is the bewitching Ilma di Murska as 'Margaret of Valois' at Drury Lane; there is Dumas' *Diane de Lys* at the Princess's, and *The Wandering Jew* at the Adelphi. But Lady Tompkins is going to give an 'at home,' and the Countess of Cranberry's ball must not be neglected; there is a musical *soiree* at Sir Titus Tile's, and the masque at Banbury House, Cremorne, with its lanterns and song and free and easy frolic, is tempting, and not less so Tom Hopkins' bachelor 'punch.' So our man of fashion, whom practice has made subtly perfect, dresses himself ingeniously with a view to a variety of projects. He drops for a while into his box at Covent Garden, and makes a tour of the boxes of his acquaintances. Here he sees no more than any plebeian may see for half a crown, who, from his perch in the 'amphitheater,' may gaze down upon the dazzling array of dress, jewels, fashion, and rank in Europe. Covent Garden on a night in the mid-season is wonderful; everybody is as resplendent as he or she can devise, everybody enjoys himself, and the theater is a saloon as well as a theater—where society goes to make itself heard and seen as well as to listen and behold. What a brilliant, noisy, glittering London it is, one of these limpid June nights! There is something infectious in the gay sounds and sights of which the stately quarters west of the parks are full. Every other house is alight from top to bottom, the roll of equipages is ceaseless, the burly, curly-wigged, scarlet-coated, cockaded coachmen are everywhere; the escutcheons on the coach doors glitter in the gaslight, little covered ways from the doors of lofty mansions to the curb-stones, with carpets laid beneath, obstruct your way at every other step, and, as you pass, cloud-like forms pop out of the carriages, which fly in a twinkling, and hurry along in over the carpeted pathway, not so quickly, however, but that you are dazzled by a glitter of jewels and a shimmer of silk. Within, there is the subdued babble of conversation, or perhaps the rumble of a waltz; all round about is bustle and rattling, and you ask yourself if these are really the melancholy folk which the blithe old French chronicler of the fourteenth century so lugubriously describes. My fashionable friend, who seldom goes to bed, in the season, until he has made his appearance in half a dozen West End drawing-rooms, clearly enjoys it all, and comes out next morning as only an Englishman can—as fresh and red-cheeked as if he had just come off a Devonshire farm."

BARNEY ON THE BEAR.

The Bears in Jollyman's Menagerie were brown bears, which Barney, who was more of a Cockney than Smith, always introduced to the public in this way: "Sing'lar to relate, ladies and gentlemen, the bear has as many toes as we, but it don't go a springin' on 'em like a dandy or a dancin' master—it puts its foot flat to the ground. The bear has likewise teeth one owns—its cheek teeth are not sharp like those of other beasts of prey. Consekently it can live both on hanimal and wegetable food. But if he do once git a taste of beef and mutton, it's a case for the sheep and cattle round about: nothin' else will satisfy him. Poultry and ants, and all kinds of small hanimals the bear will gobble, and it is uncommon fond o' honey. It will climb up trees after honey, and with its strong claws it grubs up roots. Twigs and berries, and fruits, too, the bear is fond on, and it is also mentioned in Scriptur'. David killed, we are told, a lion and a bear before he let fly at the giant, and two she bears walked into forty-two of the kids that were pokin' fun at the prophet. But these ain't the bears that is mentioned in Scriptur. These are brown bears, which is to be met with—sometimes hoftener than is agreeable—in forests of Hurop and Hasier. The biggest is a pretty fine speciment, but whoppers weighin' full a hundred stun—butcher's stun of eight pounds—have frequently been shot. Of the great American grizzly, that can crack a man a deal heasier than you could crack a walnut, ladies and gentlemen, without the crackers, we never had a speciment; and our magnificent pour, which, when on its hind legs, could put its nose pretty nigh four yards above its toes, paid the debt o' natur', howin' to the unnat'ral succumstances in which it found itself. The American black bear, formerly belongin' to this establishment, likewise suddenly hexpired, and the werdict of the faculty was—lions. The hanimal's happetite for that species of refreshment was unlimited, and the public's supply was ditto, but unfort'nately the quality worn't ekal to the quantity—the buns was doughy. Bear's flesh, ladies and gentlemen, is good eatin', uncommon like fat pork, and when cured, the hind legs make fust-chop hams. Young bear's as good as lamb, and the Rooshian royal family lick their lips over bears' paws, and the bear licks 'em hisself as if he liked 'em; but that's to make the new skin grow. He sleeps through the Winter in some hole or holler tree, and when dug out from the snow is found to be as fleshy as an alderman. In the spring he comes out of his own accord, lean and angry, and is then most dangerous. He will tackle a man—whom he generally aw'ids—killin' him with kindness, by huggin' of 'im to death. The she-bear is likewise savage, if you try to take away her young uns."—*"The Traveling Menagerie," by C. Camden.*

Ambition.—Grandmamma (encouragingly)—"And what will you be, Harry, when you grow up?" Harry: "Please, Gran'ma, I'd like to be an organ-grinder with a monkey."

TIME OF FAST HORSES.

Sportsmen will be interested in the following carefully prepared table of horses that have beaten 27. It was prepared by the Secretary of the Hampden, Mass., Park Association. Those horses marked with an asterisk are now off the turf.

Goldsmith Maid	2.16¾	Toronto Chief*	2.24¾
American Girl	2.17¼	Steele	2.25
Dexter*	2.17¼	Com Vanderbilt	2.25
Lucy	2.18¼	Pilot Temple	2.25
Lady Thorn*	2.18¼	Joe	2.25¼
George Palmer	2.19½	Crown Prince	2.25¼
Flora Temple*	2.19¾	Fannie Allen	2.25¼
Henry	2.20½	C. E. Lowe	2.25¼
Mountain Boy*	2.20¾	Ethan Allen*	2.25¼
Gazelle	2.21	Nonesuch	2.25½
Jay Gould	2.21½	Thos Jefferson	2.25½
Comors	2.21¼	Byron	2.25¼
Judge Fullerton	2.21¼	J. J. Bradley	2.24¼
George Wilkes*	2.22	Colonel Russell	2.25¼
Lady Maud	2.22¼	Mohawk, Sr.	2.25¼
Rosalind	2.22¾	Derby	2.25¼
Hontress	2.22¾	Harry Harley	2.25¼
Jennie	2.22¾	Charley Green	2.25½
Flora Belle	2.22¾	Ben Flaget	2.25½
Kilburn Jim	2.23	Ben Cummings	2.26
Wm H Allen	2.23¼	Grace Bertram	2.25¾
Howpur	2.23½	Surprise	2.26
Sensation	2.23¾	Morrissey	2.26½
Jim Irving	2.23½	Matt Smith	2.26
Bay Barr	2.23¾	Bay Whalebone	2.26½
Major Allen	2.24½	Grand Duchess	2.26½
Red Cloud	2.24½	Lydia Thompson	2.26½
Beppo	2.24½	Sea Foam	2.26
Chicago	2.24½	Queen of the West	2.26½
Draco Prince	2.24½	Lucille	2.26¼
Lady Blanchard	2.24½	Honest Dutchman	2.26½
Lula	2.24½	H. W. Genet	2.26½
Sleepy John	2.24½	Royal John	2.26½
Myron Perry	2.24½	Pocahontas	2.26¼

ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).

Successors to J. Seligman & Co.

London Office, No. 3 Angel Court. San Francisco Office, No. 412 California street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000; Subscribed, $3,000,000; Paid in, $1,500,000; remainder subject to call. Directors in London: Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Reuben D. Sassoon, William F. Scholfield, Isaac Seligman, Julius Beer, etc. Managers in San Francisco—Richard G. Sneath, Ignatz Steinhart. The Bank is prepared to open Accounts, Receive Deposits, Make Collections, Buy and Sell Exchange and Issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world, and loan Money on proper securities. The Stock of this Bank being held by leading Bankers and Capitalists of Europe and America, the Bank will have superior facilities in the negotiation of State, Municipal and other securities abroad.
R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.
July 5.

Messrs. J. Seligman & Co., having transferred their Banking Business and good will to the Anglo-Californian Bank, Limited, would request all persons indebted to them to settle their accounts with Mr. IGNATZ STEINHART (412 California street), who is authorized to sign in liquidation.
San Francisco, July 2, 1873. [July 5.] J. SELIGMAN & CO.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, E. K. Marten. Directors—Geo F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. New York Agents—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 29.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 164 Sansome street (Fred. lander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 520 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M. for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

The Board of Directors have declared the dividend on deposits for the first half year of 1873, ending this date: On Term Deposits, at the rate of nine and six tenths (9 6-10) per cent. per annum; on Ordinary Deposits, at the rate of eight (8) per cent. per annum, free of Federal tax, payable on and after July 15. By order, GEO. LETTE, Secretary.
San Francisco, June 30th, 1873. July 5.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—SAN FRANCISCO SAVINGS UNION,

532 California street, corner of Webb.—For the half year ending with the 30th of June, 1873, a dividend has been declared at the rate of nine and six-tenths (9 6-10) per cent. per annum on Term Deposits, and eight (8) per cent. per annum on Ordinary Deposits, free of Federal tax, payable on and after July 14, 1873. By order. [July 5.] LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposits. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't; Wm. H. Culver, Vice President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; H. F. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 415 California street. July 2.

COSMOPOLITAN SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No. 626 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits, One per Cent. per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, Six per Cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book.
J. Crockar, Secretary. [May 19.] W. S. THOMPSON, President.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co., Thomas Turrell, Wayte, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner, Ed Garrett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanaszeith & Fils; Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co, Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Bourse.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co, A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnd Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co, C. Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq., H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co., Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring Bros & Co., Delisy, Davies & Co., F'k Anelle, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co., Alsop & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co., Bates, Stokes & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Praca Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excellentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co., Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.

COURT CHAT.

There is One Grand Institution of the East which, it is greatly to be desired, the Shah should not find flourishing here—to wit, backsheesh. A correspondent of the *Daily News*, who seems to have access to some recondite sources of information, gives publicity to the scandalous story that the Sultan was actually pestered for presents by the officials of Buckingham Palace. "One noble lord," "E. G." says, "who had or still has a situation about the Palace, bitterly complained that he had been left out of the distribution (of snuff-boxes covered with diamonds), and, like a sturdy beggar, whined and begged to the Grand Vizier till he got his snuff box." We can hardly believe that such rapacity would have been betrayed, even had covetousness been felt, by any gentleman occupying such a position at the Queen's Court. The domestic servants at Buckingham Palace and Windsor are well-known to have become—since a celebrated internal revolution accomplished by the late Prince Consort—a remarkably attentive and obliging household, exhibiting no peculiar attachment to "vails." It is a little too bad to hear that the high-placed dignitaries to whom gold and diamond snuff-boxes would be appropriate offerings, should be capable of actually asking for a *cadeau* from one of the Queen's guests. Probably it was precisely because he was the "Grand Turk," and not a Christian potentate, that the offender imagined it was not such "bad form" to dun him through his Vizier for backsheesh.

The Following Account of a memorial service for John Stuart Mill at Moncure Conway's chapel in London, says the *Observer*, is a strange mixture of heathenism and Christianity, reminding one of Nebuchadnezzar's image: "On Conway ascending the pulpit, the choir sang Fox's well known strain, 'Famous old Chaucer, swan-like in dying,' after which he read certain extracts from the book of the Prophet Isaiah, commencing with, 'How beautiful are the feet of them,' etc. He then gave from Confucius the celebrated chapter 'On Character,' which forcibly points out the chief characteristics of divine and human nobility. This was followed by the recital of Buddha's essay on human graces, excellences and duties, and then concluded with the beatitudes from the fifth chapter of St. Matthew's Gospel. After the hymn—

'Calmly, calmly lay him down;
He hath fought the noble fight;
He hath battled for the right;
He hath won the unfading crown'—

The Shah's Manners are "perfectly horrid," according to a Berlin correspondent. He has no idea of punctuality, and ruthlessly breaks engagements, even with the royal personages who are his hosts; he actually kept Mrs. Emperor William of Prussia waiting for him half an hour, one morning. Then he eats with his fingers, and getting hold of something that didn't suit his pampered palate, one day, he threw it on the Empress' dress. He speaks French fluently, but is ill at ease when there is a crowd around, and "balances first on one foot and then on another, like a hen on a hot griddle." He went to the theater, one night, escorting the Empress Augusta, but when he had led her to the front of the imperial box, he planked himself down in his chair, leaving her to do the bowing, in response to the music and rising of the audience. At the end of the first act, the Shah rose, and, instead of offering his arm to the Empress, caught hold of her and pushed her along, and as she didn't go fast enough to suit him, he "cast off his tow-rope and forged ahead, leaving her to haul up alongside" at the entrance to the salon. He is greedy and hard to please, too, and not the sort of a man one likes to entertain. Altogether, he is a troublesome guest for the European potentates, and if reports are true, they would be pleased to hear of a revolt in his harem, or a rebellion among his subjects, requiring his immediate presence in Persia.

Unhappy Amadeus.—The other day, crossing the Ponte Trinita, I met his ex-Majesty Don Amadeus of Spain. He was walking alone, and had a bunch of violets in his button-hole. He looked neither to the right nor the left, as he passed me; his vacant eyes stared into vacancy. His face was pale, haggard, and positively unhappy, and I could not help feeling a foolish sympathy with a disappointment which is so real to him, and so very unreal to most other persons. A few boys scampered after him, just as they used to do after Fisk and his likes in Broadway; the Florentines came to their shop doors, looked, pointed their fingers and laughed, but no hats were taken off, and nothing was farther from anybody's mind than to cheer. Yet Amadeus' abdication seemed both honest and plucky, and I respected him for it, until I heard another interpretation of his design, the other day, which gives a very different coloring to the whole transaction. In any case, there was an immense deal of humbug in his return to Italy. The house of Savoy is deeply mortified, and the people are anything but enthusiastic.—*Florence Letter to New York Tribune.*

London, July 7.—The *Herald's* correspondent at Khartoum telegraphs, via Alexandria, confirming the arrival of Sir Samuel and Lady Baker and party, all the details of which are known from previous dispatches. He adds: "Sir Samuel Baker succeeded in organizing district governments, appointing superintendents, and making Fatiko the chief station, Gondokoro being next in importance. He also established eight other principal posts, which form a connected chain from Nubia to Nyanza, and obtained one thousand additional troops. An important geographical discovery is said to have been made, which will astound the scientific world, as it is said that Lakes Tanganyika and Albert Nyanza prove to be one and the same body of water, and a magnificent inland sea, 700 miles in length. It is further announced that vessels can be landed above the falls named after Sir Roderick Murchison, and sail to Ujiji. Sir Samuel Baker and party were in excellent health, and were to leave at once for Souakim, en route to Suez." The above narrative is direct from the explorer's lips.

The Statue of the late Prince Consort, for the Albert Memorial Chapel at Windsor Castle, has arrived. It is of white marble, and has been executed by Baron Triqueti. It represents the Prince in full uniform, in a recumbent position. Angels support the head, and a favorite dog lies at the feet. The inscription is, "Albert, the Prince Consort, born August 26, 1819; died December 14, 1861; buried in the Royal Mausoleum, Frogmore. I have fought the good fight; I have finished my course." The statue has been placed on the sarcophagus for the Queen to view it.

Ladies generally take an interest in family matters, especially when they concern a remarkable personage, and a rather handsome man like the Shah of Persia. They may, perhaps, care to be reminded that Nasr-ed-din is the son of Mohammed Shah, one of the 48 children of the late Abbas Mirza, eldest of the 265 children of the celebrated Fath Ali Shah. He himself is the happy father of six daughters and three sons, all grown up or nearly so, though he is only forty years of age, and they have already given him twelve grand-children.

[illegible] adapted from Gaskell, a meditation was given, which consisted of a short, well-conceived enumeration of the various qualities and virtues, which, in Mr. Conway's opinion, are necessary to form the ideal character of an exemplary man. Then came the sermon, of which the text was: 'The righteous perisheth, and no man layeth it to heart.' The preacher then delivered an elaborate eulogy on Mr. Mill and his writings."

Prince Napoleon arrived at Paris from Italy on Friday morning, June 10th. His stay in France will be of short duration; he merely wants to establish his rights and to protect against the measure adopted against him by the ex-President of the provisional Republic.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne. See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London: "So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 60, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as 'Household Words.'" Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small Bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B. A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *.*SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution AGAINST FRAUD.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc.; and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 21, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co. Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co. Kurrachee, Messrs. Burgett & Barker. Umballa and Meian Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. June 3.
Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed.
Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & CO., corner Battery and Clay sts, San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps; Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding; Joyce's Gas Tight Cartridges for Pin fire and Central-fire Breech loading Guns; Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances; and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. 6.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 18.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS, under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are pre-pared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 18.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Roney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 13.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

THEN AND NOW.

She stood at the threshold that evening;
She was clad in her bridal dress;
She knew he was ready to greet her,
And she longed for his fond caress.

'Twas the robe she would wear on the morrow,
And she wanted her love to see[morrow,
How fair was his chosen flower—
How beauteous his darling would be!

And Hope, with her glittering finger,
Bade her look to the life before,
And she smiled in the mirth of her spirit
As she stood at the study door.

Years passed—three short years of gladness—
And the stream of her young life flowed
Like the stream of a laughing rivulet
When the sunshine knows no cloud.

And again does she stand on the threshold
Where she stood on that happy night;
But her eyes are no longer laughing—
Her dress is no longer white.

And the sorrow that plays o'er her features
Is as dark as the robe she wears,
And a wreath of undying flowers
To lay on the dead she bears.

For he never again shall greet her;
He shall rise to receive her no more;
The voice which she loved is now silent
As she waits at the study door.

Then her step was so firm and eager;
It is *now* so subdued and slow;
Then it was he who had stopped to kiss her,
She must kneel to kiss him *now*.

But e'en so, with consoling finger,
Hope points to the life above,
Where beyond the dark night of sorrow
Is the dawn of eternal love.

BIZ.

Six Months of 1873 having passed, a retrospective view of business affairs will not be inappropriate at this time. The first half of the year has been prolific of no important speculative movement in any article of staple merchandise. Business has, however, been steadily progressive in volume, and money steadily becoming more plentiful and at lessened rates of interest. The financial status of our merchants and traders will compare favorably with that of any city on the continent. Few failures have occurred among business men, and while no sudden or great acquisitions of wealth have accrued to any as the result of some speculative operation, yet the percentage of gain accruing from regular business has been satisfactory to the masses. Imports have been considerable, yet by no means oppressive to any. Stocks of staple merchandise in general are not burdensome, as was heretofore the case, and the general complexion of commercial affairs upon the Pacific Slope is eminently satisfactory. Our exports of Breadstuff for the harvest year are more than 100 per cent. greater than in any previous year of California's history, aggregating 11,000,000 centals of Wheat, valued at about $20,000,000. Our Wool shipments have been correspondingly large, having received from the interior the past six months 18,000,000 lbs; exported eastward in same time, 14,000,000 lbs. Our stock now on hand, 3,500,000 lbs. In addition to this, our shipments of Wine, Salmon, Fruits, etc., Hides, Leather, etc., have been of considerable and increasing value. Our Mines have yielded freely both of precious and base metals, so that we are likely to make our combined exports for the year reach at least *one hundred millions of dollars*.

In Presenting a bird's-eye view of our leading markets, we will append in round figures the aggregate imports for six months. Thus, of Coffee—

	Six months, 1872.	Six months, 1873.
Receipts	6,250,000 lbs.	8,200,000 lbs

And since the 1st of July, our Coffee imports aggregate 28,500 bags from Central American ports, leaving only two more cargoes of this year's crop to arrive. Holders are very firm in exacting 18@20c for good to prime Greens, while some importing holders are under limits of 22c, or more, and are not disposed to crowd the market or to make sales at present, looking for improved prices later in the season. The opening up of a large market in Missouri for our surplus Coffee is a great help to us. Already, this year, over 2,500,000 lbs. of Greens have been shipped to St. Louis, and there is every prospect of a continuance of this trade. The market is now bare of Brazil, Ceylon and Manila, though of the latter, imports have not ceased, as is the case with Ceylon and Rio. The stock of O. G. Java is light, Kona taking its place to some extent.

Sugar Imports for the first six months of the current year in round figures aggregate 40,000,000 pounds, as against same period of 1872, 32,000,000. If we add to these figures stocks on hand for the corresponding periods, we find that we had available for consumption in 1872, six months, 41,850,000 pounds, against 55,250,000, six months, 1873. The demand for Sugar has of late been below the average, owing to comparatively high prices, for when prices early in the year were low, every buyer and consumer stocked up liberally, thus lessening the demand in the last quarter. The Sugar trade in imports other than Hawaiian has largely passed into the hands and under control of the refiners, who now import the bulk of all refined by them. The Hawaiians send us chiefly grocery grades, selling from 7¼@9½c. The business of importing Hongkong refined Sugar has proved very disastrous to the shippers, and will no doubt be discontinued for the future. The past six months our largest imports came from Batavia, 4,000,000 pounds, Peru, 3,001,000 pounds; Hawaiian, 2,800,000 pounds; Central American, 2,250,000 pounds; Manila, 1,500,000 pounds, China, 1,500,000 pounds; Mexico, 435,000 lbs. Our average Sugar consumption per annum for two years past is about 00,000,000 pounds. Present price of White Refined, 11c; and Golden, 9½c.

In Reference to Rice Imports, they have been for six months in 1872, 22,500,000 pounds; 1873, 18,000,000 pounds; this exhibit shows a deficiency of 4,500,000 pounds for the period named. This branch of trade has greatly fallen into the hands of the Chinese resident here and in the interior, they being also the largest consumers. The market for some time past has been very sluggish, between the range of 6@7c. for China. Thus far during the year our chief supplies have come from Hongkong. Present stocks are liberal and the trade very slack.

As Regards Tea Imports for the past six months, some increase is discernable, say in 1873, 1,850,000 pounds against 1,150,000 pounds same time in 1872. A large quantity received here is in transit for the East and is not entered at our Custom House, and is not therefore included in our figures. Our local trade seems to be growing steady, but the business of importing is more scattered; heretofore two or three wealthy firms controlled it all, but now there are half a dozen large houses and a dozen jobbing houses, all claiming to be importers. Auction trade sales with us are held perhaps every sixty days. Our sales are being extended Eastward quite steadily and will in time be of considerable importance.

Traffic in the leading items shows that our local manufactures are doing considerable towards checking Eastern supplies on this coast. Bags for grain are largely made here and of good quality. Boots and shoes show a large falling off in Eastern supplies, thus establishing the fact that home Pacific Coast factories are making visible headway reducing imports 50 per cent. in six months. Candles come from the East in increased quantities, but another year will show a great change to the credit of home manufactories. Provisions continue coming from the East in large quantities, such as Sugar Cured Hams, Bacon, Lard, etc. Butter and cheese, on the contrary, show an exhibit favorable to an increased Pacific Coast product. Hogs on foot in quantities are now arriving here from Nevada. Our farmers ought to give more heed to the raising of swine upon this coast, there is no crop so profitable as hog raising in California if well applied. Eggs in large quantities come here from Michigan, Indiana, Illinois, etc., and though selling at comparatively low prices are profitable to the shipper, if he succeeds in getting them here in good order.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

July 8th, 1873.—The "Fourth," and the ensuing day, holidays, seem to have left our market without life, a very common effect, but we hope not a lasting one. Up to the evening of the 3d, there was considerable activity in all grades at full prices—23@24c for choice, 16@22c for fair to good, and 11@15½c for burry.

WATT & McLENNAN, Wool Commission Merchants,
625 Sansome street, San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	ARRIVE. A.M.	ARRIVE. P.M.
* Sundays excepted.				
Alameda *	6 30			9 00
Antioch (Black Diamond etc.) *		4 40		12 00
Benicia via Rio Vista (by C P R R Co's steamers) *		3 15		9 00
Cloverdale and Coast Points *		3 15	0 30	
Eureka *		1 40	12 0	
Napa Route via Vallejo *		3 4.	12 4.	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory.	6 30			9 00
Oakland	6 30	3.40		1 00 / 9 00
Overland	6 00			9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points *		3.15		12 30
Sacramento via Vallejo	7 15	3 40		12 40 / 8 40
San Rafael *	9 1.		9 00	
San Jose	7 35	4 10	9.3.	6.00
Southern California and Arizona *	. 3.			6 00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3.40	3.0.	9 00
Vallejo and Benicia	7.15	3 40	12.40	9 00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County *	.....	3.40	....	3 00
Great Britain, Monday and Thursday		2 0.		

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily, except Sundays.
N. B. STONE, P. M.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $750,000. OFFICERS—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. H. Eddy, Marine Secretary. U. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. J. Bryant, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Holbs, H. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. Meher, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. F. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb 1.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 224 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens.

DIRECTORS.—W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. H. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, N. D. Thayer, Jas. Phelan, Charles Main.
C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. HORNER, Secretary. May 3.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, Gustave Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. F. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 11 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies non-forfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,- 750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,150,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
[Jan 13.] No. 318 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8 No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 18.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every Information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 205 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Bonnell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. O. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co, Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Steiglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamulz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co, Dent & Co; Russell & Co, Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathieson & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

BELGIUM—Consul General—B. Morbange, Grand Hotel. Consul, F. Grisar, N. W. cor Broadway and Sansome.
CHILI—Consul General—F. Segondo Casanova, U. S. Court Building. Consul—H. Barroll, bet. 534 Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 220 California street.
ECUADOR—Consul—Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson st.
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HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front.
HONDURAS—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 102 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Acting Consul—Horace D. Dunn.
MEXICO—Consul—Manuel Aspiroz, 425 California street.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, 410 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—Consul-General—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S.W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—F. de la Fuentes y Sobiral, Lick H'se.
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Alertos. Vice Consul—H. Landley, Swiss American Bank.
SPAIN—Consul—Camilo Martin, 423 California street.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 220 California street.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 310 Battery street.
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
U.S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—H. Metallus, 19 Washington st.
TURKEY—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. Baum, 310 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss American Bank.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—G. Muecke, 119 California street.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

THE SUNFISH

In the cool clear stream,
Where the white pebbles gleam,
You glide through murmurous ways of shade and sun,
Where currents of untroubled pleasance run.

Thrills of most exquisite
Rare happiness flit
Ever across the crystal of your life,
Unsmitten of any dissonance or strife.

Uninterrupted flow,
Above you and below,
Broad volumes of rich music undefiled,
And artless as the first song of a child.

And my life, too,
Is sweetly drifting through
A crystal deep of wonderful harmony—
Of songs of birds and streams poured over me!

—*James Maurice Thompson, in Appleton's Journal for June.*

SNAKE-CHARMER.

The Most Charming Snake-Charmer is Mrs. M., whom an inquirer, "not very much afraid of snakes," has been kindly allowed to interview. Mr. M., who received the visitor, after remarks upon the weather, produced out of a cupboard a large boa-constrictor, a python, and several small snakes, which at once made themselves at home on the writing table, among pens, ink, and books. Interviewer was a good deal startled, when the two large snakes coiled round and round Mr. M., and began to notice himself with their bright eyes and forked tongues. Mr. M. then went to call Mrs. M., leaving him alone with the boa deposited on an arm-chair. He felt queer when the animal began gradually to come near him, to improve their *tête-a-tête*, but was soon relieved by the entrance of his hosts, followed by two little children, charming and charmers also. The lady and the children went at once to the boa, and, calling it by the most endearing names allowed it to twine itself most gracefully round about them. This boa-constrictor, as thick round as a small tree, twined playfully round the lady's waist and neck, forming a kind of turban round her head, and expecting to be petted and made much of like a kitten. The children over and over again took its head in their hands and kissed its mouth, pushing aside its forked tongue in doing so. "Every one to his taste," as the old man said when he kissed the cow. The animal seemed much pleased, but kept continually turning its head toward interviewer, until he allowed it for a moment to nestle its head up his sleeve. This splendid serpent coiled all around Mrs. M., while she moved about the room and when she stood up to pour out coffee.

About a year ago Mr. and Mrs. M. were away for six weeks, and left the boa in charge of a keeper at the Zoo. The poor reptile moped, slept, and refused to be comforted; but, when his master and mistress appeared, he sprang upon them with delight, coiling himself round them, and showing every symptom of intense delight. The children are devoted to their "darling Cleo," as they call the snake, and smiled when interviewer asked if they were ever frightened by it.

In terviewer's conclusion: It is mere prejudice, when snakes are not venomous, to abhor them as we do. They are intelligent and harmless, perfectly clean, with no sort of smell, make no kind of noise, and move about far more gracefully than lapdogs or other pets. These seemed very obedient, and remained in their cupboard when told to do so.—*All the Year Round.*

EVIL EFFECTS OF TEA DRINKING.

Dr. Trotter, a celebrated physician of Bath, who was in great repute early in the present century, a man of large practice, acute observation, and high moral and religious feeling, writes as follows:—"Fine tea, where the narcotic quality seems to be concentrated, when taken in a strong infusion, by persons not accustomed to it, excites nausea and vomiting, tremors, cold sweats, vertigo, dimness of sight, and confusion of thought. But I have known men and women subject to nervous complaints, who could not use tea in any form without feeling a sudden increase of all these unpleasant symptoms, particularly acidity of stomach, vertigo, and weakness of sight. Though fond of tea myself, I have sometimes been obliged to leave it off, by suspecting that it added to my natural shortness of vision. As the use of this article in diet extends among the lower orders of the community and the laboring poor, it must do the more harm. A man or woman who has to go through much toil or hardship, has need of substantial nourishment; but that is not to be obtained from an infusion of tea. And if the humble returns of their industry are expended on this leaf, what remains for the purchase of food better adapted to labor? In this case tea comes to be hurtful, not only from its own narcotic quality, but that quality will act with double force in a body weakened from other causes. This certainly is one great reason for the increased and increasing proportions of nervous, bilious, spasmodic, and stomach complaints, appearing among the lower ranks of life. This fact has long been confirmed to me in different countries, and among persons varying much in their employments. I have lately met with many severe and obstinate cases among poor tradesmen and laborers, where it was plain they originated from this cause. I also think that the use of tea often paves the way to habitual dram-drinking among this class of society, more than among the better orders. It is worthy of remark, that the finer the tea the more of the pernicious quality it contains."—*St. Pauls.*

THE TRADE IN ITALIAN CHILDREN.

An Italian Gentleman has been interesting himself in the condition of young children of his nationality in New York, and his investigation has led to some rather startling developments. A ragged, half starved little fellow, 12 years old, who was found promenading Central Park, was questioned concerning his antecedents, and stated that he was stolen out of his bed in his home in southern Italy, and brought to New York, where he was shut up in a cellar with other boys, at night, and made to play the fiddle, as soon as he had mastered a few tunes, by day in the street. If the sum he carried home to the "padrone" at night was too little, he was beaten. All he had to eat was black bread, and little enough of that. He says that ten little boys and four girls were kept in the cellar of his "padrone," and all were treated as he was. Moreover, while he was at his house, more than fifty children were brought in and taken away, having been sold to other men. Several thousand of these kidnapped children are in the United States, over three hundred having come in since March, most of them being brought to New York. There is a regular traffic in them, the prices ranging from $100 to $300 for boys, while girls often bring $500, or, if strikingly pretty, much more. It is said that there are two little girls who are to be seen paying every day in Wall street, for whom their owners paid $1,000. These little beggars pick up much more money than is commonly supposed, and keeping them is quite a profitable business. The commissioners of immigration should look to this revolting traffic in humanity, not only on account of its injurious character and of the brutal treatment to which the little things are subject, but because it is an intolerable nuisance upon the streets infested with them.

The Man who was proud of having been kicked by the King of France, has always been looked upon as a fool of the first magnitude. But he was a real fool; and Brooklyn has the honor of sheltering his descendant in a right line. Horr G. Hosmer is the name of something in the City of Churches, which writes to one of the New York papers that in 1866, being in London, it begged of Thos. Carlyle to receive it; which Carlyle did, and the Hosmer sat down at the tea-table between him and his wife. The talk was all on the part of Carlyle, and H. G. H. tells, with natural pleasure, how the great man virtually called it a fool, and how it asked for more, and got more, till Carlyle was pleased to send it home; because, no doubt, he grew tired of wasting his kicks. An American cannot but rejoice that his country produces an exceptional fine breed of toadies, long-eared, cold-blooded, pachydermatous objects, especially created for the satisfaction of foreign celebrities, naturally anxious to look upon a specimen of the free American. The Brooklyn thing is very fine of its kind; and we cannot but wonder at Carlyle's self-restraint, that he did not run a pin through the creature, and fasten it up in a glass case.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 607 to 613 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 3d. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.
California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

NOTICE.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD LANDS.

To all whom it may Concern:—Whereas, under instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land office, dated June 6th, 1873, the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at San Francisco, California, have given official notice, by publication, that "All odd numbered sections, now reserved for the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, and which were at the date of such reservation within the limits of the reservation for the Western Pacific Railroad Company, will be restored on THURSDAY, the 24th day of July, A. D. 1873, and will, on said day, become subject to the pre-emption settlement and filing and homestead entry:"—The Southern Pacific Railroad Company hereby gives notice that said Company claims the odd-numbered sections referred to in said notice of the Register and Receiver, under the grant to the said Company by Act of Congress, approved July 27th, 1866, and the Acts amendatory and confirmatory thereof, and will take all necessary legal steps to assert its claim to said lands under its grant.
B. B. REDDING,
July 5 Land Agent Southern Pacific Railroad Company.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current; Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 21.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor Bush, S. F.

NOTICE.

Mr. William Matrick (or Maycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or at Hanley, Staffordshire, England.—You are hereby informed that your daughter, MISS ELIZA DUNN, is now in San Francisco, California. Any communication addressed to her will be gladly received for Mrs. E. Dunn, at the "California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast," Merchant street, San Francisco. June 21.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 A. M. and 1 P. M. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to City Collections, and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 11.

NEW MAP OF CALIFORNIA AND NEVADA,

In Townships, with Mineral Grounds, Railroads and Land Districts defined. The MOST COMPLETE MAP ever published of the two States. For sale in Sheets or Book form. Size, 3 feet by 3½. Price—Book, $3; Mounted, $5.
May 17. WARREN HOLT, 601 Clay street.

FOR SALE

A Steam Flouring Mill with Distillery and about 15 acres of good Land, distant ¼ mile from Sonoma. Inquire at SONOMA HOTEL, Sonoma, or of W. D. BLISS, Petaluma. [May 3.] ALFRED BOREL & CO., S. F.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31

A. ROMAN & CO.,

ANTON ROMAN.] [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

MAIN & WINCHESTER.

C. MAIN. E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 13.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 17.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 56 Montgomery Block. May 31

THE CALIFORNIA ACCLIMATIZING SOCIETY

Offer for Sale: 25,000 Eastern Trout; 25,000 Tahoe Trout; 10,000 Native Trout, all of this year's hatch—quantities to suit. Address,
May 31 W. A. NEWELL, 65 Howard street.

NOTICE

The Park Commissioners will pay twenty-five cents per pound for ripe Lupine Seed. Apply to the Keeper, at Golden Gate Park.
July 5. J. T. FLEMING, Secretary G. G. Park.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to the contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any, and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

San Francisco, July 9th, 1873.

Dear News Letter:—We have a Chinese clerk, a bright and intelligent fellow. He is a keen observer of men and things, and he reads the newspapers. He finds the *News Letter* on our desk, and has discovered that you are not so senseless an enemy of his race as are some other papers. It therefore occurred to him that he might venture upon the American custom, and as a newspaper correspondent present his view of the Chinese question. He appeals from the press to the people, and has brought us the accompanying letter, with the request that we ask the *News Letter* to immortalize it in print. It is a simple screed, written for, being "a game that he don't understand." Yours, Jones & Walker, Front street.

San Francisco, July, 1873.

To the Great and Just Paper, the San Francisco News Letter:

I am Chinaman. I like speak to American man. Newspaper say you no like Chinaman. Chinaman work too cheap, wash clothes, make blankets, make shoes, make cigar, and many things American man like buy. Newspaper say Chinaman make plenty money, take money go back China. You say Chinaman bad man, no live all time in California, no have wife here, no have same food, Jesus Christ, no wear same clothes like American man. All time say no want Chinaman come here. I like talk with you. I learn little English. All Chinaman no can write English, so I speak. Long time ago China country all alone. No Chinaman go away. American man in China. China big country, plenty people, plenty work. Chinaman make lots silk, many nice things. Pretty soon Englishman, Dutch man, American man, Frenchman send ship. He buy tea, silk, he bring Chinaman other things. He make plenty business, plenty money. Then he make treaty with China, and say American man come here, work, make money in China, and Chinaman go do same in other country. Chinaman long time no like. By and by Chinaman say yes. Pretty soon plenty man come live in China, get rich, have big store, big business like Chinaman money very much. When make plenty money go back home, leave China. Then come California big gold mines. Every people like gold. All come see California and dig. All same come American, English, French, Dutch, and every country. So, suppose he make money he go home and take away money. Suppose he no make money, he no can go. Some Chinaman, not many, come too. Pretty soon plenty people in California, make house, have wife and children, and make nice country. They say we like stay here. So American man he say he like railroad, factory, and many things all same like other place. He come over to China, and tell Chinaman suppose you go to California, have plenty work, get one dollar day, and make money all same. American man make money in China. So Chinaman come. Some Chinaman merchants, some factory man, some work man, maybe some bad man come too. Plenty bad man in all country. When Chinaman get here he go work. Five, six thousand, two, three years, make place for great railroad. Plenty American man work too. Chinaman take pick, shovel, wheelbarrow. American man make bridges, big shops, iron rails, cars, plenty things Chinaman no do. All have plenty work. Now railroad done, American man have work all time, Chinaman not, Chinaman work done. Then Chinaman learn make shoes, blankets, cigars. He make very good, very cheap, so American man no have to buy shoes, blankets, from other place, so can keep money here. Suppose 5,000 Chinaman make shoes, blankets, cigars, cheap. I think all men in California, 500,000 people, like that. Suppose 5,000 Chinaman no make, then all California people pay more money and send same all away some other place. That not good for California. I think American man no like that. So, poor Chinaman make blankets, everybody buy blanket for six dollar pair. Suppose Chinaman no make, everybody pay nine dollar pair. That no good for California people. Shoes, cigars, all same. I suppose poor man no like that. Some Chinaman go work in country, in harvest, get one dollar day. Farmer say he no can pay two dollar day. Suppose he no can get Chinaman he no plant wheat. That not good for California. Suppose many Chinaman work, that make work all time for every people. Some people make big factory house, make machinery, make wagons for carry goods, make shops for sell goods, and ships and railroads for wheat and other things to go in. No have some work cheap, no can have all these things, because no can use. Then other people no have work. Chinaman make nice vegetable grow. Chinaman understand that. He make plenty strawberries cheap. Suppose Chinaman no do that, then no can have vegetable cheap, no can have strawberry cheap. Everything Chinaman do is good for poor man. Poor man like strawberries, nice vegetables, good blankets, and everything all same as rich man. Chinaman no bring wife here because he fear American man take away Chinaman wife, love father, love mother. You no like Chinaman take away money. Chinaman no take all. He make one dollar, he spend half dollar. He pay plenty money for ride on railroad, on steamboat. He pay plenty taxes, he pay policeman, he keep shop, pay big rent. Good Chinaman pay all he owe. Bad Chinaman not. American all same. Chinaman buy plenty chicken, pig, spend much money. Chinaman no speak much English. Plenty Dutchman, other man all same. Chinaman no have American wife, plenty Jew all same. Chinaman no have same God, Jesus Christ, Jew all same. What for American man like Jew, no like Chinaman? Suppose you no like have Chinaman come here, no send ship tell him come. When Chinaman all go home, American man go too, for no have business. California very big country, not much people. Great many people in other place, but too far, and cost too much money to get here, and people no come. Suppose people no come, business get sick. Maybe by and by, long time, people come, then California rich, but everybody here dead then. That no good for this people. Suppose you no let Chinaman come here, American man go to China, build factory in China, send wool over to China, and Chinaman make blankets there all same like now here. Factory man send blankets to California, get nine dollars pair. That very good for China factory man, no good for California people. Suppose you no see that, you like, all right, Chinaman like too. Good bye! Suppose American man like come to China, Chinaman very glad. Chinaman children no throw stone at American man. Chinaman no tell American man go away. American man teach Chinaman many things, some good, some bad.

Good-bye! Ah Me.

Editor News Letter:—For the past month we have been treated by the dailies with a continued brag of the Lined ship race from this port to Liverpool, not one of whom has given a fair version of the same. Captain Evans, of the *La Escocesa* (British), never expressed himself in any other manner than that the *Young America* (American) would arrive at Liverpool before his ship. His reasons were: First—Size, the *Young America* being about half tons the larger. Second—The *La Escocesa*, being of iron, and not cleaned since leaving home, her bottom would be foul before arriving back. Third—The *La Escocesa* was carrying sixty per cent above her registered tonnage, while the other carried not quite forty per cent above. Notwithstanding this state of facts, Commodore Allen comes out in a card, challenging any one to bet him that his ship, the *Favorite*, would make the better trip of the two, a comparison between the two being like one between Occident and Frank Pixley's mule. A noble Briton, Captain Arnold, of the bark *Times*, gives in his own language how the same ships passed him on a previous voyage: "I was thirty days out, bound down the coast from the West Coast, when one morning, with a stiff breeze, two ships were sighted astern coming up. About noon one of them came within hail. *Says he*, 'Is that you, Arnold, my boy?' 'Ay, ay, my lad,' *says I*. *Damn my (Ayres)*, and that was all I had a chance to say to him. *Damn my (Ayres)!* A short time after the other one came up and gave me a hail. Says I to Evans, 'Give my regards to my box of diamonds when you get there. *Damn my (Ayres)*, and I had time to say plenty more if I had known what to have talked about. *Damn my (Ayres)!* Yours, Old Salt.

Clerical Presumption.—Coal Mine Overlooker (to curate): "I can assure you, sir, that these 'ere colliers, now they're in to work, can make their ten an' twelve shillin' a day." Curate: "Dear me! ah! It's actually more than I get!" Overlooker: "More than you get! Why, it's more than I get."

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—We must own that we were rather disappointed with *Brother Sam*. It is incoherent, and in many parts actually vulgar. No gentleman, for instance, would, however far gone in drink, take an egg off a breakfast table, and tell the hostess it might have been a nice egg a week ago. And then again, what nephew wishing to get money out of an old uncle would treat him in the way Sam does? Nor would any old uncle, even though he hailed from Birmingham, ever be so done as to see through the whole plot. It is only Sothern's fine acting that makes the play worth seeing. We must own that we like a play that does not hang upon one character like *Brother Sam* does upon *Dundreary*. *Brother Sam* is, indeed, a poor relation of his, and, as such, deserves what little merit he possesses. Miss Helen Tracy, as the lost Mrs. Trixbesh, is very good, as, too, is Miss Graham as Alice. For the other characters we cannot say much, as they were both overdone. We look forward to a rich treat in *David Garrick*. It is a play more worthy of a first rate actor than either *Dundreary* or *Brother Sam*.

Shiels' Opera House.—A sensational piece called *La Superba*, or, *The Mystery of Chateau Blanche*, has run the week with great success. Miss Pateman owes to the five books a great deal more than the blue posters would lead one to suppose, and Emily Doorman was deservedly applauded. We look upon Miss Pateman as the best actress we have on this coast at the present time. Mr. Roche also, after his surprised us, as his rendering of the character of "Marcus Majorband" was a very creditable piece of acting. For the other characters we cannot say anything favorable, and so the least said the better. The play itself is a plethora of improbable events and bad French, and we only wonder at its running as long as it has.

Owen Marlowe's Grand Matinee.—Owen Marlowe, who is one of the best light comedians we have ever had on this coast, and who has long been both in public and private life a universal favorite, takes his farewell benefit on Wednesday afternoon, July 16th, when Gilbert's comedy, the *Palace of Truth*, will be put on the stage. It is acknowledged to be the best comedy written since the days of Goldsmith and Sheridan. Owen Marlowe will appear as "Chrysal," a character that he played last year with great success. He will be assisted by the best members of all the theaters, and will no doubt have, as he deserves, a full house. The Prismatic Fountain, with its wonderful changes of color, will be in full play, and various other attractions will be introduced. We are sorry that Mr. Marlowe is leaving us, as we have always looked upon him as one of the most accurate actors in the company, and his absence will cause a gap that the management will have some difficulty in filling.

A Card—To My Friends.—Ladies and Gentlemen: Through the kindness and courtesy of Mr. John McCullough and other kind Members of the Dramatic Profession, I am at liberty to announce a Farewell Benefit and last appearance on Wednesday Afternoon, July 16th, at the California Theater. "Palace of Truth." With a host of Volunteers from all the Theaters. It will give me much *pleasure* to meet you on that occasion and much *pain* to bid good bye. Your obedient servant, Owen Marlowe. Admission $1. Reserved Seats, $1 50. The Box Sheet will be open at Gray's Music Store at 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.

The Alhambra has had full houses all the week, and the pantomime pleases every one.

On Thursday Evening a select audience met Mr. James F. Bowman, the writer, and a few literary and literary others, to pass an evening with Longfellow. The order of the entertainment was in each instance, some remarks of Mr. Bowman, remarks on Longfellow's peculiarities and ... introducing an illustrative recitation from his works, given by the lecturer ... It is no ... allowed that Owen Marlowe's recitation of "The Old Clock on the Stairs," was the happiest and most effective.

D. N. and E. Walter have shown us over their lately arrived stocks of carpets, wall paper, curtains, etc., and we were surprised to see so large and elegant a stock of goods in the hands of one firm. They, however, explained to us that their business being wholesale, "chopping" and wholesale one, they have always to keep a large stock of the best goods on hand. We do not know who has the choosing of their patterns, but whoever does choose them, not only knows his business, but also has a very fine eye for color and effect.

Every One has read the history of Samson and Delilah, but few people really know how much both men and women are dependent upon their hair for both beauty and strength. A good crop of hair is not only pretty, but also tends to a good, healthy constitution. Perhaps the most useful of all preparations for the hair is the X Twists X known as the Nevada Natural Hair Restorative. It has wonderful qualities, which its use can best demonstrate. Go to Heathfield, Bogel & Co., 206 and 208 Battery, and try it.

Cape Town, May 6th.—The Ministry proposed to introduce 2,000 artisans and laborers from Europe for the railway works. The bill to establish a federation has been withdrawn. Some people have left the diamond fields for the gold fields of Heydenberg.

Cynical Thought.—A man is never so odd in the outside world as he is made to feel when in the bosom of his family.

Punctuation first used in literature, 1520. Before that time words and sentences were put together like this.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny st., near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; John Woodard, Stage Manager; E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, July 12, and until further notice. Our great Variety Army of Invincibles still successful. With renewed courage and forces augmented we are again ... to the field where victory awaits us. There is no such word as fail! The Minstrels shall be encountered, then we to the ... family! ... Ambush of Male and Female Minstrels we commence the attack as lookout for ... Jenny ... has been re-enlisted and assigned an important post. Mat ... Fred ... Tommy Bree, Tommy Barton and Will Harris have been detailed as the picket guard. Expect a ... sharp ... and ... field piece will be brought out ... the first ... the week ... will ... with ... and ... are heard ... every engagement. The ... will ... another week ... the ... of the public—no extra charge. Admission—50 cts. Private boxes, $4 50, $3 and $5. July 12

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam. Wetherill, Treasurer.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon—The GREAT FRAZER, in his great ... The Old ... Who ... the ... Great ... of MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. ... of FRANK MORAN and BILLY MANNING the Great ... Members and bright lights of the Negro profession. ... the greatest ... Champion ... Man in the World ... Harry ... Billy ... J. H. ... N. H. Performance commences at 8 o'clock. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cents. Private Boxes, $5 and $10. Parquette 25 cents. July 12

SHIELS' OPERA HOUSE.

A. M. Gray & Co., Lessees; R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; W. H. Smith, Business Manager; H. Lohrman, Musical Director; ... Treasurer. ... Saturday Matinee, at 2 o'clock. LA SUPERBE; or, THE MYSTERY OF CHATEAU BLANCHE. Positively last time. Saturday Evening, July 12, First appearance of MISS JEAN CLARA WALTERS as ... in ... LAND AS IT WAS, Mr. R. Pateman as Ragged Pat. Also, THE QUIET FAMILY —Miss Pateman and Millie Sackett. Monday Evening—First time of Wilkie Collins' NEW MAGDALEN. July 12

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush st., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager.—Saturday Matinee, July 12, at 2 o'clock. ... BROTHER SAM. Matinee—Saturday Evening. Last Performance of BROTHER SAM. Monday Evening, July 14th, will be produced the celebrated ... Comedy, DAVID GARRICK. July 12.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 506 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. K.'s newly selected stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. (May 24.)

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	30@	40
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz.	40	
Lard, ℔	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16@	20
Condensed milk, ℔ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish ℔	2@	3
Lima Beans ℔	8@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	5	
Onions ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ℔	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	4@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz.	25@	
Celery, ℔ doz.	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz.	15@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz.	15@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz.	10@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz.	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔	6@	6
String Beans, ℔	5@	15
Apples, ℔	6@	12
Pears, ℔	6@	10
Peaches, ℔	15@	20
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	12@	15
Dates, ℔	15@	
Oranges, ℔ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	25
Limes, ℔ doz.	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	25@	30
Geese, ℔ pair	2 00@2	50
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 00@2	25
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	
Hares, each	50@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	12@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔	12@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish, ℔	15@	
Smelts, ℔	10@	
Tomcod, ℔	12@	
Sturgeon, ℔	5@	
Flounders, ℔	12@	
Halibut, ℔	40@	
Perch, ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ℔	10@	
Anchovies, ℔	4@	
Soles, ℔	25@	

BABCOCK

Fire Apparatus,

ENGINES,

EXTINGUISHERS, TANKS, HOOK AND LADDER TRUCKS, ETC.

Richard B. Irwin & Co.,

General Agents for Pacific Coast.

FOR SALE BY

W. D. MURDOCH, Local Agent, 312 California street, San Francisco. July 5.

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 2, Stevens' Building, N.W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Ford—In this city, July 4th, to the wife of Martin Ford, a son.
Gunnee—In this city, July 4th, to the wife of C. Gunnee, a son.
Gilhilan—In this city, July 5th, to the wife of John P. Gilhilan, a son.
Hopps—In this city, July 3d, to the wife of George Hopps, a son.
Laws—In this city, July 6th, to the wife of John Laws, a daughter.
Olsen—In this city, July 1st, to the wife of H. C. Olsen, a son.
Schwarzchild—In this city, July 5th, to the wife of L. Schwarzchild, a daughter.
Stone—In this city, July 7th, to the wife of Robert Stone, a son.
Turnbull—In this city, July 5th, to the wife of D. C. Turnbull, a daughter.
Weber—In this city, July 5th, to the wife of John P. Weber, a son.
Whitney—In this city, July 3d, to the wife of F. L. Whitney, a son.

ALTAR.

Barr-Cagney—In this city, June 29th, Jacob Barr to Nellie Cagney.
Egan-Lyons—In this city, July 2d, Edward Egan to Minnie Lyons.
Gann-Byrne—In this city, July 7th, Victor M. Gann to Della Byrne.
Harden-Harden—In this city, July 8th, M. L. Harden to Annette Harden.
Krumland-Dohrs—In this city, July 7th, George Krumland to J. Lama Dohrs.
Mason-Graham—In this city, July 1st, Edward Mason to Mary G. Graham.
Newbury-Kellogg—In this city, July 8th, Elbert Newbury to Fanny M. Kellogg.
Nolte-Decker—In this city, July 6th, Theodore Nolte to Louise Decker.
Seligman-Strassman—In this city, July 9th, M. H. Seligman to Lucy Strassman.
Sanders-Wolf—In this city, July 6th, Harry A. Sanders to Carrie Wolf.
Strange-Waller—In this city, July 6th, John D. Strange to Caroline A. M. Waller.

TOMB.

Elwell—In this city, July 6th, Lot Elwell, aged 73 years.
Kells—In this city, July 4th, Charles A. Kells, aged 40 years.
Mason—In this city, July 5th, Melissa Mason, aged 64 years.
Giron—In this city, July 3d, Lucy A. Nixon, aged 27 years.
Reynolds—In this city, July 6th, James Reynolds, aged 75 years.
Toppini—In this city, July 5th, Pasquale Toppini, aged 41 years.
Toland—In Sacramento, July 4th, George Toland, aged 58 years.
Ward—In this city, July 2d, John K. Ward, aged 62 years.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

George Washington, when a boy, met with an accident that came very near making him a martyr of truth. It happened lately: George, then a curly headed little urchin of ten, was sitting on a high old fashioned stool, practicing pothooks, when suddenly one of the legs of the stool gave way and over he went backwards. For some weeks his back was so much injured that serious doubts of his recovery were entertained. He however eventually recovered. It is by this we now caution every one else to be careful in buying office and school furniture. Gilbert & Moore, on Bush street, make the best we have ever seen.

A Rolling Stone gathers no moss,
A ... be ... money,
And who ... a man a bachelor
He never will make money.

No, get a loving, faithful wife—
A loving and gentle soul
Then take a house and furnish it
From the store of N. P. Cole.

The Fourth is over, and business men are once more hard at work, feeling all the better for their short holiday in the country. A great many people drove out that day to the ... Park, and were most agreeably surprised to find there an hotel equal to any we have in the city for comfort and good living. We refer to the "Park Villa," just opened by Mr. and Mrs. Mahrenberg. It is the most perfectly fitted up place we ever saw, and cannot fail to be a grand success. The gardens are simply lovely.

Wherever a man meets his neighbor,
Be it ever so wet or dry,
He pats him on the shoulder,
And its "What are you going to try?"

Now if you have to drink with all
You're apt to get so to frisky,
So take a little sage advice
And stick to Cutler's Whisky.

Lord Dundreary has filled the California Theater almost to overflowing for a week, and brother Sam has followed suit. Brother Sam's ... is a most perfection. His necktie and collar seem made for each other, while his shirt front and waistcoat are on the most friendly terms. His gloves fit like skin, and the *tout ensemble* is faultless. Now as most of our young men like to have nice collars, shirts, neckties and gloves on, we will give them a small piece of advice. Always go to Anderson & Irving for your hosiery, etc. They beat the deck.

It is mistaken economy
To buy things cheap and bad,
When just for a very little more,
The best things can be had.

And if you want to buy a carpet,
Why, go to Plum & Bell,
Their prices are not exhorbitant—
Their carpets are liked well.

Noah made himself very comfortable on board the Ark, and has very often been heard to remark "that though he rather preferred the land, yet a trip on the sea was very grand." He said, too, that there was something wrong with the stores, and that several nice messes and elephant hashes were spoiled on that account. One morning Mrs. Noah was preparing an omelette, when the old stove blew up and cracked her very badly. Noah has heard of the De La Montanya Union Range, and says if he ever goes to sea again he'll have one.

Look at him, watch his tottering step,
Observe his bleary eye,
And that nose, which like a comet shines,
Stuck in a whisky sky.

Had he but stuck to the Gerke Wine,
His eye would now be bright,
His step would still be light and free—
His nose be cool and white.

In 1864 the United States entered into a treaty with the Modocs, but it was not ratified and proclaimed till 1870. It was signed by a chief and four leading Modocs, who were all made properly drunk for the occasion. In accordance with this treaty the Modocs went on the barren Klamath Reservation where they stopped for a long time. Captain Jack, however, would not acknowledge the treaty, as he had not signed it, but he said that if the United States Government would supply him with proper food and some of Eberhardt & Lachman's celebrated native wines, he would stop there.

Many Feet below the surface of the sea lives the bivalve known as the Oyster. There, a sovereign in his pearly castle, he increases and multiplies till the rude instruments of man drag him from his hiding place, he is killed by the murderous knife and before he has had time to realize the horrors of his position, he goes down some one's throat. If you want to taste him in all his freshness, go to Emerson Corville's, at the Saddle Rock, there you may have him au *naturel* or cooked in any style you like.

Governor Booth, when riding in the procession at Sacramento on the Fourth, made every provision for both himself and his staff's appearance. He ordered a dozen sets of trappings for the horses from Main & Winchester, and a finer turnout than they made has seldom been seen. Gov. Booth himself remarked that the saddle he rode on "was the most comfortable one he ever used," and intends, like every other sensible person, always to buy all his saddlery, rugs, etc., from Main & Winchester.

The Following is a copy of a letter just received from Vienna by a well known citizen: "Dear ... Thanks for the photographs by Bradley & Rulofson. They are the finest I have ever seen and have created quite a sensation. I sent them to a friend ... who showed them to the different ... who represent photography in the exhibition here. They ..., he says, said that they could not take as good pictures themselves, nor had they seen any to equal them. Yours, Col. E. B."

The Emeralds of Antiquity have most of them turned out to be merely glass, but glass of such an extraordinary hard nature as to defy all imitation in the present day. Even the potters of Umbria, whose ruby coloring was so prized by the dilettanti of the Cinque Cento period have their secret buried with them. Even the art of photography is said to have been known in London more than a hundred years ago. But this as it may they never yet could take photographs like those taken by Houseworth, 12 Montgomery street.

Muller's Glasses are as well, nay even better, known than any other make of spectacles. They are wonders in their way, and many have had just cause to bless the power that gave them sight. And thus saith the polite attendant, James Alger, who represents the worthy Muller.

Six Miles down the San Bruno Road, Harry Blanken's comfortable house invites the weary traveler and the heated excursionist to come in and rest. He is always at home and glad to see his friends.

A Neglected Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat, which might be checked by a simple remedy, like "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," if allowed to progress may terminate seriously.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending July 11, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED	FRI	NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED	FRI
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	—	9	9
Alpha	—	31	—	Kentuck	—	10	9
Alps	—	1½	—	Kentucky	—	2½	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—	Knickerbocker	—	2½	—
American Flag	—	6¼	—	Kossuth	—	—	—
Arizona & Utah	—	1½	1½	Louise	—	60	—
Arkansas	—	—	—	Lower Comstock	—	3	—
Alamo	—	—	—	Mahogany	—	7	—
American Flat	—	—	4½	Mammoth	—	—	—
Bacon	—	2	—	Meadow Valley	—	21½	—
Baltimore Consolidated	—	7¾	7⅝	Minnesota	—	15	—
Belcher	—	91	97	Newark	—	2½	—
Belmont	—	2½	—	New York Consolidated	—	1	1
Bullion	—	—	—	Noonday	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	—	4½	—	Occidental	—	—	—
Buckeye	—	—	—	Ophir	—	37	35½
Caledonia	—	15	15	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	—	—
Cedarberg	—	4	—	Overman	—	31	32
Central	—	—	—	Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—	Page & Panaca	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—	Pea Vine	—	1	—
Chief of the Hill	—	3¼	—	Phœnix	—	½	—
Chief East Extension	—	30	—	Pictou	—	—	4
Chollar	—	54	46½	Pioche	—	—	—
Columbus	—	—	—	Pioche West	—	1	—
Confidence	—	6¾	7	P Phœnix	—	1½	—
Cons'ted Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Raymond & Ely	—	62	—
Consolidated Virginia	—	100	99½	Ravenna Consolidated	—	—	—
Cook & Cooper	—	—	—	Rye Patch	—	2	—
Crown Point	—	100	100	Red Jacket	—	5	—
Central No. 2	—	6	6	Savage	—	106	10
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Seg. Belcher	—	30	30
Daney	—	1½	1½	Sierra Nevada	—	—	3½
Eclipse	—	5	5½	Silver Peak	—	1½	—
El Dorado	—	1¼	—	Silver Hill	—	30	—
Empire Mill	—	4¼	5½	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Empire Idaho	—	—	—	Sterling	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	—	11½	—	Succor	—	—	1½
Eureka, G. V.	—	—	—	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Exchequer	—	5	5	Silver Chariot	—	—	—
Globe	—	1½	1	South Overman	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	—	—	—	St. Patrick	—	—	—
Gould & Curry	—	1¼	11	South Comstock	—	—	—
Gillis	—	—	—	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	—	36	36	Tyler	—	—	—
Hermes	—	5	—	Union Consolidated	—	—	½
Hubn & Hunt	—	2½	—	Utah	—	—	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—	Washington & Creole	—	2½	—
Ida Elmore	—	4½	—	Washoe	—	—	—
Imperial	—	6¾	5½	Woodville	—	2½	2
Independent	—	—	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Inca ...	—	½	—	Yellow Jacket	—	50	60
Insurance	—	—	—	Yuba Gravel	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—				
Jackson	—	—	—				
Julia	—	1¼	2¼				

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus:* ‡ Buyer 30.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES	TEAS	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1	$50 00 @ 53 50	Japans	— 25 @ — 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 4 @ — 6	Oolong	— 30 @ — 85
Metal sheathing, ℔	— 24 @ — 25	SUGARS	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No. 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Tin Plates, C X ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Islands	— 7 @ — 11
Lead, Pig ℔	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 6 @ — 7½
Lead, Sheet, ℔	9 @ 10	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11½
Banca Tin, ℔	— 36 @ — 38	Muscovado	— 8 @ — 9
Quicksilver	— — @ 1 00	Peruvian	— 4 @ — 8
COAL		CANDLES	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	11 00 @ 13 00	Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 41
Australian	11 5 @ 12 —	Adamantine	— 16 @ — 18
Cumberland	20 00 @ 22 50	SPIRITS AND LIQUORS	
Anthracite	10 00 @ 12 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	5 50 @ —	Whisky, Scotch	3 00 @ 3 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	3 00 @ 3 50
COFFEE		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ℔	— 2 @ — 20	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 22 @ 25	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 19 @ 20	BAGS AND BAGGING	
Costa Rica	— 19 @ — 22	Calcutta Gunnies, 22 ℔	— 14 @ — 15
RICE		Gunny Bags in bales	— 14 @ 15
China, No. 1, ℔	— 6¾ @ — 7	Burlap bags	— 14½ @ — 15
China, No. 2	— 6 @ — 6½	Hessian 40 inch, ℔ yard	— 11 @ — 12
Hawaiian	— 7½ @ — 8½	DOMESTIC STAPLES	
WINES		Wool, ℔	— 13 @ — 34
Champagne, ℔ doz.	30 00 @ 35 00	Tallow	— 6 @ — 6½
Port, according to brand		Hides	— 16 @ — 18
℔ gallon	3 00 @ 6 75	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs	1 65 @ 1 5
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00	Barley	1 15 @ 1 25
OIL		Oats	1 5 @ 1 50
Coal and Kerosene	— 34 @ — 42	Flour ℔ 196 lbs	4 25 @ 5 1

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.

Feb. 15. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street 510 & 514 Commercial st.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

BIZ.

[Continued from Fourteenth Page.]

Tonnage continues scarce and is likely to be so for sixty days to come. The last fortnight's engagement to the United Kingdom for Wheat was at £5. The rates are a trifle easier to-day. Advances have been made in freights. Wheat are very planing, and all parties on the left make a few concessions to buyers. We quote per 40 lbs for wheat delivered along side, Liverpool, £5 to £5 10s; Cork for orders, £5 10s; Antwerp, £5 10s; Havre, £5 10s; Marseilles, £5 10s; London, £5 10s; Queenstown, £5 10s; Liverpool, £5 10s; Cork

THE BROKEN RING.

[TRANSLATED FROM THE GERMAN OF EICHENDORFF.]

Within a great valley
  A mill-wheel turneth o'er;
My darling one who dwelt there
  Hath vanished evermore.

A little ring she gave me,
  She vowed a faithful vow,
The vow, alas! is broken!
  The ring is shattered now!

O, would I were a minstrel
  The world to wander o'er;
And of my poor heart's sorrow,
  To sing from door to door.

Or, would I were a horseman
  Far in the bloody fight,
Or near the camp-fire lying
  All in the dismal night.

Ah! when I hear the mill-wheel
  I know not what I will
I fain would die; my anguish
  Would then at once be still.

PUNISHING OFFENDERS IN OLDEN TIMES.

Gentlemen of an Inventive Turn of Mind found the city of London an unpleasant dwelling place. In 1364, John de Hackford was convicted of telling a friend there were ten thousand men ready to rise and slay the chief people of the city, he was sentenced to be imprisoned for a year and a day, and to stand in the pillory for three hours once a quarter, coming out of Newgate for the purpose, "without hood or girdle, barefoot and unshod, with a whetstone hung by a chain from his neck and lying on his heart, it being marked with the words 'A false liar,' and there shall be a pair of trumpets trumpeting before him on his way." In 1371, a man was pilloried for reporting that it was about to be proclaimed that alien merchants might sell merchandise as freely as the freemen themselves, that no pleas were to be pleaded in the city, but only before the King's justices at Westminster; and that Newgate was to be abolished, and its inmates removed to the Tower. One Bertram had to stand in the pillory five successive days, with two whetstones hanging from his neck: a large one in token of a lie he told about the mayor, and a smaller one in token of a lie about some less important individual. In 1383, an indiscreet mailman amused himself by spreading a report that the mayor had been sent to the Tower; and in order that others might beware of telling such lies, he was ordered to be taken to Newgate, and from thence to the pillory in Cornhill, to remain there one hour, bearing, of course, the liar's burden, and then to be carried back to prison to be confined until further orders. Those guilty of contempt of court, or who spoke evil of magistrates, were handsomely punished. In 1292, Strage, the sweeper of litter in Chepe, was sent to the Tun for saying the aldermen took the money of the commonalty for the support of city orphans, and spent it upon themselves. In Richard II.'s reign a reckless boaster swearing that for half a houseful of gold he would call the chief magistrate a scoundrel, and fight him at Horsley-down, expiated his bragging by twelve months' imprisonment. Such offenders were sometimes permitted to compromise matters; thus, the insulter of an alderman was released on giving surety for a tun of wine, to be forthcoming whenever the offended dignitary demanded it, another rash man who dared to curse a sergeant in the presence of the mayor, was let off "this once" upon promising, in case of again offending, to pay forty shillings towards the repairing of London Bridge, while Roger Torold, who had publicly defied Mayor Leggy, and vowed if he caught him outside the city walls he would take care the mayor would never get inside them alive, escaped worse punishment by presenting Leggy with a hundred tons of wine, and binding himself in the sum of forty pounds to keep a civil tongue in his head for the future. A bolder offender—but then he was in the King's service—made still better terms. He had drawn his sword upon an alderman, and wounded a constable, because they prevented him killing a tailor. For this he was condemned to lose his hand, to stand in the pillory, and to be imprisoned for a year and a day; but "other lords" interceding for him, the sentence was remitted upon condition that he carried a lighted wax candle, weighing three pounds, from the Guildhall to St. Dunstan's Church in Fleet street, and there offer it at the altar; which he was only too glad to do.—*Chambers' Journal.*

STEAM AS AN EXTINGUISHER.

The Fearful Ravages of the best of servants and the worst of masters, fire, during the past few years makes the subject of fire extinguishers grow every day more important, and as experience is the best teacher we submit the following, taken from an English scientific paper called the *Iron*, for the especial perusal of our very effective Fire Department: "We can no better illustrate the practical value of steam under the conditions stated, than to repeat at length the particulars of a case concerning a factory building one story in hight, and 196 feet long by 39½ feet wide. The upper or roof portion of the space was separated from the parterre space by a close flooring. This roof-space was used as a store-house for refuse of various kinds, rags, shavings, leather waste, etc. In this portion of the factory a fire broke out during the night, which unfortunately was only discovered towards two o'clock in the morning, when half the length of the roof was already in flames. As the location of the burning building was somewhat isolated, more than an hour passed by after the discovery of the fire before the services of the neighboring fire department could be obtained, while, meantime, the efforts of those about the building to check the spread of the flames had proved so unavailing that the whole of the upper portion of the building had caught fire or fallen, and the flames had already seized upon the lower story, the walls of which had been broken in by the firemen in their endeavors to quench the flames. In the lower portion of the building there was an arrangement for steam boiling, the boiler for which was located in a separate building, and which had been stopped since seven o'clock the evening previous. After the fire had been raging for some two and a half hours this boiler was started in operation with a strong wood fire, and as soon as steam was up, a bold carpenter ventured into the burning building, against the command of the engineer in charge of the fire department, who had ordered the demolition of the whole structure, and with an axe broke one of the cast iron steam-pipes, at the first best place. The effect is stated to have been almost instantly perceptible. The whole space was rapidly filled with steam which issued from the shattered pipe under strong pressure, and the raging fire was almost instantly checked in violence, one burning mass after the other was extinguished, and even the heaps of rags, which were then burning under the free air, were put out as the steam enveloped them, so that within an hour after the admission of the steam, all danger was considered past, and the fire was brought under entire control."

LAUGHABLE FAILURE OF A FLYING MAN.

The "Scientific" Experiment made by M. de Groof, at Brussels, recently, ended in ignominious failure. It will be remembered that the Belgian aeronaut proposed to ascend to the hight of 800 feet in an apparatus which, with the aid of a balloon and a pair of wings he was to regulate his progress through the air and alight safely at any spot he might select. An immense crowd of persons had assembled in the Champs de Mars Evere to witness the feat, which was announced to take place at three o'clock. It was, however, half-past four before M. de Groof made the attempt to ascend, and he had scarcely stepped into the machine when a gust of wind blew the whole apparatus over, and threw the aeronaut to the ground. The damage done to the machine was, however, at once repaired, and M. de Groof proceeded to make the second attempt. On this occasion the machine ascended to the hight of a few yards, when the cord attaching the apparatus to the car broke, and the aeronaut was once more precipitated to the ground—without, however, suffering any serious injury, and the wings and rudder were completely smashed. The second failure to satisfy the curiosity of the assembled multitude was the signal for immense uproar, the unsuccessful aeronaut was received with groans and yells, and the excited crowd broke through the barriers in the Champs de Mars Evere, smashed the apparatus in pieces, and breaking everything that came in the way. Whilst this scene of uproar was taking place, M. de Groof fortunately succeeded in escaping from the threatened violence of the mob. Several persons were more or less seriously injured, and the police arrested a number of the ringleaders. The *Independance Belge* estimates the number of spectators present at upwards of 100,000.

AT GREAT REDUCTION, BY ALL STEAMERS ROUND THE WORLD.

One Hundred and Five Routes to VIENNA; Seventy-two Routes to Italy; Thirty Routes to Holland, Belgium and the Rhine; Thirty Routes to Ireland, Scotland, and England. Full particulars in COOK'S EXCURSIONIST, American House.

COOK, SON & JENKINS,
May 31.] 262 Broadway, New York.

DICKSON, DE WOLF & CO.,

410, 412, 414 Battery street, offer for sale the following goods, in Bond or Duty paid:

BRANDY—Gautier, Gard, Martell and Hennessy, in quarter casks. BRANDY—Martell, Faure & Co., and Camelade Vine, in glass. WHISKY—Irish, in quarter casks. WINE—Port and Sherry, in quarter casks and glass. CLARET—Choice Medoc, Pauillac, and St. Julien, in cask. PIG IRON—Eglinton. CHAINS—Short link. TIN PLATES—I X Machen Crown brand Charcoal; Yellow Metal Sheathing; Asphalte Roofing Felt; Bleaching Powder; Soda Crystals; Bi-Carbonate of Soda; Palm Oil; Gostling's Portland Cement, Roman Cement, Fire Clay, Paris White. [June 7.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek "kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate or restore. The favor it has received and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the growth and beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.
A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all blotches and pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B. B B Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec. 9.]

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

THE "STAR AND GARTER."

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's" at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 400 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been refitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.
H. S. CROCKER & CO.,
Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot.
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

REMOVAL.

A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his office and warerooms to No.'s 113 and 115 Pine street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over mountainous and difficult roads. June 2.

JOS. CURLE.] **CURLE, STEWART & CO.** [ROBT. STEWART.

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room, No. 15 Stevenson's Building, No. 321 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 413 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete.
(May 31.) J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

Ex "Marie Charlotte," from Bordeaux—100 Cases Louis Roederer celebrated "CARTE BLANCHE," quarts and pints for sale to the trade, by
May 3. MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March 29. 412 Front street, S. F.

S. F. CHRISTY. JOHN H. WISE. THOS. DENIGAN.
CHRISTY & WISE,

Agents for Wool Growers, and Commission Merchants for the sale of HIDES, TALLOW, ETC., 307 FRONT STREET, between Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco. May 1.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society.
Oct. 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

C. L. CRACKBON.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pollzoi.
Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William K. Hoad, Proprietor.
Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Munton, Pr.
Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrell, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)
Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.
Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.
Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.
Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Sisney, Proprietor.
Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.
Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kobler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.
Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.
Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.
Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.
Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.
Liverpool.
Washington Hotel, Limestreet. Frank Gossel, Manager.
London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.
Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.
New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Baxter, Proprietor.
Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.
Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 229 Rue de Rivoli.
Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.
Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.
Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.
St. Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.
Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.
Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.
Venice.
Danielli's Royal Hotel.—Genovea & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.
Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

Funny Anecdotes About Parrots.—A correspondent writes: "A parrot belonging to some friends of mine was generally taken out of the room when the family assembled for prayers, for fear he might join irreverently in the responses. One evening, however, his presence happened to be unnoticed, and for some time he maintained a decorous silence, but at length, instead of 'Amen,' out he came with 'Cheer, Boys, Cheer.' On this the butler was directed to remove him, and had got as far as the door, when the bird, perhaps thinking that he had committed himself, and had better apologize, called out, 'Sorry I spoke!' The parrot of a relation of mine also used, whenever he dropped anything he was eating, to say, 'Pick up Bobby's crust;' being doubtless prompted by the same train of associations as those which led another parrot, which I well knew, invariably to say, 'Thank you' whenever anything was given to him. Some parrot fanciers had agreed to meet in a year's time, when each was to show a bird for a prize—proficiency in talking to be the great criterion of merit. On the day appointed all the rest came, each duly bringing his parrot. Only one appeared without his, saying that he was such a stupid bird he was quite ashamed to bring him. This excuse was held to be inadmissible, and his master accordingly went off for and returned with him. No sooner was he introduced than, looking round at the large assembly of birds, he exclaimed, 'My God, what a lot of parrots!' The prize was immediately voted to him by acclamation."

Miscegenation at Paris.—Considerable interest has been excited in Paris by the announcement of two oriental marriages which are about to take place there. One is between the Viscount Charles de Thonais and a young Chinese lady, a convert to Christianity, and the adopted daughter of a French merchant at Canton. This gentleman brought his fair daughter back with him to France, and had her educated at a first-class school in Bordeaux. The young lady's name was In-Tse, but on her baptism she added that of Marie. The other projected marriage is still more remarkable. A Japanese dignitary attached to the embassy now in Paris, Lakana by name, young, rich and handsome, has asked and obtained the hand of Mdlle Hebert, the daughter of a wealthy coal merchant, now retired from business and living in good style. The fiancee appeared only to have stipulated that her suitor should embrace Catholicism, to which request he made no demur. The Chinese lady will be given away at the Madeleine. The Japanese gentleman will plight his troth at St. Philippe du Roule. Both these unions are said to be unprecedented.

A Great Many Curious Things come up in the course of the Tichborne trial, and from day to day things come out tending more and more to complicate the affair. The latest is a report concerning the alleged death of Arthur Orton in Australia. Information has been asked about a man shot near Yea in the year 1862. This man was in company with two others, and suspected of horse-stealing. They were pursued, and the constable and his party came up with them just as the men were riding off. As they did not halt when ordered to do so, one of the constable's party fired upon the three, bringing one of them down. He died, and the only thing ascertained about him was that he was passing under the name of Cosgrove. The bushranger Power, who is now undergoing sentence, asserts that this Cosgrove was Arthur Orton of Tichborne notoriety. The police of Yea have been instructed to make an inquiry into the matter, and probably both sides will now run off upon this new scent.

Moving a Girder by the Sun.—A girder of the bridge now constructing at Kullenborg (Holland), which rested about two inches too far on one of its piers, has (according to the *Chron. de l'Ind.*) been moved into its proper position by a means not unknown in this country. By a variation of temperature of the girder, which is about 465 feet long, 1 degree C., it was found to expand about 1-14th of an inch; the difference of the temperature of the air by night and by day amounting to 18 degrees C. In the morning the girder was securely fastened at the end, where it rested too far forward, and in the evening, when in consequence of the rise of temperature during the day, it had moved forward about 1 inch at the opposite end, it was fastened to this, but set free at the other, so that it might contract during the night. By repeating the proceeding, the girder was got into its proper position.

An Interesting Collection of ancient needlework is now on view at the South Kensington Museum. The first class comprises ecclesiastical work, gorgeous vestments, chalice covers, etc., with pearls and precious stones interwoven, the earliest dating from the ninth century. The next and most curious contains historical work, such as James VI. of Scotland's baby basket, Queen Elizabeth's satin shoes, Charles I.'s Star of the Order of the Garter, several valuable pieces of old tapestry, and a variety of other curiosities. Next come small objects of embroidery of all kinds, caps, gloves, stomachers, and wedding head-dresses; after these embroidery on workboxes and pictures, some scarcely distinguishable from water-color paintings.—*Graphic.*

The Old Man, His Ass, and His Wife.—An itinerant vender of salt and whiting, who plies his vocation in and around Stranraer, was airing his jackass one Sunday evening, when it suddenly turned upon him and attacking him lacerated his legs, arms, and other parts of his body in a fearful manner. A man who was working in an adjoining field came to his assistance with a pitchfork and rescued him. A medical man having been sent for, he ordered the application of half a dozen leeches to the wounded parts. The man's wife, not knowing how to apply them, had three boiled and three fried, and the old man at once swallowed the lot! The donkey, we believe, has been destroyed by order of the police.—*Edinburg Daily Review.*

A Parisian Manager has been selling some of the properties of his theater. Among the bargains offered to buyers were: A sea consisting of twelve large waves, the tenth, which is larger than the others, being slightly damaged; a dozen and half black bordered clouds, in good condition; a brand-new rainbow; a superb snow-storm, composed of flakes of fine paper, and two other snow-storms of an inferior quality; three bottles of lightning flashes; a setting sun of no great value, and a new moon; an elephant, a crocodile, and three dragons; several phials of alcohol, good for apparitions and for producing blue flames; finally, some entirely new thunder.

There are in Europe at the present time 1,557 theaters. Italy, with a population of 26,000,000 supports 348; France, with 36,000,000 inhabitants, has 337, and Spain, with 16,000,000, has 160. On the other hand, the empire of Germany, which now reckons 41,000,000 subjects, has but 191 theaters; and the empire of Austria, 152, for a population of 36,000,000; finally, Great Britain supports only 150 theaters, and Russia 44, although its population amounts to 70,000,000. These figures show a remarkable preponderance of the dramatic instinct in the Latin races.

There are Halfpennies in the World worth £14 6s. That was a price which a specimen of King Alfred the Great's coinage fetched at the sale of the late Mr. Bergne's collection, and collectors may be of opinion that such a halfpenny was cheap at the figure. A double sovereign of Edward VI. changed hands for £165, and a silver sixpence of Queen Elizabeth for £41. A Queen Anne's guinea went for the respectable sum of £47 10s., and two of her farthings for £5 and £7.

Mr. Mapleson, of Her Majesty's Opera, London, who, like all managers, is pestered to death by aspirants for theatrical honors, has hit upon the "happy thought" of allowing embryo Marios, Grisis, Tamburinis, Lablaches, and Albonis to try their powers on the stage of Drury Lane Theater every Tuesday afternoon, in presence of himself and his *maestro al piano*. This capital movement may some day lead to the discovery of a vocal Koh-i-noor.

The Shad.—Some of the gentlemen connected with the Fish Commission returned recently from Tehama and reported that the 35,000 shad were successfully planted in the Sacramento at that place. Livingston Stone did not come down, having gone on to St. Cloud river to take a look at the salmon spawn-gathering establishment located there and from whence he expects soon to be able to send several thousand eggs to Washington.

Mr. Wilkie Collins will leave England in August for his projected lecturing tour in America.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 14th, 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,344,757 26, as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by these Bonds the sum of $[illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said bonds payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditioned that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor, MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor,
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands by railroad the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 2.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, Geysers, and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, and Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F. Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO.

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for Rope of any special lengths and sizes. Constantly on hand, a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes; Tarred Manila Rope; Hay Rope; Whale Line, etc., etc.
April 25. TUBBS & CO., 611 and 613 Front street.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States. March 8.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO.

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties, tarred or untarred, of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are so located that orders can be shipped Direct, by rail or water, to any part of the State, when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY. [April 2.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 116 Front street.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS. No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 2.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 16.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

G. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [D. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 319 Bush street. Factory, 445 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 430 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 16.

MILLS SEMINARY.

The next term of this well-known Institution will commence WEDNESDAY, July 16th. For further particulars inquire of
June 14. REV. C. T. MILLS, Principal, Brooklyn, Alameda County.

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California street, up stairs. April 5.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 2.

A FUNNY PLACE.

Danbury, Connecticut, is getting to be considered the most funny place in the country Here is a part of a poetical letter received some time since from that interesting locality, ordering the *Floral Guide* for the year:

My wife of the dear, darling 6 were is fond,
As a bee of the clover or duck of the pond—
A frog of the water—a snake of the grass—
The maid of her mirror—the toper his glass—
An oyster of ocean—a lawyer of fees—
The youth his cigar or the rat of his cheese.
If you talk about *buds*, why the mere whispered name
Blows up conversation at once in a flame;
The sight of a *paper of seeds*, you must know,
Sets both of her eyes in a rapturous glow,
And a glance at a *bulb*, if the truth may be told,
Delights her far more than a nugget of gold;
A green-house or flower-stand—mercy on me!—
Sets everything flying in chatter and glee;
Nor would she then care, in so glowing a scale,
If the whale swallowed Jonah, or Jonah the whale.
Such perfect beatitude never, dear sir,
You saw, as the flowers impart unto her.

SUNBEAMS.

—— A Lord in the Stocks. A ludicrous story is told of Lord Camden being on a visit to Lord Dacre, in Essex, and accompanying a gentleman notorious for his absence of mind in a walk during which they came to the parish stocks. Having a wish to know the nature of the punishment, the Chief Justice begged him to open them so that he might try. This being done, his friend sauntered on, and totally forgot him. The imprisoned chief tried in vain to release himself; and on asking a peasant who was passing by to let him out, was laughed at, and told that he "wasn't set there for nothing." He was at once set at liberty by the servants of his host, and afterwards, on the trial of an action for false imprisonment against a magistrate by some fellow whom he had set in the stocks, on the counsel for the defendant ridiculing the charge, and declaring it was no punishment at all, his lordship leaned over and whispered, "Brother were you ever in the stocks?" The counsel indignantly replied, "Never, my lord." "Then I have been," said the Chief Justice, "and I can assure you it is not the trifle you think it."

—— A Hen Case.—A mamma in the rural districts lately gave her five-year-old hopeful an outfit of fishing tackle. Soon she heard a shout from Willie, and running out found one of her best hens winding up the line in her crop, whither the hook had already preceded it. Willie, observing the troubled look of his mother, quietly remarked, "Don't worry, mother; she will stop when she gets to the pole."

—— As little Alice was walking round the garden with her great-aunt, a maiden lady, she caught sight of an insect upon the footpath, which she immediately crushed with her boot. "Oh, Alice," cried the lady, "you should not have done that! Perhaps the poor thing was a mother, and had some little ones to provide for." After a few minutes' consideration the child exclaimed, "But, auntie, perhaps it was only a great-aunt."

—— "Talking about getting a good deal out of a little piece of land," exclaimed Simson—"why, I bought an acre of old Mr. Ross, and planted one acre of it with potatoes and the other with corn." "I thought you said you only bought one acre, Simeon," remarked the listener; "how could you plant two?" "Very easily, sir; I stood it up on the end, and planted both sides."

—— Poetry Running to Seed.—At a recent agricultural show in Norfolk, one of the inhabitants uttered his sentiments on a canvas banner:

"Of all the crops the farmer raises,
Or capital employers,
None brings such comfort and such praises,
As a crop of girls and boyses."

—— "So Dear to Me the Hour."—Mary (who has been sent to market, and told to bring the new daily in with her): "If you plaze, sir, the hour is nine o'clock, and you won't catch your train if you aren't quick."

—— A Little Knowledge.—Obliging Waiter—"Sausages—oh, yes, sir, I can recommend the sausages. I know the man as makes 'em!" Patron—"H m, it would have been better if you had known the pig!"

Smart.—An American paper says: "Massachusetts is noted for two things—intelligence and patent medicines." We presume the intelligence is displayed in selling, not taking, the physic.

—— A Patronizing Damsel.—Miss Margaret, aged nine, to mamma, who is a widow and has no sons—"I'm very glad uncle has come to stop with us, mamma. It's nice to have a man about the house."

—— A little boy in Maine entreated his mother to tell him some stories about bad boys, and upon her expressing astonishment, said he "wanted to find out how they got out of scrapes."

—— "Who dat bit me! Where's dat lantern?" were the exclamations of an astonished Elmira darkey, after being thrown something like a hundred feet by a locomotive.

—— A dog with two tails was seen in Taunton the other day. One belonged to an ox, and was carried in the dog's mouth.

—— Anticipating the death of Brigham Young, a Louisville merchant wants the contract to supply his family with crape and bombazine.

—— An Iowa woman, who owns a coal mine, says she might have married two men a day for the last two years.

—— Josh Billings says that a red herring will keep a man dry better than an umbrella.

—— A Corrector of the Press—A policeman at a [illegible]

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, June 19th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland O., Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A.M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

Oakland Branch—Leave San Francisco [illegible] 10, [illegible] and 11:20 A.M., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, [illegible], 6:15, 9:30 and *11:30 P.M. (9:20, 11:30 and 5:00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), [illegible]

Leave Oakland, [illegible] 12:00, 1:11, 2:30, 3:[illegible], [illegible] and [illegible] P.M.

Alameda Branch—Leave San Francisco, 7:[illegible], 9:30 and 11.15 A.M., 1:30, 4:00, 5:20 and [illegible] P.M. ([illegible], 11.15 and 5:20 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and [illegible]

Leave Fruit Vale, *6:25, 7:25, 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:30, 4:05 and 5:50 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—San Francisco		8 40 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:40 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 [illegible] a m	5 [illegible] p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Castroville	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	[illegible] p m		

Trains North	San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—Hollister			11 [illegible] a m
Salinas			[illegible] a m
Castroville			[illegible] a m
Pajaro			[illegible] a m
Gilroy			[illegible] p m
San Jose	[illegible] a m	7 [illegible] a m	[illegible] p m
San Francisco Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m

*Saturdays at [illegible] p m †Sundays excepted

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at [illegible] a m. Returning will leave San Jose at [illegible] p m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at [illegible]

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m; arrive at San Francisco at 11:[illegible]

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] and 11 A.M. and 6 P.M.; Saucelito at 7:30 and 9:30 A.M., 2:30 and 5 P.M. On Saturday, from Saucelito, at [illegible] and 11 A.M., 1 and 5 P.M.; from San Francisco at 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P.M. On Monday [illegible] from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6:30 A.M. SUNDAY TIME.—Leave San Francisco, 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P.M. Leave Saucelito 11 A.M., 1, 3 and 5 P.M.

April 12. H. A. COBB, President, 327 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 187[illegible], the steamer PETALUMA [illegible] Warner, Captain, having [illegible] to [illegible] repairs and improvements [illegible] her [illegible] speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible] Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for [illegible]

[illegible] Nov 21. CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February [illegible], 187[illegible], the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, [illegible] a.m., 1:40 p.m., 4:50 p.m. San Rafael, 7:45 a.m., [illegible] a.m., [illegible] p.m. [illegible] SUNDAY [illegible] Leaving San Francisco at [illegible] San Rafael [illegible] p.m.

[Aug. 21.] CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A.M. Cash advances on [illegible] consignments.

Dec. 14. J. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have [illegible] the [illegible] manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, [illegible] Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Chateaunes, Rod, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lap Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old [illegible] of makes and styles [illegible] [illegible] and highly ornamental style of body [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the strength of the toughest ash and hickory [illegible] without [illegible] [illegible] patented Buggies. The [illegible] have for sale [illegible] second hand stage [illegible], stage wagons, farm wagons, [illegible] freight wagons, [illegible] wagons, [illegible] carts, hand carts and [illegible] street rail cars. Having the largest [illegible] manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best [illegible] material, [illegible] prepared to build [illegible] and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties wishing to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 2[illegible]

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonough, Master, Will [illegible] [illegible] at [illegible] [illegible] from [illegible] [illegible] Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accomodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15. [illegible] Front street.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin; in bottles [illegible] Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS, [illegible] Poultry, London.
Feb. [illegible]

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The Civil Service Gazette remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Druggists' [illegible] Paints, Dry [illegible], Surgical Instruments, Shop [illegible] Perfumery, [illegible] Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, [illegible] [illegible] Storekeepers' Sundries, [illegible] Thirty [illegible] priced pieces of the above forwarded free [illegible]
BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE, [illegible] Coleman street, London.
July 11

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. [illegible] by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The [illegible] [illegible] The [illegible] of the [illegible] of the table [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the Duke of Edinburgh [illegible] unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers at 1[illegible] [illegible]

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. Y. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, [illegible] Lennon, F. M Freund, H. Traut, [illegible] Crowley, H. N. Herbert, [illegible] W. McKenzie, [illegible] C. Langton, [illegible] [illegible], Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARNEY & BROWN, Agents.
Office 424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, [illegible] etc., and Dealers in all kinds of [illegible] Sundries and Apothecaries Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E.C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card.
April 8.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 423 Front street.
March 25.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police [illegible]—City Hall Build'g
Justices' [illegible] Montgomery st
County [illegible]—City Hall
Probate [illegible]—City Hall
Third District—Mechanics In[illegible] Building
[illegible] District [illegible]—City Hall
Twelfth District—City Hall
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street.
Nineteenth District—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
District Attorney—City Hall
City and County Att'y—City Hall
Police Attorney—City Hall
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall
Sheriff—City Hall
Public Administrator—430 California street
City Physician—Coun'ty Hospital.
Coroner—628 Clay street.
Custom House—Battery street
Collector of Internal Revenue—[illegible] Exchange
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall
Tax Collector—City Hall
Street Superintendent—City Hall
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Street [illegible]—City Hall.
Station [illegible]—City Hall
Auditor—Room 11 City Hall
Treasurer—City Hall
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets
Fire Department—23 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Internal Revenue [illegible]—City Hall
Surveyor—City Hall
Health Office—[illegible] street
Chief of Police—City Hall
[illegible] Keeper—Jackson st bet Van Ness Av and Franklin st
Quarantine [illegible]—Jackson st
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and East
Harbor Police—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street; Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 97 Cannon street; Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., [illegible] Agents are, [illegible] and [illegible] Company, [illegible] Jewry [illegible] [illegible], Secretary [illegible] Mary Axe [illegible] King, Secretary [illegible] [illegible] & Co. agents, 21 Old Broad street; Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., [illegible] & Co. agents, 21 St Swithin's Lane; Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mills Co., Paterson [illegible] & Co. agents 21 St Swithin's Lane; Amoy Dock Co. [illegible] Square [illegible] and Whampoa Dock, [illegible] & Co. agents, [illegible] China Insurance Co., [illegible], J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary; Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co agents, [illegible] Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents, [illegible] Yard, Moorgate street; Hongkong [illegible] Insurance Co. [illegible] & Co. agents, [illegible] China Traders Insurance Co. [illegible] Hongkong Fire [illegible] & Co agents, 34 Great St. Helens; China and Japan Marine Insurance Co. Robert [illegible] & Co. ag'ts, [illegible] Moorgate st., [illegible] [illegible] Buildings, Old Broad st.; [illegible] Secretary, [illegible] Martin Manager; Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (limited) [illegible], Mactaggart, Tidman & Co. ag'ts, 34 Great St. Helens. Banks—Agra Bank, [illegible] Nicholas Lane, Lombard street; [illegible] Chairman, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, [illegible] Manager; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, [illegible] Broad street; [illegible] General Manager, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] street; [illegible] Deutsche Bank, [illegible] [illegible]; [illegible] German Bank of London, Bartholomew Lane, Lothbury; Bank of Rotterdam, Union Bank of London, agents, Princess st.; Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher Manager, 32 Lombard street; National Bank of India, [illegible] Chief Manager, 80 King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, [illegible] Stuart, Chief Manager.

[illegible] [illegible] omitted in the above [illegible] [illegible] the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending July 7, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, June 30th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
B B Miner to C Augusta Hooper	Nw cor 50-vara lot 655, thence s along e line of Taylor at 4 ft x e 137:6	$ 727
S A Hastings to F R Eldridge	All of 50-v lots 4 5 and 6 in blk 186, W A, on Chestnut street	1
Mission View Hd Ass'n to D Regan	Lot 3 and 4 blk 122 Mission View Hd	1
City & Co San Fran to Alex Allen	W 21st Ave 200 N Clement, n 40x240—subdiv blk 161	.
Frank Koenig to T R Morgan	Commencing at center Granite block at se cor land known as Guerrero 400-va lot, th running s 81½ deg, w 120 feet ¾ inch n 8¼ deg, w 82.5, e 190 to Dolores th along Dolores etc, por M B 83	100
J F C Beythien et al to F Campion	Se cor Grant Place and Dupont, 20x60—sub 50-v 904; also ne cor Grant Place and Dupont st n [illegible]	2,400
Wm M Pierson to Jacob Meyer	S McAllister w Larkin, 18 [illegible]x120—subdiv on W A 4	10
M C Randolph to Otto Arnold	N Seller e Octavia, 6[illegible]x12[illegible] subdivision W A 1[illegible]	3,100
David Sheahan to Jacob Meyer	Sw McAllister w Larkin, w [illegible]	2,600

Tuesday, July 1st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Dennis Tobin to M J McDonald	S of O'Farrell W of Larkin, 27 6x137 6 subdiv W A 9	$1,200
Chas B Mahan to Wm B Dolan	S Harr[illegible], 25x90, subject to mortgage for $[illegible]	3,550
Alwin Weske to Frederick Clay	S Jackson e Buchanan, 25.3x127.6	700
John A Snook to E Mitchell	W Bartlett s 23th, 26x117:6	1,040
Max Sichel to City and County S F	Com 80:5 e Scotland st and 120:7 n Filbert n 16:11 etc—sub 50-v 133	878
Thos Brown to Frank Corde	S Clay, 112:6 e Hyde, e 25x137 6	1,800
A W MacPherson to H Wetherbee	Undiv 1-20 N B blks 8, 10 and 16; also 50-v lots 1510 and 1520	10
Lizzie Harnett to Edwd H Doyle	W Hampshire n 23d, 25x100	500
David B Buel to Nina L Buel	Undiv ½ se Harrison 50 sw Rincoln Pl, sw 75 se 150 ne 52, nw 7 ne 75 nw 10, sw 60, nw 115 to com—subdiv 100-v 74	Gift.
Jas T Condrin to Wm C Mead	S Tyler e Fillmore, e 27:6x137:6	1,600
S Riordan to Matthew J O Brian	S M, 75 e Guerrero, e 25x114	700
T P Riordan to Cath M Hartman	E De Haro, 60:8 n Sonoma, n 31:4x100—subdiv P N 181	850
Geo T Shaw to Michael Martin	S Greenwich, 87:6 w Kearny, w 25x87 6 subdiv 50-v 403	2,100
Lamson S Welton to N H Andrews	S Buchanan, [illegible], 30x137 6	1
Chas H McDearmid to L E White	L 2d Ave [illegible] s 15th, s 60x120	3,000
S F Cen Pk Hd to H H Lawrence	Lots 50, 51 and 52, block 574, W A	750

Wednesday, July 2d.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
John J Marks to Florence Crowley	N Post W Franklin, 30x120	$3,000
Austin D Moore to F J P Moore	Nw Folsom ne 13th, ne 100:4, nw etc	Gift.
A A Harvey, to John O'Kane	Commencing at intersec se line Sanchez sw 83:4 se 17:6, n 128:3 to com'nt	1,700
Robt S Martin to Lydia Colvin	To correct error in deed 633 D 83	1
Henry Gutzelt to M Shberstein	S Folsom sw 5th, 25x90	3,100
Elon De Witt to Chas Harlan	Lots 11 and 13 blk 19, Noe Garden H'd	1,100
Jas Atkinson to W L Hobart	Subdiv 50-v 573, subj to mortg of $30,000	60,000
J L Hussy to Robt Stevenson	S Columbia e Sanchez, 25x114	700
J L Hussy et al to R L Stevenson	S Columbia, 235 e Sanchez 50x114	800
Robt Stevenson to Joseph Denny	N 17th e Douglass, 49:4x200	1,500
Eliza Thomas to Margaret Byrne	N Pine o Taylor, 23x84	4,700
Jabish Clement to Chas H Stanyan	N Fulton w Parker Ave, e 116:5, etc	2,000
Alexander Forbes to L Quint	W Mason n Jackson, 68:9x137:6	8,000
Samuel Sweeney to same	Same	10
Cath Sweeney to Chris Westphal	Same	5,100
Garrett C Sweeney to same	Same	1
Bay Park H'd to M A Howe	Lot [illegible] block 5[illegible]	350

Thursday and Saturday, July 3d and 5th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Sarah Hall to Henry Hall et al	Lot 7 blk 116, University Homestead	Gift
New S S F Hd Asn to A M Murphy	Lots 15 and 16 blk 167, New S S F H'd	$1,000
W A Bray to Geo W Fryer	N Turk e Devisadero, 27.6x137 6	3,300
New S S F Hd Ass'n to Emil Prahl	Lot 37 38 39 blk 107, New S S F H'd	1,500
Peter Doyle to Henry W Seal	Sw 1st nw Clementina, nw 30x77—subdivision 100-v 55	3,500
Edgar Bubop to Chas H Mead, Jr.	S Tyler w Webster, 137:6x27:6	1,500
Gardenville H Ass'n to R C Vencel	Re-record	335
J G Hayden to B Kenefic	Sw Harriet se Howard, se 20x75	1,800
Richard M Sherman to Eliza Noble	N Tyler e Fillmore, 137:6x62:9	1
Bay View H'd to S M Rector	Lot 7 blk 539 Bay View H'd	500
Same to Alonzo Rector	Lots 3 and 4 blk 514, Bay View H'd	1,000
Francis Foye to Peter Lee	Re-record	1,000
Timothy Griffin to Michael J Hogan	E Hyde n Vallejo, n 25x82:6	750
L E White to Geo W Lemont	E 2d Ave s 16th, 30x120—sub M B 39	2,000
Olivia C Peck to Jos C Collins	S Bush w Dupont, 41:6x63—sub 50v 291	100
Lewis Peck to same	Same	9,500
John F McCauley to W A Bray	N Brannan e 6th, 72x110; also and ½ sw 5th w Bryant, 45:10x160; also, Potrero b'k 114; also same—P B 148	10,000
Henry Toomy to A Auspacher	E Polk s Pine, 60x62	1
John Hunter to Chas Brockhoff	Lots 5 and 6 blk 394	1,200
J B Moore to Garrett C Sweeney	Sw 6th se Brannan, 60x80	1

Monday, July 7th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Geo Halm to M J Healy	Lot 2 block 42 Excelsior Homestead	$ 100
Jas Rose to Frank Buckley	E Devisadero s O'Farrell, 25x90	700
S A Hastings to Jas Larkey	Nw Webster and Filbert, n 30x87	100
C V Hastings to Coll Deane	S California 183:9¾ w Battery, w 40 x s 60—sub B and W 244, 245, 254 and 255	....
P L Weaver et al to same	Same	70,000
Michael Lynch to Oliver Coulson	N Dorland e Dolores, 45x18, sub M B 70	600
Claus Spreckels to Michael Lynch	Subdivisions M B 70	2
S F Gas Co to S F Gas Light Co	All the Real Estate belonging to S F Gas Co of San Francisco	1
R P Clement to Edward Sumner	Ne Fulton and Parker Ave, n 15th, etc.	1,200
B Pulverman to Jos Clement	E Howard n 20th, 45x122:6; also, e Noe, 101:6 s 18th, s 50x105; also, se Capital and Farralones, e 200x125	9,000
E L Sullivan to F L A Pioche, dec	W 11th Ave and A, etc—sub O L blk 294	4,000
W G Doolittle to Morris Shlose	Lot 23 blk 157 N S S F H'd Ass'n	500
Felton Tr't H Ass'n to Wm Henry	Lots 37 and 38 blk 1,901	540
James Cameron to Henry Brook	W Harrison n 18th, 75 s to Mariposa, etc	2

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for Two Weeks ending July 8, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
G W Armes to C A Klose	Oakland: E Harrison 416 n from 14th st thence n 186x150	$3,000
Ex'rs of E Tompkins to F J Tyler	Same: 76x150 ne cor 14th and Harrison	2,900
S A Knox to E G Stetson	Same: 111x200 ne cor Broadway Ext'n and Prospect Avenue	1,600
E G Stetson to Ex'rs E Tompkins	Same: Same	2,000
S A Knox to E G Stetson	Same: Lot on Broadway Extension	500
Same to C Sarl	Same: Lot on same	750
T Spelman to A Spelman	Same: N line 12th st 408 w from Kirkham thence w 62x110	Gift.
Dorant & Bigelow to E Donahue	Same: N line 5th st 75 e from Henry th e 75x96.1	1,350
Same to T Sheehan	Same: N line 5th st 75 w from Chester thence w 25x9[illegible]	450
A J Gladding to G Doran	Same: [illegible] and 24th st and 38 Elile st	300
P S Wilcox to H Hillebrand	Same: W line Broadway 100 n fm Delger thence n 50x100	3,100
W Stokes to A Wood	Same: N line Dorant 125 e from Franklin thence n 30x100	1,010
Armes and Sather to J H Earle	Same: 50x108 sw cor R R Av & Filbert	1,300
S H Willey to F T Tyler	Same: 88x150 ne cor 14th and Harrison	2,065
Armes and Sather to J Corbett	Same: W Filbert 208:10 S R R Association 25x125	500
Same to P Broderick	Same: W Filbert 233:10 S R R Association s 25x125	500
E Bigelow to G W Armes	Same: 150 Harrison n from 4th st by 120, a so 75 Alice n from 14th st by 150	5
Ex'ors E Tompkins to Same	Same: Same	1
R B Bartlett to J Hardy	Same: W line Henry 175 n from 3d st th n 50x125	900
P T S Ass'n to E Jones	Same: Lot [illegible] Pacific Th[illegible] Tract	
Armes & Sather to L W Smitten	Same: W [illegible] Filbert 15[illegible] s from R R Ave thence s 25x125	475
Wilcox & Bigelow to A J Snyder	East Oakland: 1-38 int in 22½ acres	1,840
C W Tyler to L James	West Oakland: 50:7x105:7 ne cor Wood and Atlantic	4,000
W E Brown to C W Tyler	Alameda: Half interest 435:4x450 Santa Clara R R Ave & Walnut; also 300 x 435: Santa Clara Walnut and Central.	8,000
W H Miller to W E Brown	Same: The Alameda Park Tract	1
C Minturn to C F Hall	Same: S line Cen'l Ave 100 w from Oak thence w 50x150	550
E Minturn to J Powell	Same: Same	500
W Severence to W Marsh	Same: 240x150 nw corner Everett & Eagle, also w line Everett 150 n from Eagle thence n 50x140	5,300
Hays & Caperton to J R & W Nicol	Same: 93:9x140:9 sw corner Lincoln and Broadway	750
C W Tyler to W E Brown	Same: ¾ interest 435x450 R R Avenue Santa Clara, Central and Willow	10,000
J W Hines to F E Bailey	Oakland Township: 5 acres part plot 84	4,000
E Jones to M P Randall	Same. 18 acres part plot 79	10
W C Kimball to H Hickey	Same: Lots 98 and 99 Kimball Tract	230
E Martin to J R Browne	Same. 10 acres Vernon Park Tract	10,000
O P Sutton to Same	Same: 9 acres: Same	5,000
J Smith to J L Beard	Near Alvarado -300 acres	4,500
F D Atherton to J F de Super	Haywood 2[illegible]	850
L Parker to M C Volz	Lynn; Lots 39 and 40 in blk G	150
T O'Regan to J A Brown	San Leandro: 12½ acres	6,500
Braley & Reed to W A Jordan	Pleasanton. Lots 11 and 12 in blk A	300
W A Jordan to L W Winn	Same: Same	300
G S Brown to F Maillot	Oakland: N line Sycamore 800 w Telegraph Ave thence w 100x186:4	5,500
J P Cogswell to H H Flagg	Same: S line 13th st 100 e from West st thence e 30x100	1,500
J de Fremery to J Halnan	Same: 50:100 ne cor 12th and West	2,125
O C Ely to J Halnan	Same: N line 12th st 60 e from West st thence e 50x100	1,975
J de Fremery to H H Flagg	Same: S line 13th st 100 w from Brush thence w 50x100	1,175
Same to O C Ely	Same: N line 12th st 60 e from West st thence e 100x100; also 100x100 sw cor 13th and Brush	0,905
O C Ely to A B Cogswell	Same: 100x100 sw cor 13th and Brush; also n line 12th street 100 e from West street thence e [illegible]	....
A de Malos to T B Crandell	East Oakland: 25x100 w cor Clay and Harrison	1,200
W Erzgraber to H T Suden	Same: Ne Adams 25 nw from Arroyo th nw cor 40x140	1,000
W F Dorman to M Graffelmann	West Oakland: 75x75:7 sw corner Cedar and William	1,800
Sav & L'n Soc'y to W E Brown	Alameda: Lots in Alameda Park Tract.	30,000
Henry & Morton to Union S Bank	Oakland Tp: Tract in V Peralta Reservation	21,000
C L Des Rochers to S E Alden	Same: 1 acre part of plot 18	900
G Emerson to S Howard	Near Mission San Jose: 1½ acres	241
J Howard to F M Meyer	Same: Same	200
M Ragan to P Nolan	3 miles e from Mission San Jose: 40 acres	2,750
W H Ivey to F Peralta	Near San Leandro 58 acres	1
F Peralta to W H Ivey	Same 221 acres	1

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. July 12.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records, during business hours may always be found at the HALL OF RECORDS, COUNTY BUILDINGS, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to Hall of Records. Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. July 12.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE

NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
San Francisco. [May 24.

WANTED,

By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife, the management of a respectable Hotel in town or country. First class references. Letters addressed "B. Y.," care of News Letter, will receive attention. July 5.

WANTED

The advertiser, a competent Accountant, desires employment in a mercantile establishment. Please address "W." care of News Letter. [July 5.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

IS IT A MONOPOLY? THE WHOLE TRUTH AND NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH.

Some of the Papers of this State [illegible] and Kings River Canal and Irrigation Company." It is said that this company [illegible] The cost of the other or upper canal is estimated at four millions of dollars, or forty dollars per share, and it will draw off annually only some eighteen inches off the whole area of the lake. In order to assure the [illegible] The shareholders of this company, desiring the co-operation of the public press and their fellow citizens in the rapid completion of this great enterprise, without the aid of foreign capital, hereby invite the people of this State to subscribe to the capital stock of the company [illegible] This clearly showed that the present shareholders did not wish to make the concern one of a close corporation [illegible] valley, was hereby invited to participate in the undertaking, and to continue on precisely the same footing as the original subscribers. We find, too, on inquiry, that only 17,000 shares of the whole 100,000 shares of the capital stock of the company are held by parties owning lands on the west side of the valley, where this company's operations, both present and future, belong, and further, that only [illegible] on the west side of this great valley. The agricultural community have to thank the knowing misrepresentations of the designing press of this State for the delay which has arisen in the completion of the canal system on the west side of the San Joaquin Valley.

[EXTRACT FROM A PRIVATE LETTER.]

London, June 21, 1873.—[illegible] We do not. Walking in the Park yesterday, we noticed a Japanese gentleman walking by himself, and every now and then bursting out into a loud fit of laughter. [illegible] The Shah is to visit St. Paul's and Westminster Abbey, and to hear Professor Tyndal. The Dean of St. Paul's is to explain to him the chemistry of the change produced in a bit of baker's bread, by one of our Christian priests, whereby the bread becomes a bit of the Almighty [illegible] that "the beasts will behave better than the company, and this is the more likely, as the visit is to be made on Sunday, when "common people" are not admitted [illegible] visit such a place, but are wisely driven to the gin shop. The Shah has much to see and very much to learn. [illegible] if this Persian can be converted to the true religion. Exeter Hall has converted cannibals [illegible] blood of God?

Lord Russell has astonished his friends, who thought they knew well enough [illegible] coupled with hope in some quarters and alarm in others.

The Board of Directors of the Canada Pacific Railroad have accepted Sir Hugh Allen's terms for its construction.

OUR HOLIDAY.

The End of Last Week and the [illegible] country. [illegible] those whose official position required their presence, stayed at home perforce, to join in the Fourth of July procession; but young men of all nations—the Frenchman and the Englishman, the German and Italian, Jew and Gentile—preferred the [illegible] link in entymology. Podge Junior and his party, after romping all day, bathing [illegible] German Jews. They all wear dusters, all smoke cigars incessantly, and all carry a large flask of cocktails, the frequent applications to which have no effect, except [illegible] istoga and Skaggs. At the Geysers, although they won't all own it, the majority are disappointed; the Frenchman complains of the heat, but his great source of [illegible] praised be the Lord, we were not there.

CHINESE RAILROADS.

Some Enterprising Englishmen have determined to try the experiment [illegible] tations of the two countries, as China imports but very little. At present transportation is carried on by means of a perfect network of canals [illegible] a vast field for speculation of every description.

DANIEL J. MURPHY.

We Like a Man that not only knows his duty, but has pluck and integrity [illegible] mainly through him that the most accomplished of modern forgers, the Brotherton [illegible] cover a greater multitude of offences than it ever did before, we are more than ever [illegible] one judges have drawn up a petition to the citizens praying for Murphy's re-election as District Attorney, and we entirely endorse them in considering Daniel J. Murphy too valuable a public servant for the community to loose.

Frank M. Pixley has purchased a large tract of land upon the line of the [illegible] at the foot of Mount Tamalpais, and reaches down to the water of the bay, is well guarded from the winds, and is altogether a promising enterprise. Our suggestion is that the city be named "Frank's Fort," or Corte Madera.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

The American Annual Cyclopedia and Register of Important Events for 1872. [illegible]
Popular Lectures on Scientific Subjects. [illegible]
Orations and Addresses. [illegible]
Anecdotes of Public Men. [illegible]
The Intellectual Life. [illegible]
Questions of the Day. [illegible]
Purple and Fine Linen. A Novel. By Edgar Fawcett. [illegible]
Wit and Wisdom of George Eliot. [illegible]
The Hour and the Man. A Novel. By Harriet Martineau. 8vo paper.
"He Cometh Not, she said." A Novel. By Annie Thomas. 8vo. paper.

A. ROMAN & CO., Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers. 11 Montgomery st., Lick House block.

ELEGANT
New Style of
Ladies' Stationery:
Creme de la Creme, Primrose, Silver Gray, Eau du Nil, Azure, Opal.
JUST RECEIVED AT
BANCROFT'S, 721 Market St.

HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post St., San Francisco.

THE ONLY THOROUGH BUSINESS [illegible]

Heald's College Journal. An eight page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school, and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing
E. P. HEALD, Pres't of Business College, San Francisco. Aug 16.]

SHERMAN & HYDE, DEALERS IN **Sheet Music** AND **Musical Merchandise.** Sole Agents for the *WEBER PIANO,* Corner Kearny and Sutter sts. SAN FRANCISCO. Largest Stock of Sheet Music on the Coast. [May 10

HONEST DEBTS —AND— **Just Claims** Of Every Description, PROMPTLY COLLECTED —BY— **JOHN McCOMBE,** No. 302 Montgomery street. [illegible]

DR. ABORN, Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory, 213 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. [illegible]

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

PLUNKETT AND PRIOR.

It was School Director Plunkett, and he said to Mr. Prior,
"I do not care a damn, sir, for the way you think of me!"
Then back to Mr. P[illegible]
"Ditto, sir, to you[illegible]"

Then the School Director madly smashed the fearless Mr. Prior,
Smashed [illegible]
But the more he kicked and pounded, all the more the sturdy Prior
Lay down flat, undaunted[illegible]

Then the haughty Plunkett's fingers, in the locks of Mr. Prior,
[illegible]
And he bumped him [illegible], "Mr. Plunkett, I require
You at once to let me be."

Then the wild Director Plunkett hauled the sternly speaking Prior
[illegible]
And while [illegible] looking upward, Mr. Prior
Saw the glory that should be.

And the ceiling swam before him. "Prematurely," thought the Prior;
"I must leave the Union Grammar, and my monthly salary,
If this furious monster slay me!" Then he thought of Mrs. Prior,
[illegible]

And to Plunkett, madly bawling, with a faint voice spoke the Prior:
"I adjure thee to forgive me for the kicks I had from thee;
Thou art wrathful, [illegible], and the weeping Mrs. Prior
Will expect me home to tea."

Sternly smiled the haughty Plunkett, at [illegible] the praying Prior,
[illegible] the grateful knee,
And the Plunkett [illegible] Mr. Prior
Where he [illegible] to be.

The T. C. learns from a special sent direct from the White House, that U. S. Grant was actually crowned Emperor of the United States last Wednesday evening. [illegible] and that something is what I guess you've got in that ere band-box. Produce it, put it on me, and let us have peace! But stay," he said, scratching his left ear in [illegible] He then pulled the bell, and told the servant to tell Mrs. Grant and Miss Nellie to come down at once, and if in bed to "hurry up their fixings," as he was very anxious to see them as soon as possible. In about ten minutes a rap came at the door [illegible] a blue and red striped dressing gown, spotted with stars, while Miss Nellie wore "a robe de chambre," composed entirely of the breast feathers of [illegible] ential Bankers, Steamboat, Railway, Credit Mobilier, etc., men in the States [illegible] "What will you take, gentlemen?" At a [illegible] twenty-five masked and cloaked visitors left the White House in an express wagon, [illegible] "Long live our Emperor! Long live great Grant!"

"**New York, July 8th.**—An exhibition game of billiards was given last evening, by several experts at St. Cecilia Church [illegible] Trinity.—A grand exhibition in aid of the funds of this church will be held on [illegible] entertainment in aid of destitute bummers will take place at this church on [illegible] next, when the public may expect a rich treat. [illegible] ance from some of our most noted leaders of fashion; Michael Reese will take part in scene No. 1; a gentleman of some note as an elocutionist, will [illegible] lady of this city; a set-to with shillalahs, by Patrick Murphy and Phil McMahon. To conclude with "Finnegan's Wake," by the choir.

The Ladies of Brooklyn seem to have met with a most severe disappointment. [illegible] ladies from the land of sauerkraut and Lehigh [illegible] ence of opinion as to the identity of the corpse. One said it was her husband, while the other swore it was her son. The former was horribly amazed, and the latter [illegible] "strawberry mark" without which no identification can be complete. [illegible] and her but a widow woman. Thus three loving hearts were broken, and one cracked. Such is life. *Sic transit*, etc., etc.

The Board of Education, and other boards of wooden heads, are blustering about what shall be done with the [illegible] should be placed at the service of the hood custodians for their delicate wants. One way to dispose of these wayward juveniles, after having them on board a short time, is to palm them off on some unsuspecting shipmaster, who, if he spanks one of them, will be arrested upon his return to the United States, and thus make fun for the lawyers and newspapers. What sport we have in prospect. [illegible] and make mariners or soldiers of them, as he understands drilling soldiers better than shipping sailors, judging from his knowledge of the latter duty as shown daily. [illegible] and Pacific Railroad which they did not build last year.

While the T. C. was [illegible] talking to one of the clerks at the Lick House [illegible] rubbed over his person, will, no doubt, in a short time, [illegible] specimen of humanity into a first-class waiter [illegible] diet [illegible]

The T. C. cannot bear to see any one in tears (rather suggestive of a dead frog in spirits). [illegible] by a funny friend: "Oh [illegible] Thiers, unhappy Thiers,
Who hast now no chance to reign;
I am glad that Thiers,
And that France is free again."

Sacramento is a great city. It celebrated the Fourth of July in a surprising manner, not quite new as to form [illegible] Sacramental. The procession and the rest of it, passed off as well as could be expected; but the crowning glory of the day was an oration in honor of the [illegible] forbad the existence of any such tremendous boobies as grow in Sacramento.

What a Poor Opinion the New York correspondents must have of our California dailies, when they telegraph the wretched jokes of the parricide Walworth across the continent; and what a still poorer one our dailies must have of the public when they publish them. To shoot some one seems about the surest way to become famous, for the meanest joke or most commonplace remark proceeding from the mouth of a murderer is immediately telegraphed all over America, while the lofty genius of such men as Pickering, Macdonald, etc., is condemned [illegible] would flash their movements to the utmost corners of the earth, and eager multitudes would gloat over their every word.

The Reason Why. We have often thought that the singular animosity of the Irish against the Chinese [illegible] the Irish are the [illegible] hatred of the Mongol.

For the Thousandth Time has the request just been put to the unfortunate [illegible] In his palatial mansion they will have ample opportunity to ratify their minds on the above question.

Vive la France! The glorious army, which, since '70, had been rather in the shade [illegible] bodies, one of these, of another fellow's country.

Senator Casserly, finding that he can [illegible] breast pin.

The Public Schools were reopened on the 7th [illegible] "If the World's Fair at Vienna is called by the English an *Exhibition*, by the Germans an *Ausstellung*, by the French an *Exposition*, [illegible]"

ANYTHING FOR A CHANGE

How monotonously dreary
Life becomes at middle age!
Pah! the story makes me weary!
Let me quickly turn the page.
No adventure, no romances,
Nothing new to do or say;
Dull employment, duller fancies—
All the same from day to day.

Smoothly ever flows the river;
No excitement as of old
Seeds my pulse an extra quiver,
Keeps my heart from growing cold.
Straighter than the straightest arrow,
Miles before me lies my way;
It is gloomy it is narrow—
Just the same from day to day.

Getting up at eight and feeding,
(Always ham and eggs at nine)—
Dawdling, writing, lunching, reading,
Till the hour has come to dine.
After that I seek protection
From blue-devils at the play;
Then to bed in deep dejection—
Just the same from day to day.

I would rather take my sorrows
Far from Dalila's iron hands;
I would rather take to-morrow's
Early train for foreign lands.
Other latitudes invite me;
Here I cannot, will not stay;
Such's life begins to blight me—
Just the same from day to day.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

What a Charming Thing is Fourth of July patriotism. The express wagoners have charged only $300 each for hearing the Godess of Liberty through our beautiful streets.—Donahue and Sancelito will soon be united by lasting (railroad) ties.—The slumber of the Chinese is still disturbed by that nightmare Rodgers.—A fire occurred on board the *Montana* on her up trip, but was extinguished with but little trouble. "Stand to the hose," Nolan said.—Another new social club. This time "The Quarrelle." We don't see yet where the appropriateness of the name lies.—Peter McGrey is President of the South Red Boat Club.—The cackling of the Spring Valley Water Works over the city is hushed. Their triumph is gone up the flume.—Over $200,000 worth of treasure went overland to New York this week.—The Economy of Labor problem has received a very easy solution at the City Hall, where the officials instead of white-washing each other, set the prisoners to whitewash the walls.—The *China* sailed on Wednesday.—The Coinage of the Mint during July will probably exceed $3,000,000.—One has to study heathen mythology before reading the *Chronicle*. Fancy calling a market report a thingumy on "Pomona's bountiful gifts."—Fifteen hundred more pigtails on Sunday. Will this never, never cease?—Belasby has got out a bigger balloon than ever.—After all the Chinese are not destitute of natural affection. A moon-eyed matron bearing that her pa and ma were dead in the mild country, poisoned herself with opium. At least, Mr. Chnon Fah says so.—The Grand Te Deum sung at Trinity Church on Sunday last, was the composition of Prof. L. Seward, the organist.—The Magdalen Asylum solicits cast off clothes. Of some particular make, we suppose.—Nearly one half of the property along the route of the Montgomery avenue has now come into the hands of the city in exchange for bonds.—Sothern will delight us for at least a week longer.—What has become of Philip the Whiner? His baby caterwauling seems to be bid under a bushel.—Eighty-four deaths in the city last week.—Ladies' fairs are a mistake; they are traps for the unwary and theaters for extortion under a pretty name. Were it not for the object, we should be glad the one at Platt's Hall was a failure.—Manuel has our best wishes for the success of his endeavor to establish a season of Italian opera here.—The blowing up of the *S. M. Whipple* with all on board, proved to be but a slight breakage of the machinery.—Professor Young Chalie Cheung Mung Yah Hung, with twenty-eight Chinese students, arrived by the *Atlas*, en route for the seats of learning East.—They speak of Bob Johnson as the Democratic candidate for Mayor.—The Sans-Orlandini Opera troupe report the success in Mexico as most flattering.—Several fires the week, but all of the bucket-of-water order.—The Custom House lot has been nearly cleared of all vestiges of the old rookeries formerly disgracing it.—The boodlum boys seem to imagine that by scoring the newly arrived Chinese they exhibit themselves as practical exponents of public opinion. So they do, but it won't do to tell them so.—All the mothers are agog at the issue of the baby-show; lifelong jealousies are being established, and even the bab es are up in arms.—Miss on and Twenty-second streets are afflicted with the cattle plague, that is, the animals of those streets are afflicted, etc.—The First Regiment is preparing, through Col. Barnes, to gain an experience of camp life.—Mayor Alvord gave $100 for a proscenium box at Maguire's benefit. Rather generous.—Thursday was a day when men either sought the cool sides of the streets, or fricated.—The *Witch Queen* has not yet gone for the pearls; there being something amiss with the diving apparatus.—The poor fellow who died in the City Prison, remains at the Morgue undecimed.—Our called lovers have been holding their high jinks during the past week.—Clay Greene is to be married at Trinity on the 24th.—The Bohemian Club is to hold its picnic at Sausalito on the 26th.—The Amphion Warblers kept Madame Bishop from sleeping on Thursday night, and then expected to be thanked for it.—Phillip Smith Alias, the private detective of the "Escaped Nun" notoriety, has been discovered at Virginia City in the white apron of a bartender. Change of bars, only.

A CHANCE FOR ALL.

In 1864, Congress granted to the "Oregon Central Military Road Company" eight hundred and fifty thousand acres of land, in order to assist them in the construction of a military road from Eugene City to the eastern line of Oregon, on the borders of Idaho, a distance of some four hundred and seventy miles. This grant was ratified by an Act of the Legislative Assembly of Oregon the same year, and also by another Act passed in 1866. This land grant is now offered to the public by the "Pacific Land Company," at prices that cannot fail to make the speculation a good one both for sellers and purchasers. The road traverses the southern section of the State, and runs alongside of its lakes and rivers, and the "Pacific Land Company, by virtue of their purchase from the Oregon Road Company," now hold at the disposal of the public, for the most moderate prices, three sections for each mile along the entire line of road. The Company having purchased the military road and entire land grant, have incorporated, with a stock of five thousand shares, at the par value of two hundred and forty dollars. But a purchaser of one share of the first one thousand shares offered may obtain it at one-half that amount in United States currency, or at a rate of about seventy-five cents per acre. A share will represent over one hundred and sixty acres of land. A share will be received by the Company at par value—namely, at two hundred and forty dollars in payment for land. Such shares will then be canceled, not released, and a deed given the purchaser. The land will be appraised at moderate rates, in sections of six hundred and forty acres. This land is classified as first, second and third quality, soil of great fertility; or of a quality suitable for grain, or as grazing and timber land. Only a small portion of mountain or barren land is sold for one of the purposes named. The country is well watered, and the climate reported and generally understood to be very pleasant, and the whole section a remarkably healthy one. That this Company is a reliable one, and the whole affair a *bona fide* transaction, a reference to the names on the prospectus at once proves. The opinion, too, of Clarence King, the United States Zoologist of this Coast, which opinion, as the world knows, is ever given without either fear or favor, is, that the greater part of the grant (which grant he has carefully inspected) is land of the first quality. As this is probably about the last great land grant that will be given by Congress, settlers, capitalists, and business men, who some day mean to settle down on a comfortable homestead, should not miss so grand an opportunity of becoming either purchasers or shareholders of this Company's land. Here is a belt of land stretching far as from Portland, Maine, to New York, it roe miles wide, from which, for a comparative trifle, any one may obtain land, hold it for an advance, make it a home, or keep his stock, as a certain and profitable investment. A farm can be bought for the small sum of $120, a sum which many a poor man has lost in a day on stocks, or spent in a week on a drunk. We would especially call the attention of English capitalists and farmers to the wonderful opportunities here offered both for legitimate speculation and farming operations. Many an English farmer pays a rent for a few acres of land overrun with game, which sum, if invested here, would make him an independent man, and give him a happy home in a country where rich lords don't eat up poor tenants with hares and rabbits, and where the virgin soil simply wants turning over to produce crops far superior to those of his native land.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

The Telegraphic Dispatches speak of a railway accident in Scotland in which *two* peop e were kil ed as "terrifi le." Evidently the operator has not traveled in America.—The 'retched rinderpest is raging in Russia. Nothing like alliteration.—The cholera is abating on the Continent, except in Vienna, where its spread seems alarming.—There is talk in England of abolishing the effete custom of expelling strangers from the House of Commons' gallery. Drifting, drifting.—The journeymen carpenters and masons of London are on the strike.—The story of an attempt to rob the Shah of his jewels is called apocryphal. Why? There was once a plot to steal Emperor Norton's spanielites.—Spain is in the throes of civil war, State dissensions and general anarchy.—A Liberal banquet was held in London on Wednesday at which 700 sat down.—It is reported that the Carlists have 10,000 men under arms.—All public rejoicing at the total evacuation of French territory by the Germans has been interdicted.—A submarine cable is to be laid between Payta (Peru) and Panama.—Cape Coast settlers have not a particularly bright look out, 30,000 Ashantees having assumed a threatening attitude.—It seems after all that the American department, at the Vienna Exposition, does not make such a thundering show.—Proof of public affairs is the Sultan's excuse for not visiting Vienna.—Archbishop Manning and two American Archbishops are spoken of as the probable recipients of Cardinal's hats.—The British Parliament is to be prorogued on the 27th.—The Royal Princes are of a marrying fancy. Prince Arthur, it is said, will solicit the hand of Princess Thyra of Denmark.—The walls of Constantinople are perfect, and yet they were only built 1,500 years ago.—Four thousand people danced at the Guildhall ball, London, given in honor of the Shah.—Strange to say, there was no disturbance in Ireland on the celebration of the 12th.—Italy is still being visited by earthquake shocks.—The receipts of the British Postal Telegraph are at the rate of £30,000 below the estimates.—The big guns of the English Church are stricken with the unpleasant idea that its members are going bodily over to Romish heresies.—Yorkshire has been visited with a disastrous rain and thunder storm.—The Khan of Khiva has made full submission to the Russian.—A paper manufacturing company is being started in Japan. British capitalists.—The ex-Queen of Spain is in Brussels, but we don't know why.—The French Assembly is expected to take a recess from the 25th to October.—The preliminaries of a treaty of alliance between Germany and Italy are concluded and ready for exchange.

A RIGHTEOUS VERDICT AGAINST AN INSURANCE CO.

Still Another Triumph for L. E. Bulkeley, the Great Jury Lawyer.—In the United States Circuit Court, this day in the case of John Hartly against the Guardian Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, which has been on trial for two days past, at four o clock yesterday came in (after an absence of half an hour, with a verdict for plaintiff for $5,318—the full amount claimed. This case was tried before, and the jury then stood eleven to one in favor of the plaintiff. The Lets will be remembered by our readers. Hartly went to the agency here, on the 1st of September, 1871, was examined by the Company's doctor, accepted by him, and the papers sent on to New York by the Agent for a policy. Four days after this, Hartly was shot down in the street, and the Agent immediately sent a telegram to the Company in New York that he was dead, and not to issue a policy. Plaintiff proved that the Agent here told Hartly, on the 1st, that he was insured from that date. We happened into the Court, about one o'clock, and Mr Bulkeley, the plaintiff's counsel, was pouring hot shot into the defendants' case, and we then predicted that he would get a verdict. The widows and orphans have an able advocate in the haughty but noble hearted Bulkeley, and, judging from the hearty greeting he received from his client this afternoon, we think he is duly appreciated. The Company, as a defence, set up that the Agent had no authority, and their counsel, J. W. Winans, made an able defence for his clients.

FAST PASSAGE AND FAST SAILING.

The Celebrated Clipper Ship, David Crockett, Capt. John A. Burgess, has just arrived at Liverpool from San Francisco, having made the passage in the remarkably short time of 98 days. This passage is almost unequaled, and the notice she has attracted in Liverpool is certainly creditable to her sailing. Her eleven passages from New York to San Francisco have been as follows: 116, 111, 114, 110, 107, 114, 110, 106, 102, 102 and 106 days, a record that probably will never be surpassed.—*N. Y. Journal of Commerce, July 7th, 1873.* [The above passage to Liverpool is the shortest but one made by the entire wheat fleet from this port carrying the crop of 1872, it being sec nd only to that of the *Oberon*, which made the passage in 90 days. The *Oberon* was formerly of the fleet of tea clippers from China to London. Captain Burgess is the gentleman who sailed by some the *Red Schoolmaster*; we think that he must have transferred the rod from the boys, and now holds it over the *David Crockett*. The admirers of the *Young America* would have shown a bolder front had they in her late voyage to Liverpool pitted their favorite against either of the above ships, than by comparing her passage with that of the *La Escosia*.

DR. ALCANTARA AND DRESS

Certainly no Amateur Performance, not even excepting *M. Choufourd*, by the French amateurs, has ever been so thoroughly well played as was the Opera of Doctor Alcantara, last Thursday evening at the Mercantile Library Hall. The excellent taste of the leading lady spirit was everywhere visible, the acting was perfect, and the costumes most correct. The singing was never to be doubted about. But the most striking effect was produced by the audience. It was intended to make the affair a dress sensation, and the success in that respect was complete. Never in San Francisco has there been a more choice selection of beautiful women, and never have their charms been more set off by rich and elegant toilettes. We have reason to know and think the White House for the display, for it was from that establishment the most exquisite personal adornments proceeded. From the head-dress to the tiny chaussure, even to the deftly handled fan, all came from the costly recesses of this great emporium.

Pacific Coast Mines.—A writer to the London *Morning Journal* gives the figures to show that of all the mining companies organized in England paying dividends during last year, those whose property lies on the Pacific Coast have realized most. The total dividends declared by these mining companies amounted to $4,778,100; of this amount, $3,067,410 was declared from foreign mines the remaining $1,710,690 being the dividends returned by mines in England. Of the $3,067,410, obtained from foreign mines, $1,550,625 was the amount of the dividends of the Pacific Coast mining properties, being $63,925 more than the aggregate profits of all other foreign mines owned by English capitalists. According to these figures the mines owned in England returned a dividend of only $220,025 more than those owned on the Pacific Coast. It is evident that English capitalists find a fairer paying field for investment more profitable than the one offered in the mining districts on the Pacific Coast.

Canadian Pacific Railroad—First Stake Driven.—VICTORIA, V. I., July 18th.—Mr. Marcus Smith, chief of the Canadian Pacific Railroad in British Columbia, accompanied by Mr Tideman, Civil Engineer, and members of the local Government, proceeded to Esquimalt yesterday and drove the first stake for the location of the survey of the railroad from Esquimalt to Nanaimo. The stake was driven at the southeast corner of the dockyard fence and a flag hoisted thereon. The health of the Canadian Pacific Railway was drunk in a flowing bumper of champagne. The stake was driven to obtain a "sight." The location of the Legislature will be at Constance Cove. It is thought, and it was reported last evening, that Hon Dr Helmcken, the Pacific Director, will turn the first sod to-morrow.

Capt. R. H. Waterman, while on board the *Vanderbilt* last Wednesday, was struck by a piece of timber, which having been sawed from a large piece, fell a distance of thirty feet, striking him on the head with such force that he was felled senseless, in which condition he remained for over two hours. We are pleased to hear of his soon being able to be about as usual.

ISUALLY AMPLE ACCOUNT OF INTERESTING READING MATTER.
Vol. 3. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR JUNE. No. 4.
IS NOW READY FOR DELIVERY, CONTAINING THE
For Sale by White & Bauer, 413 Washington St., PRICE, 25 CENTS.
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The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, JULY 19, 1873. No. 25.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California Chine Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 60 to 65, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—873@881—SILVER BARS—1¼@1½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 90¼@95½c Mexican Dollars, 56@56½c., new; 60@65½c., old.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@⅝ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 14¼ per cent. On London, Bankers 49½@49¾; Commercial 49¾; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams ⅛.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, July 18, at 3 P. M., 116. Latest price of Sterling, 100¾@100½.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1867	102	103	National Gold B'k & Trust Co	117	120
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	101	103	Oakland 10s	165	167
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	103	104	Spring Valley Water Co	83	84
Legal Tender Notes	85¼	86	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s	95	100	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 10s, 1885	95	96	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	52
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 5s	—	—	Front St. M. and O. R. R. Co	18	21
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	102	Fireman's Fund Insurance Co	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	22½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co	80	85
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	64	99	Union Insurance Co	93	95
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	—	Pacific Bank	90	95
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	88	91	The Bank of California	125	131
San Francisco Gas Light Co.	67	68½	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FIREBURN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

WHEAT EXPORTS

Wheat Exports for July of the current year keep we l up to those for a corresponding period of last year, when we made the best exhibit in our history—the total s being an increase of more than 100 per cent over any previous single year. The following exhibits our exports of Flour and Grain for the harvest year commencing July 1st, 1872, exclusive of shipments overland

To	Flour, bbls.	Wheat centals.	Barley centals	Oats centals.
New York, etc	13,366	8,358	.....	.....
Great Britain	15,902	9,760,073	201	.....
China	126,416	1,116	60	1,684
Japan	7,633	16	316	725
Hawaiian Islands	7,775	808	221	1,690
Mexico	1,129	2	202	139
British Columbia	2,825	525	11,236	454
Australia	16,318	23,971	52,416	.....
Central America	35,349	56	4,36	535
Panama	12,070	2	27	207
Tahiti	6,072	718	4,049	12
Manila	5,000	.....	.....	.....
New Zealand	1,250	.....	15 40	.....
South America	3,746	.....	142,195	.....
South Sea Islands	251	.....	.....	.....
Africa	2,200	2,013	.....	.....
Russian Posts, Asia	5,167	.....	.....	.....
Totals, 1873	263,645	9,822,699	226,927	5,437
Totals, 1872	270,079	1,401,322	16,708	11,707
Totals, 1871	196,220	3,571,836	138,008	13,227

It is yet impossible to say as to the greatness of this year's harvest, but from appearances we will have between 300,000 and 400,000 tons surplus

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—New York, July 18th, 1871—Gold opened at 115¼, 11 A. M. at 115¼, 3 P. M. at 116. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 117; 1867, 118½. Sterling Exchange, 109¼@109½. Pacific Mail, 38¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 39. Wheat, $1 50@$1 75 quiet. Pork, 16¾ dull. Cotton, 20¼. Hides, dry, 22½@23, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 40@$1 42 fair demand. Winter Bleached, $1 02½@$1 05; Whale, active, 56@60c quiet. Winter Bleached, 67@72c. Wool Spring, fine, 20@22c. Burry, 16@20c. Pelled 30@35c. Fall Clip, 30@35c. Burry, 15@16c. London, July 18—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s 9d@11s. 11d. Club, 12s 2d. United States Bonds, 92¼. Consols, 91½@92½, 92½.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

July 15th, 1873.—There is little or no change to report, unless it be a slight want of activity. Advices from the East are rather favorable than otherwise, and we look for a continuance of present quotations. 23@24c for choice; 16@22c for fair to good, and 11@15½c for burry. There have been some sales of burry, 1872 Fall, at 8 a 9 cents. WATT & MCLENNAN, Wool Commission Merchants, 635 Sansome street, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

Mr. Lick's Additional Gifts.—Not content with his former munificence toward the Academy of Science and the Pioneers, Mr. James Lick has added forty feet frontage more to each of the lots already donated. The size of each lot consequently is now as follows: That of the Pioneers, 150 feet on Fourth street by 155 feet deep; that of the Academy of Science, 121 feet on Market by the like depth of 155 feet. Mr. Lick reserves to himself the 155 feet square forming the corner of Market and Fourth with a promise that it is not to be built upon if at all, unless for esthetic or scientific purposes. At present it remains a park separating the two lots, eventually to be devoted respectively to the founders of our State and they who elucidate its natural history, mineral wealth and boundless resources.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, June 27, 1873.—Col. Stanford and family, Mrs. Maj Hensley and family, Charles Hensley, J. F. Macauley, Joseph Barron and family, John Mackay and family, Lloyd Tevis and family, L. Sessler, C. W. Bonynge and wife, J. J. Smith, Frank B. Austin, Thos. Sunderland and family, A. E. Head and family, Miss Head, C. G. Hooker and family, C. F. Fargo, Mrs. S. Ladd, Mrs. C. Reis and family, Mrs. A. L. Barnes, W. Melville Smith, Mrs. A. J. Butler.

San Francisceans Abroad.—Paris, Frank B. Austin, Grand Hotel; Mrs. M. A. Bartlett, 29 Rue Caumartin; Mr and Mrs. C. W. Bonynge, Grand Hotel; Mr S. P. and Miss L. M. Nudd, 21 Rue Caumartin; Judge P. Ord, 21 Rue Trouchet; E. W. Scott, 29 Rue Caumartin; W. M. and J. J. Smith, Lloyd Tevis, Grand Hotel; Hon George, Mrs and Miss Turner Hotel Windsor. London Mrs A. J. Butler, 5 Fitzroy Square; Dr T. Murphy Langham Hotel.—*American Register.*

The Pacific Mail Company's Steamboat "Montana," arrived from Panama about noon on Friday, having been on fire on the passage up, which was subdued after it had been burning an hour or more. The ships of the Pacific Mail Company are provided with every appliance for the extinguishing of fire, still at one time on a long most superhuman efforts could have saved the *Montana* from being added to the list of vessels burned.

Hongkong Letters, by the P. M. steamship *Colorado*, advise us that telegrams had been received there from Singapore, stating that the crack steam tea clipper *Venetia*, en route for London, had reached there in nine days from Shanghai—excellent time. Much interest is centered on these tea clippers by the China merchants, and rates of freight from Hankow to London range from £6 to £7 per ton, according to time.

The Eureka Consolidated Mining Co., in Eureka District, Nevada, opened their mine and erected their furnaces without an assessment. Has declared eight dividends of $1 each, and has a large surplus now on hand. Its future prospects are very favorable, more so than for a long time, and it now stands amongst the permanent dividend paying mines

Our Friend, Alphabetical Campbell, is the Farmers' Club agent in this city, and is now receiving from them considerable wheat on consignment. It is yet a question of time as to its disposal, now waiting for ace which way the cat is going to jump—whether sunshine, storm and cloud, hail or rain in old England will carry the day.

At last we have the satisfaction to announce the opportune arrival of the British bark *Spirit of the Dawn*, 222 days from Liverpool to Rodgers, Meyer & Co., with bars, iron, etc. This vessel has long been supposed to have been lost, and as high as fifty per cent. insurance has been paid for merchandise on her.

At the Board on Thursday Afternoon there were sales of 100 shares of San Francisco Gaslight stock at $67 per share and 100 shares of Spring Valley Water stock at $85 per share. About 400 shares of the same changed hands at private sale at $85.

The Steamer Orizaba will sail for San Diego and way ports at 9 A. M. to-day; the steamer *John L. Stephens* for Portland at 10 A. M.; the steamer *Nevada* for Panama at 12 M., and the *Constantine* for Santa Barbara and way ports at 4 P. M.

New York, July 18th.—It is understood that the Directors of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company have been advised by their counsel, Edward Pierrepont, not to sue Stockwell, as requested by Aaron Freeman.

There was an Earthquake in Northern Italy about 30th June. Houses were tossed about like ships at sea, and the solid earth for a time was perfectly liquified. Many persons were killed and hundreds severely injured.

We Understand that the fine residence and grounds of Judge Lake, covering a full 20 vara lot on the northeast corner of Gough and California streets, have been sold to W. W. Wheaton for $30,000.

From Liverpool in 145 Days.—The bark *Sonoma*, to Dickson, DeWolf & Co., reached port on the 18th instant with grain sacks and general cargo.

Wheat Sales include an entire cargo of 900 tons, new crop, to A. B. Sabatie & Co., at $1 07½.

Sales of $10,000 Yuba County 8 per cent. Bonds at 90, and $1,000 San Mateo County 7 per cent. Bonds at 91, including August interest.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

THE LONG VOYAGE.

The mackerel boats sailed slowly out
Into the darkening [illegible]
But the [illegible] was landward,
The [illegible] skimmed the [illegible]
Strange whisperings were in the air,
And though no [illegible] stirred,
The echo of the distant storm,
The moan [illegible], was heard.
It came—the [illegible] hurricane,
Bursting upon the shore, [illegible]
Till the wild [illegible], and the [illegible]
All trembled at its roar

And women wept and watched, and wept,
And prayed for the night to wane,
And watched and prayed, through the [illegible]
[illegible] the [illegible] [illegible]
A sail! That sail is not for you,
It slowly fades away
The [illegible] may set, the moon may rise,
The night may turn to day,
Slow years roll by, and the solemn stars
[illegible]—but all in vain! [illegible]
They have sailed away on a long, long
They'll never come back again.

—*Blackwood's Magazine.*

THE SAN JACINTO TIN MINES.

The Following Extracts (from a late report made by Mr. E. N. Robinson, General Superintendent of the San Jacinto Tin Mines, located in this State,) induce us to believe that the tin deposits of Temescal are sufficiently extensive and rich enough to warrant a large expenditure of capital and the employment of hundreds of men upon the said estate to develop the same. Certainly no kind of mining could be more profitable than tin under the circumstances named.

The San Jacinto Tin Company was organized on the [illegible] day of January, 18[illegible], with a capital stock of $[illegible], [illegible] shares of $[illegible] each, the object of said company being to acquire the "Rancho Sobrante de San Jacinto," a Spanish grant of eleven leagues (or about 49,000 acres of land,) situated in the lower part of this State, made and confirmed under the Mexican laws direct to Maria del Rosario de Aguirre, in the year 18[illegible]. The company named, by payment of a large sum of money secured all the right, title and interest of said Maria de [illegible] Aguirre to said property, said [illegible] being [illegible] by her husband, Don Manuel A. Ferrer. The deed and all necessary documents are recorded in due form. The grantors of the San Jacinto Tin Company, after purchase, took the necessary steps to secure a confirmation of the title from the United States Government, and on the [illegible] day of October, 18[illegible], a patent [illegible] said property was issued, and the company named [illegible] their agent, on the [illegible] day of June 18[illegible], took quiet and undisputed possession of the property. This grant has passed through the ordeal of judicial investigation, and the title is perfect.

[illegible] Jeremiah S. Wilson writes, under date of May 1[illegible], 18[illegible]: "Lands in the hands of persons claiming under Mexican grants, confirmed by the United States, are perfect as to title."

The boundary lines, as surveyed and established by the United States Surveyor, and patented, enclose [illegible] acres, most of which is mineral land, although there are within the limits of said property seven to eight thousand acres of first-class agricultural land, which by irrigation, easily procured at an expense not to exceed $[illegible], can be made worth at least $50 per acre, or, in the aggregate, from $[illegible] to $[illegible].

The climate there is not surpassed in any portion of the world. In the adjacent valleys the soil and climate are equally well adapted to the growth of the orange, lemon, [illegible], fig, walnut, olive, banana, almond, [illegible], currant, and wheat, barley, corn, potatoes, cotton, tobacco and sugar-cane thrive well.

Over 500 claims, ranging in length from 500 to 1,500 feet each, have been located on the mineral belt within the boundaries of the estate, many of which will, to my knowledge, furnish a satisfactory assay in tin. Copper, nickel, gold and silver have been found on this property, but on account of the remarkable [illegible], little work has been done or attention paid to anything but tin, of which metal, although fifty-three lodes are known, one only, the "[illegible]," has been worked to any great extent, a plan of which I [illegible]. From this [illegible] it will readily be understood how the mine has been worked, and to what extent.

The analysis of the ore by F. A. Genth, Washington, gave the following:

Silicic acid	9.[illegible]
Tungstic acid	[illegible]
Stannic acid (equal to 50.92 tin)	70.15
Oxide of copper	[illegible]
Oxide of iron, manganese, aluminum, magnesia, lime, etc	1[illegible]—100.

The tin smelted from this ore gave—Tin, 99.7[illegible]; iron, 0.1[illegible]; copper, 0.11.

I have received in San Francisco from the [illegible] mine, at various times, about twelve tons of ore, as it was taken from the drifts and shafts while driving and sinking. This ore, or a part of it, was concentrated (imperfectly) in this city, a considerable quantity of the tin being lost from defect in machinery. Notwithstanding this the ore yielded about [illegible] per cent tin, out of which I had tin plate made and worked into various utensils, which were on exhibition at the Mechanics' Fair of 18[illegible] in San Francisco, for which our company received a gold medal. The tin was pronounced, by those who worked it, of superior quality.

In fact, all our tests and workings go to prove that this mine alone may safely be depended upon to yield an almost inexhaustible amount of [illegible] per cent ore, and with the facilities surrounding same, it cannot, in my estimation, be surpassed as a tin [illegible] property. That there are many other tin mines on the estate of equal value when developed, cannot, I think, be doubted.

The work done in this mine during the year 1868-69 aggregated 1,166 feet of shafts, tunnels, drifts and cross cuts.

Dr. A. Roessler, in charge of Mineral Cabinet, Interior Department at Washington, pronounces the San Jacinto Tin ore very rich." Dr. Genth does the same.

Practical tin workers in Cornwall worked the ore in my presence and pronounced it extra fine, and several tons worked on a large scale in this city returned over 50 per cent. metal. That (without the usual and ordinary carbonized wood and skimming process to free it from impurities) made sheet tin that was pronounced by tin workers as equal to the best Imperial. The deposit of tin on this estate seems extensive enough to furnish employment for thousands of men, and, if properly worked, would end the importation of $10,000,000 worth of tin yearly, upon which we pay 15 per cent. duties, and [illegible] the tin trade of the world.

The mines I visited while in Cornwall, England, and the great number of people I observed as supported by them, assured me of the great value that must sooner or later accrue to this estate, when the mines thereon are properly worked. This property will then be in a great measure to this State what Cornwall has been and is to England. My examinations of the English tin mines assured me that, with one or two exceptions, the equal of the Cajalco is not to be met with there, and the facilities for working the mines and for mill purposes are not equaled there.

There is scarcely any metal which serves as raw material to so many skilled manufacturers as tin, and the variety of uses to which it is put seems endless.

A visit through Cornwall at the present time will exhibit hundreds of chimneys, many feet high, looming up in all directions like a great forest of old monuments of mines worked out, and long since passed to ruin, [illegible] their aid in adding to the material wealth of the world. That Cornwall is becoming exhausted, so far as the tin deposits are concerned, seems obvious, when one looks back, say thirty years, and [illegible] what that country then produced, and compares the years previous to that with those since, up to the present time. The Botallack mine, situated near the Land's End, has been worked continuously since the last century. Its lower level is over 1,600 feet below the surface, vertical depth, while the incline to reach that level is 3,000 feet long, and extends for most of that distance under the sea. Very little metal of any kind is found at this extreme level; most of the ore raised in late years came from the upper workings. The average yield of tin ore from one ton of tin stone, of this mine, is about forty pounds, or less than two per cent. metal. They run all their machinery by steam power, and are compelled, for concentrating purposes (as are most of the mines in Cornwall), to use the water pumped from the mines; and when the water is limited it is used over several times. [illegible] and [illegible] exhausted by evaporation and other causes beyond control. [illegible] the Levant mine, it is worked to a depth of 1,[illegible] feet and [illegible] ore that yields on an average about [illegible] per cent. The Levant [illegible] cheap [illegible] of tin ores after they are obtained, [illegible] they are working over an old dump pile of waste rock that has been accumulating for many years, which by assay yields less than one per cent. of tin stuff. This, of course, can only be done under the existing high price of tin and the [illegible] of [illegible] labor. The Dolcoath mine of Camborne is worked to a depth of 1,[illegible] feet [illegible] [illegible] ores. They work [illegible] here that only [illegible] per cent [illegible] of ore. They reduce about 1,000 tons of [illegible] per week [illegible]. The [illegible] of tin [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] England and [illegible] the [illegible] of Mr. West, who [illegible] holder in the enterprise. The property [illegible] about [illegible] feet deep and was once a [illegible] [illegible] a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] from the mine monthly. On the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] or about one per cent, and [illegible] copper. There are about 1,000 people employed here, and the enterprise pays satisfactory dividends.

The statistics [illegible] the true amounts of tin production of the world are difficult to find, as Great Britain has ever all [illegible] to keep her tin deposits, manufacture and extent of mining a secret. The [illegible] of [illegible] produced in 18[illegible] [illegible] tons of tin ore. The province of Tenasserim, on the Malay peninsula, in 18[illegible], produced 1,000 tons. In 18[illegible], Australia [illegible] England [illegible] the same year, Mexico and South America furnished some [illegible] of tin. Banca furnishes annually about 5,000 tons of very rich tin ore. The production of tin in China and Malacca it is impossible to give. The production of the Cornwall mines, from 1800 to 1850, was near 2,500 tons per annum, and since that time up to 1865 the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] annually.

We imported in 18[illegible] of blocks, bars, and [illegible] $1,[illegible] in value, in tin plates and sheets to the amount of $[illegible] [illegible] of tin foil, $[illegible] in value, and of other grades of tin, [illegible] $[illegible].

In 18[illegible] of bars, blocks and [illegible] the value imported was $1,039,781; of plates and sheets tin, the value of $5,[illegible],147, and of tin foil $35,401 in value; and of other [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] $[illegible] making an importation of $[illegible] in value for the year 18[illegible], and $[illegible] for the year 18[illegible].

No inducement is wanting to seek for tin deposits in the United States, to judge from the small quantity [illegible] and the increasing demand therefor. It is estimated that the annual consumption of tin in America and Europe was in 18[illegible], about [illegible] tons. In 18[illegible] [illegible] tons. The supply was derived from four sources, which, last year, produced in all only [illegible] tons, made up as follows: England, [illegible] tons, Banca tin, [illegible] tons, Straits tin, [illegible] tons, Bolivian tin, [illegible] tons.

The imports of tin into the United States last year were of the cost price of about sixteen millions of dollars and with the [illegible] [illegible] the present year, hence it is highly desirable that some part of the increasing consumption of each year be met by the opening up of domestic sources of supply.

The price of tin is about $[illegible] per ton, and [illegible] discovery of deposits of this metal in our [illegible] [illegible] at an early day, that the drain of about $16,000,000 per annum may be stopped. In California, tin stone, with sufficient metal to pay largely for reduction, has been found.

Besides our own consumption, China would require a large amount, as tin is there used in vast quantities in the manufacture of ornaments and gilt figures, [illegible] which they [illegible] [illegible] holidays, and which are in a great measure destroyed by fire, thus recreating a demand.

The present company have, by a liberal expenditure, developed and proved this estate to be of great value. E. N. Robinson.

MAURICE DORE & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

Tuesday, July 22, 1873, at 12 o'clock M., at New Salesroom, No. 317 Montgomery street.

Card.—In view of large improvements now progressing in New Saucelito, via the laying of track and building wharves and depots by the North Pacific Coast Railroad, which it is believed will be in active operation between that, and a [illegible] later by [illegible], the [illegible] [illegible] and the [illegible] [illegible] of the water front, etc., by the Saucelito Land and Ferry Company, the Old Saucelito Land and Dry Dock Company [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] be seen by the advertisement below, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] strictly [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] sale day quite a [illegible] [illegible] to be made in the purchase [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] New Saucelito, and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. The public school [illegible] is within one hundred yards from the hotel [illegible].

PEREMPTORY SALE OF LOTS IN OLD SAUCELITO.

The property of the Old Saucelito Land and Dry Dock Company at auction, on TUESDAY, [illegible] day of July, at New Salesroom, No. [illegible] Montgomery street, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] feet in depth [illegible] all level [illegible] property. For particulars refer to maps or diagrams which will be ready for distribution in a few days, and can be obtained at our office.

Terms: [illegible] three hundred dollars cash, [illegible] three hundred dollars, one-third cash, balance in one and two years, at [illegible] per cent. [illegible]

MAURICE DORE & CO., Auctioneers.

July 1[illegible]

NOTICE.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD LANDS.

To all whom it may concern:—Whereas, under instructions from the [illegible] [illegible] of the General Land Office, dated [illegible] [illegible], the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at San Francisco, California, have given official notice, by publication, that "[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] pany, will [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] THURSDAY, the [illegible] day of [illegible], A. D. 18[illegible] [illegible] said day, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] by the pre-emption settlers [illegible] [illegible] entry. The Southern Pacific Railroad [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Company claims the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of the grant [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] by Act [illegible] [illegible] July 1[illegible], 18[illegible], and the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and will take all necessary legal steps to assert its claims [illegible] lands under its grant.

B. B. REDDING,

July 5 Land Agent Southern Pacific Railroad Company.

YOU CAN GET THE OLD TIME HAVANA PLANTATION CIGARS

At the Custom House Cigar Store, 318 Battery street, at $7 per hundred. [illegible] IMITATION PLANTATION at $[illegible] per hundred. All the fine brands of imported and [illegible] Havana cigars [illegible] [illegible] rates.

July 1[illegible] H. H. [illegible] & CO., 318 Battery st., opp. Custom House.

WANTED,

By a middle aged lady of respectability (a widow) a situation as housekeeper in a small family or as matron of a hospital or [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. Has no objection to going into the country. Address MATRON, at this office. July [illegible]

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of [illegible] [illegible] the Pacific Coast hereby [illegible] [illegible] that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to [illegible] [illegible] Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific [illegible] charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT [illegible] [illegible] and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. [illegible] J. [illegible], Secretary. [illegible] Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific [illegible] [illegible] 6[illegible] Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING AGENTS, HOUSES AND PLACES OF [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]:

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. [illegible] & Co.
Amsterdam—[illegible] & Co.
Antwerp—[illegible]
Alexandria—[illegible]
Acapulco—[illegible], Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co.; Thomas Turrell, Wayte, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co., W. J. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanarch & Fils; [illegible] & [illegible]; Pierre [illegible] & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—[illegible] Society, Martin, Dyce & Co., Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; [illegible] & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Balt [illegible] Freres, Jacques, [illegible] & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber of Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange, [illegible].
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber of Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber of Commerce and Manufactures.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber of Commerce and Manufactures.
Guaymas—[illegible] & Co., A. Willard, Esq., James H. Langley.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, [illegible].
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner Langer & Co., C. Dubois & Co., Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq., H. B. M. Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co; Rothschilds, Bank of London; [illegible], Bros. & Co., Henry [illegible] & Co.; [illegible] [illegible], M. D.; "Public Opinion," "[illegible]," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—Wilson, Gibbs & Co., Alsop & Co., Huth Gruning & Co., Bates, Stokes & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber of Commerce, [illegible], Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—[illegible] Commercial.
Madrid—[illegible] [illegible], [illegible] [illegible] Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co., [illegible] & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal Fils & Co., [illegible] Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co., Chamber of Commerce, Gray, [illegible] & Co., McCulloch, [illegible] & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co., Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co., [illegible] Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtl & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimerman, Fair & Co.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

The Heroic Platelayer.—So rare is heroism in these days of strikes and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] that we are more than ever [illegible] [illegible] and a nobler deed than that of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] we may [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of the [illegible] South-western [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] platelayers of [illegible] [illegible] and were standing [illegible] [illegible] a quick eye caught a heavy iron chain lying across the trail [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] down a steep embankment. With a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] up and threw overboard the loaded chain, [illegible] dashed forward and was but just in time to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] a [illegible] accident. He was in time to save the lives of others, but [illegible] was just too late by a second to save himself. The buffer-board of the great express engine caught him as he stooped with his heavy burden, and dashed him high into the air a corpse. For those who love a brave deed the memory of Elliott the platelayer will rank along with that of [illegible] the pilot and Ford the fireman. It is men such as these—who can dare forlorn hopes—who won our Empire for us, and to whom we may yet have to look to save it. But meantime Elliot, who thus at a moment's notice laid down his life to save the lives of others, has left behind him a wife and children totally unprovided for. When we think how hideous would have been the catastrophe that Elliott averted—how terrible the loss of life which it would have involved—how many the homes which it would have left desolate—we shall surely not at our own act of self-devotion, so simple and yet so noble, to pass by unnoticed. Elliott, without hesitation, laid down his life for others. His widow and his fatherless children must not be allowed to want.—*Telegraph*

Accidentally Poisoned in an Hospital.—An inquest was recently held at [illegible] [illegible], [illegible] the death of Mary [illegible], aged thirty-two, a patient [illegible] [illegible] [illegible], who died [illegible] half an hour after a draught had been administered to her by [illegible] [illegible] nurse. The medical [illegible] showed that the draught contained [illegible] drachms of prussic acid, and that the deceased had taken half that quantity. The dispenser, who had been for four years at the hospital, stated that he had been very busy on Saturday, having made up nearly [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the day, and it was near the [illegible] [illegible] he [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] for Miss [illegible] prescription. He was unable to account for the mistake, and it was the first that had occurred. The dispenser was stated to be a very respectable, steady and careful man, and about fifty years of age. The jury returned a verdict of "Death by misadventure."

Mr. Mill's Property and Will.—It is noteworthy that despite Mr. Mill's [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and the success he has had as an author, he accumulated but a small sum by the labors of his pen. His entire personal property will not exceed, if it amount to, ten thousand pounds. Considering that he was a man of simple tastes and inexpensive habits, he died much poorer than might have been expected. His step-daughter, Miss Helen Taylor, inherits all his property. With [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] than three wills, [illegible] [illegible] for the three [illegible] [illegible] first, of Miss Taylor dying before him, second, of them both dying at the same time in a railway accident or through any other casualty, and third, in the event of his dying first.

Speaking of the disposition of New York women to wear a fashion "to death" [illegible] [illegible] of a pretty bonnet which has been brought out by Harry Taylor, Stewart's "man milliner." This hat he christened the "Ta[illegible]." In honor of that [illegible] [illegible] [illegible], who, by the way, is now living in retired [illegible] in [illegible], and giving dancing lessons to some few [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] as a means of support. The Ta[illegible] bonnet sold so readily its original [illegible] changed the name to "Ready and [illegible]." It is a half bonnet, half hat, with a [illegible] brim, a high crown, separating the brim and coronet with a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible], a little to one side, and flowers [illegible] the ribbons and lace scarf in the back.

A Curious and interesting experiment may be conducted by letting the current of sparks of an electrical machine pass through the luminous flame of gas or of a candle, when [illegible] [illegible] will be seen [illegible] [illegible] flame, excepting that in the path of the spark [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. If however the flame be examined by means of the rotating mirror, it will be found that the flame is always extinguished above during the passage of an individual spark, while the part below the spark will be constant and steady.

The Death is announced of Dr. J. C. Nott, the most celebrated American anthropologist of the present generation. He was born [illegible] 1[illegible], and entered the medical profession early. He practised at Columbia, South Carolina, and at Mobile for many years until the American war in 1861, which compelled him to quit the South. In conjunction with the late Mr. G. R. Gliddon, he was the author of two important works, "Types of Mankind," and "Indigenous Races of the Earth," published in 1854 and 1857 respectively.

A Curious Work, called a "Grammatical Analysis of the Hebrew Psalter," which is, in fact, an explanatory interpretation of every word contained in the Book of Psalms—has just been completed, and will shortly be published, by Miss Joanna Julia Greswell, daughter of the Rev. Greswell, B. D., of Worcester College, Oxford. The book is intended chiefly for the use of beginners in the study of Hebrew.

An Example of the enormous profits that are being made by the iron-masters is furnished by the statement that the Sheepbridge Iron and Coal Company, near Sheffield, are about to present each proprietor of an original share with a fully paid-up new £10 share besides paying a dividend of about 30 per cent. on the ordinary shares. The Staveley Coal and Iron Company have done the same to their shareholders.

Mr. Frank Buckland thus describes in *Land and Water* his last curiosity: "It consists of an oyster [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] a mouse. The [illegible] is inside the shell, therefore I cannot examine it. The oyster, which is a [illegible] [illegible], was probably lying in a [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] when the mouse put his head in to eat the [illegible] of the oyster, and was immediately nipped by it."

It is asserted that the art of photography was discovered and practised with success [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] ago, but was suppressed at the instance of the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] employed by forgers [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. A paper in support of this extraordinary theory will be published in the June number of the *Fortnightly Review*.

A Nova Scotia Paper chronicles the birth of four children by Mrs. Countaway at [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] where the wreck of the *Atlantic* occurred. The mother and children are doing well. Since her marriage in 18[illegible] Mrs. Countaway has given birth to seventeen children, in the following order: 1st, one, 2nd, twins, 3rd, twins, 4th twins, 5th, twins, 6th, four, seventh, four.

Scientific Results of Smoking.—A German physiologist has discovered that tobacco [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] with [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] and makes the blood-corpuscles oval, and irregular at the edges. Any person can [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] by merely taking out a handful of his blood corpuscles and observing the edges.

The Masonic Fraternity of the United States have under way at least $4,000,000 worth of new halls, most of which will be completed and dedicated this year. The one in Philadelphia is the most magnificent structure of the kind in the country, [illegible] [illegible] worth at [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible].

The Berlin Correspondent of the *Times* telegraphs that according to the new treaty Germany engages, at the request of Persia, to tender her good offices towards the settlement of any difficulties which may arise between Persia and other States.

Mark Twain and Charles Dudley Warner are about to produce a joint work of fiction, to be printed at the same time in England and the United States, entitled "The Gilded Age."

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] which is the most safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. [illegible] J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. Agents in New York—J. ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & Co., 1[illegible] Frankln street. Jan [illegible]

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Anyone can use them; anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes" are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and [illegible] may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small Bottles [illegible], Large bottles, 1s. 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and at Merchants' Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *"SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

LEA & PERRINS CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivalled [illegible] having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABEL, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules; Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected; Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] supplying the elements for the formation of bone [illegible], from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible], a perfect and economical substitute for isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and [illegible], Messrs. Treacher & Co., Kurrachee; Messrs. Bodgett & [illegible] Limited; and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and [illegible] [illegible] Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in tins [illegible] [illegible] sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for children. Sold in tins, of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Chemist and Druggist. In tents of Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 2[illegible]

Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & Co., corner Battery and Clay sts., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire [illegible] Caps; [illegible] [illegible] Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding; Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges for Pin-Fire and Central fire [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]; Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances; and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Late Joyce, [illegible] Manufacturers, 57 Upper Thames street, London. Sept. [illegible]

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent infringements. Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and preserving its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15

MARAVILLA COCOA

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, ease of digestion, and especially High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and dyspeptics we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS, under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and are sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 1[illegible]

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Haney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 1

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 1[illegible]

THE IRISH WIDOW TO HER SON.

Remember, Denis, all I bade you say.
Tell him we're well and happy, thank the Lord!
But of our troubles since he went away
You'll mind, avick, never say a word.
Of cares and troubles, sure, we've all our share—
The finest Summer isn't always fair.

Tell him the spotted heifer calved in May;
She died, poor thing, but that you need not mind;
Nor how the constant rain destroyed the hay;
But tell him God to us was ever kind,
And when the fever spread the country o'er,
His mercy kept "the sickness" from our door.

Be sure you tell him how the neighbors came
And cut the corn and stored it in the barn;
'Twould be as well to mention them by name—
Pat Murphy, Ned McCabe and Shamus Carn,
And big Tim Daly from behind the hill,
And say, agra! oh, say I miss him still.

They came with ready hands our toil to share,
'Twas then I missed him most—my own right hand;
I felt, although kind hearts were round me there,
The kindest heart beat in foreign land,
Strong hand! brave heart!—one severed far from me
By many a weary league of shore and sea.

And tell him she was with us—he'll know who,
Mavourneen hasn't she the winsome eyes?
The darkest, deepest, brightest, bonniest blue
I ever saw, except in Summer skies,
And such black hair! It is the blackest hair
That ever rippled over neck so fair.

Tell him old Pincher fretted many a day,
And moped, poor dog, 'twas well he didn't die,
Crouched by the roadside, how he watched the way,
And sniffed the travelers as they passed him by—
Hail, rain or shine, sure 'twas all the same,
He listened for the foot that never came.

Tell him the house is lonesome-like and cold,
The fire itself seems robbed of half its light;
But maybe 'tis my eyes are growing old,
And things look dim before my fading sight.
For all that, tell him 'twas myself that spun
The shirts you bring, and stitched them every one.

Give him my blessing; morning, noon and night,
Tell him my prayers are offered for his good,
That he may keep his maker still in sight,
And firmly stand as his brave father stood—
True to his name, his country and his God,
Faithful to his home, and steadfast still abroad.

THE SHAH AND BARON REUTER

All the English Papers are full of glowing accounts of grand receptions, balls, etc., given in honor of the Shah of Persia, who has for the first time visited England. His visit is not for idle curiosity, nor is it merely for pleasure, but is undertaken with a view to opening out and improving his country, whose vast resources have hitherto been a sealed book to the civilized world. The first and most important step was his concession to Baron Reuter, the great telegraph agent, of large tracts of government land, the right to use government quarries, gravel pits, etc. In return, the Baron undertakes to build a railway from the shores of the Caspian Sea to Teheran, a distance of over four hundred miles. The Shah also agrees to pay interest at the rate of seven per cent. on thirty millions of dollars raised by loan for the building of the road, and will concede five per cent. in order to form a sinking fund to pay back the debt. He asks in return twenty per cent. of the net earnings of the Teheran line, and such other branches as may afterwards be constructed. The annual revenue of the Shah is about a million dollars, and if Baron Reuter will agree to give him one hundred thousand dollars more, yearly, the Shah will allow him to levy taxes, hold the monopoly of railroad building, gas making, and the establishing of all kinds of industries. The Baron has already advanced the sum of a million and a half of dollars, on the strength of which the Shah, Nasir-eden, is now astonishing Europe with his blaze of diamonds. With a modesty which is singular, and enhances the worth of his actions, we hear little if anything of the instrumentality of Baron Reuter from himself directly or indirectly, and it is left to those who are sufficiently analytic and generous enough of nature to trace the process of cause and effect in this transaction. The Shah wants to see Persia imitate England, and it must be flattering to the "old country" to feel that she is picked out from all the other countries of Europe as the model after which future Persia is to be formed. Since the Baron made his bargain with the Shah other capitalists jealous of his good fortune have tried to make the Shah believe that he has been swindled, and that had he but come to them in the first instance they would have made terms much more advantageous to him. This has somewhat disturbed the Shah's mind, and has made Baron Paul Julius Reuter feel a little nervous. It is hoped, however, that the grand way in which the Shah is now being feted will have the effect of convincing him of the Baron's and England's good faith, and to make him adhere to his agreement in spite of all the insinuations of intriguing outsiders.

ALFALFA.

The Statements, so frequently published about the yield of Alfalfa, have stimulated a number of our farmers in the neighborhood of Kern River to give, in an authentic manner, the results of their experience in treating this wonderfully yielding grass. One who owns a small field of this grass, sown about six years since, and is now well rooted, declines to furnish one on the ground that it would seem incredible and a gross exaggeration. We hope he is the only person this consideration will deter. We append one of the many letters received. The writer, Mr. H. A. Cross, of Bakersfield, writes as follows:

BAKERSFIELD, June 30th, 1873.—ED. COURIER: This year I rented the farm of Mr. L. R. Reeder, near Bakersfield. He has a field of thirty acres of alfalfa; this I commenced mowing, for hay, the latter part of April, and finished about the middle of May. The yield, without weighing, was estimated by experts at one and three-quarter tons per acre, but to be well within bounds I can call it one and a half tons per acre. About ten days after the first cutting I commenced to cut it the second time, and finished about the middle of last week, the yield this cutting was considerably more than at first, and I estimate it at two tons per acre. To-day I commenced cutting it the third time, the yield promises to be fully equal to the last. I use a mowing machine and keep three men constantly employed—one in cutting and two in hauling and stacking. The warmer the weather the faster it grows. I can easily cut six crops if I wish, but after taking off the fourth crop will probably use the field for pasture. If I should mow it six times, the yield of hay would be at the very least eight tons per acre. If these facts are of any service to you, you are at liberty to publish them. H. A. CROSS.

We are glad to find S. W. Moore & Co., Seedsmen, of 420 Sansome street, have just landed twenty tons of this amazingly productive grass.

Recently, Mrs. Coyle, an old lady, living in the east part of El Paso, Mo., put her head out of the window during the storm, and was struck by lightning. She was stunned for a moment, and had the top of her head singed, but she recovered. She says if she "had only seen the lightning a minute sooner she would have dodged, but somehow she ain't so spry as she was sixty years ago."

An Excellent Cure for Dyspepsia is to give a hungry dog a piece of meat, and chase him till he drops it.

Matrimonial.—It is no good now-a-days for a man to offer his hand, if there's nothing in it.

When a Man has no Mind of His Own, his wife generally gives him a piece of hers.

AT GREAT REDUCTION, BY ALL STEAMERS
ROUND THE WORLD.

One Hundred and Five Routes to VIENNA; Seventy-two Routes to Italy, Thirty Routes to Holland, Belgium and the Rhine, Thirty Routes to Ireland, Scotland, and England. Full particulars in COOK'S EXCURSIONIST, American House.

COOK, SON & JENKINS,
May 31.] 262 Broadway, New York.

DICKSON, DE WOLF & CO.,
410, 412, 414 Battery street, offer for sale the following goods, in Bond or Duty paid:
BRANDY—Gautier, Otard, Martell and Hennessy, in quarter casks; BRANDY—Martell, Faure & Co., and Caminade Aine, in glass; WHISKY—Irish, in quarter casks; WINE—Port and Sherry, in quarter casks and glass; CLARET—Choice Medoc, Pauillac, and St Julien, in cask; PIG IRON—Eglinton; CHAINS—Short link; TIN PLATES—I X Machen Crown brand Charcoal; Yellow Metal Sheathing; Asphaltic Roofing Felt; Bleaching Powder; Soda Crystals; Bi-carbonate of Soda; Palm Oil; Gostling's Portland Cement, Roman Cement, Fire Clay, Paris White. [June 7.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore. The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Woman's Glory is her Hair—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM
A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!
Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.
None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec. 9.]

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,
Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"
Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL. The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 150 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.
H. S. CROCKER & CO.,
Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

REMOVAL.
A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his office and warerooms to No's 113 and 115 Pine street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over mountainous and difficult roads. June 28.

CURLE & CO.
Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room, No. 15 Stevenson's Building, No. 531 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

"FLIES ARE IN!"
But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 314 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 31.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

EDINBURGH ALE
Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO., 417 Front street, S. F.
March 30.

S. P. CHRISTY, JOHN H. WISE. THOS. DENIGAN.
CHRISTY & WISE,
Agents for Wool Growers, and Commission Merchants for the sale of HIDES, TALLOW, ETC., 607 FRONT STREET, between Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco. May 17.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.
Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 29.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

C. L. CRACKBON.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.
Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 8.

JAS. H. HAM.] PETERS & HAM, [WM. D. PETERS.
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

THE NEWS LETTER
IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—
New York—Chamber Commerce, Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Ave'ue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman, C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. H. Bissell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alianca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb, Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. O. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Towns & Co, Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stametz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co, Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co, Huth, Gruning & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Matheson & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co, Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Matheson & Co; F. Bevill; W. Blech; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.
BELGIUM—Consul General—S. Mortlange, Grand Hotel. Consul, L. Grisar, N. W. cor. Broadway and Sansome.
CHILI—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanueva, U. S. Court Building. Consul—H. Barroilhet, 527 Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 720 California street.
ECUADOR—Consul—Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul, F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN—Consul—W. L. Booker. Vice Consul—Charles Mason, 319 California street.
GUATEMALA—Consul—Leslie C. Hanks, 244 California street.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul—C. A. C. Dallenberg, 314 Sacramento.
GREECE—Consul—Varani.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 40 Front.
HONDURAS—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 502 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Acting Consul—Horace D. Dunn.
MEXICO—Consul—Manuel Aspiroz, 418 California street.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, 316 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—Consul General—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S. W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—F. de la Fuentes y Sobiral, Lick House.
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Berton. Vice Consul—H. Laidley, Swiss-American Bank.
SPAIN—Consul—Camilo Martin, 423 California street.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 510 Battery street.
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—E. Morelles, 19 Washington st.
TURKEY—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. Baum, 410 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Consul—Fran. Berton, Swiss-American Bank.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—G. Muecke, 109 California street.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

ABOVE THE TREE.

Why should I tarry here, to be but one
To eke out doubt, and suffer with the rest?
Why should I labor to become a name,
And vaunt, as did Ulysses to his mates,
"I am a part of all I have met."
A wary seeker to suffice himself!
As when the oak's young leaves push off the old,
So from the tree of life man drops away
And all the boughs are peopled quick by spring—
Above the furrows of forgotten graves
The one we thought had made the nation's creed,
Whose death would rise as like a thunderbolt,
Dropped down—a sudden rustling in the leaves,
A knowledge of the gap, and that was all.
The robin flitting on his frozen mound,
Is more than he. Whoever dies, gives up
Unfinished work, which others, tempted, claim.
And carry on. I would go free, and
Into a star above the mutable [change
To shine afar, and penetrate where those
Who in darkling boughs and prisoned close,
But when they catch my rays, will borrow light,
Believing it their own, and it will serve.

—*Elizabeth Stoddard in Appleton's Journal of June 14th*

NEW BOOKS.

WORK: A STORY OF EXPERIENCE. By Louisa M. Alcott, Author of "Little Women," "The Old Fashioned Girl," etc. Published by Roberts Bros., Boston. San Francisco: A. Roman & Co.

Miss Alcott has taken as text for her new work a sentence from Carlyle: "An endless significance lies in work; in idleness alone is there perpetual despair," and on this idea she weaves a story full of incident and interest. Her heroine, Christie Devon, is a bright, energetic New England girl, who tires of her home, "where the one idea is to eat, drink and get rich," and determines to go out into the world and earn her own living. The character is well drawn, and full of noble traits, yet it does not awaken either the interest, sympathy, or love, that homely, boyderish, independent Jo, in "Little Women," does. Whether the different stations in life that Christie occupied as servant, governess, actress, companion, seamstress, are too wide apart (each chapter affecting one as an entirely different story), does not take away somewhat from the interest of the whole, we cannot say; or may be she is too capable—too good, in fact, too perfect—and these perfect characters are too unreal to excite much feeling in the human breast; or it may be again that there is too much of the irrepressible Yankee about her—a type which Miss Alcott evidently regards as the highest. Anyway Christie is not our ideal heroine, and "C. Wilkins' clear Starcher," whose jolly face lies in a chapter, is a much more lovable character. Miss Alcott has worked out her lode of independent girls, model servants, hard working, virtuous boys, and appreciative wealthy relatives. Let her seek "fresh fields and pastures new," or the reading world will tire of her books all too soon.

BRESSANT. A Novel. By Julian Hawthorne. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York. A. Roman & Co., San Francisco.

THE LAST TOUR OF TWO IDLE APPRENTICES. By Charles Dickens, "Boz." Published by T. B. Peterson & Bros., Philadelphia.

THE RED ROVER. A Novel. By J. Fenimore Cooper. Published by D. Appleton, New York. A. Roman & Co., San Francisco.

THE MINERAL SPRINGS OF THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA. With Analyses and Notes on the Prominent Spas of Europe, and a List of Sea-Side Resorts. By George E. Walton, M.D. D. Appleton & Co., Publishers. A. Roman & Co., San Francisco.

The Paris Figaro has a story of Sir Bartle Frere, which must be accepted of course for the joke rather than the truth. It states that five months ago he and his son got apart from their escort and were lost in the depths of an African forest. Night came; the two wanderers, dying of hunger, approached a hut which they entered, and where they found an old negress, whom they made to understand they wanted food. The old woman gave them some eggs, with which Sir Bartle prepared an omlette, while it was cooking he caught sight of some black things strung on a thread, and seized them and mixed them in the mess, which was eaten and found excellent. As they were about finishing the last morsel, the old lady's husband came in, and in great anger exclaimed, "Wretched strangers, you have eaten my war trophies!" "What trophies?" was the question. "Those which were hanging from the ceiling, the ears of the warriors I have slain." Sir Bartle Frere found it hard to save his life, and suffered indigestion for four days.

A Curious Gem from Lake Superior.—Dr. Van R. Bich, of Oswego County, N. Y., has in his possession one of the most curious gems that has ever come before the attention of connoisseurs, and is pronounced by jewelers and others to be among the most exquisite of nature's specimens. Experts in gems have been puzzled to give it a distinct name. It was found by a Huron Indian on the shores of Lake Superior, and is a compound of four classes of stones agglomerated together so as to constitute a perfect gem of rare beauty. The stones comprised in it are agate, cornelian, perite, and crystal. Among the other remarkable features of this curious gem are the appearance upon each side, as if from the hand of an engraver, of a resemblance to a miniature crown, the clearly defined forms of a black-and-tan dog, the head of an owl, the tracings of the shores of little lakes and other remarkable phenomena, rarely if ever found in stones of any kind.

Barbarous Cruelty.—A rich French banker, who always passes the Winter in Paris, adopted the following plan when he wished his gardener to send him from his country house in Touraine a dish of green peas during the month of January. He dispatched a carrier pigeon, with the following note under his wing: "Gather a basket of green peas in the forcing-house, and send it me by express with the pigeon which carries this note, for the bird is very fat, and I intend to eat it with the vegetables ordered."

A Large Meeting at Exeter Hall, London, protested against the toleration of Roman practices in the Church of England. The matter engaged the attention of the Lords, spiritual and temporal, in the House of Lords recently, but was not definitely disposed of. The Archbishop of York explained that but 2½ per cent of the English clergy were disposed towards Romanism in the Church of England.

It is stated that should the Dutch attempt to resume the offensive against Atchin they will meet with a stronger resistance than ever. The Atchinese are prepared to defend the country for two or three years, during which the Sumatra pepper plantations would be ruined. Chinese coolies are enlisting as soldiers.

India Rubber Tyres for wheels, especially adapted for the use of velocipedes, invalids' carriages, basket and other chaises, children's carriages, etc., are novelties brought out in London, and excite attention in England. By a patent device they can be easily placed in position, and will not come off. This invention combines comfort with utility and economy.

A Marriage will shortly take place between Joaquin Miller, the American poet and author of "Songs of the Sierras," and Miss Hardy, the novelist, daughter of Sir Thomas Duffus Hardy.—*Court Journal.*

The Reigning Beauty in Rome at present is the Austrian Princess Forstemburg, a great dark woman with man-like black hair, a huge coiffure, large black eyes, rich skin, heroic features, and a Venus of Milo form.

Punch maintains that there is one glaring deficiency in the lord-chancellor's Judicature Bill: no clause provides for the creation of a lord chief justice!

A Thirty Pound Salmon is worth but fifty cents in Portland, Oregon. In San Francisco it would sell for about $3, in New York for $7.50.

It has been Discovered, recently, that the organ of rational language lies in the third convolution of the left anterior lobe of the brain.

ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).
Successors to J. Seligman & Co.
London Office, No. 3 Angel Court. San Francisco Office, No. 412 California street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000, Subscribed, $3,000,000; Paid in, $1,500,000, remainder subject to call. Directors in London—Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Reuben D. Sassoon, William F. Scholfield, Isaac Seligman, Julius Leuton. Managers in San Francisco—Fred'k F. Low and G. Sneath, Ignatz Steinhart. The Bank is now prepared to open Accounts, Receive Deposits, make Collections, Buy and Sell Exchange, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world and loan Money on proper securities. The Stock of this Bank being held by leading Bankers and Capitalists of Europe and America, the Bank will have superior facilities in the negotiation of State, Municipal and other securities abroad.
July 5. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

Messrs. J. Seligman & Co., having transferred their Banking Business and good will to the Anglo-Californian Bank, Limited, would request all persons indebted to them to settle their accounts with MR. IGNATZ STEINHART (412 California street), who is authorized to sign in liquidation.
San Francisco, July 2, 1873. [July 5.] J. SELIGMAN & CO.

THE WESTERN SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.,
136 Montgomery st., Occidental Hotel Building, San Francisco. Capital, $1,000,000. H. J. Booth, President, A. G. Styles, Vice-President and Cashier, J. H. Griffiths, Secretary, H. H. Haight, Attorney; Robert Watt, P. S. Weaver, S. Schreiber, Executive Committee. Directors—L. S. Adams (of Adams, McNeill & Co.) Sacramento and San Francisco; H. H. Haight, ex Governor, Alameda; P. L. Weaver (of Weaver, Taylor & Co.) San Francisco; S. P. Taylor, San Francisco; Simon Schreiber (of Schreiber & Howell,) Sacramento and San Francisco; Robert Watt, ex-Controller of State, San Rafael; H. J. Booth (of H. J. Booth & Co., Union Iron Works) San Francisco; Anson G. Stiles, San Francisco; I. B. Harris, San Francisco; Isaac Lohman, Oakland; Peter Spreckles, San Francisco.
All kinds of SAVINGS, Commercial and Trust Fund Deposits, will be received in sums of not less than three dollars. DIVIDENDS will be payable semi-annually, in January and July of each year. No charge will be made for opening accounts. Loans will be made on security of Real Estate, United States Stocks and other approved securities. July 12.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, E. D. Morgan. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.
Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. March 28.

ODD FELLOWS' SAVINGS BANK.—DIVIDEND NOTICE.
The Board of Directors of the Odd Fellows' Savings Bank have this day declared a dividend at the rate of nine 63-100 (9 63-100) per cent. per annum on Permanent deposits, and at the rate of eight 3-100 (8 3-100) per cent. per annum on Short deposits, for the semi-annual term ending June 30th, 1873, payable on and after the 21st instant. JAMES BENSON, Secretary.
San Francisco, July 8, 1873. July 12.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
San Francisco Savings Union. No. 532 California street, corner of Webb.—For the half year ending with 30th June, 1873, a dividend has been declared at the rate of nine and six tenths (9 6-10) per cent. per annum on Term deposits, and eight (8) per cent. per annum on Ordinary deposits, free of Federal Tax—payable on and after 14th July, 1873. By order, LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.
July 12.

REMOVAL.
John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, has Re-moved to 731 Montgomery street, opposite the Odd Fellows' Building. Always prepared to discount good Commercial Paper at the lowest rates. City and County Property bought and sold. July 12.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.
Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office No. 201 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.
Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M. for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.
The Board of Directors have declared the dividend on deposits for the first half year of 1873, ending this date. On Term Deposits, at the rate of nine and six tenths (9 6-10) per cent. per annum, on Ordinary Deposits at the rate of eight (8) per cent. per annum, free of Federal tax, payable on and after July 15.
By order, GEO. LETTE, Secretary.
San Francisco, June 30th, 1873. July 5.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—SAN FRANCISCO SAVINGS UNION.
532 California street, corner of Webb.—For the half year ending with the 30th of June, 1873, a dividend has been declared at the rate of nine and six-tenths (9 6-10) per cent. per annum on Term Deposits, and eight (8) per cent. per annum on Ordinary Deposits, free of Federal tax, payable on and after July 14, 1873. By order. [July 5.] LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,
6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't, Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3.

COSMOPOLITAN DIME SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,
No. 620 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits, One per Cent. per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, six per Cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book.
J. CROCKER, Secretary. [May 16.] W. S. THOMPSON, President.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.
411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).
Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 6.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.
Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 3.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.
Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 29.

"THE DOCTOR OF ALCANTARA."

The Custom has been long in vogue in Europe, for those whom Nature has endowed with musical and histrionic ability, to amuse their friends with its private exhibition, and often the general public has been permitted to witness the representation, by amateurs, of dramas and operas in aid of noble charities. Many mansions of the titled and wealthy have apartments especially constructed for such entertainments, and recently, in the United States, the homes of the same class have had similar appendages. Private theatricals and operatic performances have, to a considerable degree, usurped the place of the fashionable ball, and the culture and talent of gifted men and women have found, in them, an expression which has been of true benefit to art.

We are happy to chronicle the inauguration of similar efforts in San Francisco. On Thursday evening, July 17th, at the Mercantile Library Hall the two-act opera of *The Doctor of Alcantara* was produced by amateurs of high social position, and in a style worthy of all commendation. The cast was as follows

"Donna Lucrezia"	Miss Neby Stone
"Isabella"	Miss G Garnett
"Inez"	Mrs Hall McAllister
"Dr Paracelsus"	Mr C W Dungan
"Don Carlos"	Mr V Lincoln
"Don Pomposo" (an Alguazil)	Mr W. Campbell
"Señor Balthazar"	Mr J. E. Tippett
"Sancho" } Porters	Mr W. L. Sprague
"Perez" }	Mr. J. H Sayre
Musical Director	Fred Lyster.

Cards of invitation were issued by Mrs. Hall McAllister and Mrs L. A. Garnett to their friends and acquaintances, and it is needless to say that the fortunate bidden ones were representatives, not only of the fashionable world, but of all that is honored in society. We have never seen in San Francisco a more brilliant assembly. The hour fixed for the overture was half-past eight, but long before that time the hall was crowded with guests, impatient and anxious for the rising of the curtain. The rustle and murmur of expectation found almost audible expression, and it was plain to see that many feared the amateurs had undertaken too ambitious a task. All hoped for the best, and their hopes were more than realized. From the opening serenade of "Don Carlos" to the final chorus, the opera was admirably rendered. Friendly applause speedily gave way to an honest and genuine enthusiasm which never declined for a moment. The ladies were exquisitely costumed, as was to have been expected; but their grace and perfect understanding of the "business" of the piece, the spirit and vivacity of the dialogue, were simply surprising. "Donna Lucrezia" acted her somewhat unamiable role with great discretion and discrimination; and her voice, though not very powerful, was well managed and quite equal to the requirements of the auditorium. "Inez" was the incarnation of the coquettish, mischievous, quick-witted *femme de chambre*, and her charming Spanish costume, brilliant in color and ornamentation, was simply perfect.

It seemed almost a pity that one possessing such talent for the operatic stage should have so long kept it hidden from general recognition and appreciation. Her reputation as a vocalist was already well established, and was more than sustained by this effort. She fairly seemed to inspire the other performers with something of her limitless and exuberant spirits. And then, for the charming "Isabella," what shall we say? Where in this mortal world of sixteen summers, she learned to sing and act so exquisitely, we do not know. Graceful, delicate and girlish in face and form, her voice was pure, fresh and powerful, admirably controlled and evidently equal to a more difficult role. There was no constraint in her manner, and yet there was, at times, a half anxious look in the bright face and a nervous movement of the little hand which held the big Spanish fan so gracefully, showing the ordeal was a trying one. If others were no less admired, certainly none so much had the sympathies of the audience.

The gentlemen all sang well. Vernon Lincoln did "Don Carlos" full justice, though it was somewhat repugnant to our sense of the fitness of things to behold such an awfully soft specimen of the Spanish Don winning and wearing such a bewitching creature as "Isabella." Had the author of the "Doctor" seen the San Francisco cast of his production, he would have remodeled the lover and made him

* * "grand and noble,
With an eye that takes the breath;
And the lute he plays upon
Shall strike ladies into trouble
As his sword strikes men to death!"

Oh, Lord!—Well, never mind! Mr Dungan, as the "Doctor," won much praise for his vocal powers, but he seemed rather over-awed—sort of afraid to touch any body, and when he took hold of "Inez," he appeared to be laying on of hands in a sort of apostolic-succession way. Still, this was better than the other extreme, and his rare modesty is worthy of all commendation. The smaller parts were well-filled, and the two porters, "Sancho" and "Perez," represented by Messrs. Sprague and Sayre, won a deserved encore in the basket duo. Mr Campbell's voice is royal, and we hope, as did all his listeners, some day to see him in a part where he can do himself greater justice than was possible in "Don Pomposo." We wish there was something to criticise unfavorably, but there was not. The whole performance was an absolute, unmitigated, musical and histrionic success. Mr. Fred. Lyster has great reason to be proud of his band of amateur pupils, and he deserves the highest commendation for his skillful management of the orchestral music, which was excellent. We hope to hear that the *Doctor of Alcantara* will be repeated for the benefit of some worthy charity. The music-loving public would rejoice to assist.

NAHL'S PICTURE

Of the Apache Indian Family is in the window of a Kearny street picture store. It is capitally lighted at night, to bring out its strong effects. There is an audacity in Nahl's management, of glaring orange in juxtaposition with cold indigo blue, of moonlight and firelight. No painter in our knowledge better understands the full value of color, its natural effect, or dares to paint so close to nature. The camp-fire glows upon the naked forms, lighting them from below, throwing up all the shadows of facial features, and the superbly painted anatomy of the figures—a splendid study, and impossible, save by the thorough artist and student of superficial anatomy. The cold, silvery moonlight behind the figures, catches upon their bronzed forms, gleaming just where they round against the warm, fire-glow, like the polish on slumbering artillery, silenced by night-fall on the battle-field. The expressed repose in the warrior's attitude contrasts finely with the unceasing watchfulness of his face, as if the body rested while the cold-blood sentinel. The natural way in which the savage mother holds her offspring; the easy grouping of the figures, the floating cinders like butterflies of fire, the still cold, silvery stars, spotting the chill, blue heavens, are evidences of sentiment, poetry, study and knowledge which would honor any painter. Yet, this *chef d'œuvre*, with all its beauties, is "*caviar to the general*." B.

Barry and Patten's Book sells well in the Atlantic States; no small compliment to the authors, for, in old cities, where culture and literary tastes are more things, of course, than in our scrambling, money-chasing community, there are so many who discriminate between good amateur writing and professional bosh, that the book must stand strictly upon its literary merits, and is shorn of the local interest which is attached to it in California. We know it would sell largely in our community, but it has far surpassed our most sanguine expectations. When are we to have the next volume?

St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post Street, the Rev. Dr. Scott, Pastor, will preach Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. The public cordially invited to attend. At the beginning of the morning service children may be presented for baptism. Sunday School, 9½ A. M.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Montana, seventeen days from Panama and way ports, reached port yesterday, bringing a large and valuable cargo from New York and Liverpool, 600 bags coffee, and a large sum of Mexican dollars.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Delay—In this city, July 14th, to the wife of D. J. Delay, a daughter.
Fox—In this city, July 12th, to the wife of C. J. Fox, a daughter.
Holcombe—In this city, July 12th, to the wife of S. F. Holcombe, a son.
Laib—In this city, July 13th, to the wife of Joseph Laib, a son.
Lawrence—In this city, July 15th, to the wife of Capt. F. Lawrence, a daughter.
Lewald—In this city, July 14th, to the wife of L. Lewald, a son.
Salinger—In this city, July 14th, to the wife of Julius Salinger, a daughter.
Schnoor—In this city, July 11th, to the wife of H. Schnoor, a daughter.
Stecker—In this city, July 10th, to the wife of Wm. Stecker, a daughter.
Reeves—In this city, July 14th, to the wife of G. M. Reeves, a son.
Unger—In this city, July 17th, to the wife of Louis Unger, a son.

ALTAR.

Bruce-Copeland—In this city, July 12th, Donald Bruce to Lillie Copeland.
Brion-Gimbel—In this city, July 15th, Paul Brion to Christine Gimbel.
Goodnow-McMellen—In this city, July 14th, C. V. Goodnow to C. McMellen.
Gon-Shuler—In Healdsburg, July 3d, Peter R. Golt to Mary A. Shuler.
Halm-Lauchly—In this city, July 12th, George Halm to Elizabeth Lauchly.
Jay-McCarthy—In this city, July 14th, John Jay to Margaret McCarthy.
Koch-Grossmann—In this city, July 13th, M. Koch to Julia Grossmann.
Swett-Davis—In Visalia, July 6th, W. K. Swett to Lizzie A. Davis.

TOMB.

Cadue—In this city, July 17th, Marie de la Coste Cadue, aged 96 years.
Dowd—In this city, July 13th, Eleanor Dowd, aged 70 years.
Folger—In this city, July 13th, Joanna Folger, aged 57 years.
Gavin—In this city, July 14th, Simon Gavin, aged 60 years.
Heald—In this city, July 12th, A. A. Heald, aged 21 years.
Hansen—In this city, July 12th, H. P. Hansen, aged 49 years.
Holcombe—In this city, July 16th, Emma A. Holcombe, aged 37 years.
Poole—In this city, July 11th, Emma J. Poole, aged 30 years.
Smith—In this city, July 12th, Frederick Smith, aged 62 years.
Tilden—In this city, July 17th, Captain J. Browne Tilden, aged 73 years.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES	TEAS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$30 00 @ — —	Japans	$— 20 @ — 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 4 @ — 6	Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
Metal Sheathing ℔	— 21 @ — 23	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No 1, ℔	9 @ — 9½
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	11 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 7 @ — 9½
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 6 @ — 7½
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11½
Banca Tin, ℔	— 26 @ — 28	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Quicksilver	1 00 @ — —	Peruvian	— 6 @ — 8
COAL		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	11 00 @ 12 00	Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 41
Australian	11 25 @ 12 —	Adamantine	— 14 @ — 18
Cumberland	20 00 @ 22 50	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS	
Anthracite	10 00 @ 12 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	6 50 @ — —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 00 @ 8 50	Whisky Irish	5 00 @ 5 60
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ℔	— 19 @ — 20	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 21 @ — 23	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 19 @ — 20	BAGS AND BAGGING	
Costa Rica	— 19 @ 20	Chicken Gunnies, 200-℔	— 18 @ — 19
RICE.		Gunny Bags in Bales	— 1. @ — 18
China, No. 1, ℔	— 6½ @ 7	Burlap Bags	— 15 @ — 15
China, No. 2	— 6 @ — 6½	Hessian, 40-inch, ℔ yard	— 11 @ — 12
Hawaiian	— 6½ @ — 7½	DOMESTIC STAPLES	
WINES.		Wool, ℔	— 15 @ — 25
Champagne, ℔ doz.	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 6 @ 6½
Port according to brand, ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 17 @ 1.½
Sherry, do. do	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs.	1 65 @ 1 75
OIL		Barley	1 15 @ 1 25
		Oats	1 75 @ 1 90
Coal and Kerosene	— 34 @ — 42	Flour, ℔ 100 lbs.	4 50 @ 5 50

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE. A. M.	CLOSE. P. M.	ARRIVE. A. M.	ARRIVE. P. M.
* Sundays excepted.				
Alameda *	6.30	..	..	9 00
Antioch, Black Diamond, etc *		1.00		12 10
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co's steamers) *	..	3 15		9.10
Cloverdale and Coast Points *		3.15	10 30	....
Eureka *	..	1 40	12 00	.. ..
Napa Route via Vallejo *		3 40	12 40	....
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6.30	..	..	9 00
Oakland	6.30	3 40	....	1.00 / 9 00
Overland	6.30		..	9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points *	..	1 15		12 30
Sacramento via Vallejo	7.15	3 40	..	12 40 / 8 40
San Rafael *	9.15	...	9.00	..
San Jose	7 30	4 10	9 30	6.10
Southern California and Arizona *	7 35			6 00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6.30	3 40	3 00	9 10
Vallejo and Benicia	7 15	3 40	12 40	9 10
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County *	..	3 40	..	8 10
Great Britain, Monday and Thursday		9 00		....

Mails Dispatched by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

General Delivery open daily from 8 a.m. till 6.30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p. m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec 24.

CHILI ALFALPA SEED OF THE NEW CROP,

Ex Steamer just arrived. — For sale in lots to suit, by S. W. MOORE & CO., Seedsmen, No. 420 Sansome street, San Francisco. July 19.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 22.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

No. 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. Jan 4.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 24.]

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	30@	40
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	25@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz.	40@	
Lard, ℔	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	2@	3
Lima Beans, ℔	5@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	3@	
Onions, ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ℔	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz.	25@	
Celery, ℔ doz b.	75@	
Beets, ℔ doz b.	@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b.	@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b.	@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b.	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔	5@	6
String Beans, ℔	6@	15
Apples, ℔	6@	12
Pears, ℔	6@	10
Peaches, ℔	15@	20
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	12@	15
Do new, ℔	16@	
Oranges, ℔ doz.	60@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	25
Limes, ℔ doz.	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	25@	30
Geese, ℔ pair	2 00@3	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 00@2	25
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	
Hares, each	@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ℔ 100	60@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	20@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	12@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔	12@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish ℔	16@	
Smelts, ℔	10@	
Tomcod, ℔	12@	
Sturgeon, ℔	5@	
Flounders, ℔	12@	
Halibut, ℔	40@	
Perch, ℔	6@	
Shrimps, ℔	6@	
Anchovies, ℔	4@	
Soles, ℔	25@	

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 20, Stevenson's Building, S.W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

BIZ.

The Two most Interesting Features of the Week in Trade Circles have been the public offerings of Syrup and Teas at the Auction Rooms of S. L. Jones & Co. The Golden Syrup was the joint offering of the California and San Francisco and Pacific Refineries consisting of 10,000 kegs, bbls and hf bbls. Terms 60 days, or 2½ per cent. discount for cash. The trade price has for months past been 60 a 60 a 52½c for the three-sized packages. The attendance was large, yet the bidding was by no means spirited. The first lot of 600 kegs sold at 41c, then 5,000 kegs, in lots to jobbers, at 39c, the buyer having the privilege of taking bbls at 7c less, hf bbls 5c per gal less than keg price. It is somewhat surprising that the trade did not sweep the market of the entire line offered, considering the extreme low prices, much less than the cost of the product.

Arrivals during the current week, including ship Glad Tidings, 158 days from New York, to Geo. Howes & Co., bringing a full cargo of general merchandise, embracing the usual assortment.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Colorado, from Hongkong, via Yokohama, arrived here on the 13th inst., upon schedule time, bringing Government mails, a goodly number of cabin passengers, 1,081 Chinese, and a full cargo of Tea and other merchandise. We are kindly indebted to the purser for a brief resume of the cargo, which we find to consist of 18,009 pkgs Tea, 172 pkgs silk, 5,553 pkgs Chow Chow. The larger portion of the Tea and Silk goes East, and is in transit as follows: To New York, 10,457 pkgs Tea, 164 pkgs Silk, and 6 pkgs unspecified, to Boston, 781 pkgs Tea, to Chicago, 1,321 pkgs, and for Toronto, Canada, 100 pkgs same—making a total for reshipment East by Central Pacific Railway of 12,663 pkgs Tea and 171 pkgs Silk, etc. For San Francisco, 5,314 pkgs Tea, 4 pkgs Silk, 300 bales Hemp, and 5,225 pkgs Chow Chow. The ship Sumatra, from Hongkong, 63 days, to Macondray & Co., arrived same day, bringing 388 Chinese, 10,739 bags Rice, 800 rolls Matting, etc. The Br steamship Drummond Castle, Tea-laden from Shanghae to London, was totally lost May 31st, on Chusan Group. All hands saved. 2,000,000 lbs of new crop Teas were totally lost, a heavy loss for British underwriters. The commercial news from China and Japan is not of special importance to our readers, and want of space forbids further reference.

There is no Special Stir in Business Circles just now, nor is it in accordance with past usage that there should be any considerable degree of activity in midsummer, when so many of our rich men—millionaires and their families—are at Yosemite or the Spa, rusticating. It is wonderful to see how fashionable our people are becoming. All anxious to go a fishing or some other fanciful amusement, anything to kill time and limber up the weary drabs a bit. Queer, isn't it! But such is life, and who is not benefited by a few weeks' run into the country, far from the annoyances of city life and beyond the newsboy cry of "Fire on the mountains," or some other senseless cry.

The Pacific Mail Steamship China took her departure on the 16th inst. for Hongkong, via Yokohama, carrying Government mails, passengers, 3,100 bbls. Flour, and other cargo, valued at $15,000, besides $100,000 in Treasure. Steamer freights on Flour to China, within a few short months, have fallen from $10 to $13 per ton down to $2 and $3 50—this latter rate charged by the China. Opposition is a great leveler, when the gates are once opened to competition.

Wheat to the Australian Colonies.—Very unexpectedly to the trade, the British ship Atlanta has cleared for Sydney with 22,400 centals new Wheat. A year ago the pioneer vessel of this trade was dispatched, July 15th, for the same port—brk. Brewster, with 9,913 centals. It is impossible for us now to say whether any more is needed or not.

Barley to South America.—The Hazard and Laura are both under charter for Antofogasta, and combined will carry about 10,000 sks of the new crop. It is rumored that a vessel will soon be dispatched for Iquique with same grain. Our Barley crop in 1872 was the largest, with one exception, ever harvested on this coast, and it is thought the present will be like unto it.

The Hay Crop in 1872 amounted to more than 500,000 bales. That quantity was sent to the city (more than in any preceding year), and yet we presume a very considerable more was consumed in hand. High prices ruled all the year.

Potatoes, to the extent of 600,000 sacks were marketed last year—the greatest quantity ever gathered in one year for the city trade. Prices very remunerative to the grower.

Wool.—We are now receiving free supplies from Oregon. The last steamer brought us 1,000 bales, selling for the choice 24@36c, 15@30c for medium, and 15c for Burry and defective Southern Fleece. Our stock yet remaining unsold, 1,500,000 pounds.

Hides continue to arrive from Mexican ports. They are at all times a salable article. Dry salted at 16½@17½c. Wet, salted, 8½@9c.

The Market for Breadstuff shows a good degree of animation. Shippers pay $1 65 to $1 67½ for Wheat, and for Flour $4 to $4 25 for common, $4 50 for standard, and $5 to $5 50 for extras. Barley commands $1 15 to $1 25. Oats sells at $1 65 to $1 85 per cental. Hay $12 to $15 per ton. Our receipts of Flour and Wheat for the harvest year ending June 30, 1872-73:

	—Flour—Bbls.—			—Wheat—Ctls.—	
	1872.	1873.		1872.	1873.
California	130,981	222,279	California	2,391,660	10,750,895
Oregon	138,352	92,236	Oregon	271,253	61,932
Totals	278,333	314,515	Totals	2,662,913	10,812,847

Export values of Flour and Wheat for the harvest year ending June 30, 1872-3:

	—1872—			—1873—	
Flour, bbls	270,070	$1,654,653	Flour, bbls	251,615	$1,381,121
Wheat, ctls	1,401,389	8,291,541	Wheat, ctls	9,822,658	17,705,587

Oregon continues to send us freely of her surplus Breadstuff. In July, 1871-72, we received 138,352 barrels Flour against 92,236 bbls of same in 1872-73. This last year Oregon has been shipping Wheat and Flour direct to the United Kingdom, also, Flour to Hongkong. She is opening up a large trade with Victoria, V. I., and also shipping considerable Flour to ports on Puget Sound. Oregon's crop this harvest year is now exceedingly promising.

Our Exports by Sea for the past week have been as follows: Mallerville for Liverpool carried 26,516 ctls Wheat, valued at $52,250. Alcatraz for Liverpool had 20,378 ctls Wheat, 50 tons Copper Ore, valued at $46,022. Atalanta for Sydney carried 22,400 ctls Wheat, 60,000 feet Lumber, valued at $39,600. Vallejo for Liverpool had 24,210 ctls Wheat, valued at $40,552. China for China carried 2,154 bbls Flour, 30 rolls Leather, etc., valued at $23,931, same for Japan had 940 bbls Flour, 72 rolls Leather, 50 cs Borax, etc., valued at $30,628. Galley of Lorne for China had 7,280 bbls Flour, 90 ctls Oats, 1,2,000 feet Lumber, etc., valued at $25,400. T. W. Lucas for Melbourne carried 319 doz Brooms, 200 cs Borax, 196,000 feet Lumber, 2,000 cs Salmon, etc., valued at $47,545.

There is an Unaccountable Degree of Inactivity pervading mercantile circles. This is not alone peculiar to the Pacific slope, but is apparent in Eastern cities, in Liverpool, and in business marts generally the world over, and why it is so is a query. Yes, a problem difficult to solve. In conversing, recently, with leading merchants upon this very subject, they declared that in a business experience of more than a quarter of a century here and at New York they had never before witnessed its parallel. There is no scarcity of money, there is no commercial panic, there is apparently no disturbing element in the horizon, and yet there seems to be a very general disinclination to enter into or open any mercantile ventures requiring large expenditures of capital, credit, or moneyed obligations of any description whatever. With us everything bears the impress of prosperity. Our crops are all good. Harvests of cereals and fruits are generally up to the full average. Mines of precious metals are yielding copiously of their hidden wealth, yet we fail to see any life or animation in business circles. The credit of our merchants and traders is unquestioned, and while there is no disposition to buy goods in large parcels or entire invoices there is a steady good jobbing trade in all departments. Consumption is large, but the hand to mouth policy prevails.

Bags are in better demand—Grain Sacks of standard size, 22x36. Burlaps have now advanced to 15c. White Gilroy Bags are held at 15c, recent sales have been liberal at 14½c and upwards. Candles are steady in price—14½@15c. Coals continue to rule: 300 tons Scotch, ex Maggie Douglass, sold at $10; Liverpool Steam, $9; Bellingham Bay, $8 50; Seattle, $10; Nanaimo, $12; Cumberland, $20@$22½. Coffee is plentiful at 18@20c for greens. Cement—Rosendale, firm at $4 3 25; Portland, $5. Chemicals, in good request, at improved rates, stock light. Borax, very plentiful, at lessened rates. Our exports for six months, 8,523 cases, valued at $225,000.

Fish.—Our Salmon interest is steadily growing in importance. Receipts in six months from the North, 50,000 cases, and exports in the same time, 22,000 pkgs. French goods are in large supply; imports of Wines very much greater than in 1872. Metals are plentiful and cheap. Pig Iron hard to sell at $30. Matting is slow of sale. Naval stores dull of sale. Nails are concentrated and held with firmness. Oils are rather sluggish, with no considerable sales. Petroleum plentiful, and prices favor the buyer. Provisions of all kinds continue to sell low. Quicksilver commands $1, with an upward tendency, the products light. The reader will be surprised at lessened exports, as annexed:

Exports by sea from January 1, 1873, to July 1, 1873.

To	Flasks.	Value.
China	1,000	$62,850
Mexico	1,149	73,053
South America	301	21,314
Australia	105	7,260
Victoria	7	608
Japan	30	2,160
Totals first six months, 1873	2,583	$173,973
Totals first six months, 1872	5,723	372,435
Totals first six months, 1871	8,200	49,734

Rice Imports for the six months of 1873, 18,000,000 ℔; in same time 1872, 22,500,000 ℔; 1871, 20,000,000. Hawaiian table is plentiful at 7c and less. China predominates at 6 a 7c; Siam, 5½ a 5¾c. Salt imports are considerably less than for same period last year, the market is sluggish. Soap receipts show a large increase over last year—not very flattering to local manufacturers. Spices are in scant supply. Spirits are plentiful although imports have largely fallen off, particularly brandy and gin.

Sugar.—We quote Hawaiian grocery grades 7 a 9c; White, Refined, 11 a 11½c, Golden, 9½c. Golden Syrups, 40 a 60c, according to package.

The Tea Sale yesterday of Jones & Co., Macondray's importation, was quite a success. The prices obtained were, on an average, greater than was anticipated by the trade. Terms cash for all sums under $500; over $500, sixty to 90 days, or a discount allowed of 3 per cent. for cash. 1,000 hf chests Japan's new crop, each 30 lbs, in ¼, ½ and ½ ℔ papers, sold in lots at 41½@43c; the same in bulk, 42¾@42½c. Comet, Oolong & China, 1872 crop, 200 hf chests, all ½ ℔ papers, sold at 72½@73½c. Japan's flowered boxes, each 4½ ℔—1,500 sold at 46@45; 20 do, 5 ℔ boxes, 45@46c; 12 large fancy Lacquered boxes, each 60 ℔ Yamashiro, sold at 60@61c; 1,250 boxes, each 5 ℔ Lacquered boxes Oojee, sold at 63c; 100 large jars, each 70 ℔, sold at 48½@47; 1,220 3 ℔ Lacquered boxes, 43c; 100 cases, each 4 to 4½ ℔ Lacquered boxes, 39@50c.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending July 18, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y	NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	7½	7½	6¾
Alpha	—	26	25	Kentuck	9	6¾	6¾
Alps	—	1½	—	Kentucky	—	—	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—	Knickerbocker	3	3	3½
American Flag	5½	5½	—	Kossuth	—	—	—
Arizona & Utah	1½	1½	2.4	Louise	—	30	—
Arkansas	—	—	—	Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—	Mahogany	—	3	—
American Flat	3½	—	5	Mammoth	—	—	—
Bacon	—	—	—	Meadow Valley	18¼	18½	—
Baltimore Consolidated	6	9	8½	Minnesota	16¼	—	—
Belcher	64½	67	82	Newark	5¾	6	—
Belmont	3½	3½	—	New York Consolidated	1	1	—
Bullion	—	—	—	Noonday	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	—	3½	—	Occidental	30½	31½	13
Buckeye	—	—	—	Ophir	—	35	—
Caledonia	12½	11	12	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	30	32½	30
Cederberg	3½	5	—	Overman	—	—	—
Central	—	5	—	Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—	Page & Panaca	1¼	1	—
Chapman	—	—	—	Pea Vine	—	30	—
Chief of the Hill	—	2	—	Phenix	40	40	—
Chief East Extension	30	33	—	Picton	—	15	—
Chollar	40½	46	40	Pioche	5½	—	—
Columbus	—	—	—	Pioche West	—	1	—
Confidence	6½	6½	6¾	P Phenix	2½	—	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Raymond & Ely	57½	60	—
Consolidated Virginia	85½	92	90	Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—	Rye Patch	7½	6½	—
Crown Point	97	97	94	Red Jacket	—	4½	—
Central No. 2	—	—	—	Savage	88	51½	55½
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Seg Belcher	63	50	41
Daney	—	1½	1½	Sierra Nevada	9¼	9¾	8¾
Eclipse	5	—	4	Silver Peak	—	—	—
El Dorado	7¾	7¾	—	Silver Hill	15¾	15	—
Empire Mill	4½	4½	4½	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Empire Idaho	—	½	—	Sterling	1¾	2	1¾
Eureka Consolidated	12	12	—	Soccor	—	—	—
Eureka, G V	31	—	—	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Exchequer	7¾	7½	8	Silver Chariot	—	—	—
Globe	1	¾	½	South Overman	—	½	—
Golden Chariot	—	20	19	St. Patrick	—	—	—
Gould & Curry	12	11¼	10	South Comstock	—	—	—
Gillis	—	—	—	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	31	33	28	Tyler	—	—	—
Hermes	7½	—	—	Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Huhn & Hunt	2	2¼	—	Utah	—	—	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—	Washington & Creole	1½	2½	—
Ida Elmore	—	4½	—	Washoe	2	2	1¾
Imperial	5¼	5½	5½	Woodville	—	—	—
Independent	1	—	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Ingomar	—	¾	—	Yellow Jacket	52	52½	50
Insurance	—	—	—	Yule Gravel	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—				
Jackson	—	—	—				
Julia	2	2	—				

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus * † Buyer 30.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any; and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other Journal.]

Lick House, Monday, July 14, 1873.

Editor News Letter:—Act up to your promise and let us, for goodness sake, have a little more of your very sensible talk about German music. Mothers are drummed to death with all sorts of disagreeable sounds without daring to remonstrate, for fear of being thought vulgar. Just ask your friend Mrs. C. how it is. She can tell you. A *News Letter* well wisher, A Mother.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

Advertising Proverbs.—If advertising is worth having, it is worth paying for. Don't expect an advertisement to bear fruit in a single night like the Prophet's gourd. Advertise as you would angle for fish; drop your lines in the right places. People that advertise only once in six months seem to forget that most people cannot remember anything longer than six days.

Coldly blew the wintry breezes,
The lowering heavens frowned,
And a dread war of elements
Spread consternation round.
But I, contented and happy,
Shut close behind my shutters,
Smoked my cigar, and took my glass
Of good Hotaling's Cutter's.

George Francis Train has called upon the London press to make the *amende honorable* for having published a libel in a telegram which stated that he had been incarcerated in a lunatic asylum. George says he is not half as mad as the London editors are, who he has heard are very often in the habit of standing on their dignity, a habit which he considers more indicative of madness than standing on their heads. To prove that he is not mad, he proposes a trip to San Francisco, where he will be photographed by Houseworth, 12 Montgomery street, and thus distributed to the world.

Look at that gallant stepper,
Observe his motions well.
His temper hot as pepper,
Ears pricked to hear the bell.
Look, too, how well his harness fits,
'Tis Main & Winchester's make,
Observe how easily it sets—
Its leather no horse can break.

A Washington Physician, asserted to be of large experience and close observation, has discovered and announced to the world that bald-headed men, as a rule, die young. He says that a person who retains his hair past the age of sixty-five has a good prospect of living to be over eighty. There is encouragement in this, and never did we carress our luxuriant locks with greater pleasure. Go, all ye bald heads, and get your photographs taken at Bradley & Rulofson's, ere it is too late, so that future generations may have something to admire.

I Love my little wife,
I love my children three,
For without them my life
Would most unhappy be.
But what I love the most,
With love that cannot change,
And of which I make a boast,
Is De la Montanya's Range.

"The Tailor makes the man," is an old but true adage. The best dressed man we have seen for some time met us on Montgomery street the other day. He is a well-known citizen, and has long been noted for the perfect cut of his clothes. We asked him where he managed to get such clothes made. He said, "Come and I'll show you." We went, and he took us and introduced us to Mr. Peter Short, Merchant Tailor, No. 613 Montgomerty, N. W. corner of Merchant street. We fancy we are dressed as well as he is now.

Nature, ever kind and bounteous, has provided all her creatures with every necessary and many luxuries. Man, her proudest creation, has reached a hight of civilization that elevates him to a position from which he can look look down on the rest of the universe and turn to his own use the rest of the creation. Nature has been especially bounteous to man in California. She has given him grapes from which a wine that the gods might envy as the possession of. We allude to Gerke.

O, Oyster, in thy pearly shell
Man's richest luxury doth dwell,
No fish that swims thro' the deep sea,
Compares old friend bivalve to thee,
And I have seen a rich rare stock—
I'm off now to the Saddle Rock

No One can properly appreciate home and home comforts who has not an eye to both comfort and elegance in the furnishing of his or her house. Not only has elegant furniture a pleasing effect upon the senses, but also exercises a subtle influence, which is hard to explain and to account for. Yet so it is. Any one who has furnished their house (as thousands have) from the store of N. P. Cole can at once see what we mean, and perhaps can account in some measure for it.

"**Quisquid Homines,** votum, timor, vis voluptas,
Gaudia, discursus, nostri est parrago libelli."
"All men's affairs, their hopes, fears, rage,
Joys and pursuits are crowded in my page."

The above is what Juvenal, with wonderful modesty, says of his satires, and might be very truly said of wine. Joys rich and rare are only obtained by drinking Eberhart & Lachman's Native Champagne and other wines. Foreign wines produce "fears and rage."

A Society Writer in the New York Mail reports that the sweet, stylish young ladies in that city have struck against the tyranny of the milliners, and make their own bonnets. The gentlemen also have found great fault with the haberdashers, and get their sisters to make their ties, collars, etc. What an unhappy state of affairs it must be, and how fortunate we are in having a house like Anderson & Irving's, on Montgomery street, to buy all our haberdashery at.

The Forms of Prayer are very well
For saving souls from nether hell,
But forms reliable and sure
Are only made by Gilbert & Moore;
For all the furniture they make,
Unlike commandments, will not break.

"Let Us," said a friend, "take a drive; the day is fine, and the wind does not blow as hard as usual." "Where shall we drive to?" said I. "The Cliff House Road is played out, and the Ocean Road has no charms for me, the seals no interest." "Why," said my friend, "we will drive out to the Villa, kept by Mr. and Mrs. Mangernberg, at the Golden Gate Park." We drove there, and never did I spend a more enjoyable day.

The Shah of Persia is now the great card of the day. Persia is connected in our minds with a boyish drink called "Persian Sherbet," a drink which was wonderfully productive of stomache-ache and other delectable complaints. Shawls and carpets also are made in Persia. But we very much doubt if their carpets can compare with European made ones, such as are sold by Plum & Bell

Harry Blanken says that he wants all his city friends to call and see him. He has a rare curiosity to show them which is worth going any number of miles to see. It is an honest "bar-keeper." Call at the Six Mile House."

What a Boon to the short-sighted Muller's Spectacles are, and how universally they are used! Mr. James Algar, Muller's polite assistant, astonished us when he told us the number made and sold yearly.

Brown's Bronchial Troches, for Pulmonary and Asthmatic Disorders, have proved their efficacy by a test of many years, and have received testimonials from eminent men who have used them.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

July 16—Steamer CHINA . . . . Capt. Cobb.
August 1st—Steamer COLORADO . . . . . Capt. Harris.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 5th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

July 19—NEVADA . . . . . . Capt. Morse.
Aug. 5—ALASKA . . . . . . Capt. Nolan.

All Steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all (except Alaska) call at SAN DIEGO.
Steamers of the 19th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.
Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.
When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge; will leave at 3 P. M., as follows; Thursday, July 24th.
Returning, will leave Honolulu July 8th, and August 7th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Douglass, Friday, July 25.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Saturday, July 19; Thursday, July 31.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON, SAN LUIS OBISPO AND SANTA BARBARA.

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M. as follows.
SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, Tuesday, July 22.
GIPSY, Capt. Rogert, for San Diego and way ports, carrying acids, oils and combustibles—Wednesday, July 30.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, July 22.
No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M. on the 21st.
Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [July 19.] S. K. HOLMAN, Acting Agent.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5:30 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:30 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.
Sunday Excursions.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street.
On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.
May 31 PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 3 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs' Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.
Daily Time Table.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 P. M. from Front street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:30 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco 10:30 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street. [May 1.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria, and Hope Town. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's comfortable Spring Wagons leave Cape Town, without fail, every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and travelling the above route, are due at Du Toit's Pan, the center point of the Diggings, on the seventh day from Town. Under new and improved arrangements, punctuality is ensured. Fare to the Diggings £12. Each Passenger allowed 40 lbs. Luggage. Rest is afforded to Passengers by night stoppage at the principal stations, and Refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the entire route. Passengers' heavy Baggage has precedence by the Company's goods Wagons leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the head office of the Company, No. 42 ADDERLEY STREET, corner of Longmarket street, Cape Town.
R. T. TOWNSROE, Secretary.
Cape Town, 23d March, 1873. May 17.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 30. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The new A 1 Ship Undaunted, Dinsmore, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.
Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.
Apply to [May 21.] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of
May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly—Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
June 14. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED, Leaves Folsom street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—NOTICE.

During the temporary absence of the undersigned, Mr. Edward TAYLOR, Cashier, will have charge of this Company's business as Acting Agent. [June 21.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent P. M. S. S. Co.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 56 Montgomery Block. May 31.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London, J. Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st., Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D Escomte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill, Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Rdge, W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S; Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W., George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N., Thos. Mi?e, 21 Goswell Road, E. C., Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Glosterst, E. C. Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, ... Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Budd, W. C. . . 440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 323 Califor'a st.
Fitch, J. R. . . 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L. . . 413 Cal'a st.
Jonas, J. H. . 431 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. R. . . . 435 Calif'nia st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co. . . . . 425 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. . 433 California st.
Peckham, E. P. . . . 418 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. . . . 401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W. . . . . . 441 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco April 5.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California.—*David Garrick* has run the week with great success, and is to run three days into next week. It is in every way a better play than either "Dundreary" or "Sam," and possesses neither the utter absurdity of the one or the incongruities of the other. The interest is sustained throughout, and more chance is given for good acting on the part of the support than in either of the other pieces Sothern has appeared in. In the drunken scene Sothern plays with great force but very little feeling, appearing more at home in the drunken than in the sentimental outbursts. Miss Graham as "Ida Ingot" took great pains, as she always does, to study her part, and succeeded in rendering it very fairly. Both Mrs. Judah and Mrs. Saunders were immense, the one as the rich snob's wife, and the other as the faded maid. Williamson as "Squire Chevy," the sporting drunken cousin that old Ingot has chosen for Ida, brought down the house. He certainly is very much at home in low comedy. Walter Leman made an excellent "Ingot," and Mestayer as the stuttering shy Jones, did his very best to amuse, and succeeded. We cannot end this critique without regretting that Sothern should prefer breaking through dramatic etiquette and perpetrating a serious anachronism, to sacrificing his mustache. While that mustache remains "Dundreary," without his whiskers, and "Sam" are ever cropping up in "David Garrick," showing how much Sothern owes to nature in the impersonation of both those characters. *Garrick* is to run till Thursday, when *Home*, a most charming play by the same author, Tom Robertson, will be put on the stage.

Shiels' Opera House.—The *New Magdalen*, dramatised from Wilkie Collins' novel of that name, has met with very fair success. As nearly every one has read the novel it is unnecessary to enter into an explanation of the plot. Miss Pateman, as "Mercy Merrick," the "Magdalen," did ample justice to what must be a most difficult character, while Mr. Roche, as "Julian Gray," pleased us very much. Mrs. Edmonds, as "Lady Janet Roy," was sadly out of her element.

Platt's Hall.—Madame Anna Bishop's concerts are the pleasantest ones we have attended for some time. They are not too long, and the music throughout is excellent. Madame Bishop's voice has retained its mellowness in a most extraordinary way, while its artistic training is a wonder to all who have heard her. Her rendering of Meyerbeer's "Ah, Come Rapida" was a most wonderful display of fine and artistic finish, and her "Home, Sweet Home," showed that she was as much at home in the simple ballad as in the difficult aria. Mr Alfred Wilkie has a very sweet, though somewhat weak tenor voice, which he makes the most of, but seems a little bothered to reach the high notes. Mr L. G. Gottschalk sang several good songs in a clear and powerful baritone voice, which might almost pass for a bass. The pianist, Mr. Frank Gilder, is a very brilliant player, and was loudly encored and applauded. Each of the singers had to come back to an encore, to which they responded most graciously. Madame Bishop was presented with a bouquet and a very pretty basket of flowers. We must not close this account without mentioning that a very pretty duet, called "Sunset," by Stephen Massett, was loudly applauded, and was kindly repeated by Madame Bishop and Mr. Wilkie. We noticed Mrs. Agatha States in one of the boxes on Thursday night.

Pacific Hall.—The Baby Show has attracted crowds of people to this hall. There are quite a quantity of babies on exhibition, and some very fine specimens may be seen. It is well worth any one's while to look in at the show, if only to see how pleased and proud the mothers look when their little ones are admired. As this is the last day, people should not loose the chance of seeing so novel and interesting an exhibition.

Marlowe's Benefit.—Few actors have made as many friends in so short a time as Owen Marlowe. His benefit (although for some reason the *Palace of Truth* was not put on the stage) was a complete success. *The Morning Call* was played, with Miss Pateman, McCullough, Marlowe, and Miss Minnie Walton in the cast. Mr Charles Hill rendered a comic song very creditably. Marlowe recited the "Blue and the Gray," and as he was leaving the stage was presented with a handsome gold headed cane from his friends, and a handsome watch and chain from his brother Bohemians.

City Gardens.—The Seals, a benevolent order, composed chiefly of theatrical people, hold their grand Festival and Fair at the City Gardens, Sunday and Monday, July 20th and 21st. The programme contains the names of some of our most prominent artists, and presents a variety of performances seldom to be met with here. A large number of prizes will be distributed, and a most enjoyable two days will be spent by those who are able to attend. The City Gardens are looking very pretty, and will, no doubt, look their best on Sunday and Monday next.

Woodward's Gardens.—These favorite gardens, now made even more interesting than before by the addition of a splendid Aquarium, in which nearly every kind of sea fish can be seen, present a rare programme for to-morrow. The most notable feature is the ascension of the monster Buislay balloon, called "Le Geant," the largest balloon that has ever been on this coast.

San Rafael Orphan Asylum of all Denominations.—The Fair for the relief of the above society has been held for the past week at Platt's Hall, and is to be continued at Union Hall for the present week, etc.

We Hear that Miss Lizzie Ingles, late of the Metropolitan, has retired from the stage, having come in for a legacy of some considerable amount.

A SLIGHT MISTAKE.

A Danbury Man partook of an elegant supper of fried clams, Saturday night, and went home pretty well satisfied with himself and the scenery. At two o'clock the next morning he was awakened by an unusual activity of half a dozen spasms which appeared to have moved in during his sleep. Getting out of bed as hastily as possible, he groped his way to the dresser where he kept a bottle of "Wine of the Woods" standing, and removing the cork hastily swallowed a substantial dose. The moment he got the taste of it he experienced a falling sensation, which, together with the shape of the bottle, created a sudden and ungovernable anxiety within him. "Gracious, Ann!" he said to his wife, "what bottle is that on the dresser?" "Why, mercy!" she exclaimed, "don't touch that; that is my cocoaine!" It was too late, however. He *had* touched it, and merely explaining that he wished to be laid by the side of his mother, he dropped to the floor, and rolled and groaned until every member of the family was awakened, and came dashing into the room, variously clothed with revolvers, knives, and stove legs, and not much of anything else. But it was too late to save those fried oysters. They had moved.—*Danbury News*

The Body's Defence.—The poor body has had very hard lines. Poets, philosophers, and preachers have covered it with ridicule, abuse, lamentation. Shakspeare calls it a muddy vesture of decay; Plato described it as a jibbing horse; Jeremy Taylor treats it almost as if it were the devil himself. But if the poor thing had wit enough to speak for itself, it would say, "Whence comes envy? Is it not a vice of the mind? Whence pride?—the mind again. Whence ambition? the mind again. Whence covetousness—robbery—murder?" If the mind has not all to do with these, at any rate she has the largest part of the guilt. Why, give the poor body a beefsteak and a glass of beer, and it is content. 'Tis the mind that leads it such a dance after the vain glories of the world, and makes it work all kinds of wickedness in the struggle to gain them. Did Robespierre slay his thousands to please his body? What would his body get by it? No. He wanted to please the fancies of his villainous mind.—"*Notes of Thought*," *by the late Charles Buxton, M. P.*

D. N. & E. Walter, whose house of business is so well known, on the corner of Market and Battery streets, have a stock of European carpets, curtains, etc., such as one rarely sees. A stroll around their large warehouse is never time misspent, as they have such a variety of patterns that one might almost imagine oneself to be in a picture gallery.

New Music.—We have received from M. Gray, the publisher, a pretty little English ballad; words, by W. C. Baker; music, by H. P. Danks. Also, a "Valse Brilliante," being selections from the opera of Mignon; arranged by Charles Fradd

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE—850,000 ACRES OF LAND IN SOUTHERN OREGON.

Title Perfect: U. S. Land Grant, fully Confirmed.

The "Pacific Land Company," incorporated with capital stock of 5,000 shares of par value of $200 each, have purchased the road and entire land grant of the OREGON CENTRAL MILITARY ROAD COMPANY, consisting of over 850,000 acres of Agricultural, Grazing and Timber Lands, passing from Eugene City (125 miles from Portland by railroad), through the splendid "Lake Country" to Silver City, near the border of Idaho.
Each share of the PACIFIC LAND COMPANY, thus representing now over 160 acres of land, and is UNASSESSABLE.
Three thousand shares belong to the Company, and will be offered for sale by us, the entire proceeds of which will go into the Treasury.
The first one thousand shares will be offered at $120 per share, United States Currency; say at the rate of 75 cents per acre. Every share will also be received at its par value of $200, in payment for land, so soon as the appraisals are made. Such shares will then be canceled, and not re-issued, and a deed given to the purchaser.
The land will be appraised, at moderate rates, in accordance with its actual value as soon as practicable, in sections of 640 acres, at from $1.50 to $4 per acre, U. S. Currency, and offered for sale. Actual settlers, however, always having the preference.
We refer, as to the character of this magnificent grant of land, to Clarence King, Esq., the United States Geologist for this coast, who is familiar with it from personal observation; also, to the elaborate report of the Hon. B. J. Pengra, late Surveyor-General of Oregon, on this road and lands, from which report we quote: "There is but very little of the entire grant but what is valuable for either farming, grazing or lumbering purposes."
As shares are canceled, the average of acres to the remaining shares will naturally increase, and from cash sales dividends will be declared.
Immigrants, by buying these shares, can secure good lands with perfect title at less than Government rates.
For Custodians of Trust Funds the shares of the Pacific Land Company combine absolute security based on the lands, with promise of large returns, and no investment can be better for children, as the value of the property must increase immensely in a few years.
Remittances for shares can be sent to us by Wells, Fargo & Co., or in registered letters.
Full particulars, maps, and a descriptive pamphlet, can be obtained at our office, where the subscription book of the shares is now open.
YOUNG & PAXSON,
Agents for the Pacific Land Co., Office, No. 421 Montgomery st.

President, H. F. TESCHEMACHER. Directors—J. S. PAXSON, OLIVER ELDRIDGE, J. R. JARBOE and H. F. CUTTER, of San Francisco.
Refer to J. C. AINSWORTH, S. G. REED and W. S. LADD, of Portland, Oregon; B. J. PENGRA, Springfield, Oregon. July 19.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny st., near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; John Woodard, Stage Manager, F. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, July 19, and until further notice—A grand lay out this week. New and varied sports. Fair games and square deals. Cards all good and every one a trump. First time of the great HOO-DOO, an interesting game of Fun and Mystery. Fifty cents a chance. Jenny Johnson, Laura Berron, Susie Robinson, Maggie Kelly, Lotta Gray and Lillie Harland will engage in a comic bout, about as usual, winning all hearts with winning smiles. Go to the Picnic—the Poet will be there. Cassim and Fritz will take a hand in a grand match of "Heads I Win, Tails You Lose." Mat Kelly, Lon Dixon, Tommy Barton, Fred. Ritchie and Tommy Bree play the sharps—George and Ben do the flats while Zimmer naturally deals out notes to both flats and sharps. The only great variety place of amusement in the city. Come and judge for yourself. The cost is mere nothing—for 25 cents you can see it all. July 19.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, July 19, at 2 o'clock—DAVID GARRICK. Matinee.—Saturday Evening, Robertson's exquisite Comedy, in which MR. SOTHERN will appear in his original part of "David Garrick." Mr. McCullough will continue the same play (owing to its unprecedented success), on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday of next week. On Thursday, Friday and Saturday, MR. SOTHERN will appear in Tom Robertson's beautiful Comedy, HOME, written expressly for him. July 19.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherill, Treasurer.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—Great Success of MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. Continued success of FRANK MORAN and BILLY MANNING, the Great Sons of Momus. Manning's great Act, "One night in A Bar Room." Moran's Original Act, entitled, "Laughing Gas." All the other Favorites. Monday, July 21st—Re-appearance of KELLY & LEON. N. B.—Performance commences at 8¼ o'clock. Admission—Dress Circle, $1, Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $10, Parquette, 25 cts.

SHIELS' OPERA HOUSE.

A. M. Gray & Co., Lessees; R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager; W. R. Smith, Business Manager; B. Dohrman, Musical Director, Chas. Carolan, Treasurer. Saturday Matinee at 2 o'clock—NEW MAGDALEN. Saturday Evening, July 19, Wilkie Collins' Great Play, THE NEW MAGDALEN. Matinee Prices, Dress Circle, 50 cts.; Family Circle, 25 cts. July 19.

PLATT'S HALL.—FAREWELL TOUR OF AMERICA.

The World's favorite Cantatrice, Madame Anna Bishop, has the honor to announce her third Concert this Saturday Evening, July 19th, assisted by MR. ALFRED WILKIE, English Tenor, MR. L. G. GOTTSCHALK, Eminent Baritone; MR. FRANK GILDER, Brilliant American Pianist. Admission $1, no extra charge for reserved seats; Private Boxes, $5. Seats can be secured at Gray's Music Store. July 19.

FESTIVAL AND FAIR OF THE BENEVOLENT PROTECTIVE ORDER OF SEALS,

To be held at the City Gardens, on Sunday and Monday, July 20th and 21st, when an Entertainment will be given by upward of 100 Performers, including members from all the Theaters in the city. Full particulars, with complete list of performances, volunteers and prizes, published daily in the "Figaro" and descriptive bills. July 19.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS AND DRIVERS OF VEHICLES.

The Annual License of Vehicles, for the year ending July, 1874, is now due, and if not paid on or before the 31st day of the present month, the owner or driver will be liable for 25 per cent. in addition for each and every month's neglect, and also to a fine of not less than $100, or imprisonment in County Jail.
July 19. E. P. BUCKLEY, License Collector, Office, No. 7 City Hall.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OF DOGS.

The License Tax for July, 1874, is now due, and if not procured on or before the 31st day of the present month, the Poundkeeper and his deputies will arrest all dogs with the old tag on. E. P. BUCKLEY,
July 19. Collector of Licenses, Office, No. 7 City Hall

FOR EUREKA AND CRESCENT CITY.

The Steamship Pelican, J. D. Howell, Commander, will sail for the above ports on TUESDAY, July 22d, at 10 o'clock A. M. Through bills of lading given for Arcata and Hookton at reduced rates.
July 19. BEN. HOLLADAY Jr., Agent, 217 Sansome street

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Jno. L. Stephens, F. Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom-st. wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, July 19, at 10 o'clock A. M. [July 12.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—POSTPONEMENT.

The Sailing of the Steamer Senator, is postponed until Tuesday, July 22, at 3 o'clock P. M., when she will be dispatched for MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON and SAN LUIS OBISPO. [July 19.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent

A LITTLE HISTORY.

The Following Bit of Golden Rhyme appeared in the London *Sunday Times* of January 6, 1849. It attracted the attention of a young man, the son of an English clergyman, and so impressed him that he immediately left for the land where "gold is got in pan and pot." Arriving here in 1849, he set his stakes in the foothills of Placer County, and there they remain yet, and so does the English adventurer, now grown to be an old man. He is still a habitant of one of the primitive log cabins of the country, and eking out a subsistence by putting his hands to such labor as they can find. His bright visions of gold and happiness have long since proven to be the "baseless fabric of a dream." During twenty-four years the unfortunate searcher for gold has kept in his possession a copy of the siren song that enticed him to these shores, and from a time-worn newspaper scrap furnished by him we copy the delusive rhymes of '49. May their appearance in newer and clearer print be to him the precursor of brighter fortune:

A New Gold Song.—Air, "Yankee Doodle."

"What is here?
Gold?—yellow, glittering, precious gold?"—Timon of Athens.

Now's the time to change your clime,
Give up work and tasking;
All who choose be rich as Jews,
Even without asking.
California's precious earth
Turns the new world frantic;
Sell your traps and take a berth,
Across the broad Atlantic.
Every one who digs and delves,
All whose arms are brawny,
Take a pick and help yourselves—
Off to Californy.

Yankee Doodle all agog,
With the golden mania,
Debts no longer prove a clog—
Happy Pennsylvania!
Those who shoot stocks and loans
Kicked up such an old dust,
Live to see the very stones
Come down with the gold dust.
Every one who digs and delves,
Join the Indians tawny,
Take a pick and help yourselves,
In happy Californy.

Shakspeare, of undying fame,
Whom they're going to play so,
Gave to gold a naughty name,
Or made Timon say so,
And the mob their true lands leave,
Corn and canes and "taters,"
To appear, lest it deceive,
As Californicators.
Every one who digs and delves,
Wear your hands quite horny,
Take a pick and help yourselves—
Off to Californy.

Gold is got in pan and pot,
Soup-tureen or ladle,
Basket, bird-cage, and what not,
Even to a cradle!
El Dorado's found at last,
Turba sed virorum
Lose their dazzled heads as fast,
As Raleigh did before 'em.
Choose your able-bodied men,
Navvies bold and brawny,
Give them picks and spades, and then
Off for Californy.

How this flush of gold will end
We have statements ample;
Perhaps a few sacks they will send,
Only for a sample.
But we hope this golden move
Really is all true, sirs,
Else will Yankee Doodle prove
A yankee doodle doo, sirs.
Every one who digs or delves,
Stout and tough and brawny,
Buy a pick and help yourselves—
Off to Californy.

OUR MINES.

The Mining World Thus Speaks of Our Mines: Foreign mines continue dull. Emma, 4¾, 5. It is stated that unfavorable advices have been received, but we have not been able to glean any information at this office. Flagstaff, 13, 13½; we are officially informed that all is going on well. Last Chance, 7¾, 7¾. Tecoma, 10¾, 10½. Eberhardt and Aurora, 6, 6⅛. The Directors have received, since 16th May, 63 bars of silver, worth £15,600, the profit on which has been about half. The assay value averages $80, a very satisfactory figure. It has been ascertained that the cost of reconstructing 30 stamps will not exceed £10,000, which will place the company in a better financial position by £5,000 than anticipated by the Directors. South Aurora, ¾, ⅞. Pacific, ¾, ⅝. Thornhill Reef, 2¼, 2¼. Utah, we learn, but not officially, that a rich body of ore has been cut, containing a better percentage of silver and an appreciable quantity of gold. Sweetland Creek, 4¼, 4¾, a dividend of 4s. per share has been declared. Birdseye Creek, 2¼, 2¼. Cedar Creek, 1¼, 2. Gold Run, 6s., 7s. Malpaso, 1, 1¼. Ilca, 12s., 14s. New Quebrada, 4, 4¾; we are informed that the agent dispatched lately to Venezuela in the interest of this company has returned, and reports that, in his opinion, no obstacles of importance exist to the construction of the railway to the mines owned, and that he received from the highest officials in Caracas the assurance of their approval of the joint enterprise. Shares are very flat and steadily declining. Sierra Buttes, 3⅛, 3⅜; the result of the working at the Sierra Buttes and Plumas Eureka mines for May, received by telegraph, is as follows:—"Sierra Buttes Mine—Receipts, $37,922; cost of mining and milling, $20,670. Plumas Eureka Mine—Receipts, $15,000. Eureka ran only seven days in good quartz, balance Mammoth rock." Richmond, 5¾, 6; we are informed that the company is now in possession of the large mass of ore, valued recently by Mr. Clarence King in his published report at £700,000, which is a continuation of the Richmond lode running under the "Look-out" location. The Eureka Company commenced a suit to obtain possession of this ore, but the jury not agreeing, the two companies settled the matter out of court, the Richmond buying of the Eureka the whole of the "Look-out" ground for £17,000, the Eureka at the same time withdrawing all suits against the Richmond, each party sustaining their own costs. The Directors have received the following cablegram from the mine at Eureka, Nevada: "Hall, London.—Last week's run, forty-five thousand dollars. Three furnaces."

D. O. McCarthy, formerly editor of the *American Flag*, but for some years past missing in the journalistic world, turns up as the chief (we rejoice to say) of a party engaged in the preliminary survey of a new railway route. Starting from San Diego, it travels the Colorado Desert to Colorado, thence through southern California, by way of the Tia Juana river, down to Guaymas, thence through the Mexican States to Chihuahua, thence to San Antonio, Texas, and thence to Matagorda Bay. The report by McCarthy speaks well of the route he reconnoitred—as far as Yuma City. "The results," he says, "have exceeded our most sanguine expectations, and the company (English capitalists) are so well satisfied with the work that a thorough instrumental survey will be made as soon as they are ready to locate the road." McCarthy thinks the construction of this road will convert the great American Desert into a hive of busy workmen. He thinks it fit for farmers and a tolerably dense population. There is timber and soil, and water can be brought from the Colorado in any needed quantity without much trouble.—*Sacramento Union.*

Remarkable Instance of Canine Sagacity.—A remarkable instance of canine sagacity is reported by the Ellenville (New York) *Press*. About three weeks ago Mr. Enderby, of Napanoch, was engaged in transacting business in that village, and left his horse attached to a chaise tied under a shed. Remaining with the horse was a faithful coach-dog, which took advantage of his master's absence to enjoy a hurried nap in the vehicle. In the meantime the horse became somehow untied, and started off at a furious gallop; this awakened the dog, who, at once seeing the state of affairs, attempted to seize the reins with his mouth, but was unable to do so owing to their being covered by a rug and overcoat. Fortunately, however, on reaching Center Street Bridge the reins fell from the vehicle on to the ground, when the dog, with singular presence of mind, leapt nimbly after them, caught them in his mouth, reined the horse to a stand-still, and held the reins firmly until he delivered them with a graceful wag of his tail to a stranger, whom, under ordinary circumstances, he would not have permitted on any account to approach his master's property.

Temperance Motto.—Fight for the right, and never get tight.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 432 California St., Merchants' Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $?00,000. Officers: John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; N. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary; H. H. Bigelow, General Manager. Directors—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. J. Teschemacher, A. B. Gregson, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, B. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. B. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Lyman Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch: P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. F. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 224 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner of California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts a GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens:
DIRECTORS: W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gille, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, N. D. Thayer, Jas. Phelan, Charles Main.
H. G. HORNER, Secretary. C. W. KELLOGG, President. May 3.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jno. Seiler, W. C. Ralston, L. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, James Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmon Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,052,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov 21

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouses and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 29 MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000. Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,-750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,?00,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
[Jan 13.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
Feb 8. FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 18.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 3?? California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb 15. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. [May 21.

WANTED,

By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife, the management of a respectable Hotel, town or country. First class references. Letters addressed "H. A.," care of NEWS LETTER, will receive attention. July 5.

WANTED.

The advertiser, a competent Accountant, desires employment in a mercantile establishment. Please address "W.," care of NEWS LETTER. [July 5.

THE CALIFORNIA ACCLIMATIZING SOCIETY

Offer for Sale: 25,000 Eastern Trout; 25,000 Tahoe Trout; 10,000 Native Trout, all of this year's hatch—quantities to suit. Address,
May 31 W. A. NEWELL, 530 Howard street.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Polizoi.
Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel. William E. Hoad, Proprietor.
Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Menton, Pr.
Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)
Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.
Cordova.
Grand Hotel Suisse.
Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.
Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Blaney, Proprietor.
Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.
Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.
Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottacchi Felix, Prop.
Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.
Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.
Leamington.
Regent Hotel. L. Bishop, Prop.
Liverpool.
Washington Hotel. Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.
London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe. M. Crepaux, Proprietor.
Milan.
Hotel de la Ville. J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.
New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.
Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.
Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.
Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.
Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.
Sheffield.
Royal Hotel. E. Wallis, Prop.
St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.
Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.
Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.
Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.
Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

COURT CHAT.

The Shah is said to be Compiling a Journal of his journey, which he keeps closely written up, but in addition, he has with him his own special correspondent, in the person of Mahommed Hassan Khan Saneo-ed Dowlah, editor of the *Official Gazette* of Persia. This gentleman is also one of the deputy masters of the ceremonies, of whom the Shah has two. The master of the ceremonies in chief carries as one of the insignia of his office a baton worth many times its weight in gold. It is of ivory, studded thickly with diamonds, some of which are of large size and exquisite purity. The Shah has with him two doctors. One, M. Tholozan, a Frenchman, is his own private physician; and the other, Dr. Dickson, belongs to the British Legation at Teheran. During the temporary absence of M. Tholozan from Teheran some time ago, the Shah was attacked with a dangerous illness, in which Dr. Dickson attended him. When he determined on his journey to Europe he applied to Her Majesty's Government to permit the English doctor to attach himself to his suite, and the permission was accorded by Lord Granville. The Shah is only forty three, but he is not in robust health. It has been remarked that he seldom wears the wonderful aigrette of diamonds on his kolah, or cap. The reason is that anything heavy on his head gives him headache. The custom of his nation forbids him to have his head uncovered, but it is not often that his headdress is heavier than a cloth kulah. In his own country he seldom wore gloves, but since he came to Europe he has taken to white gloves.

Hospital Sunday.—At about 850 chapels and churches in the metropolis on Sunday last (June 15) collections were made on behalf of the hospitals and infirmaries of London. The Prince and Princess of Wales, accompanied by the Duke of Edinburgh, set an example to the community by attending at St. Paul's in the morning, where their Royal Highnesses were met by the Lord Mayor, Sheriffs, and city officials. The sermon was preached by the Bishop of London, the collection at the two services amounting to £340. The total amount at present received by the Lord Mayor is upwards of £15,000, but many returns have yet to come in. Next to the sum collected at St. Paul's, the largest amounts realized were those at Westminster Abbey, £392, 9s. 2d.; the Temple Church, £261, 17s. 8d.; and St. Stephen's, Paddington, £385 6s. The Lord Mayor has received the following communication from the Queen in relation to the Hospital Sunday: BUCKINGHAM PALACE, June 16, 1873.—My Lord: I am commanded by the Queen, whose absence from London prevented Her Majesty from contributing personally to the collection made yesterday in all the churches and chapels in the metropolis in aid of the hospitals and dispensaries, to forward to your lordship a check for one hundred guineas, as a donation from Her Majesty to the fund. I have the honor to be, my Lord, your obedient, humble servant, T. M. BIDDULPH.

The Reply of the Archbishops to the memorial presented to them early last month against Romish teaching in the Church of England has been published. The Archbishops admit the danger insisted on by the memorialists of a considerable minority of clergy and laity in the Church attempting to subvert the principles of the Reformation, and in particular they express themselves opposed to the system of the confessional. They undertake to exercise their influence to check these practices, and, as far as possible, insist on obedience to the law of the Church. At the same time, they point out that the laity possess powers in the election of churchwardens and otherwise for the repression of Ritualism, which they frequently neglect to use, and further, the more good is to be hoped for from moral and kindly personal influence than from judicial proceedings. On the whole, the Archbishops think the condition of the Church, notwithstanding the tendencies on the one hand to unbelief, and on the other to superstition, is hopeful.

A Distinguished British Soldier has just been buried. General Buckley, before he entered the army, was a page of honor to George III, and one evening the monarch was walking in the Home Park when he suddenly received a swinging blow between the shoulders, and at the same time a boyish voice exclaimed, "One for you, Buckley!" Before the astonished sovereign could turn his assailant had disappeared. On returning to the Castle the King summoned all the pages, and addressed them with "S-s-show me the man—yes, the man—that struck Buckley—struck Buckley!" It is needless to say not one of the boys answered, but when the King added, "Because I was Buckley," the confusion of the culprit betrayed him. All the notice, however, the kindly former King took of the event was to send soon after to both boys the commissions they were longing for, and while one of them served his country nobly in India and the Crimea, where he died of dysentery, the other faithfully served his old master's granddaughter until he died.

A Story, in which the Bishop of Lichfield is the prominent figure, is just now circulating in Wolverhampton. It is to the effect that while walking in the Black Country, a short time ago, his lordship saw a number of miners seated on the ground and went towards them with the object of saying a "word in season." He asked them what they were doing, and was told by one of the men that they had been "lyin'." The Bishop evinced some astonishment, and asked for an explanation. "Why, yer see," said one of the men, "one on us has fun' a kettle, and we been a tryin' who can tell the biggest lie to ha' it." His lordship was shocked, and proceeded to read the men a lecture, telling them, among other things, that he had always been taught that lying was an awful offence, and that, in fact, so strongly had this been impressed upon him that he had never told a lie in the whole course of his life. His lordship had barely finished when one of the men, who had previously remained silent, exclaimed, "Gie the governor the kettle; gie the governor the kettle."

Queen Isabella has gone to Rome with her three daughters, the Infantas Pila, Paz, and Eulalia, to consult with the Pope. His Holiness has given neither his blessing nor his authorization to Don Carlos, or to his Catholic and apostolic colonels, who are murdering in his name. The Pope is all for Don Alfonso, and has an odd sympathy for Queen Isabella, on whom he bestowed the golden rose as a mark of his special favor. Queen Isabella is desirous of being armed with the Pope's special authority that he approved of the abolition of the Salic law. The ex-Queen will not have to wait long for starting her son, as the crisis is fast approaching.

In Answer to the Queen's Congratulations conveyed through Sir H. Rawlinson, the Shah said it was with pleasure he heard from Her Britannic Majesty's representative the expression of her sentiments towards him. Those sentiments were reciprocated. His tour in Europe was not one undertaken for the sake of pleasure. Far from it. He had desired to witness European civilization, but his main object in setting out on his present journey was to visit England. He was much touched by the kindness of Her Majesty, and her mission of welcome was particularly pleasing to him by reason of the selection of Sir Henry Rawlinson.

While enjoying Waterfowl Shooting with Lord Walsingham, the Maharajah Duleep Singh lost, some time ago, a very large diamond which escaped from its setting. Several men have been engaged for weeks past in searching for the lost treasure. The Prince had offered a reward of £50, and a few days ago one of the Prince's own men found it among the grass. The Prince distributed £50 among the men.

Extravagant Rumors (says a Constantinople telegram) are current respecting a great *fete* which the Khedive is expected to give in celebration of the Sultan's accession. The *Turquie* asserts that the Khedive has ordered for this *fete* a table service in gold and precious stones, in which 5,000 carats weight of diamonds will be used.

Mr. David Robertson, M. P. for Berwickshire, who was created a peer, under the title of Baron Marjoribanks of Ladykirk, on June 12, died on June 19. The candidates for the vacant seat are Mr. William Miller, Liberal, and Lord Dunglass, Conservative.

The Czarowitch and Czarevna of Russia, accompanied by their children, the Grand Dukes Nicholas and George, arrived at Woolwich on a visit to England on June 16. They were met on board the yacht by the Prince and Princess of Wales.

The Duke of Edinburgh presided at the dinner of the Royal Albert Orphan Asylum, which was held at the London Tavern on June 10. Subscriptions to the amount of more than £5,000 were announced.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May the 14th, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,?11,??7 26, as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty five million of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $??,440. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor.
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 21.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts. Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc., Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
(September 17.)

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO.

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for Rope of any special lengths and sizes. Constantly on hand, a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes, Tarred Manila Rope, Hay Rope, Whale Line, etc., etc.
April 2. TUBBS & CO., 611 and 613 Front street.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States. March 19.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO.

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties (tarred or untarred) of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are so located that orders can be shipped direct by rail or water, to any part of the State when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY. [April 2.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 116 Front street.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 137 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. The LINCOLN HOTEL of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 1.

GILBERT & MOORE.

C. W. GILBERT.] [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 145 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 415 and 419 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

MILLS SEMINARY.

The next term of this well-known Institution will commence WEDNESDAY, July 30th. For further particulars inquire of
June 15 REV. C. T. MILLS, Principal, Brooklyn, Alameda County.

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California street, up stairs. April 19.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

JOCK BRUTE.

A DIALOGUE BETWEEN HIM AND MR. MIDDLE-CLASS

MR. MIDDLE-CLASS

You're gettin' up the tree, Jock Brute—
You're c[illegible] upon high
But sune you['ll] [illegible] doon at its root,
An' stunned and powerless lie.
Ye needna think to haud the grup,
Ye [illegible] be made to fa',
As sure's the maist [illegible] the whup,
He'll bring ye to your ba'.

JOCK

I d'nna doot but what he wud,
If he could man't ava,
But sin I've risen oot the mud
I've broke that whup in twa.
An' if ye gie your specs a dicht,
An' [illegible] look, ye'll see
His toul there, near y oot o' sicht—
As far up's he can be.
I ken fu' weel I'm past my bit,
As little wits I hae,
But dinna mean to stert a fit
Until he does it tae.

MR. MIDDLE-CLASS

But when ye ken you're up ower far,
What way ll ye [illegible] come doon?
'Twas you begun it, and yet ye'd daur
Seek him doon first, ye loon!

JOCK

Din' ignorance! you're wrang again,
He led it up—no me.
He [illegible] it doon, or I'm mista'en,
An' that ere lang ye'll see.
Altho' he's no exposed to scorn,
He is by nature's laws,
He'll get a fa', as sure's he's born,
The first strang win' that blaws.
I'll come doon tae wi' that same win',
But just a branch or twa,
An' tho' I should be tae the grun',
I haena far to fa'.

MR. MIDDLE-CLASS

My certie, Jock, you're gaun you're length;
But tho' your words be true,
Whene'er his Goldness fa's in strength
He's sure to land on you
An' mind I [illegible] ye [illegible] a lump
I'll gie ye an unco fa',
But fa' in saft upon your rump,
He'll no be hurt himsel'.

JOCK.

The deil a fear! I [illegible] watch him there;
I'm no sae daft as I've been,
He's done me twice unkent, I manne,
But noo I'm no sae green.
I've pay't for a' the wit I hae,
An' winna throw't awa',
Sae when it comes to tumblin' day,
The grun's his place tae fa'.

—*Kent Wilder*

SUNBEAMS.

— MARK TWAIN'S HOTEL.—Having lately opened a hostelry, I send you these my rules and regulations. This house shall be considered strictly intemperate. None but the brave deserve the fare. Persons owing bills for board will be bored for bills. Boarders who do not wish to pay in advance are requested to advance and pay. Boarders are requested to wait on the colored cook—for meals. Sheets will be rightly changed once in six months, or more if necessary. Double boarders can have two beds with a room in it, or two rooms with a bed in it, as they choose. Boarders are requested to pull off their boots before retiring, if they can conveniently do so. Beds with or without bugs. All moneys and other valuables are to be left in care of the proprietor. This is insisted on, as he will be responsible for no other losses. Inside matter will not be furnished for editors under any consideration. Relatives coming to make a six months' visit will be welcomed; but when they bring their household furniture, virtue will cease to be a forbearance. Single men with their families will not be boarded. Beds with or without boards. Dreams will be charged for by the dozen. Nightmares hired out at reasonable rates. Stone vaults will be furnished to snoring boarders, as the proprietor will in no wise be responsible for the broken tin-pans of other cars.

— One of our recent poetasters offers these observations:

"Give me kisses—do not stop
Measuring nectar by the drop;
Though thousands they amount,
They will never drain the fount.
Kiss me, then,
Every moment and again."

If she kissed him every moment she would kiss him ha[illegible] million times a year and she would have to kiss him every minute for two years before "to millions they amount." This would not allow time for meals, and it is probable the poet and the woman would starve. As for the poet concerned, we do not know that it makes much difference.

— An elderly Portuguese lady, having pledged herself to make a pilgrimage to a distant shrine barefoot, her friends persuaded her that the fatigue would prove fatal. She persisted, however, in going to the shrine, and in going barefoot, but she went in a sedan chair!

— The maddest man in Camden Town is Smith. He wound up his clock every night for fifteen years, and then discovered that it was an eight-day clock. He says when he thinks of the work he might have done in those wasted minutes his anger is dreadful.

— A coal-black negro, in Georgia, has one white hand and arm, which he is very much ashamed of.

— President Grant never shaves before he gets out of bed.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, June 15th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland), for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (Or.), to Far Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily), C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for [illegible].

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily), Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland), through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH.—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7:00, 8:10, 9:20, 10:30 and 11:30 A. M., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, [illegible], 6:10, 7:20 and *11:20 P. M. (7:20, 11:30 and [illegible] to Oakland only.)

LEAVE BROOKLYN (for San Francisco), *5:20, 6:40, 7:50, 9:0 and 11 A. M., 1:30, 2:40, 4, [illegible] 7, and 10:10 P. M.

LEAVE OAKLAND, [illegible], 6:50, 8, 9:10, [illegible] and 11:10 A. M., 12:20, 1:4, 2:50, 3:50, 5:00, 6:20, and [illegible] P. M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH.—LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO, 7:20, 9:10 and 11:10 A. M., 1:30, 3:00, 4:00 and 5:30 P. M., 7:20, 11:15 and 5.30 to Fruit Vale only.)

LEAVE HAYWARDS (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:10 A. M., and [illegible] P. M.

LEAVE FRUIT VALE, *5:25, 7:25, 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:20, 4:05 and 5:20 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only
Leave— San Francisco		8:10 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:10 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5:20 p m	5:40 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2:0 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 35 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible]		
Hollister	Arrive	2.30 p m		

Trains North		San Jose Only.	San Jose Only	Through Train.
Leave— Hollister				11 10 a m
Salinas				10 45 a m
Castroville				[illegible] a m
Pajaro				[illegible] a m
Gilroy				[illegible] p m
San Jose		†6.30 a m	7 0 a m	3:00 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	5:25 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p.m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:30 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:30 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at 1:00 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1 0 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11.30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8:30 and 11 A.M., 4 and 6 P. M.; Saucelito at 7:20 and 9:20 A. M., 2:30 and 5 P. M. On Saturday, from Saucelito, at 7:30 and 11 A.M., 1.3 and 5 P. M. from San Francisco at 10 and 12 M. 2 and 4 P. M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] A. M. SUNDAY TIME: Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. Leave Saucelito 11 A. M., 1, 3 and 5 P. M. H. A. COBB, President
April 12. [illegible] Montgomery street

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible]. Returning, Leave San Francisco at [illegible] P. M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Healdsburg and Bloomfield. [Aug 26.] CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 25, 1871, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:30 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 4 00 p.m. San Rafael, 8.1 a.m., 11 3 a.m., 2:30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:30 a m., 3:00 p m.; San Rafael 8:00 a.m., 2:30 p.m. [Aug 26.] CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 a. m. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and constantly making them from the best Eastern stock, for sale, vehicles of all kinds and of novel sizes, consisting of Barouches, Coupes, Landaus, Hacks, Phaetons, Rockaways, Side-bar [illegible] Springs, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned make and style, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, they have but two thirds the weight with all the strength of the [illegible] made of hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, hand and freight wagons, street wagons, and plain horse carts, hand carts and [illegible] street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to fill orders of all kinds at short notice and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties wishing to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before purchasing elsewhere. The Bryant and Fourth street cars pass the works, and land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz.: for the Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the full extent of the law. Nov 29.

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship New-bern, A. N. MacDonnough Master, W[ill] sail on her next regular trip on [illegible] at 12 [illegible] from [illegible] street Wharf, [illegible] to [illegible] at the Mouth of the Colorado with the steamers and barges of the [illegible] Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. For freight or passage [illegible] at the [illegible] office, apply to EDWARD NOLTON, Agent
March 15. [illegible] Front street

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin; in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb. 26. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition; and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labled, "JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Stuffs, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Sheep Dips, Perfumery, Oilmen's, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty Thousand Pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.—The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It a[dds] [illegible] and flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable grocers and Oilmen. Nov 28

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Freund, H. Teaube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Pomeroy, Aden Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office—534 Montgomery street, Montgomery block, next to Ballet n Pub. [illegible] Jan 11

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares. 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogue forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of business card. April 2.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 25.] Agents, 423 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Building
JUSTICES COURT—Montgomery St.
COUNTY [illegible]—City Hall
PROBATE [illegible]—City Hall
THIRD DISTRICT [illegible]—Mechanics Institute Building
FOURTH DISTRICT [illegible]—City Hall
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—713 Montgomery street
NINETEENTH DISTRICT—Hefler's building, [illegible] near Cal
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall
CITY AND COUNTY ATTORNEY—City Hall
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—420 California street
CITY PHYSICIAN—County Hospital
CORONER—[illegible] Clay street.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—[illegible] Merchants' Exchange
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Haywards' Building
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street, near Drumm
MAYOR—City Hall
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall
SUPT OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT PUBLIC SCHOOLS—City Hall
STATISTICIAN—City Hall
AUDITOR—Room 11, City Hall
TREASURER—City Hall
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets
FIRE DEPARTMENT—[illegible] Kearny
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall
HEALTH OFFICE—[illegible] Geary st
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall
POUND KEEPER—Ackerson, bet Van Ness Av and Franklin St
QUARANTINE—[illegible] Jackson st
HARBOR MASTER—Corner Pacific and East
HARBOR POLICE—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES
Connected with the Far East.

THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes [illegible] Paris, [illegible] street. Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 31 Austin Friars. Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Walduck, Secretary; Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary; Pacific Saw Mills, Hakodadi, Armistead & Co., agents, 1 Old Broad street, Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co., agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane, Singapore [illegible] Steam Saw Mill Co. Paterson, Simons & Co., agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane, Amoy Dock Co., [illegible] agent, Lime street Square, Hongkong and Whampoa Dock [illegible] Morrison & Co., agents, [illegible] Philpot Lane. North China Insurance Co., 25 Cornhill, [illegible] Secretary. Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co., agents, 3 Lombard st. Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street. Hongkong Insurance Co., [illegible] & Co., agents, [illegible] Austinfriars. China Traders Insurance Co., Hongkong Fearon & Co. agents, 31 Great St. Helens. China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co., agents, 26 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st.; Ceylon Co., Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad st., R. A. Cameron, Sec'y; R[illegible] & Co., 7 Mincing Lane, Wm. Martin, Manager, Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (limited) of Singapore, Mactaggart, Tidman & Co. ag'ts, 34 Great St. Helens. BANKS—Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, Chairman, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, 65 Old Broad street, R. T. Robertson, General Manager; Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street, Deutsche Bank, "Actien Gesellschaft," of Berlin, agencies, National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within; German Bank of London, Birch[in] Lane, Lothbury, Bank of Rotterdam, Union Bank of London, agents, Princes st., Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 32 Lombard street, National Bank of India, R. O. Sawers, Chief Manager, 10 King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending July 14 1873

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Tuesday, July 8th		
Jacob Cohen to H Lowenberg	Turk e Leavenworth, 25x137 6, subject to a mortgage for $1,500	$2,000
Henry Fowler to Ellen E Weaver	Broadway w Webster 137 6x137 6	4,000
DeWitt Thompson to Carl Deane	California w Battery, lots 9	...
J E Stokey to C E Hase Uno	2 acres, McDonald Tract	500
N W Laphan to A Meilers	Broadway e Laguna, 34 4½x137 6	7,000
J O Doane to Ignaz Schmidt	Steiner n Fed, 41.3x110	3,500
H Mahan to Louis Schalich	Pt Lobos Av w Boyce 25x100	1
Louis Schalich to Hugh Mahan	Cook e Pt Lobos Av, 25x120	1
Silver Terrace H As to C H Voight	Lot 535, Silver Terrace H d	550
Same to Same	Lot 57, same	350
Same to Same	Lot 329, same	325
Same to Same	Lot 871, same	865
Wednesday, July 9th		
A Casamayou to John Weller	Lot 212, blk 187, Central Park H d	$5
Jas Fitch to John P Manelet	Kearny e Jackson 2 2x137 6	900
O F Conly As n to D Doscher	Lot 40, Harnaby Sect plat 4	54
Rufus Parker to Mary McKenna	Shotwell n 20th, 25x122 6	1,600
D F McDonald to J E Stinkey	1 acre, McDonald Tract	1,000
Pt Lobos Av & P k H to J Mattnon	Lot 6 blk 211, Pt Lobos Av & P k H d	280
E F Williams to Edward Martin	Bay s and Laguna, 412 6x275	1
Geary St Ex H d to C A Sankey	Lot 33 blk 16	300
Marian Hart to James H Lemon	S 15th n Stevenson, 25x85—and M H 67	2,000
Paul Newman to Honora Rank	S Jackson w Leavenworth, 137 x 34 1/2	...
H A Cobb to Henry L Davis	Nw Jackson and Montgomery, 60x60	—
Thursday, July 10th		
P A Eakins to Wm A Beal	P[illegible] e Buchanan, 27 6x137 6	$1,200
J E S Inkey to Wm J Woodley	1 acre McDonald Tract	300
S H Wetherbee to H Wetherbee	2 and 1 30, blk 6, b d by Jefferson, Powell, Beach and Mason; Blk 10, b'd by Beach, Powell, North Pt and Mason; Blk 18, b'd by Bay, Powell, North Pt and Mason; 50-vara lots 1510 and 1536, com on n line of Francisco, 137 6 e Mason n to Bay st etc	5
P B Hewett to Chas Hopps	Geary w Mason, 20x60	100
E W Burr to Wm Ware	Interest derived under Tax Collectors certificates, 1383, 1388, 1387 and 1398	1
Robert Mills to Same	Mis'n blk 22, b'd by Herman, Valencia, Ridley, Guerrero and Market	5
Lucy S Atwood to H W Taylor	Tehama Pl e 1st, 61 6x19	1,050
C H Morgan to Jas Newman	York n 24th, 25x100	950
J W Lale to Ella th Howe	Eureka s 20th, 75x130	1,000
D F McDonald to M F Morrill	1 acre por McDonald Tract	1
Noe Garden Hd Un to O S Richard	Lot 9 blk 18, Noe Garden H d	500
C H Voight to City and County S F	Com 174.3 e Dupont, and 40 s Adler, e 44 3/4, s [illegible], nw [illegible] to com	2,616
Nancy H Andrews to N Atkinson	Bush e Buchanan, 50x137 6	1,500
C W M Smith to Abner Doble	Com 60 ft n of n line of Sac to and 100 w of w line Polk, th w 50, etc	1,350
Friday, July 11th		
Wm McKibbin to A Pendola	Mason n Green, 23x137 6	$4,200
A D McDonald to J W Brittan	Lots 1456, 1457 and 1458, Gift Map 1	1
J Baldwin to Thos Molena	York n Butte, 25x100	500
W K Von Allen to A Glorgiani	Pine w Mason, 27 6x170	10,000
R E Raimond to Roger D Magee	Hayes and Fillmore 67-9x70	1
E J Baldwin to Same	Same	100
City and County S F to P Hughes	W 21st Av n Clement, n 100, w 240, s 11, s 9 degrees, e 89, e 250 to com	
A Guerrero to Sav and Loan Soc'y	Dolores n 16th, e 207:10, etc	2,200
V Guerrero to Same	Same	2,000
Mark Pixley to B Sanborn	Ne 20th Av nw H, 25x100	300
Saturday, July 12th.		
Title Land Com'rs to E McTernan	Clinton nw Brannan, 25x80	$8
E McTernan to Bridget McGovern	Same	2,000
L L Robinson to S L Theller	Se Henry and Yale, 120x100	10
J M Welsh to A Pederson	Bush e Mason 22x60	5,000
Thos Boll to J D Farwell	2d [illegible] Clementina [illegible], 30x80, also, and 4 Clementina e 2d, 40x80	1,500
M Meagher to Pat'k Tiernan	Lot 535, Gift Map 1	100
W A Menton to E F Preston	Fillmore s Washington, 25x137 6	1,125
Rhanaldo M[illegible] to Or[illegible] Mowry	Re-record	
Silver Terrace H As to C Gersback	Lots 50 and 51, Silver Terrace H'd	641
Monday, July 14th.		
O Bergbofer to John F Taylor	Se Mission pl and Co'dea, 100x50, also, com on Pennsylvania Av n fr nw cor of 2d av and Colusa st, 100x100; also, com on Iowa 60 s fr se cor Iowa and Yuba, 150x100, lots 2 and 3 blk 331, Golden City H'd As'n; also, lot 4 blk 331, Golden City H'd As'n	$2,250
Jacob Ott to Same	Se Yolo and Iowa, 50x100; also, com on Iowa n Colusa, 75x100	750
City and County S F to Jacob Ott	Yolo and Iowa, 50x100	
John Hill to Peter Hayden	Lot 8 blk 4, Noe Garden H d As n	350
Pt Lobos Av & P H to G Robinson	Lots 5 and 6, blk 431	600
Geary St E Hd Asn to Ross Melters	Lot 17 blk 160, O Lands	350
Same to Petro Metters	Lot 18 blk 160, O Lands	350
Thos McInerney to Robert Green	Lots 379 and 381, Gift Map 2	175
P C DoBrnis to Pat k Swift	Lot 349, Gift Map 4	150
Cornelius Collins to Same	Lot 351, same	150
Lucien Simon to Cidril Houle	Lots 611 and 760 to 763 inc, same	500
T P Riordan to Chas Flick	Vermont n Nevada, 65.8x100	2,700
Eliza Jamison to T J Morse	Carlos s O'Farrell, 40x57 6	3,000
Charles McCay to Thos G McLean	Com at sw corner of Jacob Herman's inclosure designated by pl A on Hoadley's Survey, n 4 deg, e 37 ch, etc, containing 48 acres	3,000
J H Applegate to Wm Ware	Mission Block 22	5
T H Allen to L J Hutchings	Leav'th n Jackson, 22:6x70	3,500
G S Porter to T H Allen	Same	3,300
F L A Pioche to J S Loty	McAllister e Octavia, 82x137 6	5
Jas French to P E Hardy	Selena n Cal'a, 30x58	1
L E White to J H Athearn	3d Av s 16th, 30x120	1,500
E Villeneuve to Frank McGlynn	Margaret Place n Vallejo, n 91, e 44, etc, re-record	

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending July 15, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
D McDougal to O L Roberts	Oakland: N line 27th 240 e from West, thence e 25x100	$ 250
E Hackett to C Baggs	Same: 11 acres e line Peralta near 20th	9,150
A M Irwin to M Rosenberg	Same: 50x50 ne cor 14th and Webster	11,500
H H Fogg to F Oliver	Same: S [illegible] ne 13th 100 w from Broadway, thence w 100x100	3,000
J Bacon to W H Patton	Same: W line Alice 96 n from 9th st, thence n 51 6x150	3,075
T M Ansell to S H Mather	Same: S line 21st 151 2 w fm Broadway Ext, thence w 28x110	12,000
J C Hays to J Shaw	Same: 25x93 sw cor 5th and Myrtle	600
J M Valdez to Coll Deane	Same: 6 acres, Webster near Elm, also, Tract Marsh	38,000
J Lorne to County of Alameda	East Oakland: Blk 23 San Antonio	5
O H'd Ass'n to J Atherton	Same: Lot 61, Capital H d Tract	400
H Tobbs to H P Haynes	Same: Ne Humbert 300 se from Strode, thence se 100x150	600
E C Sessions to F L Taylor	Same: N Hepburn 126.6 e fr Broadway, thence e 100x140	600
Hays & Caperton to W Hammond	Alameda: 272 Central x 300 Versailles	3,100
Same to W Paterson	Same: 135 2x142 2 nw cor Santa Clara and Broadway	1,500
Swill & Coleman to Sac to S Bank	Same: Various blks in Mostern Tract	42,000
E McLean to C L des Rochers	Oakland Twp: 496x10 part plot 13	5
C L des Rochers to J Swett	Same: 200x100, part plot 13	500
E McLean to S E Alden	Same: Part plot 13	250
F Warner to H Hanschildt	Same: 96.4 each Market and San Pablo Junction	900
Oakland H'd Ass n to G W Frasher	Same: Lot 37 in blk 3, Maxwell Tract	5
G W Frasher to J Shuey	Same: Same	300
L Reichert to E L Bland	Brooklyn Twp: 23 acres	8,000
J Linforth to C J Deering	Same: 2 acres e line Fruit Vale Av	1,400
G W Dam to E Tripp	Same: 12 acres San Leandro Road and Redwood Road	4,300
E Tripp to W P Valentine	Same: Same	14,000
C Jackson to J B Watson	Same: 5½ acres near Lake Merritt	1
J Davis to W Thompson	3 miles sw from Dublin: 160 acres	1,600
V Lowe to Same	Same: 160 acres	800
H Hughes to H Hughes, Jr	2 miles w Dublin. 160 acres	800
A Jenks to G W Chapman	Road Centreville to Vallejo's Mills: 6 ac	1,000
N R Reed to G S Rathborn	8 miles ne from Livermore: 640 acres	400
J Williams to Collie & Allen	Near San Leandro: 1 acre	400

Reported by G. W. MCKEAND, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. July 12.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records), during business hours may always be found at the HALL OF RECORDS, COUNTY BUILDINGS, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to Hall of Records. ☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. July 12

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct 25 D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO, Sansome cor. Bush, S.F.

NOTICE.

Mr. William Matrick (or Maycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or of Hanley, Staffordshire, England.—You are hereby informed that your daughter, MRS. ELIZA DUNN, is now in San Francisco, California. Any communication addressed to her will be gladly received for Mrs. E. Dunn, at the "California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast," Merchant street, San Francisco. June 21.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 512 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to City Collections, and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 14.

FOR SALE.

A Steam Flouring Mill with Distillery and about 13 acres of good Land, distant ½ mile from Sonoma. Inquire at SONOMA HOTEL, Sonoma; or of W. D. BLISS, Petaluma [May 3.] ALFRED BOREL & CO., S. F.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, - - 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.
(March 29.)

L. H. NEWTON.] **NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,** [MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof.—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 413 Front street.

FURNISHED ROOMS

May be obtained at 331 Jessie street, between Fourth and Fifth sts. June 7.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 410 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug 17.

THE WATER SUPPLY.

We have had Occasion before now to mention the Spring Valley Water Company imposition which is daily becoming more bitter to the public to [illegible]. The recent decision of the Supreme Court adverse to the city, as it brought matter up again, and we are anxious to know if the supply will be stopped, as has been intimated. To what a pass have we come when a party of monopolists shall thus dare to threaten the municipality. Heaven has chosen to give us air and water as three of the necessities of life, while bread is regarded as the staff. In these remarkable times, [illegible] and water, which are distinct to us by fact and nature, cost twice as much as flour. As yet we do not pay for the air we breathe. But who shall say how soon a corporation shall take it into their heads to condense the precious atmosphere. Who shall say how soon we may be breathing air which shall come to us through a meter at our front door, and shall cost us so much per foot. [illegible] next to Godliness," but in San Francisco can be [illegible] only for the rich man for it is a well known fact that to build cheap houses for the poorer classes, the bathroom is omitted simply because the prospective tenants are not able to pay the water rates. Almost every one likes a patch of green around his house, but he must be rich indeed in this world who indulges in such luxury, or his water rate will exceed his wine bill. Yet this one can not remonstrate or expostulate. If any one dares to do it this very week [illegible] the water are shut off and he is left waterless. The [illegible] people, alone, have got the best of them. The water bill in this hotel, which was something over five hundred dollars a month, greatly exceeded the proprietor's ideas. Remonstrance was useless. The water company had them, as it has every body else, on the hip. To obviate the difficulty an artesian well was dug on the premises. The grateful element comes bubbling up in beautiful abundance, and the Occidental is the only establishment of any account that can afford to snap its metaphorical fingers at the extortionists. Every one can not afford an artesian well, but every one can afford to oppose the extortion of the monopoly. Every one can afford to see that the Spring Valley supply is inferior at times, inadequate, and precarious, especially in the case of fire. Every one can afford to know that the water should belong to the city, or that its rates should be regulated to suit the poorest. Every one should take heed during the coming election that men be chosen who will look to the interests of the people in this respect. We have said before and we repeat, that there are many responsible men in our midst who would be willing to bring into San Francisco a bountiful supply of good water from inexhaustible sources, handing the property over to the city, and receiving bonds in payment. The *News Letter* was first to notice the water imposition. From time to time we have mentioned it, and now that the public have awakened to a sense of the matter, we shall continue to agitate the subject until some decisive course is taken. Every political convention should pledge their candidates to vote dead against and use all their influence to overturn the Spring Valley monopoly.

THE NEWS LETTER TICKET

A Certain Immaculateness has always attached itself to the reputation of the *News Letter*. Although its columns have accommodated matter upon every subject under the light of the sun—local, political, governmental, private, abroad—it has stood in its position upon the height of party independence, and has never allowed itself to be trailed and bedraggled through the byways and alleys of political filth. Our opinions, whether upon the subject of elections, nominations or investigations, have always been unbiased by prejudice, unrestricted in [illegible] in any way, and our expression of them has ever been fearless, trenchant and direct. Such a course has given us a prestige in the community which no other journal possesses. Such a course will lead citizens to rely upon our judgment, when we announce that it is our intention to present A TICKET FOR THE COMING ELECTION. We do not intend to deviate from our trodden path and fight under the auspices of any one of the parties that now deck the field. The candidates whom we will present to the public will not be chosen because of the platform upon which they stand, nor because of their nation, station or creed, but for their integrity and absolute fitness for the positions they seek. When there are so many parties and so many candidates, it is probable that by a happy accident they may stumble upon a few good men. Upon these we shall cast our eye. We intend to rest upon our oars until the the last nomination convention has given to the public its last nominee, and then our weeding process begins. From one ticket we shall select a Mayor, or Sheriff it may be, from another a Chief of Police or Tax Collector, from a third a District Attorney, a Supervisor or two, and so on until the list is filled with men whom it would be for the interest and welfare of San Francisco to elect. And after we shall have selected our ticket, and given it to the public, we shall fight for our men as only the *News Letter* dare fight, and go for their opponents as only the *News Letter* can go, until the last man who rejoices in the privilege shall demonstrate at the polls that he is an American citizen.

MATRIMONIAL.

One More Happy Man and One More Happy Lady, a marriage of [illegible] on the face of those most immediately concerned, and of approbation on the part of the [illegible] world in general. Last Wednesday evening, Miss Cornelia R. Selby was married to Captain Lewis Kempff, U. S. N. We need hardly say that the fair bride is the daughter of the Hon. T. H. Selby, our most esteemed ex-Mayor. The wedding took place at Fair Oaks the beautiful residence of the bride's father. The grounds were brilliantly illuminated and the numerous fountains added their sparkling gayety to the scene. A special train left San Francisco at 8 P.M. with about a hundred of the most immediate friends of the family who, in reality, were our most prominent and influential citizens. The ceremony was performed by the Right Rev. Bishop Kip, and after it was over, a splendid banquet was served in the spacious dining hall. Every thing was in excellent taste, and the wines of the choicest description. The cynosure of all eyes after the bride and bridegroom of course was the display of handsome presents in the library. The large table was laden with varied articles in gold and silver with beautiful jewels, bracelets and ornaments all betokening the good will of the guests and friends to the young couple, as well as the respect and esteem they bore to the lady's father. It were almost invidious to single out among the host of bankers, capitalists and eminent men present, representing the interest of the State, any special names, but we may say, *en passant*, that there were Hon. Leland Stanford and wife, Mayor Alvord, M. S. Latham, Esq., and his wife, D. O. Mills, Esq., and his lady, Mr. and Mrs. Friedlander, Mr. and Mrs. Ralston, Mr. A. Hayward and lady, Mr. [illegible] and his two daughters, these are but a few among the two hundred who celebrated this happy day. At a late hour the pair left for their splendid house on Van Ness Avenue, the gift of Mr. Selby to his daughter, who entered her with this her new home, superbly furnished at a cost of over $50,000, and where we now leave the newly mated ones, with every wish for their happiness and prosperity.

TIN.

In Connection with the Tin Report on page two, we publish the following from the London *Times*, which adds great importance to the tin deposits of this State: "This year, for the first time, an inquiry has been instituted into the tin plate manufacture of the United Kingdom. Twenty-five firms with 90 mills have rendered very complete returns for the year 1872 to Mr. Hunt, the keeper of mining records, but the total number of mills of every party at work is stated at 161. The returns received from the 96 mills with the number of boxes of tin plate [illegible] and of terne plates [illegible], making the total number of boxes 1,[illegible]; the actual weight of the whole returns is [illegible] tons. Estimating that the 65 mills not returned produced at the same rate as the 96 returned, they must have made 746,[illegible] boxes, showing the total number of boxes of tin plate made in the year to be 1,[illegible]. According to this the mills we have returned only three-quarters of [illegible]. But this estimate is thought to be too low, and the following is offered by an experienced manufacturer as being nearer the truth. Mills going or ready to work in 1872, 161; deduct 16 for mills known to be stopping, and mills calculated to be making black plate leaving a net number of mills 145. These, making on an average 300 boxes for 48 weeks, would produce 2,100,000 boxes. But it is [illegible] that 300 is too great a week to estimate nearer the average per mill. This would [illegible] the estimate by actual boxes, showing the total estimated value of tin plate in the United Kingdom in 1872 to be [illegible]."

AT THE EASEL.

If I had aught of art to trace
 So[illegible] which poets love,
I'd draw myself a fairy face,
 To hang above.

Twin roses blushing upon snow—
 The [illegible] here and there,
Soft [illegible] into smooth white brow
 And sunny hair.

Bright tresses like an aureole,
 Would downward-drooping rays, to glance,
A chastened light upon the whole
 Sweet countenance.

Eyes for the [illegible] reflected ray
 To tinge with [illegible] tenderness,
Which the more dazzling light of day
 Would depress.

But, ah, what pen can command,
 What art of skill could arrange,
Each melody of movement, and
 Each charm of change!

The fitful play of love and light
 Translated on the [illegible] face of hers,
Like stars begun, not to guide aright
 Wayfarers.

Is it a sin to sit and watch
 The shadow of a fairer face
With tearless eyes, eager to catch
 Each gift and grace?

Is it a sin this once to seat
 Her in my heart as on a throne;
And fancy her from face to feet,
 All, all my own.

All, all my own, from dusk to dawn,
 All other [illegible] fierce strain,
Nor [illegible] to fear the lip's cold scorn,
 The [illegible]!

Is this a sin? Perchance; and yet
 [illegible] a fall.
So turn the portrait and forget—
 Face to the wall.

A PROPOSITION OF THE NEWS LETTER AS TO THE APPLICATION OF PHOTOGRAPHY TO THE HALL OF RECORDS.

From Time Immemorial the registry of titles to real estate has been in force, and in the majority of instances insisted upon as necessary to insure peaceful and quiet possession. The laws of our State are peculiarly peremptory and binding with reference to the due recording of deeds, and with the preservation as well as the publicity of such records. How far the due preservation has been carried out, the recent scandal of mutilated books will show, at the same time the [illegible] which was excited at the discovery shows what deep interest the public take in the matter. The City Hall Commissioners, in view of the present inadequate building either for public inspection or for safe keeping, are hastening the erection of the New Hall of Records in preference to other portions of the building, and with reference to that we propose a revolution in the system of recording deeds. *They must be photographed*, not copied by hand. Mr. Lawrence, the eminent [illegible] of the [illegible] has [illegible] into the subject and [illegible] to arrange [illegible] in the proposed change. Such change in the recording of legal instruments, however, can only be enforced by legislative enactment, but it must be seen at a glance how great its advantages will be over the present system. Economy, correctness, the impossibility of fraud by subsequent erasure or mutilation, universal publicity and diffusion, celerity and security, are among its salient benefits. A thousand *fac similes* of an important deed can be distributed among as many interested parties. Recent experiments have produced paper that can be photographed on both sides. The present staff of copyists will be replaced by a corps of photographers here. A public institution, such, for example, as the *California Mutual Exchange*, might publish a monthly volume containing a photograph of the transcript of all real estate transactions during that period. Of course the general indexes will be necessary, these, however, are in fact [illegible] for the searchers of titles, whilst the adoption of the photographic system of recording cannot but be acceptable to that branch of the profession whose very character and existence depends upon accuracy, legibility and plain exposition of titles to land. A certified photograph of any legal document could be furnished by the Recorder under his seal and sign manual. Such certified photographs could be made admissible as evidence in any other State, or city of this State, and would much facilitate, as well as lessen the expense of, litigation, at the same time be incontrovertible, and bearing its truth upon its very face.

AUDITOR AND TAX COLLECTOR.

It has become so much the Custom to mention Messrs. Austin and Ashbury conjointly that their names drop together quite naturally from the pen at present. Although elected upon different tickets, they are looked upon as two of our most popular officials, and their re-election is regarded almost as a certainty. The treasury was never guarded with more loyal fidelity than by Mr. Ashbury, who always [illegible], and [illegible] has proven himself both possessed of the necessary dignity and stamina to combat any measures which have been adverse to the interests of his trust. He has been vigilant and hard working, which is a very great feature in an officer. We trust as much may be said for the people when he comes before them for re-election. Mr. Austin, the Tax Collector, has made for himself a shining record of his own. Always urbane, considerate, and generous, he is regarded with special favor alike by rich and poor. The latter have chosen to regard him as their particular friend, as one for the benefit of the working man he has frequently kept his office open long after hours that the poor man might not appear after the delinquent list for lack of opportunity to pay, a graceful act which [illegible] never occurred to any of his predecessors to perform. The Outside Land question, so long a vexed one, was settled quietly and satisfactorily by Mr. Austin. At a time when the treasury was suffering from depletion, and matters looked very dark for every one who expected to draw his daily bread therefrom, Mr. Austin, in the interest of the people, went to Sacramento, and, by his financiering ability, succeeded in setting the clogged municipal wheels in motion again, and all went smoothly. But an enumeration of his acts is unnecessary. Every one is acquainted with them, and every one agrees that the Tax Collector's chair was never more acceptably filled than by the present incumbent. It remains for an appreciative people to place him there again.

A HAPPY THOUGHT.

It Was a Happy Thought on the part of the individual who, for personal and political ends, wanted to run Sheriff Adams, to ring Judge Stanley into the [illegible]. The Judge is an imposing lay figure for such a purpose. He is peculiarly strong in negative qualities, and though not an exemplar of [illegible] in virtue, he may safely be set up as a model for feebleness in vice. We don't know of a single, vigorously naughty act that the Judge has ever done. He has shown none of that splendid prowess in rascality which has immortalized Barnard, McCunn and Cardozo. But he has won a certain kind of reputation among the [illegible] and strange [illegible] elements in this community which make him a power. Of course, it was the chance to [illegible] Adams. But being put up to it by the interested party just on the edge of the election, he has done his work well. We have no idea that Judge Stanley has been bought. He has only been used. He is a very good man in a negative, ineffectual sort of way —but we suspect not shrewd enough to penetrate the [illegible] of the rascals who run him on. When the whole matter comes to be ventilated thoroughly the Judge will realize the extent to which he has been humbugged. As to Adams, the plot against him is transparent. It was simply an electioneering dodge.

Death of Hon. D. R. Ashley.—Hon. Delos R. Ashley, late Member of Congress from Nevada, died at his residence, 712 Bush street, yesterday morning, at 2 o'clock, from [illegible] of the brain. Mr. Ashley was widely known in this State, having held for a number of years a prominent position in political affairs. He was 47 years of age, a native of LeRoy, New York. He arrived in California overland from Missouri, on the 20th of July, 1849.

Don Fulano.—When you can manage to be sarcastic without being coarse, and poetical without being licentious, we shall be very happy to publish your articles without "emasculating," as you are pleased to call it, with the scissors of virtue. Your piece on the Shah is too slangy, and lacks both metre and force.—[Ed.

The Preliminaries of the treaty of alliance between Germany and Italy, it is said, are concluded and ready for exchange.

NEW BOOKS OF THE WEEK.

The American Annual Cyclopedia and Register of Important Events for 1872. 8vo. sheep.
Idle Art-Thinking. By W. C. Prime. Crown 8vo. cloth.
Popular Lectures on Scientific Subjects. By H. Helmholtz. 12mo. cloth.
Orations and Addresses. By Wm. C. Bryant. 12mo. cloth.
Accords from a Public Life. By John W. Forney. 12mo. cl.
The Intellectual Life. By Philip G. Hamerton. 12mo. cl.
Questions of the Day. By the Rev. John Hall. 12mo. cl.
Purple and Fine Linen. A Novel. By Edgar Fawcett. 12mo. cloth.
Wit and Wisdom of George Eliot. 16mo. cloth.
The Hour and the Man. A Novel. By Harriet Martineau. 8vo. paper.
"He Cometh Not, she said." A Novel. By Annie Thomas. 8vo. paper.

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THE ONLY THOROUGH BUSINESS [illegible] on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should be trained [illegible] at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Session day and evening through the year. Students [illegible] at any time. Each receives separate instruction. There is a preparatory Department for those not sufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for

Heald's College Journal,

An eight page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school and [illegible] large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing

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President Business College,
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General Agents for Pacific Coast.
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W. B. Murdoch, Local Ag't,
312 California st., S. F.
[July 5.]

DR. ABORN,

Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory 218 Geary street, at [illegible] Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 5.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

If Eternal Vigilance is the Price of Liberty, the people of this city ought to be very free, for they are always investigating something or somebody. If the Industrial School is not in operation, it is sure to be something wrong in the City and County Hospital, or the Asylum for the Deaf and Dumb or the Pound, or the Broadway sewer, or the street sweeping machine. Without an investigation we can no more exist than a Board of Education without bad grammar or [illegible]. It makes no kind of difference to San Francisco whether the investigation ends in establishing charges or not. We are all as a kind of Donnybrook Fair—all that we care for is a head to hit. The business begins and ends there. Just out of the dreary Wilkinson investigation, which, from pure tediousness, broke up many households and cost the population of the city, we are now in the eve of another most promising inquisition. The Boys' High School must be looked into. A number of anxious parents are discontented with the Principal of this school, because the boys do not graduate fast enough. All these citizens are perfectly satisfied that their boys are fully prepared to graduate with dignity and honor. It is a matter of congratulation that the city possesses so many capable outsiders to do their duty, even at the risk of displacing the nominal head of the High School, but as these cultivated men acknowledge that they look upon the High School as a kind of House of Refuge for boys who would without it be thrown upon their parents' hands, we can hardly accept them as competent critics of Mr. Bradley's capacity. Is it not a little strange that men holding decent positions in society, should publicly confess that their children, "who have the High Schools, too often become recruits to the hoodlum element?" With whom is the responsibility in such cases, and by what right do parents, who proclaim their own imbecility, undertake to sit in judgment on Mr. Bradley? As for the number of graduates from the High School, it no doubt represents pretty nearly the scholarship of the boys who enter there. These complaining parents, whose children are compelled to work for their degree, take it for granted that the possession of their offspring has been a [illegible] of unlettered [illegible], and that the "Joy and glory" of their lives have been basely torn from them by a designing Principal. Their argument is pitiful throughout. Mr. Bradley is accused of retaining the boys in the school on one pretext or another, so as to make a show of full benches, term after term, while the fact is that, supposing him to think of nothing but his own popularity, it is clear that he would best secure this by showing a large percentage of graduates. We do not know Mr. Bradley and have not paid particular attention to the High School, but, taking the figures reported by these indignant parents, we are inclined to believe that quite as many boys graduate from that school as deserve to graduate. Mr. Bradley, most probably, does his duty too well, and the only adequate punishment for such an error is dismissal. Let him, in any case, take the lesson to heart, and never forget, in his future dealings with the many-headed beast, to tickle its vanity. The boys enter his school, not to learn, but to graduate. In God's name, let them go through!

Those Old Sermons.—The *Alta* owes a duty to society, and of course, it will keep on doing. None the less does it sell by calling the complete text of those two old Portland sermons, which the Rev. Dr. Stebbins rehashed for his oration before the University, on Friday of last week. Specially compounded for the occasion, it would have been forced upon us at full length, in every paper. Jumbled up as it was, of second hand materials, why should we be cheated of our rehearsal? The *Alta* values the MSS. There may be several of them, but I am necessary to sacrifice these. They might be set up under the eye of the daring reporter, who captured them by force of arms, but perhaps they ought to be. It would be so pleasant for his admirers to have a fair opportunity to compare, or (shall we say it) contrast, the inchoate Stebbins, as yet but a grub, with the full developed and abounding Doctor and Regent! Comparisons are odious, to be sure, in most cases. If, for instance, we call Stebbins the twin brother of Tupper, one or the other would have ground for complaint against us, but even a man's friends may compare him with himself as he used to be. It is in the interest of society that we speak; for our own conviction in the case of Stebbins was long since arrived at. No chance discovery of cheap jokes can have any effect on our opinion of that vast intellectual grace. We saw him as he was, and is, and is to be, and his followers will go with him to the end, no matter what revelations are made. Shelley says

 Greece and her foundations are
 Built below the tide of war.

Dr. Stebbins is like Greece. His foundations are built on the immovable belief in the value of gab. Praise him to the arm-room dealer in old trumpery rhetoric, and you make his people cling to him with passionate fervor, for if there is one thing on this side of dinner and dollars, which they do love, it is trumpery rhetoric. All that they want is the [illegible] manner, their quantum suff of this delectable mental food. Take they get from Dr. Stebbins, and whether it was taken from Portland or Portugal it is all one to them. Nevertheless, let us have the MSS. of the two sermons. Let them, at least, be presented to the Library of the State University.

Next to the American's Love of the American People, as represented in his own particular self, stands as a master trait of character the [illegible] patriotism. This was beautifully evident on the glorious Fourth, but is still more unmistakably apparent in the accounts presented the Auditing Committee by the participants in that dazzling pageant. The list of amounts charged for upholding the dignity of the country is an odd one. To be sure, the difference between the "claim" and "amount allowed" is in some instances so large that the evidence of attempted extortion, under the guise of patriotism, is very [illegible] would be rather sad were they not so very comical. Master McKenzie, having performed the gentleman to tooth decoratively on horse, values their services at $75, but is sent away with $10. William Gerrish asks $9 for a flag pole, but doesn't get it, while Mrs. Huston, who puts a girl inside some flimsy muslin and old ribbon ends, asks $100 for passing her off for the Goddess of Liberty! And, alas, and for our trust in the saints of the Y. M. C. A., they carried away with enthusiasm, thought $20 a fair value for the use of a bench or two. They only got $11, while there were just ten too many. There were some bills not allowed at all, and an inspection of these would be an interesting study of the extent to which the farce was carried by our patriotic citizens.

The Following Singular Bill for hanging and boiling a friar is extracted from an old document. Of course a friar ought to have been boiled, this we may premise with, but it is extracted from an old document. "Account of the hanging and parboiling of Friar Stone, at Canterbury, in 1539.—Paid for half a ton of timber to make a pair of gallows for to hang Friar Stone, 2s. 6d.; to a carpenter, for making the same gallows and the dray, 1s. 4d.; to a laborer that digged the holes, 3d.; other expenses of setting up the same, and carriage of the timber from Stablegate to the Dungeon, 1s.; for a hurdle, 6d.; for a load of wood, and for a horse to draw him to the Dungeon, 2s. 3d.; paid two men that sat at the kettle and parboiled him, 1s.; to three men that carried his quarters to the gates, and set them up, 1s.; for halters to hang him, and Sandwich cord, and for screws, 1s.; for a woman that scoured the kettle, 2d.; to him that did execution, 8s. 8d.; total, [illegible]." It will be seen in these days of high priced labor how much cheaper they worked in those days. But cheap as they did the work, the T. C. would undertake to swing off some of his particular friends at even a lower rate, and would boil them simply for their lard. One little fat, fussy individual, in particular, whose god is his stomach, should be hanged, boiled, and his lard used for greasing theater doors free of charge.

The Chronicle's Musical Critic is a man wonderfully fitted for such an office. [illegible] In his report of Madame Bishop's first concert, he got hold of the names all right that were on the programme, but rather slipped up when he called Mr. Frank Gilder's encore in the second part the "Old Hundred," and the pianist "Frank Gilder." It is not to be wondered at, a young man, or a drivelling idiot, who mistakes "God Save the Queen" for the "Old Hundred."

Jesse Grant was a very great man. Since his death, his remarkable poem on a "Pair of Shoes" has taken the literary world by storm and Mr. S. Austin Allibone, author of [illegible] and Index [illegible] epic [illegible]. His latest volume of literary hash (see the New York *Herald*) has just appeared, without the name of Jesse. A Cincinnati surgeon is now engaged on a work which will explain the "Moral Causes of the Death of Jesse Grant." According to this distinguished authority (we quote from a private letter), "The relaxed condition of the maxillary muscles unmistakably points to irregular [illegible] secretion, superinduced by profound emotion at the sight of his son's [illegible]." Either that, or something else, our own opinion being that the old gentleman, borne by his fiery intellect, had looked too far into the awful glories of the hereafter, but even then we fail to understand how one so great could die. He is gone, the grandfather of our country is no more, but the cigar comforts the sorrowing son of Jesse, and the New York *Times* breathes again.

The T. C. took a stroll through Pacific Hall yesterday, and gazed with mute admiration upon the lovely specimens of embryo manhood, maternity beauty and lacteal development. His dazzled eyes feasted upon the rich dry goods store prizes to be awarded to the little darling who should happen to have either the most angry smile, the most corpulent or scrawny person, small feet, etc. The papas were conspicuous by their absence, which, by the by, did not astonish the T. C., as however boldly and confidently on the strength of their wives' assertion that the baby is "his living image," the happy husband may at home assert his paternity, few papas (especially in San Francisco, have the audacity to locate their claims in public. It is just possible that they might have them disputed. The T. C. does not mind a cat or dog show, has even been to a cattle show, but to exhibit such insignificant manhood seems too absurd for anything.

Viscount Venosta.—Our daily papers are all well up in European political movements, and it was therefore, quite natural for them to explain the leanings and describe the characters of the new Italian Ministry. Each journal knew more than the others, and the *Chronicle*, as usual, left even itself far in the rear. We are obliged to talk Irish, for plain English cannot deal with the last paper. The telegram informed Viscount Venosta into *Visconte Venosta*, and the *Chronicle* told us all how the new Minister for Foreign Affairs had been made a Viscount in reward for treachery to his party. Down with the traitor, by all means, but is it not just a little odd for a journal so thoroughly wide awake, not to know the name of a statesman, who has been at the head of the Italian Foreign Office since 1863?

"The Chinese Magdalen, or the Modern J. C.," is the name of a play now in course of construction by the *Town Crier*. Many amusing [illegible] will be introduced, and the dialogue throughout will be sparkling and racy. Several first class miracles will be introduced, in one of which a glass of Spring Valley Water will be turned into a drinkable fluid and given away while another, still more startling, a police officer will, by one touch of a master hand, be turned into a comparatively honest man. The play will be complete in about a month and will be put on the boards of some first class church. Several good-looking persons have already agreed to take parts.

A Vicious Yet Plaintive Roar comes from the *Tuscarora*. Poor Jack, who from time immemorial has been the prey of land and sea sharks, whose soft and susceptible heart even beauty in the plain steel eyes, and who drinks the worst tanglefoot with as much relish as his Captain would champagne, has once been taken in and done for. He gets greenbacks while the officers get gold. Making every allowance for Jack's exaggeration, and the columns through which he makes himself heard, the T. C. still fancies there is some truth in what Jack says, and warns the Navy Paymaster in a friendly way not to do it again. If he does, look out for squalls.

O, How Sick the T. C. is of reading about the Shah. The dreaded name greets him in every paper. The European papers in particular are full of the anecdotes of what the Shah did or ought to have done. Mrs. T. C. has read all about his diamonds, rubies and emeralds, and now looks with scorn upon the humble ring, the placing of which upon her finger once made Towney a happy man. The T. C. does not believe the Shah will ever pay Reuter a cent back of the million and a half he borrowed, will never have any railroad built, but will, as Persian monarchs have a habit of doing, put the poor Baron in a den of lions, and look on to see the sport.

A Gentleman lately arrived from the classic wilds of Boston was dreamily strolling round our magnificent Central Park (generally known as the Plaza), and comparing it favorably with the "Hub Common," when he was startled by the apparition of a tall lady dual with a cigar. Just fancy, a real live [illegible] to be smoking! For a moment the gentle Bostonian paused in amazement at the tall man smoking in this smoking in a public park, but soon he collected his thoughts and mildly remonstrated with the tall man. That young Bostonian now sees more freedom with the one eye he has left than he ever saw the twenty-five years he rusticated at the "Hub."

Why will the Central Pacific persist in having the steps of their cars such a height from the platforms? Many a sprained ankle and many a scar [illegible] fall have been caused by them. Many people, especially ladies, are not able to step some two feet and a half without much exertion and danger. On the steamboat to Oakland the steps are such a height from the ground that a lady can hardly set up or down without an exposé of even worse, a sprained ankle. Look to this, ye railway men, or beware of the *Town Crier's* wrath.

The Town Crier rejoices to see that the poor city has for once defeated monopoly, and that the tax payers have been saved the payment of the enormous sum of $22,000 down, and $2,[illegible] per month for municipal water. This is at any rate a step in the right direction, and holds out some faint hope to the [illegible] that monopolies will not always rule the water, regulate the price of gas, and generally control the necessities of life.

Dr. Hemphill recently delivered a discourse on the "Sirens Progress." It was the "Harlot's Progress" in Hogarth's time. The same Rev. gentleman also delivered a very flat and insipid sermon on the "Rake's Progress," in which he handled the [illegible] as if it was a can of nitro-glycerine. Let this moral instructor confine himself to the petty sins of his congregation until he learns the ways of the world and Pike street.

Henry Ward Beecher remarked the other day at Plymouth Church: "How I felt when the ship hove in sight of land. There was an odor in the air, and I shed tears when I smelt the ground swell of old Ireland." It must have been the inspiring scent of the sod whisky that so inflamed the lacrymose glands of the great pulpit pounder of Brooklyn.

"We Kissed each other by the sea."—*Waverly*. [Well, what of it? The scandal is no better for such practices than any other locality. In fact, we have put in some very sweet work of that kind on the tow path of a canal in our time, and never said anything about it in print.

A Forty-niner took a trip to Oakland for the first time, this week, and it said to have been so struck with its humming thoroughfares and magnificent public buildings, that he at once fell on his knees and thanked his manufacturer that his lot was cast the other side of the bay.

An Original Pennsylvania Editor comes out fairly and squarely. He calls his paper "An airy old sheet, devoted to wind, whisky, wickedness and other religious matters. Vox Populus, Vox Belzebub."

A Young Man who worked hard all the afternoon to win $3 50 at a Lick House pool table, went to the Catholic fair last night and lost it in five minutes shaking dice with a priest. Poor deluded boy.

Kendall has been writing some more poetical hog-wash for the *Chronicle*. He seems to have taken advantage of Finley's fleeing excursion to shoot in his copy. O, Lord! how long?

The Young Man who runs the shears department of the *Examiner* wants to run for legislative honors. He ought to make a good one, as he is the fastest *clipper* in town.

LITTLE WOMAN.

Running out to meet me gladly,
Little woman;
Or with sweet and sunny face bent
Smiling on me from the casement,
Little woman,
Could I ever meet her sadly,
Ever cease to love her madly?—
Love that matcheth hers but badly—
Little woman.

Cosy all her modest dwelling,
Little woman;
Fires ever brightly glowing,
Flowers ever freshly blowing,
Little woman;
And a placid smile still telling
Of a gentle bosom swelling
With a peace all peace excelling,
Little woman.

Just to hear her tender greeting!
Little woman,
Never word unkindly spoiling
Home for husband sad or toiling,
Little woman.
Just to feel her warm lips meeting,
Just to hear her fond heart beating,
It was worth a year's entreating,
Little woman.

Men may grumble at their Lares,
Little woman,
And, on woman's rights loud railing
Wreak the women's wrongs prevailing,
Little woman;
But the best of household fairies
Is the wife whose golden hair is
Drooping o'er her husband's chair—his
Little woman. —*Theo. Gift.*

THE HON. ZACH MONTGOMERY.

Though somewhat late, we publish the speech made by the Hon. Zach Montgomery before the Roman Catholic school teachers in San Francisco. All the dailies were either bribed or frightened into not publishing the speech. The *Call* promised Alemany it would not, and the rest, we suppose, are waiting till the Democratic nominees come out and they see which way the cat jumps. The following is a synopsis of the main points of this bigot's speech

"Being brought into the presence of so august a body and surrounded by so beautiful an audience, I feel embarrassed with a sense of inability to do justice to the subject before me. In case I should commit an unknown error I would ask His Grace to absolve me, as I do not know it. [Applause.] Obedience, as you all know, is the crowning act of faith. I therefore relinquish all preference or desire of my own, and obey the commands of the high political authority of the Church, in coming here to give you a few thoughts or suggestions on truth, right and virtue. [Applause.] I deem it the highest station in life to teach the young Catholic the principles of the only Church on the face of the earth, that is, the Holy Roman Catholic Church. [Applause.] The notion the Protestant element entertain about the great progress made in the nineteenth century, I wish to warn you to abstain from. Inroads made by the telegraph, steamboat, railroad and the printing press upon our Church, are almost irreparable. They are means of spreading false rumors and immoral sentiments, that corrupt minds and lives of good Catholics in this far off land. [Applause.] What right has any one to send to this country the acts and doings of a debauched King or President in Europe. For illustration I will name only a few instances. The telegraph brings with lightning speed, the so-called news from Italy that a church had been confiscated, convents thrown open to public inspection, sisters turned out on the cold charities of the world, soldiers stationed on holy and sacred ground; the printing press publishes it with gladness, and in a short time the steamboat and railroad bring minute details, all of which is republished so extensively that it poisons the minds of our Catholic people in this country, and especially the children. [Applause.] But my friends, you have a higher sphere of usefulness than encouraging the youth to read such corrupting papers. Teach them the holy principles of the Church, and that will save you and them too from the whirlpool of Protestantism and heresy in all its forms. [Applause.] A pastor is like a watchman on a housetop; he sees the storm coming, and he warns you. You have received such warning. It now remains for you to prepare and fortify yourselves against the coming contest. In this country we have a civil service corps at Washington (badly managed), who by mathematical calculations, can ascertain when a storm will visit a certain locality.

Now, my friends in the cross, the great secret civil service corps was established in the Holy City of Rome, about eighteen hundred years ago. [Applause.] Some of my audience know where to get instructions about it. Obey your pastor and look to him for all knowledge, both civil and religious. Roman Catholics are persecuted on all sides, in hotels, restaurants, and other places of common resort, by sneers, jeers and contemptible expressions about the leading Catholics, and eating meat on Friday. [Applause.] Be patient, and organize yourselves for the day of action. The Protestant theory of independence, making up our minds for ourselves on matters in general, is false as well as damnable in the extreme. There is no such a thing as personal freedom in religion and morality; the whole power lies with the successor of St. Peter, Holy Pio Nono, at the Holy City of Rome. [Applause.] Look to your leader and he will take care of you.

"Your Secretary states that more teachers are wanted. A shepherd would not leave his flock at the mercy of the wolves, so I beseech you not to go to the heretics (Protestants), to get the required teachers. Your pastors try to please you, but they cannot go beyond the limits prescribed to them by their superiors.

"In this country we have Catholic teachers in the public schools; they should teach the doctrines of our holy faith. [Applause.] But they are prevented by the laws. Now, for the present, they can whisper in the ear of the scholar at times, and tell them how, when and where they can obtain absolution from their sin. [Applause.] The institutions of this country must be made the institutions of the Church, and then our Sunday Schools and the so-called public schools will be one. The common schools of this country are nothing more nor less than so many schools for teaching the young scandal and wrong-doing. I am told by good authority that it is almost impossible to make Christians of the children who attend the public schools. It is high time something was done to correct this evil, and I here venture to say that if the Roman Catholics do not stand up for their rights, they fail to do their duty.

"Among the persecutors we find the Protestants, the Heathens and the Jews, and one of the refuges we have, is in the miracle of the Most Holy Father at Rome, who will deliver us from all harm and absolve us if we will do our duty to the last."

TO EUROPE BY BALLOON.

The Scientific American thus speaks of the coming balloon journey "To accomplish this has long been the favorite project of the well-known aeronaut, Mr John Wise, and for the past twenty years he has kept the matter before the public. During this period, he has made a large number of balloon ascensions, and gathered, as he believes, indubitable evidence of the existence in aerial regions at a height of from one to two miles above the earth, of a constantly easterly wind current, and has alleged that if proper efforts were made it would be practicable, by maintaining a balloon within this current, to pass easily and speedily over from this continent to Europe. In 1859 Mr Wise undertook a preliminary land voyage, and succeeded in moving in an easterly direction for a distance of some twelve hundred miles, to wit, from St. Louis, Mo., to Jefferson County in this State. But the results of that excursion appear to have dampened the interest of financial people, and the daring balloonist has, until quite recently, been unable to find anybody who, for the sake of science or any other consideration, was willing to risk the expense of a few thousand dollars for another trial. We are glad, however, to be able to chronicle the fact that the Messrs Goodsell, the enterprising publishers of *The Graphic* daily illustrated newspaper in this city, have pledged themselves to supply all the funds necessary for a new flight to Europe, and in a few weeks from the present time, as soon as the balloon can be manufactured, Mr Wise will be again in the air. The preliminaries having been duly settled, the work of construction was begun on the very next day, June 26th, and will be pushed forward rapidly to completion. Of all newspaper dodges to attract interest and induce large sales, this "Balloon to Europe" affair beats all. The pictorial representations of the progress of manufacturing this great machine, its inflation, trial, and final departure, will be fruitful themes for the artist's pencil, and the voyage if successful will supply an extensive series of *Graphic* illustrations of "Life in the Clouds," exceeding in interest everything of the kind before produced. The steam presses of our enterprising contemporary will have to be several times duplicated and run night and day for many weeks in order to supply the public demand. The balloon is now being made in the lofts of the Domestic Sewing Machine Company, corner Broadway and Fourteenth street."

LOCAL DOTTINGS

The papers have found out that Fannie Marston has become Mrs. F. Morse. She found it out nearly two months ago.——Berkeley will very shortly be accessible by rail from the bay. A wharf 1,000 feet long is to be built.——The Anti-Chinese movement continues, and so do the pig-tails to come.——Too much gas in Trinity Church last Sunday, and no service.——If one could resolve oneself into Mint dust, instead of the ordinary disintegrated what isname, dissolution would pay.——People will persist in leaping off street cars in motion, until they break their legs, like the unfortunate fool on Twelfth street, Sunday last.——It is a mistake to confound the "Heiterkiet" with Mrs McAllister's amateurs.——Six million bricks are wanted to build the new City Hall.——Clay Greene proved his verdure in Trinity Church on Thursday evening.——What's the matter with the married people? Everybody seems getting divorced.——Thirteen sea-lions were among the passengers on board the *Ventura* in her last trip.——The question of utilizing prison labor on the public streets is being agitated. By all means use it.——Narcisse Rodriguez, a very hard case, disliking hard labor, feigned sickness so well that the State thought it best to bury him.——Lord! how stocks are hopping about.——Garnier and Delaney are coming here to handle the cues. They are not Chinese agitators, nevertheless.——Rhodes (Caxton) is the Sire of the Bohemian revel's to-night.——In the Spring, a young man's fancy lightly turns to thoughts of love; in the Summer, divorces seem chiefly turned to it.——The culled heaven have elected their saints and concluded their high jinks.——Fancy rain in July. Why, even the oldest inhabitant—of course, of course.——Halsley is determined to prove that one must go up to come down.——A Scandinavian journal named *The Pacific Coast*, is to appear in this city in a few days.——During the past nine years there have been 2,475 alarms and fires in San Francisco, 2,313 buildings burned with a total loss of $5,475,079 79.——Last week, the Branch Mint coined $1,140,000.——The Ladies' Fair netted some $12,000 from the nowary.——It was a tea cable car that arrived here from the East on Monday, under the charge of Col. Frank Jones, containing, as it did, eight millions in greenbacks.——The new Opera House on Mission street is not a myth, after all, it seems. It is to be between Third and Fourth, and will contain an art gallery, as well.——The *Costa Rica* will leave about the 24th of every month for Honolulu, and that place about every 8th.——Every passenger to Oakland is not a gymnast, a high stepper or a giraffe. Occasionally a young or old lady crosses, and is of course bothered and put out by the absence of that platform which the Company will not put up to ease at one into the cars.——A grand shooting gallery, on the principle of the Continental "Tir," will probably be arranged adjoining the Golden Gate Park.——The new trade dollar is to be issued to-day.——Poor Jules Greenwood has preferred a probably greater misery to the present too real sorrow. And all about a jilt of a girl, too!——George S. Spooner, who was shot by the jealous Mr. Ballou on Tuesday night, is recovering. Woman again there, too.——There is a laughing hyena at Woodward's. This does not refer to the visitors.——The Clay-street cars are expected to run in about three weeks.——A young German named Strecker has accepted Strelli's challenge to a sharpshooting match.——Since July 1st, 1856, sixty miles of sewers have been constructed.——There is a prospect of a mile race-track on the southern side of the Cliff House road.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

London has seventeen dailies.——All street doors must be locked at ten o'clock at night in Vienna.——Baron de Reuter is a Jew, of course.——The Carlists have marched on Bilboa in force. Andalusia and Valencia declare for the Spanish Republic.——The Shah's reception at Geneva was most enthusiastic.——The Bishop of Winchester was killed by a fall from his horse on Sunday.——The American and Oriental Topographical Corps has sailed from Alexandria, Egypt, for home.——The Londoners have been roasting during the last week or two and the heat still continues.——Paul de Cassagnac, though but fifty-two, is said to have killed no less than eleven men in duel.——Carthagena, Spain, has declared itself in a state of revolt.——The Tichborne trial was adjourned on Monday, owing to one of the jurors having fainted from the intense heat of the court-room.——Cholera has made its appearance in London.——No Christian teachers are to be employed in the Japanese public schools.——The master builders and journeymen of London have compromised.——The British Parliament is to be prorogued on the 1st prox.——Gustave Rose, the distinguished chemist and mineralogist, is dead, aged 75.——Spiked helmets are to take the place of the present shakos worn by the English cavalry.——The Emperor of Austria paid a lengthy visit to the American department of the Exposition on Tuesday.——Spain seems altogether pretty near the brink of anarchy.——The Emperor of Austria will visit the Czar in October next; supposed object, a treaty of Russian-Austrian alliance.——An extensive fire occurred in Montreal, Canada, on Monday, by which one block was entirely consumed.——Marshal Bazaine is allowed to leave his prison for a short walk every day, on parole.——Several of the Shah's attendants have made arrangements for the education of their sons in England.——The Vicar of Sheffield put in a distraint for ten shillings tithe rent due from a grocer. A clock was seized, sold for fifteen shillings, and the balance returned to the defaulting parishioner.——An old French woman supports herself by supplying the pheasants of the Paris Garden of Acclimatation with their food of ants' eggs, found in the neighboring woods.——The present historical parallel to the tulip mania of the Dutch, is the rabbit mania of the Japs.——The Atchinese are determined to defend their country to the last man.——Russia is agitating the emigration question.——During the recent earthquake in the north of Italy, an undulation swept a church bodily down, crushing its crowded congregation to death.——Slavery has been abolished throughout Khiva.——It is still possible that a Prince of the House of Hohenzollern may sit on the throne of Spain.——The Internationalists threaten to organize a series of strikes throughout France.——The Grand Duke Nicholas has returned from the Khivan war.——Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia has tendered counsel to Bazaine in his trial for the surrender of Metz to the Prussian army.——Baron Wolverton died suddenly in London on Thursday.——The Pope has so far recovered as to attend public mass.

WADE'S OPERA HOUSE.

We have had the Pleasure of Inspecting the Plans for the new Opera House on Mission street, between Third and Fourth, to be built by a joint stock company. The design includes an art gallery, studios, etc., the front elevation on Mission street being extremely handsome. The lot is 110 by 275 feet. The main entrance-way opens into a vestibule 35 by 80, with tesselated pavement, cologne fountain in the center, and frescoed walls. The theater is to have four tiers and twelve private boxes, the whole seating capacity of the house being about 2300. The stage is to be 80 feet in depth and to have all modern improvements for the scenery, etc. Messrs. S. C. Bugbee & Son are the architects, and the design is certainly highly creditable to that firm. The capital stock of the company will be $300,000 (3,000 shares of $100 each), of which amount a circular issued by Dr. Wade states that only 60 per cent. will be required to be paid in; the remaining amount will be provided from the gross earnings. One half of the stock has been subscribed for, and work is to be commenced immediately. We are glad to learn that Fred. Bert, Jr., late of the Metropolitan, who managed to keep that concern afloat under terrible disadvantages, is the lessee, for he has unbounded energy and considerable theatrical knowledge. He is now in New York looking out for "talent." The projectors expect to have the house open by New Year's day.

A Painting entitled "The Feast of Belshazzar," on a large copper plate, which is reported in the Sacramento *Union* to have been painted in the Seventeenth century, is on exhibition in the show window of R. C. Terry & Co.'s store, at Sacramento. Perhaps Hayden, the great historical painter, stole the idea of his "Feast" from this painting; or it is possible Terry & Co.'s friend painted the old picture from the modern one, exhibited forty years since at the Egyptian Hall, Picadilly, London.

In the "Overland" a silly fellow vents his spite because Barry & Patten did not mention him in their interesting reminiscences of the Spring of '50. He never will write as well as the authors whose book he abuses.

Mr. Jefferson Davis is still engaged with his "History of the Confederate States," though his impaired eyesight forbids much continuous reading or writing.

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DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

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GOLD BARS—875@890—Silver Bars—1½@1¾ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86½@86¾c. Mexican Dollars, 5@5¼c., new; 6@6¼c., old.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¼ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 14¼ per cent. On London. Bankers 49¼@49½; Commercial 49¾; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, July 25, at 3 P. M., 115¼. Latest price of Sterling, 109¼@109½.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO .... July 25, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s '65-7-8	102	103¼	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	111	112
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	10 ¾	1 ½	Oakland 10s	105	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	10 ¾	10 ¾	Spring Valley Water Co.	83	88
Legal Tender Notes	86¾	87	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, '57 '5	2 ¾	110	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 1851	50	95	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	50	52
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	92	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	15	22
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	65
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	65	70
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	83	90	Union Insurance Co.	92	95
Santa Clara Bonds	90	—	Pacific Bank	80	86
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	88	91	The Bank of California	125	131
San Francisco Gas Ligth Co.	07	0.¾	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

THE MOVEMENT IN SUGAR.

The Most Important Item of the Week in Commercial Circles is the movement in Sugar—quietly inaugurated and set in motion some weeks since, but kept a profound secret till now. It seems that Claus Spreckles and associates, who control the movements of the California Sugar Refinery, finding that they alone had nearly all the Raw Sugars known to be on the route to this market from abroad—say, five or six large cargoes from Swatow, etc.—conceived the idea of buying up all the Raw Sugars in this market, and thus get the control of the article and become the masters of the situation. With this end in view, it now transpires that they have bought up all the low grades Refining Sugar in warehouse—say upwards of 3,500,000 pounds—Formosa and Peruvian. This, with their large stock on hand and to arrive, gives to the California Refining Company complete control of the Sugar Market, both raws and refined. The result will soon be manifested in the stoppage of one, and perhaps three, out of the four Sugar Refineries now running in this city. The result of this movement is already seen in the advancing tendency of Hawaiian Raws—all low grades, say 1,600 kegs bought up at 7½c., and the price of Best Grocery grades advanced to 9¾c. The next move will without doubt be a decided advance in the price of all White Refined, as well as of Golden Coffee Sugars. Last week we noticed an auction sale of 5,000 kegs California Golden Syrup at 33c. The price has since been established by the several refiners at 40c. This price is at least ten cents below the cost of production, and like sugar we soon expect to see it advanced to 60c. At 40c. it can with profit be shipped to Chicago, where it now commands 85c. currency, but at present the weather is too hot for its shipment across the Plains by the Pacific Railway; nevertheless, in the early Fall we shall expect to see heavy shipments overland, Eastward, of Golden Syrup from the local Refineries.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

July 22d, 1873.—The market continues firm and moderately active for all descriptions. Receipts are now very small, and the stock of desirable Wools on hand is much reduced. Oregon Wools are selling at 25@26c. Choice California, 23½@25c, average to good, 16@22c, Burry, 11@15½c.

WATT & MCLENNAN, Wool Commission Merchants,
625 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, July 25th, 1873. Gold opened at 115¼, 11 A. M. at 115¼, 3 P. M. at 115¼. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 117; 1867, 118¾. Sterling Exchange, 109¼@110. Pacific Mail, 33¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 30¾. Wheat, $1 55@$1 65 quiet. Pork, 18¾, dull. Cotton, 21. Hides, dry, 22¼@23, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 40@$1 42 fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 65@$1 70; Whale, active, 58@65c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 68@72c. Wool—Spring, fine, 30@32c.; Burry, 16@20c.; Pulled, 30@45c. Fall Clips, 16@25c.; Burry, 14@17c. LONDON, July 25.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s. 5d.@11s. 4d. Club, 12s. 6d. United States Bonds, 90¾. Consols, 91¾@92¾, 93¼.

The Gold Coinage from July 5th to 25th, inst., amounts to $3,040,000 in double eagles. The amount of coinage for the time is unprecedented, showing that no derangement in the operations of the Mint has resulted from the recent change in officers. The trade dollar will be issued to-day and hereafter until $100,000 or $150,000 are executed.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

Money seems to be very plentiful, and many of our banking institutions are holding out strong inducements to borrowers, by offering to loan money upon notes of hand and staple merchandise at low rates; and while this is the case in the city, country banks and bankers—men of means—are encouraging farmers to store their Wheat, and take cash advances upon it at two-thirds the market value. It is this abundance of money, and the ease with which it can be obtained, that influences our farmers to withhold their Wheat from market, and that at a time when we ought to be shipping freely. As it is, exports this season fall considerably short of a corresponding period last year, while the current price is about the same.

Capt. Cummings, formerly of the clipper ship *Young America*, arrived in this city on Tuesday evening from Liverpool, for the purpose of taking command of the *Three Brothers*, formerly the world-renowned steamship *Vanderbilt*, which is now being converted into a sailing vessel at Hunter's Point. She will be brought down to Market-street Wharf, to receive her spars and rigging, in about a fortnight. The carpenter work is being done by Coombe & Taylor; rigging by W. Simmonds, iron-work, by D. R. Coleman—which is a guarantee that everything will be in good shape. Capt. Mawson, formerly of the *Valparaiso*, relieved Capt. Cummings in the command of the *Young America*, so that we may look for a continuation of her former fast passages. All of the above ships are owned by Messrs George Howes & Co., of this city.

Mr. Lees, of the firm of Lees & Waller, Pine street, New York, agents of the Bank of California, died in that city at an early hour on Thursday, of chills and fever. He had been ill for about twelve days. Mr. Lees was well known as a merchant, and afterwards as a banker, and stood high in the confidence of the business community. He was honorable in all his relations—a good citizen, an accomplished gentleman, a man of kindly nature, whose death will be lamented in commercial and social circles. He visited San Francisco two years ago, making a stay of several weeks. His age was about 60. He was, we believe, a native of Kentucky, and had accumulated a large fortune. We learn that the business of his firm is continued by his surviving partner, Mr Henry B. Laidlaw.

It is a pleasure to greet and welcome one of our pioneer bankers back to the busy San Francisco world. John V. Plume, formerly of Burgoyne & Co., bankers, has made his re-appearance at No. 319 California street, under the firm of John V. Plume & Co., and is prepared to negotiate bills of exchange, commercial paper, and all marketable securities. Mr Plume's life experience in the money markets of the world peculiarly fit him for the branch of the profession which he has adopted. We refer to his card in another column of our issue.

The Pacific Mail Co.'s Steamship "Costa Rica," Capt. W. F. Lapidge, left for Honolulu on Thursday, at 3 P. M., with about thirty passengers, most of them old residents of Honolulu; among them we noticed J. T. Waterhouse and wife, who are returning from Europe to their island home after an absence of two years. As we saw the steamer move away from the wharf, we wished we could be of the party, to make the voyage with the genial Lapidge.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, July 4, 1873.—Eugene Kelly and family, Danl. T. Murphy, A. B. Head and family, Lloyd Tevis and family, John Mackay and family, Thos. Sunderland and family, C. G. Hooker and family, C. F. Fargo, Joseph Barron and family, Col. Stanford and family, H. S. Homans and family, Mrs. A. J. Butler, Mrs A. L. Barnes, Mrs. C. Reis and family.

The K Line of E. E. Morgan Sons has now on the berth and loading for Liverpool the *Undaunted*, and for London the British ship *Thomas Hamlin*—both of which are rapidly filling up. Their receiving small lots of freight, enabling farmers to make shipments on their own account, appears to meet with much favor.

China Trans-Pacific Steamship Company, Limited.—The *Lord of the Isles*, chartered by the above company, is still in our harbor, awaiting the completion of her new shaft, which will be in position in about a fortnight; the first having been defective, a second forging was necessary.

The U. S. Surveying Schooner Humboldt, was sold by John Middleton & Son, at auction, on Thursday noon at the Merchants' Exchange, to J. Kentfield & Co., for the sum of $3,750, United States currency. We hear she is intended for the coasting trade at the Society Islands.

When the Shah visited the Queen at Windsor he saluted her Majesty with most perfect delicacy and grace, and said that hitherto he had reckoned his years from the day of his birth, but that in future he should date them from the hour of his meeting the Queen of England.

At twenty-two minutes past two yesterday, Charles A. Russell was hung for the murder of James Crotty. They were both hard cases, and the public may congratulate itself on their temporary absence.

A motion has been negatived in the House of Lords, for instituting an order of merit to be conferred upon men who had deserved well of their country—to be called a Literary and Scientific Order of Merit.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

THE INQUIRY.

Tell me, [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible]
And man be saved from death, despite [illegible]
Tell me, thou glorious scroll—
[illegible]
[illegible]
What is it then [illegible]
Or shall he [illegible] through all eternity!
Tell me, ye floral meads,
That [illegible] the morning air,
Is there beyond [illegible] shades
A land of flowers fair—
A paradise of joy for man to share?
Tell me, thou zephyr breeze,
That fans my fevered [illegible],
Which revels [illegible] the trees,
[illegible]
Is man an airy child, a passing [illegible]?
Tell me, ye stars sublime,
That light my path was o'er,
[illegible]
[illegible] shore,
When joy and gladness dwell for evermore?

I ask'd the [illegible],
The [illegible] far in space,
[illegible]
And [illegible] trace
Be known of man's eternal resting-place?
I ask'd the mighty deep,
Majestic [illegible] play,
[illegible]
In grandeur far away,
If for man a soul there is a future day?
I ask'd the gusty wind,
[illegible]
If aught [illegible] find
[illegible] for the soul?
Or if death's stream [illegible] shoal?
Sun, moon, and stars reply,
No hope for man is made,
[illegible] must lie
[illegible] shade,
Like grass to flourish, bloom, droop, die, and fade!
Book of the Living God!
[illegible] of love and light!
[illegible]
[illegible] bright?
Or is death a darkness one unbroken night?

The Holy Book replies,
"To mortals there is given,
In bright pellucid skies,
[illegible] is riven,
A clime where they shall live—an end [illegible] Heaven!"

WILLIAM C. CAMERON

THE CLOWN'S STORY.

Well, You See, Sir, it seems to be one of them things as won't wear out. It's a thing as attracts children and grown people too—people with young ideas, you know; and as it isn't likely that [illegible] will ever wear out. [illegible] Why, how the old country people now talk about coming up to London to see the sights, why, what's the thing that they always reckon best? Why, [illegible] [illegible] there's two of [illegible] enough about old Ducrow, and Madame Ducrow and her cream [illegible] [illegible]

But it's a [illegible] life, sir, and one not to be envied, only, you see, you must live, and when [illegible] why, of course, they must live, too; and I've been in the profession all my life, why, it don't seem as if I could do anything else.

[illegible] now, then, there's two of mine coming in the ring now. First one's [illegible] [illegible]

But it's a [illegible] comfort, no peace at all. Public house always, and [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

You people come to be amused, and we've got to amuse you. Fancy, then, [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] [illegible] at any one thing, I was a sure card, and a useful man to the manager, for, if I [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] and sweet [illegible]

Now, [illegible] most people when they fall in love, do it by taking a fancy to a face. Well, that's natural, [illegible] [illegible]

Then, when her horse was [illegible] I make a lot of dumb motions and [illegible] [illegible]

Well, being a pretty thing if well done, the people were very attentive. One night, after I'd made up my mind, when we'd got to the point where [illegible] "Mary, dear," [illegible] was Mademoiselle Marion—"Mary, dear," I says, "make that real." "What?" she says.

"[illegible] this real," I says, [illegible] "On here!"

"[illegible]," she says. "Put your arm a little more around my waist—I'm slipping."

"I was just going to, darling," I says. "You shan't slip. I'll support you."

All this time, of course, she was hanging away from me, as if in a [illegible] of fear; but when I said, "I'll support you," she half laughed, and said, "You won't like to—I eat so much."

"Try me," I said. "I'm in earnest, and I mean it. Mind your balance."

"Don't, please," she says then, and I quite started to hear how pitifully she spoke. "[illegible]," I says, "[illegible] make it real."

"Well," she says, [illegible] "I'll make it real," and she hung away from me [illegible] [illegible]

And she did make it real, for I found the tongue to say so much, that [illegible] was acted real right through, and when at last it came to her coming round and [illegible] her right up, and all the time flourishing my bow in the other, while the horse went as hard as he could [illegible] that had never been said to me before, that I [illegible] [illegible]

As we went off, there was Mary's father, who did the sword trick and the rings [illegible] was Mary's father waiting [illegible] [illegible] Indians after."

"No more did I, old man," I says slapping him on the shoulder, "but we're going to make it real."

The old man and I had it over that night over some stout and oysters, and Mary was there, looking as blushing and sweet as a girl [illegible] [illegible] all the time I could [illegible] to find her old father there, for he'd [illegible] got [illegible] before I did, and he shook hands with me, and then broke down crying like a child.

[illegible] I couldn't believe it. I couldn't think that it was real at all this, that she was gone from me forever. It seemed something I couldn't understand, though they told me again and again as she was dead and had been put to the cold ground two days before.

At last, [illegible], it all seemed to come home to me, and I sat there, I think, for three days, doing nothing [illegible] [illegible] It saved [illegible] many a heartache, and no end of poverty.

It was about a year after [illegible] I was doing [illegible] get soft if I think much about it, for I'm afraid I was very proud of what I was as a man.

It's a dangerous life, sir, but in the struggle for a living a man must run risks, and besides you're risky in all trades. But really, you know, there's a fatal accident in half of the feats and [illegible] [illegible] a loud whisper. "Father," he says, [illegible] and I like the [illegible] of that word. [illegible] [illegible], and that is, Having it Real!

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by [illegible] [illegible] It is sold by all Druggists and [illegible] FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE. **Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.**

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. [illegible] Depot, [illegible] PARK PLACE, New York. April 12

DICKSON, DE WOLF & CO.,

410, 412, 414 Battery street, offer for sale the following goods, in Bond or Duty paid:

BRANDY [illegible]
BRANDY [illegible]
WHISKY [illegible] in quarter casks.
WINE [illegible] CLARET [illegible]
TIN PLATES [illegible] [illegible] Portland Cement, [illegible] Paris White. [June 7]

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, [illegible] Smith & Co., [illegible]
Amsterdam—[illegible] & Co.
Antwerp—La [illegible]
Alexandria—[illegible] Freres
Acapulco—[illegible], Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, [illegible] & Co., Thomas Turrell, Wayte, Upton [illegible]
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. J. Hopkins
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange
Boston—J. [illegible] Ed. Gassett, Merchants' Exchange
Bordeaux—[illegible] & Fils; Barton & Guestier, Pierre [illegible] & Co
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co., Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia
Canton—[illegible] Matheson & Co
Constantinople—[illegible] Freres, Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Rooms, [illegible]
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India, [illegible] Brothers & Co
Callao—[illegible], Esq., English [illegible]
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange, [illegible]
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; [illegible] & Co
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers
Guaymas—[illegible] & Co., A. Willard, Esq., James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co
Hamburg—[illegible] & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, [illegible]
Havre—[illegible] Freres et Cie, Wanner, Langer & Co., [illegible] Banque Commerciale
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., [illegible], Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney
Havana—Crawford, Esq., H. B. [illegible]
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England, [illegible] & Co., [illegible], Bank of London, Baring Bros & Co., Deacy, Davies & Co; F'k Ansell, M. D.; "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," [illegible] Private Secretary of Queen Victoria
Lima—[illegible] & Co., [illegible] & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, [illegible] General [illegible] Association
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, [illegible]
Lisbon—[illegible] Commercial
Madrid—[illegible] Excellentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co, [illegible] & Co
Marseilles—Pascal, [illegible] & Co; [illegible]
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce, Green, [illegible] & Co, McCulloch, Sellars & Co.
Madras—[illegible] & Co., Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co., Chamber of Commerce
Montreal—St James' Club, C. M. McNab
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, [illegible] & Co; Russell & Sturgis, [illegible], Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Co

COURT CHAT.

A Contrast.—A naval review was held at Spithead on the 23d of June, 1773. George III was the King, and His Majesty [illegible] [illegible] by Admiral Sir G. Rodney Mundy.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

The "Countess of Derwentwater."—The pseudo-Countess of Derwentwater, who still remains a prisoner in Newcastle Jail, has issued an appeal to her Majesty, in which she says: "O Queen, mercy and justice is thy mission on earth, and why allow one thousand [illegible] several princes in Europe; and the greatest monarch that ever held the English sceptre looked back and moralized, and her Majesty exclaimed, 'Millions of money for moments of time!'"

The Duke of Cambridge, at Woolwich, recently, intimated to our Royal guest that he had been commissioned [illegible] gun England had that day presented him with, he would remember a day that he had spent so pleasantly [illegible] British Artillery.

Few know about the Shah's impassiveness in Russia or Germany as reported [illegible] [illegible] thing very like excitement.—*English Newspaper.*

There is a good deal of gossip going on about the late Lord Marjoribanks. It is [illegible] a week before [illegible] to the *Gazette* announcing Mr. Roberts' nomination.

Nothing could exceed the magnificence of the breakfast given to the Shah by [illegible] the large temporary room, where nearly four hundred guests had assembled.

The Times was rather severe recently upon the fact that there was so little accommodation for the authorised world at the Windsor Review, though it doubtless found itself well cared for by the generous consideration of the Prince Christian for the press. The fault was Mr. Lowe's, he having, with an eye to economy which cannot be too highly praised, allowed only £[illegible] for the [illegible] [illegible] have to come out of Prince Christian's pocket, no longer.

The ex-Queen Isabella of Spain was present at the reception by the Pope recently of a deputation which congratulated his Holiness upon the anniversary of his accession. In replying to the address presented to him, Pius IX., after condemning civil marriages, [illegible] Her Majesty was so affected by this remark that she burst into tears.

The betrothal of Prince William of Wurtemberg, heir apparent to the throne, with Princess Marie, eldest daughter of Prince Frederick Charles of Prussia, [illegible] approved among the German party in Wurtemberg.

The bronze medal of the Royal Humane Society has been presented to Mr. March Phillips, [illegible] magistrate residing at Torquay, and Mr. Henty Cooper, for bravery in rescuing a child from drowning [illegible] April. The [illegible] Mr. Phillips, who was the first to plunge into the sea, [illegible]

The floral decorations placed in the painted hall at Greenwich, on the reception of the Shah [illegible] to carry down the Shah.

Persons who are curious in matters of etiquette will like to know that at his first interview with the Queen in Windsor Castle the Shah kissed Her Majesty's hand, while at the same time [illegible] the ribbon of a richly-jewelled decoration of the new Persian Order of the Sun.

Josephine, Queen Dowager of Sweden, widow of King Oscar I., celebrated on the [illegible] inst., at Her Majesty's seat at [illegible], the [illegible] anniversary of her arrival in Sweden, and received on the occasion testimonials of respect and esteem from all quarters.

A writer in the Temps, discussing the origin of the word Shah, says: "A last remark [illegible] It is a literal translation of the Arabic [illegible]. The [illegible]"

The cotton girls at Manchester struck up a capitally-sung "God save the Queen," which the Shah listened to attentively and pleased. Then, with a desire to [illegible]

The name of Colonel Sir Henry Rodes Green, K. C. S. I., C. B., should [illegible] persons who had the honor of being presented to the Shah at Buckingham Palace recently.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of [illegible] [illegible] J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell Street, [illegible] Sole Agents for New York: J. ASPINWALL, [illegible] Franklin street. July 11

MAGENTA—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. [illegible] Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, [illegible] Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black, Blue, [illegible] DANIEL JUDSON & SON, [illegible] "SEE THAT YOU GET 'JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES.'"

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution [illegible] Worcester, Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc. etc., and [illegible] universally. To be obtained of [illegible] MESSRS. CROSSE & CO. [illegible]

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply [illegible] [illegible]

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior [illegible] THOS. KEATING, [illegible] Agents: CRANE, [illegible] San Francisco. June 21

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, [illegible] FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., [illegible] Sept. [illegible] [illegible] Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent the [illegible], Notice is hereby given [illegible] are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules [illegible] MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, [illegible] AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 28

MARAVILLA COCOA

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), [illegible] "MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a [illegible] Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc. etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, [illegible]

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared [illegible] TAYLOR BROTHERS, [illegible] STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. [illegible] May 3

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Roney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. [illegible]

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 14

ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).

Successors to J. Seligman & Co.

London Office, No. 3 Angel Court. San Francisco Office, No. 412 California street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000; Subscribed, $3,000,000; Paid in, $1,500,000, remainder subject to call. Directors in London—Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Reuben D. Sassoon, William F. Scholfield, Isaac Seligman, Julius Lincoln. Managers in San Francisco—Richard G. Sneath, Ignatz Steinhart. The Bank is now prepared to open Accounts, Receive Deposits, make Collections, Buy and Sell Exchange, and Issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world and loan Money on proper securities. The Stock of this Bank being held by leading Bankers and Capitalists of Europe and America, the Bank will have superior facilities in the negotiation of State, Municipal and other securities abroad.
July 5. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

Messrs. J. Seligman & Co., having transferred their Banking Business and good will to the Anglo-Californian Bank limited, would request all persons [illegible] to them to settle their accounts with MR. IGNATZ STEINHART (412 California street), who is authorized to sign in liquidation.
San Francisco, July 2, 1873. [July 5.] J. SELIGMAN & CO.

THE WESTERN SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.,

136 Montgomery st., Occidental Hotel Building, San Francisco. Capital, $1,000,000. H J Booth, President, A. G. Styles, Vice President and Cashier; J. H. Grafton, Secretary; H. H. Haight, Attorney; Robert Watt, F. S. Wensinger, Schreiber, Executive Committee. Directors—L. S. Adams (of Adams McNeil & Co.), Sacramento and San Francisco; H. H. Haight, ex-Governor, Alameda; F. L. Weaver (of Weaver, Taylor & Co.), San Francisco; S. P. Taylor, San Francisco; Simon Schreiber (of Schreiber & Howell, Sacramento and San Francisco), Robert Watt, ex-Controller of State, San Rafael; H. J. Booth (of H. J. Booth & Co., Union Iron Works, San Francisco); Ansel G. Stiles, San Francisco; L. B. Harris, San Francisco; Isaac Lohman, Oakland; Peter Spreckles, San Francisco.
☞ All kinds of SAVINGS, Commercial and Trust Fund Deposits, will be received in amounts not less than three dollars. DIVIDENDS will be payable semi-annually, in January and July of each year. No charge will be made for opening accounts. Loans will be made on security of Real Estate, United States Stocks and other approved securities. July 12.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 28.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. Directors—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. New York Agents—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

San Francisco Savings Union. No. 532 California street, corner of Webb.—For the half year ending with 30th June, 1873, a dividend has been declared at the rate of nine and six-tenths (9 6-10) per cent. per annum on Term deposits and eight (8) per cent. per annum on Ordinary deposits, free of Federal Tax—payable on and after 14th July, 1873. By order, LOVELL WHITE,
July 12. Cashier.

ODD FELLOWS' SAVINGS BANK.—DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Board of Directors of the Odd Fellows' Savings Bank have this day declared a dividend at the rate of nine 65-100 (9 65-100) per cent. per annum on Permanent deposits, and at the rate of eight 5-100 (8 5-100) per cent. per annum on Short deposits, for the semi-annual term ending June 28th, 1873, payable on and after the 21st instant. JAMES BENSON, Secretary.
San Francisco, July 3, 1873. July 12.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
George Lette, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

The Board of Directors have declared the dividend on deposits for the first half year of 1873, ending this date. On Term Deposits, at the rate of nine and six tenths (9 6-10) per cent per annum, on Ordinary Deposits, at the rate of eight (8) per cent per annum, free of Federal tax, payable on and after July 15.
By order, GEO. LETTE, Secretary.
San Francisco, June 30th, 1873. July 5.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—SAN FRANCISCO SAVINGS UNION,

532 California street, corner of Webb.—For the half year ending with the 30th of June, 1873, a dividend has been declared at the rate of nine and six-tenths (9 6-10) per cent. per annum on Term Deposits, and eight (8) per cent. per annum on Ordinary Deposits, free of Federal tax, payable on and after July 14, 1873. By order. [July 5.] LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't; Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President, B. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3.

COSMOPOLITAN DIME SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No. 628 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits, One per Cent. per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, Six per Cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book.
J. Crocker, Secretary. [May 10.] W. S. THOMPSON, President.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manilla, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; E. S. Van Bruni, Cashier. Banking House 415 California street. July 7.

REMOVAL.

John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, has Re-moved to 320 Montgomery street, opposite the Odd Fellows' Building. Always prepared to discount good Commercial Paper at the lowest rates. City and County Property bought and sold. July 12.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Ma-rine Insurance Company. Capital $[illegible]. Officers—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. B. [illegible], Marine Secretary; H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. Directors—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Grogan, John H. [illegible], A. W. [illegible], C. S. Hobbs, D. M. Hanschett, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greene, [illegible], E. L. Jones, Geo. B. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. B. Foster, Jr., Jas. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon branch—P. Wasserman, H. Goldsmith, L. E. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Loewenberg, [illegible] Lloyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Jonas Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, S. Hoyt, Noah Palmer, D. D. Murphy, J. T. Denny, Manager, A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, James Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. Sacramento—E. [illegible], J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. Marysville—[illegible] Cunningham, [illegible] Decker. Portland, O.—Henry Failing. New York—J. D. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.
Charles D. Haven, Secretary. Geo. T. Bohen, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 228 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, [illegible] rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens.
Directors.—W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, N. D. Thayer, Jas. Tucker, Charles Main. C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. Horner, Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Com-pany of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 11 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of [illegible],000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
Wm. Macdonald, Agent. Nov. 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over Nine Million Dollars. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the Only Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent.
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $8,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,180,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
Jan. 13.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediate upon adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 305 San-some street, San Francisco. Nov 18.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 525 California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 10.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

WANTED,

By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife, the management of a respectable Hotel, town or country. First class references. Letters addressed "H. Y.," care of News Letter will receive attention. July 5.

WANTED.

The advertiser, a competent Accountant, desires employment in a mercantile establishment. Please address "W." care of News Letter. [July 5.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 418 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 25.

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 436 California street, up stairs. April 19.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alianca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb, Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—P. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co., S. H. Stamois & Co, "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa, Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co., Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia, Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co, Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Governor William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

Belgium.—Consul General—S. Morhange, Grand Hotel. Consul, E. Grisar, N.W. cor. Broadway and Sansome.
Chili—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanueva, U. S. Court Building. Consul—H. Barroilhet, 424 Montgomery street.
Denmark—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 510 California street.
Ecuador—Consul—Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 301 Montgomery street.
France—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson st.
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
Guatemala—Consul—Leslie C. Hanks, 301 California street.
German Empire—Consul—C. A. C. Dalsenberg, 314 Sacramento.
Greece—Consul—[illegible].
Hawaiian Islands—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 416 Front.
Honduras—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
Italy—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 702 Washington street.
Japan—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Act'g Consul—Horace H. Hoon.
Mexico—Consul—Manuel Aspiroz, 518 California street.
Netherlands—Consul—J. De Fremery, 420 Sansome street.
Nicaragua—Consul-General—F. Herrera, 301 Montgomery st.
Costa Rica—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S.W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
Peru—Consul General—F. de la Fuentene y Subirat, Lick House.
Portugal—Consul—Frank Herton. Vice Consul—H. Laidley, Swiss American Bank.
Spain—Consul—Camilo Martin, 423 California street.
Sweden and Norway—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 510 California.
Russia—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 30 Battery street.
Bolivia—Consul—F. Herrera, 301 Montgomery street.
U. S. of Colombia—Consul—B. Morallea, 510 Washington st.
Turkey—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, 30 Battery street.
Argentine Republic—Consul—C. [illegible], 30 Battery street.
Switzerland—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss American Bank.
Austro-Hungarian Empire—Consul—G. Muecke, 109 California street.
San Salvador—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

WAYSIDE GUSHINGS.

BY MRS. HARRIS.

Sayrah and I, since that 'ere trial, 'ave 'ad a summer-trip,
And our stummicks was took 'orrid queer while sailing in the ship.
It were a schooner carryin' coal, but the Capting says, says he,
"Mrs. 'Arris, you vill do me proud if you'll sail along vith me."
My mind misgave me, but the gal vith 'er romantic natur'
Says, "Missus, come, for I do long to visit the equator,
Likeways them poles as stand that 'igh right on the ocean's breast,
As no bear could climb since the birth of time tho' tryin' of their best."
"But vy," says I, "expose ourselves to many a hawful roll,
Just to see a vild equator or a perd-gious pole!
Is there no pel-[illegible] at Vooxvan[illegible] [illegible] a watery grave,
That you would drag your missus on the stummick-lifting wave!"
But 'twere n't no use to hargue, for the gal bust into tears,
And the Captin showed us by 'is chart there was no cause for fears.
So off we went, and oh! good 'eavens, what wentral hanguish came,
As soon as that 'ere wessel was a-tossing on the main.
"Missus," says Sayrah, "I do feel my bloods turnin' queer,"
"And so do I, Sayrah," says I, "so fetch some bottled beer."
"Please, mum, I can't," replies the gal, "for my legs 'ave both give way."
And prostrate, with an 'orrid groan, the 'elpless critter lay.
"O, Capting darling," 'ol[illegible] I, "please lift me in your arms,
And lay me on the happer deck, for I feel the hawfullest qualms."
"Cheer hup, old gal," the monster said, "a storm is in the sky,
So be 'appy with your [illegible], I'll see to you bye and bye."
I would 'ave spoke and told the wretch the woyage would be my death,
But we shipped a sea which poured over me and took away my breath,
Likeways the ship give such a lurch it turned me hinside out,
And 'twere 'alf an 'our ere I 'ad the power to wentilate a shout.

Sayrah, poor gal, were 'ollerin' loud "Perlice!" and likeways "Murder!"
But not a screech the shore could reach and no one never 'eard 'er.
She turned as pale as a snow-white sail and fixed a ghastly stare
At the 'evans above us, black vith storm vich 'orlied in the air.
Never through life shall I forget that poor thing's deathlike look,
Ven sudding, vith a hawful groan, 'er stummick was overtook,
Meanvile I lay upon my back and tried to say my prayers,
And to babstract my counshons from all sublunary cares;
But twere'n't no use; between each word the wentral 'eaving rose,
Vile Sayrah cried, "This dreadful vind, 'ow 'orribly it blows!"
"Look 'ere, old gal," the Capting says, "I think as you're a Jonah,
And as the ship ain't mine and I am 'sponsible to the owner,
If you and that 'ere screeching gal will stand upon your feet, oh,
I'll land you both in a bruce of shakes on the shores of Saucelito."
"Thank 'evans!" we both exclaimed at once, "God bless your gen'rous soul,
Put us off quick for we're werry sick and can't abide the roll."
O, with what joy we set our feet again upon the shore,
And wowed vith hawful hoaths we'd never go to sea no more;
I sent off Sayrah to the church to bid the parson pray
For two poor females nearly drowned in San Francisco Bay.
Meanvile, a-sitting on the beach we calmed our nerves with Bass,
Devoutly thankin' Providence as did, from sich a pass,
Our stummicks save, likeways our lives, ven tossin' on the deep,
And, after an 'am sandvidge, poor Sayrah vent to sleep.

Next morning, ven the horb of day avoke us vith 'is beams,
Sayrah and I amused ourselves by tellin' of our dreams:
"I dreamed," says Sayrah, "that I lay a screamin' on the deck,
Ven suddingly, vith an 'orrid plunge, we was both of us shipwreck."
"Poor child," says I, "'tis nat'ral that you should feel a shock,
For I dreamed myself as both of us was cast upon a rock.
But turn your hoptics on the sea and mark yon distant speck,
That is the werry ship in which we was so nearly wreck."
She bust out cryin', and exclaimed, "He was an 'andsome man,
I was lookin' at 'is vhiskers ven the womitin' began!"

A NEW MODE OF OBVIATING DEATH BY DROWNING.

The Medical Press and Circular says that our old friend Dr. Schultz, of Chicago, has the merit of having invented something unmistakably new, and of explaining one of the deficiencies of the mechanism of the circulation in man: but at the risk, we think, of a prolonged incarceration for manslaughter should any fatal result ensue from the experiments which have been performed on this occasion, not only on the "corpore vile" of a setter's pup, but on his own child. The foramen ovale admittedly in some diving mammals (as in the seal) is open, to allow free circulation during the prolonged plunges of these creatures. Dr Schultz, influenced by such observations, directed his attention to transform human beings into diving animals, by obtaining the non-closure of this opening in the early period of life. He proceeded, submitting the new-born puppies of a setter to the experiment, by immersing them in warm water at blood heat, and keeping them immersed from two to five minutes he found that no unpleasant results followed. Fortunately or unfortunately as the case may be, a little Schultz was, at this conjuncture, projected into this *terra incognita*. The parent determined on his being amphibious, and on receiving this pleasing token of affection, he immersed it in a pail of water heated to blood temperature, and kept it below the surface for four minutes; after some seconds the blood "found its way through the foramen ovale." The process was repeated daily, sometimes as often as five times in the twenty-four hours, till the little Schultz could remain submerged for twenty-five minutes at a time, and no doubt as growth increases he will perfect himself in amphibiosity. Should the Gulf Stream be propitious, and no uncharitable iceberg interpose its chilling influence, we may expect some day a herd of Schultzes or of Chicago folks to bask itself on the rocks at Queenstown, after a series of transatlantic dives.

A Lord in the Stocks.—A ludicrous story is told of Lord Camden being on a visit to Lord Dacre, in Essex, and accompanying a gentleman notorious for his absence of mind in a walk during which they came to the parish stocks. Having a wish to know the nature of the punishment, the Chief Justice begged him to open them so that he might try. This being done, his friend sauntered on, and totally forgot him. The imprisoned chief tried in vain to release himself; and on asking a peasant who was passing by to let him out, was laughed at, and told that he "wasn't set there for nothing." He was at once set at liberty by the servants of his host; and afterwards, on the trial of an action for false imprisonment against a magistrate by some fellow whom he had set in the stocks, on the counsel for the defendant ridiculing the charge, and declaring it was no punishment at all, his lordship leaned over and whispered, "Brother, were you ever in the stocks?" The counsel indignantly replied, "Never, my lord." "Then I have been," said the Chief Justice, "and I can assure you it is not the trifle you imagine."

Mr. Wilkie Collins' last drama is going into all the tongues and all the capitals of Europe. It is blossoming in Paris as *La Nouvelle Madeleine*, in Berlin as *Die Neue Magdalena*, at the Hague as *De Nieuwe Magdalen*, in Milan as *La Nuova Maddalena*, in Moscow as *Novaia Magdalena*. Only the Iberian and the Scandinavian States are without the new play. Surely the north and the southwest of Europe will also make a grasp at it.

Mdlle. Ilma di Murska is engaged for the Imperial Opera House in Vienna, to appear as "Ophelia," next month, and will go in the autumn to America, to join Madame Pauline Lucca in an operatic tour.

One of the bright little jeweler's shops in the Palais Royal, so well known to loungers about Paris, has been broken into, and jewelry to the value of one hundred and fifty thousand francs carried off.

FOR SALE.—850,000 ACRES OF LAND IN SOUTHERN OREGON.

Title Perfect: U. S. Land Grant, fully Confirmed.

The "Pacific Land Company," incorporated with capital stock of 5,000 shares of par value of $210 each, have purchased the road and entire land grant of the OREGON CENTRAL MILITARY ROAD COMPANY, consisting of over 850,000 acres of Agricultural, Grazing and Timber Lands, passing from Eugene City (125 miles from Portland by railroad), through the splendid "Lake Country" to Silver City, near the border of Idaho.
Each share of the PACIFIC LAND COMPANY, thus representing now over 160 acres of land and is UNASSESSABLE.
Three thousand shares belong to the Company, and will be offered for sale by us, the entire proceeds of which go into the Treasury.
The first one thousand shares will be offered at $125 per share, United States Currency, say at the rate of [illegible] cents per acre. Every share will also be received at its par value of $210, in payment for land, so soon as the appraisals are made. Such shares will then be cancelled, and not re-issued, and a deed given to the purchaser.
The land will be appraised, at [illegible] rates in accordance with its actual value as soon as practicable, in sections of 160 acres, at from $1.25 to $[illegible] per acre, U. S. Currency, and offered for sale. Actual settlers, however, always having the preference.
We refer, as to the character of this magnificent grant of land, to Clarence King, Esq., the United States Geologist for this coast, who is familiar with it from personal observation, and also to the elaborate report of the Hon. B. J. Pengra, late Surveyor-General of Oregon, on this road and lands, from which report we quote: "There is but very little of the entire grant but what is valuable for either farming, grazing or lumbering purposes."
As shares are cancelled, the average of acres to the remaining shares will naturally increase, and from cash sales dividends will be declared.
Immigrants, by buying these shares, can secure good lands with perfect title at less than Government rates.
For Custodians of Trust Funds the shares of the Pacific Land Company combine absolute security based on the lands, with promise of large returns, and no investment can be better for children, as the value of the property must increase immensely in a few years.
Remittances for shares can be sent to us by Wells, Fargo & Co., or in registered letters.
Full particulars, maps, and a descriptive pamphlet, can be obtained at our office, where the subscription book of the shares is now open.
YOUNG & PAXSON,
Agents for the Pacific Land Co., Office, No. 424 Montgomery st.

President, H. F. TESCHEMACHER. Directors—J. S. PAXSON, OLIVER ELDRIDGE, J. R. JARBOE and H. F. CUTTER, of San Francisco.
Refer to J. C. AINSWORTH, S. G. REED and W. S. LADD, of Portland, Oregon; B. J. PENGRA, Springfield, Oregon. July 19.

NOTICE.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD LANDS.

To all whom it may Concern:—Whereas, under instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land office, dated June 4th, 1873, the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at San Francisco, California, have given official notice, by publication, that "All odd numbered sections, [illegible] reserved for the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, and which were at the date of such reservation within the limits of the reservation for the Western Pacific Railroad Company, will be restored on THURSDAY, the 24th day of July, A. D. 18[illegible], and will, on said day, become subject to the pre-emption settlement and filing and homestead entry." The Southern Pacific Railroad Company hereby gives notice that said Company claims the odd-numbered sections referred to in said notice of the Register and Receiver, under the grant to the said Company by Act of Congress approved July 27th, 1866, and the Acts amendatory and confirmatory thereof, and will take all necessary legal steps to assert its claim to said lands under its grant.
B. B. REDDING,
July 5. Land Agent Southern Pacific Railroad Company.

B. T. SUIT & CO.'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento.	J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS AND DRIVERS OF VEHICLES.

The Annual License of Vehicles, for the year ending July, 1874, is now due, and if not paid on or before the 31st day of the present month, the owner or driver will be liable for 25 per cent. in addition for each and every month's neglect, and also to a fine of not less than $10, or imprisonment in the county Jail.
July 19. E. P. BUCKLEY, License Collector, Office, No. 7 City Hall.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OF DOGS.

The License Tax for July, 1874, is now due, and if not procured on or before the 31st day of the present month, the Poundkeeper and his deputies will arrest all dogs with the old tag on. E. P. BUCKLEY,
July 19. Collector of Licenses, Office, No. 7 City Hall.

CHILI ALFALFA SEED OF THE NEW CROP,

Ex Steamer just arrived.—For sale in lots to suit, by
S. W. MOORE & CO., Seedsmen,
July 19. No. 425 Sansome street, San Francisco.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 24.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

REMOVAL.

A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his office and warerooms to No.'s 113 and 115 Pine street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over mountainous and difficult roads. June 28.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
San Francisco. [May 31.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

ROPE! ROPE!—PACIFIC CORDAGE CO.

This Factory, now in full operation, is prepared to fill all orders for MANILLA CORDAGE AND HAY ROPE of all lengths and varieties (tarred or untarred) of SUPERIOR QUALITY to any ever offered in this market. The Works of this Company are so located that orders can be shipped Direct, by rail or water, to any part of the State, when so desired by purchasers. PACIFIC CORDAGE COMPANY. [April 26.] J. D. FARWELL, Agent, 11 Front street.

L. H. NEWTON.] **NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,** [MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

"THE NEW MAGDALEN."

The dramatization of a popular novel is certainly no easy task, and Mr Lelt may fairly be congratulated on having made a success of the *New Magdalen*, now being played at Shiels' Opera House. Wilkie Collins' plots are usually so involved, not to say convoluted, that of all novels his must be the most difficult to adapt for stage use. Every one has read the book, and every one else who hasn't, "had orter." The drama follows the story pretty closely, and where practicable the original dialogues and so forth have been retained. The termination one seemed to us a little abrupt. In the novel, the "ex-Rev. Julian Gray" proposes to "Mercy," the ex-Magdalen, but is not accepted for months, not indeed till she has been called to his sick bed. When they marry, "Society," with a large "S," of course frowns on their union, and he then determines to leave for a distant colony—presumably Magdalena Bay. In the play, his courting, her acceptance and the determination to leave for the New World follow each other in rapid succession. This, however, is hardly a fault in the playwright, as the Opera House is not conducted *à la Chinois*, and a piece is necessarily confined to the usual two or three hours. "Mercy Merrick" is made the one central figure of the whole piece, as of the novel, and it is to that one character, as portrayed by Miss Pateman, we would briefly allude. On the first appearance of this lady, in more or less hackneyed pieces, her dramatic power was very obvious, and old play-goers raised themselves from their lethargy to heartily applaud. But, in the *New Magdalen*, Miss Pateman has proved her right to take a foremost place in the profession. Physically, she is just that which Collins describes "Mercy" to be—"tall, lithe and graceful, with an expressive, earnest face, indicative of brains as well as beauty." Miss Pateman possesses that rare accomplishment—she speaks perfect English, and from the first night it was obvious that her powers of "study," not the stage slang for mere verbal proficiency, but her comprehension of the author's meaning, was thorough and complete. The whole burden of the piece falls on her shoulders, we do not know of so long a "part" in the modern drama. Miss Pateman can hardly be excelled in pathetic or tender passages, she is superb in parts requiring power or fire. What can be grander than the interview with "Grace Roseberry," the woman whose position in life she has stolen, where earnest repentance ends in terribly earnest defiance? What could be more beautiful told than the sad story of the Magdalen's life—her life—wherein she was so much more sinned against than sinning, and the recital of which she instinctively feels must sever her affianced lover from her forever? But we must conclude our tribute to Miss Pateman is sincere, and we think needed, as the daily press have hardly recognized her abilities, though the much more sensible public has crowded the house for the past two weeks.

MADAME ANNA BISHOP.

Anna Bishop, assisted by three eminently qualified associates, has, as a gleam of sunshine amid a perpetual haze of gloomy and pretentious classicality, been delighting us with both vocal and instrumental music, of a mixed character truly, but all rendered in a style we very seldom indeed have an opportunity of hearing. Bred in a school that has ever been the very highest—contemporary with and tutored by intimate association with the most accomplished singers that ever did exist, and that, too, while at the height of their supremacy, Madame Bishop's natural gifts and technical acquirements, appreciation, taste and proficiency, soon enabled her to aspire to a prominent position in the list of vocal celebrities. At a time when Rossini, Bellini, and Donizetti, were in turn being bewildered with their own creations, and undergoing an angelic torture by the superhuman brilliancy of Grisi, Rubini, Tamburini, and Lablache, Madame Bishop was no inattentive observer, as her admirable and surprising powers even now amply testify. Mr Wilkie has a fine tenor voice, and if he had but a title of the modest confidence, vulgarly called impudence, inculcated and by high pressure forced to corporeal saturation into every pupil attending the San Francisco public schools, he would soon command a fortune. Mr Gottschalk may not be deficient in this qualification, and as he has a remarkably fine voice and uses it with considerable judgment, he never fails to please. Of Mr Gilder, it is pleasing to observe that there is about his piano-forte playing something very refreshing. He eschews entirely the *post mortem* drivel which a wide-spread intellectual opacity accepts as the acme of artistic excellence. As piano-forte playing is a purely mechanical feat, it is, notwithstanding the absurdities of the modern German schools, a very simple affair in their cramping and distorting of the fingers, the simple fact that the piano key is but a lever, and the finger but a continuation of it, is lost sight of entirely, and a system of torture is resorted to that deforms a really symmetrical hand. There is nothing of the kind in Mr Gilder. His fingering is perfect, and his marvelous command of octave passages is far in advance of any performer on this coast.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

Alhambra Theater.—The performance at this house is as good, if not better, than in the days when Billy Emerson was the leading burnt-cork star. Besides the usual music, songs and jokes, several very funny little pieces are put on the stage, the most amusing of which is the comic opera, *The Council of Ten*. Kelly and Leon appear in this, and Leon's get-up and voice as "Tessa" are unequaled. Little Mac gives his "essence," which is truly grotesque and certainly most original. Vivian, the popular comic singer, also helps to make the evening pass pleasantly. The favorite baritone, Russell, takes a benefit to-night, when an extra programme will be gone through.

California Theater.—"Lord Dundreary" has run the week with complete success, and Sothern's benefit last night showed that his acting is appreciated here. "Dundreary" is, after all, the piece with which he is identified, and in which he shines most. Next Monday Mr Frank Mayo appears in Murdock's play, called *Davy Crockett*. It is a sort of idyl of the backwoods, and will no doubt draw good houses.

Platt's Hall.—Vanek, the great conjuror and decapitator, has drawn crowded houses all the week. His tricks, most of which, however, are mechanical—are done with a finish that is quite astonishing. The decapitation scene is alone well worth going to see. How it is done, no one seems able to find out. Some say that the real head sinks into the table, others, that it is hung over the other side, but all agree that it is one of the most extraordinary and realistic tricks they ever witnessed.

City Gardens.—The latest monstrosity brought to public notice is a six-legged Merino buck from Los Angeles county, a section of country which seems to be prolific in this class of specimens, and which is now included among the attractions at the City Gardens. The animal has four hind legs, all of which it uses in locomotion with perfect regularity. It is full grown and strong, exceedingly combative in its tendencies, and has a heavy fleece, which would weigh from thirty to thirty-five pounds if shorn.

Woodward's.—Crowds go every day to see the Gardens and the Aquarium. The gardens are looking better than ever, and the programme for to-morrow is an unusually good one.

Madame Anna Bishop gives her farewell Sacred Concert at Pacific Hall to-morrow night, Sunday, and her last matinee this afternoon at 2 P. M. Her concerts have been well attended, and she seems as great a favorite with the public as ever.

Oaklanders, when we remember how they appreciated Wieniawski, have had this week what might almost be called a surfeit of music. On Monday Madame Anna Bishop, with the remains of her splendid voice, her perfect manner and her talented though somewhat stick-like assistants, gave a concert in Brayton Hall to a—for Oakland—good and meet. On Thursday evening Mr. George Hunt gave a concert in the Congregational Church, of which he is the organist. Mrs. Marriner, possibly the finest soprano of the city, Mrs. Eunice Barstow, undoubtedly the finest contralto, Mr Ernst Schlotte, Mr Sam Mayer, and the members of the Amphion Glee Club, gave a chamber concert which contained as good music as the audience did bad judges.

Mdlle. Carlotta Patti, M. Theodore Ritter, pianist, and M. Brassin, violinist have left Paris on a month's tour in Denmark, Sweden, and Norway, under the direction of Ferdinand Strakosch.

We were surprised, the other day, in strolling down First street, to see the wonderful improvement that have been made in pumps within the last few years. In the store of Messrs. Goodwin, West & Co., we saw pumps of every description, from the ship's pump to the 5,000,000 gallons mining pump. Conspicuous among them was the celebrated "Gordon Rotary Pump" (to which was awarded the gold medal at the last State Fair). It is the most perfect pump we ever saw, and is a credit to our San Francisco talent. A call at No. 5 First street will reward any one for their trouble.

We have just received a box of Japanese Tea from Newton Brothers & Co, for which we thank them, and, having tasted it, can assure them and the public that it is really fine tea, and would recommend all who drink that cheering beverage to try the N. B. brand, as sold by Newton Brothers & Co., 119 and 121 Front street.

The large wholesale carpet, curtain, etc., store of Messrs. D. N. & E. Walter holds a stock that would astonish any one who was not aware of the vast business that this firm carries on. Their place, on the corner of Market and Battery, is well worth looking over.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny st., near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; John Woodard, Stage Manager; E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, July 26, and until further notice—A great revival is going on at this grand little temple round the corner. New converts are being made nightly. Immense excitement! Meetings every evening. The ceremonies commence with a choice selection of vocal teas by the choir, interspersed with impertinent remarks by Professors Kelly and Dixon—good speakers both. Jenny Johnson, Fanny Garretson, Stella Robinson, May Lee, Fred. Ritchie, Maggie Kelly, Tommy Barton and Tommy Bree take a prominent part in the exercises, which makes the enthusiasm still greater. Brothers Cassim & Fritz are still the favorites of admiring thousands. Come and be convinced. Learn the great lesson of life. Sip at the fountain of truth, where we hold, as 'twere, the mirror up to nature, to show virtue her own feature, scorn her own image, and the very age and body of the time, his form and feature, and all for 2 cents. Thanks to Mr Zimmer, the best of harmony prevails. Don't fail to pay us a visit before going elsewhere. No trouble to take your tickets. N. B.—The uproar begins about 8 o'clock. July 26.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Treasurer.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—The San Francisco Favorites, KELLY & LEON. Great Success of MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. The Great Combination of Talent appear each evening. Saturday Evening, July 26th—Benefit of J. G. RUSSELL. Monday Evening, July 28th—First appearance of BILLY SWEATMAN, the great Ethiopian Comedian and End Man. WELCH and RICE, greatest Song and Dance Men in the World. N. B.—Performance commences at 8 o'clock. Admission—Dress Circle, $1, Orchestra, 50 cts, Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cts. July 26.

SHIELS' OPERA HOUSE.

A. M. Gray & Co., Lessees; Wm. H. Smith, Manager; H. Eytinge, Stage Manager. Saturday Matinee, at 2 o'clock—NEW MAGDALEN. Saturday Evening, July 26, Wilkie Collins' Great Play, THE NEW MAGDALEN. Matinee Prices, Dress Circle and Family Circle, 50 cts. July 26.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, July 26, at 2 o'clock. DUNDREARY Matinee.—Saturday Evening, Last appearance of MR. SOTHERN. Monday Evening, July 28th—First appearance of MR. FRANK MAYO, in Murdock's new and beautiful idyl of the backwoods, called DAVY CROCKETT. July 26.

RED MEN'S ENCAMPMENT—GREAT GERMAN HOLIDAY.

City Gardens, July 27th,

Grand Encampment I. O. R. M. Among the numerous amusements A GRAND CONCERT. Ballet Pantomime, by Mme. Therese and Mons. Schmidt. The BUISLAY FAMILY in Gymnastic and Japanese Acts. Dancing Day and Evening. Grand Evening Concert. Conferring of "The Wild Cat Degree" by the Red men, etc., etc. Admission, 50 cents; Children, half price. July 26.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 609 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 3d. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos 609 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 24.

SAN FRANCISCO CORDAGE CO.

Established 1856.—We have just added a large amount of new machinery of the latest and most improved kind, and are again prepared to fill orders for Rope of any special lengths and sizes. Constantly on hand, a large stock of Manila Rope, all sizes, Tarred Manila Rope, Hay Rope, Whale Line, etc., etc. TUBBS & CO., 611 and 613 Front street. April 26.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 416 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland, The LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above, with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 406 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 11.

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE, [E. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory 443 Brannan street. Feb 1.

PIONEER RUSSIAN PRINTING OFFICE,

611 Clay street, San Francisco.—Agapius Honcharenko, Proprietor. March 15.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 609 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

KENNEDY, MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 31.]

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries.

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	30@	37
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	17@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz.	30@	37
Lard, ℔	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	2@	3
Lima Beans, ℔	8@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	3@	
Onions, ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ℔	2@	5
Pumpkins, ℔	3@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	6@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz.	25@	
Celery, ℔ doz b.	1 00@	
Beets, ℔ doz b.	6@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b.	6@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b.	6@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b.	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔	6@	0
String Beans, ℔	5@	15
Apples, ℔	6@	12
Pears, ℔	6@	10
Peaches, ℔	12@	20
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔	12@	15
Do new, ℔	15@	25
Oranges, ℔ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	25
Limes, ℔ doz	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	20@	
Geese, ℔ pair	2 00@2	50
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 00@2	25
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	
Hares, each	6@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	12@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔	12@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish ℔	12@	
Smelts, ℔	6@	
Tomcod, ℔	6@	
Sturgeon, ℔	3@	
Flounders, ℔	10@	
Halibut, ℔	35@	
Perch, ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ℔	10@	
Anchovies, ℔	5@	
Soles, ℔	25@	

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 20, Stevenson's Building, S.W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

"Go, thou vision, wildly gleaming,
Softly on my soul that fell,
Go, for me no longer beaming—
Hope and beauty, fare thee well."

And thy photograph by Houseworth,
(Taken on Montgomery street),
It, though more than all thy vows worth,
See! I trample neath my feet.

What is a man without a Home, without something to live for, work for, and go home to. Too many of us live here in a sort of hand to mouth way, in either a boarding house or a hotel. Half the divorce cases which make married life here almost a by-word in the mouth of older States, are brought about by the demoralizing influence of such associations. Who would be homeless when homes that are homes can be obtained on Pacific Hights, on the block bounded by Pacific avenue, Buchanan, Webster and Jackson streets—on a credit sale of six years, from John T. Little, 330 Montgomery street.

Few people have any idea what a splendid drive is open to the public at the Golden Gate Park. The roads are superior to those of the Cliff House Road, and are free from the dust which makes that road so unpleasant. Another great attraction is "The Villa," kept by Mr and Mrs Mangenberg. It is a large house, fitted up in the most tasteful manner. There are lots of private rooms for parties, and the cuisine (we speak from experience) is excellent. The clever steward, Mr. Parker, attends to this department, and well he does his duty. It is the pleasantest place within miles of the city.

Whenever you furnish a house,
Be sure that the furniture's good,
Not made of nasty, rotten,
Worm-eaten, crumbling wood.

And when you buy your carpets,
To insure them good as well,
The only house to go to
Is that of Plum & Bell.

I have thirteen merino rams, twenty-six Leicester rams and thirteen Leicester ewes, all thorough-bred and imported from the best flocks in New Zealand, which I will either sell or work on shares. With any one that has land, and a certain number of ewes, I will put in equal value of my imported sheep, and own in common, sharing all necessary expenses and dividing profits. Any reasonable proposition will be entertained. For further particulars apply to J. Harding, Sonoma, Cal., or Watt & McLennan, 625 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Next to man the horse is without doubt God's noblest creation. He is the best friend man has, not even excepting the faithful dog. In the thick of battle the brave horse carries his master fearlessly through the thickest fire. In the hunting field he enters into his rider's sporting spirit, and will exert himself to the utmost to be in at the death. On the race track he has done man much good, but perhaps (in the abuse) more harm. At any rate, let us treat him well, and dress him well, in the fine harness made by Main & Winchester.

"I don't want any pastry carte,
I want a perfect picture,
A sample of this wond'rous art,
Beyond all jealous stricture."

"Bradley & Rulofson can take
The carte that you require;
None beat them, for they're wide awake,
You'll find, if you inquire."

Oh, girl so beautiful in the garments of nature, why will you all persist in spoiling both your figures, faces and heads by the grotesque way you have of dressing, powdering and wearing piles of false hair? Why not make the dress fit the body, and show nature's model? Why not let the blush of maidenhood be seen clearly, and not through a fog of puff? and lastly, why not use the X Twiabs X Nevada Hair Restorer, and wear your own hair. You can get it at Heathfield, Bogel & Co.'s, 206-208 Battery street.

Two gentlemen calling at the house of one who bore the name of Fish, observing the portraits of the children of the family on the walls, one of them remarked to his companion, "Sardines." "Yes," replied the other, "little fishes done in oil!" The father happened to come in about this time, overheard the remark, and said, "And this furniture, gentlemen, is done in coal." This he meant as a pun, for he had bought it from N. P. Cole, on Bush street.

Fill the sparkling goblet full,
For life, alas, is short,
And let us all be happy,
And quaff our Native Port.

Eberhart and Lachman keep
The best of Native Wines,
Than their Champagne no finer
On any table shines.

However much we may laugh at the fop, and sneer at the man of fashion, we cannot help admiring a man who dresses with taste, whose every garment harmonizes both in shape and color. Nothing shows a man to be a refined gentleman more than his choice in shirts, neckties, gloves, etc. None can go wrong, however, who trust to their own and Anderson & Irving's choice. They have the choicest assortment of haberdashery in the city.

Perhaps the most destructive and ferocious fish for its size that nature has ever produced is the "Caribe." These fish are the pest of most of the South American rivers. They go about in millions, and are so destructive to animal life that they are called the "Mondongueros" or "tripe eaters." These fish are bad enough, but bad whisky is worse. The only way to make sure of having the genuine article is to go to Hotaling and buy good old Cutter. It is always good.

Oh come to me, ye muses,
Oh come, ye muses nine,
And help me sing the praises
Of glorious Gerke wine.

Such wine old Bacchus never
Has stowed beneath his skin,
For it keeps all evil out,
And keeps all good things in.

Nothing tends more to make the mind contented and the body healthy than food properly cooked. Half the murders that are committed can be attributed to indigestion, brought on by eating badly cooked food. Many a man has paid dollar after dollar to his doctor and has eventually paid a premature debt to nature, when simply by investing in one of De La Montanya's Union Ranges, he might have spent his money in food instead of physic, and have lived on for years.

The Shah says that he does not much like the English oysters, they taste too much of the sea, and are small, though very fat. He is a *bon vivant*, knows what is really good, and likes to have it. But, big bug as he is now, and toadied as he is by the littleness, we are away ahead of him in one thing—he can't go and get a feed of Emerson Corville's splendid oysters, at the Saddle Rock. We can, and intend to.

"**I never,**" said a youth we were speaking to, "shall forget my schooldays." "Why," we asked, "did the ferocious Plunkett use his fists on you like he did on the poor innocent and injured Prior?" "No," he said, "it is not that, but I never shall forget how comfortable I felt when sitting on the forms and writing at the desks made by Gilbert & Moore. I have never written with such ease since."

Elixir Damiana.—This wonderful restorer of vital energies, prepared from the private formula of Doctor Jose Zaniga, is producing grand results in imparting fresh and youthful vigor to all who use it, proving indeed, a fountain of youth. A supply has just arrived per Mexican steamer, and may be found at the drug stores. Charles Langley & Co., agents.

"**A Slight Cold," Coughs.**—Few are aware of the importance of checking a cough or "slight cold" which would yield to a mild remedy, if neglected, often attacks the lungs. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" give sure and almost immediate relief.

At the Six-Mile House, on the San Bruno Road, a smiling face and a hearty welcome is ever waiting for the traveler. There Harry Banken has the best of everything for man and beast.

So well known among those who suffer from any affection of the eye is the name of Muller and his glasses, that no one ever thinks of getting any other kind. They are the best made.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

August 1st—Steamer COLORADO ... Capt. Harris
August 16—QUANG SE ... Capt. Lachlan.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 5th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Aug. 5—ALASKA ... Capt. Nolan.
August 19—MONTANA ... Capt. Parker.

All Steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all (except Alaska) call at SAN DIEGO.

Steamers of the 19th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge; will leave at 3 P.M., as follows: Thursday, July 24th; Saturday, August 23; Wednesday, Sept. 24.

Returning, will leave Honolulu August 7th, Sept. 6th, Oct. 8th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Douglass, Friday, July 25; Wednesday, Aug. 6.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Thursday, July 31, Tuesday, Aug 12.

FOR MONTEREY, SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO.

Steamers will leave at 3 P. M., as follows:
SENATOR, Capt. Harlbe, Tuesday, July 22.
GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, for San Diego and way ports, carrying acids, oils and combustibles—Wednesday, July 30.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, August 26.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M. on the 25th.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [July 26.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted) from Front-street Wharf, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 6 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:20 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at 7 P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M. from Front-st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale, 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 7 P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:30 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco 10:20 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street. [May 1.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria, and Hope Town. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's comfortable Spring Wagons leave Cape Town without fail, every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and travelling the above route, are due at Du Toit's Pan, the center point of the Diggings, on the seventh day from Town. Under new and improved arrangements, punctuality is ensured. Fare to the Diggings, £12. Each Passenger allowed 60 lbs. Luggage. Rest is afforded to Passengers by night stoppage at the principal stations, and Refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the entire route. Passengers' heavy Baggage has precedence by the Company's Goods Wagons, leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the head office of the Company, No. 62 ADDERLEY STREET, corner of Longmarket street, Cape Town. R. T. TOWNROE, Secretary.

Cape Town, 23d March, 1873. May 17.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The new A 1 Ship Undaunted, Dinsmore, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [May 24.] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 26. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

June 14. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—NOTICE.

During the temporary absence of the undersigned, Mr. Edward TAYLOR, Cashier, will have charge of this Company's business as Acting Agent. [June 21.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 12 M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 56 Montgomery Block. May 31.

BIZ.

In another paragraph we have alluded to extensive Sugar purchases by the California Refinery. In all, onwards of 3,800,000 ℔s secured this month, that gives a stock monopoly of raw Sugars to this refining company, and most eventually occasion a rise in price of both Sugar and Syrup. At this writing there is nothing to be bought outside of the California Refinery, but Hawaiian grocery grades, at 8@9¾c, while their product rules from 9½@11¾c for refined grades.

On 'Change yesterday, by reason of light receipts, New Wheat sold at $1 75, and Old Crop at $1 8(. This is the fruit of ship demurrage. The charterers preferred to pay an exorbitant price for a few hundred bags rather than detain their ship, or pay heavy demurrage. Everybody knows that freights to Liverpool of £4 15s., and quotations of 11s. 5d. @ 11s. 9d. that no such prices are warranted, and nothing but loss must accrue to those who buy and ship at current rates.

The Pacific Mail Steamer Costa Rica, eleven days from Honolulu, arrived here on the morning of the 20th inst., with Government mails and a full complement of cabin passengers, and for cargo 5,806 kegs sugar, 300 bags coffee, 479 bales pulu, 1,500 bags paddy and rice, 640 bunches bananas, hides, etc. This favorite steam packet is not to be withdrawn, as reported, but will continue to make regular monthly trips.

The market for Bags is less firm, and prices of English hand-sewed less than last week—now 14¾ to 14¾c. The interior demand is, however, good, and an advance to 15c yet looked for before the close of the season. Chemicals are in request at old prices. Bricks are called for at good prices. Candles are unchanged in value. Cement is in better demand at hardening prices. Coal is very dull of sale, prices continue to rule low—below the cost of importation. Coffee is in good demand at steady prices. Cordage is unchanged in value. Drugs are plentiful at old rates. Dry Goods and Clothing meet ready sale at fair prices. Fish move off rapidly, and Salmon freely exported to Liverpool. French Goods are abundant and slow of sale. Fruits are very plentiful, both Domestic and Foreign, and at low prices. Considerable shipments of Case Goods are making to New York of this year's packing. Gunny Bags are scarce—none in first hands. Gunpowder of every kind plentiful and cheap. Hardware is in large stock. Malt Liquors—English, Scotch and Irish Ale and Porter—all in active request at good prices. Matches are steady and uniform in price. Metals are in good stock but slow of sale, at prices that leave little margin to the importer. Pig Iron, $50 to $52 50. Molasses is in light stock—prices low.

The market for Naval Stores is well supplied. Pale Rosin has declined to $8 50. Spirits Turpentine, 66c. Oils continue to rule low. Linseed, 90@95c, Whale, 55c, Polar Sperm, 55c, Petroleum, 34@42—latter for Devoe's. Provisions of all kinds are in good supply, at low prices, owing to free supplies from the East. Pulu sells at 8c. Quicksilver continues to command $1 ℔ lb. Rice is very plentiful and cheap—say 5¼@7c for all kinds. Salt is more abundant, with sales of Liverpool stoved, ex ship, at $20. Soap is in moderate supply, at steady rates. Spirits are plentiful. A shipment to New York may be noted of 125 bbls J H Cutter's fine old Bourbon, the best in market. This is sent East on an order for the benefit of a sea voyage. Spices continue scarce. Pepper, 25c. Sugar—Cube and Crushed, 11@11¾c; Golden, 9¾c. Teas are freely offered at auction sales of standard Japan, in papers, 41@45c; Oolong, 73@75 for Comet. Tobaccos remain unchanged in value. Wines are in fair request. Both French Clarets and Champagnes, as well as California Sparkling and White and Red still Wines of matured age.

Quicksilver—Encouraging accounts reach us from many points; new mines are being opened and explored with good results; the St. John's and other mines yielding well. The high prices ruling at present ought to stimulate the production materially, not only from the Redington mine, but from all others not restricted in their labor. There is no good reason for a short supply upon this coast, and we hope to see a change in the programme ere long. Present price, $1 ℔ lb, with a rising tendency. Our correspondent advises us that the Almaden mine is now producing only 1,000 flasks per month, against 2,000 last year; that much of the ore yields but 3 ℔ cent. and some even less and that the mine generally seems to be impoverished. It is said that the high price of Quicksilver has induced the Almaden Mining Company to reopen the old Enriqueta mines. These mines were worked some ten years since, and then were very rich. The Guadalupe mines will also commence work soon, their new Superintendent being daily expected from the East.

Teas at Auction.—The importation of I. C. Moore offered at public sale on Friday, the 25th inst.—terms, all sums under $250 cash, over $250 90 days, or a discount of 3 per cent for cash. The attendance was small; the bidding not spirited. Prices for the most part ruled low. The offering consisted chiefly of New Crop Japans 160 4¾ and 5-lb boxes Japans sold at 54 to 61¾c; 100 hf-chests papers, 1 lb, 1½-lb, 41 to 45c; 28 cases lacquered, each 85-lbs, sold at 55¾c; 10 do do, 50-lb, sold at 53¾c; 100 bxs English Breakfast, 63c; 1150 2½-lb bxs Lacquered. 35c. 30 do, 4½-lb, 30c; 200 1-lb Lacquered bxs 68½ to 20c; 4½-lb bxs; flowered boxes, 24c.

The Wheat Offerings are light—price $1 65 to $1 75, for new and old. Barley is also wanted for export at $1 12½ to $1 15. Oats have declined to $1 65 and $1 85. Corn, $1 25. Bran, $16 50. Potatoes, 87¾c to $1 25 per 100 ℔s. Hides sell readily at 17 to 17½c for dry, 8¾ to 9c for wet salted. Tallow, 6¾c. Wool—the market is active at 21 to 25c for long staple choice clean fleece; medium and new burry, 17 to 20c; burry and dirty, 13 to 15c. Flour commands $5 to $5 50 for Extras, of all grades, Superfine, $4 to $4 50.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Costa Rica sailed on the 24th for Honolulu, carrying Passengers, Government Mails and a full cargo of General Merchandise valued at $20,030. Exports included 600 bbls Flour, etc. Other exports by sea for the present week have been about as usual.

The Latest Wheat Charters that have come to our knowledge are the steamer *Eliza McNeil*, direct to Liverpool, at £1 15s., and a ship to Cork for orders at £5. The above may be considered as the maximum rates at present.

Hops.—The crop in coast counties is said to be very promising; not so inland, owing to the dry season. The aggregate crop, it is thought, will be light. It is said that crop contracts have been made by a few growers at 35c.

There Seems quite an active movement in Barley for shipment, there being at present four vessels under charter to load for Antofogasta, Peru.

Pepper at Auction.—50 bags Black Grain pepper, ex-ship, sold at 26c.

Pulu at Auction.—104 bales Hawaiian sold by Jones & Co. at 7 a 7¾c.

Blodgett's Patent Road Scraper and Grader.—We have been favored with an inspection of a model of this truly ingenious and useful machine. It has been in use some eight years in the East, and has met with universal approval, and is just the thing we want here. A company has been incorporated for the purpose of making these machines, and holds the patent right for this State. No doubt the city will use no others so soon as these appear, as they are far superior to anything we have at present. Any one who likes to see a practical and ingenious idea, had better pay a visit to the office of Curle & Co., 511 Montgomery street.

Watt & McLennan having relinquished the Export Wheat Trade, Mr. A. T. [illegible] so long associated with this highly respected firm, is desirous of being entrusted with charters for any trade, or for the purchase or sale of grain [illegible] of lesser quantities. Consignments may be now safely entrusted to him. He will act as arbitrator in disputed cases should it be requisite.

The Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D. D., will preach Sunday as usual at 11 a. m. and 7½ p. m., in St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street. The public are cordially invited. Sunday School and Bible Class at 9¾ a. m.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending July 25, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED	FRI	NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED	FRI
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	5½	5	6
Alpha	—	20	20	Kentuck	8	7½	7
Alps	1	1¼	—	Kentucky	2½	—	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—	Knickerbocker	2½	2½	2½
American Flag	5	5½	—	Kossuth	—	—	—
Arizona & Utah	—	2	—	Louise	—	20	—
Arkansas	—	—	—	Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—	Mahogany	8	7½	—
American Flat	6	6¼	6	Mammoth	—	—	—
Bacon	—	—	—	Meadow Valley	18½	17	—
Baltimore Consolidated	8	8½	8¾	Minnesota	12	10½	—
Belcher	81	79	83	Newark	6½	6½	—
Belmont	2½	2½	—	New York Consolidated	—	—	—
Bullion	—	—	—	Noonday	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	3½	3½	3½	Occidental	—	—	—
Buckeye	1	—	1½	Ophir	17½	17	19
Caledonia	11	12	14	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	5	—
Cederberg	4	—	—	Overman	27½	28	27
Central	—	5	—	Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—	Page & Panaca	1	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—	Pea Vine	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	—	—	—	Phœnix	30	30	—
Chief East Extension	—	—	—	Picton	30	—	—
Chollar	29	29½	28½	Pioche	8½	—	—
Columbus	—	—	—	Pioche West	—	—	—
Confidence	6½	6	5¾	P Phœnix	3½	3½	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Raymond & Ely	61	58	—
Consolidated Virginia	84	79	81	Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—	Rye Patch	—	6	—
Crown Point	92	[illegible]	84	Red Jacket	[illegible]	3¼	—
Central No 2	—	—	—	Savage	49	50	47
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Seg. Belcher	40	39	40
Daney	1½	[illegible]	1½	Sierra Nevada	8¾	8¾	9
Eclipse	4¾	4½	4½	Silver Peak	1½	1½	—
El Dorado	—	—	—	Silver Hill	16	15	—
Empire Mill	4	4¼	4	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Empire, Idaho	—	¾	—	Sterling	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	10½	10	—	Succor	1¾	—	—
Eureka, G. V.	20	20	—	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Exchequer	9½	—	5	Silver Chariot	—	—	—
Globe	1	—	½	South Overman	—	½	—
Golden Chariot	18	19	—	St. Patrick	—	—	—
Gould & Curry	9½	9¼	8½	South Comstock	—	—	—
Gila	—	—	—	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	77	79	85	Tyler	—	—	—
Hermes	—	7½	—	Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Hohn & Hunt	2	2	—	Utah			
Home Ticket	—	—	—	Washington & Creole	2¾	2¼	—
Ida Elmore	—	2½	—	Washoe	—	—	—
Imperial	4½	4½	4½	Woodville	1½	1½	1¼
Independent	—	—	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Ingomar	½	1	—	Yellow Jacket	47	48	46
Insurance	—	—	—	Yale Grave	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—				
Jackson	—	—	—				
Julia	1	1¼	1½				

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. ‡ Buyer 30

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES	TEAS.	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$30 00 @ — —	Japans	— 20 @ 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 4 @ — 6	Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
Metal sheathing, ℔	— 21 @ — 23	SUGARS	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 9½
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 7 @ — 9¾
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 7 @ — 7½
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11¾
Banca Tin, ℔	— 30 @ — 33	Huacovado	— 7 @ — 8
Quicksilver	1 00 @ — —	Peruvian	— 7 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	11 00 @ 12 00	Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 41
Australian	11 50 @ 12 —	Adamantine	— 14 @ — 18
Cumberland	20 00 @ 22 50	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	10 00 @ 12 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ — —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 6 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 6 50
COFFEE		Ale b'l, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ℔	— 19 @ — 20	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 24 @ 27	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 19 @ 20	SACKS AND BAGGING	
Costa Rica	— 19 @ 21	Chicken Gunnies 30-lb	— 18 @ 19
RICE		Gunny Bags in bales	— 1[illegible] @ — 19
China, No 1, ℔	— 5¼ @ — 5½	Burlap Bags	— 14½ @ — 14[illegible]
China No 2	— 6 @ — 6¾	Hessian 40-inch, ℔ yard	— 11 @ — 12
Hawaiian	— 6¼ @ — 7¼	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES		Wool, ℔	— 15 @ — 25
Champagne, ℔ doz	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 6 @ — 6¾
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	3 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 11 @ — 13¾
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs	1 65 @ 1 75
OIL		Barley	1 15 @ 1 25
Coal and Kerosene	— 31 @ — 42	Oats	1 65 @ 1 85
		Flour ℔ 196 lbs	4 50 @ 5 50

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co's and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 100 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

John D. Yost, San Francisco.] [H. S. Crocker, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco,
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

MILLS SEMINARY.

The next term of this well-known Institution will commence WEDNESDAY, July 30th. For further particulars inquire of
June " REV. C. T. MILLS, Principal, Brooklyn, Alameda County.

CURLE & CO

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room, No. 18 Stevenson's Building, No. 521 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses. The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 18 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within). Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court. Smith, Payne & Co, bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D Escomte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard. Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bdge, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S. Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W., George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Glosterst, E.C; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Budd, W. C...440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 320 Califor'a st.
Fitch, J. B....411 California st.
Higgins, W. L....413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H..434 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. R....435 Calif'nia st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co.,.....426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H ..435 California st.
Peckham, E. P.. .413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H....401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G W. .. 441 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, south-east corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 30.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE

Assmann—In this city, July 24th, to the wife of A. Assmann, a daughter.
Banolt—In this city, July 17th, to the wife of Ernst Banolt, a daughter.
Fried—In this city, July 24th, to the wife of D. Fried, a daughter.
Harris—In this city, July 23d, to the wife of M. G. Harris, a daughter.
Hovey—In this city, July 19th, to the wife of George A. Hovey, a son.
Mehden—In this city, July 20th, to the wife of L. V. Mehden, a son.
Raas—In this city, July 23d, to the wife of Emanuel Raas, a son.
Smith—In this city, July 21st, to the wife of Truman Smith, a daughter.
Truworthy—In this city, July 24th, to the wife of F. M. Truworthy, a son.

ALTAR.

Bowcher-Tillman—In this city, July 16th, James Bowcher to Mary Tillman.
Bumsted Black—In this city, July 19th, Edward Bumsted to Louise Black.
Brown Moody—In this city, July 21st, Wm. W. Brown to Julia Moody.
Conrad-Cordy—In this city, July 21st, Henry Conrad to Caroline Cordy.
Henson Turley—In this city, July 21st, August Henson to Marie Turley.
Hall Lockwood—In this city, July 20th, Sierra N. Hall to Georgiana Lockwood.
Lange-Beck—In this city, July 15th, George Lange to Lena Beck.
Levinsky Brown—In this city, July 23d, Arthur Levinsky to Dora Brown.
Morton Campbell—In this city, July 17th, Elijah Morton to Maria Campbell.
McSurley Hedgcoxe—In this city, July 20th, John McSurley to Mrs. H. Hedgcoxe.
Weske-Bessey—In this city, July 23d, Adolphe Weske to Eloise S. Bessey.

TOMB.

Anderson—In this city, July 21st, Thomas N. Anderson, aged 43 years.
DeLeon—In this city, July 20th, Jose P. de Leon, aged 81 years.
Getchel—In this city, July 23d, Wales L. Getchel, aged 30 years.
Hogan—In this city, July 23d, Wm. J. Hogan, aged 23 years.
Lambert—In this city, July 19th, E. Lambert, aged 37 years.
Libby—In this city, July 20th, Capt. E. G. Libby, aged 62 years.
Wulferdingen—In this city, July 22d, Mary Wulferdingen, aged 24 years.
Williams—In this city, July 23d, George Williams, aged 41 years.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any; and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

SACRAMENTO, Cal., July 22, 1873.

Editor News Letter—Dear Sir: Noticing your article on the water supply of San Francisco, and thinking a word from here in regard to the new works (Holly) erected here, might be of interest, have taken the liberty of addressing you. We commenced running regularly on the 4th of the present month, furnishing the city with an average of three million gallons per day. Of the works, I must say they are a decided success, although they have had so much opposition shown them until now. Every one seems very much pleased with the quantity, as well as the quality, of the supply. Heretofore, as every one knows, the supply has been very limited, and the water thick with sand and mud. The accumulation of sediment in the tanks of the old works would be from four to five feet per month. Since our trial of Saturday last of the sixteen streams at one time, the water has been very clear, owing no doubt, to the manner in which it is taken from the river, as the suction pipe is about midway between the bottom and the surface, and thirty feet from the bank; and, also, to the pressure on the pipes on that day, forcing the most of the mud out of them. Yesterday morning we threw two streams to the hight of 200 feet, one through a two-inch nozzle, the other through an inch and a quarter, in the presence of Mr. Elliott, of the Spring Valley Company, who has been here inspecting the works. Last week we had a visit from David Mahoney and another gentleman, on behalf of parties contemplating the introduction of a supply for your city from a lake in the vicinity—the name or locality I did not learn. The day these gents were here we were not running, and they had but little chance to see the pressure which can be maintained by the works. Our pressure for domestic service is from 35 to 40 pounds per square inch, and fire pressure from 80 to 100 pounds. The cost of maintaining these works would be less in San Francisco than here, as there would not be the sand to contend with in the water there is here. Mr. Mahoney wished to learn the probable cost of a set of works which could supply the city with fourteen millions of gallons per day. Mr. Holly desires me to invite you here to inspect the works, and says any test he can give or show you, he will be most happy so to do. I am employed here as Third Engineer and as you may not recognize the signature, I will state that I was introduced to you by Thos. W. Colburn nearly four years ago. Hoping you will pay us a visit soon (at least before Mr. Holly goes East), when we will endeavor to make it as pleasant as possible, I remain yours, with respect, JOHN W. HENDERSON,
Care H. M. Sample, No. 25 Front street, Sacramento, Cal.

NEW BOOKS FROM A. ROMAN & CO.

WIT AND WISDOM OF GEORGE ELIOT. Published by Roberts Bros., Boston.

It would be difficult to exaggerate the interest excited in the literary world by any book of this distinguished authoress, who stands to-day the first of novelists, and Messrs. Roberts Bros. have shown their usual good judgment in publishing in this convenient form some well-chosen selections from her best known works—Romola, Adam Bede, Middlemarch, etc. The present volume is filled with pithy sentences, strong, yet concise, powerful, yet brief. A clergyman might preach therefrom, and open it at any page you will find some new idea, some sentence rich in suggestion. Some well put question leads the mind into fresh fields, and throws open new volumes of thought. The man "whose mind to him a kingdom is," should read daily therein, and let his brain have a morning bout with this well-trained intellect. We select at random:

Souls have complexions, too; what will suit one will not suit another.

Unwonted circumstances may make us all rather unlike ourselves; there are conditions under which the most majestic person is obliged to sneeze, and our emotions are acted on in the same incongruous manner.

Even while we are talking and meditating about the earth's orbit and the solar system, what we feel and adjust our movements to is the stable earth and the changing day.

When gratitude has become a matter of reasoning, there are many ways of escaping from its bonds.

One of the lessons a woman most rarely learns is never to talk to an angry or a drunken man.

It is better sometimes not to follow great reformers of abuses beyond the threshold of their homes.

When Death, the great reconciler has come, it is never our tenderness that we repent, but our severity.

Poor relations are undeniably irritating; their existence is so entirely uncalled for on our part, and they are almost always very faulty people.

These bitter sorrows of childhood! When sorrow is all new and strange, when hope has not yet got wings to fly beyond the days and weeks, and the space from Summer to Summer seems measureless.

The happiest women, like the happiest nations, have no history.

HELMHOLTZ'S POPULAR SCIENTIFIC LECTURES, with an introduction by Professor Tyndall. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

The City Gardens have another gala day on Sunday, when the Independent Order of Red Men will hold their grand *fête*. There will be a grand encampment of all the lodges in the State. Tribes from Sacramento, San Jose, Oakland and other places will participate. It will be a grand day, and will finish with a ball in the evening. All who enjoy a jovial day should be there.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL BUILDING.

Office of Board of City Hall Commissioners, Corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, July 19, 1873.—Sealed proposals for furnishing certain material for a portion of the New City Hall Building and Hall of Records will be received at the office of the Board, until 12 o'clock noon, of FRIDAY, the 22d day of August, A. D. 1873, for the following: [illegible] Bricks, [illegible] barrels Lime, [illegible] barrels Cement. And until 12 o'clock, noon, of WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of October, A. D. 1873, for the following: Rolled Iron Joists, Wrought Iron Girders. All according to specifications, schedule, plans and drawings, to be furnished by the Board.

No bid will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Forms of Proposal," and accompanied by a bond with two good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to ten per cent. of the total sum of the tender, conditioned for the due entering into the contract of the party to whom it may be awarded. The bids must be indorsed for the material proposed to be furnished, and addressed to the Secretary of the Board.

The specifications, schedule, plans and drawings can be seen, and all further information obtained at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposal will be furnished to intending bidders.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly, in "City Hall Warrants," of 75 per cent. of the estimated amounts due, and the remaining 25 per cent. when the contract is completed. The expense of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.

July 26. P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE, Board of City Hall Commissioners.

ASSESSMENT ROLL OF SAN FRANCISCO—1873-4.

Clerk's Office Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, July 7, 1873.—Public notice is hereby given, in accordance with Section No. 3,651 of the Political Code, that the Assessment Roll of the City and County of San Francisco, for the fiscal year 1873-74, has been completed and delivered over to me as Clerk of the Board of Supervisors, and will be open daily for examination in this office, from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M., and that said Board of Supervisors met to examine the Assessment Roll and equalize the assessment of property on this MONDAY Afternoon, July 7th, 1873, at 2 o'clock, and will continue in session from time to time until the business of equalization presented to them is disposed of, but not later than the 28th day of July, 1873. All applications for Correction of Assessments are required to be verified by oath. Public notice is also hereby given, that in accordance with Sections 1197 and 1890 of the Political Code, the Military Roll has been completed, delivered over to me, and is now open for examination and correction, as provided by law. JNO. A. RUSSELL,
July 26. Clerk Board of Supervisors.

GOODWIN, WEST & CO.,

Manufacturers of the "Goodwin" Rotary Pump (to which was awarded the Gold Medal at the last State Agricultural Fair.)

Deep Well and Mining Pumps; Irrigating Pumps,

Of from 100,000 to 5,000,000 gallons capacity per day. FORCE PUMPS, specially adapted to Wind Mills and Horse Power. SHIP PUMPS, WARRANTED NOT TO CHOKE with Wheat or Sand. Office, No. 6 First street, near Market,
July 26. San Francisco.

JOHN V. PLUME & CO.,

Formerly of Burgoyne & Co., Bankers, 319 California street, San Francisco. Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Government Bonds, Stocks, Commercial Paper, and all other Negotiable Securities, Commercial Paper Discounted, Collections, both inland and foreign, promptly made throughout the United States and Europe, with quick returns. Refers by permission to Messrs. Lloyd Tevis & J. B. Haggin; Hon. Milton S. Latham, Manager London and San Francisco Bank; Hon. Thos. H. Selby, ex-Mayor, John Parrott, Esq., Judge S. C. Hastings, William H. Tillinghast, Esq., Manager Bank British Columbia, Gustave Touchard, Esq., President Union Insurance Co. July 26.

HOMESTEADS THAT ARE HOMES.

Persons in want of Houses are requested to examine the plans of those now being constructed upon that beautifully situated property on Pacific Heights, on the block bounded by Pacific Avenue, Webster and Jackson streets, commanding the most magnificent view of any location in the city, and accessible by cars, which pass the doors. These Elegant Houses are built in the best manner, and will be sold ON A CREDIT OF SIX YEARS. Plans and specifications at the office of JOHN T. LITTLE, Real Estate Agent, 231 Montgomery street. [July 26.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Savings, declared a dividend for the half year ending June 30th, 1873, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum on term, eight per cent. per annum on class one ordinary, and six per cent. per annum on class two ordinary deposit, free of Federal tax. Payable on and after July 15th, 1873. By order. [July 26.] G. M. CONDEE, Cashier.

MONEY TO LOAN ON STOCKS.

Stocks Bought and Carried on Margins. Brokers' Contracts Discounted. JAMES H. LATHAM & CO.,
July 26. 411 California street.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

No. 20 Wall street, New York.—Exchange on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort, Bremen, Vienna. Cable Transfers, Circular Letters, Commercial Credits, on JAY COOKE, McCULLOCH & CO.,
Cable Transfers on Vienna direct. [July 26.] 41 Lombard street, London.

THE VILLA,

Corner Sixth Avenue and Fulton street, on the Golden Gate Park, the Marvel of the Pacific Coast! The gathering place of the Fashionable World, will be thrown open to the public on the Fourth of July, 1873.
July 26. GUIDO MANGENBERG & CO., Proprietors.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Ajax, F. Bolles, Commander, will leave Folsom st. wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, July 26, at 10 o'clock A. M. [July 26.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

PROPOSALS

Are invited for from 100 to 500 tons Compact Asphaltum. Samples required. F. MADGE, Secretary Imperishable Pavement Co.,
July 26. Room 14 Merchants' Exchange.

YOU CAN GET THE OLD TIME HAVANA PLANTATION CIGARS

At the Custom House Cigar Store, 518 Battery street, at $7 per hundred. IMITATION PLANTATION at $1 50 per hundred. All the fine brands of Imported and Domestic Havana Cigars, by the box at Jobbing rates.
July 12. D. H. McCLELLAN & CO., 518 Battery st., opp. Custom House.

WANTED,

By a middle aged lady of respectability (a widow) a situation as housekeeper in a small family, or as matron of a hospital or sick nurse. Good references can be given. Has no objection to going into the country. Address MATRON, at this office. July 12.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov 16. Portland, Maine.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosqueja Vineyard, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 1[illegible] and 1[illegible] Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HARRIS, Manager. Nov 11.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates.

FRENCH MUTUAL PROVIDENT SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

TWENTY-SEVENTH SEMI-ANNUAL STATEMENT.

Statement for the First Half of the Year 1873.

1872. December 31	..Balance on hand	$270,510 3[illegible]

CASH RECEIPTS FOR THE HALF YEAR.

Deposits.

1873		
January ..	Deposits	$2[illegible]
February ..	Deposits	17[illegible]
March ..	Deposits	1[illegible]
April ..	Deposits	1[illegible]
May	Deposits	1[illegible]
June	Deposits	1[illegible]
Total Deposits for the half year		$1,025,579 60

Entrance Fees and Pass-Books.

	New Members		
January	91		$227 50
February	71	and 1 Dup.	17[illegible] 00
March	62	and 1 Dup.	1[illegible]
April	78	and 1 Dup.	1[illegible] 00
May	95	and 3 Dup.	2[illegible] 00
June	89	and 1 Dup.	22[illegible] 00
Total Entrance Fees of 486 New Members and 14 Duplicates			1,222 00

Interest and Premiums Received.

January	Received	$ 5[illegible]
February	Received	[illegible]
March	Received	[illegible]
April	Received	[illegible]
May	Received	[illegible]
June	Received	[illegible]
Total Interest and Premiums Received.		267,752 25

Principal Reimbursed.

January	Reimbursed	$183,347 49
February	Reimbursed	[illegible]
March	Reimbursed	7[illegible]
April	Reimbursed	[illegible]
May	Reimbursed	[illegible]
June	Reimbursed	[illegible]
Total Reimbursed Principal		457,7[illegible]0 27
Total		$2[illegible]

CASH DISBURSEMENTS FOR THE HALF YEAR.

Deposits Withdrawn.

1873		
January	Withdrawn	$217 [illegible] 62
February	Withdrawn	[illegible]
March	Withdrawn	[illegible]
April	Withdrawn	11[illegible]
May	Withdrawn	11[illegible]
June	Withdrawn	11[illegible] 15
Total Deposits Withdrawn		$[illegible]

Loans.

January	Loaned	$[illegible] 60
February	Loaned	[illegible] 35
March	Loaned	9,329 73
April	Loaned	200,201 00
May	Loaned	19,317 45
June	Loaned	21,[illegible]
Total Loans		4[illegible],720 15

Dividends Paid.

January	Paid out	$1[illegible] 10
February	Paid out	[illegible]
March	Paid out	1[illegible] 70
April	Paid out	[illegible]
May	Paid out	[illegible] 45
June	Paid out	[illegible] 20
Total Dividend Paid		226,879 65

General Expenses.

Salary of the Director for the half year	$1,000 00	
Salary of Counsel, Surveyor and Clerks	[illegible] 00	
Office rent for the half year	1,250 00	
Advertising, Printing, Blank Books, Gas, Stationery, etc.	1,0[illegible] 00	
Total General Expenses		14,2[illegible] 00
Counsel Fees (for resisting payment of Taxes on Mortgages)		[illegible]
Bank License (for six months)		[illegible] 10
Balance on hand June 30th, 1873		3[illegible]
Total		$2,022,814 66

Certified correct the present Statement, balancing by Three Hundred and Eighty-Seven Thousand Eight Hundred and Twenty-Nine Dollars and Thirty-One Cents, Cash on hand June 30th, 1873.

The Treasurer of the Society,
(Signed) CAMILO MARTIN,
Ass't Manager of the London and San Fran'co Bank.

Finance Committee,
(Signed) P. HUERNE, Architect,
J. J. REY, Merchant,

Auditing Committee appointed by the Members of the Society,
(Signed) H. BARROILHET, Banker,
C. T. EMMET, Attorney-at-Law,
J. CAIRE, Merchant,
P. PERRIN, Merchant,
D. LEFEVRE, Merchant.

Report of the Committee Appointed by the Members of the French Mutual Provident Savings and Loan Society to examine the Semi-Annual Statement of the affairs of the Society.

To the Members of the Society:

GENTLEMEN:—We have carefully examined the statement submitted of the operations of the French Mutual Provident Savings and Loan Society for the first half of the year 1873.

We find the Capital of the Society intact, partly in cash on hand, and partly invested on good security.

The Capital is divided as follows:
First—The Deposits.
Second—The Sinking Fund.
Third—The Profit for the Half Year.
Fourth—Dividends for former periods on hand not called for.
Fifth—Special Building Fund.

First—The Deposits.

The total Deposits up to June 30th, 1873, amount to	$18,739,505 64	
Total reimbursed during same period	13,6[illegible]	
Balance representing the actual Capital of the Members of the Society		$5,127,772 26

Second—The Sinking Fund.

On Dec. 31st, 1872, the Sinking Fund amounted to	$127,371 20	
Add Entrance Fees during half year	1,222 00	
Total Sinking Fund		128,593 20

Third—Profit for the Half Year.

Interest and Premiums for the Half Year	267,752 25	
One-third off former Dividends on deposits withdrawn before six months	1,043 30	
Total Profit for half year		268,795 55

Fourth—Dividends Still on Hand.

On Dec. 31st, 1872, there remained on hand and uncalled for of former periods	163,787 02	
Add dividends for the second half of the year 1872	231,863 10	
Total	398,650 12	
Of the last amount there has been paid during the half year ... $220,879 55		
One-third off former Dividends ... 1,043 30		
Total	$227,922 85	
Leaving net amount of Dividends uncalled for		170,727 27
Fifth—Special Building Fund.		6,[illegible]
Total		$5,[illegible] 18

Accounted for as follows:

1st—Loaned by the Society	$5,2[illegible]
2d—Office Furniture	[illegible]
3d—General Expenses for the half year	14,[illegible]
4th—[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible] for resisting payment of Taxes on Mortgages	1,17[illegible]
6th—Balance on hand December 31, 1873	387,829 31
Total	$5,702,451 18

The loans are as follows:

At 9 per cent. per annum	$ 856,150 00
At 9½ per cent. per annum	95,000 00
At 10 per cent. per annum	2,167,000 45
At 11 per cent. per annum	166,000 00
At 1 per cent. per month	2,005,387 85
At 1¼ per cent. per month	12,810 00
Total	$5,2[illegible],417 [illegible]

We have counted and verified the notes subscribed by borrowers, and the mortgages and securities guaranteeing the loans of the Society, and find them in good order.

The Dividend to be paid is derived from the profit made by the Society during the first half of the year 1873, as shown by the following accounts:

Interest and Premiums for the first half of the year 1873	$267,[illegible]
One-third of former Dividends	1,[illegible]
Total	$268,795 55
Disbursed as follows:	
Dividend 9 per cent. net per annum	$241,870 45
Five per cent. of Dividend appropriated to the Sinking Fund, pursuant to the By-Laws	12,[illegible]
General Expenses for the half year	1[illegible]
Bank License (for six months)	[illegible]
Appropriation to the Furniture Fund	1[illegible]
Total	$[illegible]

Our Sinking Fund amounts at present to	$140,661 70
On December 31st, 1872, it amounted to	127,371 20
It has, therefore, been augmented during the last six months of	$ 13,290 50

GENTLEMEN:—The above accounts on the situation of our Society show the prosperity of that institution. The clear and simple manner in which the books are kept facilitated our duty of auditing, and proved that the business of the Society is well administered.

We recommend, therefore, gentlemen, that the statement submitted be accepted, and that a resolution of thanks be voted to our officers.

San Francisco, July 16th, 1873.

The Auditing Committee:
[Signed] H. BARROILHET, Banker,
C. T. EMMET, Attorney-at-Law,
J. CAIRE, Merchant,
P. PERRIN, Merchant,
D. LEFEVRE, Merchant.

Certified as correct copy:
GUSTAVE MAHE, Director.

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A lady correspondent in London writes as follows: The principal, indeed almost the only, topic of conversation among ladies this week is the Shah of Persia and his doings. Certainly he is wonderful to look at, if only for his diamonds. He seems literally to glitter all over when the sun shines upon him. His diamonds are something to be remembered, but the big ruby, of which I had a good view one day, rather disappointed me. It looked like a lump of glass, and not particularly bright. Apart from his jewelry he is a dark, very grave-looking man, with keen eyes, and not a particularly amiable expression of face. He knits his brows every now and then into stern-looking lines that tell of an arbitrary will, and altogether looks the sort of man it would not be comfortable to offend. He has some very fine-looking men in his suite, and see them when you will they have but one expression on their dark faces—undisguised astonishment. Oriental dignity and stolidity seem to be quite forgotten as far as they are concerned, and they lean out of the carriages and stretch their necks, and gesticulate to one another in a very comical manner. Our other royal visitors are as complete a contrast to the Persians as can well be imagined. The Czarewitch is a fair, rather good-looking young man, and his wife is rather like her sister, the Princess of Wales, though by no means so pretty. She looks very pale and fragile, and as though the weight of royalty sits rather heavily upon her. The rage for everything Persian, or what can by any ingenuity be called Persian, is in the windows. Silks for dresses are being shown embroidered all over with tiny suns, and the large buttons so fashionable now are being made with the lion and the sun, as we see them on the Shah's national flag. A curious kind of brocade is called the "Shah." It is very soft and thick, and is reversible. I saw one very beautiful piece in a pattern of crimson and gold on a dark ground on one side; reversing it the ground becomes crimson and the pattern dark, the gold thread remaining the same. The "Persian" mantle is a sort of soft silky crape, with tassels at the points and the back. It can be worn almost anyhow, and forms a very effective drapery. At a [illegible] fashionable wedding the bridesmaids all had mantles of this pattern draped over pale blue dresses, and they were very much admired. By the way, green, which used to be considered such an unlucky color at a wedding, is becoming quite fashionable for bridesmaids' dresses—the shade called "frog green" being the most worn. Large fans are carried at weddings now, hung suspended at the side by a ribbon on a very fine chain. Fans are worn very large, and some of them are exquisitely painted—some of the designs are exceedingly beautiful. A fan to match the dress is considered the proper style; whatever color the lady's toilette may be, the fan should match it, and the flowers on it be tinted in accordance with the whole. The mixture of colors in ladies' dresses this month is, if possible, more astonishing than ever—green, blue, and a shade of yellow, seem a strange combination, yet I saw a dress only a few days ago which successfully combined all three seemingly difficult colors. The dress itself was blue, the flounces were edged with dark green, and lined with the yellow. They were so arranged as to turn down in the plaiting at the top and show the yellow lining. The combination was not ugly, but certainly very peculiar. I think the plaits and folds and puffs in the tunics of the dresses are more numerous than ever, and it requires practice and experience [illegible] the array of strange and [illegible] [illegible] *[illegible] Herald.*

A Phenomenon has been discovered by the director of the French Opera in the person of a new tenor, Ladislas Mierzwinski. He is a fine, handsome young fellow, with a superb voice, and his history forms quite a story. The son of a Polish banker, he was condemned to death for a political crime, but sentence was commuted, and he was sent to Siberia. His father fortunately was able to repurchase him from exile, for a sum, it is said, of twelve thousand pounds, and the young fellow was thus enabled to come to Paris. Such is the hero who is to become a great actor.

A New Journal has appeared in Paris called the *Réaction*; its editor, M. Denis Guibert, in introducing the paper to the public, comments upon the love of Frenchmen for politics. He says: "Two Italians, of good education, before they have been a quarter of an hour in company, infallibly talk of love and music; two Germans during the same time would expend their breath in discussing different systems of philosophy; two Frenchmen would occupy the time in talking politics and seizing each other by the hair."

Nearly fifty six thousand pounds have been raised for the decoration of St. Paul's Cathedral, London.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS IN Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. [illegible]

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel. William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. [illegible], Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Manton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel. John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel. F. Walds, Prop.

St. Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Daniell's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

The Swiss Times gives the following account of a suicide at Bulle, Canton Fribourg, under somewhat peculiar circumstances:—"A woman complained to the authorities that her husband had ill-used her and threatened to take her life. Several gendarmes proceeded to the house, but only succeeded in capturing the culprit after considerable trouble, he being a man of immense agility and strength. Having bound him they had to conduct him to the prefecture on a cart. There he was confined in a cell in which there was already a young man. Scarcely had the door been closed when the new arrival stepped up to the other occupant of the cell, announced his intention to hang himself, and threatened to murder him first if he attempted to hinder him. The young man dared not speak a word, and his companion proceeded to adjust his belt round his neck previous to strangling himself. The young man began to cry for assistance, whereupon the other ceased his operations, maltreated him, and menaced him with death if he opened his mouth again. Then the fellow once more proceeded to accomplish his task, and it was only when the suicide was in his death struggles that the terrified spectator of the deed dared cry out again for assistance. When it arrived the man was already dead."

A feature of New York enterprise is an announcement regarding a butter manufactory which prepares very good butter. The following is the published process:—Agents are employed to visit slaughter-houses and buy up all the beef suet. This is carted to the factory and cleansed. Then it is put into meat-choppers and minced fine. It is afterwards placed in a boiler with as much water in bulk as itself. A steam pipe is introduced among the particles of suet, and they are melted. The refuse of membrane goes to the bottom of the water, the oily substance floats and is removed. This consists of butter matter and stearine. A temperature of eighty degrees melts the former, and leaves the stearine at the bottom. The butter matter or cream is drawn off, about thirteen per cent. of fresh milk is added, and the necessary salt, and the whole is churned for ten or fifteen minutes. The result is Orange County butter at about one-half the usual cost. The stearine is sold at twelve cents a pound to the candlemaker, and the refuse at seven cents a pound to the manufacturer of food for cattle. A company with a capital of $500,000 has been organized for the manufacture, and they expect to make dividends of 100 per cent. The inventor is spoken of as a chemist, but is not known.

Whatever may be said of the other departments of the Vienna Exhibition, and a great deal remains to be said about them, it appears to be agreed on all sides that the collections of porcelain pottery have never been rivaled, comprising, as these do, specimens from all parts of the world which are famous for manufacturing or decorating wares of every kind. It is deserving of note that Warwick Castle is being (according to the newspapers) roofed with asphalt. It is said to have been proved by severe tests that asphalt is non-inflammable, and checks the progress of fire, however great the heat may be. We would ask, is it the native mineral pitch or bitumen which is employed, or is it an asphaltic-mastic of some peculiar composition? A satisfactory reply to this inquiry is desirable. A trial has been made on Rotton Park reservoir, Birmingham, of what is called an "unsinkable boat." It is made of boiler-plate, shaped somewhat like a flask, air being supplied through tubes. The boat upon which the trial was made is capable of holding sixteen people, and is fitted up with lockers, seats, and table. The experimental trial is said to have been successful.—*London Athenæum.*

Mr. W. T. Payne, Coroner for the city of London, held an inquiry, at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, touching the death of Mr. George Deadman, aged 52, a commercial traveler. The previous week the deceased went to the London Docks to inspect some specimens of foreign bark, when he suddenly felt a sharp pain in his neck, and upon putting his hand to ascertain the cause found a large gnat had stung him. He at first took no notice of it, but in the course of two or three hours the neck began to swell, and the next day symptoms of blood-poison set in. Under the advice of his medical attendant he went to St. Bartholomew's Hospital on Saturday, but rapidly got worse, and died the next day in excruciating torture. Dr Sydney, in describing the result of a *post-mortem* examination, stated that the puncture made by the sting of the insect had set up acute inflammation, resembling a carbuncle, and that nothing could possibly have saved the life of the deceased 24 hours after he had been bitten. It was also stated that deceased was thoroughly healthy in every particular, and a teetotaller. Verdict, "Accidental death." This is the first case of the kind every treated at the hospital.

Great Excitement was caused in Leith the other day by a free exhibition of a bull fight on probably the largest scale ever witnessed in that town. About 50 or 60 foreign cattle, the greater number of which were *toros*, were tied up in a shed near the Albert Dock. One of the bulls got loose and began goring some of the other cattle. In a short time 15 or 18 bulls were loose, fighting with each other, and attacking the animals that were fastened. The noise of the infuriated beasts brought a great number of people to the spot, and on the door of the shed being opened an extraordinary scene presented itself. It was dangerous for any person to venture near the bulls, but a policeman and others did at last beat off the most dangerous animals, and ultimately succeeded in securing all the loose cattle. A good many were injured more or less, and two bulls were frightfully hurt. Their sides and shoulders were gored, several of the gashes inflicted being six inches in length.

Cholera is now present in Prussia, Italy, Turkey, and America. Fortunately for us the disease is epidemic as yet only in the country last named, but there is reason to fear that Europe is in imminent danger of a severe scourging by this plague. The squalid, filthy state of most Turkish and Italian towns lays them peculiarly open to attack from the insidious foe. It is satisfactory to learn that the German authorities are thoroughly alive to their duty. The cases reported at Danzig are not in the town itself, nor among natives, but in a crew of 42 Polish raftsmen, 25 of whom have died. The rest are being cared for, and the strictest quarantine regulations are imposed.—*English Newspaper.*

In a report on the mechanical inventions shown at the International Exhibition, *apropos* of the sandblast, the Rev. A. Rigg suggests that there may be a property in water which has not yet been utilised. "While standing," he says, "near a new steam-boiler, which was being tested under water pressure, and when the load was near its maximum, a small and (except that the sun shone upon it so that the light was decomposed) imperceptible jet appeared; the writer was about to passed his finger across it, when a workman said, 'Don't do that, sir; a boy had his finger cut off with one of those jets.' Might not a jet of water be used as a saw."

The Porcupine, a Liverpool paper, says:—A projected wedding is much talked of in literary circles. The bridegroom is Joaquin Miller, the Californian poet, and author of the "Songs of the Sierras," and the bride, Miss Hardy, the novelist, and daughter of Sir Thomas Duffus and Lady Hardy. Miss Hardy is not only one of the most talented but one of the prettiest girls in London.

When the Polaris was in Winter-quarters, a child was born, a hundred miles farther north than any habitations of men exist, so that its birthplace is certainly in a higher latitude than that of any other living human being, even if it is not nearer the Pole than any man or woman has ever been born before. The sex of the child is not reported.

Tipplers and habitual drinkers may take note that "effervescing lozenges, or solid thirst-quenchers, are now advertised. They are recommended on the ground that "one placed in the mouth dissolves slowly with effervescence, relieves the most intense thirst, at the same time obviating the frequent use of taking fluids."

M. Scotlas has invented an electrical apparatus to be placed in the holds of ships for the purpose of giving warning in case of leakage. The entrance of water establishes a current, and a communication is thus set in operation, which gives notice to the officers on deck.

A block of stone from Easter Island Polynesia has been deposited in the [illegible] It is [illegible] the bust of an idol, rudely carved, and weighing three thousand kilogrammes. The nose alone is a yard in length.

AT GREAT REDUCTION, BY ALL STEAMERS ROUND THE WORLD.

One Hundred and Five Routes to VIENNA; Seventy-two Routes to Italy; Thirty Routes to Holland, Belgium and the Rhine; Thirty Routes to Ireland, Scotland, and England. Full particulars in COOK'S EXCURSIONIST, American House.

COOK, SON & JENKINS,
May 31.] 262 Broadway, New York

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my [illegible] to the new town of Decoto [illegible] ALAMEDA VALLEY [illegible] California State [illegible] in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 634 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 21.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc.; Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua to New York, and Inland [illegible]
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17.]

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of [illegible] It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. Mar. [illegible]

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low priced Microscope ever made [illegible] useful for examining [illegible] and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 31. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes [illegible]
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor Bush, S F

NOTICE

Mr. William Matrick (or Maycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or at Hampstead, England [illegible] Miss ELIZA DUNN, [illegible] San Francisco, California. [illegible] will be gladly received for Mrs. E. Dunn, at the "[illegible] and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast," Merchant street, San Francisco. June 21.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to City Collections, and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 14.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.
[March 29.]

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

C. MAIN **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, [illegible] Ware, etc., Nos 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of [illegible] Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at [illegible] Front street, [illegible]

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March [illegible] 412 Front street, S F

[illegible] CHRISTY JOHN H. WISE [illegible]

CHRISTY & WISE,

Agents for Wool Growers, and Commission Merchants for the sale of HIDES, TALLOW, ETC., 607 FRONT STREET, between Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco. May [illegible]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [illegible] J. P. McC[illegible]

C. L. CRACKBON.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 1.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. H. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his [illegible] JONES [illegible] Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. [illegible]

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. L[illegible]

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's, in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street.

MORAL SONG ON MONEY.

Money is not happiness,
Wealth may exist with [illegible],
Bars the [illegible], worth [illegible]
What you can't be cured without.

Money is not to [illegible],
Money is not [illegible] wine,
But [illegible] to own
Grievous [illegible] not to dine.

Money occupies the purse
Happiness is in the mind,
Else its state is the reverse,
Woe with insolvence combined.

Happiness too purchase through
Money that [illegible] spend
Money [illegible]
Happiness, and that's the end.

Who can keep a conscience clear,
Who can have a mind at rest,
That of ruin lives with fear
Ever gnawing at his breast!

Others' happiness your own
[illegible] you render if you could!
'Tis by money [illegible] alone
You can do your species good.

Happiness be may, [illegible],
Find, with money who abounds,
None else can [illegible]
To the happy hunting grounds.

Money when a man decries,
[illegible],
And that presently he tries
Out of cash [illegible] you.—*Punch*

SUNBEAMS.

—At Barnum's show one day, a young husband, the happy father of a healthy, [illegible] baby, was wandering about the room [illegible] the [illegible] "Wild [illegible] Caterham." [illegible] in his arms, he stopped to view the [illegible] human flesh. Mr. F., accosted the [illegible] "[illegible] baby white man [illegible]" [illegible] "How much [illegible]?" [illegible] the horrified father [illegible] "What's you give, [illegible]" [illegible] you what I do. I've got a [illegible] at home I [illegible] you for five dollars. She's a rather tough eating, but good for a square meal."

—A book agent recently invaded a snug cottage in Pittsfield, Mass., where he found a bright-looking little woman sewing by the window. [illegible] began to descant [illegible] the merits of the book which he had for sale. Talk he kept up for half an hour, and as the little woman made no answer, he concluded that he had found a customer. He handed her the pen which he had ready for her to make her subscription, when, [illegible] her [illegible], she wrote upon a scrap of paper [illegible] "[illegible] deaf and dumb." It was too much for the disappointed man, and he evacuated the cottage without saying another word.

—Old Dr. A. was renowned far and near for the extraordinary size of his proboscis. On one occasion, as he was going on a visit on horseback to one of his patients, he met a [illegible] team containing six persons, who were [illegible] laughing, and seemed to be [illegible] at his expense. As usual, the man [illegible] road [illegible] were [illegible] to [illegible] the side of the road and taking hold of the offending [illegible] with his hand, and pulling it round so that it almost touched his [illegible] "There, damn you, I guess you can pass now."

—"Here we are now, within a quarter of a mile of land," was the jovial answer [illegible] by the captain [illegible] to his grumbling passengers. "Which [illegible]?" [illegible] was the eager interrogation which followed. "At you here down below there," said the captain, pointing towards the bottom of the sea. "The earth is just two hundred and twenty fathoms of water, and the land comes slap up against the brine."

—"I say, Jim," said a plowman, the other day, to his companion, "I know of a new Macintosh to [illegible] out the wet." "What is that?" "Why, if you eat a red herring in the morning for breakfast, you'd be dry all the day."

—The New York shoemakers seem to have got the length of the public foot. They have just struck for increased wages, and have got them. Of course the strike, if prolonged, would wound them to the sole.

—Foote once asked a man without a sense of tune [illegible] "Why are you for ever humming that tune?" "Because it haunts me," was the reply. "No wonder," answered Foote, "you are for ever murdering it."

—"Och!" says a love-sick Hibernian, "what a recreation it is to be dying in love! It sets the heart aching so delicately there's no taking a wink of sleep for the pleasure of the pain."

—A drunken [illegible] by the name of [illegible] [illegible] one day, was asked if he was the man that [illegible] "No," said he, "I was [illegible]"

—"This is not my element," said a young snob as he sat down into a slushy street. "Yes it is," retorted a bystander, "because it is terribly soft, but not very deep."

—A Connecticut paper solemnly asserts that a man [illegible]

—[illegible]

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, June 19th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train via Oakland [illegible] Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland, O., Colfax, [illegible], Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer from Broadway Wharf—connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland) [illegible] at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland). Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco 7:00, [illegible]

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), [illegible]

Leave Oakland [illegible]

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco [illegible] and 5.00 (Fruit Vale only).

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:50, 7:50 and 10 [illegible]

Leave Fruit Vale, *5.25, 7.25, 9.00 and 11.20 A. M., 1.20, [illegible] *For [illegible]

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—				
San Francisco		8:40 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 [illegible] a m	[illegible] p m	[illegible] p m
Gilroy	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Castroville	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	[illegible]		

Trains North		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—				
Hollister				[illegible] a m
Salinas				[illegible] a m
Castroville				[illegible] a m
Pajaro				[illegible] a m
Gilroy				[illegible] p m
San Jose		[illegible] a m	7 00 a m	[illegible] p m
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	2 [illegible] p m

*SATURDAYS at 3:20 p m. †Saturdays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at [illegible] a m. Returning will leave San Jose at [illegible] p m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4 15 a m arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] p m.

Trains [illegible] San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at [illegible] arrive at San Francisco at 11 [illegible] a m.

A. N. TOWNE, A. C. BASSETT,
General Superintendent. Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April [illegible], the Steamer PRINCE will leave San Francisco, Meiggs' Wharf [illegible] [illegible] On Saturday [illegible] On Mondays [illegible] from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) [illegible] SUNDAY TIME—Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. Leave Saucelito, 11 A. M., 1, 3 and 5 P. M. H. A. COBB, President.
April 12. 327 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, [illegible], the steamer PETALUMA, Warren [illegible] having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible]. Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February [illegible], 1872, the [illegible] San Rafael [illegible] will leave [illegible] CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House 204 and 206 Calif[ornia] [illegible] Catalogue Sales [illegible] E. M. [illegible], Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco. [illegible] Stage Coaches, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, [illegible] Wagons, Carpets, Robes, Whips, Lamps, [illegible] and Horse Blankets. [illegible] to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will [illegible] to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 30.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, [illegible] Master, will sail [illegible] Mission street Wharf [illegible] For freight or passage having [illegible]
EDWARD NORTON, Agent.
March 15. [illegible] street.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills [illegible] KEARSLEY [illegible] Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS, 150 Oxford street, London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The [illegible] [illegible] "JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic [illegible] Patent Medicines, Druggists' Sundries, [illegible] Drugs, [illegible], Glassware, Chemicals, [illegible] Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE, 16 Coleman street, London.
July 12.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. [illegible] Duke of Edinburgh [illegible] —The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. [illegible] Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

L. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—L. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, [illegible] HARNEY & BROWN, [illegible] Office—[illegible] Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 11.

S. MAW & SON.

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, [illegible] street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g.
[illegible]—[illegible] Montgomery St.
[illegible]—City Hall.
[illegible]—City Hall.
[illegible] District Court—Mechanics' Institute Building.
Fourth District Court—City Hall.
Twelfth District Court—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—413 Montgomery street.
Nineteenth District Court—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and County Atty.—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—[illegible] California street.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector Internal Revenue—[illegible] Merchants' Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Haywards Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Commissioner—Sacramento street, near Dupont.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—[illegible] Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
State [illegible]—City Hall.
Auditor—[illegible] City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall [illegible]—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire [illegible]—23 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Inspector [illegible]—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Health Office—[illegible] at City Hall.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—[illegible] bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
Quarantine—[illegible] Jackson st.
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and East.
Harbor Police—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. [illegible] Hongkong and China Gas Co. [illegible], Waldeck, [illegible] [illegible] Mary Axe. [illegible] Saw Mills [illegible] Singapore [illegible] Patent Slip and Dock Co. [illegible] Square [illegible] China Insurance [illegible] Lombard street [illegible] Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Old Broad street, [illegible] Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, [illegible] National Provincial Bank of England, [illegible] Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 32 Lombard street. National Bank of India, R. O. Bowers, Chief Manager [illegible] [illegible] particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending July 14, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.

Tuesday, July 15th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
W Mills to Pollard & Carvill Mfg Co	N Kate, 195 se Bryant, se 25 x ne [illegible]	$1,000
Blaise Pincau to Richard Hennessy	S Pine, 222 w Montgomery, [illegible]—subdivision 50-v 251, [illegible] to [illegible]	21,000
Henry Lynden to Richard Lynden	Commencing at a point in a line 50-vara 167, 91 6 e Taylor, 23x57 6 [illegible] Taylor, 23x57 6	750
David J Perry to Ellen Perry	E Hyde, 68 9 n Jackson, e 60x23	Gift
T J Sullivan to Bridget Sullivan	Lot 14, Mission St R R H'd; also, w of Cherry, 37 s of Washington, s 42:11, w 100:7, n 29:1, e 99:3 to commencement	Gift
John L Hunt to Levi B Mastic	W [illegible] 65 n 24th, [illegible]	300
Masonic Cem Ass'n to S L Mastic	Lots [illegible] 20 in blk 23, N A to grounds of cemetery	365
Martin Ryan to Martin Ryan, Jr	Rerecorded	....
John Short to Jas Gannon	S Broadway n Kearny, 23x80	1
Cath [illegible] Short to same	Same	5
Jas Gannon to City and Co of S F	N Alley, 153 E Dupont, e 23, n 25:9, [illegible] to commencement	1,812
Bay View H'd to Jas N McCune	Lots 6 and 7, blk 158, Bay View H'd	1,000
J Fitzgerald to Bridget Fitzgerald	Ne cor Leavenworth and Broadway, e 68:6 x n 40—subject 50-v 887	Gift

Wednesday, July 17th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
John S Loty to Frances H Stewart	S McAllister, 125 e Octavia, 25x137 6—sub W A 1[illegible]—subject to mort for $[illegible]	$5,000
H D Cogswell to City and Co of S F	E Kearny, 137 6 s Pacific, s 13 4, se 10 1, [illegible]	15,543
Abner Doble to Michael Morrison	Commencing [illegible] Sacramento and [illegible] w Polk, w 25x137 6	450
S L Farkenstein to P Fankenstein	Rerecorded	....
Noe Garden H'd [illegible] to J F [illegible]	Lot 20 blk 9, Noe Garden Homestead	500
J F [illegible] to Land Purch Ass'n	Same	500
James M Haley to J A Black	S Turk, 100 e Fillmore, e 60 x s 71 [illegible]	2
Fel[illegible] T [illegible] H'd A'n to H Edward	Lot [illegible] blk 12[illegible]	170
Pincus Funkenstein to D Moroney	W [illegible] 100 s Sacramento, s [illegible]—subdivision 1136	6,000
Kate E Learned to Cath'ne A Brush	E Steiner s Ellis, 50x[illegible] blk 301, W A	1,435
J W [illegible] to H H Ellis	Lots 4, 5, W A blk 218	1
H H Ellis to E A Lawrence	Same	210
Martin B Hunt et al to M Kedon	Ne cor Valencia and [illegible]	600
John Blake to John Kern	N Sacramento w [illegible]	175
Wm [illegible] to Dr L P Gaulier	Lots [illegible] blk 41 Excel'r H'd Ass'n	3,000
C Tabbert to Chas Taalmann	Lot 783, Gift Map 2	Gift
E Dudley to John Rolfe	F [illegible] nw Brannan, 20x80	1
Natale Ferogiare to C Ferren	Subdivision [illegible]	Gift
Ed Sammer to Mark Livingston	Block [illegible] Tidelands	11,000

Thursday, July 18th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Silver Ter H'd Ass'n to C Fitzgerald	Lot 140, Silver Terrace Homestead	$ 370
Wm B Swain to Susan S Peirce	N Green, 137 6 w Powell, w 31 [illegible] x 137 6	1
F M Bode to Henry Pierce	Subdivision [illegible]	33
Thos Ryan to Miles McCarthy	E 7th, 250 nw Brannan, nw 25x80—subdivision [illegible]	413
Albert Miller to Franz Strand	Sw Van Ness Ave and Fulton, w 109 9x [illegible]—subdivision W A 75	18,000
Wm Corcoran to Martin Kelly	Nw [illegible] 4th, ne 60 x nw 75—subdivision [illegible]	....
John B Lewis to Wm Ware	Mission Block 22 bounded by Hermann, Valencia, Ridley, Guerrero and Market	1
E S Welton to Edward H Parker	Rerecorded	....
P M Bowen to Luther P Fisher	W [illegible], 100 s 17th, s 43 x w 122 6—subdivision M B [illegible]	8,200
D F McDonald to J E Slinkey	2 acres McDonald Tract	1,000
Geary St Ex H'd to A M Wardwell	Sundry lots in blks 2, 87 and 163	1,500
Theresa [illegible] to [illegible]	Lots 5 and 6 in [illegible] Pac. Ac. Hd Ass'n	1,0
Morris [illegible] to John Lynch	No [illegible]	3,300
Abbie Whitney to Wm Bennett	S [illegible], 88x71 6, sold to mortg	1,300
The Assn [illegible]	Lot [illegible], Property of Associates	600
Henry Winkle to same	Lot 87 Ben Franklin H'd	300
A Austin to Marie [illegible]	Portion of blk 114, W A	3
Geo Ensley to James Forsyth	Lots [illegible] and [illegible] blk 52, City Land Ass'n	150
S D Cary to John B Avaron	S Grove and Baker, 13 x105	1,000
Fred Lumblade to Samuel Hill	Lot 44 blk 10, City Land Ass'n	100

Friday, July 19th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Wm Hollis to James Maskell	W Pearl st, 250 n 13th, n 25x80	$2,500
Same to John Godell	W Pearl, 125 n 13th, n 25x80	2,800
James Lick to Henry Krebs, Jr	Nw cor Sansome and Jackson, 45:10x137	5
Maurice Dore to W W Wiggins	Ne cor Gough and California, 137 6 x e 137:6 x e 137:6—subdiv W A 135	30,000
Wm H Taylor to S F Butterworth	Sundry outside properties	5
Robert Skinner to Julia Hastings	N Allen, 160 w Hyde, w 60 x n 60—sub [illegible]	5,000
C D O'Sullivan to Wm Bryan	Undivided two-thirds [illegible] Fulton and [illegible] Ave, e 526:9, n 275 w 108, s 275 to commencement; also nw cor Fulton and 1st Ave, [illegible]	7,000
Same to same	Undivided [illegible] 1st Ave [illegible] street, w 240, [illegible] to a line parallel with 2d Ave and 120 e from it, [illegible] 275, [illegible] to com	4,333
Wm H Ladd to Robt Day	S [illegible] Mission, [illegible] 21x80	400
Laura Pettit to Sarah Horton	N Pt Lobos Ave, [illegible] w from toll house, w [illegible] x n 150	250
John F C Bielow to Jos Jager	Lots 2177 [illegible] 2495, Gift Map 4	175

Saturday, July 20th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Silv Ter H'd Ass'n to J H Ellinger	Lots 46 and 47, Silver Terrace H'd	$ 976
M Shannon to Isabella F Gordon	N Pine, 112 6 [illegible] Mason, w 27 x n [illegible]—subdiv 50-v 335, subject to a mortgage for $3,000	4,650
Francis B Wilde to Wm Anderson	S Pine, 112:6 e Polk, [illegible] x 120—sub W A block 14	7,000
Wm Anderson to Peter Short	Same	7,500
Richard [illegible] to A W [illegible]	W of [illegible], 19 n of Brannan, [illegible]	5,000
Geo [illegible] Sharp to Levi [illegible]	Sw Fulton and [illegible], [illegible] 137 6	5
[illegible] to same	Same	7,[illegible]
Rhanado Mowry to Orrin Mowry	Rerecord	180
Silver Terrace H As to C Gersback	Lots 50 and 51, Silver Terrace H'd	....

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending July 22, 1873

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
E B Dunning to C T Mitzger	Oakland, N line 14th w of Jefferson th w 84x101 9	$3,100
S S Doumire to K Y Thompson	Same, W line Franklin 150 n from [illegible] thence n 50x150	1,500
N Stoel to B Sullivan	Same, W line Broadway 50 n from 12th thence n 50x100; also, n line 12th 100 w from Broadway thence w 25x100	..
B Sullivan to M E Sullivan	Same. Same	G ft
H G Hendrick to M [illegible]	Same, W line Center st near 7th, 1 acre	6,200
L P Fisher to P M Bowen	Same, 100x150 sw cor Clay and 11th sts	13,125
G Tietomann to F [illegible]	Same, 100x125 ne cor Myrtle and 20th	2,000
C Dean to G M Pinney	Same, 200x, [illegible] bounded by Madison and Jackson, [illegible] and Franklin	14,500
D McDougal to M Tierney	Same, E line of West st 25 s from 28th thence s 25x100	250
L J Hardy to C P R R Co	Same, ½ acre First st near Myrtle	6,0
E H Fish to E Fairbanks	Same, 100x125 se cor Grove and 9th	8,000
Maloon & Sproul to D G Barnes	Same, 8 acres Cypress and 5th	5
D G Barnes to A H [illegible]	Same. Same	5
G W Armes to C J Frank	Same, E line Harrison 714 n from 12th thence n 112x150	10,000
G M Fisher to same	Same, N line 10th 100 w from Webster thence w 50 by 100	5,000
W Killigar to M Schuppert	Same, E line Clay 50 n from 4th thence N 50x75	1
A Howard to F Dinkelman	East Oakland, 25x110 w corner Antonio and Adams	2,100
Burr and Dean to S & L Lacy	West Oakland, 101x100:4 ne corner Goss and Bay	800
Churchill & Lawrence to G Ross	Alameda, Tracts marsh at and near Bay Farm Island	20,000
L McMacken to G A Dabney	Same, 66 Pacific Ave by 300 n nr Mastic Station	2,500
G A Dabney to A C Woodson	Same, ½ interest in same	2,500
E Heath to G A Dabney	Alameda, [illegible] nr Mastic Station	500
G A Dabney to A C Woodson	Same, ½ interest in same	500
Jenks & Mead to F F Jewell	Same, N line Eagle 143 e from Everett thence e 30x300 to Clement	1,200
Same to W D Bishop	Same, N [illegible] 140 e from Everett thence e 4 x150	425
Same to Jane Hamilton	Same, E Everett 100 n from Clement thence n [illegible]	500
Same to James Hamilton	Same, 100x110 6 e [illegible] Everett and Clement streets	975
C R Bowen to J Cook	Same, N line Webb 100 e from Park th e 50x125	770
G H Parker to W Barbery	Same, Lot 4 in blk 21 of the Fitch Tract	500
B Story to E L Beard	Near Mission San Jose, 133 acres	1,100
C McLaughlin to same	[illegible] from same, 40 acres	400
Valdez & Gloscock to A P Harman	Oakland Tp [illegible] and [illegible] adjoining [illegible] property, Lake Merritt	17,000
S P H'd Ass'n to H M Scudder	Same, Lot [illegible] in blk 2 State University	730
Same to A St Blaine	Same, Lot 6 in blk 1	730
Same to E A Romwell	Same, Lot 7 in blk 3	730
Same to P A Gayno	Same, Lots [illegible] blk 2 of same	730
M Lynch to C J Frank	Same, [illegible] acre San Pablo Road part plot 6	5,800
S A Penwell to M Boyle	Same, 1 acre part plot 61	450
A Hummelsberg to Berk L & T I A	[illegible] from Oakland, A Tract on San Pablo Road	....
Z B Haywood to same	Same. Same	....
J S Rutherford to Same	Same. Same	....
J M Haven to D C Lee	Brooklyn Tp, 75x100 in Cameron Tract	370
J O Eldridge to C G Penniman	Same, 200x400, Seminary Park	5,250
A Edgar to J Edgar	Berkeley 10x111 ft near University	3,000
J M Pacheco to A Baker	[illegible] Livermore to Dublin, 31 acres	1,255
H R Phillips to A Baker	Pleasanton, 5 acres	1,600
J Taylor to F J & T P [illegible]	Near Washington Corners, 17 acres	2,125

Reported by G. W. McKRAND, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. July 23.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

GEORGE W. McKRAND, who is properly qualified by Professional capability and [illegible] years practice in searching this county's records, [illegible] may always be found at the HALL OF RECORDS, COUNTY BUILDINGS, EAST OAKLAND. Residence [illegible] Independence Square, at [illegible] Catholic Church, immediately opposite Hall of Records.
☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at usual cost. July 12.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 4th, 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of [illegible] by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, [illegible] interest at the rate of [illegible] per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons [illegible] attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in [illegible] of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $[illegible] 26, as ascertained and settled by decree [illegible] of November [illegible]

[illegible] property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest [illegible] purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at [illegible] dollars [illegible] and said property stands pledged for the redemption of the Bonds.

[illegible] Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion [illegible] are [illegible] Parties desiring [illegible] will have a preference over other bidders where bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in [illegible] of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a certified check [illegible] the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, [illegible] forfeit [illegible] award [illegible] with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will [illegible] day to day for [illegible] which bids will [illegible] opened at 12 o'clock [illegible] Treasurer.
May 10.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor, MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor,
JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

DARWINISM IN THE INTERIOR.

The Sacramento Record has been dealing with the "tremendous problems" which oppress all those who have heard of Darwin and the evolution theory, and it treats both Darwin and Young Germany, his disciple, a good deal *de haut en bas*. The candor and modesty of Darwin, in pointing out, as Mr. Huxley rightly says, the weak places in his own armor, have been turned against him by his impartial critics. There are weak places in the chain of reason and, *therefore*, the conclusion to which this leads is untrue. It is in this old familiar form that the established church always asserts itself in the presence of daring innovation or inquiry. The consecrated theory of special creation by a personal God is in danger; all they, therefore, who see their vested interests assailed, must rally to the rescue. God, who is at once personal and Almighty, is not able to assert Himself by the operation of His spirit upon the minds of doubters. He needs the help of Annas and Caiaphas, of Loyola and Torquemada and Calvin, and since better may not be to-day, of Agassiz. Men who stand by science must be fought by science; and against Darwin with his single germ for the universe, let us bring forth Agassiz with his "God behind all this." Real skeptics, men who examine, wishing only to know, may we ask what is the incompatibility between these two extremes, since neither the one nor the other does more than offer a theory of the beginning. The maddest Darwinian must suppose something behind the germ of the Universe; unless, indeed, he accept the still madder theory of the Cambridge Professor that God, who is behind all, sprang from nothing. "Whence came the germ?" may well be asked of the Evolutionists; can they be blamed for asking in their turn, "Whence came the God?" The *Record* maintains that the inevitable tendency of Darwinism is to the Nihilism, which Young Germany has borrowed of the Buddhists. Life, in their eyes, is an evil; there is nothing worth living for, and the only condition to be desired is one of absolute extinction. This is terrible to the *Record*, because it "closes out the heavens from above us and leaves our future in blankness and darkness." How can this be true of any but of those who accept these doctrines? If the *Record* believes in a personal God, and in the heavens above us, how can any arguments of Darwin or teachings of the Nihilists affect its peace? What is the belief in an immortal life and a Divine Father? Is it something shadowy to be dissipated at the approach of light? Could any arguments as to the non-existence of Italy shake the *Record's* conviction that there is such a land to be reached by a few weeks' travel? And is the belief in the eternal home of the blessed, the faith in the Redeemer who died for us, something less strong than our trust in a fact in which we have and can have no shadow of concern, compared with the tremendous interest at stake in our life beyond the grave? Knowing that God is the Maker and Preserver of the Universe, we are afraid that Mr. Darwin has a most reasoned Him out of existence; and unless we build up a picket fence to keep out the Nihilists the Almighty Father is done for. No doubt this is blasphemous more or less, but if the *Record* can bear the thought of it as well as we can, we must. It seems incredible that there should be men who go out to stem the tide of thought with two or three cobwebs of old superstition. It is a sad thing, indeed, that man should lose his faith in immortality, more especially when he is a Christian man. But we do not find that those who weep over this terrible prospect have any tears to spare for the innumerable myriads of millions who died before the coming of Christ, and went to Hell, after the cheerful Christian belief. We do not find them groaning in anguish at the thought of the lost heathen of to-day, Chinese, Indian, or other creatures who cannot have any *lots* for immortality, knowing nothing of the true religion. Evidence of their concern at the frightful prospect of the black and hell in which waits for Darwin and the rest of us who hesitate to accept the comforting assurance of hell fire, with a modified belief in an extremely shaky Christianity and a helpless Almighty.

THE WATER MONOPOLY.

Now that the nominating conventions are in session, the Spring Valley Company is beginning to look sharp to its interests. It is a matter of serious consideration to this delectable body who shall mount guard over the city funds, and how flexible shall be the consciences of those so mounted. For many years this company has looked upon money only to gather it to its bottomless coffers, but matters have come to such a pass that Spring Valley stands now hand in pocket ready to a shame when adverse opinions shall arise and as people are awakening from their slumber of endurance, and such opinions are becoming rather general, the gorged company will have to bleed pretty freely. It is probable that they will do so with good grace, for they have cast covetous eyes upon a certain ten million scheme and they intend to get it. Ten millions of dollars is a goodly sum to ask for their scanty supply, their old works and their old pipes, many of which, besides being too small for present requirements, have been condemned for more than thirteen years. Many have been disposed to quarrel with the motives of the Supervisors in giving the ninety two thousand dollars demanded by the corporation, but we can scarcely blame those gentlemen when we learn that they received private intimation that unless they acceded to the demands of the company, the water would of a surety be cut off from the city. Picture the city with its Parks, Mint, Custom House, Hospitals, Engine Houses, and the public buildings without water, and left to the mercy and caprice of this extortionate body. Our chances in case of fire are slim enough at best. What would become of us if this threat were put into effect? If it had been, however, perhaps we would have been the better for it, since by this time the city would have owned the water, or we should have had a new company, one, too, which would have learned a lesson from the failure of the old one, and have avoided the pitfalls of its destruction. We apprehend that our City Fathers are beginning to see the necessity of placing the city out of peril of such menaces. We hope that when they do act, they will shut down unconditionally and relentlessly upon the ten million swindle of the Spring Valley Company. They have acted in such a way that they deserve no consideration. Water is to be found purer, better and from an inexhaustible source, by any number of less binding in it by changes. It is leaping and sparkling, clear and clean, in many other places beside the Spring Valley reservoirs, and only awaits the action of our guardians to bless our city with a welcome abundance.

OUR SANDWICH ISLAND LETTER.

Honolulu, July 8th, 1873.—Dear News Letter: The Pacific Mail Steamship *Costa Rica* sails to-day with a large passenger list and a full cargo of sugar and other island produce. The King has given instructions to his cabinet to push a treaty with the United States, with the Pearl River concession, and we hope to get it, that is, if the United States Government feel that there is enough of importance in it. There is a very strong feeling against it by the English and Germans. They think free trade with the United States would hurt them, and I regret to say a large number of Americans are opposed to it, chiefly of Southern origin, or such as took the side of the South during the war, and who think they have no direct interest in it. I have been working hard to get the King up to the point, and now think he sees the importance to have our trade with, and be, so to speak, in the hands of the United States. If we fail in the treaty, we will have to give up San Francisco as our market and prepare ourselves for Australia by putting our sugar in bags, saving the expense of barrels, only to San Francisco when we know it will pay better. I do not like the idea of going to that side of the land, for if we get into the trade, and a line of vessels on, it would be extremely hard to change it, especially as sugars are never so high as they are at times in San Francisco, but never drop so low, keeping about the same figure the year round. Interest is lower, commissions less, etc., still I don't fancy the change. So, if you can do anything by bringing as it to notice in this way, so that the United States Senate may look favorably upon us, do so. If we get a treaty, and become in part an outside parcel of the United States, we would not be likely to hunt up any more kings.

Ever yours, HAWAII.

Capt. R. H. Waterman, U. S. Inspector of Hulls and Surveyor to British Lloyds Agency, met with an accident last week by being struck with a piece of timber, is still unable to attend to his duties, and in consequence has gone to his farm in Solano county, for a few weeks of quietness.

Our San Francisco Mint struck the first of the new trade dollars coined on this coast on Tuesday last.

QUESTION.

Dear and blessed dead ones, can you look and listen
To the sobbing and the moaning down here below?
Does it make a discord in the hymns of Heaven—
The discord that jangles in the life you used to know?

When we pray our prayers to the great God above you,
Does the echo of our praying ever glance aside your way?
Do you know the things we ask for, and wish that you could give it,
You whose hearts ached with wishing, in your own little day?

Are your ears deaf with praises, you blessed dead of Heaven,
And your eyes blind with glory, that you cannot see our pain?
If you saw, the heart you would weep among the angels,
And the praises and the glory would be for you in vain.

Yet he listens to our praying, the great God of pity,
As he fills with pain the measure of our life's little day;
Could he bear to sit and shine there on his white throne in Heaven,
But that he sees the end while we only see the way?

—*Louise Chandler Moulton, in Atlantic Monthly for August.*

POLITICAL JOTTINGS.

The Tax-Payers needed a strong candidate to put in the field, after the refusal of Mayor Alvord to serve another term, and the nomination of so unexceptionable a man as Captain Macd[?] paid by the Democratic Convention. They needed a strong candidate, and they have found one in Captain Oliver Eldridge, an old citizen, a man of unquestioned integrity, of proved executive ability, and of unbounded popularity. The name of Oliver Eldridge, for Mayor, has been placed at the head of the News Letter Ticket, and it requires no prophetic ken to see that he is destined to be the next Mayor of San Francisco. In him are united all the qualities required in the Chief Executive Officer of the city. He is able, firm, self-reliant, affable, conscientious, and eminently a man of the people. His business ability and Executive talents have been amply illustrated in his successful management of the affairs of the Pacific Mail Company. Above all, he is not a professional politician, and has never dabbled in the filthy pool.

We have also placed upon the News Letter Ticket the names of Monroe Ashbury for Auditor and Mr. Austin for Tax Collector. Mr. Ashbury has, by his exactitude and firmness, saved the tax payers of the city a million dollars, and it is but a few months since the sagacity and nerve of Mr. Austin rescued San Francisco from the danger of a financial panic. These gentlemen are not the candidates of Messrs. Fitch & Pickering. The proprietors of the *Bulletin* and *Call* will do all they can to defeat them before the Tax-payers Convention. We are glad of it, for it will show that F. & P., backed by the united influence of their two papers, have ceased to be controlling powers in our Municipal politics. There was a time when they could dictate nominations to San Francisco Conventions, but that time has passed. The nominees they are now working for will never be heard of, and Ashbury and Austin will be chosen by overwhelming majorities. We may add that it is probable that our old friend Bob Rodgers will receive the nomination of Sheriff before the Tax-payers.

THE LATEST POLITICAL.

At the last hour, Pickering & Fitch finding that any attempt to defeat Messrs. Ashbury and Austin before the Tax Payers' Convention would most certainly prove abortive, have concluded to withdraw their opposition, and cheerfully accept the inevitable. In a few days they will come out in their two papers, and protest most baldly that they never dreamed of opposing Ashbury or Austin; that, on the contrary, they have always meant to support them; that no better men could be nominated, etc., etc. Pickering & Fitch's weight is very little in the political world.

THE "NEWS LETTER'S" TICKET.

The fight wageth fierce and strong. An unerring sagacity has always enabled us to foretell coming events with singular clearness and precision. In view of this, we foretell the election of the News Letter's Ticket by a sweeping majority. And why should it not be? It is to be composed of names appertaining to men who are in good odor not only among the politicians, but among the people, in part, of men who, having held office and demonstrated their fitness for it, we shall seek to retain in the places they at present, in part, of men who perhaps never held office, but whom we may consider peculiarly adapted to such positions. And if any gentleman whom we had selected for our ticket should see, through motives of modesty, business, or lack of cash, to decline the honors thrust upon him, we shall be moved to sorrow, but we shall at once find a successor who shall develop characteristics as favorable for our consideration. In the mean time our ticket is in a state of beautiful completeness, but, with our usual discretion, we hold it back another week from the public that we may dispassionately regard the nominees of other grave bodies, and weigh them in the balance. Political conventions are mysterious affairs, and who can tell what a day may bring forth? Countless candidates swarm around the doors where the arbiters of fate are sitting in solemn conclave. Countless ingenious devices are being laid before the eyes of these deliberative bodies. Who shall say but that among the throng the News Letter shall discover here and there one who, in official station, will be as a pearl of great price! Shall such a one be lost to the world through the unseemly haste of such a journal as ours?

THE "NATION" AND THE SHAH.

In England, the Shah has been Occupying the Public Mind to the exclusion of almost everything else, and in Ireland and elsewhere this has led to and ... The recent events in Central Asia make the sensibility of the Government to him very comprehensible, but the public can hardly be supposed to be ... by considerations of policies, and yet they are roused as they were not by the Sultan, who too was a Mussulman, and had a harem and a vizier. The explanation probably is that the Shah is farther off and less known, and has therefore more of an Oriental flavor about him, and has a more intimate connection with the heat, the Vale of Cashmere, and the Bulbul and the gulls. At all events, nothing has been left undone in the effort to show him honor. The Sultan's reception was, in comparison, a very shabby affair. The rage of the Russian press over the spectacle is very entertaining. The St. Petersburg *Mir* warns the Shah that the British are a very and insatiable rogues, and are piling the wool over his eyes, preparatory to his destruction, that they have already robbed him of Afghanistan, Beloochistan, Herat and Cabul, which are essential to his independence. Russia, it is true, has taken from him Shirwan and Erivan, but then "this was his own fault," and he can never hope to get them back. The contest between the two over the poor Shah is very curious, and, if he reads the European press and has a fine sense of humor, must amuse him, and yet sadly, for he must know that he only plays the part of the bone between two very ferocious dogs.

A general meeting of the members of the Aeronautical Society of Great Britain has been held in London (at the head of which is the Duke of Argyle), under the Presidency of Mr. Glaisher, on June 30th. The Society has expended £2,200 in the construction of a balloon, the motive power of which was to be brought about by a small steam engine, now in preparation, of a merely nominal weight, and giving, for its size, an exceedingly large pressure of steam. A model of this was exhibited in operation. J. W. Brearey, Esq., the Intelligent Secretary of the Society, has promised to forward us the drawing, with the particulars.

Among the Candidates for the position of Harbor Master, at the ensuing municipal election, we hear the names of Capt. S. B. Edwards, the present incumbent, and J. H. Jolliffe, an old steamship commander, both of whom are eminently qualified for the position.

A new political party has appeared on the troubled surface of electioneering times. It calls itself the "Radical Democracy."

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

The American Annual Cyclopedia, and Register of Important Events for 1872. 8vo, sheep.
I Go A-Fishing. By W. C. Prime. Crown, 8vo, cloth.
Popular Lectures on Scientific Subjects. By H. Helmholtz. 12mo, cloth.
Orations and Addresses. By Wm. C. Bryant. 12mo, cloth.
Anecdotes of Public Men. By John W. Forney. 12mo, cl.
The Intellectual Life. By Ph. G. Hamerton. 12mo, cl.
Questions of the Day. By the Rev. John Hall. 12mo, cl.
Purple and Fine Linen. A Novel. By Edgar Fawcett. 12mo, cloth.
Wit and Wisdom of George Eliot. 12mo, cloth.
The Hour and the Man. A Novel. By Harriet Martineau. 8vo, paper.
"He Cometh Not, she said." A Novel. By Annie Thomas. 8vo, paper.

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THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

BOHEMIAN HIGH JINKS.

[JULY 26TH, 1873.]

Special Notice to all!
Bohemians attend!

I address you as Sire,
Elder Brother and Friend.

Come forth from your attics, your garrets, and dens,
And brighten your bon mots, and sharpen your pens;
The theme for your thoughts in our High Jinks to-night,
Is Joy, and glee some, and funny, and bright.
'Tis THE WITS OF THE STATE. California's boasts—
Mark Twain's lively spirit, and Stoddard's pale ghost,
With Pipes in your mouth, and Harte in your hand;
With Fields in pocket, and Forbes at command;
With Mighels to live with, and Bierce to roam,
And Newcomb, and Bowman, and Bromley at home;
We can laugh at the world, with its follies and crimes,
Its cares and misfortunes, its dollars and dimes,
And drawing about us our emblems of love,
Cry, "Bohemians below are Archangels above!"
For there, as this evening, in Eden's abodes,
You'll find, as
Your Grand Sire,
Yours, CAXTON H. RHODES.

On the sixth of July the Hon. (?) Zach Montgomery delivered a speech before the Roman Catholic School Teachers in this city, which gives the public a pretty good idea of what the Catholic power is, or rather what it would be if it could. None of our dailies had the moral courage to publish what this priestly-ridden ignoramus said. Had he belonged to any other sect or denomination, his speech, teeming, as it was with sentiments adverse to freedom, adverse to progression, yes, and even adverse to manhood, would have been in each and every one of our venal dailies. But no, he belonged to and promulgated the principles of a church that is not content to send souls to hell, but even wishes to give sons that don't agree so high a taste of hell on earth. Does Mr. Montgomery know that the sentiments he has uttered, perhaps under the impression that the bribed dailies would keep them a dead letter to the world: "Now, my friends in the Cross, the great secret of the swine corpse was established in the holy city of Rome about eighteen hundred years ago"—is the shaven cat out of the rotten bag of Catholicism? Does he know, when he says that the "inroads made by the telegraph, steamboat, railroad, and the printing press, upon our church are almost irreparable," he admits that his church and its played-out dogmas cannot stand either the march of civilization or the scrutiny of the common sense world. For years the Church of Rome has clogged the advancing wheels of the world, but, thank God, her attempts to overthrow truth have been attended with about as much success as those of the man who tried to upset a railway train by putting straws across the track. The straws were smashed and so will be the rotten Zachs of Catholicism that stand in the road of advancing freedom. Work as they may, the sneaking shave-lings of Rome can never hold a candle to the above-board person who, bad as he may be, dares to do what he does and say what he says in open daylight. Pio Nono will have to be pretty smart in working his miracles, if, as the erudite "Zach" says, "One of the religions we have is in the miracle of the Most Holy Father at Home, who will deliver us from all harm and at the bye, if we will do our duty to the act." The poor old Infallible one has not more than six months to live, and if he knows what is good for himself will occupy that time in making his peace with heaven for assuming what God never intended man to assume—i. e., the Divine Prerogative. The civilized world can afford to let Mike and ... worship what they please, believe in any, that the sons and debauchees of their church tell them, but so soon as they step beyond the rap-ritual limits, the *Town Crier* and America proper is down on them. We tell you who and what you will let you put up passion control the welfare of your daughter's soul, but never, if you have any regard for either yourselves or your religion, Catholicism run its head against Republican freedom. The whole of Zach's speech will be found elsewhere.

We find nothing admirable in imbecility—that is, in mere average, small, relative imbecility. But the superb and eminent imbecile extorts from us that tribute of admiration which we accord to whatever is perfect in its kind. Hence we pay this homage to clerical imbecility in general, when placed in competition with that of any other profession, and we pay it to the Rev. Mr. M. M. Gibson in particular, who last Sunday preached a sermon on the subject of Marriage and Divorce. The logic of Dean Swift's father man, "warranted to reason as well as most country clergymen," may be presumed to have been simply feeble or mildly absurd. That of the Rev. Mr. Gibson is conspicuously idiotic. He assumes as a self-evident proposition that sooner or later one or both of every matrimonial pair will want a divorce, and will get it if possible. He holds that in the natural course of things a man and woman united in marriage must tire of each other. The ardor of first love inevitably cools into indifference. The charm of novelly has ne faded, each party will experience a lost attraction toward a new object, and will just for variety's sake effect a change of partners if practicable. His conclusion from these premises is that divorce should be made impossible. Tie two indifferent people together in holy matrimony, argues the pious man, and after a while the bond is sure to grow so distasteful that they will want to break it; therefore make it perpetual and indissoluble. Hymen's silken cord is certainly destined to be transformed into a corroding fetter, binding in hateful union two miserable victims—therefore make it so strong that they shall know escape to be impossible, and may so gain resignation from despair. Such is the Rev. gentleman's argument. We should imagine that even a person endowed with no larger logical faculty than the average San Francisco pulpit pounder might perceive how different a conclusion is warranted by the premises. Those apostles of party and progress, Mesdames Woodhull and Claflin, set out with the same set of assumptions, but arrive by a sound reasoning process at quite another inference. Arguing with him that the bond of wedlock is an animal attraction which must diminish with familiarity and ultimately wear out, and that the time must become odious if made compulsory, they insist that this furnishes a sufficient reason why it should never exist at all. Upon the same facts from which the San Francisco clergyman deduces the doctrine of indissoluble marriage, the Boston apostles of Free Love argue for the abolition of marriage altogether. And their mode of presenting the argument is vastly more logical, though scarcely less disgusting than that of the fishy minded gospeler.

The Call, the most logical of our local manufacturers of public opinion, thinks that the incompetency of Professor Bradley, the Principal of the High School, is proved by the fact that the boys, after the dismissal of the school, conduct themselves like hoodlums on the streets, and says that the "parents of the pupils generally, are grieved and scandalized by this lack of discipline." Under the circumstances, the grief and dissatisfaction of the parents is natural, and the *Call*, with its characteristic fairness and sagacity, censures Principal Bradley. That gentleman should understand that as a general thing parents in San Francisco, being business men and busy women, have no time to keep an eye on their children, especially to look after their conduct in the streets. Moreover, it has come to our knowledge that a good many of the High School pupils are in the habit of behaving like young hoodlums at home. What has the Principal to say to this? It looks as if he had failed to exercise over his school the wholesome influence which pertains reasonably expected to a man who draws so much a salary. We have even heard of two cases where these neglected youths have actually addressed the authors of their being by the disrespectful title of "old buffer," thus showing how shamefully the Principal has neglected to enforce upon the plastic minds confided to his charge the scriptural injunction "Honor thy father and thy mother," etc. Surely here is evidence enough against Bradley to hold him with his head!

The Austrian Emperor is not by any means the poor stick some people would make him out to be. He has had a troubled existence since the day he ascended to, when he sank on a throne, at the adornment, with the exclamation, "My youth is over!" Poor man! He is the very opposite of Augustus the strong, who had the "best of stomachs," says Carlyle. Francis Joseph's heart is not bad, and his stomach is far from good, and every diplomatist knows that the stomach is to the head in political matters, as the bread to the ... His Austrian Majesty has had a hard time of it, what with Hungary and Croatia, and Bohemia, and Russia, and Italy, and Germany. Last of all comes America, and makes an exhibition of herself at the Great Exhibition. As luck would have it, the Kaiser (Bismarck could not cheat him out of his little) made a visit to America, in her own little pavilion as gracefully simply as it was. He showed himself every inch a king and Kaiser, praised everything he saw, asked questions like a Yankee, looked at machinery like Kinglake's Pasha, "Whirr! whirr! all by wheels! Whiz! whiz! all by steam!" and declared that America had surpassed herself. He was astonished at the cotton and rice, the former from Mobile, but he said not a word about cotton Mobile, or the rice in the Louisiana sisters rates for them. He was offered a glass of American Champagne, but waved it aside, with a smile, and a whisper, "Not for Joseph." A map of the Pacific Railroad Kingdom was shown him. "You Americans," he remarked, "know how to conquer land." He studied the beautiful specimens of our paper money for a length of time, observing with a sigh, as he put them down: "How much better than gold and silver! If I could only make my dull Austrians see it!" Mr. Garretson laid before him a map showing the Mississippi, the rising and the setting sun, and our boundless prairies. "Ah, yes," said His Majesty, "you are a mighty people; but the Modocs rather got you, did they?" As he passed through the musical department, the Austrian Hymn was played on a parlor organ, in a style that made the Emperor's hair stand on end. He disguised his emotion by taking off his hat. On leaving, his Majesty said to Mr. Garretson: "I think you have reason to be proud of your country. Your department is a valuable testimony to the truth of the Darwinian doctrine. There is progress, evident progress, in all that you exhibit. Apes never could have done as well."

The successful inauguration of the Baby Show as an established American institution, and one to be regarded dispassionately, and taken as much as a matter of course as a cattle fair, marks an important epoch in the history of human progress and modern civilization. It has a profound significance which the poor fool, ... things of the local press who have been snickering over the recent exhibition at Pacific Hall have, as a matter of course, utterly failed to grasp. So long as this institution was conducted in the spirit of coarse levity in which it was originated many years ago, and had no higher aim than to fill a showman's pockets and tickle the vanity of vulgar mothers, the world had little to hope from it. But when animated by a loftier and more earnest spirit, it enters upon an investigation of the laws of reproduction, their limitations by age, etc., ... the youngest mother, the oldest mother, and the like, it assumes a strictly scientific character. In this enlargement of the scope of the Baby Show, we see the exaltation of physical science, the practical recognition of the Darwinian theory, and the near approach of the time when the same inductive and experimental methods shall be adopted for the improvement of the human animal that have been so successfully employed in the breeding of horses, cattle and swine. We read in it the speedy disappearance of that wretched sentimentalism which has for ages discriminated so strongly between man and his fellow beasts. We see prefigured the millennium, when fraternity and equality shall be proclaimed among all the ranks of animated nature, and when all varieties of species shall ... together as peacefully as so many full-fed hogs in the same sty. In the name of science and progress we thank the disinterested savants who originated the Pacific Hall exhibition. We thank the fearless and original spirits who framed the schedule of prizes. We thank especially the brave matrons, who, laying aside the natural scruples of womanly delicacy, and regardless of the prejudices of a squeamish community, presented themselves as candidates for the premiums awarded to early, late, and beautiful maternity. Who can foresee how much our knowledge on a most interesting and important subject is destined to be enlarged by the experiments which the custom of bestowing premiums of this kind is calculated to encourage?

The Rev. Mr. Noble and others of our San Francisco gospelers have been devoting quite a number of sermons lately to the subject, "Why are the churches so poorly attended?" A great number of reasons, most of them quite unsatisfactory, have been suggested, but the *T. C.* flatters himself that it has been reserved for him to discover the true one. It came upon us like a revelation while cogitating upon the following bright thing which we struck yesterday among the "Local Brevities," where we are in the habit of prospecting for bright things with the unflagging perseverance of a man searching for Fraticelli grain of wheat: "An insurance agent," says the brevity man, "being asked, 'What is religion?' answered, 'Religion is an insurance against fire in the next world.'" There it is, O, Rev. Noble! You need seek no further for the solution of the problem, why the churches are not attended. You and your brother insurance agents, who profess to issue policies in the name of the principal office, do not enjoy the confidence of the public. Some have no faith in your credentials, and would like to see your power of attorney. A good many wouldn't care to hold a policy under any circumstances, preferring to take the risks themselves, and save the premium.

We find ourselves inexpressibly shocked and grieved in view of a recent statement in the dispatches of the Associated Press, which shows that even the telegraph is becoming affected by the demoralization of the age. Where may we to look for veracity, for strict commercial accuracy of statement, if not to the wires? And yet they inform us in the loose, inexact style of a romance writer, that "a thousand conjectures are current with regard to the persons who robbed the train on the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad," whereas, the fact is—as ascertained with mathematical precision by our news-collator with the aid of a lightning calculator—that the actual sum of such conjectures is one thousand and one, neither more nor less. We may reasonably look for a period of last moments, of embezzlements, defalcations, and general bankruptcy when the great servant of commercial instruments takes to dealing in round numbers.

With that hesitating diffidence so becoming to the bucolic editor—and usually so characteristic of him—the Oakland *Transcript* commences a leading article thus: "We think it was Christ who said that it was easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle than for a rich man to enter the kingdom of heaven." The Oakland editor is mistaken. It was the Rev. Dr. Stebbins who said it. But the blunder should not cause its author any serious annoyance. For several centuries it has been a common custom among literary authorities of much higher pretensions to attribute the sayings of the other eminent word-sayer to the Nazarene. We have long expected that Stebbins would have to suffer in the same way at last, and now his turn appears to have come.

Well done, Col. Barnes. You gave old Stebbins one in the ribs at the "Alumni Association" meeting, and well he deserved it. We can stand his blatant "pulpitology," for we are never likely to hear it; can even wink at his every day life, but we cannot and will not stand his ill-bred, ill-timed, bad-tempered remarks on public occasions. The *T. C.* does not forget having had to apply the whip to this erring divine on a former occasion. When at the banquet given to the Japanese Embassy, not content with ... himself, he must needs insult the Governor and others. O Horatio, when will thou learn that impudence is not wit, and that persons who kick against the pricks are apt to hurt their feet?

One of the most attractive sights at the Golden Gate Park, is an individual with a large star on his breast, mounted on a white camel. This kind specimen of public humanity seems about as much at home on the camel as the camel would be on him. He is there to prevent any one riding or driving over regulation pace, eight miles an hour. He is a most efficient officer, and throws his whole soul into the business. The most unfortunate part of the thing is that the camel only can travel at the rate of eight knots; so that many interesting stern chases may be seen, in which a large star and a white camel play a prominent part (behind).

A CERTAIN YOUNG WIDOW.

She is modest, but not bashful,
Free and easy, but not bold,
Like an apple, ripe and mellow,
Not too young, yet not too old.
Half inviting, half repulsive,
Now advancing, and now shy.
There is mischief in her dimple,
There is danger in her eye.

She has studied human nature,
She is schooled in all its arts;
She has taken her diploma
As the mistress of all hearts.
She can tell the very moment
When to sigh and when to smile.
O, a maid is sometimes charming,
But a widow all the while.

Are you sad? How very serious
Will her handsome face become.
Are you angry? She is wretched,
Lonely, friendless, tearful, dumb.
Are you mirthful? How her laughter,
Silver-sounding will ring out.
She can lure, and catch, and play you,
As an angler does a trout.

Ye old bachelors of forty,
Who have grown so sage and wise,
Young Trifonians of twenty,
With the love-look in your eyes;
You may practice all the lessons
Taught by Cupid since the fall,
But I know a little widow
Who could win and fool you all.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

A bull in a China shop would be nothing compared to the rumpus kicked up, corner of Broadway and Kearny street, by the cow with the crumpled horn, that refused to be butchered, ad forum. Dear, dear! how strong childhood's memories are, to be sure.——Warner's menagerie business has not thrived, somehow The monkeys were too much patronized, and the whisky too little, or vice versa.——The first test of the Clay street railroad cable was made on Wednesday.——The store business has already begun on Montgomery Avenue. Vide the candy and apple shanty on Pacific street.——On Friday next the first piles of the North Pacific Narrow-Gauge Railroad's wharf will be driven, at Saucelito.——The ferry steamers on the Bay will commence running half-hourly trips to Oakland, on the 1st of September.——Bernard Rourke ought to be put into Woodward's happy-family cage for a few months, and fed every day with raw bones with nothing on them.——The pawnbrokers are so pressed by the provisions of the new Code that they seriously speak of adopting some honest profession.——Those who attend the California Theater had better mind their pockets when in the vicinity of the box-office.——The Scandinavian Hall Association will erect a hall on the lot next to St. Patrick's Church, on Mission street.——A little tar and a few feathers would perhaps cure the Ellis-street nuisance.——Two informations have been filed in the U. S. District Court against E. R. Warsaw, Master of the P. M. S. S. Co's ship *Colorado*, for over-loading her with Chinese.——Dr. Morse has made the charitable statement that he believes young Greenhood to have been insane at the time he committed suicide.——It is thought that the cost of the New Mint building will not exceed the estimate of $1,600,000. Coinage is not expected to commence therein for a year.——The *Japan* brought only 270 pigtails.——Sothern met with a slight accident on Sunday last, being thrown from a buggy while on the Cliff House road. See what comes of breaking the Sabbath.——Judge Stanly has decided that F. J. C. Lavillan (what a suggestive name!) is not to receive any payment for his "dirty work." Do, Stanly, on! in such righteous judgments.——Oakland has a population of 15,367.——Sam. Sample's liquor saloon was broken into very early on Thursday morning, and $20 and 300 cigars stolen.——Father Buchard will lecture on the Inquisition, on Tuesday evening.——Meiggs' Wharf came in the way of two outward-bound schooners—the *Galiano* and *Sea Nymph*—on Wednesday morning. The drapery of the latter was so badly disarranged that she was unable to proceed on her voyage.——We think we have had enough of the nagging match between the *Alta* and *Figaro*. A tempest in a teapot soon tires, you know.——Another new paper. This time *The Independent Defender*, devoted to science, literature, banking and insurance.——The Reverend Carpenter seems to have stirred up a hornet's nest with his kissing and maudling.——The *Alaska* arrived from Panama on Thursday.——A piggie has been born in Alameda with a fish's head.——The coming boat of the San Francisco Olympic Club promises to be a sprightly one.——Shepard & Gill have sold 5,000 copies a week of the "Life in Danbury" since its publication.——The weather has been wretchedly cold and foggy all the week. Yet we would not live in Ukiah, with 112 deg.——Mills' Seminary was reopened on Wednesday.——Lake Merritt is to be the scene of a boat regatta a week from to-day.——The fifty-second anniversary of Peruvian Independence was celebrated here by the few representatives of that Republic, on Monday.——Rolling rocks down Telegraph Hill, on the heads of the North Pointers, is the latest Sunday amusement of the gentle Hoodlum.——Baisley did not go up last Sunday, which means, we suppose, that he will venture his life to-morrow.——The Bohemians had their picnic at Saucelito on Wednesday. The fog was the only thing that damped the success of the party.——There are 101 journals published in San Francisco. Political swash occupies most of the dailies columns.——Sothern and John McCullough leave for Yosemite on Wednesday. *Alta*, *Chronicle*, and *Bulletin*, 28th July.——John McCullough and Sothern go to Yosemite to-morrow. *Alta*, *Chronicle*, and *Bulletin*, 29th.——Cullough and John McSothern leave this morning for Yosemite.—*Alta* and *Chronicle*, 30th.——McSullough and John Cothern left this morning for Yosemite.—*Bulletin*, 30th.——McJohn and Cullough Sothern left yesterday for Yosemite.—*Alta* and *Chronicle*, 31st.——McJohn Soth and Cullougheru arrive to-night at Yosemite.—Special Telegraph to *Bulletin*, 31st.——Cullough John and Sothern Mc are sojourning at Yosemite.—Special Correspondence of *Alta*, August 1st.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

Cholera has broken out in Sweden.——The Portuguese mails have been interrupted in consequence of the Spanish troubles.——Victor Emanuel has declared that if the provocative doings of the French clerical party continue he will seek Prussia's interposition.——The typhoon season has begun in China.——The Bishop of Peterborough is seriously ill at Milan, Italy.——The poor old Pope has threatened to excommunicate the Free Masons in common with all other secret societies.——The English Government proposes to raise the Duke of Edinburgh's allowance to $125,000 per annum, at which the rampant Republicans fume and fret vastly.——Fatal cases of cholera have appeared in London.——Spanish news is as conflicting as ever, and as full of conflicts. Whether the Carlists, the Impérialists or the Republicans will come out uppermost at last, is very doubtful and, not of much importance.——The drift of France seems to be once more toward a monarchy.——Mysore, India, is suffering from a great drought.——The Shah arrived in Vienna on Thursday.——Canada is determined not to be outdone in great swindling, her Credit Mobilier disclosures are worthy of the highest civilized nation on the face of the earth—to wit, the United States.——An unpublished romance entitled "Pausanias" has been discovered among Lord Lytton's papers.——It is said that the Shah offered £30,000 for three young English ladies, but their mothers didn't see it.——The captain of the *Great Eastern* will probably receive $50,000 for laying the new Atlantic cable.——A French dramatist has written a piece to be performed simultaneously in seventy-six theaters.——The *Il Jacel* (newspaper) of Constantinople has been suspended for having published untrue intelligence.——The heat in London continues.——The Peruvian Government has commenced action against several New York dealers in guano who adulterate the article and sell it as genuine.——The political world of Japan is quiescent.——The Pope has flung aside his crutches and uses only a walking stick when his rheumatic pains come on.——The Sultan proposes a thorough reorganization of the Turkish army.——The International Patent Right Congress will meet at Vienna on Monday.——The Chinese are becoming fearful that the Russians will extend their wanderings to their country.——Prince Jerome Napoleon has officially asked for restoration to his rank in the army as General of division.——If Rochefort's condition allows of it he will be at once sent to the galleys.——The French treaties of commerce with Belgium and England were drawn up on Tuesday.——There is a great probability that America will take the highest prizes at the Exposition.——A revolution in the Mexican States seems imminent.——It will be seen to what extent the cholera is raging in Vienna when it is known that as many as two hundred cases a day occur in the city barracks.——Skilled laborers are wanted in Australia. Yes, and here too.——The Ashantee war seems likely to become formidable.——The transportation of the liberated Khivan slaves to Persia has begun.——Large numbers of priests have fled from France to Spain.——The Good Templars have received permission to establish lodges in Prussia.

MR. ABRAHAM HAYWARD'S HOUR.

When John Stuart Mill was young, one of his rivals in a debating club conceived an envious feeling towards him, and cherished it, till it became unappeasable hatred. Every intellectual triumph of Mill's was as gall and wormwood to Abraham Hayward; and yet he was forced to see his enemy rise higher and higher. Mill died at last; and Hayward seized the opportunity, for which he had waited, all his life long. He wrote, for the London *Times*, an obituary notice of the dead philosopher, which has stirred all England with fierce indignation. In this amazing document Mr. Hayward accused Mill of having disseminated, in his youth, such vile pamphlets as are scattered by the nameless quacks who abound in every great city; and, not content with this, broadly insinuated that Mr. Mill maintained criminal relations, during the lifetime of her husband, with the lady, whom he afterward married. Nothing, surely, but the very frenzy of hatred could bring a man to putting forth charges so infamous and so cowardly against those over whom the grave had closed; and yet there was a devilish malice in their publication at the moment, when all, who read the English language, were saddened with the sense of so great a loss, and when the heart of the orphan daughter might be taught to know new depths of misery, under the outrage. Nobody believed Mr. Hayward's story. For the latter part of it he has offered no justification; but it seems that the Police records of London so far corroborate the charge of distribution of foul tracts that they register the arrest of John Stuart Mill, then a youth of seventeen, for "uttering obscene, printed literature," in the shape of circulars, containing directions for preventing the natural result of the congress of the sexes. It is Mr. Christie, an ex-member of Parliament and admirer of Mr. Mill's, who states the character of this youthful escapade on the part of the philosopher, who was brought up, he adds, by his father to believe in the propriety and necessity of checking population by artificial means. Mr. Christie thinks that both father and son, although "there is something nasty in the subject," are to be commended for their noble sincerity. We have seen what Mr. Hayward thinks; and, hateful as he has proved himself to be, is it not self-evident that Mill was guilty of an incredibly vile act? The very intellectual precocity and strength of the boy's mind, which are urged by Mr Christie as a proof of his purity of motive, do but add to the weight of condemnation one must pronounce against him and his father. The name and renown of John Stuart Mill impose upon his friends and the public. Suppose the same revelations to have been made concerning the youthful conduct of Andrew Jackson Davis, or Stephen Pearl Andrews, who are quacks in the eyes of all sensible people; would not even Mr. Mill's admirers be the first to say that the subject was not more nasty than the men? The whole life of Mr. Mill was pure and unspotted. There is no evidence to show that he continued to believe as his father had taught him, in this matter; but there is nothing to show that he had changed his belief. Mr. Hayward has had his revenge. No man will conclude that Mr. Mill had a foul mind, or live other than a clean life; but his authority as a philosopher has received a rude shock. Men cannot but remark that the reformers of society have an innate proclivity towards unnatural ways; and those who look upon "The Subjection of Women" as a poor specimen of a gospel will find in the theories of his youth the germ of Mr. Mill's unhealthy arguments.

FUTTEH ALI SHAH.

The customs of the court of the present Shah are very different from those which prevailed in the time of the celebrated Futteh Ali Shah, who died in 1835. When he took his mid-day meal, or dinner, he used first of all to seat himself, and taste some of the dishes; then, on a given signal, his wives came in and stood round the room. At the same time the Princes, his sons and grandsons, were summoned from the ante-chamber, and stood round the table-cloth without saying a word. On a signal from the Shah they squatted down in their appointed places, and silently proceeded to eat. The dishes which stood next them might be to their taste or the contrary, but it was not etiquette to ask for anything, or to help themselves from a dish at a distance. The Shah only spoke to the senior Prince, who sat by his side. During the whole time his Majesty's favorite wife remained seated behind him. Every now and then the Shah would shove a handful of food into her mouth, and as his handfuls were remarkably large, the poor creature was often nearly choked. When the time allotted for the repast expired, the Princes rose and quitted the room without washing their hands, for this indispensable termination to an Eastern meal is not permitted to take place in the presence of Royalty. The Shah himself used to linger over his dinner after their departure, for he was very fond of the pleasures of the table. Sometimes of an evening gambling would take place in the apartments. Of course, it was etiquette to lose to his Majesty, and moreover it was the custom for one-tenth of all winnings to go to the Shah, who placed them in a vessel shaped like a duck. Consequently nearly all the ready cash in the assembly had by the end of the sitting taken one direction, and the Shah, shaking his singular cash-box, would observe, laughingly, "The King's bird has been fortunate to-night." In George the Third's reign gambling used on stated occasions to take place at St. James's, but it was the groom porter, not the Sovereign, who profited by the transaction.

ANOTHER LABOR SAVING MACHINE.

A company was formed last week in this city for manufacturing the "Blodgett Patent Road Scraper," a machine something akin to the "steam paddy," which has made such holes in our sand hills. The new road scraper is a sort of plow, scraper, wagon and laborer combined, and is drawn by one horse. The driver rides instead of tramping, and has at the same time complete control over the scraper, so that he can depress or elevate it, either to take up or discharge a load at any desired place. The machine looks like a common dump cart, with the load under instead of over the wheels. By simple mechanism, the driver is able to work it so that it takes up the load without any shovelling, and when filled, a lever raises it to a level, so that the horse draws it off to where the load is to be dumped. The whole thing is done without any necessity of the driver getting down from his seat or needing any help from others. This ought to be a good contrivance for the irrigation people, as it will cut ditches and feeders with much less labor than by using shovels and wagons. Several practical contractors and railroad men who have seen the model speak very favorably of its apparent utility. The Blodgett Patent Road Scraper Manufacturing Company has a capital stock of $300,000, in 2,000 shares. The Trustees are Messrs. Wm. Holdredge, R. K. Moore, J. Corle, A. Gerberding and Chas. G. Yale.

One of the most extraordinary and daring robberies of which we have any record has just been perpetrated upon the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad. The train left Council Bluffs at five P. M., a few days since, with four coaches and two sleepers in the rear, the sleepers being filled with a company of aristocratic Chinese, on their way to the New England colleges. There were also two baggage express cars, in which was the through California mail and express matter, consisting in short, of nearly two thousand dollars in the express safe, and three tons of bullion. The engineer discovered one of the rails on the track ahead had been misplaced, and reversed the engine, feeling the bullets from the concealed robbers driving into the train like hail. The engine ran into the bank and turned over. The robbers then made their appearance, and after robbing the express safe, and threatening to shoot all and sundry who made their appearance, rode off with their booty of $2,000, across the plains. They fortunately did not cut the telegraph wires, and Superintendent Royse at once hastened to the nearest station and telegraphed in all directions. Engines and a *posse* of men were sent out from Council Bluffs on the Burlington and other roads, to intercept the robbers in a southerly direction. Their dress and voices indicated they were regular bushwhackers.

It is reported of his Majesty the Shah of Persia, that, during his visit to the International Exhibition recently, at which he made several purchases of pictures, he was greatly struck by one representing three donkeys. Turning to one of his attendants, his Majesty inquired the price of a live donkey in England? "About a sovereign," was the reply. "Then," replied the Shah, "if three live donkeys only cost £3, it is rather dear to pay £160 for three painted ones." We suppose we shall have a pretty large crop now of anecdotes about the Shah.

The regular monthly meeting of the British Benevolent Society will be held at the rooms, 730 Montgomery street, on Monday next, the 4th inst, at 8 P. M.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR JULY-AUGUST, 1873,
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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, AUG. 2, 1873. No. 27.

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☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—875@890—SILVER BARS—1½@— Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86¾@87c. Mexican Dollars, 4¾@5c., new; 5¾c., old.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¼ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 14¼ per cent. On London, Bankers 49¾@49⅞; Commercial 49¾; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, August 1, at 3 P. M., 115⅛. Latest price of Sterling, 109⅞@109.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO..................August 1, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862-7-8	102¾	103	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	112	120
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	101	102	Oakland 10s	105	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	101	102	Spring Valley Water Co.	80	81
Legal Tender Notes	86¾	87	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57	99¾	100	Central Railroad Company		—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	95	98	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	51	—
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	92	—	Front St. M. and O. R. R. Co.	18	18
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins Co	65	70
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	85	95
Yuba County Bonds, 10s	84	90	Union Insurance Co.	90	93
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	—	Pacific Bank	66	68
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	98	91	The Bank of California	125	126
San Francisco Gas Light Co.	67	67½	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	103	106

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

WHEAT EXPORTS.

Since July 1st, the following vessels have been dispatched with Wheat to the United Kingdom:

Cleared.	Name of Vessel.	Destination.	Wheat ctls.	Value.
July 7	Carrollton	Liverpool	44,271	$79,850
July 8	Atlantic	Liverpool	31,087	53,000
July 8	Star of Brunswick	Queenstown	46,375	86,771
July 14	Malleville	Liverpool	29,516	52,250
July 16	Alcatraz	Liverpool	26,378	41,500
July 16	Vallejo	Liverpool	21,310	40,552
July 19	Annapolis	Queenstown	24,929	42,000
July 26	Dragon	Liverpool	20,610	34,200
July 30	Iron Crown	Cork	29,601	49,688
Totals since July 1st, 1873, 9 vessels			276,923	$482,111
14 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with			369,329	659,761
1 vessel since July 1st, 1871, with			21,177	48,101
13 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with			315,719	605,522
9 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with			279,935	420,483

The following vessels are now on the berth: Amelia, 667; Cathaya, 700; Chalmette, 649; Cheiab, 758; Caravan, 1,451; Canote, 1,215; Eliza McNeil, 1,581; Ferdinand Brumm, 751; Frederick Hartwig, 819; Glad Tidings, 973; Humboldt, 1,018; Lizzie Williams, 827; Maggie Douglass, 629; Montmorency, 033; Nereus, 1,068; North Star, 818; Nelson, 1,348; Sonoma, 1,003; Trinidad, 721; Thomas Hamlin, 688; Undaunted, 1,781. Total, 21 vessels, aggregating 19,736 tons.

THE CHEQUE BANK.

A Cheque Bank of London, on a new system, will soon commence operations. Any person depositing, say £50 in it, or any bank in connection with it, will receive a book containing ten forms of cheque, which he can fill up for any sum not exceeding £5 each, or fifty cheques, upon each of which any sum not exceeding £1 can be drawn, these amounts being so printed upon the cheques that they cannot be altered. The cheque will thus be at the responsibility of the bank, and not of the drawer, and will be accepted in payment of accounts, and by other bankers, in the same manner as they would accept notes or specie. This system is considered calculated to effect great economy in the use of coin and notes, and to be of much advantage to small traders and others unable to keep large accounts, and who have been discouraged from banking by the unwillingness of ordinary bankers to open petty accounts. This cheque bank further will confine itself altogether to this business, neither discounting bills nor making advances, but allying itself to, instead of entering into rivalry with, existing bankers.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, July 11, 1873.—Hon. James Nye, E. Coleman and wife, Major Elliot and family, Mrs. Ritchie, Mrs. Hensley and family, Lloyd Tevis and family, A. E. Head and family, Miss Head, Thomas Sunderland and family, John Mackay and family, C. R. Fargo, Mrs. A. J. Butler, Mrs. S. Ladd, Mrs. Chris Reis and family, Mrs. A. L. Barnes, C. W. Bouyugo and wife, W. Melvin Smith, F. B. Austin, Joseph Barron and family.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

Editor News Letter.—I reported the remarks of the Hon. Zach Montgomery on the 6th of July (as published in the last issue of your paper), and to the best of my knowledge and ability, *it is true, every word*. I can prove it not only by my notes but by two most respectable and reliable witnesses.

George W. Hagans, 400 Washington street.

Important Investigations.—We learn that a thorough investigation is being made of all the attending circumstances relating to the misrepresentations and the actual condition of several mining properties, railroad and land schemes, whereby the sales and negotiations have been effected on the London market. Amongst the others the Oregon Railroad, Vallejo Water Front, the Emma and South Aurora Silver Mining Companies (limited). We expect to hear of some startling developments elicited from the vendors and promoters before his honor the Lord Mayor of London, before whom all cases of fraudulent character are investigated. In the matter of the mining companies important papers have been obtained and forwarded to London.

What Does it Mean?—We learn that the following named ships have been chartered recently to load wheat for Liverpool direct at £5: *Humboldt*, *Nereus*, *Dauntless*, and *Sonoma*. Other vessels have been taken here and to arrive to load wheat at Portland, Oregon, for Liverpool at £5 10s, with favorable "options" to other ports. The *Spirit of the Dawn*, now in port, is held at £5 5s. with home instructions, that if not obtainable now, to drop out into the stream and wait until that rate was obtainable.

Providential.—The Cape Town *Argus* gives the following: A poor man yesterday (Sunday), an unsuccessful digger, with a wife and child to support, went to a butcher to ask for 1s worth of meat, and was refused; on his way home, having passed through mud he had to scrape his boots, when he found to his great delight, a 15-carat diamond, for which he refused £90.

Dividends were paid during the month of July by local incorporations to the amount of $1,720,650. Most noticeable among which are, Bank of California $50,000, San Francisco Gas Co. $50,000, Belcher Mining Co. $832,000, Crown Point Mining Co. $100,000, Eureka Consolidated Mining Co. $50,000, Meadow Valley Mining Co. $50,000.

The London Produce Market Review says Dr. Letheby exhibited some samples of tea lately to the Association of Medical Officers of Health, which had been sold wholesale at the docks, mixed with so large a proportion of finely powdered iron that a magnet, on being applied, was immediately covered with it.

We are pleased to note the return of Mr. James N. Driscoll, U. S. Gauger, from a visit East, where he sojourned several months for the purpose of recruiting his health. He resumes his position under Mr. Sedgwick, the recently appointed Collector of Internal Revenue for the First District of California.

Capt. C. H. Hewitt, nominated by the Democratic Convention for Harbor Master, served sixteen years in the P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamers, and afterwards as Captain in the Holladay & Brenham steamers; since then as special agent for the Underwriters of San Francisco in Siberia and Japan.

We are glad to see our old contributor and friend, Col. James, ex-Collector of our Port of San Francisco, now among us. His "Cleopatra" had nothing of the "asp" about her, neither had the Colonel, from the number of friends who appear so generally to greet his return.

The City Treasury contains $261,568 10, as follows: Gold, $179,200; silver, $48,000; currency, $350, demands paid on Street Light Fund, $10,500, coupons paid but not charged to account for wants of funds, $6,609 60; and small coin on trays, $10,935 60.

The Duke of Argyle stated in the House of Lords that 21,000 persons lose their lives annually in the East Indies from wild beasts (such as tigers) and snake bites. There is now a caste in India devoted to hunting, who might be called "Tiger-Thugs."

Sugar Purchase.—The San Francisco and Pacific Refinery have just concluded a purchase of 500,000 lbs. Batavian Raws, at 7¾c. This sweeps the market of all raw sugars in first hands, and adds strength to the general market.

A Letter from Clear Lake, of the 28th, says "The thermometer here is 105 degrees every day at noon, has been up to 108. Silkworms all killed by the hot nights, which have been hotter here than ever before felt."

By Cable we learn that an Irish "team of shooters" have won the Elcho Shield at Wimbledon. This is the first time that the Irish riflemen have carried off the prize from the English marksmen.

The billiard tournament at the Union Club being a private affair, the particulars are therefore withheld from the public.

The Cape of Good Hope Daily Argus says a nugget of gold weighing five pounds has been found at Leydenberg.

The cholera has appeared in London, and two fatal cases reported.

JOHN JENKINS' SERMON.

The minister said last night, says he,
"Don't be afraid o' givin';
If your life ain't nothin' to other folks,
Why, what's the use of livin'?"
And that's what I say to wife, says I,
There's Brown, the mis'rable sinner,
He'd sooner a beggar would starve than give
A cent toward buyin' a dinner.

I tell you our minister's prime, he is,
But I couldn't quite determine,
When I heard him a-givin' it right and left,
Just who was hit by his sermon.
Of course there couldn't be no mistake
When he talked of long-winded prayin',
For Peters and Johnson they sot and scowled
At every word he was sayin'.

And the minister he went on to say,
"There's various kinds o' cheatin',
And religion's as good for every day
As it is to bring to meetin'.
I don't think much of a man that gives
The Lord Amens at my preachin',
And spends his time the followin' week
In cheatin' and over-reachin'."

I guess that dose was bitter enough
For a man like Jones to swallow;
But I noticed he didn't open his mouth,
Not once, after that, to holler;
Hurrah, says I, for the minister—
Of course I said it quiet—
Give us some more of this open talk;
It's very refreshing diet.

The minister hit 'em every time,
And when he spoke of fashion,
And a-riggin' out in bows and things,
As woman's ruling passion,
And a-comin' to church to see the styles,
I couldn't help a-winkin'
And a-nudgin' my wife, and, says I,
"That's you,"
And I guess it set her thinkin'.

Says I to myself, That sermon's pat,
But man is a queer creation,
And I'm much afraid that most o' the folks
Won't take the application.
Now if he had said a word about
My personal mode o' sinnin',
I'd have gone to work to right myself,
And not set here a-grinnin'.

Just then the minister says, says he,
"And now I've come to the fellers
Who've lost this shower by usin' their friends
As sort o' moral umbrellas.
Go home," says he, "and find your faults,
Instead of huntin' your brothers';
Go home," he says, "and wear the coats
You've tried to fit for others."

My wife she nudged, and Brown he winked,
And there was lots o' smilin',
And lots o' lookin' at our pew,
It set my blood a-bilin'.
Says I to myself, Our minister
Is gettin' a little bitter;
I'll tell him when meetin's out, that I
Ain't at all that kind of a critter.

Harper's Bazaar.

THE CARDINALS IN CONCLAVE.

According to the London Times' Correspondent at Rome, the Cardinals meet almost daily at the Vatican, and begin to feel all the power and importance with which a vacancy of the Holy See must soon invest them. At least a man of feeble constitution, whose poor health led to the abandonment of the military career for which he was destined, Pio Nono has lived to an age which surpasses all who are familiar with his history. Again and again he has been the subject of dangerous illnesses, from which his recovery was deemed impossible. Though the details of his sicknesses have always been carefully concealed, it is known that he is subject to epileptic seizures, that he is a martyr to erysipelas, and that the fatigues of the frequent and wearying ceremonials at which he has to assist are often too much for him. Add to these things the consideration springing from his advanced age, and from the worry and chagrin which his recent embarrassments must have caused a person of his pretentions and convictions, and it will be seen there is ample cause for the impression that he cannot very often, or very long, disappoint those who are waiting for his death. The proceedings which have to be observed when that event takes place are remarkable on two accounts. They combine an extraordinary amount of absurd pomp and display, with an extraordinary degree of stringency directed to insure that the [illegible] most proper [illegible] shall be elected to fill the vacant place. The Cardinal Camerlengo—a dignitary who in ancient times was a species of Steward—becomes nominally the first man in the State, but his functions are carefully confined to the superintendence of mere ceremonial. He holds a kind of inquest on the dead man. Proceeding to the chamber where the corpse is placed he first strikes the door with a golden mallet, calling on the Pope by name. Getting no answer he then enters the room, taps the corpse on the forehead with another mallet of silver, and having thus ascertained that he has departed, he makes proclamation of the fact by asking that the great bell in the Capitol shall be rung. He takes possession of the Papal seal, the famous "ring of the fisherman," which is afterwards broken in presence of the Cardinals met to elect a successor, he takes an inventory of the Pope's personal property, and he makes arrangements for the funeral. But there is a most jealous care exercised that neither he, nor any of his colleagues, shall usurp an iota of the authority which is the Papal prerogative. It is the Dean of the Sacred College who summons its members to the Conclave, and, that done, a complete interregnum takes place. Nine days must elapse from the death ere the meeting can be regularly constituted. This was a short enough time in days when the fact that [illegible] had to make long journeys, were not what they now are, and it has often happened that then the Cardinals on the spot have won a great advantage. This was the case, even in connection with the present Pontiff, for adherents of a rival numerous enough to keep him from the two-thirds majority requisite arrived too late.

Now-a-days, however, it is probable that every one entitled to vote may be present in time to be present. The whole number is seventy. Once met, they are not suffered to separate till their work is done. The very regulations on this score promulgated at the instance of [illegible], in 1[illegible], were extremely rigid. It was [illegible] that the elective franchise was restricted to the College of Cardinals. Till then the mode of choice bore some resemblance to the primitive style, and remained in the [illegible] election of the whole community, the latter being called in to ratify the nomination made. By the bold innovation then established, not only were the laity shut out, but the highest ecclesiastical functions in the Government of the Roman See was vested exclusively in a select corporation of the clergy, who were subjected to extreme pressure in order to quicken their procedure. They had to [illegible] in a common hall. They were allowed no communication with the outer world, the necessaries of life being handed in to them through a window. Should they fail to reach a decision in three days they were for the next five restricted to one dish each at dinner and supper. After that they were allowed only bread, wine and water. The rigor of these [illegible] has been somewhat abated, but in no instance to interrupt in former times [illegible] a great amount of finesse and intrigue about the election and in five cases out of every six it results in the appointment of an unknown and unlikely man. The mode of procedure is not unlike that at a United States electoral caucus. The votes are taken by ballot, and the successful man must be supported by two-thirds of those present, not counting himself. Two votes, and only two, are taken daily. The first is a simple ballot, when any one votes for whomsoever he pleases; but the second is called an accessory ballot, when an elector may either repeat his original vote or transfer it to some one whose name has come out of the ballot box. Should the prescribed majority not be reached, the papers are burnt and the process begins anew. The matter is further complicated by the recognition of a right in the sovereigns of France, Austria, and Spain to veto any one candidate before he acquires the requisite majority. This right must be entrusted to a [illegible] member of the College, and has been often exercised (the last instance was by Spain in 18[illegible]) [illegible] the bidder [illegible] apt to lose his chance. All the more is this the case because various tricks are resorted to for drawing them out and for misleading partisans who are suspected of acting in concert. Among the most common is that of starting sham candidates, who are thrown over as soon as they have served the purpose of providing a clue to the action of opponents. The elections are indeed the arena for every sort of electioneering device, and, as we have said, it is a noticeable thing [illegible] the parallel case in the States, it commonly happens that a compromise [illegible] is that of a man with few chances. In such circumstances it is almost vain to speculate upon personal chances. The [illegible] of the Italian Cardinals also constitute a majority of the [illegible], will probably [illegible] as well as a far-sighted candidate—a man who can bring into play that sagacity of resource and skill of statesmanship for which Rome has long been famous.

The editor of the Utah Mining Journal calls one of the church dignitaries an "old or [illegible] carpet-bag."

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA

No. 433 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital $[illegible]. Officers—J. [illegible], President; [illegible] H. Howard, Vice-President; Charles [illegible], Secretary; [illegible], Marine Secretary; H. H. Bigelow, General Manager. Directors: San Francisco—[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] —William Wall, Robert Watt. Nevada: [illegible]. Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO OF S F

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $[illegible]. Assets exceed $[illegible]. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security!! Directors—San Francisco: J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, M. J. [illegible], [illegible] [illegible]. GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President. CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 2[illegible] California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, North-east corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts a GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] C. W. KELLOGG, President. H. G. HORNER, Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford has removed from the corner of California and Sansome streets to the [illegible] California street, No. 31 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for that coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business. GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent. WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over SIX MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its [illegible] non-forfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among its Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Law. WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent. Apr. 12. N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., over the Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000. Accumulated Funds, upwards of $[illegible],750,000. Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $[illegible]. Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. [illegible], Agent, No. [illegible] California street, San Francisco. The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully [illegible] shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON

Established in 1803.—Capital $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin. FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California, No. 4[illegible] California street. Feb 9.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 305 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 18.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. [illegible] Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against [illegible] by fire, on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, [illegible] [illegible] as low as in any other responsible company. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents. Jan 21.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island and the free grants of land [illegible] will be supplied to intending settlers and [illegible] by [illegible] ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, [illegible] street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind. Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

WANTED,

By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife, the management of a respectable Hotel in town or country. First class references. Letters addressed "H. Y.," care of News Letter, will receive attention. July 5.

WANTED

The advertiser, a competent Accountant, desires employment in a mercantile establishment. Please address "W.," care of News Letter. [July 5.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California street, upstairs. April 19.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—J. H. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co.; Thomas Turrell, Wayte, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co., W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Tajar & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lavasciloth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Bartal Freres, Jacques, Allen & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—[illegible], Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange, Bourse.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—[illegible] & Co., A. Willard, Esq.; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turn[illegible] & Co.
Hamburg—Lallern [illegible] & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie, Wanner, Lanier & Co., Chubels & Co., Bar que Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. B. [illegible].
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, [illegible], Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring Bros & Co., [illegible], [illegible] & Co., [illegible], "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—W. [illegible] Gibbs & Co., Alsop & Co., Hull [illegible] & Co., [illegible] & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Plaza Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, [illegible] Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co., Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fils & Co., Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co., Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lorimer & Co., McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—[illegible] & Co., Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co., P[illegible], Rubbe & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimerman, Fair & Co.

COURT CHAT.

The Archbishop of Canterbury attended recently at St. Peter's Church, Eaton Square, to read the Right Hon. and Rev. Lord O'Neill, and a large family party, that his grace might, with his lordship's assistance, celebrate a marriage of no little interest, namely, between the Lady Louisa Katharine Emma Cochrane, eldest daughter of Thomas Barnes [illegible], eleventh Earl of Dundonald (and granddaughter of the renowned Admiral), with the Hon. Edward O'Neill, M. P., eldest son of Lord O'Neill. This marriage has attracted interest on both sides of the Irish Channel, Mr. O'Neill being heir to the ancient name and estates of the O'Neills in Ireland. The O'Neills were kings of Ulster, foremost of all Ireland, and for the [illegible] of Shan O'Neill to Queen Elizabeth's Court, Froude, in his history, has given us [illegible] that [illegible] conduct towards the open-hearted rebel. No lady of the Cochrane family could well be led to the hymeneal altar without the splendid exploit of her kinswoman, Grizell Cochrane, recurring to the minds of her relatives who, about the time of the Duke of Monmouth's rebellion, pistol in hand, stopped the mail, abstracted the death-warrant, and saved her father's life. The story of Grizel Cochrane links together the family history of the Archbishop of Canterbury, and of the Baroness Burdett Coutts and the Dundonalds, all of these being collaterally descended from the same stock.

The Court Journal says: "Our Persian visitors seem to wonder less at our iron-clads, our factories, our industrial resources, and our teeming population, than at the thousands of novelties the [illegible] faces they see every day. And in conversation, members of the Persian suite have further confided to Englishmen that what has most struck them has been, not so much the beauty of our young women, as the comeliness of our elderly women. In Persia a girl is in her prime from 14 to 20, and at about this age some girls are reputed to be very lovely, especially the maids of Yezd, the proverb being that to live happily a man must have a wife from Yezd, must eat the bread of Yezdecast, and drink the wine of Shiraz. But a Persian woman at twenty-five has lost her freshness and charms. At thirty her features are sharp and careworn. At forty her face is as shriveled parchment. At fifty she is wizened. Ever afterwards she is hideous. The observant Persian has remarked, on the contrary, and can sufficiently wonder, that the English matron preserves her good looks and her good humor, and preserves them for the most part without artificial aids, without the rosy tint that comes from henna."

Of course Dr. Cumming has "improved" the visit of the Shah. He referred in a recent sermon to Persia, and observed that ten of the lost tribes of Israel were once located there, and that it was not at all improbable they would yet reappear from it, after having been two thousand years hid in from the gaze of all men, and join themselves to the other two tribes. "If such proved to be the case," Dr. Cumming would consider that the "fullness of the time" might be expected. Dr. Cumming recognizes in the visits of the Sultan, the Khedive, and the Shah to England the fulfilment of the prophecy that three kings would come forth from the East. But it would be awkward for this theory, if, as is probable enough, a fourth, fifth, or sixth Eastern monarch should take a European tour.

Any one going to the Palace of Westminster on Tuesday, July 1st, would have discovered that the Shah of Persia intended to visit the Houses that afternoon. When the House of Commons was open it was perceived that the front benches in the "Gallery of Honor," appropriated to peers and diplomatists, were covered with crimson cloth, with a border of brocade. It was understood that the Shah having heard that all the furniture of the seats in the Lower House was green, stated that he could not visit that Chamber if he was to sit or stand on that sacred color. A red covering was put over them as they are, and the King of Kings once after all sat on a green seat, though he would not be aware of that interesting fact.

A portrait of Sir John Trelawny, painted from life by Lady Arthur Russell, has just been added to the four other paintings of Devonshire worthies already hanging in the new town hall at Tavistock. Sir John Trelawny's portrait is a tribute by his friends in Devonshire and Cornwall to the [illegible] character, and long and [illegible] services in Parliament. His period of service was long, and he represented Tavistock, which borough he represented from 1841 to 1852, and again from 1857 to 1865, and where he is remembered with feelings of esteem and respect. The likeness is reported to be a very good one.

The Duke of Edinburgh presided at the annual dinner of the Corporation of Trinity House, held on [illegible]. The Prince of Wales and other members of the Royal family were present. Mr. Goschen, speaking of naval defence, said that the Shah had been told that this country was land and sea, and having seen our wealth, His Majesty had remarked that if we are incapable of defending it, he could not understand why we had not been already invaded by foreign foes. A very practical and common-sense way of putting it, which will be thoroughly appreciated. — *English Newspaper.*

On Thursday morning last two new bells were christened by the King and Queen of the Belgians in the Church of Notre Dame at Laeken, in the presence of a large and distinguished assembly. After a procession to the Royal dais mass was said, followed by the service for the baptism of bells. At a signal from the archbishop their Majesties descended from the dais to ring the bells, according to custom, for the first time. Nothing very expert at such work, it was sometime before success was attained, especially by the Queen.

The latest accounts of the unfortunate Empress Charlotte signify that a change has taken place in her condition, but whether for the better or the worse cannot as yet be decided. The Empress has nearly lost her appearance of fixedness, but, on the other hand, has fallen into a state of apathy so profound as to remain nearly insensible to all that passes around her. So far as regards her physical condition, her health is kept passably good.

The Shah is passionately fond of strawberries, as we are barley sugar. Strawberries are, of course, an unknown fruit in Persia, and whether it is from their novelty or from His Majesty's preferring them to the [illegible] Fruit, he has taken such a fancy to them since his arrival in that country that they may be said to form almost the staple article of his diet.

All kinds of queer stories are cropping up about the Shah. It is said he used to feel with difficulty at Buckingham Palace. Green is the sacred color of the Prophet, and a green carpet had been laid on the floor of His Majesty's bedroom. It happened, however, that there were yellow spots in it on which he contrived to tread, and so marked the bed.

A letter from Constantinople states that the Khedive has paid to the Porte £[illegible], and has consented to have his annual tribute increased to £1 [illegible] in return for the concessions made to him by the Sultan's recent firman, and he is no longer obliged either to bribe the officials of the Porte or to make presents to the Sultan.

The Shah gave each of the light weight boxers £10. Their idea of the Shah is exalted. His Majesty said he should like to have brought the noble art if they were to [illegible] in England, but he could not have the use of gloves, as the blows would clearly be so much harder without them.

When the Shah was at his first meal with the Prince of Wales at Marlborough House he took a pinch of salt from the [illegible] and the Prince, seeing what was intended, did likewise, and the other guests adopted the same symbol of hospitality and friendship.

At the monthly meeting of the Executive Council of the London Free and Open Church Association, held recently at the offices of the association, 2[illegible] Norfolk street, Strand, the Right Hon. the Earl of Shrewsbury and Talbot was elected chairman of the council for the current year.

The Vienna papers urge the Austrian Government to act energetically in favor of the projected Euphrates Valley Railway line to Bassora in accordance with the English plans.

According to report, the Shah has raised Prince Gortschakoff to the honorary rank of Grand Vizier.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine. The greatest and most certain remedy for [illegible] Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, the Cramps [illegible] Sir [illegible] Browne [illegible] [illegible] that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service [illegible] was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. [illegible]. Extract from the General Board of Health, London, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. CAUTION.—[illegible] fraud [illegible]. None genuine without the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved there. [illegible] Sole manufacturer J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & Co., 15 Franklin street. July 4.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes, without soiling the hands. In England Judson's Dyes are [illegible]. Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the [illegible] directions. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black, Puce, Small bottles [illegible] Large [illegible] [illegible] each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world; wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B. A [illegible] bottle will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *. "SEE THAT YOU GET 'JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES.'"

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for Lea & Perrins Sauce, and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Smith, Stanistreet & Co.; [illegible] Bombay, [illegible] Messrs. [illegible] & Co., Kurrachee, Messrs. [illegible] & Hughes, Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and [illegible], Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. [illegible] KEATING'S [illegible] BONS, [illegible] CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. THOS. KEATING, London, Exporter of the finest and purest [illegible]. Agents: CHARLES LANGLEY & Co., [illegible] streets, San Francisco. June 28.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies. Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] Cartridges [illegible] every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gun makers and dealers everywhere. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, [illegible] Upper Thames street, London. Sept. 4.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements. Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME is on EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal Firms in England and France, the capsule [illegible] a [illegible] purchaser and a seller not only to identify the genuine [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. Manufactories—1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being offered [illegible] BETTS'S name is on every capsule he makes for the [illegible] Merchants [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the only Inventor and sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES, 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 19.

MARAVILLA COCOA

Taylor Brothers, the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe, having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite Comparison with any other Cocoa for Purity, Fine Aroma, Sanative, Nutritive and Sustaining power, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] High Class [illegible] Flavor [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]. For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS under the ablest Homœopathic advice aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 18.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Roney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 3.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

TALES OF A GRANDFATHER.

Giddy girls, you may laugh at your Grandpapa *now*,
And enjoy putting pins in his chair.
Doubled up is this figure and furrowed this brow,
Very scant are these teeth and this hair.
You may speak of me still in your soft pretty way
As the quaintest old image oobung:
But a fond recollection survives my decay—
I was very good-looking when young.

Half a century *does* make a sort of a kind
Of a difference, mark you, my dears,
And the brief way to reckon my age up, I find,
Is in tens or dozens of years.
I must be about eighty or so, by the clock;
But my mind is a little unstrung,
And my talent for counting has come to a block,
I was brilliant at figures when young.

In the dash-along hard-living Regency days
I was prince of the fashion and style,
When I drove in the Park with my carriage and bays,
Even Brummell bent low at my smile.
What was gold? A mere nothing. In pleasure and play
Far and wide it got scattered and flung,
For, though now on the parish, I proudly can say
I was rolling in riches when young.

Oh the flirting and frolic and fun that we had!
I was called an Adonis in curls,
There was many a feminine heart very sad
When I married your Grandmother, girls.
I had rivals; but what was a rival to *me*,
With my figure, my face, and my tongue
Ah, believe me, the squalid old pauper you see
Was a dashing Don Juan when young. —*Fun.*

THE MARCH OF CIVILIZATION.

Contract is fairly succeeding conquest as the means of civilization. A curious illustration of this is the charter or "concession" obtained by Baron Reuter for civilizing Persia, the terms of which have just come to hand. Reuter is well known as the great news-gatherer of Europe, fulfilling the same function there as the associated press here, though not so well. "Reuter's Telegram" is the keyword of an interesting article in the *Gartenlaube* ("Bower"), explaining in a most intelligible manner what has long been a mystery to most of us. The ramifications and working of the Reuter bureau, and its branches, in every principal town of Europe, is clearly put forth by the writer. The purpose of the Reuter system, briefly stated, is the timely drawing from the best sources, political and commercial news, and distributing it again in the quickest manner to newspaper editors and merchants. To do this thoroughly and effectively agents are necessary in every spot of importance, the news being made to flow into the main reservoir or bureau in London, whence it is disseminated throughout every land. The originator of the system of intelligence is a German gentleman, Paul Julius Reuter, born in 1821, who was for some time a banker's clerk in Gottingen; thence he migrated to Berlin and to Paris, where he devised a plan of rapidly spreading news to the journals by the aid of lithography; and in 1851 he came to London, where he gradually developed the telegraphic system of supplying intelligence at present existing in this country. Instead of merchants or newspapers having their own correspondents posted throughout Europe, to send telegrams respecting mercantile and political matters, a plan which would entail untold expenditure, Reuter purveys news to all alike, in the same way precisely as a commercial firm supplies the produce of different countries. The offices in the principal towns are open day and night to receive intelligence from these agents, and the *employees* therein are all linguists, speaking three or more languages. The names of the agents in the different towns are kept quite secret, and are only known to the chief of the office, for many of them are persons of the highest standing connected with the court. It is their duty to watch well over State matters, and to give the London office timely notice of any political event that has or may take place. And so that none but the initiated shall understand the contents of the telegrams, these are written in cypher, of which the chief alone possesses the key.

There are no lines of telegraph actually belonging to Reuter's company, except a few local ones, but the telegrams are sent and received in the ordinary way, the only distinction being that while a private telegram must be paid for at once, the Reuter messages are paid for in a bulk, periodically. Reuter's customers are of two kinds—for he deals in two classes of goods—political news and mercantile news, and any merchant or editor who is a subscriber is furnished with copies of all the latest intelligence within a very short time of its arriving at the main office in London.

The same journal also gives us a description of the biggest tooth-drawing establishment in the world. It is situated in New York, a magnificent building, in which the extraction of teeth without pain is the only occupation carried on. You enter an ante-chamber fitted with a pile carpet, and with handsome furniture, covered with red velvet. The apartment is in half darkness, so that everything may appear grave and solemn to the patients ranged on the chairs and sofas round the room. Every five minutes a side door opens, and the doctor calls out "next," and the patient then follows with a beating heart into a lighter room, seating himself on an elevated, softly-padded arm-chair. The aching tooth is pointed out, and there then appears a pretty girl, who proceeds to tie a cloth round the patient, while another assistant puts a cork between the teeth, the doctor meanwhile pushing into the mouth a tube connected with a reservoir of laughing gas. Within a quarter of a minute the patient is asleep, and he is woke up a moment afterwards by the girl passing a wet sponge over his face, and informing him that the tooth is out, and that the arm-chair is required for another patient.

HOW TO SEE ONE'S OWN BRAIN.

Dr Fraser Halle communicates a remarkable discovery to the *English Mechanic and World of Science*. Some forty years since Purkinje observed that by passing a candle to and fro several times by the side of the eye the air in front became a kind of screen on which was reflected what was then supposed to be "a magnified image of part of the retina." Sir [illegible] (then Mr.) Wheatstone believed it to be, Professor Mayo reports ("Physiology," p. 276), the shadow of the vascular net-work." Mayo thought it was "an image of the blood vessels of the retina." Sir Benjamin Brodie, to whom Dr Halle wrote on the subject, could not identify it with any part of the retina, and said it was to him "really incomprehensible." By means of more careful drawings, especially those in Carpenter's "Manual" and Gray's "Student's Anatomy," Dr Fraser Halle resumed the exploration a week or two since, and has succeeded in identifying the "ocular spectrum" with the representation of the "anterior lobe of the cerebrum." The spectrum consists, he has long observed, of "red convolutions with dark interspaces," among which a whitish stem-like line is sometimes visible. These, he now says, constitute exactly the image of the convolutions of the anterior lobe of the cerebrum with the sulci between them, as given by Gray in his and Dr Carter's drawing of the base of the brain. The candle should be moved to and fro about four inches below the eye, and three and a quarter inches from the face. When the movement ceases the undulations, of course, also cease, and the image disappears. A reddish mist appears first, and the image is soon developed and defined. Night is the best time for it, but it can be seen in a dark place (coal cellar) faintly in the daytime. Dr F. Halle noticed this ocular spectrum and its mystery some years since in a lecture on "The Emotions," at the South-Western Literary Institute, and suspected then, and is now, that it might represent some part of the living human brain.

Mr. Wilkie Collins made his first appearance as a reader at the Olympic Theater, on June 24th. He read a story called "The Four-post Bed," which first appeared in *Household Words*, and was very successful.

ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).

" Successors to J. Seligman & Co.

London Office, No. 3 Angel Court. San Francisco Office, No. 412 California street. Authorized Capital Stock $6,000,000; Subscribed $[illegible]; paid in, $1,[illegible]; remainder subject to call. Directors in London—Hon Hugh McCulloch, Reuben D. Sassoon, William F. Scholfield, Isaac Seligman, Julius Lingdon. Managers in San Francisco: Richard G. Sneath, Ignatz Steinhart. The bank is now prepared to open Accounts, receive Deposits, make Collections, Buy and Sell Exchange, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world, and loan Money on proper securities. The Stock of this Bank being held by leading Bankers and Capitalists of Europe and America, the Bank will have superior facilities in the negotiation of State, Municipal and other securities at total.
July 5. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

Messrs. J. Seligman & Co., having transferred their Banking Business and good will to the Anglo-Californian Bank, Limited, would request all persons indebted to them to settle their accounts with MR. IGNATZ STEINHART (412 California street), who is authorized to sign in liquidation.
San Francisco, July 2, 1873. [July 5.] J. SELIGMAN & CO.

THE WESTERN SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.,

136 Montgomery st., Occidental Hotel Building, San Francisco. Capital $[illegible]. H. J. Booth, President; A. G. Styles, Vice-President and Cashier; J. H. Griffiths, Secretary; H. H. Haight, Attorney; Robert Watt, P. S. Weaver, S. Schreiber, Executive Committee. Directors—I. S. Adams (of Adams, McNeill & Co.), Sacramento and San Francisco; H. H. Haight, ex-Governor of California; P. E. Weaver (of Weaver, Taylor & Co.), San Francisco; S. P. Taylor, San Francisco; Simon Schreiber (of Schreiber & Howell), Sacramento and San Francisco; Robert Watt, ex-Controller of State, San Rafael; H. J. Booth (of H. J. Booth & Co., Union Iron Works), San Francisco; Ansonia Stiles, San Francisco; E. B. Harris, San Francisco; Isaac Lohman, Oakland; Peter Spreckles, San Francisco.
All kinds of SAVINGS, Commercial and Trust Funds, [illegible] deposits will be received [illegible] DIVIDENDS will be payable semi-annually, in January and July of each year. No charge will be made for opening accounts. Loans will be made on security of Real Estate, United States Stocks and other approved securities. July 12

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on-the-Main. March 28.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. Directors—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

San Francisco Savings Union. No. 532 California street, corner of Webb.—For the half year ending with 30th June, 1873, a dividend has been declared at the rate of nine and six-tenths (9 6-10) per cent per annum on Term deposits, and eight (8) per cent. per annum on Ordinary deposits, free of Federal Tax—payable on and after 14th July, 1873. By order, LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.
July 12.

ODD FELLOWS' SAVINGS BANK.—DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Board of Directors of the Odd Fellows' Savings Bank have this day declared a dividend at the rate of [illegible] per cent. per annum on Permanent deposits, and at the rate of eight [illegible] per cent. per annum on short deposits, for the semi-annual term ending June 30th, 1873, payable on and after the 21st instant. JAMES BENSON, Secretary.
San Francisco, July 3, 1873. July 12

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. [illegible] street (Hollander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 11

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from [illegible] to [illegible] P.M. for receiving of deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

The Board of Directors have declared the dividend on deposits for the first half year of 1873, ending this date: On Term Deposits, at the rate of nine and six tenths (9 6-10) per cent. per annum; on Ordinary Deposits at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, free of Federal tax, payable on and after July 15.
By order GEO. LETTE, Secretary.
San Francisco, June 30th, 1873. July 5.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—SAN FRANCISCO SAVINGS UNION,

532 California street, corner of Webb.—For the half year ending with the 30th of June, 1873, a dividend has been declared at the rate of nine and six-tenths per cent. per annum on Term Deposits, and eight (8) per cent. per annum on Ordinary Deposits, free of Federal tax, payable on and after July 14, 1873. By order [July 5.] LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposits. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't; Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3.

COSMOPOLITAN DIME SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No. 626 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits, One per Cent. per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, Six per Cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book.
J. CROCKER, Secretary. [May 10.] W. S. THOMPSON, President.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila. [illegible] July 1.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 415 California street. July 2

REMOVAL.

John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, has Removed to [illegible] street, opposite the Odd Fellows' Building. Always prepared to [illegible] at the lowest rates. City and County Property bought and sold. July 12

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS-RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St Petersburgh—Steiglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamatz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel. His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Berill, W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

BELGIUM—Consul General—E. Morbange, Grand Hotel. Consul—F. Orlear, N. W. cor. Broadway and [illegible].
CHILI—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanueva. V. R. [illegible]. Vice-Consul—R. Harrell, 324 Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 220 California street.
ECUADOR—Consul—Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 221 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 431 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
GUATEMALA—Consul—Leslie C. Banks, 304 California street.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul—C. A. C. Dohm, [illegible].
GREECE—Consul—[illegible].
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, [illegible] Front.
HONDURAS—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 703 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Vice-Consul—[illegible].
MEXICO—Consul—Manuel Arpiroz, [illegible] California street.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, [illegible] street.
NICARAGUA—Consul-General—F. Herrera, 221 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul-General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S. W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—F. de la Fuente y Subirat, Lick House.
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Berton. Vice Consul—H. Laidley, Swiss-American Bank.
SPAIN—Consul—Camillo Martin, 425 California street.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 220 California.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 31 Battery street.
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 221 Montgomery street.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—R. Moralles, 410 Washington st.
TURKEY—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, [illegible] street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. Baum, 310 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss American Bank.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—[illegible] California street.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

WAYSIDE GUSHINGS.

BY MRS. HARRIS.

" Mrs. 'Arris," Sayrah says, says she, " I do vish to take a ride,
So lets' 'ire an 'oss and buggy and drive to Oceanside.
Dear Missus, please do not refuse nor look so werry cross,
For 'twill do us good, after bein' wrecked, to ride be'ind an 'oss."
" Sayrah," says I, " do you suppose your missus is that rich
As can stand these constant jaunts—besides, who knows but in a ditch
The animile may hupset us and our mutual corpses be
Exposed to hequinoct'al gales on some desert by the sea!"
" Tis morbid, mim, to 'ave sich thoughts and comes of too much bile—
Since your stommick was took seasick I've 'ardly 'eard you smile.
No decent 'oss vould hact that base to females on a tour,
So please, mim, to put on your gownd, vile I do lock the door,
Lest thieves should possibly get in and steal the pickled pork,
As 'tis near election time, ven loafers ain't disposed to work."

'Ere, coaxin'-like, she flung 'er arms in spassums round my neck,
And says, " Dear Missus, we're not yet rekivered from the wreck;
My nerves and yours is both onstrung, but a saloobrious drive
Vill dissipate the dismals and 'elp us to surwive
The 'orrid shocks we've lately 'ad, vich, bein' but sixteen,
As 'ave been my age for two years past, 'ave turned my features green.
'Twill save a doctor's bill, I m sure, and I vill 'old the vhip,
And you the reins, and if he kicks I'll 'it 'im on 'is 'ip."

" Werry well, Sayrah, as you please, though mind if we gets 'urt,
And the critter prove rampagious and capsize us in the dirt,
Remember, ven we both hexpire, I varned you of the chance,
That the 'oss might prove unsteady and destroy us vith a prance."
But oh! ven youth is at the prow and pleasure at the 'elm,
Vot gal vill listen, though vun's vords vould easy overwhelm
A vidder lone, or narvous gent, or sear and yellow maid
Of a certin age? —but Sayrah cries " I ain't a bit afraid."

'Ere we go joltin' on the road as leads to Oceanside,
And Sayrah says, " Ve'll take the sand, prowided 'tis low tide
Ven we draw near that lonely 'ouse as looks down on the sea,
Vich I vunce saw ven an 'orrid bore drove there along vith me."

The journey it were were werry nice, and the 'oss werry were kind,
Till we 'ad left the city's streets severial miles be'ind,
Ven, vether 'twere the turnpike man or sniffin' the sea air,
The critter galloped at a pace my stommick could not bear.
" Oh, Sayrah, Sayrah, tug the reins, he'll rush into the sea,
And a drownded buggy vill be found containin' you and me!
Oh, greashious 'even, vos it for this you saved us from the ship!"
" Never mind, Missus," Sayrah says, " I'll 'it 'im on the 'ip."
Vith that she gave an 'orrid whack across the critter's leg,
Ven he stood still, as though took ill, and vould not move a peg.
" You 'orrid monster," 'ollers I, " vot conshuns 'ave you got!"
But he turned 'is hoptics on me and stood rooted to the spot.
Meanwhile the tide vos comin' in, vith froth like bottled beer,
And Sayrah tried to coax the 'oss vith " Gee up, there's a dear."
But 'tweren't no good, the critter stood a-gazin' at the sea,
And didn't seem to care an 'ang for Sayrah or for me.
Permiscuous moistur' from the sky began for to descend,
Vich on Ocean's brink did make us think as 'ow our latter end
'Ad come at last, 'mid rain and blast, by that 'ere ragin' tide,
At vich the 'oss cast tearful eyes bintendin' soolcide.
" Hip!" 'ollers Sayrah, and a man as looked a second Crusoe
Rushed from the 'ouse and cussed the 'oss and axed how he could do so.
Both drippin' vet, he 'elped us out and we stood knee-deep in vater;
And says he, " Old lady, follow me, I'll carry your damp young daughter."
Vich Sayrah ain't no child of mine, as all the vorld do know,
But I vould not contradick the man in sich an 'orrid blow.

So 'ere we've both been ever since vith a cold in both our 'eads,
And 'ardly hable to get up since takin' to our beds
But these 'ere wacant 'alls 'ave made me werry sentimental,
A-thinkin' vot the 'ouse did cost and its perilgious rental.
L'keways of them old 'appy days ven Felton gave a ball,
And all the lawyers and their wives vent to it, great and small.
I gush at night ven the moon is bright a-gleamin' o'er the sea,
And this 'ere vindy solitood is the werry place for me.
And sometimes, ven the veather 'appens to be foggy,
And mists are rollin' landward from the deep, deep sea,
A poetess like me, ven just a little groggy,
May werry easy fancy as 'er hoptics see
The habeas corpus forms of 'Frisco's lawyers
A-dancin' all right merrily upon the sand,
Feltons and McAllisters and flip-flop Sawyers,
To lemoncholy music by a phantom band.

COOKING.

A great many citizens are justly displeased with the course of study at the Public Schools, in that the divine arts of cookery and sewing are wholly neglected, and even silently passed over therein. They are indifferent to the progress of their daughters in the French or in the German tongue, and lift the eyebrow of scorn when the wise maidens expound the mysteries of histology, psychology, biology, and their families, to the fiftieth degree. All these studies are excellent in their way, in the opinion of these good citizens; but for a really good, steady resistance to the wear and tear of life, there is nothing like leather and the art of cooking. Every living creature, says the axiom, springs from an egg, and in like manner all civilization may be traced to the soup-kettle. There can be no thought without phosphorus, and the amount of phosphorus necessary to keep our cultivated brains working is fabulous. Everything points to a reform in the school system, even more sudden and more durable, as it is more imperatively called for, than civil service reform. Too long have we tried to make sensible and bright women, by polishing their heads. We shall succeed when we set them to rubbing up gridirons, kettles, pots and pans, and tossing off a substantial dinner for the Board of Education. We must not be misunderstood. We advocate the teaching of the three Rs, and, perhaps, also, a little spelling, and for this reason: It may be necessary for the future woman to know how to write an order for butcher's meat, and keep an account of the marketing, and, if she marries, as she may, who is to cut out the shirts! Reading, a little spelling, writing, and simple arithmetic, these are the studies essential to the life of a woman, and beyond these madness lies. If we care for the future of the race, we must carry out, to its full meaning, the profound maxim of Molière:

" Une femme en sait toujours assez,
Quand la capacité de son esprit se hausse
A connaître un pourpoint d'avec un haut-de-chausse."

A fair application of this rule includes cookery as not less necessary than breeches. It may be objected that the expense of providing stoves and ranges and kitchen furniture, and above all the fuel and meats necessary to the practice of the divine art, are insurmountable obstacles to the proposed reform. The objection is specious, but hollow as a pipkin. Every one must eat, and there is no reason why the productions of the public schools, day by day, should not be supplied to families and chop houses at a small advance on cost prices. This would even go a great way towards the suppression of the servant-girl nuisance, and the public health, comfort, and peace of mind would be greatly increased. We wish only to call the attention of our citizens to this subject, immensely too fruitful and suggestive to be disposed of in a brief essay, and we close, therefore, with but one reflection. The girls, profusely trained in seminaries, such as we should have under the proposed system, would come out to the real business of life, not merely fitted to work and keep house, but every way suited to their future husbands. Our young men are men of business and billiards. Wives cultivated in literature and art, and interested in higher studies, are a perpetual affliction to the solid minds of our youth; while, if all the women's talk were of joints and gravy and gussets, they would meet their husbands on a perfect intellectual equality, and we should hear no more of unhappy homes and incompatibility of temperaments.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL BUILDING

Office of Board of City Hall Commissioners, Corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, July 19, 1873.—Sealed proposals for furnishing certain material for a portion of the New City Hall Building and Hall of Records will be received at the office of the Board until 12 o'clock noon, of FRIDAY, the 22d day of August, A. D. 1873, for the following: [illegible] Bricks, [illegible] barrels Lime, [illegible] barrels Cement. And until 12 o'clock noon, of WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of October, A. D. 1873, for the following: Rolled Iron Joists, Wrought Iron Girders. All according to specifications, schedule, plans and drawings, to be furnished by the Board.

No bid will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Forms of Proposal," and accompanied by a bond with two good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to ten per cent. of the total sum of the tender, conditioned for the due entering into the contract, if the party to whom it may be awarded. The bids must be sealed, marked for the material proposed to be furnished, and addressed to the Secretary of the Board.

The specifications, schedules, plans and drawings can be seen and all further information obtained at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposal will be furnished to intending bidders.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly, in "City Hall Warrants," of 75 per cent. of the estimated amounts due, and the remaining 25 per cent. when the contract is completed. The expense of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.
P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE,
July 26. Board of City Hall Commissioners.

GOODWIN, WEST & CO,

Manufacturers of the "Goodwin" Rotary Pump (to which was awarded the Gold Medal at the last State Agricultural Fair.)

Deep Well and Mining Pumps; Irrigating Pumps,

Of from 100,00 to 3,000,000 gallons capacity per day. FORCE PUMPS, specially adapted to Wind Mills and Horse Power. SHIP PUMPS, WARRANTED NOT TO CHOKE with Wheat or Sand. Office, No. 5 First street, near Market,
July 2. San Francisco

JOHN V. PLUME & CO.,

Formerly of Burgoyne & Co., Bankers, 319 California street, San Francisco. Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Government Bonds, Stocks, Commercial Paper, and all other Negotiable Securities. Commercial Paper Discounted. Collections, both inland and foreign, promptly made through at the United States and Europe with quick returns. Refers by permission to Messrs. Lloyd Tevis & J. B. Haggin; Hon. Milton S. Latham, Manager London and San Francisco Bank; Hon. Thos. H. Selby, ex-Mayor; John Parrott, Esq.; Judge S. C. Hastings; William H. Tillinghast, Esq., Manager Bank British Columbia; Gustave Touchard, Esq., President Union Insurance Co. July 26.

HOMESTEADS THAT ARE HOMES

Persons in want of Houses are requested to examine the plans of those now being constructed upon that beautifully situated property on Pacific Heights, on the block bounded by Pacific Avenue, Webster and Jackson streets, commanding the most magnificent view of any location in the city, and accessible by cars, which pass the doors. These Elegant Houses are built in the best manner, and will be sold ON A CREDIT OF SIX YEARS. Plans and specifications at the office of JOHN T. LITTLE, Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. [July 26.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Savings, declared a dividend for the half year ending June 30th, 1873, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum on term, eight per cent. per annum on class one ordinary, and six per cent. per annum on class two ordinary deposit, free of Federal tax. Payable on and after July 14th, 1873. By order. [July 2.] G. M. CONDEE, Cashier.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

No. 20 Wall street, New York—Exchange on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort, Bremen, Vienna. Cable Transfers, Circular Letters, Commercial Credits, on JAY COOKE, McCULLOCH & CO.,
Cable Transfers on Vienna direct. [July 26.] 41 Lombard street, London.

PROPOSALS

Are Invited for from 100 to 500 tons Compact Asphaltum. Samples required. F. MADGE, Secretary Imperishable Pavement Co.,
July 26. Room 14 Merchants' Exchange.

YOU CAN GET THE OLD TIME HAVANA PLANTATION CIGARS

At the Custom House Cigar Store, 518 Battery street, at $7 per hundred. IMITATION PLANTATION at $1.50 per hundred. All the fine brands of Imported and Domestic Havana Cigars, by the box at jobbing rates.
July 12. R. H. McLELLAN & CO., 518 Battery st., opp. Custom House.

WANTED,

By a middle aged lady of respectability (a widow) a situation as housekeeper in a small family, or as matron of a hospital or sick nurse. Good references can be given. Has no objection to going into the country. Address MATRON, at this office. July 12.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY,

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at [illegible] and 630 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager Nov 11

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS AND DRIVERS OF VEHICLES.

The Annual License of Vehicles, for the year ending July, 1874, is now due, and if not paid on or before the 31st day of the present month, the owner or driver will be liable for 25 per cent. in addition for each and every month's neglect, and also to a fine of not less than $10, or imprisonment in County Jail.
July 19. E. P. BUCKLEY, License Collector, Office, No. 7 City Hall.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OF DOGS.

The License Tax for July, 1874, is now due, and if not procured on or before the 31st day of the present month, the Pound Keeper and his deputies will arrest all dogs with the old tag on. E. P. BUCKLEY,
July 19. Collector of Licenses, Office, No. 7 City Hall.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 24.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

REMOVAL.

A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his office and salesrooms to No. 5 [illegible] and 15 Pine street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over mountainous and difficult roads. June 28

OUR LETTER BOX.

(It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any; and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.)

Editors News Letter The events of the past week present some curious reflections to an observing mind. When one reads of the acts and words of a would-be teacher and guide of the people, over the suspending form of an "ulcer on the body politic," the first sensation is one of wonder and astonishment - that an intellectual and cultivated mind can be so degraded and dominated by the "emotional sensation" of the day. But when we consider the tendency of the popular teachings in New England for some decades, we see that this is but one of the legitimate results. For no other reason but to create a "sensation," the *ne plus ultra* of the average New Englander of the present day, was that tragic farce enacted, in which Russell and Carpenter were the chief actors. Look at the scene. A follower of the meek and lowly Jesus, whose ostensible calling is to win souls and lead them into the quiet and peaceful paths of virtue, arraying the hideous form of vice against its lovely opponent, and covering its revolting features with a mantle of sympathy, love, and even *reverence!* Can madness go farther? Imagine the ladies attending! Their pure lips imprinted upon a brow from which all that is delicate and refined would shrink with instinctive horror! Tears of maudlin sentiment falling on one from whom all good men rejoiced to be delivered. The sweetest emblems of unsullied purity, strewed with lavish hands upon the blood-stained murderer and libertine! And the whole scene, so decked and surrounded in the "panoply of woe," as to make it a question whether the Americans most worship vice or degrade virtue! In such "sensational emotions" have the New Englanders lived and moved and had their being, until it has become the pabulum of their existence. And to such as figured in the last scenes of Russell do we owe the awful calamity which fell upon the country when the bloody tragedy of 61 and 65 was enacted. Upon their shoulders rests the awful responsibility of the blood which now cries out for vengeance. One would think that having witnessed such a terrible result of their teachings shocked, appalled they would start back, pause for a moment, and consider their ways. Not one moment are their steps delayed, and still they rush madly on to their destruction, and that of their country; for what State can exist when such influences prevail? Verily, "whom the gods wish to destroy, they deprive of reason." I would not utter one harsh word, harbor one unkind thought, upon the miserable being who paid the penalty of his life for violated law. God forbid. But if he is happy, let him rest in peace and obscurity. Wonder how Crotty and Page felt when they witnessed his apotheosis. Was it Lazarus in hell, looking at Dives in heaven? Carpenter seems to teach so.

C. S.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

London, July 7, 1873—Dear News: The thought has occurred to me that you would like a picture of the new steamship *Vasco de Gama*, belonging to the China Trans-Pacific Steamship Company. She is a fine ship, 360 feet long, 77 feet beam, and 32½ feet hold, with 550-horse power, and she is guaranteed by the builders to run 13 knots on from 30 to 35 tons coal per day. She will carry 3,000 tons dead weight, and seventy first-class passengers. Her fittings will be first-class in every respect, finer than anything you have ever seen in the Pacific. The fact is, we Americans don't know anything about steamships, as John Bull is far ahead of us in this respect. I wish you and yours could look in upon the shipyards on the Clyde; it is astonishing to see the wonders. They are now building ships 450 and even 500 feet long. How is that for high? I have seen several side-wheel ships here that would answer well for the San Diego and Oregon trade. They are arranged so handy for freight—two side hatches forward and aft on both sides, with steam winches for each hatch. They are splendid for discharging cargo into lighters, etc. The ships that are now being built here in the yards of Henderson, Coulborn & Co., Renfrew, are very superior, and they mean to have their steamers a credit to them and the Clyde, and you will be witness to this when they enter San Francisco harbor, and how different from those of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. Macondray & Co. may well be proud of their position as agents of this splendid line of British steamships. Before six months have passed a monthly line will be in operation between Hongkong and the Golden Gate. The *Vasco de Gama* will make the trip in 16 days from Yokohama with ease, and be furnished with all the latest improvements.

Yours ever,

FRISCO.

ART NOTES.

Mr. P. Mezzara is making great progress with the statuary which is to adorn the State Capitol, and has just completed the finished model, in clay, of a colossal group, which is particularly deserving of note. It represents an Indian on horseback, attacked by a grizzly bear, and is full of life and spirit. The representation of the horse is regarded, both in painting and in sculpture, as one of the most difficult tasks. In this composition the horse is the most successful part of a successful design. The poor, panting animal, with nostrils distended and eyes on fire, is thrown back on its haunches in order in the act of spearing the obnoxious grizzly. Mr. Mezzara has made innumerable special studies for this group, his horse was in some degree derived from a wild mustang, which was induced to spend several days in his studio, on Jackson street. The fiery and untamed steed behaved pretty well, and even showed some interest in the progress of the model, coming up to it and sniffing at it with a surprised expression on its intelligent face, but evidently a little awed by the size of its prototype about one-fourth larger than life. The design will be cast in Ransom stone, and a companion group of equal size will shortly be commenced. Several of the figures which will adorn the upper balustrade of the Capitol building are completed, and will shortly be placed in position.

Bierstadt has returned to town, his portfolios stocked with studies and sketches of Yosemite. The landscape artists are nearly all rusticating, the last heard from Hill and Marple was dated at the Summit. These gentlemen propose to extend their trip to the Utah Cañons. Harrington is engaged on some altar pieces and other pictures for Mother's church, in which department of art he has been very successful lately, his long course of study in Italy fitting him peculiarly for this class of work. Harry Eytinge, the versatile, exhibits a bright little daylight picture of "A Fandango," in Stevenson's window, full of action in the dancing figure and excellently painted throughout. A large watercolor drawing of Cardiff Castle is on view at the gallery of Morris Schwab & Co., on Post street, which is noticeable for forcible and true painting in a somewhat novel style. It is the work of J. C. Jones, an English artist. The Post street gallery is becoming a favorite lounging place: there is always something new and good to be seen there. A recent work by Tom Hill, now on view at the gallery of Messrs. Snow & Roos, deserves notice. It is a picture of cabinet size, with sunset effect, and represents a flock of sheep wandering up a lane, the old shepherd, who has his pipe, stopping to fill it with "baccy." This small and modest work would be highly prized in any European gallery. In tone, color, effect and handling, it is simply perfect, and to our mind far—very far—ahead of Mr. Hill's larger and more meritorious works.

P. Mezzara was kind enough to invite us to a private view of the model of one of his colossal groups intended for the State Capitol at Sacramento. We were not prepared for so classical and magnificent a work of art. Colossal, indeed, in its nature and conception, yet at the same time most true and faithful. The late hour we were able to avail ourselves of the invitation prevents us from saying all that we should wish, but our next issue will contain a more detailed notice of this pride of our State. We hope that P. Mezzara will give the public an opportunity of seeing his creations before they are removed.

People Holding City Hall Warrants can get a fair market price for them by referring to John P. Lotte, who deals largely in such stock. He is well and favorably known here as a real estate agent of good standing.

We see that the *Commercial Reporter*, of Portland, Oregon, has changed hands, Colonel Farrish, the editor and founder, evidently having gone to pastures green.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, Cards, Paintings, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Circulars, etc., and all other kinds of [illegible] relating to all business Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in the [illegible] easy of access properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and materially stimulate our common interests. In a word the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an epitome of the Pacific States on a San Francisco as they are, of their products, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of this State and the adjacent Territories. Every occupier of a certain portion of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 60 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 1. J. MELVILLE, Secretary. California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 60 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts. on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

August 1st—Steamer COLORADO . . . . Capt. Harris.
August 16—GREAT REPUBLIC . . . . Capt. Lachlan.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 5th and 10th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Aug. 5—ALASKA . . . . Capt. Nolan.
August 19—MONTANA . . . . Capt. Parker.

All Steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all (except Alaska) call at SAN DIEGO.

Steamers of the 15th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge, will leave at 3 P. M., as follows: Thursday, July 31th, Saturday, August 30, Wednesday, Sept. 24. Returning, will leave Honolulu August 16th, Sept. 6th; Oct. 5th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows: MOHONGO, Capt. Douglass, Wednesday, Aug. 6, Monday, Aug. 18, Friday, Aug. 29. OLIZADA, Capt. Johnston, Thursday, July 31, Tuesday, Aug. 12, Saturday, Aug. 23.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT
SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,
FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, for San Diego and way ports, carrying acids, oils and combustibles—Wednesday, July 16; Friday, Aug. 15; Saturday, Aug. 30, at 3 P. M.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, August 26.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M. on the 25th.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [August 2.] B. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

**Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front street Wharf at 2 P. M. Returning, leave Cloverdale daily at 6 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:20 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS. On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving at Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at [illegible] P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 42 Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M. from Front st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco [illegible] P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connection with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to the Geysers, Skaggs Springs and The Geysers. Round trip tickets on sale at the office or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of business resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 P. M. from Front street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8 A. M. Leaves Cloverdale 6 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco 10:20 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office 436 Montgomery street. [May 1.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria, and Hope Town. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's first-class Spring Wagons leave Cape Town, with the Mails, every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and travel by the above route, are due at Du Toit's Pan the centre of the Diggings, on the seventh day from Town. Under new and improved arrangements, punctuality is ensured. Fare to the Diggings, £12. Each Passenger allowed [illegible] lbs Luggage. Rest is afforded to Passengers by night stoppage at the principal stations, and Refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the road. Passengers heavy baggage has free transit by the Company's Goods Wagons leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the head office of the Company, No. 62 ADDERLEY STREET, corner of Longmarket street, Cape Town. R. T. TOWNROE, Secretary.

Cape Town, 23d March, 1873. May 17.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20. GEO. MELLON, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND at [illegible] and O. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. to through. Will [illegible], at [illegible] Oregon. June 14. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT.

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The [illegible] Steamship PRINCE ALFRED leaves Folsom street wharf on the [illegible] of each month, at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Fremont and Spear streets. [Oct. 9.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 31.]

E. S. TIBBEY,

Stock Broker,

No 6 Leidesdorff St.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	30@	37
Cheese, Cal	20@	25
Honey	17@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz	30@	37
Lard, ℔	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16@	20
Cranberries ℔ gal	75 @1	00
Potatoes, fresh, ℔	2@	3
Lima Beans, ℔	8@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	3@	
Onions, ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ℔	2@	5
Pumpkins, ℔	2@	3
Cabbage, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	6@	25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	25@	
Celery, ℔ doz b	1 00@	
Beets, ℔ doz b	6@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b	6@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	6@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔	5@	8
String Beans, ℔	5@	10
Apples, ℔	6@	12
Pears, ℔	6@	10
Peaches, ℔	12@	20
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔	12@	15
Do new, ℔	15@	25
Oranges, ℔ doz	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	25
Limes, ℔ doz	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	30@	
Geese, ℔ pair	2 00@2	50
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 00@2	25
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	
Hares, each	6@	60
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	12@	15
Salmon, fresh, ℔	12@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish, ℔	12@	
Smelts, ℔	8@	
Tomcod, ℔	8@	
Sturgeon, ℔	3@	
Flounders, ℔	15@	
Halibut, ℔	15@	
Perch, ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ℔	10@	
Anchovies, ℔	8@	
Boles, ℔	25@	

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents, Room No. 21, Stevenson's building, S.W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans, and investing capital and managing estates.

BIZ.

WINE CIRCULAR.

SAN FRANCISCO, California, August 1, 1873.

Office of J. M. Curtis (late Manager Lake Vineyard Company), Wine and Spirit Commission Merchant, No. 431 Jackson street.—The state of the Wine market since April, has not fulfilled the promise of the first quarter of the current year, the exports during the last three months having gradually diminished in quantity and value, while the local trade has been without animation. The recent advance in foreign Wines has not yet affected the demand for native, but there are many indications that before the year is out, the short vintage in Europe will manifest its effects here in increased orders for the Eastern market, and that our exports this year will yet show a fair gain over those of last year. The exports of Native Wine and Brandy during the first half of the year, were:

	Qr. End'g March 31. Gallons.	Qr. End'g June 30. Gallons.	Total Gallons.
From San Francisco and Interior—totals	188,716	282,336	471,052
During same period last year	150,931	318,636	458,660

Of the above only three and one half per cent. went to foreign countries. As compared with the first six months of 1872, the shipments this year show a gain by rail of 26,398 gallons, and by sea a decrease of 13,966 - in other words, a gain of 19 per cent. in shipments to the Western States (by rail) and a loss of 4 per cent. in shipments to New York (by sea). Assuming that there is but one reason why our trade with New York should not keep pace with the growth of demand from the West, we must charge to the [illegible] ruling of Commissioner Douglass on the taxation of Champagne, a loss of demand from New York for 74,175 gallons of California Wine during the first half of this year. The 1871 Wines are yet in ample supply, and form the bulk of our exports. They are more mature and more largely blended with choice varieties than any Wines we have hitherto sent abroad, and will insure a better recognition of the merits of California as a Wine producing country. The good influence of the Riesling, Zinfandel, Orleans, Muscat, Berger, Malvoisie, and other choice Wine Grapes, is felt at every Wine press in the State. Not a few Vineyards which have come into bearing during the last three years, are wholly stocked with these varieties, and when by good fortune the right Grape is planted on the right soil, most excellent Wines are produced, and vineyardists and merchants are encouraged in their faith that the next generation will acknowledge the Wine of California to be the peer of any in the world. The incoming vintage will be small, owing to the severe frosts of April 4th and 5th. Two favorite districts, Sonoma and Napa counties, suffered most severely and will not produce more than one-fourth the usual crop. Los Angeles county will give a fair yield, the mountain districts will produce more than in any previous year. Notwithstanding the great number of new vines coming into bearing, the aggregate yield of the State will probably not be any larger than in 1872, and not more than one-half as large as in 1871. There will be a still more notable decrease in the quantity of Brandy manufactured, that enterprise having been very effectually squelched by the Government. The prices current for 1871 Wines, of good shipping quality, in round lots, delivered free on board ship or rail (casks included) are:

Wines.	Per Gallon. Gold.
Dry Red from Mission Grapes	40@45c
Dry Red, Mission Grapes blended	45@55c
Dry White from Mission Grapes	45@—50c
Dry White from Mission Grapes (blended)	55@—65c
Dry White from Muscat or Muscatelle Grapes	60@—75c
Port	70@1 00

Wines.	Per Gallon. Gold.
Angelica	$—70@ 85
Sweet Tokay	—@— 85
Sweet Dessert	—85@ 1 00
Sherry	1 00@— —
Sparkling (fermented), qts.	9 00@12 00
Sparkling (fermented), pts.	10 50@11 00
Sparkling (charged), qts.	6 50@ 9 00
Sparkling (charged), pints	8 00@10 50

I invite the correspondence of all desiring to purchase Pure California Wines or Brandies, or of obtaining information regarding them. J. M. CURTIS.

Freight Circular.—SAN FRANCISCO, August 1st, 1873.—In reviewing the business for the past month, we have to note a considerable decline in rates of freight. The opening price for Wheat to Liverpool was £5, at which one or more charters to a direct port in the United Kingdom were made. Since then rates have fluctuated, with a constant downward tendency. This is to be attributed to a variety of causes. Wheat arrives sparingly, some claim that the crop is not yielding near so well as was expected. One thing is certain, farmers are holding back their crops to a large extent; our receipts for July are nearly 75 per cent. less than for a corresponding period last year, shipments of same have also decreased largely. One reason for this should be stated, that last year the crop on the west side of the San Joaquin, was both large and early marketed, but this year the crop in that particular locality was a failure and we are compelled to look elsewhere for grain where the crop was large, yet late in the harvest. Again, the price of Wheat was early forced down and freights unduly raised; the consequence was that farmers who would gladly have followed the market at $1 75, would not accept $1 65, and they arranged to store their grain, borrow money, and thus stop the flow to tide-water. The result is now apparent, ships on demurrage now pay $1 80 for wheat, and others having vessels chartered prior to arrival at low rates now prefer to recharter them at current rates, and thus withdraw temporarily from the arena. The consequence is that the outward flow of grain is less important than would otherwise be the case; besides all this, there are other petty local causes at work to retard the usual regular routine of business. The farmers are being tampered with, money is very plentiful, and extraordinary inducements held out to store their grain and borrow money thereupon, and thus producers are tempted to turn speculators for the time being. Judging from the present outlook, freights have reached the highest altitude of the harvest year, and the year's grain shipments will be considerably less than that of last year, and the bulk of the business done late in the year, and the season's traffic both sluggish and unsatisfactory. At the close £4 10s is the nominal rate to a direct port in the United Kingdom. Disengaged ships: Argosy, 1,218; Hanora, 1,144; Carrier Dove, 1,615; Emerald, 1,167; J. T. Foster, 1,288; Knight Commander, 1,431; Sumatra, 1,073. Barks: Brierly Hill, 621; Florence, 436; Spirit of the Dawn, 691; Wetterhorn, 609. Brig Timandra, 120. Vessels sold: Brig Percy Edward, 210 tons, $10,000; schooner J. P. Haven, 37 tons, $14,000; schooner Nautilus, 45 tons, $3,000; schooner W. H. Stevens, 147 tons, $9,000.

Newcastle, N. S. W., May 17, 1873.—EDITOR NEWS LETTER: The S. S. Baroda arrived in Sydney on 9th instant, and the mails were delivered here on the following morning. In our last we mentioned that a Bill had been introduced to abolish the tax of Tonnage Dues. We have now great pleasure to advise that the Bill has passed into law, and that *the Tonnage Dues are at last abolished*. This will effect a saving to vessels of 1s. 6d. per ton per annum, and will be a great additional inducement for tonnage to visit our port. We hope, at no very distant period, to see rates for pilotage reduced to one-half the present charge. During past month the demand for vessels for China has somewhat subsided; sufficient tonnage has been engaged to carry forward a large proportion of the Orders for Coal, and charterers can now afford to wait for lower rates of freight. Telegrams have been received from Hongkong, quoting a rich coal market, and prices which will leave a loss on cargoes shipped at such high rates. This has prevented speculative shipment, and has had a depressing influence on rates of freight. Orders for charters for Coal to San Francisco and thence with Wheat to United Kingdom, are to a great extent suspended, owing to late telegraphic advices, except at considerably lower figures than have hitherto been ruling. Vessels are still much wanted for Bombay and Java, yet we have no engagements to report; but now that a considerable proportion of the requirements for China and San Francisco are satisfied, we may hope to get orders executed. Latest Engagements: Evening Star, for Singapore, at 24s. 6d.; [illegible], for Nagasaki, at [illegible]. No course has yet been decided upon with regard to a minimum rate to San Francisco. Coals nominal 12s. per ton. Mines working quietly. Freight to San Francisco, 31s. Timber—A well assorted cargo would meet a good market. Breadstuffs—Market supplied, prices reasonably firm. Export of Coal from Newcastle: For the year 1870, 747,7[illegible] tons; 1871, 76[illegible] tons; 1872, 863,7[illegible] tons. 1873: January, 1 to February 11th, 11,1[illegible] tons; from 15th February till 11th March, [illegible] tons; from 15th March to 11th April, 77,700 tons; from 11th April to 10th May, 72,322 tons. The Tonnage Dues are abolished. *Stokes & Co.'s Monthly Circular*.

The Pacific Mail Steamship "Japan" arrived from Hongkong, via Yokohama, on the 28th inst., upon scheduled time, bringing Government mail, 4 passengers, 270 Chinese, and for cargo 11,600 pkgs Tea, 258 pkgs Silk, and 4,774 pkgs Chow Chow. The cargo was distributed as follows: To New York, 8,575 pkgs Tea, 226 pkgs Silk, and 71 pkgs merchandise; to Boston, 1,800 pkgs Tea and 3 pkgs merchandise; to Chicago, 517 pkgs Tea; to Canada, 351 pkgs Tea, leaving for San Francisco 2,600 pkgs Tea and 4,140 pkgs unspecified merchandise, besides 72 pkgs Silk and 41 pkgs Sundries for Central and South America. The Central Pacific Railroad gets the lion's share, say, in transit overland, 11,274 pkgs Tea, 226 pkgs Silks, and 71 pkgs unspecified.

Imports for the week include the following cargoes: Ship Humboldt, from Liverpool 139 days, with assorted merchandise; German bark Fred Hartaly, 89 days from Hamburg, with general merchandise; ship J. T. Foster, 137 days from New York, general merchandise; British ship Neptune, 60 days from Newcastle, N. S. W., with 1,535 tons Coal; Mendoza, from same, with 718 tons Screened Coal; bark D. C. Murray, 26 days from Honolulu, with 2,255 kegs Sugar, 175 bales Wool, 280 bbls Molasses, 117 bales Pulu, 400 bags Rice, etc.; bark Rival, from Portland, Oregon, with 4,000 pkgs Salmon; J. L. Stephens, from same, with 1,250 bales Wool, etc.; ship Carrier Dove, from New York, with a full cargo of general merchandise; ship Knight Commander, from Newcastle, N. S. W., with 1,500 tons Coal, etc.

Our Breadstuff Market appears to be sadly demoralized. Wheat receipts light, and exports considerably less than in July of last year. We hope to do better, and recover some of the deficiency in August. Wheat has now risen from $1 65, opening price of the season, to $1 75@$1 80 per cental, with liberal sales—perhaps 100,000 sacks sold at the rise. Flour does not keep up, or rather does not advance in proportion to Wheat. Some 2,000 bbls Oregon Extra, in lots, sold this week at $5, while Golden Age, Golden Gate and Vallejo Star Mills Extra is hard to buy at $5 25, and we suppose that this superior silk dressed flour will soon be advanced to $5 50. The steamship Colorado for Hongkong, carried a light quantity of Flour and but little general cargo. Barley is wanted for Peru at $1 10@$1 15, Brewing, $1 25; a few thousand bags superior Chevalier Barley, taken for New Zealand, at $1 55 per cental.

Coal Imports for the week include three or four cargoes Australian, these with free stocks of English steam and liberal coast supplies from Coos Bay, Mt. Diablo, etc., are playing the very mischief with the general market. We cannot now quote Sydney better than $10 50 to $11, and it may go lower ere long as English and Scotch steam have already been sold here as low as $9 to $10.

Coffee is the turn dearer, out of sympathy for the rise in New York and elsewhere upon the Atlantic. The best samples of Central American green are now held at 19 to 20c. Our stock here is by no means excessive, and is in the hands of a few leading houses.

Sugar, both raws and refined, are being concentrated rapidly in the clutches of the California Refinery. Spreckels and his associates now virtually control this market. There is only one small cargo of Central American to arrive outside of this ring. The Hawaiian is too costly to refine, and the little here of this description with the few thousand bags of Hongkong refined now here in warehouse, are no obstacles to the successful control of the market. For the present prices of refined remain unchanged.

Spices continue scarce in market. The price of Cloves advanced to 45c. Cassia now commands 25c.; Pepper, 25c.; Allspice, 15c. Nutmegs $1 12½ per pound.

Rice remains stagnant. Prices hard to move. This branch of trade is largely controlled by the Chinese, both as importers, jobbers, and consumers. They have fairly monopolized the business on this coast. Price 5 a 7c.

Hawaiian Molasses has been sold this week to the extent of several hundred bbls at 30 a 32½c., the latter for a choice article. A prime article of New Orleans Molasses would command double this price, and yet California Golden Syrup is only 30c in bbl. The reason is this: New Orleans Molasses is largely used by bakers for cooking purposes, and for the little they use they are willing to pay a high price.

From Panama.—The Pacific Mail Steamship Alaska arrived in due course on the 31st ult., bringing passengers and a very large cargo. The Purser would do well to call at the Merchants' Exchange and get a few lessons of instruction as to the proper mode of making out the ship's manifest of cargo. He certainly would not have felt complimented at the comments made upon his last labored effort. Try again.

The Bark Florence, 52 days from Punta Arenas, arrived on the 31st ult., with a full cargo of Central American Coffee, 3,500 bags, to Galindo & Co. The rise in Brazil was unexpected at New York, and prices East have recently advanced not a little.

Grain Sacks seem to have got a "black eye" quite unexpectedly. The price of Dundee goods has declined. Burlap Bags, 22x36, have fallen to 14c for standard quality. The last Panama steamer did not bring up supplies as expected. This was fortunate, yet there are some 250,000 bags yet to arrive via Isthmus. From present indications, we are likely to carry over a heavy stock, while all those sold the present season have paid a loss to the importer.

For Honolulu.—The bark D. C. Murray, in J. C. Merrill & Co.'s packet line, sails this morning for the Islands. She continues to be quite a favorite with the traveling public, although it is well for the Islanders that they do not use their power and throw the bulk of their patronage into the steamship Costa Rica. Self interest requires them to patronize the steamer.

Hides, Leather and Tallow.—There is an active demand for Dry Hides at 17@17½c.; Wet salted 8½@9c for usual selections. Tallow is in request at 6½@6¾c. Leather is in good supply, but prices are not at all satisfactory to the tanners.

Hops.—None of this year's crop has yet been marketed. It will be an average crop, and command probably 35@40c.

The market for Oregon Wool, long staple, is quite active, with sales of a few hundred bales, good to choice, Fleece at 25@27c. California Wools are less called for, being mostly of short staple and not desirable, a large proportion of our present stock being more or less defective. Burry, earthy, etc. We quote Fleece 25@26c for choice, 17@22c for medium and non-burry, and for burry and earthy 13@16c, according to condition. Stock estimated at 1,500,000 lbs. The Fall Clip has already begun to be marketed. Early.

A BARGAIN.

For sale, or exchange for Real Estate in San Francisco or Oakland. THE LINCOLN HOTEL, of Pescadero, will be sold or exchanged as above with or without the furniture, etc., on low terms. Inquire at 506 Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. August 2.

MILLS SEMINARY.

The next term of this well-known Institution will commence WEDNESDAY, July 30th. For further particulars inquire of

June 14. REV. C. T. MILLS, Principal, Brooklyn, Alameda County.

CURLE & CO.

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room No. 19 Stevenson's Building, No. 21 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

L. B. NEWTON.] NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., [MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries, Nos. 113 to 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE. [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, No. 415 Bush street. Factory, 45 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

BUSINESS NOTABILIA.

Oh who has not read the sweet verses The lovely Park Villa with its lunches
of Schiller? and wines,
And who has not driven out to the Park There the Mangenbergs give hearty wel-
Villa? come to all.
Through the Golden Gate Park like an Next time you drive out boys just give
oasis shines them a call

Instead of calling the wonderful hair restorer X Twiaba, it should be called X traordinary, for its effects are really so. A friend of ours had a Japanese hairless dog, and for sport rubbed a little on its back. What was her surprise the next morning to find a ridge of silky hair growing along its back. She has since rubbed it all over, and took first prize at the late dog show with it as a Scotch terrier. She bought her s at Heathfield & Hogan s, the agents, 506 and 208 Battery, but by asking for X Twiaba X, the Nevada hair restorative, you can get it at any drug store.

How to make friends with your wife when you have had a little domestic squabble—say to her, "My dear, I never saw you look so well as you do this morning; no, not even on the day when, a blushing bride, I led you to the altar and made you my own pet wife. It is a pity that posterity cannot see you as you are to-day. But they shall. Come with me to Bradley & Rulofson's photographic gallery, on Montgomery, and get photographed." She will soon be all smiles, will kiss you, call you a duck of a husband, and all will be well.

When Pharaoh gave chase to the fleeing Jews
He ran his old head right into a noose,
The Red Sea came down, and he went down too,
But that story's old, I'll give you one new

Our Jane went out driving the other day,
And no team on the road was half as gay,
Her beau, a gallant young student of law,
Her harness from Main & Winchester's store.

A well-known angler was fishing in a trout stream, when he was accosted by the minister, who asked him what sport he'd had. The angler, after replying, said to the minister, "Dinna ye try the rod yoursel'?" "O, no," replied the minister, with pious awe and upturned eyes, "I am a fisher of men." "O, indeed," replied Sandy, "but I dinna ye are no great hand o't, for I look t into your creel yesterday, and it was unco empty." Not so with Plum & Bell s carpet store: we looked in there and found the finest lot of carpets, etc., we ever saw.

The Shah of Persia is most scrupulously particular about the fit and fashion of his shirts, neckties, etc., and has been known to chop off his haberdasher's head for even the slightest mistake. A button in the wrong place, or a wrong shade on a necktie, and good bye Mr Haberdasher. The only people we know of here that would be likely to keep their heads on in such a position are Anderson & Irving of Montgomery street. We fancy that if they did not suit him no one ever would.

"Murder will Out," is an old but nevertheless true saying. Though the bones be marrowless and blanched, though the murderer be wealthy and to all appearances contented, the day will come when those fleshless hands shall point him out, and the stern law mete out his punishment. It is also true that "merit will out," and nowhere is it sooner recognized than here. Mr Houseworth the photographer, 12 Montgomery street, possesses true artistic talent, and that is the secret of his success.

I've bought a little cottage,
And christened it the Grange,
I've fitted up the kitchen with
A De La Montanya Range.

One of those he calls the Union,
It's the best I ever saw,
My wife and I both like it,
Every day more and more.

We have just inspected a very simple and effective little arrangement for coupling hose, wherein the use of wire is entirely done away with. The couplings virtually screw into and around the hose, the latter being held tightly between the thread on either side. The device owes its origin to the inventive genius of Mr P L Weaver, of the firm of Weaver & Taylor, and will, we think, entirely supersede the older style of couplings.

Who does not like a good supper, and who will go to bed without one if they can afford it? Heavy things should be avoided late at night, as they are apt to cause indigestion. The doctors all say that the best thing to eat at night is a nice plate of oysters, either raw or cooked. To get a really nice dish, well served, and in a comfortable room, you must go to Emerson Corville's place, the Saddle Rock, on Pine street, between Montgomery and Kearny

"What's the matter with you, Johnny?
You are looking very queer,
Have you dabbled in the Comstock,
Or have you had too much beer?"

"No, I never gamble any,
Never drink till tight or frisky,
But Hotaling is a day late
Sending me my Cutter whisky."

Russell and nearly all murderers have attributed their crimes to drink. This is a very easy way of shifting the odium of crime from their own shoulders to that of King Alcohol, but we don't exactly see it in that light, and think that a man's innate wickedness is often more likely to be the cause of his crimes. To keep on the right side, however, drink nothing but Eberhart & Lachman's native wines. They will never hurt you

"One of the proudest moments of my life," writes an old Californian, from the Vienna Exposition, "was when, in wandering through this vast shop of the world, I saw in the American department a large crowd gathered round the buffet at which the celebrated Gerke wine was sold. They were all good judges of wine, and one and all declared it to be the best wine they had ever tasted."

Go search the city far and wide,
Up every street and down each side,
Go search right through the Golden State,

Beginning at the Golden Gate,
You cannot find between the poles
Such furniture as N P Cole s

Elixir Damiana.—This wonderful restorer of vital energies, prepared from the private formula of Doctor Jose Zuniga, is producing grand results in imparting fresh and youthful vigor to all who use it, proving, indeed, a fountain of youth. A supply has just arrived per Mexican steamer, and may be found at the drug stores. Charles Langley & Co., agents

It is important to all who propose to make our glorious city their home to know that John T Little contracts to erect houses on the credit principle at from $2,000 to $10,000 each. Plans of houses and homestead lots can be seen at his office, 330 Montgomery street.

Smith and Brown went up to town, Smith bought stools and desks and rules,
They called on Gilbert and Moore, Whilst Brown danced "the Perfect Cure."

For throat diseases and affections of the chest, "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are of value. For coughs, irritation of the throat caused by cold or unusual exertion of the vocal organs, in speaking in public, or singing, they produce beneficial results

Never pass the Six-Mile House without stopping to have a chat and a drink with the cheery host, Henry Barken, whose jolly face would make a pallbearer smile.

Who shall say, once having tried Muller's pebble glasses, that the days of miracles are past? The blind see and the short sighted are delighted

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE

Carlisle—In this city, July 28th, to the wife of T. B. Carlisle, a daughter.
Courtier—In this city, July 29th, to the wife of R. J. Courtier, a daughter.
Cunningham—In this city, July 27th, to the wife of J. Cunningham, a daughter.
Bibbins—In this city, July 29th, to the wife of T. L. Bibbins, a son.
Baricheevich—In this city, July 31st, to the wife of John Baricheevich, a daughter.
Heyman—In this city, July 27th, to the wife of Isaac Heyman, a son.
Johnson—In this city, July 28th, to the wife of R. J. Johnson, a son.
Kennedy—In this city, July 31st, to the wife of Robert Kennedy, a daughter.
Munn—In this city, July 30th, to Mrs. Kate A. Munn, a daughter.
Nicholls—In this city, July 31st, to the wife of Philip Nicholls, a son.
Speckman—In this city, July 25th, to the wife of F. F. Speckman, a son.

ALTAR

Bonnet-Chatard—In this city, July 20th, Paul Bonnet to Leontine Chatard.
De Wolf-Schachtel—In this city, July 19th, Charles De Wolf to C. Schachtel.
Geis-Lohrens—In this city, July 28th, Frank Geis to Amelia Lohrens.
Greenfield-Banks—In this city, July 27th, S. Greenfield to Maggie Banks.
Hibberd-Stickney—In this city, July 24th, Phineas Hibberd to Harriet Stickney.
Lewis-Townsend—In this city, July 27th, Lewis Lewis to Carrie Townsend.
Loewenthal-Philips—In this city, July 30th, Paul Loewenthal to Emma Phillips.
Lemmermann-Harms—In this city, July 31st, J. Lemmermann to Frieda Harms.
Robinson-Morrow—In this city, July 19th, A. Robinson to Elizabeth Morrow.
Rasmussen-Jensen—In this city, July 27th, John Rasmussen to Metta Jensen.
Thode-Rohder—In this city, July 26th, Nicholas Thode to Elsabe Rohder.

TOMB.

Armer—In this city, July 26th, Robert Armer aged 52 years.
Hildeman—In this city, July 31st, Henry J. Hildeman, aged 44 years.
Barton—In this city, July 30th, Lucy E. Barton, aged 48 years.
Baker—In this city, July 30th, John S. Baker, aged 46 years.
Chandler—In this city, July 27th, Albert Chandler, aged 50 years.
Ditz—In Stockton, July 28th, Andrew Ditz, aged 31 years.
Jordan—In this city, July 28th, Thos. L. Jordan, aged 25 years.
Kramer—In this city, July 27th, Mary E. Kramer, aged 40 years.
Odell—In this city, July 29th, Jacob Odell, aged 71 years.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending August 1, 1873

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS.	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	-	—	—
Alpha	20	19	18
Alps	1¼	1½	—
Amador Tunnel	—	2	—
American Flag	3½	3	—
Arizona & Utah	2	1¾	1¾
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—
American Flat	—	5	6
Bacon	—	—	1½
Baltimore Consolidated	8	7¾	8½
Belcher	71	72	69
Belmont	2¾	2	—
Bullion	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	3	3	—
Buckeye	½	—	—
Caledonia	11½	11¾	11¾
Cederberg	—	—	—
Central	-	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	—	—	—
Chief East Extension	—	½	—
Chollar	37	33½	35
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	6	6	5½
Connected Hill Quartz	—	—	—
Consolidated Virginia	76	79	77
Cook & Dwyer	—	—	—
Crown Point	86	81	82
Central No. 2	4	3	4
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	1¾	1¾	1¾
Eclipse	4¾	5¼	5
El Dorado	6½	—	—
Empire Mill	3¾	3¾	3½
Empire Idaho	½	½	—
Eureka Consolidated	10½	10½	—
Eureka, G. V.	—	—	—
Exchequer	7	7½	7
Globe	—	—	10
Golden Chariot	—	20	—
Gould & Curry	8½	8½	8¼
Gila	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	21	20	22¾
Hermes	—	—	—
Holes & Hunt	1¾	1½	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	—	3¾	—
Imperial	4½	4	4¼
Independent	—	1½	—
Incomar	¾	¾	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—
Jackson	—	15	—
Julia	1½	1¾	1½

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS.	FRI'Y
Justice	5¼	5½	5½
Kentuck	7	7	6½
Kentucky	—	8½	—
Knickerbocker	2¾	4	2¾
Kossuth	—	—	—
Louise	—	—	—
Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Mahogany	—	—	—
Mammoth	—	—	—
Meadow Valley	19	19	—
Minnesota	15	11½	—
Newark	5	6½	—
New York Consolidated	—	½	½
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	2¾	—
Ophir	17	17	16¾
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	3¼	—
Overman	25	22	20
Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Page & Panaca	1	1	—
Pea Vine	—	¼	—
Phoenix	—	—	—
Potosi	30	40	—
Pioche	6¾	10¾	—
Pioche West	—	—	—
P Phoenix	3½	2¾	—
Raymond & Ely	67	68	—
Rescue Consolidated	—	—	—
Rye Patch	—	5	—
Red Jacket	3¾	3½	—
Savage	40½	30	24
Seg. Belcher	26	21	24
Sierra Nevada	8½	8½	8
Silver Peak	1½	1¾	—
Silver Hill	15	15	15
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Sunset	—	1	—
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	—	—
South Overman	29	—	20
St. Patrick	—	—	—
South Comstock	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Tyler	—	—	—
Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Utah	—	—	—
Washington & Creole	1¾	2	—
Wash	—	—	—
Woodville	1¾	¾	¾
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	15	41½	40
Yule Gravel	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus * † Buyer 30.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Hawkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Ware and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 400 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been refitted and will be opened May 8th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS and GLAZIERS, No. 417 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan 25.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, In Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within). Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court. Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union B'k of Australia No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st., Donsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers, Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers, The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China. Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside Merchants Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 267 Fulham road, Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change Alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C. The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill. Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard. Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C. London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S., Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N., Thos Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno Marriott, 11 Gloster st., E. C.; Commies on Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, Treasurer
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Budd, W. C. 410 California st.
Burling & Bro., 323 California st.
Fitch, J. R.. 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L ...413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. 434 Cal'a, upstairs.
Keene, J. R.... 135 California st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with J. Glazier & Co. . 426 Mont'y st.
Noble, H. H. .435 California st.
Peckham, E. P. . 413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H....401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W. 414 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

THE BUNKER HILL GOLD MINE.

The supplement to the Mining Journal, of London, for June 28th, contains a communication from "Anglo-American," in which the above mine is described, from which we make a few extracts: "The mine is located upon the 'Mother Lode' in Amador County, within six hours of San Francisco and ten miles of Latrobe. Its extent is 1,147 feet in length by 600 feet in width; water power for six months in the year. The ore mined and worked by water at cost of $1 a ton, by steam, $3 a ton. The mine is in near proximity to the Keystone, Hayward, and other celebrated properties. No mine on the 'Mother Lode,' which has been worked to a depth of 400 feet, has failed to be remunerative. Nowhere is that lode richer or more productive than in the locality of the Bunker Hill Mine. The Keystone has returned an average of £140,000 per annum for several years, two-thirds that amount being net profit. *Within thirteen hundred feet of this mine is the Bunker Hill Mine.*" The Registrar General and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office have pronounced this portion of the "Mother Lode" (which includes the Bunker Hill mine) to be "perhaps the richest half section," (being one mile by one-half a mile in extent) "of mineral land yet discovered," and in the same document estimates the improvements on the Bunker Hill mine at $30,000. Professor Carr personally examined the mine and reports as follows: "The Bunker Hill surface explorations demonstrate that the claim includes at least two pay chimneys, the aggregate length of which is *nearly equal* to the Hayward Amador, and larger than any other in the country! During the past year the mine has been extensively developed, many thousand tons of very valuable ore exposed, and the mill recently started with this extraordinary result: that the ore is yielding from 10 to 33 per cent more than the ore from the famous Sierra Buttes, owned in England. Then follows estimates of cost and profits; estimated yield of quartz per ton, £7; cost to work, £1; estimated profits per ton, £6; net yield per day, 20 stamps, £210; equal to £75,000 per annum, being more than 24 per cent per annum on the proposed capital of £250,000. Should the Bunker Hill mine prove as extensive and rich as described by "Anglo-American," then will it deserve and receive as much attention from tourists as the Geysers and Yosemite, for it is the biggest of all the big things of California.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—After Mr Sothern's brilliant success, a lull in the theatrical world was naturally expected. Few imagined that Mr Mayo's engagement would be a successful one. We have, however, been most agreeably surprised, and come boldly forward to pay a tribute to *Davy Crockett*. The play, unlike most backwoods dramas, does not introduce any Indians. It is simple in plot and depends more upon the appeals made to the feelings of the audience by its rough pathos than anything else. Mr Mayo does not seem to understand how to make the best use of his voice, as his dreary monotone and slow labored speech in the first act make it seem long and wearisome. We might also suggest that if "Davy Crockett" kept a little less whisky in his hunting shanty perhaps Miss Graham would not be roused about so roughly or tumbled down like she was Tuesday night. In some parts of the play Mayo shows some really first class acting. In others he is weak and tiresome. Mrs. Judah as "Dame Crockett," is (as she always is in, no matter what character) excellent. Miss Graham, too, as "Eleanor," played well and feelingly, and took her rough usage "like a lamb." Leman, as "Squire Royston," is not up to the mark. The three hunters are a burlesque of the worst kind, and the villain "Oscar Crampton" (John Wilson) might be mistaken for Damyan or Noah, or any one else. Taken as a whole, the piece is well worth seeing, and will no doubt prove a decided success.

A number of the friends of Miss Minnie Walton have determined to offer her a complimentary benefit previous to her departure for New York, where she goes shortly to commence a three years' engagement at Daly's Fifth Avenue Theatre. This young lady has been before the San Francisco public for nearly five years, and during that time has only taken *one* benefit. She has made so many warm friends and admirers both on and off the stage that we predict a brilliant and thorough success at this her farewell appearance in California. We understand that her only chance for an evening performance at the California Theater depends on the courtesy of Mr. Mayo. This being one of Frank's prevailing characteristics, the effort being made by her friends to induce him to give up a night of his engagement, will doubtless not be in vain.

Italian Opera.—The preparations for a first-class Opera season are being pushed forward with great care and rapidity by Signor Mancusi. Platt's Hall will undergo a thorough change. It will have a much larger stage and new proscenium, new seats, etc. The following well-known talent has been engaged: Signora Viecelli, who sang with Tamburlik last season as prima donna. Mlle Marie Franzini, contralto. Miss M. E. Wadsworth, the lady who made such a successful debut in *Crispino* a year ago, Signor Verati, tenor. Both Signora Viecelli and Sig. Verati have a large repertoire, and are engaged by Maretzek for the Winter season in New York. The troupe will leave New York August 25th, and the Opera will open about September 8th. We predict a most brilliant season for the troupe.

Shiels' Opera House.—The *New Magdalen* has been a perfect success, and has convinced the San Francisco public that Miss Bella Pateman is an actress such as they seldom see on this coast. With the exception of Mr Roche, who played very quietly and feelingly, the support was wretched, so that to her acting alone can the success of the *Magdalen* be attributed. Last night the management gave Miss Pateman the benefit she so richly deserved, and a full house paid a tribute to her talent. In *Agathe na, or, the Curse of Leah*, Miss Pateman, as "Leah," astonished and electrified her audience by her magnificent acting. Mr. Roche, as "Adalbert," also came in for a good share of the applause.

Alhambra.—Notwithstanding the numerous counter-attractions, this house still holds its own, and presents the public with an entertainment at once varied and amusing. One of the most comical things we ever saw was the *Morning Glory*, dance and song by Wood and Rice. Billy Sweatnam and Manning make excellent end men, while Russell, Baker, and Vivian sing some good songs. The "Great" Vivian takes his farewell benefit on Tuesday, and will, no doubt, favor the public with that new and original song called "Ten Thousand Miles Away."

City Gardens.—On Thursday next, August 7th, a grand select social concert and ball will be given. In order to keep the concert and ball select, tickets can only be obtained from the following gentlemen on the committee. Arrangements—R. M. Carlson, J. E. Thomas, H. Stell, Capt. D. A. McDonald. Floor—Capt. J. Snyder, Geary H. Lelson, Capt. Jos Schreiber, J. F. Sullivan. Introduction: Robt Tobin, Capt. David Moore, J. W. Golden, Fritz Hagemann, Jr.

Woodward's Gardens.—Never before have these gardens held out so many inducements. Besides the great balloon ascension on Sunday, and other performances in the amphitheatre, there are the aquarium and countless other attractions. A fine African lioness and a laughing hyena have lately been added to the collection of wild animals.

Bob Hart, the talented minstrel and actor, and Master Barney, the champion dancer, will take a benefit at the Alhambra on Friday night. Bob Hart is one of the cleverest negro comedians we have ever had here, and is also a play-writer of no mean talent. All true lovers of burnt cork should put in an appearance, and no doubt will, as Bob is a universal favorite with all classes. A superior bill will be offered.

A Rome correspondent says: "This season, ladies are preparing dresses for the country which cause the Roman *sarte* to scream with astonishment. Coarse sheets are purchased to cut into pa oualess, and mattress-ticking, *traliccio*, is made up into costumes, with innumerable metal buttons. The fair Princess Margherita purchased a piece of blue and white striped ticking for her summer dress, and all the ladies are wildly following her example.

St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post Street, the Rev. Dr. Scott, Pastor, will preach Sunday at the usual hours of service, 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. Sunday School and Bible Classes at 9½ A. M. The public cordially invited to attend.

We have received of Sherman & Hyde the new song, "Learning to Walk," published by M. Gray. Music by Stephen Massett.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—New York, Aug. 1st, 1873. Gold opened at 115⅛, 11 A. M. at 115¼, 3 P. M. at 115⅛. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 117⅛, 1867, 118⅞. Sterling Exchange, 109¾@109⅞. Pacific Mail 37⅞. Quicksilver Mining Company, 38. Wheat, $1 55@$1 65 quiet. Pork, $17¾, dull. Cotton, 21. Hides, dry, 22½@23, green, 11, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 40@$1 42 fair demand. Winter Bleached, $1 63@$1 70; Whale, active, 58@55c quiet. Winter Bleached, 67@72c. Wool: Spring fine, 20@32c, Burry, 16@22c, Pulled, 30@45c. Fall Clips, 15@25c, Burry, 14@17c.
London, Aug. 1st.—Liverpool Wheat Market 11s. 6d.@11s. 9d. Club, 11s. 11d. United States Bonds, 90⅞. Consols, 92⅜@92⅞; ac., 92⅞.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherill, Treasurer.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—The San Francisco Favorites, KELLY & LEON. Great Success of MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. The Great Combination of Talent appear each evening. Monday Evening, Aug. 4—Bob Fraser's Comic Pantomime, entitled THE VILLAGE BLACKSMITH. Tuesday Evening, Aug. 5—Farewell Benefit of CHARLES VIVIAN. N. B.—Performance commences at 8 o'clock. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cts; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. August 2.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, August 2, at 2 o'clock—DAVY CROCKETT Matinee.—Saturday Evening, Murdock's new and beautiful idyl of DAVY CROCKETT, which has met with such great success. MR. FRANK MAYO in his famous character of the backwoodsman. August 2.

BOB HART AND MASTER BARNEY.

ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Friday Evening, August 8th. Farewell Benefit of Bob Hart and MASTER BARNEY. A Splendid Bill will be offered. August 2.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,

Fire, Marine, Life Insurance Agency, No. 314 California street, San Francisco, California. Capital Represented, $1,000,000. Amazon Insurance Company, Cincinnati, $1,111,000. Atlantic and Pacific Insurance Company, Chicago, $300,000. Girard Insurance Company, Philadelphia, $550,000. Kansas Insurance Co., Leavenworth, $250,000. National Life Insurance Company of U. S. A., Washington, $2,200,000. New Orleans Mutual Insurance Association, New Orleans, $1,000,000. North Missouri Insurance Company, St. Louis, $1,200,000. Penn Insurance Company, Philadelphia, $250,000. St. Paul F. & M. Insurance Company, St. Paul, $500,000.
PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.
HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents,
August 2. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

"LEARNING TO WALK."

The press of this city have been enthusiastic in their praises of this little gem ballad. Words, by Geo. Cooper; music, by Stephen Massett. Mme. Anna Bishop has added it to her repertoire, and has sung it with great success at her late concerts. The style of its publication is a credit to the publisher, M. Gray, who has issued it with an elegant chromo title page, which cannot fail to be admired by all lovers of "pattering little feet." Order from Gray's Music Store, San Francisco. Price, 50 cents. August 2.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished, and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built, not like a public hotel, but as it is named, an elegant Villa. "THE VILLA" is located at the last or northwestern gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENBERG & CO.,
August 2. Proprietors.

WHARF TOLLS.

Office of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, 418 Montgomery street.—San Francisco, July 2, 1873.—Tickets for Tolls at the Wharves under the control of the Commissioners can be obtained at this office in quantities to suit. On and after the first day of August none other will be received, and not less than 12½ cents for a single load. By order of the Board.
August 2. J. A. McCLELLAND, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hibernia Savings and Loan Society, held this day, a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum was declared on all deposits for the six months ending with July 31st, 1873, payable immediately, and free from Federal Tax. EDWARD MARTIN, Secretary.
San Francisco, July 25, 1873. August 2.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Jno. L. Stephens, F. Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom st. wharf for the above port on SATURDAY, August 2, at 10 o'clock A. M. [August 2.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

NOTICE.

Mr. Charles Edward Heise is my partner in the Custom House Brokerage Business. CHAS. BAUM, Custom House Broker,
San Francisco, July 23, 1873. [August 2.] 510 Battery street.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs.) San Francisco. August 2.

CITY HALL WARRANTS

Bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. August 2.

BONDS.

City, State and County Bonds, bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. August 2.

A. T. ELLIOTT,

Ship and Grain Broker, 314 California street, San Francisco. August 2.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

For Chief of Police, T. G. Cockrill, 531 Front street. August 2.

THOMAS GOLDEN

For Public Administrator, 917 Market street. August 2.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The new A 1 Ship Undaunted, Dinsmore, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [May 24.] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 330 California street.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at the office.
May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 330 California street.

THE FOUNTAIN OF YOUTH.

The fount the Spaniard sought in vain
Through all the land of flowers
Leaps glittering from the sandy plain
Our classic grove embowers; [smiles,
Here youth, unchanging, blooms and
Here dwells eternal spring.
And warm from Hope's Elysian isles
The winds their perfume bring.

Here every leaf is in the bud,
Each singing throat in tune,
And bright o'er evening's silver flood
Shines the young crescent moon.
What wonder Age forgets his staff
And lays his glasses down,
And gray-haired grandsires look and laugh
As when their locks were brown!

With ears grown dull and eyes grown dim
They greet the joyous day
That calls them to the fountain's brim
To wash their years away.
What change has clothed the ancient sire
In sudden youth? For, lo!
The Judge, the Doctor, and the Squire
Are Jack and Bill and Joe!

And be his titles what they will,
In spite of manhood's claim
The graybeard is a school-boy still
And loves his school-boy name,
It calms the ruler's stormy breast
Whom hurrying care pursues,
And brings a sense of peace and rest,
Like slippers after shoes.

And what are all the prizes won
To youth's enchanted view?
And what is all the man has done
To what the boy may do?
O blessed fount, whose waters flow
Alike for sire and son,
That melts our winter's frost and snow,
And makes all ages one!

I pledge the sparkling fountain's tide,
That flings its golden shower
With age to fill and youth to guide,
Still fresh in morning flower!
Flow on with ever-widening stream,
In ever brightening morn—
Our story's pride, our future's dream,
The hope of times unborn!

—*Oliver Wendell Holmes.*

ZACH MONTGOMERY ON CHURCH AND STATE.

Oakland, California, July 30th, 1878.—EDITOR NEWS LETTER: In your last week's issue, I find what purports to be a synopsis of an address delivered by me before the teachers of the San Francisco Catholic Sunday Schools on the 6th instant. Now the truth is that every sentence contained in said pretended report from beginning to end is utterly false, so far as it purports to convey either the language used or the sentiment expressed. Even the subjects about which I am made to say the most were not so much as alluded to by me on that occasion. For example, I am reported as having, in various parts of that address, urged the duty of *political obedience to the State*; whereas, in truth, *not a word was said, pro or con, on that subject*. Now, that your readers may know what I *would* have said concerning the relations of Church and State, had I deemed it proper to say anything, will you please publish the following extract from a speech which I did make before a large audience at the Academy of Music, in Oakland City, April 23d, 1878, on this very subject of the relations of Church and State, and in reply to the false charge brought against Catholics, of owing an allegiance to their church incompatible with the allegiance due to their Government. The following is extracted from a phonographic report of that speech:

"Now, here is exactly the Catholic position, as I understand it, and I believe I understand it right. We believe, as Blackstone says, that the first great law is the law of God, and that the law of Revelation is a part of this law of God. We believe that this law is binding upon us, and that no human power in the world can repeal it. We believe that all human legislation, as Blackstone says, which runs counter to that law of God, is void; and that all human laws that are valid derive all their force and authority from this great original. So long as the State legislates without interfering with this great first law, we are bound, and the law of God binds us to obey the State. Not only the law of the State, mark you, binds us to obey the State, but the law of God binds us to obey the laws of the State, whenever the State does not undertake to violate the laws of God. [Applause.] But, suppose the State wants us to steal! Suppose some "Credit Mobilier" Congress should pass a law, not only authorizing us, but requiring us to steal, in order to put us on a level with themselves. [Applause.] Suppose they should do that, ought we, then, to steal? Or, suppose you were down in Hayti, where even, as here, the people are Cæsar as Rev. Mr. Hamilton would say; down in Hayti, where they get down on their marrow bones and worship a green snake as a God, and suppose they should pass a law requiring you to do likewise—must you obey such a law? No, sir; we spurn any law of man that undertakes to bid defiance to the great, eternal and unchangeable laws of the Almighty. [Applause.] "Render, therefore, unto Cæsar the things that are Cæsar's, and unto God the things that are God's," and there is no more difficulty about it when the people are Cæsar than when Augustus or Nero was Cæsar; not a particle. But whenever Cæsar wants the things that are God's, then we do not intend to let him have them. [Applause.] We think Cæsar ought to be satisfied with his own. I hope that Rev. Mr. Hamilton will understand us Catholics on that proposition hereafter. * * * * * *

Here is what Washington said, on the subject of religion and the State, in his farewell address—his last advice to the American people: "*Of all the dispositions and habits which lead to political prosperity, religion and morality are indispensable supports.*" Now, if you separate the supports from the edifice supported, will not the edifice itself fall? But let us see what Washington further says about those people who take an opposite view of this question: "In vain would that man claim the tribute of patriotism who should labor to subvert these great pillars of human happiness, these firmest props of the duties of men and citizens. The mere politician, equally with the pious man, ought to respect and cherish them. A volume could not trace all their connections with private and public felicity."

This is what the Catholic claims, and *all* that he claims: that religion must support the city in everything that he does. If the Catholic goes up on the bench and takes a solemn oath to support the Constitution of his country, he holds that religion must stand by him, and direct his conscience. It must serve as a check when he is tempted to take a bribe or otherwise go astray from the path of duty. Religion must be his support and his guide. If he is a Congressman, making laws for this great country of ours, he must not sell his vote for railroad stock. [Applause.] Religion must stand by him and point him to an eternity of damnation as the result of his crimes, and an eternity of Heaven as the fruit of his virtues. [Applause.]

Does the country call for soldiers in the field for the defense of her laws, the Church says to her children: "Go, in obedience to the laws of your country, Irishmen who have taken the oath of allegiance, and Germans, and Frenchmen and Italians and you who were born upon the soil, and by birth owe civil allegiance to your country, go shoulder your musket, tear yourselves away from your wives and little children, go and do battle for your country and your country's laws, and, if necessary, offer up your lives in their defense." At the same time she says, "I will go with you." She says to the State, "I send my children to fight your battles; I command them in the name of religion, in the name of God, in the name of eternity, and in the name of that Heaven to which they aspire; I command them to go and sacrifice their all for their country; but I claim this privilege: I will send with them my ministers, and when the soldier shall fall in battle, when he lies weltering in his blood, and when the cold dew of death shall gather upon his brow, I claim the right to minister to him the last sacraments of religion, of holding up before his dying eyes the emblem of man's salvation, and pointing him to that brighter land that lies beyond the dark valley of the shadow of death." [Applause.] This is what the Church claims. Is it too much for her and her children to claim, in return for the surrender of property, ease, comfort, happiness, and life itself? Is it too much that she should demand the privilege of protecting the soul, and preparing it for eternity? This is the one thing she asks, and all that she asks.

My countrymen, I am sometimes astonished that it becomes necessary to answer these calumnies that have been refuted over and over again, both in Europe and America. Seventy years ago, when these same charges were being urged against the Catholics in Ireland, Mr. Pitt—who was not a Catholic—after the most careful inquiry on the subject, at the Catholic Universities of the Sorbonne, Louvain, Douay, Alcala, and Salamanca, reported that their answers were all distinct and unanimous, as follows:

"1. That the Pope, or Cardinals, or any body of men, or any individual of the Church of Rome, has not, nor have any civil authority power, jurisdiction or pre-eminence whatsoever within the realm of England.

"2. That the Pope, or Cardinals, or any individuals of the Church of Rome, can not absolve or dispense his Majesty's subjects from their oath of allegiance, upon any pretext whatsoever.

"3. That there is no principle in the tenets of the Catholic faith by which Catholics are justified in not keeping faith with heretics, or other persons differing from them in religious opinions, in any transactions, either of a public or a private nature." (This document can be found in *Butler's Book of the Church*, Appendix 1, pp. 2?7—?.)

On the faith of Mr. Pitt's report, made to the British Parliament, many of the most obnoxious laws of England against Roman Catholics were repealed, now over seventy years ago.

Now, let us see what have been the teachings of our American clergy on this subject. The first Catholic Bishop of this country was Bishop Carroll, of Baltimore. In a pastoral letter, issued February 22, 1797, he said: "There would, indeed, be foundation for the reproach intended by the words *foreign jurisdiction*, if we acknowledge, in the successor of St. Peter, any power or prerogative which clashed in the least degree with the duties we owe to our own country or its laws. To our own country we owe allegiance, and the tender of our best services and property, when they are necessary for its defense; to the Vicar of Christ we owe obedience in things *purely spiritual*. Happily, there is no competition in their respective claims on us, nor any difficulty in rendering to both the submission which they have a right to claim."

Why, my countrymen, do you know what an oath every foreign-born Catholic takes before he becomes a naturalized citizen of this country? When he takes his first step to become a citizen of the United States, every Catholic, without exception, whether priest, bishop, or layman, has to swear, "To renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince, potentate, State, or sovereignty whatsoever, and particularly by name the prince, potentate, State, or sovereignty whereof such alien may at the time be a citizen or subject."

Now, did you ever hear of a Catholic layman, priest, or bishop objecting to take that oath? Why, sirs, I might summon here to-night every living Roman Catholic layman, priest, and bishop that has ever become a naturalized citizen of the United States, as evidence to refute the charges of Tripp and Hamilton. * * *

Were further evidence necessary, I might call up, as witnesses, from more than a hundred American battle-fields, the ghastly skeletons of tens of thousand of Roman Catholic soldiers, who have, with the last drop of their blood, attested the falsehood of these slanderous charges. [Applause.]"

By publishing the above you will partially, at least, remedy the injustice—whether intentional or not—you have inflicted on

Your humble servant, ZACH MONTGOMERY.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 5th, 1878, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 187?, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a sinking fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,2[illegible], as ascertained and settled by decree dated the 4th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of bonds the sum of $30,000. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made, the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and endorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 27th, 1878.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 2?] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, in the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor.
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions.
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH,	J. T. GLOVER,
C. T. WHEELER,	W. W. DODGE,
Sacramento	San Francisco

Dec 9]

NOTICE.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD LANDS.

To all whom it may Concern:—Whereas, under instructions from the Commissioner of the General Land Office dated June 1?th, 1878, the Register and Receiver of the U. S. Land Office at San Francisco, California, have given official notice, by publication, that All the odd-numbered sections now reserved for the Southern Pacific Railroad [illegible] 187?, and which were at the date of such reservation [illegible] for the Western Pacific Railroad [illegible] will be restored on THURSDAY, the 20th day of July, A. D. 1878, and will, on said day, be [illegible] entry [illegible] by giving notice that said [illegible] under the grant to the said [illegible] July [illegible] 1866, and the Acts amendatory [illegible] will take all necessary legal steps to assert its claim to said lands [illegible].

H. B. REDDING,
July 5 Land Agent Southern Pacific Railroad Company.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. [May 21

HARNESS AND SADDLERY

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the largest stock of Carriage, Buggy and Team Harness, Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in this State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Polizoi.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel. William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Monton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

[illegible]
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Sisney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel, Lime street. Frank Creswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.

St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovesi & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Mach & Mayer, Proprietors.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

Scotland-yard has just now a neat little case on hand in which it wants more assistance. Of course it is a murder case, and there is a mystery about it. On the 13th of June a woman, appearing to be about thirty years of age, and who was tall and thin, with a countenance which seemed more masculine than feminine, crossed from Newhaven to Dieppe, and went on to Rouen, where she took a room at the Hotel Victoria. The woman called herself Marie Rhoda Anderson, and spoke French with a slight accent. Her dress and everything about her seemed to show that she was an Englishwoman, and it is surmised that she was a lady's-maid. She left the hotel the next evening, and scarcely a thought was given to her again until, on the 8th of last month—twenty-five days after she had gone—a discovery was made at the hotel. In a cupboard in one of the rooms there was found the body of a child, a boy about four years of age, and Marie Rhoda Anderson is wanted to answer the charge of murdering it. The child had fair hair, wore English clothes of a somewhat coarse kind, and there are circumstances about the case which provoke curiosity. Whether this curiosity will ever be satisfied is quite another matter. The old belief that "murder will out" receives quite as many ugly denials in act, as it receives confirmation in the detection of criminals about whose horrid work any mystery hangs. The little murder at Rouen, carefully planned and so cleverly executed that the body lies undiscovered in a cupboard in a well-frequented hotel for twenty-five days, is worthy of some attention from those who, like De Quincy, look upon murder as one of the Fine Arts. Scotland-yard asks for information about the woman who called herself Marie Rhoda Anderson, and who, crossing from Newhaven to Dieppe, spent just one night on the continent, and then, as is supposed, left it again. (The murderess has since been caught in Sheffield, England).

An Unsinkable Boat.—Place, says *Iron*, a handful of shot into a Florence flask closed with a perforated cork, and set the vessel floating upon water, and some idea may be gained of the appearance and principle of Tolson's Unsinkable Boat, which has within the last few days been tried in the Rotten Park Reservoir, Birmingham. As might be expected, the machine is said to be startlingly ugly. It is made of strong iron boiler plates bolted together, fitted interiorly with lockers, seats, and a table, and capable of holding sixteen persons. A kind of window at the side affords the means of ingress and egress, and can be closed securely by an iron slide. Pipes from above supply air and exclude water, while if by accident any water should enter, a double-action pump gets rid of it. The space between the level flooring and the bottom is heavily loaded, and it is claimed that the "boat" will preserve its equilibrium in any sea. Owing to a want of ballast on the first trial, the crew received frequent duckings, but this omission was subsequently rectified, though the vessel was not fitted with the steering apparatus, sails, and cutwater, which form part of the design. It is to be hoped that a future trial may be made on the open sea, and the good points of the invention thus be brought out far more forcibly than they can be by experiments on the smooth surface of an artificial reservoir.

A Human Cormorant.—The coroner has held an inquest at the General Hospital respecting the death of a native man named Mooneesawmy, who was reported to have died from suffocation by a fish accidentally jumping into his throat. It appeared that the deceased was catching fish in a shallow tank with his hands, and having caught one about six inches long and one and a half inches thick, he placed the head of it in his mouth and bit it, as the fish was troublesome and wriggled about. While thus employed one of the sharp points in the back fin stuck in his hand, and on his opening his mouth and crying out for help, the fish jumped into his throat and stuck there. The deceased tried to remove the fish but was unable to do so. He was taken to the General Hospital, and the fish was removed by small pieces. Dr. Paul stated that he tried to remove the fish, but was unable to do so, and found that the only means of removing the fish from the man's throat was by making an opening in the neck. The deceased was much exhausted, and died as soon as the fish was removed the following day at 10 A.M. The jury in their verdict found that deceased died from suffocation by a fish accidentally sticking in his throat. A very clever idea on their part.

A Wonderful Mystery.—"We have spoken, in a preceding number," says the *Journal du Havre*, "of an extraordinary discovery announced by *Galignani's Messenger* of Paris, it being nothing less than an agent destined to entirely replace steam. The importance of such an invention, which we need not dwell upon, made us feel bound in the interests of everything relating to manufactures or the navy to seek for more ample information. The inventors of this process are MM. Brachigny and J. Deschamps, domiciled at Rouen, 9, Rue de Sotteville. They pretend, by the aid of their apparatus, which works without coal or any other combustible, to replace the present machines, whatever be their power. Their invention, they say, is equally applicable to land industry and to navigation."

The directors of the Jardin d'Acclimatation in the Bois de Boulogne had been for some time past endeavoring to discover the author of certain robberies of mandarin ducks, etc., but without success. Recently, however, the night guard, who had been for several hours on the watch on the border of the lake, saw two white figures lean over the water, seize on the birds, and carry them off with marvelous dexterity. The keeper shouldered his piece, charged with small shot, and discharged it at the supposed thieves, one of whom remained on the ground. The guard approached, and to his great astonishment recognized one of the two large white pelicans of the Egyptian lakes, recently sent to the Garden by the Viceroy. This singular bird was carrying off two ducks in the deep pouch which it possesses under its beak.

The Court Journal says: "There is a movement on foot in Paris to do away with the wearing of gloves. It is argued that as a small hand, like a small foot, is generally the sign of aristocratic descent, there is no reason why it be concealed within a vulgar integument, where the fingers of the Faubourg are on equal terms with the horny ones of Belleville and Montmartre."

Daniel Webster is not the only bright boy born in New Hampshire. The Boston *Globe* has heard of another—a youth residing in Dover, who refused to take a pill. His crafty mother thereupon secretly placed the pill in a preserved pear, and gave it to him. Presently she asked, "Tom, have you eaten the pear?" He said, "Yes, mother, all but the seed."

It is stated, says the *Daily News*, that the experiment of light cables to the United States will shortly be practically tested, arrangements to enable Mr. H. Highton to lay a cable across the Atlantic being in active progress. Mr Highton's new cable is not to cost above £100,000, and if it be successfully laid telegrams between Europe and America may in future cost less in pence than they do now in shillings.

We have not tried it ourselves, but are very willing our readers should do so—this "recipe for drowsiness." Take a common onion, cut through the middle, and place it in close contact with the eyes. Some involuntary tears are, of course, produced by this process, but it leaves the eyeballs refreshed, and dispels the soporific heaviness.

Rendering Fowls Tender.—It is stated, on authority of a German cook, that turkeys and other fowls can be rendered unusually tender, if a glass of rum be poured into them an hour before killing, even if they are roasted immediately after being killed.

"American" Swarming.—With the bees at this time of the year swarm the Americans in Scotland. About 100 Americans, who are at present making a tour through this country, visited Abbotsford, Melrose Abbey, and Dryburgh Abbey.

The poet laureate of Bengal, Raja Kalikrishna Deva, Bahadur, has lately written some congratulatory Sanscrit verses on the happy occasion of the birthday of the Queen and the Empress of Hindostan.

The St. Louis Democrat says it is a notable fact that the first victim of cholera in Indianapolis was a bar tender, who wore a diamond pin, and had taken other precautions against the plague.

During the nineteen years since the opening on June 10th, 1854, the Crystal Palace had been visited by more than 32,000,000 persons.

AT GREAT REDUCTION, BY ALL STEAMERS
ROUND THE WORLD.

One Hundred and Five Routes to VIENNA; Seventy-two Routes to Italy; Thirty Routes to Holland, Belgium and the Rhine; Thirty Routes to Ireland, Scotland, and England. Full particulars in COOK'S EXCURSIONIST, American House.

COOK, SON & JENKINS,
May 31] 262 Broadway, New York

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes, fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 604 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 21.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc. Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts. Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc., Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds. Lace Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of kid gloves.
March 30 MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

NOTICE

Mr. William Matrick (or Maycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or at Hanley, Staffordshire, England. You are hereby informed that your daughter MRS. ELIZA DUNN, is now in San Francisco, California. Any communication addressed to her will be gladly received for Mrs. E. Dunn at the "California Board Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast," Merchant street, San Francisco. June 21

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 A.M. and 4 P.M. Having completed my arrangements for making country collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to city collections, and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 14

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.
[March 25]

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 2?] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

STORE AND DWELLING TO RENT,

In a thriving country town, where a good business can be done. Inquire at 4?? Front street, or address Lincoln Hotel, Pescadero. Aug. 17

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO
March 9 412 Front street, S. F.

S. P. CHRISTY. JOHN H. WISE. THOS. DENIGAN.

CHRISTY & WISE,

Agents for Wool Growers, and Commission Merchants for the sale of HIDES, TALLOW, ETC., 607 FRONT STREET, between Jackson and Pacific, San Francisco. May 1?

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 430 Montgomery street

C. L. CRACKBON.] **O. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK

Job Printers, Successors to H. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 2.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 1

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 31] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 2?

MY BIRD.

Long ago I loved a lass,
Loved a lass, and very truly;
On a day it came to pass
That I made an offer duly.
Sinking on my knees, I dried
Sighs and simpers in a volley—
Fondly, fondly I aspired
To the hand of pretty Polly.

Rapture, ecstacy, delight!
"Yes"—was all my Mary uttered;
But a mist was o'er my sight,
And my heart with fervor fluttered.
Yet within a little week,
Urged by frenzy or by folly,
I was flirting with a "cheek"
That amazed my pretty Polly.

She returned the little things
Sent as proofs of my affection—
Chains and photographs and rings—
Rather a unique selection.
Then my heart grew sick and sad,
Flirting may be very jolly,
Still my goings on were bad
In the case of pretty Polly.

Conscience, that ill-omened bird,
Morning, noon, and even haunts me,
Day and night its cry is heard,
And the ghostly echo taunts me.
When I'm brooding all alone,
Sulky, sad, and melancholy,
Still I hear the parrot tone
Ever crowing, "Pretty Polly." —*Fun.*

SUNBEAMS.

— One Sunday lately a special collection was made in a Free Church in the district, to which a member contributed the handsome sum of *one halfpenny*. The worthy deacon at the plate, dissatisfied with the amount, deliberately took up the bawbee, and following the farmer to his seat, placed it before him with the intimation, audibly expressed, that if that was the amount of his contribution he might "pouch" it. The man coolly pocketed the coin, and, not to be outdone, requested the deacon to send back his wife's contribution also! The deacon did not respond.

— "I wud not dy in Ortum,
With peaches fit for eatin',
When the wavy korn is gettin' wripe,
And the candidates are treatin';
When sassage meat is fryin
& hickory nuts is thick,
Ow! who wud think of dyin',
Or even gettin' sick!"

— A Titusville man, being jealous, asked his wife to get him some poison. She obeyed, eft him to take it, looked through the keyhole, and saw him pour it out of the window. Then she came back and began to die for her benefit, kicking about and making a great disturbance. The noble said she would die too, snatched up and drank off the rest of the poison, and after he had called in all the neighbors and four physicians, she told him that the poison was liquorice water.

— This is the way in which a reporter can write up a city sunset when he gives his mind to it: "As the lengthening shadows merge one into another, betokening the end of day, the ridges and spires of the city seem girt with molten gold, while the mellowed light of the declining sun falls upon them, and soon upon all a ruby tinge o'erflows."

— The lightning-express train between New York and Boston, which has been promised so long, made its first trip lately. The distance between the two cities is 234 miles, and the distance was done in seven and a half hours. Therefore, a little over the rate of thirty-one miles an hour is the speed of lightning in that supposed rapid part of the world.

— Lord Houghton adds the following to the long list of Sydney Smith's jokes:—Of Lord Macaulay he said, that Macaulay "not only overflowed with learning, but stood in the slop." Sydney paid a pretty compliment to his friends, Mrs. Tighe and Mrs. Cuffe—"Ah! there you are—the cuff that every one would wear; the tie that no one would lose."

— Professor Agassiz is no believer in Darwin. Not long ago he was introduced to a lady whom he was quite sure of having met before. She told him he was mistaken. He laughingly replied, "Well, we have known each other, but I presume it was when we were both toads."

— The title of a book we observe is, "Was she engaged?" We of course have no personal knowledge of the subject; but, on general principles, we should say that it was not her fault if she wasn't.

— The latest in the way of self-praise is an Indiana editor who played a few tunes on an old banjo under his office window, and then thanked the serenader in his next issue for delightful music.

— Somebody advertises for agents to sell a work called *Hymeneal Instructor*. The best hymeneal instructor we know of is a young widow. What she don't know there is no use in learning.

— At the end of the well known opera bouffe a gentleman remarked to a lady next to him "that the opera was short enough." "Yes," she replied, "and quite as broad as it is long."

— A pretty and well-dressed young lady, after looking at several pairs of gloves, lavender-colored, in a shop, lately, shocked the assistant by asking him which pair he thought the "lavenderest."

— Daniel O'Connell, the Irish orator, was applied to by a friend for his autograph, to which he replied, "I never send autographs. Yours, Daniel O'Connell."

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, June 15th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for [illegible].

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7 0, [illegible] 12 0 and 11 30 a. m., 1 30, 2 30, [illegible] 4 30, 5 30, 6 30 and *10 00 p. m., 11.20 and *do to Oakland only.

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco) [illegible] 9 30 and 11 30 a. m., 1 30, 2 30, [illegible] 10, 7 30 and 10 10 p. m.

Leave Oakland [illegible] 9 30 and 11 00 a. m., [illegible] 4 30, 5 30, [illegible] and [illegible] p. m.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:2[illegible], 9:30 and 11.15 a.m., 1:30, 4:30, 5:30 and 7:00 p.m. (*8:20, 11 15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:15 a.m., and 2:30 p.m.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:35, 7:35, 9:00 and 11:30 a.m., 1:30, 4:00 and 5:30 p.m. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave San Francisco		8 10 a m	*3:20 p m	†4 40 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5 [illegible] p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 [illegible] p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Castroville	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	[illegible] p m		

Trains North		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave Hollister				11 1[illegible] a m
Salinas				[illegible] a m
Castroville				[illegible] m
Pajaro				[illegible] m
Gilroy				[illegible] m
San Jose		*6 30 a m	7 0[illegible] a m	3 0[illegible] p m
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9 a m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:30 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4 15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at 1:30 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1 [illegible] p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11 30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen. Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 1[illegible] the steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs Wharf) at [illegible] and 11 a.m., 4 and [illegible] p.m. Saucelito at [illegible] and [illegible] a.m., 2 30 and 5 p.m. On Saturday, from Saucelito at [illegible] and 11 a.m., [illegible] and [illegible] p.m.; from San Francisco at 10 at 1 [illegible] m., [illegible] p.m. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs Wharf) at 6 [illegible] a.m. SUNDAY TIME—Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 m., 2 and 4 p.m. Leave Saucelito, 11 a.m., 1, and [illegible] p.m.
H. A. COBB, President,
Apr. 12. 26 Montgomery street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1872, the steamer PETALUMA, [illegible] Warner, Captain, [illegible] a thorough repair [illegible] to her [illegible] will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible]. Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] connecting at Petaluma with Stages for Bodega and Healdsburg. Nov 21. CHAS. MINTURN.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February [illegible], 1873, the favorite steamer Contra Costa, [illegible] connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco [illegible] San Rafael, [illegible] a.m., [illegible] p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make no trip on SUNDAYS as follows: Leaving San Francisco at [illegible] San Rafael [illegible] a.m., [illegible] p.m. [Aug [illegible] CHARLES MINTURN.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 14. F. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL OAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of [illegible], Coupes, Hacks, [illegible], Phaetons, Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the costliest steel and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars pass within [illegible] of the factory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the full extent of the law. Nov. 29.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonnough, Master, will sail on her next regular trip on [illegible], at [illegible] o'clock M., from Front-street Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accomodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15. 616 Front street.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles, 1s. 6d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS
Feb. 28. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chandlery, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty cheap lists of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by
BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Forty years special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The best and most savory sauce. The [illegible] it [illegible] the table for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, the Edinburgh sauce. It is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. [illegible], Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent.
Office 424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 25.] Agents, 123 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Building.
Justices—[illegible] Montgomery st.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Third District—Mechanics Institute Building.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street.
Nineteenth District—Dealer's Building, Kearny near Cal.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Attorney—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Clerk of the Justices—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—420 California street.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] Clay street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—N. E. of Merchants' Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Commercial Naval—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—[illegible].
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Common Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—[illegible] City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—23 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Health Office—134 Geary st.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Jackson st., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St.
Quarantine—[illegible] Jackson st.
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and East.
Harbor Police—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following agencies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes [illegible] Paris [illegible] street. [illegible] Steam Navigation Co. [illegible] Hongkong and China Gas Co. [illegible] J. Walduck, Secretary. [illegible] Robert King, Secretary. [illegible] Patent Slip and Dock Co. [illegible] Simons & Co. [illegible] Peninsular [illegible] China Insurance Co. [illegible] Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents [illegible] Hongkong [illegible] China Traders Insurance Co. [illegible] Bank of [illegible] Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China [illegible] Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China [illegible] Agra Bank [illegible] Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris [illegible] Bank of [illegible] Corporation [illegible] Oriental Bank [illegible] Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation [illegible] Central Bank of Western India [illegible] Chief Manager.

☞ [illegible] omitted in the above will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending July 26, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.

Monday, July 21st.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Geary St Ex Hd Assn to J R Gates	Lots 3 and 4, blk 83, Geary St Hd Ass'n	$ 700
Richard Lynden to Mary Black	Commencing at a point in s line of 50-v 1157, 51 6 e Taylor, 21x 7 6	500
Geo T Knox to P J White	W Guerrero, 77 n 18th, n 150, w 136, se 136, e 120 to commencement	
Geo T Knox to same	Sundry lots in Western part of city	
Same to S Gibson	Lots 78, 79, 85, 87 Bernal H'd Ass'n	
Wm D Haley to Patrick F Nolan	Se Mission [illegible] 5th, 21 x 80	3,800
Warren H Ewer to Thos J McCabe	Lots 80 and 82, Gift Map 1	500
P S A[illegible] to Catherine Mead	Sw cor [illegible] and Loch, 127:6x1[illegible]0	2,350
Geary St Ex H'd Assn to M Nickels	Lots 7 and 8 blk 329, Geary St Ex H d	700
Silver Terrace H'd to Henry Price	Lot 160, Silver Terrace H d	615
E F Clark to T H Allen	N Geary e Buchanan, 50x137:6	5,300
Abraham Lewis to H Borkheim	E Polk s Turk, 28x82, sub 66 v 1 bl 6 W A	1
Henry Borkheim to A Lewis	Same	1
Michael Reese to City & Co of S F	N Pacific, 80 w Stockton, 137 6 w 17, etc	1
A Himmelman to heirs J W Sullivan	Se Franklin and McAllister, 165x137 6	1
Paul Tract Hd Ass'n to A Cameron	Lot 10 blk 52, Paul Tract H'd	600
Same to James Cameron	Lot 11 blk 52	500
Spring Val H'd to G Holtzberger	Lot 343, Spring Valley H'd	910
Orin Jones to Lizzie E Jones	N Sutter e Leavenworth, 25x68.9	4,000
Wm Humphrey to James Boyd	N Bush, 81:3 e Fillmore, 25x127:6	1,100
Geo Tait to Lawrence W Palmer	W Webster s Hayes, 92x23:6	1,300
Same to Edgar Bishop	W Webster to S Hayes, w 90, s 23:6, etc	1,800
Thomas Brown to Wm J Gunn	Lot 10 blk C, Pacific Bay and H'd Ass'n	470

Tuesday, July 22d.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Jos Hicks to J C Flood et al	Nw cor Montgomery and Pine, 65 n 29, W 79:6, s 93, e 137:6 to commencement subdivision 50-v 270	260,000
Wm Thwaites to Edwin Deakin	N Page w Laguna, w 27:6x120	1,700
Silver Terrace Hd to R Schumacher	Lot 437, Silver Terrace H'd	410
Same to same	Lot 382 386 inclusive, same	1,580
Same to same	Lot 409, same	600
Same to same	Lots 47, 48, 49, same	918
Henry Foley to City and Co of S F	Commencing 112:6 4 Greenwich and 45:6 s Scotland, e 11:11¾ s 14:4⅝ nw etc	235
John Quinlan to Thomas Winters	E Columbia, 208 n 23d, 26x100	1,350
J B Lewis to B J Shay	W Union e Leavenworth, 26x137:6	1
Felix B[illegible] to Andrew Le Conte	N Lewis w Taylor, 30x5[illegible]	1,600
R Cushing to Andrew Louderback	Und half lots 7 and 10 blk 352 S S F Hd	10
Robert Markel to Wm McAfee	W Treat Ave s 23d, 60x122:6	5,400
A F Black to Isaac F Black	Portion Outside Lands	5
John C Pelton to A M Pelton	N Pine w Polk, 88:6x137 6	Gift
City and Co of S F to Wm Hollis	Subdivisions P N blk 180	
Lorin Brann to S W Shephard	Nw Mariposa and Missouri, 62 6x100	4,500

Wednesday, July 23d.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Wm M Bevins to Amelia E Eitel	S Tyler w Webster, 27:6x137:6	$1 500
Elizabeth A Mullen to H Mullen	S Washington e Powell, 30x60	Gift
M A Braly to M Ryan	S Russell w Hyde, 60x20	300
P M Hansen to B D Clark	E Capp n Eagle, 30x122:6	2,600
City and County S F to M Smith	E Garrison n 23d, 29x100	
Michael Kelly to Wm Toolbaker	N Ellis e Scott, 54:11x137:6	110
Fred Clay to Lucretia W Hughes	S Jackson w Buchanan, 25x101	1,000
Edward Martin to Thos Harrison	S Grove e Buchan, 25x120	1,250
D W Doubitt to Wm B Carr	Se cor 24th and Guerrero, 102:6x110	3,300
Silver Ter H d to Henry Zihn	Lots 328 and 329, Silver Terrace Hd	701
Michael Mulvihill to D W Ruggles	N Vallejo, 137:6 w Hyde, 25x165	2,150
Simon Hurnet to C McAuliffe et al	E Jones s O'Farrell, 22 x 110	1
Edward Martin to J F Skivington	N Hayes e Buchanan, 25x120	1,675
Wm I Kipp to George W Gibbs	Ne Fremont se Market, 45:10x137:6	12,500
Same to same	Ne Fremont se Market, 15 1x137 6	12,000
Edward Martin to John Kloos	S Grove w Laguna, 25x120	1,500
Same to John R Batchelder	Same	1,475
Same to John Ross	N Hayes e Buchanan, 25x120	1,625
Same to Geo Castle	Same	1,625
Same to Maurice Hamburger	N Hayes w Laguna, 50x120	2,400

Thursday, July 24th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
G B Cerruti to J Francisco de Leon	N Jackson 111:6 e Dupont, n 68:7½ n 137:6 w 77⅞, s 68:9, e 7, s 68:9 to commencement—subj to $40,000 mortg	17,000
F L A Pioche to John Porter	Lots 45 and 46, blk 84, City Land Ass'n	190
Odd Fel Cem to Mrs B S Nichols	Lot 9 plat 4, Odd Fellows Cemetery	45
Geary St Ex H'd Ass'n to L Nathan	Lots 3 and 4, blk 167, Geary St Ex H'd	700
Masonic Cem Ass'n to J Clement	Lot 6 and a ⅛ of lot 4 in section 18, Masonic Cemetery	77
Silver Terrace H d to John Hall	Lot 72 to 75 inclusive, Silver Ter H d	1,275
Wm Hollis to Thos O Neil	E Steiner, 78 n Sacramento, 25x93.9	3,700
John Chambers to C H Young	Nw Harrison, 150 sw 25x75	3,000
Edward Martin to Michael Bassett	S Grove e Buchanan, 25x120	1,450
Wm E Dornell to Jotham Salisbury	W Sansome, 95 n Pine, 87:6x40:6	27,000
Paul Tract H'd Ass'n to D B Nye	Lot 1 blk 61, lot 6 blk 25; lot 1 block 6; lots 12 and 13 blk 12; Paul Tract H'd	250
Jas S McCue to same	Nw corner Sacramento and 20th Ave, w 120 n 279:7 se to w line of 20th Ave s 259:9 to com—sub blk C O L	3,250
Wm Hollis to Geo Wm Smith	W Pearl, 100 e Ridley, 25x80	2,800
Jas M McDonald to James O'Leary	N Lewis w Taylor, 18:4x57 6	1,150

Friday, July 25th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Edouard Chevassus to L Duterire	Re-record	
Bay View H'd to Heinrich Depken	Lot 15 blk 487	500
John S Dole to Andrew B McCreery	N Pine w Sansome, 50x137:6	60,000
E Martin to Mary E Tillman	N Hayes w Laguna, 50x72	3,600
Elena E Coleman to A W Thompson	E half of lot 218, Precita Valley Lands 60 front on s side of Precita Ave x 270	4,000
Louis Duterire to City and Co S F	N Broad, 40 e Dupont, 50.2 etc	15,631
Peter Dempsey to Wm A Beal	S Pine, 110 e Buchanan, 27:6x137 6	650
F L A Pioche to Annie McComac	Lot 7 blk 87, City Land Ass'n	90
Edward Martin to Laura A Mowry	Sundry properties in Western Add t'on	22 875
Laura A Mowry to Chas Mayne	Same	22,875
J O Doane to Ignatz Schmidt	Steiner n Fell, 41:3x110	3,501
H Mahan to Louis Schablch	Pt Lobos Av w Boyce, 25x100	1
Louis Schablch to Hugh Mahan	Cook n Pt Lobos Av, 25:3x120	1
Silver Terrace H As to C H Voight	Lot 338, Silver Terrace H d	390
Same to Same	Lot 370, same	350
Same to Same	Lot 369, same	325
Same to Same	Lot 371, same	365

Saturday, July 26th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Jean Pierre Camy to J F de Leon	E B[illegible] n Jackson, n 25x60	10,000
Wm Winter to Frank F Tucker	S Francisco w Mason, 69x35	5
Jas Lick to Cal Academy of Science	Se Market 155 sw 4th, se 155, s 50 56-100 nw 155, ne 40 to commencement—subdivision 100-v 126	Gift
Metropolitan Gas Co to J B Haggin	Se Bryant sw 9th, etc—sub M B 43	100,000
Thos H Holt to Algernon Smith	Nw Stockton and Greenwich, n 22:8¾ x w 61 4 [illegible]	200
Edward Martin to David Edwards	E Buchanan, 96 s Grove, s 24x81 [illegible]	1,425
Mary A [illegible] to Andrew Allen	N O'Farrell, 112:6 w Taylor, 25x87 6	5
R Morton to Mrs Amanda Arnot	N Pine, 170:6 e Van Ness Ave, 50x136 6	5
Wm Rollins to Chas H Kilcey	Western Addition blk 213	5
J Finch to Henry Steineger	W Kearny, s Jackson, 11 6x61	200
Peter Craig to John T McKenzie	Portion of lot 50 sec 27 Masonic Cemetery, 11x10 feet	600
Masonic Cem Ass'n to same	Same	1
H H Byrne, by Sheriff, to G Mahe	Nw cor Kearny and Broadway, 63x75	20,853
Christian Wegener to Louisa Briody	Ne cor Hyde and Lombard, 77 6x68:9	Gift
Same to Mrs Dora Lolsen	E Hyde, 77:6 n Lombard, n 60x68—subdivision 50-v 7[illegible]	Gift
Same to Wm Weggener	N Lombard e Hyde, 68 9x137 6	Gift
Joseph Henry to Mathew Magrane	S O'Farrell w Webster, 22 6x[illegible]	650
John T Barry to P McDonnell	Subs 1, 12, 23, 34, 63 and 79, Smoke R'ch	5

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending July 29, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
T M Antisell to T F Jenkins	Oakland—N line of 20th st 118:8 w from Broadway thence w 45x100	3,750
C Cuneo to A Cuneo	Same: Lot 88 Academy Homestead	600
S F Kendrichs to J F Larrabee	Same: Lot 1 in blk E and Lots 8 to 18 in blk I Bay View Homestead	Gift
J McLaughlin to T Meda	Alameda: 99 Railroad Ave x 1365 near Mastick	800
C E Chipman to M Jameson	Same N line Santa Clara 322 e from Everett thence e 40 4x208 5	375
J McGowan to L H Nolte	Same 60 Marseille Ave x 198 10	600
H J Tilden to T C Cary	San Leandro—10 acres Ward Ave	
J Simpson to P Harrison	Road Mt Eden to San Leandro 1½ acs	1,500
A J Shrader to J R Deardorff	4 miles n from Pleasanton: 160 acres	1
J Lorenzo to A Rolinas	Haywood: 200x200	600
Hayward s P[illegible] H d to J Loughman	Same 90x163	
A Linknitz to A Honcharenko	5 miles ne from Alvarado: 80 acres	700
S U H'd Ass'n to M R Harris	Oakland Tp: Lot 5 in blk 1 S U H'd T t	730
Same to E Miller	Same Lot 4 in blk 2 same	730
P Partois to W T Robinson	1 miles fr m Oakland ¼ int in 25 acres	1
C P R R Co to P Murray	N or Dublin	1
Same to C McLaughlin	3 miles ne fm Mis on San Jose: 677 acs	1
Same to same	3 miles se from same, etc	1
Same to same	3 miles n from Dublin 254 acres	1
Same to same	3 miles sw from Dublin 1508 acres	1
Same to same	3 miles nw fm Mission S Jose: 1110 acs	1
Haven & Flint to G H Gray	Brooklyn Tp: Part sub 1 Cameron Tract	500
Same to Heald & Woodbury	Same: Sub 10 containing 5 acres in same	3,000
Same to G H Lovegrove	Same: Part subdiv 1 and sub 9, 4 acres in same	3,000

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. July 29.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records), during business hours may always be found at the HALL OF RECORDS, COUNTY BUILDINGS, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to Hall of Records.
☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. July 12.

John D. Yost, San Francisco.] [H. S. Crocker, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS [April 12.]

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore. The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Woman's Glory is her Hair—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 19.

DICKSON, DE WOLF & CO.,

410, 412, 414 Battery street, offer for sale the following goods, in Bond or Duty paid.

BRANDY—Gautier, Otard, Martell and Hennessy, in quarter casks.
BRANDY—Martell, Fabre & Co., and Champagne Vine, in glass.
WHISKY—Irish, in quarter casks.
WINE—Port and Sherry, in quarter casks and glass.
CLARET—Choice Medoc, Lafitte, and St. Julien, in casks.
PIG IRON—Eglinton.
CHAINS—Short Link.
TIN PLATES—I X Machen Crown brand Charcoal.
Yellow Metal Sheathing.
Asphalte Roofing Felt.
Bleaching Powder;
Soda Crystals;
Bi Carbonate of Soda.
Palm Oil.
Gostling's Portland Cement, Roman Cement, Fire Clay, Paris White [June 7

CHILI ALFALFA SEED OF THE NEW CROP,

Ex Steamer Just arrived.—For sale in lots to suit, by
S. W. MOORE & CO., Seedsmen,
July 19. No. 425 Sansome street, San Francisco

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 30 Montgomery Block. May 31

THE CROSS AND CRESCENT.

There are sixty offices to fill in San Francisco. There are six hundred candidates for those offices, and there is at least six thousand full-grown, able-bodied men now engrossed in the occupation of politics. There are four nominating conventions in full blast; there are half a dozen daily journals; there are a multitude of ward clubs all busy in the patriotic endeavor to save the country, and save it from the calamity of getting the wrong man in the wrong place. There is a United States Senator to be elected. The Democracy is divided between Casserly and Wallace. The Republican party is divided between Gorham and Booth. The Democracy is being run by McCoppin and John Beard. The Republicans are being run by William Carr and Dick Chute. The Liberal Republicans are being run by A. J. Bryant and Frank Pixley, who are trying to get even for old scores. But laying down deep, under all this superficial agitation, is an earnest sentiment that gives direction and character to the whole movement. It is the antagonism that exists between Protestantism and Roman Catholicism. It is in everybody's mind; it is whispered in every political circle. No one dares speak it aloud; no journal dares write about it; no leader dares proclaim it; yet it is an active element in every convention now holding session in the town. It would make Casserly Senator because he is a Romanist; it would have made Flood Superintendent of Common Schools because he is a Catholic. It has nominated Patrick Crowley for Chief of Police because he is a Catholic; it has nominated Murphy for District Attorney for the same reason; it has conspired against Sheriff Adams because he is a Protestant Irishman; it is plotting to secure the Board of School Directors with a view to the division of school moneys. The police is composed of Catholic Irishmen; the Board of Education is nearly half Catholic; the school teachers are largely Catholic. There is a persistent, constant effort upon the part of Catholics to secure ascendency in politics through the Catholic Irish vote. It is silent, sleepless, active, and vigilant. Against this is the organization of the Crescent, over three thousand strong, as enterprising, as secret, as active, as vigilant, and as Jesuitical as Jesuitry itself. It is at work plotting and counterplotting, felt in every convention, and present in every political circle. The *News Letter* is now giving facts. No other journal dare give utterance to the true condition of affairs for fear of hurting somebody, and especially themselves. Afraid of Crescents, afraid of Catholics, the daily press is too cowardly to print what everybody knows, viz: that a contest is now going on in this community between two secret tribunals, the Cross and the Crescent, Turk and Infidel. Which will secure the holy sepulcher of office we do not know. The Democrats have the best chance of carrying the town as they are more united. The only danger is lest they should split upon the Legislative ticket. The Taxpayers ticket is strong, but it has lost its ancient prestige. An independent Legislative ticket will be put in the field for Booth. The Republicans will then probably run a Municipal ticket. The *Chronicle* is the champion of the straight Republicans. The *Bulletin* and *Call* are playing into the hands of the Democracy. It is our opinion this Saturday morning that if the Democracy keep their heads cool, do not infuse too much Irish Catholicism into their ticket that they will have a fair show of carrying the city.

RUSHING THEM INTO THE KINGDOM.

The superior style in which Father Spreckles and the Priests rushed the "Chicken" into the Kingdom of Heaven was a feather in the cap of Holy Church. It was an imposing spiritual success which fired the Protestant, and especially the Presbyterian heart with jealousy. What! shall it be said that Alemany and Spreckles are the only successful manipulators of the souls of malefactors? Shall the Papists enjoy a monopoly of this ghostly business, and of the glory thereof? Shades of Calvin and Cotton Mather forbid it! Accordingly, when Russel was convicted and it began to seem probable that he would have to swing, the Reverend Carpenter and several of his evangelical brethren conceived the idea of getting him into their spiritual clutches and showing what they could do in the way of making the gallows a short cut to "glory." To accomplish this, the wily Carpenter resorted to a rather sharp dodge. If he had presented himself at the outset in the simple capacity of a soul-saver, Russel might possibly have preferred to commit himself to the charge of those who had just put Devine through, and sent him into the Kingdom with so much eclat. So the reverend gentleman commenced operations on a temporal, not a spiritual basis. He sank the shop, said not a word about Eternity, but appealed to the poor wretch's eager interest in Time. He held out the hope of saving him, not from hell, but from a nearer and more dreaded danger—the gallows. He would procure a commutation of his sentence. Here was a warm-hearted earthly friend, not a mere cold-blooded ghostly comforter. Hope swelled high in the murderer's bosom, and the Presbyterian preachers secured the penitent. Afterwards, when the hopes that had been inspired proved delusive, they got up the final scene with a capital eye for dramatic effect. The smoothness with which it went off shows that there must have been more than one rehearsal. The sensational points were splendidly made. The removal of the black cap just as the drop was about to fall; the "Kiss me good-bye, Charlie"; the denunciation of the final act of justice as "a foul murder"; the fierce warning to the Doctors—"Don't you put a knife into my brother"; the women slobbering over the murderer in his cell, and kissing his forehead after he had been placed in his coffin—these were effective melodramatic points, effectively rendered. There was nothing at all comparable to them in the tame and decorous programme of the Chicken's translation. Upon the whole, we think the schismatics have rather got the start of Holy Church, and have the call at present. The Presbyterians have proved that they can manage this sort of thing quite as well, to say the least, as their Roman Catholic rivals, and we shouldn't wonder if in future Carpenter, Cunningham, Dodge & Co., should run Alemany & Spreckles a lively opposition in the business of rushing the souls of malefactors into Abraham's bosom through the hangman's trap. [We have already made the Doctor pay pretty dearly for his "kiss," but this came in late from outside, and was too good to omit.—Ed.]

EXCEPTIS EXCIPIENDIS.

It hath ever been the pleasing duty of the News Letter to lacerate, flagellate, vulnerate and annihilate the high parsonic powers. Many a sacerdotal corpse owes its inanition to our anatomic, artistic, malic and contra stock pulpitic knife. We have, however, a keen eye for the analysis of clergy and can separate with judicial impartiality the sheep from the goats. Whensoever, therefore, our soul discerneth a really good, hard working, impecunious and true hearted clergyman, provided only he be a gentleman and a scholar to boot, who sounds the loud timbrel of commendation so gladly and so well. Such an one, of the true Pauline stamp, do we recognize in a stranger but recently come among us, Archdeacon Mason, late of the Sandwich Islands, and now Minister of Trinity Chapel, East St. Alban's Church. He will be horrified when he reads this, but we can't help our style. His little church deserves encouragement, for it has fought its way through evil and good report with a perseverance worthy of the saints and of the *News Letter*. The choir boys have been admirably trained, the Sunday School is the best in San Francisco, thanks to the immortal Badger. Here only, among all our churches, can one hear the sweet cathedral service of old England rendered as it should be. Mr. Mason is an extempore preacher of no mean order, and his sermons are brief, terse, earnest and to the point. He is a High Churchman, but withal popular, a graduate of Oxford and a ripe and cultivated scholar. How is it that the chapel is not filled? We fear he is too sincere and learned for our church goers. They prefer the Rev. Dismal Horror or oleaginous Chadband whose discourses are "full of sound and fury, signifying nothing." But the day is surely coming when our Christians will get culture, and such true Christian gentlemen as Mr. Mason will be appreciated in this community.

Money continues very plentiful at the various Banking reservoirs, etc. Every possible inducement is held out to borrowers. Commercial notes of hand for crop paper is the favorite, and is negotiated upon the most favorable terms. Merchants in good standing have unlimited sums placed at their disposal to advance upon Wheat in warehouse, both in city and country, at 2s. 3d. the market value. This latter procedure is being prosecuted to the very utmost verge of safety, and is operating, we think, against the best interests of producers.

It is asserted by the Washington *Chronicle* that the finding of the Modoc court-martial is guilty for all the Modoc prisoners, and that all of them will be shot.

OUR FRIEND, DR. CARPENTER.*

'Tis well enough to be a man of God,
And earn one's wages as a gospel screecher,
But is it genius simply to be odd,
E'en though one's thought to look a deal like Beecher?

It may be nuts to parsons to look glum,
And wear a choker of a dazzling white,
But is a body sure of kingdom come
Because he meets all drafts for prayer on sight?

And when a sinner, sinful as the devil,
Has killed perchance just one too many men,
Can straight-laced parsons raise him 'bove his level,
E'en though they kiss him o'er and o'er again?

And when the law goes marching grandly on,
Avenging, justly, deeds too dark to tell,
Shall maud in sentiment by preachers spun,
Turn to a saint in heaven an heir of hell?

But yesterday, again the gallows-tree
Held out its arm in service of the law,
And by the victim stood, quite sweet to see,
A pious mountebank with priestly jaw.

Lo! how he drools and drivels, following there
A heartless murderer to his lawful fate,
Enfolds the villain like a saintly bear,
And hopes with tears his sins to expiate.

"O, kiss me, Charles!" the sickening parson calls,
And lifts the black cap for a parting kiss.
"O, kiss me, Charles!" and e'en the prison walls
Quite cracked with laughter at a sight like this.

The hangman's faithful and dumb make no pause,
And Charles, twice kissed, hangs dangling in full view;
But Parson Maudlin spreads his pious paws,
And twice cries, "There's no more that they can do!"

Go, sickening sycophant! go, pious fraud!
And stand within God's temple once again;
Sweetly persuade men murderers to applaud,
And love not Jesus while their lives a Cain!

Teach vice the ways of justice to deride;
At every murderer's gallows now be seen;
At font and altar kiss the babe and bride,
And pray their purity may make you clean.

Teach men to kill and murder to espouse,
How saints are made up of the worst of men;
Proclaim what crimes the law of God allows,
And if laws should be kept, O, tell us when!

[* Rev. Hugh S. Carpenter, lately made a D. D., bearing a facial resemblance to a man of sense, named H. W. Beecher at the late hanging, in San Francisco, of the cold blooded murderer Chas. Russell, accompanied him to the gallows, embraced him tenderly, kissed him, wept over him, lifted the black cap, and asked Charles to osculate him also, and when the fellow had dropped, looked down upon the carcass and blubbered "And there is no more that they can do—no more that they can do." CURRENT NEWS.]

AERONAUTIC.

The Scientific American of the 26th July contains an excellent engraving of M. Dupuy de Lowe's great aerial ship with an interesting description of the machine, accompanied with diagrams, and an account of the ascent from the Fort of Vincennes in February, 1872. We must refer our readers interested in the matter to the article in question for the particulars, but would simply draw their attention to the fact that whilst M. de Lowe's improvement on old-fashioned balloons, for invention it cannot be called, is included in every point in the California Avitor; this latter goes much further than the Frenchman, and has more effectually solved the problem of aerial propulsion. In the three principal points wherein M. de Lowe has deviated from his predecessors, namely, in shape, propeller and rudder, he has but partially adapted the construction of the California Avitor. He changed the spherical shape of his balloon to that of an elongated cylinder, a long car suspended from it was propelled by a screw of two blades, worked by hand power, whilst at the rear of the gas holder was a triangular steering apparatus. In the California machine all these three agents are employed, but, in addition, the immense power given by planes acting on the air is brought into play, and it is this system of planes which not only eminently distinguishes our Avitor from any other aerial machine, but at the same time gives it a power of independent, arbitrary movement which no other air locomotion possesses. We regret that the writer in the *Scientific American* did not give the speed or force of the wind at the time of M. de Lowe's ascension. We can only surmise from the description that it was nearly calm, for we find that, after making many graceful evolutions which, from the nature of its construction, could only be performed in perfectly still weather—the car was subsequently, at an elevation of 1,800 feet, with the screw making twenty-five revolutions a minute, only progressing at the rate of two-fifths of a mile per minute. The natural wind-driven direction of the machine must have been east, for we find that the steering apparatus enabled the aeronauts to go either in a northeasterly or southeasterly direction. This deviation from the hitherto involuntary course of balloons is a great step gained, but cannot in the least be compared to the superior properties of the Avitor. The grand principle of the Avitor is to do away as much as possible with the sustaining power of hydrogen gas, and to substitute in its place mechanical force. Such power acting on planes extending on each side of the machine enables it to sail against the wind, as well as allow the wind to assist it in its course, and everything gained by dynamic force over simply sustaining elementary power is so much gained in the rapid advance towards the locomotion of the future. Our California Avitor is not dead, nor even dormant. Every year, nay, almost every month hastens the beginning of the end. The construction of a steam engine, combining power and lightness, is the present desideratum. That once determined, the rest is easy, and the day is not far distant when the complete air ship, constructed on the principles of the model exhibited in San Francisco with so great success, will cease to be a wonder in men's eyes and become accepted as an every day necessity for the purposes of travel. Mr. Wise's projected trip across the Atlantic is simply an immense balloon, availing itself of a supposed current of air flowing in one direction, which, if arrived at, will enable the navigators to land in the Old World.

THE ALCOY MASSACRE.

The horrors of the French Revolution, and the still fresher memories of the Commune barbarities, are eclipsed by the late horrible massacre at Alcoy. The Internationals commenced the insurrection. It began with a labor strike, and grew into a fierce civil war, and a horrible, inhuman massacre. The gallant Major Augustine Aboro fought bravely to the last, he and his small band holding the Town Hall for some time. At length he succumbed to superior numbers and this was the sequel. "The assailants burst in, and then followed a scene which the Minister declared it impossible for him to describe. The defenders of the Town Hall, after being subjected to other horrible insults and injuries, were stripped naked and held up from the balcony, in full view of a howling mob below. Their names were called out, one by one, and the mob was asked whether it would have them dead or alive. According to their answer, either their heads were cut off and their mutilated bodies thrown down from the balcony, or they were thrown down, still alive, the mob below trying to catch them as they fell on their bayonets and pikes, and everybody then rushing to assist in dispatching what remnants of life were left; or, if too late for this, to further mangle and disfigure the breathless bodies. One of the principal and most respectable inhabitants was seized by the insurgents, his clothes sprinkled with petroleum, set on fire, and made to run while shots were taken at him. Other atrocities scarcely less terrible are reported."

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

The American Annual Cyclopedia, and Register of Important Events for 1872. 8vo. sheep.
I Go A-Fishing. By W. C. Prime. Crown, 8vo., cloth.
Popular Lectures on Scientific Subjects. By H. Helmholtz. 12mo., cloth.
Orations and Addresses. By Wm. C. Bryant. 12mo. cloth.
Anecdotes of Public Men. By John W. Forney. 12mo. cl.
The Intellectual Life. By Philip G. Hamerton. 12mo. cl.
Questions of the Day. By the Rev. John Hall. 12mo. cl.
Purple and Fine Linen. A Novel. By Edgar Fawcett. 12mo. cloth.
Wit and Wisdom of George Eliot. 16mo. cloth.
The Hour and the Man. A Novel. By Harriet Martineau. 8o. paper.
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THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

THE DEVIL'S WALK THROUGH SAN FRANCISCO.

"From his brimstone bed at break of day
A walking the Devil has gone,
To visit his snug little farm, the earth,
And see how his stock goes on."—COLERIDGE.

The Devil once more to Frisco has come,
To see his political friends,
He never forgets
That political nets
Are the meshes that best suit his ends.
He met his old friend, truthful Clarkson,
Who lays it on thickly and sweet:
He gave him a hint,
They were close to the Mint,
And the weather was cold; "Would he treat?"

The Devil stood drinks for the *strikers*,
For Higgins, and Gannon, and Chute,
For Democrat Kenney,
And ever so many
Political bummers to boot.

The "Shepherd Boy," Lacy and Thorne,
Asked him who he would vote for for Mayor?
McDonald, they said,
Was away right ahead,
And would win with a something to spare.

But the Devil just winked his left eye,
"So he'll win, you say, boys—wait and see,
I'll not vote his way,
He's a little too gray,
And a great deal too stingy for me."

"He has handled the twenties so long,
That he has become mighty mean.
Capt. Eldridge I'll vote for,
And take off my coat for,
And back him to run right through clean."

"I don't think that Crowley is, either,
A fit man for head of police;
That Cuban affair,
In which Lees had a share,
Has made quite a stain on his *fleece*."

At this stage of the festive proceedings,
Owen Brady got up on his feet,
"A statesman is he,"
Said the Devil, "I see,
And for shpaking the brogue can't be beat."

And Brady said, "Tell me, ould Nick,
Without any fooling or blarney,
If for County Clerk's place,
There's a man in the race
That can hould up a candle to Harney."

Said ould Nick, "He's a pretty good man,
But is he American born?"
Said Brady, "Why, yes,
Sure he is, I guess,
At least so his mother has sworn."

"And how does Judge Louderback stand
With you, old friend Devil?" said Chute,
"I think," said the Devil,
His head's put on level,
For Redmen ain't easy to su't."

"And what do you think of friend Austin?"
Asked Bill Higgins, of shooting renown,
The Devil replied,
"Well, it can't be denied,
That for taxes he beats all the town."

"And when the elections come on,
Old Smoothy may shoulder his pole,
Send the strikers to hell,
(I'll look after them well,)
And walk in, I dare bet my soul."

Then the Devil once more stood the drinks,
While Whitney, the "Knight of the Crescent,"
Began to perspire,
As he saw what a fire
Shone out from those eyes incandescent.

Here the "Shepherd Boy" fell asleep drunk,
And Lacy rolled on to the floor,
While Casey and Kenny,
And ever so many,
Declared they would drink nothing more.

So the Devil got hold of "Ould Brady,"
And so rode dead-head in a hack,
To the skirts of the town,
When the hack set him down,
And he went home to hell in a crack.

Then he told all his imps to prepare
To make lots of twenties and tens;
Said he, "There is fun,
And work to be done,
With coin in political dens."

"So, I'll just run a ticket myself,
And if I don't carry the day,
The power of gold
Does not work as of old,
And whisky has lost all its sway."

On Wednesday evening, wishing to see a little life, the *T. C.* left the dismal city and sought the thronging marts of Oakland. There all was bustle and excitement. Crowds were on their way to the theaters (which, by the way, commence at 6 P. M., in order that the Oaklanders may not be kept out of bed too long), and the wealth and fashion of the Golden State were well represented. Slowly the *T. C.* wandered down Broadway, pausing every now and then as some dashing turnout stopped to discharge its cargo of female loveliness. Having taken a hasty peep into the theater and spent an hour at the opera, the *T. C.* took a turn down Broadway to steady his nerves. There a piteous sight met his gaze. The Oakland Bank was lit up and at the further end could be seen a youth, his coat off, tears and perspiration pouring down his cheek, and a pistol and a large bowie on a stool beside him. No sight being so common in our days, the *T. C.* looked on with bated breath expecting every moment to see this rash youth either cut out his heart with the knife or blow the kernel of his nut out with the pistol. At last he heard him exclaim, tearing at the same time handfuls of hair from his head, "Oh! my God, what shall I do? Ruin, nothing but ruin. How shall I ever make up the five cents I am short? No, sooner death than disgrace." Here he clutched the pistol in one hand and the knife in the other, and was preparing to cut a hole in his coat for the bullet to go through, when the *T. C.* burst the door open, seized the deadly weapons and presented the suffering youth with a ten cent piece. It was too much for his feelings, and falling on the neck of the *T. C.* he wept like a child. On the *T. C.* turning to leave he exclaimed, "How shall I ever repay you, you have saved my life, the bank credit, and Oakland will once more be free."

Charles Warren Stoddard is going to England. California has reared a handful of literary celebrities, whose crude earlier productions she has clipped and pruned, and made presentable, whose later effusions she has fostered, petted and praised. No sooner do their verses begin to jingle according to the rules of prosody than they cultivate flowing locks, pale faces, rolling eyes, or some other physical deformity, and branch out. Mothers put assafoetida or some beastly stuff on their breasts when they wish to wean their young, but the child clings to the familiar pillow even while the bitter galls its lips. It remains for poets to turn ungratefully from the fount of nourishment. Poetry is little made here, and we are always wont to favorably regard home products, but in England Mr. Stoddard will find himself a demd unpleasant plenty. Danger doesn't strike in the same place twice, and our English friends have been led astray by the atrocious metre of one long-haired, greasy vaquero. Eastern jaws will scarce set them into another fever of enthusiasm. The matrons of England are sensible and practical. It is safe to engage that not one of them has cast eyes upon Joaquin Miller's unkept chevelure without longing to run a fine comb through it, the chances for slaughter being favorable. They never would appreciate Charley Stoddard's verses, but they would delight in lining him with the roast beef of old England. And if the poet insists upon making a traveled ass of himself, we hope to see him come back a second Daddy Lambert. Dan O'Connell will be sailing next on the strength of his Chinese lyrics, and the civilized world will begin to regard us as a set of "blasted" idiots.

Gone for a Rib.—Evans, the newly-installed Commercial Editor of the *Evening Bulletin*, has gone south, having received a ticket of leave from Fitch & Pickering, for the purpose of getting a wife. He will be absent a week or more. His predecessor Allen, who has so ably filled the chair for the past five years is now rusticating among the green fields. In the interim the commercial column of the *Bulletin* appears to be sadly demoralized. The truth is Allen did not see the case in the same light that Fitch did, and therefore took his departure for pastures green. How long he will rusticate, we cannot say, but it seems hard for a man who, for five years, has faithfully toiled and honestly served his master, to be turned adrift without cause. It is said to reduce expenses, of this we do not see the Wright.

A fond father, whose offspring calls a certain mathematical nuisance "algebray," is fiercely indignant with Professor Bradley, a strictly literal gentleman riding a hobby of suffixes and affixes, because the learned man chooses to regard one who brays as an ass. Does the idea arise from the Professor's intimate acquaintance with natural history, or is it really due to the creative genius of the irate sire? Another would like to boot Mr. B. because he does not recognize the Promethean fire in a young financier who once wrote a poem called "Five Dollars in Gold." The parent himself acknowledges that it did not exhaust the child's brain. The Professor may be a phlegmatic, finikin, fussy, fault-finding pedagogue, and we discreetly despise all such. We are angered with him that he hasn't eradicated a few of these juvenile idiots from his school, but we have some regard for a man who knows a pair of long ears when he sees them, and who persistently frowns down such abortive efforts at poesy as "Five Dollars in Gold." The author of this doggerel will probably be an office-seeker some time, but he never can be a Tweed. He aims too low. If he had stolen five dollars we might have had some regard for him. But when he embalms in bad verse, his case is hopeless.

The Reverend Kiss-Me-Chawles, the champion slobberer, hath laid idle for a week. Let not such things be. If he has discovered osculation to be his vocation, he will be practising his pleasing arts among the sisterhood, some of whom are probably famishing for such delicacies. He inclines to martyrs. Why don't they make things lively and keep him in business? Or, if we can't afford to hang any more white trash just yet, send among our coppery Mongolians, and let him slobber awhile over the victims of the Chinese Secret Tribunal. Let him perform awhile upon the tattooed chins of Captain Jack and his followers, and send them to the devil fragrant with the breath of the dramatic parson. Or, if he wishes to make a martyr of himself, give him a chance at Kate Stoddard. Congealed blood is scarcely digestible, and it is probable that the breath of the fastidious Kate has by this time become as fetid as the breath of our own ambitious Caleb. His crown of martyrdom would be greater, and what more touching tableau can be imagined than that of the weeping preacher and the gourmande murderess lally gagging together upon the scaffold ere she dangled into the nethermost depths. He could do no more—he could do no more.

It seems that in our very midst flourishes, or has flourished, a secret tribunal which dealt out death, and held the monopoly of the Chinese slave trade in women. What can one image more horrible than the fact of these poor women, for women they are though Chinese, being taken from their homes, in all probability against their wills, and sold here by auction for purposes of prostitution. This is bad enough, but the sequel is even worse. Should any Chinaman recognize a relation or friend among these women he can no more claim her as his wife or by right of blood than he could claim Telegraph Hill, unless he pays the price demanded for her. And if that amorous or affectionate Chinaman should take the moon-eyed damsel for his wife, or claim her as his sister without so doing, the secret tribunal sits, and soon we read with a glaring heading of the body of a Chinaman being found mysteriously murdered. Who can tell how many bloody corpses are stowed away in some of the Chinese subterranean dens, whose deaths have been brought about by this very tribunal. A Chinaman's oath, even if he cuts all the roosters heads off you can bring him, does not amount to a row of pins, and the *T. C.* prophecies that the dark and bloody secret of this tribunal will never be fully brought to light.

Every one goes to see the New Magdalen. Of course they do. Isn't the very name a talisman? Every hoary headed old rascal of our acquaintance dons clean linen on Saturday afternoon and parades the thoroughfare to see the new ones. They are vital necessities. Competition is the life, etc., etc. If we hadn't any new ones the old ones wouldn't wear such fine harness, and our connoisseur's eyes would become fallible for lack of practice. Our schoolma'ams and other high-flyers wouldn't know anything about the fashions. Our dry goods merchants would drape their windows in stuffs of sober color and moderate price. Our Police Court would be closed half the time. Our liquor saloons would go up like rockets for lack of patronage from heads of families. Matters would be turned upside down generally. Even a stage Magdalen draws better than a stage washerwoman or decent woman of any kind. Bring on your Magdalens.

For one week all the local columns have commenced with the announcement that Sothern and McCullough were going to Yo Semite. Why the deuce don't these gentlemen go? If they had ever been reporters they would understand the value of an item in stagnant times. Sothern and McCullough have gone to the Yo Semite, or Sothern and McCullough have reached Yo Semite, would afford pleasing variations for the head line. Indeed, the reporters might branch out into the realms of fancy and write: Southern and McCullough caught a trout, Sothern and McCullough are on a bust, Sothern and McCullough tasted brandy and water to see what it is like, Sothern and McCullough are dead broke, Sothern and McCullough are going to hear Zach Montgomery preach. Anything to vary the paragraph and preserve the refrain.

The way in which the "Live Paper" spins out its wretched supply is amusing, if not instructive. We understand that Mr. De Young had made a trip East, in order to perfect the telegraphic arrangements of his paper. He has evidently succeeded in importing some one that knows how to spin out and dish up a poor telegram. In Wednesday's issue, the *Chronicle* hash man made no less than four paragraphs out of the telegram in connection with the Duke of Edinburgh's extra income bill. Each had a different and proportionately sensational heading.

A young gentleman, lately arrived from the East, took a stroll through our fruit markets the other day. So struck was he with our fine fruit that he purchased two melons and a few peaches. He took them up to his rooms and settled down to his work. A melon and a half disappeared, besides seven peaches. About this time he felt some peculiar sensations about the pit of his stomach; to remedy this he drank ten cents worth of lager. He had quite a large funeral yesterday, and much sorrow was felt at his premature departure.

The Taxpayers are having a hard time of it in getting a man to run against McDonald. A correspondent, signing himself "Letters," asks us why no one seems to have thought of Mr. Loring Pickering in that connection. The reason is that in this commercial community mere literary ability is not considered a sufficient qualification for office. Hence, though Mr. P. is a powerful and elegant writer—as is also Mr. MacCrellish—the name of neither has been mentioned in connection with the Mayoralty.

The T. C. expects to see Michael Reese come out soon as a "sport" in a light overcoat, white hat and a sulky, with his $700 horse "Feed" in the shafts. He does not, however, believe the common report that Michael is going to ride in the hurdle races in September, and is sweating down for that purpose, eating only six pounds of meat a day, instead of ten, as usual. He thinks that a hundred and fifty pounds is a little too much for him to rub off, even this hot weather and heavy assessment times.

Brigham Young has at last discovered that he can't manage his wives quite as well as Solomon did his concubines. Mrs. Seventeen Young says he is an old beast, and we rather agree with her, but still don't pity her. How could she expect even a Mormon heart to pan out well, when so many claims are located in the immediate vicinity. Eliza Seventeen Young only asks for $1,000 a month. It's quite a moderate demand, and no doubt she'll get it.

At the annual "Waze Goose," held at the Red Lion House, Fleet street, London, our late *Town Crier*, Mr. Bierce, made the speech of the evening, and was loudly applauded. Mr. Bierce hopes soon to return to California, when he will no doubt be heard from through these columns.

The Bloody Chasm is really bridged at last. When we see a Democratic Convention nominating a whole batch of Republicans, and placing their names on their regular ticket, it is time to understand that the war is over, and the S. C. a thing of the past. Selah!

There have been more candidates for the office of Sheriff than for any other, and the fight for it has been more bitter. It is richer in pickings and stealings.

THE HON. ZACH. MONTGOMERY.

A quelque chose malheur est bon, says the proverb, and there is something in the *Bulletin*, after all. The number of Wednesday, August 6th, is worth looking at, for its first page beautifully refutes the second. The first has a report of Father Buchard's lecture on the Inquisition; the second has the full text of the Hon. Zach. Montgomery's lecture on "Church and State," read at the hall of the Academy of Music, Oakland, on the 23d of April last. At least, we take this to be the full text of the lecture in question, because Mr. Montgomery vehemently protests, in an introduction, that he did not say three or four things which he has been charged with saying. It would, indeed, surprise us to find these sentences in his published lecture. If there are any who suppose that Mr. Montgomery was born yesterday, we are not of the number. With much wealth of detail and many references to authority, from the Almighty up to Pius IX., Mr. Montgomery undertakes to prove two principal points: that the Catholic Church is the nursing-mother of liberty, civil and religious; and that her passionate longing is for the education of the people. For the liberty, especially the religious liberty, let us hear Father Buchard, a priest greatly esteemed by the faithful in California: "In the sense of doctrine the Roman Catholic Church had never been tolerant, and she never can be." This is a plain statement of the case, uncomfortable for the zealous partisans, who have taken too literally the Jesuit injunction to "assert everything." The Catholic Church lives only by being consistent with its own extreme pretentions. There are times when the hypocritical proclamation of broad and generous views serves the turn of the Church; but those times are fewer and farther between, with every revolution of the earth. *Tu es Petrus et super hanc petram*; the rock, the immovable and yet crumbling rock is the true symbol of the Church. All the forces of nature war against the dead mass that lies there, steadfast, sterile, dominating all things with its vast bulk; and year by year the rain and the all-embracing air, and the imponderable light, "Make and break and work their will," and all is changed. In spite of itself the Church is logical only in its extravagance. All that is violent and arbitrary belongs to it by right, whatever is free is there only by accident, and under continual protest. The Church, according to Mr. Montgomery, is the inventor of popular education. The Church refuses to be comforted unless her children are educated, and in schools. Nothing can be more beautiful, and, of course, every region of the earth, in which the Church has been allowed to dictate, is filled with happy, educated people. Especially was this the case with the favored thousands of the Eternal City and the Agro Romano, under the immediate eye of the Supreme Pontiff, and first of all mankind to absorb the unspeakable virtues of the blessing *Urbi et Orbi*. Every one knows how sedulously the Catholic clergy have toiled to educate the French, the Spaniards, the Italians, the Irish, their favorite children, and what vast superiority they have succeeded in establishing for these children of light over such darkened Protestants as the Scotch, the Dutch, the Swedes, and the north Germans. Mr. Montgomery talks, as so many of his kind talk, about the Isle of Saints, and the scholarship of the Irish in far-away times, when the rest of Europe was dark. It is historically true that Ireland did furnish many scholars in the eighth and ninth centuries, not because the Irish were Christians and other men worse, but because the island was remote and comparatively unknown, and free, therefore, from the convulsions which affected the other countries of Europe. An isolated fact like this has nothing to do with the spirit of the Roman Catholic Church. When the only known form of Christianity was the Roman Catholic, Ireland was for a time the refuge of Christian scholars; but since the revival of learning, and the awakening of science, who knows that there is such a country as Ireland? The Catholic Church has always aimed at dominion, and whatever tends to make free the individual man is a thing hateful in the eyes of the Church. This is the prevailing voice of all history. Woe to the men and the nations who heed it not!

NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS.

We have from time to time badgered the Chronicle in our own particular pleasant manner, and hope and intend to again. When it has condescended to worse than trivialities, we have done the haughty despising, when it has published hideous caricatures and called them portraits of notable characters, all our artistic soul has risen against such aesthetic frauds, and when it has run counter to our very special interests we have smitten it hip and thigh, or, at least, tried to. But our interest in the paper—like the mother's in the dangerously cute son—has ever been undoubted, if not at all times apparent, and we are as ready in these days of prosperity to give it a helping hand as ever we were, when, whether it would live to see another birthday was a matter of speculation. A recent announcement in its columns, full of leads and self-consciousness of its growth, shows us two things—first, that it is *determined* to grow still larger, and secondly, that it has already grown too big for its old clothes. Let us take the evidences of the reliability of this announcement in order. It has already a very large circulation, and this circulation it has quietly decided to double within the next three months, and, as far as we can see, the result will justify the decision. The methods it has adopted are simple, effective and smack of strong resolution somewhere, though as it has the modesty to own, "somewhat arbitrary." All its carriers and agents have been notified that unless within a reasonable time they double the number of their subscribers, they must give place to men with more energy and cheek. As an extra inducement, each subscriber is to receive the *present* of Watson's Map of the Western and Pacific States and Territories. This map, of which the proprietors of the *Chronicle* have secured the sole copyright, will be mounted and varnished, and is said to be worth $7. We dislike the method of inducement, especially in the matter of such a paper as the *Chronicle*, which we supposed would have preferred standing on its individual and intrinsic merits. But what have been the results? Has the game of ends and means been a successful one? It seems to us wonderfully so. Within three days only, 1,000 new subscribers have been obtained. Keep it up! Now, then, about its old and new clothes. All this enlarging of the subscription list means large appliances to supply the demand for copies. A stereotype foundry is to be erected in connection with its building on Clay street, in which its forms will be stereotyped. Additions to the printing and folding appliances are in order, and additions of those other machines, editors and reporters are being made. These are improvements and additions indeed, and knowing what our printers' bill every week is, we are not surprised to hear that the attendant aggregate expense will amount to $150,000. Well, we're glad the *Chronicle* is going ahead after this fashion, for it compares in terse, graphic, witty news writing most favorably with the old fogy sheets of this city, which are as inferior to it as the *Chronicle's* best things are to ours, and any comparison stronger than that we can't at present think of. The *Chronicle* is not perfect, if it is, it would die, like the *Bulletin*, of suicidal inflation. Nor is it at all times a paragon of truthfulness, but it has succeeded, and we are sure it will succeed, because we thoroughly believe in the caption of this article, that "Nothing," etc.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

Victor Hugo is said to be dying.—The Count de Paris has announced his recognition of the Bourbon as the legitimate ruling house of France.—A revolt of a serious aspect has taken place among the Japanese farmers, in consequence of the Government having raised the taxes, together with the probable failure of the rice crop.—Pio Nono predicts the return to France of her pristine glory and honor.—It is rumored that Lowe and Ayrton have tendered their resignations as Chancellor of the Exchequer and First Commissioner of Works, respectively.—The betrothal of Prince Arthur and the Princess Thyra is contradicted.—Edmond About has been wounded in a duel with the editor of the *Journal de Paris*.—In Spain, Valencia is being bombarded by the Royalists, Government funds and stores to a large amount have been seized by the Insurgents in Granada, and things are generally every which way, with a decided political topsy-turviness.—The Pope, in view of the stormy state of affairs about him, has wisely desired the postponement of the proposed grand pilgrimage to Rome.—French harvest prospects are good.—Valparaiso has been visited with frequent earthquakes, and Lima with such heavy rain that damage to the amount of half a million dollars resulted therefrom.—The third son of the Khedive of Egypt is to enter the Prussian Dragoon Guards.—The ex-Empress Eugenie is to spend the Autumn months in Scotland.—In the Queen's speech on Tuesday, she returned thanks for the Duke of Edinburgh's extra pocket-money, and considered the English relations with foreign powers, on the whole, most favorable.—Sir John A. McDonald, Premier of Canada, is said to have attempted suicide. "Credit Mobilier and "temporary aberration."

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Golden Chariot has declared its eleventh dividend $3 per share. Belcher its seventeenth $7.—The two Olympic Clubs have been lately reading the fable of "The old man and the bundle of sticks," and have determined to consolidate.—It almost rained on Monday night.—The wonderful safe captured from the officers of the Hop Lo Hi Game Company, when broken open, was found to contain three old hats, two old boots, one old coat, and a tooth-brush.—The fare on Woodward's cars is reduced to five cents. This is fair.—The Government has been saved further expense in the matter of Davis, late prisoner at Alcatraz, killed by a stone falling on his head, last Monday.—F. E. Sutherland takes charge of the local news department of the *Chronicle* next week.—The friends of the Chinaman who lost his arm a day or two ago on the C. P. R. R., refused, with their usual humanity, to burden him with their care and attention, and sent him off to the hospital.—Laura Fair has received satisfaction from those cruel ones who refused to let her exhibit her charms, and ventilate her innocence in Platt's Hall, in the shape of $50, with costs.—$157 were collected by the Poundmaster during the year ending June 30th.—The San Francisco Cadets go East on the 18th. Thank God for that.—Jack Sheppard is doing a thousand miles in a thousand hours at the City Gardens, from here to somewhere, in a little under forty-two days.—Miss Minnie Walton will take her farewell benefit on Wednesday afternoon.—Mr. Goodwin's order introduced in the Board of Supervisors on Monday evening, was the first real step in the right direction. The *illegality* of the Coolie slave trade is the true *point d'appui* from which to operate in stopping the infamous traffic.—The most wonderful escape from death that we have heard of for some time is that of Mr. Dutton's little girl, who fell from a third story window, and was uninjured, solely through her fall having been broken by a clothes-line. Talk about Rutyens and Paul!—No less than thirteen arrests *for* assault and battery on Monday. Black Monday, indeed.—Mrs. Cowles, on Third street, is running a risk of being called "Madame Tussaud," or, worse still, "Old Whacks Works."—Signor Mancuri's troupe leaves New York for San Francisco on the 24th.—Eighty deaths occurred last week.—A car load of Chinese feminine beauty and virtue left on the Southern Pacific on Monday for parts unknown.—Broyles, of Oakland, licked Cook, of the *Torchlight*. Cook remained passive in the broil, and cooked Broyle's goose by suing him. Upshot of the whole, Broyles fined $150, and now Cook wants some one else to lick him.—Barton Hill is in town, prepared to take the managerial post of the California as soon as McCullough goes a-starring—or a-cometing, perhaps.—Lewis Morrison is the new leading man of the California.—We saw the little infant at Woodward's on Sunday, and have been wandering about in search of an appetite ever since.—The street-car companies seem determined to cut their own throats. It is rumored that they are determined no tickets shall be sold except on the cars—four for twenty-five cents.—The annual election of the officers of the Y. M. C. A. was held on Monday. We were grieved to find our name omitted from the ticket.—Paganini is in the charcoal business here, says the *Wrapper*. Yes, and Mendelssohn keeps a shirt store on Kearny street.—The Alhambra nine lost the base-ball match with the Americuses by ten runs.—M. Kupfer, being unable to pay his board bill at the Swiss Hotel, on Commercial street, got out of the difficulty by hanging himself.—The steamer *Whipple* is being repaired.—Incendiaries were at work corner of Market and East streets, Thursday night. In these days of fire epidemics, such gentry require a careful looking after.—An "Infant, mewling and puking," was left, on the same night, at the residence of the Reverend Fathers of St. Ignatius. Of course they knew nothing about it.—Several thousand dollars have already been collected here and sent to the relief of the sufferers by the Portland fire.—The Acclimatizing Society are preparing to stock Alameda Creek with trout. Lake Merced is to receive 250,000 this year.—The Rev. John Lord is about to commence a series of five historical lectures.—There seems at length a chance of the so much needed swimming baths being established here.

REGAL TAXPAYERS.

In Wednesday evening's Bulletin a reward of $20,000 was offered to any one who would prove that Pickering and Fitch owned any real estate in Oakland or Alameda County. In making their great fight for that enormous swindle, the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, accompanied by persistent efforts to injure San Francisco by preventing the Central Pacific from obtaining a terminus on this side of the Bay, Pickering and Fitch constantly hinted at their vast interests in real estate in this city, as proof that they could have no sinister motive for the course they pursued. Being curious to ascertain the actual extent of these "vast interests," we have instituted an examination of the records in the Assessor's and Tax Collector's offices, with the following amazing results. The San Francisco *Bulletin* Co. pay taxes on $20,000 worth of property. Loring Pickering pays taxes on $26,000 of real estate and on $3,400 of personal property. Yet he keeps an expensive carriage drawn by a splendid pair of horses, and lives in a gorgeously furnished house. Deacon Fitch pays taxes on $10,000 worth of real estate, and not a dime on personal property. These are the latest statistics, and they do not show interests so large in this city and county that they might not be counterbalanced by the $100,000 in bonds of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad, which, according to current report, Mr. Pickering received early in July, 1872, as the price for his advocacy (in his two papers, both dailies) of the issue of $10,000,000 in S. F. city bonds to aid that road. There was probably no truth in the report referred to, for we remember distinctly that at the time Brother P. came out in the *Call* and solemnly denied it. Of course, had it been true, he would have made open confession in both newspapers. Nevertheless, it is a fact that for a long time Brother P. had been daily urging people of small means to subscribe to the stock of the Atlantic and Pacific, and also trying to convince the electors of San Francisco that they would do wisely if at the Fall election they should vote in favor of the city's subscribing $10,000,000 of the same stock. Considering the fact that the Atlantic and Pacific Company was at the time notoriously insolvent, and its receipts insufficient to pay the interest on its bonded debt and the costs of operating, this course on the part of Brother Pickering was most singular and disinterested. If he did not get his bribe of that $100,000, in bonds, he certainly earned it.

THE COMING TIME.

The signs of Autumn are upon us. The broad fields are being reft of their glowing harvest. The early fruits and flowers are disappearing from our market stalls and their places are being taken by the later ripening grape or the russet apple. The days shorten and the summer trade winds become variable. The soft south wind comes up vapor-laden on the early morn, and all nature bears the impress of maturity and repose. Autumn is coming, and with it the plenteous dews of early morn and the chill evenings, bidding us cast off our light summer dresses and don those more appropriate to the season. Ever ready ever anticipating the public wants, the White House is already unpacking its Fall goods, just received by steamer, combining that happy medium between the heat of Summer and cold of Winter, and suited to the approaching time. These, however, are but trifles compared with the immense assortment of every thing in their line with which this emporium is filled, and as their motto has ever been "cheap for cash," so no one ever goes away unserved or unsatisfied.

IRRIGATION.

The San Joaquin Valley Argus, in speaking of the advantages of irrigation says: We rode over a portion of the country on the west side of the San Joaquin river this week, and had an opportunity of seeing the advantages of irrigation, by comparing the sterile waste on one side with the lands on the opposite side of the great canal, which were under the fertilizing influences of the abundance of moisture afforded. The lands irrigated have given to the thrifty farmers an abundant harvest of wheat, or are covered with growing and maturing crops of corn, alfalfa, vegetables and fruits in great variety and abundance, making the people's homes attractive and the people themselves contented and happy. The Canal Company having made terms with the farmers in the valley below the present terminus of the canal at the Los Baños, are preparing to extend their great work down through the valley to the Point of Timbers and will soon have a heavy force engaged in enlarging the channel at the upper end and reducing the fall so as to make the canal available for navigation as well as irrigation.

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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23 SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, AUG. 9, 1873. No. 28.

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☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—875@880—SILVER BARS—1½@—Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86¾@87c. Mexican Dollars, 4½@5c., now; 5½c., old.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¾ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 14¾ per cent. On London. Bankers 49⅝@49¾; Commercial 49⅞ @ 49¾; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, August 8, at 3 P. M., 115¾. Latest price of Sterling, 108⅝@108¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO ..... August 8, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask
U S Bonds 5-20s 1865-7-8	102¾	103	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	117	120
U S Bonds 5-20s 1864	101	102	Oak and Ice	105	107
U S Bonds 5-20s 1862	101	102	Spring Valley Water Co	86	87
Legal Tender Notes	86¾	87	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57	99¾	100	Central Railroad Company		—
S F City Bonds, 6s 1855	95	98	N B and Mission R R Co	51	—
S F City and Co Bonds, 6s, '58	93	—	Front St, M and O R R Co	16	18
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins Co	65	70
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	88	91	Union Insurance Co	90	93
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	—	Pacific Bank	80	96
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	88	91	The Bank of California	125	127
San Francisco Gas Light Co	67	67½	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

EUREKA CONSOLIDATED MINING COMPANY.

The following facts and figures concerning the Eureka Consolidated mine (a brief notice of which appeared in our issue of two weeks since) will, we think, be of interest to our readers. A new Superintendent, in the person of P. C. Buckminster, an old and experienced miner, was recently placed in charge of the mine. During the last two weeks there has been a very marked improvement, both in the amount of bullion produced and in its quality. From the usual five to eight tons bullion produced it has now increased to say fifteen tons per day. On the 3d of August it amounted to seventeen tons, assaying $346 per ton in gold and silver, and the usual $100 in lead. The first six days' working in August amounted to about $58,000. The production of the mine this month will probably reach at least $175,000. Expenses, $75,000; gross profits, $100,000. Have five good furnaces. Have two furnaces in operation. Work about 80 tons of ore per day. From five to six tons of ore makes one ton bullion. Are now smelting about 15 tons bullion per day. Present assay of bullion, from $200 to $340 per ton in gold and silver, and $100 per ton in lead. Approximate cost of working ore, shipping bullion and incidentals, per day, say $2,000. Approximate present profits of mine per day, say $3,500.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

August 7th, 1873.—Since our report of 22d ult., there has been no material change in the market, and prices rule about the same. The market is, and has been, quiet for some days past, but has been characterized by a general firmness among holders who are not at all disposed to make concessions. Reports from Eastern markets encourage us to expect activity, and at not less rates than those now ruling. We quote "Oregon," 24@27c., "Nevada," 18@22½c., choice "California," 23@25c.; average, 19@22c.; inferior, 16½@18c. Wools with burs or seeds, from 3 to 5 cents ℔ lb. less according to amount of burs and seed. Receipts of "Spring" up to date, are "California and Nevada," 16,239,497 lbs. "Oregon" 1,082,450. Of "Fall" not enough has yet arrived to give us a basis for an opinion as to prospective prices. In New York, good "Fall" is quoted at 23@24c. currency, or about 15@16c. gold here, without counting the shippers' margin of at least 1c. ℔ lb. WATT & MCLENNAN, Wool Com'n Merchants, 635 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, Aug. 8th, 1873.—Gold opened at 115⅜; 11 A. M. at 115⅝, 3 P. M. at 115⅝. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 117¾; 1867, 119⅝. Sterling Exchange, 109@109¼. Pacific Mail, 39⅝. Quicksilver Mining Company, 38. Wheat, $1 55@$1 65 quiet. Pork, 117⅝, dull. Cotton, 20¼. Hides, dry, 23@23¼, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 40@$1 42 fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 65@$1 70, Whale, quiet, 58 @ 65c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 68@73c. Wool—Spring, fine, 20@38c.; Burry, 16@22c.; Pulled, 30@45c. Fall Clips, 16@25c.; Burry, 14@17c. LONDON, Aug. 8th.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 11s. 8d.@12s. Club, 12s.3d.@12s.4d. United States Bonds, 90¾. Consols, 92⅝@92¾; ac., 92¾.

Real Estate Bargains.—We are privately advised that Henry M. Newhall, Esq., has purchased the palatial mansion and grounds of Ben Holladay, Esq., S.W. corner of Van Ness Avenue and Sutter street, including the Parisian furniture therein, all complete, just as it stands. We presume the purchase money was something less than $100,000—a good bargain, cheap for cash.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

Who knows? We refer to the recent attack of the railroad organ—that is, the *Sacramento Record*—on the prominent capitalists in this city with whom negotiations for the sale of the road were so nearly successful a short time since. In fact everybody thought the sale consummated at the time, and the public were jubilant over it, but somehow it slipped up, and we have heard it intimated that the railroad folks were much vexed thereat. But this open attack upon those parties—what does it mean? It must mean something. Such wonderfully wise people would hardly make a move of that sort unless it meant something. We will just be hanged if we know what it means, and we have inquired of people who ought to know, but nobody can tell. It is a perfect stunner. Everybody is astonished and bewildered by it, and the devil is gratified, together with Fitch and Pickering. It is a muddle—or rather, we should say a mud-puddle—in which the railroad magnates seem to be regaling themselves with a bath, and trying to spatter their dirty water on people who wear good clothes. The parties attacked have all along been recognized as among the best friends of the railroad company, have given them countenance and support under all their troubles, loaned them money to the tune of hundreds of thousands, and even millions of dollars, and probably now hold their obligations for nearly enough to buy the road. What the deuce, then, *does* it mean? We can solve the question in but one way, they must be crazy. *Quem deus vult perdere, prius dementat.*

The San Francisco Journal of Commerce is the name of an eight day advertising placard sheet of great pretentions. Its pages, however, belie its title. It is altogether too Morphyish to suit the San Francisco merchants; but it will answer for Pike County, and for a backwoodsman fond of pictures and illustrated nostrums. It is to be likened unto some of the nondescripts of which we read. The commercial information it contains is the weeding out of its exchanges, compiled by a greenhorn, who knows nothing of the subjects of which he discourses. It is a puff for the masses, a regular penny-a-line sheet, well calculated to deceive all who put any degree of reliance in its information. It is simply the quintessence of bosh from the beginning to its end.

Burglars Around.—A few nights since the dwelling house of Wm. B. Bourne, the millionaire, on Taylor street, Northwest corner of Sacramento street, was entered by burglars. The family was out of town, but old "two per cent." was quietly sleeping in his chamber, and was not disturbed, while the thieves enjoyed themselves hugely in his dining room and parlors, testing his fine Old Bourbon, tearing up his gilt-edged books, breaking and bending his plated ware, and doing other dirty work about the premises. As to the quantity of diamonds and other valuables taken we are not advised, but the loan will, without doubt, be negotiated on very easy terms. Just try it on for once, and see the old fellow.

Bank of British North America.—The report confirms the previous intimation we made that a dividend would be declared of 50s. per share, or at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, and adds that an increase of £37,853 has been made to the "rest," which is thus raised to £302,213. We may mention that the late Manager of our California branch agency, Thomas Menzies, Esq., (in the absence of Mr. Walker, the present leading partner in the house of Falkner, Bell & Co., of this city, who is about to proceed to Europe,) will fill the position of managing partner, a responsibility which will engage, if possible, a greater amount of confidence than that hitherto shown to every member of this old established house of agency.

The Taxpayers have nominated Stewart Menzies Supervisor for the First Ward, and the Democrats, no doubt, will follow suit. He has ever upheld the interests of the people, and his worst enemy (if he has one) could only accuse him of being too honest to please all. He is the stamp of man we want, "*sans peur et sans reproche.*"

Poor Mrs. Harris has had another very bad attack of her old complaint, "alcoholic fever." She was entirely prostrated for some days, over the bay, but thanks to the nursing of the police, has now almost recovered. She sent an apology for her non-appearance in the *News Letter*, but it was illegible.

An Excellent Nomination.—The Democratic Convention have done a sagacious thing in nominating William Cassebohm for the office of City Treasurer. He is an old resident, whom every one knows, esteems, and trusts. A better nomination could not have been made.

The British steamship Lord of the Isles, in Macondray's Hongkong Line, is now taking on board her new shaft made at the Risdon Iron Works in this city. An effort will be made to dispatch her to China this month.

Davis, mad because he was assessed $50,000, says the Taxpayers will nominate an Assessor on their ticket. Why don't they nominate a President at once? It's all the same to Rosener.

Virginia City is getting water from the Sierra Nevadas. More particulars in our next.

James Otis, Esq., received the nomination for Mayor, last night, on the Taxpayers' ticket.

Three of the Modoc prisoners are to be shot.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

HANS' BABY

So help me gracious, efery day
I laugh me vild to saw der vay
My small, young baby dries to play—
Dot funny leetle baby.

When I look of dem leetle toes,
Und saw dot funny leetle nose,
Und heard der vay dot rooster crows,
I shmile like I was crazy.

Und when I heard der real nice vay
Dhem beoples to my vife dhey say
"More like his fader* every day,"
I vas so broud like blazes.

Sometimes dhere comes a leetle schqeall,
Dot's vhen der vindy vind vill crawl,
Righd in his leetle schtomach schmall,
Dot's too bad for der baby.

Dot makes him sing at night so schveet,
Und gorryborric he must eat,
Und I must chump shbry on my feet
To help dot leetle baby.

He bulls my nose und kicks my hair,
Und grawls me ofer everywhere,
Und shlobbers me—but vat I care?
Dot vas my schmall young baby.

Around my head dot leetle arm
Vas schqueezin me so nice and varm—
Oh! may dhere nefer come some harm
To dot shmall leetle baby.

*Dot vas me himself.

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A lady correspondent in London writes to us as follows:—Those ladies (and there are some in the world) who look back to the days of their youth and regret the fashions of by-gone days will hail with delight [illegible] new style of [illegible] sleeves. It has a new name of course, the "Bishop" [illegible], but it is in very deed the "leg of mutton" sleeve of thirty years ago, and I have no doubt it will grow into the "Bishop" [illegible] of the [illegible] the full sleeves which are so excessively [illegible] to arms and shoulders of every shape. At present the type of the [illegible] fashion is a puff [illegible] round the top of the arm, reaching about [illegible] from the shoulder to the elbow, the end of the sleeve to the wrist being quite tight fitting. These sleeves are made with costumes of two colors or shades, and the [illegible] puffs are of the color of the trimmings. I saw a lady drive by [illegible] on Saturday last in a costume of [illegible] and dead leaf brown and the sleeves were made as I have described, the puffs being purple. The effect is [illegible] than anything that France has sent us in the way of novelty for a long time. Although the chignon proper is a thing of the past, and we no longer see masses of false hair hanging from the back of a lady's head, [illegible] in the frightful deformity of a few months since, there is as much add[itional] hair worn as ever, only now it is on the top of the head, generally with a huge [illegible] throughout. Ladies change their hair as they do their dresses, and have sufficient for morning, evening, and visiting, according to the style of dress they adopt for those occasions. Mourning head-dresses are now by the height of absurdity, yet the hair is made to partake of the character of the dress and the state of the supposed state of the feelings. I had a widow's coil in my hand the other day at a fashionable hairdresser's. It was a simple twist of hair to be worn round the head for the widow's cap to rest upon. I learned to my astonishment that curls are not considered mourning, and that a severely [illegible] head-dress is correct for a time of heavy affliction, growing lighter and more careless as the dress and heart grow lighter too. What lady will dye their hair for mourning by and bye I wonder! No height of absurdity seems too great for them to reach. Gold lace and [illegible] are very much worn this season. The gold embroidery on a thin crape-like material, which formed the draperies of the Princess of Wales and her sister at the State ball last week is very fashionable, though very costly. I saw a [illegible] dress in brown (which, by the way, is a very fashionable color this season), trimmed with white and gold. I don't like the fashion—it has a stagey appearance, but ladies who have something new. Another old fashion is being revived in the carved sticks and handles to ladies' parasols and umbrellas. Many that I have seen are extremely beautiful, and [illegible] extensive, the carving on them being the work of years. I had an exquisite specimen of Indian ivory carving in my hand the other day. It was a parasol handle sent over as a present to a bride. The handle was very thick, and round it wound a procession of a true Eastern ceremonial. There were elephants, camels, palanquins, soldiers, and all the addenda of such an occasion. The masses of people were represented with wonderful accuracy, and the figures, being large at the handle end, grew smaller and smaller till they reached the tip, which was finished with a little elephant that would stand on a [illegible], with a howdah and driver on his back. The box made to contain this beautiful trifle was in itself a curiosity, being of bone, mosaic pattern of ivory and silver so fine it was difficult to see the pieces which formed the pattern.

LADIES' SUMMER COSTUMES.

The charming promenade and indoor toilets, made of such materials as cambric, [illegible] foulard, and washing satin are increasing in number every day. The washing satins make very effective underskirts for white muslin dresses for young ladies married or single. They are very silky in appearance, and make such handsome drapery. If the best quality is purchased—which is always desirable—it washes well, and retains its color to the last, and there is not a fourth of the expense of a silk of inferior quality.

Washing dresses are ornamented in such a manner that the trimmings are not injured by washing, and the drapery of the tunic is arranged to be unfastened. This is managed by the substitution of strings, which can be tied and untied for the usual sewn plaits and folds. Fluted frills and plaiting wash better than anything, but crossway bands and puffings get up very well, if entrusted to a careful laundress.

Ribbon trimmings are very fashionable. Though comparatively expensive, they are not uneconomical wear, as they can be transferred from one dress to another. The designs and [illegible] worn are innumerable, and new varieties make their appearance every day. They almost all have [illegible] round the throat.

Frills and ruffs round throats of high or open dresses are much worn, but ladies of fashion do not carry them to the exaggerated extent and outre [illegible] of many seen in shop windows. There will always, unfortunately, be persons who are only attracted by eccentric lines, but all extremes are avoided by real elegance.

If a dress is composed of two colors, every single portion and article of the whole toilet must reproduce the two colors. For instance, a blue and green dress, or blue dress trimmed with green, would look extremely vulgar and in bad taste, accompanied by a brown bonnet and green parasol, or vice versa. In spite of these colors being the same as the dress. The bonnet must be of the two colors, the parasol also. In the latter case, it is very easy. Ribbon bows are always fastened to the top of every fashionable umbrella, and, of course, these would be arranged to carry out the colors of the toilet.

First of all colors the pale colors are most elegantly worn, the brilliant tints are reserved for indoor and evening wear. There are some lovely new shades of green, very suitable to the season. A prettier or more summer-like combination of color than white and green is impossible. Most of the light green dresses we have seen have been either covered or trimmed with white lace.

The styles of dresses now worn may be divided into three, with, of course, a few subdivisions and varieties, the robe de chambre for indoor morning wear, the costumes for walking or indoor wear, and the robe drapee or long dress.

The robe de chambre "Princesse" is the favorite shape, cut all in one, going to the figure, but not fitting closely.

It is worthy of notice that the throats of high bodices, whatever style or material, are cut very slightly pointed in front. This is to allow of the frills being generally worn setting a little away from the throat, instead of close round. The costumes of other materials are made walking length, and, of course, are not so restricted as to the style of their trimming.

Mantles are much more worn than has been the case for two or three seasons. Some are very elegant and effective, profusely ornamented.

The evening dresses are of lighter colors and more diaphanous materials than ever. For young unmarried ladies nothing is so elegant or so becoming as white trimmed with colored flowers or ribbons.

Why is a false friend like the letter P?—Because, though always first in pity, he is ever last in help.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 431 California St. Merchants' Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital $75,000. Officers: [illegible] H. Redington, President; [illegible] H. H. Ward, Vice-President; [illegible] Secretary; [illegible] Marine Secretary; H. H. Dighton, General Manager. [illegible] — Feb. 17.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $[illegible]. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco: [illegible]. Gustave Touchard, President. N. G. Kittle, Vice-President. Charles D. Haven, Secretary. Geo. T. Bohen, Surveyor. — Oct. 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. [illegible] California street, in Tucker's New Bank Building, Northeast corner [illegible] and [illegible] streets, San Francisco. The Company transacts a GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business. [illegible] C. W. Kellogg, President. H. G. Hazen, Secretary. — May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets to No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building [illegible]. Geo. C. Boardman, General Agent. Wm. Macdonald, Agent. — Nov. 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLIONS DOLLARS. [illegible] the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Laws. Wallace Everson, General Agent. April 25.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome streets, over Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000. Accumulated Funds, upwards of $[illegible]. Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance $[illegible]. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. Booker, Agent, No. 319 California street, San Francisco. Jan. 17. The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of [illegible] hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin. Falkner, Bell & Co., Agents for California, No. [illegible] California street. Feb. 8.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 708 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. [illegible] Bremen Fire Insurance Company. [illegible] Morris Speyer & Co., General Agents. Jan. 25.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every Information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, the free grants of land, [illegible] will be supplied to intending settlers [illegible] W. H. Adamson, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 511 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind. Feb. 15. Francis & Valentine, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

WANTED,

By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife, the management of a respectable Hotel, town or country. First class references. Letters addressed "[illegible]," care of News Letter will receive attention. July 5.

WANTED.

The advertiser, a competent Accountant, desires employment in a mercantile establishment. Please address "W.," care of News Letter. [July 5.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. John D. Yost, San Francisco.] Jan. 1. [H. S. Crocker, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers, Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco. [illegible] Fairchild's Gold Pens and Pencils. [April 19.]

CURLE & CO.

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, [illegible], No. 18 [illegible] Building, Montgomery street, San Francisco, Ca. May [illegible]

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co., Wm. Young, Husband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hodges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co., Thomas Turren, Wayle, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co., W. [illegible] Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanarsloth & Fils; Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co., Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Frazer & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Govern or of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Ballozzi Freres, Jacques, Allen & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Pittle, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange, Börsen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce, Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Bla[illegible] & Co., A. Willard, Esq., James H. Langley.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie., Wanner, Langer & Co., C. Dubois & Co., Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. B. Merchant.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co., Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring Bros. & Co., Denny, Laws & Co., Frk. Anelle, M.D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co., Alsop & Co., Heath, Granning & Co., Bates, Stokes & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Lord Ha[illegible].
Lisbon—Lisbon Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortill, Excellentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co., Th[illegible] La Carle & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fills & Co., Bourse de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co.; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Sumner & Co., McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co.; Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Letchman & Co. Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co.; Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Martin & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimerman, Fair & Co.

COURT CHAT.

The great London jewelers are represented at the Vienna Exhibition by Hancock and crowds of gazers are always swarming round his stall, although some of his rarest ornaments are secreted in caskets. The counter attractions held out by the Austrian jewelers and the Russians, bland are considerable are very great, and in the excellence of their taste the former need scarcely fear rivalry. But in two respects, perhaps, the English keep the advantage—in the minute care bestowed on their work, and in the last [illegible] of the stones. Thus, when an English jeweler is arranging gems for a masterpiece, he scarcely grudges money to procure perfect [illegible] for particular stones, for he can only obtain the fancy price he means to ask by giving fancy prices himself for anything that may suit his purpose. Chief in value of all that Hancock has to show is a coronet in diamonds and emeralds, sold to Lord Dudley on the eve of his leaving England. Some of the diamonds are of great size, and a lot of extraordinary cetre while the larger ones are of the very purest water. One pair that correspond precisely in shape and size were only obtained after long waiting, from old earrings that chanced to come into the market. The drop emeralds in facets that surmount it are equally pure in their way. Less magnificent, but more graceful, are some smaller sprays of brilliants, arranged to flash and tremble at the slightest movement of the head, large cinnamon-colored Indian stones being set in the center. There is a ruby in diamond setting that would have commanded a [illegible] but for a dimness cloud in it that is scarcely perceptible at a distance, and there are splendid sets of black, grey, and pink pearls, exceedingly rare and proportionately valuable. It will be hard to persuade any one who comes back to inspect Messrs. Hancock's jewelry, after paying a visit to their foreign competitors, that the English practice of setting diamonds in silver is not the true one.

The Duke of San Teodoro, a well-known character, has died at Naples. By his demise Lord Hargreave's widow, who married the Duc de San Arpino, becomes a Duchess of San Teodoro, and the duke's younger brother, Signor Caracciolo, succeeds to the second ducal title. The old duke was well known and much liked in Paris. He had the misfortune to break his leg in the Avenue de l'Imperatrice some years ago, when his ghost [illegible] from the jet of water squirted at them by a playful [illegible]. Dickens describes a mad [illegible] the old tune of on [illegible] who used to ep[illegible] the [illegible] on the people's heads as they passed under [illegible] when he was "in spirits." When these terrible dusters happen to be in spirits they squirt at the horses, and occasionally lay the Gods in the dust, but they have been much more subdued of late.

One of the most famous jewelers of Paris exhibited to the Shah his collection of jewels, and he purchased at the price of 600,000 francs a collar of pearls, and for [illegible] francs a diamond bracelet, which is intended for the wife of Marshal MacMahon. He also purchased many articles for his harem. The Shah [illegible] the Grand Vizier everything which was shown him—girdles, collars, and [illegible]. He afterwards examined arms of different models and was about to fire [illegible] from the window when he was reminded by the Grand Vizier that he might possibly wound some one. The Shah laughed and put aside the rifle.

At Marlborough House a mark-book is kept to show how the Royal children progress in their studies, and how far their general conduct is praiseworthy. This mark book is diligently inspected by the Prince of Wales from time to time, who takes the greatest interest in it. It is [illegible] proficiency and behavior. The Queen's journal tells us that this was the practice of the late Prince Consort, and perpetuated by his son, it is an evidence of the good effects of early training.

The Shah's first breakfast in Paris consisted of bread made by a Persian baker and a cup of goat's milk. All the meat eaten at the Palace in which His Majesty is staying is killed on the premises by the member of the suite who has [illegible] been taken from execution [illegible]. Eight sheep, three lambs, and twenty chickens fall in a day beneath his knife. The coach houses of the Palais Bourbon are occupied with all sorts of animals pronounced clean by Mohammet, intended for the tables of the Shah and his suite.

Amongst the articles bought by the Shah is a bicycle. It is not supposed that will exercise on it, but it will, no doubt, be the source of much enjoyment and of eager competition to his Majesty's extensive family. The English jewelry, electroplated goods, silks, and other fabrics, and last, but by no means least, English paintings, have so captivated the Persian suite, that their luggage was increased to an enormous extent.

On the ex-Queen of Spain's departure from the station of Florence three Irish [illegible] of the name of Mac[illegible] offered her a bouquet of flowers and the ex-Queen was graciously pleased to offer them her hand to kiss. Her Majesty had some difficulty in getting into the railway carriage on account of her size, but no one attempted to assist her, Spanish etiquette forbidding any one to touch the Queen.

It is said that when the Shah was at the Opera he fell asleep under the soothing effects of the music, but suddenly waking up just as the stage was crowded with ballet dancers beginning their pirouettes, he rubbed his eyes, and still, partially oblivious of the place and occasion, said, turning to the Grand Vizier, while he pointed to the stage, "*Buy them all.*"

It is said that Her Majesty the Queen of Spain brought some splendid presents to Pope, consisting of church vestments embroidered in gold and set with precious stones, 24 gold plates for the Pope's table, 12 cups, tumblers, and vases of admirable workmanship and other requirements for a dinner table. On the bottom of each article the arms of Castile, with the Bourbon *fleur de lis*, are engraved.

The Empress of the French will visit the north of Scotland about the second week in August, and, so far as arrangements are at present made, will stay at Braemar for a few days. The Empress is not in strong health, and has been advised to be absent from Chislehurst on the 15th of August, the anniversary of the natal *fete*, as the excitement might be injurious.

The kalloun which the Shah smokes on ceremonious occasions is covered all over with pearls, brilliants, rubies, and emeralds; its value is said to be eighty thousand pounds sterling. This base sum, if converted it to consols, would produce an income of £2,400 per annum. Assuredly, the plant is duly honored at the Court of Teheran.—*Cope's Tobacco Plant.*

The Shah did London incognito one evening during his stay. He went out en *civile* with a British chimney-pot hat, took a cab, and self and English companions went into life in general. Certain places which ought to be seen, but which it would have been *infra dig* to have been known to visit as the Shah-in-Shah, were "done."

At Stafford House the Shah saw English dancing for the first time, and was much amused when waltzing began. He stood in a gallery looking down upon the ball-room laughing heartily. He thought it was a play performed for his amusement.

The bowl of the Shah's pipe is of massive gold, enriched with diamonds, the stem, which is about 18 inches long, is composed of what appears to be a single piece of amber, set with rubies and brilliants, the whole weighing about three pounds.

We understand a marriage is arranged and will shortly take place between Mr. J. B. Miller, of the 8th King's Royal Irish Hussars, and Miss Eyre, second daughter of Mr. John Eyre, of Eyrecourt Castle, Eyrecourt, county Galway.

"Here I see the sun again, and I am reminded of my country," said the Shah to MacMahon. Flattering to France to be likened to Persia.

The Fanfulla of Rome [illegible] us that during the past two months the Pope has received as presents upwards of two millions of francs.

If words imply anything, the family motto of President MacMahon is certainly a [illegible]. It is "*J'y suis, j'y reste.*"

The third son of the Khedive of Egypt is to enter the Prussian Dragoon Guards, in order to obtain a military education.

AT GREAT REDUCTION, BY ALL STEAMERS ROUND THE WORLD.

One Hundred and Five Routes to VIENNA; Seventy-two Routes to Italy, Thirty Routes to [illegible], Belgium and the Rhine, Thirty Routes to Ireland, Scotland, and England. Full particulars in COOK'S EXCURSIONIST, American House.

COOK, SON & JENKINS, 262 Broadway, New York. May 31.]

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new [illegible] ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice land sites lots and lots for small farming purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash by the Directors. Also, [illegible] in [illegible] monthly installments of $[illegible]. As a shipping point for manufacturers [illegible] equaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent Decoto Land Company, 621 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 31.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares [illegible] of the Principal Towns [illegible]. [illegible] the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc., Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly. A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F. Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all News dealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on the [illegible] for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, [illegible] Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and [illegible] the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family [illegible]. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes [illegible] greater power cost [illegible] and upwards [illegible]. The Universal [illegible]. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan. Oct. 26.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Men's Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes [illegible]. March 20. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S.F.

NOTICE.

Mr. William Matrick (or Maycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or of Hanley, Staffordshire, England. You are hereby informed that your daughter, MISS ELIZA DUNN, [illegible] in San Francisco, [illegible]. Any one [illegible] address [illegible] "Bureau for the Pacific Coast," Merchant street, San Francisco. June 21.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, [illegible]. Having completed my arrangements for making country collections, they are now [illegible]. Every attention will be given [illegible] and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 14.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris. [March 29.]

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 2.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

C. MAIN.] **MAIN & WINCHESTER** [E. D. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, [illegible] Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, of late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street, S. F. March 8.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

C. L. CRACKBON.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 1.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 29.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 12.

STUART SELDEN WRIGHT,

Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law.—Offices, Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California street, up stairs. April 5.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

APPLE BLOSSOMS.

Loaded with blossoms the green sweetings lean,
Tossing their snowy flakes over the green,
Breathing their sweets through the closed window screen,
Waking in memory's hall
Music of voices that long time have slumbered,
Loveliglit of faces that long have been numbered
With the bright spirits from earth disencumbered—
Brought back at the sweet blossoms' call.

The sweetings have bloomed seven times since I made
A wreath of their buds for a dear little maid
Who left us that day for her bridal arrayed,
Sweet as the blossoms she wore.
She was the youngest, my sweet little sister;
Tears drowned her bright smile, as weeping I kissed her.
Then she went from us; for three years I missed her,
Ere she was with us once more.

With us to die—so she said when she came,
Climate had shattered the delicate frame;
Eyes showed how surely the soul's burning flame
From ashes would soon burst away.
When the green sweetings their blossoms were throwing
Over the road, all the garden bestrewing,
Just as this morning you see they are doing,
Here in this chamber she lay.

A new blossom opened in heaven that day;
The soul-flame had burst from its ashes away.
The apple trees shed all their blossoms that day,
And freighted the air with perfume.
These sweet apple blossoms! she loved them so dearly,
And they, in their beauty, seem like her so nearly,
That of her they bring me fresh whisperings yearly,
Like dew upon Memory's bloom.

—*Clara Clayton, in Galaxy of August*, 1873.

THE UNCONVENTIONAL IRISHMAN.

I go to Ireland most years, partly because it is cheap. Being a poor parson with the inevitably large family, mostly boys, I find I save money by dressing them in Irish frieze, and feeding them on Irish mutton at sixpence a pound, besides (I hope) doing some little good to my country at the same time. *Tha shaker mac agam* (I have six sons) is a sure passport to every Irish-speaking person's heart. "God bless them, and give you comfort with them!" is the reply. "And sure these you've brought with you are fine boys indeed. And does your wife live sir? And so you've come to show them what old Ireland is like." Faith, I wish they could have seen it years agone. I was a great sight better than now, more's the pity, and bad luck to them that's made it what it is, but it's a fine country still, the Lord be praised!" This is the sort of talk, kindly but commonplace enough. Indeed, a journey in Ireland is the best antidote [illegible] the [illegible] conventional nonsense of playwrights and novelists who have delighted in painting the Irishman as he is not. You quickly find out that you are not going to have an adventure at every turn. The people you meet in railway carriages are just like other folks, a little more earnest and emphatic in manner, very generally with a touch of sadness. They will sit by you for miles without saying a word. Jokes and good things do not drop from their mouths as from that of the conventional Pat of the books. But take the kindly to them, show them that you have ever so slender a claim on their confidence, and they soon warm to you. I have always found them, too, most scrupulously honorable in their dealings when they shewn company of the reverse I feel sure the fault is with the fault-finders.—*Belgravia*.

We publish the following by request: Headquarters Department of Arizona, Prescott, July 15, 1873. General Orders, No. 24.—In carrying out the provisions of General Order No. 12, current series, from these headquarters which required the continuance of military operations against the straggling bands of Apaches still remaining at large, the officers engaged have fully sustained the confidence placed in them, and the following brilliant results have been recently attained: 1st. Capt. George M. Randall, Twenty-third Infantry, surrounded and captured the remnant of Del-chay's band with that notorious chief himself, in the Sierra Ancha Mountains, on the 22d of April. 2d. The operations of the troops under Capt. Thomas McGregor, First Cavalry, in the Santa Maria Mountains, resulted in the surrender of Tomaspie's entire band of Apache-Mojaves, on the 12th ultimo. 3d. The operations of First Lieutenant J. B. Babcock, Fifth Cavalry, in Tonto Basin, and his brilliant action on the 16th ultimo, resulted in the surrender of the two bands of Tonto-Apaches under Na-ta-tel-el and Naqui-naquis. 4th. Reports have just been received of the operations of Capt. James Burns, Fifth Cavalry, in Castle Dome and Santa Maria Mountains, resulting in the unconditional surrender of over two hundred Apache-Mojaves believed to be the last remnant of all the straggling renegades in Northern Arizona. The foregoing named officers and First Sergeant Thomas Hanlon and Sergeant Patrick Martin, Company "G," Fifth Cavalry, are hereby thanked for their efficient services in the laborious task so thoroughly completed. These operations have not only had the effect of bringing in upon their proper reservations all the stragglers in Northern Arizona, but have also taught them already, that no place outside of the limits prescribed is safe, and that, while the Government lends a helping and protecting hand to all Indians who wish to remain at peace and try to help themselves in peaceful pursuits, it still remains strong to punish those who prefer war and the fruits of plunder. By command of Brevet Major-General Crook.

A. H. Nickerson, Captain Twenty-third Infantry, A. D. C., and A. A. A. Gen'l.

Official: Aide-de-Camp.

JUDICIAL SATIRE.

A Judge had brought before him a poor sailor charged with bigamy. The culprit pleaded guilty, and, on being asked if he had anything to say why the usual sentence should not be passed, said, "May it please your lordship, my wife ran away with another man, and left me with a family of children whom my duties at [illegible] hardly enabled me to take care of without another wife. What ought I to have done?" "Prisoner," said his lordship sternly, "I will tell you what you ought to have done. You ought to have employed a posse of police to pursue that erring wife and to have established a case of *crim. con.* against her; you ought then to have gone up to the House of Lords, and secured from their [illegible] a divorce, and then married again. You may say a procedure would have cost you £500 or £600, whereas you have not so many pence. But, prisoner, that makes no difference. It is my business, sitting here as an English Judge, to inform you that this is not a country where there is one law for the rich and another for the poor."

Italian Opera.—The coming Italian Opera season in New York will, if the present arrangements are carried out, be a very brilliant one. First, as *prima donna assoluta*, there will be Mme. Christine Nilsson, who, it is stated, is even in better voice than when there before. Then there will be a young lady who has but recently made her *debut* with triumphant success in London, Mdlle. Torriani. The third *prima donna* will be Mdlle. Maresi, concerning whom the most flattering accounts come from Milan and Vienna. The three tenors will be Capoul, Campanini and Italo Campanini has won his reputation in *Les Huguenots* and *Faust*. The other members of the company have acquired a certain amount of celebrity [illegible] in a word, and when we add that the whole arrangements will be directed by the brothers Strakosch, there is little doubt of the success of the season.

England raised 16,000,000 bushels of wheat a century ago—now [illegible] a year. How came the increase is suggested in part by the fact that, since 1837, she has imported over $150,000,000 worth of bones, as fertilizers.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL BUILDING.

Office of Board of City Hall Commissioners, Corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, July 19, 1873.—Sealed proposals for furnishing certain material for a portion of the New City Hall Building and Hall of Records will be received at the office of the Board, until 12 o'clock, noon, of FRIDAY, the 22d day of August, A. D. 1873, for the following: 8,000,000 Bricks; 4,000 barrels Lime; 8,000 barrels Cement. And until 12 o'clock, noon, of WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of October, A. D. 1873, for the following: Rolled Iron Joists, Wrought Iron Girders. All according to specifications, schedule, plans and drawings, to be furnished by the Board.

No bid will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Forms of Proposal," and [illegible]

The specifications, schedule, plans and drawings can be seen and all further information obtained at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposal will be furnished to bidders.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly, in "City Hall Warrants," of 75 per cent. of the estimated amounts due, and the remaining 25 per cent. when the contract is completed. The expense of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.

P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. H. McLANE,
July 26. Board of City Hall Commissioners.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore. The favor it has received and the popularity it has obtained is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM
A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12

GOODWIN, WEST & CO.,

Manufacturers of the "Goodwin" Rotary Pump (to which was awarded the Gold Medal at the last State Agricultural Fair.)
Deep Well and Mining Pumps; Irrigating Pumps,
Of from 100,000 to 5,000,000 gallons capacity per day. FORCE PUMPS, specially adapted to Wind Mills and Horse Power. SHIP PUMPS, WARRANTED NOT TO CHOKE with Wheat or Sand. Office, No. 5 First street, near Market,
July 26. San Francisco.

JOHN V. PLUME & CO.,

Formerly of Burgoyne & Co., Bankers, 319 California street, San Francisco. Dealers in Bills of Exchange. Government Bonds, Stocks, Commercial Paper and all other Negotiable securities. [illegible] Collections in Holland and foreign promptly made [illegible] United States and Europe with quick returns. Refer by permission to Messrs. Lloyd Tevis & J. B. Haggin, Hon. Milton S. Latham, Manager London and San Francisco Bank, Hon. Thos. H. Selby, ex-Mayor, John Parrott, Esq., Judge S. C. Hastings, William H. Tillinghast, Esq., Manager Bank British Columbia, Gustave Touchard, Esq., President Union Insurance Co. July 26.

HOMESTEADS THAT ARE HOMES

Persons in want of Houses are requested to examine the plans of those now being erected upon that beautiful property on Pacific Heights, on the block bounded by Pacific, Scott, Webster and Jackson streets, commanding the most magnificent view of any location in the city, and accessible by cars, which pass the doors. These Elegant Houses are built in the best manner, and will be sold ON A CREDIT OF SIX YEARS. Plans and specifications at the office of JOHN T. LITTLE, Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. [July 26.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Savings, declared a dividend for the half year ending June 30th, 1873, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum on term, eight per cent. per annum on class one ordinary, and six per cent. per annum on class two ordinary deposit, free of Federal tax. Payable on and after July 11th, 1873. By order. [July 26.] G. M. CONDEE, Cashier.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

No. 20 Wall street, New York.—Exchange on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort, Bremen, Vienna. Cable Transfers. Circular Letters, Commercial Credits, on
JAY COOKE, McCULLOCH & CO.,
Cable Transfers on Vienna direct. [July 26.] 41 Lombard street, London.

PROPOSALS

Are invited for from 100 to 500 tons Compact Asphaltum. Samples required. F. MADGE, Secretary Imperishable Pavement Co.,
July 26. Room 64 Merchants' Exchange.

YOU CAN GET THE OLD TIME HAVANA PLANTATION CIGARS

At the Custom House Cigar Store, 518 Battery street, at $7 per hundred. IMITATION PLANTATION at $4 50 per hundred. All the fine brands of Imported and Domestic Havana Cigars by the box at jobbing rates.
July 12. H. H. McLELLAN & CO., 518 Battery st., opp. Custom House.

WANTED,

By a middle aged lady of respectability (a widow) a situation as housekeeper in a small family, or as matron of a hospital or sick nurse. Good references can be given. Has no objection to going into the country. Address MATRON, at this office. July 12.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 415 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
George Hamlin, Manager Nov. 11.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the News Letter in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave orders at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 413 Clay street. We take measures and put them up complete. [May 1.] J. McCREEDY & CO.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan 4. No. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THE COURT THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Barros Allaera.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry [illegible]
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamulz & Co, "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co, Hall, Gemming & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Matheson & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r W. [illegible] Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Matheson & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

Belgium—Consul General—S. Morhange, Grand Hotel. Consul F. Grisar, N. W. cor. Broadway and Sansome.
Chile—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanueva, U. S. Court Building. Consul—H. Barroilhet, 324 Montgomery street.
Denmark—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 520 California street.
Ecuador—Consul—Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
France—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 424 Jackson st.
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice Consul.
Guatemala—Consul—Leon C. Hamm, 204 California street.
German Empire—Consul—C. A. Lindenberg, Sacramento.
Greece—Consul—Vacant.
Hawaiian Islands—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front.
Honduras—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
Italy—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 602 Washington street.
Japan—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Acting Consul—Ira D. Dunn.
Mexico—Consul Manuel Aspiroz, 604 California street.
Netherlands—Consul—J. De Fremery, 516 Sansome street.
Nicaragua—Consul General—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery st.
Costa Rica—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, N. W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
Peru—Consul General—F. de la Fuentene y Subiral, [illegible]
Portugal—Consul—Francis Berton, Vice Consul—H. Laidley, Swiss-American Bank.
Spain—Consul—Camilo Martin, 623 California street.
Sweden and Norway—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 520 California.
Russia—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, Battery street.
Hawaii—Consul—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
U. S. of Colombia—Consul—H. M. Faller, 13 Washington st.
Turkey—Consul—W. Gibbs, 23 Battery street.
Argentine Republic—Consul—C. Baum, 510 Battery street.
Switzerland—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss-American Bank.
Austria—Hungarian Empire—Consul—G. Muecke, 109 California street.
San Salvador—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

DREAMING EYES.

Tell me, O tell me, the drift of the dream,
Floating, in liquid light, over
The marge of those blue depths of wonderful gleam,
That lily-blooms daintily cover;
Tell me the rare fancies jealously hid
Under each down-drooping, silken-fringed lid.

Show me the vision where life overstreams
In amethyst, ruby, and beryl;
Or better, for love's sake, thy dreamland that seems
All lonely, o'ershadowed, and sterile;
Thy jewels would gleam in the gold of my heart,
But thy poverty wakens its tenderest art.

O eyes, dreaming eyes, I would pass through your gate,
To the innermost truth of their seeming,
Yet, outside their holy of holies must wait—
Unmeasured the source of their dreaming!
Still hopeless I question, no kind voice replies,
And I'm lost in the blue of two soft, dreaming eyes.

Mary B. Dodge, in Galaxy of August.

THE STEWART DIAMOND.

We have been invited, says the *British Trade Journal*, during the past month to inspect the great diamond found at the Cape in Nov. last. The gem is still in the uncut state, and is in the possession of Messrs. Pittar, Leverson & Co., diamond merchants, of London, to whom it has been intrusted for sale. It is of a light yellow color, beautifully crystallized, and with but few and trifling flaws and specks, which are fortunately distributed on the surface, and will, probably, therefore, be eliminated in cutting without extra loss of weight. This monster diamond in its present rough state weighs 288¾ carats, nearly two ounces troy, and far eclipses all other "finds" in South Africa. The history of the gem is interesting, and we append some particulars respecting it which appeared in the Port Elizabeth *Telegraph* of November 22d, 1872: "The claim from which this gem was taken was originally owned by a Mr. P. Pepper, by him sold to a Mr. Spalding for £30, and handed over by the latter to one Antoine to work on shares. The claim was quite an outside one, and not thought much of by the owner; but as others were finding near him, he thought it was just possible he might find something when as deep as they had gone, and so persevered until first, the so-called 'Fly Diamond' (also in Messrs. Pittar, Leverson & Co.'s possession for sale), and a few days after this gem rewarded his labor. Antoine's feelings when he first obtained a glimpse of the treasure may be better imagined than described. He says that he was working in the claim, when he told his boy to leave off picking in the center and commence at the side. Not being understood, he took a pick and began himself, when he was suddenly spellbound with the sight of a large stone looking like a diamond. For some minutes he could not speak or move for fear of dispelling the apparent illusion; but, collecting his energies, he made a dart forward and clutched hold of the prize; even then, however, he did not feel quite safe, and it required a grand effort to reach Mr. Spalding, a cart having to be called into requisition. For two days afterwards he was unable to eat anything, so excited were his feelings." The diamond was consigned from the Cape to Messrs. A. C. Stewart & Co., of Liverpool, and out of compliment to the firm has been named by Messrs. Pittar, Leverson & Co., the "Stewart." We understand that should it pass through its cutting ordeal favorably it will weigh half as much again as the renowned Koh-i-noor. At present it is considered to be the fourth largest diamond in the world—that has been discovered, we should add. By the side of this "mine of wealth" we saw the Fly diamond referred to above. This gem, which is a remarkably fine one, has embodied in its substance a small black deposit which is remarkably like a fly. Hence the name given to it. Flies in amber and copal are not of unfrequent occurrence; but a fly in a diamond, if it be a fly, is, we believe, a perfectly unique curiosity. However, cutting down upon the deposit can alone settle the question as to its precise nature, and this is a test which it is almost a pity to apply.

THE CHINESE AUDIENCE QUESTION.

The Peking "Gazette" of the 14th of July contains an Imperial Edict which announces that a duly accredited foreign Minister will be allowed to have audience with the Emperor. Thus we look upon as a great diplomatic triumph, as for years it has been a much vexed question and innumerable "notes" have been interchanged between the Legation and Tsung-li Yamen in relation to it. From the time of the first Foreign Embassy to Peking down to the present day, this point, with the exception of the solitary instance of Lord Macartney's mission, has been the one on which the Chinese Government has stood most firm. Their position has always been straightforward and intelligible. "There is but one sun," they said, "and there is but the Emperor." All nations of the earth were, therefore, as dust before him, and foreign Ambassadors were bound to enter his presence as envoys from vassal States. This state of things has now fortunately disappeared, it may be hoped, for ever, and much credit is due to the foreign envoys, and notably to Mr. Wade, by whom this change in the national policy has been effected. Not many weeks ago Peking was startled by the report that a Prince of the Blood had accosted a foreign member of the Custom House in the streets of the Capital, and the occasion of the return of his Majesty Tung-chih from his recent visit to the Imperial Tombs was the first, in the history of China, in which an Emperor has been borne through the streets of Peking in an open chair, exposed to the gaze not only of his own subjects, but to that of the outer barbarians. The wonderful advances made by Japan have no doubt largely influenced the minds of Chinese statesmen. The power that country has acquired by the adoption of foreign arts and manufactures has made it necessary for them to emp[illegible] for their own protection, but, above all, the Japanese have demonstrated, under the eyes of Prince Kung and his colleagues, the possibility of introducing foreign ideas and appliances into an ancient autocratic State, without either weakening the Government or causing dissatisfaction or distress among the natives.

How the Persian Prince Professed Mohammedanism.—Hormazan was brought as a prisoner into the presence of the Commander of the Faithful, 'Omar ibn-el-Khattab, who called upon him to profess el-Islam. Upon his refusal so to do, 'Omar gave the order for his execution. But he cried, "O Commander of the Faithful! before you slay me, give me a draught of water, and do not slay me parched with thirst." So 'Omar ordered some water for him, and so soon as Hormazan had the goblet in his hand, he asked, "Am I safe till I shall have drunk it?" To which 'Omar replied, "Yes; safety is yours for that time." Then Hormazan flung the vessel away from him, and spilt the water and cried, "Your promise, O Commander of the Faithful." So 'Omar said to the executioner, "Leave him until I find out what is to be done with him." And when the sword was removed from over him, Hormazan exclaimed, "I testify that there is no God but God, and that Mohammed is the prophet of God!" Then said 'Omar, "Verily thou hast professed the best form of Mohammadan faith. What caused thy delay till now?" "I feared," he replied, "that it might be reported I had professed el-Islam through dread of the sword." "Of a truth, thou art wise in judgment," said Omar, "and art worthy of the dominion thou hadst." And after that time 'Omar consulted him about the conduct of his armies into Persia, and acted according to his advice.—"*Arabic Tales*," *by Mrs. Godfrey Clark*.

Brigands in London.—A gang of garotters in Lambeth, led by a youth rejoicing in the *sobriquet* of the "The Black Prince," have devised a new method of relieving victims from diamond rings. One of them seized the jeweled finger and hammered it with a heavy instrument which broke the bone; it was then twisted round till it came right out of its socket. Here the operation was interrupted, and the garotters had to decamp with only a gold watch and chain. Three of them have been captured.

Little fish have a good notion as to the commencing of life—they always begin on a small scale.

ELECTION PRECINCTS
Changing and Establishing the Election Precincts in the Second, Eighth, Ninth and Twelfth Wards.

Resolution No. 1311 (New Series.)—Changing and establishing election precincts in the Second, Eighth, Ninth and Twelfth Wards.
Resolved, [illegible] Code the Second, Eighth, Ninth and Twelfth Wards [illegible] are hereby divided into Election Precincts respectively bounded and described as follows:
Second Ward—Election Precinct No. 1.—Bounded by the waters of the Bay on the north, Kearny street on the east, Vallejo street on the south, Stockton street, from Vallejo to Union on the West, Union street, from Stockton to Powell street on the west.
Election Precinct No. 2.—Bounded by the waters of the Bay on the north; Powell street, from the waters of the Bay to Union street, on the east; Stockton street, from Union to Vallejo street, on the east; Vallejo street, from Stockton to Larkin street, on the south, and Larkin street on the west.
Eighth Ward—Election Precinct No. 1.—Bounded by Pine street on the north, Kearny street on the east, Sutter street on the south, and Mason street on the west.
Election Precinct No. 2.—Bounded by Sutter street on the north, Kearny street on the east, Geary street on the south, and Mason street on the West.
Election Precinct No. 3.—Bounded by Geary street on the north, Kearny street on the east, Market street on the southeast, and Mason street on the west.
Election Precinct No. 4.—Bounded by [illegible] street on the north, Mason street on the east, Post street on the south and Larkin street on the west.
Election Precinct No. 5.—Bounded by [illegible] street on the north, Mason street on the east, Ellis street on the south and Larkin street on the west.
Election Precinct No. 6.—Bounded by Ellis street on the north, Mason street on the east, Market street on the southeast and Larkin street on the west.
Ninth Ward—Election Precinct No. 1.—Bounded by Harrison street on the north west, by the waters of the Bay on the east and south, and Third street on the southwest.
Election Precinct No. 2.—Bounded by Harrison street on the northwest, Third street on the northeast, by the waters of the Bay on the south, and Fifth street on southwest.
Election Precinct No. 3.—Bounded by Harrison on the northwest, Fifth street on the northeast, by the waters of the Bay on the south, and Seventh street on the southwest.
Twelfth Ward—Election Precinct No. 1.—Bounded by the waters of the Bay on the north, Larkin street on the east, Washington street and a direct line to the Pacific Ocean on the south, and the Pacific Ocean on the west.
Election Precinct No. 2.—Bounded by Washington street and a direct line to the Pacific Ocean on the north, Larkin street on the east, Post street and a direct line to the Pacific Ocean on the south, and the Pacific Ocean on the west.
Election Precinct No. 3.—Bounded by Post street and a direct line to the Pacific Ocean on the north, Larkin street on the east, Eddy street, as produced, and a direct line to the Pacific Ocean on the south, and the Pacific Ocean on the west.
Election Precinct No. 4.—Bounded by Eddy street, as produced, and a direct line to the Pacific Ocean on the north, Larkin street on the east, Grove street and a direct line to the Pacific Ocean on the south, and the Pacific Ocean on the west.
Election Precinct No. 5.—Bounded by Grove street and a direct line to the Pacific Ocean on the north, Larkin street on the east, Market street, from Larkin to Ridley street, on the southeast; Ridley street and a direct line to the Pacific Ocean on the south, and the Pacific Ocean on the west.
In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, July 31, 1873.
Adopted by the following vote: Ayes—Supervisors Menzies, Swain, Goodwin, King, Forbes, Story, Shrader, Barrett, Cummins, Taylor. Absent—Supervisors Kenney, McCarthy. [August 2.] JOHN A. RUSSELL, Clerk.

"LEARNING TO WALK."

The press of this city have been enthusiastic in their praises of this little gem ballad. Words by [illegible], music by Stephen Massett. Mme. Anna Bishop has added it to her repertoire, and has sung it with great success at her late concerts. The style of its publication is a credit to the publisher, M. Gray, who has issued it with an elegant chromo title page, which cannot fail to be admired by all lovers of "pattering little feet." Order from Gray's Music Store, San Francisco. Price, 50 cents. August 2

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house has [illegible] Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms [illegible] not like a public hotel, but as it is [illegible] THE VILLA is located at the last or northwestern gate of the Park. [illegible] prepared [illegible] notice. [illegible]
August 2 [illegible]

WHARF TOLLS

Office of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, 114 Montgomery street, San Francisco, July [illegible]. Tickets for Tolls at the Wharves [illegible] August 2 J. A. McCLELLAND, Secretary.

DIVIDEND

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hibernia Savings and Loan Society, held this day, a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum was declared on all deposits for the six months ending with July 31st, 1873, payable immediately, and free from Federal Tax. EDWARD MARTIN, Secretary
San Francisco, July 29, 1873. August 2

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS AND DRIVERS OF VEHICLES

The Annual License of Vehicles, for the year ending July, 1874, is now due, and if not paid on or before the 1st day of the present month, the owners thereof will be liable for a percentage in addition for each and every month's neglect, and also to a fine of not less than $100, or imprisonment in County Jail.
July 19. E. P. BUCKLEY, License Collector, Office, No. 7 City Hall.

NOTICE.

Mr. Charles Edward Heise is my partner in the Custom House Brokerage Business. CHAS. BAUM, Custom House Broker,
San Francisco, July 31, 1873. [August 2.] 510 Battery street.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs), San Francisco. August 2

CITY HALL WARRANTS

Bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. August 2.

BONDS

City, State and County Bonds, bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. August 2

A. T. ELLIOTT,

Ship and Grain Broker, 314 California street, San Francisco. August 2

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

For Chief of Police, T. G. Cockrill, 531 Front street. August 2.

THOMAS GOLDEN

For Public Administrator, 917 Market street. August 2

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Roney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. Jan. 25.

FAREWELL BENEFIT OF MISS MINNIE WALTON.

The complimentary benefit tendered to Miss Minnie Walton, and which [illegible] Wednesday afternoon, promises to be a thorough success. The bill to be presented is varied and attractive, her brother and sister artists both dramatic and musical, having volunteered a full force to prove their esteem for a lady who has always made friends wherever she went. Miss Walton has peculiar claims upon our public, having taken only one benefit during her five years stay in California, and her numerous admirers have determined to make her farewell appearance a triumph. We have so often alluded to this young lady's performances that we shall only refer to one point. The critics of our city have mostly seen in her only a young and beautiful girl full of life and vivacity, with an exquisite taste in dress, and have eternally harped on this theme, speaking of her as specially adapted for and by inference adapted for little else than "society" pieces and the dry goods drama. We have always contended for much more. Miss Walton has proved the possessor of varied abilities and much dramatic power in each very different characters as "Arrah Meelish," "The Colleen Bawn," "Sam Willoughby," in the *Ticket of Leave Man*," Mrs Vane, (*Peg Woffington*," Wanda," in *La Grande Duchesse*, and a dozen other parts. We do not believe that there is a better "Ophelia" on the stage. Although we trust that the days of burlesque are about over, she made several decided hits in that line some two years ago. She sings with taste, and has a most pleasing pronunciation, recently much strengthened by proper culture under an eminent professor. She speaks the English language, which is more than can be said for many of her brethren and sisters, and has a capital brogue ready, when wanted. But we must insist that if the vista opens brilliantly, for us there will be a gap not soon to be filled. To those who have had the privilege of her acquaintance in private life, know her for something more than a charming and talented lady. They know that the highest graces of heart and mind shine through those lustrous eyes and are pictured on that sweet, pure face, and esteem and love her as one of Nature's truest noblewomen. Minnie has our heartiest wishes for her happiness and professional prosperity.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—We congratulate Mr Mayo upon his very successful engagement. His "Davy Crockett" seemed to suit his audiences to a T, though for our part we found the "drawl" too much forced. It may be the way in which backwoodsmen speak, or it may be the way the ultra Yankees mouth English, but the taste is certainly acquired. *The Streets of New York* is a great improvement, and as "Badger" Mayo is immense. Miss Graham as "Lucy" is a very pretty piece of acting. John Wilson's "Bloodgood" was nearly perfect, while our old friend Barry (whose reappearance we hail with pleasure) made an excellent "Puffy." Next week Miss Charlotte Thompson appears in *Jane Eyre*.

Alhambra Theater.—The programme this week has been an unusually good one; a wonderful combination of talent being engaged. Kelly and Leon are good as ever, and the public go into perfect fits of laughter over some of Billy Manning's jokes, which if not quite new to all are nevertheless laughable. Sweatnam is a first rate burnt cork comedian. The *Village Blacksmith* is a laughable piece. Welch and Rice are the best "dance men" we have seen here for some time. We hear with regret that this is Bob Hart's last week here, as we have always looked upon him as the life of the troupe. His benefit, last night, we are pleased to state, was an immense success.

Shiels' Opera House.—This neat little theater has been well filled every night this week, but good though Miss Pateman undoubtedly was in "Leah," still we prefer her in the character of "Mercy Merrick, the New Magdalen." To-night Mr Robert Pateman, a comedian possessing great talent, will take a benefit, when *Leah* and *Domestic Economy* will be put on the stage. On Monday Bartley Campbell's new drama, *Risks*, will be played for the first time in California, and will undoubtedly prove a success.

Miss Bella Pateman possesses the rare quality of quiet earnestness, the more forcible from the idea that she conveys of subdued passion. It is not inertness, but a mastery over latent fire which she conveys to the audience, there o evidencing a high style of histrionic art. It is the same with her voice. It has a higher pitch, but a lower tone than common. The consequence is, that whilst it is scarcely raised above ordinary conversation, every syllable penetrates to the furthest recesses of the theater, and with out physical action, almost without movement of her body, she endows the character with an energy and interest that is both true and charming.

The Amphion Quartette had an audience worthy of their concert. The club sang superbly, and won rapturous encores. Mrs. Marriner sang the *Sempre Alli Baba* better than she ever sang before, her superb voice awakening the listeners to great enthusiasm. Mrs. MacAllister's *Odd Nation* was worthy of the most accomplished professional artiste. This lady always charms her listeners, because she sings con amore. The dilettanti discovered a superior contralto in Mrs. Blake, hitherto unknown to the musical world. Herr Schmidt has the soul of some Saint Cecilia imprisoned in the winding intricacies of his wold-horn, and when breathed upon by his warm lips, ravishes our eager ears. Those of the profession who had any doubts upon Mr. Hunt's ability for the piano part, in the quintette from Beethoven, were very agreeably surprised.

Woodward's Gardens has as usual been visited during the week by thousands of people. The never ending variety of the aquarium alone is enough to draw crowds. We could spend hours watching the peculiar movements of the fish and crabs, and derive not only amusement but information by so doing. The lioness lately added to the zoological department is a very fine specimen, but looks to us more like an Asiatic than an African lioness. On Sunday last a miniature specimen of humanity, weighing only some two and half pounds, was on exhibition, and created quite a sensation. To-day there will be a grand fencing, gymnastic, and broadsword tournament, besides a moonlight concert and ball in aid of the free dispensary. To-morrow, Sunday, there is an excellent programme, including all sorts of exhibitions in the amphitheater, also, the infant wonder.

The City Gardens are looking lovely, and have drawn crowds of citizens glad to escape from the bustle of the city, to enjoy their refreshing shades. The concert and ball on Thursday was a complete success, and the company, though select, was large. On Sunday there will be all kinds of attractions, including dancing, etc. These gardens are every day becoming more popular.

The "Ivy Party," always the best of the season, bids fair this time to eclipse its former gatherings. Everything is being done to make it a complete success. Bon-bons have arrived from Germany, programmes from Boston, while our California flowers will decorate the room, but will have to stand back abashed when compared with our lovely girls. The party will come off on the 13th, and will be "A No. 1" in all respects.

The Bulletins Commercial Department seems to be in a fog these days. Heretofore they were always one day in advance of the *Alta*, but since Fitch discharged his right bower, Allen, all seems to be sadly demoralized. Let us see how this is. The steamship *Alaska* cleared for Panama on the 5th inst, and her manifest of cargo ought to have appeared that day. It was in the *Alta* of the 6th, but had not appeared in the *Bulletin* up to the evening of the 8th. The exports per steamship *Prince Alfred*, August 5th, although appearing in the *Alta* of the 6th, are still missing from the *Bulletin's* column. How is this for enterprise? Would not the subscribers of the *Bulletin* prefer a little more *Allen* and considerably *less* of Billy Carr and Stanford? I, for one, an old subscriber of both the *Bulletin* and *Call*, am sick of this daily hash, and want some more nourishing food than Fitch, Fay, and Pickering dish up. No wonder the *Chronicle* is now so successful in getting new subscribers to that "live paper," with a seven dollar map thrown in, free gratis to all.

The California Savings and Loan Society, with David Farquharson as President and Charles Lux as Vice, began business in their office, 517 California street, on Wednesday last. The guarantee capital is $300,000, while the respectable names of the Directors [illegible] guarantee of its solidity. The dividends to be paid to depositors will be as large, if not larger, than those paid by any other similar society. This is a thoroughly Californian institution, as all the capital has been subscribed by eighty well known citizens.

ROMAN CATHOLIC SUNDAY-SCHOOLS.

The News Letter has published the remarks of the Hon. Zach Montgomery, made at a meeting of the Roman Catholic Sunday School Teachers, in the basement of St. Mary's Cathedral, at 1 o'clock on Sunday, July 6th, 1873. Mr Montgomery, justly indignant at our presumption in publishing to the profane what was addressed to none but true believers, has printed in certain daily papers the text of an address, said to have been delivered on the 28th of April last, and points to this as a complete refutation of the expressions attributed to him in the report of the discourse of July 6th. It is not possible to refrain from admiring this way of putting the case. A man is accused of stealing five pounds of sugar from a pantry-shelf. With fire-flashing eyes and the fleshy ghost of honest indignation on his face, he rushes upon his defamer: "Ye omnious wretch," he cries, "thou liest. I took no sugar from the shelf. It was three pounds of citron that I took from the kitchen-table." If Mr Montgomery did not say what the report in the *News Letter* attributed to him, he had no business to address a meeting of Catholic school-teachers, for nothing to be said in the utterances quite equalled the precise language of the Pope towards modern liberty and modern progress. Either Mr Montgomery is a good follower of the truth as it is in Pius IX, and then he is bound to believe all that we have ascribed to him, and more; or he is sufficiently independent not to curse, from the bottom of his heart, the public schools and the freedom of religion, and then he is no Catholic but a heretic in disguise. We know where to put Mr Montgomery, because he has not been repudiated by his superiors. He is a servant of the Church, and a zealous one, but his zeal obeys the word of command both when he speaks and when he refrains from speaking. The *Post* says the Catholic Church must be sick when it needs such defenders as Mr Montgomery. Sick the Church no doubt is, for Mr Montgomery is its natural offspring, and no human ingenuity is able to decide whether he is more fit to be Pope or Pius IX to be Zach. Montgomery.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny st., near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; John Woodard, Stage Manager; E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, August 9th, and until further notice—An Unrivaled programme this week containing all the late improvements and warranted to give entire satisfaction. The people's pet. The home. Charming entertainment for all. Nothing stale, all new, fresh and brilliant. Really the only great place of amusement on the Pacific coast. The famous patrician champion, the interlude transports you and the pieces kill you dead. It is delightful! A perfect cure! Come, give your patronage and grow fat, the old become young, while all admit it takes the cake. If any feel the ride of the Rocky Mountains, we give you music, acting, dancing, all the nigger, the Dutch, the Irish; in short, we give a little of everything. Plenty of extras and with no extra charge. Friday, August 15th, first night of the new local piece, entitled Independent Candidate for May [illegible]. August 9.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Farewell Complimentary Benefit of Miss Minnie Walton—Wednesday Afternoon, Aug 13. MISS BELLA PATEMAN, MR FRANK ROCHE, MR ROBERT PATEMAN, by kind permission of the management of Shiels' Opera House. The Great CALIFORNIA THEATER COMPANY, the members of which have kindly volunteered. A Grand Concert Orchestra of FORTY PERFORMERS, who have generously offered their services. MISS ELLIE WILTON, MR. STEPHEN MASSETT, MR. VERNON LINCOLN, MR. W. MESTAYER, MR. SCHLOTTE, LOUIS SCHMIDT, MR. OSCAR WEIL, in Songs, Solos, and Recitations. Aug 5.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam. Weber, Treasurer. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. The San Francisco Favorites, KELLY & LEON. Great Success of MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. The Great Combination of Talent appear each evening. Bob Fraser's Comic Pantomime, entitled THE VILLAGE BLACKSMITH. Performance commences at 8 o'clock. Admission: Dress Circle $1; Orchestra, 50 cts; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, Aug 9, at 2 o'clock—Only STREETS OF NEW YORK Matinee. Saturday Evening. Last appearance of MR MAYO. Monday Evening, Aug 11th—First appearance of MISS CHARLOTTE THOMPSON, in the New and Popular Play, JANE EYRE. August 9.

WOODWARD'S GARDENS.

Embracing a Marine Aquarium, Museum, Art Gallery, Conservatories, MENAGERIE, SEAL PONDS and AMPHITHEATER. Skating Every Day. Grand Performance and Concert Every Saturday and Sunday. Admission 25 cents, Children under 16 years, 10 cents. August 9.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all Interior Way stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front street Wharf at 3 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 6 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers and arriving in San Francisco at 10:30 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connection with Stages to all points.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS. On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving at Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at 7 P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Road at Donahue Landing for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and all Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front-st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale, 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 7 P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round Trip Tickets on sale at the Office or at the Steamer. Connection is made for Clear Lake and other places of interest or resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE. Steamer leaves San Francisco at 3 P. M., from Front street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:30 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 10:30 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street. [May 31.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer twice daily. The Hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The waters of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar at three billiards.

April 26. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of
May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The new A 1 Ship Glad Tidings, Thompson, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [May 24.] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

REMOVAL.

A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his Manufactory and Salesroom to No. 412 and 414 Fremont street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over uncertain roads. June 28.

KENNEDY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr K engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 31.]

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries.

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	30@	37
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	17@	30
Eggs, ℔ doz.	30@	37
Lard, ℔	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	2@	3
Lima Beans, ℔	6@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	3@	
Onions, ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ℔	2@	5
Pumpkins, ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	6@	25
Corn, ℔ doz.	25@	
Celery, ℔ doz b.	1 00@	
Beets, ℔ doz b.	6@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b.	6@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b.	6@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b.	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔	5@	6
String Beans, ℔	5@	15
Apples, ℔	6@	12
Pears, ℔	6@	10
Peaches, ℔	12@	20
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	12@	16
Do. best, ℔	15@	25
Oranges, ℔ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1	25
Limes, ℔ doz.	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ℔	30@	
Geese, ℔ pair	2 00@2	50
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 00@2	25
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	
Hares, each	65	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ℔ 100	60@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	[illegible]	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	[illegible]	35
Salmon, fresh, ℔	[illegible]	
Codfish, ℔	12@	
Rockfish, ℔	12@	
Smelts, ℔	8@	
Tomcod, ℔	8@	
Sturgeon, ℔	3@	
Flounders, ℔	15@	
Halibut, ℔	30@	
Perch, ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ℔	12@	
Anchovies, ℔	5@	
Soles, ℔	25@	

Stuart Selden Wright,
ATTORNEY
AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.
OFFICES:
Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., upstairs.
Aug 9.

E. S. TIBBEY,
Stock Broker,
No. 6 Leidesdorff St.

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,
Real Estate Agents. Room No. 2, Stevenson's Building, S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco.—Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling on commission, negotiating loans and investing capital and managing estates.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Anderson—In this city, August 5th, to the wife of John Anderson, a daughter.
Garrett—In this city, August 3d, to the wife of James H. Garrett, a daughter.
Huntoon—In this city, August 7th, to the wife of Isaac D. Huntoon, a daughter.
Jones—In this city, August 6th, to the wife of J. W. Jones, a son.
Kennedy—In this city, August 5th, to the wife of George Kennedy, a daughter.
Kenefick—In this city, August 5th, to the wife of H. Kenefick, a son.
Makins—In this city, August 5th, to the wife of James N. Makins, a son.
Ritchie—In this city, August 5th, to the wife of W. C. Ritchie, a son.
Steinmetz—In this city, August 7th, to the wife of P. Steinmetz, a son.
Taylor—In this city, August 5th, to the wife of John J. Taylor, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Becker-Mesenburg—In this city, August 7th, Dietrich Becker to W. Mesenburg.
Covell-King—In this city, August 6th, C. H. Covell to Elizabeth King.
Dickie-Jack—In this city, August 5th, George W. Dickie to Anna Jack.
Erickson-Svebelius—In this city, August 6th, John Erickson to J. Svebelius.
Hondlett-Havens—In this city, August 6th, H. C. Hondlett to Kate Havens.
Metzinger-Betsche—In this city, August 4th, J. Metzinger to Catharine Betsche.
Stuhr-Machl—In this city, August 5th, Henry Stuhr to Norma Machl.
Winter-Sweet—In this city, August 6th, Daniel Winter to Emma Sweet.

TOMB.

Agarius—In this city, August 4th, Louis Agarius, aged 74 years.
Burrell—In San Jose, August 1st, Mrs. Mary Burrell, aged 75 years.
Corbyn—In this city, Mary Matilda Corbyn, aged 36 years.
Chapin—In this city, August 3d, Mrs. E. R. Chapin, aged 45 years.
Franklin—In this city, August 3d, Lumley Franklin, aged 53 years.
Gerzbach—At San Pablo Creek, August 4th, Martin Gerzbach, aged 30 years.
Larrabee—In this city, August 7th, Minerva Larrabee, aged 70 years.
Sturzenegger—In this city, August 3d, J. Sturzenegger, aged 43 years.
Turner—In this city, August 5th, Mrs. Anne Turner, aged 44 years.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any; and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

Dear News Letter—I surmise it will not be out of place to call the attention of the community to the great amount of adulteration that is taking place in Japan and China teas. Being in Shanghai not long since some gentlemen and myself visited a large tea firing house situated in the French settlement, by stratagy we were admitted, the master of the house fortunately not being in, and there saw piles of diseased tea leaves that had been collected from the numerous tea houses of Shanghai city and vicinity, that would be prepared there for the markets of America and Europe, and this vile substance, that would be quaffed over to soothe the palpitating hearts of the matron, damsel, and the sterner sex, goes through a regular process, that it would require a person of experience to detect the fraud. In the upper story of the building there were a large number of Chinese women, sitting at long rows of low tables, picking and assorting the leaves into different grades, for which they are paid a paltry sum. This detestable stuff is often also mixed with good tea. I will not now refer to numerous other adulterations. The persons who gather this tea from the tea houses look slightly better than the Chinese scavengers of this city. In Japan it is carried on much more extensively, I understand, than in China, and almost entirely by the Cantonese. I had no opportunity to visit any of the tea-firing houses in the Japanese treaty ports, as the entrances are too well guarded. It is shipped from there mostly to America. Yours sincerely, CHAA TSE, or, in English, Tea Taster.

San Francisco, Aug. 7, 1873.

Editors News Letter—Sir: Mr. Zach. Montgomery claims that he has been misquoted in a speech published in a recent issue of your valuable paper, and by way of proof gives an address delivered in the city of Oakland on an entirely different occasion. Can you tell me why Mr. Montgomery *does not dare* to publish the identical speech which he claims has been incorrectly reported? The question has been asked the writer by SEVERAL READERS OF YOUR PAPER.

HOT TURTLE.

A man named Gilsey, who, by strict economy and severe industry, has succeeded in getting his family a little place, free of incumbrance, was fishing in Still River, near the Beaver Brook mills, on Sunday afternoon. After sitting on the bank for a couple of hours, without catching anything, he was gratified to see, on a flat stone in the water, a snapping-turtle sunning itself. The butt-end of the turtle was toward him, and he thought he would capture it; but while he was looking for a place to step, the turtle gravely turned around without his knowledge, and when he got in reaching distance, and bent down to take hold of what nature designed should be taken hold of while handling a snapping turtle, that sociable animal just reached out and took hold of Mr. Gilsey's hand with a grasp that left no doubt of its sincerity. The shrieks of the unfortunate man aroused some of the neighbors, but when they arrived it was too late to be of any benefit to him, or even to themselves, for they just caught a glimpse of a bareheaded man tearing over the hill, swinging a small carpet-bag in one hand, and they at once concluded that it was a narrow escape from highway robbery. However, it was not a carpet-bag he was swinging. It was that turtle, and it clung to him until he reached the White-street bridge, when it let go, but the frightened man did not slacken his gait until he got home. When he reached the house, the ludicrousness of the affair burst upon him, and when his wife looked at his pale face, bareheaded, and dust-begrimed clothes, and asked him what was the matter, he said, "Nothing was the matter, only he was afraid he would be too late for church," and appeared to be much relieved to find that he wasn't.—*Danbury News.*

A Divorce in the "Good Old Times."—Before the war, in the gold mining regions of Burke County, North Carolina, lived an industrious, well-to-do, free colored woman, named Nancy Doyce. She was engaged to marry Jack, a slave, and in order to have everything pleasant, she put her hand in her pocket and bought him of his master. But she was shrewd enough to take a bill of sale of him. Fortunately, as it happened, for Jack turned out to be utterly worthless, and a perfect sot. But little need was there for Nancy to go to the courts for relief by divorce, she knew a better way than that. She owned her man, and she simply sold him to a slave dealer, who carried him off to the far Southwest, so that sharp Nancy was never bothered by him again. Husbands have been badly sold before, though not in this particular way.

At St. Joseph, Missouri, there is a certain Nathaniel Jackson, a person of color. We regret to say that he has doubts of the fidelity of Mrs. Nathaniel Jackson. Whenever he has occasion to be absent from home and he is frequently absent, before departing he reads to Mrs Jackson the following impressive document: "Mrs Mary Jackson, I am your husband, and you must mind no other nigger but me. You know that I will never give you up. I will stick to you, if I have to wade to my chin in blood to do it. I am a bad nigger when I get mad, so look out for me. I am coming." And then he goes.

Maggie Elphick, of Greenwich, England, aged 18, daughter of an oysterman, appears as a heroine of the Ida Lewis order. Sitting near her window at her toilet, she observed the capsizing of a boat containing a little eight-year old son of S. H. Lewis, of Stamford, in the deepest part of the harbor. Running to the dock, she soon rowed to the spot, and diving to the bottom, brought up the boy to the surface, and swam with him to the shore. The whole scene transpired so quickly that, when other help arrived, she was fainting on the shore.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES	TEAS	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$50 00 @ 52 50	Japans	$— 30 @ 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 4 @ 6	Oolong	— 30 @ — 65
Metal Sheathing, ℔	— 24 @ 25	SUGARS	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	12 00 @ 14 00	China, No 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 9½
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 7 @ — 9½
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— [illegible] @ — 7½
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11½
Banca Tin, ℔	— 26 @ — 28	Muscovado	— [illegible] @ — [illegible]
Quicksilver	1 10 @ —	Peruvian	— 7 @ — [illegible]
COAL		CANDLES	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	11 00 @ 11 50	Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 41
Australian	9 00 @ 10 50	Adamantine	— 14 @ — 11
Cumberland	20 00 @ 22 50	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS	
Anthracite	16 00 @ 12 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 15
Guatemala, ℔	— 19½ @ — 20	Rum, Jamaica	1 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 22 @ — 23	Brandy, French	1 00 @ 15 00
Manila	— 19 @ — 20	BAGS AND BAGGING	
Costa Rica	— 19 @ — 20	Chicken Gunnies, 200 ℔	— 13 @ — 20
RICE		Gunny Bags in bales	— 19 @ — 20
China, No 1, ℔	— 6½ @ — 6½	Burlap Bags	— 14½ @ — 14½
China, No 2	— 5½ @ — 5½	Hessian, 40 inch, ℔ yard	— 11 @ — 12
Hawaiian	— 6½ @ — 7½	DOMESTIC STAPLES	
WINES		Wool, ℔	— 15 @ — 25
Champagne, ℔ doz.	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 6 @ — 6½
Port according to brand, ℔ gallon	4 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 17 @ — 19
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs.	1 75 @ 1 85
OIL		Barley	1 15 @ 1 25
Coal and Kerosene	— 34 @ — 42	Oats	1 50 @ 1 75
		Flour, ℔ 196 lbs.	4 50 @ 5 75

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne was the inventor. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles 6d. Large bottles, 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and at Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of Bonnet Ribbon. ☞"SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with powers of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester, Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc. etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialities: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice; an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion, in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creasote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta: Messrs Scott Thomson & Co. Bombay and Poonah: Messrs. Treacher & Co. Kurrachee: Messrs. Burgett & Hughes. Umballa and Mean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in boxes of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 28.
Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & Co., corner Battery and Clay sts, San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps, Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gas Tight Cartridges, for Pin-fire and Central-fire Breech loading Guns. Wire Cartridges for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. 1. 57 Upper Thames street, London.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its gift scheme. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 28.

BIZ.

Alcohol.—Why is it that we are unable to do any considerable export trade in this article? At New York there is a very large and active export trade going on in this article to France and Germany, owing to modifications recently made in the tariff, but here this branch of our trade is neglected. Formerly we exported large quantities of High Wines North, both in cases and bbls, but owing to the prohibition of the Internal Revenue laws we are debarred from further prosecution of this important traffic, and it fell into the hands of the Germans. It looks now as though the trade might again revert to us, and give our local refiners and rectifiers an increased field for operation. Our local distilleries are not idle, paying as high as $1 82½ per cental for the finest Wheat for the manufacture of Cologne Spirits a high grade. Our market is copiously supplied with old Kentucky Whisky, and with moderate receipts of High Wines by rail overland. There is very little Eastern Pure Spirits sent to this coast; heretofore immense supplies were imported, but the very superior quality of our local Wheat product has driven it out completely.

A Government contract for Cement has recently been concluded for 20,000 bbl's Rosendale at $4 21. This Cement is to be used in the erection of the Appraiser's store on Sansome street, the Government block extending from Washington to Jackson sts. The contractors are now busily engaged excavating, and in a few days workmen will commence laying the foundation walls. Several years will be occupied in building, and in the interim the grounds have all been enclosed with a high board fence enclosing one-third of the street and all the sidewalks three sides, say, several hundred yards in length. All this fence is rented out to bill stickers and others, some blocks of 25 feet square (fence) renting for $75 to $100 per annum. These dead fence walls afford a handsome speculation to the contractors. Hands off, if you please, etc.

A Valuable Cargo from Ounalaska.—The bark Cyane to the Alaska Commercial Company brings 41,238 seal skins, and other skins, valued at $1,000,000.

Coffee to St. Louis.—Telegraphic orders have been received here this week for 5,000 sacks. Only a portion of the orders could be executed. Limits too low. Best Central American Green now held at 20c. Other shipments made to Denver, Colorado.

Imports for the week include 2,266 bags Central American raws, ex Zephyr, say 525,000 lbs. This lot is divided up into three consignments, from which we conclude that it is the winding up shipment of the season. Since our last weekly report, there has been a very active demand for Hawaiian raws, for being freely offered for the little refining here unsold, up to 9¼c for grocery grades. We note a purchase of 500,000 lbs Batavian raws by the S. F. & Pacific Refinery at 7¾c. At this writing, there is but the first-mentioned lot of Sugars here unsold, say 525,000 lbs Central American. The California Refinery hold about 12,000,000 lbs of raw stock, against perhaps 3,000,000 lbs in all other refineries. With this cash bit before us and knowing that the California Refinery has alone six or more cargoes en route and the others none, we do not hesitate to reiterate what we published last week—that it will cause at least two, if not three, refineries to stop work within the next sixty days. We remark some increase in the overland trade demand from Utah, etc., but as yet no change in price has been made. The Refiners' price list is for Crushed, 11c., Cube and Powdered, 11¼c., Golden "C," 9¾c., China is slow of sale at 8¼@9¾@9¾c. for the three grades in mats.

Fruits.—Our local purveyors are now actively employed, having a considerable number of hands engaged in preserving and curing both fruits and vegetables. We have three or four large houses engaged in the business, Cutting & Co. s being the most extensive establishment. As is usual at this season of the year, a lot of our local factories are running to their fullest capacity, and have already finished their packing of Peaches and the earlier fruits and vegetables. The jobbing grocers are gradually, year by year, changing their habit of buying case goods from hand to mouth during the entire year, and are now willing to assist the packers in carrying their stocks by giving them orders for round lots of goods at the time of their being packed, and consequently most of the manufactories are full of orders for future delivery. Prices of fruits range about the same as during the packing season last year, although considerable complaint exists as to the scarcity and high prices of several varieties of fruits. We quote Peaches, $4 ⅌ dozen cans of two lbs each, Pears, $3 75, Plums, $3 50, Sugar Peas, $3, Green Beans, $2 25. Tomatoes are not yet packed, and no price has yet been placed on them. But little stock of last year's packing is carried over by either manufacturer or jobber.

Freights to the United Kingdom have declined this week. The tonnage market is now well supplied with vessels suited to the grain trade of the Atlantic. Among other disengaged vessels is the new ship Three Brothers, 3,666, belonging to George Howes & Co. (formerly the U. S. steamship Vanderbilt). This splendid ship will be ready to take in cargo next month. The last two vessels taken to load Wheat for the United Kingdom were £4 2s 6d to a direct port, any one of three, to be named prior to clearance, or to Cork for orders at £1 7s 6d. At this writing we know of no English orders that will admit these freight rates to be paid with Wheat at $1 82½, f. o. b. It is somewhat questionable whether over £4 would now be paid for a ship, and yet none is offered below £4 5s @£4 10s, while the ship Spirit of the Dawn is under £5 5s home rate. The Emerald is also held under high Eastern limits of a very sanguine ship-owner.

Fung Tang, a Chinese merchant, long a resident in this city, but now on a visit to the Celestial Empire, has sent "His" a box of "Choice Long Sow Tea," which is said to be valued at ten dollars per pound. The caves are some three inches in length and tied up in small bunches with silk thread. It is really something quite unique in its way and is of very superior quality. Connoisseurs can see samples of the same at Castle Brothers, Front street, they having purchased the entire invoice.

Teas for Buffalo.—We note the execution of New York orders to some extent now going forward by Pacific railway, care of Lake Shore Railroad Company.

The Francis Palmer, from Ounalaska, to Charles J. Janson has a cargo of furs and skins of considerable value. Who says Alaska is not worth millions to our Government.

The Fungus, from Tahiti per brig Nautilus, sold for export to Hongkong at 17c per lb., in bond.

A Fine Passage.—The British ship City of York, 121 days from Glasgow, to Henry Land, brings for cargo 919 tons Coal, 900 tons Pig Iron, 320 boxes Tin Plate, etc.

French Goods.—At present there is very little sale for Case Goods of any description. Sardines have declined to $4 05 @ $2 06 for hf and qr boxes respectively. In Wines there is nothing of special note to remark concerning imports. Of Champagne, we quote C. Farre, $18 @ $19; E. Deleuze, $24 @ $25; Claret, in casks, Dubosq Leitre Freres, $47 50; do Superior, $60.

Quicksilver has again advanced, now up to $1 10 per pound. The result of this continued rise will be to stimulate production very considerably, and to cause the development of many rich yet now producing mines.

The Coal Market is sadly demoralized. Sydney has now been sold, ex ship, at $9 per ton cash, and in view of the large quantity now en route, much lower prices are looked for before the close of the year.

The Sugar Market is very strong, the California Refinery has advanced price of fine crushed to 11c.—no other change yet made. The crop of Sugar Beet in this State is said to be very promising.

Twine.—There is a steady good demand for the various kinds. We quote Barbour's best hand mark 47½c., do Passaic 42½c., do 6-ply, Potato Twine, 42½c. English Flax Twine is a very desirable article in this market. American having a decided preference and commanding the trade at all times.

Chicory.—The California crop is quite promising, contracts for the same now (?) to later. Eastern and consumers at 6½c spot, parcels, 5½c in barrels. We note sales during the week of 76 cases German ex ship at 9c, being a decline of one cent per lb and on previous rates.

Wheat.—Our Exports in July embraced ten cargoes, and to this writing, in August, four, making—

	Wheat.	Value.
Totals since July 1st, 1873 . 14 vessels	419,949	$729,611
17 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	440,772	839,317
1 vessel since July 1st, 1871, with	21,177	49,100
14 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	357,045	678,529
14 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	412,977	723,938

At date there are 20 vessels on the berth destined to the United Kingdom. These vessels will doubtless all be dispatched within thirty days. The present market price is $1 80 for September delivery, $1 75 @ 1 77½ has been paid. Arrivals of late more free than during July.

Barley.—The Mendoza for New Zealand will carry 500 tons Chevalier worth $1 60 @ 1 65 per cental. Some half dozen cargoes of Feed have been bought for Iquique at or about $1 15 f. o. b. for good, bright samples.

Flour.—Local millers have advanced prices for best silk dressed extras to $5 50 @ $5 75, Oregon, $5 @ $5 25, Superfine, $4 @ $4 50 ⅌ 196 lbs.

Wool.—Our present stock is estimated at 2,000,000 lbs. Most of the choice Northern clips have been closed out, and there remains in market nothing very desirable. Commission merchants still hold much inferior burry and heavy fleece, the demand for which is very limited at 13 @ 15c. Oregon Wool arrives freely, and is taken readily by shippers at 25 @ 27c. Recent arrivals from Oregon exceed 2,000 bales, the most of which has been placed within our range.

Salmon Movement.—The Rival and Ajax from the Columbia River brought us about 11,000 cases, 250 bbls, 300 hf bbls, etc. Exports of same to England are considerable. The steamship Alaska for Panama carried 950 cases Oregon salmon *en route* for Liverpool, making several thousand cases already forwarded upon contracts heretofore alluded to in these columns.

Pig Iron.—It is said that the Oswego Iron Company of Oregon is about to resume operations of smelting after remaining idle two years or more. The article can be produced for about $40 per ton, and is a very superior article. Scotch Pig is now plentiful and slow of sale at $50 @ $52 50 per ton.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending August 8, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED	FRI	NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED	FRI
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	6¼	6	5¼
Alpha	—	—	21	Kentuck	6¾	7	6¾
Alps	—	1½	—	Kentucky	—	2	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—	Knickerbocker	2¼	2¾	—
American Flag	6	6	5½	Kossuth	—	—	—
Arizona & Utah	1½	1¼	—				
Arkansas	—	—	—	Louise	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—	Lower Comstock	—	—	—
American Flat	3½	3	—				
				Mahogany	—	9	9
Bacon	—	3	2½	Mammoth	—	—	10
Baltimore Consolidated	9¼	8	7¾	Meadow Valley	20¼	19¾	20¾
Belcher	72	72	72½	Minnesota	—	21	—
Belmont	2½	2	2¼				
Bullion	—	—	—	Newark	4¾	4¾	4¾
Best & Belcher	3¼	—	3½	New York Consolidated	—	—	—
Buckeye		—	—	Noonday	—	—	—
Caledonia	17½	14	15	Occidental	—	—	—
Cederberg	2¾	—	—	Ophir	19¼	19	19¾
Central	4¼	—	—	Orig. Hidden Treasure	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—	5	—	Overman	23	22¼	23
Chapman	—	—	—	Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	—	—	—				
Chief East Extension	—	30	—	Page & Panaca	1	1	1
Chollar	37	37½	37	Pea Vine	25	—	25
Columbus	—	—	—	Phenix	—	30	30
Confidence	6	6¼	6	Picton	35	40	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Pioche	6	7½	7½
Consolidated Virginia	—	—	—	Pioche West	—	—	1
Cook & Geyser	—	—	—	Pioche Phenix	3½	1½	2¾
Crown Point	84	86	84				
Central No 2	—	—	—	Raymond & Ely	60¼	66	70
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
				Rye Patch	—	7¼	8
Dancy	—	2	1¾	Red Jacket	3	3	—
Eclipse	—	4¾	6	Savage	43	41	41
El Dorado	5¼	5	3½	Seg. Belcher	34	33¼	31
Empire Mill	3¾	3¾	3½	Sierra Nevada	9	—	8½
Empire Idaho	¼	—	—	Silver Peak	3	3	1¾
Eureka Consolidated	12½	13¾	13¾	Silver Hill	15¼	—	14½
Eureka G. V.	—	—	—	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Exchequer	—	8	—	Sterling	—	—	—
				Succor	1¾	1½	—
Globe	1	—	1	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	23¼	24	27	Silver Chariot	2½	3	—
Gould & Curry	9	9½	10	South Overman	—	—	30
Gila	—	—	—	St Patrick	—	—	—
				South Comstock	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	25¼	25	25				
Hermes	4¾	6	5	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hahn & Hunt	1¾	—	1¼	Tyler	—	—	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—				
				Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	5	5½	5½	Utah	—	—	—
Imperial	4½	4½	4				
Independent	—	3	2	Washington & Creole	2	2	2
Ingomar	½	—	70	Washoe	—	—	—
Insurance	—	—	—	Woodville	—	1¾	1½
Ivanhoe	—	—	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Jackson	—	20	20	Yellow Jacket	41	41	—
Julia	1½	1¼	1	Yule Gravel	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus * † Buyer 3.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. Gambill.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 600 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been refitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7 A. J. GAMBILL.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 427 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan 25.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OF DOGS.

The License Tax for July, 1873, is now due, and if not procured on or before the 31st day of the present month, the Poundkeeper and his deputies will arrest all dogs with the old tag on. E. P. BUCKLEY,
July 17 Collector of Licenses, Office, No. 7 City Hall

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London, J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within), Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co., Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within), Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st., Dimsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers, Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers, The City Bank, Finch lane, The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane, Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., E. C., Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside Merchants Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 252 Fulham road, Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland, Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C., The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill, Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, Southampton Bdgs., W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C., London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S., Salina Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N., Thos. Mills, 94 Goswell Road, E. C., Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Old street, E. C., Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President
B. H. COIT, . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Budd, W. C. . 440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 423 California st.
Fitch, J. B. 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L. 418 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. 434 Cal'a, upstairs
Keene, J. R. 435 California st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with Gla- zier & Co. . 426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 435 California st.
Peckham, E. P. . . . 413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. . . 401 Cal'a st
Smiley, G. W. 444 Cal'a st

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

JIM DAVIS.

What! you didn't know Jim?—
Not 'eared on Jim Davis?
Not never 'eared tell 'ow he died?
Why, bless us an' save us!
I thought hevery one knowed about 'im,
That jolly old, plucky old Jim.

He drove this yere ingin,
An' I was his mate,
For five years at least, on an' off,
An' I'd just like to state, [Pike,
That as sure as my name's Willyum
I sha'l never stoke for 'is like.

'Twere nine months came next week,
We were both in the mail—
"Hullo, Willyem!" says Jim, "'ow's
Wherever 'ang's a tale [yer 'Lizer?"
For 'Lizer I'd just made my wife,
After lovin' 'er right thro' my life.

So we went steamin' out
In the thick, foggy night—
The signals were 'azy an' blurred,
But with Jim 'twere all right;
Las ers feeled safe long with 'im,
You couldn't be feered 'long with Jim.

We'd gone forty mile,
When, "Hullo!" cries he, [again us;
"Look, Bill, there's a signal [a crash!
What right can that be, but
An' he shuts off steam sharp—
An' a hop "goods" were into us, smash!

We was both on us 'urt,
But Jim were the wust,
'Twas mornin afore we'd a doctor;
He went to 'im fust,
For the boiler ad come on poor Jim—
'Twas cruel bad torture for 'im.

"Never mind me," he groaned,
"Go an' look after Bill,
There's no one to fret about me,
But Bill's 'Lizer will.
Just put Willyum right, I can wait!"
An' he fainted, 'is pain was so great.

Well, you see, I'm here—
Jim Davis he died,
'Twere owin' to stayin' so long,
His wounds mortified,
P'r'aps he wou'dn't be laid in the dust
If he'd let 'em attend to 'im fust.

So that's 'ow it is
I'm so fond of old Jim;
My 'Lizer'd been weepin', p'r'aps now,
If it wasn't for 'im.
His reward will be sartin an' great,
For he gived 'is own life for 'is mate. —*London Figaro.*

THE UNITED STATES AND JAPAN.

The Postal Treaty between the United States and Japan was signed by the President on the 6th of August. It provides for an exchange of correspondence between the two countries by means of a direct line of United States mail packets between San Francisco and Japan. The Post Office of San Francisco shall be the United States office of exchange, and the Yokohama office the office of exchange of Japan. The rate of international postage is fifteen cents for each letter weighing half an ounce or less, and an additional fifteen cents for each additional half ounce, to be reduced to twelve cents at the expiration of twelve months from the date of carrying the Convention into effect. The United States charges to be two cents on printed matter, and the Japanese Post Office collects the regular rates of Japanese domestic postage chargeable thereon by the laws of the Empire. Every international letter received in both countries shall, in addition to deficient postage, be subject to a fine of six cents, to be retained by the respective post offices. Additional rates of postage are required on closed mails either for or from Mexico, Canada, British Columbia, and the British North American provinces, when transmitted entirely by land routes. The United States Post Office shall account to the Japanese Post Office for two cents upon every single paid letter from foreign countries sent through the United States. In converting Japanese currency into United States currency, the United States dollar is considered equivalent to a Japanese yen and the cent to a Japanese sen. This is indeed a step in the right direction, and will open out a vast field for commercial operations. The Japanese have always shown themselves particularly prepossessed in favor of America and American ideas, and the Postal Treaty is the beginning of a most favorable end. Whilst England is feting its fancy doll, the Shah, we are opening out a reality.

A PICTURE OF THE RAILROAD KING.

We saw yesterday at Snow & Roos', on Kearny street, a capital portrait of Governor Stanford, by Cogswell. The picture has some grave defects, but the artist has caught the expression so perfectly, and the likeness is so admirable, that the rawness of the color in places, and the inferior moulding of the hands may be forgiven. The keen, sagacious and not unkindly gray eyes that look out upon you from beneath the marked brows, full of force and character, are life itself. We do not know whether it is for sale; but if not, we presume that Brother Pickering might obtain a copy to hang up in his bedroom, and procure him "rosy dreams and slumbers light," by applying to the artist.

A morning paper gives a detailed account of the involuntary precipitation of an insurance agent and a pill dispenser into the waters of Lake Pilarcitos. We do not object to the utter annihilation of all pill dispensers and insurance agents whatever, whether by burning, poisoning, hanging, or shooting, at the hands of an angry woman, but we are decidedly opposed to their drowning themselves in the family tank. There are times when every one must use water, and we make no wry faces over animalcule, pollywogs, bits of the remains of defunct fish, and other choice water morsels, but we decline to swallow the surplus coating of a druggist or an insurance man without protesting. We had as leave drink out of the bath tub of a School Director or Supervisor, to say nothing of the Spring Valley Director. In fact we can accommodate ourselves to any kind of ordinary filth, but prefer our water straight.

We are always glad to recognize and aid any enterprise likely to give employment to our boys and girls. Such an enterprise is the manufacturing establishment of C. James King of Wm. & Co., 519 Sansom street. Mr. Theo. Bagge has under cultivation, in Alameda County, 400 acres, laid out in the choicest fruits, all of which are consigned to C. J. K. of W. & Co. Mr. King was business manager for P. D. Code & Co., while the other partner, Mr. Joseph, was eighteen years city salesman for Cutting & Co. This firm will can none but the best fruits and vegetables that California produces, and will employ *white labor only*. For convenience of trade, orders may be left at the office of Ganet & Moron, southeast corner Clay and Sansome streets.

There is a hotel in San Francisco under the sole management of the fair sex. From the proprietress to the hall girl, from the bar-tender to the bootblack, all connected with the establishment are women. The porteresses are muscular Germans, who handle the most mammoth "Saratogas" deftly and easily, whilst the clerk is a handsome brunette, who parts her short, black ringlets on one side, and makes bright repartees to the jokes of the drummers and salesmen who largely frequent the house. The bar-tender can make a cocktail quicker and better than any other in the State, and drinks herself every time she is asked to, which, on an average, is about fifty times a day.—*Canandaigua (N. Y.) Repository.* [We wish the fair proprietress would send us her advertisement, that we may go and visit the establishment. Possibly it may be the "Grand Pacific" in embryo. Who knows?

The social sensation of the day is a picturesque rider dashing about in the Park, on a bay mare, with a black half mask, a large sword with a gilt cross handle, and a cartridge box along *en bandoliere*, a striking figure, but a figure which vanishes almost the instant you see it, disappearing in the crowd, and rarely returning. All fashionable London is asking who and what she is.—*John Bull.*

A poor servant girl living in Decatur, Ill., had labored and saved for years, that she might send money abroad to bring over her father, mother and five brothers and sisters. At last she sent them a sufficient sum. All embarked on the steamer *Atlantic*, and all were lost.

Mr. T. Little continues to buy "city and county bonds" and other good securities, and has, besides, on hand some very desirable homesteads for sale at very reasonable prices.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH.

FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies:

Girard, of Philadelphia	$450,000	Penn, of Philadelphia	$253,000
Amazon, of Cincinnati	1,114,000	Kansas, of Leavenworth	250,000
North Missouri, of St. Louis	1,23?,000	Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago	250,000
St. Paul, of Minnesota	12?,000	National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	1,253,000
Mutual Insurance Association, of New Orleans	1,1?8,?25		

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.
HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents,
August 9. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

THE CALIFORNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Will commence business on Wednesday, Aug. 6, 1873, at its office, No. 512 CALIFORNIA STREET. GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.
PRESIDENT . . DAVID FARQUHARSON | VICE-PRESIDENT . . CHAS. LUX.

Board of Directors:

David Farquharson, Charles Lux, Julius C. Reis, A. C. Corbett, Alexander G. Abel, John Bell, Frederic Clay, Alexander Austin, Robert Ewing, Adolph Weske, James H. Kelly.

TREASURER—Julius C. Reis. SURVEYOR—A. C. Corbett. SECRETARY—D. D. Chisholm.
ATTORNEY—C. P. Robinson. Office, 512 California street. [Aug 9.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

Office San Jacinto Tin Company—Location of principal place of business San Francisco, California—Location of Works, San Bernardino Co., California. Notice is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Directors, held on the 10th day of June, 1873, an assessment No. 2 of Ten (10) Cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, No. 314 California street, San Francisco, California. Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 28th day of July, 1873, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction, and unless payment is made before, will be sold on THURSDAY, the 21st day of August, 1873, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. LOUIS FRANCONI, Secretary.
August 9 Office, No. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

CAST IRON WATER PIPE,

3 inch, 4 inch, 6 inch. Boiler Tubes, 2, 3 and 4 inch, assorted lengths. GALVANIZED AND BLACK GAS PIPE all sizes. EGLINTON and No. 1 CLYDE PIG IRON. SCOTCH STEAM SPLINT COAL, 5 0 tons best.
For sale by C. ADOLPHE LOW & CO.,
August 9. 20? California street

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Oriflamme, F. Bolles, Commander, will leave Folsom-st. wharf for the above port, on SATURDAY, August 9, at 10 o'clock A. M. [August 9.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

WILLIAM CASSEBOHM,

Commercial Broker—Office, 221 California street, (up stairs,) San Francisco. August 9.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

For Sheriff . . . . P. J. White.
August 9

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

For District Attorney . . . . . . Thomas P. Ryan.
August 9.

PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE

For Superintendent of Streets . . . . . . John Apel.
August 9.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.
August 1st—Steamer COLORADO . . . . . . Capt. Harris.
August 16—QUANG SI. . . . . Capt. Lachlan.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 5th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.
Aug. 5—ALASKA . . . . . . Capt. Nolan.
August 19—MONTANA . . . . . . Capt. Parker.
All Steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all (except Alaska) call at SAN DIEGO.
Steamers of the 19th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.
Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.
When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge, will leave at 3 P. M., as follows: Thursday, July 24th, Saturday, August 23, Wednesday, Sept. 24.
Returning, will leave Honolulu August 4th, Sept. 6th, Oct. 8th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M. as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Douglass, Wednesday, Aug. 6, Monday, Aug. 18, Friday, Aug. 29.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Thursday, July 31, Tuesday, Aug. 12, Saturday, Aug. 23.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT
SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,
FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, for San Diego and way ports carrying acids, oils and combustibles—Wednesday, July 30, Friday, Aug. 15, Saturday, Aug. 30, at 3 P. M.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt. Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, August 26.
No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M. on the 25th.
Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. (August 2.) S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly.—Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND at and O. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
June 14 WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

SUB SILENTIO.

[BY MARY L. RITTER.]

Hush! the night is calm and quiet,
And the crescent moon hangs low;
Sl[illegible] deep and wide hath power,
And the south wind wanders slow
Through a casement where the curtain
Faintly rustles to and fro.

Like a spirit softly gliding,
Flits it all the chamber round,
Where the dim lamp fading, dying,
Just dispels the gloom profound,
Hangs above two happy dreamers,
By love's perfect promise crowned.

Even through the gates of slumber
To the shadowy land of rest,
He still clasps his long sought treasure
Closely, closely to his breast,
With the ardor of a passion
Long denied and long repressed.

With his lips still warm with kisses
[illegible] clinging as his own,
Smiling still in happy dreaming
For the joy his heart hath known—
Sweetly, peacefully he slumbers
In the arms about him thrown.

And she gazes at him thinking—
Not of all her dreary years—
Only of this isle of glory,
Reached with many doubts and fears,
Over love's frail bridge of rainbows
Fading in a mist of tears.

Then she nestles still more closely
To the heart so kind and dear,
Whispering, "Love me, love me, darling,
All my hope and rest is here,
And without thee earth is nothing
But a desert cold and drear.

"Oh, that every night my slumbers
Might be so supremely blest,
Bounded by thy dear embraces,
Kissed from passion into rest;
I would ask no better haven,
Sheltered thus and thus caressed."

Fan them gently, odorous south wind,
And begone on pinions fleet,
Nothing in thy nightly journey
Shall thy wandering vision greet,
Half as perfect in fulfillment,
Satisfying and complete.

—*Galaxy for August.*

THE COLLIE.

It is worthy to be observed concerning the shepherd's dog, that no severity is ever used in his training. The shepherd has no dog-whip. A single punishment, such as a gamekeeper often finds or thinks it necessary to inflict on a pointer, would spoil a collie altogether and make him worthless for life. He would not leave it by turning savage on his master, but he would at once become broken-spirited and inert. Words of commendation or censure are all that [illegible] needs all that suits his nature. The same thing may be observed in animals of some other kinds, as in the elephant and in the finest breeds of horses. The fine [illegible] of the Scottish shepherd's dog, and his capability of having his feelings deeply wounded, are somewhat very strikingly illustrated. The grandfather of the present writer had an excellent collie, by name Wattie, which was a great favorite, and greatly attached to him and to all the family. When the dog grew old and feeble it was thought necessary to get another one, but on the new dog's arrival, poor old Wattie left his place at the fireside and went out to a green bank beside a pond where he lay down, and no persuasion could induce him to return to the house. He wagged his tail a little when kindly spoken to, but he continued to lie in the same spot and would not rise. He refused food, and in two days he was dead. He seems to have felt that his day was over, that his services were no longer valued, and his old place no longer his, and took it all to signify that his time was come to die. His death, however, seems to have been the result of mere old age, but to have been hastened by his wounded feelings.

AN ENGLISH JESUIT ON THE PRESS.

Father Harper, S. J., preaching at Liverpool, said the press in every part of the civilized world, so called, was the sworn enemy of the Catholic Church There might be Mahommedans, there might be Worshippers of the Sun, there might be disciples of the Agapemone; and with regard to them the press would hold its peace. But week after week, day after day, there was one religious society which it attacked—there was one religious society which was the object of its bitterest sarcasms. Go and look at any of the English newspapers. Would they let a Catholic speak his mind in their columns? Not they, indeed! Three times had they barked him (Father Harper) in Manchester. Would they let the Catholic contest the point with the editor or the London correspondent? No; they dare not. They received their pay for the propagation of a lie; and they did it. The whole aim and object of society was to make the world as comfortable as [illegible] for people until they slept on into damnation; and had there been a *Times* or a *Telegraph* in Jerusalem when Jesus was carried out to Calvary, they would have printed leading articles with the titles, "Crucify Him," "Crucify Him," for that was the public opinion at that time.

A Californian, just returned from the Atlantic States and Europe, says that the statement in Barry & Patten's "Men and Memories," in regard to the *News Letter* being the only California newspaper to be found in club-rooms and hotels in the old cities, is correct. It was the only paper from this city that he saw in London, New York, Boston, Chicago, Halifax, Liverpool or Paris, Vienna or Suez. The reading-room boy at the Parker House, in Boston, said "If we had a dozen of them there would always be somebody waiting to read them." Very intelligent people in the "Hub."

To the uninitiated the manufacture of color by chemical processes is one of those astounding mysteries which are most entrancing to witness. Take vermilion, for instance. By subjecting a mixture of quicksilver and sulpher, placed in strong retorts to heat, a combination is formed which produces a sulphuret of mercury, or bright vermilion in a powder, the shades varying in depth according to the heat.

Breeding Rabbits for Food.—Hochstetter of Tubingen regards the rabbit as the equivalent among the poorer classes of cattle among the wealthier, and earnestly advocates its cultivation. He gives detailed estimates of expenses, and of the receipts, from meat and skins, which make it appear that a single doe rabbit will afford a clear yearly profit of from $8 to $10, and states that he expects with three doe rabbits to have rabbit meat twice a week, at a saving of about $24 per year for meat.

Rev. Dr. Gutzberg, a distinguished Jewish rabbi, died at Boston recently. He was formerly professor in the Newton University, and Maryland Institution of Science at Baltimore, and had been a member of the Masonic and Odd Fellows' fraternities for a quarter of century. He was recognized as the greatest Talmudist in the world and as a Hebraist he had no peer.

We have often looked for a sentence that would clearly explain itself. A Western paper kindly supplies the want in this beautiful simile—"You might as well try to shampoo an elephant with a thimbleful of soapsuds as to attempt to do business and ignore advertising."

The Girard estate, in the city of Philadelphia, is appraised at $3,702,000, and the valuation is quite as high as, and perhaps higher than, the average of other property. The gross rental is $320,000 annually, being nearly nine per cent. The taxes paid amount to $65,772.

A Detroit German thus expresses his opinion of buffalo meat, now very plentiful in the markets of that city —"I shall not pay dot meat vot ish bison. Nein. Ven I kills myself I pays strechnine and pe done mit it."

A traveler in Wales, near Ferryside, seeing a sign over the door with this one word, "Agues cured here," asked the woman what she sold, when she said that she did not sell anything, but that "Agues was cured here."

It is stated, on high chemical authority, that the last gill of milk drawn from a cow is sixteen times richer in cream than the first portion yielded.

Why is a whisper forbidden in polite society?—Because it isn't aloud.

ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).

Successors to J. Seligman & Co.

London Office, No. 3 Angel Court. San Francisco Office, No. 412 California street. Authorized Capital Stock, [illegible], Subscribed, [illegible]; Paid in, [illegible], remainder subject to call. Directors in London—Hon. Hugh McCulloch, [illegible], William F. Scholfield, Isaac Seligman, Julius Lington. Managers in San Francisco—Richard G. Sneath, Ignatz Steinhart. The Bank is now prepared to open Accounts, Receive Deposits, make Collections, Buy and Sell Exchange, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world and loan Money on proper securities. The Stock of this Bank being held by leading Bankers and Capitalists of Europe and America the Bank will have superior facilities in the negotiation of State, Municipal and other securities abroad.
July 6. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

Messrs. J. Seligman & Co., having transferred their Banking Business and good will to the Anglo-Californian Bank, limited, would request all persons [illegible] settle their accounts with MR. IGNATZ STEINHART [illegible] who is authorized to act in liquidation.
San Francisco, July 5, 1873. [July] J. SELIGMAN & CO.

THE WESTERN SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.,

136 Montgomery st., Occidental Hotel Building, San Francisco. Capital, [illegible]. [illegible] President, A. G. Styles, Vice-President and Cashier, [illegible] Secretary; H. H. Haight, Attorney; Robert Watt, [illegible] Directors [illegible] Adams, [illegible], H. H. Haight, Ex-Governor, [illegible], F. Taylor, San Francisco [illegible] Robert Watt, [illegible], San Rafael, [illegible] Booth & Co., [illegible] Iron Works, San Francisco; [illegible], Oakland, Peter Spreckles, San Francisco.
☞ All kinds of SAVINGS, Commercial and Trust Fund Deposits, will be received in sums of not less than three dollars. DIVIDENDS will be payable semi-annually, in January and July of each year. No charge will be made for opening accounts. Loans will be made on security of Real Estate, United States Stocks and other approved securities. July 12

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on-the-Main. March 28.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James M. Pitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

ODD FELLOWS' SAVINGS BANK.—DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Board of Directors of the Odd Fellows' Savings Bank have this day declared a dividend at the rate of nine [illegible] per cent per annum on term deposits, and at the rate of eight [illegible] per cent per annum on [illegible] deposits for the semi-annual term ending June 30th, payable on and after the 21st instant.
JAMES BENSON, Secretary.
San Francisco, July 5, 1873. July 12.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. [illegible] Sansome street (Fried-lander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct 11.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 520 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

THE GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

The Board of Directors have declared the dividend on deposits for the first half year [illegible] ending this date. On Term Deposits, at the rate of nine and [illegible] tenths per cent per annum, on Ordinary Deposits, at the rate of eight [illegible] per cent per annum, free of Federal tax, payable on and after July 15. By order. GEO. LETTE, Secretary.
San Francisco, June 30th, 1873. July 5.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $125,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't; Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3

COSMOPOLITAN DIME SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No. 626 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits, One per Cent per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, Six per Cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book.
J. CROCKER, Secretary. [May 10.] W. S. THOMPSON, President.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY,

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2

REMOVAL

John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, has Removed to 7 Montgomery street, opposite the Odd Fellows' Building. Always prepared to discount good Commercial Paper at the lowest rates. City and County Property bought and sold. July 12

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,

113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,

SAN FRANCISCO. [May 21.

L. H. NEWTON.] NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., [MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries, [illegible] and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE, [H. A. MOORE

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 212 Bush street. Factory, 145 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

— IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Polizoi.

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains.—E. Manton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.

St. - Lawrence - on - Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche J. Heydner, Proprietor.

NOTABILIA.

"**Ah, so our friend Tom** has got married at last, you see," said a friend of ours the other day. "Have you seen his house on O'Farrell street?" "No," we answered. "It is one of the prettiest little places you ever saw; come with me and I will show you over it." We went, and certainly never saw a house furnished in such style. "Who," we asked, "has had the furnishing of this house?" "Why, N. P. Cole, of course," answered our friend, "who else in the city could do it so well?"

SHAH-BROKING.

His realm, to be made righter
The Shah's to Reuter ceded:
And many a wealthy biter
Is booked for money needed
By the Shah—
Ha! ha! ha!

The bears don't dare to grumble,
The bulls are all elated:
The bears are feeling humble,
The bulls are being *feted*
With the Shah,
Ha! ha! ha

That's the way to blow a bubble, *oh, la, la!* What a lucky set of brokers, *oh, la, la!*

"Tell me, O, thou ancient warrior,
How it is you look so strong.
Full well I know, for four-score years
You've wandered round—say, am I wrong?"

"I have lived for four-score years, sir,
Drinking naught but Cutter's best.
If you want to live as long, sir,
I advise you to invest."

Shortening a Telegram.—A gentleman took the following telegram to a telegraph office: "Mrs. Brown, Liverpool street.—I announce with grief the death of uncle James. Come quickly to read will. I believe we are his heirs.—John Black." The clerk, having counted the words, said, "There are two words too many, sir." "All right, cut out 'with grief,'" was the reply.

The other afternoon I strayed,
About the hour of four,
To see if in the town I'd find
A first-class carpet store.

I wandered round for a long time,
Until a friend did tell
Where was the only place in town—
The store of Plum & Bell

As an early morning train stopped at the station, an old gentleman with a cheerful countenance stepped out on the platform, and inhaling the fresh air enthusiastically exclaimed, "Isn't this invigorating?" "No, sir, it's Auchtermuchty," replied the conscientious porter. The cheerful old gentleman went back to his seat in the carriage.

All that my pining spirit in its youth
Has pictured forth of excellence, is she;
The same ideal figure full of truth,

Alike in gentleness and purity
By Bradley & Rulofson made divine
Oh how I love to worship at her shrine!

The Man Who Struck Him.—"Show me the man who struck O'Docherty," shouted a pugnacious little Irishman at an election; "show me the man who struck O'Docherty, and I'll—" "I am the man who struck O'Docherty," said a big, brawny fellow, stepping to the front; "and what have you to say about it?" "Och, sure," answered the small one, suddenly collapsing, "and didn't you do it well?"

We cannot stay thy footsteps, Time.
Thy flight no hand may bind
Save His, whose foot is on the sea,
Whose voice is in the wind.

Yet we can make a cloudy day
As bright as in sunshine,
And drive the demon care away
With draughts of Gerke Wine

Mr. John Owens, who lately died at Jackson, aged 114, was in some respects a remarkable man. He blushingly admitted that he had used whisky since he was ten years old, and had chewed tobacco and smoked, more or less, for one hundred and three years, but he never claimed that he had seen Washington.

Wherever Minerva, the Goddess of Wisdom, presides, or Pomona, or Ceres require book work to be done, there will be found the school and office furniture made by Gilbert & Moore. It is universally acknowledged to be the best that is made in this or any other State. If once used, no other desks, stools, forms, garden seats, etc., will ever meet with any favor. Their patent school desks, with seat attached, is the most perfect thing we ever saw, and is as strong as it is neat.

A Yankee editor has just had his family reinforced, whereupon he indulges in the following poetic outburst:

"Ring out, wild bells—and tame ones [too—
Ring out the lover's moon!
Ring out the little slips and socks,
Ring in the bib and spoon!

Ring out the Muse, ring in the nurse—
Ring in the milk and water!
Away with paper, pens, and ink—
My daughter, oh, my daughter!"

Professor Wise is about to, as every one knows, cross or try to cross the Atlantic in a balloon. How he will succeed it is hard to say. Many are sanguine, many dubious. His balloon has attached a car fitted up with every necessary apparatus, not forgetting one of De La Montanya's Union Ranges, which he will find of immense service on the journey. In a very short time we shall know the result of the trip. We wish him "God speed" on his hazardous voyage.

Jere Johnson, Jr., a noted auctioneer of New York, advertises for sale at "Far Rockaway, Long Island," "nine elegant cottages and 75 glorious ocean villa plots," and adds the following invitation:

Then come to the sale with Johnson,
By the roar of the ocean surf,
Come, buy a home by the salt sea foam,

In the fairest spot of earth;
On the sea-beat shore, which evermore
As now, resounds with mirth.

The philosopher's stone has not yet been discovered, but modern science has found out a means by which the energy of youth can be imparted to those who have long passed the meridian of life. Such a boon to mankind is the Elixir Damiana, that the well known Doctor Jose Juniga, from whose prescription it is made, has earned a name not soon to be forgotten. The Elixir can be procured at Chas. Langley's, the agent, and at all drug stores.

Edmund Munger, speaking of the time when he was a boy, says it was the custom of school children as you passed a school house, to make a bow; but in these later days, as you pass a school house, you must keep your eye peeled, or you will get a snowball or a brickbat at the side of your head.

Help me to sing, ye muses Nine,
In praise of that Loner on Pine,
Which by its name, the Saddle Rock,

All praise and say the finest stock
Of oysters in the town are there;
Both raw, and cooked with greatest care.

Mr. Redpath applied to Mr. Warner, author of "My Summer in a Garden," to enter the lecturing field. The genial author replied that there was less prospect now than ever of his consenting to do so. "It seems to me," he wrote, "that the older I grow, the wiser I grow."

The Six-Mile House, on the San Bruno Road, is the favorite calling place on the road. No one ever thinks of passing without stopping to have a word with Harry Hanken.

Twenty-eight different kinds of "bitters" sold in Rhode Island for "strictly medicinal use" are undergoing analysis by the State Chemist from an excise point of view.

Muller's spectacles are the only kind of glasses that meet with the approbation of the public. They are always in demand and are never found wanting.

"**What's the date of your bustle?**" was what an anxious papa of Coble-skill asked his well-dressed daughter, after searching for the latest copy of his paper.

For some years we have had our attention called to one of our most prominent citizens, whose exquisite taste in gloves, neckties, shirts, etc., is a source of wonder and admiration to all who know him or have seen him. Determined to find out by what magic power he thus made every article he wore harmonize, we one day followed him, and discovered that for years he had never dealt with any firm for his haberdashery but that of Anderson & Irving. We took the hint, and the result is obvious.

"**Got out of my way**—what are you good for?" said a cross old man to a little bright-eyed urchin who happened to stand in the way. The little fellow as he stepped one side, replied very gently: "They make men out of such things as we are."

A wig is a horrible thing to wear; it makes the head hot and uncomfortable and a bald head is almost preferable. The climate of California is very trying to the hair, and there are perhaps more young men bald here than in any other place of the same size. To all who have thin hair, or none at all, yes, and even to those who have a strong crop, we say, use the X Twiabs X Nevada Hair Restorer. Heathfield & Bogel, 206 and 208 Battery street, Agents. Sold at all drug stores.

Bony Nash, the Cincinnati gambler, whose death was recently recorded, was congratulated a short time before the event upon looking better in health than usual, when he replied, "I bet you $20 dollars I don't live a week." He won.

Who would stop in the dusty, dull city when within an easy drive, or even walk, there is a place which holds out such inducements as the Villa does? Situated just on the other side of Golden Gate Park it can hardly be passed without calling. Once call, once try the inimitable cuisine and splendid wines, and you will always choose the Villa as *the* place to drive to and lunch, dine, or sup. The Host and Hostess, Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg, are hospitality itself.

A country paper, speaking of a catch of fishes, says some of them were "slappers." "Slapper" is the comparative of the word "whopper." As: positive "whopper," comparative "slapper," superlative "sockdolager."

There is very little doubt that wine, taken in moderate quantities, is, in this peculiar climate, very beneficial. The strong wines of Portugal and France are not at all suitable to the climate. Over and over again the doctors tell us that there is nothing like the wine grown in the country you live in, and many people have followed their advice, and never drink any but pure California wines, as sold by Eberhardt & Lachman.

Conundrum from the Chicago Tribune: "Why is it that lightning never strikes organ grinders, that they never fall into the river to get drowned, that they never starve to death, and are never bitten by mad dogs?"

Nature improved—nay, do not start—
It can be and is so by art.
Just go to Houseworth, and you'll find,

If doubting, you will change your mind.
No 12 Montgomery street
Is where all Frisco's fashion meet.

The way type can be eccentric is shown by an Iowa special as it appeared in a Chicago paper, about the arrest of a mail robber, "upon whose person was found rifled letters and two *nail keys!*" Mail keys of course.

Davy Crockett says: "First be sure that you're right, then go ahead," and we think his advice is worth taking, especially when you are going out driving with a nice team in the Golden Gate Park or on the Cliff House road. The only way to be really sure that all is right is to have all your harness made by Main & Winchester. If you do this you will always be right, and so can "go ahead."

A citizen of Connecticut, recently introduced to a newly-married man, congratulated him warmly, and said: "Ah, these Litchfield county girls make clever wives; I've had three of 'em."

For an Irritated Throat, Cough or Cold, "*Brown's Brochial Troches*" are offered with the fullest Confidence in their efficacy. They maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired.

"**Bitten by an alleged mad dog**" is the mild way in which it is put in Baltimore, to avoid hurting the dog's feelings, should he merely be laboring under a temporary aberration.

A traveler says that in Spain umbrellas differ in size from an ordinary dinner-plate to a small tent, and their colors are as various as the tints of the rainbow.

A contemporary, speaking of the difficulty of a newspaper editor pleasing everybody, says: "Even if one sounded the praises of his Maker, the devil would be offended."

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May [illegible], 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,244,[illegible], as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ([illegible]), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $[illegible],000. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditioned that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April [illegible], 1873.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor, MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor,
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

CHILI ALFALFA SEED OF THE NEW CROP.

Ex Steamer just arrived.—For sale in lots to suit by
S. W. MOORE & CO., Seedsmen,
July 19. No. [illegible] Sansome street, San Francisco.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 30 Montgomery Block. May 24

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

Cheap Literature.—The Conservatives are now about to take another great step towards increasing Conservative feeling throughout the kingdom. It is intended to publish a journal which will be sold for the marvelously low price of a farthing for a single copy. The penny a week country daily newspaper will be a neat and handy sheet of four pages of two columns each, and will contain all the news up to the hour of publication, given in the most condensed form, and short pithy articles. It will be set up as well as printed by steam, for the proprietors mean to use Mr. Mackie's patent type-composing machine, which was an object of so much attraction at the International Exhibition two years ago. The paper will be distributed from London through the post. The usual arrangement will be for twelve subscribers to subscribe their penny a week each, and the twelve papers will go daily in one parcel. They will, of course, be sent to one address, and the persons receiving them will send them to the subscribers, or allow them to be called for. The projectors include some of the most eminent members of the Opposition (they include Mr Gathorne Hardy, Mr Walpole, Colonel Patten, Colonel Taylor, Sir M H Beach, and also Sir M. Lopes, Mr Hart Dyke, Mr Assheton Cross, Mr. Winn, Mr Eliot, and Mr. Cubitt), and their desire is to counteract the effects of cheap and pernicious literature with which the country is now flooded, chiefly in the form of weekly papers. I may add, that the country daily newspaper will be published at the Central Press Office, in the Strand, every evening in time to save the post.—*London Correspondence of Courant.*

American Railways as Investments, by Robert Griffin, is the title of an important financial work. The author has endeavored to show that investments in American railways are well worth the attention of those who have money at their disposal. From a series of interesting statistics, collected by Mr. Bernard Cracroft, of the London Stock Exchange, incorporated in the work, we learn that American railways are far more productive than the British lines. The railways of our own land have great difficulty in earning a dividend at all, and in rare cases pay a dividend amounting to 7 per cent. on the capital invested. In America the different lines are far more remunerative, and the dividends vary from 6 to 10 per cent. The author, however, brings out clearly the distinction between ordinary shares and letter "A" railway bonds, and insists that first mortgage bonds on railways are amongst the finest securities in the world. The author does not maintain that *all* American securities are good, but that letter A railway first mortgage bonds are so. The work is published by Stanford, of Charing Cross, and is well worth the perusal of investors.—*English Newspaper.*

To the delight of their large circle of friends, the Beecher-Stowes are again living in Hartford, this time in Frank Chamberlain's old place, which they have bought and fitted up exquisitely. Dr Stowe looks and is much better than could be expected after his severe illness, and is perfectly happy among his books and papers. He has recently read Goethe's "Faust" in the original for the twentieth time, and is the only man I ever met who had read, comprehended, liked, and could make clear the second part thereof. Mrs. Stowe is as bright and cheery as any of the birds with whom she flits with the seasons between this and her lovely Florida home. Not the least interesting of their many literary valuables is a collection of the almost innumerable translations of *Uncle Tom's Cabin*, which is said to have been translated into more languages than any other volume ever published, though the Pilgrim's Progress may be an exception. Philologists find the various translations of great value as exhibiting the diversities of languages at the same period of history.

This notable episode in Agassiz's address of dedication at Penikese Island, the other day, strikes the *Christian Union* as worthy of being perpetuated upon canvas by some great artist: "After a few opening words, felicitously suited to put all their minds into fellowship, Agassiz said, tenderly, and with touching frankness: 'I think we have need of help. I do not feel that I can call on any one here to ask a blessing for us. I know I would not have anybody pray for us at this moment. I ask you for a moment to pray for yourselves.' Upon this, the great scientist—in an age in which so many other great scientists have concluded that praying is quite an unscientific and very useless proceeding—bowed his head reverently; his pupils and friends did the same, and there, in a silence that was very solemn and very beautiful, each spirit was free to crave of the Great Spirit the blessing that was needed."

A Mount Washington Correspondent of the Boston *Transcript* details the eminently sensible manner in which two Boston girls, in the passage of a dangerous precipice, saved the life of a gentleman of the party, rescuing him from a position of certain death if dependent upon his own exertions. One of the young women, lying flat upon the ground slid out over the bank from which he had slipped, clinging, meanwhile, to the feet of the second, who, in turn, clung fast to a sharp rock above. The gentleman was drawn up slowly and with great effort, having, with pardonable indelicacy, grasped his preserver about the ankles.

Some silly questioner, with just the least of conscientious misgiving, asks the editor of the *Christian Union* his opinion of croquet playing. To which he sensibly replies: "We think it is amusing to women, agreeable to men, and fascinating to ministers. For all persons who need gentle exercise, it is even better than billiards; indeed, it is a kind of field billiards, or billiards 'gone to grass.' Anybody that is too pious to play croquet ought to be done up in starched linen, put in a bag or [illegible], and be a sort of Sunday clothes, and not let out [illegible] time."

Gerald Massey is delivering a lecture in England which he calls "Why Doesn't God Kill the Devil?" [illegible] A Woman.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, June 19th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7.0, 8:10, 9:30, 10:10 and 11:30 A.M., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, 8:15, 9:30 and *11:30 P.M. (9:30, 11:30 and 3:00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:20, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 11:00 A.M., 1:30, 2:40, 4:35, 6:10, 7:35 and 10:19 P.M.

Leave Oakland, *5:40, 6:50, 8:00, 9:10, 1-0 and 11:10 A.M., 12:00, 1:40, 2:50, 3:0, 5:05, 6:20, 8:05 and 10:20 P.M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7 P., 9:30 and 11:15 A.M., 1:30, 4:00, 5:30 and 7:00 P.M. (7:30, 11:15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:20, 7:00 and 10:15 A.M. and 3:00 P.M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:25, 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:20, 4:35 and 5:30 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing April 6th, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave— San Francisco		8.40 a m	*3 20 p m	†4 4. p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5. 0 p m	7.00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2:05 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2:45 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	3.15 p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2:30 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave— Hollister				11 10 a m
Salinas				10:45 a m
Castroville				11 1. a m
Pajaro				11:20 a m
Gilroy				1:2. p m
San Jose		*6.20 a m	7 0 a m	3:00 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	8:30 a m	10:10 a m	5:25 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:30 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:30 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at 1:30 a m

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:30 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11:30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 14th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs Wharf) at [illegible] and 6 p m Saucelito at 7 0 and 9:30 a m 2 30 and 4 p m On Saturday, from Saucelito at [illegible], and 5 p m from San Francisco at 9 and 12 m 2 and 4 p m On Monday's trip from San Francisco (Meiggs Wharf) at 6:30 A.M. SUNDAY TIME: Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 m, 2 and 4 p m Leave Saucelito 11 a m, 1, and 3 p m H A COBB, President,
April 12 [illegible] Montgomery street

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement. On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 187, the steamer PETALUMA, W [illegible] Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 a.m. Returning, leave San Francisco at [illegible] p m, connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Healdsburg. Aug 21] CHAS. MINTURN

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:20 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 4:30 p.m. San Rafael [illegible], 11 15 a.m., 2:30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:30 a.m., 5:00 p.m.; San Rafael, 1:00 a.m., 5:00 p.m. [Aug 31] CHARLES MINTURN

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Phaetons, Coupes, Hacks, Rockaways, Charabancs, End, Side or Wood Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel, bolts and couplings. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts and also street rail cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz. for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 20

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on [illegible] at 12 o'clock M. from Front-street Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the steamboats and barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. For freight or passage [illegible] apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15. 610 Front street.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving the inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s 9d per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, roughness or any roughness of the skin, in bottles, 1s 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 20 150 Oxford st London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labelled "JAMES EPPS & CO," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sources, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, [illegible], Oilmen's Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge [illegible] by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE
July 11 16 Coleman st, London

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen, Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. —The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. Unlike digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 28

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary. Wm Harris, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm Harris, H H Dyke, J. C. [illegible], M Fred H Traube, P [illegible], H V Herbert, J W McKenzie, J C Langton, J T Lomery, Adam Beach, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S BROWN, Agent. Office 424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Telegraph office. Jan 11

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM
March 21] Agents, 421 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g.
Justices—[illegible] Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Third District—Mechanics Institute Building
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street
Nineteenth District—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—430 California street.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] Clay street
Clerk [illegible] Battery street
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants Exchange
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets
Commissary Camp—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Stat. [illegible]—City Hall
Auditor—Room 14, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—23 Kearny
License Collector—City Hall
Industrial School—City Hall
Surveyor—City Hall
Health Office—134 Geary st.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Jackson St., bet. Van Ness Av. and Franklin St
Quarantine—21 Jackson st.
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and [illegible]
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 9, Cannon street; Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austin Friars; Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. T. Walleck, Secretary; Singapore Gas Co., 5 St Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary; Pacific Saw Mills, [illegible], 10 [illegible] street, Hongkong Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. agents, 31 St. Swithin's Lane; Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mills Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. agents 31 St. Swithin's Lane. Amoy Dock Co., John Peek, agent, Finsbury square; Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co., agents, Crown court, Philpot Lane. North China Insurance Co., 25 Cornhill, J. B. Mackintosh, Secretary. Canton Insurance Co., Mathieson & Co., agents, 3 Lombard st. Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co., agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street. Hong Kong Insurance Co., Gladstones & Co. agents, 25 Austinfriars, China Traders Insurance Co., Harrington, Baron & Co. agents, 41 Great St. Helens; Chinese and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co., agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st.; Ceylon Co. Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad st. R. A. Cameron [illegible], Martin, Manager; Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (limited) of Singapore, Maclaggart, [illegible] & Co. agents, 31 Great St Helens. Banks—Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thomson, Chairman, Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Old Broad street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager; Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street, Deutsche Bank, Aktien Gesellschaft of Berlin agencies, National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Wall [illegible] German Bank of London, Birchin Lane, Lombard Bank of London, agents, Princes st, Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 31 Lombard street. National Bank of India, 80 King William street. Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending August 2, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, July 28th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Elizabeth Garvit to A O Osgood...	Se Jessie, 297-9 sw 4th, sw 22:9x70—sub 100-v 130 sub to mortg for $3,600	$4,550
J J Campbell to Cath Campbell...	S Folsom, 50 e from nw cor of 50-v 43, s 75x25	Gift
Edward Martin to J Maloney	Se Grove and Buchanan, e 81:3x72 -sub W A 262	2,750
E S Josselyn to Thos Kelly... ...	Commencing at a point 85:0 e Leavenworth and 81:6 Geary, e 54x27 sub 50 vara 1140	1,300
J T Sullivan to Frederick Anderson	Nw Hyde and Green, n 20x90 . ..	1,500
Samson S Weston to E G Clark	N Geary 175 e Buchanan, e 50x137 6	1
W A Upton to Chas H Mathews	Und ⅜, e Damo, 100 N Randall, 50x125	178

Tuesday, July 29th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Wm Hollis to Samuel Platt	E Steiner 53 n Sacramento, 25x93.9.....	$3,500
Daniel Gollberg to O F Gehricke.	Undivided 2 acres, commencing at sw cor of tract of land deeded by C B Moore to C E Woodbury, etc	1,000
P C Fogarty to Mary Fogarty.....	E Valencia a 24th, 25x117 6, also, nw cor 22d and Chattanooga, w 100 x n 78 subdivision M B 89	....
John Lamble to John Joost, ...	E Stockton n Francisco, n 22:9 x e 68 9, subdiv 50-v 1515	1,400
M Klinkofstrom to H J Johnson..	Sc Park Lane, 190 sw 2d and 100 se of Bryant, etc, subdiv 100-v 91	3,000
John Center to Thomas Hennessy	W Stockton n 19th, 90x122 6	600
Mas Cem Ass'n to D B Arrowsmith	Transferred to Edmor & Monfrey, l 4 s, sec 21, Masonic Cemetery.	77
Wm R McKee to C H Reynolds ..	Lots 242 and 344, Gift Map 2	150
Paul Res Hd Ass'n to E H Forester	Lot 11 blk 2 Paul Reservation H'd	350

Wednesday, July 30th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Peter S McNeill to Emil Loeven...	S Clay, 60 w Hyde, s 72 x w 20	$ 150
Spring Val H'd Ass'n to B Lasseos	Lots 166 and 167, Spring Valley H'd ..	720
Edward H Parker to J F Hough.	N Pine w Laguna, 68-9 x n 137 6	5,000
Jeremiah Baldwin to Ellen Flynn..	E Florida n Bolle, 25x100	700
Michael Brogan to E McLaughlin.	S Hunt 80 e 3d, s 65, e 6¼ in, n etc	5
James Lick to Soc Cal Pioneers	Subdiv 100-v 125..	Gift
John Nutall to Thomas Adam	W Gough n Grove, n 35 1x137.6	5,250
Thos Gardiner to John McGeehan	N Post 52 w Dupont, 23x74	11,000
Martha B Hoot to Land Pur Ass'n	E Stevenson s 19th, 25x80	125
J C Bideman to Wm Gelman .	Se Turk and Van Ness Av, e 120x100 .	6,050
Wm Gelman to Land Purch Ass'n	E Van Ness Ave s Turk, 70x120	1
Ger Sav & Building Co to F Stand	E Steiner s Waller, 94x81 3 ..	720
F Stand to Ger Sav & Building Co.	Sw Van Ness Ave and Fulton w 109:9 x s 120—sub W A 75, subj to mortgage	18,000
E McLaughlin to Michael Brogan	S Hunt o 3d, s 22, etc	5
Nicolas Gulliee to City & Co of S F	W Dupont n Broadway, n 47 w 68:9, a 117 se 41 3, e 40:5 to commencement .	21,558
Isaac D Barnard to Mary A Porter	W Mason n Vallejo, 35x110:0; also, commencing at sw cor 50-v 619 n 67 6x27.	1
Nicholas Gulliee to E P Buckley.	Commencing 93 n Broadway w Dup, etc	..
John T McLean to John Curry	Sw 2 b.k 255, subj to mortg for $1,500.	5,000

Thursday, July 31st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Laura Pettit to Joseph Gosner ...	Lot 80x100 in Negro or Mereda Tract...	$ 250
Maria Loniewski to T McInerney	Sw cor Lizzie and Prospect sts, 70x70..	150
Robt McCrum to John Hinkel .	Se corner 24th and Bartlett, 100x72 ...	3,000
Same to David W Martindell	24th, 92 e Bartlett, 45 6x100.... .	3,000
Harrison St H'd Ass'n to H E Bride	Lot 12 blk 112	800
Odd Fel Cem Ass'n to Geo Rorhen	Lot 13 sec 5 Odd Fellows Cemetery	66
College Hd Ass'n to Geo W Blake..	Lots 1 2 3 blk 13	900
Geo W Blake to J F Hastings. . .	Same	1,000
J K Dasford to same.	S Sacramento e Fillmore, 137.7x25 6—subdiv W A 314, also, lots 10 to 15 inclusive blk 88 O L .	3,500
Robt McCrum to Geo W Whitney.	E Bartlett s 24th, 160x117 6	4,250
Jacob Whitney to John Maine	E Taylor s Clay, 23x76	800
C D Carter to Sunny Vale H Ass'n	Blk 6 Sunny Vale Hd........	1
S Sanguinetti to A J J V Domont.	S Francisco e Powell, 45.10x135:6..	3,000
H Lowenberg to S Lowenberg.....	N Turk e Leavenworth, 25x137 6	3,000

Friday, August 1st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
C D Williams to S B Peterson....	Sw cor Church and 17th, 100x100....	$ 5
S N Folsom to H G Rollins	Se cor Broadway and Baker, s 30 e 122:10, nw 30:9, w 118:1, to commencement being lot 10 blk 540, Central Park Hd.	600
John F Rodoy to Wm Bein	N Fulton 55 e Laguna, 27:6x120........	2,700
D W Connely to John T Brady ...	Se Folsom, 80 ne 9th, ne 45x90. . ..	3,850
Thos Giblin to John O'Brien	N 25th, 100 e Columbia, e 25x101 . .	650
Chas D Wheat to W D Heath.....	Lots 10 to 12 in blk 51, Paul Tract H d ..	1,000
Pt L Av Hd Ex Asn to J F Dyxbee	Lots 3 4 5 6 1 blk 64	1 000
Lewis Holton to Mary Edwards	E Bartlett s 26th, 21x125	050
A Godeffroy to Andrew B McCreery	Undivided ½, nw cor Montgomery and Chestnut, w 112.6, n 200.3, e 114 7, etc	8,000
Same to Eliza L Scott........... .	Undivided ½, same ..	8,000
Geo H Whitney to Bridget Keenan	E Bartlett s 24th, 50x117 6—M B 170 ..	2,400
John Prichard to Chas W Welch	S Geary e Powell, 25x85.	16,000
E H Cardinet to City and Co S F	Commencing e Taylor n Lombard, 101 10, w 62 3 so 28	2,889
Elizabeth Smith to David Hunter	No 3d se Folsom, being subdiv 100-v 42.	5,000
Andrew Smith to same..	Same...........................	15,180
Silver Ter H'd Ass'n to C Stoelzle.	Lots 25 26 Silver Terrace H'd ...	525
Edward Martin to Peter Bradley.	S Grove w Laguna, 25x120	1,000
Sil Ter H'd Ass'n to Leon Dingeon	Lots 359 and 360, Silver Terrace H'd	956
Wm M Gwin to John S Luty......	Undivided 1-12 of land in Visitacion Valley containing 700 acres same property recorded in 414 D 1	1
Sunny Vale H'd Ass'n to same....	Lot 1 to 39 inclusive blk 0 Sunny V H'd	10,000
S F Butterworth to same	Tract land described in patent to liber 1 of patents, page 23........	1
J G Bereke to Wilhelmina Bereke.	N Morton w Dupont, 40x40; also, w Dupont 137.6 a California, a 17:6x57 6..	Gift.
R C Page to Thos Brown	Lots [illegible] 124, S S F Hd & R Ass'n	1
Wm B Lake to B F Joselyn	Ocean H [illegible] Hd sw Holyoke, s 110 b, e 25, n 25, e 25, n 25, etc Noe Garden Hd, subj to a mort for $300	900
Henry Plese to Cath Schumacher .	6th nw Bryant, 25x85	5
Same to Same............ .	Same	5,000

Saturday, August 2d.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Paul T't H'd Ass'n to Mary Mullen	Lot 12 block 32	$ 500
James L Watson to Jas Hackett...	N 24th, 100 w Guerrero, w 32:6x50 ...	10
Gilbert Palacho to Jacques Traves	Rerecord	.
E Monnerct to Catterina Monnerct	S Turk e Kearny, 20:3x137:6	Gift
J O Romer to Catherine M Biller..	S Waller w Fillmore, 25x120	500
Wm Hollis to M C Glimpel	E Pearl n Ridley, 30x80	1,400
David E Buel to Nina L Buel . .	Subdivision 100-v 74	Gift
W B Stephens to Home Mut Ins Co	Sundry lots in Outside Land Homesteads	11,849
Albert G Varney to J S Alemany	Vallejo w Dupont, 30x137 6	...
J S Alemany to City & Co of S F..	Vallejo e Stockton, e 21 6, etc...... ..	827
G V Castro to J J O'Shea ...	50-vara lot 3, blk 401, W A	500
New S S F H'd Ass'n to C Smidt ..	Lot 36, blk 157, New S S F H'd.	500
N Smith to Henry Thomas ..	Mission a 18th, 60x122 7	1
T P Riordan to A P Alexander....	DeHaro n Sonoma, 75 1x100	600
E S Weston to Anson Goldsmith ...	Sw cor California and Laguna, 137 6x137 6, n so, Pine w Laguna, 68 9x137 6, also, Sutter and Laguna, 137 6x137 6 .	1
M Buzzini to Gaudenzio Buzzini ..	Lot 4 blk 37, Paul Tract H'd	600
John Spaulding to C W M Smith..	Sw cor w Polk, w 16.9, n 60, subject to a mortgage for $2 000	800
David Callaghan to John Donohue	S Folsom w Fourth, 80x25; also, leasehold lot 28 b 32 ..	800
Angela Felix to Isabel de Franchini	Dori [illegible] Rancho, containing 11,6?? acs	500

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending Aug. 6, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
T B Bigelow to B Moore....	Oakland: S line of R R Ave 25 w from Chester thence w 25x93 3	$ 475
E Cavanagh to J Gill.............	Same: N line 5th street 100 w from Alice thence w 12:6x100 ..	710
G Taft to H Durant	Same 100x100 ne cor 14th and Webster	4,000
Durant & Bigelow to F Reilly ...	Same: N line 6th st 25 e from Henry th n 25x93 3	450
E Tripp to N W Spaulding ...	Same 150x100 sw cor 8th and Julia .	10,000
D Borel to A A Williamson ...	Same: 99:7x118:9 nw corner of 6th and Kirkham .	2,250
O Moore to 1st Cong'l Religious Soc	Same 150x125 ne cor Wash and 10th	10,000
H Durant to H P Carollon ..	Same E line 182 e from 34 st th s 25x100	450
M Quigley to C P Railroad Co . .	Same N line 7th at 100 w from Broadway thence w 50x100................	7,500
W Hilligass to P Katz	Same: E line Clay 100 n from 4th st th n 50x75.................. .. .	1
O Hd Ass'n to C Shimmins ..	East Oakland: Lot 55 Capital H'd Tract	361
J F Falkner to L M Shew..... .. .	Same Nw Jones 50 ne from Monroe th new 5 x 150	1,600
C Mally to P Bartlett........	West Oakland 136.7x100 4 nw corner Wood & R Road Ass'n .. .	5,000
T Johnson to L Hufschmidt . .	Same 51x100 se cor Wood & Seward.	1,500
P Bartlett to S James	Same 130.7x100 nw cor Wood & R R A	6,500
O Reis to E A Lawrence	Alameda. 80 acres Marsh at and near Bay Farm Island	
E A Lawrence to Ullman & Baum	Same to same..	5,000
H Estell to J B R[illegible]	Same 60x66 near Mastic Station .	100
A Jenks to J S Moore	4 miles ne from Livermore: 160 acres.	1,600
P Johnson to J Tyschen	San Lorenzo. 3?2x533 8	3,500
R L Farrier to Mrs M Stern	Lyon: Lots 10 to 13 in Blk 13	200
S U Hd Ass'n to A N Mitchell ..	Oak and Tp Lot 5 in blk 4 State University H'd Tract	500
A N Mitchell to A Hemme	Same to same	500
S U H'd Ass'n to T S Sangstadter.	Same: Lot 3 in blk 1 in same....	730
Same to E Culling	Same: Lot 6 in blk 4 in same	550
Same to same	Same: Lot 7 in blk 1 in same..	730
A Hersey to D Powers ..	Same: 100x150 Temescal Park Tract...	820
Oakland H Ass'n to F S Wensinger	Same Lots 10 to 12 to 54 Maxwell Tract	5
Same to E A Culling...............	Same Lot 38 in blk 3 of same . .	5
Treadwell & Co to H Durant ...	Same Lot 3 in blk 9 College H'd Tract.	575
H Durant to H S Peterson.........	Same Same	940
Linden Hd Ass'n to E Culling.....	Same: Lot 12 Linden H'd Tract . .	550
W Stuart to J G Gay..	Same Lots 1 to 4 in Blk D Berkeley H. Tract	1,600
O P H Ass'n to D M Stockman .	Same Lots 9 and 10 in Oakland Prospect H'd Tract	600
Same to G R Eckley	Same Lot 50 in blk 2 of same	300
Same to same . . .	Same Lots 48 and 49 in blk 2 of same	600
G R Eckley to J W Eckley	Same Lots 48 49 and 50 in same .	750
W Carroll to J F Crossett	Same Lot 28 Fruit Vale H'd Tract. .	400
J F Crossett to D M Stockman ...	Same, Same	950
T S U H'd Ass'n to A L Mann....	Same: Part lot 4 in block 4 Teachers' State University H'd Tract .	319
Haven & Flint to G H Gray	Brooklyn Tp Portion of Cameron Tract	7,500
Same to H L Day	Same. Subdivs 15 and part 14 in same	4,000

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Aug. 5.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching the county's records) during business hours may always be found at the HALL OF RECORDS, COUNTY BUILDINGS, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to Hall of Records. ☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. July 12.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, Capital Bourbon, National Bourbon, Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec 9.]

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12

WATER.

The recent swift succeeding rumors of devastation by fire have served to ca[ll] the attent[ion] of the pub[lic] once more to our terrible necessities in regard to water. Peo[ple] are becoming aroused to the knowledge that the Spring Valley Company has reached the limit of its resources. Every spring, every stream, every [illegible] in the vicinity of the works has been drained to its utmost, and yet we have not enough. Yet these drained reservoirs and their pipes, worn out for the most part, form the bargain offered to the city for the modest and moderate desideratum of ten millions of dollars. If it should occur to our city fathers to look with kindly eye upon this magnificent proposal, they would find themselves encumbered with pipes and works and all the apparatus necessary for a full fledged water company, excepting the [illegible] itself. That they would be obliged to purchase from some other company, and go to some other part of the country to get it. The economy of such a course is obvious. It would better behoove the people and the guardians of public interest to cast an eye upon the water facilities offered by other companies and individuals. Not, however, as it was done once before, when this same matter came up for consideration. A packed committee was delegated to inquire into the comparative merits of various waters. Lake Merced, Clear Lake, and other localities were visited suddenly, hurriedly. No intimation having been given of the intended visit, there were present no guides familiar with the localities, and the observations of cold and hungry men taken from a single point were not likely to be favorable. The visit to the Pilarcitos Lake, however, was a vastly different affair. A goodly company was invited to go with the committee, an elegant collation was spread, and champagne flowed so freely that the lake suffered little depletion. The parties interested were the guides, and convincing language flowed as freely as the good champagne. A certain plank in all the political platforms has made the Water Company to feel as if it were standing upon drifting sand, and Spring Valley is posing with as cool a face as any party leader in the land. Opposition to monopoly is the watchword of the people, and monopolies are becoming uneasy. Now is the time to crush them, and none are deserving of more complete obliteration than a water monopoly. It is our most vital necessity. Gas we can get along without. When hard pressed we have kerosene and tallow dips, and these are even now the [illegible] of poorer homes, where gas is an unheard of luxury. But who, rich or poor, can do without water? Water, clear, clean and plentiful. It is as necessary to life as the air we breathe, yet dearer than the bread we eat, and daily becoming scarcer. The journals have begun to notice these matters as well as the people, and the time has come to extend our water facilities. Parties owning lakes or other water sources are beginning to regard their possessions with especial respect. Mr. Mahoney is calculating the expense of bringing the water of Merced Lake into San Francisco. Some prejudice exists against this lake because it is below the level of the sea. It is thought the water may consequently be brackish and of an inferior quality. Of this we know nothing, but we are ready to extend a helping hand to competition. A well known supply, though farther away, contains the purest water in inexhaustible abundance. It is owned by responsible gentlemen who would doubtless be willing to bring the water into San Francisco at far more reasonable rates than we are now paying. Indeed, water owners everywhere are beginning to look up, and a call from the city for bids would bring plenty of them. The fire fiend, like the "star of empire," is westward taking its way. Let us hope the water question will be satisfactorily settled ere it reaches this place, and offers up our city, full of flimsy wooden structures, as a holocaust upon the altar of the blind greed of the Spring Valley monopoly.

WHAT WE KNOW ABOUT POLITICS.

In the classic language of Lord Dundreary, the politics of San Francisco is one of those widdles which no fells can find out. It is a muddle. It is mixed. A sum in vulgar fractions. The Pons asinine. It is more confused than one of Bacchus' conundrums. It is more inexplicable than one of Pickering's editorials. It is as unfathomable as the course of the *Bulletin*. It is as mysterious as religion. To the four or five nominating conventions, which we noticed last week, Fitch, Pickering, and John F. Swift have added another. The result of this illicit connection between Fitch, Pickering, Fay, and old Aldrich is smaller than the one and one quarter pound baby on exhibition at Woodward's Gardens; just the least abortion that was ever spawned. It is the *Bulletin's* last expiring political effort. It is its last political kick; its last galvanic spasm; its last ante-mortem squirm. It is the *Bulletin's* final wriggle in the filthy pool of politics. Hallidie to catch the greasy mechanics; Washington Bartlett to catch the chivalry; Estee to catch the Liberal Republicans; Rogers to catch gudgeons; Wilmerding to catch merchants; Hamill to catch Irish Fenians; Patterson to catch the Crescents; Vandall to catch the Goths; Delaney to catch the eight hour do-nothings; half for Booth, a half for Casserly, all for Pickering and Fitch; the whole will catch the devil. The Taxpayers have furnished the school Directors; half Protestant, half Catholics; a compromise between irreconcileable extremes. The Democracy are undecided between Wallace and Casserly; fighting like cats and dogs; the Irish against the chivalry; the North against the South; the Pacific Club against the dirty shirts. The Liberal Reformers are all topsy-turvy, like the old woman in the shoe. R. D. Sawyer has turned traitor to the men who put him in his position; sold himself out to Crowley and the Irish; loaned himself to the *Bulletin*, and is not quite certain whether he stands on his head or his other and more intellectual end. Billy Carr runs all the conventions, nominates all the candidates, puts up all the programmes, spends all the money, meets with Fitch at midnight, and directs all the politicians. The *Chronicle* is for Booth for Senator; first, last, and next time; but does its level best to elect a Legislative ticket that will vote for Gorham or Tom Shannon for Senator. The *Alta* shouts and looks big just to convince people that it is around, and looks wise to impress the public that it can influence its own vote. Pickering so edits the *Call* as to please the Irish, satisfy the servant girls, not offend the Democracy, keep on the right side of the Crescents. Its one single strain is Stanford & Co. The only rail it does not straddle is the railroad. It opposes all the rings except Pickering. It clutters about like an old setting hen, anxious only to keep its subscribers from all going over to the *Chronicle*. Out of all this chaos and confusion, there will come two tickets. The Taxpayers and Republicans will have a common Municipal and Legislative ticket. The Democracy will have a Municipal and Legislative ticket with one or two good staunch Greely Republicans to balast it with. The contest will be between these elements, and if the Democracy have sense and act decently, they will sweep the town and the State. Elect an United States Senator and form a compact organization for the next State election.

THE NEWS LETTER TICKET.

The News Letter, among its many other admirable characteristics, is possessed of a keen foresight, which has enabled it to scan the horizon of this campaign with unerring accuracy. The dignity, purity, and tone of this sheet have prevented it from vulgar dabbling in the political pool for purposes either of greed or party, and we have not, like the *Bulletin* or *Alta*, endeavored to manipulate conventions; yet, in the present peculiar and unparalleled condition of politics, we have determined, as before announced, to take an impartial interest. Cross and Crescent nationality and party are alike indifferent to us. We care only for the men themselves. In view of the perspicuity of the *News Letter*, it is rather remarkable to notice that the men for whom the *Letter* long since declared itself are the most popular candidates who have come before the people. Ashbury, Austin and Harney, form an invincible trio, against whom there are no opponents, and others of whom we have spoken favorably stand excellent chances of being elected. It is the fault of dilatory conventions that we do not present our TICKET this week, but we promised early in the engagement to delay our announcement until all nominations had been made. If the Taxpayers conclude to present us with a decapitated ticket, we shall probably hear from them shortly, after which all candidates' merits shall be weighed in the balance, and we shall boldly declare ourselves for those whom we approve. Nomination is not all the work. Election is a serious business, but we are determined to carry our ticket through with flying colors. We have been entertaining the idea of issuing a semi-weekly edition, in order to carry on the good work more successfully. This announcement will strike terror to the hearts of those aspirants for office who do not figure in our columns. Our weekly onslaughts are considered sufficient by those who smart under the lash of our disapproval; what a semi-weekly dissection of their shortcomings will affect, remains to be seen.

LOVE.

Since first from Eden's blissful bowers
  Man roamed o'er earth in exile driven,
Kind Heaven, to light his gloomy hours,
  A source of joy for him has given.
'Tis love that lights the darkest days,
  'Tis love that soothes the keenest woe,
'Tis love whose soul-inspiring raye
  Can gild our lives with heaven-lent glow!

Ambition leads us, for awhile,
  To follow many a meteor light,
Whose flickering beams our souls beguile,
  And lure us on to hopeless night.
And fame may lift his clarion voice,
Our wealth bring hoards from every clime,
  But age shall come, and earth's frail joys
Must own the sway of sovereign time.

But love, as flying years go past,
  Shall glow with holier, tenderer beam,
'Till our weak hearts have caught at last
  The radiance from its purer gleam.
And when this earthly dream is o'er,
  And we from all its cares find rest,
The beams of love will light that shore,
  Where love has ransomed all the blest.

—*Stella.*

TWO SATANIC PRESSES AND THEIR CHIEF ENGINEERS.

It has always been considered that one of the most useful functions of a news[paper] is to serve the community which supports it, by making known its resources and fostering the business interests and enterprises with which the members of that community are identified. A paper that industriously and intelligently discharges this duty can do much to promote the general prosperity. A paper that neglects this may still be entitled to patronage for the entertainment or instruction it affords. But what shall we say of a public journal which, while it neither amuses nor edifies, wages continual warfare against the business interests of the city and State in which it has grown wealthy and powerful?

We have here in San Francisco two journals of this description, journals which rose to such a height of prosperity and influence through the generous patronage of our citizens, that they forgot the sources of their success and aspired to rule as absolute dictators both in business and politics, which, meeting with resistance, and finding that to rule was impossible, determined to ruin, which have persistently opposed the most useful enterprises, and held up our best and most public spirited citizens to the distrust of the people and of other communities, which have pursued a course that has injured our credit abroad, hindered the development of our resources, and kept hundreds of millions of capital out of the State. These two journals have done more harm to California than the canker worm, dry rot, locusts, curl-leaf and cattle disease ever did for any of the Agricultural States they have scourged. Had these two journals, with their proprietors and all their appurtenances and belongings, been bound up, or cast into the depths of the ocean ten years ago, it would have been a greater blessing to California than the discovery of half a dozen new Comstock leads, or the arrival on our shores of 100,000 industrious emigrants. It is unnecessary to say that the journals to which we refer are the *Bulletin* and *Call*, and that the men who have made them the instruments of so much evil are Loring Pickering and G. K. Fitch.

Some days since the former gentleman undertook to give the record and antecedents of "Billy Carr," a well-known politician, with a view of disparaging him by showing that he has risen from obscurity to his present influential position. Since "records" and "antecedents" are in order, let us see what sort of a figure Mr. Loring Pickering will cut in authentic history when the time comes for writing his obituary, and it can scarcely come too soon for the good of the community he has cursed so long. As to his co-worker in iniquity, *his* biography will keep for a future occasion.

Of the birth and parentage of the subject of this hasty sketch nothing is known. If he was born of poor but honest parents it cannot be affirmed that he is in any respect a chip of the old block, inasmuch as he has evinced a large measure of that talent which enables its possessor to rise to fortune by rascality. Obscurity veils his early history, and his first appearance upon the stage of action, of which we have any record, is as a poor and friendless man, supposed to be a printer by trade, and aspiring to become the proprietor of a printing office and the founder of a newspaper. In this condition, destitute of resources, and casting about for help from any quarter, he finds a friend and patron in that ready-hearted and noble-minded man, Senator Thomas H. Benton. The Senator sympathizes with the poor but ambitious printer, who struggles and aspires. He starts him in life with a printing office in St. Louis, boosts him along by his influence, and at last makes him director in a bank of Missouri. But no sooner is the viper warmed into vigorous life than he turns upon his benefactor. Benton renounces him, and Pickering, feeling strong enough now to sail his own boat, accepts the situation, and [illegible] opportunity to assail the founder of his fortunes. He has a newspaper now, and it was his idea at that time, as it has ever since been, that the chief use of a newspaper is to pour abuse on others and acquire dictatorial powers through the [illegible]. This style of journalism soon got him into a difficulty with Frank P. Blair, who was running an opposition paper. Pickering assailed him in his feeble speaking fashion, and Blair retorted savagely, and in such a personal strain that even his mild and pacific nature could not brook it. But the pressure of public opinion (which at that time sanctioned duelling and street-shooting) to seek satisfaction. If Pickering had let the matter pass without challenging Blair or attacking him he would have become an object of derision, and his paper would have lost all influence. As to calling Blair to the "field of honor," that was a thing not to be dreamed of. If any shooting had to be done it must be done with the least possible risk. Accordingly, the prudent Pickering provides himself with a couple of pistols (there were no revolvers in those days) and one rainy day lies in ambush for his enemy near the Court House, where he knows Blair has some business. Crouching behind an unfinished stone wall he awaits the approach of his intended victim. Blair makes his appearance; Pickering waits till he has passed, and then taking aim at his back delivers his first shot, which misses the mark. Blair turns, sees his adversary; he has no weapon but his umbrella. He closes it, and charges upon Pickering, who now discharges his second pistol. But his hand trembles, he is better qualified by nature to assassinate with pen and ink than with powder and ball, and again he misses his aim. The next instant Blair is upon him, knocks him down, and gives him a jab in the face with the ferule of his umbrella, the scar of which may yet be seen on the side of Loring's nose in close propinquity to his sinister eye, which has never since been able to look straight.

This affair, together with the black-hearted ingratitude which he had shown toward Senator Benton, caused the people of St. Louis to regard him with aversion and contempt. He began to perceive that it would be wise for him to seek a new field of action. There are old residents of St. Louis now in this city who remember how Pickering absconded from Missouri; how he was pursued and stopped on the plains by persons who had pecuniary claims against him; and how he pacified his angry creditors by fair promises, and was permitted to proceed on his journey.

This was in the Spring of 1850. He arrived in California a few months later. His subsequent career is well known, and it proves that change of scene had produced in him no change of character. He brought with him two slaves, whom he had owned in Missouri. He could not sell them here; and of course he did not let them know that the moment they set their feet on Californian soil they were freemen. He kept them in ignorance of this and made them *buy* their freedom with hard earned cash. Casting about with avaricious eyes for a chance to increase his stake, he got his finger into the State printing, and discovered that money was to be made by charging the State double price for press-work. But having once tasted the delight of possessing an organ in which he could hound his enemies and terrorize those who dared oppose him, he could not rest until he became the owner of a public journal. Accordingly he obtained an interest in the *Bulletin*, whose power was purchased by the blood of James King of William. Later still, he became dissatisfied with the sway in politics and business which he could exercise as the proprietor of one journal and he purchased the *Call*, fondly dreaming that with these two papers under his control, he could govern San Francisco with the authority of an absolute despot.

Of his subsequent career in the capacity of a dictator of public opinion, a bitter enemy of all great enterprises for the benefit of the State, a traducer and villifier of our best citizens, and a mercenary advocate of the greatest swindling scheme ever presented to the people of San Francisco, we shall have something to say on another occasion.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Critiques and Addresses. By Thomas H. Huxley, LL.D. 12mo, cloth.
Poems. By Edw. Smith, M. D. 12mo, cloth.
Outlines of Men, Women and Things. By Mary Clemmer Ames. 12mo, cloth.
Lectures and Sermons. By the Rev. W. Morley Punshon, LL.D. Crown, 8vo, cloth.
Comets and Meteors; Their Relation and Origin. By Dan'l Kirkwood. 12mo, cloth.
Love in the Nineteenth Century. By Harriet W. Preston. 12mo, cloth.
A Pair of Blue Eyes. By Thos. Hardy. "Leisure Hour Series." 16mo, cloth.
New England: A Handbook for Travelers. 16mo, flexible cloth.
The Heiress of Sweetwater. A Novel. By J. Thornton Haughton. 12mo, cloth.
Electricity and Magnetism. By F. Jenkinson. 12mo, cloth.

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[July 5.]

DR. ABORN,

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THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

It is a melancholy truth that the worms are being treated to some mighty unpleasant messes. Worms, like medical students, prefer a whole subject upon which to begin, but assassins, in these times, have an unpleasant fashion of finishing their victims by sections, depositing an ounce or two of brains in one corner, a choice assortment of bowels in another, a few drops of blood in another, as represented in the *Chronicle's* diagram with characteristic nicety, and keeping the coroner idle by leaving just life enough in the carcass to keep it going for several days. Particular allusion is intended to the recent Gretsbach unpleasantness, on which occasion the assassin and his frail accomplice not only left a good deal of cleaning to do about the house, but did up the job in the clumsiest manner possible. It is true the victim must have been an old tom-cat in a previous state of existence, and had not yet lived out his nine lives, which made the business a particularly difficult one. Yet how discouraging must it have been to these two, trying poison in coffee or pie, powdered glass in hash, or any of their many choice delicacies, to see the impervious old cuss look at them with a triumphant twinkle every time they failed. How he must have gone to bed every night, chuckling to think they hadn't done it yet. They were a couple of hard workers, but they lacked in expedients. Why didn't they feed him to pigs, or salt him down, and foist him upon the unsuspicious public as corned beef, or bury him alive in a well, or hang him, or smother him, or anything else that wouldn't make a muss? And as they inclined to variety, and were used to being watched, why didn't they pickle his remains, and keep them on the shelf, a constant and familiar presence? They are an odious pair, but they haven't reached the limit of the horrible even yet.

The ranting old Catholic howler, who delivered such a broadside lately at the Sunday School Union, is raging and roaring because we have published his sentiments to a heretic world. His stream of eloquence was intended only for the ears of a few confession sharps, who are to go around as missionaries among susceptible youth and endeavor to bring them to their marrow-bones before a lot of shaven pated old fools, who will entertain them with marvelous stories of the Immaculate Conception and the like, exciting psychological speculations in the hearts of our young innocents. Already have we heard children of tender years asking perplexing questions regarding the Catholic one, the well known salutation to that estimable young woman whose story in these times would not be readily swallowed. We are too modest to explain these things, and we don't like to have the blush brought to our cheek by being asked about them. The household of the Holy Family was not carried on according to modern regulation, and it is awkward to explain the difference to the young. Mr. Montgomery says that Pio Nono will deliver us from all harm and absolve us, etc., but we prefer juicy steaks on a Friday, and we are contented to let the old absolver munch tomatoes in the Vatican, while we pursue our heretic way undisturbed. Meanwhile we are prepared to publish any more hot-winded speeches they may choose to deliver, as it makes the paper sell, for those dwelling upon the hights of intelligence like to know what is going on among the mud sloughs of bigotry, priestcraft and exploded creeds.

The Bulletin's Last Caper.—A journal which has been published for many years acquires a certain old fogy respectability for its years, if for naught else. Its sayings often become oracular, and people give them the attention which it is the courteous custom of mankind to bestow upon superior years. Such a position the *Bulletin* held among journals for a long time, but it has drivled into utter weakness. We do not mind its snaps and growls about subsidies, nor its doleful refrain of the "opposite side of the bay;" but when it descends in electioneering business to the level of sheets that have the reputation of being lower-priced, it is time to express our displeasure. Of course, electioneering dodges are many and various, but a journal of the *Bulletin's* presumable standing has no right to make attack upon the private character of a gentleman because his political opinions conflict with theirs, or because men whom he has opposed in certain private matters go into their pockets and pay for abuse of him. The attack upon C. L. Taylor, for Harbor Commissioner, on Wednesday evening, was as malicious as it was underhanded. Col. Taylor, who has been a resident of San Francisco for twenty years, bears an enviable business reputation. And, although he does not particularly desire the nomination for Harbor Commissioner, may defy any to prove the insinuations of a journal which should look to reliable sources for such items.

"No Puero Gladium."—Although we consider that the Zach Montgomery controversy is hardly worthy of the consideration we have already given it, knowing as we do that the weight attached to that gentleman's speeches is in the ratio of that attached to those of George Francis Train, still we cannot sit quietly by and see the dailies filled with a speech made by the Hon. Zach in Oakland, April 23d, set up as a contradiction to one delivered here on July 6th. Between the 23d of April and the 6th of July there was ample time for the Hon. gentleman in question to have changed his sentiments, and, especially before a select Catholic audience, to have given utterance to what he is reported to have said. Why does he not refute the charges made against him by publishing (if he will bore the public with his atrocious grammar and grandiloquent nothings) the speech he *really* did make before the school teachers. The way he strives to get out of the affair is truly Jesuitical and utterly absurd. Who, we ask the Hon. Zach, would ever take the trouble to read his Oakland ravings, or having read would accept them as refuting the speech published in our issue of July 20th? We think that the least the *Bulletin-Call* can do is to give us a moiety of the $300 we have thrown in their way. If they do so we can give them lots more work. We admire a church that puts out for its erring or over enthusiastic children, and would be the last to say stop.

A bigot, who figures editorially in one of the local Catholic journals, has recently taken occasion to insult the Mexican people because of their progress in free thought and intellectual liberty. Since Protestantism commenced to make rapid strides in the sister republic, Catholic priests and Catholic journals have continued to denounce and insult the Liberals of Mexico. Only a short time ago two sermons were delivered—one in the Cathedral, the other in the French Church—which were directly aimed at the Mexican heretics, who have so thoroughly and forever shaken off the despotism of the Church. The writer in question follows up these attacks, and among other things says that Juarez was a "a cross between an Indian and a Negro." If the ignorant bigot had read history he would have known that there was not a drop of Negro blood in the veins of the illustrious Mexican. Juarez was a pure Indian, and boasted of his lineal descent from the Aztecs. Lerdo de Tejada, the President of the Mexican Republic, is "a worthy follower of his predecessor." Tejada is a Mexican by birth, of pure Spanish blood, and one of the most highly cultivated and polished men of the age. The miserable bigot who attempts to defame the characters of such men, and insult a nation which is making heroic struggles against the despotic power of Catholicism, is one of those praying asses so numerous in the Pope's stable.

The public has been engaged for many days in trying to find out whether the ambitious Fay be a fox or an ass. He is industriously proving himself to be unmitigatedly the latter. The fable of the sour grapes occurred simultaneously to every mind when the irate and defeated Caleb withdrew his non-pulsant name from the convention. But donkeys will munch at grapes when they can reach them, besides being stupid, obstinate, difficult to convince, long-eared, unpopular and asinine generally. The Atlantic and Pacific People's Union should remember that a Highland pony is fleeter of foot than a donkey, to say nothing of his having the poll, a fair start, and all the odds in his favor. Even the widows and orphans to whom the generous and disinterested would-be Collector proposed giving the surplus over an $8,000 salary, put their thumbs to their noses and wiggle their fingers at Caleb, relying rather upon what they know of the canny Scot than what they don't know of the philanthropic but not mathematical Fay. To poultice the wounded feelings of the defeated candidate, we tender him the first $3,000 desk, with perquisites, which becomes vacant in this office.

The Town Crier supposes that Mr. Sutherland is leaving the *Call* for the *Chronicle* for the same reason that a rat leaves a sinking ship.

Mr. Frank Mayo is a fine specimen of the genus homo. Mr. Davy Crockett was an eminent backwoodsman, we grant, but that is no reason why Mr. Mayo Crockett should torture himself and take up the time of the operator by being photographed in every possible position. Our dry goods windows are filled with Davy Crocket-Mayo standing up with his hat on, with his hat off, and well arranged curls over a partially bald forehead. We have him sitting down on uncomfortable crystalline rocks, or lurking in damp grass, or listening with terror-stricken lines at an imaginary danger. What we want to know is, whether we are to be treated to Crockett or Mayo. If the former, we should have a rather dirty, buckskin-clad hunter, with proclivities for whisky and long yarns, heedless of capillary parasites or the small amenities of life, with the cunning of instinct and the soul of a trapper. If the latter, we should prefer to see this Antinoues of the stage as Mr. Mayo taking a drink, Mr. Mayo in his dressing gown, Mr. Mayo going to bed, Mr. Mayo taking off his cravat and displaying his throat, Mr. Mayo shaving, *il fait pour son cou*—as the French say—Mr. Mayo eating his dinner, Mr. Mayo saying sweet nothings to some love-stricken soubrette, but not in that idyllic shape he assumes on the boards of the California. We, who are in contact with the red Indian, leave Fenimore Cooper and his noble savage to the silly girls and boys of the old world; so it is with the old northwestern trappers whom we know better, hiccuping out his famous proverb—

This truth preserve when I am dead,
Be sure you're tight, then go to bed.

"Striding onward—Enterprise and liberality hand in hand." The *Alta* has reached a point in its marvelously successful career, which renders "necessary" the distribution of a beautiful map of Saucelito in order to keep its circulation from decreasing, like that of its daily contemporaries. The *Call* and *Bulletin*, recognizing the utility of the "Enterprise and liberality hand in hand" dodge, propose to distribute among its subscribers, old and new, a life-sized engraving of Pickering, the Patriot, addressing the Committee of One Hundred on the Atlantic and Pacific Subsidy Bill. The *Barnacle*, whose circulation is to be speedily doubled (?) and new type set up every day, is about to present each of its subscribers with a bar of soap and a small tooth-comb, together with a Directory, in which will be found the names and addresses of the persons whose names are used to fry and gull the readers of its Sunday issue. The *News Letter*, with its wonted generosity, proposes to send to each of its five million subscribers a copy of this issue, in which the weaknesses and follies of the daily press are set forth, and to only charge them fifteen cents each for the same.

A certain Mrs. Hughes, on the occasion of the meeting of the Anti-Tax women, said she ought to be represented for her brains. (Pretty good, and in proportion, too, we suppose. What a sale there would be for magnifying glasses!) The Presidentess replied, "That is tangible." Mrs. Calhoun said she did not think she could get any man to pay her taxes. (We imagine she might some twenty years ago, but now, no.) Mrs. Swift spitefully replied, "I know you couldn't." Mrs. Wilson said she had a broad "basis." This no one denied. The Presidentess got into a strong perspiration about "little Swett and Denman" being fit men for Superintendents of Schools, and offered to spell Denman for a set of false teeth and a bottle of hair dye. Mrs. Swift said Silas White was her fancy man. Mrs. White said he wasn't. Mrs. Swift then nominated the Chair. The Chair said she was too rickety, but, joking apart, she thought it was time for tea.

A young lady, dressed in the hight of fashion and wearing a love of a bonnet, sat unmovable in a milliner's window on Third street, for one hour, on Saturday evening.—*Daily Papers.* [The reporters forgot to state that, although the clothes and jewelry was borrowed and the bonnet an advertisement, the cheek which the young lady sported belonged entirely to herself. It is of such magnificent proportion that the Colossus of Rhodes would fade to insignificance beside it, and Woodward is said to be making terms with this delightful young lady to use her cheek as a foil with the diminutive baby. The only trouble feared is that the cheek would cast so huge a shadow that the wonderful infant would take cold and die of rheumatism in less than a week. Furthermore, the cheek couldn't be used in a traveling show, as it would occupy more space than the whole caravan.

The attention of the Y. M. C. A. is called to the case of a young man called Lennahan, alias Joseph, alias Damphool. Hell hath no fury like a woman scorned, and it would be advisable if the Witch of Endor demanded a courtesy of a young man for him to gratify her—if he could. Joseph never was a bigger goose than when he grabbed his coat skirts from Mrs. P.'s detaining hand. He might have saved himself a very unpleasant time with a little hard sense; yet his example has been lost upon the scion of the house of Lennehan. The pair he has stirred up are jumping jacks in a court-room, and can prove almost anything. We recommend to the perusal of the victim a certain chaste volume containing a detailed account of the siege of Ismail. He will find it on the shelves of the Association above referred to.

The Wisconsin parsons have a habit of getting drunk and then beating their eleven year old sons. One of these interesting clericals had to be arrested by the police before the boy could be rescued. Our parsons here don't get drunk, at least not till after service, and then they do it so slyly that only their batters know. They don't beat their sons, but they do beat their bibles with their fists, and pretty hard, too. The energetic young Hemphill thumps so hard that, taking into consideration the number of covers worn out in a season, his congregation propose to have steel ones made for the "good book's" protection. Hemphill has ordered gloves to suit.

In these days of frauds and rumors of frauds, the *T. C.* is not surprised at any attempt to rob the poor public. No public building can be put up, no work of any kind carried on, from building a mint to planking a sidewalk, without theft, or so near an approach to it that the difference is not discernable. It seems that the mint, now building, has suffered from the old complaint, and that a Committee of Investigation will have to decide if the stone used is equal to that bargained for, or, as the *T. C.* suspects, rotten rubbish. Of course, every one will be whitewashed, and only the public purse will suffer. *Salus populi suprema est lex (?)*

Attorney Phillips, on Thursday, delivered himself of the following in the Police Court: "The counsel speaks about a lady of refinement; why, your Honor, I have known of ladies of refinement who move in the first society, go and hit a man in the face, and then immediately put on their fine kid gloves, and go into the parlor and play on the piano." Mr. Phillips is evidently well posted in the manners and habits of Waverly Place. How suggestive the "parlor" sounds.

Are the European Leeches never to stop sucking the blood of fresh young America? Not content with sending their actors, lecturers, prima donnas, etc., to bleed us, they must needs send their English M. P.'s to solicit subscription for a man that all civilized Europe has put down as a vile imposter long ago. We allude to William H. Whalley's intended trip in behalf of Arthur Orton, the would-be Sir Roger Doughty Tichborne.

"Does any one doubt," asks Pickering, "that the Sacramento *Union*, *Bulletin*, and *Call* could sell themselves?" Yes; the *Town Crier* not only doubts but is certain they could not—except as wrappers. That little slip-up of the *Bulletin-Call* ring on the bogus Atlantic-Pacific affair has let them out, and nothing is left for them but the Almshouse, or as it is called in England, the "Union."

The Town Crier asks "Caxton" if he is aware that his friends claim for him the authorship of the Munchausenesque stories that have lately been published in the *Sunday Chronicle*, and if he is aware of the fact why he does not at once deny it and set them right? The *T. C.* has a high opinion of "Caxton," and never could believe that he would knowingly father another man's productions.

The Piute Indians are allowed to ride free on the Truckee Railroad, and the [illegible]. On Tuesday two Piute boys were run over and killed by a train as it was crossing the Truckee bridge. As soon as possible steam cars should be run through Arizona and the Modoc country, and Indians invited to ride free—and often.

"I MET A TRAVELER ON THE ROAD."

I met a traveler on the road,
His face was wrinkled, wan, and sad;
His head was gray—but not with years;
His eyes were tired—but not with tears,
His back was bent beneath a load
Too big for one whose sinews had
Been wrenched by labor overmuch,—
Or was he withered in the clutch
Of his great soul gone sanely mad!
His face was wan, his feet were weary,
Yet he unresting went with such
A strange, still, patient mien,—a look
Set forward to the empty air,
As he were reading an unseen book.
His awful, fixed smile did tear
My soul with pity. I could bear
That better than what next I knew,
When, sorrow-drawn, I came more near;
For, suddenly, I seemed to hear

The broken echo of a song
Sung in the sunlight far away.
His lips were parted, but unmoved
By words. He sang as dreamers do,
And not as if he heard and loved
The thing he sang. It was not sad—
But, O my God, that memory blot!
The livelong night, the livelong day,
It comes and will not be forgot.
That traveler's ancient song cheery!
He stood beside the still brook,—
Nor drank the water, nor bathed his brow,
Nor from his back the burden shook.
He stood, and yet he did not rest;
His hand lay dead in his dead breast;
His eyes climbed up in aimless quest,
Then close did to that mirror bow—
And, looking, down, I saw, in place
Of his, my own wan, wrinkled face!

—*The Old Cabinet.*

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD AFFAIRS.

We have before us the "Annual Report of the Board of Directors of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, to the stockholders, for the year ending December 31, 1872." Also, a statement of the earnings and operating expenses for the first six months of the year 1873. The reports of the Directors and officers of the road are exceedingly interesting, and should be carefully perused by the financial and business men of the country. The total indebtedness of the Company, including United States subsidy bonds, amounts to $81,083,551, while the assets amount to $140,257,021. The Company owns and operates 1,222 miles of road, and, including side tracks, 1,322 84-100 miles single track road. The main line from San Francisco to junction with the Union Pacific Railroad is 883 miles in length. The branch lines, 339 miles in length, were constructed without any Government bonds, but have been "consolidated with the main line, and are equally with it security to the Government for its loan." The Company also owns the ferries and ferry-boats—seven in number—that ply between San Francisco, Oakland and Alameda, and twenty-nine river steamers, and twenty barges, all of which are also security for said Government loan. While the Company has been mal closely accused of attempting to depreciate the Government security, it has been continually adding thereto. It has acquired, by purchase and otherwise, large and valuable tracts of land for terminal and station purposes, and in making such purchases has expended the sum of $869,956 16, and has also expended in the construction of shops, etc., the sum of $1,240,253 25, and $1,098,052 47 for material for the construction of locomotives and rolling stock. It is the owner of 11,722,440 acres of land, the value of which, at $2 50 per acre, the Government price for adjoining lands, would be $29,306,100, that being the sum at which they are estimated in the schedule of assets before referred to. The lands sold prior to October 1, 1870, brought an average of $2 41 per acre. Those sold from October 1, 1871, to December 31, 1872, brought an average of $3 93 per acre. Those sold from December 31, 1872, to June 30, 1873, brought an average of $6 41. Whole number of acres sold, 271,089 35-100 acres, to 1,446 individual purchasers, being an average of 187 acres to each buyer. From the steady increase in the value of these lands, it is fair to presume that they will continue to advance in value for many years to come. But, deducting the number of acres sold, there yet remain 11,451,361 acres, which, at the average price realized since the 31st of December, 1872, will produce $73,301,224 01, which would pay the entire indebtedness of the Company, less $7,757,668 93.

The business and receipts of the road have increased in a most unprecedented manner. The road has hitherto paid no dividends to the stockholders, for the very good reason that all surplus earnings have been devoted to the construction of the branch roads, and in making the necessary improvements, shops, etc., so as to enable the company to manufacture its rolling stock at home. From the present showing it is apparent that at last the stockholders are about to reap the fruits of their long and arduous labor. From this time henceforth there is no reason to doubt that the Central Pacific Railroad Company will be placed upon the list of dividend paying companies. It was a bold experiment, to attempt the construction of such a grand and costly work through a wilderness without any local traffic. At the time the work was commenced, on the eastern end of the line for the *distance of six hundred miles*, there was but one white resident thereon. The three leet financiers and railroad men in the nation, though opportunity was offered, refused to aid in the undertaking, because they regarded it as visionary and very believed that it could never be made to pay running expenses. But Messrs. Stanford, Huntington, Hopkins, and the two Crockers, filled with enthusiasm and a determination to conquer all difficulties, topographical and financial, and knowing that the hills and valleys of Nevada and Utah were covered with nutritious grasses sufficient for all the flocks and herds of the great West, and knowing, too, that the mountains of this State and Territory were filled with veins of silver, galena and copper bearing ores, and that the road would induce the hardy miners to develop them, and that they would either ship the ore to fuel, or fuel to the mines, and notwithstanding they were compelled to sell their Government and first mortgage bonds for currency, and then convert the same into gold at an enormous discount, at one time realizing only thirty-eight cents on the dollar, they yet had faith in themselves and confidence in each other, and contrary to the predictions of wise men and fools, they persevered and completed the work. But in order to make the enterprise a financial success, they meant and projected two branch lines—one up the great valley of the San Joaquin, and the other up the equally productive valley of the Sacramento—and before the last shovel-full of earth had been thrown upon the main line, two armies of veteran railroad builders were extending the iron bands, one South and one North, thus tapping and controlling the great grain-growing districts of the State. Time—and a very short time at that—has verified the correctness of their calculations. The main line, which passed through six hundred miles of wilderness, is now lined with stations and villages, and the surrounding mountains are filled with industrious miners, and thousands of tons of base bullion and metals are shipped East and West, and thousands of car-loads of charcoal are shipped to the eastern furnaces, and other thousands of car-loads of the luminous coals are shipped West from the Wasatch range, and the cattle fatten in the valleys and upon the thousand hills of Nevada and Utah, being transported thither by rail from the dried pastures of California, and then in like manner returned as beeves to our butchers.

The farm raise the lines of rails extending up the Sacramento and San Joaquin valleys flocked into those localities and the result is an increased production of millions of centals of wheat, and thus the business and receipts of the road are continually increasing, both main lines and branches paying a handsome profit beyond running expenses. We know not which most to admire, the faith which made a paying road out of 600 miles of uninhabited wilderness, or the wisdom that projected the two great branch lines that command the transportation of the agricultural products of the State.

The main line was completed in 1869. During that year the earnings were $5,670,822 25, and the operating expenses $3,093,522 10, the earnings exceeding the operating expenses by $2,577,299 00.

During the year 1870 the total earnings, coin and currency, were $7,425,970 20; the operating expenses $3,664,168 41, and excess of earnings over operating expenses $3,771,501 79. During the year 1871 the total earnings, coin and currency, were $[illegible], operating expenses, $3,840,[illegible] earnings over operating expenses $5,021,241 51. During the year 1872 the total earnings, coin and currency $11,[illegible] 57, operating expenses $5,311 [illegible] 81, amount of earnings over operating expenses, $[illegible] 76. The gross earnings per mile during that year amount to $[illegible], while the operating expenses are only $4,[illegible] per mile. The earnings of the road during the first six months of the year 1873 exceed those of the same months in the year 1872, by $654,481 64, net increase over operating expenses for the same period $[illegible] 71.

We know of no road hitherto constructed that can make any such showing as this. Should business increase in the same ratio twenty-five years longer, which is about the time the Government bonds will mature, the net earnings of the road for two or three years would pay off the entire amount due the Government. And we know of no reason why it should not increase, and very many reasons why it should increase in the same ratio for many years to come. When population shall increase, and when the area of cultivated land shall be enlarged, and when it shall be cultivated in a more farmer like manner, aided by irrigation and manures, we are not sure but the ratio will be exceeded rather than lessened.

In the report of the President occurs the following. "At the present time, the question of the control of railroads is somewhat agitated. Congress, in the Pacific Railroad Act, section 18, says: 'And be it further enacted that whenever it appears that the net earnings of the entire road and telegraph, including the amount allowed for services rendered for the United States, deducting all expenditures, including the repairs and the furnishing, running, and managing of said road, shall exceed ten per cent. upon its cost (exclusive of the five per cent. to be paid to the United States), Congress may reduce the rates of fares thereon, if unreasonable in amount, and may fix and establish the same by law.' This takes the control of freights and fares on the Pacific Railroads from the States and Territories through and into which they run, and leaves the question entirely with Congress, in accordance with the section above quoted. The principle embraced in the Act of Congress, that the companies are to control their business unmolested, in any event, until a fair return is had upon their investment, must prevail for all roads." "Ownership and control must be inseparable. If the owners in a business are not to control, but its management and control to be by those who do not own, then that business cannot be prosecuted." "But the necessities of the case and the sense of justice will establish it as a principle that ownership and control, in railroad matters, as in other legitimate business, must go together."

And this is all sound law, good sense and a just doctrine. Under the provisions of the statute cited, the Legislature of the State of California would have as much right to revise the revenue laws of the United States, or fix the rates of interest in Frankfort, London, Berlin, Vienna or Paris, as control the rates of fares and freights on this road. It is no new doctrine that the owners of a business are entitled to control its management. How long would American citizens submit to a different rule? If the purchaser had the power to fix the prices of the seller, how long could the farmer afford to cultivate the soil, or the merchant remain in business? If the patient or a client were left to determine the amount of his physician's and lawyer's fees, how long could the doctor and lawyer live? If the employer were allowed to establish the rates of wages, how much, think you, would the laboring man receive per diem? It is a wise and just rule, that it takes two to make a bargain, and between individuals the State does not attempt to coerce any into making any particular contract. If the farmer is not offered what he believes to be the value of his wheat, or if the merchant is not offered what he wants for his goods, he may refuse to sell. If the laborer is not offered such wages as he desires, he may refuse to work. If the lawyer cannot agree with the client as to the amount of his fee, the client is at liberty to go elsewhere. If the capitalist asks a greater rate of interest than the borrower is willing to pay the latter is at liberty to decline the loan. And why, because men have associated themselves and their capital together in a railroad enterprise, should their patrons, through the Legislature, be allowed to force them to carry passengers and freights, or, rather, carry themselves and their goods—at such rates as they may designate?

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

The Southern Pacific Railroad began running cars on Tuesday to Solidad, crossing twenty-five miles below Salinas City.——William Morris, who was found drunk with his head badly cut, died on Sunday of erysipelas.——A pipe has been found under the boards in the City Prison with four saws concealed in the stem.——The firemen are about tired of attending fires at Smith's old clothes store. He burns tobacco to kill the moths, and people will mistake smoke for fire.——The Hayes Valley school-marms don't like the smoke from the Garden Gate Sugar Refinery. Which shall be removed, the Sugar House or School House?——Hill, Bloomer and Marple are sketching about Lake Tahoe.——On Sunday two restaurant men fell out, and one knifed the other on the hand pretty badly. Result both arrested.——On Monday an Italian gardener, Domenico Biguotti, was killed by a tree stump he was blasting. It was a big-bott stump, indeed.——Mr Wallace, a butcher, drove out "General Grant" on Sunday, and took a lady with him. "General Grant" mistook something or another for a nool-hemer and ran away, went over the fourteen mile bridge and was killed. Wallace and lady badly bruised.——On Tuesday, Thomas Curtin shot William M. Jebnson in cold blood for seducing his daughter. Jebnson died the same day. Miss Curtin has been taken to the Magdalen Hospital, her father to jail.——The hurdle races which are to come off on the 6th of September bid fair to be a most complete success. Mr Baxter, the originator of the idea, is determined to have everything up to the mark. The jockeys will sport silk, as they should do, and not turn out, as is too often the case here, as if they were on a hog-ranch instead of a race-track.——There will be lots of fun over the bay to-day, as there is a regatta on Lake Merritt.——Fourteen of the crew of ship *Northern Light* are kept in jail as witnesses in the case of shooting at sea by the second mate, James Shields.——Mrs. Richards and her niece, Mrs. Hall, were murdered by Indians at Wyoming on July 29th.——Two car loads of emigrants arrived by overland train on Wednesday.——The Hawaiian *Gazette* announces the death of Dr. G. P. Judd, an old and prominent resident of that place.——Governor Booth's speech at Platt's Hall was studied and effective.——Minnie Walton had a splendid house at her benefit on Wednesday. She is a universal favorite.——Mr Schonbonwat, a gentleman from Italy who "knows something about worms," arrived here on Monday en route for Japan.——There is some talk of building a new Post Office, Supreme Court and Government Offices, the site, Union Square.——Architect Mullet left for the East on Thursday.——Dr. Marcet, a prominent Swiss physician, is staying with Monsieur Berton, the Swiss Consul.——North Beach continues to stink good. Will no one see to this!——Large catches of smelt and tom-cod have been made in the bay this week.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

The Shah of Persia has gone to Constantinople.——President Grant is staying with Speaker Blaine, at Augusta, Me.——On Wednesday, New York was visited by the fiercest storm seen in twenty years. Mails are stopped, and much damage done.——The ship *George*, from Montreal to Glasgow, was run into and sunk by the steamship *Alabama*. What's in a name?——Metz is to be restored to France.——Petroleum is made down in New York.——The U. S. man-of-war *Contadalgo* arrived at Kingston, Jamaica, with seventy of her crew down with yellow fever.——The Pope says he's tickled to death at the American expressions of sympathy.——Victor Hugo has written to the Duke de Broglie, praying for the release of Rochefort, on account of his literary eminence. The Duke properly says that those who know what is right and don't do it, are worse than the ignorant.——An English pilgrimage is to start for France, September 2d. What next?——The Carlists have captured the town of Vergara, and the cause looks flourishing.——The Vienna Committee have reported that the Commissions has been corruptly managed and censure General Van Borrn very severely.——The Pope will not give Mel luk you ("int nal's hat, so America must still remain unbatted.——The Town Hall, Leeds, England, was entirely destroyed by fire on Wednesday.——The crew of the English yacht *Deerhound*, captured while delivering arms to the Spanish insurgents, are to be tried as pirates.——The Asiatic cholera is spreading in Berlin.——The Carlists are bombarding the city of Berga, with great effect.——The clipper ship *La Escocesa*, which sailed the match from here with the *Young America*, was sunk in the Mersey on Tuesday, but has since been raised.——George Francis Train is said up with fever in Hamburg, Germany. His condition is critical. It is not *brain* fever.

This is of course an age of progress; while the progress that the lightning calculators of the *Chronicle* have made in increasing their subscription lists. During nine days only, the number of subscribers has been augmented by 2,561 names. At this rate, what will the number be in three months?

We have received Campbell's beautiful ballad, as sung by J. G. Russell at the Alhambra, entitled "You and I." Published by M. Gray, 623 and 625 Clay street.

THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR JULY-AUGUST, 1873,

IS NOW OUT, AND READY FOR DELIVERY,

Containing 128 Pages of Interesting Reading Matter, and Valuable Information.

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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, AUG. 16, 1873. No. 29.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California Chinn Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No 60 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—875 @890—Silver Bars 1¼ @2 Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 88¾@87¾. Mexican Dollars, 4½@5c., new; 6½c., old. Trade Dollar, 2½c. prem.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10 @¾ per cent prem for Gold. Currency, 14 per cent. On London, Bankers 49⅛@49¼; Commercial 49⅜ @ 49½. Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams ¼@¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, August 8, at 3 P. M., 114⅞. Latest price of Sterling, 108⅝@108¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO ..... August 15, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	103	104	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	117	120
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1881	101	102	Oakland Gas	105	107
U. S Bonds, 5-20s 1862	101	102	Spring Valley Water Co	81	82
Legal Tender Notes	87	87¾	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57	97½	100	Central Railroad Company		—
S F City Bonds, 6s, 1855	97	98	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	51	52½
S. F. City and Co Bonds, 6s, '58	92	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	16	18
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	99	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co	50	61
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchants Mutual M. Ins. Co	65	70
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	Califor. ia Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	83	97	Union Insurance Co	90	93
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	—	Pacific Bank		40
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	88	91	The Bank of California	125	12.
San Francisco Gas Light Co	67	68	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.	TEAS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1	$49 00 @ 52 50	Japans	20 @ 73
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔ lb.	— 3 @ — 5	Oolong	— 30 @ — 85
Metal Sheathing, ℔ lb.	— 24 @ — 25	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No 1, ℔ lb.	— 9 @ — 9½
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	11 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 7 @ — 1½
Lead, Pig, ℔ lb.	— 8 @ — 8½	Manila	— 7 @ — 7½
Lead, Sheet, ℔ lb.	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11½
Banca Tin, ℔ lb.	— 28 @ — 38	Muscovado	— 7 @ — 8
Quicksilver	1 10 @ — —	Peruvian	— 7 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	10 00 @ 10 50	Sperm Wax, ℔ lb.	— 30 @ — 44
Australian	9 00 @ 9 50	Adamantine	— 14 @ — 18
Cumberland	20 00 @ 22 00	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	16 00 @ 18 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ — —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	2 05 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ℔ lb.	— 19½@ — 20	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 22 @ — 25	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 19 @ — 20	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	— 19 @ — 20	Chicken Gunnies, 300-lb.	— 17 @ — 20
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales	— 19 @ 20
China, No 1, ℔ lb.	— 6⅛@ — 6¾	Burlap Bags	— 11⅞ @ — 11⅞
China, No 2	— 5¾@ — 5⅞	Hessian 40-inch, ℔ yard	— 11 @ — 12
Hawaiian	— 6⅛@ — 6¾	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool, ℔ lb.	— 12½@ 27
Champagne, ℔ doz	20 00 @ 33 00	Tallow	— 6 @ 6½
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 17 @ 18
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs.	1 85 @ 2 00
OIL.		Barley	1 15 @ 1 25
Coal and Kerosene	— 31 @ — 42	Oats	1 50 @ 1 65
		Flour, ℔ 196 lbs.	5 00 @ 6 00

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange. —NEW YORK, Aug 15th, 1873.—Gold opened at 114⅝, 11 A. M. at 114⅞, 3 P. M. at 114⅞. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 116⅝, 1867, 118⅞. Sterling Exchange, 108⅞@109⅛. Pacific Mail, 40¼. Quicksilver Mining Company, 37. Wheat, $1 65@$1 85 quiet. Pork, 18¾, dull. Cotton, 19½. Hides, dry, 23@23¾, green, 18, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 40@$1 42 fair demand. Winter Bleached, $1 65@$1 70. Whale, quiet, 68@65c quiet; Winter Bleached, 68@75c. Wool—Spring, fine, 29@32c, Burry, 16@25c, Pulled, 27@45c. Fall Clips, 16@25c. Burry, 14@17c. LONDON, Aug 15.—Liverpool Wheat Market 12s 6d@12s 7d. Club, 12s 10d@12s 7d. United States Bonds, 91⅝. Consols, 92⅜@92⅝, ac., 92⅞.

San Franciscans Abroad—PARIS. Horace H. Caldwell and Horace Caldwell, Hotel de Normandie. Mrs P. Chrystenat (family), 6 Rue Bazar. C. F. Fargo, 57 Rue Mathurins, Mrs P. A. Hussey, Frankl. Hussey, Hotel du Friedland, John Kimball, 9 Cité de Retiro, W. M. Lent and family, Hotel de l'Amirauté, J. W. Mackay and family, Hotel Splendide, P. Ord, 21 Rue Tronchet, D. P. Sackett, Hotel de Normandie, George H. Sanderson, Grand Hotel, Alfred A. Wheeler, 11 Boul St. Michel.—*American Register.*

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

All the claims presented to the Southern Claims Commission, sitting at Washington, under the act of March 3d, 1871, have now been numbered and registered, and their number is found to be 22,295, and their aggregate amount is said to be something in excess of $60,000,000. In their last report to Congress, the Commissioners estimated the total number of claims to be filed under the act at 19,000, and the amount to be claimed at $50,000,000 in round numbers. Claims are presented daily to the Quarter-Master-General and Commissary-General, by residents of the better informed loyal States, who have but just learned that Congress passed a special act nearly ten years ago to pay for property taken for army use in the States not in rebellion. Under the settlement so far made by the Commissioners about $1,200,000 have been distributed among some 1,400 claimants, scattered all over the eleven insurrectionary States, the award, except in a comparatively small number of cases, being for a few hundred dollars each. At the coming session of Congress they expect to award about $1,000,000 to be similarly distributed, and will then have disposed of about 24 per cent. of the number of claims filed and 20 per cent. of the amount claimed.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, July 25, 1873.—Samuel Hubbard, Wm M. Lent and family, George Sanderson, Moses Ellis, Col Williamson, J. B. Dickinson and wife, Mrs Wm M. Thornburgh, Miss Thornburgh, Levi Parsons, Captain Talbot, the Misses Talbot, Mrs. Hughes, Mrs Charles Lux, C. F. Fargo, Joseph Barron and family, Mrs Major Hensley and family, John MacKay and family.

Steam tea clipper Venetia reached London on 12th ultimo from Hankow, winning this year's race. The *Agamemnon* reached the docks the same day, and the *Ulysses*, that had extraordinary dispatch from China, a steamer having followed her from Hankow and transferred the cargo near the entrance of the Yangtze-Kiang, and then the *Ulysses* proceeded without touching at Shanghai, reaching Deal on the 16th ultimo.

It is with sorrow we announce the death of George Black, Esq., the well known Civil Engineer. Mr. Black's value as a man of great knowledge in his profession, of strict integrity and industry, was just beginning to be fully appreciated in California when he was taken away. They who know his kind, gentle nature in private life, have great cause to regret their lost friend.

Canadian papers refer with pride to the continued success of the savings departments connected with their post-offices. Last year the amount of deposits was $2,306,918, and the cost of maintaining the banks has for the last five years averaged somewhat less than one-half per cent. on the balance to depositors' credit year by year.

Next week we shall go into the particular merits and demerits of political aspirants, and view them from both a public and private point. Let them look well to their armor, for no swordsman ever detected weak points in his adversary's mail more quickly than we can, and no sword more deadly than our pen.

A reduction has been made in the charges for transportation of goods to the West by the managers of the Trunk lines which will affect dry goods, boots, clothing, etc. The charge per cwt. from New York to Chicago, Cleveland, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville and Memphis has been reduced from 25 to 20 per cent.

Sixpenny Savings Bank.—[illegible] new accounts were opened between 1st January and 1st July last, and 2,[illegible] were closed. There was received on deposit $2,792,618, and paid out $2,451,751 26, leaving an increase in the number of accounts of 1,657, and of deposits of $[illegible] 66.

The number of emigrants arriving at New York still continues very large. Last week 23,654 were landed, which includes 2,079 from Glasgow. The number arrived since the 1st of January is 83,912, against 85,673 last year.

The British steamer Lord of the Isles, in MacAndrew's Line, has, as intimated in our last, got her new shaft in place and will be dispatched for China in all this month.

Since the 1st of the present month, Carlist postage stamps, *bearing the effigy of the pretender*, have been used in the districts of Spain occupied by the Carlists.

By a recent purchase, the proprietors of the London *Times* have acquired the whole of Printing House Square. It cost them about £10 the superficial foot.

The California Acclimatizing Society are wondrously advancing. In a short time we shall report their practical results, and tell their advances.

The Protestants have not issued their ticket for the election yet. It will be out in a day or two. Is there any sulphur and brimstone in it?

China advices inform us that there is some complaining on account of the irregularity of the Pacific Mail Company's steamers.

The complete Municipal and Legislative Ticket will be given to our readers next week.

Minister Low may be expected from China by next steamer.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

WAIFS FROM AN OLD PORTFOLIO.

'CHAMPING THE BIT'

To be so near thee and not see thee!
How I hate those prisoning walls—
Walls that hide from me my darling,
Whose sad heart to me outcalls—
Calls to me to [illegible] her—
Calls to me to press her hand—
Calls to me with eyes so pleading,
That I scarcely can withstand.

Only love for thee restrains me,
For I pine to see thy face,
But to stand within thy presence
Is my blessing and my grace
But to hear thee whisper, darling!
Though I cannot kiss thee back,
Is as pardon to the captive
Writhing on the torture-rack.

What a wretched day has ended!
What a weary night has gone!
Darkness seemed to grasp the sunshine,
Not a sun-ray came—not one!
Save the picture of my darling
That before me seemed to say—
"I am waiting, waiting! wherefore
Does my own love stay away?"

'Tis the fear that haunts me ever—
Should they keep thee from my sight!
I should die by hourly anguish,
O'er my life would pass a blight.
[illegible] I'd live without a purpose
All ambition would depart—
Soulless, hopeless, bearing ever
But a desolated heart.

What it costs me not to see thee!
Ask thy heart—I cannot tell.
In thy presence it is heaven—
In thy absence it is hell!
All the [illegible] comes o'er me—
All the fires consume my soul—
Every nerve a string of torture,
That my will cannot control.

And to think that all this madness,
All this waste of loving life,—
All this weary, warring, struggling,
Agony and mental strife,
Needs but one soft look and tender
From those truthful loving eyes,
Which, like God's breath on the waters,
Charms the tempest, and it dies!

HIPPOPOTAMUS FIGHT IN LONDON.

Dr. Frank Buckland writes in Land and Water By the kindness of Mr. Bartlett I have had the good fortune to be present on the occasion when the little hippopotamus, Guy Fawkes—who is now eight months old—was introduced to his disagreeable old father, Obesh, a resident in the Zoological Gardens for twenty-three years. Obesh was quietly munching his breakfast of grass in the outside den, when at a given signal the portcullis of the mother's den was gradually raised, and the two heads appeared gazing out with a most comical expression. Seeing his wife, the old man left off munching the grass, grinned a ghastly grin, and he loudly trumpeted "Umph," "umph," "umph." Little Guy Fawkes then came forward from behind his mother, with the action and stiffness of a pointer when he has discovered a covey of birds, gradually and slowly he went up to his father, and their outstretched noses were just touching, when the old woman sounded the signal for war, and rushing past the young one, fairly challenged her lord and master to a [illegible] combat. He instantly retreated a step or two and his wife began to pretend to munch at the grass, keeping her eyes always fixed [illegible] upon him. Just at this moment the sun shone out, and I was enabled to see [illegible] the remarkable phenomenon of the "blood-sweat" of these gigantic animals when excited. The usual [illegible] color of the skin of the husband and wife became densely covered with spots that looked like thin red gum, and when the male turned his head I could see that these spots were globular; they glistened like dew on a cabbage, and stood high upon the skin like blood-stained diamonds. I managed subsequently to wipe off one of these globules, and it stained my note-book quite red. After gazing at each other for about half a minute, old Dil, for that is the female's name, made a savage rush at her husband, and simultaneously both animals reared right up on their hind legs, like bulldogs fighting. They gaped wide their gigantic mouths, and bit and struck and lunged at each other savagely, while the grass fell out of their great coal-scuttle mouths on to the battle-field. The crash of their tusks coming together was truly Homeric, and reminded me of the rattle and smashing clash—only exaggerated—when the Windsor Park red-deer charge and fight with their horns. For a second or two these two gigantic animals closed together, and swayed to and fro like Cornish wrestlers. This scene of the Hippopotami fighting was grand in the extreme, and would form a good subject for an Oxford prize poem or the pencil of Landseer. When they settled on their four legs again, the old woman followed up her advantage by giving her husband a tremendous push "well hit" with her head and while the cowardly old fellow sneaked backwards into his pond, his wife trumpeted a triumphant signal of victory from the bank. All this time little Guy kept well [illegible] his mother, occasionally peeping round her sides to see the rare and extraordinary phenomenon of a husband and wife having a row. [illegible] slowly, and in [illegible] manner, walked down the steps into the water, and hunted the old man about until she drove him up into a corner and then [illegible] over him. The young one then mounted on to his mother's back, and gazed with [illegible] respect [illegible] at his father. At the least movement [illegible] the bank [illegible] into the water [illegible] as an otter, without making the slightest ripple or sending up a bubble [illegible] fair and shortly [illegible] with his pretty head, erect ears and bright eyes, and looking like a gigantic frog. [illegible] Thus the three remained for about half an hour, grunting and staring at each other. [illegible] made one attempt to get out of his [illegible] but his artful old [illegible] was too quick for him and cut off his retreat and drove him back. The little one, [illegible] always kept [illegible] In about three quarters of an hour the row was all over, and instead of angry trumpetings the [illegible] gradually assumed a more amicable tone, and it was evident that the two [illegible] were getting into good temper. At last the female swam [illegible] her husband and [illegible] a kind of kiss, and got the best [illegible] When the keeper heard [illegible] "They are all right now [illegible] fight any more. See the old man is beginning to smile, and he has uncocked his ears and left off staring." The [illegible] it was quite right, for all three Hippos at once became friends, and the [illegible] row was over. I understand that on the previous day, when these three beasts were first put together, that little Guy Fawkes immediately went up to the governor, and [illegible] him in the most insolent manner. He bristled up, [illegible] his teeth, and actually challenged his father to fight. The [illegible] charged the old father, scratched his face, and pushed him [illegible] head over [illegible] into the water. The little one followed up [illegible], swam under his father's legs, and actually bit at and [illegible] the paternal tail. On the second occasion the [illegible] behaved very differently. I was quite [illegible] that somehow or other [illegible] kept in the rear [illegible] old man. On this occasion Obesh was terribly alarmed, although his wife frightened more than hurt him. She so alarmed him that a new discovery was made by Mr. Bartlett. After the row was over the cowardly old Obesh changed color. His mulatto-colored skin got gradually whiter and whiter, and the lower part of his head and sides became of a creamy-white tint, and the poor old fellow looked "as white as a ghost." It was some hours before he came to his proper color again. When his wife gave him a hiding on the second day Obesh again turned somewhat white, making his blood spots stand out with unusual clearness. Now that this family scrimmage is over, we trust that for the future they will enjoy domestic felicity

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Alas! when we go to heaven and are locked in the arms of our dear grandmothers, how shall we be able to look that venerable individual in the muzzle; how justify our entertaining opinions so widely different to those she inculcated? The dear old dummy never could reason, and doubtless continues in that frame of mind. The age for believing everything that a rosy-gilled son of the church [illegible] has passed [illegible] forever at least, with the male portion of the human family. Women have a certain hankering after spiritual eavesdroppers that is to be hoped education will eradicate; but until this change takes place no political power must be given to women. The chignon with a young female attached is ill-adapted for legislation.

If a publican were to write his life, would it be his beer-ography?

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies:

Girard, of Philadelphia	[illegible]	Penn, of Philadelphia	$250,000
Atlas, of Cincinnati	[illegible]	Manhattan, of Leavenworth	250,000
North Missouri, of St Louis	[illegible]	Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago	250,000
St Paul, of Minnesota	[illegible]	National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	1,500,000
Mutual Insurance Association, of New Orleans	1,4[illegible]		

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.
HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents.
311 California street, San Francisco, Cal.
August 9.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $200,000. OFFICERS:—John H Redington, President; George H Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary, N. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary. [illegible] General Manager. DIRECTORS: San Francisco—[illegible] Redington, A. W. [illegible] W. M. Greenwood, E. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann [illegible] W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. [illegible] Marysville—D. E. Knight [illegible] Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. [illegible] Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, [illegible] Manager, [illegible] Secretary [illegible] J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, [illegible] San Jose Branch: T. [illegible] H. H. Hewlett, Manager [illegible] Josiah Belden, A. [illegible] Secretary. Grass Valley [illegible] J. J. Denny, Manager [illegible] William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb 17

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO OF S F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco: J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. [illegible] W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, [illegible] N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, [illegible] Lawrence [illegible] Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph [illegible] Gustave Touchard, [illegible] Marysville: [illegible] Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, [illegible] NEW YORK: J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan [illegible] GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice President. CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 224 California street in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner of California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors comprising many of our wealthiest and most respectable citizens: DIRECTORS: W. W. [illegible] Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. H. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. [illegible] C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Strauss, James Irvine, [illegible] W. H. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, D. M. Hackett, H. S. Crocker, [illegible] Freeman, N. H. Thayer, Jas Phelan, [illegible] C. W. KELLOGG, President. [illegible] HOBART, Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets to the [illegible] of California street, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent [illegible] All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,[illegible] and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,[illegible] Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
No. 214 California street, San Francisco.
Jan 15.]
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
No. 430 California street
Feb 8

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 305 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov 18.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 17 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings [illegible] also, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as to any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.
Jan 23

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. R. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers, Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19]

CURLE & CO

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room No. 13 Stevenson's Building, No. 321 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY TO THE FOLLOWING [illegible] AND [illegible] IN [illegible] OF THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell, Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co., W. J. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner, Ed. Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lafont Fils & Fils, Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co, Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres, Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Lorsen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langley.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borecohalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq., H. B. M. Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co; Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co., Drury, Davies & Co; F'k Anstie, M. D. "Pall Mall Gazette," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co, Alsop & Co, Heath Brothers & Co, Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Union Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Hetortillo, Excelentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co, Theodore Lascaris & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Sumner & Co., McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; O. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimerman, Fair & Co.

COURT CHAT.

The Duke of Edinburgh is now within a few months of entering his thirtieth year, the Princess whose hand is about to be conferred upon him is some ten years his junior, having been born on October 17, 1853. She is reported to be possessed of great personal attractions and intelligence. The approaching union, it may be fairly said, offers every reasonable prospect of happiness. The Princess will retain the faith of the Orthodox Greek Church—in which she has been born and bred, but the children of the Royal pair, if their union should be blessed with offspring, will, it is stated, be brought up in the Protestant creed of England. In point of rank and station the Prince and Princess will stand upon an equal footing, and both Russia and England will have just cause to be proud of the alliance contracted by these two distinguished members of their reigning dynasties. To speak first of the bride, she is the daughter of the Czar of All the Russias, the sister of the Czarewitch, destined one day, according to the ordinary probabilities of life, to ascend the throne of Russia as Alexander III. As to the Royal bridegroom, apart from his rank as Prince of the Blood Royal of England, he is the heir to the Dukedom of Coburg, the brother-in-law of the Crown Prince of Germany and of Prince Louis of Hesse, and both bride and bridegroom are connected by a kindred family tie of almost blood relationship with the Crown Prince of Denmark and the King of Greece.

On July 14th the Welsh choristers, 500 in number, who won the challenge cup of the National Music Meeting at the Crystal Palace, were received at Marlborough House by the Prince and Princess of Wales.—The choir assembled at Willis' Rooms, and went in procession, with their banner, and accompanied by the Marquis of Bute, Mr. H. Richard, M. P., Mr. Fothergill, M. P., Mr. S. Holland, M. P., Mr. Brinley Richards, and other gentlemen, to Marlborough House, where they took up their position on the lawn, and sang a short selection of national music. The Prince of Wales then thanked the choir for the pleasure their singing had afforded to himself and the Princess, and wished them a prosperous and successful journey home. The Princess of Wales was highly pleased with the concert, and said she was very glad to know that a body of working people had the ability to perform such high-class music. Her Royal Highness also expressed her regret that two of her children were not present to hear the concert. Their Royal Highnesses retired amid enthusiastic cheering from the Welsh singers. Before the choristers left they were supplied with refreshment by the Prince of Wales' desire.

The Kiss has been a powerful agent in the annals of the human race. There have been kisses, like those of Anthony and Cleopatra, of Henry VIII, and Anne Boleyn, which have shaken an empire or destroyed a religion. If we knew the secret history of courts, we should probably learn that nations have been created or erased by the magic touches of a woman's lips. A great problem, therefore, lies before us. Has this discovery proved an affliction or a blessing to mankind? Probably the latter; for it has certainly increased the influence of women, and the influence of women is employed more for good than for ill. Beloved, tender-hearted women, companions and consolers of our life! With a kiss you welcome the infant to the world, with a kiss you bestow on soft-cheeked youths the raptures of first love; with a kiss you alleviate the agony of death. And what, alas! are the kisses which men too often give you in return! Judas-kisses, treacherous and fatal, which poison innocent hearts, and turn to curses on painted and despairing lips. Happy are those who can remember without remorse the kisses of their youth.

Don Carlos re-entered Spain on July 15th, and has issued a proclamation to the Carlist volunteers. Invoking the name of the God of Armies, he says:—"Listening to the voice of suffering Spain, I came to fight for my country and for God. I will not remain idly looking on during this captivity and heroic struggle. I deplore the blindness of the army, which, forgetful of fifteen centuries of glory under the monarchical flag." He concludes the proclamation by adding:—"Spain seeks help from us. Volunteers, forward! Spain says she is dying. Volunteers let us save her." Great enthusiasm prevails at Zugarramundy, where Don Carlos has joined Valacspina and Lizzaraga.

On June 15th the Shah attended Mdme. McMahon's ball at the Palace of the Elysée. The invitations were for half-past nine, but hundreds, anxious to be in time, came before that hour. The crush in the first saloons, where the company paid their respects to the President of the Republic and Mdme. McMahon, was very great. The weather was fine, permitting ladies to walk in the garden in their ball dresses. The Shah arrived at half-past ten. He was saluted by Bengal lights among the trees, and fireworks. He afterwards took refreshment under a pavilion provided for him and his suite.

On July 17th the squadron at Portsmouth dressed in colors, in honor of the betrothal of the Duke of Edinburgh, who is captain in the Royal navy. The Royal standard and the Russian ensign were hoisted at the main on board the *Duke of Wellington* and *Asia* flagships, and at all the Government establishments. At two a salute of twenty-one guns was fired from the garrison and the ships in port. On no previous occasion (the marriage of the Prince of Wales not excepted) has there been a similar demonstration.

A second Royal marriage is also on the *tapis*. A Reuter's telegram from Copenhagen announces the arrival there of Prince Arthur, and states that His Royal Highness is expected to solicit the hand of the Princess Thyra, the youngest daughter of the King of Denmark, and sister of the Princess of Wales. The Princess is rather more than three years younger than Prince Arthur, and will complete her twentieth year on September 29th.

It seems that the Prince of Wales took the Cesarewitch to lunch with the veteran John Day. On being told the name of the Russian personage, John Day was observed to turn aside in order to repress a smile which respect for royalty forbade him to indulge openly. "What are you laughing at, John?" asked the Prince. "I was only thinking, sir, that if his name is the Cesarewitch, his missis's ought to be the Cambridgeshire."—*Vanity Fair.*

The ceremony of uncovering the Victory column in the Konigsplatz, Berlin, will take place on the 2d of September. This monument, the first stone of which was laid on the 18th of April, 1865, was originally designated to commemorate the victories over the Danes, but it will now serve besides as a record of the campaign of 1866 against the Austrians, and of the part taken by the Prussian troops in the last war with France.

The Shah intends to have a lyrical theater at Teheran, which is to give ballet representations and acrobatic performances, high in favor at the Court. The Shah is purchasing objects of furniture and jewelry. He has a large sum of money at his disposal, his private fortune being very considerable. He has purchased also a quantity of toys and self-playing musical instruments.

The Shah has received several French military officers, and given an audience to Sir John Bethune, whose father, Sir Henry Bethune (who afterwards assumed the name of Bethune), was instrumental in putting His Majesty's father on the throne of Persia. A Reuter's telegram says that the Shah has expressed his desire to have M. de Lesseps presented to him.

M. Thiers has felt himself compelled, in order to avoid political difficulties, to decline the invitation of the municipal authorities at Nancy to attend a banquet there to celebrate the liberation of the territory. He has also declined to attend a banquet in Paris, to which he has been invited by all sections of the Left in the Assembly.

The Shah has informed King Victor Emmanuel that owing to important news which he has received from home he will be compelled to return to Persia without paying so long a visit to Italy as he wished. He proposes, however, to remain one day in Milan and one in Turin.

Queen Isabella has arrived in Paris, coming from Belgium, in order, it is reported, to consult with friends on passing events in Spain.

The King of Siam has made a battle among the ladies of his harem by ordering them to wear the European costume.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until [illegible] WEDNESDAY, May [illegible] for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds [illegible] authorized by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act [illegible] to be called "Montgomery Avenue," and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872. [illegible] of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons attached to each bond and are at the option of the holder [illegible] Principal and Interest are payable in gold coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a sinking fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,241,[illegible], as ascertained and settled by decree final of the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $[illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said bonds payable in gold coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied [illegible] to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that [illegible] the terms of the bid will be complied with if any award be made. [illegible] the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 4th, 1873.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 14.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor, JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.
May 10.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL BUILDING

Office of Board of City Hall Commissioners, Corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, July 19, 1873. Sealed proposals for furnishing certain material for a portion of the New City Hall Building [illegible] FRIDAY, [illegible] will be received at the office of the Board, until 12 [illegible] the 22d day of August, A. D. 1873, for the following: [illegible] Bricks, [illegible] Barrels Lime, [illegible] And until 2 o'clock noon of WEDNESDAY the [illegible] day of October, A. D. 1873, for the following: [illegible] Iron [illegible], Wrought Iron Girders. All according to specifications, schedule, plans and drawings, to be furnished by the Board.

No bid will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Forms of Proposal," and accompanied by a bond with two good and sufficient sureties in a sum equal to ten per cent of the total sum of the tender conditioned for the due entering into the contract [illegible] the party to whom it may be awarded. The bids must be indorsed for the material proposed to be furnished and addressed to the secretary of the Board, [illegible] can be seen, and all further information [illegible]

The specifications, schedule, plans and drawings can be seen, and all further information obtained at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposal will be furnished to intending bidders.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly, in City Hall Warrants, of 75 per cent of the estimated amounts due, and the remaining 25 per cent when the contract is completed. The expense of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.
P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE,
Board of City Hall Commissioners.
July 26.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished and has Bar, Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built not like a public hotel, but as it is named an elegant Villa. "THE VILLA" is located at the [illegible] western gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENBERG & CO. Proprietors.
August 2

CHILI ALFALFA SEED OF THE NEW CROP,

Ex Steamer just arrived.—For sale in lots to suit, by
S. W. MOORE & CO., Seedsmen,
No. 420 Sansome street, San Francisco.
July 19.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 56 Montgomery Block. May 31.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.
Dec. 9.]

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions, Corner Front and Clay streets SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento.	J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

HARNESS AND SADDLERY

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Harness and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of [illegible] Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 19.

REMOVAL.

John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, has Removed to 7[illegible] Montgomery street, opposite the Odd Fellows' Building. Always prepared to discount good Commercial Paper at the lowest rates. City and County Property bought and sold. July 12.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.
NEVILLE & CO.,
112 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. [May 31.

L. H. NEWTON.] **NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,** [MORRIS NEWTON.
Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [H. A. MOORE.
Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 214 Bush street. Factory, 445 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Honey's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. Jan 13.

WORK WHILE IT IS DAY.

The world is wide, but its want is wider,
No least endeavor shall fruitless be;
Though the sky is full of the moon's soft glory,
Each smaller star shines from sea to sea.

The world is wide, and the work is waiting,
We can only call one day our own.
Oh, remember not, for the day is breaking—
For an hour's loss you can never atone.

The world is wide, and the violet groweth
Side by side with the queenly rose,
One filleth the air with subtle fragrance,
In silence and shadow the other grows.

Yet who shall tell what the angels know not—
Which of the two shall fairer be,
When the flowers are gathered from earthly gardens,
To bloom in the light of Eternity.

The world is wide, and the people in it,
Each has a work to find and do.
The sunshine fadeth, the dark night fleth,
Haste while the daylight waits on you! —*Argosy*

THE TERRIER OF EVIL-DOERS.

In the professional album of the chief of the New Orleans police, says the *Picayune*, wherein the celebrated women's pictures, or mugs of the Molls, attached to the rogue's gallery are kept, there are many striking faces, some fair, beautiful, and proud, others soft and delicate, others pinched and sharp, while again are those intellectual and with the stamp of refinement and wealth. Mollie Watterman's picture is none of these. It is that of a plain, cold woman, just like that of a statue would be, with her black hair folded back and bound around her head, while her dress of rich black is caught by the throat with a heavy clasp. By her side, with its head in her lap and its intelligent eyes looking eagerly into her face, is a black and tan terrier dog of medium size and with a plain collar. A singular picture to see in a gallery of thieves, yet probably the most singular pair found in the long lines of faces. Mollie Watterman never stole herself. She trained her dog. Going into a store, she selected various laces, jewelry, etc., and, looking at them, placed them back with a particular motion of her hand, shortly going out of the store. The dog remained, and, seizing the article when the shopman's back was turned, made off with it to her room, where it was received by Mollie, and the dog rewarded. For years she pursued this with success, until one day the dog was caught there. Unheeding for herself, she surrendered, imploring for the life of her favorite. The pictures of the two were, however, taken together, and then the dog was killed, the body being inhumanly thrown into the cell where the woman lay. No the police left them, but, when they returned with the morning, she was found dead, poisoned by her own hands, lying with her steadfast friend. There was a rude inquest, of course—a Coroner and a joking crowd—but when the two were tumbled into an old box, out into the Potters' Field, there were closed out forever two who might be an example to many loving friends.

MONJA ALFEREZ.

People must have stopped reading De Quincey. There is no other way of explaining the indomitable perseverance with which paper after paper copies the brief summary of the marvelous adventures of "Monja Alférez," the heroine of De Quincey's most spirited essay, "The Spanish Nun." "What a queer name!" says the ingenuous reader, innocent of Spanish. To be sure, a queer name, but there have been queerer. For instance, a Frenchman starting out in the morning for his first walk in London, copied in his note-book, by way of precaution, the name of the street, painted on the wall at the corner. Finding himself adrift, at the end of a weary day, he appealed to every one he met to direct him to the street he was in search of, and made his meaning clear by showing the entry in his pocket-book to each unimaginative Briton, who roared with laughter as he read the consecrated phrase, "Commit no nuisance." Monja Alférez is a name, the more extraordinary that it is no name at all, the words meaning, with the article, "The Nun Ensign." The story of this nun is told by De Quincey, on the authority of a Spanish scholar, Mr. Ferrer, who published the original documents in the case in a volume, entitled "La Monja Alferez." The real name of the nun was Catalina de Erauso, and those who have not read her history should lose no time in hunting up De Quincey's "Narrative Papers," and experiencing a genuine sensation.

HOPE FOR HUMANITY YET.

We cull from the Launceston Examiner of May last the following paragraph from the *Ballarat Courier*: "Some strange episodes," remarks the *Ballarat Courier*, "crop up in our Police Courts. On Monday a prostitute named Annie Shaw, who had been discharged the other day on a promise to leave the town, was again brought before the Bench. She was just about to hear from the Police Magistrate the punishment which the law required her to suffer, when Sergeant Larner informed the Bench there was a man outside whom the woman had refused to marry. The man was called in, and appeared in the form of a well-dressed and respectable-looking tradesman. He had known the woman in her more innocent days, and his friendship was as strong then as ever it had been, in spite of all her degradation. Drink appeared to have been the bane of her life, and he promised to keep her from it if he could, and to take her away from town. The Police Magistrate evidently, and no doubt wisely, considered that there were stronger probabilities of her reforming under these auspices than under those of a common prison and the worst associates, and he at once discharged her. In cases like these does the brighter side of human nature appear."

No Rose Without a Thorn.—The glow of pleasure which began to course through our system on learning the cheerful intelligence that an organ-grinder had fallen dead in the streets of San Francisco, was completely nipped in the bud when immediately afterwards we read the announcement that Phillip Phillips was working up this way with his sacred song book. We begin to think there is no such thing in this world as thornless roses.—*Marysville Appeal.*

A young lady out West (Paraleone?) lately left the table because a cold rooster, *undressed*, was placed on the table before her. As it was an evening and a fashionable party, we noticed that she blushed—nearly—to her hips.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current; Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 21.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures and fit them up cheap. [May 31.] J. M. ECKFELDT & Co.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 21.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE A. M.	CLOSE P. M.	ARRIVE A. M.	ARRIVE P. M.
* Sundays excepted.				
Alameda *	6 30			9 40
Antioch, Black Diamond, etc. *		1 45		12 10
Benicia and Rio Vista, by C. P. R. R. Co. steamers *		3 3		9 40
Cloverdale and Coast Points *		3 15	10 30	
Eureka *		1 45	12 00	
Napa Route via Vallejo *		3 40	12 40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 30			9 40
Oakland	6 30	3 40		1 00 / 2 10
Overland	6 30			9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points *		1 15		12 30
Sacramento via Vallejo	7 15	3 40		12 40 / 8 40
San Rafael *	9 15		9 00	
San Jose	7 35	1 15	9 30	6 40
Southern California and Arizona *	7 35			6 00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3 40	3 00	9 40
Vallejo and Benicia	7 15	3 40	3 45	9 00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County *		3 45		3 40
Great Britain, Monday and Thursday		9 40		

Mails dispatched by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

General Delivery open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays. N. D. STONE, P. M.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, relating to Churches, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected into one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate commerce and interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor and to the people of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the vast and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupant of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 1st. J. MELVILLE, Secretary. California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria, and Hope Town. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's comfortable Spring Wagons leave Cape Town, without fail, every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and travelling the above route, are due at Du Toit's Pan, the center point of the Big Diggings, on the seventh day from Town. Under new and improved arrangements, punctuality is ensured. Fare to the Diggings, £12. Each Passenger allowed 40 lbs. Luggage. Rest is afforded to Passengers by night-stoppage at the principal stations, and Refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the entire route. Passengers' heavy Baggage has precedence by the Company's Goods Wagons leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the head office of the Company, No. 64 ADDERLEY STREET, corner of Longmarket street, Cape Town. R. T. TOWNSROE, Secretary. Cape Town, 23d March, 1873. May 17.

PROPOSALS

Are Invited for from 100 to 500 tons Compact Asphaltum. Samples required. F. MADGE, Secretary Imperishable Pavement Co., July 5. Room 6 Merchants' Exchange.

WANTED,

By a middle aged lady of respectability (a widow) a situation as housekeeper in a small family, or as matron of a hospital or sick nurse. Good references can be given. Has no objection to going into the country. Address MATRON, at this office. July 12.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine. Nov. 16.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 415 and 419 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE. George Hamlin, Manager. Nov. 11.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 31.

WHARF TOLLS.

Office of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, 411 Montgomery street.—San Francisco, July 2, 1873. Tickets for Tolls at the Wharves under the control of the Commissioners can be obtained at this office in quantities to suit. On and after the first day of August no other will be received, and not less than 12½ cents for a single load. By order of the Board. August 2. J. A. McCLELLAND, Secretary.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS AND DRIVERS OF VEHICLES.

The Annual License of Vehicles, for the year ending July, 1874, is now due, and if not paid on or before the 31st day of the present month, the owner or driver will be liable for 50 per cent. in addition, for such neglect, and also to a fine of not less than $10, or imprisonment in County Jail. July 19. B. P. BUCKLEY, License Collector, Office, No. 7 City Hall.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, N. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs), San Francisco. August 2.

CITY HALL WARRANTS

Bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 320 Montgomery street. August 2.

BONDS

City, State and County Bonds, bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 320 Montgomery street. August 2.

A. T. ELLIOTT,

Ship and Grain Broker, 311 California street, San Francisco. August 2.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

For Chief of Police, T. G. Cockrill, 521 Front street. August 2.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS THROUGHOUT THE COLONY OF THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman, C. Lowe.
New Zealand, Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson, J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Aliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co., C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb, Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Maris.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co., Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co., Martin, Dyce & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Robert Towns & Co., Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Landa, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co., S. H. Stamutz & Co., "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa, Cross & Co., Alsop & Co., Wm. Gibbs & Co.; Huth, Gruning & Co.; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co., Jardine, Mathison & Co., Dent & Co., Russell & Co., Augustine Heard & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co., F. Beith, W. Birch, Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

BELGIUM—Consul General—S. Morhange, Grand Hotel. Consul, E. Grisar, N. W. cor. Broadway and Sansome.
CHILI—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanueva, U. S. Court Building. Consul—H. Barroilhet, 324 Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 220 California street.
ECUADOR—Consul—Daniel W. H. Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 134 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
GUATEMALA—Consul—Leslie C. Banks, 304 California street.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul—C. A. Hatenberg, 318 Sacramento.
GREECE—Consul—(Vacant.)
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front.
HONDURAS—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 402 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Act'g Consul—Horace D. Dunn.
MEXICO—Consul—Manuel Aspiroz, 6[illegible] California st.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, [illegible] Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—Consul General—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S. W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—F. de la Fuente, [illegible] Lick Hotel.
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Berton. Vice Consul—H. Laidley, Swiss-American Bank.
SPAIN—Consul—Camilo Martin, 423 California street.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—D. G. Hata Taaffe, 220 California.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 319 Battery street.
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—R. M. [illegible], 10 Washington st.
TURKEY—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, 23 Battery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. Bours, 10 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss-American Bank.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—G. Muecke, 1[illegible] California street.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

THE COQUETTE AND THE BROOKLET.

"Oh, tell me, rippling brooklet,"
Cried a maiden one day,
Crushing the rich red clover
On its banks one summer's day,
"Tell me why so merrily
You babble and sing and play,
As if your whole existence
Were but one long holiday!
While I with an aching heart,
And a soul too sad to pray,
Do waste in one long mourning
My summer of life away."

"Yes, I will tell thee, maiden,"
Said the brooklet and its spray,
As if to call attention,
Kissed her flushed cheek as she lay.
"I never flirted like thee,
I never won hearts in play,
And when I found they were mine,
Did change and fling them away.
For though I thus rush along,
Yet I always run one way,
From father—yon mountain old,
To my love, the sparkling bay."

San Francisco, 1873. W. L. E.

LETTER FROM LONDON.

London, July 23d, 1873.—MY DEAR NEWS-LETTER: Since my last communication to you, I have been very busy hunting up my pedigree. It has not been quite as satisfactory to me as I could have wished, for instead of my ancestors having been true Britons, and landed with the Pilgrims at Plymouth, Massachusetts, in 1620, I find that my great-grandfather was an Irish bog trotter, who was invited to leave Old Ireland for his health by order of the Government, as he was troubled with somnambulism, and frequently got up in the middle of the night and borrowed money of people on the highways. He was to have gone to Botany Bay, that place being highly recommended, but by some mistake he got to New York, and was naturalized, and voted in every ward the first day he was there. This accounts for my success in politics, it being a family trait. I don't mean to say that I was born a politician, by no means. I will tell you, *sub rosa*, that I was a hog-driver in Lake county, and I was considered an expert at running wires through the hogs' noses to prevent them from rooting, and this is where I first got my ideas of wire-pulling. It will take me some time to get everything fixed for election to Congress or some other equally desirable place, but this is my plan: Stay in Europe till I get well advertised, hum on my American friends as much as possible, so they will not be able to forget me, spend as little money as possible, and make that little go a very long way, have my name appear as often as possible in the California papers, ingratiate myself with some of the leading Californian politicians who are abroad, rush up to them when I see them in the street, grasp them frantically by the hand, tear their glove off if necessary (this I consider a great point), insist on their coming to dine with me at some future day, and forget, in the excitement of the moment, to tell them where I live, as the effect is the same, and the expense much less. After I have completed all my arrangements here, I shall return to San Francisco, have my arrival noticed in all the papers, and proceed to actions business.

I am very sorry I was not with you on the 4th of July, as I could easily have got appointed on the committee for both the processions, and then when they amalgamated I would have been twice as big as any other man. I'm very fond of being twice as big as I am, and consequently charge twice as much for my vote as ordinary mortals. I'm polishing up some of my old speeches, which I propose to intersperse with a little French, as it makes them read better. I'm studying up the French language, and have got so that I understand the simple sentences very well, such as "Je suis un âne," and a few others of similar character and sentiment. No more at present. Remember me to the "Blue Wing" boys, and believe me, as ever, YOUR GREAT ORIENTAL.

THE GRAPHIC BALLOON.

Notice to Mariners—Look Out for the Balloon.—The managers of *The Daily Graphic* would respectfully call the attention of navigators and all having command of vessels which may leave American ports during the coming month, to the fact that it is intended that the transatlantic balloon expedition of Professor Wise and Mr. W. H. Donaldson shall leave the City of New York, for Europe, on some day late in August or early in September, which will hereafter be definitely announced.

The balloon will carry two life-boats, and every part of the apparatus that is capable of being detached will be legibly inscribed with the words, "THE DAILY GRAPHIC." Mariners are requested, in case any articles so marked are picked up by them, to ascertain the locality where found, that a necessary notice may be published.

During the progress of the balloon, the aeronauts will occasionally throw over in the night-time torpedoes, which will explode on striking the water, for the purpose of marking the direction they are traversing. Note of this should also be made. In case the balloon gives out before reaching land, the passengers will have recourse to the boats, in which emergency, it is hoped, they may be seen and rescued by any vessel passing near.

The wide dissemination of the above notice will insure a watchfulness on the part of navigators that may result in saving human lives, and it is hoped that newspapers generally will give it prominent insertion in their columns.

THE RIGHT KIND OF IMMIGRANTS.

A movement has been set on foot in New York to encourage Italian immigration. For the past two or three years "the Garden of Europe" has been a over pouring out its surplus population towards the United States. The number of Italian immigrants arriving at Castle Garden for the first six months of this year number nearly 5,000. The *Evening Bulletin* of New York says that next year the number of immigrants arriving will reach 20,000, as very large sums of money are being sent to Italy for that purpose by immigrants settled in the Eastern States. The classes who seek our hospitable shores are workingmen, mechanics, and small farmers, all of whom bring with them a little money and plenty of muscle. They are laborious and industrious and make excellent citizens. The public-spirited citizens of California should do something to procure just such immigration. The Italian colony in this State numbers some 15,000 souls, the most peaceful and productive of our foreign population. They are producers in everything except the Police Court and politics. They support an excellent weekly journal, *La Voce del Popolo*, and as their exponent, it is energetic in advocating and attracting an increase to their numbers. The *News Letter*, always awake to the encouragement of immigration, and whatever promotes the material welfare of the State, calls the attention of its influential and moneyed readers to this subject. We should not forget that such laborers as mentioned are the real bone and sinew of the State. To attract them to California is a duty which we should not fail to accomplish.

Politically, we are for Honor, Justice, Humanity, and the greatest good for the greatest number. Theologically, we are for the tried—and modern "we go in for" loving our fellow creatures, seeking after truth, and supporting the honest judge (if you find it, there is a new independence to be placed in the average Judicial ruffian) going ahead to all matters, and steadily opposing priestcraft; this we hold to be *rank, unadulterated Christianity*.

It is all very well for professional devil-smashers to denounce "skeptics," but it must be remembered that he who is not a nominal skeptic is a fool. Of a truth, when a poor fellow tries to believe all things, and prays for "have faith," there is no saying what he may bring himself to. "Protestant bishops" [illegible]. In homœopathy, table-tipping, and Cockles' Pills, and Catholic bishops do not believe in anything—of the kind.

We know several young ladies who are wholly unable to enjoy themselves, or consider entertainments, if their ghost, little form or [illegible] by has been looked upon already at several [illegible], and they cannot be comforted until they get into an almost [illegible] such as Mrs. [illegible] in her most solemn mood might approve. For our own part, we go in for making the best of everything—even a bad bargain.

ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).

Successors to J. Seligman & Co.

London Office, No. 3 Angel Court. San Francisco Office, No. 412 California street. Authorized Capital Stock, £1,000,000. Subscribed, £300,000. Paid in, £150,000; remainder subject to call. Directors in London: Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Leopold Bussell, William F. Scholfield, Isaac Seligman, Julius Langdon. Managers in San Francisco—Richard G. Sneath, Ignatz Steinhart. The Bank is now prepared to open Accounts, Receive Deposits, make Collections, Buy and Sell Exchange, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world, and Loan Money on proper securities. The Stock of this Bank being held by leading Bankers and Capitalists of Europe and America, the Bank will have superior facilities in the negotiation of State, Municipal and other securities abroad. July 5. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

THE CALIFORNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Will commence business on Wednesday, Aug. 6, 1873, at its office, No. 512 CALIFORNIA STREET. GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.
PRESIDENT: DAVID FARQUHARSON. VICE PRESIDENT: CHAS. LUX.

Board of Directors:

David Farquharson,	Alexander G. Abel,	Robert Ewing,
Charles Lux,	John Bell,	Adolph Weske,
Julius C. Reis,	Frederic Clay,	James R. Kelly.
A. C. Corbett,	Alexander Austin,	

TREASURER—Julius C. Reis. SURVEYOR—A. C. Corbett. SEC'TY—D. B. Chisholm. ATTORNEY—C. P. Robinson. Office, 512 California street. [Aug. 9.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; Wm. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. March 28.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000 Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Barton; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 704 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't. Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 2.

COSMOPOLITAN DIME SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK.

No. 626 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits, One per Cent. per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, Six per Cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book. J. CROCKER, Secretary. [May 10.] W. S. THOMPSON, President.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; H. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

No. 20 Wall street, New York.—Exchange on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort, Bremen, Vienna. Cable Transfers. Circular Letters. Commercial Credits on JAY COOKE, McCULLOCH & CO., Cable Transfers on Vienna direct. [July 26.] 41 Lombard street, London.

DIVIDEND.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hibernia Savings and Loan Society, held this day, a dividend at the rate of [illegible] per cent. per annum was declared on all deposits for the six months ending with July 31st, 1873, payable immediately, and free from Federal Tax. EDWARD MARTIN, Secretary. San Francisco, July 24, 1873. August 2.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

Office San Jacinto Tin Company.—Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California. Location of Works, San Bernardino Co., California.—Notice is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Directors, held on the 11th day of June, 1873, an assessment (No. 9) of Ten (10) Cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately, in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the company, No. 314 California street, San Francisco, California. Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the 14th day of July, 1873, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction; and unless payment is made before, will be sold on TUESDAY, the 5th day of August, 1873, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale. JOHN R. KAY, [illegible], Secretary. August 2. Office, No. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

CAST IRON WATER PIPE,

3 inch, 4 inch, 6 inch. Boiler Tubes, 2, 3 and 4 inch, assorted lengths. GALVANIZED AND BLACK GAS PIPE, assorted. JOHNSTON and No. 1 GLADE PIG IRON. SCOTCH STEAM SPLINT COAL. [illegible] For sale by C. ADOLPHE LOW & CO., August 2. [illegible] California street.

NOTICE.

Mr. Charles Edward Heise is my partner in the Custom House Brokerage Business. CHAS. BAUM, Custom House Broker, San Francisco, July 23, 1873. [August 2.] [illegible] Battery street.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—(Established, 1850.)

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—The "Jane Eyre" of Charlotte Bronte and the "Jane Eyre" of Lesser Dupont are two very different characters. The novelist in the old Yorkshire parsonage saw the world a woman whose quality was a strange mixture of the attractive and repellent, that she ventured to make her heroine do and endure the odd governess, the actress in the boards of the California theatre as with a character whose good points are positive and bad ones completely hidden. Charlotte Bronte's "Jane Eyre" was a woman who had she lived north just south of north of the Tweed, would have been called to account. Lesser's "Jane Eyre" has good, honest, sensible sort of zeal, with no power of uncomfortable fascination about her. We are thus perfectly satisfied that all characters because Mr. Dupont's Jane, having given to the story drawn stirred with as few moral as one and adding as supposable, the interest of the plot therefore only right the peculiar nature of the story, depends in a great measure upon Charlotte's acting assisted by her death. To be less quiet force about the wives of her acting commanded by no cold nice of rather great drama power or weakness. At her hands "Jane Eyre" seems like the telling of an every day story rather than the presenting of a sensational drama. By this we mean not be understood to mean that she is deficient in appreciation of the character she personates, but it is the avoidance rather than boldness or judgment, may mean appeals to the passions of her audience. Lewis Morrison, as "Rochester," is a little too stiff to ease us, and some of his acting is too much the mere recitation John Wilson, as usual, was too much made up, by will this really good actor not exercise a little more judgment in this "get up." Wm. Anson, as "Jacob Butterup," burlesqued the character to his heart's content, while Mestayer's idea of the "swell" was a blunder caricature of "Dundreary," without his lordship's great recommending points.

Shiels' Opera House.—The farewell benefit to Mr. Harry Eytinge at this house, to-morrow evening, will doubtless draw a tremendous house, especial, and in some respects peculiar attractions being offered. This night is the last night of the Fateman and Frank Roche final appearance of Miss Minnie Walton, and see and debut of Miss Alice St John, who will be remembered, made her first public effort at the Cal. Lyceum in *The Hunchback*, and was noted a success). Miss Julia Mestayer, our old favorite, will give a ballad. Mestayer and Williamson recite the original and parody of "Barbara Frietchie," other performances are to make up a most attractive programme. Mr Eytinge is well known as a courteous gentleman and excellent actor and also as a talented painter. Every lover of a ticket is to have, on this occasion, a chance of winning one of two pictures from his pencil, which will be raffled on the stage. The lucky winners are not expected to treat the house. *Rinkle* did not seem to take, and had to be put aside for the *Magdalen*, which play the public never seem tired of seeing. There was a good house last night at Roche's benefit. Mr Roche appeared as "Gennaro," in *Lucrezia Borgia*, and played better than we have ever seen him before. Miss Walters, as "Lucrezia Borgia," was not all we could have wished. In the comedy of *Kathrine and Petruchio*, Miss Fateman appeared as "Katherine," to Roche's "Petruchio." It has very laughable comedy, and both the parts were well taken. Same programme to-night. *Rinkle* at the matinee.

The Farewell Benefit tendered to Miss Minnie Walton was, as we had predicted a most auspicious success. The receipts were far in excess of merely the last, or ever taken at a matinee in this city, but leaving, as we are delighted to learn, a larger net profit to the fair beneficiary than has ever accrued to any performer at the California theatre under similar circumstances. Miss Walton feared, we believe, about $1,100, the total tickets sold and counting to over $1,200. This was, of course, due to her own popularity and to the many attractions offered by a perfect constellation of no inferior talent. Miss Pat Rogers, who had been thoroughly fagged out by hard work, and was, we hear, quite indisposed at the time, never rallied, was welcomed and gave her "Curse scene" in *Leah* with wonderful energy and fire. Miss Walton surprised every one by her rendition of *Amille*, proving the possession of no considerable dramatic power, and afterwards received "Under the Stone" with great feeling and good taste. The *benefactor* sang Stone Mansell's new song, "Learning to Walk," charmingly and was encored, deeply encored. Her voice has greatly developed of late. She afterwards appeared to great advantage as "Margery" in *The Rough Diamond*, fully entering into the fun and spirit of the thing. Mr Fateman's "Cousin Joe" was exceedingly funny, and the bill was generally well carried out. Miss Walton leaves on next Tuesday for the scene of doubtless many future triumphs, and carries with her the best wishes of a true public friends, who will watch her progress with the deepest interest.

Woodward's Gardens.—To-night there will be held at these gardens the first public ball of the season. Besides the attractions of the Aquarium, wild animals, etc., the wood will be illuminated by a profusion of Indiana Wood. This dangerous fuel comes all the way from twenty feet polygrands from a distance, and a door bed-piece, placed with his back against a board. The polygrands are thrown with such accuracy that he is completely surrounded by them, so much so, in fact, that he cannot move till the polygrands are picked out. It is a most thrilling trick, and, we believe, has never been seen here before.

City Gardens.—On Sunday these gardens will doubtless be filled, as such a programme is seldom put here in public at so small a charge. There will be footrace, jump, hop, embassy ring, street up for a silver cup, open to all, also a grand sparring match with bare-knuckle gloves between P. Hogan and Joe White, for a purse of $100. A race is to be run, which will be record, as that man goes, being made up of thirty minutes and car with winner. Both men are to be in regular ring costume, and those who are fond of the "manly art" may count on a rich treat, as business is evidently meant. The sports will commence at 2 P.M.

Alhambra Theater.—The programme this week has been a very good one. Kelley and Leon's burlesque of the *New Magdalen* is immensely funny. Billy Manning is engaged for another week, and Sweatnam is as good as ever. On Monday, Kelly and Leon give their translation of Offenbach's *Brigand*.

Mr. John McCullough's parting testimonial to Miss Minnie Walton came in pleasant and practical shape. He tendered the use of the house, gas, etc., gratuitously.

ART NOTES.

Although the gallery of the Art Association is not formally open as an exhibition, it contains a large number of works worthy of inspection. Bierstadt's grand scene on Kings River, Inyo County, Hilt's "Boys Arch," and "Ex. Lost Horse," Moran's "Shoal off the Fox," several works by Hutman, including his grand picture of Mt Rosa. A number of new pictures by Denny, Marquand, and others are in the collection, to all of which the public are at present freely admitted, free of charge, to indulge in ownership. We notice a very charming composition "At Old Eastbourne," by Deskin, and which is fresh from the easel. The artist has made up his mind to be a profession of late, and this is one of the most tolerably pleasing pictures we have seen for a long time. A number of remarkably fine water-color sketches, by the late Mr Hutchins Boston, are also on the walls, prominent among which is a dead of a little boy for a larger work of our first parents entering their expulsion from Eden. It is a sealed bull's desert, so truly brooding over the cloud sky. Lucifer has just turned her back on Adam (wrong side, doubtless, he noted at his and a note reflect in blaming her for the whole transaction). The figures are admirably sketched, and the effect of misery, and sorrow is very fine. Several other of this artist's works are noteworthy for powerful and honest painting.

MICROSCOPICAL SOCIETY.

This Society, only formed in 1870, bids fair to grow—or rather has grown—into quite a scientific feature. On Thursday, Dr Wythe delivered a most interesting and instructive lecture on "The Microscope." A large number of interesting specimens were exhibited at Ladd's Hall, chiefly from the extensive cabinet of the late Dr. Kellogg, and the Microscopical Library Hall, and every one seemed delighted with the evening's entertainment.

CATERWAULINGS OF DESPAIR.

The Panic of the so-called "Anti-Railroad" Press has now reached that critical point at its range alarm declamatory into an hysterical terror that threats on the footsteps of its flee. The heartrending journals all have up a hue and cry of despair, and make as much shrill clamor as a forest full of screech-owls. But from all the hubbub of their blister and denunciations, here is the menacing diapason of rage and fury—they be detected a wailing and tone of mortal terror and despair. It is plain enough that Pickering is nearly scared to death, notwithstanding the courage he evinced when he took a couple of cool shots at Blair a few years near the St. Louis duel. Every one knows that in his nature and original cool do, the old gentleman has pluck enough to steal a goose egg from an unmarked nest. He, though we suspect he might be after indicted and compelled to relinquish his prize. Yet he could possess of an old nearly hell great gander. During the last week the notorious of the Anti-Railroad Press have had a certain note of sadness, and an air like the calf-warning of a foreboding tomcat, about to be sacrificed. But his howls may be utilized in the interests of music. Meantime Pitch, the Irish Hoop of the concern, mimes and grimaces and shows his teeth like a vicious ape upon the too near approach of a mastiff, or rather—for he is not dumb—he scolds and threat as like an old mutated bulldog who feels that he no longer hope of keeping his courage up like in unfriendly city. If the railroad frame could be frightened by the crazy gesticulations of a journalistic scare-crow like the Deacon (we fear our metaphors are getting a little mixed) or by the windy turns and obstreperous screeches of a screaming orator, Governor Stanford would have the game. But the chief howlers of the hell-breathe press are his unseen, too badly scared to be able to scare others. They know perfectly well that if they lose this fight they are ruined—shorn forever of influence, prestige, and lucrative pay, and they begin to see that it is a lost fight already. Their frantic appeals to the dear people to beat what they call "The Railroad Ticket," are a confession of despair. One thing, however, is certain: if they are in trouble, it is of their own brewing. They have no one but themselves and their own mean, envious, mischief-making propensities to blame for the position they are in, and if harm comes to anybody, Pickering & Fitch are responsible for it. They commenced a malignant fight against the Central Pacific Railroad, when its demands were reasonable, and even moderate. They forced it to take up arms in self-defence. Having inaugurated a state of war, they must take the chances of war. If the company should prove victorious after victory than before he was forced into a fight for existence, who can wonder at it? Then another thing, about the assertion which we can't understand. If the railroad power is so dangerous and so great as the blatherskite press declare, it is irresistible, and to attempt resistance is mere folly. Wise men submit to the inevitable. What man in such circumstances would dictate submission on a graceful submission—and a humble petition for the best terms that can be obtained. If the "Overshadowing Monopoly" is half as formidable to resources and influence as the blatherskites swear it is, they ought to have sense enough to see that caterwauling isn't going to kill it.

Most, if not all, the best looking buggies that one sees on the Cliff House Road, pass through the hands of Crego & Bowley. Their weekly sales on Tuesday are always looked upon by the *habitues* of California street as one of the main features of the week. Each week fine buggies, wagons, horses and harness, are sold by them at auction. It will repay any one for their time to take a walk through their large carriage store on California street. There will be found all kinds of wagons, buggies, etc.

TAXPAYERS' AND PEOPLE'S UNION

Candidate for Supervisor Twelfth Ward, D. A. MacDonald, of the Enterprise Planing Mills. August 16.

DEMOCRATIC AND LIBERAL REFORM CANDIDATE

For Sheriff . . . . . P. J. White. August 16.

ALEXANDER AUSTIN,

Candidate for . . . . . Tax Collector. August 16.

OTTO H. FRANK,

Democratic Nominee . . . . . for Recorder. August 16.

STEWART MENZIES,

Candidate for Supervisor First Ward on Taxpayers' and Liberal Reform tickets. August 16.

DEMOCRATIC AND LIBERAL REFORM

Candidate for County Surveyor . . . Wm. P. Humphreys. August 16.

DEMOCRATIC AND LIBERAL REFORM

Candidate for Judge of the Police Court . . . E. R. Drake. August 16.

TAXPAYERS' NOMINEE.

Simon Mayer . . . . for Public Administrator. August 16.

TAXPAYERS' CANDIDATE

For Supervisor Fourth Ward. . . . . A. W. Ebbets. August 16.

TAXPAYERS' CANDIDATE

For Supervisor Fifth Ward. . . . . John R. Sims. August 16.

TAXPAYERS' CANDIDATE

For Supervisor Sixth Ward. . . . . J. H. Deering. August 16.

TAXPAYERS' NOMINEE.

James J. Gardner. . . . . for Surveyor. August 16.

J. A. BAUER,

Present Incumbent, Candidate for City and County Treasurer on Taxpayers' and Liberal Reform Tickets. August 16.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE

For Treasurer . . . . Charles Hubert. August 16.

WILLIAM CASSEBOHM,

Commercial Broker—Office, 221 California street, (up stairs,) San Francisco. August 9.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

For Sheriff. . . . . P. J. White. August 9.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

For District Attorney . . . Thomas P. Hynes. August 9.

PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE

For Superintendent of Streets . . . . John Apel. August 9.

THOMAS OLDEN

For Public Administrator . . . 917 Market street. August.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr K engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. (May 31)

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries

Butter, Cal., fresh ₱ lb	30@	37
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	17@	20
Eggs, ₱ doz.	30@	37
Lard, ₱ lb	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ₱ lb	16@	20
Cranberries, ₱ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ₱ lb	2@	3
Lima Beans, ₱ lb	8@	10
Tomatoes, ₱ lb	3@	
Onions, ₱ lb	3@	5
Squash, ₱ lb	2@	5
Pumpkins, ₱ lb	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	6@	25
Cucumbers, ₱ doz	25@	
Celery, ₱ doz bch	1 00@	
Beets, ₱ doz bch	6@	25
Turnips, ₱ doz bch	6@	25
Parsnips, ₱ doz bch	6@	25
Radishes, ₱ doz bch	20@	25
Green Peas, ₱ lb	6@	6
String Beans, ₱ lb	5@	15
Apples, ₱ lb	5@	12
Pears, ₱ lb	5@	10
Peaches, ₱ lb	12@	20
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ₱ lb	12@	15
Do. new, ₱ lb	15@	25
Oranges, ₱ doz	50@1	00
Lemons, ₱ 100	75@1	25
Limes, ₱ doz	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ₱ lb	20@	
Geese, ₱ pair	1 00@	1 50
Ducks, ₱ pair	1 00@	1 25
Rabbits, ₱ pair	25@	
Hares, each	50@	50
Oysters, ₱ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ₱ 100	50@	
Mussels, ₱ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ₱ lb	12@	15
Salmon, fresh, ₱ lb	12@	
Codfish, ₱ lb	12@	
Rockfish, ₱ lb	12@	
Smelts, ₱ lb	8@	
Tomcod, ₱ lb	8@	
Sturgeon, ₱ lb	8@	
Flounders, ₱ lb	15@	
Halibut, ₱ lb	15@	
Perch, ₱ lb	10@	
Sturgeon, ₱ lb	10@	
Anchovies, ₱ lb	50@	
Soles, ₱ lb	25@	

Stuart Seldon Wright,

ATTORNEY

AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW

OFFICE

Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., up stairs.

Aug 9.

E. S. TIBBEY,

Stock Broker,

No. 6 Leidesdorff St

H. F. WILLIAMS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents Room No. 2, Stevenson's Building, S. W. corner of Montgomery and California streets, San Francisco. Prompt attention given to all matters pertaining to Real Estate, such as buying and selling city and country real estate, loaning capital and loaning on mortgage estates.

OUR FIRST PAPER.

Just twenty-seven years ago yesterday, Aug. 15, 1846, the first newspaper that ever was printed in California rolled from the press. The American flag had been raised in San Francisco and at Monterey simultaneously on the 6th July, and the native inhabitants, who were at that time, little less, seemed resigned to the situation, had taken no steps to interfere with the authority assumed by Commodore Stockton. He, on the 26th of July, appointed the Rev. W. Colt, ex-Chaplain of the sloop *Congress*, Alcalde of Monterey, with a jurisdiction over some three hundred miles of territory, but the operations detained him upon that honorary were by no means sufficient to absorb his energies. He associated himself with Robert Semple, a Kentuckian, and they searched the whole town for printing, or at least, at last they found a press which had been used many years before by a Roman Catholic church, in the production of a pamphlet, together with half a keg of ink and a small quantity of type. The press was a curiosity of antiquity, the type was all in "pi," and so corroded that the form of the letters could not be ascertained till after they had been thoroughly scrubbed. Mice had made their nests in the balls, and there were neither rules, leads nor furniture. But there was important news to be told, and the partners were determined to have a newspaper, and so the type was cleaned and sorted the press was furbished up, rules and leads were cut with a jack knife from sticks of pine, and a nothing like order was achieved. But even then the important item of paper was not forthcoming, and the whole contrivance would have been useless had not a school master discovered in the bay that was in possession of a few reams of cigarette paper, a little larger in size than common foolscap. Upon this the first number of the *Californian* was printed, and the interest of its contents more than atoned for the deficiencies of its appearance. It contained the declaration of war by the United States against Mexico, together with an abstract of the debate in the Senate upon the occasion. This news had only arrived on the 12th of August, three days previously, although the event had taken place nearly three months before, on the 19th of May. A British vessel had been in the harbor on the 10th, but had declined to impart any news, though it afterward proved that she must have been in possession of this knowledge. However, as a courier came in within twenty-four hours of her visit with the intelligence, her churlishness did no harm. The subscription was fixed at five dollars a year, and everybody paid in advance. The partners made an excellent speculation of the affair, but it took had to hold out against many difficulties, for Semple took it into his head to come up to the Bay of San Francisco, professedly to plan a new city, really to look after a wife. So, before the paper was a month old, Robert Semple was left to do his best with it having only the assistance of a young sailor, whose stiff fingers had to accession the type setting. Cheered by the influx of five dollar subscriptions, he held on his way a year for more than four months, doing his judicial work in the day time, and writing up his journal and the leaders for the paper after tea at night. But in the early part of the year 1847, he was surprised by the return of his partner without the expected wife, and his fortitude then gave way considerably. Semple was rather a formidable personage, he stood six feet eight in his stockings and was a buckskin dress and a forelock cap, and was equally ready with pen, rifle, or type case. How the lady, whoever she was, resisted the overtures of so doughty a knight, must be imagined by those who understand the charging honors of the enchanting sex, but he does not appear to have worn the willow, or

"Let concealment, like a worm 'i the bud,
Prey on his damask cheek,"

as, in 1849, he stood foremost among the list of those who formed the first Convention. It is more than remarkable that in the first surprise of that troublesome time the native Californians never thought of resistance; their chief idea was to so thoroughly define their personal and territorial rights as to place them beyond doubt when the annexation came to be a certain fact. Many of them took up arms afterward, but that was only because it proved to be exceedingly difficult to induce the earlier immigrants to respect their property, and when they were once assured of protection, they were ready enough to accept the terms of peace offered to them. Colton, though rather given (like Silas Wegg, in "Our Mutual Friend,") to "dropping into verse," was a sensible writer, and had the invaluable faculty of describing just what he saw and not what he thought he saw. His journal of his first three years in California is consequently not only an entertaining, but a thoroughly trustworthy book. It contains some ludicrous blunders, but they only serve to show the sincerity of the writer, and are by no means of an important character, while they are so obvious that they at once proclaim themselves, and offer the means of their own correction.

THE LATE DR. G. P. JUDD.

On Saturday evening, July 14th, Dr G P Judd, who has been in very feeble health for several months past, died while sitting in his chair, where he had been reading. His death was so quiet and unobserved that his nurse who was with him supposed he had simply fallen asleep. Thus has passed away from the stage of life one of the oldest and most prominent actors in the history of these Islands during the past forty years. Dr Judd was born in Paris, New York state, April 23, 1803, and was therefore a little past seventy years of age. He came out under the appointment of principal to the American Mission, arriving here with the second reinforcement of missionaries in March, 1828. In 1840 he accompanied Commodore Wilkes in his exploring tour through these Islands. In 1842 he resigned his connection with the Mission, and at the invitation of Kamehameha III, acted, for the position of Recorder and Interpreter to the Government, an office somewhat similar to that of Secretary to the King. When Lord George Paulet took possession of the Islands, in 1843, Dr Judd was appointed one of the Joint Commission to represent the King, but soon resigned the office when he found the Commission bent on abrogating the salutary laws restricting licentiousness and crime, which had lately been established. When Admiral Thomas restored the sovereignty to Kamehameha III, July 31, 1843, Dr. Judd was invited by the King to organize a Ministry, which he did by selecting R. C. Wyllie to be Minister of Foreign Affairs, himself Minister of the Interior, and John Ricord Attorney-General. This was the first Cabinet the Hawaiian Government ever had. In the following year, 1844 or '5, the Cabinet was increased to four Ministers, and he took the portfolio of the Finance Department, which he held till 1853. In 1849 he accompanied the then Princes Liholiho and Lot, to Europe to make new treaties, and to endeavor to settle the difficulty which occurred with France in that year. For ten years during which he held office was probably the stormiest decade in the modern political history of Hawaii, and it required a man of the firmness of Dr Judd to steer the frail ship of State which had been launched on a stormy sea. His tact and wisdom, aided by his associates, Wyllie, Richards, Lee, Ricord and Andrews, are the Hawaiian people look back for its admirable system of constitutional government then established, and which has secured peace and quiet for over thirty years. When he entered the service of the King and organized for him a government, he found him encumbered with a load of debt, paying exorbitant interest. By a system of prudent economy and rigid retrenchment he paid off the debts and established for the Hawaiian Government an enviable financial reputation, which it has preserved to this day. To him, more than any other man, living or dead, but says whatever honor is due for their present national credit, as well as for many of the substantial improvements in the city.

—*Honolulu paper.*

THE BLODGETT ROAD SCRAPER MANUFACTURING CO.

We understand that The Blodgett Road Scraper Manufacturing Co, to which we referred in a late issue, are having a machine manufactured with which to have a trial for the satisfaction of railroad men and contractors desiring to use it. Although there are some three thousand of these machines now in use in the Eastern States none of them have as yet made their appearance here. The company referred to have the patent right for the State of California, and will shortly manufacture them in numbers sufficient to meet the demand. Due notice will be given when the trial will take place.

The Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D. D., will preach Sunday as usual at 11 A.M. and 7½ P.M., in St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street. Public cordially invited to attend. Sunday School and Bible Class at 9½ A.M.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Braeg—In this city, August 8th, to the wife of Richard Braeg, a daughter.
Coey—In this city, July 31st to the wife of Norwood Coey, a daughter.
Cosgrove—In this city, August 11th, to the wife of John Cosgrove, a daughter.
Hannaford—In this city, August 8th, to the wife of E. T. Hannaford, a daughter.
Kirchhoff—In this city August 11th, to the wife of H. L. Kirchhoff, a son.
Marden—In this city, August 8th, to the wife of Robert A. Marden, a daughter.
Roche—In this city, August 10th, to the wife of James Roche, a son.
Styles—In this city August 11th, to the wife of John H. Styles, a daughter.
Waterhouse—In this city, August 9th, to the wife of C. Waterhouse, a son.
Welsh—In this city, August 9th, to the wife of Dennis W. Welsh, a son.

ALTAR.

Bill-Kraegrill—In this city, August 10th, Conrad Bill to Elizabeth Kraegrill.
Gloote-Cornelius—In this city August 12th John Gloote to Joanna Cornelius.
Hopenson-Hartman—In this city, August 12th, E. B. Hopkinson to D. Hartman.
Marks-Colman—In this city, August 10th, S. Marks to Sarah Colman.
Nutzhorn-Engelhardt—In this city, August 12th, I. Nutzhorn to H. Engelhardt.
Peto-Robison—In this city, August 12th, Charles Peto to Dorcas Robison.
Russell-Jewette—In this city, June 23d, John Russell to Lola Jewette.
Shepherd-Taylor—In this city, August 6th, John J. Shepherd to Ida Taylor.
Steigelmann-Weaver—In this city, August 13th, Philip Steigelmann to E. Weaver.

TOMB

Cox—In this city, August 12th, Thomas Cox, aged 42 years.
Barber—In this city, August 12th, Henry P. Barber, aged 54 years.
Dunn—In this city, August 9th, William Dunn, aged 34 years.
Gibbs—In this city, August 14th, Mary K. Gibbs, aged 78 years.
Harrington—In this city, August 11th, David Harrington, aged 63 years.
Kearney—In this city, August 12th, James M. Kearney, aged 62 years.
Meyer—In this city, August 11th, William Meyer, aged 35 years.
Ohlson—In this city, August 9th, Anna Ohlson, aged 30 years.
Stevens—In this city, June 9th, James Stevens, aged 67 years.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wilson, Manager. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. Continued success of the Immense Artists, KELLY & LEON. Great success of the Great Ethiopian Comedians, BILLY SWEATNAM, and the Greatest Song and Dancer in the World, WILLIAM HUNTER. Kelly and Leon's Burlesque of Offenbach's NEW MAGDALEN. Engagement for one week only of BILLY MANNING. Performance commences at 8½ o'clock. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cts; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. August 16.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, Aug 16, at 2 o'clock—Only JACK FYFE Matinee—Programme for Next Week—Monday Aug 18th, Rinkle and Jacob. To-day and Wednesday, 13th and 20th, school. Thursday, 21st, Court and Stage. Friday 22, Benefit of Charlotte Thompson. Saturday 23d, Madelaine and Nan the Good for Nothing. In preparation—THE SEA OF ICE. August 16.

WOODWARD'S GARDENS.

Embracing a Marine Aquarium, Museum, Art Gallery, Conservatories, MENAGERIE, SEAL PONDS and AMPHITHEATER. Skating Every Day. Grand Performance and Concert Every Saturday and Sunday. Admission—25 Cents, children and Excursions, 10 cents. August.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 15th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, touching at Nagasaki.

August 16—GUANG SE . . . . . Capt Lachlan
Sept. 1—JAPAN. . . . . Capt Freeman.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon, on the 5th and 18th of each month for PANAMA, connecting at Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Aug 5—ALASKA . . . . . Capt. Nelson.
August 18—MONTANA . . . . . Capt. Ketchum.

All steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all except Alaska call at SAN DIEGO.

Short route to the Interior of Mexico, and Central America. Through tickets sold to all points in Europe, Liverpool, London, Paris, Havre, Bremen, Brest, Hamburg, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Copenhagen, and Norway.

With the sailing date of the Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt Lapthe, will leave at 3 P.M., as follows: Thursday, July 31st, Saturday, August 30, Wednesday, Sept 24. Returning will leave Honolulu August 4th, Sept 4th, Oct 4th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A.M. as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt Barlow, Wednesday, Aug 6; Monday, Aug 18, Friday, Aug 29.
ORIZABA, Capt Johnston, Thursday, Aug 14; Saturday, Aug 23.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT

SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,

FOR PASSENGERS ONLY.

GIRNY, Capt Bogert for San Diego and way points, carrying passengers, only and combustibles—Wednesday, July 30; Friday, Aug 15, Saturday, Aug 30 at 9 P.M.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, Aug 26.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P.M. on the 25th.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's office, at the Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts. . . . . August 1. . . . . C. H. HOLMAN, Agent.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad for Bodega and intermediate stations will leave Spear-street Wharf, San Francisco, at 8 A.M. and 3 P.M. Returning, leave Bodega at 8 A.M. and 3 P.M. Connecting at Donahue with the Train will leave Donahue Landing at 9 A.M. and 4 P.M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections and arrive in San Francisco at 10 A.M. and 5 P.M.

Sunday Excursions on and after next Sunday, April 13th, will leave San Francisco at 8 A.M., returning at 5 P.M. Returning will leave Bodega at 2 P.M., arriving in San Francisco at 7 P.M. This will allow excursionists several hours at the picnic grounds at the end of the road. For all information apply at the Company's office, 214 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

On and after June 1st the Stage for Annapolis will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P.M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A.M. daily.

PETER DONAHUE, President.

May 31

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 417 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls hand tinted, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan 3.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OF DOGS.

The License Tax for July, 1873, has now due, and if not procured on or before the last day of the present month the Police Officers will arrest all dogs with the old tax on. P. BURKE, Connected Licenses, Office, No. 7 City Hall. July 19.

BIZ.

CASTLE BROTHERS' CIRCULAR.

SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA, August 12th, 1873.

Editor News Letter:—The British steamer Quang Se arrived to-day from China and Japan with 18,311 packages of tea, destined as follows: Hongkong to New York, 2,917; Hongkong to San Francisco, 916; Shanghae to New York, 5,156; Shanghae to Boston, 4; Yokohama to New York, 2,573; Yokohama to Boston, 1,191; Yokohama to Montreal, 2,725; Yokohama to Chicago, 113; Yokohama to San Francisco, 1,906; Hiogo to New York, 625; Hiogo to Boston, 103. Total, 18,311. Our latest advices are from Yokohama, July 21st; Kobe Osaka, July 18th; Amoy, July 9th; Foochow, July 7th. YOKOHAMA.—Reports are conflicting, and it is difficult to arrive at any correct conclusions as to the prospects for future deliveries. The fact that there is a great absence of fine goods both here and at Kobe, meets with various explanations. It is stated that the Yamashiro crop has been ruined by the late frosts, and that an unusually small quantity is available. But a more probable solution is that owing to the determination of buyers not to pay the exorbitant prices of last year the fine Teas are being bought up and kept back by native speculators, assisted by powerful native companies. Settlements since our last, about 6,000 piculs, at from $40 to $50, but little at the latter price. Stock on hand about 4,700 piculs. The Mercury sailed for Kobe on the 14 inst. with 233,130 pounds for New York; the Eliza Shaw is on the berth to load for same destination. KOBE OSAKA.—Since our last, a quiet but steady business has been done. Prices for all grades below fine have been easier, while finest and choice descriptions have been in limited supply and have met with ready sale at former rates. The stock is estimated at 5,000 piculs, the greater portion of which is low grades. SHANGHAE.—Settlements of Ping Sueys have been small, and principally for England, at a marked decline from last year's rates. It is thought that the low prices will check the preparation of common Teas, that the quantity of Shanghae packed will be considerably curtailed this season. The Teenkais and Fychows were not expected to arrive for at least a fortnight. Information as to prices in the interior was vague, as the disappointment of dealers at the low prices realized from Ping Sueys would make them more cautious in reference to future purchases. The stock was estimated at about 13,000 ½-chests Ping Sueys, and 3,000 ½-chests Shanghae packed. In Black Teas a steady business has been done for the English market, without any material change in price. FOOCHOW.—Receipts to the date are 47,119 packages of Congous and Oolong less than at the same time last season. The better grades of Congous are in good command at enhanced figures. Inferior qualities are easier. Settlements had been large. AMOY.—Arrivals of Oolongs to date were 71,719 ½-chests less, and of Congous an excess of 9,772 ½-chests in comparison with the same period last season. Purchases have been very limited, no desire was shown to operate, while at same date last year the export to America was 4,177,365 pounds Oolong and three vessels were loading. TAMSUI.—The market opened in a small way by the purchase of some 300 bags, but the movement had not been followed up. Prices are reported at from $4 00 to $6 00 under last year's rates, but the quality is not good; the same ragged yellow leaves have been mixed again this season, and real choice leaf has not been offered. The stock of leaf in market is estimated at 8,000 bags, or 16,000 ½ chests. The general opinion is that the opening rates are not low enough for safe action, and if the continued mailing goes on, the tea men will have a lesson this year which will teach them to keep the grades more distinct, as few will care to duplicate last year's purchases. Export of Teas, 1872, to June 27th, 712,147lbs—26,000 ½-chests; export of Teas, 1873, to June 27th, 5,040lbs—150 ½-chests.

CASTLE BROTHERS, Importers of Teas and East India Goods.

There is no scarcity of money to move the crops as was the case a year ago. Farmers here and in the interior have money forced upon them at one per cent per month giving for security warehouse receipts for grain, accepting two-thirds the market value as the advance. They thus receive as much cash in hand as they did last year when forced to sell, while now retaining the chances of a future rise in the market. Many persons are taking advantage of these circumstances and are operating largely in wheat. The Farmers' Co-operative Union and their friends now hold 10,000 tons of wheat in store in Stockton, and possibly control as much more here and elsewhere. They have by this means effected a corner in the market, and being assisted by the rise and present advancing tendency of the Liverpool market have forced up the outside price of wheat to $2 per cental and flour to $6 per bbl for best grades. One pleasant feature of the market is the purchase of 20,000 bbls extra flour for Liverpool. We trust the result of this venture will be the building up of a large flour trade with the United Kingdom.

Importations during the week have been of considerable importance as will be found elsewhere detailed. The market for Coal is demoralized. 8 tons from Sydney and England by the cargo, has been sold to some extent at $9 50, while for other cargoes afloat much lower rates are offered. These prices are very discouraging, entailing as they do a heavy loss upon shippers. English grain bags have been sold at 15c during the week, but have since fluctuated from 14½@14¾ upwards. About eight million grain sacks have already been marketed and gone into the interior, while the demand still continues free. Coffee is in active request at 19@20 for Green, St Louis continuing our largest buyer, 2,000 bags or more having gone East by rail in August. Sugars are largely called for, the stock of raws in first hands outside of the refiners is light. About 500,000 lbs very dark Central American sold at or about 6c. All White refined commands 11c. Rice is selling at low rates, 6,000 bags of Japan, each 100lbs, sold at about 4⅛c.

Our Exports for the week include the Star of Jamaica's cargo of Barley to Iquique, 8,477 centals, valued at $9,790. The Undaunted, for Liverpool carried 5,245 lbs Foreign and 3,018 lbs Domestic Cotton, 200 cs Borax, 1,500 cs Salmon, 4,872 lbs Foreign Wool, 19,964 ctls Wheat, valued at $166,166; also, in transitu for Mexico, 313 bales Cotton. The North Star, for Cork, had 27,681 ctls Wheat, valued at $57,540. Thomas Hamlin, for London, had 497 cs Borax, 425 cs Canned Fruit, 37 tons Rosewood, 3,150 cs Salmon, 465 gals California Wine, 15,926 ctls Wheat, etc., valued at $71,611. Queen Emma, for Antofogasta, carried 8,133 ctls Barley, valued at $9,000. Gem of the Ocean, for Valparaiso, via Nova River, has 100 cs Salmon, 450,000 ft Lumber, etc., valued at $9,875. Grace Darling, for Molendo, Peru, carried 31,250 Railroad Ties, valued at $11,976.

The Metal Market is copiously supplied with Scotch Pig Iron held at $50@52 50, with limited transactions. Bar Iron has recently declined one cent per lb. Tin Plate is dull of sale. Quicksilver in London, £16 per flask, here $1 10 per lb, with a rising tendency. A shipment of 70 bbls O K fine J. H. Cutter Whisky goes forward to New York per ship Black Hawk; this return shipment is on a New York order, and is to have the benefit of a voyage round Cape Horn. Malt Liquors: English Beer is about the only article that finds ready sale for full invoices upon arrival. The consumption of Ale and Porter upon this coast is very considerable even in the face of a very large local product of Lager Beer. Of Champagne, Piper Heidsick takes the lead, both in New York and here, while of Native Wines, Buena Vista and Gerke are decided favorites. Spices continue in light supply. This week's Tobacco sale was not a success, a portion of the offering being withdrawn.

We are in receipt of later news from the Sandwich Islands, per bark Jane A. Falkenberg, at Portland, Oregon. The Hawaiian Gazette, of July 16th, contains the announcement of the death of the Hon. G. P. Judd, M. D., well and universally known throughout the United States, having for forty years past occupied many offices of public trust in the Island Government.

Our Wheat shipments since last weekly reference are:

		Wheat.	Value.
Totals since July 1st, 1873	17 vessels	512,323	$901,618
21 vessels since July 1st, 1872 with		673,811	1,135,922
4 vessels since July 1st, 1871 with		110,720	415,872
17 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with		451,621	659,411
21 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with		512,792	940,765

Farmers' Rings.—Yes, the farmers seem to have obtained the whip hand in earnest. They have fairly cornered—cornered the wheat market and put up prices to $2 05 a $2 10 per cental. The former for prime to-day, and the latter for choice of milling. Flour has also been sold at $6 a $6 25 in quantities.

Home Crops.—The Sugar Beet crop is promising a larger yield than 1872. Chicory is more than an average. Hops of the new crop have appeared in market, but the yield will hardly equal that of last year; price not yet established. Mustard Seed is a failure this season. Flax is not yet a favorite on this coast. Tobacco is promising well and of growing importance under the Culp treatment. Cotton on the Merced is on the whole promising; but the yield will not much exceed that of last season. But another year, by means of irrigation, several thousand acres will be planted.

Breadstuff is on the rise—yes, on the jump. Best silk-dressed Flour from the Golden Age, Golden Gate, Star and other mills, has now been advanced to $6@6 25 for local use, which is an important advance. Thus far, during August, about 40,000 bbls Extra Flour taken for export, chiefly to the United Kingdom and at less than $5 50 per 196 lbs. Wheat has steadily advanced from $1 65 at the first appearance of the new crop up to $2 per cental, which was paid at the close for about 1,000 tons.

Barley is in active request at $1 10@1 12½ for Coast up to $1 15 for Bay Feed. Chevalier is scarce at $1 55@1 65. Oats are plentiful at $1 50@1 65. Hay, $12@15 per ton. Potatoes, 75c@$1 per 100 lbs.

Tonnage appears to be steadily accumulating in our harbor: we have now on the Liverpool berth 24 vessels, aggregating 21,300 tons, all to load Flour and Wheat. We have a considerable number of disengaged vessels in port, probably 20,000 tons in the aggregate, and in this writing freights are more or less nominal, say £4 to a direct port.

The Pacific Mail steamship Quong Se arrived here on the 12th inst., upon schedule time, with passengers and Government mails, 175 Chinese, and for cargo 18,311 pkgs Tea, 495 pkgs Silk, 1,160 bales Hemp, 2,945 pkgs Rice, 2,000 pkgs Chow Chow, etc. Of this a large portion is in transit for the East by Pacific Railway.

Grain Sacks for Oregon.—A purchase of 50 bales, English standard, 22x36, has been made at 14¾c. Oregon's wheat crop promises to be better than an average this year, and her direct shipment to U. K. will be large.

Freights have fallen below £1 to a direct port. Engagement for wheat to Cork at £4 1s 6d. This is a serious decline from £5, at which vessels are now loading for the United Kingdom.

Wool continues to arrive quite freely from Oregon. All choice long staple commands 25@27c; Eastern Oregon, 18@21c. A few parcels of Lambs Wool—fall clip—have been brought in and sold at 16@17c for extra clean and bright. Fall Burry is down to 11c. Hides are in request at 17 a 18c for Dry, 8½ a 9c for Wet, salted. Tallow commands 6¼ a 6½c.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending August 15, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED.	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	22	20	—
Alta	1¼	1½	—
Amador Tunnel	1½	—	—
American Flag	6	—	—
Arizona & Utah	1¼	1½	—
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—
American Flat	—	—	—
Bacon	2½	2½	—
Baltimore Consolidated	7½	8½	7½
Belcher	64	65	65
Belmont	2	—	—
Boston	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	—	—	—
Buckeye	1½	1½	1
Caledonia	14	17¼	16
Cederberg	5	5	—
Central	4¼	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	1	1½	—
Chief East Extension	—	—	—
Chollar	36	38	40
Colombus	—	—	—
Confidence	6	6½	6
Coso Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—
Consolidated Virginia	68	80	—
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—
Crown Point	61	59	73
Central No 2	—	—	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	1½	—	—
Eclipse	4½	5	4½
El Dorado	2½	—	—
Empire Mill	3½	3½	3
Empire Idaho	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	11½	12¼	—
Eureka, G. V.	18	19	—
Exchequer	—	8	—
Globe	—	1	—
Golden Chariot	—	—	—
Gould & Curry	11½	11½	10¼
Gila	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	22	25	24
Hermes	6	—	—
Huhn & Hunt	—	—	—
Home Ticket	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	8¼	—	—
Imperial	4	4½	4
Independent	—	2	2
Ingomar	½	½	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Franklin	—	—	—
Jackson	—	—	—
Julia	¾	¾	¾

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED.	FRI'Y
Justice	5	4½	5
Kentuck	7	7	7
Kentucky	2½	2½	—
Knickerbocker	3	3	3½
Kossuth	—	—	—
Louise	—	—	—
Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Mahogany	—	—	—
Mammoth	—	—	10
Meadow Valley	22	21	—
Minnesota	19	21½	—
Newark	4	3½	—
New York Consolidated	¾	—	—
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	19	21	19
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	—	—
Overman	21	21½	21
Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Page & Panaca	¾	½	—
Pea Vine	—	—	—
Phœnix	¾	¾	—
Picton	—	¾	—
Pioche	7½	7½	—
Pioche West	—	—	1
P Phœnix	—	1½	—
Raymond & Ely	72	71	—
Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Rye Patch	7½	7	—
Red Jacket	2½	2½	—
Savage	38½	40	39
Seg Belcher	31	31	—
Sierra Nevada	8½	—	8
Silver Peak	1½	1½	—
Silver Hill	12	11½	—
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	—	—	—
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	—	—
South Overman	—	—	—
St. Patrick	—	—	—
South Comstock	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Tyler	—	—	—
Union Consolidated	—	—	—
Utah	—	—	—
Washington & Creole	2½	—	—
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	¾	1½	1
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	44	40	43
Yale Gravel	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus * † Buyer 30.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co. and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the Junction of the San Bruno and County Roads thirteen miles from the city, and 30 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been refitted and will be opened May 1st. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.

June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

REMOVAL.

A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his office and warerooms to Nos. 111 and 113 Pine street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over uncertain roads. June 28.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London, J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within): Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court. Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co., Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st., Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers. The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 202 Fulham road, Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard. Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C., London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S.; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Morriott, 11 Gilt street, E C, Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, ... President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. OOIT, ... Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Budd, W. C....440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 723 California st.
Fitch, J. R.. 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L....413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H..424 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. R....485 California st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with L. Glazier & Co. ....426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 435 California st.
Peckham, E. P....411 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H ...401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W... 414 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

THE REASON WHY.

Ask why I love the roses fair,
And whence they come and where they were,
They come from her and not alone,
They bring her sweetness with their own.

Or ask me why I love her so,
I know not: this is all I know,
These roses bud and bloom, and twine
As she round this fond heart of mine.

And this is why I love the flowers,
Once they were hers, they're mine—they're ours!
I love her and they soon will die,
And now you know the reason why.

NEW BOOKS FROM A ROMAN & CO.

LOVE IN THE NINETEENTH CENTURY: A Fragment, by Harriet W. Preston. Published by Roberts Bros., Boston.

Miss Preston has already attained a well deserved rank in the literary world by her admirable translations from the French of Sainte Beuve, De Falloux, and lately an exquisite rendition of "Mirèio. A Provençal Poem," by Mistral, which is a gem in its way, and called forth the highest encomiums from the Eastern press. Her original efforts are in every way worthy of her reputation, and are teeming with bright thoughts, seen with a good humored and suggestive take about literature, society, and the prominent topics of the day. Her style is simple and forcible, her criticisms just and deserved, and her dialogues brilliant and sufficiently argumentative to enchain the attention. "Love in the Nineteenth Century" amounts almost to a series of essays, so slender is the thread of story that strings the chapters together. Of "Luxury," she makes her hero write:

"There is nothing in this world quite so reasonable as luxury. It means pure air, and delicate food, and swift and silent service at table, which leaves one able to listen, and free to talk, and safe to sparkle. It means having one's friends about us when we need them, and the ability to fly from them to the ends of the earth when we need that, and we often do. It means that when we come out of the theater or concert, or fashionable church even, instead from the breath of that dir our mood, that loftier air will into the decidedly ruder air of the Tremountain streets, we are not to risk our precious and significant lives by breasting the bitter north wind and all wind it to buffet our exhausted lungs, but rather step into a cushioned carriage and roll softly and safely away. And if that carriage is one's own and so one is tolerably sure it at no infection is lurking in its broadcloth, how much better still!"

FOODS, by Edward Smith, M. D., LL. B., F. R. S. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

This volume is the latest of the International Scientific Series, and will be useful for reference to both general and scientific readers, embracing all the generally known and some less known foods, and containing the latest scientific knowledge respecting them.

GOOD MORALS AND GENTLE MANNERS FOR SCHOOLS AND FAMILIES, by Alex Grow, A. M. Published by Wilson, Hinkle & Co., 28 Bond street, New York.

A SCREED FROM MARYSVILLE.

MARYSVILLE, Sunday, August 10, 1873.

Editor News Letter: The town where I live is an airy old place, about 60 miles from Sacramento, and two miles from hell. We expect to be rightly located on the *Chronicle's* new State map, which we are afraid will be out in about six weeks. It's pretty hot up here, and the explosion caused by the Mercury bust'n' off the tops of the thermometers makes one think that Fourth of July is still on the rampage. I've spent the last few days studying up the theological status of the town, and find it ain't much better'n Frisco. The Presbyterians have dried up for a spell, their pastor having packed his carpet-sack and started East on an increase of salary, leaving the old gospel foundry under a heavy mortgage. The front steps are still used for sparkin' purposes by all denominations. The Methodists are having a howling campmeeting ten miles below (not *down*, but horizontally), thereby affording an ex Government contractor an opportunity of disposing of a lot of old canvas tents condemned by Uncle Sam in 1862. It cost over $150 to get the meeting started. The Episcopalians are fighting the devil and the mosquitos twice a day in a neat brick church. The rector dresses in a long white night-gown, which, in this devilish hot weather, must be very comfortable. Seats free. The Catholics are manipulating their real estate getting their candidates ready for the next election, saying masses twice a week for Zach Montgomery, and praying Providence to interfere with the publication of the *News Letter* and strike the Placard Exchange with lightning. The Colored Church is saying hymns at a fearful rate, and it sounds like Tony Pastor's minstrels. By the way, we have several *toney pastors* here, who sport white vests and plug hats.

Yours, VICK.

[COMMUNICATED.]

HE HAS DIGGED HIS OWN GRAVE!

Great men are not always wise. Governor Booth was not wise when, in his speech at Platt's Hall, he publicly indorsed the "Independent Anti-Monopoly Ticket," headed by A. S. Hallidie and Washington Bartlett. Governor Booth was the Republican candidate, and was elected by Republican votes. There is a Republican Legislative ticket in the field—a "regular" Republican ticket. If Gov. Booth had been well advised he would have refrained from indorsing the opposition ticket. It was all very well for him to make his anti-railroad speech. In that there was no breach of fealty to his party. But what malign influence inspired him to repudiate the Legislative ticket of his party, and indorse that of its enemies! Such a course was not necessary. He should have contented himself with the delivery of his broadside against the railroad. He was not called upon to meddle with our municipal concerns, or to undertake to dictate to the people of San Francisco whom they shall nominate as their representatives in the State Legislature. It was not graceful; it was not seemly for him to attempt this. In doing it, and in making a wanton and unprovoked fight, inside of the organization, against the party to which he owes his present high position, he has digged his own political grave.

We are asked by agents in London, and by George Street, 30 Cornhill, to inquire of the whereabouts of Mr. Stephenson Weynten, formerly of the Hudson Bay Company, who was in San Francisco about three years since, and went with an exploring expedition somewhere north of the Frazer River. Any one giving the information desired will be liberally acknowledged at the San Francisco *News Letter* office.

O. James King, of William & Co., have a large supply of canned fruits, vegetables, etc., on hand, put up by themselves. This firm have a contract with several large orchards and ranches; they are particular in canning none but the best of fruits, and employ no Chinese about the place. Besides providing the public with a pure article, this firm also furnishes employment for many of our boys and girls.

To vary the attractions at the County Jail, one or two of the copper-skinned cutthroats kept in reserve in the cages should be sent on to assist in picking the fleas from Abraham's bosom. It is about time, too, if clean linen is an attribute of godliness in the Kingdom, that old Abe had some laundry service attended to, after receiving the pretty bes obbered vagabonds lately dispatched.

Joaquin Miller's new book of "Life Among the Modocs," mentions that the poet was known by the Indians as "Nowoll-adaw." The name evinces a proper appreciation by the red brother, and is a fine specimen of poetic spelling, except for the decided negro touch of the second syllable.

Beverige, Foot & Co., who do a large business in ranches and stock property, have now on hand several valuable ranches, and some very fine stock, including 16,035 ewes, etc.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL AND WORK FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL AND HALL OF RECORDS.

Office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, August 14th, 1873.—Sealed proposals, for furnishing certain Material and for doing certain Work for a portion of the New City Hall and Hall of Records, will be received at the office of the Board until 12 o'clock noon of FRIDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1873, as follows:

1 BRICK WORK. Bricks laid in the wall with Facework extra, and Setting Blocks, Keystones, Capitals, Springing Blocks, Iron Plates, etc., and providing and setting Iron Bonding and Arch and Chimney Bars, etc.

2—STONE AND STONE WORK.—Granite Blocks, Keystones, Capitals, Springing Blocks, Stone Dressing, Internal Granite Columns of Hall of Records, etc., provided and worked.

3—IRON WORK.—Wrought Iron Girders for Second Floor, provided and set.

4 IRON WORK.—Cast Iron Columns, Girders, Lintels, Brackets, etc., for Hall of Records, provided and set.

5—IRON WORK.—Dome of Hall of Records, complete.

All according to specifications, plans and drawings to be furnished by the Board. No bid will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Forms of Proposal," and accompanied by a bond with two good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to ten per cent. of the total sum of the tender, conditioned for the due entering into the contract of the party to whom it may be awarded. The bids must be indorsed for the material proposed to be furnished, or work to be done, and addressed to the Secretary of the Board. The specifications, plans and drawings can be seen, and all further information obtained, at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposals will be furnished to intending bidders. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly in "City Hall Warrants," of 75 per cent. of the estimated amounts due, and the remaining 25 per cent. when the contract is completed. The expenses of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.

F. H. LANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE, Board of City Hall Com.

ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary. August 16.

MACONDRAY & CO.'S LINE FOR HONGKONG DIRECT FROM FRONT STREET WHARF.

The Magnificent British Iron Steamship Lord of the Isles, 2,477 tons, James Blow, Commander. This fast and powerful Clyde built Steamship will be dispatched as above on SATURDAY, the 7th August, at 12 o'clock noon, punctually. She has fine accommodations for thirty first-class passengers. For freight on merchandise and treasure or for passage, apply to

Agents at Hongkong, Messrs. Russell & Co. [Aug. 16.] MACONDRAY & CO.

FOR SALE.

16,035 Ewes, 8,920 Lambs, 10,730 Wethers, 12,930 Prime South DOWNS EWES, 1st bead Graded and SPANISH MERINO BUCKS, 22 Thoroughbred LINCOLN BUCKS.

Ranches.—Several valuable Ranch and Farm Properties in Mendocino, Plumas, Sonoma and Solano counties, well adapted to sheep raising and agriculture; also, Good Hotel and Store in Mendocino County.

Apply to BEVERIGE, FOOT & CO.,

August 16. No. 611 Sansome street, corner Jackson.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS.

August 16. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

COKE.—THE CHEAPEST FUEL.

Retail Price reduced to Sixty Cents per Barrel, at Gas Works, cor. of Howard and Fremont streets, at Gas Works, Foot of Second street, at Gas Works, Potrero. August 16.

FOR EUREKA AND CRESCENT CITY.

The Steamship Pelican, J. D. Howell, Commander, will sail for the above ports on TUESDAY, August 19th, at 10 o'clock A. M. Passage and Freight to CRESCENT CITY at the following greatly reduced rates, including Lighterage and Commissions: Cabin Passage, $15; Steerage, $10; Flour, Grain and Feed, per ton, $6. Ordinary Merchandise, per ton, $7. Through bills of lading to Arcata and Hookton. BEN. HOLLADAY Jr., Agent.

August 16. 217 Sansome street.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Special Notice.—The Steamship Mohongo, sailing August 18th and 28th, will take Freight for SAN LUIS OBISPO.

August 16. S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Jno. L. Stephens, F. Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom st. wharf for the above port, on SATURDAY, August 16, at 12 o'clock A. M. [August 16.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The new A 1 Ship Glad Tidings, Thompson, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [May 24.] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 8 P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs' Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., from Front street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:30 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 10:30 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 420 Montgomery street. [May 10.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly.—Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

June 11. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

A SPIRITUAL SONG.

My faith to thee I break not,
If all should faithless be,
That gratitude forsake not
The world eternally.
For me sore pains did wring thee—
Thou died'st in anguish sore;
Therefore with joy I bring thee
This heart for evermore.

How oft mine eyes have streamed
That thou art dead, and yet
A many of thy redeemed
Thee all their life forget!
By love possessed and driven,
For us what hast thou done!
Yet is thy body riven,
And no one thinks thereon.

With love that's never shaken,
Thou stand'st by every man;
And if by all forsaken,
Art still the faithful one.
Such love must win the wrestle;
At last they feel, they see;
Bitterly weep, and nestle
Like children to thy knee.

I in my heart have known thee—
Oh do not let me go!
In my heart a heart enthrone thee,
Till one with thee I grow.
My brothers, one day, will waken,
Look heavenward with a start,
Then sinking down, love-shaken,
Will fall upon thy heart.

—*Scribner's for August.*

HANGING HIMSELF IN EFFIGY.

How Archie Tested the Affections of his Better Half.—Mr. Archibald Stanhope—a creepy sentimentalist, residing in Buckley street, Philadelphia—conceived the harrowing suspicion that his wife was not as passionately fond of him as a lady of good taste should be, and to put the matter to a fair trial, he hit on a little stratagem, which he put in practice the other day, with the results hereafter to be detailed.

He took a suit of clothes and composed an effigy of himself, by stuffing the garments with a quantity of straw, which had lately been discharged from an old bed. Having suspended this figure to a rafter in the garret by means of a piece of clothes-line, he ensconced himself behind a pile of rubbish in the same garret, to watch the effect.

After awhile his little daughter came up for a skipping-rope, and caught a glimpse of the suspended figure. She ran down stairs, screaming, "Oh, mother, mother, daddy has hung himself!"

"Now for it," thought Archibald in ambuscade, "we shall have a touching scene presently."

"Hung himself!" he heard Mrs. S. repeat, as she walked leisurely up stairs; "he hasn't got spirit enough for such a thing, or he would have done it long ago. Well, I believe he has done it, however," she continued, as she came in view of Archibald's straw representative. "Molly (to the little girl), I think he ought to be cut down. You had better go into the kitchen and get a knife, my dear, but don't go down too fast, or you might fall and hurt yourself. Stay—I forgot—there's no knife in the kitchen sharp enough. You can go round to Mr Hemes, the shoemaker, High-street; he's only two squares off, and ask him to lend us his paring knife; tell him to whet it a little before he sends it. And Molly, when you are in the neighborhood, you can call at your Aunt Sukey's, and ask how the baby is. And, Molly, you can stop at the grocery shop as you come back, and get a pound of best moist sugar. Poor Archy!" sighed Mrs S., when her daughter had departed, "I hope we'll get him down before the vital spark's extinct, for these buryings are very troublesome, and cost money. He wanted to put an end to himself, too, and I think I ought to let him have his own way for once in his life; he used to say that I was always a-crossing him. I wish he hadn't spoiled that new clothes-line; an old rope might have answered his purpose."

Here a voice, which sounded like that of the supposed suicide, broke in on Mrs. Stanhope's soliloquy with

"You confounded Jezebel, I'll be the death of you!"

Mrs. S., thinking it the mort, of course, be a ghostly exclamation, uttered a wild scream, and attempted to escape down the narrow staircase. Archibald, starting from his place of concealment, gave chase. Mrs S. stumbled midway on the flight of stairs, and Mr S. having just reached her, and made a grasp at her dishevelled hair as it streamed backwards, the amiable partners were precipitated to the bottom together.

Both were rather badly bruised, and the cries of the lady raised the neighborhood. Archibald was arrested for making a disturbance, and practicing on the tender sensibilities of his wife. He was bound over to keep the peace in a penalty of fifty dollars, when he jocularly proposed his suspended effigy as his surety; but he found, to his sorrow, "straw bail" was not acceptable under the administration of Mayor Jones.

A TROUT CATCHING A SPARROW.

About nine years ago Mr Peter Baird, Monifieth, near Dundee, placed in a small well in that village three trout, each about the length of a man's little finger. Two of the fish soon died after being placed in the well. The third survives, and is now a fine fellow, perfectly tame, and weighing from 1½ pounds to 2 pounds. The well is not above four feet square, and is about two feet in depth, and its occupant is as well known and is as great a favorite as any inhabitant of the village. The voracity of the cod is proverbial, and from stories that have been told this fish would seem to have a stomach capable of digesting tackety boots, lead pipes, worn-out umbrellas, railway sleepers, old waistcoats, gingerbeer bottles, and other miscellaneous articles. The trout is generally regarded as being more fastidious and delicate in his taste, and it is popularly supposed that he will turn up his dainty nose at anything less digestible than a savory worm or a fat bluebottle. Whether this be so or not, the trout at Monifieth is not so particular. He readily eats crumbs of bread and limpets thrown into the well by the children, and has been known to bolt one after the other eight young herring at a meal. Recently he had a rare delicacy for dinner. A bird, supposed to be a sparrow, which chanced to alight on the side of the well to take a drink, was espied by his troutship, who made a dart, caught the sparrow in his mouth, and dragged him beneath the water to lubricate before making a repast of him. Mr Baird chanced to be passing the well immediately after the capture, and saw the sparrow in the mouth of the trout. Baring his arm to the shoulder, Mr Baird caught hold of one of the wings of the bird, but the trout would not let go and held on firmly, the feathers of the wing coming away in the hand of Mr Baird, who then caught hold of the other wing with like result. When the long feathers of both wings had gone, the water became "drumly," but Mr. Baird saw that the trout had swallowed every part of the bird except the head, which was sticking out of one side of his mouth. He made an effort to get hold of it, but the trout was too quick for him, and bolted the whole. A few days after he did not seem to be any the worse for his novel diet, and was swimming about his narrow home as lively as usual. This fact in natural history may seem strange, but it is perfectly true. When anglers are at a loss for a new lure, they should try a live sparrow. Perhaps, however, trout in their wild state would not rise so readily to the feathered bait as did their tame brother at Monifieth.—*Court Journal.*

BEECHER ON THE CROW.

Mr. Beecher makes the following remarks about the crow: "Aside from the spiritual question of profit and loss, we have a warm side toward the crow, he is so much like the rest. He is cunning, and that is human. He takes advantage of those weaker than himself, and that is so man like! He is sly, and hides for tomorrow what he can't eat to-day, showing a real human providence. He learns tricks much faster than he does useful things, showing a true boy nature. He thinks his own color the best, and loves to hear his own voice, which are entirely human traits. He will never work when he can get another to work for him, a genuine human trait. He eats whatever he can lay his claws upon, and is less mischievous with a full stomach than when hungry, and that is like man. He is at war with nearly all living things except his own kind, and with them when he has nothing else to do. Now why men despise crows! They are too much like men. Take off their wings, and put them in breeches and crows would be fair average men. Give men wings, and reduce their smartness a little, and many of them would be almost good enough to be crows."

AT GREAT REDUCTION, BY ALL STEAMERS
ROUND THE WORLD.

One Hundred and Five Routes to VIENNA; Seventy-two Routes to Italy, Thirty Routes to Holland, Belgium and the Rhine, Thirty Routes to Ireland, Scotland, and England. Full particulars in COOK'S EXCURSIONIST, American House.

COOK, SON & JENKINS,
262 Broadway, New York.
May 31.]

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by rail road, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec 21.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Connections, descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts. Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St Louis, etc., Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F. Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. September 17.]

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior an imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and discovering the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan. Oct 26.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

NOTICE.

Mr. William Matrick (or Moycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or of Honley, Staffordshire, England. You are hereby informed that your daughter, MRS. ELIZA DUNN, is now in San Francisco, California. Any communication addressed to her will be gladly received for Mrs E. Dunn, at the "California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast," Merchant street, San Francisco. June 21.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to City Collections, and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 14.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . . **1 Rue Scribe, Paris.**
[March 29.]

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks—20 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER** E. D. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept 12.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD, FOULKES & CO., March 6. 412 Front street, S. F.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct 21.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb 15. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

C. L. (HARKNOW) **C. A. MURDOCK & CO** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 5.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. R. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Ubley, for I. Essex, England. May 4.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 3.] Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 79.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 605 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS
— IN —
Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Pellizot.
Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Head, Proprietor.
Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station.
The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.
The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.
Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains. E. Munton, Pr.
Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)
Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.
Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.
Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor.
Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor.
Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.
Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor.
Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor.
Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta.—Bottachi Felix, Prop.
Halifax.
White Swan Hotel. A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.
Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.
Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.
Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.
London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B.
Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.—James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager.
Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.
Milan.
Hotel de la Ville. J. Baer, Pr.
Hotel Pozzo.
New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor.
Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.
Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.
Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.
Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.
Sheffield.
Royal Hotel. E. Wallis, Prop.
St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.
Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.
Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.
Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.
Hotel Beau Rivage.
Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.
Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor.
Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

NOTABILIA.

An American gentleman once lent money to another American gentleman. The lender says the other gentleman came to him with tears in his eyes. I said, "Why these weeps?" He said he had a mortgage on his farm, and wanted to borrow two hundred dollars. I lent him the money and he went away. Some time after he returned with more tears. He said he must leave me forever. I ventured to remind him of the two hundred dollars he borrowed. He was much cut up. I thought I would not be hard upon him, so I told him I would throw off one hundred dollars. He brightened, shook my hand, and said, "Old friend, I won't allow you to outdo me in liberality; I'll throw off the other hundred."

Pour out deep libations, and let us be gay,
For "Sammy's" got back to the city to-day.
All sun-burnt and tanned from the country he came;

Yet we knew the old varmint again all the same.
So Eberhart, Lachman, let Native Wine flow,
For you keep the best in the city we know.

Over in Tobtown, Conn., recently, a girl backed out of her marriage engagement when the minister was in the house. The bridegroom wasn't of the broken-hearted kind. He turned to the assembled ladies and said, "If there's any other gal here that'll occupy this vacant situation, I'm her'n." Up jumped the sister of the lady who had declined to be a bride, saying, "Count me in." Proceed, old text slinger, with the performance. I ain't afeard." And the ceremony was performed to the delight of the groom and company.

Miss Clara Pensive (to her drawing master): "What an ugly model you must have had for that young lady in your picture, Mr Pigment!" Mr Pigment—"Do you think so? My sister was the model." Miss Clara Pensive—"Ah! Good gracious me! Yes, I ought to have known it, she is so like you." Now this seems hard on poor Pigment, yet it served him quite right. Why did he not, instead of caricaturing his sister, get a photograph of her taken at Houseworth's, 12 Montgomery street! Then such remarks could not have been made.

At a crowded meeting in an African church in Petersburg, Va., recently, the people were standing on the seats, and the clergyman when he rose to "line" the hymn—that is, give it out one verse at a time—said, "Get down off dem seats, bof white man and kullud; I kear no more for de one dan de oder," when, to his great surprise, the congregation began to sing, in short metre:

Get down off dem seats,
Bof white man and kuller;
I keere no more for one man,
Dan I does for de oder."

There is a stinging nettle in North Australia which grows forty feet high, and has a stem over two feet in diameter. It, when full grown, presents a most extraordinary appearance, as countless birds, insects, kangaroos, wallabys, etc., may be seen suspended from its leaves, having been impaled on their spikes when the nettle tree was smaller. This gigantic nettle is as nothing compared with the bad whisky tree. Millions are impaled on its poisonous spikes, and none are safe save those who get their good old Cutter from Hotaling.

A Facetious Scotchman some time ago took a trip over to France, and astonished the natives there in no small degree. In the hotel where he put up, in Boulogne, the servants were all newly imported cockneys, and Mr M——, who is a sterling wag, mystified them not a little with his broad Scotch. Getting up one morning rather earlier than usual, he called a waiting-maid, and accosted her with "Fetch me ma shoon, lassie." "Ah, sir," said she, "I don't understand French!"

Chained to a rock, young Perseus stayed
His rapid flight to view the beauteous maid,
So sweet her frame, so exquisitely fine,

She seemed a statue from a hand divine.
Cried he, "What more can want my longing soul,
Except a house, and furniture by Cole."

There was a great delicacy in the manner in which a foreigner, having a friend hung in this country, broke the intelligence to his relations on the other side of the water. He wrote as follows: "Your brother had been addressing a large meeting of citizens, who had manifested the deepest interest in him, when the platform upon which he stood being, as was subsequently ascertained, very insecure, gave way, owing to which he fell and broke his neck!"

Wouldst thou renew the joys of youth,
Its mirth and healthful pleasure,
And though the hand be shaky now,
Still grasp life's brimming measure!

The Elixir Damiana
Will make you feel young once more,
You can get it round the corner,
Or at any good drug store.

A wasp built its nest, a few weeks ago, in the Ascension Church, in Baltimore, offensively near the choir. The sexton being appealed to, he said, "I'll fix the rascals," and proceeded to burn the wasps out. The next day, while gazing at the ruins of the church, the sexton was heard to remark, "I knew I could fix the rascals, but I'm sorry the church went along with 'em incidentally."

Not Zach Montgomery, Inquisition Buchard, nor any other religious stickler, can find fault with eating what you darned please any day but Friday (Lent excepted). If you are a religious cuss, and don't like to "buy tripe on a Friday," let us tell you where you can get a meal such as you have seldom had—crabs devilled, the finest Eastern or native oysters, cooked in any style, or raw, and in fact all you can desire. The place we allude to is the Saddle Rock, on Pine street, kept by Emerson Corville.

"Leave a Kiss Within the Cup."—We learn from a friend that the Good Templar girls of Salem have a motto:

The lips that touch wine shall never touch mine.

That is very well, but we fancy that if all the young men take to drinking, the girls will find out that the motto does not apply to beer and spirits, nor even to wine drunk through a straw.

On Bush street, last night, one of the most horrible murders was committed that have ever helped to swell the annals of crime. A merry party were sitting round a table playing at cards—not for money, but merely for beans—when there burst into the room a youth, holding in his hand two loaded bottles of Gerke Wine. This was handed round, and was, of course, liked and highly praised. One of the party, however, put water in his, and so drowned the miller. Could fouler crime be committed?

Wanted.—A comb for a head of celery. A cape for the cold shoulder. Cotton for ears of corn. A veil for the face of nature. A tie for a neck of land. A ring for the finger of time. A sling for an arm of the sea. Curtains for the bed of a river. A spoon to stir an incident with. A knife to cut capers. A collar for a dog rose. A saucer for a buttercup.

From out the heavens came a hand,
The hand it grasped a crown,
It held it o'er a mortal's head,
And gently let it down.

'Twas De la Montanya's head
Received this chaplet strange,
For round its gold rim was graven
The "Union Prize Range."

"It is my candid opinion, Judge, that you are an old fool," said a Sacramento lawyer to the court. The Judge allowed his mildly beaming eye to rest upon the lawyer for a moment, and then, in a voice husky with suppressed emotion and tobacco juice, said, "And it's my candid opinion that you are fined one hundred dollars."

Harry Blankon has always a hearty welcome and a good glass of whatever you like to call for, at his place, the Six Mile House, on the San Bruno Road. Every one knows Harry.

Hill, Bloomer, Marple, Williams, Young, Rix, Baumgras, Denny, and other canvas spoilers, are painting their noses in the country, catching the autumn tints, which can alone be caught from country rot-gut whisky. These men are all good enough in their way; they can paint a tree true enough to nature not to be mistaken for a horse, and vice versa, but who for a moment would compare their portraits with those taken by Bradley & Rulofson.

"William," said one Quaker to another, "thee knows I never call anybody names; but, William, if the Governor of the State should come to me and say, 'Joshua, I want thee to find me the biggest liar in the State of New York,' I would come to thee and say, 'William, the Governor wants to see thee particularly.'"

"See, the golden sun is sinking,
Listless, on a cloudlet's breast,
And you know that I am thinking,
That this day I'll take a rest.

Come, then, my love, let's take a ride;
See here! I've lots of "ellers;"
And through the Golden Park we'll glide,
And sup at the "Park Villa."

Stray Pig.—A young man searching for his father's lost pig, accosted an Irishman as follows: "Have you seen a stray pig about here?" To which Pat quickly responded, "Faith, and how could I tell a stray pig from any other?"

The three leading ideas at Sacramento are gab, grab, and grub. The Union gives us the gab, and deuced poor stuff it is. The grab is universal, and the grub not up to the mark. Bigamy in Utah is called Brighamy, much to Brigham's amusement. But what, after all, has this to do with what we started to say or, rather, meant to say, and that was: That no one who has not visited the store of Gilbert & Moore, or used their school or office furniture, can say "I have lived."

Cool Apology.—"Oh!" said a poor sufferer to a dentist, "that is the second wrong tooth you've pulled out!" "Very sorry, sir," said the blundering operator, "but as there were only three when I began, I am sure to be right the next time."

When the corn is waving, Annie dear,
I'll sport my nice new tie;
I'll also wear that nice new shirt
Your mother made me buy.

Then Anderson & Irving's praise
We'll sing till all is blue,
For their things always look as well
When old as when quite new.

A Bachelor says that if you hand a lady a newspaper with paragraphs cut out of it, not a line of it will be read, but every bit of interest felt in the paper by the lady will center in finding out what the missing paragraphs contained.

We love little children, and can listen to their prattle for hours; we have a sneaking regard for young misses of seventeen, and have before now played at "bumble bee" with them. Bumble bee is a nice game; the young lady says pay honeysuckle, and yours bumble bee. We also are fond of a good dinner, a neat house to live in, and above all (or rather under all), good carpets on the floors. Such carpets can only be obtained at Plum & Bell's.

A Pittsburgh Coroner is reported as making no charge when he holds an inquest on the body of a young man who parted his hair in the middle. He says that his personal satisfaction is sufficient reward without the official fee.

"A hair, a hair, my kingdom for a hair!" cried Richard, as, waking sometime after the battle of Bosworth, he leisurely examined his hairless skull. Twirling it round three or four times, with his skeleton finger stuck in one of the eye holes, he exclaimed, "X Twiaba X Nevada Hair Restorer, could you produce hair on this old bone?" "Yes," answered the X Twaba, "yes."

It is not true that the late Mr. Macready went in for the rural, though he certainly was a retired Hamlet.

Wherever people have eyes to see or ears to hear, you see them wearing Muller's Spectacles, and hear them praising them as the best that are made in the State.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate or restore. The favor it has received and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Woman's Glory is her Hair—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.
A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 2.

GOODWIN, WEST & CO.,

Manufacturers of the "Goodwin" Rotary Pump (to which was awarded the Gold Medal at the last State Agricultural Fair.)

Deep Well and Mining Pumps; Irrigating Pumps,

Of from 100, 00 to 500,000 gallons capacity per day. FORCE PUMPS, specially adapted to Wind Mills and Horse Power. SHIP PUMPS, WARRANTED NOT TO CHOKE with Wheat or Sand. Office, No. 5 First street, near Market, San Francisco. July 26.

JOHN V. PLUME & CO.,

Formerly of Burgoyne & Co., Bankers, 310 California street, San Francisco. Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Government Bonds, Stocks, Commercial Paper, and all other Negotiable Securities. Commercial Paper Negotiated. Collections, both Inland and foreign promptly made throughout the United States and Europe, with quick returns. Refers by permission to Messrs. Lloyd Tevis & J. B. Haggin, Hon. Milton S. Latham, Manager London and San Francisco Bank, Hon. Thos. H. Selby, ex Mayor, John Parrott, Esq., Judge S. C. Hastings, William H. Tillinghast, Esq., Manager Bank British Columbia, Gustave Touchard, Esq., President Union Insurance Co. July 26.

HOMESTEADS THAT ARE HOMES

Persons in want of Houses are requested to examine the plans of those now being constructed upon that beautifully situated property on Pacific Heights, on the block bounded by Pacific Avenue, Webster and Jackson streets, commanding the most magnificent view of any locality in the city, and accessible by cars, which pass the door. These Elegant Houses are built in the best manner, and will be sold ON A CREDIT OF SIX YEARS. Plans and specifications at the office of JOHN T. LITTLE, Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. July 26.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Savings, declared a dividend for the half year ending June 30th, 1873, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum on term, eight per cent. per annum on class one ordinary, and six per cent. per annum on class two ordinary deposit, free of Federal tax. Payable on and after July 14th, 1873. By order. [July 26.] G. M. CONDEE, Cashier.

WANTED,

By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife, the management of a respectable Hotel, town or country. First class references. Letters addressed "R. Y.," care of NEWS LETTER, will receive attention. [illegible]

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

A case has been recently tried in the Indiana Court which must be of interest to a married man. In the case in question the wife left her husband without any ostensible cause, and went to live with her parents. The husband tried to see her, but was refused admission. In course of time he met her with her father in the street. The husband approached and begged to be permitted to kiss his wife and talk to her. The father-in-law refused. The husband persisted, whereupon the father-in-law knocked him down. That being too much for even a son-in-law to endure, the husband had the old gentleman indicted and fined for the assault. The Court laid down the law as follows: "The husband has the right to approach and detain his wife, either for conversation or to kiss her, anywhere, without let or hindrance from anybody, so he does it without physical violence, until she is taken from his protection and control by due course of law, and he may resist any interference with his right, even by force, if necessary, repelling force by force, so he uses no more force than is necessary to protect him in his right. The time and place of such kissing are a matter of taste, which does not concern outsiders nor the courts."

Lady's Hand Found in the Stomach of a Ling.—A Shetland correspondent writes: "On Saturday morning last (the 5th instant) a fishing boat's crew brought to land a large draught of fishes, at the deep sea-fishing station called Faithsland, in Shetland. Among the piscine tribe brought ashore was a large ling which, on being opened, was found to contain a full-grown human hand. It was the left hand, and was perfectly entire, the joints of the fingers seemed distended with blood, but the rest of the hand was bleached white. It was thought that it could not have been long in the animal, as decomposition had not yet set in, and from its rather small size, and the absence of all traces of hard work, it was suspected to be that of a woman or lady. As there was no remembrance of any recent wreck having taken place in the vicinity, and as it is a well-known fact that there are sometimes fearful under currents running between the Atlantic and German Oceans at this place, it was conjectured that the body might have been drifted many hundred miles from the scene of some unfortunate wreck. The hand was carefully buried, and the fish was destroyed, and the incident spread not a little gloom over the fishermen."

Sea-bathing at Oamaru must be very risky. "The other day," says the Dunedin *Morning Star*, "a large number of sharks were swimming about the Oamaru roadstead. Three of these monsters, of unusually large dimensions, were captured by the officers of the brig *Ware*. Two of the smallest were sent ashore, and one of them measured 9ft. 2in., the other 8ft. 6in. The one retained on board the brig was 16ft. 4in., being the largest ground shark yet caught on the coast. In the stomach of one of the two sent ashore, a brown tan-colored dog was found, in excellent preservation."

Remarkable Catch of Salmon.—An almost miraculous draught of salmon was taken from the River Wye recently, the number being 176. The whole of the fish were caught by two boats with five men, and the total weight was 2,000 lbs. This is the greatest catch from the Wye that has been known within the memory of man. The quantity taken from the Wye at Chepstow during the past week has been the largest for 30 years.

The number of ships which have been posted at Lloyd's as missing this year to the 30th of June, is as follows: January, 10 steamers, [illegible] ships—total, 19; February, 2 steamers, 23 ships—total, 25; March, 2 steamers, 21 ships—total, 23; April, 20 ships; May, 1 steamer, 24 ships—total, 25; June, 15 ships. The total to the end of March, it will be seen, is 7[illegible], and for the quarter ending June 30th, 69.

The Rajah and Ranee of Sikkim (says the *Times*, of India) have visited Sir George Campbell at Darjeeling. Among the presents to the Ranee was a toilet bottle of scent. Her highness drank half its contents before she could be stopped, and when told of its proper use, emptied the remaining half upon her handkerchief.

A sum of £87,000 in sovereigns has been received at the Bank from Australia, with £72,000 in bar gold, while £10,000 has been taken at Lisbon. The *Candia* has arrived at Alexandria, with £519,270 in specie, and the *Teutonia*, from the West Indies, with £3,479.

The Victorian Acclimatization Societies having done an immense amount of mischief in Victoria by the introduction of hares, rabbits, and sparrows, now propose to atone for their offences by introducing the ichneumon fly, which, it is stated, is a deadly enemy to the locusts.

Five girls, none of them over 20 years of age, have entered 380 acres of land in Kansas, and intend to make a dairy farm of it. All but two of the girls are graduates of eastern schools, and two of them are proficient in agricultural chemistry.

Another Petrified Girl.—A young girl at Alton, Ia., is beset with a strange malady. It consists of the hardening of the skin and flesh, her body feels like a marble statue, but she has suffered no loss of sensibility or muscular power.

A larger portion of white flowers are fragrant than those of any other color; yellow comes next, then red, and lastly blue, after which violet, green, and orange.

The Check Bank of London (Limited) gains favor in Scotland as a ready means of remittance free of commission to the various parts of the kingdom.

The New York Commercial Chronicle says the known coal fields of America embrace an area of not less than 230,000 square miles.

The whistle is to be substituted in the French Army for the bugle when troops are engaged in skirmishing.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, June 19th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Red Bluff and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily), C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Soda Springs.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted), Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily), San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted), Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted), C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted), Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily), Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH. Leave San Francisco, 7:00, 8:10, 9:30, 10:40 and 11:20 A. M., 12:15, 1:50, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, 9:20 and *11:30 P. M. (9:20, 11:30 and 1:00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:30, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 11:00 A. M., 1:20, 2:40, 4:[illegible], 5:[illegible], 7:[illegible] and 10:10 P. M.

Leave Oakland, [illegible] A. M., 12:00, 1:[illegible], 2:30, 3:[illegible], 5:00, 6:20, 8:05 and 10:20 P. M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH.—Leave San Francisco, 7:20, 9:[illegible] and 11:15 A. M., 1:[illegible], 4:00, [illegible] and 6:30 P. M. (1:20, 11:15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:20, 7:00 and 10:45 A. M., and 3:40 P. M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:35, 9:00 and 11:30 A. M., 1:20, 4:05 and 5:30 P. M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—				
San Francisco		8 40 a m	*3 20 p m	*4 45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5 40 p m	7 05 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	1 25 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 20 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	2 [illegible] p m		
Soledad	Arrive	4 [illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2 20 p m		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	[illegible] p m		

Trains North	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave—			
Tres Pinos			10 55 a m
Hollister			11 20 a m
Soledad			9 50 a m
Salinas			11 [illegible] a m
Castroville			11 50 a m
Pajaro			12 20 p m
Gilroy			1 2[illegible] p m
San Jose	6 30 a m	7 [illegible] a m	2 00 p m
San Francisco...Arrive	8 20 a m	10 10 a m	5 20 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 7:30 a m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:50 p m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4.15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] p m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:40 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11:20 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
T. H. GOODMAN [illegible], General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] and 11 A. M., 4 and 6 P. M. Saucelito at [illegible] and 9:30 A. M., 1:20 and 5 P. M. On Saturday from Saucelito at [illegible] and 11 A. M., 1, 5 and 5 P. M.; from San Francisco at [illegible] and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] A. M. SUNDAY TIME: Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. Leave Saucelito, 11 A. M., 1, 3 and 5 P. M. H. A. COBB, President.

April 12. 327 Montgomery street.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1873, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:20 a m, 1:00 p m, 4:30 p m. San Rafael, [illegible] a m, [illegible] a m, 2:[illegible] p m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a m, 3:00 p m. San Rafael [illegible] a m, 5:30 p m. [Aug 24.] CHARLES MINTURN.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

L. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—L. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, [illegible], [illegible], H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. [illegible], [illegible], Adam Smith, Anton Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office—[illegible] Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Office. Jan 14.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the East for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, Landaus, Wood Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods and run with out the usual creak and rattle of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 29.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on [illegible], at [illegible] o'clock M., from Front-street Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days and to the cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and no other is signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent, March 15. [illegible] Front street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible] a m. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 1:[illegible] P M, connecting at Petaluma with stages for Healdsburg and Bloomfield. [Aug 24.] CHAS. MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers must observe that each box is wrapped in white paper and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for freckles, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin. In bottles at 2s. 9d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb. 26. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The Civil Service Gazette remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London."

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Druggists' Sundries, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Colors, Leather, Glassware, Oilman's Stores, Medicine Chests, Seeds, [illegible], Veterinary Sundries. Thirty-three per cent of the above forwarded free of all charge, to [illegible] by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen, Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.—The success of this season at the table, for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 19.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances made on consignments.
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March. Agents, 225 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Build'g.
JUSTICES' COURT—[illegible] Montgomery St.
COUNTY COURT—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
THIRD DISTRICT—Mechanics Institute, Post street.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—713 Montgomery street.
NINETEENTH DISTRICT—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATT'Y—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—436 California street.
CITY PHYSICIAN—Co'ty Hospital.
CORONER—[illegible] Clay street.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants' Exchange.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City H.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT. OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place.
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT. PUBLIC SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSE—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 10, City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—25 Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INSPECTOR OF HIDES—City Hall.
STREET DEPT.—City Hall.
HEALTH OFFICE—14 Geary st.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall.
PORT WARDENS—Jackson st. bet. San Some and Front.
QUARANTINE—[illegible] Jackson st.
HARBOR MASTER—Corner Pacific and East.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street; Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 9 Cannon street; Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austinfriars; Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Wallick, Secretary; Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, Gilbert King, Secretary; Pacific Saw Mills, Oakdale, Armistead & Co. agents, 10 Old Broad street; Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane; Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mills Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane; Amoy Dock Co., John Peck, agent, Lime st. Square; Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Matheson & Co. agents, Crosby Court, Philpot Lane; North China Insurance Co., 25 Cornhill, J. S. M[illegible], Secretary; Canton Insurance Co., Mathes[on] & Co. agents, 3 Lombard st.; Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street; Hongkong Insurance Co., Gledstanes & Co. agents, 25 Austinfriars; China Traders Insurance Co., Hongkong, Fearon & Co. agents, 31 Great St. Helens; China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co. agents, 5 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st.; Ceylon Co., Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad st., R. A. [illegible], Secretary; Borneo Co., 7 Mincing Lane, Wm. Martin, Manager; Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (Limited) of Singapore, Macnaghten, Tolman & Co. agents, 31 Great St. Helens; Banks—Agra Bank, 28 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, Chairman; Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, 65 Old Broad street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager; Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 14 Leadenhall street; Deutsche Bank, "Actien Gesellschaft" of Berlin, agencies: National Bank of Scotland, Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Williams, Deacon & Co., London; Hart[illegible] Lane, Lothbury; Bank of Rotterdam, Union Bank of London, agents, Princes st.; Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 22 Lombard street; National Bank of India, R. O. Bowers, Chief Manager, 40 King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

[illegible] Companies not included in the above list will be included as soon as the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending August 9, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.

Monday, August 4th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Louis Mendelson to H A Mendelson	W Steiner, 112 s Turk, 25x107 6	$ 270
O S Johnson to C Avery	E Pierce, 75 s Ellis, s 25 x e 90	675
Jas M Wilde to Hannah C Stanicle	Sw 35th Ave ne L st, 75x240—Lots 417 and 511, Paul Tract Homestead	2,000
Clark Churchill to Gustave Reis	Nw cor Sierra and Michigan, n 200, w 125, etc, subdiv P N 428	6,000
Israel Solomon to Filet Phillips	Nw cor Hyde and Broadway, 137 6x137 6	900
J M Martin to James Haley	Same	6,500
John F Taylor to Clark Churchill	Nw cor Sierra and Michigan, n 100 w etc	5,000
C J Janson to Scandinavian Hall Ass'n	Nw Mission 230 sw 5th, 70x165	22,500
A H Rose to L R Poundstone	Blk 2240 Noel & Haley Tract, also, lots 1 and 16 blk 348 S S F Hd & R R Ass'n	10,000
Israel Simon to M Trendle	S Post w Powell, 40x72—sub 50-v 596	2,000
T W Raymond to Ferdinand Reis	W Tennessee s Mariposa, n to a line of Mariposa, w 60, s to com, also, com 41 s Mariposa and 100 e Tennessee, etc	1
J Dougherty to John Dougherty	Sw Pine and Jones, s 2 inches x 68 6	61
D Mahoney to A S Ridley	S Broadway, 68 9 e Gough, 68 9x127	292
Wm K Van Alen to A Giorgiani	[illegible]	
A Germon to Mary F Fitzsimmons	Se Polk and Chestnut, e 137 6x68 9	2,000

Tuesday, August 5th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
F L A Ploche to Catherine Sullivan	Lot 4 blk 12, Junction Homestead	$ 350
Cather ne Sullivan to Anni Moore	Same	Gift
R H Lloyd to Emily E Tibbey	S Turk 165 w Mason, 32 6x137 6	Gift
Mary A Seymour to F M Seymour	W Stanley Place sw Harrison, 125x25	..
Ferd Reis to J W Raymond	E Tennessee, s Mariposa, 100x3[illegible]	1
Bay View H'd to Wm Kenny	Lot 9 blk 451, Bay View H d	600
Chas Courtenay to Wm Kenny	Undivided ½ of same	100
Wm H Gladwin to Bartlett Doe	S Sutter 9[illegible] w Kearny, 137 6x44	40,000
Noah Sanford Arnold to S & L Soc	W Capp s 22d, 1x122 6	1
Grace Scott to Lucy Carty	S Greenwich e Stockton, 17 2x137 6	1,500
John P Mahan to J J H Meilan	N Green w Montgomery, 23x62 6	2,350
R Perry to Merchants Ex Bank	Block 411 Outside Lands	1
C Cattle to Savings & Loan Soc'y	Pine w Jones 50x137 6	2,350
C Buchner, Jr, to same	Garden nw Bryant, 25x75	1,165

Wednesday, August 6th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
John F Haney to Emma Beckman	N Grove e Octavia, 27 6x68 9	$2,100
Drury J Tallant to Benjamin Peart	Se cor Leavenworth and Post, e 137:6 x 137.6—50-vara 1140	35,000
C Conrad to Cecilie Friedlander	Lots 28 and 29 blk 560, Bay View H'd	720
Wm Byrne to Mary Byrne	E San Jose Road, 730 n Virginia Ave, n 5x30	400
Wm L Law to Wm M Hoog	Lots 1 to 8 inc in blk 153, Univer Ex Hd	1,000
H J Rideman to D V B Henarie	Sundry Outside Lands	5
Same to same	So Stockton and Beach, e 137 6x137 6	5
U Vorbe to L A Vorbe	Sundry properties in central port. n city	21,000
Thos Cullen to Elizabeth Stole	Sw 11th nw Natoma, 25x90	3,250
C F Morweldel to Adolph Hecker	Ne Vassar Place se Harrison, 25x80	2,300
Geo Treat to Robert C Johnson	Block 107, Potrero Nuevo	2,500
Wm Black to T G Spear	Lot 5 1 & 313, Fifty-vara Mound Survey	100
Jacques Traves to B Lagoardi	S Chestnut w Stockton, 29 1x55	2,000

Thursday, August 7th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Henry A Cobb to Chas Ashton	Ne Montgomery and Jackson, 60x00—subdiv 50-v 180, subj to $30,000 mort	$9,400
Matthew J Redding to L P Drexler	N Welch 1 6 w from 4th, 25x75	2,000
Wm Carman to D B Finch	Se Harrison, 137 6 ne 1st, 25x[illegible]	2,743
Ezekiel Bullock to Fanny Bullock	N [illegible] Taylor, 137 6x137 6	5
E A Vorbe et al to Sophie Vorbe	S Bush w Dupont, 63x[illegible]; also ne Dupont and Greenwich, 47 6x70, also n Post e Dupont, etc; also s Washington e Stockton, 25x[illegible]; also w Spofford s Washington [illegible], 9, also e Stockton, se 3 n Fac, etc	60,000
Elisha T Peck to Chas A Merrill	Nw cor 21th and Stotwel, 30x[illegible]	7,000
Mary Ward to Guiseppo Caporru	Union e Dupont, e 30 s 60 e 13 s 20 w 60, n 90 to com	3,000
G Pendergrass to Anson G Stiles	Harrison n O Farrell, 126x62 6	2.5
John Grant to Andrew Blest	Fremont se Folsom, 22 11x70	5,000
G Caporro to Carlo Bargal[illegible]	Lafayette [illegible], 20x60	1,000

Friday, August 8th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Chas L Cramer to Scandinavian H Ass'n	Se [illegible], 50 sw 5th, sw 13x75 6	$1,000
John Hanbo to John Mackey	E West 24th 150 n Pt Lobos Ave, 25x13	250
Thos C Banks to H F Smith	Sw Marsha land [illegible], 220x100	650
Soc Cal Pioneers to Mrs J D Tevan	Lot 15 sec 3 Masonic Cemetery	53
Masonic Cem Ass'n to S M Locke	Lots 16 and 20 sec 28, lot 20, per lot 21 sec 28 Masonic Cem	218
Geary St Ex Ass'n to J E Woodworth	Lots 23 and 31 blk 2d Geary St Ex H d	700
Felton T C H Ass'n to J M Anderson	Lots 45 and 46 blk 130, Felton Tract Hd	310
Daniel Fraser to W W Henry	E Sanchez n 22d, 25x117 6—sub H A 85	400
Felton T C H Ass'n to Mary Lennon	Lot 48 blk 131, Felton Tract H d	170
A de Leo de Laguna to G N Coulas	Lot 1 blk 225, Golden City Homestead, also w Missouri 151 s Colusa, 80x100 subdiv blk 1 [illegible]	600
Jane Sullivan to Patrick Hood	Lots 7 and 8 in blk 11, West End Map 2	813
Theodore Lowe to John Pfoff	E Taylor e Sacramento, 21x80	5
Title Union to Est of X Stadtbache	Nw Folsom [illegible] 7th, 25x80	10
City and Co S F to A L Dagulas	Subdivis on Western A H Pon blk 500	....
Richard D Chandler to Peter Dilley	N Eddy w Leavenworth, 62:6x137:6	9,000
Matilda D Hennessee to H S Ridley	Se Gough and Broadway: 68:9x137:6	4,000

Saturday, August 9th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
A W MacPherson to I S Rosenbaum	N Geary w Hyde, 25x137 6	$ 100
Peder Sather to Maurice Dore	Nw California and Taylor, 137 5x275	10
P N Kast to Peter H Dencke	Ne corner Taylor and Sutter, 27 6x120	700
A E Fisher to Elizabeth Adair	N S [illegible], 9 e Jones, 68x80	2,000
Same to same	E [illegible] n Sutter, 25x110	1
Jacques Traves to John R Spring	W Stockton s Chestnut, 25x71	3,1[illegible]0
Jas H Lemon to Marg McLatchie	Undiv ¼ s 19th e Valencia, 25x85	1,000
Martha B Hunt to Jas A Lemon	S 19th e Stevenson, 25x85	125
George Hean to Sam I C Gray	Lot 1 blk 7, Conego H d	100
C S Hobbs to Stephen D Gilmore	Sub 25, blk 136, Potrero Nuevo; Int 3 blk 2, West End Map 2; also, sc Old San Jose Road ne Naglee av, se 277, etc	600
John Grant to Hans Berglund	Perry ne 3d, 25x75	1,675
James O'Dwyer to [illegible]	[illegible], 32x114	765
Andrew McMahon to [illegible]	S Valley [illegible], 114x27 2	340
G K Fitch to City and County S F	137 6 n Taylor and Post s Francisco, etc	1,144

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending Aug 12, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
F Warner to G Garibaldi	Oakland. E line Market 150 n from 29th st th n 140x50 S. to San Pablo Avenue	$2,000
P T Lynch to B Maloon	Same. S. ne 5th st 75 w from Castro th w 25x100	1,500
H G F Dobrman to F E Western	Same. E line Franklin 68 s from 9th st thence s 72x100	1
P Pinkham to P H Sumner	Same. N. ne 18th st 100 w from Castro thence w 50x100	3,500
H Hampton to A Brown	Same. E line Linden 192 6 n from 10th st thence n 130x125	2,125
T M Antisell to E M & J Ezekiels	Same. Lot 30 Pac Theological Sem T ct	4,250
J Akyn to S A McDougall	Same. ¼ into Webster 1312 n from 11th st thence n 212 3x150	1,100
Same to M S Gilbert	Same. ¼ interest in same	1,200
J Glar to S Wunderlin	Same. Adeline near the Estuary	200
R Reese to C L Calhoun	East Oakland. Se Walker 50 ne fm Abel thence ne 50x150	500
Hoff & Martin to A P Minear	Same. 300x150 bounded by Jefferson, Chase, Franklin and Patten, also 200 x 300 bounded by Jeff'n A sm'da, etc	18,500
W Van Allen to A Heald	Same. 75x150 s cor Clay and Adams	1,500
J Trais to J Mason	Same. Ne Madison 75 nw from Arroyo Road nw 25x150	90
M A Cohen to N Porter	Alameda. Various lots near High street	1
Hildreth & Ayers to D Fraser	Near Eden Landing. Lunch [illegible] in 75 acs marsh	3,000
D Fraser to T R Fraser	Same to same	2,500
A B Forbes to G F Thornton	Road [illegible] to Mayhew's Landing, 100 acres	10,000
G Treat to R C Johnson	Near Damon's Landing, Brooklyn T'p 1-3d int in 10 acres, 40 acres, and 120 acres marsh	6,000
F S Spring to F Gerstenberg	Decoto. Lot 15 in blk 83	...

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Aug 12.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

**George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records, during business hours may always be found at the HALL OF RECORDS, COUNTY BUILDINGS, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, [illegible] adjacent to Hall of Records. ☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. July 12.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne. See Lancet, [illegible]. Extract from the General Board of Health, London: "So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 40, and $2 16, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as 'Household Words.'" Articles of clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions, appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black, Puce. Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s. 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B. A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of Bonnet Ribbon. "SEE THAT YOU GET 'JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES.'"

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester, Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion and especially High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution: "MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS, under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 10.

WANTED

The advertiser, a competent Accountant, desires employment in a mercantile establishment. Please address "W.," care of NEWS LETTER. [July 5.

THE GUBERNATORIAL APOLOGY.

The speech of Governor Booth, at Platt's Hall, last Tuesday, may justly be called a piece of brilliant sophistry. It opened with a justification of his line of conduct, and ended with a glowing picture of an imaginary danger. He first enlisted his hearer's sympathies, and then worked upon their fears. The composition —for such it may justly be called—was a very studied one, and, indeed, it wanted the true element of oratory, the absence of apparent effort. The careful preparation was so obvious that the impression of spontaneous sincerity was wanting. The speaker began by propounding the following axiom, "that on the living questions of the hour where there are differences of opinion, men no longer differ as Democrats and Republicans, but as men of independent convictions." Herein lies the whole gist of Governor Booth's apology. He accepts election by a party banded together for the purpose of supporting certain principles, and then abandons that party under the high sounding plea of "independent conviction." He kicks down the ladder that helped him to climb, but, in a sort of Pecksniffian way, must find a lofty moral ground for the desertion of the Republican party. He looks about for a decent excuse, and discovers it in the accumulation of money and power by individuals and corporate bodies, more especially by the railroad interests of the United States. Having raised up this monster, this Gorgon, this chimera, he proceeds to paint its ravages to his awe stricken audience. Railroads have destroyed freedom of travel or transport; railroads are independent of law and public opinion; they tend to centralize trade, to create monopolies; they carry their own coal and grain and merchandise at less rates than those of their competitors, and consequently can undersell them; railroads are bringing ruin on the country, and he who denounces them is called a Communist. From this general anathema of railroads, a particular diatribe against the Central Pacific followed as a matter of course, and the bugbears of Goat Island and China Basin were duly brought up to be shuddered at, but in all these Jeremiads, amongst all these Cassandra-like woe-screechings, not one word was said of the immense benefits the railroad has brought us. Nothing was said of interior towns on the line of the rail that have sprung up into life and prosperity; no allusion was made to decayed Marysville, or Oroville, with the grass growing in their streets, rejuvenated and restored to double their pristine importance. The town of Sacramento, and the fertile valley of the same name, whose value is immensely enhanced by the Central Pacific, were entirely ignored. But worse still, the impetus given to agriculture, by the opening up of hitherto sealed districts, was not mentioned. The old adage of making two blades of grass grow where only one grew before, is more than carried out in California. Where not one single grain of wheat was raised is now heard the busy clang of the reaper, and the iron road brings the market to the door of the farmer. Another benefit was wilfully omitted. Not a word was said about the thousands of laborers employed in building the line, in constructing warehouses, docks, carriages, machines, and supplying the endless exigencies of a great corporation. China Basin, now a useless shallow bay, will be covered with the buildings necessary to the terminus of a great line. What would Oakland be without the railroad? A mere village for merchants' country houses. Our hotels are crammed with visitors, the points of interest swarm with tourists, and all by means of the railroad. We are sick of hearing this cry of our being in bondage, of the tyranny of the Central Pacific, of its gigantic power that compels us to do its bidding, forgetting all the while that it is that very power which is the essence of the vitality of the great and beneficial undertaking, that without such power its bonds would be valueless, and that being the case we relapse into our normal condition of isolation and petty internal traffic. It's the old fable of the belly and the limbs, the discontent of ignorance with the action of great minds, the howl of the greedy, jealous of another's sway.

FOR MEMBER OF THE LEGISLATURE, DONALD McLENNAN.

Never in the history of this State has so much care been taken in the selection of fit and proper men as candidates for office, as at the approaching election. This is [illegible] what is called The Taxpayers' Ticket. Indeed, the mere fact of being placed in nomination by the committee of that body, is of itself an honor. Our first merchants and manufacturers are to be found on that ticket, and among them none stand more prominently forward than he whose name heads this notice. Donald McLennan was born at [illegible], the capital of the [illegible] of that name, in fact the capital of the north of Scotland. At ten years of age he emigrated to New England, the so [illegible] forty years and upwards of his life have been spent there and in California. Mr. [illegible] says, in his "Trip Across the Continent," that McLennan graduated from the Mills of Middlesex. In the prime of his life and in the youth of California, Mr. McLennan came to San Francisco and was the first to draw attention to, and to engage in, Woolen Manufactures. How his energy, skill and practical knowledge have succeeded, we all know, and we all know that the fabrics issuing from the Mission and Pacific Woolen Mills, where he is the manager, have a world wide reputation. With our increasing population and greater facilities of intercourse both at home and abroad, a grand future presents itself for those mills. But whilst thus actively engaged in developing the resources of this country, Mr. McLennan found time to engage in the works of [illegible] and benevolence. He was one of the founders of St. Andrew's Society, and one of its earliest Presidents; was unanimously elected chief of the Caledonian Club, which office he held during four years, and was most popular with and beloved by all the members. He is at present a Commissioner of the California State Asylum, and, in short, may be looked upon as one of those citizens who foster and adorn a community. He is to California what the Slaters, Lawrences and Marlands were to New England, and what the great manufacturing interests have been to old England, the creators of their commerce, their power and their wealth. Men like these are the benefactors of their species, and in truth, like our Selbys, Donohues, Spreckles, George Gordons, Torquets, and others, are our founders, and the men whom we should delight to honor. Mr. McLennan has never sought place or office, but at the same time never shrinks from his duty. He lives quietly in a fair home by [illegible] the corner of 18th and Folsom streets, enjoying a well earned share of the world's goods. Mr. McLennan is singularly kind and courteous in manner, is a general favorite with all classes, and his proved worth and integrity lift him far above any surmise of dishonor, as well as temptation to betray any trust that the people may repose in him.

MONOPOLY.

It is astonishing how bat-like people will be in the blindness with which they refuse to see the wall against which they are rushing until destroyed by it. It is the custom in the political conventions now assembling to offer resolutions against monopolies, by which the people refuse to understand that anything is meant but railroads. The hue and cry is raised. The mob bow at the railroad. Leading men take their flag at it, and the herd follow suit. They strain their eyes at trouble in the distance, but refuse to see the difficulties which environ them at home. As a rule, a tight boot gives an individual more trouble than a civil war does, but in this instance every eye is cast upon a few acres of land out upon the alkali plains, and the golden dollars, consequently the immense power, slipping into the hands of the gas and water companies are not observed. The gas bills of a household are equal in amount to the servant maid's wages, and water, which is not manufactured, costs proportionately. If this be true of a small household, what are we to say of the treasury, which is generally regarded as legitimate prey? It costs us dearly for our water now, but what are we to do when the Spring Valley supply gives out, as there is constant danger of its doing? We have not half enough, and they have drawn from every available source. In New York and Philadelphia, past both of which cities rivers run, it has been found necessary to build huge storage reservoirs, the one in Philadelphia of capacity sufficient to contain 750,000,000 gallons of water. Happy Philadelphians! It may be said that the Spring Valley Company, too, might build a huge storage reservoir, but what could they put in it? They have fairly squeezed the earth in their vicinity like a sponge, till naught remains but moisture. Yet water we must have, and it is time for the city to begin to look about for it. Let the city cling to its ten millions, and its ninety-two thousand as well, if possible, until it has determined upon the place from which we shall procure our supply, for there is plenty of water in California, pure, fresh and available, which could easily be brought to us in inexhaustible abundance, and in new pipes of the proper size, for less money than Spring Valley asks for [illegible] nothing of the [illegible]

OUR MUNICIPAL TICKET.

By reference to our ticket as presented below, readers of the *News Letter* will see that we have kept our promise, and have been utterly unbiased by prejudice of any kind. Catholic, Protestant and Jew, American, English, German, Scotch and Irish, Democrats, Republicans, Liberal Reformers, Tax-Payers, Railroad and Anti-railroad men figure each and all among our chosen names—a new happy family. They have been selected with particular reference to fitness and popularity, and our ticket, as a whole, *is invincible.* It is generally conceded that a candidate for the Mayoralty should be widely known, that the people may not vote blindly for such an important office; should largely represent the business interests of San Francisco, that he may be vitally concerned in its good; and should be adapted to the social requirements of the position, that he may do us credit. All of these qualifications are combined in

MR. JAMES OTIS,

Who is a pioneer, a member of one of our largest business firms, and a gentleman. Of his opponent, it need only be said, that while all the world seems to know the rest of the family, every one inquires, "Who is J. M. McDonald?"

MONROE ASHBURY,

Candidate for Auditor, has had no opposition whatever. It is needless to speak of a man whose faithfulness in office has been so universally recognized, especially as he has no one to beat.

ALEX. AUSTIN,

For Tax Collector, is also, and has been, without opposition, excepting a spasmodic effort on the part of the calculating Caleb T. Fay, who saw the salary with such big magnifying glasses, and withdrew his name after making it sufficiently ridiculous.

COLONEL HARNEY,

County Clerk, is the last of the comfortable trio who are without opposition. We have before said so many favorable things of this gentleman that it is unnecessary to repeat them, particularly as he has no opponent, whose faults we could publish by way of contrast.

P. J. WHITE,

Our candidate for Sheriff, is particularly well adapted to that office, in that he knows the ropes, having held the office previous to the election of Adams, besides being exceedingly popular among a large class. Our principal objection to McKibbin, his opponent, is that he can't win.

PATRICK CROWLEY,

Candidate for Chief of Police, and present incumbent, has held that office for seven years, and was always looked upon as an efficient officer and a singularly popular man, until the religious fanatics raised a howl and chase to make their especial war upon him. This course has had the effect to rally around him in vast number those of his own creed who had hitherto looked askance at a man who allowed the name of *Patrick* to go on a Republican ticket. They will be too many for Theo. Cockrill, who is an estimable gentleman, but can't be Chief of Police this time.

LUCIEN HERMAN,

Candidate for County Recorder, is an old and well-known resident of California, who, having held important political positions before now, is manifestly fit for this office. His opponent, Otto H. Frank, bears the stigma of a former defeat, after which it is always difficult for a man to gain lost ground.

D. J. MURPHY,

For District Attorney, has already made himself a record in that office by the persistency and energy with which he has followed up many well-known offenders against the law. Any one would find it hard to beat him, particularly Mr. Ryan, who labors under the disadvantage of being a very obscure member of a very numerous profession.

WM. MATHEWS,

For City and County Attorney—an able lawyer and high-minded gentleman—we have chosen rather than W. C. Burnett, whom we suspect of being rather more favorable to the Spring Valley monopoly than is compatible with the *N. L.'s* ideas, since he gave his weak advice to the Supervisors. For Treasurer, we present

J. A. BAUER,

Whom we prefer to C. M. Hubert, because he is acquainted with the duties of the office, and having fulfilled them to the entire satisfaction of the people, we can see no reason for change. For Public Administrator,

SIMON MAYER,

A real estate agent somewhat known to fame, is our chosen candidate. His opponent, Mr. Thos. Golden, pursues the somewhat gloomy business of undertaking, and will have sufficient chance to maul corpses before they go into their graves, without mauling the effects they leave behind them.

FOR CORONER,

We have left a blank line, which is about as suitable for the place as either of the Convention nominees. If it should occur to any one with a grain of sense to put forth a suitable candidate, we shall be happy to indorse him. If not, we shall be compelled ourselves to look among physicians of some standing for a Coroner for our ticket. For Harbor Commissioner,

C. L. TAYLOR

Is the strongest man that could be named. He served in the same office before, to the complete satisfaction of the people, and is, and always has been largely identified with all the harbor interests. His opponent, Thos. Forish, may confine himself to his hides and wools, for the 4th of September will make little change in his condition.

THOS. BARBER,

Candidate for Harbor Master, has traversed the waters of our bay these many years, in the capacity of pilot. He bears an advantage over the other two candidates, in that he is the most popular man on the City Front, besides being well known and liked further up town.

WM. FORD,

A well-known merchant, nominated on all the tickets, and

GORDON SLOSS,

Another popular man, we present for Fire Commissioners, partly because of their own undoubted merit, and partly because they are unconditionally for Scannell, under whose administration the Fire Department was what it should be. For Superintendent of Schools, we have selected

MR. DENMAN,

Rather because of his adaptability to the position than for any fault we have to find with Mr. Widber. And so ends a brief resume of a ticket which is perhaps unparalleled in the annals of politics. Indeed, it has been the custom of the *News Letter* to remain aloof from the acrimony, the backbiting and bitterness which usually characterize a campaign. It remained for us to enter the field as we do all else—with a daring independence and originality. We have closed our eyes willfully, blindly, to every party sentiment, to every one-sided feeling of any description. We have selected men for the men themselves, and we have no names at which the cavilers could fling a stone. As we said in the beginning, they are of all kinds and of all minds, yet they form a harmonious whole. Their election will secure an even balance of the municipal scales, which, for many preceding elections, have been too heavily freighted either upon one side or the other. Upon a first glance at this ticket, the reader will be struck with its discrimination, its justice, its independence, and its surety of winning. In our next issue we shall introduce our Legislative Ticket and our candidates for Supervisors and School Directors, chosen upon the same happy principles.

From the Supervisor muddle, we have only been able to extricate one name for this week's issue—that of **Stewart Menzies,** from the First Ward. Every one knows with what indomitable energy, with what vehement, even fiery persistence he has always opposed anything which he conceived to be adverse to the [illegible] of San Francisco. His [illegible] have never been questioned [illegible] to be proclaimed upon a Supervisor

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Criticisms and Addresses. By Thomas H. Huxley, LL.D. 12mo., cloth.
Foods. By Edw. Smith, M.D. 12mo., cloth.
Outlines of Men, Women and Things. By Mary Clemmer Ames. 12mo., cloth.
Lectures and Sermons. By the Rev. W. Morley Punshon, LL.D. Crown, 8vo., cloth.
Comets and Meteors; Their Relation and Origin. By Dan'l Kirkwood. 12mo., cloth.
Love in the Nineteenth Century. By Harriet W. Preston. 12mo., cloth.
A Pair of Blue Eyes. By Thos. Hardy. "Leisure Hour Series." 16mo., cloth.
New England: A Hand-book for Travelers. 16mo., flexible cloth.
The Heiress of Sweetwater. A Novel. By J. Thornton Randolph. 12mo., cloth.
Electricity and Magnetism. By F. Jenkinson. 16mo., cloth.

A. ROMAN & CO.,
Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers,
11 Montgomery st., Lick House Block.

ELEGANT
New Style of
Ladies' Stationery:
Creme de la Creme,
Primrose,
Silver Gray,
Eau du Nil,
Azure,
Opal.
JUST RECEIVED AT
BANCROFT'S,
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HEALD'S
BUSINESS COLLEGE,
24 Post St., San Francisco.

THE ONLY THOROUGH BUSiness College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should secure a useful and practical Education at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Sessions day and evening the [illegible] of the year. Students can commence at any time. Each receives separate instruction. There is a Preparatory Department for those not sufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for

Heald's College Journal.

An eight-page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing

E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug. 1.] San Francisco.

SHERMAN & HYDE,
DEALERS IN
Sheet Music
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Sole Agents for the
WEBER PIANO.
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Largest Stock of Sheet Music on the Coast. [May 10.

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Fire Aparatus,
EXTINGUISHERS,
ENGINES, TANKS,
—AND—
Hook and Ladder Trucks.

Richard B. Irwin & Co.,
General Agents for Pacific Coast.
FOR SALE BY
W. B. Murdoch, Local Ag't,
312 California st., S. F.
[July 5.]

DR. ABORN,
Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Infirmary, 2[illegible] Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 5.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

The Bulletin can hardly contain itself for pleasure, on reviewing the Governor's speech; "one of the finest orations ever delivered in California." To be sure, there is a little glittering generality in this vague phrase, and a suggestion of the "most eloquent prayer delivered in a Boston pulpit, this season," but when we are told, a little further on, that "there ran through the whole oration a vein of pure and quiet humor," we feel that the *Bulletin* is master of this situation. There was real humor in the Governor's discourse, but it was passive rather than active. Nothing could be more purely humorous than the attitude of a Chief Magistrate, standing before the people with a candidature for the U. S. Senate, carefully folded up in one hand, and in the other an assortment of Patent Anti-Railroad Pills, warranted to purge. Undoubtedly humorous; and as for fineness, perhaps a little too fine. Not to follow His Excellency in the windings of his admirable subtlety, it may be permitted to ask what, in the name of common-sense, it was all about? Monopoly and despotism and tyranny, and downfall of liberty; all these things are familiar enough, but what have they to do with the election of Gov. Booth to the U. S. Senate? Has Hopkins written in vain? Do we not know, from the "Manual of American Ideas," that merit, and merit alone, is what Americans ask for in public officers? Gov. Booth has only to say he is up for Congress, and a fit candidate; and the people will ask no more. The railroad is clearly beside the question. At the same time, the picture of its power is something appalling. It seems to be almost as mighty and as unscrupulous as a church, or a party, or a bank, or a rolling-mill, or a gas-company, or a ship-owner, or a grain-dealer, or a sea-captain, or a lumber merchant, or a Supervisor, or an evening paper. We are amazed that the Governor's audience did not rush out, and tear down the railroad offices, and sow the ground with salt. It is not too late, even yet; but we feel it a duty to point out, before the just anger of the people is let loose, that the quantity of salt required for this purpose would be very large, and there is imminent danger that the company furnishing it would become our masters, and sell the State, and refuse to send Gov. Booth to Congress. There are perils not to be lightly incurred. It might be as well to wait before overthrowing the Bastile, until we are able to collect a sufficient number of old *Morning Calls* and *Bulletins*, to cover the surface to be laid waste. These once plowed in, the perfect sterility necessary for the emancipation of our State would be secured at once and forever. "Reform now, or revolution hereafter!" Newton Booth and liberty! Down with monopoly! The *Evening Bulletin* for Senator! Atlantic and Pacific Railroad! No connection with the shop over the way!

"Convention" is the great American Catholicon. It is a healer of all troubles, a redresser of all grievances, the one unfailing resort in every political emergency. During the last fortnight, San Francisco has been a prey to Conventions—mostly of a political complexion. It is pleasant to turn from the wearisome record of the squabbles of the small statesmen in the Tax-Payers, Republican or Democratic Conventions to the report of the "Women's League," where the female property-holders of our city, on Wednesday evening, assembled in council to protest against taxation without representation. Instead of the rude bluster and angry turmoil of the political assemblages, a charming sprightliness, a breezy animation characterized the convention of ladies. Mrs. White, with true feminine sympathy, condoled with Mrs. Swift because the latter had been ridiculed by the press. Mrs. White said she really thought it was too bad of the press to ridicule cultivated ladies. Mrs. Swift, in so receiving the spirit of this expression of sympathy, [illegible] Mrs. White with a withering glance, says "Thank you Mrs. White, but I haven't been ridiculed half as much as you and your husband have been." Mrs. Wilson, understanding the innocence of Mrs. White's motives, comes to the rescue, when Mrs. Swift (still under the impression that she is the object of sarcastic attack) mentions the fact that Mrs. Wilson was "put out of the house," and proceeds to explain why she was put out, but is called to order. One lady, in the ardor of discussion, declares that another lady is "a great deal older" than the speaker, and should "set her a better example." Mrs. Wilson, discovering, after reflection, that she has been insulted by Mrs. Swift, expresses a willingness to "talk with her outside." Mrs. Hughes proposes to lecture on "Woman as a Producer." Mrs. Swift sees something suggestive—something funny—in this, and smiles. Mrs. White scents an impropriety in this smile. She rises, sniffing her disapprobation, and says, "I do not want such conduct here," and adds, in a spirit of elegant metaphor, "Yes, I am thin-skinned; I have got corns." The reports of the Convention furnish us with a column and a half of this light and pleasant reading matter, without a dull paragraph in the whole, or a single word on the uninteresting subject to discuss which the meeting was called—to-wit: the taxation of women.

The scarlet woman, drunk with the blood of the Saints, etc., has a nice mouthpiece in this city, in the shape of a small weekly paper published in Spanish, and believed to be edited by a small, weakly priest, named Padre Garriga. This little cesspool of bigotry, the paper, not the priest, advocates the doctrine of *Clega fé*, or blind faith in religious matters, and it does so with a ferociousness characteristic of the ecclesiastical [illegible] who are the lineal descendants of the butcher Torquemada. If the latter and his cotemporary cut throats are hovering in the spirit about here, and our beautiful climate and unsurpassed scenery should attract such ghouls, they must lap their tongues with joy at the idea that Padre Garriga and his *Crepus-Calo* have not forgotten the brutal lessons of the Inquisition. Unbelievers and heretics now, as then, are the prey upon which the faithful in the Holy Mother Church would fatten. It is a sad thing that these amiable priests, who are devoured with a burning faith, cannot satiate their modest desires by seeing heretics strung to lamp-posts or dancing upon stakes, while a roaring fire broiled the flesh of the victims. The animus of the *Crepus-Calo* and its editor is so apparent that Archbishop Alemany should muzzle the source from whence it springs. The blind faith doctrine and the open insults offered to non-believers in Jesus are not quite in accordance with the genius and the freedom of Anglo-Saxon institutions. We repeat, that the Bishop should stop this bigoted twaddle, or else he may have a storm about his castle some of these fine days.

Miss Sallie Hart is on the rampage again. This time collecting money for the lady students at Berkeley. It is, perhaps, useless to inform this Titianesque young woman that it only raises an involuntary exclamation whether the young lady students parent their tasks in Berkeley or San Rafael, but it is aggravating to see this nice, chubby, little personage making an [illegible] of herself for the sake of a set of hideous spinsters, who are determined to haunt unhappy mankind until they catch one and fold him in the deadly [illegible]. Close your subscription book, Sallie, and go on with your a b c's, or any other of your harmless pursuits, for, an All-wise Providence made you three feet too short to be impressive; you're not old enough to be repulsive; you are a degree too good-looking ever to become a roaring, ranting, quarrelsome, sharp-faced woman suffragist, and too innocent as yet to become a free-lover. Get out of the flock as quick as you can, or we shall get over the feeling we now have, that we would like to deliver you to some good, matronly soul who would spank you and put you to bed, then come to your senses, and we would come to look upon you with [illegible] as one of the bilious creatures who want to wear breeches so badly, and who disgrace the nether garments as they do the petticoat.

The Female Agitators have had a sad [illegible] up in their camp, the bone of contention being as to whether they should be considered to belong to the Woman's Sufferage, or be under the [illegible] of Anti Taxpayers, and [illegible] would be admissible to allow Mrs. Hughes to deliver a lecture under the Society's auspices, "Woman as a Producer." The *T. C.* tenders them his advice upon both these knotty points. Don't call yourselves by any old name, but start some name original and catching, such as "The Antiil [illegible] Female Freedom," or "The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Cats." By all means let Mrs. Hughes lecture on "Woman as a Producer," but don't let her illustrations be too graphic, or as you have already heard. Nothing she can say or do can possibly injure a cause already a [illegible] to every sensible man, and looked upon by every thinking woman as an [illegible].

At Their Old Tricks.—Murder, most foul, comes to us in the shape of a news item published in a local Spanish paper, *La Voz del Nuevo Mundo.* It is copied from *El Eco de Ambos Mundos* of Mexico, and is of so refreshing a character that we cannot resist translating it as follows: "On the 6th ultimo., there were some thirty Protestants of both sexes worshiping in their church on San Pedro street, Pueblo. While so engaged, they heard somebody from without calling, when Don Julian Hernandez opened the church door to see what was wanted. Immediately an infuriated crowd rushed upon him, stabbing their victim, and leaving him for dead. Three other citizens, Pablo Cortez, Apolonio Cortez, and Francisco Carvajal, were mortally wounded. Others were beaten, the furniture in the church destroyed, the lights put out, and the women violated and outraged." Last week the *News Letter* noticed the insulting editorial which appeared in a Catholic journal of this city, and also the attacks of the Catholic clergy upon Mexican Protestants. Elsewhere will be found an item worth reading in regard to the question of Papal intolerance as taught in our midst. We do not champion any sect, but we like to tell the truth boldly, and shame the devil of intolerance, if that is possible.

The other day, while brushing his teeth, the *T. C.* discovered a foreign substance floating about in his Spring Valley water. He immediately took it to the Microscopical Society, who, only too glad to solve such mysteries, immediately put it under the influence of a fifty-horse power microscope, told the *T. C.* to come around next day, and they would let him know the result. He called round, and found the following written statement, which reflects great credit upon the Microscopical Society: "Sir, we have subjected the specimen handed in to a close scrutiny with our fifty-horse power machine, and have discovered it to be part of the cuticle of male human being, weighing some 250 pounds. From the peculiar mineral deposit on it, we should imagine that the man who grew it was employed among precious metals. From the many impurities found in the water sent us with the interesting specimen, we have no hesitation in pronouncing it to be Pillarcito's Lake water." The *T. C.*, on inquiring, found that an employé of the Mint, weighing some 250 pounds, had fallen in this lake last week, while fishing, and had lost his hat and some cuticle. Truly, the wonders of science are infinite.

Political Affairs seem so infernally mixed up that the *Town Crier* has determined, despite all the remonstrances of his friends, to publish a ticket of his own entirely outside any other ticket or convention. Having not yet had time to decide which is the best paying position for sale, he reserves the right to nominate himself for any place he may afterwards see fit to choose. For Mayor, he will vote for and use all his vast influence to get in Emperor Norton—i. e., if that imperial gentleman will condescend to take office. For Sheriff, as knowing the City Hall better than any one else, and having more to say for less money, and more cheek than Abraham had nose, Bailiff Englander. For Chief of Police, Ourtaine. He knows how it is himself, and so would be lenient toward "old crooks." On second consideration, the *T. C.* won't have any Supervisors, but will do all the work himself and take all the fees. Having not quite made up his mind as to the merits of some five thousand applicants for his patronage for minor offices, the *T. C.* will reserve his decision till such time as he can see who pays most and can be best depended upon.

A Chronicle reporter, who, by the bye, seems ubiquitous, interviewed Mrs Gerbach, the lady whose name is more or less mixed up with her husband's murder. That lady, among other interesting items, confided to the reporter that Captain Tarbett went feeling around her in a way she professes not to have liked. He made her strip to her chemise in order to look for "blood stains." He pressed both his hands on her person. Not contented with the first examination, he stripped her again. He then examined the dirty clothes basket through and found a blood stain on a cast-off chemise. Highly delighted with his bloody trophy, he eagerly paraded the chemise, pointing out with glee the mark, which Mrs. G. says was merely "In memoriam" of a fat flea killed on the exact spot some fortnight previously. What a consummate ass Tarbett must be, or else what a liar the reporter is. We leave our readers to form their own opinions on the subject. We have ours. *Arcades Ambo.*

Judging from the style of the young hoodlumesses who have recently been sent to that abiding place, a rock of moral filth must ascend to heaven through the chimneys of the Magdalen Asylum. A *conversazione* among its charming inmates must be a really lively and entertaining affair. In fancy we hear the pure, forcible English of Pug Nosed Nell as she tells of her last lark with Two-Fingered Jack, the pleasant reminiscence of [illegible] Eared Mol as she recounts her vagabond wanderings with the Hoodlum Prince, or some innocent faced nurse-girl telling how she fooled her mother for five whole months by carrying home her wages earned in a Market street dancing school. The pious sisters may teach *paters* and *aves* by the dozen, but they are not studying to *pater* and *ave* when they get out.

Miss Georgie Loomis, of Shiel's Opera House, has been offered a three year's engagement at Mrs Conway's Brooklyn Theater.—*Daily Papers.* We trust the young lady mentioned will add a fringe to her petticoats before her departure. Even an inch of indecency covered would retrieve our reputation somewhat, and we don't care to have Mrs Conway or any other woman imagine that young persons are in the habit of promenading our stage with only six inches of cloth between the armpits and their knees. This pert young person would doubtless make an excellent model, but since Eve brought fig leaves into fashion, artists have not been in the habit of setting up their easels in the dress circle of a theater, and we don't care to have the idea started while we are in town.

"Small potatoes, and few in a hill," is a pithy expression upon which it is unnecessary to enlarge for people to know that reference is made to that struggling effort, the *Post.* We have sometimes glanced over this sheet to ascertain to what depths of twaddle the English language can descend, but we never realize this paper's utter lack of matter until we read an article by "our lady reporter," upon the subject of woman's sphere. We have been trying ever since to determine what is the sphere of this hatchet faced, spooky creature herself, and we have settled that she is a wedge, one, however, upon whom the great Constructor forgot to put a thick end. It is perhaps in consequence of this oversight that she is of no particular use, as far as can be ascertained, either to the *Post* or any one else, excepting her landlady.

When the last trump shall summon the just and unjust to take their bath either up stairs or down in the coal-hole, no balloons will be required for San Francisco; and as the kind Gabriel, or whoever does the trumping, will of course find the hole, no picks will be required for sinking purposes. Pickering will quietly descend, wrapped in a *Call*, with a St. Louis paper necktie, while Deacon Fitch, with a *Bulletin* as a fig leaf, will quietly withdraw from the public gaze. The *T. C.* will of course ascend on his aviator, with *News Letter* wings. Open arms will receive him, and all will be bounty.

The suspension of the Daily United Irishman, fresh importations of Chinese females, the threatened resignation of Sands Foreman from the Democratic Committee, and other depressing influences of the week, have had their effect on city scavenger and fancy stocks generally. Returns of the peanut crop are awaited with feverish anxiety.

The Gerbach-Nash murder case points a moral. The moral of it is, that when you have made up your mind to kill an old man, in order to marry his young wife, you had better keep your own counsel, and not take her into your confidence till the job is neatly done, and the fuss attending it is all over.

William Johnson was a young man of vicious propensities; reveling in the eradication of juvenile virtue until a *Curtain* lecture struck him forcibly last Monday morning. He turned from the error of his ways, and joined the flying brigade of hoodlum angels being recruited from this station.

Captain Tarbett, the Oakland detective, seems to have an appreciative eye for female beauty. That's a pleasant fancy of his for taking a young woman into her bed-room, stripping her to the skin, and "feeling of her all over," in order to "look for traces of blood."

And now the niggers have commenced harping on the inferior race. Alas, poor John! Was it not enough to hear the hog trotting brogans already grinding his shoulders to clamber into the cockloft of social equality?

WEARY.

Editor News Letter:—Not long ago you inserted a parody on "Weary." As the original is so beautiful, and I have never seen a reprint of it in any of our papers, would you kindly oblige some ladies by giving it space in your columns. I append a copy in case you should not have one by you.

August 18, 1873. A CONSTANT READER.

WEARY.

Weary of living, so weary!
Longing to lie down and die,
To find for the sad heart and dreary,
The end of the pilgrimage nigh.

Weary, so weary of wishing
For a form that is gone from my sight;
For a voice that is hushed to me ever,
For eyes that to me were so bright.

For a hand to be laid on my forehead,
A glimpse of the golden brown hair;
For a step that to me was sweet music,
And a brow that was noble and fair.

Weary, so weary of waiting!
Waiting for sympathy sweet,
For something to love and love me,
And pleasures that are not so fleet.

Tired, so tired of drifting
Adown the dark stream of life!
Tired of breasting the billows—
The billows of toil and strife!

Wishing and waiting so sadly,
For love that was sweetest and best!
Willing to die, O, so gladly,
If that would bring quiet and rest.

We hope to be again favored by the lady who sends us the above pretty gem.—[ED.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

In England, Dr. Kenealy continues his address in the Tichborne Claimant's trial. Roger, "the reprobate," is represented as developing into the defendant, without memory or moral sense—a man not to be depended upon in anything he says, but not committing wilful and corrupt perjury.——The new seven per cent. Egyptian loan of £32,000,000 has been introduced.——The bank rate of discount was reduced on July 31st from 4 to 3½ per cent.——An immense land avalanche from a mountain side has occurred near Seina, Peru, which has dammed up the river, raising it 109 feet, and engineers fear that the waters will break their bounds and flood the city of Seina.——The town of Petorca, Chile, has suffered great damage recently from earthquakes.——The Duke of Brunswick died recently in Geneva, Switzerland.——Rapid progress is being made with the scheme for the presentation of a line of railway to the Emperor of China. Telegrams report the occurrence of a severe typhoon at Amoy.——It is announced that in the new Postal Treaty between America and Japan the rate will be fixed at fifteen cents the half-ounce.——Herr von Mohl has been appointed German Consul at Singapore.——A report of Consul Ricketts upon the trade of the Philippine Islands is summarized. ——Fire in Quebec; loss, $770,000.——The Duke of Brunswick died of apoplexy, aged 69. He was the son of that famous Duke whom Byron calls "Brunswick's fated chieftain," killed at Waterloo, and the grandson of that aspiring Duke who led the Austrian and Prussian allies at Almy, against the French under Dumouriez, and was defeated. The Duke leaves no heirs, and Brunswick goes to Prussia.——The Communist insurrection has gained strength in Spain, and the insurgents have formed an independent Government at Carthagena. They are also in possession of Granada, Seville, and Valencia—which cities are, however, being besieged by Government troops—and have made an unsuccessful attempt to capture Almeria. The Carlists have gained a battle in Navarre, but otherwise have made little progress.——The new Treaty of Commerce between England and France has been adopted by the Assembly, which has since been prorogued until November.——The trial of Marshal Bazaine will commence in October, and about three hundred witnesses are to be called for the prosecution.——The iron-masters of Manchester, London, are determined on a lock-out—one-tenth of the men to commence Saturday next, and to follow every two weeks by a lock-out of one-tenth of the men then employed. It is probable that the movement thus inaugurated in Manchester by masters will extend throughout the country. The iron-workers of Bolton have resolved on a strike by all hands. The aspect of affairs excites great interest in London, as an extensive strike is apprehended. The points in dispute between the masters and men have reference to the rates for piece-work and over-time. The Society of Engineers have on hand a fund of $500,000, with which they will assist the iron-workers.——It is rumored that the proposed fusion between the Orleanists and Legitimatists has been abruptly ended, owing to the Count de Chambord refusing to accept the tri-color.——The work of laying a cable from London to Rio Janeiro was commenced August 21st.——Espartero has advised the Madrid Government to appoint General Manuel Mocha to the chief command in the northern provinces bordering on the Bay of Biscay, and General Morinas commander in Navarre.——A special dispatch says the Carlist forces amount to twenty-five strong battalions.——Dispatches just received by the Government from Palermo state that a desperate fight had taken place between the Government force and a band of brigands near that city. The chief of the brigands, named Manzle, was killed, and nearly the entire band exterminated.——The Ministry have resolved to refuse amnesty to the Gronalic prisoners now in the hands of the Government. All of them will be transported to Cuba.——The Republican troops hold the town of Berga. The Carlists have withdrawn their forces from before the city.——A special dispatch says the Carlists, under Dorragiera, Lizarago, Ollo and Don Carlos, amount to twenty-five strong battalions.

ANOTHER VERDICT AGAINST AN INSURANCE CO.

For nearly a week past the United States Circuit Court, held by Judge Hoffman, in this city, has been occupied in the trial of Lee *vs.* the Guardian Mutual Life Insurance Company. It was a suit on a Policy of Insurance for $5,000, issued in January, 1870, to plaintiff, on the life of her late husband. Two years ago Messrs. Quint & Hardy, the then Attorneys for Mrs. Lee, brought suit on this Policy in the 4th District Court, which resulted in a *non-suit*. Some time elapsed, when Mrs. Lee retained as her counsel another very celebrated lawyer of this city, who, after two trials, succeeded on Thursday last in getting a verdict for $6,000 and upwards, being the amount of Policy and interest. On the second trial the jury stood ten to two for plaintiff. The company defended on the ground that there appeared in the written "application" signed by Lee, mis-statements as to the age of the insured, and also as to the state of his health. Doctors were introduced on both sides, who differed greatly in their views as to the man's real physical condition. The chief matter in controversy seemed to be, whether Lee really made the representations claimed by defendant to be untrue. The evidence on the point was decidedly conflicting, and the defence having introduced one Tuttle as a witness to contradict the plaintiff, her counsel, on cross-examination, elicited the fact that Tuttle had served two years in States Prison for stealing a mule. This created a sensation not set down in the programme. Tuttle's wife swore it at after the second trial Mrs. Lee was very bitter on the defendant's counsel, but said her own counsel was quite the best man she had ever seen. This caused immoderate laughter in the Court Room. No point was neglected on either side. On the occasion of some former forensic triumph of our independent neighbor, L. E. Bulkeley, we passed encomiums upon his remarkable success as an Advocate, for which he called us to account on the street, and requested that in future we refrain from so doing, as he asked no favors of anybody, and for that reason we *have* refrained from mentioning that he was the counsel for the plaintiff on these last two trials.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

The Costa Rica sails for Honolulu to-day.——The *Japan* went into Dry Dock on Friday.——J. B. Felton let himself out on politics Thursday. He still lives.——Mrs. Fagan, the lady who got into a little pecuniary trouble about a draft on Wells Fargo, indorsed by Tyler Curtis, was surrendered by her bondsmen on Wednesday. She now languishes in jail.——Charles Burroughs, a "sport," fell down stairs on Wednesday and fractured his skull. He died a few hours later.——John McComb has instituted a suit against trustees of Mooney's Bank.——Montgomery Avenue is slowly yet surely approaching completion. There are several sections of rooms, which, on account of their peculiar shape, will let cheap. Landlords, look out!——The clipper ship *Three Brothers* lies at the end of Clay street. It is impossible to recognize the old *Vanderbilt* in the Trinity in unity-clipper.——The Placard Exchange, on Merchant street, attracts much attention.——*The Arizona*, from Panama, brought $112,000, chiefly from Mexico.

To Arable Farmers.—Good name for a pet daughter—Arabella.

THE CURSE OF CALIFORNIA.

Curses are of many kinds. There is the Curse of Kehama and the tinker's curse; the curse of Clifton, for which Mrs. Southworth is responsible, and the long list of curses, great and small, produced by that other old woman, the Pope. But great or small, born in a garret or bred in a kitchen, they are of the same family, and there is one end to them all; they come home to roost. The special affliction of California in this line is the daily press, filled, year in and year out, with malignity and falsehood and venom and misrepresentation, scattered broadcast, wherever the name and products of California are known. To read these organs of public opinion and chroniclers of passing events, one might believe that our officials were all thieves, our merchants swindlers, our schools sinks of iniquity, our community the offscourings of the human race. The *Commercial Herald* well says: "One has only to pick up a daily San Francisco journal and peruse its contents, especially the selected reading matter, to be convinced that high tragedy is suited to our tastes." The only correction we should make in this extract would be to add before "journal" the two words, "or Sacramento." So far as the *Herald* goes, it is right; but there are matters which it does not touch. The petty spite against all enterprising citizens, the systematic, sleepless defamation of private character, the lust of power at any cost; these hideous characteristics of our daily press, which are but hinted at by the commercial paper, force themselves on the attention of every stranger as of every citizen, who has absented himself long enough to become accustomed to a more wholesome atmosphere. A gentleman of character and standing, a pioneer, but recently returned from a visit to the East and to Europe, asked us but yesterday: "What has got into your daily papers that they rival one another in working all the harm they can to California? The *Sacramento Union* and the *Bulletin* and *Call*, more especially, could not be more hostile to all the interests of the State, if they had been established for the purpose of ruining all its prospects. I have heard a great deal of talk as to the means of promoting immigration. I can tell you the infallible means. Suppress these three papers; put an end to the nauseous slanders, the inconceivable maliciousness of these sheets, and immigration will come to you as surely as water seeks its level. What is the fate of any public or private enterprise, which has not paid toll to these papers? The three mouths open in concert against it. If any man has offended one of the heads of this Cerberus, let him beware! No matter how high-placed or how lowly he may be, how stainless soever his character before his fellow-men, the foulest revilings, the grossest insults will be his portion; and, as a sheep before her shearers is dumb, he may not open his mouth in answer. His political enemy may safely vituperate him in the columns of these respectable journals, the distinctive fireside papers of the State; and the man, whose enterprise has quickened the prosperity of every citizen, may rejoice to see himself held up to detestation as a brute of the lowest type. This is the best thing we have been able to do, in the way of a daily press, after so many years of trial. It is against the influence of such guides that the public conscience has struggled to maintain itself. Well might Baron Hübner remark, in 1871: "Je n' ai vu nulle part des journaux quotidiens plus dépravés que ceux de San Francisco. En les parcourant je n' ai remarqué que récriminations, insultes, grossièretés, que ferait frémir un exalté de Belleville. Le *Bulletin*, journal du Soir, se fait distinguer surtout par un petit ton doucereux et des minauderies hypocrites qui dévoilent plus qu'ils ne couvrent, d' atroces calomnies."

It is a serious question for the people whether they are to continue to support such papers, the loathing of every intelligent and honorable mind, or to apply the ready and wholesome alternative.

WHAT IS FAME?

The idle man calls it luck—the old man who has outlived all his youthful aspirations calls it nonsense—the fool looks for it in notoriety, even to the extent of making himself infamous. The wise man looks upon it as a means to an end, the ambitious and vain glorious as the end itself. Once attained, the crowd of competitors that rush in renders it hard to hold, unless such a hight is attained that few or none dare attempt to scale it. Such an elevation, in its particular branch of industry, has been achieved by the White House. It can now afford to be daring. Witness those stunning mysteries at present in their windows. Long walking coats for ladies, with metal buttons like cheese plates. Another evidence of Fame is the being pointed at. People don't say Post street, but the street where the White House is at the corner, and the Ladies' Lifting Gymnasium advertises itself as over so and so's shop, and the next door but one to the White House. The institution has become, like the meridian of Greenwich, a center, or starting point, in addition to its acknowledged attraction to purchasers.

MIRACLES OF OUR TIMES.

Those who believe that the age of miracles is not yet past: that the powdered blood of St. Januarius becomes liquid for the space of twelve hours on a certain day of each revolving year; that in favored Italy painted Virgins wink, and wooden Virgins shed tears to confirm the faith of the doubting; that even in San Francisco the hands and feet of pious maidens are miraculously perforated with bloody holes for the greater confusion of heretics and scoffers; that malefactors are still translated to Paradise after the precedent of the penitent thief; that Russell and the "Chicken" went direct from the gallows to glory by ghostly express—those who believe these things will find but little difficulty in believing also that Fitch and Pickering have been converted in the twinkling of an eye from greedy, grasping, unprincipled schemers into pure, unselfish, public-spirited citizens, and disinterested "friends of the people."

The Press Excursionists.—The members of the excursion party, who are editors of leading journals in the East, including the New York Independent and Horticulturist, Phrenological Journal and Science of Health, Rural New Yorker, New York Sun, Philadelphia Press, Gardner's Monthly Journal of the Farm, Harper's Magazine and Weekly, New England Farmer, Country Gentleman, Rural World, Chicago Tribune, Springfield Daily Union, West Chester, Pa., Village Record, American Rural Home, New England Homestead, Norwich Daily Bulletin and Weekly Courier, Rochester Democrat, Aldine, Troy Times, Northampton, Mass., Gazette, Out West, New York Evening Post and American Agriculturist, spent the day recently in visiting different places of interest in Salt Lake City. They will remain until Saturday resting from the fatigue of their journey, and gather all the information possible concerning Salt Lake City and Utah, and then proceed to California and San Francisco.

The Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals.—The above Society held their annual meeting on the 18th ult., in the rooms of the Placard Exchange. The following is a statement of the finances of the Society. The receipts during the year amounted to $855 20, being as follows: In treasury June 1, 1872, $3 60, annual subscriptions, $215, donations, $18, fines, $555, miscellaneous sources, $14 70. The expenses were as follows: Secretary's salary to January 15, 1873, $225, rent of office, $120, prosecution, $38, publications and advertising, $105 75, postage and stationery, $15 80, office furniture, $39 68, bookbinding, $2, badges, $91 50, transportation, $3, leaving $119 07 in the treasury. The Society expects that the next Legislature will allow it to extend its operations beyond the limits of San Francisco, and we hope that such will be the case. Much cruelty is practiced up the country, especially on horses.

614 Merchant street, San Francisco, August 20, 1873.—To the proprietors of the California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau. Gentlemen: The Executive Committee of the San Francisco Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals tender to you the thanks of the Society for the use of your rooms for the purpose of holding the annual meeting of the Society, on the 18th inst.

NATHANIEL HUNTER, Secretary.

A Georgia Deacon who had been a stout opponent of a new organ which his church had purchased, when called upon recently to close the service, said—"Call on the machine! If it can sing the glory of God, it can pray too. Call on the machine!"

A little while ago they had the Quakers; now they have got the Jumpers.

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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, AUG. 23, 1873. No. 30.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street, No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—875@890—SILVER BARS—1½@3 Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86¾@87¾. Mexican Dollars, 4½@5c., new; 5½c., old. Trade Dollar, 2½c. prem.

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☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, August 22, at 3 P.M., 115⅝. Latest price of Sterling, 108@108¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. . . . . August 22, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s '65-7-8	105	101	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	117	120
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	101	102	Oakland 10s	105	107
U. S. Bonds 5-20s 1861	101	102	Spring Valley Water Co	81	83
Legal Tender Notes	87	87½	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57.	97½	100	Central Railroad Company...	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855.	93	98	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co....	61	62½
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	92	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	16	18
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s.	90	100	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds......	80	82½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	65	70
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co......	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s.......	83	90	Union Insurance Co	90	93
Santa Clara Bonds, 8........	90	—	Pacific Bank..................	80	85
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s..	85	91	The Bank of California.......	123	127
San Francisco Gas Light Co.	67	68	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	160

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METALS.	PRICES.	TEAS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1...	$50 00 @ 52 50	Japans....	$—30 @ —75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 3 @ 4	Oolong..	— 50 @ — 65
Metal Sheathing, ℔....	— 24 @ — 25	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No. 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 9½
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box...	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island.........	— 7 @ — 9½
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila..............	— 3 @ — 7½
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American......	— 11 @ — 11½
Banca Tin, ℔	— 36 @ — 38	Moscovado............	— 7 @ — 8
Quicksilver	1 10 @ — —	Peruvian	— 7 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton....	9 00 @ 11 00	Sperm Wax, ℔........	— 30 @ — 44
Australian	9 00 @ 9 50	Adamantine.........	— 14 @ — 18
Cumberland.....	20 00 @ 23 50	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	10 00 @ 12 00	Whisky, American.......	1 95 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay..........	8 50 @ — —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American......	2 00 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ℔	— 20 @ — 21	Rum, Jamaica........	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government..	— 24 @ — 25	Brandy, French......	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 20 @ — —	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	— 20 @ — 21	Chicken Gunnies, 30-℔	— — @ — 21
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales.....	— — @ — 20
China, No 1, ℔.....	— 6½@ — 6½	Burlap Bags	— 15½@ — —
China, No 2	— 5½@ — 5½	Hessian, 45-inch, ℔ yard	— 11 @ — 12
Hawaiian	— 6½@ — 7½	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool, ℔	— 14 @ — 37
Champagne, ℔ doz	30 00 @ 35 00	Tallow..............	— 7 @ — —
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	3 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 11 @ — 15
Sherry, do, do	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 ℔s..........	2 05 @ 2 15
OIL.		Barley..............	1 25 @ 1 35
Coal and Kerosene	— 30 @ — 40	Oats	1 50 @ 1 70
		Flour, ℔ 196 ℔s........	5 10 @ 6 50

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, Aug 22d, 1873.—Gold opened at 115¼, 11 A. M. at 115⅛, 1 P. M. at 115⅝. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 116¼; 1867, 119½. Sterling Exchange, 108@108¾. Pacific Mail, 40¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 37. Wheat, $1 55@$1 65 quiet. Pork, 18½, dull. Cotton, 19½. Hides, dry, 23½@24, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 40@$1 45 fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 45@$1 70, Whale, quiet, 68@85c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 68@73c. Wool—Spring, fine, 30@32c.; Burry, 16@22c.; Pulled, 30@45c. Fall Clips, 16@25c.; Burry, 14@17c. LONDON, Aug 22.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 4d.@12s. 7d. Club, 12s. 8d@12s. 9d. United States Bonds, 90½. Consols, 91⅝@92¼; ac., 92¾.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

August 20th, 1873.—Fall Wool is now commencing to arrive, but sales as yet have been light at 9 a 11c for Burry, 12 a 16½c for average to good, and 17½c for choice. Spring Wools remains unchanged and quiet, the stock, however, is very much reduced. WATT & MCLENNAN, Wool Commission Merchants, 625 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Friday's telegrams from Liverpool report fine weather in England; a firm wheat market; steady prices, with a good French demand at hardening prices.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

The Wheat movement during the past ten days has been of very considerable magnitude, not less than 100,000 tons having changed hands within the time specified. The price paid for this grain ruled from $2, the opening price, to $2 15 per cental. The bulk of it was bought at $2 10@2 12½. It will be remembered that the price paid for new Wheat in July was about $1 65@1 75, steadily advancing in August to $1 80@1 85. About the middle of the month large purchases on speculation were made at $1 77½ up to $2. Here there was a short pause, when a large purchase (aland was made of 23,000 tons, reported at $2 07½, and soon followed by sales of 23,000 tons to a shipper at $2 10, 5,000 tons at $2 12½, 5,000 tons at $2 15. Millers and distillers were not idle during this excitement. The Star Mills at Vallejo bought largely, and so did the Golden Age Mills of this city. Other millers and operators stocked up freely at $2@2 05; while those millers who, a few weeks since, contracted for 40,000 bbls. flour for export took good care to fortify themselves against loss before the wheat market touched $1 90 per cental. At this writing the Wheat market shows continued firmness. It is now asserted that one-third of the Wheat crop of the State has already changed hands. The farmers have lately shown a commendable disposition to sell their Wheat at two cents and upwards. This they will no doubt continue to do, following up the market changes. Judging from present indications, the bulk of the Wheat crop will soon pass from the hands of the farmers into those of millers and shippers, and be controlled by a few parties. There is now no longer any prospect for cheap bread during the current harvest year, France and England taking all our surplus at big prices.

Eastern telegraphic advices notice a considerable decline in sterling exchange in New York under the influence of gathering elements for another gold corner and a large supply of bills. The borrowing of bills to sell for gold was one of the means last year to concentrate coin, and the rate has now dropped to 107¾ for prime California grain bills, less a commission, which is equal to 50⅜ in the San Francisco mode of quotation. This is 1d less than at the same date last year. The prospect is rough on the shippers of wheat, who are now giving $2 10 for wheat to go on board ships chartered at £4 15s and getting 49¾d for bills, while last year they were giving $1 50 for wheat, £4 14s for freight, and 49d for bills, with the same prices for grain in Liverpool as last year. The sales of American stocks, grain and cotton are greatly increased by cheap money in England, while the importations of goods are less. There is, therefore, a large supply of bills and a diminished demand.

The Ship Three Brothers—formerly the Vanderbilt steamship—is now at the wharf foot of Clay street, taking on her spars and rigging and being otherwise fitted for the merchant service. This magnificent ship is of 4,500 tons capacity—the largest merchantman afloat. Her destination has not yet been determined upon. She belongs to George Howes & Co., and is to be commanded by Captain Cummings, formerly of the clipper ship Young America. Captain Cummings is now here, and is actively engaged in superintending all its details.

California and Nevada Prizes at the Vienna Exposition.—Among the awards at the Vienna Exposition and Guido Kustle, were the following for the Pacific Coast: Joseph Neumann, of California, for cocoons; C. G. Watkins, of San Francisco, for photographs; G. P. Kugtel, of California, for minerals; Sutro Tunnel Company, of Nevada, for mine models. The talented son of Guido Kustle, Henry Kustle, will shortly return to San Francisco and establish himself there as a wood engraver.

Died.—Margaret Elliott Lapidge, of Anderton, Davenport, England, aged 83 years, daughter of Sir James Elliott, K. C. B., sister of the present Sir William Elliott, Admiral of the Royal Navy, and widow of Admiral Lapidge, R. N. The deceased is the lamented and much respected mother of our universally esteemed Captain Lapidge, of the P. M. S. S. Co.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, August 1, 1873. Mrs. Major Hensley and family, Charles Hensley, William M. Lent and family, C. F. Fargo, Capt. Talbot, Misses Talbot, Howard Dickinson, Mrs. W. M. Thornburgh, John Mackay and family, Mrs. Hogbee, Mrs. Charles Lux, George Sanderson, Mrs. A. L. Barnes, Mrs. C. Reis and family.

San Franciscans Abroad.—PARIS.—Miss McGlinn, 9 Rue Castiglione; Josephus B. Joseph, Grande Hotel; Mrs. J. W. Mackay and family, Hotel Splendide; Dr. Chas. McToiston, 3 Rue Monsigny; H. Starrs Stone, 1 Rue D'Antin; Mrs. and Miss Tuthill, 111 Rue Mathurine.—*American Register.*

Notice—The *News Letter's* contributions are this week beyond all precedent. We could, if so disposed, produce three *News Letters'* full of original matter. We hope to find a vent for this sparkling and satiric avalanche in some daily or semi-weekly form. But of this more anon.

"Another Million."—The British ship *British Consul*, to Balfour, Guthrie & Co., has arrived, 171 days from Liverpool, with 1,000,000 grain sacks. This large addition to our stock knocks the bag market endwise. Price nominal—13c for standard, 22x36, hand-sewed.

The Democratic meeting at Platt's Hall last night was well attended. The Hall was crammed, and groups outside were discussing the ticket.

Mexican dollars, about $250,000 by recent arrivals, sold at 5 per cent. for the new style dollars, and 6½ per cent. premium for the old eagle.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

THE HANDWRITING ON THE WALL.

Mr. Editor:—I witnessed last Sabbath evening the most remarkable phenomenon which has been brought under the observations of the ministers of God of this or any other age; the handwriting on the wall at the feast of Belshazzar was nothing in comparison to it. In ancient days, when the angels of the Lord came down from heaven and fell in love with the daughters of men, it was fashionable to have miracles daily. It pleased the vulgar herd, and satisfied the wonder craving of the untutored multitude, but in this practical and materialistic age we look for better things, and hope for a very different state of affairs. We had fondly dreamed that the march of mind, guided by the unerring light of reason in this enlightened nineteenth century, had led the wandering footsteps of a progressive civilization from out the murky shadows of superstition, and that we were now walking in the broad noon-day glare of common sense, far beyond the boundary of supernatural revelation. But it seems we have been mistaken. I, for one, have been rudely awakened from a dream of fancied security. The people have often asked for a sign in the heavens, but their teachers have invariably told them that the days of signs and wonders were past; that they must look to the clergy for a through ticket to heaven; that they—the clergy—were vice-regents of God, envoys extraordinary and ministers plenipotentiary from the high court of heaven, duly accredited, and with full powers to engage in the soul-saving business on this sinful globe. Many timid and unthinking souls have full confidence in these blasphemous ranters, who damn everything an inch high and a minute old that does not run in the narrow theological groove which they have whittled out for the million, but the majority of intelligent men have in all ages treated the ravings of gospel peddlers as second-hand home-made thunder, and passed it by with a glance of contemptuous scorn; but since the strange occurrence of last Sunday evening, I am convinced that there is somewhere a powerful unknown intelligence, operating at times with sufficient force to suspend the action of what we know as natural law, and using electricity as an agent, so material as to be seen, felt, and even heard in an audible voice. This was the case last Sabbath evening. Nearly all of the leading clergymen of the city and county of San Francisco had met in response to a call from the Most Rev. Bishop [illegible], in regard to adopting some measures to memorialize Congress, to the end of incorporating a personal God into the Constitution of the United States. There were also present several divines from the neighboring counties, two Bishops and four female missionaries from the east. The individual names of the holy conclave are suppressed from motives of decency and as a special favor to the Lord's anointed. We had just reached our [illegible] in commemorating the last supper of our Lord and suspended the rules to take a vote on the all-important question of God or no God, when a low rumbling sound, like distant thunder, smote upon our ears. Immediately followed by a strange, deep-toned sepulchral voice, crying: "Stop these unhallowed proceedings, turn your eyes and behold what is written on the east wall." Each terror-stricken wretch turned his affrighted gaze eastward and sat paralyzed with a nameless horror, while the following, reaching from base to the ceiling, was written in letters of electric light from floor to ceiling, on the east wall of our temple. The only one who had any presence of mind was a short-hand reporter by the name of Riley, who took down the following fiery

MESSAGE.

Ye vain, conceited worms who crawl
Through life on this terrestrial ball;
Ye, in whose egotism, find
The metes and bounds for human kind;
Ye vipers, by whose scheming brains
Dark superstition's galling chains
Are coiled about the human soul,
Till reason loses all control;
How dare ye, ye base, benighted crew,
Meet and concoct your schemes anew,
By which with sport to gorge your maw,
Under the patronage of law?
Dare ye in this progressive age,
Attempt to soil the sacred page,
On which an honest patriot's hand
Wrote deathless freedom for our land?
Poor gruel and dare ye hope to cram
Your self-made, home-made, great I am,
With all your bible's foul pollution,
Within Columbia's Constitution?
Ye canting, whining, snivelling knaves,
Glance backward o'er the bloody graves
Of countless millions who were taught
To fall before your Juggernaut,
That son a crushed out, torn limb from limb,
An offering to some priestly whim.
Compare church history's sickening tale
With what proud science brings to light,
And hear the never ceasing wail
From out religion's murky night.
Piety, like nightshade's deadly dew,
Hath poisoned mankind through and through.
While science, like the rising sun,
Sheds glory over every one;
And now, because the march of mind,
Hath left your dogma's far behind,
You wish, like Eden's fabled snake,
To crawl within our paradise,
And from Columbia's hand to take
Her birthright, in exchange for lies,
You'd place the cause of every ill,
In power, above the people's will;
The kid-gloved knaves of upper ten
Could then grind out the souls of men,
And Church and State go hand in hand,
And tax the laborer's of our land,
The lazy few could rob the many,
And turn for heaven an honest penny.
Vain hope! your father, son and ghost
Are reckoning now without their host;
I speak as your own story goes—
Ye are the cause of all the woes
That curse, or ever cursed our race,
In every land, or time, or place,
Insidious vipers have crawled in,
Loaded with venom, vice, and sin,
Covering the multitude with slime
Of murder, rapine, lust and crime;
The same old snake is still in sight,
Ye only want the strength to bite.
Think ye, by pious resolution,
To place God in our Constitution?
Beware! the people are not fools, [tools.
You are playing now with sharp-edged
Don't ask Columbia's sons to barter,
For your small heaven, their Magna Charter;
Try not with pious hand to grapple,
From freedom's tree the golden apple;
Think not Columbia to deceive,
As once you did your mother Eve;
Ye saints, ye should a lesson take
From that great exploit of your snake—
He promised life, death came to all,
And ye still on your bellies crawl;
We teach the young idea to shoot
Vipers who touch forbidden fruit.

The Rev. Mr. Hemphill offered me a large price for this article, as he wished to read it to Zach Montgomery, but I preferred sending it to the *News Letter*, as through that medium I could speak to a much more intelligent and worthy audience. Yours, on the war-path,

The Oaks, August, 1873. THE PARSON.

FLY SEASON.

We need not say that this is the hight of the fly season, nor should there be a need of impressing upon wives the necessity of keeping dining-rooms darkened until dinner is ready. No man likes to sit down in a glare of light and a swarm of flies to eat a hot dinner. And he won't do it either. He will seize the first thing he can get hold of, and go for those flies. It may be a towel, or it may be a linen coat, but it is more likely, we are pained to say, to be a table-cloth, whose loose ends are constantly dropping out, and creating unexpected means of destruction. And when he has got those flies up to the window for the sixteenth time, and for the sixteenth time sees a third of them float out through one window and immediately sail back through another, with ten new acquaintances apiece, and the rest go back over the top of his head, that man will drop the balance of his sanity as if it was hot iron, and electing his heart and binding his eyes to the better and holier things of our nature, will dash in among those flies like a maniac, and inside of two minutes the long ends of that table-cloth will have lapped all the soot and dust from the stove pipe and door frames, denuded the mantel of its treasures, filled the air with hot soup and ice water, and broken the backs of five flies. Then the miserable wretch will grimly seat himself to the ruins and as grimly eat what is attainable, while the wife of his bosom will go into the bedroom, and close the door after her in such a manner as would make the foreman of a boiler factory jump.—*Danbury News.*

The heat has been so excessive in Baroda that "thousands of flying foxes have been found hanging dead in their roosting places!"

The "Claimant" took part in a pigeon shooting match at Manchester on a late occasion. He won the third prize of £10.

Jack—"I say, Tom, that old cod looks uncommonly dickey!" Tom—"Dickey! I should think so, rather! What's a cod without oyster sauce?"

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies:

Girard, of Philadelphia	$ [illegible]	Penn, of Philadelphia	$250,000
Amazon, of Cincinnati	2,[illegible]	Kansas, of Leavenworth	[illegible]
North Missouri, of St. Louis	[illegible]	Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago	[illegible]
St. Paul, of Minnesota	[illegible]	National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	1,[illegible]
Mutual Insurance Association, of New Orleans	[illegible]		

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.
HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents,
314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.
August 9.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $[illegible]. Officers—John H. Redington, President; [illegible], Vice-President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; [illegible], Marine Secretary; [illegible], General Manager. Directors—San Francisco—[illegible]. Oregon Branch—[illegible]. Hamilton Boyd, Manager. [illegible]. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—[illegible]. Julius Wetzlar, Manager, L. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—[illegible]. San Jose Branch—[illegible]. Grass Valley—[illegible]. Nevada. [illegible] Feb 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO OF S F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates. Prompt Settlement of Losses. Security. DIRECTORS.—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, [illegible], W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, [illegible], Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, [illegible], Jacob Scholle, [illegible]. Sacramento—[illegible]. Marysville—[illegible]. New York—[illegible]. GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice President. CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 228 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens:

DIRECTORS.—W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James H. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, D. B. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, S. D. Thayer, Jas. Phelan, Charles Main. C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. HORNER, Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets are now over SEVEN MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its policies non-forfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among its policy holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 22.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $8,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,1[illegible]. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
[Jan 13.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 208 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 14.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, [illegible] in any other responsible company. [illegible]
Jan 27. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others on application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 331 California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.
Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

CURLE & CO.

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room, No. 18 Stevenson's Building, [illegible] Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS IN THE DIFFERENT PARTS OF THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. P. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co.; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co.; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanseloth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co., Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres, Jacques Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Bourse.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co.; A. Willard, Esq.; James H. Langley.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnd Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co.; C. Dubois & Co.; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co.; Aldrich, Walker & Co.; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co., Rothschilds; Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co.; Delizy, Davies & Co., F'k Anstie, M. D.; "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co.; Alsop & Co.; Roth, Grunning & Co.; Bates, Stokes & Co.; Graham, Rowe & Co.; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; B. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Union Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co.; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co.; Roun de Fraissint.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co.; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumner & Co.; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co.; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co.; Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co.; Peele, Hubbell & Co.; Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimerman, Fair & Co.

COURT CHAT.

The Coronation of King Oscar took place at Drontheim on the 18th inst., and passed off brilliantly. The correspondent of a contemporary furnishes the following description of the ceremony: The *cortège* left the palace at a quarter past eleven, and proceeded towards the Cathedral. A wooden platform covered with red cloth was laid down in the streets leading to the edifice. Each side was lined with soldiers and blue jackets—the King being a sailor. First came two Heralds, the chief members of the Court, and the members of the Ministry. Then followed deputations from the Norwegian and Swedish Parliaments. The Royal cloak, sceptre, sword, and crown were each separately borne on red velvet cushions. On the right were Admiral Knap, of the Norwegian navy, and Colonel Hoff. On the left were General Nacser and the Chief Huntsman, Baron Wedel. The King came next, in a purple cloak, as a prince of the blood royal, the Chamberlains holding his train. By the King's side was the Swedish Minister for Foreign Affairs. Over his Majesty was a canopy carried by eight high officials. Next came the banner of the kingdom, borne by General Wergeland. Then Prince Arthur and his staff, followed by the Knights of the Orders of St. Olaf, the Sword, the North Star, etc. The Queen was the next to appear. Her train was held by ladies of the Court, and on each side of her was one of the Ministers. Other officials followed, as well as the wives of officers in the army and navy and the civil corps, etc. On arriving at the Cathedral door the King and Queen was met by the Bishop of Drontheim, who said:—"May the Lord always bless your coming in and going out, for now and evermore." Music played, the procession advanced up the nave, and the King seated himself on a throne to the right of the altar, the Queen sitting on the left, each with their suite in attendance. Around the altar were the bishops and clergy in their robes. In the gallery above the altar on the right were the foreign diplomats and officers. On the left the ladies. The crown and regalia were placed on the altar. The service commenced by the Bishop of Drontheim giving out a psalm, which was sung by the choir. The Bishop then preached a sermon. Then a clergyman chanted the Litany, the responses being given by the choir. More music and singing followed. At the words, "Take now the Crown," the King came forward to the throne placed before the altar, with his suite, and the princely cloak was changed for a regal one. He knelt on the cushion and uncovered his chest. The Bishop of Drontheim touched him on the forehead, breast, temples, and wrists with the oil from the God-Horn of Salvation, saying: "May God's Spirit and grace ever watch over you, and give you wisdom of thought and charity in your Royal actions, thereby glorifying God's holy name, and establishing truth and justice, and the people and country's welfare." A herald now stepped forward to the center, and raising his staff, exclaimed—"Now King Oscar the Second is King, him and no other." Everybody answered—"Long live King Oscar the Second!" Then followed a grand flourish of trumpets, and a salute of 112 guns. The King looked well, and had a very dignified bearing. After another psalm had been sung, he returned to his place, bowing to the officials. The two Ministers who conducted the Queen to the church now came forward and led her to the Throne, her train being held by ladies of the Court. The same ceremony then took place, excepting that she was anointed merely on the forehead and wrists. After being crowned the herald proclaimed, "Now Sophia is Queen of Norway, her and no other." There was a flourish of trumpets, and the people cried, "Long live the Queen!" Her Majesty returned to her seat, and after a few prayers and psalms the procession returned in the same order to the Palace, the Royal couple wearing their crowns and insignia.

We have seen a great deal written about Lord Westbury since his death, and should be glad to bestow a tribute of respect to the memory of so great a man. Columns are not at our disposal, but the following, we think, will enable many, if not thoroughly to understand him, at least to check off the value of those estimates of his character which, when unfavorable, have been so in a great measure from jealousy of success, and an incapacity to understand a nature which above all thing was not akin to theirs, being bitter against shallowness and mental shortcomings that aped intelligence, and unmercifully lashing of pretence that was endeavoring to hide its true quality from the world. The summary we offer is this:—Lord Westbury never lost sight of a client's interest, and often gave the priceless aid of his services frankly and free of cost. He would often look out a friend whose all was staked on a lawsuit and deliver him. A poor gentleman crushed and broken by sorrow, and with all the hopes of his life overwhelmed by threatening ruin, was startled late one Saturday afternoon by a visit from the shrewd and generous councellor. Sir Richard Bethell took him to his country house, and gave him all the time he had till Monday that he might see how to win the poor man's way to life and hope again; and he did so. What sort of man was the one to whom those characteristics belonged?

It is well known that the Bishop of Winchester did a considerable part of his correspondence on the railway; for that purpose he used always to secure a compartment for himself and friends, if any were traveling with him. Once at the Horsham Station two old maiden ladies would insist on saying that the carriage was not full. In vain the bishop tried to shock them (it was the St. Leger day) by asking for a *Sporting Gazette*, and saying that a special edition of the *Record* would probably be published to denounce his wickedness. At last he called the guard, and said, with imperturbable good humor, "Take these ladies and find them the most comfortable first-class carriage you can, and let them be by themselves." Inimitable and innumerable stories are of course remembered in every circle which he adorned with his presence, but most even accurately reported are marred by the absence of style and manner which so enhanced the value of his *bon mots*.

It is doubtful if his Majesty the Shah will be a good musician. In London he objected to the pretty bagpipes, and in Paris it is reported, after hearing the Persian national hymn which followed him like his shadow, he inquired of a French general if that were the *Marseillaise*. When he ascended the Arc de Triomphe, he was welcomed by a musical box playing the Persian patriotic air. The feeble effort contrasted strangely with the grand building. It was like tying a butterfly to the tail of an elephant as an ornament.

The Sultan has accepted as a present from the Khedive of Egypt the magnificent service of gold plate which was used at the grand dinner given to His Majesty by his Highness on the 5th, at Emirghian. The Sultan, in return, has presented to the Khedive a superb snuff or tobacco-box bearing the imperial cypher, and set in rich emeralds and brilliants of great price, the value of which is estimated at fully £20,000 sterling.

Japanese noblemen of the *ancien régime* are undergoing strange vicissitudes. One of them, Date, has wisely adapted himself to the progressive order of the day, and has turned his attention to the production of potted milk. We are told that his "brand" is in good repute among consumers.

"The Pope declined to receive the Shah upon religious grounds," so says a contemporary. We don't believe it. The Pope is, first of all, a polished gentleman, and offends no one upon religious grounds, though of course he rather believes in himself, a faith, however, he does not objectionably obtrude. So say all who "have had the honor."

President Grant, notwithstanding his increase of salary, figures in the list of delinquent taxpayers. He is still behind to the extent of about $720 on his farm near St. Louis, and a little tax bill against Mrs. Grant for less than $100 is still unpaid.

The value of the Bishopric of Winchester is now £7,000 a year. Winchester is one of the primary sees, and Dr. Wilberforce's successor will take his seat at once, without being called upon to act as junior prelate.

The cost of the public festivities to the Shah while in England amounted to quite £40,000, of which the State will be asked to pay £7,000, leaving the remainder to be paid by Her Majesty.

The Russian Grand Duke Alexis is expected back at St. Petersburg from his journey round the world on the 30th or 31st inst. He arrived at Tobolsk on the 12th inst.

The Queen of Greece is about to pay a visit to the Crimea.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 14, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said City and County, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,244,737 26, as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $ [illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor,
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL BUILDING

Office of Board of City Hall Commissioners, Corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, July 19, 1873.—Sealed proposals for furnishing certain material for a portion of the New City Hall Building and Hall of Records will be received at the office of the Board, until 12 o'clock, noon, of FRIDAY, the 22d day of August, A. D. 1873, for the following: 6,000,000 Bricks; [illegible] barrels Lime; 8,000 barrels Cement. And until 12 o'clock, noon, of WEDNESDAY, the [illegible] day of October, A. D. 1873, for the following: Rolled Iron Joists, Wrought Iron Girders. All according to specifications, schedule, plans and drawings, to be furnished by the Board.

No bid will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Forms of Proposal," and accompanied by a bond with two good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to ten per cent. of the total sum of the tender, conditioned for the due entering into the contract of the party to whom it may be awarded. The bids must be indorsed for the material proposed to be furnished, and addressed to the Secretary of the Board.

The specifications, schedule, plans and drawings can be seen, and all further information obtained at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposal will be furnished to intending bidders.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly, in "City Hall Warrants," of 75 per cent. of the estimated amounts due, and the remaining 25 per cent. when the contract is completed. The expense of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.
P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. O. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE,
July 26. Board of City Hall Commissioners.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished, and has four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built, not like a public hotel, but as it is named, an elegant Villa. "THE VILLA" is located at the last or northwestern gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANDENBERG & CO.,
August 2. Proprietors.

CHILI ALFALFA SEED OF THE NEW CROP,

Ex Steamer just arrived.—For sale in lots to suit, by S. W. MOORE & CO., Seedsmen,
July 19. No. 420 Sansome street, San Francisco.

ROBERT F. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 56 Montgomery Block. May 31.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions.
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH,	J. T. GLOVER,
C. T. WHEELER,	W. W. DODGE,
Sacramento.	San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

REMOVAL.

John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, has Removed to 330 Montgomery street, opposite the Odd Fellows' Building. Always prepared to discount good Commercial Paper at the lowest rates. City and County Property bought and sold. July 12.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.
NEVILLE & CO.,
112 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. [May 24.

L. H. NEWTON.] NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., [NORRIS NEWTON.
Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE, [H. A. MOORE.
Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 445 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Honey's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 15.

HAPPY DREAMS.

O dreams, happy dreams, I know not whether,
The waking up to find ye all untrue,
Does not o'erbalance all your unreal joys.
To find Love's warm embrace was but a sham,
A mere hallucination of the brain
The tender words dropp'd from a mother's lip,
A sister's cheering voice, but dreams, all false!
To wake and still the same old drudgery,
When I in fancy had been home—happy
There I had seen the dear old ivied church,
Which since my earliest childhood's days has been
To me a hallow'd and a sacred spot,
Whose graveyard I have trod as Brahmins tread,
Softly and still, lest I should wake the dead,
And with my childish fingers dared not rob
One single nest within death's nursery
But then again this life is a mere dream,
Sadder by half than yours, because more real.
So come back Past! Come back my happy dreams!
For with ye come my childhood's days once more,
The dear dead lips do seem to speak again,
What though I wake to find ye all untrue!
Your memories live, and with them lives the Past.

San Francisco, 1873. W. L. E.

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A lady correspondent of the Glasgow *Mail* writes as follows: The intense heat which has set in has made only the thinnest and lightest of materials endurable, and large flap hats are the order of the day. "The Shepherdess" is a very pretty style for young girls, and differs in no way from the broad brimmed hat of a few seasons ago, the most fashionable way of trimming them is with a turban or puggaree of white muslin edged with lace and carelessly twisted around the low crown. The fashion is as pretty as it is simple, and it must be a very ugly face indeed that it does not become. Anything more ungraceful than the newest style of gentlemen's head-gear I never saw. It looks precisely like a wash-hand basin turned upside down, and is a white linen covering with the edges kept out by thin wire worn over the hat. The pith helmets are ugly enough, but these "sun defiers," as they are called, are ten times more hideous. The newest dresses from Paris have long skirts, and the milliners say that the day of short dresses is over. I hope not, for trains that sweep the streets are a great nuisance and very heavy. The prettiest ball dress I have seen this season was made entirely of white tulle with almost as many skirts as a ballet dancer's. They are light and fell so beautifully one over the other that they looked like a cloud. The upper skirt was caught up here and there with sprays of the most delicate fern, and a wreath of fern encircled the body. Very few petticoats are required with these "Zephyr" dresses, and they look exceedingly graceful. Very long wreaths are worn for ball dresses, commencing on the shoulder and crossing the dress to the opposite knee. A pretty style of silk ruching, with a black center, is very much used for trimming. The Princess of Wales and her sister drove out the other day in blue and white striped silk grenadine costumes, trimmed with ruches of blue and black. The ugly hats and bonnets which ladies wore stuck at the back of their head at the commencement of the season are rapidly disappearing, and giving place to the more becoming ones which go on the top of the head. So few faces could stand the [illegible] and all its eccentric variations that it is rarely seen except on young girls whose fresh faces need no aid from outward adornment. The hats covered with plumes of mousseline are not nearly so much worn this month and the tulle ends and lappets seem to be going out of fashion. The style for hats seems to incline to the severely simple, the only ornament being a bunch of flowers at the left side, rather to the back. I saw a French lady at a garden party in rather a curious costume the other day. The dress was a pretty shade of salmon color, trimmed with brown, and was very elegantly and tastefully made, the bonnet, which matched it exactly, was peculiar. It looked like a small baker's or cook's cap, and was made in the oddest crumpled-looking style. No other colors appeared in the lady's toilette, and though extremely eccentric-looking, was unmistakably becoming. Notwithstanding the heat, velvet is much worn for skirts, white silk tunics being the most fashionable over dresses with them. The newest fashion for brunettes is a mixture of white and amber or maize, with dresses trimmed with these colors, with maize or amber shoes and gloves, being much worn for balls and parties. The latest thing in bridemaids dresses is the fashion for these young ladies to wear caps—odd-looking little things, something after the Dolly Varden make, but with long veils attached. I saw the dresses prepared for a very stylish wedding a few days ago, and the bridesmaids costumes were very like Watteau shepherdess—pink, blue, and white—the only addition being the veils, which took away from the fanciful character of the costumes, and made them neither antique nor modern, but a curious mixture of both. I saw an odd-looking croquet dress the other day, specially ordered for an enthusiastic player. The young lady had managed to combine every color used in the game on a foundation of bed ticking, and the result was—like the wearer, I should fancy—rather eccentric.

THE EMPEROR'S AUDIENCE.

Tungchi, the Emperor of the Chinese, alias the solitary one, the son of heaven, the vice-regent of heaven on earth, etc., etc., condescended to grant audience to the Ambassadors of Prussia, the United States, Japan, Great Britain, France, and the Netherlands, on the 29th of June at 9 a.m. The Hall of Audience was the same where the Emperor receives the Ambassadors of Corea, Siam, Mongolia, and other tributary States. The Ministers were introduced into the imperial presence by Wenstang and Prince Kung. The Emperor sat on a throne covered with yellow satin, and standing on a raised dais. A table stood in front of the throne also covered with yellow. The Japanese Ambassador was received first with his own interpreter. This precedence had been accorded to him at the request of the other Ministers. Immediately after, the other Ambassadors of the Foreign powers were introduced to his "sublime" presence without doing the Kotow. The interpreter stood behind the Senior Minister, who read in French a short address to the Emperor for himself and his colleagues; this the interpreter repeated in Chinese, after which each Minister stepped forward and laid his letter of credence upon the table that stood in front of the Emperor, who bowed as each letter was laid there. The Father of the Middle Kingdom then briefly replied to the address, hoping that the sovereigns and Queens of the countries represented were enjoying good health, etc., and acknowledging the letters which had just been presented. The mighty Ruler then gave a sublime bow, and the Ministers withdrew. Thereafter M. Geofroi, the Minister for France, was specially presented to his Majesty, to whom he read and delivered the letter of his Government in reply to the Emperor's letter, carried by Chung-How to France. The One Man was surrounded by some eight hundred Mandarins in gorgeous dresses. The Foreign Ministers must have had breakfast early in the morning, as they had to wait from 6 a.m. to 9. It was first mooted that the hour of audience for these outside barbarians was two o'clock in the morning, and that they must wear three cornered hats, but after some threats this was abandoned. It seems surprising that the Representatives of the Foreign Powers should have been duped to accept the audience at the place above named, it being so beneath the dignity of independent nations.

Horrible Discovery in Paris.—A horrible discovery was made the other day in the aristocratic Faubourg St. Honore. It appears that for some few years past a young lady, the mistress of a well-known Spanish gentleman, had lived in an apartment near the Place Beauvais. She had a daughter who was being brought up in Spain, and she was in the habit of making occasional trips to that country to see her. At the beginning of the present year the lady disappeared, and it was thought by the landlord that she had gone to Spain as usual. At last it was resolved to break open the apartment, which had remained shut up. On entering the bedroom, the decomposed remains of the lady were found on the ground by the side of a charcoal stove. The doctor says she must have committed suicide in January last.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR		CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	ARRIVE A.M.	ARRIVE P.M.
* Sundays excepted.					
Alameda	*	6 30			9 10
Antioch, Black Diamond etc	*		1 30		12 00
Benicia and Monte Vista (by C P R R Co's steamers.	*		3 15		9 10
Cloverdale and Coast Points.	*		3 15	10 30	
Eureka	*		3 40	12 00	
Napa Route via Vallejo	*		3 40	12 40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory.		6 30			9 00
Oakland		6 30	5 40		1 00 9 00
Overland		6 30			9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points	*		3 15		12 30
Sacramento via Vallejo		7 15	3 40		12 40 8 40
San Rafael	*	9 15		9 00	
San Jose		7 55	4 10	9 30	6 00
Southern California and Arizona	*	7 55			6 00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad		6 30	3 40	3 00	9 00
Vallejo and Benicia		7 15	3 40	12 40	9 00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County	*		3 40		3 10
Great Britain Monday and Thursday			9 00		

Mails dispatched by sea going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

General Delivery open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. daily, except Sundays. S. D. STONE, P. M.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Cal ures Matters bearing upon the interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, would fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupant of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 401 to 405 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 3d. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 401 to 405 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

THE SOUTH AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

The shortest and most direct route from Cape Town to the Diamond Fields is by way of Worcester, Beaufort West, Victoria, and Hopetown. INLAND TRANSPORT COMPANY (Limited). The Company's comfortable Spring Wagons leave Cape Town with the mail, every Tuesday and Friday Morning, and traveling the above route are due at Du Toit's Pan, the center point of the Diggings, on the seventh day from Town. Under new and improved arrangements, punctuality is ensured. Fare to the Diggings, £12. Each Passenger allowed 40 lbs. Luggage. Rest is afforded to Passengers by night stoppage at the principal stations, and Refreshments can be obtained at moderate charges along the entire route. Passengers' heavy Baggage has precedence by the Company's Goods Wagons leaving Town at short intervals. Further and full particulars may be obtained at the head office of the Company, No. 64 ADDERLEY STREET, corner of Longmarket street, Cape Town. R. T. TOWNROE, Secretary.

Cape Town, 22d March, 1873. May 17

PROPOSALS

Are invited for from 100 to 500 tons Compact Asphaltum. Samples required. F. MADGE, Secretary Imperishable Pavement Co., Room 14 Merchants' Exchange. July 24.

WANTED,

By a middle aged lady of respectability (a widow) a situation as housekeeper in a small family, or as matron of a hospital or sick nurse. Good references can be given. Has no objection to going into the country. Address MATRON, at this office. July 12.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. Nov 16.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE. Ottmar Hamlen, Manager. Nov 11.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the News Letter in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

WHARF TOLLS

Office of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, 411 Montgomery street.—San Francisco, July 2, 1873.—Tickets for Tolls at the Wharves under the control of the Commissioners can be obtained at this office in quantities to suit. On and after the first day of August none other will be received, and not less than 12½ cents for a single load. By order of the Board. J. A. McCLELLAND, Secretary. August 2.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS AND DRIVERS OF VEHICLES.

The Annual License of Vehicles, for the year ending July, 1874, is now due, and if not paid on or before the 31st day of the present month, the owner or driver will be liable for 25 per cent. in addition for each and every month's neglect, and also to a fine of not less than $10, or imprisonment in County Jail. July 19. E. P. BUCKLEY, License Collector, Office, No. 7 City Hall.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO,

Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs), San Francisco. August 2.

CITY HALL WARRANTS

Bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 230 Montgomery street. August 2.

BONDS

City, State and County Bonds, bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 230 Montgomery street. August 2.

A. T. ELLIOTT,

Ship and Grain Broker, 314 California street, San Francisco. August 2.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

For Chief of Police, T. O. Cockrill, 821 Front street. August 2.

THE NEWS LETTER IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

New York—Chamber Commerce, Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel, Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman, C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greave Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alliança.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co, C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb, Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson, Henry Maize.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co., Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Sutgulz & Co.
Singapore—Hamson & Co., Martin, Dyce & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Robert Town & Co., Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co., S. H. Stamule & Co., "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa, Cross & Co., Alsop & Co., Wm. Gibbs & Co., Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co., Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co., Russell & Co., Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; P. Devill, W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

Belgium—Consul General—S. Marbarge, Grand Hotel. Consul E. Grisar, N. W. cor Broadway and Sansome.
Chili—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanova, U. S. Court Building. Consul—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street.
Denmark—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 220 California street.
Ecuador—Consul—Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
France—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 424 Jackson st.
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
Guatemala—Consul-General—Leslie C. Hanks, 304 California.
German Empire—Consul—C. A. Dalrenberg, 318 Sacramento.
Greece—Consul—(Vacant.)
Hawaiian Islands—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front.
Honduras—Consul—W. [illegible] V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
Italy—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 702 Washington street.
Japan—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Acting Consul—Horace B. Dunn.
Mexico—Consul—Manuel Aspiroz, 423 California street.
Netherlands—Consul—J. De Fremery, 718 Sansome street.
Nicaragua—Consul General—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery st.
Costa Rica—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S.W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
Peru—Consul General—F. de la Fuente y Sobiral, Lick H'se.
Portugal—Consul—Francis Berton. Vice Consul—H. Laid ey, Swiss American Bank.
Spain—Consul—Camilo Martin, 423 California street.
Sweden and Norway—Consul—G. O. Hara Taaffe, 220 California.
Russia—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 510 Battery street.
Bolivia—Consul—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
U. S. of Columbia—Consul—R. Morallos, 419 Washington st.
Turkey—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, 25 Battery street.
Argentine Republic—Consul—G. Baum, 410 Battery street.
Switzerland—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss American Bank.
Austro-Hungarian Empire—Consul—G. Moreke 405 California street.
San Salvador—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

NEAR THE END.

O the wild days of youth! the dear dead days!
Dark are the lights and all the storms dumb,
And cold and faintly through the gathering haze
Of this sad twilight time thin echoes come,
And wand'ring voices haunt the glimmering ways.

Sitting alone in these last empty years,
Life, starved and dwindled, tells its old tales o'er,
And, like a wind, the past sings in mine ears,
And, like a wind, goes by. Alas! no more
For me the glad green Spring of smiles and tears!

Oft from the dreamland of the Long Ago,
Pale faces seek me with their eager eyes,
And fain I'd follow them, and fain would know,
How fares it with them 'neath the starless skies
That broods above the silent shades below.

Brave souls and beautiful! to what forlorn
Mute fields of Death's cold kingdom are ye passed?
O dreary Death, that hath nowhere forborne,
To pluck earth's fairest flowers and o'ercast
Sweet scents and colors with relentless scorn!

Ah me! A little while the evening light
Shall linger wanly in the western sky;
A little while before my failing sight
The paled day shall glimmer ere it die,
Then, dumbly-dark, shall fall all-ending night.

—*All the Year Round.*

AN ECCENTRIC PERSON.

A London correspondent thus writes of an eccentric person who has been brought to light through the Tichborne trial: "Some of the witnesses for the prosecution must have marveled at the strange company in which they found themselves. Thus the defendant, having in some way learned the name of a certain spinster lady residing near Canterbury, where she is a local celebrity (such is the theory of the prosecution), chose to give out that Roger had been paying his addresses to her. And as she had never, so far as she knew, so much as heard Roger's name, she was called upon to disprove the statement, and did so. Were this lady less of a recluse, all London would have been full of her eccentricities, but she had the good luck to be unknown out of her own district, and escaped notice. She is the representative of an old and wealthy Catholic English family, and lives at the family seat near Canterbury, a fine mansion, which she has converted into a home for priests *and dogs*. At one end of the house is a large and sumptuous chapel, exquisitely decorated at the cost of many thousand pounds with the choicest marbles, paintings, and sculptures. Her large revenues go mainly to the beautifying of this chapel, and to the maintenance of an extravagantly large staff of priests—mostly young foreigners, sent over from France and Belgium for a brief stay in England, in many cases as invalids seeking change of air. One of the sights of the place to the few favored strangers who are admitted is the vestment room, where, in endless presses, are kept scores upon scores of costly robes, stoles, and other priestly garments. Some of the vestments (specially made abroad) are covered with exquisite gold embroidery, and in some cases jewels, and are said to have cost hundreds of pounds apiece. At the top of the house is a gorgeous oratory—a kind of museum of relics, containing pieces of everything, from the true cross to the Apostles' coats. Outside, in striking contrast, is a perfect zoological garden in miniature. A hundred dogs, of every conceivable breed, from St. Bernards to toy terriers, are kept in cages and enclosures, including some of the finest specimens in the country, which have earned for their mistress more silver cups and other dog-show trophies than even her stately suites of drawing-rooms can find place for. Inside, the house is overrun with Persian cats; and at one time a whole community of nuns were accommodated upstairs, while their convent was rebuilding. Middle-aged maiden ladies have been known before to go in for affairs ecclesiastical with more zeal than discretion, but the story of this harmless, charitable, retiring, but, above all, dog-fancying pillar of the Church, is something unique."

One fond heart, and only one,
One bright smile ere work's begun,
One sweet welcome when 'tis done,
And I'm weary,
One fond heart to cheer my life,
When I weary of the strife,
Have I in my little wife—
Bonny Mary.

But my rose conceals a thorn,
Pain ng ever, night and morn;
And our life of bliss is shorn
By another
Day and night upon our hearts
Sits a shadow, and imparts
Misery, in fits and starts—
Mary's mother

Mr. Joseph Arch, the leader of the farm laborers' movement in England, is coming to this country in August to see whether the United States affords a fit home for the over-crowded farm-laborers of England. At a recent "demonstration" at Newbury, he told his audience that, "if he found there a home for the agricultural laborers of England, he should tell them so; but if he found that farmers in America were men who wanted both sides of a bargain, and that the crows were as black there as here, he would advise them to stay in England. If he found America was the true home of the working-man, where the son of the poor man could sit down by the children of the rich, write on the same slate, and read out of the same book, and where they could have full electoral power, he would stand on her shores until he had drained the laboring serfs out of England, in order that they might settle in the fruitful fields of America, with its ninety millions of acres yet untilled; and he would do this until the farmers of England were made to bite the dust if they refused to treat their laborers like men." Mr. Arch has so far shown himself to be a sensible man, and we dare say he will know how to take care of himself over here; but it is greatly to be hoped for our own sake and his, and for the sake of the persons whom he will represent, that the reception he meets may be of an intelligent and moral kind, and that he may not be allowed to fall a prey to swindlers and designing politicians.—*The Nation.*

POTATOES PROSCRIBED.

Several German Writers upon races predict that nations, far from improving, will deteriorate both in physical and mental characteristics, if potatoes become a principal article of diet. The celebrated Carl Voight says that "the nourishing potato does not restore the wasted tissues, but makes our proletariats physically and mentally weak." The Holland physiologist, Mulder, gives the same judgment when he declares that the excessive use of potatoes among the poorer classes, and coffee and tea by the higher ranks, is the cause of the indolence of nations. Leidenfrost maintains that the revolutions of the last three centuries have been caused by the changed nourishment, the lowest workmen, in former times, ate more flesh than now, when the cheap potato forms his principal subsistence, but gives him no muscular or nervous strength.

The Incubator for Hatching Ostrich Eggs.—A practical application of the "incubator" has lately been made to the hatching of ostrich eggs at the Cape of Good Hope, and with the most satisfactory results. In the establishment at Hilton, eventy five chickens have been already hatched this season, the total number reared there since its inception amounting to 155. Of forty five eggs placed in the apparatus at one time, it is thought that forty two will produce healthy chickens.

Does a pauper really think a great honor is conferred upon him when he receives the Order of the Bath?

"**Marry, come up,**" is an old saying, but one of *July's* bachelor friends says that "Marry, come down," will be more appropriate, unless prices come down a little.

The next worst thing to raising pitchforks must be hailing omnibuses.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL AND WORK FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL AND HALL OF RECORDS.

Office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, August 14th, 1873.—Sealed proposals, for furnishing certain Materials and for doing certain Work for a portion of the New City Hall and Hall of Records, will be received at the office of the Board until 12 o'clock noon of FRIDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1873, as follows:

1—BRICK WORK.—Bricks laid in the wall with Facework extra, and Setting Blocks, Keystones, Capitals, Springing Blocks, Iron Plates, etc., and providing and setting Iron Bonding and Arch and Chimney Bars, etc.

2—STONE AND STONE WORK.—Granite Blocks, Keystones, Capitals, Springing Blocks, Stone Trimming, Internal Granite Columns of Hall of Records, etc., provided and worked.

3—IRON WORK.—Wrought Iron Girders for Second Floor, provided and set.

4—IRON WORK.—Cast Iron Columns, Girders, Lintels, Brackets, etc., for Hall of Records, provided and set.

5—IRON WORK.—Dome of Hall of Records, complete.

All according to specifications, plans and drawings to be furnished by the Board. No bid will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Forms of Proposal," and accompanied by a bond with two good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to ten per cent. of the total amount of the tender, conditioned for the due entering into the contract of the party to whom it may be awarded. The bids must be indorsed for the material proposed to be furnished or work to be done, and addressed to the Secretary of the Board. The specifications, plans and drawings can be seen, and all further information obtained, at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposals will be furnished to intending bidders. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly in "City Hall Warrants" of 75 per cent. of the estimated amounts due and the remaining 25 per cent. when the contract is completed. The expenses of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders. P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. D. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE, Board of City Hall Com.

ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary. August 16.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 a.m. from Front-street Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale, 1 p.m. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 p.m. Arriving in San Francisco, 8 p.m. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, and most pleasant route to Skaggs Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office of the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

Daily Time Table.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 p.m., from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale 8:30 p.m. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:30 a.m. Arriving in San Francisco, 12:20 a.m. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 326 Montgomery street. [May 1.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf at 2:30 p.m. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5:30 a.m., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:20 a.m. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

Sunday Excursions.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 a.m., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 p.m. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 p.m., arriving in San Francisco at 8 p.m. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 42 Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 3:30 p.m., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 5 a.m. daily.

May 31 PETER DONAHUE, President.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17 E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The new A 1 Ship Glad Tidings, Thompson, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [May 24.] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

June 14 WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 12 M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

MACONDRAY & CO'S LINE FOR HONGKONG DIRECT.

FROM FRONT-STREET WHARF

The Magnificent British Iron Steamship Lord of the Isles, 2,477 tons, James Blow, Commander. This fast and powerful Clyde-built Steamship will be dispatched as above on SATURDAY, the 30th August, at 12 o'clock noon, punctually. She has fine accommodations for thirty first-class passengers. For freight on merchandise and treasure, or for passage, apply to

Agents at Hongkong, Messrs. Russell & Co. [Aug 16.] MACONDRAY & CO.

FOR SALE.

16,035 Ewes. 8,900 Lambs. 10,730 Wethers. 12,850 Prime South DOWN EWES, 30 head Graded and SPANISH MERINO BUCKS, 22 Thoroughbred LINCOLN BUCKS.

Ranches.—Several valuable Ranch and Farm Properties in Mendocino, Humboldt, Sonoma and Solano counties, well adapted to sheep raising and agriculture; also, Good Hotel and Store in Mendocino County.

Apply to BEVERIDGE, FOOT & CO.,

August 16. No. 611 Sansome street, corner Jackson.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agricultural IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS,

August 16. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

COKE.—THE CHEAPEST FUEL.

Retail Price reduced to Sixty Cents per Barrel, at Gas Works, cor. of Howard and Fremont streets, at Gas Works, Foot of Second street, at Gas Works Potrero. August 16.

FOR EUREKA AND CRESCENT CITY.

The Steamship Pelican, J. D. Howell, Commander, will sail for the above ports on TUESDAY, August 19th, at 10 o'clock a.m. Passage and Freight to CRESCENT CITY at the following greatly reduced rates, including Lighterage and Commission: Cabin Passage, $15; Steerage, $10; Flour, Grain and Feed, per ton, $6; Ordinary Merchandise, per ton, $7. Through bills of lading to Arcata and Hoopa Valley. BEN HOLLADAY Jr., Agent,

August 16. 31 Sansome street.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.

Feb 15 FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street 510 to 514 Commercial st.

ART NOTES.

We have to reiterate a suggestion, made by us some time ago, to the Art Association of this city. It is, that as there is no necessity for each and every members' soiree to be followed by a public exhibition, the society should sandwich in between the more important occasions, evenings when sketches, studies and minor works could be exhibited. Many artists' sketches are infinitely better than their finished pictures, and, anyhow, there is a special charm about their fresh out-of-door studies which all who know anything of art are sure to appreciate. Then, again, many artists make a score or more of sketches to every picture they paint, and it is often very interesting to inspect these preliminary foreshadowings, more especially when the completed work is something out of the common. At the London *Graphic*, or the "Artists and Amateurs," receptions, the bulk of the works on view are sketches. These remarks were suggested to some extent by a treat which we enjoyed yesterday—the inspection of some of Mr Bierstadt's latest out-door studies. The foremost landscape artist of America—if not, indeed, of the world—is also one of the most enterprising, and he has just returned, laden with sketches, from a spot which as yet is almost untrodden soil, the Hetch-hetchy Valley, twelve miles from Yosemite. We before noted his solitary visit to Inyo county, and its accompanying dangers. On the last occasion, his charming wife shared the pleasures and perils of the trip with him. The valley with the above unpronounceable name has, we believe, been visited previously by only two parties, one of which was that under Prof. Whitney. But we are not going to attempt a description of the valley, for the *Overland Monthly* did it the other day. Suffice it to say that while possessing many of the Yosemite characteristics, it is, judging from Mr Bierstadt's sketches, infinitely more beautiful, and comes more within the compass of art. Nature there is neither on so large a scale, nor found in such fantastic forms, but for well-balanced and happy combination of cliff and crag and forest, of tarn and stream and meadow, commend us to Hetch-hetchy. We are sick and weary of Yosemite, anyhow, thanks to the tourists, the advertisers, the photographers, and the stay-at-home painters, who copy their productions. Mr Bierstadt will return East in a week or two, bearing with him the fruits of his two years' visit to this coast, and leaving behind him a troop of regretful friends, who think as much of him personally and socially as they do of him as an artist.

At Morris, Schwab & Co.'s little gallery, on Post street, a large and ambitious work, by J Gianoli, the subject of which is the burning of the steamship *America* off Montevideo, is attracting much attention. It is perhaps a little Frenchy and melodramatic, but has some excellent drawing in several of the figures, and the horror stricken faces of the victims is powerfully painted, though there are too many of them represented on *one plane*, that is staring the spectator in the face. The same artist exhibits some excellent portraits. Denny has just completed a capital study of the "The Farralones," specially noticeable for its wonderfully varied *greys*. Artists would delight in it. An amateur, Mrs Beecroft, exhibits at the same place a creditable painting of "The *Ajax* off Point Bonita," and Virgil Williams has a very sweet little composition entitled "Feeding the Chickens," in which we think both chicks and the kind hand which feeds them are from home models on his St. Helena ranch. Nearly all of our local artists are out of town. Hill, Marple, and Broomer are reported at Yosemite, and Williams and Bush at Knight's Valley. Harrington, who now devotes himself to the church, artistically speaking, is being well rewarded for his devotion. He has recently completed a Madonna, excellent in color and drawing with a charmingly tender expression of face. He has also in hand a composition, "The Crucifixion of St. Andrew," of which more anon.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—In *Court and Stage*, a drama by Tom Taylor and Charles Reade, the audience had a rich treat. The acting throughout was of the first order, and the whole play—a very pretty and forcible drama—was well put on the stage. The three main parts, "Nell Gwynne" (Miss Charlotte Thompson), "Francis Stewart" (Miss Annie Graham), and the "Duke of Richmond" (Lewis Morrison), were all well taken. Miss Thompson is certainly the most pleasing actress we have seen for some time. She has youth, a fine face, a perfect figure, and an amount of dramatic talent one rarely sees in our days. Her "Nell Gwynne" was one of the prettiest pieces of acting ever presented to a California audience. Her sudden transitions from the flippant, petted coquette to the true-hearted woman were finely delineated. It seems hard to say which is the more prominent character, "Nell Gwynne" or "Francis Stewart," as Miss Graham had a large part of the acting to do, and did it well. Lewis Morrison, as leading gentleman, is far superior to his predecessor, and plays "Richmond" with the dash and fire of a true actor. Wilson, of course, does the villain, or near approach to it, "Wildman," and in the scene where he rushes in stricken with the plague and delirious, makes a decided hit. Buckley's "Charles the Second" was very fair, and Barry's "Sam Pepys" excellent. Miss Charlotte Thompson's benefit last night was a very good one. Bulwer's charming play, *The Lady of Lyons*, was the piece chosen.

Miss May Howard improved the opportunities of her recent trip to Europe by obtaining several new plays, which will be produced at the California Theater immediately after Miss LeClercq's engagement. Charles Reade ceded to her the exclusive right to play throughout the United States his new piece, *The Wandering Heir*, a dramatization of his recent story in the London *Graphic*, and was anxious that she should remain in London till the Fall season (when it was first to be produced at the Adelphi), and take the leading female part. The probability now is that it will be produced in San Francisco simultaneously with London. Miss Howard has with her the revised and improved London edition of *Man and Wife*, and will also give English versions of *Les dieights fées*, and Victorien Sardou's latest play, *Suzanne*. This lady comes back to us with a professional experience gained in the leading European Capitals, and as she was always a favorite of the San Francisco public, we predict a thorough success for her first "star" engagement.

Alhambra Theater.—The main feature this week has been Kelly and Leon's rendering of *Les Brigands*, which was an excellent translation, and drew, as it deserved, good houses all the week. Besides the Opera Bouffe there were the usual comic sketches, songs, etc. This house never had a better company than it has at present, and we doubt if so much and varied talent has ever been seen here in one theater before.

Shiel's Opera House.—*Maum Cre*, an Irish-American drama of some merit and lots of sensation, has run the week, Joe Murphy, who is very popular here, taking several different parts, and, of course, turning up always in the nick of time when any one is in danger.

Platt's Music Hall.—The Italian opera troupe will commence their season on September 8th. To judge from the well-known names of the leading members of the troupe a very successful season may be looked forward to. Signora Ida Visconti is to be the prima donna soprano, and from what we have heard about her she will well fill the place. Signor Verati, the tenor, appeared with Lucca in New York and created quite a *furore*.

Woodward's Gardens.—The aquarium at these gardens seems a never-ending source of amusement and instruction to those who visit this favorite place of public resort. There are countless other attractions, yet this seems all to draw more attention than even the wild animals, the museum, the picture gallery, or the beautiful hot-house flowers. On Sunday the imposing feat will be performed. The Dalslay family will also go through their daring trapeze and other feats.

The City Gardens are looking lovely and have attracted crowds of pleasure loving citizens this week, there to enjoy their *otium cum dignitate* under the shade of the trees, or, if they prefer it, to join in the many amusements always going on. To-morrow, Sunday, there will be a grand programme gone through.

From an advertisement we learn that John Bensley (President of the Pacific Oil and Lead Works), and L B Benchley (Vice President and Manager of the Pacific Rolling Mills Co), have joined the well known firm of Linforth, Kellogg & Co. These gentlemen are of the highest business standing and enterprise, and identified with many of the leading industries of the State.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER TICKET.

For Mayor. JAMES OTIS.	**For Chief of Police.** P. CROWLEY.
For Sheriff. P. J. WHITE.	**For Super'dent of Public Streets.** THOS. AGNEW.
For Tax Collector. ALEXANDER AUSTIN.	**For Super'dent of Public Schools.** JAMES DENMAN.
For Auditor. MONROE ASHBURY.	**For City and County Attorney.** WM. MATTHEWS.
For Treasurer. JOHN A. BAUER.	**For Coroner.** DR. JOHN R. RICE.
For County Clerk. WILLIAM HARNEY.	**For Harbor Commissioner.** C. L. TAYLOR.
For County Recorder. LUCIEN HERMANN.	**For Harbor Master.** THOS. BARBER.

For Fire Commissioners.
GORDON E. SLOSS, WM. FORD, CHAS. B. EDWARDS.

For District Attorney.
DAN. J. MURPHY.

For Justices of the Peace.
JAS. C. PENNIE, R AUG THOMPSON, EDW P. BATCHELOR, H. L. JOACHIMSEN, L. W. SANSOM

For Supervisors.

First Ward	*Stewart Menzies*	Seventh Ward	*J. D. Roberts*
Second Ward	*William Cheevers*	Eighth Ward	*Paul Moroney*
Third Ward	*Jas. J. Kenney*	Ninth Ward	*A. W. Scott*
Fourth Ward	*Timothy McCarthy*	Tenth Ward	*Dr. Hewston*
Fifth Ward	*O. Livermore*	Eleventh Ward	*Thos. Dickson*
Sixth Ward	*John H. Wise*	Twelfth Ward	*D. A. McDonald*

For School Directors.

George C. Hurlbut,	*P. W. Black,*	*H. Rosekrans,*
Jo. Clement,	*H. J. Tilden,*	*John O. Hanscom,*
John P. Shine,	*W. T. Bradbury,*	*J. M. Buffington.*
M. J. Donnovan,	*Andrew McF. Davis,*	*Peter Deane.*

TAXPAYERS' AND PEOPLE'S CITY AND COUNTY TICKET.

FOR MAYOR..........JAMES OTIS.

For Sheriff	WM MCKIBBIN	For Superintendent of Common Schools	JAS. H. WIDBER
For Tax Collector	ALEXANDER AUSTIN	For City and County Attorney	W. C. BURNETT
For Auditor	MONROE ASHBURY	For District Attorney	D J MURPHY
For Treasurer	JOHN A BAUER	For Fire Commissioners	J C. PATRICK, WM FORD, D L. BECK
For Coroner	BENJAMIN R. SWAN	(for unexpired term of J. Rosenfeld.)	
For Recorder	LUCIEN HERMANN	For State Harbor Commissioner	C L. TAYLOR
For County Clerk	WM HARNEY	For Harbormaster	WM. H MORTON
For Assessor	C G MOXLEY		
For Surveyor	JAMES J GARDNER		
For Pub. Administrator	SIMON MAYER		
For Chief of Police	P CROWLEY		
For Superintendent of Public Streets, Highways and Squares	SAMUEL H. KENT		

FOR JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Edward P. Bachelor, L. W. Hansom, R. Aug. Thompson, H. L. Joachimsen, P. A. Sawyer,

FOR SUPERVISORS.

First Ward	Stewart Menzies	Seventh Ward	James B Roberts
Second Ward	William C Pease	Eighth Ward	A L Wangenhelm
Third Ward	John Shirley	Ninth Ward	A W Scott
Fourth Ward	Arthur M Ebbets	Tenth Ward	George Hewston
Fifth Ward	John R. Sims	Eleventh Ward	M Lynch
Sixth Ward	James H. Deering	Twelfth Ward	D A. MacDonald

FOR SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

Jo Clement,	John O Hanscom,	W T Bradbury,
Andrew McF. Davis,	P W Black,	J M Buffington,
George C Hurlbut,	H Rosekrans,	John P Shine,
H. J Tilden,	Peter Dean,	M J Donnovan.

HEADQUARTERS TAXPAYERS' AND PEOPLE'S CITY AND COUNTY TICKET—609 CLAY STREET.

Information given regarding Registration, Naturalization, Transfers, and the Election Laws. August 23.

C L (CRACKBON) 0 A. MURDOCK & CO, [C A MURDOCK
Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

KENNEDY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 506 California st, above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of
English Crape Goods,
French Cassimeres
and Beavers.
—ALSO—
Scotch Tweeds
Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 31]

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ⅌ ℔	20@	37
Cheese, Cal	20@	25
Honey	17@	30
Eggs, ⅌ doz	30@	37
Lard, ⅌ ℔	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ⅌ ℔	16@	20
Cranberries, ⅌ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ⅌ ℔	2@	3
Lima Beans, ⅌ ℔	8@	10
Tomatoes, ⅌ ℔	3@	
Onions, ⅌ ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ⅌ ℔	3@	5
Pumpkins, ⅌ ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	@	25
Cucumbers, ⅌ doz	25@	
Celery, ⅌ doz b	1 00@	
Beets, ⅌ doz b	@	25
Turnips, ⅌ doz b	@	25
Parsnips, ⅌ doz b	@	25
Radishes, ⅌ doz b	20@	25
Green Peas, ⅌ ℔	5@	6
String Beans, ⅌ ℔	5@	15
Apples, ⅌ ℔	6@	12
Pears, ⅌ ℔	6@	10
Peaches, ⅌ ℔	12½@	20
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ⅌ ℔	12½@	15
Do. new, ⅌ ℔	15@	25
Oranges, ⅌ doz	50@1	00
Lemons, ⅌ 100	75@1	25
Limes, ⅌ doz	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ⅌ ℔	30@	
Geese, ⅌ pair	2 00@2	50
Ducks, ⅌ pair	2 00@2	25
Rabbits, ⅌ pair	25@	
Hares, each	@	50
Oysters, ⅌ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ⅌ 100	50@	
Mussels, ⅌ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ⅌ ℔	12½@	15
Salmon, fresh, ⅌ ℔	15@	
Codfish, ⅌ ℔	12½@	
Rockfish ⅌ ℔	12½@	
Smelts, ⅌ ℔	8@	
Tomcod, ⅌ ℔	8@	
Sturgeon, ⅌ ℔	5@	
Flounders, ⅌ ℔	15@	
Halibut, ⅌ ℔	8@	
Perch, ⅌ ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ⅌ ℔	10@	
Anchovies, ⅌ ℔	8@	
Soles, ⅌ ℔	25@	

Stuart Seldon Wright,
ATTORNEY
AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.
OFFICES:
Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., upstairs.
Aug 9.

E. S. TIBBEY,
Stock Broker,
No. 6 LEIDESDORFF ST.

H. F. Williams & Co.,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
ROOM 20,
STEVENSON'S BUILDING,
SOUTHWEST CORNER OF
California and Mont. sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO,
Aug 23.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any, and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other Journal.]

LIFE IN LONDON.

[BY OUR FAT CONTRIBUTOR.]

London, August 1, 1873.—If any human being in America imagines that we are really rejoicing over the coming marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh, I hope that this letter will undeceive that "respected contemporary," as Mr Tetterby would call him. Ten years ago Prince Alfred was a popular lad, of gentlemanly appearance and quiet manners. Now he is clumsy and coarse to look at, with a disagreeable and morose aspect, and the peculiar down-drawn mouth that characterizes his mother and her family. The Prince of Wales looks jovial now and then. Prince Alfred never does. His reputation is, however, a little worse than his looks, and this not on account of his immoral habits, for we do not expect our Princes to be models of virtue, and find it rather more useful to hold them up as warnings to our young folk than as examples, but because he is what you in California somewhat forcibly call a "bilk." Just recently, for instance, he plastered the walls of South Kensington Museum with a large collection of valuable curiosities which he had brought home from his travels abroad. It was a cheap bid for popularity, and a clever trick into the bargain, because the goods were only lent, and were stored, catalogued, mounted and arranged at the national expense, thus saving the lucky owner a round sum of money, but, unfortunately, it brought back into people's minds a nearly forgotten scandal, and consequently failed to produce quite the intended effect. You must know that when Prince Alfred was sent away to roam about the world and levy taxes upon the hospitality of every one who would receive him, the good and wholesome old rule of etiquette which forbids Princes to receive presents, was laid aside, and as flunkeys abound everywhere, the royal avarice was perfectly glutted with costly offerings. In Australia, especially, he received a large number of gifts, amounting in value to something near fifty thousand pounds. This wonderful liberality he had himself stimulated by dispensing sundry cheap presents among his entertainers, on the well known and popular principle of giving a sprat to catch a whale, and as princely gifts are supposed to be valued for their associations chiefly, all parties were tolerably contented until it came out upon his return to England that John Bull was to pay for what he had given away, and that he was to keep what he had received. Then a fearful storm arose here and in Australia, too. People at home thought that a young man with fifteen thousand a year and nothing to spend might easily manage to pay the sum, which, after all, was not more than three thousand pounds, and people in Australia who had accepted his tinsel and shoddy trumperies were disgusted to find that they were to be ranked as official gifts, and not as personal compliments. Some very hard things were said in the House of Commons when the vote was proposed, just as some very hard things were said last night when the increase to his income was voted. The signs of the times are not favorable to any more demands upon the public purse, and yet the Royal family, having begun this system of asking for an income for each of its members, dare not show the fear that would be evidenced by dropping it.

The telegraph has told you before this how one day saw the death of our first lawyer, Lord Westbury, and our cleverest Bishop, Wilberforce. Both men were alike in one thing—their extraordinary power of language, but in all other matters they were excessively different. Westbury, who gained his degree as "Bachelor of Arts" at eighteen, a wonderfully early age, was the son of a poor village doctor, and was entirely a self-made man. The incidents of his life and fall are familiar enough, but none excepting those who heard him could conceive the terrible effect of his satire. His speech was singularly silvery, deliberate and bland, but in that mellifluous drawl, which seemed like that of a dawdling dandy, the cruelest things were uttered with crushing effect. During the first Tichborne trial, in 1871-2, the length of Coleridge's speech for the defence, and the evident bias of Chief Justice Bovill against the plaintiff, were the theme of constant public comment, and Westbury managed to make both parties remarkably uncomfortable one fine day, at a dinner given by the Law Institution. Sitting at table, within three yards of each of the persons named, he drawled out, in answer to a friend, who spoke of the case, "The Tichborne trial has at least unmasked *one* impostor—*poor Coleridge*." Five minutes afterward, in the same deliberate manner, he enunciated his opinion that, "After all the *more* experience, Bovill will arrive at the conviction that he never will be fit to be a judge." That famous epithet of "Soapy Sam," which stuck to Wilberforce all his life, came from a famous speech of Lord Westbury's against a Church Government Bill, in which he described the Bishop's argument in favor of the measure as "oily, eel-like, and saponaceous."

The horses have drawn another well-known man to the dogs. Sir Joseph Hawley, after many years struggle with fate, during which time he has had wonderful luck of both kinds, is at last compelled to own that fortune is too strong for him, and has finally retired from racing. His stud was sold a week ago, and brought fair, but not long prices. "Rosicrucian," which fetched 6,200 guineas, is one of the very finest horses that ever ran in this country, and certainly would have come nearer to the enormous price of 12,000 guineas brought by "Blair Athol" last year, were it not that the rising generation show signs of being tired of the ruin that follows horse racing. This is not the first time that Sir Joseph Hawley has been "flat broke," though probably it will be the last. Some years back he came a great "cropper," and to settle his debts of honor, had to embarrass himself so heavily that his legal liabilities became enormous. There was nothing to be done but to leave the country, as arrest for debt was quite common in those days, but it was very difficult to get away, as he was well known, and spies were after him everywhere. At last it oozed out that he was going away from London by the Continental Express, from the Southwestern Station, one evening, and all the "limbs of the law" were in force on the platform with their little documents. The train was searched, and it seemed a dead certainty that he could not pass to it, but as it moved out of the station, to the horror of the Sheriff's officers, the head of the well known racing man was protruded from the rapidly retreating carriage, and he shouted, shaking his fist at them, "D——n you, I'll come back, and be even with you yet." A ticket clerk, who had in time gone by won money on Sir Joseph's stable, had passed him in on the wrong side of the train, which, from the construction of our stations, is not accessible from the platform. He did come back, too, and the very next year won the Derby with "Beadsman," father to the horse "Rosicrucian," that I have just spoken of.

It's awfully hot, and Parliament will be prorogued next Tuesday. Grouse shooting begins on the 12th of next month and in a few days London will be empty—that is to say, the upper ten thousand will depart for months, and the lower three millions will begin to take turns to get away for a week or two at the sea side. Everybody in London flocks to the seaside in August, and the very poorest shopkeeper or mechanic is miserable if he cannot manage to send his wife and little ones to Margate or Brighton for a short time. I don't think the grown up folk get much good by the change, as they manage to take the "Haymarket" down with them, but the children enjoy themselves wonderfully. One thing I never can understand, and that is, why grown people generally get red noses in the sunshine and children never do. All round the coast just now you will find the children burnt berry-brown with bright sunshine, but never a red nose among the lot; while paterfamilias, in spite of his keeping in the cool shade of the billiard room, will not have a morsel of skin on his face, and madame, his wife, exhibits a nose that defies all the arts of the toilet to hide its rubicund hue. I can't write any more in this hot weather, so am about to relapse into cider cup, for which I would send you the receipt, only that as you rather plume yourself on drinks over there, it would hurt your feelings to find that we have a scrummer.

EPICURUS ROTUNDUS

The Rev Dr. Scott, pastor, will preach in St. John's Presbyterian Church, Sunday, at the usual hours of service, 11 A M., 7½ P M. Public cordially invited to attend. Sunday School and Bible Class at 9½ A M.

MARYSVILLE, August 20, 1873.

Dear News Letter: My last epistle upon the religious status of this town is having a good effect, and has stimulated the various denominations to an increased activity in things which concern their spiritual welfare. The rumor that the ex-Chairman of the Democratic Central Committee is about to take the veil and retire to the recluse of a convent, is creating considerable alarm among the old line Democrats of Yuba County, and the organization of a bolter's ticket is foreshadowed. The thermometer has gone down to 126, and everybody is enjoying the delightful weather and reading the *News Letter*. Your premium oil painting representing Solomon leading the children of Israel across the Alps has been received, and all of your subscribers are delighted. The Hibernian population up here wore crape for several days upon learning that the *United Irishman*, of San Francisco, was dead, but upon my informing them officially that he was yet alive, and perched upon the editorial tripod of the *Chronicle*, their joy was unbounded, and they are all subscribing for the live paper. We have a live curiosity up here, in the shape of an old man who belonged to the original staff of the first newspaper ever published in China, over 2,000 years ago. He makes coffins for the undertaker, and says that the only man living who belonged to the same staff with him is still alive, and writing local brevities for the *Alta*. Yours, VICE.

Pray, Mr. Editor, can you inform me whether the excellent people who bully the Railway Company so terribly wish to go back to the state of things that existed in the anti-railroad days? Or is it possible that they have forgotten that the railroad did its fair share in making California what it is to-day? Why don't the good people who object to the C. P. R. R., oppose it by building a new one? Surely they have some money, because they did not subscribe much to the old road, and therefore, cannot have lost by it! Or, if their pugnacity requires the bent of a free fight, why not abandon the car and take to the caravan. There are still a few Shoshones and Apaches who like a scalp or two if they see a fair chance of fighting twelve to one, and the train passes often enough to bury them decently. IGNORAMUS.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Sept. 1—JAPAN .... Capt. Freeman.
Sept 16th—GREAT REPUBLIC .... Capt. Howard.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 4th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Sept. 4—ARIZONA .... Capt. Austin.
Sept 19—NEVADA .... Capt Morse.

All Steamers will call at SAN DIEGO, MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 19th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge, will leave at 3 P. M., as follows: Saturday, August 23, Wednesday, Sept. 24.

Returning, will leave Honolulu Sept. 6th; Oct. 8th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Harloe, Friday, Aug 29; Wednesday, Sept. 10.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Saturday, Aug. 23, Thursday, Sept. 4.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT
SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,
But takes no freight for San Simeon.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, for San Diego and way ports, carrying acids, oils and combustibles—Saturday, Aug 30, at 3 P. M.

FOR MAGDALENA BAY, CAPE SAN LUCAS, MAZATLAN, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The steamship CALIFORNIA, Capt Metzger, will leave at 12 o'clock noon, Tuesday, August 26.

No freight received or bills of lading signed after 3 o'clock P. M. on the 25th.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [August 23.] S K HOLMAN, Agent.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 26. D L. STAPLES & CO , Allen, Michigan

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc , Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts, Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St Louis, etc , Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO , Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17.]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 30. GEO MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

G. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc. Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 13.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO,
March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

WANTED.

The advertiser, a competent Accountant, desires employment in a mercantile establishment. Please address "W," care of NEWS LETTER. [July 5.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Cainsford, Essex, England. May 31.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 3.] Address, J WORTH & CO , St. Louis, Mo

POPULAR SCIENCE.

In the August number of this publication there were some excellent papers taken from English standards. The first is on Electric Telegraphs, and as a record, if nothing more, it is useful. The discovery of an electric force or action that could be instantaneously and sensibly manifested at a great, indeed, any—distance from the originating source, at once suggested its employment for signaling, and, in 1747, Bishop Watson, of London, so applied it successfully. When galvanism had once supplanted frictional electricity, the controlling, taming and domesticating of the mighty power was an easy matter, and left little or nothing to be done but to contrive a tell-tale apparatus of some kind or other that would, by nicely adjusted mechanical action, exhibit a definite play of the electric disturbance and, conjointly, with some conventional formula, become the elements of a language, unlimited in its application.

Sommering, in 1811, contrived a telegraph to indicate by the decomposition of water. Ampère, in 1820, telegraphed by the deflection of twenty-four magnetic needles. Schilling so modified the operation as to do everything with one needle. In 1823, Sir Francis Ronalds took advantage of the electric divergence of pith balls—but Steinheil did more than any other single individual to render electric telegraphy commercially practicable. The first telegraphs ever constructed for commercial use were by Cook and Wheatstone. They were for the London and Birmingham and Great Western Railways, in England, and here a comment, of no ordinary significance, may be permitted, which is, that, as shown in the record, the late Mr. Morse (notwithstanding the comparatively recent buncomb flare-up) had no hand in either discovering or improving any of the electric contrivances that are now in full play. His exertions were wholly and solely confined to the invention or construction of a receiving or alphabet instrument or register. So, it would seem, that the American claim that Morse was the discoverer of the electro telegraph is no more tenable than is that of Fulton being the discoverer of steam navigation.

SOCIOLOGY.

Herbert Spencer's article upon Sociology ought to be in the hands of every *Many* who runs the risk of being honored by a call to act as a Grand Juror. When a batch of piebald incongruities, forgetting the just protective demands of society, and defying the just wrath and indignation of an insulted public, make up their minds to taint virtue and demoralize all sociality by liberating, for unrestricted intermixture, the vilest of murderers, it is hazarding little to prognosticate a short life for such a society.

Spencer maintains that a strong bias, in any particular way—a pertinacity in upholding any particular illusion—will destroy the mind for the exercise of a just discrimination on anything else, and of the truth of this there can be no doubt. We live in an age of "strong-minded women"—some old—some young—some hateful and homely—some fast, e'en to frailty—so we must dose ourselves with perjury, every now and then, that they may enjoy all the villanies of bacchanalian licentiousness, and, upon the first tinge of remorse, covet, for the consequences, a sweet revenge. Superlative in everything, our social evil system affords data for some pertinent reflection and reasoning, if we can so far nullify our woman-protective-bias as to tackle the subject honestly. By the latest statistics bearing on the subject, it would appear that in the United States it takes upwards of Forty thousand persons (women) a year to fill up deficiencies—*forty thousand crimes* which, according to the very enlightened California practice, would justify *forty thousand murders.* Public sentiment is here in the wrong, as nearly everything else is. Hang a few of the murderers, and send them to Heaven, where, seemingly, few besides get. Isn't it better to look upon the social evil as a necessary evil than to be everlastingly rubbing shoulders with murderers.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending August 22, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	—	—	30
Alta	1	¾	—
Amador Tunnel	—	1¼	—
American Flag	6	6½	4¾
Arizona & Utah	1¾	1¾	1¾
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—
American Flat	—	—	—
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	7¾	8½	7½
Belcher	65	64	—
Belmont	1¼	1	—
Bullion	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	3½	—	4
Buckeye	¾	1¼	—
Caledonia	19	20	—
Cedarberg	—	—	—
Central	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	—	1½	—
Ch. of East Extension	—	—	—
Chollar	36½	37	—
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	6½	6¼	4
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	1	—
Consolidated Virginia	84	82	80
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—
Crown Point	85	82	84
Central No. 2	—	—	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	—	1¼	1
Eclipse	—	4½	—
El Dorado	—	—	—
Empire Mill	3½	3½	3¼
Empire Idaho	4½	4	—
Eureka Consolidated	12½	12½	—
Eureka G. V.	—	11	—
Exchequer	7¼	7	7
Globe	—	1	—
Golden Chariot	21	22½	—
Gould & Curry	10¼	9½	9¼
Gillis	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	22½	22½	22
Hermes	5	3	—
Hahn & Hunt	—	1¼	—
Hayes	3½	—	—
Ida Elmore	—	6½	—
Imperial	4¼	4	4
Independent	1¾	—	—
Inconnar	—	½	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—
Jackson	½	—	—
Julia	—	1	—

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Justice	5¾	6	5¾
Kentuck	7½	7	7
Kentucky	2½	2½	—
Knickerbocker	2	2½	2
Kossuth	—	—	—
Louise	—	—	—
Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Mahogany	8	8½	—
Mammoth	—	12	—
Meadow Valley	15¼	16	—
Minnesota	20	—	—
Newark	4¼	3¼	—
New York Consolidated	½	—	—
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	19½	20	20
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	2	—
Overman	7	7	7½
Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Page & Panaca	—	—	—
Pea Vine	¼	—	—
Phoenix	1½	—	—
Picton	¾	—	—
Pioche	—	6	—
Pioche West	—	—	—
P Phoenix	—	1¼	—
Raymond & Ely	72	71	—
Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Rye Patch	6	7	—
Red Jacket	1¼	2	—
Savage	36½	35	36
Sec. Belcher	23	31	31
Sierra Nevada	8	—	8¼
Silver Peak	—	1½	—
Silver Hill	11½	—	14½
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	—	—	—
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	1½	—
South [illegible]	—	—	—
St. Patrick	—	—	—
South Comstock	2½	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Tyler	—	—	—
Union Consolidated	½	—	—
Utah	—	—	—
Washington & Creole	—	2½	—
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	—	1¼	1¼
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	63	67	68
Yale Gravel	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus * † Buyer 30.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

NOMINATIONS.

TAXPAYERS' CANDIDATE

For Mayor......................................**James Otis.** August 23.

TAXPAYERS' NOMINEE

For Justice of the Peace........................**Edward P. Bachelor,** Attorney at Law, No. 804 Montgomery street, corner Jackson. August 23.

TAXPAYERS' NOMINEE

For Sheriff..**William McKibbin.** August 23.

TAXPAYERS' CANDIDATE

For Coroner......................................**Dr. Benj. R. Swan.** August 23.

TAXPAYERS' AND LIBERAL REFORM NOMINEE,

Patrick Crowley..............................**for Chief of Police.** August 23.

TAXPAYERS AND LIBERAL REFORM CANDIDATE

For District Attorney..............................**D. J. Murphy.** August 23.

TAXPAYERS', LIBERAL REFORM AND DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE

For Judge Nineteenth District Court..................**E. D. Wheeler.** August 23.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE

For State Senator..................................**William H. Sears.** August 23.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE

For State Senator..................................**Irving M. Scott.** August 23.

TAXPAYERS' AND PEOPLE'S UNION

Candidate for Supervisor Twelfth Ward, D. A. MacDonald, of the Enterprise Planing Mills. August 16.

DEMOCRATIC AND LIBERAL REFORM CANDIDATE

For Sheriff..**P. J. White.** August 16.

ALEXANDER AUSTIN,

Candidate for......................................**Tax Collector.** August 16.

OTTO H. FRANK,

Democratic Nominee..................................**for Recorder.** August 16.

STEWART MENZIES,

Candidate for Supervisor First Ward on Taxpayers' and Liberal Reform tickets. August 16.

DEMOCRATIC AND LIBERAL REFORM

Candidate for County Surveyor......................**Wm. P. Humphreys.** August 16.

DEMOCRATIC AND LIBERAL REFORM

Candidate for Judge of the Police Court..............**E. R. Drake.** August 16.

TAXPAYERS' NOMINEE.

Simon Mayer..............................**for Public Administrator.** August 16.

TAXPAYERS' CANDIDATE

For Supervisor Fourth Ward..........................**A. M. Ebbets.** August 16.

TAXPAYERS' CANDIDATE

For Supervisor Fifth Ward..........................**John R. Sims.** August 16.

TAXPAYERS' CANDIDATE

For Supervisor Sixth Ward..........................**J. R. Deering.** August 16.

TAXPAYERS' NOMINEE.

James J. Gardiner..............................**for Surveyor.** August 16.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE

For Treasurer......................................**Charles Hubert.** August 16.

WILLIAM CASSEBOHM,

Commercial Broker—Office, 221 California street, (up stairs,) San Francisco. August 9.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

For Sheriff..**P. J. White.** August 9.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

For District Attorney..............................**Thomas P. Ryan.** August 9.

PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE

For Superintendent of Streets........................**John Apel.** August 9.

THOMAS GOLDEN

For Public Administrator..........................**917 Market street.** August 2.

J. A. BAUER,

Present incumbent, Candidate for City and County Treasurer on Taxpayers' and Liberal Reform Tickets. August 16.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Oriflamme, F. Bolles Commander, will leave Folsom st wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, August 23, at 10 o'clock A. M. [August 23.] WM NORRIS, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Special Notice.—The Steamship Mohongo, sailing August 15th and 25th, will take Freight for SAN LUIS OBISPO. August 23. S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds. Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves. March 29. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S.F.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 18 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court Smith, Payne & Co , bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co , bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 18 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escomte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bdgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S, Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st, E.C, Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Budd, W. C....440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 323 Califor'a st.
Fitch, J. B....411 California st.
Higgins, W. L....413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H..434 Cal'a, up stairs.
Keene, J. R....435 Californla st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co. ....426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H .435 California st.
Peckham, E. P....418 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H....401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W......444 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 30.

MRS. GAMP AS A LIGHTNING CANVASSER.

WHAT MRS. HARRIS SAID.

Mrs. Gamp, I'm surprised, which is just what she said;
Why, Sairey, what put the idea in your head?
Do you think I should fall in so clumsy a trap,
As to buy that dear bargain, "the *Chronicle* map?"

I am bound to declare that I don't believe all
The statements that Pickering makes in the *Call*;
But I'm equally sure that there is not a scrap
Of truth in the tale of "the *Chronicle* map."

Them *Bulletins*, *Eras* and *Posts*, too, no less
I regards with contempt which I need not express;
And you'll not be surprised that I don't care a rap
For the trumpery daub called "the *Chronicle* map."

If four thousand fools at this rubbish have struck,
"Why, the devil's own cubs get the devil's own luck;"
But I hope I'm a little too clever to snap
At so worthless a bait as "the *Chronicle* map."

So now, Mrs. Gamp, if you wishes that we
Should as friendly as ever continue to be,
Don't puff the "live paper," and try to entrap
Your friends into buying "the *Chronicle* map."

SPEECH.

[NOT MADE AT THE REPUBLICAN RATIFICATION MEETING.]

If any great principle were presently at stake, I should not wonder at the disintegration of parties. I might join those Republicans now endeavoring to paralyze their heroic organization, which has saved the country, may be needed again for as lofty a purpose, and certainly is required to be kept in its entirety as a sentinel over a restless public foe. But no such principle is at stake. As to preferences for men, the repeated triumphs of Democracy have shown, as well as the working of the laws of Lycurgus, that the individual must give way to the common weal. I therefore indorse the Republican nominations, although I shall wait till election day to ask who are the nominees. I therefore adopt the Republican platform (if there be one) although I have not read it, and do not intend to read it, sure that my ignorance will get me into no scrape, since I never engage in discussion, and all my speeches are made not to be delivered.

In the absence of principle, there is, however, much clamor. The objective point of the clamor is that multitude of monopolies denoted as Stanford & Co. The parties clamoring are certain newspapers which just now cannot find any other subject of clamor—certain merchants and manufacturers who are said to prove that, through railroad discrimination, *their* trade is being ruined, while favored competitors thrive—the people at large, who feel that they have paid a high price for their plaything, and whose natural disposition is to clamor with or without cause; lastly, the class called "politicians," who care nothing for the matter except to make a point.

For the purpose of these remarks, I call politicians those individuals who are accustomed to make a living by the sweat of their—offices. Of course there is ground for this clamor. Of course the monopolists stretch their power to the almost for their own benefit and (herein they are unwise) to the damage of individuals and communities.

Whoever expresses astonishment at this state of things has never studied the histories of States, churches, and other associations—nay, has never considered the laws of God, which have appointed Evil to stand everywhere by the side of Good. The object seems to be to suggest that struggle without which there is no real life.

By all means let us fight whatever of evil there may be in these (alas!) indispensable monopolies, and foster any good they may contain. Let us search our State and Federal Constitutions for remedies. If they contain none, let us amend them and apply the remedies. But to sit quiet and denounce "Stanford & Co.," without offering any further help than to advise the people to vote for certain gentlemen who profess to hate "Stanford & Co.," is a piece of childish nonsense. That the daily press should indulge in it, need not surprise its intelligent subscribers, long accustomed to glance at the editorials just enough to be enabled to skip what is altogether trite. But it is a subject of astonishment that Governor Booth, always eloquent and generally suggestive, should have favored us with an elaborate address which paints the evil in vivid colors and tenders not even the shadow of palliation.

Meanwhile, intense cachinations rustle the waving folds of the sleeves of "Stanford & Co." The enemy has won the battle for them. They need not fight at all. The sinews of war on hand for the present contest may be saved for ulterior use. They may, reclining on their luxurious ottomans, murmur what an eminent banker once actually said to a delegation of "settlers," who threatened to control a judicial election to the damage of his land titles: "I don't care" (profanity) "who you elect. If he is a good man, I ask no more. If he is a bad one—*I'll buy him!*"

THE TURF.

We hail with pleasure the introduction here of the old country sport, hurdle racing. Our Puritan fathers are so strict in matters of sport that they compromised with the devil and started trotting races, and for many years a running race was a thing unknown, or, if known, spoken of with holy horror. Thank God, however, these stiff-backed old boys have "gone home," and, we hope, have taken their foolish prejudices with them. On Saturday, Sept. 6th, we look forward to a rich treat (thanks to Mr Baxter's indomitable energy and pluck), for we are to have a hurdle race meeting, on English principles. All the jockeys will have to "sport silk," and the arrangements will be like those at an English race meeting. The races come off at the Ocean Park Track, and, no doubt, thousands will witness this laudable innovation on our old fashioned trots, and ploughboy running races.

F. Schleifer & Co., Manufacturers of Brandies and Champagnes, have now on hand a superb stock of Champagne, which for body and flavor is not excelled by any foreign or domestic brands. The gods themselves might sip this wine and grow in raptures. Mohommed's houris, those sensuous black-eyed beauties, who enthrall celestial prophets, bathe their red-ripe lips in Paradise with wines like unto this we immortalise. Schleifer, the renowned manufacturer, has been engaged in bringing his wines to perfection for over twenty years. He has reached the summit of his ambition and stands at the head of the most celebrated manufacturers of the old and new world. No wines are placed on the market until they have remained over five years in his spacious cellars. The popular house of Cotting & Co. is agent in this city for the sale of these modern wines of Cyprus.

Blodgett Road Scraper Manufacturing Co.—The above named Company are now prepared to receive orders for their "patent scraper" or "dump cart." For a full description of this scraper, we would call attention to contractors and others to a splendid cut published in the *Rural Press* and *Mining and Scientific Press* of this week's issue. All orders addressed to Mr. H. K. Moore, President of the Company, No. 528 California street, will receive prompt attention.

We have received of Sherman & Hyde, music dealers, corner Sutter and Kearny, the very pretty bolero song entitled "Esmeralda" Words by A. Halliday, music by W. C. Levey. Also, song and chorus, "Come, Darling, Come." Words and music by H. P. Danks; a ballad sure to be very popular.

We had long wondered at the almost insane confidence shown by the money broker who had his gold pieces so temptingly displayed in one of the windows of the *Evening Post* office. This confiding individual has moved, and we congratulate him on his good sense.

Those in want of nobby style suits should remember that Bullock & Jones make the stylish garments of the day—No 421 Montgomery street.

REGULAR DEMOCRATIC TICKET.—ELECTION SEPT. 3, 1873.

FOR MAYOR ....JAS. M. McDONALD.

For Sheriff ....P. J. White	For Chief of Police..Thos. G. Cockrill
For Auditor ....Monroe Ashbury	For Harbor Master.......C. H. Hewitt
For Tax Collector..Alexander Austin	For Coroner ......Dr. John R. Rice
For Treasurer ....Charles Hubert	For Public Adminis'tor ..Thos. Golden
For Recorder ....Otto H Frank	For Surveyor .....Wm P. Humphreys
For County Clerk ....Wm. Harney	For Suprintendent of Streets ...... Thomas Agnew
For district Attorney....Thos. P. Ryan	For Superintendent of Public Schools .. James Denman
For City and County Attorney.......... Wm. Matthews	

For Fire Commissioners,
Gordon E. Sloss, William Ford, Chas. B. Edwards.

For Harbor Commissioner..........................Thos. E. Farrish.

For Justices of the Peace,
James C. Pennie, R. O. Sturdivant, E. Ang. Thompson, James Derham, Charles E. Travers.

JUDICIAL TICKET.—ELECTION OCT. 15, 1873.

For Judge of Supreme Court.
[Not Nominated yet.]

For Judge of Nineteenth District Court..............W. P. Daingerfield.

For Police Judge..Eugene P. Drake.

PROCLAMATION FOR THE ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL OFFICERS AT THE GENERAL ELECTION.

Public notice is hereby given, that a General Election in and for the city and county of San Francisco, will be held on WEDNESDAY, September 3, 1873, and the qualified electors of said city and county are hereby called to meet in their respective wards for the purpose of electing the following named municipal officers at said election, to wit: Mayor, Sheriff, Auditor, Tax Collector, Treasurer, Recorder, County Clerk, District Attorney, Attorney and Counselor, Chief of Police, Harbor Master, Coroner, Public Administrator, Surveyor, Superintendent of Public Streets, Highways and Squares, Superintendent of Common Schools, two Fire Commissioners, one Fire Commissioner, for the unexpired term of John Rosenfeld resigned; State Harbor Commissioner, five Justices of the Peace, twelve Supervisors, one from each of the following wards: First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth, to be elected by a plurality of all the votes cast at said election. Twelve School Directors, to be elected by a plurality of all the votes cast at the said election.

[SEAL.] Witness my hand and the seal of the City and County of San Francisco, the twentieth day of August, A. D. 1873. WILLIAM ALVORD,
August 23. Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to a decree of the High Court of Chancery made in a cause of "Limbert, on beha f of himself and others, against the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company (limited) and others." The persons entitled to the outstanding and unpaid debentures issued by the defendants, the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company (limited), are, on or before the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, 1873, to send by post, prepaid, to MR. WILLIAM TURQUAND, of No. 16 Tokenhouse Yard, London (the liquidator of the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company, limited), their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims in respect of such debentures, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree. Every person entitled to such outstanding and unpaid debentures, is, by himself or his solicitor, to produce the debenture or debentures, in respect of which he claims before his Honor the Vice Chancellor, Sir Richard Malins, at his chambers, situated at No 3, Stone Buildings, Lincoln's Inn, Middlesex, on THURSDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1873, at 12 o'clock, at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims, or to forward his debenture to the said Mr. Turquand for production as aforesaid.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1873. E. N. WALKER, Chief Clerk.
Anthony Pulbrook, 28 Threadneedle street, London, E. C., [illegible]'s Solicitor.
(August 23.)

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Mr. John Bensley (President of the Pacific Oil and Lead Works), and MR. L. B. BENCHLEY (Vice President and Manager of the Pacific Rolling Mills Co.), are admitted partners in our firm. The business will be continued, as heretofore, under the same firm name. LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.
San Francisco, August 1st, 1873. August 23.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny st., near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; John Woodard, Stage Manager; E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, August 23d, and until further notice—The people's resort, and most popular place of amusement in the city. Second week of the Perry Brothers, great Ethiopian Comedians. Thousands congregate nightly to admire them. A bran new play this week, entitled AFTER NIGHT, full of fun and frolic. Cassim and Fritz, Miss Jennie Johnson, Lydia Herbert, Maggie Kelly, Susie Robinson and others, dance the celebrated "Can-can" during the piece. Matt Kelly and Lou Dixon speak funny pieces to the Male and Female Minstrels. Fred. Richie hornswoggles the Dutch terribly. A monster programme every evening. The great variety show of the town. Goat Island is still unmoved. Politics dished up to suit all hands. If you desire happiness don't fail to attend. For admission inquire at the box office, just around the corner, on Kearny street, near Washington. Aug. 23.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Treasurer. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. Continued success of Kelly and Leon's translation of Offenbach's Grand Opera, LES BRIGANDS! BILLY SWEATNAM, KELLY and LEON, WELCH and RICE, BILLY MANNING, LITTLE MAC, ROBERT FRASER, and the Great Combination Troupe. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, Aug. 23, at 2 o'clock.—This (Saturday) Evening, Aug. 23d, will be produced MADELAINE; or, THE CURSE OF DRINK, and NAN, THE GOOD FOR NOTHING. This (Saturday) Afternoon—Only SCHOOL Matinee. Monday Evening, August 25th—Miss Charlotte Thompson will appear as "Ogarita," in THE SEA OF ICE, or, THE FROZEN OCEAN. August 23.

SAN FRANCISCO GRAND HURDLE RACES AND RUNNING RACES.

Ocean View Driving Park Course, Saturday, Sept. 6th, 1873.

Four Great Races the same day—The horses at the post to start for First Race at 2 o'clock, punctually. Special Trains at 12:30, 1, and 1:30 o'clock, from San Jose Depot, Market street, will run to Industrial School, a short distance from the Course. Fare, 25 cents. Conveyances from the city at cheap fares, running to and fro all day. August 2.

WOODWARD'S GARDENS.

Embracing a Marine Aquarium, Museum, Art Gallery, Conservatories, MENAGERIE, SEAL PONDS and AMPHITHEATER. Skating Every Day. Grand Performance and Concert Every Saturday and Sunday. Admission—25 Cents, Children under 10 years, 10 Cents. August 9.

CHARITY CROSS.

[Extracts from New Books and Magazines.]

Tinted are her cheeks with rose;
She is waiting in the snows
Of the fall ng apple-blows.

Dotted is her rustic shawl
With the apple-leaves that fall:
Twilight splendors cover all.

Charity Cross, it groweth late:
Household duties for you wait,
Just beyond the garden-gate.

Leave the apple-blooms to fall,
Far-off brook to vainly cal l,
Lightly climb the orchard wall.

All your dreamings softly fold:
Let them drift away untold
In the dying sunset's gold.

Down the path that leads between
Ferns and mosses, shaded green,
The gab ed house is dimly seen.

Winds, with poplar trees at play,
Chafe with tossing boughs all day
Weather-beaten walls of gray

Open wide the trellised door:
Sunset glories go before,
Fall upon the kitchen floor

Turn to gold the swinging loom
Stand ng in the corner s gloom
Of the low brown raftered room.

One that foremost leads the plow
Sees you in the doorway now—
Breaks a bending apple-bough,

Waves it by the meadow creek,
Answering blushes on your cheek
Tell the words you cannot speak.

Through the drifting apple-snow,
Where the four-leafed clover grow,
Hand in hand they homeward go;

And they vow, whate'er the weather
Mid the brier, through the heather,
They will walk life's way together.

Parting when the day grows late,
If a moment at the gate
One alone is left to wait.

Yet each other they wi l greet
Where life s shadeless, dusty street
And the heavenly pathway meet.

"HOISTED WITH HIS OWN PETARD."

J. W. Simonton is an owner in the *Bulletin* and *Call*, and in the New York *Times*. As Washington correspondent of the latter paper, he indulged in a most virtuous tirade against corrupt Congressmen, a few years since, and announced that he could unfold a scheme of villainy of the darkest character. A committee of investigation was accordingly appointed, which was made up of such men as Henry Winter Davis, Gov. Orr, of South Carolina, Kelsey, of New York, etc. Simonton was summoned before the Committee, and stated on oath that certain members of Congress had said to him, "*that certain measures pending before Congress ought to pay, that the parties interested in them had the means to pay; that they individually needed money, and* I ENJOINED HIM SPECIALLY TO ARRANGE THE MATTER IN SUCH A WAY THAT IF THE MEASURE PASSED THEY SHOULD RECEIVE PECUNIARY COMPENSATION." Thereupon the Committee pressed him to state the names of those members, and he declined, saying the communications were confidential. The Committee insisted, and propounded the question in various ways. Simonton still refused, saying his answer would criminate himself. Being urged to state how, he replied as follows:

BY MR. ORR.—What sort of criminal prosecution do you apprehend you would be subjected to by answering that question?

SIMONTON.—I do not wish to consume the time of the Committee, but I hardly know whether I ought to answer that question. The Committee will understand that I am myself, in a measure, upon trial.

BY MR. DAVIS.—No, sir, you are not in the slightest degree upon trial.

SIMONTON.—I am answering under the penalties of laws staring me in the face, and I want to be very careful how I answer. I assure the Committee that I am unwilling to consume their time.

BY MR. ORR.—The Committee certainly have the right to know what sort of criminal prosecution it is that you apprehend.

SIMONTON.—*Prosecution for perjury, for base, unseeming* (unseemly) *contradictions* in my testimony. I also apprehend a criminal prosecution in the State courts for slander, if I should connect statements which I have made in a letter, of which I stand as the avowed author, with the names of individuals, or any of the individuals, to whom I may have been supposed to refer.

Thus he could not answer a question as to what members had approached him corruptly for fear of being convicted of perjury and slander. To relieve him from the fear of such conviction, the hearing was adjourned, and Congress passed a law to protect witnesses from any legal consequences of testimony given before Congressional Investigating Committees. Simonton was then asked:

BY THE CHAIRMAN.—*Have you been solicited by any member of the present Congress, directly or indirectly, to make any arrangement by which the member was to receive any valuable consideration for his support of any measure during the present Congress?*

SIMONTON.—I CANNOT SAY, UNDER OATH, THAT I HAVE, AND NEVER HAVE INTENDED TO BE UNDERSTOOD SO TO MEAN.

This flagrant contradiction, under oath, of what he had sworn to, and of the slanders he had put in the New York *Times*, completed the disgust of the Committee, and they reported him as totally unworthy of credit.

It also came out in his testimony before the Committee, that he took pay on several occasions for his personal services in lobbying bills through Congress—land grab bills, private schemes for parties in California (Fitch and Pickering !)—and the Committee unanimously reported in favor of his ignominious expulsion from the privileges of the reporters' gallery, and he was so expelled.

Simonton had recklessly slandered Members of Congress, and asserted that they had approached him corruptly. He was plying his trade as a virtuous editor. When brought to the test, he confessed he was a slanderer and a paid lobbyist. He dug a pit for the reputation of others, and fell into it himself.

Now, let the *Bulletin* and *Call* explain away this infamy attached by a public record to their partner in business and telegraphic agent, or forever hold their peace about public men and measures.

Miranda. A Midsummer Gladness, by Mortimer Collins (Henry S. King and Co.), is a very good specimen of that form of love lyric which one of the gayest of our lyrical poets may almost be said to have invented, says the London *Mirror*, a weekly reflex of the world of literature. Exquisite little lyrics are scattered over the pages of this, as of most of Mr. Collins' novels. Here is a fair sample of them.

"O happy life, whose love is found!
O happy love, whose life is free!
O happy strings whose soft notes sound
Athwart the sea!

"The sea has mistress in the moon,
The moon has lover in the sea;
They meet too late, they part too soon—
And so do we.

"I am adored, yet must obey,
I am a queen and yet a slave.
It seems to me the self-same way
With moon and wave.

"O be it so! O let it be!
O may I always rule and serve,
And live the life whose love is free,
And never swerve!"

The "Noble Art" at Buckingham Palace.—*Apropos* of the Shah, I am told that members of the P. R. in England are very jubilant in consequence of an invitation to Jem Goss. I beg pardon, Professor Goss—to go over to Teheran and instruct the Persian gentry in the "noble art." I believe her Majesty was exceedingly annoyed on finding that a ring had been set up on the lawn behind Buckingham Palace for the "Professors" to spar in, and, to show her disgust, had all the grass taken up and replaced with turf from the garden of the Archbishop's Palace at Lambeth! The new sods will have all the benefit of archiepiscopal consecration, and surely that will wipe away all traces of the desecration.—*Correspondence Sporting Gazette.*

Female "mediums" in Cincinnati are fined two hundred dollars for dealing in spirits without an excise license.

Develop your minerals," is the California style of asking a person to pay his debts.

Bad Practice in City Gardening.—"Watering stocks"—on the Exchange

ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).

Successors to J. Seligman & Co.

London Office, No. 3 Angel Court. San Francisco Office, No. 412 California street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000, Subscribed, $3,000,000; Paid in $1,500,000, remainder subject to call. Directors in London—Hon Hugh McCulloch, Reuben D. Sassoon, William F. Scholfield, Isaac Seligman, Julius Lingston. Managers in San Francisco—Richard G. Sneath, Ignatz Steinhart. The Bank is now prepared to open Accounts, Receive Deposits, make Collections, Buy and Sell Exchange and Issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world and loan Money on proper securities. The Stock of this Bank being held by leading Bankers and Capitalists of Europe and America, the Bank will have superior facilities in the negotiation of State, Municipal and other securities abroad.
July 5. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

THE CALIFORNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Will commence business on Wednesday, Aug. 6, 1873, at its office, No. 512 CALIFORNIA STREET. GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.
PRESIDENT . DAVID FARQUHARSON | VICE PRESIDENT.........CHAS. LUX.

Board of Directors:

David Farquharson,	Alexander G Abel,	Robert Ewing,
Charles Lux,	John Bell,	Adolph Weske,
Julius C Reis,	Frederic Clay,	James R. Kelly
A C Corbett,	Alexander Austin,	

TREASURER—Julius C Reis. SURVEYOR—A C Corbett. SECRETARY—D. D. Chisholm. ATTORNEY—C. P. Robinson. Office, 512 California street. [Aug 9.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. March 28.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 1

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M. for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. DIRECTORS—L. Gottig, F. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler, Dan Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb 1] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office No. 304 Sansome street (Fried lander's buildings), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't; Wm. H. Culver, Vice President, R. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3.

COSMOPOLITAN DIME SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No. 626 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits, One per Cent per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, Six per Cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book.
J. CROCKER, Secretary. [May 10] W. B. THOMPSON, President.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

No. 20 Wall street, New York.—Exchange on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort, Bremen, Vienna. Cable Transfers, Circular Letters, Commercial Credits, on
JAY COOKE, McCULLOCH & CO.,
Cable Transfers on Vienna direct. [July 26] 41 Lombard street, London.

DIVIDEND.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hibernia Savings and Loan Society held this day, a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent per annum was declared on all deposits for the six months ending with July 31st, 1873, payable immediately, and free from Federal Tax. EDWARD MARTIN, Secretary.
San Francisco, July 2, 1873. August 2

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Farmers and Mechanics Bank of Savings, declared a dividend for the half year ending June 30th, 1873, at the rate of ten per cent per annum on term, eight per cent per annum on class one ordinary, and six per cent per annum on class two ordinary deposits, free of Federal tax. Payable on and after July 11th, 1873. By order. [July 26] G. H. CONDEE, Cashier.

NOTICE

Mr. William Matrick (or Moycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or at Hanley, Staffordshire, England—You are hereby informed that your daughter, Miss ELIZA DUNN, is now in San Francisco, California. Any communication addressed to her will be gladly received for Mrs. E. Dunn, at the "California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast," Merchant street, San Francisco. June 21

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 A.M. and 1 P.M. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to City Collections, and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 14.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.
[March 29]

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9] ADAMS, FOULKES & CO., 113 Front street.

FIRST-CLASS HOTELS

— IN —

Great Britain, throughout Europe, N. America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

Athens.
Hotel d'Angleterre.—Proprietor P. Polzoi

Barbadoes (W. I.)
Albion Hotel.—William E. Hoad, Proprietor.

Berlin.
Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.

Birmingham.
The Great Western Hotel.—Snow Hill Station

The Hen and Chickens Hotel.—A. L. Oldfield, Proprietor.

The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square. Benj. Scriven, Proprietor.

Boulogne-sur-mer, France.
Hotel Des Bains. E. Manton, Pr.

Chepstow.
Beaufort Arms Hotel.—W. Garrett, Proprietor. (Tintern Abbey, five miles.)

Constantinople.
Hotel D'Angleterre.

Cordoba.
Grand Hotel Suisse.

Dublin.
The Hibernian Hotel.—Geo. Nesbitt, Proprietor

Edinburgh.
The Douglas Hotel.—Thos. Slaney, Proprietor

Folkestone.
London and Paris Hotel.

Geneva.
Grand Hotel de la Paix.—J. Kohler, Proprietor

Hotel de Bergues.—F. Wachter, Proprietor

Genoa.
Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. -Bottachi Felix, Prop.

Halifax.
White Swan Hotel.—A. Woodhouse, Proprietor.

Innsbruck.
Hotel d'Autriche.

Leamington.
Regent Hotel.—L. Bishop, Prop.

Liverpool.
Washington Hotel.—Lime street. Frank Goswell, Manager.

London.
Bridge House Hotel.—London B

Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W. James M. Sanderson, of New York, Manager

Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.

Lyons.
Hotel de l'Europe.—M. Crepaux, Proprietor.

Milan.
Hotel de la Ville.—J. Baer, Pr.

Hotel Pozzo.

New York.
Prescott House, Broadway.—D. Hexter, Proprietor

Nottingham.
Maypole Hotel.—John Hardy.

Paris.
Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli.

Plymouth.
Duke of Cornwall Hotel.

Quebec.
St. Louis and Russell's Hotels.

Rio de Janeiro.
Cafe Americana.

Sheffield.
Royal Hotel.—E. Wallis, Prop.

St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.
The Granville Hotel.

Toronto.
The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Thos. Dick, Proprietor.

Turin.
Hotel de l'Europe.

Venice.
Danieli's Royal Hotel.—Genovese & Campi, Proprietors.

Hotel Beau Rivage.

Vienna.
Grand Hotel.—A. Schneider, Pr.

Grand National Hotel.—Much & Mayer, Proprietor

Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. J. Heydner, Proprietor.

NOTABILIA.

A DESERVING CASE

It was a gallant officer, as ever sailed a ship;
He'd been away to Russia for a pleasant little trip;
O, he took up his fiddle, and a pretty tune he played—
So listen here to certain observations which he made—
"Turn 'em out, and shell 'em out, and pass a vote for me—
When a fellow marries, he needs £ s d !"

The discontented cobblers, with a baronet or so,
Began to shriek and grumble and to call out "No!"
But Bott—'tis hard to find elsewhere so generous a dad—
Began to pull his purse out when he heard that sailor lad—
"Turn 'em out, and shell 'em out, and pass a vote for me—
When a fellow marries, he needs £ s d !"

So may every gallant officer, whene'er he takes a wife,
Find a governor who lib'rally provides for him for life;
And here's to the young couple—let us give them three times three,
And wish them health and happiness when wedded they shall be.
"Turn 'em out, and shell 'em out, and pass a vote for me—
When a fellow marries, he needs £ s d !" —*Fun.*

A great literary loss has been sustained by the death of Philarète Chasles. One of his best known productions was *Les Contes Brunes*. It had nothing, however, to do with Mrs. Brown's stories. He was a *collaborateur* with Balzac and Charles Rabou in many works. But a greater loss would be felt if Gilbert & Moore ceased supplying offices, schools, and gardens with their first-class furniture.

An Idea of Perspective.—Countryman—"Nice work isn't it, zur? I beg your pardon, zur, you couldn't put me in the picter, may be?" Artist—"Well, I haven't room." Countryman—"O, I don't mind, zur" (pointing to the sky), "I'll go up here."

Oh! in the varied scenes of life,
Amidst its never ending change;
How nice to buy your little wife
A De La Montanya Range.

How nice to have one's food well cooked!
As these ranges only can do it,
And not the whole thing over-looked,
And so tough you cannot chew it.

An Extinguisher.—Forward and Loquacious Youth—"By Jove, you know, upon my word, now—if I were to see a ghost, you know, I should be a chattering idiot for the rest of my life." Ingenuous Maiden (dreamily)—"*Have* you seen a ghost?"

An owl sat on a rotten stump,
And solemnly winked its eyes.
It scratched its back and gave a jump,
Half of pleasure, half surprise.

It drank a glass of Gerke wine
From a gob et near at hand,
It wagged its tail and said, "It's fine;
In fact, look here, boys, it's grand!"

Flippant Lady—"You seem depressed, Mr. Beauclerc. No bad news I hope?" Romantic Gentleman—"Ah! if one could only *forget*!" Flippant Lady—"Dear me! Hadn't you better tell me all about it, and *I'll forget it for you!*"

Our brokers are undoubtedly the best dressed men in the city. Their haberdashery is nearly always faultless. This strikes the stranger more than anything else. He naturally asks, "Why is this so?" and is told, "We all go to uncle Pete's for our shirts, collars, etc." This, by the bye, is meant to convey to the stranger's mind that all the best men deal with Anderson & Irving.

"Dear me! How cold it is up here in the mountains, my teeth are fairly chattering," said an elderly lady. "Don't let 'em chatter too much, aunty," yelled a frightful boy of ten years, "or they may tell where you bought 'em!"

Dreams of fame and grandeur
End in bitter tears,
True love grows the fonder
By the lapse of years.

Time and change and troubles
Agitate the soul,
Furniture redoubles—
Made by N. P. Cole.

The gentleman who asserted that his friend never opened his mouth without putting his foot in it, being called upon to apologize, said he was very sorry, but when he made the assertion he did not see the size of his friend's foot.

An accident happened the other day on the Cliff House Road which very nearly terminated fatally. A gentleman was driving a pair of fast horses at a nice gait when a cur dog came alongside and frightened the horses so much that they broke into a run and became unmanageable. The harness fortunately was good, being made by Main & Winchester, or the consequence might have been serious.

O give me a nice little cottage!
A garden, a pump, and a well,
A wife with a pretty good temper;
The carpets from friends Plum & Bell.

And let those who prefer big hotels
Just stop there as long as they please,
Man's wants are but few in life,
And I am contented with these.

Strychnine is put forth as the best means of "belling the cat" among the clapper-clawing man-eaters of our Indian possessions. It certainly rang the changes to a pretty tune in the dingo infested districts of Australia.

Miracles are things of the past, and are so doubtful that we sometimes have felt a little trouble in bringing ourselves to believe in them at all. However hard as we are of belief, we must say that using a bottle of the Elixer Dam ana convinced us that the day of wonders are not passed. It is the most wonderful recuperator ever used.

An item in the life of a worthy pair, evidently sick of each other, is thus briefly told. A seventy-year old couple were divorced in Morgan County, Ill., recently. Can it be possible that ill-ness formed the ground of divorce?

Oh take her, but be faithful still,
And may the bridal vow
Be sacred held in after years
And warmly breathed as now.

Remember, too, the photograph,
The one that Houseworth took
And never let an angry word
Dispel that happy look.

Proof Positive.—Here's a fool writing to the paper to say tobacco stops one's growth if indulged in at too early an age. Stupid idiot! why, I've been at it ever since I was a boy, and look at me!

Dear, leave thy home and come with me,
That scorn the world for love of thee
Here we will live, and in this park,

A court of joy and pleasure's ark;
Here Eberhert & Lachman's wine
Shall wash our grub down when we dine.

In an auctioneer's catalogue we find the following item—"Magnificent Early Dresden China and Ormolu Clock." As it strikes us, this lot should find a "fast" purchaser.

Muller's glasses are owned to be
The only *glasses* that make men see

A Confusion of Ideas.—Mamma—"I am always amused at that 'Marvel of Perrajolan Art' advertisement!" Daughter—"O, I know what perroquo means, ma! It means a whig party!"

Harry Blanken is one of the most whole hearted men in America. His place is the Six Mile House on the San Bruno Road. Call and see him.

Mrs. Lamb's baby died last week. It was the sweetest little thing that ever lived, and, of course, Mrs. Lamb was very sorry to loose it. Fortunately she took it down to Bradley & Rulofson's to get its photograph taken about a month before it died. Had she not done so, as babies are so much alike, she might have had considerable trouble in picking her one out in heaven.

An Article of True Merit.—"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are the most popular article in this country or Europe for throat diseases and coughs, and this popularity is based upon real merit.

Some few months ago an old lady called in a store on Kearny street, and, taking her bonnet off, astonished the clerk by exhibiting a head with no more hair on it than a duck's egg. She purchased a bottle of X. Twiabs Nevada Hair Restorer, and promised to call round and show him the result. She called, and a finer crop of hair he never saw.

Scottish Grievance.—Why, in the fitness of things did not Nasr-ed-din visit Edinburgh, particularly as he is said to have been pleased with the *head-din* of the bagpipes?

A horse is one of God's noblest creatures, and as such should receive the care and attention it deserves. It is an insult to a good horse to have some nasty, old, jingling rat trap behind him when by his owner simply going to Crego & Bowley's on California street, the neatest of neat turn-outs can be bought. Go to their sale on Tuesday and see for yourselves.

The following appears "plain as print" in a shop window in the Strand—"Cow hide—Gladstone." It merely bears reference to a bag, but we hope it escaped the Shah's observant eye!

Come, drive with us to the Villa—
The prettiest spot on earth—
In the Golden Gate Park.

Come sing with the lark
And let our motto be "mirth."

Sir Herbert de Courser complains that his grayhounds are in such high training that they are useless, for they will run for miles without turning a hare.

"Live while you live," the epicure would say,
And seize the pleasures of the present day.
Go down to Corville's at the Saddle Rock;

'Tis there that all the epicures do flock,
There they eat their oysters and drink their wine,
And every one praises the house on Pine.

A Kentucky railway runs night express trains only, on account of the prevalence of cholera along its route.

"Misfortunes," says our old friend Horace (not Greeley), "display the skill of a general, prosperous circumstances conceal his weakness." We noticed a man the other day whose prosperous circumstances failed to conceal his weakness. He ordered French wine instead of the pure Cutter whisky. Of course, he was very ill afterwards.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 24.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 14.

THE "STAR AND GARTER."

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 600 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been refitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

REMOVAL.

A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his office and warerooms to No's 113 and 115 Pine street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over mountainous and difficult roads. June 28.

CAST IRON WATER PIPE,

3 inch, 4 inch, 6 inch. Boiler Tubes, 2, 3 and 4 inch, assorted lengths. GALVANIZED AND BLACK GAS PIPE, all sizes. EGLINTON and No. 1 CLYDE PIG IRON. SCOTCH STEAM SPLINT COAL 5 tons best.
For sale by C. ADOLPHE LOW & CO.,
August 9. 208 California street.

NOTICE.

Mr. Charles Edward Heise is my partner in the Custom House Brokerage Business. CHAS. BAUM, Custom House Broker.
San Francisco, July 21, 1873. [August 2] 510 Battery street.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 24] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 28.

NOTICE TO THE OWNERS OF DOGS.

The License Tax for July, 1873, is now due, and if not procured on or before the 31st day of the present month, the Poundkeeper and his deputies will arrest all dogs with the old tag on. E. P. BUCKLEY,
July 19. Collector of Licenses, Office, No. 7 City Hall.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 29

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 29

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 605 to 15 Merchant street San Francisco

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

"On, Stanley."—It is said that since Mr Stanley's return to America, he does nothing but find Livingstone. An old gentleman in Connecticut has written a pathetic letter to a local newspaper, saying that *he* has been so often discovered that he does not now know where he is himself. He appeals to the public for protection until the Legislature can meet to alter his name from Livingstone to something else. Mr Livingstone complains that the last time Mr Stanley discovered him he was not lost. From a paragraph in another part of the same paper, however, we learn that he was at least not where he should have been. He was, in fact, in company with Mr Stanley's horse, and had hold of the halter. It is evident, also, that his grievance is not that he was discovered, but that the doctors cannot find the horse. It is hardly worthy of mention that the Mr Stanley alluded to is not the one whose acquaintance the British public had an opportunity to enjoy—and did not.

The lovers of "a good glass of Port wine" will rejoice to hear that the vintage of 1873 promises to be one of the most remarkable that has been known for many years. Advices from Lisbon state that seldom, if ever, has the black currant been seen in such perfection and abundance. The Portuguese are said to attach a higher value to the wine produced in the neighborhood of Oporto—where there would seem to be some evidence that the wine known as Port was first made—but it is not unreasonable to attribute this preference on their part to that species of local prejudice which is so often mistaken for patriotism. As a wine-growing county, Kent, Eng., stands very high in the list. From one farm two tons of black currants were sent to Spitalfields Market every day for a week, of which we are assured that a large proportion is used in the manufacture of red wine.

It is stated that the proprietors of *The Times* have bought the whole of Printing House Square, at the considerable price of £13 a foot, and there is a rumor that as soon as additional office accommodation has been obtained, the price of *The Times* will be reduced to 2d. This is improbable. *The Times* can even now get scarcely any profit upon its sale, and with a twenty-page paper, such as it often gives, would lose heavily on the sale if the price were reduced one-third. Of course the thickness of the paper might be reduced. But what the public would prefer would be an enlargement of the sheet rather than a diminution of the price. At present a vast amount of news is kept out of the leading journal in consequence of press of advertisements.

A new hoax has been attempted upon a correspondent of *Land and Water*, who writes: "As I was coming out of the Crystal Palace the other day, a man carrying two puppies attracted my attention, and I stopped for a moment; he immediately came across the road and offered them for sale—one a real Cuba (according to him), at the low price of £1, and the other a black-and-white Japanese terrier, 'a rare one for rats,' and he was only five weeks old, and at the moderate sum of £3. On examining the puppies I found in them a strong resemblance to the feline race, particularly about the claws and teeth, which were suspiciously long and sharp, and, oh, horror! after stroking one gently, he actually purred."

Hard Indeed.—The salary of an American bishop has been reduced from three thousand dollars to fifteen hundred dollars per annum. The cause assigned is at the age of seventy-nine years he married a young woman of twenty. We do not indulge in theological controversy, nor attempt to coerce the Church into conformity with our ideas, but really this was hard. It seems to us that a brief season of imprisonment would have been a sufficiently heinous punishment for so severe an offence. It does not seem right to take the bread out of a man's mouth just when he has got an additional set of teeth.

Value of Dissenters' Souls.—Some one advertises in the *Church Times* for "£50 to rescue 300 souls from Dissent." This would be just 3s apiece—certainly not an extravagant rate at which to rescue souls from any real danger; but before we offer to receive subscriptions we should be glad to know what it is proposed to do with the souls after the "rescue" has been effected. If it be simply to make Ritualists or Romanists of them, we had far rather that things should remain as they are.

A Huge Boa.—The *Times of India* contains an account of the death of a huge boa-constrictor which infested some marshy ground at the foot of the hills near Poodoocottah. The animal was regarded as sacred by the natives, who would not molest it, although only on the morning when Dr Johnstone and Mr Pennington, with great danger to themselves, bravely hunted it up and shot it, it had swallowed a young child. The animal is about 21 feet long, and its stuffed skin is to be deposited in the Madras Museum.

Nature's Paper.—The most remarkable feature of the vegetation of these mountains is a kind of birch tree, when the rough outside bark is taken off, ten or twelve layers of very thin, smooth bark are found, which can be cut off in large flakes of any width, and the length of the circumference of the tree. This serves the natives for paper, and great quantities of it are used for writing and for other purposes for which we use paper.—*A Visit to Cashmere*, in *Fraser's Magazine*.

Mr Guyon, the actor who was summarily dismissed from the Theater Royal on the supposition that he was Park, of Boulton and Park notoriety, has brought an action against the management for recovery of the amount of his salary. One-half the witnesses examined positively declared him as Park; the others were equally positive as to his not being that individual.—*Melbourne Paper.*

A society writer in the New York *Mail* reports that the most stylish young ladies [illegible] have struck against [illegible] of the [illegible], and make their own [illegible].

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, June 19th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A.M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broad way Wharf)—connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connections at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles. Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:00, 8:10, 9:20, 10:30 and 11:20 A.M., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, 8:10, 9:20 and *11:30 P.M. (7:30, 1:00 and 5:00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:30, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 11:00 A.M., 1:30, 2:40, 4:55, 6:10, 7:30 and 10:10 P.M.

Leave Oakland, *5:40, 6:50, 8:00, 9:10, 10:20 and 11:40 A.M., 12:30, 1:40, 2:50, 4:00, 5:05, 6:20, 8:00 and 10:20 P.M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:30, 9:00 and 11:15 A.M., 1:30, 4:00, 5:20 and 6:00 P.M. (4:00, 11:15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:00 A.M., and 2:30 P.M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:25, 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:30, 4:05 and 5:20 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—San Francisco		8:30 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11:10 a m	5:00 p m	7:05 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12:45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	1:25 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2:00 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	2:38 p m		
Soledad	Arrive	4:5 p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2:30 p m		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	7:55 p m		

Trains North		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—Tres Pinos				10:35 a m
Hollister				11:30 a m
Soledad				9:5 a m
Salinas				11:5 a m
Castroville				1:20 a m
Pajaro				12:20 p m
Gilroy				1:25 p m
San Jose		†6:30 a m	7:0 a m	3:00 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	8:0 a m	10:13 a m	5:30 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:30 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:50 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 8:15 a.m., arrive at San Francisco at 1:00 a.m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p.m.; arrive at San Francisco at 11:30 a.m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday April 5th the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs Wharf) at 8:30 and 11 A.M., 4 and 6 P.M. Saucelito at 7:30 and 9:30 A.M., 2:30 and 5 P.M. On Saturday, from Saucelito at 7:30 and 11 A.M., 1:3 and 5 P.M., from San Francisco at 12 and 2 M., 3 and 6 P.M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs Wharf) at 6 A.M. SUNDAY TIME: Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P.M. Leave Saucelito, 11 A.M., 1, and 5 P.M. H. A. COBB, President,
April 12. 327 Montgomery street.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d 1873, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad) will leave as follows: San Francisco, 8:45 a m, 1:40 p m, 4:20 p m. San Rafael, 7 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 2:30 p m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leave San Francisco at 10 a.m., 3:00 p.m. San Rafael 8:00 a.m., 1:30 p m. [Aug. 4.] CHARLES MINTURN.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

L. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Barney, Treasurer. Directors: J. A. Amerman, Wm. Barney, H. H. Byron, J. C. Beebe, E. M. Frend, H. Trask, [illegible] H. V. Herbert, J. W. Melcalf, J. L. Langan, J. T. [illegible], Wm. [illegible], Sam. Meyer. HALSEY & BLOWN, Agents. Office 524 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Wells, Fargo & Co. [illegible] Jan 16.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, [illegible], vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, Rod, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their athletic lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, beaded wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street rail road cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind on the Pacific States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz.: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 30.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship New-bern, A. N. MacDonnough Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on at 12 o'clock M. from Front-street Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and no other. For freight or passage having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15. 6 C Front street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 A.M. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 1:30 P.M. connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. [Aug 21.] CHAS. MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for the peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving the inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for freckles, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin. [illegible] Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 26. 150 Oxford st. London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'SCOCOA GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labeled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, [illegible], Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Medicine Chests, [illegible], Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand prices of the above forwarded free of charge [illegible]. BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st. London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Muir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh's Sauce. The success of the season at the table for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It is a delicious and its flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Muir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 28.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries. Address: Works 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on receipt of business card. April 2.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A.M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT

312 Tons. to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 25.] Agents, 421 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Building.
Justices—604 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall
Probate—City Hall
Third District—Mechanics' Institute Building
Fourth District—City Hall
Twelfth District—City Hall
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street
Nineteenth District—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall
Police Attorney—City Hall
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall
Sheriff—City Hall
Public Administrator—420 California street
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—Geary street
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Merchants' Exchange
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street near Drumm
Mayor—City Hall
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall
Tax Collector—City Hall
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall
County Clerk—City Hall
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place
Board of Education—City Hall
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall
Auditor—Room 11, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—33 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall
Health Office—Geary at
Chief of Police—City Hall
Pound Keeper—Pine street, bet. Pierce and Steiner
Quarantine—521 Jackson st.
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and East.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 9 London street. Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austinfriars, Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Waldock, Secretary; Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary. Pacific Saw Mills, Hakodadi, Armistead & Co., agents, 21 Old Broad street, Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co., agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane. Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mills; Paterson, Simons & Co., agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane. Amoy Dock Co., John Cook, agent, 1 [illegible] Square. Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co., agents, Crown-court, Philpot Lane; N. China Insurance Co., 25 Cornhill, J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary; Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co., agents, Lombard st. Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street. Hongkong Insurance Co., Gilman & Co., agents, 36 Austinfriars. China Traders Insurance Co., Hongkong, Fearon & Co. agents, 34 Great St. Helens; China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co. agents, 46 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st. Ceylon Co., [illegible] Buildings, Old Broad st. H. A. Cameron, Sec'y; Borneo Co., Mincing Lane, Wm. Martin, Manager. Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (limited) of Singapore, Martaggart, Tidman & Co. agents, 34 Great St. Helens. Banks: Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street. J. Thompson, Chairman. Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Old Broad street. D. T. Robertson, General Manager. Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street. Deutsche Bank, "Actien Gesellschaft" of Berlin, agency of Nat. Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within. Delhi and London Bank, Bartholomew Lane, Lothbury. Bank of Rotterdam, Peter Bark of London, agents, Princes st. Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 31 Lombard street. National Bank of India, R. D. Somers, Chief Manager, 80 King William street. Oriental Bank Corporation, 40 Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending August 16, 1873

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, August 11th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Richard Dyer to Charles Randolph	S line w Laguna, 72x137 6—sub W A 231	$1,300
Sigmund Steinhart to I Steinhart..	Und ½, se Howard sw 8th, 50x160, and ½ se Tehama sw 8th, 50x80	...
Frederick Steinhart to same ..	Und alled ½, same	10
Buena Vista H'd Ass'n to C H Daniels	Lot 21 blk 108, Buena Vista Homestead	7,000
Chas H Daniels to Annie M Daniels	Same	500
J C Wilsons to Chas Land.	Sw Harrison and Rincon Place, sw 50 x se 131—s th 100 x 75	010
Mary J Blair to Henry W Stable.	Com 87 6 s Jackson and 117 6 w Stockton, s 20 x w 31—subdiv 4sx 31	20,000
Edward Fobn to Wm O Welsisch	Sw Stewart, 120 nw Mission, 20x91 8 ..	5
Wm Henry Barr to John Griffin	N Eddy, 75 e Polk, e 57 6x120	5
Susan Palmer to Edwin Palmer.	W Webster, 52 4 s Clay, 50x106	9,000
Solomon Sharp to Mary Lynn ...	W Mission s Sparks, 50x182 ..	1,500
Patrick Lynn to S A Sharp	Same	5
S A Sharp to Pat Lynn	Same	5

Tuesday, August 12th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Laurel Hill Cem'y to Wm M Carlton	Lot 1761, Laurel Hill Cemetery	$ 300
Martha B Hunt et al to R E O Hen	E Stevenson, 160 s 13th, s 25x80	100
Louis Tanssig to Mark Lovely ...	Nw cor Geary and Hyde, 77 6x87 6, subj to mortgage for $8,000	13,000
Geary St Ex H Ass'n to W F Alen	Lot 30 blk 261, Geary St Ex H'd ..	350
J B Thomas to J B Haggin ...	E Taylor, in the center of the block between Washington and Clay, running thence s 25x80	6,000
Marg Abbott to Odd Fel Sav Bank	E Van Ness Ave s Eddy, 28x75	4,200
Delos Lake to Wilfred W Wiggins.	Ne cor Gough and California sts, 137 6x137:6; subdiv W A 125	5
Jacob Zobel to Chas Duveneck ..	Nw cor Eureka and 18th, 125x75	1,000
Jacques Traves to Wm Jordan ...	Sw cor Stockton and Chestnut 74x28	4,250
Jacob Boschken to J D Fry	W Powell n Post, n 1 6 x w 60	1
Same to same.	W Powell n Post, 22 6x61	5,000
Andrew Turner to Fabian Joost	Ne 11th nw Mission, 25x80; sub M B 5	2,750
John F McCauley to Wm H Taylor	Und 1-6th nw Townsend ne 3k, 275x275	10

Wednesday, August 13th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Frank F Taylor to Titus Dening	E Virginia s Jackson, 25x76	$ 50
Titus Dening to Henrietta Smith	Same	3,500
H S Dexter to J H Applegate	Lot 1717, Laurel Hill Cemetery	1,000
N S S F H'd Ass'n to Mrs M Smith	Lots 22 and 23 blk 327, N S S F H'd	1,000
E W Taggard to J L Boff.........	W 21st Ave 250 Clement Ave, etc, being subdivision of O L blk 282	2,063
Martin Mangels to Angela Lercrone	Com 108 n Filbert and 47:6 w Gaven, n 22 6 w 21 6 se 78:6 to commencement, subdivision of 50-v 452	600
Martin Kelly to Michael Kelly	Se Jessie sw 31, w 22 6x75	5
R L Woodworth to Laura A Kilham	Lots 1 2 3 31 to 38 42 43 44 blk 20 H A .	2
Thomas Kelly to Mary C Robinson	N Sutter w Jones, 23 9x137 6	5
Edward N Robinson to J Simpson	Same	15,000

Thursday, August 14th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
J S Spear Jr to Rosanna Bowen.	E Larkin n Pine, 25x87 6—sub 50-v 1413	$4,250
Jeremiah Kelly to Pat Callahan .	N Army 13 s w Church, 63 4x111—sub blk B Pacific Savings and H'd Ass'n	675
Abraham Cohl to A Warschauer .	Lots 70, 25 and 26, West End Homestead	600
Paul Tract H'd Ass'n to Hexon.	Lot 1 blk 5, Paul Tract Homestead ..	600
D W Connelly to John Hanna	E Davis n Clay, n 45:10x137:6........	20,500
R W Collins to Wm Worthington	F Dolores, 231 s 24th, s 50x125	400
Same to Michael Mangler	W Fair Oaks, 200 s 24th, 5 x 250	900
Same to Jeremiah Sullivan	W Fair Oaks, 251 s 24th, s 50x125	450
Wm Engraber to Chas Meyer .	Se cor Tyler and Polk, 43x120 .	6,500
Chas Meyer to Samuel Weinlraub	Same	6,500
Jane Morbell to Henry Gatte .	Lot 1 blk 72, Excelsior H d	1,700
Wm Green to Wm K Doherty .	Same as first description above	1
R P Thomas to James F Place	Francisco and Fillmore, 137 6x120	5,070

Friday, August 15th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Patrick Crowley to Henry Brown..	N Green, 166 w Montgomery, 57:6x20...	$3,000
Mary Conan to J O Goldsmith.....	Sw corner Oak and Gough, 137:6x120 .	300
E R Dodge to Moses Selig..........	W Mission, 60 s 15th, 50x107	1,900
Harrison St H'd Ass'n to J Lindsay	Lot 78 blk 142	800
Jas Chapman to Frederick Clay...	Ne Fremont, 61 nw Harrison, nw 21:6 nw parallel with Harrison 137 6 sw 15 6 sw parallel with Harrison, 37 6 etc	2,000
J S Alemany to John Stapleton....	Ne corner Turk and Broderick, 137:6 x e 137:6—sub W A 509	625
D W Marlindell to J R Deardorff..	S 24th e Bartlett, 45:6x100 subject to mortgage for $1,600	3,000
Geo W Webster to Homer S King	Lot 4 blk 107, and lot 10, blk 108 Buena Vista H d	1,000
Calif D'ld & L'n Soc to T Donning	Se Perry sw 4th, 25x80 ..	1
Peter Spreckels to A P Hotaling .	W Howard, 100 10 s 12th, west 100 8, etc	600
Pt Lob Av and P'd H d to G E Lane	Lot 7 blk 21, lot 28 blk 339, lot 52 blk 325 lot 71 block 242, Point Lobos Ave and Park Homestead	1,175
Buena Vista Hd Ass'n to F L A Pioche	N 26th, 170 w Church, w 5 x n 114	5
Jas Newman to Garrett Burke	W York, 175 n 24th, n 27 x w 100	1,200
Silver Terrace Hd Ass'n to W Kerr	Lots 401 to 4xx Silver Terrace Homestead	2,336
City and Co S F to Thos U Sweeney	Sub of O L blks 679 to 682 inclusive 700 to 703 inclusive 756 to 779 inclusive	Prem
Robt S Morrison to Thos Hayes	S Greenwich e Fillmore, 137 6x137 6	25
Colombia Hd Ass'n to R G Brush	Lots 7 and 8 blk 95, Colombia H d	800
R G Brush to Geo H Winterburn	Same	900

Saturday, August 16th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
W S Chapman to Wm H Martin	S corner Sherman and Cleveland, 75x100	30,000
Isaac Harding to Merrle Lachman	W Laguna, s Bush, 50x87 6	2,700
H L Hutchinson to Lois Kendle	Se 101 s 87 6 nw Mission, 75x120	12,000
C F Ruppel to Henry Beck	Sw Jessie sw 6th 25x75—sub 100-v 225	3,000
Wm Hollis to Mary Hicland	W Pearl 175 n Ridley, 25x90	2,800
A B Smith to Geo H Winterburn	E Larkin, 97 6 s O Farrell, 40x91 6	12,000
John Worley to Mary Riley	N Jessie e w 1st, 24x60	600
Aaron Doud to Lucinda J Swain	Corbett s Dolores, 77x100	6,500
J Finn to Andrew Lelabaker......	Rerecord to correct error	....
F H Woods to Pat'k Power	Ellis and Pierce, 137 6x137 6	3,400
H S Baldwin to W H Raymond	Sutter w Mason, 21 6x57 6, subject to mortgage for $6,000	13,000
Henry Matthews to John O'Kane.	McAllister w Webster, 107.6x137:6......	8,000
J Rosenfeld to Henry Matthews...	McAllister w Webster, 107.6x137:6......	5

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending Aug 19, 1873

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Jos Mayer to Lena Mayer	Oakland: 60x75 sw cor 6th and B'dway.	14,000
J B Van Anken to D Burns........	Same: 40x118 se cor Valley and Elm ...	800
Central Land Co to F E Cotton....	Same: Lot 40, Brown Tract	575
H Kirschbomer to W A Flood	Same 62 10x80 ne cor 17th and Market.	1,000
L J Hardy to M Laursen........	Same S line 3d street 25 e from Myrtle, thence e 12 6x94	300
W Davis to W B Swain	Same, 25x75 n e cor 6th and Jefferson ..	600
P C Dart to J C Nicholson	Same 50x114 6 nw cor 12th and Myrtle.	3,500
E D Farrington to F McGregor	Same N line 9th st 150 w from Grove, thence w 50x100	2,550
J W Davis to E B Andrews	Same N line Sycamore 227 e from San Pablo, thence e 10x156:4 ...	4,900
T B Bigelow to E Cragin	Same S line Railroad av 25 w from Henry, thence w 75x100	1,500
Reynolds & Slowell to C McCleverly	Same 100x150 nw cor 12th and West ..	2,500
H Heyer to F Heinle ...	Same 150x100 ne cor 11th and West	6,000
P Rogers to C J Frank	Same 78 w line San Pablo av	2,500
L J Hardy to D Dolan	Same W line Myrtle 319 n from 3d st, thence n 25x125	500
E Babson to M K Thornburgh ...	Same S line Middle 228.5 w fr Center, thence w 80x145	1,400
J McCarty to same ...	Same S line Middle 308.5 w fr Center, thence w 40x145	800
F D Hinds to L Shew	East Oakland 50x100 n cor Fremont and Monroe	700
J W Pearson to L Wood	West Oakland ½ lot n R R av 80 7 e fr Wood, thence n to x130 4	2,500
G E Schenck to C S Swasey......	Alameda 150 s line R R av and 150 on Bowman's Ditch	1
A H Mann to W Chipman ...	Same 2 acres near Euclid st	500
Wilcox & Bigelow to E H Willett.	Oakland Tp Lot 94, Maxwell Tract	500
O H Fogg to C H Hunt	Same Lots 5 and 6 in blk 13, College Hd	2,150
S Percy to E D Bingham	Same 2 acres, part plot 79 ..	1,000
Exr F L A Pioche to B L & T I Ass	4 miles n fr Oakland, 16 acs, S Pablo av	3,162
M Castro to Cal Ins Co.......	Same: 50 acres, near San Pablo av .	8,500
A C Rand to R Simson..........	Brooklyn Tp: 7 acres, near Seminary Pk	1,516
J H McCracken to same, ..	Same Same	1,516
Same to W P B Lynch .	Same 8 acres, same locality	1,190
Same to L G Yates	Sam 9 acres same locality .	1,311
P S Wilcox to F P Heald ...	Same ½ lot 11 acres and 22 acres	5
Snyder & Chapin to same	Same Same ...	2,500
A C Rand to W P B Lynch ...	Same 8 acres, near Seminary Park ..	1,190
Same to S G Yates	Same 9 acres, same locality	1,311
Cleland & Atherton to R Merton	Near San Leandro 711 acres on San Leandro Creek	14,670
F D Atherton to T Heilar....	Near Haywood 101 acres	3,257
M Giltney to J Quigley ..	Same 10 acres	1,150
C Loyn to L Palmtag	Haywood ½ lot in a lot	100
Same to same	Same ½ int in Loyn Brewery prop'ty	1,300
J A Neal to C P R R Co	Pleasanton Various lots ...	...
O B Stilwell to M Duarin .	Livermore A lot	75

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Aug 19.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records), during business hours may always be found at the HALL OF RECORDS, COUNTY BUILDINGS, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to Hall of Records. ☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. July 12.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore. The favor it has received and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Woman's Glory is her Hair—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

GOODWIN, WEST & CO.,

Manufacturers of the "Goodwin" Rotary Pump (to which was awarded the Gold Medal at the last State Agricultural Fair.)

Deep Well and Mining Pumps; Irrigating Pumps,

Of from 100,000 to 3,000,000 gallons capacity per day. FORCE PUMPS specially adapted to Wind Mills and Horse Power. SHIP PUMPS, WARRANTED NOT TO CHOKE with Wheat or Sand. Office, No. 3 First street, near Market,
July 26. San Francisco.

JOHN V. PLUME & CO.,

Formerly of Burgoyne & Co., Bankers, 310 California street, San Francisco. Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Government Bonds, Stocks, Commercial Paper and all other Negotiable Securities. Commercial Paper Discounted. Collections, both inland and foreign, promptly made throughout the United States and Europe, with quick returns. Refers by permission to Messrs. Lloyd Tevis & J. B. Haggin, Hon. Milton S. Latham, Manager London and San Francisco Bank, Hon. Thos. H. Selby, ex-Mayor, John Parrott, Esq., Judge S. C. Hastings, Wm. H. Tillinghast, Esq., Manager Bank British Columbia, Gustave Touchard, Esq., President Union Insurance Co. July 26.

HOMESTEADS THAT ARE HOMES

Persons in want of Houses are requested to examine the plans of those now being constructed upon that beautifully situated property on Pacific Heights, on the block bounded by Pacific Avenue, Webster and Jackson streets, commanding the most magnificent view. Their location in the city, and access thereto by cars, which pass the doors. These Elegant Houses are built in the best manner, and will be sold ON A CREDIT OF SIX YEARS. Plans and specifications at the office of JOHN T. LITTLE, Real Estate Agent, 336 Montgomery street. July 26.

WANTED,

By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife, the management of a respectable Hotel, town or country. First class references. Letters addressed "R. S.," care of News Letter will receive attention. July 5.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 4.

MALEFACTORS IN MASK.

Was ever a gullible community insulted by a spectacle so provocative of mirthful derision as that of Fitch, Pickering and Simonton, so openly masquerading in the character of disinterested friends of the people, working with pass-onate zeal for the public good, with no private ends of their own in view? One might imagine that it would require a preternatural endowment of cheek to enable this triumvirate of sordid and rapacious schemers, representing in the several persons the Greed, Cunning and Mendacity, to present themselves in the role of "friends of humanity" before a community in which their ignominious antecedents are so well known as they are in San Francisco. For a long term of years they have had absolute control of presses, which at least once were influential and powerful. When did they ever use those presses for any but selfish or vindictive purposes, for any purpose except to advance their own schemes, to compel the community to pay tribute to them, to monopolize the profits and power of journalism in San Francisco, to crush every honorable rival, to hound and crush every public man who refused to wear their yoke? They have long been men of great wealth, wrung by outrageous extortion from the dear people whom they now profess to love so well. How have they ever shown by one generous deed the public spirit by which they now profess to be animated? What seminaries have they endowed? What hospitals have they founded? What charities have they aided? What efforts have they made to promote the well being of the masses for whom they now feel so much tender concern? What public park or pleasure ground, what fountains or free baths do the poorer class of our citizens owe to their exertions? What professorship in our University, what medal in our colleges or schools is known by their name? We recognize the right of every man to do as he will with his own, and we acknowledge that such questions as these addressed to men of wealth ought under ordinary circumstances to be regarded as impertinent and inquisitorial. But when men whose whole career has been marked by greed, rapacity, and vindictiveness have the effrontery to present themselves to the world in the character of philanthropists and seek to gain influence to mislead the people and carry an important election for their own selfish and malicious ends by a false pretence of disinterestedness, the case is different. This is the position which Fitch, Pickering, and Simonton now occupy. Actuated by purely personal interests, personal malice, and the love of dominion, they are raising heaven and earth to secure the election of a United States Senator acceptable to themselves and who will feel that to them he owes his position. In making this fight they claim to have no object in view but the protection of the dear people against that portentous bugaboo "an overshadowing monopoly." Under such circumstances it is legitimate to point to their past record in order to convict them of falsehood and hypocrisy. For the devil sick of Ethiopia to transform himself into a red-eyed saint would be but a tame miracle compared to the sudden conversion of Fitch, Pickering, and Simonton into honest politicians with no axe to grind.

SUPERVISORS AND SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

We are certain that every one will be pleased with the addenda to our ticket since last week. As before, every name is chosen with utter disregard of bias of any sort, and attention has been paid only to fitness and worth.

Stewart Menzies, who has been nominated by all the conventions, is, perhaps, the most popular man of them all. None have been heard who would lay a straw in the way of his election except, it may be, the contractors, upon whose little jobs he has always shut down remorselessly, the good of the city having been foremost with him. Their outbreak of spite in the *Chronicle* has had the effect to make him friends instead of enemies.

William Cheevers, from the Second Wards, Commissioner of Deeds, is a gentleman who, having been long connected with the Courts, is well known, and his election is no matter of doubt.

Mr James Kenney needs no mention, having made his record during the last term.

Timothy McCarthy, from the Fourth Ward, is another member of the present Board. He deserves the commendation of the people for his indomitable opposition to the "Ring," whose monarch will soon be destroyed. He has come down on many a nice little scheme of that delectable body, and his services deserve recognition.

Obadiah Livermore, from the Fifth, is principally known as agent of Pioche, Bayerque & Co. It has been his fortune to be the executor of many wills of importance. A fund to the ward of the effects of the defunct may surely be entrusted with the interests of the city.

J. W. Ware is a gentleman whose name is sufficient guarantee for his election.

J. D. Roberts, a well-known insurance agent, is familiar to politicians as one who has been freely spoken of in connection with the Mayoralty. If he were desirable as a Mayor he will give more than satisfaction as Supervisor.

Pat Moroney, whose urbane and courteous manners and *bonhomie* generally have made him a universal favorite about town, may be as sure of election as that the third of September will come.

A. W. Scott, from the Ninth, is a member of the firm of Place & Scott, hay and grain dealers on the city front. He has resided in San Francisco for many years, and will represent his Ward as they would desire it to be represented.

George H. Watson is a physician in the Tenth Ward, and as the Board of Supervisors needs one member who will attend to sanitary matters, we have endorsed him.

Thomas J. Dixon is a plumber in the Eleventh Ward, and is universally recognized as the working man's friend.

D. A. Macdonald, of the Twelfth, is proprietor of the Enterprise Planing Mill. He bears a relationship to the large family of whom the Democratic candidate for Mayoralty is one. As Supervisor he will be the right man in the right place, for he is a man who has the prosperity and growth of the city much at heart.

The candidates for School Directors have been chosen with a view to stop the unseemly brawls that have disgraced that body, as well as to balance matters which have hitherto been rather one-sided. A few who have served faithfully we have left on the ticket, and from the others we have endeavored to select men who were somewhat representative in the matters of property, family and brains.

THE FAILING WATER SUPPLY.

Three somewhat notable speeches have been made recently, all supposed to treat of the popular bone of contention—monopoly. It remained for Mr. Swift alone to allude to the one which, being nearest home, affects us most: the Spring Valley Water Company. When people begin to reform abuses it is not wise to begin with those which are farthest away. It would be well to pay less attention to railroads and more to the water monopoly, which is devouring our substance so swiftly and surely that we shall soon have no substance left. Mr Swift said that all available water sources from Tahoe to Tulare have been grabbed by the monopolists. They have seized all they could lay hands on, but they have not yet taken all. It behooves the city to try to get hold of what is left before it passes into their greedy and powerful hands. The ten millions asked by Spring Valley could thus be laid out to some good purpose—not for an almost drained reservoir, but for a full and free supply for all time to come, though our city should grow to twenty times its size. Matters are coming to such a pass now, that in large houses, where water is used in quantities, meters have been placed upon the houses and water is measured, so to speak, by the drop. This will give an idea of how much water is left to draw from. Election day is the time to handle this question. Let no citizen vote for any man on the Legislative or Supervisor's ticket who is not pledged to oppose this crushing monopoly of our great and necessary. Let the people insist that San Francisco, like other cities, have free and abundant water. Nature has not been niggardly in California. The Spring Valley region is drained, but there yet remain lakes and rivers full of the blessed element, and comparatively easy of access. It is time to draw upon their abundance, but not to draw through the pockets of the Spring Valley monopoly.

The Bulletin's statistics of Exports, heretofore entirely correct and reliable, have of late become quite unreliable: values all wrong—"coffee" for copper, etc. A correspondent also says the *Bulletin's* wheat and barley receipts are a great fault. Why is this, friend Fitch? Please be a little more particular, and give us the *cereals*.

JAMES OTIS.

A gentleman more eminently fitted for the position of Mayor has never been chosen than Mr James Otis, the present candidate. He is a thorough American, having been born in old Boston, and descended in a straight line from Otis of revolutionary fame. His education was obtained in the Public Schools, from which he graduated at the age of fifteen years. In 1849 he came to California with Capt. Macondray, and embarked in business with him, under the firm name of Macondray & Co. Capt. Macondray is long since dead, and Mr Otis is the senior partner of the oldest commercial house in California, two of the sons of his former partner being concerned with him.

Mr Otis has lived a most uninterruptedly in California since his arrival, with the exception of some little time devoted to traveling. He has been known to the people in various ways, having been associated with many of the leading incorporated companies, insurance and others. In 1859 Mr Otis was elected Supervisor from the Tenth Ward, and again, in 1870, at which time he may be remembered as having opposed the proposition of giving $300,000 subsidy to the San Jose Railroad Company.

Mr Otis has held no public office since that time, although he has appeared prominently in commercial circles, having been twice chosen President of the Chamber of Commerce. It is to him, in this connection, that we are indebted for the reservation of the Central and China Basins, when our tide lands, by auction sale, were passing into private hands. In every walk of life he has proven himself to be an upright and honorable citizen, looking ever to the commercial good of San Francisco, and a loyal gentleman. He will adorn the chair in which San Francisco will place him in September.

NOT FOR JOE!

The Democratic Convention has tried very hard to hunt up some respectable German candidate to beat our present worthy City Treasurer "out of his boots;" but all clear headed men respectively declined the honor and the nomination, until they at last accepted Mr Joseph Hubert for the very important office of "City Treasurer." After diligent inquiry, we find that "Joe" became only a citizen of this glorious Republic two years ago, that his only merit consists in being a member of a German gymnastic society—a lot of young boys, who parade our streets in white jackets and duck pants, on Sunday mornings—and that he can drink as much lager as "any other man." By occupation he is a ship chandler, and pays taxes on $1,800 only. As our Lord's prayer says "Lead us not into temptation," we shall prefer that Mr Hubert be elected to stop at home. For in this age of "runaway Treasurers" we are rather ticklish about our cash-box. What an immense inducement Mr H. would have knowing as he does many sea captains, to saddle himself with our coin and gold notes and bid us a hasty good bye. We want no young, unmarried, and irresponsible fellow for our City Treasurer, but a man of family and *some means*, so that we can rest assured that our gold is safe, and such a man we have in our present incumbent, Mr John A. Bauer.

OUR TICKET.

Our entire Municipal ticket, as presented on the 4th page, will challenge criticism. The *News Letter*, with its usual acumen, has selected men who beside being eminently qualified in every particular, will be sure to win. The odium of a defeat will attach itself to no candidate of any importance upon the whole list. To say truth, general popularity has been our first consideration, for the popular man has, as a rule, something good about him. The men for whom we sounded our horn, before the smallest preliminary skirmish of a campaign, have been, by a singular chance, the very men who have received the endorsement of all parties. Those men upon our ticket who have not received the endorsement of all parties have in some cases escaped it by a hair, but they have received that of the *News Letter*, which is in itself prestige enough, and will, consequently, receive that of the many voters who read its characteristically honest front ore.

We had expected to present our readers with the Legislative ticket this week, but the Committees have again been too slow for us. By the time of our next publication, however, we shall have the list complete, and then on to victory.

OUR NEXT MAYOR.

No man has a better right to the position than James Otis. He has always been active in the interests of the city, and has spent his time and money in its behalf. Never has he hankered after the "flesh pots" of office, and it was with great reluctance that he accepted the nomination tendered to him. He is one of our old time citizens, having made our city his home for nearly a quarter of a century, he has reared a family in our midst, is a large land owner, and all his nearest and dearest interests are concerned in the welfare of San Francisco. He it was who so strenuously opposed the ceding of Goat Island to the railroad interests, and bravely fought against it, till victory crowned his efforts and those of his coadjutors. To Mr Otis in a great measure, are we indebted to the ceding of the lands known as the China Central Basins, to the city. He also used all his power to reduce the rates of [illegible] and wharfage fifty per cent, and reduced them. Mr Otis has never favored the ceding of the Mission Bay reservations to either private parties or corporations, but has always maintained that the city should itself utilize them.

P. J. WHITE.

It is not our purpose in upholding our candidates to pursue their opponents with the abuse and slander which is the journalistic custom at election time. Therefore, while we have everything good to say of Mr White, we shall make no attack upon the other candidate for the Sheriffalty. We have selected Mr White as being the fitter of the two, because, as he has held the same office before, we know how competently he will fill it. It is probable that he could have held the office continuously since his election some five years ago—but that, towards the close of his term, that latest electioneering dodge, an investigation, was trumped up. Aggrieved and insulted after faithful service, he withdrew his name from the combat. This had the effect to expose the whole [illegible] of the whole affair, and Mr White lost no friends by it. Now that he has come again before the public, an appreciative community, and his great personal popularity will give him an election whose unanimity will be most gratifying.

P. CROWLEY FOR CHIEF OF POLICE.

When a man has been twice elected to an office and is nominated for it a third time, it is somewhat of a guarantee that he is thoroughly well fitted for the place. Such is the case with the gentleman whose name heads this paragraph, and of whom it is pretty generally conceded that he will come in the winning man once again. There is no reason why he should not. He has always discharged his duties faithfully, efficiently and promptly. He has never rested upon his oars, as has been the custom with many comfortable office holders, he has never detailed any of his subordinates to the performance of any task in which he would hesitate himself to engage. At all hours of the day and night he has been ready when wanted. During his official career as Chief of Police, some of our most crying evils have been done away with. It is perhaps, on this account, that in the performance of his duty he has made himself enemies among the aggrieved parties. Because of this, the biggest fight in the whole election will be made for Chief of Police, but as Crowley has infinitely more friends than enemies, he stands to win. When a man has held office for sixteen years, and his re-election is found to be his only fault, he is hard to beat.

In addition to the names already on our ticket, we this week present those of Thos. Agnew for Superintendent of Streets, Wm P. Humphreys for Surveyor, and Dr J. R. Rice for Coroner. The first named gentleman, having been for a long time Superintendent of the Market street railroad, is particularly adapted to understand the needs of our much abused streets. Wm P. Humphreys having been Surveyor once before will not have to spend any time in learning its duties. We shall be spared the mistake of a [illegible] hand, and [illegible] of the [illegible] capability of Dr Rice, who is a qualified physician and an old citizen of San Francisco, has not, like a mushroom, sprung up in the night without diploma, experience, or recommendation.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Critiques and Addresses. By Thomas H. Huxley, LL.D. 12mo, cloth.
Foods. By Edw. Smith, M.D. 12mo, cloth.
Outlines of Men, Women and Things. By Mary Clemmer Ames. 12mo, cloth.
Lectures and Sermons. By the Rev. W. Morley Punshon, LL.D. Crown 8vo, cloth.
Comets and Meteors: Their Relation and Origin. By Dan'l Kirkwood. 12mo, cloth.
Love in the Nineteenth Century. By Harriet W. Preston. 12mo, cloth.
A Pair of Blue Eyes. By Thos. Hardy. "Leisure Hour Series." 16mo, cloth.
New England: A Handbook for Travelers. 16mo, flexible cloth.
The Heiress of Sweetwater. A Novel. By J. Thornton Randolph. 12mo, cloth.
Electricity and Magnetism. By F. Jenkinson. 16mo, cloth.

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[July 5.]

DR. ABORN,
Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory, 319 Geary street, near Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 5.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

HIGH JENKS.

The Bohemian came down like a wolf on the fold,
And his club-rooms were gleaming in purple and gold,
And the sheen of their eyes was like stars on the sea,
As they gazed on the punch bowl and laughed jollilee.

Like the leaves of the forest when summer is green
That host of poor scribblers at sunset were seen,
Like the leaves of the forest, decidedly dry,
That host soon lay vanquished by nutmegged Old Rye.

For the Angel of Mirth held the place in full blast,
And the uproar resounded at "Vivian's last,"
At Caxton, at Tommy, at Bromley and all,
Till the hours and the wit and the wine each grew small.

And there sate the sire with his nostrils all wide,
Which he dipped long and oft in the mug at his side;
Till the point of his jokings fell flat on that host,
Yea, flatter than Harper's last lay in the *Post*.

And there lay each writer, distorted and pale,
With the dew on his brow and a rumpled coat-tail.
Some made tracks for the window, leaned over the sill,
And their hearts but once *heaved*, and forever grew still.

And the widows of Webb street are loud in their wail,
As their slumbers are broke by these roysterers stale,
For the might of these knights of free pen and free lunch
Hath melted like snow at the smell of hot punch.

Of all the pleasures of country life, fishing is perhaps the most agreeable. Last week the *Town Crier* hied him away to the lovely vale of Napa. He stopped at a small town called St. Helena, near which some individual who, no doubt, had an idea that the Crimean war was somehow or another, mixed up with Bonaparte, has christened a large mountain Sebastapol. The iron duke, too, was represented by some patriotic countryman, who for years has got up at five o'clock to throw his Wellington boots out of his bedroom window. He has had upwards of four hundred pairs stolen, but, with the dogged persistence of a blarsted Britisher, he still pays this delicate compliment to his great countryman. As a natural consequence, there are some very flourishing boot stores, and a fine business is done in whisky. But, to return to our mutton, or rather fish. The *T. C.* was invited by a friend, who, though he uses somewhat primitive tackle, still seems confident that he may some day hook a trout, to accompany him on a fishing excursion. This youth, who is stopping on a ranch some eight miles from St. Helena, promised to bring a horse for the *T. C.* to ride at five o'clock the next morning. As, however, the *T. C.* had seen this youth stow away some dozen cocktails, and had taken a bottle of whisky with him, he didn't expect him to be on time. He turned up about eleven, and effected a fair start at twelve. On reaching the station, this youth went in for his tackle, which consisted of a ball of rope and some little anchors he called hooks. Once more the steeds are mounted, and after riding some six miles further, the youth dismounts, draws forth an axe from his pants' pocket, and cuts down a young tree; this he hands to the *T. C.*, and cutting another for himself, asks him to dismount. He dismounts, but seeing no water, he asks wherefore. Do as I do, says the youth, dropping on his hands and knees, peering among the grass and waving his tree. The *T. C.* afterwards ascertained he was after grasshoppers, for bait. Furiously the *T. C.* swung around his tree, and smashed into microscopical atoms seven very fierce grasshoppers, who threatened him. Having slaughtered a sufficient quantity of these beasts of prey, the horses were once more mounted. After riding at the rate of about 2:30 for some hours, a small pool is espied; great excitement prevails; we dismount, and the youth, cutting down another somewhat larger tree, ties on his rope, cuts a grasshopper at the neck, impales him on an anchor, and, approaching the pool, stealthily drops in the deadly lure. Overcome by the heat, the *T. C.* falls to sleep, the youth promising to wake him when he had hooked a trout. Had it not been for a loud splash, the *T. C.* would have slumbered to now. However, the splash woke him, and rushing to the pool, he discovered that the youth had also gone to sleep, had rolled down the bank, and was in danger of drowning. The *T. C.*, seeing his danger, stooped down, put his lips to the pool, and in about ten minutes emptied it, and saved the rash youth. No fish were found when it was emptied, but the *T. C.*, feeling that he had done a good action, came home a happier man. P. S.—Should any one doubt this true story, he can please himself.

This is indeed a world of woe, a world of sorrow and a world of sin, but the way to truly realize the above well, is to have to purchase a hat in a hurry. Your hat is blown in the bay, and of course there is considerable atmospheric eruption to cause such a painful result. This eruption, commonly known as "that d—d cold wind," is very much at home in San Francisco, and cares no more for the way it's cursed than the Town Crier does for the new testament, or the injured growl of his grandmother, *Mrs M. Alta*. It simply says to those who curse it, "you be blowed," and sees that its done, too. Well, your hat is gone, and your few long, scant locks, usually combed carefully and cunningly across, so as to hide the skating-rink on the top of your head, blow wildly about, like the bullrushes found the unad [illegible] Moses. Every one, of course, laughs, and, hiding your anger and confusion, you rush into the first store at hand. A German offers you a string of pork sausages, and you discover it isn't a hat store. Next place you strike is usually a cheap John establishment, where the clerks and salesmen consider that if they are not funny they can't sell a cent's worth. They greet you with, "It's rather windy, can I sell you an umbrella?" Now as they can see at a glance that you came in on purpose to buy a hat, it annoys you so much that you fail to see its exquisite satire. What with the wind, wit and walk you feel so mixed up that you take the first hat offered you, not caring if it suits, so long as it fits very tight and is black. Just as you are paying your fifty cents for the hat, the waiter at your restaurant, (where you go tick) who has hitherto considered you a Crœsus, looks over your shoulder and remarks, "De hat is var goot, I vare von, von year." Despite his apparent approval, you can see that you are reverenced no more, that he will tell the restaurant keeper, and that no more credit can be got there. Disgusted with your misfortunes, you rush home to hide your diminished head in the retirement of your domestic hearth. Hurrying in, you discover that your wife, not expecting you home from the office so soon, has a little afternoon tea party, or, as she will persist in calling it, a kettledrum. She at once cries out, "Oh, George, where on earth did you buy such a hat as that?" Before you can have time to explain, she seizes it and off comes a ticket marked 50 cts. Of course, the girl of all others you don't want to see it, picks it up, and if you are not a Job, or a Deacon Fitch, you rush out tearing your hair and damning all creation, hatters and wind in particular. Meaning to cut your throat, you bolt into the dressing-room for a razor, there you find the Irish servant girl cutting her corns with your best razor. Being on the regular ticket, you faint, and thus alone can your woes end.

That versatile but inaccurate foreign correspondent of the *Post*, who recently discovered a new poet in the person of "Jamie Burns," has this week distinguished himself by locating the English school of cooking at the Crystal Palace, which he calls "the place of amusement for the mass." If he had taken the trouble to look a second time at the July number of the *Leisure Hour*, or the June part of *Chambers' Journal*, both of which are to be found in this city, he would have discovered that the school of cookery is a department of the International Exhibition at South Kensington, and that the "mass" (whatever that may be) which attended it was headed by Queen Victoria and Princess Beatrice, who went to hear Mr Buckmaster's discourse on that chef d'œuvre of [illegible] and Princess [illegible]. The *Post* correspondent does not require any lessons in the *art of cooking up* a [illegible], all the whole is fresh material. Can't the *Post* manage to negotiate an exchange with the *Echo*.

Can nothing be done with the irrepressible Post reporter, who for two days occupied columns of the dilapidated sheet to describe in the English the goings on of a few toothless old hags who had ceased to inspire interest in the human race some decades ago? Has it come to such pass that these hoary heads are of an evening sheet are "to be continued in our next," like the sensational stories of a flash sheet. If there were the slightest particle, or suspicion of a particle of news or sensation about it, it might be endurable, but the rapid babbling of a few played-out octogenarian females are not of vital interest even when described according to Syntax. They may fill up, but they make savorless filling. As if this were not enough, it was followed by a description of an auction sale, in which chairs and tables were dwelt upon as lingeringly as Leigh Hunt would discourse of the curve of a woman's arm, or Joaquin Miller of the hue of an Indian's skin. To crown the injury, the example was not lost upon *Chronny*, which, as a rule, if it hasn't any news, can make them spicy and readable, whether true or no. Judge of our consternation when the *Chronicle*, following the example of the *Post*, came out with a solemn description of the Pound! How are the mighty fallen! That the *Chronicle*, with five tickets in the field, speeches as thick as blackberries, rumors of leprosy from Hawaii, a dead Chinaman found in a bag and a parcel of stray clothing at Lone Mountain, could construct no more thrilling story than telling, to a nicety, how many pounds of meat kept the Pound in running order.

The indefatigable Emily Pitts-Stevens has retired from the scene of her labors and the amphitheater of her brilliant successes. For five years has the noble woman worked for a good cause, stout when she started, she has given her fat to grease the slow wheels of progression. Who has not gazed with mingled awe and admiration at the bold front which on the platform this little lady presents to the natural enemy of her sex—man, and who has not sat enraptured under the spell of her matchless eloquence? We had thought that only in heaven would this lady be rewarded, but just Providence has decreed that she should reap the fruits of her labors here on earth. It is rumored that a little Pitts-Stevens is shortly expected. All devout women are requested to mingle their prayers with Emily's that it may be a female child.

"Quam sæpe forte temere
Eveniunt, quæ non audeas optare!"

The latest amusement which has broken out among the children is a mania for throwing themselves out of two-story back windows to see how successfully they can harrow their progenitors' feelings without actually incurring the funeral fuss. Unfortunately, however, the idea does not extend to those younglings whose demise in this simple and expeditious manner would be desirable. The unappreciative parents of these intrusive little wretches are obliged to study up the topography of all sorts of gutters and cesspools in which to deposit mysterious little corpses, while a cantankerous chance carries off the spoiled darlings, like thistledown, without any unnecessary preliminary or subsequent investigations.

Ninepin Fay has again set himself up, or been set up, by the tottering trio. Does he not know that the powerful Scot has a brawny arm to which ten strikes are not unfamiliar? What chance then does one poor, little, weak headed, obstinate pin stand in a smooth alley where there is needed neither strength nor skill but only some insignificant pin to aim at, and down he goes. So many good strikes were made long ago that the pins lie in a huddled heap, from which no one tries to lift them, for none of them enjoy being knocked over excepting this presumptuous one, with whom defeat is chronic.

The last free entertainment on our streets is shampooing little boys with mucilage, or some mixture that looks uncommonly like it. A lad, youth, whose forefathers no doubt took a prominent part in the Calvary tragedy, entertained some hundreds of our curious citizens with a lively exhibition of this description, on Clay street, this week. The exhibition is a cheap one, especially to those who don't want to buy any mucilage, and are carrying rolls of twenties that are not their own.

One of the most prominent disturbers of the meeting at Platt's Hall on Thursday night during Mr Felton's address, was a crooked little bald-headed man, with a face which furnishes a powerful argument in favor of the Darwinian theory. This ancient antic was finally persuaded to stop his noise by the threat of having his face slapped. A bystander who witnessed his suppression and subsequent exit, said he answered to the name of "Old Johnny Wade."

Edgerton, a lawyer of Sacramento, is accused by the Sacramento *Record* of getting drunk and neglecting his client's business, for which he was discharged. Whereupon Edgerton makes a speech, wherein, by way of "confession and avoidance," he says his client has also been known to be in a like happy condition. Knowing the client we doubt the fact. If so, however, there was the more necessity for the lawyer to keep sober.

The T. C. smiles sardonically at the mosaic of candidates and the chances in the present political phase. Chance has an empire which reduces choice to a fool's illusion. The "boys" are disgusted, because no candidate dares to *put up*. Having no confidence in his chance for election, no pieces, or *places*, the political bummers and the thirsty voters are cursing their luck and chance and the degeneracy of modern elections.

The romantic and pathetic police reports of our dailies, sometimes varied with a dash of grotesque wit, leave their readers in a happy state of doubt as to whether the reporter is trying to ring in a dime novel or has kissed the baby too often. Lockerback often finds himself the hero of these romances. He, no doubt, will publish them in a book form for political purposes.

Why are the traditional animosities of remote ands and ages forever perpetuated on our shores? Abraham Tuck, an old Hebrew, was up in the Police Court, yesterday, for stealing a shotgun and razor from J. Christ. The latter is now a peaceable adopted citizen, following his hereditary calling of changing the waters of Mission Creek into lager beer.

John Dennis was found lying dead at the foot of an embankment on Kentucky street, Long Bridge. His friends will be pleased to hear that his death was probably an easy one, as he was so full of gas or whisky that he rolled into a mud hole, and was too lazy to lift his head out till it was too late. Another sad case of spoiling good grog with bad water.

If the "overshadowing monopolists" of the Central Pacific possessed that "thousand millions of dollars," which Governor Booth seems to think a not unreasonable capital for a "grand railroad combination," it would not all suffice to meet the expectations of the small politicians who are clamoring to sell themselves at this occasion for railroad money.

The press excursionists, wise men from the East, spreeing quill-drivers, or whatever they call themselves, have arrived in the city. Whisky has risen some cents a gallon in consequence. The rooms of the Bohemian Club fairly reek with wit and tobacco smoke, and hotel keepers feel just a little uneasy about their bills.

That was a happy point made by Felton in his Platt's Hall speech, where, in telling his story of the burglar in the sleeping apartment of the married pair, he characterized the former as "a practical and consistent opponent of the accumulation of capital."

The Post says the News Letter parades a cash box at the top of its columns. Alas, poor *Post*! but for its modesty, we suppose, it would parade an *i o u*. Necessarily the sign outside denotes the goods within.

The Bulletin's Brief Mention, after a week of labor, brought forth two weak and puny jokes. The *Post's* local struggled also with the throes of humorous travail, but the progeny was still-born.

Assistant District Attorney Darwin thinks he has found the "missing link," the absence of which failed to convict the Hoodlum, Bryant. Can he mean the opposing counsel?

One of the chief objects of the publication of the *Call* and *Post* nowadays seems to be to enable two of the smart young men on their local departments to handy weak witticisms.

One of the most interesting features of the present political campaign consists of the unusual number of "workers" who are waiting impatiently for the balloting to begin.

Postscript TO THE San Francisco News Letter.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

RATIFIED!

The Nominees and Principles of the Republican Party warmly Endorsed!

ELOQUENT AND THRILLING ADDRESS BY HON. JOHN B. FELTON!

GOV. BOOTH'S DOSE OF POLITICAL STRYCHNINE CRITICALLY EXAMINED!

Emissaries of the Patchwork Ticket attempt to Disturb the Meeting!

They attempt to Bolster up Governor Booth, and cause the mention of his Name to be received with a Storm of Hisses.

PRINCIPLES AND PLEDGES OF THE DELEGATION EXPLAINED BY HON. WM. H. SEARS.

THE PATCHWORK TICKET REVIEWED!

The Republican ratification meeting on Thursday, was an overwhelming demonstration in favor of men and principles tried and not found wanting; for there are gentlemen on the Republican ticket for the Legislature who helped to found our city, and who grew with its growth in the estimation of their fellow-men. They have been tried, and they are to-day as unsullied in reputation as they were in earlier and better days.

The meeting was a success in every conceivable sense of the word. In numbers, in the respectability of those present, and in warm enthusiasm, it contrasted strangely indeed with the few frigid listeners which Mr. Swift had last Tuesday evening. At eight o'clock every seat in the body of the hall and every inch of standing room were occupied. The galleries were crowded, and the private boxes were filled. Hundreds were compelled to turn away, who were unable to obtain standing room even, in the entrance to the hall. The audience bore the impress of that independence which citizenship, when fully appreciated, carries with it. They were not of the seedy, lukewarm, unappreciative, stupid-looking class, on whom Mr. Swift's eloquence was wasted and lost. They may remember the little anecdote about the Farallones, but an appreciation of great principles is beyond their limited information.

THE CORRUPTIONISTS OF THE ORDER OF PATCHWORK,

For the crowd cannot be dignified by the name of party or faction or even clique, were present in force. Their object was to lionize Governor Booth, and to convert the meeting into one of glorification and ratification of the Governor bolter. But they were terribly mistaken, and, by their purchased conduct, made the mention of the name of the Chief Magistrate of the State the signal for a storm of hisses. These independents, so called, made a miserable exhibition of themselves and the Order of Patchwork which they represented and of which they are the majority and certainly the life. Their conduct was a biting commentary on the unpurchasable, incorruptible character of the Order. They were certainly paid for the disgraceful exhibition of last evening, but they were paid too much, for their services were valuable only in demonstrating the simple unadulterated hypocrisy of themselves and their leaders.

About twenty of the rabble Order collected in the northwest corner of the hall, and a dozen, perhaps, were scattered around the room. When Governor Booth's name was first mentioned, they cheered, and others mistaking the act for one disapprobation of his disaffection, joined them. Emboldened by this mistake, the patch-work crowd proposed three cheers for Governor Booth, which was responded to by about 12 individuals, and an audible hiss.

This cowardly, dastardly, conduct was repeated until it became annoying. The President advanced to the rostrum and demanded order and a proper hearing for Mr. Felton. The audience took the hint. The patches did not. They cheered again, when a storm of hisses arose above the few voices, and cries of "put them out" were heard every where. No more patches. A general sameness prevailed, and whenever any demonstration was attempted by Fay's patches in favor of the Governor, the storm of hisses and derisive yells which followed soon drowned it out.

The corruption patches were visible, and the people will in future be able to fully appreciate the terms "independent," "uncorruptible voters," etc. So much by way of introduction.

The meeting was called to order by Marcus D. Boruck, who nominated Hon. Walter Van Dyke as President. He was unanimously elected.

OPENING REMARKS OF THE PRESIDENT.

This meeting is called under the auspices of the Republican State Central Committee, to ratify the regular Republican Legislative ticket of this city and county.

In elections purely local or municipal, it is not usual for the party at large to take any part, and we do not propose to depart from that rule at the present time, but the question whether we are to have a Republican or Democratic Legislature at the next session, concerns not only the whole party of this State but of the other States as well.

To reëlect General Grant and renew a Republican Administration, and at the first opportunity thereafter to send to the United States Senate an opponent of Grant and his Administration, would be illogical and the height of political folly. Therefore, true Republicans, every where, must desire the success of the ticket this meeting is called to indorse.

Independent parties or rather factions, and patchwork tickets, are not original with this State or at this time. They are the resort of ambitious or scheming men everywhere, and always when they fail to accomplish their aims as members of the regular parties, pretexts are never wanting for such action. A notable instance of this was furnished at the Presidential election last year, in the efforts of Sumner, Trumbull and others to break down the Republican party of the country. Instead, however, of destroying the party, they were themselves

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Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, AUG. 30, 1873. No. 31.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—875@890—SILVER BARS—3@2½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86½@87. Mexican Dollars, 5½c., new; 5½c., old. Trade Dollar, 2½c. prem.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¼ per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 14¾ per cent. On London. Bankers 49⅜@49¾; Commercial 50@50¼; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams ⅝@1

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, August 29, at 3 P.M., 115¼. Latest price of Sterling, 107⅞@107¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO.......................August 29, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862-7-8	100	103¼	Nat'onal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	117	120
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	101	104	Oakland 10s	105	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865	101	103	Spring Valley Water Co.	81	82
Legal Tender Notes	86½	87	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57	91½	100	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1865	93	95	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	50	52½
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	92	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	16	19
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	65	70
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	73	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	88	90	Union Insurance Co	90	93
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	—	Pacific Bank	87½	90
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	68	91	The Bank of California	123	127
San Francisco Gas Light Co.	67	68	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.	TEAS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1	$50 00 @ 52 50	Japans	$— 20 @ — 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 3 @ — 4	Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
Metal Sheathing, ℔	— 24 @ — 25	SUGARS	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No. 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 9½
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 6½ @ — 9½
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 6 @ — 7½
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11½
Banca Tin, ℔	— 36 @ — 38	Muscovado	— 7 @ — 8
Quicksilver	1 10 @ — —	Peruvian	— 7 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	9 00 @ 11 00	Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 42
Australian	9 00 @ 9 50	Adamantine	— 18 @ — 16
Cumberland	20 00 @ 22 50	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	10 00 @ 12 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ — —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ℔	— 21 @ — 22	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 26 @ — 28	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 20 @ — 21	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	— 20 @ — 21	Chicken Gunnies, 200-℔	— — @ — 20
RICE.		Gunny Bags in bales	— — @ — 20
China, No. 1, ℔	— 6½ @ — 6¾	Burlap Bags	— 12½ @ — 13¾
China, No. 2	— 5½ @ — 5¾	Hessian, 40-inch, ℔ yard	— 11 @ — 13
Hawaiian	— 6½ @ — 7½	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool, ℔	— 14 @ — 37
Champagne, ℔ doz.	30 00 @ 35 00	Tallow	— 6¾ @ — 7¾
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 18 @ — 18½
Sherry, do. do.	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs.	2 05 @ 2 12½
OIL.		Barley	1 25 @ 1 35
Coal and Kerosene	— 32½ @ — 40	Oats	1 60 @ 1 70
		Flour, ℔ 196 lbs.	5 50 @ 6 50

THE NEW AUSTRALIAN MAIL LINE.

[illegible]y last a contract was concluded between New South Wales and certain large capitalists in England and the Colonies for a forty-five day mail service between Sydney and Liverpool, via San Francisco, at a cost of $240,000 per annum. The steamers are to be built on the Clyde, are to have compound engines, and to be in fact as good as can be turned out. We congratulate New South Wales on her enterprise in not allowing Melbourne and South Australia to have all the say in postal affairs. Sydney has long felt the discomfort of having no direct communication with the mother country, and now seems determined to remedy the evil. Either Burnside has been too slow, or else some one must have stolen a march on him, for we do not hear his name mentioned in connection with the new line. Queensland will pay her share towards the expenses of the line, and as Mr. H. H. Hall is now in England settling the final arrangements, we may soon hope to see our communication with Sydney once more opened, and a line of ships running that will always be on time. The contractors are bound on a bond of $50,000 to have the line running within the year. The agents here are the well known and respected firm of J. C. Merrill & Co., California street.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

LEGISLATORS.

In presenting our Legislative candidates to-day we complete a ticket which, among a multiplicity of tickets, is unique. At a time when all who enter the political arena are pounced upon by the cohorts of moneyed interests and made to become as plastic material in their hands, it is pleasant to chronicle the names of those who, from inherent honesty, aided by a sufficiency of this world's goods, are above temptation. The gentlemen whose names we present are all of undisputed merit and integrity, representing largely the mercantile and industrial pursuits of California, and, more than all, are unshackled by pledges of any kind. The latter consideration is, perhaps, the principal one in their favor. In view of this, we may look forward to just and harmonious labors in our interest, and may rest satisfied with the conviction that the best that can be done for California will be done.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, Aug. 29th, 1873.—Gold opened at 115¼; 11 A. M. at 115¾; 3 P. M. at 115¾. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1864, 116¾; 1867, 116¾. Sterling Exchange, 108½@108¾. Pacific Mail, 44¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 36. Wheat, $1 56@$1 66 quiet. Pork, 17½, dull. Cotton, 20. Hides, dry, 23½@24, green, 13, dull Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 50@$1 52 fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 65@$1 75; Whale, quiet, 58 @ 65c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 68@73c. Wool—Spring, fine, 20@33c.; Burry, 16@22c.; Pulled, 30@45c. Fall Clips, 16@25c.; Burry, 14@17c. LONDON, Aug. 29.—L'verpool Wheat Market, 12s. 7d.@—. Club, 12s. 10d@13s. United States Bonds, 91½. Consols, 92⅜@92½; ac., 92⅝.

At the annual meeting of the Royal Insurance Company the report showed the fire premium for 1872 to have been £916,383, in addition to £92,721 carried forward from the income of the previous year. The losses were £643,194, which included claims for £187,879, arising out of the great fire in Boston. After payment of all losses and carrying forward £51,637 to current year, an available surplus was left of £52,886, out of which the usual dividend and bonus of 6s. per share were declared. In the Life Department 1,177 policies were issued for £536,565, yielding in new premiums £17,319.

The receipts and disbursements of the United States Government for the quarter ending June 30th were as follows:

Receipts	$77,808,700
Disbursements	59,419,300
Surplus	$18,489,400

Included in the receipts was over $40,000,000 from collections of duties on imports. The disbursements embraced nearly $15,000,000 for interest on the public debt.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, August 8, 1873. Capt. L. Stevens, Mrs. Stevens, Miss Dollie Stevens, Miss Kittie Stevens, Mrs. Richard Lambert, Frederick Lambert, Richard Lambert, Mrs. Major Hensley and family, Charles Hensley, Wm. M. Lent and family, Mr. and Mrs. Everton, Capt. W. C. Talbot, Misses Talbot, Mrs. Charles Crocker, C. Frederick Crocker, George Crocker, Miss Hattie Crocker, Willie Crocker, Miss J. G. Kerchival, John Mackay and family.

Californians Abroad.—PARIS—Mrs. Crocker, C. F. Crocker, G. Crocker, Miss Hattie Crocker, Willie Crocker, Hotel Chatham; Mrs. P. Chrystal and family, 6, Rue Balzac; Miss J. G. Kerchival, Hotel Chatham; W. C. Talbot, Grand Hotel. LONDON—G. H. Sanderson, Langham Hotel; J. W. Wedderspoon, Langham Hotel.—*American Register.*

Our respected fellow-citizen, Richard B. Irwin, of the firm of R. B. Irwin & Co., of this city, left for New York yesterday morning by the Eastward bound train. We commend Mr. Irwin to the best regards and hospitalities of our friends on the Atlantic side, as a worthy representative of Californian enterprise, energy, probity, and sagacity. We wish Mr. Irwin a safe and pleasant journey on his own account; and on account of his numerous friends here, a speedy return.

Barley continues to rise in value under the influence of a good export demand, and the prevailing impression is that the crop yield is likely to fall below the average. About 50,000 ctls. have been exported since July 1st, and there are now five vessels on the berth loading, including the *Signal.* The price is now $1 30@$1 35 for feed, up to $1 40@$1 50 ℔ ctl. for choice brewing.

The North British and Mercantile Insurance Company declare an interim dividend of 10 per cent. for the past half-year.

It is stated that upwards of a million copies of the penny edition of the *Pilgrim's Progress* have been sold by the Book Society.

Government Bonds are not to be had in sufficient quantities to meet the foreign demand, which comes chiefly from the English and German markets.

Rice for the East.—Castle Brothers have made pioneer shipments of Japan Table to Chicago and St. Louis; each city 70,000 lbs. A good move.

From China.—The ship *J. B. Bell,* from Hongkong, arrived on the 28th inst. with a well assorted cargo.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

"NOT AS I WILL."

Blindfolded and alone I stand
With unknown thresholds on each hand,
The darkness deepens as I grope,
Afraid to fear, afraid to hope;
Yet this one thing I learn to know
Each day more surely as I go,
That doors are open, ways are made,
Burdens are lifted or are laid,
By some great law unseen and still,
Unfathomed purpose to fulfil,
"Not as I will."

Blindfolded and alone I wait;
Loss seems too bitter, gain too late;
Too heavy burdens in the load
And too few helpers on the road;
And joy is weak and grief is strong,
And years and days so long, so long
Yet this one thing I learn to know
Each day more surely as I go,
That I am glad the good and ill
By changeless law are ordered still,
"Not as I will."

"Not as I will;" the sound grows sweet
Each time my lips the words repeat,
"Not as I will;" the darkness feels
More safe than light when this thought steals
Like whispered voice to calm and bless
All unrest and loneliness.
"Not as I will," because the One
Who loved us first and best is gone
Before us on the road, and still
For us must all his love fulfil,
"Not as we will."

—*H. H. in Independent.*

GOVERNOR BOOTH'S WAR AGAINST CAPITAL.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Editor News Letter:—Newton Booth was elected Governor by the Republican party of California, under pledge as solemn as man ever made to a people, that he would under no circumstances whatever become a candidate for United States Senator during his official term. Had it not been for this pledge he would have been defeated. Many prominent Republicans feared that he would seek to make the Gubernatorial office the stepping-stone to the Senate. Mr. Booth and his friends well knew that these men could and would defeat him unless they had assurances that he would not become such candidate. The pledge was made, and he was elected by the votes of these men. How well he has kept it the people now know.

Mr. Booth had scarcely been inducted into office before he commenced

INTRIGUING FOR THE SENATORSHIP.

Those who had voted for him solely because of the pledge made, could not for a long time believe that he was altogether faithless. When for a moment he seemed to waver the Sacramento *Union*, the Governor's mouth-piece, affirmed that the pledge was made to the people, and that the people had the right to release him from his promise. The people undoubtedly possess that right, but no portion of the people can so release him, so long as there is one man who voted for him in consequence of that pledge, who now objects to his candidacy. Just so long will it be impossible for Governor Booth to become a candidate without a gross violation of his word.

For a long time it was believed that the Governor would refuse to be a candidate, and would so declare over his own signature, or if he continued to be a candidate that he would at least confine his efforts to the party that had so highly honored him. But when the Sacramento primaries were held, and it was found that his own home had declared against him, it was discovered that he was not only willing to shamelessly and wilfully break his word, but he was, in order to further his ambition,

READY TO BREAK DOWN, BETRAY AND DESTROY

The party that had conferred upon him the only honors he had ever obtained. Accordingly, an independent movement was inaugurated in that county which was engineered by his own Private Secretary, which was the signal for the formation of similar treacherous combinations in many of the more important counties in the State. But not content to leave the movement in the hands of his Secretary, and other traitor friends, at the first opportunity he hastened to San Francisco to attend a meeting called to ratify the nomination of an independent ticket, selected by a band of schemers, and there delivered a speech which had, with much care, been prepared in the closet, that ought to consign its author to perpetual oblivion. It is bad enough when adventurers and mountebanks seek to bring on a conflict between capital and labor; worse when a man of intellect attempts, but who shall undertake to estimate the extent of the injury inflicted when the Executive of a State comes down from his high position and prostitutes his high and responsible office by making a war upon capital? Take it all in all, the speech of Governor Booth is decidedly the most mischievous and pernicious speech we have ever perused or heard uttered. While the casual listener might have deemed it simply an attack upon railroads and their management, yet the careful reader cannot fail to see that it is a wanton and most

UNJUSTIFIABLE ONSLAUGHT UPON THE CAPITAL OF THE COUNTRY.

While he in one breath spoke of railroads, in another he referred to the evils of aggregated capital and the rapacity of corporations, and of their claiming every spring in the State. In his sweeping denunciations he intended, and had he dared, would have named, our banks of discount and deposit, our Savings Banks with their fifty millions of aggregate capital belonging to our thrifty laborers, mechanics and artisans, our insurance companies, water companies, ditch companies, irrigating companies, gas companies, homestead companies, woolen factories, rolling mills, foundries, box factories, shoe factories, carriage factories, mining companies, mill companies, and all other corporations and companies but the publishing companies of the Sacramento *Union*, San Francisco *Bulletin* and *Morning Call*. Who before ever heard of a Governor of an American State attempting in a time of plenty—a period of profound peace—to array all the people without money against those who have money? Do the men of capital—the bankers, brokers, miners, bond-holders, merchants, manufacturers—understand that this is a war against them? Do the tens of thousands of depositors in our savings banks understand that when the Governor launched his anathemas against "aggregated capital," that he intended it for *them* and *their* fifty millions of dollars?

THE DOLLAR PROTECTED AS WELL AS THE MILLIONS.

The Governor gained great *eclat* among his claquers when he announced that the man with one dollar should be protected in the enjoyment of that dollar the same as the millionaire should in the enjoyment of his million. But who ever announced a contrary doctrine? Certainly no one in this free land. A good Government protects all property alike, whether it be one dollar or any number of dollars, whether it be invested in homes or lands, in merchandise or in the products of the soil; whether in factories or in their fabrics, or aggregated in railroad stock, insurance stock, mining stock, or any other stock, or deposited in savings banks.

THE THREATENED COMMUNISM.

But the Governor is not only willing to break his solemn pledges—break up and destroy the party that elevated him to official place, and break down and cripple the aggregated wealth of the State in his wild scramble for office, but puffed up with his own importance and pregnant with the great events of the future, he solemnly tells his auditors if the present evils are not otherwise remedied that it will lead to revolution. And Tray, Blanch and Sweetheart, and the whole Communist pack, cry out "Revolution! revolution! We are in the midst of revolution and it will end in blood!" Are we to be plunged into riot and bloodshed to please the *Union*, *Bulletin* and *Call*? It is time to stop and rebuke a treacherous and ambitious Governor; time to check a licentious and beastly press. Time for the men of large and small means to set their heels upon these disturbers of the public peace and tranquility—time to recollect that "revolutions never go backwards," that if the cottage of the humblest citizen can be torn down or the rails of the most powerful corporation torn up by lawless bands without punishment, that the same bands may with equal ease and far greater profit, plunder the vaults of our savings and other banks, and distribute money, goods and lands with aggrarian hands.

CRUSH OUT THE COMMUNIST TICKET.

Let the Communist ticket, hatched by the *Bulletin* and *Call*, and ratified by the revolutionist Booth and the Communist Swift (who was present during the riots in Paris, and avers that all the patriotism in France was in the Communist ranks), be ground into powder between the upper and nether millstones. Let every man who has got a dollar, and every man who expects to have one, place the seal of their reprobation upon the ticket headed by Haldeman and Bartlett for the Senate. Let no ticket find either a threat of revolution or secret repose, the support of American citizens, native or foreign born. Let no citizen, Democrat or Republican, vote for them or any party ticket who are pledged in advance to do all in their power to break up the two great political parties of the country. Let the support of the ticket be as weak as the intellect of the nominees upon it. It takes a demagogue, a pretended Governor, a Communist traitor—the press peddlers of lies and slanders and all enemies of good order and teach both demagogues and fools that their proper place is at home and not in the councils of the State or nation.

The Governor charges in his speech that the railroads of the country are controlled by not more than one hundred persons, and yet he threatens a revolution to put down these hundred men. How preposterous! Forty millions of people, to put down these one hundred! to inaugurate a revolution against each the peer of any one of these one hundred! The Governor knows, and every other person knows, that these men are powerless, and if they do, or attempt wrong, are as easily reached as an organized in the hands of a giant. But what the Governor intended, as gathered from his language, was that a war had been commenced against all the capital of the country which would end in revolution. We have no doubt but should the Communist ideas of both Edgerton and Swift take root in the minds of the people to the extent that they would be aroused to such an extent that they would attempt to rob the Savings and other Banks and if the Executives of the nation and other States were as weak and ambitious as our own little Governor, it might end in revolution; but, thank God, such Governors do not elsewhere exist, and, from present appearances, the breed of this one is not likely to be perpetuated.

A SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITOR.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies:

Girard, of Philadelphia	$255,000	Penn, of Philadelphia	$275,000
American, of Cincinnati	[illegible]	Merchants', of Leavenworth	250,000
North Missouri, of St. Louis	325,000	Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago	250,000
St. Paul, of Minnesota	425,000	National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	1,325,000
Mutual Insurance Association, of New Orleans	[illegible]		

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED
HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents,
314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.
August 8.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $750,000. OFFICERS—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; R. D. Kelly, Marine Secretary; H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Forbes, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, [illegible], Barstow, [illegible], W. H. Moore, [illegible], Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, [illegible], Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., J. L. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, [illegible] Waterhouse, A. J. Bryant, [illegible], Wasserman, G. Goldsmith, J. F. Grover, D. Meyer, C. H. Lewis, [illegible], J. A. Crawford, D. M. Freeborn, J. Lewenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager; W. L. Hall, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. Sacramento—A. H. Wilcox, Sacramento Branch; Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager; J. Lowman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, [illegible], D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager; N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, [illegible], A. Peter, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, H. D. Murphy, J. J. Perry, Manager; A. F. [illegible], Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO OF S F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash Capital, $750,000, in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 in Gold. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco: [illegible] Hecker, [illegible], J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, A. Weill, [illegible], Charles Kohler, Jas. Seler, W. C. Ralston, Lawrence, [illegible], A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nich. Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. D. Hatch, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—[illegible]. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office from No. 524 California street to Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts a GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is called to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our most prominent and respectable citizens:
DIRECTORS.—W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, [illegible] Wright, W. H. Cummings, C. J. MacDermott, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, Jabez Gardner, F. T. Little, W. D. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, [illegible] Freeman, N. D. Thayer, Jas. Irvin, Charles Main. C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. HORNER, Secretary. May 2.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 11 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for the coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLIONS DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000. Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,[illegible]. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
Jan 15.] No. 318 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 208 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 18.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co., Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co, Thomas Turrell, Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner, Ed Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanszeluth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyrce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Hall and Freres, Jacques, Allen & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Boersen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq.; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine, Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnd Freres et Cie, Wanner, Langer & Co; O Dubois & Co, Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey—England Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co, Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co, Derby, Davies & Co., Frank Anstie, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co, Alsop & Co; Huth, Grunning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Unias Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Rolortilio; Excellentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co, Thomas [illegible] & Co.
Marseilles—[illegible], Frills & Co, [illegible].
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co., Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peel, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimerman, Fair & Co.

COURT CHAT.

Goodwood Races.—The Gold Cup day at Goodwood attracted as great a large and fashionable assemblage. The Prince and Princess of Wales, the Czarewitch and the Czarevna, Prince Arthur, the Duke and Duchess of Teck, Prince and Princess Edward of Saxe-Weimar, and the Duke of Cambridge, were all present. The muster of aristocracy and fashion was indeed characteristic of the occasion, and the ladies' lawn and reserved portion of the stand were crowded with that brilliant assemblage of the *élite* of society for which Goodwood is renowned. Amongst the hundreds of costumes, each, no doubt, deemed the perfection of many, there were not two alike, although the Princess of Wales and her sister have abundantly shown how effective imitation may become. Besides (observes the *Daily News* reporter), it is not an easy task nowadays to define color, or to give accurate names to the endless tints which have become fashionable. The olive greens are no doubt pretty, so are the pinks, reds, browns, and greens; very much so are the infinite blues, but while dazzled by all, and admiring the majority, one may perhaps be pardoned for thinking that the fresh white muslins with little white knots of Ribbon, and a simple sash to match, were not cast into the shade by the most gorgeous silk that swept the lawn. And unfortunately sweeping trains are returning again into the fashion-book. One lady in primrose-colored silk, with black trimmings, kept all followers at two yards' distance, another wore a costume of the brightest canary, that must have been visible miles off. But the heat was too great to admit of lavish promenading, and on this account, and perhaps also because of the larger attendance, the lawn looked hardly so brilliant as on the preceding days. It was a little singular that the gentlemen affected dark clothes, where before they appeared in gray, the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburgh setting them the example. The lawn was quite crowded during the half-hour preceding the chief race. A surprising number of persons went to the top of St. Roach's Hill, where, over seven hundred feet above the level of the sea, they were able in the clear atmosphere and strong sunlight to see the Isle of Wight, the Solent dotted with sails, and a panorama of rich cornfields, villages, homesteads, woodland, hills, dells, and valleys, the like of which it would be difficult to find. Others again reposed in the shade, thankful that the strong point of Goodwood Park is its superb timber. Racing commenced by Lord Falmouth's colors being carried to the front on Narcissus. For the Visitors' Plate Lilian was made favorite, but the distance was probably too short for her, and Moorlands, following up the form he showed at Ascot, fairly cantered in from his nine opponents, the good-looking Sir John being second. With Chandos an absentee for the Sweepstakes which succeeded, odds were laid on The Colonel, who had little difficulty in settling the roaring Tourbillon when it came to a finish.

The Post-Mortem Examination of the First Napoleon's Body.—In the exhibition at present open in the Mechanics' Hall, Dumfries, there is shown by Major Young of Lincluden, a lock of hair cut from the head of the Great Napoleon after death, a letter in connection with which is of some historical value. Hitherto French writers have represented that the *post mortem* examination of Napoleon's body was an unwarrantable liberty, taken in opposition to deceased's wish. The letter was only discovered, along with the lock of hair, three years ago, by Major Young, in a secret drawer of an old writing desk belonging to his father, to whom the epistle was written by Dr. Short, a native of Dumfries, who held the office of principal medical officer of the British staff at St. Helena, and who superintended the dissection. It is as follows:—"St. Helena, 7th May, 1821.—My dear Sir,—You will no doubt be much surprised to hear of Bonaparte's death, who expired on the 5th of May, after an illness of some standing. His disease was cancer in the stomach, that must have lasted some years, and been in the state of ulceration some months. I was in consultation and attendance several days, but he would not see strangers. I was officially introduced the moment he died. His face in death was the most beautiful I ever beheld, exhibiting softness and every good expression in the highest degree, and really seemed formed to conquer. The following day I superintended the dissection of his body—(at this time the countenance was much altered), which was done at his own request to ascertain the exact seat of the disease (which he imagined to be where it was afterwards discovered to be), with the view of benefiting his son, who might inherit it. During the whole of his illness he never complained, and kept his character to the last. The disease being hereditary, his father having died with it, and his sister, the Princess Borghese, being supposed to have it, proves to the world that climate and mode of life had no hand in it, and contrary to the assertions of Messrs. O'Meara and Stoko, his liver was perfectly sound; and had he been on the throne of France instead of an inhabitant of St. Helena, he would equally have suffered, as no earthly power could cure the disease when formed."

A curious incident has recently been recorded, which will most likely remain without a future parallel. At Dransfeld, in the province of Hanover a Jewish couple celebrated their golden wedding on the new moon, at Tamuz. The bridegroom served at the battle of Waterloo, and like his wife has attained the vigor of a robust constitution and the signs of a contented life. The grandchildren of the "bridal couple" presented the celebrants with a golden bouquet and a golden wreath. Then the assembly proceeded to the synagogue, which was appropriately decorated for the occasion, and where an edifying and effecting address was delivered by the son of the jubilants. The Queen-Dowager has sent the couple a "golden Bible," which, accompanied by a suitable speech, was presented to them by the local teachers. The Christian community of the place by no means remain indifferent, but took an active part in his extraordinary solemnity.

It is stated in the Life of Moscheles, that on the occasion of a visit from Mendelssohn to the Queen, when he played several pieces before Her Majesty and the Prince Consort, Her Majesty said, "You have given me so much pleasure now, what can I do to give you pleasure?" Upon this the composer, with admirable tact and taste, being himself the father of a family, asked that he might see the Royal children in the Royal nurseries, and we are told that the Queen at once entered into the spirit of his appeal, and in her most winning way conducted him herself through the nurseries, all the while comparing notes with him on the homely subjects that had a special attraction for both. I am glad to read such a story, which reflects credit upon the composer and upon the Queen. Any man, however distinguished, might have been proud of making such a visit in such company.

There is a good story by the Bishop of Winchester which a friend of mine heard him tell at dinner. The Bishop said he was once conversing with a young German lady, a governess, and she was expressing her warm admiration of the English Church Litany. The Bishop of course agreed with her, and admired the good taste of the fair devotée. "Yes," she said, "I am so fond of your Litany, for in it you pray for us poor governesses." "Indeed!" said the Bishop, very much puzzled, and after thinking a little he was obliged to ask where the passage was. "Oh," replied Fraulein, naively, "that part, you know, where you pray for all women laboring with child!" The dear creature was quite innocent, and how could the Bishop explain?

The fete-de-nuit was a grand spectacle, beside which the Jockey Club organized an extra race day in honor of the Shah, who attended personally, but in simple undress. Isabelle, the Jockey Club flower girl, who, as usual, was dressed in the colors of the favorite, presented the Shah with a bouquet made to represent the Persian arms, and the wife of President M'Mahon was present with a bouquet forming the tricolor of France. This little *fete* brought in over 100,000 francs profit to the funds of the Jockey Club, not at all an unprofitable fashion of offering an unpractical compliment.

The Prosecution of M. Rano.—The farther the advance made in the "instruction" of the Rano prosecution, says the *Patrie*, the more evident does it become that a powerful intervention in his favor has given to the first inquiries a fortunate turn for the accused. Many official documents are wanting, and we are assured that General Appert has very frankly declared they have been suppressed, in at least a large number of instances, by the direct orders of M. Thiers—orders which he had no power to dispute.

The Prince of Wales has not yet got over the effects of his illness. He sneezed twice on Sunday, and coughed audibly on Monday evening.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to a decree of the High Court of Chancery made in a cause of [illegible] on behalf of himself and all others, against the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company (Limited) and others. The persons entitled to the [illegible] unpaid debentures issued by the defendants the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company, Limited, are, on or before the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, 1873, to send their names and addresses, to MR. WILLIAM TURQUAND, of No. 1 [illegible], the Official Liquidator of the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company, limited, their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims in respect of such debentures, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree. Every person entitled to such outstanding and unpaid debentures, is, by himself or his solicitor, to produce the debentures or debentures in respect of which he claims, before the Vice Chancellor, Sir Richard Malins, at his chambers, situated at No. [illegible], Lincoln's Inn, Middlesex, on THURSDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1873, at 12 o'clock, noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims, or to forward his debentures to the said Mr. Turquand for production as aforesaid.
Dated this [illegible] day of July, 1873. F. N. WALKER, Chief Clerk.
ANTHONY PULBROOK, 23 Threadneedle street, London, E. C., Plaintiff's Solicitor. [August 23.]

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations will leave San Francisco daily, Sundays excepted, from Front street Wharf, at [illegible] P. M. Returning the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at [illegible] A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at [illegible] A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.
SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at [illegible] P. M. This will give excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's office, 424 Montgomery street.
On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 7:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.
May 31 PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M. from Front-st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, [illegible] P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday to the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office or at the Steamer. Connections made for Clear Lake and other places of summer resort.
DAILY TIME TABLE. Steamer leaves San Francisco at 3 P. M., from Front street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale [illegible] P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:30 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, [illegible] A. M. For all information apply at the Company's office 424 Montgomery street. [May 14.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of
May 17 E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

FOR EUREKA AND CRESCENT CITY.

The Steamship Pelican, J. D. Howell, Commander, will sail for the above ports on TUESDAY, August 19th, at 10 o'clock A. M. Passage and Freight to CRESCENT CITY at the following greatly reduced rates, including Lighterage and Commissions: Cabin Passage, $15, Steerage, $10, Flour, Grain and Feed, per ton, $4. Ordinary Merchandise per ton, $7. Through bills of lading to Arcata and Hookton. BEN HOLLADAY Jr., Agent,
August 16. 214 Sansome street.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The new A 1 Ship Glad Tidings, Thompson, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.
Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.
Apply to [May 31] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly—Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
June 14. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT.

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and twelve cottages are all new and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, flowers, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc.; Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Lake Tahoe, Geysers, and other noted resorts, Through Route by the great Pacific Railroads to Chicago, St. Louis, etc., Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17.]

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Mich. gas.

MAIN & WINCHESTER.

E. MAIN. E. H. WINCHESTER.
Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept 14.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March 30 413 Front street, S. F.

WANTED.

The advertiser, a competent Accountant, desires employment in a mercantile establishment. Please address "W." care of NEWS LETTER. July 5.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Dorsey's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 3.

THE ROSEBUD AND THE SUN.

A rosebud on a moss rose tree,
Veiled in her green, sat modestly,
And peeping forth with cheeks so red,
Ha[illegible] mosey bed
Rippled and danced so merry and gay,
As the sun arose on a summer day
As the sun came up he looked around,
And spied the bud upon the ground,
It looked so modest and so sweet,
And lifted its head, the sun to greet,
As it was bedecked with diamonds white,
Which the dew had strewn while it slept at night;
When the sun saw the homage of the dew,
It filled him with a feeling new,
And he vowed he never would be outdone—
That the bud by the dew should never be won.
So he darted his rays on the dew decked ground,
And dashed the diamonds far around,
Just then the clouds came up from the West,
And he saw not the bud ere he sank to his rest.
The moss rose smiled as it lay
And the sun went wandering on its way,
But the rosebud haunted his restless dreams,
And tinged with [illegible] his roseate beams,
In Eastern climes and in foreign lands,
On mountain plain and seaside sands
* * * * * *
Obed ent to the Eternal Law,
He [illegible] returned—'twas a bud no more.
Fled was the beauty that aye shone,
The fragrant breath of its youth was gone;
It lay on its bed so sad and forlorn,
Its dress of green was [illegible] and torn,
The sun was touched with a secret pain,
And he sought for its youthful form again,
And he wished he had never [illegible] the bower,
But had left it to bloom in its mossy bower
Let us take our warning from the sun,
And never once do what can't be undone,
And never give cause for idle regret,
But crush down the feeling with envy beset.
OAKLAND, August 18, 1873. FRANK S JOHNSON

MIDNIGHT ATTACK WITH TORPEDOES ON H. M. S. MONARCH.

About midnight on Thursday, July 31st, an attack was made by torpedo boats, from Plymouth harbor, upon her Majesty's turret frigate *Monarch*, anchored at Spithead [illegible], commanded [illegible] the [illegible] Establishment at Portsmouth, with the officers forming the Torpedo Committee, now sitting at the Royal Naval College, Portsmouth, and other officers belonging to the torpedo class on board the *Vernon*, under the instruction of Commander Fisher left Plymouth dockyard, [illegible] where after a cautious approach from the eastern entrance to the roadstead, the *Monarch* was observed lying at anchor but evidently on the lookout for the approach of the torpedo flotilla, her own boats being lowered and manned and rowing guard round her. The four torpedo boats steam launches painted white, fitted with [illegible] and dummy torpedoes, one of the latter being supposed to represent the "fish" torpedo, made a dash at the frigate through her circle of guard boats. The launch carrying the fish dummy got near enough to drop her weapon overboard within sufficiently close distance for it to do its work. Another, after having her rudder unshipped by one of the guard boats, continued her course for the frigate, and struck her with a torpedo. The other two boats appeared to have failed in their attack. The principal object of the experiment may have been as the torpedo boats were painted white, and as another attack was to be made upon the ship with boats painted gray, to ascertain by observation from the *Monarch* the best color for the disguise of a torpedo boat in its approach by night upon a ship at anchor. We may suppose, if we like that as the dummy fish torpedo was dropped overboard within proper distance, and as the frigate was struck by the dummy of another kind of torpedo, the *Monarch* was sunk in a simple way as she lay at anchor. But putting aside for a moment the fish torpedo and considering only the ordinary torpedo, which has no propelling power within itself, it will at once be seen that for torpedo boats to approach and successfully explode their mines near the water line or under the bottom of a ship at anchor [illegible] would be a far more difficult task than some people may suppose. The *Monarch* had her row of boats keeping guard round her, and watching for the approach of the torpedo flotilla, but had the experimental attack upon her been an episode of actual war, the *Monarch* would have been lying within her own belts of protecting torpedoes and out on her bows and quarters, while at the same time her boats could have taken a wider range and fought with their guns and torpedoes.—*Times*

DYING BY INCHES.

The seventeen Norwegian sailors who were frozen to death on Spitzberg Island left the following diary of their sufferings. Brief as it is, it is eloquent of woe. No mention is made of sickness or disease before the 9th of December, when it is said — One of the crew sick since eight days; but from this day the same complaint is repeated with sad monotony—"No improvement in the state of the sick." On the 13th it is said "Two men constantly in bed, nearly all suffer of the disease." Though no indication is given what illness is meant there is no doubt that it was scorbut. The first death is recorded on the 13th of January in the following words: "Tenner Henderson, who was taken ill the 8th of this month, was called to the Lord this morning at 3½ after a painful illness. This afternoon died also Hendrik Hendriksen, who was taken ill on the 12th of December." The 2d of February only three men were in good health, and the journal repeats every day "No improvement." The 28th of February we read "To-day we have seen the sun for the first time in the year 1873." A new death is recorded the following day — "To-day the Lord again called to Heaven one of our comrades, Nils Larsen, after an illness of 84 days." Two days later the entries are made by another hand, who writes on the 25th—"I have now only one man in good health to look after the whole house. O Lord help us in our great distress." And on the 28th he continues—"This evening another of our men died; the Lord called him home from this place, so rich in suffering." From this day the journal contains nothing but annotations of deaths until the 12th of April, when the last regular entry is made thus: "Martin Hansen died the 19th of April at six a.m." Then begins another hand, who writes—"Pastor Andreas Nilsen of Ilatsjord, a red bonnet. Has T. Mitterbak." What these words which have apparently been written under the influence of delirium, are meant to express will never be known and the horrible fate of the poor sufferer who traced them can only be guessed. Did he struggle hours, days, or weeks among the sixteen corpses of his comrades, or did the deliverer come as he dropped his pen? Nobody knows, nor will ever know.

Interesting Development at the Brighton Aquarium, England —During the present week many hundreds of [illegible] of the sea-crawfish have been hatched in one of the tanks at the Brighton Aquarium, and the little creatures may be seen swimming in shoals in the clear water. A peculiar interest is attached to this incident, as that which is now proved to be the young of "Palinurus," the sea-crawfish or Langouste of the French, has long been generally regarded as a distinct species, and known as "Phyllosoma," or the glass-crab, and it is thus described and figured in many works on Marine Zoology. It is so unlike the parent that it is not surprising its relationship, though recently suspected remained so long unrecognized. Several broods of young lobsters have also been hatched at the Aquarium and a swarm of them may now be seen in a tank near the young crawfishes.—*English Paper*

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitation of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best [illegible] effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Diarrhoea, [illegible] Neuralgia [illegible] [illegible] Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 115 Franklin street. July 11

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles [illegible] that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely [illegible] Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green [illegible] Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange [illegible] Price [illegible] [illegible] DANIEL JUDSON & SON [illegible] Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A [illegible] will dye twelve yards of bonnet ribbon. "SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, label, stopper and bottle. [illegible] [illegible] Worcester, Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc.; and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition of the best quality now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies. Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps; Chemically-prepared [illegible] and every description of Sporting Ammunition [illegible] gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, Sept 1. 57 Upper Thames street, London.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including [illegible] [illegible] Umballa and Mooltan, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness [illegible] Thos. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist [illegible] Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & Co., corner Battery and Clay sts., San Francisco. June 21

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants [illegible] in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 28.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent infringements, Notice is hereby given, that Every Capsule [illegible] [illegible] Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

MARAVILLA COCOA

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially [illegible] [illegible] after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. [illegible] favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA

This original preparation has attained a world wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS under the ablest Homœopathic advice aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 10

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Nov 14. Portland, Maine.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS IN THE [illegible] OF THE WORLD —

New York—Chamber Commerce, Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel, Fifth Avenue Hotel
Nassau—New Providence—H. Allery & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman, C. Lowe
New Zealand—Wellington, Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alianca
Odessa—Hafa [illegible] & Co, C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Maile
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright Maxwell & Co., Commercial Exchange
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Hamson & Co., Martin Dyce & Co., Chamber of Commerce
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Robert Town & Co., Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co., S. H. Stamoux & Co., "Free Press"
Valparaiso—La Bonas, Cross & Co., Alsop & Co., Wm. Gibbs & Co., Huth Gruning & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co., Jardine, Matheson & Co., Dent & Co., Russell & Co., Augustine Heard & Co., Chamber of Commerce
Washington—D. C.—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering
Yokohama—Jardine, Matheson & Co., F. Beall, W. Birch, Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS

BELGIUM—Consul General—S. M. [illegible], Grand Hotel. Consul E. Grisar, S. W. cor Broadway and Sansome.
CHILI—Consul General—F. Segovia [illegible] Court Building. Consul B. Farrell, bet. 2d and Montgomery street
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 201 California street
ECUADOR—Consul, Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul, F. Herrera, 330 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General, Ed. [illegible] Breuil, 434 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
GUATEMALA—Consul-General—Leslie C. Banks, 204 California.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul—C. A. C. Dotzenberg, 311 Sacramento.
GREECE—Consul—Vacant.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 1st Front
HONDURAS—Consul, William V. Wells, Mayor's Office
ITALY—Consul, G. B. Cerruti, 402 Washington street
JAPAN—Consul, C. W. Brooks. Consul, Horace D. Dunn.
MEXICO—Consul—Manuel Aspiroz, [illegible] street
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, [illegible] street
NICARAGUA—Consul General—F. Herrera, [illegible] Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul General—Theodore Meyer, S. W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—F. de la Fuente y Sobrino, Lick House.
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Berton. Vice Consul—H. Laidley, Swiss American Bank
BRAZIL—Consul—Camilo Martin, 425 California street
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 201 California.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 51 Battery street
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 330 Montgomery street
U. S. of COLOMBIA—Consul—R. [illegible], 3 Washington st
TURKEY—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, 25 Battery street
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—[illegible] all [illegible] street
SWITZERLAND—Consul, Francis Berton, Swiss American Bank
AUSTRIA—Hungarian Empire—Consul—[illegible] Macke, 106 California street
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

A FASHIONABLE WOMAN'S PRAYER IN CHURCH.

Give me an eye to other's failings blind,
(Miss Smith's new bonnet's quite a fright behind)
Wake in me charity for the suffering poor—
(There comes that contribution plate once more.)
Take from my soul all feelings covetous,
(I'll have a shawl like that, or make a fuss.)
Let love for all my kind my spirit stir,
(Save Mrs. Jones—I'll never speak to her)
Let me in Truth's fair pages take delight,
(I'll read that other novel through to-night.)
Make me contented with my earthly state,
(I wish I'd married rich—but it's too late)
Give me a heart of faith in all my kind,
(Miss Brown's as big a hypocrite as you'll find)
Help me to see myself as others see,
(This dress is quite becoming unto me.)
Let me set not my fa[illegible] Tappeal,
(I wonder if they think these curls are real.)
Make my heart of humility the fount
(How glad I am our pew's so far in front)
Fill me with patience and the strength to wait,
(I know he'll preach until our dinner's late)
Take from my heart each grain of selfconceit,
(I am sure the gentlemen must think me sweet)
Let saintly wisdom be my daily food,
(I wonder what they'll have for dinner good.)
Let not my feet take in the road to light,
(Nobody knows how these shoes pinch and bite)
In this world teach me to deserve the next,
(Church out. "Charles, do you recollect the text?")
JOE JOT, JUN

THE COMPLAINT OF A COCKNEY IN CALIFORNIA.

Can't you prevail upon your quarrelsome friends, the San Francisco Editors, to have a quiet [illegible] at Badger's Park on an off day, and bare away at each other's [illegible] themselves. What sort of an opinion do you imagine foreigners will form of a country wherein three-fourths of the public writers are apparently engaged in exposing each others little weaknesses, and how are you likely to attract quiet, steady-going men of industrious habits and small capital if your newspapers are always filled with sensational stories of visionary dangers. I declare, I am afraid to send a Californian newspaper home lest I should receive, by return of post, a letter of condolence upon my misfortune in living in a State where every official is denounced as a thief, every newspaper is accused of selling its advocacy, and every political leader suspected of a diabolical intention to ruin his country. Really you might respect yourselves a little if you wish for the respect of the outer world, and remember that while once honored names like Schenck and Fremont become objects of suspicion abroad, and you all accuse each other of every corruption at home, folk are likely to begin to take you at your own value. Don't you recollect the cordial agreement of the ancient one with Dogberry, when he desires to be written down as an ass? [We quite agree with the above, especially the last sentence. No one will ever dispute its writer's title to the honor of being "written down an ass." ED.]

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

United States of America Pacific Coast California.—Light House at Mare Island, entrance to Straits of Karquines.—Notice is hereby given that *[illegible]* will be exhibited on and after the evening of September 1, 1873, in a structure recently erected on the southeast end of Mare Island at the entrance of the Straits of Karquines, California. The apparatus is a lens of the 4th order, illuminating 270° of the horizon. The tower is a low, square wooden one, rising from the keeper's dwelling, [illegible] of wood. The focal plane is 70 feet above the mean [illegible] of low water, and in clear weather the eye being elevated 15 feet above the water, should be seen at a distance of 14 4-10 nautical miles. The light is visible from NE. by eastward to W. by S. The hill north of the light house rises to a height of 300 feet above the water, forming a dark background. The dome of the lantern is painted red, the remainder of the structure is painted a light buff. The geographical position of the light is approximately: Latitude 38 deg 04 min 24 sec north. Longitude 122 deg 14 min 16 sec west. The magnetic variation is 16 deg 45 sec east. From the light house the red buoy, No. 4 junction of Mare Island and Karquines Straits, bears E. ¾ S., distant ¾ nautical mile. Benicia (Rocky Point) bears E. ¾ S., distant 3½ nautical miles. Point Pinole bears SW. ¾ S., distant 5½ nautical miles. By order of the Light House Board. JOSEPH HENRY, Chairman.
TREASURY DEPT., Office Light House Board, Washington, D. C., Aug. 4, 1873.

THE DEACON'S DOG.

It is a great many years ago, at a camp meeting that Brother Higgins, a good man but passionately fond of dogs, came in one day accompanied by a black-and-tan hound. Somebody asked him to address the congregation, and he mounted the stand for the purpose, while his dog sat down upon his haunches immediately in front looking at his master. In the midst of the discourse, which not claimed as much, another dog came up, and, after a few social sniffs at the other, Higgins's dog began to examine the hind leg of the latter with his teeth, apparently for the purpose of ascertaining if it was tender. An animated contest ensued, and one of the congregation came forward for the purpose of separating the animals. His efforts were not wholly successful. He would snatch at the leg of Higgins's dog, but before his hand got there the yellow dog would be on that side, and would probably take an incidental and cursory bite at the deacon's hand. Brother Higgins paused in his discourse, and watched the dog. Then he exclaimed, "Spit in her ear, Brother Thompson, spit in the hound's eye!" Brother Thompson did, and the fight ceased. "But I just want to say," continued Mr. Higgins, "that outside of the sanctuary that dog of mine can eat up any salmon-colored animal in the State, and then chaw up the bones of its ancestors for four generations without turning a hair! You understand me." Then the services proceeded.

Our Italian friends, the sleek and well fed Jesuits on Market street, should thank their stars that their lines have fallen in pleasant places. Under the shadow of the Star Spangled Banner, they are much more secure than if they were under their own vine and fig tree in sunny Italy, where the cry of "*Morte ai preti*" frequently startles the balmy air. Since it is probable that the pleasant persons hold to a monastery or love affair [illegible] on the Jesuit temple never see a copy of the most radical Italian Republican newspapers, we hasten to inform the persons of [illegible] that the journal's coming under our notice are very sulphuric. All the "latest news" Italy are ad[illegible] to the priests and Jesuits, anathemas are hurled against the Holy Mother Church as if she were a wanton, covered with Elden's sores, the alms [illegible] of the [illegible] are treated with unctious delight. In a word the modern Italian free thinkers make [illegible] use of the whole vocabulary of Popery and all its [illegible] and [illegible] "*Lp[illegible]*" [illegible] [illegible] This must be considered very [illegible] to the [illegible] [illegible] the Keys of St. Peter. [illegible] we say again, are the Jesuit fathers on Market street in being shielded from the fury of modern Italian [illegible] We are aware that these Jesuit fathers delight in the person of our [illegible], or we should not have taken the trouble of tendering them our advice and congratulations.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL BUILDING

Office of Board of City Hall Commissioners, Corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, July 1, 1873.—Sealed proposals for [illegible] material for a portion of the New City Hall building [illegible] will be received at the office of the Board until 12 o'clock [illegible] the 23d day of August, A. D. 1873, for the following: [illegible] barrels [illegible] Cement. And until 12 o'clock [illegible] of WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of October, A. D. 1873, for the following: [illegible] Iron Joists, Wrought Iron [illegible] according to specifications, schedules, plans and drawings, to be furnished by the Board.
No bids will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Form of Proposal," and are accompanied by a bond with two good and sufficient sureties in a sum equal to ten per cent of the total sum of the tender, conditioned for the due entering into the contract if the party to whom it may be awarded. Bids must be endorsed for the material proposed to be furnished and addressed to the Secretary of the Board.
The specifications, schedules, plans and drawings can be seen and all further information obtained at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposals will be furnished to intending bidders.
The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly, in City Hall Warrants, [illegible] per cent of the estimated amount due, and the remaining 25 per cent when the contract is completed. The expense of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.
P. H. CANAVAN, JOSEPH EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE,
July 2. Board of City Hall Commissioners

PROCLAMATION FOR THE ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL OFFICERS AT THE GENERAL ELECTION

Public notice is hereby given that a General Election in and for the City and County of San Francisco will be held on WEDNESDAY, September 3, 1873, and the qualified electors of said city and county are hereby called to meet in their respective wards for the purpose of electing the following named municipal officers [illegible] Mayor, Sheriff, Auditor, Tax Collector, Treasurer, Recorder, County Clerk, District Attorney, Attorney and Counselor, Chief of Police, Harbor Master, Coroner, Public Administrator, Surveyor, Superintendent of Public Streets, Highways and Squares, Superintendent of Common Schools, [illegible] Justices of the Peace, twelve Supervisors [illegible] First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth to be elected by a plurality of all the votes cast at said election. Twelve School Directors to be elected by a plurality of all the votes cast at the said election.
[SEAL.] Witness my hand and the seal of the City and County of San Francisco, the twentieth day of August, A. D. 1873. WILLIAM ALVORD,
August 2. Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco

S. T. SUIT & CO'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento	J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco

Dec. 9]

GOODWIN, WEST & CO.,

Manufacturers of the "Goodwin" Rotary Pump (to which was awarded the Gold Medal at the last State Agricultural Fair.)
Deep Well and Mining Pumps, Irrigating Pumps,
Of from 1,000 to 50,000 gallons capacity per day. [illegible] PUMPS specially adapted to Wind Mills and Horse Power. SHIP PUMPS, WARRANTED NOT TO CHOKE with Wheat or Sand. Office, No. 3 First street, near Market,
July 2. San Francisco

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed is now open. The house is elegantly furnished and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built like a private residence [illegible] "THE VILLA" is located at the [illegible] northwest corner of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENDELL & CO.,
August 2 Proprietors.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency [illegible]
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS [April 19]

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Mr. John Bensley (President of the Pacific Oil and Lead Works), and MR. L. B. BENCHLEY (Vice-President and Manager of the Pacific Rolling Mills Co.), are admitted partners in our firm. The business will be conducted, as before, under the name and style of LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.
San Francisco, August 1st, 1873. August 2.

FOR SALE.

16,035 Ewes, 8,000 Lambs, 10,750 Wethers, 12,050 Prime South DOWN EWES, 25 Head Graded and SPANISH MERINO BUCKS, 3 Thoroughbred LINCOLN BUCKS.

Ranches.—Several valuable Ranch and Farm Properties in Mendocino, Plumas, [illegible] and [illegible] counties well adapted to sheep raising and agriculture, also, Good Hotel at [illegible] in Mendocino County.
Apply to BEVERIDGE FOOT & [illegible]
August 16 No. [illegible] Sansome street, corner Jackson.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. Also, many [illegible] of Horse Blankets, Whips, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. [illegible]

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,
112 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. [May 24.

L. H. NEWTON.] **NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,** [MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries 117 and 121 Front street San Francisco, Cal. June 7

PROPOSALS

Are invited for from 100 to 500 tons Compact Asphaltum. Samples required. F. MADGE, Secretary Imperial [illegible] Company, [illegible]
July [illegible] Room [illegible] Merchants Exchange.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent for the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 56 Montgomery Block. May 31.

THE HURDLE RACE—A SPORTING TIP FOR SEPT. 6TH.

[BY OUR OWN PROPHET.]

The bright skies fluttered in the breeze,
And many a heart, I ween,
Did flutter, too, as at the post
Nine dashing nags are seen.

They all seem eager for the race,
As cantering past the stand,
Some with head down and pulling hard,
Some cool, and well in hand.

Surprise, Kate Gift, and Diamond,
Alice Douglas, and Brown Dick,
Look as if meant for hurdles;
While Tommy Chandler's quick.

But Tommy's been pulled so often
That he's now afraid to go.
Surprise looks too much like sawdust,
While Case Jack is far too slow.

Mark Moore goes well and freely;
But to an old foot's eye,
He's too much of the peacock,
And goes a trifle high.

Then there's the colt by Haddington,
He seems to get away,
But he don't look like a wearer,
And wasn't built to stay

But see! they face the starter;
He walks them up in line
He drops the flag—by Jove they're off—
See how the jackets shine.

Tommy cuts out the running;
But alas! soon comes to grief.
The second hurdle stops him
Like a vessel on a reef

Then Alice Douglas takes the lead;
But cannot hold it long,
For Kate Gift passes by her
Gad! how she goes along

Mark Moore is right up at her g'ths,
As they race into the straight,
While Brown Dick makes a plucky spurt;
But is just a trifle late

For Kate wins by a length or more.
Mark holds the second place.
Brown Dick is third, and Alice
The fourth one in the race.

The half hour passed. The nags once
Await the starter's word. (more
So anxious is the swaying crowd
That scarce a sound is heard.

Then comes the cry "They're off! they're
The clattering hoofs are heard; [off!"
While Kate Gift sails along in front;
Mark second, Alice third.

There's Tommy Chandler, too, well up.
He jumps his hurdles well.
But over-jumps himself, and soon
The race begins to tell.

Case Jack comes down a cropper;
While Brown Dick lags behind,
And Tommy Chandler rolls about
As if the brute were blind.

Old Mark Moore makes a gallant fight.
His sides with blood are red;
But Kate Gift wins again,
Though only by a head.

The bay mare, Alice Douglas,
Is right at Mark Moore's side,
While the black colt by Haddington
Comes fourth though rather wide.

The other lot are beaten off,
And come in one by one.
Some come in at a quiet trot,
Some at a tired run.

ART NOTES.

The Directors of the Art Association, at their Board meeting last Tuesday, tendered the use of the gallery to Miss Edmonia Lewis, the celebrated colored sculptress, now on a visit here, in order that she might have an opportunity of exhibiting some of her recent works. Miss Lewis has made, during her eight years' stay in the Eternal City, a European, nay, a world-wide reputation. Among her English patrons were the Marquis of Bute and Lady Ashburton. While in Rome she also executed a monument for Mount Auburn Cemetery, Boston, which is said to be the only existing work of the kind by a woman. She recently took for her statue of "Cupid in a trap" and "Babes Asleep" the first prize at the International Exhibition at Naples. These works, with several other pieces, including one entitled "Awake," and another, the "Marriage of Hiawatha," will be exhibited at the Art Association's rooms shortly, when we shall have more to say of them. A halo of interest certainly surrounds the name of Miss Lewis. She is almost entirely a self-made artist, and is still quite young. She has no white blood in her veins; her mother was a Chippewa Indian and her father a negro. Personally she is most intelligent and ladylike, and all who have had the pleasure of meeting her have been charmed with her. And it must be remembered that all the sculptors are Chip-a-ways!

We are glad to learn that Mr. Joseph Mezzara, of Paris (brother of the eminent sculptor of this city), who acted as agent in regard to the donation of the French Government to the Art Association, has been elected an honorary member of that body. Messrs. Squire P. Dewey and Eugene Dewey have been elected life members. Our artists generally are out of town, and our notes this week must therefore be brief. At the gallery of Messrs. Snow & Roos, four landscapes by a German artist, E. Bochm, deserve attention. All are excellent in color and general effect. They are strong, yet quiet pieces of painting, with nothing meretricious about them. In Nies' window, on Kearny street, "Lake Nicaragua, near Virgin Bay," by Norton Bush, attracts much attention for its warm, sunny effect. The sky is a really wonderful piece of gradation. In the Post-street gallery, Denny exhibits a fresh and vigorous little picture of a schooner "outward bound," and Harrington an excellent study of children playing with a donkey. Two or three of them are hoisting the youngest of the number on the saddle back, and the action and attitudes of the figures are both good. Harrington paints touchly for the church, and has heard a good deal about keeping "the straight path," etc. Keep to it, by all means, my boy, but take it out of that picture, which is nearly ruined by its introduction.

STOCK SUIT.

Dunham vs. Cantin & Everett.—In the 15th District Court, suit was commenced yesterday by Woodruff Dunham, through his counsel, L. E. Bulkeley, against Joseph P. Cantin and Augustus F. Everett, Montgomery street brokers, for $22,000 damages for alleged fraudulent misappropriation of a lot of mining stocks of plaintiff, who also demands judgment against the person of each defendant for fraud in misapplying said property while acting in the alleged fiduciary capacities of plaintiff's agents.

It is indeed cheering to see that our native products are every day, on account of their intrinsic merits, meeting with the recognition they deserve. At the Vienna Exposition the only prize given to California wines was awarded to Messrs. Eberhard & Lachman, of this city. We learn the above from "Bonfort's Wine and Liquor Circular," August 18, 1873. We have no doubt whatever that in time our wines will be recognized as possessing more virtues than they are at present supposed to.

During this Hot Weather, or in fact during any kind of weather, it is hard to find a more refreshing drink than Napa Soda. Pure as anything can be, it is taken fresh from Mother Earth, from one of her most generous paps. No pernicious acids or alkalis are used as in other sodas, and therefore no ill effects follow its consumption. Mixed with wines or liquors, it makes a delightful beverage, lively yet wholesome. Col. Jackson, 15½ Geary street, is the agent for this purest of all sodas.

A New Steamship Line.—Several New York merchants are about to establish a line of steamers between this port and the South American Republic of Venezuela. The first steamer will sail from this city on the 22d inst. The following are the Directors of the Company: John W. Stitt, John Vanness, J. Van Wagenen, R. H. Devoy, J. T. Henry, G. W. Davids, Cyrus P. Smith, George Lorillard. This will be the first steamship line between New York and Venezuela under the United States flag, and it promises to prove a success.

Each day we see some old Californian or another going into business, and are always glad to tender them our hearty congratulations and good wishes for their success. Our old friend Henry Reese (long connected with the firm of Hyerman & Co.) and C. A. Ubrig, lately in the office of the Superintendent of Streets, have gone into the general warehouse business, at the southwest corner of Filbert and Battery streets.

We see that B. F. Napthaly, whose name has long been connected with the press of this city, has been appointed special agent for the New England Mutual Life Insurance Company of Boston. We congratulate the Insurance Company in securing the services of so "live" an agent.

NOMINATIONS.

REGULAR DEMOCRATIC AND LIBERAL REFORMERS' NOMINEE
For Supervisor Sixth Ward.....John H. White. August 30.

REGULAR DEMOCRATIC AND LIBERAL REFORMERS' NOMINEE
For Supervisor Ninth Ward.....Frank G. Edwards. August 30.

REGULAR DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE
For Supervisor of the Fifth Ward.....O. Livermore. August 30.

JOHN O. HANSCOM,
Taxpayers' and Liberal Reform Candidate....for School Director. August 30.

TAXPAYERS' NOMINEE AND WORKINGMEN'S CANDIDATE
For Superintendent of Streets.....Samuel H. Kent. August 30.

FOR CORONER,
Dr. John R. Rice.....Democratic Nominee. August 30.

H. S. JOACHIMSEN,
Tax Payers' and Liberal Reform Candidate for Justice of the Peace. August 30.

TAXPAYERS' CANDIDATE
For Mayor.....James Otis. August 23.

TAXPAYERS' NOMINEE
For Justice of the Peace.....Edward P. Batchelor, Attorney at Law, No. 804 Montgomery street, corner Jackson August 23.

TAXPAYERS' NOMINEE
For Sheriff.....William Wilkins. August 23.

TAXPAYERS' CANDIDATE
For Coroner.....Dr. Benj. R. Swan. August 23.

TAXPAYERS' AND LIBERAL REFORM NOMINEE,
Patrick Crowley.....for Chief of Police. August 23.

TAXPAYERS AND LIBERAL REFORM CANDIDATE
For District Attorney.....D. J. Murphy. August 23.

TAXPAYERS', LIBERAL REFORM AND DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE
For Judge Nineteenth District Court.....E. D. Wheeler. August 23.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE
For State Senator.....William H. Sears. August 23.

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE
For State Senator.....Irving M. Scott. August 23.

TAXPAYERS' AND PEOPLE'S UNION
Candidate for Supervisor Twelfth Ward, D. A. MacDonald, of the Enterprise Planing Mills. August 14.

DEMOCRATIC AND LIBERAL REFORM CANDIDATE
For Sheriff.....P. J. White. August 16.

ALEXANDER AUSTIN,
Candidate for.....Tax Collector. August 16.

OTTO H. FRANK,
Democratic Nominee.....for Recorder. August 16.

STEWART MENZIES,
Candidate for Supervisor First Ward on Taxpayers' and Liberal Reform tickets. August 16.

DEMOCRATIC AND LIBERAL REFORM
Candidate for County Surveyor.....Wm. P. Humphreys. August 16.

DEMOCRATIC AND LIBERAL REFORM
Candidate for Judge of the Police Court.....E. R. Drake. August 16.

TAXPAYERS' NOMINEE.
Simon Bayer.....for Public Administrator. August 16.

TAXPAYERS' CANDIDATE
For Supervisor Fourth Ward.....A. N. Ebbets. August 16.

TAXPAYERS' CANDIDATE
For Supervisor Fifth Ward.....John R. Sims. August 16.

TAXPAYERS' CANDIDATE
For Supervisor Sixth Ward.....J. H. Deering. August 16.

TAXPAYERS' NOMINEE.
James J. Gardiner.....for Surveyor. August 16.

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE
For Treasurer.....Charles Hubert. August 16.

WILLIAM CASSEBOHM,
Commercial Broker—Office, 221 California street, (up stairs,) San Francisco. August 9

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE
For Sheriff.....P. J. White. August 9.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE
For District Attorney.....Thomas F. Ryan. August 9.

PEOPLE'S CANDIDATE
For Superintendent of Streets.....John Apel. August 9.

KENNEDY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 805 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,
French Cassimeres
and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 21]

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ₱ lb	80@	37
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	17@	20
Eggs, ₱ doz.	30@	37
Lard, ₱ lb.	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ₱ lb.	16@	20
Cranberries, ₱ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ₱ lb.	2@	3
Lima Beans, ₱ lb	8@	10
Tomatoes, ₱ lb.	3@	
Onions, ₱ lb	3@	5
Squashes, ₱ lb.	2@	5
Pumpkins, ₱ lb	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	4@	25
Cucumbers, ₱ doz.	25@	
Celery, ₱ doz b.	1 00@	
Beets, ₱ doz b.	4@	25
Turnips, ₱ doz b.	4@	25
Parsnips, ₱ doz b.	4@	25
Radishes, ₱ doz b.	20@	25
Green Peas, ₱ lb	5@	8
String Beans, ₱ lb.	6@	15
Apples, ₱ lb	6@	12
Pears, ₱ lb.	6@	10
Peaches, ₱ lb	12@	20
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ₱ lb.	10@	15
Do new, ₱ lb.	15@	25
Oranges, ₱ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ₱ 100	75@1	25
Limes, ₱ doz.	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Turkeys, ₱ lb	20@	
Geese, ₱ pair	2 00@2	50
Ducks, ₱ pair	2 00@2	25
Rabbits, ₱ pair	25@	
Hares, each	50	50
Oysters, ₱ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ₱ 100	50@	
Mussels, ₱ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ₱ lb	12@	15
Salmon, fresh, ₱ lb.	12@	
Codfish, ₱ lb	12@	
Rockfish ₱ lb	12@	
Smelts, ₱ lb	8@	
Tomcod, ₱ lb	6@	
Sturgeon, ₱ lb.	8@	
Flounders, ₱ lb.	15@	
Halibut, ₱ lb	3@	
Perch, ₱ lb	10@	
Shrimps, ₱ lb	10@	
Anchovies, ₱ lb	8@	
Soles, ₱ lb.	25@	

Stuart Seldon Wright,
ATTORNEY
AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.
OFFICES:
Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., up stairs.
Aug. 9.

E. S. TIBBEY,
Stock Broker,
No. 6 Lindenberry St.

H. F. Williams & Co.,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS.
ROOM 30,
STEVENSON'S BUILDING,
SOUTHWEST CORNER OF
California and Kearny sts.,
San Francisco.
Aug. 23.

BLIGHTED.

[BY GEORGE ELINGLE.]

She was singing as he passed;
Twining willows deft and fast;
Twining willows, singing low,
Eyes of sunshine, cheeks aglow:
Did he then as fast behold
Eyes of light and locks of gold
Matched to some Madonna old
He had seen—an ideal pair,
Mystic light on lip and hair?
Andalusia's fairest maids
He had scanned in woods and glades—
Fairest maids from sea to sea—
But none he found so fair as she.
He wooed and won the little maid,
And robed her in the rich brocade,
And paid her court in regal hall—
But sad o'er smile amid it all.
For, nurtured where the willows grew,
And where the mountain violets blew,
She faded as a flower that dies
In sighing for its own blue skies.

TIMES ARE ALTERED.

You know her. She lives on your street. Her features are either pinched or full and flowery. Her dress is wet, ill-fitting, and of no particular pattern: her slippers are broken down; her hair is uncombed; her voice is either shrill or coarse. You have seen her stand out in the back yard, and put a bare arm up to her eyes, and under it peer out to the fence or barn, where a man in an ill-fitting coat is scarching for something, and have heard her shout, "John, can't George bring me some water?" And you have heard him cry back, "If he don't get that water I will take every inch of flesh from his bones." And when you have looked at her again, does it seem possible that those angry eyes have dropped in maidenly reserve, or raised in coquettish light to the face of the man in the ill-fitting coat. Can you, by any possible wrench of the imagination, conceive of his tenderly passing peppermints to her; of his taking that hand in his and tenderly squeezing it. But it was so. Many a "God bless you" has been uttered above that bare head. Many a kiss pressed on that uncombed hair. The tightly compressed lips have lovingly framed tender invitations to him to take another bite of cake and pickle. The hands that are now par-boiled and blistered and marked with scars from the bread-knife, and scratches from the last setting hen, were once twined lovingly about his neck, and the nose which is now peaked and red, and looks as if it would stand on its hind legs and scream with rage, once followed the figures of his new vest pattern, or bore heavily against his jugular vein. As little probable as this seems to you, it seems less to her. She has forgotten it. She won't hear it talked of by others. She cannot bear to see it acted by others. Two lovers are to her "a passel of fools." And—but George is rubbing his head, and we turn aside while our heroine readjusts her slipper.—*Danbury News.*

OUR SCIENTIFIC MEN.

Our powers of imitation—ever presumptuous, often puerile—always degenerates into a despicable and sickening flunkeyism, ever ready to tarnish illustrious supremacy by the apings of a degenerate mediocrity. Ever on the alert to purloin, grab or steal the praiseworthy discoveries and creditable contrivances of others, we seem, as a community, to lack the mental discernment and activity necessary to create anew, while we comfort ourselves with the pleasing delusion that a ready gift of practical adaptability is hardly less meritorious than inventive genius. Many of us can remember the marvelous exhibitions of animal life in a drop of stagnant water, by the aid of ingenious scientific apparatus, delineated on expensive screens, in the Polytechnic Institution of London many years ago. As we have in our midst a body pretending (by title, at any rate) to be scientific, why is it we are not yet astounded by a tense analysis and gigantified panoramic development of the animated besoulness of our political atmosphere? To be sure, the idea is not new as regards water, but it certainly is as applied to air, and for human development the one is every bit as essential as the other. Little care and precaution need be taken in procuring and bottling up a sample, as it prevails throughout, tainted to saturation in favored localities. In Church, School Hall or Whisky Hell, the pest floats around a contaminating corruption that defiles everything like honorable purity. For a display of the hideous monstrosities with which a thoroughly blind, unchartable, unthinking and selfish tyranny inflicts us, it might be advisable to bottle up some of the Platt's Hall atmosphere when the "PUNITES" meet there to defame their kindred of like hue.

Mr. John Stuart Mill's Property.—Mr John Stuart Mill has left the whole of his property, personal and literary, to his step-daughter, Miss Helen Taylor. The personality is considerable, as after he succeeded to his father's post his salary as Chief of the Political Correspondence Department of the East India Company was very much larger than the same talent with a similar position and duties would have secured to him in the services of the British Crown, and his way of life was simple and unostentatious. Miss Taylor will have the house at Avignon, and the absolute disposal of all in her benefactor's copyrights and posthumous publications.

Relics of General Washington.—Secretary Belknap has secured a large number of letters and orders of General Washington, amongst others a general order book written in his own hand, and giving details for the fortification of West Point. Another is in reference to profanity in the army, and expresses the General's strong disapprobation of the epithets then in universal use. The Secretary intends to publish all the documents.

Blodgett Road Scraper Manufacturing Co.—This company has made arrangements with the Kimball Car and Carriage Manufacturing Co. to build their patent *road scraper or dump cart*. A circular announcing when and where a trial will be given as to what this labor-saving machine will be able to accomplish, will shortly be issued, inviting contractors interested in grading to witness its merits.

The Graphic Balloon.—Professor N. H. Donaldson, of balloon notoriety, lately made a trip to Long Branch in the canoe which he intends taking in his aerial voyage with Professor Wise. Everything went off satisfactorily, and the boat was found perfectly adapted for the object in contemplation.

Next season, we are told, will witness a new cause of excitement and interest among card players. Ombre, a game somewhat resembling the fashionable game Bésique, is about to be revived, and, in order to make it popular, a well-known Spanish scholar is preparing an explanatory treatise on the game.

"The Life of Samuel Lover," on which Mr Bayle Bernard has been working for upwards of two years, is now announced as being near completion. Mr. Bernard being an enthusiastic student of Irish poetry we may anticipate a very good result from his labors.

One of the most dangerous nuisances we have on our streets are the iron hitching posts. Several valuable horses have been killed by them. Only the other day Mr. Mangenberg, of the Villa, lost a valuable animal in this way.

Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D.D., L.L.D., will preach next Sabbath in the Central Presbyterian Church (Tabernacle), Tyler street, near Market, at 11 A.M. and 7½ P.M. Public very cordially invited to attend.

The regular monthly meeting of the British Benevolent Society will be held at the rooms, 730 Montgomery street, on Monday evening, September 1, 1873, at eight o'clock.

We are in receipt of the pathetic ballad entitled "As the light fades from mine eyes." Words by Geo. Cooper, music by Harrison Millard. Published by M. Gray.

The Washington British Embassy.—Operations have been commenced in Washington for the erection of this building, which is to cost $100,000.

There are various stations in life, but the least desirable is a police-station.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS,

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending August 29, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED.	FRI'Y	NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED.	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	5⅝	—	—
Alpha	—	—	—	Kentuck	7⅝	7½	7⅝
Alpa	1	¾	—	Kentucky	—	—	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—	Knickerbocker	2¼	—	—
American Flag	3½	3	—	Kossuth	—	—	1¼
Arizona & Utah	1¼	—	—				
Arkansas	—	—	—	Louisa	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—	Lower Comstock	—	—	—
American Flat	4¼	4¼	4¼				
				Mahogany	—	3	—
Bacon	—	—	—	Mammoth	—	⅝	—
Baltimore Consolidated	7¾	7½	6¾	Meadow Valley	18	18	—
Belcher	68	69	67½	Minnesota	20	20	—
Belmont	1⅛	1⅛	—				
Bullion	—	—	—	Newark	4¾	3½	—
Best & Belcher	—	4	—	New York Consolidated	¾	—	⅝
Buckeye	¾	1	—	Noonday	—	—	—
Caledonia	19	18	17	Occidental	—	—	—
Cedarberg	—	—	—	Ophir	26	22	21
Central	—	—	—	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	3	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—	Overman	—	7	6¾
Chapman	—	—	—	Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	1	1	—				
Chief East Extension	—	—	—	Page & Paxson	—	⅜	—
Chollar	37	37	36	Pes Vino	¾	—	—
Columbus	—	—	—	Phoenix	—	—	—
Confidence	6½	6	5¾	Plutoc	¾	—	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Plocho	—	6½	—
Consolidated Virginia	94	96	95	Plocho West	—	—	—
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—	P Phœnix	1½	—	—
Crown Point	65	65	60				
Central No. 2	—	—	—	Raymond & Ely	72	74	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
				Rye Patch	6	—	—
Dacey	—	1¼	1¼	Red Jacket	3¼	3	—
Eclipse	—	5	—	Savage	36½	35½	35
El Dorado	2	—	—	Seg Belcher	33½	32½	—
Empire Mill	3½	4½	5	Sierra Nevada	6	—	5¾
Empire, Idaho	—	2½	—	Silver Peak	—	1⅛	—
Eureka Consolidated	12½	13	—	Silver Hill	13¾	14	13¾
Eureka, G V.	—	—	—	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Exchequer	7¼	7	—	Sterling	—	—	—
				Success	—	—	1
Globe	—	1	—	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	24	25	—	Silver Chariot	13¾	—	—
Gould & Curry	10½	10	9	South Overman	—	—	—
Gilbs	—	—	—	St. Patrick	—	—	—
				South Comstock	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	22½	22	22¼				
Hermes	5	3	—	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hubn & Hunt	—	—	—	Tyler	—	—	—
Hayes	2¼	—	—				
				Union Consolidated	⅝	—	—
Ida Elmore	—	7¼	—	Utah	—	—	—
Imperial	4¼	4	4				
Independent	¾	—	—	Washington & Creole	1¾	2	—
Ingomar	—	¾	—	Washoe	—	—	—
Insurance	—	—	—	Woodruff	1⅝	1¾	1¾
Ivanhoe	—	—	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Jackson	¾	—	—	Yellow Jacket	8	7	6
Julia	—	1¼	1¼	Yolo Gravel	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Sept. 1—JAPAN.....Capt. Freeman.
Sept. 16th—GREAT REPUBLIC.....Capt. Howard.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 4th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Sept. 4—ARIZONA.....Capt. Austin.
Sept. 19—NEVADA.....Capt. Morse.

All Steamers will call at SAN DIEGO, MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 19th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Havre, Bremen, Brest, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt Lapidge, will leave at 3 P.M., as follows: Saturday, August 23, Wednesday, Sept 24.

Returning, will leave Honolulu Sept. 6th, Oct. 8th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A.M., as follows:

MOHONGO, Capt. Hartoe, Friday, Aug. 29; Wednesday, Sept. 10; Monday, Sep. 22.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Thursday, Sept. 4; Tuesday, Sept. 16; Saturday, Sep. 27.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT
SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,
But takes no freight for San Simeon.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, for San Diego and way ports, carrying acids, oils and combustibles—Saturday, Aug. 30, at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [August 30.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

WHARF TOLLS.

Office of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, 414 Montgomery street.—San Francisco, July 3, 1873.—Tickets for Tolls at the Wharves under the control of the Commissioners can be obtained at this office in quantities to suit. On and after the first day of August none other will be received, at less than 12½ cents for a single load. By order of the Board

August 16. J. A. McCLELLAND, Secretary.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,
Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs.) San Francisco. August 2.

CITY HALL WARRANTS
Bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 820 Montgomery street. August 2.

A. T. ELLIOTT,
Ship and Grain Broker, 314 California street, San Francisco. August 2.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER TICKET.

For Mayor.
JAMES OTIS.

For Sheriff.
P. J. WHITE.

For Tax Collector.
ALEXANDER AUSTIN.

For Auditor.
MONROE ASHBURY.

For Treasurer.
JOHN A. BAUER.

For County Clerk.
WILLIAM HARNEY,

For County Recorder.
LUCIEN HERMANN.

For Chief of Police.
P. CROWLEY.

For Super'dent of Public Streets.
THOS. AGNEW.

For Super'dent of Public Schools.
JAMES DENMAN.

For City and County Attorney,
WM. MATTHEWS.

For Coroner.
DR. JOHN R. RICE.

For Harbor Commissioner.
C. L. TAYLOR.

For Harbor Master,
THOS. BARBER.

For Fire Commissioners.
GORDON E. SLOSS, WM. FORD, CHAS. R. EDWARDS.

For District Attorney,
DAN. J. MURPHY.

For Justices of the Peace.
JAS. C. PENNIE, R AUG THOMPSON, EDW. P BATCHELOR, H. L. JOACHIMSEN, L. W. RANSOM.

For Supervisors.

First Ward.........*Stewart Menzies*	Seventh Ward..........*J. D. Roberts*
Second Ward.....*William Cheevers*	Eighth Ward.........*Paul Moroney*
Third Ward ....*Jas. J. Kenney*	Ninth Ward...............*A. W. Scott*
Fourth Ward... *Timothy McCarthy*	Tenth Ward ....*Dr. Hewston*
Fifth Ward ... .*O. Livermore*	Eleventh Ward .... ..*Thos. Dickson*
Sixth Ward.......... *John H. Wise*	Twelfth Ward......*D. A. McDonald*

For School Directors.

George C. Hurlbut, P. W. Black, H. Rosekrans, Jo. Clement, H. J. Tilden, John O. Hanscom, John P. Shine, W. T. Bradbury, J. M. Buffington, M. J. Donnovan, Andrew McF. Davis, Peter Deane.

LEGISLATIVE TICKET.

For State Senators.
FRANK McCOPPIN, W. H. SEARS.

For the Assembly.

Donald McLennan, Seth Wetherbee, Jonathan Kitteridge, H. H. Bancroft, Samuel Foster, Joe Clarke, Chas. M. Leary, Steuart M. Taylor, P. R. Ryan, George H. Rogers, John M. Johnson, Jones Steiglits.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. K. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

WANTED,

By a middle aged lady of respectability (a widow) a situation as housekeeper in a small family, or as matron of a hospital or sick nurse. Good references can be given. Has no objection to going into the country. Address MATRON, at this office. July 12.

REMOVAL.

John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, has Removed to 330 Montgomery street, opposite the Odd Fellows' Building. Always prepared to discount good Commercial Paper at the lowest rates. City and County Property bought and sold. July 12.

BONDS.

City, State and County Bonds, bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. August 2

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 16.

"GEBEE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosqui's Vineyard, Vina, Tehama county, is now permanently located at 436 and 430 Market street, corner of Battery, San Francisco. HENRY GEBEE, George Hamlin, Manager. Nov 11.

TAXPAYERS' AND PEOPLE'S CITY AND COUNTY TICKET.

FOR MAYOR ....JAMES OTIS.

For Sheriff.... .. . ..WM MCKIBBIN	For Superintendent of Common Schools.JAS. H. WIDBER
For Tax Collector..ALEXANDER AUSTIN	For City and County Attorney .... .. W. C BURNETT
For Auditor ....MONROE ASHBURY	For District Attorney ..D. J. MURPHY
For Treasurer .... .. JOHN A. BAUER	For Fire Commissioners J.C. PATRICK, WM FORD, D L. BECK
For Coroner .. ...BENJAMIN H SWAN	(for unexpired term of J Roescle d.)
For Recorder . .. LUCIEN HERMANN	For State Harbor Commissioner........ C. L. TAYLOR
For County Clerk.... ..WM HARNEY	For Harbormaster.....WM. H. MORTON
For Assessor ... . C G MORLEY	
For Surveyor . . JAMES J GARDNER	
For Pub. Administrator..SIMON MAYER	
For Chief of Police .. .P CROWLEY	
For Superintendent of Public Streets, Highways and Squares ....SAMUEL H. KENT	

FOR JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

Edward P Bachelor, L. W. Ransom, R. Aug Thompson, H. L. Joachimsen, F. A. Sawyer,

FOR SUPERVISORS.

First Ward. ....Stewart Menzies	Seventh Ward..... ..James B. Roberts
Second Ward..........William C Pease	Eighth Ward .. ....A. L Wangenheim
Third Ward ....John Shirley	Ninth Ward.... ... .. . A. W. Scott
Fourth Ward. .. ..Arthur M Ebbets	Tenth Ward . . . ..George Hewston
Fifth Ward .. .. John R. Sims	Eleventh Ward...... . ...M Lynch
Sixth Ward...... . .James H Deering	Twelfth Ward.........D. A. MacDonald

FOR SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

Jo. Clement, Andrew McF. Davis, George C. Hurlbut, H. J. Tilden, John O Hanscom, P W Black, H Rosekrans, Peter Dean, W T Bradbury, J M Buffington, John P Shine, M. J Donnovan.

HOMESTEADS THAT ARE HOMES.

Persons in want of Houses are requested to examine the plans of those now being constructed upon that beautifully situated property on Pacific Heights, on the block bounded by Pacific Avenue, Webster and Jackson streets, commanding the most magnificent view of any location in the city and accessible by cars, which pass the doors. These Elegant Houses are built in the best manner, and will be sold ON A CREDIT OF SIX YEARS. Plans and specifications at the office of JOHN T. LITTLE, Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. [July 26.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 600 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been refitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained. June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

REMOVAL.

A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his office and warerooms to Nos 113 and 115 Pine street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over mountainous and difficult roads. June 28.

CAST IRON WATER PIPE,

3 inch, 4 inch, 6 inch. Boiler Tubes, 2, 3 and 4 inch, assorted lengths. GALVANIZED AND BLACK GAS PIPE, all sizes. EGLINTON and No 1 CLYDE PIG IRON. SCOTCH STEAM SPLINT COAL, 54 tons best. For sale by C. ADOLPHE LOW & CO., 208 California street. August 2.

NOTICE.

Mr. Charles Edward Heise is my partner in the Custom House Brokerage Business. CHAS. BAUM, Custom House Broker, San Francisco, July 29, 1873. [August 2.] 510 Battery street.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 31.] J. M ECKFELDT & CO

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves. March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO, Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

CURLE & CO

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room, No 19 Stevenson's Building, No 531 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 29

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods. Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 3.] Address, J WORTH & CO, St Louis, Mo.

JAS. H. HAM.] PETERS & HAM, [WM. E. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 331 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J Alexander, Jr; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 18 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within), Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers, The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 282 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D Escomte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C., The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill. Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C. London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W., George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N., Thos. Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C., Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno Marriott, 11 Gloster st, E.C, Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Budd, W. G. ..440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 323 Califor'a st.
Fitch, J. B. . 411 California st.
Higgins, W. L ...413 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. ..434 Cal'a, upstairs.
Keene, J. R. ...435 Calif'nia st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co. ....425 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 435 California st
Peckham, E. P. ...413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. ...401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W.. . 444 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, up to No 7. May 20.

HOW STRANGE IT WILL BE.

How strange it will be, love—how strange when we two
Shall be what all lovers become!
You rigid and faithless, I cold and untrue;
You thoughtless of me, and I careless of you.
Our pet names grown rusty with nothing to do,
Love's bright web unraveled, and rent and worn through,
And life's loom left empty—ah, hum!
Ah, me!
How strange it will be.

How strange it will be when the witchery goes,
Which makes me seem lovely to-day,
When your thought of me loses its *couleur de rose;*
When every day serves some new fault to disclose,
And wonder you could for a moment suppose—
When you find I've cold eyes and an every-day nose—
I was out of the common place way;
Ah, me!
How strange it will be.

How strange it will be, love—how strange when we meet
With just a chill touch of the hand,
When my pulses no longer delightfully beat
At the thought of your coming, at the sound of your feet;
When I watch not your coming far down the long street,
When your dear loving voice, so thrillingly sweet,
Grows harsh in reproach or command;
Ah, me!
How strange it will be!

How strange it will be when we willingly stay
Divided the weary day through;
Or getting remotely apart, as we may,
Sit chilly and silent, with nothing to say;
Or coolly converse on the news of the day,
In a wearisome, old-married-folk sort of a way!
I shrink from the picture—don't you!
Ah, me!
How strange it will be!

Dear love, if our hearts do grow torpid and cold,
As so many others have done;
If we do let our love perish with hunger and cold,
If we dim all life's diamonds and tarnish its gold,
If we choose to are wretched and die unconsoled,
'Twill be strangest of all things that ever were told
As happening under the sun!
Ah, me!
How strange it will be!

THEATRICAL, ETC.

CALIFORNIA THEATER. *The Sea of Ice*, a grand spectacular drama in five acts, is splendidly put on the stage. The drama itself is full of incongruities, and must be a painful one for anything like a real artist to play in. We pitied Miss Charlotte Thompson in the ice scene—more on account of the evident stupidity of the words she had to utter than for the cold she appeared to suffer so much from. Williamson, as "Barabas," made a first-class clown. Sawdust is evidently this actor's forte. We can imagine how well he would look saying "here we are again" through a bursted paper hoop. The wig Miss Cummins wore did not at all suit her style of beauty, which is somewhat of an angular description. Lewis Morrison, as the unscrupulous "Marquis Del Monte," did his utmost to make the part go down. As the untutored child of nature, "Ogarita," Miss Charlotte Thompson was almost perfection. Nature has been singularly bounteous to her, in both face and figure. As a spectacular play alone, *The Sea of Ice* is a success. And the management have to thank the scenery and its artist, Mr. Porter, together with the orchestra, for the full houses it has drawn, more than either its author or the cast.

The Alhambra Theater has this week presented the public with a first-class programme, and on Monday week will vary it with the Susan Galton and Jennie Lee Opera Bouffe and Comedy Troupe. We look forward to a great treat, and have no hesitation in predicting full houses and lots of fun.

Shiels' Opera House.—The California favorite, Joe Murphy, has drawn good houses. He is a wonderfully versatile actor and deserves success. Matinee to-day. *Help.*

Mr. Woodward, determined not be behind hand in catering for the public, announces that extra attractions will be offered on Saturday and Sunday (to-day and to-morrow). Jester, the clever ventriloquist and talking-hand man, will appear, and Miss Marie Gangalo, the charming danseuse, will dance a grand pas de deux with Madame Bolslay. The German Garde Fusileer, with four other companies, will encamp in the gardens, and there will be sham battles, drills, and a grand ball on Monday night.

The City Gardens have never looked fresher and prettier than they do now, no pains are spared to keep them up to the mark. On Sunday and Monday there will be a Grand Reunion of the Irish American Benevolent Society, when a large ox, presented by Thomas McInerny, will be barbecued. There will be all kinds of games, and as a ballot will be taken at the gate, visitors will have a chance of voting for their favorites.

OPERA.

Courageously defiant, the political pest-house is shortly to become the home of an hermaphrodite Italian opera. Preposterously improbable, an attempt is being made to inaugurate an amusement that may become a commanding attraction, gratifying to one side and remunerative to the other. How the projector intends to accommodate the necessary adjuncts to an ordinary decent display is a mystery as yet. What kind of an orchestra is he going to have? Where is he to put it? What kind of a chorus? Is it to be stuck away in the side boxes or closets, or are the loafers to be buried under the limited stage? It is just such pretentious, ill-conceived projects as this that have destroyed the musical taste of the public. The orchestra must, of necessity, be a German one, and it is a rule to which there is no exception that in no country—in no case—has a purely German orchestra found itself at home in Italian opera, any more than a Welshman could be in an Irish comic song. To an equal extent there is no community on the American continent that can make as good a showing as we can in first-class instruments, or that pays so much money for a musical education as we do, yet in practical efficiency we are hindmost. Our natural taste is destroyed by a renowned mechanical barbarism that for the time commands full sway, as do some of the political impositions, to be found out after great mischief has been done.

On Thursday evening the new Italian Troupe, stopping at the Occidental, were serenaded by the Opera Orchestra. The prospects for the season are very encouraging. The *prima donna*, Mme. Visconti, comes of a noble Milanese family, and possesses a highly trained and powerful voice, besides much dramatic talent. The contralto, Mlle Franzini, has a wonderfully sweet and powerful voice. The tenor will be a favorite, and the baritone, Sig Grossi, will astonish many. Miss Wadsworth, a Californian young lady with a rich contralto, will make her second appearance. *Il Trovatore* or *Norma* will probably be the first opera.

Query—Would it be proper to call a dancing-master a hop-merchant!

When the rain falls does it ever rise again! Yes, in dew time.

Music by Handel.—A street organ.

Shocking Events—Earthquakes.

REGULAR REPUBLICAN LEGISLATIVE NOMINATIONS.

For Senators.
WM. H. SEARS, IRVING M. SCOTT.

For Members of Assembly.

H. H. Bancroft, Jonathan Kittredge, John M. Johnson, Donald McLennan, O. F. Von Rhein, Frederick Clay, Samuel Foster, S. H. Wetherbee, John W. Taylor, P. H. Blake, Julius Buhlert, Chas. M. Leary.

[August 30.]

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny st., near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; John Woodard, Stage Manager; E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, August 30, and until further notice—A monster programme. Mr. George C. Thompson, really an excellent Ethiopian Comedian, has been added to our great Variety Company, and will appear this week in his inimitable specialty of "Old Black Joe," also in his great Song and Dance, "Carry the News to Mary." The new local hit at the times, entitled, "Independent Candidate for Mayor," will run until the polls are closed. Come and see nonsense and politics, burlesque and mass meetings, woman's rights leagues and hoodlumism all mixed into one big dose of fun and frolic. Our Male and Female Minstrels sing some new and beautiful songs, and also relate, in choice prose, with good accent and good discretion, those humorous incidents of life that make us feel that virtue is its own reward. Thompson, Kelly and Rice are the heroes of the First Part. The Interlude is as varied as the colors of Joe's coat, and as brilliant as genius and talent can make it. The popular Perry Brothers appear nightly. For further particulars come and investigate. Aug 30.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherill, Treasurer.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon—MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. The Great Ethiopian Comedian, BILLY SWEATNAM. Continued success of those immense Artists, KELLY and LEON. The Greatest Song and Dance Men in the World, WELCH and RICE. The Great BILLY MANNING. Entire new First Part. "Sophia's Supper." Fraser's "Drum Major." "Watch Dog." Monday Evening, Sept. 1—Kelly and Leon's great Opera Bouffe, entitled THE BARONESS OF SAN FRANCISCO. Monday Evening, Sept. 8th, SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE LEE Opera Bouffe and Comedy Troupe. Admission—Dress Circle, $1, Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $10. Parquette, 25 cents. August 30.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, at 2 o'clock—SEA OF ICE. This (Saturday) Evening, Aug. 30, will be presented the Grand Spectacular Drama, THE SEA OF ICE, and continued until further notice. August 30.

SAN FRANCISCO GRAND HURDLE RACES AND RUNNING RACES.

Ocean View Driving Park Course, Saturday, Sept. 6th, 1873.

Four Great Races the same day—The horses at the post to start for First Race at 2 o'clock, punctually. Special Trains at 12:30, 1, and 1:30 o'clock, from San Jose Depot, Market street, will run to Industrial School, a short distance from the Course. Fare, 25 cents. Conveyances from the city at cheap fares, running to and fro all day. August 23.

WOODWARD'S GARDENS.

Embracing a Marine Aquarium, Museum, Art Gallery, ConservaTORIES, MENAGERIE, SEAL PONDS and AMPHITHEATER. Skating Every Day. Grand Performance and Concert Every Saturday and Sunday. Admission—25 Cents, Children under 10 years, 10 Cents. August 9.

RAILROAD CONSOLIDATION.

Pursuant to the statute, in such case made and provided—Notice is hereby given that the SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY and the SOUTHERN PACIFIC BRANCH RAILROAD COMPANY, upon the written consent of the Stockholders holding more than three-fourths of the Capital Stock of each of said corporations, respectively, and by the agreement of the respective Boards of Directors of said corporations, made and entered into in accordance with such consent and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, have this day amalgamated and consolidated their Capital Stock, Debts, Property, Assets, and Franchises, under the corporate name and style of the "SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY." By order of the Board of Directors of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company. J. L. WILLCUTT, Secretary. San Francisco, August 12th, 1873. August 30.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of UHRIG & REESE, for the transaction of a General Storage Commission Business. The warehouse is located at the southwest corner of Battery and Filbert streets, and will be known as the PIONEER WAREHOUSE. Walls thoroughly renovated and rat proof. C. A. UHRIG, HENRY REESE. San Francisco, August 27th, 1873. [Aug 30.]

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Jno. L. Stephens, ?. Conner Commander, will leave Folsom-st. wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, August 30, at 10 o'clock A. M. [August 30.] WM NORRIS, Agent.

B. F. NAPTHALY,

Special Agent New England Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Boston, for San Francisco. Pacific Branch Office, Northeast corner California and Sansome streets. All applications addressed to him will be promptly attended to. Policies in this company are non-forfeitable. Aug 30.

ASSESSOR'S OFFICE.—NOTICE TO VOTERS.

The Assessor's Office will be open for the Registration of Voters every Evening till the day of Election, from ? to ? o'cloc. August 30. LEVI ROSENER, City and County Assessor.

HEADQUARTERS TAXPAYERS' AND PEOPLE'S CITY AND COUNTY TICKET—608 CLAY STREET.

Information given regarding Registration, Naturalization, Transfers, and the Election Laws. August 23.

THOMAS GOLDEN

For Public Administrator .... 917 Market street. August 2.

J. A. BAUER,

Present Incumbent, Candidate for City and County Treasurer on Taxpayers' and Liberal Reform Tickets. August 16.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

For Chief of Police, T. G. Cockrill, 521 Front street. August 2.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, AgriCULTURAL IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS, Nos 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco. August 16.

COKE—THE CHEAPEST FUEL.

Retail Price reduced to Sixty Cents per Barrel, at Gas Works, cor. of Howard and Fremont streets, at Gas Works, Foot of Second street, at Gas Works Potrero. August 16.

CARO NOME.

[BY KATE HILLARD.]

Hold the sea-shell to thine ear,
And the murmur of the wave
From its rosy depths mayst hear,
Like a voice from out the grave
Calling thro' the night to thee!
Low and soft and far-away,
From a silent, distant shore,
Where is neither night or day,
Nor the sound of plying oar;
For all sleep beside the sea!

Low and soft, but constant still,
For it murmurs evermore
With a steady, pulsing thrill,
Of the waves upon the shore,
And it tells naught else to thee.
Hold my heart up to thine ear,
And the one beloved name
Singing thro' its depths mayst hear,
And the song is still the same,—
'Tis a murmur from the sea.

From the great sea of my love,
Far-reaching, calm and wide,
Where nor storms nor tempests move,
Nor ebbs the constant tide,
And the waves still sing of thee! —*Scribner's for Sept.*

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A lady correspondent in London writes as follows: London is fast thinning, and the fashions of bathing dresses and seaside garments are more thought of than ball dresses or opera costumes. The opera season is over—Patti and Nilsson have warbled their last notes for this year, and the carriages and riders (I mean those of the upper ten) have almost disappeared from the park. Ladies no longer get themselves up to visit the gallery of the house, or to sit in the black hole atmosphere of the law courts. It is too hot to take a vigorous interest in anything, even the big Claimant, and Dr. Kenealy is not half such an interesting person to look at now; he has obtained leave to talk without his wig. Spotted costumes are all the rage now, muslins, grenadines, and silks are all worn spotted, and it is quite correct to have bonnets to match. Spots are not becoming—the more spotted dresses there are worn the more plain looking women there appear to be. I saw the Duchess of Teck in a spotted costume the other day—brown and white—and I certainly never saw her Royal Highness in anything so unbecoming, her taste in dress is generally so perfect. Some dresses prepared for the children of her Grace the Duchess are a marvel of embroidery. I don't know what the material is, it looked in the box like very fine grenadine, but the work is exquisite hand embroidery, wreaths of field flowers most beautifully blended to twine round the skirts, capes, and sleeves. The pretty Czarevna has the credit of introducing one of the most elegant hats of this season. It is already called the "Czarevna" in all the shop windows, and is very much worn. Both the Princess of Wales and her sister have worn hats of the same shape more than once, and very becoming they are. The Czarevna is simply a Tuscan hat, with a flat crown and a brim about three inches broad. In front the brim turns down and rests upon the forehead, both sides are turned up towards the back, and the very back is fastened into a sort of curtain. The brim is lined all round with black velvet, and on the left side a small spray of flowers is placed under it. The right side is filled up with a black velvet bow, and the outside of the hat is trimmed with a band of velvet and a handsome flower which springs from a bow of black at the back and goes right round the crown. Two handsome ends of velvet on a long lace falling at the back complete the hat, which is one of the most graceful I have ever seen. The most fashionable flowers for it are pale pink of a rather curious tint, most absurdly named the 'Russia blush.' A new fantastic notion has been introduced at some grand weddings during the past few weeks. I believe, like most *outre* customs, it comes from France. The bride's train is borne by children, either little girls or boys according to her fancy. If boys, they are usually dressed in some fancy costume, such as sailors and Highlanders. I saw two tiny train-bearers at a wedding last week dressed in white Greek dresses, and very pretty the urchins looked. The general style of weddings this season has been very theatrical. I should not be surprised to see them made fancy dress affairs altogether before long. Ladies who like quiet dressing and who look well in black, will be glad to learn that black straw bonnets are becoming very fashionable, and that a curious simplicity prevails in the manner of trimming them. A wreath of leaves, either brown or green is the sole ornament, and the effect is very good. Three cornered hats are also shown by the milliners, but they are so very peculiar that I don't think they will ever be fashionable. I have seen some very curious-looking seaside dresses this season. The *modistes* don't seem quite to know what to do for novelties. The oddest of all was a white pique dress trimmed with spots of embroidery, which look exactly like a baby's worsted balls, in all colors. These spots or balls went only round the edge of the jacket and sleeves, and the flounces on the skirt, but the effect was very strange. Four or five colors were used in each spot, which was so worked that the surface looked round, and as if the costume was trimmed with many-colored marbles. I think shoe and boot bows get larger than ever. Those worn on the fashionable shoes now quite cover the front of the foot, and leave scarcely anything of the toe to be seen, while, at the instep, they expand into a fan-like arrangement of bows, which make the ankle look very thick.—*Glasgow Mail*

THE FIRST MEERSCHAUM PIPE.

The following account of the first meerschaum pipe has been published by Messrs Pollak & Son, pipe manufacturers in New York:—"In 1723 there lived in Pesth, the capital of Hungary, Karol Kowates, a shoemaker, whose ingenuity in cutting and carving on wood, etc., brought him into contact with Count Andrassy, ancestor of the present Prime Minister of Austria, with whom he became a favorite. The Count, on his return from a mission to Turkey, brought with him a large piece of whitish clay, which had been presented to him as a curiosity, on account of its extraordinary light specific gravity. It struck the shoemaker that, being porous, it must naturally be well adapted for pipes, as it would absorb the nicotine. The experiment was tried, and Karol cut a pipe for the Count, and one for himself. But in the pursuit of his trade he could not keep his hands clean, and many a piece of shoemaker's wax became attached to the pipe. The clay, however, instead of assuming a dirty appearance, as was naturally to be expected, when Karol wiped it off, received, wherever the wax had touched, a clear brown polish, instead of the dull white it previously had. Attributing this change in the tint to the proper source, he waxed the whole surface, and, polishing the pipe, again smoked it, and noticed how admirably and beautifully it colored; also, how much more sweetly the pipe smoked after being waxed. Karol had struck the smoking philosopher's stone; and other noblemen, hearing of the wonderful properties of this singular species of clay, imported it in considerable quantities for the manufacture of pipes. The natural scarcity of this much-esteemed article, and the great cost of importation, in those days of limited facilities for transportation, rendered its use exclusively confined to the richest European noblemen, until 1830, when it became a more general article of trade. The first meerschaum pipe made by Karol Kowates has been preserved in the museum of Pesth, which, by the way, was the native city of Mr. Pollak, Sen."

Found Out.—We are sorry to see that there is considerable ill-feeling shown by Englishmen because the Queen's Prize at Wimbledon went to a Scot. The worst of it is that in pandering to this evil sentiment some reporters have not hesitated to knock a hole in veracity. The *Daily Telegraph* said that when on the Saturday Menzies received the purse, a loud laugh arose because with Scottish keenness he looked to see if the money was all right the moment he quitted the dais. Unfortunately for "our special correspondent," the money, in the form of a cheque or order, had been given to the successful marksman the night before at the Council Tent. The story is not true, and it is not even *ben trovato*, for the gentleman who invented it should, before telling an untruth, exercise sufficient caution to keep him from the deadly sin of being found out.

A Southern nigger arrested with chickens in his sack declared, "De man dat put 'em dar was no fren' of mine."

Mrs. Smith says her husband is like a tallow candle, because he always will smoke when he is going out.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL AND WORK FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL AND HALL OF RECORDS.

Office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, August 14th, 1873.—Sealed proposals, for furnishing certain Material and for doing certain Work for a portion of the New City Hall and Hall of Records, will be received at the office of the Board until 12 o'clock noon of FRIDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1873, as follows:

1—BRICK WORK.—Bricks laid in the wall with Facework extra and Setting Blocks, Keystones, Caps, Springing Blocks, Iron Plates, etc., and providing and setting Iron Bonding and Arch and Chimney Bars, etc.

2—STONE AND STONE WORK.—Granite Blocks, Keystones, Capitals, Springing Blocks, Stone Crossing, Internal Granite Columns of Hall of Records, etc., provided and worked.

3—IRON WORK.—Wrought Iron Girders for Second Floor, provided and set.

4—IRON WORK.—Cast Iron Columns, Girders, Lintels, Brackets, etc., for Hall of Records, provided and set.

5—IRON WORK.—Dome of Hall of Records, complete.

All according to specifications, plans and drawings to be furnished by the Board. No bid will be entertained unless made on the Printed Forms of Proposal and accompanied by a bond with two good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to ten per cent. of the total sum of the tender, conditioned for the due entering into the contract of the party to whom it may be awarded. The bids must be indorsed for the material proposed to be furnished, or work to be done, and addressed to the Secretary of the Board. The specifications, plans and drawings can be seen, and all further information obtained, at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposals will be furnished to intending bidders. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly in "City Hall Warrants," of 75 per cent. of the estimated amounts due, and the remaining 25 per cent. when the contract is completed. The expenses of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.

P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND,
CHAS. E. McLANE, Board of City Hall Com.
ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary. August 16.

ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).

Successors to J. Seligman & Co.

London Office, No. 3 Angel Court. San Francisco Office, No. 412 California street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000; Subscribed, $3,000,000; Paid in $1,500,000, remainder subject to call. Directors in London—Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Reuben D. Sassoon, William F. Scholfield, Isaac Seligman, Julius Lington. Managers in San Francisco—Richard G. Sneath, Ignatz Steinhart. The Bank is now prepared to open Accounts, Receive Deposits, make Collections, Buy and Sell Exchange, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world and loan Money on proper securities. The Stock of this Bank being held by leading Bankers and Capitalists of Europe and America, the Bank will have superior facilities in the negotiation of State, Municipal and other securities abroad.

July 6. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

THE CALIFORNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Will commence business on Wednesday, Aug. 6, 1873, at its office, No. 512 CALIFORNIA STREET. GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

PRESIDENT.....DAVID FARQUHARSON | VICE-PRESIDENT..... CHAS. LUX

Board of Directors:

David Farquharson,	Alexander G. Abel,	Robert Ewing,
Charles Lux,	John Bell,	Adolph Wesko,
Julius C. Reis,	Frederic Clay,	James R. Kelly.
A. C. Corbett,	Alexander Austin,	

TREASURER—Julius C. Reis. SURVEYOR A. C. Corbett. SEC'TY—D. B. Chisholm. ATTORNEY—C. P. Robinson. Office, 512 California street. [Aug 9.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James McMillin, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 520 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. DIRECTORS: L. Gottig, F. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler, Dan Meyer, Chas Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers.

GEORGE LETTE, Secretary [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office, No. 304 Sansome street (Hollander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on-the-Main. March 28.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants. No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, watch, use and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. All losses paid at H. Gold Coin.

Jan 29 MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposits. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't. Wm. H. Culver, Vice President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3.

COSMOPOLITAN DIME SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No. 620 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits, One per Cent. per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, Six per Cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book.

J. CHAMBERS Secretary [May 10.] W. S. THOMPSON, President.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

C. L. CRACKBON.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to H. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 3.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.

[March 29.]

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W. I.—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
BADEN-BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande.
WEISBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Danieli's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suizas.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURGH.—Hotel Demuth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel. London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST.-LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel. (Tintern Abbey, 5 miles.)
DUBLIN.—The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel.
EDINBURGH.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel.
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager.
OTTAWA.—Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, E. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC.—Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House. Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Filiberto.
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Banos de Colima, Hotel Santiago.
RIO DE JAN.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—A[illegible] Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phoenix Hotel.
TAHITI.—Fan Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

HOT!

The pavements are all hissing hot,
The sky above is brazen,
And every head's as good as dead
The sun can set his rays on.

The lean, lank-looking skeletons
Go stalking pale and gloomy;
Fat men, like melting lumps of lead,
Send bolter fancies through me.

I wake from dreams of Polar ice,
And wish myself where Hall is,
Or frozen any other place
Than on this red-hot ball is.

To have a good name and keep it is a most difficult task, especially in a country where every man's hand is against his neighbor. One firm, however, have managed to keep their name up as sellers of the best buggies, harness, robes, etc. made in the world. We allude to Crego & Bowley, whose store on California street is full of buggies, etc. of the finest description. They also have an auction every Tuesday.

A man who had missed his way fortunately overtook a boy going with a pot of tar to mark his master's sheep. He asked him the way to Banff, but was directed by so many turnings, right and left, that he agreed to take the boy behind him on his horse. Finding the boy pert and docile, he gave him some wholesome advice, adding occasionally, "Mark well, my boy." "Yes, sir, I do." He repeated the injunction so often that the boy at last cried out, "I canna mark yo ony mair, as the tar has geen oot."

"Say, what's the matter darling,
What makes you look so sad!
Is anything the matter—
What trouble have you had!"

"I'll tell you what's the matter,
I think I might as well,
I want to buy a carpet—
Let's go to Plum & Bell."

An urchin not quite three years old said to his sister, while munching a piece of ginger-bread, "Sis, take half of dis cake to keep till the afternoon, when I get cross." This is nearly as good as the story of the child who bellowed from the top of the stairs, "Ma, Hannah won't pacify me."

No one can deny that the fruit produced in California is as fine as any in the world. The vegetables also are second to none. To see how the outside world appreciates them, you have only to take a stroll round to the canning store of James King of William & Co. Not only do they give the world a chance of tasting our fruits, but they also furnish employment for boys and girls who would otherwise be [illegible].

Dear little Chink-a-chink
Invented a wonderful drink,
Of orange-pips,
And haws and hips,
And varnish, and glue, and ink.
And he spent on it, luckless elf,
The whole of his wordly pelf;
But as none would share
The goblet rare,
He drank up the whole himself.

And he soon was gratified
With a pain in his inside;
And in spite of nuss
He grew wuss and wuss
And took and went and died.
And when next he mixes that drink,
He will wisely omit, I think,
The orange-pips,
Or haws and hips,
Or varnish, or glue, or ink.

No one who has ever used the desks, stools, garden seats, etc. made by Gilbert and Moore ever thinks of using any other kind. They are elegant and durable, pretty and comfortable. The patent school desk and seat all in one is the most perfect thing we have ever seen. It is well worth any one's while taking a look through the store of Gilbert & Moore on Bush street.

Spoiling the Ship for a Ha'porth of Tar.—Will it be credited that no turret-ship in the British Navy boasts—a turret-clock! The Board of Admiralty may be incompetent, but they are no time-servers!"

Neglected Coughs and Colds.—Few are aware of the importance of checking a Cough or "Common Cold" in its first stage; that which in the beginning would yield to "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," if neglected, often works upon the Lungs.

Pigeon Pie.—Tom: "I say, granma, do you think this poor pigeon was dead when cook put him in the oven?" Granma: "Yes, dear. Why?" Tom, incredulously: "Because he's knocked off all his toes in kicking through the crust, that's all!"

'Tis Nature's second son
Cat-log, a spring of virtues where he shines,
And as without the sun, the world's
great eye,

All colors, beauties of art and nature
Are given in vain to man; so without
this
Elixir Damiana, life is no reality.

A Paris paper gives a conversation between a father and his little daughter: "What have you done with your doll?" "I have put it away to keep for my children when I grow up." "But if you shouldn't have any?" "Ah, well, then it would do for my grand-children."

I love the light—yet welcome night,
When gaslights brightly shine,
When hearts beat fast,

The dull day's past,
And we quaff our Gerke wine.

What a treat it is to meet a man who is really happy. Half the world is miserable, and to meet with one happy face is a treat that we do not often get. Such a man, however, it was our fortune to meet last week. He was just about to be married. He had furnished his house with N. P. Cole's best furniture, and the "goose hung high." We have not seen him since.

Grandmamma: "Well, Charley, and what have you learned to-day?" Charley: "Pneumatics, gra'ma!—and I can tell you such a dodge. If I was to put you under a glass receiver, and exhausted the air, all your wrinkles would come as smooth as granpa's head!

I know a sweet and lovely spot,
A scene of sunshine and of flowers,
And gladly would I fix my lot

Amid its smiling lawns and bowers—
The Villa is its name, and hark!
Its just outside the Golden Gate Park.

A correspondent of ours, given to romancing, always emphasizes his worst "crammers" with undercomings of red ink. He says he does it to assure us of the truth of his most "inkredible" statements. Will some one explain what he means!

The introduction of the pure bourbon whisky of Cutter's brand has created quite a revolution in whisky mills. No one ever thinks of drinking any but this well known brand. All ask for it, and every saloon and grocery has to keep it or else sell out. Hotaling is the Agent here for this finest of all whiskies.

"The Passionate Pilgrim"—Enthusiastic Pedestrian: "Am I on the right road for Stratford—Shakspeare's town, you know, my man. You've often heard of Shakspeare!" "Ees. Be you he!"

Avoid corner groceries as you would the Pest House, for there lurks more danger in one horn of the poison sold at these dens than six Pest Houses full of small-pox could ever produce. If you want to live long and die happily, never drink anything but Eberhardt & Lachman's native wine.

Set Together by the Ears—Sheaves of wheat.

Champagne has ever been a favorite drink of the Californians, and now when we make it as well here as it can be made anywhere, it should be even more used than it is. Last week we tasted a bottle of our native champagne, made by Schleifer & Co., who have for twenty years been manufacturers of the best brandies, champagnes, etc. No French wine we ever tasted was more palatable, and as we felt no ill effects, none could be more healthy. Cutting & Co. are the agents here.

Two Vanities.—(Amateur vocalist and his wife, alone together after an evening party)—"Did I look nice to-night, love!" "O, no end. H'm! was I in good voice!" "First-rate, love. Tell me, do you prefer me with a ribbon in my hair, or flowers!" "O, either! Look here. Which style suits me best, do you think—the fervid passion of Santley, or the thrilling tenderness of De Soria!" "O, both. Don't you think a yellow ribbon with black lace," etc.

Gladstone, the English Premier, though by no means an Adonis, is always remarkable for the taste he displays in his choice of neckties, etc. He is acknowledge to be one of the neatest dressed men in England. The only man whose haberdashery comes any where near his is the man who deals with Anderson & Irving. You can always bet your life on Uncle Pete.

There's Music in his Step.—(Donkey advancing) -Laura: "They're coming, dear! Don't look round!" Blanche: "Hush! Yes, I should recognize the major's step anywhere!"

The red sun sank to rest,
As suns have a habit of doing.
He pressed her to his breast
As folks will do when wooing.

He drove her out to the races
And what could he do more?
And of course he got his harness
From Main & Winchester's store.

There is a good deal of sound wisdom in the suggestion of the farmer: "If you want your boy to stay at home, don't bear too hard on the grindstone when he turns the crank."

What is home without a mother? or what is a mother without a home? These are questions that have puzzled the wisest heads, and will puzzled them again; but odd though it may seem, it is nevertheless true, that the loss of a mother is as nothing compared with the absence of a De La Montanya Union Range; without this a kitchen is not a kitchen.

The mayor of a Portuguese city once enumerated, among the marks by which the body of a drowned man might be identified, "a marked impediment in his speech."

There is an unmistakable something about a man who has had a good feed, which though hard to explain is not at all hard to read. Yesterday we saw a man come out of the Saddle Rock Oyster Saloon on Pine street. He looked about as pleased as a man could. And so he ought, for where can a man get such a dish of oysters.

A little boy entreated his mother to tell him some stories about bad boys, and upon her expressing astonishment, said, "he wanted to find out how they got out of scrapes."

No one ever thinks of passing the Six Mile House without calling to see Harry Dianken. He is to the San Bruno Road what the sun is to the world.

Rather Perplexing Command.—Captain O'Shea: "Gentlemen, parade to-morrow at four. The first man who arrives last shall be fined."

Nothing has helped to civilize the world more than art. Since the earliest ages it has ever been the counteracting influence to barbarity. In our day its influences are felt as strongly as ever, and its sway is as absolute as in the days gone by. A look into Bradley & Rulofson's photograph studio will convince the most skeptical.

An indiscreet man confided a secret to another, and begged of him not to repeat it. "It's all right," was the reply; "I will be as close as you were."

What a treat it would be to have all the photographs of the Apostles, and how much more impressed with the Bible's truth would our children be if they could see some such proof positive of the existence of these men. In our day Houseworth makes men immortal by the aid of photography. No one could ever fail to recognize his life like pictures.

An American editor cautions his tall readers against kissing short women, as the habit has rendered him exceedingly round-shouldered.

Muller's pebble glasses have an advantage over all other kind of spectacles. They last forever and are good all the time.

JOHN V. PLUME & CO.,

Formerly of Burgoyne & Co., Bankers, 319 California street, San Francisco. Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Government Bonds, Stocks, Commercial Paper and all other Negotiable Securities. Commercial Paper Negotiated. Collections, both inland and foreign, promptly made throughout the United States and Europe, with quick returns. Refers by permission to Messrs. Lloyd Tevis, J. B. Haggin, Hon. Milton S. Latham, Manager London and San Francisco Bank, Hon. Thos. H. Selby, ex Mayor, John Parrott, Esq., Judge S. C. Hastings, Wm. H. Tillinghast, Esq., Manager Bank British Columbia, Gustave Touchard, Esq., President Union Insurance Co. July 26.

WANTED,

By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife, the management of a respectable Hotel, town or country. First class references. Letters addressed "H. S.," care of NEWS LETTER, will receive attention. Je 15.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

No. 20 Wall street, New York.—Exchange on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort, Bremen, Vienna. Cable Transfers. Circular Letters, Commercial Credits, on JAY COOKE, McCULLOCH & CO., Cable Transfers on Vienna direct. [July 26.] 41 Lombard street, London.

DIVIDEND.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hibernia Savings and Loan Society held this day, a dividend at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum was declared on all deposits for the six months ending with July 31st, 1873, payable immediately, and free from Federal Tax. EDWARD MARTIN, Secretary.

San Francisco, July 24, 1873. August 2.

NOTICE.

Mr. William Matrick (or Moycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or of Hanley, Staffordshire, England.—You are hereby informed that your daughter, MRS. ELIZA DUNN, is now in San Francisco, California. Any communication addressed to her will be gladly received for Mrs. E. Dunn, at the "California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast," Merchant street, San Francisco. June 21.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to City Collections, and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 4.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 9] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

Can Frogs Perspire?—The *Examiner* says:—Whether frogs perspire is a question that, under ordinary circumstances, belongs to the same category as, whether shawms have strings. People are sometimes glad of such trifles as motives for conversation, profess themselves faintly curious for an answer, and become the next moment absolutely indifferent about it. But when the thermometer, in an innocent sort of way, shows 75 deg. and 85 in the shade, and justifies its conduct by appealing to the sun blazing like a furnace round the corner; and when human furnaces, heated, as it seems to themselves and to their neighbors, seven times more than they were wont to be heated, fume and threat through the day's business with a saturated and smoking outer surface, it becomes what we call a freezing question, whether there is not some creature endowed with the blessed power of preserving a dry cold skin. Once found we might reasonably hope to derive some comfort from contemplating the serene life of such a being, and it would at least be worth while to analyze its nature and watch its habits on the off-chance of picking up some cool and useful hints.

Baby Show at Sea.—A baby show, says the Philadelphia *Ledger*, was recently held at sea on board the emigrant ship *Nyanza*, bound from London to Quebec. While racking his brains to create amusement for the emigrants, the idea of a baby show struck the captain as both novel, beneficial, and amusing. The plan adopted was that there should be not fewer than ten entries of infants under three years, and that four prizes should be awarded by judges consisting of gentlemen passengers of family. The show was announced by a placard posted conspicuously amidships, and the competitors commenced washing, polishing, and dressing their babies. At three o'clock the exhibitors marched in line from the first hatch aft, and were there comfortably seated around the skylight. The ship's band performed on the violin, tambourine, triangle, and bones while the judges awarded the prizes. These consisted of $5 and a bottle of rum for the first two, $2.50 and a bottle of wine for the third, and $1.25 and a bottle of wine for the fourth. Great good feeling prevailed, and "God save the Queen" was sung by all present. The performances closed with three cheers. The ladies and elder children were supplied with cakes and wine, and the general hilarity proved that the plan had been successful.

The following notice, which we copy from the *Tablet* of the 9th inst., will be read with surprise by most Protestants, who are accustomed to think that Catholicism in this country does not foster the superstitions which are connected with it in the Old World: "The Rev. Father Lewis, of Clifton, Staten Island, N. Y., received last week a large supply of the miraculous water from the grotto of Lourdes. Any one writing to him and enclosing an offering, will receive by express a flask of the precious water. The offerings will be employed towards defraying the expences of freight from Europe, custom-house, bottles, labels, packing, etc., etc. Whatever is over and above will be given to the sanctuary of Lourdes, or to some other charity. In using the water it is customary that the parties seeking to be benefited should make a Novena in honor of Our Lady of the Immaculate Conception, and during the Novena receive the Holy Sacraments if possible. Father Lewis begs us to state that, farther than this, he has no time to answer the very many letters he has received on the subject, but would advise all who can do so to read the beautiful book, 'Our Lady of Lourdes,' by H. Lasserre."

The Heraldic Butler.—It was curious how he quartered himself, as it were, on the shields of the great families with whom he happened to be successfully identified in pursuing the duties of his profession. On these occasions when speaking of their heraldic pretensions, he would say "We bear a cock rampant in a chevron gules, or, 'our motto is' Nomen et numen, though what new men has to do with it I must confess I don't exactly see." Or, "our fammerly came in with the Conqueror." Or "this house is of Scotch extraction. We are lineally descended from the Haggis of Haggis, twice intermarried with the well known harrowniles of Brose." There was something sublime in this elevation to heraldic blazonry and genealogical lore on the part of Binaby, when we consider that he was liable at any time to be compelled to provide himself with a new coat-of-arms at a month's warning.

An interesting event took place at the Manchester aquarium temporary tanks lately, in the birth of thirteen sea-horses of the species "hippocampus brevirostris. One came into the world about 1 P. M., and was followed by twelve more during the day. They were hatched, as is the custom of this curious family, in a pouch which is situated in the tail in the male, and on beginning independent life they displayed remarkable activity, not congregating in quiet groups, as the elders do, but moving about in every direction as if in search of food. They have remarkably prominent eyes, but in other respects they are exactly like their parents. It will be an interesting study to watch the conduct of these singular creatures.—*Manchester Courier.*

Mr Bright's Health.—Mr Bright's abstinence from taking any prominent part in the business of the present session of Parliament has naturally excited comment in several quarters. I have reason to know that two or three times the right hon gentleman has prepared himself to speak on subjects of lut rest to himself and his constituents, but that at the last moment he has been prevented by nervousness. I am, however, glad to learn that this feeling which is common enough among men of overworked brains, is likely to pass entirely away.

The Official Gazette announces that the former Chancellor of the Consul-General at New York, Herr Oscar von Mohl, has been appointed German Consul at Singapore.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, June 19th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:10, 8:10, 9:20, 10:30 and 11:20 A.M., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, 8:15, 9:20 and *11:20 P.M. (9:20, 11:20 and 1:00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:20, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 11:00 A.M., 1:30, 2:40, 4:35, 5:10, 7:35 and 10:10 P.M.

Leave Oakland, *5:40, 5:20, 8:00, 9:10, 10:30 and 11:10 A.M., 12:00, 1:45, 3:50, 5:40, 5:05, 6:20, 7:00 and 10:20 P.M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:20, 9:20 and 11:15 A.M., 1:15, 4:00, 5:20 and 6:30 P.M. (1:20, 11:15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:45 A.M., and 2:30 P.M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:35, 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:30, 4:00 and 5:30 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—San Francisco		8:10 a m	*3:30 p m	†4:45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11:10 a m	5:40 p m	7:05 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12:35 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	1:35 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2:20 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	2:30 p m		
Soledad	Arrive	4:2 p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2:30 p m		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	4:35 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave—Tres Pinos				10:35 a m
Hollister				11:30 a m
Soledad				9:50 a m
Salinas				11:5 a m
Castroville				11:30 a m
Pajaro				12:20 p m
Gilroy				1:2 p m
San Jose		†6:20 a m	7:0 a m	3:10 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	8:30 a m	9:15 a m	5:30 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:30 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:20 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at 1:4 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:30 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11:30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8:20 and 11 A.M., 4 and 6 P.M.; Saucelito at 7:20 and 9:30 A.M., 1:30 and 5 P.M. On Saturdays, from Saucelito at 7, 9 and 11 A.M., 1, 5 and 7 P.M. From San Francisco at 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P.M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6:30 A.M. SUNDAY TIME: Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P.M. Leave Saucelito 11 A.M., 1, and 5 P.M.

H. A. COBB, President.
April 12. 327 Montgomery street.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1873, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 7:30 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 4:00 p.m. San Rafael, 6:30 a.m., 11:30 a.m., 2:30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a.m., 3:00 p.m. San Rafael 8:00 a.m., 1:20 p.m.

[Aug 30] CHARLES MINTURN.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary, Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Pomeroy, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent.

Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The case with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 20.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship New-bern, A. N. MacDonnough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on SATURDAY, Aug. 30, at 12 o'clock M., from Front-street Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accomodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15. 610 Front street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1872, the steamer PETALUMA, Wil am Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 A.M. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 2:30 P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Healdsburg and Bloomfield. [Aug 21] CHAS MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb. 26. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, to all by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE
July 11 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce.—The success of the season at the table for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 29.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec 14 F. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 15.] Agents, 423 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Building.
Justices—604 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Third District—Mechanics Institute Building.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street.
Nineteenth District—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—420 California street.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—6?? Clay street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants' Exch'nge.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 14, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—23 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
2nd District School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Health Office—1?4 Geary st.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Pine street, bet. Pierce and Steiner.
Quarantine—521 Jackson st.
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and East.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 3 Cannon street. Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 14 Austinfriars. Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 O. J. Jewry Chambers, J. C. Walluck, Secretary. Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary. Pacific Saw Mills, Hakodadi Armitstead & Co. agents, 110 Leadenhall street. Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson Simons & Co. agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane. Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mills Co., Paterson Simons & Co. agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane; Amoy Dock Co., John Cook, agent, Lime-st Square. Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co. agents, Crown-court, Philpot Lane; N. China Insurance Co., 25 Cornhill, J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary. Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co. agents, 3 Lombard st.; Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street. Hongkong Insurance Co., Gledstanes & Co. agents, 36 Austinfriars. China Traders Insurance Co., Hongkong Keaton & Co. agents, 31 Great St. Helens. China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co. agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st.; Ceylon Co., Palmerston Buildings. Old Broad st., R. A. Cameron, Sec'y. Borneo Co. Mining Lane, Wm Martin, Manager; Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (limited) of Singapore, Mactaggart, Tidman & Co. agents, 34 Great St. Helens. Banks—Agra Bank, 29 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, Chairman; Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Old Broad street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager; Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street; Deutsche Bank, "Action Gesellschaft" of Berlin, agencies, National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, With the German Bank of London, Hatton Lane, Lothbury, Bank of Rotterdam, Union Bank of London, agents, Princess st.; Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 31 Lombard street; National Bank of India, R. D. Bowers, Chief Manager, 80 King Wm. street. Oriental Bank Corporation, 40 Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending August 23, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, August 18th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Wm Dunphy to Chas Kerr	Sw 1st av nw N st, 50x200; also, 2d av and M st, 200x130	$ 950
Alex Badlam, Jr, to C Harlson	½ int com at 1 pt on Pacific Ocean high water line known as the nw corner of Golden Gate Park, th e about ½ mile x n about ½ mile, sub to a mort made by Ford & Badlam to S & L Society	5
H W Fortune to Ernest Baruth	W A blk 119 bounded by Vallejo, Broadway, Franklin and Gough	..
Willows L'd As'n to David Plate	Nw cor Mission and 18th, 60x60	4,000
E Martin to John McCarthy	Hayes w Laguna, 25x120	1,600
Michael Levy to Marcus Feintuch	6th se Howard, 25x80, subject to mortgage for $5,000	8,500
S F Cen'l P H Asn to J Henderson	Lots 8 and 9, blk 546, S F Central P H'd	500
J W Henderson to Lewis Becker	Same	800
Silver T H As'n to H Barroilhet	Lots 361 and 362, Silver Terrace H'd	165
Same to same	Lots 90 to 95 inc, same	446

Tuesday, August 19th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
C F Robison to J W Winter	Valencia s 16th, 21x8?	$ 907
A Estensen to Samuel Bridgwood	Lots 211 to 215 inc, Gift Map 4	150
Jessie Holladay to H M Newhall	Sw cor V Ness Av and Sutter, 120x169:9	70,000
Wm Hayden to Pat'k Keinefick	Decatur se Bryant, 25x60	500
S Michaels to Jonas B Jacobs	Re-record	...
M Mendheim to Julia A F Smith	Pacific e Buchanan, 34:4½x127:8¼	6,500
B Pulverman to Rachel Pulverman	Howard n 20th, 45x122:6	5
Joseph Clement to same	Howard n 20th, 45x122:6; also, Noe s 18th, 50x105	5,800
Same to Bennet Pulverman	Capitol and Farralones, 200x125	2,000
John Hunter to T W Freelon	16th av n G, 50x100	500
Buena Vista H'd to Marg Roberts	Lot 10 blk 107, Buena Vista H'd	615
Wm Ware to Maurice Dore	Und ¼ n cor Beale and Bryant, 275x275	10
John S Doe to same	Und ¾ same	60,000
A Schlosser to John Lynch	Tehama sw 1st, 25x90	2,650
John Lynch to B J Shay	Same	5
E Hager to Michael Ryan	Lot 8 blk 262, Geary St Ex H'd	600
Patrick Tobin to James Boyle	Perry sw 4th, 25x87	2,300
Jas Linforth to S & L Soc'y	Guerrero n 22d, 61x117 6	2,000

Wednesday, August 20th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Fred McCrellish to Maurice Dore	Market ne 6th, 137:6x170; also, se Stevenson ne 6th, 137:6x70	$ 10
Same to same	Sw Pine and Mason, 137:6x137 6, also, Cal'a w Montgomery, 25x102:6	10
Same to Ellen M Hogg	Harrison ne 6th, 75x125, as her separate property	Gift
J McGregor to J W Mastick	Lots 775, 776, 778, Gift Map 2	300
Annie O Tillson to T F Enright	Mansell and Amherst, 120x50	200
Edward F Hall, Jr, to Julius Frink	Lot 836, Precita Valley Lands	2,500
Same to same	Lot 23 blk 119, Hillside H'd	800
Abner Doble to M Morrissey	Com 80 n Sac'to and 100 w Polk, 25x47:6	450
J K S Latham to J K Latham	11th av w M st, 100x100; also, 10th av w M st, 150x100; also, 10th av e L st, 75x200; also, ne cor 9th av and K st, 50x100, also, Hollis n O'Farrell, 25x90; also, York n 21th, 26x100; also, nw cor 16th and Guerrero, w 100, etc	5
Daniel Harris to J W Phillips	Howard s 15th, 60x125	5
Same to same	Same	300
J A Milne to O F Savings Bank	3?th e Dolores, 50x114	8,126
Jas R Kelly to R F Osborn	Lot 2 blk 19, Market St H'd	..
J H Moran to John Hill	Utah e Yolo, 25x100	200
Maurice Dore to Nicholas Skerrett	Fourth e Pond, 8?x110	27,500
T J Kennedy to James Davis	Natoma ne 11th, 25x75	1,000
Peter Rogers to Reuben H Lloyd	Ellis e Mason, 37:6x89:6	17,000
Reuben H Lloyd to Lucetta Rogers	Same, as separate property	Gift

Thursday, August 21st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Silver Terrace H Asn to A Brownell	Lot 11, Silver Terrace H'd	$ 475
Same to same	Lots 23 and 24, same	631
Same to same	Lot 342, same	325
Same to Wm W Brownell	Lots 340 and 341, same	711
Same to same	Lots 21 and 22	631
Jacob B Moore to James Benson	8th se Brannan, 50x160	17
John Hare to H A Nickey	10th av w M st, 25x100, subj to mort $700	800
R W Collins to Mrs M H Barker	Gough s Oak, 30x87:6	2,100
Martha H Barker to Dyonisia Hill	Same	5
Silver Terrace H A to G Groezinger	Lots 241 to 250 inc, Silver Terrace H'd	3,490
Same to same	Lots 210 and 241	791
Same to same	Lots 252 and 253	1,060
Same to same	Lots 141 and 142	632
Wm B Olds to E P Buckley	Pierce s Page, s 86:3, w 41:3, etc	3,400
Hannah Ramsdell to J H Ross	Farralones e Marengo, 25x125	450
J P Loll to H F Smith	Lots 1374 to 1376 inc, and 1397 to 1399 inc, Gift Map 3	800
G H Labohm to F Hellmudh	Sw cor Grove and Bartlett, 25x125	1,300
Wm B Olds to Maurice Ullmann	Sw cor Page and Baker, 137:6x121:10¾, also, Page w Baker, e 106:5, etc	6,000
C H Mead to Wm Bell	Santa Clara and Pennsylv'a av, 100x50	3,000
Pt Lobos Av Hd Asn to E C Brown	Lot 26, blk 612, O L	350
Annie Melvill to Andrew Walker	Jackson w Mason, 91x80; also, Mason n Pacific, 68:3x45:9; also, Scott Pl n Pacific, 56x36; also, Green w Jones, 23x60; also, Powell s Chestnut, 22:6x60	10,000
L Barns to H F Smith	Lots 35 and 36, blk 210, Haley & O Neil Tract; also, lots 30 31 32, blk 210, same	2,600
Stephen T King to L Barns	Same; also, lot 4 blk 210	5
Philip Bastan to City and Co of S F	Lombard e Jansen, e 25, s 49:6, etc.	2,198
Stephen T King to H F Smith	Lots 30 and 34, blk 210, Haley & O Neil	5

Friday, August 22d

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
D B Northrop to G W Grannis	Vallejo w Leav'th, 137:6x137 6	$5,100
R W Collins to Florence Berman	Oak w Gough, 55x120	1,485
E H Knight to S Warburton	Greenwich e Steiner, 61:2x120	1
M D Carr to Asa Fisk	Lot 39 blk 395, Great Park H'd	100
Wm Delaney to Wm McQueney	Nw Shipley sw 5th, 25x75	2,900
L Barris to Owen Crommy	Lot 4 blk 210, Haley & O Neil	850
B C Horn to G B Selg	Pt Lobos Av and 27th, 50x125, also, B st e 2d Av, e 100, s 100, etc	5
G W Clark to Robert Merrill	Tehama sw 6th, sw 27, se 80, ne 35; etc.	4,000
Robert Merrill to Osmond R Fosen	Same	2,500

Saturday, August 23d.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Thos Fadden to W F C Hoen	Dolores n S S R R, n to s 1 of lots 4 and 5, blk 35, Fairmount T'ct, w 40, etc	$ 1
Kate L Johnston to Henry Toomy	Se cor California and Gough, 137:6x137 6, subject to a mortgage	10,000
Sarah Moon to John Collins	Mission and Laskie, 102x56	800
City and Co of S F to John Mahan	Bay e Dupont, 45 10x137:6	prem
Same to Richard Kelsey	Harrison s 21st, 60x150	prem
Same to John Kentfield	Harrison and 21st, 55x150	prem
Same to H H Bolne	Harrison s 21st, 50x150	prem
Rachel Pulverman to Eliz Laver	E Howard 156:10 old survey and 155 new survey, n 20th, 45x122:6	5,600
James C Weir to Helen W Hart	Ellis e Polk, 27 6x120	9,000
Watson A Bray to C H Kilicy	Whole of blk 317 W A	1

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending Aug. 26, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Armes & Sather to F Carroll	Oakland: 50x100 ne cor 5th and Linden	$1,050
Same to J Barker	Same: N 5th at 50 e from Linden, thence e 25x100	550
E L Wetmore to M H Wetmore	Same: 123x110 nw cor Locust & Valley.	3,000
T M Antisell to E Tripp	Same: 104x175:6 sw cor Broadway & 21st	14,000
A Brown to S S Montague	Same: E Linden 150:6 n fr 10th st, thence n 50x124	3,070
P T Sem'y Tract to M A Chabot	Same: Lot 14, P T Sem'y Tract	700
C J Behlow to W Behlow	Same: Lots 67 68 69 and 87, V H'd Tract	1,250
P C Dart to J C Nicholson	Same: N line 12th av 50 w from Myrtle, thence w 25x114:6	1,250
J Brown to C Brown	Same: E Grove 50 s fr 6th, th s 50x75, also, 50x75 ne cor Brush and 5th sts	Gift
A P Brayton to M S Brayton	Same: W Jackson 150 n fr 12th, thence n 150x170	Gift
Central Land Co to J M Haven	Same: Lots 16 17 and 18 in blk D, B T'ct	2,500
P Bartlett to M K Thornburgh	Same: 293 5x145 sw cor Middle & Center	6,250
D W Poor to A C Henry	Same: 75x70 near Locust & Telegraph; also, e Telegraph 87 s from Locust, thence s 87x133	6,000
A C Henry to P T Sem'y Tract	Same	6,000
J R Rogers to J Tierney	Same: W line Washington 31 s fr 11th, thence s 29x90	3,000
P Murray to M Lestrange	Same: W Chester 175 n line 3d street, thence n 50x125	1,500
J C Wingate to M Quigley	Same: S line 14th st 75 e from Clay, thence e 50x100	1,635
J Lehman to W Smith	Same: S 26th street 339 w from Grove, thence w 50x96	525
B P Fisher to C Stubz	West Oakland N R R av 130:7 w from Willow, thence w 25x100:4	1,500
C J Edmonds to W W Stone	Alameda, N line Encinal 350 w fr Walnut, thence w 50x150	350
F Franks to same	Same: N line Encinal 400 w fr Walnut, thence w 50x150	350
T A Smith to Christ Church	Same: 50x217:6 nw Santa Clara & Oak.	1
J Ralph to W Nichol	Same: ½ int 95:9x140:2 sw cor Broadway and Lincoln	400
Hays & Caperton to J Gray	Same: 96x140:3 ne cor cent of Broadway	900
B C Whiting to E Mehans	H'd Wash'n cor to Centreville: 50 acres	6,000
H N Morse to J Demant	San Leandro: Lots A and B in blk 22	2,600
R McGraw to W Pearce	H'd Haywood to San Leandro: 6 acres	3,100
Atherton & Pearce to A Morton	Near S Leandro: 675 acs in S L'ndro C'k	17,730
J B Woolsey to F Scaram	Oakland T'p: 3 acres Telegraph av near Temescal Creek	2,710

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Aug. 30

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Profes-sional capability and many years practice in searching this county records) during business hours may always be found at the HALL OF RECORDS, COUNTY BUILDINGS, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to Hall of Records.
☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at short notice. July 12.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 4th, 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,241,737 26, as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $150,000. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor, MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor,
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

SUNDOWN ON THE THIRD

For a week past our city has been in a condition which to a foreigner, unacquainted with the idiosyncrasies of the American character, would seem to be the inevitable prelude to scenes of violence and bloodshed. The political cauldron has seethed as fiercely as the fiery pools of Dante's *Inferno*, and the air has been vocal with the language of denunciation, threats and curses. The fierce Isaiah of the *Bulletin*, and the doleful Jeremiah of the *Call* have "prophesied" against the portly and good-natured gentleman who serves as the popular personification of the Central Pacific Railroad, as if he were "the mystery of iniquity" and the "Beast" with seven heads and ten horns of apocalyptic vision. The Chief Executive of the State has mounted the rostrum and publicly predicted a "revolution," if things didn't go according to his way of thinking, and the journals in his interest in echoing the prediction gave it the significance of a threat. Fearful and mysterious epithets—"Subsidists," "Communists," "Dolly Vardens," "'Arf and 'Arfs," and the like—have been bandied about to signalize the hatred and contempt of the warring factions for one another. And still, as the decisive day approaches, the hubbub waxes more confused and the demonstrations of the hostile partisans more frantic. "Surely," exclaims the Frenchman who contemplates the stormy scene, and who is familiar with *coups d'etat*, barricades and revolutions, "Surely these Americans are on the brink of a bloody civil war," and he wakes up every morning wondering that another night has passed without seeing it inaugurated. Misguided Gaul! how little he understands the eccentric genius of our people! He does not dream how much of all this vehemence and fury is merely dramatic, how much of the abuse and denunciation is purely Pickwickian, how readily such terms as "communist," "incendiary," "despot," "dictator," etc., flow from the tongue of the American patriot, and how little they really mean in his vocabulary. Meantime the din waxes wilder and more obstreperous as the political carnival, with its fierce delights and ravishing excitements draws to a close. Business is almost suspended, every citizen becomes a plotter, a conspirator, a revolutionist, and seems happy in his part. It is a queer mixture of tragedy and farce, of the heroic with the pathetic. At last comes the day of battle, and the whole city is turned into a camp; each citizen is in fancy a soldier, who rushes into the thick of the fight to "save his country." The combat rages till the sun goes down, and the polls are closed, when there comes a breathless lull. The warriors lay aside their arms and wait for the news. For all is over now. The battle has been fought, and the victory won, without bloodshed. The morning dawns upon a peaceful city where no trace of the late commotion is to be seen. Men resume their business and pleasures with smiling faces. Those who have been denouncing one another as scoundrels, renegades, incendiaries, and what not, exchange good natured raillery, and bandy jokes over their cocktails. Such is an American political contest. On Wednesday next will come the pitched battle, which will result in a Waterloo for the Democracy or the Republicans, but at the going down of the sun the tumult of the campaign will be hushed. On Thursday morning the "monopolist son," and the "common atom" will walk amicably cheek by jowl, while the "Dolly Varden" donkey kicks up his frisky heels under the very nose of the Democratic tiger, and the unsophisticated Gaul surveying in bewilderment the amazing spectacle, rubs his eyes and exclaims, "What a people!"

WHAT CASSERLY KNOWS ABOUT BRIBERY AND CORRUPTION

Now that Committees of Investigation are the order of the day in Washington, we suggest that a committee be appointed to send for persons and papers, or to visit California to ascertain whether or not the Hon Eugene Casserly bought the seat he now holds in the Senate of the United States. At the time of his election serious charges were made of bribery and corruption against Casserly and his friends. Among other things, it was said that more than $10,000 was expended by them to secure the Senatorship. If Caldwell is to be expelled, or have his seat made vacant, for spending $60,000 in a Senatorial campaign in Kansas, how much more ought Casserly to be ousted for investing $100,000 and upwards in a late Senatorial fight in California, which fact, we are informed on good authority, is susceptible of proof. If a Senate Committee should happen to be appointed to investigate Casserly's election, we suggest as witnesses to be examined Colonel W. H. L. Barnes (who is now in Washington), formerly law partner of Senator Casserly, also Volney E. Howard, a competitor of Casserly's for the Senatorship, and who has since published a pamphlet, "A Comedy in Three Acts," in which startling facts and circumstances are given, implicating several members of the Legislature who voted for Casserly in consideration of so much *coin in hand paid*. This pamphlet, we understand, has been forwarded to Washington to be read by Mr. Casserly's associates in the United States Senate. Among other witnesses it would be well to examine, we mention Col. Peter Donahue, James O'Neal, Hon. John Conness, of Mendocino county, Hon Phineas Banning and Hon Asa Ellis, of Los Angeles county, Hon A. H. Rose, of this city, Hon James W. Freeman, Kern county (both of these gentlemen were State Senators at the time of Casserly's election), Hon J. W. Mandeville, Col. W. H. Bell, and (but we forbear for the present). There are "clouds of witnesses" who could throw light on the mysterious jobs which Casserly secured a seat in the Senate, and we will give another and longer list of witnesses when we are called upon to do so. Bribery, unblushing and unparalleled in California, was charged at the time of the Senatorial election of which we speak, but Mr Casserly *dared* not ask for a Committee of Investigation. He allowed the most serious reflections to rest upon his character, and made no effort to remove them, which, had he been innocent, he would have done by asking for a Committee of the Legislature to examine and find out. We have nothing against Senator Casserly personally. He is a man of some ability and a good deal of industry and perseverance, but he cannot much longer afford to rest under the grave suspicions and charges so often made against him. His best friends should advise him to call for an investigation of his character at once.

AFTER MANY DAYS

It is probable that at the next meeting of the Board of Supervisors, the outrageous resolution will be rescinded which would have further filled the already stuffed coffers of Spring Valley and depleted a somewhat meagre treasury. The thanks of a grateful community are due to Messrs. McGuppin and Swift, who long since, with wise penetration, apprehended the present state of affairs and acted upon that foresight, to Mr. Monroe Ashbury, who, with righteous indignation, refused to audit so extortionate a bill, to Mr. Menzies, who laid the case in its proper bearings before the Board of Supervisors, and lastly and chiefly to the *News Letter*, which has persevered without flagging in calling the attention of the people to this absorbing and gorged monopoly. People who have paid little attention, or who have not been at all concerned, have not realized how preposterous have been the demands of this company, and if some one had not called attention to this swindle in time to prevent it, great would have been the howl raised after the mischief was done. The mischief is not yet done nor is it quite averted. We hope, therefore, that at the next meeting of the Board the resolution will be acted upon promptly. They have with them the approbation of an indignant people, whose eyes are just opening to the magnitude of the wrong. Now that interest is at last raised in the matter, it should not be permitted to die out. The water question should be settled while the minds of the people are agitated about it. All the world knows that California affords other water resources besides those of Spring Valley. It is time to investigate the capabilities of them all and to decide upon their respective merits. People are tired of paying exorbitant prices for an inferior and precarious supply. They are chafed with the yoke they must wear upon their necks while Spring Valley rules. They are beginning to know that there is other water, better, cheaper, and quite as available. They are beginning to see the absurdity of paying the present demand of $22,000, and $2,000 monthly, to say nothing of the ten thousand in the future, when the value received will be comparatively *nil*. They realize that these moneys properly expended would give to the city works which, being public property would not expose the city to the dangerous rapacity of a gorged few whose cry is still for more. It is the right of the people to demand it as those moneys shall be so expended. It is the duty of journalists now that the ball is started to keep it rolling. It is the duty of the city to procure this water in such quantity that a city thrice our size could not exhaust it, and of such quality and price that all will be willing and able to pay for it, and in such wise that it will not be in the power of any to threaten a stoppage of supply or to demand fabulous prices for fictitious bargains.

OUR TICKET.

These are lively times in politics, and each day seems to bring forth something new—a ticket, a schism, or a fusion. Midst the whirl of events and the multiplicity of conventions, no ticket seems to call forth the general approval which meets that of the *News Letter*. Our names have been selected so exactly in accordance with the minds of all but political purse-bearers, that the ballot-box will receive more pink papers, with the *News Letter* coat-of-arms engraved thereon, than all else. There is an unmitigated satisfaction in winning, and we, who have no interests to subserve, elect whom they will, have a delightful foretaste of it. We have been so serenely comfortable in politics, having been so thoroughly unbiased, that we have had time to gaze with pity and sympathy indescribable upon those unhappy journalists, who, to further certain measures, and for sake of filthy lucre, hoist obnoxious names, and spend their miserable days and nights in compounding balls of wordy filth to fling at each other. We are constrained to admit that this time honesty has been a good policy. We have presented every name solely upon its merit, and we shall win without effort.

STEWART MENZIES.

No Man on the Ticket is more deserving of election than Mr. Menzies, our conscientious Supervisor, whose motto is, like Davy Crockett's, "Be sure you're right, then go ahead." His way of going ahead, and his fearlessness and indefatigable energy in opposing anything which approximates to a swindle upon the public, have passed into a proverb, which proverb is commended to the consideration of those who are associated with him as City Fathers. While he has a voice to raise against it, or a vote to slay it, no fraud will ever be perpetrated upon the Treasury which it is in his power to prevent. No contractor will ever line his pocket with the surplus coin which he makes out of Mr Menzies' willful eye-shutting. He bears no malice against them as a body; but against the few who have tried to fatten upon the public moneys during his term of office, he has ever raised his hand, while he has always commended an honorable contract honorably fulfilled. That his few enemies have been made in the performance of duty, is nothing to his disfavor. It is worthy of mention that his opponent is a contractor who furnishes supplies to certain of our public institutions, and is therefore scarcely the man for a Supervisor. The present incumbent has no interests to subserve, save the good of the people.

JAMES OTIS.

Although the fusion of the Democratic Forces will have some effect upon the general ticket, it will scarcely interfere with the election of Mr Otis, whose qualifications for the Mayoralty are so obvious. It will not do, however, for his adherents to rest supinely upon the strength of his merits. There are more considerations than merit at election time, and its dodges are past understanding. The Mayor is an officer who is at all times prominently before the people, and one of whom we like to be proud. When strangers are among us, he is almost the only man they meet officially, and they gauge us to a degree by the men we choose to be our leaders. Mr Otis is undoubtedly the choice of the people, and we hope his friends will turn out in such strong force that they will be invincible.

DONALD McLENNAN.

The interests of this gentleman being entirely Californian, as any one will admit who will take a walk through the wonderful Woolen Mills, give assurance that he will represent us faithfully and honestly and work always for the good of the State. Unlike the many gentlemen whose names have been before the people he is pledged to vote for no candidate whatever. He bears allegiance to neither corporation nor individual, and this is a most important consideration in an Assemblyman. A man who goes to the Legislature unpledged is rather apt to preserve independence after he gets there, and we feel quite safe in foretelling that Mr. McLennan's record will be an enviable one.

P. J. WHITE.

The contest for the Sheriffalty bids fair to be a somewhat lively one, but no one seems to doubt the issue. Mr White is a tried officer, well known and popular. Mr McKibbin, having been little before the public, is comparatively a stranger to it. Every one knows that P. J. White will make an excellent Sheriff, but no one knows what kind of a Sheriff Mr McKibbin will make. The odds, therefore, are greatly against the latter. It is his misfortune to have run against a man whose name amongst a very large class is somewhat of a talisman. We have always approved of retaining those in office who have discharged its duties satisfactorily. When there must be a change we prefer an old hand, therefore our allegiance to Mr White.

P. CROWLEY.

A few fire-eaters have endeavored to make the Chief of Police fight a religious one, but Crowley utterly refuses to fight under such colors. He is running upon the strength of his merits and his record as an officer, and lays all such outside matters entirely upon the shelf. A sudden change in the Police Department just now would be most dire in its effect. Under Crowley's administration, several of the most glaring abuses have been entirely done away with. Our underground sloughs of vice are closed at rational hours, gambling-houses are closed altogether, and faro almost a lost art, while our courtesans no longer ply their iniquitous trade in the open streets. Would it be wise to turn out the man who has helped in great part to effect these changes?

JOHN A. BAUER.

The name of Mr. Bauer's opponent was placed on the Democratic list rather for the sake of making a party ticket than for any fault to be found with the present Treasurer. As we have always advocated the policy of retaining the men in office who have demonstrated their fitness therefor, we fail to see why Mr Hubert should be elected when no one knows anything about him in the capacity of Treasurer. Mr Bauer, having held the office, is fully conversant with its every duty, is faithful, honest, courteous, popular, and sure of election, for all of which reasons his name appears upon the *News Letter's* Ticket.

C. L. TAYLOR.

C. L. Taylor, candidate for Harbor Commissioner, has been so long and thoroughly identified with the City Front that the mere mention of his name calls that portion of our borough to mind. It will be greatly in his favor on election day to remember that he held the same office once before, and, in view of the entire satisfaction he then gave, his adaptability to the office is unquestioned. He occupies a high position in the business community, and is honest, fearless and independent.

COL. WM. HARNEY.

A party by the name of Bonnard has been placed in opposition to this gentleman for the office of County Clerk. We know nothing of the gentleman except that his assurance or stupidity must be stupendous to allow his name to appear against a man so universally popular and so heartily indorsed that defeat is never mentioned in the same breath with him. San Francisco is thoroughly satisfied with her County Clerk and meditates no change.

One of the best men we have on Our Ticket is T. H. Barber. There are three in the field against him for Harbor Master, but if we make no mistake—and we seldom are wrong—he will win, with lots to spare. He only wants to be known to be voted for, and has a host of friends.

Livermore, who is on our ticket for the Supervisorship of the Fifth Ward, will beat his opponent, Sims, out of the field. He is too well and favorably known to need any comments from us.

On Tuesday, the day before election, we shall bring out an extra edition of the *News Letter*, in which the merits of our candidates, and the demerits of their opponents—from Senator to Justice of the Peace—will be fully discussed. It is necessary to the welfare of California that the *N. L.* ticket should be elected, and we propose that there shall be no doubt about it.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Criticisms and Addresses. By Thomas H. Huxley, LL.D. 12mo., cloth.
Foods. By Edw. Smith, M.D. 12mo., cloth.
Outlines of Men, Women and Things. By Mary Clemmer Ames. 12mo., cloth.
Lectures and Sermons. By the Rev. W. Morley Punshon, LL.D. Crown 8vo., cloth.
Comets and Meteors: Their Relation and Origin. By Dan'l Kirkwood. 12mo., cloth.
Love in the Nineteenth Century. By Harriet W. Preston. 16mo., cloth.
A Pair of Blue Eyes. By Thos. Hardy. "Leisure Hour Series." 16mo., cloth.
New England: A Handbook for Travelers. 16mo., flexible cloth.
The Heiress of Sweetwater. A Novel. By J. Thornton Randolph. 12mo., cloth.
Electricity and Magnetism. By F. Jenkinson. 12mo., cloth.

A. ROMAN & CO.,
Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers.
11 Montgomery st., Lick House Block.

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New Style of

Ladies' Stationery:

Creme de la Creme,
Primrose,
Silver Gray,
Eau du Nil,
Azure,
Opal.

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THE ONLY THOROUGH BUSiness College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should secure a useful and practical Education at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Sessions day and evening throughout the year. Students can commence at any time. Each receives separate instruction. There is a Preparatory Department for those not sufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for

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Aug 1.] San Francisco.

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Largest Stock of Sheet Music on the Coast. [May 10.

BABCOCK
Fire Apparatus,
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ENGINES, TANKS,
—AND—
Hook and Ladder Trucks.

Richard B. Irwin & Co.,
General Agents for Pacific Coast.
FOR SALE BY
W. B. Murdoch, Local Ag't,
312 California st., S. F.
[July 5.]

DR. ABORN,

Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory, 218 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 5.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

AFTER THE BATTLE IS OVER.

The Politician paused,
And heaved a heartfelt sigh,
For he knew the money-making time
Had pretty near gone by.
He listened to the chink
Of the office-seeker's cash,
Then sadly went on his hungry way
Back to the "What Cheer Hash."

The office-seeker laughed,
Merrily shone his eye
For he knew he was safe in office,
Though 'twas a dearish buy.
He turned a cold, deaf ear
To all political bums,
And whistling went to the Mint to join
His office seeking chums.

A hot-tempered Danbury woman, who finds much trouble in persuading her husband to furnish kindlings, and then is obliged to do it herself, read in a religious paper, recently, of how a wife induced a wicked husband to become one of the most affectionate and hopeful of men by being invariably calm and loving with him. The story made a deep impression upon her, and when she started the fire that noon, she put a pair of rubbers among the wood. Then she tied a handkerchief across her nose, and went on with her work. When the husband reached the gate he paused, fetched a sniff that made a hole in the atmosphere, and then went around to the back of the house and fetched another sniff that had an equally damaging effect on the atmosphere. He stared into the next yard and up at his own house, and felt in his pockets, and was about to go around to the front again, when his wife thrust her head out of the house and said, "Why don't you come in the house, you old fool? Come in and get your dinner, and let me read an article to you from the *Christian Secretary*, you old rip. Come in and see how nice it is to get dinner with nothing to burn but your rubbers, you whited sepulchre. Come in here, I tell you, before I lose my temper, and say what I oughtn't to." At this invitation he went in, going upon the stoop and to the door very slowly, but, on opening the door, disappeared inside with marvelous suddenness. The neighbors say he was cutting wood all that afternoon, and thinking of the religious press.

Last week it was remarked in these columns that the unfortunate man who hashes up the Foreign correspondence of the *Post* had made a sweet blunder in stating that "Lectures on cookery were given daily *at the Crystal Palace*, the lecturer illustrating his precepts by cooking various dishes and handing them round for approval," the performance in question really taking place at the London International Exhibition at South Kensington, which is ten miles or so from the Crystal Palace. The *Post* flew into a rage and flatly contradicted the statement, saying that it had consulted a file of the *Daily Telegraph* and found the advertisement of the aforesaid lectures. Now the *Post* is hereby informed that no such advertisement can be found in the *Telegraph*; that the advertisement it refers to is headed, "London International Exhibition," and that no such lectures have taken place at the Crystal Palace, but only at the Exhibition, where a kitchen has been duly fitted up at a cost of one thousand pounds for the display. The *Post's* first mistake was the excusable blunder of an incompetent subordinate, the second is a gross attempt to cover a venial error with a downright falsehood.

The quidnuncs and bogus news manufacturers have for a long time been more or less busy with the name of Joaquin Miller. The mad, long-haired howler of the Sierras has been served up before the public as a horse-thief, a squaw-man, a bad husband and worse friend. Then he has been trotted out as an interesting individual, suffering from incipient consumption. He next appears as an aspirant to the hand of some fair daughter of England's aristocracy. The last intelligence received of this stringer together of grandiloquent tautology is that he is about to spend a few weeks with the English Premier, Gladstone, at Hawarden Castle, Wales. Hitherto we have looked upon Gladstone as a man of sense, and should therefore prefer receiving as truth another report, which says that the wild poet is putting up at a third rate caff in Cheapside, a place discovered by Prentice Mulford in his search for the cheap and nasty, and by him recommended to the Poet of the Sierras as likely to remind him of his by-gone squaw-man days.

When a mangy, shrill-voiced whiffet clamorously assails a noble mastiff, who deigns no notice of so insignificant a foe, the little nuisance probably has some vague notion in his brute mind that by venturing on such an attack he elevates himself to the position of an equal with the object of his impotent fury. Probably, too, that very small specimen of a little-great man, M. M. Estee, imagined that by undertaking to criticise Mr. Felton, as he did at Platt's Hall the other night, he placed himself on terms of equality with that gentleman. The presumption that could prompt a man of Estee's calibre to attempt to measure swords with John B. Felton furnishes strong *prima facie* evidence that even the small allowance of brain with which nature has endowed him has not escaped the attack of organic disease. Indeed the fact that this political Jumping Jack seriously aspired to the position of United States Senator ought to suffice to send him to Stockton.

An American Citizen, whose noble Caucasian nose belongs to one Continent, while his crisp, woolly locks are characteristic of another, has just started a new weekly paper in San Francisco which rejoices in the title of the "*Independent Defender*." The ostensible object of this sheet is to defend American Protestant institutions against Roman Catholic encroachments—an excellent object, but one not to be aided by such a sheet as the *Defender*, which evinces neither taste, tact, nor talent, the editorial articles being written in a dialect which bears the same relation to good English that poor chiccory does to choice Mocha. Protestants may well exclaim:

"Non tali auxilio, nec Defensoribus istis."

But the *real* object of this ungrammatical *Defender* is revealed in a significant editorial in the first number, which announces a series of articles "giving a history from the beginning, of every Fire, and Life Insurance Company in San Francisco." This is, of course, a notice to the companies to prepare to "come down."

Stebbins discourseth gravely of public men and sentiments. Evidently the lantern-jawed parson hankereth after the flesh-pots of Egypt. Stone is a jockey, Hemphill a beau, Kip a Cheeseringham ninny, Carpenter an osculating philanthropist, Alemany a whining skeleton, why should not Stebbins be a politician? He perhaps knows as much about that as anything else, except making inopportune speeches at public dinners. He is a huge gasometer, and if newspapers are paid so much per line, orators so much per hour, etc., the Rev. Stebby has certainly a right to so much per foot. He is open to offers from the pleasant Carr or Booth's favorite henchman. Bid lively, gentlemen, or the Reverend Blower will have turned his stream of blatant nonsense upon some other subject.

On Sunday last, a vaquero named Jose, near Anaheim, was kicked in the face by a vicious horse. Soon after, while he was drawing water to wash the wound, he lost his balance and fell into the well, which is 62 feet deep. He was taken out dead. His soul had not proceeded more than half way to purgatory when the lift broke, and down he went to hell. Hardly had he got to hell when the devil, mistaking him for Pickering, stuck his fork in the fleshiest part of his person, and cornered him in the hottest part of the establishment. However, on examination, the devil found out that it was not old Pick, thought it must be the Deacon Fitch, so stirred him up once more with his long pole. Truly "whom the Lord loveth he persecuteth."

Governor Booth's trenchant "open letter" to Hon. John B. Felton would have lost nothing in force had it been less splenetic in temper. There were some sentences in the letter which were suggestive of the style of "discussion" adopted by a shrew whom anger has made unmindful of her manners. There was also a certain unpleasant narrowness and illiberalism in the Governor's interpretation of Felton's language, which seems to imply that the former studied rhetoric in a school which does not recognize rhetorical figures of speech. However, Felton is abundantly able to fight his own battles, even against so redoubtable a foe as our precision, straight backed Governor. We expect to hear from him before long.

Mrs. Annie McCarty, who, as her name denotes, is from Italy, keeps lodgings on Stockton street. She is of a saving disposition, and objects to the reckless use of gas. Each night, at half-past ten, her fairy feet may be heard descending the stairs, and lilly-white hand seen turning down the gas. We admire Annie for this, but a lodger, Dr. Hartman (no doubt searching for a diploma), objects to Annie's extinguishing proprensities, and on Monday actually turned the gas on again, or tried to. This Annie could not stand, so she wafted her lilly paw to the Doctor's direction. On Wednesday she paid fifteen dollars for the waft. Why did she not "kiss the place and make it well?" We are sure the Doctor would have forgiven her.

The long suffering citizens of San Francisco are now suffering from a strong attack of burglarism. There is, however, some consolation in knowing that they won't find much hard cash, as the political docks have drained the monetary ponds pretty nearly dry. There is, however, a little mud left. The names of the parties lately robbed offered a rare chance for our daily local atomizers to make a "joke" on. The names of the sufferers were Mrs. Dunn, Franklin street, Mrs. Tappin, Pacific Avenue, and Mrs. Coffin, Van Ness Avenue. We wonder that the funny man on the *Alta* has not come out with some painfully comic spasm like the following:

If you rob a Coffin, rest you will have none,
Won't your heart go Tappin when the deed is Dunn!

A young man who puts up at the Lick House, and whose name is supposed to be McDonald, was discovered in a rather disreputable part of the city, enjoying the early morning breezes in a pair of pants and a shirt. He says that he was robbed "in some house up town," as the *Chronicle* mildly puts it, "of one hundred dollars, his clothes and papers." We fancy that this innocent forgot to bring his hundred along, which may in some measure account for the absence of his papers and wardrobe. We anxiously look through the *Chronicle's* "Personals" for further developments, and advise young men to avoid "houses up town" unless properly heeled.

"A subscriber" writes to the *T. C.* asking him if he will be kind enough to "cry to erring youths," who have lately deserted the maternal petticoat. He describes one as a young Hibernian, whose teeth are still hairy, and the other as a child of Scotia, who yet picks little chunks of "porridge" out of his back teeth. These youths "Subscriber" complains will persist in perambulating our streets on Saturday nights (when the store is closed, we presume), in stove-pipe hats. The *T. C.* sees nothing so very sinful in wearing plug hats on Saturday nights, and can only suppose that "Subscriber" keeps a hat store and has not yet got pay for his "plugs."

The Chronicle publishes its Sunday edition with a flourish of trumpets. We must admit that we like to read the *Chronicle*, which is, as it says, spicy and bold. It is as pert as a freed negro, as accomplished in the statement of facts as the famous twain, Ananias and Sapphira. But we would like to see one page filled with other matter, which is now consumed in setting forth the stereotyped subscribers' names, and in giving detailed accounts of the discharge of nasal effluvia in marvelous quantities, to say nothing of decaying lungs, rotten nose bridges, and other interesting items.

Bryan, the hoodlum murderer, has just saved his bacon, as a kind-hearted jury have pronounced his crime to be only manslaughter. They spent forty hours in arriving at a conclusion—a longer time than many people would take over such a trifle. It is not a good example to set to this, alas, too large element of our California society. Bryan may thank his stars that the *T. C.* was not on the jury. With a pound of crackers in his pocket and the twelve commandments in his hat, he would have starved out the crowd, and Bryant would have been convicted of murder in the first degree.

So these officious gentlemen who parade our streets in ordinary citizens' attire, but wear on their breasts the fiery star of justice, have at last met with a slight check. James F. Orem, one of these underhand minions, displayed too much courage and zeal the other day in clubbing Michael Kelly over the head, while that worthy youth was firmly held by another citizen. It was a bold and gallant deed, and one worthy the gang Orem belongs to—men who would sell their souls for whisky and club their grandmothers to death for two bits.

Tired of bragging about their big pumpkins, pretty girls, and immaculate politicians, the New Yorkers have now produced a mammoth toadstool, weighing seven and a quarter pounds. We almost wish they had one two pound and a half baby, then their cup of happiness would be filled to the brim. The *T. C.* called once to see this wonderful babe, and does not want to see it again. Something very like it may be seen preserved in spirits in a museum on Montgomery street. The only difference being that the pickled one has two heads.

The T. C., after reading the London papers, wherein Joaquin Miller admits his association with the Modoc murderers, near Yreka, is greatly inclined to believe the statement to be Joaquin's truth instead of poetry, as in the year '53 and '54 a gentleman with a name bearing a wondrous similitude to that of the Poet "Lariat" was confined in the Yreka Jail for a slight mistake as to the ownership of some equine property. "Oh, child of Nature!"

The little girls are keeping house now and inviting other little girls to take tea with them. The tea consists mostly of warm water served in miniature wooden dishes, and a slice of green apple with a worm in it. The little girls drink the tea and chew the apple with proper solemnity. Then they say, "I shan't!" "You're just as mean as you can be!" "I shall go right home, *now!*" and kick each other on the legs, and disperse.

"Alderman Nicholas, of Philadelphia, has been sentenced to nine months' imprisonment for extorting exorbitant fees." On reading this, one of our most prominent lawyers was seen to perspire freely, retire into a corner of the Bank Exchange, put his hand to his stomach and exclaim, "Good Lord, deliver us!" He looked a good deal better after unburdening his bosom and opening his pores.

Colonel Dudley had a rare old time in court the other day over the "baby doctor's bill case." He lost the case, his temper, and some gallons of "honest sweat," three waistcoat buttons, and some hair oil. Still he feels happy, and sniffs the air proudly, as ever did war horse sniff clover.

To see an old man drunk is a sad sight enough, but when this man is blind, the sight is sadder. But the saddest sight of all is when his wife also is drunk. Such a case happened here on Wednesday. Truly this is a case of the blind leading the blind.

Nineteen of every twenty persons who write a family letter, after closing with the injunction to "write again as soon as you can," tilt back and devoutly exclaim, "Thank Heaven, *that* job is done!"

A St. Louis Telegram informs us of an attempt to assassinate General Joe Selby, a cousin of Frank Blair. The would be assassin is supposed to be a cousin of Pickering!

The Gentleman from the National Gold Bank who shot the *wild cat* at Saucelito, has only had to pay the old lady five dollars for destroying her ferocious tabby.

John F. Irving, who swore that he was the murderer of Nathan, is still in the City Prison. It is stated that he will write a sensational story for to-morrow's dime paper.

The Grand Jury have reported favorably on most of our public institutions, and are ready now to receive any amount of votes for office.

Col. Dudley's Dog Latin created quite a sensation in Court yesterday, as they mistook "*et tu Brute*" for "you're a brute."

FINANCIAL POSTSCRIPT TO

THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER.

VOLUME 23. SAN FRANCISCO, AUGUST 30, 1873. NUMBER 31.

BIZ.

There is considerable activity discernible in all the varied business marts of the city. In general merchandise the sales are of a magnitude comprising the usual variety. The country demand for Staple Goods is large, and the shipments by steam and rail are very formidable. The Depots of the Central Pacific and Southern Pacific Railroads are crowded with merchandise both in the receiving and delivering departments, which are kept entirely separate and distinct, as they should be, thus avoiding much trouble and confusion were the business all done under one roof. The volume of goods arriving from the East by rail, as well as that departing by cars overland, is steadily augmenting in volume. The assortment westward consists largely of Boots, Shoes, Dry Goods, Clothing, Bacon, Hams, Butter, Lard, Cheese, Oils, Codfish, Mackerel, etc., while the eastward bound traffic consists largely of Tea, Coffee, Silk, Spices, Wool, Leather, Hops, Fruits, and a great variety of home products unspecified. The cars of the Central Pacific Railroad are all brought from Oakland pier by the large steam tug Thoroughfare. This huge steamer is kept constantly plying across the bay, discharging and receiving loaded cars at Fourth street, at all hours day and night. The bulk of the Wheat and Grain by the Central Pacific is placed directly on shipboard at the end of Oakland pier, though at present the arrivals of Grain are so great that thousands of tons go temporarily into warehouses on the wharf or are stacked upon the pier, or suffered to remain in the open cars until ships are in readiness to receive the pressure. A ship of the largest class is loaded at the company's wharf almost every day, as is also the case at Vallejo with which boats are united, for at both shipping points of the railroad an immense business is now done in the way of exporting Wheat and Barley. At Vallejo the Starr Mills is loading the ship City of York, with 17,000 bbls flour for Liverpool, and is at all times doing a large export trade in the staff of life. In the large Oakland Railroad Wharf Warehouse is a pile of Grain sacks 620 feet long, 20 feet wide and 15 sacks high. In addition, there is a line of cars in waiting nearly a mile long, loaded each with ten tons of Wheat.

The markets this week have been somewhat active, not in only Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, but in nearly all kinds of general merchandise. The orders for Coffee from St. Louis aggregate 3,000 sacks, the bulk of which has this week gone forward by rail. Considerable Tea has also been sold to Eastern merchants, besides imports in transit via Pacific Mail steamers and overland are generous in the extreme and give a vast amount of carrying trade to the Central Pacific. This railroad is doing a vast business, and is rendering great assistance in the building up of the Pacific Coast and populating it with the bone and sinew of the nation, and thus enabling California's soil to show to the world her riches. The *Occident*, a religious paper edited by Rev. Dr Woodbridge, an old pioneer clergyman on this coast, publishes the following editorial this week: "'Never assail your own credit,' was the advice of a successful business manager. We wish the editors of some of our daily papers would commit that aphorism to memory, and act upon it. In the frenzy of their political excitement some of these writers are endeavoring to persuade the world that San Francisco is on the verge of ruin, and that if their partisan favorites are not elected, 'the Railroad Monopolists' will ride us to destruction. We can assure our distant friends that the whole outcry is a delusion and fraud. The Railroad men are not fools. They own an immense property in this city and have no idea of injuring it. There is nobody more interested in the welfare of this city, and this State, than they are. We do not say this because personally acquainted with any of them. We never had a cent of support from them. We never had a free pass, and once only a half fare in going to Synod. This city never stood on so firm a basis nor was its credit as secure as at present. And we believe that all attempts to build up a party by assailing public credit and publishing assertions calculated to depress property will result in injury to the persons making them."

Last week we noted the proposed cargo sale of Wheat at auction, and now we have the result: A very notable feature in trade circles has been the auction sale of a cargo of white Wheat, of average quality, 62 lbs to the bushel. The ship J T Foster, Jr, was chartered for Cork, with the privilege of one of two continental ports, with 5s additional freight to Antwerp or Havre, at £4 1s 6d. The cargo consisted of 1,850 tons. It was all in sacks, save about 260 tons in bulk (cut for stowage, according to the custom of the port). This Wheat was disposed of by sample, and being of uniform quality was sold, including cost, freight, and $40,000 insurance, at 60s 7d ₰ quarter of 500 lbs, payable with bills on London at 60 days' sight, the seller reserving the privilege of the exchange at 50d. The ship and cargo of Wheat was cleared at the Custom House in the name of the Farmers' Co-operative Union. It was also partially insured at 2½ ₰ cent in a continental (Swiss) insurance company, rather than as is customary in an American or British company. These two circumstances were more or less prejudicial to the sale, and deterred several parties from bidding who would otherwise have been glad to purchase, save that there was an unusual quantity of Wheat in bulk, and this was the reason why one or more of the leading British insurance offices declined the risk. On the whole, the owner of the cargo expresses his satisfaction with the sale, although netting him only 2c for the Wheat, against $2 10 ₰ cental, the market price of the day. It should also be remembered that the freight was high—£1 1s 6d—to the United Kingdom. On the same day of the auction, and immediately after the sale, the party selling the Foster's cargo chartered the ship Northern Light for Cork at £3 15s freight.

The Pacific Mail steamship Great Republic arrived on the 26th inst., upon the schedule time, bringing 35 cabin passengers, 130 Chinese, Government Mails, and for cargo 16,931 pkgs Tea, 316 cs Silk, 3,901 pkgs merchandise, distributed as follows: To New York, 12,623 pkgs Tea, 265 pkgs Silk, and 47 pkgs Chow Chow; to Boston, 644 pkgs Tea; to Chicago, 1,060 pkgs Tea; to Montreal, 144 pkgs Tea; to Central and South America, 240 pkgs Tea, 48 pkgs Silk, and 17 pkgs merchandise; leaving for San Francisco only 2,280 pkgs Tea, 13 pkgs Silk, 3,255 pkgs sundries. The commercial news is interesting. The Tea markets in China were quite active, and prices of Congo Teas considerably higher than last year.

Teas at Auction.—S. L. Jones & Co. sold on the 29th inst., by catalogue, a fine line of Green and Black Teas of the new crop. Terms.—All sums under $500, cash; over $500, 90 days, or a discount allowed of one per cent. per month for cash. Following are details: 1,000 hf chests Oolongs and Young Hyson, all in 1 lb and ½ lb papers, at 42½@43½c; 60 do ½ lb papers, 45@44c; 325 mats Comet Oolong, very superior, at 72c; 156 mats each 4 lb, flowered bxs, Oolongs and Young Hyson, 45c; 100 do 10 lb boxes do, 45c; 100 cases lacquered boxes 3 lb and 6 lb each, 61½@62½c; 20 large fancy lacquered cases, 60 and 25 lbs ea, 60@62c, 500 lacquered boxes, each 4½ lbs, 50c; 250 do do, 4½ and 5 lbs, 40@42½c, 50 bxs common, 31c; 100 half chests Japan, 28½@29½c; 21 cases 4 lb jars do, 46c; 20 jars, each 70 lbs, 37c, 70 bxs Moyune Gunpowder, 62½c; 10 do Pingsuey do, 51½c; 30 mats English Breakfast Tea, 51c.

The Steamship Alexander, from Ounalaska, 12 days, to the Alaska Commercial Company, brings a valuable cargo of Furs and Skins, [illegible] Seal Skins, all of which, we presume, will be speedily prepared for shipment to London, over and per Central Pacific Railroad.

Oranges from Tahiti.—Two cargoes arrived this week from the Island Reconnoissance, with 450,000, and the Maggie Johnson with 125,000—rather a poor speculation this hot weather, and when Peaches are a drug in the market.

The Export of Breadstuffs from this port by sea from July 1, 1873, to date, as compared with the same time in 1872, have been as follows:

To	1873 Flour, bbls.	1873 Wheat, ctls.	1872 Flour, bbls.	1872 Wheat, ctls.
New York, etc.	802	....	1,944	633
Great Britain		915,951		1,178,453
China	15,681	....	10,861	....
Japan	1,725	....	1,015	....
Mexico	300	3		2
Panama	1,990	.	2,661	....
British Columbia	254	96	1,500	208
Central America	6,116	....	8,787	...
South America	2,235	.	40	....
Hawaiian Islands	1,704	70	1,175	57
Tahiti	721	...	1,135	298
Africa	..	...	2,500	2,619
New Zealand	....	....	425	....
Australia	..	22,400	12,000	26,060
Manila	....	..	2,250	..
Russian Possessions	1,000	.	--	--
Totals	33,068	966,430	45,186	1,207,083

The Flour movement continues, but mostly the result of purchases and contracts made for export at the close of July, when the Starr Mills, Vallejo, engaged to ship a cargo of 17,000 bbls to Liverpool, and other local mills as much more. The *Lord of the Isles*, in Macondray's opposition steamship line for Hongkong, sails on the 30th instant with about 5,000 bbls at a freight of $3 50 per ton. The Pacific Mail Steamship *Japan*, sailing on the 1st of October, will perhaps take as much more superfine at $4 per ton. The present price of superfine is $5 a $5 25; extra superfine, $5 50 a $5 75. Extra Barley and Family, $6 a $6 50 per 196 lbs, the latter rate for best gilt-edged from the Golden Age and Golden Gate Mills.

Our Exports at sea are of considerable volume, and for the past week have been as follows: Canute for Cork carried 38,159 ctls Wheat valued at $76,550. Emilie for Cork had 24,853 ctls Wheat, valued at $46,500. Ferdinand Brumm for Queenstown had 20,690 ctls Wheat, valued at $36,200. Florence for Cork carried 31 tons Copper Ore, 13,273 ctls Wheat, valued at $28,645. Friedrich Hartwig for Queenstown had 8,630 ctls Wheat, valued at $18,777. Sonoma for Cork carried 33,656 ctls Wheat, valued at $61,807. J T Foster for Cork had 38,591 ctls Wheat, valued at $82,012. Coulnakyle for Cork carried 46 tons Copper Ore, 16,615 ctls Wheat, valued at $35,450. Humboldt for Queenstown had 32,200 ctls Wheat, valued at $58,100. Argosy for Cork carried 34,963 ctls Wheat, valued at $71,750. Glad Tidings for Liverpool had 200 cs Borax, 100 doz Brooms, 500 cs Salmon, 85 tons Phosphate of Lime, 1,631 gals California Wine, 25,217 ctls Wheat, etc., valued at $57,100. Lord Stevens for Iquique carried 15,072 ctls Barley, valued $10,500. Costa Rica for Honolulu had 500 bbls Flour, 531 sks Potatoes, Provisions, etc., valued at $39,770. California for Mexican Ports carried 16,072 lbs Coffee, 141 sks Potatoes, 15 flasks Quicksilver, 125,566 lbs Sugar, etc., valued at $35,143. General Ord for Mazatlan had 19,000 ft Lumber, 50 flasks Quicksilver, 505 kegs Powder, etc., valued at $23,098. May Hare for Tahiti carried 60,000 ft Lumber, etc., valued at $1,723. Total for the week, $694,807, against $519,638 for the week preceding.

The Coal Market is well and plentifully supplied with Bituminous, both foreign and domestic. For Sydney Coals, $9 is offered and $9 50 is asked. Scotch and English Steam, by the cargo, has been sold during the current month as low as $9 50@10, and West Hartley Screened at $10@11, Bellingham Bay, $6 50, Mt. Diablo, $6 25@8 25; Coos Bay, $10; Nanaimo, $11.

Coal from Sydney.—The Newcastle has arrived to Falkner, Bell & Co., with 1,800 tons—price, $9 ₰ ton.

Coffee for St. Louis.—A Coffee train of 26 cars—260 tons—left this week, per Central Pacific Railway.

Codfish from the North Pacific.—There are six or more schooners now due here from the fishing grounds. Present price, 7½@9c. ₰ lb., dried.

Grain Sacks for Oregon.—We note a shipment of 100,000 standard bags to Oregon. Price, 12½ a 12¾c for 22,106 hand-sewed.

The Bag Market seems to be paralyzed, by reason of excessive imports. We say "excessive," because the Wheat crop, and the Barley crop likewise, is turning out a less yield than was anticipated even at the time of harvest. We have now a stock of Dundee Grain Sacks of perhaps 6,000,000, and of these standard Gilroy Bags, 22x36, have by invoice been sold this week at 12½@12¾c, being a net loss of about 3c on each bag.

The Coffee demand is considerable. St. Louis has awakened to a sense of her need, and is ordering largely from the Pacific Coast, one parcel of 3,000 sacks Central American green has been forwarded by one house, and other orders here limited at 20½@21c., while the present price is now fixed at 23c. for choice bright green.

Sugar continues to be largely controlled by Spreckles & Eggers, of the California Refinery. This establishment has received direct imports of four cargoes during the past ten days—say 5,000 tons, thus securing to the California perfect control of the market, both Raw and Refined, for the balance of the year. Grocery grades, Hawaiian, sell at 8@9½c, Golden Coffee, 9½c, and all White Refined, 11@11¾c.

Another cargo of Sugar is at hand to the California Refinery. The German bark Theresa Behn, 61 days from Swatow, with 8,600 bags Sugar. The San Francisco and Pacific Refinery appear to be entirely out of luck. A vessel now about due here, and upon which this latter Refinery relied for supplies, has put into port in distress, and would be obliged to discharge cargo before proceeding, having already washed, or rather pumped, overboard 100 tons of Sugar.

Petroleum or Coal Oil, owing to the immense product at the East, has greatly declined in price, both on the Atlantic as well as Pacific Coast ports. Sales here, in cases for January delivery, have been made at 30c. for Devoe's, while spot parcels of same sell at 37, 38 a 39c. for the different brands of Devoe's Brilliant. Vesta and other brands sell at 32½ a 35c.

The Tobacco Market has been publicly fed this week by auction sales of Virginia manufactured. The attendance was good, and the bidding more than ordinarily prompt and satisfactory. The prices obtained, though not high, were on the whole, satisfactory to the importer. Our space will not admit of details.

Salt from Liverpool.—The India brings 4,108 bags, and the British Consul 9,200 bags Liverpool stoved—price, $21 ₰ ton.

Salmon from Oregon.—The steamship John L. Stephens, from Portland, brought us [illegible] bbls, 151 bbls, and [illegible] kits. We quote bbls $9 50, ½ bbls $5, cs $1 90 a $2 10 doz for 1 lb cans, $2 80 a $3 for 2 lbs.

More Rice.—The Anne Kimball, from Canton, brings a full cargo of Rangoon Rice, say 1,787 bags, 1,000 sacks and 5,000 packets, to Macondray, Bair & Co. The Japanese bark Jin Sho, 55 days from Yokohama, brings 6,100 bags Rice to Richard B. Irwin & Co.

Vol. 3. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR SEPT., 1873. No. 6.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, SEPT. 6, 1873. No. 32.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California Chino Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street No. 60 to 615, San Francisco

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—875@880—SILVER BARS—2@2½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 86½@87. Mexican Dollars, 6@6c., new; 5½c., old. Trade Dollar, 2½c. prem.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10 ₰— per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 14 per cent. On London, Bankers 49½@49¾, Commercial 50@50¼. Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams ¼@1

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, August 29, at 3 P.M., 114½. Latest price of Sterling, 107¼@107½.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO.......................Sept 6, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8.	101½	103¼	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	117	120
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1861	101½	102	Oakland 10s	106	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1863	101½	102	Spring Valley Water Co	81	83
Legal Tender Notes	87	87½	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57	9 ½	100	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S F City Bonds, 6s, 1855	90	90	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	62½
S F City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	92	—	Front st., M and O. R. R. Co	16	19
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	30½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co	65	70
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	83	90	Union Insurance Co	90	93
Santa Clara Bonds, 7s	90	—	Pacific Bank	87½	90
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	91	The Bank of California	[illegible]	131
San Francisco GasLight Co.	67½	68	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

San Francisco, August 30th.—Receipts and sales of "Fall," though not heavy, have been sufficient to open the market in a sufficiently lively way, and at prices that are fully up to what is generally expected. Sales have been effected about as follows: 16@18c for good to choice, 13@15½c for average, and 8½ a 12c for defective, according to condition. The market for "Spring" has also been good during the last week, at old quotations. California, 23½ a 25c for good to choice, Average, 19 a 22c; Inferior, 16½ a 18c. Wools with burrs and seeds, from 3 a 5c ₰ lb less, according to the amount of burrs and seeds. Nevada, 18 a 22½c, Oregon, 21 a 27c. Reports from the East continue favorable.

WATT & McLENNAN, Wool Commission Merchants,
625 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, Sept. 5th, 1873. Gold opened at 115¼, 11 A. M. at 115¼, 3 P. M. at 114½. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 117; 1867, 118½. Sterling Exchange, 107½@108. Pacific Mail, 43½. Quicksilver Mining Company, 35. Wheat, $1 70@$1 90 quiet. Pork, 17¼, dull. Cotton, 20½. Hides, dry, 21½@25, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 50@$1 52 fair demand; Winter Bleached $1 65@$1 75; Whale, quiet, 58@65c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 68@73c. Wool Spring, fine, 20@38c., Burry, 16@22c; Pulled, 30@45c. Fall Clips, 16@25c.; Burry, 14@17c. LONDON, Sept. 5.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 4d.@13. Club, 13s. 5d.@13s. 4. United States Bonds, 91½. Consols, 92½@92¾, ac., 92½@92¾.

At the last meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science, the retiring President, Mr J L Smith, passed a high encomium on Professor Tyndall, with special reference to his magnanimous gift to the cause of science in this country. After making reference to Count Rumford and his liberality, Mr. Smith went on to say: "But the gift I now refer to was from a man who ranks not with the wealthy, and he laid his offering upon the altar of science in this country with his own hands, and it has been both consecrated and blest by noble words from his own lips, all of which makes the gift a rich treasure to American science, and I think we can assure him that as the same Anglo-Saxon blood flows in our veins as does in his (tempered, it is true, with the Celtic, Teutonic, Latin, etc.), that he may expect much from the American student in pure science as the offspring of his gift and his example.

Mr. George Grant, of the firm of Grant & Gask, London, has purchased a county in the State of Kansas, consisting of 580 square miles, and extending from the Smoky Valley to the Sabina Valley, in the central part of the State, in which he intends to found a colony. A party of gentlemen interested in the scheme lately arrived in St. Louis, and are now en route for the location, amongst others there are from Scotland Messrs. Bethune, Ferguson, and Scott Skirving, late President of the Agricultural Chamber of Edinburgh. Mr Ellis, F. S. A., accompanies the party to advise as to the capabilities of the land, and to lay out plans of a central city, to be called Victoria City. Many influential persons on the other side are interested in the scheme, and should the arrangements be as complete as they are reported, a flourishing colony may soon be expected to arise.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

Our Breadstuff Market continues the all-absorbing topic of interest. The crop of Wheat promises one-third less than last year, and yet two-thirds of the Wheat raised has already passed from the hands of the producers into that of dealers and exporters. Prices are steadily advancing here as well as in England. The purchases during the week past aggregate 150,000 centals, opening price, $2 12½; closing price, $2 25 per cental. The receipts of Wheat continue large, while the exports are of considerable magnitude. There is to be no tonnage scarcity this year with which to move the crops; in fact we will have ships enough here by the first of January to carry off our entire surplus, and this will account for the great decline in freights to the United Kingdom, which will, from present indications, soon touch £3.

According to the Parisian papers, M Bazin has constructed a steamship of 2,200 tons, on quite new principles. "The bulk of the vessel," says the *Opinion Nationale*, "consists of three vast rollers which sink into the water to their axis. It is claimed that the reduction of friction secured by the adoption of this shape instead of the usual keel, will result in the attainment of a speed of thirty kilometers an hour. The Transatlantic journey could thus be accomplished in four and one-half days. The steamer now building is to have engines of 450 horse power, and is to carry 450 tons of freight and 250 first-class passengers.

It is interesting to note that the ship-building interests of this country, since the beginning of the year, have been increasing very rapidly. Ever since the war the building-yards have been comparatively idle, but the beginning of the present year gave an impulse to the trade which has never received any check. In fact, the want of sufficient hands is in many places felt, and it is computed that the present year will show a larger addition to the merchant vessels of the United States than any year since 1862. Up to August, the total tonnage built was over 75,000 tons.

After an absence from this city of thirteen years, in New York, Mr. George Howes, senior partner of the house of Geo. Howes & Co., of this city and New York, returns to this coast. Mr. Geo. Howes arrived here overland on last Monday evening, and was welcomed on 'Change by many of his old friends and acquaintances. Mr Jabez Howes, the resident partner, will embrace the opportunity of his brother's sojourn to take a trip to Liverpool, this Fall, in the good ship *Three Brothers*.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, August 15, 1873: William Wood, Major Elliott and family, Wm. M. Lent and family, Eugene Kelly and family, L. Sachs, Capt. L. Stevens and wife, Miss Dollie Stevens, Miss Kittie Stevens, H. S. Homans and family, Mrs. John B. LeGay, Mrs. E. B. Cory, Mrs. Charles Crocker, Miss Hattie Crocker, F. Crocker, Geo. Crocker, Willie Crocker, Mrs. Major Hensley, Charles Hensley, Mrs. Hopkins, Joe Gross.

San Franciscans Abroad—PARIS.—Mrs. C. Crocker and family, Hotel Chatham, Mrs. A. L. Hooper, 72 Boul de Neuilly, Mr. J. W. Mackay, Mrs. Mackay, Hotel Splendide. London—W. S. Taylor and Mrs. Taylor, 50 Great Cumberland street. Vienna—J. Belden and family, E. F. Northam.—*American Register.*

Last year nearly 500,000 newspapers, posted at the General Postoffice, London, for abroad, had to be stopped in their progress owing to insufficient payment of postage. The neglect of another rule, viz., that fixing eight days from the date of publication as the limit within which a newspaper must be posted for foreign transmission, also leads to the loss of a large number of newspapers, such number last year having been more than 100,000.

Major Harney, for County Clerk, with Mr. Ashbury, for Auditor, polls a very heavy vote—nearly all the votes cast. Major Harney had an opponent named Bonnard, but he was not heard of, scarcely getting a couple of hundred votes out of 26,000 or 27,000 votes. Harney is the most popular of all the candidates with the people, as he deserves to be, and we foretold that before the election.

For Liverpool Direct.—The fine new ship *Three Brothers*, Capt. Cummings, 3,700 tons register, has been chartered to load Wheat at £3 1s. 6d. This fine ship is owned by George Howes & Co., has been chartered by E. E. Morgan's Sons, and will be ready to load in October, and doubtless will carry the largest cargo of Wheat ever dispatched from this port—say 4,000 tons, more or less.

A Caution to Purchasers of Bogus Coin.—Spurious sovereigns of a somewhat dangerous character are in circulation. They are made of platinum, gilt, and are almost identical in weight with the genuine coin.

Wheat per Albatross.—The owners of this vessel purchased yesterday 850 tons of wheat—per full cargo—at $2 22½ per cental, and will in due course proceed to Cork for orders.

Mr. Hall is now in London making the final arrangements for the new Australian line. We may expect the line to be in working order pretty soon.

Admiral Charles F. Hillyer has left for home, and the Hon. A. Cochrane has taken his place as Admiral of the British squadron in these waters.

The Clay-street cars do not seem to be a success. Time will, however, prove. Yesterday afternoon they started, but some hitch soon stopped them.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

PREACHERS AND POLITICS.

Mr Editor:—I have received during the last few weeks numerous calls from prominent and leading politicians, from many of the various rings, cliques and coteries that control the destinies of the two great parties into which society is divided; the object of those eager, earnest, anxious, energetic and patriotic political wire-workers, was to induce your humble servant, the Parson, to emerge from his sacred retirement, come out before the political world, and take the field as a partisan stump speaker in the present campaign. Each political aspirant wished me to lend him the powerful aid of my persuasive eloquence for his own personal aggrandizement, to be used in assisting to elevate his patriotic soul above the vulgar minds of common men, and place his sleek and well kept corporeal being in one of the easy office chairs of the State or Federal Government, stipulating said chair should be upholstered in the gorgeous modern style so much in vogue at Washington, the covering to be of the American flag, and well stuffed with greenbacks. My unvarying answer to the soul-stirring solicitations of those self-sacrificing patriots was a decided, unequivocal, and dignified NO. Higgins called on me making a most magnificent offer for my services. I respectfully declined, and asked him to unite with me in prayer for the cause. The beautiful Grecian outline of his nasal organ was somewhat impaired by a slight elevation of its extreme end in the ambient air, and with a sneer on his massive lip, the most cutting I ever beheld, he bade me adieu, muttering, as he retreated from the door of my sanctuary: "Too thin, old fossil! too thin! that stuff won't wash." In the still, solemn hour of midnight, when my unburdened mind, in a blissful state of quiet repose, enfolded in the soft and soothing embrace of a rose-tinted cloud, was floating away over the plains of heaven, I was rudely called back to the cares of this sinful world by a violent ring at the door-bell. I arose and descended to the parlor, and was greeted by my servant to the intruder, who proved to be Mr. Carr; he seemed to be in a high state of nervous anxiety. "By gosh!" said he, "Parson, the Gov' has jumped the track and gone for the people and principle; he's right, but our fellows don't understand that sort of thing, and won't follow him, and without the Gov' I'm afraid we'll lose the fight; by gosh! it's a close thing, Parson, and if you don't come out and stump it on our side, we'll beat 'tum yet, and send Joe Baker to George O. to the U. S. Senate; we've got Stebbins roaring around among the long-hairs, and Stone waltzing about with the rose-waters, Hemphill pounding Presbyterian thunder into the Catholics, the Rev. Mr. Noble hunting up the Sabbath-breaking, lager beer guzzlers, Hallelujah Cox raiding among those short-haired creatures that infest the wharves, and now, by gosh! Parson, all we want is for you to come out and make a speech or two for us and have it published in the *News Letter*, and we've got them. In reply to Mr. Carr I asked him if he thought it consistent with my sacred calling, to drag my sacerdotal robes and sanctified person through the mire of politics. "By gosh, Parson! all the people know this religion is all stuff; it is only the means to an end, and that end is to get onward and upward. Come out now and be famous, like the rest of the old hunkers, like Calvin, Wesley, the Popes, Theo Parker, Starr King, Chapin, Beecher, Spurgeon, Bellows, Bushnell, Gallagher, Jimmy McGlynn, and all such others, who were all politicians and became famous, and have all got onward and upward, by peddling out heaven, which cost them nothing, in exchange for the things of this world which cost the people their all." "Mr. Carr," said I, "think of your immortal soul." "Soul be derned," said he; "by gosh! Parson, I'd rather get little George a seat in the U. S. Senate than to save the souls of the whole Republican party. Soul! by gosh, Parson! what does a politician know about a soul? You know it's all stuff, this soul-saving business, but if you can make it count for us go in and give it to them—tell them God's on our side; that Christ was a Republican every time, and died for the straight Republican party; that the Virgin Mary wore the cap of liberty, that the American eagle was the bird that came down from heaven and lit on the head of John the Baptist, as he stood in the river Jordan. Tell them that Noah's ark was customary to have a polling place in Solomon's Temple, and deposit their ballot in the ark of the covenant; tell them that Pontius Pilate was once the ancient leader of the Democratic party, and crucified Christ; that Judas was a war Democrat and betrayed his Master; that Peter was a northern dough-face with southern principles, and denied his Lord; tell the gaping, unthinking herd of independent sovereigns anything; sugar-coat it and they will swallow it from the hand of a parson, by gosh!" I remarked to Mr. Carr, that I considered politics a hydra-headed monster; that I looked upon it as the fearful beast spoken of in Revelations, having seven heads and ten horns, who was to break the seven seals, and scatter the contents of the seven vials over the human race. He laughed at my simplicity, and exclaimed: "Ten horns for seven heads! by gosh, Parson, just come round to our club and I'll show you fellows of our party whose single head requires ten horns before sunrise just to lay the dust in their throats, and as for vials of fluid, they are nowhere; why, a gallon of old Bourbon will only go half way round amongst one of them, by gosh." I had Mr. Carr good night, as we evidently did not understand each other; but before he left he extracted a promise from me not to publish anything on the political situation until after the election. At the earnest solicitation of a large number of the readers of the *News Letter*, I have consented to write and have published, in connection with the foregoing remarks, a funeral anthem, to be chanted by the successful candidates over the graves of their defunct competitors.

FUNERAL ANTHEM

AIR—"The Old Oaken Bucket" (with the bottom out.)

Adieu my dead heroes, farewell for a season,
With hearts full of rapture we bid you good bye,
Your want of success made each action a treason,
And now 'neath the dark waves of Lethe you lie.

With hearts all aglow, we will cover you over
With an emerald mantle befitting your fate,
We will laugh loud and long, as we revel in clover,
And nibble an ear from the corn-crib of State.

We'll bury you deep, while the red sun is setting,
At low water mark we will dig you a grave,
And lay you away without ever regretting,
Your pulse throbs no more beneath Salt River's wave.

We hope in earth's pilgrimage never to meet you,
To see you, nor hear you, till Gabriel's horn
Shall sound through the infinite heavens to greet you,
And call up your souls on that terrible morn.

THE OAKS, Sept. 1873. Rest in peace, THE PARSON.

AN AMUSING BLUNDER.

An amusing blunder was lately committed in the West of England. Some of your readers will probably have seen the report of a supposed breach of promise case, brought by Miss Anglicana Church against Mr. William Merryjest, M. P., wherein the following letter, among others, was put into Court and read: "St. Nicholas's, April 1st, 1871.—Dear Anglicana; I am constantly thinking of you, and always talking about you. I will never desert you, my own pet; never, for I saw Miss Hill from Bradford, this morning, and spoke to her. Don't be jealous, you are alone 'my all' [laughter]. I will always protect, love, honor, cherish and obey you. Sweetest Juliet, good-bye for the present. I have no time to write more, as I am off to ——, to address my noble constituents [loud laughter]. Ever yours, Willie." A certain anonymous contributor to a respectable west country weekly, very did not perceive that Miss Anglicana Church was no other than the Establish Church that Mr. William Merrypebble was Mr. Gladstone, and that Miss Hill was the Hon member for Bradford, and the well-known baiter of Church establishments. He denounced the absurd love letters, and considered that the heartless conduct of the faithless member should be exposed! He must thank the Manchester *Courier* for this hoax.

An urchin of seven years went into a barber's shop and ordered the barber to cut his hair as short as shears could do it. He was asked if his mother ordered it in that way. "No," replied he; "school begins next week, and we have got a schoolmistress that pulls hair."

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,
No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and [illegible]

Girard, of Philadelphia	$650,000	Penn, of Philadelphia	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Kansas, of Leavenworth	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Atlantic and Pacific, of [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	National Life, U. S. A., of [illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
New Orleans	[illegible]		

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HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents.
August 9. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.
No. 423 California St., Merchants' Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Com, and Cap. [illegible] Hopkins, President; George H. Howard, Vice-President; Charles H. Story, Secretary; S. H. Eddy, Marine Secretary. H. H. PIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS: San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, [illegible] Jas. Lick, [illegible] Oregon—[illegible] Sacramento—[illegible] Marysville—[illegible] Stockton—[illegible] Los Angeles—[illegible] Virginia—[illegible] Carson—[illegible] Nevada—[illegible] Portland—[illegible] Walla Walla—[illegible] Victoria—[illegible] Marysville—[illegible] Sacramento—[illegible] Stockton—[illegible] Los Angeles—[illegible] Virginia—[illegible] Carson—[illegible] Nevada—[illegible] Portland—[illegible] Walla Walla—[illegible] Victoria—[illegible] (Jan. 12.)
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the [illegible] but by the [illegible] of the Company.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.
Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California.
Feb 8 [illegible] California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.
Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec 9] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, | J. T. [illegible]
C. T. WHEELER, | W. W. DODGE,
[illegible] San Francisco.
Dec 9]

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE, [H. A. MOORE
Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 415 Brannan street. Feb 1.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,
517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, work and printing of every kind.
Feb 15 FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,
Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs.) San Francisco. Aug. [illegible]

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS IN THE [illegible]

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Atacama—[illegible]
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co, Thomas Turrell; Weyte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; [illegible]
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed Gaffett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanazelith & Fils; Barton Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—[illegible]
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of [illegible]
Canton—[illegible] Maclennan & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres, Jacopea, Allcon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; [illegible]
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; [illegible]
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutterroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; G Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England, Gurney & Co., Rothschilds; Bank of London; Baring, Bros & Co; Delizy, Davies & Co; F. K. Anstie, M. D.; "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alcop & Co; Huth, Grunning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Limpy.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, [illegible] Liverpool General Brokers Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Corn Hall.
Lisbon—Chamber Commerce.
Madrid—[illegible] Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron Forbes & Co, Tomel y Lascuraen & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Rouff Fraissard.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Latimer & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; O. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; O. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimerman, Fair & Co.

COURT CHAT.

BALL AT THE ROYAL HORTICULTURAL GARDENS.

Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales attended a ball on Monday night, Aug. 4th, given at the conservatory of the Royal Horticultural Society in honor of the Grand Duke Czarewitch and the Grand Duchess Cesarevna of Russia, whose visit to this country is drawing rapidly to a close. Considerably more than 1,000 invitations were issued. When the dancing began the scene in the conservatory was both animated and picturesque. The natural beauty of the place was heightened by the addition of flowers and the conversion of the conservatory into a spacious *salle de danse* with its raised platform, 150 ft. long by 45 ft. in breadth. The graceful tall palm trees rose almost to the glass roof, and the vision was charming by the wealth of color on all sides. The dancers walked amongst sweet-smelling flowers of all hues and amid statues which looked all the more beautiful from their being set in a frame of color. A remarkable piece of ornamental work was seen at the western end of the conservatory in the shape of a large ice-rockery, dressed with various kinds of ferns and numerous specimens of the echeveria, or ice-plant. This singularly beautiful ornament stood thirty feet high by twelve feet in breadth, and was generally admired. The large glossy leaves of the ice-plant had a silvery appearance; the huge pyramid of ice glistened in the light, which fell from many-colored lamps in the center; altogether it was the most welcome bit of decoration in the building. Creeping plants formed its border, which was entirely of green, the plants used were all in keeping with the main design—water-plants and ice-plants forming the principal part of the adornments. From this fairy-like scene the visitors passed into a arcades, two porterres of parti-colored flowers and plants, diversified by many fancy flowering and foliage plants bedecked the Albert-road entrance, and the arcades, after being received, walked through a grove of surpassing beauty. Beginning at the Ice at [illegible] built near the western entrance to the Exhibition, the flowers were arranged in serpentine form all the way along to the ball room. By this ingenious device, which Mr. Wills displayed his usual judgment and good taste, all hard lines and angles disappeared. At intervals of twenty feet the floral view was broken by pyramids of ice, placed at every turn in the long walk. Behind these tiny icebergs were colored lamps, and finally the leaves of towering palms, by magnificent specimens of the areca verschaffelli, the cycas revoluta, and others. The flowers lining the arcade comprised all those in season, prominent amongst them were specimens of the pelargonium and the kalmanthus, with a pretty edging of small blue flowers, akin in tint to the forget-me-not, and a feathery grass known to gardeners as isolopes. Thick clusters of white lilies and golden-ray lilies mingled with the white feathery sprays of the spiræa, and filled the places with perfume. A broad strip of crimson cloth ran through the arcades, by which the guests approached the ball-room, where there was no glare, but only sufficient light from the lamps to bring up the flowers and decorations. Supper was served in the central quadrant to the Royal party, who assembled at five tables; the background being formed by broad squares of fuchias and geraniums, while in the foreground hung long white curtains, festooned over the backs of the arches facing the conservatory. The remainder of the guests supped in one of the arcades, a red and white curtain dividing two rooms where supper was served simultaneously to between 200 and 300 persons. Between the central quadrant and the supper rooms the arches were draped with crimson curtains, fringed with double ball [illegible]. The tables were lit with golden candelabra, and were handsomely adorned with flowers. Excellent taste again displayed itself not only in the grouping of the flowers on the supper tables, but also in the selected hues. Only those flowers whose blossom was either pink, white, or green were chosen, and thus the eyes were never fatigued with dazzling tints upon them. Not the least noticeable parts of the entertainment were the illumination of the grounds, which were available for promenade, and the playing of five of the fountains on the upper terrace. The whole arrangements were under the careful supervision of Lord Suffield, and good management was a characteristic of the ball from the beginning to end. In regard to the conservatory and the grounds, it may be said that all that was needful was admirably carried out by Mr. Barron, the Horticultural Society's superintendent. Mr. Wills, from whose extensive nurseries all the flowers which filled the arcades and supper rooms came, fairly deserves the highest praise, for none more beautiful have ever been seen in London than those which evoked the warmest admiration of all the guests present. His Royal Highness Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein, attended by Major Elliot Charles Eliot, was the first member of Royalty to arrive. His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales Adelaide and the Duke of Teck came shortly afterwards. Their Royal Highnesses the Duke of Cambridge and the Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, attended by Major-General Hon. James MacDonald and Lady Caroline Cust, arrived at half-past 11 o'clock. Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales, accompanied by their Imperial Highnesses the Czarewitch and Cesarevna, arrived at a quarter to 12 o'clock, the Prince and Princess of Wales being attended by Lieutenant-Colonel A. Ellis and Hon. Mrs. F. Stonor, and in the suite of the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess of Russia were the Prince Alexis Kourakine, the Countess Apraxine, Count Olsouvieff, General Zinouvieff, General Storler, Dr. Hirsch, etc. The Earl of Kenmare, Hon. Oliver Montagu, Lord Suffield, and other members of the ball committee received their Royal and Imperial Highnesses on alighting from the Royal carriages, and conducted them to the conservatory. On the illustrious visitors entering the conservatory the band played the National Russian Hymn in compliment to the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess. The ball was opened with a quadrille. The company present were both numerous and aristocratic, conspicuous amongst whom were Lady Augusta Hervey and the principal actions of the month.

The 18th Royal Irish has the honor of possessing the oldest soldier in the British army, or perhaps, in the world, in the person of the colonel of the regiment, General Sir John Forster, aged 101. He was commissioned in the army and attained military rank in 1791. At the siege of Seringapatam, in 1792, he was a lieutenant, and in that distinguished corps he was a very, very, very,

WORTHLESS TREASURE.

[BY MRS. S. M. B. PIATT.]

If one with a sick, whispering heart should yield
 To its faint fever, brokenly, and scorn
To furrow some low, pleasant, narrow field
 To whose sweet labor he was born;

If he should have it hold him to its
 Enough to make the fairest wreath on earth,
But with cold thanks and very dim regrets
 Refuse their humble, precious worth;

If, fiercely held by some strange gathering thought,
 Within whose doubtful darkness he could see
A thousand stars with fiery meanings caught,
 His weird and restless life should be;

If he in that great breathless night which lies
 Under the ground descended, dreaming there
To find the fearful charm that gave his eyes
 Their glittering, ever-downward stare;

If, year by year, shut from the sun, he tried
 To gather riches from the coral mine,
Whose Slave his Soul was, still to be denied
 And still to feel them shine and shine;

If, gray and ghastly, he at last should break,
 As from the dead, into the dew, and bring
Diamonds enough to light a grave, or make,
 Twice-told, the glory of a king;

If he should have his jewels cut and set
 After some beautiful and worthy rule,
Then find himself, when in his coronet,
 Only a crowned and laughed-at Fool;

I know, to-day, how bitter it would be
 For him to learn his treasure was not true,
Because (as even you through love might see)
 Because—I wear mock-jewels too.

THE MISERERE AT ST. PETER'S.

There is one grand and sublime ceremony, the Miserere of St. Peter's. The music is exquisite, the effect surprising. Rome saw, in the sixteenth century, that Protestantism surpassed her in music, as she excelled Protestantism in the arts of painting, sculpture, and architecture. To prevent this inferiority, she naturally sought a master of song, and found the sublime Palestrina, the Michael Angelo of the lyre. The Pope forbade the reproduction of his Miserere, in order that it should be heard only in that church whose gigantic arches were completed in harmony with its sublimity. One day a noble youth heard entranced the Miserere. This youth, who may be called the Raphael of music, learned it by heart, and divulged it to the world. He was Mozart. The German genius came to steal the secrets of the Latin genius in the eternal war between both races. No pen can describe the solemnity of the Miserere!

The night advances. The Basilica is in darkness. Her altars are uncovered. Through the open arches there penetrates the uncertain light of dawn, which seems to deepen the shadows. The last taper of the *tenebrario* is hidden behind the altar. The cathedral resembles an immense mausoleum, with the faint gleaming of funeral torches in the distance. The music of the Miserere is not instrumental. It is a sublime chorus admirably combined. Now, it comes like a far-off roar of the tempest, as the vibration of the wind upon the ruins or among the cypresses of tombs; again, like a lamentation from the depths of the earth, or a moaning of heaven's angels breaking into sobs and sorrowful weeping. The marble statues, gigantic and of dazzling whiteness, are not completely hidden by the darkness, but appear like the spirits of past ages coming out of the sepulchres and loosing the shroud to join the intonation of this canticle of despair. The whole church is agitated, and vibrates as if words of horror were arising from the stones. This profound and sublime lament, this mourning of bitterness dying away into airy circles, penetrates the heart by the intensity of its sadness. It is the voice of Rome supplicating Heaven from her load of ashes, as if under her sackcloth she writhed in her death agony.

To weep thus, to lament as the prophets of old by the banks of the Euphrates, or among the scattered stones of the Temple, to sigh in this sublime cadence, becomes a city whose eternal sorrow has not marred her eternal beauty. Thus she is consoled. David alone can be her poet. Her canticle is majestic and unequaled. Rome, Rome! thou art grand, thou art immortal even in thy desperation and thy abandonment! The human heart shall be thy eternal altar, although the faith which has been thy prop should perish, as the conquests that made thy greatness have departed! None can rob thee of thy God-given immortality, which thy pontiffs have sustained, and which thy artists will forever preserve.—*Emilio Castelar.*

The Marquis of Lorn has just purchased the property of Mr Glynn, in the Isle of Wight. By means of this transaction a fresh slice of that beautiful island falls into the undisputed possession of the Royal Family. Many years ago, when first "The Royal Marine Residence," as it is somewhat ostentatiously called, was established at Osborne, an offer was made by the Prince Consort for the purchase of this very property. The bid, which was by no means a liberal one, was declined, and the Prince's revengeful temper was so inflamed by the refusal of the owner to part with his estate that he gave orders that no matter how great the stress of weather no boats from Sea Grove should be permitted shelter upon any part of the Osborne foreshore. But he reckoned without his host, for it appeared that nothing that he could do could bar a long existing right of disembarkation in time of danger. Taken in connection with an act passed at the close of the session, which enabled the Crown for the first time since the Revolution of 1688 to bequeath landed estate, this purchase looks as though the Guelph family were imitating the Orleans tactics, and preparing to subside into English landholders whenever the inevitable crash shall deprive them of the position of European sovereigns.

What are Folk Saying?—What are folk saying about the city and its affairs? They are saying—that Mr George Ewing and the Honorary Secretary to the Burns Committee are entire strangers. That Mr George Ewing does not belong to the Burns Club. That there was "a friend round the corner" waiting the result of the Burns' Monument meeting. That "round the corner" was the Royal Restaurant in Dunlop street. That the police are under-paid and over-wrought. That the public are anxious to pay them more. That but for the rains the stench of the Clyde would be unbearable. That Leeds and Bradford have had their rivers purified by the action of a patriotic individual getting an injunction against the local authority there.

A correct card of the races, or rather a neat little book containing all the entries, colors, times of starting, has been got up by Mr Goggin (with Francis & Valentine) for the races to-day. It is the neatest little thing we have ever seen, and will be on sale both on the street and race track.

The Washington British Embassy.—Operations have been commenced in Washington for the erection of this building, which is to cost $100,000.

"She Stooped to Conquer."—The Marchioness of Lorne.

An American Range.—The Allegheny mountains.

Stock Characters.—Glasgow sharebrokers.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL AND WORK FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL AND HALL OF RECORDS.

Office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, August 16th, 1873.—Sealed proposals for furnishing certain Material and for doing certain Work for a portion of the New City Hall and Hall of Records will be received at the office of the Board until 12 o'clock noon of FRIDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A.D. 1873, as follows:

1—BRICK WORK.—Bricks laid in the wall with Facework extra, and setting Blocks, Keystones, Capitals, Springing Blocks, Iron Plates, etc., and providing and setting Iron Ring and Arch and Chimney Bars, etc.

2—STONE AND STONE WORK.—Granite Blocks, Keystones, Capitals, Springing Blocks, Stone Coursing, Internal Granite Columns of Hall of Records, etc., provided and worked.

3—IRON WORK.—Wrought Iron Girders for Second Floor, provided and set.

4—IRON WORK.—Cast Iron Columns, Girders, Lintels, Brackets, etc., for Hall of Records, provided and set.

5—IRON WORK.—Dome of Hall of Records, complete.

All according to the specifications, plans and drawings to be furnished by the Board. No bid will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Forms of Proposal," and accompanied by a bond with two [illegible] and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to ten per cent. of the total sum of the tender, conditioned for the due entering into the contract of the party to whom it may be awarded. The bids must be directed for the material proposed to be furnished, or work to be done, and addressed to the Secretary of the Board. The specifications, plans and drawings can be seen, and all further information obtained, at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposals will be furnished to intending bidders. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly in City Hall Warrants of [illegible] per cent. of the estimated amounts due, and the remaining [illegible] per cent. when the contract is completed. The expenses of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.

P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE, Board of City Hall Com.

ROBERT GEDDES, Secretary. August 16.

ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).

Successors to J. Seligman & Co.

London Office, No. 3 Angel Court. San Francisco Office, No. 412 California street. Authorized Capital Stock $6,000,000, Subscribed $3,000,000, Paid in, $1,500,000, remainder subject to call. Directors in London—Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Isaac Seligman, Julius Kinglen. Managers in San Francisco—Richard Sneath, Ignatz Steinhart. The Bank is now prepared to open Accounts, Receive Deposits, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world. And on proper securities. The stock of this bank being held by leading Bankers and Capitalists of Europe and America, the Bank will have superior facilities in the negotiation of State, Municipal and other securities abroad.

July 5. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. Directors—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles W. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. New York Agents—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland [illegible] available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hours on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M. for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. Directors—L. Gottig, F. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler, Dan. Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers.

GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb 11] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000

Officers: President, John Parrott. Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Dacon. Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 401 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. Lees & Waller; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. March 28.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against Loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin. Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't; Wm. H. Culver, Vice President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3.

COSMOPOLITAN DIME SAVINGS AND EXCHANGE BANK,

No. 620 Montgomery street (Montgomery Block).—Guarantee Fund $100,000. Term Deposits, One per Cent. per month. Deposits Payable on Demand, Six per Cent. No entry fee or charge for bank book.
J. CROCKER, Secretary. [May 10.] W. B. THOMPSON, President.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 415 California street. July 2.

C. L. CRACKBON.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris. [March 29.]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

CITY HALL WARRANTS

Bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. August 2.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS, AND ELSEWHERE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce, Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman, C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Bounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Barco Alvarez.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuck Rhecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Maile.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co. Martin, Dyce & Co. Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co. Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—P. De Lande, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co, S. H. Stametz & Co, "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co. Alsop & Co. Wm. Gibbs & Co, Huth, Gruning & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia, Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co, Jardine, Mathison & Co, Dent & Co, Russell & Co, Augustin Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co, F. Bevill, W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

BELGIUM—Consul General—S. Morhange, Grand Hotel. Consul, [illegible], S. W. cor. Broadway and Sansome.
CHILI—Consul General—F. Segund [illegible], S. Court Building. Consul—[illegible], 421 Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 20 California street.
ECUADOR—Consul—Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 424 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
GUATEMALA—Consul General—Leslie C. Banks, 204 California.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul—C. A. C. Dusenberg, 311 Sacramento.
GREECE—Consul—(Vacant.)
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 415 Front.
HONDURAS—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 702 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Act'g Consul—Horace D. Dunn.
MEXICO—Consul—Manuel Azpiroz, 18 California street.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, 416 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—Consul General—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul General—T. Lemmon Meyer, S. W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—F. de la Fuente [illegible].
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Berton. Vice Consul—H. Laidley, Swiss American Bank.
BRAZIL—Consul—Carlos Martins, 625 California street.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 220 California.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 10 Battery street.
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—R. Morales, 410 Washington st.
TURKEY—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, 25 Battery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. Baum, 310 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss American Bank.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—C. Mueckel, 402 California street.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

THE DYING CHILD.

[BY JOHN CLARE.]

He could not die when trees were green,
 For he loved the time too well.
His little hands, when flowers were seen,
 Were held for the bluebell,
 As he was carried o'er the green.

His eye glanced at the white-nosed bee;
 He knew those children of the Spring;
When he was well and on the lea
 He held one in his hand to sing,
 Which filled his heart with glee.

Infants, the children of the Spring!
 How can an infant die
When butterflies are on the wing,
 Green grass, and such a sky?
 How can they die at Spring?

He held his hand for daisies white,
 And then for violets blue,
And took them all to bed at night
 That in the green fields grew,
 As childhood's sweet delight.

And then he shut his little eyes,
 And flowers would notice not;
Birds' nests and eggs caused no surprise,
 He now no blossoms got;
 They met with plaintive sighs.

When Winter came and blasts did sigh,
 And bare were plain and tree,
As he for ease in bed did lie,
 His soul seemed with the free,
 He died so quietly.

—"*Asylum Poems.*"

SAPPHO AND HER SONGS.

Of the single complete poem that remains to us from Sappho, we shall venture on a translation, which can only claim to be tolerably literal, and to keep in some degree to the Sapphic metre. Yet, cheered by the remark of an old grammarian, Demetrius Phalereus, that "Sappho's whole poetry is so perfectly musical and harmonious that even the harshest voice or most awkward recital can hardly render it unpleasing to the ear," let us hope that the Muses may extend some such grace even to a translation.

HYMN TO APHRODITE.

"Beautiful-throned, immortal Aphrodite!
 Daughter of Zeus, beguiler, I implore thee,
 Weigh me not down with weariness and anguish,
 O thou most holy!

"Come to me now! if ever thou in kindness
 Hearkenedst my words, and often hast thou hearkened,
 Heeding, and coming from the mansions golden
 Of thy great father.

"Yoking thy chariot, borne by thy most lovely
 Consecrated birds, with dusky-tinted pinions,
 Waving swift wings from utmost heights of heaven
 Through the mid-ether.

"Swiftly they vanished, leaving thee, O goddess,
 Smiling, with face immortal in its beauty,
 Asking what I suffer, and why in utter longing
 I had dared call thee;

"Asking what I sought, thus hopeless in despairing,
 'Wildered in brain, and spreading nets of passion—
 Alas, for whom? and saidst thou, 'Who has harmed thee?
 O my Sappho!

"'Though now he flies, ere long he shall pursue thee;
 Fearing thy gifts, he, too, in turn shall bring them;
 Loveless to-day, to-morrow he shall woo thee,
 Though thou shouldst spurn him.'

"Thus seek me now, O holy Aphrodite!
 Save me from anguish, give me all I ask for,
 Gifts at thy hands, and thine shall be the glory,
 Sacred protector!"

It is safe to say that there is not a lyrical poem in Greek literature, nor in any other, which has, by its artistic structure, inspired more enthusiasm than this. Is it autobiographical?

Still more difficult is it to determine the same question—autobiographical or dramatic?—in the case of the fragment next in length to this poem. It has been well engrafted into English literature through the translation of Ambrose Phillips, as follows:

TO A BELOVED WOMAN.

"Blest as the immortal gods is he,
The youth who fondly sits by thee,
And hears and sees thee all the while,
Softly speak and sweetly smile.

"'Twas this deprived my soul of rest,
And raised such tumults in my breast,
For while I gazed, in transport lost,
My breath was gone, my voice was lost.

"My bosom glowed; the subtle flame
Ran quick through all my vital frame;
On my dim eyes a darkness hung,
My ears with hollow murmurs rung.

"With dewy damps my limbs were chilled,
My blood with gentle horrors thrilled,
My feeble pulse forgot to play,
I fainted, sank, and died away."

The translation would give the impression that this is a complete poem, but it is not. A fragment of the next verse brings some revival from this desperate condition, but what exit is finally provided does not appear. The existing lines are preserved by Longinus in the eighth chapter of his famous book, "On the Sublime."

The poem became so famous, at any rate, as a diagnosis of passion, that a Greek physician is said to have copied it bodily into his book, and to have regulated his prescriptions accordingly.

TELEGRAPH FOR THE CHINESE.

S. A. Viguier, Esq., of Shanghai, has devised a scheme for the transmission of Chinese messages, which is now used in Shanghai and Hongkong by the Great Northern Telegraph Company. The Chinese style of writing cannot be transmitted by the ordinary telegraph apparatus, but to give the Chinese an opportunity of sending messages in their own language, Mr Viguier has constructed a system for this purpose. Of the 11,000 words, or thereby, which are found in the Chinese language, only 7,000 occur with any degree of frequency, so that for all ordinary purposes these 7,000 words are amply sufficient. Supposing every educated Chinaman to know at a glance to which of the 214 radicals any character is to be referred, the 7,000 characters are in Mr Viguier's system arranged in columns under their respective radicals, and every character is, besides, furnished with a number rising from 0001 to 7,000.

These are printed on 7 large sheets bound together, which the Chinese can purchase, and by reference to which they can in a very short time find the characters they want to be transmitted, and writing down the numbers corresponding to these, and using certain conventional signs to distinguish the address, the message, the signature, etc., from each other, the Chinese message can be transmitted as well as any other message.

The receiving station is furnished with a board containing 7,000 types, numbered from 0001 to 7,000, and having the corresponding Chinese numbers engraved on the other side. When, therefore, a Chinese message has been sent along the wire, the types bearing the numbers transmitted are taken out, the characters printed on a square ruled form, and the message is ready for delivery.

This ingenious invention of Mr. Viguier's is fitted to give a mighty impetus to the use of the telegraph by the Chinese, and will do more to hasten its extended use over the Empire than whole reams of despatches. And, however experience and criticism may modify and simplify the notation, it is not to be forgotten that Mr Viguier was the first to adapt it to Chinese uses.

Mr Anthony Trollope, we hear, is to receive £1,200 for his new tale, "Phineas Redux," in the *Graphic*.

RAILROAD CONSOLIDATION.

Pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided—Notice is hereby given that the SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY and the SOUTHERN PACIFIC BRANCH RAILROAD COMPANY, by the written consent of the stockholders holding more than three-fourths of the capital stock of each of said corporations, respectively, and by the agreement of the respective Boards of Directors of said corporations made and entered into in an order with [illegible] and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, have this day amalgamated and consolidated their Capital Stock, Debts, Property, Assets, and Franchises under the corporate name and style of the "SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY." By order of the Board of Directors of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company. J. L. WILLCUTT, Secretary.
San Francisco, August 12th, 1873. August 30.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of UHRIG & REESE, for the transaction of a General Storage Commission Business. The warehouse is located at the southwest corner of Battery and Filbert streets, and will be known as the PIONEER WAREHOUSE. Walls thoroughly ventilated and rat proof. C. A. UHRIG, HENRY REESE.
San Francisco, August 20th, 1873. [Aug 30.]

B. F. NAPTHALY,

Special Agent New England Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Boston, for San Francisco. Pacific Branch Office: Northeast corner California and Sansome streets. All applications addressed to him will be promptly attended to. Policies in this company are non-forfeitable. Aug 30.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. DENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco. August [illegible].

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles Frodsham Watches, Carter, Hawkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others, by applying to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 5 California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

WANTED,

By a middle aged lady of respectability (a widow) a situation as housekeeper in a small family, or as matron of a hospital or sick nurse. Good references can be given. Has no objection to going into the country. Address MATRON, at this office. July 12.

REMOVAL.

John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, has Re-moved to 330 Montgomery street, opposite the Odd Fellows' Building. Always prepared to discount good Commercial Paper at the lowest rates. City and County Property bought and sold. July 12.

BONDS

City, State and County Bonds, bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. August 2.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 16.

"GERKE" WINE

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama county, is now permanently located at [illegible] and 32 Mark street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HAMLEN, Manager. Nov 11.

CAST IRON WATER PIPE,

3 inch, 4 inch, 6 inch. Boiler Tubes, 2, 3 and 4 inch, assorted lengths. GALVANIZED AND BLACK GAS PIPE, all sizes. EGLINTON and No. 1 CLYDE PIG IRON. SCOTCH STEAM SPLINT COAL, 54 tons best.
For sale by C. ADOLPHE LOW & CO.,
August 2. 36 California street.

NOTICE.

Mr. Charles Edward Heise is my partner in the Custom House Brokerage Business. CHAS. BAUM, Custom House Broker,
San Francisco, July 23, 1873. [August 2.] 510 Battery street.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 112 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 21.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 537 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Men's Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Vivo Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURRAY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S.F.

CURLE & CO.

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room No. 18 Stevenson's Building, No. 531 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

No. 20 Wall street, New York.—Exchange on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort, Bremen, Vienna. Cable Transfers, Circular Letters, Commercial Credits, on JAY COOKE, McCULLOCH & CO.,
Cable Transfers on Vienna direct. [July 26.] 41 Lombard street, London.

WANTED,

By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife, the management of a respectable Hotel, town or country. First class references. Letters addressed "R. A.," care of NEWS LETTER, will receive attention. July 6.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—(Established, 1850.)

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

AMONG THE STOCK BROKERS.

[BY OUR FAT CONTRIBUTOR.]

London, August 16, 1873.—The time was, sir, and not long ago, when I would have seen Baker's Chop House, in Change Alley, in the middle of the Pacific Ocean, before I would have visited it in August. But the advance of time and increasing appreciation of the real comforts of this life, whereof I hold Brown Sherry, for which Baker's is famous, to be at least one of the chiefest, have convinced me that grouse are better sought in Leadenhall Market than on the disappointing Yorkshire Moors, or the heather (and mist) covered hills of Scotland. In truth, there are this year no grouse in Yorkshire, and not many in Scotland, although here they are plentiful enough, and I am thankful to say that while a benevolent British Parliament decrees that not a bird shall be shot before the twelfth of August, our excellent purveyors in London contrive to have them in wonderfully good condition for cooking by five o'clock in the morning of that auspicious anniversary, whereby I conclude that the generous birds, grateful for the estimation in which they are held, shoot themselves out of sheer charity at some time during the last week in July. My visit to Baker's had, however, another motive than grouse and Brown Sherry for I had been favored by my friend, Mr Sooke, the Secretary of the "Emma Mining Company" with a hint to the effect that a circular with welcome news would be issued on the 13th, in time to have its due effect upon "name day." Now I have heard nothing but disastrous accounts of the Emma Mine for twelve months or so, and I naturally wanted to know what was going to happen, and I am bound to acknowledge besides that I do not like to get into the city when the fortnightly account approaches completion. I like the bustle and importance that the young fellows assume, who, bless your soul, have nothing to do with the matter, except to sell what they are told, and pocket their commissions, and I take a little kindly pleasure in seeing how remarkably well men of the old school bear reverses. Now our old school men persistently run their heads dead against your securities, and are very apt, in their readiness to frown them down, to sell rather rashly. Hence the movement of last week has gone on, and all American securities are very firm, while ours are going back.

The news from the Emma mine was very good, indeed. Mr. Atwood telegraphs to say that they have struck some good ore in the end and bottom of lower level No. 4; that they have entirely got rid of the water in that level, which prevented further exploration, and that they expect to announce greater discoveries. He also states that they have succeeded in making the second-class ore pay well by an improved method of concentration, and that it will yield a good deal of money, while he caps his good news with a statement that he has discovered some parcels of very rich ore in the old caved chamber, which he has sold at one hundred and twenty-five pounds per ton. This was a very nice change from the dismal tone of recent announcements, and it was improved by a little bit of news that the Directors themselves had to communicate. They have discovered that a Mr J. G. Osborne, who holds one share only, has issued a circular under date of 16th July, to certain impressible shareholders, in which he tells a few untruths about the company's position and prospects. However, the Emma mining stock went up with a jump, and was in active request at an advance of a pound, closing at 6¼ to 6½, having previously stood at 5¾, with no buyers at all. Mr Maxwell also telegraphs the news of constant progress from the Tecoma mine, and his people were rewarded with an advance of 6¾. The Flagstaffs went down a half, in spite of favorable reports, and closed heavily at 9¾. Last Chance, from which there was also good news, closed at 5¾, and a further advance of an eighth to three-eighths in U. S. Government securities, closed a fortnight's account, in which your stocks were everywhere in demand, and ours not by any means firm. Even Erie shares had improved, but our leading railways had gone back a half per cent. or so. You would never have guessed that any of our men were hit, and yet some of them were most thoroughly self-deceived, for not only had they sold more U. S. stock of various kinds at low figures than was available, but there was a good brisk foreign demand for it likewise, and the prices felt the influence immediately.

Altogether I enjoyed my morning in the city, for, thank heaven, I had no greater anxiety than the waiters could appease, and I am certain that I look much better at a snug dinner table than I do in a philabeg, trotting about in a Scotch mist, which is singularly similar to those wonderful fogs that come sweeping over your northern and western hills in what should be fine summer afternoons. I should dearly like to be with you for the elections. Here all those matters are terribly tame, but you have a little good, violent scolding going on at least, which is better than the dreary dullness of our gentility. Two days ago I was unwise enough to go all the way to Chichester, with upwards of a hundred more victims, to see a new gas which is produced by passing superheated steam through petroleum. It has the great merits of cheapness and adaptability to the present piping and metres of the company, but it is not very brilliant, and the town of Chichester, which was lighted with it for the occasion, does not boast of enough gas lamps to enable one to test it fairly. However, we had a capital dinner, and I am happy to say that the necessity of looking at the effect of the gas prevented us from being bored with speeches. I like a good dinner and I hate speeches, and as far as gas is concerned why it's quite cheap enough here now. I have a gas stove which will cook a turkey of twenty pounds weight at a cost of three halfpence. What more can a man desire? The proper end of life is comfort, and that comes from a good cook, a good conscience, and a good digestion—all three of which excellent things are the happy qualifications of your grateful EPICURUS ROTUNDUS.

ART NOTES.

On Monday evening last, an interesting and somewhat novel gathering took place in the gallery of the art association. Some fifty or more of the leading colored ladies and gentlemen of the city assembled to welcome Miss Edmonia Lewis, the sculptress, an artist whose fame had long preceded her advent, and the contrast their presence afforded to the lily white marble of the sculpture on view was almost startling. That there is but a step sometimes from the sublime to the ridiculous was afforded on that occasion by one little incident. The pianist of the evening rose and requested the audience to join in the chorus of the piece he was about to play. What does the reader suppose it was? Why, "John Brown's body lies a mouldering in the grave!" But among such little eccentricities we must not forget the sculpture itself. That Miss Lewis is a skillful artist it would be vain to deny; that she has never had, in spite of her long residence in Rome, a proper education in the academic sense, is very obvious. The pieces on view, five in number, are all of small size, yet exhibit much faulty *drawing* and bad proportion. Her groups of children are perhaps the least open to this censure. In "Hiawatha's Marriage" both figures have—as they say at the minstrels—"too much of their bodies on the ground," both feet and hands are unpleasantly large, and indeed the female finds the *one* hand covering her bosom sufficient for all the purposes of modesty. Her faces are generally successful, though the bust of Lincoln did not strike us as a portrait, if the photographs and prints are to be believed. Miss Lewis has evidently not brought her best works to this market, wherein she probably showeth her sense. But she has brought some card photographs of herself, which she sells in the art gallery. Edmonia, this picayunish business we would have left to the stores.

On Thursday evening Mr Henry W. Elliott, a gentleman acting for the Smithsonian Institute at Washington, who has just returned from a scientific mission to Alaska, exhibited a most interesting series of sketches at the Art Association rooms. He has spent some sixteen months on St. Paul and St. George Islands, and has studied the polygamous seals and Mormonic walrus in their homes and haunts to good purpose. His drawings are extremely careful, and indeed in some respects really wonderful pieces of water-color work. They show how much may be done by an industrious amateur, and how much may be missed from the want of a little artistic knowledge. Passing over the unpleasant color of some of the drawings, which may be characteristic of the northern islands, all are faulty in composition, and the effect of many is marred by vigor in the wrong place, as for example, in the skies and cloud forms, which are often coarse and lacking in the proper softness. His *drawing* is admirable, and there are portions of many of these sketches almost photographically true. Mr Elliott delivered an informal explanatory lecture, which convinced us of two things that he knows more about the seals than any other living man, *and that he knows it*. He has certainly the material for a most interesting book. The necessity for his immediate departure to Washington precluded the possibility of making an exhibition of his sketches for more than one evening, or even of extending a general invitation to the members of the Art Association.

A magnificent illuminated copy of Buddha's works says the *Indian Mirror* is being executed for a Mongol prince in the language of Thibet. The whole consists of the usual one hundred and eighty volumes, eighty of which are completed, printed in letters of gold, and bound in embroidered silk with silver clasps. For this the copyist is to receive twenty-five thousand pounds. There are very few copies of these works in existence.—*Mirror (London)*.

Blodgett Road Scraper Manufacturing Co.—This company expect to have one of their patent *road scrapers* or *dump carts* on exhibition at the several fairs to be held at Sacramento, San Jose, Stockton, Petaluma and Santa Cruz, where graders and farmers can judge for themselves by personal inspection, as to its superiority over any other grading machine, and more particularly in the economy of expenditure and saving in labor in its use.

The Second Annual Exhibition of the Napa and Solano District Agricultural Society will be held at Vallejo, from the 9th to the 13th instant, inclusive. The sum of $5,000 has been appropriated for premiums.

Married.—In this city, Sept 1st, by Rev Dr Brotherton, Helen M. Littler to William J Townshend

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Sept. 16th—GREAT REPUBLIC, ...Capt. Howard.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 4th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Sept. 4—ARIZONA ......Capt. Caverly.
Sept. 19—NEVADA ......Capt. Austin

All Steamers will call at SAN DIEGO, MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 19th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge, will leave at 5 P. M., as follows: Saturday, August 23; Wednesday, Sept. 24.

Returning, will leave Honolulu Sept. 6th; Oct. 8th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M. as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt Harloe, Wednesday, Sept. 10; Monday, Sep 22.
ORIZABA, Capt Johnston, Thursday, Sept 4, Tuesday, Sept 16, Saturday, Sep. 27.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT

SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,

But takes no freight for San Simeon.

GIPSY, Capt Bogert, for San Diego and way ports, carrying acids, oils and combustibles—for San Luis Obispo and way ports, Monday, Sept 15, at 3 P. M. For San Diego and way ports Tuesday Sept. 4, at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Sept 6.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

JOHN V. PLUME & CO.,

Formerly of Burgoyne & Co., Bankers, 319 California street, San Francisco. Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Government Bonds, Stocks, Commercial Paper, and all other Negotiable Securities, Commercial Paper Discounted, Collections, both inland and foreign, promptly made throughout the United States and Europe, with quick returns. Refers by permission to Messrs. Lloyd Tevis & J. B. Haggin, Hon Milton S. Latham, Manager London and San Francisco Bank, Hon Thos. H. Selby, ex Mayor, John Parrott, Esq.; Judge S. C. Hastings, Wm. H. Tillinghast, Esq., Manager Bank British Columbia; Gustave Touchard, Esq., President Union Insurance Co. July 26.

WHARF TOLLS.

Office of the Board of State Harbor Commissioners, 414 Montgomery street.—San Francisco, July 26, 1873.—Tickets for Tolls at the Wharves under the control of the Commissioners can be obtained at this office in quantities to suit. On and after the first day of August none other will be received, and not less than 12½ cents for a single load. By order of the Board.

August 2. J. A. McCLELLAND, Secretary.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Mr. John Bensley (President of the Pacific Oil and Lead Works), and MR. L. B. BENCHLEY (Vice-President and Manager of the Pacific Rolling Mills Co.), are admitted partners in our firm. The business will be continued, as heretofore, under the same firm name. LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.

San Francisco, August 1st, 1873. August 23.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

REMOVAL.

A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his office and warerooms to No.'s 113 and 115 Pine street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over mountainous and difficult roads. June 28.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. July 24.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 11.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 50 Montgomery Block. May 31.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

A. T. ELLIOTT,

Ship and Grain Broker, 214 California street, San Francisco. August 2.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 19.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 24.]

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries

Butter, Cal., fresh ꝑ ℔	25@	40
Cheese, Cal.	10@	28
Honey	7@	
Eggs, ꝑ doz.	40@	45
Lard, ꝑ ℔	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ꝑ ℔	16@	20
Cranberries, ꝑ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ꝑ ℔	2@	
Lima Beans, ꝑ ℔	6@	
Tomatoes, ꝑ ℔	3@	
Onions, ꝑ ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ꝑ ℔	2@	5
Pumpkins, ꝑ ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	6@	25
Cucumbers, ꝑ doz.	25@	
Celery, ꝑ doz b.	75@1	00
Beets, ꝑ doz b.	20@	25
Turnips, ꝑ doz b.	6@	25
Parsnips, ꝑ doz b.	6@	25
Radishes, ꝑ doz b.	6@	25
Green Peas, ꝑ ℔	5@	6
String Beans, ꝑ ℔	6@	15
Apples, ꝑ ℔	4@	8
Pears, ꝑ ℔	5@	10
Peaches, ꝑ ℔	5@	20
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ꝑ ℔	12@	25
Do. new, ꝑ ℔	8@	12
Oranges, ꝑ doz.	50@1	00
Lemons, ꝑ 100	75@1	50
Limes, ꝑ doz	25@	
Chickens, each	62@	75
Turkeys, ꝑ ℔	22@	
Geese, ꝑ pair	2 00@2	50
Ducks, ꝑ pair	2 00@2	25
Rabbits, ꝑ pair	30@	
Hares, each	6@	37
Oysters, ꝑ 100	1 00@1	25
Clams, ꝑ 100	60@	
Mussels, ꝑ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ꝑ ℔	10@	15
Salmon, fresh, ꝑ ℔	10@	
Codfish, ꝑ ℔	6@	
Rockfish, ꝑ ℔	10@	
Smelts, ꝑ ℔	12@	
Tomcod, ꝑ ℔	12@	
Sturgeon, ꝑ ℔	6@	
Flounders, ꝑ ℔	25@	
Halibut, ꝑ ℔	87@	
Perch, ꝑ ℔	10@	
Shrimps, ꝑ ℔	10@	
Anchovies, ꝑ ℔	6@	
Soles, ꝑ ℔	25@	

Stuart Seldon Wright,

ATTORNEY

AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

OFFICES:

Nos. 10 and 11, 431 California st., up stairs.

Aug 9.

E. S. TIBBEY,

Stock Broker,

No. 6 LEIDESDORFF ST.

H. F. Williams & Co.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

ROOM 10,

STEVENSON'S BUILDING,

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

California and Mont. sts.,

SAN FRANCISCO,

Aug 23.

BIZ.

The Election for State and Municipal Officers, just closed, has very seriously disturbed business centers, in having drawn off attention to other matters and kept at home interior buyers and traders. Now that the contest is over, we hope to experience a trade revival and an active Fall business in general merchandise. Money is plentiful and the demand large, chiefly for the moving of the cereal crops. The high prices ruling for Breadstuff absorbs more money than usual for the business besides, Grain has pressed forward to tide-water with unusual alacrity. The wharves hereabouts are covered with Wheat, corded up in stacks to be measured by the mile. The trouble is to get the Wheat that is sold delivered, to clean up accounts. This will explain why Wheat for future delivery commands a better price than for spot parcels. There is no scarcity of vessels to move the crop, but ships in port with full cargoes are troubled to find wharf room on which to discharge inward cargoes. It is now asserted that we have over 900,000 tons of registered tonnage now en route to this port.

Our Exports of Breadstuffs from this port by sea from July 1, 1873, to date, as compared with the same time in 1872, have been as follows:

To	1873 Flour. bbls.	1873 Wheat. ctls.	1872 Flour. bbls.	1872 Wheat. ctls
New York, etc	809	...	1,244	833
Great Britain	..	979,375		1,389,856
China	22,000	....	16,735	1,106
Japan	2,031	....	1,267	...
Mexico	300	3	....	2
Panama	1,920	....	2,061	....
British Columbia	254	96	1,090	308
Central America	6,146	....	8,787	....
South America	2,235	...	40	..
Hawaiian Islands	1,702	70	1,173	67
Tahiti	723	....	1,135	208
Africa	....	....	2,500	2,012
New Zealand	....	...	425	...
Australia	....	22,400	12,000	39,971
Manila	....	...	2,210	....
Russian Possessions	1,000	....	....	...
Totals	38,292	1,001,944	51,359	1,435,353

Our Breadstuff shipments to the United Kingdom were as follows:

	Wheat, ctls.	Value.
Totals since July 1st, 1873....31 vessels	979,375	$1,801,989
49 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	1,389,856	2,818,169
8 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	223,714	511,013
27 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	747,753	1,087,146
44 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	1,184,097	2,121,763

And at this writing there are 20 vessels on the berth, registering 22,900 tons.

In Barley, the export movement is continued, with sales of 8,000 sks Chevalier, a part at $1 62½. 30,000 sks in lots, bright feed, chiefly for export, at $1 32½@$1 35; 10,000 sks ditto, private; 10,000 sks ditto, $1 35@$1 37½, 2,600 sks brewing, $1 40@$1 45, part old crop. The vessels dispatched with Barley since July 1, 1873, are as follows:

Cleared.	Vessel.	Destination.	Ctls.	Value
July 17	Laura	Antofogasta	4,804	$6,008
August 1	Hazzard	Antofogasta	9,770	11,141
August 7	Queen Emma	Antofogasta	8,101	9,000
August 14	Star of Jamaica	Iquiqui	8,478	9,700
August 22	Levi Stevens	Iquiqui	16,072	19,500
August 30	Mendoza	Nelson, N Z	13,315	16,311
Sept 1	Fanny Hare	Port Chalmers	5,025	6,500
Sept 2	Brierly Hill	Iquiqui	15,068	18,000
Totals since July 1, 1873, 8 vessels			80,615	$95,160
Totals since July 1, 1872, 6 vessels			60,852	74,509

On the berth—Camana, 502; Signal, 492.

Imports of Coffee are now for the most part at hand for the season. Stocks are by no means large or burdensome, and holders are exacting extreme price, say 23c. for strictly prime Green. St. Louis continues to be our largest buyer, and the trade rapidly expanding. Chicago shows a preference for importing her own supply of Central American, via New York, rather than via San Francisco. She will perhaps learn wisdom by and by, and find that it will be to her advantage to look to the West for supplies, not only of Coffee, but Rice, Tea, Spices, etc. A better system of railroad charges and freights to and from the Pacific ought to command early attention from the railway, and this done we would secure a very large trade from the Northwest that is now lost to us by the excessive freight charges demanded on sectional routes. Our Powder manufacturers and Purveyors of Canned Goods, Fruits and Vegetables ought to be able to secure all of this trade west of the Rocky Mountains. Why not?

Rice Imports are liberal, stock large and prices nominal. Sugars are in good stock, but without change in values. Teas of the new crop, both China and Japan, continue to sell here at low prices and are attracting Eastern buyers to this coast. The market for metals seems to be more or less demoralized. Pig Iron, Bar Iron, Tin Plate, Yellow metal for sheathing purposes all seem to favor the buyer, with light sales. Quicksilver is in moderate supply, and prices continue to rule high, $1 10. Bags and Bagging Material are in large stock, somewhat excessive by reason of the poor out-turn of the cereal crops. Grain sacks have declined to 12c—three cents below the cost of importation. Coals from Australia and other outports fail to cover cost and freight. Prices for all Bituminous are ruinously low by reason of excessive supplies supposed to be *en route* from the New Zealand mines.

Bags.—Receipts of Grain Bags per sail to date, 9,418,000; per steamer, 4,000,000; per rail, 200,000; from Oakland Mill, 1,300,000, old stock on hand Jan 1, 1873, 1,000,000, total, 15,918,000. Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1873, 5,121,000, sales and shipment to Oregon, 1,300,000, consumption to date, exclusive of say 800,000 second hand Bags, 9,595,000, total 15,918,000. To arrive per sail, 400,000, per steamer, unknown. Sales of standard English hand-sewed Grain Sack, 22x36, are reported in invoice lots at 13@12½. At this ruinous low rate several large importing holders have withdrawn from the market. Hessians have also declined, 40-inch, 9¾@10c, 45-inch, 11c. Wool Sacks are in limited demand at 57½@60c from first hands.

Our Merchandise Exports by sea for the past week have been as follows: Comet for Cork carried 35,644 ctls Wheat, valued at $73,970, Lord of the Isles for Hongkong had 5,429 bbls Flour, 118,560 feet Lumber, 1,910 cases Canned Fruits, 161 ctls Oats, 2,030 sks Potatoes, 2,433 pkgs Shrimps, etc., valued at $67,236, Japan for Japan had 387 bbls Flour, 134 rolls Leather, etc, valued at $27,511, some for China had 800 bbls Flour, 130 sks Beans, 1,299 sks Potatoes, 101 pkgs Ginseng, etc, valued at $18,921, Mendoza for Nelson, N. Z., carried 13,315 ctls Barley, valued at $16,311, Brierly Hill for Iquiqui had 15,068 ctls Barley, valued at $18,000, Ocean Express for Molendo carried 320,579 feet Lumber, 31,056 Railroad Ties, valued at $17,366, Fannie Hare for Port Chalmers, N. Z., had 5,025 ctls Barley, valued at $6,500, L. P. Foster for La Libertad carried 160,000 feet Lumber, etc, valued at $6,181. Total for the week, $253,793, against $691,307 for the week preceding. Overland shipments of Coffee, Tea, Rice, Fruit, etc, have been of considerable importance.

Furs and Skins.—The steamship Alexander, from Oonalaska 13 days, to the Alaska Commercial Company, has for cargo 57,268 Fur Seal Skins, besides other kinds. These are all being repacked and cured for the London market, and will go forward by rail.

The Bulletin is wide of the truth in all its tonnage statistics—Custom House valuations. Errors abound, being as thick as blackberries. We have before alluded to the great increase of tonnage on the way to this port during August. The quantity August 1st was 167,000 tons, September 1st, 208,611 tons, an increase of 41,611 tons during the month, equal to a capacity of 1,200,000 sks of Wheat. The tonnage now on the way here, as compared with same date last year, is as follows, omitting some vessels not available for the Wheat trade.

	1872		1873	
New York	37	41,472	28	40,164
Baltimore	6	5,999	2	2,709
Alexandria	.	...	1	912
Boston	5	3,514	2	4,967
Philadelphia	3	3,340	.	
Brashear	9	1,779	1	1,630
Great Britain	47	40,632	86	84,810
Germany	8	5,402	3	1,049
Australia	17	19,693	74	77,259
East Indies	13	10,130	2	2,022
South America	9	2,542	24	25,059
France	10	6,377	13	6,092
China	9	7,530	9	12,377
Total	155	149,079	194	206,532

The Flour movement to Great Britain this season will aggregate upwards of 100,000 bbls—the Star Mills of Vallejo sending the largest supply, the Pioneer Mills, etc., of Sacramento next, the Salem Mills, of Oregon, the third in quantity, then comes the Golden Age, National and Genesee Mills with their quota. This flour was secured at less than $6 per bbl. The present price of Golden Age, Golden Gate, and other sil k dressed flour is now $6 50@6 75 per 196 ℔s, while superfine brands rule from $5 25@5 75, extra superfine, $6 per bbl. The stock of flour is very light, both here and in the interior, leading mills having purchased and contracted largely of Wheat before the advance, and contracted for the sale of their flour for export as noted above.

The Barley Market is not quite as strong as it was a few days ago, nevertheless there seems to be an under current both here and in the country, stimulated somewhat by Eastern advices from New York and Chicago. We notice small purchases there of Malt for Peru, at a high figure. We quote Chevalier Barley, $1 60 a $1 65; Brewing, $1 40 a $1 45; Feed, $1 30 a $1 35 ꝑ ctl. The crop this year will be light.

Eastern Sugar Markets are more than usually active. The New York Shipping List of August 27th says: Sales larger than in any previous day for nearly forty years, the operations reaching 8,871 hhds and 3,347 boxes sugar, chiefly sold to refiners. The market closed strong, with a slight advance in refined. As yet no change in price has taken place in San Francisco. We, however, look for an advance in Yellow Coffee, as well as in all White Refined Sugars at an early day. Spreckles holds the winning card.

Freights.—A light business is doing in charters for Breadstuffs to the United Kingdom, consequently freights are more or less nominal. The most of the vessels now on the berth were chartered prior to arrival. Present rates to a direct port cannot be quoted at over £3 5s., to Cork for the United Kingdom, £3 10s; and for orders to the Continent, £3 7s 6d. The tendency of the freight market is to a lower standard of rates. From what follows it will be seen that some few engagements have been made for vessels to proceed to the Colombia River to load both Wheat and Flour. Flour to Hongkong by steamer, $1 ꝑ ton. The fine new ship Three Brothers is being rapidly completed, and will be ready for sea in October.

Wool.—We report an active market for Fall clip, receipts of which are large for the season. Choice parcels sell quite freely at 16@18c for fair to best grades. So far, Burry Fall clip is neglected, and we have no sales to report and can give no quotations. The aggregate sales for the week about 500,000 ℔s.

Hides.—The market is strong at 17½@18½c for usual selection of Dry; Wet Salted, 8½@9c. 8,000 ℔s city salted sold from slaughterers at 9½c; country ditto, 8½@9c.

Tallow.—Is unchanged, with sales of 15,000 ℔s crude at 6¾@7c.

Hops.—But few lots of the new crop yet brought in, and of these small sales have been made at 27@32½c ꝑ ℔, according to quality. The crop yield will be a fair average.

Coffee for St. Louis.—Sales for Missouri have been made this week at 21½c @21¾c; now held at 22@23c—some holders now looking forward to 24@25c. as ruling rates before the close of the season.

Mustard Seed is scarce—crop light. The Arizona, for New York, carried 800 ctls., price nominal.

Black Pepper has declined. The late importation of 140 bags from Hongkong sold at 23½@24c.—a decline.

Treasure for Callao.—The Arizona, for Panama, carried en route for Callao $200,114 in gold coin.

Coals from Newcastle, N. S. W.—The ship Commodore is at hand with 1550 tons "Sydney," worth $9@9 50.

Borax Movement.—The P. M. S. S. Arizona, for Panama, carried en route to England 228 cases, and to New York 225 cases, price 20c ꝑ ℔.

The Corn crop in California will be comparatively large, and of good quality. Present price, $1 35 a $1 45 ꝑ ctl.

Oats are in good request, at hardening prices, say $1 65 a $1 85 ꝑ ctl.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore. The favor it has received, and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes, fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,

Agent Decoto Land Company, 621 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec 24.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Ahrens—In this city, August 30th, to the wife of Jacob H Ahrens, a daughter
Cosgrove—In this city August 28th, to the wife of James Cosgrove, a son
Herring—In this city, September 1st, to the wife of W J Herring, a son.
Kron In this city, September 1st, to the wife of Julius Kron, a son.
Martin In this city, August 30th, to the wife of A. Martin, a son.
Weule—In this city, August 31st, to the wife of L. Weule, a son
Shaw—In this city, August 24th, to the wife of William Andrew Shaw, a daughter.
Scheurer—In this city, August 28th, to the wife of Christian Scheurer, a daughter
Schonsler In this city, August 23th, to the wife of John Schonsler, a son.

ALTAR.

Bauer-Kappmeier -In this city, Sept. 4th, Jacob Bauer to Mary M Kappmeier.
Bergner Bertelson—In this city, Aug 30th, John Alfred Bergner to Anna Bertelson
Erichson-Lawson—In this city, August 30th, John Erichson to Maria Lawson.
Graul Reck—In this city, August 30th, Franz Graul to Minna Reck
Little Taylor In this city, August 24th, William Henry Little to Maria Taylor.
Mitchel Stewart In this city, August 28th, William Mitchel, to Eliza J Stewart
Momsen Tychsen—In this city, August 30th, August Momsen to Minna S Tychsen.
Townshend Littler—In this city, Sept 1st, Wm. J Townshend to Helen M Littler
Thing Aiken In this city, August 30th, Albert F Thing to Margaret Aiken.
Weiss Leidemann In this city, Sept. 2d, Frederick Weiss to Etta Leidemann
Voss-Hoesch In this city, August 30th, Ferdinand Voss to Catharine Hoesch.

TOMB.

Butterfield—In this city September 3d, Charles P Butterfield, aged 51 years.
Esnault—In this city, September 2d, Marie Esnault, aged 25 years.
Haefner—In this city, September 3d, Carl Haefner, aged 45 years
Huguet In this city, September 1st, H Huguet, aged 46 years
LaLande—In this city, August 30th, Marie Rosa Lalande, aged 44 years.
Lewis—In this city, September 4th, Henry Lewis, aged 64 years.
Ryan—In this city, September 1st, Daniel Ryan, aged 64 years.
Roach—In the city Edmond Roach, aged 51 years
Smith In Oroville, August 30th, Mrs Janet Smith, aged 75 years.

EXTRAORDINARY EFFECTS OF LIGHTNING IN MANCHESTER, ENGLAND.

On Sunday morning, August 9th about eight o'clock, a thunderstorm of very brief duration passed over Manchester, and the lightning which accompanied it caused considerable destruction of property, but happily no loss of life. The chief effects of the storm appear to have been felt in Haok street, Cheetham Hill. At No 43, which is a public-house known as the Crown Inn, in the occupation of Mr Peter McKenna, the lightning struck the iron gutter running along the front of the house, entered the up-stairs sitting room, which is immediately under the roof, burning the ceiling, melting a portion of the gaspipe, and igniting the gas. It then appears to have passed along the pipe into the vault below, where it damaged the meter, also igniting the gas at that point. A child, one of the sons of Mr McKenna, was sitting at the time on a box beside the meter, but, strange to say, he was not injured in the slightest degree, although some bottles of liquor which were in a cupboard near to the spot where he was sitting were found to be broken. Mr McKenna states that his house was filled with flame for the space of some seconds. The most painful circumstance connected with the storm occurred at No 53, where the son of the occupier, Mr Duckworth who died on Thursday, was lying in his coffin in the front bedroom. The coffin, which was not screwed down, was placed upon the bed, and immediately after the storm it was found that the coffin had been partially displaced and the body disfigured. At No 63, the end house in the street, occupied by a bricklayer named Fnd on, the whole of the chimney stack was taken away and a large hole made in the roof into the room below. Considerable damage was done both in this room and the one beneath, the firegrates being forced out into the middle of the floors, and pictures and furniture damaged. Although the family of the occupier were in the house they were not hurt. A factory operative, who, with a number of others, was taking shelter from the storm under the wall of the house, was struck by a falling brick on the head, and received a wound, which was subsequently attended to at the Royal Infirmary. At Middleton the lightning struck two cottages, fifty yards apart, in Sandy Lane, Tonge, doing some damage in that occupied by a man named Hanacre. Mrs Hanacre, who was asleep in bed, was thrown with much force to the floor and sustained a severe shock. During the thunderstorm at Hebden Bridge, on Saturday morning, Thomas Sutcliffe, butcher, with his wife, was fastening up two stirks, when the electric fluid struck the husband and wife. Mrs. Sutcliffe was lifted into a barn, and the two stirks were killed on the spot. Mr. Sutcliffe was not much hurt.—*Manchester Guardian.*

A Welsh enthusiast this week writes of music as follows, *apropos* of eminent Welshmen who compose: "Music is written in cypher—the secret universal alphabet which was written at the beginning by the finger of the Great Creator—upon the soul of man. The kingdom of the musician, unlike that of other sovereigns, is simply illimitable and everlasting. Xerxes has been forgotten (the editor remembered him), and Cæsar has passed away. (Thank you, it is a fact.) And all care for them has perished, and all their power has gone by. But the 'Hallelujah Chorus' will never die, nor its influence, nor its charm, nor its embalming power to preserve the memory of its great composer always green. For the musician, as he weaves and unfolds the wonderful passages and filaments of his art, is but embalming himself. And Handel, when he had closed the last page of his *Messiah*, had made his own death an impossibility."

The following beautiful language could only come from the land of the setting sun: "Rubinstein is on the isthmus that divides the Orient and the Occident. The spray dashes over into each other, but they do not mix. There is an evident conflict and struggle in his nature and his music. He roars like a lion and is soft as a sucking dove by turns. He springs like a panther, and with his grace and precision, upon the keys. But his hands are claws in velvet. They smite like a hammer, they caress like a mother."

A proposal that Americans should have a special memorial to Shakspeare at Stratford-on-Avon has met with much favor, and the memorial is to take the form of a painted window, the subjects being Scriptural illustrations of the "Seven Ages of Man." The window selected for the memorial is that which immediately adjoins Shakspeare's monument in the chancel of the church. Most of the contributions for this work will come from New York, Boston and Philadelphia.

It is to be hoped that there is no truth in the statement that Mr. Sothern is going to produce next season a new comedy, by H J Byron, in which "Lord Dundreary" is to be introduced to private theatricals. It is all very well for Mr Sothern to be enamored of his one character part, but the public must by this time have grown utterly sick and disgusted with it.—*The Mirror (London)*

We are in receipt of the "Fireman's Song" (with chorus). Words by Sam Booth, music by Carl Hess. Dedicated to C. T. Ward Jr., Chief Engineer, and the Hayward Fire Department, Alameda County. Published by M Gray, 623 and 625 Clay street.

An organ concert will be given in St. John's Presbyterian (Dr. Scott's) Church, Tuesday evening, September 11th, at 8 o'clock. This is intended to be a musical treat of a high order, the finest talent in the city having been engaged for the purpose.

The Rev. Dr Scott, pastor, will preach in St. John's Presbyterian Church, Sunday, at the usual hours of service, 11 A M, 7½ P M. Public cordially invited to attend.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Sept. 5, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS.	FRI'Y	NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS.	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	—	—	3½
Alpha	23	—	24	Kentuck	8	—	19
Alta	5	—	—	Kentucky	3½	—	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—	Knickerbocker	2½	—	2¾
American Flag	4½	—	—	Kossuth	—	—	—
Arizona & Utah	—	—	1¼				
Arkansas	—	—	—	Louise	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—	Lower Comstock	—	—	—
American Flat	—	—	4				
Bacon	—	—	—	Mahogany	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	7½	—	6½	Mammoth	¼	—	—
Belcher	71	—	—	Meadow Valley	14½	—	—
Belmont	—	—	—	Minnesota	—	—	—
Bullion	—	—	—	Newark	5	—	—
Best & Belcher	44	—	4½	New York Consolidated	—	—	½
Buckeye	—	—	—	Noonday	—	—	—
Caledonia	19½	—	20	Occidental	—	—	—
Cedarberg	—	—	—	Ophir	29	—	65
Central	4	—	1	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	—	4½
Charter Oak	—	—	—	Overman	7½	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—	Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	—	—	—				
Chief East Extension	—	—	—	Pace & Panaca	½	—	—
Chollar	28	—	28	Pea Vine	—	—	—
Columbus	—	—	—	Phoenix	—	—	—
Confidence	6	—	6	Picton	—	—	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	1½	—	—	Pioche	—	—	4½
Consolidated Virginia	—	—	39	Pioche West	—	—	—
Cook & Geyser	—	—	—	P Phoenix	—	—	—
Crown Point	80	—	80				
Central No. 2	—	—	—	Raymond & Ely	66	—	69
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Rescue Consolidated	—	—	—
				Rye Patch	4½	—	4½
Daney	1½	—	1½	Red Jacket	2¼	—	2¼
Eclipse	4½	—	—	Savage	4	—	—
El Dorado	—	—	—	Seg. Belcher	22	—	—
Empire Mill	3½	—	4	Sierra Nevada	8	—	8¼
Empire Idaho	4½	—	—	Silver Peak	1¼	—	1
Eureka Consolidated	11¼	—	—	Silver Hill	12	—	—
Eureka, G. V.	—	—	—	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Exchequer	7½	—	7½	Sterling	—	—	—
				Succor	1¼	—	—
Globe	¾	—	—	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	2½	—	—	Silver Chariot	—	—	—
Gould & Curry	11	—	—	South Overman	—	—	—
Gila	—	—	—	St. Patrick	—	—	—
				South Comstock	1½	—	—
Hale & Norcross	23	—	23	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hermes	3	—	—	Tyler	—	—	—
Hobo & Hunt	—	—	—				
Hayes	3½	—	—	Union Consolidated	1	—	—
				Utah	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	6	—	—	Washington & Creole	2	—	2
Imperial	4	—	—	Washoe	—	—	—
Independent	1	—	—	Woodville	3½	—	—
Ingomar	¾	—	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Insurance	—	—	—				
Ivanhoe	—	—	—				
Jackson	¾	—	—	Yellow Jacket	60	—	53
Julia	—	—	—	Yule Gravel	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus * † Buyer 30

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR * Sundays excepted.	CLOSE. A.M.	CLOSE. P.M.	ARRIVE. A.M.	ARRIVE. P.M.
Alameda *	6 30			9 30
Antioch, Black Diamond, etc *		1 40		12 10
Benicia and Rio Vista, by C P R R Co.'s steamers *		3 15		9 30
Cloverdale and Coast Points *		3 15	10 30	
Eureka *		1 40	12 00	
Napa Route via Vallejo *		3 40	12 40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 30			9 00
Oakland	6 30	3 40		1 00
Overland	6 30			9 00
Petaloma and Coast Points *		1 15		12 30
Sacramento via Vallejo	7 15	3 40		12 40
San Rafael *	9 1		9 00	8 40
San Jose	7 55	4 30	9 20	6 00
Southern California and Arizona *	7 30			5 10
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	8 30	3 40	3 00	9 00
Vallejo and Benicia	7 15	3 4	12 00	9 00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County *		3 40		3 10
Great Britain, Monday and Thursday		7 00		

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6.30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays
S. D. STONE, P. M.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec 24.

HOMESTEADS THAT ARE HOMES

Persons in want of Houses are requested to examine the plans of those now being constructed upon that beautifully situated property on Pacific Heights, on the block bounded by Pacific Avenue, Webster and Jackson streets, commanding the most magnificent view of any location in the city, and accessible by cars which pass the doors. These Elegant Houses are built in the best manner, and will be sold ON A CREDIT OF SIX YEARS. Plans and specifications at the office of JOHN T LITTLE, Real Estate Agent, 30 Montgomery street. [July 26.

THE "STAR AND GARTER."

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL. The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's" at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 150 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been refitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL

NOTICE.

Mr. William Hatrick (or Haycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or at Hanley, Staffordshire, England—You are hereby informed that your daughter, MISS ELIZA DUNN, is now in San Francisco, California. Any communication addressed to her will be gladly received for Mrs. E. Dunn, at the "California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast," Merchant street, San Francisco. June 21

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London. J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Prescott's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 60 Old Broad street, Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within) Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court. Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co. Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 15 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within), Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane. Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st., Dinsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers, Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers. The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China. Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C. London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside. Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road. Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill, Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C. The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill. Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard. Bedford Hotel, Southampton Bldgs, W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S.; Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W., George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N. Thos Mills, 91 Gracwell Road, E. C. Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st., E.C.; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Read, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Budd, W. C. . 440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 333 Califor'a st.
Fitch, J. R. . 411 California st.
Higgins, W L....411 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H.... 509 California st.
Keene, J. R. . 435 California st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with J. Glazier & Co. ... 426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. 435 California st.
Peckham, E. P. 415 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. ...401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W......444 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

I FOLLOW STILL.

I am unwise to flutter round the light,
  Knowing its deadly power to scorch and kill—
Knowing my only safety lies in flight—
  I follow still

Fair, without blemish, stainless, without spot—
  Who, having seen, but longs to see again?
Me you have conquered, though you know it not;
  Not you I blame

Over your doors, in letters bold and clear,
  As on that darksome arch we written find,
Should be inscribed: "All ye who enter here
  Leave hope behind."

Time was when, had we met, I might have claimed
  Some right to speak the passion that I feel;
Now, lest with scorn presumption should be shamed,
  My lips I seal.

Yet must I linger, yet be near the light
  That sheds its glory though it shines to kill;
Casting a shadow where it falls most bright.
  I follow still.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 6, 1873. T. A. H.

THE NEW SEASON OF ITALIAN OPERA.

Everything is nearly ready, and we are in a position to be able to state that a great treat is in store for the musical public. Since our last issue the entire troupe, so carefully selected by Signor Mancusi, has arrived and from what we have heard from those capable of judging, they fully bear out all the promises of the *Impresario*. Signora Ida Visconti, a member of the noble Italian house whose name she bears, is a soprano of a high order and European reputation, not to mention the *furore* she created in Havana, and her brilliant career in the Eastern States. The like may be said of Mlle. Franzini, the contralto, whilst the highest measure of praise must be bestowed on Signor Verati, the tenor. We are informed by those privileged to attend rehearsals that the like has not yet been heard on the Pacific Coast, and as for Miss Wadsworth, we all remember our California favorite. Not least, is the transformation of Platt's Hall from a not very comfortable concert saloon to a perfect *bijou* of a theater. The parquette is raised and inclined, the stage is brought forward, the balcony is entirely composed of private boxes—something in the nature of pews—holding four persons and the whole interior is fresh and sparkling. It is not every day that artists like these visit our shores, and it behooves us to give them a welcome worthy of their merit, and at the same time testify our sense of the efforts of Signor Mancusi and his coadjutors. The first opera, next Monday, will be *Il Poliuto*, to be followed by other operas new to a California audience. The greater part of the balcony boxes are already taken by our most prominent citizens for the whole season, and we anticipate a brilliant success. We shall give each week a resumé of the performances.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

On Monday evening, at Shiels' Opera House, Mr Fred Lyster's new drama, *The Rising of the Moon*, will be produced for the first time. The plot is founded on the stirring events of '98 in ould Ireland, and the piece is doubtless constructed with that skill and knowledge of stage effect which was so noticeable in the author's previous works *Ready* and the dramatization of *Man and Wife*. Lyster will himself take the leading comic part, and the company has been strengthened by the addition of Miss St. John, whose recent *début* was a pronounced success. On Wednesday, the author takes his farewell benefit, when the above named play will be given with the addition of an afterpiece and an olio in which another fair aspirant to dramatic honors will appear for the first time. Mr Lyster has an undoubted claim on our public, never having taken a benefit during his five years stay, and his many friends have determined to give him a bumper house previous to his departure for New York, while they regretfully part from a gentleman at once author, actor, musician, and good fellow.

Alhambra.—The houses at this theater have not been so large as such an excellent programme should draw. Besides songs by Baker, Russell, Sweatnam, Manning, etc., and a most comic duet by Kelly and Leon, there are several very funny negro pieces played, such as *Turn Him Out*, *Second Hand Hotel*, etc. The great piece of the evening, however, is the burlesque on the *New Magdalen*. Leon is "Mercy Merrick," and Little Mac "Horace Holmcroft," while Sweatnam takes the part of "Grace Roseberry." It is the most comical piece we have ever seen, even at this house, where Momus reigns supreme. On Monday, Susan Galton and Jennie Lee's opera bouffe, burlesque and comedy troupe make their first appearance here, when, no doubt, crowded houses will repay the manager for his energy and pluck in thus catering for the public amusement.

California Theater.—The *Sea of Ice* has been seen by some thousands, and is still running. The main scene, the frozen sea, is so like reality that several severe colds have been caught, not, however, from it, but from the fearful draught which blows down in the orchestra. Cannot the management alter this in some way? *Fanchette* is promised for next week, when the actors will have a chance, and will not be made subservient to scenery.

Charley Schultz.—The accomplished leader of the California Theater orchestra, and founder of the Independence Hook and Ladder Company, and for whose truck he paid out of his own pocket, will have his first benefit in California on Sunday evening (to-morrow) and all lovers of music and all members of the old Volunteer Fire Department of San Francisco should remember this and "govern themselves accordingly." "So mote it be!"

Woodward's Gardens have been visited by great numbers of people this week. To-day and Sunday, Mlle Gaugain will dance her justly celebrated "pas de deux" with Madame Bulslay. Mlle. Gaugain is one of the most graceful dancers we have ever had on this coast. The Bulslay Family will also appear in their laughable comic pantomime. The aquarium will no doubt be visited by thousands.

Shiels' Opera House.—The Irish element have had a grand week. They have seen a whole regiment of the hated Saxons whipped and sat upon by three or four good Irishmen, and no doubt have derived consolation from the sight. *Mavourneen* is now on the boards.

The City Gardens are looking lovely, and hold out great inducements for visitors, both to-day and Sunday. The programme for Sunday is an especially good one, including everything that can tend to make an enjoyable day.

"**Music** hath charms to sooth the savage breast" or, in fact, any breast, savage or otherwise—particularly when it proceeds from instruments like Hallett, Davis & Co.'s Pianos. These Pianos, unequaled for tone and power, took the first premium at the Sacramento State Fair last year. George Woods & Co.'s Cabinet Organs, too, are wonderful instruments, with immense power and wonderful expression. Wm. G. Badger, 18 Sansome street, is sole agent for the above.

At the last Bohemian High Jinks, the most striking feature was the reading of Sergeant Buzfuz's speech in the famous breach of promise case of Bardell versus Pickwick, "by the ghost of Charles Dickens." Mr Sumner Bugbee personated the ghost and his "make up" was something marvelous to behold. Good judges declared that Bugbee was quite equal to Craig in the part.

The Twenty-fourth Anniversary of the California Lodge, No. 1, I. O. O. F., will take place at Union Hall, next Tuesday, Sept. 9th. The Odd Fellows' parties are always considered among the most enjoyable of the season, and this will not be an exception, as everything is being done to delight the participants.

The two rising tenors are Signor Borkoni and Herr Hawkinswiski. The latter can get up to C, and hold it till either he or it drop.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.	TEAS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1...	$50 00 @ 52 50	Japans	— 20 @ — 73
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 3 @ — 4	Oolong	— 50 @ — 65
Metal Sheathing ℔	— 21 @ — 25	SUGARS	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No. 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 9½
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 6½ @ — 9½
Lead, Pig, ℔	6 @ 6½	Manila	— @ — 7½
Lead, Sheet ℔	9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11½
Banca Tin ℔	— 26 @ — 28	Muscovado	— 7 @ — 8
Quicksilver	1 10 @ — —	Peruvian	— 7 @ — 8
COAL		CANDLES	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	9 00 @ 11 00	Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 42
Australian	9 00 @ 9 50	Adamantine	— 13 @ — 18
Cumberland	22 00 @ 23 50	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS	
Anthracite	17 00 @ 22 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ℔	— 22 @ — 23	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 26 @ — 24	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— 20 @ — 21	BAGS AND BAGGING	
Costa Rica	— 22 @ — 23	Chicken Gunnies 300-℔	— — @ 20
RICE		Gunny Bags in bales	— — @ 20
China, No 1, ℔	— 6½ @ — 6¾	Burlap Bags	— 12 @ — 13½
China, No 2	— 5½ @ — 5¾	Hessian 40-inch, ℔ yard	— 9½ @ — 10
Hawaiian	— 6½ @ — 7½	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES		Wool, ℔	— 14 @ — 27
Champagne, ℔ doz.	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 6½ @ 7
Port according to brand		Hides	— 18 @ — 18½
℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Wheat, ℔ 100 ℔	2 15 @ 2 25
Sherry, do. do.	1 75 @ 7 00	Barley	1 30 @ 1 45
OIL		Oats	1 65 @ 1 85
Coal and Kerosene	— 32½ @ — 40	Flour, ℔ 196 ℔s.	5 25 @ 6 75

PLATT'S NEW MUSIC HALL.—GRAND ITALIAN OPERA,

Under the management of Signor G. Mancusi, who will have the honor to introduce the following artistes:

Prima Donna Dramatica Assoluta SIGNORA IDA VISCONTI
Prima Donna Leggera par le Opera Bouffe, MISS MARY E. WADSWORTH.
Prima Donna Contralto MLLE MARIE FRANZINI
Primo Tenore Assoluto, SIGNOR GAETANO VERATI.
Primo Tenore, SIGNOR E. BIANCHI
Baritoni and Bassi: ROSSI, MANCUSI, RIGO
GRAND ORCHESTRA. Full and Efficient Chorus. SIG A. SPADINA, Director of Orchestra. Monday Evening, Sept. 8th, will be produced IL POLIUTO.
Dress Circle and Orchestra Chairs, $1 50. Parquette, $1. Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra. Private Boxes $8, $10, $12 and $15. Box Office at the Hall, where seats can be secured, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily. Sept. 6.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny st., near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; John Woodard, Stage Manager. E. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, Sept. 6th and until further notice. Mr Geo. C. Thompson has made an immense hit and appears in three new acts this week. The Perry Brothers still continue to win golden opinions from all sorts of people. Grand production this week of the Local Extravaganza, entitled, TRIP TO THE MOON, introducing "The Mystic Shadows," "Tableau Vivant," and the grand "Lunarian March." Music composed by E. Zimmer. Miss Jennie Johnson appears as "Molly Brown, a Candidate Running for Congress." Matt Kelly, Tommy Bree, Fred Ritchie and Tommy Barton are scattered all through the performance. Cassim and Fritz still astonish the nsands nightly. Our Male and Female Minstrels give a grand First Part. A brilliant Interlude immediately follows by our great Variety Company. Come and see "Happy Uncle John," and get acquainted with "My Gal," who will introduce you to "Sugar Plum" and take you through the "Haunted Hut," and show you other sights to be seen in "City Life." Sept. 6.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor, Sam Wetherill Treasurer. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon, MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. The Great Ethiopian Comedian BILLY SWEATNAM. Continued success of those immense Artists, KELLY and LEON. The Greatest Song and Dance Men in the World, WELCH and RICE. The Great BILLY MANNING. Entire new First Part. "The Girl of the Period" Ballad "You and I," Joe Russell. "Turn Him Out," "Second Hand Hotel." Monday Evening, Sept 8th, SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE LEE Opera Bouffe and Comedy Troupe. Admission: Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. Sept. 6.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, at 2 o'clock: SEA OF ICE. This (Saturday) Evening, Sept. 6th, the Grand Spectacular Drama THE SEA OF ICE. In active preparation, FANCHETTE; Or, TWENTY YEARS AFTER, being a sequel, by the same author, of the popular play of FANCHON, THE CRICKET. Sept. 6.

SAN FRANCISCO GRAND HURDLE RACES AND RUNNING RACES.

Ocean View Driving Park Course, Saturday, Sept. 6th, 1873.

Four Great Races the same day.—The horses at the post to start for First Race at 2 o'clock, punctually. Special Trains at 12 30, 1, and 1 30 o'clock, from San Jose Depot, Market street, will run to Industrial School, a short distance from the Course. Fare, 25 cents. Conveyances from the city at cheap fares, running to and fro all day. August 21.

WOODWARD'S GARDENS.

Embracing a Marine Aquarium, Museum, Art Gallery, Conservatories, MENAGERIE, SEAL PONDS and AMPHITHEATER. Skating Every Day. Grand Performance and Concert Every Saturday and Sunday. Admission—25 Cents, Children under 10 years, 10 Cents. August 9.

THE CALIFORNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

No. 512 California street. Guarantee Capital, $300 000. Receives Ordinary and Term Deposits. Interest payable semi-annually. Makes Loans on City and County Real Estate and other approved securities. President—David Farquharson. Vice-President—Charles Lux. Secretary—D. B. Chisholm. [Sept. 6.

BUENA VISTA VINICULTURAL SOCIETY,

Office, 400 Battery street, San Francisco.—Vineyards and Cellars, Sonoma. Orders respectfully solicited for WHITE and RED WINES and PURE BRANDY. Special attention is called to their SPARKLING NATIONAL GRAPE, which received Honorable Mention at the Paris Exhibition in 186.. [Sept. 6.

JOHN AITKEN AND WILLIAM AITKEN,

From neighborhood of Glasgow, Scotland.—Information is wanted as to these persons, or either of them, or if still in life, they are requested to communicate with ROBERT STEWART, Solicitor, 1?6 West Regent street, Glasgow, from whom they may hear of something to their advantage. Sept. 6.

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

The Celebrated Brand of "Carte Blanche," for sale to the trade in quantities to suit, by MACONDRAY & CO
Sept. 6. Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Oriflamme, D. Bolles, Commander, will leave Folsom st. wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, Sept. 6th, at 10 o'clock A. M. [Sept. 6.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

J. H. JONES & CO.,

Stock Brokers.—Members of San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board. Office—509 California street. Sept. 6.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 60? to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE LAW OF DEATH.

The song of Kilvany. Fairest she
In all the land of Savatthi
She had one child, as sweet and gay
And dear to her as the light of day.
She was so young, and he so fair,
The same bright eyes and the same
dark hair.
To see them by the blossomy way
They seemed two children at their
play

There came a death-dart from the sky.
Kilvany saw her darling die
The glimmering shade his eyes invades,
Out of his cheek the red bloom fades;
His warm heart feels the icy chill,
The round limbs shudder and are still.
And yet Kilvany held him fast
Long after life's last pulse was past;
As if her kisses could restore
The smile gone out for evermore.

But when she saw her child was dead
She scattered ashes on her head,
And seized the small corpse, pale and
sweet,
And rushing wildly through the street,
She sobbing fell at Buddha's feet.
"Master! all-helpful! help me now!
Here at thy feet I humbly bow;
Have mercy, Buddha! help me now!"
She groveled on the marble floor,
And kissed the dead child o'er and o'er.
And suddenly upon the air
There fell the answer to her prayer:
"Bring me to-night a lotus tied
With thread from a house where none
has died."

She rose, and laughed with thankful joy,
Sure that the god would save the boy.
She found a lotus by the stream
She plucked it from its noonday dream,
And then from door to door she fared,
To ask what house by death was spared
Her heart grew cold to see the eyes
Of all dilate with slow surprise:
"Kilvany, thou hast lost thy head
Nothing can help a child that is dead.
There stands not by the Ganges' side
A house where none hath ever died."
Thus through the long and weary day,
From every door she bore away
Within her heart, and on her arm,
A heavier load, a deeper harm.
By gates of gold and ivory,
By wattled huts of poverty,
The same refrain heard poor Kilvany,
The living are few—the dead are many.

The evening came, so still and fleet,
And overtook her hurrying feet,
And, heart-sick, by the sacred fane
She fell, and prayed the god again.
She sobbed and beat her bursting breast:
"Ah! thou hast mocked me! Mightiest!
Lo! I have wandered far and wide—
There stands no house where none hath
died."
And Buddha answered, in a tone
Soft as a flute at twilight blown,
But grand as heaven and strong as death
To him who hears with ears of faith:
"Child, thou art answered! Murmur not!
Bow, and accept the common lot."
Kilvany heard with reverence meet,
And laid her child at Buddha's feet.

Extracts from New Books and Magazines.

THE NEW WORLD RIVALING THE OLD.

Advices lately to hand from New York respecting the wonderful development of the iron and hardware industries of the United States are exciting serious apprehensions in Birmingham and its neighborhood. The accuracy of these advices is to some extent confirmed by the serious diminution of orders for certain classes of hardware, the manufacturers of which have hitherto found in the American market their principal customers. Nor does it appear that our rivals in the States are content with satisfying the requirements of their own market, for their productions are already supplanting English goods in Canada, and to some extent in Australia and New Zealand. A correspondent, writing from New York, says: "It is a common boast that in a very short time the superiority of Yankee skill and ingenuity will force a market in England itself for many articles of American hardware; that Yankee cutlery will appear on English dinner tables, and Yankee saws, augurs and chisels be preferred by the carpenters of Birmingham and Sheffield." These statements are to some extent corroborated by the advices now being received by the merchants in Birmingham and Wolverhampton. There can be no doubt that the American manufacturers have turned to profitable account the recent course of events in the English labor market. For some years the American manufacturers have had to contend with the disadvantage of dear labor; but this very circumstance has in the long run proved of benefit to them, seeing that it has enforced the application of labor-saving machinery on a much larger scale than has been attempted in this country. The superiority of American fine iron castings has long been acknowledged, and in the earlier years of hardware manufactures in the States, the dearness of labor was largely compensated for by the substitution of cast for wrought iron in almost all kinds of produce. This advantage was, however, obtained at the expense of the quality of the goods for strength and endurance, and the necessity of increased mechanical appliances for the saving of hand labor became apparent some years since to the leading manufacturers of the States. The wonderful system of labor-saving machinery now existing is the result. Railway fastenings, door locks, spring bars, currycombs, tin wares, and some descriptions of edge-tools, are among the classes of produce in which American competition is beginning to be seriously felt in Birmingham and the South Staffordshire district. Last year's produce of iron rails in the States was nearly 1,000,000 tons, of which Pennsylvania alone yielded nearly one-half. Other descriptions of finished iron are also being produced in large and rapidly-increasing quantities. As the price of iron and coal advances in this country, it must necessarily be so much in favor of the American exporter. Singularly enough, an American paper now before us is congratulating its readers upon the agreeable fact that the imports into the United States are falling off, while the exports are on the increase. It is for the manufacturers of this country to exercise all their skill and ingenuity in manufacturing processes in order to counterbalance in some measure the high rates they are paying for iron and coal, so as to bring down the manufactured article to such a price that will drive all competitors out of the market, and induce the capitalist abroad to buy from this country.—*European Mail*

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of Appleton's Journal: It may be true, as you say, that "no nation has established an exclusive right for bad temper and bad manners," but this is acknowledged, that the Yankees have by far the strongest claims to it. Excuse the use of the term "Yankees," but, until this nation acquires a name, it is hard to define the people. The *Saturday Review* is right, and you cannot dispose of your own vulgarities by affecting to credit them to somebody else. At the *table d'hôte* in the Hotel de l'Europe at Havre, a sixteen people sit down to dine. A party of eight "Americans," that is, Yankees, or United Statesians—for I would not libel either the Canadians or the Patagonians—occupy the head of the table. Directly the desert is served, these "ladies" and "gentlemen" sweep all off it to their own plates, and what they cannot eat they carry away. I remember, too, the disgust of some French and English passengers on my last trip across the Atlantic. A party of six New Yorkers invariably took possession of the centre of the table before anybody else sat down, seized every dish within reach, piled fish, vegetables, meat, all they could get, on to their plates, and, before decent people had recovered from their wonder, these civilized Yankees were "through," and busily engaged in sucking toothpicks. Yes, sir, the Yankees are fast becoming a social curse in Europe, even as they are a political curse everywhere, and, if vices and immorality, abortions, infanticides, corruption of all kinds, depravity in women as well as men, vulgarities, indecencies, prevail anywhere in European society, I believe from my soul that it is the Yankees who are the cause thereof. I have studied the Yankee character for twenty years at home and abroad. I have busied myself accumulating facts for publication concerning them; my prejudices, if any, when I began, were in their favor, but I believe now that if there be any so-called civilized nation that is more devilish, more degraded than another, if there be a people more depraved, more selfish, more utterly destitute of every redeeming feature in a bad character, it can only be found in these United States.

D. C. L.

The above letter is the second one we have received from "D. C. L." The first is attended to in an editorial paragraph elsewhere. We print the above mainly because we presume our readers will not object to a little "spicy" reading, and, further, because it may be as well to show how courteous and truthful an Englishman can be when criticising the people of a country where he is sojourning. Of course, we shall not degrade ourselves by replying to his tissue of lies. While it is no doubt true that some ill-bred Americans travel abroad, it is equally evident that England does not keep all her friends at home.—*Ed. Journal.*

NOTICE.

Pursuant to a decree of the High Court of Chancery made in a cause of "[illegible] on behalf of himself and others, against the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company (limited) and others," the persons claiming to be holders of debentures of the defendants the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company [illegible] are on or before the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER [illegible] to send by post, [illegible] MR. WILLIAM TURQUAND [illegible] No. 1 Token House Yard, London, [illegible] of the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company [illegible] of such debentures, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree. Every [illegible] paid debentures, is, by himself or his [illegible] to produce the [illegible] in respect of which he claims before [illegible] the Vice Chancellor Sir Richard Malins, at his chambers, situated at No. [illegible] Stone Buildings, Lincoln's Inn, Middlesex, on THURSDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1873, at 12 o'clock, at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims, or to forward his debenture to the said Mr. Turquand for production as aforesaid.

Dated this 19th day of July, 1873. E. N. WALKER, Chief Clerk

[illegible], 2 Threadneedle street, London, E. C., Plaintiff's Solicitor [Aug. 30.]

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers con- necting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf at [illegible] P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at [illegible] A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers and arriving in San Francisco at [illegible] P. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

Sunday Excursions, [illegible] April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at [illegible] A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at [illegible] P. M. Returning will [illegible] Cloverdale at [illegible] P. M., arriving in San Francisco at [illegible] P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 42 Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at [illegible] A. M. from Front st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale, [illegible] P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, [illegible] P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, [illegible] P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages at [illegible] for all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs' Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, [illegible] P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, [illegible] A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 10:30 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street. [May 1.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17 E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, [illegible] California street.

FOR EUREKA AND CRESCENT CITY.

The Steamship Pelican, J. D. Howell, Commander, will sail for the above ports on TUESDAY, August 19th at 10 o'clock A. M. Passage and Freight to CRESCENT CITY at the following greatly reduced rates, including Lighterage and Commissions: Cabin Passage, $15; Steerage, $[illegible]; Flour, Grain and Feed, per ton, $3; Ordinary Merchandise, per ton, $[illegible]. Through bills of lading to Arcata and Hookton. BEN HOLLADAY, Jr., Agent

August 16. [illegible] Sansome street.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The new A 1 Ship Glad Tidings, Thompson, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to (May 24.) E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, DIRECTAMME, and AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

June 14. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED Leaves Folsom street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the exhausted city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

Oct 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States. comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares. Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers and other noted resorts. Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc., [illegible] Lines, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Lines and the Coast etc. Published monthly by

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Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

MAIN & WINCHESTER

C. MAIN. E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, [illegible] Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 13.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,

March 1. 412 Front street, S. F.

WANTED

The advertiser, a competent Accountant, desires employment in a mercantile establishment. Please address "W." care of NEWS LETTER. [July 5.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Davey's Brick Building Santa Rosa June 15

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W. I.—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
BADEN-BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande.
WEISBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Danieli's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURGH.—Hotel Demuth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel, London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST.-LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel. (Tintern Abbey, 5 miles.)
DUBLIN.—The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel.
EDINBURGH.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel.
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager.
OTTAWA.—Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, E. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC.—Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House, Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Filiberto.
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Barcelo Colhna, Hotel Santiago.
RIO DE JAN.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—Albion Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phœnix Hotel.
TAHITI.—Paa, Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

RHYMES FUNNY AND PHILOSOPHICAL.

How many sick people wish they were healthy;
How many beggars wish they were wealthy;
How many homely ones wish they were pretty;
How many stupid ones wish they were witty;
How many bachelors wish they were married;
How many benedicts wish they had tarried;
Single or double life's full of trouble;
Riches are stubble, pleasure's a bubble.

The Tichborne trial is certainly one of the most wonderful trials on record. The unbiassed reader of the facts, evidence, etc. becomes so confused with the extraordinary complication of conflicting evidence that he is at a loss what conclusion to arrive at. Be the claimant Roger Tichborne, or be he Arthur Orton, one thing is very certain, he is a wonderfully good judge of whisky, and being such, never drinks any but Cutter's best, as sold by Hotaling.

CLASSIC VERSUS VULGAR.

Half-new ditties sing, half-nudities dance,
Who can-can may nightly encore it;
Revive me the stage when our stars give the chance,
In grace and grandeur Ristor-it-i.

"Can you tell me," asked a friend, "if there is a firm in this city that puts up, that is to say cans really good and wholesome fruits and vegetables?" "Yes," we answered, "we know one, and only one, firm that we can honestly recommend, and that is the firm of James King of William & Co. They employ no Chinese, and can none but the very best fruits, etc., which they get direct from the gardens they are grown in.

Double Bow-Knot.—A married lady, who has many admirers, was in company recently where the marriage tie was the subject of conversation, and a pleasant sparring arose between her husband, also present, and herself. "Ah," she exclaimed, at length, "you do not think so highly of the hymeneal knot as I do!" "Yes, I do," he replied, "and it is only when you wish to make it a *double beau* knot that I object to it."

When the pale moon beams glitter, To Marguerite, my own love,
Like lightning o'er the sea, Whose beauty is divine,
And life's no longer bitter I drink to thee, my true love,
I'll drink, my love, to thee. And pledge in Gerke wine.

Cure for Love.—Q.—I am a lover rejected. Pray what shall I do? Shall I "shuffle this mortal," like some lovyers true? A. Oh, no; for such actions make waste of good blood. Just keep up your courage—your chance is still good. Remuster your forces, your colors unfurl, and go forth to the conquest of some other girl.

Bright as the diamonds glisten, Pure as a maiden's frolic,
That shine on beauty's breast; At the sweet age of nine;
Sweet as the stolen kisses, Aye, purer than all of these is
That young love likes the best. Eberhardt & Lachman's wine.

Logic.—Young wife (to George, who arrived home in the small hours this [illegible]) "We are one, dear, now that we are married, are we not?" George—"Certainly, my darling; why?" Young wife—"Oh, I only wanted to know, because if we are I must have been dreadfully inebriated last night."

Our Jenny has gone to the races, Young Fergusson has driven her out.
To see fast horses run. She's in a break, and four
She's a girl that's fond of a frolic, Good slashing nags who's harness
And full of life and fun. Came from Main & Winchester's store.

A lady, having the misfortune to have her husband hang himself on an apple-tree, the wife of a neighbor immediately came to beg a branch of that tree, to have it grafted into one in her orchard. "For who knows," she says, "but it may bear the same kind of fruit?"

Her hand was on my shoulder, Our furniture we'll buy there,
Her eyes spoke out her soul, For nowhere else, I'm told,
As whispering she said, "Love, Can such cheap goods be bought, dear,
Let's go to N. P. Cole. As by this firm are sold.

"Which side of the street do you live on, Mrs. Kipple?" asked a counsel, cross-examining a witness. "On either side, sir. If you go one way, it's on the right side; if you go the other way, it's on the left."

Oh! Oyster, how I love thee For daily at the Saddle Rock,
The world shall never know. The large saloon on Pine,
What should I do without thee? I eat my dozen Eastern,
In this abode of woe. Each day before I dine.

An Irishman, seeing a vessel very heavily laden, and scarcely above the water's edge, exclaimed, "Upon my soul! if the river was but a little higher, the ship would go to the bottom."

Oh, would you write with perfect ease, No furniture was ever made,
Nor cramped your feet, nor stiff your knees, Of which like this it can be said,
Your office desks you must be sure "It is perfection," and you'll find
To buy from friends Gilbert & Moore. 'Tis the best made of any kind.

A Great Favor.—Butler (at luncheon)—"Steak a little hard ma'am? (Pause) We've a partic'lar tender leg o' lamb in the hall—shall I inquire if you can have a slice of that, ma'am?"

Come to the Villa! come! and there The fairest spot in the whole State.
I'll treat you to the daintiest fare. There you'll find a welcome, and more
Through the Park of the Golden Gate— Good taste than you have seen before.

Why would a fight in a backwoodsman's hut be like the present war on the South Coast of Africa?—Because it is a shanty war (Ashantee).

Cure for Cough or Cold.—As soon as there is the slightest uneasiness of the Chest, with difficulty of breathing, or indication of Cough, take during the day a few "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*."

Some schoolmasters compare naughty children to stair-carpets; arguing that neither can be kept in order without the rod.

On the San Bruno Road there is a white, comfortable-looking house, called the Six-Mile House. There Harry Blanken lives, and will be glad to see you all.

One of the Tichborne jury says his days are numbered; that's more than can be said for the coming days of the trial.

We have often seen people who have had a glass too many, but we never yet met a man who would not go again to Muller's to buy his "pebble glasses."

Undecided volunteers, when they pitch their tents should not be in too great a hurry to say tattar to them.

Something Like a "Monster" Meeting.—In the *Mail* appeared a letter, forwarded by Mr. Quarrier, and describes the voyage out to America of a batch of orphan emigrants who sailed last month for Canada in the steamship *Manitoba*. The following, under date of 12th of July, records a remarkable meeting.—"Children all strong and healthy, the fog has nothing to do with their sports, which go on pretty much the same as at home. They are a little disappointed at not seeing any whales. *We had them at worship down stairs!*" My conscience!

The other day, while on a hunting expedition in Mendocino County, we happened to camp near the Indian Reservation. As a matter of course, we soon had a crowd of these interesting creatures around us. They were highly amused though half frightened at a bottle of Schleifer & Co.'s Native Champagne we opened. They could not make out how the gas got in. We referred them to Cutting & Co., Agents for this excellent wine.

New Definition of Scandal.—Some girls were asked by one of our inspectors of schools, at a school examination, whether they knew the meaning of the word "scandal." One little girl stepped vigorously forward, and, throwing her hand up in that semaphore way by which children indicate the possession of knowledge, attracted the notice of the inspector. He desired her to answer the question; upon which she uttered these memorable words. "Nobody does nothing, and everybody goes on telling it everywhere."

THE GENTLEMAN.

He wears no gaudy necktie, His hosiery is neat and good,
No nasty, ill-made shirt, Though fashion still preserving.
Whose spots of blazen scarlet He gets them all from Uncle Pete—
Are made to hide it's dirt. Of Anderson & Irving.

An Irishman some time ago was committed to the House of Correction for a misdemeanor, and sentenced to work on the treadmill for the space of a month. He observed at the expiration of his task: "What a grate dale of fatigue and botheration it would have saved us poor craythers, if they had but invinted it to go by stheeme, like most all other water-wheels; for burn me if I have not been after going up stairs for this four weeks, but could not reach the chamber-door, at all, at all!"

Felton and Booth, who are called by some sarcastic dailies the "grand intellects of the State," have waged a little war of words, amusing to themselves, [illegible] more or less interesting to the outside world. They do not seem to agree as far as their political views are concerned; but there is one point, if only one, on which we are confident they must agree, and that is in declaring the carpets sold by Plum & Bell to be the best out.

"She looked so well we hardly knowed her,
All through drinking Napa soda."
It's good with whisky, plain or sweet,
Agents, 18½ Geary street.

The Four-in-Hand Club, which has lately created such a stir in London, owns some of the handsomest turn-outs in England. Their last grand show day in Hyde Park was one of the grandest sights the park has seen for some time. All their drags, etc. are, however, too heavy and lack the finish which so distinguishes the handsome buggies, rockaways, etc. sold by Crego & Bowley, California street.

The moon is said to be made of green cheese: does the "milky-whey" come from the same dairy?

The most wonderful discoveries have been made during the last few years, the electric telegraph and the use of chloroform are perhaps the most important. The one transmits a message in as many seconds as it used to take days, while the other renders the amputation of a limb but a slight inconvenience. The latest discovery is the X Twaabs X Nevada Hair Restorer. Heathfield, Boyd & Co. are the agents—206-208 Battery.

Is not the Hour the best paper for publishing the minutes of committee meetings?

'Tis but thy shade, yet O, how like! 'Twas Houseworth took that photograph,
My darling's face and form At 12 Montgomery street;
The face so bright, so full of life, There are no rooms like his in town,
The eyes so clear and warm. 'Tis there all our fashion meet.

There is no place in the world were there is more competition in photography than there is in San Francisco. Our climate is suitable, and we have in this city some of the finest cameras ever made. It is therefore rather a proud position to stand at the top of the tree, as our friends Bradley & Rulofson do. Their rooms on Montgomery street are quite an art gallery.

You suit me to a T, said the chimney-sweep to the chimney.

There is hardly a housekeeper in town who knows her business so well as Mrs. P——. She is up with the lark in the morning and is as merry as that bird all day. When her husband comes home from work, tired and hungry she does not keep him waiting for his dinner, or when he does get it, serve it up raw or burned to a cinder—and why? Simply because she has a De La Montanya Cabo Range.

Ought raspberry vinegar to be kept in a vial (Sic)?

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built not like a public hotel, but as it is named an elegant Villa—"THE VILLA," situated at the [illegible] or north-western gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENBERG & CO., Proprietors.

August 2.

FOR SALE.

16,035 Ewes, 8,000 Lambs, 10,750 Wethers, 19,950 Prime South DOWN EWES, 200 head Graded and SPANISH MERINO BUCKS, 25 Thoroughbred LINCOLN BUCKS.

Ranches.—Several valuable Ranch and Farm Properties in Mendocino, Plumas, Sonoma and Solano counties, well adapted to sheep raising and agriculture; also, Good Hotel and Store in Mendocino County

Apply to BEVERIDGE FROST & CO.,

August 16. No. 64 Sansome street, corner Jackson.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,

113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,

SAN FRANCISCO. [May 14.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. Also, [illegible] Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 5.

L. B. NEWTON.] NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., [MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries, 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco. June

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

An extraordinary case came before the Marylebone police magistrate on Wednesday, August 6th: Walter Howard, aged fifteen, a page in the service of Miss Jane Warren, of 5 Chandos street, Cavendish Square, was charged by his mistress with obtaining from her sums of money, amounting in all to about £300, by false pretences. Miss Warren stated that, believing that the boy was afflicted with some serious illness, she sent him to Sir William Gull, Sir James Paget, and other eminent doctors, and advanced him various sums of money at different times for medical expenses and for journeys. On one occasion the boy produced a letter purporting to be written by Sir James Paget recommending change of air, pursuits, and scene, as necessary for his complete recovery. Sir James Paget was called, and said he had no recollection of the prisoner, and had never seen him before. In cross-examination, Miss Warren stated that she was sixty-five years of age, and that the prisoner had been in her service since he was eleven years old. She admitted that the prisoner had been allowed to do very much as he liked in the house, that he ordered the servants about in a very insolent way, and that she played the piano to him, and allowed him to kiss her hand. The boy's mother had been in her service, and was discharged about four months ago for having taxed her (Miss Warren) with having corrupted her son. The accusation was unjust. The witness also admitted that the father of a page named Henry Freeman, who had been in her service, took the boy away, saying she was bringing him up badly. She was in the habit of asking the prisoner what money he wanted for the doctors, and if she did not give him any he used to lock the door and say it would be the worse for her. The officer who arrested the prisoner said that on the way to the station the boy said that the prosecutrix owed him over £200, and that he would make her pay well for this. He added that she had corrupted him in August last. The prisoner was remanded, and was admitted to bail.

The following story of a defeated attempt at extortion by an hotel keeper has special interest at the present season. At most *tables d'hôte* every chair represents the price of the dinner, whether it be occupied by biped or quadruped—a favorite poodle or a pet spaniel. At Rouen there is a commercial hotel where the *table d'hôte* is excellent, and consequently generally crowded. A Parisian *marchand* arriving just as the company were sitting down to dinner, placed his *sac de nuit*, or carpet-bag (which probably contained valuable property), for security on the chair adjoining him during dinner. In the morning he found himself charged for two persons, mine host insisting that his bag occupied one place. To humor the joke, he paid the demand; and, returning in a few days, he contrived to enter the *salon* just at dinner-time, and again placed his bag on the chair. Being seated near the center of the table he was in immediate proximity to the best dishes, and, very coolly opening his bag, he commenced depositing them, one after another, into it. Everybody looked surprised, and mine host more than the rest. At length he inquired the motive for such strange conduct. "Oh," said the traveler, "have you forgotten that a few days since you charged me for a dinner for my bag, although it partook of none? To-day my bag dines with you. It has, you perceive, a very large mouth, capacious stomach, and is very hungry, and I do not think there is more than enough at the table to satisfy it." The production of the former bill with the item in it was considered a sufficient apology by the company, and mine host was obliged to refund his extortionate charge before the voracious *sac de nuit* could be satisfied.

In continuing his speech recently, on behalf of the Tichborne Claimant, Dr. Kenealy opened with some remarks on the visit of the defendant to Wapping on the Christmas night immediately following his arrival in England; contending that Arthur Orton would never have dreamt of going there, and that the defendant never meant to conceal his visit. In speaking of Lady Tichborne, the learned counsel asked whether it was likely that she would ever have mistaken Roger's voice for that of a "husky wild beast" like Arthur Orton! One of the jury having remarked that he had never seen the defendant's thumb, the defendant walked across the court to the jury box, and held it up for inspection. At the request of the jury, he also placed the two thumbs together for comparison. In concluding for the day, Dr. Kenealy said that on the following day he should proceed to "fresh fields and pastures new," which he hoped would prove less tedious than what preceded.

Voltaire had an actor, Paulin, at Ferney, who played the tyrant in his private theatricals. Voltaire slept very little, and passed half the night in making changes in his pieces. About three o'clock one morning, having [illegible] a new speech for Paulin, he woke up his servant, and ordered him to carry it to the actor. "But, sir," said the servant, "the poor man isn't up at this time." "Go to him," cried the poet, "immediately; tyrants never sleep."

The Boston Public Library now comprises 211,707 volumes and 718,225 pamphlets, an increase since the 1st of May of 1,011 for the former and 1,652 for the latter. The Barton Library, when included, will swell the aggregate of the collections to nearly 225,000 volumes.

An official notification has been published in St. Petersburg, according to which no political question that the Government may think inopportune is to be discussed by the press. Newspapers which disregard this prohibition will be liable to be suspended.

A Khiva letter in the Moscow *Gazette* says that the Khan has been placed under the control of his uncle; that the Divan Begata Murat has been arrested, and the Public Treasury seized by the Russians.

The last published part of M. Th. Juste's work, "Les Fondateurs de la Monarchie Belge," is a biography of Lord Palmerston.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, June 19th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and [illegible], Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily), San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily), Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:30, [illegible], 10:10 and 11:20 A.M., 12:10, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, [illegible], 6:30, [illegible] and *11:30 P.M. (9:20, 11:20 and 3:00 to Oakland [illegible])

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:20, 6:10, [illegible] [illegible]

Leave Oakland [illegible] [illegible]

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:2[illegible], 9:00 and 11:15 A.M., 1:30, 4:00, 5:30 and 1:00 P.M. (7:20, 11:15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 and 10:15 A.M., and 2:20 P.M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:20, 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:30, 1:05 and 5:20 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—				
San Francisco		[illegible] a m	*3 20 p m	†1 15 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 1[illegible] a m	[illegible] 0 p m	[illegible] p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 [illegible] p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	1 2[illegible] p m	-	-
Castroville	Arrive	2 [illegible] p m	-	-
Salinas	Arrive	2 [illegible] p m		
Soledad	Arrive	4[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	[illegible] p m		

Trains North		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—				
Tres Pinos				1[illegible] a m
Hollister				11 20 a m
Soledad				[illegible] a m
Salinas				11 [illegible] a m
Castroville				11 50 a m
Pajaro				12 [illegible] p m
Gilroy				1 [illegible] p m
San Jose		[illegible] a m	[illegible] 0 a m	[illegible] p m
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m

*SATURDAYS at 2 [illegible] p m †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at [illegible]; returning, will leave San Jose at 5 20 p m

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4.15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at [illegible]

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1 00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11:20 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, A. C. BASSETT,
Gen'l Superintendent. Assistant Superintendent
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, [illegible] the Steamer PRINCESS will carry San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] [illegible]

April 12 [illegible] Montgomery street

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco [illegible] Francisco at 10:00 a.m., [illegible] [Aug 4.] CHARLES MINTURN.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary, Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, [illegible] Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent
Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 11

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand [illegible] and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, [illegible] of all kinds, styles and sizes [illegible] Barouches, Carriages, Coupes, Hacks, [illegible] tons, Concord, End, side or Wood C Spring, [illegible] Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old-fashioned makes and styles [illegible] [illegible] mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, the [illegible] weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete [illegible] States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and [illegible] hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 20.

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, A. N. MacDonough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on ... at 12 o'clock M., from Front-street Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. For freight or passage [illegible] apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15. [illegible] Front street

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours. Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA [illegible] [illegible] Aug 24] CHAS MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their [illegible] virtues, are strongly recommended [illegible] acting in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general [illegible] of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has G. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin; in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS
Feb [illegible] [illegible] London

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: [illegible] knowledge of the natural laws which govern the [illegible] heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labeled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, [illegible] Perfumery, Colors, [illegible] Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries [illegible] the above forwarded, free of all charge. [illegible]
BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE
July 11 [illegible]

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Muir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. —The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable [illegible] Sold by all respectable [illegible]

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, [illegible] in all [illegible] Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A.M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN [illegible]

CARMEN ISLAND SALT

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM
March [illegible] Agents [illegible] Front street

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall building
Justices' Court—[illegible] street
County Jail—City Hall
Probate—City Hall
Third District—Mechanics' Institute building
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—715 Montgomery street
Nineteenth District—Dexter's Building, Kearny street
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
[illegible]—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—430 California street.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] street
[illegible] Battery street
Collector of Internal Revenue—[illegible]
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street near Drumm
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 11, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—23 Kearny.
[illegible]—City Hall
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall
Health Office—14 Geary st.
[illegible]—City Hall
[illegible] street, bet. [illegible]
Quarantine—521 Jackson st.
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and East
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES
Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street, [illegible] head office in Paris), 9, Cannon street, Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austinfriars, Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Waldeck, Secretary, Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary; Pacific Saw Mills, Hakodadi, Armistead [illegible] 21 St. Swithin's Lane; Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mills Co., [illegible] 21 St. Swithin's Lane; [illegible] Dock Co. [illegible] China Insurance [illegible] Cornhill, J. B. Mackintosh, Secretary; Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co., agents, 3 Lombard st.; Union Insurance Co. of Canton [illegible] King's Arms [illegible] Co., agents, 28 Austinfriars. China Traders Insurance Co., Hongkong, Fearon & Co. agents, 31 Great St. Helens, China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co. ag'ts, 80 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st.; Ceylon Co. [illegible] Martin Manager [illegible] Macfarlane, [illegible] 31 Great St. Helens. Banks—Agra Bank, 28 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, [illegible] Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Old Broad street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager; Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street; Deutsche Bank, "Actien Gesellschaft" of Berlin, agencies, National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within; German Bank of London, Bartholomew Lane, Lothbury; Bank of Rotterdam, Union Bank of London, agents, Princes st., Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager [illegible] Chief Manager [illegible] King William street. Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

[illegible] the particulars are forwarded

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending August 30, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, August 25th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
City and County S F to L Duterire.	Eldorado St and Potrero Av, 200x140 ...	prem
Andrew Walker to H M Merrill....	Jackson w Mason, 93x91; also, Mason n Pacific, 63.9x45:9; also, Scott Place n Pacific, 50x56, also, Green w Jones, 25x50, also, und ½ Powell e Chestnut, 22 6x60 ..	Gift
W C Jackson to Catherine Gelchel	Bryant av nw Bryant st, 25x75 .	950
C T H Palmer to C C Butler	Lot 1 blk 231, lot 1 blk 233, lots 186 blk 234, lot 4 blk 274, lot 6 blk 277, lot 8 blk 280; also, Bush e Laguna, 26x137:6, also, nw cor Laguna & O'Farrell, 65.6x137:6	1
Wm Hollis to Louis Hemprich ..	E Pearl 190 n Ridley, 25x80 ..	2,900
Same to G W Rockwitz	E Pearl 165 n Ridley, 25x80	2,800
C H Kiley to Watson A Bray....	Western Addition blk 517, bounded by Fillmore, Webster, Washington and Jackson, subject to mortgage	10,000
C T H Palmer to H M Newhall ..	Lots 3 and 4, blk 273 W A	1
J W Lowry to T F Enright	[illegible] 137x[illegible] ...	150
Maurice Dore to Chas Crocker ...	Cal'a and Taylor, 137:6x275 ..	27,000
T Johnson to Wm D Johnson	Re-record	
Wm Hollis to Dennis Kearney. ...	W Pearl 235 n Ridley, 25x80	3,000
C F Hamilton to P F Lindberg	Lots 8 and 9 blk 844, W A, Presidio V H	1,000
R W Collins to F Junker.........	Gough e Oak, 30x87:6 ..	1,800
Wm D Johnson to Esther A Perry.	Bush w Mason, 21x60, subject to mortgage for $1,600	3,500

Tuesday, August 26th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
S A Woodbury to Mrs Kate Adams	Five acres, com at mouth of Lobos Cr'k	$1,000
Ernst Plesse to Conrad Lindner	S Greenwich e Dupont, 21.6x43:6......	1,050
Robt C Johnson to G W Gibbs....	Undivided ¼ sw cor Battery and Pine, 137 6x137:6	5
Jeremiah Carroll to Mary Carroll..	N Fulton w Octavia, 27:6x120	Gift.
Maurice Dore to W H L Barnes...	Nw Natoma ne 5th, 25x90......	4,000
Elizabeth Paul to Peter Carson ...	Lots 1 and 8 blk 15, University Ex H'd.	1,200
Andrew Furlong to Michael Kelley	Lots 1 2 3 blk 1, Belle Roche City......	100
Vic'na P S Mathews to H Gallagher	W Jones s Sacramento, w 40, etc, subject to mortgage for $500	1,300
A W Baker to Natale Vanni.......	N Pacific e Larkin, 29:8x69	2,000
Geo A Abel to Christian Abel.....	Undiv'ded half sw Oak Grove Ave, 209 se Harrison, 25x11?	1,550
E Charriere to Chester W Wells..	E Stewart s Market, 20x45 10 ...	3,000
Eugenie Charriere to same........	Same	1
Sil Ter H A to D V Koopmanschap	Lot 76, Silver Terrace H'd ..	315
Anne L Quellec to R Wertheman..	S Jackson e Dupont, 40x80 ..	13,500
R Wertheman to See Yeung Tong.	Same .	15,000
S Hancock to Wm Abbott	S Tyler w Gough, 137:6x82.	3,000
John Lewelling to H M Newhall	N Post w Van Ness Ave, 137 6x120	15,650
Masonic Cem Ass'n to S M Locke.	Lots 16 and 20 sec 24 and [illegible] of 2[illegible] por lot 21 sec 24 Masonic Cem	218
Geary St Ex Asn to J E Woodworth	Lots 23 and 31 blk 261 Geary St Ex H'd	700
Fel'n T't Hd As'n to J M Anderson	Lots 45 and 46 blk 1200, Felton Tract Hd	840
Daniel Fraser to W W Henry....	E Sanchez n 23d 25x117:6—sub H A 85	400
Felton T'l Hd Assn to Mary Lennon	Lot 48 blk 1201, Felton Tract H'd......	170
A de Leo de Laguna to G Nicholas	Lot 10 blk 223, Golden City Homestead, also, w Missouri, 433 s Colusa, 83x100, subdiv blk 160 P N	600
Jane Sullivan to Patrick Flood....	Lots 7 and 8 in blk 31, West End Map 2	313
Theodore Loessel to John Pforr...	E Taylor e Sacramento, 21x80	5
Tide L Com to Est of X Stadelbache	Nw Folsom ne 7th, 25x80	10
City and Co S F to A C Daggins....	Subdivision Western Addition blk 503.	
Richard D Chandler to Peter Dilley	N Eddy w Leavenworth, 52:6x137:6 .	9,000
Matilda D Hennessee to H S Ridley	Se Gough and Broadway; 68:9x137:6 .	4,000

Wednesday, August 27th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Thos H King to Thos G Taylor	Undivided ¼, w Beale, 220:2 n Mission, nw 45 x sw 137 6—sub B and W 310..	$7,000
Jacob D Casebolt to same	Undivided one-third of same..........	7,000
Wm H Vanderwater to L Sachs	W Stockton n Filbert, 23 x w 112:6......	6,500
Bd Tide L'd Comrs to J McGrath	Nw Clary ne 6th, 80x25	8
C H Reynolds to J B Robertson	Lots [illegible] Gift Map 2	300
Bd Tide L'd Comr's to D Fraser...	W Maryland, 100 n Calaveras, 100x100	200
Same to same.....................	Nw cor Maryland and Calaveras, n 100x w 100 - sub blk 532	333
Daniel Fraser to Wm Fraser......	W Maryland n Calaverus, 100x100......	512
Same to Isabella R Fraser	Nw cor Maryland and Calaveras, 100 x w 100 - sub blk 532	1
Same to same..................	Sundry properties in Mission por of city	12,000
Daniel Fraser to J W Gunn.......	E Vermont n Nevada, 50x100; also, lot 12 blk 190 Golden City Hd; also, lot 9 blk 440 Golden City H'd............	2,500
J E Gordon to Samuel I C Swezey	So Park Lane ne 3d, ne 27x105:3..........	8,000
Wm Hollis to Louis Triebel.......	W Pearl 150 n Ridley, 25x80	2,800
Edward Wagner to Jas H Ross ...	S Farralones e Marengo, 75x125	150
S Heydenfelt to W H Vanderwater	W Stock n Filbert, 45x112:6	2

Thursday, August 28th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Thos Farmer to Chas P Sealey....	N 17th e Dolores, 25x115—sub M B 85 .	$1,500
D Gonzales to Jacob B Shroyler...	So Howard, 200 ne 6th, 25x80 sub 100-v 210, subject to a mortg for $3,000......	6,500
Martin Fallon to Francis B Wilde.	E Folsom, 85 s 23d, 30x90.............	1,000
Jane Ward to John Mayers........	E Leavenworth, 100 s Vallejo, 200x68:9.	8,350
Silv Ter H'd As'n to H H Bauman	Lots 80 and 81, Silver Terrace H'd	631
City and County S F to E Carvalho	Sw 24th and Columbia, s 101 x w 50....	Prem
E Carvalho to P Lyman	Same..............	4,000
H L White to Thos F Murthy.....	Se cor Devisadero and Eddy, 137:6x60..	7,000
Silv Ter H'd Ass'n to J Hahn.	Lot 303 304 305 306, Silver Terrace H'd.	823
Wm Lee to Michael H Kelley	Se Tehama ne 4th, 25x90	3,000
John Cherry to Henry G Fiske ..	S side of an alley running through the center of 50-vara 596, 57 6 w Mason, w 20x50—sub 50-v 596	700
John Hagerty to Jacob Villier.....	N Liberty 255 w Guerrero, 25x114	500
Joel S Kennard to Ann A Hoag....	Nw Powell and Ellis, 22x93:6 ..	1
O Y Dick to J Pierre Manclot et al	E Brooklyn Place s Sacramento, [illegible] x57 6 subject to a mortgage for $1,200..	3,500
Wm Agate to Carl Hinz...........	Sw Spear, 229:2 nw Folsom, 52:11x137:6	1
Carl Hinz to John Pforr	Same	5,500
C C Bowman to Sav and L Society.	Nw Sansome and Broadway ..	23,500
Rhinaldo Mowry to Orrin Mowry	Re-record	150
Silver Terrace H As to C Gersback	Lots 50 and 51, Silver Terrace H'd	

Friday, August 29th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
P Creyton to Home Mut Ins Co....	Dolores n 26th, 100x125 ..	$5,460
Nathaniel Cole to E R Carpentier	Pine e Montgomery, n [illegible], etc, subject to a mortgage for $[illegible] ...	12,500
H Johnson to Margaret Canavan..	13th w Douglass [illegible]	600
Odd Fellows Cem As'n to L Z [illegible]	N. cor West av, 20x13...	227
Chas Goelling to City and Co S F	Filbert w Powell, e 6:11½, s 8:4½, etc.	68
City and County S F to Jas Daly	Broadway e Lyon, e 50, etc; also, ne cor Baker and Broadway, n 136, etc .	prem
Silv Ter H'd Ass'n to F Schreiber	Lots 427 and 12[illegible], Silver Terrace H'd ..	661
Herman Shroeder to J C A Nolting	M[illegible] sw 3d, 25x70....	2,000
J C A Nolting to E A Knofeberge.	Same	5
J A Shaber to Michael Ryan ...	Lot 4 blk 292, O L....	450
John Apel to Antoine Borel.	Se cor Jackson and Kearny, 137 6x100.	100
John Lewelling to Eli Lewelling	Se cor Turk and Gough, 120x1[illegible] ..	1
Alfred Borel to Mary Ann Apel ..	Nw cor Stockton and Cal'a, 57:6x60 ...	9,000
Caleb C Breed to Alfred Borel ...	[illegible] acres, Rancho Laguna de la Merced	500
John Hill to Wm R Sloan	Lot 6, Central Pac H'd Ass'n	750
Ira M Wentworth to R H Yates ..	Turk e D[illegible], 27 6x1[illegible]	4,000
C S Capp to Diederich W Tietjen	[illegible] Stockton, [illegible], also, all int in remaining por of said 50-vara ..	2,250

Saturday, August 30th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
City and Co S F to Jas T Hoyt ..	Bartlett n 23d, s 56.3, etc; also, Bartlett n 23d, 127 4x3 2	prem
W Wolfsohn to Ger Sav and L Soc	11th nw Howard, 75x100	300
C P Marwedel to John Weichart	Vassar Pl se Harrison, 25x70	2,700
John Meagher to Hugh Whittell	[illegible] Folsom, 32 6x95	100
Hugh Whittell to Geo H Tay. ..	Same	1,000
Geo H Tay to Henry B Brooks	Same	5
P R O Brien to Henry B Brooks..	Same....	4,500
Herman Wobler to J B Watson . .	Und 2 acres, Laguna de la Merced .	
T Jackson to Mary Horn	White n Vallejo, 20x57 [illegible]	825

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May [illegible] 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor, approved April 1st, 1873.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for [illegible] The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue [illegible], as ascertained and settled by decree final [illegible] day of September, 187[illegible]

The property [illegible] under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty [illegible] dollars ($[illegible]), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $[illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate [illegible] damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditioned that if any award be made [illegible] terms [illegible] will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April [illegible], 187[illegible].
WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor, MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor,
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL BUILDING

Office of Board of City Hall Commissioners, Corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, July [illegible].—Sealed proposals for furnishing [illegible] material for a portion of the New City Hall Building and Hall of Records will be received at the office of the Board until 12 o'clock noon, of FRIDAY the 22d day of August, A. D. 1873, for the following: 6,000,000 Bricks, 4,000 barrels Lime; 8,000 barrels Cement. And until 12 o'clock, noon, of WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of October, A. D. 1873, for the following: Rolled Iron Joists, Wrought Iron Girders. All according to specifications, schedule, plans and drawings, to be furnished by the Board.

No bid will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Forms of Proposal," and accompanied by a bond with two good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to ten per cent. of the total sum of the tender, conditioned for the due entering into the contract of the party to whom it may be awarded. The bids must be indorsed for the material proposed to be furnished, and addressed to the Secretary of the Board.

The specifications, schedule, plans and drawings can be seen, and all further information obtained at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposal will be furnished to intending bidders.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly, in "City Hall Warrants," of 75 per cent. of the estimated amounts due, and the remaining 25 per cent. when the contract is completed. The expense of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.
P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE,
July 26. Board of City Hall Commissioners.

NOTICE.

The late David Balderston, of 40 Regent street, Greenock, having by his trust disposition and settlement left a legacy to Mrs. Mary Balderston, or Mackenzie, his sister, widow of William Mackenzie, some time blacksmith in Glasgow, who left Scotland many years ago, and failing her to her children: Notice is hereby given that the said MRS. MARY BALDERSTON or MACKENZIE, if alive, or if dead her children, are required to claim the said bequest and to establish their right thereto within two years from the [illegible] day of February, 1873, the date of the said David Balderston's death, and that if she or they fail to do so, Mr. Balderston's Trustees will proceed to pay over the said legacy to the other residuary legatees as directed by the said trust disposition and settlement and codicils thereto. Communications on the subject to be addressed to JOHN MACDONALD, Solicitor,
June 2 Mansion House, Greenock, Scotland

John D. Yost, San Francisco.] [H. S. Crocker, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS [April 19]

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr Wareon's, [illegible] May 31

AND THIS IS POLITICS!

The most utterly disgraceful political contest that has ever been had in California has been brought to a close, and we thank God that the shower of mud and the rain of toads has ended. There is one admirable thing in American politics, and that is, that when the election is over and the result is known, people abide by it, submit to the verdict, subdue their passions, and patiently await the next opportunity presented by the law to renew the combat. This contest has been a most indecent one. More bad blood has been raised and bad passions excited; more mean things said or written; more of backbiting, slander, vituperation and personal abuse, than we have ever witnessed. Great principles were all forgotten. Questions affecting the interest of the community all ignored, the Railroad question being allowed to absorb and swallow up all other questions. A more ignoble and cowardly raid was never inaugurated than this senseless and brutal assault upon the managers of the Central Pacific Railroad. A corporation that has done everything for California, without which we would be still running our pony express across the continent and sending our passengers by weary journeys through distant countries and tropical seas to their Eastern homes. A road without which we would still be paying eight dollars for a journey to Sacramento, with a tide detention at the Hog's Back, and our neighbors at Oakland would pay three prices for the opportunity of sticking upon the bar at San Antonio Creek. A corporation without whose aid the great valley of the upper Sacramento and farther limits of the San Joaquin would be fruitful deserts, whose abundant harvests could not be brought to sale, whose lands would be worthless because without the reach of market. This road has bonded as tributary to our city of San Francisco over seventeen hundred miles of rail, it is pouring immigration into our State, it is developing its resources, contributing to its wealth by inviting commerce and encouraging industry. From foreign lands is freight brought and distributed among us ten annual millions of gold. From the Treasury of the United States it received many millions in aid of its enterprise. We have thought the citizens of the other States might object to being taxed for a California railroad, but that California should grumble that the general Government has donated bonds and lands in aid of the enterprise is to us most malicious. Against this road the political fight has been made. Every demagogue in the State who thinks wealth a crime and enterprise a wrong, has contributed by his pen, his voice, or his vote, to embarrass and assail Governor Stanford and his associates. The press, bought by another Railroad, and interested in a steal more gigantic than any conceived, or governed by the little jealousies that grow up in village politics, has piped high its notes in abuse and detraction of everybody who would not consent to war against the Railroad an indecent and dishonest warfare. Governor Stanford has been personally defamed, and Henry Edgerton, drunken and unreliable, has been honored by elevation to the Senatorial office. Governor Stanford, for twenty years an honored resident of Sacramento, who has done more than all others to enrich and beautify its town, whose private mansion adorns it, and whose Railroad and shops give all threads of life and vitality to it, and who has been the personal friend of its people; who has fought to preserve it the State's Capital, has been personally attacked and slandered by the man of lowest morals and most filthy habits. The press utters the libel, and the people indorse it by sending Henry Edgerton to the State Senate. And this is politics! The San Francisco press, the *Bulletin* and *Call*, through no broader principle than jealousy of its rival, the *Chronicle*, and because Governor Stanford would not withdraw from it the telegraph facilities, turned upon the road and its management, and allowed no lie to go unuttered, no libel unprinted. These journals reprint the filthy Edgerton, and reiterate the ravings of the drunken Seabough. And this is politics! His Excellency the Governor of California, having made a pledge that he would not be a candidate for the United States Senate during the term for which he was elected Governor, leaves the capital, comes to San Francisco, repudiates his party, goes back on his word, supports for legislative office seven Democrats and six impecunious, ignorant demagogues, simply because they are pledged to give him their personal support for the United States Senate. And this is politics! The Republican party nominate fourteen of their most respectable gentlemen for the Legislature. They pass the ordeal of nomination and stand the test of a month of politics, and no word is breathed against their honor and integrity, yet the *Bulletin* abuses them daily under the hypothesis that, if elected, they will turn rogues and steal; will belie their lives, and betray their trusts, and repudiate their pledges. At twelve o'clock noon on the day of election three gentlemen are beaten, and the reserved vote of Custom House and Federal office goes for the Democracy. And this is politics! A meaner and more contemptible canvass was never made, or a more undesirable result attained. San Francisco has been made to war against her best interest—to set herself in opposition to the only corporation that is now keeping the breath of life in her body. Instead of fighting the railroad, injuring her credit abroad, attacking her at home, preventing the extension of her tracks and enabling car and ship to come together in our harbor of San Francisco, every man, woman and child in the city's limits should do all in their power to encourage and support the railroad. While this fight lasts San Francisco languishes and grows faint; as soon as it is ended, and not till it is ended, will its prosperity begin. This railroad war is disastrous to the material interests of this city, and from the present depression it will never recover till its press and people realize that Stanford and the Central Pacific Railroad can do more for it when in friendly than in hostile relations. So far as our Municipal ticket goes it is a good one, and the city of San Francisco has the guarantee of good government for the next two years. This assures to us good credit abroad, and to that extent gives confidence at home. We believe the railroad madness has now culminated. This excitement cannot be maintained. The railroad company goes about its business undisturbed, and the people will soon settle down into the sober second thought and realize that they have made d——d fools of themselves. And this is politics!

THE HUMORS OF THE FIGHT.

Every election in San Francisco involves a valuable lesson. There is nowhere in the world a shrewder, more inquisitive, or more active-minded constituency than in this city and county of San Francisco. Athens, in the days of Pericles, furnished the only parallel to it. The Athenians of that epoch were as active, as restless, as volatile, and as keen as the voting population of our city. They discussed politics in the purlieus of the fish market, with the same half eager, half *insouciant* animation with which our citizens discuss the "live issues" at the corner of Montgomery and Clay and at the corner of Montgomery and California streets; and they accepted results with the same philosophic resignation. For the last ten days all the journals have been engrossed with the curiously-complicated fight between the Straight Republicans, the Straight Democrats, and the "Dolly Vardens." The "Dollys" seem to have won in the Legislative fight. In the contest for municipal officers, religion has—strange as it may appear—had a considerable influence. Bigoted Protestants scratched Crowley and Murphy, bigoted Catholics scratched Cockerill and Ryan. In addition to which, the wreck of the Know-Nothing party voted for Cockerill as a native-born American. Political predilections gave way to ecclesiastical prejudices. Whether the Protestant bigots or the Catholic bigots wield the larger share of influence in this community is a question upon which the official returns of the vote for Chief of Police and District Attorney will throw considerable light. Meantime there seems to be a wild chaos of journalistic opinion as to the general result. The *Examiner* is confident that the Democrats have triumphed. The *Call* is positive that the Dolly Vardens have won the day. The *Chronicle*, without waiting for the votes to be counted, throws up the sponge.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Don Fulano.—Many thanks for your letter, and the inclosed, which is crowded out this week, but will go next. We can hardly grant you the same indulgence in point of license as the men referred to. They wrote somewhat better stuff, and lived in a different age. What Byron wrote, and what "Don" writes are two very different things. True poetry is an excuse one can plead, while the other—well, we will say no more. We prefer your English at any rate to your German.

TURNVEREIN.—R. A. D.—We accept your apology, and would publish your letter, but we make a rule of never advertising, even "Turnverein," free of charge.

THE LAY OF THE LOST ONE—No. 1.

A little more bloom on my cheek, some carmine upon my lips,
A tinge of bistre to darken my eyes and shadow my eye-lash tips,
Ere I sally forth to greet the gay world—the world upon which I prey,
To feel what a triumph Beauty enjoys, what a universal sway.

How awfully jolly it was last night, as we spun home from the Cliff,
How we danced and drank and shouted and sang till the Dawn came like a relief;
And Harry and Tom and Bella were there exuberantly wild,
But give me my Charley, so quiet and cool, so fearless and yet so mild.

I know he's a gambler and keeps a hell, and is quick and ready to shoot,
That his wife has gone back to her parent's home—that he treated her like a brute,
But still for all that I like him the best, and yet I hardly know why;
Except for the *man*, so calm in his crime, with his dark, unshrinking eye.

Like him, I laugh at the Pharisees who trade upon others' trust,
They sneak to his club for faro as they sneak to my rooms for lust.
I sneer as I walk along the street at a couple so merry and bright,
For she little thinks, as she leans on his arm, where that arm was wound last night.

She doesn't see, as she passes on, his eyelids' transient glint,
But he knows by the glance that I flash him back, that I understand the hint;
And the son, who is crammed with precepts from the home morality-store,
Doesn't dream, as he clasps me in fond embrace, that his father was there before.

I joy as I walk in my pride of dress at the envious glances thrown;
I know that my taste is better than theirs, that my beauty excels their own.
And to see the clerks, when I enter a store, come smirking and smiling around,
As they leave what they call the "modest ones," and bow to the very ground.

I care not for any, and bend them all, to minister to my will—
The banker, the lawyer, the merchant comes, and the clerk who robs his till.
I live for the present, and life is one feast, without any thought of another;
Better, far better, than slaving at home, to be spanked by a drunken mother.

THE AGONY OVER.

At sundown on Wednesday, California was saved. It is not yet definitely known how or by whom she was saved, but those of us who firmly believe that the voice of the People is the voice of God, will not dispute the proposition that the election being over the country must be safe. There never was a more quiet or orderly election in San Francisco. The Codifiers have been a good deal abused and disparaged for some of the provisions of the Codes which have not proved quite so admirable in practice as they were in theory. But so far as the new election laws are concerned, we think that every one who visited the polls on Wednesday will admit that the innovations introduced have worked admirably. Most especially the "one hundred feet" provision has proved a success, and we have no doubt that so soon as its working here shall become known in the East it will be adopted in all the large cities of the United States. New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and New Orleans especially need it. When they shall have incorporated this admirable provision in their election laws and experienced its benefits, they will perhaps still better appreciate than they have heretofore done, the keen sagacity and progressive genius of our people.

WATER.

It is to be hoped that in the recent exciting election, of whose result nothing is yet sure, people, in voting for Supervisors and legislators, did not lose sight of the important subject of water, which we have labored so strenuously to keep before the public. Although the present Board of Supervisors have not yet taken action upon the rescinding of the swindling resolution, it is probable that they will do so, and that the city will be saved the payment of this preposterous extortion. The water question is almost the first one of importance that will be introduced to the consideration of the incoming Board, and as it is a question which affects every homestead on the peninsula, as well as the various public buildings, engine houses, hospitals, mint, etc., is of most vital interest. In view of this, we hope voters have done their duty, and have placed in office men who are in no way responsible to this monopoly, either by pledge or private interest. They will need clear vision and unbiased feeling, to decide without prejudice upon the merits of the different water sources which the exigencies of the city will bring into consideration, and we hope that such action will be prompt, decisive and just.

AFTER THE ELECTION

The fierce fight is over. The tension is unstrung, and, although official returns are not yet made, each candidate is pretty sure of his outlook. As a whole, the *News Letter* Ticket has done well. We have lost a few men, not through any demerit of their own, or superior merit of their opponents, but that a certain cabal have chosen to make issue of a question which should never arise in a country which boasts of its liberty, equality, and fraternity. We did not indulge in unseemly abuse during the campaign, and shall not begin now, yet we cannot rejoice at the election of a few whom we opposed, although we hope they may do as well in office as their unsuccessful competitors would have done. It will always give us pleasure to cordially indorse their good acts when they shall do good, which for sake of the public weal we trust may be often. Those of our candidates who are elected are assured of our warmest support. The only salve for the defeated is that they deserved to win, a poor scrap of comfort at best.

AGRICULTURAL BUREAU AND LAND DEPARTMENT.

The Placard Exchange, having secured the services of competent agents, and being supplied with maps and charts of the public lands of the State, as well as of the Ranchos, or private land claims, is now prepared to give the necessary information in relation to the location of desirable lands and the mode and manner of obtaining them. A specialty of this branch of the CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE will be the purchase and sale of Ranchos and public lands generally, as well as the subdivision of large Ranchos into farms or desirable tracts for sale, when required. Maps and other information and charts furnished, and conveyancing executed with neatness and dispatch. Charges moderate, by application to JOHN MELVILLE, Secretary to the California Placard Exchange, 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

When a "live paper" has made a political mistake, it may evince an indiscreet haste in correcting it. It appears to us that the *Chronicle* ought not, in ordinary taste and prudence, to have flopped quite so abruptly as it did on Thursday morning. There was a certain coarse-grained vulgarity of mind evinced in the mode of the transition. It was not tempered, or graduated. The *Chronicle* was beaten, ignominiously beaten, but it should not have squawked so promptly, like a dung-hill fowl. Still, blood will tell.

DEAR NEWS LETTER: A person known as George W. Anthony, formerly a newsboy of this city, left for China about 1868, and was incarcerated for swindling proclivities in the Shanghai jail, where he was well known to the jailor and marshal. A number of the news firms in this city also suffered. Seeing that a person named George W. Anthony is the Secretary of the Citizens' Union Committee, of which Mr. H. S. Fitch is President, I beg to inquire of you if he is the same character.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4, 1873. Yours truly, ENQUIRER.

When in the course of journalistic vicissitudes it becomes necessary for a newspaper to "flop," a modicum of tact and talent should be brought into play. The *Chronicle's* recent radical change of base was made without the presence of these qualities. On Wednesday it was a violent railroad organ. On Thursday it came out a fierce anti-monopolist. The thing was too gross. The case of Saul of Tarsus was nothing to it.

The Duke of Manchester and his son, Lord Mandeville, arrived in this city last night. They intend, we hear, staying some days here, and then proceeding to China.

Cockrill has beaten Crowley, and the significance of the fact is, that the Irish-Catholic element is no longer dominant in our politics.

NEW BOOKS
—OF—
THE WEEK.

Critiques and Addresses. By Thomas H. Huxley, LL.D. 12mo., cloth.
Foods. By Edw. Smith, M.D. 12mo., cloth.
Outlines of Men, Women and Things. By Mary Clemmer Ames. 12mo., cloth.
Lectures and Sermons. By the Rev. W. Morley Punshon, LL.D. Crown, 8vo., cloth.
Comets and Meteors: Their Relation and Origin. By Dan'l Kirkwood. 12mo., cloth.
Love in the Nineteenth Century. By Harriet W. Preston. 16mo., cloth.
A Pair of Blue Eyes. By Thos. Hardy. "Leisure Hour Series." 16mo., cloth.
New England: A Handbook for Travelers. 16mo., flexible cloth.
The Heiress of Sweetwater. A Novel. By J. Thornton Randolph. 12mo., cloth.
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THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

"BURY THE HATCHET."

Elections are over, now friends let's shake hands
And bury the hatchet of strife;
Let the sting be now dead, of the hard things we've said,
When election meant war to the knife.

No matter the winner, the struggle is o'er,
And the victors will soon share the spoil:
The tickets were mixed, but the thing is now fixed,
Now the weary can rest from their toil.

Political bummers are now on the shelf;
There's no longer the shaking of hands,
The men who have won the old bummers now shun,
And will laugh at their heavy demands.

The people in office will rob us of course,
Let us hope that they won't rob us much,
But spare the poor city, if only for pity,
God help her! she's fast in their clutch.

Don't bear any malice because a man votes
Just the way that he thinks suits him best,
But let him alone, his vote is his own—
Come, now, "dry up" and "let us have peace."

Don't prate of your politics like a man say
Now the thing is all past, let it be,
But sinking your party, my friend you drink hearty,
For elections are fiddle-dee-dee.

Any disinterested observer of ordinary mental capacity, with a mind susceptible of and liable to be influenced by the paradoxical bewilderments of current events must, during the last few weeks, have had his pet political fancies considerably outraged if spooney enough to be gulled into the belief that "vote by ballot" is the poor man's paladium of equality and the rich man's synonym for honesty, or that any political aspirant, rich or poor, is actuated by an unsullied and unselfish honesty of purpose. Republicanism, in theory, is beautiful—in practice it has now, as it ever has had, innumerable features, every one an index finger pointing to tyrannical corruption. A representative head, a judiciary, all the political machinery of governmental management, even when saturated with and only actuated by corrupt motives may exist when in the community at large there is, (if but a feeble), coloring of confidence manifested; but when the all-prevailing belief and sentiment, entertained with the conscientious rancor of a religious fanaticism, is that from the very highest to the very lowest there is not a government municipal or corporate representative of any kind or denomination whatever who has a speck of honesty of purpose within him or by which he is in any way actuated; when, after patient inquiry, direct accusation followed by reluctant acquiescence and public condemnation, the highest officer in the Republic can indorse as creditable, upright and pure, one whom the masses believe to be bloated to saturation with corruption and black as pandemonium; when the highest appeal court in the land is believed to be tinctured and tainted by favored appointees, with body and soul bargained for in advance, when grand jurors are the mere things of local commercial tyrannies, and petty juries open market-table commodities worth just so much per head, when such ideas fill the minds and are accepted by the masses as gospel truths, a prolongation of the tolerance may for a time be successful, but a perpetuation is impossible, anarchy will assert its amiable machiavellianism and square matters with its customary rude barbarism and revengeful retaliatory spite. If but a thousandth part of the infamies charged by its greatest admirers be legitimate and just charges, practical republicanism must be the vilest form of government under the sun.

We may congratulate ourselves on having got over election day with only one shooting scrape. A little pigeon-breasted striker has gone to his long home. He died, however, in a noble cause, and is in all probability at the moment we write taking a "Hot Irish" with the Cherubims. If James is correct in what he says, Master Kenney ought to have been the recipient of his little favor instead of Gallagher. He will no doubt have a pop at the tragic Super when he gets out, and if his hand has not forgotten its cunning will probably score one more. What could be more tragically comical and grotesquely braggart than Kenney's little serio-comic farce in the back part of Steele's drug store. Supervisor Kenney, Marion Wilson and other friends were grouped around the dying man, eagerly watching for the least sign of life. At five minutes past seven o'clock the body heaved convulsively, one last gasp was made and Gallagher fell back dead! As he did so, Supervisor Kenney arose from his kneeling position at the dead man's side, and, raising his right hand, said "Here, over his dead body, I swear to kill the man who murdered him." It is so much in accordance with the "New Code" that Mr. Kenney places himself in a rather hazardous position by thus letting his feelings get the better of his judgment. The *T. C.'s* advice to Kenney is, "take it all back," or tell the *Chronicle* reporter that his report was "garbled."

These are indeed precocious days. Only the other day the T. C. obtained information, through a private source, of an attempted suicide by a young lady aged ten years. Putting on his overcoat and pocketing his note-book, he started off to interview the suicidal damsel. Arrived at the house, he was at once shown into the nursery, where a sorrowful group was gathered round the interesting sufferer. Sundry stomach pumps and medicine bottles gave evidence of the severity of the struggle with King Death. A weeping mother, and the usual complement of distracted brothers and sisters, stood around the sick one's couch. This much the T. C. gleaned from the fond parents: Little Annie —— had fallen violently in love with Tommy S——, a schoolmate of hers. Tommy, an interesting youth of twelve, had, however, not reciprocated the feeling, but had, in fact, given his heart to a fair creature called Carrie, aged nine. Mad with jealousy, Annie determined to leave this vale of tears, and so took a sulpher off coal oil. Hopes are entertained of her recovery, and the whole matter is kept a profound secret. It is only as a warning to mothers, little girls and little boys that the T. C. makes this matter known. He withholds the names from motives of pure generosity.

The ladies, modest creatures, have raised a terrible row because the conductors maul their backs as they get in and out of the cars. The conductors, with proper spirit, declare that the process is as objectionable to the maul-ers as to the maulees. Of a truth, there is little pleasure to an imaginative female in a strange touch between the shoulder-blades. *Au contraire,* there is cold comfort for a conductor in an unobtrusive laying of hands upon a Watteau plait or a morocco belt. Indeed, it is a sheer case of self-defence with the latter, for in these days of tilted heads and uneven balance, a conductor is in constant danger of avalanches of unknown quantities of avoirdupois, which is not pleasant unless the avoirdupois has been selected with due deliberation and discrimination. Indeed, it is suspected that those who filed the complaint were neither young, pretty, nor plump, but belonged to the wrinkled, skinny, and unattractive brigade upon whom no man, conductor or otherwise, would choose to lay unholy hand—much to their indignation.

The Mercantile Library is quite a fashionable resort for the fair damsels and dames of our city. Several nice young men have a good time, there flirting with them and occasionally attending to some wretched male specimen who have to wait for their books, etc., till the amorous clerk is through with his little love affair. It is interesting to the clerks, and affords an immense amount of pleasure to the lookers on, besides materially helping the catalogue, which will appear probably in 1874. It is a pity that such an establishment as the Mercantile Library cannot afford to put up a decent looking glass in the lavatory adjoining the chess room. A little three-cornered piece of broken glass nailed on to the wall alone enables the visitor to see if he has a show of competing with the clerks in the flirtation business.

In the drama now playing at the California, we are treated to a soul on ice after a refrigerating process of fifteen years duration. The frozen element is universally recognized as being good for oysters, butter, game and fish, but the ethereal essence of corporate flesh so served is something new. Why are we not treated also to a sight of the consternation of Mephistophiles and all the little Mephistophileses waiting through more than a decade of years for the completion of the congealing process, or the amazement of the heavenly host as the frozen apparition entered the delectable regions! Mr Porter, as a rule, is an excellent and consistent artist, but we feel constrained to ask what was the use of keeping the soul of the unfortunate Louise loafing around an iceberg for fifteen years—a remarkable berg, by the way, to remain intact so long—when it would have been infinitely more comfortable to have translated her at the close of the second act.

A companion to the Whining Pilgrim has appeared in the shape of a cadaverous parson, who makes war upon good clothes and good times generally. He advises our womankind to cultivate bunions upon their knee-joints rather than their toe-joints. If a woman wants a new dress, down she must go on her knees, and she arises feeling herself clad. If she wants an ice cream or an oyster down she flops again, and arising, feels herself refreshed. If she wants to go to the theater or opera, or any other of the devil's abiding places, once more she "crooks the pregnant hinges of the knee," and her soul is filled with music and her mind's eye with a panorama exceeding Porter's most magnificent efforts. If she wants—but why continue the list? Whatever of the wickedness of this world her soul desires she has only to pray, and religion being all-sufficient, fills the bill. What an uncommonly jolly time this cove's wife must have!

Alas! for Crell and McCobbish. In the full tide of its growing prosperity their pet Folly has received a check. Saucelito has been converted into a menagerie, in which Warner's monkeys do not jabber, Foster's seals disport, nor Woodward's diminutive baby expand its lungs. But the Wild Beast of the Pacific has chosen to make her lair therein, and the place is shunned of men. The lower creature does not draw well, for she knows but one trick, and that an awkward one; like the famous elephant, Juliet, she can place her paw upon the trigger and discharge a weapon without fail. The railroad whistle may shriek, the ferry boat issue excursion tickets, while the memento and its mistress flourish among the hills, Saucelito town lots will not be gobbled up.

We have heard many stories of the tenderness of a mother's love. We have seen them weep over a lock of hair or a tiny shoe, which latter sometimes looked as if it had been subjected to a previous soaking. We have known them to fondle bits of ribbon and faded flowers. But we have never known of such violent affection as that which agitated the breast of Mrs. MacNamara, mother of a soiled dove, who came all the way from Petaluma for a tress of her daughter's hair. As Miss MacNamara, who occupied apartments in the City Jail, has kept her head bandaged ever since, it is probable that she obtained it. Furthermore, a new "switch," suspiciously like the hair of the errant maiden, decorates the front window of a Kearny-street hair merchant.

Good God, this is too horrible! There is a Philip Phillips, Jr., who it seems threatens to assume his father's overcoat, and rival him in canting drivel. Philip, the whiner, we bore as an evil that in the course of nature must most fortunately be snuffed out in a few years, but if the race of sniffers is to be propagated and spread, the outlook is a dark one, indeed. In the name of a long suffering charity shamefully outraged, and in the name of music most hypocritically prostituted, this little Philips must be instantly smothered, or the country will be overrun by a set of singing pilgrims ten thousand times worse than the Lollards and Caporians. Let little Phillips tremble between his sheets, for the *Town Crier* will come some night and smother him himself unless he instantly leaves the country.

Pacific street is becoming the destruction of Jackson. The propinquity of the San Francisco hoodlum is ruining the Chinese, an hitherto industrious if not fragrant people. The recent action of Ah Sam, or Ah Lum, or some other scoundrelly Ah in grabbing his almond-eyed brother's change, was worthy of Biley, King of the Hoodlums, whose puissant royalty glitters in the umbrageous corridors of a jail. It shows, too, how capable of education, and how dexterous of imitation are the children of the moon. Does it require the eye of a seer to recognize in the Celestial young grabbist an incipient Supervisor?

The Benevolent Association placed contribution boxes at the various polling places on election day, while all the locals pulled long faces and said Remember the Poor. Which accounts for sundry and divers new neckties and overcoats which adorned the bodies of Benevolent Officers the day following, to say nothing of the new redingotes, oxidized to the last degree, in which their wives appeared simultaneously. Charity covereth a multitude of sins, and we are unwillingly forced to believe that on election day the Benevolent Association enjoys what we have heard called "a nice little snap."

So we are to have two real live Lords here. What a treat it will be! and how our shoddy aristocracy will, with true republican toadyism, *fête* and bore them! No doubt Bishop Kip has already posted himself on their pedigree, through the assistance of the *Court Guide.* No doubt, he will rush to meet them, and will in all probability know more about the family than they do themselves. As some one once remarked of the worthy Bishop: "The Lord he knows the least about is the Lord God Almighty."

One of the most interesting sights at the Vienna Exhibition is a pair of boots made out of leather tanned by President Grant's own hands. Any one collecting such curiosities as Byron's skull drinking cup, the skin of Cowper's pet hare, Napoleon's undershirt, or Wellington's tooth brush, should not let this opportunity slip. The price for such rare souvenirs is comparatively low, and if the purchaser will pay extra the President will wear them out for him and return them fresh from the Presidential toes.

The men in office and the men who have failed to get in, are now hard at work. Warm baths and scrubbing brushes are much in vogue. In some cases even "blue mass" has to be used. Never mind "they stooped to conquer," and the dirt rubbed off some of the hands, they shook the coats they leaned on, and other inconveniences, must be looked over. The main difference between the office-seekers and the strikers is that the one is dirty inside, while the other is dirty inside and outside, too.

A lawyer in this city, whose name is Hood, has made a most remarkable discovery. Long has the *T. C.* wished to know who was the "author" of the Bible. He has always had an idea that one man wrote the whole, and now he is convinced of the fact. Peter Hood has said it, and pompous Pete never speaks without his book. Pete says that "James the Sixth is the author of the Bible." Bully for Pete, though a trifle rough on the Bible.

The T. C. begs leave to state to the public of New York and the Seventh Regiment in particular, that McDonald's Cadets are not "from the best families in the Golden City," as none of them aspire to a higher position than that of porter in a store. McDonald kept a whisky mill, and is not "one of the wealthiest men in San Francisco," being an uneducated man, who has acquired some military knowledge, probably as a sergeant in some English regiment.

The Bulletin has turned prophet and given us a picture of "The Railroad of the Future." It is to be a road owned by the Government, on which every one shall have a right to run a train just as he might run his carriage on an old fashioned turnpike road. People who don't want to be smashed to smithereens will not travel on "The Railroad of the Future."

The interviewers have been after Grant to ascertain whether he means to play Cæsar and run for a third term. Our American Cæsar preserves his reticence, and says it will be time enough to decide whether he will run or not when the nomination is tendered him. It looks as if Barkis was very willing.

It is a pity that Governor Booth has to sit up for three nights in his shirt sleeves in order to compose a half-hour speech, for, when he has it delivered, he has generally caught such a cold and is so played out that no one can hear him. It is hard to say whose loss it is.

The Bulletin, *Alta, Call, Chronicle* and *Post* have stated for many successive days that John R. Love is lying dangerously ill, for which reason we are inclined to believe that the old boy never was better in his life.

THE DIMPLED CHIN.

I kissed her baby on its chin,
Just when the nursemaid turned away,
Kissed the dimple, soft and sweet, [May.
Like hers who should have been my
I did not kiss its bright black eyes—
They had its father's foreign stare—
I did not touch that ruddy cheek,
Nor stroke the dark and curling hair.

The mother's face I scarcely see,
For I turn away my head in pain,
From those soft eyes and sunny looks,
Sending my sad thoughts back again,
To hours when I believed her true,
Promising love forevermore,
And starlight saw me set the seal,
On a dimpled chin by the cottage door

Sometimes her carriage thunders by;
From its careless splash I shrink aside,
And set my teeth together hard,
Seeing the rich man at her side.
I see it now—these toil-worn hands
Were never fit to clasp her own;
Heaven knows I loved her well enough
To give her, if I could, a throne.

I thought I did the boy no wrong,
But oh! the bitter pang it gave,
When fierce his hand, in anger raised,
Struck at me as if I were a slave.
May's child! I would have loved it so,
For her, and days that might have been,
For auld lang syne, for mem'ry's sake,
And for the dimple on its chin.

I take to-night my bitter heart
Away beyond the troubled sea;
Its tossing waves may bring, perchance,
Through its unrest, new peace to me.
Baby, good bye! I bear no grudge.
Though worldly wealth I go to win,
No gold can buy the kiss away,
I stole from off that dimpled chin.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

Queen Victoria is going to a watering-place near Frankfort.——Kaiser William is going to visit Vienna in October——Another revolution is brewing in Panama.——The recent fire in Havana was very disastrous. The total loss is variously estimated at from three to eight million dollars. The insurance only amounts to $524,000, nearly all in English companies. Notices have been promptly given that all insurances will be paid on the 12th instant.——St. John's, N. F.—*To the Hon. G. M. Robeson, Secretary of the Navy*. The *Juniata* arrived here to-day. She met the *Tigress* at Upper Navick and coaled her, sailed August 11th for Littleton Islands. The *Tigress* met the *Juniata's* steam launch, which had been to Cape York, and returned to the *Tigress* again. Coaled her August 25th. Commander Greer reports the camp of the *Polaris* found August 14th off Littleton Islands. The crew of the *Polaris* are all well, and had gone south two months before in two whale boats made of the *Polaris*, which sank one month after the break up, kept a careful look-out going north and south, but saw no signs, and stopped at all stations, but no signs of the crew. They are probably on board a whaler from N. Y. The *Tigress* left Disco Aug. 25th for Labrador Coast to continue the search as long as the season permit. D. L. Braine, Commander U. S. N.——In Madrid, Salmeron has been elected President of the Cortes by a unanimous vote.——The Cortes has voted upon the bill granting the Government extraordinary powers, calling out the reserves, imposing fines upon all Deputies who may be absent from the sessions, and authorizing a contract for a loan of one hundred million piastres. The discussion upon these measures commenced September 10th.——Some of the papers announce that a marriage is arranged between M. Gambetta and the daughter of Colonel Denfert, "*l'heroique defenseur de Belfort*," who is a red-hot radical.——The painter Winterhalter has left a fortune of four million francs.——Cham, the well-known caricaturist, is said to be part-author of a piece received at the Palais Royal, and entitled *Alle*.——Dr. Nelaton, the medical attendant of Napoleon III., is dead. He was born in 1807, and became a doctor in 1836. Dr. Nelaton was appointed surgeon to the Emperor in 1866, Grand Officer of the Legion of Honor in 1867, and senator in 1868.——The race for the St. Leger stakes, in London, the great event of the Doncaster September meeting, took place September 10th, and was won by Marie Stuart, Doncaster second, Kaiser third. There were eight starters. Betting at the commencement of the race was two to one against Marie Stuart, three to one against Doncaster, and seven to four against Kaiser.——English journals exhibit a much more cheerful feeling with regard to the Iron Trade. The London *Times* of August 30th says both the Scotch and English markets have rallied famously. The market value of Scotch pig iron has steadily gone up, day by day, until quotations have now reached ten shillings per ton more than they were on this day week. The market is still very strong, with an upward tendency.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

The Bay District Horticultural Society intends holding its third annual Autumn exhibition at Horticultural Hall, on the 30th inst., and will continue for five days. Premiums are offered for the best exhibition of plants, cut flowers, hanging baskets, bouquets, fruits, vines, etc., also to children exhibiting plants received from the Society.——The British steamer *Macgregor*, chartered by the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, has arrived from Hongkong, via Yokohama. Dates from the former port are to August 13th, and from Yokohama to August 21st.——The cable which was laid between Kingston and Aspinwall, and twice lost, has again been recovered.——Vasquez has not yet been captured. A *Chronicle* reporter is, however, on his track, so it is merely a matter of time.——Jones, the man who killed Gallagher, was very properly discharged.——The hurdle races on Saturday were a complete success. There were, at least, five thousand people on the track.——Three hundred thousand trade dollars are about to be made by the Mint.——The annual sale of unredeemed baggage by the Central Pacific Railroad Company was held on Thursday.——Chief Whitney was burned in effigy by a lot of hoodlums, on Monday. He didn't mind it a bit.——The *Vanderbilt*, now the *Three Brothers*, is nearly finished building. She is now taking in her wheat cargo.——Kraker has accepted McCleery's challenge to play him for the billiard championship.——The Pioneers had a great day on Tuesday at Badger's Park. Much whisky was put away and some grandiloquent bosh indulged in.——We have had a fresh supply of Calhoun school teachers sent here. No doubt in anticipation of a Democratic victory. They may as well go back—we don't want such trash.——There is a great lull now, after the political storm. The strikers are once more poor.

A Survey was made seven years since called "Captain Sprye's Route to Western China." Two hundred and fifty miles of the surveyed road has proved eminently successful. Sprye may be very justly described—both as regards the clearness of his own ideas, and the willful blindness of those who ought to have advanced them—as the Waghorn of the Far East. The best years of his life have been sacrificed in the endeavor to introduce among the highways of the world a new route, which is certain to be attended with similar blessings to that discovered by the great traveler whose statue stands at the head of the Suez Canal—erected, to our shame, by French, and not by British hands. Seven years ago, under Lord Derby's administration, a survey of the proposed route was commenced, and reported on most satisfactorily. It was only laid aside on the change of Government. The gist and pith of the projected route is this—that it will bring the Chinese frontier, by land, within 300 miles of British Burma, and thus not only save a distance of 2,400 miles—at which Shanghai stands from the western frontier of China Proper—but also develop—or rather introduce, for there is no such thing at present—a trade with the Chinese Western provinces. It is unnecessary to point out the vast extension of British commerce that will be thus attained.

The Bulletin.—What of this thunderer that boasts great things? Surely there must be more than one screw loose. Its statistics, its markets, its commercial column generally seem to be sadly behind hand now-a-days. Heretofore the *Bulletin* took the lead of the dailies in its exports, distancing the *Alta* a day or two, but now how changed! Even its produce markets fail to give the leading sales of the day. We instance now two omissions that have already appeared in the *Call* and *Chronicle*. We allude to the cargo sales of wheat per ships *Northern Light* and *Three Brothers*, the former reported on Thursday's Change, and the latter Wednesday. Although known on Tuesday, the day of sale, and yet up to this hour of writing, afternoon of Friday, no report has yet been seen in the *Evening Bulletin*. Why withhold such valuable information from its country readers? QUERY.

RESULTS OF THE ELECTION.

Annexed is a list of the successful candidates at the late election. Where possible at this writing, the majorities are given:

LEGISLATORS.

Senators—Phillip A. Roach, D., 183; Washington Bartlett, P. U., 89.

Assemblymen—M. M. Estee, P. U.; Daniel Rogers, P. U.; John F. Swift, P. U.; John F. Hamill, P. U.; W. A. Aldrich, P. U.; C. C. Terrill, P. U.; James Patterson, P. U.; D. C. Vandall, P. U.; George C. Wickware, P. U.; D. Friedenrich, P. U.; J. F. Cowdery, P. U.; Robert Howe, D.

CITY OFFICERS.

Mayor—James Otis, T. P., 1,312. *Sheriff*—William McKibbin, T. P., 4,129. *Tax Collector*—Alexander Austin, T. P. and D., 17,455. *Auditor*—Monroe Ashbury, T. P. and D., 25,617. *Treasurer*—Charles Hubert, D., 22. *Coroner*—Dr. John R. Rice, D., 856. *Recorder*—O. H. Frank, D., 4,128. *Co. Clerk*—Wm. Harney, T. P. and D., 24,898. *Surveyor*—Wm. P. Humphreys, D., 1,110. *Public Administrator*—Simon Mayer, T. P., 3,115. *Chief of Police*—Theodore G. Cockrill, 3,226. *Superintendent of Streets*—Samuel H. Kent, T. P., 2,491. *Superintendent of Schools*—James Denman, D., 1,693. *Attorney and Counsellor*—W. C. Burnett, T. P., 4,311. *District Attorney*—Thomas P. Ryan, D., 679. *Fire Commissioners*—Wm. Ford, T. P. and D., 25,691; Gordon E. Sloss, D., 1,805; Chas. D. Edwards, D., 793. *State Harbor Commissioners*—C. L. Taylor, T. P. (city), 9,938; Paul Neuman, R. (State), 1,958. *Harbor Master*—Wm. H. Morton, T. P., 2,464. *Justices of the Peace*—R. Aug. Thompson, T. P. and D.; James C. Pennie, D.; H. L. Joachimsen, T. P.; F. A. Sawyer, T. P.; Lyman W. Ransom, T. P. *Supervisors*—First Ward, Stewart Menzies, T. P. and D., 10,614; Second Ward, Wm. C. Pease, T. P., 2,786; Third Ward, J. J. Kenney, D., 564; Fourth Ward, Arthur M. Ebbets, T. P., 4,109; Fifth Ward, John R. Sims, T. P., 4,293; Sixth Ward, James H. Deering, T. P., 2,898; Seventh Ward, James B. Roberts, T. P., 2,630; Eighth Ward, A. L. Wangenheim, T. P., 4,675; Ninth Ward, A. W. Scott, T. P., 3,967; Tenth Ward, George Hewston, T. P., 2,872; Eleventh Ward, M. Lynch, T. P., 1,680; Twelfth Ward, D. A. McDonald, T. P., 1,294. *School Directors*—Jos. Clement, T. P. and D.; George C. Hurlbert, T. P.; H. J. Tilden, T. P.; John O. Hanscom, T. P.; H. Rosekrans, T. P.; Andrew McF. Davis, T. P.; W. T. Bradbury, T. P.; J. M. Buffington, T. P.; John P. Shine, T. P.; M. J. Donovan, T. P.; J. Spaulding, D.; Robert Bragg, D.

THE FRENCHMAN FROM LIMERICK.

The natural modesty of an Irishman has not in many cases been a bar to his application for, or acceptance of office, but one of the coolest pieces of impudence by one of that nation we have ever met with came across our notice a day or two ago. A Mr. Williams, self-styled Professor Williams, was appointed by the Rev. O. Fitzgerald examiner in the French language of candidates for teachers in the High School. The Professor may be a very good Irish scholar, but as his knowledge of French is derived from the coaching of an ignorant deputy named Simon, we don't think that he can examine natives of the country as to their proficiency in their own tongue. In fact, we know that he is utterly incapable, and so ignorant as to be amusing. We overheard him asking a French girl to translate "red surf" into French. What on earth red surf is, only the Hibernian can know. His deputy, chosen with a due regard to his mental incapacity, in order not to excel the boss examiner, is equally stupid and arrogant, and the poor French girls are nearly distracted by the extraordinary quest one propounded them. What we want to get at is this. Why should not French Professors be appointed for the purpose of passing upon the qualifications of French girls to become teachers. German teachers are examined by Germans, and one might as well appoint a Chinaman Professor of Music as an ignorant Irishman to be a judge of French.

EXPELED.

The Produce Exchange of Hoag & Co.—Some weeks since, Hitchcock, a representative of this firm, sold verbally to McNair 1,000 tons of Wheat, to arrive at $1 77½. No papers signed, but the seller reported the sale to the press the same day. McNair sold the 1,000 tons of Wheat, conditionally, to Holcomb at a small advance, say $1 80. The market suddenly advanced, and Hoag & Co. refused to deliver the Wheat. McNair, the buyer, referred the case to the Exchange. An Arbitration Committee was appointed, and Hoag and Hitchcock summoned to attend; but decline so doing. The Committee waited upon Hoag & Co., and they denied the sale in toto. An adjourned meeting of the Exchange was held to receive the report of the Arbitration Committee to the effect that Hoag & Co. had committed a "misdemeanor," and, having refused to settle, should be expelled from the Exchange. The final meeting was held yesterday (Friday). Mr. Hitchcock was then present, and after a long talk, finally offered to compromise with McNair by the payment of $500. McNair was rather inclined to settle, but Holcomb spoke up and said that if he did, then he (Holcomb) would claim $6,000 damages that he himself had suffered by reason of the non-delivery of the Wheat, McNair selling to him (Holcomb) at $1 80 *on condition* that *Hoag & Co. delivered the Wheat*. The *Question* being loudly called for, the vote to expel Hoag & Co. from the Exchange was put to a full meeting, and resulted in one unanimous *yea*.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

September 11, 1873.—Since our last (30th ult.) the demand for Wool of all grades has increased rapidly, which, with a very light stock on the market, and light receipts, has run prices up from 1 to 1½c per pound. Up to date about 3,200 bales of Fall have been received, which is somewhat in excess of the receipts for the same time last year. Of Spring, but little remains on hand, mostly defective. Reports from Eastern markets are, activity at slightly enhanced prices, with a strong feeling among holders. As far as we have seen this year, Wool comes forward in much better condition and of longer staple than last. We quote California Spring, good to choice, 22½@26c (no stock); average, 19@22c; inferior 16½@18c; Fall, good to choice, 17@20c, (this latter price has been paid in but one instance); average, 14@16c½; defective, 8@13½c; Nevada, 18@22½c (only about 100 bales on the market); Oregon, 24@29½c (no actual sale at this price, but it has been offered for a large line, the owners, however, preferred to ship for their own account). No stock.

WATT & MCLENNAN, Wool Commission Agents,
635 Sansome street, San Francisco.

DANBURY.

For a long time we pondered what it was that made the writer of certain articles to the Danbury *News* so popular. Our *Town Crier* was more witty and sarcastic than he; he hit harder. It is true that he didn't care whether he planted his blows at Mother Church or at muddy politics, but he struck right out and with good effect, and yet he has never been quoted and clipped like the above-mentioned journal. We think that we have solved the problem. Bailey's sketches are more domestic; they are drawn from our hearths and homes; they appeal to our every day life. In another sense the principle may be applied to the establishment called the "City of Paris" (Ville de Paris). Its articles are sought by those who can understand the good genuine stuff. There is the real good wear about them, and for those who appreciate the delicate and beautiful, nothing can excel the taste and finish of the articles in this vast establishment. Not large enough for their requirements, but of that anon.

Maison D'ore Quail.—We are glad to see that the Acclimatization Society took the initiative in the late case of Maison D'ore quail. No doubt it is very considerate of the caterer M. Dingeon to anticipate and provide quail for his customers, but still the game must be guarded, or in a short time he will not be able to provide quail in or out of season.

We have received, as a further addition to the already replete "Land Bureau of the Pacific Exchange," two fine maps from Gustavus De Young, publisher of the Commercial Directories of the Pacific Coast. One map is of Nevada, the other of Butte.

Vol. 3. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR SEPT., 1873, No. 5

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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, SEPT. 13, 1873. No. 33.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL, CALIFORNIA MAIL BAG, South side Merchant street No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—875@880—SILVER BARS—2@3½ Discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 87@89½. Mexican Dollars, 5@6c., new; 5½c., old. Trade Dollar, 2½c. prem.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-13¾—per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 110¼ per cent. On London. Bankers 49⅝@49¾, Commercial 50@50½; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams ¾@1.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, August 29, at 3 P.M., 114⅜. Latest price of Sterling, 107⅝@107¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. . . . . Sept 12, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	103¾	104	National Gold B'k & Trust Co.	117	120
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	101	102	Oakland 10s	106	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	101	102	Spring Valley Water Co	81	82
Legal Tender Notes	89¾	90	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57	83	100	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	50	95	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	52½
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	92	—	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	16	19
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s.	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds.	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	63	70
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75		California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	93	—	Union Insurance Co	92	93
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	93	—	Pacific Bank	87½	90
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	—	The Bank of California	125	127
San Francisco Gas Light Co	63¾	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

OUR SAVINGS BANKS.

In San Francisco we have ten Savings Banks, all of which are doing a large business, speaking volumes for our financial status. The following is a condition of the California Savings Banks, July 1, 1873.

	Deposits.	Av to each Depositor.
Savings and Loan Society	$9,834,378	$1,221 09
Hibernia Savings and Loan Society	12,480,470	783 26
French Savings and Loan Society	5,127,773	875 31
San Francisco Savings Union	5,121,511	1,006 19
Odd Fellows' Savings Bank	5,399,053	917 73
Farmers' and Mechanics' Savings Bank	392,931	825 61
German Savings and Loan Society	3,018,179	811 08
Masonic Savings and Loan Bank	946,162	483 12
Humboldt Savings and Loan Society	643,093	551 97
Security Savings Bank	805,816	783 80
Totals—July 1, 1873	$43,731,223	$886 05

Already has our Wheat movement exceeded that of a like period last year. The bulk of the crop has passed from the hands of the grower into those of millers, traders, speculators and shippers. Our Exports in value since July 1st, the beginning of the present harvest year, are greater than those of any like period in California history. Our City Stores and Grain Warehouses are now filled to repletion with the very finest Wheat. The bulk of this is destined for export, either as Flour or Wheat; freight for much of it already secured, and cargoes waiting the vessels to arrive and discharge inward cargoes. One notable feature is to be noted the present season, the Farmers' Co-operative Union have loaded and cleared two ships for U. K. with the finest of California Wheat. The J. T. Foster's cargo sold at public auction (before sailing) at a price equivalent to 2c. The Northern Light's cargo of 2,500 tons sold this week at 62s. 3d.—a price equivalent to $2 17½ ₩ cental. The new California ship Three Brothers, bound to Havre direct (now loading and to sail in October) will carry 4,600 tons White Wheat. This has been bought by W. Ten Bosch, Esq., as the agent of the largest Flour Miller in France. The price paid for this, the largest cargo ever floated, was 61s. cost and freight; the equivalent, all things considered, being about $2 27½ for the Grain. Other large Wheat purchases inland have been bought to arrive, yet to come forward, and at prices equal to $2 30@2 40 ₩ cental, delivered here in October and November. At this writing $2 25 is offered and $2 35@2 40 asked for Wheat, f. o. b., to arrive within the current month. Within the past fortnight 10,000 bbls. Flour, extra choice, has been purchased for export, within the range of $5 50@5 75 ₩ bbl, now held at $7@7 25—the latter the present price of the best all-dressed made at the Golden Age, Golden Gate, and other first class city mills.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, August 22, 1873: Eugene Kelly and family, D. T. Murphy, J. M. English and wife, Miss L. M. Hawkins, Mr. Theodore Bogle, R. J. Tiffany, L. Sachs and family, Capt. L. Stevens and family, Mrs. John B. LeRoy, Wm. M. Lent and family, W. B. Farwell, E. Sheklind, Wm. Wood, Mrs. Charles Crocker and family, C. F. Crocker, Geo. Crocker, Charles Hensley, Mrs. Major Hensley, Mrs. E. B. Cory, F. F. Northam.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

The commercial status of San Francisco is certainly in the ascendency. Business is active in nearly all leading departments. Money is quite plentiful, and thus far no complaints have been made of an insufficiency of coin to move the crops, thanks to the forethought of our bankers and leading capitalists, who have thus far provided liberally. During the current week the Bank of California has had further Government transfers of Coin made to its credit—now $750,000 Gold, through the United States Assistant Treasurer in New York. There is a large amount of Sterling Bills offered here as the proceeds of the heavy shipments of Breadstuffs now making to the United Kingdom. Unfortunately, the rate for these Commercial Bills is unusually low, say 50 days; though we are glad to see an advance in Sterling Bills has recently been realized in New York. At the same time the Gold premium has declined to 111⅛, a much lower rate than before reached in a long time. Imports thus far during September have been below the average, while the Exports have exceeded the average.

The Export movement in Barley to the United Kingdom is especially notable as being the first cargoes ever purchased here for that country. The purchases thus far made include 2,000 tons prime Chevalier at $1 60@1 70, and bright new brewing at $1 50@1 55 ₩ cental. Elsewhere will be found reference of Barley exports to Peru, etc. Much attention is being directed to the Barley crop in the United States, Canada, and in Great Britain. Chicago merchants have written us for samples and prices, and so have Philadelphia brewers. New Zealand also wants our Chevalier Barley, but, unfortunately, we raise but little comparatively of that particular description. It now looks as though brewing Barley with us would soon advance to 2c ₩ lb.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, Sept. 12th, 1873. Gold opened at 111⅛, 11 A. M. at 111¼; 3 P. M. at 111⅛. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 115; 1867, 116⅜. Sterling Exchange, 108⅝@109¼. Pacific Mail, 42⅞. Quicksilver Mining Company, 31. Wheat, $1 70@1 90 quiet. Pork, 17¼, dull. Cotton, 20⅜. Hides, dry, 24½@25, green, 13, dull. Oil. Sperm, quiet, $1 52@1 55 fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 65@1 75; Whale, quiet, 62@65c quiet; Winter Bleached, 68@78c. Wool—Spring, fine, 28@32c.; Burry, 16@22c.; Pulled, 30@45c. Fall Clips, 16@25c.; Burry, 14@17c. LONDON, Sept. 12.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 13s@13s. 1d. Club, 13s. 3d@13s. 6. United States Bonds, 91⅜. Consols, 92⅞@92¾, ac., 92¾.

We hear that in the Postal Treaty which is being negotiated between the United States and Japan the letter rate will probably be fixed at 15 cents per half-ounce. This, it is stated, is higher than the United States desire, but the Japanese Government, having recently established its postal department, is anxious to make it self-sustaining, and insists on this high rate.

Manila Advices, via Hongkong per steamer, announce the loss of the steamship *Esmeralda*, eight hours out of Manila, bound to Hongkong, having for cargo 1,000 bales cordage for the Pacific Company, and 151 bales same for the S. F. Co. Of the latter about fifty bales were saved. The 1,000-bale lot were all lost; insured here for $20,000.

A notification has been issued by the President of the Republic of Peru, that the Government will receive tenders for placing a Submarine Telegraph Cable between Panama and Paita, and authorizing the Government to guarantee five per cent. for ten years on $1,500,000 capital, to be invested in placing the said cable.

Regarding the position and prospects of the Emma Mine, it is difficult to speak. Quotations have risen from 3 to nearly 7. It is stated by the Anglo-American *Times* that "the mine is again in a flourishing condition, work now being done on a large body of ore which was discovered some months ago.

The London Manager of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation has received a telegram from Hongkong announcing that the usual dividend of 12 per cent per annum will be proposed for the past half-year, and $36,000 brought forward to new account.

The traffic receipts on the China and Japan lines of the Great Northern Telegraph Company for the month of July were 89,575 francs, against 97,455 francs in July, 1872.

Mexican Dollars.—We note the sale of about $30,000, at 6¼ per cent for Eagle and 5 per cent premium for Scalo dollars. American trade dollars, 2¼ per cent premium.

Monday, the 15th, is the Fifty-second Anniversary of the Independence of the Republic of Guatemala. Guatemalians take notice!

The San Francisco Gaslight Company have declared a monthly dividend of one-half of one per cent., amounting to $50,000, payable on Monday.

We note private sales of San Francisco Gaslight stock at $68 per share, and Spring Valley Water at $81 50 per share.

A monthly dividend of one and a half per cent. has been declared by the Giant Powder Company, payable on Monday.

The Crown Point dividend of $300,000 was paid yesterday. There is still a large surplus carried over.

A dividend of 1 per cent. for the month will be paid by the Bank of California on Monday.

From Sydney.—The British ship *British Commodore* has arrived from the Colonies with passengers.

More Salt.—The *Herman*, 148 days from Liverpool, has arrived, with 4,525 sacks, also 89 tons coal, beer, ale, etc.

"WHAT SHALL WE DO WITH OUR BOYS?"

Mr. Editor:—The question that heads this article has been passed upon by all the leading journals of our State; it has been asked and been commented upon by all the popular preachers of the day; learned lawyers have taken up and echoed the refrain of "What shall we do with our boys?" Wise essayists have written volumes upon the subject, and incorporated it into the literature of the times; all the advisers, leaders and teachers of the rising generation, of all casts, grades, color and complexion, both political and social have taken hold of the subject. Some have picked it up tenderly caressed it with care, some have approached it with extreme caution, and have taken hold of it with a pair of clerical tongs, lest they might be defiled; others have gone for it rough-shod, and hand ed it without gloves; and the momentous question of "What shall we do with our boys" still remains an unsolved problem. I propose to offer to the public through the columns of the great progressive exponent of practical ideas, the *News Letter*, a solution to this puzzling enigma, and furnish a practical answer to the great stereotyped conundrum of modern times—"What shall we do with our boys?" I will give you my answer verbatim as I gave it to the learned, eminent, distinguished and dignified delegation who did themselves the honor to call at The Oaks last Sabbath evening, and solicit an audience of the Parson, for the purpose of opinion of so eminent a political economist as your humble servant. The high-brit commission was composed of representatives of all the odd root creeds, sects, factions, theories, isms and clams of those self-constituted autocrats who maintain a toll-gate and collect tribute from every weary pilgrim journeying along the various popular high-roads to heaven. The Ambassadors were seven in number, viz, Stone, Hemphill, Cox, Tool, and McOne. They said they were the seven of Sing Lights in Tobacl, the seven golden candlesticks—not wicked—I speak, the seven seals, not those at the left of the throne, but those of Patmos, (they spoke Father Mel ne facetly only remarked that they were seven up tops of Hoyle's game.) I received the august delegation in my usual easy, free and happy manner and after passing around a hundred glasses of consecrated rain redeemed to a soothing fluid by a sacred manipulation known as fermentation and distillation my sun too became seated, and stated their case. The Rev Mr. Hemphill served as foreman, and spoke for the others. He stated in substance that the clergy had preached, prayed, and wrestled with Satan, as Jacob did of old, they had consulted the bible, and all the sacred commentaries on sacred things and had failed to find a remedy for the growing evil of blood cru sm, or furnish a rational answer to that all important question of "What shall we do with our boys" and as a final resort in their extremity, they had deed dd to consult the Parson, the text of the soundness of whose doctrine would be the acceptance or rejection of his opinion by that shining light of the age, the *News Letter*. The reply of your humble servant was couched in the practical and forcible language of one who had walked from out the murky shadow of a sure-to-die grave, leaving behind him the deadand decaying dogmas of a superstitious and legendary mythological, allegorical field of superstition, one whose steps were now meekly following the footprints left on the sands of time by those departed heroes who waded through life along the never-ending paths of science, bathed in the undying light of the never-setting sun of common sense

To the Rev. Mr. Hemphill, and others:—*Gentlemen:* In answer to your inquiry of "What shall we do with our boys?" my reply is, outlive them, and what answers for the boys will apply with equal force to the girls. Outlive them; they are the raw material of which civilized society is composed. This raw material exhibits a luxuriant growth of native wildness; cultivate it. Every root and fibre of these rank and poisonous weeds over which you mean to sprung from seed sown in the garden of the Lord. This boodlum element was born of Christian parents, was reared within the shadow of the Christian Church, and has heard for years on every Sunday morn the solemn tolling of the Sabbath bells calling the faithful to prayer, and it is yet a rank and poisonous parasite upon the body politic. You and your co-workers, gentlemen, mayhap, are not so much to be censured as your system. You are the representative type of a class who have for centuries taken this raw material, and produced from the theological looms of your religious manufactories, not a stable, useful article, wherefrom a garment might be made, befitting the every-day life of a work-day world, but a thin, gauzy, transparent, intangible fabric, from which is to be cut and fitted the fleecy folds of a flowing robe to adorn the ransomed sont of some departed boodlum, who he shall have crossed the Jordan and reached the unknown land of some new Jerusalem. Art and Science have fought your pernicious system step by step and inch by inch, through every decade of the world's history, and Art and Science, and a practical education, and the utilization of this raw material in the great workshops of the world's industries, have never produced a boodlum. Then what has brought this anomalous hybrid into being? I answer, an expensive and pernicious system of soul-saving, totally impracticable and inadequate to the wants and requirements of a hungry and unemployed boodlum. Gentlemen, you are the directors of this turbulent element, and we work-day worldings hold you responsible for its ultimate fate, but at your request I will propose a remedy, which will somewhat relieve your shoulders of their heavy burden: Abandon your system of the saving of souls, of which you know nothing, and turn your attention to the mind and body, of which you know much; appropriate the vast sums uselessly expended every year in supporting and propagating a poisonous and mind-paralyzing theology, to the practical purpose of cultivating and educating the mind, and feeding and supporting the body of the raw material; convert your millions of church property into coin, and let it flow in the channels of permanent usefulness; invest your ill-gotten wealth in the various branches of trade and manufacture; engage in commercial and mercantile pursuits, buy land, lay out farms, and employ the great unwashed boodlum element in the various pursuits I have mentioned, and you will give the people something tangible for their money, and reap a greater reward and profit for yourselves than in peddling out a useless, false and improbable religion, founded on the legendary lore of dim and almost forgotten ages. And what have you given the people in return for all the wealth of which, through their credulity, you have despoiled them? I answer, the doubtful choice of an everlasting abode in one of two mythical dwelling places, whose only existence is in the distempered brain and distorted fancy of their inventor. The corner stone upon which your whole moldering superstructure is reared is a threat and a bribe.

THE BRIBE.

If pious, you walk in a narrow lane,
In search of a heaven you never will gain;
You may look beyond time till your eyes are sore,
For the river of life and its golden shore;
You may roam through the regions of infinite space,
In search of a God and his dwelling place;
You may seek for the home of your King of Kings,
And his myriad saints, with their golden wings,
But the beautiful city you'll never behold,
Nor its jasper throne, nor its streets of gold,
For never from over that silent sea,
From the shoreless waves of eternity,
Hath a messenger come from the shadowy vale,
As a witness, to prove this gospel tale.

THE THREAT.

If wicked, and not with the gospel crammed,
You'll march in the broad highway of the damned.
To a loathsome valley the heavens beneath,
Where weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth,
Of roasting souls, make a horrible din,
And all in revenge for a woman's sin.
Down deep in a wonderful, bottomless hole,
In a red sea of flame, each burning soul
Is howling and writhing through endless years,
And scorching their eyes with red-hot tears.
Each hair on your head is a fiery snake—
How much of heaven, or hell, will you take?
They are both for sale; come, raise your voice,
"You pays your money, and takes your choice."

THE OAKS, Sept. 1873. Yours, red hot, THE PARSON.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable companies

Girard, of Philadelphia	$250,000	Penn, of Philadelphia	$200,000
Amazon, of Cincinnati	1,000,000	Kansas, of Leavenworth	200,000
North Missouri, of St. Louis	125,000	Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago	250,000
St Paul Fire and Marine	250,000	National Life, U S A, of Phila	1,000,000
Metropolitan Insurance Association, of New Orleans	1,000,000	Delphia	1,000,000

PERFECT INDEMNITY LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED
HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents,
August 9. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company Cash Capital, $75,000. Officers John H Redington President George H Howard, Vice President, Charles H Story, Secretary, H. Filly Martin Secretary, H H DICKINSON, General Manager. DIRECTORS—San Francisco—Geo H Howard F D Atherton, H F Teschemacher, A. D. Grogan, John H. Redington, A. W Bowman, C S Hobbs, B M. Harlshorne, D. Conrad, Wm H Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H N Thorn W M Greenwood, B. Holmes, Geo. S. Mason Oroville—W. H. Jewett, Marysville—H Gerstle, Stockton—J Garratt, Watsonville, A F Hinckle, Oregon Branch F. Waterman, H Goldsmith, I F Grant, D McFlear, C H Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A Crawford, D M French, J Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer Marysville—D F Knight San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Luther Leeder, A Eohrbach Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, H W Earl, Isaac Lehman John Weltz sr, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, L Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H H Heubell, Louis Frank J Pelosi, W M Orr, W J Moker A W Shipman, A T Hudson, H M Dunning, H H Hewitt, Marysville, M Gerstle, Secretary San Jose Branch T. Bland Beard, Joseph Letton, A Foster J S Carter, Jacob Lewis, N Hayes, Noah Palmer, H H Morphy J J Henry, Manager, A F Moody, Secretary Grass Valley—Wm Ann Watt Robert Watt. Nevada—T Wilgoumey. Feb. 11

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE—UNION INS CO OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861—Nos. 415 and 418 Call street. Cash capital $750,000 Old Assets over $900,000 Fair Rates Prompt settlement of losses. Business strictly Mutual. DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J Mora Moss James Otis, Moses Heller Wm Montague Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Aug Helbing, Charles Richer, Isaac Seller, W Babin, J Lawrence Pool A Weil, N S Killitz, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S Latham, J Baum, M D Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G Brignardello, Gustave J Rhodes T Leonard Mayer, J H Baker T Lundstrom, Isaac Bell Moses Mailer Jos Mailer Hought n L A Booth Marysville, I Cohn Grass Valley Peter Decker Portland, O.—Henry Failing New York J G Kittle, Perjamin Brewster, James Phelan GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President N S KITTLE, Vice President CHARLES D HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T BOWIE, Surveyor Oct 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 426 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets San Francisco. This company transacts a GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates com with the risks assumed and independently. Company reliable. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens.

DIRECTORS—W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C F Macdermot, James H Barney, C W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gift, W. H Breyer, G L Bradley, D H Haskell, H S Crocker, F S Freeman N S Thayer Jr. Thelan, Charles Main. C. W. KELLOGG, President

H O. HORNER, Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 11 Merchants Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $3,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.

GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Laws Law.

WALLACE EVELESON, General Agent,
April 26.] N. E cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000. Annual Fire Premiums, less re insurance, $1,000,000. Promptly Paid in Gold Coin W. L. LOOMIS, Agent.
(Jan 25.) No. 310 California street, San Francisco.

The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.

FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 18.

S. T. SUIT & CO'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge R. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH,	J. T. HOOKER,
C. T. WHEELER,	W. W. DODGE,
Sacramento	San Francisco

Dec 21

O. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [D. A. MOORE.
Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 319 Bush street. Factory, 4th Brannan street. Feb 1.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind
Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,
Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts., (up stairs) San Francisco August 2

THE NEWS LETTER
IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co, Wm Young, Leubah & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Belgique
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—H Hodges, Esq
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanazolith & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyes & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bremen—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Colombia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co
Constantinople—Ballozzi Freres, Jacquin, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Exchange.
Calcutta Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Calais—Geo. Petrie, Esq, English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Reuter.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co
Hamburg—Lutterroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borgenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co, Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq, H. B. M's Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England — Commercial Reading Rooms
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co, Rothschilds, Bank of London; Baring, Bros & Co; Delisy, Davies & Co; Erk Asmile, M D, "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co, Bath, Gruning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers Association
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Uniao Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excelentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Roux de Fraissint.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co, Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal St James' Club; C. M McKab
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo — Commercial Exchange; Zimerman, Fair & Co.

COURT CHAT.

At a moment when society and the public prints are ripe with anecdotes illustrating the piety, the zeal, the classical scholarship, the general erudition, and the social fascination of the late Bishop Wilberforce, perhaps an instance of his graceful wit may not be unacceptable. In the Winter of 1829, amongst those assembled to enjoy the far-famed sport at Holkham, the seat of the Earl of Leicester, then Mr. Coke, was Sir Francis Chantry, the late eminent sculptor, as keen and expert in the coverts as he was persevering and skilful in the studio. On the 20th of November in that year he accomplished the feat, almost unique in England, though not unfrequent in Greece, of killing two woodcocks with one shot. The exploit was hailed with acclamation by all present. Mr. Coke paraded the whole cavalcade—guns, keepers, beaters, etc.—with pleasant solemnity before the delighted hero of the moment, who, as they saluted him in passing, gravely waved the wonderful but indescribable Peruvian hat in which it pleased him always to shoot in answer to their homage; and it was voted by acclamation that the spot then immortalized, previously called "Quarter Plantation," should be henceforth known as "Chantry Hill," a name which it bears to this day. That incident was often the subject of pleasant memories at Holkham; but a few years afterwards Sir Francis himself, on his annual arrival there, brought with him a more lasting, and a graceful record of it, as well as of his own artistic skill, in the shape of a monumental slab, embodying by his own hand in immortal marble the feat in question. On its semi-circular capital are inscribed the words—"Two woodcocks, killed at Holkham, November, 1829, by Francis Chantry, sculptor, at one shot. Presented to Thomas William Coke, Esq., 1864." Below the inscription appears in bold bas-relief an exquisite group of the two birds, chiseled with a delicacy and a fidelity to nature which the artist himself never surpassed, and on which, indeed, he had expended all his skill.

The other day the Queen of the Belgians, accompanied by the Princess Louise, drove out from Spa to visit the cascade at Coo; but near the village of La Gleize a thunderstorm came on, and Her Majesty was obliged to seek the nearest shelter. The courier accordingly rang at the door of an *auberge*, where the landlady, seeing the two ladies, positively refused to admit such people into the house. Fortunately a small farm-house stood not far off, and here the good dame not only admitted the ladies, but called to her husband, who opened his barn for the carriage and ponies. The storm came on with unwonted violence, and lasted for so long a time that the Queen and Princess accepted the offer of the hostess to occupy two beds, humble in appearance, but scrupulously white and clean. On Her Majesty intimating a wish that a message be sent to Spa, the farmer offered to carry a note thither, and set out through the storm. The household of the Queen at Spa were much relieved from their anxiety on receipt of Her Majesty's letter, and a close carriage was dispatched to the place in which the Queen and Princess left the farm at 3 A.M. Later in the day Her Majesty drove out again to Gleize, and thanked her host and hostess, not admitting to give a few gold pieces to the servants

Recently, replying to a question from his good folks at home, spoken in a way which was honorable to him and merciful, Mr. Mundella said if he were a Republican he would not vote to starve monarchy, but to abolish it, but as he was not a Republican, and believed in their receiving the greatest amount of freedom from a limited monarchy, he believed in giving a reasonable allowance to the Crown. The Duke of Edinburgh, as a single man, was the poorest duke in England. If they wanted a member to advocate a Republic, he told them plainly they must get another member, and he was not their man. At this stage some local "rowdy" was making a demonstration, whereupon the mayor interposed by calling three cheers for the Queen, which the great majority of the assembly enthusiastically responded to. Mr Mundella replied to various other questions, after which a vote of confidence in him was carried with but six dissentients.

The Bonapartist journals publish an address delivered by the Prince Imperial before the friends of his family assembled at Chislehurst on the 15th of August. The son of Napoleon III in his address clearly took up the position of a pretender, he spoke of the paternal heritage, of the "dynasty" of which he is now the representative, and of the "sovereignty of the nation," and of "the flag which concentrates it." These words were evidently discussed and drawn up by the leaders of the Bonapartist party, as the first official demonstration of the young prince. They show to what ambitious schemes the restorers of the legitimate monarchy expose themselves and expose the country, and of what party they are serving the designs in spite of themselves

A return, ordered on the motion of Mr. Vernon Harcourt, M. P., shows the number of regular forces maintained for service in the United Kingdom for each year since 1800. The century was commenced with 70,475 men of all arms, a number which, decreasing to 50,000 odd in 1803, rose from 101,000 in 1804 to 132,355 in 1808, the largest number of men had on the books during the period over which the returns extend. In 1815 the number had sunk down to 41,918, but rose again to about 60,000 in 1844, and to 68,650 in 1854, the year of the outbreak of the Russian war. In 1857 we had 96,000 men; in the following year 64,000, below which number we have never since gone. The number set down for 1872 is 101,145; for this year 98,710.

Two of the greatest sensations of the Exhibition in Vienna at present are the Jewels of the Countess of Dudley and the Sultan of Turkey. The former are shown by Messrs. Hancock, of New Bond street, London, in their elegant case which ornamented the British section of the Industrial Hall, and consist of seven sets. Each set is displayed upon a velvet-colored tablet, and includes coronet, bracelets, earings, necklet, hairpin, and other ornaments—all of them making up a grand assemblage of diamonds, pearls, and precious stones, which are literally dazzling in their brilliancy. Their value is said to be upwards of one million sterling.

The Bonapartists are represented to be extremely angry at the Frohsdorf negotiations, feeling that they have been used by the other Coalitionists as catspaws, and their dissatisfaction has been greatly increased by the orders given to repress the intended Imperialists manifestations. Marshal MacMahon is the object of some of the expressions of displeasure, and is spoken of by Bonapartist organs as "the noble vanquished of Reichsoffen."

It is hoped and believed at St. Petersburg that the Queen of England will be present at the marriage of the Princess Marie and the Duke of Edinburgh. Some eight or nine months since we gave the rumor, as it reached us, of the probable visit of the Queen to St. Petersburg; the object of that visit was then, of course, a profound secret.

The Temps and Constitutional mention a rumor that the deputies favorable to the Fusion have induced the Conte de Chambord to concede that the tricolor shall continue to be the military flag, and shall merely be surmounted by a white streamer with lilies, the flag to be hoisted only over the Royal residence.

It is stated that before the Assembly again meets M. Thiers will publish an account of the diplomatic and financial negotiations which led to the liberation of the eastern departments earlier than was stipulated in the Treaty of Frankfort.

Sir Philip Francis has been called from Constantinople to London to arrange with the Foreign Office for the establishment at Teheran of a British Consular court such as exists at Constantinople.

It is stated that the Princess Louise and the Marquis of Lorn will be the guests of Mr. Cameron of Lochiel, M.P., at Achnacarry Castle, Fort William, during the Queen's stay at Inverlochy Castle.

The late Home Secretary, Henry Austin Bruce, who has been called to the Peerage, has taken the title of Baron Aberdare.

Mr. Chichester Fortescue has been appointed Lord-Lieutenant of Essex, in the room of the late Sir Thomas Western.

The rumor as to the Bishop of St. David's resigning his see is again revived.

The on dit is that another peer will be added to the Upper House.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs Colds Bronchitis Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhœa Colic, Cramp, Spasms, Neuralgia, Hysteria, Palpitation and Sleeplessness. The Lancet Medical Record stated that it is of this character. Dr J Davenge states that he has recommended it in the hospital through many years of any article he tried it was most valuable. Sold in bottles at 1s 1½d, 2s 9d, and 4s 6d. Extract from the General Board of Health, London:—"Sir, I feel very well bound to bear testimony to the immense value of this remedy that we cannot too strongly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr J Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is perfectly unsoiled by any other preparation of the kind. It is the only medicine mentioned in the Lancet recently exhibited several times. To prevent fraud, the Government has authorized the stamp with the words Dr J Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 1s 1½d, 2s 9d, and 4s 6d by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J T DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell Street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street F. C. WELLS & CO. 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "household words" Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors. Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price 25c. Small bottles, 50. Large bottles, 15c. each. Maybe had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet ribbon. "SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution. A Most Palatable condiment of this name, counterfeited and adulterated, having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABEL, BOTTLE, and STOPPER. Foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrappers and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their rights may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see their name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and Retail of the proprietors, Worcester, Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820

The attention of sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies:—Trebs Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps, Chemically prepared Felt Wadding; Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges, for fire-fire and central-fire Breech-loading Guns, Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of sporting Ammunition. Gas

A TRIFLING EXCHANGE.

Said grave papa, "Why, Kittie, child,
What do I on your finger see?"
"Oh, this, papa?" the maiden said;
"Why this you know Sam gave to me."
"And pray what right had Sam, my dear,
My daughter's hand to fetter thus?"
"Oh, let me see!" Miss Kittie said;
"It was the day he dined with us."

"He dined with us!" papa replied;
"Pray, what has that to do with it?"
"Why, nothing, sir; but then, you know,
We tried to see if it would fit;
And then we couldn't get it off,
Although we tried and tried and tried!"
"Poor child! I'll take it off at once,"
With tenderness papa replied.

With blushes Kittie hung her head,
"Oh, no, papa! because, you see,
Sam said, *if anything* I'd give him,
Why, he would give the ring to me."
"Oh! ah!" replied papa, "indeed!
And pray what did you give him, miss?"
"Only a trifle, sir," she said
"He wanted, and I gave—a kiss!"

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A lady correspondent in London writes as follows:—Some curious combinations in spots and stripes are being shown as the newest fashions from Paris; but I think the style too *outré* to find much favor, except with those ladies who pride themselves on being eccentric in their costumes. I saw the trousseau of a bride a few days ago, and some of the dresses had come from Worth's and were very stylish, though some were equally ugly in my eyes, the spotted and striped costume particularly. It was of brown and white silk; the skirt was striped, the stripes being about an inch wide, and the skirt was trimmed with two flounces around the bottom, one spotted and one striped; above the spotted one, which was uppermost, was a broad band of brown silk, and two upright plaitings to match the flounces. The tunic was spotted, trimmed with bands of the striped silk, and was of a very pretty shape. It was cut with a long square waistcoat front, and the skirt of it was quite open in front and square at the points. The back was very much rounded and well puffed out at the waist, where it was supported by a broad and soft silk sash, which hung more like China crape than ribbon. The bonnet was brown, dotted with white daisies, and the boots had tiny white buttons up the front. Another of the dresses was at once curious and very stylish. The skirt (a long train) was of white silk, very thick and rich, trimmed with a curious plaited trimming in which each plait looked twisted from the middle. Over this there was quite a new style of polonaise, called I believe a surtout. It was cut in the Princess shape behind, and the front was double-breasted, and the sides crossed each other. A square waistcoat appeared below the bodice in front, and the sleeves were of the old fashioned coat shape, with a deep cuff. This surtout was in a very rich shade of blue, splendidly embroidered, and it had a ruffled bar of white silk, very high in the back and tapering down to a point at the bottom of the opening of the bodice, where a bar of blue and white silk finished the costume. The rage for blue linen for seaside wear is extending to hats, ladies wear hats trimmed with it, and hats made of it after the fashion of drawn bonnets twenty years ago. These last look remarkably like children's sun-hats, and more eccentric than pretty. An article in the *trousseau* I spoke of above was a very costly and beautiful white crape polonaise, embroidered with what looked like pearl beads. An exquisite pattern of vine leaves and grapes went all round the skirt and sleeves, and a deep fringe edged the whole, every knot of which was a larger pearl. The effect was extremely light and elegant, but the cost of it was something fabulous. I saw some very pretty nick-nacks in majolica ware the other day, quite new in design, I was told. One was a bachelor's or breakfast cruet, and was certainly original, to say the least of it. The whole looked like a pretty chimney ornament, and consisted of the stump of an old tree, an owl, and a squirrel, very natural and well colored. The tree stump held the salt, the spoon within it looked like a twig. The owl became a mustard pot, when his head was taken off, and the pepper was obtained through little holes at the back of the squirrel's head. The contrivance to keep the owl and squirrel in their places formed a part of the old tree, and the whole thing was excessively pretty. A new fancy has arisen this season for ladies to cover their parasols, and gentlemen their umbrellas with white linen and brown Holland cases. They are made with a ring in the top for the point of the stick to pass through, and elastic loops at every seam for the ends of the ribs. They are very ugly and clumsy looking.—*Glasgow Mail.*

THE RELIGION OF UNSANDED SUGAR.

We want a religion that bears heavily, not only on the "exceeding sinfulness of sin," but on the exceeding rascality of lying and stealing—a religion that banishes small measures from the counter, small baskets from the stall, pebbles from the cotton-bags, clay from pepper, sand from sugar, chicory from coffee, alum from bread, and water from the milk-cans. The religion that is to save the world will not put all the big strawberries at the top and all the little ones at the bottom. It will not make one-half pair of shoes of good leather and the other half of poor leather, so that the first shall redound to the maker's credit and the second to his cash. It will not put Jouvin's stamp on Jenkin's kid gloves, nor make Paris bonnets in the back room of a Boston milliner's shop, nor let a piece of velvet that professes to measure 12 yards come to an untimely end in the tenth, or a spool of sewing silk that vouches for 20 yards be nipped in the bud at 14½, nor all-wool delaines and all-linen handkerchiefs be amalgamated with clandestine cotton, nor coats made of old rags pressed together be sold to the unsuspecting public for legal broadcloth. It does not put bricks at five dollars per thousand into chimneys it contracts to build of seven-dollar material; nor smuggle white pine into floors that have paid for hard pine; nor leave yawning cracks in closets where boards ought to join; nor daub the ceilings that ought to be smoothly plastered; nor make window-blinds with slats that cannot stand the wind, and paint that cannot stand the sun, and fastenings that may be looked at, but are on no account to be touched. The religion that is going to sanctify the world pays its debts. It does not consider that 40 cents returned for 100 cents given is according to the Gospel, though it may be according to law. It looks on a man who has failed in trade, and who continues to live in luxury, as a thief.—*The Boston Christian.*

BIG BLOWING.

The greatest cataract in the world is the Falls of Niagara, where the water from the great upper lakes forms a river of three-quarters of a mile in width, and then, being suddenly contracted, plunges over the rocks in two columns to the depth of 175 feet. The greatest cave in the world is the Mammoth Cave of Kentucky, where any one can make a voyage on the waters of a subterranean river, and catch fish without eyes. The greatest river in the known world is the Mississippi, 4,000 miles long. The largest valley in the world is the valley of the Mississippi. It contains 500,000 square miles, and is one of the most fertile regions of the globe. The greatest city park in the world is in Philadelphia. It contains 2,700 acres. The greatest grain port in the world is Chicago. The largest lake in the world is Lake Superior, which is truly an inland sea, being 430 miles long and 1,000 feet deep. The largest railroad at present is the Pacific Railroad, over 3,000 miles in length. The greatest mass of solid iron in the world is the Iron Mountain of Missouri. It is 350 feet high and two miles in circuit. The best specimen of Grecian architecture in the world is the Girard College for Orphans, Philadelphia. The largest aqueduct in the world is the Croton Aqueduct, New York. Its length is 40½ miles, and it cost $12,500,000. The largest deposits of anthracite coal in the world are in Pennsylvania, the mines of which supply the market with millions of tons annually, and appear to be inexhaustible.—*American Engineer.*

Hop-pickers's Recreation—Leap-frog.

Water Spouts—Good Templars' speeches.

The Flying Squadron—Locusts.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL AND WORK FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL AND HALL OF RECORDS.

Office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, August 14th, 1873.—Sealed proposals, for furnishing certain Material and for doing certain Work for a portion of the New City Hall and Hall of Records, will be received at the office of the Board until 12 o'clock noon of FRIDAY, THE NINETEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1873, as follows:

1—BRICK WORK.—Bricks laid in the wall with Facework extra, and Setting Blocks, Keystones, Capitals, Springing Blocks, Iron Plates, etc., and providing and setting Iron Bonding and Arch and Chimney Bars, etc.

2—STONE AND STONE WORK.—Granite Blocks, Keystones, Capitals, Springing Blocks, Stone Creasing, Internal Granite Columns of Hall of Records, etc., provided and worked.

3—IRON WORK.—Wrought Iron Girders for Second Floor, provided and set.

4—IRON WORK.—Cast Iron Columns, Girders, Lintels, Brackets, etc., for Hall of Records, provided and set.

5—IRON WORK.—Dome of Hall of Records, complete.

All according to specifications, plans and drawings to be furnished by the Board. No bid will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Forms of Proposal," and accompanied by a bond with two good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to ten per cent. of the total sum of the tender, conditioned for the due entering into the contract of the party to whom it may be awarded. The bids must be indorsed for the material proposed to be furnished, or work to be done, and addressed to the Secretary of the Board. The specifications, plans and drawings can be seen, and all further information obtained, at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposals will be furnished to intending bidders. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly in City Hall Warrants, of 75 per cent. of the estimated amounts due, and the remaining 25 per cent. when the contract is completed. The expenses of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.

P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND,
CHAS. E. McLANE, Board of City Hall Com.

ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary. August 16.

ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).

Successors to J. Seligman & Co.

London Office, No. 3 Angel Court. San Francisco Office, No. 412 California street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000, Subscribed, $3,000,000, Paid in $1,500,000, remainder subject to call. Directors in London: Hon. Hugh McCulloch, Reuben D. Sassoon, William F. Scholfield, Isaac Seligman, Julius Beer, Managers in San Francisco—Richard G. Sneath, Ignatz Steinhart. The Bank is now prepared to open Accounts, Receive Deposits, make Collections, Buy and Sell Exchange, and Issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world and loan Money on proper securities. The Stock of this Bank being held by leading Bankers and Capitalists of Europe and America, the Bank will have superior facilities in the negotiation of State, Municipal and other securities at road.

July 5. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $300,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.

DIRECTORS.—L. Gottig, F. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler Dan. Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers.

GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. P. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved securities. Office: No 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. D. O. Mills, President; W. C. Ralston, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Messrs. LEES & WALLER; in Boston, TREMONT NATIONAL BANK; in London, ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. EXCHANGE for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on-the-Main. March 28.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants. No. 12 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't, Wm. H Culver, Vice President, H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 2.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 415 California street. July 2.

C. L. CRACKBON.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to H. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 2.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, - - 1 Rue Scribe, Paris. [March 29.]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 29.] J. P. McGUIRE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

CITY HALL WARRANTS

Bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. August 2.

MR L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS, RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Allianca.
Odessa—Rafalowitch & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Steiglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamnis & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co, Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

BELGIUM—Consul General—S. Morhange, Grand Hotel. Consul, E. Grisar, N. W. cor. Broadway and Sansome.
CHILI—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanueva, U. S. Court Building. Consul H. Harroll het, 531 Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California street.
ECUADOR—Consul—Daniel Wolf, Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
GUATEMALA—Consul General—Leslie C. Hanks, 304 California.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul—C. A. C. Dotsenberg, 414 Sacramento.
GREECE—Consul—(Vacant.)
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front.
HONDURAS—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 702 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Act'g Consul—Horace D. Dunn.
MEXICO—Consul Manuel Aspiroz, 4 California street.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, 710 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—Consul-General—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S. W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—F. de la Fuenlene y Bobadal, Lick H'se.
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Berton. Vice Consul—H. Laidley, Swiss-American Bank.
SPAIN—Consul—Camilo Martin, 423 California street.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 510 Battery street.
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—R. Moralles, 710 Washington st.
TURKEY—Consul Gen. W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. Baum, 519 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss American Bank.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—G. Moecke, 404 California street.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

PARTED FRIENDS.

Friendship's the wine of life—'tis sweet to think—
And pleasant is a draught both full and deep;
But there are wines, alas! too thick to drink,
Too thin to keep.

And there is friendship bottled off in vain,
For delectation in the after days,
That, wisely, from the bin where it has lain;
No hand will raise.

Old times, old friends, in memory they dwell,
Harmonious 'neath the hollow past;
But for the present—Seeks the crab the shell
He once has cast?

Some, rising on the ladder, never stop;
Some on the lowest round still keep their foot;
And those at bottom wonder those atop
They *never* meet.

'Tis wiser;—since, in going up or down,
Chameleons all, none are what they have been,
And be, our bosom friend, we quitted Brown,
We welcome green!

Flake after flake the snows of age descend,
So tenderly, they yield us nought of gloom;
But in the faces of recovered friends
We read our doom.

"How changed!" they tell us pleasantly—"So grey!
So stout! so altered from the friend we knew!"
Confound it! But the comfort is that they
Are altered too.

Perchance a pimpled Damon, Pithias seeks,
Whose bottle-nose proclaims him at the bad;
Perchance Pylades to Orestes speaks—
Already mad.

'Twas sweet with Amaryllis in the shade,
Bright were the tangles of Neæra's hair;
Now, Amy's wed, and, but for Truefitt's aid,
Neæra were bare.

Since, then, accordant to one law of change,
We are all changed and changing; whose to blame
To lack the same regard for what, grown strange,
Seems but the same?

Why rise the haunting ghosts of buried time,
Why must old gossips "vex the poet's ear?"
Garrulous only, 'midst his dreams sublime,
Of stealing deer.

Still friendship is the wine of life divine—
So poets sang, and so the world agrees;
But are we always, when we like a wine,
To like the lees?

—*Wm. Sawyer.*

WHAT NEXT?

A new writing machine being exhibited by Mr. Emmett Dewsmore seems to be an invention which, if the difficulty of its high price can be surmounted, will be almost as great a boon to printers as printing itself was to the world at large. At all events, its adoption will deprive that *hostis humani generis*, "the printers' reader," of all chance of throwing back upon the crabbed penmanship of the maddened author the responsibility of the travestie in which he has represented his pet incubations to a bewildered public. The writing machine is, with its stand, about the size of a small sewing machine, and consists of a small key-board with three rows of keys, each of which is marked with a letter or number and connected with a long wire hammer, similar in action to those of the pianoforte, but bearing at the striking end, instead of the usual hard covered leather hammer, the metal die bearing the same letter or figure as that on the key. The hammers are ranged in a circle, so disposed that each hammer, when thrown up by the action of its key, strikes upon the same spot on a wooden cylinder, round which is the paper to be written upon. Underneath this paper is a piece of ordinary carbonized paper, so that when the die on the hammer strikes upon it the white paper is at once marked with whatever letter or figure may be upon the die. As the key which has been struck rises on being relieved from the pressure upon it, its action loosens a catch by which the wooden cylinder has been detained in its place, and the cylinder, acted upon by a coiled spring at one end, moves on a small space, so as to expose a fresh surface for the impact of the next die, which, on its key being struck, rises as before, and marks the paper with a fresh letter or figure immediately following the first. In this way each word is spelled, the striking of a light wooden bar which runs along the front of the key-board sufficing at the end of each word to move the cylinder forward without making any mark upon the paper, thus forming the spaces between the words. There are, of course, keys carrying the various notes of interrogation, etc., and it will be readily seen that by this arrangement a sentence may be printed off even much more rapidly than it can be written, each letter requiring, instead of the complicated, though unconscious, process of formation by a pen or pencil, only the single rap with the finger upon the key. The only difficulty in the way—besides the eight initial difficulty of learning the key-board by heart and practising the fingers to drop rapidly upon the desired letter—is that of finishing entirely with each letter before touching the key which is to print the next. As it is, the machine can be worked easily up to from sixty to eighty words per minute, and with less fatigue to the operator than in writing in the ordinary way twenty-five to thirty words a minute. By the use of tissue paper and additional carbonized leaves, eight or ten *fac-similes* can be printed simultaneously without any extra trouble. It is a most ingenious machine, and very simple in construction.

A GALLANT ELEPHANT.

Few sentimental damsels would approve of the transformation of a well-known line into "a *trunk* was on my shoulder, I knew its touch was kind." Accordingly, a young lady who lately visited the Jardin des Plantes in Paris, in company with her friends, was more terrified than flattered on perceiving that the elephant in the menagerie was neglecting the sugar and cakes placed within reach of his long proboscis to pursue her wherever she went. When she stood still, he stood still; when she moved he followed. An elephant's trunk is indeed a marvel of animal mechanism, but to the unscientific observer it resembles somewhat too closely Mr. Mantalini's description of his corpse, being both damp and unpleasant. The attempt made by the poor animal to attract the lady's attention by means of this appendage soon caused her to hurry away in alarm; seeing this, her admirer uttered a loud cry, which brought a keeper to the spot. He soon calmed her fears, and asked her to hand the elephant a bouquet, which formed part of her *toilette*. She did so with trembling fingers, whereupon the elephant carried it to his mouth, drank in its perfume with evident delight, and to the surprise of all present, returned it to its owner with that mixture of grace and clumsiness which may be imagined in a courteous elephant. The bouquet was composed of orange flowers, of which these animals are passionately fond.

A "Milking" Establishment—The Stock Exchange.

A Canon is considered a great gun in the Church.

RAILROAD CONSOLIDATION.

Pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided—Notice is hereby given that the SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY and the SOUTHERN PACIFIC BRANCH RAILROAD COMPANY, upon the written consent of the Stockholders holding more than three fourths of the Capital Stock of each of said corporations, respectively and by the agreement of the respective Boards of Directors of said corporations, made and entered into in accordance with such consent and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, have this day amalgamated and consolidated their Capital Stock, Debts, Property, Assets, and Franchises under the corporate name and style of the "SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY." By order of the Board of Directors of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company. J. L. WILLCUTT, Secretary.
San Francisco, August 12th, 1873. August 30.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of UHRIG & REESE, for the transaction of a General Storage Commission Business. The warehouse is located at the southwest corner of Battery and Filbert streets, and will be known as the PIONEER WAREHOUSE. Walls thoroughly renovated and rat proof. L. A. UHRIG,
San Francisco, August 20th, 1873. [Aug. 30.] HENRY REESE.

B. F. NAPTHALY,

Special Agent New England Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Boston, for San Francisco. Pacific Branch Office: Northeast corner California and Sansome streets. All applications addressed to him will be promptly attended to. Policies in this company are non forfeitable. Aug. 30.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agricultural IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS,
August 16. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. R. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

WANTED,

By a middle aged lady of respectability (a widow) a situation as housekeeper in a small family, or as matron of a hospital or sick nurse. Good references can be given. Has no objection to going into the country. Address MATRON, at this office. July 12.

REMOVAL.

John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, has Re- moved to 330 Montgomery street, opposite the Odd Fellows' Building. Always prepared to discount good Commercial Paper at the lowest rates. City and County Property bought and sold. July 12.

BONDS.

City, State and County Bonds, bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. August 2.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 16

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

CAST IRON WATER PIPE,

3 inch, 4 inch, 6 inch. Boiler Tubes, 2, 3 and 4 inch, assorted lengths. GALVANIZED AND BLACK GAS PIPE, all sizes. EGLINTON and No. 1 CLYDE PIG IRON. SCOTCH STEAM SPLINT COAL, 300 tons best.
For sale by C. ADOLPHE LOW & CO.,
August 9. 208 California street.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 418 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 24.] J. M. KOKFELDT & CO.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Youve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO, Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

CUBLE & CO

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room, No. 15 Stevenson's Building, No. 331 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

No. 20 Wall street, New York.—Exchange on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort, Bremen, Vienna. Cable Transfers. Circular Letters, Commercial Credits, on JAY COOKE, McCULLOCH & CO.,
Cable Transfers on Vienna direct. [July 26.] 41 Lombard street, London.

WANTED,

By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife, the management of a respectable Hotel, town or country. First class references. Letters addressed "R. A.," care of NEWS LETTER, will receive attention. July 5.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2.

$72 EACH WEEK

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. [May 31.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

JAS. H. HAM.] PETERS & HAM, [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 331 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Doney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

Miss Carlotta Leclercq, whose appearance as Galatea is to be the attraction at the California next week, belongs to a family renowned in the annals of the English stage for attractions not usually united. In early life, she was a member of Mr. Charles Kean's company, at the Princess Theater in London, where she and her two sisters, Louise and Rose, were for some years the stars of the ballet. In 1858, one of Charles Kean's last Shakespearian revivals, *The Midsummer Night's Dream*, which was produced with extraordinary splendor, gave her an opportunity of showing that her abilities were not confined to her heels, and her exceedingly beautiful performance of "Titania" aroused the public to a sense of her value. In 1861, Mr. Fechter, no mean judge of stage ability, selected her as his leading lady, and under his management at the Lyceum she played a long series of picturesque heroines, sharing at once the labors and the honors of that popular actor. As "Blanche De Nevers," in *The Duke's Motto*, produced in 1862, she took the town by storm, and her graceful and intellectual acting was the subject of universal comment. Her taste in costume was widely celebrated, and it was a frequent occurrence for ladies of title to send messages begging to know where such dresses as Miss Leclercq wore could be procured. Her latest successes in England were achieved in the plays of *No Thoroughfare* and *Black and White*, both of which were produced during her last season at the Adelphi Theater, just before she left London to fulfil an American engagement with Mr. Fechter.

The play of *Pygmalion and Galatea* is decidedly the best work he has put forward up to the present time. The first act, in which the statue comes to life and describes in a speech of exceeding beauty her sensations upon entering the world, is full of true poetry of the highest order. There is in it alone enough for two whole plays. The artist has a wife whose affection, not yet turned to jealousy, he fully reciprocates, and a sister who is beloved by and loves a soldier friend, while a comical old couple relieve the serious interest by their display of shrewishness on the one side and infidelity on the other. In the second act, a vein of real comedy is discovered, and the beautiful innocence of the vivified statue is the cause of a series of extraordinary and ridiculous blunders. The jealousy of "Cynisca," wife of "Pygmalion," is, however, awakened by the frank confession "Galatea" makes of her love for him, and as the enraged spouse is endowed with a dangerous amount of power she inflicts upon her husband the curse of blindness. It is a very fortunate thing that in these later days ladies are not permitted to exercise such uncomfortable functions, but perhaps the poet meant the scene as a hint that a man who has a jealous wife should be blind to other people's attractions. In the third act, all the misunderstandings are cleared up, and "Pygmalion" is restored to sight by his wife's forgiveness, but a tragic effect is imparted to the end of the piece by the fate of "Galatea," who, being cursed by "Pygmalion" as the author of his misery, turns again to the stone from which she was fashioned. The speeches from beginning to end of the play are each full of poetry, and the mistakes of the living statue, although exceedingly comical, are never for a moment contemptible or improbable. The only matter for regret when the curtain goes down is that poor "Galatea," who is the only really innocent person in the piece, should have received such hard usage but as there is no unmarried character in the play who is disengaged, perhaps the only thing that can be conveniently done with her is to let her relapse into unconsciousness. There is a fine opening for good acting in each of the subordinate characters, or perhaps it would be fairer to say that there are no subordinate characters at all, for every one has a good part. The cast at the Haymarket Theater, London, where the play was produced, included Miss Agnes Robertson and her husband, William Kendal, in the title roles, Mrs. Chippendale, Miss Caroline Hill, Buckstone and Howe.

California Theater.—We bid Miss Charlotte Thompson adieu with much sorrow, as we look upon her as one of the best actresses we have had here for a long time. At her benefit last night, Miss Thompson shone even more than she has done as "Lady Teazle." We had thought that as "Nell Gwynne" she was perfection, but if perfection can be excelled she excels it in "Lady Teazle." We very much doubt if any theater in the world ever presented the characters of "Sir Peter" and "Lady Teazle" better than the California does with Edwards and Miss Thompson. Walter Leman is also quite at home in his old character of "Sir Oliver." The support was excellent throughout. On Monday, Miss Carlotta Le Clercq will appear in *Pygmalion and Galatea*, a wonderfully pretty comedy by Gilbert.

Alhambra Theater.—The Susan Galton and Jennie Lee troupe have drawn large houses all the week in *Thrice Married* and the operetta of *Fanchette*. Miss Galton is very pretty, and having an unusually good voice, sings with great taste and finish. Miss Lee has also a good voice and is a most taking little actress, as also is Miss Blanche Hermann. The gentlemen members of the troupe are some of them fair singers and medium actors. *Fanchette* is a very pretty little operetta, and is done ample justice to by this clever troupe. A new programme next week.

Shiels' Opera House has presented a variety of attractions this week. Mr. Fred Lyster's play, *The Rising of the Moon*, was weak and uninteresting. *Out at Sea* is a sensational piece, introducing some most impossible situations. Laura Alberta, a very pretty little girl, said to be only twelve years old, sang, danced and played the banjo uncommonly well, and was the main attraction.

The Organ Concert at St. John's Church (Dr. Scott's) was a complete success. The Organist, Mr. F. Hatzenbach, had the direction of the concert, and deserves great credit for the perfect and harmonious arrangement of everything. Mr. Evans played well, and the new blind organist, Mr. Swanson, was loudly applauded in his Grand March. But the best musical treat, to our fancy, was Mr. S. D. Mayer and Mr. O. H. Hunt's Overture to *Masaniello*. The vocal music was also excellent, Mrs. Blake, Mrs. Howell, Mrs. Moore, and Messrs. Makin, Lincoln, Maguire and Campbell all being in good voice.

City Gardens.—Now that the weather is so much more genial, the visitors to these Gardens grow more and more numerous. The Gardens themselves are alone almost enough attraction. On Sunday there will be music, dancing, and all the amusements which Californians consider conducive to mirth and jollity. There have been a great number of people at these Gardens during the past week.

Woodward's.—The monster rattlesnake, probably the largest in the world, is now on exhibition at Woodward's. He is an immense fellow, and is well worth seeing. On Sunday there will be dancing, skating, and various performances by well-known athletics, etc. The Gardens look very pretty, and hold out great inducements to visitors, presenting an almost endless variety of attraction.

THE "MAISON DOREE."

Our old friend and prince of caterers, Leon Dingeon, has done two wise things. He has taken unto himself two excellent men as partners who thoroughly understand the business, and he has leased the elegant building on Kearny street, between Bush and Sutter, and fitted it up as a restaurant, ice cream and refreshment saloon. However slight and fragile woman appears to be, the dear creatures must eat, and they like to have their food daintily served to them. The consequence is, that the *Maison Dorée* is crowded all day long with ladies, not only in the elegant saloon up stairs, but also in the restaurant that opens from the street. There they sit enjoying the good things of this life, and the unhappy outsiders stare at them through the window panes, hardly knowing which to admire the most, the pretty faces or the good things over which they are bending. It is also a great resort after the theater. The sterner sex likewise is much comforted therein with delicacies from the best *cuisine* in San Francisco. Such an institution was wanted there, and the want is well supplied.

We do not altogether believe that the tailor makes the man, yet as we do think that this our piece of humanity deserves to be well clad, inasmuch as it cost no more, and is certainly more comfortable to the wearer, therefore do we rejoice that our old friend, Stallman, has returned to San Francisco. It will be seen from his advertisement that he has associated himself with Mr. Prögerman, and that the two have established themselves in the new building, No. 5?? Montgomery street, corner of Clay, where they will carry on the merchant tailoring business. They ought to be able to satisfy everybody, for Mr. Stallman was eleven years here, after that eight years in New York, and Mr. [illegible] has been for ten years chief cutter at Mr. Eisenberg's. They start with a fresh stock of new goods of the latest fashion.

ART NOTES.

The next reception and exhibition of the Art Association will probably take place in about six or eight weeks time, by which period the set of casts presented to the society by the French Government should have arrived, and will of course be immediately put on view. Apart from this, the artists are fast returning from their country vacations, and are hard at work for the next exhibition. Wandesforde has been up in Mendocino county, and has returned with some admirable forest studies and sketches of logging camps. Marple is back with a budget of sketches from Lake Tahoe and vicinity, some of them grand subjects for finished pictures, and are in thorough refined feeling. Deakin has at his studio a bright and brilliant picture of "An English Church Porch," and has commenced a more important work, a scene in the Wahsatch Mountains. R. J. Bush has some good studies taken round Mount St. Helena, and is at work upon a view of Santa Clara Valley from the redwoods. He is about the youngest of our local artists, but is bound to make his mark, we think. An important addition to our artists' corps has been made recently in the person of Mr. Elzer Jorgensen, a Danish gentleman, who devotes himself principally to portraiture. Two studies of peasants' heads, by this artist, exhibit much character and "go." He is a member of the Royal Academy of Copenhagen. In Snow's window, on Kearny street, several heads and compositions by "Oregon" Wilson are attracting attention. We may briefly say that Mr. Wilson was originally a petty man of Virginia, and not of Oregon, and that he has naught to do with the Oregon, in spite of his first name. The pictures are just a little too smooth and pretty, yet have a good deal of excellent drawing and color about them. The pair of brunette and blonde beauties would tempt a saint. The painting which strikes us most, however, as a work of real merit is that entitled "Homeless." It represents a poor, wretched, ragged street-arab crouching down on the cold London stones, a perfect embodiment of abject misery and helplessness, and made us compare the worst estate of the poor in California with its true condition in Europe, much to the advantage of the former. It is excellent in drawing, and its low color and tone pleases us muchly. "The Mechanic's Lament," by the same artist, is another picture of the harrowing order, worthy of note. In the same window has recently been exhibited a large and ambitious landscape by Norton Bush, entitled the "West Slope of the Cordilleras." As it has been packed off to Sacramento for the State Fair, we shall not attempt to influence the judges more than to recommend them to award it the first prize. And that it will probably get anyhow, for it is gaudy and merely close in color, and poor in drawing and composition. That son of yours, Norton, descending on the mountain peak immediately below. It would certainly get stuck, and the rest of the world be left out in the cold.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Sept 16th—GREAT REPUBLIC . . . . . . Capt. Howard.
Oct 1—ALASKA . . . . Capt. Morse.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 4th and 19th of each month for PANAMA and connecting via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamships from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Sept 19—NEVADA . . . . Capt. Austin.
Oct 4—MONTANA . . . . Capt. Parker.

All Steamers will call at SAN DIEGO, MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 19th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge; will leave at 2 P. M., as follows: Saturday, August 23; Wednesday, Sept. 24.
Returning, will leave Honolulu Sept 6th, Oct 5th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 8 A. M. as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Harler, Wednesday, Sept 10; Monday, Sep 22.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Thursday, Sept 4; Tuesday, Sept 16, Saturday, Sep 27.
THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT

SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,

But takes no freight for San Simeon.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, for San Diego and way ports, carrying acids, oils and combustibles for San Luis Obispo and way ports, Monday, Sept 15, at 3 P. M. For San Diego and way ports, Tuesday, Sept. 30, at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Sept 13.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Jno. L. Stephens, P. Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom-st. wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, Sept. 13th, at 10 o'clock A. M. (Sept. 13.) WM. NORRIS, Agent.

WOODWARD'S GARDENS.

Embracing a Marine Aquarium, Museum, Art Gallery, Conservatories, MENAGERIE, SEAL PONDS and AMPHITHEATER. Skating Every Day. Grand Performance at 11 except Every Saturday and Sunday. Admission 25 cents. Children under 12 years, 10 cents. August 2.

BUENA VISTA VINICULTURAL SOCIETY,

Office, 409 Battery street, San Francisco.—Vineyards and Cellars, Sonoma. Orders respectfully solicited for WHITE and RED WINES and PURE BRANDY. Special attention is called to their SPARKLING NATIONAL GRAPE, which received Honorable Mention at the Paris Exhibition in 1867. [Sept 6.

THE CALIFORNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

No. 512 California street. Guarantee Capital, $300,000. Receives Ordinary and Term Deposits. Interest payable semi-annually. Makes Loans on the security of Real Estate and other approved securities. President, David Farquharson. Vice President, Charles Lux. Secretary, D. B. Hinshelm. [Sept 6.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been remodeled, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished, and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built, not like a public hotel, but as it is named, an elegant Villa. "THE VILLA" is located at the last or northwestern gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENBERG & CO., Proprietors. August 2.

FOR SALE.

16,035 Ewes, 8,000 Lambs, 19,750 Wethers, 12,930 Prime South DOWN EWES, 2? head Graded and SPANISH MERINO BUCKS, 2? Thoroughbred LINCOLN BUCKS.

Ranches.—Several valuable Ranch and Farm Properties in Mendocino, Plumas, Sonoma and Santa Cruz counties, well adapted to sheep raising and agriculture; also, Good Hotel and Store in Mendocino County.
Apply to DEVEREUX, FOOTE & CO.
August 16. No. 6?? Sansome street, corner Jackson.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 618 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Having completed my arrangements for making Collections, I am now prepared. Every attention will be given to Collections and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and Money advanced on Real Estate. June 14.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

KENNEDY, MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,
French Cassimeres
and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr K engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 24.]

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	25@ 40
Cheese, Cal.	10@ 23
Honey	7@
Eggs, ℔ doz.	40@ 45
Lard, ℔	15@ 18
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16@ 20
Cranberries, ℔ gal.	75@1 00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	2@
Lima Beans, ℔	8@
Tomatoes, ℔	3@
Onions, ℔	3@ 5
Squashes, ℔	2@ 5
Pumpkins, ℔	2@ 3
Cabbage, each	10@ 15
Cauliflowers, each	6@ 25
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	25@
Celery, ℔ doz b	75@1 00
Beets, ℔ doz b	20@ 25
Turnips, ℔ doz b	@ 25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	@ 25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	@ 25
Green Peas, ℔	5@ 8
String Beans, ℔	5@ 15
Apples, ℔	4@ 8
Pears, ℔	5@ 10
Peaches, ℔	5@ 20
Pine Apples, each	50@1 00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔	12@ 25
Do. new, ℔	8@ 12
Oranges, ℔ doz	50@1 00
Lemons, ℔ 100	75@1 50
Limes, ℔ doz	25@
Chickens, each	62@ 75
Turkeys ℔	25@
Geese, ℔ pair	2 00@2 50
Ducks, ℔ pair	2 00@2 25
Rabbits, ℔ pair	50@
Hares, each	40@ 37
Oysters, ℔ 100	1 00@1 25
Clams, ℔ 100	50@
Mussels, ℔ 100	27@
Salmon, smoked, ℔	10@ 15
Salmon, fresh, ℔	15@
Codfish, ℔	6@
Rockfish ℔	10@
Smelts, ℔	12@
Tomcod ℔	10@
Sturgeon, ℔	5@
Flounders, ℔	25@
Halibut, ℔	7@
Perch, ℔	10@
Shrimps, ℔	10@
Anchovies, ℔	6@
Soles, ℔	25@

E. S. TIBBEY, Stock Broker,

No. 6 Leidesdorff St.

H. F. Williams & Co., REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

ROOM 20, STEVENSON'S BUILDING, SOUTHWEST CORNER OF California and Mont. sts., SAN FRANCISCO. Aug 23.

BIZ.

[**Unlike some of our contemporaries**, we do not believe in crying stinking fish, and so quote the following excellent statistical article from the *Commercial Herald*:]

Review of the Market for the Week Ending Thursday Morning, Sept 11th, 1873.—The general complexion of commercial affairs upon this coast is at present more cheering than for a long time past. The daily attendance at the Merchants' Exchange is greater than ever before, Ship Owners, Commission Merchants, and Wholesale Traders finding it more than ever profitable to show themselves upon 'Change for the transaction of business. The same is also the case at the Produce Exchange, its membership has more than doubled within the year, and the volume of business there transacted in Grain and Flour is becoming of magnitude. The Wool Exchange is also well attended by all engaged as buyers, manufacturers, and shippers. This staple is steadily growing in importance and value. Altogether our productive interests are expanding rapidly, giving profitable employment to a large fleet of ships, while our coast trade, both north and south, gives evidence of considerable growth both in volume and value. The high prices now paid for Grain, Wool, etc., is rapidly enriching all interested in its production, and the country begins to show its wealth in many ways. Our city is growing and improving with a good, healthy degree of rapidity. There is a large demand for dwellings, a scarcity of first-class houses exists, and this call is being responded to by the erection of blocks of dwellings in the outskirts of the city commanding a rental of $75 to $100 per month; these and other cottage houses [illegible], commanding $50 to $60 rent, are all readily taken by families seeking residences; at the same time, there are many palaces—high cost dwellings—now being erected, and under contract, going to show the confidence felt in the stability of our city. Never before, during an uninterrupted residence of nearly twenty four years in this city, have we witnessed such a good degree of confidence and prosperity in the growth and business of the coast, as is now apparent. All around and about us the hum of industry is heard and felt, and in a good degree are we indebted for this to the far-seeing forethought and enterprise of the few men, who like Stanford, Crockers, and Huntington have carried successfully through the Central Pacific Railroad. We ought not to forget Howland and Aspinwall, and their early associates who fathered the Pacific Mail Steamship Company to its completion and final triumph. Unfortunately, this last powerful company has, of late years, fallen into the clutches of the spoilers, who have well nigh caused its shipwreck; with good management, however, it may, with its branches across the Pacific to Japan and China, be enabled to recover its lost prestige. Importations by sea thus far during the current month have been comparatively light, although there is a steady stream of merchandise flowing to the city overland, but all this is fully offset by the large exports of Wheat, Barley, Flour, Wool, etc. Our overland shipments of Tea, Coffee, Rice, Fruits, Furs, and other home products, are of growing value and importance. Our trade is expanding rapidly in every direction, our manufacturing establishments are meeting with a good degree of success, but we want more factories to work up our crops of Wool, Cotton, etc. We ought to do more in the way of utilizing our Hides, Wool, Tallow, Leather, etc. With all home industries we lose much of our wealth. We must find employment for our boys and girls now coming upon the stage of action. Who of all our moneyed men will first make the move in erecting a Cotton mill in our city? We shall soon have the Cotton for them to spin, and that, too, in great abundance. This year's California crop is assuring of what we may expect in 1874. Our Tobacco fields are exceedingly promising, and we shall soon require large factories for its manufacture here. Surely the field is everywhere inviting upon this coast to all industries. The soil and climate of California is productive in the highest degree, and by the aid of irrigation and irrigating canals, our vast arid plains will in a year or two be made to blossom and bear fruit, as becomes the granary of the world.

The Export movement in Wheat continues upon a liberal scale, less bushels for the season, but a greater cash value than for a corresponding period of last year, in fact, our breadstuff shipments thus far during the present harvest year exceed those of any previous like period of California history. In a previous issue, we noted the charter of the new California ship, Three Brothers, for Havre or Liverpool direct, at £3 15s 6d, the port of departure to be declared before the ship's clearance. This splendid vessel begins to take in her cargo this day. It will be the largest Wheat cargo that ever crossed the ocean. This large cargo of Wheat has already changed owners, having been sold by E. E. Morgan's Sons to Nicholas Ten Bosch, for account and risk of Adolph Schotsmans Ainé, Dunkerque (Nord), France. The price paid was 61s per quarter, cost and freight, or the equivalent of 62s 9d, c f & i. Dispatch will be given this fine ship, and it is fully expected that she will be ready for sea by the 15th of October. The quality of the Wheat will be what is called "good average," and is bound for Havre direct. We hope to hear a good account of both ship and cargo.

Our Wheat shipments to the United Kingdom have been:

	Ctls	Value.
Totals since July 1st, 1873 . . 41 vessels	1,253,188	$2,854,573
56 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	1,634,745	2,722,509
9 vessel since July 1st, 1871, with	253,994	581,313
31 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	941,561	1,741,145
49 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	1,810,600	2,466,900

At this writing there are 18 vessels on the Liverpool berth, with a carrying capacity of 21,000 tons, as per ships register.

There is quite an export movement in Barley now manifest, not only to Peru, but to Liverpool, one or two more large cargoes reported purchased for United Kingdom.

Flour purchases, both here and in Oregon, have of late been upon a liberal scale, the time of delivery extending into November; perhaps 150,000 bbls Extra thus far secured upon contract, at prices ruling from $5 80 to $6 60 per bbl for Extra brands. The present price of Extra brands, $7@7 25; Superfine, $6@6 25 per 196 lbs.

At the Office of the San Francisco Cordage Company, Nos 611 and 613 Front street, the price of Manila Rope and Hay Rope is as follows: lots less than 10,000 lbs sold on private terms, lots of less than 1,000 and extra lengths and sizes, 16@18c. The market is so overstocked with the product of the two factories that this factory has shut down about half its machinery and is running only about one-half its capacity.

Import Markets are rather quiet. Dundee grain sacks, 22x36, 13¾c; Hessian piece goods, 40 inches, 9 a 9½c, 45 inches, 10c; Wool sacks, 57½c. Chemicals scarce. Caustic Soda, 10 a 12c; Bi-Carbonate Soda, 6c; Blue Vitriol, 9½c. Malaga Raisins are the turn dearer, say $3 75, $4 25 a $4 50, for whole, half and quarter boxes; London layers, $4 75. Metals dull. Pig Iron, $50. Bar Iron, 3 a 4c. Quicksilver active, $1 10. Oils: Linseed, 90 a 95c for pure. Whale, 55 a 60c; Polar Sperm, 60c; Lard Oil, 80 a 85c for pure; Petroleum in cases, 30c for January delivery, 32 a 35c for Sept parcels. Pulu, 7½c. Rice—A cargo of Japan, 800,000 lbs, sold in bond, as is, we only at 5c ℔ 100 lbs; China and Siam, 5¼ a 6¼c; Hawaiian table, 6¾ a 7c. Salt: Liverpool, 18 a 20 for factory filled; Meal 20 and Californian, 14 a 15. Soap: Castile, 10 a 12c. Spirits: Bourbon Whisky and Alcohol [illegible]. French Brandies, Holland Gin, Jamaica Rum unchanged, demand light. J. H. Cutter's Old Bourbon Whisky, Hotaling agent, continues to command the market.

Coals from Newcastle.—We note the arrival of the ship Nation's Hope, 78 days from Sydney, with 1,??? tons, British ship Lady Cairns, 67 days from Newcastle, N. S. W., with 1,??? tons to Mac de M. S. & Co., the Iron Queen, 105 days from Liverpool, is at hand with 1,010 tons, bark Camden, from Nanaimo, Vancouver Island, with 350 tons to John Rosenfeld. The Commodore Grace 1,620 tons Australian. The Great West ?? from New York, 1,700 tons to Pacific Mail Co., the British King, ?? days from Newcastle, N. S. W., has 2,153 tons. We send, last week at ?? at ??, the ?? rounds, from ?? ?? Bay, had 1,1?? tons. Bituminous, price $8 50. At a recent sale of sale at $12,??, Cumberland, $??, California Mount Diablo, $6 25 @ 25 for fine and coarse respectively.

Coffee is much sought after. Purchases the past few days 4,000 bags Central American by leading jobbers, private, but believed to be at 21½c, present price, 22½ @23c. We note the arrival at New York of 7,000 bags Costa Rica from London, and 3,000 bags Maracaibo from Europe.

Our Merchandise exports by sea for the past week have been valued at $299,934 against $253,290 for the week preceding.

Oregon Wheat, etc.—The Portland *Reporter* of Sept 6th, says: "Our farmers have been blessed with a superabundant harvest, the largest ever produced in Oregon, and prices for the leading crop of the State (Wheat) are high. From all parts of the State the crop is turning out fully equal to the most liberal estimates made some time ago, and it is now thought our surplus will not fall short of 1,500,000 ctls. This amount, if brought forward promptly, we fear will require a greater amount of tonnage than can be readily obtained. Prices governed altogether by the San Francisco markets."

The Wool market is firm, the stock of Spring clip well nigh exhausted. The Fall clip reaching market so far from the non-burry districts is in condition rather an improvement upon clip of last season, and buyers take it very freely for shipment East. As yet our local factories have made no purchases of consequence, and therefore, although the market is active, there is no undue "flurry" in the trade. Prices are firm at 15@17c for short ordinary to fair clips of Lamb's Wool, and 18@19c for extra choice Northern, burry, nominally 10@13c. Sales for the week, 250,000 lbs, within the range.

Hops.—The local market is quiet. The crop of 1873 is jobbing at 25@30c, 1872, 35@45c, according to quality. Crop parcels of new may be quoted at 3?@35c.

Spices favor the buyer.—Allspice 15c; Cassia, 30c, Cloves, 35, Pepper, 16c, Nutmegs, $1 12½.

Sugar.—We have no changes in price to notice. Importers of Island Sugar are not inclined to press their stocks, looking for an early advanced price list from the Refiners. The Refiners' price list is, for Crushed, 11c, Cube and Powdered 11¼c, Granulated, 10¾@11c; Golden "C," 9¾c; China is firmly held at 8½@9¾c for the three grades in mats.

Beet Root Sugar.—We have both the Beet Sugar factories now in full operation. The two together will turn out 3,000,000 to 3,500,000 lbs Sugar this season.

California Tobacco.—Advices from Gilroy are exceedingly favorable to the growing crop. It is said that California can now boast of the largest single plantation in the world.

The Freight Market is at this writing in a queer fix. We have nearly a dozen large ships seeking business, a few of them idle here for months, have refused time and time again £4 and upwards to the U. K., and yet they continue to hold out for high freights for Breadstuff. We are not sure but £5 has been offered for some of these vessels, Eastern owners looking for even still higher freights. Now £3 only is offered to a direct port, and £3 10s to the Continent. It is a matter of doubt whether more than one-half of the fleet heading towards the Golden Gate succeed in getting a Grain cargo from this year's crop at any price.

The cargo of Wheat, per ship *Northern Light*, 2,500 tons, cleared by the Farmers' Co-operative Union, has been purchased by Parrott & Co at 62s 3d, c. f. and i. The freight to U. K. is £3 15s, to Liverpool direct, £3 10s. Calculating the sterling bill exchange for same at 50d, we find that the seller realized less than $2 20 per ctl. for his wheat, a good purchase, considering that the current market price for wheat is $2 25@2 30 per ctl.

From New York, ship Edith, 148 days, to George Howes & Co. This vessel has for cargo 2,900 bxs Candles, 60 hhds and 211 tons Coal, 183 pkgs Cordage, 1,757 kegs Nails, 2,000 cs Oil, 500 pks Tobacco, Liquors, etc.

Barley to Liverpool.—2,000 tons Chevalier of prime quality bought at $1 65 @1 70 per cental; also, 1,000 tons choice brewing for same at $1 50 per cental—the first cargo shipments of this grain ever made to the United Kingdom.

Cheap Coal.—We understand that a large cargo of Sydney coal is now being sold from wharf (ship's side) to consumers at the low price of $9 50 per ton. This is ruinous to the trade, but good for consumers. Send on your orders.

The Urania, 42 days from Plover Bay, has arrived, to the consignment of Henry Kohler, and brings for cargo furs, skins and 2,500 pieces iron—a very valuable cargo.

Cordage Factories have reduced their outturn one-half and reduced prices about two cents per pound—all for want of a paying market for their superior product.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California (City Hall), San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 1?th, 187?, 12 o'clock noon for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,3??,27?, as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $?,??0. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where they bid at the same rate, to the extent of the assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in gold coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a certificate satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and endorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor, MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor, JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.
May 10.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad are now offered for cash by the Directors. Also, fine homesteads beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec 24.

A. T. ELLIOTT,

Ship and Grain Broker, 314 California street, San Francisco. August 2.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Blanckenburg—In this city, September 9th, to the wife of T. Blanckenburg, a son
Doogart—In this city, September 7th, to the wife of John L. Doogart, a daughter
Fisher—In this city, September 8th, to the wife of Henry Fisher, a daughter.
Gately—In this city, September 2d, to the wife of John Gately, a daughter.
Gilbert—In this city, September 6th, to the wife of C. J. Gilbert, a daughter.
Greenbaum—In this city, September 7th, to the wife of L. Greenbaum, a son.
Gripp—In this city, September 7th, to the wife of J. Gripp, a daughter
Joost—In this city, September 7th, to the wife of Fabian Joost, a daughter.
Pratt—In this city, September 5th, to the wife of E. S. Pratt, a son.
Smith—In this city, September 4th, to the wife of Christian P. S. Smith, a son.

ALTAR

Edwards-Robinson—In this city, Sept. 4th, E. Edwards to Lizzie Robinson.
Finney-Kelso—In this city, September 8th, Lynn A. Finney to Florella Kelso.
Guide-Jones—In this city, September 6th, V. Guide to Mary R. Jones.
Heinz-Reuter—In this city, September 7th, Henry Heinz to Mary Reuter.
Harper-Fletcher—In this city, September 8th, E. Harper to Ellen Fletcher.
Heitmuller-Franck—In this city, September 7th, W. Heitmuller to Louisa Franck.
Schubert-Dirner—In this city, September 7th, A. Schubert to Anna Dirner.
Smith-Barrington—In this city, September 4th, Wm. B. Smith to C. Barrington.
Solomon-Rosencrantz—In this city, August 30th, I. Solomon to N. Rosencrantz.
Stow-Hollister—In this city, September 10th, B. P. Stow to Ida G. Hollister.

TOMB.

Biedermann—In this city, September 11th, Charles Biedermann, aged 36 years.
Butterworth—In this city, September 9, Richard Butterworth, aged 63 years.
Cotter—In this city, September 11th, Hannah Cotter, aged 50 years.
Cordover—In Marysville, September 6th, D. Cordover, aged 69 years.
Douglas—In this city, September 8th, J. H. Douglas, aged 67 years.
Hayward—In this city, September 11th, James Hayward, aged 28 years.
Kearns—In this city, September 7th, Alice Kearns, aged 3 years.
Knoll—In this city, September 10th, Elizabeth Knoll, aged 34 years.
Mason—In this city, September 9th, Mrs. George Mason, aged 45 years.
Mendelson—In this city, September 9th, Morris Mendelson, aged 36 years.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Sept. 12, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	23	22	23
Alps	—	¾	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—
American Flag	4½	5	3¾
Arizona & Utah	—	—	—
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—
American Flat	4¾	5	—
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	7	6¾	7½
Belcher	71	67½	68
Belmont	—	1	—
Boston	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	4	—	4½
Buckeye	1	1	1½
Caledonia	19	17¾	20
Cederberg	—	—	—
Central	6	9	10
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	1	1	—
Chief East Extension	—	—	—
Chollar	37	36	40
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	6	5¾	6½
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—
Consolidated Virginia	97	95	95
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—
Crown Point	96	97	—
Central No 2	—	6	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	1⅝	—	—
Eclipse	4½	4	6
El Dorado	—	—	—
Empire Mill	3	6½	4
Empire Idaho	5	5	—
Eureka Consolidated	12	13	—
Eureka, G. V	29	—	—
Exchequer	7⅝	—	—
Globe	¼	—	½
Golden Chariot	23	25	—
Gould & Curry	11½	10	11
Gila	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	25	22	20
Hermes	2	3	—
Hahn & Hunt	—	—	—
Hayes	2⅜	2¼	—
Ida Elmore	6	—	—
Imperial	4⅝	4	5
Independent	1	—	—
Ingomar	¾	¾	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—
Jackson	¾	—	—
Julia	1	1	1½

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Justice	5	5	5
Kentuck	7½	7½	10½
Kentucky	2¼	—	—
Knickerbocker	2	2½	2¾
Kossuth	—	—	—
Louise	—	—	—
Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Mahogany	—	9	—
Mammoth	¾	—	—
Meadow Valley	18	15	—
Minnesota	19	20	—
Newark	4¾	3¼	—
New York Consolidated	¾	½	1
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	58	64	69
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	—	—
Overman	7½	6⅝	7
Original Gold Hill	—	2	4½
Page & Panaca	¾	½	—
Pea Vine	—	—	—
Phoenix	—	—	—
Pictou	—	—	—
Pioche	—	—	—
Pioche West	—	1½	—
P Phoenix	—	—	—
Raymond & Ely	85	72	—
Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Rye Patch	6⅝	—	—
Red Jacket	2¾	3	—
Savage	41	37	50
Seg. Belcher	23	21	—
Sierra Nevada	10¾	9¼	11
Silver Peak	1¼	—	—
Silver Hill	12	13	13½
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	2⅝	2½	2¼
Southwest Consolidated	1¼	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	—	—
South Overman	—	—	—
St. Patrick	—	—	—
South Comstock	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Tyler	—	—	—
Union Consolidated	1	—	2
Utah	—	—	—
Washington & Creole	2	3	—
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	1½	1¼	1½
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	51	47	52
Yule Gravel	—	—	—

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus *. † Buyer 30

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan

NOTICE

Mr. William Maurick (or Maycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or at Handley, Staffordshire, England.—You are hereby informed that your daughter, Miss ELIZA DUNN, is now in San Francisco, California. Any communication addressed to her will be gladly received for Mrs. E. Dunn, at the "California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast," Merchant street, San Francisco. June ...

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 24

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any; and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

San Francisco, Sept. 11th, 1873.—Editor News Letter—Sir: In reply to your *query* from "Inquirer," regarding the name of George W. Anthony, I beg to say, although my initials are unfortunately the same, I have not the slightest connection with the party spoken of. I would further say, during *my stay* out among the heathen, I was Marshal for the U. S. Consulate at Yokohama, also at Kingdom of Siam in 1866 and '69 respectively, between which dates my time was principally taken up with traveling in forty-eight different interior cities and outports of all Asia, which my diary will prove. In regard to the Citizens' Union Committee, I feel proud of being their Secretary. Perhaps "Inquirer" envies my position in this, as well as other *business* matters. If "Inquirer" will call upon me, I will settle the "inquiry" to his *satisfaction*.

Yours faithfully, and obedient servant, GEORGE W. ANTHONY,
Of Anthony's Hall Buildings, 417 Bush street.

Editor News Letter:—The "Great Register" has inaccuracies that seem quite inappropriate, for instance, Hugh Patrick Gallagher, whose occupation is being in "holy orders," is there entered as follows: Voting No., 13,462, date of naturalization, Sept. 6, 1870, date of registration, *July* 7, 1860. Then again Voting No., 13,453, *birthplace, New York*, naturalized Aug. 21, 1871, registered *June* 12, 1866, etc., etc. Do not these seem a little incongruous?

Yours, respectfully, A VOTER.

Office of the Light-House Engineer, Twelfth District—Notice to Mariners.—The water in the cistern for supplying the boiler of the steam fog signal at Point Reyes having become exhausted, the signal will not be in operation until the next rainy season sets in, and a sufficient supply of water collected for the purpose.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc. Tourists Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts, Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

JOHN V. PLUME & CO.,

Formerly of Burgoyne & Co., Bankers, 319 California street, San Francisco. Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Government Bonds, Stocks, Commercial Paper, and all other Negotiable Securities, Commercial Paper discounted, Collections, both inland and foreign, promptly made throughout the United States and Europe, with quick returns. Refers by permission to Messrs. Lloyd Tevis & J. B. Haggin, Hon. Milton S. Latham, Manager London and San Francisco Bank; Hon. Thos. H. Selby, ex-Mayor; John Parrott, Esq., Judge S. C. Hastings, William H. Tillinghast, Esq., Manager Bank British Columbia; Gustave Touchard, Esq., President Union Insurance Co. July 26.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States. March 19

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Mr. John Bensley (President of the Pacific Oil and Lead Works), and MR. L. B. BENCHLEY (Vice-President and Manager of the Pacific Rolling Mills Co.), are admitted partners in our firm. The business will be continued, as heretofore, under the same firm name. LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO
San Francisco, August 1st, 1873. August 23

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 26.

HOMESTEADS THAT ARE HOMES

Persons in want of Houses are requested to examine the plans of those now being constructed upon that beautifully situated property on Pacific Heights, in the block bounded by Pacific Avenue, Webster and Jackson streets, commanding the most magnificent view of any location in the city, and accessible by cars, which pass the doors. These Elegant Houses are built in the best manner, and will be sold ON A CREDIT OF SIX YEARS. Plans and specifications at the office of JOHN T. LITTLE, Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. [July 26.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 600 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

REMOVAL.

A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his office and warerooms to No's 113 and 115 Pine street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over mountainous and difficult roads. June 2.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. [May 21

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

The Celebrated Brand of "Carte Blanche," for sale to the trade in quantities to suit, by MACONDRAY & CO.,
Sept. 6. Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12

J. H. JONES & CO.,

Stock Brokers.—Members of San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board. Office—509 California street. Sept. 6.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 50 Montgomery Block. May 31

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London, J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co., Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 282 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard. Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bdge, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S. Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Glouster st. E.C; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Budd, W. C....440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 333 Califor'a st.
Fitch, J. B....411 California st.
Higgins, W. L. . 411 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. 509 California st.
Keene, J. R....405 Calif'nia st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co. ....420 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. .435 California st.
Peckham, E. P....413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H....401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W......444 Cal'a st.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 30.

WE PIONEERS.

[*An effort calculated to entertain after the entertaining rhetorical, oratorical effort by Brother J. W. W., Sept. 9, 1873.*]

Hurrah! hurrah! hurrah!
Hurrah for what?
'Rah for ourselves of course,
'Rah till we all are hoarse,
And pray why not?
When you were babies at your mother's breast,
You learned the first was best;
Pray didn't you? and weren't we first?
And aren't we best? Hurrah! then, till we burst.
This is the natal day
Of Cal-i-for-ni-a,
And it was we that did it.
We came and then the rest,
And as all can't be best,
We just decide,
All prejudice aside,
To praise ourselves, though we
Won't lay aside all modesty,
For none could see we had it, if we hid it.
I am the poet, chose
By virtue of my knack
At rhyming,
Most sweetly to compose
Some hundred lines or so for you,
To flap aloud when Winans is quite through,
Has burst his windy sack
And finished his sublimity.
Joseph is learned quite beyond his years.
Who would, who could believe
Such wondrous little head,
O'ertopping such a form, on common victuals fed,
Could hold so much? But ye deceive
Yourselves, if you guess aught
Against the solidarity of thought
Encompassed there. Conceal your fears.
He knoweth more than all the other Pioneers
Together put, and it may be
There's nowhere any one who knows
Bagging them all together, friends and foes,
So much as he.
There is a sort of men,
We do not care
If here or there,
Who cannot understand why we should be
Bound up together in a great,
Sedate
Sodality.
They say they do not know just what it is,
What common principle, or sacred tie,
Makes men of sober phiz,
And men of many minds,
And men of morals of most various kinds,
Conglomerate together in one society.
God bless them, Pioneers!
What asses all the world are but just we!
They cannot see
The sweetness of the sympathetic tears
That flow from every eye,
Sweetly perceiving,
And, where it don't perceive, of course believing,
That in the Fall of '49 or Spring of '50,
Men who had failed elsewhere of being thrifty,
Parsons and merchants,
Tailors, clerks and jobbers,
Bankrupts it may be, and it may be robbers,
The lawyer without brief,
The scallawag, the nymph, the wily thief,
Some poor but honest, clean and unclean, all
The rag and tag and bobtail of the world, the great and small,
Came out in ships and schooners, barks and brigs,
And vessels of all rigs.
We eat together meals and mushes,
Hard crackers, sailors' slushes;
We slept and growled together,
Endured in every kind of weather,
Were bad and good, as God had made us first;
Not the world's best, and not quite all its worst.
We might add, also, that we built this city.
Some of us were peculiar, it is true,
And have ascended to a higher view;
For, meeting accidentally a crowd,
Who called themselves the Vigilance Committee,
They did not like us, though we were not proud,
And, after some preliminary talk,
Invited some of us quite suddenly upon the air to walk,
Which everybody knew we wouldn't,
Or, not being angels altogether, couldn't,
And so they hung some of our brother Pioneers.
And this explains the reason of these tears.
We, who were lucky and did not get caught
At scaly tricks, as many of us ought,
Lived on in virtue, bought and stole, and traded,
And some died. That's about all.
Do you not see how sweet
To club together and here meet
The infrequent honest and the old dead beet?
Or else, perchance,
As old Death throws his lance,
We'd all be done for and our memories faded!
And if we should, what then?
Why nothing, only, though there is no seeing
Sufficient reason even for our being,
And we must meet
The cold, cold sneer of those who ne'er
Did see the tides flow to Montgomery street,
Did those, who say we have no claim to glory,
Go read the beauteous flow of oratory,
All (and in black and white,
As Joseph did indite,
In the *Evening Bulletin* of Tuesday night.
But I am done
Grub, you remember, was to be at one,
And now 'tis nearly two.
Let's once more give three cheers
For ourselves, the Pioneers,
And get through.
For we're a band of brothers, with a few
Weak sisters sprinkled here and there, 'tis true;
But any one, with half an eye can see,
If he will think, or get a wink
From our good brother here, J. W. W.,
We're better fellows than we seem to be.

ITALIAN OPERA.

We have passed through a most agreeable week of Italian Opera. There have been hitherto so many failures, that although from the known good taste of Signor Mancusi, joined to the assurances of those who were working with him, we were prepared to be pleased, yet we did not expect such an enthusiastic triumph as the public has accorded to the troupe now performing in the new theater at Platt's Hall. The great tribute of praise must be accorded to the soprano, Signora Ida Visconti. Her voice is remarkably fresh and clear, at the same time of considerable volume and compass. The tenor, Signor G. Verati, is excellent; he is of the pure Italian school, and most correct and chaste in his singing. Signor Orosal, although his voice is somewhat hard, is animated and impressive. Signor Rigo is already known to the California public. Of the contralto we are not as yet able to speak with certainty. She was evidently not well the only evening of her appearance; she was also nervous, and her voice, sweet though it was, lacked power. A brilliant audience crowded the hall; there were as many ladies as gentlemen in the orchestra seats. The opera was *Poliuto*, and from the very beginning its success was secured. Signora Visconti gave "Perche distolto giubilo" very well indeed; and when the famous duo with "Poliuto," "Il suon dell arpe," was reached the enthusiasm of the public knew no bounds, and the naturally cold San Francisco audience was carried away with delight, insisting upon an encore. The chorus was carefully trained, and it is rare that an opening night attains so great a success. On Wednesday the theater was even more crowded than on Monday, and the singing and acting of the prima donna, as "Lucrezia Borgia," were splendid. Signora Visconti has a noble presence, and looked her character as well as she acted it. "Lucrezia" is always a favorite, and one enjoys to hear the well-known airs so ably rendered. Last night Signor Mancusi had a royal welcome. We all remember the impression Signora Bianchi made, about a year ago, by her forcible interpretation of "Azucena." Suffice it to say, that she fully sustained her reputation. The Hall is most comfortably arranged, and it is a great pleasure to be in so pretty a little theater, where one can see everything and everybody, at the same time listen to such a good troupe as are now playing there. We must not omit our tribute of praise to the orchestra, under the leadership of Signor Spadina. It is not always that so essential an adjunct to opera works so harmoniously with the artists and chorus. The latter is ably trained by M. Reiter. *On dit*, that next week we are to be treated to *Ernani*, *Crispino* and *Lucia*, a trinity of charming operas.

A Good Scene at the Opera of Trovatore, last night, at Platt's Hall. Two elderly children of sunny Italy entered just as the ominous placard, "no standing room" was posted. They protested that having bought tickets they were entitled to a seat. In vain was it pointed out that such was impossible. They wanted to hear the opera and wouldn't go, and quoted the law of La Scala. At last some compassionate countrymen squeezed together for the sake of peace, and we left them enjoying La Visconti.

GILROY HOT SPRINGS.

We hear from friends now stopping at these Springs that it is a most delightful place. The country round the Springs is picturesque in the extreme. Quail and deer abound, while thousands of brook trout can be seen in the streams. The hotel, kept by Roop & Cottle, the proprietors of the Springs, is beautifully fitted up. The bedrooms are clean and airy, and the table a most liberal one. Messrs. Roop & Cottle, too, are most obliging gentlemen, and the hotel-clerk is famed for the gentlemanly way in which he attends to the wants and inquiries of the visitors. The climate there just now is said to be delightful, and the benefit derived from the mineral water, both for bathing and drinking purposes, is difficult to over-rate. The Springs are in Santa Clara county, and can be reached from the city in half a day.

In another part of our sheet will be found a notice of the new Pioneer Warehouse on the corner of Battery and Filbert streets. The warehouse is a dry and commodious one, and the owners, Uhrig & Reese, are most reliable men of business.

The busybodies and toadies will be happy to hear that Lord Mandeville visited Mr. James Gibbs' saloon on Merchant street, Thursday, and declared his whisky to be excellent.

The many San Francisco friends of Mr. Alexander Hay, of Gilroy, will be pleased to note from official returns that he has been elected Assemblyman from Santa Clara county.

Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D.D., L.L.D., Pastor of St. John's Presbyterian Church, will preach Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. Public cordially invited to attend.

On Sunday, *Il Trovatore*, at matinee prices.

NEW FIRM.

San Francisco, Sept. 1st, 1873.—The undersigned beg leave to inform you that they have established themselves in the MERCHANT TAILORING BUSINESS, at 526 Montgomery st. (in the New Building corner of Clay). C. STALLMAN has just returned from New York, where he was engaged in the Fashionable Tailoring Business for eight years, and having formerly been at 424 Montgomery street in this city, in Tailoring, for eleven years, he hopes his many friends will kindly remember him. H. BRUGGEMAN has for the last ten years been cutter at Mr. J. Eisenberg's, and flatters himself to be favorably known to the public. The new firm starts with a large and well assorted stock of the latest novelties in French and English COATINGS, FANCY CASSIMERES, SUITINGS, Etc. Confident of giving the fullest satisfaction to our patrons by the excellence of our stock, by reasonable prices, and by the fashionable style in which we propose to cut and manufacture, we request the favor of an early visit, and remain,
Very Respectfully Yours, STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,
Sept. 13. Merchant Tailors, 526 Montgomery street.

UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA.

Opening at Berkeley, Sept. 24, 1873.—The Regents announce to the Students, and to those who wish to enter the University, that the next term will be held in the new and commodious buildings constructed at Berkeley. So far as practicable the recitations will be held at such hours as will enable the students to go from San Francisco and Oakland, and return daily without special inconvenience. Quick and frequent transit by horse car has been provided for at a reduced rate. Accommodations for boarders may be found, to a limited extent, in the neighborhood of the University. Examinations for admission will be held at Berkeley, WEDNESDAY MORNING, Sept. 24, at 10 o'clock. There will be a general assembly of all the students at Berkeley, THURSDAY MORNING, Sept. 25, at 11 o'clock. Further information and Registers for 1873 may be obtained on application to the Secretary, 320 Sansome street, San Francisco, or to the President at Oakland and Berkeley. [Sept. 13.] DANIEL C. GILMAN, President.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That Mrs. Bridget Keating, of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, wife of Dennis Keating, intends to make an application to the County Court of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1873, at the September term of said court, for an order of said court permitting her to carry on business in her own name and on her own account, pursuant to title 12 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California, providing for married women to become sole traders. The business she intends to carry on is that of keeping and conducting a boarding and lodging house, in the City and County of San Francisco. BRIDGET KEATING.
Dated San Francisco, Sept. 9, 1873. [Sept. 13.] M. COONEY, Att'y for Applicant.

PIONEER WAREHOUSE,

S. W. Cor. Battery and Filbert streets.—The undersigned are now prepared to receive all kinds of Storage. Rates of storage on Grain—First month, weighing in, free from India Dock, opposite our Warehouse, 50 cts. per ton. Each month thereafter, 37½ cts. per ton. Second weighing, 10 cts. per ton. Season Storage (including weighing in and out), $2 25 per ton. Grain landed on dock, weighed and delivered to order, or stored without expense or cartage.
Sept. 13. UHRIG & REESE.

V. DOL. D. TURINO. L. DINGEON.

LEON DINGEON & CO., MAISON DOREE,

217 Kearny street, between Bush and Sutter, San Francisco, Cal. DINNERS and PARTIES supplied in superior style on the most reasonable terms. Ornamental Pieces, every description of Ice Cream, Confectionery and Pastry. Sept. 13.

C. STALLMAN.] **STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,** [H. BRUGGEMAN, Late with J. Eisenberg

Merchant Tailors, 526 Montgomery street (near corner of Clay) San Francisco. An Elegant and Well Assorted Stock of Novelties, in French and English Coatings, Fancy Cassimeres, etc. Sept. 13.

FOR EUREKA AND CRESCENT CITY.

The Steamship Pelican, J. D. Howell, Commander, will sail for the above ports on TUESDAY, September 16th, at 10 o'clock A. M. Passage and Freight to CRESCENT CITY at the following greatly reduced rates, including Lighterage and Commissions: Cabin Passage, $15; Steerage, $10; Flour, Grain and Feed, per ton, $6; Ordinary Merchandise, per ton, $7. Through bills of lading to Arcata and Hookton. BEN. HOLLADAY Jr., Agent,
Sept. 13. 211 Sansome street.

PLATT'S NEW MUSIC HALL.—GRAND ITALIAN OPERA,

Under the management of Signor G. Mancusi.—Sunday Evening, Sept. 14, IL TROVATORE. Monday—ERNANI. GRAND ORCHESTRA—Full and Efficient Chorus. SIG. A. SPADINA, Director of Orchestra. F. E. RITTER, Leader of Chorus. SUNDAY NIGHT PRICES.—One Dollar to all parts of the House. Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra. Boxes, $8, $10, $12.
Dress Circle and Orchestra Chairs, $1 50. Parquette, $1. Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra. Private Boxes, $8, $10, $12 and $15. Box Office at the Hall, where seats can be secured, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily. Sept. 13.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, at 2 o'clock: SEA OF ICE. This (Saturday) Evening, Sept. 13, the Grand Spectacular Drama, THE SEA OF ICE. Monday Evening, Sept. 15th. The Great Legitimate Actress, MISS CARLOTTA LECLERCQ, will appear as "Galatea," in Gilbert's exquisitely beautiful Comedy, PYGMALION AND GALATEA. Sept. 13.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherill, Treasurer. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE LEE Opera Bouffe, Burlesque and Comedy Troupe, will appear in the Comedy entitled THRICE MARRIED, and the Laughable Operetta of FANCHETTE. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. Sept. 13.

L. H. NEWTON.] **NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,** [MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

MARRIAGE MORN.

'Tis May-time, and the marriage morn
Of Clara Winwood, who was born
In yonder cot
That seems to float upon the corn—
Fair May-time and her marriage morn;
Would it were not!
The bridegroom walks with happy stride,
But he has only won her pride.

She tames her love and gives her hand
Because he is a lord of land,
And he can ride
Ten miles and say, "All this is mine;
And what is mine, my love, is thine"
And she can hide
Her soul, and, though her heart be cold,
Put on a smile to get his gold.

There is a youth in Brinton Dell,
And Clara Winwood loves him well;
And he loves her
Unto the very core of truth
With all the passion of his youth;
And would it were
That he could prove true love and health
Are far beyond the price of wealth!

Old women tread the churchyard grass
To see the bride and bridegroom pass;
And children play
Round gravestones where their sisters sleep,
And older children know and weep,
And turn away.
The gossips stand beneath the trees,
And watch and wait in twos and threes.

The belfry shakes, the warm air swells
With merry peal of bridal bells.
Alas, alas!
For Time will teach the bride by stealth
That love is richer far than wealth.
Alas, alas!
The bridegroom who can buy and sell
Shall meet the youth of Brinton Dell!

—*Guy Roslyn in Belgravia.*

THE HOTTENTOT VENUS.

I prepared you, last week, to hear the worst about that rhinoceros; though I hardly knew the worst myself then. I thought his carcase would have fetched far more than it did. But it seems a live dog will fetch more than a dead pachyderm, even if the thick-skinned one be a rhinoceros. It is true that, even whilst still with us, the deceased did not fetch much—he was such a lazy brute; yet I did not anticipate such a strong feeling amongst the tallow-chandling community against working him in for candles, as time has shown to exist. No matter, he's gone, and I did very well with his hide. I believe it is to be made into shoe-laces, for the express use of the diggers in the South African diamond fields.

You don't care, I suppose, for further details of "Peter's" death. He died very hard, though it is pleasing to know his last moments were rendered easier by the cakes of honey-soap he took shortly before his death. It is not surprising he frothed at the mouth, is it? An underling attached to the menagerie—but, speaking on behalf of my collection, I beg to say it is not by any means attached to the underling—ventured to say, as he watched the frothing symptom, that "evidently Peter's last hour was scum." I think that the underling was sorry afterwards that he spoke, for I was not in my slippers at the time. But here I am, giving you the further details, for which I supposed you would not care. We will say no more about the rhinoceros, unless specially desired to do so by a decided majority of your subscribers.

I don't know how you find it in London, but here (I am speaking of Weston-super-Mare) we find it very hot. And the heat does not want much finding either; indeed it has a habit of finding you out, do what you may. Still, it is better to be found out than in, any day, when you are near the sea, isn't it?

The Polar bear suffers most of all. Three pounds of rough ice, scattered lavishly about the floor of his den every morning, fail to satisfy his yearnings for the Arctic Regions of his youth, and for the past week he has been plunged in deep melancholy, and refuses to wash. I read him little scraps from Polar literature after menagerie hours, to try and cheer him up, but in vain. He merely walks up and down his den and wags his head mournfully. Any enterprising barber may have him cheap. He must be full of pomatum.

The more tropical animals rejoice in the present weather. The elephant is so happy that he attempts to prance. We discourage his efforts with an ox goad, for he has already pranced upon a Newfoundland dog and a perambulator—the latter, fortunately, empty. The leopard marks his high sense of the jollity of the season by coming out in fresh spots and howling all night. We use a great deal of carbolic acid.

You remember that I told you that I now have a "Hottentot Venus" attached to the establishment. She also rejoices in the temperature, and sings the airs of her native land constantly. She is very useful in her way, and is really a great attraction, especially to the young farmers. Magga-Momba—for so she is called—has more of the Hottentot than the Venus about her, but she is a good girl for all that. She came over in a sugar-ship from Table Bay seven years ago, in the Exeter-Hall interest, but after appearing twice at the May meetings, and singing hymns in her native dialect during the collection, she was prevailed upon, by an offer of more wages, to go as barmaid in a hostelry in the New North Road. There she stayed for some time, gaining considerable profit by selling her own biographies, at a penny each, over the bar, and she might have been there now, had not the landlord foolishly insisted upon her appearing, on his birthday, with a ring in her nose. Refusing to conform to his somewhat eccentric wish, she left the bar, and soon after took to the road, appearing, in the first instance, as the "African Fire Queen," and in that capacity swallowed more lighted tow than was good for her. The season after that she came out as "The Hottentot Venus," and has played that rôle ever since. It will be fresh in the memories of my more attentive readers that she joined me after leaving Booker's Museum of Natural and Scientific Wonders in a buxsome six weeks ago. I am sure I hope that she will never leave me, as long as it is for our mutual interest we should keep together.

But I must not be certain I shall retain her. In all the towns she has visited she has had her admirers. The Mayor of Marshcomb came to see her twice, and gave her a Paisley shawl; while a gentleman of the neighboring town of Hare-bury was so marked in his attentions, that Jo-Jo, the lion-tamer, who was king in his own country, who is himself sweet on Magga-Momba, threatened to wait for him outside with the shin-bone of a horse the lion had just picked clean. But the most serious affair was at Mostyborough. We had been there two days, and I noticed that a young man of artless mien came in every time the doors were opened, and I thought he must be an embryo Cuvier, or a Buffon in the bud, or something of that sort. So I took great trouble in explaining all the beasts to him, and gave him the refusal of a young kangaroo which I found impossible to rear. It was not until the evening of the second day that I saw what his game really was. Then, as Magga-Momba was doing her usual native dance, previously to Jo-Jo entering the lion's den, I saw the artless one's eyes fixed upon her in a manner that admitted of but one interpretation.

I went up to him and tried to draw off his attention to the camel, who was just then casting his coat in a spare caravan, but it was no use. Then I took him, almost by force, into the den occupied by the jaguar before his untimely decease, which I have since fitted up as an office, and taxed him with his love. He did not attempt to deny it.

"I love her," he said, "and she shall be mine."

"Young man," I replied, "you are talking foolishly. Magga-Momba would not make you happy. She is a child of the desert, and the blood of Bosjesmen flows in her veins; moreover, she is under a contract to remain with me for two years."

"I will buy her off," he muttered, proudly. "Magga-Momba! what a sweet name! Oh, tell me, sir, if she loves another!"

"Without doubt, she does," I eagerly replied. "Jo-Jo, whose performance with the lions you have noticed, looks upon her as his own, and his passion is reciprocated, for cannot he woo her in her native patois?"

"Enough of this," returned the youth, bitterly, "who is Jo-Jo?"

"Jo-Jo," I said, "has been king in his own country, and was brought up to consider it a will law. Speaking as a man who knows Jo-Jo's idiosyncrasies well, I would say—don't cross him in his love affairs. He is great at the bow, and keeps poisoned arrows concealed up his back."

"So you threaten me, do you?" said the artless one. "We will see," and before I could stop him, he had rushed out, and in another few moments he was on his knees before the Hottentot Venus, who was, for the nonce, presiding at the nut and biscuit stall.

Magga-Momba stared at him in amazement, and thinking he was hungry, presented him with a very stale Abernethy. He took it, and plunged it under his waistcoat, on the left-hand side.

"Fly with me, thou Venus of a southern clime," he cried, and he attempted to embrace her across the stall, upsetting it in his endeavor, placing thereby the whole stock within reach of the elephant, who swallowed goods to the amount of five-and-sixpence in three gulps.

Magga-Momba drew back in alarm, falling over a pet armadillo that was allowed to run loose about the menagerie, and by that time I had succeeded in getting in one of the borough policemen, who, at my request, bore off the artless though aggressive youth, amidst the cheers of the assembled people. I found out, afterwards, that he was an orphan, and hydrocephalous from his birth. He had also been brought up by hand, by a black ayah. He came down early the next morning, and left a note for the Hottentot Venus with one of the band, who was about but times. It ran thus:—

Madam:—I no longer love you. If I ever see you dance again, it will be with Platonic satisfaction. Marry your Jo-Jo, and be happy. I pity Jo-Jo. He may have been a king in his own country, but I doubt if you will let him be a master in his own house. Yours sincerely, A CURED ADMIRER.

Jo-Jo put this epistle into her own dialect for Magga-Momba, and she ate her dinner much the same as ever, the only difference being that she was helped twice to vegetable-marrow, that being a dish she had formerly altogether eschewed. I did not see the artless one again, but I have since been told he has taken to drink.

You will be pleased to hear that Jo-Jo and Magga-Momba will very probably be married in the next large town in which we exhibit. It will be a good advertisement for the menagerie. But I wish it was cooler.

Yours perspiringly, O. P. Q. PHILANDER SMIFF.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to a decree of the High Court of Chancery made in a cause of "Limbert, on behalf of himself and others, against the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company (limited) and others." The persons entitled to the outstanding and unpaid debentures issued by the defendants, the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company (limited), are, on or before the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, 1873, to send by post, prepaid, to MR. WILLIAM TURQUAND, of No. 1 Tokenhouse Yard, London (the liquidator of the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company, limited), their Christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims in respect of such debentures, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree. Every person entitled to such outstanding and unpaid debentures, is by himself or his solicitor, to produce the debenture or debentures, in respect of which he claims, before the Vice Chancellor, Sir Richard Malins, at his chambers, situate at No. 3 Stone Buildings, Lincoln's Inn, Middlesex, on THURSDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1873, at 12 o'clock at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims, or to forward his debenture to the said Mr. Turquand for production as aforesaid.

Dated this 14th day of July, 1873. E. N. WALKER, Chief Clerk.
ANTHONY PULBROOK, 25 Threadneedle street, London, E. C., Plaintiff's Solicitor.
(August 23.)

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 3:20 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5:20 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:20 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at . P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 424 Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front-st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale, 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, . P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs' Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE. Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:20 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 10:20 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street. [May 1.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of
May 17. F. F. MORGAN'S SONS, 204 California street.

FOR EUREKA AND CRESCENT CITY.

The Steamship Pelican, J. D. Howell, Commander, will sail for the above ports on TUESDAY, August 19th, at 10 o'clock A. M. Passage and Freight to CRESCENT CITY at the following greatly reduced rates, including Lighterage and 1 ton as one. Cabin Passage, $15, Steerage, $10, Flour, Grain and Feed, per ton, $6, Ordinary Merchandise, per ton, $7. Through bills of lading to Arcata and Hookton.
August 16. BEN. HOLLADAY Jr., Agent, 217 Sansome street.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The A 1 Ship British King, Twine, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to _____ [Sept. 13.] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly.— Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to Sitka and PUGET SOUND, and with the O. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. to, through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
June 11. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, ash ten, vie parus, and fine drives and walks around the place. The waters of the Springs are most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 26. OTTO MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

MAIN & WINCHESTER

C. MAIN. E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc. Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE. THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W. I.—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
BADEN BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande.
WIESBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Danieli's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURGH.—Hotel Demuth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel, London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST.-LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel (Tintern Abbey, 5 miles.)
DUBLIN.—The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel.
EDINBURGH.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel.
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager.
OTTAWA.—Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, B. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC.—Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House, Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrolton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Filiberto.
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Baroado Collins, Hotel Santia o.
RIO DE JAN.—Café Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—A bion Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phoenix Hotel.
TAHITI.—Fas. Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

A gentleman, to oblige a credulous lady friend, recently tested the powers of a rather renowned fortune-teller. But he went his own way to work, and therefore dressed himself in lady's clothes. The fortune-teller did not discover the disguise, but the experimenter heard what made him very unhappy. "What did the fortune-teller say to you?" asked the credulous lady-friend on his return, and hopeful that the sceptic had been convinced against his will. "Why," said the gentleman, assuming a very grave aspect, "she told me I was to marry soon." "Yes, yes," continued the lady as he paused, "go on. What then?" "What then? Why, that I was to be the happy mother of ten children."

> **To be or not to be** is not the question now,
> But whether to take seat in cushioned elevator,
> Which by hydraulic force doth mount us up
> Unto the seventh heaven, most nobly occupied
> By Bradley & Rulofson. There
> To have our portrait so well taken
> That our dear mother, in the far-off country,
> Shall place her spectacles athwart her nose,
> And cry like him of old—"It is me boy,
> He lives again!"

What are Folk Saying?—They are saying—That "our George" surpassed himself last week. That he smashed Cardwell on the great question of Lord Sandhurst's table allowance. That he did for the "People's William" on the subject of the Queen's pickings. That he made Mr. Monsell the laughing stock of the House of Commons in connection with the Glasgow Post Office arrangements. That a great deal of Glenlivet was promenaded the city last week. That large numbers became teetotal after the Fair. That, though many take the pledge, few keep it.

> **Oh Anderson & Irving,** we wonder what you mean,
> By selling everything so cheap and yet the choicest seen.
> We do not meet a single man, who's trim from top to toe,
> But we know at once the store to which he's accustomed for to go.
> It's Anderson & Irving's, and with truth we write it down,
> That they sell better, cheaper and neater neckties, collars, and all sorts
> of haberdashery than any other firm in town.

Great Autumn Manouver.—Hodge—"Lor-a-massy, measter. Be ol to be power to I. Steale? What be ol to git by that?" Mr. G.—"That, my good friend, is a mere detail. The question is, what am I to get by it?" ["In the debate as to giving a vote to the agricultural laborer, Mr. Forster read a letter from the Premier, who declared that such extension of franchise was just and politic, and could not long be avoided. The question was thus taken up by Government, which much needs a "good cry."]

> **Home circles** are split into segments,
> Which fly to the end of the world,
> There are thousands of miles twixt the fragments,
> Which from one center are hurled.
> But Houseworth, the kindly magician,
> Keeps the camera close to his heart,
> Poses your head in the sweetest position,
> And takes such a deuced good carte

that if you send it home it will stop the gap your absence causes almost as well as yourself.

Millionnairesses.—Mrs. A.—"Well, good bye, dear. You must come and see my new dresses from Paris, one charming morning dress, among others, quite simple, and only cost sixty seven guineas. You'll come, won't you, and tell me what you think of it?" Mrs. B.—"O, my dear, I'm no judge of cheap clothing, you know."

> **The curfew tolled** the knell of parting day,
> And Nell she told her lover with a blush
> That if *he* thought best, *she* would not say nay
> To getting married, but without a rush.
> Then Ned, for so her lover was baptized,
> Thanked his dear treasure with his heart and soul,
> Hired a house just moderately sized,
> And furnished it from N. P. Cole.

What London Crushes are Coming to.—"By the bye, Lady Crowder, have you met the Partington's lately?" "Not for an age! They were at my ball last night, but I didn't see them. By the way, did you happen to be there, Captain Smythe?" "Oh, yes! Enjoyed myself immensely!" "So glad!"

> **The boy stood** on the burning deck,
> With his mouth too full to speak,
> And smiled benignly on the wreck,
> And laughed at the growing leak.
> "Leave her," now roared the father wild,
> As there came a sickening shock,
> "Never, so help me," quoth the child,
> "Till I'm through my Saddle Rock
> oysters." Always fresh and good at the saloon on Pine street.

Positively.—A. D. 1873. Mistress—"A day's holiday, Jane; what for?" Jane—"Well, I thought you'd think it rather soon, but, please, mum, my young man as I spoke of to you—perhaps you remember—is a-going to take me to Grinnidge again, and I'm a-going to pop the question this time!"

> **Drink to me** only with thine eyes,
> And I would drink with mine,
> Did not I very much prefer
> Eberhardt & Lachman's wine.
> A kiss, a wink, a soft-hand squeeze,
> At times seem half divine,
> But O, I love far more than these
> Eberhardt & Lachman's wine.

Misconstrued.—Counsel (to young lady in witness-box)—"You say that you went into the National Gallery by yourself. Have you ever been taken in there by a gentleman?" Witness—"Oh, dear, no, I flatter myself I am too sharp to be taken in by any gentleman!"

> **My temples throb,** dear mother,
> Like pat cakes in a fit,
> And I must own, dear mother,
> I'm not like work a bit.
> A little Cutter Whisky
> Will shortly set me right—
> Hotaling is the agent—
> It's always clear and bright.

No man or woman was ever cured of love by discovering the falsity of his or her lover. The living together for three long, rainy days in the country has done more to dispel love than all the perfidies in love that have ever been committed.

> See you lover pale with grief,
> Twines his brow with willow leaf;
> But his heart soon finds relief
> By using "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

A Closed Upper.—Mike (to recruiting sergeant)—"Well, I ain't well off for clothes, but I've got two socks." Sergeant—"Mike, you know that's the only suit of clothes you've got." Mike—"Arrah, then 'tis not there my bed clothes."

> **The baron lay** on his dying bed,
> With forefeit blood and close shorn head,
> His feet were ice, and his heart was lead,
> And he look very queer and strange.
> "O call me the child," he gasped with a groan
> That had a tombstone in its tone,
> "And give to her, to be all her own,
> Our De La Montanya Range."

An exquisitely dressed young man, after buying another seal to dangle about his person, said to the jeweller that he would—"ah, like to have—ah, something engraved on it—ah, to denote what he was?" "Certainly, certainly," said the tradesman; "I'll put a cypher on it."

At the races on Saturday, the teams were almost as thick as the fog. Before everything became of a universal brick-dust color, we noticed one buggy and team in particular. On near examination, we were surprised to find that neither the animals nor the carriage was above mediocrity, and yet the turn-out seemed the neatest and most stylish in the field, solely because the harness was so splendidly fitting and made. It came from Main and Winchester's store.

The boys themselves, with a keen sense of humor, had a graduated scale of honor, which was represented by the following formula: "Will you take your oath he was ten feet high?" "Yes." "Will you take your dying oath?" "Yes." "Will you bet sixpence?" "No."

> **Do-the-boys school** is over
> The brimstone and treacle is past.
> School boys now live in clover,
> And wish the time would last.
> But the reason our boys love learning
> Is because the furniture
> Keeps their ardor constantly burning,
> If bought at Gilbert & Moore.

As two Glasgow gentlemen were crossing the river Lochy in a boat lately, preparatory to commencing fishing, a small salmon, weighing about nine pounds, leapt clean into their boat, and was at once secured. That was a miraculous haul.

"**One of the principal objects of Sir Francis Drake** in so persistently pursuing the Spanish galleons into the sun-lit waters of the Pacific was—what should you think? Guess." "Gold bars?" "No, guess again." "Rich treasure wrested from —." "No; I'll tell you. 'Twas a case of Gerke Wine, the most healthy and exhilarating beverage ever quaffed this side of Olympus."

Canny Folk.—"A licht, mon, is it that yer speerin' aboot? D'ye think lichts grow on trees, that they're to be had for the askin'? Ye'll get nae licht frae me, conseederin' ye cudna ask before I threw awa the match." [And he didn't, either.

> **Whoever goes by** the Six Mile House,
> Without calling to see Harry Blanken,
> (On the San Bruno Road) is no man but a mouse,
> And richly deserves a spanking.

"**'Tis Enough, 'twill Serve.**"—Englishman—"I fail to see, Dennis, why you should be so embittered against the Sister Isle!" Dennis (home ruler)—"Listen here, sorr! she won't fraternize wid us!"

> **A frog** he would a wooing go,
> With a roley, polly, posey,
> Whether his mama would let him or no;
> "Heigh ho!" says Rowley.
> He bought a buggy, trim and gay,
> And said as he drove in style away,
> "My love, she cannot say me nay,
> When she sees her Rowsey Powsey
> Perched in a buggy, trim and gay,
> Sold by Crego & Rowley."

Convenient Dentition.—In these days of high prices of meat and other articles of daily necessity, folks with increasing families and stationary incomes must be rather glad than otherwise when their children cut their teeth late.

Just as a man looks well, *bien ganté et chaussé*, no matter what sort of clothes he has on, provided they fit well, so a room depends chiefly on the carpets which cover its floor. Whether you want your drawing room bright and gay, your dining room quiet and respectable, or your staircase so many steps up the ladder to aesthetic perfection, go to Plum & Bell, and you will be thoroughly pleased and well served.

Very Light Literature.—Of all publications on any subject, Blue Books are the shallowest. Why? Because their readers have got to wade through them, and yet they are generally dry reading.

"**The Villa, Golden Gate Park!**" exclaimed Lord Manderville, blowing his nose in a red bandanna, "why the very name is enough. Order out the horses," continued he, "and let us drive there instantly. I pant to see and enjoy the reality." "Ah! young people will be young people," said the Duke of Manchester, sadly. Nevertheless, he accompanied his son.

Little by Little.—Farmer—"Well, Maaster Jarvis, and how be ye, sir?" Master Jarvis—"O, only just middling." "There be a main sight to me to be all well at one time."

It is cheering to know that we have one firm that does not go in for Chinese cheap labor; that firm is the one known as James King of Wm. & Co. They can the best fruits, etc., in the market, and employ no Chinese. The vegetables and fruit they put up comes to them direct from the gardens they are grown in, and are guaranteed by them to be the best grown.

A Seasonable Excursion for the London School Board—Deal, and if some of the thin members wish to get stout, their place of rendezvous surely will be Sandwich.

"**The cup that cheers** but not inebriates," is a quotation long thought to apply to tea. This is a great mistake, and one which we hasten, with all the speed which the importance of the case demands, to correct. It has reference to our native California champagne, made by Schleifer & Co. The Agents for its sale are Cutting & Co.

Parting Words from Germany to France—Our "occupation's gone."

Baron Munchausen said that the only things enabling him to look into the middle of next week were Muller's pebble glasses.

An Oddfellow—Judy's only cousin.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate, or restore. The favor it has received and the popularity it has is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the growth and beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 26.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Covers, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

It is but seldom that a prisoner succeeds in defying the [illegible] but such a case has just occurred at the State Prison, Sing Sing, New York. A notorious criminal, known by the name of "West" Allen, refused the other day to join a draught of prisoners, who were to be sent to the State Prison at Auburn, and backed up his refusal by very disagreeable proceedings. While the preparations were making for the departure of the convicts, Allen rushed to his cell, carrying with him a large knife which he had surreptitiously got hold of from the dining hall. Brandishing this weapon over his head, he threatened instant death to any who attempted to lay hands on him. He had also obtained, it is supposed from the stone quarries, a pound of nitro-glycerine, to which he pointed with "a demoniac [illegible]" as keeper after keeper approached his cell, armed with the carbine or the revolver in use in the prison, and announced his intention to destroy the entire prison by exploding the nitro-glycerine if they attempted to fire at him. The appearance of the desperate man was rendered all the more frightful by the fact of his having only one eye, which he rolled about with a savage leer as he uttered his threats. The keepers, after consultation, decided that discretion was the better part of valor, and, by the latest accounts, Allen remains in his cell entirely master of the situation. It seems that he has been an inmate of the prison on former occasions, and remarked when he arrived there the last time that he "guessed he knew the ropes of that institution pretty well, and did not intend to work much too hard." The keepers would be very glad to transfer him to another establishment, but unfortunately there is little prospect of their being able to dislodge him at present.

The French papers occupy themselves in discussing the alleged fusion, and in giving versions of the civilities which have passed between the Pretenders. The *Journal de Paris* dwells upon the importance of the interview between the Comte de Paris and the Comte de Chambord at Vienna, which, it says, is a [illegible] reconciliation of the members of the family, so that the Orleans Princes do not acknowledge that they are competitors with the Comte de Chambord for the throne of France. The leaders of the Monarchical parties in the Assembly are circulating for signature among the deputies of the Right a proposal for the re-establishment of a Monarchy in France. Should the number of adherents show that they form a majority, the Assembly will probably be convoked before November 5th to discuss the proposal.

The uniform in which King Frederick the Great died having, by an old-established Prussian custom, become the property of his valet, has been preserved in the inheritor's family up to a few weeks ago, when, the head of that family dying, the heirs resolved to convert it into coin. It was disposed of to a dealer in old clothes for 150 thalers. The old clothes merchant soon met with a patriotic admirer of historical relics, who invested 500 thalers in the suit. The next purchaser was a Briton, who ventured the comparatively high price of 8,000 thalers (£1,200) upon it, hoping to realize as much as £3,000 by reselling. A prince of the reigning house in Prussia was anxious to possess himself of the venerable suit, but the price staggered him. The enterprising gentleman has now shipped the interesting garments to the United States.

The Khivan campaign was fatally trying to the camels in the Russian army. The poor creatures died on the route by the hundreds; the Asiatic deserts were too dreadful for them. General Kaufmann on his comparatively practicable route lost one thousand five hundred out of 2,800 in a few days, and the loss was in a great many ways embarrassing. These camels carried provisions, and when the camels died their loads had to be left behind, so that the columns found themselves with supplies for days only instead of for weeks. Nevertheless, so ample had been the preparations, and so large the margin prudently allowed, that Khiva was reached at last.

Newspaper Centenary.—The *Baltimore American* celebrated its centennial anniversary August 20th. Accompanying its morning edition it published a *fac simile* of the first number of the paper, dated August 20th, 1773, which, among other interesting matter, contained a long advertisement of George Washington, setting forth the advantages of 20,000 acres of land on the Ohio and Great Kanawha Rivers, for which he had just received a patent. It also printed an illustrated supplement, with a map of Baltimore town in 1773, and a picture of its first office. The population of Baltimore town was then only 4,976.

The personal accomplishments of the average man of a town in Colorado are illustrated by a recent [illegible]: "Our butcher is a graduate from Yale, one of the gentlemen working in the printing office is a graduate of Cambridge and winner of the bishop's medal for proficiency in classics, a ranchman near by is the son of a general in the British army, and a near relative of George Stephenson, the engineer; four other ranchmen are the four sons of a former Governor of [illegible], who is still very wealthy; and two are sons of an eminent London banker."

Cholera is reported as fairly domiciled in all the principal streets of Berlin, and seems to fix pretty securely in places where bad drainage and [illegible] [illegible] it a footing, and to attack persons who [illegible] [illegible] out to it as we [illegible]. The sad [illegible] of the disease were, it appears, in the barracks of the Second Grenadier Regiment of the Guards, which has since been removed to the interior. The barracks are to be thoroughly disinfected.

Cardinal Antonelli, answering a letter addressed [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] sympathy he has received from [illegible].

The Debt of New York City is said to be increasing with startling rapidity.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Sunday, June 15th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Tipton and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) C. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland). Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH. Leave San Francisco, 7:00, [illegible], 10:10 and 11:20 A. M., 12:[illegible], 1:30, [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], 9:20 and *11:30 P. M. (9:20, 11:30 and [illegible] to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:30, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 11 [illegible] A. M., 1:20, 2:40, 1:[illegible], [illegible], [illegible] and 10:10 P. M.

Leave Oakland, *[illegible], 6:[illegible], 9:[illegible] and 11:10 A. M., [illegible], 1:[illegible], 3:20, [illegible], 6:20, [illegible] and 10:20 P. M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH. Leave San Francisco, 7:20, 9:30 and 11:15 A. M., 1:20, 4:00, 5:20 and 7:00 P. M. ([illegible], 11.15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:20, 7:00 and 10:45 A. M., and 5:30 P. M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:35, 9:00 and 11:20 A. M., 1:20, [illegible] and 5:30 P. M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 18, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—				
San Francisco		8 30 a m	*3 30 p m	†4 45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5 40 p m	7 05 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	1 55 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 20 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	2 [illegible] p m		
Soledad	Arrive	4 [illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2 30 p m		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	2 55 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave				
Tres Pinos				10 [illegible] a m
Hollister				11 30 a m
Soledad				9 50 a m
Salinas				11 [illegible] a m
Castroville				11 50 a m
Pajaro				12 20 p m
Gilroy				[illegible] p m
San Jose		†6 30 a m	7 0 a m	3 [illegible] p m
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	5 30 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2 30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:20 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 6:20 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at [illegible] a m, arrive at San Francisco at 1:50 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1 [illegible] p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11 [illegible] a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Ass'stant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 9:20 and 11 A.M., 4 and 6 P. M.; Saucelito at 7:20 and [illegible] A. M., 2:20 and 5 P. M. (On Saturday, from Saucelito at [illegible] and 11 A. M., 1, 3 and [illegible] P. M. from San Francisco at 10 and 12 M., 2 and [illegible] P. M.) On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] A. M. SUNDAY TIME: Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and [illegible] P. M. Leave Saucelito 11 A. M., 1, and [illegible] P. M. H. A. COBB, President.
April 12 327 Montgomery street.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 21, 1873, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco, [illegible] a m, [illegible] p m, [illegible] p m; San Rafael, [illegible] a m, [illegible] p m. [illegible] [illegible] the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at [illegible] a m, 3:00 p m; San Rafael, [illegible] a m, 3:30 p m. [Aug 31.] CHARLES MINTURN.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

L. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—L. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. R. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Pomeroy, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent.
Office—[illegible] Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication Office. Jan 11

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and [illegible] from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, city and street cars, sliding [illegible] [illegible] Coupes, Hacks, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] wide or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, [illegible] Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Horse [illegible] and Harness. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and light ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction excepting in the tires they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run with all the usual creak and rattle of iron and steel [illegible] buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second-hand stages, concords, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, hose carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars [illegible] both will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 30.

FOR COLORADO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship Newbern, [illegible] MacDonough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip [illegible] at [illegible] o'clock M., from Front street Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the river with the Steamers and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Co. for Fort [illegible] of the Colorado River. Freight will be [illegible] at Fort Yuma [illegible] Twelve Days, at [illegible] this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accomodations, apply to EDWARD NORTON, Agent,
March 15. [illegible] Front street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William [illegible], Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] P. M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Healdsburg and Sonoma. [Aug 21.] CHAS. MINTURN.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing [illegible] [illegible] and following other inconveniences [illegible] to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] wrapped in white paper and has "KEARSLEY" printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 28. 150 Oxford street, London.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labled, "JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, [illegible], Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, [illegible], [illegible] Medicines, [illegible], [illegible], Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11 16 Coleman street, London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen, Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] The success of this sauce for its agreeable warming [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by J. MOIR & SON, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 28.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, [illegible], and Dealers in all kinds of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Wares. [illegible] Aldersgate street, London. Illustrated [illegible] sent forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 2

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 11. E. H. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 3.] Agents, 423 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g.
Justices—601 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Third District—Mechanics In[illegible] Building.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—[illegible] Montgomery street.
Nineteenth District—Dexter's [illegible] Kearny near Cal.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—430 California street.
City Physician—Co'ty Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] Clay street.
Station H[illegible]—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants' Exch'nge.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Custom House—Sacramento street near Battery.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Street Superintendent—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 14, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—23 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Health Office—[illegible] Geary st.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—[illegible] street, bet. [illegible] and [illegible].
Quarantine—[illegible] Jackson st.
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and East.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES

Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street; Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), [illegible] [illegible] street; Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., [illegible] Austinfriars, [illegible]; Hongkong and China Gas Company, [illegible] Jewry Chambers, J. C. Walker, Secretary; Singapore Gas Co., [illegible] Mark Lane, [illegible] Secretary; Pacific Saw Mills (Oakes [illegible] Archibald & Co., agents, [illegible] Broad street; Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co., agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane; Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mills Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane; Amoy Dock Co., John Pook, agent, Lime-st Square; Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co., agents, [illegible] Court, [illegible] Lane; [illegible] China Insurance [illegible] [illegible] Cornhill, J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary; Canton Insurance Office, Matheson & Co., agents, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Insurance Co. of Saint John Dent, Palmer & Co., agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street; Hongkong Insurance Co., [illegible] [illegible] & Co. agents, 35 Austinfriars; China Traders Insurance Co., [illegible], Fearon & Co. agents, St. Great St. Helens; China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., [illegible] [illegible] & Co., agents, 6 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st.; [illegible] [illegible] Co., [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Manager, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Mactaggart, Tidman & Co., agents, 34 Great St. Helens; [illegible] Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, [illegible]; Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, [illegible] Old Broad street; [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] General Manager, [illegible] Paris, [illegible] Leadenhall street; Deutsche Bank, [illegible] [illegible] agencies; National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within; German Bank of London, [illegible] [illegible] Lane, [illegible]; Bank of Rotterdam, Union Bank of London, agents, Princes st.; Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 32 Lombard street; National Bank of India, R. O. Sawers, Chief Manager, 80 King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending September 6, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, September 1st.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
John Center to Henry Mahan ...	E Harrison, 80 n 21st, e 100, n 96, e 100, n [illegible], w 200 s 26, e 100 s 136, w 100 s 150, w 150 s 312 to com., s 40, ne cor Alabama and 21st, e 200 x 520—sub M B 142	22,000
H Mahan to Harrison St Hd Ass'n	Same	17,470
Harrison St H As'n to S S Arnheim	Lots 69 and 70, Harrison St Homestead	1,600
Same to Wm de Witt	Lots 61 and 73, Harrison St Homestead	1,600
Same to Jonathan W Baker	Lot 74, Harrison St Hd	800
Same to David Pasto	Lot 10, Harrison St Hd	800
Same to Henry Kohn	Lots 46 and 47, Harrison St H d	1,600
Same to John E A Helms	Lots 21 and 35	1,700
Same to Henry W Gray et al	Lots 51 and 54	1,600
Same to August C Kroger	Lot 31	800
Same to James Sullivan	Lot 11	800
August Homburg to M Homburg	S [illegible], 40 w Mary Lane, 20x137 6	Gift
J F Castle to Chas Hawley	E Fillm, 77 [illegible] Polk, 30x120	13,500
Chas T H Palmer to Wm Barber	Nw Geary and Buchanan, 137 6x137 6	770
R W Collins to Aaron Bruman	S Oak w Gough, 25x120	1,600
C S Storms to Kate Jackson	Nw Minna, [illegible] 2d, 22x80	4,000
Samuel W Wilson to Parker Merrill	S Stevenson e 6th, 25x70	5,000
Robt F Morrison to Michael Kelly	N Filbert w Buchanan, 27 6x120	700
Ann O'Brien to Bridget Doud	Undivided ½ ne Rincon Place, 175 se of Harrison, se 25x125	2,300
John Kelly to same	Same	2,300
Harrison St H'd Ass'n to T Donnelly	Lot 78, Harrison St Hd	800
Henry L Davis to John S Stratton	Nw Harrison sw 25x80	5
H L Hutchinson to Lo'is F Emilio	Ne 10th, nw Mission, 75x190	12,000
Harrison St H'd Ass'n to M Blair	Lots 51 and 52 Harrison St Hd	1,000
Same to Henry Loewenharn	Lots 79 and 80 Harrison St Hd	1,600
San Francisco Sav U'n to N Gray	W Webb s Sacramento, [illegible], w 90, etc	13,000
Henry Pierce to Francis Kance	N Green w Powell, 34:4x137 6	4,050
Jean Paul Roussot to R P Thomas	S Commercial w Davis, [illegible] 6	3,100
Robt F Morrison to Catherine Fay	N Filbert w Buchanan, 27:6x120	700
Hiram L Coye to Francis De Long	No Sutter and Taylor, 21;10x81:8	1

Tuesday, September 2d.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
John Wilson to Francis H Wooster	Ne corner Broadway and Buchanan, e 137 6x 137 6	$ 10
David Wooster to T M Edwards	Same	1
Gilbert Shattuck to Same	Same	6,160
Geary St Ex H As'n to S B Boswe.	Lots 11 12 15 26 and 19 blk 203, Geary St Extension Homestead	1,770
Morgan S Toy to Harriet Toy	Ne cor Powell and Ellis, 10x[illegible]	1,250
Chas H Kilfoy to Thos P Winter	N Jackson w Buchanan, 25x127 8	4,250
Elise Sanders to John P Medan	S Mount Vernon Ave, 55 se Olego Ave, sw 50x50	125
Daniel Fraser to A R Fraser	Lot 6 blk 7 Junction Homestead	250
Michael McGaughran to M Ganon	W Potrero Ave [illegible] 2d, 25x [illegible]	900
Sumner C Blake to David Porter	E [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] 110, 75x60	2,750
Isabel Van Winkle to I S V Winkle	P [illegible] [illegible] 27x23 5	Gift
Fred Tillman to I S Van Winkle	Se Fulton and [illegible], subdiv W A 134	1
Timothy Lain to Joanna Lain	Nw Natoma se 8th, 1 [illegible]	Gift
Harrison St H Ass'n to J P Nelson	Lot 25 Harrison St Homestead	800
Mission & 24th St Hd to M Downes	Lot 217 blk 34 Mission and 24th St Hd	375
James L'nforth to L B Beechley	Ne Page and Laguna, 137 6x120	25,000
L B Beechley to John D Thompson	Same	15,000
Antonio Cuneo to D Cuneo	W Jasper Lane s Filbert, 50x60	6,500
Silv Ter H'd Ass'n to Jno O Kane	Lots 433 to 439 inclusive, Silver Ter Hd	250
M L McDonald to J M McDonald	N Post e Taylor, 137 6x32 6—subdiv 50-v 611, subject to mortgage for $7,000	11,000
Chancellor Harison to G L Beebee	Nw Webster and Broadway, 137 6x137 6 subdiv [illegible] W A 270	5,000
Wm J Clark to Elias Birdsall	W Dolores n Liberty, n 50x105	3,250
B W Holladay to Robt F Morrison	Sundry properties in Western Addition	400
Patrick T Gaven to Mary Casker	N Sacramento w Scott, 50x127:8	500

Thursday, September 4th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
John Campbell to James Dailey	W Howard, 212:6 n 22d, n 60 x w 122:6	$4,500
John McFaddin to Wm Walsh	N O'Farrell e Gough, 27:6x120	1,800
Thos J Morse to Celia Morse	W Carlos s O'Farrel [illegible]	3,000
Edward Barry to J H Latham	N 10th Av e w M [illegible], a s o n 11th Ave o line e 75x200; also, sundry lots Cen Pk Hd; also e Hollis s O'Farrell, [illegible] s so sundry lots in a por'n city	23,550
Nicholas Larco to Gustave Mahe	Se cor Sacramento and Leidesdorf, s [illegible] 6, e 55 n 1 6, w [illegible] n [illegible] 45 sub II and W 199 and 200	67,600
Zelotus L Webster to W W White	Subdivisions 16 and 17, 18 acre lots Nos 29, 30, 41 and 42 of the Bernal Heights, also, lots in San Diego	700
Fol & Howard U P to H Chojnaki	Lot 40 Howard & Fol St Property Un on	1,000
Harrison St Hd Ass'n to A Wilkie	Lot 71 blk 142 Harrison St Hd	800
W H Jackson to Carrie A Beach	No 2d se Howard, 50x85 10; also sw of Howard and 18th, 100x122 [illegible], also e of Fair Oak [illegible] 1 e 180 [illegible] 10	770
Har'n St H Ass to A M Wardwell	Lot 15 blk 142 Harrison St H'd	800
Same to James Mee	Lot 1 same	800
Same to Peter McCarthy	Lot 16 same	800
Eugene Celle to Nam Poon Son	W Dupont s Washington, 30x55, also, w Dupont 161 s Washington, s 6 inch es x 55 sub 50-v 67	26,000

Friday, September 5th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Anne E McNeil to Caroline Smith	S Harrison 30 e Beale, e 30 x s 80	$1,200
J C Duncan to Chas Baker	Lot 12 blk 301, O Neil and Haley Tract	700
T O'Brien to Julia O'Connor	W Langton, 200 n Folsom, 25x75—subdiv [illegible] 254	1
Thos G Taylor to Jacob D Casebolt	Undiv ½ 50-v 2 3 4 and 5, blk 183 W A	7,000
Daniel Green to Hoffman Hoyt	Commencing at a fence forming the sw boundary of "San Souci" property, running thence e 14.75-100 chains, sw 33 chains, w 15 chains, sw 16, etc	500
J B Anambide to Albert Solomon	Ne Geary and Jones, 34x77:6	12,000
Harrison St Hd Asn to J Roseberry	Lot [illegible] blk 142, Harrison St Hd	800
Mis'n & 30th St Ex Hd to J A Scott	Lot 18 blk 6, Mission and 30th St Ex tens on H d	350
Wm Davidson to Geo Haas	W Scott, 50 s O'Farrell, 25x80	600
J H Carroll to R H Lloyd	Ne cor Oak and Fillmore, n 137 6, 30, sw 140, w 41 6	600

Saturday, September 6th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
C A Sturzenegger to P Sturzenegger	All his right and title to interest as heir at law to estate, real, personal and mixed, of Gustave Sturzenegger dec'd	$ 1
Univer Hd Ass'n to Ann Archey	Lot 26 fractional blk 124 University Hd	75
Isaac Lipman to Chas Nonneman	E half of lot 140 blk 97 Central Pk Hd	800
Cyrus D Hoyt to John Wood	Lot 13 blk H Pacific Sav and H'd Ass'n	1,100
C R Montgomery to W R Montg'ry	Sw Bacon and Knox, 120x100	400
W R Montgomery to John Landers	Same	500
Henry M Allen to Wm Sharon	S Eddy, 187:6 w Jones, 25x80	3,850
John H Grube to Peter Wall	W Chenery, 300 n Randall, 50x125	....
Silver Ter H As'n to C B Houghton	Lot 15 Silver Terrace Hd	300
Same to same	Lots 187 168, 180, Silver Terrace Hd	1,233
Harrison St H'd Ass'n to J Dunn	Lot 21 blk 142 Harrison St H'd	800
Job N Grant to Mary Shephard	S 17th w Castro, 75x125	5,000
Odd Fell Cem Ass'n to C P Bethen	Lot 20 Harmony Sect, Plat 5	75
Henry Beaby to E H Gadsby	N 17th 50 e Guerrero, 25x102	1,800
Chas H Palmer to C H Rumrill	N Sutter 137:6 e Laguna, 60:6x137 6, sub W A 170	300
Geo S Johnson to John P Molt	Lots 14 and 15, blk 35, R R Ave Hd	250
Fritz Engelstrom to same	Lots 26 27 28 blk 17	250
E Goltzkow to Chro Elpper	Sw Ross nw Folsom, 25x100	1
Univer Hd As'n to Sophie Wiseman	Lot 25, frac blk 124, University H d	75

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending Sept. 2, 1873.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
T B Bigelow to J Armiston	Oakland: S line R R Avenue 125 w from Chester thence w 50x95:8	$ 930
D & C McDongal to A E Roberts	Same: N line 27th st 215 e from West st thence e 26x106	250
S K Rogers to S Thomson	Same: W line Washington 63 s frm 11th st thence s 37x90	3,500
A J Gladding to J M Gladding	Same: S line H [illegible] 311 w from Telegraph thence w 150x220	5
A C Merriman to C C Valberg	Alameda: W line Euclid 440 s from R R Ass'n then s 200x233 and 142	2,900
R Pohlmann to N J Banlen	Same: 207x300 sw cor Santa Clara and Mel'h [illegible]	5,500
Grant & Taylor to Berkely L & S I A	4 miles n from Oakland 60 acres near San Pablo Avenue	....
S A Penwell to same	Oakland Tp: Part of plot 64	....
L Hamilton to same	Same: Part plot 66	....
H Durant to same	Same: 18 acres parts plots 66 and 79	....
Felton and Bons to A D Spilvalo	Brooklyn 40 acres near Sousal Creek and San Leandro Old Road	1
Spilvalo and Bons to J B Felton	Same: 39 acres	1
H H Valpey to H Carlner	Near Mission San Jose: 30 acres	2,700
J Chart to M Hall	Oakland: 50x103:9 nw cor 15th and Clay	5
S Harris to E C Sessions	Same: 100x150 nw cor 1st and Broadway	1
Vasburgh & Barnell to G A Abel	Same: S line Seward 80 w from Wood thence w 31:3x70	1,500
H N Morse to J A Folger	Same: S line 15th st 130 e from Clay th e 50x101 9	3,400
A C R Shaw to S E Shaw	Same: S line 16th st 173 from Broadway thence e 27x101	1,500
J A Folger to H N Morse	East Oakland: 4¼ acres Watson Tract	3,500
E P White to A Perry	West Oakland: Ne Lincoln 95 e from Wood thence e 47:6x135	750
W Tierney to same	Same: 5 acres part plot 61	....
R Sisterna to same	Same: 5 acre plot 61	....
P Pieda to same	Same: 1 acre part plot 66	....
S U Hd Ass'n to A Eppelsheimer	Same: Lot 10 in blk 2 State University Homestead Tract	800
Same to G Tart	Same: Lots 1 and 4 blk 3 in same	1,400
M Goldman to F Delmenfield	Same: Lot 1 in blk 2 in same	275
G O Davis to E T De Vay	Same: Lots 4 and 7 in blk 4 in same	1,500
W J Barren to Berkeley L & T I A	Berkeley: 1 acre	....
J Dabner to M V de Anna	San Leandro: 105x75	174
M V de Anna to M L Louse	Same: Same	400
Haven & Hunt to A Rosenfield	Brooklyn Tp: Lot 16 Cameron Tract	4,000

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Sept. 2.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records.) Office, [illegible] [illegible] the COURT HOUSE, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to the Court House. ☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. Sept. 13.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL BUILDING

Office of Board of City Hall Commissioners, Corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, July [illegible], 1873.—Sealed proposals for furnishing certain material for a portion of the New City Hall Building and Hall of Records will be received at the office of the Board, until 12 o'clock M. of FRIDAY the 22d day of August, A. D. 1873, for the following, viz: 50,000 [illegible] 10 barrels Lime, 5,000 barrels Cement. And until 12 o'clock noon of WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of October, A. D. 1873, for the following: Rolled Iron Joists, Wrought Iron Girders. All according to specifications, schedule, plans and drawings, to be furnished by the Board.

No bid will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Forms of Proposal," and accompanied by a bond with two good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to ten per cent. of the total sum of the tender, conditioned for the [illegible] entering into the contract of the party to whom [illegible] may be awarded. The bids must be [illegible] [illegible] for the material proposed to be furnished and addressed to the Secretary of the Board.

The specifications, schedules, plans and drawings can be seen and all further information obtained at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposal will be furnished to intending bidders.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly, in "City Hall Warrants," of 75 per cent. of the estimated amounts due, and the remaining 25 per cent. when the contract is completed. The expense of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.

P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. E. McLANE,
July 25. Board of City Hall Commissioners.

John D. Yost, San Francisco.] [H. S. Crocker, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

RELIGIOUS LIBERTY IN SCHOOLS.

If the world is somewhat slow in acknowledging its debt to the Roman Catholic Church for the priceless boon of religious liberty, secured to it by sacrifices and efforts without number, on the part of Popes, Bishops, Inquisitors, Jesuits, Dominicans and Zach Montgomery, it is not because these holy men have refrained from blowing infallible trumpets to the same tune, in the ears of a wicked and adulterous generation, wholly given over to the fuss and foolish practice of reasoning from effect to cause. Men refuse to be convinced of the Church's love for freedom of conscience, and it has become necessary to prove this by making war upon the public school system of the United States. We have sometimes doubted whether this was the most perfect work of the human mind, but we feel ashamed of our doubts when we see with what united and untiring zeal the Roman Catholic Church assails it. The public school system must contain at least one principle of priceless value, to deserve the hostility of this vast organism which instinctively recognizes and marks a dangerous enemy. We cannot doubt that the non-recognition of the religious element is the capital sin of the schools, in the eyes of the priesthood. This, and only this, they dread. They think themselves able to deal with every form of heresy, and looking at the force of their organization, directed as by one will, they can hardly be said to overrate their strength. The Protestant, whether Lutheran, Anglican, Calvinist or Unitarian, may one day be brought within the fold of the true church, for he believes in a book and is bound by forms. But even the strength of the Church of Peter must beat the air, when put forth against men, brought up in a pure atmosphere, equally strange to the smells of Exeter Hall and the perfumes of Rome. The reading of the Bible in the Public Schools is a playing into the hands of the enemy, and fortunately, the purely secular thought which underlies the Public School theory is daily doing away with this absurdity. The whole theory of Church and State lies in the nutshell of this popular education. Recognize and carry out the principle that the citizen is to be educated for his life in the *State*, and for that only, and all the hierarchies that ever oppressed and deluded mankind become more trivial and more helpless than the wrath of a paralytic. Religion and religious education are matters, first, for the parents of a child, and afterwards, for the child himself, but never, under any possible combination of circumstances, for the State. What a man shall believe, or shall not believe, is a question for his own intellect and conscience, and, if there lingers in our society too much of the Middle-Age Inquisitorial spirit, it is certain that jealous watchfulness of the Public School against every manifestation of that spirit, will secure the liberty of the coming generations. It has not often been sufficiently insisted on, but it is indisputably true that one of the mightiest elements in the building and consolidation of the power of ancient Rome was her secular conception of the State. M. Renan, on pages 632-33 of his "Antichrist," calls special attention to this Roman attribute. "Titus," he says, speaking of the overthrow of Jerusalem, "had just inflicted upon theocracy, the formidable enemy of civilization, the greatest defeat it had ever sustained. It was the triumph of the Roman law, or rather of rational law, an entirely philosophic creation, which presupposes no revelation, over the Jewish *Thora*, the fruit of a revelation. * * * Every victory of Rome was a progress of reason: Rome brought to the world a principle in many respects better than that of the Jews; I mean, the secular State, resting on a purely civil conception of society. Every removal from this absolutely just conception of the Roman law has been hurtful to the development of the race; and America will deserve the execration of the world, if she allows herself to be turned from the right path. Religious liberty in the public schools means and must mean, if we care for our country, absolute silence on religious matters. These schools were established not to teach the genealogy of the Virgin or the number of the Beast, but to furnish freely to every child of the nation the means of becoming acquainted with his rights and his duties towards his fellow-men. With his duty to God the State has nothing to do, and the schools of the State cannot take cognizance of any such duty. This is not according to the views of Roman Catholic organs, such as the *Guardian* and the *Examiner*; but they forget, when calling for the endowment of Catholic schools by the State, that they pronounce the condemnation of their priesthood, as an incompetent body. If it is necessary to teach Roman Catholic children the catechism in the Public Schools, under what pretext is the vast machinery of Roman Catholic churches and Sunday-schools maintained? If the priesthood is not competent to teach its holy religion, what is it good for? Either the priests do teach religion, and then they can go on teaching, or they do not teach it, and then they are hypocritical drones; but in either case the Public Schools have no more to do with the matter than the Public Pound.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Because of a depletion in the School Fund, it is anticipated that teachers will get no pay for the month of September, and the half of October. An immense tax is paid to support the schools, and people are moved to inquire into the reason of this lack of funds. The children who attend the public schools belong, for the greater part, to that class of people who toil for bread and their future is not assured. Very few of them ever enter the high schools, because they have reached—nay, have strained the length of their tether, by staying in school long enough to graduate from the Grammar Department. In the primary schools, of which there are many, and in which the classes average at least, twelve to a building, there are from sixty to seventy scholars in a class. In the grammar schools many of which are obliged to accommodate primary classes, because these have not enough grammar pupils the classes average from thirty to forty pupils, while in the high schools, of which there are two, the classes range from fifteen to twenty-five. The pupils of the high schools, as a rule, are those whose parents are sufficiently well to do to pay for private education, but prefer the public school system. The pupils of the grammar schools, with the exception of the few who intend to pass into the high school, are those with whom work is not an immediate necessity but who look forward to becoming mechanics and working women when they shall have completed the preparatory course. But in the primary school, where the children fairly swarm, they have come for the most part to acquire only the rudiments of the necessary education, since work will begin for them immediately that they are strong enough. Yet in these primary grades, where time is money, they are afflicted with a music teacher, a French teacher, and a drawing teacher. Every one loves to hear the voices of children raised in a simple song, but who can see the use of employing a superannuated, country singing school-master to give a lesson of twenty minutes a week to a class of sixty pupils, not one of whom can receive individual instruction. A child, who could learn to read music by note after many years of this drill, without private instruction, would be a rara avis, indeed. Beside this, they receive twenty minutes a day in French, this a general exercise, too, for individual instruction is impossible, and twenty minutes a week in drawing. And thus is the substance consumed which should be laid out in giving the children a good, plain, solid, useful English education. They obtain the merest smattering of flimsy accomplishments, and teachers of French, music, drawing, and considerable high-school flummery get money which should only be laid out in that way after it has been seen that there remains abundance for the solid needs of education. It is far easier to dispense with Charlotte Russes, meringues, and creams, than substantial beef and wholesome bread.

THE SOUTH PACIFIC ISLANDS.

Captain Watson, master of the British bark *Reconnaissance*, now lying in this port, and for years engaged in the trade between the Australias and South Sea Islands, informs us that the commercial activity between those countries is increasing every year. Regular lines of ships are running between Australia and the Fiji Islands, and extending as the occasion demands to the Society and Navigator Islands. In the South Seas as the world over, the British flag is conspicuous, and the traveler there is forcibly reminded of the old refrain—"Britannia rules the waves." War vessels of the great civilized nations are constantly plying about between the islands, those of England, the United States and France being most active. For the past few years the German flag is frequently seen and from present indications the German Empire will be well represented in this respect. Capt. Watson speaks in the highest terms of the natives of all the islands, with the exception of those of the Solomon group, which are reported to be very fierce and expert cannibals.

THE LAY OF THE LOST ONE—No. II.

I tell you I must have it, you may laugh and shake your head,
I must keep my excitement up, for without it I am dead.
Give me some drink to soothe my nerves, though poison lurk beneath,
Not in that water, careless girl, don't you see it holds my teeth.

Time was when they crowded round me and paid to gain my smiles,
Now 'tis I that have to flatter and fawn, or allure by grosser wiles;
No longer they dally about my room, or meekly admittance crave,
But bid me trot out like a horse from its stall, or show my points like a slave.

I felt it keenly the other day when that worn-out sinner came, [shame,
Who thought because I had known him of old, I would help to bring Carrie to
It was well for him that he went out quick, for the blood rushed to my eyes,
And I clutched at the knife I always wear, I had stabbed him otherwise.

But oh, what a crushing shock was that, how my inmost soul was stirred;
He had stolen my money to gamble with, but I never uttered a word
But when he left me for that little wretch, and jeered me as she stood by,
The Devil was roused within my breast and a Hell in its agony.

I was at his throat like a tigress, not a thought of weakness or dread,
It was maddening to hear her mocking laugh, and I know not what I said,
But I knew that Harry was stung to the quick by the cruel look which he bore
And the cowardly blow that left me stunned for hours upon the floor.

A STUPENDOUS "ORATION."

That harmless set of Old Fogies, the California Pioneers, had a celebration of "California's Birthday," at Badger's Park over the bay, on Tuesday. Of course, according to American traditions applicable to occasions of this kind there had to be an "oration" and a "poem." J. W. Winans furnished the twaddle in prose, and one J. H. Severance, of whom we never heard before and *from* whom it is to be hoped we may never hear again, furnished the twaddle in rhyme. The oration was admirable of its kind, the kind being one that requires sound without sense and the largest possible array of grand eloquent words with the smallest possible modicum of meaning. Winans fulfilled these hard conditions with a skill that seems almost miraculous, when one contemplates the difficulty which would present itself to an ordinary mind, if called upon to talk so long and say so little. To steer so successfully between the Scylla of sense and the Charybdis of brevity, to go on for two mortal hours, shirking out sonorous sentences, devoid of thought, unimpeachably innocent of any taint of originality, and expressing nothing but the most unadulterated platitudes—to accomplish a feat like this upon so short a notice as three weeks indicates a rare genius for word-cobbling. And yet, if the orator's preparation was brief, it is to be remembered that his practice has been long and persevering. For fifteen or twenty years he has been doing this kind of thing on all sorts of occasions, and the improvement that comes of prolonged effort and aspiration has at length resulted in perfection. To-day he stands without a rival (outside of the ranks of the preachers) as an orator of the good old American school that passed out with knee breeches and "patriotic eloquence." It is the most perfect thing of its long fossilized species that we have seen for many a day, like the "Old Oaken Bucket" it revives the dear memories of childhood, it stirs in our heart the same tender and pathetic emotions aroused by the contemplation of a venerable continental cocked hat, or a relic dug up at Bunker Hill. It is so "classic," and so softened with gush. It is so inflated with rhetorical gas, and so unctuous with rhetorical blubber, it is so stuffed with nice bits of rhyme gleaned from the books of "poetical quotations," it is so garnished with scraps of well-worn Latin and Greek, gathered with laborious research from the back of the dictionary. It is so redolent of the fine aroma of the "American scholarship" of the last generation—that if it had been delivered forty or fifty years ago, the choicer passages would inevitably have been embalmed in the school books, and its author would have been immortalized in the pages of "Goodrich's American Eloquence." But, alas! the style has long "gone out." It is like a child born out of due season, and as obsolete as periwigs and shoe buckles. Our fossiliferous, but most respectable Pioneers could not have chosen more fitly than they did when they invited Mr. Winans to glorify themselves and their work. Nothing can be more appropriate than that mock heroic achievements should be celebrated in the windy periods of word multiplying magniloquence.

"WEALTH OF THOUGHT AND BEAUTY OF EXPRESSION."

It has been said, that since St. Beuve and Matthew Arnold lived and wrote, "criticism has occupied a place in the highest order of literary work." This emphatically applies to the criticism of the San Francisco *Bulletin*. That potent manufacturer of literary opinion and instructor of the popular taste, on Tuesday evening, published a column of doggrel, which it called "poetry," and of which the following extract furnishes a rather favorable sample:

The jolly Celt comes from his sunny isle,
Forsakes the shamrock for the spade, awhile;
With hopes and grief, his great heart swelling big,
He bids farewell to Kathleen and the pig.
"Tis off he is, "the jabers, for to look
For other comrades than found at Donnybrook!"
Leaves to d[illegible]
Has wife and children, trustfully, to God.

Not so the Briton to the call so deaf
But that he pauses o'er his roast of beef,
Quite "art an' art" and, "burst the bloody beggars,
But there's a go," and off from home he hies,
Reserved his cousins o'er the seas to show
"There's nothing there like Hingland, you know!"

At the conclusion appears the following comment by the *Bulletin's* "reviewer," which can scarcely fail to justify the high opinion entertained in the community of the superior critical acumen of that journal: "The poem was repeatedly and warmly applauded, showing on the part of the listeners a fine appreciation of its wealth of thought and beauty of expression."

AN UNHEARD OF OUTRAGE.

The readers of Bret Harte's last story, entitled "An Episode of Fiddletown," who perceive, with feelings of sadness and mortification, that the great literary confidence man has thrown off on California. What treason the ingrate utters against our fair city, listen when he writes thus: "It was the usual foggy afternoon, and he climbed the long and steep hill of California street one of those bleak gray intervals that made the Sabbath a misnomer to any but the true San Francisco fancy." And hear how the wretch slanders against the transparent never-fear atmosphere, and the pure azure of our skies: "There was no warmth or color in earth or sky, only one monotonous, universal neutral tint over everything. There was a fierce unrest in the windswept streets, there was a dreary, vacant quiet in the gray houses." And here is more, in the same malignant spirit: "The Chinese-brush made him solver. As he put down his basket, it is possible that his defect of intelligence and heathen experience, it is God's own make, as it was called, seemed to possess but scant tenderness, softness or mercy." And then Bret indulges in a heartless sneer at the dwellings which had afforded him hospitality, and upon the purses of whose too confiding owners he had levied contributions to the necessities of struggling genius—contributions in the shape of loans, which passed forever from his memory when he turned his face toward the rising sun: "It was the usual San Franciscan urban cottage. There was the little strip of cold green shrubbery before it; the chilly, bare veranda, and above this again the grim balcony, upon which no one ever sat." Now, isn't this atrocious? What will the *Alta* say about it, we wonder! What will the Chamber of Commerce do about it? Will not the California Pioneers, or the Acclimatization Society take some action in the premises?

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THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

CALIFORNIA'S BIRTHDAY.

On Wednesday we discovered, from certain volcanic eruptions, that something out of the common way was about to happen. No Modocs were in sight, nor did the din of war add majesty to the stupendous array. Approaching a meek looking stranger, with a dejected and somewhat funereal appearance, we weaned his thoughts from the dull routine of every-day life by stepping on one of his feet, and at once striking an attitude never yet known to fail, demanded the cause of this review. The meek-eyed stranger at once climbed up an adjacent lamp post, threw off his hat, said he was a poet, though the world didn't know it, that it was California's twenty-second birthday, and that he was her chosen bard. [From a dirty pocket handkerchief picked up in the neighborhood, we discovered that the meek-eyed stranger's name was J. H. Severance.] From his proud eminence "the meek-eyed one" gave birth to the following:

THE ANNIVERSARY POEM.

"Among the great Greece nurtured in her prime,"
Was San Francisco, a city built on time.
Twenty-two years ago a Pioneer
Took humble lodgings at the "What Cheer."
He was a weird, queer-looking man,
And not built on any regular plan."

Here the meek-eyed stranger paused, but being encouraged by liberal presents of peanuts he proceeded, and thus launched his frail bark on the rabid sea of criticism:

"THE FRIENDSHIPS OF THE PIONEERS."

'Twas in the cold gray morning,
Ere the rooster crowed his crow,
Two drunken Pioneers came up
From a cellar down below,

One had a very cruel eye
And a bright vermilion nose—
The other was an aged man
In somewhat seedy clothes.

"How much hast thou, my brother?"
Said he of the cruel eye,
"I guess it is time to liquor,
For I am uncommon dry."

The aged brother answered,
And wiped away a tear,
"I've but a lone cent piece left,
And that won't run the beer."

The other winked his cruel eye,
He knocked the old man down;
The friendship of those Pioneers
Is now the boast of town.

Though again encouraged by various bribes, the meek-eyed stranger would warble no more. He was seen to slide down the lamp post, blow his nose, give one convulsive throb, and go home.

The mouse was, no doubt, like the wasp, made by the Divine hand for some purpose—(probably to feed cats, but then again, why were cats made?) There are animals we admire more than mice, especially in a bed room. The other night as the *T. C.* was in that delightful state when the brain is just succumbing to the gentle influence of sleep, something touched his face, and uttered a faint squeak in his ear. A thousand thoughts flew through his brain, the most striking of which was the idea that a robber (though God only knows what he could steal) was groping about in the darkness, had felt the *T. C.'s* face, and had uttered a faint scream of fear and surprise. In a moment the *T. C.* was out of bed, had upset the chair on which the paraffin lamp was standing, injured one foot by stepping on an iron boot-jack, and was blindly groping for a match. At last a match was found, struck, the lamp righted and lighted, but no robber was there, and all was still as the grave. Thinking it must have been a dream he once more stepped into his virtuous couch, but by way of precaution kept the lamp lit. In about two minutes a slight scratching was heard, and peering over the end of the bed, the *T. C.* discovered two fine fat mice gaily gamboling over the floor. He immediately seized the boot-jack before mentioned and gave chase, of course one mouse went one way and one the other, it took some time to make up his mind which one to kill first. In the meantime the vermin had crept under the folding doors into the sitting-room, but nothing daunted, he seized the lamp, threw the doors open and the pursuit became a hot one. A fish bowl was broken, and two gold fish lay dancing about on the carpet. Of course these had to be at once put in their native element, and the chase had to be postponed. After placing them carefully in a basin the chase was resumed with much ardor. Tables were upset, chairs lay prone, and sundry ornaments were hopelessly smashed. Just as the *T. C.'s* efforts were about to be crowned with success, having run the game to ground under the hearth rug, footsteps were heard slowly descending the stairs, the door was opened, and the *T. C.* was gazing down his landlord's six shooter. Things were explained, but the unsportsmanlike landlord declining to take part in the chase, the *T. C.'s* ardor was damped, and he retired a sad and injured man to his bed, blessing the all-seeing Providence which sent mice on earth. The bill of costs was handed in next morning, and footed up as follows: Fish bowl, $2, lamp glass 10c, three China vases, at $2 50 each, $7 50, damage to carpet from coal, $5, total, $14 10c. This was a very dear mouse hunt, and the *T. C.* has since found it cheaper, if not quite as exhilarating, to invest 25c in a mouse trap, and keep awake till he hears the "click" which announces a capture. Then he pounces on the victim and takes as much of his fourteen dollars out of his hide as it is possible to obtain. By next State Fair he will show one of the finest robes in the country, and will no doubt get a premium worth two bits. Such is life.

Did Miss Jane Warren Kiss her Page?—This weighty question came up for decision at the Middlesex Sessions on the 15th of August. Miss Warren (aged 65, and worth two thousand a year, said that she gave Walter Howard (aged 15) various sums of money, amounting to £300, in order that he might be cured of that very unromantic disease called tapeworm, being moved thereunto by gratitude for his talent and courage in the prevention of a burglary. The culprit, on the other hand, asserted that she gave him the cash for love, and made the charge from jealousy when she heard that he was going to America with a younger dame! It was admitted all round that Miss Warren had been pretty familiar with the page when he was at the mature age of eleven and a half, and no one seemed to know any more about the matter. Mr. Montague Williams called the prosecutrix a loose woman. Mr. Besley called the prisoner a thief and a swindler. The Judge (Sergeant Box) left it to the Jury, and the Jury could not agree. So Mr. Walter Howard remains to be tried at the next term, and Miss Warren is left to meditate on the loss of her cash and the other on his character. The only consolation she has is that the Judge considered that no possible familiarity could do any harm, as she was old enough to be the page's grandmother.

The Tichborne case seems to grow more and more perplexingly mixed up every day. The claimant is seen not to be Arthur Orton, has been almost proved not to be Tichborne, and the question arises, who or what is he? One of the witnesses for the defense said, "If the man before me (the claimant) is not Tichborne he must be the devil," and we certainly incline to the same belief. Besides being feasible, it is comforting to the soul. No more of your skinny, scraggy, forked tailed, cloven-hoofed monstrosities will the *T. C.* believe in any longer. His mental picture of the devil is as follows: A good looking, stout, middle-aged man, with an immense amount of bonhommie about him, and an utter contempt for the driveling, canting, pilferers of God's title, called parsons, an admirer of the fair sex, and a generally honest, jolly old dog. Such is our devil, and those who prefer the one pictured to them by the gospel slingers are welcome to their choice, and will no doubt have one made to order for their especial benefit. Poor old Lucifer, if he did fall, fell from an eminence they can never aspire to, and no doubt still contemplates the good times up stairs though he is in the kitchen.

"The Rising of the Moon" is the name of Mr. Lyster's new play. It is unfortunately somewhat on the wane. We have heard of the moon being made of green cheese, but hitherto have considered it one of the innocent fictions of our childhood, invented to solace and not to deceive. Now, alas, we find that the moon is green and no mistake.

The parsons have shaken the Holy Ghost altogether of late, and are coming out as pulpit expounders of the political pot pourri. They are used to wading around among the slushy crooked ways of sin and wickedness, and may be able to analyze the compound, but the work is beneath them not. Stebbins, who was wont to guide his flock through the labyrinthine mazes of the triangular paternity of the Holy Family, now boldly attempts the mystery of the ballot box. We had rather hear him fire away at the Trinity, on which he is much better posted, and with which his cavernous and cadaverous characteristics are more in accordance. Noble, whose hitherto principal object on to this wicked world has been the observance of Woodward's Day, has undertaken to extend his field of operations into the preserves of Carr, Chute & Co. He appears to better advantage declaiming against Sunday beer and balloons. Hemphill will be taking his fling next, while Alemany, who has always had a scraggy finger in the pie, will show his hand openly.

The social evil is not considered catching. If it be not infectious, it is certainly epidemic, and is affecting in large numbers those of our young girls of fourteen years or thereabouts, who are supposed to be standing hesitatingly on the debatable land "where childhood and womanhood meet." Unfortunately, our young persons are not troubled with "reluctant feet." They vault over the delectable brook and are upon the opposite side before you can say Jack Robinson. After they have made the leap they are bolder and wickeder and more indifferent than the hardened sinners of graver years. One of them can play the deuce with the whole Industrial School, and the Magdalens decline utterly to be contaminated with the blighting influence. The wicked pleasure seekers do not delight in them, for there is an unhealthful bitterness to them which stings the palate like unripe fruit. Upon the whole, we proffer the young imps our advice to cultivate reluctant feet and keep out of business a year or two at least.

There is a bottled beer saloon on the corner of Chestnut and Powell where the hoodlum loves to congregate. There the gentle youths drink their ten-cent bottled beer, roll out their choice oaths, and tell thrilling stories of how Jack so and so punched Bill S——, and then knifed him, or how Jake's chunk had killed one man, driven another to San Quentin, and how Jake is now up for prigging. Most of these hoodlums are mere boys, few if any being over twenty-one. What their occupation is, it is hard to say. What they will turn out is, however, easy to prophesy. Homicides, murderers, thieves will graduate from their ranks, and if the *Town Crier* is not wrong, and he seldom is, many, if not all of those North Beach hoodlums, will in time swell our criminal list—a list, alas! already too long.

Serenades are en regle, and a supper at the expense of the unfortunate man complimented is usually the sequel. A man of woeful countenance, who fought the Dolly Varden fight, has been anticipating his turn, and sits nightly with his contemplative eye cast sadly upon a cup of railroad coffee, a bologna sausage and a sea biscuit, waiting for the music to toot. If it begin not soon, he will be forced to lay this delectable lunch, Chinese fashion, upon the graves of the mythical subscribers to the Atlantic and Pacific humbug, and give the hungry Lone Mountain hoodlums a chance. Free lunch bummers are advised to organize a band of jew's-harps and accordeons, and make the first meal that ever was made off him. Music at the discretion of the band, although "Still so Gently o'er me Stealing" is recommended.

The coalescing of the rival Olympic Clubs has been the subject of much rejoicing among the members thereof, and sundry and divers glasses have clinked, and wines have sparkled and bubbled and fuddled in its celebration. But there is consternation and regret among the maidens whose fancies do most incline to Olympians. Nothing has dwelt so unctuously upon the palate these many succeeding generations as the taste of Eve's apple. During the division, the tights, the spangles and cleeteras, flashed twice before these nymphs' appreciative eyes where now they will be seen but once. The exhibitions will probably be bigger affairs henceforth, but there will be fewer of them, and the maidens prefer their apple in thin slices—it goes so much farther.

Why are boys arrested at North Beach for bathing? Cleanliness is next to godliness, and is it not a holy and wholesome thing for boys to divest themselves of their superfluous filth? Children are wise in their generation, and boys know very well that Spring Valley water isn't to be trusted even for bathing purposes, and then isn't enough of it if it was. They must wash somewhere. Every one who knows a boy, knows how much dirt he can accumulate in a given time. If all the boys attempted to wash all the dirt off in one day, there would be real estate enough in their mothers' bath-tub to raise the family supply of potatoes.

Candidates who are unfamiliar with the work of the swift plying needle are congratulating themselves that the button-hole machine didn't come into favor before election time. One unhappy man relating his experience says that his coat, one of the best products of the Mission Woolen Mills, was worn to the consistency of gauze, that his waistcoat was demolished entirely, and that they were about to fasten themselves upon his undershirt, when election day opportunely came and saved him from being utterly denuded. It was merely a scratch that they didn't work button-holes in his skin.

"The Hard Working Man" who corresponds with the *Chronicle*, though he may be, and probably is, "a hardy son of toil," does not stick to facts, especially when he says that Messrs. Catting & Co. employ four hundred Chinamen at their fruit factory, dismissing white men to make room. If the white men of his fertile brain who were supposed to be discharged were anything like the "great unwashed" who signs himself "A Hard Working Man," we don't blame Catting & Co. if they did sack them. We never knew a "son of toil" who wrote to papers who was worth his salt.

Such a revolution as that which the late election has made in California would have been impossible, says the *Bulletin*, in any other country in the whole world. Of course it would, and the reason is plain. California is the only country in the world which is blest in the possession of an *Evening Bulletin*, skilful in directing the storm of revolution. Modesty is a virtue, but Messrs. Pickering and Fitch are almost viciously modest.

Those two young sardines who took their girls to hear the organ concert at Dr. Scott's, on Thursday, are informed that their nonsensical drivel is not appreciated by the general public, especially during an organ solo by Evans. The sardines above referred to "sat in a cushioned seat," and if repeating such unseemly conduct, will be pointed out more plainly and held up to the execration of a music-loving community.

The Clay street cars are a constant source of dread to the old drunks who roll out of the Police Court. They may be seen at all hours of the day scratching their heads and asking bystanders if their eyes deceive them. These cars have entirely taken away the business hitherto monopolized by rats and rattlesnakes.

Janes is once more a free man, and is no doubt proportionately happy. That he shot his lagger in self-defence there can be no doubt. These roosters that run and turn are awkward birds to fight, and have a habit of kicking when least expected. Janes seems to be one of this class.

The long-winded youth who does the burglaries in the *Alta* has made a discovery which entitles him to the respect, not to say admiration, of his fellow citizens. He has discovered a house "surrounded on two sides by a porch." We await further developments.

The political cauldron contained a queer enough compound at best. If the whine, the cant, the hypocrisy and the general sneakiness of the parsons must be thrown in, the broth is spoiled for the *T. C.*, who inclines only to the purest and best of everything.

It is reported that Pickering intends purchasing the large rattlesnake now at Woodward's, in order to place it under the editorial chair of the *Chronicle*. It killed a horse before it was captured, so that the smaller animals have a poor show.

The gentleman who paraded the race track on Saturday, with a red feather in his hat and an Ulster coat on his back, was not the Duke of Manchester. All civilities, etc., lavished on him have therefore been wasted.

Jimmy McGinn was very much disgusted with the Hurdle Races. Coffins are still a drug in the market, while the mutes are cutting their heads off. Mourners are at present to be hired at low rates.

THE STATE FAIR AT SACRAMENTO.

The Twentieth Annual Fair was opened on Monday, when some thousands of people visited it. The Pavilion presented a very dazzling appearance, the decorations being beautifully and tastefully arranged, and the constantly moving crowd adding to the liveliness of the scene. Of course the sewing machines, as usual, are a prominent feature, and their click, click, is plainly heard as their "engineers"—some of whom, by the by, are good looking girls—show off their merits. The pianos also make a good show, and certain melancholy young men in the conventional broadcloth occasionally extract a semblance to music from them. The fountain in the upper hall is one of the prettiest sights. It is a large one, and all around its base are grouped such ferns, flowers, etc., as most love water; tables on either side of the fountain are covered with rich flowers and rare shrubs. The band, a particularly good one, played some well selected music each day. Among our San Franciscan exhibitors we note the following as showing articles of much merit: The Domestic Carpet Manufactory exhibits some rough but useful carpets made from rags. C. S. Eaton shows three square pianos and one grand; also two parlor and two vestry Estey organs. Seward and Aiken exhibit their Objective Musical Staff system of teaching music. It consists of a board with movable notes; the board represents the musical staff, while the notes can be altered at will, so as to form a tune. It is an excellent plan for teaching music. Sherman & Hyde show the Weber Pianos. Hallet & Davis have a fine show of pianos and organs, shown by Wm. G Badger. The San Francisco Silk Manufacturing Company exhibit four large cases filled with skein and spool silk manufactured by them. They make a fine show, and attract much attention. The show of fancy goods, such as wax flowers, needle-work, etc., was small but good, while the paintings, etc., were not up to the mark. In the lower hall, the Babcock Fire Extinguisher Company have one of their large engines and two hook and ladder trucks on exhibition. The display of stock and the crowd at the Park on the first day swept away whatever doubts there may have been as to the complete success of the State Fair. The stables were well filled up with horses, sheep, goats, swine and horned cattle, and there was an unusually large attendance for the opening day, albeit the heat was excessive and the racing by no means a choice cut out of the week's programme. The best farms in the State are this year most liberally represented in the department of neat cattle. We thought at the time that it would be impossible to improve on the bulls, cows, calves and yearlings exhibited here last September, but there is in this year a considerably greater number and a shade better in quality. In the exhibition of fine sheep there is a more marked improvement, and also in graded stock, both horses and neat cattle. The racing has been of an unusually good kind, wonderful time being made. Sam Purdy trotted two mile heats in 2:21¾ and 2:21½, while May Howard won the first heat in 2:21¾ and trotted one half mile in the extraordinary time of 1:06. Ella Lewis, a comparatively green mare, trotted three heats in 2:30, 2:29¼, and 2:31¼. Occident came out to trot against time in the $2,000 plate, and was received with loud bursts of enthusiastic cheering, showing how popular both horse and owner are in the State. The excitement was intense as, with George Tennant driving, Occident, the pride of California, made his appearance. The little horse went round the first heat without a break in 2:16¾, the fastest time ever made in the State, and never beaten by any living horse. The first quarter was reached in 36¼ seconds, the half mile in 1:10¼. Loud was the cheering as the little horse came thundering down the home-stretch, hats were thrown up in the air, handkerchiefs waved, and the vast crowd seemed wild with delight. Occident came out again for the second heat, which, owing to a break at the distance post, was not equal to the first, but was still done in the excellent time of 2:18¾. In the pacing race, Dan Voorhees won in two straight heats, time, 2:20 and 2:30. The two mile and repeat running race was won by our old friend, the game Thad. Stevens, after a severe struggle with Irene Harding and Target. Target won the first heat 3:42¼, Irene won the second in 3:37, then old Thad came on and won the next two heats in 3:42 and 3:45. The mile dash for two year olds was won by a black filly by Eclipse, Bill Hays second, time, 1:49. The mile running race was won by Thornhill in two straight heats, Ned being second, time, 1:44 and 1:43. The mile and a half dash was won by Alpha, beating Little Agnes, time, 2:47¼. Among the cattle, horses, etc., shown, were some remarkably fine specimens. A herd of splendid Durhams was shown by Robert Ashburner, San Mateo county, and ten fine cattle, four bulls and six heifers, shown by Thomas S Page, of San Francisco, were much admired by judges of stock. The sheep are scarcely as good as usual, but the horses make a fine show. There can be no doubt that our climate is one suited to the horse, and if we do not breed more world-beaters like Occident, Thad. Stevens and Thornhill, we must not blame the climate for it. Taken as a whole, the Sacramento Fair was a complete success. It is true that some of the departments were not well filled, and that some confusion was visible, but as this was confined to only a few departments, it was hardly noticeable. The weather all throughout was fine, being, if anything, a trifle too hot for us, who are used to the cooling afternoon winds of San Francisco. We cannot close this summary without thanking Mr. Boruck for the pains he took to secure proper accommodation for the Press. Heretofore it has been a most painful struggle for the reporter to even catch a glimpse of what he came to write about. We wish our sister city every success in all her future State Fairs, and only hope that her next one may be equal to her last.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Costa Rica ran ashore on Wednesday night, off Lime Point, and is a total wreck. It was so foggy that no lights could be seen, thence the accident. No lives are lost.——John Heenan, the prize-fighter, known as "the Benicia Boy," is about to visit California.——The half-hourly trips on the Oakland route will be commenced on the 29th.——Joseph Tucker, a laborer, dropped dead on Wednesday at Fort Point.——W. H. Tweed is stopping at the Occidental. His friends say he has been "tried out" by the heat, as he is any number of pounds lighter now than before the Summer heated term.——Judge Lorenzo Sawyer, having returned from Oregon, will hold Circuit Court on Monday next.——The fifth anniversary ball of the Dramatic Verein Eintracht will be held in Horticultural Hall to-night.——Capt. Ed. Higgins, formerly of the U S. Navy, has been appointed to inspect the vessels and general affairs of the Pacific Mail Company. He is expected to arrive on the next steamer from Panama.——John T. Raymond returns to San Francisco in April. He has secured from the author of *Pygmalion and Galatea* another charming comedy entitled *The Wicked World*, and a drama dramatized from Eugene Sue's *Wandering Jew*.——A woman named Kral was found dead in her bed on Wednesday, with her head cut open behind. Her son, who lives with her, is suspected and is now in jail.——On Thursday the Chileans celebrated the sixty-third anniversary of their independence; a salute of sixty-three guns was fired from the Market street wharf.——M. Henry McCrea, a prominent citizen, has been missing since Friday, the 12th. When last seen he was on his way to the San Rafael boat.——The Montgomery Avenue is slowly but surely progressing.——We are to have a grand steeple-chase meeting at Alameda on October 31st and November 1st.——The Yosemite Social Club has elected the following named officers: President, Felix W. Levy; Treasurer, Levi Strauss; Secretary, Harry Schiller; Sergeant-at-Arms, George Givens.——A pair of large runaway horses, careering along Battery street with a heavy dray at their tails, created consternation on Wednesday afternoon, but strange to say, no damage was done.——The *Alaska*, which arrived Thursday from Panama, reports that on the morning of the 2d inst. James E. Hart, a steerage passenger, leaped overboard and was drowned.——Charles Goodall and others have sued the proprietors of the *Guide* for $5,000 damages, alleging that defendants have maliciously misstated the destinations of plaintiff's steamers, and thus lost them freight.——Captain John Faunce, of the U. S. Revenue Marine, who arrived on Thursday by the overland train, comes to this coast to establish life-boat stations, and he will visit all important points between Puget Sound and the Gulf of California.——Templar Lodge, No. 17, I. O. O. F., will celebrate its twentieth anniversary by a ball and supper and literary exercises at Union Hall, on the evening of October 2d. Hon. Solomon Sharp, one of the charter members, will deliver a historical address, and there will be appropriate poetic recitations and glee-club singing.

The Railroad horse, *Occident*, has beaten *Goldsmith Maid's* best California time. Where were Governor Booth and the Dolly Vardens when this triumph of the monopoly was permitted!

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

The Duke of Edinburgh will be received by the Court at St. Petersburg in October. His marriage will take place in January next.——Holyhead has been honored with a visit from the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburgh, on the completion of the great harbor breakwater, which was commenced a quarter of a century ago.——Prince Arthur has had a narrow escape from drowning, when bathing at Trouville.——A few words on school boards by Mr. Gladstone at Hawarden, and a speech by him at the Welsh National Eisteddfod, have been the only Ministerial utterances this week.——The fête Napoleon was celebrated at Chislehurst on August 15th. The Prince made a short speech, declaring his devotion to the principle "Everything for the people and by the people."——The statement that 317 French deputies supported the Fusion is denied; 183 is said to be the number. The entire failure of the Fusion is rumored, on the question of the flag.——M. Thiers has been received at Mulhouse and Belmont with enthusiasm, and shouts of "Long live Thiers, the deliverer of France."——The Vienna Exhibition prizes were distributed without much ceremony on August 18th.——Passports between Germany and Italy are abolished.——The Carlists besieging Bilboa have, by firing on French and English vessels, brought a British and a French war vessel to look after them.——Proceedings at law are being taken against Isabella, the ex-Queen of Spain, by her consort, to prevent her squandering her fortune in political enterprises and extravagant amusement.——The Cannock Chase Maneuvers are now in full swing.——A medical officer of Guy's Hospital has lost his life in operating upon a poisoned wound. Dr Hicks, whose death was also reported, has recovered.——A bicycle race from London to Brighton and back has been won by Mr. Wood, of Middlesex Club, in eleven hours and five minutes.——The swimming championship has for the third year been won by Johnson, hero of the London Bridge Adventure.——The Exchequer receipts from April 1st to August 15th amount to £25,735,966 against £26,170,180 last year.——The Bank rate of discount was unexpectedly reduced on August 21st from 3½ to 3 per cent.——A fire destroyed five blocks of Chicago on Wednesday.——SPAIN.—In the Cortes the debate on the suspension of the sittings was opened on Wednesday. The minority urged that no recess be taken until the new Constitution had been considered. The police have seized a Carlist newspaper in the capital.——LONDON.—The steamer leaving this week for New York takes a number of delegates for the World's Evangelical Conference to be held in that city. A Belgian firm has contracted for 2,500 pounds of Walworth iron. The Earl of Hardwick died on Thursday, aged 70.——PARIS.—The number of deaths by cholera, in this city, from the 9th to the 14th inst., is reported to be twenty-one.——MADRID. The bombardment of Carthagena, by the Government forces, was begun on Monday, and a heavy fire from the batteries besieging have been kept up ever since. The guns of the Insurgents reply at intervals, but without effect. The damage to the town is not known. The loss of life must be heavy. The Insurgent frigates have again sailed, this time to collect provisions.——VIENNA.—The King of Italy arrived here on Wednesday, and was most cordially received by the Emperor.——HAVANA.—A meeting was held here on the 15th inst. to take into consideration various propositions for the abolition of slavery. It is reported that the planters want to adopt ex-Minister Moret's sixty-year emancipation law.——BROWNSVILLE.—There is a rumor that General Rocha, Commander-in-chief of the Mexican Army, is getting up a revolution on his own account. Rocha has the reputation of being the fighting man in the Mexican Army, and the rebels will have plenty of followers. He is now at Zacatecas, in command of a large force, and is said to be in sympathy with the malcontents of Saltillo and Monterey.——LONDON. The walls of a building in the town of Stonehouse, Devonshire, which had been recently burned, fell on the morning of the 17th, killing eight persons and injuring several others. Dispatches from Australia report a great fire in Auckland, New Zealand, by which fifty-eight buildings were destroyed. The loss is estimated at £240,000.

PERSONAL JOURNALISM.

A bombastic generation chants the march of improvement, and its chief refrain is, freedom of the press. As a rule, the *News Letter* inclines rather to gay than grave, to lively than severe. Yet there are times when serious evils move us to wrath, and our seal of disapproval is set just now upon that ulcer in the side of progress—personal journalism. We do not realize how insidious and certain have been the works of this rampant intruder, until we learn from a glance at circulation lists, that those papers are considered jejune and unreadable which are too respectable to bristle with sensational points gleaned from the privacy of family circles and inner lives. Time was when a man's home was his castle, but now, they who would be ignominiously ejected from the drawing room, penetrate to the closet, where hangs the family skeleton, open wide the doors that all the world may see, and rattle the bones that all the world may hear. Time was, when such stories appearing, names were disguised in accommodating blanks, or at most in unoffending initials. Now they are given uncompromisingly complete. The man of acute feeling who shrinks sensitively into privacy awakes to find his name in huge capitals, his doings in long paragraphs, and himself the theme of every breakfast table. Youthful indiscretions are dug from under the kindly drifts of accumulated years, polished by practiced hands, and held to the searching light of publicity that friends and family may be dazed with their unwelcome glitter. Stories that had best be forgotten, or at least unrecorded, are given with enlargements and additions for a greedy public to swallow, knowing well that every detail has been gathered in the sloughs of disgraceful weakness. A black sheep in an honorable family is their favorite prey. The prayers of a father, the tears of a mother, the grief of shame-bowed sisters they disregard. A flashy heading, a sensational column, an extra sale or two must be considered before all the grief and shame, and the higher the social altitude and the more respectable the surroundings the greater their stock in trade. Many a girl whose feet might have been timely stayed in the downward path, has been moved to recklessness and defiance through the rash publicity of personal journalism. Many a young man who would have repented and expiated a first fault, has been moved to further sinning in the same way. It is said that we live in a fast age, when energies and enthusiasms die early, and that stimulants alone will revivify them. Let the sated appetites of the reading public be regaled with tales of dangers by flood and field, of murders most foul, of wars and fires, and disasters by sea and shore. Let the men who have willingly placed themselves before the public, and their names at the point of the journalist's pen, be written about and joked about, criticised and laughed over, but let the sensational marauders be displaced from the family hearthstone, upon which they have taken their uninvited stand. Personal journalism should be frowned upon, discouraged, unpatronized. It is every man's duty; for no man knows when it may attack himself or his family. Like a boil, it is unexpected in its attack and irritating beyond endurance; like an ulcer, its discharge is continuous and vile; like a leech, it fastens itself, and may not be displaced until it is gorged, and, like a leech, too, it can vomit forth its horrible meal at will, and return with fresh unction to batten upon its familiar food.

STOCK.

There are not many words susceptible of more varied significations than that at the head of this notice. In old days it was chiefly applied to farms and graziers, or people said that so-and-so came of a good stock, and there were stiff stocks that soldiers wore to make them upright, and garden stocks that smell so sweet, and Delaware has its public stocks for the legs of sinners, and we have mining stocks, and heaven knows how many wild cat or other money making or losing contrivances; but for the stock of stocks, the cynosure of all eyes, feminine or masculine, commend us to the present stock of the White House. Their Fall stock, to wit, which is more varied, more beautiful, chosen with more taste, and sold cheaper than ever. This house has its eyes all over the world, and when it sees the right thing it is bound to be forwarded to the White House.

The propeller Ajax has been sent to Portland to bring down a press of freight that is accumulating in Oregon. It is currently reported here that a shrewd operator here in breadstuffs has chartered all the freight room down on the Oregon steamers for some time to come, hoping thereby to expedite the delivery of his wheat and flour to exporters.

Vol. 3. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR SEPT., 1873, No. 6.
IS NOW OUT AND READY FOR DELIVERY.
Containing 128 Pages of Interesting Reading Matter, and Valuable Information.
PRICE, - - - 25 CENTS.
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The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, SEPT. 20, 1873. No. 34.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California Chinа Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. P. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—875@890—SILVER BARS—2¼@2½ discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 88¾@89. Mexican Dollars, 6@6c., new; 5¾c., old. Trade Dollar, 2¾c. prem.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6¾@7 per cent. prem. for Gold; Currency, 111 per cent. On London. Bankers 49½@49¾; Commercial 50¼@50¾; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams ¾@1.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, Sept. 19, at 3 P.M., 111¾. Latest price of Sterling, 108¾@108¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO..........Sept. 19, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.
U S Bonds, 5-20s '65-7-8 ...	101⅛	101⅜	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	124	125
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1864	101	102	Oak and Ins	106	107
U S Bonds 5-20s 1862	101	102	Spring Valley Water Co	85	86
Legal Ten ler Notes	89	89¼	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	[illegible]
California State Bonds, 7s '57	101	—	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S F City Bonds, 6s, 1858	[illegible]	[illegible]	N B and Mission R. R. Co	50	53½
S F City and Co Bonds 6s, '58	90	93	Front St. M and O. R. R Co.	18	15
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	100		Fireman's Fund Insurance Co	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds........	20	22½	Merchant's Mutual M Ins. Co	65	70
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co......	85	86
Yuba County Bonds, 8s........	82	86	Union Insurance Co	90	93
Santa Clara Bonds, s	90	95	Pacific Bank	[illegible]	[illegible]
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	—	The Bank of California	[illegible]	[illegible]
San Francisco Gas Light Co.	[illegible]	79	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

"PANIC IN WALL STREET."

This is the purport of the news from New York to-day on 'Change, announcing the failures of Jay Cooke & Co., Fisk & Hatch, and others of the gold ring. Well, what effect is this news to have on California credits! Answer, none whatever. Why not? Simply because California is the creditor State of the whole Union. Had this panic in Wall street occurred a year ago, the effect would have been just the reverse of this, for then California was a debtor to the East. This, then, brings up the Wheat question. A year ago the Liverpool quotation for Wheat was precisely what it now is, and our price then was $1 60 a $1 65 against the present rate of $2 30 a $2 35. Freights a year ago to Liverpool, £4 17s 6d., against £1 5s for to-day's rate. One reason why Wheat ruled so low a year ago was the great and universal scarcity of money. Farmers a year ago were sadly in debt, no credit, and they could not borrow money on their Wheat. Now the reverse is the case—money is superabundant, no trouble to borrow money on Grain, and at reasonable prices; besides, a year ago crops in France, in England and the Continent were good, but now all are short, and must look to America for heavy supplies of Wheat and Flour. This they must and will have at all cost, and although to-day a Liverpool Wheat quotation is down a penny, yet that is nothing to disturb us. It is simply the effect of a *bear* movement to allow of stocking up preparatory to another and still greater rise in the value of Breadstuff. The highest press telegram yet received is 13s. 5d.; Beerbohm's telegram, 13s. 9d. We, however, look for higher rates before the close of the year.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, Sept. 19th, 1873.—Gold opened at 111¾; 11 A. M. at 112¾; 3 P. M. at 111¾. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 113¾; 1867, 115¾. Sterling Exchange, 108¾@109¾. Pacific Mail, 33. Quicksilver Mining Company, 34. Wheat, $1 70@$1 90 quiet. Pork, 17¾, dull. Cotton, 20¾. Hides, dry, 21¾@25, green, 11, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 50@$1 53, fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 68@——; Whale, quiet, 58@65c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 60@74c. Wool—Spring, fine, 21@24c.; Burry, 18@23c.; Pulled, 30@55c. Fall Clips, 16@28c.; Burry, 15@19c. LONDON, Sept. 19.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 11d@13s. 1d. Club, 13s. 3d@13s. 4d. United States Bonds, 91¾. Consols, 92¾@92¾; ac., 92¾.

Californians registered at the office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, August 29, 1873: Mrs. Theodore Payne, Warren Payne, Theodore Payne, F. D. Taylor, E. F. Northam, R. J. Tiffany, Dr. Holland, Mrs. Ross, Miss Ross, Hon. C. Hillyert and family, Mrs. Chas. Crocker and family, C. F. Crocker, George Crocker, Mrs. Major Hensley and family, Charles Hensley, Mrs Hopkins, Joseph Gruss, Theodore Boyle, William M. Lent and family, Mrs. C. Ross and family, Mrs A. L. Barnes, Captain Levi Stevens and wife, Miss Kittie Stevens, Miss Dollie Stevens, J. M. English and wife, Miss L. Hawkins, L. Sachs and family, Mrs. John B. Le Gay.

San Franciscans Abroad.—PARIS: Theodore Bogle and Mrs. Bogle, 6 Rue Balzac; D. Casey, 1 Rue Luxembourg; Mrs John B. Leffay, 20 Rue Malesherbes; Mrs. L. Sachs and sons, 5 Rue Lafayette: W. C. Talbot and the Misses Talbot, Hotel Splendide; Miss J. G. Kercheval, Hotel Chatham; Mrs. R. G. Makin, 8 Rue de la Bienfaisance; Captain and Mrs. Stephens, 13 Rue de Surene; R. J. Tiffany, Hotel de l'Athénée; W. H. Hood (of Sonoma) left for London. LUCERNE: —Horace Hawes, Lloyd Tevis and Mrs. Tevis.—*American Register*.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

THE PANIC.

It is as true in political economy as in theology, that men must reap as they sow. The seed sown by the communistic demagogues who have been howling against "monopolies" and "aggregated capital" is now beginning to spring up in a harvest of financial trouble and embarrassment. Politicians and newspapers have been howling so persistently against railroads that the foolish people are now almost ripe for aggression against the rights of property. Railroad securities have been affected by this political crusade; confidence is destroyed; bonds fall in the market; Jay Cooke & Co. suspend; there is a panic in Wall street. Will it end there? We trust it may not reach us, but if it should, we shall know whom to hold responsible for all the distress and ruin that may result.

The Guide proprietors have been sued by Messrs. Goodall, Nelson and Perkins for $5,000 damages, for advertising their steamers *Constantine* and *Ventura* in such a manner as to mislead shippers, who, wishing to ship goods to Santa Barbara, and looking at the *Guide* for information concerning the movements of steamers, would find no mention made of their taking freight for the above port, and as a consequence would ship by vessels of a rival line. [No doubt our sensible and business friends of the *Guide* will arrange this little difficulty, and fix it so that parties in interest will be for the future friendly and pleasant.—ED. N. L.]

The ship Three Brothers, formerly steamship *Vanderbilt*, is now receiving her spars and finishing touches at Market-street wharf, and has already received on board of her cargo some 17,000 sacks of wheat. Jabez Howes, Esq., of the firm of George Howes & Co., the managing owners, will take passage in her, and is now having some alterations made in the cabin for his personal comfort. We bespeak for him a pleasant voyage and a recovery of his health.

A magnificent illuminated copy of Buddah's works (says the *Indian Mirror*) is being executed for a Mongol Prince in the language of Thibet. The whole consists of the usual 180 volumes, 80 of which are completed, printed in letters of gold, and bound in embroidered silk with silver clasp. For this the copyist is to receive £25,000. There are but very few copies of these works in existence.

Incorporated Yesterday.—The California Oleamargarine Manufacturing Company, for manufacturing oleamargarine from fat, extracting its product, etc. Capital, $300,000; 3,000 shares at $100 each. Trustees—West Evans, Vernon Seaman, Frank A. Davis, C. T. Wheeler, Charles Miller, Charles G. Athearn.

The British ship Cairnsmore, Captain James R. Kewley, arrived on Friday from Hongkong with a China cargo to Macondray & Co. She is already chartered to load Wheat for Liverpool, and from her previous record we may expect one of the best passages ever made to Liverpool from this port.

A telegram from Paris says the Rev. Isaac Goddard, curate of the Catholic Chapel at Chislehurst, has received a special blessing from the Pope, transmitted through Cardinal Bonaparte, for the sermon he preached on the day of the *fête* Napoleon.

To Correspondents.—A letter from "Silk Springs," near Gilroy, is unavoidably crowded out this week, but will appear in our next issue. CHARITY—Your lines are in the office, and will remain there till you call. We never return manuscript unless called for.

It is most gratifying to state that neither our local or provincial Banking Houses have been in the slightest degree affected by the failure of Jay Cooke & Co. In fact, California, as heretofore, is the safety-valve of the United States. Gold is its basis.

H. B. M.'s ship Tenedos, Captain Kay, commanding, left Esquimault on the 18th inst., for San Francisco, having Vice-Admiral Hillyar and staff on board. The Admiral is en route for England.

For Honolulu.—It was stated on change to-day that the Pacific Mail Company were preparing the steamship *Pacific* to sail for Honolulu, with Government mails, on the 24th instant; that either she or the *Mohongo* would be sure to go.

£3 5s. to Liverpool direct.—This is the rate of freight paid for two grain ships to-day—the ships *Eric the Red* and *St. Marks*—both chartered at same rate. Both came here in ballast, the former from Ireland, and the latter from Callao.

From Hongkong.—The *Cairnsmore* arrived yesterday with 40,000 bags rice, 125 bags pepper, and assorted merchandise, to Macondray & Co.

The Latest Novelties of the day in Gent's Furnishing Goods to be had at Bullock and Jones, 421 Montgomery street.

The schooner Caroline, from the Ochotsk Sea, has arrived with a valuable cargo of seal and otter skins.

H. M. S. Tenedos, with the newly appointed Admiral of the Pacific, is daily expected here from Vancouver Island.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

THE NIGHT-SONG.

Known only, only to God,
And the light, and the stars, and me,
Perfect joy and song,
So the little rock-bound flower
Tilts waterward from free,
And as an unpolluted song,
Filth air and sunshine
Of Love and of Melody,
With the [illegible] nests,
And the wide [illegible] nests,

Known only, only to me,
And the night, and the stars, and God,
Sung from a human breast,
Of a land of perfect delights,
Which the [illegible] trod,
Lakes from [illegible] expressed
From passionate fruits that glowed
Mid the boughs of the Eden lost,
Like an wash'd in and fresh,
Some wild with dreams and regrets,
While the world in sleep forgets.

Known only, only to God,
And the night, and the stars, and me,
The [illegible] of song,
Faring for guidance and hope,
With other stars wandering their ways,
Immortal [illegible]
Dropping from [illegible] song
Where the [illegible] and the brain
Of [illegible] and [illegible]
Love-star that rises and sets
With the world in a deep forgets.

Known only, only to me,
Known only, only to me,
And God and the stars, and night,
Dove that darts from ark,
Murmuring of a lost flood lost,
Of light beyond all sight,
Voice that cleaveth dark,
Sounds of earth growing heaven,
Of distant lands that blow,
Though they may in leaves
And blessing, pay love's old debts,
While the world in sleep forgets

NO HOME COMPLETE WITHOUT IT

I was one morning turning over the leaves of my newspaper, when my eye fell on an advertisement headed "No Home Complete With out It." To see was to read, and I found that the advertisement referred to an "Every Back Scratcher" described as "the lady's and gentleman's universal companion, a comfort in sickness, a solace in solitude," and all the rest of it. The "Back Scratcher," it appeared, was a long, handled instrument, carved at one extremity in the shape of a hand with the fingers bent, and the purpose was to enable the public to reach the small backs without the help of their friends. This, then, was needed to complete a home! I relinquished the notion and threw the paper aside, but the advertisement was in my thoughts all day, and that very night, before retiring to rest, I became, for the first time in my life, sensible of the want of the article in question. Next morning I wrote to that advertiser and requested him to send me one of his home-compelling instruments by return of post. It came, and with it a printed card of the man's stock. From the receipt of that fatal box a dateless revolution in my life. I who had believed myself to be without one want, now found desires invented for me by hundreds. I tried to recall them into his original, but in the end I gave every anti-concern to there was the disquieting phrase, "No Home Complete Without It," and the current complaint was upon me. My home seemed as naked as if it had been the scene of a cyclone! Where was the key of my trunk, so that I might "Patent Magnetic Fresh, indispensable for preventing the growth of the hair? What was my wardrobe without the "Indian rubber Tooth-brush," which the catalogue asserted me was "the great dry dentifrice," and which to remove at pleasure "Not less than one, would be a blemish of the approved, after a month's trial?" For all the years I had used scissors I had been tempting Providence only by not providing myself with a "patent pair of shears with a spring, and at this very moment, if my carelessness were rewarded with a cut, how could I heal that cut without the "Patent India-rubber Finger-stall—entered at Stationers' Hall?" I had some sticking plaster by me, it is true, but it lay in a drawer, and where was the "superior Morocco Gilt Sectional Plaster Case," which alone formed its appropriate receptacle? What was I with out the "Gent's Useful Companion," "a hold a moustache comb but on look, it is true, man, the whisker tweezers, a half-a-dozen other things that a man might naturally stand in need of at any moment of the day?

The prospect in my mind was equally gloomy. A sword-stick! Why the bare idea of it might be said to be enough to drive my old so long as I neglected to prevent a repetition of supply me with an "Anti Parasols Pen Holder and Pocket Pen Wiper of the world's glass and so on and so." With this perhaps I might write nearly, though I should hardly hope to write in comfort with it. "A Hydrophobic Inkstand, frank drawer slip to man at the fold in the different operation of double-lid, own lock." For such a inventing the hope of finding a perfect nitrogen, I felt, but a glance at the back revealed me that I was without "Dodd's sharpener, the great best friend." My very desk stood condemned for want of a "patent quick wed, it must become a "Cylindrical Writing Case" before I could derive any real benefit from its use.

I was sinking in a very melancholy frame of mind, when Martha my housekeeper, called me in to tea. I obeyed her mechanically, but the sight of the well the book flew upon at an instant. "Why, Martha, I exclaimed, which, remembered me that I had no proper means of breaking my "Pickle Jar" was in all "Table requisites, page 31, said the inventor, page and I obeyed. "Hitherto," said the cat-gorge, "contains no recent fill, date of the introduction of gas to the table, but it is certain that from a very remote antiquity, if the best modes of man had must have been sensible of the want of a matter I drink off the top of the stirrup. This want is now supplied by the Gas Gutheline on each at our house." This was enough. My returning superior, the more there, and I went to my study in fever's haste to compose a "Pyramid of Pyramids," a theme which I knew I could no longer rest at peace with myself. I wrote, at first from memory, but to guard against the jaws of oblivion, I otherwise ran to my table. The cats eyes from the bedroom to end. It was well that I did so, for I found that by half-an-hour the other merchant had mated it at brilliant, and become had on my table properly adjusted at all. I have a grade to line of [illegible] the east and well not one to the stepped produced my list, and as soon as the articles had been packed up for me, I turned towards the door with a feeling of great relief. But the trade man interposed with the civil courtesy of an old friend to direct a round bottle in to inspect some [illegible] specialties that were not in the catalogue. I was in the hands, and, in the ability of an ass, I be compelled unable to say, owing to a hard [illegible] against the injury [illegible] of damp in earth square. Before I rose, I felt myself sufficiently to ask I informed on the subject, he had plunged into a lecture on the advantages of shedding peas by machinery, and pay by agent by pressing them on a kind of revolving plat. I bought the two contrivances for the sake of peace. He then fetched a handle of another instrument with great facility, asking me the whole, will many apologies, if my teeth were in perfectly good condition. I told him rather testily that they were strong enough to serve my purpose. "Because, sir," he went on, "this little invention, sir, was the Masticator, or Indicator of Age and Test Companion, is available, sir, to all persons who are over ten! It ascertains unnecessary clerical [illegible] A pity, he continued, pointing to a wooden [illegible] "is a good hard piece of Cork the grinder, and the food is at once ready for [illegible]." "What!" I exclaimed, with a start of horror at the idea, "an Ivory set by mark very!" and I left the illustrated book, as I saw no my encumbrance of "necessaries" would permit.

I hastened home, arranged my purchases in order, and surveyed them with the satisfaction of a man who has at once become rich and wise. At only my [illegible] surroundings were perfect in their completeness. I called my servant. I ordered a dinner to the preparation of which nice wind be compelled to use all the culinary inventions. I showed her the "patent Mortar and Pestle" and the "Ice Error" started by a ray of Truth. I invited her to try under the use of the "patent Mortar." She said she would rather die first. I knew I was in the wrong. The other proposed a scream. I saved the other from an [illegible] and I [illegible] coffee [illegible] ran from [illegible] I produced the "Patent Mortar" [illegible] I [illegible] was very [illegible] I [illegible] the "Patent Pestle," at which Martha smiled a complacent smile.

In my study after completion, then, I was to be thwarted by this stupid domestic. Never. I handed her the "Ice Hammer" and the "Cork-lined Jug," and the other articles that belonged to her department, with the strict injunction that she was to carry them off the table [illegible] and that these things, or to pack up the boxes at once. She protested [illegible] and I went to my own room. I was not long. But I could not rest on the hospitality of going to bed at once, to give the "New Steel Razor" a trial. Hardly a day at the invent in I [illegible] [illegible] "Patent Gas Gutheline" [illegible] I [illegible] [illegible] Hour [illegible] Day [illegible] I was sensible of no break of cordiality in my reflections, but there was the change. It took rather.

I was standing near the kitchen door watching Martha through the chink as she tried to prepare a curry with the aid of the "Apple-parer." The foolish old creature [illegible] with another, and I felt, was in a state of the greatest mental and material confusion. She took up the "Egg-boiler" and began to decapitate the apples for the pie. The head fell, and with it the handle, [illegible] and ruined by the abstraction of an unusually tough stalk. She brushed off the table with a [illegible] of impatience, and hurried began to fix a hard to I dig go the "Apple-parer," in order to remove the stalk. I tried to rush forward, but my [illegible] refused to serve me. I tried to shout, but could not utter a sound. In another moment the apple incorrigible go the way of the egg-boiler. The wicked old creature raised a laughter demoniac triumph. She [illegible] Mazeppa. She was in [illegible], she was celebrating [illegible] infernal rite. She seized the pestle [illegible] machine, which she carried to the [illegible] transformed into a cocoa-nut, and filled it with coffee berries, which [illegible] like dead [illegible] and [illegible] not [illegible] she formed the pestle I heard a [illegible] and [illegible] that of machinery being worked to pieces which [illegible] wheel. In another instant I experienced a sinking sensation, the wicked old woman had [illegible] to the door and had relieved me by the [illegible] I struck for [illegible], she held on with the tenacity of a bulldog. She swayed to and fro and at last by a supe human effort I tore myself free, and with a great gasp for breath—awoke.

It was the "New straight razor" I had been dreaming. I rose and struck a light. My [illegible] was very red, and there was a sore [illegible] that gave it a roundness of form decidedly more Egyptian than Greek. The first was, perhaps, the parent stage of the beautiful [illegible] process. I laid the "straight razor" aside, but not in anger. The fault lay not in it, in my want of [illegible], but my second sleep was certainly more refreshing than my first. In the morning I gave the magnetic hair-brush a trial. "Apply it smartly to the scalp," said the book of directions. "and continue the operation until the magnetic influence has reached the hidden roots of the hair." I applied it for five minutes, until I felt an intense tingling, which I concluded was the magnetic fluid [illegible] down, and then I left off. In another moment my head was the color of beetroot, and my hair seemed to be on fire. I plunged into cold water, and came out of it covered with [illegible] each separate hair. I waited patiently for the hairs but they seemed to be waiting for me. I thought I would not put quite so much magnetism into the roots next time, and I rat for my hot water.

Martha came in, the coal with a grin which made her aspect hideous in the recent [illegible] to the face of my dream. Something was floating in the jug. It was the cork lining of my latest acquisition.

"I poured the boiling water on 'im," said Martha, "and it all peeled off like."

What could I say? Perhaps the thing was meant to hold cold water only, but I ought to have [illegible]. I went down to breakfast with a heavy heart. Dreaming from the table, I entered my study and took up the "Anti Paralysis" to pen a note. I certainly felt the more cramp in my fingers than would have resulted from the use of a common penholder. The spirit of triumph was clearing. I tried the "Hero-wing Inkstand." It worried, though none of the ingenuity was required to enable a stray fly to find its way into the aperture for ink. Of you missed it you had to wait until it came round again. I [illegible] but condescended to [illegible] and [illegible] to check the excesses of a [illegible] spirit. The Pencil Sharpener' left the pencil wanting in about [illegible] half the point of [illegible] generally required to be sharpened. Matters were [illegible] I [illegible] wanted one thing—a cheerful [illegible] I would gladly try the "Gentleman's Own Tool Chest." I walked to the door.

Martha met me and taken plate in one hand the "New Silver Ice Hammer" in the other. My [illegible] was raised. The [illegible] clock to my feelings was too [illegible] me. I looked for the exclamation which I could not find words to [illegible].

"Just so, sir," said the miserable domestic, holding up a fragment of ice, "and gave one a crack and then a crack off [illegible]."

I recoiled in despair. There was no [illegible] these manifold disappointments and afflictions. Late and Martha were against me. "The Paper Napkin was right; the desire of perfection [illegible] the curse of mankind. I [illegible] into my chair in a [illegible] [illegible] When I [illegible] in [illegible] state he has an instinctive [illegible] [illegible] I [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

COURT CHAT.

The visit of his Royal Highness Prince Arthur to the Danish Court only lasted six days. The Royal Family are spending the Summer at Fredensborg Castle, a huge monotonous construction of the beginning of the eighteenth century, built in the bad Louis XIV. style, with shining white-washed walls, square windows, and an ungainly cupola, but charmingly situated in an extensive park with venerable trees and sombre avenues sloping down to the shores of the romantic Esrom lake. The British Prince almost daily visited Copenhagen, which is distant by rail from Fredensborg some hour and a half, and, in the company of his Royal Highness the Danish Crown Prince, went the round of museums and collections, most conscientiously doing all the lions of the place. One day he stayed in town to dine with Sir Charles Wyke, the British Minister. The gentle and unpretending manners of his Royal Highness won him the good opinion of all who had an opportunity of coming in contact with him, and to the people generally he was the object of sympathetic interest. The visit of the Prince has been mentioned in connection with certain matrimonial projects, but, as far as can be ascertained, nothing has as yet been decided; it is understood, however, that his Royal Highness will soon return with the intention of making a somewhat prolonged stay.

Some two hundred ladies and gentlemen, nearly all French, paid their respects to the Empress Eugénie and the Prince Louis Napoleon at Chiselhurst on August 15th. Divine service was held in the Roman Catholic church, and the Rev. Mr. Goddard preached a sermon (in French), in the course of which he exhorted the young Prince to bear in mind that "without religion there is no throne, nor power, nor grandeur, nor prosperity, nor happiness, possible for any people." After service there was a reception and lunch. The Prince, who was received with cries of "Vive l'Empereur!" made a short speech, in which he said:—I thank you, in the name of the Empress and myself, for having come here to associate your prayers with us, and for not having forgotten the road which you have already followed for some months. I thank also my faithful friends who have sent hither from afar the numerous testimonials of their affection and devotion. As for myself, being an exile and near the tomb of the Emperor, I represent the teachings which he has left me. I find in my paternal heritage the principle of national sovereignty and of the flag which consecrates it. This principle, the foundation of our dynasty, is summed up in this motto, to which I shall always be faithful, "Govern for the people and by the people."

The Shah had a quarrel with the journalists of Vienna. All the old sayings in other parts of Europe were raked up there and given with evident relish For instance, one of the English comic papers represented his Majesty as saying, when invited to the races, "Why should I go there? I know very well already that one horse runs faster than another," and this piece of folly was given as one of the Shah's sayings when refusing to attend the races at Vienna. An attempt was made to conceal these things from his majesty, and when he saw what was being done he insisted upon having all the journals read to him. His appreciation of them was shown at the reception. A distinguished English journalist was presented to him. "Of course," said the Shah after some previous conversation, "of course I have learned something since I came to Europe; and naturally I kno more than I did. I have learned to distinguish things. I know, for instance, that you don't write for German papers," and then he went on to pay a high compliment to the gentleman who wrote for the English journals. Some further remarks were made which might irritate our Vienna *confrères* if repeated, for the Shah took this occasion to retort upon them, and doubtless he will get the editor of the Teheran official journal to reply still more pointedly to them as soon as he gets back to his capital.

Describing the progress of the King and Queen of Sweden and Norway, a correspondent states that there was one incident which occurred at Hamar which is perhaps worth mentioning. While the Royal carriage was driving through the town the crowd was so enormous that it was necessary to go very slowly. Progress at times almost came to a standstill, and such was the pressure that a boy of about twelve years of age was unfortunately knocked down by the horses attached to the carriage, and one of the wheels passed over him. Almost before any one realized that there had been an accident, the King had jumped out, picked the boy up, and carried him into a neighboring house. The Royal physician and a couple of local medical men rendered every assistance, and, having reported that beyond a few bruises there was not much harm done, His Majesty, after giving instructions that the sufferer was to be taken good care of, returned to the carriage and continued his drive.

Dr. G. Schliemann writes that, with the view to preserve the Tower of Ilion, the Temple of Minerva, and other architectural relics of antiquity from destruction, he has—with more ingenuity than piety—spread abroad the report in the plain of Troja that it was in these buildings that the Holy Virgin with the Saviour Child appeared to King Priam. Dr. Schliemann managed to convey an image of the Virgin into the Temple of Minerva, which, according to his account quite sufficed to convince the credulous population of the truth of his statement To make doubly sure, the doctor prevailed upon two priests formally to consecrate the image, after which he considers the venerable building safe. This is how the trick is done, and these are not the only credulous and befooled population.

The Imperial Prince of Germany, who is making a tour through Denmark, was received at Malmoe by the Crown Prince of Denmark, who had arrived a short time previously from Copenhagen. In compliance with an invitation brought by the latter, His Imperial Highness will shortly pay a visit to the Royal family of Denmark at Fredensborg. The King of Denmark has conferred on the Prince Imperial the Order of the Elephant. At a grand Court dinner, given in the Prince's honor, the King proposed the health of His Royal Highness, warmly thanking him for his visit. The Prince, in reply to the toast, proposed the Royal family of Denmark and the restoration of the old friendship between the reigning houses of Denmark and Germany.

The Spectator says it is understood that the Orleanist princes "will no longer be an obstacle to the reconciliation between France and the prince who represents the monarchic tradition." Very good, there is one obstacle got over, and of course Paris, Gambetta, the peasantry, and the Assembly, are mere trifles in comparison. Even the *Times* correspondent, who telegraphs all this solemn nonsense, seems to forget that nations, though they may be disposed of by force or fraud, are not now disposed of by family intrigues. Imagine France recalling the Bourbons because the Comte de Paris graciously says he gives her his permission.

The Czar will leave shortly for a series of military inspections in the south of Russia. His Majesty will subsequently proceed to Livadia, where all the members of the Imperial Family have assembled to receive the Duke of Edinburgh in the course of next month. His Royal Highness will remain at Livadia until October. He will then return for a short time to England, and will arrive in St. Petersburg during the month of December. The nuptials of his Royal Highness with the Grand Duchess Marie will be celebrated in St. Petersburg in January, 1874.

The Comte de Chambord has sent word to the Pilgrimage Committee of Paray-le-Monial that he thinks it best for him not to return to France till after the termination of the political crisis. He feared that his dignity would be compromised by the political manifestations which his presence would call forth, and will not stir a finger to forward his claims to the Throne, relying entirely on the worthiness of his cause, the prayers of the Pope, and the sympathies of French Catholics.

The Comte de Paris has declared that there no longer exists any Orleanist Pretender, but there remains an Orleanist party which is thoroughly decided with regard to the conditions of Monarchical Government, and no less steadfast to the principles which the Monarchy of 1830 put into force. It is believed that this declaration may be regarded as the programme of the Right Center.

Mr. Gladstone will be in attendance on the Queen at Balmoral during the latter part of this month.

There is a rumor that the O'Donoghue, M. P., is to be the new Governor of Ceylon.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL AND WORK FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL AND HALL OF RECORDS.

Office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, August 16th, 1873. — Sealed proposals [illegible] NINETEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER, A. D. 1873 [illegible]

1—BRICK-WORK.—Bricks laid in the wall with Facework extra, and Setting [illegible] Keystones, Capitals, Springing Blocks, Iron Plates, etc., and providing and setting Iron Bonding and Arch and Chimney Bars, etc.

2—STONE AND STONE WORK.—Granite Blocks, Keystones, Capitals, Springing Blocks, Stone Creasing, Internal Granite Columns of Hall of Records, etc., provided and worked.

3—IRON WORK.—Wrought Iron Girders for Second Floor, provided and set.

4—IRON WORK.—Cast Iron Columns, Girders, Lintels, Brackets, etc., for Hall of Records, provided and set.

5—IRON WORK.—Dome of Hall of Records, complete.

All according to specifications, plans and drawings to be furnished by the Board. [illegible] "Printed Forms of Proposal" and accompanied by a bond with two good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to ten per cent. of the total sum of the tender, conditioned for the due entering into the contract of the party to whom it may be awarded. The bids must be indorsed for the material proposed to be furnished, or work to be done, and addressed to the Secretary of the Board. The specifications, plans and drawings can be seen, and all further information obtained, at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposals will be furnished to intending bidders. The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly in "City Hall Warrants," of 75 per cent. of the estimated amounts due, and the remaining 25 per cent. when the contract is completed. The expense of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.

P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. H. McLANE, Board of City Hall Com.

ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary. August 16.

ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).

Successors to J. Seligman & Co.

London Office, No. 3 Angel Court. San Francisco Office, No. 412 California street. Authorized Capital Stock [illegible] Subscribed [illegible] [illegible] Isaac Seligman, Julius Langton [illegible] Managers in San Francisco—Richard G. Sneath, Ignatz Steinhart. The Bank is now prepared to open Accounts, Receive Deposits, make Collections, Buy and Sell Exchange, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world and loan Money on proper securities. The Stock of this Bank being held by leading Bankers and Capitalists of Europe and America, the Bank will have superior facilities in the negotiation of State, Municipal and other securities abroad.

July 5 R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper. Vice-President, [illegible] Cashier, N. K. Masten. Directors [illegible] Peter Donahue [illegible] James [illegible] London Agents [illegible] available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.

DIRECTORS.—L. Gottig, F. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler, Dan. Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers.

GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 201 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building, opposite the Bank of California), San Francisco. Oct 11.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick or frame buildings, stores and dwellings [illegible] in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't; Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in amounts to suit. July 4

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

THE CALIFORNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

No. 512 California street. Guarantee Capital, $300,000. Receives Ordinary and Term Deposits. Interest payable semi-annually. Makes Loans on City and County Real Estate, and other approved securities. President—David Farquharson. Vice-President—Charles Lux. Secretary—D. B. Chisholm. [Sept. 6.

C. L. CRACKBON.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to H. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 8.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris. [March 29.]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 22.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

CITY HALL WARRANTS

Bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 730 Montgomery street. August 1.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,

March 30. 412 Front street, S. F.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; O. Lowe
New Zealand Wellington—Ed Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alianca.
Odessa — Rafalowich & Co; O. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon A. C. Whitcomb, Henry Boyd.
Paris — W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Steiglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stametz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co, Dent & Co; Russell & Co, Augustine Heard & Co. Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co., F. [illegible], W. Birch, Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS

BELGIUM—Consul General—S. Marbach, Grand Hotel. Consul [illegible] N. W. cor. Broadway and Sansome.
CHILI—Consul General—F. Secundo Casanueva, U. S. Court Building [illegible], bet. 524 Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taafe, 20 California street.
[illegible]—Consul—[illegible] Wolf [illegible] F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
GUATEMALA—Consul-General—[illegible] California street.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul—A. C. Dotsenberg, 314 Sacramento
GREECE—Consul—(Vacant.)
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS — Consul — Henry W. Severance, 405 Front.
HONDURAS—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 703 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks [illegible]
MEXICO—[illegible] Manuel Aspiroz, [illegible] California street.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, 410 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—Consul General—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul General—[illegible] Meyer, S. W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—F. de la Fuente y Sabirat, Lick House.
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Bertin [illegible] Lastley, [illegible]
SPAIN—Consul—Camilo Martin, [illegible] California street.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taafe, 20 California.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, [illegible] Battery street.
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—R. [illegible] Washington st.
TURKEY—Consul—[illegible] W. Gibbs, [illegible]
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. Baum, 145 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss American Bank.
AUSTRIAN EMPIRE—Consul—[illegible] Morcke, [illegible] California.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

NURSY-PURSY.

[This poem, written by a child aged only five years and three months, is printed more as a literary curiosity than for any other reason. A kind of tender pathos may be observable here and there, which in a child so young is, at least, surprising:]

Who wore a hideous high-crown'd cap,
Who called me tootsy-wootsy chap,
Yet used my little head to slap?
Dear Nursy-pursy.

Who gazed into my heavy eye,
And said, "A powder we must try;
This horrid child, he lives too high?"
Dear Nursy-pursy.

Who said she'd watch, then meanly slept,
And pinch'd me spiteful when I wept;
And for my pap her stale crusts kept?
Dear Nursy-pursy.

Who, when I yell'd, cried 'Hold your din!'
Or choked me with a drop of gin
(It wasn't spasms, but a pin)!
Dear Nursy-pursy.

Who on my toddlums let me run
Much sooner than she should have done,
Which I've grown up a bandy one?
My Nursy-pursy.

Moral:—Drat her!

TAR, FEATHERS AND DEATH.

The most singular and exciting of a series of "mysterious disappearances" that occured in and about New York during the Fall of 1872 has been recalled by the discovery, at Oyster Bay, L. I., of the remains of Charles G. Kelsey, a young farmer of Huntington, who was tarred and feathered and exhibited around town on the night of November 4th, and never seen afterward. The whole affair was intensely dramatic. Kelsey was deeply enamored of Miss Julia Smith, a young lady of Huntington, and for some time seemed to have enjoyed her favor. But she cast him off, at length, and the cruel rebuff upset him quite. He rushed into poetry, and with the productions of his muse he rushed to the lady and frantically read them to her. His verses were fearfully and wonderfully made, and his hearer must have been so, too, to resist their tremendous pathos and the impassioned eloquence of his delivery. It is certain that she did, however, and evinced her continued aversion to the poet by forbidding him ever to speak to her again.

At this time Mr. Kelsey went into a very unlover-like line of conduct, and precipitated his ruin. He thrust his obnoxious society upon his heart's love, lingering fondly around her house, frequenting her favorite haunts, and—poor, infatuated man—even dared to climb into the window of her chamber in the stilly night, that he might gaze upon her innocent slumbers. She had patiently endured his less aggressive attentions, but this last act was too rude and indelicate to be pardoned. She informed Mr. Royal Sammis, a young man who had succeeded the unhappy Kelsey in her affections, and he was appropriately enraged. Invoking the aid of a few trusty companions, he seized Kelsey on the night of November 4th, and "by force and arms" did tar and feather him, much against his wishes and the peace and dignity of Long Island. It was a dark and fiendish outrage, made more galling to the victim by the fact that his former mistress witnessed his complete degradation, for his relentless captors bore him to her back-yard and invited her to witness the edifying spectacle of a man clad only in borrowed plumage.

This exhibition was the last public appearance of Charles G. Kelsey as a live man. Whether Sammis and his gang slew him when they were surfeited with torture is unknown, and even judicial inquiry may fail to determine. It is only known that he has never been seen since that night. Appearances indicate that he returned to his room, left his watch—which was covered with tar—tried to wash the offensive substance from his body, and then went out. A bloody shirt was found on the beach, and this with an old boot constituted nearly all the evidence in the case. The most intense excitement prevailed, and several men were at once arrested, among whom were Royal Sammis, Dr. Banks, Claudius B. Prince and several prominent citizens. During the litigation that followed the town took sides on the matter, and a most bitter dissension sprung up. Nothing was heard from one end of the village to the other but animated and often sadly harsh discussions of the Kelsey matter. The church was rent by the partisan quarrel, society was broken up, friends were estranged and discord reigned generally where peace had been. The law was slow and clumsy in the matter. There was endless bickering and haggling over technicalities, and the services of a New York judge was called in before any definite result could be obtained. This was the indictment of the parties named in the warrant on a charge of riot and assault.

Huntington was more quiet after this, but the outrage has furnished a fruitful theme for gossip, and now that Mr. Kelsey's body has been found the excitement grows ten times greater than before. Two fishermen found the remains while out on the bay. There was little that was human left, but the pantaloons, the watch-chain and the presence of tar and feathers adhering still to parts of the body were sufficient to establish its identity. Kelsey's relatives swore most positively that the remains are those of their kinsman. The inquest, begun on Saturday, stands adjourned to Thursday. Meanwhile, the indicted parties will be gathered in to await the verdict. This is difficult, however, for Sammis has gone to Europe, rumor says, and Prince is in Connecticut, crazy. Some of the others are missing.

STATISTICS OF MINING IN VICTORIA, AUSTRALIA, 1872, COMPARED WITH 1871 AND 1863.

In 1871, 924,704 tons of quartz crushed produced an average yield of 10 dwt 11.89 gr per ton, 167,196 tons of quartz tailings, cements, mullock, etc., produced an average of 2 dwt 14.91 gr per ton, and 3,663 tons of pyrites, blanketings, etc., produced an average of 2 oz 11 dwt 4 gr per ton.

In 1872, 951,571 tons of quartz crushed produced an average of 11 dwt 21.61 gr per ton, by 182 tons of quartz tailings, mullock, etc., gave an average of 2 dwt 16.11 gr, and 5,008 tons of pyrites, blanketings, etc., gave an average of 2 oz 14 dwt 10.83 gr, showing an increase in quantity and quality.

In 1863, there were 771,321 alluvial, and 16,073 quartz mines employed, producing an average for alluvial, £59 7s 10d, and for quartz, £123 3s 9d per man.

In 1872, 36,141 alluvial mines produced an average of £65 0s 6d per man, and 16,824 quartz mines produced an average of £150 0s 6d per man.

In 1863, there were employed in alluvial mining, 357 steam engines of 5,999 horse power; in 1872, 379 steam engines of 9,890 horse power; in 1863, quartz mining employed 435 steam engines of 7,907 horse power, and in 1872, 782 of 15,718 horse power.

Value of machinery in the gold fields in 1863, £1,503,453, and in 1872, £2,006,674

Depth of shafts of some of the quartz mines: New N Clunes, 1,019 feet; Clunes Consols, 856 feet; Black Horse, 800 feet; Albion, at Steiglitz, 866 feet; Cullman & Co., at Sandhurst, 700 feet; Newington and Pleasant Creek, 690 feet; the Magdala, 1,200 feet.

Gold produce for 1871, 1,355,477 oz; for 1872, 1,331,377 oz. In 1872, 291 tons, 19 cwt of tin ore, and 92,900 lbs of tin were exported; 1,573 tons of antimony ores were raised, and 1,408 tons of ore and 39 tons 8 cwt of antimony regulus were exported. Value of gold raised from the first discovery to December, 1872, estimated at £168,149,305; value of silver, £5,292; of tin, £232,105; of antimony, £77,237

—*Abridged from the Australasian.*

Direct importation into the United States of Japan tea is lately stimulated by the new tariff which came into operation last July, abolishing the duty on all teas imported direct from the country where they were grown, while a duty of ten per cent. is levied on teas imported through other countries. The total imports of teas into New York from the beginning of January to the 20th of June, 1871, were 36,000,000 pounds, of which 7,500,000 pounds were Japan teas, and during the corresponding period of 1872 there were 8,000,000 pounds of Japan teas out of a total of 37,500,000 pounds imported

Some interesting figures are published in a trade paper relative to the circulation of London newspapers. The *Daily Telegraph* takes the lead, with a daily circulation of 170,000 copies; the *Standard* follows with 140,000; the *Daily News* has 90,000; the *Echo* 80,000, and the *Times* 70,000. The morning and evening papers of London altogether give a sum total daily of 560,000 copies.

RAILROAD CONSOLIDATION.

Pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided—Notice is hereby given that the SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY and the SOUTHERN PACIFIC BRANCH RAILROAD COMPANY, upon the written consent of [illegible] capital stock of each of said corporations, respectively, and by the agreement of the respective Boards of Directors of said corporations, made and entered into in accordance with such [illegible] RAILROAD COMPANY." By order of the Board of Directors of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company. J. L. WILLCUTT, Secretary.

San Francisco, August 12th, 1873. August 30.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of Phillips & Reese, for the transaction of a General Storage Commission business. The warehouse [illegible] PIONEER WAREHOUSE. [illegible] HENRY REESE.

San Francisco, August 27th, 1873. [Aug 30]

B. F. NAPTHALY,

Special Agent New England Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Boston, for San Francisco. Pacific Branch Office: Northeast corner California and Sansome streets. All applications addressed to him will be promptly attended to. Policies in this company are non-forfeitable. Aug. 30.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agri- CULTURAL IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS.

August 16. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. K. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 15.

WANTED,

By a middle aged lady of respectability (a widow) a situation as housekeeper in a small family, or as matron of a hospital or sick nurse. Good references can be given. Has no objection to going into the country. Address MATRON, at this office July 12.

REMOVAL.

John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, has Re- moved to 730 Montgomery street, opposite the Odd Fellows' Building. Always prepared to Negotiate Commercial Paper at the lowest rates. City and County Property bought and sold July 12

BONDS.

City, State and County Bonds, bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 730 Montgomery street. August 2.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.

GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

CAST IRON WATER PIPE,

3 inch, 4 inch, 6 inch. Boiler Tubes, 2, 3 and 4 inch, assorted lengths. GALVANIZED AND BLACK GAS PIPE, all sizes. EGLINTON and No. 1 GLASGOW PIG IRON. SCOTCH STEAM SPLINT COAL, [illegible] best. For sale by C. ADOLPHE LOW & CO

August 2 [illegible] California street.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 614 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete [May 24.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco.

Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Neuve Jouvin, and other makes, Chiffon, etc.

March 30 MURRAY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

CUBLE & CO.

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room No. 18 Stevenson's Building, No. 331 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

No. 20 Wall street, New York.—Exchange on London, Paris, Berlin, Frankfort, Bremen, Vienna. Cable Transfers, Circular Letters, Commercial Credits, on JAY COOKE, McCULLOCH & CO.,

Cable Transfers on Vienna direct. [July 26.] 41 Lombard street, London.

WANTED,

By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife, the management of a respectable Hotel, town or country. First class references. Letters addressed "H. Y.," care of NEWS LETTER, will receive attention. July 5.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free [May 1.] Address J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

JAS. H. HAM.] PETERS & HAM, [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco March 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Davey's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

ITALIAN OPERA.

Another delightful and varied week of Opera. On Sunday *Il Trovatore* to a crowded house, the price of seats being a dollar to all parts. On Monday, *Ernani*. Signora Visconti was, of course, "Elvira," and being in splendid voice, did full justice to the character. Her rendering of "Ernani involami" was perfectly beautiful, and in her duo with "Ernani," as indeed throughout the whole opera, the applause of a very critical and once was frequent and well merited. She and Signor Verati were recalled at the end of the third act. Verati, as "Ernani," sang and acted with his usual accuracy. We consider him one of the most finished tenors we have ever had in California. Mancusi, as the "Emperor Charles," was magnificent, and correct in his costume, and as the action of the opera proceeded, both his singing and acting was excellent and spirited. Signor Di Como made the most of the part of the "Duke," and the whole opera, abounding as it does with beautiful music, gave universal satisfaction. On Wednesday, the ever charming, sparkling *Crispino*, reintroduced Miss Wadsworth to a California audience. This young lady's voice is a pure soprano, very clear, not as yet of great compass, but with study she will attain a high rank in her profession. Her acting, likewise, requires more practice, at the same time she has made considerable improvement, and we could not help remarking that her execution of the more difficult passages was better than that of more easy ones, evidently showing an application and perseverance in her studies. Mancusi is eminently at home in the character of the cobbler, and his singing and acting were as good as they possibly could be. In fact the whole piece depends upon him, and whether he is at home cure ng high sock, or discoursing with "la comare," or prescribing as a doctor, he was equally clever and amusing.

Last night another crowded house was present to hear "Lucia." It was indeed a treat. Donizetti's exquisite music was most faithfully and delicately treated by Signora Visconti and Signor Verati, and as the well known and favorite airs succeeded one another, the applause of the audience was rapturous. Signor Grossi was spirited and animated as "Enrico," but the whole interest of the opera centers itself upon "Lucia" and "Edgardo," and the two performers of those parts well deserved the plaudits of their listeners. There was a thorough understanding and interpretation of the great composer's work and an intensity of feeling, both in singing and acting, that marked the true artist. We understand that the same opera will be repeated on Sunday evening, at popular prices, and that *Crispino* will be played at the matinee this day, also at the uniform rate of one dollar per seat. The company are deservedly having a prosperous and brilliant season. The immense success of *Lucia*, last night, has induced the management to repeat it on Sunday. On Monday, *Il Barbiere*, with Mme. Stales and Brandini, and on Wednesday *Norma*, with two prima donne. *Il Ballo* is likewise underlined.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

Shiels' Opera House.—*Katy, or, The Hot Corn Girl*, was put on the boards Wednesday night. The play turned out to be an insufferably dull affair, and notwithstanding some excellent playing by some of the principal actors it fell as flat as the walls of Jericho. Its purpose was to show the baneful effects of bad whisky, and to point the moral, not one "drunk" only, but a regular Home of Inebriates was called into requisition. "The Hot Corn Girl" was personated by Miss Alberta, a fair example of the child prodigy of the period. In other words, a pert girl who plays the banjo. Pert girls who sit cross-legged on stools near the footlights and strum banjos are cropping up plentifully of late. We own to a slight prejudice against them, especially when they talk slang to the gallery between tunes. Miss Alberta dances pleasingly and may be a very sweet singer, but as a rule her voice is effectually drowned by the uproarious accompaniment. Mr. Edmonds, as "Mr. Sedley," did well, as he always does, his representation of a man wild with drink being very effective. The only strictly temperance man in the crowd was Mr. Charles Allen, who, as the "Missionary," was as sober as Father Matthew himself, and gave a very careful and creditable rendition of his part. We have been accustomed to see ing this gentleman in minor characters, and in assuming a leading role, although laboring under some embarrassment natural to the occasion, Mr. Allen showed himself an artist of decided promise. If a rich powerful voice, modulated with masterly skill, a fair stage presence and well studied action go to make up histrionic talent, this young actor has perhaps a brilliant, certainly a successful future before him. Mr Maybell's buffoonery seems to please some of the audience—*de gustibus, etc.* *Out at Sea* occupied the boards during the rest of the week. It is said that the management contemplate restoring the legitimate drama, and to judge by the array of empty benches, it does not matter how soon. Of late they appear to have been in eager search of facilities for the descent to Avernus.

Alhambra Theater.—Although the Jennie Lee and Susan Galton company have no particular right to call themselves an Opera Bouffe Troupe, they count among their members such talent as enables us to overlook such a matter as the wrong assumption of a title. In the comedy of *Checkmate*, Miss Jennie Lee and John Howson present some really good comic acting. Miss Lee is a pretty soubrette of the *petite* order, and sings as well as she can. Howson's capabilities are known to our readers. *Too Many Cooks* enables the only three members who have voices to show their capabilities, which they do to great advantage. Miss Galton sings as prettily and sweetly as the birds whose warbling she seems so fond of imitating. Mr. Kelleher has a tenor voice, of more sweetness than power, and Mr. Arnold is a baritone of exceedingly fine quality. We would hint to Miss Galton that a too gracious response to repeated encores has sometimes a contrary effect to heightening the appreciation of her voice by a *somewhat* more demonstrative than appreciative audience.

California Theater.—Miss Carlotta Leclercq has once more visited our shores, and has lost none of those attractions which made her such a favorite when here before. Miss Leclercq chose *Pygmalion and Galatea* as her opening piece. It is a play particularly suited to her, as in the statue her splendid figure is shown to great advantage. Her acting throughout was consistent, and in the scene where the statue comes to life her blending of the restraint natural to a piece of animated marble and the graceful action of a beautiful woman, was perfect. Morrison, as "Pygmalion," looked somewhat biblical, but nevertheless played with much truth and animation. Williamson, as usual, overdid "Chrysos," while Mrs. Judah, as "Mrs. C.," was perfection. To-night the *Lady of Lyons*, with Miss Leclercq as "Pauline." This play is said to have been altered by its author, the late Lord Lytton Bulwer expressly for Miss Leclercq.

Miss Fannie Cathcart, a sister of J. F. Cathcart, who, it will be remembered, supported Charles Kean both at home and abroad, arrived from Australia recently and will open at Shiels' Opera House on Monday week in a new piece entitled *The Woman in Red*. Her husband, Mr. Darrell, will follow her in another novelty, *Dark Deeds*. Both are legitimate artists, and their theatrical career in the colonies was a series of triumphs. They expect to remain in the United States for some years.

Woodward's Gardens have a splendid programme for Saturday and Sunday. Besides all the natural, floral and animal attractions, there will be gymnastics by the infant wonder Hortense, dancing by M'lle Gaogain, and athletics by the Bulsley Family. Woodward has also on exhibition the largest rattlesnake ever seen in America.

On account of the many fraudulent attempts to palm off inferior gloves as the real Jouvin's, Veuve Xavier Jouvin & Cie., of Paris and Grenoble, have appointed Murphy, Grant & Co. sole agents for the Pacific Coast, and have declared all gloves sold as Jouvin's to be frauds, unless one of each pair bears their trade-mark "Gants Jouvin, Brevet d'Invention, 1834. Medaille D'or." This is in an oval, with Gants Jouvin in the center, brevet, etc., above, and medaille d'or below.

All the medical men in San Francisco, in fact all over the State, unite in saying that for the invalid, the valetudinarian, and the healthy, there is no drink like "Napa Soda." Agreeable to the palate, and acting as a tonic to the whole system, it cannot be too highly praised. It comes direct from mother earth and is one of the greatest boons Nature has conferred upon California. The agent for this fine mineral water is Col. Jackson, 18½ Geary street.

SPECIAL LETTER FROM HONOLULU.

From Honolulu we have advices of September 6th. The Hawaiians go it strong before the treaty with the United States. The king has been quite unwell, but at last accounts was said to be "a little better." Our attentive correspondent has written us a private letter, from which we glean a few items, thus:

"The news from Austria relative to our sugars have excited our people very much, not [illegible] for dark [illegible] sugars in large while our No. 1 not less than [illegible] in kegs, sold in San Francisco. We and others have sugars stored ever since March, and what we will get after the charges are paid we would not like to say. I am going to do all I can to have our planters make sugar for the refineries, just to sell their sugars that is not to make such No. 1, in that case we could sell here, or be under contract, so we should have nothing more to do with it than deliver there here or at your wharf, and know what we are to get at once. The saving in charges, at even a low price, would make us able to live at least. I go in for this, with or without a treaty. The refiners would then provide for us, and work for us and with us. I have got quite a number of our largest planters to agree to it. Unless we make some arrangement of this kind we shall lose San Francisco. A large lot of sugar has gone to San Francisco lately, from the fact that it was to the interest of the agents to send it there and not the planters, and some parties are likely to lose their agencies for so doing. Of course we like San Francisco, we know the people, we need the freight to load vessels, we need the good will of our friends and return favors. We need the money in your city to purchase English or Eastern exchange. All this may benefit us, and not the planters, and if we have no direct interest in the plantation we may notice it, but the planters do not, and are therefore growing much in favor of going the other way, and unless we get a treaty or make some reciprocity arrangements, they will do it. A large number are out of debt and independent, but they have to do something to keep it so.

A good marine picture by Shedd is on exhibition at Currier & Winter's frame store. It is a view on Long Island Sound. A schooner comes, "head on," before a good stiff breeze. A sloop on the starboard quarter holding her way very well. A high mass of thunder-cloud from the horizon up forms an effective background for craft and canvas. Out of the dim obscurity of the big cloud steals, phantom like, a white, side-wheel steamer, past which some small sailing vessels show their white wings against the murky cloud, which further out the canvas of other craft rises dark against the sunlit ambient sky, beyond the passing storm. A pretty contrast, artistic and effective—Standfield-ish. Altogether, it is a very good study of cloud and marine effect. The same artist is painting some very clever landscapes lately.

The Rev. Wm. Arnott, D. D., from Edinburgh, Scotland, arrived in this city a week since, and preached last Sunday evening for Dr. Scott. Dr. Arnott is a man well advanced in life, yet he retains much of the fire of his youth. He was honored with a full house and an interested audience. The discourse was eminently practical and was well received by his hearers. Dr. Arnott is a delegate to the World's Alliance, to be held in New York during October, and in the interim Dr. A. thought he would improve the time by coming to this coast sight-seeing—visiting Yosemite, Big Trees, etc.

The Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D. D., LL. D., will preach Sunday, at St. John's Presbyterian Church. Services at 11 A. M., 7½ P. M.

PLATT'S NEW MUSIC HALL.—GRAND ITALIAN OPERA,

Under the management of Signor G. Mancusi.—Grand Orchestra. Full and Efficient Chorus. Sig. A. SPADINA, Director of Orchestra. F. F. RITTER, Leader of Orchestra. Saturday Matinee. Ricci's Sparkling Opera of CRISPINO. Matinee Prices—Admission to all parts of the Hall. No extra charge for Reserved Seats. Sunday Evening, Sept. 21st. Donizetti's Grand Opera, LUCIA DI LAMMERMOOR. Sunday Night Prices—One Dollar to all parts of the House. Reserved Seats 25 cents extra. [illegible]. Dress Circle and Orchestra Chairs, $1 50. Parquette, $1. Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra. Private Boxes, $10 and $15. Box Office at the Hall, where seats can be secured, from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Sept. 20.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; B. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, Sept. 20th, 1873, and till further notice. The public verdict, the great show of the city. This week a perfect [illegible] of novelties. The Mysterious Shadow Pantomime [illegible] the wonder of admiring thousands. The Local Extravaganza of TRIPS TO THE MOON continues the great magnet of attraction. Miss Jennie Johnson makes a lovely representative of the female woman an hundred years hence. Ritchie, Kelly, Thompson, Breo and Barton are [illegible]. [illegible] the sketches of "Uncle Eph's Dream." The Topographer and Double Bedded Room. There is a world of fun in each. The performance of the Lewry Brothers is worth the price of admission. Casalm and Fritz are lofty in their tropiant ley will appear every night this week. Casalm and Fritz are lofty in our transient interlude. The rapture commences with thirty minutes with the Male and Female Minstrels. Sept. 20.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Treasurer.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon—Electrified Success of SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE LEE Opera Bouffe, Burlesque and Comedy Troupe. The Sparkling Comedy entitled CHECKMATE, and the Comic Opera [illegible] TOO MANY COOKS. In active preparation—Fichtberg's Comic Opera, THE DOCTOR OF ALCANTARA. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee at 2 o'clock—PYGMALION AND GALATEA. Monday Evening, Sept. 21. First time here of a new Drama in five acts. Sensational power entitled EXILE, in which MISS CARLOTTA LECLERCQ will appear.

WOODWARD'S GARDENS.

Embracing a Marine Aquarium, Museum, Art Gallery, Conservatories, MENAGERIE, SEAL PONDS and AMPHITHEATER. Skating Every Day. Grand Performance and Concert Every Saturday and Sunday. Admission 25 Cents; Children under 15 years 10 cents. August 9.

DISSOLUTION.

The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of WM. B. HOOPER & CO., doing business in San Francisco, Calif., this, and in the Territory of Arizona, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. JNO. S. CALL retiring therefrom. The business will be continued by WM. B. HOOPER and JAMES M. BARNEY, under the same firm name, who will collect all assets and pay all liabilities. WM. B. HOOPER, JAS. M. BARNEY, San Francisco, Sept. 1st, 1873. [Sept. 20.] JNO. S. CALL.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Ajax, D. Bolles, Commander, will leave Folsom-st. wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, Sept. 20th, at 10 o'clock A. M. [Sept. 20.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

Special Notice.—The Steamer MacGregor, will be dispatched for HONGKONG on SATURDAY, Sept. 26th, at 12 o'clock M. Sept. 20. S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

NOTICE.

Shippers to Santa Barbara and other Coast Ports, are requested to take up a paper call "THE GUIDE" for information as to the movements of our vessels. See advertisement in this paper. Sept. 20. GOODALL, NELSON & PERKINS, Corner Clay and East sts.

BUENA VISTA VINICULTURAL SOCIETY,

Office, 409 Battery street, San Francisco.—Vineyards and Cellars, Sonoma. Orders respectfully solicited for WHITE and RED WINES and PURE BRANDY. Special attention is called to their SPARKLING NATIONAL GRAPE, which received Honorable Mention at the Paris Exhibition in 1867. [Sept. 6.]

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 24.]

JOUVIN GLOVES.

None genuine unless one of each pair bears the TRADE MARK of Original Inventor and Patentee, with date of patent, 1834.

Veuve Xavier Jouvin & Cie.,

PARIS & GRENOBLE.

MURPHY, GRANT & CO.,

Sole Agents for Pacific Coast,

San Francisco.

Sept. 20.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	50@	55
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	25@	35
Eggs, ℔ doz.	45	60
Lard, ℔	10@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	3@	4
Lima Beans, ℔	6@	
Tomatoes, ℔	3@	4
Onions, ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ℔	2½@	4
Pumpkins, ℔	2½@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	15
Cucumbers, ℔ doz.	10@	15
Celery, ℔ doz b.	75@1	00
Beets, ℔ doz b.	20@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b.	40	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b.	60	85
Radishes, ℔ doz b.	65	25
Green Peas, ℔	5@	8
String Beans, ℔	5@	8
Apples, ℔	4@	8
Pears, ℔	5@	10
Peaches, ℔	5@	15
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	12½@	25
Do. new, ℔	5@	12
Oranges, ℔ doz.	50@	75
Lemons ℔ 100	@1	50
Limes, ℔ doz.	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Quail, ℔ doz.	@1	50
Turkeys, ℔	20@	25
Geese, ℔ pair	@3	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	1 25@2	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	@	40
Oysters, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Clams, ℔ 100	@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	15@	18
Salmon, fresh, ℔	10@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	15
Rockfish ℔	8@	12
Smelts, ℔	10@	15
Tomcod, ℔	12@	
Sturgeon, ℔	12@	18
Flounders, ℔	25@	
Halibut, ℔	30@	50
Perch, ℔	8@	
Shrimps, ℔	10@	12
Anchovies, ℔	5@	8
Soles, ℔	25@	50

E. S. TIBBEY,

Stock Broker,

No. 6 Leidesdorff St.

Aug 9.

BIZ.

Arrivals from sea are numerous. Tonnage is plentiful and freights lower. Judging from the large fleet of vessels now heading to this coast, we look for cheap freights for the balance of the year. Business in many lines of traffic is quite active, and prices satisfactory. Coffee, spices, etc rule high. In other articles, trade languishes, for instance, British Goods, such as Bags, Coal, Iron, Salt, etc., are hard to sell, owing to excessive imports. It is said we are carrying over 5,000,000 English Grain Sacks for next season. Some say our Grain crop will pan out at much less than was expected early in the season. It is this poor out-turn of Wheat that causes the great depression in freights to the United Kingdom, and has contributed to the late rise in Breadstuffs. The export demand for Flour and Wheat continues, while Barley also sympathizes in the upward movement in price. We have before alluded to the purchase of 2,000 tons of Chevalier Barley for Liverpool. The St. John has been chartered to carry the same at £3 5s. Makin & Hubbock are the shippers of this the first cargo of Barley to the United Kingdom.

The Breadstuff market continues to be the all absorbing question of the day. Wheat arrives freely, and buyers vie with each other in securing all available lots here and in the interior at full prices. Millers and shippers have purchased largely during the week both here and to arrive, say in all the bulk of 150,000 sacks, within the range of $2 10 a $2 35 per cental. The latter price is freely offered for large cargo parcels to arrive within the next thirty days. We know of $2 35 repeatedly offered and refused for 5,000 tons in store. Oregon is also the scene of more or less anxiety to secure both Wheat and Flour for export, large purchases resulting at $6 a $6 50 for Flour, and $2 and upwards for the Wheat. Our market for Flour closes strong at $6 for superfine, up to $7 25 for best brand-dressed extra from the Golden Age and Golden Gate Mills. The ship *City of York* has sailed for Liverpool with a full cargo of Flour, and will soon be followed by others loading with extra Starr Mills at Vallejo, etc. Barley continues strong. The *St. John's*, for Liverpool, will carry 1,500 tons bright Chevalier Barley of superior quality, and will soon be followed with another like cargo. Feed Barley sells readily at $1 50 a $1 55, Brewing, $1 65 a $1 75 for old and new. Chevalier scarce at $1 70 a $1 75 per cental. Corn has advanced to $1 75. Oats, $1 85 a $1 90 per cental.

Dundee Bags by the invoice sold this week at 12c. Coffee continues in request. Last sale at 22c for Central American, now held higher. Coals continue to rule. Australian has been sold as low as $9, perhaps for less, market slack. Cardiff's rule from 14c to 15c, with a good stock of Adamantines. Cordage is in good local supply, and prices favor the buyer, say 15c to 16c. Chemicals command good prices. Caustic Soda is scarce at 10c a 12. Soda Ash, 4¼. Borax, 20c. Fish, Cod, is plentiful at 7½c a 9c. Salmon in cases $2 a $2 50 a $3 per dozen for 1℔, 2½℔, and 3℔ cans, the export demand exceeds the supply. Mackerel are in light stock. Furs and Skins are lower by 15 per cent, on the average, since the last (March) sales in London. Gunny Bags are out of first hands. Malt Liquors are in good supply and prices unchanged. Metals drag heavily, Pig Iron, Bar Iron, etc., in dull sale, at low prices. Molasses is scarce and tending upward for distillation. Nails move off slowly at the late reduction in price. Oils are plentiful, and prices unchanged. Petroleum is cheap. Provisions are in good stock, with no material change in values for any kind of meats. Butter is, however, tending upwards. Pulu sells at 7½@7¾c. Quicksilver is strong, at $1 10. Rice is sluggish. The Sumatra, for Hongkong, carries 800,000 ℔s Japan Rice, at $4 freight per ton. Salt is very plentiful, Liverpool, $18@20 per ton. Soap is steady in value, local supply good. Spirits—California Neutral, 5@10c higher, now $1 15@1 20; J. H. Cutter's celebrated Bourbon Whisky continues to command the market at old rates. Spices are in light stock, Cloves, 25c, Cassia, 25c, Pepper, 21c, Allspice, 15c, Nutmegs, $1 10. Starch is in good supply, at steady agency rates. Sugars are without change, the steamer Costa Rica from Honolulu has 4,000 kegs, and the D. C. Murray half as much more, prices have undergone no change for a month past, with no sales of Hawaiian worthy of note. Refined are steady in value, the Bay refinery seems to be in luck, having secured a very desirable patent right for making their Sugar cheap and good, thus giving it exclusive advantages over all others. Teas move off quietly. Tobacco finds constant sale, at good prices. Wines are unmoved. We see that Gerke is shipping 20 cases Claret to Yokohama, and 100 cases Malaga, etc., to New York.

Among other arrivals during the week is the Austria, 128 days from Liverpool, with 540 tons Coal and general cargo. Clara Bell, 45 days from Yokohama, with a full cargo of Teas, to C. A. Low & Co.; 5800 packages and 200 jars, all to be sold at public auction next week. The St. Mark is from Callao in ballast. The City of Paris, from Ardrossan, has 1151 tons Coal, and this was sold the day previous to her arrival. The Nearchus, from New York, has 2500 boxes Candles and a large cargo of general merchandise to C. L. Taylor & Co. Erle the Red, from Galway, Ireland, is in ballast and free for business. Ship Eaton Hall, 73 days from Newcastle, with 2126 tons coal, to Pacific Mail Company, has an £3 charter to load Wheat to U. K. Fortunately for her charterers, they secured her Wheat cargo months ago, before the rise, say at $1 80@1 85. The Flechero, from Liverpool, has general cargo. Ship Dauntless, from New York, was chartered prior to arrival at £3 5s. The ship St. John came in ballast from Callao, and has accepted a Grain charter to Liverpool at £3 5s. The Oaxaca, from N. S. W., has 1,05 tons Coal. The Commodore, from Sydney, had 1220 tons Coal. The steamship Alaska, from Panama, arrived on the 18th, with a large cargo of merchandise.

Our Breadstuff Exports for the United Kingdom continue upon a grand scale. Up to the 18th inst. the figures stood thus:

	Ctls.	Value.
Totals since July 1st, 1873 ... 48 vessels	1,791,009	$3,2[illegible],240
63 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	1,886,[illegible]	3,1[illegible]
10 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	[illegible]	662,243
30 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	1,013,163	1,860,310
54 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	1,490,330	2,678,663

*17,787 barrels Flour.

Railroad Exports.—We have received from J. C. Stubbs, General Freight Agent C. P. R. R. Co., the following statement of freight forwarded East for the month of August, 1873:

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

Wine, lbs, 387,668; Fish, lbs, 607,971; Tea, lbs, 1,082,966; Leather, lbs, 191,153; Silk, lbs, 87,835; Merchandise, lbs, 91,438; Wool—domestic, lbs, 2,255,061; Skins, lbs, 531,868; Quicksilver, lbs, 23,780; Glue, lbs, 38,600; Borax, lbs, 197,310; Canned Goods, lbs, 161,920; Blankets, lbs, 28,036; Coffee, lbs, 311,811; Horns, lbs, 11,400; Hops, lbs, 7,209; Metal, lbs, 21,[illegible]; Peanuts, lbs, 121,022; Rice, lbs, 160,000; Stock, lbs, 20,000; Wheat, lbs, 20,570; Cotton, lbs, 41,505. Total, 6,922,735.

FROM SAN JOSE.

Merchandise, lbs, 1,835; Clothing, lbs, 800; Leather, lbs, 2,185; Fruit, lbs, 120,600; Quicksilver, lbs, 18,000. Total, 142,680.

FROM STOCKTON.

Wine, lbs, 435; Merchandise, lbs, 1,816; Leather, lbs, 8,961. Total, 11,342.

FROM SACRAMENTO.

Merchandise, lbs, 30,748; Wool—domestic, lbs, 231,855; Wine, lbs, 43 010; Flour, lbs, 30,000; Fruit, lbs, 140,000; Borax, lbs, 4,000; Empty Tanks, lbs, 20,000. Total, 443,243.

FROM MARYSVILLE.

Merchandise, lbs, 2,623; Flour, lbs, 60,000; Fruit, lbs, 20,000; Wine, lbs, 1,825. Total, 84,448. Grand total, 7,651,548.

The ship Carrier Dove has been laid on for New York, to carry miscellaneous cargo.

The ship Sumatra loads for Hongkong in Macondray's line; freight $4 per ton for Rice and Flour.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamer connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily, Sundays excepted, from Front-street Wharf, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 6 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamer, arriving in San Francisco at 11:30 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at 7 P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 42 Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front-st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale, 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 7 P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale 5:30 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 10:30 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office 426 Montgomery street. [May 1.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Sept. 16th—GREAT REPUBLIC .... Capt. Howard.
Oct. 1st—ALASKA .... Capt. Morse.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 4th and 19th of each month for PANAMA and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Sept. 19—NEVADA .... Capt. Austin.
Oct. 4—MONTANA .... Capt. Parker.

All Steamers will call at SAN DIEGO, MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 19th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR HONOLULU.

The steamship COSTA RICA, Capt. Lapidge, will leave at 2 P. M., as follows: Saturday, August 23, Wednesday, Sept. 24.

Returning, will leave Honolulu Sept. 6th; Oct. 6th.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Harloe, Wednesday, Sept. 10; Monday, Sep. 22.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Thursday, Sept. 4, Tuesday, Sept. 16, Saturday, Sep. 27.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT

SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO.

Not takes no freight for San Simeon.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, carrying acids, oils and combustibles—for San Luis Obispo and way ports, Monday, Sept. 15, at 3 P. M. For San Diego and way ports, Tuesday, Sept. 23, at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Sept. 20.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1 25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The waters of the Springs are most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20. GEO. MELLUS, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The A 1 Ship British King, Quine, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [Sept. 13.] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 220 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly—Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and the O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

June 14. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 220 California street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,

Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.

Pacific Coast Agency Depot,

FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

WANTED.

The advertiser, a competent Accountant, desires employment in a mercantile establishment. Please address "W." care of NEWS LETTER. [July 5.]

J. H. JONES & CO.,

Stock Brokers.—Members of San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board. Office—509 California street. Sept. 6.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer. Room No. 36 Montgomery Block. May 31.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4. No. 60, 1 to 15 Merchant street, San Francisco.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE

Altshuler—In this city, September 14th, to the wife of L. Altshuler, a son.
Bryant—In this city, September 11th, to the wife of Richard Bryant, a son.
Cohn—In this city, September 10th, to the wife of A. Cohen, a daughter.
Crawford—In this city, September 13th, to the wife of W. Crawford, a son.
Clifford—In this city, September 11th, to the wife of Robert Clifford, a daughter.
DeWitt—In this city, September 10th, to the wife of J. DeWitt, a daughter.
Eitel—In this city, September 14th, to the wife of Henry Eitel, a daughter.
Krohn—In this city, September 11th, to the wife of J. Krohn, a son.
Newdorffer—In this city, September 14th, to the wife of H. Newdorffer, a daughter.
Tucker—In this city, September 16th, to the wife of Wm. W. Tucker, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Coble-Mahood—In this city, September 15th, H. Coble to Elizabeth Mahood.
Baird-Fisher—In this city, September 15th, J. M. Baird to Sarah J. Fisher.
Friedlander-Kogelmann—In this city, Sept. 14th, H. Friedlander to J. Kogelmann.
Gronholm-Froslman—In this city, Sept. 14th, C. Gronholm to E. Froslman.
Kohnstamm-Neustatter—In this city, Sept. 14th, L. Kohnstamm to I. Neustatter.
Meeker-Stanford—In this city, September 13th, H. Meeker to Jennie Stanford.
Ostroski-Harris—In this city, September 11th, S. Ostroski to Amelia Harris.
Richardson-Stohr—In this city, September 14th, W. Richardson to C. R. Stohr.
Schwaiisacher-Metzger—In this city, Sept. 14th, C. Schwaiisacher to P. Metzger.
Torp-Wright—In this city, September 14th, L. H. Torp to Mrs. Nellie Wright.

TOMB

Bowne—In this city, September 18th, Wm. F. Bowne, aged 76 years.
Hilpert—In this city, September 17th, John H. Hilpert, aged 66 years.
Heiler—In this city, September 14th, Esther Heiler, aged 73 years.
Jackson—In this city, September 17th, Catherine Jackson, aged 36 years.
Pitts—In this city, September 14th, John Pitts, aged 41 years.
Sullivan—In this city, September 15th, James D. Sullivan, aged 41 years.
Townsend—In Oakland, September 16th, Mrs. Chloe S. Townsend, aged 45 years.
Tucker—In this city, September 17th, Joseph Tucker, aged 11 years.
Vance—In this city, September 17th, James Vance, aged 45 years.

LATEST FROM LONDON.—SPECIAL REPORT OF ENGLISH MARKET INTELLIGENCE.

CORN.

London, August 30th, 1873.—The market during the last week has been but thinly attended, as there has been a falling off in the receipts of foreign wheat. There is a disposition to await further orders before entering into heavy transactions, but prices have been just as firm, and are not likely to recede. Last Monday there was a general rise of a shilling a quarter, and a further advance is likely to occur when the next lot of large purchases are made. English Red Wheat stands at 63s to 66s per quarter, White, 64s to 70s, Californian, 67s and 68s. The most noticeable feature is the exceeding scantiness of Barley, which has gone up to unheard of prices, and is in great demand at extreme rates. The last official quotations were 35s to 56s, which is fully 5s per quarter higher than the average of the past five years, but the new has been done at an advance upon those rates. The latest estimate of the French deficit has been given at four hundred millions of francs, [illegible], but their harvest returns are not yet complete, and their estimates are notoriously inaccurate. But this is probably under the mark, so they are formidable competitors with us for the foreign supply.

CATTLE.

It may interest you somewhat to know that our meat supply is still very scanty, and our prices consequently high. Of foreign stock we have this week received 13,547 head against 5,361 in the corresponding week of 1871 (two) years ago. Our own districts do not form up any increased number and our cattle market supply only amounted to 4,240. Prices for prime beasts, oxen, 5s. 10d. to 6s. 4d. per stone of 8 lbs. Sheep, 6s. 4d. to 6s. 6d. Calves, 5s. to 5s. 6d. Lamb, 6s. 8d. to 7s. 8d. Pork, 5s. to 5s. 4d.

HOPS.

Prices dull and little present demand, as the buyers are waiting the arrival of our own crop. Our plantations are looking better, and the hopes of our growers are reviving. Quotations for English vary from 5s. 10d. to 8s. 10d., the lowest figure being that of the Sussex and the highest that of the Farnham (the South Surrey growth). Bavarian, 6s. 6d. to 7s. 7d., French, 4s. to 5s., and American, 3s. to 5s.

IRON.

In spite of the general depression our merchants are hopeful, and business is decidedly improving. During the last fortnight Pig Iron has gone steadily up in price from 100s, at which it stood on Friday, August 15th, to 112s 6d, which was the closing price yesterday. Further advances are hoped for, and as the rise has been gradual are not unlikely to occur. Finished Iron is still dull, and few factories are working more than half time, but no reduction is likely at present. Boiler plates are quoted at £17 per ton.

MINES.

The Last Chance Silver Mining Company of Utah report their weeks earnings (by telegram from their manager, Mr. Maxwell) at £2,240 and The Flagstaff Company of Utah state upon a good authority, that they have earned £5,[illegible]. The prices, however, slightly receded. The closing quotations were: Last Chance, 2¾ to 3. Flagstaff, 5 to 5½. The Emma Mine, in spite of recent good news, has not held its advance, and stands at 3¾ to 4.

RAILWAYS.

Erie shares rose nearly a dollar on the strength of a favorable report, and were in considerable demand, as there has been for some little time a tendency to depress them and the settlement of the fortnightly account made it necessary to take up enough to cover previous operations. The actual rise was ⅝, and the closing price 47⅞ to 48⅛. Other American railways are unchanged, and it is noticeable that no bear operations have recently been successful in this class of securities. On the contrary, all speculators for a fall have lost heavily.

U. S. GOVERNMENT STOCK.

The popular 6 per cent 5-20s keep up their price, and the general tone of the market is in favor of firmness in U. S. securities. The final prices were U. S. 6 per cent. 5-20 bonds, ex 4-6, 93¾ to 93⅝, do 1865 issue 95 to 95⅛. 1867 issue 94⅞ to 95⅛. Showing no real variation during the last fortnight.

A COLONY OF ITALIAN IMMIGRANTS

The political excitement passed, we should return with renewed force to those practical and beneficial works which add to the welfare and prosperity of the State. We therefore heartily indorse the efforts now being made to attract to California a large colony of Italian immigrants, the members of which will devote themselves to agriculture in all its branches. There are already some 21,000 Italian-Americans on the Pacific Coast, 15,000 of whom are in this State. They are among the most industrious of our population, temperate in their habits, and quickly assimilate themselves in the spirit of our institutions. Many of them are skilled in wine-making, silk raising and the production of oil. As successful farmers, ranch and dairy men the new colonists of Marin county are preeminent. We should our reply encourage the immigration of such skilled laborers, and the [illegible] necessary to develop the resources of the State. No less than [illegible] have been sent to New York by [illegible] of the Atlantic seaboard [illegible] to America, and it is well that [illegible] Italian Americans [illegible] Italian Agricultural [illegible]. We hope the present and energetic business men will lend their aid in making this effort a triumphant success.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL BUILDING.

Office of Board of City Hall Commissioners, Corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, [illegible]. Sealed proposals [illegible] New City Hall Building and Hall of Records [illegible] 12 o'clock, noon, of FRIDAY, the [illegible] day of August [illegible] WEDNESDAY [illegible] Wrought Iron Girders. All according to specifications, schedule, plans and drawings, to be furnished by the Board.

No bid will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Form of Proposal," and accompanied by [illegible] in the sum of ten per cent. of the total sum of the tender, conditioned for the due entering into the contract of the party to whom it may be awarded. The bids must be indorsed for the material [illegible].

The specifications, schedule, plans and drawings can be seen and all further information obtained at the office of the Board, where the forms of proposal will be furnished to intending bidders.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly in City Hall Warrants [illegible] per cent [illegible].

P. H. CANAVAN, JOHN H. EASTLAND, CHAS. F. McLANE, Board of City Hall Commissioners.

July 24.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to a decree of the High Court of Chancery made in a cause [illegible] Minerva Hill Silver Mining Company [illegible] the FIRST DAY OF [illegible] WILLIAM [illegible] Minerva Hill Silver Mining Company [illegible] sex, on THURSDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1873, at 12 o'clock, at noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the claims, or to forward his [illegible].

[illegible] J. S. WALKER, Chief Clerk.

ANTHONY [illegible] 25 Threadneedle street, London, E. C., Plaintiff's Solicitor. [August 21.]

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill in ALAMEDA VALLEY [illegible] for cash by the Directors [illegible] this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

BARNEY & BROWN.

Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec 24

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO

Capital, $5,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS: In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, [illegible] street. In Boston, Tremont National Bank. In London, Oriental Bank Corporation. The Bank has Agencies at [illegible] and correspondents in all the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange [illegible] the United States. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Locarno, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. Sept. 20.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That Mrs. Bridget Heatley of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, wife of Dennis Heatley, intends to make an application to the County Court of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, on the [illegible] day of [illegible], to be [illegible] a sole trader [illegible] in the City and County of San Francisco.

BRIDGET HEATLEY.

Dated San Francisco, Sept. 9, 1873. [Sept. 13.] M. COONEY, Att'y for Applicant.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low priced Microscope ever made. Exceeding useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money [illegible] the wonders of the microscopic world. [illegible] Other microscopes of no greater power cost $5 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction [illegible] by mail [illegible] receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere.

D. L. STAFFORD & CO., Albion, Michigan.

Oct 26

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed is now open. The house is elegantly fitted up for the Public. For Parties [illegible] Private Dining Rooms [illegible] hotel is called "THE VILLA" [illegible] Epicurean Luncheons, Dinners and Suppers prepared on the shortest notice.

GUIDO MANGELSBERG & CO., Proprietors.

August 2.

T. DOL. D. TUBINO. L. LINGENN

LEON DINGEON & CO, MAISON DOREE,

217 Kearny street, between Bush and Sutter, San Francisco, Cal. DINNERS and PARTIES supplied on superior style on the most reasonable terms. Ornamental Pieces, every description of Ice Cream, Confectionery and Pastry. Sept. 13.

NOTICE.

Mr. William Hatrick (or Haycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or of Hun[illegible] Staffordshire, England. You are hereby informed that your daughter, Mrs. ELIZA [illegible] is now in San Francisco [illegible] address [illegible] the "California Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast," Merchant street, San Francisco. June 21

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Harness [illegible] Blankets [illegible] which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12

C. STALLMAN.] **STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,** [H. BRUGGEMAN, late with J. [illegible]

Merchant Tailors, 520 Montgomery street [illegible]

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 129 Montgomery street. Oct. 23

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London; National Provincial Bank of England, Watkins & Co.; Prescott's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate within; Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China; Payn & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo-Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate within; Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Bank of Asia; Bank, No. 33 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney; Lombard; Barclay, Bevan, Tritton & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane; The Alliance Bank (Limited), in Bartholomew lane; Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 10 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Bank, Company of London, 112 Cannon st.; London and Suburban Bank (Limited); [illegible] of Mauritius (Limited), [illegible] Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; North American Company, No. 1 Moorgate E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 3 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S.; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; Foster, Smith, 7 Cath[illegible] street, [illegible]; [illegible] 21 [illegible] Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Pall Mall; 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st, E. C.; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . President
G. W. SMILEY, Vice-President
B. H. COIT, . . Chairman
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer
F. LAWTON, . . . Secretary

Budd, W. C... 440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 323 Califor'a st.
Fitch, J. R. ...411 California st.
Higgins, W. L. . 403 Cal. st.
Jones, J. H.....500 California st.
Keene, J. R. ...[illegible] Cal. st.
Macina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co. ... 426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. ... [illegible] Cal. st.
Peckham, E. P. ... 411 Cal. st.
Schmiedell, H. ... 403 Cal. st.
Smiley, G. W. ... 414 Cal. st.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed [illegible] Montgomery and Sacramento sts. [illegible]
May 30

GOVERNOR STANFORD'S WORLD BEATER.

At half-past 3 o'clock, says the *Record*, Governor Stanford's bay gelding *Occident* appeared upon the track, to trot for a piece of plate valued at $2,000, which was offered to any horse beating the best time on record in California. It was necessary to make 2:17, as *Goldsmith Maid* trotted in 2:17¼ over the same track on the 29th of September, 1872. The horse looked well, and his driver, George Tennant, appeared [illegible] confident. [illegible] He said he had no doubt the horse could beat 2:17, but he did not know whether he could do it on this occasion or not. He was a little nervous, which was very natural. The horse was loudly cheered as he came up in front of the grand stand. The running horse *Dick* was in his company, and was assigned the duty of following the trotter around the track. The judges were the same as on the other races, and the timers the same, with the addition of C. Green and E. H. Miller, Jr. After a little preliminary scoring the bell was tapped and away went the horse, *Running Dick* being kept about twenty yards behind. *Occident* trotted handsomely to the quarter pole in 34½ seconds and to the half in 1:11, only [illegible] held back and [illegible] He was then given his head and came home [illegible] making the [illegible] remarkable time of 2:16¾, without a skip. The running horse had his nose at the wheel [illegible] he made it appear like a closely contested race, and the wild [illegible] came from the thousands who were looking on.

As soon as the horse passed the score an immense throng of people crowded upon the grand stand [illegible] time board. When it was finally hung out the people gave vent to their joy in loud shouts and cheers. They called for Governor Stanford until he was compelled to go to the front of the stand and acknowledge the compliment by a bow. The Governor was congratulated by many friends and could not conceal his pleasure at the result of the race. He at once went into the judges' stand and presented the plate, valued at $2,000 to the society, with the understanding that it should be put up every year to be competed for by other horses, and given to the horse beating the time just made by Occident. This was announced from the stand, and received by the applause of the people. Many people had an impression that there might be some trick about it, in the time, but after [illegible] no one had any such idea, for he had the five watches of the official timers and several others in the stand. There were about a hundred in the track, and more than half of them had stopped on 2:16¾ and 2:16½, while some were over 2:17.

After the first heat of the next race, *Occident* was brought out again and trotted an Exhibition [illegible] amusement of the public. He trotted steadily to the quarter pole in 35½ seconds and to the half in 1:09½. He increased his speed on the third quarter, and would have beaten his first time had he not broke when about 30 yards above the distance flag, where an immense crowd of excited humanity were shouting at the top of their lungs. As it was, he came under the line in the exceedingly good time of 2:18¾.

Governor Stanford certainly has reason to be proud of his horse. He has not only beaten the fastest time ever made in this State, but has equaled the fastest time ever made by a trotting horse, that being the time made by Goldsmith Maid at Boston, Massachusetts. George Tennant, the driver of Occident, is a very young man, and has had little experience in driving in races, never having driven but for [illegible] He has been in the employ of E. H. Miller, Jr., and the Governor Stanford for some time, but only commenced handling Occident a few months ago.

HOMEWARD BOUND—FOR SYDNEY.

The British Skipper, when homeward bound, may be considered the prince of the high seas. The wife and family awaiting him, the plum pudding and the succulent roast beef, the greeting of old shipmates and the handshake of jolly tars, the healthy atmosphere of the [illegible] from Bristol, and all the influences that go to make a Briton's heart mellow with the beautiful memories of home and country are the bright stars [illegible] when "homeward bound." Such is the case, and a pleasant and speedy passage to the good ship *[illegible]*, Capt. Watson, bound for Sydney, Australia. This staunch bark sails on Thursday next for her destination, touching at ports in the Navigator and Society Islands, principally Apia in the former and Tahiti in the latter. Capt. Watson has been remarkably fortunate in securing a full cargo for the Islands and in addition will take one first-class passenger, having had to continually refuse several additional [illegible] for want of accommodations. The success has been attended without the aid of agents or middlemen, and speaks well for the "pluck" of Capt. W. The [illegible] reached here last month from the Islands with a large cargo of [illegible], cocoanuts and cotton. Among the specie freight which she takes [illegible] South Sea [illegible] Coral, [illegible] Maid [illegible], destined for our hosts of friends and admirers in the Isles of the South Pacific.

THE SACRAMENTO STATE FAIR.

Our Special Correspondent sends us an interesting article upon the opening of the Fair, but want of space compels us to omit all but the following extract. Our correspondent says: "The display of pianos and organs this year is rather meager, except as regards the Hallet, Davis & Co.'s pianos and George Wood's & Co.'s organs, exhibited by the well-known and enterprising agent, Wm. G. Badger. This agent's own display is greater than that of all the other piano exhibitors combined, and is attracting marked attention from all visitors on account of the great variety of styles of the [illegible] Pianos in fine wood [illegible] for this Fair and specially [illegible] attention [illegible] artists at the [illegible] a display has never been [illegible] Mr. Badger [illegible] organ [illegible] after minute examination [illegible] No instruments have ever made so great a sensation in this city as those sent here by Mr. Badger.

On Wednesday evening last the Ladies' Social and Literary Society, [illegible] in the [illegible] Professor [illegible] Mr. Clark and Frederick Castle, Jr., brought down the house. Mr. J. Maguire sang [illegible] and an encore, but time and space will not permit further reference, except to say, that during the interim, at 9 o'clock, a wedding party was announced at the church door, and the young folks retiring to the church, the bridal party entered, and Rev. Dr. Scott soon tied the hymenial knot.

Major Harry Larkyns, who appeared among us under somewhat disadvantageous circumstances about six months ago, has written a play for Miss Charlotte Thompson called *Lenore, the Beloved; or, The Vessel of a Dream*. Miss Thompson is said to have given $500 for it. We must congratulate Major Larkyns on his success as a playwright if such is the case, for few men are so lucky with their first endeavor. We presume that *Lenore* is not a translation.

The greatest discovery of modern times is the famous X Twiahs X, or Nevada Hair Restorer. It has been tried by thousands and pronounced to be the best preparation for the hair ever made. Its action is mild, effective. It produces a beautiful effect [illegible] the hair. It is remarkably short time. All druggists keep it. Ask for it, and try it.

"My Gal" is the name of a very popular song sung by Billy Manning at the Alhambra [illegible] music by J. [illegible] We have received copies of the above [illegible] They are now publishing the [illegible] of "My Gal," which will be ready in a few days.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Sept. 18, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS.	FRI'Y	NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WEDS.	FRI'Y
Alameda Hill	.	—	—	Justice	7½	7	6¾
Alpha	23	—	22	Kentuck	11½	10½	10¾
Alps	½	—	—	Kentucky	—	—	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—	Knickerbocker	3½	3¾	3¾
American Flag	3¾	3½	—	Kossuth	—	—	—
Arizona & Utah	1¼	—	1½	Louise	—	—	—
Atlantic	—	—	—	Lower Comstock	¼	—	—
Alam	—	—	—	Mahogany	8¾	8	—
American Flat	4¾	5¼	5¾	Mammoth	¾	—	—
Bacon	—	—	—	Meadow Valley	11¾	11¼	—
Baltimore Consolidated	7¼	8¾	7½	Minnesota	16	—	—
Belcher	65	65	66½	Newark	7¾	6¾	—
Belmont	3	1½	—	New York Consolidated	1	—	—
Boston	—	—	—	Noonday	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	6	—	5¼	Occidental	—	—	—
Buckeye	—	—	—	Ophir	40	30	35
Caledonia	31	19¼	19	Orig'l Hidden Treasure	7	7¾	—
Cedar Berg	—	—	—	Overman	8	7½	7½
Central	11½	8½	9	Original Gold Hill	—	3	4½
Charter Oak	—	—	—	Page & Panaca	1	1½	—
Chapman	—	—	—	Pea Vine	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	10	—	—	Phoenix	13	—	—
Chief East Extension	—	—	—	Piute	¾	1¼	—
Chollar	42½	39	40	Poche	4¾	4¾	—
Columbus	—	—	—	Poche West	—	—	—
Confidence	6¾	6½	6¼	P Phoenix	—	—	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	2¼	Raymond & Ely	71	71½	—
Consolidated Virginia	102	101	100	Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Crook & Cooper	—	—	—	Rye Patch	9¾	10¾	—
Crown Point	80	80	80½	Red Jacket	3½	—	—
Central No. 2	—	—	—	Savage	51	48	47
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Seg. Belcher	34	—	35
Daney	1¾	1¼	—	Sierra Nevada	14	11¾	13
Eclipse	3	—	—	Silver Peak	1	—	—
El Dorado	—	½	—	Silver Hill	13½	13½	13½
Empire Mill	4¼	3½	3½	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Empire Idaho	—	—	—	Sterling	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	12½	12¾	—	Succor	—	—	3
Eureka, G. S.	30	—	—	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Exchequer	—	5	—	Silver Chariot	—	—	—
Globe	—	—	¾	South Overman	—	—	—
Golden Chariot	27	25½	—	St. Patrick	—	—	—
Gould & Curry	13	11¾	12	South Comstock	—	—	—
G. H. Quartz	—	2¼	—	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	30	28¼	28¼	Tyler	¾	1	80
Hermes	—	—	—	Union Consolidated	2½	1¾	1¾
Hahn & Hunt	—	½	—	Utah	1¾	—	—
Hayes	1½	1½	—	Washington & Creole	—	2½	—
Ida Elmore	8¾	8¾	—	Washoe	—	—	—
Imperial	5¼	4½	4½	Woodville	1	1	1
Independent	1½	—	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Ingomar	20	¼	—	Yellow Jacket	51½	48	47½
Insurance	—	—	—	Yale Gravel	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—				
Jackson	—	17¾	—				
Julia	1¾		1¾				

When a stock has not been dealt in on any one of the three tabulated days, the last price is given, distinguished thus * † Buyer 30

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.	TEAS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1	$50 00 @ 52 50	Japans	$— 35 @ 75
Castle [illegible]	— 3 @ — 4	Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
Metal Sheathing, ℔	— 24 @ 25	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No. 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 9½
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 8¾ @ — 9½
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ 6¾	Manila	— [illegible] @ — 7¾
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ 10	Crushed American	— 11 @ — 11½
Banca Tin, ℔	— 36 @ — 38	Muscovado	— 7 @ — 8
Quicksilver	1 10 @ — —	Peruvian	— 7 @ — 8
COAL.		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	11 00 @ 11 50	Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 43
Australian	9 00 @ 9 50	Adamantine	— 13 @ — 15
Cumberland	22 00 @ 25 50	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	13 00 @ 14 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ — —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ℔	22 @ 23	Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	25 @ 26	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Manila	— @ 21	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	— — @ 22	Chicken Gunnies, 22×36	— — @ — 20
RICE.		Honey Bags in bales	— — @ — 20
China, No. 1, ℔	— 6¾ @ — 6¾	Burlap bags	— 12 @ 12½
China, No. 2	— 5¾ @ — 5¾	Hessian 40-inch, ℔ yard	— 9½ @ — 10
Hawaiian	— 6½ @ — 7¾	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES.		Wool, ℔	— 12 @ — 25
Champagne, ℔ box	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 6½ @ — 7
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 4 75	Hides	— 19 @ — 19½
Sherry, do. do.	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 ℔s	2 15 @ 2 35
OIL.		Barley	1 45 @ 1 75
Coal and Kerosene	— 32½ @ — 40	Oats	1 75 @ 1 95
		Flour, ℔ 196 ℔s	6 00 @ 7 50

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE. A. M.	CLOSE. P. M.	ARRIVE. A. M.	ARRIVE. P. M.
* Sundays excepted.				
Alameda	6.30			9 00
Antioch, Black Diamond, etc.		1 60		12 00
Benicia and [illegible] P. R. R. Co. steamers		3 15		9 00
Cloverdale and Coast Points		3 15	0 20	
[illegible]		3 40	12 00	
Napa, [illegible] via Vallejo		3 40	12 40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 20			9 00
Oakland	6 30	3 40		1 00
				3 00
Overland	6.20			9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points		1 15		12 30
Sacramento via Vallejo	7 15	3 40		12 30
				4 30
San Rafael	9 1		9 00	
San Jose	7 30	4 10	9 30	6 00
Southern California and Arizona	1 20			6 00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3 40	3 00	9 00
Vallejo and Benicia	7 15	3 40	12 00	9 00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		3 40		5 00
Great Bend, Monday and Thursday		3 40		

Mails thereafter, [illegible] going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6.30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. daily, except Sundays.

N. B. STONE, P. M.

THE FROZEN SOUL, OR HOW ABOUT THE POLARIS?

A weary soul retired,
It left this vale of tears,
It left some little debts behind,
But had no doubts or fears.

It hardly took a minute
To waft that soul to hell,
For Satan had been watching,
He'd heard the passing bell.

Siz! went the soul, it crackled,
Like pigskin does on pork,
As it landed in the fire,
Transfixed upon the fork.

"Damnation!" cried the devil,
"This is the queerest soul
I've ever had the pleasure
Of stirring in my bowl."

For the soul had turned to water,
It never quivered twice;
The Devil feared he'd wasted
His time on a lump of ice. —*Our Mad Contributor.*

CORN AND CATTLE.

[BY OUR FAT CONTRIBUTOR.]

London, Aug. 23, 1873.—My discourse shall be of bread and of beef, although, indeed, sir, I am myself but indifferently interested therein. In regard to the former I may say, that as an old bachelor, I do not share in the anxieties of my friend Jack Multiply, who, being compelled to rise early in the morning to assist Mrs. M. in the arduous task of cutting bread and butter for thirteen healthy brats, winces at every announcement of a rise in the price of the staff of life, and studies the harvest reports with the same avidity that characterizes a young lady's perusal of the latest number of *La Follet*. Two square inches of dry toast with my matutinal coffee and bacon, one small crust with my midday chop and potato, a little bread sauce with my bird at dinner, and a single slice at night, should I desire to indulge in the occasional luxury of a Welsh rarebit, suffice to supply my simple requirements at an average prime cost, I suppose, of a penny a day. The latter commodity certainly enters somewhat more largely into my daily consumption, inasmuch as it is impossible to devise any substitute that will take its place in the manufacture of soups and gravies; but I, like most men in this island, have ceased to consider the roast beef of Old England as the only fitting dish to set before a king.

However, at the call of duty, despite my small personal pleasure in the matter, I sought and found in Mark Lane and in Copenhagen fields the statistics that are likely to interest you, and I can only say that if they lead you to send us a plentiful supply, at a reasonable price, of those staples wherein we are grievously deficient, I shall rejoice on account of my friend Jack and his congeners, to say nothing of a little idea I may entertain as to the probability of a grateful and spontaneous increase upon your part, in the amount of those welcome remittances which follow my exertions on your behalf. I suppose that you could hardly send us meat, although the Australians are doing it to a pretty tune, and I cannot see why you should not go into the trade, for at present prices it would certainly pay you very well. For instance, Australian beef at this moment fetches in our market 41s. 6d. per cwt. and mutton 43s. 6d. at the wharf, and there is every probability of an increase on those rates. Our own stock has reached famine prices, and I am beginning to think that we shall soon have to submit to a sumptuary law in the matter of steak, and realize that unhappy state of things described in the old saying of "One mutton chop and two to eat it." Our present ruling figures are as follows: Beef, six shillings and four pence; mutton, six shillings and six pence; veal, five shillings and six pence; pork, five shillings and four pence, and lamb, seven shillings and two pence per stone of eight pounds, and the consequence is that by the time the retailer has made his profit of 33 per cent., and other little additions for cost of carriage, loss by tainting, and so forth, are counted, the consumer pays a shilling to sixteen pence per pound for inferior joints, and sixteen to twenty pence for prime pieces. In fact even these rates hardly represent the business done, for, as very few beasts arrive, and large retailers must have an ample supply, the competition is fierce and the result costly. Last week our entire English cattle supply in London only numbered 1,640, and the foreign contingent added 2,340 to the total. English and Irish farmers are at last bestirring themselves in the matter, and large breadths of land are being laid down in pasturage to the exclusion of wheat. This movement, which has long been going on in Ireland, is now proceeding with extreme rapidity. There is this year hardly a morsel of land sown with grain in the county of Limerick which used to show a vast area of golden fields, and all over the southern and western country the corn is giving place to the cow. So it is with us in Lancashire and Cheshire, and so it bids fair to be, for our men, hopeless of ever growing bread enough for our population, are doing their best to control the meat supply.

Our harvest is as usual deficient in quantity, but I am happy to say it is of excellent quality. Our new wheat, very little of which has at present come to market, is excessively good, and has never been seen in finer condition. Still the absolute exhaustion of all old stocks, the deficiency in France, and the generally scanty supply of the rest of Europe, are causing us the greatest anxiety, and there is no doubt that we are face to face with a season of scarcity and high prices. The progress of the market shows this beyond all question. Our entire receipts of English wheat during the past week only amount to a little over two thousand quarters. Scotland sends us two hundred quarters, and foreign countries within a fraction of fifty thousand quarters. Of course harvest is not yet finished with us, and in Scotland it has hardly commenced, but the brisk demand and constantly rising prices prove that little reliance is to be placed upon our home supplies. Californian wheat advanced two shillings a quarter on the 18th, and still stands at 63s., the price during last week being 61s. This figure is more than our own ordinary wheat fetch, and is only three shillings per quarter under our highest price, as you will see when I tell you that our Yorkshire grain varies according to quality from 52s. to 66s. per quarter, our fine red wheat stands at 62s., and our very best Kentish at 67s. The price of your grain when compared with other importations is even more conclusive as to its value in our eyes, as the highest figure brought by any other foreign wheat has been 61s. per quarter, and the ordinary run is about 58s. I cannot too strongly impress upon you, provided these prices pay you, as I am very sure they do, that we can take all you can send, for I am sorry to say and the reflection, as I say it, takes the oil of my usual indifference to such matters, that wheat at 60s. per quarter means scarcity in every laboring man's household in England and when the price rises, as it has too often done, much above that figure scarcity becomes want. The entire sales of last week amounted to 25,583 quarters, at an average price of 60s. 3d. During the last four years the average prices in the corresponding week have been respectively—1869, 54s. 1d., 1870, 51s. 7d., 1871, 57s. 10d., 1872, 59s. 1d.

I turn gladly enough to a brighter subject, and am glad to be able to announce what we certainly did not expect, an increasing revenue. The returns just published show that our first five months of the financial year have yielded an increase of a million and three quarters, and although we do not imitate your wonderful celerity in paying off our national debt, we are doing a little in that direction. Last year we paid off less than half a million, this year we have already paid more than two millions, which is an appreciable item even in that vast total. It's an extraordinary proof of the wonderful extent of our transactions with you, that in spite of the three millions damages that we are going to pay you this year, and the amount we are handing over for your grain, there is a daily influx of money from your side of the Atlantic, and we have plenty of gold in the Bank of England. The ways of finance are wonderful, but one might reasonably have expected a drain thereof, at least for a time, while the very contrary is the case at present. You are slightly interested in my last item of news, which is, that the Langham Hotel, the home of Americans in London, is paying remarkably well. The directors declared a dividend of 7½ per cent., which is very fair indeed for such a speculation, and they stated, moreover, that the average expenditure of each guest amounted to the almost nearly four dollars and a half per day. Now, considering that English hotels include in their bills wines, spirits and beer, which do not form part, you tell me, at home, it occurs to me that these charges are not exorbitant when it is remembered that they form a much larger amount of personal attendance than yours do. I have had quite enough to do for to-day and I don't mean to do more, so shall make no further addition to this letter in my present hungry state except to tell you that I am going to table. From Sheffield, and that next week the news of Sheffield and Birmingham will come straight from your faithful correspondent,

ERNEST ROTUNDE.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,

FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies:

Girard, of Philadelphia	$355,000	Penn, of Philadelphia	$350,000
Amazon, of Cincinnati	1,000,000	Kansas, of Leavenworth	253,000
North Missouri, of St. Louis	1,250,000	Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago	250,000
St. Paul, of Minnesota	150,000	National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	1,335,000
Mutual Insurance Association, of New Orleans	1,475,622		

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents.

August 6. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 421 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $75,000. OFFICERS: John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice-President; Charles H. Story, Secretary; N. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary; H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Gregor, John H. Redington, W. W. Dodge, B. M. Hartshorn, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. S. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., J. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, P. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Loewenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. B. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. New York—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.

GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.

CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 228 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner of California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, or also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens. DIRECTORS—W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Reuben S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, W. B. Hooper, O. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. A. Freeman, N. B. Thayer, Jas. Phelan, Charles Main.

C. W. KELLOGG, President.

H. G. HORNER, Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,502,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.

GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.

WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Laper Law.

WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent.

April 21.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,- 750,000, Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,125,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

W. J. HOOPER, Agent,

[Jan 13.] No. 314 California street, San Francisco

The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.

FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,

Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 208 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 18.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed. BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,

Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,

Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento.	J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE.** [D. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 415 Brannan street. Feb 1.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.

Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510-514 Commercial st.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs.) San Francisco. August 2.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES.—W. I.-Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
BADEN-BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande.
WEISBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel de Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Daniell's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST PETERSBURGH.—Hotel Demoth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel, London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST.-LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel. (Tintern Abbey, 5 miles.)
DUBLIN.—The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel.
EDINBURGH.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel.
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager.
OTTAWA.—Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, B. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC.—Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House, Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Fillietto.
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Hanosde Colima, Hotel Santiago.
RIO DE JANEIRO.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—Albion Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phœnix Hotel.
TAHITI.—France Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

A blushing maiden of forty Summers entered the Town Clerk's Office, in Wheeling, West Virginia, recently, and asked, in a voice, trembling with agitation, for a license. The clerk took down the name of the visitor. "Name and address of the other party?" asked the clerk. "Faithful, and he lives with me," replied the fair one. The clerk looked at her for a moment, and blushingly completed the filling of the document, which he handed to the lady. He was astonished at her conduct. She gave one glance at the license, hoarsely whispered "Monster!" and swept majestically out of the office. The clerk had presented her with a marriage license, when it was a dog license she wanted.

The other day I met a friend, we passed the time of day,
And chatted gaily down the street; but ere I went away,
I kindly asked him if he'd take a glass of Gerke wine.
"Yes, that I will," he answered; "and by the Gods its fine."

Domestic Concessions.—"I found it very inconvenient, and a great loss of time," said Chateaubriand, "to dine before seven o'clock. My wife wanted to dine at five o'clock, and insisted upon that hour. After many arguments and many heated discussions we finally compromised upon six o'clock—an hour which was very inconvenient to us both. This is what they call domestic concessions."

Oh, give me Houseworth's photographs,
So life-like and so sweet,
All taken at his gorgeous place,
At 12 Montgomery street.

A Graphic Peroration.—A Scotch minister recently, in discoursing of a certain class of persons who were obnoxious to him, concluded with this singular peroration—"My freens, it is as impossible for a sinner to enter the kingdom o' heaven as for a coo to climb up a tree wi' her tail foremost, and harry a craw's nest; or for a soo to sit on the tap o' a thistle and whistle like a laverock."

"The bees shall lavish, make no store,
And the dove become a ranger,
The falling waters cease to roar,
Before I'll ever change her."

So sang a man who had used one of De la Montanya's Union Ranges for two years. He swears by them, as also does his wife.

The Coroner of Cleveland, O., while sitting on a drowned man the other day, trying to identify him, was informed by one of the jurors that "if the corpse had an impediment in his speech, he should say it was one of his neighbors, named Kelsey." A vigilant search failed to discover any impediment.

"Maxweltons Braes are bonny."	The Mangenberg's are there, too,
So is the Golden Gate Park,	The Villa where they live
And its there that all the *élite*	Of course, you'll stop and try the fare.
Do go for a quiet lark.	The best they always give.

The minister of a rural parish having neglected to pray for rain, was waited upon by a deputation to remonstrate with him on the omission. "Weel-a-weel," he replied, after hearing what they had to say, "I'll pray for to please ye, but the feint a drap ye'll get till the change o' the moon!"

When the earth shall have grown so large that space cannot contain it, when man shall have become so like his Maker that he can fly like an angel, when the *Chronicle* shall grow respectable, the *Call* cease to be loane, and the *Bulletin* shake off its yoke of thraldom, then and only then will we acknowledge that there are better photographers in San Francisco than Bradley & Rulofson, of Montgomery street.

During the recent "season," a little knot of ladies were discussing the subject of marriage. One of the party, a single young lady, said, "Matches are made in heaven." "Very likely," was the quiet rejoinder of a married lady, "and they are often *dipped* in the other place."

My pretty Jane, my dearest Jane,	The spring is waning fast, my love,
Oh, never look so shy,	The summer's hot as h—l,
But come with me, my darling,	So let us get our carpets, love,
And new carpets we will buy.	From old friends Plum & Bell.

A blushing damsel called at the office of a Scotch paper a few days since and inquired for "papers for a week back," and that innocent young publisher's clerk thought she wanted perhaps a sticking plaster, instead of giving her a bundle of papers suitable for a panier.

All hail to the great Cutter,	Thy whisky's soft as butter—
And to thee, friend Hotaling;	It's too good for retailing.

Joseph de Maistre observed that, if he had a choice to make between Madame de Sevigne and her daughter, he would marry the latter, and then travel to receive letters from his mother-in-law.

Native wine has been for a long time pooh-poohed by the ignorant. At last people have found out that if kept the wine is excellent. Our sparkling wines, too, are, when properly made, as by Schleifer & Co., not to be sneezed at. Any one who is at all skeptical on this point should go to Cutting & Co., the Agents, and try it.

A poet says his ancestors have been in the habit of living a hundred years. His opponent responds by saying "that was before the introduction of capital punishment."

My name is Jones, I'm rather a swell, I'm a squat little pursey man,	
Though perhaps in a smallish way,	And my face is wont to shine,
Although, you know, it's hard to tell	I'm happy, I've struck on the plan—
What envious folks may say	Eberhart & Lachman's wine.

The young men of Chicago are said to be classified according to their skill as velocipedists into the "timid toddlers," the "wary warblers," the "go-it-gracefuls," and the "fancy few."

Governor Booth can afford to look down from his pedestal upon the lawyer who has in vain tried to move him from his rock. Felton must have known that he was making a mistake when he or his friends wrote that answer to Booth's letter. Governor Booth is an authority worth quoting, and he says that Main & Winchester's harness is the only good made in the city. We believe he is right.

A sign on a door of a Paris lodging house reads:—"Music Lessons—Piano and Big Drum—from 8 o'clock A. M. to 10 P. M." Pleasant house to live in, we should think, especially for a poet.

Spectacles are hard things to get good, if you don't know the right place to go to. Go to Muller's, on Montgomery street.

A man, describing a church in Aberdeen, writes to a friend. "No velvet cushions in our pews. We don't go in for style. The fattest person has the soft seat."

The Graphic Balloon, the monster of the world, has burst. Professor Wise and the balloon are disconsolate, and are even sitting for their photographs and wrapped in melancholy study, at times exclaiming, In most pathetic accents, "Up in a balloon, boys!" Wise is an old man, and fears that by the time the next is made, he may have paid nature a debt. Donaldson's younger and more hopeful. However, let us not put our trust in balloons, but stop on earth and buy really good furniture from N. P. Cole. It never bursts.

At a public gathering lately one of the gentleman present was called upon for a speech, and this is how he responded:—"Gentlemen and women, I ain't no speecher, more'n twenty years back I came here a poor idiot boy, and now what are I?"

"Well, well," said John to his own little sweetheart Mary, "so you say that the doctor says you are to take tonics to keep your strength up; take my advice and don't take any of his nasty trash." "Then what would you have me take?" asked Mary, blushing at her own audacity in thus daring for a moment to question John. "You come with me every day to the Saddle Rock, on Pine street, and have a plate of oysters, you'll soon be well." Our readers shall know in our next how Mary is progressing.

The Dunbar fishermen entertain the belief that artillery firing frightens the herring off the coast, and on Saturday, by some sharp practice, they effectually prevented the local company from engaging in a competition.

We have often noticed around our streets some of the handsomest buggies we ever saw. Often have we asked where they came from, but not till the other day did we get to know where they were to be had. A friend of ours took us over to Crego & Bowley's large store on California street, a few doors from Montgomery on the right. A finer lot of buggies, harness, robes, etc., we never saw. Their sales on Tuesdays are well worth attending.

A small Aberdeen child being asked by a Sunday school teacher, "What did the Israelites do after they crossed the Red Sea?" answered, "I don't know, ma'am, but perhaps they dried themselves."

"Ah," said a friend of ours, who we were showing round the city, "things have wonderfully altered since I was a boy. Why, those desks that you have just shown me, at Gilbert & Moore's, on Bush street, are the most perfect things I ever saw. Is his office furniture, too, much sought after?" We, of course, told him the truth, viz., that no one with any sense used anyone else's make.

A Search Warrant—A gold-digger's license.

Harry Blanken, as every one knows, lives away out on the San Bruno Road, at the Six Mile House. He keeps good liquors and has always a hearty welcome for his friends.

For Bronchial, Asthmatic and Pulmonary complaints, "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" manifest remarkable curative properties.

JOHN V. PLUME & CO.,

Formerly of Burgoyne & Co., Bankers, 319 California street, San Francisco. Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Government Bonds, Stocks, Commercial Paper, and all other Negotiable Securities, Commercial Paper Cashed, Collections, both Inland and foreign, promptly made through all the United States and Europe, with quick returns. Refers by permission to Messrs. Lloyd Tevis & J. B. Haggin; Hon. Milton S. Latham, Manager London and San Francisco Bank; Hon. Thos. H. Selby, ex-Mayor; John Parrott, Esq.; Julius C. Hastings; Wm. H. Tillinghast, Esq., Manager Bank British Columbia; Gustave Touchard, Esq., President Union Insurance Co. July 26.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States. March 15.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

Mr. John Bensley (President of the Pacific Oil and Lead Works), and MR. L. B. BENCHLEY (Vice-President and Manager of the Pacific Rolling Mills) are admitted partners in our firm. The business will be continued as heretofore, under the same firm name. LINFORTH, KELLOGG & Co.

San Francisco, August 1st, 1873. August 2.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

HOMESTEADS THAT ARE HOMES.

Persons in want of Houses are requested to examine the plans of those now being constructed upon that beautifully situated property on Pacific Heights, on the block bounded by Pacific Avenue, Webster and Jackson streets, commanding the most magnificent view of any location in the city, and accessible by cars, which pass the doors. These Elegant Houses are built in the best manner, and will be sold ON A CREDIT OF SIX YEARS. Plans and specifications at the office of JOHN T. LITTLE, Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. [July 26.

THE "STAR AND GARTER."

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL. The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 400 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.

June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

REMOVAL.

A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his office and warerooms to No.'s 113 and 115 Pine street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over mountainous and difficult roads. June 5.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,

113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,

SAN FRANCISCO. [May 31.

C. MAIN **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Feb 22.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFFMAN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 3.

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

The Celebrated Brand of "Carte Blanche," for sale to the trade in quantities to suit, by MACONDRAY & CO.,

Sept 5. Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO. 112 Front street.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

What France has to Pay for Glory.—It used to be a common saying [illegible] that France was rich enough to pay for her glory, and in these days she little thought of the cost of adversity. Now the attention of the country is drawn to the following items which show what a costly game war sometimes is. The war indemnity is 5,000,000,000 f., the interest on the same for two years [illegible] f., the keep of the German troops [illegible] f., requisitions [illegible] f., value of [illegible] taken with [illegible] 2,417,[illegible] war contribution levied on Paris, [illegible] f. and so on; the account forms a total of 6,[illegible] f. But this enormous sum does not include pensions to the army, the damage done to material, nor the expenses of reorganization, nearly as much again. The average value of a day's work in France is one franc and a quarter, so it is easy to calculate the amount of labor which will be required to repair the folly of a few months of violence and bloodshed.

There was a sham fight at the Curragh on Aug. 15th, in which all the forces now in the camp took part. The enemy, or invading division, were under the command of Gen. Wardlaw, and the home division under Lord [illegible], Major-Gen. Sir Thomas Steele acted as umpire. One division marched from Kildare and the other from Newbridge, and they met nearly in front of the camp. The British force commenced the battle by a general advance, supported by artillery and cavalry. The two forces came within two hundred yards of each other, and both continued to maintain their ground until the umpire decided that the home force should retire. When the order to cease firing was given, the invaders seemed to have the best of it.

A notorious brigand chief, named Manzi, and his band, who for the last four years have infested the Neapolitan province, have been surrounded and captured by a body of Carabineers and police, headed and personally directed by the Prefect of Salerno. The brigands took refuge in a house, and a fierce struggle ensued. Five of them were killed, including, it is stated, the chief, and others wounded. The captain of the Carabineers and two of his men were wounded, and one soldier was killed. The population manifested much joy at the breaking up of this nest of brigands, from which they have been great sufferers.

A forthcoming volume by Chevalier Ernst Bunsen on the "Chronology of the Bible," which is to be issued, I believe, simultaneously, not only on both sides of the Atlantic, but in four of the leading languages of Europe—English, French, German, and Italian—will present some features of extraordinary interest. One of the most startling, and on the whole most novel, of its eccentricities will be the calculation which assigns to Jesus Christ the age of 49 years at the time of his crucifixion, an event which, according to this theory, took place in the year 35 of the common era.

M. Rochefort.—A Paris correspondent writes: "Poor M. de Rochefort is now on his way to his distant home, which he is probably not destined to reach. His demeanor prior to his departure was that of a gentleman in every sense of the word. In his intercourse with the bishop and the other authorities he was courteous and respectful. He could not help pointing to the gangs of coarse ruffians around him, and said, 'I have been waiting [illegible] all my life,' and added, smiling, 'you see, mon [illegible], I have got it at last.'"

An inventor has demonstrated that it is not necessary to groove a rifle-barrel along its whole length in order to get good results in shooting. About four inches at the muzzle are grooved; all the rest is smooth, by which the initial velocity of the bullet is much greater than in a barrel grooved from breech to muzzle, and the flight of the bullet is more direct, or, as shooters say, it has a flatter trajectory. It is found in practice that the few inches of grooving at the muzzle are quite sufficient to set the bullet spinning.

The Colonel Stuart who is mentioned as being confined with Captain Travers in the citadel of San Sebastian, amongst other Englishmen taken by the Spanish authorities from the *Deerhound*, is the son of [illegible], and is an officer of thirty years' service in the Austrian cavalry. Two years ago he communicated a series of interesting sporting papers to the *Field*, the materials of which he had collected during a long period of military duty in Hungary.

The following letter has been addressed to the editor of the *Times*: "Sir: I was this morning a witness to a feat which may possibly be of interest to your readers. Mrs. Elizabeth [illegible], of the age of 110 years, reaped two sheaves of wheat in a field belonging to Mr. John Mead, of Tring, Herts. Her baptismal certificate may be seen at Mr. Tompkins, Ironmonger, Tring.—Your obedient servant, Arthur Loxley.—Norcott Court, Herts, Aug. 14."

On Saturday evening the first anniversary of the Brighton Aquarium was celebrated by a dinner given in the Brighton Pavilion to a distinguished party of guests. It was stated in one of the speeches that during the past year [illegible] persons have visited the Brighton Aquarium [illegible], so that the popularity of this important undertaking is already satisfactorily demonstrated.

A faint idea of the value of house property in London may be gleaned from the following statement: On Saturday, upon a block of handsome offices just erected in Leadenhall street, the ground floor of the back [illegible] simply a room under 30 feet by 40—lets for *one thousand guineas a year*, on a twenty years' lease, and all the other rooms in proportion.

It is stated that during the past month twenty Republican journals have been suppressed in France, [illegible] have had their sale prohibited in the public streets. The Ministry will be questioned on the subject at the next sitting of the Permanent Committee.

Lord Gordon has been captured by a Manitoba detective, and his Lordship is now confined in Winnipeg.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Wednesday, Sept. 10th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland [illegible]), for [illegible] Marysville, Redding and Portland, Or., [illegible], Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) Cal P R.R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo [illegible] Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making [illegible] connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 [illegible] (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Vallejo, [illegible] Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Delano, and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, [illegible] 1:10 and 11:[illegible] P. M. [illegible], 11:30 and [illegible] to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), [illegible] 9:00 and 11:00 A.M., 1:30, 2:40, 4:35, [illegible], 7:35 and 10:10 P.M.

Leave Oakland, [illegible] 10:10, 10:30 and 11.10 A.M., 12:00, 1:40, 2:30, [illegible] 6.20 [illegible]

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, [illegible] and 11.[illegible] A.M., 1:30, 4:[illegible], 5:20 and [illegible] P.M. [illegible] and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only.)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), [illegible], 7:00 and 10:[illegible] A.M., and [illegible] P.M.

Leave Fruit Vale, [illegible], 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:30, 4:05 and 5:30 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. Towne, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—San Francisco		[illegible] a m	*3 20 p m	†4 45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5 10 p m	7 06 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	1 25 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 [illegible] p m		
Salinas	Arrive	2 [illegible] p m		
Soledad	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2 [illegible] p m		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	[illegible] p m		

Trains North		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—Tres Pinos				[illegible] a m
Hollister				11:20 a m
Soledad				[illegible] a m
Salinas				11 [illegible] a m
Castroville				[illegible] a m
Pajaro				[illegible] p m
Gilroy				[illegible] p m
San Jose		†6:00 a m	7:50 a m	[illegible] p m
San Francisco	Arrive	8:30 a m	10:10 a m	[illegible] p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:20 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at [illegible] a m. Returning will leave San Jose at 5:30 p m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.
Through Trains leave San Francisco at [illegible] a m, arrive at San Francisco at 1:00 a m.
Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at [illegible] p m, arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] a m.
A. N. TOWNE, A. C. BASSETT,
General Superintendent. Ass't Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April [illegible], the Steamer [illegible] will leave San Francisco ([illegible] Wharf) at 8:20 and 11 a.m. [illegible] and 6 P.M.; Saucelito at [illegible] and 9:20 a.m. [illegible] On Saturday, from Saucelito, at 7:30 and 11 A.M., [illegible] and [illegible] from San Francisco at 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P.M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible]. SUNDAY TIME—Leave San Francisco [illegible]. Leave Saucelito [illegible].
H. A. COBB, [illegible]
April 12. 227 Montgomery street.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco [illegible] 1:00 p m [illegible] p m. San Rafael [illegible] a m. [illegible]
W. H. TAYLOR, President.
August [illegible] [illegible] & N. Co.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. A. Herbert, Secretary; Wm Harvey, Treasurer. Directors: [illegible] Harvey, H. H. [illegible] J. H. Franke, P. Crowley, H. A. Herbert, [illegible] W. McKenzie, J. C. Langdon, J. T. [illegible] Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent.
Office—421 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 11.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of [illegible] Hacks, [illegible] Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, [illegible] Park [illegible] and [illegible] Carriages, [illegible] superseding the old-fashioned makes and styles both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body [illegible] Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory wood and run without the usual creak and clatter of [illegible] railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete [illegible] United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Bryant and Fourth street cars going [illegible] will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C[illegible] Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 20.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship New-[illegible], A. N. MacDonnough, Master, [illegible] next regular trip on [illegible] from Front street Wharf, [illegible] at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all ports on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly [illegible]. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NOTT [illegible]
March 15. [illegible] Front street

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement. On and after WEDNESDAY, [illegible] the steamer PETALUMA [illegible] ... [illegible] W. H. TAYLOR, President.
Aug 21 [illegible] & N. Co

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their [illegible] virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe [illegible] medicine in removing obstructions and [illegible] the inconveniences to which the female [illegible] ... Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns [illegible] any roughness of the skin. [illegible] J. SANGER [illegible]

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The [illegible] ... cation of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a [illegible] ... or milk. Sold only in tin [illegible] JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homeopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Supplies, [illegible] Helmes, Drysalteries, Drugs, [illegible] Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, [illegible], Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, [illegible] Veterinary Sundries. [illegible] the above forwarded, free of all [illegible] BURGOYNE BURBIDGE [illegible]
July 11

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE

Prepared by John Weir & Son, Aberdeen. [illegible]

S MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, [illegible]

J. C. MERRILL & CO

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A.M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 11. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 413 Front street
March [illegible]

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Building [illegible]
[illegible]—[illegible] Montgomery st.
County [illegible]—City Hall
Probate [illegible]—City Hall
Third District [illegible]—Mechanics' In[illegible]
Fourth District [illegible]—City Hall
Twelfth District [illegible]—City Hall
Fifteenth District [illegible]—713 Montgomery street
Nineteenth District—Dexter's Building [illegible]
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and County Attorney—City Hall
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—[illegible] California street
City [illegible]—County Hospital
[illegible]
Custom House—[illegible] street
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants' Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk [illegible] Supervisors—City Hall
Tax Collector—City Hall
[illegible] of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place
Board of [illegible]—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
[illegible]—City Hall
[illegible]—City Hall
Treasurer—City Hall
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets
Fire Department—23 Kearny [illegible]
[illegible]—City Hall
Industrial [illegible]—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall
Health Office—[illegible] Geary st.
Chief of Police—City Hall
Pound Keeper—Pine street, bet. Pierce and Steiner
Quarantine—21 Jackson st.
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and East.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes [illegible] Netherlands India Steam Navigation [illegible] Austin Friars. Hongkong and China Gas Company, [illegible] Jewry Chambers, [illegible] Walbrook Secretary. Singapore Gas Co., [illegible] Mary Ax. Robert King, Secretary. [illegible] Saw Mills, [illegible] Singapore Patent Slip and Dock [illegible] 21 St. Swithin's Lane. Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mills [illegible] 21 St. Swithin's Lane. [illegible] Co., John Pook, agent, Finsbury square; Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co. agents, Crown court, Philpot Lane; [illegible] J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary; Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co. agents, 3 Lombard st.; Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street; Hongkong Insurance Co., Gladstone [illegible] ... Martin, Manager, Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (limited) of Singapore [illegible] ... Chartered Bank of India, Australia [illegible] ... Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China [illegible] ... Bank of India, R. O. Sawers, Chief Manager, 60 King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending September 13, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, September 8th

Grantor to Grantee	Description.	Price
Silver Ter Hd Assn to L Eppinger	Lots 467 and 468, Silver Terrace Hd	$ 511
Same to same	Lots 476 and 477, Silver Terrace Hd	1,111
Har'n St Hd Ass'n to Susan Boloy	Lot 68, blk 42, Harrison St Hd	[illegible]
Daniel Green to Francis L Green	[illegible] property on w line Noah Ranch	5
Harrison St H'd Ass'n to B Harkin	[illegible] blk 142 Harrison St Hd	[illegible]
Noe Gard Hd Assn to R A Sanford	Lot 2 blk 16 Noe Garden Homestead	[illegible]
Frank M Pixley to John D Fry	Sw cor Pacific and Franklin, 200x127 8¾	16,[illegible]
Donald McDonald to Same	Nw cor Jackson and Franklin, 200x137 6	5
Cornelius Collins to J E Molera	Lot 427 Gift Map 4	1
Benj Richardson to Wm Hal	Se Bryant ne Kate, 25x135	1,[illegible]
Thos McInerney to Chas Esola	E San Jose Road, 75 n Eugenia, 25x100	[illegible]
Martha B Hunt to Willows L Assn	Sundry lots in W[illegible] Land Assn	2,[illegible]
Harrison St Hd Assn to E B Perrin	Lot 13 blk 142 Harrison St Hd	[illegible]
W W Lapham to Marion Hill	S Laidley e Roanoke, 100x100	1,000

Tuesday, September 9th.

Grantor to Grantee	Description.	Price
Agnes Birch to Wm R Sloan	S Russell w Hyde, [illegible]	[illegible]
Patrick Flood to Mathew Smith	[illegible] half of lots 7 and [illegible] blk 11, W E M 2	1 15
F Barrett to David [illegible]	Se Natoma sw 7 h, 25x75	3,750
[illegible] to [illegible] Moxey	Nw cor Fern and Franklin, 120x137 6	[illegible]
P [illegible] to A [illegible]	S Broadway w Dupont, w 17 1, e 60, etc	[illegible]
Alfred [illegible] to Louis Hatfield	S Broadway w Dupont, w 17 2, e 60, etc	5,000
Sebastian E Shaw to R H Cowan	Nw Jersey and Church, [illegible]	1,[illegible]
M O Brien to Geo Ulsh[illegible]	Se 12th Av [illegible]	[illegible]
F L A Pioche to James Collins	Lots 22 and 23, blk 40, City Land Assn	190
Same to Patrick Collins	Lots 12 and 11 blk [illegible], City Land Assn	120
Wm H Hamlen to Henry Phillip	[illegible], Harrison & Hawthorne 112 6x150	5,[illegible]
Harrison St Hd Assn to J Dickson	Lot [illegible] blk 142, Harrison St Hd	[illegible]
Same to Margaret Dickson	Lot [illegible], same	[illegible]
Same to Wm Dodd	Lot 57, same	[illegible]

Wednesday, September 10th.

Grantor to Grantee	Description.	Price
Anna Maria Evers to S A Franklin	W Fillmore n Kate, 25x90	$3,[illegible]
D F McDonald to Geo E Hinckley	[illegible] Tract	1,[illegible]
Geo E Hinckley to John G Nelson	Same	1[illegible]
Chas J Newcomb to H Webster	Sundry lots Outside Lands	[illegible]
A A Jennings to Wm H Ross	[illegible]	2,000
Bd of Tide Ld Comrs to H F Precht	Sw Dacotah and Amador, [illegible]	1,[illegible]
Same to same	[illegible]	[illegible]
Wm M Stoddard to E W Harral	Lot 33 blk 592, Bay Park Homestead	1
Harrison St Hd Assn to H Maguire	Lot 77 blk 112 Harrison Street Hd	[illegible]
Silver Ter H'd Assn to J C Eggers	Lot 20 Silver Terrace Homestead	3[illegible]
Same to J F G Eggers	Lot 387 same	[illegible]
Same to same	Lot [illegible] same	3[illegible]
A Bruman to D H Mangels	S Oak w Gough, 25x120, subj to mortg	725
John Hill to Jacob M Pike	S Tyler w Larkin, [illegible], subj to mortg	10,700
M T Herzog to Jacob M Cohn	S 24th w Sanchez, 60 11x114	1
B F Holbrook to Julia A Holbrook	Nw cor Herrera and Guerrero, 122x117 6	[illegible]
John F Taylor to Harry W Taylor	Sundry lots in south part city	1,[illegible]
A Hochholzer to H S Hochholzer	N Geary e Buchanan, 91x137 6	[illegible]
T H Allen to Hugo Hochholzer	Same	5,000

Thursday, September 11th.

Grantor to Grantee	Description.	Price
Donald Bruce to Johanna Haggerty	W Williams [illegible]	$ 11
[illegible] Tract H Assn to J M [illegible]	Lots 21, 22, 23 & 24, [illegible] T Hd	[illegible]
Thos De Vries to Maria Pesola	S Broadway e Kearny, 37 6x57 6	1,[illegible]
Wm Warner to Geo H Mitchell	Lot 17 blk 4 College Hd	5
Wm Hollis to A J Gunnison	E St [illegible] n Sacramento, 25x93 9	1,[illegible]
Isaac Rowell to L L Robinson	S Washington w Cherry, e etc	250
Benj E Arnold to Wm W Knight	Se [illegible] cor 5th Ave, etc	10[illegible]
Francis Rose to John Parnell	Lots [illegible] Gift Map 2	1,[illegible]
Harris Myers to L R White	[illegible] M Cem	1,[illegible]
Peter S McNeil to Emil Loeven	S [illegible] Hyde w 72 [illegible]	1[illegible]
Spring Val H'd Ass'n to D Lassens	Lots 166 and 167 Spring Valley Hd	720
Edward H Parker to J F Hough	N Pine w La[illegible] 137 6	6,[illegible]
Jeremiah Baldwin to Ellen Flynn	E Florida n Butte, 25x100	700
Michael Brogan to E McLaughlin	S Hunt 60 e 3d, s 65, e 5¾ in, n etc	5
[illegible]	[illegible] 1[illegible]	GIft
[illegible] to Thomas Adam	W Gough n Grove, n [illegible]	6,[illegible]
[illegible] to John Mete[illegible]	N Post 53 w Dupont, 23x74	11,[illegible]
Martha [illegible] to Land Par Assn	E Stevenson n 19th, 25x80	125
J [illegible] to Wm Gelman	Se Turk and Van Ness Av, s 120x109	6,050
Wm Gelman to Land Parch Ass'n	E Van Ness Av n Turk, 70x190	1
Ger Sav & Building Co to F Staud	E St [illegible] e Waller, 21x81 3	720
F Staud to Ger Sav & Building Co	Sw Van Ness Av and Fulton, w 1[illegible] x [illegible] s 120, e [illegible] W A 75, subj to mortgage	18,000
E McLaughlin to Michael Brogan	S Hunt e 3d, s 22, etc	5

Friday, September 12th

Grantor to Grantee	Description.	Price
Moses Cerf to John A Paul	S [illegible] w Polk [illegible] W A 59	12,[illegible]
R W Collins to Geo L Bradley	Sw cor Oak and Gough, 87 6x90	3,[illegible]
G A R Cem Ass'n to J C Sargent	Lot [illegible] Grand Army of the Republic Cem	[illegible]
Nicolas Gallice to City & Co of S F	W Dupont n Broadway [illegible]	21 [illegible]
Isaac D Barnard to Mary A Porter	W Mason n [illegible] x 127 [illegible]	1
Nicholas Galllce to E P Buckley	Commencing [illegible] n Broadway w Dupont, etc	
John T McLean to John Curry	[illegible] subj to mortg for $1,[illegible]	5,[illegible]
Laura Pettit to Joseph [illegible]	Lot [illegible] n Negro or Mereda Tract	250
Maria Loniewski to [illegible]	Sw cor Lizzie and Prospect sts, 70x70	150
Robt McCrum to John Hinkel	S corner 24th and Bartlett, 100x72	7,[illegible]
Same to David W Martindell	24th, 92 e Bartlett, 45 6x100	3,[illegible]

Saturday, September 13th

Grantor to Grantee	Description.	Price
John H Hassett to Julia Hassett	Lot 10 blk 91, Buena Vista Homestead	$ 250
Harrison St Hd Assn to J McCarty	Lot [illegible] blk 144, Harrison St Hd	800
Same to Frederic Praetorious	Lot 25, same	800
Same to Catherine Welsh	Lot [illegible] same	1,[illegible]
[illegible] to Matthias Gray	Lot [illegible] View Homestead	500
Martha B Hunt to J B Moferl	S 20th e Valencia, [illegible]	125
John Bensley to Carl Bartlett	[illegible] Potrero Nuevo	1,[illegible]
F Dumartheray to Fred Mason	Sundry [illegible] Potrero Nuevo	1,[illegible]
Bd of Tide L Comrs to C M Co[illegible]	[illegible]	8
Jabez P Clay to James M Parker	[illegible] property [illegible] W A	5,000
J B Lewis to Jeremiah Twohig	W Treat n 20th, [illegible]	75
Harrison St Hd Assn to C H Aitken	Lots [illegible] blk 142 Harrison St H Assn	1,600
[illegible]	[illegible]	5
Wm W[illegible] to [illegible]	Se Howard sw Lausch, [illegible]	5

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending Sept. 9, 1873.

Grantor to Grantee	Description	Price
T B Bigelow to E L Beard	Oakland: 125x125 sw corner R R Avenue and Center	$3,900
E McLean to J M Brock	Same: E line Broadway 180 s from 20th st thence s 100x150	13,500
C C Beckman to F J Tyler	Same: 74 5x100 sw cor 16th st and San Pablo Avenue	5,500
Henry Harris to J Becht	Same: E line Broadway 50 n from 11th st th nce n 25x100	11,000
P Linram to S M Lammer	Same: N line 18th st 120 w from Willard thence w 30x102 3	540
J R Rogers to S Thomson	Same: W line Washington 63 s fm 11th street thence s 37x90	3,500
J Caperton to P Salher	Same: Lot bounded e by market and s by R R Avenue	2,[illegible]
H E Mathews to L B Huff	Same: 83 5x100 ne cor 24th and Union	1,000
P Salher to J Caperton	Same: Lot bounded w by Myrtle n by R R Avenue	5
F M Smith to F Blake	Oakland Lots 4 5 6 in block A Oakland View Homestead	500
L B Huff to H E Mathews	East Oakland: 100x90 e corner Alameda or J Washington	2,100
A L & H Tubbs to L B Huff	Same [illegible] sw by Washington se by [illegible] ne by Adams	8,000
L B Huff to H E Mathews	Same: Ne line Washington 60 se from Alameda se 60x100	1,900
T Johnson to H Hufschmidt	West Oakland: S line Seward 133 4 e fm Wood thence e 66 8x113 7	2,500
J Millington to C Liese	Alameda 60 Pearl st by 140 near Versailles Avenue	525
Jenks and Mead to A Conner	Same N Eagle 230 6 e from Everett th e 45x150	500
R Robinson to A Mecartney	Same ½ interest in Tract marsh land at Bay Farm Island	2,500
G Anghlnbaugh to G H Thompson	Same 100 s line Washington and 150 near Mastick Station	700
Z Montgomery to T Conway	Near Telegraph and Temescal Creek ½ acre White House plot	1,000
A F White to J R Browne	Same 1½ acres	1,500
A D Colby to L E Lamb	Same Lots 34 and 35 Temescal Park	300
J Hardy to G H Gray	Oakland Tp: Interest in lots 9 and 10 in Hardy Tract in plot 66	2 700
Byrne & Chappellet to H Berryman	Same 150 acres, portion plots 84 and 85	10,000
G O Davis to G Tait	Same: Lot 3 in blk 4 State Univ H Tract	700
Merritt and Durant to J Chart	Berkeley 110x180	1,200
M A Reilly to G Gwyther	Near Berkeley, 150x300	975
L Stevens to G W Arms	Brooklyn Tp: Interest 230 acres ne cor High st and San Leandro Road	5
J B Peralta to L M Peralta	Same: 14 acres and 240 acres near San Leandro	7,000
P Basten to D M Tyrrell	[illegible] from Livermore 160 acres	2,500
R Livermore to C P R R Co	Near Livermore 9 acres	390
F D Atherton to H Tyther	Haywood 100x300	225
M [illegible] to D [illegible]	Same 200x212	...
A G Sinclair to S Molton	Haywood: ½ interest in 100x211 with mill and machinery	3,850
S Molton to S Kirkendall	Same ½ interest in same	4,000
D C Latham to C M Bunkle	Brooklyn Tp: Block 17 (300x600) Fitchburg	6,000

Reported by G. W. McKrand, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Sept. 9.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKrand, who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records [illegible] adjoining the COURT HOUSE, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square [illegible] opposite the [illegible] borough, immediately adjacent to the Court House. ☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. Sept. 13.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May [illegible] o'clock [illegible] for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in [illegible] United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue [illegible] $1,[illegible], as ascertained and settled by decree final on the [illegible] day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest [illegible] for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at [illegible] and said property stands pledged for the redemption of the Bonds.

[illegible] of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties [illegible] ... where the Bonds are at the same rate to the extent of their assessed damages.

[illegible] ...

[illegible] the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April [illegible], 1873.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. DAUBE, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor.
May 10. JOHN A. DAUBE, Treasurer.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States. [illegible] Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares [illegible] descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc.; [illegible] to New York; all [illegible]
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., [illegible] 721 Market st. S F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and [illegible] Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17.]

AN INFAMOUS OUTRAGE—THE LATEST SPECIMEN OF "LIVE JOURNALISM."

The Career of the San Francisco Chronicle furnishes a curious proof that in this community a brace of vulgar and ignorant scamps, possessed of a fair endowment of impudence and cunning, and having control of the columns of a cheap newspaper, may, for a time, at least, successfully defy both public sentiment and the criminal law. Its conductors seem to be rogues, belonging to that class for which decency has no restraints, the courts no terrors, and justice no whip. During their entire journalistic career, from the time of the bogus-extra rascality down to the adventurous swindle (with perjury as one of its concomitants) in the street assessment advertising cases, though their little "enterprises" have frequently engaged the attention of the Grand Jury, we believe that no indictment has ever been found. At any rate, they have thus far managed, by luck or cunning superior to that of less pernicious malefactors like the Brothertons, to keep outside of the penitentiary. Their last achievement in the line of sensational journalism, is one which we should imagine that the meanest and most malignant devil of Dante's hell would be ashamed of. An inexperienced young man, with no head for business, undertakes to dabble in stocks and speedily gets beyond his depth. Waking up to the peril of his situation, he becomes bewildered, and in his efforts to extricate himself he is betrayed into errors which malice may easily exaggerate into crimes. The young man belongs to a good family, and has always up to the time of his entanglement borne an irreproachable character. He has a father, who occupies a conspicuous and honorable position in the community, a gentleman of high culture, of sensitive feelings and kindly disposition, who never willingly injured a human being. He has a mother who idolizes him, a young wife and children, who must be sharers in whatever of good or evil befalls him. If he can but extricate himself from the net in which he has become entangled by his imprudence, he may yet retrieve his errors and enter upon a new career, strengthened by good resolutions and made wiser by the memory of past folly. Aided by his father and his friends, he is working manfully to this end, when the *Chronicle*, needing a sensation article for its Sunday issue, pounces upon him as a victim. It matters not that the affair is stale; that those who have been the chief [illegible] against him; that most of those who have incurred pecuniary losses have been paid, and that efforts are being made [illegible]. It matters not that the blow aimed at him must [illegible] cent bosoms. The [illegible]

THE EFFECTS OF IRRIGATION

The Duke of Sutherland, [illegible] moorland [illegible] inch iron [illegible] level, 180 feet [illegible] pipes, each [illegible] other of fifteen yards. [illegible] one hundred times [illegible] equal to five acres of the best [illegible] imposes a charge of 35s. per acre annually, which is barely 10 per cent. on the increased returns. In order that the sheep may not trample over and destroy uneaten herbage, a new form of hurdle is used, which confines each to his position. By means of this improvement the Duke calculates that he can bring mutton to market at three [illegible] and as the ruling price in Edinburgh just now is 7s. 6d. per stone of [illegible] pounds, he will not only add largely to his princely income, but greatly increase the food stock of his country [illegible]. If our farmers [illegible] ground [illegible]

JAY COOKE & CO.

The late failure of Jay Cooke & Co. [illegible] is known. This at any rate we know, that a firm holding probably the highest business standing in New York, Philadelphia and England, has failed, and when firms like this fall, the public naturally inquire "Who next!" and the effect upon the money market is, of course, depressing.

It must have been edifying to see the word multiplying Swift and the fiery Tirrell disputing before the Dolly Varden forlorn hope, convened at Sacramento, as to the policy of nominating a judicial ticket. Swift acted his part so naturally that the innocents, who didn't know the programme, thought he meant what he said. But, in fact, Swift had hard work to keep his face straight. Bless you! he isn't fool enough to dream of running any one against Sam. Dwinelle.

THE LAY OF THE LOST ONE.—No. III.

It seems like a hideous dream of a crime that I should become a wife,
[illegible]
They cannot make me a witness now, to come up to the dock and swear,
And they seek to fasten the murder on him, but I was the only one there.

When I came out of the hospital the world appeared new and strange,
I felt old and weak and friendless, yet I cherished my revenge:
I went round among my former haunts, but all the folks had fled,
I hardly knew where I could gather a crust, nor where I could lay my head.

At length I found out Charley, but the fever had laid him low,
He was stretched, as I thought, on his deathbed, so I could not strike the blow;
He looked so wretched, and thin, and pale, so deserted by every one,
That the old love burnt in my heart once more, and the deadly hate was gone.

I nursed him through all his illness and begged in the open street,
[illegible]
The same old scenes were acted and the well known songs were sung
And I felt as if Death were upon me as I thought of the time I was young.

But when the fever had left him and his wonted strength returned,
I shuddered to hear his wicked words and the thoughts that within him burned.
Whenever a sin is plotted the Devil will find the time,
And murder was mated to robbery to consummate the crime.

I am now an honest woman, as the world accepts the phrase,
And labor to earn my daily bread in the weary working days,
But oh, how I long for the time to come when this misery will cease,
When this worn-out frame shall find at last oblivion, if not peace.

THE COSTA RICA.

About seven o'clock on Wednesday night, the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's iron propeller *Costa Rica*, from Honolulu, ran ashore between Point Diablo and Point [illegible] The *Costa Rica* was kept outside the heads for some [illegible] agents here are telegraphing to New York, and getting no answers, the vessel may become a wreck. Had the Pacific Mail employés had the authority [illegible] One of our daily [illegible], in the cowardly and dirty [illegible] fect that carelessness had more to [illegible] But the public, knowing the source whence the innuendo came, will take it for what it is worth.

WATER AND GAS.

A morning journal suggested during the week that the city proceed immediately to the laying of pipes and the manufacture of gas, to be dispensed at popular prices. This is precisely the step which we have persistently and untiringly advised for many months, only that, as water is a more absolute and immediate necessity, we have urged that attention be first directed that way. If the gas monopoly has been hateful and oppressive, what is to be said of the water monopoly, which has carried matters with such high hand that it has almost forced the city to the payment of a large sum of money to which the company had no legal right. If we refuse to pay exorbitant gas bills, they can shut off the gas, and we are greatly inconvenienced; but we still live. If the water supply is shut off, as was boldly threatened, what is to become of us? Artificial light in some form is easily procured; artificial water is an impossibility. If the gas be poor in quality and scant in quantity, what is to be said of the water, which comes from a region so thoroughly exhausted that it is uncertain what day the supply may give out altogether, yet for which the directors demand a modest ten millions. In the number-less issues of the *News Letter* we have called the attention of the Supervisors and the public to this abuse, and to the manner of its easiest and speediest remedy. We have advised the laying of pipes and the building of water works which shall belong to the city alone, and have urged the issuance of bonds therefor. We have pronounced against the idea of negotiating with Spring Valley for its worn out works and drained supply, when there are numerous water sources so immeasurably superior in that the water is clear and good, and the supply sure and unending. Water is our first and most crying need, and should receive the first attention. The ways of gas collectors and gas meters are queer indeed, but those of water measurements and collectors are beyond understanding altogether. When our citizens are rejoicing in an abundance of water, good, plentiful and cheap, the gas question will not long be a vexed one. It is but the first step which counts. When the city begins to lay water pipes they will not be long without gas pipes to keep them company. Let the newly elected opposers to monopolies once take these things in hand and we shall not long continue to pay out the major portion of our revenues for light and water.

BLACKGUARD JOURNALISM.

No one can better afford to criticise the Chronicle newspaper than the *News Letter*. We have recognized in it all the essential requisites of a live journal. Independent, fearless and enterprising. The failure of William Kip, Jr., was made the occasion of a most unnecessary and brutal article, in which the family and friends of the young gentleman were offensively dogged. Y[illegible] has been unfortunate in stock speculations, and has to a certain extent [illegible] his friends. His father, the Bishop, comes forward, and indemnifies the losses, pays the obligations, and the whole matter is settled. To even publish the unfortunate fact of his failure could accomplish no good. To drag in the name of his father and family was inexcusable—the more offensive because clothed in a maudlin and hypocritical sympathy for them. Such instances of a desire to drag family matters to public gaze, for the purpose of sensation, are too common in all papers, and they are very common in the *Chronicle*. It is pandering to a base and morbid public sentiment. It ought to be discouraged and discontinued. No one will hail the time with more satisfaction than the *News Letter*, when the *Chronicle* feels strong enough to drop its nastiness, its personal abuse, its sensational news feature, and plant itself upon the higher, broader, and more dignified field of respectable journalism.

BOSS TWEED.

This New York financier has thought fit to honor our coast with a visit, no doubt with the idea that he can combine profit with pleasure. He travels with a party of eight, including several ladies, and will, of course, do the Big Trees, Yosemite, etc. The air of California, we hope, will do the late N. Y. Alderman some good, after his late troubles. No doubt if there had been enough to make here he would have come before election day, have run for Supervisor or Mayor, and we should have had the benefit of his financial genius. Thank God, he didn't think it worth his while.

W. H. SEWARD'S HEIRS

Have received $41,464 for copyright of the first six months of his TRAVELS ROUND THE WORLD—a profit probably unparalleled in this country, if not in any. The second six months began the first of August, and the sale of the work continues as constant and as large as before.

A. ROMAN & CO.,
AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC COAST
F. R
SEWARD'S
TRAVELS
Around the World.
Sept. 20.

ELEGANT
New Style of
Ladies' Stationery:
Creme de la Creme,
Primrose,
Silver Gray,
Eau du Nil,
Azure,
Opal.
JUST RECEIVED AT
BANCROFT'S,
721 Market St.

HEALD'S
BUSINESS COLLEGE,
24 Post St., San Francisco.

THE ONLY THOROUGH Business College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should [illegible] COLLEGE, 24 Post street [illegible] day and evening throughout the year. Students can commence at any time. Each receives separate instruction. There is a Preparatory Department for those not sufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for

Heald's College Journal,

An eight-page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school, and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by address.

E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug [illegible] San Francisco

SHERMAN & HYDE,
[illegible]
Sheet Music
AND
Musical Merchandise.
[illegible] the
WEBER PIANO.
Corner Kearny and Sutter sts.
SAN FRANCISCO
Largest Stock of Sheet Music on the Coast. [May 10.

Stuart Seldon Wright,
ATTORNEY
AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW,
OFFICES:
Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., up stairs.
Aug. 9.

W. E. LOOMIS,
Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his [illegible] April 16

DR. ABORN,
Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory, 219 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 5

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

HOW CORONER STILLMAN STUCK TO HIS "POST."

The *Post's* little editor rose from his chair,
And read his MS. with a satisfied air;
"Mr. Coroner Stillman," said he, "I propose
My opinion of your goings on to disclose;
You'll use your discretion ? you'll dare to [illegible]
If an inquest should rightly be held or denied.
Don't think it great, Stillman, a greater than you
Will settle the courses you ought to pursue.
If you rule the jury, still I'll rule the roast,
So you'll see, sir, *between you and me and the Post*."

The Coroner read the attack with surprise—
A d—d good-natured friend brought it under his eyes;
He began with a frown, but he stopped with a smile,
Gave a wink, put his hat on, said, "You bet your pile;
Tho' for George's opinion no man cares a cent,
I'll soon make that wee little scribbler repent.
There's a dead man on hand [illegible] and summon me four
Stout and sensible jurymen I'll get two more,
We'll not only decide why he gave up the ghost,
But the question *between you and me and the Post*."

At ten in the morning, six hundred and five
Montgomery street was awake and alive,
And Editor George, with his usual taste,
Was writing a leader with scissors and paste,
When the Coroner's footstep was heard on the stair,
And the Coroner's accent rose in the air;
"Mr. George, I believe?" with a smile and a bow,
And the editor muttered, "I'm in for it now."
"Here's a summons; don't fail, for you're worth the whole host
On a jury, *between you and me and the Post*."

Doctor Stillman politely departed and left
The editor nearly of reason bereft;
But he called for a steed and he called for a drink,
And he whispered, "I look well on horseback, I think;"
Galloped off to the meeting, but found he was late,
Will be sued for the fine that is due to the State,
And in future will find it is best to confine
His attention to things that belong to his line,
"For in this case he cannot of victory boast,"
Said Stillman, "*between you and me and the Post*."

Will the Bulletin Please Explain?—It tells a pretty little story in its Wednesday's issue of a good little English boy who was apprenticed by his mother to the Captain of an Indiaman. But the Captain walloped him so fearfully that he ran away the first opportunity that presented itself, and [illegible] was when the vessel arrived here. The good little boy was then employed as errand boy in a drug store, "where," says the *Bulletin*, "he performed his duties with cheerfulness and alacrity" for some months. He then received information from England that he had fallen heir to £50,000. The *Bulletin* finishes this pretty little story with a kind of moral, viz.: That the career of this lad affords a lesson to our own American boys by illustrating what sheer luck can accomplish. Now what was the luck, and what did it accomplish? Was the luck £50,000, or did the luck accomplish £50,000? If the former, then it was accomplished by being walloped by a playful Captain, and afterwards running errands with cheerfulness and alacrity. If the latter, then the boy was damlucky in being walloped, etc., etc. The *Bulletin* is so stupid sometimes. Pick., won't you explain for the benefit of hundreds of our American youth, who are at present bothering the lives out of all the chemists in the city. Lots of 'em want £50,000, but they don't want to have their blessed little heads knocked off with a marling-spike for that amount. Rouse yourself, Pick! Where does the lesson come in?

We had hoped that the paper sometimes known as the *Waverly Place Gazette*, but more generally as the *Chronicle*, had satiated itself with the social filth it has fed on and wallowed in since its birth. But, alas, it is not so; like a dog it returns to its vomit. It's last Sunday issue, with its month-old scandal hashed up by its local editor (we suppose to fill up space) was one of the most contemptible specimens of live journalism we have ever had the misfortune to see. The worst part, too, of the matter was that the hypocritical sensation sheet took high moral ground, and, while raking up a thing of the past, and poking its dirty nose into family affairs, would have its readers to infer that it did it merely for the public good. This, however, is played out, and those who know anything about the paper and its proclivities will at once recognize in its disgraceful article on Mr. Kip the same despicable lowness which characterized its earlier days. Of course, it can do no harm to either the Bishop or his son, but it only shows what it would do if it could. People are too used to its sensational Sunday pills to swallow any more of them. Its list of new subscribers is interesting, its personals are suggestive, its quack doctors are a medical study, and its telegrams are cribbed and altered with care, but its wretched attempts to make trade out of private misfortunes are weak, dirty and unworthy of any paper supposed to be read by respectable people.

We cry anathema upon the Rev. Mr. Jewell, who, by means of a cleverly worded title, lured us into one of those abiding places of greed and mammon—a church. From the looks of disgust upon the faces of [illegible] concluded John the Baptist to be not so popular a person as he is generally supposed to be, and we could find no person, save the prosaic parson, who cared an ejaculation whether he were beheaded, strangled or crucified. If our sympathies are to be wasted at this late day upon a person who is a comparative stranger to us, what tears shall we have left to weep over Stokes, Irving and Co. when they shall have dropped from their boom. Try your hand at something else, O, fossilized parson. You might as well raise the corpse of Crittenden as that of John the Baptist for all the sympathy you may arouse. Tell us who struck Billy Patterson, or if Irving had anything to do with the Nathan murder?

The irrepressible quacks, the modern miracle workers of the Pacific Coast, still flaunt their filthy flags in our midst. It is almost impossible to take up a paper without finding some horribly burlesqued bogus accounts of miraculous [illegible] New Testament has to take a back seat; the charming little yarn about Lazarus looses all its piquancy, and the pool of Siloam seems but a dirty duck pond, compared with what these quacks *say* they can do. The *T. C.* has a barren fig tree in his garden, and if the quacks will step up and try their hands at it they are quite welcome. Any one with anything approaching a knowledge of choice California oaths could wither any fig tree in ten minutes, but if the quack can make it produce fruit, the *T. C.* will blazon forth his fame, become a disciple, and put in all the "ads" he wants for nothing. Don't talk of Tyndall's [illegible]

Another of those charming little tragedies that so enliven the dull [illegible] just been enacted in the tenement [illegible] running off Dupont [illegible] her son lived in one [illegible] The son gets drunk, has some words with mamma, [illegible] the old woman is found lying dead on the bed, with a gash in the back of her head. The natural inference to be drawn, is that this dutiful son quietly knocked her on the head, to teach her manners, as he says "she was a good mother, but had a bad tongue." It is to be hoped that if he did do the wicked deed, his days will not be long in the land, for it looks very like a most flagrant case of busting the fifth commandment.

We have had some fair specimens of [illegible] minded woman up to the three [illegible] mento, may fairly claim to take [illegible] at the Fair, and claims a prize for her hirsute developments. We hope that Mr. Walters approves of the course this lady has taken to gain notoriety; if he does not, he has lots to pull at. The *Town Crier* would suggest to Mrs. Walters, being so bounteously haired, that she should play "Lady Godiva," say just before one of the races started, and that Mr. W. should go round with the hat. He feels sure that a large collection could be made, and no material damage done to the morals of Sacramento.

If you want a really good day's sport, you should go and fish on the [illegible] Oakland wharf [illegible] subject, and if he is lame with it and nervous, its a fifty per cent [illegible] richer are yours.

The Chronicle, hitherto the spry, the pungent, the racy, the bold, the daring, has [illegible] stand to your guns, for if the [illegible] catch up in this way she may take a spurt and get ahead.

We have never considered the propriety of putting Bunsby Stillman in charge of the Asylum for the Insane, and we would scarcely request the gentleman to select a medical library were we in need of such an article, but we have never questioned his ability to sit upon a corpse with due ponderosity and gravity, and we are impressed with added respect when we find the gentleman capable of delivering himself of a joke, however grim. We have heard a flea snap under the weight of an oppressive thumb; we have seen a mosquito checked in its career by a heavy hand; we have known a mouse suffer for coveting cheese. Why, then, should not our obese coroner come down upon a gad-fly with an inopportune subpoena!

The disappearance dodge has reached San Francisco, and we are glad to see it done in proper style. It is greatly to the credit of the estimable gentleman who accomplished the feat during the week, that, although his business was embarrassed, he did not find it necessary to disappear in a state of utter impecuniosity. If he comes to life in pastures new, sorrowing friends will be satisfied that he has a little stake, and if he has really become an unpleasant corpse, he carries with him enough to pay the funeral expenses, which shows how many awkward [illegible] may be saved by a little foresight. It is scarcely expected in business circles that the gentleman and his little satchel will turn up.

Mr W W Smith, who [illegible] Sacramento, and [illegible] unless the law allows surgeons to operate on and pickle the bodies of the hanged.

It is said, and the *T. C.* believes with some truth, that the ladies who hang out their shingles as sharps on stars do not depend wholly and solely upon the heavenly bodies for their support. They have been seen to eat, drink and even to be merry. They wear waterfalls and bustles like other women, and if report speaks correctly, have an utter contempt for all the odd-numbered commandments. Poor Biddy's hard-earned two-and-a-half goes at one oyster supper, while the stock operator's wife's stealthily expended twenty often goes for a new plug hat and boots for the fancy man who, for the time, runs the stars.

The New York Herald says: "Rev. Mr. Patterson, the Scottish Evangelist, has accepted the invitation to visit California and the Pacific, on a revival tour, this Fall." [Well, let him come, and revive as much as he darned pleases; we don't care. As long as he leaves a little of the reviving element for our parsons here, he is welcome to part of the fools' money. We should not, however, like to see these Eastern sharks taking away all our religious moneys, for a parson out of employment is the worst kind of bummer. God knows we have enough bummers here without Mr. Patterson and ilk.

The vain, weak-minded females who were persuaded to trot out their productions at the late baby-show, have the satisfaction of having gained notoriety but no prizes. How like a woman it is to be flattered by praises lavished upon her probably ugly offspring, into making an ass of herself by exhibiting the little darling. We do not admire the manager's bolting without giving the promised prizes, but still, we think it serves the weak mothers right, and will probably teach them to stick in future to private life and pap-bottles.

We are glad to see that Louderback has given Joseph Matthews a pretty heavy sentence for beating a Chinaman. John never interferes with the white man, and is in almost every case the aggrieved and not the aggressor. It is only a dirty coward, who dare not hit a white man for fear of getting the worst of it, that would assault a Chinaman, and we admire Louderback in showing such ruffians that, though oftener persecuted, they are sometimes protected by the police.

The painfully funny man on the Call, who does the Clown business, has made an immense joke, one worthy in every way of the source it emanates from. He calls the unfortunate *Costa Rica* the "Costa Wrecker." It is a truly funny joke, and, no doubt, old Pick will laugh over it till his sides ache. Who shall say after this that with Bret Harte and Mark Twain San Francisco lost her brightest wits.

There seems to be every possibility of Livingstone's being lost again, as the latest dispatches announce that he is pushing his way into the interior. No doubt the "live paper" will have a man on hand to find him this time. It may act better than the map dodge, and, besides, there are so many smart men on its staff that the loss of one would not hurt it a bit.

What sort of men will our boys grow up to be, if the following is a fair specimen? Scene, corner grocery; father out; boy, aged ten, left to mind store. Enter *T. C.* Finds boy drinking large glass of whisky. Boy says, "Father lets me take a little for the worms." The above is a melancholy fact, and an unvarnished tale.

When the Barnacle goes in for maps and plans of where ships are wrecked, etc., it should be careful to have them correctly done, and not botches, like the *Costa Rica* one, where everything is upside down. The *Barnacle* is bad enough when it sticks to its sensational bosh, but when it rushes into illustrations [illegible]

The Barnacle reporter at the late Mexican ball, on their Independence day, says, "Singing by Mexican ladies in *natural* costume was a pleasing feature of the entertainment." We should rather imagine it must have been pleasant for the spectators, but just a little cold for the performers.

The war against the railroad monopolists and "aggregated capital" goes bravely on in the East as well as here. Meantime the dispatches inform us that a financial panic has commenced in New York. Of course there's no connection between the two facts.

An addition has been made in the Litany in Trinity Church. It runs as follows: "From the low blackguardism of live journalism good Lord deliver us."

FOREIGN DOTTINGS

The Queen is at Balmoral. Mr. Gladstone remains Minister in attendance.—Prince Arthur has left Trouville for the Channel Islands. There is no doubt that he had a very narrow escape from drowning.—Further changes in the Ministry are likely to take place in October Mr. Monsell will retire from the Postmaster-Generalship. The *Times* speculates on the appointment of Mr. Ayrton to the Post-Office, Mr. Vernon Harcourt to be his successor as Judge-Advocate-General.—The *Times* further hints at the retirement of the Duke of Argyll, the appointment of Mr. Lowe as Secretary of State for India, and the offer of the Home Office to Mr. Bouverie.—It is expected that Mr. Disraeli will deliver his address as Lord Rector of the Glasgow University in November.—Lord F. Cavendish, on joining the Ministry, has been re-elected for the West Riding unopposed.—The candidates for Shaftesbury are Mr. Danby Seymour (Liberal) and Mr. Bennett Stanford (Conservative).—The four Americans engaged in the Bank forgeries have been found guilty, and sentenced to penal servitude for life. Great excitement was produced in London by a discovered conspiracy to liberate them.—In the Tichborne Claimant's trial the Court has been occupied with hearing witnesses, who swear that the claimant, be he whom he may, is not Arthur Orton.—Two serious and fatal railway accidents have taken place—one at Eastbourne and the other at Retford. In the latter case an excursion train was cut in two.—The first of a number of life-ships has been launched at Southampton. It is named the *Pronelle*, and is to keep watch in the Channel to succor vessels in distress.—The flag difficulty, or some other, is declared to have put an end to the Royalist a fusion negotiations in France.—A Ministerial crisis is imminent at Madrid on the question of the execution of certain condemned insurgents.—Senor Castelar is elected President of the Spanish Cortes.—Cartagena is still held by the insurgents.—King Victor Emmanuel, who goes to Vienna next month, has received an invitation to Berlin.—The Grand Vizier of Persia is said to have come to a perfect understanding with the Ottoman Government on all questions pending between Turkey and Persia.—The safety of Elmina is assured by the latest reports from Cape Coast Castle.—Sir Andrew Clarke is gazetted Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Straits Settlement.—The total English Exchequer receipts from April 1 to August 23 amount to £28,811,617 against £27,083,725 last year.—Edwin James is a candidate for Parliament in Marledowne. He is making an active canvass. He has received numerous pledges of influential support.—The *Provincial Correspondence* says the visit of King Victor Emmanuel to Vienna and Berlin offers to Europe other guarantees of an effective peace policy on the part of Italy, Austria, and Prussia.—PARIS.—The leaders of the Right propose to call a grand re-union, to be held in this city at an early day. They have hopes of a division in the Bonapartist ranks.—*Herald* special from St. Domingo, September 18th, says: The insurgents have been totally defeated. Marcia has recognized Dais. Monte Cristo has been retaken. A schooner containing ammunition has been captured. Luperon has fled to Hayti.—ROME.—Francis Guerrazza, who was proclaimed Dictator in Rome in 1849, died on Tuesday at the age of sixty-eight years.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Dexter Taft, an old Californian and wealthy mine owner, died on Tuesday night at the Occidental Hotel.—The blacklegs and gamblers are begining to return to this city from Sacramento.—Judge Dwinelle dismissed the suit of Russell Card against Warren Loud, to recover $70,000 for the alleged seduction of plaintiff's wife.—A post mortem examination on the body of P. G. Postel, who fell dead at the Alameda ferry on Monday, showed the cause of death to have been apoplexy.—The friends of Jack Sheppard, who recently performed the feat of walking 1,000 miles in 1,000 hours, have tendered him a ball at La Grande Armory Hall this evening.—The United States steamer *Tuscarora*, in sounding in the Pacific, thirty miles from the Farallones, in a northwesterly direction, found a depth of water of over two miles, the thermometer showing a temperature of 35 degrees Fahrenheit.—It is said that the new line of steamers between this port and Guaymas, La Paz and the Colorado river will be put on on or about the 5th of October, the steamer *Montana* running alternately with the *Newbern*, making trips every twenty days.—The Kennavan Zouaves have applied to the Board of Supervisors for permission to use as a drilling-room a portion of the old City and County Hospital. The company is composed of "young men born and educated in the Second Ward," as the petition shows.—In the Fifteenth District Court, the suit of E. D. Wheeler and John A. McQuaid against Samuel Brannan, to recover $10,140, alleged to be due for legal services rendered, was dismissed. Brannan denied the indebtedness, and filed a counter claim of $880 for office rents.—The unknown man who died at the corner of Dolores and Sixteenth streets last Friday was buried without having been identified.—The *Costa Rica* has been safely towed into dock, and will, no doubt, soon be in sea-going order.—D. T. Phillips, City Attorney of San Diego, is at the Russ House.—Captain Lapidge, ever since his ship ran ashore, has remained on board, as well as his officers and crew. Now the ship is docked they will have a chance to get sleep and rest.—The man who feel from the Montgomery and Broadway-streets cliff, Monday afternoon, and killed himself, was named John Curtin. For a long time he had been employed as barkeeper at Phil McGovern's saloon, corner of Kearny and Market streets.—T. G. Cockrill, Chief of Police elect, is seriously ill.—The trial of Thomas Curtin, the slayer of young Johnson, the seducer of his daughter, was continued, in the Fifteenth District Court, until October 6th.—A cutting affray occurred in a low groggery at North Beach on Monday last. One of the participators was dangerously stabbed in the abdomen. The assailant is still at large, but the police are looking for him.

A HUMAN TABLE.

In the Italian section of the Vienna Exhibition Dr. Marini exhibits, among an assortment of human feet, hands, legs, arms, and busts of shriveled proportions and deep-brown color, a large, round plateau, evidently of hard and polished material, which has been likened to stale gelatine or potted boar's head. It is a conglomerate of specimens, illustrative of an art invented by him—the petrifaction and mummification of human corpses. It was this very Dr. Marini who petrified Mazzini, and executed his work so well that the admirers of the arch-conspirator proposed to set up the corpse on the Capitol, and save economical Italy the expense of a statue. The doctor's preparations are weather-proof, and will not only stand wear, but take on a high degree of polish. His mummified specimens, by a process known to him alone, can be restored to their original size and elasticity; while the petrified ones are as hard, and possibly as durable as granite. The top slab of the table is composed of muscles, fat, sinews, and glandular substance—all petrified together in a block, the surface of which has been planed and polished till its face resembles marble. Certificates from Nealton and other distinguished surgeons are attached to the specimen limbs, setting forth that the limbs in question had, for the satisfaction of the certifiers, been restored to their pristine softness and pliancy by Dr. Marini.—*The Lancet.*

FACE OR FIGURE.

It has long been and still is a mooted point which charms the most—a pretty face or a good figure, and the advocates of one side or the other are nearly even. Beauty fades, may be spoiled by ill-temper or dimmed by sorrow, whilst a graceful shape is more enduring, say the partisans of figure. The devotees to beauty of face, on the other hand, fall into poetic raptures and talk of angelic features and seraphic countenances. The fact is, that both of them depend a great deal upon dress. A pretty face in an ugly bonnet is no more to be admired than the most comely form in an ill-fitting dress. Go into the dress and cloak room of the City of Paris (Ville de Paris) and see in the countless mirrors that cover its walls how those blooming faces are made more beautiful, and those charms of person enhanced, by being adorned and draped in their exquisitely fitting robes, and loves of bonnets! Every steamer brings fresh goods from Europe, the cars are [illegible] with the latest novelties for this house, and, as a sign of progress, the proprietors of the City of Paris have been obliged to take in the neighboring store, and add it to their wholesale department.

Among the popular pieces of music just published, there are two, by Sherman & Hyde, corner Sutter and Kearny, deserving of mention—the immensely popular air, "My Gal Schottische" and "Little Beauty Waltz."

THE VISIT OF LORD SKELMERSDALE TO THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

THE GREAT CATTLE SALE.

Recently, we gave some particulars of the Campbell herd of thoroughbred Durham cattle at New York Mills. The figures quoted were so large that some doubted their accuracy. The sale was the most notable one which ever occurred in this country, or even in England.

We have before us a copy of the Albany *Cultivator and Country Gentleman*, the best authority on thoroughbred cattle in the United States. The particulars of the sale are given at length. One hundred and eight head were sold in three hundred minutes, bringing the sum of $380,000. The following is a summary of the most important sales:

TO ENGLISH BREEDERS

1st Duchess of Oneida,		Lord Skelmersdale	$30,600
10th	do.	Geneva, Lord Bective	35,000
8th	do.	Oneida, do.	15,300
8th	do.	Geneva, Mr. Davies	40,000
9th	do.	Oneida, Lord Bective	10,000
3d	do.	do. Mr. Holford	15,600
Average on the six, $21,517—Total			$147,100

TO AMERICAN BUYERS.

3d Duke of Oneida,		Mr. Megibben	$12,000
7th Duchess of Oneida,		Mr. Alexander	19,000
13th	do.	Thorndale, Mr. Conger	15,000
4th	do.	Oneida, Bedford & Megibben	25,000
10th	do.	do. Mr. Alexander	27,000
12th	do.	Thorndale, Mr. Conger	5,700
* Average on the six, $17,283—Total			$103,700

Average on the twelve, $20,900—Total, $250,800.

It is said that there had been no public sale of the Duchesses, a strain of blood well known and famous, since the sale of Lord Ducie's herd in England, in the year 1853. The highest quotation noted at that time was seven hundred guineas.

The statement has been made that Lord Skelmersdale made the first bid for the Second Duke of Oneida. We have his Lordship's own authority for saying that this statement is incorrect. Lord S. made no bid for the bull. At present there are not above twenty pure bred "Duchesses" in England, including the six purchased by Englishmen at the recent sale. In purchasing the 1st Duchess of Oneida, Lord S. virtually bought two animals, inasmuch as the cow is daily expected to calve. His Lordship was offered all the money he paid for the Duchess on the ground, and the sum of $10,000 for the calf, so anxious were the American breeders to retain some representatives of this famous strain of blood.

COMMERCIAL IMPORTANCE OF THE SOUTH SEA ISLANDS.

An earnest struggle for commercial supremacy in the Polynesian archipelago is quietly progressing. England, the United States, France, and Germany are the chief competitors. Australia, as representing England, is really master of the situation, but her power is being jealously checkmated wherever possible. The resources of the Samoan or Navigators' Islands, the Society Islands, the Fijis, etc., are immense, but as yet partially developed. Ten or a dozen years ago the trade of the Navigators' Islands was limited to an occasional call from a whaler. But in 1869 there were 13,472 tons of shipping entered and cleared at Samoa, of which 5,403 were British, 3,690 American, 3,230 German, and 1,150 Tahitian. In 1872 this total had increased nearly fifty per cent. Already the trade of the Fijis, which was open to anybody a few years ago, is being monopolized by the Australians. The French and the Germans have also been striving to secure a share elsewhere, but hitherto without much success. Neither nation is popular, if we may apply the expression, in that part of the world. The French are virtual possessors of the Society Islands, and the home government has its official representatives at Tahiti. The trade between the Fijis and Australia is very large, and Sydney reaps a rich harvest therefrom.

The American public has but little actual and practical knowledge of the Polynesian archipelago, and the *News Letter*, which is an international journal, has taken a deep interest in the South Sea Islands and desires to have reliable information thereupon. Hence our correspondent, Mr. B. Adnale, who sails to-day for Honolulu, will from there proceed to the archipelago. He is a gentleman who, divested of all prejudices, will be able to give our home and foreign readers accurate and truthful accounts of the resources of the islands, their people, habits, and customs. He will be the first journalist from these shores who visits the distant and interesting islands in the South Seas.

LAY OF THE LOST ONE.—No. IV.

The fiction, fancy, reverie or dream,
Has changed its hue to sad reality;
The image struggles with a fitful gleam
Of life in its last quiver of vitality.

Catherine Cathcart, an old woman, was taken to the Alms House yesterday in the last stages of consumption. She has been in several of the hospitals of late, but more recently has been a frequenter of her old haunts on Pacific street. For a day or two past she has been refused "a home of habitation" where she once reigned supreme in power, and had to remain in the streets in her worn and wasted condition, until yesterday Officer McDermott took her out to the Alms House. Her days are about numbered.—"*Brevities*," *Alta California, Sept. 26, 1873.*

The Costa Rica.—On Thursday we made a visit personally to the Dry Dock, at Hunter's Point, to witness the docking of this iron propeller, Capt. Lapidge still in command. The tug Gipsy, belonging to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, towed the Costa Rica to the mouth or entrance of the dock, when she was at midday placed upon the stocks, and the water in the basin pumped out. The dimensions of the dock are 450 feet long and 125 feet in width. It takes about two hours' work to pump the basin out dry. We improved the time of going on board the steamer and examining the same. The vessel does not appear to be strained; her cabin and upper works, though in utter confusion, are not injured seriously. Nothing is broken or defaced about her upper works but what can all be made as good as new in one week's time. Capt. Lapidge we found on board in command, and doing all in his power to assist in safely docking the ship. For six days and more, Lapidge has stood on the deck of his wrecked propeller. He has worked like a hero in assisting others to save the ship. No lives were lost by the disaster, and it is estimated that $20,000 will cover the expense of all repairs, and render the ship again seaworthy and as good as new. The bottom of the steamer was foul and needed docking, to get off the barnacles, which retarded her sailing.

OFICINA DE ENRIQUE MEIGGS.

85 CALLE DE LAS MANTAS, Lima, July 30, 1873.

Messrs. Barry & Patten, San Francisco:—GENTLEMEN: Your kind favor of 17th ultimo reached me by last mail, together with the very interesting volume that accompanied it. I have read no work for many years that has been of more absorbing interest, or that has given me greater pleasure. It has recalled old scenes and old friends most vividly, and I look upon it as a very decided success, upon which I most warmly congratulate you. Please accept my grateful acknowledgements for your attention, and the inclosed picture as an evidence of the kindly remembrance of Yours, very truly, HENRY MEIGGS.

The Galaxy, for October, is, indeed, a brochure. It contains some beautiful poetry. Prominent among which is a piece by Edgar Fawcett called "At Parting," which we quote elsewhere. There are also several interesting stories. The part devoted to science teems with useful information. Taken as a whole, it is one of the best numbers we have seen of a magazine always good.

Vol. 4. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR OCT., 1873, No. 1.
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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, SEPT. 27, 1873. No. 35.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street No. 60, to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—870 3/4— —SILVER BARS—2¼@2½ discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 88½@89. Mexican Dollars, 6@6c., new; 5¾c., old. Trade Dollar, 2½c. prem.

☞ Exchange on New York, 1 per cent. nominal for Gold; Currency, 111 per cent. On London, Bankers 48¾@49¼; Commercial, 51@51¼; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams ¾@1

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, Sept. 26, at 3 P.M., 114¼. Latest price of Sterling, 103@105.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO.......... Sept. 26, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862-7-8	—	—	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	124	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	—	—	Oakland 10s	1.5	1.7
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865	—		Spring Valley Water Co	82	83
Legal Tender Notes	8¾	83¾	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57	97¼	103	Central Railroad Company	—	—
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1-55	95	98	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	50	52¼
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	93	95	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	16	15
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	100		Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32¼	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins Co.	65	70
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	96	Union Insurance Co.	90	93
Santa Clara Bonds, 6	93	95	Pacific Bank	87½	90
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	—	The Bank of California	127½	130
San Francisco Gas Light Co	60	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	160

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

THE "COSTA RICA."

Unqualified praise is due Mr. Wm. Waddell, Acting Superintendent of the Pacific Mail Co., for his prompt and unflagging energy in saving the *Costa Rica*, which threatened to become a total and unmanageable wreck. His work is to be the more especially commended, since the wiseheads all croaked and declared it a thing impossible to be done. The thanks of the company should be gratefully his, since by his skill and promptitude he has not only saved a valuable steamer, which they could ill afford to add to their list of losses, but he has prevented much aggravating delay. Being so far away from the principal office and officers, his responsibilities have been doubly great, but he has shouldered them manfully.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

San Francisco, Sept. 26th, 1873.—Our Wool Market has subsided, since the first news of the New York panic, on last Friday, from great activity to as great quietude. During the week there have not been sufficient transactions to establish quotations. There is no weakness apparent, although to effect sales now, concessions would have to be made, both buyers and sellers are holding off to see what the future may develop. Receipts during the week have been large.

WATT & MCLENNAN, Wool and Grain Commission Merchants,
623 Sansome street, corner Jackson.

THE MAIL BAG FOR OCTOBER.

The Mail Bag has just come out for October. Its contents are varied and interesting, embracing the most striking and bright articles that have appeared in the *News Letter*, besides some original matter. To persons who are fond of instructive and, at the same time, amusing reading, we would recommend a perusal of this "brochure." This magazine can be bought at any bookstore or newspaper stand in the city.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, Sept. 26th, 1873.—Gold opened at 111¼, 11 A.M. at 111¾; 3 P.M. at 114. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 118¾; 1867, 115¾. Sterling Exchange, 105¼@106¼. Pacific Mail, 30. Quicksilver Mining Company, 23. Wheat, $1 65@$1 85 quiet. Pork, 17¼, dull. Cotton, 17¼. Hides, dry, 24½@25, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 50@$1 52, fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 68@1 75; Whale, quiet, 58@65c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 60@74c. Wool—Spring, fine, 22@34c.; Burry, 18@24c.; Pulled, 30@45c. Fall Clips, 16@26c.; Burry, 13@19c. LONDON, Sept. 26.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 9d@12s. 11d. Club, 13s.@13s. 2d. United States Bonds, 91. Consols, 92¼@92¾, ac., 92¼@92¾.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, September 5, 1873: Mrs. Charles Crocker and family, Mrs. Kerchival, Miss Bella Thomas, Mrs. H. H. Day, Mrs. Theo. Payne, Warren Payne, Theo. Payne, J. B. Dickinson and wife, F. B. Taylor, E. F. Northam, R. J. Tiffany, Geo. A. Worn and wife, Mrs. Ross, Miss Ross, Hon. C. Hillyer and family, Mrs. Alexander, Miss Flora Hillyer, Theo. Bogle, Mrs. Jno. B. LeGay, Peter Decker and family, Mrs. M. Cheesman, Miss Cheesman.

The final payment of £10,000,000, on account of the £200,000,000 due by France to Germany, was paid on the 5th instant. France is therefore free from any indebtedness.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The week has been one of extreme quietness in commercial and financial circles. The Wall-street panic has not overwhelmed us, and although the occasion dictated care and prudence upon the part of bankers and money-lenders on California street, yet we have failed to perceive any felt stringency in monetary affairs upon this coast. The bank rate of one per cent per month remains unchanged—not one per cent *per day*, as the telegraph informs us is the Wall street rate. No suspension, no failures, have occurred here—everything is placid and calm. Wheat has declined some ten cents per cental from the highest shipping rate of the month, but that is the result of lessened Liverpool quotations and the great decline in sterling exchange at New York. At present, France and England are playing low. They have evidently combined forces to *bear* the Breadstuff market. First came the hue and cry of short crops; prices went up, and became much inflated; heavy Grain and Flour shipments from New York and California resulted, and, *presto change*, just as soon as this point was carried and the supply needed en route, down go prices in all markets. This enables millers, bakers and operators to enter the Liverpool and Havre markets, and buy up scores of floating cargoes of Breadstuffs at fair prices. These suffice for a few months' need, and by-and-by we will witness quite another deal and a still greater rise here and elsewhere. The fact ought not to be lost sight of, that old stocks of Grain in France and England are exhausted, and for the moment there is no scarcity of Bread, but soon this year's crop, light as it is, will be gone, and then they must look elsewhere for Flour and Grain. California has not the equal of last year's supply, nor has the United States; but we on this coast are hurrying off our surplus, satisfied with current prices, and it will be seen by reference to the following table that shippers here are not idle. Our exports to the United Kingdom the present harvest year stand thus:

	Ctls.	Value.
Totals since July 1st, 1873....53 vessels	1,478,818	$3,631,442
71 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	2,045,729	3,899,448
10 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	289,374	662,343
43 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	1,180,935	2,150,075
59 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	1,606,749	2,873,549

In addition to this, at date there are on the U. K. berth 23 vessels, aggregating 33,406 tons register.

Collection Day.—Monday is our semi-monthly day for settlement of accounts, and for several days past merchants and traders have been actively engaged pulling in sail and making all needed preparations therefor. Our merchants and business men generally were never sounder or more strong financially than they are to-day. No speculations have been entertained or carried on for a long period. Our farmers have very generally sold their crops and pocketed the money, paid off their store debts, discharged their bank obligations, and this in turn has contributed to the general welfare of the community. There is considerable property in process of shipment to the United Kingdom, and for this Sterling Bills, drawn at 60 days, are the means of payment, and it is very generally believed that the shippers thus obligated have made all necessary arrangements with their bankers to supply the needful. All have long heads, long purses, and good credits, and draw A 1 Bills, backed with shipping documents of unquestioned security, and with such implements in hand we do not see any obstacles to prevent a successful issue.

Removal of Railroad Offices.—It is estimated that three hundred employés attached to the offices of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, now being removed from Sacramento to their new quarters, on Fourth and Townsend streets, disburse not less than $300,000 annually. The General Ticket Office, the Freight Auditor's Department, the General Freight Offices and the Ticket Auditor's Department have already been moved. The Civil Engineers' Department and the General Audit Department are now being removed, and the Land Office will soon follow. The officers thus already taken from Sacramento are T. H. Goodman, Charles J. Wilder, A. D. W. McCullough, Wm. H. Porter and S. S. Montague, with forty employés, many of whom are men of families. The departments presided over by C. A. Grow and General Master Mechanic Stephens will necessitate those gentlemen to also remove. Among those yet to arrive are the President, Treasurer's and General Superintendent's Offices.

"London, Sept. 26th, 4:30 P. M.—All American securities excited; heavy decline." This is the wording of a telegram posted at the Merchants' Exchange, California street, at 1 o'clock Friday. Sterling Bills are quoted in New York, 103¼ a 105; Gold, at 3 o'clock, 114¾. The bank rate of discount in London is only 4 per cent., instead of 7, as quoted in some of the dailies. The effect here is to check the negotiation of bills on London, and cause rates to decline from 3 to 2¾d. for the week, when a week since commercial bills could be negotiated at 50d., the rate to-day is 52¾d. This state of things, we hope, is but temporary.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

A SINNER'S PRAYER.

Satan, to thee I pray,
 Father of evil!
Light thou my darksome way
 [illegible] Devil!
Thou art the better man,
Let him deny who can,
Angels before thee ran.
 In thee I revel

I do not fear the wrath;
 Thee I will follow;
Thine is the sweeter path,
 Freer from sorrow.
Though I this day should die,
Would there be one moist eye?
I'll not be troubled by
 Care for the morrow.

Short is the time to live,
 So much the better;
Let life its pleasures give,
 Then slip the fetter
That binds us down to earth,
For there is little worth
Having, where Death and Mirth
 Hob-nob together.

A[illegible] sounding brass,
 Love gives no token;
Oaths are as brittle glass,
 Easily broken
Truth is not in the land,
Crime waves a bloody hand,
War waits with sword and brand,
 A challenge spoken.

Women, so seeming meek,
 Plot to deceive us.
Knowing the flesh is weak—
 Then coldly leave us
All that we love and prize
Withers before our eyes,
And when the body dies
 Your fiends receive us.

Powerful Prince of Air,
 Hear I implore thee!
Answer my earnest prayer.
 Bowed down before thee,
I in devotion cry.
Thou art my God on High,
I live when thou art nigh—
 Live to adore thee. T. A. H.

LIFE IN THE ICE KINGDOM.

Whaling, in its details one of the most repulsive of human industries, has associations incomparably fascinating to the imagination, apart from the terrible toil, the courage, the endurance, and the danger involved in the pursuit. All these come into the picture, and underlie its charm, enhanced by the great distance, the parting from home and friends, the absolute silence, the complete isolation. No news comes to the homes of the whalers until they bring it, with ease and plenty, or the grim blank of failure; no passing ships hail the voyagers to the far North, to the region where man's dominion has never been acknowledged, where he is no more than a persevering intruder, who snatches, with inconceivable toil and difficulty, a few swift victories, and then is steadily, inexorably beaten back by the floating forces of the Ice King. The giant barriers of the ice realm are closed against him, and the mysterious night of the Arctic Winter bids defiance to his puny daring. When the darkness comes down upon the Polar world does the strange calm that broods over the great wastes of water within the great wastes of ice which form the Spitzbergen Islands remain untroubled, or do the winds howl over the black waves until the ice barriers shiver, and moan, and split themselves into frantic fragments, careering wildly under the rushing lash of the tempest, and anon closing up for long spells of their inexorable ward!

The beach had a history to tell full of warning, and yet of weird attraction, for here were bits of whale boats reduced to matchwood by the frightful action of the boisterous seas; fragments of wrecks of ships that had fought bravely against the ice, but had been beaten; bits of masts of merchant vessels; huge piles of driftwood, once stately trees on the side of some Siberian river, now stranded on the Arctic coast, and the little tunnels with which the sea worms had perforated it in every direction tenantless, for the wood-borers cannot live in the temperature of the awful Arctic seas. The wild duck and the white fox have the island to themselves, and beyond it lies the true commencement of the west ice, the surge of the heavy sea breaking upon the outer edge of the huge floating masses, and the illimitable distance laden with heavy blocks, interspersed with flat snow. Surely here is the end of all things, and no ship can ever get beyond this beautiful barrier—this spray-sprinkled diadem on the brow of the awful Ice King, shining with almost unbearable lustre of rubies, diamonds, emeralds, and sapphires, and the thundering sound of the disrupted masses which strew the sea is the warning of dismissal. They heed neither, but sail towards the densest part, through a fringe of broken ice in a heaving sea, forcing the schooner at full speed, and charging the most likely place for an entrance, as the surge rises and falls with awful fury. They get through, for they have men on board who are accustomed to deal with ice, to hit it carefully, and turn it gently from its way; and the wonderful operation succeeds, the schooner stands out to sea in a broad channel, with ice walls on either side, and the first terrific barrier lies between them and all life that is less than Arctic.

At first it is a little difficult to grow accustomed to the absence of darkness, then the perpetual light becomes pleasant; but there must be always some confusion about time, especially when occupation [illegible] excitement, when danger is never absent for long, and every object is absolutely strange and novel. To drift off into the indistinguishable fog on an ice layer, when in pursuit of a family of seals, warmest and most tantalizing of creatures, is only an incident, and then the sailors begin to recall dismal precedents. "You remember them 'ere chaps as was left in this here way, and was all froze to death!" says one to another. "As for that ship *Enterprise*, I assure you, sir," says a third, "we could speak to the men on the ice, but could not get at them! blowing a gale and freezing hard at the time! thermometer 40 degrees below zero! We did all we could; the oars and fore-masts were tied together to try and reach them by means of a raft, when they disappeared in the fog, lost to sight, though not to memory, and they all perished!" The whaling boats are in requisition, and the shoals of seals multiply, as the schooner sails northward under the never setting sun, amid a scene of silent desolation, and frequently muffled in dense fog, awfully insignificant, alien, and alone. Soon truly they are "beset with ice," and find themselves contemplating an aspect of nature "such as the painter might imagine, or the poet, with his [illegible], might invent, or the imagination of a sleeper could fancy in dreams of night." A great storm is blowing over the unfrozen sea far away, but the schooner, fastened to a bit of ice, whose two projecting tongues keep off the pressure of the outer ice, which has closed them up within two hundred yards, lies in deep calm. A boat is lowered, and the men sit in dead silence in it, watching for the narwhals, which are blowing near, and throwing up little jets of vapor from the blow-holes on either side of the head. The harpooner is ready, the tubs and the line are prepared; but the narwhal is difficult game; he goes at tremendous speed, and his range of vision is wide; so that when he is dragged on to the ice, with his spotted hide and his polished horn, he is a trophy of the first class. Great hordes of this curious mammal travel through the Arctic seas, tusk to tusk, and tail to tail, like a regiment of cavalry, thousands strong, and their play in great ice-encircled water-wastes is wonderful to see, as their dappled sides curve close to the surface, and the tilting swords are thrust above the waves in their reckless lunges; or they suddenly skim along the surface, curve their backs, and plunge headlong [illegible] following the vagaries of some chosen leader. When a crew of the schooner had killed their first narwhal, they made a vast fireplace out of his remains, the openings between the ribs serving for the purpose of a grate, packed in wood and oakum, and set fire to the materials, in order that the odorous fumes might attract any bears that might be in the neighborhood. But neither narwhal nor bear causes such excitement as the real "right whale," the tremendous giant of the seas, with the likeness of a man's head and face in the roof of his mouth; whose coming is waited for in speechless expectation, whose capture is the hardest work that men can do, whose value repays for all the labor and all the risk even men who have no eyes for the beauty and no sense for the sublimity of the scene. They are sailing on a silver sea, in the wonderful Arctic sunlight, which is unlike light in any other region, in the still, intoxicating air which fills their veins with life and thrills them with a strange happiness; past iridescent caves rising out of the pure water, they can see far back into them, where the upper edges are festooned with a dazzling ornament like a network of lace composed of fine glass, the fringe gleams in the prismatic light with every motion of the waves, and the fairy halls are filled with awful sound.

What marvelous, constant beauty and life where man is only a brief accident! Browsing in the distance are two Polar bears, which the crew kill, and whose stomachs are found to be quite empty. A few days more and a herd of walrus is reported (some of the individuals which compose it look, in the drawing of them, like very fat elderly men, lying on their stomachs placidly and happily drunk); so, with terrible interludes of danger, when the schooner was driven helplessly into the floes, and with constant endurance of extreme fatigue, they came to Spitzbergen, and found many [illegible] the Arctic creatures. These are extremely difficult to attack through the ice masses and snow valleys [illegible] though they have no knowledge of man and his murderous propensities, their keen scent warns them of the first approach of danger. And [illegible] each other, poor, faithful beasts, with a love strong [illegible] fear, of the instinct of self preservation. "Mr. Leigh Smith [illegible] in Hinlopen Straits in 1871, shot a large stag, but could not get near its companion, as they were a long way from the ship, he had the head and horns removed, and [illegible] with him to his schooner. They saw the survivor go to the headless remains and then follow the party to the ship. As it neared on the shore, a man quietly landed from the boat and shot it." Over the grand beauty of these transparent waters [illegible] the tremendous mounds or every foot of their fronts occupied by a sea bird, until numbers fail to give any notion of their myriads, and the great glacier which occupies the upper part of the harbor, and fills the mind with awe—the marvelous Arctic night is shining, and glorified as that it illuminates. But where the grandeur and the beauty are greatest, there the solitude is most appalling, and nowhere on the earth does man feel his weakness and insignificance so much as here amidst the awful desolation.—*Spectator.*

NEW FIRM.

San Francisco, Sept. 1st, 1873.—The undersigned beg leave to inform you that they have established themselves in the MERCHANT TAILORING BUSINESS, at 525 Montgomery st. (in the New Building corner of Clay). C. STALLMAN has just returned from New York, where he was engaged in the Fashionable Tailoring [illegible] for eight years and having formerly been at 424 Montgomery street in this city, in [illegible] years he [illegible] his many friends will kindly remember him. H. BRUGGEMAN [illegible] the last ten years been cutter at Mr. J. [illegible] begs [illegible] and flatters [illegible] the public. The new firm starts with a [illegible] of the latest [illegible] French and English COATINGS, FANCY CASSIMERES, SUITINGS, [illegible] giving the [illegible] satisfaction [illegible] only the [illegible] to cut and make [illegible] prices and [illegible] style [illegible] we request the favor of an early call.

Very Respectfully Yours,
STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,
Merchant Tailors 525 Montgomery street.

Sept 13.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That Mrs. Bridget Keating, of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, wife of Patrick Keating, intends to make an application to the County Court of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, on the [illegible] day of October, A. D. 1873, at the [illegible] for an order [illegible] to carry on [illegible] as a sole trader [illegible] The business she intends to carry on is that of keeping a boarding and lodging house in the City and County of San Francisco.

BRIDGET KEATING.

Dated San Francisco, Sept. 9, 1873. [Sept. 13.] M. COONEY, Att'y for Applicant.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, [illegible] the wonders of the microscope [illegible] the family circle. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the family circle [illegible] by any person [illegible] Microscope [illegible] The Universal [illegible] carefully packed by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan

Oct 26

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining [illegible] the whole being built [illegible] the hotel, but as it is named an elegant Villa, "THE VILLA" is located at the west or northwestern gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice.

GUIDO MANGENSTERN & CO., Proprietors.

August 2

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States. [illegible] Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares; Concise description of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc. Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts, through [illegible] by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Island and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. [illegible] by A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F. Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.

[September 17

DISSOLUTION

The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of WM. H. HOOPER & CO. [illegible] in San Francisco [illegible] dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. JNO. S. CARR retiring therefrom. The business will be continued by WM. H. HOOPER and JAMES M. BARNEY, under the same firm name, who will collect all assets and pay all liabilities. WM. H. HOOPER, JAS. M. BARNEY, San Francisco, Sept. 16th, 1873. [Sept. 20.] JNO. S. CARR.

NOTICE

Shippers to Santa Barbara and other Coast Ports, are requested not to rely on a paper called "THE GUIDE" for information as to the movements of our vessels. See advertisement in daily papers.

Sept 20 GOODALL, NELSON & PERKINS, Corner Clay and East sts.

BUENA VISTA VINICULTURAL SOCIETY,

Office, 400 Battery street, San Francisco.—Vineyards and Cellars, Sonoma. Orders respectfully solicited for WHITE and RED WINES and [illegible] BRANDY [illegible] called to their SPARKLING NATIONAL GRAPE, which received [illegible] Mention at the Paris Exhibition in 1867. [Sept 6.

V. DOL. D. TUBINO. L. DINGEON

LEON DINGEON & CO., MAISON DOREE,

217 Kearny street, between Bush and Sutter, San Francisco, Cal. DINNERS and PARTIES supplied in superior style on the most reasonable terms. Ornamental Pieces, every description of Ice Cream, Confectionery and Pastry. Sept 13

NOTICE.

Mr. William Hatrick (or Haycock) of Barnes, Surrey, or of Hamley [illegible] England.—You are hereby informed that your daughter, Miss ELIZA DUNN, [illegible] in San Francisco [illegible] Any communication addressed to her will be [illegible] for Mrs. F. Dunn, at the [illegible] Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Merchant street, San Francisco. June 21

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Hose, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12

C. STALLMAN.] **STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,** [H. BRUGGEMAN, Late with J. Eisenberg

Merchant Tailors, 525 Montgomery street (near corner of Clay) San Francisco. An Elegant and Well Assorted Stock of Novelties, in French and English Coatings, Fancy Cassimeres, etc. Sept 13

C. L. CRACKBON.] **U. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 5

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS [illegible] THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co., Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hodges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell, Wayte, Upton.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gas[illegible], Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanarcuith & Fos, Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Bastogi Freres, Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange, Boersen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq., James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine, Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner Langer & Co; C. Dubois & Co, Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M. Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Glyn & Co., Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co, Drury, Day & Co., Frk Anstie, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Union Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co, Theodore La Caille & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; R. and J. Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellars & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leichman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimerman, Fair & Co.

JAMES PRINCE LEE, BISHOP OF MANCHESTER.

Shortly after the decease of the Right Reverend James Prince Lee, D. D., F. R. S., etc., first Bishop of Manchester, the accompanying satirical epitaph was inserted in the Manchester *Examiner* and *Times* of Wednesday, March 10, 1870.—

"The following is being handed about among the Clergy of the Diocese. We do not know that we are at liberty to name its author, but there can be no harm in saying that he is neither a Radical nor a Dissenter:—

EPITAPH.

Here lies a Right Reverend Father in God,
Who ne'er spoil'd his children by sparing the rod;
Who took not his pattern from Him who when living
Was large-hearted, merciful, meek, and forgiving;
But preferring in strife to work out his salvation,
Made quarrels and scoldings his Christian vocation;
And, in mind of the pedagogue's narrower span,
Held the birch the sole nostrum for governing man.
Would you edit a book without learning or brains?
You have only to study his 'Barrow's Remains.'
Are you seeking your posthumous venom to spill?
You cannot do better than copy his 'Will.'"

Dr. Lee was a son of the late Mr. Stephen Lee, Secretary and Librarian to the Royal Society. He was born July 28th, 1804, consecrated Bishop of Manchester, January 23d, 1848, at Whitehall, by the Archbishop of York and the Bishops of Chester and Worcester, and died December 24th, 1869, at Mauldeth Hall, Lancashire, formerly the episcopal residence, but now the seat of William Romaine Callender, Esq., J. P., D. L. SOUTHERNWOOD.

THE OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

We hail with pleasure the starting of this company at No.'s 406 and 407 Sansome street, where the necessary machinery, etc. will shortly be in working order, for the manufacture of this excellent novelty of the dairy. The first public exhibition of this new butter will be held in the rooms of the Placard Exchange, Merchant street, so soon as the company have perfected their arrangements, which we understand will be within two weeks. We cannot better explain to our readers the new process and its advantages than by quoting the following from the Boston *Evening Transcript:*

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TRANSCRIPT: It will doubtless be news to many of your readers to learn that in this city a stock company has been formed for the manufacture of butter by an entirely new process and that it is in full tide of successful operation. It is called, or calls itself the "Oleomargarine Manufacturing Company." I will give you such facts regarding this company, the process of their operations, and the result of the experiment, as I have been able to gather from a distinguished professor of chemistry in this city, and also from other sources.

To produce butter in the ordinary way, we have to milk the cows, let the milk stand till the cream rises, skim off the cream, and then churn the butter. It is a long, tedious, round-about way (and not always very cleanly) to produce this essential article of food. Much of the butter made in this way is more or less rancid and not fit for the table. The butter thus made—good or bad—comes from the fatty tissues of the cow. A small portion of this fat or oil is combined with the milk; and as oil will not combine with water or milk, if the milk is allow to stand, the oil rises to the top in the cream. Take this butter and warm it to a certain degree, and you have nothing but oil.

Now the process of making butter is to go to the original source of the oil, viz., to the fatty tissues of the animal. This fat taken from any beef creature when killed—cow, steer, ox, etc., is taken and ground into a fine pulp. It is then warmed up to about 112 degrees Fahrenheit, when it is enveloped in cloths, somewhat like cheese, and the oil pressed out, large iron presses being used for the purpose. This oil is then cooled down to about sixty degrees, and placed in an ordinary churn, adding the same quantity of water or milk—though I believe they now use sour milk in preference—adding a little *anato*, a vegetable preparation used to color cheese; when the churning commences. In four minutes the operation ceases, and a splendid article of butter is turned out. The water or milk has then to be "worked out," as the ordinary buttermilk, and an ounce of salt to the pound [illegible]

It is a remarkable fact, that seventy-five pounds of oil will produce one hundred pounds of butter!—the extra twenty-five pounds being increased by the water, milk and salt.

Now the question is, "Is this good butter?" I answer that it is. It is purer, sweeter, better than any Philadelphia butter sold in the market at $1 per pound! Even the keenest judges cannot distinguish it from the finest butter in market. When President Grant was here some months since, he took dinner with a number of distinguished gentlemen. This was the only butter on the table. After the dinner, the company were told how it was made, and it was unanimously agreed that no finer butter was ever tasted. Some months since, and before the invention was made known, one of the parties interested took some of the butter to one of the heavy dealers in Washington Market, saying, "A farmer in the country owes me a large bill, but I cannot get my pay unless I take it in this butter. I wish you would taste it and tell me whether it is good butter, and what it is worth." The market man tasted, and said, "That is good butter; I will take ten tons at fifty cents per pound." (Butter was then higher than it is now.)

The company are now turning out about a thousand pounds per day, and it is estimated that when the additional machinery is introduced, then will make ten thousand pounds daily. All they can make now is taken by a few leading hotels and restaurants. While I was in the office last Saturday a messenger came in from the Union Club—the wealthiest and most aristocratic club in the city—and presented the following order: "Please send one tub of butter to Union Club. The same time let the wagon take back four or five empty ones." The company have been very reticent about their work, fearing the prejudice against "artificial butter," preferring to get the butter into general use before allowing the public to know how it was made.

Another remarkable fact is, that although the butter is sold at the usual price of the ordinary butter made from cream, its actual cost is not more than twelve cents per pound! The butchers furnish the fat, so that the oil can be produced at about ten cents per pound. The process of manufacture has been patented in the United States and in most of the European countries. The capital stock of the company is five hundred thousand dollars, but how much of this is already taken I do not know. I was told that on Wednesday next, 21st instant, they make the first quarterly dividend of five per cent.

The works are carried on by steam power and in a building 45 by 100 feet and four stories high. It is situated in East Fifty-sixth street, between Second and Third avenues. One thing that gives me confidence in the enterprise is the fact that a number of wealthy and substantial citizens have taken hold of it. A number of "State rights," or rights to use the patent, have already been sold. A number of prominent men at Brighton have purchased Massachusetts. California, and, I believe, Ohio have been sold. This certainly appears to be one of the biggest things out, though I have no money in it, having none to invest.

Yours, etc., G. Q. COLTON.

New York, Aug. 16th, 1873.

"Why were Adam and Eve turned out of Paradise?" demanded a school examiner. The child questioned hesitated a moment, and then replied, "Probably they were turned out because they couldn't pay their rent."

Said an inquiring child: "Mamma, what does the paper mean by saying that the [illegible] is to go on '*de die in diem?*'" Mamma replied: "I think, my dear, it means that it is to go on till somebody in it dies."

To the Benevolent.—There is a man so hard up that he sleeps on tick.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, in City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May [illegible], 12 o'clock [illegible] of [illegible] Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the [illegible] by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street to be called Montgomery Avenue, and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest [illegible] are attached to each bond, and are at the [illegible] of [illegible] payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in [illegible] of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,[illegible], as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and [illegible] at a former sale, leaving to be provided [illegible] Bonds the amount of $[illegible] Parties damaged have a preference [illegible] where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any [illegible] said Bonds, payable in [illegible] of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditioned that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer

May 10.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL FOR A PORTION OF THE NEW CITY HALL BUILDING

Office of Board of City Hall Commissioners, Corner Leavenworth and McAllister streets, San Francisco, July 12, 1873.

Sealed proposals for furnishing certain material for a portion of the New City Hall Building and Hall of Records will be received at the office of the Board for the following: Six million of Bricks; four thousand barrels Lime [illegible] Also for the following: Rolled Iron Joists, Wrought Iron [illegible] according to specifications, schedule, plans and drawings, to be furnished by the Board.

No bid will be entertained unless made on the "Printed Forms of Proposal" and accompanied by a bond with two good and sufficient sureties, in a sum equal to [illegible] per cent. of the total sum of the tender, conditioned for the due entering into the contract of the party to whom it may be awarded. The bids must be indorsed [illegible] the material proposed to be furnished, and addressed to the Secretary of the Board.

The specifications, schedule, plans and drawings can be seen, and all further information obtained at the office of the Board, where also forms of proposal will be furnished to intending bidders.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids. Payments will be made monthly, in "City Hall Warrants, of 75 per cent. of the estimated amount [illegible], and the remaining 25 per cent. when the contract is completed. The expense of advertising will be charged pro rata to the successful bidders.

P. H. CANAVAN, JOS. G. EASTLAND, CHAS. H. McLANE, Board of City Hall Commissioners.

July 26.

NOTICE.

Pursuant to a decree of the High Court of Chancery made in a cause of [illegible], on behalf of himself and [illegible] against the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company (limited) [illegible] the creditors [illegible] holding unpaid debentures [illegible] by the defendants the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company (limited), are [illegible] before the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, [illegible] prepaid to MR. WILLIAM TURQUAND, [illegible] the official liquidator of the Mineral Hill Silver Mines Company, [illegible] surnames, addresses and descriptions, the full particulars of their claims [illegible] of such debentures [illegible] default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from [illegible] are [illegible] to produce [illegible] debentures [illegible] Vice Chancellor Sir [illegible] and Malins, at his chambers situate [illegible] on THURSDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF NOVEMBER [illegible] noon, being the time appointed for adjudicating on the [illegible] to forward his debenture to the said Mr. Turquand for production [illegible]

Dated this 19th day of July, 1873. [illegible] WALKER, Chief Clerk.

ANTHONY PULBROOK, 23 Threadneedle street, London, E. C., Plaintiff's Solicitor.

[August 23.]

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL. The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's" [illegible] of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and [illegible] the San Bruno depot, has been refitted and will be opened May [illegible] sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.

A. J. GAMBILL.

June 7.

REMOVAL.

A. S. Hallidie, Manufacturer of Wire and Wire Rope, has Removed his office and warerooms to No.'s 113 and 115 Pine street. Patentee of the Patent Endless Wire Rope Way, for transporting ores and materials over mountainous and difficult roads. June 28.

PIONEER WAREHOUSE,

S. W. Cor. Battery and Filbert streets.—The undersigned are now prepared to receive all kinds of Storage. Rates of storage [illegible] per month [illegible] Sacks [illegible] Storage [illegible] weighed and delivered to order, or stored without expense or cartage.

CURTIS & REESE.

Sept 13

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention [illegible] be given to City Collections, and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. [illegible] negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 1.

L. H. NEWTON.] **NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,** [MORRIS NEWTON

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 1.

O. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom 512 Bush street. Factory, 443 Brannan street. Feb 1.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills [illegible] of every kind.

Feb 10. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

COURT CHAT.

The Prince of Wales paid a visit to the Irish Exhibition, in Dublin, on Saturday, August 23d. On entering, he and his suite were met and led to the main floor of the building by the Lord Mayor, who was followed by a distinguished party, and had luncheon. Later in the afternoon he had gone a garden party at which the Prince, Mr Cardwell, Sir H. Keppel, Sir Wm. Hall, Major Teesdale, Lady Emmeline Stanley, the Duke of Connaught, Colonel Mackenzie, and Lady Emmeline Stanley were present. Lord Waterford hospitably lent his yacht, which, within sight of the party, was seen in the sheltered at the particular point of the craft. A steam launch and several ships boats carried the prince and when after considerable delay, they succeeded in getting the yacht off, the prince led the spectators in cheering the performance. In the evening His Royal Highness entertained a party at dinner on board the *Victoria and Albert*.

The report that the Comte de Paris has declared that the Orleanist party is a traitor, seems to be false, the persons fusion, is denied, and according to the Paris correspondent of the *Times* is well informed, is false. On the contrary, a letter recently written by the Comte de Paris expresses a total, yet friendly view, and is very enthusiastic in favor of the Comte de Chambord. There is no truth in the despatch, seems to say in the report of the Times, certain circumstances have been brought on. Nothing has been changed since August 5th. The Comte de Chambord is without means, and is dependent on his friends for support. He is not a recluse, but is not able to stand the sun, passes the month of September in Switzerland, and has not agreed that he will not be able to receive his friends until October, either at Frohsdorf or in France.

The Duke of Edinburgh has set an example which, we trust, will be followed at all courts of the nation, and the air of entertainments, namely that it remains not the performance of a special function, but is a social one, to the artists, but to the general company when just before the term not in a rush is made. There are many well that the number were greater who really go to concerts, operas and plays to hear and enjoy the music and acting of the most best full compositions and the most with in the house. It is a reality to have them marred by a third person anxious to escape first to reach they term the "awful hour." The same remark is applicable to the theater, for real lovers of the drama do not wish to see a small circle certain dirty. It is then to come small and so quietly to be wished that the example set by the Prince may be universally adopted.

Home Rule with a vengeance is now to be advocated in Dublin. Here is the programme it is to insist upon:—The replacement of the Lord-Lieutenant by a Sovereign (with a nominal title of King), nominated by the Queen, and elected by universal suffrage; the establishment of a legislative relation with Great Britain, the right of "the people" to confer hereditary titles, 300 peers and 300 commoners elected by universal suffrage to form the Irish Parliament; no peers to sit in the House of Lords; abolition of the "gentry" in right to establish an Irish army; a national navy, to be officered by the estate of shareholders, and land of the estate of their estates; and a part of branches we hope, for Ireland. Lyon, whose influences in this respect have been the theme of several Irish song.

The funeral of the Duke of Brunswick took place August 29th at Geneva with great ceremony. Early in the morning, guns were fired, bells rung, the people rejoicing and the. The public circulation retail shops and the shops were closed, and there was a general holiday. The body having been embalmed, was transferred yesterday to the Rue of the Rhône, and a catafalque of great height was placed in the middle. The funeral and mortuary chapel were present at the funeral service, and M. Lorrain the President of the Administration, and Colonel Chaudet, the Commander of the Guard, and the Duke of Genevois to the Duke.

Sir Henry Holland, who is about 83 years of age, has just left town on his ordinary two months tour for his Sunday. Sir Henry has made a fifty years tour in the United States and Canada and one to Jamaica, he has for some time traversed over the East; he has made three tours to Algeria, two in Russia, and has several times visited Sweden and Norway, yet he says he has never lost a patient by his wandrings. More than once in return to from America he has been in the route of a train on stepping into his carriage at the Boston Railway Station.

The Pope has appointed thirty new cardinals. Their names are not to be published for the present. Nothing happens to run under the rule of the Pope, to publish the name which first appointed in secret, on that occasion, the instant acknowledgment as cardinals by the brethren, and the rule legally empowered and formally invested to all in the Consistory.

The death is announced of Lady Elizabeth Byron, at the Rectory, Barkby, Mary Ann Byron. Her maiden name was the daughter of the late Rev. Everard Charles Fox, of Barkby, Leicestershire, married in 1791 to marry March 1st, 1, to George Anson, 6th Lord Byron, Admiral R. N., and entered Lord in Waiting to the Queen. Her ladyship, by marriage, was cousin to the celebrated poet.

A story is told of the late Duke of Brunswick which gives us some idea of his character. He had, it seems, agreed to the extent of one hundred thousand francs, payable at four weeks payment. He was at a loss for the coin on change, and offered the bank notes from his desk and hand. He Royal Highness was very much disturbed until he had found the piece and placed it carefully in his pocket.

It is stated that before leaving Constantinople the Shah presented his portrait to Ismail Pasha to the Grand Vizier and to the Russian ambassador, Generals Ignatieff. A like gift was proposed to the British ambassador, but Sir Henry Elliot, acting in accordance with the rules of the English diplomatic service, declined it.

The Cologne Gazette says:—Dr. Dudgeon, of Pekin, has received from the Emperor of Russia a beautiful diamond ring as an acknowledgement for his work "The Relations of Russia with China." The work is based upon research in the archives of the Russian Embassy at Pekin and is three duodecimo and books. As a contribution to the history of Russia in Asia it has extraordinary value.

The Emperor of Austria has ordered a four days' mourning for the late Duke of Brunswick. The Brunswick Bridge for Danube is to be the opening of several Brunswick lawyers and notes. If at the late duke's wish is not to be, still as far as the more practical property in Brunswick. The *Tagblatt* considers it likely that the queen will be formally invited.

The statement to the effect that the Empress of the French has paid three personal visits to Geneva, incognita, in order to persuade the Duke of Brunswick to change his will in favor of the Prince Imperial, is denied by the *Telegraph*. His Majesty has never visited Geneva, and has not seen the Duke of Brunswick since Sept. 1st, 1873.

A telegram to the Daily News mentions a report that M. Grévy has written to the President of the Chamber of Deputies that M. Rémusat's letter, which was read in the Chamber, was not written by M. Rémusat, but by Rémusat, and that the letter was written, it is stated, at the instance of the Duke de Paris.

According to a Paris telegram, it is not the flag after all which slopes the way to a Monarchy, as first stated. Chambord agreed to the tricolor, the flag, and the flag only, is the emblem of a republic. The real problem is whether a charter shall be granted or accepted by him.

Queen Isabella of Spain has returned with her children to Paris from Saint-Adresse, near Havre. Her Majesty will shortly leave for Rome, or for Mex, where she will remain until October.

The question of Lieutenant-General Hay's successor at the Cape of Good Hope is expected to be decided shortly, and it is said that the Commander-in-Chief's return to the Horse Guards from the Continent.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution. Answer Bates. Three years of the most strict and private trial and test has now been finally completed, and the result is that Lea & Perrins' Worcestershire Sauce is now pronounced by the most eminent connoisseurs to be the only good sauce. Lea & Perrins' Sauce is the original Worcestershire, and the only genuine. Beware of spurious imitations. Wholesale agents, Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc. Sold by grocers and oilmen generally. To be obtained of Messrs. Lea & Perrins, Worcester, and Messrs. Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc. Sold by grocers and oilmen generally. To be obtained of

THE METHODIST CONFERENCE.

Mr. Editor:—I deem it a solemn Christian duty which I owe to my God, to humanity, and to myself, to call the attention of this unthinking community to the manifold blessings which they enjoy, in addition to the perennial dispensation of daily favors showered upon us by a kind Providence in the shape of rain, rent, rags, nightmares and measles, mange, measles, mould and mildew, smallpox, scurvy, cholera, potato rot, and a thousand and one other blessings too numerous to mention. I request, that in addition to all the above quoted favors this Commonwealth hath received, at the hand of the Christian divinity, an especial consideration in the shape of a holy conclave known as the Methodist Conference, which has been in session in this city for some time past. A small obscure sheet known as the San Francisco Advocate, having only a moderate circulation in the city, has published and laid before its readers a garbled report of the proceedings of this august body, which statement is entirely inaccurate. I do not wish to be understood as doubting the zeal, energy, honesty of purpose, truth and integrity of the little editor of the above-mentioned small paper. I only state that the taste, habits, feelings, and antecedent surroundings of the little reporter, has shaped his pathway in the lower walks of life, reducing his nature within narrow intellectual specialty narrow circle of comprehension rendering his perceptive faculties totally inadequate to the appreciation of the needs, wants, desires, hopes, aspirations and ultimate object of this holy band of ministers being most properly known as the Methodist Episcopal Conference. Among the proceedings of the first day's meeting, was a resolution passed unanimously inviting your humble servant the Parson, to attend. I acknowledged the honor, and respond I did to the invitation in the mild, modest and diffident manner becoming a man of God, and accepted. At the earnest solicitation of Bishop Peck, I now propose to give to this God-fearing community, through the only reliable religious journal on the coast, the *News Letter*, a correct, condensed report of the proceedings of the M. E. Conference.

First day, assembled at sharp 9 a. m., Bishop Peck in the Chair. Prayer by Brother Simmonds: "Our Father who art in Heaven (Voice in the gallery, 'Owed Brown four ten dollars, and paid him seven'), hallowed be Thy name (Voice, 'I'll receipt my bill for one half the same')." Simmonds closed out with a faint Amen. Brother Ross, the presiding elder, then gave out the following beautiful hymn, every member joining in the heavenly strain. Air—"Blessed Union."

> Come, all good people, learn to tell
> How our lay brother, John Maynes,
> Drank Jones' rum till down he fell,
> And there he lay as drunk as hell,
> And felt that blessed union.

Brother Benson then secured the floor, and stated, in substance, that this conference had met for business, whereupon Brother Baker of Oakland arose, and said: Dear Brethren: As this is a business call, I wish to draw your attention to a superior article of pegged shoes, my own manufacture, and I offer them at a very low figure for cash. You will find them all as per sample here exhibited. Next, was called by the chair. Brother Bower, from Red Dog, jumped up and stated that he was introducing out a fine quality of playing cards; they are made of doeskin, and are very durable, and, in place of the usual spots seen on those wicked gambling cards, the face of his cards were finely illustrated with beautiful Bible subjects—such as angels, hearts, cherubs, beasts, nymphs and the three graces. Bower sat down amid the cries of Amen, glory, bless the Lord, from all parts of the house. Brother Bridge wished to draw their attention to a very superior article of soft soap, a full supply was subscribed for by every member. Eye-opener, was next in order, after which Brother Todd, from Hangtown, drew from his pocket a patent clothes-pin, saying that he wished to have it introduced into all the Methodist theological schools. He said it was specially adapted to young students, and if worn as a compress on the nose they would acquire the unadulterated nasal twang so useful at camp-meetings. Elder T. B. Tansey closed the first day's labors by singing the following beautiful verses from the songs of Solomon. Air—"When Shall I See Jesus?"

> Low on a slippery place I stand,
> A sparkling drink on either hand,
> And know not which to try;
> Behind me rum, before me gin,
> My book says both are deadly sin,
> Yet I am awful dry.

The first day's proceedings was a fair sample of each succeeding day's labor; each and every member had something to sell on his own account, or held an agency from some absent Brother. There were for sale patent articles of every description, medicine, shoe knives, paper collars, oyster tongs, flea powder, chewing gum, snake root, henbane, pokeweed, and a host of other important blessings, with which humanity is burdened, and the ultimate end, aim and object of the conference was to extend the field of its labors and widen the circle of Methodism, until it should enfold in its grasping embrace all civilization, the final result to be money—hordes of money—for the leaders and directors of the pious movement. By special request, Mr. *News Letter*, I ask you to append to the foregoing report the following beautiful chant, which was improvised for the occasion, and sung by the conference, standing, at the closing scene, on the last day of its labors. The air was taken from an old shanty song, much used by negro sailors in the West Indies, and is called "John, Come Down with the Hi Lo."

SONG.

> Oh, brother, don't you know me!
> Hurrah! hurrah!
> The way to heaven I show thee,
> Hang, boys, hang.
> The devil sure will see us,
> Hurrah! hurrah!
> Unless we go to Jesus,
> Hang, boys, hang.
> We'll hang and hang together,
> Hurrah! hurrah!
> We'll hang in stormy weather,
> Hang, boys, hang.
> The bed I mean to lie on
> Hurrah! hurrah!
> Is on the hill of Zion,
> Hang, boys, hang.
>
> We'll cross the river Jordan,
> Hurrah! hurrah!
> Along with brother Gordon;
> Hang, boys, hang.
> We'd reach that blissful Aden,
> Hurrah! hurrah!
> With golden glory laden,
> Hang, boys, hang.
> That land of milk and honey,
> Hurrah! hurrah!
> We'll reach by getting money,
> Hang, boys, hang.
> Come death and waft us over
> Hurrah! hurrah!
> To those celestial fields of clover;
> Hang, boys, hang.

Yours, in booger,
THE PARSON.

THE OAKS, September, 1873.

GOVERNOR BOOTH AND HIS STAFF.

We had the pleasure of inspecting, at Messrs. Bradley & Rulofson's gallery, one of the most remarkable specimens of photographic work probably ever executed. It is a large picture, seventy-five by fifty-eight inches, of Governor Booth surrounded by his staff. One peculiar feature in it purely appertaining to a republican form of government is, that the Governor wears the simple dress of a citizen of his State, while his staff very properly wear their brilliant uniforms. But it is of the merits of the picture as a work of art that we would speak. The grouping is excellent, there is no crowding nor confusion, and all appear to fall as naturally into place as any dozen well-bred gentlemen would in a drawing-room. Of course, the Governor is the principal center figure, he stands surrounded by Adjutant-General Foote, Colonels Mo Iran Campbell, Bucknel, and Edgar Mills, Lieut. Colonels Lancaster, Hook, Sprecklee, Hubbard, Dodge and Harvey all of them in various different postures, some sitting, others standing, but all in perfect harmony and easy of pose. The likenesses being photographed, cannot fail to be good. The retouching and finish of the picture are most elaborate and delicate, the very walls and flooring has been gone over, the consequence is, a correctness of perspective and roundness and projection of the figures that is admirable. For want of a better word, we should call this work a photo-crayon. The artist to whom all praise is due, is Mr. Max Bachert, so long known in connection with Messrs. Bradley & Rulofson's atelier.

A mower who can mow at night as well be no mower.

ITALIAN OPERA.

Mancusi has nobly fulfilled his promises and the past week we have been treated with fresh operas and fresh artistes. Naturally we turn to the new arrival first. Mme. Stat, who was not the last early we cannot back to her old friends, and appeared to us on her return as much as the did. Whether her voice has lost none of its power and added improvement in her acting is apparent. She sings *Il Barbiere* for her rea, presence and her "Il Bacio" was really taking song and acted a part that requires most perfect any both of the exquisite tenderness. The aria from the Sicilian Vespers, which she introduced into the music lesson, was rapturously encored. It gave her the opportunity to display her fine voice and exquisite trills. Orlandini, another novelty in this troupe, was "Figaro," he likewise met with a well deserved welcome. It has been remarked that he was not so lithe in his movements as other actors in the same role, but when it is known that one of his sides is partially paralyzed, every allowance must be made and his fine voice and careful acting amply atone for such. We must give due praise to Mancusi who yielded his usual role of the "Barber" to Orlandini, and who taking the subordinate part of "Dr. Bartolo," made it prominent by his inimitable acting. The house was not so full as usual, but the Jewish New Year, and other attractions, that evening drew away many of the habitues. Not so on Wednesday when there was a jam, a treat, and a triumph. The opera was *Il Ballo in Maschera*, and both the prima donne appeared in it. Mme. Stat, as "Oscar," made an immense success, her costume was elegant and becoming and she sang with an energy and brilliancy that surprised even her friends. "Saper vorreste" was loudly applauded, and "Volta la terra" obtained a tumultuous encore. Signora Visconti as "Amelia," fully sustained her reputation and never was in better voice, and Verall was perfect as Riccardo. As for Mancusi, he was his old self again, with all his pure fine vigor and execution. We are convinced that he grows every night he sings.

Last night *Norma*, with Signors Visconti as the "Priestess," Mme. Stat as "Adalgisa," Verall "Pollio," and Mancusi "Oroveso." What more was wanting to draw the most crowded house of the season. Signora Visconti seemed to have reserved her powers for this, her favorite character. She was in splendid voice, and threw a dignity and imperious passion into her part that drew plaudits from the entire audience. Mme. Stat was not less successful in her role, and the famous duet met with the applause it deserved. Verall was as good and correct as ever in the grateful part of the Roman, and the chorus and orchestra were both up to the mark.

The management have issued a circular thanking the public for the patronage hitherto bestowed on the first season of ten nights now nearly at its close, and refer, with just pride, to their fulfilment of the contract, having produced *nine different operas in as many successive nights*. They announce a new season of ten more nights, and a limited number of subscribers at the prevailing prices, at the same time adding that "The season already passed proves that a troupe of able operatic artists will always be sustained by the people of this city." The new season will commence next Wednesday, and the operas will be selected from the best repertoire, such as *Il Guarany*, *Faust*, *Rigoletto*, *La Sonnambula*, *Trovatore*, etc., etc. To-morrow a popular night, with *Norma*, Monday *Il Ballo*, Wednesday *Faust*. We do hope that our increasing and cosmopolitan city will be able to make an Italian opera troupe a permanent feature of our amusements.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

At the Alhambra Theater, the Susan Galton and Jennie Lee Troupe still occupy the stage. The performance this week has consisted of the comedy of *Peggy Green* and the opera bouffe, *Trumb-Alca-zar*. In the first, Miss Jennie Lee capitally sustained the role of "Peggy." Her sudden changes from the rough country girl, almost outlandish in her uncouthness, to the simple little country lass, charming in her simplicity, and again to the bright, wide awake city milliner, were most artistic. In *Trumb-Alca-zar*, Miss Galton, we thought, hardly sang as well as in the performances of the preceding two weeks. Her notes, sweet as some of them were, seemed unequal, and occasionally shaky—too much encoring. Of the gentlemen, John Howson deserves most praise. As "Nicholas," the chaw bacon, in the first piece, and "Ignace," the intended innkeeper, in the second, he was nearly as good as in the wooden soldier of the French republic, which was the best piece of comicality given here for some time. Mr. Arnold's voice has not improved, but he still sings with power and expression the very poor music allotted him. The chorus sang so capitally on Tuesday night that they received a well-merited encore.

California Theater.—Bartley Campbell's drama, *Fate, or Brought to Judgment*, has run the week and has drawn good houses. It is one of the most perfectly mounted pieces we have ever seen—nothing seems to clash, and the situations are natural yet striking. Miss Carlotta Leclercq's "Helen Faraday" was a perfect piece of acting, easy, graceful and full of force. Louis Morrison, as the impetuous husband, plays with a great amount of spirit and dash, and seems to understand the author's idea of the character. As "Juno Temple," the adventuress, Miss Annie Graham acted with even more than her usual power, while Mrs. Edwin, as "Miss Dyces," was amusing. "Derwent," as taken by Harry Edwards, was a nice, quiet, and legitimate piece of acting. Williamson, as "Blake," and Miss Maggie Moore, as "Sally," were unusually good, neither of the characters being overdone.

Shiels' Opera House.—*Tickr Steed, or, Bertha the Midget*, a drama in three acts, by J. McCloskey, was put upon these boards on Thursday. It is one of the blood and thunder school of dramas. The scenery, etc., was exactly of a kind likely to either elevate the drama or the tastes of the audience. Little Miss Adelaide was the great attraction, and as "Bertha," drags in her banjo, song and dance on every possible occasion.

Miss Fannie Cathcart opens at Shiels' Opera House, on Monday evening, in the tragic drama, *The Woman in Red*, a piece in which she was highly successful in the Colonies. Miss Cathcart is a legitimate artist, her last appearances in London having been in conjunction with the lamented G. V. Brooke, when she played "Ophelia," "Desdemona," "Pauline," "Portia," "Julie de Mortimer," "Virginia," "Torquera," "Mrs. Haller," etc. In the Colonies she played a long starring engagement, and always held a high position in the profession, often supporting poor Walter Montgomery in leading characters. She will be followed by her husband, Mr. Darrell, of whom great things are also said.

Mr. Fred. Lyster left for New York on Thursday evening. He will represent Manager Maguire in the metropolis, engaging and forwarding talent for the Alhambra, etc. He is united to a charming wife, Miss Minnie Walton, under engagement to Italy for three years, has had many professional offers since her return in the great city. Among others Lester Wallack wished to engage her to play Polyphon, in *The Green Bush*, a character in which she made a great hit here, but her contract with Daly rendered this impossible.

Wherever the Pianos of Hallet & Davis are shown they invariably carry off the first prizes. Fifty-three first premium medals have already been awarded to these Pianos. For power and sweetness of tone, for free and responsive touch, and for sustained quality of tone throughout, these Pianos have few if any equals. All the leading pianists of the day unite in praising Hallet, Davis & Co.'s Pianos, and declare they have no equal in America. Wm. G. Badger, 13 Sansome street, is the sole Agent for these fine instruments.

The indefatigable Muybridge took his instruments out to the north heads and returned with some capital photographs of the wreck of the *Costa Rica*. One of them represents the vessel as she appears at a distance, showing her miraculous escape from certain destruction on one of the numerous rocks by which she is surrounded. The others are taken closer, and show the position of the ship with the shore. These pictures have a local historical value.

To all lovers of music and the drama, we would recommend Watson's *Musical Monthly*, a copy of which we have now before us. It contains two fine illustrations representing well-known musicians, excellent reading matter and some beautiful musical selections.

Bullock & Jones have all the new Fall Styles of Cassimeres and Coatings, and their guarantee of fit and make can not be excelled. No. 421 Montgomery street.

KENNEDY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,
French Cassimeres
and Beavers.
—ALSO—
Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for the retail department from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments.
[May 24.]

Stuart Seldon Wright,
ATTORNEY
AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.
OFFICES:
Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., up stairs.
Aug 9

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	50@	55
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	25@	35
Eggs, ℔ doz.	46	50
Lard, ℔	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish ℔	3@	4
Lima Beans, ℔	6@	
Tomatoes, ℔	3@	4
Onions, ℔	3@	5
Squash s, ℔	2½@	4
Pumpkins, ℔	2½@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	15
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	10@	15
Celery, ℔ doz b	75@1	00
Beets, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b	6@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	6@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	6@	25
Green Peas, ℔	6@	8
String Beans, ℔	5@	8
Apples, ℔	4@	8
Pears, ℔	5@	10
Peaches, ℔	6@	15
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	12½	25
Do. new, ℔	8@	12
Oranges, ℔ doz.	40	75
Lemons, ℔ 100	1	50
Limes, ℔ doz	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Quail, ℔ doz	@1	50
Turkeys, ℔	20@	25
Geese, ℔ pair	@3	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	1 25@2	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	40	40
Oysters, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	15@	16
Salmon, fresh, ℔	10@	
Codfish, ℔	12½	15
Rockfish, ℔	8@	12
Smelts, ℔	10@	15
Tomcod, ℔	12@	
Sturgeon, ℔	10@	18
Flounders, ℔	25@	
Halibut, ℔	30@	50
Perch, ℔	8@	
Shrimps, ℔	10@	12
Anchovies, ℔	6@	8
Soles, ℔	30@	50

E. S. TIBBEY,
Stock Broker,
No. 6 LEIDESDORFF ST.
Aug 9

H. F. Williams & Co.,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS.
ROOM 20,
STEVENSON'S BUILDING,
SOUTHWEST CORNER OF
California and Mont. sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
Aug 23

BIZ.

As predicted in our last issue the wrecked Pacific Mail steamship Costa Rica has been safely floated and towed off the rocks at the entrance of the Golden Gate, and is now in the dry dock, undergoing needed repairs, preparatory to resuming her trips to Honolulu early in October. We congratulate Captain Lapidge, Superintendent Waddell, and Captain Birmingham, with their associates, for the work so successfully and speedily accomplished. In less than a week's time the wreckers have discharged her cargo of Island produce into lighters, and by the aid of divers, camels, and some half dozen tugs, the work of saving this fine iron propeller has been safely accomplished, and this favorite steamer saved to continue her Island trips. Captain Lapidge and his faithful crew stood manfully by the vessel, never leaving her for a moment, night or day, but whether this old favorite commander will be permitted to continue in service we know not, but judging from the past we conclude that he will retire to the shades of private life, with the laurels already won by many years of faithful toil in the Company's service. As soon as it was announced that the Pacific Mail Steamship Company had no spare steamer to take the place of the Costa Rica, other parties at once placed the bark J. W. Seaver on the berth, and now we have the regular packet D. C. Murray (since arrived from Honolulu). Both these vessels will sail this week for the Sandwich Islands, carrying the government mails, and will, no doubt, be followed by the steamer within another week. A private letter from Honolulu, now before us, says: "There has not been a time for six years when our market was so bare of sugar and molasses. Of the latter there is not a barrel to be had, and we doubt if much will come in before January." The D. C. Murray brought about 300 tons Island freight, arriving this week with 666 pkgs molasses, 4,000 pkgs sugar, etc. It will be some time before we can receive any further news from Honolulu, and this intelligence will be heightened by the serious illness of the King, and for his recovery some anxiety is felt. The U. S. steam frigate Portsmouth will remain at the Islands for the present, pending any changes that may occur in the government of Hawaii.

The Breadstuff market has undergone considerable decline during the week. Wheat, for which $2 35 was readily paid a fortnight since, for large cargo parcels and firm, is now difficult of sale at $2 25, and millers are now able to stock up at $2 20 per cental or less. The business of the week has been seriously interfered with by Eastern advices, and more particularly by the heavy decline in Sterling Bills in New York, quoted there at 106 @ 6, which must result in heavy imports of gold, as the balance of trade is evidently in our favor. Flour is held with firmness at $6 for superfine, $7 @7 25 for extras. Sales for the week include 6,000 bbls Golden Gate Mills, for export, at full rates. The Golden Age and Starr Mills, Vallejo, are each busy, running on export orders. Barley is held with great firmness at $1 45 @1 55 for coast feed, up to $1 60@1 65 for choice new bay. Old brewing is at $1 72½@1 75. Chevalier, new, is scarce and wanted at $1 85@1 90 per cental. Oats are very plentiful at $1 50@1 65 for common, and for good to choice, $1 75@1 90 per cental. Extra choice seed, $2@2 10.

The Yacht Minnie, commanded by Commodore MacCrellish, aided by a score of old salts, made a trip to the Dry Dock on Thursday, to see the Costa Rica, and examine her bottom. Captain Heiben, Captain M. R. Roberts, Commodore Manty, Col. Rice, "Governor Driver," and others, unknown to the writer, were of the party. After spending a couple of hours at the Dry Dock, and making very critical examinations of the propeller, the party returned to the city, having been favored with a stiff breeze, landing at Jackson-street wharf in good shape at half-past five o'clock.

Freights to the United Kingdom have declined during the week. The Austria, 1800, wheat, to Liverpool direct, £3 2s. 6d. Ship John Bryce, 1868, wheat, if to Liverpool direct £3 5s., or if to London or Havre direct £3 7s. 6d. These are the latest spot engagements of which we have any knowledge. The Sonora, 1528, not satisfied with current rates, leaves in ballast for Manila, under instructions from Eastern owners. Ships are arriving here in ballast from Callao, Melbourne, etc. There is no scarcity of tonnage, nor do we think there will be for six months to come. On the contrary, indications point to a surplus of ships for the balance of the year. We have now a dozen disengaged ships in port.

Wool is sluggish, owing to unfavorable advices from the East. Thus far the fall clip has commanded high prices for Eastern account, but now with light stocks business is slack. Sales for the week, 450,000 ℔s. Up to the first of the week we had a very active market. Since the opening of the present week, however, transactions have been light, and will continue so until the Eastern money market is fully relieved, so that shippers can make their exchanges without trouble. Prices rate about the same as last week's quotations. Burry and defective fleece still dull of sale. We quote choice parcels nominal at 18 @ 20c, heavy Capes 14 @ 17c, and Burry, 10 @ 13c. The steamship Nevada carried to New York, via Panama, 41,300 ℔s., ship Black Hawk for ditto, via Cape Horn, 533,018 ℔s. August shipments East by rail, 2,486,036 ℔s.

Coal is very plentiful, and for this low prices continue to prevail. Cargo sales of Australian and Scotch steam made this week at or about $9, this low price has a depressive effect upon local production, particularly from Coos Bay, Seattle, etc.

Coffee continues in good request with steady buyers of Guatemala at 22c, Costa Rica, 23½c for choice.

Cordage is in large supply, and by reason of local over stock, prices reduced and factories stopped.

Chemicals are scarce and wanted, particularly Caustic Soda, which rules high.

Candles are in fair request at 13½ @ 17½ for adamantines.

Cement is plentiful, Portland $5, Rosendale $1 80.

Fish.—Salmon are in better supply with a good export demand.

Malt Liquors continue largely in favor, both for English Ale and London Porter. **Metals** are plentiful and slow of sale at low prices.

Molasses.—The D. C. Murray, from Honolulu, brought us 666 packages, price 28 @ 30c. **Nails** continue to rule at $5 and upwards.

Naval Stores.—Rosin, $4. Spirits Turpentine, 65c. **Oils.**—Linseed is higher, now, 95 @ $1 05 for raw and boiled. Whale, 40c; Polar Sperm 65c.

French Goods.—The non-arrival of the French bark Stella Marie, from Bordeaux, and the restricted stock of Wines in casks and cases, gives a decided firmness to the market. We quote good cargo Wines at $47 @ 48 per cask, and a better quality from $50 @ 52 50. Ordinary Wines, in cases, are in demand, but there is no stock here or to arrive in six months to come, on account of the high prices in France, which prevent the present importation. In Port Wine, some sales, aggregating 200 octaves and 50 qr casks, have been made this week at advanced prices. Owners now ask $1 to $1 15 ℔ gallon.

Hops.—Large shipments have been made this month to the East by rail on consignment. Receipts here are increasing with few purchases, brewers buying only in a small way, being rather inclined to hold off. The stock of old is exhausted, while the new crop is held at 35 @ 45c as extreme.

Hides.—The market is strong at 17½ @ 19c for usual selection of Dry; Wet Salted, 8½ @ 9c. 5,000 ℔s Wet Salted Hides sold at 9¼c.

Provisions.—Eastern Sugar and Hams are in request at 16 @ 17c. Bacon, 11 @ 11½c; Shoulders, 9c. Lard 10 @ 11c. Butter, in firkins, 25 @ 30c; ditto, in rolls, 40 @ 45c. Cheese, 10 @ 14c. **Pulu**, 7¼c. **Quicksilver**, $1 10.

Rice very plentiful and cheap. Siam and China, 5¾ @ 6¼c; Hawaiian Table, 6¾ @ 7c. **Salt.**—Liverpool, $18 @ $21; California Crystal, $14 @ $15.

Soap.—Castile, 9 @ 11c.; Pale and Chemical Olive, 5¾ @ 8c.

Spirits are in better request at hardening prices. Neutral, California, $1 10 @ $1 45. Bourbon Whisky, $1 75 @ $2 25 for common to good. J. H. Cutter's (Hoing, actual) commands the market at $3 50 @ $4 50 for fine old.

Sugar.—Raw Mexican, etc. for refining. Hawaiian, 4,000 kegs per D. C. Murray, 6 @ 9½; Refined, 11 @ 11¾c; Yellow Coffee, 9¾c; Beet, 9 @ 10 @ 11c for California product; China, 9c. Stocks are in refiners' hands.

Spices.—Cloves are out of market. Cassia sells at 35 @ 36c. Nutmegs, $1 @ $1 05. Allspice, 15c. Pepper, 23 @ 25c.

Teas.—The last auction sale of Japans was a success, good prices obtained, say for papers, 47 @ 47½c; Jars, 48¼c; Lacquered boxes, 60 @ 64½c.

Tobacco.—Connecticut Seed Leaf, 7½ @ 15c.

More Codfish.—The schr Alfred Adams (second trip of the season) has arrived with 20,000 fish, leaving the Flying Mist on the fishing grounds with 11,000 fish. This is encouraging to our Pacific fishermen.

The ship Malay, from Hongkong, in ballast, reached port on the 26th inst., consigned to Williams, Blanchard & Co.

The Br. ship Cairnsmore has just been chartered to load wheat for Liverpool, upon terms withheld.

From Oregon.—The bark Rival, from Portland, brings a full cargo of breadstuffs to Isaac Friedlander.

Golden Syrup for New York.—The California Refinery is now shipping an invoice of 500 bbls choice Golden Syrup to New York per Carrier Dove.

Pulu ex-Costa Rica.—An invoice of 50 bales sold at 7c. At auction 33 bales "as is" sold at 4½c, 65 bales do at 7¼c, 50 bales ditto, 7¾c.

A Universal Remedy.—"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" for Coughs, Colds, and Bronchial Affections, stand first in public favor and confidence; this result has been acquired by a test of many years.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 3 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:30 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at 7 P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For further information apply at the Company's Office, 42 Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M., daily.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale, 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 7 P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday to the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE. Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 P. M. from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 9:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:30 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 10:30 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 422 Montgomery street. [May 1.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

RAILROAD CONSOLIDATION.

Pursuant to the statute, in such case made and provided—Notice is hereby given that the SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY and the SOUTHERN PACIFIC BRANCH RAILROAD COMPANY, upon the written consent of the stockholders holding more than three-fourths of the Capital Stock of each of said corporations, respectively and by the agreement of the respective Boards of Directors of said corporations made and entered into in accordance with such consent and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided have this day amalgamated and consolidated their Capital Stock, Debts, Property, Assets, and Franchises, under the corporate name and style of the "SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY." By order of the Board of Directors of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company. J. L. WILLCUTT, Secretary.
San Francisco, August 12th, 1873. August 16.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.50 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and fresh boards.
April 20. GEO. MELLUS, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The A 1 Ship British King, Quine, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [Sept 13.] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Regular Steamers to Portland leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX connecting with Steamers SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys. Freight
June 14 WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of
May 17 E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFFMAN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 8.

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

The Celebrated Brand of "Carte Blanche," for sale to the trade in quantities to suit, by MACONDRAY & CO.,
Sept 6. Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 411 Front street.

WANTED,

By a middle aged lady of respectability (a widow) a situation as housekeeper in a small family, or as matron of a hospital or sick care. Good references can be given. Has no objection to going into the country. Address MATRON, at this office. July 12.

WANTED,

By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife, the management of a respectable Hotel, town or country. First class references. Letters addressed "H. Y.," care of NEWS LETTER, will receive attention. July 5.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Dougine—In this city, September 23d, to the wife of J. T. Dougine, a son.
Donnovan—In this city, September 22d, to the wife of M. J. Donnovan, a son.
Forrest—In this city, September 25th, to the wife of J. M. Forrest, a son.
Gallatin—In this city, September 23d, to the wife of W. E. Gallatin, a son.
Hirshfield—In this city, September 20th, to the wife of R. H. Hirshfield, a daughter.
Levy—In this city, September 23d, to the wife of Herman Levy, a daughter.
Murray—In this city, September 23d, to the wife of F. J. Murray, a son.
Partridge—In this city, September 23d, to the wife of E. B. Partridge, a son.
Schultz—In this city, September 23d, to the wife of Phillip Schultz, a daughter.
Tracey—In this city, September 19th, to the wife of R. L. Tracey, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Brierton-Fairchild—In this city, September 22d, R. M. Brierton to A. Fairchild.
Evans-Kimball—In this city, September 20th, J. Evans to Mary A. Kimball.
Finck-Koch—In this city, September 20th, Christian Finck to Sophie Koch.
Froom-Blackburn—In this city, September 21st, A. Froom to Clara Blackburn.
Gibson-Hahn—In this city, September 21st, Henry Gibson to Harriet Hahn.
Gockenheimer-Eiseman—In this city, Sept. 21st, M. Gockenheimer to R. Eiseman.
Otten-Heins—In this city, September 25th, Claus Otten to Mary Heins.
Peckham-Whiting—In this city, September 22d, E. L. Peckham to L. Whiting.
Rankin-Dillon—In this city, September 21st, John Rankin to Mary A. Dillon.
Wright-Haight—In this city, September 23d, Henry M. Wright to Flora Haight.

TOMB.

Annis—In this city, September 25th, Frederick Annis, aged 43 years.
Bookstaver—In this city, September 23d, Samuel J. Bookstaver, aged 54 years.
Cohen—In this city, September 22d, Isidor Cohen, aged 60 years.
Kennedy—In this city, September 25th, Edward Kennedy, aged 58 years.
Munro—In this city, September 25th, Robert Munro, aged 60 years.
Prichard—In this city, September 23d, Wm. Prichard, aged 73 years.
Postal—In this city, September 22d, Peter Jacob Postal, aged 12 years.
Sharp—In this city, September 23d, Mary Ann Sharp, aged 65 years.
Shephard—In this city, September 22d, Jos. Shephard, aged 37 years.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1..	$50 00 @ 52 50
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔	— 3 @ — 4
Metal Sheathing ℔	— 24 @ — —
Tin Plates I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00
Tin Plates I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00
Lead, Pig, ℔	— 6 @ — 6½
Lead, Sheet, ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Banca Tin, ℔	— 26 @ — 28
Quicksilver	1 10 @ — —
COAL.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	11 00 @ 11 50
Australian	9 00 @ 9 50
Cumberland	22 00 @ 23 00
Anthracite	12 00 @ 14 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ — —
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50
COFFEE.	
Guatemala, ℔	— 22 @ — —
Java, Old Government	— 25 @ — 26
Manila	— — @ — 21
Costa Rica	— 22 @ — 23½
RICE.	
China, No. 1, ℔	— 6¼ @ — 6½
China, No 2	— 5¾ @ — 5½
Hawaiian	— 6¼ @ — 7½
WINES.	
Champagne ℔ doz	20 00 @ 25 00
Port, according to brand ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75
Sherry, do. do	1 75 @ 4 00
OIL.	
Coal and Kerosene	— 22½ @ — 40

TEAS.	PRICES.
Japans	$— 45 @ — 75
Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
SUGARS.	
China, No 1, ℔	— 9 @ — 9¼
Sandwich Island	— 8¼ @ — 9¼
Manila	— 7 @ — 7½
Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11½
Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Peruvian	— 7 @ — 8
CANDLES.	
Sperm Wax, ℔	— 30 @ — 42
Adamantine	— 13½ @ — 15
SPIRITS & LIQUORS.	
Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rum, Jamaica	4 00 @ 5 25
Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Chicken Gunnies 30 ℔	— — @ — 20
Gunny Bags in bales	— — @ — 20
Burlap Bags	— 13½ @ — 12½
Hess'n 40-inch, ℔ yard	— 9½ @ — 10
DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
Wool ℔	— 12 @ — 33
Tallow	— 6½ @ — 7
Hides	— 18 @ — 19½
Wheat, ℔ 100 ℔s	2 05 @ 2 25
Barley	1 45 @ 1 —
Oats	1 75 @ 1 95
Flour, ℔ ¼ bbl	6 00 @ 7 25

LATEST FROM LONDON—SPECIAL REPORT OF ENGLISH MARKET INTELLIGENCE.

Corn—Since the beginning of harvest we have been visited with broken weather, and consequently our supplies are not all of them in such good condition as we recently anticipated. All that was gathered early is fine and in magnificent condition; that which was gathered late is damp and second rate. The best samples sold at an advance of 1s to 2s per quarter, and the same advance was paid upon California Wheat. The increase in the price of barley has continued, and the advance of 1s a quarter has to be recorded. Maize advanced 6d per quarter, and the inquiry for all sorts is very heavy. Nothing is so noticeable in the Exchange as the increasing relative values of Californian Wheat, which, having long distanced all other foreign importations in price, now advances even more quickly than do home growths. Ruling prices during the week—English Wheat, white, 69s to 71s; Red, 61s to 68s; Californian, 61s to 81s.

Cattle. The market is bare of best English grazed Cattle, and business is brisk at a slight advance on the foreign side. Cattle, Sheep and Hogs have each advanced; Veal is scarce, and the Lamb season is over. Prices for best qualities, sinking the offal. Oxen, 6s 6d; Sheep, 6s 10d; Veal, 6s; Pork, 6s 6d per stone of eight pounds.

Hops—Picking is going on actively, but the Hops have been injured by the high winds, and come down in a bruised condition. Although the accounts are discouraging, the market is not excited. Prices are firm and slightly increased, but buyers are waiting to see what importations will do for us. Closing prices—Kentish, £4 10s to £8 6s; Surrey, £6 12s; Bavarian, £6 to £7 7s; American, £3.

Iron.—A very decided improvement is noticeable in the Iron Market, and this is the more remarkable, as recent utterances of our leading journals have led some of us to believe that the trade was going in a lump to your side of the water. Pig Iron, which commenced to rise in value three weeks ago, went steadily up from 105s to 112s. 4d., at which price it closed this day week. But this week has witnessed a regular further advance, and the closing quotation this day is 115s. 9d., at which rate there are plenty of buyers. During the week the quotations have only varied from 1.7s. 6d. to 115s. 9d.

Mines and Miscellaneous Shares. Great depression has been observable in these securities during the past few days, owing to the stagnation in Germany, where the Bourses are closed for the deliberation of the anniversary of the victories at Sedan, and news of a slight decline in the American markets. Emma, Tecoma and Last Chance were low. Closing quotations. Eberhardt and Aurora, 6¾; Emma, 3½; Flagstaff, 4½; Last Chance, 3¾; Sweetland Creek, 5; Tecoma, 3½. London and San Francisco Bank declared, on September 2d, a dividend of 6 per cent., or 12 per cent. per share, free of income tax, out of the half year's earnings ending June 30th last. These shares have been steadily marching up in value these three months, and this will certainly not send them back.

Railways.—English Railways very heavy, traffic returns being somewhat discouraging. American slightly depressed, owing to the rate of exchange being everywhere against this market. An uncertainty prevailed about Erie dividends, and that stock fell ½, or against a rise of a dollar last week. The speculators for a fall are trying hard to turn the current in their favor and to make up for recent heavy losses. Appearances are decidedly more hopeful for them than they were, and it cannot be denied that the recent upward movement is checked.

U. S. Government Stock. In spite of the weakness in all stocks, the U. S. Securities are firm, and the 5-20 6 per cents, 1865, have risen ¼. In all others there is no change.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Sept. 26, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED'S	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	20	21	22
Alps	½	—	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—
American Flag	3½	3½	—
Arizona & Utah	—	—	—
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—
American Flat	5½	6	5½
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	7½	8	8
Belcher	65	67	67
Belmont	2	2½	—
Bullion	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	5¾	6	—
Buckeye	—	—	—
Caledonia	17½	18	17½
Cederberg	—	—	—
Central	—	—	7¾
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	½	½	—
Chief East Extension	—	—	—
Dollar	37	36	36
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	4½	5	5¾
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	3¼
Consolidated Virginia	97	97	98
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—
Crown Point	82	81	92
Central No 1	2	4	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	—	1¼	—
Eclipse	1	—	—
El Dorado	—	½	—
Empire Mill	3	3	3¼
Empire Idaho	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	11	11¼	—
Eureka G. V.	20	—	—
Exchequer	—	8	—
Globe	¾	¾	¾
Golden Chariot	22	21	—
Gould & Curry	11½	12	11
G. H. Quartz	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	25	26	26
Hermes	—	—	—
Hahn & Hunt	—	¾	—
Hayes	5¾	6	—
Ida Elmore	5	5	—
Imperial	4	4¼	4
Independent	1½	—	—
Ingomar	—	—	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	½	½	—
Jackson	½	—	—
Julia	1½	1½	1½

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED'S	FRI'Y
Justice	6	7	6¾
Kentuck	9¾	10	10
Kentucky	—	—	—
Knickerbocker	3½	4	3¾
Kossuth	—	—	10
Louise	—	—	—
Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Mahogany	8	8¾	—
Mammoth	¼	—	—
Meadow Valley	16	16	—
Minnesota	15	14	—
Newark	7½	6	—
New York Consolidated	—	3	—
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	43	43	37
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	2	5	—
Overman	7½	10	12
Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Page & Panaca	1	1½	—
Pea Vine	—	—	—
Phoenix	¼	¼	—
Picton	—	—	¼
Pioche	5¾	6	—
Pioche West	1	—	—
P Phoenix	—	—	—
Raymond & Ely	69	68	—
Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Rye Patch	9¼	10	—
Red Jacket	3¼	—	—
Savage	43	44	40
Seg. Belcher	35	34	42
Sierra Nevada	10	10½	—
Silver Peak	½	½	—
Silver Hill	—	13	13¼
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	—	—	—
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	2¾	—
South Overman	—	—	—
St. Patrick	—	—	—
South Comstock	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Tyler	¼	½	¼
Union Consolidated	1¼	1	1
Utah	1½	—	—
Washington & Creole	2¼	2	—
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	—	—	¼
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	45	42	43
Yule Gravel	—	—	—

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Oct. 1st—ALASKA . . . . . Capt. Morse
Oct. 16—Steamer CHINA . . . . . Capt. Cobb.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 4th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Oct. 4—MONTANA . . . . . Capt. Parker
Oct. 19—ARIZONA . . . . . Capt. Caverly.

All Steamers will call at SAN DIEGO, MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 19th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M. as follows:

MOHONGO, Capt. Harloe, Friday, Oct. 3; Wednesday, Oct. 15; Monday, Oct. 27.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Saturday, Sept. 27; Thursday, Oct. 9; Tuesday, Oct. 21.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT
SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,
But takes no freight for San Simeon.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, carrying scales, oils and combustibles—for San Luis Obispo and way ports, Monday, Sept. 15, at 3 P. M. For San Diego and way ports, Tuesday, Sept. 30, at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Sept 27.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate or restore. The favor it has received and the popularity it has obtained is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Woman's Glory is her Hair—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 5 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, N. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs), San Francisco. August 2.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Drummond's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland and London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within), Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court. Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co., Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within), Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st., Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers, Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers, The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China: Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside. Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 252 Fulham road. Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 14 Leadenhall street. East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C., The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C., London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N., Thos. Mi e, 21 Goswell Road, E. C. Smith, Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st. E. C; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Budd, W. C. . . 440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 323 California st.
Higgins, W. L . . . 411 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. . . 500 California st.
Keene, J. R. . . 135 Cal'a st.
Marina, E. J. DeS., with I. Glazier & Co. . . . 4?5 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. . 423 California st.
Peckham, E. P. . . . 413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. . . 401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W. . . 441 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

Placard Exchange

AND

BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Managing Committee of the above Institution beg to notify the public that the Directors are now fully prepared to receive orders for the sale and purchase, or survey of all ranches, private lands, and real estate properties in the State of California or elsewhere, and that they have appointed an experienced agent and representative for the management of this department of the Agricultural Bureau. This department is now fully supplied with maps and charts, and every other information relating to the public domain of this State, and is prepared to give the necessary information for locating or obtaining the land required. Owners of ranches and real estate properties desirous of disposing of the same will find the Placard Exchange and its facilities of operation an excellent medium for bringing their properties under the notice and attention of capitalists. Maps, charts, etc., furnished, as well as all other needful information and conveyances executed with neatness and dispatch. Surveys promptly attended to. Charges moderate. Offices of the Agricultural Bureau open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Placard Exchange, 611 Merchant street.

CALIFORNIAN PHOTOGRAPHS.

We are glad to see that the Eastern people recognize the artistic talent of Mr. Muybridge, who is with Bradley & Rulofson. We quote the following: "Perhaps the most remarkable of the Geyser springs is that called, happily enough, the Witches' Caldron. This is a black cavern, an opening in the solid rock, about seven feet across, and of unknown depth, filled with thick inky liquid, boiling hot, that tumbles and roars under the pressure of escaping steam, emitting a smell like that of bilge-water, and seems to proceed from some Plutonic reservoir. One irresistibly thinks of the hell-broth in *Macbeth*, so "thick and slab," and repeats the words of the weird sisters:

> "Double, double, toil and trouble,
> Fire burn and caldron bubble."

A clever photographer, Mr. Muybridge, conceived the idea of grouping three lady visitors about this caldron, with hands linked, and alpenstocks held like magic wands, in which position he photographed them amid the vaporous scene with telling effect. Another notable spot is the Devil's Gristmill, where a large column of steam escapes from a hole in the rock with so much force that stones and sticks laid at the aperture are blown away like bits of paper. The internal noises at this vent truly resemble the working of a gristwheel. Milton's hero is sponsor for another spring, called the Devil's Ink-stand, notable for its black waters, specimens of which are taken off in small vials, and used at the hotel to inscribe the names of guests on the register.—*From 'The Geysers of California,' by Benj. P. Avery; Scribner's for October.*"

FAREWELL.

Dear Old News Letter: The winds of Destiny waft this human bark to tropical havens. Can I depart without saying, "Farewell, and if forever, still fare thee well." For two years I have been honored as an editorial writer on the *News Letter*, and during that time our relations have been of the most cordial character. I have had many things to admire, but above all do I glory in the complete intellectual liberty which you accorded me. The human mind conceives no thought, however bold and startling, even though mocking at the prejudices of centuries, which you dare not publish. Shams hoary with age and intrenched in vast power, frauds sanctified for time immemorial with venal veneration, wrongs and abuses fortified by ignorance and wealth, had no terrors for the old *News Letter*. As your correspondent, I shall carry this bold and dauntless spirit with me. Whatever the good God of Destiny has in store for me through my wanderings in the South Sea Islands, I shall never forget the pleasant memories of our associations. So to you, and all friends, a final adios. If I have made any enemies during seven years of pleasant life in California, I do not deserve them, for I owe no ill-will to any of God's earthly children. My heart is full of mercy, and not malice, towards each and all. In unflinching friendship, your admirer and correspondent,

San Francisco, Sept. 26, 1873. B. Adonis.

ART NOTES.

Mr. Thos. Hill has returned from his Summer tour, bringing with him a magnificent series of sketches of Donner Lake and other views around the Summit and vicinity. He has some interesting studies of Mt. Lyell and its glacier, and also some views of Yosemite from new points. The series numbers about seventy oil sketches of fair size, besides any number of minor studies. We must in this connection reiterate a suggestion made by us formerly, that the Art Association should set apart an evening for "sketch exhibition," and now is the time to do it, when our artists are returning laden with their studies taken directly from nature. Such are not unfrequently far superior to their finished works, and always have a freshness and truth unattainable in studio work. As regards Mr. Hill's sketches, which would of themselves form a very interesting little exhibition, we must say that they are crisp and forcible, full of daylight and charming color, and quite fin shed enough for the appreciation of all but the utterly obtuse in art.

A general meeting of the members of the Art Association is called for Tuesday evening at 7½ o'clock, when important business will be laid before the Society. We are glad to learn that the Art Library is rapidly increasing in volumes. A. S. Hallidie has recently made a handsome donation of works bearing on Art to the Association.

RE-OPENED.

Martin & Horton have re-opened their "Sawdust Den" on Clay street, just below Montgomery. During their temporary banishment to the seclusion of Leidesdorff street, their disappearance from their old, time-honored haunt has been mourned by a multitude of lovers of "old Bourbon straight" and of those mysterious "mixed drinks" which "the Wizard" has such a marvelous skill in concocting. The thirsty public will rejoice that the place which for sixteen years knew Martin & Horton will now know them again. Their feet are once more upon their native heather. Leidesdorff street mourns their loss. Clay street rejoices and exults over their return. Their new saloon (covering the old ground) is a marvel of taste and elegance. It is adorned by Peregrini's choicest frescoes, and is in every respect "a thing of beauty and a joy forever." Ever since their sad exile to Leidesdorff street, Martin's spirits have dropped, and Horton has had no pleasure in fast horses. But now that they are back to their old stamping ground, Pioneer will be normal again, and the heart of Californian pioneer will pulsate jubilantly as of yore. To-day (Saturday) Martin & Horton will receive their old and new friends, on Clay street, the first door below Montgomery.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; E. Zimmer, Musical Director. Saturday Evening, Sept. 27th, and until further notice—An entire catalogue of novelties. All fun this week and plenty of it. The programme full of gems and great events. Miss Jennie Johnson, the pet and favorite of all, has been tendered a grand Complimentary Benefit, which will take place Friday Evening, Oct. 3d. Miss Marie Gault, the young and beautiful comedienne, will shortly appear as "Lizzie Leonard" in the great sensational Drama of THE WOMAN OF THE WORLD. Houses crowded nightly to witness the "Trip to the Moon" and the mystery of the "Floating Head" explained. "The Young Scamp," "On Guard," "The Firebrand," and "Un Ballo en Maschera" will be turned loose every evening regardless of consequences. The Perry Brothers will dance while "Walking in the Starlight" and Geo. T. Thompson will "Carry the News to Mary," after thirty minutes with the Male and Female Minstrels. Come see the star combination by gaslight, and come early, for the uproar begins at 8. Sept. 2.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Treasurer.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. Decided Success of SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE LEE Opera Bouffe, Burlesque and Comedy Troupe. The Sparkling Comedy entitled PEGGY GREEN, and the Comic Opera Bouffe entitled TROMB-AL-CA-ZAR. Monday Evening, Sept. 29th, will be produced the operetta entitled THE FLOWER GIRLS OF PARIS. Admission: Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. Sept. 2.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, at 2 o'clock—FATE. Saturday Evening, Sept. 27th—The new Drama in five acts, of intense emotional power, entitled FATE, in which MISS CARLOTTA LECLERCQ will appear. Monday Evening, Sept. 29th—The Author's version and only authorized copy of THE NEW MAGDALEN, dramatized expressly for Miss Carlotta Leclercq, by Wilkie Collins, Esq. Sept. 2.

PLATT'S NEW MUSIC HALL.—GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.

Under the management of Signor G. Mancusi.—Grand Orchestra. Full and Efficient Chorus. SIG. A. SPADINA, Director of Orchestra. F. E. RITTER, Leader of Chorus. Sunday—Extra Opera Night. Regular Opera Nights, Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Dress Circle and Orchestra Chairs $1.50. Parquette, $1. Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra. Private Boxes, $8, $10, $12 and $15. Box Office at the Hall, where seats can be secured, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily.

WOODWARD'S GARDENS.

Embracing a Marine Aquarium, Museum, Art Gallery, Conservatories, MENAGERIE, SEAL PONDS and AMPHITHEATER. Skating Every Day. Grand Performance and Concert Every Saturday and Sunday. Admission—25 Cents, Children under 12 years, 10 Cents. August 9.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Jno. L. Stephens, J. Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom st. wharf for the above port, on SATURDAY, Sept. 27th, at 10 o'clock A. M. [Sept. 27.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—SPECIAL NOTICE.

Owing to the wreck of the Steamship Costa Rica, no steamer will be dispatched to HONOLULU at present. Due notice will be given when it is decided to send a Steamer to that port. [Sept. 27.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

NOTICE.

Dr. A. J. Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 622 Clay street. Office Hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Sept. 27.

TAXPAYERS', LIBERAL REFORM AND DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE

For Judge Nineteenth District Court . . . E. D. Wheeler. Aug. 23.

NOTICE.

The late David Balderston, of 40 Regent street, Greenock, having by his trust disposition and settlement left a legacy to Mrs. Mary Balderston or Mackenzie, blacksmith, wife of William Mackenzie, some time blacksmith in Glasgow, who left Scotland many years ago, and failing her to her children. Notice is hereby given that the said MRS. MARY BALDERSTON, or MACKENZIE, if alive, or if dead, her children, are required to claim the said bequest and to establish their right thereto within two years from the 14th day of February, 1873, the date of the said David Balderston's death, and that if she or they fail to do so, Mr. Balderston's Trustees will proceed to pay over the said legacy to the other residuary legatees as directed by the said trust disposition and settlement and codicil thereto. Communications on the subject to be addressed to JOHN MACDOUGALL, Solicitor, Mansion House, Greenock, Scotland. June 28.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of UHRIG & REESE for the transaction of a General Storage Commission Business. The warehouse is located at the southwest corner of Battery and Filbert streets, and will be known as the PIONEER WAREHOUSE. Walls thoroughly renovated and rat proof. C. A. UHRIG, HENRY REESE.
San Francisco, August 20th 1873. [Aug 30.]

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris. [March 29.]

CITY HALL WARRANTS

Bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 730 Montgomery street. August 2.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

EDINBURGH ALE

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO., 413 Front street, S. F. March 9.

REMOVAL.

John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, has Removed to 730 Montgomery street, opposite the Odd Fellows' Building. Always prepared to discount good Commercial Paper at the lowest rates. City and County Property bought and sold. July 13.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

BONDS.

City, State and County Bonds, bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 730 Montgomery street. August 2.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 13.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 23.

A RAVING.

[BY F. W. CLARK, IN BOSTON COMMONWEALTH.]

[N. B.—For the benefit of all intellectual readers, I am obliged to say that Poe's "Raven" is a base parody upon the following exquisite poem. Perhaps some impertinent and shallow critics may accordingly assert that "The Raven" was published before I emerged from childhood, but such contemptible insinuations I hurl back with the scorn they deserve. I have no objection, however, to any one saying that my poem is apres Poe.]

Once upon a midnight dreary, while I floundered, weak and weary,
On an awful nobby mattress, feeling very lame and sore;
While promiscuously tumbling, suddenly I heard a rumbling,
Like a tipsy earthquake grumbling somewhere near my chamber floor,
Or a herd of bulls a-practising improvements on their roar
Only that, and nothing more!

Ah! distinctly I remember, 'twas a hot night in September,
And my chum in bed beside me fell asleep an hour before;
He slept soundly as a baby, and at first I was a gaby,
For I never thought that maybe he might perpetrate a snore—
That the individual who lay by me might perpetrate a snore.
That it was, and nothing more!

There he lay, and groaned and grunted, and I own I felt affronted;
Yet with patience quite enormous I did quietly implore
That he wouldn't snore, but cease it, and, if nothing else would ease it,
Take his windpipe out and grease it—that would surely stop the snore;
But he did it all the more!

And he heeded no imploring, but my patience still kept boring,
Weaving gasps, and chokes, and gurglings in the fabric of his snore;
And it drove me to distraction, for I couldn't sleep a fraction,
With his quintuple back-action reflex sympathetic snore,
Why! a constant tooth-extraction wouldn't make me feel so sore
As that horrifying snore!

So with energy astounding I resorted unto pounding,
And I punched him, and I beat him like a full drum major's corps;
But it didn't stop his snoring—he regarded it encoring,
And complacently kept scoring nasal home runs by the score,
Till he swelled the dulcet chorus fifty thousand notes or more
In one everlasting snore!

Then, despairingly, I took him out of bed, and, having shook him,
Laid him a la mode spread eagle on the carpet near the door;
But changing his position didn't offer opposition,
For it favored the condition for developing his snore,
And it made it so much louder, I'm inclined to think I swore.
Quoth I, raving, "Darn that snore!"

And in anger and vexation, with tremendous desperation,
I danced upon the fellow as he lay upon the floor,
But this made his music jerky, like the gobbling of a turkey,
And throughout the darkness murky it resounded more and more;
So my dancing was but bootless to eradicate his snore
His unconscionable snore!

Then, with madness despairing, I exhausted all my swearing,
And I flung the mattress on him as he sprawled upon the floor;
And I left him there till morning, as a melancholy warning
Of the sad results of scorning tender feelings with his snore,
But I asked a fine question—"Why, you never stop that snore?"
And its echo, as before, seemed to answer—"Nevermore!"

THE SPEECH OF SENATOR A. A. SARGENT.

At the State Fair, Senator Sargent delivered the annual address of the State Agricultural Society. He began by comparing the condition, manners, etc., of the farmer of Henry VIII's time with that of the American farmer of the present time. He touched upon the wonderful improvements made in all branches of agricultural machinery, and the advantages derived from them. He then went on to explain and comment upon the transportation question, and showed that the Illinois Railway Laws would not do here. Touching cheap freights he said: "Cheap freights and fares cannot be promoted by such warfare as

FURIOUSLY CRIPPLES RAILROADS,

or adds needlessly greater burdens to those they now sustain. It is a misfortune that some powerful influences, which profess great zeal to reduce railroad charges, are very active in devising modes to make the maintenance of railroads expensive. Any one can recall instances of this inconsistent policy. I will briefly refer to one such instance. In the last Congress a question arose as to whether the Union and Central Pacific railroads should pay the interest that had accrued on their bonds issued by the Government, and the interest hereafter as it falls due, or whether under the terms of the contract the Government was to pay this interest until the maturity of the bonds, when principal and interest is to be repaid by the companies, one-half the compensation for transportation done for the United States, however, to be applied, as it is earned, on the interest. The amount of bonds issued by the Government to the Central Pacific Railroad Company was $25,885,120, the annual interest on which is one and a half millions. Up to this time the company has paid one-half of the transportation money on the interest, but there remains due for back interest, which the Government has paid, $6,115,862. To a California representative, desiring cheap freights and fares and the welfare of the State, the question was a momentous one—Shall this matter be so decided that, except for one half the transportation money, this great sum shall be paid by all the people of the United States, a payment easily made by a tax of ten cents per gallon on whisky, or shall it be paid by the people of California alone? If to the annual expense of the railroad for the next twenty-five years $1,500,000 are to be added, that sum must be taken out of the proceeds of the road. The interest on the $6,115,862 must also be annually paid, bringing up the additional yearly cost of maintaining the road in the future nearly $2,000,000. To meet the payment, that amount of money must be annually exported from the State. Does any one suppose that this will not lessen the pressure on our money market? that the interests of the State will not suffer? that it would disastrously affect only a few railroad directors? On the Union Pacific the additional annual burden would be about $2,000,000 more. Instead of hoping for any reduction of freights and fares, the prospect, with such added burdens, would be, at least, their maintenance at present rates, but probably an increase. No advantage would be gained by forcing the present companies into bankruptcy by such means, for the railroad would either stop running, or any new company taking it would have to do so with this added burden upon it. In any event the people of this State would be great sufferers. Therefore, as a

QUESTION OF STATE POLICY,

to save an injurious burden being laid upon the industrial interests of the State, some of your representatives contended against the new construction of the liabilities of these companies. For so doing they were roundly abused by the newspaper guardians of the people, who clamor for lower freights and fares and for every expense and injury to those who are to furnish them, which may tend to make compliance with the demand impossible. I looked in vain at the time for any statement in those papers as to the effect of an addition of four millions annually to the expenses of the Pacific Railroad, for any expression of a fear that such an added burden would keep up or enhance railroad charges, for any statement of the law which had to be constructed under oath, for any recognition of an honest motive on the part of those who were striving to avert the fall of this great load upon the people, for any admission that when the Legislature considered the subject of reducing railroad charges, it would have to allow a margin to cover two millions more of necessary expenses per annum. I only learned from such sources that your representatives were

DESTITUTE OF HONOR AND STATESMANSHIP,

because, instead of trying to avert, they did advocate this imposition."

ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).
Successors to J. Seligman & Co.

London Office, No. 3 Angel Court. San Francisco Office, No. 412 California street. Authorized Capital Stock $3,000,000. Subscribed, $3,000,000, Paid in $1,500,000, remainder subject to call. Directors in London: Hon Hugh McCulloch, Hermann Sass, Sir William F. Sch[illegible], Isaac Seligman, Julius Lingen [illegible]. Managers in San Francisco—Richard G. Sneath, Ignatz Steinhart. The Bank is now prepared to open Accounts, Receive Deposits, make Collections, Buy and Sell Exchange, and Issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world, and Loan Money on proper securities. The Stock of this Bank being held by leading Bankers and Capitalists of Europe and America, the Bank will have superior facilities in the negotiation of State, Municipal and other securities, railroad.
July 5. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital $5,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, No. 33 Pine street; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. The Bank has Agencies at Virginia City, Gold Hill and Correspondents in all the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Locarno, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. Sept 20.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, E. D. Morgan. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. DIRECTORS—Fr. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler, Dan Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers.
George Letté, Secretary. Feb. 11. L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Baron; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 64 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 11.

JOHN V. PLUME & CO.,

Formerly of Burgoyne & Co., Bankers, 310 California street, San Francisco. Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Government Bonds, Stocks, Commercial Paper, and all other Negotiable Securities. Commercial Paper Discounted, Collections, both inland and foreign, promptly made through all the United States and Europe, with quick returns. Refers by permission to Messrs. Lloyd Tevis & J. B. Haggin, H. S. Milton, S. Latham, Manager London and San Francisco Bank, Hon Thos. H. Selby, ex-Mayor, John Parrott, Esq., Judge S. C. Hastings, William H. Tillinghast, Esq., Manager Bank British Columbia, Gustave Touchard, Esq., President Union Insurance Co. July 26.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, watches, pianos, etc. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

THE CALIFORNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

No. 512 California street. Guarantee Capital, $300,000. Receives Ordinary and Term Deposits. Interest payable semi-annually. Makes Loans on City and County Real Estate, and other approved securities. President: David Farquharson. Vice President—Charles Lux. Secretary—D. D. Chamblin. [Sept. 6.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Prest., Wm. H. Culver, Vice President, H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; H. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 434 California street. July 2.

John D. Yost, San Francisco.] [H. S. Crocker, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers, Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco. Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Men's' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Xavier Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 20. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

CURLE & CO.

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room No. 19 Stevenson's Building, No. 21 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.
Nov 16.

C. MAIN. MAIN & WINCHESTER. E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 30 Montgomery Block. May 31.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W. I.—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
BADEN-BADEN.—Hotel de Holland.
WEISBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Danieli's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURGH.—Hotel Demuth.
MOSCOW.—Schavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel, London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST. LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel (Tintern Abbey, 5 miles).
DUBLIN.—The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel.
EDINBURGH.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel.
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager.
OTTAWA.—Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, E. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC.—Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House. Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter, Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel do San Filiberto.
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Banos de Colina, Hotel Santiago.
RIO DE JANEIRO.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—Albion Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phoenix Hotel.
TAHITI.—Paa, Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

LAND SHARKS.

The land sharks sit around the board
And chant in strains sonorous,
Away their gains are safely stored
And thus they sing in chorus
"Accidents! Rubbish! we care not a fig—
Smash 'em and gash 'em,
Crash 'em and bash 'em—
What are the odds, if the dividend's big!"

They stint the wages, they scrimp the work,
With lives for profit gamble,
Preventive measures calmly shirk,
For illgot gains to scramble,
"Accidents! Rubbish! we care not a fig—
Smash 'em and gash 'em,
Crash 'em and bash 'em—
What do we care so the dividend's big!"

But by and by will come the end,
And then their sons they'd groan for;
When every man his dividend
Of murder must atone for!
"Accidents! Rubbish! we care not a fig—
Smash 'em and gash 'em,
Crash 'em and bash 'em—
What do we heed so the dividend's big!"

Blodgett Road Scraper Manufacturing Co.—This company has one of their patent *Road Scrapers* and *Dumping Carts* completed. This machine does all that was expected of it, which was fully demonstrated at a trial the other day. The company is now prepared to supply contractors, farmers, and others in quantities and at prices within the range of all. For grading and leveling purposes it undoubtedly excels everything of the kind ever introduced in California. For economy and saving in labor it only requires to be used to appreciate its full value. The machine may be seen at the Kimball Car and Carriage Manufacturing Co., and all information in regard to it may be obtained on application to Mr. H. E. Moore, the President of the company, at No. 523 California street.

Tom Dibdin had a cottage near Box Hill, to which, after his theatrical labors, he was delighted to retire. One stormy night, after Mr. and Mrs. Dibdin had been in bed some time, Mrs. D., being kept awake by the violence of the weather, aroused her husband, exclaiming, "Tom, Tom, get up!" "What for?" said he. "Don't you hear how very bad the wind is?" "Is it?" replied Dibdin, half asleep, though he could not help punning, "put a peppermint lozenge out of the window, my dear, it is the best thing in the world for the wind."

"**Mother**, may I go out to shop?"
"Yes, take this golden roll,
And you will find right down Bush St.,
The store of N. P. Cole.

There you can buy your furniture,
And get the best in town,
Mind don't go to the other stores,
Or else they'll do you brown."

This is a story told of Mr. Thomas Carlyle. It is said that a lady who lived near him kept Cochin China fowl, and the crowing was such a nuisance that the philosopher sent in to complain of it. The lady appealed to was indignant. "Why," she said, "the fowls only crow four times a day, and how can Mr. Carlyle be seriously annoyed by that?" "The lady forgets," was the characteristic rejoinder, "the pains I suffer in waiting for those four crows."

Oh, Eberhart & Lachman,
I love your Native Wine,
I love to see it sparkle,
All in the bright sunshine.

The morning brings no headache,
No pains of any kind,
When your pure wine I'm drinking,
'Tis then good health I find.

A Chinese Doctor.—Li Po Tai is a Chinese doctor who has made much money and fame in San Francisco, and this is the diagnosis of the case of a gentleman who consulted him: "I think you too much dance, too much eat, too much fool round. If you dance you no get better, too much eating no good, too much fooling round no good. Good-bye."

Oh, come with me, my darling,
Come when the moonbeams shine,
And let's go to the Saddle Rock,
That glorious house on Pine.

There we can get our oysters,
Done up in any style,
It is the best saloon in town,
On that I['d] go my pile.

Too Cunning.—A gentleman sent a lad with a letter to the post-office, and money to pay the postage. Having returned the money, he said, "I've done the thing slick. I see a good many folks putting letters in the post-office through a hole, and so I watched my chance, and got mine in for nothing."

I will no more be bald,
For X. Tw[illegible]
Will make the hair grow strong
On heads of either sex.

The great Nevada cure
For baldness is the thing;
You'll [illegible] with lots of hair,
And death has lost its sting.

How it Stands.—"Mary, go into the sitting room, please, and tell me how the thermometer stands." Mary (after investigation): "It stands on the first mantle piece, jest agin the wall, mum!"

While the days are bright and cheery, Let's get photographed at Houseworth's,
While this warm weather lasts,
Before the winds appear again,
With cold and chilling blasts;
At 12 Montgomery street;
He takes the best of likenesses,
And makes one look so sweet.

A Running Spring.—"It is very curious," said an old gentleman to his friend, "that a watch should be kept perfectly dry when it has a running spring inside."

Bradley & Rulofson's Gallery
Is one of the sights in town,
In fact, throughout the States it's known,
So great is their renown.

Their photographs are excellent,
All taken with such care,
They're seldom ever equaled,
Or beaten anywhere.

The man who comes on the stage exactly at his cue is prompt, but the man who does not come on at all is prompter.

Little Queen Cole
Loved wine from a bowl,
So she sent for Gerke Wine,
And a great big glass,
All around she did pass,
And every one said, "Oh, that's fine."

A pianoforte maker says that, of all manufactured things, pianos bear the noblest character, since they are classified as grand, upright, and square.

Rot-gut and tangle-foot, I bid ye both adieu,
I['ll] never drink again, if I know it, of you,
Farewell, headache, farewell! farewell rolls in the gutter,
I've struck a better thing in Hotaling's good old Cutter.

Those who have tried it, say that kissing is like a sewing-machine, because it seams good.

On the San Bruno Road lives Harry Blanken, a good friend and a genial host. His place is called the Six Mile House, and is a picture of neatness. Give him a call as you pass.

How is it that people always complain of a corn on the foot, and never complain of corn in the ear?

"**Did I hear you aright, Fred**, when you said you had never been to the Villa? I think I must have made a mistake, as every one has been there." "I regret to say, Bob, that I have not yet had that pleasure. Where is it?" "Why, it's out alongside of the Golden Gate Park, and is kept by the most wholesouled couple in San Francisco, Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg." "Is that so? I've often heard of them, in fact knew them when at Thorpe's. Let's drive out there this afternoon." They drove out, and Fred swears it is the place to go to, and no mistake.

An elderly lady, telling her age, remarked that she was born on the 2d of April. Her husband, who was present, observed, "I always thought you were born on the 1st of April." "People might well judge so," responded the matron, "in the choice I have made of a husband."

"**It's all very well to laugh**, but I tell you, wife, it's a very serious thing for a man to come home tired and hungry, and find his dinner has all been burnt and spoiled." "Well, it's not my fault, dear; don't look so cross. I told you a month ago that our stove was not worth the coal it consumed." "Well, what sort of stove do you want?" "I want one of those Union Ranges of De la Montanya's, they are the only stoves that are of any real service about a house." He has since bought her one, and they are the happiest couple in San Francisco.

A rural gentleman, visiting a friend in the Third Ward, found in the back yard, after dusk, an immense snake lying in the grass. He procured an ax, and when he had chopped the reptile into about a dozen pieces, he discovered it to be a garden hose which had not been properly hung up in the coal shed.

Jay Cooke & Co. have gone smash, and with them many other well-known firms. We are glad, however, to find that our merchants, etc., are not affected by this heavy failure. The banks may tighten their purse strings a little, but that is all we shall feel. Our merchants and bankers will sit as jauntily as ever on the stools made by Gilbert & Moore, and write with the same ease at their desks, also made by G. & M., Bush street.

The gentleman who asserted that his friend never opened his mouth without putting his foot in it, being called upon to apologize, said he was very sorry, but when he made the assertion he did not see the size of his friend's foot.

The Sacramento Fair has created quite a sensation in sporting circles. Occident's famous time is the theme of conversation among nearly all classes. He is indeed a wonderful little horse, and we only wish we had the Eastern flyers here again, to show them what we can do now. Next to Occident, the main feature of interest is the wonderful harness seen at the Fair, and used by nearly every horseman. We refer to that made by Main & Winchester.

An Irish sailor visited a city, where he said, they copper-bottomed the tops of their houses with sheet lead. Perhaps it was the same man who saw a white blackbird sitting on a wooden milestone eating a red blackberry.

In and out the carpet stores,
Where paltry trash they sell,
Why can't you all be sensible,
And go to Plum & Bell!

There you can buy a carpet
To last you all your life,
It will make your rooms like new,
And is sure to please your wife.

A mathematician being asked by a wag, "If a pig weighs two hundred pounds, how much will a large hog weigh?" he replied, "Jump into the scales, and I will tell you immediately."

Eusebius is the name of an old Latin Philosopher, and if Muller's Spectacles could speak they would shout his name, for by their aid men certainly do see.

S. T. SUIT & CO'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec. 9.]

B. F. NAPTHALY,
Special Agent New England Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Boston, for San Francisco. Pacific Branch Office. Northeast corner California and Sansome streets. All applications addressed to him will be promptly attended to. Policies in this company are non-forfeitable. Aug. 30.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.
NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. [May 31.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agricultural Implements and Mining Tools,
August 16. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

"GERKE" WINE.
The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosqueio Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 4[illegible] and 6 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
George Hamlin, Manager. Nov 11.

"FLIES ARE IN!"
But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them complete. [May 31.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,
Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS. No. 413 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 31.

WANTED.
The advertiser, a competent Accountant, desires employment in a mercantile establishment. Please address "W." care of NEWS LETTER. [July 1.

J. H. JONES & CO.,
Stock Brokers.—Members of San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board. Office—309 California street. Sept. 6.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,
Jan. 4. No. 609 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

The Italian journals relate that the environs of Catanzaro, Calabria, are infested by a band of brigands under the command of a young woman. She is only twenty years of age, and of great beauty. Her name is Maria, the widow of Pietro Monico, a bandit chief, who was killed in an encounter with the gendarmes. At his death she seized his carbine and swore to revenge him. Some time after a young man, the son of a wealthy farmer, fell in love with her, and joined her band in order to be able to prosecute his suit. He was, however, peremptorily rejected, and, in order to avenge himself, betrayed her to the authorities. She was arrested, tried, and sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment. While undergoing her punishment, a warder becoming enamored of her, favored her escape, and accompanied her, but was stabbed to death by her orders immediately she had rejoined her band. Since that period she has become still more redoubtable, her audacity and activity having redoubled, and she has made herself the terror of the country. She burns farms, carries off cattle, and levies forced contributions. The slightest disobedience to her orders is punished by death. Her troop is numerous, and always well informed by the peasantry, through dread of vengeance.

A prettier guide to matrimony has seldom been devised than the prize competed for recently by the bachelor Volunteers of Biggar. A handsome gold ring was given by the ladies of the neighborhood, the winner to retain it for a year, unless in the interim he sh[ould] become disqualified by matrimony for further competition, on which happy event the ring becomes his own in perpetuity. Mars and Venus in conjunction are of happy augury, and there is something peculiarly attractive in a marksman winning the wedding ring and the right to wear it. Volunteers have been sometimes accused of being too commercially eager for substantial prizes, instead of wooing the marksman's fitting mistress, honor; but the Biggar riflemen may be absolved from such invidious insinuations. We trust, however, that, for the sake of all students of sociology, a careful record will be preserved in the archives of the corps as to the ultimate fate of the ring winners.

To the insect tribe is due the use of one of the most powerful agents in alleviating pain—chloroform. The little ant contains a substance called formic acid, about which old John Ray and Martin Lester corresponded a century ago, and they found that it contained an acid, and so it got into books as formic acid. It was found to be composed of compound radical formyle, and three atoms of oxygen. Dumas substituted chlorine for the oxygen, and thus obtained terchloride of formyle, which is chloroform. Then it was found that either was capable of taking away all sensations of the human body, and Dr. Simpson, of Edinburgh, found that terchloride of formyle was more thoroughly adapted for this purpose than either. And so this great boon to humanity came through the study of insects.

A distressing accident has happened in Perthshire. Early on Thursday morning, Sept. 4th, a son and daughter of the Baboo of Bombay went to view the falls of Moness, in the vicinity of Aberfeldy, and when standing above the middle fall a large piece of rock gave way beneath their feet, precipitating them into the stream below. Miss Douglas was carried by the current down to shallow water, and after great exertion gained the bank of the stream. Two gentlemen saw her position and conveyed her to the village. It was found that her foot was fearfully lacerated, and that she had been otherwise seriously injured. Her brother unfortunately fell into a very deep pool just beside the fall, and was drowned. Three hours after the occurrence his body was recovered. He was about 17 years of age.

That the Vienna Fair was in most respects a failure has been apparent from the first. That it is a grievous financial failure we are now assured by Edmund Yates and other observers, who put the receipts at not over two million florins against an expenditure of eighteen millions. However economical may be the best of the German mind, the official Austrian is evidently a spendthrift and not shrewd in money matters. The exhibition cost almost precisely twice as much as the one at Paris ($9,000,000 as against $4,500,000) and the one at Paris cost nearly twice as much as the great London exhibition of 1862.

The Paris Mint is at this moment coining enormous quantities of silver five-franc pieces, the approaching circulation of which will have for effect to restrict the emission of the small notes of the Bank of France, which have rendered great service to the country and prevented a monetary crisis. As for gold, which has gradually disappeared by degrees as the payments to Germany were made, and which has become as scarce as before 1848, hopes are entertained of seeing it shortly as plentiful as ever, after the liquidation of the last installment, which takes place in September.

It is said that the reigning Duke of Brunswick is about to bring an action to cancel the late Duke's will, on the ground that the bulk of his property, especially the art treasures, was only held by him in trust, and could not therefore be passed out of his family. If this view should be adopted, the property will descend to Duke William, of Brunswick, and after him to the House of Hanover.

The death is announced of another Peninsular veteran, Capt. Francis Collins, who served successively in the 15th and 11th Hussars, and fought at Salamanca, Nive, Vittoria, Ciudad Rodrigo, and Torres Vedras. He was wounded in the retreat from Burgos. Capt. Collins was in the receipt of a "distinguished service" pension. He was in his 81st year.

The King of Ashantee cannot, without violating the constitution of that country, have more than 3,333 wives. The Germans have the same maxim as this king: they say all good things are three. The king has provided himself with a fund of chat.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Wednesday, Sept. 24th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha

7.30 A. M. (daily) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) for Lathrop, Merced, Visalia, Delano, and Los Angeles, Stockton and Sacramento

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation

OAKLAND BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:00, 8:10, 9:30, 10:30 and 11:20 A.M., 12:15, 1:30, 3:00, 4:00, 5:15, 6:30, 8.15, 9:30 and *11:30 P.M. (9:30, 11:30 and 5:00 to Oakland only.)

Leave Brooklyn (for San Francisco), *5:20, 6:40, 7:40, 9:00 and 11:00 A. M., 1:30, 2:40, 4:35, 6:10, 7:25 and 10:10 P.M.

Leave Oakland, *5:30, 6:50, 8:00, 9:10, 10:00 and 11 10 A.M., 12:00, 1:50, 3:00, 5:05, 6:20, 8:05 and 10:30 P.M.

ALAMEDA BRANCH—Leave San Francisco, 7:25, 9:30 and 11:15 A.M., 1:30, 4:00, 5:30 and 7:00 P.M. (7:30, 11:15 and 5:30 to Fruit Vale only)

Leave Haywards (for San Francisco), *4:30, 7:00 [illegible] 10:45 A.M., and 3:30 P.M.

Leave Fruit Vale, *5:25, 7:25, 9:00 and 11:20 A.M., 1:30, 4:25 and 5:30 P.M. *Except Sundays.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—San Francisco		8 40 a m	*3:20 p m	†4.45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5.40 p m	7:05 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	1 55 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 20 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	3 ?5 p m		
Soledad	Arrive	4 2 p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2 20 p m		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	2 55 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only.	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—Tres Pinos				10 35 a m
Hollister				11 20 a m
Soledad				9 50 a m
Salinas				11 5 a m
Castroville				1 50 a m
Pajaro				12 ?0 p m
Gilroy				1 2 p m
San Jose		6:30 a m	7:20 a m	3 ?0 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	8:30 a m	10:10 a m	5:30 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:30 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:30 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at 1:00 a m

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11:30 a m

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent

J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 9:30 and 11 A M, 4 and 6 P M.; Saucelito at 7:30 and 9:30 A M, 2 30 and 5 P M. On Saturday, from Saucelito, at 7:30 and 11 A M, 1 and 5 P. M.; from San Francisco at 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6:30 A. M. SUNDAY TIME.—Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. Leave Saucelito, 11 A. M., 1, and 5 P. M. H. A. COBB, President.

April 12 [illegible] street

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1873, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:30 a m., 4:00 p m; San Rafael, 8 a m., 11 15 a m, 2:30 p m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:30 a.m., 5:00 p.m.; San Rafael, 8:00 a.m., 3:30 p.m. W. H. TAYLOR, President

Aug 24 C. C. S. N. Co.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langley, J. T. F[illegible], [illegible] Smith. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent.

Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Carryalls, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs,End-Spring, Wood Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run with but the usual creak and rattle of iron and steel bound buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, header wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 30.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, BY STEAM.

The staunch and favorite Steamship New-bern A. N. MacDonnough, Master. Will sail on her next regular trip on at 2 o'clock M, from Front-street Wharf. Connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the Colorado River. Freight will be delivered at Fort Yuma in Twelve Days, and to this cheap and rapid means of communication with all parts of Arizona the attention of shippers is particularly called. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none other signed. For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to EDWARD NOLTON, Agent

March 15. Cor. Front street.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1872, the steamer PETALUMA Wm Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 A.M. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 1:30 P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. W. H. TAYLOR, President

Aug 31 C. C. S. N. Co

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s 9d per box. May be had of all chemists through out the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles 1s 6½d. Sold everywhere J. SANGER & SONS.

Feb 28 150 Oxford st, London

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London

DRUGS, ETC

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shop fittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Oilman's Sales, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, to shipping. BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & FOULKE.

July 11 16 Coleman st, London

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. -The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities to the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It will be found to be a favorite by its unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 23.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares. 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sales days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A M. Cash advances on consignments. Dec 14 F. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM

March 2 Agents, 423 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g
Justices—504 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Third District—Mechanics Institute Building
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—712 Montgomery street
Nineteenth District—Dealer's Building, Kearny near Cal
District Attorney—City Hall
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall
Sheriff—City Hall
Public Administrator—430 California street
City Physician—Co'ty Hospital.
Coroner—628 Clay street.
Custom House—Battery street
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants' Exch'nge.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Coiner, U. S. Mint—Sacramento street, near Drumm
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 11, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—23 Kearny
License Collector—City Hall
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall
Health Office—24 Geary st.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Pine street, bet. Pierce and Steiner
Quarantine—531 Jackson st
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and East
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES
Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street, Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris, 9 Chapon street, Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austinfriars, Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Wallock, Secretary, Singapore Gas Co., 8 St Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary, Tan Jong Saw Mills (Lake Jodah) Arnold, Agents, Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co., agents, 31 St. Swithin's Lane; Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mills Co., Paterson, Simons & Co., agents, 31 St. Swithin's Lane; Amoy Dock Co., John Fook, agent, Finsbury square Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Macleod & Co. agents, Crown court, Philpot Lane, China Insurance Co., 25 Cornhill, J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary, Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co. agents, 3 Lombard st.; Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street; Hongkong Insurance Co., Gilman & Co agents, 31 Austinfriars, China Traders Insurance Co. [illegible] Fearon & Co agents, 34 Great St. Helens, China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co. ag'ts, 10 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st, China Co., Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad st., R. A. Cameron, Sec'y, Borneo Co., 7 Mincing Lane, Wm Martin, Manager; Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (limited) of Singapore, Maclaggart, Tidman & Co. ag'ts, 34 Great St Helens. Banks—Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thomson, Chairman, Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager, Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Old Broad street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager; Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street, Deutsche Bank, "Actien Gesellschaft" of Berlin, agencies, National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within, German Bank of London, Bartholomew Lane, Lothbury, Bank of Rotterdam, City bank of London, agents, Princes st, Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 32 Lombard street, National Bank of India, R. C. Sawers, Chief Manager, 60 King William street, Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

Other companies entitled in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS
Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending September 20, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, September 15th.

Grantor to Grantee.	Description.	Price
Peter T Scallovich to A Kreig	Portion lot 314 Precita Valley Lands	$2,500
L Alexander to David Fried	Turk e Pierce, 2 x76 6	1,250
B J Shay to J N Makins	Tehama sw 1st 45x80, subject to mortgage for $1,500	1,000
Wm Warner to Andrew Henry	Lot 14 blk 270, Pleasant Valley H'd	1
Andrew Henry to Annie Yeomans	Same	1
C Connahan to Ann Hart	Tehama ne 3d, 25x80	1,600
D S Dunlap to T C Banks	26th and Fl'en, 152:3x114	1
John Center to Elizabeth Laver	Howard n 20th, 45x122 6	1
A Phelps to Charlotte A Phelps	W A blk 417	
City and County S F to A Macy	Sierra w Georgia, 50x100	prem
Adam Hootz to Jos Hahn	Fair Oaks n 25th 30x117 6	3,200
Fred'k Mason to John Bensley	Block 137, Potrero Nuevo, also, ¼ of blk 130, com sw cor Center and Ransas, e 400 w 200, etc	1,000
Wm Hollis to Rodman Sweet	Scott s Fell, 25x80	2,400

Tuesday, September 16th.

Grantor to Grantee.	Description.	Price
Denis Cheney to Francois Despoix	Und ½ Stockton n Broadway, 23x68:9	$1,000
T H Riordon to Peter J Joyce	Nebraska s Sierra, 33:4x100	1,100
Pt Lobos Av H'd As'n to O Wood	Lots 1, 4 and 6, blk 639; 7 and 8 blk 640; 5, 6, 7, 10, 11, blk 642, Pt Lobos Av Hd	3,000
Harrison St H'd As'n to H W Gray	Lots 32 and 36 blk 142, Harrison St H'd	1,000
Wm J Gray to Dorothea H Gray	Taylor s Broadway, 47:6x120; also, California e Pierce 51 5x130; also, Jackson and Powell, 37:6x67 6, also, Dupont s Wash'n, 18:6x51.10	Gift
Harrison St H'd to Pat'k Maguire	Lots 22 and 21, blk 142, Harrison St H'd	1,000
Same to Michael Burns	Lots 43, 45 46, blk 142, same	2,400
Henry Suter to Barbara Suter	Bush w Montg'y, w 30, s 103:1¼, etc	12,928

Wednesday, September 17th.

Grantor to Grantee.	Description.	Price
Geo Koppitz to Herman Gong	Howard n 7th, 25x90, subject to mortgage for $1,000	$4,250
F S Wensinger to Amelia H Hamill	Lot 7, blk 7, lot 1, 2 and 3, blk 11, lot 2, blk 3, San Miguel	1
Henry Pierce to Francis Kaeco	Green w Powell 91 4½x137 6	5
J L Fallen to Jacob Rosenthal	Folsom sw 5th, 25x160	4,500
F J King to John M Peck	Lot 1 to 9 inc and 29 to 21 inc, blk 430, b'd by 22d, 23d, E and F sts	1,000
Jacob B Moore to Chas C Moore	Clay w Kearny, 30x120; also, N corner Brannan and 7th, 55x85, also, Brannan ne 7th, 55x80; also, Brannan ne 7th, 55x80	10
Geo O Wood to Wm O'Halloran	Lots 32 and 41, blk 8, People's H'd, also, lots 11 and 20, blk 11, People's H'd	500
Jas Bowcher to Allan Rutherford	Bush w Steiner, 27:6x100	925
John Paine to Geo Sawyer	Nebraska n Nevada, 50x100	1,250
Wm E Carlile to Gerson Marshall	Folsom sw 3d, 25x75	5,500
M Kelly to James Ambrose	Lots 1, 2 and 3, blk 1, Belle Roche City	100
T J Moore to Cecila Moore	Carlos s O'Farrell, 40x57 6	Gift
W C Ralston to J C Goldsmith	14 s Boston Place, s 25, e 67 6, etc	4,050
Geo Rutledge to Geo A Gates	Und ½ 50-vara lot 4, blk 277, W A	2,500
Francis W Voll to G Rutledge	Und ½ same	2,000

Thursday, September 18th

Grantor to Grantee.	Description.	Price
Harrison St H'd As'n to L H Wells	Lot 63 blk 142, Harrison St H'd	$800
Same to Thos Beacom	Lot 40 and 68, same	1,600
Jos A Morgan to Laura H Wells	9th av w K st, 25x100	250
J Stratton to Farm'r & Mech's B k	Lot 3 blk 421, S S F H'd Ass'n	5
L Hemme to J W Davidson	Cal's w Van Ness Av, 26x137:6	7,000
Robert Barton to Mary W Ransom	Bush e Hyde, 31 4½x137 6, subject to a mortgage for $6,000	9,000
L Becker to C Thistlethwaite	Baker s Broadway, e 122 10, etc	350
Willows Land Ass'n to F Sander	Stevenson n 19th, 25x80	250
City and Co of S F to S Collins	Alabama s 24th, 100x25	prem
P Erzgraeber to Robert Zeile	Ellis w Webster, 45x121	5,000
Edward Barry to G B Dondero	Greenwich e Mason, 40x130	5
F C Gray to Wm M Cubery	Same	500
Wm M Cubery to G B Dondero	Same	5,000
Wm Monahan to Sang Wo	Yolo n Nebraska 25x100, also, Kansas s Sierra, 25x100	1,400
Same to Same	Sierra e Vermont, 25x100, also, Vermont s Sierra, 25x100, also, Humboldt e Vermont, 25x100	2,100
A M Burns to Henry L Davis	Sansome and Halleck, n 48, e 40, etc	35,000
T J Hughes to Home Mutual In Co	Sanchez and 25th, 114x175	5
Home Mutual In Co to T J Hughes	Sanchez and Jersey, 114x175	5
Julius Baum to Wm Sharon	Jones and Eddy, 137:6x137:6	28,000
Thos Commins to John J Hayes	20th w Guerrero, 45x114	2,250
Peter H Oster to Clark Avery	Greenwich e Devisadero, 26x85	1,000
Thos Young to James Olls	Com 82:6 s Sutter w Jones, 77:6x27:6	1,000

Friday, September 19th.

Grantor to Grantee.	Description.	Price
Wm F Dorron to R C Rogers	Sac'to w Davis, 20x119 6	$5,000
A J [illegible] to Rebecca Hill	Steiner n Sac'to, 25x93:9	3,500
S T King to Alonzo H Rector	Lots 10 and 11, blk 27, Gardenville H'd	88
Pat'k McDonnell to Geo R Sharp	Lots 43 and 44, blk 9, City Land Ass'n	140
Earl Ruel to Fred'k Mason	Vermont s Center, 100x100	500
S L Marks to John Darby	Cook n Pt Lobos Av, 25x120	350
Paul Rousset to A F Dorney	9th Av s K, w 120 x S to L St, e ½ of blk 777 O L; also, 9th Av s K, e 240:6 S to L st, w 240, n to com, sub O L 776, also, Ne L st and 8th Av, n 225 x e 240, sub O L 775	10
Daniel Kleinhans to Paul Rousset	10th Av e K, e 120 x S to L St, sub O L 777; also, 10th Av s K, w 240:6 S to L St, e 240, n to com, sub O L 778; also, 11th Av s K, w 240:6, e to L st, e 240, n to com, sub O L 779	10
Vicente Noe to S and L Soc'y	Und ½, Horner e Guerrero, e to w l of Camino Real, s to a pt 50 varas n from 24th, w 250, s 50 varas, w to Guerrero, n to Elizabeth, e 100, n 100 to com	8,100
F W Holmes to Same	Und 1-32 ne cor Lone Mountain Cem'ty, s 77 deg 30 min, w 40 ch 35 lks, N ¾ deg, e 22 ch 96 lks, n 76 deg, e 37 ch 48 lks, s 9 d 45 min, e 10 ch to com	500
W R Wadsworth to Same	Und 2-32 same	1,000
B'd of Tide L'd Com'r to D Abrams	Lots 1 to 8, and 41 to 24 inc, blk 79, T L	630

Saturday, September 20th.

Grantor and Grantee.	Description	Price
Garden T'ct H As'n to W Johnson	Lots 9 and 10, blk 1, Garden Tract H'd	$ 700
John G Beck to G W Chapman	Lot 29, Mission H'd	1,800
Marcus Abrams to J Atkinson	Market sw 6th, 25x90	13,000
David O'Brien to Pat'k Moran	Sanchez n Henry, 25x105	400
University Ex H As'n to G Gayther	Lot 5 blk 171, University Ex H'd	400
F Barquin to Marcus Abrams	Market sw 6th, 25x90	12,800
Harrison St Hd As'n to S & L Socy	Lot 65, Harrison St H'd	800
City and County S F to L Smith	Solano w Tennessee, 50x200	prem
M W Welton to David Conkling	Laguna n Post, 25x102:11	200

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,
As Shown by the County Records for Two Weeks ending Sept. 23, 1873.

Grantor to Grantee.	Description	Price
T B Bigelow to J Fannon	Oakland: E line Henry 170:8 s from R R Ave, thence s 25x125	$ 450
M & J Kelly to E J Kelly	Same: 307x224 se cor 22d and Adeline	1
E C Sessions to Blethen & Terry	Same: N line 1st 100 w from Broadway, thence w 60x100	2,500
Z Kelly to A King	Same: N line West 104 n from Center, thence e 78x110	2,000
I C Wingate to M & B Quigley	Same: S line 4th 125 e from Clay, thence e 25x100	725
Durant & Bigelow to J C Phelps	Same: N line 5th 50 w from Chester, thence w 25x96	500
L Patzon to F Sinram	Same: N line Everett 135 w fr Willow, thence w 5x106 3	5
P Sinram to L Patzon	Same: N line Everett 115 w fr Willow, thence w 5x106:3	5
G Tait to J T Dillo	Same: N line 14th 100 e from Webster, thence e 80x103	3,200
A J Gladding to P S Wilcox	Same: Parts blks N and M, Peralta H'd Tract	1
B Maloon to E Allen	Same: 100x75 se cor Brush and 9th	5
T B Bigelow to A Bruning	Same: E line Lewis 100 s from R R Av, thence s 25x125	475
H Mackie to E M Hale	Same, E line Castro 53:9 s from 20th st, thence s 50x100	1
J E Caine to S T Staniford	Same: N line 10th st 100 w from Grove, thence w 50x100	3,500
M E & A P Brayton to E J Crand	Same: E line Brush 100 n from 12th st, thence n 25x87 6	5
J L Barker to A Gensoul	Same: N line Middle 100 e from Peralta, thence e 100x145	....
T B Bigelow to H M Roach	Same: W line Henry 100 s from R R Av, thence s 25x125	475
Armes & Sather to P Coleman	Same: N line 5th 75 e fr Linden, thence e 25x111	550
M Gonzles to S A Webster	East Oakland: Ne line Adams 50 se from Larue, thence se 25x111	600
Same to Same	Same: Lots 9 to 15 in blk 90, Clinton	700
R Bernlo to G R de Bueina	Same: Ne line Adams 125 se fr Larue, thence se 100x140	Gift
A Bueina to R Birnlo	Same: Same	1
P Morrissey to C Morrissey	Same: 300x300 Harrison, Monroe, Jones and Denton also, 160x300 Webster, Harrison, and nw by Jones	2
C Molly to P Bartlett	West Oakland 150:7x130 4 nw cor Wood and R R Av	6,000
S E Alden to H L Lewis	Near Temascal Ck and Telegraph Ave: Lot 61, Temascal Park	450
A Manning to A Murphy	Same: 2 acres and 300x300	5,000
W E Brown to A Brown	Alameda ¼th lot 67 acres Central Ave, S F Bay and e by Chestnut st.	6,875
Same to S S Montague	Same: ¼th in same	6,875
Same to E H Mosler	Same: ¼th lot in same	13,750
E B Mastick to J Heron	Same: 281.5 on Central Av and S F Bay	1
S & L Lacy to W E Brown	Same: For Alameda Park Tract, s by S F Bay, and w by Park st	30,000
W F Cashman to W & M Cashman	Near Alvarado: 100 acres	1
A Mendenhall to Jesse Bowles	Near Livermore: A Tract	400
W M Mendenhall to P Willson	Same: 2 acres	210
R R Saunders to G C Stanley	Same: 969 acres	19,823
W Watson to D Callahan	4 miles ne from San Leandro: 400 acres.	600
Marks & Gleeson to L Loher	Near Mission San Jose: 85 acres	200
A M Peralta to P P Castro	Brooklyn T'p: 4 acres near Fruit Vale av and San Leandro old road	1,210
W S Thompson to F Bels	Same: 65 acs and 50 acs Redwoods Av	4,753
F Peralta to W Corbett	Same: 50 acres San Leandro Ck	8,100
A D Spilvalo to A Bona	Same: 31 acres near Fruit Vale av and San Leandro old road	1
J M Ingalls to W F Ingalls	Near Alvarado: 230x23	1
M Lyons to D Hallar	Near Mission San Jose: 99 acres.	3,100
M La Grange to J Antonio	Near Pleasanton: 224 acres	12,500
J O'Regan to A J Gorch	San Leandro: 9½ acres	3,077
A J Gladding to Trust s O B of Sav	Oakland: Block 1, Peralta H d Tract	1
R Perrin to C H Pollard	Washington T'p: The A B Forbes place	4,125
C H Pollard to R L Tracey	Same: Same	5,000
K McLean to L Loher	Near Mission San Jose: 65 acres	
R P Smith to C McLaughlin	3 miles sw from Dublin	1,000
O W Bond to J P Ross	Near Centerville: 20 acres	2,700
S Baker to T Miller	Near Washington Corners: A Tract	1,130
J A Bliz to A Eadon	Pleasanton: A Lot	250
J J Peralta to R Morton	On San Leandro Creek 107 acres	1
L Tut[illegible] to N P Cole	Livermore: Lots 4, 5 and 6 in blk 13	1,038
W Meek to E Lewelling	San Lorenzo: 6 acres	2,930
C Sebley to J C Bell	4 miles from San Leandro 443 acres.	1,500
Buchanan & Durant to H Bryant	Berkeley 135x137 adjoining University site	800

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Sept 23.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records) Office Adjoining the COURT HOUSE, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to the Court House. ☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost Sept 13.

HOMESTEADS THAT ARE HOMES

Persons in want of Houses are requested to examine the plans of those now being constructed upon that beautifully situated property on Pacific Heights, on the block bounded by Pacific Avenue, Webster and Jackson streets, commanding the most magnificent view of the harbor and the city and seaside by cars which pass the doors. These elegant Houses are built in the best manner, and will be sold ON A CREDIT OF SIX YEARS. Plans and specifications at the office of JOHN T LITTLE, Real Estate Agent, 230 Montgomery street. [July 26.

RAILROAD ON THE BRAIN.

If our evening contemporaries could possibly be induced to treat their readers, now and then, to sermons on other texts than the worn out theme of railway monopoly, the change would be good for their circulation, and welcome to their subscribers. It seems impossible for them to comprehend the simple fact that railways are built and worked to pay, and no one in this world is ever satisfied with the way in which they are managed. The alphabet of railroad construction is short, and very few axiomatic truths constantly lost sight of in discussions upon this matter should be always kept in mind. Firstly, as a very large sum of money has to be spent upon permanent way and rolling stock, a proportionate amount will be required to give anything approaching a remunerative return for the investment. Secondly, that this necessary money can only be obtained by charging a great deal more for the carriage, either of goods or passengers, than the conveyance actually costs; and thirdly, that this sum can best be had by a proper discrimination as to the rates of charge between important centers of population at long distances from each other on the one hand, and small stations, comparatively close together, on the other. The practice of older countries where money bears a smaller interest is not exactly the criterion whereby we may best judge of our own affairs; but it will, at least, help to throw a little light upon the path of those persons who are bewildered by the unreasoning clatter of part of our press. In England, France, Germany, and Ireland the rate of working expenses is sedulously kept under half the total amount of earnings, and rarely rises over 47 per cent., yet a good proportion of the railways in those countries pay scarcely any dividend, and in only one case is a dividend paid equal to our ordinary bank rate of interest. As our lines are more costly by reason of their exceeding length and the nature of the country they pass through, it follows, as a matter of course, that this proportion of profit is in the present state of our population insufficient. In England the system of differential charges is based upon the undeniable fact that a large train of goods or passengers going a long distance can be taken at a much smaller rate than can a few scanty loads from between contiguous places. The cost of loading and unloading, of servants, and fuel is pretty nearly the same for fifty as for two hundred miles, while if the net amount expended on starting any train at all, for however short a distance, have to be charged upon ten bales of goods instead of one hundred, the ten bales will each pay a higher rate. Our excellent contemporaries can easily test this little principle by chartering an excursion train or steamer for themselves. They will find that the more companions they can get to share the prime cost the less each person's share will be. It is a nuisance to have to teach writers, who aspire to lead the public, that twice two make four; but it is unfortunately necessary to constantly repeat the lesson.

EUGENE CASSERLY.

That the end justifies the means, and that evil can be done that good may come, are Jesuitical *dictas*, followed out to the letter by Eugene Casserly We can, however, speak with more confidence about the former than the latter, for it is a serious matter of doubt whether the good Casserly will do by his re-election, will ever counterbalance the evils already perpetrated by him. Utterly cold and superlatively selfish, Casserly is willing to sacrifice friends and party in order that he may satisfy the ambition which, if the Democratic Committee speak the truth, and as Casserly has not contradicted them, we presume they do, has already cost him more than he cares to own to the public. These charges Casserly has thought fit to try and treat with contempt. Such contempt does well enough when the person exercising it stands sufficiently high above his fellow men to make the question laughable, but when a man like Casserly plays that role, he is in the part about as well and gracefully as little Mac would the part of [illegible]. A diplomatist of the Jesuitical school, Casserly has brought to his aid the experience gained from a cool hand intercourse with the [illegible]. What cares Casserly if Republicans, Democrats, or bastard Dolly Vardens win so long as Casserly is Senator. These tactics are all very well, but what will be the inevitable result of such tactics, [illegible] say? The result will be that neither Dolly Vardens, nor Democrats will support him, and that he deep laid schemes will be the cause of his own downfall. An Ulikon is well enough, and every man should have more or less of it, but with it he should also have some sense of right and wrong, some honor and some regard for the party under whose auspices he took his first step in the political arena. That Casserly would make and has made a good Senator, we do not doubt; but we must own to some grave spirit of concerning the ways and means by which he obtained the Senatorship and is now seeking a re-election. Let Casserly bear in mind the fact that rich and cunning though he may be, his conduct has made enemies that will spare no effort of theirs to effect his downfall. All men cannot hope to aspire to be Napoleons and expect men to sacrifice everything, like they did for him. He treated men and parties as so many chessmen, but then Casserly's hardly a Napoleon, and what would succeed with the one would turn out a miserable and premature failure in the other. Even the worm will turn when trodden under foot, and some worms can bite, as Mr Casserly will find out to his cost. Two years ago Casserly came the same trick of splitting up the Democratic party, the only difference being that he called it the High Joint Commission instead of the Dolly Vardens. Can he after this expect to be supported by the Democrats? Not very [illegible]. In fact, had not the President come to the rescue, Mr Casserly's first senatorship would have been a very brief one.

LOCAL ITEMS.

The local item column has come to be a feature of every paper, daily or weekly. It is generally the first column upon which the eye falls. People want to find out what is going on in their own burgh before they look to see whether the government changed yesterday in France, or if Victoria is at Windsor or Balmoral. The opening of Montgomery Avenue is of a great deal more consequence to a San Franciscan than the opening of the Isthmus of Suez. We like to know who was run away with, or thrown, or drowned, who is here, and who is coming. We like to know Irving's latest lie, and Dudley's latest *lapsus linguæ*. But we really don't care to read any of these items more than once. The local reporters copying the *News Letter* and *Danbury* man have tried to infuse a spirit of facetiousness into their items, and we are willing to laugh at their jokes once. They readily become stale by repetition, and the locals do most unblushingly repeat them over. If an item chance to fit comfortably into the head line it is used for many successive days with the most sublime assurance. Its familiar appearance causes the reader to imagine himself indulging in a daily a week old, and there is a constant and perplexing reference to the front page for date. For many, many days the locals informed us that Fred Lyster was going East. It is most gratifying to find that the gentleman has really gone. Not that we bear any animus towards him, but that it will be refreshing to read the [illegible] to read—Fred Lyster has gone East. Lowes, indeed he did, as [illegible] by the *Costa Rica*, of which we have several times read that the little *Dry Dora*. Miss May Howard was open in *As Good As Gold* is another favorite announcement. The young lady has given that remarkable performance on paper more times we imagine, than can be comfortable. Every one knows how [illegible] and [illegible] were kept on that fish appearance. Boss Tweed's departure was the signal for a [illegible] of the new item for another week. The hanging of Captain Jack is the chronic paragraph just now, the dead sharing, all got over the seraphic Balloon. If they would only vary the phraseology the we might read the familiar item in new diction, the change would be agreeable, but the evening papers copy from the morning, and vice versa. The journal of to-day copies from its own issue of yesterday, and we are conscious of chewing a cud of a ready digested hash with a new onion or potato thrown in to give it fresher flavor

Sept. 26, 1873—Dear News Letter:—As the known corrector of all immoral [illegible] of family circles, may I ask you if the latest production of the *Chronicle* of [illegible] 26th is a fit publication to be admitted into any household? See marked copy sent herewith. I need hardly say that I have at once stopped my paper (notwithstanding the $7 map), and request you to send me three more copies of your paper weekly, for transmission abroad, as I cannot send the dirty (not live) paper any more. I will call to-morrow and settle for same.

An Old Subscriber.

LONELY.

Sitting lonely, ever lonely,
Waiting! waiting for one only,
Thus I count the weary moments passing by:
And the heavy evening gloom
Gathers slowly in the room,
And the chill November darkness dims the sky.
Now the countless busy feet
Cross each other in the street,
And I watch the faces flitting past my door;
But the step that lingered nightly,
And the hand that rapped so lightly,
And the face that beamed so brightly,
Come no more.

By the firelight's fitful gleaming
I am dreaming, I am dreaming,
And the rain is slowly falling all around
And voices that are nearest,
Of friends the best and dearest,
Appear to have a strange and distant sound.
Now the weary wind is sighing,
And the murky day is dying,
And the withered leaves lie scattered round my door;
But that voice, whose gentle greeting
Set this heart so wildly beating,
At each fond and frequent meeting,
Comes no more!

CASSERLY SHELVED.

We presume it is plain by this time, even to Mr Casserly's most sanguine friends, that his senatorial career is virtually ended, and that his political career will also terminate with his defeat before the Legislature soon to assemble at Sacramento. The revival of the old scandal in regard to the circumstances of the Senator's election, and the fulmination against him, some two weeks since, of what may be regarded as a bull of excommunication from the party by the Democratic County Committee may have had some slight influence in cooling the ardor of Mr. Casserly's supporters, but even had the half forgotten charges of corruption, so boldly made by Mr. Henry E. Howard, and so mysteriously dropped by him never been revived, and had the relations between the Senator and the County Committee continued to be of the most amicable character, his re-election would still have been an impossibility, as will appear from an analysis of the Legislature elect. In the Senate there are 19 Republicans, 11 Democrats and 7 Independents In the Assembly there are 25 Republicans; 26 Democrats, and 29 Independents. Hence, on joint ballot the Republican strength will be 44; that of the Democrats 40, and that of the Independents 36. Of the 36 Independents, 18 are original Democrats and 18 Republicans, so that even if all the straight Democrats and all the original Democrats, and all the Democrats elected on the Independent ticket should support Casserly, he would still be defeated. But the fact is, that the majority of the Independent Democrats will not support him. They consider themselves relieved from all party fealty to him by the attitude he assumed toward them in his speech at the Democratic mass meeting on the eve of the election. Upon the whole, it may be regarded as a fixed fact that "Our Eugene's" political career, which has been neither a long nor a brilliant one, is rapidly drawing to a close. Yet still, in closing this notice, we must "give the devil his due." Casserly's last congressional act takes him well over the Stygian Lake. So far as the interests of the *News Letter* are concerned, Casserly voted with all his best energies the half million dollars for the erection of the new Government Block, adjoining the Post-office and Custom-house, solely, we believe, with an anxious view of popularizing the "California Placard Exchange" (within a few yards of the New Montgomery Avenue), which is immediately contiguous to this greatest feature of our city's improvements.

PURE CUSSEDNESS.

Having carried the recent election by arguments addressed to the ignorance of the masses—by appeals to that august tribunal which the late Mr. Mill describes as "That miscellaneous collection of a few wise and many foolish individuals called the public"—the demagogues who inaugurated in San Francisco the crusade against "aggregated capital," are now taking measures to perpetuate their power. Believing in Carlyle's classification of mankind as "mostly fools," they naturally think the chances good for persuading a majority of the electors that the question of "monopoly or anti-monopoly" ought to enter into a judicial election. A Judge of the Supreme Court—the highest judicial tribunal in the State—is soon to be chosen. The two political parties have made nominations which are on all hands conceded to be excellent. The most violent partisans do not breathe a word against either the professional or personal character of Dwinelle or McKee. There is no pretence of any lack of qualifications on the part of either. And yet Pickering and Paul Morrill and Swift, and the Dolly Varden crew generally, seem determined to make a third nomination, though they know perfectly well that the election of their candidate is a sheer impossibility. If this course is not the result of a mere wanton desire to make mischief, to rule the roast or pitch it into the fire, then it argues an amount of mental perspicacity on the part of the Dolly Varden leaders such as we might expect to find in an individual of ripe years who had been born an idiot, and had ever since been going through a process of intellectual deterioration. [Since the above was in type, our prediction has been fulfilled. The "Convention," notwithstanding strong opposition on the part of some of its own members, persisted in making a nomination, and Judge McKinstry is the candidate. In what respect he is a better man for the position than Judge Dwinelle, it will puzzle his most devoted friends to say.]

WHAT WE OWE TO OUR GOLD SYSTEM.

In the midst of the rumbling and tremors of the financial earthquake that has been felt throughout the Atlantic States, California has stood unshaken. Not even so much as a vibration has reached us. All along the Eastern sea-board from New York to Augusta (Ga.) there has been a series of failures and suspensions. Turning Westward, the panic crossed the Alleghanies at a bound, spread to the Mississippi, the Missouri, the Rocky Mountains; but was arrested in its course before reaching the Sierras. In Richmond, Charleston, Augusta, Indianapolis, St. Louis, and Chicago its presence brought consternation and affright. As far West as Kansas City, where all the banks suspended in a day, it carried confusion and disaster. But while in all the business and financial centers at the East the condition of things is so disturbed, everything goes on here as usual; while many banks and business firms have suspended or failed there, not a single case of suspension or financial embarrassment resulting from the panic has occurred in San Francisco; here there has been no alarm, no run upon any bank, no disturbance of the ordinary course of business. This happy immunity from the perturbations of the panic we owe to our sound and wholesome financial system, based upon a currency representing intrinsic values.

THE TIMES' GREAT LIBEL SUIT.

The London "Thunderer," having concluded not to liquidate Mr. Rubery's demand of £25,000, as the amount of damages sustained by him in consequence of the publication of an alleged libelous article charging said Rubery with complicity in the famous Slack and Arnold diamond swindle, has sent out an attorney to the United States to collect evidence for the defence. The *Times*, instead of backing out, apologizing or compromising, pleaded a "justification" that is, boldly averred that all the naughty things defendant had alleged against the plaintiff were true, and that defendant would prove the same. Mr. Symes, a London attorney, is now in San Francisco taking testimony in the case before Milton S. Latham and F. D. Atherton, as commissioners. Several prominent citizens connected with the affair, as victims, have already been examined. All may [illegible] deliberate and methodical style of conducting his examinations, together with the unruffled seriousness of his demeanor, furnishes a curious contrast to the off hand, airy manner which characterizes the American lawyer, who, as a general thing, would rather sacrifice a point than lose an opening for a joke.

We hear with deep regret of the death of Mrs. Benjamin Holladay. Only a few weeks ago came the painful news of the death of the Countess Portales, her daughter, and now comes the sad intelligence of her own demise. The funeral of Mrs. Holladay took place on Sunday in private, at the chapel of the family residence in Westchester county, N. Y. A special train carried numerous friends, including Peter Donahue, Commodore Garrison, and many other Californians. After impressive services the remains were deposited in the family vault.

W. H. SEWARD'S HEIRS

Have received $41,464 for copyright of the first six months of his TRAVELS ROUND THE WORLD—a profit probably unparalleled in this country, if not in any. The second six months began the first of August, and the sale of the work continues as constant and as large as before.

A. ROMAN & CO.,
AGENTS FOR THE PACIFIC COAST
FOR
SEWARD'S
TRAVELS
Around the W
Sept 20.

JOUVIN
GLOVES.

None genuine unless one of each pair bears the TRADE MARK of Original Inventor and Patentee, with date of patent, 1851,

Veuve Xavier Jouvin & Cie,
PARIS & GRENOBLE.

MURPHY, GRANT & CO.,
Sole Agents for Pacific Coast,
San Francisco.
Sept. 20.

ELEGANT
New Style of
Ladies' Stationery:

Creme de la Creme,
Primrose,
Silver Gray,
Eau du Nil,
Azure,
Opal.

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THE ONLY THOROUGH BUSINESS College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should secure a useful and practical Education at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Session day and evening throughout the year. Students can commence at any time. Each receives separate instruction. There is a Preparatory Department for those not sufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for

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An eight-page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school, and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing

E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug. 16.] San Francisco.

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Largest Stock of Sheet Music on the Coast. [May 10

DR. ABORN,

Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory, 219 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 5.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

"LET DOGS DELIGHT," ETC.

God! how the newspapers haggle,
Chronicle, Bulletin, Call;
Giving each other the lie direct,
Predicting each other's fall.

Manufacturing lies by day,
Selling them on at night;
Giving us worse than no news at all,
For their news is never right.

Insulting women, slandering men,
Selling all truth for gold;
Giving the stab when the night is dark
To the trusting friend they sold.

Sneaking their way with honeyed words
Into unsuspecting homes;
Dragging the family skeleton forth,
Dishonoring dead men's bones.

Debasing the upright spirit of man
To worship at Dives' feet;
But letting the poor in their misery
Perish like dogs in the street.

Blazoning forth in their largest type
Each trifling deed of the great;
Recording only the poor man's crime—
The fruit of a bitter fate.

Stooping to humor a vulgar herd
That delights in murder and blood;
Piling up horror on horror's head
To get at the gold in the mud.

Spying the mote in their brother's eye,
Forgetting the beam in their own,
They scatter the seeds of dissension now—
They shall reap as they have sown.

T. A. H.

That Irish Valor.—Father Sheehy, lecturing on this inexhaustible theme, three or four days ago, delighted his hearers and the public by the statement that "Rome, under Agricola, feared to attempt the Irish conquest." We are not prepared to dispute this, seeing that Rome never was under Agricola; but if, as we incline to think, Father Sheehy meant to say that the Roman General Agricola, who conquered Britain, shrank with dismay from the task of subduing the heroic Irish, we beg leave to remark that he knows nothing about the matter. Agricola was the father-in-law of the historian Tacitus; and we venture to believe that Father Sheehy must have heard of the "Life of Agricola" by Caius Cornelius Tacitus. In that work, which has some celebrity among scholars, occurs this passage, the biographer himself speaking: "*Sæpe ex eo audivi Hiberniam una cum legione faciliunna teneri posse;*" and as Father Sheehy may be rusty in his Latin, we translate: "I have often heard him say that Ireland could very easily be held by a single legion." The legion, at that time, numbered eight thousand men. More direct testimony could hardly be wanted. Those who do not care to accept the authority of Tacitus may believe Father Sheehy. Gibbon has a note on the passage. The reverend gentleman denounced Voltaire and Froude for calling the Irish cowards. Only a priest on a collecting tour could think of associating two men so totally unlike. Voltaire is frequently ill-informed, but he is never prejudiced or illiberal. His mind was not less Catholic than brilliant. Mr. Froude's is the very reverse of this. Voltaire could not call the Irish cowards, because his common sense told him that there never had been, and never would be, a nation or a people of cowards. What he did say was that the Irish, who make good soldiers in every foreign army, had always miserably failed in fighting on their own soil; and he said what was true.

"The Heathen Chinee" has had a great time this week. Like the Jews, they celebrated some big festival. In a little alley-way leading off Sacramento street, was erected a most gorgeous temporary construction, which had the appearance more of a booth in a fair than a temple. Two or three melancholy looking Chinamen discoursed "sweet strains of music," with the aid of instruments more noisy than musical. The priests, or whatever they were, seemed to take it uncommonly easy, smoking their pipes as if they didn't give a cent for Joss. It seemed to the *T. C.* to be a very sensible mode of doing business, and one which will no doubt soon be introduced into our own churches. Fancy what a dignity it would give to the spare presence of our worthy Bishop Kip, were he to have a two-stringed fiddle and a long pipe. What a competition there would be among our susceptible girls as to who should present the graceful and blarnyfied Hemphill with a pulpit smoking cap. What an effect the proper handling of a cigar would give to this preacher when dwelling with unctuous satisfaction upon the nice points of the rake's progress. Stone, of course, would chew. Alemany should have a hookah of the most improved kind, made out of an old censer. The Chinese could not possibly have chosen a better place in which to worship the devil, for if that worthy gentleman is to be found anywhere in the city, Sacramento street is the place to meet him. It is his stock board, and he is as sure to be around as a corner broker is to stand at the corner of California and Montgomery, when creditors are not too pressing and wildcat can be disposed of.

If all the anti-railroad lunatics in San Francisco were huddled together in one immense corral, if twenty cents per head were charged for the pleasure of seeing them, if we had the coin made by the speculation, our historic Cash Box would have to be enlarged. We have no desire to see our demented fellow citizens consigned to the institution at Stockton, nor do we wish any of them re-incarcerated in the State Prison, yet it is exceedingly nauseous to hear them howling at large. The highly cultivated public car, gifted with the power of appreciating the highest productions of the masters of song, is getting untuned with the repeated howlings of the anti-railroad maniacs. The man who carries out great enterprises, who by his grand energies creates labor to put bread into the mouths of thousands, whose life is devoted to the development and advancement of the State, can well afford to look upon his traducers with silent, profound contempt. We have neither pity nor sympathy for him. His resolute will and commanding genius require neither. We are, however, weighed down with a great weight of heart-sorrows as we look upon the swaggering, swearing herd of anti-railroad maniacs. Yet, 'tis well that they are mad, for were they not, they would be the most rascally lot of thieves that ever infested the earth.

The other day, as the *T. C.* was taking his usual walk abroad in search of rural felicity, he chanced to stray into a large paddock, in one corner of which two cows, one a white and the other a red, were holding a very converse on. "Have you," said the white cow, "heard of the latest invention? Why, they are actually going to make butter without cream!" "You don't mean it," said the other, "why, we might as well go out at once." "I suppose," said cow number one, "that they will fatten us up for beef now." Well, a short life and a merry one, I say. Better to have a good time getting fat than to be half starved and [illegible]. "I don't know," said the red cow, "for my part I think that I prefer living on, and do not like this infringement of our rights by the odorless, Oleomargarine Company." Here the *T. C.* broke up the conference by taking a rock at the nearest cow, and left them to chew the cud of their bitter reflections. On his way home, however, he pondered over what he had heard, and anxiously awaits the time when he can give an unbiased opinion upon the merits and demerits of the new butter.

Of all the disgusting, mawkish affairs in the shape of an advertisement we have ever seen the "New Magdalen" placard of the California Theater, seen in most of our store windows, is the most disgusting. "Julian Grey" is represented as a Roman Catholic priest, and looks as if he'd had a prolonged lenten fast. With a charming disregard to ordinary custom, he wears the clerical habit out of doors. Mercy Merrick is standing by his side, she has a peculiar expression about the face, which impresses the observer with the idea that she has a large lump of chewing gum stowed away in her mouth. In the background is a group of interesting individuals with wings, doubtless meant to represent some extinct race of men (probably that known as the angelic). The whole concern looks like a leaf from a cheap illustrated bible, and would pass for Adam and Eve, rigged out in a dollar store, just as well as for "Julian Grey and Mercy Merrick." We can fancy what a look of disgust John McCullough would give if he saw the California Theater placards, looking as they do now, like ads. for a camp meeting.

Were it not for a respect we entertain for certain sweetbreads, spare-ribs, etc., whereof we have unctuously partaken, we would denominate the Latin which now prevails in our Courts, Hog-Latin. Out of deference to the feelings of the quadruped, we style it "Dudley Latin" instead.

Neither the "Pacific" nor "Union" being high-toned enough to suit the fastidious taste of a certain congregation of callow youngsters who are pleased to term themselves "society *men*," (!) a new club has been organized by them. Its chief objects are to afford a refuge for members when playing truant from school, and to provide a shelter and resting place for those suffering from the effects of a first smoke. No *man* above ten is eligible for membership, and all candidates for membership must dance the "glide." We have no positive information as to what the initiation fee and dues are, but it is whispered that the former is three gunny sacks, and the latter two empty claret bottles, or twenty-five pins. Saturday nights are to be set apart for "feast nights," for which occasions a large supply of popcorn, molasses candy, preserved dates and liquorice is being accumulated. Dereliction by members are to be punished thusly: First offence, a spanking; second offense, expulsion.

A rather amusing dispute has gone the rounds of the papers this week. "An Old Playgoer," writing about Miss Leclercq, mentions, perhaps somewhat indiscreetly, that she was a reigning beauty on the London stage in 1853 and that it is nearly twenty years ago since she first appeared in *The Corsican Brothers.* Miss Leclercq writes to the *Alta* and other papers contradicting the critic's date, and he responds with a few more, altering the lady's length of reign as queen of hearts from twenty to twenty-three years. Mrs. Bowers is logged in to prove that nobody should mention twenty years ago to a lady; but we can't see why. To quote Charles Dickens (Matthew Bagnet in Bleak House): "A thoroughly fine woman is like a thoroughly fine day, and gets finer as she gets older." May Miss Leclercq's graces delight us for the next fifty years, say we, and Mrs. Bowers share in the triumphs.

The ungrammatical toady who styles himself the *Chronicle's* "ubiquitous courier of news," rushes into a description of two ordinary detectives who have come from New York to interview Irving. As a sample of his grammar, we quote the following: "Moving on, the ubiquitous courier of news entered the first car. There was comparatively but few inmates." The snob and toady come out in his description of these two police officers. He knew they were *gentlemen* because they wore large solitaire diamonds in their shirts. A sign we should think of shoddy. Of course the head detective immediately recognized the *Chronicle* man as an old friend, and told him all the news. A more sickening specimen of clap trap writing and wretched nonsense than this ubiquitous youth's gushings we have seldom read.

"The town of Jacinto, Colusa County, Cal., boasts of not having a whisky saloon or minister of the gospel within its limits." This is indeed a model town. We do not know which most to congratulate them on, the absence of whisky or of parsons. Where the one is the other is sure to be. Here in San Francisco every other house is a whisky mill, and nearly every other man has slung gospel at some time or another. Parsons are among the curses of modern civilization. They are frauds upon a confiding public, and loafers at the bar of creation. Not having wit or sense enough for the stage, honesty enough for trade, or pluck enough to work, they prey upon the superstition of the ignorant.

A gentleman who, for many years, wielded a keen-edge blade professionally, in cutting the throats of animals of the bovine and porcine persuasion, has successfully tried the trick upon his own throat. While we are animated by no personal regrets for the gentleman, we yet would have wished him to delay the ceremony till after breakfast. Such an occurrence upsets a family terribly so early in the morning, besides which his report of our goodly city is apt to be biased, given in on an empty stomach. They have a bad enough opinion of us in the other world now. It will not be improved by finding that we have sent a fellow-citizen upon so long a journey without a square meal to fortify him.

Unfinished babies in all stages are to be picked up miscellaneously these times. They lie in pleasing profusion in the gutters and vaults, and quite an assortment of them may be discovered bobbing about in the bay. If it were a piece of mechanism to which the finishing touches could be put by strange hands, certain households that we wot of might be made complete. We are moved to inquire how the reporter ascertained that a six weeks affair was a Chinese production. He must either have been a deep student of Chinese psychology or a familiar frequenter of the Chinese household whence the incomplete emanated.

The Bulletin has put that unlucky competition wallah, G. O. Trevelyan, who had to apologize to the Duke of Cambridge for stating that the Royal Family were really in the way of army reform, down as a Tory. What a blaze his coming into the Tory camp would make. Like Samson's foxes in the Philistine's wheat, he would spread destruction farther then he could reach. The *Bulletin's* exercises with the pen are as destructive to its reputation as if its scribes had conspired to make it ridiculous

We thought that a late reporter, famous for his cheek and inventive powers, had given up the reportorial assurance for the insurance business. We see, however, that "once an itemizer always an itemizer." We recognize our old friend of the *Chronicle*, this time of the *Post*, in the bogus tale of the boy saved by Ryan near the *Costa Rica* wreck. No boy fell overboard, and consequently Ryan saved no one. Stick to the insurance, old friend; you cannot serve two masters, even on Sunday

A stranger in this city might at first be led to suppose that the fair Misses of San Francisco use the "weed" for chewing purposes. But it is not so; it is merely chewing gum. A young and blooming Miss of say sixteen summers is seen chewing away with might and main; suddenly she pauses, expectorates, and passes on. It is an innocent amusement, and splendid training for the jaws. This training is utilized when they become married.

Mrs. Horace Adams, the lady who returned the $100 presented to her by the Sacramento Board of Agriculture, certainly deserves a place among the "noted women of America." We do not know, in the circle of our female acquaintances, of one we could back with safety to do such a self-sacrificing act. If Mrs. A— will send her photograph to the *T. C.*, he will honor it with a large frame and a prominent position in the Placard Exchange

Cockrill, the new Chief of Police, is seriously ill, at least so the papers say, at any rate some four hundred disinterested visitors called on Wednesday to inquire "how Mr. Cockrill's health was." How many would have called had Crowley been elected? We have an idea that Mr. Cockrill might have died and be d—d before anything like a tenth part of these disinterested and kind-hearted visitors would have come near him.

We are glad at last to see the *Chronicle* come out in its true colors. Its heading to its article yesterday on the nomination of Judge McKinstry, was perhaps just a little dirty, but still it was coming out in its true colors, and we prefer even that to its hypocritical platform. For a family newspaper we must own it was just a little rough. But perhaps it suited its class of readers. No doubt it did.

We have watched with keen interest, the advertisement of a certain Kelly, a bootmaker. This enterprising tradesman began with a cut of a boot, gradually an ankle crept in, then a little bit of the calf of a leg, and now we have a female leg nearly up to the knee. We look for further developments.

"The Attitude of the Chronicle." Defensive, like other bullies, it is belligerent till it gets a fill ne blow. Like aggravating little curs it whelps and barks at all the heels in sight, till some one turns upon it, when it sticks its tail between its legs and whines an explanation.

The Post has its little knife in the Coroner again, and undeterred by recent experiences, reads that sturdy official a lecture upon the propriety of holding an inquest on a stillborn child. Why don't the editor go in for a Coronership—say, in New Zealand or Patagonia.

Philosopher Pickett says he has been in the habit of meeting some of the very greatest asses in the world. What a comfort it must be to him, under the circumstances, to reflect that nature has made it impossible for a man to meet himself.

Owing to the obesity of the greater part of the Mancuel Opera Troupe, some sarcastic nomenclator has dubbed them the "Oleomargarine Troupe"

The early grass has been likened to a pocket-knife, because the Spring brings out the blades.

DR. LORD AS A LECTURER.

An Easily Humbugged Community.—We are not much given to flaunting the perennial strawberry, or boasting our California pea forever green, or our California sky forever blue. We are not a member of the Pioneers, nor of the Chamber of Commerce, nor of the California Glorification Society. Yet we hold that in matters of business, *in regard to material interests and money-making enterprises*, there is not a shrewder or more wide-awake community in the world than ours. So far we can go in all honesty and good conscience. But when it comes to the matter of critical taste and ripe culture in art and literature, we cannot join in the pæans to "our Golden State" that roll so smoothly from the tongues of our Fourth of July orators, and the post-prandial spouters on festive occasions. There is little genuine love or appreciation of literature among us. We do not read books, but devour newspapers, and dip into the magazines. The monthly reports of the Librarian of the Mercantile show that the great bulk of the books taken out are novels. Of book *buyers*, San Francisco probably has a smaller proportion than any city in the civilized world. Even the class making some literary pretensions, derive most of their ideas about current scientific questions and philosophical speculations from the reviews. The crudeness of the public taste in San Francisco is strikingly illustrated by the unprecedented success of Dr. Lord's course of lectures at Mercantile Library Hall. That the first lecture should have been well attended is not strange; for the Doctor had been noisily heralded and extravagantly eulogized by our extremely critical press. But the fact that after the Doctor had been once heard, he should still continue to draw, is decisive in regard to the literary taste of the people of San Francisco, and no less decisive of the caliber of the newspaper critics who failed to expose him. He possesses not one of the qualifications of a first class lecturer. He is not only destitute of originality of thought, but also of that rhetorical art and felicity of expression which in oral utterance produce the effect of originality. His turn of intellect is didactic, not philosophic, fitting him rather for preaching a sermon or maintaining a thesis than for the style of thought and composition suitable to the modern lecture. He treats historical characters in a narrow spirit, and dogmatizes, where a man possessed of the true genius of the lecturer would most scrupulously maintain the attitude of philosophic impartiality. He makes positive statements, and expresses positive opinions, where he should keep himself and his own private notions in the background. He knows nothing of the processes of picturesque presentation, or of serene, contemplative evolution, that lend such a charm to the lectures of Emerson, Henry Giles, and the late Starr King. He is a partisan, full of heat and rashness, who cannot state a question without taking sides like a lawyer or a priest. His mind is full of tumult without depth. He is neither a thinker nor an artist; indeed, his handling of his subjects shows that he has not a trace of the artistic instinct. As to the material of his lectures, it is gathered without much discrimination or critical selection, and compiled without any sense of symmetry or proportion. In addition to all this, Doctor Lord's delivery is wretched. And yet all the newspapers praise him, and the *élite* of "our most cultivated circles" crowd to hear him, while a lecture of far superior quality, by one of our own citizens, would probably fail to draw half a house.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Dr. Lord, as a lecturer, has proved quite a success.—The body of W. H. Packer has been found, but, singularly enough, the fish had eaten off the finger on which the $500 diamond once flashed.—F. F. Low, U. S. Minister to China, arrived here on Tuesday.—Charles H. Tyler has a file loose. Stocks, as usual, are blamed, and he is sent to Stockton.—Lieutenant Emmet McCormac, U. S. N., died on board the *China*, on the passage from Yokohama to this port.—An English company is about to run opposition to the Pacific Mail. So much for Yankee go-ahead-ism.—The half-hourly trips of the Oakland Ferry were commenced on Monday, and are most successful.—The Clay-street railroad shuts off steam about sun-down. This we think a mistake; we advise two o'clock in the afternoon.—A most desperate incendiary was captured on Thursday by the Fire-Marshal and his myrmidons. The resistance offered was terrific, and the entire Fire Department would have been called into requisition had not the dangerous captive broken into a "boo-hoo," and begged to be taken to his "Maw." The age of the vile wretch is five years and three months.—The *Chin-du-Wan* sails between this port and Sacramento.—A new race-track is to be constructed between First and Fifth Avenues, on the Cliff House Road.—The sneak-thief who stole the box of surgical instruments from Dr. Andrew's buggy is respectfully informed that hanging is too good for him.—An interesting discovery of old coins was made by some workmen whilst excavating Montgomery Avenue.—On the august authority of Tommy Newcomb, we state that a most important interview has taken place between His Imperial Highness Norton I. and the Duke of Manchester. The terrific secrets with which the interview was pregnant are withheld.—The Horticultural Exhibition is a "sweet pretty" combination of flowers, ferns, and music.—Mesdames Bowman and Poddock are training for a prize-fight to come off sometime in the middle of next week on Goat Island.—The most sacred of all the Jewish holy days, that of the Atonement, was most religiously observed by all the children of Israel who have pitched their tents in this city of progress and frailty.—Officer Robert Burke, of the Harbor Police, committed suicide on Thursday night. Cause, disappointment in love. Very foolish young man.—David Scannell, prospective Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, is not dead, but has gone East.—The Public Schools reopened on Monday, and parents weep at the thought of the next holidays.—Miss May Howard begins a week's engagement at the California on Monday.

EPOCHS.

Every man or woman has his or her epoch in the course of their lives—the one event which leaves its lasting impression. Such, for example, that of the first explorer who, from the topmost Andes, looked upon the long swell of the Pacific on the one hand, and the vexed waves of the Atlantic on the other. Another epoch may be the applause that greets a successful maiden speech, or one's wedding night, or the first love kiss, or with the girl the day she leaves off short skirts, or her first ball, or as mother her first child, but we all have our epochs. That of the "White House" occurred last Tuesday. All that was refined and wealthy and distinguished in San Francisco society was gathered together in that vast emporium, to examine the rich and varied collection of goods just arrived from Europe. The rooms on the ground and first floor were filled with an animated crowd of beauty, whose elegant dresses of many hues gave the idea of a parterre. There was a sensation of lunch and champagne in a small antechamber, but the main attraction lay in the show rooms, for the *chapeaux* came from the famous Léonie Lechevalier of the Boulevard Italiens, Paris; the *confections* were from Worths, and for Eve's daughters not to know these two, they might as well remain in Eve's pristine state. An American Tunic of black velvet, trimmed with the fur of the red fox, and a cloak also of black velvet, but trimmed with black feathers, and suitable for a matron of middle age, were especially admired. The suits came from Previllier, and the most striking bore historical or well known names, almost all of them being composed of two shades of the same color. There was a "Lucie" of a Chrysophrase green silk, which it is almost impossible to describe, it was a maze or labyrinth of composition. Again, a "Marie Stuart" of two shades of chestnut. The bonnets matched the dresses. Next came a "Marguerite" of *noisette claire*, with immense steel buckles. Another much praised costume, rich and yet quiet, was of black silk and velvet, with steel trimmings and a fringe made of wha ebony. In fact, it was the Longchamps of San Francisco, not the least noticeable feature of it being the avidity with which the elegant and tempting articles were snapped up, so much so that towards nightfall so many things were put away that the proprietors began to be afraid that their patrons would not have an opportunity of seeing all the very last Paris fashions, excepting on the persons of the purchasers. As we said above, last Tuesday was an epoch in the history of the White House.

For Honolulu.—The Government dispatches the United States steamer Saranac to the Sandwich Islands this, Saturday, morning. The mail closed at the office of the Navy Agent last night. The steamer sails direct from Mare Is and and goes to Honolulu to relieve the United States steam frigate Portsmouth, to permit the latter to return to this port to refit.

NEW WORDS.

There is an old story told, and told in rhyme, too, of a certain malevolent witch who cast her satanic eyes on a young and handsome cavalier, and, beholding, she loved him. But as he had neither the good taste to reciprocate her affection, nor the tact to dissimulate, she metamorphosed him into a worm, and, in the words of the ballad, "garred him toddle around a tree." During the many years he passed in this monotonous pursuit he doubtless viewed with no small envy those who passed by his tree of penance, free to pursue their ordinary avocations untrammeled by any spells of *grammeria*. Even thus our cousins on the other side the Atlantic, contentedly toddling round their tree of conventionality, and a very old tree it is, content to gaze on us, and are pleased to call us a "lively and go-ahead nation," and even to grant to our improvements a place beneath the shelter of their orthodox tree. But there is one manufacture on the Pacific coast which it is to be hoped will not travel so far, that of new words, and very peculiar ones. What is to be done with such a combination as "macaronish?" (Note the dieresis for therein lies the sole clue to its meaning.) This euphonius compound recently appeared in the pages of a paper on this coast, obviously coined in accordance with the old saying that "Language is formed to hide thought," and the perpetrator may flatter himself that he has been tolerably successful. Monday's *Morning Call* informs us that there is a "panicky" feeling in Havana. In this case the etymology is pretty clear; but after enunciating it we find our tongue lying in the bottom of the mouth, and we feel a general disposition to reflect before we go farther. Perhaps the patentees of this new manufacture will not consider us intrusive if we suggest that, in case the existing scope of language be too narrow for them, they would so amalgamate the materials at their command as to spare as much as possible the jaws of their consumers.

NEWS FROM THE AFRICAN DIAMOND FIELDS.

A few days since, says the *Diamond News*, a working man gave his wife some sausages he had just purchased at a Mr Diebel's shop to cook. She did so, and they sat down to the repast. Whilst enjoying the meal, the husband found a nice diamond in one of the sausages, it was a pretty little stone, and for which he obtained the sum of £1 17s. It appears that the evening before, Mr. Diebel lost in his shop a diamond from a small parcel he had sorted out of the Mount Ararat debris and never found it again; this must have found its way into the pan of sausage meat. Mr. Diebel assures us that he has plenty more of the same sort of sausages for sale, but will not guarantee that any of them contain diamonds.

Two Coolies, says the *Diamond Fields* gave a ball recently in celebration of their return to their native land. During a stay of twelve months on the Fields they had amassed a sum of £3,000, which will make them great men in India. The Coolies of the camps seem to be a very saving class of people, and as they live on next to nothing, they soon accumulate funds enough to start themselves in some little business.

A Diamond of 53 carats, off-colored, was found by a digger at Du Toit's Pan recently. On the morning after the finding it was sold for £300. The purchaser again sold it for £625. Shortly afterwards it changed hands again for the sum of £700, and subsequently on the same day it realized £1,000.

DEATH OF EDWIN LANDSEER.

By the death of Sir Edwin Landseer, England loses an artist who has for nearly half a century held the foremost rank among British painters. Born in 1802, he began at an early age, like Lawrence, to caricature the people about him. In 1816 he became a student of the Royal Academy, and by the time he had arrived at twenty-five years of age, was famous even in a circle that boasted of Wilkie, Lawrence, Collins, Herring, and the elder Linnell. His genius was shown not only in his wonderful dog pictures, which have, perhaps, never been equaled but in the instance of Baker, of New York, whose oil painting, kit-kat size, is inimitable of "old dog Jack," seen any day at the Piscard Exchange, but in his treatment of the human figure. Who, for instance, that has ever seen his "Titania," "Flood in the Highlands," or "Wellington Riding Over the Field of Waterloo," can fail to see his mastery of the many types of humanity represented in those three pictures alone? His greatest national triumph was achieved in the modeling of the four gigantic lions that guard the Nelson monument, whose massive figures, terrible in their grim repose, suggest ideas of power that recall the memories of the winged monsters of Nimrod.

For Arbitration.—An interesting, as well as important, case, involving the payment of $86,000, came, upon Thursday, October 3d, before the Arbitration Committee of the Produce Exchange. A prominent commission house sold last month 2,000 tons of good shipping Wheat to a prominent export buyer, to be delivered at *seller's* option, between the 1st and 15th of October. Cash on delivery. Accordingly, the seller delivered to the buyer samples of the different lots of grain and an order on a warehouse for the delivery of same, and with the bill of purchase in hand demanded the coin on the first day of October. The samples of Wheat had previously been accepted by the buyer, and no exception made thereto; but when payment was demanded the buyer demurred, saying, in reply, that he did not consider the Wheat delivered, but he would put on his drays, and as fast as he could draw away the grain he would pay for it. To this the seller objected, claiming that according to the custom of the port, the delivery was made when samples and orders were given. Decision reserved. Later.—The Committee declared that the Wheat, having been delivered to warehouse along the city front, as per wording of the contract, purchase was in all respects a delivery of the property according to mercantile usage, particularly as it was admitted that five days previous notice had been given in September that the cash would be required October 1st.

A TRUE SKETCH.

Twenty-four years ago last Wednesday, a young man landed on these shores, with no capital to help him in life but good health, good nature and sterling honesty, joined to a most affectionate regard for those he had left at home. Without being superstitious, we cannot but entertain the firm belief that any man who devotes his first earnings in life to the support or increased comfort of his parents (in this case it was the young man's mother) does not only become prosperous in his career, but God's blessing attends all his undertakings. Such has been this case. From a clerk in a music store, he has risen to be the head of the largest musical emporium on this coast. The death of his mother enabled him to make a most happy marriage, and among many gems of art which adorn his walls, is to be found the portrait of the venerable old lady, by Arriola, holding in her hands the first fifteen pounds that her thrifty yet generous son had sent her out of his savings. It was our pleasure to attend the celebration of this anniversary, now nearly a quarter of a century old.

We note the return of Mr. G. T. Hanly, who has been absent on a business tour for Messrs Castle Brothers. Mr H left here June 23d, visited Omaha (Nebraska), Council Bluffs, Des Moines, Keokuk, Burlington, and Marshalltown (Iowa), St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Winona (Minnesota), La Crosse and Milwaukie (Wisconsin), Chicago, Peoria, Galesburg, Bloomington, and Quincy (Illinois), Detroit (Michigan), Toledo, Cleveland, Columbus, and Dayton (Ohio), Louisville (Kentucky), Indianapolis and Lafayette (Indiana), Pittsburgh and Erie (Pennsylvania), Buffalo and Rochester (New York), St. Joe and Kansas City (Missouri), Atchison and Leavenworth (Kansas), Denver, Salt Lake, and a number of other places of minor importance. Mr. Hanly was absent three months; went over some 9,000 miles, and succeeded in placing goods at nearly every place he visited.

The regular monthly meeting of the British Benevolent Society will be held at the rooms, 730 Montgomery street, on Monday, the 13th inst., at 8 P. M.

Married.—In this city, September 29th, by Rev Dr Scott, William Scott, of Glasgow, Scotland, and Miss Isabel McPherson, of Pictou, Nova Scotia.

Charles E. Jones, late of Australia, letter for you at this office.

Vol. 4. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR OCT., 1873. No. 1.

IS NOW OUT AND READY FOR DELIVERY.

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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, OCT. 4, 1873. No. 36.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—890@— —SILVER BARS—2½@3 discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 90½@91½. Mexican Dollars, 5@5½c., new; 5¾c., old. Trade Dollar, 2½c. prem.

☞ Exchange on New York, 0 per cent. nominal for Gold; Currency, ¾@1 per cent. On London, Bankers 49½@—; Commercial, 51½@—; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 2@2½.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, Oct. 3, at 3 P. M., 109¾. Latest price of Sterling, 107@107½.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO.......... Oct. 3, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	101	104	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	124	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	98	100	Oakland Gas	116	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	98	100	Spring Valley Water Co	82	83
Legal Tender Notes	90¾	91¾	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57.	97½	100	Central Railroad Company	54	56
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1865	95	98	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	52½
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	93	95	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	16	19
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s.	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	50	63
Sacramento City Bonds	80	82½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	65	70
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co	90	98
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	84	90	Union Insurance Co	90	99
Santa Clara Bonds, 7s	93	95	Pacific Bank	87½	90
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s.	90	—	The Bank of California	127½	130
San Francisco Gas Light Co.	69	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

FINANCIAL.

The revulsion seems to have spent its force, and money affairs in New York are again slowly but surely getting into shape. The interests of San Francisco have not been compromised, although some hesitation took place in the negotiation of San Francisco bullion and grain sterling bills, in common with other documents of the highest character. The check arose from the real difficulty of getting money in New York with which to buy bills, but that was speedily corrected by a current of gold setting in from London to New York to buy those bills, which had fallen in price from $4 86 per £, the par to $4 44, a profit which might well draw gold. The first shipment notified was $500,000 United States Eagles drawn from the Bank of England, with $600,000 in sovereigns. This was followed by $650,000 in a few days, and $1,250,000 left London yesterday. These sums make $3,000,000 reported, but other sums not reported may carry the figure to $10,000,000 before the market turns. On the 1st prox $25,000,000 is due for interests on United States bonds. This is now paying in advance. January 1st, $30,000,000 more is payable, also $20,000,000 principal of the 6 per cent. debt falls due. All these sums make $85,000,000 gold to come on the market, besides what the Treasury may sell. Gold, therefore, has fallen to 110; it was 119 in April last. Under this gold supply, exchange has raised to 4 80@4 88 for test bills. California exchange has become active, and the clouds have fled before the sun of prosperity.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

San Francisco, September 2, 1873.—From the extreme activity spoken of in our last (September 25th) our market has subsided to as great quietude. Since that date there have been no transactions of moment, and quotations are, of course, "nominal," although we think that values have receded but little. We do not look for any movement for some time yet, until business becomes a little more settled. Receipts of Fall up to September 30, 1873, 15,131 bags. Receipts of Fall up to September 30, 1872, 7,539 bags.

WATT & McLENNAN, Wool and Grain Commission Merchants,
625 Sansome street, corner Jackson.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, October 3d, 1873.—Gold opened at 110⅝; 11 A. M. at 110¼; 3 P. M. at 109⅝. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1869, 107⅝; 1867, 114½. Sterling Exchange, 107¾@108¼. Pacific Mail, 33. Quicksilver Mining Company, 19¼. Wheat, $1 62@1 63 quiet. Pork, 17, dull. Cotton, 118¾. Hides, dry, 24¼@25, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 50@1 52, fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 60@1 75; Whale, quiet, 58@65c quiet. Winter Bleached, 60@74c. Wool Spring, fine, 22@34c., Burry, 18@21c., Pulled 30@45c. Fall Clips, 16@25c., Burry 15@19c.

LONDON, Oct 3.—Liverpool Wheat Market 12s 7d@12s 9d. Club, 13s@13s. 9d. United States Bonds, 91⅞. Consols, 92¼@92⅜, ac., 92¼.

The papers still talk about "pricking the railroad bubble," and that "the railroads were not called for," and that the panic was the necessary consequence of their excessive investments. The panic was occasioned by the newspapers assailing the credit of the railroad companies. Every mile of railroad increases the value of the country through which it passes ten times the cost of that mile of road. The Northern Pacific Railroad would have enhanced property on its route and terminal 1,000,000,000 of dollars. Our papers assailed our credit, and therefore the panic. It was perfectly needless and uncalled for.—*Rev. Dr. Woodbridge in the Occident.*

AS WE PREDICTED.

The Rubicon is passed successfully, yea, triumphantly, and just as we of the *News Letter* predicted it would. The financial storm at the East that, during the month of September, swept away many well known banks and banking firms, stock brokers, etc., in Wall street, and the cities east of the Rocky Mountains, and wherever greenbacks and irredeemable paper money was the basis of all monetary transactions, had, here upon the Pacific Coast, no resting place. The predicted storm had sped its fury before reaching our borders, and we are unscathed, and the ship of State rides on triumphantly. California and Oregon have escaped without a single blast of any description—no failures. Everything serene and hopeful. A weekly contemporary thus truthfully states the case editorially:

We have, for a fortnight past, been preparing ourselves for the promised advent of a financial crisis that some few of our people had been predicting as the natural result of a close monetary alliance with Atlantic cities. Monday was the day fixed for it to culminate, that being our usual time for semi-monthly collections, or settling day. The time predicted has passed without a ripple upon the surface, payments were all met with our usual and customary promptness. A very considerable amount of sterling bills were thrown upon the market, drawn upon wheat shipments, but these were absorbed at current rates, and at the close of the day's work it was found that, after all payments were made, many houses had large balances to their credit in banks. We heard of one case where a house had recently sold at auction a valuable cargo of tea upon a credit of ninety days, the purchasers having the option to give note or to discount the bill of purchase at the rate of one per cent per month. On Monday it was found that most of the jobbers preferred to deduct three per cent and pay gold, in preference to a note. This was quite the reverse to what was anticipated by the sellers, who had really made no provision for this unexpected gold payment. Of course the sympathy of the community is with the receiver of the money. In alluding to this subject, we take occasion here to remark that there is probably no city in the United States so strong and so well prepared to meet a monetary crisis as this same city of San Francisco. The bulk of our business is done upon a cash (coin) basis; but few business notes are ever given for merchandise bought, and our banks and moneyed men find it a very difficult matter to procure to any considerable amount merchants' notes or business paper for discount. This is a feature somewhat peculiar to California, and although frequent efforts have been made to bring about a different result, yet it is found that most merchants object very strenuously to give notes—promises to pay—for goods bought. They cannot bear the idea of having out their notes of hand, preferring at all times to do business for cash.

SILVER v. PAPER.

The downward tendency of silver is beginning to create some alarm, and means should be devised to check it. India and other Oriental countries have ceased to hoard and consume silver to anything like the extent of former times. Their methods of doing business have been largely assimilated to those in vogue among enlightened nations. Gold and bills of exchange are now employed to the proportionate exclusion of silver. Immense masses of the latter metal lie entirely inert in those countries. It has lost its charm, and the demand has ceased to equal the supply. Under such circumstances, a resort to artificial means must be had to maintain the value of silver. To this end we suggest the calling in of all fractional paper currency, and all legal tenders below five dollars, and substitute silver coinage in their place. Furthermore, instead of limiting payments in silver to five dollars as a legal tender, raise it to fifty. The population of the country is now sufficiently numerous to employ not less than $200,000,000 in silver coin, if paper fractional currency and all below five dollars in legal tenders be withdrawn by the Government. The sole value of paper money consists in the indorsement given it as money by the Government. It has no intrinsic merit, and left to its own responsibility would be universally repudiated. It is not so with silver, which has a specific value all over the globe, and is exchangeable for other commodities whenever offered. It is, therefore, our settled opinion, that the market value of silver can be fairly maintained by shaping the suggestions above presented into some systematized form which will recommend their adoption. It is alleged that some of our most prominent mine owners declare that they will be compelled to cease mining if silver continues to decline as it has done of late.

The Central Pacific Railroad Company have declared a dividend of three per cent. for the last six months. The *Bulletin* of last Saturday publishes an elaborate leader to prove that the Company cannot afford to pay it, and in general making a savage assault on the credit of the Company. We are not the least in the secrets of the Railroad, but we have always heard that they had an immense land grant from Congress, besides subsidies from San Francisco and elsewhere which should lessen those enormous liabilities which the *Bulletin* figures out. We regret to see their attempts to assail credit and increase the financial disasters of the country. We don't believe in the policy.—*S. F. Occident.*

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, September 12, 1873:—Michael Castle and family, Alfred P. Elfelt, J. C. Merrill and wife, Mrs. E. H. Tuthill, Henry Rosener, John Rosenfeld, Dr Holland, A Kohler and wife, Wm. M. Lent and family, Joseph Barron and family, Mrs Theo. Payne, Warren Payne, Theo. Payne, J. Whitaker and wife, J. Belden and family, Hon C J Hillyer and family, Miss Flora Hillyer, J. B. Dickinson and wife, Theo. Bock and family, Miss Annie Lee Boyd, Mrs. J. D. LeGay, E. P. Northam, R. J. Tiffany.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

THE GERMANS IN THE WEST.

The following is taken from an article by B. Taylor, in the "Atlantic" for October:

The first emigration to the United States of persons of German birth or parentage, which began in the late years of the Thirty Years' War, and was in a small scale continuous ever since that struggle. The drain of the resources for over a quarter of a century had made Germany a very poor country, and like all poor countries, it was underrated, place for those deprived of their homes in the other lands, except in the capital of the country were assured to the foreign peoples, and every man knows the wretched the subjection of the peasantry. The hands of these causes, which are the first practical attraction of free distinctly, in drove the latter to the lower end, and turned their eyes to our shores, then as now the land of promise to the benefices of fortune.

Queen Anne of England had promised free passage to America to those German who might emigrate thither. She expect of a few shipfuls of the exiles thereat, there are, was her constituent, and that of the generous London, when there came thousands thronged by the foreign invasion. History informs us that there were at one time fifty thousand German emigrants, poor, ignorant, and warworn, in London, awaiting an opportunity to embark for America. The hospitality of the English shall been universally accepted; of their too willing guests only twelve, thousand were carried across the Atlantic.

Such was the advent among us of the German element—an element worthy of our best and most earnest efforts for weal or woe. Since that in the coming man—the future citizen of Europe—to our American and individual whose day is perhaps a hundred years to the future—the German blood will "tell," and go far to make him what he will be.

The first German emigrants were, for obvious reasons, far beneath the German average in intellectual growth, both in the grade and position, for such men they can almost paupers to the country, the German who landed here to-day does not exceed a mere caves, come penniless. He comes gay rally with the ability to read and write, and with means sufficient to support himself until his family, if he has one, until his labor shall provide him with an income. Indeed, the German who comes to-day comes relatively independent. The first colony of Germans came as hewers of wood and drawers of water, the lowest of the low, the most ignorant of the ignorant, bearing to our forefathers the same relation that the Chinese do at present to our brothers on the Pacific Coast.

The richest man in New York city at the end of the seventeenth century was Jacob Leisler, a German, as was also—witness his name—Johann Peter Zenger, whose distinguished children in his day his trades on the English.

The great majority—it would not be far from the mark to say all—of our present population have come from the lower ranks, less than a quarter of a century, nine-tenths of a half have come from the artisan and labor classes, the other tenth from the middle classes, with an occasional baron or count—whom German and American alike declare to be generally "no count" thrown in by way of variety.

Owing partly to political and partly to other causes, the tide of German emigration assumed about the year 1848 a flow so strong as to be unprecedented, and up to the present time there has been no falling off in the numbers that land from Germany every year upon our shores. Statistics have not matured them at the yearly average of 100,000, of which twenty years. There are those German authorities who claim that the present population of Germany are Germans and their descendants, and, as the writer takes it, descendants in the first generation, and at least as much American as of born in Westphalia. In 1861 they claimed one-sixth of our entire population.

There are as many Germans in many of our large western cities as there are Americans, I know of it, and there are more. They are found scattered over the East, in the West, they are thick as autumn leaves, they cover the country and swarm in the city.

In American in language, un-American in education, to some extent an American in the church, socially, and in a degree religiously, located for in the northern, peopled, yet enslaved with all the traits of American citizens, American *de jure*, in fact, in a sense, *de facto*—they present an object of study, little, if not second to no other human creature. Not all of the American people are of German origin, but what they have contributed to the American character? What are the tendencies? What do they take from and what do they add? What are the tendencies? What are their future? What do they add to the population? Are they the absorbed into the American body? What are they in fact? What is the American character, and what?

The Germans in this country are carefully, as a rule, not to be their associates. It is sometimes objected to the form and to the herd together, but as we think, unjustly. What else could be expected of a people? Not fault with them for not becoming Americans in a day, in, to say the least very, no, bless the man, and with a generous, makes no allowance for the inevitable, and would go to law with our institutions, that?

The in quarters, and they have separate quarters in all large cities where they have settled in any numbers, are really distinguished, and could be as the other quarters of the town, so an aristocratic, so an American, so no pretending to their aristocracy.

There is no popular company, or society, support the largest number of saloons. They by them are produce the greatest number of drunkards.

The German as a people rarely are drunkards, and they doing so. Here, there, for children swarm. Here children scream and scow like shrieks, rush up lists of wood, over their fathers heavy, no, and grow from their dered and dressed. Here man and woman from the fountain nature intended they should be, and, let "nature be, eye to" and the nursery be like one nature. Here no effeminacy nor effeminacy in the women. Here the freedom of Europe is to be to earn his daily bread and the free grandeur of the man between school and work. Here men and women who know the value of a penny, men and children who are at the work, who and retail from the world, that the value of a penny, who earn a penny much, and spend it but a penny, who are willing to live on beer in frugal times and brown bread, and to pick those fragments to dress it, in fact, in the elements of self and are the stuff up those whom the children of America are to have to make the best of it. Them and those whose hands, or labor in the hands of those children in the west in the rising next of the West, in less than half a century, will, in a generation or so, have passed and with the wealth and influence of the great West, which in a few years will become more than half the continent—may be the wealth and influence of the whole country. In twenty ways the children of America are to have to thank God and a more Spartan life school than they are at present, and to, MORE of all their other virtues by which their fathers earned the compliment of yet a man that is not prince is preserved.

The stern earnest life of the young German is relieved by the virtues the willingness about him, economy, thrift, and industry, of which on a high degree the German is and has earned for them the sobriquet of the settlers.

The man works, teaches, is a wife and the women work, and work as hard, if not harder than the men, for the German although not of a subtle of romance, is far from believing that woman was made to be a commercial.

The German is apt to see at all, with his own countrymen. With them he will eat, and sing, and drink a glass of beer or wine, never of brandy or whisky, and as per chance he has been Americanized to that one particular, which sometimes happens. With American she is a mere reserved. He seems to feel that between him and them there is an impassable gulf. He only intercourse with them is of a business character, and of that even he has little to do. He keeps a whole nation, or a very large retail one, he may have a small number of American customers, all in a, but business relations are confined to the one of his own nationality. American as a people rarely find customers to their German fellow citizens, who in this kind of petty treason to the fatherland to patronize. Hence the German population have their own merchants, tailors, mechanics, dressmakers, and professional men.

It would not be hard to misinterpret the features of the German character. Its exhibition, however, should not be allowed to do so. Let the German of the American, he may love him very well, he loves his country more. And it is quite natural he should. All hail, one instance in a thousand of the effects of the moral chemical affinity of race.

[*Continued in our next issue.*]

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,

FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable companies:

Queen Ins. Co. of London	$[illegible]	Phoenix Ins. Co. of Philadelphia	$[illegible]
Aetna Ins. Co. of Hartford	[illegible]	Citizens' Ins. Co. of Pittsburgh	[illegible]
North Western Ins. Co. of St. Louis	[illegible]	Illinois Ins. Co. of Chicago	[illegible]
St. Paul Fire and Marine Ins. Co. of St. Paul, Minnesota	[illegible]	National Ins. Co. of Philadelphia	[illegible]
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PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents.

August 9. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 424 California St. Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $[illegible].

OFFICERS: John H. Kent, President. George H. Howard, Vice President. Charles Mayo, Secretary. N. D. Foley, Marine Secretary. H. H. Hall, Surveyor. Henry Coe, Manager. Henry Coe, San Francisco—John H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. H. Ferrigan, John H. Kittredge, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobart, M. Hartshorne, D. C. Broad, Wm. H. Moorhead, S. J. Hinckley, W. M. Greenwood, J. N. Bruce, Geo. S. Mann, Lyman Stewart, W. H. Stewart, Jas. Gallagher, Geo. Tourgrett, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling, Oregon Branch—J. Wasserman, H. Collier, H. L. F. Grover, D. Magee, C. H. Lewis, H. Jacobs, Geo. J. Crawford, D. J. Kennedy, Hannibal Boyd, Marysville—H. L. Lamb, Treasurer, Marysville—D. F. Speigel, San Diego—A. H. Wright, Secretary, Los Angeles—J. Bird Allen, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, J. Gas Weitzler, Julius Weitzler, Manager, F. Lowman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. B. Hewitt, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, A. M. Orr, W. J. Mecker, A. W. Shipman, A. T. Hudson, H. H. Lewis, H. H. Hewitt, Manager, A. M. Orr, Secretary. Sacramento Branch—D. T. Ellard, H. Barnes, Ralph Peters, A. Foster, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, S. Hayes, Noah Palmer, D. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 15.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE—UNION INS CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861—Nos. 410 and 418 California street, Exchange Hall, Merchants' Exchange. Assets, $[illegible] "Fair Dealing" Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Mark Hopkins, S. J. Lane, M. J. O'Connor, A. W. Montague, Dan. J. Meyer, Adam Grant, Antonio Rocha, Charles Keller, Joseph Seller, W. H. Talbot, J. Lansing Mizner, Sacramento, Nelson Little, Sutter Hawes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brannan, Antoine Tubbard, Edward Gibbs, Jacob Hick, J. T. Leonard, Meyer J. H. Baird, F. Lichtenberger. Sacramento—John Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, Ralph Roth. Marysville—J. Lupelkamp, Virgil Beck, J. Bongard, O. Henry Falling. New York—C. Little, Benjamin Ackerman, James Felan.

GUSTAVE TO CHARD, President. S. S. LITTLE, Vice President.

CHARLES D. HAYES, Secretary. GEO. T. DOBBS, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 204 California street, in Tolland's New Bank Building, North east corner California and battery streets, San Francisco. The Company transacts a GENERAL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates to be received with the Eastern Companies. Also, in the Life Department, the Company offers the insuring, while living, to be paid to the insured at the end of the term, or to his heirs in the event of his death, or for insuring, while living, to be paid to the insured at the end of the term, or to his heirs in the event of his death, the amount of the policy, with the profits thereon, to the insured, or his heirs, if he should die before the end of the term.

DIRECTORS—W. H. Jordan, Isaac Spencer, Jos. Lewis, Wright, W. H. Cummings, C. F. McDermott, James M. Barney, W. H. Jordan, A. W. Foster, Peter Donahue, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Lord Stevens, James Cable, F. Tuttle, W. H. Hogan, G. E. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. J. Freeman, N. D. Thayer, Jas. Phelan, Chas. Main.

C. W. KELLOGG, President.

H. G. HOWARD, Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take office the Phoenix Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from their office in California and Leidesdorff streets, to the office of the Pacific Fire Insurance Company, No. 424 California street, Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Pacific Coast. All the assets of the Company will be retained at their new agency, the newly appointed General Agent. The old Hartford has cash assets of $[illegible], and an experience of fifty years in the fire insurance business.

GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.

WM. MACKNIGHT, Agent. Nov. 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over Nine Million Dollars. The law in Massachusetts makes all its Policies non-forfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, distributing every dollar of surplus earnings among its policy holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Law.

DAVID W. PARSONS, General Agent.

April 23. N. E. Mutual Life Insurance Co., Post Block of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000. Annual Fire Premiums, [illegible]. Losses paid in cash.

No. 420 California street, San Francisco. Agents for California.

FALKNER, BELL & CO. Agents for California, No. 420 California street.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON

Established in 1803.—Capital $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.

FALKNER, BELL & CO. Agents for California, No. 420 California street. Feb. 8.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 304 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 15.

BRITISH COLUMBIA IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied free of charge, and Passages secured to any part of the Province, on application to the Agent of British Columbia, 314 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for receiving Advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for a insertion at our lowest rates. May 24.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—(Established, 1850.)

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 7.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free. (May 3.) Address, J. WORTH & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

JAS. H. HAM. PETERS & HAM, WM. H. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

F. O. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Forney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 3.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 312 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID EVERY SATURDAY, TO PERSONS ENGAGED IN THE RESERVE AND LEAGUE OF BUSINESS MEN THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co., Wm. York, Colonial & Co.
Amsterdam—H. p. & Co.
Antwerp—La Belgique.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—E. H. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co., Tilleas Turnell, Wayte, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. J. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Stanhope, Ed. Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lafarcadie & Fils, Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Marth, Dyre & Co., Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres, Jacques, Alexander & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—Geo. Gibbs, Esq., English Reading Room.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Pierson.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce, Carr, T. & C.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacture.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Buck & Co., A. Wilcant, Esq., Intendant Lai, Esq.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Duncan & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, Berenberg.
Havre—Quand Freres et Cie, Wanner, Langer & Co., C. Dobels & Co., Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. B. M. Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyd's, Commercial Bank of England, Bank of London, Barring Bros & Co., Henry, Davis & Co., F. K. Smith, H. P., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," new papers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co., Alsop & Co., Grace, Grimmitz & Co., Bates, Stokes & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Rendall, Liverpool Central Bank Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Uniao Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de Paula Heredia, Excmo. Senor Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co., Hospice La Laine & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co., Roche Fenbouil.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co., Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Laurier & Co., McCulloch, Sons & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Forbes, Hobbs & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.

SEPTEMBER.

Not the full richness of autumnal gladness,
Thine, the sunny one of decay and sadness,
Roses, not withered quite, yet all way fading,
Leaves, only edged about, with tint and shading;

Grapes, purpling on the amethystine cluster,
Not fully ripe, their highest tone of luster,
Juice-an sled fruits, on orchard boughs late swinging;
Still laden with the sweets, moist skies are bringing.

Pumpkins aspect open the slopes reclining,
Sit in, in low suns above haze-dimmed in shining;
Brooklets benefit of half their fret and babble,
Among the lichened rocks and pebbly rabble;

Oats, scented with the sale mown hay and clover,
No more to deck the fields, the Summer over.
The blighting's sorg has lost its wanted sweetness,
A twitter, now, the breath of its completeness.

Quiet the days, the cricket's note so cheery
Forbids the Bright of Winter, cold and dreary;
Death seems afar, and yet, before the morrow,
The scene may change, our waking be in sorrow.

For human lives often die in their September,
As calm and sweet, some of us well remember;
Happy are they to fade, when fade the roses,
Before the Autumn-tide its frost discloses,

Or, like the compelled grape of royal ardor—
Or full-ripe fruit—completed life to render.
Let us live wise, give both due thought and measure,
Then death will find o'ercome, our idle pleasure.

Springfield, Mass., September 1st. A. F. W.

THE MANUFACTURE OF LOCOMOTIVES IN THE MINES.

"The Australasian" of April 29th contains a very interesting report of the proceedings at a banquet given at Ballarat, in honor of the completion of the first locomotive manufactured in that town and in the colony of Victoria. It was manufactured by the Phoenix Foundry Company, who entered into a contract with the railway department for the supply of all the heavy goods engines and tenders, for the sum of £10,710. They have also entered into another contract to supply 15 locomotives and tenders for the light line of railway now in course of construction, the amount of the two contracts, £81,15. The engine, the original is described as being, in class known as six wheel coupled heavy goods engines, with inside cylinders, 16 inch diameter, the power, 160 nominal h. p. The materials for the 25 engines are imported in the raw state by the company. The only portions which they do not manufacture themselves are the wheels and axles, which the government find, the brass tubes for the boilers, and a few of the springs. A large number of the invited guests being residents of Melbourne, a special train, with accommodation for 400, was employed to convey them to Ballarat, a distance of 105 miles, 41 miles of which to Geelong took 1 hour 41 minutes, thence to Ballarat 55½ miles 1 hour 25 minutes—41 miles. The engine, weighed 30 tons, the tender 14 tons. The engine gave entire satisfaction. The chairman of the board of directors of the Phoenix Co., in response to the toast "Prosperity to the Company," said he had been connected with this company from the commencement. When it was formed, great only few men were employed. An arrangement was arranged, between labor and capital, which enabled the company to carry on in unity. He put labor first, because with it capital cannot exist. The men or rather men, were—were schools of art. When the profits of the undertaking were large enough, they gave handsome wages for the workmen, the proprietors drew a full rate of interest on the capital. Just so long as the work in the three months drawn only half wages, at the end of the month the balance sheet showed that there was one shilling pay full wages, then they gave full wages had been drawn on all occasions except two, since the company was formed. The cost of material imported was £20,000—the duty on which was £2,200—which sum the company had to pay £1,000 for freight to Ballarat, £1,000 more for present duty, which sum the expended and the profits made on the two circuits. When the engine shop was completed, no fear, left from would be able to compete fairly and squarely with the Phoenix Foundry Company. After this to government would dare to send out of the country for a locomotive. He was assured nothing could surpass the workmanship in this engine. There was but little ornament, the special one required to be. The government said it was to be in necessity. The company employed 130 hands, and what may, perhaps, possess most interest in California, is the fact that of the hands employed 60 to 70 are boys, two or three of them most not of "LANGLANDS" in Co. Kilda "Scotland." In Ballarat were furnished with employment in the foundry. But work took the lazzie out of them. Let education begin to the young, and let him have fair and reasonable means of obtaining employment, and we shall be their much of the cry of "Arbeiten Mangel." One of the boys were employed they had to be very part color, because if they ever so small a piece off, the part was marred, yet he has been informed that no parts had been but as die as marred. They must have been trained with the youngsters when they not read the manner in which they handed the machines. No public man who just carried his duty in doing any work of providing employment for the generation which was springing up in this country. The manager was daily besieged with applications from parents who wished to get their boys into the works. It was the duty of those who called to encourage children to make provision for the *employment* of the young, irrespective of what it might cost in the first instance.

THE DOOM OF SIR CLOUDESLEY SHOVEL.

In Traditions of Hearthside Stones of Cornwall, by William Bottrell, Truro, we have a tradition of the Isles of Scilly on Sir Cloudesley Shovel, who now lies in Westminster Abbey, and of his crew shipwrecked in 1707, as he neared the coast with his fleet from Toulon. There are many Cornish men of threescore years of age who believe the story now.

"The day before the Admiral's ship was wrecked, one of the crew, who was a native of Scilly, and who acquainted with the channel, represented to Sir Cloudesley that the course the ship was taking would bring her on Scilly rocks. The Admiral at this offer seemed displeased at the man's interference, and, because he persisted in urging that the ship's way was wrong, and would bring them to the shoal, Sir Cloudesley Shovel—rather an swearing, one might now think considered it proper to be hanged for insubordination and endeavoring to excite a mutiny. When the poor fellow was tied to the mast, preparatory to his being scourged, he took from the yard arm, he begged, as a last favor, that a psalm might be read before his execution.

His request being granted, he selected the 109th, and repeated certain imprecatory verses of it after the reader, and the last words he uttered were to the effect that Sir Cloudesley Shovel and those who saw him hanged should never reach the land alive. His body, shrouded in a hammock, with a shot to sink it, was cast into the deep, and soon the hard pall to the dying man or sentence. Shortly after, however, the sky, which had been cloudy all day, became much darker, black, leaden, clouds hung over it the fleet like a funeral pall, and the gale rose to a violent tempest. Then the hanged man's curse was dreaded, and not to the crew's consternation, the fleet became dismantled of its rigging, one shot floating near the doomed ship, which closely followed, with its fore turned towards her in all her varying course, through edging currents, until she struck on the Gilstone, where the hanged man went down with the ship and his messmates."

In the wreck of the Admiral's ship, the Association, and other vessels, 2,000 men are said to have perished. The Admiral, a body came ashore, and was recognized by the diamond ring on his finger. There is, by the way, a story of the Admiral falling a victim to the wreckers who lured the coast.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, Hall of Records, UNTIL WEDNESDAY, May 14, 1873, at 12 o'clock, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Supervisors of said city and county, as per Article 17 of the Legislature of the State of California, approved April 1st, 1872, and established upon Montgomery street in the city and county of San Francisco, to the call of "Montgomery Avenue," and to take private lands therefor, approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1874, and bear interest at the rate of [illegible] per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States and America.

The Act provides for a sinking fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of Montgomery Avenue, and to the amount of $1,240,[illegible], as ascertained and settled by decree of the Court, on the 16th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five million of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and in the proceeds of a formerly sale leaving to be provided for the balance of [illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the amount of their assessed damages.

Bidders are will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, and the amount desired, and the bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made in terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, in sealed envelopes, properly stamped, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
HENRY E. ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

April 12.]

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon on the day, San Francisco, and the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. HENRY E. ASHBURY, Auditor. May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor B. The main ingredient of Prince's Mineral Physeptic was prepared by Mr. Mary Ballenger, of Mackintosh, Lanarkshire, widow of William Mackie, the same lady whose cow gave the Mineral Spring, which gave the Physeptic its name. Kathairon is a Greek word, signifying to cleanse, purify, and invigorate, or restore. The favorable reception of the preparation by the public, induced the proprietor to add to it the qualities of a perfumed hair dressing. It recommended it to the public as a preparation for the hair, and gave it the name of Kathairon. It was sold by the proprietor for three years from the death of Professor B. The late firm of Lyon and Dowsing, in the meantime, had established a very extensive business in the sale of the Kathairon, and, after the death of Professor B., they purchased the right of the widow, and, that if she or they failed to pay, Mr. Ballenger, as Trustee, will pay the amount of the legacy to the other two during their lives. Mr. Lyon, the surviving partner, has had the Kathairon manufactured in Edinburgh, and has sole right to the use of the name, and is sole proprietor of the Kathairon. The Kathairon is now sold by all Druggists and Country Stores at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.

A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. It also removes all Freckles and Pimples, leaves no dark or unsightly spots. Delicious as a Toilet Luxury, it should be in every family. It cures Sunburn, and by its use the face matches the fair hands and arms. Ladies who have used it pronounce it the most delicate and beautiful of all cosmetics. Sold by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. April 12.

NOTICE

**The late David Balderston, of 49 Regent street, Greenock, having by his will dated the 1st day of July, 1872, bequeathed to Mrs. Mary Ballenger, of Mackintosh, widow of William Mackie, the same lady whose cow gave the Mineral Spring, which Professor B. made use of in the preparation of his Physeptic, a legacy of £1,000 sterling, payable to her on the 1st day of February, 1874, and the said Mrs. Mary Ballenger, or, in the event of her death, the heirs of her body, the said Mrs. Mary Ballenger, or, in the event of her death, the said Mrs. Mary Ballenger, or, in the event of her death, the said Mrs. Mary Ballenger, or, in the event of her death

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

American Drinks.—The following, says a correspondent of the *Glasgow Herald*, is a verbatim copy of the liquor card hung up in one of the largest hotels at Longbranch, United States:

TIME CARD OF DRINKS.

Eye Opener	6 A. M.	Delayed, No. 1	3 P. M.
Refresher	6 "	Social Drink	4 "
Double Header, No. 1	6 30 "	Invigorator	5 "
Appetiser	7 "	Double Header, No. 2	5 30 "
Digester	8 "	Solid Straight	6 "
Big Reposer	9 "	Accommodation	7 "
Stimulator and Lunch	10 to 3 "	Fancy Smile	8 "
Talker	12 M "	Pleasant Talk	9 "
Mixed Special	12 30 P. M.	Sparkler	10 "
Settler	1 "	Rouser	11 "
Lightning Express, No. 1	1 "	Nightcap	12 "

Floaters Free.

N. B.—Wild or irregular drinkers will keep out of the way and off the time of the regular customers. Passengers by late 'bus carefully forwarded home by Wheelbarrow Express.

Apropos of claimants, history tells us that one day during the reign of the Chinese Emperor Woo, a gentlemanly young man, dressed in imperial yellow and seated in a sedan chair covered with the same material, presented himself at the gate of the capital, and, in reply to the questions of the officer on guard, announced himself to be the eldest son of the late Emperor, whose death had been publicly proclaimed and bewailed some years before. The news of the arrival of this illustrious stranger spread like wildfire through the city, and the mandarins hastened to seek an audience, that they might offer their allegiance to their rightful sovereign. One of their number, however, more astute than the rest, took with him a pair of handcuffs and a detachment of police, and on entering the pseudo-Imperial presence, walked straight to the gentlemanly young man, and, instead of joining in the general kotow, fastened the manacles on his wrists and handed him over to his followers. His next proceeding was to introduce him to the torture-chamber in his Yamun, and there, we are told, the sight of the various instruments hanging from the wall produced a visible effect on the claimant, who, after some slight hesitation, acknowledged that far from having any right to the Imperial yellow, he was the son of poor parents, and that he had been induced to personate the late heir apparent by reason of the strong likeness which he bore to him. This confession was duly reported to the Emperor Woo, who, after careful consideration, ordered the adventurous young man to be cut into ten thousand pieces.

The Rangoon correspondent of the London Times gives some particulars of the capture by the Chinese of the Panthay cities Talifoo and Momien. Talifoo, he says, appears to have succumbed in February last to an army of 200,000 Chinese, who invested it for some months before it finally fell. The treachery of a Panthay officer at length enabled the Chinese army to enter between the outer fortifications and the town itself, and from this time the investment became complete, and the days of Talifoo were numbered. The Chinese general is said to have led Soleiman to believe that if he surrendered himself the town and population would be spared. At any rate Soleiman poisoned his three wives and all his children, and then, having entered his palanquin, ordered his bearers to convey him to the Chinese camp. But he must have taken poison before he started, for upon arrival at the camp his dead body was found in the palanquin. The Chinese general decapitated the body, and sent the head preserved in honey to Peking. All his attendants who had come out with him, besides another embassy that appeared later to treat for surrender, were beheaded, and eventually the city was entered at the end of February last, and every Mohammedan man, woman and child remorselessly massacred. A Panthay's idea of numbers is hardly trustworthy, but there is every reason to believe that between 40,000 and 50,000 people were killed. After the taking of Talifoo, the victorious army marched for Momien, and taking all the smaller towns in their way, finally stormed Momien on May 25th, and massacred those who were not fortunate enough to get away.

We have frequently called the attention of our readers in the interior to the great value of alfalfa as a most productive and remunerative crop. Its yield per acre is really immense, and can be harvested, on an average, three times per year. It is the most nutritious clover grass ever sown. In Kern County the farmers are very active in its production, and the *Courier*, of Bakersville, calls for renewed exertion. That journal says that "land is now offered for rent to suit parties, on easy terms." It is well known that the *News Letter* is the avowed opponent of all agrarian schemes, communistic dodges, and like both, which threaten to disturb the natural law governing capital and labor. We believe in doing everything in a solid and substantial way, and have not failed to denounce the custom already too prevalent in this State of land renting. If the Bakersville paper had said that land was for *sale* instead of for *rent* on easy terms, we believe that every California and every family not intending to come to California would find Kern County much more attractive. It is not the nature of the Anglo-Saxon to be a serf, and we are not afraid to avow that a mere "renter" takes but little more interest in the soil than a serf. Let the great land owners offer their estates for sale at reasonable prices by the fifty, one hundred, or two hundred acres, to actual settlers, and we warrant that there will be no lack of substantial immigrants. Then will the raising of alfalfa be as a gold mine, and other crops likewise. This is good "horse sense," divested of all poetry.

A remarkable instance of presence of mind occurred in New Zealand a short time ago. Two young men were fencing, when by an unlucky stroke, one of them had his left eye forced out upon his cheek. In his agony he ran to some friends and begged them to return the eye to its socket "before it got cold," but finding that his friends were too scared to help him, he walked to a mirror and actually put his eye back himself. He then drank two glasses of brandy, and lay quiet for three days. Afterwards he went about his ordinary avocations; I saw him yesterday, and he told me that, barring a little indistinctness of vision in the extruded eye, he suffered no inconvenience. He is a very temperate young man, and I wondered at his notion of brandy as a specific, and am inclined to believe that it might have induced inflammation.

Livingstone is heard from again. A Paris dispatch reports the arrival in that city of Mr. Starnes, the English traveler, who has been roaming around in Central Africa, where he had the pleasure of meeting Dr. Livingstone in June, parting from him so recently as the 1st of July. Mr. Starnes reports the doctor in perfect health, but the dispatch gives no information as to how much longer he expected to stay in Africa.

St. Peter's Pence.—According to the *Corriere di Milano*, the volunteer contributions to the Pope during the eight years from 1861 to 1868 are expressed by the following figures in round numbers: 1861, 14,000,000f.; 1862, 9,500,000f.; 1863, 7,000,000f.; 1864, 600,000f.; 1865, 6,500,000.; 1866, 6,000,000f.; 1867, 11,250,000f.; 1868, 11,000,000f. or a total specie alone of 71,200,000f. (£2,841,000).

The English Court of Aldermen, after a thorough investigation, have concluded that the charges of bribery against the wardens of Newgate in connection with the plot for the escape of the Bank of England forgers are unfounded. The Americans who were arrested for an attempt to bribe have been discharged, and the wardens restored to their posts.

A Boa-Constrictor, which constituted one of the side shows at the State Fair at Rutland, Vermont, recently escaped one night, and was not discovered until three days after, when he was found beneath a pile of papers in Floral Hall, where he had slumbered all that time, while the hall was visited by thousands, unaware of his snakeship's proximity.

The Daily Mining News has stopped, or, as its editor expresses it, has dropped anchor. We hope they have not dropped coin as well. All the news hitherto given in the daily will now appear in the *Mining and Scientific Press*, published on Friday.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, label, stopper and bottle. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps. Chemically prepared [illegible] Joyce's Gas Tight Cartridges, for Pin Fire and Central Fire Breech-loading Guns. Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. 1.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta: Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Budgett & Hughes; Umballa and Mofan Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, &c. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London: "So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 60 cents, $1 40, and $2 25, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them; anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s. 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. "SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S LOZENGES OR CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well-known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.
Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & Co., corner Battery and Clay sts, San Francisco.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and keeping its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

MARAVILLA COCOA

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 10.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles Jacot Watches, Carter, Hawkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Company's Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Makers' and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS IN CITIES THROUGHOUT THE WORLD

New York—Chamber Commerce, Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel, Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Allianca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alfaro.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Landa; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamolz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Boeman & Co, Jardine, Matheson & Co, Dent & Co, Russell & Co, Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Matheson & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS

BELGIUM—Consul General—S. Morhange, Grand Hotel. Consul, L. Greiner, N. W. cor. Broadway and Sansome.
CHILI—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanueva, U. S. Court Building. Consul—H. Barroilhet, 324 Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California street.
ECUADOR—Consul—Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice Consul.
GUATEMALA—Consul General—Leslie C. Hanks, 304 California.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul—C. A. C. Dresel, [illegible] Sacramento.
GREECE—Consul—(Vacant.)
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front.
HONDURAS—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 702 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooke. Acting Consul—Horace D. Dunn.
MEXICO—Consul—Manuel Aspiroz, 428 California street.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, 415 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—Consul-General—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S. W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—F. de la Fuentene y Subirat, Lick H'se.
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Bertoon. Vice Consul—H. Laidley, Swiss-American Bank.
SPAIN—Consul—Camilo Martin, 625 California street.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 1 Battery street.
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—R. Morales, [illegible] Washington st.
TURKEY—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. Baum, 510 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss American Bank.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—J. Moecke, 421 California street.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

PEACE IN THE BINDERY.

[BY PELEG ARKWRIGHT.]

Mary Ellen, where's that baby gone to sleep, the little rogue?
What a blessin' 'tis to parents babies ever come in vogue,
But it's not considerate of 'em just to eat and go to sleep,
When their Pa's desires to see 'em; come, now, I must have one peep
At the little chunk o' beauty—what a trump the young 'un is!
'Fraid I'll wake him? Have to risk it: Pop has got to have his kiss.
Don't you know the reason, Mary, why my heart is full to-night?
'Cause it's just two years ago since we was hitched together tight.

Here's a little bunch o' flowers, fix 'em on your bosom true,
Bought 'em 'cause this little rose-bud quite reminded me of you;
Don't you mind, I always said, since our courtin' first begun,
That, if ever there was any female rose-buds, you was one?
Where's my slippers? Trot 'em out, and let's have supper piping hot—
Ah! But that smells appetizing, something nice I guess you've got.
Brought the last concluding number of "The Pirate's Bloody Dirk,"
Which I'll read it to you, blossom, when you once sit down to work.

Who'd a-thought it, years ago, that seen me workin' like a bee,
A feedin' of the rollin' pens and wishin' they was feedin' me,
That, within a few brief summers, winters, too, to be exact,
I should be a boss myself, a-boastin' cheerful of the fact,
An' who'd a-thought to seen us two, the time we had that awful breeze,
That we'd ever run together, close as double rollin' Ie,
Without any blots or scratches, straight as lines was ever seen,
Till, all fair and even-like, a little rule struck in between.

It has been almost too jolly, these two easy goin' years,
And it sometimes comes across me with a suddint rush o' fears,
That it cannot always be so—'taint like common human life,
For to jog along so peaceful, without any troubles, wife.
Look at this here small apartment, cosey, warm, and comfortin';
Look at you, so smart and handsome—there, I knowed I'd fetch a grin;
Look at that 'ere infant Johnson, Johnny Andrew, sleepin' sound—
Well, I s'pose the secret of it's 'cause we're healthy all around.

Speakin' of our comforts, Mary, somehow calls to mind again
That 'ere ugly breeze aforesaid—things wa'n't quite so lovely then;
When that Almira Jenkins wriggled in 'twixt you and me.
Horrid thing! I s'pose so, but she was a comely one to see.
Knowed it! Yes, of course she knowed it, played it off like blazes, too,
For she see that you and me was goin' to make a match, true blue;
And it riled her female instincts, set her up to do her worst—
I believe that pairin' gals would kill each other if they darst.

So she went for me bald-headed; it's a fact I thereby learned—
Most men is constructed feeble, far as women is concerned,
If a hen that is extra handsome gets to foolin' round a man,
She can always start his stuffings, it seems a part of nature's plan.
Well, I didn't mean no damage, but I s'pose I showed up weak,
And the gal was double-shotted to develop my soft streak;
But I hadn't no idea of it's partin' you and me,
Till that untimely noon-spell, when you up and mittened me.

Then the bad in me riz up, and come out hot and fierce and strong;
A infirmity of temper buckled in to help it 'long;
I had bogus pride sufficient not to show how much it hurt;
But I wasn't man enough to shake the scheming, heartless flirt,
For I thought that you despised me, and I meant to show that I
Was as gay and chirk as ever, but it was a livin' lie.
Oh! it cut me cruel, Mary, made my work a weary load;
Blew ambition up a flume, and shoved me on the downward road.

And I s'pose I should have flummixed the fastest way I could devise,
If good luck or a good angels hadn't opened my two eyes,
Till I saw that you was pining, drooping, fading sorrowful,
And one day I ketched you lookin' right at me—your eyes was full—
Then I wakened. Thought I'm in hole—snaked around behind by stealth
Took a hold and hugged you darling, kissed you back to life and health.
Since which time, I would observe, that blessings seems to fill our cup.
Let us thank the Lord, my Mary—hello, baby's wakin' up!

AERONAUTIC.

The Export Mercantile Advertiser and British Prices Current has the following: The *Scientific American* of the 26th of July contains an excellent engraving of M. Dupuy de Lowe's great aerial ship, with an interesting description of the machine, accompanied with diagrams, and an account of the ascent from the Fort of Vincennes in February 1872. We must refer our readers interested in the matter to the article in question for particulars, but would simply draw their attention to the fact that whilst M. de Lowe's improvement on old fashioned balloons, for invention it cannot be called, is included in every point in the California Avitor, this latter goes much farther than the Frenchman, and has more effectually solved the problem of aerial propulsion. In the three principal points where M. de Lowe has deviated from his predecessors, namely, envelope, propeller and rudder he has but partially succeeded, in the construction of the California Avitor. He changed the spherical shape of his balloon to that of an elongated cylinder, a long car suspended from it was propelled by a screw of two blades, worked by hand power, whilst at the rear of the car a rudder was a triangular steering apparatus. In the California machine all these three organs are employed, but, in addition, the Inventor uses power given by planes acting on the air to bring into play, and it is this system of planes which not only completely distinguishes our Avitor from any other aerial machine, but at the same time gives it the power of independent, arbitrary movement which no other aerial machine possesses. We regret that the writer in the *Scientific American* did not give the speed or force of the wind at the time of M. de Lowe's ascension. We can only surmise from descriptions that it was nearly calm, for we find that, after making many graceful evolutions—which, from the nature of its construction, could only be performed in still weather—the car was subsequently at an elevation of 1,800 feet, with the screw making twenty-five revolutions a minute, only progressing at the rate of two-fifths of a mile per minute. The natural wind driven direction of the machine must have been east, for we find that the steering apparatus enabled the aeronauts to go either in a northeasterly or southeasterly direction. This deviation from the hitherto involuntary course of balloons is a great step gained, but cannot in the least be compared to the superior properties of the Avitor. The grand principle of the Avitor is to do away as much as possible with the sustaining power of hydrogen gas, and to subst tute in its place mechanical force. Such power acting on planes extending on each side of the machine enables it to sail against the wind, as well as allows the wind to assist it in its course, and everything gained by dynamic force over simply sustaining elementary power is so much gained in the rapid advance towards the locomotion of the future. Our Californian Avitor is not dead, nor even dormant. Every year—nay, every month—hastens the beginning of the end. The construction of a steam engine, combining power and lightness is the present desideratum. That once determined, the rest is easy, and the day is not far distant when the complete air ship, constructed on the model exhibited in San Francisco with so much success, will cease to be a wonder in men's eyes, and become accepted as an every-day necessity for the purpose of travel. Mr. Wise's projected trip across the Atlantic is simply an immense balloon, availing itself of a supposed current of air flowing in one direction, which, if arrived at will enable the navigators to land in the Old World.

A man in New York has a watch which he claims has gained time enough to pay for itself in six months.

Book-keeping may be taught in a single lesson of three words—"Never lend them."

ORIGIN OF A FAMILIAR LINE.

A correspondent of Harper's Bazaar writes that the oft-quoted line, "Though lost to sight, to memory dear," originated with Ruthven Jenkyns, and was first published in the *Greenwich Magazine for Marines*, in 1701 or 1702. As a literary curiosity, we quote the whole poem:—

"Sweetheart, good-bye! that flutt'ring sail
Is spread to waft me far from thee,
And soon before the fav'ring gale
My ship shall bound upon the sea.
Perchance, all desolate and forlorn,
These eyes shall miss you many a year;
But unforgotten every charm—
Though lost to sight, to mem'ry dear.

"Sweetheart good-bye! one last embrace!
O cruel fate! two souls to sever!
Yet in this heart's most sacred place
Thou, thou alone, shalt dwell forever.
And still shall recollection trace
In Fancy's mirror, ever near,
Each smile, each tear, that form, that face—
Though lost to sight, to mem'ry dear."

[The public here and in England have been puzzling their brains for a long time as to who "Ruthven Jenkyns" was, and when and where the *Gentleman's Magazine for Marines* was published. We are happy to say we can explain the mystery, as a correspondent (see below) was the originator of the joke—a joke which seems to have been taken, in not only the man it was intended for but by the "savans" of America and Europe—ED.]

"THOUGH LOST TO SIGHT, TO MEMORY DEAR."

Editor News Letter:—A few months since, an inquiring young friend of the writer requested him to furnish the origin of the line above quoted; accordingly a note was written, stating that the line occurred in a poem originally published in the *Gentleman's Magazine for Marines*, in the year 1701 or 1702, the author being Ruthven Jenkyns. The mingling of the patrician and plebeian names, combined with the contribution to the *Marines*, was supposed by him to have sufficiently stamped the affair as a harmless fabrication, and, as far as he was concerned, was soon not only "lost to sight," but even to "memory." It has somehow crept into print, and not only appeared in many American papers, but also in England, the London *Illustrated News* instituting a search at the British Museum, but finding neither the name of Ruthven Jenkyns among the authors, nor the *Magazine for Marines* among the periodicals. Your paper having a large circulation in England as well as America, please have the goodness to publish this, so that the searchers in pursuit of the *truthful origin* can recommence their labors.
SAN FRANCISCO, September 23, 1873. G.

THE VIRTUES OF WHISKY.

We commend the following to the notice of our whisky drinking readers: The following curious extract from Hollinshed's *Chronicles*, 1577, will be of interest to the advocates of whisky as a therapeutical agent of great power:—"There is used an ordinary drinke of *aqua vitæ*, so qualified in the making that it dryeth more and inflameth lesse than other hot confections. One Theoricus (*Epist. Hermenensis juxta Bononiam*) wrote a proper treatyse of *Aqua Vitæ*, wherein he prayseth it to the ninth degree. He distinguisheth three sorts thereof—*simplex, composita*, and *perfectissima* . . . *Beying moderately taken*, sayeth he, it sloweth age; it strengtheneth youth; it helpeth digestion; it cutteth fleume; it abandoneth melancholie; it relisheth the harte; it lighteneth the mynd; it quickneth the spirites, it cureth the hydropsie, it healeth the strangury, it pounceth the stone; it repelleth gravel; it puffeth awai ventositie; it kepyth and preserveth the hed from whyrling—the eyes from dazelyng—the tongue from lispyng—the mouthe from snafflyng—the teethe from chatteryng—the throte from rattlyng—the wesen from stieflyng—the stomache from wamblyng—the harte from swellyng—the belie from wirtchyng—the guts from rumblyng—the hands from shiueryng—the sinowes from shrinkyng—the veynes from crumplyng—the bones from akyng—the marrow from soakyng . . . *And truly it is a soueraigne liquor, if it be orderlie taken.*"

NEW FIRM.

San Francisco, Sept. 1st, 1873.—The undersigned beg leave to inform you that they have established themselves in the MERCHANT TAILORING BUSINESS, at 536 Montgomery st. (in the New Building corner of Clay). C. STALLMAN has just returned from New York, where he was engaged in the Fashionable Tailoring Business for eight years, and having formerly been at 424 Montgomery street in this city, in Tailoring, for eleven years, he hopes his many friends will kindly remember him. H. BRUGGEMAN has for the last ten years been cutter at Mr. J. Rosenberg's and flatters himself to be favorably known to the public. The new firm starts with a large and well assorted stock of the latest novelties in French and English COATINGS, FANCY CASSIMERES, SUITINGS, Etc. Confident of giving the fullest satisfaction to our patrons by the excellence of our stock, by reasonable prices, and by the fashionable style in which we propose to cut and manufacture, we request the favor of an early visit and remain,
Very Respectfully Yours, STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,
Sept 13. Merchant Tailors, 536 Montgomery street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That Mrs. Bridget Keating, of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, wife of Dennis Keating, intends to make an application to the County Court of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, on the 13th day of October, A. D. 1873, at the September term of said court, for an order of said court permitting her to carry on business in her own name and on her own account, pursuant to title 12 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California, providing for married women to become sole traders. The business she intends to carry on is that of keeping and conducting a boarding and lodging house, in the City and County of San Francisco. BRIDGET KEATING.
Dated San Francisco, Sept. 9, 1873. [Sept. 13.] M. COONEY, Att'y for Applicant.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes, fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by rail, all the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 631 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 9.] AUARD, FOULKES & CO., 413 Front street.

WANTED,

By a middle aged lady of respectability (a widow) a situation as housekeeper in a small family, or as nurse and attendant to an invalid or sick nurse. Good references can be given. Has no objection to going into the country. Address MATRON, at this office. July 12.

NOTICE.

Dr. A. J. Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 623 Clay street. Office Hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Sept. 27.

TAXPAYERS', LIBERAL REFORM AND DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE

For Judge Nineteenth District Court......E. D. Wheeler. Aug. 23.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan 4 No. 603 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

ART NOTES.

Most of our artists have returned from their Summer wanderings, and are hard at work on commissions, or preparing for the forthcoming exhibition. Hill has in hand two upright, round topped views of Yosemite, which will, when finished, adorn the residence of one of our prominent bankers. One of them is from Glacier Point; the other from Indian Cañon. Both give that idea of vastness, grandeur, and distance which are conspicuously absent in most photographs and three parts of the paintings of Yosemite. The first-named is almost Turner-esque in character, but not at all *Turner-like*. This distinction will be appreciated by those who know the sometime vagaries of the great English artist. Hill has some of his best characteristics, and none of his "worser" ones. Marple has in progress two excellent scenes on the Sacramento River; that with evening effect is almost worthy of Claude himself. In the Post street gallery there are several pictures on view worthy of note, including three pleasing landscapes by Harry Young. Denny has made a new departure: he has forsaken the sea *pro. tem.*, and has painted a really charming landscape, the "Source of the Walhalla River, Mendocino County." In style, it is somewhat after the French school. Comparisons are not always odious: this little work would not have disgraced Calame. In the same gallery we noted a charming portrait of a young lady of this city, by Mr. Jorgensen, the Danish artist. He has succeeded in producing a work which combines finish and detail with *character*. The first qualities are common enough, but are rarely combined with the latter: Mr. Jorgensen's portraits are studies. The drapery, etc., is also admirable. Niles, on Kearny street, exhibits a very fresh, true picture by Keith, the subject of which is "Mount Shasta from the head waters of the Sacramento." It has been purchased by J. J. Hayes, Esq. The picture of Mount Lyell, by the same artist, recently in the same gallery, has been added to the collection of A. K. P. Harmon, Esq.

San Francisco has reason to be proud of her photographers, and we have also some excellent artists here who devote their time to working up their productions in crayon, oil or water color. Foremost among them certainly stands Scott Tidball. We have had the pleasure of inspecting several crayon portraits by this artist, one of which is to be forwarded shortly to Japan. It is a capital likeness of the young Prince Ajama, the adopted heir of the Mikado. He has also a portrait of Tom Hill, the artist, and a larger one of a lady of this city, all remarkable for artistic finish, and pleasing, life-like expression.

We are sorry to be obliged to chronicle the death, at Santa Barbara, of Oregon Young, an artist of the greatest promise, of whose pictures we recently wrote in terms of praise. Some half dozen of them are still on view at Niles' Gallery; the whole collection has been purchased by Senator J. P. Jones of Nevada. Oregon Young had only recently come among us, and his works were but just commencing to attract the notice they deserved.

At the last meeting of the Art Association the following gentlemen were elected life members: Messrs. G. W. Prescott, W. C. Burnett, Michael Reese, Louis Livingstone, Henry Payot, Abraham Seligman, A. Roman, E. C. Dewey, S. P. Dewey and G. W. Gibbs. Mr. Joseph Mezzara of Paris, brother of the sculptor—that is to say our sculptor—was elected an honory member, in recognition of his untiring efforts while acting as agent for the Art Association, in regard to the donation of casts generously presented by the French Government. These casts, many of them of large size, are now expected to arrive daily. They were shipped via the Horn, and will be set up immediately on arrival, thus forming a permanent attraction at the Art Association Rooms.

A portrait of Miss Minnie Walton appears in the last number of the New York *Clipper*. It is not libelous to the extent of more than five or six years—in fact, is a little above the average of the *Clipper's* portraits. It is taken from one of Taber's statuesque pictures.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

Alhambra Theater.—*The Flower Girls of Paris*, as presented by the Galton and Lee Troupe, has drawn remarkably good houses during the week. Good singing, fair acting, and most magnificent scenery combined to make the hodge podge operetta exceedingly passable. Miss Susan Galton as "Marton, the flower girl with a voice, sang as freshly, chirpingly, and sweetly as ever. Her stage artlessness was delightful, and her little trips and runs both vocal and pedal even more so. Miss Jennie Lee played the strong minded market woman, "Javotte," as fiercely as a bantam. A dot of a woman in very thick socks, *sabots*, and a fluffy wig, boldly leading her *conscurs* to the king for redress of wrongs is a marvelous spectacle of spirit rising superior to body. Her appreciation of the character in all its details is undoubtedly good, as is the singing of the song "Lady, look down below." She is a little actress of education and intelligence above the ordinary. Blanche Ellerman, as "Mlle de Volange," showed to better advantage than heretofore. A mezzo-soprano voice of more cultivation than power is her chief attraction. Her husband, Mr. J. A. Arnold, as the "Marquis de Volange," acts and sings well. His full-toned, rich baritone voice and good figure affording about equal pleasure to lovers of tone and lovers of form. The admirers of the latter quality mercifully close their eyes when Mr. Kelleher sings. This gentleman sings with more care than effect, which leaves nothing to his discredit. John Howson, as the jealous "Isidore," is, indeed, funny. The wooden soldier of the republic is eclipsed. Mr. Robinson makes a good "Duboise," and the chorus is rather weaker than usual. We wish some one would smother that barbaric drummer in the orchestra.

California Theater.—As Mr. Wilkie Collins has, *ex cathedra*, decided that the version of *The New Magdalen* presented by Miss Carlotta Le Clercq is "the only true and original dramatization of his very successful novel, as most of the playgoers of this city have seen Miss Pateman in Le Roy's unlawful (?) (*i.e.* piratical) adaptation, and as quite as many playgoing citizens have seen Miss Le Clercq as a very plump "Galatea," it is not to be wondered at that good audiences have filled the pleasant seats of the California this week. Miss Le Clercq makes a most comfortable looking Magdalen, the world's cares and frowns seem to have touched the erring one very lightly. In plain English Miss Le Clercq is physically unsuited for her present character. But on the other hand, her acting was such as to atone for the unsuitability above mentioned. Dramatic force and fine portrayal of varying passions are quite as much the lady's attributes as a Junonesque amplitude of figure. Mr. McCullough will persist in reminding his audience of Faust's gentle friend from below. His "Julian Gray" was an awful parson with strong touches of the silent "old man" peeping out. Mr. Barton Hill donned a light wig and gave "Horace Holmcroft," the war correspondent, so faithfully as to receive plaudits in the shape of most marked signs of dislike. The audience forgot Barton Hill and flouted the "mean man" he personated. Miss Graham, as "Grace Roseberry," shared the same fate in a sweet home, and Mrs. Judah as "Lady Janet Roy," presented the unyielding, proud, kind hearted patrician, with that admirable regard to naturalness which always characterizes Mrs. Judah's impersonations.

Gray's Opera House.—The engagement of Miss Fanny Cathcart and Mr. George Darrell is, we sincerely trust, the inauguration of better things at this neat little theater. A mistake has been made in presenting *The Woman in Red*, a play in which Miss Cathcart was to make a success. It is not fitted either to show her capabilities or those of the company to the best advantage. Miss Cathcart is a good actress, and we hope that in *Dark Deeds* the talented husband and wife will present us with something above the ordinary blood and thunder and whisky pays served out with such mistaken liberality to the patrons of Ellis's Opera House. But the tale is suspicious. Mr. Darrell, when in the colonies, most ably supported the late Walter Montgomery in all his engagements.

Woodward's Gardens always abound in attractions, but this week Mr. Woodward has provided a sensation which will have the effect of making Harry Andrews wish he had four hands with which to gather in the silver harvest. Chas. Weightman, known as "Natator, the Man Fish," will present a daily exhibition of his wonderful amphibious faculties. This strange creature eats, drinks and smokes under water, as if that were his natural element. The performance is said to be something marvelous.

There will be a very select "Moonlight Party" given next Tuesday evening, at "The Villa," corner of Sixth Avenue and Fulton street, Golden Gate Park. To insure this party being respectable, etc., tickets admitting gentleman and lady, including supper, will be $5. A few can be had at this office. Only a limited number will be disposed of.

ITALIAN OPERA.

Manager Mancusi called upon the public to subscribe to another season of opera, promising a succession of fresh novelties, and the public joyfully answered the call. On Monday, the last night of the first series, closed with *Un ballo en Maschera*, which had been so much admired the week previously that the management, contrary to the rule laid down, was induced to consent to its repetition. The house was crowded. Signora Visconti was in capital voice, Madame Stales confirmed the impression she made as "Oscar," Mancusi was magnificent, and Verati, though slightly hoarse at the beginning, came out splendidly in the brilliant finale. Wednesday was an off night. *Faust* had been announced, and withdrawn, with *Lucrezia Borgia* substituted. It was also the day of Atonement. The consequence was that the usual full house was lacking. Mancusi played the Duke as only he can play and dress it, both excellently well. Of Signora Visconti's "Lucrezia," we have already spoken. It is a character that suits her admirably, as that of "Gennaro" does for Verati.

Last night was virtually the first of the new season, and the public thronged to hear *Faust*. The cast was remarkably strong. La Visconti, as "Marguerite;" Mancusi, as "Mephistopheles;" Verati, "Faust;" Orlandini, "Valentine;" and Signora Francini, as "Siebel." With such a force it is not to be wondered at that the crowded audience were delighted beyond measure.

As was to be expected from the careful preparation, the opera was put on the stage as correctly as we have ever seen it in San Francisco. Mancusi was in splendid voice, and the scene at the end of the second act, where the sword cross is are shown to "Mephistopheles," was a gem of histrionic art. Signora Visconti looked the "Marguerite" as well as she sang it, and Signora Francini surprised us by her superb singing in "Siebel." Sperall identified himself in "Faust," and Orlandini did full justice to "Valentine." The chorus was well filled and excellent. The programme for next week will be—Monday, *Traviata*; Wednesday, *Martha*; and on Friday Ricci's sparkling *Crì Crì Dura Vinci*.

In our last week's notice of the splendid work of art at Messrs. Bradley & Rulofson's Gallery, "Governor Booth and his Staff," we incorrectly stated that Mr. Max Bachert was the artist, whereas all the well-merited praise is due to Mr. Oscar Kunath. Mr. Kunath has studied his art in the first German schools, and arrived here about five months ago. Only they who know the difficulties under which Mr Kunath labored in the completion of this picture can appreciate its esthetic character and the patient devotion of the artist to his task. We can hardly regret our blunder, as it was the means of our becoming personally acquainted with Mr. Kunath, and of passing an agreeable half hour in his society. At the same time, we must do justice to Mr. Bachert, who was as anxious as ourselves to bestow the praise where it was due, and who is so popular and capable in his peculiar branch in this great photographic establishment.

In an ancient MS. recently discovered whilst grading Telegraph Hill, it was found that the nectar so often sung by the poets as being the beverage of the jolly old gods, was nothing more nor less than the far-famed Napa Soda, which can be had in any quantities at the depot, 18½ Geary street. And when we consider its bright, sparkling, refreshing and never-to-be-equaled qualities, our estimation of the good taste of the aforementioned jovial deities increases ten fold.

Miss Sarah Miles, we presume a young lady of color, makes her debut before a San Francisco audience on Thursday, the 9th. She has long been studying diligently under Prof. Evans, who has found her to be possessed of a superb voice. She will be assisted entirely by colored artists—not burnt cork—and her first appearance is eagerly looked forward to by musicians and music lovers.

PLATT'S NEW MUSIC HALL.—GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.

Under the management of Signor G. Mancusi.—Grand Orchestra. Full and Efficient Chorus. SIG. A. SPADINA, Director of Orchestra. F. E. RITTER, Leader of Chorus. Sunday—Extra Opera Night. Popular prices. Regular Opera Nights Monday, Wednesday and Friday. Monday Evening, Oct. 6th—TRAVIATA. Wednesday MARTHA. Friday Ricci's sparkling CHI DURA VINCE. Dress Circle and Orchestra Chairs $1 50. Parquette, $1. Reserved seats 50 cents extra. Private Boxes $8, $10, $12 and $15. Box Office at the Hall, where seats can be secured, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily. Oct. 4.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Treasurer.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—Decided Success of SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE LEE Opera Bouffe, Burlesque and Comedy Troupe. The Laughable Operetta, in three acts, entitled THE FLOWER GIRLS OF PARIS. Will shortly be produced Lichberg's Comic Opera, THE DOCTOR OF ALCANTARA. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. Oct. 4.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, at 2 o'clock—THE NEW MAGDALEN. Saturday Evening, Oct. 4th. The new Drama in three acts, of intense emotional power, dramatized for MISS CARLOTTA LECLERCQ, entitled THE NEW MAGDALEN. Monday Evening, Oct. 6th—AS YOU LIKE IT. Oct. 4.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; F. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, October 4th, and until further notice—Increased attraction. Miss Marie Daulk a great success. The Bella Union crowded nightly. Her "Lizzie Leonard" in the thrilling sensation of the "Woman of the World." Miss Jenny Johnson's "Polly Fromm" is an admirable personation. The other play is a, and the Interlude this week is super-excellent. The ... This place is becoming more and more of a success with the public, while Cassidy and Frith and the Jerry ... Professor Zimmer is always on taking extra .... The Bella Union is certainly the Theater of the city—if you don't believe it come. ... Prices of admission remain the same. Don't fail to see our "Woman of the World."

WOODWARD'S GARDENS.

Embracing a Marine Aquarium, Museum, Art Gallery, Conservatories, MENAGERIE, SEAL PONDS and AMPHITHEATER. Skating Every Day. Grand Performance and Concert Every Saturday and Sunday. Admission—25 Cents; Children under 10 years, 10 Cents. August 9.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The Steamer Newbern, William Metzger, Master, will sail for the above ports on Saturday, Oct. 4th, at 12 o'clock, noon, from Vallejo-st. Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the River. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. No freight received for Mexican Ports after 3 P. M. of the 3d inst., and bills of lading for those ports must be accompanied by Custom-house and consular clearances. For freight or passage apply to
Oct. 4. E. NORTON, Agent, 510 Front street.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—POSTPONEMENT.

The Steamship Montana will be dispatched for Panama on TUESDAY, Oct. 7th, at 12 o'clock M., instead of Oct. 4th, as heretofore advertised.
Oct. 4. S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Ajax, S. Bolles, Commander, will leave Folsom st. wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, Oct. 4th, at 10 o'clock A. M. [Oct. 4.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

NOTICE.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Bank of California will be held at the Banking House in this city, on TUESDAY, the seventh day of October next, at 11 o'clock A. M., when a Board of Trustees will be elected for the ensuing year.
San Francisco, Sept. 21, 1873. W. C. RALSTON, President.
Oct. 4.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments.
[May 24.]

Stuart Soldon Wright,

ATTORNEY

AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

OFFICES:

Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., up stairs.

Aug 9.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ₩ lb	30@	35
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	25@	35
Eggs, ₩ doz.	@	50
Lard, ₩ lb	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ₩ lb	16@	20
Cranberries ₩ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ₩ lb	3@	4
Lima Beans, ₩ lb	6@	
Tomatoes, ₩ lb	3@	4
Onions, ₩ lb	5@	6
Squashes, ₩ lb	2½@	4
Pumpkins, ₩ lb	2½@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	15
Cucumbers, ₩ doz	10@	15
Celery, ₩ doz h	75@1	00
Beets, ₩ doz b	20@	25
Turnips, ₩ doz b	@	25
Parsnips, ₩ doz b	@	25
Radishes, ₩ doz b	@	25
Green Peas, ₩ lb	5@	8
String Beans, ₩ lb	5@	8
Apples, ₩ lb	4@	8
Pears, ₩ lb	5@	10
Peaches, ₩ lb	6@	15
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ₩ lb	12@	25
Do new, ₩ lb	8@	12
Oranges, ₩ doz	@	75
Lemons, ₩ 100	@1	50
Limes, ₩ doz	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Quail, ₩ doz	@1	50
Turkeys, ₩ lb	20@	25
Geese, ₩ pair	@3	00
Ducks, ₩ pair	1 @2	00
Rabbits, ₩ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	@	40
Oysters, ₩ 100	75@1	00
Clams, ₩ 100	50@	
Mussels, ₩ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ₩ lb	15@	18
Salmon, fresh, ₩ lb	10@	
Codfish, ₩ lb	12@	15
Rockfish ₩ lb	8@	12
Smelts, ₩ lb	10@	15
Tomcod, ₩ lb	12@	
Sturgeon, ₩ lb	12@	18
Flounders, ₩ lb	25@	
Halibut, ₩ lb	30@	50
Perch, ₩ lb	@	
Shrimps, ₩ lb	10@	12
Anchovies, ₩ lb	6@	8
Soles, ₩ lb	20@	50

E. S. TIBBEY,

Stock Broker,

No. 6 Leidesdorff St.

Aug 9

H. F. Williams & Co.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

ROOM 20,

STEVENSON'S BUILDING,

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

California and Mont. sts.,

San Francisco.

Aug. 23.

COURT CHAT.

A correspondent writes of the Duke of Edinburgh's betrothed: "The Imperial Princess has a most pleasing expression, and, better still, all persons about the Russian Court concur in expressing their high admiration of her character. She is said to be gentleness and amiability itself, and to be quite as domestic in her tastes and character as the Princess Royal, or any of our own family. In fact, I am told that she is 'quite charming,' and is beloved by all about the Imperial Court—which is by no means a bad test of the character of a Prince or Princess. The Emperor idolizes her, and, seeing that she is his only daughter, this may readily be believed. I was curious to know how the religious difficulty had been settled, as the Russian Court, it is known, are particular on this point, and I therefore made careful inquiries on the subject. Princess Dagmar, before becoming Czarevna, had to change her religion; but the arrangement that has been come to on the present occasion is different. Neither the Duke nor the Grand Duchess will change their religion, but if there are any children, they will be brought up in the faith of the Church of England. The marriage will take place in January next at St. Petersburg, the capital of the bride's Imperial father, but the Royal pair will reside at Clarence House, St. James."

Just now it may be well for us to learn, if we do not already know, and if we do know to remember, that St. George is the patron saint for Russia as well as of England. That fair princess, the only daughter of the great potentate in the North, who is coming among us to draw infinitely closer the tie that already binds her to the Star of England, has always been no less familiar with the St. George of her native country than we are with our St. George in this land of her adoption. There are not, there cannot be, two rival St. Georges. He is one and the same St. George. Russians and Englishmen, as they stood face to face on the heights of Inkermann, were both equally ready to defend with their best blood the insignia of their own St. George—both alike in being as ready as were the English ready to stand by their St. George at Agincourt. Now, Englishmen and Russians, standing as brothers, side by side, may have one feeling of loyalty for the St. George who belongs alike to them both. Many of our readers are aware that the Order of St. George of Russia is one of the highest distinction, and only conferred on men who have done the State extraordinary and exceptional service.

The Children of the Crown Prince, whilst recently returning by express train from Potsdam to Berlin, had a narrow escape. The train was moving at full speed, when a lorry heavily laden with iron and workmen was seen advancing on the same metals in the opposite direction. The signalman had just time to notice the impending danger and give the dead-stop signal, which enabled the engine-driver to avoid the collision. The lorry was lifted off the metals to allow the train to pass. An inquiry will be made into the cause of the dangerous mistake.

We learn on good authority that the Shah, in bidding good-bye to the Sultan, and expressing the pleasure he had experienced during his week's stay at Constantinople, intimated that he would go there next year and pay "a regular visit," as he did not consider passing through the capital at the end of a long tour, and on his way back to his dominions, to be sufficient in any respect. The Sultan assured the Shah that he would be delighted to see him again in Constantinople, and for a longer stay than he had been able to make.

On Saturday, the 13th ultimo, his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales held a deer-drive in the Abergeldie woods. His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh and Prince Christian were present from Balmoral. From Abergeldie were his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, Prince John, and Colonel Teesdale. His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh was successful in bringing down four stags and one roedeer. Prince John killed two hinds and one stag. His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales was unsuccessful for the day.

The work of restoring the wall of the oldest part of Windsor Castle, which was effected on the part facing Eton last year, is now being extended to the portion between the towers. The windows now patched up with bricks are to be removed, and the cavity thus occasioned is to be filled up with stone and windows more in accordance with the date of the wall. The improvement is to be effected as quickly as possible.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh, attended by Capt. Haig, left Buckingham Palace on the 14th to join the Emperor and Empress of Russia, the Grand Duchess Marie, and other members of the Imperial Family, in Livadia. The Duke was conveyed by Her Majesty's ship Helicon from Marseilles to Constantinople, where his Royal Highness is expected to pay a short visit and then go direct to Livadia.

Miss Jerome, one of the prettiest young ladies that ever hailed from New York and landed at Cowes, is about to marry Lord R. Churchill, the third son of the Duke of Marlborough. The young lady, who has resided for some time in Paris, will receive a splendid dower on her marriage. Mr. Jerome is one of the most inveterate of American yachtmen.

Sir Samuel and Lady Baker are expected to arrive in England during the present week, when it is expected that public details of their exploring achievements will be communicated to the public through the Geographical Section of the British Association at its Bradford congress.

It is reported that Pius IX. has ordered his large villa at Castel Gandolfo to be put in a fit state for the reception of some nuns. As soon as the convents are suppressed, the sisters under the special protection of his Holiness will go and reside there.

It is said that visitors to the Conservative *fete* at Gloucester were directed to the *locus in quo* by the following notice, posted on Conservative shutters: "Take Notice! The Conservative *Fete* is between the Workhouse and the Lunatic Asylum!"

Marshal McMahon has replied to the invitation of the Emperor of Austria to visit the Exhibition at Vienna, thanking His Majesty for his gracious invitation, but declining it on account of pressing duties which detain him in France.

Mr. Gladstone, after his walk across the Grampians from Braemar, was weighed at Kingussie, and his weight was a little over twelve stone. He will be weighed again ere long! And we hope not found wanting.

A large portion of the money left to the town of Geneva, by the Duke of Brunswick, is to be expended in the construction of a magnificent theater.

The Emperor of Austria will probably be present at the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh and the Grand Duchess Marie Alexandrowna at St. Petersburg.

King George of Hanover is at present traveling in Switzerland *incognito*, under the assumed name of Count Dannenberg.

The King of Italy, during his stay in Berlin, resides in the Imperial Palace.

Laura Cuppy Smith, the spiritualist and free-lover, writes: "The lover of my girlhood now walks the viewless causeways of the air, and inasmuch as he was cultured, lofty-souled, and large-hearted, he doubtless loves and is beloved by many a fair and queenly woman in 'that land of light and song;' yet he finds time to return to earth's turbulent scenes and battle my full worn spirits in the deep waters of his passionate and intense affection, and those chords in my inmost being that first responded to his touch, remain alone mute in presence of all others, thrill and vibrate as of yore, in an ecstacy of rapture when swept by his spirit touch." Which is blissful but unsatisfactory.—*Richmond Enquirer.*

At St. John's Church.—The Rev. Dr. Lindsley, of Portland, Oregon, will preach for Rev. Dr. Scott on Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock, and at 7½ o'clock. The pastor of this church (Dr. Scott) will preach the second sermon in the series on "John the Baptizer; Nature, Design, and Mode of Baptism." Public cordially invited.

The next worse thing to raining pitchforks must be hailing omnibuses.

The man that "sticks" to his business—The drummer.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

[illegible]	Close A. M.	Close P. M.	Arrive A. M.	Arrive P. M.
* Sundays excepted.				
Alameda	6 30			9 00
Antioch, Black Diamond, etc.		1 30		12 40
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C. P. R. R. Co.'s steamers		3 15		9 00
Cloverdale and Coast Points		3 15	6 30	
Eureka		1 45	11 00	
Napa Route via Vallejo		3 45	12 45	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 30			9 40
[illegible]	6 30	3 40		1 00
Overland	6 30			9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points		1 15		9 40
Sacramento via Vallejo	7 15	3 40		12 30 / 12 40
San Rafael	9 15			9 00
San Jose	7 30	4 15	9 00	
Southern California and Arizona	7 30		9 30	4 00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3 40	3 00	4 00 / 9 00
Vallejo and Benicia	7 15	3 40	12 00	9 00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		3 40		9 00
Great Britain, Monday and Thursday		9 00		

Mails dispatched by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

General Delivery open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.
Oct. 1st—ALASKA ... Capt. Morse.
Oct. 16—Steamer CHINA ... Capt. Cobb.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 4th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.
Oct. 7—MONTANA ... Capt. Parker.
Oct. 19—ARIZONA ... Capt. Caverly.

All Steamers will call at SAN DIEGO, MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 19th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Harloe, Friday, Oct. 3; Wednesday, Oct. 15; Monday, Oct. 27.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Saturday, Sept. 27; Thursday, Oct. 9; Tuesday, Oct. 21.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT

SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,

But takes no freight for San Simeon.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, carrying acids, oils and combustibles—for San Luis Obispo and way ports, Monday, Sept. 15, at 3 P. M. For San Diego and way ports, Tuesday, Sept. 30, at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Oct 4.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front street Wharf, at 2:30 P. M. Returning the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 6 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:30 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS. On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at 8 P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 425 Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.
May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M. from Front-st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale, 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 7 P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs' Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., from Front street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:30 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 10:30 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 425 Montgomery street. [May 17.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of
May 17. R. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
June 11. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The A 1 Ship British King, Quine, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [Sept. 23.] R. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 25.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs.) San Francisco. August 2.

BIZ.

We have in this city several large and successful houses, not to say wealthy firms, successfully engaged in canning Fruits and Vegetables upon an extensive scale, and as the active season for work is now about closed, our readers will be interested in knowing the result of their labors, including Salmon canneries on the Columbia River, these latter establishments having shut down early in August, and the fruit packers having nothing left to work upon, saving tomatoes, and on this vegetable they are hardly yet fairly at work, on account of material not coming freely into market, the dull, cloudy weather of the present month not sufficiently ripening the crop but from this time on they will be employed to their full capacity. The season, on the whole, has been a prosperous one, and the packing of fruits has been larger than that of any previous year, notwithstanding packers have been obliged to give higher prices for material used, partly on account of competition between themselves in securing supplies, and partly on account of the quantity of green fruit exported from our State by rail to the large and profitable market which has been opened for it in the Western States, and between the demand from these sources and from what was required for the several dry houses now established in our State, it has been found that a much larger area of land can be profitably employed for orchards than has hitherto been used. Of salmon, the season's packing may be set down in round numbers at a hundred thousand cases, all of which has been preserved on the Columbia River by about five canneries, and the bulk of which has already been disposed of at good paying prices, the average price for the season having been for one-pound cans, $1 90; two-pound cans, $2 75, and for two-and-a-half-pound cans, $3. A large and steady export demand has existed throughout the entire season, mostly from England, while the article has grown in favor greatly with the general trade throughout the United States, and so much attention has been drawn to the prosperity of this industry that quite a number of new canneries will be started this coming winter, to be in readiness for work next Spring when the salmon commence to run. One new fruit preserver has started in business here during the season just past and one in San Jose, and so far all of the manufacturers in this business have steadfastly kept their goods up to the standard adopted in years gone by of the leading men in the trade here, and, as a consequence, a growing demand is beginning to be felt for California canned goods outside of the naturally narrow limits of trade on the Pacific Coast, while our local jobbers now are unwilling to handle any but California packed fruits. The stock on hand remaining with manufacturers is adequate for all anticipated demands, though not in excess, in hands of jobbers also a fair stock, as the latter have found it to be to their advantage to lay in quite a proportion of their annual supply during the packing season, when prices are at the lowest, a habit in which they will continue unless driven to abandoning it by the questionable policy of some of the manufacturers of sending their drummers into every camp in the State, and rendering it unprofitable for the jobbers to carry the stock. Trade at present is only fair, with few large sales to report. We, however, note sales of 1,000 cases, one-pound Salmon, for export, at $2; 500 cases two-pound do., divided among the jobbers, at $2 80; 500 cases Winslow's Corn at $3, an invoice of two-pound Lobster, in lots, at $3 75—an extreme price; 50 cases two-pound Clams at $3 75. The price for packing of Tomatoes, in two-and-a-half-pound cans has been set as follows, for lots of less than 25 cases, $2 25 per dozen; lots of 25 cases and upwards, $2 12½; lots of 60 cases do do., $2; lots of 100 do. do., $1 87½, and at these figures quite a number of round lots have been placed. We quote for round lots Corn $3; Peas, $3; String Beans, $2 25; Lima Beans, $3; Pie Fruits, $2 75; Table Fruits, $3 75; Jam and Jellies, $4; Oysters, according to brand, $3@3 25; Clams, $3 75; Lobsters, $3 75 per dozen.

Wheat receipts from the interior show unmistakable signs of falling off. The crop, as before stated in the *News Letter*, will not equal that of last year, and yet, so far, the actual value of our exports to the United Kingdom exceed those of 1872 for a corresponding period. Up to the 1st of October, we had shipped upwards of fifty grain laden vessels and three ships ladened with flour to Liverpool. Thus, City of York, for Liverpool, with 17,797 bbls, Nelson, for same, with 18,687 bbls, Lebu, for do, with 11,996 bbls. The Lady Cairns is soon to follow with 10,000 bbls Extra from Star Mills, Vallejo, besides others not yet given to the public. The *Zephyros*, for Acajutla, C. A., has sailed with 13,200 qr sks Extra Golden Gate Mills. Of Wheat, the totals since July 1st, 1873, are

	Ctls.	Value.
56 vessels	1,847,091	$3,855,180
78 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	2,194,463	3,650,510
11 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	321,260	740,243
47 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	1,265,552	2,250,585
66 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	1,814,151	3,201,766

At this writing there are twenty-three vessels on the U. K. berth, registered tonnage, 31,712 tons. These vessels will all have prompt dispatch.

The Barley market is rather quiet. The Carrier Dove for New York, via Cape Horn, will carry 100 tons, and freight per Central Pacific Railway secured for 1,200 tons to St. Louis. The present price of Feed Barley is $1 40@$1 50; Brewing, $1 60@$1 65; Chevalier, $1 70@$1 75 per cental.

The month of September came in with a rush for Flour, Wheat and Barley, with large purchases for export at rising prices, but ere the month had more than half expired, clouds on the Eastern horizon were seen to gather, and many large buyers began to take in sail and prepare for a threatened storm. Large transactions in Sterling Bills were concluded, and every needed arrangement made for the prompt payment of all maturing obligations. And we are happy to say that no evil has befallen our merchants or bankers. We have safely passed through the threatened evil, and all is well. Sterling Bills are steadily advancing, both here and in New York. Large amounts of Gold have been drawn from London to the States to equalize balances, and the financial outlook is more cheerful and reassuring than for some time past.

From Oregon.—The steamship Ajax arrived here on the 1st inst., with a full cargo of produce, consisting of 2,500 sacks of Oats, 5,201 bags of Wheat, 4,275 half sacks of flour, 400 cases Salmon, etc. The steamship Idaho, now *en route* from Columbia River, is said to have a full cargo of Wheat to Isaac Friedlander. Our advices from Oregon state that very heavy purchases of Wheat have been made at extreme figures, aggregating from 20,000 to 30,000 tons, prices there being run up even higher (taking into consideration the higher freight rates ruling from there, or the cost of sending it to our city) than in California. The larger part of such purchases will probably be shipped from Oregon direct to the United Kingdom; but we learn that an arrangement has been perfected to bring 10,000 tons from there to our city by steamer and on sailing vessels, to be reshipped here during September. Oregon prices advanced rapidly from $1 90 to $2 17½ ($2 20) on board vessel in Portland, and heavy purchases were effected at these figures. The excitement, however, did not last long, and prices again ruled at $1 95@$2 00, with moderate supplies coming forward. Wheat at $2 25, with freights at 65s, and exchange at 52d, is equivalent to about 63s per quarter, cost and freight, to Liverpool. In addition to these Wheat purchases North, several thousand barrels of best extra flour have also been secured for shipment during the Fall season to the United Kingdom.

Flour is lower, while Wheat is nominally cheaper, but the offerings are light, holders not inclined to sell at present. We quote Extra Flour at $6 50@$7 ℔ 196 lbs.; Superfine do, $5 50@6. Wheat, $2 25@2 35 for large parcels.

Mustard Seed is in considerable request for Eastern account. Stock is light. Brown and Red held at 4½@5c. White English, 2¾@3c.

Hops—The receipts are steadily increasing, quality superior; small sales may be noted at 32½@35c, while some holders ask 40@50c, in fact decline selling at present.

Wool—There is quite a lull in the market, owing to unfavorable advices from the East. Prices for Fall clip entirely nominal, stock of all kinds very much reduced.

Bellingham Bay Coal.—By the Lookout and Amethyst, this company are in receipt of 1,000 tons, which is selling to the trade at $8 50 ℔ ton.

Spirits.—We note sales of Omaha High Wines, received by rail upon terms withheld. California Neutral, made from the finest of wheat, sold at $1 15@1 25. A sale may be noted, to close accounts, of 150 octaves French Brandy (Martell's) upon terms reserved. The best of all liquors sold on this coast is Hotaling's J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon Whisky. It has the benefit of age, is of superior flavor, and commands the market at all times. Price, $3 50@3 50. There is but a limited sale here for Holland Gin or Old Jamaica Rum. Bourbon Whiskies being the favorite beverage, if we except English Ale. Immense quantities of Scotch Ale and Porter are sold here, the assortment consisting of Blood's, Tennent's, and other favorite brews.

Tobacco.—Stocks of all kinds are quite liberal. Samples of California Leaf, from Gilroy, of growth of 1872, cured by the Culp patent, are now here on exhibition. The quality is superior, very fragrant, and closely resembling the best Havana samples.

French Goods.—The French bark Stella Maris has arrived here, 169 days from Bordeaux, with a full cargo of Wines and Case Goods to A. Vignier.

The Coal Market continues depressed, and for all kinds bituminous low prices prevail, say $9 for Australian and English Steam; Cumberland, $22 50; Anthracite, $14@$15.

Bagging material is plentiful and cheap. Grain Sacks are in over stock at 12½c; Hessians, 9@10c for 40 and 45 inch.

Chemicals are in light supply. Caustic Soda, 9@10c; Blue Vitriol, 11@12c.

Lumber of all kinds plentiful and cheap at old prices, excepting Laths, which are temporarily scarce and held at $5 per M. Pine and Redwood boards and lumber unchanged in value.

Petroleum.—Sales are reported of 3,000 cases Crystal, no and Radiant at 30c; Devoe's held at 31@32½c; Vesta, 32½c.

Oils.—Linseed is plentiful at 95@105c; China Nut, 75c; Whale, 40c; Polar Sperm, 65c.

The Pacific Mail Steamship China, from Hongkong, via Yokohama, arrived here on the 30th ult., with Government mails and passengers including our Minister to China, Hon. F. F. Low, and many others in the cabin, besides 141 Chinese.

Borax continues to be extensively produced, both in this State and Nevada—upwards of 200 cases sold in a week for export at 18@24c. Heretofore this article was all closely monopolized by an English house, and high prices were the result, but now its uses and consumption are largely increased, but whether these will be adequate to the increased production, is an interesting question to producers on the Pacific slope.

Pepper supplies from China and elsewhere come pouring in upon us, and prices have quite unexpectedly declined to 23½c. Cloves and Cassia, as well as Nutmegs, all favor the buyer.

Sugar is now in demand for Salt Lake. The Bay Refinery is making a superior article of Cube, while the California supplies Cube and all other refined to a very considerable extent greater than all other refineries combined—11@11¼c for all white refined, 9¼c for yellow coffees, 9¾@9c for China refined, and for Hawaiian grocery grades 8@9¾c; 650 bags dark Hawaiian sold at 6¾c.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Oct. 3, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED'S	FRI'Y	NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED'S	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	6	8	7½
Alpha	—	5	—	Kentuck	9¼	10¼	11
Alps	¼	—	—	Kentucky	2¾	7¾	—
Amador Tunnel	—	1¾	—	Knickerbocker	—	3½	3½
American Flag	3	1½	—	Kossuth	—	—	10
Arizona & Utah	5	¾	1½	Louise	—	—	—
Arkansas	—	—	—	Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Alam	—	—	—	Mahogany	7	7	—
American Flat	4½	6	5	Mammoth	—	—	—
Bacon	—	—	—	Meadow Valley	13	13¼	—
Baltimore Consolidated	7½	8¾	9	Minnesota	11½	—	—
Belcher	68½	66½	65½	Newark	6¾	5¾	—
Belmont	3½	4½	—	New York Consolidated	1	—	—
Bullion	—	—	—	Noonday	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	5	5¼	5¼	Occidental	—	—	—
Buckeye	—	—	—	Ophir	41	47	49½
Caledonia	16	16¼	17¼	Original Hidden Treasure	11¾	11½	11¾
Cedarberg	—	—	—	Overman	—	—	—
Central	—	9	—	Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—	Page & Panaca	¾	¾	—
Chapman	—	—	—	Pea Vine	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	½	40	—	Phenix	—	¼	—
Chief East Extension	—	—	—	Picton	—	—	—
Chollar	36	37½	37½	Pioche	—	1¾	—
Columbus	—	—	—	Pioche West	1	—	—
Confidence	5	—	—	P Phoenix	—	—	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Raymond & Ely	64	60	—
Consolidated Virginia	—	—	110	Rettenned consolidated	—	—	—
Cook & Geyser	—	—	—	Rye Patch	9¾	11¾	—
Crown Point	93	92	94	Red Jacket	1	1	—
Central No. 2	3	3	—	Savage	39½	45	40
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Seg. Belcher	43	53	53½
Daney	—	1¼	—	Sierra Nevada	10	12	12
Ex pan	—	—	4	Silver Peak	¾	¼	—
El Dorado	—	3½	—	Silver Hill	12	12	11½
Empire Mill	3¾	3½	3½	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Empire Idaho	—	—	—	Star ng	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	11	11¼	—	Succor	—	—	—
Eureka G. V.	19½	—	—	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Exchequer	—	—	5	Silver Chariot	3½	3	—
Globe	¾	62¾	—	South Overman	21	—	—
Golden Chariot	19¼	21	—	St. Patrick	—	—	—
Gould & Curry	12½	11	11	South Comstock	62½	¾	1¾
G. H. Quartz	—	—	—	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	21	23½	23¼	Tyler	¾	¾	¾
Hermes	3	—	—	Union Consolidated	1½	1½	—
Huhn & Hunt	—	1	—	Utah	—	—	1½
Hayes	3	3	—	Washington & Creole	1¼	1¼	—
Ida Elmore	3¾	3	—	Washoe	—	—	—
Imperial	3¾	4	4	Woodville	5	¾	1
Independent	—	1¼	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Ingomar	23	15	—	Yellow Jacket	42	45	45
Insurance	—	—	—	Yule Gravel	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	¾	62½	—				
Jackson	¾	¼	—				
Julia	1½	—	1½				

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary Markets, etc., etc., etc. Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern and Foreign items. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmitting to Chinese correspondents. Dec 24.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; I. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co., Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within), Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st., Dinsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers, Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers, The City Bank, Finch lane, The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane, Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., E. C., Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside, Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road, Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C., The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill, Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs., W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C., London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S. Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W., George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N., Thos. Mills, 21 Loraine Road, E. C., Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st., E. C., Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD

WM. BURLING, . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Budd, W. C. . 440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 221 California st.
Higgins, W. L. . 411 California st.
Jones, J. H. . . 609 California st.
Keene, J. R. . . 135 California st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with Glasier & Co. . . . . 420 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. . 435 California st.
Peckham, E. P. . 413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. . 401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W. . 444 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

GEO. W. SHOUERDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 10.

CALIFORNIA Placard Exchange

AND

BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Managing Committee of the above institution have the pleasure of giving notice, that after some necessary delay, the Directors are now fully prepared to receive orders for the purchase and sale of lands of the State or elsewhere, such as ranches, private land claims, or public lands of the United States—they having secured the services of Col. Leander Ransom, the well-known Land Agent, who for *ten years was the State Agent for the disposition of the School Lands*. The department is now fully supplied with maps and charts, and every necessary means of information relating to operations in land. Owners of ranches and real estate properties generally, desirous of disposing of the same, will find the Placard Exchange, with its facilities, an excellent medium for bringing their estates under the notice and attention of capitalists. Those, also, who desire to make purchases, either in large or small tracts, will be sure to be accommodated. Maps and charts furnished, and all needful information imparted when required. Large landholders desiring to sell, can have their tracts subdivided into farms, or smaller subdivisions, with maps and accurately calculated quantities of each. Also, all kinds of printing executed with punctuality and dispatch. *Charges moderate.*

Offices open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant Street San Francisco.

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A lady correspondent in London writes as follows: Twine trimming is the latest fancy for ladies in hair and tussore dresses. It can be made by hand and looks something like crimp, but it is usually made of fine twine twisted something like whipcord. Sometimes it is mixed with a little bright colored silk, and in some of the patterns of leaves and grapes that I have seen it is very fanciful and pretty. A new material, something of the bed ticking class, has come up for little boys' dresses. The effect of it is very odd, as it is used with stripes across instead of up and down. I saw a little fellow the other day in a costume of brown and black in this material. It was tight fitting everywhere, with a sailor collar and a sash of brown spun silk around the waist. The trowsers were short, showing brown stockings and black boots, the hat was a black sailor, with brown ribbon. A very fanciful style for boys is growing in favor. The jacket is very much like a square cut coat, and the waistcoat is long and flapped, with a belt across it. The trowsers are knickerbockers, and the boots reach to the knee. I saw several miniature men dressed in this manner, playing on the beach at Brighton. The suits are generally made in white or very light colored flannel or serge, with cuffs, buttons, and trimming of some good contrasting dark color. Some very odd veils are shown as the proper wear for Autumn. They are so ugly that I don't fancy they will ever become fashionable. They are very like the fine netting darned in squares, with a fringe of lace woven on at the edge. They are very large and have a heavy, clumsy look, seeming to quite weigh down any bonnet they are thrown over. Some very pretty novelties in blonde trimmings, both black and white, are being shown now. They are intended to be laid on dresses in separate pieces or joined together, as taste may dictate. They are composed of laces, bunches of flowers, wreaths, Greek borderings, etc., in fine blonde, and look very beautiful at first, but I should fancy that the edges would fray and turn up almost directly. Some of the designs are really exquisite, and white blonde on black silk, or black on white, has a singularly rich effect. A sort of combination in jewelry of bronze and gold is shown as fashionable, though it has a very heavy look. I had a brooch in my hand a few days since that at a little distance looked exactly like a piece of iron ore, though a closer inspection showed it to be a very fine pattern in bronze and gold. Large square pockets, with tassels on the corners, are put on the latest fashioned polonaises, which are not exactly like a coat in front. Colored stockings are worn with white dresses; an eccentricity that would have been looked upon as a sacrificing of madness within my recollection, but fashion makes strange strides. With a colored toilette the stocking must match the dress or the trimming, or both, by being striped; but with a white costume the hose must match whatever color the sash, etc., is composed of. As ladies are showing the whole of the foot now through tying the skirts so tightly back, the shoes and stockings are of the greatest importance, and it is rather startling to see a pair of crimson stockings peeping from under a white dress. The silk hose which are being made now are very bright and both in color and material. The most fashionable are not very fine, the silk being much brighter and richer looking when rather coarse in texture. I had a curiosity in my hand a few days since, a glass bonnet or hat, I am not sure which. It was black, and was made of a great many pieces fastened together on some elastic foundation. I could not see how it was made for it was finely trimmed, with a kind of pheasant plumage with a spun glass tail of many colors and a very handsome shot ribbon. It was cut out but very pretty, and exceedingly light, and I was told that with the trimming taken off it could be washed and rubbed up to look equal to new. It looked like a cluster of bright jet in stillness, very small and finely fitted together, and as boarders go there was nothing particularly outre in its appearance. I had the honor of inspecting the wedding dress of a very fashionable young lady last week, and a new style of trimming was adopted for the occasion, which was very long and full. It was entirely edged with flowers, orange blossoms being mounted on a backing of something soft and transparent, and arranged so as to hang loosely from the edge. The whole dress as it was shown on the stand seemed to me to be loaded with flowers. Two large bunches looped the tunic, and a few very slight blossoms were sprinkled on the veil, "to look as though they had been sprinkled over the bride," the *modiste* told me. The wreath was large and heavy, high in front, and very small at the back.—*Glasgow Mail.*

"Music hath charms to soothe the savage breast," is a quotation trite as that of a well arranged commencement, equaling a hardly achieved conclusion. Never did the appropriateness of the first proverb strike me so forcibly as when, after my usual diurnal family squabble, my wife sat down to the piano and threw oil on the troubled waters by running her fingers deftly over the keys. 'Twas not so much what she played as the sweet tone and grand power of the instrument that brought the white-winged angel of peace fluttering over the household of Nestell. The piano was a Weber, which we bought at Sherman & Hyde's music store, corner of Kearny and Sutter streets. "Highly, indeed," I sighed, as the last rich notes died away, and my wife closed down the cover with a bang. "Highly, indeed, did the judges award the first premium to the Weber pianos at the Sacramento State Fair."

A Secret—The surest way to get on in life is to grow old.

THE MINES AT NEVADA CITY.

THE WYOMING MINE.

This mine, located on the south side of Deer Creek, about a mile below town, is perhaps the oldest worked mine in Nevada county, unless it be the Coyote, now known as the Cornish mine, which is close to and runs parallel with the Wyoming. They were both located about the same time, in 1851, since which time the Wyoming has been constantly worked, and its returns prove it to be a valuable mine, having ore of high grade, with a ledge from two and half to three feet thick. Under the old style of working quartz the average net yield of the Wyoming was $6 to $8 per day to the hand. The tunnel through which the rock has been taken out of the mine is 700 feet long, from the face of which an incline 150 deep was sunk on the edge, all the pumping and hoisting being done by hand, and as all the work has hitherto been done by man power, in conveying the rock from the mine to the mill, it is plain to be seen that with a good mill and all the modern improvements for raising rock, the Wyoming can be made one of the best paying mines in the county. The Wyoming mine was recently purchased by a San Francisco company, who immediately proceeded to erect hoisting works on the mine, which are now completed. Mr. Charles Parinton, formerly the efficient Superintendent of the Pittsburg mine, was selected to take charge, and immediately assumed the duties of his office. Parinton is a practical miner, thoroughly conversant with mining and with his large experience knows how to work a mine to advantage. The Company has made a good selection for Superintendent. The mine is now being put in condition for thorough and systematic working to a depth of several hundred feet. An incline shaft is being sunk, which is already down fifty feet, carrying a fine ledge of sulphureted ore, averaging eighteen inches wide. Water is being brought from the Gentry tunnel by a ditch, and hence will be carried to a tank on the roof of the hoisting works, insuring protection and supplying the boiler. The new proprietors of the Wyoming have started in well, and there is no reason to doubt that the mine will prove itself to be all that its owners desire, and that ere long it will repay them a hundred fold for their investment. The ore in the new incline will average about $25 per ton, in the old incline the ledge is about three feet in thickness, showing free gold and rich sulphurets. A considerable body of ore in this part of the mine is ready for crushing as soon as the connection is made from the drifts to the new incline.

THE PROVIDENCE MINE.

This mine, a short distance from the Wyoming, is now a splendid paying property. Recently the owners have been sinking a new level, from which they ran a cross-cut to get the thickness of the ledge, which is over fifty-two feet, being the largest ledge yet found in Nevada county. Sixty pounds of gold were sent to San Francisco last week, worth $17 per ounce, from one run. The history of this mine is wonderful, nearly all the former stockholders giving up in despair. Messrs. Walrath & Co. are the owners.

NEVADA QUARTZ MINING COMPANY.

This mine was formerly known as Soggs' Mine, and is the same ledge as that worked by the Providence Company. Under the management of the present proprietors, it has increased in value, and is now a reliable, good-paying mine. Another level has just been sunk by the Company, and the ledge shows richer than ever before.

THE WYOMING, PROVIDENCE, AND NEVADA MINES

Are all in close vicinity of one another, and this fact has been fully demonstrated, that the ore turns out richer the deeper they go on the ledges, the same as the Amador County mines. In Eldorado county, the famous St. Lawrence is now at a depth of 600 feet.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES

METALS	PRICES	TEAS.	PRICES
Pig Iron Scotch, No 1	$50 00 @52 50	Japans	— 45 @— 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔ lb	— 3 @— 4	Oolong	— 50 @— 65
Metal Sheathing, ℔ lb	— 24 @— —	SUGARS.	
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @14 00	China, No. 1, ℔ lb	— 9 @— 9¾
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	14 00 @15 00	Sandwich Island	— 6¾@— 9¾
Lead, Pig, ℔ lb	— 6 @ 6¾	Manila	— 7 @— 7¾
Lead Sheet ℔ lb	— 9 @— 10	Crushed American	— 11 @— 11¾
Banca Tin, ℔ lb	— 36 @— 38	Muscovado	— 6 @— 8
Quicksilver	1 10 @— —	Peruvian	— 7 @— 8
COAL		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	11 00 @11 50	Sperm Wax, ℔ lb	— 30 @— 42
Australian	9 00 @ 9 50	Adamantine	— 13½@— 15
Cumberland	22 00 @22 50	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS	
Anthracite	14 00 @14 00	Whisky American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @—	Whisky Scotch	5 50 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ℔ lb	— 22 @— —	Rum Jamaica	4 00 @ 5 25
Java, Old Government	— 25 @— 26	Brandy, French	4 00 @10 00
Manila	— @— 21	BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Costa Rica	— 22 @— 22¾	Chicken Burlaps, 3.0 lb	— — @ 20
RICE		Gunny Bags in bales	— — @ 20
China, No 1, ℔ lb	— 6¾@— 6¾	Hessian Bags	— 12½@— 12¾
China, No 2	— 5¾@— 5¾	Hessian 40-inch, ℔ yard	— 9½@— 10
Hawaiian	— 6¾@— 7¾	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES		Wool, ℔ lb	— 12 @— 25
Champagne ℔ doz	20 00 @25 00	Tallow	— 7 @— 7¾
Port according to brand ℔ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	— 18 @— 19¾
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs.	2 00 @ 2 35
OIL		Barley	1 40 @ 1 75
Coal and Kerosene	— 30 @— 35	Oats	1 75 @ 1 90
		Flour ℔ 196 lbs	5 50 @ 7 00

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Statements of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent territories to a focus. Every square foot of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive advertisements will be received at the office of the Company, 609 to 613 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 31. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 609 to 613 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED)

412 California st., San Francisco.—London Office, 3 Angel Court; New York Agents, J. W. Seligman & Co., 21 Broad street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000. Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange and Bullion, loan Money, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world.

Oct. 4. F. F. LOW, IGN. STEINHART, } Managers.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.

San Francisco, October 1, 1873.—Proclamation for the Election of a Police Judge at the Judicial Election.—Public notice is hereby given that a Judicial Election in and for the city and County of San Francisco, will be held on WEDNESDAY, October 15, 1873. And the qualified electors of said city and County are hereby called to meet at their respective Election Precincts for the purpose of electing a Police Judge at said Election.

Oct. 4. [SEAL.] WM. ALVORD, Mayor.

B. S. CLYDE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.—Entrance to Office, 622 Clay st., and 155 Merchant street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco. [Oct 4.

VENI, SANCTE SPIRITUS.

Dean Stanley has contributed to *Macmillan's Magazine* a new and remarkably true and beautiful translation of the world-famous Latin hymn, "*Veni, Sancte Spiritus.*" As the Latin version is accessible to all our readers for purposes of comparison, we will quote a few stanzas of Dean Stanley's rendering.

"Come, Holy Spirit, from above,
And from the realms of light and love
Thine own bright rays impart.
Come, Father of the fatherless,
Come, Giver of all happiness,
Come, Lamp of every heart.

"O Light divine, all light excelling,
Fill with thyself the inmost dwelling
Of souls sincere and lowly:
Without Thy pure divinity,
Nothing in all humanity,
Nothing is strong or holy.

"O Thou, of comforters the best,
O Thou, the soul's most welcome guest,
O Thou, our sweet repose,
Our resting place from life's long care,
Our shadow from the world's fierce glare,
Our solace in all woes.

"Wash out each dark and sordid stain,
Water each dry and arid plain,
Raise up the bruised reed
Enkindle what is cold and chill,
Relax the stiff and stubborn will,
Guide those that goodness need."

MANUAL OF AMERICAN IDEAS.

This excellent work, strongly recommended by President Gilman, of the University of California, Dr Stone, ex-Governor Haight, James Denman, and others, including two disinterested relatives of the author s, has reached a "second revised edition" It will bear a good deal of revision, at other hands than those of Mr C T. Hopkins. With him we have nothing to do, and we wish to say at once that we know him to be a good citizen, an honest man, and a real worker He is none the less a crack-brained sophomore, singularly unfit, by his natural gifts as well as his acquired deficiencies, for the task he set himself, in compiling this extraordinary volume. His title page bears a quotation from Deuteronomy, his dedication is "To the true idea of American liberty .. an idea born of nature and revelation .. educated by the intuitions of common sense . and germinating in the minds of a few." We need hardly add that common sense is content to abide with its institutions, and goes no further into the book.

Mr Hopkins tells us, in his preface, that he looks to the introduction of the "study of patriotism into all our schools" Precisely what such a study means he does not say, but if his book is a specimen of the right thing in that line, we make haste to declare that the less the schools have to do with such a study, the better it will be for the minds and characters of the pupils. If patriotism means priggishness and self-conceit, then Mr. Hopkins' book is an excellent manual of patriotism.

American political liberty, it seems, is the invention of no less remarkable a person than Jesus Christ. After quoting, on page 43 of the Manual, "those magical words, 'All things whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you, do ye even so to them,'" the apostle of American ideas tells us that "This little sentence contains the essence of the American idea of political liberty, though so slow was humanity to appreciate," etc. Deplorably slow, indeed!

And yet, since it required 4,000 years, according to the orthodox calculation, to produce a Saviour of Mankind, perhaps it was not too much to wait 1,700 years longer for a decent Yankee translation of his precepts We are willing to make every allowance for the Ruler of the Universe, but it does seem to be, at least, a little odd in Him, once he entered on the business of revelation, not to speak out plainly and tell men how to be good Americans at once, without leaving them to sweat and groan and swash about in every kind of misery until the fateful Fourth of July, 1776. To Him it seemed otherwise, the will of God be done!

We must put up with our Hopkins as well as we can, and be thankful that, after all, the American system was not revealed three or four centuries ago. The Manual would have weighed upon the country so much the longer!

"There are many thousands of distinct governments in the United States," we are told, and we are left to infer that this autonomy in local affairs, which is a characteristic of the Aryans, from India to Ireland, is a recent American discovery. The nature of the Federal Government or Union, it seems, is *not* "that of a confederacy between independent States." No, it is something much more intelligible and direct, as becomes the perfect "development of civilization." Its "true nature and object consist in the uniting of the people of the whole country into one great nation for certain purposes only." This is very powerfully put, and children brought up on a diet of this robust reasoning, must be ready to love this flabby Union a good deal more than the Maine, or Massachusetts, or California, of which they think as their country. Mr Hopkins knows perfectly well that there are not a thousand men in America who have more than a feebly sentimental attachment to the Union, and that the State rights doctrine, which he sniffs at, is bound up with the fate of American liberty To be sure, this doctrine was most distinctively put forward by the Southern States, and become proportionately hateful in the eyes of one who believes that "It was the religion of the Puritans and Quakers of the 17th and 18th centuries that stamped itself upon American civilization" But it is none the less the vital doctrine

Throughout his book Mr Hopkins loses no opportunity of impressing upon his readers the contrast between the American freedom, invented in every detail at a single stroke and without obligation to anybody but Jesus, and the dull record of European tyranny When we consider that this book is seriously recommended as a manual of political instruction for youth, this characteristic seems nothing less than monstrous The political record of the human race, prior to the coming of Gov Winthrop and Roger Williams, is held up to detestation as a continual season of despotism and anarchy "The American," says this extraordinary teacher, "naturally believes in progress and a happy home." Fearfully and wonderfully made, after the rule of Mr Hopkins, the American's nature must yet be singularly elastic and lively to bellow in anything cheerful for the rest of mankind Taught to look upon the efforts of other men as merely futile, turning his back on the immortal glories of the ancient world, coolly ignoring the history of the free cities of Italy and Germany, content to know nothing of the robust freedom of Switzerland and despising the name of Holland, "*que inició la libertad de pensar en el mundo moderno*" filled with a jealous envy of the name of England, and ready to sneer, with the despots, at the sublime aspirations of France, the Americans, trained by Mr Hopkins' system, will undoubtedly, we an idle firm believers in human progress To doubt this were to doubt their claim to have invented all political knowledge and the very name of freedom

We doubt nothing, but we look upon it as a curious omission in this otherwise perfect book, recommended by the University of California, that no mention is made of slavery other than that of the lower classes in Europe. One feels like rubbing his eyes, and asking himself if it is really true that this America, which modestly calls itself the "highest form of civil zation," maintained from its birth to the year 1865. the most detestable kind of human slavery We are afraid it is the same America, and we are very sure that even Mr Hopkins will have to assume his share of the responsibility, for a shame which repeated acts of subserviency on the part of the National Congress have fastened forever, not upon the South, nor upon the North, but upon the people of the whole Union The shame is not to be washed away We can quote, as well as Mr Hopkins, whose pages bristle with odds and ends of the Bible, and he may lay to heart the text about visiting the sins of the fathers upon the children. There is no fear that even America will forget her sin, for the document which most disgracefully marks her slavish veneration for slavery, is associated forever with the memory of her first civil war Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation is, in this light, the crowning infamy of America This proclamation sets free all the slaves of the States in rebellion, *except* in those portions of territory *held* by the forces of the Union Mr Hopkins would do a service to the youth of America if he would point out, in a re revised edition of his Manual, the entire agreement of this matchless baseness with the principles of the most perfect civilization hitherto known to men.

An Irishman, writing a sketch of his life, says he early ran away from his father because he discovered he was only his uncle.

A dandy is a chap who would be a lady if he could, but as he can't, does all he can to show the world he's not a man.

ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).
Successors to J. Seligman & Co.

London Office, No. 3 Angel Court. San Francisco Office, No. 412 California street Authorized Capital Stock, $ [illegible], Subscribed, $3,000,000. Paid in, $1,500,000, remainder subject to call Directors in London—Hon Hugh McCulloch, Reuben D Sassoon, William F. Scholfield, Isaac Seligman, Julius Lingken Managers in San Francisco—Richard G Sneath, Ignatz Steinhart The Bank is now prepared to open Accounts Receive Deposits, make Collections, Buy and Sell Exchange, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world and loan Money on proper securities The Stock of this Bank being held by leading Bankers and Capitalists of Europe and America the Bank will have superior facilities in the negotiation of State, Municipal and other securities abroad
July 5. R. G. SNEATH, IGN STEINHART, Managers.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.
Capital, $5,000,000. W C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, No 33 Pine street, in Boston, Tremont National Bank, in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. The Bank has Agencies at Virginia City, Gold Hill, and Correspondents in all the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Locarno, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main Sept 20.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
Paid up Capital, $1,500,000. Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort, Cashier, N K Masten Directors—Geo F Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M P Jones, James Moffitt, James C Flood, Edward Martin, D Callaghan Samuel Hort. New York Agents—Jay Cooke & Co London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange May 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.
Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets Office hours from 9 A M to 3 P M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P M, for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. Directors.—L. Gottig, F Roeding, C Spreckels R Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler Dan Meyer, Chas Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo H Eggers.
George Letze, Secretary [Feb 1] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.
Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T F Bacon, Attorney, Sidney V Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities Office No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco Oct 14.

JOHN V. PLUME & CO.,
Formerly of Burgoyne & Co., Bankers, 310 California street, San Francisco Dealers in Bills of Exchange Government Bonds, Stocks, Commercial Paper, and all other Negotiable Securities, Commercial Paper Discounted, Collections, both inland and foreign, promptly made throughout the United States and Europe, with quick returns. Refers by permission to Messrs. Lloyd Tevis & J. B. Haggin, Hon Milton S. Latham, Manager London and San Francisco Bank, Hon Thos. H Selby, ex Mayor, John Parrott, Esq., Judge S C Hastings, William H. Tillinghast, Esq., Manager Bank British Columbia, Gustave Touchard, Esq., President Union Insurance Co. July 26.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,
Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouses and contents Premiums as low as in any other responsible company ☞ All losses paid in U S Gold Coin
Jan 29 MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

THE CALIFORNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY
No. 518 California street. Guarantee Capital, $300,000. Receives Ordinary and Term Deposits Interest payable semi annually Makes Loans on City and County Real Estate and other approved securities President—David Farquharson. Vice President—Charles Lux Secretary—D. H Chisholm [Sept. 6.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,
6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000 Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit Dividends paid semi annually Loans made on approved security LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't, Wm H. Culver, Vice President, H T Graves, Secretary May 3.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.
411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).
Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.
Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N Van Brunt, Cashier Banking House, 415 California street July 7
John D. Yost, San Francisco] [H. S. Crocker, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,
Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS [April 19.]

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.
Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders Ties, etc Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Vesvo Jouvin, and other makes of kid Gloves
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO, Sansome cor Bush, S. F.

CURLE & CO.
Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE MINES, ETC Room, No 18 Stevenson's Building, No 321 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal May 10.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.
Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free Address G STINSON & CO.,
Nov 16 Portland, Maine.

MAIN & WINCHESTER
C MAIN. E. D WINCHESTER.
Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

ALFRED E JONES,
Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S F JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's High street Ingatestone Essex, England May 31

ROBERT P SMITH,
Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 56 Montgomery Block May 31.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W I—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN —Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No 3.
BADEN-BADEN —Hotel de Hollande.
WEISBADEN —Hotel Rose.
MUNICH —Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN. Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA —Grand Hotel Grand National Hotel Grand Hotel de la Cour d Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth
GENEVA — Grand Hotel de la Paix Hotel Beau Rivage
PARIS —Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE — Hotel Des Bains
BORDEAUX — Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES. — Grand Hotel de Marseille
LYONS —Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE. Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS —Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel
THE HAGUE. Hotel Paulez.
GENOA. — Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville
TURIN —Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN —Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo
COMO —Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE —Hotel New York.
VENICE Daniell's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA. Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE. -Fonda de Paris
ST. PETERSBURGH. — Hotel Demuth
MOSCOW —Sclavonic Bazaar. St Nicholas Hotel
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel London B Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON —Regent Hotel
LIVERPOOL. Washington Hotel, Lime street
NOTTINGHAM —Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM — The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD Royal Hotel
ST LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate — The Granville Hotel
PLYMOUTH — Duke of Cornwall Hotel
CHEPSTOW —Beaufort Arms Hotel (Tintern Abbey, 5 m [illegible])
DUBLIN —The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel
EDINBURGH — Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel
GLASGOW —Queen's Hotel.
CORK Imperial Hotel
KILLARNEY Royal Victoria Hotel
MONTREAL —Ottawa Hotel. S. C Brown, manager
OTTAWA —Russell House.
TORONTO. The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, E P Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC —Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX — White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D C —Arlington House Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House
BALTIMORE Carrollton House.
NEW YORK. - Prescott House, Broadway D Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias
MEXICO Hotel Iturbide
GUADALAJARA — Hotel Hidalgo
MAZATLAN —Hotel de San Felberto
LIMA —Maury's Hotel, Callo de Bodegones
VALPARAISO -Hotel Roma, Callo de Cochrane
SANTIAGO DE CHILE —Banosde Colima, Hotel Santiago.
RIO DE JAN.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE Albion Hotel
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.-Port Elizabeth, Phoenix Hotel
TAHITI Faa, Hotel de Paris
JAPAN —Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel
HONOLULU —Hawaiian Hotel

NOTABILIA.

A Dutch householder, bragging immoderately of his worldly gear, writes:

"I've got a pig cat and I've got a pig dog,
I've got a pig calf and I've got a pig hog,
I've got a pig baby so pig and so tall,
And I've got a pig vife dat's pigger as all."

John Rogers is the rising sculptor of New York His statues now on exhibition on Broadway attract more attention than all the bonnet stores, usually so attractive. And why? Simply because they possess intrinsic merit True art will always crop up. A stable boy draws a race-horse in chalk on a stable door. Some one sees it, is a judge, and the boy becomes famous So with Bradley & Rulofson They have shown talent as photographers—hence their success.

A characteristic anecdote is related of an out-at-elbows poet, who, by some freak of fortune, came into possession of a five-dollar bill. He came to a lad and said, "Johnny, my boy, take William and get it changed" "What do you mean by calling it William?" inquired the wondering lad "Why, John," replied the poet, "I am not sufficiently familiar with it to take the liberty of calling it Bill."

You may take away my beer,
My tea and bread and butter,
As long as friend Holling
Is Agent for pure Cutter.

It is the stuff par excellence;
The finest whisky sold;
It never does promote neuralgia,
Especially when old.

An old lady on a steamboat observed two men pumping water to wash the deck, and the captain being near, she asked him as follows "Well, captain, got a well on board, eh?" "Yes, ma'am, always carry one," said the polite captain "Well, that's clever. I always dislike this nasty river water, especially in dog days"

"**You shoot**," said little Jacoby,
"Pray, sir, what is your range?
If you can beat Jacoby,
It must be mighty strange."

"I'm not on the shoot, Jacoby,
But that the Union Range,
As made by De La Montanya,
Beats the universe ain't strange."

Things have changed in Washington. A representative said to a person at the door of the American Senate, "I want to get shaved and have my boots blacked" The man so familiarly addressed happened to be one of the colored representatives, who quietly replied, "Excuse me, I's not a wailah, I's a membah"

Oh come to the Golden Gate!
The prettiest drive I know
Is not in the new park—
Hitch up, boys, let us go!

Lets go and see the Villa,
Where the Mangenbergs reside.
The prettiest spot near Frisco—
The Golden City's pride.

A housemaid who was sent to call a gentleman to dinner found him engaged in using his toothbrush. "Well, is he coming?" asked the lady of the house, as the servant returned. "Yes, ma'am, directly," was the reply, "he's just sharpening his teeth"

I watched last night the rising [moon
Upon a foreign strand,
'Till memories came like flowers in June
Of home and fatherland.

I saw Francisco's sparkling bay,
And that dear home of mine
Where we've spent many a happy day,
And quaffed our Gerke Wine.

A young lady says that a gentleman ought never to feel discouraged when the "momentous question" is negatived by the object of his choice, "for in life, as in grammar, we decline before we conjugate."

I've came right from New York
To get a photo' taken,
Yes, right away from East
Where cocktails are all shaken.

I am going straight to Houseworth
At 12 Montgomery street.
He takes the best of photographs
Of the great West *élite*

"**Good morning, Patrick**; you have got a new coat at last, but it seems to fit you too much" "Och! there's nothing surprising in that, sure I wasn't there when I was measured for it."

I'd very few hairs on my head,
In fact none at all,
Until I came across,
By accident last Fall,

The X Twlaba X,
The great Nevada pop,
I used it for a month
Now boys look at my crop.

There is no direct road to heaven; the road is circuitous and steep, and none but the persevering traveler can ever hope to reach the longed for goal On a journey like this, a man requires some sustenance. The Bible is a little too dry for a long trip A little wine is recommended to cheer the drooping heart Eberhart & Lachman's Native Wine is the best for all purposes. It never causes a headache, or indigestion

"**Who dat hit me?** Where's dat lantern?" were the exclamations of an astonished Elmira darkey, after being thrown something like a hundred feet by a locomotive.

I have a home that is a home
Down where the breakers roll,
I love my cottage by the sea,
And its furniture by Cole.

I bought it all on Bush street.
Its the best I ever saw,
And I'll go right to Cole again
If ever I want more.

"**You seem to be a little hoarse, my love,**" remarked Simpkins to his spouse when she had a cold "A little horse, indeed!" she replied, mistaking the allusion "better be that than a big mule!"

Oh come to the Saddle Rock!
Come to the house on Pine,
Where the fat Eastern oyster
In pearly shell doth shine.

Oh come to Emerson Corville's!
Come take a fancy meal,
It is the best saloon in town,
And he's a cheery host.

A gentleman late one evening met his servant "Hallo! where are you going at this time of night? -for no good, I'll warrant!" "I was going for you, sir"

A horse never looks so well as when he is properly equipped When the buggy behind him is properly, and neatly made, the harness fits and the robes are of the best kind. The neatest harness we have ever seen was in the store of Main & Winchester on Sansome street The robes, too, that they had for sale were the handsomest we have seen for a long time.

The following words are inscribed on a sign over a restaurant in Greenbush, New York: "Mrs Murphy's Porterhouse for sale by the pint or quart."

The School Directors have just discovered that they have been grossly swindled by the man who undertook to furnish the desks, etc for the schools The wood furnished was not up to the sample Gilbert & Moore never did resort to such mean tricks. Their goods can always be depended upon, and are eagerly sought after for school and office use

One San Francisco paper in the morning reported the sad death of a deaf and dumb girl. Its evening rival, not to be outdone, gave her last words.

Sore Throat, Cough, Cold, and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, result in serious pulmonary affections, oftentimes incurable "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" reach directly the seat of the disease, and give almost instant relief

Punctuation was first used in literature in 1850. Before that time wordsandsentenceswereputtogetherlikethis.

On the San Bruno Road, six miles from San Francisco, lives Harry Risken He is one of the most jovial men out, and no one ever passes without giving him a call.

A young Irishman told a sweet cork girl (flesh and blood) not made of stopper, that the following was phonography "U R A B U T, L N."

Muller's spectacles are to the short sighted man what water is to the tired thirsty traveler All who use them say they are A 1

HOMESTEADS THAT ARE HOMES
Persons in want of Houses are requested to examine the plans of those now being constructed upon that beautifully situated property on Pacific Heights, on the block bounded by Pacific Avenue, Webster and Jackson streets, commanding the most magnificent view of any location in the city and accessible by cars, which pass the doors These Elegant Houses are built in the best manner, and will be sold ON A CREDIT OF SIX YEARS Plans and specifications at the office of JOHN T. LITTLE, Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street. [July 31.

CUTTER WHISKY.
A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J H. CUTTER WHISKY shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J H Cutter Old Bourbon" Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States March 15.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.
Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new and most elegantly fitted up and furnished There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards
April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.
NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
SAN FRANCISCO [May 24.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agri- CULTURAL IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS.
August 16. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of UHRIG & REESE, for the transaction of a General Storage Commission Business The warehouse is located at the southwest corner of Battery and Filbert streets, and will be known as the PIONEER WAREHOUSE. Walls thoroughly renovated and rat proof
San Francisco, August 20th, 1873. [Aug 30] C. A. UHRIG, HENRY REESE.

"FLIES ARE IN!"
But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 113 Clay street We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 24.] J M ECKFELDT & CO

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,
Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No 137 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 23.

CHARLES LE GAY,
American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.
[March 29]

"GERKE" WINE.
The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at Cash 530 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
George Hamlin, Manager Nov 11.

WANTED.
The advertiser, a competent Accountant, desires employment in a mercantile establishment Please address "W" care of NEWS LETTER. [July 5

J H. JONES & CO.,
Stock Brokers.—Members of San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board Office—509 California street Sept 6.

WANTED,
By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife, the management of a respectable Hotel, town or country First class references. Letters addressed "R. Y.," care of NEWS LETTER, will receive attention July 5.

CITY HALL WARRANTS
Bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street August 9

MR. L. A. WELLER.
Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada March 22.

EDINBURGH ALE.
Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March 30. 112 Front street, S F

REMOVAL.
John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, has Re- moved to 330 Montgomery street, opposite the Hotel Building. Always prepared to discount good Commercial Paper at the lowest rates. City and County Property bought and sold July 12.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA
Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 21.] J P McCURRIE Sec'y, 330 Montgomery street.

BONDS.
City, State and County Bonds, bought by John T. Little, Discount Broker and Real Estate Agent, 330 Montgomery street August 2.

QUICKSILVER.
For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 303 Sansome street over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

ALICE.

She was a child upon whose face
I never look'd except to bless it;
A subtle charm—a nameless grace—
Thus unexpressed, I best express it.

She moved in undistinguished ways,
Her hands employed in humble duty;
A prouder wit had won more praise,
By loftier looks with lesser beauty.

In Time's unnoted lapse she grew
Out of the pretty charm of childhood,
And still no more the world she drew
Than some pale blossom of the wild-wood.

One day they whispered, as I came—
Where her young face had often won me—
With such a shuddering breath her name,
A thrill of anguish fell upon me.

I saw it in her father's lips,
Pale from the rim of Death's cold chalice,
And ranged the gloom of love's eclipse—
By his sole, sobbing utterance: "Alice!"

—*William C. Richards.*

NEW BOOKS FROM A. ROMAN & CO.

MIRIAM MONFORT. A Novel, by the author of "The Household of Bouverie." Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

This is a powerfully written tale. The interest in the well conceived, well managed plot is sustained to the end by the skillful and natural manner in which the story is unfolded. The author shows close observation and study of men and women, and art and skill in the development of character. Strange, passionate Miriam, stern, quiet, solitary Reginald Monfort; clear-eyed Constance Given, are all strongly marked and well sustained characters, and with its judicious mixture of the grave and the gay, the pathetic and the emotional, the book, we are sure, will meet with that success that its merits deserve.

DRIVEN FROM THE PATH. A Novel, by Dr. Charles Smart. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

A book full of wild adventure, hair-breadth escapes, war scenes, border ruffians, Indians, gambling, whisky, San Francisco, Barbary Coast, trials and temptations. There are touches in it of a masterly pen, and the struggle of virtue against vice are clearly depicted.

MISS OR MRS.? AND OTHER STORIES. By Wilkie Collins. Published by T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia.

Wilkie Collins is certainly the most popular of living novelists. His books excite terror, pity, interest, and, above all, curiosity, so that after once beginning, it is impossible to lay the book down until the mystery of the tale is solved. This work is no exception to the general rule, and will be read from cover to cover with unabated interest.

THE WING AND WING; OR, LE FEU FOLLET. A Tale. By J. Fenimore Cooper. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

A beautiful edition of Cooper that Appleton & Co. are publishing for the benefit of the admirers of this famous American author, of whom Daniel Webster says: "The enduring monuments of Fenimore Cooper are his words. While the love of country continues to prevail, his memory will exist in the hearts of the people. So truly patriotic and American throughout, they should find a place in every American's library." And so say we all of us.

Joaquin Miller, in his "Life Among the Modocs," gives the following idea of the creation of the world as that entertained by the Modocs: "The Great Spirit made Mount Shasta first of all. He pushed down snow and ice from the sky through a hole which he made in the blue heavens by turning a stone round and round, till he made this great mountain; then He stepped out of the clouds onto the mountain top, and descended and planted the trees all around by putting his finger on the ground. The sun melted the snow, and the water ran down and nurtured the trees and made the rivers. After that he made the fish for the rivers out of the small end of his staff. He made the birds by blowing some leaves which he took up from the ground among the trees. After that he made the beasts out of the remainder of his stick, but he made the grizzly bear out of the big end and made him master over all others. Having done that, the Great Spirit converted Mount Shasta into a wigwam, and its volcanic eruptions are the outcome of the fire that he builds in the center of the mountain. The development of man was a later occurrence. The daughter of the Great Spirit ventured too far, got astray, and fell into the power of the grizzly bears, and she was forced to marry one of them, and the red men were the fruit of the marriage. These red men were taken under the protection of the Great Spirit, but the grizzlies were punished by being compelled to walk on four feet, whereas before they had walked on two. To this day the grizzly bear is never slain by the red men, who recognize him as a sort of kinsman."

Literary circles hereabouts have been pretty excited over the recent discovery of an unfinished manuscript by Defoe, the author of "Robinson Crusoe" and the "Plague in London." This work is fortunately in the hands of an American collector, who paid the handsome sum of $2,500 for it. It appears that the distinguished author had not fully decided what title to give to his book, as it is called by some of the headings, "Six Months in the Air," while on others it is named, "Sixty Days Out of His Head." The book, as far as completed, has all the weirdness of Edgar Poe, associated with the simplicity of narrative which has rendered and still continues to render, Robinson Crusoe so fascinating to the intelligent, old and young. The manuscript describes the wanderings of a soul, divested of its body, and traversing the all conditions of humanity, and the "feast of marbles," under all conditions of [illegible].

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Tuesday, September 30th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stage for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted), Passenger Train (via Oakland) to Stockton only, connecting at Lathrop with Express Train for Merced, Visalia, Delano and Los Angeles.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND AND ALAMEDA FERRY.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO ALAMEDA—"Daily"—7:00, 8:00, 9:30 and 10:30 A. M., 12:00, 2:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00 and 10:30 P. M. "Sundays only"—11:30 A. M., and 1.30 P. M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO FRUIT VALE—"Daily, except Sundays" 7:00, 9:00 and 10:30 A. M., 5:00 and 12:30 P. M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO BROOKLYN—"Daily"—[illegible] and 9:30 A. M., [illegible] P. M. "Daily, except Sundays"—11:00 A. M. and 11:00 P. M. "Sundays only"—0:30, 11:30 A. M., 12:30 and 10:30 P. M.

FROM BROOKLYN TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily"—6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40 and 10:40 A. M., 12:40, 2:40, 3:15, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:30, 9:00 and 10:40 P. M. "Daily, except Sundays"—5:25 A. M. "Sundays only"—11:40 A. M., and 1:25 P. M.

FROM ALAMEDA TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily"—7:00, 8:00 and 9:00 A. M., [illegible], 6:00 and 9:00 P. M. "Daily, except Sundays" [illegible], 11:30 A. M., and 1:30 P. M. "Sundays only" 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 12:00 and 1:00 P. M.

FROM FRUIT VALE TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily, except Sundays" 6:55, 8:00 and 11:05 A. M., 3:55 and 6:05 P. M.

☞ All Trains stop at "Broadway Station," Oakland.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only
Leave—San Francisco		8 10 a m	*3 20 p m	†4 45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	10 10 a m	5 40 p m	7 05 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 15 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	1 25 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 20 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	2 55 p m		
Soledad	Arrive	4 2 p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2 20 p m		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	3 25 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only.	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—Tres Pinos				10 55 a m
Hollister				11 20 a m
Soledad				9 25 a m
Salinas				11 25 a m
Castroville				11 50 a m
Pajaro				12 20 p m
Gilroy				1 25 p m
San Jose		†6 25 a m	7 0 a m	4 01 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	8 20 a m	10 1 a m	5 30 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2 20 p m. †Sundays excepted

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9 30 a m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5 50 p m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 6:15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:50 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11 20 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 14th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8:30 and 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.; Saucelito at 7:30 and 9:45 A. M., 3:30 and 5 P. M. On Saturday from Saucelito, at 6:30 and 11 A. M., 1 and 3 P. M. From San Francisco at 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6:30 A. M. SUNDAY TIME—Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. Leave Saucelito 11 A. M., 1, and 3 P. M.

April 12. H. A. COBB, President, 23 Montgomery street.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco at 8:00 A. M., 10 A. M., 4:00 P. M. San Rafael, 6:45 A. M., 11:15 A. M., 2:30 P. M. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 8:30 A. M., 5 P. M.; San Rafael 3:30 A. M. and [illegible].

Aug. 4. W. H. TAYLOR, President. C. ... S. N. Co.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods and run without the usual creak and chatter of iron and steel built buggies. The case in which they carry sun ... The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, basted wagons, freight wagons, mil wagons, ambulances, horse cars, hand carts, and also street rail road cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order at short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Centre Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the full extent of the law. Nov 29.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible]. Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] P. M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for [illegible] and Bloomfield. W. H. TAYLOR, President.

Aug 21. C. ... S. N. Co.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s 9d per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for freckles, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles, 1s 6d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS, 150 Oxford st., London. Feb 28.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Sheep Dips, Perfumery, Colors, Looking Glasses, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Medicine Chests, Sportsmen's Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE, 16 Coleman st., London. July 11.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. The DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.—The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares. 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogue forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 5.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors: I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Lenoir, F. M. Freund, H. Trauer, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. Mehrtens, J. C. Lenoir, J. T. Pomeroy, Adam Smith, Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office—424 Montgomery st., (Montgomery Block), next to Bulletin Publication Office. Jan 11.

J C MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale Days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments. Dec 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, [illegible] street. March 1.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Building.
JUSTICES—601 Montgomery st.
COUNTY—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
THIRD DISTRICT—Mechanics In. titute Building.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—713 Montgomery street.
NINETEENTH DISTRICT—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATTY—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—430 California street.
CITY PHYSICIAN—County Hospital.
CORONER—6 Clay street.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants Exchange.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City H.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT. OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place.
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT. PUB. SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATE HOUSE—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 11, City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—23 Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall.
HEALTH OFFICE—14 Geary st.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall.
POUND KEEPER—Pine street, bet. Pierce and Steiner.
QUARANTINE—521 Jackson st.
HARBOR MASTER—Corner Pacific and East.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES

Connected with the Far East.

THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 6 Canon street. Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austinfriars. Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Waldock, Secretary; Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary; Pacific Saw Mills, Hakodadi, Aspinwall & Co agents, 31 Old Broad street. Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson Simons & Co. ag'ts, 51 St. Swithin's Lane. Singapore Tanjong Pagar Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. agents, 51 St. Swithin's Lane. Aberdeen Dock Co., John Pook, agent, Lime st Square. Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co. agents, 4 Great Winchester street, 28 Fenchurch Lane. North China Insurance Co., 5 Cornhill, J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary. Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co. agents, 3 Lombard st.; Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street. Hongkong Insurance Co., Gilman & Co. agents, 2 Austinfriars. China Traders' Insurance Co. Hongkong, Fearon & Co. agents, 34 Great St. Helens. China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Henson & Co. ag'ts, 30 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st. Corlton ... Buildings, Old Broad st. R. A. ..., Secretary. Batavia Marine Insurance ... Dock Co. ... Mactaggart, Tidman & Co. ag'ts, 34 Great St. Helens. BANKS—Agra Bank, 38 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, Chairman. Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. R. Dudley, Manager. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, 65 Old Broad street, H. T. Robertson, General Manager. Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street. Deutsche Bank. Agency of [illegible] ... National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within. ... Bank of ... Lothbury. Bank of Hindustan, ... Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, A. W. Maclean, Manager, 31 Lombard street. National Bank of India, R. C. Sawers, Chief Manager, 80 King William street. Oriental Bank Corporation, 40 Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

[illegible] the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending September 27, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, September 22d.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Geary St H Ass n to Mary E Evans	Lot 9 blk 292, Geary St Ex Homestead	$ 350
Samuel L Theller to F L A Pioche	Undivid d ¼ sw Guerrero and 19th, s 85, n 37 deg, w 20, n 11 deg, w 61, e 31 to commencement	250
Robt Wilson to John Costello	Lots 1672 an 1 1701, Gift Map 3	1,000
E D Sawyer to Mary W Kincaid	E Diamond, 165 n 20th, n 55 x 125, also, w Shotwell, 225 e 11th, s 50 x w 20	5,000
Jos G Ware to Hartwell Ware	W Carr, 87 6 s Paul Ave, s 125 x w 100 subdivision blk 2, Garden Tract H d	200
J B Neolens to Felix Larkren	Lot blk 264, Golden City Hd	300
Same to same	S O'Farrell, ... Fillmore, e 45.1 x s 120 subdiv W A 297	1,000
T L Bibbins to Wm B Swain	Commencing at a point 10 ch, due w fm Center post of sec 24 tp 2, s r 6 w, th s 11 ch x w 1 ch containing one acre subdivis on McDonald Tract	1,000
Chas C Butler to S M Wilson	Undivided one third, n O Farrell, 61 10 w Laguna, w 36 1 x n 91 6	1
Geo Adams to Richard Tobin	Commencing at se cor of 50-vara lot 64 n 12 x e 76	100

Tuesday, September 23d

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
J C R B Phillips to Em Lowenthall	Lot 71, West End Homestead	$ 160
A McMone to J Ambrose	W York, 101 s 23d s 26 x w 100	600
Daniel Drussel to Abijah Baker	Se Natoma, 275 ne 6th, ne 37 6 x se 80—subdiv 100-v 20	6,500
Selig Kalsky to Robert Wilson	Lot 58, City Center H'd	900
City and Co S F to W H Mueller	E Utah, 375 s Yolo, e 100 x s 38—subdiv P N 85	Prem
Marie Louise Gaut to H H Schafer	E Hyde, 87 6 s Sutter, s 55 x e 87 6—sub 50-v 1270	10
W P C Whiting to same	N 16th, 211 e Dolores, e 32 x n 90—subdivision Mission Block 37	2,500
Timothy McCarthy to M Higgins	N Glover, 137 6 w Jones, w 23 x n 60	400
Thos Farmer to Chas P Seeley	N 17th e Dolores, 2 x115—sub M B 38	1,800
D Gonzalez to Jacob B Shroyler	Se Howard, 200 ne 11, 25x80—sub 100-v 219, subject to a mortg for $1,600	6,500
Martin Fallon to Francis B Wilde	E Folsom 45 s 23d, 30x30	1,500
Jas Ward to John Mayere	E Leavenworth, 100 s Vallejo, 20x68.9	3,750
Silv Ter H'd As'n to H H Bauman	Lots 80 and 81, Silver Terrace H d	634
City and County S F to E Carvalho	Sw 24th and Columbia, s 104 x w 50	Prem
E Carvalho to P Lyman	Same	4 000
H L White to Thos F Morthy	Se cor Devisadero and Eddy, 137 6x60	7,100
Silv Ter H'd Ass n to J Hahn	Lot 203 '04 205 '06, Silver Terrace H d.	823
Wm Lee to Michael H Kelley	Se Tehama ne 4.b, 25x80	3,000
John Cherry to Henry G Fiske	S side of an alley running through the center of 50 vara 796, 57 6 w Mason, w 20x60—sub 50-v 796	700
John Hagerty to Jacob Viller	N Liberty 255 w Guerrero, 25x114	600
Joel S Kenbarl to Ann A Rang	Sw Powell and F..., 25x57 6	1
O Y Dick to J Pierre Manclet et al	E Brooklyn Place s Sacramento, 25x57 6 subject to a mortgage for $1 500	3,500
Wm Agate to Carl Binz	Sw Spear, 229 2 nw Folsom, 62.11x137 6	1
Carl Binz to John Pferr	Same	5,500
C C Bowman to Sav and L Society	Nw Sansome and Broadway	29,500

Wednesday, September 24th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Fred W Pinkham to J F Pinkham	Lot 704, Gift Map No 1	$ 100
S Hancock to Wm Delaney	S Tyler, 101 w Gough, w 30 x s 137 6—subdivis on W A 152	2,900
Alfred Leroux to E A Risling	E Quincy Place, 57 6 s Pine, s 20 x e 57 6 subdiv 50-v ...	2,700
Gustave Ruts to Eliza A McEachran	S California, ... e Stockton, e 31 7 s 137 6, ... to commencement, being subdivis on 50-v 147	7,500
Ogden Hoffman to Mary A Cany	Nw Mission, 37 ne 100-v 3, thence ne 48 x nw 100	1
City and Co S F to Ogden Hoffman	Same	1
Jean Hoorcade to Peter Hirschfeld	S Bush, 70 e Van Ness Ave, e 70, s 120, w 25, n 10, w 45 n 6 subdiv also blk 67 Western Addition	5,500
Thos Byrne ...	Se 16th and Rendel Place, e 10 x s 115 sub M B 40	850
Jos Burke to Daniel O'Brien	Sw Bartlett, 100 nw Folsom, nw 25 x sw 75 subdv 100-v 22	3,400
Susan White to S Hancock	N Geary 57 6 e Taylor, e 30 x n 60—subdiv 50-v 995	4,100
Almira M Leighton to Fidel Phillips	E Stockton, 73.6 n Sutter, n 64 x e 137 6 subdiv 50-v ...	250
Chas H Killey to Monson Russell	S Pacific, 137 6 w of Buchanan, w 30 x s 137 6½ subdiv W A 297	5,800
Same to Hugh Corbett	S Pacific, 137 6 w of Buchanan, w 30 x s 117 subdiv W A 297	6,000
Same to Daniel Ross	S Pacific, 167 6 w of Buchanan, w 30 x s 117 subdiv W A 297	5,500
Fidel Phillips to Albert Miller	E Stockton, 73.6 n Sutter n 64 x e 137 6 subdiv 60-v 300	5,000
R A McClure to Jas L Eoff	Lot 13 blk 161, Union H'd	325
J P Treadwell to Chris Chisholm	E Guerrero, 210.6 s 17th, e 60 x e 96 9—subdiv M B 70	100
P Lincoln to F A Rutherford	Same	500
A M Hathaway to same	Same	500
F A Rutherford to C Chisholm	Same	2,100
Sav and Loan Soc to Emile Grisar	Nw Sansome and Broadway, w 109 9 x n 137 6	29,500
Margaret Farmer to H Eckhardt	S California, 161 6 Hyde, w 53 x s 137 6	5,200
I O O F ... to Timothy McCarthy	N Glover, 137 6 w Jones, w 23x60	355

Thursday, September 25th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Patrick Moran to James Allen	E Capp, 85 s 18th, s 30 x e 122 6—subdiv M B 61	1,900
E L Beard to W W Whitman	Lot 97, blk 185 Central Park H'd	1,200
M A E Balthrop to Lizzie Miller	Lot 297, Gift Map 1	340
Samuel Wood to J M Martin	Sw Van Ness Ave and Geary, s 30 x w 137 6, being subdiv W A 52	7,000
Laurel Hill Cem Ass'n to W Harney	Lot 959, Laurel Hill Cemetery	112
Gard ... H d Ass'n to R Sill...	Lot 17 blk 21 Gard... H d, rerecord	55
John F Bysbee to Jacob Nobbe	S Pine 200 w Larkin, w 100 x n 137 6—subdiv W A 1..	13,000

Friday, September 26th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
A Barney to Charles S Barney	Lot 77 Precita Valley Land	$2 500
S Weinbraub to Mis St Ex H Ass n	Lots 191 to 194 '07 to 431 Mis St Ex H'd	5
Robt Lehman to Jos Gutberlet	Sw cor Washington and Calhoun Place, w 20 x s 77 6, being subdiv 50-v 157	3,000
Harrison St H'd Ass'n to J Howes	Lots 49 and 50, Harrison St H d	1,600
S ... to James McKeown	Ne 29th Ave 200 nw J st, nw 25 x ne 100	300
Pac Mail S Ship Co to D O Mills	N Sacramento, 137 6 e Montgomery, e 40 x n 60 subdiv B and W ...	17,500
H O Lathrop to M P Jones	Sw 19th and Harrison, w 245 x s 520, being subdiv M B 52	18,000
City & Co S F to W P Daingerfield	N Fulton, 137 6 w Broderick, w 68 9 x n 137 6, being subdiv W A 529	Prem
Andrew B McCreery to same	Same	10
Henry M Bosworth to J Bibler	N 27th, 80 w Sanchez, w 30 x n 114	400
Wm Matthews to Eugene Avy	N Lombard, at ... corner 50-v 537 n 137 6 w 34 ..., being subdiv 50-v 537, 538	3,000
Jas P Sargent to Jas Buckley	Undivided ½ se cor Polk and Pac, 60x30	500
Jabez P Clay to same	Undivided ½ same	500
Jas ... to same	E Polk, 60 s Pacific, s 30 x e 30	795
Frank W ... to same	E Dolores, 122 n John, s 122x137 6	1,000
Odd Fel Cem Ass'n to J D Neppert	Lot 1, Hope Sec plat 2	108

Saturday, September 27th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Henry C Edwards to T Jennings	S Pine, 156 e w Fillmore, w 25 x s 127 6, subdiv W A 355	$1,250
John Powers to Jos Sparrow	Commencing at intersection of se line of ... with sw line of Ecker, sw 20, s 30, sw 30, se 25, ne 60, nw 25 to commencement—subdiv 100-v 26	6
Thos Young to W S Hobart	S Sutter, 91 ... e Taylor, e 72 7 x s 137 6 subdiv 50-v 610 and 612	41,000
Geary St Ex H As'n to E W Harral	Lots 2., 29 and 30, blk 261, Geary St Extension H d	1,050
Adam Ross to Adam Boelz	Lots 11 and 12 Precita Valley Lands	360
Maria Demonset to Rockwell Stone	W S..., 97 s 20th, s 31 x w 122 6, being subdiv M B 56	3,000
Wm Hollis to Fernando Tusilo	W Pearl 240 n Ridley, n 25 x w 80, being subdiv M B 22	2,500
Same to Wm Cowperthwaite	E Pearl, 215 n Ridley, n 25 x e 80, being subdiv M B 22	2,500
Same to Rebecca Farr	E Pearl, 240 n Ridley, n 25 x e 80, being subdiv M B 22	2,600
P B Hewlett to Chas Hopps	N Geary, 80 w Mason w 20 x n 60, being subdiv 50-v 972	50
Chas Hopps to Elias J Baldwin	N Geary, 80 w Mason, w 16 x n 60, being subdiv 50-v 972	5,000

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, Capital Bourbon, | National Bourbon, Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets SAN FRANCISCO
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec 9.]

PIONEER WAREHOUSE,

S. W. Cor. Battery and Filbert streets.—The undersigned are now prepared to receive all kinds of Storage. Rates of storage on Grain—First month, weighing in free from the Dock, or, in our Warehouse, 50 cts per ton. Each month thereafter, 25 cts per ton. Second weighing 10 cts per ton. Season Storage, including weighing in and out, $1 20 per ton. Grain landed on dock, weighed and delivered to order, or stored without expense of cartage.
Sept 13. COHN & REESE.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL. The popular Hotel formerly known as Thorpe's, at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 100 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened Mar. 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

V. DOL. D. TURINO L. DINGEON.

LEON DINGEON & CO, MAISON DOREE,

217 Kearny street, between Bush and Sutter, San Francisco, Cal. DINNERS and PARTIES supplied in superior style on the most reasonable terms. Ornamental Pieces, every description of Ice Cream, Confectionery and Pastry. Sept. 13.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. Also, a complete assortment of Horse Dressers, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

C. STALLMAN.] **STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,** [H. BRUGGEMAN, Late with J. E. ...

Merchant Tailors, 320 Montgomery street (near corner of Clay), San Francisco. An Elegant and Well Assorted Stock of Novelties, in French and English Coatings, Fancy Cassimeres, etc. Sept. 13.

L. H. NEWTON.] **NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,** [MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries, 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco Cal. June 7.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 215 Bush street. Factory, 465 Brannan street. Feb 1.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 517 to 514 Commercial st.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. Having completed his arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now in operation. Every attention will be given to all business ... prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated and money advanced on Real Estate. June 21.

THE SACRAMENTO UNION AND THE RAILROAD.

The People of the City of Sacramento ought to be very grateful to the newspaper called the *Sacramento Union*. When the history of this deserted village shall come to be written it will be recorded that it died of Journalism. That it was once a flourishing town, way back in the olden time, its people were resolute and enterprising. It was once afflicted as were the ancient Egyptians in the time of Herod. Lice abounded in the land, and the rats of Norway flourished in its streets, then came the fires and burned the lice, and floods came and drowned the rats. Speculators undertook to steal away the town and plant it upon the sandy hights of Sutter, and its aristocracy clustered upon Poverty Hill, but at Sacramento still lingered the energy of its people, and they fought the floods with levees and battled the fires with brick structures, from the sedgy margin of the Sacramento arose a goodly city, overwhelmed in debt. Leland Stanford and Huntington and Hopkins and Charles and Edward Crocker were leading citizens, they had taken their destiny with the town and were identified with its prosperity, they were energetic and enterprising, and with an audacity that now challenges our admiration they had the cheek to ask and the luck to secure the State Capitol for this lousy, rat-ridden, submerged village of the Sacramento swamps. Leland Stanford, through luck, Providence and the Republican party, became Governor of the State, and he aided to anchor the State house to the soil by the expenditure of something less than $4,000,000 in the erection of a splendid edifice, which now adorns this city of the plains. God was good to the five gentlemen named, and they had the supreme luck to become the corporators of the Central Pacific overland inter-oceanic Railroad, to be built by Government money. Because they lived at Sacramento and took an interest and pride in it, and because they liked their neighbors and desired to serve them, they deflected the great railroad ten miles from its true course and brought it to this debt-ridden city, they made their interior terminus there, and did everything in their power to build up, adorn and beautify Sacramento. Stanford, as Governor, had builded his mansion in the city, as Railroad King, he had enlarged it to a palace. Charles Crocker builded himself a handsome house. Edward Crocker constructed an elegant house and art museum, and from Europe introduced to this now growing and flourishing village such an art gallery as there is none in California and few in America. Here the company planted its workshops, reclaiming a nasty bog and slough from the center of the town plot and making it the center of a busy industry. Along the water front, before devoted to the accommodation of wood boats and a commerce of hay and cobble-stones, they erected wharves and sheds and warehouses. The city front, where an occasional prairie schooner loaded with flour and whisky, was transformed into a busy street. The town began to prosper, it was raised above the floods, its streets were paved. Railroad kings and clerks, artisans and laborers, gave to it life and a look of progress. Railroad stores were bought of its merchants, thrift and prosperity characterized the town, beauty took the place of squalid neglect, fine vehicles and fast horses of its wealthy men demanded roads and race tracks and suburban resorts. Sacramento became a beautiful city. Sacramento had too, other citizens, Paul Morrill and James Anthony. These men owned type and ink and paper and press. A business quarrel occurred between the *Union* newspaper and the Railroad Directory—a question of job work. The war commenced, and for years has been waged with a bitterness and personal vindictiveness that has had no equal in this State for severity and duration. The journal, through hired writers, has poured out its malice upon the railroad enterprise without stint. Not satisfied with assailing its management, its rates of passage, its tariff of freights, it denounces its solvency, it states its credit in foreign markets, it vilifies with personal abuse Governor Stanford, and allows its columns to become the vehicle of the vilest slanders and most offensive lies, and strangest thing of all, a part of the people encourages this warfare, and sides with the *Union*. The war is carried from business to social life, from social circles to politics, and upon a direct issue involving accusations of personal integrity and social propriety against the Directors of the Pacific Railroad, the *Union* triumphs. Now to us this seems ungrateful. If the railroad have gained money from the national treasury, it is not for Sacramento to complain. If the city of San Francisco has given the railroad too much money and too much land, it does not hate Sacramento. If the company get rich by excessive charges, they spend it at Sacramento. To injure the railroad seems to us to be like killing the goose that lays the golden egg. Leland Stanford and his associates have done that for Sacramento that a thousand *Unions* could never have accomplished. If to make a town attractive and to bring people and money to it is the test of serviceable citizenship, then the horse Occident is a better citizen than Anthony & Morrill, two bitter men, who love poker and whisky, one of whom is fat, and both of whom grow old, cannot support a town, employ its workmen, nor pay its taxes. This warfare has arrested railroad building, has brought to dismissal thousands of industrious laborers in Sacramento city, has driven some sixty families away by the removal of railroad offices, has prevented the establishment of a rolling mill and foundries in the town, and has manufactured a public sentiment and a social feeling that ought to drive every friend of the railroad from the city. When the Legislature shall adjourn, when the railroad offices are removed, when the unemployed railroad laborers have vacated the town, when the next Summer's dullness shall have thrown its pall over the city, its people will have time to reflect upon the quarrel in which they have been engaged. With their business destroyed, their houses vacant, their hotels unoccupied, they can estimate the profit of a war that drove the railroad from them that they might enjoy the privilege of reading the Sacramento *Union*, the *Bulletin*, and the *Call*. Real estate, which is now a drug in the city, will be valueless, city bonds, now worth a few cents on the dollar, will be squarely repudiated, and the few ragged villagers, too poor to get away from their over-taxed houses, will expiate their sins by pilgrimages to the vacant stables of the horse Occident, mingling their prayers for the return of the railroad with curses loud and long against Falstaff the fat, and Cassius the lean, who now own the Sacramento *Union* newspaper.

THE NEW CRUSADE AGAINST PROPERTY.

When an advocate of "popular institutions"—that is of government by the mob—cited the prosperity of the United States in support of his argument, Macaulay replied: "As to the case of America, I appeal to the twentieth century." The state of things anticipated by the great essayist seems likely to be realized earlier than he predicted. Already the "masses" are taking the initiatory steps toward a systematic war against capital and the rights of property. The symptoms of the coming trouble are to be seen all over the country. The farmers, the cobblers, the day laborers, and nearly all the classes who have to toil with their hands in order to live, are growing bitterly discontented with their lot, and are planning how they may get more wages with less work. As the shortest path to this result is an organized attack upon capital, that is the plan that finds most favor with the proletarian malcontents. But the war is to be carried on not in the clumsy, old-fashioned Jack Cade style, but by means of legislation. Here in California it takes the shape of hostility to railroads. In Missouri the farmers think that the national banks are the source of all their woes. In Iowa the cry is against the "moneymen." All through the Western States the grain growers and "Grangers" generally seem to think that it is one of their inalienable rights to have the produce carried to market at the expense of their neighbors, or that the charges for freight should be regulated with sole reference to their interests, and with no reference to the actual cost of transportation. "It begins to be very clear," says the *Nation*, "that if Congress protects the farmers against all their enemies, the railroads, the banks, the judges, the makers of agricultural implements, the carriage-makers and plow-makers, and the peddlers, who are now 'devouring their substance,' the Executive Department of the Government will be kept pretty busy." What the "intelligent masses" seem to want is substantially what Jack Cade promised to his ragged constituency: they want to be able to sell dear and buy cheap, to fix not only the price of their own labor, but of all the commodities they have occasion to purchase. When the farmer can sell all his grain and pork at a rate to suit himself, and can also regulate the tariff of freights, and the price which the corner grocery man shall charge for his tea, coffee and sugar, he will be happy.

The total supply of British and foreign gold supplied the U S during the late squeeze, has been £2,[illegible].

PHANTOMS AT THE BALL.

[BY THE AUTHORESS OF "PAUL FERROLL."]

One phantom was a girl, who bore
Had glittered in her eighteenth year,
So heavenly fair in those bright hours,
With quaint device of dress and flowers,
That the eye dwelt on her surprised,
As on a fable realized
One, spell-bound most of all, had burn'd
With love, which frankly she return'd,
But while their silken courtship sped,
Did sudden clouds a storm unroll;
And 'twixt them it a gulf so dread
As frightened from its place her soul.
The world, whose fragile ornament
She for a time so brief had been,
Heard, faintly, of some dark event,
That hid her from its festive scene;
Heard all that was, and what was not;
Inquir'd, conjectur'd, and forgot.
Meant for her spirit's broken wing
Just bore her to the grave's relief;
Too weak was life's elastic spring
To brook the bending hand of grief.
Her lover watched, with broken heart
(Or what to him and her seemed broken)
And the last words that she had spoken,
Were, "Not for long, my life, we part."
She heard, and smiled in death, to be
Love's victim, and its victory.
She came this night and (unseen) moved
Where she had glitter'd, triumph'd, lov'd,
And 'mid new beauty, sought for him
Who should lament that her's was dim
She found him straight, but, ah! no dream
Of her, the dead, there seemed for him,
He moved among the fair and gay,
His smile and ready word had they;
He touched soft hands, and breathed a sigh,
And sought and found an answ'ring eye;
And in the dance he mixed with many,
As happy and as light as any.
Then on his breast the phantom rushed,
Her phantom hair his bosom brushed,
Her fond fantastic arms she wound,
Beseechingly, his form around,
Her airy lips his visage kissed;
In vain, in vain, no thought he cast
Back on the memory of the past,
And she must let it go at last—
The cherish'd hope that she was miss'd.

RELIGIOUS BEGGING.

Sanctified begging has come to be one of the accepted characteristics of the day. No one knows when the hour and the woman may come, for the dirty work has been entrusted altogether to the gentler sex. It is preached to young girls that modesty is the quality which becometh them best; yet she who is fairest of face and trimmest of figure is chosen from the squad of the saint devotees and started out to beg in the name of the Lamb, laden with tickets—a flimsy fraud to deceive the uninitiated into the idea of value received. Ministers of the gospel thunder their anathema from the pulpit upon the knights of the green cloth. Lottery schemes are regarded as devices of the evil one, and games of chance are handled without gloves. Yet, what is a church fair without its raffles? Who is not familiar with the raffle spirit which comes in petticoats, and, with extended hand, containing a ticket for a sewing machine, a prayer book or a writing desk? Like Pendennis' creditors, she haunts our staircase in all places and guises. We find her waiting at our office door; we find her seated in our office chair. She is as persistent as an insurance agent, impudent as a ferret, as insatiable as a subsidized corporation. As it is all done in the name of God, it is presumably all right, but, in the name of the other side of the house, it is most uncomfortable and annoying. If a man be of moderate pocket and somewhat yielding humor, the whole horde of church beggars will soon scent him out and come down on him like the Assyrians. And if it gets too much for human endurance, and they can't beg a dollar, they buy it out of him in the name of the aforesaid. Fairs are their favorite pitfalls. Mats, tidies and lunches are the announced attractions, but these religious creatures have keener sensual eyes than wicked worldlings, and the fair creatures who dispense these mild attractions are selected with as fine a regard to points as as Niblo would use for his coryphees. The petticoat presides at the flower table, and attaching a button-hole posy is a favorite dodge. The law of the land forbids lottery schemes of any sort, yet they are here in all forms, from the grab-box up. The laws of decency and of the Catholic church forbid fortune-telling, yet it is a favorite amusement in fairs of this denomination. In a harmless form, it is true, yet it is a bad precedent in a church which employs a special clause for its forbiddance. Fat parsons and old fogies generally disapprove of waltzing, because of the illegitimate contact into which it brings the sexes, yet in these fairs a bevy of girls will surround a man, pull, haul and maul him, and entreat with hand, lip and eye, as boisterously as the most experienced crowd of Magdalens that ever plied a trade. Modesty is a dead letter, for it doesn't pay, honesty likewise, for it necessitates the rendering of change, something uncommon at fairs. A new departure in church begging has been taken during the present week, in the shape of an excursion, where those interested may pay two dollars toward the furnishing of a flaring and gorgeous structure in which to worship the Prince of Humility. Neptune's greedy maw may relieve the excursionist of the necessity of taking two dollars' worth of pills. Other interest on the amount expended we cannot see, even though the name of several charming young ladies be appended to the Committee list, the usual fag. We advise church members to give up mendicancy as a profession, and to build their temples of worship within the limits of the congregation's pocket. Outsiders do not care to have their consciences loaded with church furniture and stained glass windows, in case they be obliged to render an account in the next world, where these items will not be in their favor.

WATER.

Since the News Letter first drew the attention of its readers to the water monopoly, we have been visited by many gentlemen interested in the subject, who have entertained various plans for the relief of the burdened citizens. For the *News Letter*, and for disinterested parties generally, there is but one plan of relief—that the city should build and own its own waterworks. A rival company would temporarily remedy the existing evil. If the city itself come to the rescue, a lasting cure is effected. Extortion will cease and water yet be plentiful. Happy time! Their wrongs have already sufficiently roused the citizens. It remains for those gentlemen to open their eyes who can give official relief. It is probable that the matter will be one of the first considerations with the incoming Board of Supervisors, since the necessity is daily becoming more pressing. Why should not the outgoing Board put a feather in its cap by taking the initiative step? The Legislature will shortly meet, and the sooner the work is begun the sooner it will be completed. There will be some work to do, for country members perversely refuse to sanction any movement favored by the gentlemen from the metropolis. But they can soon be brought to see that while it does incalculable good to San Francisco, it does no harm to any other place. We wait almost with impatience the first movement of the City Fathers in this matter. Nothing could be more popular with the people than such a step, for the need has been pressing and of long continuance. And until such a step is taken Spring Valley, with its wealth, its power, its independence, and its tenure of desirable reservoir sights, has us on the hip.

A NICE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The spirit of robbery and rascality seems to crop out so universally in all public bodies, from Congress to the Board of Supervisors, that it might, without any great injustice, be called "the spirit of the age." One of the richest illustrations of the insolence which official scoundrelism develops through long immunity, is to be found in a recent remarkable transaction in the Board of Education. A bolder and more barefaced swindle has never been attempted by the most accomplished "ring" in America. In June last, our model Board advertised for proposals for a supply of school furniture. Gilbert & Moore, a well-known and responsible firm, put in a bid at $5 40 a set, Palmer & Co bid $6 75. Gilbert & Moore's was the lowest bid, yet the Committee on Furniture and Supplies recommended the awarding of the contract to Palmer & Co. There was some opposition to this in the Board, and finally a new advertisement for bids was published. This time Palmer & Co put in a bid at $5 25, fifteen cents less than that of Gilbert & Moore, and less than the furniture can be supplied at so as to realize a profit. Director Plunkett, seeing very clearly that there was a rascally job under the surface of this transaction, took upon himself the duty of keeping an eye upon the later stages of it. The result was the discovery, a week ago, that the Furniture and Supply Committee had been allowing their accomplices, Palmer & Co., $6 50 per set, instead of the $5 25 which they had bid. This is a swindle of such an outrageous character as to call for exemplary punishment, if there is any virtue in criminal law.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Spain and Its People. A Record of Recent Travel. 12mo. cloth.
Pre-Historic Races of the United States. By J. W. Foster. 8vo, cloth.
Miriam Montfort. A Novel. 12mo, cloth.
Arthur Bonnicastle. By J. G. Holland. 12mo, cloth.
Getting On in the World. By Wm Mathews. 12mo, cloth.
Workshop Appliances. By C. P. B. Shelley. 12mo, cloth.
Bellehood and Bondage. A Novel. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens. 12mo, cloth.
Against the Stream. By Mrs. Charles. 12mo, cloth.
White Rose and Red. A Love Story. 12mo, cloth.
Nina's Atonement. A Novel. By Christian Reid. 8vo, paper.

A. ROMAN & CO.,
Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers.
11 Montgomery st., Lick House Block.

JOUVIN GLOVES.

None genuine unless one of each pair bears the TRADE MARK of Original Inventor and Patentee, with date of patent, 1834,

Veuve Xavier Jouvin & Cie,
PARIS & GRENOBLE.

MURPHY, GRANT & CO.,
Sole Agents for Pacific Coast,
San Francisco.
Sept. 20.

HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE,
24 Post St., San Francisco.

THE ONLY THOROUGH BUSINESS College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should secure a useful and practical Education at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Sessions day and evening throughout the year. Students can commence at any time. Each receives separate instruction. There is a Preparatory Department for those not sufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for

Heald's College Journal.

An eight page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing
E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug. 1.] San Francisco.

SHERMAN & HYDE,
DEALERS IN
Sheet Music
AND
Musical Merchandise.
Sole Agents for the
WEBER PIANO.
Corner Kearny and Sutter sts.
SAN FRANCISCO.
Largest Stock of Sheet Music on the Coast. [May 10.

DR. ABORN,
Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory, 218 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 5.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

THE DEVIL'S WALK THROUGH SAN FRANCISCO.

"From his brimstone bed at break of day
A walking the Devil has gone
To visit his snug little farm the earth,
And see how his stock goes on. —COLERIDGE.

The Devil sat munching sulphur, it was his chewing gum,
He said, "Things are awfully dull, it makes me feel quite glum.
I'll take another trip to earth, may be the change of air
Will do me good, for I feel quite blue, and sick of Hell, I swear.
The last batch of souls they brought in was but a meanish lot,
In fact, they were not worth the coal it takes to keep them hot.
The souls I get from Frisco they are the boys for me,
I wonder how goes the crop—by gad! I'll go up and see."

Away he started in haste for the City of the West,
He did not tarry on the road, or even pause for rest.
'Twas night when he got to town, but a good old Cliff House moon
Was shining so bright and clear, you could see to shoot a coon,
He deemed it a little too late, to pay all the calls he owed,
So he thought he'd hire a team, and drive on the Cliff House road.
"I know," said he, "I'll have fun; for many an ancient scamp
Will be out on a bust to-night, led on by Luna's lamp."

So he hired a slashing team, a pair of pacers black,
That rattled over the road like race horses over a track;
But when he got to Lone Mountain, he hitched them up to a post,
And leaping the graveyard wall, danc'd midst the dead like a ghost.
He read a hundred epitaphs, but they all seemed to say
That the souls had gone to heaven, and not one down his way.
He laugh'd when he read the names, and found that ninety-seven
Were now frizzling down in hell, not flying up in heaven.

Smiling at human folly, and the vanities of men,
He jumped into his buggy and drove on his way again.
The first man he met was B—, a merchant of good repute,
Who is a deacon of his church, and wears a broadcloth suit,
Who's left a wife and family at home with downcast looks,
Pitying poor papa, who's still at work on his business books;
He'd a painted jade beside him, with one arm round his waist,
That glittered with cheap jewelry and diamonds of paste.

The next friend that he saw was C—, a lately married man,
Down whose flush'd cheeks the maudlin tears of drunken sorrow ran,
And who to shameless courtesans was telling how his wife
Was suing for a divorce, to separate them for life,
Because, as he expressed it, he sometimes came home at night
A trifle worse for liquor, not drunk, but a little tight;
In disgust the devil whispered right in the drunkard's ear,
"Go tell your shame elsewhere—we don't want your sniveling here.

"Give me a drink," the devil cried, "I drink to Alcohol,
That in time is bound to ruin body as well as soul,
That fills my glorious kingdom, perpetuates my sway,
And dashes from domestic life the cup of joy away,
And here's to lovely woman, she helps to swell the list—"
Here the devil got excited, and a thick sulphuric mist
Hid him from sight, as through the door he sank with scarce a sound,
And the pacers that he hired have never since been found

But there was a large burn mark still left on the Cliff House floor,
And no one could sleep that night for the frighted sea dog's roar;
And perhaps in years to come, when the nights are long and dark,
Children will shudder to hear the tale of the devil's mark,
To hear how, one moonlit night, a queer looking stranger came,
Whose breath was a sulphur cloud, whose eyes were a burning flame;
How he suddenly disappeared, and never was seen again,
Like the Will o' Wisp who dances out on the poison fen.

Religion—Faith—Science.—This is, unfortunately, an unbelieving age. It seems to us that our young men—regardless of the warning voice of the clergy—are casting off the beliefs entertained by their forefathers; especially those of that gorilla-like individual, the *pre-historic man*. For instance, we do not know a single young man, outside of the sacred profession, who believes one word that has ever been said or written in regard to prophets and saints, miracles and witches, vampires and unicorns, giants and ghosts, holy oil or sky-pilots. "It is really very painful." It is a fact that cannot be overlooked. Our young men believe in no one thing that is essential to salvation, and without which they must assuredly "perish everlasting." In this sad state we naturally turn to Rome and lift our imploring eyes to the holy and blessed Vicar of Christ to bring men back to a belief in holy things. His Holiness has already called on the reasoning masses to turn from their evil ways, seek the shrines of saints, and adore their bones—a really pious one—like a dog loves a bone. English Lords, proverbial for their piety, purity of life, and sincerity, are hastening with naked and bleeding feet to visit the shrines of the saints. There is a new life springing up amongst the people, and the unselfish English Lords feel that it is necessary for them to go likewise, both as a "compliment to God, and an example to their inferiors." "It is a long lane that has no turn," for ages war has been carried on between—so-called—"Science" and "Religion," but the turn has at last been reached. It has never been a difficult task to teach men—possessed of "Faith—to believe in the great truth that a howling Deity can only be appeased by human blood, for in every land—at some time or other—"Blood Sacrifices" were found to be the great feature of every religion. The Christian clergy have for ages failed to make "reasoning fools" understand or believe that *they* are capable of changing "bread and wine" into the real presence of the actual body and blood of Christ. These reasoning fools were like St. Thomas, skeptical, and hard to be convinced. The clergy did their level best, and failed, but here Science has come in to their aid, and it seems probable that before many years we will actually have but "one fold and one shepherd." There has recently been invented in Berlin "the Bismarck forty-parson power microscope," which it is said can show to unbelievers the recently formed nerves and muscular fibres in the bread, and the red and white blood discs in the wine. There is no resisting such evidence—skepticism is fairly played out! Now may the lion lay down with the lamb; and the Protestant priest trap the Catholic priest without grinding his teeth.

Our Presbyterian brothers have been much shocked at a proposal, by an erring and unlettered divine, to drop the prefix of D D. It was, to say the least of it, an envious proposition, but it at any rate shows us that these followers of "the meek and lowly Jesus" have not yet divested themselves of the "pomps and vanities of this wicked world." Like most Californian, nay, American titles, the D D does not amount to a row of pins, and is, in nine cases out of ten, a kind of brevet rank, indiscriminately bestowed upon gospel slingers, from the howler who presides at a camp meeting to the demure and, in some cases, erudite Episcopalian. The one clings to his borrowed plumes even more tenaciously than the other, but still the same "old leaven" is seen in both. For our own part, if a man honestly earns his D D, we say let him by all means have it, and travel on it, if he can; but any intelligent man without snobbism would see at a glance that the D. D. of to-day is not worth the extra ink required to write it down.

The Bulletin, in a touching obituary upon a gentleman who was found dead in bed, breaks into verse a little indefinite, but extremely pathetic, which concludes thusly:

"But more shall pray henceforth for aid
To lay them down like thee."

As the latter line alluded to the gentleman's life, and as his demise was rather sudden and unexpected on his own part, we feel moved to assert that we don't believe a word of it. We have not been able to find any one engaged in such manner of prayer. In fact, the *T*—'s circle is not much given to prayer, but when they do pray they don't deliver themselves of such darn nonsense. They pray for the annihilation of all canting deacons, of all white-livered hypocrites, of all envious dogs in the manger, of all hesitating, doubting, fence-straddling editors, of all dull, dreary, flat, stale, insipid, stupid and inane newspapers, of all grovelling, non-tax paying, non-producing citizens, of all adherents to the father of lies. In short, they make a good, ripping, slashing, tearing prayer of it, one likely to strike home, and they don't waste their time in whining their desire to die without any trouble, in bad verse.

At about three o'clock every afternoon, a stream of gaily dressed women may be seen patrolling down Washington street on to Kearny. It is needless to say what class of women they are, for their business is written indelibly on face and form. Virtuous women try to look disgusted at them, but a judge of human nature can see that there is quite as much of envy as of contempt in the look they give. The young sardine, fresh from the East, thinks it the thing to nod to these whited sepulchres, while the gray-headed broker gives them a quiet smile of recognition. Saturday is their great field day, and the matinee performances at our theaters are in a great measure supported by them and their admirers. That such a social evil must exist we believe, but let its existence be kept as much in the back-ground as possible, and do not let us, as we too often do, see ill-dressed virtue have to walk on the muddy street while gaily attired vice monopolizes the sidewalk.

It is darkly rumored that the great and wicked "master spirit" of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, Edward Curtis, LL.D., has conceived a Napoleonic idea, and is speedily about to carry it into execution. In a few days orders will be issued from Sacramento all along the line to Ogden, to suspend the running of trains, and to stop all the business of the road until further advices. Doctor Curtis says he wants to hear the anti-monopolists howl when the cars stop running, and to see what the Dolly Varden Legislature are going to do about it. We understand that Governor Stanford is opposed to this strong measure, but as the Doctor is inexorable, Stanford will of course be overruled.

We had given the relations of Messrs. Frank and Packer the credit of being the most disinterested of people. We wondered why the rewards for the recovery of the bodies continued to be offered, when the bodies lying at the bottom of the bay saved them the funeral expenses and the parson's fee for praying over them. The mystery is solved when the bodies come to the surface resplendent with much jewelry. Their jingling chains and glittering rings have secured them a grave, which is of no consequence to them, as Mr Toots would say. More! When young men go down upon the sea in ships, let them wear all the jewelry they can borrow, and their relations will get the best of the crabs and shrimps.

The Alta of Tuesday says that the production of Wilkie Collins' dramatization of his own novel, "The New Magdalen," aroused the animosity of all the play-goers. It certainly was a piece of glaring effrontery on the part of the originator of the plot, in these times when poor young men of nimble pen but shallow pate are waiting to turn an honest penny out of the crumbs which drop from richer imaginations. At the same time, although we are ourselves frequenters of the play and enjoy an extended acquaintance among the youth of San Francisco, we have yet to meet one who bears a spirit of animosity toward Magdalens old or new, Magdalens in the abstract or the reality.

We are always willing to give praise where praise is due. Capt. Clarke and his mate are probably beasts, fiends, devils in human form—any of the polite names that have been given them. But, at least, they prevented the [illegible] atrocities from becoming monotonous. While one man was starved to death, another was beaten, a third was kicked, and a fourth washed to death. Such methods display a versatility in the accomplished Captain and mate, for which we should look vainly in less experienced murderers. We suggest hanging, strangulation, impaling, crucifying, quartering, disembowelling and a few other little changes for the next trip.

Does a woman look pretty catching a flea? A certain photograph gallery on Montgomery street has ornamented its front door with a galaxy of charming women, all *decolletée*. Each right hand is buried in the recesses of the left dress lining, and each face seems triumphantly to say: "I've got him." At first we thought a new business had come up and that we had come to a mammoth flea-catching establishment, where as in Turkish baths, the work was done by women. Upon inquiry, however, we ascertained it to be the favorite attitude with young women desirous of making a pretty photograph.

Timothy Sullivan is a gentle youth of Hibernian extraction, and is somewhat facetious. When at a loss for amusement, he exercises his muscles on his aged mother; when the old lady is pounded sufficiently, he pitches into his sister. The thing at last grew monotonous, for the programme was never varied, at least it was the variations were not appreciated, for Mrs. Sullivan had Tim arrested. Tim will have to pay a hundred for his little encounter with Ma, and another for pelting a head on Sissie. The home of the Sullivans will no doubt be at rest for some time to come.

Stocks, like the Devil, come in for all the blame. If a man suicides, of course stocks did it. If a man is poor, he is pitied as having lost it all in stocks. If a man robs you, well, he was tempted to invest the money in stocks, and pleads that as an excuse for his rascality. If a man drinks, stocks drove him to it. If a man goes mad, stocks were the cause. If a man can't pay a bill, he tells you that he has just had to pay an assessment on Savage or some such stock, when probably he never owned a share of it in his life. But if men make money and grow rich, they never own that they made it all by accident in stocks.

A recent lecturer on Queen Elizabeth says: "She was not proud if she was a Queen. She always insisted on cleaning her own teeth. She did it once a week, with her own hand and her own tooth-brush." What a lesson does this teach to those who are haughty and vain! Doctor Lord, the eminent imported lecturer of the Mercantile Library Association, entirely overlooked this important point in his enumeration of the virtues of the "Virgin Queen."

The long-haired, greasy howler of the Sierras, who is now doing London on an ass, feels highly disgusted at the *Athenæum* calling his "Life among the Modocs" "a dull romance." If they knew him as well as we do they would never have noticed his trash at all. The idea of his saying that he was head man among the Modocs! A Modoc chief would hardly deign to eat out of the same dish as the squaw-man-would-be-poet.

The Australasian wants to know "what an ordinary mortal can do with an income of five million a year." The *Australasian* says he cannot spend it, and cannot use it. Our advice to the unfortunate in this terrible dilemma would be to buck against the tiger or start a daily newspaper.

Who was the first man that mentioned the Augean stables to the *Chronicle*? In heaven's name, let him give it a new idea. We have had the compost from that delectable barn before our noses with such unfailing regularity that, we long for a new smell, even if it be a worse one.

The Chronicle asks, pathetically, "Is silver to be a drug in our market?" Judging from its advertising columns, silver will not soon be a drug in the *Chronicle* till.

If the French were as fond of Bourbon as the Americans are, they would settle their political difficulties in short order.

Is Ensign to be locked up? And if so, who is to make the lock that he can't pick?

IN MEMORIAM.

Died—In Cobb Valley, Lake County, Oct. 4th, George F. Reed, eldest son of Hon. Chas. F. Reed, of Knight's Landing.

Death loves a shining mark. This bright boy who has just been laid away in the cruel grave, to lay like a hidden jewel, shows how remorseless is the dread messenger. To be cut down at the very dawn of his usefulness—to be crushed in the budding of his manhood—is inexpressibly sad to those who witnessed but could not prevent it. Like a Spring flower with the morning dew upon it, that withers in an hour, young Reed, the pride and hope of his fond father, the idol of his family, and the favorite of a large circle of friends, has suddenly perished—no, not perished, for in that country where it is said no enemy ever enters, and no friend ever goes away, his spirit must ere this have entered, to be forever dear—forever loved. But the home whose circle his departure has so suddenly and irreparably broken, will never cease to miss him.

> "The unfinished window in Aladdin's tower
> Unfinished must remain."

The work he had just commenced to do, let us hope, will be rounded off and finished in another and a better country—over and beyond the dark, unknown sea that rolls round all the world. And as I think of his last illness, up in the mountains, where he had gone to seek a purer air; as I think of his gentleness and of the daily beauty there was in his life, some lines of Byron seem as appropriate as if they had been written on himself:

> He faded, and so calm and meek,
> So softly worn, so sweetly meek;
> So tearless, yet so tender, kind,
> And grieved for those he left behind.
> While all the while a cheek whose bloom
> Was as a mockery of the tomb;
> Whose tints as gently sunk away,
> As a departing rainbow's ray,
> An eye of most transparent light,
> That almost made the sick man bright.
> And then the sighs he would suppress
> Of fainting Nature's feebleness;
> And not a word of murmur, not
> A groan o'er his untimely lot.
> A little talk of better days,
> A little hope his friends to raise;
> For they were sunk in silence lost,
> In it a last lost of all the most.

But it must be a great consolation for his relatives and friends to know that if youth and virtue and noble qualities are to live eternally in the House of Many Mansions, whose golden gates and pearly doors are "sprinkled all over with the dust of stars," then to such a home hath our young friend gone, and death indeed has been swallowed up in victory. E. C.

VAST EMIGRATION FROM THE UNITED KINGDOM.

From the emigration report for 1872 we learn that the number of emigrants who left the United Kingdom in 1872 was 295,213, being an increase with 1871 of 42,778. It was the largest emigration since 1854, and exceeded the average emigration in the 17 years since that date by no less than 109,971. When, however, this emigration is analyzed it will be seen that the increase in this emigration of natives of the United Kingdom has not been so great as the above figures appear to imply. For several years the emigration of foreigners through this country, which before 1864 was considerable, has rapidly increased, till in 1872 it amounted to no less than 79,023, or 26.76 per cent of the whole emigration. The increased British emigration in 1872, as compared with the average of the preceding 17 years, was not 179,971, but 31,591. The proportion of English emigrants to Irish was 61.20 to 38.41. The emigration from each division of the United Kingdom was larger than in 1871. The increase in English emigrants was 15,763, in Scotch, 809, in Irish, 1,600. Of the whole number, including foreigners and those not distinguished, there went to the United States 233,747, to British America, 32,205, to Australasia 15,876, to all other places 13,385—total, 295,213.

Of the emigrants to the United States there were—English 82,329, Scotch, 12,691, Irish, 66,752, foreigners, 68,137, not distinguished, 1,824—total, 231,747. The males and females in the emigration were respectively 179,067 and 116,146, the excess of males, as might be expected, being principally in the unmarried adults. These amounted to 110,765, while the unmarried adult women were only 50,277. For obvious reasons this will always be the case, but it contributes largely to increase the excess of women over men in the United Kingdom, which has been so often the subject of remark. The emigrants to North America, 271,846, equal to 98.04 per cent of the whole, went in steamers, and only 4,146 in sailing ships. Among 230,541 emigrants on 545 voyages to North America the deaths were only 102, which, taking the voyage at 12 days, is equal to a mortality of only 13.38 per 1,000 per annum.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Old Mother Alta has been amusing herself this week with comical questions and answers on the multiplication tables.—Dr Lord still continues to attract good audiences by droning "extracts" of English and foreign history.—Miss Minnie Walton is creating a good impression in New York, although the *future* is yet to come.—The French residents of this city have got up a very handsome testimonial to M. Thiers in the shape of a superb album, which Mr Weill has left us to present.—The attendance at the Flower Show held at Horticultural Hall last week was generally miserable.—Elsie Brown, the infant wonder of five years, is soon to astonish us.—The unloading and reloading of the *Montana* took just forty-eight hours—the quickest time on record.—It looks as if the Winter had really set in. The rain on Monday has continued with the usual intermittent bright bits.—The Rev. Hugh Smith Carpenter, Pastor of the Howard Presbyterian Church, has resigned his charge.—Capt. Lapidge is to take command of the new British opposition line between this port and China and Japan.—Lighting our streets and public buildings during September cost $21,610.—The crews of the "California Boat Club" are practicing for the regatta on Thanksgiving Day.—Mrs. Joaquin Miller is in town, supposed to be gathering material for an *exposé* of her husband in the pages of the London *Athenæum*.—The Jewish holidays and holy-days are nearly over—only the legend of the Feast of Tabernacles left.—Mlle Gangalo, the well-known and really graceful danseuse, is seriously ill.—The California method of fighting is most honorable. Get a man down and then kick him senseless and shapeless. So Schultz, a Kearny street saloon keeper, found when his jaw was broken on Sunday morning.—Miss May Howard commences her engagement at the California on Monday.—Bangot, the pauper with $16,000, still remains an inmate of the Almshouse, paying five dollars a week for the privilege.—The waiters and cooks of the city have founded a Mutual Aid and Beneficial Society.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"Sacramento" writes:—"For thousands of years before the present era, the ancients regarded the Trinity—the Father, Son and Holy Ghost—as meaning simply the earth, sun and moon, each deity being in duplicate—male and female, active and passive—as *Lunus* and *Luna*. They believed that everything emanated from the earth, or great center of the universe, that the sun 'proceeded' from the earth, and that the moon appeared and disappeared like any other respectable ghost." It is quite true that the idea of a triune deity was a most universal, but we fail to see how the Christian trinity could have existed for "hundreds of years before the beginning of the present era," inasmuch as it had not then been invented. It was not until about *forty years* "B. C.," that the astronomers, philosophers, advanced Jews, and Greeks of Alexandria—in order to correct the calendar—produced the beautiful *Astronomical Hume*, known as the Christian Religion. They changed the whole calendar *began* to correct their New Years from the Winter solstice point—that point where the sun, having reached its most southern declination, turns and begins to ascend towards the vernal equinox—hence we count from the "resurrection." The initiated regarded the sun as the center of the universe much as we do to-day. The people believed as they do to-day, whatever they were taught to believe, the old sun dies and remains, down south, in his grave for "three days" during the winter—and rises again from the dead to carry on the business. He is said to be "born" there, but it is the old sun—its all "one."

"J. P." desires to know "what the hell we mean, etc." We presume "J. P." is our old friend *John Public*, and it is needless to say we cannot explain it. Also.

A THRILLING SCENE.

The final departure of the Germans from the soil of France was attended by circumstances of a high melodramatic effect. The closing scene at Verdun was one that appeals powerfully to the imagination. The military movements of the German army were executed with a precision and a grim stolidity of demeanor on the part of the troops that might be expected from iron automata. A French correspondent of the London *Times* furnishes a wonderfully graphic description of the spectacle: "The troops were closely collected together, and had any one with good sight fired between the first and second man in front, the ball would have gone between the first and second man of the last line without touching a soldier. There was a minute's silence and complete immobility, and the entire scene offered a picture unique, doubtless, of its kind. On the right, beneath the gate of the fortress, was the French guard, leaning on his gun, while behind the small garrison looked through the open gate. On the rampart was Captain Metral. On the left of the gate of the fort there was the Esplanade with 5,000 troops, with dazzling arms, with helmets glittering in the sun, with horses, with cannons, all motionless. The crowd were seized with admiration in spite of themselves. In front, and apart from the crowd, were some women dressed in black, who had come to give a still more mournful aspect to this concert, already so painful for whoever could listen attentively." * * * * *

There was another minute's waiting, and then General Manteuffel appeared. He wore a blue great coat over a red suit, falling over his boots and concealing his trowsers; the Commandant's scarf was on his shoulder. His blue cap, held by a strap, rested on his forehead, and almost entirely hid his thin face, dark and surrounded by a gray and bristly beard, while under prominent eyebrows were spectacles, which gave something strange and gloomy to his whole physiognomy. Colonel Von der Burg and Lieutenant-Colonel Count Thosler, in a green and yellow uniform, mounted on a splendid steed, followed him, holding their horses. The General-in-Chief went through the troop by the flanks and center. Then he returns to the front, surrounded by his staff. General Lhuzingen gives the command, "Gewehr am Fuss." The command, brusque, harsh, metallic, is repeated. A sound, an iller still, and the movement is executed. General Manteuffel draws his sword. "Für den Kaiser und König, hurrah!" Three resounds the hurrah, while the horses curvet, the swords are lighted up by a stray beam of sunshine, and the beat of the drum accompanies on all sides the cry of 5,000 throats. The band begins afresh, and from all quarters is heard "Heil dir in Siegerkranz!" The General-in-Chief takes up his position on one side, the staff around him, and the march past begins. * * * *

General Manteuffel, the last of the Germans, had not passed the "Porte Chaussée," when a cry of joy, of triumph, of deliverance, resounds with indescribable fervor: "Vive la France!" In an instant—in less time than it takes me to write it—every house, from top to bottom, in every street, in all the squares, from the basement to the attics, is decked with tricolor flags—"Vive Thiers! Vive le Libérateur! Vive l'Armée! Vive la France! Vive la République! Vivent l'Alsace-Lorraine!" These, in unworthy order, are the inscriptions which are displayed. The men assume cockades, the women also, likewise the children and horses. I see tricolor barley-sugar. At the hotel we are served with crawfish with a tricolor flag. A wag remarks that crawfish, which walks backwards, ought to be surmounted with the white flag. The company at the table immediately exclaimed, "Vive le tricolor!" In the street at this moment fifty little children, armed with tricolor flags, raise their heads from a wagon full of grass. The very atmosphere assumes a tricolor aspect, and the rainbow appearing at the close of a shower has the appearance of taking part in the decoration at Verdun. The crowd is immense. A profound delight can be read in every eye. Hell and a family takes away the black and white sentry boxes of the Prussians. They have been carefully draped with tricolor flags, and this evening they will be publicly burnt.

LATEST FROM LONDON.

The following comprises the freshest and most important items of intelligence contained in a letter from London, which was crowded out of our last issue by a press of matter:

"You will be somewhat astonished to hear that we have just stifled a certain important branch of our trade. Our laws against adulteration, though seldom enforced, are very strong, indeed, and they have just now been put in motion by a lot of doctors, who hate tea, and especially green tea. Now, as green tea is always painted—as paint is a decided adulteration, and an unwholesome one, to boot—it proved to be easy to convict a lot of unfortunate grocers of selling a sophisticated article. 'We are beginning at the wrong end,' laughed the importers, 'you can't hurt us, and John Chinaman is out of reach.' But the doctors proved to be wiser in their generation than the importers imagined, for the grocers naturally declined to buy any more of the dangerous commodity, and the wholesale dealer consequently had no orders to give to the importer. The latter, to whom all the mischief is really due, now squirms—and well he may—for there is actually no less than £1,250,000 (six and a quarter million dollars' worth) of green tea in the market, which no one dare buy or sell. The importers are publishing petitions, imploring the Legislature to allow them to sell it, but even if they got that permission the public ought to be wise enough not to buy. The fine of a million and a quarter sterling is a heavy one on any particular trade, but the various measures that have from time to time been taken to induce them to keep straight have never been attended by the slightest success, and in the face of the fact that the whisky retailers are punished by fine and imprisonment, the mere forfeiture of a stock is not too heavy a penalty. It has produced the greatest possible dismay among merchants, and day after day no efforts or sacrifices will effect the sale of a single leaf."

OLEOMARGARINE.

The Oleomargarine Manufacturing Co. is attracting a considerable degree of interested attention from the masters who are disposed to economize in housekeeping, in the article of butter, now so extravagant in price, and it is hoped that the company having this laudable enterprise in view may meet with deserved success. We are advised that operations will soon be commenced, and in this connection we extract the following from the *London Medical Record*, as being of interest, the authority having the greatest weight:

OLEOMARGARINE BUTTER.—*Les Mondes*, in discussing this subject, observes that ordinary fats are composed of three substances—stearine, which is as hard as wax; margarine, of the consistence of butter, and oleine, a liquid. When these three are separated by chemical means, the first may be employed for candles, the second for butter, and the third for lubricating machinery. A company is at present operating upon beef fat, at East Twenty-sixth street, New York. In taste and in appearance the butter thus made is exactly similar to the best butter made from cows' milk. Professor Paral, the inventor, hopes to drive genuine butter completely out of the market. Judging from the recent "butter controversy" among chemists, chemical tests for purity of butter have failed us, and there is now no obstacle to the success of Mr Paral in carrying out his design.

The London Punch, in an "In Memoriam," written on the occasion of the deaths of the late Samuel Wilberforce, Bishop of Winchester, and the late Lord Chancellor Richard Bethell, Lord Westbury, has the following beautiful lines:

> "And so, Life's judgment, set to right by Death's,
> Lay busy Bishop and keen Judge to rest,
> And, by their coffins, think with bated breaths,
> How good the worst of us, how bad the best!"

These two eminent men died within twenty-four hours of each other, on the 19th and 20th of July, 1873.

We remember some little time ago reading the touching story of a poor, sick musician, who "wasted his substance on physicians," but all to no avail. The house was cleared of everything almost to pay the doctor's bills. At last, except the bed he was lying on, only a piano remained, and this the dying man absolutely refused to part with. "No," said he, "its beautiful tone, its glorious power, its superb touch, are all endeared to me. I cannot part with it." When he "fell asleep," it was found that the piano was one of Hallet & Davis', a firm unequaled in the production of first-class pianos. The agent in San Francisco is Wm. G. Badger.

Vol. 4. **THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR NOV., 1873,** **No. 2.**

Will contain a Splendid Photograph and Biographical Sketch of Captain Lapidge.

WILL BE READY ABOUT OCTOBER 25th. - - - PRICE, 25 CENTS.

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The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, OCT. 11, 1873. No. 37.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL, CALIFORNIA MAIL BAG, South side Merchant street No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—890@910 —SILVER BARS—3@16 ⅌ ct. discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 92@92½. Mexican Dollars, 5@5½c., new; 5¾c., old. Trade Dollar, 2½c. prem., nominal.

☞ Exchange on New York, 9 per cent. nominal for Gold; Currency, ¾@1 per cent. On London, Bankers 49½@—; Commercial, 50¾@51; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, Oct. 10, at 3 P.M., 108⅜. Latest price of Sterling, 108¼@108¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO................................Oct. 10, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	101¾	104	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	121	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1881	97	99	Oakland 10s	116	117
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	97	99	Spring Valley Water Co	82	85
Legal Tender Notes	91½	92	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds 7s	97½	100	Central Railroad Company	52	54
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	93	98	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	54½
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s	91	95	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	16	19
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	101	—	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	0	60
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	65	70
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	96	Union Insurance Co	90	93
Santa Clara Bonds	91	98	Pacific Bank	87½	90
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90		The Bank of California	1.75	120
San Francisco Gas Light Co	69¾	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor California and Leidesdorff streets.

SAN FRANCISCO AND SYDNEY MAIL SERVICE.

The arrangement entered into by N. S. Wales with Mr. Hall for the service between Sydney and California, binds him to maintain for a period of six years a four-weekly service between Sydney and San Francisco via Kandivan in Fijii and Honolulu, with the option of a loop-line between Kandivan and New Zealand. The subsidy guaranteed by N. S. Wales for a ten knot service is £48,000, without reference to the loop-line, for which an additional payment of £12,000 is asked—in all, £60,000. The proposition of Mr. Samuel to New Zealand that it should contribute £25,000 out of the £60,000, has been rejected by Mr. Vogel, who says New South Wales has seen fit without the slightest communication with New Zealand to enter into engagement with a speculator, who wishes to dispose of the concessions granted him to the best possible advantage, and she must accept the entire responsibility of the act—proposes that Mr. Samuel, on his arrival in England enter into negotiations with Mr. Russell, the New Zealand agent, and endeavor to come to an arrangement equitable in its terms and satisfactory to both colonies. The Adelaide *Observer* remarks that "whatever may be the immediate result of these ocean postal negotiations, we are satisfied that in the long run the policy of Earl Kimberly in offering incentives for the establishment and maintenance of the Suez, the Pacific and the Torres Straits routes, will best promote the interests of the colonies as a whole. Although at present the trade between Australia and America and Australia and Southern Asia is not large, it is expanding, and before many years are over will have attained immense proportions. When this result is attained, questions as to what port shall form the terminus of a line of steamboats, instead of being regarded as of national importance, will be treated with the indifference they deserve. In the meanwhile we can only deplore the fact that local struggles for pre-eminence and local animosities should interfere with the arrangement upon a comprehensive and equitable basis of what is obviously for the benefit of all."

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, October 10, 1873—Gold opened at 107, 11 A.M. at 108¼, 1 P.M. at 108⅜. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 106, 1867, 112. Sterling Exchange 108½, at 107¾. Pacific Mail, 32½. Quicksilver Mining Company, 30. Wheat, $1 65@$1 85 quiet. Pork, 17, dull. Cotton, 15½. Hides, dry, 24½@25, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm quiet, $1 60@$1 62, fair demand. Winter Bleached, $1 65@1 75. Whale, quiet, 68@65c quiet; Winter Bleached, 68@71c. Wool: Spring fine, 25@35c, Burry, 20@25c, Pulled, 35@50c. Fall Clips 30@35c, Burry, 15@25c. LONDON, Oct. 10.—Liverpool Wheat Market 12s 5d@12s 9d. Club, 12s 10d. @13s. United States Bonds, 92. Consols, 92¾@92⅜, ex, 92½@¾.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

San Francisco, October 9th, 1873.—The Wool market continues quiet but strong. During the last week there have been some transactions for local manufacturers. A better general feeling is manifesting itself, and there is considerable inquiry for desirable Wools.

WATT & MCLENNAN, Wool and Grain Commission Merchants,
623 Sansome street, corner Jackson.

A commission of jewelers, at Geneva, have valued the Duke of Brunswick's diamonds at 2,500,000 francs.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

It is gratifying to be able to record at this time an easy money market, and no extraordinary or unusual demand for currency with which to move the crops, or for the transaction of every day business concerns. With us gold and silver alone are the basis of all monetary transactions upon this coast, and while our Eastern friends have been impoverished, and financial disaster swept many supposed wealthy firms into discredit and bankruptcy, closing hopelessly the door of many banks and banking institutions, we of the Pacific Coast have escaped unscathed—not a mercantile failure announced—not a single bank or banking house closed its doors—payments have at all times been promptly met, and no disaster of any kind has befallen this people. California and Oregon and the whole Pacific Slope have, thanks to a gold basis, passed through unharmed and without dishonor to any interest. Our wheat and other crops are being promptly marketed, and our banks have been enabled at all times to discount to the full extent of business requirements, and without any advance in the rate of interest. The large amount of sterling bills drawn upon London houses against the considerable shipments of breadstuff to the mother country, have been absorbed by our several bankers at current rates, and when not disposable at New York upon satisfactory terms, they were forwarded to London direct for collection, and Eastern advices received this day from New York announce the arrival there of $1,000,000 gold to the credit of the Bank of California. Doubtless other bankers have done likewise, in their praiseworthy efforts of aiding and assisting the commercial interests of our city, at the same time adding handsomely to their own pecuniary credit. Within the week the Bank of California has held its annual meeting for the election of officers, etc., declaring also its regular monthly dividend of one per cent. net profit.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, September 19, 1873: Edgar Mills, Frank Cunningham, Capt. W. C. Talbot, Misses Talbot, Mr. Benjamin, Michael Castle and family, J. Belden and family, Wm. H. Lent and family, Mrs. Theo. Payne, Warren R. Payne, Theo. Payne, Theo. Boyle and family, Hon. C. J. Hillyer and family, Miss Flora Hillyer, J. Fisher Smith, A. C. Whitcomb, Mrs. J. B. LeGay, Miss Annie LeG. Boyd, J. B. Dickinson and wife.

London, September 29th.—Advices received here at noon to-day state that the British frigate *Niobe* has bombarded the town of Omoa in the State of Honduras, Central America, in consequence of an outrage upon the British flag. The natives, chiefly mulattoes, had made an attack on the British Consulate, sacked it, and pulled down the flag. The outrage was resented and speedily punished by a heavy bombardment, doing much damage to the town, besides killing numbers of the Omoans.

The Duke of Manchester, who has so recently been visiting us here, accompanied by D. B. Chisholm, esq., M. P. and Ald. Eastwood, shortly after his arrival at Toronto on Aug. 1st 1873, visited the celebrated Wanzer Sewing Machine factory, and was conducted through the establishment by Mr John Bowes, manager, to whom His Grace, on his departure, expressed himself delighted with the works, which he said largely exceeded his expectations.

In C. Sutro's window, the exchange broker, on Montgomery street, may be seen specimen coins of the first issue of twenty-mark gold pieces of the German Empire. A fine coin, with an excellent historical portrait, with a finish quite unexceptional—altogether worthy of this now almost overshadowing power as to political influence and prospective growth in Europe.

We are preparing for distribution a splendid photographic view of the new offices of the Central Pacific Railroad on Townsend street. The picture will be accompanied by an appropriate description, and will be ready for delivery in a week or two. It will be executed by the popular and well known house of Bradley & Rulofson.

Half a million pounds of the people's money is to be expended upon the Tichborne trial, and yet the press is forbidden, under penalty of fine and imprisonment, to comment upon the trial until it is over and the money gone to the lawyers.

To get Denmark into the German Empire, on the same terms as Bavaria, with its own sovereignty preserved on all but imperial questions, is reported to be the next move of Bismarck. [What says our local friend, Consul Taaffe, to this?]

The Mark Lane Express says: "There is no mistake as to the wide and rapid spread of the potato disease," and it estimates that "we cannot do with less than an import of 12,000,000 quarters of wheat."

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

FORGOTTEN.

Silent, and pale, and clad in white
(The funeral bell deep toning),
Under the screen of the coffin lid
All that was wife and mother is hid
Dead, and buried, and out of sight,
And tears from sad eyes are flowing.

She, who was late a home's delight
(The death-bell scarce done tolling),
Whose virtues live in the freshest stone,
Lies in darkness forgotten, alone,
Dead, and buried, and out of sight,
Where tears from the skies are rolling.

Blushing and glad, and robed in white,
(Hark the wedding bells are pealing),
A bride is led past the still fresh stone,
That says in a language all its own,
"Dead, and buried, and out of sight,
Have stones or have hearts more feeling?"

As young and trusting, pure and bright
(For whom gay bells rang pealing)
As the second wife he weds to-day,
Was the bride who now is only clay—
Dead and buried, and out of sight—
Of those at the altar kneeling.

The slab bears witness to the light
(Loud joy-bells over it swelling),
Loving motherhood, faith as a wife,
Patient endurance of troubleous life,
Dead, and buried, and out of sight,
Fade as a dream ere the telling.

—*Mrs. G. Linnæus Banks, in Argosy.*

THE GERMANS IN THE WEST.

[The following is from an able article by F. F. Lalor, in the "Atlantic" for October.]

[*Continued from last week's issue.*]

The German has, as might be expected, his own Church—that is, supposing him to be of the class that goes to church—and, as might not be expected, his own school, to say nothing of institutions peculiarly his own. In religion he is either Lutheran or of the German Reformed Church, or Roman Catholic, and when he professes the creed of any of these, his orthodoxy is unquestioned.

The German rascal or the German materialist is not as fair minded as the American who entertains the same views. It were hard to find any one more positive or more impatient of contradiction than the disciple of Büchner, who assures you with Firdusi,

"Von Erde sind zur Erde werden wir,
Voll Angst und Kummer sind auf Erden wir,
Do gehst von hinnen, doch es währt die Welt,
Und kein, [illegible]"

The German's idea of Sunday is anything but Puritanic. It is the very opposite. It is for them a day of amusement. It is no unusual thing to be asked by a German on Monday morning, "Well, how did you amuse yourself yesterday?" There are those among the Germans, of course, who respect and keep the Sabbath, but then there are always enough of them who do not, and to judge by the numbers in which they frequent their places of amusement on Sunday—the parks, beer-gardens and public halls—a stranger might possibly be tempted to inquire whether the Germans had any idea of Sabbath.

We have pointed out so many points in which the German is isolated from the American that the question, in what do the two agree, would not be impertinent. Have they anything in common? We think they have. We think that in their common adherence to the rights of humanity, and in their devotion to the principles of human liberty, they are one, that the German in America would fight side by side with the American for any broad principle of liberty or human right, for dignity or independence or union of the country with its distinction, however, the American would fight for the country and the principle, the German, we think, for the principle only, that is, if the two could be separated. In other words, the German does not love America as his fatherland; he loves that which alone makes America—we do not say dear but—supportable to him,—liberty, and the opportunity it affords him to better his condition.

Although he does not mix with the American portion of the community, and has no very great love for it, he is no enemy of the American, he bears him no ill will. That he does not mingle in American society or positively love the native American is not his fault. He cannot, and it should not be expected from him. There is nothing to bring the two together but a common adherence to a few abstract principles,—principles which have no active opponents and which, therefore, do not tend to cement the union of the German and American peoples as they would were they threatened from without or within.

His language, customs, education, and traditions, his daily mode of life, even, are different; hence he does not meet his American fellow-citizen as often as he would were any of these two things held by the two in common. German and American cannot meet even at the same table, which, however good it may be for one or the other, never can suit both at the same time, so different are their culinary tastes.

From all that has been said, it may be inferred that the German does not frown on or flatter the American. He gives him credit for perseverance, enterprise, and pluck, for his ability for self-government; but here ends his praise.

Such being the light in which we appear to those of our German population who trouble themselves at all with speculations as to the probable future of their race in the United States, it is not much to be wondered at that they do not wish to be Americanized any faster than they can help it; that they resist the change. If Americanization means changing them into anything like what the American is to-day, east or south, north or west. In fact, the German looks upon the invitation to Americanize himself as an invitation to forget his early associations and European impressions, to exchange the Alps for the Alleghanies and the Rhine for the Hudson, to efface Heidelberg and Berlin from his memory, and fall in love with Cambridge and New York, "to throw Goethe and Schiller into the fire, and read the Bible and Miles Standish," to turn away from the grand old minster, and feast his eyes on ordinary houses built of fiery red brick.

But what of the future? By the very force of circumstances, and in spite of what the German wishes, his descendants will be American. If we are ever to become one nation, a homogeneous people, the distinction of German and American must cease. The German does not like this. He does not like to be swallowed up by the great American people, body, bones, and all. He does not like to be told that he will disappear and leave not a trace behind, for he has within him the instinct of immortality.

Will he live in America in any sense? We think he will. Even at present German ideas are not without their force. It is not for us to say whether this is always for the best. Let others decide whether the German boast—that they are the born enemies of "Yankee" thought and "Yankee" ideas—is true or not, and, if true, whether for the best or not. All we aim at is to take an objective view of them, not sparing them where their faults are patent, nor caring to spare the reader who would fain find everything as he would wish it to be.

Wherever they have settled in any numbers, they hold or may hold if they so choose the balance of power, and it would be almost impossible to pass a Maine Liquor Law, or a Sunday Law, or, if passed, to enforce it. The principle that Christianity is a part of the common law is fast dying, perhaps, wherever they settle. In any question involving that point to judge, and as for the German vote and caring more for the vote than the principle, or the dignity of the bench, would affirm it.

The German will effect the American community in two ways: by his blood and by his ideas. The resultant will be neither "Yankee" nor German, it will be American. The German character—there are enough of the nation among us to do it—will complement the American, and of all characteristics in some respects the one most able to do it. The American is too much taken up with the present; of an infusion of German blood will have the effect of making him less so, but, at the same time perhaps, more saving; less abstemious in the matter of wine and beer, if this could be considered desirable, more so in that of brandy and whisky, less given to commercial speculation, fonder of music and the drama, of flowers and of nature. It is not probable that they will influence our form of government or our political principles at all. The mission of the Anglo-Saxon race appears to be to educate men in government. Here the many must come to school to America. Her genius is not political, however contemporaneous events may seem to favor the opposite view. Among no people are the ties of friendship and the family stronger. Among no people is political coherency less powerful. As a people they may be manipulated by a skillful hand. Bismarck's success in moulding them into a great nation, if it proves the ability of the man, proves also a lack of political self-assertion in the people themselves. Were their political prejudices stronger, they could not have been overcome so easily. Of the thousands of Germans who have come to our shores, the late Dr. Lieber is, perhaps, the only political writer of any prominence they have given us, and of distinguished statesmen they have not produced one. Their own most eminent writers do not hesitate to confess that, as a people, they have no political genius. They had no idea of the State until they came in contact with the Romans, and they have always considered the government as an estate, and not as a trust. We should be inclined to think that, if true to their instincts, they would in this country favor State rights. They have always been impatient of universal government, civil, ecclesiastical and civil, and a tendency to decentralization runs through the whole of their history. Hence, the small States which only yesterday were united into an Empire—an union of which no one feels warranted to prophesy the perpetuity. We repeat it, therefore, it is only socially, and in our religious history that the Germans will act upon us, and, in the long run, perhaps, more in the latter respect than in the former. There seems to be a tendency in the German character that is anti-Christian. We recollect finding ourselves one Christmas day in the house of a venerable German patriarch, a man with hair as white as snow that covered the ground outside. His little grandchildren were about him, climbing his knee, and talking of the "Christkind," or Christ-child, who had sent them all the pretty golden fruit, and the tree that bore it, their aged grand-parent the while extolling Renan, and arguing against the existence of God. Before those children had doffed their small clothes, Santa Claus and the Christkind were both relegated to the mythic age of the nursery. And something like this is taking place every day among the Germans in the West.

When it is known that one of the objects of the Turnvereins is the propagation of the most radical ideas in matters of religion and politics, and that these societies are to be found in every State of the Union, something is learned of how they are affecting us in that direction. These and other influences will survive the German in America. He will go, but they, for good or evil, will remain. The German's character will not die out, but will change, his name, his feelings, his thoughts, and his aspirations will cease to be German, and, in ceasing to be German become American, but, on the other hand, not American in precisely the signification that word bears to-day, for America, even, is not exempt from the laws which produce the vicissitudes of nations and the constant variation of national character.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, Capital Bourbon, | National Bourbon, Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec. 9.]

NEW FIRM

San Francisco, Sept. 1st, 1873.—The undersigned beg leave to inform you that they have established themselves in the MERCHANT TAILORING BUSINESS at 528 Montgomery street, in the new building corner of Clay. C. STALLMAN has just returned from New York, where he was engaged in the Fashionable Tailoring business for eight years, and having formerly been at the Montgomery street in this city in Tailoring for several years, he hopes his many friends will kindly remember him. H. BRUGGEMAN has for the last ten years been cutter at Mr. J. Eisenberg's, and flatters himself to be favorably known to the public. The new firm starts with a large and well assorted stock of the latest novelties in French and English COATINGS, FANCY CASSIMERES, SUITINGS, Etc. Confident of giving the fullest satisfaction to our patrons by the excellence of our stock, by reasonable prices, and by the fashionable style in which we propose to cut and manufacture, we request the favor of an early visit, and remain,
Very Respectfully Yours, STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,
Sept 13. Merchant Tailors, 528 Montgomery street.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That Mrs. Bridget Keating, of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, wife of Dennis Keating, intends to make an application to the County Court of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, on the [illegible] day of October, A. D. 1873, at the September term of said Court, for an order of said Court permitting her to carry on business in her own name, on her own account, pursuant to title 12 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California, providing for married women to become sole traders. The business she intends to carry on is that of keeping and conducting a boarding and lodging house in the City and County of San Francisco.
BRIDGET KEATING.
Dated San Francisco, Sept 9, 1873. [Sept. 13.] M. Cooney, Att'y for Applicant.

PIONEER WAREHOUSE,

S. W. Cor. Battery and Filbert streets.—The undersigned are now prepared to receive all kinds of Storage. Rates of storage on Grain: First month, weighing in, free from in its Dock, opposite our Warehouse, 50 cts. per ton. Each month thereafter, 37½ cts. per ton. Second weighing, 10 cts. per ton. Season storage, including weighing in and out, $2.75 per ton. Grain landed on dock, weighed and delivered to order, or at our risk without expense or cartage.
Sept. 13. LUNING & REESE.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col A. J. GAMBILL. The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 100 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and re-opened May 6th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

V. DOL. D. TURINO. L. DINGEON.
LEON DINGEON & CO, MAISON DOREE,
217 Kearny street, between Bush and Sutter, San Francisco, Cal. DINNERS and PARTIES supplied in superior style on the most reasonable terms. Ornamental Pieces, every description of Ice Cream, Confectionery and Pastry. Sept. 13.

C. STALLMAN.] STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN, [H. BRUGGEMAN,
Merchant Tailors, 528 Montgomery street (near corner of Clay), San Francisco. An Elegant and Well Assorted Stock of Novelties in French and English Coatings, Fancy Cassimeres, etc. Late with J. Eisenberg. Sept. 13.

NOTICE

Dr. A. J. Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 623 Clay street. Office Hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Sept. 27.

TAXPAYERS', LIBERAL REFORM AND DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE
For Judge Nineteenth District Court
L. D. Wheeler. Aug. 23.

JOHN OSBORNE,
Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—[illegible] & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—[illegible] Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co., Thomas Turrell, Wayle, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co, W. J. [illegible]
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. I. Gardner, Ed Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lagarde, [illegible] & Fils, Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schröder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co, Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Frazer & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres, Ja [illegible], Allen & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq, English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Boersen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Guaymas—Black & Co, A. Willard, Esq., James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, Boersenhall.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie, Wanner, Langer & Co., Dubois & Co., Bat [illegible] Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Glyn & Co, Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring Bros & Co, Dilley, Davies & Co, Frank Anslie, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co, Alsop & Co., Heath, Grambling & Co., Bates, Stokes & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Club Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excelentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Trodden & Lataill & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fils & Co, Bonad Freres et.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumner & Co., McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co., Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; G. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co., Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

It came out in the course of an examination at the Guildhall, London, the other day that receivers of stolen goods are in the habit of carrying small pieces of coal about with them. When they see a thief who seems to be rather shy, they will walk up to him, take out a piece, and innocently show him a bit of coal. It has been suggested that this proceeding is analogous to taking salt together among the Arabs as a sign of good faith and mutual hospitality. But more probably "coal" is employed in the old cant sense of "money." A French slang term for coal is *braise*, which literally means "live coal." In gipsy language there is a word which is used in both senses, and we have here probably another of the numerous instances in which slang is derived from that singular tongue. It is easy to see why a receiver of stolen goods should signify his readiness to bargain by a typical offer of apparently meaningless "coal," rather than by a downright offer of money, especially if the meaning is well understood in the traditional language of thieves. Why "coal," or *braise*, should be used as money is another matter, which would probably be more difficult to account for than the custom, though in these days coal and wealth are by no means inapt equivalents.

A discussion in the City Commission of Sewers on the progress of the asphalte paving may be regarded as of good augury for the gradual extension of the system in the City, where there are still numerous crowded thoroughfares which require its application. One of the statements was that an experimental pavement which had been tried in King William street had failed, but the Val de Travers Asphalte Company had immediately received an order to relay the street with their asphalte, which they had executed in three or four days. Another statement was that a new horseshoe had been invented, which would prevent horses slipping on the asphalte; and, lastly, it was stated that Mr. Scudamore had urged upon the commissioners the absolute necessity of paving Newgate street with asphalte "inasmuch as the continual noise from the granite pavement was distracting to the last degree to every one employed in the General Post Office, notwithstanding the thick and double window-sashes had been introduced throughout the new building to deaden the din."

The Brunswick Vase.—The precious onyx vase, which disappeared from the Brunswick Museum simultaneously with the flight of the late duke from this country, is described by an ancestor of the ducal line in the most glowing terms. The Duke Franz Albrecht of Saxe-Lauenburg mentions in a prayer book how the treasure came into the possession of his aunt by legacy, and how the princess was offered 24,000 thalers for it by a foreign potentate, but refused, believing the vase to be worth 120,000 thalers. The ducal diarist observes that the vase might, perhaps, be one of the vessels used in Solomon's temple for anointing the Israelite kings. The vase is made of a single piece of onyx, the upper portion is ornamented with garlands, flowers, fruit and heads of animals, the various figures represents a sacrificial *fête*, and the lower part exhibits utensils appertaining to the ceremony. The lid, the handles, and the foot, are mounted in gold. This vase was pillaged during the Thirty Years War from the Mantuan treasury, and was sold by a soldier for 100 ducats.—*English Paper.*

A timely warning to tea-drinkers is given in the trade circular issued by Messrs. J. C. Sillar & Co. About 300,000 pounds of teas which have been under water for sixty days in the wreck of the *Petersburg* at New York, and described as in a rotten condition, are being made up into "Mason Mixture." They are to be colored and mixed with sound teas, and as the Board of Health is taking steps to prevent them being put upon the market in America, we may shortly expect an importation of the delectable beverage to this country, so disguised as to render it difficult to prevent it finding its way into our teapots—a fit compound to mix with our sewage milk. Messrs. Sillar have heard from one of the officers of the *Petersburg* that before he left the vessel the smell of putrid tea was sufficient of itself to bring on violent sickness.—*English Paper.*

The French invention of making paper from the sheath of the hop-stalk, when the outer skin has been removed, is about to be carried on in an extensive way in England. The substance made from this material is of great suppleness and delicacy, and by its employment in this manufacture a new and considerable source of profit will be opened for the hop-grower. The importance of this discovery to British farms can not well be exaggerated, for if the season should not prove favorable, and fail to produce first rate hops, the paper-making material will compensate for the deficiency in this respect. No doubt the growth of hops will be introduced in future in many districts where they are not known at present, as the large amount of material which they will supply for paper-making will alone ensure a good return for their cultivation.

Extraordinary Price of a Violin.—At a sale by auction at Dresden recently was sold the famous violin which Count Trautmannsdorff, Grand Squire of Charles VI., bought from Jacob Stainer under peculiar conditions. The Count paid Stainer 60 gold carolus cash for the instrument, and engaged to give him a good dinner daily for life, besides 100 florins a month, a new coat per annum, two barrels of beer, and the material for light and heat. Further, in case of Stainer's marriage, he was to receive as many hares as he required, and twelve baskets of fruit. His old nurse was to receive the same quantity. As the vendor lived sixteen years, his violin cost the Count 30,000 florins. It was sold recently for 2,600 thalers.

The Liverpool Post understands from a correspondent who has just arrived from Canada that it is reported there, in circles deeply interested in telegraphic enterprise, that the British Government, through Mr. Scudamore, are engaged in preliminary investigations tending towards the purchase of the Transatlantic cables which terminate in Newfoundland. This rumor is collaterally confirmed by the fact that the *status* of the present owners of these telegraphic lines, in reference to the rights of pre-emption vested in the Newfoundland Government under the charters, has been referred to eminent counsel in England.

The power of organized wealth was never so distinctly shown as in the closing of the Stock Exchange of New York for over a week. It is now known beyond all peradventure that, had the Exchange remained open, Vanderbilt and Jay Gould must both have gone down, or, rather, the brokers through whom they operate in Wall street. The stoppage of the Exchange business enabled those great monopolists to settle up, and the moment the settlement was made stocks took a jump, and the Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange announced the resumption of business.

Mr. Henry Blackburn, late editor of the *London Society*, and now the European representative of the *Daily Graphic* of New York, has, it is understood, undertaken the business of the American Literary Bureau, in London. Among the lecturers and readers expected in the United States next Winter are—Messrs. Wilkie Collins, Hepworth Dixon, Professor Proctor, Gerald Massey, George Augustus Sala, Joseph Hatton, Charles Bradlaugh, J. M. Bellew, and Mrs. Scott Siddons.

A "Lady Correspondent" of the Belfast *News Letter* says that about 8,000 begging letters were received by the Shah during his recent visit to England. They have been packed in a large chest, and sent off to Persia, where his Majesty means to deposit them in a museum. He was greatly flattered by having so many letters addressed to him, taking them as so many compliments.

"It is stated," says the *Entr'acte*, "that there are in Paris 11,314 cafés, wine shops, or beer saloons, containing in all 17,711 public billiard tables, and in the clubs and private houses 1,127 others. It is estimated that each one for hire produces on an average 10 francs per day, or a total of over 101 millions of francs a year for the 27,711 in the establishments of public resort."

Irrigation in India.—No less than £20,325,000 are to be spent in canals and irrigation works in the peninsula of Hindostan. Some of these are "sanctioned," others are contemplated. An immense irrigation system is proposed, and it is suggested that £5,000,000 will be spent in fertilizing vast tracts in the Punjab.

Silver Mines of Peru.—Accounts have reached us of the extraordinary yield of the silver mines which are situated about fifteen leagues from the port of Chanard, Peru. Thousands of persons are flocking to them. Water in the locality was selling at $1.50 per gallon.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May [illegible]th, [illegible] o'clock m., for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,244,[illegible], as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the amount of $[illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders who bid at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April [illegible], 1873.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock m. each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor.
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

LYON'S KATHAIRON—ONLY 50 CENTS PER BOTTLE.
It Promotes the Growth, Preserves the Color, and Increases the Vigor and Beauty of the Hair.

Over thirty years ago Lyon's Kathairon for the Hair was first placed in the market by Professor E. Thomas Lyon, a graduate of Princeton College. The name is derived from the Greek, "Kathro," signifying to cleanse, purify, rejuvenate or restore. The favor it has received and the popularity it has obtained, is unprecedented and incredible. It increases the Growth and Beauty of the Hair. It is a delightful dressing. It eradicates Dandruff. It prevents the Hair from turning gray. It keeps the head cool, and gives the hair a rich, soft, glossy appearance. It is the same in quantity and quality as it was over a quarter of a century ago, and is sold by all Druggists and Country Stores, at only FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.
Woman's Glory is her Hair.—Lyon's Kathairon.

HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM.
A few Applications make a Pure Blooming Complexion.

It is purely Vegetable, and its operation is seen and felt at once. It does away with the flushed appearance caused by heat, fatigue and excitement. Heals and removes all Blotches and Pimples, dispelling dark and unsightly spots. Drives away Tan, Freckles, and Sunburn, and by its gentle but powerful influence mantles the faded cheek with youthful bloom and beauty. Sold by all Druggists and Fancy Stores. Depot, 53 PARK PLACE, New York. Aug. 2.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct 25. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed is now open. The house is elegantly furnished and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built not like a public hotel, but as it is named, an elegant Villa. "THE VILLA" is situated at the southern or northwestern gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENBERG & CO.,
August 3. Proprietors.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares; Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc.; Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 13.]

DISSOLUTION

The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of WM. B. HOOPER & CO., doing business in San Francisco, California, and in the Territory of Arizona, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr. JNO. S. CAIRNS retiring therefrom. The business will be continued by WM. B. HOOPER and JAMES M. KALSEY, under the same firm name, who will collect all assets and pay all liabilities. WM. B. HOOPER, JAS. M. KALSEY,
San Francisco, Sept. 1st, 1873. [Sept. 20.] JNO. S. CAIRNS.

NOTICE

Shippers to Santa Barbara and other Coast Ports, are requested not to rely on a paper called "The Grange" for information as to the movements of our vessels. See advertisement in daily papers.
Sept. 20. GOODALL, NELSON & PERKINS, Corner Clay and East sts.

BUENA VISTA VINICULTURAL SOCIETY,

Office, 409 Battery street, San Francisco.—Vineyards and Cellars, Sonoma. Orders respectfully solicited for WHITE and RED WINES and PURE BRANDY. Special attention is called to their SPARKLING NATIONAL GRAPE, which received Honorable Mention at the Paris Exhibition in 1867. [Sept. 6.

C. L. CHACKNOR.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO. [C. A. MURDOCK.
Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 1.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours [illegible]. Having completed my arrangements for making [illegible], they are now ready [illegible]. Particular attention given to [illegible] and in all matters pertaining to [illegible]. Loans negotiated on Real Estate. June 21.

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE. [D. A. MOORE.
Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 217 Bush street. Factory, 45 Fremont street. Feb. 1.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.

As Shown by the County Records for Two Weeks ending Oct. 7, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
D Mahon to F Allen	Oakland 100x75 se cor 9th and Brush	$1,060
M He y to E J Kelly	Same S 251 150 e Adeline, 106x[illegible]	1
W Baschmann to J H Volken	Same E line San Pablo 111 s from Locust, thence e 75x114	1,1[illegible]0
C Bagge to C Sullivan	Same lot [illegible] nw cor Cypress and 12th	1,000
N Schwartz to H J Lynch	Same W Filbert 144 s from 5th, thence e 25x125	1,461
B d of Education to Cont & Fin Co	Same 125x100 sw cor 6th and Alice	5,000
E M Hall to J O Darrow	Same E line Alice 50 n from 13th st, n [illegible]x100	5,000
A Fanbairn to D C Thompson	Same W line Harrison 506 n from 14th st, thence n 4x15	1,000
J L Barker to Same	Same 27x120 (lots 31, 33, 36), Buena Vista H d	11,000
E C Donning to M J Ryan	Same N line 6th 75 e from Clay, thence e 25x100	1,800
F Warner to W N Ballow	Same E Myrtle 100 from 28th st, thence n 50x125	800
T B Bigelow to P Garrey	Same W line Chester 146.3 s from R R Av, thence s 25x125	450
W Bemis to M M Tinkham	Same E line Franklin 37.6 n from 11th, thence n 37.5x100	3,900
H W Coe to D H Crocker	Same Lots 68 and 69, Buena Vista H A	5,000
G McDonald to D C Thompson	Same W line Harrison 466 n from 14th, thence n 1.0x130	1,0[illegible]
M T Dusenbury to W W Garthwaite	Same 70 4x137 se cor 16th and Adeline	1,300
J Batchelder to M J Dusenbury	Same ½ lot lands Adeline, Chestnut, 14th, and Linden	.
H Durant to C A Moskeman	Same W line Chester 125 n from 3d st, thence n 50x125	800
E L Wetmore to M H Wetmore	Same N line Locust 110 w from Valley thence w 40x121 also, W line Valley 123 n from Locust, thence n 40x130	2,000
D P & A Barstow to P W Bellingall	Same W line Filbert 150 n from 18th, thence n 50x124 6	1
P W Bellingall to C M Bellingal	Same W line Filbert 100 n from 18th, thence n 100x124 6	Gift
T B Bigelow to P Dempsey	Same E line Chester 200 s from R R av, thence s 25x125	950
D McDougal to M A Atkin	Same [illegible] se cor 2[illegible]h and West	Gift
W Baschmann to M L Morris	Same S line Chester 810 w from Telegraph, thence w 100x100	1,500
A G Abell to M E Mason	East Oakland Lot 3 in blk 63, Clinton	1
A B Webster to J Mo[illegible]en	Same [illegible] Contra Costa & Alameda	2,700
H Tubbs to S McDonald	Same [illegible] line Jones 60 sw from Lacey thence sw 10x150	800
Geo Dixon to M Dixon	Same 100x150 cor Taylor and Monroe	300
H Schenck to F Chase	Same S w line Washington 191 nw fr Commerce, thence nw 25x100	3,000
W W Chipman to C P R R Co	Alameda Strip 100 ft wide across Marsh	1
C A Freeman to P Pancoast	Same 100x140 nw cor Buena Vista and Everett	750
Jinks & Mead to J W Fisher	Same S line Clement 330 6 e from Everett thence e 90x1[illegible], also, S line Washington 266.9 e from Everett, thence e 45 2312	1,450
A Scott to J Clement	Same E line Park 50 n fr Buena Vista, thence n 100x150	650
J B Scott to Same	Same	
E M Mastern et al to J M Gray	Same 100x217 se cor Oak and Central	1,550
C L Des Rochers to Stuart & Tait	Oakland T p Part plot 11	1
J Hewett to G Tait	Same 20x100 part plot 11	500
W Watts to Northern R R Co.	Same Strip 100 feet wide, cont'g 5 acres	..
E H Pardee to Same	Same Same, containing [illegible] acres	.
J S Emery to Same	Same Same, containing 4 acres	..
E Wcard to Same	Same Same, containing 4 acres	.
Durant & Buchanan to W H Risling	Same 175x250, [illegible]	1,500
Watson & Carpenter to H P Irving	Same Interest in four plots [illegible]	5
G O Davis to E J Malera	Same Lot 8 in blk 4, S U H d Tract	600
T S U Hd Assn to G Tait	Same Lot 1 in blk 1, same	625
S U Hd Assn to R Clark	Same Lot 8 in blk 1, same	750
P Dunn to A Curtis	Same Part plot 48	5
M L Irving to J F Finn	Near Temescal C k and Tel Av 135x100	
Alden & Whitcher to P Mcgraw	Same Lot 7 in blk 211, Alden Tract	400
Ed Field to M S [illegible]	Near Mission San Jose 21 acres	1 915
Same to T S Neal	Same 65 acres	5,521
Same to E Niehaus	Same 74 acres	7,[illegible]00
Same to M Lyons	Same 31 acres	3,100
Messer & M Clure to Brisco & Kane	2 miles ne from same 5 acres	1
A Kane to B Brisco	Same ½ int 5 acres and 191 acres	2 700
J S Moore to A Wetherbee	Near Pleasanton [illegible] A Tract	600
M Griffin to E T Mernane	San Leandro 2 acres	700
J B Robertson to Lal L M & A Co	Bordering S F Bay, Alvarado to Alviso, 20,020 acres Marsh	210000
A Baker to G W Patterson	Road Alvarado to M San Jose: 109 acres	13 [illegible]
R Campbell to Schabe & Schwerin	Livermore Lots [illegible] and [illegible] in blk 11	500
W Meek to C P R R Co	San Lorenzo 5 acres	1
W S Warsham to T J Twohig	Washington T p 124 acres	4,025
J B Felton to A D Spinola	Near San Leandro Old Road and Fruit Vale Av [illegible] acres	1
J H Saunders to Hatch & Brangon	An int in Sobrante of various ranchos	5
N L Hastings to E S Hastings	Alvarado Lots [illegible] and 10 in blk 37, U City	Gift
D McDougal to D Coats	Oakland N line 27th 165 w from Grove, thence w [illegible]	600
E Roble to J Kelly	Same N 5th st 75 e from Brush, thence e 50x100	1,900
J E Marchand to L Dinsmore	Same S line Middle 180 e from Peralta, thence e 60x145	1,000
T H Selby to H T Clayton	Same N line 17th st 153 e from Brush, thence e 106x181 9	2,500
S C Field to C J Frank	Same W line Webster 50 n from 9th st, thence n 25x75	1,800
F Warner to R M Johns	Same W line Filbert 250 n from 26th st, thence n 50x125	650
Same to R Kirkwood	Same W line Filbert 150 s from 30th st thence s 50x125	700
E P Flint to L M Clement	Same S line 12th st 100 e from Linden, thence e 75x114	6,500
R G Brown to G & B Sew'g M Co	Same Lot 43 Buena Vista H'd	500
J V Webster to A Poole	East Oakland N line Adams 50 se from Lake, thence se 25x100	750
L Barbolla to S A Webster	Same Lots 3, 4 to 15 in block 18, San Antonio	900
H L Winslow to C Winslow	West Oakland: Pt blk 525, Casserly T'st	5
C Winslow to H L Winslow	Same Part same	5
H E Winslow to I Callen	Same S line 8th 94.5 w from Willow, thence w 94x40 to Lowe	1,000
J Potter to J F Seaman	Same S line W[illegible] 130 7 e from Wood thence [illegible] 50x100 7	170
C A Eason to J R Spring	Alameda 100 Railroad Ave near Mastick Station	1
H Bailey to L B Huff	4 miles from Livermore 320 acres	[illegible]
D Sherman to E Prowse	Near Haywood 255 acres	16,[illegible]10
A Menges to H Meininger	Near Mt Eden 112x140	125
J S Marston to J F Vargos	Centerville 10 acres	1,[illegible]0
A Johnson to A Brannan	San Leandro 75 [illegible] Av x 150	1,000
F S Sprig to T McInaney	Decoto Lots 12 and 5 in blk D	1
W Osburn to D McLean	Pleasanton Lot 16 in blk A	3,000
P Vallejo to S M Wilson	At Vallejo Mills Tract on Alameda C'k	600
S E Alden to M S Stow	Oakland T p Lot 63 Temescal Park	500
E Alden to S E Alden	Same Lots 116 and 117, same	1
S E Allen to E Alden	Same Lots 11 [illegible] 15, same	1
S U H d Assn to E J Turkington	Same Lot 7 in blk 3, S U H d Tract	700
J R Brown to N F Craven	Same 1 acre part [illegible] 173	Gift
Same to J M Hoffman	Same 1 acre in same	Gift
Tait & Stratton to L K Turner	Same 30x[illegible] part plot 55	500
E S Gibbo to A F White	Same Lots 19 and 20, White Tract	....
Austin & Moore to Atkinson et al.	Same 5 acres in V Peralta Reservation	5,000

Reported by G W McKeand, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Oct 7

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

GEORGE W. McKEAND, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records. Office No. 1, fronting the COURT HOUSE, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to the Court House. ☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. Sept 13.

CUTTER WHISKEY

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents [illegible] CUTTER WHISKY shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands [illegible] Owing to the deserved reputation [illegible] parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 29.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 2 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer twice daily. The hotel and houses [illegible] stages are all new, and in [illegible] There is a [illegible] parlor [illegible] yards, and fine drives at [illegible] The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated, convalescent and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free [illegible] April 20. GEO MELLOR Lessee late of the Ocean Side House

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,

113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,

SAN FRANCISCO. [May 24

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agri-CULTURAL IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS, Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco. August 16.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of LIBBIS & REESE, for the transaction of a general Storage Commission Business. The watch [illegible] at the old stand, corner of Battery and Filbert streets, and will be known as the PIONEER WAREHOUSE. Walls thoroughly renovated and rat proof.

San Francisco, August 30th, 1873. [Aug. 30.] C. A. LIBBIS, HENRY REESE.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 12 Clay street. We take measures and fit them up complete. [May 24] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 657 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan 25

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris. [March 29.]

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bodega Vineyard, Vina Tehama, [illegible] only [illegible] permanently located at 435 and 437 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. HENRY GERKE. Nov. 11.

WANTED

The advertiser, a competent Accountant, desires employment in a mercantile establishment. Please address "W." care of NEWS LETTER. [July 5

J. H. JONES & CO.,

Stock Brokers — Members of San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board. Office—509 California street. Sept 6.

WANTED,

By a thoroughly experienced man and his wife the management of a respectable hotel in town or country. First class references. Letters addressed "R. S.," care of NEWS LETTER, will receive attention. July 5

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 23

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street, S. F. March 20.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to attend to all matters relating to the Society. [Oct 25] J. P. M. CURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind. Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street 510 to 514 Commercial st.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS HERE AND THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

New York—Chamber Commerce, Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St Nicholas Hotel, Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—R Adderley & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; O. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington F4. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Bonswell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alianca.
Odessa—Ralli Ralli & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A C Whitcomb, Henry Bond.
Paris—W C. Watson; Henry Mal[illegible]
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co. Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Hawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co, Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Landa, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co, S. H. Stamulz & Co, "Free Presse."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Hu[illegible] Gruning & Co, Graham Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bowman & Co; Jardine, Matheson & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r W[illegible] Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Matheson & Co; F. Beall; W. Birch, Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

BELGIUM—Consul General—E. Morhange, Grand Hotel; Consul F. Grisar, S. W. cor Broadway and Sansome.
CHILI—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanova, [illegible] Building; Consul H. Jarrell [illegible] 411 Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California street.
ECUADOR—Consul—Daniel Wolf; Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Ed. [illegible] 434 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, Consul; Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
GUATEMALA—Consul General—Leslie C. Hanks, 304 California.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul C. A. [illegible] Datenberg, 310 Sacramento st.
GREECE—Consul N. J. [illegible] S. E. cor California & Sansome.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 5 Front.
HONDURAS—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 702 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Acting Consul Horace D. Dunn.
MEXICO—Consul Manuel Aspiroz, [illegible] street.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, [illegible] Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—Consul General—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S.W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—F. de la [illegible].
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Berton. Vice Consul H. Laidley, Swiss-American Bank.
SPAIN—Consul—Camilo Martin, 527 California street.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, [illegible] Battery street.
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—R. Morales, [illegible] Washington st.
TURKEY—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, [illegible] Battery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. Baum, [illegible] Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss-American Bank.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—[illegible] Marcke, [illegible] California street.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

BRENNUS

[BY J. J. PROCTER.]

The chieftain stood by the weighing scale,
 Ounces by ounces, and pound by pound;
He watched the weights, till the bags and bale
 Weighed down the balance, and, all around,
The conquered shouted "Nay! stay!" quoth he,
"This is not the weight of victory!"

Gold in ingots, and coined gold,
 Emeralds, rubies, and pearls were there,
Bronzes and paintings worth wealth untold—
 All that the world holds precious and rare.
"Your ransom, cowards, is paid," quoth he,
"But where is the price of my victory?"

So saying, he threw on the trembling scales
 The ponderous sword that had won him Rome,
Might makes right, where true manhood fails,
 And the vanquished own another soul or home.
Even the gold, that buys for them safe and weal,
Is light when weighed 'gainst the victor's steel.

The lesson has yet to be learned again:
 Our gods are the molten calves of gold;
We look for treasures and not for men,
 So our sons and daughters are bought and sold,
And love's gold, weighed against hearts of steel,
Lies valueless under the victor's heel.

TRAGEDY ON BOARD A SHIP.

A communication from Smyrna, of the 4th, has the following: "A fearful tragedy at sea has just been brought to light here. On Sunday last one of the small native coasting crafts came dashing up against the *Cerige Quay* at Smyrna, a circumstance which led to the belief that she had been abandoned. On boarding her, the dead body of an elderly man, who appeared to be the captain, was found on deck. The body was much hacked about the head, being nearly severed from the trunk, and the clothes torn and [illegible] leaving the impression that a severe struggle had taken place. Near the remains was found a large hammer, smeared with blood. A little boy, under ten years, lay wrapped in a sail, cut by. He was not injured, but appeared to be stupefied, and nothing intelligible could be elicited from him. The craft was partly laden with a cargo of melons, but no papers whatever could be discovered. The same evening the small steamer, on its way to Cordelio, fell in with another body at sea fearfully mutilated. The public was still lost in conjecture respecting this strange event, when, on Wednesday morning, a Russian monk presented himself at the Consulate here, and asked for an interview with the Consul. He said that he had embarked at Scio for Smyrna, in company with a Persian, on board a coasting *Airack* manned by two men, with a little boy. Some hours before doubling Point James Castle, the monk overheard a conversation between the Persian and the captain. The Persian said that the monk had about him a sum of several hundred pounds in gold, besides some bank notes, and proposed that they should murder him for the purpose of obtaining possession of the money, the other at once to be at the same time got rid of. The captain agreed, and it was arranged that the Persian should go below to bed, so as to divert suspicion.

The conversation took place in Turkish, but the monk is perfect master of six languages, and understood perfectly all that was said. He did not [illegible] his presence of mind, but took up his position in a careless and indifferent way near the bows, divested himself of his clothes, and said to the captain, who was at the helm, that it was so hot he would sleep on deck in preference to going down below. 'Sleep in peace,' said the skipper, 'I will take care and wake you when we get to Smyrna.' They were at the time not very distant from the coast, and the Russian, availing himself of the chance, slipped over the side and swam in safety to the shore. He landed at Avon-Georgio Tiflik, and then made his way to Smyrna. The Consul at once communicated this statement to the Turkish authorities, and on the police making inquiries at the Persian rendezvous, they found that a Persian had arrived there from Scio on the previous day. On the monk being confronted with the Persian, he at once identified him as fellow traveler on board the coasting craft. The Persian, of course, was arrested, and the stolen money belonging to the monk was found amongst his effects. He has since made a full confession of his crime, and his story is that, after waiting for some time below, as arranged, he had gone up on deck, and finding the priest gone, he feared that the captain had facilitated his escape. High words ensued, and the Persian murdered the captain with the hammer. He killed the sailor also, and threw his body into the sea. He wrapped the boy round and round in a sail, thinking to suffocate him. He then ransacked the vessel, and taking all the money he could find, including the large sum found in the pocket of the monk, made his way to the shore in a small boat which the coasting craft dragged in its wake. This story may read like an emanation from the morbid fancy of an Edgar Allan Poe, but it is in all particulars exact in its grim and literal truth."

THE CATHOLICS AND THE JEWS.

The Tablet contains a very objectionable paragraph, says the *Jewish Chronicle*, which we regret to find has been copied without comment in some of the daily papers. The *Tablet*, the organ of an intolerant communion, a communion distinguished by its virulent and cruel oppression of the race to which its founder belonged, is of course quite in its element in speaking contemptuously to the Jews. The paragraph reads as if written by some disappointed Catholic speculator checkmated on the Stock Exchange by the superior intelligence of a Jewish opponent. We can afford to read complacently these angry invectives of our Romish contemporary. We cannot afford, however, to read them without regret when we find them copied into the columns of the general press. We appeal to our Protestant fellow-countrymen of the Church of England, for an expression of opinion as to whether the allegations and the assertions of the *Tablet* are justifiable. We are not moved by the fact that in so-called Catholic countries the Jews are treated with as much liberality as in Protestant countries — perhaps in some instances with greater liberality. The truth is that, when this is the case, Catholicism is at a discount in these countries. It was revolutionary, or rather constitutional France, the France of 17[illegible] that emancipated the Jews. Italy and Spain were liberal, and tolerant when Papacy, in those countries, was under a cloud. Heaven help the Jews if Charles the Seventh should reign in Spain, and Henry the Fifth in France, unless wiser counsels than those of the Vatican prevail, and unless for once the Bourbons do remember the past and yield to the counsels and persuasive voice of liberty of conscience. To the Jews it always seems singular that Christians should delight from time to time in reflecting and reviling the race to which they owe their religion, their morality, their early teachers, their master and *their* God! The Catholics worship "the sacred heart"—the bodily heart of Jesus, forgetting that the corporeal heart throbbed in the body of a *Jew*. Let us quote His words to the *Tablet*: "Forgive them, they know not what they do!"

Presence of Mind.—Should your clothes catch fire at the stove, or from a lamp explosion, *don't* lose your presence of mind, sit down calmly and collect your thoughts. If you have no bucket of water to throw over you, keep cool anyhow; take a drink of ice water, and use a fan; drop a polite note to the superintendent of the Fire Department to send an engine up and put you out, or you will be dreadfully put out yourself. If the engine has to stop to have its wheels greased, and you don't want to wait about your getting too warm, jump in the way to the nearest canal, measure the depth of it, and then jump in. Don't wait to strip off. What is left of the fire will be put out by this time. But be sure you don't get excited.

Mr. P.'s little daughter came running to her aunt one day, saying, "Aunt Kate, little Mattie has swallowed a button!" Seeing her terror, her aunt calmly replied, "Well, what good will that do her?" Said the child very seriously, "Not any good as I see, unless she swallows a button-hole."

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO

Capital, $5,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, No. 12 Pine street; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. The Bank has Agencies at Virginia City, Gold Hill and Correspondents in all the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Leipsic, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. Sept. 2.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, E. D. Master. Directors: Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James M. Hill, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS: Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. The Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street. North side [illegible] Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hours on Saturdays from [illegible] P.M. for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. DIRECTORS.—L. Gottig, F. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler, Dan. Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers. GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott. Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 215 Sansome street (Hibernia Bank Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

JOHN V. PLUME & CO.,

Formerly of Burgoyne & Co., Bankers, 319 California street, San Francisco. Dealers in Bills of Exchange, Government Funds, Stocks, Commercial Paper, and all other Negotiable Securities. Coupons collected. Collections made on all [illegible] promptly made throughout the United States and Europe, with quick returns. Refer by permission to Messrs. Lloyd Tevis & J. B. Haggin, [illegible] Milton S. Latham, Manager London and San Francisco Bank, Hon. [illegible] Selby, ex-Mayor, John Parrott, Esq., Judge S. C. Hastings, William T. Coleman, Esq., Manager Bank British Columbia, Gustave Touchard, Esq., President Union Insurance Co. July 26.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants. No. 13 Merch Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin. Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO. General Agents.

THE CALIFORNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

No. 512 California street. Guarantee Capital, $300,000. Receives Ordinary and Term Deposits. Interest payable semi-annually. Makes Loans on Improved Real Estate and other approved securities. President—David Farquharson. Vice President—Charles Luxe. Secretary: D. [illegible] Sept 6.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $[illegible]. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposits. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't, Wm. H. Culver, Vice President. H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 11.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; H. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 415 California street. July 2.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers, Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco. Pacific Coast Agency Depot, FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves. March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

CURLE & CO.

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room, No. 18 Stevenson's Building, No. 321 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. Nov 16.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, [illegible] Saddlery Ware, etc. Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 2.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, E. L. JONES, who is [illegible] at Mr. Warren's, [illegible] street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 56 Montgomery Block. May 31.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. Also a complete assortment of Horse Blankets, Whips, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

WANTED,

By a middle aged lady of respectability (a widow) a situation as housekeeper in a small family, or as matron in a hospital or sick nurse. Good references given. Has no objection to going into the country. Address MATRON, at [illegible] July 12.

THE WANDERING HEIR.

The theatrical event of next week will be the production at the California [illegible] Reade's [illegible] dramatization of his story, *The Wandering Heir.* Miss May Howard, when in England, secured the exclusive right to produce this piece in the United States, the author deeming her a most fitting representative of his heroine. That this is a bold and charming [illegible] will prove so, we [illegible]. In this case California will be ahead of any other part of the country, the drama not having been produced elsewhere up to date. It has only recently been put on the English stage. The following is the plot of the play, in ballad form, as published by Mr. Reade himself:

Old wine, old stories and old songs,
It's warm the heart they can
Come hear the tale of an English girl,
That moved an Irish man.

He was a most unlucky boy,
Son of an Irish lord,
His father left him run in rags—
'Tis true, upon my word

And when he died a wicked uncle
Kidnapped the noble youth
And shipped him to America.
I tell the simple truth

And here in Pennsylvania,
He labored as a slave,
And oft in sigh'd and gazed in vain
Across the ocean wave

But busy trouble sent that way
A girl in boy's attire;
She saw, she pitied, and her heart
Was filled with love's true fire

Then woman's wit and woman's love
They beat the boy's ill luck.
The pair escaped in a British bark,
And home their voyage took

Then did that wicked uncle quake
For his title and estate
But soon misfortune fell again,
So hard was that boy's fate

Scoffing with poachers for a net,
There was a man laid low,
And this poor boy's ill-luck prevailed —
Men said he struck the blow

O hard they swore, Tom Eagleston,
Against his father's son
Yea swore or cursed and threatened him,
Then fired the deadly gun

But the brave Philippa Chester,
She was too many for ye,
Her sire could not blindfold, lad,
Nor a British Jury.

A dozen tradesmen keen and true
Said, "Th[illegible] a private [illegible]
What are the Crown to prosecute
A man? That can't be right"

Come, tired mechanic, See, true love
Labor and grief allay
Come all and see this English girl
That loves an Irish boy

Then, merchant, lay thy cares aside,
Since life is but a span
Come all and see this English girl
That loved an Irish man

Then, drunkard, spare thy head awhile,
Set down the poisonous can,
She'll do thee good, this English girl
That loved an Irish man

Old wines, old stories and old songs,
Ah, warm the heart they can
Come, hear the tale of an English girl
That loved an Irish man.

ITALIAN OPERA.

The rain at the beginning of the week kept away many of the patrons of the opera, but those who did go to hear *Traviata* last Monday enjoyed the greatest treat of the season. Though [illegible] La Visconti is not "Violetta," but intellectually and vocally she can hardly be surpassed, for both her acting and singing were superb, in addition to which she dressed in good taste. The airs in *La Traviata* are so well known that it were almost trite to repeat them. Suffice it to say that Signora Visconti gave [illegible] spirit to the Brindisi in the first act, "Libiamo," and the joyous "ah fors' è lui" after her interview with Alfredo, [illegible] the "addio del passato" was given with true pathos. Signor Verati was quite at home in his part, and truly dramatic in the "Oh infamia orribil." The closing duet with "Violetta" — "Parigi, oh cara" — [illegible] and their encores were so great that they who had not [illegible] a repetition of the opera last night, and rewarded Maneusi for [illegible] to their request by filling the house. Wednesday the rain was [illegible] and people will not go out under these circumstances. Our usual fine weather makes them unaccustomed to the contrary, so that *Martha* was not so well attended as this pretty, favorite opera generally is. Signora Visconti received an enthusiastic encore in "The Last Rose of Summer." *Martha* will be repeated to-morrow, Sunday, with Miss Elzer as "Nancy." We congratulate the public, as well as the management, on the permanent engagement of this popular contralto. *Il Trovatore* is daily rehearsed, and from what we have snatched from partial attention to the rehearsal, a most charming opera will be given us. Marcoal has a famous part in it, which he enters into with his wonted spirit and gaiety.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—*As You Like It.* Miss LeClercq concludes her engagement to-night, an engagement on the whole most gratifying to the lady, the manager, the cashier and the public. Miss LeClercq is a finished actress in the light she is perfect in all stage business, and has the blessed faculty of making the very most of herself. To be sure, in some characters it would not have been [illegible], had she made the very least of herself. But for one thing in particular [illegible] deserve every one's warmest thanks; during her engagement she has given us a succession of standard, sterling plays, [illegible] which, the vexed Magdalen [illegible] set on aside, have been delightful presentations of some of the best dramatic efforts from Shakespeare downwards. Notably, *As You Like It.* On Wednesday and Thursday, this extremely pretty pastoral was given in a very careful manner. Every character, from "Rosalind" to the "Second Forrester," was good. Miss LeClercq, of course, was "Rosalind," and, seen through the wrong end of the opera-glass, she made a most bewitching "Ganymede." In this character again she proved herself to be what the play bill [illegible] call her, "an accomplished artiste." The [illegible] Mr. Lewis Morrison played "Orlando" [illegible] we hope— [illegible] The gentle misanthrope, "Jacques," became in the hands of Harry Edwards the most praiseworthy character of the play. His readings were nearly perfect, his acting quiet and natural. Williamson's "Touchstone" was faulty. The grandiose fool was transformed into the comic clown, whilst his enunciation was often indistinct. "Audrey" (Miss Maggie Moore) was charming. Sir Henry Bishop's music arranged, capitally arranged by St. [illegible] Leach, was a great feature of the evening. The three choruses were encored, as well they deserved to be. Mr. Jos. Maguire's solo in "Blow, blow thou wintry wind" was as pretty a piece of tender vocalization as we have had the good fortune to hear for some time. The orchestra [illegible] were frightfully noisy. What the devil has got into the drummers lately?

Gray's Opera House.—*Dark Deeds* is a quiet play, in which there are five acts [illegible] and about twice as many murders and [illegible]. Mr. George Darrell, actor and author, has, with the assistance of a novel by Miss Braddon, entitled *The Trail of the Serpent* produced this [illegible] play, one which seems well adapted to the strength of the theater company, and, to judge by the well-filled benches, one which suits the taste of a large number of San Franciscans. There is a good deal of merit in *Dark Deeds*, but far too much incident, very many effective locations, and an abundant [illegible] want of a little care here and there in dramatization. Mr. Darrell plays the part of a cynical, bloodthirsty, money-extorting villain very creditably, that is, very villainously. We do not know if this great man's extraordinary "get up" as the Paris and avenger, is not [illegible] absurd, but absurd it is. Mrs. Darrell, although suffering from a serious hoarseness, is much more likely to become a favorite in *Dark Deeds* than in *The Woman in Red*. The subordinate parts are creditably filled, and the attempts at new scenery most praiseworthy. The *prestige* of Gray's Opera House is good, and the sensational, sterling plays, with [illegible] and [illegible] violent deaths, are put on the stage, the sooner will its reputation as a first class [illegible] be regained. No one [illegible] could expect the gallery to remain quiet during such interminable [illegible] as [illegible] acts.

Alhambra Theater.—We are not at all surprised to find that *The Flower Girl of Paris* has [illegible] to keep the Alhambra [illegible] this week. Such good singing and good acting as the play [illegible] could not fail to do otherwise. We look forward now to a capital presentation of *The Doctor of Alcantara.*

MAMMA'S VIEW OF THE PANIC.

"Oh, what is the panic?" the little boy said,
As his mamma was tucking him snugly in bed.
"The panic, my love," was the mother's reply,
While a tear [illegible] unnoticed distill'd from her eye,
And she stifled a sob at the clasp of her stays—
"Is a beast that has cost me a new polonaise!"

ANACHRONISMS.

Some few issues ago, we gave some glaring anachronisms to be found in *Coriolanus*. Here are a few more queer errors in that glorious [illegible] from [illegible]. Shakespeare is [illegible] not [illegible] of literature and art. In the *Comedy of Errors*, he alludes to ducats, marks, and sol'd [illegible], and also to the striking of a clock in the ancient city of Ephesus. In *King John* and *Macbeth* he speaks of cannon. He makes [illegible] *Coriolanus* a contemporary with Alexander the Great, Cato, Galen, all of whom lived centuries afterwards. Cassius, in *Julius Cæsar*, also speaks of a clock striking the hour. Beaumont and Fletcher make [illegible] man discharge a pistol, who must have lived long before the Christian era. The painters do not leave much better. In one of Albert Durer's pictures [illegible] Peter denying the Saviour, there is a Roman soldier [illegible] the background smoking a tobacco pipe. A Dutch painter in the painting of the Sacrifice of Isaac makes Abraham point a blunderbuss at his son's head as an argument of obedience. Tintoret paints the Israelites gathering manna in the wilderness as carrying guns. Another painter in a picture of Adam and Eve places a German student in the background shooting ducks.

NEW PAPER.

The Los Angeles Daily Herald has issued its first number. The editing and mechanism are fully entitled to the encouragement of all Californians. Its late arrival here [illegible] a[illegible] of the following items:

In view of the proposed narrow gauge railroad from Los Angeles to the seashore, a few statistics in regard to cost are [illegible]. Fifteen narrow gauge roads, with 700 miles of track, are in operation in the United States; twenty-nine [illegible], with 1,2[illegible] miles, are in process of completion. A narrow gauge costs $10,000 per mile, including equipment, while the ordinary gauge cannot be built for $30,000.

The Chief [illegible] of Shah [illegible] has a social [illegible] In the [illegible] best, and pilgrimages are being made from the most remote parts of the empire to the Fountain of Blood, which spurts out from the wall of a decayed temple near the city.

If ever any soul lived in an Æolean harp, and one day escaped to live among ordinary mortals, that soul must now occupy the person of Herr Schlotte, of the San Francisco Bohemian Club. Certainly, we never have heard such expressive phrasing of a melody as this artist pours from the broad bell of his magic Waldhorn. The Martinelli Troupe were no mean musicians, and when they first performed in the old Metropolitan Theater, their attention was diverted from the stage by their rapt admiration of the glorious horn in the orchestra, and, as soon as the first act was over, they rang the bell for the *chef d'orchestra*, to ask who was the horn player, and then to ask "what the deuce such a great player was thinking of to be in California on a salary." Herr Schlotte is a contented man, and likes California, and he will take a benefit on the 21st of this month.

We regret to learn that Miss May Howard's engagement is limited to [illegible], and that [illegible] *The Wandering Heir* can only hold the boards for that time. The piece has been [illegible] up to the present time in [illegible] only where Mrs. John Wood took the leading female part. Charles Reade offered Miss Howard an engagement to play the same part in London, but [illegible] reasons prevented this consummation. After playing here that lady has engagements at Salt Lake, Denver, Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis—in fact, [illegible] up to next Spring. We trust that bumper houses will reward her efforts here and elsewhere, and her *repertoire* of new pieces is so large that we predict for her a great success.

One of the finest architectural improvements recently made in the city, is the new building, corner of Montgomery and Kearny streets. The ground floor is arranged for some first-class stores, the best of which is that of Stallmann & [illegible] the [illegible] establishment of the Pacific coast, and to gain its reputation in a straightforward and honorable manner. [illegible] by keeping the best of everything—in the [illegible] particular line, of course—and by an unceasing and diligent attention to the wants of the customer, by clothing him in such garments of such a perfect make as no Broadway tailor ever dreamed of. Go there, give them an order, and be happy!

Good liquors are about as essential to a healthy life as good air, and the men who supply us with the first are worthy to be held as public benefactors. Such men are [illegible] & Co., Manufacturers of Brandies and Champagnes, for whom [illegible] & Co. are agents in this city. For two score years has [illegible] devoted his time, thought, money and experience to perfect these liquors, and wonderfully has he succeeded. The Brandies and Champagnes of this house are unequaled, and ever will be as long as they retain their present supreme qualities of purity and flavor.

Unpleasantness of Freezing.—[illegible], a [illegible], had made frequent promises to his friends that he would put an end to himself. One stinging cold night he vowed he would go out and freeze to death. About eleven [illegible] he returned shivering and staggering to his quarters. "Why don't you freeze?" asked a loving relative. "By Jove!" said the pseudo suicide, "when I freeze, I mean to take a warmer night than this for it."

A beautiful testimonial, by the French inhabitants of California to M. [illegible], has been on exhibition the past week. It is a box, or album, made of various Californian woods and inlaid with the richest specimens of gold and silver. The design was by M. Mezzaro, and the workmanship by Messrs. Frontier. We should be glad to give a more detailed description of this work of art, but were not able to obtain a close inspection of it.

PLATT'S NEW MUSIC HALL.—GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.

Under the management of Signor G. Moneusi.—Grand Orchestra. Full and Efficient Chorus. SIG. A. SPADINA, Director of Orchestra. F. RITTER, Leader. [illegible] Sunday—Extra Opera Night. Flotow's ever popular Opera of MARTHA, on which occasion MISS ANNA ELZER, the charming contralto, will make her first appearance as "Nancy." [illegible] Prices. In rehearsal—Verdi's [illegible] never before produced in this city, IL TROVATORE. Also L'AFRICAINE and LUCREZIA. Admission—Dress Circle and Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Parquette, $1. Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra. Private Boxes, $8, $10, $12 and $15. Box Office at the Hall, where seats can be secured, from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily.
Oct. 11

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Treasurer. — Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. Delightful success of SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE LEE Opera Bouffe Troupe. The [illegible] three acts entitled THE FLOWER GIRLS OF PARIS. Monday Evening, Oct. [illegible] OF THE DOCTOR OF ALCANTARA. Admission: Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $[illegible]; Parquette, 25 cents.
Oct. 11.

CALIFORNIA THEATER

Bush st., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee at 2 o'clock. LAST Saturday Evening, Oct. 11th—Last appearance of MISS [illegible] LECLERCQ [illegible] [illegible] THE STRANGER. [illegible] Monday Evening, Oct. 13th—First night of MISS MAY HOWARD, in Charles Reade's WANDERING HEIR.
Oct. 1[illegible]

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments.
[May 31.]

Stuart Seldon Wright,

ATTORNEY

AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

OFFICES,

Nos. 10 and 11, 134 California st., upstairs.
Aug. 9.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ₱ lb	50 @	55
Cheese, Cal.	20 @	25
Honey	25 @	30
Eggs, ₱ doz.	@	50
Lard, ₱ lb	15 @	18
Ham & Bacon, ₱ lb	15 @	20
Cranberries ₱ gal.	75 @ 1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ₱ lb	3 @	4
Lima Beans ₱ lb	6 @	
Tomatoes ₱ lb	3 @	4
Onions, ₱ lb	3 @	5
Squashes, ₱ lb	2½ @	3
Pumpkins, ₱ lb	2½ @	3
Cabbages, each	10 @	15
Cauliflowers, each	10 @	15
Cucumbers, ₱ doz.	10 @	15
Celery, ₱ doz b	75 @ 1	00
Beets, ₱ doz b	20 @	25
Turnips, ₱ doz b	@	25
Parsnips, ₱ doz b	@	25
Radishes, ₱ doz b	@	25
Green Peas, ₱ lb	6 @	8
String Beans, ₱ lb	6 @	8
Apples, ₱ lb	4 @	8
Pears, ₱ lb	5 @	10
Peaches, ₱ lb	5 @	15
Pine Apples, each	50 @ 1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ₱ lb	15 @	25
Do new, ₱ lb	8 @	12
Oranges, ₱ doz.	@	75
Lemons, ₱ 100	@ 1	50
Limes, ₱ doz	25 @	
Chickens, each	75 @ 1	00
Quail, ₱ doz	@ 1	50
Turkeys, ₱ lb	20 @	25
Geese, ₱ pair	@ 3	00
Ducks, ₱ pair	2 @ 2	00
Rabbits, ₱ pair	25 @	40
Hares, each	@	40
Oysters, ₱ 100	75 @ 1	00
Clams, ₱ 100	50 @	
Mussels, ₱ 100	25 @	
Salmon, smoked, ₱ lb	15 @	18
Salmon, fresh, ₱ lb	10 @	
Codfish, ₱ lb	12 @	15
Rockfish, ₱ lb	8 @	12
Smelts, ₱ lb	10 @	15
Tomcod, ₱ lb	12 @	
Sturgeon, ₱ lb	12 @	18
Flounders, ₱ lb	25 @	
Halibut, ₱ lb	30 @	50
Perch, ₱ lb	8 @	
Shrimps, ₱ lb	10 @	12
Anchovies, ₱ lb	6 @	8
Soles, ₱ lb	25 @	50

E. S. TIBBEY,

Stock Broker,

No. 6 LEIDESDORFF ST
Aug. [illegible]

H. F. Williams & Co.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

ROOM 20,

STEVENSON'S BUILDING,

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

California and Mont. sts.,

SAN FRANCISCO.
Aug. 23.

ART NOTES.

The next reception of the Art Association is fixed for the evening of December 3d, at which the exhibition will be thrown open to the public. Our cognizance [illegible] among the scattered studios of our artists leads us to the belief that it will be one of more than usual excellence. Virgil Williams has on the easel a "Roman Harvest" scene, a much more ambitious work than he has essayed for some time past. It is not fair to judge critically of an unfinished picture, but in this case we think that he will excel all previous efforts. There is some admirable drawing and coloring in the figures, and a pleasant feeling throughout the whole. The same artist has brought down some admirable sketches from his Sr. Helena ranch, which are full of daylight and truth to nature. We wish that they could be put on view at the Art Gallery for an evening, but the artists generally do not seem inclined to favor our idea of a "sketch exhibition." They forget that it has been tried elsewhere and has proved successful, in fact, that in London the two water-color societies have annual sketch exhibitions, and that the *soirees* of the "Graphic" and "Artists and Amateurs" Societies exhibit little else. That the larger part of the members of our Art Association are sufficiently cultivated to appreciate such studies from nature we are perfectly sure, and an occasional display of this kind would be thoroughly appreciated by them. We think that it would be also beneficial to the artists themselves, who won't in many cases get commissions to paint from their sketches, and lastly, the members of the Art Association would get one or two exhibitions a year more for their subscriptions. Thos. Hill has a cabinet picture in hand for a Russian gentleman traveling in this State. The subject is "Breaking Camp," a Yosemite scene. There is a fine tone to this work, and the grouping and drawing of the figures, pack animals, etc., is perfect.

Marple has finished a small bay scene, "Before sunrise," very tender and grey in hand [illegible] and tone, and has partially completed a two [illegible] view of Napa Creek with Mount Tamalpais in the distance, which is [illegible] much more forcible key than is usual with this artist. At his gallery, a very pleasant lounging place for art lovers and connoisseurs, there are a number of foreign pictures selected by himself in Europe which are very worthy of note, among which the "Travel in Bohemia," by Von der Venne, stands first. The action of the half wild Cossack horses struggling through the snow is very finely rendered. A cattle piece by Savry (Dutch school) is strongly and effectively painted. Two small works by De la Hoese (Belgian school) are full of refined and delicate coloring. That representing a lady purchasing jewelry is an admirable picture, the foreshortening full of expression and excellent drawing. A larger work by Thompson, an English artist resident in Paris, has splendid coloring, and well rendered costumes and accessories. It represents "an introduction," a cavalier saluting two ladies. The dresses are of the 17th century, and the background is of dark, subdued, rich tapestry. Mr. Frost is busy on some interesting reminiscences of his Siberian travels. Mr. E. T. Coleman, an English artist and traveler, long resident in Oregon and British Columbia, passed through the city this week *en route* for London. He has a large portfolio of valuable and interesting sketches, which we expect to see crop out in book form. Mr. Coleman is a member of the English Alpine Club, and made the first ascent of Mount Baker some years ago. Irwin's picture of Don Quixote at the Bohemian Club rooms comes on us as a surprise. He also [illegible] certainly follow up this class of work. This single figure of the eccentric knight shows that he could successfully cope with historical subjects. In pose and drawing it is simply perfection.

The "Graphic" Sketching Club, an offshoot of the Art Association, is growing rapidly. Five new members were added to it at the last meeting. The members meet twice a week, on Tuesday evenings for business, social intercourse and general gossip, and Friday evenings for work. This little society cannot fail to stimulate and foster art, develop latent talent, and promote good feeling and fellowship among the brethren of the brush.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Estate of Dexter Taft, deceased.—Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executors of the estate of DEXTER TAFFT, deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executors, at the office of E. V. Joice, No. [illegible] Merchants' Exchange, corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, in the County of San Francisco, California. W. C. RALSTON, E. V. JOICE,
Dated Oct. [illegible] Executors of the Estate of Dexter Taft, deceased.
W. H. L. Barnes, Attorney for Estate. Oct. 11

JAMES BEHRENS,

Commission Merchant and Agent, 508 Battery street, opposite U. S. Custom House, San Francisco. Importer of the famous ALFRED DE LUZE'S BORDEAUX WINES, CLARETS, SAUTERNES, and CHATEAU YQUEM. Champagnes, French and Domestic. "C. Lauteren's" Rhine Wines. Cordials, Bitters, etc.
Oct. 11.

REMOVAL.

The Offices of the Southern Pacific Railroad Co., Market Street RAILWAY CO., POTRERO AND BAY VIEW RAILROAD CO. and MISSION BAY BRIDGE CO. will be removed to the New Building, corner of FOURTH AND TOWNSEND STREETS, on Saturday, Oct. 11. [illegible] Oct. 11

J. H. COLEMAN,

Late of the Alta, General Collector.—Room 6, No. 120 Montgomery street. Refers to Messrs. F. MacCreleish & Co., Richards & Harrison, Cutting & Co., Geo. C. Shreve & Co.
Oct. 11

FOR JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT,

Elisha W. McKinstry, nominee of the People's Independent Party. Election, October [illegible], 1873. W. W. DODGE, Chairman State Cen. Com.
J. B. SUMMERS, Secretary. Oct. 11

TAXPAYERS' AND PEOPLE'S CITY AND COUNTY JUDICIAL TICKET.

For Judge of the Nineteenth Judicial District . . . **E. D. Wheeler.**
FOR POLICE JUDGE, DAVIS LOUDERBACK. Oct. 11.

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE COMPANY.

Manufacturing Co.'s Offices—105 and 107 Sansome st., San Francisco.
Oct. 11

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Jno. L. Stephens, E. Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom street wharf, for the above port, on SUNDAY, Oct. 12th, at 10 o'clock A. M. [Oct. 11.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Hawkins & D[illegible] Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Reed & Barton's Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry. Diamond Setters and Lapidaries.
March 16.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 25

L. H. NEWTON.] **NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,** [MORRIS NEWTON

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries, 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, N. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs), San Francisco. August 2.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Buchanan—In this city, October 8th, to the wife of J. Y. Buchanan, a son.
Burkhardt—In this city, October 5th, to the wife of G. A. Burkhardt, a daughter.
Gilchrist—In this city, October 7th, to the wife of J. G. Gilchrist, a son.
Lampe—In this city, October 8th, to the wife of Wm. A. Lampe, a son.
Lewison—In this city, October 8th, Jacob L. Lewison, a daughter.
Balzer—In this city, October 2d, to the wife of H. Balzer, a daughter.
Morris—In this city, October 4th, to the wife of Simon Morris, a daughter.
Huntington—In this city, October 7th, to the wife of H. Huntington, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Borland-Millett—In this city, October 9th, J. H. Borland to Eva Millett.
Bellows-Jones—In this city, October 9th, Edward Bellows to Susan E. Jones.
Bening-Feldhaus—In this city, October 5th, John Bening to Dorothea Feldhaus.
Glanville-Matherson—In this city, October 4th, C. Glanville to S. M. Matherson.
Hawthorne-Bargfleth—In this city, October 6th, E. Hawthorne to B. Bargfleth.
Jones-Thorpe—In this city, October 9th, H. L. Jones to Kate Thorpe.
Leon-Dick—In this city, October 8th, Richard Leon to Ellen M. Dick.

TOMB.

Cosgrove—In this city, October 9th, Margaret Cosgrove, aged 47 years.
Francis—In this city, October 7th, William Francis, aged 55 years.
Hinckley—In this city, October 6th, Charles E. Hinckley, aged 43 years.
Hunt—In this city, October 9th, James B. Hunt, aged 28 years.
Knapp—In this city, October 6th, Nathaniel O. Knapp, aged 41 years.
Matheson—In this city, October 4th, Mark J. Matheson, aged 53 years.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Oct. 10, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y	NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—	Justice	7¼	7½	7¼
Alpha	23	25	22½	Kentuck	11¾	12	11½
Alps	—	—	—	Kentucky	2½	2¼	—
Amador Tunnel	2	2	—	Knickerbocker	3½	4	3½
American Flag	3	3½	—	Kossuth	—	—	[illegible]
Arizona & Utah	—	1½	1½	Louise	30	—	—
Arkansas	—	—	—	Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—	Mahogany	4½	—	—
American Flat	7¼	10½	6½	Mammoth	—	—	—
Bacon	—	—	—	Meadow Valley	13¼	13½	—
Baltimore Consolidated	9	11¾	8½	Minnesota	—	11	—
Belcher	66	67	67	Newark	4½	5	—
Belmont	4	3½	—	New York Consolidated	73	—	—
Bullion	—	—	—	Noonday	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	—	6	5	Occidental	—	—	—
Buckeye	—	1	—	Ophir	49	38	38
Caledonia	17½	17¾	17	Original Hidden Treasure	—	—	—
Cederberg	3	—	—	Overman	11½	11	10¾
Central	—	10½	9½	Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Charter Oak	—	½	—	Page & Panaca	—	—	—
Chapman	—	¼	—	Pea Vine	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	½	½	—	Phoenix	—	½	—
Chief Last Extension	1	—	—	Pictou	—	4	—
Chollar	39	40	38	Pioche	—	[illegible]	—
Columbus	—	—	—	Pioche West	—	—	—
Confidence	9¼	[illegible]	7½	P. Pourass	—	—	—
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—	Raymond & Ely	62	62	—
Consolidated Virginia	155	142	165	Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Cook & Breyer	—	—	—	Rye Patch	20	19	—
Crown Point	95½	100	116	Red Jacket	—	—	—
Central No. 2	3	3	—	Savage	43	44½	42
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—	Seg. Belcher	35	39	36
Daney	—	—	—	Sierra Nevada	13	12½	12
Eclipse	—	3½	1½	Silver Peak	—	—	—
El Dorado	—	—	—	Silver Hill	12	12	11½
Empire Mill	3½	3	3¼	Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Empire Idaho	—	—	—	Sterling	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	11	10½	—	Succor	—	—	—
Eureka, G. V.	21	—	—	Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Exchequer	—	8	8	Silver Chariot	3	—	—
Globe	1	50	—	South Overman	30	—	—
Golden Chariot	—	30	—	St. Patrick	—	—	—
Gould & Curry	12¼	11¾	11½	South Comstock	—	—	—
G. H. Quartz	—	2½	3	Tecumseh	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	24½	26	25½	Tiger	90	1¼	90
Hermes	1	—	—	Union Consolidated	—	1½	1¼
Huhn & Hunt	1¼	—	—	Utah	—	—	—
Hayes	2½	1½	—	Washington & Creole	—	—	—
Ida Elmore	—	—	—	Washoe	—	—	—
Imperial	4½	4½	4½	Woodville	62½	[illegible]	[illegible]
Independent	—	—	—	Wellington	—	—	—
Inconnar	35	40	—	Yellow Jacket	55	56	53
Insurance	—	—	—	Yule Gravel	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	1½	—				
Jackson	—	¼	—				
Julia	1½	1¼	1¾				

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.	TEAS	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$50 00 @ 5[illegible] 50	Japan	$— 45 @ — 72
Bar Iron, assorted, ₱ lb	— 3 @ 4	Oolong	— 30 @ — 55
Metal Sheathing ₱ lb	— 24 @ —	SUGARS.	
Tin Plate, I C, ₱ box	13 50 @ 14 00	China, No 1, ₱ lb	— 9 @ — 9¾
Tin Plates, I X, ₱ box	14 50 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 6½ @ — 9¾
Lead, Pig, ₱ lb	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— [illegible] @ — 7¾
Lead, Sheet, ₱ lb	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 13¾
Banca Tin, ₱ lb	— 26 @ 28	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Quicksilver	1 10 @ —	Peruvian	— 7 @ — 8
COAL		CANDLES.	
West Hartley, ₱ ton	11 00 @ 11 50	Sperm Wax, ₱ lb	— 30 @ — 42
Australian	9 00 @ 9 50	Adamantine	13½ @ — 15
Cumberland	22 00 @ 25 00	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Anthracite	12 00 @ 14 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Bellingham Bay	5 50 @ —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 7 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
COFFEE.		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 15
Guatemala, ₱ lb	— 21 @ —	Rum, Jamaica	4 [illegible] @ 5 25
Java O. J. Government	— 25 @ — 26	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 13 00
Manila	— @ — 21	BAGS AND BAGGING	
Costa Rica	22 @ — 22½	Chicken Gunnies, 20½ lb	— — @ — 21
RICE		Gunny Bags in bales	— — @ — 20
China, No 1, ₱ lb	— 6½ @ — 6¾	Burlap Bags	17½ @ — 24
China, No 2	— 5¾ @ — 5¾	Hessian, 40-inch, ₱ yard	— 9½ @ — 10
Hawaiian	— 6¾ @ — 7¾	DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
WINES		Wool, ₱ lb	— 17 @ — 23
Champagne ₱ doz	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— [illegible] @ — 7¾
Port, according to brand ₱ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75	Hides	15 @ — 19½
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00	Wheat, ₱ 100 lbs	2 00 @ 2 25
OIL		Barley	1 45 @ 1 55
Coal and Kerosene	— 30 @ — 35	Oats	1 35 @ 1 95
		Flour ₱ 196 lbs	5 50 @ 6 50

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4 No. 607 to 615 Merchant street San Francisco.

BIZ.

Business is prosperous upon this coast. The Fall trade seems to be quite active—imports are free and exports liberal. The interior demand for general merchandise is up to the full average of past seasons. The fluctuations in Gold and Sterling at the East do, of course, affect values more or less, nevertheless, the abundance of money, and the ease with which crops are moved to the seaboard, and the supply shipped abroad, all attest the growing prosperity of the people. The high prices realized for our cereal crops the present season adds much wealth to the productive interests of the coast. To this must be added the large Wool clip, and the very considerable shipments of Wines, Fruits and other lesser products of the coast—all finding good markets abroad. Our Salmon and Cod fisheries are prosperous. Our shipments of Hides, Leather, Furs, Skins, Hops, etc., all go to swell the value of our home products. To this must be added the vast mineral wealth of the Pacific slope, not only of the precious, but base metals. Then see our immense forests of Pine and Cedar, affording many millions, not forgetting the Coal fields of the coast.

On the 7th inst., we were visited with the first rains of the season, nearly one-half inch of water fell, about enough to start afresh the grass upon hill sides, and to cause the volunteer grain to shoot forth; more, it is said, than three-fourths of the land devoted to Wheat on the west side of the San Joaquin Valley has already been planted with Wheat (in the dry sand), and it is thought that this early rain will be sufficient to come forth into life and vigor. The season, therefore, opens propitiously for 1874 crops, and it is to be devoutly hoped that more and copious rains will soon follow to gladden the hearts of the farmer, for without early rains to soften the ground, many broad and fertile acres cannot be plowed or broken up early, and copious rains are therefore California's necessity for abundant crops. Wheat now arrives quite sparingly, and prices are lower than a fortnight since. Barley and Oats have also declined, and yet prices are still very remunerative. At the moment, Wool, Hides and Leather are each in turn neglected by reason of unfavorable Eastern advices.

The Coal market shows some advance; several cargoes of Sydney here and to arrive sold at $9, Scotch Splint, $11 75; English Steam, $8 75, Cumberland, $22 50 a 25. Anthracite, $13 a 15, Bellingham Bay, $8 50; Coos Bay, $10; Mt. Diablo, $6 25 a $8 25.

There is less activity in Coffee. Importing holders are, however, firm, not willing to sell choice parcels of Central American green cheaper than 22 cents; O. G. Java is scarce at 25c.

The market for Metals continues depressed, and prices of Pig Iron quite nominal, at $45@50 for English and Scotch. Tin Plate, Bar Iron, etc., unchanged in value.

The price of Petroleum, outside brands, has been advanced to 34c. for Daylight and Long Island. Devoe's continues steady at 37, 38@39, in cases.

Spirits continue in favor. Bourbon Whisky more in general use than Brandy, Rum, or Gin. J. H. Cutter's Old Bourbon has the preference over all others, and consequently commands the market, and calls out vile imitations of trade marks, well calculated to deceive.

Sugar moves off steadily; prices unchanged. All white refined 11@11¾c; yellow coffee, 9@9¾c; China, 8¾@9, Hawaiian, 7@9c. The 4,062 bags Hawaiian ex Costa Rica sold at auction for cash, "as is," all badly damaged. The average price paid in bond perhaps ¾c, reduced duty by appraisement ⅛c, making about 1⅛c for the Sugar; much of it was in a liquid state and only fit for refining purposes. The fact is, the Sugar by this steamer, as well as the rice, proved about a total loss, not bringing enough to pay freight and salvage—of course, the underwriters foot the bill.

Teas.—An auction sale of J. C. Moore's importation Japans, took place on the 7th inst. The quality was good, but the attendance poor, and the bidding spiritless. Samples only sold. At private sale 1,000 half chests Camelia of fine quality, high cost, sold to a leading Front street house upon terms reserved. The same party sold 30,000 lbs (about 1,000 half chests) various kinds, for shipment to Chicago, at current rates. Overland shipments by rail to New York have of late been very considerable.

Wheat and Flour shipments to the United Kingdom are continued with a liberal hand:

	Ctls.	Value
Totals since July 1st, 1873, 60 vessels	1,746,135	$1,[illegible]
62 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	2,[illegible]	[illegible]
12 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	[illegible]	[illegible]
32 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	[illegible]	[illegible]
74 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	[illegible]	[illegible]

Included in the above are three full cargoes of Flour, and 33,[illegible] ctls Barley per St. John for Liverpool. There are now 21 vessels on the berth, aggregating 30,360 tons per register. The last freight engagement to the United Kingdom was the Blanci, to load Wheat at £3 13s 6d—a much less price than was offered last month for the same voyage.

Arrivals during the week have been numerous, and embrace the following: Ship Hercules, 60 days, New South Wales, 1,700 tons; Coal to Wm. T. Coleman & Co. Ship Jas A Wright, 47 days from Hongkong, to Macondray & Co., with general cargo. Ship Prince Eugene, Hongkong, [illegible] days, ballast to Mahn & Hubbard. Bark Jessel Jameson, 73 days, Caldera, in ballast. Bark Cons[illegible], from Manila, via Shanghae, with 2,[illegible] bags Sugar, etc., to Falkner, Bell & Co. Co. bark [illegible] from Navidad, Mexico, with [illegible] logs Cedar and 12 logs Rosewood, to Korbel Brothers. Schr Alice Haake, 33 days, Yokohama, to Macondray & Co., with 830 bags Brimstone, 880 pkgs tea, etc. Ship Callao, from Buenos Ayres, in ballast. Schr J[illegible] Boscow, 41 days, Ochotsk Sea, with [illegible] Skins, Furs, etc. John L. Stephens from Portland, Oregon, with 1,7[illegible] cases Salmon and [illegible] tierces and bbls salmon, also 1,2[illegible] bbls Flour, 1,0[illegible] sks Oats, 3,887 sks Wheat, etc. Eden, from London, with a well assorted cargo; the Carrick Castle from Glasgow, with Coal, Iron, Beer, etc.; two schooners from the North Pacific with Codfish, the Guaymas brig Amelia, [illegible] days from Magdalena Bay, with 329 bales Orchilla, the Baltic, from New York, with a large general cargo; the Mariano, from Manila, with 10,[illegible] mats Sugar, 2,000 bales Hemp, besides others with Coal, etc.

A Valuable Skin.—We note the sale of a black Fox Skin from Kamschatka, for $[illegible] (it was a beauty), and falls to the possession of a worthy Bank President on California street.

Freight engagements for the week include the following: Br ship Cornwallis, 1214, Cork for Liverpool, [illegible]; ship Orpheus, 1167 lumber and rail road ties to Callao and Chanaral, $20 gold; ship Springfield 1483, lumber from Puget Sound to Shanghae, $[illegible]; Mex brig Mexico 115, assorted merchandise to Mexican ports, private. Br ship Carrick Castle, 872, wheat to Cork, prior to arrival, £4 [illegible]. Br ship Orpheus 1117, wheat to Liverpool, [illegible], private. Br ship [illegible], 1441, wheat to Cork [illegible]. [illegible] bark Jan Siva, 308, lumber to Callao, $10 gold; ship Wildwood, 1,[illegible], lumber from Burrard Inlet to Shanghae, $[illegible]; bark Mariano, 540, wheat from Portland (Oregon) to this port, private. Guaymas brig Amelia, 81, assorted merchandise to Magdalena Bay and Guaymas, private. Leaving in port the following disengaged ships: Baltic, 2,2[illegible], Compadre, 7[illegible], Emerald, 1187, Bokhara, 1[illegible], [illegible], 1431, Malay, 613, St. [illegible], 1319, Barke Annie, 6[illegible], Eden, 4[illegible], Ilsvestro, 6[illegible]. Total, [illegible] vessels, aggregating [illegible] tons.

Our Wheat receipts for the first three months of the harvest year show a considerable [illegible] as compared with the same period last year, and the deficiency will be more apparent as the season progresses. Thus far our monthly exports, Flour and Wheat, equal that at same date last season, but the grand aggregate of the year will show a considerable falling off. Farmers who had grain this harvest year are well content with the proceeds realized therefrom, and with the coming season expect themselves to plant a large increased acreage. Plowing and sowing is now in order. We have had our first rain, and the season opens propitiously.

The Breadstuff Market has undergone some decline from the highest point of the season. Sales of 100,000 sks Wheat at $2 [illegible] a 2 [illegible] extra choice held at $2 [illegible]. A Vallejo miller has purchased this month 2,000 tons prime white Wheat in Portland, Oregon, for 2c, costing $2 25 per cental delivered to Starr Mills, Vallejo. Extra Flour is wanted for export at $5 50 a 5 7[illegible]. Best silk-dressed Golden Age and Golden Gate Mills command $7 per 196 lbs, for local use. Extras, [illegible]; fine, $6 a 6 25. Superfine for Hongkong can be bought at $5 50 a $ 75. Barley receipts from the Southern coast are very liberal and mostly goes into store rather than sell for less than $1 50. Bay, bright, sells at $1 65 a 1 65 for new; $1 70 a 1 75 for old brewing. Oats are plentiful and for want of an outlet have declined to $1 50 a 1 65 per cental. Corn is slow of sale at $1 50 a 1 60. Mustard Seed, white, 3 a 3¼c: red and brown, 4 a 4¼c ℔ lb. Hops, 35 a 40c for new. Beans, 3 a 5c. Hay, $14 a 17 ℔ ton. Potatoes, 75c a $1 25 per 100 lbs. Tallow, 7c. Hides, 9c for wet salted, 19c for dry. Wool is dull of sale at 12 a 14c for burry; non burry, 16 a 17c, choice, 18 a 27½c.

Our Export shipments of Merchandise for the week include a total of $[illegible], against $11[illegible]849 for the week preceding.

Spices are more plentiful. Cassia sells at 21c. Black Pepper, 22 a 23c. Cloves scarce at 40c. Nutmegs plentiful at $1 07½. Pimento, 15c.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Oct. 16—Steamer CHINA. Capt. Cobb.
Nov. 1st—Steamer COLORADO. Capt. Dearborn.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 8th and 18th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Oct. 18—ARIZONA. Capt. Caverly.
Nov. 4—NEVADA. Capt. Austin.

All steamers will call at SAN DIEGO, MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 18th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of the Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 a.m. as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Hall. Friday, Oct. [illegible]. Wednesday, Oct. 1[illegible]. Monday, Oct. 2[illegible].
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnson. Saturday, Sept. 2[illegible]; Thursday, Oct. [illegible]; Tuesday, Oct. 21.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT
SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,
But takes no freight for San Simeon.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, carrying acids, oils and combustibles—for San Luis Obispo and way ports Monday, Sept. 15, at 3 P. M. For San Diego and way ports, Tuesday, Oct. [illegible], at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Oct. 11.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company [illegible] will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted) from Washington street Wharf, at 2 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at [illegible], connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at [illegible]. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages at and from all points.

[illegible] after Sunday, April 1[illegible], 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A.M., arriving in Cloverdale at [illegible]. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at [illegible]. [illegible] hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 42 Montgomery street.

[illegible] after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. [illegible] for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE and Way Stations [illegible] at [illegible] A.M. Leaves Cloverdale at [illegible]. Arriving in San Francisco [illegible] P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday to the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from [illegible] Springs and [illegible] Geysers. [illegible]

Daily Time Table [illegible] Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale [illegible]. Leaves [illegible] San Francisco, 10:30 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's office, 440 Montgomery street. [May 1[illegible].] PETER DONAHUE, President.

FOR COLORADO RIVER, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The Steamer Newbern, William Metzger, Master, will sail for the above ports on [illegible] week, noon, from Vallejo-st. Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the River. [illegible] No freight received for Mexican ports after 3 P. M. of the [illegible]. [illegible] Custom House [illegible] clearance [illegible].

Oct. 1. [illegible] NOLTON, Agent, [illegible] street.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The A 1 Ship British King, Quine, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [Sept. 2[illegible].] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 3[illegible] California street.

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and State Rooms [illegible].

May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, [illegible] California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly—Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME and AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and [illegible] [illegible] William [illegible] Company [illegible].

June 11. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 2 [illegible] street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT.

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED leaves Folsom street wharf on the [illegible] at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at [illegible]. [Oct. 9.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, and [illegible] street, New York. [July 2[illegible].

JAMAICA RUM.

In Quarter Casks.—20 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brocon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, [illegible] Lombard st., Dunsdale, [illegible] & Co., bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers, [illegible] Lubbock & Co., bankers, The City Bank, [illegible] lane; Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China. Imperial Bank (Limited), Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside. Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill, Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bdge, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S. Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Houston, N., Thos. Mills, 31 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, [illegible], 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno. Marriott, 11 Glostcrst, E.C; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Budd, W. C....440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 523 Califor'a st.
Higgins, W. L....411 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H....509 California st.
Keene, J. R....435 Californa st.
Marino, E. J. DeS., with I. Glazier & Co. ....426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H...435 California st.
Peckham, E. P....413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H....401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W......444 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals in the State. [illegible] Depot [illegible] Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

GEO W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood [illegible] [illegible] Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 2[illegible].

PADDY MURPHY'S GREAT SEA SNAKE.

"Well, as I said before," continued Barney O'Baller to his wife, who was [illegible] a skillet of potatoes. "As I said before, [illegible] Paddy Murphy was as good a fisherman as [illegible], and as [illegible] a [illegible] with [illegible] to boot. We[ll], poor Paddy took himself off one fine summer morning to seek his fortune upon the broad seas in a ship bound to a [illegible] Philip Delphi, I think he called him, in America. 'Good bye to ye!' says he to me, taking my hand and shaking it till I began to get [illegible] of joints, 'and good luck to ye,' says I, giving him a hand as square that made his hand as soft as a roasted apple, and away he went. Well, I never [illegible] of him for many a long day, but when he did come back he told me all about his voyage to America, and how he got there; and if you were to [illegible] from this day to the day of judgment, ye'd never [illegible] upon the way he traveled.

"'We[ll], [illegible],' says he to me, Barney, says he, 'when we had run about a hundred leagues from Ireland, with a spanking breeze in our starn, [illegible], the boatswain's mate, roared out a thundering 'Hobbaloo,' says [illegible] captain, 'what's the matter?' 'Blood and 'ouns,' cried Pat Murphy, 'but here's the American sarpint, for real, and, sure enough, the captain saw it wid his own eyes, for the head of it was clane over the ship's bows, and the tail was tickling the rudder into fits all at the same time. The poor captain's teeth began to play marrowbones and cleavers, you may be sure; and divil a soul aboard the ship but [illegible] under the hatches except the steersman, and he had as stout a heart as Paddy. 'Be aisy, be aisy now,' says Pat to the Captain, 'and don't be so frightened; for I'm going to show ye's the way to get to America in no time, at all, at all, so get your dispatches and compass ready out of the binnicle, and I'll go before, and tell 'em that you are on the road; and d'ye [illegible] you, Bill,' says he, talking to a powder monkey, 'fetch me that lot of bullock's bladders out of the jolly boat.' Well, when we had got the bladders, what do you think he done then? By the big Hill of Howth if he did anything at all, at all, but jumped right on the back of the sarpint. 'Oh, ho!' says the crator, 'I've got you safe enough now, Paddy Murphy, I calculate.' 'By the trident of Neptune,' said Paddy (giving a compliment to the sea-god), 'you may say that wid your own [illegible], and ye are likely to keep me longer, I've a notion, than ye bargain for.' Well, with that he made no more ado, but began to fasten a bladder, by way of a nightcap, upon the head of the monster, who thought to make a dive to the bottom of the sea, but the divil a bit of him could get his head under the water at all, at all, because of Pat Murphy's cunning, in course. 'What the divil are ye at, ye spalpeen?' says the sarpint. 'Never you trouble your head about that, honey,' says Pat Murphy; and wid that he slips down his back, and ties another bladder here and another there, till he came to the crathur's tail, 'and now,' says he, 'my fine fellow, I'll get you to carry me to that glorious boy, Phil[l]ip Delphi.'

"Well, the captain, sure enough, gave him his despatches and the compass, and a good keg of whisky to sling over his shoulder, and Pat, sticking his knife into the sarpint, away they went at a thundering rate through the wide ocean sea. W[ell], when they had traveled all night, says the sarpint to Pat Murphy, says he 'I'm mighty hungry and should be much obliged to you, Pat, if ye'd let me go down for to get my breakfast.' 'By no manes at all,' says Pat, 'for I'm just going to get my own, and so, ye see, we'll have a snack together,' and he takes [illegible] outs with his knife and whips off the end of the sarpint's tail, to the no small surprise of the crator. 'Well, if ever I!' says the sarpint, 'it's a free and aisy anyhow, but sure, you're no friend o' mine, Paddy Murphy, to be after cutting off my tail for your breakfast.' 'Take a bit of it,' said Pat, shoving a [illegible] into his mouth, '*sure it's no matter to which end ye have it*; maybe ye'll think that enough to continue ye till dinner time.'

Great were the wonders the sarpint tould Pat Murphy of what was at the bottom of the sea, to take off the bladders, and dive wid him to see the sights, but Pat was not to be blarneyed that way; for himself was the boy that had kiss'd the real stone, and wandered all among

The groves of blarney that are so charming!

Well, at noon the sun became blazing hot, and Paddy piped all hands to dinner in a good boatswainlike manner, when he heard the sarpint declare he was half-broiled wid the heat. 'Many thanks to ye,' says Paddy, 'for the information, sure I've been waiting to hear that same for the last two hours, and now what say ye to a joint or two more of your own tail?' 'Och! don't mention it,' says the sarpint, 'for my last bite went against my stomach [illegible].' '[illegible] mighty dainty stomach of your own then,' said Paddy, wid a cunning look, 'but as I am by no m[eans] [illegible] particular, why here goes for [illegible] [me]al. You should have seen,' said Pat Murphy to me, 'how the monster lashed the waves and wriggled and spit fire and smoke at such a rate that the people on board all the ships that were in sight [illegible] a steam packet at full speed, and sure enough we left a train [illegible] behind us for miles and miles [illegible]—but all would not do to [illegible] back of him, for he breakfasted, [illegible] and supped off the sarpint for [illegible], and when we reached the [illegible] lived, the monster prayed [illegible] its life, but Pat put an end to his [illegible] for ever and a day by cutting off his head, which, as he says, is preserved in the museum of his respected friend, Philip D[elphi].'

By this time Barney and his ould woman had claned out the skillet of potatoes, so he returned to weeding his potato bed, while Judy went to invite all the poultry to dine upon the jackets of those they had consumed.

Canned goods, that is, hermetically sealed goods of all descriptions, require, to be worth anything at all, these requisites: That the articles canned [illegible] fresh and of the first [illegible] [illegible] a proper manner. This last [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] we know of [illegible] marketable article than [illegible] of Wm. & Co., [illegible] Sansome street. To insure the first requisite, Mr. Theo. [illegible] cultivation, in [illegible] County, 400 acres of the choicest fruits from which [illegible] of Wm. & Co. draw their supplies; and to insure the second requisite, [illegible] exclusively in their factories.

It is rather strange to notice how one piano in particular is always seen on [illegible]. Strange to remark how frequently *one* piano is always seen in the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] invariably the one answer is given to the question—What piano do you like best? The answer is always, the Weber Piano. The piano seen in the parlor of the good judge is always the Weber Piano. The piano invariably seen on the concert platform is the Weber Piano. These facts [speak] for themselves. Sherman & Hyde, corner of Kearny and Sutter streets, are our referees.

There are times when every man, woman, and child feels a certain lowness of spirits, there are times when the palate thirsts for something a touch above lager beer, or pearl tea, [illegible] times when the body longs for something that will restore its wasted [energies], give elasticity to the step and brightness to the eye. There is one thing that does all this, there is one great thirst-quencher, one great panacea for all ills, and that is Napa Soda, of which the depot is 18½ Geary street. Go there poor, weary one and quaff the soul-stirring liquor.

There is one thing in particular that improves the appearance of a room above all others, and that is the kind of gas fixtures which adorn it. A good gaselier, made after some classic, artistic model, [illegible] a room a cheerful and homelike look. For the best assortment in the State of gas fixtures, whether for home, office, or saloon, go to Messrs. Nye & Acheson, 315 and 317 Pine street, where the greatest pleasure of those in attendance is to exhibit the stock to all.

Mr. James Behrens has removed his place of business to Battery street, opposite the Custom House. As agent for some of the finest brands of Claret and Sauterne, especially Chateau Yquem in this city, we recommend him to the attention of our readers. He is likewise a kind, intelligent gentleman.

MOTHER GOOSE—IMPROVED.

There was a man in our town,
And he was wondrous wise,
He swore in a balloon he'd cross
The transatlantic skies.

So then *The Graphic* folks agreed
To take the enterprise,
And when the money all was up,
The balloon went up like-Wise!

C. D. G.

THE DUKE OF BRUNSWICK.

How he Lived, and How He Died.—The Duke went to Geneva during the Franco-Russian war, and established himself at the Hotel de la Metropole. He was attended by four chamberlains, two of them aged Poleniuses, who had been with him for above thirty years. About ten years ago he had formed a connection with a young French girl, named Viola. She was the daughter of respectable parents, who, it is said, bartered their child away for what they regarded as the splendid position of the favorite of a man who called himself a reigning sovereign, who was immensely rich, and whose grandeur prevented him from going through the form of marriage with any one not of royal birth. Viola accompanied him to Geneva. She had a child—a little girl, who was, in that sort of quasi-official manner which is one of the attributes of royalty, recognized by the Duke, and sent to school in the neighborhood. His Royal Highness, from his youth upwards, had diligently practiced every vice and folly which the possession of vast wealth the absence of all moral control, a cynical indifference to public opinion, a slight taint of insanity, and an inherent love of wickedness rendered possible. He had robbed and scandalized his subjects, until that insurance company of monarchs by right divine, the old German Diet, for very shame, dethroned him. He had long resided in Paris, and even there, although in order to curry favor with the Emperor Napoleon, he volunteered the statement that he had made the Prince Imperial his heir, he was not deemed a respectable associate for the knaves and adventurers who inhabited the Imperial Court, and was forbidden the Tuileries. When he arrived at Geneva old age had extinguished every vice except avarice, gluttony, and personal vanity, the three vices which usually survive all others, and only cease with death itself.

After gorging himself with every delicacy, in and out of season, which money could purchase, he used to play either at whist or chess with Viola and the chamberlains, then count over his money and finger his jewels, and at about 11 o'clock go to bed. Occasionally, but rarely, he drove out. The cream-colored horses which, as a reigning Duke of Brunswick, he affected, were generally used by Viola. Apoplexy one afternoon surprised this excellent Prince, and interfered with the monotony of his existence by cutting it short. He was carried to his bed, and Viola, his chamberlains and a Mr Smith, his English man-of-business, who happened to be in Geneva, tended him. But their care was in vain. He never recovered consciousness, he had bidden an eternal farewell to his diamonds and his [illegible]. The doctors announced that his last hour had struck. The death scene is said to have been a strange one. On the bed lay the Duke stertoriously breathing, his blonde curly wig pushed back, the plaster falling out from his wrinkles, the white and red paint, with which he had imitated youth, run together, will make a hideous amalgam. The poor, tottering old chamberlains, who had served him until servitude had become a habit and almost a happiness, blubbered and fussed about. Viola, who seems—so strange is the nature of woman—really to have cared for him, sat apart and wept, the doctors solemnly whispered to each other and occasionally felt the pulse. And English Smith, a gentleman of eminently respectable and essentially British appearance, with long mutton-chop whiskers, kept one eye on his client and the other on the money-chests. The next morning the will was opened. Nothing was left to Viola, nothing to his child, nothing to his chamberlains, nothing to the Prince Imperial—£40,000 went to Mr. Smith and the rest of his wealth, forests, domains, houses, jewels, money and securities to the city of Geneva. As soon as this was known, the heirs came forward like hungry sharks. Seven large boxes, containing his personal property, were at once removed, and the representative of the Republic actually ordered Viola to take some earrings out of her ears, as they formed a portion of the inheritance. Humanity would lead one to hope that a wealthy city which came in for such a windfall would provide for the poor woman and her child. But Governments have no souls. The Council of State declares that if one farthing were given to her its members, so soon as they have fulfilled their term of office, would be prosecuted by their fellow-citizens for defrauding them, and the Council of State think that their fellow-citizens would be right.

INTERESTING TO THE SMOKER.

At the International of London there is, in the East Ground Gallery, a very singular collection the pipes of all countries, both ancient and modern. A smoker will smile at the various odd designs. There are North American tomahawk pipes, pipes of peace, carved in wood, stone, jade, bone, ivory; do. from Vancouver Island. [illegible] Empire that smoke-loving people, [illegible] gourd-shaped [illegible] elaborately painted. But [illegible] China [illegible] metal, wood, stone, clay, [illegible] of exceeding [illegible]. But the most marvelous and unique collection is that lent by Mr. Bragge. At first one wonders at Mr Bragge's patience, taste and money expended in such a collection; and, secondly, we begin to see how unique a collection can be made by devoting [illegible] taste, patience and money to one object. First we see a collection of Chinese, Indian, French, and English *hookahs* and *hookah* bases, and earthenware hookah *chillums*; then of Persian, Turkish and Indian hookah bases; they are of all material, and many beautifully inlaid with silver and gold. Then follow a collection of Russian, Norwegian, and a curious assortment of old English clay pipes, twisted into every contortion, as if it were the owner's fancy that the smoke should thoroughly exhaust its nicotine ere it touched his palat[e]. [illegible] the collector, a series of Chinese pipes, and all the apparatus [illegible]. The whole is capped by a newly magnificent case of "snuff bottles" from China and Japan. There are carved and [illegible] out of the most valuable materials, such as jade, amber, agate, rock-crystal, soapstone, tortoise-shell, in enamel inlaid with silver and gold, etc. Connected with tobacco are, of course, the snuff-boxes, on which much art and taste were formerly expended. A snuff-box with a portrait or set in diamonds has always been considered a fitting royal present, and accordingly many beautifully-finished works are in existence. Of these Mr. G. Mitchell contributes a beautiful and valuable collection. In fine, tobacco in every form has not failed to find the most beautiful, costly and artistic vehicles for its consumption. There is a rhyme extant concerning a pipe, which, at the request of a lady, had been presented to her by her lover:

"May I, like the pipe you so kindly received,
Be pressed by thy lips so fair;
But let not my hopes, like the smoke from the weed,
All vanish away in the air."

St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street—Rev. Dr. Scott, Pastor. Public preaching of the Gospel Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. The public cordially invited. Subject of evening discourse—The astonishing success of the preaching of John the Baptizer.

The Juwaib of Constantinople notices as a singular coincidence that the Sultan of Turkey, the Shah of Persia, and the Viceroy of Egypt are of the same age, the three having been born in the year 1245 of the Hijrah, corresponding with the year A. D. 1830.

We have received from M. Gray, the music publisher, a new song of Stephen Massett's entitled "Happy as a King." Price 35 cents. Also a new song entitled "Ins and Outs Out," with music by Eastbrook, and words by Carlton, author of "*Farm Ballads*."

British Benevolent Society.—In our issue of the 4th current, it was stated that the regular monthly meeting would be held on the 13th inst., whereas it should have been on the 6th of October.

OUR GOOD DOG JACK.

I'm fond of that dog!
We l, I ought to be,
For he saved my life,
And is fond of me.
He knows what I am saying—
There—do you see—
He comes and puts
His paw on my knee!
I was took with the fever,
And down so low
I made up my mind
I had to go.
It was on the cards,
I hadn't no show;
It was—Pass in your chips,
And good-bye, Joe!
That's just where I was—
Played out, you may say,
For the doctor left,
When my chum run away;
Doctors in them days
Went for their pay,
I lay there alone—
Not a man would stay!
Only my dog,
Who sat by my bed,
Just where I could see him,
And pat his head.

He felt what I suffered,
Knew what I said,
And wouldn't believe
I was a most dead!
Day after day,
And night after night,
He sat by my bedside,
Always in sight;
He seemed to know
That my head was light;
He wouldn't lie down,
And the dog was right!
I felt if he did—
And I think so still—
I should lose my grip—
He was my will!
He put out the fever,
Broke up the chill—
Was some thing to me
Death couldn't kill!
I lead a rough life,
I get and I spend,
Pay what I borrow,
Lose what I lend;
I loved a woman—
It came to an end;
Get a good dog, sir,
You have a friend! —*Aldine.*

THE TOWERS OF SILENCE

On the northeast crest of Malabar Hill are situated the famous Towers of Silence. There are two approaches to the extensive tract of ground on which they are built. From the Gowalia Tank road towards the north a winding road of recent construction leads to the gateway at the top, on which is an inscription that none but Parsees may enter there. This prohibition was rendered necessary, it is said, by the unseemly and inconsiderate conduct of those who used formerly to be admitted within the inclosure. The gateway is also reached by a sort of giant staircase, half a mile long, which starting from the Gaumdevi road close to Back Bay, comes almost straight up the hill. Both approaches are striking and picturesque. The visitor who has obtained permission to enter, and the notice at the entrance, will find, on passing the portals, that he is in a kind of small court-yard from which he can only advance by mounting some half-dozen steps. On the right is the Sugree, a low stone building open on all sides, in which prayers are offered for the dead. The chief object of having the court-yard lower than the level on which the Sugree is built is to prevent the ceremonies from being profaned by the gaze of unbelieving eyes. When the mourners are numerous they group themselves around the building, and from this point, open they can, of course, see all that goes on within, and take part in the prayers. The dead, it should be mentioned, are never taken within the Sugree. Between the Sugree and the garden is a large and handsome building with arched roof, designed to supersede the present Sugree, which is found to be inconveniently small. Passing this new erection we enter a beautiful garden ablaze with flowers, amongst which roses are conspicuous. Along the walks are iron garden seats of elegant structure and European make. Here the relatives of the dead rest after the toilsome ascent of the basalt staircase, and on subsequent occasions come to pray. Beyond the garden, on the undulating summit of the hill looking towards Malabar Point, is the park-like grass-covered tract in which, at irregular intervals, are the Towers of Silence where the dead are laid. The Towers, of which there are six, are round, and on an average from thirty to forty feet high, and about as much in diameter; one or two are, perhaps, higher. They are solidly built of stone, the walls being some three feet thick, and they are all colored white. There is no window, and only one door, covering a small aperture about a third of the way up. To this aperture access is obtained by a narrow stone causeway, up which the dead and the bier-bearers alone may venture. So sacred are the towers that none except the bearers who are set apart for the purpose may approach within thirty paces of them. Inside, on the rock pavement, spaces are marked out on which the dead are placed to await the vultures, and pathways are marked out for the bearers to walk upon without defiling the place where their unconscious burdens are to rest.

When a Parsee dies his soul goes to heaven, but his body must not be tainted by corruption. Therefore it is at once washed and purified, and if there be yet time it is at once carried to the towers before sundown. If death takes place, however, after, say three o'clock, when there would not be time to gain the towers and pray becomingly before dark, the body is kept till the early morning. Having been rendered undefiled, it is clothed in white and prayers are offered at the house by the family and friends. None may henceforth touch it. It is pure and must so remain. The women of the family take a last look, and the [illegible] on which it has been placed being covered with a white cloth, it is carried by the bearers to the hill. No vehicle can on any account be used; no one must even follow in a vehicle; the whole journey, no matter what the distance, must be made on foot. All who form part of the *cortège* must have been washed and purified and clothed in white, and to touch any one would be to become defiled. The women, in some cases, wear mourning (black) but the men never. No woman attends a funeral; the female relatives of the dead always remain at home on that day, but they may, and do, go afterwards to the garden near the towers to pray.

Carrying the body and following it in procession holding scarfs passed from one side to the other, those forming the *cortège* wend their way slowly to the foot of the steps leading to the top of the Malabar Hill. Laboriously ascending these, they reach the crest in a quarter of an hour, and the priests go through the sacred ceremonies in the Sugree. Some Parsees consider that the prayers thus rendered have the effect of averting all decomposition or other defilement; but this view is not universally entertained. When the prayers are over, and those who have come the long and weary journey are somewhat rested, the body is borne to the foot of the causeway leading to the door of one of the towers. Here the face is uncovered, so that all may take a last lingering look; it is covered again, and the form disappears into the Tower.

Were there not serious misconceptions to be removed we would not seek further to penetrate these mysteries, but, as stories in which there is more of horror than of fact are rife amongst those who know absolutely nothing of what really takes place, it is better that the truth should be fully told. The towers are scattered over a large and park-like inclosure, secluded by its elevation from every eye. Outside the lofty wall which encircles the whole space there are hundreds of acres of land, partially cultivated, which the Parsees own, and which while in their possession, they have carefully kept as a sort of neutral territory between the domain of outsiders' bungalows and that of the towers. What goes on inside, therefore, no one can see, and of course, no one need be offended at it. It is the imagination alone that is shocked, and it is the more easily excited from being quite uninformed of what really happens. What happens is this: some fifty vultures make their abode in the lofty palms within the inclosure, and when the dead is deposited in the towers, they swoop down and do not rise again until all the flesh has disappeared. In a few hours none of the body remains except the bones. Those who retail stories about fragments of human bodies being taken up by the vultures and carried outside the park and the surrounding neutral belt, and then being dropped on the roads, are ignorant of the habits of these jackals of the air. On the American pampas, when they alight upon their *carrion* they are so loth to quit the spot that they are eventually unable to fly from it on the approach of horsemen, who find no difficulty in knocking them over with their whips. Within the towers, they are secluded from all disturbance, and those who have watched for the purpose have never seen them come to the top with any substance whatever. It is only when all is over that they come to the summit of the towers, where they remain for hours without moving. Then they take their heavy flight to the palms around; seldom, indeed, do they go beyond the trees in the rough ground outside the vast compound. There is nothing of a sacred character ascribed to these useful but obscene birds. They are regarded simply as a means of preventing decomposition, and in accomplishing that task they perfectly succeed. The consequence is, that the grounds about the Towers of Silence have nothing of the hideousness of the charnel-house. There is nothing obnoxious to health, there is not the faintest odor of death to mingle with the perfume of the roses blooming around. —*Indian Times.*

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABEL, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with powers of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc.; and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be had of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Joyce's Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps, Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges, for Pin Fire and Central-fire Breech-loading Guns, Wire Cartridges for killing game at long distances; and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, 57 Upper Thames street, London. Sept. 1.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicines. Preparations, including the following specialties, Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion, in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatine, in powder and Pancreatic emulsion, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thompson & Co.; Bombay and Peshawah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Madras, Messrs. Badgett & Hughes; Umballa and Mian Meer, and Lucknow, the Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne's CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell has communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the Medical Board. "So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To protect fraud the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d. by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK—J. ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Frank[illegible] street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them; anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In Leg and Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black, Puce. Sold in bottles at [illegible]. Large bottles, [illegible] of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of the Dye will dye twelve yards of bonnet ribbon. "ASK THAT YOU GET JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S [illegible]. KEATING'S WORM TABLETS are [illegible] sweetmeat, forming a simple and [illegible] remedy for intestinal worms; a well-known remedy [illegible]. THOS. KEATING, London, Chemist and Druggist. [illegible] Pure Drugs and [illegible] executed. June 22. Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & CO., corner Battery and Clay sts., San Francisco.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is on every capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the only Patentee and Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES, 1, Wharf Road, City Road, LONDON, and BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, [illegible] purchaser and consumer [illegible] identify the genuine [illegible] the vessel to which it is applied. The [illegible] that they are very valuable in protecting the wine [illegible]. Manufactories—1, Wharf Road, City Road, LONDON, and BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

MARAVILLA COCOA

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the exclusive supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially high delicious flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and Dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 10.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE. THE NEWS LETTER is REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W. I.—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
BADEN-BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande.
WEISBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de l'Archiduc d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Daniell's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURGH.—Hotel Demouth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel. London B. Langham Hotel, Port and Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST. LEONARDS-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel. (Tintern Abbey, 5 m. —)
DUBLIN.—The Hibernian Hotel, Shelbourn Hotel.
EDINBURGH.—Duo [illegible] Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel.
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. Brown, Manager.
OTTAWA.—Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, E. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC.—Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House. Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hester, Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Fillberto.
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cocorane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Banos de Cousina, Hotel Santia, o.
RIO DE JAN.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—Albion Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phœnix Hotel.
TAHITI.—Fau, Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

BETWEEN THE DANCES.

Deep night! This night is worthy of you, Sweet,
So many stars it has! A soft wind woos
The aspens trembling o'er the garden seat,
And murmuring such low tones as lovers use.
It breathes along the flowers, and slumbering spices
Are blown abroad beyond the gilded spears
Which crest the gates. How coyly it entices
The wind-harp into strains which sound like tears
Changed by a charm to music! Love, it seems
That you and Night are sisters, both so pure,
So beautiful, so made to love and lure,
So full of music, murmurs, odors, beams,
Both queens of dreams divine and starred repose
Which day nor man less heaven-encompassed knows!

"If there is one thing I do like it is a dinner well cooked," said Notabilium, clattering his knife viciously on the dish which bore the remains of a most frightfully cooked joint. "Here is this *thing*," he continued, driving his fork into the charred leg of mutton, "burnt to a cinder on the *outside* and perfectly raw inside. It's positively disgraceful!" "Well," sobbed Mrs. N., "it's all—all—all the fault of that stupid old—old—old range. Get me a De la Montanya Union Range and you'll get your dinner and eve-everything else beau-oo-oo-tifully cooked." The superior animal pondered, bought a Union Range the next day, and the two Notabilia are the conjugal model of the neighborhood.

A wretch has started the malicious report that London contains two thousand poets. There is some cholera in the metropolis, and there may be a few cases of small-pox at the East-end; but we indignantly deny that we are suffering from such an attack of poets. On the contrary, the city is unusually healthy.—*Hornet.*

Eberhart & Lachman,
You're the boys for me!
Do not turn your back man,
Join our quiet spree.

Eberhart & Lachman,
Press your Native Wine!
Another dozen crack man,
This is drink divine!

A wealthy farmer of Fulton has this notice posted up in his field: "If any man or woman's cows or oxen gits in these air oats, his or her tail will be cut off, as the case may be. A man eye am, and pay mi taxes, but confoosilation to a man who lets his critters run loose sai eye."

Lord Lovell he stood at his castle gate,
A-combing his milk-white steed,
When up came Lady Nancy Bel,
A wishing her lover good speed.

"O Lovey," she cried, a-wringing her hands,
"Look me in the face no more,
Unless you use that sweet harness we bought
At Main & Winchester's store!"

A physician, on presenting his bill to the executor of an estate of a deceased patient, asked, "Do you wish to have my bill sworn?" "No," replied the executor, "the death of the deceased is sufficient evidence that you attended him professionally."

"What have you there, my pretty maid?"
"A cabinet portrait, sir," she said.
"Where was it taken, my pretty maid?"
"At Bradley & Rulofson's, sir," she said.

"Why, it makes you divine, my pretty maid."
"Some say I'm that now, sir," she said.
"Both cannot be equaled, my pretty maid."
"All the world says that, sir," she said.

Some publishers of periodicals publish on white paper, some on blue, and some on yellow. A large portion of the political papers should, by all means, be of a color that won't show dirt.

Mine be a cot beside a hill,
With roses neath the window sill,
With a babbling song from the neighboring rill,
And furniture by Cole.

A pleasant, comely, useful wife,
No thought of care, no cloud of strife,
Whose care for me is all her life,
And furniture by Cole.

There are two sorts of cats. We doubt the truth of the common saying that one of them has nine lives, but many a poor fellow's back can attest that the other has nine tails.

I have found out a gift for my love,
A gift that will please her, I'm sure,
Not that she needs any by the
Her one to this love is a cure.

But this is a present which no love
Will refuse, no not even mine,
'Tis a case of that heavenly nectar
Known on earth as the true Gerke Wine.

Tipkins aroused his wife from a sound sleep the other night, saying he had seen a ghost in the shape of an ass. "Oh, let me sleep," was the reply of the rude dame, "and don't be frightened at your own shadow."

Houseworth catches fleeting sunbeams
'Ere they die, as dies the day,
And like such-time magicians,
Will not let them fade away.

Till the prisoned, quivering sunbeam
Flash an instant on each face,
And a photograph is taken,
Full of tender light and grace.

It is an unhappy thought that necessity, which knows no law, should support so many lawyers. It is an unhappy thought that our hotels on the European plan should be so unlike anything in Europe.

To cheer your drooping spirits,
To give your stomach tone,
To keep you well and healthy,
One thing stands first, alone.

'Tis that supreme decoction
(Sold by all except the quacks),
The new "Elixir Vitæ,"
The Bitters "Ppalax."

It is an unhappy thought that so many people should be masters of tongues except their own. It is an unhappy thought that mosquitoes will sing as well as sting.

Muller's spectacles are marvelous in their power and clearness. "Helps to read, and," as 'a squatter,' they fulfil to the old, the promise that "At eventide there shall be light."

"Tell me," said an unpolished but enthusiastic teetotal lecturer, "what will whip water?" A voice promptly lashed out from the audience, "A fly-rod!"

There's no such host in all the world, As the model host of the San Bruno Road,
From Washington to Nanking, Whose name is Harry Blanken.

A clergyman said, the other day, that modern young ladies were not daughters of Shem and Ham, but daughters of Hem and Sham, compounds of plain sewing and make-believe.

Throat Affections and Hoarseness.—All suffering from irritation of the throat and hoarseness will be agreeably surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches."

What is the difference between a porcelain timepiece and an alligator?—One is a crockery dial, and the other a crocodile.

One of the sweetest and most affecting of old English ballads is that of "Ben Bolt," and the verse that strikes a common chord in the hearts of all of us, is that in which the memory of the long-past school days is so touchingly invoked. But, how wonderfully greater will be the pathetic remembrances of the school boys of to-day who use the perfect school furniture of Messrs. Gilbert & Moore. Every desk a miracle of compact neatness, every seat one of comfort, tasks become a pleasure, and the minutes of recreation an interruption to hours of care.

A medical writer says the healthiest position to lay in is with the head to the North. People who own hens should bear this fact in mind.

"See Florence and die," rapturously exclaimed the swart Italian, shaking the black, clustering curls from his mosquito-bitten forehead, and rolling a Chinese cigarette between his rather dirty fingers. "Git out!" said his free-born companion, altering the rotundity of his cheeks by shifting his quid to a position under his sixth molar, left hand side, "seeing Florence and dying is stuff and nonsense. Go to the Saddle Rock, eat some of the splendidest oysters you ever see, and *live* happily eternally say I!" And so say all of us.

Theatrical lighting is perhaps the only thing that wears a genuine look when it has a flash appearance.

Gough, the celebrated temperance lecturer, and all the lesser spouters of that ilk, make the one great cardinal mistake in their ranting against thirst-quenching, of confounding drinking with drunkenness. How to drink and what to drink are the two questions. To the first there is of course but one answer—moderately. To the latter we answer unhesitatingly: drink the pure Cutter whisky, supplied by friend Hotaling, and pleasure and sobriety will attend you hand in hand like guardian *spirits*.

Though an honest merchant is a plain dealer, a carpenter is a deal planer.

The Golden Gate Park Committee of course deserve great praise for the most commendable manner in which they have discharged the trust committed to their care; but what shall we say of the Mangenberge, who, at the Villa, dispense to all visitors to the Park their hospitality in that perfect style which is only found on the Pacific Coast? We say let them flourish like a green bay tree, and may their shadow never grow less!

Query.—What relation to the pump is the pumpkin?

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR (* Sundays excepted.)	CLOSE A. M.	CLOSE P. M.	ARRIVE A. M.	ARRIVE P. M.
Alameda *	6 30			9 [illegible]
Antioch, Black Diamond, etc. *		1 40		12 40
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C. P. R. R. Co.'s steamers) *		3 45		9 0
Cloverdale and Coast Points *		2 15	9 [illegible]	
Eureka *		1 [illegible]	12 [illegible]	
Napa Route via Vallejo *		3 40	12 [illegible]	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 30			9 [illegible]
Oakland	6 30	3 40		[illegible]
Overland	6 30			9 [illegible]
Petaluma and Coast Points *		[illegible] 15		12 [illegible]
Sacramento via Vallejo	[illegible] 15	3 45		[illegible]
San Rafael *	9 [illegible]		9 [illegible]	[illegible]
San Jose	[illegible]	4 10	9 [illegible]	6 [illegible]
Southern California and Arizona *	[illegible]			[illegible]
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3 45	1 0	5 [illegible]
Vallejo and Benicia	7 15	3 45	12 40	5 0
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County *		3 45		3 [illegible]
Great Britain, Monday and Thursday		9 0		

MAILS DISPATCHED by ocean-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6.30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays. N. H. STONE, P. M.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes, fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also residence lots beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands by railroad the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec 24.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE
ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all general Matters bearing upon the interests of the Pacific Coast. The above collection of General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 1,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to the 100,000 visitors. All orders for these attractive and unique placards will be received at the office of the Company, 605 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 1st. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.
California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 605 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).

412 California st., San Francisco.—London Office, 3 Angel Court; New York Agents, J. W. Seligman & Co., 21 Broad street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000. Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange and Bullion, loan Money, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world. Oct. 4.
F. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, } Managers.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.

San Francisco, October 1, 1873.—Proclamation for the Election of a Police Judge at the Judicial Election. Public notice is hereby given that a Judicial Election in and for the City and County of San Francisco will be held on WEDNESDAY, October 15, 1873. And the qualified electors of said City and County are hereby called to meet at their respective Election Precincts for the purpose of electing a Police Judge at said Election.
[SEAL.] WM. ALVORD, Mayor. Oct. 4.

R. S. CLYDE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.—Entrance to Office, 623 Clay st., and 625 Merchant street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco. [Oct 4.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street, over Bank of California. Nov 15.

COURT CHAT.

On September 15th, Her Majesty, accompanied by Princess Beatrice, drove to Glenfinnan, the place where Prince Charlie first raised the standard of revolt in 1745. At the tower which is erected upon the spot where the ensign was unfurled by the Marquis of Tullibardine, Mr. John A. Macdonald, of Glenaladale, had the honor of showing Her Majesty several interesting relics of the young Chevalier, among those were a silver snuff-box given by Prince Charlie to Mr Macdonald's great grandfather on the night he left Scotland for ever, the gold watch of the Prince, and a ring in which was a lock of the Prince's hair, and an interesting letter which has never been before published, in the hand writing of Prince Charlie. It is as follows:— "Kinloch, August ye 14, 1745—Being coming to this country with a few resolutions to assist the King my father's right, I think it proper to inform you of it, having always heard such an account of your loyalty and principles that I think I have just reason to depend on them. I intend to set up the King's standard at Glenfinnan on Monday ye 19th instant. Since the time is so short I cannot expect your presence there, but I hope you will not fail to join me as soon as possible. You need not doubt to my being always ready to acknowledge so important a service and give you proofs of my sincere friendship.—CHARLES, P. R."

A statue of Nelson, modeled by Lord Clarence Paget, which has been erected on a rock in the Menai Straits, was unveiled on September 4th. It is ten feet high, and stands on a pedestal twenty feet in hight, immediately below his lordship's park (Plas Llanfair), and is intended to serve as a memorial to Nelson (the only one in Wales) and a landmark to guide vessels from certain dangerous rocks. The day before the ceremony the Straits in the immediate neighborhood of the statue were occupied by numerous gay yachts, the Admiralty surveying vessel, and other craft, in readiness for the unveiling. About 150 of the nobility and gentry of Wales were invited to a sumptuous luncheon by Lord and Lady Clarence Paget. The Lord Lieutenant, who presided, called on Lady Clarence to unveil the statue, which was gracefully performed. Lord Clarence then gave an interesting account of the work performed, and Sir Llewelyn Turner, as Commodore of the Royal Welsh Yacht Club and chairman of the Harbor Trustees having jurisdiction in those waters, thanked Lord Clarence in the name of the maritime community for the valuable landmark he had put up, which, he remarked, would serve to remind passing mariners of the immortal Nelson. The Admiralty having recently surveyed the Menai Straits, the statue has been placed on the new charts as a valuable guide to sailors.

The jewels and precious stones left by the Duke of Brunswick have been valued by MM Rossel, Baute and David, two of the first Geneva Jewelers, as scarcely worth more than £[illegible]. The jewels, which took the two experts four days to examine and value, were contained in a wadded coffer case, and are fixed and arranged in order: brooches, buttons, rings, etc. None of an exceptional value have been discovered. The richest diamond is estimated at 65,000 francs, another at 30,000 francs, but many are not worth more than 1,000 francs. The yellow-tinted Cape diamonds abound in the collection, mounted or isolated. A pair of epaulettes and a hatband, sparkling with brilliants, would be of immense value if these latter were of pure water. A very fine black diamond, rather fitted for a museum or collection than for wear, was set down at a high figure, but of course will only sell to an amateur who can appreciate its worth. There is also a statuette in rubies, over three inches high; the stones are not quite pure, but the work of art itself is of exquisite taste.

It is not often that a professional man has the opportunity, or perhaps feels equal to the effort, of returning fees of [illegible] twice in the course of the same year. It is understood, however, that this has occurred with Sir Henry Thompson this year. The first occasion was in connection with the illness of the Emperor Napoleon III, when Sir Henry, in the most delicate and kindly manner, returned half of his fee of 2,000 guineas, and the second is an instance yet more highly honorable to professional delicacy. Called to the bedside of a wealthy friend in the Highlands, near whose shooting-lodge he was passing his vacation, he spent nine days in anxious attendance. At the end a cheque for a thousand guineas was handed to him, but was firmly declined, on the ground that the attendance was given to a friend and during a holiday.

Mr. Lowe has already made himself felt at the Home Office, and in a way, too, that will give general satisfaction. A few weeks since, we were enabled to state that he contemplated abolishing the system of patronage, which had been hitherto rigorously maintained by his predecessor, Mr. Bruce, and now we have the satisfaction of stating that the numerous and valuable appointments in the Home Office and its subordinate departments are open to public competition. The Foreign Office is at present the only important branch of the service which is closed against the public at large, and into which merit unaided by political or social influence cannot force its way.—*Civilian.*

A second time is Castelar called to the head of affairs. If integrity and character, if glowing enthusiasm and unshaken belief in the future of his fatherland—that fatherland so [illegible] distracted—should effect its salvation, who, then, would be more famous than Castelar, and who would more deserve to be blessed by millions in tears of thankfulness?

The bridecake which is to adorn the Royal breakfast-table on the occasion of the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh with the Grand Duchess Maria is described as a *chef d'œuvre* of the confectioner's art. It towers to the hight of 7 ft. 6 in., and weighs upwards of 230 pounds. It is in six tiers, and resembles the famous porcelain tower at Nankin.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Tuesday, September 30th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily), Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) to Stockton only, connecting at Lathrop with Express Train for Merced, Visalia, Delano and Los Angeles.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND AND ALAMEDA FERRY.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO ALAMEDA—"Daily"—7:00, 8:00, 9:00 and 10 A. M., 12:00, 4:00, [illegible] and 10.30 P. M. "Sundays only" [illegible] A. M., and [illegible] P. M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO FRUIT VALE—"Daily, except Sundays"—7:00, 9:00 and 10:00 A. M.; 5:00 and 12:30 P. M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO BROOKLYN—"Daily"—[illegible] and 2 P. M. "Daily, except Sundays" [illegible] A. M. and [illegible] P. M. "Sundays only"—[illegible] A. M., and 12:0[illegible] P. M.

FROM BROOKLYN TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily"—[illegible] A. M. [illegible] "Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible] A. M. "Sundays only" [illegible]

FROM ALAMEDA TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily"—[illegible] "Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible] "Sundays only" [illegible]

FROM FRUIT VALE TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible] A. M., [illegible] P. M.

☞ All Trains stop at "Broadway Station," Oakland.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—				
San Francisco		8:40 a m	*3.30 p m	†4 45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5 30 p m	7 00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Castroville	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Soledad	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	[illegible] p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave—				
Tres Pinos				[illegible] a m
Hollister				[illegible] a m
Soledad				[illegible] a m
Salinas				11 [illegible] a m
Castroville				[illegible] a m
Pajaro				12 30 p m
Gilroy				[illegible] p m
San Jose		†6.[illegible] a m	7 0 a m	[illegible] p m
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	5 30 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at [illegible] A M. Returning, will leave San Jose at [illegible] p m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at [illegible] a m arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at [illegible] p m arrive at San Francisco at 11:30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
T. H. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April [illegible], the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] A. M. and [illegible] P. M. [illegible] at 5:30 and [illegible] P. M. [illegible] On Saturdays, from Saucelito at [illegible] A. M. [illegible] San Francisco at [illegible] P. M. On Mondays, leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] A. M. SUNDAY TIME—Leave San Francisco [illegible] and [illegible] P. M. Leave Saucelito [illegible] A. M., 1, and 5 P. M. [illegible], President.
April 12. [illegible] Montgomery street.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February [illegible], 1872, the favorite steamer [illegible], Captain J. T. McK[illegible], will, in connection with the San Rafael Railroad, make trips as follows: San Francisco [illegible] A. M., [illegible] P. M. Leave San Rafael [illegible] A. M., [illegible] P. M. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAYS as follows: Leaving San Francisco at [illegible] A. M. [illegible] P. M. San Rafael [illegible]
W. H. TAYLOR, President.
[illegible]

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, Rockaways, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Robes, Whips, Lamps, [illegible], Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood [illegible] Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body finishings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, hearses, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of the kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned timber on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company [illegible] the Wood [illegible] Spring and the Steel [illegible] Axle, and the Steel [illegible] Plate will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 29.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours. Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, W. [illegible] Warner, Captain, having been fitted up for the accommodation of passengers, will run as follows: Leave [illegible] wharf daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible] P. M. Returning, leave Petaluma at [illegible] A. M., connecting at Petaluma with stage for Bodega and Healdsburg. W. H. TAYLOR, President.
Aug 24. [illegible] Co.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills are celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other irregularities to which the female frame is liable, especially those which arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should observe that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has the name of KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s 9d per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, [illegible], or any roughness of the skin. [illegible] Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS, 150 Oxford st., London.
Feb 28.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Druggists' Sundries, Paints, Perfumery, [illegible] Oils, [illegible] Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, [illegible] the above forwarded [illegible]
HOBOONE, [illegible] & SQUIRE, [illegible], London.
July 11.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The [illegible] Sauce [illegible] able, warming and [illegible] Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is [illegible] Nov 25.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, [illegible] and Dealers in all kinds of [illegible] Sundries and [illegible] Warehouses 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London. [illegible] Trade [illegible] Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

L. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors: L. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. B. [illegible], J. C. Penney, E. M. [illegible] and H. Trask, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. Meher, [illegible] Langton, J. T. Penney, [illegible] Anton Meyer. HARNEY & BROWN, Agents. Office, [illegible] Montgomery street, next to Bulletin [illegible] Jan 14.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances [illegible]
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive, For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM
March 2. [illegible] Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Build'g
JUSTICES' COURT—Montgomery st.
COUNTY COURT—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
THIRD DISTRICT—Mechanics Institute Building.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—313 Montgomery street.
NINETEENTH DISTRICT—Dexter's building, Kearny, east of [illegible].
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATTY—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—430 California street.
CITY PHYSICIAN—Coun'ty Hospital.
CORONER—[illegible] Clay street.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—[illegible] Merchants' Exchange.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
COMMISSARY YARD—Sacramento street, near Davis.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City H.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT. OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place.
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT. PUB. SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSE—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 14, City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—[illegible] Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
RECORDER—City Hall.
HEALTH OFFICE—Library at Chief of Police, City Hall.
POUND KEEPER—[illegible] street, bet [illegible]
QUARANTINE—[illegible] Jackson st.
HARBOR MASTER—Corner Pacific and East.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street; Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 9, Cannon street; Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., [illegible] are, Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Waldock, Secretary; Singapore [illegible] Co., [illegible] Mary Axe, [illegible] Secretary; [illegible] Saw Mills [illegible], Armstrong [illegible] street, Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co. [illegible] Singapore [illegible] Saw Mills [illegible] Stephens & Co. agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane; Aims Dock Co., John Peek, agent, Lime-st. Square; Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co. agents, [illegible] Philpot Lane; Shanghai [illegible] Cornhill, [illegible] Secretary; Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co. agents, [illegible] Union Insurance Co. [illegible] Dent, Palmer & Co. agents, [illegible] Yard; [illegible] Hongkong Insurance Co. [illegible] & Co. agents, [illegible] Friars; China Traders Insurance Co., Hongkong [illegible] & Co. agents, [illegible] Great St. Helen's; China and Japan Marine Insurance Co. [illegible] Armstrong Yard, Moorgate st.; Ceylon Co., Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad st. [illegible] Martin Manager; [illegible] Worinaggart, [illegible] & Co. agents, 31 Great St. Helens. BANKS: Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street; [illegible] Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Old Broad street, [illegible] General Manager; [illegible] de Paris, [illegible] Lombard street; Deutsche Bank, [illegible] Gesellschaft [illegible] Provincial Bank of England, [illegible] street; [illegible] Bank of India, [illegible] Union Bank of London, [illegible]; Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager; [illegible] National Bank of India, [illegible] Manager; [illegible] King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ [illegible] inserted in the above list [illegible] inserted if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending October 4, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, September 29th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
O F Cemetery As'n to J Catanla	Lot 6, Hope Sect plat 3	$ 51
A H Cushing to M E Cushing	Und ½ lot 5, blk 14, Market st H'd	Gift
F Spreckles to M E H Dempster	13th w Howard, s 25 3, n 26 9 etc	...
C J Dempster to Peter Spreckles	13th w Howard, s 23:3, s 65:11¾, etc	...
Harrison St H'd As'n to S Levy	Lot 60, Harrison St H'd	800
Silver Terrace H'd As'n to same	Lots 228 and 229, Silver Terrace H'd	991
Lewis Goodwin to S and L Soc'y.	23d e Guerrero, 228x50; also, 24th and Guerrero, n 233, e 218.3, etc; also, Elizabeth e Guerrero, 91:6x61:8; also, 23d e Guerrero, s 114, etc; also, Elizabeth e Guerrero, 114x50	1
Margaret Felborn to Nora Carl	Lot 240, Gift Map No 1	100

Tuesday, September 30th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Mark Pixley to Albert Folsom	Lot 12 blk 403, S S F H'd	$ 700
David Wight to Henry Winkelman	Perry sw 3d, 25x80	3,000
Titus Densslog to E A Richardson.	18th e Noe, 25x114	1
University Hd Assn to N Smith	Lot 8 blk 113, Univ'ty H'd	815
N Smith to Geo W Frink	Same	75
Thomas E Smith to Wm Sharon	Tyler and Leav'th, 137 6x92 6	20,000
D Wm Booth to Same	Polk and Tyler, 137 6x137 6	20,000
Wm Eccles to A F Gomez	Nebraska s 5 ctrs, 73 1x100	700
Patk Lannan to Henry Proll	Larkin and Clay, 100x27:9	2,400
Geo W Frink to Geo Hearst	Por blk 831, Outside Lands	1
Silver Ter Hd Assn to P Hellrick.	Lots 169 and 170, Silver Terrace H'd	951
Wm Tynan to Wm J Harney	Gough w Oak, 25x75	2,200
Wm J Harney to Margaret Harney	Same	Gift
Samuel M Wilson to C T Ryland	Blks 166, 167 and 168, Potrero Nuevo	5
Same to Bartlett Doe	Blk 168, Potrero Nuevo	2,500
D G M[illegible] to Same	Same	468
Saml M Wilson to Same	Blocks 166, 167, 168	5

Wednesday, October 1st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
John Agnew to Mas Sav and L Bk	Dore nw Bryant 60x80	$1,161
M Cannavan to Same	Kearney and Lombard, 137·6x137 6	10,674
John Agnew to Same	Jessie sw 6th, 50x75	4,617
R B Dailam to Thos Stealey	17th and Guerrero, 180x193 6	200
Thos Stealey to Andrew J Dunison	Guerrero s 17th, 30x[illegible]	3,000
Chas H Mead to Horatio N Cook	Pennsylvania av n Mariposa, 75x100	2,400
Geo Ellis to John Hayes	Devisadero n Geary, 25x75	700
Sil Ter Hd Assn to H Kirchheimer.	Lots 312 and 243, Silver Terrace H'd.	631
Same to Same	Lot 159, same	756
Same to Same	Lots 175 and 176, same	701
Same to Bridget McGillicuddy	Lots 195 and 196, same	781
Christian Kirk to L H Sweeney	Taylor n Clay, 130x20; also, and ½ Taylor n Clay, 6x130	5,250
V D Moody to W S Hobart	Sutter e Taylor, 22 11x81 8	7,100
P J C Lavillan to Patrick Larman	Clay and Larkin, 1 0x27 3	60
Thos O'Connor to Robert Stein	O'Farrell and Hyde, 87:6x25	9,000
David L Whitney to Giles H Gray.	Lots 3 to 7 inc blk 3; 1 2 3 4 5 blk 10, West End Map 1	5
Giles H Gray to Peter G Partridge.	Same	5

Thursday, October 2d.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Thos O'Brien to Jas B McGowan.	Tehama e 3d, 25x80	$3,000
E G Bidleman to D V B Henarie	Stockton and North Pt St, 137 5x137 6	1
G Dougherty to Sav and Loan Soc	Bay and Jones, 137:6x137 6, also, Bay e Leavenworth, 68:9x137 6	4,200
H B Forester to C D Vaughan	Pine w Hyde, 19:7½x137·6	3,000
Jos A Hofmann to E W Burr	Lot 35, Spring Valley H'd	700
Wm Scholle to John Hall day	Stanton nw F[illegible]som, 25x80	7,750
Alpheus M Stetson to A S Edwards	Sac'to w Taylor, 23x120	100
A S Edwards to Francis Bernetzky	Same	100
Conrad Stolz to Daniel Powell	Mission sw 2d, sw 30:4, nw 60, etc	15,000
Bay Park Hd to J P Bush	Lots 27 and 28, blk 553, Bay Park H'd	731
Abraham Levy to Adolph Shrick	Hayes w Buchanan, 50x120	4,500
Chas Wilson to Ferdinand Reis	Serpentine w 150 and Hayes, 22:11, etc	1
Leopold Jacobi to Alex Weil	Mission e 10th av, 1[illegible]x1[illegible]; also, Clipper sw Dolores, 5x[illegible]	
Hugh D Menton to Ed Barrett	Sw Minna 100 sw 7th, 2[illegible]x80	1,750
Same to Patrick Powers	Sw Minna 125 sw 7th, 25x80	1,750
J Mears to Mary Mc rath	Stockton n Lombard, 25x37 6	5
Lydia F Welton to Wm H Mead	[illegible] Buchanan, 65 9x137 6	1
E S Welton to Same	Same	1

Friday, October 3d.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Wm J Richards [illegible] to Mary A Irvin	[illegible] e Ellis, 25x80	$ 500
Eliza K McCandless to S L Johnson	Lot 6 blk 15, Excelsior H d	5
S J Johnson to David Barry, Jr.	Same	180
Geo A Gates to Rinaldo Filippini.	Und ½ 60-vara lot 4, in blk 277, W A	443
J B Nent[illegible] to Pierre Darlel	Lot 9 blk 78, G[illegible] City H d, also, Sadowa w Marengo, 25x123	500
Sil Ter Hd Assn to Eliz Crowley	Lot 475, Silver Terrace H'd	450
John M Murphy to J Grollman	Stockton s Filbert, 25:6x137:6, to correct error in former deed	5
Pt Lobos Av Hd Assn to N Cotter	Lot 21 blk 641, Pt Lobos Av H d	300
John Thompson to C J Flatt	Natoma ne 7th, 25x75	
Geary St E H Assn to J T McDonald	Lots 10 and 11, blk 251, Geary St Ex H d	700
Same to William H Brown	Lots 11 and 17, blk 251, same	700
L Moneypennle to C Montgomery.	Columbia and 25th, 90x100	1,500
C Moneypennie to E Moneypennie	Lots 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 101 to 104 inc, Holladay Map A	
John Apel to Feargus Honson	Fillmore and Cal'a, 67 6x27	1,500
Antoine Borel to John Apel	Same	1,500

Saturday, October 4th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
M Eagan to Henry L Nachryall	Tyler w Polk, 5x120	$ 750
Mary K Fales to Edward Fales	Lot bd by 17th, Noe, 18th and Castro	1
J [illegible] H Tarney to John Satchwel	Mission sw 7th, 25x100	5,500
A McCreery to Jos S Friedman	Broderick and Fulton, 137 6x275	10
Charles H Killey to P B Nagle	Pacific Ave Webster, 117x30	4,800
John H Watson to H W Carpenter	Int in Rancho Laguna de la Merced	
Frederick William to L Gottig	Post w Mason, 50x87 6; also blks [illegible] and [illegible], University Mound Survey	13,000
C M Gerlichten to Myer Ehrman.	Van Ness Av s Tyler, 48x109	15,500
Andrew Young to B Sarle	9th nw Harrison, 25x100	3,000
James Cosgrove to Chas Hacker	Chattanooga e 21st, 25x75	600
Silver Ter Hd Assn to G Strasser.	Lot 101 to 109 inc, Silver Terrace H'd	1,300
H P Blanchard to P S Wensigner	Kimball n Sac'to, 37:6x78:11; also, Sacramento and Leav'th, 137 6x50	11,152

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies:

Girard, of Philadelphia	$ [illegible]	Penn, of Philadelphia	$250,000
Amazon, of Cincinnati	1,[illegible]	Kansas, of Leavenworth	220,000
North Missouri, of St. Louis	1,2[illegible]	Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago	250,000
St. Paul, of Minnesota	[illegible]	National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	1,225,000
Mutual Insurance Association, of New Orleans	1,4[illegible]		

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.
HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents.
August 9. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital $750,000. OFFICERS.—John H. Redington, President; George H. Howard, Vice-President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; N. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary. H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS.—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Grogan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, H. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. F. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, D. [illegible], L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, L. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. J. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Weltzar, Julius Weltzar, Manager, J. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, T. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, S. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. F. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security! DIRECTORS—SAN FRANCISCO—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, George C. Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—[illegible] Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—[illegible] Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice President.
CHARLES D HAVEN Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 224 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens:
DIRECTORS.—W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, O. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, F. T. Gile, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, N. D. Thayer, Jas. Phelan, Charles Main.
C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. HORNER, Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. [illegible] Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,032,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent.
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated funds, upwards of $0,- 750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, also re-insurance, $1,[illegible]. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
[Jan 13.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital. $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No. [illegible] California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov 15.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, [illegible] California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 21.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2.

$72 EACH WEEK.

Agents wanted everywhere. Business strictly legitimate. Particulars free [May 3.] Address, J. WORTH & CO., St Louis Mo.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. E. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Hooey's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 5.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

THE ASHANTEE WAR.

The latest news from the Gold Coast is of such a character as to make it probable that great efforts will be still, for a deal such that, Koff can't deal with King Theodore. The disaster to the British force under Commodore Commerell, on the river Prah, cannot fail to produce a feeling in favor of vigorous measures against the Ashantees. The dispatches from the Commodore commanding the repulse, show a state of things which should elate the Ashantees as much as the earlier successes of Captain Jack elated the Modocs. On the 10th of August, Commodore Commerell, of the *Rattlesnake*, accompanied by Captain Inman, of the *Argus*, and Captain Hesler, of the 42 West India Regiment, set out on an expedition in boats and steam launches up the River Prah. They had gone about an hour and a half when a fierce fire was opened upon the Commodore's party from the dense woods that fringe the stream, which was a large party of Ashantees, with a number of the people of Chamsi, were lying in ambush. Commodore Commerell, Captain Lonsmore and Captain Hesler were all previously wounded. In the meantime the cutter sent to Chamsi Fort was upset in the surf, and while the crew were struggling in the water, a heavy fire was opened on them by the Ashantees, and several of them were wounded. One of the seamen was killed, and his body carried off by the savages as a trophy, despite all efforts to recover it. The main hulk edged the spot was fired. The list of wounded amounts to twenty, including all the principal officers. Under these circumstances, the expedition was abandoned. Commodore Commerell returned to the *Rattlesnake*, cleared for action, and opened fire upon the town of Chamsi, which was utterly destroyed in the space of two hours. The Commodore, in his dispatches, justifies the punishment of the people of Chamsi, on the ground that, though disposed at first to maintain an attitude of strict neutrality as between them and the English, a number of them were acting with the force in ambuscade. Now for the fact alleged with just by the extreme measure applied despite a good deal, upon circumstances not clearly set forth in the dispatches. It has long gone thus far, the Foreign Office and War Office will probably be compelled to make a serious business of the "Ashantee War." If it should be decided to march on Coomassie, the contest will at once assume proportions quite as formidable as those of the war in Abyssinia. Prior to the recent disaster, public opinion was good in favor of the policy that could be pursued toward the Ashantees. The *Times* was commended. The *Pall Mall Gazette* spoke sharply of the aggressive movements contemplated. The *Spectator* was for strong measures and those bold strokes of war which have made the defence of the British Empire a reproach to the living race." But we apprehend that since the successful attack on Commodore Commerell's expedition there will be more unanimity of feeling.

THE BURLESQUE PILGRIMAGE.

Once on a time, some two hundred years ago, a young lady of reputed delicate habits by name Mademoiselle Alacoque, an inmate of the Nunnery of Paray-le-Monial, in the country town of France, was the subject of a very extraordinary and recent fully demonstrated fact. It appeared that this young lady, apparently before her prime, had received from Christ a heart which she returned to its owner, that possession and surrender. This experiment has been revived, recently, and, as a miracle, and several thousand Christians everything improbable and those who have gone in pilgrimage to the place, in the belief that one should believe to obey the priests, have had the sacred badge on their arms and have worshiped the dirty little emblem of the Virgin of Paray-le-Monial. The Pilgrimage ended, and the priests returned home the worse for the conversation which they underwent and over the letter for knight, the next train order which M. Alacoque and exert the operation. English and French denominations, chiefly English, of high and low degree—chiefly high—were among the pilgrims. And, as may naturally be supposed, the ridicule of such a trip created much sensation in England. And Bishop Maclaren, who attended a sermon at Rome, in the spring, said, "Sacred Heart."

NEW ZEALAND AND THE MAIL SERVICE VIA SAN FRANCISCO.

A writer in the Herald, of Aukland, from which we quote, condemns the rejection by Mr Vogel, the Postmaster General of New Zealand, of the proposition made by the Hon. Mr. Samuel on behalf of New South Wales for a mail service via San Francisco. "The proposition, if carried out, would give to New Zealand a cheap and reliable communication with London for the comparatively small sum of £15,000." The Webb Line cost the colony £100,000 of her *borrowed funds*—"it was a failure throughout; the ridicule and loss of the commercial people in New Zealand for two years. The scheme proposed would give Port Chalmers her mails from London in about the same time as Sydney, if not a day sooner." It is due to the people of this Colony to state what appears to be a simple unvarnished fact: the Postmaster General of New South Wales, the Hon. S. Samuel, came here to say, "We have now accepted a contract which has been for a long time under consideration in both colonies, and from the new circumstances of ships being able, by means of compound engines and other mechanical improvements, to do a far cheaper service than formerly, we ask your coöperation; you can take it on equal copartnership as to cost, and reductions by contributions of other colonies, or you can take it at the annual fixed sum of say £15,000 for six years, and you, at the New Zealand terminus, will be served in something less time than we in Sydney." It is held out that Victoria will unite with New Zealand in a San Francisco mail service. It is certain that Victoria will not allow her mails to make a detour, almost at right angles, when she can be served in almost a straight line. "Mr. Francis, of Victoria, has dashed at an offer to monopolize the Suez service. He may have been playing his cards with New Zealand, to induce us to hesitate over a new California service, so between the two contending colonies, of Victoria and New South Wales, New Zealand is likely to be left out in the cold. It is therefore to be hoped that at the meeting of the Assembly, the Mail Line, which would best serve New Zealand and give her a consistent and direct route, will be duly ventilated by the members."

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

The streets, where the pavement has swollen with the rains, look like the Modoc lava beds.—Bathing at North Beach on Sundays has become quite a fashionable amusement—with the hoodlums.—The Zoo-Zoos, under Governor General Blow McDonald, arrived on Tuesday evening with an empty treasure chest.—The farmers are agitating the squirrel question at present, the little long-tailed varmint having become a very serious pest.—Mlle. Marie Gaugain the danseuse, is, we are glad to hear, recovering, although priest and doctor had given her up.—Old Mother *Alta* is still on the som.—The California Theater Boat Club took a very successful benefit on Wednesday afternoon.—Three thousand dollars have been telegraphed through Wells, Fargo & Co for the relief of the plague-stricken in Memphis.—The Olympic Club has very sensibly sent the invitations for their next social to the ladies, who have to choose their escorts.—Forty-eight persons admitted to the City and County Hospital last week.—Some clever individual has taken to poisoning horses in a Seventh-street livery stable.—The surface blasting of Rincon Rock under the superintendence of J. M. Risdon was commenced on Friday.—Mons. Durel is going to discover the eastern air-current by making a balloon ascension from the City Gardens to-day.—Captain Parker has left the P. M. S. S. Co.—A San Francisco lancer company has been established with some gorgeous uniform, or other "Motley is the only wear."—A Ladies' Fair has been entrapping all unwary visitors to Pacific Hall during the latter part of this week.—The celebration of the discovery of America by Columbus was religiously observed by the Italians on Sunday.—Sweet to all, the friend of none, is the motto of the *Alta* brevity man, whoever he is.—Of course every ship's crew that reaches San Francisco now has some tale of cruelty to tell.—The watchman of the new opera house on Mission street fell off the wall and hurt himself, we read. We are sorry for the watchman, but the accident proves the existence of actual walls. Hence, we are glad.—The Judicial election raged furiously on Wednesday. It seemed quite like Sunday.—The *Three Brothers* having completed her lading has been hauled into the stream. She has on board 4,366 ½ tons of wheat.—The amateurs who some time ago gave us *The Doctor of Alcantara* think themselves challenged by its production by the Alhambra troupe, and are about to repeat it.—The trouble is at an end at last. Hubert is finally declared City Treasurer elect.—Burglars are harvesting at the Mission.—The city front is all agog with the murder of Gillen.—A Spanish dramatic performance will be held at Platt's Hall to-night.—Weather fine.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

There is still a slight misunderstanding in Spanish affairs.—Trouble between Turkey and Austria seems brewing.—Marshal Bazaine's examination is still continued.—Harti has been visited by a severe hurricane, resulting in much loss to life and property.—The Bank of England has increased its rate of discount to six per cent.—There have been recent heavy shipments of bullion from England to this country.—It is reported that the Pope and Kaiser are in correspondence.—Republicans in France are the more hopeful.—A railway from Bombay to Madras, India, has just been completed.—The Pope has sufficiently recovered to hold receptions.—The Italian Government has agreed to purchase the Roman railways.—The statement that the English Government has been making inquiries touching the purchase of the Atlantic cable is authoritatively denied.—The recent pilgrimage to Paray-le-Monial enriched that place by half a million do lars. The funeral of Sir Edwin Landseer was of imposing proportions. The Queen and Prince of Wales were represented.—A rather serious demonstration has been held at Cork in favor of Fenian amnesty, home rule, and rights of labor.—Some noteworthy reforms are taking place in Mexico.—General Von Moltke is inspecting the coast of Germany with a view to its fortification.—The English wheat trade is suffering great depression owing to the vast influx of American wheat.—All emigration agents in Prussia are to be expelled.—Woman suffrage is receiving a new impulse in England, through the action of John Bright and other advanced Liberals.—Pere Hyacinthe has received a good appointment from the Old Catholics of Geneva.—The reported loss of the *Chopsey* in the Formosa Channel, is unfounded, the steamer having passed Singapore *en route* to London.—The German vessel *Frohlich*, that sailed from Saigon on the 29th May, has not been heard from, and the German schr *J. H. Robertson*, bound to Australia, was totally lost on the Meiaco Sima Groupe on the 11th July.

MILK AND BUTTER.

Editor of News Letter.—*Dear Sir:* At your request I proceeded to examine into the various causes that tend to deteriorate the milk of cows, and consequently the butter made from it. My researches have so thoroughly nauseated me that I must decline pursuing my studies. I find that insufficient and insufficient diet materially affect the animal's secretions, that a change from pasture to roots, such as turnips, carrots, etc., entirely changes the nature of the milk, that a cow is as delicate as a woman, and, like her, subject to a variety of ills from which the sterner sex is exempt. I find that the formation of noxious gases consequent upon the fermentation of vegetable matter in the rumen is so common, that out of a herd of cows the majority will have their milk affected by it. In this State, where the Fall pasturage is in most instances very scanty and barren, cattle are affected in two ways, in one by starvation, and the other by repletion. The scarcity of fodder makes them gorge their stomachs whenever they come across any provender and the system becomes weakened and vitiated by this unnatural mode of sustenance. In short, I cannot do better than quote the words of Mr. Youatt, who is a great authority on cattle, and who says: "It is a matter of impossibility to make a superior article of butter from a cow in a diseased state, for if either of the organs of secretion, absorption, digestion or circulation be deranged, we cannot expect good blood, and the milk being a secretion from the blood, we must have the blood in a healthy state in order to the production of pure and wholesome milk." Consequently any process by which butter can be made chemically pure must be preferable over that in which it is ten chances to one that unwholesome ingredients have entered; for remember that the whole of one milking is mixed together, the healthy milk and the diseased milk, the tares and the wheat, and therefore the whole mass is affected.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

COLORS AND THEIR NAMES.

A certain Monsieur de la Bedolliere wrote a strange book some two or three years ago, wherein one finds a list of fantastic names for shades of color at different epochs in France, which none but the fantastical brains of French men or women could invent. Some of these names it is impossible to print to-day, but without too much shocking our readers, we will endeavor to translate a few. What would one conceive such colors to be, as the toad in love, the scared mouse, the spider meditating a crime, the wonderful lamp, the last sigh of Jocko, the flea in childbirth, the suppressed sigh, the mud of Paris, the (Cambronne's famous word) of a goose, the bowels of a money lender, the leg of a passionate nymph, etc., etc. Such appellations were common enough at the end of the last century, just before the revolution, and only one word (puce) has remained as expressing a color. To-day the taste, if more refined, is still eccentric. The visitor at the White House, bewildered at the profusion of colors in the piles of rich silks and velvets just arrived from Paris, is equally astonished at the *bizarre* names they bear. A lady cannot pass an afternoon more agreeably than making a list of them, for they will eventually become history. And some of the colors themselves are so new and beautiful that another pleasure is added by looking at them.

Our Barley exports by sea, for the nine months of 1873, are almost identically the same as for a corresponding period in 1872—say 150,000 centals—nevertheless, more has been shipped East by rail and now going forward to Kentucky, Illinois and Ohio by Central Railway, to the probable extent of 5,000 tons, while the Carrier Dove, for New York, carries 1,000 tons choice brewing. The present price of Barley is $1 50 for feed and $1 60@1 70 per cental for brewing. Our crop is good, not so at the "West," or at the East of us. Chicago has no No. 1 Barley this year, and this, we suppose, is the case pretty generally, both in the Old and New World, where in all markets Barley rules unprecedentedly high. With us, Coast Barley is very plentiful, and dark parcels have sold lately at $1 35@1 40, and this has a depressing effect upon the market for choice brewing at the moment, yet better prices are looked for later in the season, as there is and has been an export demand here for England. The St. John, for Liverpool, carried 54,000 centals prime Chevalier and brewing Barley this month, and there is more to go forward ere long.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, September 26, 1873:—D. O. Mills and family, Edgar Mills, Frank Cunningham, G. W. Prescott and wife, C. G. Hooker and wife, H. M. Heaston and family, Thomas Sunderland and family, William M. Lent and family, Theodore Bogle and family, George A. Worn and family, John Mackay and family, William Meyer and family, Michael Castle and family, J. Belden and family, Mrs. C. Reis and family, Mrs. A. L. Barnes, Mrs. S. Ladd, John B. Newton, W. J. Shaw, Mrs. W. E. Brown, Miss Brown, Captain W. C. Talbot, Misses Talbot, Mrs. Theodore Payne, Warren R. Payne, Isidor Girtle, A. C. Whitcomb, C. F. Fargo, Joseph Barron and family, Mrs. John B. LeGay, Miss Annie LeG. Boyd.

The new British iron steamship Vasco da Gama, for the new line (Macondray's) to run between San Francisco and Hongkong, is to leave London for China about the 1st January, via Suez Canal. Her tonnage is 3,200 gross. The Vancouver is the next steamer to follow in the line. The first-named steamship is thus described, as per plan of same at the office of the agents, Messrs. Macondray & Co.: Length of keel, 350 feet; extreme breadth, 37 feet; depth moulded to upper deck, 25 feet; depth moulded to awning deck, 33 feet 6 inches; depth from hold to upper deck, 23 feet 11 inches; depth from hold to awning deck, 31 feet 4 inches. No expense has been spared in fitting up these steamers for the China and California trade. They are, in short, sea-going palaces.

We are pleased to learn of the arrival here last evening of Alfred Paray and Col. George B. Van Brunt, of New York. Mr. Paray is the inventor of the new process for manufacturing butter by artificial means, direct from the fat of the beef, and visits California for the purpose of assisting in the formation of the Oleomargarine Company, recently incorporated here. Col. Van Brunt has had the management of the New York company for some months, and will place the requisite machinery here in complete order within a comparatively short time. We cordially welcome these enterprising gentlemen to California.

We learn that S. K. Holman has been appointed Vice-President of the P. M. S. S. Co., and agent at San Francisco. The President, Captain Bradbury, is using every laudable endeavor to put the affairs of this company on a superior footing, and there is every reason to believe that he will accomplish his purpose. New steamers are building, and those that are built are taking the place of the old steamers. We look with confidence to the shares of this company being shortly quoted at par.

The continued rise in Consolidated Virginia gives a tolerably firm tone to the mining share market. This stock rose to $250 on the street yesterday morning, and sold in the Board at $220@$240, closing at the inside figure, against $190@$195 Thursday morning. Ophir rose $11, Crown Point $5, Yellow Jacket $9, Alpha, Belcher, Justice, Kentuck and Overman each $3. The advance in Consolidated Virginia is looked upon with suspicion, and a terrible collapse in price is anticipated.

A remarkable proof of the extent to which the arrangement with Great Britain for an exchange of money-orders has grown, has just been furnished. The Post-office Department find that there is an average weekly balance of about $20,000, or $1,000,000 per annum, due Great Britain on account of the payment of money-orders issued in the United States in favor of British subjects.

Messrs. Morton, Rose & Co.—This banking firm have been appointed fiscal agents in Europe of the State Department, and will protect all drafts drawn from that department. The firm really did this so notarily before being authorized to act for the Government. This appointment is a compliment to Sir John Rose, who took an active part in the Joint High Commission.

Beerbohm's Telegram of 17th, 1 P. M.—Floating cargoes off coast, very heavy; Mark Lane, very inactive; English Country Markets, mostly slow; French Country Markets, slightly better; Liverpool Market, slightly better. California Club, 12s. 10d.; Average, 12s. 4d. Red Western Spring, 11s. 10d. a 11s. 3d. Weather, fine.

Among the passengers of the Cunard steamer Calabria, when last arriving at this port, was Mr. E. Welby Pugin, the English architect and archæologist. This gentleman is a son of the Mr. Pugin, who, along with Mr. Barry, designed the British Houses of Parliament.

A Quick Passage.—The *Adriatic*, of the White Star line of steamships, made the last voyage out in eight days, three hours, fifty-seven minutes, mean time, having left Queenstown at 11:30 on the 26th ult., and arrived at New York at 11:05 A. M. on the 4th inst.

A New Beverage.—It is usual to throw away grape-stones as a waste product, but it appears that they can be turned to good account. When roasted and ground they possess an aroma very much like that of East India coffee, and the beverage obtained therefrom is about the same as coffee in taste, though inferior to quality. An acre of vineyard ordinarily yields 30 to 40 pounds of this seed.

One to Abernethy.—"Doctor," said a man to Abernethy, "my daughter had a fit, and continued for half an hour without sense or knowledge." "Oh," replied the doctor, "never mind that; many people continue so all their lives."

[The above paragraphs are from an admirable publication called *The Mirror*, recently, after many years *sub silentio*, re-published in London, and originated by a most amiable and intelligent gentleman named Limbird, known to the proprietor of the *News Letter* some 40 years since.

Vol. 4. "THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR NOV., 1873, No. 2.
Will contain a Splendid Photograph and Biographical Sketch of Captain Lapidge.
WILL BE READY ABOUT OCTOBER 25th. - - - PRICE, 25 CENTS.
For Sale by all News Dealers. Offices, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.—Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, OCT. 18, 1873. No. 38.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California Mail Bag, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—890@— —Silver Bars—3@5 ₩ ct. discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 91 7@92½. Mexican Dollars, 5@5½c., new, 6¾c., old. Trade Dollar, 2½c. prem., nominal.

☞ Exchange on New York, 7½ per cent. nominal for Gold; Currency, ¾@1 per cent. On London, Bankers 49¾@—; Commercial, 50¼@51; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, Oct. 17, at 3 P. M., 108¼. Latest price of Sterling, 100¾@106¼.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco...Oct. 17, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8......	103	104	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	124	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864..........	98	100	Oakland 10s	105	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864..........	98	100	Spring Valley Water Co.......	81	83
Legal Tender Notes, ...	91	92¼	Omnibus Railroad Company.	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57.	97½	100	Central Railroad Company...	54	56
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855......	95	98	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co....	50	53½
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	93	95	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	15	18
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s.	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co,	50	60
Sacramento City Bonds..	30	33½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	65	70
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co......	80	85
Yuba County Bonds, 8s.......	92	96	Union Insurance Co	90	93
Santa Clara Bonds, 8s.........	90	95	Pacific Bank..................	87½	90
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s..	90	—	The Bank of California.	127½	130
San Francisco Gas Light Co.	68½	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FURBEHORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

A Permanent Paragraphic Advertisement. Respectfully Dedicated to the Spring Valley Water Works.

A MINERS' INCH OF WATER IS ABOUT TWENTY-ONE THOUSAND GALLONS. THE USUAL PRICE FOR AN INCH OF WATER IN THE MINES IS TEN CENTS. THE SPRING VALLEY COMPANY SELLS WATER IN LARGE QUANTITIES AT SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS PER THOUSAND GALLONS, OR AT FIFTEEN DOLLARS SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS PER INCH—WHICH IS ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-SEVEN TIMES THE PRICE WHICH MINERS PAY. FURNISHED IN SMALL QUANTITIES TO HOUSEKEEPERS, THE COMPANY CHARGES FROM THIRTY TO FIFTY DOLLARS AN INCH—FIVE HUNDRED TIMES THE MINER'S RATES. *Ignotus.*

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

San Francisco, October 16th, 1873.—There has been no material change in the Wool Market since our last, although there have been some considerable transactions at pretty full prices. Reports from all eastern markets are, "quiet, but firm." We quote burry, 12@15c., average 16@18c., good, 19 23c., choice, 21@25c. There is a stock of from 15,000 to 20,000 bags, say 6,000,000 lbs of Wool on the market.

WATT & MCLENNAN, Wool Commission Merchants,
625 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, October 17, 1873.—Gold opened at 107¾; 11 A. M. at 107½; 3 P. M. at 108¼. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 106; 1867, 112¼. Sterling Exchange, 106¼ @ 107¼. Pacific Mail, 31. Quicksilver Mining Company, 22¼. Wheat, $1 55@$1 75 quiet. Pork, 17, dull. Cotton, 17. Hides, dry, 21½@25, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 50@$1 55, fair demand, Winter Bleached, $1 65@1 75; Whale, quiet, 60@65c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 65@72c. Wool—Spring fine, 25@35c., Burry, 21@27c., Pulled, 35@50c. Fall Clips, 20@26c., Burry, 16@20c.
LONDON, Oct. 17.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 5d@12s. 6d. Club, 12s. 9d. @13s. United States Bonds, 90⅞, [illegible] Consols, 93½; ac., 93⅜@93½.

Quicksilver.—The product of all our mines has been gradually lessening of late years. The New Almaden, 600 to 800 flasks per month; New Idria, 500 flasks, Redington Co., 400 flasks, St. John and others, 300 flasks—say 2,000 total. Exports by sea:

	Flasks.	Value.
Totals first nine months, 1873............	3,205	$229,560
Totals first nine months, 1872............	9,383	613,257
Totals first nine months, 1871............	14,003	805,905

Price, $1 10 per pound

The Bank of England has raised its rate of discount to 6 per cent. New York advices of October 16th says money loans on the street at 1¼ per cent. per day Gold, 107½ a 108. Pacific Mail touched 26¼ on the 15th inst., and Quicksilver Co. 12, but the day following P. M. S. S. Co. sold at 32, and Quicksilver 18. Sterling Bills, 16th, 106½ a 107¼.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Colorado arrived here on the 15th instant, from Hongkong, via Yokohama, with 65 passengers, 370 Chinese in the steerage, Government mails, etc., besides 1,624 tons cargo.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Thus far during the week about $1,500,000 gold has been transferred from the U. S. Sub-Treasury to the Bank of California and other local institutions. In addition to these Government transfers, made in response to demands from local institutions, being the proceeds of English gold received at New York from London, in return for California grain bills forwarded hence for collection, the U. S. Branch Mint in this city has coined this month in gold, $3,500,000, while remittances of coin eastward for a fortnight past fall short of $150,000. This shows California's financial strength, being quite the reverse of what it was one year since. Then San Francisco was a debtor to Wall street, and Eastern demands upon us for coin were large, both legitimately and speculatively, and to meet this loud call, considerable sums of gold coin and silver bullion were then sent Eastward, and to such an extent as to impoverish the banks and to cripple the wheat movements of the Pacific Slope, rendering currency (coin) very scarce, and creating a felt stringency in the State at large and at the same time depressing breadstuffs value materially. Happily for us dwellers upon the Pacific Coast, we are not restricted to the use of irredeemable paper money for currency. Gold coin is the standard, gold notes are also in circulation to a limited extent. We have no depreciated paper currency as at the East, nor do we want any. Greenbacks are bought and sold here like any other merchantable commodity, but do not enter into general circulation, yet they are largely dealt in, for the payment of New York freights and for remittance Eastward, etc. Money is very plentiful on this coast. There is no scarcity of coin for all legitimate business transactions. Our banking institutions loan freely to their customers upon collaterals of undoubted value, while savings banks and loan societies meet all wants upon real estate, besides making considerable loans upon wheat and barley in warehouse. This latter is something new for our savings institutions, but it shows a disposition to accommodate business wants where the security is unquestioned. The bills of lading and title to the grain are passed over to the bank making the loan. Business generally is healthful, and has been remarkably so the past nine months of the current year, as the statistics of the port fully set forth. The whole may be thus summarized:

"The close of the third quarter of 1873 affords us another opportunity to furnish our readers with a collection of facts and figures evidencing the strident pace with which San Francisco is progressing to take the second rank among the great maritime ports of the United States. Her commercial relations with foreign countries have been increased to the extent of 48,970 tons, with Domestic Atlantic ports, 3,972 tons, and with domestic Pacific ports, 18,131, being an aggregate gain of 71,637 tons over a like period for the year 1872. Another gratifying feature is the large augmentation which has taken place in our exports of domestic products, exclusive of treasure, amounting to $15,957,790, or $4,690,415 more than for the same time last year. Our treasure exports were $17,830,423, against $25,041,633 for the first nine months of 1872, being a decrease of $7,211,210, at the same time our receipts of treasure, from all sources, were some $6,000,000 less than for the like period of last year. Much of the bullion formerly received here from Virginia and Utah now goes directly East by rail. The Branch Mint has been worked to its fullest capacity, coining the large amount of $15,442,500 in the nine months, nearly the whole of which was in double eagles. Of the new trade dollars, $290,000 were struck up to the end of September. A sufficient number of these coins have been shipped to China to test the question whether they will be accorded an equal rank with old style Mexican dollars, and further shipments will probably be delayed until some determination is had. We would again emphatically direct attention to the large and increasing amounts paid by the people of this State for freight on domestic exports. For the first nine months of the current year it reached $3,362,782, seven-tenths of which went to foreign and Eastern ship-owners instead of being earned by vessels belonging to Californians. Nevertheless, it is worthy of note that although the number of foreign vessels entering from foreign ports is larger than that of American ships, yet the aggregate tonnage of the latter exceeds that of the former by 38,384 tons, and we doubt whether the same can be said of any other place in the United States. During the past nine months our population has been increased, through arrivals by sea and rail, to the extent of 28,341, that being the excess of arrivals over departures. The increase among our own people must also have been very considerable. It is our firm opinion that in ten years from this date, San Francisco will contain 800,000 inhabitants, and the State be proportionately peopled, and we are by no means alone in that conviction. Tangible evidences of material prosperity are multiplying with an unprecedented degree of activity. We have had two consecutive seasons of agricultural success, with fair promise for a third. * * * Nowhere in all the world is well directed industry more amply recompensed than in California. Nature has bestowed upon her every gift that can reasonably be desired. A sober and industrious citizen can earn independence here with less effort and less risk than in any other section. That cannot be other than a prosperous, flourishing State, where the industrial classes own an average of $387 gold to each individual depositor in the savings banks, and where there are natural resources enough to sustain a population of twenty-five millions without crowding. No man may now set bounds to commercial intercourse which, within another twenty years, will exist between California and all the countries washed by the Pacific. No man may now attempt to foreshadow the extent and variety of the products which she will then furnish to those countries, nor the value of the imports we shall receive in turn."

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

THE HAUNTED CHAMBER.

Each heart has its haunted chamber,
Where the silent moonlight falls!
On the floor are mysterious footsteps,
There are whispers along the walls!

And mine at times is haunted
By phantoms of the Past,
As motionless as shadows
By the silent moon light cast

A form sits by the window,
That is not seen by day
For as soon as dawn approaches
It vanishes away

It sits there in the moonlight,
Itself as pale and still,
And points with its airy finger
Across the window sill.

Without, before the window,
There stands a gloomy pine,
Whose boughs wave upward and downward
As wave these thoughts of mine

And underneath its branches
Is the grave of a little child,
Who died upon life's threshold,
And never wept nor smiled

What are ye, O pallid phantoms!
That haunt my troubled brain?
That vanish when day approaches,
And at night return again?

What are ye, O pallid phantoms!
But the statues without breath,
That stand on the bridge overarching
The silent river of death!

—"*Aftermath*," by H W *Longfellow*.

AMERICAN COMPETITION WITH CLYDE SHIPBUILDING.

The Echo's American correspondent writing on the 2nd inst., says.—I think myself fortunate to be able to send you an extract of the following report, just published here, of a conversation with Mr John Roach, who is now the largest iron ship builder in the United States. He was asked "Can we compete with England?" "Certainly," said Mr Roach. "But how?" "Take this list, and see. I have at my works on East River (the Morgan Works), and at Chester on the Delaware, 2,300 men employed, working as hard as they can, with a prospect of work for their lifetime, and a desire on my part to employ more men. Here is what I am doing. No such ships were built two years ago. Within 18 months I have put in the water or have now in the way of construction the following vessels. Two immense steamers each 425 feet long, 45 feet beam, 38 feet depth of hold, speed 15 knots, tonnage, 5,000 tons each. Two just furnished, length, 340 feet, depth, 23, beam 42, tonnage, 2,840 each. Four, length, 250 feet each, beam, 36 feet, depth 23 feet, tonnage, 1,700 each. One vessel, 240 feet long, beam, 38, depth, 21, tonnage, 1,700. One vessel, length 220, beam, 36, depth, 16, tonnage, 1,200. One vessel, 196 feet long, beam, 33, depth, 16, tonnage, 1,000. One vessel 190 feet long, beam 36, depth, 18 feet, tonnage, 1,150, making in all 27,400 tons of iron shipping. Do you suppose I could get the orders for these vessels unless I could compete with ship-builders on the Clyde?" "But the tariff on ships, you know, is absolutely prohibitory. Only two classes of things are prohibited under our customs laws—one, ships; the other, articles of an obscene nature. How, then, did you get along so well?" "My whole object was to defeat free ships. I never feared anything but the passage of a free-ship bill." "Suppose they should pass a free-ship bill now?" "To pass a free-ship bill would not hurt us, unless the Clyde men should make a combination." "What do you mean by that?" "I mean that it is usual for the large manufacturers of Great Britain to undersell Americans who seem prosperous even if money is lost in large sums, because it decreases competition, and the loss is made up by high prices immediately following. If you let us alone a few years you may abolish all the navigation laws and we can compete with the world. Were it not for fear of such a combination on the Clyde, I would hold up my hands and say, 'Now come on with your free ships, we are ready for you, because we can make ships better and as cheap as they, but the world does not know it yet.' I will let you into the secret of my success. There was no ship-building merit an era in our than ago. I went to Clyde, and there I learned the art of ship-building as the English had developed it since. I built ships. I came back determined to commence business. I went to the Delaware River to select a site for the yard, and found it at Chester. I save an immense number of hands, and save ready more hands than any of the English ship-builders do, because I adopt after thorough trial labor-saving machinery that they have recently adopted, or expect to adopt, in the future. So I am ahead of them in that. They are slow and want to use their old machinery for a while. Meanwhile they say we could not get skilled labor. I had bought twelve or three acres at Chester, and filled it up with the most approved labor-saving machinery. After I got it in, I found that my land and machinery together, in that highly advantageous position, cost me less than the bare land itself, sufficient to conduct the business I have, would cost on that of the Clyde. Thus I employ only half their capital. Why, just think of it! We have eighty miles of river front, from Trenton to Breakwater, on both sides of the Delaware River, that you can buy by the acre at low prices, $50, $100, and $300 an acre, except at the cities of Philadelphia and Camden. These sites for yards are accessible by railroads and navigable water from the coal and iron mines right up to the dock or yard. I don't use a horse in the yard. The cars run to the ships without power. Let off the brakes and they go. I knew I could get the labor. I took foremen from the old shops. I made ship-joiners of carpenters and timber men of wood-choppers, the former did at end day, and the latter hand of the broadaxe and adze with surprising accuracy. Workers of iron worked under the minds of masters. They were men of brains and that was all I wanted." "But the wages were too high." "Not Meantime the strikers of England put up the price of coal and labor on the Clyde. The more wages and coal went up in England the better it was for American ship-builders. Some of our people spent too much money on English artisans, but they have learned better now. We have better material at home, and they have learned the fact. My men work ten hours and are satisfied. The coal is excellent for our business. We have nothing to complain of but the tendency of large corporations in this country to fret out their existence by watering stock, and by other operations on Wall street. You know we ship-builders must work for large corporations, and the more honest they are the better it will be for us. It is as certain as can be, however, that our American-built ships are the best in the world and that we shall work for other nations is shown from the fact that I have already been approached in a business way in regard to building iron steamships for merchants in a certain country near England. My price for a better article was a little less than the Clyde men presented." "How about the admission of ship-building material free of duty?" "That is all humbug. I have tried it. I found I could get English iron a little cheaper, but there was so much red tape in the transaction and so little difference in price that I soon learned that the better quality of American iron more than compensated for the difference in price and the trouble. I do not think of buying English iron, nor do I import anything that goes into the construction of my ships."

The East India Company.—On April 30th next £6,000,000 India Stock, which bears guaranteed interest of 10½ per cent., is to be paid off at the rate of 200 per cent., and on June 1st following the East India Company will cease to exist. Towards providing the £12,000,000 for this payment, certain assets, known as "the security fund of the India Company," were placed under the control of the Commissioners of the National Debt at the time of the abrogation of the trading powers of the company, but how far these will extend for the purpose is not at present publicly known. That a large portion will have to be met by the creation of new stock may be assumed from the fact that in the last session of Parliament an Act was passed authorizing the India Council, in view of this contingency, to raise any sum not exceeding six millions in stock and two millions in debentures. Lately it has been reported that, in preparation for the coming payment, sales of Consols and Reduced have from time to time been made from the "Security Fund," but whether these rumors have any foundation is uncertain. Meanwhile, it is considered in the city that the sale of stock in connection with the process would be a clumsy operation, and that there can be little doubt the whole of the holders of the expiring 10½ per cents would be willing to commute their claims by taking Consols at the market price of the day, with some little addition, such as might be found in giving them the Consols on January 1st next, by which means, as their Indian dividend extends to April 30th, they would get an extra quarter's dividend at the rate of 3 per cent., equal to a bonus of 15s.

A Secret.—The surest way to get on in life is to grow old.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH.
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies

Girard of Philadelphia		$300,000 Penn. of Philadelphia	$250,000
Manhattan, of Cincinnati		1,000,000 Manhattan of Leavenworth	200,000
North Missouri of St. Louis		1,250,000 Atlantic and Pacific of Chicago	200,000
St Paul, Minnesota		200,000 National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	1,250,000
Mutual Insurance Association, of New Orleans		1,000,000	

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.
HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents,
314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.
August 9.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants' Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $300,000. Officers —John H Redington President. George H. Howard Vice President. Charles R. Story, Secretary. N. D. Eddy, Marine Secretary. H. H. Bigelow, General Manager. Directors—San Francisco—Geo H Howard F D Atherton H R Teschemacher, A B Forbes, J. De Fremery, W H Redington A. W. Bowman, E B Clarke, B M Hartshorne, D Conrad, Wm H Mercer, S Johnson, H S Tilden, W M Greenwood, R L Fenn, Geo S Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W H Foster, Jr, Jos. Galloway, W T Garratt, C Waterhouse, A P Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P Wasserman, B Goldsmith, L F Grover, D Macleay, C H Lewis, E J Brooke, J A Crawford, D M French, J Loewenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W L Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D E Knight, San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar Manager, Leon ... Secretary. Stockton Branch—H H Hewlett, Geo S Evans, J D Peters, N M Orr, W F McKee, A W Simpson, A T Hudson, H M Fanning, H H Hewlett, Manager, N M Orr Secretary. San Jose Branch—T Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A Pfister, J S Carter, Jackson Lewis, N Hayes, Noah Farmer, R D Murphy, J J Denny, Manager, A F Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—L W Sigourney). Feb 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO OF S F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solidity! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N J T Dana, M J O'Connor, W W Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos Seller, W C Ralston, L Lawrence Pool, A Weill, N G Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, M Rosenbaum, J Baum, M D Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G Brignardello, George C Hickox, T Lemmen Meyer, J H Baird, T E Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw Cadwalader, J F Houghton, L A Booth. MARYSVILLE—D E Knight, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J G Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan. GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N G KITTLE, Vice President. CHARLES D HAVEN Secretary. GEO T BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their Office to No. 339 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner of California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to the plan and the following list of Directors, comprising men of wealth and of recognized business ... DIRECTORS—W W Dodge, Claus Spreckels, Selden S Wright, W H ... Dodge, C F MacDermot, James M Barnes, C W Kellogg, A W Jee, Peter Stent, C J Deering, John H Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, F T Gile, W B Hooper, G L Bradley, D H Haskell, H S Crocker, F S Freeman, N B Thayer, Jas. Phelan, Charles Main. C W KELLOGG, President. H G H EVEN Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets to the opposite side of California street, No. 11 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,852,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO C BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. N. Y. 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its policies non-forfeitable. It is a purely Mutual company, dividing every cent of surplus among its Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,- 750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,180,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
Jan 11. No. 318 California street, San Francisco.
The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of Forty-seven Hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON

Established in 1803.—Capital $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov 14.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, the free grants and capital titles will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. B. B. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

S M PETTENGILL & CO,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. D. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

F G NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Doney's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 15.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, N. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs) San Francisco. August 2.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co., Wm Young Eustard & Co.
Amsterdam—H ... & Co
Antwerp—La Bourse
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres
Acapulco—L D Hodges, Esq
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co, Thomas Turrell, Wayte, Upton Bros
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce
Arizona—A Johnson & Co; W L Hopkins
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co
Baltimore—James T Watkins, Merchants Exchange
Boston—J L Gardner, Ed Gassett, Merchants Exchange
Bordeaux—J Lasarnilh & F ..., Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co, Dummler & Co
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co
Constantinople—Ralli ... Freres, Jacques, Alleon & Co
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange, Bourse
Colombo—Chas Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce, Cargill & Co
Dublin—Commercial Building
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures
Frankfort—N M Rothschild & Sons
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Spack & Co, A Willard, Esq, James H Langtry
Gibraltar—Turner & Co
Hamburg—Latteroth & Co, H. J. Merck & Co, Carl Heine, Borsenhalle
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie, Wanner Langer & Co, Dubois & Co, Banque Commerciale
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co, Aldrich, Walker & Co, H M Whitney
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M. Consul
Jamaica—Middleton & Co
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co, Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring Bros & Co, Delzy, Davies & Co, F K Ansell, M D, "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," new papers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria
Lima—William Gibbs & Co, Alsop & Co, Huth Gruning & Co, Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co, Farmer & Company
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers Association
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall
Lisbon—Lolas Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P Relortolo, Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co, Theodore Lafado & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fills & Co, Rue de France et ...
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumner & Co, McCulloch, Sellers & Co
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce, C Shand & Co
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co, Chamber of Commerce
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M McNab
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co, Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimerman, Fair & Co

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

A Gem from a Tombstone.—The following epitaph is from a tombstone in Dover, New Hampshire. "Remains of Husband and Wife. Joseph Hartwell, inanimated April 7, 1867, aet 68. Betsey Hartwell, inanimated Dec 7, 1862, aet 68. The following traces a period of forty-one years. In all of our relations in life towards each other there has been naught but one continuation of fidelity and loving kindness. We have never participated nor countenanced in others, secretly or otherwise, that which was calculated to subjugate the masses of the people to the dictation of the few. And now we will return to our common mother, with our individualities not unimpaired, to pass through together the ordeal of life's chemical laboratory, preparatory to recuperation. Her last exclamations: 'If you should be taken away I could not survive you.' 'How happy we have lived together!' 'Oh, how you will miss me—' 'Think not, Mr Hartwell, I like you the less for being in the condition you are in. No, it only strengthens my affections. To those who have made professions of friendship and have falsified them, pass on.'"

A Distinguished Visitor.—"*Ægles*," of the *Australasian*, mentions that on the visiting day at Toorak, a week or two since, Mrs A. was about inscribing her name in the visitors' book, when she was accosted by another lady who had also been performing the ceremonial call. "Would you, ma'am, mind writing my name for me in the book? I don't write very well myself. My name is Soapsuds." "With pleasure," was the amused but courteous reply, "shall I write Mrs. or Miss?" "Well, please m, I'm puzzled which. I'm divorced." Mrs A. grappled boldly with the difficulty, and wrote "Mrs. Soapsuds," when she was again obliged to appeal for further information. "What address shall I write?" An imposing-looking pasteboard, four inches by two, was at once produced, and imparted the truly snob-like information that "Mrs. S. carried on the business of washing and ironing, combined with crimping and clear-starching, terms moderate, orders punctually attended to—at No. 1201, Little Bourke street, Carlton."

Manufacture of Oxygen Gas.—The manufacture of oxygen gas on a large scale by the Motay process is an established fact. The process, as we have before described it, consists in heating the manganate of soda in steam, oxygen is discharged and water absorbed, caustic soda and oxide of manganese being the result. Upon heating this in a current of air, oxygen is taken up, and a manganate of soda reformed, which admits of a repetition of the process. The oxygen is thus being constantly extracted from the atmosphere. In Brussels, a manufactory of this oxygen has commenced operations, and is now furnishing a supply of the gas to aid and increase the illuminating powers of ordinary gas in the Galerie St. Hubert. The gas is compressed into iron cylinders, and thus rendered very portable. It may be used as a remedial agent, by supplying any additional quantity of vital air to the atmosphere of a sick room.

Another Aristocratic Scandal in Paris.—The aristocratic Faubourg St. Honoré has been the scene of another tragedy. The cast-off mistress of a newly married gentleman determined to revenge herself. She waited outside the house till the wife had gone out for a walk. She then knocked at the door and was admitted. What took place between her and her ex-lover is not known. But the young wife returned sooner than was expected, and found them together in the drawing room. She at once began to upbraid her husband, who, instead of accepting her just indignation, defended his mistress. Exasperated at this conduct, she seized a revolver from a drawer at delt ... her husband on the spot. She then gave herself into custody. The mistress escaped, and has not since been heard of. —*Paris Correspondent*

Chicago is an extravagant place. Just think of it! There are no less than 400 billiard tables in that city, which earn an average of $12 a day each, or $4,800 a day or $28,800 a week. Each game of billiards will average, in addition to the cost of the game, an equal sum for liquor and as much more for cigars, making a weekly expenditure of wages, earnings, and profits of $86,400. There are 2,500 saloons in the city, the average receipts of which are not less than $50 each, or a weekly expenditure of $125,000. Over $200,000 a week in these in a general. It is a great deal of out-of a very small income of rational enjoyment. It is a pity that some of the Chicago philosophers do not take up the cue and strike for a reform. —*Daily Graphic*

A Little Inconvenience in Spain.—A correspondent writes: There is a little inconvenience connected with eating in Spanish inns. But one knife is put on the table at meals; this one knife is intended, I presume, for the guest from a foreign land; the natives always produce shining blades with strong springs and horn hafts from unknown recesses about their person. These knives are useful in more ways than one; they are not restricted to the carving of dead meat. And it may be interesting to know that a Spaniard is never at a loss to discover a knife when the provocation comes, either of hunger or anger.

Forgetting a Language.—The Japan *Gazette* says: "A young Japanese who left his native country about eleven years ago was recently examined by the French professors of the Kai Sei Gakko, and though they pronounced his conversational powers and pronunciation better than any pupil in the college, he was unable to answer questions in the various branches of study, such as are commonplace in the lowest place. The young man had utterly forgotten his own language, remembering only the word *ariga*. His prospects as a Japanese are not very brilliant: he cannot even become an interpreter."

Large Trade in Mushrooms.—A correspondent states that on alighting at the Bangor station, Wales, he was astonished at the large quantity of mushrooms packed in baskets ready for transmission by railway. The station master told him that what he saw there was comparatively nothing; that for some time past prodigious quantities had come from Anglesey, and been forwarded by railway to various parts of England, and that there had been many special trains laden with mushrooms, one containing as many as 25 and another 18 trucks.

The Russian Government propose to construct a navigable canal connecting St. Petersburg with Cronstadt. The scheme is an old one, but has only now been approved by a commission, under General Todleben, entrusted with an inquiry. The canal will measure twenty feet in depth, and therefore be navigable to large sea-going vessels. The cost of construction is estimated at 7,000,000 roubles.

The Ashantee War.—An act of treachery has been committed at a native village. Several of the *Rattlesnake's* boats, while reconnoitering in the River Prah, were fired upon from the brush, and Commodore Commerell, Commander Luxmore, and Captain Hill are on the list of wounded. The village was subsequently destroyed, in punishment for its treachery.

The Channel Tunnel.—The order for the opening of the *Enquete* on the proposed submarine tunnel between Dover and Calais has been sent by the French Government to the Prefect of the Department of Pas de Calais, and the inquiry which must be continued for forty days, will be opened almost immediately.

The Catholic schools in New York city have done one good thing already. They have snatched most of the Irish boys out of the street. We don't know what they are taught in the parish schools, but they learn little else than devotion on the pavements, and that is rather worse than theology. —*Daily Graphic*

A deputy-lieutenant of the county of Kerry, and another gentleman of good social standing, have been each sentenced by the Dublin magistrate to one month's imprisonment, for pushing respectable persons from the footpath in Sackville street on the previous night.

The New Forts at Paris.—A Paris correspondent says: "The new forts round Paris are to be begun next month. There will be twenty two of them. It is said that when erected the siege of Paris will be impossible."

The Irishman says that Archbishop Manning's letter, in which he speaks in such glowing terms of the state of Ireland, is a romantic day-dream.

The Home Office, with its subordinate departments, has been added to the list of Government offices which are open to public competition.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May ... at ... o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds to be issued by the Board of ... Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st ..., and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,244,... as ascertained and settled by decree final on the ... th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion deposited at a former sale, leaving to be now dealt with the sum of bonds the sum of $... Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of the assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditioned that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April ... th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.
May 10.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other instruments of no greater power cost $... each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.
Oct 26.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built in the style of a first-class hotel, but as it is named and elegantly in "THE VILLA" is located at the last northwestern gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENFELG & CO., Proprietors.
August 2.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Table of ... ters and ... other noted resorts, Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis etc. Ocean Routes via Panama and Nicaragua to New York, and Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, ... Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
September 1.

DISSOLUTION

The Partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of WM. B. HOOPER & CO., doing business in San Francisco, California, and in the Territory of Arizona, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, Mr JNO. S. CARR retiring therefrom. The business will be continued by WM. B. HOOPER and JAMES M. BARNEY, under the same firm name, who will collect all assets and pay all liabilities. WM. B. HOOPER. JAS. M. BARNEY. JNO. S. CARR.
San Francisco, Sept 1 th, 1873. [Sept 20.]

NOTICE.

Shippers to Santa Barbara and other Coast Ports, are requested to refer to a paper called "The Guide" for information as to the movements of our vessels. See advertisement in daily papers.
GOODALL, NELSON & PERKINS, Corner Clay and East sts.
Sept 20.

BUENA VISTA VINICULTURAL SOCIETY,

Office, 409 Battery street, San Francisco.—Vineyards and Cellars, Sonoma. Orders respectfully solicited for WHITE and RED WINES and PURE BRANDY. Special attention is called to their SPARKLING NATURAL GRAPE, which received Honorable Mention at the Paris Exhibition in 1867. [Sept 6.]

C. L. CHACKBOS.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 1.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 a.m. and 1 p.m. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to City Collections and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated and money advanced on Real Estate. June 4.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE.** [B. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom 219 Bush street. Factory 148 Brannan street. Feb 1.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated ... Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at Nos. 430 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov 3.

J H JONES & CO.,

Stock Brokers.—Members of San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board. Office 409 California street. Sept 6.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

EDINBURGH ALE

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,
March 20. 412 Front street, S. F.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct 21.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 738 Montgomery street.

SUN-PICTURES.

Her photograph
Lies in my desk. Upon these features dear
I see the smile; I seem once more to hear
Her blithesome laugh.

Sun-pictures! yes—
It bears me back to blissful days of yore,
When life for me one sunny aspect wore
Of happiness.

The golden morn,
When forth we wandered mid the sunbeams mild,
And watched in woods how, like a darling child,
The day was born.

The purple eve,
When hand in hand we sat and saw the sun
Out in the west, his path of glory done,
Th' horizon leave.

The long bright day,
When, still together in the noontide sheen,
We idly watched across the chequered scene
The sunbeams play.

The sunlit sea
We floated o'er, or wandered by its marge,
And saw earth-pictured on its bosom large,
Eternity.

Too happy time,
Too full of innocent commingled mirth!
For the low level of this shadowed earth
A[illegible] too sublime!

Sun pictures fade,
As fade the sunbeams from the darkling west,
As fades the truth from out the fickle breast
Of faithless maid.

The shadows chill
Fell o'er our path. Yet as I sadly gaze,
And think upon the happy by-past days,
I love her still.

Love her—and know
Though seeming dead there still shall be reborn,
And live again for us on some glad morn,
The Long ago.

There, where no sun
Rises or sets; and where aside are laid
All earthly burdens, we twain shall be made
Forever one

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A lady correspondent in London writes as follows: Although the fashion of polonaises and tunics was said to be dying out, they seem to be as much worn as ever. The newest [illegible] are open to the waist in front, caught back with revers and [illegible] loaded with button. These buttons are very heavy, made for the most part of oxydized silver, or what looks like it, and reach the size of five-shilling pieces. They are very heavy and ugly, the devices on them being for the most part tasteless and outre, such as dogs' heads, owls, etc. A very rich costume just over from Paris has a curiously-arranged tunic. It is very long behind, reaching almost to the bottom of the skirt, and is turned back like a coat-tail, and held together with huge buttons. The front looks like five almost plain flounces, one over the other, the corners of each being turned up at both sides, showing a different-colored lining and a large button. Very heavy and bright-colored embroidery is used for dresses now, and broad straight sashings of it are worn down the sides of [illegible]. Sleeves for both dresses and dressing-gowns seem to grow longer every month, and reach now below the knee. The newest are turned back in a heavy fold from the wrist to show a handsome lining and a broad edge of lace. Nothing in the way of lace seems too extravagant to be worn now. The heavier the pattern and the wider the lace, the more it is sought after. A curious pattern in a heavy white lace is on a ball dress in a West End shop. It is alternately crosses and balls, and has a very curious appearance. A novel costume for evening dress is made of silk and tulle or fine grenadine—the latter is better because rather stiffer. The dress itself is silk or satin, according to taste—a complete, elaborate toilette, with panier and all complete. The oddity of the costume consists of a tunic formed of flounces or puffings of tulle, which falls from under the tunic over the train of the skirts. The effect is very singular, but at the same time stylish, though I should think such dresses must be very much in the way. The extra tunic is trimmed to match the dress, and may be either white or the same color of the silk. I have only seen one, and that was white, on a pink satin costume. The "scarf" tunic is a very odd arrangement of the overdress. It is a square apron in front, slightly caught up on one side, and hanging loosely over the back of the dress. On the other side it is gathered up into folds something like a Scotch scarf, and fastened up near the back of the waist with a large ornament, button, or brooch, according to taste. It is untidy looking, having just the appearance of having some undress somewhere. Pockets at the back is the newest fashion in ladies' paletots, and the odd kind of mantles known as "confections." They may be very convenient, but I must say the notion of a lady putting her hand behind her like a man for her pocket handkerchief and purse does not seem either graceful or convenient. Wide [illegible] caps are altering their colors from white to black. I was shown some a few days since, in a large mourning establishment, of a very peculiar shape and material. They were made of a peculiarly silky looking, and very fine crape, and instead of the favorite Mary Stuart [illegible] they were a square, [illegible] Neapolitan head dress. The singularity extended to the veil which hung straight and squared at the back. They looked very odd in the hand, but I was assured they were very becoming on the head. Black without any relief is a little trying, and I think the white caps will still be worn except by ladies with very fair and white hair. Milliners are making caps for elderly ladies out of the large square veils in fashion last year. Where they are of costly lace they are made without cutting and have a very stylish appearance. The veil is caught up on a light foundation so that a straight piece crosses the forehead in front, and two corners [illegible] at the back. Two edges of it run up the back of the cap, and the rest is crumpled into the crown in puffs, which look careless and light. Bows and ribbons are used to ornament these veil caps, which are very tasty and not at all stiff.—*Glasgow Mail.*

PUT FLOWERS ON YOUR TABLE.

Set flowers on your table, a whole nosegay, if you can get it, or but two or three, or a single flower, a rose, a pink, a daisy. Bring a few daises or buttercups from your last field work, and keep them alive in a little water; preserve but a bunch of clover or a handful of flowering grass, one of the most elegant of nature's productions, and you have something on your table that reminds you of God's creation, and gives you a link with the poets that have done it most honor. Put a rose, or a lily, or violet on your table, and you and Lord Bacon have a custom in common, for this great and wise man was in the habit of having flowers in season set upon his table, we believe, morning, noon, and night; that is to say, at all meals, seeing that they were growing all day. Now here is a fashion that will last you forever, if you please—never change with silks, and velvets, and silver forks, nor be dependent on caprice, or some fine gentleman or lady who have nothing but caprice and changes to give them importance or sensation. Flowers on the morning table are especially suited to them. They look like the happy wakening of the creation; they bring the breath of nature into the room; they seem the very representative and embodiment of the very smiles of your home, the graces of good-morrow.—*Leigh Hunt.*

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud.—The success of this most delicious and unrivalled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle. [illegible] Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps; Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding; [illegible] Tight Cartridges, for [illegible] Central fire Breech-loading Guns, Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, Sept. [illegible] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice; an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Budgett & Hughes; Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 30, and $3 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. Agents in New York.—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. [illegible] Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price, small bottles 6d. Large bottles, [illegible] each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SONS, London [illegible] [illegible]

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. [illegible] KEATING'S BON-BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable [illegible] safe and mild preparation, and [illegible] THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 28. Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & Co., corner Battery and Clay sts, San Francisco.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 13.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements. Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX BRANCH.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially [illegible] that will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution. MARAVILLA is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. [illegible] For invalids and dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS, under the ablest Homœopathic advice aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 10.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company [illegible] Plated Ware, Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND [illegible] OF BUSINESS [illegible] THE WORLD:—

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MEXICO—Consul—Manuel Azpiroz, [illegible] California street.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, 412 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—Consul-General—J. Herrera, 311 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul-General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S. W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
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A (NORTH) PACIFIC LAMENT.

[AFTER TENNYSON, IN THE "DAILY GRAPHIC."]

Broke, broke, broke,
By the railway loans, Jay C.;
And I would that my tongue could utter
The thoughts that arise in me!

Oh, well for the Wall street b'hoy
That he shouts in the "Board" to-day!
Oh, well for the Broker lad
That he still can promise to pay!

And the State-ly Banks go on,
With their charters under the bill;
But oh, for a touch of my notes of hand,
And a "tap" of the Jay C. "till!"

Broke, broke, broke,
By the lure of thy brags, Jay C.; [dead
And the saving "grace" of a day that is
Can never come back to me!

A VISIT TO LAKE TAHOE.

[The following descriptive letter is from the pen of a young lady born in San Francisco. Her mother achieved a reputation in England as a pleasing and cultivated writer, and our readers will see that the mantle has fallen from the mother's shoulders to those of the daughter:]

A week or two ago, I went with a party of friends to the celebrated Lake Tahoe, having heard that it was the most desirable resort within anything like a reasonable distance from San Francisco. We therefore did what people going there usually do, remained at the Truckee Hotel for one night, and proceeded by the stage next morning to Lake Tahoe. We were due at Truckee about eleven, but the cars as usual were late, consequently it was about twelve before we were shown to our rooms, and as we left San Francisco at 7 A.M., the first day of our excursion was not of a very invigorating description.

The first part of the journey was decidedly unpleasant. The plains of the Sacramento valley were perfectly reeking with heat, and the enormous amount of sand and dust, together with the smuts from the steam engine, soon considerably darkened the complexions of the passengers; indeed, in a few hours they all looked more like Irish emigrants than ladies and gentlemen. However, heat and dirt are necessary evils, so, like most other trials, they must be borne with saint-like resignation and calm patience. By the bye, Truckee is a sweet place; it is the perfect embodiment of filth, hotels excepted. It seems to me, though, that if I make many more digressions, it will be some time before I get to Tahoe, and as "go-ahead" seems to be the universal maxim in San Francisco, I will "continue my discourse," as the lecturers say.

Well, as I said before, we started in the stage the next morning, and having risen at the early hour of 5:30 A.M., we escaped the heat of the mid-day sun. The drive lasted about two and a half hours, and as the road lay along the banks of the Truckee River, and right in the midst of the Nevadas, it was very beautiful. The road itself was decidedly rough in several places, the path being strewn with pine tree stumps and stones, and a few stray pieces of rock, which, perhaps, not being well satisfied with their lofty abode, had rolled elegantly down to have a look at the mortals below. The Californians consider it a splendid road; that I will not go so far as to dispute, but if that is good, I wouldn't like to ride over a bad one.

On the way, we stopped to see the pine trees shot down on slides from the summit of the mountains to the river. It was a very grand sight to see these great brown trunks tearing violently down the shoot at an almost unimaginable speed, and then, as they neared the base, to be covered with smoke and sparks of fire from the friction of the tree against the wooden rails of the slide. Just as you expect it to set fire, the log gives a frantic leap into the air, and falls with a splash and a hiss into the water, sending up at the same time a fountain of foam and spray from twenty to thirty feet high.

There were several interesting objects to be looked at on the way, including the trout-hatching establishment and fish-ponds, but my time and space will not permit me to enter into details.

Having arrived at our destination, we put up at the Tahoe Hotel, a very fair specimen of a country hotel, facing the Lake. From it you see the mountains at the west and south, but both the north end and Emerald Bay are not visible from Tahoe. The Lake itself is undoubtedly a beautiful sheet of water from all parts, but in one or two places the word "beautiful" would give you a very faint idea of its perfect loveliness. I will try if I can describe Emerald Bay. It is at the south end of the Lake, and the shape of the bay is formed by a projecting mountain, which causes the rocks behind it to form a perfect alcove. The sides of the mountains round the bay are covered with short shrubs and young firs as green as emeralds, a sight remarkably delightful to the eyes after the dried-up, scrubby vegetation in San Francisco. Higher up on the mountains grow the tall, straight Pinus Ponderosa, varied with clusters of Larches and here and there a gigantic Tamarac, with its tuft of dark green foliage at the top of its bare straight trunk. The waters of the bay are of the purest transparent green, and at the depth of 600 feet you can clearly distinguish the sand and pebbles at the bottom. In the center of the bay is a little island of rock, on which is a small white house, with a cross at the top of it. This is the mausoleum of an old sailor, who takes care of Mr. Holladay's house at Emerald Bay. He has already made his coffin, and has seen that "everything is comfortable," so that when his earthly career is ended he will be nice and cosy, in perhaps the prettiest little spot of its kind in all California. The waters of the entire Lake are very clear. In several parts the bottom can be distinguished, and the changes of color from green to blue in the water are very well worth seeing. I would recommend any one going there to do as we did: Stop a day or two at each hotel round the Lake, and see all that one place boasts of, before going to another. Glenbrook and Yank's abound with beauties, and are both capital places for a "ten-miler" before breakfast. It would do some of the ladies good, too, if they would join their brothers in these delightful mountain excursions, but from what I have seen of them, I scarcely think the fair sex of 'Frisco are renowned pedestrians, but if they only knew how becoming clear mountain air is to their complexions, they would probably "turn out" a little earlier.

After all, I have given a very poor description of Tahoe's wond'rous scenery, but if I have said enough to persuade any one to go and try it for himself, my desires will have been attained, and though there are not many fashionables there just now, the weather is probably milder and the sunsets more gorgeous than at any other season of the year, and if any one wants to have a pleasant trip into the country, let him go at once, and not return till he has seen all the turns and windings of the Lake, and made himself acquainted with the cool air at the top of those mountains which are any ways accessible.

ELEPHANTINE MAGNANIMITY.

The Leisure Hour, an English magazine, tells this touching story, as related by Major Brown, of the Fortieth Regiment: "During the siege of Pondicherry, in the East Indies, by the British army, when M. Lally was Governor there, there were in the French garrison several war elephants, all of which except one died from the scarcity of provisions, and the survivor would have shared the fate of his companions but for his uncommon sagacity, which rendered him a favorite with every one, and the object of general admiration. This animal, in the absence of his keeper, was one day amusing himself with his chain in an open part of the town, when a man who had committed a theft and was pursued by a great number of people, despairing of all means of safety, ran for protection under the elephant. Apparently delighted with the poor wretch's confidence, the creature instantly faced about and met the crowd, erected his trunk, and threw his chain in the air, as is the manner of these animals when engaged with the enemy, and became so furious in defence of the criminal that, notwithstanding all the gentle arts made use of by the surrounding multitude, neither they nor even his mahout, or driver, to whom he was fondly attached, and who was sent for to manage him, could prevail with him to give up the malefactor. The contest had continued for three hours, when at length the Governor, hearing the strange account of it, came to the spot, and was so much pleased with the generous perseverance of the honest quadruped that he yielded to the elephant's interposition, and pardoned the criminal. The poor man, in an ecstacy of gratitude, testified his acknowledgements by kissing and embracing the proboscis of his kind benefactor, who was apparently so sensible of what had happened that, laying aside all his former violence, he became perfectly tame and [illegible] in an instant, and suffered his keeper to conduct him away without the smallest resistance."

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, No. 53 Pine street; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. The Bank has Agencies at Virginia City, Gold Hill, and Correspondents in all the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Locarno, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. Sept. 20.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffit, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rates of Exchange. May 4.

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Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. DIRECTORS—L. Gottig, F. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler, Dan. Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers. GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. E. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. [illegible] Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct 14.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin. Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED.)

412 California st., San Francisco.—London Office, 3 Angel Court; New York Agents, J. W. Seligman & Co., 21 Broad street. Authorized Capital stock, $6,000,000. Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange and Bullion, loan Money, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world. Oct. 4. F. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, } Managers.

THE CALIFORNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

No. 512 California street. Guarantee Capital, $300,000. Receives Ordinary and Term Deposits. Interest payable semi-annually. Makes Loans on City and County Real Estate, and other approved securities. President—David Farquharson. Vice-President—Charles Lux. Secretary—D. B. Chisholm. [Sept 6.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Money received on Term and Ordinary Deposits. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't, Wm. H. Culver, Vice President. H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 15.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited)

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; H. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House: 415 California street. July 2.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

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Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
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FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S.F.

CURLE & CO

Accountants, Adjusters and General Conveyancers, and Dealers in REAL ESTATE, MINES, ETC. Room, No. 19 Stevenson's Building, No. 331 Montgomery street, San Francisco, Cal. May 10.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Nov 15. Portland, Maine.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, B. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 36 Montgomery Block. May 31.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

C. STALLMAN.] **STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,** [H. BRUGGEMAN, Late with [illegible]

Merchant Tailors, 320 Montgomery street [illegible] San Francisco. An Elegant and Well Assorted Stock of Novelties in French and English Coatings, Fancy Cassimeres, etc. Sept. 13.

NOTICE.

Dr. A. J. Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 623 Clay street. Office Hours from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M. Sept. 6.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—The event of the week has been the production of Charles Reade's *Wandering Heir*. Miss Howard, formerly in the stock of the theater, was, during a recent visit to England presented by the author with his own dramatization of his story, undertaking the role of "Philippa" and "Philip." Miss Howard had a very difficult task before her. To produce such a play required an infinite amount of rehearsal and preparation, which the chances might have made by Miss LeClercq during the last week of her engagement, rendered almost impossible. Besides having been off the stage for more than a year, her beginning was indeed almost that of a novice, so far as nervousness was concerned, and she had to brace herself by the rough elements of the piece. We have never been advocates of the leg drama, and in Miss Howard's case the sacrifice to the necessities of the play was very great. She is an extremely beautiful woman in face and figure, entirely, thoroughly womanly and ladylike in every motion and gesture, and it is simply the dethronement of a goddess, when such an one lays aside the suitable habiliments of her own sex under any circumstances and dons those of the opposite, however tasteful and romantic they may be, and however modestly worn. A man in woman's clothes and a woman in breeches is an offence against the canons of taste anywhere, and even an author of Charles Reade's well established fame has no right to require it of so charming an actress as Miss Howard. The play was severely and somewhat savagely criticized by the daily press but was, notwithstanding, a success, if we may judge by the large and enthusiastic audiences which attended during the three nights it was given. Miss Howard played her part with great vivacity and grace, both as girl and boy, and made the most of situations and language, which in themselves were trying, and of the dramatic power than her resources deserve. She belongs to the emotional drama, to plays where the plot and words are of an elevated and elevating character, and she will find that her best histrionic triumphs will be won as a legitimate, and not as an actress of the sensational school. She leaves San Francisco with the best wishes of many warm friends, and we predict for her high distinction in her profession. On Thursday and Friday evenings, the drama of *Next Step* held the boards, and Reade's *Wandering Heir* suffered severely by the comparison. In plot, language, etc., and situation our local author has surpassed the great novelist, and Miss Howard's impersonation of the loveable and tender "Bertha" was faultless. Mr. Morrison made a decided hit as "Paul Weir," and Messrs. Williamson, Edwards and Mestayer, as the two "Sponges," and the scape-grace "Morris," held their former laurels untarnished. Mr. Leman was excellent in the role of the old family lawyer, and indeed the whole company contributed to a most enjoyable entertainment. The only fault to be found with Mrs. Judah, that dearest of all dear "old women" on the American stage, is that there was not enough of her in the piece. *Next Step* may prove a success elsewhere than in San Francisco, but it will be hard to find a company so well adapted to give it full effect as that of the California Theater. We regret the brevity of Miss Howard's engagement, and wish that we could know more of her *repertoire* of new plays, and her exhaustless and most elegant wardrobe which last, barring the boy's costume, is of the most tasteful and appropriate sort for a lady, on the stage or off.

Alhambra Theater.—The long-promised *Doctor of Alcantara* made his appearance on Monday night, and was welcomed by a splendid house. Good houses, by-the-bye, have been the order of the day—night, we mean—from the first time the Galton and Lee troupe appeared at the Alhambra. "Doctor Paracelsus" was played by John Howson, in good style, although there's not very much in the character. The frightful "mixture" was made the most of, and the get-up was admirable. Miss Galton was "Inez," and acted as sprightly and sang as charmingly as ever. Miss Ellerman is only now showing us what she can do. As "Isabella," she proves herself a quiet, ladylike actress, and that she has an exceedingly well cultured mezzo-soprano voice, of pure, sweet tone. Mrs. Melville was the duenna, and a pleasant one. The simpering "Carlos" was played by Mr. Kelleher, appreciatively; his singing being better than usual. This we cannot say of Mr. Arnold. His "Don Pomposo" was in acting good, but, whether from too much false stomach or too much false cheek, he sang below his standard—which is rather a high one. His time was bad, as well. The porters were most indignant, and the chorus so so. Previous to the operetta was a little comedy, entitled *The Happy Pair*, in which Mr. Burnett and Miss Lee were the only characters. From this we were more than ever convinced that Miss Lee is an actress who, in comedy, will bear very favorable comparison with those who have achieved a greater reputation on very much less. Thou art a charming little woman, Miss Lee—or Mrs. Burnett, whichever it is.

Gray's Opera House.—Perhaps, allowing for the fatigue necessary for the production of such a terrific bill, as fair a criterion may be formed of the acting of Miss Fanny Cathcart and Mr. George Darrell from the performance on Thursday night as from a whole week's plays. Three entire acts from *Leah*, *Hamlet* and the *Lady of Lyons*, respectively, the comedietta of *The Mexican Tigress* and a character sketch, are enough to prove the capabilities of any actor, and too much for the patience of any audience, however interested. Miss Cathcart, in all the dissimilar characters of "Pauline," "Leah" and "Salanella," had a very severe task, but one to which—always allowing for the fatigue—she proved herself equal. Mr. Darrell, as "Rudolph," "Hamlet," "Claude Melnotte" and "Jack Daggett," surprised us by the truthfulness, humor, fire and contour of his impersonations, to say nothing of his character sketch, which reminded us strongly of Lingard. It was the farewell benefit of these two accomplished actors who have had no fair chance of showing San Franciscans what they can do, and they certainly deserved a much better house, although, when the counter attractions are taken into consideration, they could hardly expect it. The orchestra of this pleasant little theater has always struck us as being above the average. The conductor is a worthy wielder of the baton, and the musicians—from Carl Wilhelms first violin playing to the drummer, who *doesn't* believe his instrument to be the principal one in the orchestra—are all excellent. We may mention that on Monday Gray's Opera House passes into the hands of Thomas Maguire, he having paid $15,000 for the entirety.

Herr Ernst Schlotte.—We remember how, when after some of the wonderful music from Herr Schlotte's magic horn at Hartegl's farewell concert, Wieniawski came rushing into the ante-room. "Where is the horn, where is the horn?" he asked. But the magic horn and its modest player had already gone, and when five minutes after the audience at the California saw the grave, quiet-faced man take his place in the orchestra, they little guessed that he had but just now excited the admiration and wonder of one of the first musicians of the world. Not that in being that the Pole stood above the German, for we have, in no common-tentedly and unassuming man ... one of the sweetest and most effective players on an instrument quite as difficult as the violin. Herr Schlotte takes a benefit on Tuesday evening, in which Inez Fabbri, Sig. Sosano (harp), George Koppitz (flute), F. Stohr (oboe), I. Urba (clarionet), E. Engemann, and a grand orchestra under the direction of George T. Evans take part. Let all lovers of good music, and all admirers of great though modest merit attend.

Who, among our play-goers, does not remember the charming and accomplished Emelie Melville? Her retirement from the stage was in consequence of her taking the most important step in woman's life. She had, in fact, won the Derby. Since that time Mrs. Derby has been studying Italian music, under the tuition of Signor Cortini and now, at the request of her later, backed by many friends, she has been induced to give a concert at Platt's Hall, on the 30th of October. She will be assisted by Madame Fabbri, Signore Bacceli, Cortini and Rigo, with a splendid orchestra. The whole will be under the direction of Prof. Evans, and we can promise the public a great treat, as the fair debutante and her managers are determined that this shall be the concert *par excellence* of the season.

Miss Minnie Walton is playing leading business at the Broadway Theater, New York. A private letter, thence October 8th, says: "The public like her immensely. In one week she has had at least $300 worth of flowers, besides a magnificent gold and cameo neck chain and locket sent anonymously." Such of the papers as have mentioned the cast at all, have spoken warmly of her performance, but they are universally "down upon" the piece in which she made her first appearance.

We invite the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the Vulcan Iron Works, whose capabilities have been so often signally enlisted in the promotion of leading enterprises and industries of California.

ART NOTES.

There is comparatively little to record in Art matters since our last writing. Thomas Hill, the ... has completed a ... scene, with ... rendered. His grand picture of the "Eagle's Home," the property of John A. Paul, Esq., has been photographed by Watkins, and the effect and tone of the picture is well preserved. In Marple's gallery there is now on view a fine work by Lucas Didier. It is an Italian landscape of ... fore, but has admirable handling in the foliage of wild fig, olive and chestnut. This painter took the *prix de Rome* of the *Beaux Arts* of Paris in 1857. This prize was, we believe, instituted by the late Emperor, the student who wins it gets three years expenses all paid him for travel and study in Italy. There is a similar prize—the "Travelling Student's" given by the English Royal Academy. Here is an example for our Art Association. Such a prize offered annually for the best *bona fide student's* work in painting or sculpture, would render the Society immensely popular and stimulate many a youthful aspirant. The expenses of a student's residence in Rome are comparatively light. At the gallery of Morris, Schwab & Co., on Post street, we noticed a very careful study of Siberian native life by Mr. Frost. At Snow & Roos' establishment there are several late works by S. M. Brookes, all studies of fish, fresh and sea. We doubt if there is a better painter of such subjects now living than Mr. Brookes; Mr. Bierstadt said that there was no one in the East who could compare with him and the authority is high. At the same gallery there is a picture of "The First Temptation," by Mr. Hart, which has completed our conversion to the Darwinian theory. We decline altogether to regard this as a family picture, and indeed look upon it as a gross insult to the whole human race. An unpleasant British blonde, with a vicious leer in her eye, is handing, apparently, a rotten custard hat to a bloated and wooden person supposed to represent our first papa. Adam is evidently very drunk, and this is where the artist's ... genius comes in. Having imagined such an Eve, he felt that this was the only way to account for the success of the temptation! He can account for the expulsion, such a pair indeed ought not merely to have been expelled from the garden. If they should have been attacked ere the deed was perpetrated. Seriously, such subjects should not be attempted by artists of Mr. Hart's caliber. They require the highest and severest education in selection of the choicest models, and some little attention to that which is intended to be represented. Is the artist aware that the Holy Book expressly speaks of Adam as created in the image of God? Hart, sin no more! In the good old times, they would have burned you at the stake for such a ...

We are sorry to see that our heathen Chinee, not content to do our dirty work in general, are aspiring to compete in art itself! Else what means the *Bulletin's* advertisement, emanating from "a gentleman from Hongkong," who offers to send your photograph, or any other, to China, and return you an oil painting from the same in 75 days for the moderate price of $10! Wary celestial! They know that the artists have not a chance of bricking them at this distance. The Art Association must look into this. We must have a prohibitive tariff or do something desperate, or else we fear that the growing taste of America will be seriously impeded by an influx of barbaric art.

ITALIAN OPERA.

They who don't insist upon a fresh opera every night, have enjoyed the repetition of *Norma* and *Lucia* last Monday and Wednesday, in addition to the novelty of Mlle Elzer taking the part of "Adalgisa," and performing it capitally. But *Lucia* is the opera which brings out the full force of Signora Visconti's talent. We have already spoken of her exquisite interpretation of Donizetti's masterpiece, and her performance last Wednesday left nothing to be desired. Signor Verati is specially adapted for the role of "Edgardo," and the opera as a whole was better played than we have ever known it in San Francisco. Last night the long cooked for *Chi dura Vince* was given to a full house, Miss Mary Wadsworth taking the part of the much deceived yet still loving "Countess Elena." It was so peculiarly adapted to this young lady, who threw into the character all the animation and spirit the author demands. The opera abounds with bright sparkling airs, which it was evident Miss Wadsworth had carefully studied and thoroughly understood. She was in excellent voice and was applauded through the whole of the evening. Marcuel, as Germano, had an admirable character, which he played with a gusto thoroughly his own. He appears to revel in Ricci's creations, and his enjoyment was communicated to the audience. The whole was well performed, and amused the public very much. This afternoon the ever welcome *Trovatore* at matinee performance. On Monday the benefit of the Prima Donna Visconti, when *Rigoletto* will be performed. We presume Mlle Elzer will take the part of "Gilda," and all the musical world will be there to do homage to Signora Visconti. Wednesday, certainly *L'Africaine*, and not again until the return of the troupe.

Woodward's Gardens, with the extraordinary attraction of Natator, the man-fish, still continues to attract enormous crowds of visitors, and no wonder, for no pleasanter place of recreation and enjoyment is to be found in the city. Might we suggest the advisability of some first-rate promenade concerts to be given in the pavilion? A first-class band might be engaged, and people would willingly pay something extra for the extra enjoyment.

We have received of M. Gray, the publisher, two new and pretty ballads by the author of "Don't be Angry with Me, Darling"—one entitled, "My Cottage Trimmed with Roses," and the other, "Hark! the Angels Sweetly Singing." From the same publisher, the "First Kiss" Polka, composed by Louis Bödecker, as played by Ballenberg's Band.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; F. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, October 18, and till further notice—Third week of Miss Mattie Grant. ... of novelties. First week of the grand ... Extravaganza, entitled THE MERRY WIVES OF SAN FRANCISCO. During the piece will be introduced the "March of the Amazons," the popular comic "Shadow Pantomime," and many beautiful Tableaux. The charming actress, Miss Jennie Johnson, will appear in one of the leading characters. Caselm and Fritz will do the "Shadow Pantomime" and other pleasing acts. The Perry Brothers are the bright stars of ... These excellent performers, Mat Kelly, Tommy Bree, Lon Rizos and Tom ... too are still the ... favorites of the public. Be sure to call and see us this week. ... early if you wish to get a seat. John Woodard and ... are engaged at this establishment, and will not fail to make a shadow in the pantomime. Oct 18.

PLATT'S NEW MUSIC HALL.—GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.

Under the management of Signor G. Mancusi.—Grand Orchestra. Full and Efficient Chorus. SIG. A. SPADINA, Director of Orchestra. E. E. RITTER, Leader of Chorus. Saturday Afternoon, Oct. 18th, at 2 o'clock—Last Matinee—Verdi's Opera, LA TRAVIATA. The success of the season. Monday Evening, Oct. 20—Benefit of SIGNORA IDA VISCONTI, when will be given the Grand Opera of RIGOLETTO. Admission—Dress Circle and Orchestra Chairs $1 50. Parquette, $1. Reserved seats, 50 cents extra. Private Boxes $5, $8, $12 and $15. Oct 18.

CALIFORNIA THEATER

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, at 2 o'clock—THE WANDERING HEIR. Saturday Evening, Oct. 18th—Last appearance of MISS MAY HOWARD. First and only performance at this Theater of Dickens's OLIVER TWIST. Monday Evening, Oct. 20—First appearance in California of the celebrated Irish comedian, MR. SHIEL BARRY. Oct 18.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wetherill, Treasurer.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—Decided success of SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE LEE'S Burlesque and Comedy Troupe. Fielding's ... Opera THE DOCTOR OF ALCANTARA. Previous to which the laughable ... entitled THE HAPPY PAIR. Monday Evening ... at the ... Opera House, Grand ... Benefit ... MISS SUSAN GALTON. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, ... Private Boxes, $5 and $...; Parquette, 25 cents. Oct 18.

KENNEDY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 24.]

Stuart Seldon Wright,

ATTORNEY

AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW

OFFICES

Nos. 10 and 11, 634 California st., upstairs.

Aug 9

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ⅌ lb	60@	65
Cheese, Cal.	22½@	25
Honey	25@	35
Eggs, ⅌ doz.	45@	50
Lard, ⅌ lb	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ⅌ lb	16@	20
Cranberries, ⅌ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ⅌ lb	3@	4
Lima Beans, ⅌ lb	6@	
Tomatoes, ⅌ lb	3@	4
Onions, ⅌ lb	3@	5
Squashes, ⅌ lb	2½@	4
Pumpkins, ⅌ lb	2½@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	15
Cucumbers, ⅌ doz	10@	15
Celery, ⅌ doz b	75@1	00
Beets, ⅌ doz b	20@	25
Turnips, ⅌ doz b	@	25
Parsnips, ⅌ doz b	@	25
Radishes, ⅌ doz b	@	25
Green Peas, ⅌ lb	6@	8
String Beans, ⅌ lb	6@	8
Apples, ⅌ lb	4@	8
Pears, ⅌ lb	5@	10
Peaches, ⅌ lb	6@	15
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ⅌ lb	12@	25
Dates, new, ⅌ lb	8@	12
Oranges, ⅌ doz.	50@	75
Lemons, ⅌ 100	@1	50
Limes, ⅌ doz	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Quail, ⅌ doz	@2	50
Turkeys, ⅌ lb	20@	25
Geese, ⅌ pair	@3	00
Ducks, ⅌ pair	1 25@	2 00
Rabbits, ⅌ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	25@	40
Oysters, ⅌ 100	75@1	00
Clams, ⅌ 100	50@	
Mussels, ⅌ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ⅌ lb	15@	18
Salmon, fresh, ⅌ lb	10@	
Codfish, ⅌ lb	12½@	15
Rockfish, ⅌ lb	8@	12
Smelts, ⅌ lb	10@	15
Tomcod, ⅌ lb	12½@	
Sturgeon, ⅌ lb	15@	18
Flounders, ⅌ lb	25@	
Halibut, ⅌ lb	30@	50
Perch, ⅌ lb	5@	
Shrimps, ⅌ lb	10@	12
Anchovies, ⅌ lb	5@	8
Soles, ⅌ lb	25@	50

E. S. TIBBEY,

Stock Broker,

No. 6 Leidesdorff St.

Aug 9

H. F. Williams & Co.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

ROOM 30,

STEVENSON'S BUILDING,

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

California and Mont. sts.,

San Francisco.

Aug 23.

LAST WORDS OF GREAT MEN.

However physiologists may question the importance of the feeble utterances of the dying, there is that in mankind in general finds a deep and an ... in the last words of those who are verging into the unknown life. "He raves," said the physician, when Dr. Adams, rector of the High School of Edinburgh, was passing away, but, as we catch the last words of the raving, our own eyes are dimmed: "It grows dark, boys," stretching forth his hand, "you may go." "All my possessions for a moment of time!" moaned Queen Elizabeth. Wesley, calmer, said as he died: "The best of all is, God is with us." And deaf Beethoven, whose soul had ever been filled with harmony, exclaimed gladly at the last: "I shall hear!" "Is your mind at ease?" Goldsmith was asked by his physician. "No it is not," was the mournful reply, and he spoke no more. How different the parting words of Dr. William Hunter! "If I had strength to hold a pen, I would write how easy and pleasant a thing it is to die." Or the assurance of President Edwards, as his dying grasp loosened on hard forms of Dogma: "Trust in God and you need not fear." Byron said, wearily: "I must sleep now," and Goethe, turning to his wife, called for "Light, more light!" Dr. Johnson died in a tumult of uneasiness and dread. Cowper sank to rest as peacefully as a child. "I am taking a fearful leap in the dark," cried Hobbes, the deist, and "Now, Lord, Lord, receive my soul!" whispered Herbert, on his last "sweet day." Politeness was no doubt a ruling passion but a chrism, when Chesterfield, in dying, said, "Give Dayrolles a chair," and surely something was forgiven of Charles II., when he bade farewell to earth's pomp and wickedness in "Don't let poor Nellie starve." Haller's last words were, feeling his own pulse, "The artery ceases to beat." Petrarch died suddenly and silently in his library, his hand upon a book, and Sir Isaac Newton was working his watch when he was ushered into the life that hath no end. Talma, the great actor, exclaimed, pitifully, as he went: "The worst of all is, I cannot see," and John Locke murmured: "Oh the depth of the riches of the goodness and knowledge of God!" The dying admonition of the learned Grotius to his race was, "Be serious." Scarron, the French wit said, faintly, to his weeping friends: "Ah, *mes enfans*, you cannot cry as much for me as I have made you laugh in my time," and Lord Thurlow, in reckless wonder, exclaimed: "I'm shot, if I don't believe I'm dying!" When poor Robert Burns gasped with his last breath, "Don't let the awkward squad fire over me!" he did not allude to his commentators and critics, yet what a significance ah old the words have for them! And how little Anne Boleyn thought, when, awaiting the executioner, she clasped her fair throat, that "It is but small, very small," would link her forever to the heart of Christendom! Yet, we cannot doubt that many of the most eloquent sermons that mankind has ever listened to have fallen from dying lips. Cæsar's grieved "And then, Brutus!" John Quincy Adams' "This is the last of earth," Mirabeau's frantic cry for "Music" after his life of discord, George Washington's "It is well!" do they not grow richer in meaning every day? And is it not sweet, blessed to remember the last moments of Melancthon, the friend of Luther? "Do you want anything?" asked his loved one, eagerly. "Nothing but heaven," he answered, gently, and went smiling on his way.

Dr. Baillie said that in his vast experience he had never known more than one out of every fifty dying men quit life one whit more conscious than when he entered it. "Light, more light!" cries Goethe with his parting breath. Dr. Cullen, when dying, faintly intimates to a friend: "I wish I could write, I would describe how pleasant a thing it is to die." Bacon, at the point of death, writes with incapable fingers of the snow-stuffed fowl which cost him life. Dr. Black, while eating bread and milk, dies so tranquilly that his stiffened fingers grasp the spoon with its contents unspilt. Coffee-cup in hand, the spirit of Sir Charles Blagden passes away, while Guy Lussac notes the cup of untasted coffee in the dead man's hand, not a drop having fallen to the ground. "That we live in the shadow of death is true, but the shadow is no terrible darkness that need scare or terrify us, and when it completely envelops us we shall be only

> 'Like one who wraps the drapery of his couch
> About him, and lies down to pleasant dreams.'"

THE END OF THE WORLD.

That the great earth has not long since disappeared—melted into thin air, like the baseless fabric of a vision—is due to the fault or wisdom of a greater power than is couched in the reiterated prophecies of modern prophets, and well illustrates the truthfulness of the axiom that though man proposes, to God alone belongs the disposition. Since our gray-haired men were boys, periods have been fixed at which the earth should be blotted out. At first there were many who believed and watched with fear and trembling the coming of the hour when they should hear the crack of doom. Time may end, but it waits not for the end to come. It rushes onward with rapid flight, as if annihilation pursued instead of awaited its coming. The fatal morning dawned, the earth continued in its orbit, there was no jar or clash; the sun arose, reached the meridian; evening came, the stars peeped out, the car was still on the track, all was serene, and with a sigh of relief everybody thanked God and cursed the false prophets in the same breath. The serio-comic farce was enacted and re-enacted year after year, losing with each return something of its fear and dread, and gaining in proportionate extent its comic character, until now, a prediction that the world will come to an end on a given day, excites no feeling of alarm, and is regarded by the most credulous of men and timid of women in the light of a broad farce enacted by idiots, to be laughed at by all sensible people. Once more the actors in this now somewhat monotonous play are rehearsing for another appearance. The programme for next year is already out, and according to the cast made by the manager of the Adventists' troupe recently assembled in camp at Springfield, Massachusetts, the last appearance of the world and its people on the stage of Time, will be in 1874. The rather somber conclusion is reached on the following evidence, found in a volume of divine origin, not much read nowadays: "I am God, and there is none like me, declaring the end from the beginning.—Isaiah xlvi., 9, 10. Come near ye nations, to hear, and hearken, ye people, let the earth hear, and all that is therein, the world and all things that come forth of it, for it is the day of the Lord's vengeance, and the year of recompenses for the controversy of Zion. And the streams thereof shall be turned into pitch, and the dust thereof into brimstone, and the land thereof shall become burning pitch. It shall not be quenched night or day, the smoke thereof shall go up forever.—Isaiah xxxiv., 1, 8, 9, 10." These quotations are followed by seven long columns of figures from which, by a system of calculation incomprehensible to all save Adventists and the inmates of insane asylums, the conclusion is reached that those who are not ready to leave this world next year will realize the unpleasant and somewhat awkward fact that the world has left them. The compiler of this remarkable and certainly comprehensive time table is confident of its correctness, and assures the traveling public that the great world's express train must run by it. In order that there may be no delay, and that all may reach the station in time for the last train, the self-assumed general superintendent appends the following admonitory paragraph to the bottom of his card: "Write the vision and make it plain upon tables that he may run that readeth it. For the vision is yet for an appointed time, but at the end it shall speak and not lie; though it tarry, wait for it, because it will surely come, it will not tarry.—Heb. ii., 2, 3." Here we have it. The thing is as clear and comprehensible as the chatterings of a monkey or the ravings of a lunatic, and if any there are who have not given away such of this world's dross as they may chance to possess, and prepared their ascension robes by the time Gabriel blows his horn, they may be set down as perverse, stupid unbelievers who, having heard the cry of wolf so often when there was no wolf cannot be made to understand that the wolf has really come. Toot

St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street.—Rev. Dr. Scott, Pastor. Public preaching of the Gospel Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. The public cordially invited. Subject of evening discourse: The astonishing success of the preaching of John the Baptizer.

Gerald Massey has arrived in New York, under the auspices of the Literary Bureau.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front street Wharf at ... Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at ... A. M., connecting at Donahue with Steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at ... The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at ... P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, ... Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The Steamer Newbern, William Metzger, Master, will sail for the above ports on ... at 12 o'clock, noon, from Vallejo-street Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the River. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. No freight received for Mexican Ports after 3 P. M. of the ... last, and bills of lading for the ports must be accompanied by Custom house and consular clearances. For freight or passage apply to Oct. 4. E. NORTON, Agent, ... Front street.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The A 1 Ship British King, Quiney, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [Sept 23.] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17 E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly.—Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

June 14 WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, croquet garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 15.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands by railroad the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN.

Agent Decoto Land Company, 634 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication office. Dec. 21.

L. H. NEWTON.] **NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,** [NORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your orders at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 24.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS and GLAZIERS, No. ... Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan 23.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . . **1 Rue Scribe, Paris.**

[March 29.]

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.

Feb 16 FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

R. S. CLYDE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.—Entrance to Office, 622 Clay st. and 625 Merchant street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco. Oct 4.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street over Bank of California. Nov 16.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 9.] ... FOLKES & CO., 412 Front street.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 25.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Burnham—In this city, October 16th, to the wife of Wm. F. Burnham, a son.
Dietz—In this city, October 14th, to the wife of C. L. Dietz, a son.
Field—In this city, October 11th, to the wife of T. A. Field, a son.
Jacobs—In this city, October 12th, to the wife of M. H. Jacobs, a son.
Lask—In this city, October 16th, to the wife of Louis Lask, a daughter.
Lann—In this city, October 15th, to the wife of Chas. Lann, a son.
Lichtenstein—In this city, October 14th, to the wife of M. Lichtenstein, a son.
Marshall—In this city, October 14th, to the wife of John Marshall, a son.
Peterson—In this city, October 14th, to the wife of L. Peterson, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Bartlett-Conolly—In this city, October 16th, H. C. Bartlett to Mary Conolly.
Fitch-Wood—In this city, October 2d, Oscar Fitch to Mary Jane Wood.
Gower-Poulterer—In this city, October 14th, S. J. Gower to Sallie Poulterer.
Grant-Dempsy—In this city, October 12th, P. J. Grant to Margaret Dempsy.
Harper-Tobias—In this city, October 11th, Henry P. Harper to Fanny Tobias.
Hanson-Sears—In this city, October 15th, James Hanson to Ann Sears.
Knauth-Geubert—In this city, October 12th, Carl W. Knauth to Caroline Geubert.
Stuart-Hervey—In this city, October 14th, Wm. Stuart to Helen C. Hervey.
Shepherd-Ward—In this city, October 15th, E. Shepherd to Mrs. James M. Ward.

TOMB.

Aikens—In this city, October 9th, Elesia Aikens, aged 75 years.
Bennett—In this city, October 16th, Catharine Bennett, aged 56 years.
Born—In this city, October 17th, Ann Born, aged [illegible] years.
Frederick—In this city, October 13th, Charles A. Frederick, aged 61 years.
Hunt—In this city, October 9th, James B. Hunt, aged 72 years.
Joost—In this city, October 14th, Herman Joost, aged 22 years.
Page—In this city, October 16th, Julius Page, aged 34 years.
Thomas—In this city, October 11th, Mary Thomas, aged 54 years.
Tetlow—In this city, October 16th, Johanna W. A. Tetlow, aged 59 years.

POLO.

Polo is becoming established as an English out-door amusement, and there is no reason why it should not become a Californian one. The dash, skill in horsemanship and courage which constitute a player of polo are essentials which commend it to the Californian character. The hardy little mustangs, we should think, would be admirably suited to the requirements of the game. As the manner of playing polo is unknown here, we append a description of the game. The admirers of polo praise it in no measured terms. They pronounce it a fine manly amusement, far superior to cricket, football, or coursing; and there are those who go so far as to affirm that, with the exception of hunting, it is the finest field-sport known. This is saying a good deal, and many of our sporting readers, particularly the older ones, will perhaps think it a great deal too much. Besides fixing the goals, which consist of two pairs of flags about 200 yards apart, no preparations are necessary. With a strong, energetic horseman, some skill in riding, and a good horse, the player has practically all that he needs. There is the polo uniform, to be sure. The rules of the game are not very stringent on this point, and certain parts of the costume may be varied according to the taste of the wearer. When ready for the game, the player usually appears divested of coat and waistcoat, and wearing a shirt of the newest cut and pattern, knee-breeches of faultless make, and top-boots of unexceptionable shape and polish. One part of the field is reserved for the spectators.

The players are mounted upon fine young horses of a small, compact build, and each carries a bat very much like a hockey stick. They assemble and choose a captain, and then ride away in two parties to the grass. An attendant advances to a point about midway between them, and throws up a soft leather ball, upon which the players charge with might and main from each side, and, striking the ball with their bats, endeavor to drive it past their opponents' goal. There is a fierce charge by the opposing players as the ball leaves the hand of the attendant, and a general scramble for it in the center, which all the riders reach at the same time, followed by a few charges and counter-charges as unlucky blows send the ball out of the line of the flags, and finally, a mad gallop after the player who succeeds in taking it away from his fellows and driving it past the opponents' goal. So the play goes on, and the side that wins the greatest number of rounds during that time is victorious. Of course there are intervals for rest and refreshment, during which the players receive, according as they have won or lost, the smiles or taunting reproaches of their fair friends among the spectators.

This, in brief, is polo, and whatever our sporting friends may think, the general observers of the game never see it without feeling amused or interested. The playing constitutes, indeed, a very pretty and animated spectacle, and has at present all the charm of novelty. Though perhaps not entitled to all the praise bestowed upon it, polo is undoubtedly good manly sport.

It is healthy, it is excellent exercise, and requires, and will necessarily encourage skillful horsemanship; merits which will doubtless soon establish the game in public favor. Polo has been said to be attended with cruelty to the horses, and at first sight there seems some ground for the assertion. The sudden and frequent twisting about, the violent charging, and the danger which the horses run of being struck by the bats, all favor the idea that the animals may suffer; but a careful observation of the mode of playing, and more especially an examination of the horses after a game, show that there is little, if any, cruelty resulting from it. The horses after some practice are governed more by the ear than the bit or the spur, and, to prevent unintentional injury from the spur in the heat of the contests, the players always wear spurs with blunt rowels. Then it is found in playing to be a rare thing for the horses to be struck with bats, and it by no means follows that every blow they get injures them.

The origin, country and the age of polo are problematical. There are several theories on the subject, all more or less speculative and unsatisfactory, and in this position of doubt the matter seems likely to remain. All the authorities, however, agree in believing the game to have been first played in the East, but in what country and at what time they are unable to say with certainty. According to the theory which seems least open to objection, the game was originated in India, probably in the Northwestern provinces, and is of considerable antiquity. It has been regularly played for several years in certain of the larger towns of India, notably Bombay and Calcutta. Whatever its origin or country, or how it began to be played in England, there is no doubt that it is now established as one of our outdoor amusements.

BOGUEY.

Some sixty years ago, it was the fashion in Europe to ascribe all evil that came to pass upon earth to the influence of Napoleon I. He was looked upon as the author of flood and fire, of dearth and drought, and a popular poet was excellently well parodied in the "Rejected Addresses" as inquiring in "The Loyal Effusion":

> "Who makes the quartern loaves and Luddites rise?
> Who fills the butchers' shops with large blue flies?"

And was made to answer to each and all of a long string of such queries, "the Arch Apostate Boney." In the minds of the [illegible] who [illegible] San Francisco newspapers Boguey is Stanford & Co. That [illegible] firm is accused of a desire to make [illegible] adopt a greenback currency, and is also branded as the original [illegible] of certain [illegible] a return to specie payments. It is [illegible] easy to see how any corporation, however wicked, can fill two directly opposite roles, and it would prevent things from getting quite so much mixed if the newspapers who know the designs of the C. P. R. R. so well would inform us whether we are to arm against "Codlin" or "Short." It is rather perplexing to be warned at the same time against opposing designs attributed to another.

We are glad to welcome back the McDonald Cadets. The strictest order and attention to the commander has characterized their visit to the East. After all this [illegible] they will [illegible] work.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Oct. 17, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED	FRI
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	—	2¼	2½
Alps	—	—	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—
American Flag	1¼	1½	—
Arizona & Utah	1½	—	1¼
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alta	—	—	—
American Flat	4¼	4½	5½
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	8	6½	7½
Belcher	70	85½	80
Belmont	4¼	4½	—
Bullion	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	—	5¼	6
Buckeye	—	1	—
Caledonia	17½	17	18½
Cedarberg	—	—	—
Central	—	15	—
Charter Oak	—	½	—
Chapman	—	¼	—
Chief of the Hill	—	1	—
Chief East Extension	—	—	—
Chollar	29	37½	29½
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	7½	6½	7½
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—
Consolidated Virginia	180	179	180
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—
Crown Point	111	101	111
Central No. 2	—	—	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	—	1	—
Eclipse	4½	4½	5½
El Dorado	—	1½	—
Empire Mill	3½	3½	4
Empire, Idaho	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	10½	10½	—
Eureka, G. V.	—	—	—
Exchequer	7½	8	8
Globe	1	37	60
Golden Chariot	23½	24½	—
Gould & Curry	11½	11	12
G. H. Quartz	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	25½	23½	25
Hermes	—	—	—
Hoho & Hunt	—	1½	—
Hayes	1½	1½	—
Ida Elmore	2½	2½	—
Imperial	4½	3½	4
Independent	—	—	—
Ingomar	—	—	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	1½	—
Jackson	—	—	—
Julia	1½	1½	1½

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED	FRI
Justice	4¼	4	11
Kentuck	12	11½	11½
Kinta Ka	2	2½	—
Knickerbocker	3¼	3¼	3¼
Kossuth	—	12	10
Louise	25	—	—
Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Mahogany	—	6	—
Mammoth	—	—	—
Meadow Valley	15¼	16¼	—
Minnesota	—	14½	—
Newark	4½	4½	—
New York Consolidated	—	—	—
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	64	55½	31
Original Hidden Treasure	—	—	—
Overman	11½	16½	12
Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Page & Panaca	—	—	—
Pea Vine	—	—	—
Phoenix	—	—	—
Piute	—	—	—
Proche	3½	—	—
Proche West	—	—	—
P Ph rats	—	—	—
Raymond & Ely	62	62	—
Rescue Consolidated	—	—	—
Rye Patch	4½	7½	—
Red Jacket	—	—	—
Savage	41½	39	40
Seg. Belcher	49	—	45
Sierra Nevada	12	—	12½
Sutter Peak	—	—	—
Silver Hill	13½	12	12
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	—	1½	2½
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	2½	2½	—
South Overman	30	—	—
St. Patrick	—	—	—
South Comstock	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Tyler	50	¼	¼
Union Consolidated	—	1¼	1½
Utah	—	—	—
Washington & Creole	—	—	—
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	½	1	1½
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	53	50	56
Yolo Gravel	—	—	—

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES

METALS	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1	$50 00 @ 52 50
Bar Iron, assorted, ₩ lb	3 @ 4
Metal sheathing, ₩ lb	— 24 @ —
Tin Plates, I C, ₩ box	13 00 @ 14 00
Tin Plates, I X, ₩ box	14 00 @ 15 00
Lead, Pig, ₩ lb	— 6 @ — 6½
Lead, Sheet, ₩ lb	— 9 @ — 10
Banca Tin, ₩ lb	— 26 @ — 28
Quicksilver	1 10 @ — —
COAL.	
West Hartley, ₩ ton	11 00 @ 11 50
Australian	9 50 @ —
Cumberland	22 00 @ 25 50
Anthracite	12 00 @ 14 00
Bellingham Bay	8 5 @
Mount Diablo	8 50 @ 8 50
COFFEE	
Guatemala, ₩ lb	— 21 @ — 22
Java Old Government	— 25 @ — 26
Manila	— — @ — 21
Costa Rica	— 21 @ — 23
RICE	
China, No. 1, ₩ lb	— 6½ @ — 6½
China, No. 2	— 5½ @ — 5½
Hawaiian	— 6½ @ — 7½
WINES	
Champagne, ₩ doz	20 00 @ 25 00
Port, according to brand, ₩ gallon	2 00 @ 6 75
Sherry, do. do.	1 75 @ 7 00
OIL.	
Coal and Kerosene	— 31 @ — 35

TEAS.	[illegible]
Japans	— 60 @ 75
Oolong	— 50 @ 85
SUGARS	
China, No. 1, ₩ lb	— 9 @ 9½
Sandwich Island	— 6½ @ 9½
Manila	— @ 7½
Crushed American	— 11 @ — 13½
Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Peruvian	— 7 @ — 8
CANDLES	
Sperm Wax, ₩ lb	30 @ — 42
Adamantine	— 13½ @ — 15
SPIRITS AND LIQUORS	
Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 7 50
Whisky, Irish	3 00 @ 5 50
Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 23
Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
BAGS AND BAGGING	
Chicken Gunny, ₩ 24-lb	— — @ — 21
Gunny Bags in bales	— — @ 20
Burlap Bags	— 12½ @ 13½
Hessian, 40-in. ₩ yard	— 9½ @ 10
EXPORT STAPLES	
Wool, ₩ lb	— 12 @ 23
Tallow	— @ 7½
Hides	— 16 @ 18
Wheat, ₩ 100 lbs	2 0 @ 2 3
Barley	1 4 @ 1 6
Oats	1 50 @ 1 70
Flour ₩ bbl	6 20 @ 7 5

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information of the Pacific Coast hereby announce that they are now prepared [illegible] placards [illegible] of the [illegible] graphs, lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, [illegible] Cards [illegible] the [illegible] stores of [illegible] Diaries [illegible] the interests of the Pacific Coast. [illegible] will fill a great public want and [illegible] attractive. [illegible] the Exchange [illegible] the Pacific States and San Francisco [illegible] charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE [illegible] ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, [illegible] One Mill [illegible] All orders for these attractive [illegible] received at the office of the Company, [illegible] Merchant street, San Francisco, [illegible] It is expected that the Exchange will [illegible] J. MELVILLE, Secretary [illegible] a Bureau for the Pacific Coast, No. [illegible] Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, [illegible] and [illegible] of Telegraphic News [illegible] The most complete and valuable [illegible] Dec. 24.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escomte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bdgs, W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C. London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S; Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm Marriott, 5 Crown Office Row, Jno Marriott 11 Gloster st, E C, Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

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Jones, J. H....509 California st.
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Peckham, E. P....413 Cal'a st
Schmiedell, H....401 Cal'a st
Smiley, G. W......444 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

LETTER FROM THE CLERGY.

Friend News Letter:—You will confer a favor on your humble servant by publishing the following letter from Brother Carpenter, and ease the anxious minds of his followers. Yours, in sympathy,
THE PARSON.
THE OAKS, October, 1873.

THE LETTER.

DEAR PARSON,—It has become a patent and self-evident fact to the intelligent and thinking portion of this community, that the great exponent of a liberal and progressive philosophy, based upon truth, justice and scientific research, having for its end, aim and object the elevation and enlightenment of the whole human family, is the *News Letter*. It stands, an impassable barrier of truth, between mankind and the insidious tide of sophism, which is ever found creeping along the shore of common sense. It is the great expounder and propagator of the only religion that defies the hand of Time. The breadth of its creed embraces the universe; the duration of its principles date from the initial point of time, and extend down the dim future of eternal centuries; the depth of its wisdom stretches through the limitless cycles of a boundless infinitude; the whole superstructure is reared upon two simple words—they are the world's rock of ages—"Cause and Effect," and public journals of the *News Letter* creed form the bulwark of mental freedom, and whenever I have that able sheet spread out before me, with its broad, comprehensive views, I am reminded of the square sail which the pious captain of a slaver prayed for when he was becalmed in the horse latitudes. He said: "Oh, Lord! I am in a dead calm; my niggers are all sick, and if they die before I land them where the blessed light of the gospel shines in a Christian country, every soul of them will be damned, and I shall not realize a red cent on the voyage. Therefore, I pray thee, O Lord, to send me a square sail that will hoist up to heaven and sheet home to hell, and spread all over the universal world." That night he took a squall and was dismasted. And now to business. The reason for my addressing you this letter is this: My dear Parson, through the evil propensities of some of the members of our congregations, many of the shining lights in Israel have become enveloped in the murky clouds of sin; not through any fault of theirs, for they are still strong in mind and pure in spirit, but they have fallen from the lofty pedestal of virtue through the weakness of the flesh, being unable to resist the seductive influences by which they were surrounded, influences which approached them in the alluring guise of refined female loveliness. The world's history is full of examples of the futile efforts of the Lord's anointed and chosen servants, to overcome the blandishments of those bewitching syrens. David fell, Solomon dropped, Samson went down, Queen Bess slipped up, John Moffitt was ruined, they threw dirt on Beecher, and in my own case, the zealous sisterhood coaxed, begged, prayed, and wept, and hung around my neck, until I was impregnated and overpowered by the [illegible] embracing [illegible] and [illegible] under the [illegible] influence of their [illegible] charms. I made an ass of myself by kissing the [illegible] Reese on the scaffold, for which act I received a merited rebuke in the popular anger of a disgusted people. My eyes since then have become opened, and I now see that it was a trap to inveigle me into the practice of kissing, and those who wet themselves to the wearing of the snare, were plotting my downfall. And the woeful long catalogue of illustrious names, who have bartered this world, and their hope of glory in the next, for the melting glances of a mild-eyed devotee, are offered in evidence to support the position I take and maintain: That the first step in the downward path of the illustrious fallen ones of earth from the betrayal of Samson to the seduction of the Rev. Mr. Parshall of Oakland is found in a kiss; and I have it from the very highest authority, in a late work by the Rev. Dr. Stone, entitled the "Science of Amalgamating the Chinee," that the person who betrayed Christ was a female. She did it with a kiss, and her name was Jane; Mrs. Jane K. Judas, of the town of Jocariot, County Capernaum, Palestine. In addition to the notable cases which I have mentioned, here is the Rev. Mr Parshall, one of the lights of Oakland; he has been seduced, branded as a criminal, and held up to the scorn of the world by one of his dove-eyed worshipers. Consistent with his case, comes that of Brother McNamara, a pious teacher in one of our public schools; he is attacked by a ferocious female by the name of Griswold, who, not being content with having lured her victim away from the paths of virtue, now presents herself before the Board of Education, and attempts to levy an assessment of twenty dollars per month on two certificates of the capital stock of the Griswold, McNamara propagating company. And in face of all this, there is a snare laid for Brother Hemphill. His congregation have established a trading post at a public ball in the city. The aim and object of which is to gather in the root of all evil; and not only is the root well represented there, but the entire tree loaded with buds and blossoms, waves its branches in wild and captivating luxuriance. I passed half an hour in the charmed atmosphere. I could endure it no longer. I purchased a 25 cent cake of soap for $3 and washed myself away. I tremble for Hemphill. I left him standing on the perfumed apex of inflated vanity. His saintly mind reveling among the buds and blossoms of his bewitching worshipers. Poor fellow. He is only human. He will fall sure. And now, dear Parson, in view of the frightful dangers by which I am surrounded, I have tendered my resignation; but my congregation, knowing my weakness for a soft thing, and my love of money, have refused to accept; and are now offering every inducement for me to remain. But I dare not, and the only course left for me to successfully combat is to publish, in some popular journal, a glimpse of the snares by which I am beset. I beg you, dear Parson, to forward this communication to the *News Letter*, and ask, as a favor to yourself, that it be laid before the public. Hoping my fanatical followers will permit me to depart after reading the above, I remain ever yours

REV. HUGH CARPENTER
and seventeen others whose names are suppressed from motives of delicacy.

A "FASHIONABLE DAMSEL" IN THE SURF.

A correspondent from Long Branch—the Brighton of America —writes that "the fair damsel who tries to combine becomingness with ease in her bathing-suit, generally ends by looking not only very uncomfortable, but very ridiculous. For instance, a fair female at one of the lower hotels recently made her appearance on the beach at the bathing hour, attired in a costume which struck amazement to the minds of all beholders. A very brief tunic of alpaca, trimmed with pale blue, was belted around her slender waist. Her lower limbs were clad to the knee in knickerbocker trousers of white alpaca, and below these appeared dainty striped stockings of blue and white, while her feet were encased in white shoes ornamented with blue rosettes. A coquettish little hat, trimmed with blue, was perched on one side of her head, and from beneath it fell heavy braids of pale golden hair. With rapid step and unshrinking confidence, she braves the perils of the angry deep. The waves break over her, the drenched alpaca clings close to rounded shoulder and shapely arm, and opera-glasses are at a premium on the bluff.

Suddenly a huge breaker is seen to arise and sweep majestically towards the shore. It reaches the group of bathers, thunders over them, and subsides. The air is vocal with shrill little shrieks of feminine dismay, but loudest of all rings a scream from the lips of the golden-haired triumph in white alpaca, and her arms are even gesticulating wildly in the air. Alas for her elegant toilet and elaborate coiffure. The mighty wave has knocked her down, covered her dress with sand and sea-weed, and, worst of all, has swept off not only her jaunty little hat, but her golden hair as well, and a tiny knot, about the size of a silk-worm's cocoon, alone decorates the back of her head, where lately those shining tresses waved resplendent. The hat, with its capillary treasures still attached to it, was recovered and handed to her, and she retired to the shades of her bath house a balder and a sadder woman —perchance a wiser one.

Watson's Art Journal.—We have just received from New York a copy of *Watson's Art Journal*, which we read with much pleasure. It is quite different from anything we have seen, and can better be delineated in Shelly's words:

> "—— wandering companionless
> Among the stars that have a different birth."

The *Art Journal* is devoted almost exclusively to music and the drama. A portrait of the "musical celebrity," Mlle. De Mareka, occupies the first page, the remaining eleven being appropriated to musical matters and advertisements. It ought to, and no doubt will, be popular. Fifteen musical sheets are published in Milan. Cannot our city issue one?

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR		CLOSE A M	CLOSE P M	ARRIVE A M	ARRIVE P M
* Sundays excepted					
Alameda	*	6 30			9 30
Antioch, Black Diamond, etc.	*		1 40		12 10
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co. steamers)	*		3 5		9 10
Cloverdale and Coast Points	*		3.15	6 [illegible]	
Eureka	*		1 [illegible]	12 00	
Napa Route via Vallejo	*		3 40	14 40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory		6 20			9 00
Oakland		6 30	3 40		1 00 / 9 00
Overland		8 [illegible]			9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points	*		1 15		12 30
Sacramento via Vallejo		7 15	3 40		12 40 / 8 40
San Rafael	*	9 1		9 00	
San Jose		7 25	4 10	9 [illegible]	6 00 / 5 00
Southern California and Arizona	*				
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad		6 30	3 4	3 00	9 00
Vallejo and Benicia		7 15	3 40	12 4	9 00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County	*		3 4		3 10
Great Britain, Monday and Thursday			9 30		

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays.
N. B. STONE, P. M.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.
Oct. 16—Steamer CHINA, Capt. Cobb.
Nov. 1st—Steamer COLORADO, Capt. Dearborn.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 4th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.
Oct. 23—ARIZONA ....Capt. Caverly.
Nov. 4—NEVADA ....Capt. Austin.

All Steamers will call at SAN DIEGO, MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO.

Steamers of the 19th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through Tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Harloe, Friday, Oct. 3; Wednesday, Oct. 15; Monday, Oct. 27.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Saturday, Sept. 2; Thursday, Oct. 9; Tuesday, Oct. 21.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT
SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,
But takes no freight for San Simeon.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, carrying acids, oils and combustibles—for San Luis Obispo and way ports, Wednesday, Oct. 15, at 3 P. M. For San Diego and way ports, Thursday, Oct. [illegible], at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Oct 18.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at [illegible] A. M., from Front st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale [illegible] P. M. Leaves Cloverdale 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco [illegible] P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office of the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 P. M. from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale [illegible] P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:20 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco [illegible] A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street. [May 17.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

FOR GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

Regular Steamship Line to Mexican Ports, sailing every twenty days.—Freight at Reduced Rates. The favorite Steamship MONTANA, A. N. McDonough, Captain, will sail from Mission-street Wharf, for the above ports, on SATURDAY, Oct. 25th, at 12 o'clock noon. For freight at REDUCED RATES, or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
Oct. 18. EDWARD NORTON, Agent, 610 Front street.

FOR EUREKA, HUMBOLDT BAY.

The Steamship Pelican, J. D. Howell, Commander, will sail for the above ports on SATURDAY, October 18th, at 10 o'clock A. M. Through bills of lading to Arcata and Hookton. BEN. HOLLADAY, Jr., Agent,
Oct. 18. 217 Sansome street.

A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

Have removed to the Southeast corner of California and Battery streets, where they invite the attention of their customers and others to their large assortment of the Best and Finest Brands of CHEWING and SMOKING TOBACCO, HAVANA CIGARS and CIGARITOS. Consignments of Choicest Brands of Cigars received by every Steamer. [Oct. 18.] A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

VULCAN IRON WORKS

Furnishes all classes of Machinery. Sole manufacturers of Moore's PATENT HOIST FOR STORES. N. D. ARNOT, Manager,
Oct. 18. 135 and 137 Fremont street.

C. L. TAYLOR.] **C. L. TAYLOR & CO.,** [E. BABSON, JR.

Shipping and Commission Merchants. No. 34 California st., below Davis, San Francisco, Cal., and 101 State street, Boston. Oct. 18.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.—POSTPONEMENT.

The Steamship Arizona will be dispatched for Panama on Wed-NESDAY, Oct. 22d, at 12 o'clock M., instead of Oct. 18th, as heretofore advertised. [Oct. 18.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

WANTED

A good House-Maid wanted that can wash, iron, cook, and attend generally to a small family. Wages $30. Inquire at Jones street between Lombard and Chestnut, third house from the corner, or Placard Exchange, Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct. 18

$10 TO $20 PER DAY

Agents wanted everywhere. Particulars free. A. H. Blair & Co., St. Louis, Mo. May 3.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of UHRIG & REESE, for the transaction of a General Storage Commission Business. The warehouse is located at the southwest corner of Battery and Filbert streets, and will be known as the PIONEER WAREHOUSE. Walls thoroughly renovated and rat proof. C. A. UHRIG,
San Francisco, August 29th, 1873. [Aug. 30.] HENRY REESE.

TWO MOODS.

[BY N. S. DOUBLEDAY.]

All yesterday you were so near to me,
It seemed as if I hardly moved or spoke
But your heart moved with mine. I woke
To a new life that found you every-where,
As if your love was as some wide-girt sea,
Or as the soul's air,
And so encompassed me,
Whether I thought or not, it could not but be there.

To-day your words approve me, and your heart
Is mine as ever, yet that heavenly sense
Of oneness that made every hour intense
With Love's full perfectness, is gone from thence,
And, though our hands are clasped, our souls are two,
And in my thoughts I say, "This is myself—this you!"

OPIUM EATING IN GLASGOW.

The Glasgow Weekly Mail has taken up the subject of opium eating, as practiced in the old Scottish city, and amongst some minor cases makes particular reference to that of a woman who has been a consumer of the drug for the last nineteen years. "She is a seamstress," says the writer, "and has to work late and early for her livelihood. The memory of the writer is carried back sixteen years ago, when one day whilst standing in the establishment referred to, a thin-clad woman entered, and without saying a word, handed a three-ounce bottle to one of the men, who, without breaking the silence, took it and proceeded to replenish it. The *Tinct. Opii* (laudanum) bottle was drawn upon to the extent of one and a half ounces, and the remaining space was filled up from the *Aqua Pura*, and then the vial was handed back to the woman. To the horror of those who had observed with what she had been served, she raised the bottle to her lips and proceeded to drain off the contents. The first impulse in a case of this kind would be to knock the bottle out of her hand and prevent what was apparently a flagrant attempt at *felo de se;* but ere the astonishment at the audacity of the act could give place to the benevolent intention, the bottle was withdrawn empty, the sleeve drawn across the lips, the money thrown down, the shawl drawn over her head, and the woman had glided out of the shop as noiselessly as she had come in. With an interval of about two years, during which time she patronized a place where the 'long pull' was in vogue, she has continued a steady customer to one place. It was thought that she was dead when she ceased to visit her old haunt, but at the end of the two years she turned up as healthy as before, and excepting the usual marks that time leaves on the face and form, she looks no worse now than she did eighteen years ago. The dose was at first taken twice a day, and was increased from one and a half ounces of laudanum at a time to two ounces. Then she began to come thrice a day, at which rate it has stood for several years. She takes her first dose of two ounces about 8 A. M., and is very impatient if the shop is not opened by that time, and the moment admission can be obtained she is in, and has drank off her potion and vanished before the shutters are down. She comes for her second draught about noon, and if it be any less than two ounces, the deficiency is made up when she comes in for the third time in the evening, thus taking six ounces on an average every day, which will be equal to 2,880 minims or drops, sufficient to kill seven or eight men. Now and then she does without the third dose, but much against her will. She says it is seldom she takes more than the six ounces in a day, and she does not feel inclined for it in the night-time. She believes she could take a deal more and not be the worse of it, but she cannot afford it. The only time she feels shaky is after a twelve hours fast, and she can walk off as steadily after swallowing the third draught as if it had never been tasted. She first tried the laudanum through having been troubled with neuralgic pains, and having found it succeed, purchased a little before going to her work in case she might be troubled with it again. The pains did come again, but the laudanum rendered her oblivious to them, and she can always attend to her work quite well after taking it. Thinks it also satisfies the desire for food; is not sure whether the laudanum has destroyed her appetite or not, but she has been a very moderate eater for many years; indeed, if she ate as much as people generally do, she could never afford to drink so much laudanum. She always feels more satisfied after her laudanum than after a meal; it is meat, drink, and clothing to her. A half-penny biscuit and a cup of coffee from the stall opposite her house serves for breakfast, at dinner her mother has a cup of tea ready for her, and at night she takes a bowl of tea and a good slice of bread. She is not troubled with the neuralgia now at all, never took anyone's advice about the complaint, the pains just went away. Thinks they might come back again if she were to give up the laudanum, and would rather not venture the experiment. It is an awful sensation when she has not got her usual amount—quite as bad, in its own way, as the neuralgia. On being questioned which she considered worst—the neuralgia she had formerly suffered or the sensations she now experienced in consequence of the habit she had acquired—promptly replied that there were no pains so long as she indulged in the habit. It was only when she was compelled to abstain that she felt ill, therefore, as it kept away the pains, she was just fied in taking it. It was evident that she was thoroughly satisfied with this little piece of sophistry, and it was of no use to explain that the unpleasant sensations felt during a temporary abstinence might be the consequence of previous indulgence. She preferred to think that the indulgence was necessitated by the disagreeable feeling experienced when not under the influence of the drug. Does not dream any except when she takes opium late in the evening, and generally the active effect has worn off before she goes to bed. Once or twice she had taken some just before going to bed, and did not enjoy her night's repose. At one time the manager of the place she usually patronizes declined to supply her, but she always felt so ill after partaking of the stuff in another place that she could not stand it, and by virtue of earnest entreaty managed to get back to the same tap. In this respect she differs from a large number of her class, that opium has become such an essential to her existence that she does not see any necessity for attempting, nor feel any hope of being able to conceal it."

DID WE EAT ONE ANOTHER?

There is no doubt about it. To the impartial philosopher it is as plain as the nose upon an elephant's face that our ancestors ate one another. The custom of the Fiji Islanders, which is their only stock-in-trade, their only claim to notoriety, is a relic of our barbarism, but it is a relic of our barbarism. Philology is about the only thread which connects us with the pre-historic past. By picking up and piecing out the scattered remnants of language we form a patchwork of wondrous design. Oblige us by considering the derivation of the word "sarcophagus," and see if it be not suggestive of potted meats. Observe the significance of the phrase "sweet sixteen." What a world of meaning lurks in the expression "she is as sweet as a peach," and how suggestive of luncheon are the words "tender youth." A kiss itself is but a modified bite, and when a young girl insists upon making a "strawberry mark" upon the back of your hand, she only gives way to an instinct she has not yet learned to control. The fond mother when she says her babe is almost "good enough to eat," merely shows that she herself is only a trifle too good to eat it. These instincts might be multiplied *ad infinitum*, but if enough has been said to induce one human being to revert to the diet of his ancestors, the object of this essay is accomplished.

"WACHT AM RHEIN."

Carl Wilhelm, who composed and gave to the troops of the Fatherland the spirit-stirring chant of the "Wacht am Rhein," is dead. Never was the power of song more triumphantly illustrated than by that composition; it was caught up from the musician almost by the whole German people, it flew from rear to van as the lyric of the great war, it was the chorus of the march, the hymn of the bivouac, the war cry of the battle, and the psalm of the victory—all because of the wonderful power of music to put a grand passion into that burning eloquence which goes from heart to heart, and makes a hundred thousand spirits blend into one. Coldly analyzed, the piece was no great marvel of melody but when it rolled into the air from the stern set mouths of the Germans marching "nach Paris," it was none the less a nation's anger set to music, and its effects were stupendous.

It is said there never was an honest redbreast—he is always a robin.

Placard Exchange

AND

BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Managing Committee of the above institution have the pleasure of giving notice, that after some necessary delay, the Directors are now fully prepared to receive orders for the purchase and sale of lands of the State or elsewhere, such as ranches, private land claims, or public lands of the United States—they having secured the services of COL. LEANDER RANSOM, the well-known Land Agent, who for *ten years was the State Agent for the disposition of the School Lands*. The department is now fully supplied with maps and charts, and every necessary means of information relating to operations in land. Owners of ranches and real estate properties generally, desirous of disposing of the same, will find the Placard Exchange, with its facilities, an excellent medium for bringing their estates under the notice and attention of capitalists. Those, also, who desire to make purchases, either in large or small tracts, will be sure to be accommodated. Maps and charts furnished, and all needful information imparted when required. Large landholders desiring to sell, can have their tracts subdivided into farms, or smaller subdivisions, with maps and accurately calculated quantities of each. Also, all kinds of printing executed with punctuality and dispatch. *Charges moderate.*

Offices open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

NEW FIRM.

San Francisco, Sept. 1st, 1873.—The undersigned beg leave to inform you that they have established themselves in the MERCHANT TAILORING BUSINESS, at 528 Montgomery st. (in the New Building corner of Clay). C. STALLMAN has just returned from New York, where he was engaged in the Fashionable Tailoring Business for eight years, and having formerly been at 424 Montgomery street in this city, in Tailoring, for eleven years, he hopes his many friends will kindly remember him. H. BRUGGEMAN has for the last ten years been cutter at Mr. J. Eisenberg's, and flatters himself to be favorably known to the public. The new firm starts with a large and well assorted stock of the latest novelties in French and English COATINGS, FANCY CASSIMERES, SUITINGS, Etc. Confident of giving the fullest satisfaction to our patrons by the excellence of our stock, by reasonable prices, and by the fashionable style in which we propose to cut and manufacture, we request the favor of an early visit, and remain,

Very Respectfully Yours, STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,
Merchant Tailors, 528 Montgomery street.
Sept 12.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento.	J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

PIONEER WAREHOUSE,

S. W. Cor. Battery and Filbert streets.—The undersigned are now prepared to receive all kinds of Storage. Rates of storage on Grain—First month, weighing in, free from 2nd a Dock, opposite our Warehouse, 5 cts. per ton. Each month thereafter, 75 cts. per ton. Second weighing, 50 cts per ton. Season storage (exceeding weighing in and out), $2— per ton. Grain landed on dock, weighed and delivered to order, or stored without expense of cartage.
Sept 3. BRIG & REESE.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the Junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 100 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7 A. J. GAMBILL.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.
NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. [May 24.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agri-CULTURAL IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS,
August 16. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

JAMES BEHRENS,

Commission Merchant and Agent, 308 Battery street, opposite U. S. Custom House, San Francisco. Importer of the famous ALFRED DE LUZE'S BORDEAUX WINES, CLARETS, SAUTERNES, and CHATEAU YQUEM. Champagnes, French and Domestic. "G. Lauteren's" Rhine Wines. Cordials, Bitters, etc.
Oct 11

REMOVAL.

The Offices of the Southern Pacific Railroad Co., Market Street RAILWAY CO., POTRERO AND BAY VIEW RAILROAD CO., and MISSION BAY BRIDGE CO., will be removed to the New Building, corner of FOURTH AND TOWNSEND STREETS, on Saturday, Oct. 11, 1873.
Oct 11

J. H. COLEMAN & CO.,

Late of the Alta, General Collector.—Room 6, No. 420 Montgom-ery street. Refers to—Messrs. F. MacCrellish & Co.; Richards & Harrison; Cutting & Co.; Geo. C. Shreve & Co.
Oct. 11.

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE COMPANY.

Manufacturing Co.'s Offices—405 and 407 Sansome st., San Francisco.
Oct. 11.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W. I.—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
BADEN BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande.
WEISBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Danieli's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURGH.—Hotel Demuth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel, London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST.-LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel (Tintern Abbey, 5 m hrs.)
DUBLIN.—The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel.
EDINBURGH.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel.
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager.
OTTAWA.—Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, E. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC.—Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House, Imperial Hotel, Ebbit House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Filiberto.
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Rodriguez.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Banos de Colima, Hotel Santiago.
RIO DE JAN.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—Albion Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phoenix Hotel.
TAHITI.—Pas, Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

It is simply astounding to see the difference that a good suit of clothes makes in a man. This was pointedly proven to me yesterday by my friend Smith. He had always passed amongst his friends as a very ordinary-looking man, and I had considered him, to put it mildly, a homely sort of person. Well, yesterday I walked for some distance down Montgomery street behind a figure that willy nilly I could not help admiring. The clothes he wore fitted to perfection a figure that rivaled that of Apollo. Judge of my astonishment then when, on his turning, I saw I had given the tribute of my extreme, the silent admiration, to Smith!" "Gracious heavens," I exclaimed "where did you get those elegant clothes?" "As it happens," returned Smith, directly opposite." We were at the corner of Clay and Montgomery, and he was pointing to the store of Messrs. Stalmann & Bruggeman.

'Tis very odd that poets should suppose
There is no poetry about the nose,
When plain as is the nose upon your face,
A noseless face would lack poetic grace.
Noses have my sympathy; a lover knows
Noses are always touched when lips are kissing.
And who would care to kiss where nose was missing!

Whilst the Prussian ship of war Kaiser was in our harbor, the officers were photographed by Houseworth. The result was a series of cabinet photographs of superlative merit, which were recently shown to Prince Bismarck on the return of the Kaiser. "Be dad!" exclaimed the prince, with characteristic vehemence, "they're too illigant intoirely. Why, they've made yo a set of Adonises." The Prince remained in a state of deep thought for a fortnight, at the end of which time, Thursday last by the way, he exclaimed, "I'll go!" packed up and left Berlin. Houseworth has received a telegram that the Prince will arrive at his studio as soon as possible. Preparations are being made for the reception of the imperial sitter.

No Cards.—In the earliest days of the human race, when population was more sparse than it has ever been since, and introductions were also scarce, with little or none of form or ceremony attending them—no cards—our "first parents," after their first surprise, had to introduce themselves to one another, though the following dialogue is not found on record: Adam—"Madam, I'm Adam." Eve—"Adam, I'm Madam." (They embrace.)

"O Photograph, O Photograph,
I kiss you night and day,
You bring me near to my dear love,
Who is so far away!"
'Twas to the distant maiden cried,
Thinking of him for whom she would have died.

O Bradley, and O Rulofson,
Your photographs are such,
They bring us absent ones so near,
That they do not miss us much,
And who can wonder when we see
Each photograph a thing of ecstacy!

A lady was robbed a few night's since by a man who secreted himself in her chamber until she had retired. The box containing her jewelry and that containing her rouge were just alike, and the thief took the wrong box. She looked pale on discovering her loss, but her color came again the next day.

The Baron lay a-dying. Very sadly did the weeping Baroness press her husband's chill hand with her left and press the priest's warm paw with her right. In fact she administered and received consolation. "Quod erat demonstrandum, pone asinorum Alameda," began the friar, repeating the death service, at the same time giving the ancient retainer, Peter, whispered instructions to ring the passing bell, when, like an electrified bull-frog the Baron started up in his bed and yelled for a drink. "Bring me a bottle of Gerke Wine," he shouted. The wine was bringed, the Baron emptied the bottle, and immediately got up and dressed. MORAL.—Drink Gerke Wine at all times, and you will be happy.

The following lines are said to have been copied from a stone in Oxford, New Hampshire:

To all my friends I bid adieu;
A more sudden death you never knew;
As I was leading the old mare to drink
She kicked, and killed me quicker'n a wink."

The motto of Periander of Corinth, "Nothing is impossible to industry combined with skill," is wonderfully illustrated by the makers of the Weber pianos. These pianos are as near perfection in brilliancy of tone and beauty of expression as any we know of. A *morceau* played on a Weber piano and the same composition played on another piano, by the same musician mind you, are no more alike than soap is like cheese. The hearer is surprised at the immense superiority of the tone of the Weber, and the player feels it a pleasure to play on such a divine instrument. Is it to be wondered at that the Weber piano gained the first premium at the last State Fair?

Josh Billings says: "There is but phew things on the face ov this earth more worthless than a poodle, and yet I am glad there is poodles, for if there was not there is sum people who wouldn't have enny object in living, and hav nothing tew luv."

From the frozen plains of Iceland
To the groves of Ispahan,
In all parts of this, our nice land,
In the British Isle of Man.

From 15½ on Geary
To the land of the Pagoda,
Every one, when faint and weary,
Quaffs the healthy Napa Soda.

A Michigan lady recently corrected her husband by pouring kerosene over him, and then setting him on fire. In the absence of further details, it seems to us that the punishment was decidedly—light.

The Present which the Shah most highly valued, and which, by the bye, he held in the greatest veneration, was that which an enterprising Californian firm sent him. The present was a selection of canned goods, put up and sent by Messrs. C. James King of Wm. & Co. It was the Shah's intention, we heard, to retain the several cases intact until the 21st birthday of his sixty fourth son, but happening to try one, he could not resist the temptation, and without even inviting his suite to assist him finished the entire assortment. This was rather selfish we own, but who can blame the monarch? The goods put up by this firm are superior to everything in the same line.

A French paper supposes that a whale may be only an antediluvian sprat, but thinks it fortunate that men are deprived of this faculty of unlimited growth. "At the present price of bread," it says, "it would be, to say the least, generally inconvenient."

"The finest Oysters anywhere,"
Said a mermaid combing out her hair,
"Are those with flavor rich and rare,
Called the Saddle Rock!"

"Now tell me," quoth a merman bold,
"Where are these luscious oysters sold?"
Emerson Corville, he was told,
Alone sells the Saddle Rock.

An old lady describes a genius as "a man what knows more'n he can find out, and spills vittles on his clothes."

Would you be considered a man of sense by your fellows? Would you get credit for the appreciation of a good host and the best of liquors? If so, fail not to give Harry Blanken a call at the Six Mile House, on the San Bruno Road.

A Connecticut editor offers to vaccinate, free of charge, all now prepaying subscribers to his paper.

'Twas morning time in Summer prime—
The air was clear and cool,
When four-and-twenty happy boys
Went bounding into school.
Not one crept, but each one leapt
Like a troutlet in a pool.
"Now tell me the truth," said a passing youth,

"Why you go to school with joy?"
Then up there spake, for his schoolmate's sake,
A little pug-nosed boy,
"We're glad to go to school, dy'e know,
This is the reason sure,
Because each form and desk was made
By Gilbert and by Moore."

A lady teacher inquired of the members of a class of juveniles if any of them could name the four seasons. Instantly the chubby hand of a five-year-old was raised, and promptly came the answer, "Pepper, salt, vinegar and mustard."

A few more struggles and they reached the irregular summit of the Great Pyramid. "Here said Professor Klappenfelderhochenheimer to his young companion, "we are totally removed from the things of the world, far above the petty turmoils and struggles of commerce. There is no one thing here to remind us of our world in the new world. "Not so fast old Teuton," said his companion, "read this card which I've just picked up here." It ran: "Main & Winchester, Sansome street, San Francisco, California, are unequaled in their manufacture of every kind of harness. "The only thing that excuses the rude interruption," said the Professor, "is the perfect truth of what the card professes."

"Pretty bad under foot," said one citizen to another, as they met in the street. "Yes; but it's fine overhead," responded the other. "True enough," said the first, "but then very few are going that way."

In wandering up and down the un-business Streets of an evening, we have often been surprised to notice the universality of piano-playing. Every house almost has an instrument of some sort, good, bad or indifferent, and every instrument is being played on by some one, well, badly or indifferently. Very many pianos are wretched things, that go tinkle, tinkle, like so many kettles. Now, if people only knew how very badly a bad piano sounds, they would immediately procure something respectable. Now the best piano we know of, for the price, is that manufactured by Hallet & Davis, of which firm Wm. G. Badger is the San Francisco agent.

A bridegroom sent an account of his wedding to the village paper, and was mortified when "the lady's wedding trousseau" came out in print "the wedding trousers."

"You must wake and call me early;
Call me early, mother dear,
For to-morrow Henry gives me
That which every heart would cheer.

For my happiness unbounded
You will not, I'm sure, think strange,
When I tell you that he's purchased
A Montanya Union Range."

We have only just discovered the secret of Job's extreme patience. By consulting very old documents and making free translations of the Septuagint, the Pentateuch, the Oligarchy and a few other ancient MSS., we learn that Job, cunning old Job, had a cellar, a sort of ice-house arrangement, in which was a splendid stock of Eberhart and Lachman's Native Wine and Sparkling Champagne. Who can wonder now at his patience? Why, a bottle or two a day of such glorious stuff would keep up the patience and cheer the spirits of ten thousand Jobs rolled into one!

Tempting.—An undertaker, having apartments to let, pasted his bills upon the coffins in the windows, announcing, "Lodgings for single gentlemen."

The Villa, remember the name,
When you drive to the Golden Gate Park,
And call, if you've sense, at the same,
No matter what hour or how dark.

The Mangenbergs—may they be blest,
As they so well deserve (for) to be—
Will treat you like Kings from the East,
In a way that is pleasant to see.

To a thoughtful man the eager anxiety with which girls rush to the sea-side suggest the first stage of a rubber at whist. They cut for partners.

Put flowers on your table and we will call you a man of gentle taste. Pay your debts regularly and we will call you a man of honor. Say no harm behind a friend's back and we will call you a man to be trusted. But drink only T. Schleiffer's Brandies and Champagnes and we will call you a wise man, a man of good taste and a sensible fellow. We have said before, and we say again, "Good liquors are as essential to a man's health as good air." Therefore, drink Schleiffer's Brandies and Champagnes, for they are good. Cutting & Co. are the agents.

"The strongest propensity in a woman's nature," says a brute, "is a desire to know what is going on, and the next is to boss the job."

If a thing is sold everywhere, *sold* we mean, not simply offered for sale, it is proof positive, we think, that the article is genuine. And if, moreover, it is found that the sale of the article increases wonderfully the more it is known, then we are furnished with proof conclusive that the genuineness of the article is undeniable. This not very involved course of reasoning we apply to Cutter's Whisky. It is sold everywhere, drunk everywhere and liked supremely by every one. "Success is the true test of merit." Hotaling is the agent for its supply to this city.

An Indiana gentleman is now living in a house with his fifth wife and three mothers-in-law, and yet he is not happy.

Fair is her cottage in its place,
Where you broad water glides.
It sees itself from eaves to base
Reflected in the tides.

But fairer she, who now so sweetly feels
A perfect quietness of soul, [heals—
For she has that which every trouble
'Tis furniture by Cole!

A physician advised a patient to take a walk on an empty stomach. "Whose stomach?" feebly asked the invalid.

The Bitters Pipifax are unequaled, and ever will be for their healthy properties. We make this statement advisedly. The way in which these bitters stir up the appetite, so to speak, is simply marvelous. Then they are so healthy. Does your stomach want tone, your blood consistency, your eye brightness? Take the Pipifax Bitters regularly, and in a few weeks you will scarcely know yourself, so wonderful will be the improvement in all these particulars.

Queen Elizabeth always displayed her worst temper in her best clothes. She was always dreadfully ruffled then.

Clearness, lightness and durability are the three desiderata in spectacles. All these qualities in the highest degree are possessed by Muller's spectacles. They rest on the nose so lightly that you cannot feel them there, they are so clear that darkened eyes gain new light, and so durable that nothing short of a car wheel could break them.

The article chiefly sold at most fancy fairs—The visitor.

Coughs.—A medical preparation in the form of Lozenge is the most convenient. "Brown's Bronchial Troches" allay irritation which induces coughing, giving relief in Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Influenza, Consumptive and Asthmatic complaints.

Hotel keepers are people we have to put up with.

When a clock is wound up it goes. When a firm is wound up it stops.

COURT CHAT.

English Court Festivities: Presentations to the Queen.—The ceremony of a presentation to the Queen is quite the same as that at a Prince of Wales levee. The spelling class of royal young ladies stand up in a rigid row. On the Queen's right is the Lord Chamberlain, who reads off the names. Next to the Queen, on her left, is Alexandra, then the Queen's daughters and the Princess Mary of Cambridge. Next to them stand the princes, and the whole is a phalanx which stretches entirely across the room. Behind this line, drawn up in battle array, stand three or four ranks of court ladies. The act of presentation is very easy and simple. Formerly—indeed, only within a few years—it must have been a very perilous and important feat. The courtier (the term is used inaccurately, but there is no room to describe a person who goes to court for a single time) was compelled to walk up a long room, and to back, bowing, out of the Queen's presence. For ladies who had trails to manage the ordeal must have been a trying one. Now it has been made quite easy. There is but one point in which a presentation to the Queen differs from that already described at the Prince of Wales' levee. You may turn your back to the Prince, but after bowing to the Queen you step off into the crowd, still facing her. There, if you have had the good luck to be presented in the diplomatic circle, you may stand and watch a most interesting pageant. To the young royalties, perhaps, it is not very amusing, though they evidently have their little joke afterward over anything unusual that occurs. It is natural enough that they should, of course, and the fatigue which they sustain entitles them to all the amusement they can get out of what must be to them a very monotonous and familiar spectacle. There is plenty in it to occupy and interest the man who sees it for the first or second time. You do not have to ask, "Who is this?" and "Who is that?" The Lord Chamberlain announces each person as he or she appears. You hear the most heroic and romantic names in English history as some insignificant boy or wizened old woman appears to represent them. They are not all, by any means, insignificant boys or wizened old women. Many of the ladies are handsome enough to be well worth looking at, whether their names be Percy or Stanhope or Brown or Smith. The young slips of girls who come to be presented for the first time, frightened and pale or flushed, one admires and feels a sense of instinctive loyalty to. The name of each is called out loudly by the Lord Chamberlain: "The Duchess of Newcastle," "The Countess of Dorchester," "Lady Arabella Darling, on her marriage," etc. The ladies bow very low, and those to whom the queen gives her hand to kiss nearly or quite touch their knee to the carpet. No act of homage to the queen ever seems exaggerated, her behavior being so modest and the sympathy with her so wide and sincere; but ladies very nearly kneel in shaking hands with any member of the royal family, not only at court, but elsewhere. It is not so strange-looking, the kneeling to a royal lady, but to see a stately mother or some soft maiden rendering such an act of homage to a chit of a boy or a stout young gentleman impresses one unpleasantly."

The Express Train which took the Emperor Alexander of Russia to Livadia had a very narrow escape on the journey between Moscow and Kiev. One of the watchmen, who had as usual on such occasions been enjoined to be doubly careful, saw some persons standing on the rails at a point where the Imperial train was to pass shortly. He believed them to be herdsmen, and went up to see what they were doing; as he approached they ran away. On looking at the line he found to his horror that several rails had been loosened from the sleepers, in consequence of which the train would most probably have run off the rails. The damage was quickly repaired, and measures were taken to find out who these pretended herdsmen were. But no trace could be found of them, and it is believed that they were from the town and in disguise.

On Saturday, Sept. 13th, the King of the Belgians, who arrived in Glasgow in the morning of that day, left for Edinburgh. Before his departure he took occasion to thank the gentlemen who accompanied him for the courtesy with which he had been received, and expressed the pleasure he had derived from his visit to Glasgow. On Sunday, accompanied by his suite, the King left by the morning train for Melrose, to the neighborhood of which the day's excursion was confined. Abbotsford and Dryburgh were among the places visited, but at no time were the visitors recognized by the people of the district.

The Death is announced of the Countess Bismarck, daughter of the late Sir Henry Winn, G.B.H., K.C.B., Minister Plenipotentiary to the Court of Denmark, and sister of Lady Williams Wynn, Wynnstay, Ruabon. The sad event took place at Baden Baden, and has evoked much sympathy with the bereaved family throughout North Wales.

Prince Roland Bonaparte, grand nephew of Napoleon I., and second cousin of the late Emperor of the French, has been entered as a pupil at the Royal Naval School, New Cross, England.

Madame Loyson has just presented her husband, Father Hyacinthe, with a son. The ladies of Geneva are making up a purse to be presented to the happy parents.

A Telegram from Madrid announces the death of the Emperor of Morocco, and another from New York the illness of Lunalilo, the King of the Sandwich Islands.

The Sultan has placed the Palace of Beglerbeg at the disposal of the Duke of Edinburgh during his stay at Constantinople.

M. Thiers arrived at Biarritz on Sunday, October 12th. He is staying at the Hotel de France.

Her Majesty the Queen of England is at present staying at her [illegible] Balmoral.

The King of the Belgians has given 2,000fr. for [illegible]

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Tuesday, September 30th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A.M. (daily), Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf)—connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P.M. daily San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) to Stockton only, connecting at Lathrop with Express Train for Merced, Visalia, Delano, and Los Angeles.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer from Pacific Wharf, touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P.M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland). Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND AND ALAMEDA FERRY

From San Francisco to Alameda—"Daily"—7:00, 8:00, 9:30 and 10:30 A.M., 12:00, 1:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30 and 10:30 P.M. "Sundays only"—11:00 A.M., and 1:30 P.M.

From San Francisco to Fruit Vale—"Daily, except Sundays"—7:30, 9:00 and 10:30 A.M., 5:00 and 6:30 P.M.

From San Francisco to Brooklyn—"Daily"—7:00, 8:00 and 9:30 A.M., [illegible] and 6:30 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays" [illegible] A.M. and 11.15 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:00, 11:30 A.M., and 12:30 P.M.

From Brooklyn to San Francisco—"Daily"—6:45, [illegible] and 10:00 A.M., 12:00, [illegible] P.M. "Daily, except Sundays" [illegible] A.M. "Sundays only" 11:40 A.M., and 1:25 P.M.

From Alameda to San Francisco—"Daily"—7:00, 8:00 and 9:00 A.M., [illegible] P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible] A.M., and 1:30 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:00, 11:30 A.M., 12:30 and 1:30 P.M.

From Fruit Vale to San Francisco—"Daily, except Sundays"—6:45, 8:00 and 11:05 A.M., 3:45 and 6:05 P.M.

☞ All Trains stop at "Broadway Station," Oakland.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1872.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—San Francisco		8:40 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11:10 a m	5:40 p m	7:05 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12:45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	1:55 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2:20 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Soledad	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2:20 p m		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	2:55 p m		

Trains North.	San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—Tres Pinos			[illegible] a m
Hollister			11:30 a m
Soledad			[illegible] a m
Salinas			11:[illegible] a m
Castroville			[illegible] a m
Pajaro			12:[illegible] p m
Gilroy			1:[illegible] p m
San Jose	*6:20 a m	7:[illegible] a m	2:00 p m
San Francisco ... Arrive	8:50 a m	10:10 a m	3:30 p m

*SATURDAYS at 3:30 p m †Sundays excepted

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:30 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:30 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4.15 a.m., arrive at San Francisco at 1:[illegible] a.m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:30 p.m., arrive at San Francisco at 11:30 a.m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8:30 and 11 a.m. and 5 p.m. Saucelito at 7:30 and 9:30 a.m., 2:30 and 5 p.m. On Saturday, from Saucelito at 8:00 and 11 a.m., 1 and 5 p.m.; from San Francisco at 10 and 12 m., 2 and 4 p.m. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6:[illegible] a.m. SUNDAY TIME—Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 m., 2 and 4 p.m. Leave Saucelito, 11 a.m., 1, and 5 p.m. H. A. COBB, President.
April 12. 327 Montgomery street.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:20 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 4:[illegible] p.m. San Rafael, [illegible] a.m., [illegible] a.m., [illegible] p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:30 a.m., [illegible] p.m. San Rafael [illegible] a.m., [illegible] p.m. W. H. TAYLOR, President.
Aug. 24. C. C. S. N. Co.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Chariotees, Rockaways, Side-Bar Wood Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carriages, Harnesses, Robes, Whips, Lamps, [illegible], Laps and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory woods and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 29.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible] Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and [illegible]. W. H. TAYLOR, President.
Aug. 24. C. C. S. N. Co.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should observe that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for freckles, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles 2s. 6d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb. 20. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labeled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shop fittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Stationery Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E.C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

L. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—L. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. M. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Frees, H. Tracy, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenna, J. C. Langdon, J. T. Pomeroy, Adam Smith, Anton Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent. Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A.M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 25. Agents, 423 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Building.
Justices—401 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Third District—Mechanics Institute Building.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—415 Montgomery street.
Nineteenth District—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Atty—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—430 California street.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] Clay street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants' Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Haywards Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 11, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—33 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Health Office—14 Geary st.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Pine street, bet. Pierce and Steiner.
Quarantine—521 Jackson st.
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and East.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 9 Cannon street. Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austinfriars. Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Waddock, Secretary. Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary. Pacific Saw Mills, Hakodadi, Armstead & Co., agents, 40 Old Broad street. Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co., agents, 2 St. Swithin's Lane. Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mills, Paterson, Simons & Co., agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane. Amoy Dock Co., John Pook, agent, Lime st. Square. Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co., agents, Crown Court, Philip Lane. North China Insurance Co., 73 Cornhill, J. S. McKinlay, Secretary. Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co., agents, 3 Lombard st. Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co., agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street. Hongkong Insurance Co., Gladstone & Co., agents, 23 Austinfriars. China Traders Insurance Co., Hongkong, Fearon & Co., agents, St. Great St. Helen's. China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co., agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st. Ceylon Co., Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad st., R. A. Cameron, Sec'y. Borneo Co., Mincing Lane, Wm. Martin, Manager. Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (Limited) of Singapore, Mactaggart, Tidman & Co., agents, 34 Great St. Helens. BANKS—Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, Chairman. Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Old Broad street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager. Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street. Deutsche Bank "Action Gesellschaft" of Berlin, agencies. National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within. German Bank of London, Bartholomew Lane, Lothbury; Bank of Rotterdam, Prins Bank of London, agents, Princes st. Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 31 Lombard street. National Bank of India, R. [illegible] Sawers, Chief Manager, 80 King William street. Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above will be included till the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending October 11, 1873

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.

Monday, October 6th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Andrew B McCreery to F Metzger	S McAllister, 137 6 w Broderick, w 68 9 x 6, sub W A 229	$ 10
Silv Ter Hd Assn to M Althalegoyti	Lots 312 and 372, Silver Terrace Hd	651
Same to John Gardner	Lots 363, 364 and 426, Silver Ter Hd	150
Ella Lampe to Chas Semler	N Union, 122 11 w Baker, w 25, n 131 6, e 103, n 91, e 67 6, s 159 9 to com	250
Geo Heard to Peter G Simpson	Undivided ½, n Jackson, 137 6 e 1st Av, n 144 4 x e to line of land conveyed by City to Hugh Crockard	62
City & Co S F to J Boland	E Howard, 200 s 23d, s 62 4, e to line of Grant to S F and S J R R, etc, being subdiv M B 153	prem
Jas Boland to Almira N Enos	E Howard, 200 s 23d, s 63 9, e 122 6, n to S line of land claimed by John Center	5,000
E Fascal to John Treat	Sw J and 22d, s 600, w 1621, n etc, being subdiv O L 747, also, se J and 23d Av, s 210 9, s 601, w 176 6, n 600, sub O L	100
John Nightingale to same	Sundry O L [illegible]	500
Same to same	Sundry Outside Lands	500
Sheriff to Edmund Brookes	N cor 3d and [illegible], nw 30 x 80	1,365
C T H Palmer to F W Thomas	W Webster, 110 s Sutter, s 27 6 x w 93—subdiv W A 310	200
F W Thomas to S Lowenberg	Same, also, n Hall, 251.6 w Church, w 50 11 x n 114	1,500
H P Precht to A Alers	Undivided ½ lots 6, 7, 14, 15, block 576, Salt Marsh and Tide Lands	150
Same to Hugo Lehmkuhl	Undivided one-third, lots 6 to 14 inclusive in blk 565, same	150
Chas Gayne to Rosalie Desmo	W Dupont, 97 6 n Green, n 20 x w 58 9 subd W A 374	6,000

Tuesday, October 7th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Geo W Green to F S Wensinger	W Kimball, 1?0 n Sacramento, n 37 6 x w 75 11—subdiv 50-v 1187 and 1222, also nw Sacramento and Leavenworth, n 137 6 x w 55, subdiv 50x1187	$ 10
Jos S Friedman to Luke Dillon	N Fulton, 276 3 w Broderick, w 25x137 6 subdiv W A 522	5
A B McCreery to same	Same	10
Edward S Swan to C Ducommon	W Arkansas, 433 s Napa, s 50 x w 100—P N 212	1,440
S E Oakley to John B Watson	Se Folsom, 184 ne Hampton Pl, ne 18.4 x se 91, being subdiv 100-v 42	2,960
Anson T Tilson to T F Enright	Ne Mansell and Amherst, e 120 x n 50	3
John Parnell to Edward Dorkin	Lots 1 to 12 inclusive, Gift Map No 3	1,800
Theo W Brooks to A C Heinecken	N Geary, 137 6 w Hyde, w 177 7x137 6—50-v 1302, sub to mortg for $15,000	20,000
Chloe M Chapman to T W Brooks	Same	10
A Menges to Herman Schussler	Se Tyler and Van Ness Ave, e 109 x s 120, being subdiv 65 W A	20,000
Thos Henry to P G Partridge	S Fell, 230 e Octavia, e 27 6x147	3,000

Wednesday, October 8th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Elizabeth M Gunn to E Lundquist	E Kingston, 150 s Berkshire, 25 x e 100	$ 155
Bd of Tide Ld Com'rs to C J Platt	Lot 9 blk 571, Tide Lands	132
Gt Pk Hd Ass'n to D W V Voorhies	Lot 16 blk 305	250
F M Pixley to Hiram M Jones	S Lombard, 205 9 e Fillmore, e 68 9 x s 137 6—sub W A 123	1
H M Jones to Frank M Pixley	S Lombard, 137 6 e Fillmore, e 63 9 x s 137 6	1
Albert W Brush to Harriet B Brush	All right, title and interest in estate of R W Brush, deceased	5
F A MacDougall to E R Carpenter	N Pine, 77 6 e Montgomery, n 97 6 x e 60 subdiv 50-v 272	8,000
Rebecca Bradford to E M Jackson	Lot 103, Gift Map 2	1
Thos Farrell to Margaret O Rork	S Bush, 27 6 e Gough, e 27 6 x s 120	3,000

Thursday, October 9th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Arthur E Hawkins to J M English	Commencing at intersec se Market with sw 272 9 x se 195—subdivision Mission block 5	40,000
B'd of Tide Ld Com'rs to C J Platt	Lot 11 blk 571, Tide Lands	140
Marian H [illegible] to Henry Caesboldt	Se Pierce and Green, e 120, e to a line etc	2,500
Bay Pk Hd Ass'n to Albert Lusk	Lots 35, 45, 46, 47, blk 550, and lot 49 blk 552, and lot 26 blk 551, Bay Pk Hd	2,160
John Center to John Morgan	E Folsom, n 23d, n 60 x e 121 6—subdivision M B 51	1
Samuel Monks to Hib Sav & L Soc	S Broadway, 137 6 w Hyde, w 77 9 x s 137 6—subdiv W A 1383	5
Chas C Volberg to Fred C Wider	Sw Mary, 118 w Howard, sw 60 x nw 21	2,900
Henry A Crane to John S Hand	N of Oak 82 6 e Webster, e 55 x n 120—subdiv W A 287	4,730
Harrison St Hd Ass'n to R Maguire	Lot 77 blk 142 Harrison Street Hd	600
Silver Ter Hd Ass'n to J C Eggers	Lot 20 Silver Terrace Homestead	350
Same to J F G Eggers	Lot 987 same	375
Same to same	Lot 79 same	325

Friday, October 10th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Chas Kohler to Franz Aicher	E Stockton, 137 6 s Filbert, n 45 x e 137 6, being subdiv 50-v 426	$7,500
E H Holmes to Mabell A Carrison	Nw 38 Avenue and S st, n 190 10, etc., also, nw 35th Ave and S st, w 240, n 195 1, e 240 6, s 178 1 8	700
Paul Danker to same	Lot 30, Fountain Plot, Masonic Cem	400
City and Coun S F to P J Thomas	E Valencia, s 24th, s 65 x e 117 6, being subdiv M B 150	prem
Bd Tide Ld Comrs to C J Platt	Lot 11 blk 571	140
John M Van Dyke to R Hamilton	Se Minna, 110 ne 6th, ne 72 6 x se 75, being subdiv 100-v 202	
C H Chamberlain to Fred A Hyde	S 25th, 152 9 e Sanchez, e 50 11 x s 114	650
D Brommer to Claus Brommer	W cor Bryant and 6th, nw 75 x ne 135	45,000
Claus Brommer to D Brommer	Sundry properties in south part of city	40,000
Great Park Hd Ass'n to Joe White	Lots 6 and 7, blk 309	600
Jos White to D Gonzales	Same	200
True Calv Pres Church to D Poole	W Powell, 77 6 n Geary, n 40 x w 137 6	10,500
T W Brooks to A C Heinecken	N Geary, 137 6 w Hyde, w 137 6, subject to a mortgage for $15,000, re-record	20,000
H L Nelson to Sav and Loan Soc	Nr Guerrero and 24th, e 305, n 53 9, w 275 6, s 25, w 100, s 29 to com	600

Saturday, October 11th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
J Grellman to Agostino Piaggio	E Stockton, 67 s Filbert, s 25 6 x e 137 6 subdiv 50-v 420	$5,000
H L White to Edward Herringhi	Lot 12, Precita Valley Lands	1
Mrs T B White to same	Same	800
Silv Ter Hd Assn to J Bachmann	Lots 290 and 291	901
Same to same	Lots 86, 87, 88 and 89	1,273
Wm Buechmann to August Kaese	Commencing at a point 134 6 e Powell, 103 6 n Broadway, n 32 x e 71 9	1,800
John Ohring to same	N Pacific e Lark, n 21x60, sub 50-v 1401	1,700
Bd Tide Ld Com'rs to H Schwerin	Lots 13, 14, 15, 16, blk 783, Tide Lands	750
Chas A Merrill to G H Winterburn	Nw 24th and Shotwell, w 32 x n 90—sub Mission Block 153	1,500
Wm B Bourne to L Loupe	Ne Sacramento and Front, e 60 x n 60—subdiv B and W 473 and 474	29,250
Bd Tide Ld Comrs to C J Flatt	Lot 12 blk 571	182
L F Holtz to Chas Semler	Lot 14 blk 571, Central Park Hd	275
Peter Schiefer to John H Shafer	W Leroy Place, 7?6 s Sacramento, s 23 x w 58 9—sub 50-v 1129	600
Harrison St H Ass'n to W H Morton	Lot 75 Harrison St Hd	800
Same to Thos Holleran	Lot 65 same	800
Celeste Gatier to F E Gatier	Sundry lots in Gift Map 2	1
Daniel E Hayes to Wm W Johnston	W Fremont, 145 n 24th, n 25x122 6	5,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.

As Shown by the County Records for The Week ending Oct. 14, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
J E Whitcher to H J Lehmann	Oakland 26th near Grove 50x10	118
Thos Johnson to Eliz McComb	Same S line Seward 100 e from Wood, thence e 33.4x113.7	5
Jacob Hardy to J M Haven	Same W line Henry 175 n fr 8d, thence n 50x125	500
The Central Land Co to E Higham	Same Lots 16 & 17 in blk C of Brown Tract	14,000
Richard Rising to P S Wilcox	Same 75x125 se corner Bush and 13th	7,635
Arthur Edgar to James Edgar	Same ½ of n line Charter Av 499.4 w fr Telegraph Av, thence w 50x129 4	5
Edward McLean to J Nelson	Same W line Charter 113 s fr West 5th, thence s 31 3x125	550
J B Bigelow to John Thompson	Same E line Franklin 902.2 n fr 14th, thence n 54x150	3,880
Same to John F Lewis	Same E line Franklin 960.2 n fr 14th, thence n 42x150	3,610
Ex of E Tompkins to C H Rice	Same W line Webster 151 10 s fr Durant thence s 50x.50	3,250
C Taylor to J E Whitcher	Same 26th near Grove 50x10	1
E A Colting to H H Wood	Same Lot 78 in blk 3 Oakland Hd Assn	400
Hannah Antone to John Williams	East Oakland S corner Webster and Walker 150x160	1,500
S U Hd Assn to A M Hering	Oakland T'p Lot 10 in blk 2 S U Hd Tct	750
Linden Hd Assn to Sarah Clark	Same Lot 25 in Linden Hd Tract	550
James Edgar to Arthur Edgar	Same Lot 1 in blk 2 and ½ lost in lot 4 in blk 2 adjoining University Site	5
James Davis to Benjamin Kneal	Same Lots 13, 14 and 15 in blk A Union Park Tract	850
N B Byrne to J Stratton et al	Same 15 acres part plot 64	5
Univer H Assn No 3 to S Berkeley	Same Lot 11 in blk 8 U H Tract No 3	500
D L Cooper to S T Perkins	West Oakland N line 8th 98 e fr Wood, thence e 72x90	2,500
C Brommer to D Brommer	Brooklyn T'p ½ lot 20 acs on Mr V R.	2,500
A J Gladding to Jane L Case	Oakland T'p 25 ac part plot 66	9,134
R Gibbons to Alfred Gibbons	Alameda Lot 18 in blk 87 near Bigo	----
M A & F S Fitch to Patrick Riley	Same S line Jefferson Av 70 w fr Bay, thence w 50x150	700
Same to William Desmond	Same SW cor Jefferson and Bay 70x150	700
Same to J Edwards	Same W line Bay 200 n from Washington Av n 50x150	475
D Deal to John Treyloan	Same 127x153 in Hay & Carpenter Tr	5
Richard Benson to Peter Donlon	Murray T'p 160 ac 56 m n fr Oakland	641
A D Spilrain to Thomas Fenley	Livermore 50x100	100
R N Campbell to A K Overacker	Same Lots 1 and 2 in block 20	250
W M Mendenhall to P W Overacker	Same Lots 3 and 4 in block 19	200
J D Patterson to H C Banta	Same 920 acres 7 m ne from Livermore	4,600
G W Hamilton to W Stickwaits	Same Lot 1 in block 11	150
J Wilkinson to J McDavitt	Same Lot 5 in block 15	125
Same to A Hardy Into	Same Lots 7 to 9 and 10 in block 13	400
A M Church to H D Merrell	Same 17 acs road from Dublin to ——	
W H Davis to J M Worth	Same Lot 3 in block 18	1,030
Edward Denken to John McDonald	Same 310 acres 3 miles nw from ——	8,000
C Collins to John Green	Same 101 acres 8 miles ne from ——	1,010
J J Riser to M R Gonsalvio	Washington T'p 25 acres	2,500
G Cameron et al to G B Bowman	Pleasanton Part lot 9 in block J	450
Emaline Brown to Hyram Brown	Near Haywood 5 acres	1,000
H Brown to F Behn	Same 5 acres	800
J B Ford to H Mosher	Same 5 acres	625
Same to Christian Sanderson	Same 10 acres	1,375
Same to R Mosher	Same 5 acres	625
H Mosher to Same	Same 1 acre	150
A Walker & D G Butler to F C Pipe	Mathew's Landing 60 acres near ——	
L Perham to C Hadsell	Mission San Jose 30 acs 4 miles n fr ——	1,000
W Daniels to S J Brown	Same 53 acres near ——	4,000
D Coleman to E Brown	Town of Midway Lot 13	100
Theodore Le Roy to T O'Neil	San Leandro Lots E and F in block 20	600
H K W Clarke to John Mathews	Same 235 and 117 acs on San Leandro Creek, also ½ int R T and int of M J and W H Day's on the San Leandro R	41,500
M R Sanborn to L Gregory	Centerville 5 acres	25

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Oct. 14.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY.

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records). Office: Adjoining the COURT HOUSE, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to the Court House. ☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. Sept. 13.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Dexter Tafft, deceased.—Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executors of the estate of DEXTER TAFFT, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executors at the office of E. W. Joice, No. 4 Merchants' Exchange, corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, in the County of San Francisco, California. W. C. RALSTON, E. W. JOICE,
Dated Oct. 8, 1873. Executors of the Estate of Dexter Tafft, deceased.
W. H. L. Barnes, Attorney for Estate. Oct. 11.

WHAT WE PUT UP WITH.

In the name of Beelzebub, how long will the miserable sheets calling themselves daily newspapers continue to disgrace the city and a long-suffering community with the twaddle which they so persistently publish? Of all the witless inanities it has ever been our fate to read, that printed in last Tuesday's "*Wrapper*," under the title "Served Out," is about the most hopelessly drivelling. The plot of the thing is the old stand-by of a professional bully catching a Tartar, and the manner of telling it is simply execrable. The sentences are so horribly tortured and involved that it appears to have been translated by a Dutchman from French into English, but whoever the beetle-headed jobbernowl was that wrote it, or translated it, he certainly knows nothing of the last mentioned language. In the year 18— (the writer kindly refrains from giving real dates or names), the Comte de V—, who, among numerous other victims, has lately killed young B., enters the garden of a café, "with the heavy, dark and nervous twitching of the hands, (O, wondrous twitching!) which those who were acquainted with him knew well meant mischief," and insults an innocent-looking individual by pointing at his (the stranger's) hat, and saying in a stern voice to the "garcon:" "Take me away from that nasty thing." The fire-eater expects by this means to provoke a challenge, to choose the small-sword as a weapon, and so to gain an easy victory in the duel which is to follow. It turns out, however, that his intended victim, though a Frenchman, has been educated at an English school. He inveigles the unsuspecting swashbuckler, unarmed, into a room, locks the door, and announces his intention to pound him into a jelly with his fists, and even goes so far as to enumerate the particular portions of the Count's anatomy on which he is about to operate. The unhappy Count remonstrates against the cowardice of his enemy taking advantage of his "skill in the box"—why one Frenchman should speak pigeon English to another is not stated—but his arguments avail nothing: with surgical exactness the "strawberry-eater" pounds the precise spots he has mentioned, and then seizes his adversary by the neck and another portion of his body, and dumps him out of the window. With such imbecilities does the "*Wrapper*" fill its columns. The "*Chronic-hell*" follows suit, and prints such editorials as make the very angels weep. This blotch upon the face of society has some old woman writing for it, who daily seeks to impose upon the public such stale slipslop *niaserie* as not even that unhappy little "*Grizzly*," which the *News Letter* smashed while engaged in vermin-killing, some months ago, would have admitted into its columns. That ancient female, the *Alta*, has had her day, and we never strike the utterly powerless. The *Bulletin* consigned one leg to the grave a short time since, and the other will soon follow. Man cannot live by faith alone, neither can newspapers flourish on nothing but lies and twaddle. Had these unfortunate publications followed the advice and example of the *News Letter*—to speak the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth—these things had never happened. Secure under our protecting wing, they might still be reflecting our light upon the community, instead of rotting rapidly, and leaving either no mark behind or a dirty one

CALIFORNIANS IN VIENNA.

Olive Harper, in her letter from Vienna to the *Daily Graphic*, of New York, speaking of some familiar forms at that city, says, September 25th: "Lloyd Tevis and family, from California, are here, and at the Grand Hotel. I will give him the praise of being the most sensible person I have yet met over here. He is possessed of almost unlimited means, but has the good sense to act the man, and not make himself appear a fool in the attempt to do something wonderful. I was at a reception here in Vienna a few days ago, and there I had the excellent fortune to meet with a rich legislator, wife and two daughters; and to say I was amused would perhaps be putting too fine a point upon it. He was large, he had a loud voice, he swaggered and talked, and made a general mule of himself. He spread himself and said: 'Wal, there ain't so many people here to this ere show as there art to be and would be if folks paid more attention to 'cumulatin' property and hed more money. Now, just see me! Look at me! *I* commenced life poor, very poor, in a orphan asylum, and I worked at shoemaking, and I riz and riz, I mean I rose in my profession, till—well, you see what I am now. I am worth over three million dollars! and I 'cumulated it every cent myself!' His two daughters were highly interested spectators or listeners to this, and his wife fingered her elegant watch chain nervously while he went on: 'You folks what travel pay out more than four times too much, just because you let these rascally thieves of Dutchmen (there were some twenty or more Germans present) take your last cent. *I* don't. *I* dispute every bill on principle, and I save more than half so. They are all thieves, all thieves, from their King down.' A friend here interposed and transported him off somewhere, while the two girls and the mother tried to turn it off. No wonder the people over here have such a poor opinion of us, when we see this little comedy enacted every day in a greater or lesser degree. When one is in America, somehow this snobocracy is not so much seen; but here it makes me feel ashamed of my countrymen, if not of my country. It is all in vain that you tell the people that the most refined of our people seldom leave home. They listen politely but discredit your statement all the same. I have now been in and about Vienna nearly four months, and of course I get the *American Register* every week. I have never failed to find in it recorded the names of Hon. Charles Turner, Mrs. Turner, and Miss Nelly Turner, of California. Now, I have lived twenty two years in California, and I never heard of a Legislator, Senator, Governor, or even Justice of the Peace of that name there, but I *did* know a wholesale cattle dealer called Charlie Turner, who had a daughter of that name. It cannot be the same, possibly, for he was not an 'honorable' then, by any means. We have one Senator out there, Tom Fowler by name, who is better known as the 'hoof and horn Senator,' on account of his large speculations in cattle.

ROLE OF A HARMLESS BLOCKHEAD.

United States Marshal, William Gouverneur Morris, strikes us in the light of recent developments as being an unusually interesting specimen of that class of political vermin so prominent in America in the capacity of politicians and office-seekers. As an unusually interesting specimen of this entomological species, we propose to move William Gouverneur Morris under the microscope. Let us inspect the creature. Yesterday morning's *Chronicle* published a narrative of some of Morris' doings while discharging the functions of a Notary Public down in Tulare County which reads like a chapter out of "Jack Sheppard," or "The Three Spaniards." Neither William Harrison Ainsworth nor Eugene Sue ever conceived a more shocking tale of outrage and cruelty than this narrative of the torture and robbery of Depuy, in which the present U. S. Marshal played so prominent a part. The appearance of the story in the *Chronicle* is *prima facie* evidence that it is a horrible lie. But the quotations furnished from depositions on record, refute this presumption, and seems to establish the remarkable fact that for once even the *Chronicle* has told the truth. And Morris' latest exploit, in causing the sailor Furt to be carried in chains through the streets of San Francisco, is so shameless and outrageous a defiance of decency and public opinion as goes far to prove him capable of any atrocity. Furt had been guilty of the crime of being a prominent witness against a tyrannical sea captain, and the instruments of his cruelty. He was himself charged with no offense, but was simply detained as a witness. But Morris' aristocratic sympathies being all on the side of those "in authority," he ordered Furt to be handcuffed when taken to Court to testify, and when remonstrated with on the impropriety of the act, his careless and flippant reply showed the shallowness of his mind no less than the hardness of his heart. Evidently he is one of those unfortunately constituted beings whom nature spoils in the manufacture by playing at cross purposes. She failed to endow him with brains enough to qualify him for a clever knave, and yet cursed him with a restlessness of temperament and a malignity of impulse which would not permit him to remain contented in the role of a harmless blockhead

The best of all Monthlies, the California Mail Bag, may be expected on or about Saturday, the 25th. Besides the usual amount of brilliant matter, carefully selected from the month's issues of that most brilliant of all weeklies, the San Francisco *News Letter*, there will be a brightly written biographical sketch—with photograph—of Captain Lapidge. This sketch will contain, in a necessarily condensed form, the chief incidents of the gallant Captain's travels over most of the globe, and will be full of strange facts and pleasantly told reminiscences.

TEMPEST IN A TEAPOT.

The daily papers have afforded very pleasant reading for some time past. To be sure, the subject-matter of their fiery eloquence was nothing new. The wrongs of seamen and the brutality of ship captains have stood the fierce indignation of weary reporters, perishing for an item, ever since America was the land of the free; and nothing has ever been done to abate the one or redress the other. Nevertheless, it was gratifying to find that the same old adjectives and exclamation points, which had done duty for so many years on the Atlantic and the Gulf, were again to the fore, as fresh as if they had just been invented. What Macaulay writes of the virtuous British public is eminently true of the virtuous public of America. Dozing comfortably in its arm-chair, under the protection of the best of all Governments, it rouses itself from time to time, in a sudden spasm of outraged virtue, and rushes upon the first bystander who happens to look askance at any precept of the moral law. Him it proceeds solemnly to sacrifice, with beating of tom-toms and much imprecation; and the public goes to nodding once more. This is, no doubt, very moral conduct, but it is ridiculously inane. In the present case of the *Sunrise* outrages, does any honest man desire to see the officers punished? Is it not perfectly well known that crimes like those charged against these men have been committed year in and year out, and that nobody has ever dreamed of interfering to prevent them? Is it not well known that the whole meaning of the present outcry is to make capital and circulation for the *Post* and the *Chronicle*? Is anybody so innocent as to believe that any one of the officers of the *Sunrise* will be held responsible for the disappearance of the three seamen, said to have been driven to their death? We hope there are none so pitifully ingenuous, for we should disown them as subscribers. Just now, men want a scapegoat, or even two, to appease the gods of the *Chronicle* and the *Post*. But the whole question of the matter lies in a nutshell. In the present case, as in all others, it is charged that the sailors were driven by cruel treatment to commit suicide, and in every case we have only to say they were rightly served. For, after all, a seaman is a man, and a man can die but once. How is it possible to feel more than a contemptuous pity for a man who, knowing perfectly that a miserable death is within arm's reach and inevitable, yet does not dare to drag down his tyrant with him! They must suffer and perish like curs, these miserable seamen, and they do it, holding all the while in their own hands the only remedy for their woes. No, it is not on land, in the courts of justice, in the open air of the Republic, that the oppressed sailor should call for retribution on the murderer of his brethren. He must himself be accuser, witness, judge and executioner. Let the seaman who can bear no more, who knows that he must die, die at least like a man. He has a sheath-knife, he has arms, and the ocean is all around; one stroke, one plunge, and the brutal captain or mate would torture no more. The courts will never do justice, and we tell the sailors with perfect sincerity, that the knife is their only sure friend.

OUR GLORIOUS BOARDS.

The swindling way in which the Board of Education accepted Palmer & Co.'s bid for school furniture and rejected that of Gilbert & Moore was dilated on and handled without gloves in our issue of October the 4th, but we run hastily over the facts for the benefit of those who had not the pleasure of contemplating the rascally job from our point of view: "In June last, our model Board advertised for proposals for a supply of school furniture. Gilbert & Moore, a well-known and responsible firm, put in a bid at $5 40 a set; Palmer & Co. bid $5 75. Gilbert & Moore's was the lowest bid of all, yet the Committee on Furniture and Supplies recommended the awarding of the contract to Palmer & Co. There was some opposition to this in the Board, and finally a new advertisement for bids was published. This time Palmer & Co. put in a bid at $5 25, fifteen cents less than that of Gilbert & Moore, and less than the furniture can be supplied at so as to realize a profit." This crafty little piece of finessing was glossed, or more likely *gilded* over at the time; but the investigating Nemesis has not halted. An investigation *has* been made, and a pretty sink of rottenness it is that has been uncovered. It must have been evident to all who knew the value of school-furniture, that Palmer & Co.'s ridiculously low bid was but a blind to fleece, and has proved so, indeed. *For what do we find?* We find that on the 22d of July the Valencia street Grammar School is charged with 25 lifting-top desks, $10—contract price, $8. On November 2d, to the Lincoln Primary, 60 No. 3 desks, $6 40—not bid on, but worth about $5, as a fair proportion to the bid on the larger sizes. On September 7th, 20 No. 2 desks, at $6 40, contract price, $6. 30 No 1 desks, to the North Cosmopolitan School, and 54 No 2 desks to the Lincoln School, all at $6 40—contract price, $6. On the same date, 60 No 2 desks, to the Broadway Primary, at $6 50, an increase of ten cents on their own figures—contract price, $6. Space will not allow us to give further instances of the patent dishonesty practiced; but we may add that something like *fifty per cent.* has been charged over the contract price! Is it possible that the Board in their auditing reports and accounts were not aware of this? Pooh! The thing is absurd. It is only another case of the infernal rings, the wholesale jobbing and flagrant scoundrelism that disgraces the very being of our every public institution. The only fair way of dealing is to punish the wrong doers—of which there is, unfortunately, in these days of persistent whitewashing very little chance—and to annul the fraudulent contract.

THE WATER MONOPOLY.

Thanks to the persistent endeavors of the News Letter, the water monopoly is assuming its proper dimensions to the public eye. In unnumbered issues we have tried to rouse the reading public to interest in the matter, and at last we have succeeded. Officials, laggards are beginning to comprehend that a change must come, the men of action who always arise in such emergency, are beginning to look around for ways and means of remedying the existing evil, and the dailies have taken the matter in hand. The *Bulletin* of October 11th and the *Post* of October 13th contained editorials whose burden was the present exorbitant price of water. The *Post* especially advocated the same measure which we have urged from the beginning, viz., that the city own the water. The city's gas bill last month amounted to $21,000. The water rates are proportionately large. The economy of such a course, therefore, is obvious, since it will lift the burden of extortion, not only from the city treasury, but from the pockets of householders. It has been suggested that the building of works by the city would consume much time, besides leaving us still under the thumb of the present monopoly. In view of which it is advised that the Spring Valley works be condemned for public use and their owners be paid according to their legitimate value instead of according to their own magnificent ideas. If such a step be decided upon, we hope that action will be prompt, for need is pressing and immediate. The Spring Valley works and pipes may be purchased, but their supply is decidedly insufficient, and we shall have to procure water in abundance from some other source. Complaints have been made in certain portions of the city, that owing to the scarcity, the water is not turned on full force until two o'clock in the day, in consequence of which at the time when it is most needed, it is so thick and muddy as to be unfit for use. Yet these same householders are invaded by insolent young men, employees of the company, who enter uninvited and examine every room in the house to find how many faucets are to be enrolled upon the books of the extortionists. The poorest householder in San Francisco pays a water-rate of $2.50 per month. Gauging from this stand-point, the well-to-do man who rejoices in the luxury of a bath tub must make serious inroad on his income when he pays his water bill. It is in the power of the Supervisors and Legislators to remedy this, almost without delay. The sooner the better.

Yesterday, a suit for $10,000 damages was commenced by the sailor Furt against William Gouverneur Morris for false imprisonment in conducting him in chains through the streets of the city. William Hayes, Esq., is the attorney for the plaintiff, and the action will be prosecuted with the utmost vigor. We suspect that Marshal Morris will learn an important lesson before the suit is ended

McKinstry goes to the Supreme Court and leaves a vacancy on the bench of the District Court. But, thank Heaven! there are five hundred lawyers ready and eager to sacrifice themselves by filling the vacancy.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Spain and Its People. A Record of Recent Travel. 12mo. cloth.
Pre-Historic Races of the United States. By J. W. Foster. 8vo., cloth.
Miriam Montfort. A Novel. 12mo., cloth.
Arthur Bonnicastle. By J. G. Holland. 12mo., cloth.
Getting On in the World. By Wm. Mathews. 12mo., cloth.
Workshop Appliances. By C. P. B. Shelley. 12mo., cloth.
Bellehood and Bondage. A Novel. By Mrs. Ann S. Stephens. 12mo., cloth.
Ought We to Visit Her? By Mrs. Charles. 12mo., cloth.
White Rose and Red. A Love Story. 12mo., cloth.
Nina's Atonement. A Novel. By Christian Reid. 8vo., paper.

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A. F. NYE T. I. ACHESON.

NYE & ACHESON,
IMPORTERS OF
GAS FIXTURES,
313 and 317 Pine st.,
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Oct. 11

HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE,
24 Post st., San Francisco.

THE ONLY THOROUGH BUSINESS College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should secure a useful and practical education at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Sessions day and evening throughout the year. Students can commence at any time. Each receives separate instruction. There is a Preparatory Department for those not sufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for

Heald's College Journal,
An eight-page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school, and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing

E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug. 16.] San Francisco

DR. ABORN,
Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory, 213 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 30.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

Satire should, like a polished razor keen,
Wound with a touch that's scarcely felt or seen.

Oh Heaven! that such companions thou'dst unfold,
And put in every honest hand a whip
To lash the rascal naked through the world,
Even from the East to the West.—OTHELLO, ACT IV, SCENE I.

Scarce can I speak, my choler is so great.
I could hew up rocks and fight with flint.—KING HENRY VI., SCENE I.

LORD DUNDREARY'S EPITAPH.

[BY HIMSELF.]

H-here lithe Lord D-dun——or, waihah, the wemainth lie heah,
Of Lord Dundweawy—yeth, tha-thath th'ideah'—
Of Lord D-dundweawy, who—no, ih-thah won't do,
For if I'm d-dead, I c-can't be—yeth, thath twoo.
But th-then I thed we-wemainth, of courth, which should
Mean wh-what ith left of me—th-thath good
Tho my we-wemainth can lie, th-though I am dead,
Becauth, you th-thee—I'm blethed if I we-wemember *what* I thed.
But whah's the use of b-bothering more about
One of th-those things that n-no fellah can find out?
Tho I will th-thimply thay I wath the man,
Who wath the b-bwother of that idiot "Tham."
Yeth, idiot, ath, or lunatic, which you p-pleath;
Ah—eh! B-by Jove! I th-thought I wath going to thneeth.
Thall I g-go on? I'm sh-shure I'd better not,
Becauth, you thee, I'm t-talking such infernal wot,
Ith vewy w-wong, bethidthe, to make you l-laugh,
At such a *g-grave* subject ath an ep-p-ep-epitaph.
(What a beuthi of a w-word that ith!)
Tho I will dwop it, and a w'ddle a-aihk inthtead;
A stwange pwoceeding, a-aint it, for a man thath dead?
Wh-what ith the biggetht nuithanth mankind ever thaw?
You've got it—no? I th-thought you'd gueth it—"Mother-in-law."

P.S.—I q-quite forgot to give my age, and wh-when I died,
But I'm b-blethed if I c-could tell you if I twied.
All I can thay ith, if y-you want to know it,
L-look at Tholbern's t-tombstone; that will show it.

It occurs to certain of our citizens at times that the best thing they can do with this mortal coil under an unpleasant concatenation of circumstances, is to shuffle it off, in consequence of which bodies are discovered in unpleasant profusion among the docks and wharf piles, and occasionally, by way of variation, among the sand hills. According to our reliable morning contemporaries, such treasures trove are carried to the Morgue. It is quite a relief to know that we have a Morgue. We have always recognized the necessity of such an institution, but where the deuce is it? At a remote period, when our bosom friend hung himself with a piece of family linen to one of the rafters of his hotel, we were directed to the Morgue to take the last fond look, and we discovered his remains in the ante-room of the undertaking establishment of Mr. O'Flynn, Market street. When the learned expert, Dr. Blunderhead, assumed the duties of Coroner, the Morgue was removed to the house of Mr. O'Flaherty, still of Market street. The incoming Dr. Oleomargarine announces that his headquarters will be at the undertaking rooms of O'Flannagan & Co., all of Market street. We have no settled antipathy to Market street, but we would like to know why we can't have a stationary Morgue without hunting our friends the length and breadth of that diagonal thoroughfare with each change after election. We have still another question to ask while on the cold meat subject: When people voluntarily shuffle, or are involuntarily shuffled, they are not generally in a state of primitive bareness. They are generally clothed from head to heel. They have been known to wear watches and chains, and at odd times a ring. They have carried in their pockets sundry car tickets, jack-knives, pieces of string and a coin or two. Are all these articles consigned to the cold, cold ground, in company with their unhappy owners, or do they flourish with renewed freshness in the second-hand shops? Satisfied that he has done his duty by the public weal, the *Town Crier* calmly waits a direct reply to these two queries.

Mr. A. loved Miss B., and the maiden returned The soft, tender passion that in either breast burned. Where they lived, who they were, are things the *T. C.* Does not know, and, what's more, does not care, d'ye see! But listen a moment, with a heart that grows sore, As you find they have parted because of a *snore*. One night Mr. A. had stayed out so late, That the next saw him yawn in the sweet *tete à tete* Which he held with Miss B. "Are you tired, my dear?" Said she, when another yawn made it most clear That he was, so in true kindness we vouch, She let him lie down and snooze on the couch. He snoozed—when, O horror! her lover adored She discovered frightfully, awfully *snored!* Oh, the snore, the beautiful snore, Filling the parlor from ceiling to floor! Now rising aloft like the winds in June, Now sunk to the wail of a cracked bassoon! Now flute-like, subsiding, then rising again, Like a bull-frog in throes of most exquisite pain! Now softly and slow, like a drone's lazy hum, Then rattling and loud, like a banged kettle-drum! Cracking the ceiling and shaking the floor, Like a rollicking earthquake, went the terrible snore! And now the sad part we have to relate is, that this snoring settled his fate. For Miss B. vowed with tears she could love nevermore, A man with such a sleep-murd'ring snore, And clapping her hands to the sides of her head, She uttered one shriek, and then turned and fled! Yes, actually fled without saying "good night," And left him to wake and to leave as he might. O, cruel Miss B.! O, sad Mr. A.! Two loving young hearts are estranged in a way That had been averted if the would-be young bride Had seen that her lover *lay on his right side.*

Some sensible woman—and therefore superior to the rest of her sex—suggests that it would be an immense boon to the community at large—i. e., the unburied—if some one would suggest some simple, inexpensive badge for ladies to wear, instead of having the extra expense of going into a regular suit of mourning. The carrying out of the idea, such as confining the mourning to a neat black band around the arm, would have its advantages and disadvantages. To the poor woman who sorrows for the death of her child or husband, the fashion of some such badge would be a great blessing. She would grieve just as deeply in a colored stuff gown, with a black band around her arm, as in everything black, including her stockings. But on the other hand, the abolition of heavy mourning would do away with very many widows' greatest consolation. "One looks so well in widows' weeds, you know, there's something so interesting in the long black veil, something so touching in the sombre trailing garments." Besides, it is a fact that few costumes have a *richer* appearance than a showily-made mourning suit. The crisp-looking flounces of crape, the delicate black lace, the heavy jet beads and buttons, the glittering bugles, the thousand and one little showy fal-lals that mark the wearer's sorrow and respect for the dear departed. *Pah!* The *Town Crier* and every unbiased man sees through it all. Mourning has become simply a fashion—a becoming fashion to some. These hold on to their weeds and make them flowers. An ill-suited fashion to others. These drop the weeds as though they were henbane and nightshade. It is a fashion that is a remnant of barbarism, anyhow, and a very gloomy farce.

"The body of a still-born child was found yesterday on the beach at Black Point, in a *cigar box.*" (!) So said Mother *Alta* when calling upon her few old-fashioned friends on Thursday morning. Gracious heavens! what further evidence do we need of the degeneration of our species. In a cigar box! This is a "growing small by degrees, and beautifully less" with a vengeance!

In passing down Stockton street last evening, the *T. C.*'s attention was attracted by some strange sounds, which he could not at first decide if proceeding from cats on amorous conquests bent or from some wandering serenader of two legs. "Strange strains, indeed," he said to himself with that wretched habit of distorting words he has gathered from reading the Bible. "What can they be?" he continued, as again the wail rose and "tinkled to the shivering stars." He was opposite the church of the culled brethren at the time, and, struck with an idea, he climbed the gate, which was locked, and tried the door. It, too, was locked, but the howl being distincter than before, he crept around to the rear of the building and looked in the window. The source of the linked hideousities was discovered. Some half dozen darkies, male and female, were in the church, who were performing a sort of wild Fetish dance to the tune of some damnably dismal squall in a minor key. The burden of the song was that when these niggers, like that aged colored individual named Edward, left this world, where wool is not held in the respect it should be, they were "going to have a jolly time, eating bread and drinking wine." At the conclusion of which happy statement some fellow with a voice like an oyster, squeaked that "when the general roll was called, my boys, you bet that he'd be there." The *T. C.*'s wondering contemplation of this strange ceremony was interrupted by some one grasping him by the foot and requesting him to "jes' cum down from dar, old hoss!" He came meekly down and inquired what was up. "Guess dere gibing some chile religion," said the attendant, opening the gate showing the *T. C.* an easier mode of egress than that over the railings. Oh, well, we moralized, this same religion is a *strange* thing. Some go to Heaven by dipping, some by bowing and crossing, some by letting their nails grow through their hands, some by believing everything, and some few by believing nothing. What a muddle, what a muddle, to be sure!

There is a great outcry against U. S. Marshal William Gouverneur Morris, because he marches a witness through the streets in irons. The Marshal says that the witness might escape if not heavily ironed, and that it is important the public should be able to recognize the U. S. trade-mark on a fellah. The reasoning is sound, but the application is far from thorough. What is sauce for the goose is sauce for the gander. Between a witness for the United States and a U. S. Marshal the distance may be great, but the difference is a trifle and purely metallic in character. How is any one to know the U. S. Marshal when he sees him! His native brass being more or less dull to the common eye, Marshal Morris owes it to his country to wear in the cartilage of his nose a ring of the same glittering metal, inscribed "U. S. M. In God we Trust," so that all good citizens meeting him by the way might twig, and possibly tweak, him whom the Government delights to honor. Links of iron for the sailor; rings of brass for the Marshal. To each the reward of his worth, and a sign of the spirit within him. O! U. S. M. W. G. M.! With desire does the *T. C.* desire pleasantly to lead thee by the ring in thy nose, thou most surprising specimen of long pig!

The members of the "Thumb-Sucking Club"—we forget the high-flown title with which they dub themselves—have taken a step onward and upward. The chewing-gum phase is over; the admission fee has been raised to sixty cents or a bottle of Florida water, and the rollicking rams- lambs, we mean—get frightfully drunk on ginger beer, and dismally sick on Chinese cigarettes. A sensation was caused in the club room some few evenings ago, by the angry ma of one disheveled youngster suddenly bursting into the room and spanking the chairman of the occasion for making her boy very sick from smoking weak tobacco and drinking some horrible mixture of tartaric acid, carbonate of soda and water, which was called in the club punch, and supposed, in a pleasant, fictional manner, to be of fearfully intoxicating qualities. As the spanked chairman declared that he would tell *his* ma, internecine quarrels of an exciting nature are looked for. The *Town Crier* will report progress.

Our office has been besieged since the rendering of the Curtis verdict by a mob of anxious young men of haggard look and trembling voice, who beg us, through the columns of this religious weekly, to publish some idea whereby young men may be defended from the consequences of yielding to the charms of insidious Delilahs. Alack a day! When the *T. C.* was in the Delilah business, customs were reversed. It was our's to sue, her's to yield or to repulse. The female hoodlum waylays the male hoodlum on street corners, hunts him in his hours of toil, detains him till the wee sma hours, and then gets him shot for his trouble. What's to be done with the girls? Muzzle 'em. They wean calves and protect the stomachs of voracious animals in that way. Why not use padlock and key on these young asses in petticoats?

Darwin has at least one devoted disciple in San Francisco. Time: Wednesday afternoon. *Place:* Warner's Menagerie. *Persons:* The usual crowd of monkeys and men. Notably amongst the first, an old lady that held her last born by the tail with all the tenacity of a mother's tender love; amongst the last, a little old man with a face like a dried apple and a figure like a knotted tree stump. "Look, now," said the old man, pointing to the mamma monkey in great admiration, "what kin be plainer? First the monkey, then the rangey-tanger, then the nigger, and then the Irishman. I never see nothing beat that derned ape with the young un." My Christian friends and brethren, here is crude wisdom. Let us consider our latter ends!

It is reported that 'Henry' is butting his head against a stone wall four feet high, twenty feet long, one foot thick in utter anguish at having made a mathematical ass of himself. His anguish is said to be forty feet in depth and ten in circumference, and it is calculated that he can emit fifty oaths a minute, pausing a fraction of a second between each for inspiration. His misery is further enhanced by the apparitions of Podger's cats and the cats of Podger's friends, who seem to make night hideous by howling in his ears nineteen Tom cats, nineteen pussy cats, nineteen kittens, and nineteen fractions of a cat.

Singular Coincidences! The Shah of Persia, the Sultan of Turkey, and the Khedive of Egypt, were born in the same year, 1830. That's what the papers say; and we stand aghast at the ways of Providence. Furthermore, Fred McCrellish's little terrier, the *Bulletin's* hatred of the railroad, and Grant's orphan colt, were born in 1871. He that hath ears to hear, let him hear; and there is generally a good deal of ear among the believers in this kind of thing.

The itching, friend Charley, for converting the *Chronicle* into an illustrated paper, is very amusing. On Thursday morning its readers were presented with a spirited *line* engraving of the murder on Drumm street. There are nine *figures* in it, and altogether it is an evidence of the go-aheadism of the moral hoodlum family paper, quite on a par with the rest of its miraculous two-cent enterprises.

The officers of the Benevolent Association realized their usual perquisites at the Judicial election. Although the boxes were duly placed at the polls the receipts were not so large as the humane gentlemen could have wished. One estimable member is greatly afraid that he will have to pay his own coal and water bill this Winter unless we can get up another election.

The Church of the Flying Trapeze, which is Trinity, has a body of choristers that was, in the hearing of the *Town Crier*, most appropriately, though somewhat severely, styled the giggling choir. A word to the wise he would say, but that the remark has no application.

The ultramontane clergy preach in Germany that the cholera visits Europe because the Jesuits have been expelled. And the wise Europeans say, Amen! Take our Jesuits, and we'll take all the cholera you can send us.

According to an official return, there are, in London, 1,683 known thieves at large. There is no official return of the known thieves in the United States, for the simple reason that there is no counting them.

Chickens have been disappearing from the Vallejo roosts. It has been intimated to us that the two rheumatic deacons were registered at White Sulphur. But the pillars of the churches are past understanding.

Some idiot has been writing to the editor of the *Barnacle* for instructions on a disputed canon of etiquette! He might with equal reason ask the man in the moon for instructions as to clam-bake.

POSTSCRIPT TO THE

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

VOLUME 23. SAN FRANCISCO, OCT. 18, 1873. NUMBER 38

MANUFACTURE OF ARTIFICIAL BUTTER.

A NEW INDUSTRY TO BE INAUGURATED HERE.

Description of the Manufacturing Process.

Cheapness and Excellence of the Manufactured Article Established by Practical Tests.

Milk is a mechanical mixture of butter, casein and water, the latter holding in solution sugar of milk (or lactin) and several salts. The butter is held suspended in the milk by the caseous or cheesy matter and the whey, with which it is intimately blended. Milk is thus a true emulsion, resulting from a mixture of these three ingredients, and owes its opacity and white color to the diffusion through it of the butyraceous oil. The particles of butter in milk consist of very minute globules one twenty-five hundredths inch in diameter, suspended in the surrounding serous fluid.

When milk is allowed to stand for some time the lighter particles of butter rise to the surface, constituting, with a certain quantity of the other ingredients, cream, leaving the casein (from which cheese is made) and the whey below. All the particles of butter, however, are not eliminated by this means. Still the remainder is by no means rich in oily matter, as the poverty of skim milk plainly shows.

When the cream is agitated for some time, or churned, the semi-solid particles of fat aggregate and we have a mass of butter. The remaining fluid, termed buttermilk, contains casein and lactin, or sugar of milk in solution. This sugar very soon decomposes, forming lactic acid (from *lac*—Latin for milk), which gives to buttermilk its sour taste.

In the manufacture of cheese the casein (Latin, *caseum*, cheese) of course is the principal ingredient. The casein is coagulated by an acid, usually obtained from the stomach of a young calf, and called rennet. The curd thus obtained is pressed, and, after a variety of manipulations, becomes cheese.

Butter is a rather complex organic compound, consisting chiefly of olein, margarin and stearin. The olein is the largest and most important constituent, and one most familiar to our eyes, in the shape, more or less pure, of the fixed oils—of which olive oil is a good example, as it contains seventy-five per cent. of olein.

The three substances named exist in all natural fats, from which chemists have long been enabled to produce butters which, owing to bad odors and flavors, have never been suited to human wants.

M. Mouriez, of France, was the first to solve the difficulty, and some six years ago gave to the world an excellent method of making good butter from hard beef fats, known as beef suet.

The process, with modifications by M. Paraf, has latterly been introduced in this country, and is now in successful practical operation in the city of New York, on a large scale, at the establishment of the Oleo margarine Manufacturing Company, on Fifty-sixth street, near Third avenue, where one or two tons of the new butter are now daily turned out, and find a ready market.

The article to which we refer does not differ materially in composition from ordinary butter, olein (and that of a very pure character) being the principal ingredient, no casein being present, which is the primary cause of rancidity in butter. The olein from which this artificial butter is prepared is obtained from beef suet.

The general process of manufacturing artificial butter is as follows: The suet is first washed thoroughly for two hours in water, to remove all superfluous animal matter, and is then by means of a "hashing machine" ground thoroughly, and pressed through a fine sieve, or plate of iron pierced with fine holes, which forms one side of the machine. The machine consists of a series of sharp blades set on an axis like the thread of a screw. These are contained in a closely fitting chamber or cylinder placed horizontally. The cylinder is divided into two portions, hinged together on one side and capable of being securely fastened or bolted on the other when the machine is in operation. The upper half can be readily thrown back should the machine become clogged or when it becomes necessary to cleanse it. The shaft on which the knives are fixed extends through one end of the cylinder, and is geared in the ordinary way, by means of a belt and pulley, to the shaft of the engine transmitting the power.

A large iron trough lined with porcelain is supported above the cylinder with its revolving knives. This trough or feeder has an aperture in one corner fitting over a corresponding hole in the upper part of the cylinder, through which the suet is fed to the machine. When the machine is in operation the suet is not only effectually hashed in the cylinder but forced by the screw-thread set knives through fine holes bored in the opposite end of the cylinder. The machine in operation at the New York manufactory is capable, it is stated, of hashing 1,000 pounds of suet in an hour. The fat comes out of the "hasher" in the form of a jelly, considerably whiter than when put in owing to its finely divided state and the uniform distribution of olein through it.

The material is now in a proper condition for the second operation, which has for its object the separation of the fluid olein and the solid margarin and stearin from the animal tissues which envelop them. For this purpose it is put into a number of steam vats of the ordinary wooden description, with steam pipes entering the bottom—the steam being admitted or cut off at pleasure by stop-cocks. Here the fat is raised nearly to the temperature of boiling water, the steam being continued for two hours. The heat causes a separation of the olein and stearin from the animal matter, the former rising to the top while the latter sinks to the bottom. The material is well stirred during the time the heat is continued, and when the process is completed the oil is drawn off while still hot, and then allowed to cool slowly in tanks placed below the steam vats. About ninety per cent. of a mixture of olein, margarin and stearin are thus obtained from a given weight of suet, the remaining ten per cent. being, of course, the tissue and muscular and fiberous parts of the material.

The real fat being thus separated from the superfluous animal matter, the next step is the separation of the fluid olein from the solid margarin and stearin. One of the tanks containing the mixed fluid and solid parts of the fat is moved to a table in another part of the room. On this table are small tin molds six or eight inches long, four or five wide and two or or three deep, each containing a small cotton bag, with sufficient margin of cloth to form a double lap from each side.

The partly crystallized and lumpy fat is ladled into these molds until full, when the laps of cloth from each side are turned over upon the top, and the material inclosed. The bags contain about two pounds each, and after using once are carefully washed to avoid any taint or rancidity which might injuriously affect the butter.

When the bags are full they are put between sheets of galvanized iron and placed in the oil press, which is a combination of the toggle joint with a closely cut thread screw. The pressure is gradually applied to the contained fat, and there presently issues from the pores of the cotton a

Vol. 4. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR NOV., 1873, No. 2.
Will contain a Splendid Photograph and Biographical Sketch of Captain Lapidge.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.---Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, OCT. 25, 1873. No. 39.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California Cotton Mill, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street No 601 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—890@875—SILVER BARS—3@6 ꝑ ct. discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 92@92½. Mexican Dollars, 5@5½c., new; 5½c., old. Trade Dollar, par.

☞ Exchange on New York, 7½@7½ per ct. nominal for Gold; Currency, 1½@½ per cent. On London, Bankers 51½@—; Commercial, 50¾@51; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1½.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, Oct. 17, at 3 P. M., 108½. Latest price of Sterling, 106½@109½.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco, Oct 24, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	103	104	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	120	124
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	95	100	Oakland 10s	105	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	95	100	Spring Valley Water Co.	80½	80
Legal Tender Notes	91	92½	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57	97½	100	Central Railroad Company	55	60
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	56	98	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	50	52½
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	93	93	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	20	24
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co	70	75
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co	55	60
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	90	97
Yuba County Bonds, 6s	95	96	Union Insurance Co.	97	100
Santa Clara Bonds, 6s	90	93	Pacific Bank	91	91
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	—	The Bank of California	127½	130
San Francisco Gas Light Co.	68	69½	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE. A. M.	CLOSE. P. M.	ARRIVE A. M.	ARRIVE P. M.
* Sundays excepted.				
Alameda*	6.30	...	...	9 00
Antioch, Black Diamond, etc.*	...	1.40	...	12.10
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co.'s steamers)*	...	3 15	...	9.00
Cloverdale and Coast Points*	..	5.15	10 00	....
Eureka*	..	1 40	12 00	....
Napa Route via Vallejo*	..	3 40	12.40	...
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6.30	---	---	9.10
Oakland	6 30	3 40	----	1.00 9 00
Overland	6 30	....	...	9 10
Petaluma and Coast Points*	..	1.15	..	12 30
Sacramento via Vallejo	7.15	3 40	..	12 40 8 40
San Rafael*	9 1	.	9.00	
San Jose	7 55	4 10	9 30	6 10
Southern California and Arizona*	. 55	.	.	6 10
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3 40	8 00	9 10
Vallejo and Benicia	7.15	3.40	12 40	9 00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County*	. .	3 40		3 10
Great Britain, Monday and Thursday		9 30	.	..

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays.
N. B. STONE, P. M.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, October 24, 1873.—Gold opened at 108¾; 11 A. M. at 108¾; 3 P. M. at 108½. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 106¾; 1867, 113½. Sterling Exchange, 108¾@109½. Pacific Mail, 30½. Quicksilver Mining Company, 30. Wheat, $1 65@$1 75 quiet. Pork, 15, dull. Cotton, 15½. Hides, dry, 24½@25, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 50@$1 55, fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 65@1 75; Whale, quiet, 60@65c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 65@72c. Wool—Spring, fine, 25@35c.; Burry, 20@27c.; Pulled, 35@50c. Fall Clips, 20@25c.; Burry, 16@20c. LONDON, Oct. 24. Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 6d@12s. 9d. Club, 13s. @ 13s. 9d. United States Bonds, 91¼. Consols, 92¾@¾.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

San Francisco, October 22d, 1873.—The Wool Market continues inactive, and it is to be feared that under present heavy receipts, and the refusal of buyers to take hold, except at reduced rates, prices must recede for a time at least. There are not sufficient transactions to give quotations. Wools are held about as follows: "Burry," 12@14c; "Average," 15@17½c.; "Good," 18@20c.; "Choice," 21@22½c.
WATT & McLENNAN, Wool Commission Merchants,
625 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Birth.—In this city, October 23d, to the wife of Robert R. Balmore, a son.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

A Permanent Paragraphic Advertisement, Respectfully Dedicated to the Spring Valley Water Works.

A Miner's Inch of Water is about twenty-thousand gallons. The usual Price for an Inch of Water in the mines is ten cents. The Spring Valley Company sells water in large quantites at seventy-five cents per thousand gallons, or at fifteen dollars seventy-five cents per inch—which is one hundred and fifty-seven times the price which miners pay. Furnished in small quantities to housekeepers, the Company charges from thirty to fifty dollars an inch—five hundred times the miner's rates. IGNOTUS.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

There continues to be considerable ease in all monetary institutions. The large exports of $1,500,000 Breadstuffs for the week have thrown a plentiful supply of Sterling Bills upon the market, and given new life and tone to business in all circles. Our Warehouses continue to be filled with Wheat, and there is a great urgency for vessels to load immediately. The pressure is to get it afloat as soon as possible, and it is for this cause that freights to the United Kingdom keep up above £3.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, October 3, 1873:—Samuel L. Clemens ("Mark Twain"), Mrs. Hopkins, Jos. Gross, Isidor Gotte, Theo. Boyle and family, Mrs. S. W. Ladd, Mrs. A. L. Barnes, Mrs. C. Reis and family, Wm. M. Lent and family, Thos. Sunderland and family, Mrs. John B. Le Gay, Miss Annie Le G. Boyd, C. F. Fargo, Capt. W. C. Talbot, Misses Talbot, D. O. Mills and family, Edgar Mills, Frank Cunningham, G. W. Prescott and wife, H. M. Newton and family, O. G. Hooker and wife, Mrs. Theo. Payne, Warren R. Payne, Theo. Payne.

The last published statement of the National Gold Bank and Trust Company, for September 12th, shows a good condition of assets and liabilities. The individual deposits were $1,410,819, while the time certificates were $505,130. The outstanding loans were $1,816,319, and the total amount of reserve $1,261,298. The surplus fund of the bank now reaches $100,000, and regular monthly dividends of 1¼ per cent are paid. The bank has a gold note circulation of $800,000, and the bills are constantly moving about, together with notes received from the four other similar banks in the State.

We learn with pleasure, that Mrs. Frankie Lock, a former resident of this city, is returning home overland. She has been confined to her bed for many weeks past, in Buffalo, where she has been residing with a rich old uncle, who has used every inducement to have her remain in the East, but she, like so many others, finds no air like that of her native State. Welcome back to San Francisco, thou worthy patriot of our western clime.

In Ballast.—The ship *North American*, from Melbourne, has arrived in ballast; also, other vessels from same port, from Callao and elsewhere, have come here recently seeking. Lucky for them. Ships that are ready to take in cargo at once, are wanted at good prices. Many exporters are carrying large quantities of wheat in store, and are anxious to stop expenses by shipping it off as soon as possible.

On Saturday last a marriage took place in New York, in which some of our readers will be interested. It was that between M. Auguste Antone Jacquemine, Chancellor to the French Consulate of that city, to Miss Lucy Henschell, of this. The ceremony was performed by Mayor Havemeyer—M. de Forest, Consul-General of France, General de Triorband, and others of note being present.

The merchants will appreciate the reform made by the *Evening Post* in the manner of publishing ship manifests. The general way has been to string the names of the consignees in one paragraph and the goods in another. The *Post* is the only paper that publishes them in a form that is useful, with the exception of ourselves—the name and the goods in connection with each other.

The Kimball Manufacturing Company are delivering the first installment of cars for the Saucel to Narrow Gauge Road—some twenty platform cars. This looks like business, and as if the road was going ahead with energy. The names of the parties who are handling the enterprise are a guarantee for its speedy completion.

It may be taken as a very respectable evidence of prosperity that there are at present five national gold banks in California, with a combined capital of $9,000,000.

There is a Postscript issued with the present number of the *News Letter* containing much valuable information on the Oleomargarine manufacture.

We have an extended notice of new books from A. Roman & Co. in type, but press of matter obliges us to defer its publication until next week.

We are pleased to see that George A. Worn and family have returned from Europe.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

BEFORE THE GLASS.

Her maiden twines the rainbow pearls
About her golden hair,
While loosely yet some wayward curls
Caress her forehead fair.
Then clasps around her graceful throat
More pearls on velvet warm;
Ah! never yet did white robes float
About so sweet a form.

She rises toward the mirror tall
She turns her satined feet,
Her glances quickly rise and fall,
So fair a sight to meet.
The gentle blushes come and go
As eyelids droop and lift,
For ah! she cannot choose but know
She has the fatal gift.

Will knowledge make her wise in time,
And teach her that her dower
Is fruitful source of many a crime,
Has victims every hour!
Go, Ethel, win in beauty's race,
Remembering, ere you start,
Unlovely is the loveliest face
That hides a truthless heart.

THE EUROPEAN-AMERICAN.

His Habits, Haunts, Recreations and Affectations.—There is a certain class of citizens of the United States who have been good enough to take up their permanent residence in the hotels of Europe. A barbarian who has adopted civilized ways notoriously loses the virtues of savage life, without acquiring those of civilization. So it is with these Americans. All that is bad in Europe they have grafted upon all that is bad in America. They have acquired the follies, the vanities and the silly conceits of the two continents. They seem to have a natural aversion to privacy, and live year after year in hotels, gregariously. No one has a more sincere admiration for the sterling qualities of the true American than I have, but the "Hotel American" is, assuredly, one of the most offensive products of modern civilization. In his manners there is a sort of exaggerated, studied civility. From always wanting to do exactly the right thing, and not exactly knowing what the right thing is, he is awkward. His French is bad, but the shrug of his shoulders is purely Parisian. His conversation is a sad and dreary attempt to imitate that nil admirari style which is supposed in novels to characterize the English gentleman. For the same cause he is slow and solemn in his actions. If one speaks to him of any eminent man of his own country, he smiles superciliously, and says that he is in quite another set. Because he resides in Europe he is under the impression that he is mixing in European society. But society does not care for him, and he therefore mixes with others of his kind. Vevay has become of late years a great resort of our transatlantic cousins and is infested with these "hotel Americans." Each hotel has its gang. The ladies of the gang get up late and do not make their appearance until dinner-time. They come to the table d'hôte gorgeously, if not tastefully, dressed. The gentlemen pass the day in playing at billiards and smoking. They neither read, nor walk, nor talk. I have watched them sitting together, and they seem never to get beyond asking each other where some one else is, or some other person is going. After dinner, ladies and gentlemen, the latter scrupulously arrayed in evening dress, with bunches of flowers on each side of their coats, dance until a late hour, and when they are not dancing they walk up and down the passages—serious, stupid and precise—like a number of pupils who are cultivating deportment under the eye of the dancing-master. The ladies appear to be greatly superior to the men. American women have a natural predisposition to enjoy themselves, and they are not inclined to sacrifice their nature on the altar of deportment. But even their love of fun and flirting is damped by the dreary but correct gravity of their admirers. The gang occasionally picks up and adopts one of these third-rate counts or barons, who are plentiful abroad, but as a rule it keeps to itself, except when it visits the gang of another hotel. How any human beings can manage to lead this existence, even for months, it is not easy to conceive. One would suppose that they would long, after a short apprenticeship, to get somewhere beyond waiters, gas and bands. But they live on the same life, happy and contented, for years, and become something between a French petit crevé and English heavy dragoon and an American bar-maid. Vevay is a favorite summer quarter of the hotel Americans. Nice is infested with them in winter. In the latter place they have literally driven away other nationalities, and if the nuisance does not abate here they will have this place all to themselves, for they are simply unbearable. They must be aware that, in their own country, where every man who has no occupation is despised, they would not be tolerated. It is somewhat hard, therefore, that they should have possession of two of the most exquisite spots in Europe.

SCANDALOUS CONDUCT OF CONFESSORS IN ITALY.

The Roman correspondent of the Manchester Guardian says:—The Law Officers of the Italian Government have just issued a warrant for the arrest of the Franciscan monk, the principal of the educational establishment of Biella, and the Prefect of Novara, in whose province the establishment is situated, has caused it to be closed. The crime with which the reverend principal of the Biella boarding school stands charged is that he has foully abused the opportunities of his office to debauch the youth entrusted to his care. This new fact follows close on the condemnation to ten years' solitary imprisonment, with hard labor, of the hermaphrodite monk, Father Ceresa, the head of the great educational establishment at Monza, for a long series of crimes of the same hideous character. The Supreme Criminal Court of Milan, which was engaged for several days with the trial of Father Ceresa—a trial ending by the jury finding him guilty on sixty counts—had in truth a most repulsive, a most disgusting duty to perform. It had to listen to a mass of evidence proving that the boarding school of Monza, possessing the highest reputation throughout all Lombardy, and frequented not only by the sons of the Lombard aristocracy, but by noble youths from the other parts of Italy, had been systematically converted by its principal into a den of infamy, and that the horrid crimes for which Heaven rained down fire in the Cities of the Plain were there of daily occurrence. The Milan Court learned also some suggestive facts on the relation between the confessional and these abominations. It was proved that not in one or two, or a dozen instances, but as part of his regular system, Father Ceresa employed the opportunities of the confessional for corrupting the minds of his pupils, and that his crimes were perpetrated in the intervals between the absolution and the holy sacrament which he administered to them. Some special episodes of the trial were truly harrowing. A father and a mother came into court, and there deposed that they had been suddenly called to Monza to attend the death bed of a beloved son. That son asked them in his dying hour to take down the crucifix hanging by his bed, to place their hands on it together, and to swear to him before he breathed his last that they never would allow another of his brothers to be sent to the Monza school, that they never would permit any of his sisters to see Father Ceresa. The parents implored their dying son to tell them the reason why he asked for this promise sealed by so solemn an oath, but not a syllable more was uttered by Father Ceresa's youthful victim. The closing of the Biella establishment is now, with that of Monza, and with the shutting up exactly ten years ago of the Ignorantelli College of Turin, the third instance of widely-popular educational establishments in Northern Italy conducted by religious orders being suppressed for the same frightful cause. Well may the *Opinione*, of three days ago, in commenting on the Milan trial, observe that very little good will be derived to society by the mere legal suppression of the monastic orders, as such, if fathers and mothers of families are still so blinded by prejudice as to intrust their children to the care of persons who, though no longer possessing a special legal recognition as monks and nuns, remain monks and nuns in fact, continue exposed to all the temptations which a forced and unnatural celibacy entails, have no true domestic, no true national feelings, and, as experience too clearly proves, are at war not only with home ties and patriotic aspirations, but with the first principles of morality. These terrible lessons, the *Opinione* says, should be a warning to all parents in Italy, and make them break away from the long-established usage of having their children intrusted to a so-called religious, but what, from the very force of circumstances, is but too likely to prove a most foul and unnatural training.

What is the comparative of "sweet night?" Evidently "sweet alter."

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies:

Girard, of Philadelphia	$ 320,000	Penn, of Philadelphia	$255,000
Amazon, of Cincinnati	1,100,000	Kansas, of Leavenworth	200,000
North Missouri, of St. Louis	1,000,000	Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago	400,000
St Paul, of Minnesota	1,000,000	National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	1,225,000
Mutual Insurance Association, of New Orleans	3,400,000		

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.
HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents.
August 9. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital $750,000. Officers.—J. H. Redington President. George H. Howard Vice President. Charles R. Story, Secretary. N. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary. H. H. Bigelow, General Manager. Directors.—San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. D. Grayson, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, D. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm. H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. S. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, James Wetzlar, James Wetzlar, Manager, I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, D. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, R. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, A. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO OF S F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. T. Davis, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, Lawrence Fool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, Gregoire Tr[illegible], Jos. T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, J. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—J. Cunningham, Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 228 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens.
DIRECTORS.—W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, W. D. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, N. D. Thayer, Jas. Phelan, Charles Main.
C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. HORNER, Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $3,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLIONS DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies non-forfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $0,- 750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,150,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
[Jan 13.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. B. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 3.3 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. S. PETERS.
Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Haney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California Jan 1.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs) San Francisco August 1

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co., Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell; Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lonnzeinth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres, Jacques Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Boersen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co., A. Willard, Esq., James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, Boersenhalle.
Havre—Querod Freres et Cie, Wanner, Langer & Co; C. Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co., Rothschild, Bank of London, Baring, Bros. & Co., Delizy, Davies & Co., F. K. Angel, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Uniao Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cabe & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fills & Co; Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimerman, Fair & Co.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

An English officer, thoroughly experienced in the cultivation of tea, has addressed a memorial to the Italian Government, declaring that many parts of the kingdom are suitable for the cultivation of that plant, and that he himself, if he were invited, would give his services gratuitously, to introduce and develop it. We doubt not that both tea and coffee could be raised with great success in many parts of Italy, but especially in Sicily, where they would stand the winter. In Naples coffee berries become a fine tree, and the coffee made is good in point of flavor, but it is necessary to have the trees housed during the winter, a precaution which would not be necessary in Sicily.

Some curious facts regarding the bullion movement of the world, exhumed by the London *Economist*, confirm other evidence that the stock of gold in England is increasing. England, in the first eight months of 1873, imported £18,016,907 in gold, or almost the same as last year. But of this, only £3,111,000 came from the United States, against £7,168,000 last year; while Australia furnished £6,916,000, as against £4,063,000. In general, the gold-producing countries furnished a smaller proportion than usual, and the non-gold-producing a greater. The *Economist* regards this as "an unmistakable sign of the exhaustion of the stocks of gold throughout the world."

There is only space for one hundred journalists in the Trianon Palace, where Bazaine is being tried, and for which there are 638 applications from distinct editors. Russia has asked for eight places, Roumania three, Athens two, Constantinople four, Prussia ten, Sweden, Norway and Denmark five, Italy, seven, Austria eleven; the remaining wants are claimed by France, England and America. To satisfy all, an official abstract of the trial will be pasted up in an ante-room every two hours, for the use of the press. The demands are thus numerous in consequence of a military, as well as an ordinary, reporter being considered essential.

A Picnic of Faith.—A grand pilgrimage to Jerusalem is at this moment being organized under the auspices of the Archbishop of Paris. The pilgrims will leave Marseilles about the middle of the month on one of the steamers of the Messageries, and, after stopping a few days at Alexandria, will visit the works at the Isthmus of Suez, and then proceed to Jerusalem. Excursions will afterwards be made to Bethlehem, Jericho, Jordan, the Dead Sea, Mount Carmel, Saint Jean d'Acre, Beyrouth, etc. The return journey will be effected by Smyrna, Athens, Sicily, and Marseilles. The duration of the whole will be about two months and a half.

One thing which strikes a traveler pleasantly in Mexico is the abundance of flowers. All the year round Indians sit at the street corners in the early morning, making and selling for a real (6d.) bouquets, which in London or New York could not be got for a guinea. Roses, verbenas, heliotropes, and carnations grow like weeds; and besides the made-up bouquets, the Indians bring down from the mountains, on their backs, packs of the Flor de San Juan (bouvardia), a flower like a white jessamine, and for a quartilla (1½d.) one can buy an armful of it, which will scent a whole house for a week.

Edward Jenkins ("Ginx's Baby") speaks in the highest terms of Joseph Arch, and does himself infinite credit as a member of the English governing class by this manly talk about Charles Bradlaugh: "I believe him to be a man of great ability, but he is a man whose political and religious views are different from mine. He has, I believe, a great influence. Sir Charles Dilke told me that Bradlaugh had the largest personal following of any man in England. In one or two things, which have come under my notice, I have certainly been struck with the gentlemanly spirit he has exhibited."

On the 4th of September, two Lyons washerwomen hung out at their windows to dry a couple of red petticoats. They were prosecuted on the ground of having displayed "seditious emblems," and on Saturday were tried before the Tribunal of Correctional Police. The issue raised was whether the red petticoats were to be considered as flags or as petticoats merely. The court, after a long deliberation, could not agree on this knotty point, and the women were committed to take their trial at the Assizes, when this petticoat question will be decided by a jury.

Australia begins to feed the old country largely. Four years ago we imported £300 worth of preserved meat. Last year it was close upon a million in value, and it is expected to increase rapidly in amount as the prejudice against the preserved meat wears off; for be it better than the English article, still there would be a prejudice, coming in such an unwonted fashion. We likewise learn that the harvest in Hungary has been so bad this year that the Government has determined to import Australian wheat and rye for sowing in the impoverished districts.

A Clever Young Lady.—In the Oxford Local Examinations, the very first in the list of two hundred and fifty competitors—male and female, English, Irish, and Welsh—was a lady, a very young lady, too, being only seventeen. This "sweet girl graduate" is Miss Roger, daughter of Professor Thorold Roger, now occupying a Chair in London University. She was first in a number of subjects, and well up in nearly all. In languages she was *facile princeps*, having no rival in classics, and very few in French or German.

Tea.—The various names of tea have their own peculiar meanings. Congou is simply a corruption of Kungfu, which signifies labor. Souchong means "Little Sprouts," and Pekoe "White Down." The Wuhoo Hills, on which Bohea is produced, give it its name. Oolong signifies "Black Dragon," Hungnoey "Red Plum," Hyson "Fair Spring," and Twankay, "Beacon Brook." Young Hyson is called by the Chinese Yutseen, or "Before the Rains."

Last week a person from Portmadoc, Scotland, accompanied by dogs, was walking over a rabbit warren, when the dogs began to burrow with unusual activity. Ere long they came upon a terrier dog buried in a rabbit hole. The poor creature was alive, but could not move. The man recognized it as a dog that had been in the hole for sixteen days, egress having been made impossible by a quantity of earth having fallen, and closed the hole behind the poor dog.

A convict in the State Prison at Concord died, recently, from eating sand and other innutritious substances, taken to make himself sick, so that he might occupy beds of comparative ease in the hospital instead of working. The poor, foolish fellow's sentence expired before his death, but he was then too far gone to go out in the cold world.

The change of gauge on the Grand Trunk Railway is completed over the entire line, and the trains have resumed their regular trips. The International bridge at Buffalo will be completed on the 27th, after which trains will pass between Canada and the States.

There are more than sixty morning and evening newspapers published in Paris, and collectively they might challenge the united intelligence of the world to find in any of them a clear and definite programme for the immediate future of the country.

Intelligence has been brought from Africa by a traveler who has just arrived in Paris, that Dr. Livingstone was alive and well at the beginning of the month of July last. He has ceased to be interesting.

According to the London Court Journal, Miss Jerome, one of the prettiest girls that ever hailed from New York, is about to marry Lord Churchill, third son of the Duke of Marlborough.

The Pope, in an address to a delegation last week, said, "Confusion has entered the enemy's camp. They strive to induce me to leave Rome, but I never will."

Since the construction of railroads and telegraph lines in Colorado and Utah, the Summer rains in those territories have been more than quadrupled.

The Roman Catholic Bishop of Ferns (Wexford) has prohibited the dancing of waltzes, polkas, and galops within his diocese.

The Khivan Expedition is estimated to have cost Russia £800,000.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 8th, 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in gold coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,2[illegible], as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of bonds the sum of $[illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1872.
WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 13.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor, MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor,
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $5 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct 25 D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Dexter Taft, deceased.—Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executors of the estate of DEXTER TAFFT deceased, to the creditors of and all persons having claims against the said deceased to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executors, at the office of E. V. Joice, No. 4 Merchants' Exchange, corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, in the County of San Francisco, California. W. C. RALSTON, E. V. JOICE.
Dated Oct. 8, 1873. Executors of the Estate of Dexter Taft, deceased.
W. H. L. Barnes, Attorney for Estate. Oct. 11.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished and has Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being fitted up like a first-class hotel, but as it is named an elegant Villa, "THE VILLA" is located at the main or northwestern gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENSBERG & CO.,
August 2 Proprietors.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares; Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17.]

NOTICE.

Shippers to Santa Barbara and other Coast Ports, are requested not to rely on a paper called "THE GUIDE" for information as to the movements of our vessels. See advertisement in daily papers.
Sept. 20 GOODALL, NELSON & PERKINS, Corner Clay and East sts.

BUENA VISTA VINICULTURAL SOCIETY,

Office, 400 Battery street, San Francisco.—Vineyards and Cellars, Sonoma. Orders respectfully solicited for WHITE and RED WINES and PURE BRANDY. Special attention is called to the SPARKLING NATIONAL GRAPE, which received Honorable Mention at the Paris Exhibition in 1867. Sept 6

C. L. CRACKBON.] **O. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.
Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 3.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours 9 A. M. and 4 P. M. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to city collections, and all business promptly returned guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 4.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [G. A. MOORE.
Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 445 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 415 and 430 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov 11

J. H. JONES & CO.,

Stock Brokers.—Members of San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board. Office 309 California street. Sept. 6.

MR. L. A. WELLER.

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March 30 412 Front street, S. F.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the society. [Oct 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 736 Montgomery street.

IN THE SUNSHINE.

The peach hangs heavy on the garden-wall,
See, love, see!
The peach hangs heavy on the garden wall;
'Tis ripe, rose-tinted, and ready to fall.
Fruit meet for thee and me,
'Tis ripe as ripe can be.
May we not pluck it from the garden wall?
The sweet birds warble near the garden-wall,
Hush, love, hush!
The sweet birds warble near the garden-wall;
With melody their mates they softly call,
Each woos unto his nest
The one that each loves best;
Warbling so sweetly by the garden-wall.
Warm lips are waiting by the garden-wall,
Yes, love, yes!
Warm lips are waiting by the garden-wall;
They wait love's kisses, and they claim love's all;
If thy heart's-love be mine
As my heart's-love is thine,
May we not tell it by the garden-wall? —*London Society.*

ASHANTEE CRUELTIES.

One (says a London correspondent) has proposed that we should establish with the King of Ashantee an "extradition treaty." That is a very pretty phrase. Let me remind your readers what it means. The King of Ashantee once a year assembles round him all the greater and lesser chieftains of his subject tribes. All are bound to appear. No notice of any kind is ever issued beforehand that accusations have been preferred against any. But during the year a system of espionage, a most Napoleonic in its perfection, has been carried on, chiefly through the agency of small boys. If, through this agency, or for any other reason whatever, the King has taken a dislike to any subject, his name will have been given shortly before this annual custom secretly to certain executioners. Their business is to creep up behind the unsuspecting victim, and in order that he may never speak again, to run a knife through his mouth from cheek to cheek. He is then set aside for future torture and death as a sacrifice to the fetish who is the object of worship. But the fetish who can thus be propitiated only by treachery and blood is far too greedy of human sacrifices to be satisfied by the offering up of those only who have become "suspect" by the King. Slaves by hundreds (the number in one recorded instance reached 2,000) are set aside to be slaughtered. [illegible] During the whole annual festival [illegible] the water, and all ages and both sexes join in lapping it up from the [illegible] in which it is exposed, [illegible] with intoxication, and [illegible] over one another [illegible]. But for the chiefs a different pastime is prepared. Their excitement after the wine has been [illegible] by the dull sound of [illegible] trophies of their victories [illegible] which are treated with every kind of [illegible] by wild dancing, by unlimited popping off of firearms from morning till night and by the hideous din of [illegible] of savage instruments. When the fury has reached its height, they swoop down upon their victims. These are then executed before their eyes with every brutal ferocity of lingering torture and insult which savagery can suggest. I have spoken of this as an "annual" custom. Once a year it is, indeed, held on a grand scale, once a month on a minor. But the opportunities for exercising cruelty, treachery, and lust, which the ingenuity of the fetish priests and of the Moorish connections of the King have supplied, are by no means limited to [illegible] "annual" customs. Whenever a man or woman of high station dies, a certain large number of slaves are sacrificed to the fetish, the blood being poured over the burial pit. That treachery may never be wanting when this creature is worshiped, the freemen are also enticed around to have the honor of holding up the corpse. While thus employed, one or more among them is struck from behind a blow which sends him stunned into the pit, where he is then despatched.

THE BULB BEAUTIES.

Fifteen Acres of Gladiolus, Ten of Tuberoses, and Five of Japan Lilies.—Twenty years ago there were only six or seven varieties of the gladiolus known. Now, there are over one thousand distinct varieties, and all have been raised from the six or seven original flowers, and the number is increased every season. The pure white gladiolus originally came from the Cape of Good Hope, but it was a small flower and, at its introduction, ten years ago, was not much thought of. By careful cultivation, however, it has become one of the choicest flowers of the field and garden. One of the rarest sights of the summer season —in a floral way—is the [illegible] These are on the line of the Central railroad of Long Island, about fourteen miles from Hunter's Point, and the route of the road is through the center of a fifteen-acre field, devoted to the culture of this beautiful flower bulb.

One hundred thousand gladiolus bulbs are planted to the acre, and but little knowledge of arithmetic is required to figure out the number of plants growing in this fifteen-acre plantation. It may well be imagined that the sight of this field of flowers, in the late season of bloom, was grand. In passing through it, by rail, the sensation was that of entering a fiery lake, for the red and crimson flowers predominated, and the illusion was enhanced as the breeze swayed the spikes of flowers to and fro in the form of mimic waves. These brilliant flowers are sent to the New York market daily, (ten thousand, perhaps, at a time), and are to be seen on every street stand, as well as in the more pretentious flower stores. Gladiolus bulbs of the best mixed varieties are worth twenty-five dollars a thousand. As soon as the flowering season is over with the gladiolus, the bulbs are taken up and dried, and the largest are laid away for autumn and spring sales, while the smaller sorts are replanted for the next season's flowers.

Mr Allen's plantation of flowering bulbs also comprises ten acres of tube-roses, which embrace over five hundred thousand plants. This section is just coming into flower; but as it will only show a mass of pure white, it will lack the beauty of the gladiolus display. Of the lily tribe there are thousands of varieties of the double-tiger, Japan, and other sorts. Indeed, the Japan lily forms one of the leading sorts in Mr. Allen's collection, as five acres are devoted to its cultivation. There are one hundred distinct varieties of lilies in these grounds. It may be asked here where do these bulbs go? for the production is immense. Mr Allen says he ships them all over the world, and in confirmation, in part, of this fact, he has just filled an order from London, amounting to $1,000 in gold. Immense quantities of the bulbs are also sold at retail throughout the country.—*N. Y. Post.*

HUMORS OF THE FRENCH PILGRIMAGES

The pilgrims and their adventures, says the *Pall Mall* [illegible] correspondent, continue to afford amusement to the Voltairian [illegible] of Paris, and the Sacred Heart is handled about in the Boulevard cafes in a manner which would shock even the most unscrupulous heathen. One paper informs us that since the 1st of August no fewer than 5,000 pilgrims have passed through Paris on the way to different shrines, but it does not inquire how many of these [illegible] were counted, for it is no secret that the pilgrimages have been rapidly snatched at by vagabonds hard up [illegible] and beggars out of employment. I have heard of one broken-down scamp, well known on the Boulevards, having made "a fine thing" out of the religious revival. The number of "miracles" operated up to the present moment has not yet been published, but if we are to believe the [illegible] it is evident that the medical profession will soon have to shut up shop. A Marseilles paper publishes the following table copied textually in the church of Notre Dame de [illegible]: "Miracles obtained by the intercession of Notre Dame de [illegible]. Dead persons raised [illegible] have recovered sight, 187; deaf and dumb cured 125; lame cured 126; paralytic cured [illegible]; fever removed [illegible]; open cancers cured, [illegible]; [illegible] 240. Shipwrecked [illegible]" The *Figaro* remarks that it is strange that, after resuscitating nineteen dead persons, the "Good Lady" is unable to resuscitate one Monarchy.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L & P give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc.; and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire [illegible] Chemically prepared [illegible] Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's [illegible] Cartridges for Pin-Fire and Central Breech Loading Guns, [illegible] and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, 57 Upper Thames street, London. Sept. 1.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations of the ordinary following specialties, Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice [illegible] Pancreatine, [illegible] containing the active principle [illegible] from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat [illegible] Saccharated Wine of Phosphates [illegible] [illegible]. Forwarded [illegible] Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Smith, Stanistreet & Co. [illegible] Messrs. Bodgett & Hughes [illegible] and Lucknow and [illegible] Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, [illegible] Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramps, [illegible] Neuralgia, Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London. [illegible] of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases. [illegible] by the most eminent physicians of [illegible] ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the [illegible] with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved [illegible] can be genuine. Sold in bottles at [illegible] by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK—J. ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as 'Household Words.'" Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black, [illegible] [illegible] 6d. Large bottles, [illegible] May be had of Druggists and [illegible] throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, [illegible] and all Merchants. [illegible] N. B.—A small bottle [illegible] will dye twelve yards of bonnet ribbon. "SEE THAT YOU GET 'JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES.'"

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON-BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable [illegible] both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of [illegible] a well-known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of [illegible] THOS. KEATING, [illegible] Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29. Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & Co., corner Battery and Clay sts, San Francisco.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS's name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Sole Patentee and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES, 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given that BETTS's NAME is ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer to identify the genuineness not only of the capsule but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially high delicious flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and dyspeptics we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS, under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 10.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

New York—Chamber Commerce, Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; G. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alianca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; O. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb, Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. O. Watson; Henry Maile.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co. Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Hawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. Do Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co, S. H. Stametz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa. Cross & Co. Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Boeman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co, Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

BELGIUM—Consul General—B. [illegible] Grand Hotel. Consul [illegible], N W cor Broad way and [illegible].
CHILI—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanova, [illegible] Consul—H. Farrell [illegible] Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 230 California street.
ECUADOR—Consul—Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
GUATEMALA—Consul General—Leslie C. Hanks, 204 California.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul—A. C. Duisenberg, 314 Sacramento.
GREECE—Consul—N. J. Kabath, S. E. cor. California & Sansome.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, [illegible] Front.
HONDURAS—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 37 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Acting Consul—Horace H. Dunn.
MEXICO—Consul—Manuel Aspiroz, [illegible] California street.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, [illegible] Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—Consul General—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S W corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—F. de la Fuente y Subirat, Lick House.
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Berton. Vice Consul—H. Laidley, Swiss-American Bank.
SPAIN—Consul—Camillo Martin, 623 California street.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, [illegible] California.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, [illegible] Battery street.
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—R. Mirande, [illegible] Washington st.
TURKEY—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. [illegible], 219 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss American Bank.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—G. Muecke, 109 California street.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

NELLY.

In May, when meads were studded with fair flowers,
Our baby came;
God's gift, an angel sent to cheer the hours;
Nelly her name.
Hearts throbbed to greet the little stranger's birth;
All nature wore
A brighter aspect; and seemed round our hearth
A richer store.
Winter! his fingers held in icy grip
The wee white hand:
His chilly breath passed o'er the rosy lip,
And the firm band
That knit three loving souls together snapped.
'Tis mine to tell
The blow Death dealt when in his robe he wrapped
Our darling Nell. —*Cassell's Magazine.*

THE LIFE OF TO-DAY IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Perhaps in no part of the world is there less restraint, less formality, less stiffness—all may do nearly as they like. Life is very public. The majority live in hotels and large boarding-houses. This way of living has its advantages and disadvantages. The great charm of a home is lost; there is not the sacred attachment to one spot, like in England, and girls, by going into society so young as they do, often become prematurely old. At fifteen and sixteen they commence to receive at home. You can become very intimate with a young lady without ever seeing her parents. It is not thought anything out of the way for a young man, if well known, to go with a young lady to the theater without a chaperone. There is no doubt such a privilege may be carried too far, and discrimination in permission by parents is required. But this system has several good points to recommend it. It tends to make all more natural, and that in a girl should be nearly, if not the first consideration. Again, in placing fewer social barriers between the young of both sexes a way is opened to many friendships, which may, or may not, lead to a closer tie. But fencing a young girl in on all sides with restrictions, obliging her on every occasion to be cold and reserved, making it evident that all men are wolves in sheep's clothing, and curtailing liberty of mind and body, often has the effect of making the former dwell inwardly upon many things which in a freer mode of treatment would never find ingress.

The line of demarcation between the various strata of society in California is not clearly defined, and yet there is something more than a money qualification required for admittance, which every one recognizes. In a democratic country it cannot well be name, or family; it is perhaps, more correctly education and position, though nowhere in America are all other considerations scorned. Many of the men of California, who came there at one time poor and friendless, now hardly know how rich they are. It is essentially a money-making country, whilst for reckless speculation Californians are pre-eminent, whether it be in mines, lands, or stock. They seem to live in an atmosphere of excitement, ever engrossed in business; one day poor, another day rich—losing everything, or making a fortune; but equally ready to stand drinks all round. For generosity they have no equals. The last half dollar will be expended on a passing acquaintance, to whom it would be considered a great insult to refuse a drink, or even to hint at paying. But rarely is a man reduced to such a low ebb. Money is plentiful in San Francisco. Even the conductor of a street car receives ten shillings a day, likewise he who keeps the streets clean. Wages are high; but living, and all articles of necessity, are proportionally expensive.

A strong spirit of independence rules throughout the community. A shopman will, when his work is over, meet you on perfectly equal terms, though never offensive like the British "'Arry." That type is never met with in America. His shop demeanor, too, is very different; no bowing and scraping, washing with invisible soap, which is carried to such a painful extreme in England. Always respectful, it is simply an air of indifference whether you buy anything or not, and a fixed price which cannot be altered. Their manner always appeared to me to be that of men engaged in an occupation uncongenial to them, but forced into it by circumstances. They carried an air of expostulation in their faces against being forced into civility.

Lower down, this independence is more amusing. I remember the first time of landing in San Francisco, a party of us took a carriage to go a short distance. On asking the fare we were told it was five dollars. Remonstrating against this extortion, Cabby replied "Well, gentlemen, guess we won't bustle about five dollars; come and take a drink with me all round." And so it is, drinks all round all day. No man thinks of taking one by himself, but always asks his neighbor to join.—"*Our Journal in the Pacific,*" *by the Officers of H. M. S. Zealous.*

"Sound the loud timbrel o'er Egypt's dark sea,"
-That may do for a people barbaric—for me
Play some soft, tender strain, like the song of the wind;
Strike some chords whose deep beauty bring peace to the mind.
Let the heart beat response to the harmony played
On the Weber piano, the best ever made.
Though scores of all pianos were there
This gained the first premium at the State Fair.
In the store the politest young clerk will be found,
To "show us how the piano does sound."

ANSWER TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Immigrant.—You are right. The *News Letter* and the [illegible] public look at men and things from the same standpoint. What the *N. L.* says of our cheap dailies is just what the people think of them. Dishwater is the most appropriate name for the *Call*, because it receives the dishwater after other papers have used and thrown it away. Besides, its columns always have a greasy look and impress the reader with the notion that he has been reading stale items. The paper needs [illegible] character, enterprise and management. With these [illegible] to its owners unimportant defects, it is as good a newspaper as *Hamlet* is a play when the Prince is too drunk or too sick to make his appearance. The *Chronicle* differs from the *Call* in every respect, except that both are issued just after the police have made their midnight report. The [illegible] paper [illegible] takes every bee except [illegible] Unlike the *Call*, it has character, too much of it such as it is. The character of the *Chronicle* is as distinctive and manifest as that of a rotten mackerel, or an ancient fish-stall. It is the [illegible] tumbledug of San Francisco, and people in search of venom, slang, slander and indecency turn to its columns as naturally as the [illegible] barn yard for manure. It started out with an [illegible] to a character which belonged to and still belongs to the pub[illegible], both by nature and instinct. The *Chronicle* has so much energy that it has no use for principle and would not know how to use it if it had. It is born full of that kind of enterprise which prompts the bubbling up and publishing of [illegible] which respectable journals would not admit into their columns, and has just enough brains to fancy it can deceive the Republican party, Governor Booth and those who do not want him to be Senator. The *Chronicle* has a large circulation along the Barbary Coast, in the City Prison and at the County Jail. The *Post* is an [illegible] It is the [illegible] gymnast. It is the jumping-jack of the Western Hemisphere. It [illegible] higher, falls harder and flops oftener than the Australian [illegible]. Its editor is an eccentric wheel. He winds himself up as he runs down and runs one way as he winds up and another as he runs down. He is a high pressure engine with an oyster-can boiler, and no balance-wheel. He is the [illegible] If you are [illegible] buy him at the public valuation and sell him at his own. The *Post* is a [illegible] in taste, both from inclination and policy—everything is fish that comes in its net. It feeds on its victims, and just now it is subsisting on a crumb [illegible] Senator Casserly. It does not pretend to character. Where references are required it takes the rooms in politics it is a Cossack, and believes that the fellow who pole up last is the greatest patriot. Its editor is a Republican by instinct and a Democrat from necessity. He once received a letter to which some one signed the name of John Stuart Mill, since which time he has been a little off in his head.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO

Capital, $5,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS: In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, 55 William street; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. The Bank has Agencies at Virginia City, Gold Hill and Carson, and Agents in all the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Locarno, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. Sept 20.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, E. D. Mastick. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James M. Scott, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. New York Agents—[illegible]. London Agents—[illegible] Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland, [illegible] available in [illegible] China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received [illegible] Collections [illegible] attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rates of Exchange. May 6.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Extra hours on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M. for receipt of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest. DIRECTORS: [illegible] Fr. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler, Dan. Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, [illegible], Geo. H. Eggers. GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb 1] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 504 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct 11.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin. Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED.)

412 California st., San Francisco.—London Office, 3 Angel Court; New York Agents, J. W. Seligman & Co., 21 Broad street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000. Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange and Bullion, loan Money, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world. Oct. 4. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

THE CALIFORNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

No. 512 California street. Guarantee Capital, $300,000. Receives Ordinary and Term Deposits. Interest payable semi-annually. Makes loans on City and County Real Estate and other approved securities. President—David Farquharson. Vice-President—Charles Lux. Secretary—D. B. Chisholm. [Sept 6.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't, Wm. H. Culver, Vice President, H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 13.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time in sums to suit. July 1.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; M. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento

H. S. CROCKER & CO,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Leidesdorff streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19]

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves. March 29. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine. Nov 16.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 13.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 21.

ROBERT P. SMITH,

Searcher of Records and Conveyancer, Room No. 36 Montgomery Block. May 31.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Boots, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

C. STALLMAN.] **STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,** [H. BRUGGEMAN, Late with J. Eisenburg.

Merchant Tailors. 526 Montgomery street (near corner of Clay) San Francisco. An Elegant and Well Assorted Stock of Novelties, in French and English Coatings, Fancy Cassimeres, etc. Sept 13.

NOTICE.

Dr. A. J. Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 621 Clay street. Office Hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Sept. 27.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO,** [J. A. F. FRANK.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—We saw *Eiler Dhu* on Thursday night, and are sorry to say were much disappointed. Of course, Shiel Barry was good; but even the greatest comedian might have some difficulty in making such stale fun interesting. As to the remaining characters, their brogue, excepting Maggie Moore's, quite as strongly resembled the North of England dialect as it did that of the Sister Isle. Surely, they might take a few lessons from the O'Flynns and McCarthys, who have not lost all the flavor of the auld sod in the dust of San Francisco. We remember seeing Mr. Barry a few years ago in Liverpool, and we recognized him on Thursday night quite as much by his clothes as his face. One or two of his gags were very funny, although entirely out of place and character, in that they were far above the comprehension or invention of such a brilliant brain as "Thady's." We refer especially to his interjected "Bhorgia," said with such intense, quiet comically as to double up the poisoned villain and avenging soldier, not with righteous anger and agony, but with laughter. Mr. John Wilson, as "Lord Dudley," acted fairly; but in the first act he was unnatural. There can be no doubt that Mr. Wilson was never in the same predicament as Lord Dudley was supposed to be. His costume was elegant, decidedly indicative of an Irish lord, a profusion of diamonds around his neck, but "divil a collar cod we see at all, at all." Lewis Morrison, as "Ally Derg," we at first mistook for a Kentish bargee. He would have been villainous enough, and certainly a little more complimentary to "Kathleen," had he washed his face on the wedding day. "Father Owen" (Harry Edward), "Bailie McGillicuddy" (Henry Coad), and certainly Mestayer, as "Miles Craven," deserve notice. The last in the drunken scene rolled and clucked and and was gloriously and helplessly jolly in the *most natural* manner. Miss Maggie Moore, as "Katie," was quite refreshing in this monotonous and artificial piece, her singing and dancing coming like a sunbeam through a fog bank (ahem!) "Luke Mordock" (Buckley) and "Kathleen" (Miss Ellie Wilton) had the ordinary, unfortunate lovers to play, and very uncomfortably and very woodeny they looked. Lastly, my brethren, we are not surprised that the *Gray Lady* got blown after but four nights running.

Alhambra.—We went to welcome the return of Maguire's Minstrels to their old stamping grounds on Monday evening, and wish we hadn't gone. The wandering up and down the strange lands of Petaluma, San Jose, Stockton, etc., has done them no good. There was such an evident want of preparation about everything from the feeble shriek that concluded the first part, and which was supposed to be "The Watch on the Rhine," to the "John Sheppard" bosh. Russell's new song of the "Madelaine" was a treat; Welch and Rice's dancing was capital; Billy Manning's "Sentimental Ballad" was gloriously funny, and Little Mac and Sweatnam in the "Black Chemist" were immense. That flop walk of Sweatnam's is too comic for anything. But the duet from Martha, sung by Baker and Russell, was wretched: Baker seemed scarcely to know a bar of his part, and had evidently sung all his voice away in the prolonged yells in which he prayed some one to "Come back to Erin." There is such a thing as overdoing a favorite note. And as for "John Sheppard" sans fun, sans acting, sans any one redeeming feature, surely these old favorites can give us something better than this piece of wretched inanity.

Gray's Opera House.—*The Doctor of Alcantara* has changed his quarters, and is now on the opposite side of the street to that which he so successfully occupied for the last two weeks. He still continues to draw good houses, and we should be very much surprised if he did not. His wife, his daughter, his daughter's maid, his visitor who came in a basket, his visitor who came in all the majesty of the law, and his visitor who came as a feeble minded old gentleman are all as fresh and pleasing as when first introduced to us. Miss Galton took her benefit on Monday night, and strangely enough had rather a slim house. No, not strangely, for on the same evening the Minstrels re-opened, Shiel Barry made his first bow here, and Signora Visconti's benefit was supposed to come off. So it is not to be surprised at that the Opera House was not crammed. That night's house, however, is not to be taken as a proof of the estimation in which the piece of her aunt is held here. The *Happy Pair* find out that too much honey nauseates, in the same charming manner, thanks to Miss Lee's and Mr. Burnett's quiet, good acting, and the people still remain in their seats to hear the tolling harmony of the last chorus of the *Doctor*.

Pacific Hall.—On Tuesday evening Ernst Schlotte and his musical associates gave a concert which is to be counted as one of the best of the season. It opened with the overture from Weber's *Euryanthe*, given by a large orchestra under the leadership of George Evans, in perfect time and tone. Schlotte followed by a Fantasie for the French horn, played as only one man in the world can play it, Ernest Schlotte to wit. The duet by Madame Fabbri and Miss Elser, from *Linda de Chamounix*, although well sung, did not raise that enthusiasm it was expected to. That which did create an enthusiasm was the clarionette playing of Mr. Wrba (how, the dickens, does he call himself?). His instrumentation was rapid, and his expression particularly good, but his instrument, we thought, a bad one. A rondo, by Miss Elser, closed the first part. A heavy, but we suppose extremely classical, quintette for flute, oboe, clarionette, bassoon and French horn opened the second part. Then came some extremely pretty variations on the harp, of an air from *William Tell*, by Signor Saisano. We had not heard this gentleman before, but we live in the hope of repeating our Tuesday's evening's enjoyment. Madame Fabbri followed with Richard's *Liebesverlangen* which merited the encore it received, for it was sung most charmingly. A solo by Schlotte concluded this thoroughly enjoyable concert. If it had been properly advertised, we apprehend the fair audience would have grown into a crowded one.

Miss Howard's engagement ended with a jammed house, on Saturday evening of last week. *Malgré* the somewhat unreasonable strictures of the smaller theatrical critics, when *The Wandering Heir* and the inexplicable and personal malevolence of the smallest of all of them, which would accord the lady neither beauty, talent, voice or dramatic power, and gave her not one kindly word, the appearance of Miss Howard brought crowded houses all the week, replenished the treasury, which Charlotte Thompson and Miss LeClercq had failed to fill, and did the very best week's business of the year, excepting only Sothern's first week in "Lord Dundreary." If the lady succeeds as well in other cities as in San Francisco, she will be the successful star of the season, and be as rich as she is handsome, which is altogether unnecessary.

Woodward's Gardens.—The proprietor of this, *the* place of amusement, seems never to reach the extremity of his catering. The Man Fish and the Boy Serpent are the present great attractions there, and now we hear of something stranger and better still to come. We attended a private exhibition of the Salamanders on Wednesday evening, and if the people in general will be as surprised at seeing a man and woman lick red-hot iron, drink burning oil, and chew molten lead, as we were, we judge that Woodward's pavilion, big as it is, will not hold the thousands who will rush to see this new wonder. First public exhibition to-day week.

Every man has his weakness, and if that weakness be a drop of the crater, how many there are who will bear to him a fellow feeling! But that weakness is converted into a strength when the crater is the true, genuine old article. Such is Jas. M. O'Donnell's Copper Distilled "O. K." Old Bourbon, of which John Flannigan & Co. are the sole agents in San Francisco and on the Pacific Coast. If you really wish for good liquor—one that makes the eye bright and twinkling, and the heart light as a feather, drink Jas. M. O'Donnell's Copper Distilled "O. K." Old Bourbon, and be happy.

Mr. Chas. J. Collins, the pioneer hatter of California, so long established at 321 Montgomery street, under Odd Fellows' Hall, is constantly prepared to furnish his patrons with the latest styles and guarantees to please them in every particular. The best workmanship and material, and a thorough knowledge of the wants of his customers.

The new incumbent of Grace Church, H. B. Platt of Louisville, Kentucky, leaves next Monday night with his wife and three children *en route* for San Francisco. We need not say how cordially he will be received here, not only by his chosen congregation but the public at large.

MISS EMILIE MELVILLE'S CONCERT.

We drew attention last week to the promise held out by our former stage favorite, and since then have been furnished with a programme of the grand vocal and instrumental concert to be given next Thursday, the 30th, at Platt's Music Hall. The programme amply carries out the promise. After the overture and a cavatina, by Signor Contini, Madame Emilie Melville Derby will give a recitative and aria, "Sovra il sen," from Sonnambula, and when Baccei has finished a scena from *Aida*, she and Signor Contini will sing a duo from Rigoletto, and at the end of the first part, the abovementioned three will join in a trio from *I Lombardi*. Madame Fabbri sings a German ballad. The second part opens with Schlotte's notturno, which of itself repays a visit, and ends with the famous quatuor from *Lucia*. Have we not here enough inducement to fill the hall? But have we not in addition the inducement of welcoming back to public life one whose graceful talent and cheerful intelligence still linger among the memories of the frequenters of the California Theater? The programme is a model of typography, and adorned with the monogram of the fair manager.

ITALIAN OPERA.

The week has been as barren of incident as it has been disappointing to the public, and most harassing to Signor Mancusi. That gentleman has been indefatigable in his exertions to fulfill his promises to the public, and up to this week has fully redeemed them. But the sudden illness of Signor Verati disarranged all plans. The consequence was, no performance on Monday and a disjointed opera on Wednesday. At the same time, Signora Visconti deserved a better house for her benefit, if only out of compliment to the best soprano we have had here for years. Spite of all disadvantages, her "Gilda" was a delightful performance, rising in the last act to dramatic excellence.

This evening an Invitation Ball of the Guardia de Juarez is to be held at the Agricultural Hall, Stockton street. The favored ones will, we have no doubt, pass an evening of thorough enjoyment.

GRAND OPERATIC CONCERT

A Grand Operatic Concert will be given at Platt's Music Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, Oct 30th, 1873, by

EMILIE MELVILLE DERBY,

Pupil of SIG. L. CONTINI,

Assisted by MADAME INEZ FABBRI, SIG. PIETRO BACCEI, SIG. L. CONTINI, SIG. FULVIO RIGO, and a Selected Orchestra, under the direction of GEORGE T. EVANS.

TICKETS, ONE DOLLAR. Reserved Seats, Fifty Cents Extra. For sale at all Music Stores. Box Sheet at Sherman & Hyde's on and after Monday, 27th inst. Boxes, $8 and $10. Oct. 25.

PLATT'S NEW MUSIC HALL.—GRAND ITALIAN OPERA.

Under the management of Signor G. Mancusi.—Grand Orchestra. Full and Efficient Chorus. Sunday Evening, Oct. 26th, Meyerbeer's Opera of L'AFRICAINE; Or, THE UPAS TREE. SIGNORA IDA VISCONTI, MISS M. E. WADSWORTH, SIGNOR VERATI, SIGNOR MANCUSI, and the full strength of the Company. New Scenery, Great Ship Scene, etc. Admission—Dress Circle and Orchestra Chairs, $1.50, Parquette, $1. Reserved Seats, 50 cents extra. Private Boxes, $8, $10, $12 and $15. Oct. 25.

GRAY'S OPERA HOUSE

Bush St., between Kearny and Montgomery.—The Doctor of Alcantara.—Decided Success of SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE LEE Opera Bouffe, Burlesque and Comedy Troupe. Eichberg's Comic Opera, THE DOCTOR OF ALCANTARA. Previous to which, the laughable Comedietta, entitled THE HAPPY PAIR. Monday Evening, Oct 27th—Offenbach's grand Opera of A PRIMA DONNA FOR A NIGHT. Monday Evening, Nov. 3, Offenbach's great Opera Bouffe entitled THE GRAND DUCHESS. Admission—Dress Circle, $1, Orchestra, 50 cents. Private Boxes, $5 and $10, Parquette, 25 cents. Oct. 25.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Treasurer.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—Return of the Great Favorites, MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. Part First—Minstrels. Part Second—"Rebecca Jane," Welch and Rice. "The Black Chemist." The New Musical Extravaganza and Ethiopian Burlesque, in eight scenes, entitled "John Sheppard and Joseph Blueskin." Monday Evening, Oct. 27—JOCO, THE BRAZILIAN APE—Little Mack as "Jocko;" Bob Fraser as "Pipo." Oct. 25.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee at 2 o'clock—PEEP O' DAY. Matinee. Saturday Evening, Oct 25—Mr. SHIEL BARRY will appear in his great character of "Barney O'Toole," in Falconer's Irish drama, PEEP O' DAY, as performed by him for over five hundred nights in London. Oct. 25.

NOTICE.—CHAS. J. COLLINS,

Under Odd Fellow's Hall,

GUARANTEES THE HIGHEST SATISFACTION TO ALL HIS PATRONS.

No. 321 Montgomery street. Oct. 25.

SITUATION WANTED

A young man, who speaks fluently the English, French and German languages, and has finished his classical education in a German university, is desirous of obtaining a situation as Private Tutor in a family. The highest testimonials will be given. Address "W," NEWS LETTER office; or, California Placard Exchange, 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct. 25.

MACHINERY WANTED

By the Kimball Manufacturing Co.—One 35-inch Engine Lathe; One Medium Sized Shaper; One Drill and Slotting Machine Combined; One Planer, ordinary size. Oct. 25.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship John L. Stephens, ---- Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom-street wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, Oct 25th, at 10 o'clock A. M. [Oct. 25.] WM NORRIS, Agent.

FOR GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

Regular Steamship Line to Mexican Ports, sailing every twenty days.—Freight at Reduced Rates.—The favorite Steamship MONTANA, A. N. McDonough, Captain, will sail from Mission-street Wharf, for the above ports, on SATURDAY, Oct. 25th, at 12 o'clock noon. For freight at REDUCED RATES, or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
Oct. 18. EDWARD NORTON, Agent, 510 Front street.

A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

Have removed to the Southeast corner of California and Battery streets, where they invite the attention of their customers and others to their large assortment of the best and Finest Brands of CHEWING and SMOKING TOBACCO, HAVANA CIGARS and CIGARITOS. Consignments of Choicest Brands of Cigars received by every steamer. [Oct. 18.] A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

VULCAN IRON WORKS

Furnishes all classes of Machinery. Sole manufacturers of Moore's PATENT HOIST FOR STORES. N. D. ARNOT, Manager,
Oct. 1. 135 and 137 Fremont street.

C. L. TAYLOR.] **C. L. TAYLOR & CO.,** [E. HANSON, JR.

Shipping and Commission Merchants. No. 31 California st., below Davis, San Francisco, Cal., and 101 State street, Boston. Oct. 18.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 805 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments.
[May 31.]

Stuart Seldon Wright,

ATTORNEY

AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

OFFICES:

Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., up stairs.

Aug. 9.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℘ lb	50@	55
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	25@	35
Eggs, ℘ doz.	@	50
Lard, ℘ lb	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℘ lb.	16@	20
Cranberries, ℘ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℘ lb.	3@	4
Lima Beans, ℘ lb	6@	
Tomatoes, ℘ lb.	3@	4
Onions, ℘ lb.	3@	5
Squashes, ℘ lb.	2½@	4
Pumpkins, ℘ lb.	2½@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	15
Cucumbers, ℘ doz.	10@	15
Celery, ℘ doz b.	75@1	00
Beets, ℘ doz b	20@	25
Turnips, ℘ doz b	@	25
Parsnips, ℘ doz b.	@	25
Radishes, ℘ doz b	@	25
Green Peas, ℘ lb	6@	8
String Beans, ℘ lb.	5@	8
Apples, ℘ lb	4@	8
Pears, ℘ lb	5@	10
Peaches, ℘ lb	5@	15
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℘ lb.	12@	25
Do new, ℘ lb	8@	12
Oranges, ℘ doz.	65	75
Lemons, ℘ 100	@1	50
Limes, ℘ doz	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Quail, ℘ doz	@1	50
Turkeys, ℘ lb	20@	25
Geese ℘ pair	@3	00
Ducks, ℘ pair	1 25@2	00
Rabbits, ℘ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	6@	40
Oysters, ℘ 100	75@1	00
Clams, ℘ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℘ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℘ lb	15@	18
Salmon, fresh, ℘ lb.	10@	
Codfish, ℘ lb	12@	15
Rockfish ℘ lb	8@	10
Smelts, ℘ lb	10@	15
Tomcod, ℘ lb	12@	
Sturgeon, ℘ lb	12@	18
Flounders, ℘ lb	25@	
Halibut, ℘ lb	30@	50
Perch, ℘ lb	8@	
Shrimps, ℘ lb	10@	12
Anchovies, ℘ lb	5@	8
Soles, ℘ lb.	20@	50

E. S. TIBBEY,

Stock Broker,

No. 6 LEIDESDORFF ST.

Aug. 9.

H. F. Williams & Co.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

ROOM 20,

STEVENSON'S BUILDING,

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

California and Mont. sts.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Aug 23.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any; and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other Journal.]

Dear N. L.—I want a chance to howl—I want room and space to give vent to my disgust of this incessant toadying to those "lords of the soil," and of the whole country to *the Farmers*. Any one would suppose that California was created especially for their benefit and pleasure, that nobody else existed or should exist except on the will of these puffed up, imperious gentlemen. We hear of nothing else but *their* interest, their special happiness and profit. If it is dry, they growl, and forthwith all the little cur sheets in and out of the city set up a howl. If it is wet, then they break out in chorus again, and rate the Lord soundly for daring to run the weather counter to the imperious dictation of these high-toned hog snobs. Are there any other people in the country? Are there any other interests to be considered and consulted, or are we owned body and soul by these *gentlemen farmers*? who now forsooth not content with their present condition must set out to run the whole country, government and all. They have formed associations to do their own business, and begrudge the commission merchants the trifling commissions he earns running around in their interests. They are so infernally afraid they won't get the last red cent, and that anybody should realize a fraction of a profit on their produce after it has left their hands, is misery to them. A greedier, meaner, closer, more ungrateful community never existed than the so called "vital interest," this "back-bone" of the country. It has got to be a serious matter now whether we shall be allowed to exist at all. All other business, mining, manufacturing, mercantile is secondary to "our great farming interests." Bah! I am sick of it, nauseated, disgusted. Is mining, as a business, to be considered of no consequence, no importance? Which branch of industry contributes the most to the wealth of the State? We hear of nothing but speculations as to whether we shall have a big crop this year. The question of "Rain for the Farmers" has got to be a household subject. People look up to the clouds and exclaim, "If we don't have rain the country has gone in." "Gone in," forsooth! What real benefit has the community received from the crop of this year so far? Has business been good in consequence? Have the times been better? Has any one made any money out of it, except these farmers? "If we have a good crop everything will be lovely." We have had a good crop, if not as heavy as some, prices have been, and are better, making it more than equal.

What has it done for us? Have these cent cmen farmers spent their money? Not a red cent! They have to pay up a few debts at which they grumble. If they buy anything they want it at less than cost and on nine months credit without interest. They are never satisfied, always growling, always grumbling, they want the weather run to suit *them*, want rain just so much and no more, and if none comes, up goes a howl, and all the little newspapers take up the cry and yelp. If there is *no other* interest in this State than the agricultural, let us so understand it, and we who have other business will close up and go fishing. Do let us be done with this nauseating drivel about "our farmers," "our agricultural interest," "grangers," and all such d——d twaddle, and realize the fact that there are other people besides farmers who are of some importance and of some value to the country. These farmers, indeed, who poison birds by the thousand because they pick up the kernels of waste grain or eat a few grapes! In Napa Valley they administer strychnine to quail and destroy them by the hundred. Now what sort of a man is it that begrudges the birds their little pickings? They expect the Lord to favor them, and yet destroy, wantonly murder, his creatures—and *birds*, of all things! It is so noble—so high-toned—so in keeping with the vaunted integrity and nobility of the "agricultural interests"—the dignity of labor. Faugh! I am sick unto death of the name of farmer as exemplified in this country. They are simply contemptible in their cursed miserly selfishness. P.

San Francisco, October 24, 1873.

THE CEMETERY VETO.

[COMMUNICATED.]

A man must be rich to be buried comfortably in Lone Mountain, and yet it seems another cemetery cannot be opened for fear it should cost as much to be buried there. We used to think that as the supply of any article was increased, the price would fall. If that be so, the Mayor's veto keeps up the price of burying. And if it be bad to keep the dead among the habitation of the living, the Mayor's veto increases the evil. For unless we throw our bodies into the ocean, this new cemetery on the shore of the ocean is the only safe and healthy place to dispose of them. There, at least, they would not have to be hunted up—as they have been two or three times in our day—and transplanted at the risk of mistaking Peter for Paul in the transplanting. Seriously, this cemetery matter is too important a one to be dismissed in a veto message, which says only that certain things are said, of the truth whereof it knows nothing. We take an interest in the matter, not so much because we expect to die as because we hope to live. We want to have our enemies put out of the way when they die, and our friends made comfortable if they leave us. The spot designed for this new cemetery will serve the purpose of both. It has all the advantages and all the attractions necessary for the two purposes. It is in the remotest corner of the country. It is on the hills immediately overlooking the sea, one of the prettiest spots on this part of the peninsula, and by its soil, diversity of surface and facility of irrigation, is capable of being made most attractive and beautiful. The land being of comparatively little value, burial places must be cheap, not more, we are told, than one-sixth part of the prices ruling in the present cemeteries. Besides, the new code effectually subdues the rapacity of cemetery owners. As the land owned by the parties organizing the cemetery borders on Lake Merced, irrigation will be available at a nominal price. The soil is one in which "dead men tell no tales," its power of disinfection is so complete. (We have many men in view whom we should like to bury there up to their necks, at least, for a few days.) Bury a man in any of the other places which have been suggested for cemeteries and you will have to make way for him with a pickaxe, and when you get him disposed of, he is preserved in rock, not buried. Put him in these sands, and he rapidly returns to earth again. It is a law of nature that while we must set our houses "upon a rock" and not "on the sand," the converse is true of our dead. Put them in the sands, and not in the rocks. What instinct has led men in all ages and countries to bury their dead? That earth is the great disinfectant which cleanses and deodorizes whatever is put within it. Hence the immense importance of selecting for a cemetery a disinfecting spot, whose graves shall be purifiers of its unnumbered dead. What is urged against these advantages? Only the remote possibility that this city shall one day need to drink the waters of Lake Merced. May we never be so badly off for water as that! It will cost too much to raise it. It is not good when raised. There is too much fresh water ready to come in to San Francisco. Did any one ever hear of the inhabitants of a great city keeping its drinking water in a basin below the level of the great body of its habitations, and exposed to the drainage of the whole surrounding country? This Lake is scarcely above the level of the sea. Bad enough if it were a running stream like the Thames or the Seine. How much worse when it is a sluggish body of dead water, with but a small outlet, which is rapidly narrowing and choking with the sands! Verily, there is a bad sanitary prospect before us under this veto! More costly burials in our crowded and surrounded cemeteries for the sake of preserving a cess-pool for drinking purposes.

Making a Goose of Her.—The London *Hornet* gives the following: "Sir Michael Costa is the author of the last musical mot. At a rehearsal of 'Il Talismano,' at Drury Lane, Miss Nilsson complained of the expression in the Italian libretto, 'When the turtle doves behold you, they begin to sing.' In vain was it explained to her that, as the words were not in her part, but in Signor Campanini's, her complaint was ill-founded. At last, in despair, Signor Zaffira, the Italian librettist, appeared to Sir Michael. 'What!' said Sir Michael, 'she objects to turtle doves?' 'Then make it geese. 'When she appears, the geese begin.' That ought to satisfy her.'"

THE THUMB-SUCKING CLUB.

San Francisco, October 22, 1873.—EDITOR SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER: On behalf of the new club at whose expense you are trying so hard to be funny, allow me to offer some information. The organization has been formed, not as you allege, solely for the purpose of chewing gum, but to meet a want one felt by the mature youth and festive men of this city, for a place of social resort where all who met would be personally acquainted, where one could enjoy a game of billiards or pool with less risk to his reputation than at a public saloon, where a gentleman could match ball dollars, throw dice, or play a friendly game of cards with equal freedom, and for less money than at the Pacific and Union Clubs, and where when he got drunk, he could depend upon being carried home and put to bed, instead of to the Police Station. You are all wrong about the twenty-five pipes, empty candy bottles, and discipline of the members. The initiation fee and dues are quite expensive, indeed, beyond the means of many who joined, and instead of maternal jurisdiction of any kind or nature being recognized, it is utterly disregarded, as will be seen from the fact that the club individually and as a body warmly encourages tippling and smoking, for thereby swelleth the Treasury. New as the club is, it already affords unrivaled advantages to weak, young fellows to drink more than they ordinarily would, to reckless ones to squander, and sharp ones to profit at the card table, to bummers to lounge and sponge, and to flush and well-intentioned ones to pay—all of which, if I have studied *News Letter* morality aright, entitles the club to your support rather than ridicule. J. S. P.

Jenkinsanity.—A sarcastic Ohio editor notices that "last evening the beautiful daughter of Mr. Lovepuff, the accomplished and gentlemanly wagon-maker of this vicinity, was united in wedlock to George Becrslat, the talented artist, whose charming landscapes are upon the dashboard of every buggy ever turned out of his father-in-law's shop, and who at striping carriage wheels has no peer since Rubens died."

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Nov. 1st—Steamer COLORADO..........Capt. Dearborn.
Nov. 15—Steamer JAPAN..........Capt. Freeman.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 4th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Nov. 4—Steamer CONSTITUTION .... Capt. Nolan.
Nov. 19—Steamer NEVADA..........Capt. Austin.

All Steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all except the Constitution call at SAN DIEGO.

Steamers of the 19th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Harloe, Monday, Oct. 27; Friday, Nov 7; Wednesday, Nov 19.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Saturday, Nov. 1; Thursday, Nov 13; Tuesday, Nov 25.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT

SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,

But takes no freight for San Simeon.

SENATOR, Capt. Harloe, for San Luis Obispo and way ports, Saturday, Nov. 15, at 3 P. M.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, carrying acids, oils and combustibles—for San Diego and and way ports, Thursday, Oct 30, at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Oct 25.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5:40 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:20 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at 7 P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 424 Montgomery street.

On and after June 1st the Steamer Antelope will leave San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., and the cars will leave Cloverdale at 6 A. M. daily.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The Steamer Newbern, William Metzger, Master, will sail for the above ports on .... at 12 o'clock, noon, from Vallejo-st. Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the River. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. No freight received for Mexican Ports after 3 P. M. of the ---d inst., and bill of lading for those ports must be accompanied by Custom-house and consular clearances. For freight or passage apply to
Oct. 4. E. NORTON, Agent, 510 Front street.

X LINE FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The A 1 Ship British King, Quine, Master, is intended to sail with dispatch.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to [Sept. 23.] E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of
May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale, 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale 2 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 7 P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. The trains make close connections with Stages to and from all points. This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs' Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip Tickets on sale at the Office, or at the Steamer. Connections also made for Clear Lake and other places of Summer resort.

DAILY TIME TABLE.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., from Front-street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale, 8:30 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale, 5:30 A. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 10:20 A. M. For all information apply at the Company's office, 424 Montgomery street. [May 1.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
June 14 WM NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Folsom-street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage, apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

BIZ.

The Commerce of the port is progressive. Arrivals from sea are numerous. Vessels come flocking in through the Golden Gate from all climes, bearing valuable cargoes of general merchandise to meet the wants of consumers upon the Pacific Slope. Ships in ballast are also arriving, drawn hither by the very high freight ruling. It is soon to be put questionable whether the entire fleet now headed this way will eventually succeed in procuring profitable business. We certainly have not grain sufficient to load all, the vessels that will arrive here the current year, and what those to come after the turn year will find to do we cannot now say. Of course, some will go for lumber, guano, coal dye woods, etc., but we imagine that many will drop anchor in the harbor and await another harvest. This has heretofore been the case under like circumstances, and no doubt it will be done again—in truth, there are ships now lying at anchor in this harbor that have been here six or nine months, that have actually refused grain charters of £4@5 to Liverpool direct, and yet others prefer to accept £3 and upwards and keep moving. Business is now quite active. The Fall trade being in full heat, orders from the interior for general merchandise now come forward freely, and our jobbers of dry goods, groceries and other staple and fancy goods have their hands full waiting upon customers eager to lay in their Winter supplies prior to the setting in of the rainy season. Money is quite plenty, no scarcity of currency, which will be in gold and silver, with but a slight sprinkling of gold notes, and which are at times redeemable in the precious metals upon demand. The bank interest is 1 per cent per month, but on real estate and first-class securities and time loans negotiations are made from 7 to 10 per cent per annum. Steel or Bills cost nine to eleven low—commercial sixty day bills, 51@5. Exports of Grain and Flour, Wool, Hides, etc., cost now in considerable volume. Since July 1, 1873, we have dispatched to the United Kingdom 71 vessels, carrying 34,870 barrels Flour, 33,905 centals Barley, besides Wheat as follows

	Ctls.	Value.
Totals since July 1st, 1873, 71 vessels	2,122,103	$5,287,825
97 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	2,403,962	4,657,411
15 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	432,211	1,000,023
61 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	1,752,567	3,191,771
64 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	2,318,356	4,138,487

Leaving now on the berth 29 vessels, aggregating 32,645 tons

Import Markets seem well supplied with seasonable Goods. Dundee Cloths plentiful, Hessians, 15 inch, 11c, Grain Sacks 22@23c, 12½ @ 13½c. Coal is plentiful, Australian, Cow Bay, Newcastle, Scotch, Liverpool, Cardiff, Welsh and Milford laid Manila, 14c. San Francisco Ale, 14 @ 15c. Coffee is plentiful at 21 @ 22c., for Guatemala and Costa Rica, respectively. Chemicals are in light stock. Fish is in good stock, Salmon, $9 per bbl, $5 for half bbl. French Goods are in demand. Sardines sell at $3 15 @ 3 75 for half and quarter boxes. Fruits—no malaga. Raisins of the New Crop have not yet arrived. Gunny Bags are selling from second hand at 21 @ 22c. Malt Liquors, both Ale and Porter of all kinds, are very abundant, and prices both low and nominal. Molasses is scarce, and wanted for distillation. Nails have slightly advanced. Naval stores are plentiful and dull. Oils are unchanged in value. The Comet brings later advices from the Arctic fleet. The catch up to August 9th reported at 227 bbls Sperm, 4,950 bbls Whale, 5,344 bbls Walrus Oil, and 63,600 lbs Whale Bone. Petroleum finds ready buyers at 34 @ 40c. Provisions plentiful and cheap, excepting Butter, which for good table is scarce and high.

Sugar and Syrup.—The market is strong for all descriptions. Prices of the former once again advance, while the latter, Golden Syrup, has been advanced 5c per gallon, with sales of 600 bbls to the Pacific Distillery, and 750 bbls of same shipped to New York per Carrier Dove. The price of California Golden in kegs is 45c, barrels 37½c. All White Refined Sugar 11c, Golden Coffee do, 9¾c, Hawaiian Raws, 7 @ 9¾c.

Coffee to Chicago.—We notice a shipment of 500 bags, by C. A. Low & Co., per Central Pacific, while Castle Brothers have this week purchased 1,500 sacks. This is important give-more tone to the general market.

China Nut Oil is very plentiful and prices have declined to 70c in cases.

The Rice market is sadly demoralized. Resident Chinese traders and merchants seek to control the traffic and keep the business to themselves. Stock large and prices low and nominal.

Spirits, in limited quantities, continue to reach us from Omaha, finding ready sale for Native. The demand for French Brandy, Rio and Gin, Jamaica Rum, etc., is light in comparison with the large consumptive requirement for Bourbon Whiskies, and this large demand prompts to extraordinary efforts to secure the trade of this coast. The best old Kentucky Bourbon offered is that of the "J. H. Cutter" brand, and this superior Whisky calls out its imitators, who seek in every possible way to imitate both brand and quality. The persistent effort to assert that a wide margin on article upon consumers is the occasion of considerable $1 gallon in our counties. The prices of J. H. Cutter's Old Whisky is $3 50 @ $3 60 per gal on, Miller's $2 50 @ $3 00, G. D. Blake's, $3, and upwards. Alcohol, in cases, $2 French Cognac, $4 50 @ $7 50. California Grape Brandy, $1 50 @ $2 00. Old Jamaica Rum, $1 50 @ $3 00. Holland Gin, $4 00 @ $3 50 per gallon.

Flour for England.—The bark Eden is under charter for Liverpool, and is loading 8,000 bbls Extra Starr Mills at Vallejo for miller's account. The freight for same is £3 7s 6d. The Lady Cairns cleared for Liverpool on the 17th, carrying the bulk of 19,870 bbls Extra, consisting of 10,100 bbls Golden Gate, 9,240 do Vallejo Starr Mills, 8,160 do Buckeye Mills, 4,000 do Santa Clara Mills, 3,000 bbls Lambert Mills, and others. The Hermon, for Liverpool, sailed October 12th with 18,000 bbls. Besides these cargoes, others are soon to follow.

Barley for New York and east of the Rocky Mountains seems to be now in order. Samples are called for from every quarter, and shipments making both by land and sea. The freight over land is a fraction over 2c ℔, via Panama, 1¼c. Two or more ships will load via Cape Horn. The Carrier Dove has sailed with 19,287 ctls, and the St. Charles is under charter to carry 1,600 tons Choice Brewing, price, $1 65 per central.

Wheat from Oregon.—Several sailing vessels have arrived during the week, with valuable cargoes. Schooner Flora, from Columbia River, brings 8,114 sacks; the Orient, from same, had 8,987 ctls; the schooner Superior had 5,086 ctls; the Wenford 8,250 sacks, and the steamer John L. Stephens had 3,700 ctls, and more to come. The present price of choice white Wheat is $2 25 @ $2 37½.

Flour for Central America.—The Golden Age Mills have just loaded the Clara Bell for Punta Arenas, with 8,400 qr sacks and 324 gunnies best silk dressed Extra, and is yet engaged running on other orders for Central America. The Golden Gate Mills are now running night and day, making 800 to 900 bbls per day. She is now executing an order for 2,500 bbls extra for Central America, to go per Arizona. The price for this superior Flour is $6 75 per 196 lbs.

Oysters from Shoalwater Bay.—Two schooner loads of bivalves. Some 8,000 baskets have arrived this week from the North. The trade is becoming very lucrative, and is being rapidly developed. It is said that those planted across the Bay promise well—much better than heretofore—and the hope and expectation is that ere long we can do something towards competing with the Chesapeake.

Home-made Candles.—George W. Grant, of Philadelphia, long known as the manufacturer of Adamantine Candles on an extensive scale in this city of brotherly love, has come out here to reside, and has joined hands with Robert Jackson and others in the San Francisco Candle Company, and intend for the future to manufacture 100,000 boxes per annum. The quality to be second to none.

Tobacco.—Our friends, Messrs. Falkner, Bell & Co., are sole agents for the "*Two Seas*," a new brand of Virginia manufactured tobacco, which in time is destined to outstrip all other kinds.

Three ocean steamers will leave this port to-day, as follows: *Constantine*, for San Juan del Sur, ports; *John L. Stephens*, for Portland, and *Montana*, for the mouth of the Colorado River and Mexico.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Oct. 24, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FR'T
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	23	23½	24½
Alps	¾	1¼	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—
American Flag	—	2½	4½
Arizona & Utah	1¼	1¼	—
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—
American Flat	4½	5	—
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	6¼	6½	6½
Belcher	60½	60½	60
Belmont	4½	4½	—
Bull run	—	¾	—
Best & Belcher	6	7	6¼
Buckeye	—	1	—
Caledonia	17	18	17
Cedesberg	—	—	—
Central	15	16	12
Charter Oak	—	½	—
Chapman	—	¾	—
Chief of the Hill	—	¾	—
Chief East Extension	—	—	—
Chollar	40	42	40½
Colombus	—	—	—
Confidence	7½	7½	6
Cons Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—
Consolidated Virginia	49½	50	51
Cook & Dryer	—	—	—
Crown Point	104	105	105
Central No 2	—	—	10
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Dacey	1¾	1¾	—
Eclipse	4½	4½	4½
El Dorado	—	—	—
Empire Mill	3½	4½	1
Empire, Idaho	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	9½	10	—
Eureka, G. V.	—	—	—
Exchequer	—	8¼	8¼
Globe	½	¾	—
Golden Chariot	23½	24½	—
Gould & Curry	11½	11½	11½
G. H. Quartz	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	24	26½	25½
Hermas	—	2	—
Hale & Hunt	1½	1¼	—
Hayes	½	1½	—
Ida Elmore	—	3	—
Imperial	4½	4	4
Independent	—	—	—
Ingomar	—	¼	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—
Jackson	—	¼	—
Julia	1¼	2½	2½
Justice	9½	9¾	8½
Kentuck	13	13	12½
Kentucky	3	3½	—
Knickerbocker	3	3½	3½
Kossuth	10	—	—
Louise	—	—	—
Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Mahogany	6½	7	—
Mammoth	—	½	—
Meade & Bailey	13	14½	—
Minnesota	14	17	—
Newark	3½	4½	—
New York Consolidated	—	—	¾
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	66	63	64
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	—	—
Overman	14½	15½	17
Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Page & Parnes	—	—	—
Pea Vine	—	—	—
Phoenix	—	—	—
Pelican	—	—	—
Psche	—	5½	—
Psche West	—	—	—
Pittsburg	—	1	—
Raymond & Ely	61½	67½	—
Savage Consolidated	—	—	—
Rye Patch	7½	7	—
Red Jacket	—	—	—
Savage	45	42½	43½
Sag Belcher	51½	52	53
Sierra Nevada	12½	12½	13
Sierra Peak	—	—	—
Silver Hill	12½	12	12
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	2½	3½	2½
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	—	3½	—
South Dirman	20	—	—
St. Patrick	—	—	—
South Comstock	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Tyler	—	½	½
Union Consolidated	2	1½	1½
Utah	—	2	—
Washington & Creole	¾	—	—
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	—	—	1½
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	52½	57½	55½
Yule Gravel	—	—	—

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES	TEAS	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$50 @ $52 50	Japans	65 @ 75
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔ lb	— 5 — 4	Oolong	— 50 @ 65
Metal sheathing ℔ lb	— 21 @ —		
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	12 00 @ 14 00	SUGARS	
Tin Plates, I X, ℔ box	14 00 @ 16 00	China, No 1, ℔ lb	— 9 @ 9¼
Lead, Pig ℔ lb	— 6 @ — 6¼	Sandwich Island	— 6¼ @ — 9¼
Lead, Sheet, ℔ lb	— 9 @ — 10	Manila	— 7 @ — 7½
Banca Tin, ℔ lb	— 26 @ — 28	Crushed, American	— 11 @ — 11½
Quicksilver	1 10 @ —	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
COAL		Peruvian	— 9 @ — 9
West Hartley, ℔ ton	11 00 @ 11 50	CANDLES	
Australian	10 50 @ —	Sperm Wax, ℔ lb	— 50 @ — 42
Cumberland	22 — @ —	Adamantine	— 13½ @ — 15
Anthracite	12 00 @ 14 00	MISCELLANEOUS	
Bituminous	9 50 @ —	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Scotch	3 00 @ 5 50
COPPER		Whisky, Irish	3 00 @ 5 50
Guatemala, ℔ lb	— 21 @ — 23	Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 12
Java Old Government	— 25 @ — 26	Rum Jamaica	4 00 @ 5 25
Mexican	— — @ — 21	Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
Costa Rica	— 21 @ — 22	BUILDING MATERIAL	
RICE		Chicken Uncolored, 300-lb	— — @ — 20
China, No 1, ℔ lb	— 8¼ @ — 7¾	Gunny Bags in bales	— — @ — 22
China, No 2	— 7¼ @ — 7¾	Hydraulic Lime	— 12½ @ — 12½
Hawaiian	— 6¼ @ — 7¾	Hess Ac Hydraulic, ℔ yard	— 9½ @ — 10
WINES		DOMESTIC STAPLES	
Champagne ℔ doz	20 00 @ 25 00	Wool, ℔ lb	— 12 @ — 22
Port, according to brand, ℔ gallon	1 00 @ 5 75	Tallow	— 6 @ — 7¾
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00	Hides	— 19 @ — 19½
		Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs	3 00 @ 3 25
		Barley	1 45 @ 1 65
		Oats	1 50 @ 1 10
Coal and Kerosene	— 31 @ — 33	Flour, ℔ 196 lbs	5 50 @ 6 75

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards containing Lists of Goods, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully sustain our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing in to view of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories in a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for those attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 60 to 12 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 3d. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 60 to 65 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the finest Whisky to the United States. March 19.

WANTED.

A good Hand-Rail wanted, that can wash, iron, cook, and attend generally to a small family. Wages, $20. Inquire at Jones street between Chestnut and Chestnut third house from the corner, of Placard Exchange, Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct. 18.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 18 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate in Lond., Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co., Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (with an Union Bk of Australia), No 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co of Sydney, 21 Lombard st, Dundas & Fowler & Co, bankers, Parrott, Coutts, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane, The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane, Anglo-Egyptian Bank, 26 Lombard st, E. C. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside, Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st, London Suburban Bank (Limited), 362 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 17 Lombard street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Cheapside, Scotland Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C., The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill, Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London, & Venezuela Bank, 8 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs, W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C., London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S., Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W., George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Horton, N., Thos Mills, 34 Goswell Road, E. C., Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Inn Martyrs, 11 Gloucester, E. C., Commercial Sale Rooms, Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M'Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
P. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Budd, W. O. . . 440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 323 California st.
Higgins, W. L. . . 411 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. . . . 309 California st.
Keene, J. R. . . . 435 California st.
Marine, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co. . . . 426 Montg'y st
Noble, H. H. 435 California st.
Peckham, E. P. . . . 413 Cal'a st
Schmiedell, H. 401 Cal'a st
Smiley, G. W. . . . 444 Cal'a st

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

GEO. W. SHOUBDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 29.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Belmore—In this city, October 23d, to the wife of Robert R. Belmore, a son.
Barry—In this city, October 21st, to the wife of John Barry, a son.
Bortman—In this city, October 21st, to the wife of J. C. Bortman, a son.
Calhanan—In this city, October 21st, to the wife of John Calhanan, a daughter.
Martel—In this city, October 21st, to the wife of J. L. Martel, a son.
Feiser—In this city, October 8th, to the wife of J. Feiser, a daughter.
Tillson—In this city, October 21st, to the wife of A. T. Tillson, a daughter.
Orphant—In this city, October 14th, to the wife of R. Orphant, a daughter.
Wheeler—In this city, October 21st, Richard Wheeler, a son.

ALTAR.

Genster-Muller—In this city, October 19th, Jacob Genster to Ernestine Muller.
Hosenmann-Buttelmann—In this city, Oct. 19th, F. Hosenmann to D. Buttelmann.
Morris Knowlton—In this city, October 16th, W. Morris to Josephine Knowlton.
Maguire Wall—In this city, John M. Maguire to Kate Wall.
Meyer Ephraim—In this city, October 19th, Simon Meyer to Henriette Ephraim.
Noble-Walker—In this city, October 19th, Arthur Noble to Ada B. Walker.
Nella-Young—In this city, October 14th, Sylvester Nella to Laura Young.
Pabst Wharton—In this city, October 21st, Louis Pabst to Margaret Wharton.
Feiser-Frost—In Marietta, October 19th, Joseph Feiser to Caroline Frost.
Walsh-Wood—In this city, October 20th, Capt. P. F. Walsh to Mrs. Amelia Wood.

TOMB.

Alexander—In this city, October 18th, Samson Alexander, aged 45 years.
Conrad—In this city, October 20th, Hugh J. Conrad, aged 21 years.
Hart—In this city, October 19th, David Hart, aged 53 years.
Larkin—In this city, October 20th, Mrs. Rachel Larkin, aged 66 years.
Levinsky—In this city, October 20th, J. L. Levinsky, aged 62 years.
Lancaster—In Oakland, October 21st, John A. Lancaster, aged 45 years.
Mast—In Petaluma, October 23d, Katie Mast, aged 25 years.
Miller—In Petaluma, October 20th, George W. Miller, aged 43 years.
Shirlan—In this city, October 23d, John Shirlan, aged 42 years.

ART NOTES.

By the arrival of the good ship Ravenscraig, 129 days from Liverpool, the Art Association received the collection of casts from the antique presented to the Society by the French Government. Some delay was caused by the fact that fifteen crates for the French provincial schools had to be turned out from the studios of the Louvre before those for San Francisco could be cast. In addition to these, Mr. Joseph Mezzara, who has kindly acted as agent in Paris for the Association, has forwarded a splendid series of plaster statuettes, busts and other parts of the human body, anatomical models and works on art. The sum city sent the necessary credit for the purchase of these latter, and Mr. Mezzara expended some $700, making the selection himself, a task for which he was admirably fitted. The Minister of Public Instruction expressly stated that the donation of casts to the Art Association was made in recognition of the handsome contributions received from San Francisco for the Sanitary Fund during the late war. It would, we think, be a graceful act on the part of our Art Society to extend an invitation to the French residents of the city to inspect the new works when set up in the gallery. The series of casts presented to the Society is contained in nineteen cases, which were packed free of charge by order of the French Government. They include twenty busts of ross from the Parthenon, statues of "the Reclining Venus," the "Venus of Milo," "Gladiator," "Diana of Gabii," "Dancing Faun," "Faun with Child," "Germanicus," "Discobolus," the "Apollo Belvedere," etc. The busts are still more numerous, including: "The Huntress Diana," "Young Roman Girl," "The Wounded Amazon," "Venus of Arles," "The Greek Ivo," Antinous Demosthenes, Sappho, Achilles, Escolapius, the "Crowned Augustus," Alexander the Great, Socrates, Marcus Aurelius, Miltiades, Homer, Cæsar, etc.

The sum collected made by Mr. Mezzara on behalf of the Society are in twelve packages, and the idea the following relics are from the antique, which we copy from the invoice without attempt at classification: Polyhymnia, the "Venus Genitrix," "Faun of the Casino," "Young Faun," "Young Pluto," the "Venus de Medici," the "Female Boxer Player," Sophocles, Henry IV; Pitchmatus, Diana after the antique, Leon of Hippus, the "Thorn-drawer," the "Venus of Arles," "Child with a Goose," "Spirit of Eternal Rest," "Faun playing the Flute," group of four Naiads, the Gladiatorial Figures, by Bronzino, the "Heroes of Naples," Child, by François, "Two Masks of Bacchus," Double "St. John," etc. There are also some fine bronzes from the antique, including the Mercury of the Louvre, the Mercury of Turin, Faun of the Library, Naples, etc. In addition there are casts, from Hiram Powers' well noted figures, lithographic studies, and photo-forms. A series of photographs, from the old masters, studies of ornament art books; prints innumerable among them animals, by Rosa Bonheur; landscapes by Calame, and heads by Julien. We have said enough to indicate that the Art Association has made a great acquisition to its treasures. At the next reception these works will be on view, and our readers will find that we have by no means overstated the extent of the collection.

Our artists, recognizing the fact that the next soiree of the Art Association will be undoubtedly the most interesting and important ever held in this city, are hard at work, devoting tools the share towards making it a grand success. Virgil Williams is putting the finishing touches to a "Roman Harvest," and it is certainly a work which will bear close full that we have previously said of it. Thomas Hill has a picture on the easel of "Donner Lake from the Summit." It is of calibre to go, but he has succeeded in reproducing the grandeur of the scene very successfully. The accuracy of the property, and the tender distance are beautifully rendered. Bonns has at the Post street gallery two marine views, the first of which is dismasted wreck drifting before the gales is a powerful piece of painting with most masterly handling. The second is a bay scene, with shipping, two "square-toed" schooners, and boat with men dragging a fishing net in the foreground. The calm water is admirably rendered. Deakin reports Simes at and around Cascade Lake and the Truckee River, and our latest comer, Mr. Jorgensen, the Danish artist, is sketching in Marin county.

A large collection of "tea-boards" and dainty insanities, Warfour street copies and dubious originals, was sold at auction yesterday. We should not allude at all to the melancholy fact—of their sale, we mean—but that the names of some eminent New York, and other artists, were freely used to advertise them. Distrusting the genuineness of many of the works with big names attached, but distrusting our own judgment still more, we referred the matter to three artist friends, whose foreign experience is large and varied. Our doubts were more than confirmed. With the exception of a little work, very sweet in conception and execution, attributed to J. F. Kensett, and excellent whether copy or original, our friends had no faith in the array of names present. The most original works were undoubtedly those by utterly unknown men, and were probably painted at so much per foot for the gentleman of Jewish extraction who got up the sale, as he has done before in most of the minor cities of our continent. We are sorry, also, to have to record the sale, at a good figure, of that atrocity, "The First Temptation," a work which we felt compelled to criticise severely last week. The sale may be encouraging to Hart, but it certainly is not to Art, nor to true artists. When the latter find a painter, who bears the same relation to them that the "King of Pain" does to skilful physicians, obtaining large prices for utterly childish works, they naturally feel that Art is a most uncertain and unsatisfactory profession so long, at least, as there are so many ignorant purchasers. The mission of the Art Association is to reform all this, and such a consummation is devoutly to be wished.

Mr. Mezzara has completed the model for his second colossal group designed to adorn the State Capitol. It represents a buffalo attacking an Indian woman and child on horseback, and is full of spirit and action. The horse, one of the most difficult subjects for a sculptor, judging from the almost universal failure of foreign modelers in this direction, is, to our mind, the best feature of this very admirable group. The whole is now being cast in Ransome stone, and will, on completion, be immediately placed in its position on the façade of the Capitol building.

HOW THE GREAT NAPOLEON DIED.

The following incident, from the pen of the celebrated ecclesiastical historian, Abbé Rohrbacher, contrasts the stories that have been circulated in reference to the death of Napoleon Bonaparte by a certain class of historians:

"We have seen a man who, in the history of the world, walked in the steps of Nimrod, Cyrus, Alexander, Cæsar, and Charlemagne. We have seen Napoleon, the modern incarnation of military and political genius. We have seen him turn his dying eyes towards Rome, and ask of her a Catholic priest to receive in a last confession, and to sanctify his last moments on the rock of St. Helena. On the 27th of April, 1821, he found himself limited and attacked by the malady of which his father died. From this moment he only occupied himself with the duties of piety, and the priest of Nymphæ was almost constantly with him. 'I was born in the Catholic religion,' he said at different times, 'I wish to fulfill all the duties which it imposes, and receive all the assistance which it hope from it.' One of the compositions of his captivity, the Consul Montholon, adds: 'On the 25th of April I had passed my thirty nine nights at the bedside of the Emperor, without his allowing me to be replaced in this painful and dull service, when, in the night between the 25th and 26th of April, he appeared to be much concerned for the fatigue I was suffering, and begged me to let Abbé Vignali take my place. His persistence prompted to me that he spoke under the preoccupation lest he in the thought he expressed to me. He permitted me to speak to him as a father, I dared to say what I had comprehended. He answered, without hesitation, 'Yes, it is the priest I ask for, take care I am left alone with him, and say nothing.'

I obeyed, and he sighed directly the Abbé Vignali, whom I warned of the holy ministry he was about to exercise. Introduced to Napoleon, the priest fulfilled all the duties of his office. Having humbly confessed, the Emperor, formerly so proud, received the Viaticum and Extreme Unction and passed the night in prayer, in touching and sincere acts of piety. In the morning, when General Montholon arrived he said to him, in an affectionate tone of voice, and full of satisfaction, 'General, I am happy, I have finished all my religious duties, I wish you, at your death, the same happiness. I had need of it, I am an Italian—a child of the rank of Corsica.' The sound of the bell effects me—the sight of the priest gives me pleasure. I wished to make a mystery of all this, but that would not be right. I ought, I will render glory to God. I think He will not be pleased to restore me to health, but give your order, General, let an altar be prepared in the next room, let the Blessed Sacrament be exposed, and let the Forty Hours' Prayer be said.' The Count Montholon was going out to execute the order, when Napoleon called him back. 'No, he said, 'you have many enemies, as a noble, they will impute the arranging of this to you, and I they will say that my senses are wandering. I will give the orders myself.' And from the orders given by Napoleon himself an altar was arranged in an adjoining room, where the Blessed Sacrament was exposed, the Forty Hours' Prayer was said. Then he added—'There is nothing terrible in death, it has been the companion of my life, during the past three weeks, and now it is on the point of seizing me forever. I should have been glad to have seen my wife and son again, but the will of God be done!' On the 3d of May he received, the second time, the holy Viaticum, and after having said adieu to his generals, he pronounced these words, 'I am at peace with all mankind.' He then joined hands, saying, 'My God!' and expired on the 5th of May, at six at night."—*From the Ladies' Own Journal of Edinburgh and Glasgow.*

A Joke by the Way.—An excellent old clergyman we know of is very absent minded, and has a short memory. It is a common habit with him in the sermon to forget several times, and then, after sitting down, to rise up again, and begin his supplementary remarks with the expression, "By the way." A few Sundays ago he got half way through a prayer, when he hesitated, forgot what he was about, and sat down abruptly without closing. In a moment or two he rose, and politely bade forebearer at an amazed congregation, he said, "Oh, by the way—Amen."

PROSPECTUS OF THE LOS ANGELES HERALD.

The first of October, the Los Angeles Herald, a daily and weekly paper, will be published. The Daily is a neat and tasty printed seven-column newspaper, newsy and fair, than literary in character. The Weekly will be a six-column, eight-page paper, and will contain the most important matter that has previously appeared in the Daily Herald. It is proposed that the Herald shall be an unbiased advocate of every interest pertaining to Southern California and Arizona, and a zealous worker in all things which shall tend to benefit the entire State. In a word, it is to be in close communion with the people. In its editorial, the Herald will be found on matters of interest to the Capitalist, Farmer, Mechanic, Merchant, Laborer, and all classes of Producers, and it will also contain reading matter suited to the Home Circle. The Herald is an Independent Democratic journal, and its efforts directed to sweeping from power and place those now mismanaging the affairs of the Nation. For the accomplishment of this end it will be found with set effect on the co-operation of the members of all parties, believing that the prosperity, perhaps safety, of the Nation depends upon the success of a movement of this character. It is "reform now or revolution hereafter." While the Herald will be found sturdy and dead in earnest, it will earnestly advocate the right of every State, be it Northern or Southern, Massachusetts or South Carolina—to govern itself in accordance with the wishes of its people, and the dictates of the Federal Constitution, without national interference. The Herald will oppose thieving and peculation. No man rightly owns a dollar until he earns it. Every dollar which finds its way into the public treasury or private purse without a just return is robbery, and he who takes ill money is a thief. Believing this the Herald will oppose every attempt, under the guise of State, land sales, railroad sales, and every kind of steals. Each day the latest foreign and Domestic Telegrams will be published. The state will be to supply, in this part of the State, the demand heretofore filled by the San Francisco dailies. No trouble or expense will be spared to make the Herald, in this respect, equal in any newspaper on the Coast. It will also contain a full Review of the Local and Foreign Markets, and the Trades generally, honestly and carefully compiled. Subscription—Daily Herald, delivered by carriers, per month, $1, do delivered by carriers, per year, $10, by mail or express, per year, $10. Weekly Herald, by mail or express, per year, $4; do by mail or express, per quarter, $1. Oct. 25.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 37.13 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice each day. The Hotel and Swiss Cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20. GEO. MELLON, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of LLOYD & REESE, for the transaction of a General Storage Commission business. The warehouse is located at the southwest corner of Battery and Filbert streets, and will be known as the PIONEER WAREHOUSE. Walls thoroughly renovated and rat proof. C. A. LLOYD.
San Francisco, August 30th, 1873. [Aug 30.] HENRY REESE.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.

[March 29.]

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 8.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 22

L. H. NEWTON } **NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,** [MORRIS NEWTON
Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Gin re-
dies. 114 and 116 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7

AUTUMN DAYS.

Yellow, mellow, ripened days,
Sheltered in a golden coating;
O'er the dreamy, listless haze,
White and dainty cloudlets floating;
Winking at the blushing trees,
And the sombre, furrowed fallow;
Smiling at the airy ease
Of the southward-flying swallow,
Sweet and smiling are thy ways,
Beauteous, golden, Autumn days!

Shivering, quivering, fearful days,
Fretfully and sadly weeping;
Dreading still, with anxious gaze,
Icy fetters round thee creeping;
O'er the cheerless, withered plain,
Woefully and hoarsely calling;
Pelting hail and drenching rain,
On thy scanty vestments falling,
Sad and mournful are thy ways,
Grieving, wailing, Autumn days!

—*Will Carleton.*

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A lady correspondent in London writes as follows: A very odd style of bonnet or hat, I am not sure which, has found its way into our milliners' show rooms from Vienna. The crown, which is of straw, is oval; but the brim, which is wide and turned up all around into quite a deep trench, is square. When trimmed it has a very odd appearance, something like a jelly mould, but on the head it is not unbecoming. Some faces look well with anything straight crossing the forehead, and the "Exhibition" bonnet, as it is called, will suit these. The edge of the straw is bound with velvet, and a ruche goes between the bonnet and the hair. There is a large bow or bunch of feathers placed very high on the right side of the front, but all the rest of the trimming is behind. From ear to ear round the back of the bonnet is a wreath of flowers, and below that a bow which completely hides the hair behind, and finishes with two long ends. The pattern bonnet which I saw of this shape was very stylish; it was white straw, trimmed with crimson velvet and purple grapes, a curious but very stylish mixture. A very stylish hat from Paris, called the Ariadne, is high-crowned, and trimmed with a broad scarf of soft silk with a pointed end knotted up into bows, and mixed with velvet bows and feathers. A very large jet buckle finishes the trimming. An odd fashion for hats just introduced is to have the hat of colored or black velvet, and then all round the outside of the brim a full plaiting of white, either silk or muslin, above which the trimming is placed. It has a very odd effect, and is neither pretty nor becoming. The rage for jet is increasing. I have seen some black lace literally covered with jet embroidery, and some of the new stomachers look almost like a piece of black armor. Very small capes are now worn, not always detached from the dress, but fastened to it at the neck, and so forming part of the bodice. Sometimes they are made entirely of lace—black or white—and are considered very stylish; but they are less costly when of the same materials as the dress and trimmed to correspond. Winter costumes are being shown now, and fans are finding their way into the shop windows. An eccentric Winter costume is on view in a west-end shop. The dress is of dark blue velvet—almost black in some lights—and is trimmed with lace and bands of sable fur. The tunic is very short and rounded, and there is a sleeveless jacket of fur, tight fitting and quite plain. The sleeves are finished with mousquetaire cuffs of fur, and the effect of the whole dress is indescribably odd. Some fur collars, made, by internal stiffening, to stand up like the fraises which are so much worn, are also shown, but I don't fancy they will be much worn; they are heavy looking and clumsy. Milliners seem fairly at a loss how to vary the style of the dress skirts this season. The latest fashion—and I think the ugliest I have ever seen—is to have the whole front breadth of the dress form one huge *bouillonne*, reaching from the waist to a little below the knee. Below that there are some puffings, and a final flounce, all very full. The back is covered with flounces to the waist, leaving not a morsel of the original skirt to be seen. The fashion of tying back the skirts of a dress is surely reaching a climax now. Wide trimmed sashes of the material are fastened on to the front of the pannier about twelve inches below the waist, and these are tied underneath the short pouf behind in an enormous bow. I saw a very splendid wedding dress made in this ridiculous fashion for a wedding only last week. The pouf was of most exquisite lace, and the whole of the body was covered with the same. The skirt, of the softest white silk, was fastened back by a broad sash, and the ends fell over the train.—*Glasgow Mail.*

Badgering Witnesses.—The Lord Chief-Justice of the Queen's Bench recently observed: "I deeply deplore that members of the bar so frequently put, unnecessarily, questions affecting the private life of witnesses, which are only justifiable when they go to the credibility of a witness. I have watched closely the administration of justice in France, Germany, Holland, Belgium, Italy, and a little in Spain, as well as in the United States, in Canada, and in Ireland, and in no place have I seen witnesses so badgered, brow beaten, and, in every way so brutally maltreated, as in England. The way in which we treat our witnesses is a national disgrace, and seriously obstructs instead of aiding the ends of justice. In England the most honorable and conscientious men loathe the witness-box. Men and women of all ranks shrink with terror from subjecting themselves to the wanton insult and bullying, misnamed cross-examination, in our English courts. Watch the tremor that passes the frames of many persons as they enter the witness-box. I remember to have seen so distinguished a man as the late Sir Benjamin Brodie shiver as he entered the witness-box. I dare say his apprehension amounted to exquisite torture. Witnesses are just as necessary for the administration of justice as judges or jurymen, and are entitled to be treated with the same consideration, and their affairs and private lives ought to be held as sacred from the gaze of the public as those of the judges or the jurymen. I venture to think that it is the duty of a judge to allow no questions to be put to a witness unless such as are clearly pertinent to the issue before the court, except where the credibility of the witness is deliberately challenged by counsel, and that the credibility of a witness should not be wantonly challenged on slight grounds.

DEATH OF MRS. RACHAEL LARKIN.

Mrs. Rachael Larkin, widow of the late Thomas O. Larkin, expired at her residence on Stockton street at half-past 5 o'clock Monday morning, October 20th. Mrs. Larkin had been in ill health for many years suffering continually from neuralgia, until her strong constitution finally succumbed to the disease. She was a native of Ipswich, Massachusetts, and at the time of her death was nearly sixty-six years of age. She was the first American lady who came to California, arriving at Monterey in 1832. Mrs. Larkin was widely known and highly esteemed for her many virtues, kindness of heart, and noble character. She leaves four children of mature years surviving—Thomas Oliver, Francis Rogers and Alfred O. Larkin and Mrs. Samson Tams. The estate of the family is very large. The will of the deceased appoints O. L. Kennedy, Charles H. Sawyer and William Harney executors of the estate. [It was the husband of deceased, T. O. Larkin, who sold to Col. Fremont, for $3,000, the Mariposa estate, which has yielded a large sum to its former owners, and is likely more than ever to repeat by its successful workings a profit commensurate with its well-known wealth.—Ed. N. L.]

A Curious Will.—A Hamburg paper relates an extraordinary incident which recently took place in Munich. On the will of a rich Catholic lady, who recently died, occurred the following: "This, my last will and testament, is not to be opened except in the presence of the chief judge, the head of the Catholic faith, and the head of the Jewish congregation." These gentlemen, on opening the will, learned that her property had been assigned to Jews, her words running as follow: "During the whole course of my life I have given my best attention to investigate the various creeds, and I have seen that the Jewish religion is the purest of all; among all nationalities I have never noticed any possessing such good and upright feelings as the Jews. I, therefore, bequeath 60,000 thalers to the heads of the Jewish congregation, to be distributed to each of their charities as they please." The will terminates with these words: "Any person who may presume to disobey my injunctions, and depart from the exact terms of my will, that part more especially connected with the good of the Jews, may the curses inscribed in the Book of their Law rest upon him."

In America, worth makes the man. In France, Worth makes the woman.

Adding insult to injury—Asking a Jew his Christian name.

CALIFORNIA EUREKA PLACARD EXCHANGE

AND

BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Managing Committee of the above institution have the pleasure of giving notice, that after some necessary delay, the Directors are now fully prepared to receive orders for the purchase and sale of lands of the State or elsewhere, such as ranches, private land claims, or public lands of the United States—they having secured the services of Col. Leander Ransom, the well-known Land Agent, who for *ten years was the State Agent for the disposition of the School Lands.* The department is now fully supplied with maps and charts, and every necessary means of information relating to operations in land. Owners of ranches and real estate properties generally, desirous of disposing of the same, will find the Placard Exchange, with its facilities, an excellent medium for bringing their estates under the notice and attention of capitalists. Those, also, who desire to make purchases, either in large or small tracts, will be sure to be accommodated. Maps and charts furnished, and all needful information imparted when required. Large landholders desiring to sell, can have their tracts subdivided into farms, or smaller subdivisions, with maps and accurately calculated quantities of each. Also, all kinds of printing executed with punctuality and dispatch. *Charges moderate.*

Offices open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

NEW FIRM.

San Francisco, Sept. 1st, 1878.—The undersigned beg leave to inform you that they have established themselves in the MERCHANT TAILORING BUSINESS, at 526 Montgomery st. (in the New Building corner of Clay). C. STALLMAN has just returned from New York, where he was engaged in the Fashionable Tailoring Business for eight years, and having formerly been at 424 Montgomery street in this city, in Tailoring, for eleven years, he hopes his many friends will kindly remember him. H. BRUGGEMAN has for the last ten years been cutter at Mr. J. Eisenberg's, and flatters himself to be favorably known to the public. The new firm starts with a large and well assorted stock of the latest novelties in French and English COATINGS, FANCY CASSIMERES, SUITINGS, Etc. Confident of giving the fullest satisfaction to our patrons by the excellence of our stock, by reasonable prices, and by the fashionable style in which we propose to cut and manufacture, we request the favor of an early visit, and remain,
Very Respectfully Yours,
STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,
Merchant Tailors, 526 Montgomery street.
Sept 12.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec 9.]

PIONEER WAREHOUSE,

S. W. Cor. Battery and Filbert streets.—The undersigned are now prepared to receive all kinds of Storage. Rates of storage on Grain—First month, weighing in, free from In Its Dock, opposite our Warehouse, 75 cts per ton. Each month thereafter, 25 cts per ton, Second weighing, 10 cts per ton. Season Storage (including weighing in and out), $1 25 per ton. Grain landed on dock, weighed and delivered to order, or stored without expense or cartage.
Sept 13. UHRIG & REESE.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads thirteen miles from the city, and 100 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.
NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. [May 24.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,
Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agricultural IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS,
August 16. Nos 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

JAMES BEHRENS,
Commission Merchant and Agent 308 Battery street, opposite U. S. Custom House, San Francisco. Importer of the famous ALFRED DE LUZE'S BORDEAUX WINES, CLARETS, SAUTERNES, and CHATEAU YQUEM. Champagnes, French and Domestic. "C. Lauteren's" Rhine Wines. Cordials, Bitters, etc. Oct 11.

REMOVAL.
The Offices of the Southern Pacific Railroad Co., Market Street RAILWAY CO., POTRERO AND BAY VIEW RAILROAD CO. and MISSION BAY BRIDGE CO. will be removed to the New Building, corner of FOURTH AND TOWNSEND STREETS, on Saturday, Oct 11, 1873. Oct 11.

J. H. COLEMAN & CO.,
Late of the Alta, General Collector.—Room 6, No. 420 Montgomery street. Refers to—Messrs. F. MacCrellish & Co.; Richards & Harrison; Cutting & Co.; Geo. C. Shreve & Co. Oct. 11.

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE COMPANY.
Manufacturing Co.'s Offices—405 and 407 Sansome st., San Francisco. Oct. 11.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W. I.—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No 3.
BADEN-BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande.
WIESBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Danieli's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURGH.—Hotel Demuth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel. London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST.-LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel. (Tintern Abbey, 5 miles.)
DUBLIN.—The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel.
EDINBURGH.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel.
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager.
OTTAWA.—Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, E. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC.—Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House, Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Filiberto.
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Banos de Colina, Hotel Santiago.
RIO DE JAN.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—Albion Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phoenix Hotel.
TAHITI.—Fan, Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

A PLAYING-CARD MAKER'S EPITAPH.

"His *card* is *cut*; long days he *shuffl'd* through
The *game* of life, he *dealt* as others do.
Though he by *honors* tell not its amount,
When the *last trump* is *play'd* his *tricks* will *count*."

This is an age of improvements, an era of progress. Old things, old styles of doing things are passing away, and new things and new styles are taking their places. Would it have been said fifty years ago, for instance, that the time was coming when a newspaper reporter would become the commander of a balloon and write items in the clouds? Would it have been said, too, that the time was coming when milk and cream would be no longer needed to produce butter? And yet it is so. The Oleomargarine Manufacturing Co. produce natural butter from clarified animal fat, which is sweet in flavor, delicate to the taste, and in appearance and properties superior to butter made from milk. Samples of the wonderful invention to be seen and tasted at the office and manufactory, 404 and 407 Sansome street, and at the California Placard Exchange, Merchant street.

Seven Sages or Wise Men of Greece.—(1.) Solon of Athens, whose motto was "Know thyself." (2.) Chilo of Sparta—"Consider the end." (3.) Thales of Miletus—"Who hateth suretyship is sure." (4.) Bias of Priene—"Most men are bad." (5.) Cleobulus of Lindos—"The golden mean," or "Avoid extremes." (6.) Pittacus of Mitylene—"Seize time by the forelock." (7.) Periander of Corinth—"Nothing is impossible to industry."

Last Sunday was a scorcher, a day when one felt that had King Richard, the humpback, been walking up California street at about two o'clock in the afternoon, he would have paraphrased his famous exclamation "My kingdom for a horse" into "My kingdom for a drink of something refreshing." Instantly would we have rushed to 18½ Geary street and procured for the thirsty monarch some Napa Soda, and as he drained bottle after bottle of the refreshing fluid, he would roll up his kingly eyes and cry, "This is without exception the pleasantest, healthiest and most energy reviving drink ever man invented!" True, O King, it is.

An inscription on a mural tablet recently put up in Dulverton church is amusing. It ends:

"He was neglected by his doctor,
Treated cruel by his nurse,
His brother robbed his widow,
That makes the matter worse."

The land was troubled. There had been no rain for eight years, and people were beginning to complain of the general dryness of things. At length, in the extremity of their botheration the heads of the people—with their shriveled bodies attached, of course—agreed to interview the Gray Hermit who lived in the hills, and see how he kept himself alive and in such good condition. The explanation was very simple. He showed them a stock of Messrs. C. James King of Wm. & Co.'s magnificent canned goods. "Eat these," growled the hermit, "and you will need nothing else." The heads of the people followed the hermit's advice and once again the land flourisheth.

A certain M. Jouglet, of Paris, is reported to have hit on the means of making artificial sugar. It is the simplest thing in the world; being, it appears, produced by "a synthesis of the constituent atoms of carbon, hydrogen, and oxygen." People who would like to try their hands in this direction, will, perhaps, please make a note of these details, and act accordingly.

Pictured face of heavenly grace,
Features cast in angel's mold,
Can it be a form so rare—
Feels the heat or dreads the cold?

For indeed the face was lovely,
One I never can forget,
One that Houseworth had just taken,
A *delicious* cabinet.

Once a careless man went to the cellar, and stuck the candle in what he thought was a keg of black sand. He sat near it drinking wine until the candle burned low. Nearer and nearer it got to the black sand; nearer and nearer, until the blaze reached the black sand, and as it *was* sand, nothing happened.

That little squabble between Mr. and Mrs. Notabilium, which was so amicably arranged by the purchase of a De La Montanya Union Range, has borne its fruits. The neighbors have solved the problem of the many marital differences that constitute the happiness of married life. Bad cooking and bad temper, they have discovered, go hand in hand to make "hitched up" mortals unhappy. A liberal pitching out of superannuated ranges and purchasing of Union ditto has worked a very miracle. The application of the above is obvious.

"**Whenne thye heade** doth badlye hurte thee,
Whenne a payne thye stommik racks,
Drinke, thenne, for thy healthe a sillovation,
To bleste Bitters Pipifaxxe."

So the ancient crabbed writing,
Written by a man of ruth,
Who, well knowing what we needed,
Left us this transcendent truth.

The St. Louis Democrat says: "Our experience and the history of the past eighteen centuries incline us to the belief that no matter how well you treat a shot-gun, nor how well you bring it up, it will bang the stuffing out of you the very first time it gets a chance."

Would you taste all the pleasures of life,
Ignoring its worries and pain?
You may do it this day if you will,
And over and over again.

Eberhart & Lachman invoke
The joys of the muses nine,
For they sell that which is godlike nectar,
True champagne and native wine.

In Wisconsin, a man reported that he couldn't find a word in the dictionary, because the blasted book hadn't got an index.

What, not visited the Villa, of the Golden Gate Park! What, not been refreshed and cheered by the hospitality of the Mangenbergs! Nonsense, I can't believe it. Well, come at once then; let us take a team and drive there, so that your reputation may be saved. Why, their manner of conducting that establishment is becoming a by-word of praise all over the world.

The Latest Kind of Verdict—"Decidedly guilty, though with some little doubt as to whether he is really the right man." They hanged him anyhow.

Muller's Spectacles *are* unsurpassed. Nobody denies it, of course, but it is so pleasant to reiterate a statement with fervor, when you know that there is no fear of contradiction. So once more, Muller's Spectacles *are* unsurpassed.

It is very easy to say, Take things as they come, but suppose they don't come?

Glory of warrior, glory of song,
Glory of sky and glory of sea,
Glory of virtue, to make right the wrong,
Sing of the glory that is yet to be.

I want no quiet seat of the just,
No dusty old virtue be mine!
Give me my ease 'neath a summer sky,
And a bottle of Gerke wine!

A man in Peoria claims to have a stone that Washington threw at a woodpecker on his father's cherry tree.

We have spoken elsewhere of the mean character of the furniture of auld lang syne. So too, the spinet or harpsichord of our grandfathers and great-grandfathers were as nothing compared with the rich, resonant pianos of to-day. Fancy the ghosts of Handel and Haydn sitting down to a piano made by Hallett & Davis. They would imagine themselves in heaven instanter. The instrument they played on when alive was a wiry piece of weak tintabulation, the pianos of Hallett & Davis are combinations of perfect mechanism and exquisite tone. Wm. G. Badger is the agent.

Ornithology.—"Pray, Lord Robertson," said a lady to that eminent lawyer at a party, "can you tell me what sort of bird the bulbul is?" "I suppose, ma'am," replied the humorous judge, "it is the male of the coo-coo."

You must have noticed what an immense attraction the photograph album has for the bashful visitor; not that there are many trembling, blushing ones of either sex in these advanced times. Well, acting on this knowledge, do you not think you pay a compliment to your visitor by filling your album only with such photographs as are worth looking at? Perfect gems of photographic art are to be procured by having your likeness taken at Bradley & Rulofson. Go there yourself, and as you value your friends, get *them* to go there likewise.

A worthy old lady offers the following advice to girls: Whenever a fellow pops the question, don't blush and stare at your foot. Just throw your arm around his neck, look him full in the face, and commence talking about the furniture.

Drink Schleifer's Brandies and Champagnes,
As it is right to do,
Then you will never brawl and fight,
As it is wrong to do.

Cutting & Co. the agents are
Of these, the liquors best
That can be found, if you search through
This land from East to West.

Josh Billings gives his valuable ideas on the subject of humor: "Humor iz hybrid, and iz a nice cross between sense and nonsense; it iz like the smell of a flower, hard tew diskribe."

Carlyle once in his bitter way called men "clothes-pegs." This epithet applies, indeed, to some men. It applies to those who wear clothes of no shape and no fashion. Nothing looks worse than shapeless clothes, and, on the other hand, nothing looks so well as a suit made of good material, and in good style. Therefore, go to Stallmann & Bruggemann's for your clothes, for they keep the best of everything and make everything up in the newest and best fashion. Their store is at the corner of Montgomery and Clay streets.

A printer was boasting the other day about his wonderful ability to set type. "I know what you can't set," said a comrade. "What is it?" "Two hens on one nest."

The Stranger, when visiting San Francisco, never fails to notice, next to the beauty of its daughters, the wonderfully neat "turn-outs" that are to be met with and seen everywhere. "What delicate, yet strong harness?" is the invariable remark, and a very natural one it is. Almost without exception, the answer might be given that one house in the city supplies most of the sets of harness he notices; at any rate, that it furnishes the best. That house is Main & Winchester, of Sansome street.

Daughter—"Well, to tell the truth, I do not think much of the close of the sermon." Father—"Probably you were thinking more of the clothes of the congregation."

The recent exposures of the fraudulent practices and slip-shod manner in which the affairs of the Board of Education and Palmer & Co. have been conducted, prove incontestably the necessity of carrying out business on a right footing, so that there may be no fear of the exposure which inevitably comes sooner or later. If the contract for the supply of the school furniture had been given to Messrs. Gilbert & Moore, the best manufacturers, everything would be bunkey.

A colporteur in Kansas was told that "this 'ere region ain't much on Bibles, but if you want to make money, bring us out a load of shot-guns."

Milk, it is stated by hygienists, is one of the healthiest articles of diet. In this we concur, but who does not know of the ecstatic lusciousness of *milk punch*? Ah, that's the drink to sweep the cobwebs from your head and clear out the dusty corners of your heart! Yes, but the difficulty is, what liquor to make it of? Not the slightest difficulty in the world. In this city, Hotaling is the agent for Cutter's Whisky, a liquor of quality unparalleled. It is sold everywhere, and is *the* panacea.

Who was the straightest man mentioned in the Bible? Joseph—because Pharaoh made a ruler of him.

"**Give Dayrolles a chair**," were Chesterfield's last words. It is well said of this heartless piece of ultra-politeness, that this quality was at that moment a chrism to him. But what a chair it was that was brought; stiff-backed, hard-seated, spindle-shanked, and generally uncomfortable. Now-a-days furniture is made for comfort. For ease, combined with elegance and finish, commend us to Cole, the paragon upholsterer and furniture manufacturer.

A good sermon is like a kiss—it requires but two heads and an application.

The verdict of the connoisseurs has been given, and is now to be recorded. At a meeting of all the San Francisco *bon vivants*, held last evening, it was resolved and carried *nem con*: "That the best oysters we have ever eaten or ever expect to eat are those called the Saddle Rock, and which are alone sold by Emerson Corville, of this city. We give him our blessing. Selah!"

How to raise beets—Take hold of the tops and pull.

An Extended Popularity.—Each year finds "Brown's Bronchial Troches" in new localities in various parts of the world. For relieving Coughs, Colds, and Throat Diseases, the Troches have been *proved* reliable.

Open to Conviction—A pickpocket.

Harry Blanken keeps the Six-Mile House on the San Bruno Road. Need we say more? No, we would not so insult our readers. To know where Harry Blanken is, is to call on him.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,
517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

R. S. CLYDE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.—Entrance to Office, 622 Clay st., and 625 Merchant street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco. [Oct 1.

QUICKSILVER.
For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street over Bank of California. Nov. 16.

JOHN OSBORNE,
Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, Main street, Los Angeles. June 17.

COURT CHAT.

Grants to the Royal Family.—The annual grants to members of the Royal Family—in addition to the £385,000 to the Queen—will now be augmented to £142,000. The Prince of Wales receives £40,000, the Princess of Wales, £10,000, the Duke of Edinburgh, £25,000 (inc'ud ng the addition just proposed), Prince Arthur, £15,000, Princess Royal, £8,000, Princess Alice, £6,000, Princess Helena, £6,000, Princess Louise, £6,000, the Duchess of Cambridge, £6,000, the Duke of Cambridge, £12,000, Princess Mary, £5,000, and the Princess Augusta, £3,000.

The custodian of what has been Garibaldi's straw stuffed bed in Ischia was heard to mutter, on seeing a lady carrying away a few straws as a relic, "They will do it; I've stuffed it six times already since the general left;" and it is commonly observed that the Royal George and "Napoleon's willow" must have possessed a wonderful power of "reconstruction." A correspondent relates that on the occasion of the late pilgrimage to Paray-le-Monial no fewer than 8,000 pilgrims helped themselves to a twig from the small thicket of nut trees surrounding the statue of the "Blessed."

The London Times has achieved the champion printer's error. In a report of the Archbishop of York's sermon lately, before the British Association, the *Times* said "The Postoffice telegraph, which best interprets this age, tells you the best you can come to in that line of thought:

> 'And falling with my weight of cares
> Upon the great world's altar stairs
> That slope through darkness up to God,
> Stretch the lame hands of faith and grope
> And gather dust and chaff, and call
> To what I feel is Lord of all,
> And faintly trust the larger hope.'"

The words "Postoffice telegraph" should have been "Poet Laureate." The error must have somewhat perplexed Mr Scudamore.

Notwithstanding the courtesies exchanged between the Sultan and his much talked-of visitor, it is pretty certain that no real reconciliation has taken place, so far at least as the dispute about the supremacy in Islam is concerned. A decisive test of this was the service performed the other day in the mosque, at which the Shah could only accompany the Sultan if he recognized his claim to the caliphate. The Shah did not attend the service, from which it is inferred that the dispute still remains unsettled.

The 13th Hussars have long prided themselves on the possession of an aged mare, of great interest, owing to her being one of the few remaining horses that took part in the celebrated charge of Balaklava. During the last few days this animal has been sent from Colchester to the Royal Mews at Buckingham Palace for presentation to the Queen. The animal, which belonged to the Colonel, who is about leaving the regiment, is said to be twenty-seven years of age.

M. Thiers was well received at Lucerne. Several addresses were presented to him, and we gather from his reply that however the Duc de Broglie and Marshal McMahon may favor a Monarchy, he at least is still a Republican, and upon the ground that it is the only form of government that breathes the liberty he covets. He has, he tells us, devoted his life to found liberty in France.

A while ago a farmer in the Highlands lost his wife, and out of love for her memory, called his estate "Glenmary." A neighbor having met with the same affliction, and equally desirous of keeping before him the image of his dear departed, followed his example, and his farm is known by the name of "Glenbetsy."

The will, with seven codicils, of Her Majesty Caroline Auguste, Empress Dowager of Austria, born Princess of Bavaria, who died at Vienna on February 9th last, was proved in London, by Count Philip Cavriani, the sole executor named in the fourth codicil, the personalty subject to the jurisdiction of the English Court being sworn under £8,000.

The great ones of the earth are dying off. Last week we noticed the death of the Emperor of Morocco, and now foreign papers report the death of the King of Dahomey. He was so unpopular, that only twenty of his women were sacrificed on his grave instead of the usual thousand.

Her Majesty the Queen and Princess Beatrice are still at Balmoral. Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales is still at Abergeldie. His Royal Highness Prince Leopold, who has recently been the guest of the Duke and Duchess of Argyll at Inverary Castle, is now at Balmoral.

The Pope has received a letter from Don Carlos, in which the writer declares himself the faithful servant of His Holiness, and makes a promise that, as soon as he enters Madrid, he will lay the foundation-stone of a church to be dedicated to the Sacred Heart.

The Cunard Company's steamer Java, which arrived in Liverpool recently, from New York, brought the Japanese Prince T. R. Nabesionia. He was accompanied by his secretary, Q. Daba, and is going out to the Continent to complete his education.

The death of Sir Richard Frederick, Bart., captain on half-pay, in the English army, is announced, aged 93. This officer has been on half-pay since the year 1799!

The King of Denmark is now in Italy. He is at Turin with his son and a small suite. His Majesty is traveling under the name of Count Falster.

The Pope is said to have expressed much astonishment at the reception Victor Emmanuel met with in Vienna.

On the announcement that Mr Lowe was to be Home Secretary, the clerks of the Treasury indulged in a champagne supper, and the clerks of the Home Office put on complimentary mourning.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Tuesday, September 30th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) to Stockton only, connecting at Lathrop with Express Train for Merced, Visalia, Delano, and Los Angeles.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND AND ALAMEDA FERRY.

From San Francisco to Alameda—"Daily"—7:00, 8:00, 9:30, and 10:30 A. M., 12:00 M., 2:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00 and 10:30 P. M. "Sundays only"—11:00 A. M., and 1:30 P. M.

From San Francisco to Fruit Vale—"Daily, except Sundays"—7:30, 9:00 and 10:00 A. M.; 5:00 and 10:30 P. M.

From San Francisco to Brooklyn—"Daily"—7:30, 8:00 and 10:30 A. M., 12:00 M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, and 9:30 P. M. "Daily, except Sundays"—11:00 A. M. and 11:45 P. M. "Sundays only"—9:30, 11:30 A. M., and 12:30 P. M.

From Brooklyn to San Francisco—"Daily"—6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40 and 10:40 A. M., 12:40, 2:40, 3:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:40, and 10:40 P. M. "Daily, except Sundays"—9:55 A. M. "Sundays only"—11:40 A. M., and 1:25 P. M.

From Alameda to San Francisco—"Daily"—7:00, 8:00 and 9:00 A. M., 3:35, 5:00, 6:00 and 7:00 P. M. "Daily, except Sundays"—6:30, 11:00 A. M., and 1:30 P. M. "Sundays only"—9:30, 11:00 A. M., 12:30 and 4:00 P. M.

From Fruit Vale to San Francisco—"Daily, except Sundays"—6:55, 8:00 and 11:05 A. M., 4:35 and 6:05 P. M.

☞ All Trains stop at "Broadway Station," Oakland.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—San Francisco		9 10 a m	*3 30 p m	†4 45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5 .0 p m	7 00 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	1 25 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 00 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	2 25 p m		
Soledad	Arrive	4 2 p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2 30 p m		
Tres Pinos.	Arrive	2 55 p m		

Trains North.		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train.
Leave—Tres Pinos				1 55 a m
Hollister				11 30 a m
Soledad				9 5 a m
Salinas				11 5 a m
Castroville				1 30 a m
Pajaro				12 20 p m
Gilroy				1 2. p m
San Jose		†6 30 a m	7 0 a m	3 00 p m
San Francisco	Arrive	8 0 a m	10 10 a m	5 30 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:30 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:30 p m

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4.35 a m, arrive at San Francisco at 1 0 p m

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1 0 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11 30 a m

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8:30 and 11 a. m., 1 and 4 p. m. Saucelito at 7:30 and 9:30 A. M., 2:30 and 5 p. m. On Saturday, from Saucelito, at 7:30 and 11 A. M., 1, 3 and 5 p. m., from San Francisco at 10 and 12 m., 2 and 4 p. m. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6 30 a m. SUNDAY TIME.—Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 m., 2 and 4 p. m. Leave Saucelito, 11 A. M., 1, 3 and 5 p. m. H. A. LONG, President.
April 12. 327 Montgomery street.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 10, 1874, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad) will leave as follows: San Francisco, 8 a. m., 1:30 p. m., 4:30 p. m. San Rafael, Leave 11 a. m., 2:30 p. m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a m., 5:00 p. m. San Rafael, 8:00 a. m., 3:30 p m. W. H. TAYLOR, President
Aug. 21. C. C. S. N. Co.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the greatest ash and hickory woods, at the same time without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 20.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 5, 1873, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 a.m. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. W. H. TAYLOR, President
Aug 21 C. C. S. N. Co.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving all the inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for freckles, tan, pimples, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles 1s. 6d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 28. 150 Oxford st., London

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce.—The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 2.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary, Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm Harney, H. B. Byrne, F. C. Pinnole, E. M. Freund, H. Tranke, F. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. Mehrmele, J. C. Langton, J. T. Emerson, Adam Smith, Anton Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent.
Office—324 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 11.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California street. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 11. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons. to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM
March 23.] Agents, 123 Front street

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Building.
Justices—604 Montgomery st.
County Jail—City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Third District—Mechanics Institute Building.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street.
Nineteenth District—Dealer's Building, Kearny near Cal.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Atty.—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—430 California street.
City Physician—Co'nty Hospital.
Coroner—608 Clay street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old Merchants' Exch'nge.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
State's House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 11, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—23 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Health Office—14 Geary st.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—Pine street, bet. Pierce and Steiner.
Quarantine—521 Jackson st.
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and East.
Harbor Police—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following correspondents:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 9 Cannon street. Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austinfriars. Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Walduck, Secretary. Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary. Pacific Saw Mills (Hakodadi), Armstead & Co. agents, 101 Threadneedle street. Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane; Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mills Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane. Amoy Dock Co., John Pook, agent, Lime st. Square. Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co. agents, Crown court, Philpot Lane. North China Insurance Co., 6 Cornhill, J. B. Mackintosh, secretary. Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co. agents, 3 Lombard st. Union Insurance Co. of Canton, D. Sl, Palmer & Co. agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street. Hongkong Insurance Co., Gladstones & Co. agents, 26 Austin friars; China Traders Insurance Co., Hongkong Fearon & Co. agents, 31 Great St. Helens. China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co. agents, 10 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st. Ceylon Co., Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad st., R. A. Cameron Secy. Borneo Co., 7 Mincing Lane, Wm Martin, Manager. Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (limited) of Singapore, Martaggart, Tidman & Co. agents, 31 Great St. Helens. Banks—Agra Bank, 23 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, chairman. Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Old Broad street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager. Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street. Deutsche Bank, "Actien Gesellschaft" of Berlin, agencies. National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within; German Bank of London, Bartholomew Lane. Hope Bank of Rotterdam, Union Bank of London agents. Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, Lombard street. National Bank of India, R. O. Sewers, Chief Manager, 80 King William street. Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending October 18, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, October 13th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Martha B Hunt to Patrick Conlin..	E Stevenson, 210 n 20th, n 25x80—sub M B 67	$ 100
Bd of Tide Land Com to C J Flatt	Lot 1, blk 520, Tide Lands	230
Silver Ter Hd Assn to G C Landis	Lots 11, 12, 13, 14, Sil Terrace Hd	1,234
Mathew Swift to Joseph Devitt ..	Lot 9, blk 11, West End Map 2	200
Joseph Dieves, Sr to R C Johnson	W Mason 68:9 s Vallejo s 68:9 x w 100—subject to a mortgage for $8,000	2,500
Andrew J Coffee to Same........	W Mason, 137:6 n Broadway n 68:9x100	5
Elizth Jenkins to William De Gooy	N Francisco, 91:8 w Mason, n 120, e 22:11, s 40, e 68:9, s 20 w 68:9, e 60 w 22:11 to com; also, w Mason, 100 s Bay, s 20x68:9; also w Powell, 60 s Bay, s 20x68:9	....
City and Co of San Fco to M Baker	Portions Outside Lands blk 95, 96, 97, also blk 98, 99, 100, 101, 102; also por blk 103, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155: also, com at a pt 600 n fr Cala, 99:6 e fr 33d Ave, n 9 deg, w 6:2-11 cb, contg 63 71-100 acres	....
A M Randolph to R K Randolph.	S Bush, 167:9 w Hyde, w 77:3 x s 137:6—subdivision 50 v 1367	1
J R Randolph to A M Randolph...	E Montgomery, 62:6 n Post, n 50, e 87:6, s 25, w 25, s 25, w 62:6 to com	1
Jos A Hoffmann to Anton Roman.	Se Octavia and Green, e 53:5 x s 137:6	5
Thos S Miller to Wm H Sharp. ...	50 v 1455—se cor Lombard and Kearny, e 137:6 x e 137:6	3,000

Tuesday, October 14th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Henry F Williams to S M Wilson .	Und 3-16 blk 166, 167, 168, Potrero Nuevo	$ 10
Maurice Eukle to Paolo Reale	N Green 137:6 e Dupont, e 20:3 x n 70:6—sub 50 v 376, subj to a deed of trust for $1,434	2,665
Sil Ter Hd Assn to August Muller.	Lot 69, Silver Terrace Hd.	322
Same to Same ..	Lots 96, 97, 99, Silver Terrace Hd	1,007
David Hewes to George M Condee	Nw Townsend, 68:9 sw 4th, sw 22:11 x nw 120—sub S B and w 14	6,000
Jas Lick to Cala Academy Science	Se Market, 195 sw 4th, se 195, sw at an of 45 deg to a pt 275 feet fr ael Market, nw 275 to Market, ne 60 to com sub 100 v 126	Gift
Bd Tide Land Com to C J Flatt ..	Lot 16, blk 520, Tide Lands	180
Same to Jonathan Peel	Lots 1 to 12, 14 to 24, blk 846, Tide Lands	720
J B Pelton to Henry Pichoir......	S 17th 270 e Valencia, e 10 x s 100—sub M B 69	800
E L Sullivan to Henry McCrea	Se Clement and 10th Ave, e 240 x s 225; also, nw Pt Lobos Ave and 9th Ave, w 240 x n 225; also, nw A and 6th Ave, w 240 x n 225, also, se Pt Lobos Ave and 7th Ave, e 240 x s 255, also, blk 295 and 290, Outside Lands	5
L F Thompson to E L Sullivan ...	Barstow s Ranch, containing 173 acres	1
John D Knell to Fredk G E Tittel .	N Page, 137:6 w Franklin, w 27:6 x n 120—sub W A 142	3,000
Wm Hollis to John Livingston....	E Guerrero, 130 n Ridley, n 25 x e 80—sub M B 22	3,000
E W Burr to Henry Barroilhet ...	Lots 11, 12, blk 18, Noe Garden Hd, also, lots 7, 8, blk 36, and 5, 6, blk 7, E Hd	1
George Ellis to Matthew Mogan ..	Com at a pt 75 w from Devisadero, 125 n fr Geary, w 25 x s 52 sub W A 605	800

Wednesday, October 15th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Donald Bruce to Johanna Haggerty	W Williams 82:6 n Geary, n 25x50	$ 110
Pelton Tract H Assn to J M Pike.	Lots 21, 22, 23 & 24, blk 120, Pelt T Hd	683
Thos De Vries to Maria Peeck ...	S Broadway e Kearny, 37 6x57:6	4,200
Wm Warner to Geo H Mitchell....	Lot 17 blk 4 College Hd	5
Wm Hollis to A J Gunnison	E Stockton n Sacramento, 25x93:9	3,500
Isaac Rowell to L L Robinson	S Washington n Cherry, e etc	250
Benj F Arnold to Wm W Knight	Se M st 100 e cor 5th Ave etc	100
Francis Ross to John Parnell	Lots 1 to 13 inc, Gift Map 2	1,860
Harris Myers to L R White	Undiv half 18 acres near Lone M Cem.	1,500
Peter S McNeil to Emil Loeven	S Clay, 60 w Hyde, s 72 x w 20	150
Spring Val H'd Ass'n to B Lassens	Lots 166 and 167, Spring Valley H'd	720
Edward H Parker to J F Hough.	N Pine w Laguna, 68:9 x n 137:6	6,000
Jeremiah Baldwin to Ellen Flynn	E Florida n Butte, 25x100	700
Michael Brogan to E McLaughlin	S Hunt 80 e 3d, s 55, e 5¾ in, n etc	5
James Lick to Soc Cal Pioneers	Subdiv 100 v 126	Gift
John Nuttall to Thomas Adam	W Gough n Grove, n 35:4x137:6	5,200
Thos Gardiner to John McGlashan	N Post 52 w Dupont, 23x74	11,000
Martha B Hunt to Land Pur Ass'n	E Stevenson s 19th, 25x80	123
J C Hillemann to Wm Gelman	Se Turk and Van Ness Av, s 120x100	6,050
Wm Gelman to Land Purch Ass'n	E Van Ness Ave n Turk, 70x190	1
Ger Sav & Building Co to F Staud.	E Steiner s Waller, 91x81:3	720
F Staud to Ger Sav & Building Co.	Sw Van Ness Ave and Fulton w 109:9 x s 120 sub W A 73, subj to mortgage.	18,000
E McLaughlin to Michael Brogan	S Hunt e 3d, s 22, etc	5

Thursday, October 16th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Samuel R Dyer to J B Laporte....	N Oak, 27:6 e Franklin, e 27:6 x n 120—subdivision W A 71	$3,650
J P Laporte to David Pomeroy....	Same	3,650
A J Gunnison to A J Plate	E Guerrero, 158:9 n 18th, n 25 x e 96:9—subdivision M B 70	950
Edwd Martin to Mary E Tillman ..	N Hayes, 81:3 w Laguna, w 25 x n 120—subdivision W A 222	1,700
Jas Patterson to Edward Sweeney.	W Folsom, 42:8¾ n 23d, w 80 x n 22:8¾—subdivision M B 128	4,500
E Snakind to Dorothea Rosenberg	Sw Ellis and Hyde, s 137:6 x w 137:6—subdivision 50 v 1311	5
Commrs Funded Debt to J Roche.	S cor Stewart and Howard, sw 45:10 x se 23—subdivision B and W 731	73
Jas Roche to W T Tinnin.........	Same	500
Bd of Tide Land Com to C J Flatt	Lot 2, blk 559, Tide Lands	180
Chris D Wyatt to M L Selfridge...	Sw Cala and Pierce, w 137:6 x s 137:6—subdivision W A 426	4,500
John Allen to Jeremiah Riordan	N Broadway, 68:6 e Leavenworth e 23 x n 60	1,200
John H Hassell to John Hassell	Lot 16 blk 61, Buena Vista Homestead,	$ 250
Harrison St Hd Assn to J McCarty	Lot 26 blk 142, Harrison St Hd....	800
Same to Frederic Preatorious.....	Lot 25, same	800

Friday, October 17th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
S A Morrison to Edward Ford	S McAllister, 137:6 w Scott, s 137:6 x w 137:6—subdivision W A 419	$ 800
Jas Lick to California Pioneers ...	Sw 4th, 105 se Market, sw 125, thence at an angle 45 deg sw to pt dist 275 sw fr 4th, n 275, nw 80 to com	Gift
Geary St Ex Hd Asn to J F Byxbee	Lot 40, blk 562	350
John M Martin to John Darby....	S Natoma, 175 sw 7th, sw 24:7 x ne 75	1,000
Benj H Ramsdell to G S Wright ..	Lots 135, 163, 139, 140, blk 23, Mission and 30th St Hd	100
Julius George to J W Prior.	Re-record	....
J P McKenna to Geo D Gilmour..	Sw Garden, 225 se Harrison, se 60 x sw 75	2,000
Frank P Taylor to John Everding	S Francisco, 160:6 w Mason, w 23 x 55—subdivision 50 v 1496	800
John P Beering to Same.......	S Francisco, 183:6 w Mason, w 10 x 55—subdivision 50 v 1496	375
J L Eoff to Elizth Livingston.....	Se 29th Ave and Clement, e 10:3 s 6 deg 30 min, e 73:1; also, s Clement, 10:2 e 29th Ave, e 56:11, s 6 deg 30 min, e 64.	600
Amos Mecartney to M O Connor	Lot 95, Precita Valley Lands	475
James S Hanlin to D Gonzalez ..	Lot 5, blk L, R R Hd	300
Same to J J Fraser	Lot 6, blk 82, Terminus Hd	600
J J Fraser to John McPherson ..	W ½ Same	600
Silver Ter Hd Assn to J Grodman	Lot 716, Silver Terrace Hd	815
Henry Mahan to John W Nye ...	Lot 11, blk 643, Point Lobos Ave Hd	400
John W Nye to John F Byxbee ..	Same	350
F L A Pioche to Wm F Smith. ..	Lots 33, 34, blk 45, City Land Assn	180
Jacob Haaf to Margaretha Haaf.	N Eddy, 225 w Larkin, w 50 x 120	Gift

Saturday, October 18th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
A de L de Laguna to T McInerney	Lot 15, blk 223, Golden City Hd, also, lot 6, blk 256, Golden City Hd, and part of Marin St, subject to mort for $300....	$ 400
Daniel Ryan to John Duff.	N Broadway, 57:1 e Maple, e 219:1, n 343, sw to e l Maple, s 251:3, se 57:6 to com	1,000
Solomon Marks to Jas Ambros ...	S Sacto, 79:6 e Powell, e 23:0¾ x s 68:9—subdivision 50 v 123	3
Wendel Gebhardt to H N Cook ...	S Santa Clara, 100 w Penn Ave, s 250, w 100, ne to com—subdivision P N 306.	5,000
Timothy Ellworth to Geo W Fink.	Se Minna, 70 sw 8th, sw 195 x 80—sub 100 v 296, also, lots Nos 16 to 31 inc, e ½ lot 15, blk 251, O'N and H; also, se Market, 109 sw Sanchez, s 154 x se 110; also, 50 v lots 2, 3, 4, 5, in W A blk 558; also, lot on Dolores, 23 x 100 M B 76; also, lots 44, 45, blk 3 Garden Ter Hd, also, lots 35, 36, blk 559, Bay Park Hd	14,000
R W Kent to Amelia A Brown ...	S Clark 100 w Drum, w 37:6 x s 60; also, w Hubbard, 112:6 s Howard, w 112:6 x s 82:6 subject to mortgage	1,635
Richard Broderick to A Hayward .	N Post, 91:8 w Jones, w 22:11½ x 68:9—sub 50 v 1083, subject to mort.........	7,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending Oct. 21, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
J J Gardiner to Rev J Eells	Oakland: 150 Hobart 970 Delger 216 Telegraph Ave	21,000
E J Smith to T S Calvin	Same: W 1 Webster, 4 s fr Merrimac, thence s 50x125	5,000
J Scott to E E Fisher	Same: 50x125 se cor 30th and Linden..	1,500
W H Smith to S D Ashmore	Same: S 1 14th, 88 e from West, thence e 30x100	1,000
J D Felton to J W Brumagim.....	Same: 125x527 bd s by 24th, n by 26th, w by Filbert	5
J R Browne to N F Craven.	Same: N 1 1st, 75 w fr Madison, thence w 75x100	5
J S Butler to J Scott	Same: 50x125 se cor 30th and Linden...	1,600
G E Hawley to J Clement.	Alameda: 50x150:5 ne cor Park & Buena Vista; also, n 1 Buena Vista 150:5 e fr Park, thence e 50x150	1,250
W D Clement to J Caldwell	Same: S 1 Washington 192:7 e fr Park, thence e 50-2x106	300
B Altamirano to C Duerr	Near Livermore: 6, 48, 40 acres	3,500
A Mesa to B Altamirano	Same: 168 acres	800
J D Poyoreno to Same..	Same: 6 acres	1
C Duerr to Baker & Eadon	Same: 16, 18, 10 acres	4,000
W Cahill to N Rose. ..	San Leandro: 5 acs, rd to Wicks' Landg	1,200
A Bernal to Duerr & Mushbaumer.	Near Pleasanton: 128 acres	1,000
J R Browne to S C Browne	Oakland T'p: 1¼ acs part plot 73	1,500
L Guarini to G Garibaldi .	Same: Lots 6, 50, blk 1 Maxwell Tract	700

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Oct 21

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records). Office, Adjoining the COURT HOUSE, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to the Court House. ☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. Sept. 13.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 324 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 31.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 417 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan 25

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4 No. 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE.

Most reverently do we regard religious opinions honestly entertained. Conscientious convictions of faith, accompanied by such fruit of good works as tend to elevate men and make them better citizens, challenge the admiration of all intelligent people. The Christian religion commended itself to the Pagan world by the contrast of its simplicity and purity. Its Christ was the son of a carpenter, its apostles from the fishermen of Galilee, its worshipers from the poor and lowly of the land, the cradle of its God a manger, his glorious end the cross and his crown of thorns. The lives of the Saviour, his worshipers, and the early followers of the new religion, were times of trial, self sacrifice, and their deaths were martyrdom. Hence it is, then, when we regard the church of the later times—its bold pretensions to administer worldly affairs, its gorgeous churches, its splendid cathedrals and palaces, its priests in splendid vestments, its grand ceremonies, its Pope with tiara of gold, its Cardinals in cloths of becoming crimson, its Bishops sitting in Parliament as Lords, its Palace of Lambeth, the toiling million sweating in labor to support its voluptuous ministrations, its pageants and its hollow and pretentious mockeries—we contrast it with the life of Him who had no place where to lay His head; His apostles, who went forth without scrip or purse; its early martyrs, who suffered death. We look upon cathedral piles—so rich in carvings in marble, so glowing in beauty of stained glass, their altars adorned with precious jewels, mosaicked with precious stones and covered with embroideries of gold and silver—in contrast with the simplicity of worship in apostolic times, and through those later centuries, when Christians were hunted in caves and desert places, where they fled for safety to worship God. When the irreverent and unchristian American heard that, for the purpose of uniting Christian sects, for bridging over the gulfs that divided denominations, and for the purpose of bringing back the Church of Christ to the simplicity and purity of its earlier days, an Evangelical Alliance had been formed to meet in New York, we all looked on with favor, and hoped some good would come of it. In aid of this effort, the secular press gave it encouragement. It has met, and talked, and prayed, and feasted; it has uttered liberal sentiments; it has been wined, and dined, and examined. Some few honest men of the Episcopal Church partook of the sacrament with Presbyterians, and lo! the fires of sectarian jealousy burst out afresh. The last act was a pilgrimage to Washington, not with sandal shoon, and scallop shell, not with staff and scrip, but a jolly crowd in palace cars. More like troubadours than pilgrims, they reached the capital and stopped at Willard's Hotel. "On the morning of October 15th, they proceeded to the rotunda of the Capitol, where they all joined in singing their nation, the song being rendered with a hearty good-will. All then passed out of the east door upon the portico, singing, as they marched, the hymn

> Lord, when thou didst ascend on high,
> Ten thousand angels filled the sky.

When all being properly grouped, their photographs were taken, and after this, at the request of Dr Sunderland, they all sang the hymn

> Jesus shall reign where'er the sun
> Does his successive journey run

This was sung while all remained standing with joined hands. Another song was sung, a prayer was offered up by Dr. Rogers, and all repeated the Lord's Prayer. Rev Dr Marston, of London, recited the Protestant Church creed, and all joined in singing the Doxology, "Praise God, from whom all blessings flow." Here the happy announcement was made that the hotel bills of all foreign members had been paid, whereupon three cheers were proposed and given for Doctor Tiffany. The Doctor then announced an invitation from Governor Shepherd to a banquet at Willard's Hotel. Three cheers were then given for the President, and three cheers for the whole world. The delegates were then shown through the Capitol, the halls of both Houses, the library, the marble room, etc., etc. A Brahmin convert, the Reverend Narayan Sheshadri, from Bombay, was an object of interest to the crowd by reason of his peculiar dress and his white turban. Omnibuses were provided and the members visited other places of interest. At the banquet were said blessings, grace and prayers; speeches by Governor Shepherd, Dr. Tiffany and Dr Rigg, Dr Arnot, of Belgium, Bishop Simpson and the Dean of Canterbury made short speeches, with applause duly interlarded, cheers and 'hear,' 'hear.' Votes of thanks were returned to their entertainers, "Old Hundred" was sung, and the visitors took the 3 p. m. train for the North." Now, this may be all very pious and very evangelical, but to us it reads very much like a fire company from San Francisco visiting Benicia, or a volunteer military company from San Andreas coming to San Francisco. We cannot conceive of an early band of Christians making a picnic excursion from Jerusalem to Athens, sight-seeing around the acropolis, giving three cheers for the King of Greece, and singing songs through the streets of the capital, banqueting and cheering like fire laddies out from home having a good time. To us this seems undignified, or perhaps we should say good fying. It jars upon our nerves, and suggests something else than glorifying the Redeemer. It smacks of the earth earthy. It smacks of the flesh-pots. We think Apostles would not have been dead-headed through Judea or gone junketing upon a pleasure trip. We can't fancy St. Paul, or the Apostle Peter or the modest John proposing three cheers and a tiger for Cæsar.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL STEAL.

The defective condition of many of our public institutions is rarely surmised. The utter rottenness of the educational department is a glaring fact. Although two-thirds of the taxes are appropriated to the use of the schools, they are continually out of funds. It is reported that the teachers will get no pay until January, and what, with their extravagant high schools, their music, their drawing, their mahogany furniture, and their investigations, it is small wonder that there is little left to pay the ordinary and necessary expenses. Many are concerned to know why gentlemen should desire to be members of the Board of Education when the position draws no stipend. A thorough investigation of affairs during the past few years will reveal a lot of goodly perquisites to some of them. It is but justice to state that all have not had a finger in the pie. In that time teachers have been elected with whom merit, ability or capability have been no criterion whatever. Their friends alone secured their elections. In some cases a good round sum has been paid down for it. In others, the poor, hard-worked girl has been obliged to pay a certain amount monthly from her mite to the member who secured her a position. In the recent furniture steal, if steal it was—it is not generally understood how the Committee profited by the contractor's overcharges. A tidy commission will explain the business, if the business be ever explained. It is true, the usual Committee of Investigation has been appointed, but the gentlemen who compose it having been so long fellow-workers with the suspected, will feel a little natural delicacy about pressing too hard upon the disagreeable. ... of the position, and we shall probably never hear the entire truth of it. The Committee of Investigation should not have been chosen from among themselves, but from among citizens of integrity and public spirit, who would not have hesitated to show up everything in its true colors. In fact, the whole school department needs an overhauling when such a man as MacNamara, with several families at his heels, is allowed to preside in a Reform School, or members of the Board live in open shame. Credit is due Mr Plunkett, the infuriated monster, as Philip Prior calls him, who, together with one or two others, have fought for the good of the schools with a fury which sacrificed his dignity, maybe, but was not altogether out of place among the crowd with whom he had to deal. But neither he nor any of them should be allowed to investigate the furniture steal. As the public pays over the money which has been stolen, they have a right to know whither it has gone. Whether into the pockets of contractors or Committees on Supplies, or into any other of the numberless channels into which school money finds its way, for very few know how many in the employ of the Department consider the school funds legitimate plunder.

Bancroft & Co are achieving greatness. They are fast becoming, in their way, very widely known, not only in California, but in the Atlantic States. When an individual or a business firm is so perfect, openly honest that everybody doing business with them "hasten so eagerly to praise," as every one does who has dealings with Bancroft & Co., then we may be sure how great they are. "Tom Pepper was kicked out of hell for lying." Tom was too great even for hell.

THE OLD ALBUM.

> I've drawn thee from thy hiding place,
> Relic of bygone days,
> Again thy gilded leaves to trace,
> Thy well-known garb to praise,
> To bring thee to the glaring light
> From out thy silent nook;
> Come, tell old tales of moments bright,
> Thou long neglected book!
>
> How first the faded lines I trace,
> Penned by a gentle hand,
> They bring to me the fairest face
> That graced a youthful band,
> Sweet playmate of my earlier years,
> Companion of the past,
> Thou hast forgot thy life of tears
> In happier realms at last.
>
> What fairy fingers held the pen
> That traced *this* dainty page!
> It bears the date of other years
> And seems quite pale with age.
> Ah! I remember me of one
> Just then become a bride,
> She smiles a careful matron now,
> With prattlers at her side.
>
> Thou mak'st me sad, thou gilded toy!
> And as I gaze on thee
> I think how time and change have
> Their shadows o'er me [thrown
> The flush of youth has vanished now,
> Friends severed far and wide,
> The curls that waved on many a brow
> Time's silvery footmarks hide.
>
> Go back, then, to thy silent nook,
> Memento of the past,
> Thou tell'st a tale, my long loved book,
> Of years that flow too fast,
> And read'st a lesson to my heart
> Perused full oft before
> That hopes must fade and friends must part
> Till life's dark day is o'er.

San Francisco, Oct. 25, 1878.

THE GENTLE CAPTAIN.

On the twelfth of May, in this year of grace and freedom, 1878, the good ship *Sunrise* put to sea from Sandy Hook, and on the 27th of September, in the same year of grace and happy freedom, she arrived in the harbor of San Francisco. The voyage lasted one hundred and twenty-eight days, and during those four months and fifteen days such horrors were practiced on board the ship by the Captain and his mates as must have tested pretty severely the belief of the sailors in the existence of an Avenging God. From a perusal of the reports of the examination of the witnesses in the present trial of Captain Clarke, now being held in the United States Circuit Court, before Judge Sawyer and a jury of honest, intelligent men, we are impressed with two facts. First that the men were marvels of cowardly subordination, and, secondly, that the mate Harris and the Captain Clarke are two animals, supposed to be men, who would have shamed the inquisitorial fanatics in persistent and untiring torture. From five minutes after the *Sunrise* bore anchor to five minutes before she reached her journey's end these dreadful, terrible, awful cruelties were practiced. Witness after witness has come up and sworn to such a catalogue of frivolous indignities as make our very blood boil. For the more petty offences—for dropping tar on the deck, or forgetting the name of a rope—they were beaten and kicked as no hound was ever yet beaten and kicked. With sticks, with ropes, with iron bars, with the boot, with knives, with the closed fist, with heavy buckets, were these wretched men struck, and bruised, and battered, and maimed. The crew consisted of fifteen men and two boys, exclusive of the boatswain and cook, and yet Harris is free, escaped and uninjured, and Captain Clarke drives down to the Court in comfort, holds bold pleasant chat with not one scratch on his body from the hands of a crew turned to cowards! And the crew! How any man can read of the extremity to which they were driven and sit calmly and quietly is a mystery. With a blackened, bruised breast, Jean Brand, a Frenchman, dropped overboard and found peace two days after they lost the land. With a maimed, battered body—good God, what must have been his bitterness of heart! John Cond(?) a landsman dropped overboard five days after. Preferring the Unknown to present misery, Francis Corrigan, a boy dropped overboard, too. When? Of all days in the year, gentlemen of the jury—on the Fourth of July! What does Colonel Barnes sneer out that it was on "the anniversary of American independence in this free and happy land" that the boy Corrigan was driven to death. And the rest endured "the *Sunrise* horrors" and bore the torture. But one sailor, shipped as an able and strong seaman, has landed a wreck in body and almost an idiot. There, we can say nothing to weaken these frightful facts. They speak too strongly for themselves. Let us see, gentlemen of the jury, if there is such a thing as justice to the sailor! You are too sensible to be moved in your opinion of devilish cruelty because the perpetrator or abettor—there is no difference between them—can dress well and "come up smiling." Remember that he smiled when he saw his men creep and crawl by him, on the look out for a cruel kick, or savage blow! Remember, too, what another man says, who knows what human hearts are

> He that only rules by terror
> Doeth grievous wrong.
> *Deep as Hell* I count his error—
> Deeper still the wrong

WANTED, A WHIP.

In England there are no hoodlums, because the hoodlum is an animal indigenous to California, but there is a class of young thieves and vagabonds which has lately become very numerous, and which the government has determined to suppress. To effect this end, the cat-o'-nine-tails has been brought into requisition, and is liberally bestowed upon the back of every offending young scalawag who comes within the clutches of the law. Now, we suggest that this experiment be tried upon the San Francisco hoodlum, and in the event of its being tried we predict its success. It is high time the young cubs should be licked into shape. There is nothing poetical about the hoodlum, although he himself thinks there is. He is simply a low bred, cowardly, blustering, sneaking booby, who will insult an unprotected woman or stone a solitary Chinaman, but who grovels, like any other cur, before a man. He has not the pluck of the London rough, the enterprise of the Eastern rowdy, or the wit of the French *gamin*, but he has more innate meanness in his composition than all these three combined. The hoodlum is the more intolerable from the fact that he is omnipresent. He will not allow us to ignore his existence. He intrudes his coarse face and clownish manners upon us wherever we go. In the theater, on the street, in the gardens, everywhere we find him, his hair dripping grease, gorgeous in a gilded shirt-front, resplendent with paste diamonds. Idiot! Does he imagine that *anybody* believes a tailor's goose or a cobbler's whelp could wear jewels which, if real, would be worth thousands? Among the numerous abominations which this cur practices, one of the most favorite is to shout aloud his profane obscenities under pretence of speaking to his fellows, but in reality to give some lady standing near the benefit of his remarks. To the whipping post with the whole litter, say we. Acting like sneak hounds, let them be treated as such. Let the sticks and the pillory be revived and the cat-o'-nine-tails instituted. Then, and then only, shall we be able to take wives, mothers, and sisters to places of public resort without danger of seeing the blush brought to their cheeks by the ribald obscenities of the now rampant hoodlum. We say a prayer nightly for Judge Louderback for his efforts in this direction, and trust that with the assistance of the Sheriff's strong arm, his noble exertions will be crowned with success.

POETIC JUSTICE.

Examples of poetic justice abound in poetry and romance, but they are extremely rare in real life. It would be an admirable instance of this kind of justice if Marshal William Gouverneur Morris could be arrested, put in irons, and carried before Judge Louderback. Upon reflection, we really don't see why the thing couldn't be done. A criminal complaint for false imprisonment might be made against him, upon which he might be arrested. Then, if the Deputy making the arrest were a man of Morris' rare energy and decision of character, he might, according to Morris' own theory, handcuff his prisoner, without transcending the limits of his discretionary powers. The suggestion will bear thinking of.

It is said that if the Tichborne claimant is not Arthur Orton, he has at least done that which Arthur ought to.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Spain and Its People. A Record of Recent Travel. 12mo. cloth

Pre-Historic Races of the United States. By J. W. Foster 8vo., cloth

Miriam Montfort. A Novel. 12mo., cloth

Arthur Bonnicastle. By J. G Holland. 12mo., cloth

Getting On in the World. By Wm Mathews 12mo., cloth.

Workshop Appliances. By C. P. B. Shelley. 12mo., cloth.

Brilehood(?) and Bondage. A Novel By Mrs Ann S. Stephens. 12mo., cloth.

Again at the Streets. By Mrs. Charles 12mo., cloth

White Rose and Red. A Love Story 12mo., cloth

Not a Atonement. A Novel. By Christian Reid 8vo., paper.

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None genuine unless one of each pair bears the TRADE MARK of Original Inventor and Patentee, with date of patent, 1834.

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PARIS & GRENOBLE.

MURPHY, GRANT & CO.,
Sole Agents for Pacific Coast,
San Francisco.
Sept. 29.

A. F. NYE. T. L. ACHESON

NYE & ACHESON,
IMPORTERS OF
GAS FIXTURES,
315 and 317 Pine st.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
Oct. 11.

HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE,
24 Post St., San Francisco.

THE ONLY THOROUGH BUSiness College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should secure a useful and practical Education at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Sessions day and evening throughout the year. Students can commence at any time. Each receives separate instruction. There is a Preparatory Department for those not sufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for

Heald's College Journal,
An eight page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing
E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug 1.] San Francisco.

DR. ABORN,
Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory, 218 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

> Satire should like a polished razor keen,
> Wound with a touch that's scarcely felt or seen.

> Oh Heaven! that such companions thou'dst unfold,
> And put in every honest hand a whip
> To lash the rascal naked through the world,
> Even from the East to the West.—OTHELLO, ACT IV, SCENE I.

> Scarce can I speak, my choler is so great.
> I could hew up rocks and fight with flint.—KING HENRY VI., SCENE I.

Here is a little story which very prettily illustrates the Christian charity with the sweet odor of which the Episcopal Church of this city is as redolent as a skunk or a badger. A certain archdeacon, a man of talents far above the ordinary, a scholarly gentleman, good, earnest man, was passing through this city on his way home to the old country from Honolulu. At that time, a chapel-of-ease was being established here on high-church principles, and the returning archdeacon was prayed by those who were booming the new place of worship to take it in charge and conduct the services. It is a besetting fact in these post apostolic days that the spondulics are somewhat necessary even to a minister of the gospel, and especially so when the godly man hath taken to himself a wife and begotten children. So the archdeacon was to receive spondulics to the amount of one hundred and fifty dollars a month, just enough to keep him from becoming haughty and proud-stomached. The archdeacon and his wife procured an abiding place of respectable appearance, he ministering assiduously to the growing congregation of his church. Somehow or other the one hundred and fifty dollars halted woefully in making their appearance, one month they were reduced to *thirty-nine*, and trouble and the devil of impecuniosity arose with the guerdon of the fooled and cheated archdeacon. Some months about fifty dollars were paid him and the rest laid up in the kingdom of heaven. And now, with a wife prostrated with asthma, propped up and struggling with weary copying work for daily dimes, himself forced to teach a set of unruly youngsters the greater part of the day for daily bread, this fooled and cheated archdeacon has found out bitterly and harshly indeed, how tender are the mercies of the godly, and how reliable the support of rotten reeds who would be pillars of the church. O tender beauty of Christian brotherly kindness! O the loveliness of religious humbug and false promises cloaked in holy twaddle! O fooled and cheated archdeacon, and O *shame* on those who did the dirty trick!

On Sunday morning, that is to-morrow morning, an advertising dodge of a somewhat novel character is to be inaugurated at Calvary Church, under the superintendence of our dear brother, Hemphill. A fair in which old people's mummeries, abominations, the importunities of *empressée* young women, and flitting visions of the supremely brushed locks which form the hirsute nimbus of the north of Ireland cherubim were the principal attractions, has just been brought to a successful conclusion, *id est*, eight thousand dollars in the treasury chest of the followers of the meek and lowly. This over, the enterprising Hemphill, ever on the look-out for some first class sensational attraction, has secured, for *one day only*, the services of Renegade Duggan, in his great recantation scene. The *Town Crier* has been favored with an admission to a private rehearsal of the extraordinary scene which he will now attempt to describe. The curtain will be drawn up disclosing Duggan in knee-breeches, blue coat, red nose, well worn brogans and crownless hat, smoking a short caubeen and dancing an Irish jig of most maniacal vigor. Music by the organ and choir: "The night before Larry was stretched." Curtain. Again rising, Duggan, the character artist, enters as a Roman Catholic priest all shaven and shorn, counting his beads and winking holy winks at the ewes of Hemphill's flock. A rapid withdrawal of the cassock displays a bottle of whisky and the cloven hoof as he disappears in red fire. Music by Hemphill on the Jews-harp, "The Rollicking Friar." Curtain. On being drawn up for the third and last time, Duggan is discovered in faultless attire, leaning against a statue of Psyche *in forma naturæ*, which he is attentively considering with a heavenly smirk. This is supposed to represent the Christian minister of to-day's study of the precious soul. Music by Duggan himself on the comb, *Elisir d'Amore*. Tableau. No charge of admission will be made, but a *good collection is expected!*

There is nothing like the force of example. We used to suppose that special local police officers are supposed to be keepers of the peace in more senses than one. Messrs. Maguire and Oerson, stationed on Brannan street, have for some time cherished a wrong feeling towards each other, a feeling that began in jealousy and ended a day or two ago in a fight. It happened thusly. Oerson drove a party of hoodlums from *his* beat on to that of Maguire. "Arrah, be dad, thin," said Maguire, "keep yer dirty rubbish to yerself," and immediately drove back the hoodlums to Oerson's beat. "Vas mebbe you don't can kip his hoodlum anyvere nor here," said Oerson, and immediately drove back the hoodlums to Maguire's beat. This was the insult direct, the first passage had only been the quip uncourteous. To the huge delight of the contested element the two knights of the star rushed wildly at each other. The knock down was terrific and the damage frightful. Maguire might have washed his face in claret and Oerson peeped sagely from one eye, the other being bunged. Again the noble animals closed in mortal combat, again and again did the classic walls of Brannan resound with the noise of battle. The fights of the old Grecian heroes were as nothing to this. The way in which Maguire flung around his left arm surpassed anything Ajax ever accomplished, and the nimble way in which Oerson tried to come upon his enemy unawares was worthy of Pau-pok-kee-wis. But everything must have an end. Even the siege of Troy, the monkeys on Meiggs' wharf and Doctor Lord's lectures have that blessing. Also "this cruel war is over," and the Police Commissioners are of course going "to examine into the thing." Of the two jokes, we think the examination the bigger.

The Town Crier took a bath at North Beach on Monday morning last. He remembers the day, because it is rather an event in his life. After disporting himself gracefully in the "deep blue sea," and swallowing great gulps of horrid salt water, he was standing wiping his Adonis-like form dry, when a certain well known figure hove in sight. It was that of one of our millionaires—one as noted for his liberality and munificence as for his personal beauty and delicate appearance. "Good morning, Mi—" By George! nearly let it slip there. (We will call him James.) "Good morning, James," said the *T. C.* James was soon plunging about in the waves like a porpoise, and as soon came to shore puffing like a grampus. He was wiped and dressed before the *T. C.*'s shivering fingers could fasten his own collar. But in confidence, he doesn't believe James wiped at all. However that may be, the *T. C.* found himself paying the man in charge at the same time James was. "Ten cents," said the man. The *T. C.* gave him a quarter, and never thought of asking for change. The man gave him two tickets. "Three for a quarter," said he, in explanation. The *T. C.* pocketed them, with the intention of trading them for car tickets, and waited for James. James also gave the man a quarter, and received *three* tickets as change. "Come, now," said the *T. C.*, "ten bits, you've got *three* tickets and I've only got *two*." "Well, you see," said Mi—(d—n it) James, "I take my tickets by contract, as I'm a regular hand, and get the *five cents off.*"

The daily papers are happy. They have had something nasty to fill their columns with during the past week. The Big Sun Flower in her appellations of the Deity, is as various as the positions of a number according to the rule of permutation. In fact, the hoodlums are analogous that one of the journals make out a dictionary of her set terms. It would materially assist the hoodlum vocabulary. Her primitive ideas in regard to the happy Solomon Clarke deserve to be embalmed in the verse of a Henry McKinney, will the unblushing confessions of Mr and Mrs Albert are admirable only for their honesty. As for Mary Montgomery, like the trained oyster, she prefers a black oyster, however much its appearance be against it. In the fulness of her life and tastes the reporters have had such a revel and roll as they may not hope for soon again.

In a pleasant, kindly sort of manner, the *T. C.* has once or twice noticed the existence of "The Thumb-Sucking Club." In our "Letter Box" will be found a communication from one "J. H. P.," furnishing information on the subject. The writer is a sensible boy. He has discovered our weak spot, for he appeals to our morality, and God forbid we should further ridicule an institution with principles so akin to those of the *News Letter*. If the Thumb-Sucking Club is conducted in the manner stated, then the members are going to the devil in right respectable style, and the *T. C.*, joining hands, will aid them on their journey. As long as the orgies were confined to getting stinging noses with effervescent ginger beer, and pallid faces with cheap and nasty cigarettes, we only pricked them with the tiny arrows of gentle irony, but now when we actually learn—*not* from "J. H. P.'s" letter—that certain members do persistently and methodically prove themselves young gentlemen by getting, night after night, into a beastly state of drunkenness, our irony is changed to admiration of the headlong pace in which the Thumb-Suckers Club-ites are gaining the end of their tether and a ruined constitution. Come along, Thumb-Suckers, the race is a merry if a short one, never mind what your mothers say—to be drunk is to prove one a gentleman. Let quiet home circles, clear heads, and a healthy youth go where we will surely follow them—to the devil!

It has been said that fools rush in where angels fear to tread, and the statement has been verified from the times when Phaeton smashed the buggy of his pa, down to the days when parsons try to slobber scoundrels into heaven and newspaper reporters attempt to interview St. Peter concerning the state of things within the gates, and, according to the eternal fitness of things, come nearer being lost. The *Chronicle-hell* and the *Wrapper* both claim the honor of having furnished a commander to the late balloon expedition, though what honor attaches to a man who undertakes a thing he knows nothing about, and consequently makes a miserable botch of, is not very clear. The aeronauts succeeded in one respect, however, and that was in nearly frightening themselves to death. The *Chronicle* man's hair still refuses to incline from the perpendicular. The owner of the wool, however, insists that it did not stand on end from fright, but merely from astonishment at being washed when he fell into the water. He of the *Wrapper* looks twenty years older than he did when he "took command," and goes into hysterics at the mere mention of the word "balloon." The *T. C.* might hope that these news-grabbers would profit by their experience, but that he knows the presumption of fools to be proverbial.

The Church of the Flying Trapeze, which is Trinity, has at length been the scene of a miracle! On Wednesday last, crowds of eager believers were witnesses of the graceful flight of a pretty, mysterious white bird around and around the spire. The crowd was awe-struck. Bishop Kip and Professor Swing(?) were instantly sent for, to witness what could be nothing less than the miraculous descent of the Holy Dove. The crowd thickened. Bishop Kip prayed a prayer and Prof. Stillman passed around the plate. Parayle Monday(?) was cast into the shade by their paying-up-the-money. At length the sacred bird ceased its gyrations and settled on the spire. Looking down at the prostrate crowd of believers, the plaza was quite full—the sacred bird lowered its head, whilst a beautiful aureole was seen to rise above its head and *spoke!* "It speaks! it speaks!" shouted Kip, turning a somersault in his ecstacy. Once more the sacred bird lowered its head, once more the golden glory rose like the young science arrangement on the head of a cockatoo, and once more it spake these ever memorable words: "*Give polly a cracker!*"

The patriarchal MacNamara of the Reform School was born about a thousand years too late. Family raising in the primitive eras was a favorite occupation, and the more families a man was responsible for the more voices rose to call him blessed. In these times it has its drawbacks, especially when carried on at the rate of geometrical progression affected by this exotic Irishman. The patriarchs fed their broods with corn, and allowed them to roam their native fields untrammeled with superfluous garb or shoe-leather. The modern prejudice is in favor of beef-steaks and boots. It were best to kick Mr MacNamara out of the schools as speedily as possible. Twenty dollars a month to each of the mothers of his numerous broods will not save much out of his present salary for himself and his legitimate family to be honest upon. Furthermore, with his convenient faculties of forgetfulness and indifference, who knows how often he may be whacking unsuspected offspring of his own in his model Reform School.

The letters in the Chronicle, over the signature "Viator," supposed to be written from Great Britain, are a little too thin not to be seen through. It is possible that "Viator" may have once paid a flying visit to "Auld Reekie," but if he did, it is so long ago that he has forgotten the very names and position of the streets and places he mentions. The *Chronicle* is bound to fill its columns, however, and we therefore blame the poor devil who writes for it only inasmuch as he should have chosen a better exemplar for his purpose than he did. Those of our readers who know anything about Edinburgh, or any other burgh, would be doing a charitable action to impart of their information to "Viator," who may be seen at almost any free lunch table in this city every day in the week, although he does date his efforts from England. We don't say that this is his native place, however, for we have it from reliable authority that he hails from Jerusalem, and his face warrants the assertion.

We confess to an intense desire to dissect Chief Crowley's eye. We incline to the opinion that it must be a patent, double-action rotary affair. We are willing to believe it the famous eye that saw around the corner, and we give it the credit of being the longest sighted eye on record. We are quite confident that it could pierce through numberless cubic feet of Chinese infected air, and rest its glance upon the identical law offender whom it sought. In fact, in a Chinese case its double-action becomes quadrupled. Its rotary motion makes one dizzy to contemplate. Instead of seeing around a corner, it sees around whole squares. Our impressions of this estimable officer's optic are all due to the *Post*, which announces that Chief Crowley, while perambulating Market street at 2 A. M., observed a Chinaman making his exit from a house on Sutter street, next to the Synagogue.

The janitor of the Eighth street school is commended to the mercies of the Board of Education. He don't like to make fires. Tender lamb. He shan't make fires, and a closed carriage shall be sent for him when it rains, and we'll send for Nellie Grant to go down and sweep the school for him when he don't feel inclined to go to work, and, as his salary is insufficient for his needs, he shall have all the money that's recovered from the furniture grab. And the great, horrid, rough, coarse, schoolma'ams shall make the fires for him, and if he will only put on a few more airs, he shall become a Director himself, and manage the funds himself. But he must never, never be forced to make fires.

What is vulgarly called "cheek" is a repulsive thing where it exists in moderation, but when dropsically developed it becomes sublime. The spectacle of Marshal Morris conducting witnesses to court in chains merely aroused feelings of indignation. But the spectacle of Marshal Morris stolidly persisting in his defiance of the public opinion of the entire community, awakens emotions of admiration and respect. Governor Booth is going to the U. S. Senate (at least John F. Swift says so), and who so fit to succeed him as the Marshal, who has evinced such vigorous executive qualities, and such immovable firmness of character.

The Town Crier is glad to see the *Post* enlarged, and glad, too, to see that the aforetime *Toothpick* has turned from the error of its ways and does at length appreciate the good qualities of Sheriff Adams as an efficient and trustworthy officer. There is a rumor that shares taken in the *Post* concern have had a good deal to do with removing the scales from the editor's eyes. But then people will talk.

When, after W. A. Mestayer's drunken rolls and ponderous elephantine gambols Sheriff Barry manages, *et al orum*, to carry him off on his arms, the *Town Crier* is puzzled to decide whether the diminutive comedian looks more like Æneas struggling under the weight of his adipose father, Anchises, or a very small spider with a very large blue-bottle fly.

Dr. Lord's course of lectures is concluded. The Lord be praised! It is announced that Dr. Lord will deliver some supplementary lectures. The Lord have mercy upon us!

The dramatic reporter of an evening journal styles Visconti the prima donna *absoluta* of the Mancusi troupe. He studied Italian in *Chowder* under Kelly and Leon.

POSTSCRIPT TO THE

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

VOLUME 23. SAN FRANCISCO, OCT. 25, 1873. NUMBER 39

MANUFACTURE OF ARTIFICIAL BUTTER.

A NEW INDUSTRY TO BE INAUGURATED HERE.

Description of the Manufacturing Process.

Cheapness and Excellence of the Manufactured Article Established by Practical Tests.

Milk is a mechanical mixture of butter, casein and water, the latter holding in solution sugar of milk (or lactin) and several salts. The butter is held suspended in the milk by the caseous or cheesy matter and the whey, with which it is intimately blended. Milk is thus a true emulsion, resulting from a mixture of these three ingredients, and owes its opacity and white color to the diffusion through it of the butyraceous oil. The particles of butter in milk consist of very minute globules one twenty-five hundredths inch in diameter, suspended in the surrounding serous fluid.

When milk is allowed to stand for some time the lighter particles of butter rise to the surface, constituting, with a certain quantity of the other ingredients, cream, leaving the casein (from which cheese is made) and the whey below. All the particles of butter, however, are not eliminated by this means. Still the remainder is by no means rich in oily matter, as the poverty of skim milk plainly shows.

When the cream is agitated for some time, or churned, the semi-solid particles of fat aggregate and we have a mass of butter. The remaining fluid, termed buttermilk, contains casein and lactin, or sugar of milk in solution. This sugar very soon decomposes, forming lactic acid (from *lac*—Latin for milk), which gives to buttermilk its sour taste.

In the manufacture of cheese the casein (Latin, *caseum*, cheese) of course is the principal ingredient. The casein is coagulated by an acid, usually obtained from the stomach of a young calf, and called rennet. The curd thus obtained is pressed, and, after a variety of manipulations, becomes cheese.

Butter is a rather complex organic compound, consisting chiefly of olein, margarin and stearin. The olein is the largest and most important constituent, and one most familiar to our eyes, in the shape, more or less pure, of the fixed oils—of which olive oil is a good example, as it contains seventy-five per cent. of olein.

The three substances named exist in all natural fats, from which chemists have long been enabled to produce butters which, owing to bad odors and flavors, have never been suited to human wants.

M. Mouriez, of France, was the first to solve the difficulty, and some six years ago gave to the world an excellent method of making good butter from hard beef fats, known as beef suet.

The process, with modifications by M. Paraf, has latterly been introduced in this country, and is now in successful practical operation in the city of New York, on a large scale, at the establishment of the Oleo margarine Manufacturing Company, on Fifty-sixth street, near Third avenue, where one or two tons of the new butter are now daily turned out, and find a ready market.

The article to which we refer does not differ materially in composition from ordinary butter, olein (and that of a very pure character) being the principal ingredient, no casein being present, which is the primary cause of rancidity in butter. The olein from which this artificial butter is prepared is obtained from beef suet.

The general process of manufacturing artificial butter is as follows: The suet is first washed thoroughly for two hours in water, to remove all superfluous animal matter, and is then by means of a "hashing machine" ground thoroughly, and pressed through a fine sieve, or plate of iron pierced with fine holes, which forms one side of the machine. The machine consists of a series of sharp blades set on an axis like the thread of a screw. These are contained in a closely fitting chamber or cylinder placed horizontally. The cylinder is divided into two portions, hinged together on one side and capable of being securely fastened or bolted on the other when the machine is in operation. The upper half can be readily thrown back should the machine become clogged or when it becomes necessary to cleanse it. The shaft on which the knives are fixed extends through one end of the cylinder, and is geared in the ordinary way, by means of a belt and pulley, to the shaft of the engine transmitting the power.

A large iron trough lined with porcelain is supported above the cylinder with its revolving knives. This trough or feeder has an aperture in one corner fitting over a corresponding hole in the upper part of the cylinder, through which the suet is fed to the machine. When the machine is in operation the suet is not only effectually hashed in the cylinder but forced by the screw-thread set knives through fine holes bored in the opposite end of the cylinder. The machine in operation at the New York manufactory is capable, it is stated, of hashing 1,000 pounds of suet in an hour. The fat comes out of the "hasher" in the form of a jelly, considerably whiter than when put in owing to its finely divided state and the uniform distribution of olein through it.

The material is now in a proper condition for the second operation, which has for its object the separation of the fluid olein and the solid margarin and stearin from the animal tissues which envelop them. For this purpose it is put into a number of steam vats of the ordinary wooden description, with steam pipes entering the bottom—the steam being admitted or cut off at pleasure by stop-cocks. Here the fat is raised nearly to the temperature of boiling water, the steam being continued for two hours. The heat causes a separation of the olein and stearin from the animal matter, the former rising to the top while the latter sinks to the bottom. The material is well stirred during the time the heat is continued, and when the process is completed the oil is drawn off while still hot, and then allowed to cool slowly in tanks placed below the steam vats. About ninety per cent. of a mixture of olein, margarin and stearin are thus obtained from a given weight of suet, the remaining ten per cent. being, of course, the tissue and muscular and fiberous parts of the material.

The real fat being thus separated from the superfluous animal matter, the next step is the separation of the fluid olein from the solid margarin and stearin. One of the tanks containing the mixed fluid and solid parts of the fat is moved to a table in another part of the room. On this table are small tin molds six or eight inches long, four or five wide and two or or three deep, each containing a small cotton bag, with sufficient margin of cloth to form a double lap from each side.

The partly crystalized and lumpy fat is ladled into these molds until full, when the laps of cloth from each side are turned over upon the top, and the material inclosed. The bags contain about two pounds each, and after using once are carefully washed to avoid any taint or rancidity which might injuriously affect the butter.

When the bags are full they are put between sheets of galvanized iron and placed in the oil press, which is a combination of the toggle joint with a closely cut thread screw. The pressure is gradually applied to the contained fat, and there presently issues from the pores of the cotton, a

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.---Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, NOV. 1, 1873. No. 40.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—Silver Bars—3@8 ℔ ct. discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 92½@93. Mex. Dollars, 5@5½c., old; 4½@5c., new. Trade Dollar, par.

☞ Exchange on New York, 5-10@¾ per ct. nominal for Gold; Currency, 7¼@—per cent. On London, Bankers 49¾, ex'g ¾; Commercial, 51¼ @—; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1½.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, Oct. 31, at 3 P. M., 108¼. Latest price of Sterling, 100½@106¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco........................Oct 31, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	*Stocks and Bonds.*	Bid	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8.....	103	104	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	124½	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1861........	99	100	Oakland 10s	105	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862 ..	99	100	Spring Valley Water Co	83	84
Legal Tender Notes	91	92¾	Omnibus Railroad Company.	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57.	97½	100	Central Railroad Company...	55	60
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855 ..	96	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	50	52½
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '56	93	95	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	20	24
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s.	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co	70	75
Sacramento City Bonds.......	80	82½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	75	80
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co......	87	90
Yuba County Bonds, 8s.......	92	96	Union Insurance Co	87	90
Santa Clara Bonds, 7s........	90	93	Pacific Bank.................	91	94
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s..	90	—	The Bank of California.......	128	130
San Francisco Gas Light Co	60	69½	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor California and Leidesdorff streets.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE.		ARRIVE.	
* Sundays excepted.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Alameda .... *	6 30	.. ..	.....	9.00
Antioch, Black Diamond, etc .... *	.. .	1.40	... ..	12 10
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co.'s steamers .... *	....	3.15	.	9.00
Cloverdale and Coast Points. .... *	.....	3 15	10.50	.....
Eureka .... *	.....	1.40	13 00	.....
Napa Route via Vallejo........ *	. . .	3.40	12.40	.
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory....	6.30	.	.	9.00
Oakland	6.30	3 40	....	1 50 9.00
Overland	6 30	.	.....	9.00
Petaluma and Coast Points, ... *	.. .	1 15	.....	12.50
Sacramento via Vallejo........	7.15	3.40	....	12.40 5 40
San Rafael .... *	9 15	. .	9.00	.....
San Jose.	7.05	4.10	9 30	6.00
Southern California and Arizona .... *	7.35	...	...	6.00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad ...	6.30	3 40	5.00	9 00
Vallejo and Benicia	7.15	3.40	12 40	9 50
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County .... *	.....	3.40	...	3 10
Great Britain, Monday and Thursday...	. .	9 00		...

Mails Dispatched by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

General Delivery open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p. m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

AUSTRALIAN STEAM LINE TO CALIFORNIA.

The first of the iron screw steamers of the new steamship line leaves Sydney about the 16th or 18th of November for this point, via Fiji and Honolulu. The company receive a subsidy of £18,000 per annum for six years, for a ten knot service, and to be increased to a twelve knot service for £30,000 per annum should the Government so require. An option is allowed the company within a stipulated time to have a branch line from New Zealand to Fiji Islands for the sum of £12,000 per annum. The service is four-weekly. The first steamer may be expected here about the 10th of December. Two steamers are already chartered, and a third expected. J. C. Merrill & Co. are the appointed Agents for this port, and we learn that the successful operation of the line is assured, a prominent English house being the backer.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange. — New York, October 31, 1873.—Gold opened at 108⅝, 11 A. M. at 108⅝; 3 P. M. at 108⅝. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 100¾; 1867, 119½. Sterling Exchange, 106½@109¾. Pacific Mail, 37¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 14. Wheat, $1 55@$1 75 quiet. Pork, 14½, dull. Cotton, 16. Hides, dry, 23½@24, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 45@$1 40, fair demand, Winter Bleached, $1 65@1 75; Whale, quiet, 58@65c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 68@72c. Wool—Spring, fine, 25@35c.; Burry, 20@27c.; Pulled, 35@50c. Fall Clips, 20@25c.; Burry, 16@20c. London, Oct. 31.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 9d.@12s. 10d. Club, 13s.@ 3d.@13s. 6d. United States Bonds, 90¾. Consols, 92¾@⅞.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

A Permanent Paragraphic Advertisement. Respectfully Dedicated to the Spring Valley Water Works.

A Miner's Inch of Water is about twenty-thousand gallons. The usual Price for an Inch of Water in the mines is ten cents. The Spring Valley Company sells water in large quantites at seventy-five cents per thousand gallons, or at fifteen dollars seventy-five cents per inch—which is one hundred and fifty-seven times the price which miners pay. Furnished in small quantities to housekeepers, the Company charges from thirty to fifty dollars an inch—five hundred times the miner's rates. Ignotus.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, October 10th, 1873:—A. K. Head and family, Wm. M. Lent and family, Thos. Sunderland and family, Joseph Barron and family, Gen. J. F. Miller and family, Jno. C. Merrill and wife, Theo. Bogle and wife, C. G. Hooker and wife, O. W. Prescott and wife, J. Whittaker and wife, H. M. Heuston and family, D. O. Mills and family, Mrs. Theo. Payne, Warren R. Payne, Theo. Payne, Mrs. S. W. Ladd, A. G. Bierce, Jeremiah Clark, Henry Rosener, Isidor Gutte, C. F. Fargo, D. T. Murphy, Frank Cunningham, Mrs. Jno. B. LeGay, Miss Annie LeG. Boyd, Capt. W. C. Talbot, Misses Talbot, Jno. B. Newton, A. C. Whitcomb, Mrs. O. J. Hillyer and family.

The transportation of the first crop of tea from Hongkong to New York, is worthy of mention. The *Quang Se* sailed from Hongkong September 27th, 1873, and after a delay of three days at Yokohama, arrived in San Francisco October 27th, 1873. Her immense cargo, consisting of rice and tea, was discharged in two days time, and of this, more than 1,000 tons of tea were aboard the train for New York. They do quick work at the Pacific Mail Company's dock. In seven days time the tea will be at its journey's end, and Gothamites will be supping tea forty days from China.

Mr. Louis A. Garnett, the manager of the San Francisco Assaying and Refining Works, has published a very able pamphlet, in the form of a letter to the Hon. H. R. Linderman, Director of the U. S. Mint, Washington City, upon the Decline in Value of Silver, reviewing recent suggestions to issue fractional silver in lieu of fractional paper money, and recommending a new silver coin containing gold as a legal tender for all sums. We shall recur to this subject next week, and, if possible, furnish our readers with an abstract of the article in question.

Quicksilver.—Our local product falls far short of the demand, and although prices here do not advance in proportion with the London and New York markets, yet it is said that we cannot now lay it down in New York under $1 22½ @$1 25. We begin to feel the effect of outside mining, for while the leading houses sell at $1 10, there are other producers who shade off prices somewhat. Our latest London quotation is £18 per flask; New York reports, $1 50, gold. The *Bohemia*, for Mazatlan, carried 663 flasks.

London and Liverpool, Oct. 31, 1873--1 P. M.—Floating cargoes off Coast, firm. Several cargoes have been taken for the Continent. Cargoes on passage unchanged. Mark Lane, very firm. Arrivals off the Coast moderate. The English and French country markets are unchanged. Liverpool, strong. Liverpool quotations California Club, 13s 4d. Average, 12s 8d, Red Western Spring, 11s 10d@11s 5d. Weather throughout Europe continues fine.

Sutro, via Virginia, October 28th—To John Roach, Instrument Maker, southwest corner Sacramento and Montgomery: Tunnel connection made yesterday at 11 A. M. Grade hit within half an inch of line, seven-eighths inch. Thanks to perfectness of instruments. Respects to Joseph.

Signed, Your Foreman, H. Schussler.

Californians Abroad.—Paris: A. G. and Mrs. Bierce, Hotel de Rome; Mrs. H. H. Day, Hotel de Rome; Mrs. F. A. Hassey, 45 Avenue Friedland; Mrs. G. W. and Miss Hopkins, 5 Rue de Luxembourg; Henry Rosener, Splendide Hotel; H. Storrs Stone (gone to Italy); W. C. Talbot and the Misses Talbot, Hotel Wagram. London: R. I. Tiffany, sailed.

Four steamships will leave this port to-day at the usual hours, as follows: *Ajax*, for Portland; *Colorado*, for Yokohama and Hongkong; *Orizaba*, for San Diego and way ports, and *Ventura*, for Santa Barbara and way ports.

To the News Letter, from a Private Letter, 11th Oct.—"At a deer drive in Invercauld Forest, Scotland, on Wednesday, two of the seven stags shot fell to the rifle of one of the ladies of the hunting party."

On Monday next the Oleomargarine (artificial) Butter Company will have their machinery so far advanced that they can manufacture no less than six tons per diem.

Rear Admiral Parrott, *en route* to assume command of the American fleet in the Asiatic waters, arrived by the overland train from the East Tuesday last.

The North Beach and Mission Railroad Company have declared a dividend of one-half of one per cent. for October.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

WHAT I LIVE FOR.

I live for those who love me,
For those who know me true,
For the heaven that smiles above me,
And awaits my spirit too,
For all human ties that bind me,
For the task my God assigned me,
For the bright hopes left behind me,
And the good that I can do.

I live to learn the story
Who've suffered for my sake;
To emulate their glory,
And follow in their wake
Bards, patriots, martyrs, sages,
The noblest of all ages,
Whose deeds crowd history's pages,
And Time's great volume make.

I live to hold communion
With all that is divine,
To feel there is a union
Twixt Nature's heart and mine;
To profit by affliction,
Reap truths from fields of fiction,
Grow wiser by conviction,
And fulfil each grand design.

I live to hail that season,
By gifted men foretold,
When men shall live by reason,
And not alone by gold
When, man to man united,
And every wrong thing righted,
The whole world shall be lighted
As Eden was of old.

I live for those who love me,
For those I know are true,
For the heaven that smiles above me,
And awaits my spirit too
For the cause that lacks assistance,
For the wrong that needs resistance,
For the future in the distance,
And the good that I can do

—*George Linnæus Banks, in "Peals from the Belfry"*

THE POOR HEATHEN.

In a lecture given in Springfield, a few nights ago, our pet hallucination that our civilization is incomparably superior to all others, and that we are created to instruct the world, received a very severe shock. We fear the lecturer then committed an unpardonable sin in pouring gall and wormwood into the chalice from which we have all been accustomed to drink only self-esteem and self-glorification these many years. We assume, he said, that we can teach China, Japan and the old nations of the East, that we can do more than all the past has done. He proposed to institute a few comparisons between his audience and those nations, between their civilization and ours; to consider the arts, sciences, literature, religions and governments that we propose to supplant. First, the religion of Buddha, which has more followers than any other. The word has a strange heathenish sound to us and to most church goers suggests only heathenism. Yet a religion that has outlived [illegible] than one half the world, numbering nations of followers, has already developed more of art and science than we shall in [illegible] years more, must be treated with respect. We may learn that our religion can find some things to copy, and New England go to school to China, Japan and Ceylon. The basal idea of this religion is, "The ultimate capability of the human intellect." It has nothing sensational or emotional about it. It is pure rationalism, better than any Ralph Waldo Emerson ever taught, except when he borrows from it. It always appeals to reason, tolerates no passion or undue appetites, seeks to win converts only by argument and persuasion. Its weapon is the sermon, its champion the brain, and its mace argument. For 2400 years it has never known but one religious war, and that is so small that nothing definite can be learned about it. How does this compare with European history and the record of our ancestors in New England? Take a thousand years from Roman history and see how Buddhism was continually an instrument of peace and toleration, and European religions the instruments of war and persecution. Buddhists never persecuted, never degraded the people, debased or discouraged literature, appealed to prejudice or passion, never appealed to the sword. If this is heathenism, it is civilized heathenism. But the heathen is more. He is a human being. The Buddhist priest recognizes as a "man and brother" whoever has intellect. It is a crying shame that we have learned that the Church and State can exist apart but the Buddhist religion has had no connection with the government for 2400 years. We retain all being to's for suffering humanity—they [illegible] suffering brutes as well! Our magazines are just beginning to advocate the planting of shade trees and we shall do it, if at all, as a matter of taste. They have done it from a sense of duty, for thirty centuries. We entertain strangers at the cost of the pay. Their poorest huts are always open, and they receive every stranger as a guest of God, to be given the best of everything. The testimony of intelligent men who have spent years among them is that they are very gentle, almost universally temperate and that strife between them is almost never seen. Contrary to the generally accepted belief, children are kindly treated; the iron task end light to be [illegible], boys [illegible] than girls are thought more desirable as heirs than those with the maternity always bring respect. Here it is hard to get any law against the sale of intoxicating drink, but China [illegible] refused to license the sale of opium, on the high moral ground that it was not right to license any evil.

Leaving religion, compare ourselves with China as a nation. We are anxious to Christianize it, to change its morals, its habits, its customs, to put new forces and dreams into its literature. In short, to Americanize and Americanize it. It is assuming that our morals, fashions and customs are better than theirs. Let us see. China is twice the size of the United States, embracing a territory of 5,000,000 square miles. It is a densely populated and contains [illegible] inhabitants half the population of the globe. This is the mass we propose to teach. As a nation it has literally outlived history. Herodotus "the father of history," tells of having seen monuments of kings who lived 2,000 years before his day. Rome, Greece and the nations of antiquity have passed away, but China has stood immovable to time. Not an art has been lost or no science forgotten, nothing has gone. Her oral language has been preserved without changing a letter. Its mechanical triumphs are unrivaled. Its great wall stands alone as a work of masonry, its largest canal is twice as long as the Erie. It was perforated with arms and walls 2,000 years ago, understood the circulation of the blood 2,000 years ago. Inoculated all the children in the 6th and practiced in the 5th century. Had a printed library of printed books centuries before the art of printing was discovered. The basal idea of the government is the paternal, and the ruler is one of the chief rulers of the nation. The emperor is considered as the father of the nation. An their reason is that a result is always in order in China, that is, the government is never overthrown, but the emperor is able to be at any time. What have we to offer for forest fires and corruption? Ability to deceive? The governmental idea of China rests upon education. None but the ablest scholars are honored with office, and the poorest man may work himself up to any station. Can we offer more? Their aristocracy is of brains, and it is better than the French of military power, the English of blood, or ours of wealth. What can we give them? They are well fed, well clothed, universally educated, have every art and science. What do you propose to do? To teach them to cheat? To forge? To get drunk? To become irreverent? To adopt our fearful American profanity, coarser than any on earth? To give Idaho, Arkansas, or Texas literature to a nation that has had common schools for 2,000 years? To introduce Yankee office-holders and New York rowdy congressmen? Or do we propose to send Bibles, and, as was done recently, send three missionaries and 200 barrels of rum in the same ship? When, after twenty or forty years of observation of such things, those educated in a republican religion, what will you say? The truth is, we have not reduced our religion to practice. They know more of the [illegible] we of the life to come. What we need is not more ecclesiastical machinery but more piety. When American hearts are better, when we have escaped heathenism at home, we shall be more ready to go abroad.

Head and Heart Arrangement.—The following is rather old, but it will bear telling again. The way John Stuart Mill proposed to the young lady who eventually became his wife is strange, but true. "I wish I had your head, Mr Mill," said the lady on an occasion when that gentleman had scored for her a knotty point. "And I wish I had your heart," replied Mr Mill. "Well," said the lady, "since your head and my heart agree, I am willing that we should go into partnership." And so it was.

The story of an unhappy marriage is often a narrative of many words.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH.
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY.

No. 311 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies:

Girard, of Philadelphia		Penn, of Philadelphia	$250,000
Arcanum, [illegible]		Farmers, of Leavenworth	200,000
North Missouri, of St. Louis		Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago	200,000
St. Paul, of Minnesota		National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	
Mutual Insurance Association of New Orleans		[illegible]delphia	1,250,000

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.
HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents,
August 9. 311 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA

No. 133 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company [illegible] President, Geo. H. Howard, Vice President, Charles R. Story, Secretary [illegible] Marine Secretary, H. H. Bigelow, General Manager. [illegible] Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., [illegible] Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman [illegible] Manager, W. T. Reid, Treasurer [illegible] Wm. an Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada T. W. Sigourney. Feb 15.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE—UNION INS CO OF S F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 [illegible] Assets exceed $1,000,000 [illegible] Directors—San Francisco: [illegible] GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice President. CHARLES D HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 320 California street, in the new Bank Building, Northeast corner of Sansome and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts a GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business [illegible] The following list of Directors [illegible] C. W. KELLOGG, President. H. G. Horner, Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford have removed from the corner of California and [illegible] streets [illegible] Merchants Exchange Building [illegible] where all business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,052,880, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
Wm. Macdonald, Agent. Nov 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a Century. Its assets amount to NINE MILLIONS DOLLARS [illegible] It is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent.
April 21. N. E. cor. California and Sansome streets, over Bank of California.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 12 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company [illegible] Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6, 750,000; Annual Fire Premiums [illegible] W. L. BOOKER, Agent. No. 328 California street, San Francisco. [illegible]

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON

Established in 1803.—Capital $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER BELL & CO., Agents for the Company, No. 430 California street.
Feb 8.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO OF LIVERPOOL

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov 15.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO

Every Information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island [illegible] W. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, B. E. JONES, who is living at Mr Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

QUICKSILVER

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street over Bank of California. Nov 16.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co.'s, Main street, Los Angeles. June 17.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—
Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; [illegible] Smith & Co; Wm. Young [illegible] & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—J. D. Hukey, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Farrell, Wayte, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co, W. J. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, [illegible] & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants Exchange.
Boston—J. I. Gardner, Ed Gardner, Merchants Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lenarath & Fils, Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co, Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Ballazzi Freres, [illegible] & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—[illegible], Esq., Exchange Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; [illegible]
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; [illegible] & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Guaymas—Black & Co, A. Willard, Esq., James H. Langley.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Luttesroth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnd Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co, C. Dubois & Co, Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq., H. D. [illegible]
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gurney & Co, Rothschild's Bank of London, Baring, Bros & Co., Delfry, Hayden & Co, [illegible] Anstie, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—W. [illegible] Gibbs & Co, Alsop & Co, Huth, Gruning & Co, Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Co.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, [illegible] Liverpool General Brokers Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—[illegible] Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco [illegible] Rotor, [illegible] Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co, [illegible] & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal Fills & Co, [illegible]
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce, Grice, [illegible] & Co., McCulloch, Sellars & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co., Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leichman & Co. Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; [illegible] & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Peterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—[illegible] Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

Anybody tired of foxhunting might, according to a Russian named Cherton, find sport in Siberia. In his account of his exploits he says that one day he found the wide and lofty entrance to a cave. He entered with some precautions, for the rocky pavement was worn as if by use, and within he heard a slow, measured movement, as of an animal gently ruminating, and heavily breathing with great and deep respiration and expirations like the sigh of a smith's bellows. One turn, then another, he heard a heavy startling snort, and there in the half light of the cave, standing still before him, almost closing the end, and waving its proboscis to and fro with a slow, gentle, majestic motion, he saw a mammoth! "I did not know them," said Cherton, "what I have since been told, that such was an old habitat of these animals, and that one of the best scientific judges are uncertain whether to look upon the remains found upon the shores of the Arctic Ocean as fossil animals or as the remnants of wandering herds caught and perishing in storms, individuals of which may still exist under favorable circumstances. With all that din, did I have sound that doubt?" Cherton describes the mammoth as being a very imposing-looking animal, covered with reddish brown wool and long black hair. During his stay in the valley he was close to five of them, all of which were nearly of a size, being about twelve feet high, eighteen feet long, with tusks projecting about four feet, and being about eight to ten feet, counting the curve. The skin, which was bare on the upper surface of the ears, on the knees and rump, was of a dun color, and seemed very thick. The animal was nocturnal in its habits, frequenting caves or forest depths by day, and feeding at night and early morning. Cherton thinks there might be some fifteen or twenty of these monsters there.

Polo Clubs are springing up in a great many directions. Scarcely an old country paper now comes to hand that does not contain an account of "a match." For such a young game, polo has become very popular. In every corner of the country polo clubs have been started, numbering their members by scores and by hundreds. The game is a most exhilarating and enjoyable one, and possesses great interest to the spectator. In a well-contested game the excitement becomes intense, the horses seeming to enjoy it as much as the riders. It is a good sort of thing that it has thus far been free from the time and work, yet gives pattern, and conduces to health. Physiologically speaking, such games as these should be encouraged, as they tend to strengthen and improve the constitution of the body, and afford a healthy means of relaxation for the mind.

The New Orleans Herald gives this sketch of Cæsar Antoine, the coal black acting Governor of Louisiana: "His habiliments are in the latest French style, and his appearance is always neat and gentle, and his bearing by no means presumptuous or self-sufficient. Without the dash and port of Pinchback, he is also free from the flash and rowdy air of that sporting character. Without the dignity and port, he is also free from the austere and chilling grandeur of the lamented Dunn. Altogether, then, Antoine is rather an engaging individual, and an improvement on his predecessors. He is, too, one of us, knows our ways, and has some sympathies for even his unfortunate white subjects."

A clergyman who enjoys the substantial benefits of a fine farm was slightly taken down, a few days ago, by his Irish ploughman, who was sitting at his plow, and taking his rest. The reverend gentleman, being a great economist, said, with much seriousness, "Patrick, wouldn't it be a good plan for you to have a stub scythe here, and be hacking a few bushes along the fence while the horse is resting?" Pat, with quite as solemn a countenance as the divine wore himself, replied, "Sir, wouldn't it be well for you to have a tub of potatoes in the pulpit, and when the congregation are singing to peel 'em awhile to be ready for the pot?" The reverend gentleman laughed heartily and left.

In the course of an interesting paper on coal-cutting machines, read at Bradford, by Mr William Firth, of Leeds, mention was made of the extraordinary power of these machines in dispensing with hand labor. One man, a youth, a boy and a machine can compass the work of 12 men, thus reducing "dead hand" [illegible] labor by 75 per cent. The rapid introduction of coal cutters seems to promise a revolution in the coal trade, and will doubtless present an additional inducement to the many capitalists who are devoting their energy and their cash to the opening up of new pits.

At Constantinople the jessamine is extensively grown for the manufacture of pipe-stems of a [illegible]. For this purpose stems are carefully trained until they have attained the desired length and thickness, care being taken to protect the bark by a covering of varnished linen or canvas. Two or three times a year the bark is sponged with lemon juice, which is said to give the rich color so much sought after. Some of these pipe-stems are about sixteen feet in length, and sell for some [illegible] each.

The Louisville Courier-Journal does not believe in Transatlantic traveling. It says: "If Mount Blanc were a solid lump of gold, and if in order to become the owner of it we had nothing to do but to go over it in Professor Wise's balloon and take possession of it, we would a thousand times rather sit down on the shore of Massachusetts Bay and starve to death, for we should then have at least the stern satisfaction of knowing where we were, and what we were doing."

Apropos of the Three Brothers, the largest mercantile vessel in the world, the *Great Eastern* alone excepted, is now in course of construction by the eminent shipbuilding firm Caird & Co., Greenock, to the order of the Liverpool, New York, and Philadelphia Steamship Company. Her extreme length is 510 feet; between perpendiculars, 480 feet; breadth of beam, 44 feet; depth of hold, 37 feet; gross tonnage, 5,[illegible].

Two cases of cholera are reported from Liverpool, the patients being the captain and [illegible] of the crew of a French brig. Two other members of the crew were afterwards attacked, and the latest information states that one of them had expired. A man belonging to another Havre vessel died in a Liverpool workhouse from cholera, thus making three cases of cholera at that port from Havre vessels.

The Western Union Telegraph Company give notice that no higher rates than one dollar and fifty cents for ten words will be charged between offices on the Pacific Coast, except to British Columbia, on and after November 1st. The reduces the rate to Oregon and Washington Territory, San Diego and towns in the Eastern part of Nevada.

A new cholera preventive is suggested by a French newspaper, in the form of silk shirts. It says that the well-to-do Chinese protect themselves absolutely from the epidemic by wearing these garments, and it recommends the manufacture of a silk fabric for the purpose which will be cheap enough for all to obtain.

Iceland has in contemplation next year to celebrate the thousandth year since the settlement of the island (874). As early as 8[illegible] a Dane, named Gardar, was drifted from Scotland in stormy weather on the coasts to an unknown coast. We hope all the specials will be sent there, as the time of the operation will be Winter.

The Viennese seem doomed to misfortune. It has just been discovered that the effect of the cold during the construction of the splendid cathedral of St. Stephen's is entirely crumbling away. The tower is already on permanent crutches, and decay seems now to be spreading over the whole church.

A club has been formed at Hamburg for promoting the heathen incineration instead of Christian orthodox inhumation. The club already numbers upwards of 80 members, each of whom, on entering, made a will, according to which his remains were to be burned.

The lower orders of Naples have been deprived of some delicacies with which they are wont to indulge. A handbill, bearing the signature of the Syndic posted on the walls, prohibits under pain of an almost nominal fine the sale of snails and mushrooms.

Some enterprising speculators are actually going to try to send Virginian coal to England, and place it in competition with that which comes from English coal fields.

Father Hyacinthe has finally abandoned the clerical garb.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle. [illegible] Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc.; and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Joyce's Treble Waterproof and Central Fire Percussion Caps [illegible] Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding. Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges for all [illegible] Breech-loading Guns. Wire Cartridges for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers [illegible] FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept 1. 57 Upper Thames street, London.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, [illegible] and Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine, [illegible] Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children [illegible] and T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta [illegible] Bombay and [illegible] Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia [illegible] Browne's Chlorodyne. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." [illegible] Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. Agents for New York, J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England Judson's Dyes are as [illegible] Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded, and used again [illegible] nearly equal to new [illegible] Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black [illegible] Mauve [illegible] DANIEL JUDSON & SON, Lond. [illegible] and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of Bonnet Ribbon. **"SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."*

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness [illegible] KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES [illegible] THOS. KEATING, [illegible] Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & CO., corner Battery and [illegible] streets, San Francisco.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the only inventor and sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 13.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME is on EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France [illegible] the Lord Chancellor [illegible] that the capsules are [illegible] Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

MARAVILLA COCOA

Taylor Brothers, the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe, having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritious and sustaining power [illegible] highly delicious flavor [illegible] a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B.—Caution.—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. [illegible] Maravilla Cocoa [illegible] valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS under the ablest homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 18.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY.

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, [illegible] Jacot Watches, Carter Hawkins & [illegible] Jewelers [illegible] Plated Ware [illegible] Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers [illegible] March 1.

NEW BOOKS FROM A. ROMAN CO.

SOUTH SEA IDYLS, by Charles Warren Stoddard. Published by James R. Osgood, Boston.

We do not gush often. It is not our nature to. On the contrary, we delight to "sit upon" the aspiring mind, and when a trim new boat puts off from shore, we squelch that little craft with mingled cheerfulness and glee; but on this occasion only do we turn our good sword "Smite-'em" into the truthfulest of goose quills with which to pen the praises of our friend and fellow laborer, Charles Warren Stoddard. California should be proud of him—we are; and that were praise indeed. The *News Letter* is high authority in matters literary, and considers itself head center in the nursery of California productions. We have brought them on forward—Harte, Twain, Miller, [illegible]—some by hand, some by the bottle, but once strong enough to fly, they leave us. "'Twas ever thus," the parent [illegible], etc. But if the author of "South Sea Idyls" but write as charmingly of civilization as of barbarism, and describe the "Old World" as graphically as he has the "newest of the new," we will forgive his discretion and pray that his days may be long in the land.

Mr. Stoddard's sketches of life in the Sandwich and Friendly Islands are familiar to all the readers of the *Overland Monthly*, to whose pages they lent a peculiar charm, so full were they of the glow, ardor and abandon of youth; one sees that the bloom is still upon the flower, the down upon the peach; he carries one away with him. We see him buffeting the boisterous waves of the Pacific in the little craft, the *Petrel*.

"A green oasis blossomed before us—a garden in perfect bloom, girdled about with crumbling waves, with all its coral clusters pendulous [illegible] trailed in the glassy waters, from its hidden bowers up [illegible] lord upon us, above all the triumphant palm trees clashed their [illegible] branches like a chorus [illegible] yet from the very gates of the island [illegible] and the happy isle was buried in night and distance." Then, "Our craft rocked softly on a summer sea, swinging her idle canvas in the sun. The [illegible] floated past us, the [illegible] laid its pale sensitive petals on the lips of the wave and panted in ecstasy; a sailor sang while he hung in the rail [illegible] tarred down the salt stained shrouds. The afternoon waned; down went the swarthy sun into his tent of clouds; the waves were of amber; the fervid sky was flushed; it looked as though something were about to happen up there, and that it could hardly keep the secret much longer. Then came the purpest twilight, and then the sky blossomed all over with the largest, ripest, goldenest stars—such stars as hang like fruits in unfed orchards; such stars as lay a track of fire in the sea; such stars as rise and set over mountains and beyond low green capes, like young moons, every one of them; and [illegible] my spells of savage enchantment; my blessed islands, my reefs baptized with silver spray. I saw the broad fan leaves of the banana droop in the motionless air, and through the tropical air the palms aspired heavenward."

In "The Night Dancers of Waipo" he gives a vivid account of the "*kani-kani*," describes the manner of eating "*poi*," and winds up with the mysteries of the "*hula-hula*," most glowingly written. "The great mat upon the floor before us was the stage. On one side of it a half dozen muscular fellows were squatted, with large calabashes headed with tightly drawn goatskins. These were the drummers and singers, who could beat nimbly with their fingers and sing the epics of their country to the [illegible] joy of all listeners. Now for the *hula-hula*. It is the national dance, taught to all children by their parents, but so difficult to excel in, that the few who perfect themselves can afford to travel on this one specialty.

"There was a murmur of impatience, speedily checked, and followed by a burst of applause, as a band of beautiful girls covered with wreaths of flowers and vines, entered and seated themselves before us. While the musicians beat an introductory [illegible] upon the tom-toms, the dancers proceeded to bind shawls and scarfs about their waists turban fashion. They sat in a line, facing us, a foot or two apart. The loose sleeves of their dresses were caught up at the shoulder, exposing arms of almost perfect symmetry, while their bare throats were scarcely hidden by the necklaces of Jasmines that coiled about them.

"Then the leader of the band, who sat, gray-headed and wrinkled, at one end of the room, throwing back his head, uttered a long, wild and shrill, guttural, a sort of invocation to the goddess of the *hula-hula*. When this curious cry had ended, the dance began, all joining in with [illegible] accurate rythm, the body swaying slowly backward and forward, to left and right, the arms tossing or rather waving in the air above the head, now beckoning, some spirit of light, to lead on and [illegible] were the motions of the dancers, so graceful and free the movements of the wrists, now in silence and fear, they seemed to repulse a host of devils that hovered invisibly about them.

"The spectators watched and listened breathlessly, fascinated by the terrible wildness of the song and the monotonous thrumming of the accompaniment. Presently the excitement increased. Swifter and more wildly the bare arms beat the air, embracing, as it were, the airy forms that haunted the dancers, who rose to their knees, and with astonishing agility, caused the clumsy turbans about their loins to quiver with an undulatory motion, increasing or decreasing with the sentiment of the song and the enthusiasm of the spectators.

"There was a little resting space [illegible] the rousing spell, now and then, for the gourd's sake, or their wind's, at a [illegible], that would poison a white man in ten minutes, and before we half expected it, or had a thought of urging the unflagging dancers to renew their mysterious gyrations, they were at it in terrible earnest. From the floor to their knees, from their knees to their feet, now facing us, now turning from us, they spun and ambled till the ear was deafened with cheers and [illegible], half-drunken, who [illegible] later. The room whirled with the reeling dancers, who seemed encircled with living serpents in the act of [illegible] lumps of something, from their throats clear to the tips of their tails, and the convulsions continued until the hysterical dancers staggered and fell to the floor, overcome by unutterable fatigue. This was the seductive dance, still practiced in secret, though the law forbids it, and to the Hawaiian it is more beautiful, because more [illegible], than anything else in the world."

The book abounds in glowing tropical pictures. There is not a page but from which an artist could have drawn subjects for a dozen pictures. You close your eyes and before you lies, "A long narrow strip of snow white beach. You see the weird, slender cocoa palms and [illegible] makers [illegible] fringed at [illegible] brown, sleek limbed, dusky barbarians chatting, singing, smoking, or [illegible] regarding the moon; guava jungles, orange groves, clusters of [illegible], the night-blooming cereus with its ivory urn open to the moonlight; the river like an inky flood with a broken silver crust; canoes floating upon its sluggish tide like long feathers; nude savages bending over the oars; the liquid tongues of waterfalls that dive head first into groves at the farther end of a valley"—but one could quote most of the book.

We see with pleasure that the author has dedicated "South Sea Idyls" to his "dear friend, Anton Roman," of our city. And we prophesy for the little book a deserved success, and for the future of our sweetest singer, wealth, fame, and popularity.

NINA'S ATONEMENT. A Novel, by Christian Reid. Author of "Morton House," "Valerie Aylmer," etc.

A collection of pleasant stories of this charming author, previously published in "Appleton's Journal." Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

ROMANCE OF OLD COURT LIFE IN FRANCE. By Frances Elliott. Author of the "Diary of an Idle Woman," "Pictures of Old Rome."

An entertaining historical novel of the Sixteenth Century. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States. [illegible] of Travel, Distances, Fares, [illegible] of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc. Tours [illegible] to Yosemite [illegible] by the great Pacific Railroad to [illegible] via Panama and Nicaragua to New York, all [illegible].

A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 27.]

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May th, at 12 o'clock m. for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An Act to [illegible] a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, [illegible], and bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable [illegible] on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes [illegible] said Act. Principal and Interest are payable in gold coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,316,[illegible], as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 11th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $[illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the offers are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said bonds, payable in gold coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a certified check [illegible] the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April [illegible], 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 13.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor.
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made expressly for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit [illegible] the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. [illegible] and can be used by any person [illegible] each and [illegible] cost to understand that none but a best [illegible] can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct 25. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also first class lots [illegible] with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 631 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining [illegible], the whole being hard [illegible] hotel, but as it is [illegible] "THE VILLA" [illegible] at the last [illegible] of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENELLI & CO.,
August 2. Proprietors.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 618 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 A.M. and 5 P.M. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to City Collections, and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 4.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of [illegible] J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon. Owing to its [illegible] reputation, various parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States. March 19.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS and GLAZIERS, No. 427 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agricultural Implements & Mining Tools,
August 16. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your [illegible] windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 613 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 31.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

G. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE, [U. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 215 Bush street. Factory 115 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

"GERKE" WINE

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Tehama county, is now permanently located at 416 and 425 Market street, corner of Battery, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

J. H. JONES & CO.,

Stock Brokers.—Members of San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board. Office—302 California street. Sept. 6.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Hooper's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 15.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan. 1.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

New York—Chamber Commerce, Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel, Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Honnsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Allanca.
Odessa—Haliskowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb, Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co., Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co., S. H. Stamulz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co., Jardine, Mathison & Co., Dent & Co., Russell & Co., Augustine Heard & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co., F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

BELGIUM—Consul General—S. Hort[illegible], Grand Hotel. Consul [illegible], N. W. cor Broad way and Sansome.
CHILI—Consul General—F. Sepulveda; Consul, F. B. Court [illegible] Consul H. Barroll bet. 324 Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 204 California street.
ECUADOR—Consul—Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul, F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 424 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, Consul; Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
GUATEMALA—Consul General—Leslie C. Hanks, 424 California.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul—C. A. C. Dollenberg, 314 Sacramento.
GREECE—Consul—N. J. Kabath, [illegible] Sansome.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 605 Front.
HAMBURG—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 603 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Act'g Consul, Horace P. Dunn.
MEXICO—Consul, Manuel Aspiroz, 404 California street.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, 13 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—Consul General—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S.W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—F. de la Fuente y Saltaral, Lick House.
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Berton. Vice Consul, H. Laidley, Swiss-American Bank.
SPAIN—Consul—Camilo Martin, 425 California street.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 510 Battery street.
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—R. Mc[illegible], Washington st.
TURKEY—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, 23 Battery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—[illegible] Baum, [illegible] Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss-American Bank.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—G. Muecke, 100 California street.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

TOKENS

I heard a blackbird at the close of day
The, [illegible] its song against the amber west;
I said, "O bird, my love is far away!
Tell her my thought, and I shall be at rest!"
The mellow-throated singer left its bough,
And flew away amidst the twilight's fall;
And as I thought of young love's burning vow,
I wondered if that bird would tell her all.

I plucked a red rose from its parent tree;
I threw it in the stream that flowed alone,
And said, "Sweet rose, oh, take a smile from me,
To where the blackbird speedeth with its song!"
I watched it take its way far down the stream,
With perfumed thoughts to her so young and fair;
And wondered oft if e'er its crimson gleam
Would mingle with her locks of golden hair.

* * * * * * *

I dreamed I heard her voice, so low and sweet,
Sing those grand songs that of the spirit [illegible].
I knelt and lowly worshiped at her feet;
I woke and found my loved one singing still.
And then I knew the blackbird, in its song,
Had told her all the love my soul had sent,
And that the red rose had been borne along,
And found her ere its fragrance yet was spent.

—*Alexander Lamont.*

FIGARO'S NATURAL HISTORY.

[BY O. P. Q. PHILANDER SMIFF AND HIS FAMILY.]

How we Worked the Ark.—I may at once tell you, sir, that the Noah's Ark [illegible] answered admirably at Cholborough in the city. The town rallied round us with a unanimity that was wonderful, and to show you the spirit in which my efforts to cater appropriately for the inhabitants were received, I may mention that they all came in their Sunday clothes, and took off their hats on entering the menagerie.

By the aid of paint, and lath and canvas, the front of the caravans had been metamorphosed into a very good imitation of the side elevation of the toy Arks, and by the time Shem and Japhet had gone through the town on the pair of camels distributing handbills, the success of the scheme was assured. The Sunday-school children of the place (25) were all treated to it at a contract price of eight-pence a dozen by the Mayor of the place, but I fear the little innocents had their pleasure somewhat marred by the officious zeal of a gentleman with high cheek-bones and [illegible] head, who, with the exception of the municipal dignitary I have mentioned, got them penned up at one end of the show, and worried them as to the height of Mount Ararat, the age of Noah when he died, the contents of the Ark in cubic feet, and other antediluvian details. Only those who passed this examination with credit were allowed to ride on the elephant; whilst the others were directed by their teachers to put their pennies into the conk-shell which Jo-Jo—who, by the way, made a capital Ham—went round with at intervals.

[illegible] came Jo-Jo, who was an [illegible] as Ham on the elephant, then Cotterell and a keeper as Ham's two brothers, with the camels. Next was my dear Anna Maria, [illegible] a lamb, and managing her crook as though "to the manner born." Then ought to have come the ostrich. I feared the worst, in the morning, when that bird took its matutinal meal of gravel-and-water. It rejoiced in its strength far too much to be reassuring. Still I hope for the best. All went well for the first street or two. My son, whom I had ventured also to disguise, contrary to the tradition, I am well aware, as a member of the Noachian family, waved his hand triumphantly as he turned the first corner on the adamant[illegible] stomached bird. But he little knew. I, when I caught sight of the [illegible] cart of the ostrich a bolt, and [illegible] prepared for the worst, and [illegible] to Jo-Jo [illegible] the bird's neck.

It was too late. I hurried on my zebra at full speed, at the risk of spoiling the symmetry of the procession, but before I turned the corner I heard a loud wail, followed by an awful crash, and, as I dashed up, the first sight that met my view were the legs of my first born sticking up convulsively out of an ash-bin, into which he had been pitched head foremost, while the bird, having gone full tilt through a china and glass warehouse window, had already smashed three tea-sets, and eaten the greater part of a choice dessert service. This *contretemps* quite spoiled the *ensemble* of the procession, and the sight of Noah wrestling with the china dealer, and endeavoring to lasso the ostrich with a piece of packing-cord, proved too much for even the staid burgesses of Cholborough. So there was nothing for it but to send on word to the band, which was playing airs from the "Creation" very badly, to double back, and for us all to get into the menagerie as soon as possible.

There we dusted down my son, tied up the ostrich, and formed a patriarchal group round the entrance to the Ark, keeping Jo-Jo well in front. And I may remark here, that for once Jo-Jo was invaluable, and a small biography of him, which was on sale at the doors, was in great demand. During the day he received nearly £4 in all for the benefit of his tribe; and I was offered two guineas if I would allow him to stay over for an approaching missionary meeting, and make the collection. He was publicly interviewed by a minister who had seen service in the West Indian mission field. Much interest was evinced by the crowded audience, as the minister had announced, privately, that he would tackle the African chieftain in his own native *patois*.

We put them on a raised platform, and, after Bishop Heber's Hymn by the band, I signed to Jo-Jo to advance.

"Waryteria muskedi squashi bango yam!" said the ex-missionary, preparing to rub noses with the negro, as is the custom in occidental climes.

"Ladies and gentlemen," I observed, "I regret that the interesting polyglottic dialogue we had anticipated cannot be carried out. Our estimable friend, if I may call him so, who has labored in the mission field, is naturally acquainted with the dialects of the isle in which he wrought, but our Jo-Jo, being a Gold Coast native, speaks the language of King Koffee Kalcalli and his Ashantee braves. Hence there is a trifling difference in the [illegible] of their ideas. Under the circumstances, we will finish up with the fetish dance."

I don't think the minister liked having his light put out in this way; but he recovered his equanimity when I proposed to him that he should give us a few extempore remarks on the fauna of Jamaica and the adjacent islands.

This cleared the caravan in about a quarter of an hour, and I was not sorry, as there was another crowd from a rival chapel waiting to come in. Altogether, then, it was a success, and we carried away close on £30 out of Cholborough.

You will hear of me next at Muffborough. It is the great annual fair there next week. My agent in advance has already secured a capital pitch for me in the fair-field. We shall be between Wright's Theatre and Jennings' Royal Marionettes. I am still weak, but full of spirit. Yours, prosperously,
O. P. Q. PHILANDER SMIFF.

P. S. About that unfortunate ostrich. It had a dreadful cough the next morning, and brought up a strawberry-and-cream dish and two plates. After this it was better, but still wheezy. Having a box of Lozenge's Pulmonic Wafers in my pocket (I never travel without them), I administered it entire to the distressed bird. The effect was magical. Not only did the cough cease, but the ostrich now warbles like a nightingale, and has brought up the remainder of the dessert service. I think the world should know this. O. P. Q. P. S.

It is said the Ashantees are being drilled, if not led, by European officers, and that Dutchmen and Frenchmen are instructing them in the art of war.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, [illegible] Pine street; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. The Bank has Agencies at Virginia City, Gold Hill, and [illegible] in all the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. Sept. 20.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, E. D. Morgan. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hours on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M. for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other Collateral securities at current rates of interest. DIRECTORS—[illegible] Spreckels, [illegible] Schmieden, Chas. Kohler, Dan. Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED.)

412 California st., San Francisco.—London Office, 3 Angel Court; New York Agents, J. W. Seligman & Co., 21 Broad street. Authorized Capital Stock, $[illegible],000. Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange and Bullion, loan Money, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world.
Oct. 4. F. F. LOW, IGN. STEINHART, } Managers.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 11.

THE CALIFORNIA SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

No. 512 California street. Guarantee Capital, $300,000. Receives Ordinary and Term Deposits. Interest payable semi-annually. Makes Loans on City and County Real Estate and other approved securities. President—David Farquharson; Vice President—Chas. Flow; Secretary—D. B. Ashbury. [Sept. 6.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't; Wm. H. Culver, Vice Pres dent; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 12.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Dexter Tafft, deceased.—Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executors of the estate of DEXTER TAFFT, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executors, at the office of E. V. Joice, No. [illegible] Merchants' Exchange, corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, in the County of San Francisco, California. W. C. RALSTON, E. V. JOICE,
Dated Oct. 8, 1873. Executors of the Estate of Dexter Tafft, deceased.
W. H. L. Barnes, Attorney for Estate. Oct. 11

BUENA VISTA VINICULTURAL SOCIETY,

Office, 400 Battery street, San Francisco.—Vineyards and Cellars, Sonoma. Orders respectfully solicited for WHITE and RED WINES and PURE BRANDY. Special attention is called to their SPARKLING NATIONAL GRAPE, which received Honorable Mention at the Paris Exhibition in 1867. [Sept. 6.

SITUATION WANTED

A young man, who speaks fluently the English, French and German languages and has finished his classical education in a German university, is desirous of obtaining a situation as Private Tutor in a family. The highest testimonials will be given. Address "W.," NEWS LETTER office; or, California Placard Exchange, 617 to 625 Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct. 25.

MACHINERY WANTED

By the Kimball Manufacturing Co.—One 30-inch Engine Lathe; One Medium Sized Shaper; One Drill and Slotting Machine Combined; One Planer, ordinary size. Oct. 25.

A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

Have removed to the Southeast corner of California and Battery streets, where they invite the attention of their customers and others to their large assortment of the Best and Finest Brands of CHEWING and SMOKING TOBACCO, HAVANA CIGARS and CIGARITOS. Consignments of the Finest Brands of Cigars received by every Steamer. [Oct. 18.] A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

C. L. TAYLOR.] C. L. TAYLOR & CO., [E. BABSON, JR.

Shipping and Commission Merchants, No. 31 California st., below Davis, San Francisco, Cal., and 101 State street, Boston. Oct. 18.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

REMOVAL.

The Offices of the Southern Pacific Railroad Co., Market Street RAILWAY CO., POTRERO AND BAY VIEW RAILROAD CO., and MISSION BAY BRIDGE CO., will be removed to the New Building, corner of FOURTH AND TOWNSEND STREETS on Saturday, Oct. 11, 1873. Oct. 11.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 2 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 25.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE COMPANY.

Manufacturing Co.'s Offices—405 and 407 Sansome st., San Francisco. Oct. 11.

ALGERNON SMITH.

"Died.—In this city, October 27th, Algernon Smith, in the 46th year of his age."

A TRIBUTE TO HIS MEMORY

SAN FRANCISCO, October 29, 1873.

Dear News Letter—To offer you an apology for seeking the hospitality of your columns to say a few words in remembrance of one who was as much beloved by you and hundreds of your readers as by me, were indeed a mockery of which I cannot be guilty. And so I plead no excuse for this intrusion. Rather am I prompted to ask pardon of the one who may have the attention invited to the little but brief life of a true-hearted gentleman, and well-known humorist and wit, for its failure to do justice to the dead and to satisfy the living. When the tendrils of the heart are touched by the hand of sorrow, there is a respectfulness, more earnest and sincere in its tones than mere words, and the feeble power ceases to portray its meaning. In the presence of death we all stand appalled. Language fails us on the longer. We are hushed into a solemn silence more eloquent than speech when the Destroying Angel crosses our thresholds and takes from us one loved one. Our feelings find relief in tears. It is thus our hearts speak. And sitting here to-night, aim at within hearing of the retreating footfalls as he passes away from us forever, and filled with sadness, I know not what to say about our dear lost friend, and yet I want so much to record something kind and true of Algernon Smith. Permit me then to offer this, my simple tribute to his memory. Among other and fairer flowers laid at the shut door of his tomb, this little leaf may escape recognition, but surely it will retain, at least, its freshness and life, if there is any truth in the reality of friendship, for that was the guide which prompted it. To lover of the decease of an acquaintance whom we have been in the habit of seeing, and talking with almost daily, and at times sad, but love much more pleasant to read of pain and sorrow to listen to the voice, feeling with a harsh and jarring sound, that a valued and warm-hearted and sincere friend who has endeared himself to us by many alluring characteristics, and with whom we had many associations and sympathies in common, has been summoned at last to join the "innumerable caravan" with which we must all, sooner or later, take up our journey to the Realms of Shade. We hear of his illness; we visit him in his sick-room; we hear it said that he cannot recover, that human skill is powerless to aid or save; we witness his symptoms of dissolution, and we prepare ourselves mentally for the dread end. But when we read the record of his death in the daily papers, we hear of it from the lips of others, we shudder and grieve none the less, and the blow we suffer is by no means tempered because we expected it.

It was thus the shock fell upon the writer when he was told that Algernon Smith was dead. We had a been prepared for days to hear it, but still a fond hope was alive, that we dearly loved to cherish, that as the Winter and Summer might come and go before the "shadow should fall on him, there would be no near, would find its resting place. And all hopes were shattered—a blow such as could suggest or faithful friends effort, was in vain, and on the evening of October 27th life's fitful fever was ended, and the spirit of this noble generous true and tried friend, devoted son and brother, and genial companion took its flight, gently, almost imperceptibly, from the couch of suffering into that other and outer world, where, let us hope, there will be found perfect peace and perfect rest, that rest and peace which runs through all eternity, and which "passeth all understanding." How true it is that, "in the midst of life we are in death!" And this was so forcibly brought home to me when our friend passed away, the thought encompassed me for hours. He always seemed so full of health and strength—the very picture of it. His spirits were the merriest where all were cheerful. His tones were among the gayest and gladdest, and his wit among the readiest and brightest, where all were full of life and gayety and gladness. There were so many others, we thought, would be taken first. And a man who knew him loved him so well 'tis hard to give him up, and we cannot like the rod of the Destroyer. Algernon Smith was born in Washington City. His father was the late Major Thomas L. Smith, a genial, accomplished, and gallant gentleman, who, for forty years, held the honorable and distinguished office of 1st Auditor of the U. S. Treasury Department. Enjoying high social position and favored with benefits of a thorough education, the morning of Algernon's manhood dawned with brightness and promise. He served for a time as midshipman in the U. S. Navy with credit, and finally resigned his appointment. In 1849 he came to California, and entered upon an active business life. Since his advent to this coast the thread of his life is so interwoven with the history of early and later times here, and so familiar to your readers, I shall not enlarge upon it. It is superfluous for me to say it in all his relations, business and social—with his fellow-men, he won the respect and confidence of all. He was prompt and obliging—always ready to do a favor, or serve a friend. He leaves to mourn the irreparable loss they have sustained in his death, a widowed mother, two sisters and a brother, Col. Ernest Smith, stationed in the East, and in this city, a married sister, Mrs. Thomas Bolt—a lady well and widely known and justly celebrated for all the graces and accomplishments tending to adorn intellectual womanhood.

I was not one of Algernon's earliest friends, for he was an old resident, while I am comparatively a stranger here, but I know I numbered among my associates for whom I conceived a stronger regard or a deeper respect than for Algernon Smith. And he was entitled to this regard from all, by his manly and easily assumed nonchalance, and I am sure there will be a ready response among the hundreds who called him friend when I render to him the homage of my praise as a man of liberal ideas, of generous impulses of unswerving honor to his associates, of an unclouded courage, and what was best and sweetest of all in those days when the power and influence of personal integrity was concentrated upon, man's one would call attention to the influence in the heavens of some blazing meteor he was a man of *unsullied honor*. His mind was blessed with the polish of literary culture, without which the happiness of all around is marred and whenever he chose to commit his thoughts to paper he wrote with ease and grace. At the risk of some of the pleasantest reading in the pages of the *News Letter* was the production of his pen. But if his keen sense of the ludicrous and ready wit made his letters pleasant and spicy, he never was so unmanly or unkind as to seek to inflict a lasting pain or even a momentary smart. The weapon of satire was not wielded by him to cut and thrust and leave a rankling sore behind to fester. He was too manly to parry and feint. His conversational powers were rare and his social disposition was a favorite. You, dear *News Letter*, knew him long and well, and many, many times was his pleasant wave and the kindly grasp of his hand. Who that knew him will look for all his kind words and courteous consideration. I know of no man who had fewer enemies than he. Not that he was devoid of the qualities to make them so. He had strong, positive of character, and was fearless in the expression of his opinions, but he was conciliatory to all and ever ready to make reparation for a wrong.

To show their regret for his loss, and their sympathy with his stricken relatives, all of our best and oldest our fairest and bravest in the community came to pay the last token of respect to his remains. And it can be said of him as it was of the gentle and brilliant Douglas Jerrold, when he died, "Were every eye, instead of a flower, a monument of roses would bloom over his grave." To these relatives, near and afar, on whom the blow has fallen with such a crushing weight, I am sure I am only giving expression to the sentiments of all when I say that we proffer to each and every one of them our deepest and our heartfelt sympathy. For when the Shadow Hand beckoned to our friend to follow, it made to sad hearts not only a stern shadow here, but it also cast a shadow broad and deep upon the Eastern home, where now dwells a broken hearted and widowed mother. May the chastening Hand temper the blow, and may she find some slight consolation in her bereavement by knowing how much her loss is felt and appreciated here. For, what can all more to make her glad a mother's heart than the knowledge that her loved one deserved richly all the friends he had? This we at least believe but the revelation of a future life, to be a cloud of sorrow. And now he sleeps in eternal repose among the green hillsides of Mount Moriah, where we have laid so many of our treasures—away from the strife and bustle of the town, near to the borders of the second home.

Farewell old friend! Farewell! Sweet be your repose! We will not, because we cannot, forget you! And sometimes, when the day is almost over, at the conset hour, for Fancy and him say he loved that best, when a chalice, to let garb of evening beauty, invites us to reflect on, and our thoughts wander away to loved ones resting in that City of the Silent, so flecked with sepulchred urns and stately shafts, uttering no words, yet telling the tales of sorrow with a voiceless eloquence, more touching than any speech of man, sometimes shall those of us who other shed him a kind word and grave, and scatter a few of the spring-time's fairest flowers above the dust of Algernon Smith. Let us add to his memory a tear—affection a tear—a dearer monument than cold, unfeeling marble.

STUART M. TAYLOR.

There are many clothing firms in the city that by flash advertisements and puffing puffing, would lead to imagine that they only are worth visiting. Now Pondy & Fishbill, clothiers and merchant tailors, in the northwest corner of Washington and Sansome streets, employ none of these means, and yet their business is one of the most extensive and best patronized in the city, simply because their clothing give eminent satisfaction, from the perfection of their fit, the fine workmanship and good quality of material employed.

At the corner of Kearny and Sutter streets is a store in which is to be seen a collection of plants that have the wonderful power of pleasing every one. It is stated that these plants are specially adapted to the home climate, and in this station at Pacific Lucca, Christine Nilsson, Carlotta Patti, Isabella Kellogg, Patejia Rosa, and a host of others, place their in horticulture. It will be at once understood that we refer to the Weber Pianos, and the store is that of Messrs. Sherman & Hyde's, who are the agents.

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of the sale of several valuable city lots in the vicinity of California, Sutter, and Sacramento streets, also of a lot on Telegraph Hill. Maynard will furnish all particulars with pleasure.

We call the attention of our readers to the advertisement of a desirable city residence for sale, on the side of California street, between Jones and Leavenworth. Also a lot corner Jackson and Sutter streets. These are good positions.

P. Kelly has rightly earned the name of prize bootmaker, for he has discovered the secret of making a boot, at the same time handsome in appearance, comfortable in wear and lasting. His store is on Bush street, but everybody knows it.

We learn that Messrs. Bancroft are the purchasers of the right to manufacture Sewing Pat. at Objective Mass. Staff. The thing only wants pushing to make the fortune of purchasers and inventor.

Now out, published by M. Gray, "My Gal Sal—Ballade," by Louis Bödeker, "Come Back to Erin," transcription by Karl Merz.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee at 2 o'clock—Second Last Matinee. Saturday Evening, Nov. 1st, Mr. SHIEL BUSHE will appear in John O'Molle and THE HAPPY MAN. In preparation—Arrah Na Pogue, or Wicklow Wanderer, entitled FATCH AT BALLAGH, or THE REPEALERS, abounding with novel and stirring tableaux. Sunday, November 2d—First Musical Night—I LOMBARDI. Prices as usual. Reserved Seats can be obtained at the Box Office of the Theater.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Sam Wilkes, Treasurer.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon.—Immense Welcome to MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS! Part First—Minstrelsy. Part Second—Welsh and Rice as the Medicaly Twins. "Manning Street Act." "Jack Cade's Act." Ballad by Baker. Eddy Plan Sketch. "Like Master Like Man." To conclude with JOLLY THE BRAZILIAN APE. Little Mack as "Jocko." Bob Frazer as "Pip." The Great ELLA WESNER will shortly appear. Nov 1

GRAY'S OPERA HOUSE.

Bush St., between Kearny and Montgomery.—The Doctor of Alcantara. Decided Success of SI SAN GALTON and LEONARD LEE Opera Bouffe, Burlesque and Comedy Troupe. Clerbacks great Opera of ALIWA DONNA THE CAPRICE. Tom Comer will shortly produce the Revolving Farce, entitled DAFFY DOWN. Matinee Every Saturday. Great attraction at Grand Opera House, entitled THE GRAND DUCHESS. Admission, Dress Circle, $1, Orchestra, 50 cents, Private Boxes, $5 and $10; Parquette, 25 cents. Nov 1

TAXES! TAXES! —1873-74.

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Assessment Book of the Taxable Property of the City and County of San Francisco for the ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY for the Fiscal Year 1873-74 has this day been received, that the taxes, city and county Taxes for said Fiscal Year are now due and payable at the office of the undersigned in the City Hall, and that the same if paid on or before the 20th of November will be strictly enforced. Taxes will become delinquent on the FIRST SUNDAY in January next, and unless paid prior thereto, the percent will be added to the amount thereof.

A. ANTISS,
Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

Nov 1

FOR SALE.

Property 141 feet on California st. between Sansome and Battery. Also, 137 feet on Battery street, being on Jackson and Sacramento. Also 125 feet on Sansome and Battery streets. All in the best business portion of the city. Also, 137 feet on Sansome and Sacramento streets. Also, 1 Navara Lot in Telegraph Hill, 50 acres in grove in Canada Raymundo. Any part of the property will be sold on easy terms, to suit purchasers. (Nov 1) L. MAYNARD

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general Brokerage and Mining business under the firm name and style of MERRIFIELD & ROSENER. Office and Brokery, corner of California and Sansome streets, San Francisco.

L. MERRIFIELD,
LEVI ROSENER.

San Francisco, October 1, 1873. (Nov 1)

DESIRABLE CITY RESIDENCE PROPERTY FOR SALE

Unimproved 50-vara lot north side California st., between Jones and Leavenworth streets. Also, unimproved 50-vara lot northeast corner Jackson and Sutter streets. Inquire of JOS. W. JORDAN, N. E. corner Clay and Front streets, San Francisco.

Nov 1

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Ajax, E. Rollins, Commander, will leave Folsom street wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, Nov. 1, at 10 o'clock A. M. (Nov 1) WM. NGRILLS, Agent.

ADAMANTINE CANDLES.

1,000 boxes Schaeffer's 14 oz. Adamantines. 7,000 lbs Macy's 12 oz Adamantine. 1,000 lbs Emery's 12 oz Adamantine. In store and for sale by (Nov 1) WM. T. COLEMAN & CO.

PETER SHORT,

Merchant Tailor, No. 613, N. W. corner Montgomery and Merchant streets, San Francisco. Nov 1

HAVANA CIGARS

Having received a Fresh Invoice of Bock & Co.'s celebrated Cigars, we offer the same for sale. GILDEMEISTER, BUECKE & CO. 109 California street. Nov 1

RICHARD PATRICK & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, No. 112 Battery street, San Francisco. Nov 1

COKE—CHEAPEST FUEL

Sixty Cents per Bushel; Nine Dollars per Ton. At Gas Works, cor. Howard and Fremont, Corner second and King Potrero. Nov 1

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees a perfect fit, as elegantly made, and fashionable as garments. (May 31)

Stuart Seldon Wright,

ATTORNEY

AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

OFFICES—

Nos. 10 and 11, 431 California st., upstairs.

Aug 9

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Price for most of the Household necessaries.

Butter, Cal., fresh ⅌ lb	50@	55	
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25	
Honey	25@	35	
Eggs, ⅌ doz.		50	
Lard, ⅌ lb	10@	18	
Ham & Bacon, ⅌ lb	16@	20	
Chickens, ⅌ pair	75@1	00	
Potatoes, Irish, ⅌ lb	3@	4	
Lima Beans, ⅌ lb	6@		
Tomatoes, ⅌ lb	3@	4	
Onions, ⅌ lb	3@	5	
Squash, ⅌ lb	2½@	4	
Pumpkins, ⅌ lb	2½@	3	
Cabbages, each	10@	15	
Cauliflowers, each	10@	15	
Cucumbers, ⅌ doz	10@	15	
Celery, ⅌ doz bunches	75@1	00	
Beets, ⅌ doz bunches	20@	25	
Turnips, ⅌ doz bunches	25	25	
Parsnips, ⅌ doz bunches	25	25	
Radishes, ⅌ doz bunches	25	25	
Green Peas, ⅌ lb	6@	8	
String Beans, ⅌ lb	6@	8	
Apples ⅌ lb	3@	5	
Pears, ⅌ lb	5@	10	
Peaches, ⅌ lb	5@	15	
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00	
Figs, Cal. dried, ⅌ lb	12@	25	
Dates, ⅌ lb	8@	12	
Oranges, ⅌ doz	50	75	
Lemons ⅌ 100	50@1	50	
Limes, ⅌ doz	25@		
Chickens, each	75@1	00	
Quail, ⅌ doz	50@1	50	
Turkeys, ⅌ lb	20@	25	
Geese, ⅌ pair	50@	100	
Ducks, ⅌ pair	1 25@2	00	
Rabbits, ⅌ pair	75@1	00	
Hares, each	50	40	
Oysters, ⅌ 100	75@1	00	
Clams, ⅌ 100	50@		
Mussels, ⅌ 100	25@		
Salmon, cin. kind, ⅌ lb	15@	18	
Salmon, fresh, ⅌ lb	10@		
Codfish, ⅌ lb	12@	15	
Rockfish, ⅌ lb	8@	12	
Smelts, ⅌ lb	10@	15	
Tomcod, ⅌ lb	12@		
Sturgeon, ⅌ lb	12@	18	
Flounders, ⅌ lb	25@		
Halibut ⅌ lb	30@	50	
Perch, ⅌ lb	50@		
Shrimps, ⅌ lb	10@	12	
Anchovies, ⅌ lb	50@	8	
Soles, ⅌ lb	20@	50	

E. S. TIBBEY,

Stock Broker,

No. 6 Leidesdorff St.

Aug 9

H. F. Williams & Co.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

ROOM 20,

STEVENSON'S BUILDING,

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

California and Montgomery sts.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Aug. 23.

THE PICTURE.

The fire-flame glows with warm, uncertain light,
Casting wild moving shadows on the floor,
As I sit musing, through the silent night,
On things that have been, but can be no more.

It cannot be that she I look upon,
Whose portrait hangs in gorgeous gloom upon the wall,
Is false as fair—would it pure any one—
She for whose love I would have given my all.

The sparkling sapphire of the glorious eyes,
The burnished shimmer of the golden hair,
The mouth that murmured once in soft replies,
The small little woman form so passing fair

Are now another's, though they once were mine,
Well, let him keep them, I but loved and lost;
Though she has earned to bow at Mammon's shrine,
She soon will learn what Mammon's favors cost.

Yet the face haunts me with its far off gaze,
And sad sweet eyes that said sweet thoughts recall;
O, bitter memories of golden days!
O, fair false face upon the silent wall!

T. A. H.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 31, 1873.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

Opera House.—The entertainment at this pretty little theater is at present by far the best in the city. This week's bill has been *Babolat Dove* and the *Prima Donna of a Night*. The first is the old farce of *The Falcon Boy* under a new name and is the best this troupe has given us. Miss Lonsa "Fanny Curry," disguised as "Tom" in a wonderful yellow suit of grey and close curling wig made a most bewitching boy. Twas no wonder "Sally" allowed him to kiss her with such impunity. We wound we were "Sally." Then there was John Howson as "Captain Popham," afterwards disguised as "Fanny." His gushing young woman may be imagined, we fail to describe her. We only know that the whole thing, including Mr Burnett as "Dabeler," a commercial gent, was most indicrous and intensely amusing. *All about a Prima Donna* is, of course, *Miss Chevalier*. J. A. Arnold personified the great man, and sang Figaro's song, "Largo al Factotum," spiritedly. His English voice is just suited for such rapid songs. Kelleher was "Dalyface," and as "Dalyface" was not much, but as "Chrubini" he was terrific. The stocking at the hair, the breast, the rolling of the eyes and Rs. O, 'twas such a capital bit of the operatic nonsense. We laughed as we had died," and indeed we had a idea he was such a good comedian. Miss Gelton a "Ernestine" was the simpers pattern of a fond young school girl, and her singing of "O luce di quest anima," although it retained traces of the "bad cold," was sweet and charming and was encored mightily, of course. Howson was "Priterman," and such a "Peterman!" The transmogrification was complete, and everyone who saw the Spanish doctor and the Flemish servant that we have spoken to yet, concedes John Howson to be a first-class comedian—one who makes whatever character he assumes distinct and complete. We must not forget to mention with commendation Miss Blanche Ellerman's singing of "Zardita Waltz," and Kohler's cornet solo.

Alhambra.—The California Minstrels are redeeming themselves. The singing in the first part has this week been rather above the average; once more in passing we refer to Russel's new song, "Mad-laine." If James would only study light and shade in his singing, he would be quite as effective as in an onvarying low, and perhaps a trifle more so. Billy Manning certainly does ceddo Yank the decapitation scene is a blood-curdling sight, and we recommend all those with morbid tastes their name is legion—to see this piece of horrible juggling. Welsh and Rice are as good dance-men as have been in the Alhambra for some time. *Master and Man* are funny enough, but terribly noisy; Robinson's voice has got into such a state of delightful hoarseness that we shall have no more tenor solos from him, for a week, at all events. *Jocko, the Brazilian Ape*, is better than *John Shepherd*, which is not saying much. Little Mac, as the monkey, is uncommonly true to nature, and spoke and frisks about with ape-like grace, the cadial jappery being apparently no inconvenience to him. One need go no further than the Alhambra to find the chiefest fun.

California.—It strikes us that the less we say of the performance at the California this week the fewer terms of disparagement we shall have to use. Good acting by a fair stock company, a first-class comedian, and capital scenery have fail of to draw good houses, and very naturally, too, when the plays produced are so much like Dr Lord's lectures, compilations of odd jokes and incidents, stage incidents. Nobody can deny that "Thady" in the *Peep O Day* is a thorough Irish character and that Mr Shiel Barry invests him with all the drollery possible, but one we crowed an hour and nothing else is not sufficient to make it draw. The dodge of Mr Morrison into the quarry just in the nick of time! Well, what is it? A comic-acrobatic mechanical trick that one of the Displays could very likely have managed better. The Fair and dancer! A crowd of supernumeraries and ballet girls. And so all through, the success of the piece independent of acting and dependent on old, stale effects which the California audience have no patience. We look for better things, but certainly shall be disappointed if such third rate compilations as *Poker Dice* and *Dust and Diamonds* are produced.

EMILIE MELVILLE DERBY'S CONCERT.

We were prepared to be pleased, but not to be astonished. We expected to hear a sweet voice warble forth some pretty tunes, but most certainly did not expect such high attainments and perfect vocalization as Mrs Derby has achieved during her three years' study. She challenged our claim by her selection of very difficult operatic music, such as the duo from *Rigoletto* and the trio from *I Lombardi*, and rose above criticism by her splendid execution. It is not our promise to say that Mrs Melville Derby is a finished singer, and does credit to Signor Cantini, under whom she has studied. In addition to her proficiency in opera, Mrs. Derby was equally charming in ballad. She sang, in answer to an encore after her opening aria from *La Sonnambula*, "Beautiful Moon" with exceeding good taste and feeling, and proof of the most ardent feeling of her performance last Thursday was her pure, chaste rendering of Bishop's canzona, "Lo, the gentle Lark." Madame Fabbri sang her best, as it seemed in consolation of the failed Betanin, and Cantini and Jogn appeared to endeavor to drown her voice, but without success. We do hope that Mrs Emilie Melville Derby will favor us with another concert. The orchestra was excellent.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Mrs. Emilie Derby nee Melville sustained her character as a good vocalist and a charming woman most admirably last Thursday evening. We firmly believe, however, that had she but come upon the platform, bowed to her audience, and left without a word, the result would have been the same, so much of a favorite is she, and so determined are the people to be pleased with whatever she does. And she deserves all the homage that can be paid to her, for her voice is sweet, her execution good, and she still does a thing with that exquisite grace which long ago enthralled the hearts of all who saw her. Those who supported her also deserve high praise for the way in which they executed their part of the performance. Inez Fabbri, especially, was quite up to her good Continental style, but he seems to have some trouble in restraining himself from operatic gesticulation. We have never before heard Signor Baccei in better voice. If Signor Bogodal not pleased it was because he was hoarse, and not because he was incapable. Altogether the concert was a complete success, and we trust it will not be long before we are favored with another.

The location of Lick's Observatory is yet an unsettled matter, some parties advocating Mount Davidson, others Mount St. Helena, and so on. For ourselves we have no doubt Colonel Von Schmidt's selection is as good as, if not better than, all the others.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES

METALS	PRICES	TEAS.	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$50 00 @ $52 50	Japan	[illegible]
Bar Iron, assd. rnd. ⅌ lb	— 3 @ — 4	Oolong	[illegible]
Metal Sheathing, ⅌ lb	— 21 @ — 25	SUGARS	
Tin Plates, I C, ⅌ box	13 00 @ 14 00	China, No 1, ⅌ lb	— 9 @ — 9½
Tin Plates, I X, ⅌ box	14 00 @ 15 00	Sandwich Island	— 8½ @ — 9½
Lead, Pig ⅌ lb	— 6 @ — 6½	Manila	— 6 @ — 7½
Lead, Sheet, ⅌ lb	— 9 @ — 10	Crushed American	— 11 @ — 11½
Bance Tin, ⅌ lb	— 26 @ —	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 7
Quicksilver	1 10 @ —	Peruvian	— 7 @ — 8
COAL		CANDLES	
West Hartley, ⅌ ton	11 50 @ 12 00	Sperm Wax, ⅌ lb	— 20 @ — 22
Australian	9 50 @ 10 00	Adamantine	— 15½@ — 16
Cumberland	22 @ 25 00	SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS	
Anthracite	12 00 @ 14 00	Whisky, American	1 25 @ 1 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ —	Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50	Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
WOOL		Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Guatemala, ⅌ lb	— 21 @ — 22	Rum, Jamaica	3 50 @ 3 75
Java, Old Government	— 33 @ — 35	Brandy, Cognac	4 00 @ 15 00
Manila	— 18 @ — 21	BAGS AND BAGGING	
Costa Rica	— 21 @ — 22	Chicken Bags, ea 200 lb	20 @ — 21
RICE		Gunny Bags in bales	— 20 @ — 21
China, No 1, ⅌ lb	— 6¾@ — 6¾	Burlap Bags	— 13½@ — 14
China No 2	— 5¾@ — 5¾	Russian, Crash, ⅌ yard	— 24@ — 25
Hawaiian	— 6¾@ — 7¾	DOMESTIC STAPLES	
WINES		Wool ⅌ lb	— 12 @ — 30
Champagne ⅌ doz	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— 7 @ — 7½
Port, according to brand		Hides	— 10 @ — 12½
⅌ gallon	3 00 @ 6 75	Wheat ⅌ 100 lbs.	1 35 @ 1 40
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00	Barley	1 25 @ 1 30
OIL		Oats	1 15 @ 1 20
Coal oil Kerosene	— 31 @ — 35	Flour ⅌ 100 lbs.	5 25 @ 5 75

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First st. & Brannan sts. on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Nov 1st—Steamer COLORADO . . Capt Dearborn
Nov 15—Steamer JAPAN . . . Capt Freeman

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 1st and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Nov 4—Steamer CONSTITUTION . . Capt Nelson
Nov 19—Steamer NEVADA . . . Capt Morgan

All Steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all except the Constitution, call at SAN DIEGO.

Steerage passage, including subsistence, is made for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:

MOHONGO, Capt. Harlos, Monday, Oct. 27. Friday, Nov. 7, Wednesday, Nov. 19.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Saturday, Nov. 1, Thursday, Nov. 13, Tuesday, Nov. 25.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT

SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,

But takes no freight for San Simeon.

SENATOR, Capt. Harlos, for San Luis Obispo and way ports, Saturday, Nov. 15, at 3 P. M.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, carrying sails, oils and combustibles—for San Diego and way ports, Thursday, Oct. 30, at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Nov. 1.] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the Sun Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co., at Donahue's Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE, and Way Stations, every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale, 1 P. M. Leaves Cloverdale 3 P. M. Arriving in San Francisco, 9 P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday to the following Monday. The trains make close connections with stages to all places north. This affords the most pleasant and cheap mode of pleasure resort to Skaggs Springs and THE GEYSERS. Round trip tickets to sale at the office, or of the Steamer Captains also tickets for Lake and other places. Short rates.

DAILY TIME TABLE—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2 o'clock P. M. from Front street Wharf, arrives at Donahue's Landing, Petaluma, at 5 P. M. Leaves Donahue's Landing, Petaluma, at 6 A. M. Arrives in San Francisco at 10 A. M. For all information apply at the Office, on the Wharf, foot of Montgomery street. [May 1.] PETER DONAHUE, Proprietor.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting with this route Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, foot of Market st. Wharf, will leave San Francisco (Sundays excepted), from Front street Wharf, at 2.30 P. M. leaving the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 6 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10.30 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make closest connections with Stages to all points north.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS. On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving at Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at 7 P. M. This will allow excursionists about 3 hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 421 Montgomery street.

For all information apply at the Company's office, 426 Montgomery street.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The Steamer Newbern, William Metzger, Master, will sail for the above portsmouth at 12 o'clock, noon, from Spear st. Wharf, connecting at the mouth of the Colorado with the steamboats and flats of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company to navigate the River. The ship is well fitted and furnished and none others signed. No freight received after noon of the day of sailing, and bills of lading for the ports must be accompanied by Custom house and consular clearances. For freight or passage apply to

Oct 4 E. NORTON, Agent, 41 Front street.

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and State rooms secured at office.

May 17 E. E. MORRIS & SONS, 23 California street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Side Wheel Steamship PRINCE ALFRED leaves this great wharf on the 9th and 24th of each month at 12 M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 25] JOHN ROSENFELD, Agt.

NOTICE

Shippers to Santa Barbara and other Coast Ports, are requested to call for my paper called THE GUIDE, for information as to the movements of our vessels. See advertisement in the daily papers.

Sept 20 GOODALL, NELSON & PERKINS, Corner Clay and Sansome.

J. H. COLEMAN & CO.,

Late of the Atlantic General Collector.—Room 9, No. 420 Montgomery street. Refers to—Messrs. F. MacCrellish & Co.; Richards & Harrison; Cutting & Co.; Geo. C. Shreve & Co. Oct 11.

ART NOTES.

The larger room of the Art Association Galleries is now blocked up with thirty-one large cases containing the casts and other works just received from France. The statuary will be set up, mounted and arranged by Mr. Pietro Mezzara, the eminent sculptor, immediately he can leave the immense castings now in progress at his studio from his models for the State Capitol. With this gentleman it will be a voluntary labor of love, and the Art Association is very fortunate in securing his services.

Although our Art community has lost Bierstadt, it retains Thomas Hill, who is building a commodious studio, and has no present intention of deserting the West. Our younger artists, unlike those of older communities, have little wherewith to compare their works, and are therefore apt, after attaining a certain standard, to remain stationary and improve but little. Hence we rejoice when artists of eminence come amongst us, more especially when, like both the above-named gentlemen, they are always ready to advise and encourage struggling talent.

Looking round the studios, we are forced to believe that our artists, in spite of a common impression to the contrary, are amongst the most industrious of men. Marple has completed a fresh picture, a very tender gray view, on Lake Tahoe, the distance of which is beyond all praise, or, we may say, the "beyond" of which distances his former efforts. Our former resident artists, R. G. Holdredge and Arthur Lemon, have returned from their wanderings over the continent with huge portfolios of sketches. The former is also in quest of subjects from this coast, he having established himself in New York. Lemon has been living among the Shoshone and other Indians of Colorado, etc., and it is probable that in conjunction with Holdredge, he will, while here, work up many of his interesting studies. The first named gentleman has many sketches of the overland route, more especially from the Utah Cañons.

Deakin, the indefatigable, has returned from the mountains with 55 oil studies principally around Tallac Mountain and Lake Tahoe. The whole are made on Windsor & Newton's oil "sketch paper" (or rather card), on which more finish is attainable in oil painting than on canvas, and there seems no reason why it should not be used for cabinet pictures as well as for outdoor studies. Deakin's sketches embrace a great variety—daylight, sundown, moonlight, and storm—and are full of truth to nature. They form a very pleasing little exhibition by themselves, and many of them, notoriously those of Emerald Bay and Fallen Leaf Lake, are excellent subjects for large pictures. Among the studies is a sketch of the spot proposed for the Lick observatory. When shall we be able to cease our oft repeated cry, "Give us, oh give us a sketch club!" When we say that these studies are in some respects superior to the same artist's finished pictures, we say nothing derogatory to the latter. Sketches made entirely out of doors with Nature *en face* are sure to possess a freshness, vigor, and truth rarely attainable by studio work.

Mr. George H. Baker, the lithographer, has recently made a very interesting trip in the Yosemite neighborhood, and has brought down a series of sketches, a large part of which are from entirely fresh points. In company with Mr. Hutchings, the well known pioneer of the valley, he proceeded *via* the Little Yosemite, Lake Tenaya and the Tuolumne Meadows, into the cañon which commences three miles below the Soda Springs. This was traversed *throughout* for the first time. The Tuolumne River, at this point, forms a series of falls and rapids, the highest of the former being about 600 feet, and passes through several rugged cañons, where and about which travel is difficult and dangerous. There are four cañons, which are of immense altitude, before the Hetch-hetchy Valley is reached. This beautiful spot, it will be remembered, was sketched by Mr. Bierstadt recently, that artist entering it by a different route. Mr. Baker's sketches are careful and artistic, and will ere long be given to the world in a series of tinted lithographs, accompanied with descriptive letter-press. His studies of the Tuolumne Cañon and Hetch-hetchy Valley are particularly noticeable, while he has taken care, in his Yosemite sketches, to select new points of view.

We have all reason to be proud of our photographic artists. Are not the two leading landscape photographers of the United States with us? Is there any place in the world where so much first-class portraiture is turned out in proportion to that which is mediocre or bad? We trow not. Our great photographic galleries form one of the features of the city. Now one of our photographers, Mr. H. W. Vaughan, comes forward as an inventor and patentee of several important improvements for facilitating the practice of the art. Among them is an ingenious little contrivance, which he terms the "photo-gate." Every one will remember that when the agonizing ordeal of "sitting" for one's portrait is over, the operator steps forward and in a jiffey puts a brass cap over the lense. This is obviated in the new contrivance in a very simple manner. A lever is touched, and in the camera is darkened by two little closely fitting circular doors, which completely shut out the light. Vaughan has, besides, a new camera stand which rises or falls obedient to the touch of the operator, on one single lever, and an admirable contrivance for making the camera advance or recede, by means of beveled gear and double cog wheels. The same gentleman claims also to be the first inventor of the "profile mirror," a double glass, by the arrangement of which the proposing sitter can choose the exact position in which he will be taken.

Mr. Vaughan has other improvements relating to the lighting of studios, which, with the before named, he will lay before the Eastern photographers. He left last week for New York with this purpose in view. We commend him to the wise men of the East, who will find him a genial and intelligent gentleman and skillful artist. His friends of the Bohemian Club will watch his progress with interest and wish him all success.

In Snow's gallery three little heads, by H. A. Stuart, attracted our attention. One is called "Music," and is a study after Dresden china, the second is a fanciful study, "Amanda," and the third is a portrait of Byron. The artist colors well and richly, and should be successful in direct portraiture. There is something quite "old master ish" about the first-named, and the second is very tender and delicate in the flesh tints.

Thomas Ross is engaged on some Yosemite and local views for the next exhibition.

NEW AND VALUABLE ADDITIONS TO THE PLACARD EXCHANGE.

We have received from Mr. Gustavus DeYoung, publisher of "Commercial Directories of the Pacific Coast," copies of his work representing the Counties of Siskiyou, Shasta, Tehama, Trinity, Yolo, Placer, Butte, Marin and Sonoma. These chart directories are very useful, containing, besides the name and residence of every business firm in the county, a description of every town and village, distances, and in fact every information of interest. During the short term of fifteen months this energetic publisher (Mr. Gustavus D. Young) has issued Directories for over forty counties, thus supplying a long felt want in the State of California. As an advertising medium these Directories are invaluable.

Some time ago, a blind organist, Mr. Swanson by name, a pupil of Dr. Turle, organist of Westminster Abbey, came to this city expecting to be able to make a livelihood. Instead of this, he, and the kind lady who has devoted herself to him, find themselves at present dependent on charity. In view of this sad state of affairs, the Handel and Haydn Society, with the assistance of some of our most prominent soloists, have made arrangements for giving him a benefit concert at the Central Presbyterian Tabernacle, on Thursday evening next. Let all those who sympathize with such a two fold affliction as blindness and want, by all means attend.

A resolution was introduced in the Board of Supervisors on Monday night by Mr. Cummings granting to H. Booth and his associates one block of Central Basin, for the purpose of establishing a shipbuilding yard. After some discussion, the resolution was passed to print.

At Horticultural Hall, to-morrow evening the Dramatic Verein Harmonie give the amusing [illegible] *The Prussian Fusilier as a Nurse-Girl.* Music by Schmidt & Schlott's Band.

Some say the theatrical sensation of the coming week will be the appearance of Herne and troupe in *Rip Van Winkle,* at Platt's Hall. *News terrene*.

Placard Exchange

AND

BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Managing Committee of the above institution have the pleasure of giving notice, that after some necessary delay, the Directors are now fully prepared to receive orders for the purchase and sale of lands of the State or elsewhere, such as ranches, private land claims, or public lands of the United States—they having secured the services of **Col. Leander Ransom,** the well-known Land Agent, who for *ten years was the State Agent for the disposition of the School Lands*. The department is now fully supplied with maps and charts, and every necessary means of information relating to operations in land. Owners of ranches and real estate properties generally, desirous of disposing of the same, will find the Placard Exchange, with its facilities, an excellent medium for bringing their estates under the notice and attention of capitalists. Those, also, who desire to make purchases, **of any of the Public Domain in the State of California,** either in large or small tracts, will be sure to be accommodated. Maps and charts furnished, and all needful information imparted when required. Large landholders desiring to sell, can have their tracts subdivided into farms, or smaller subdivisions, with maps and accurately calculated quantities of each. Also, all kinds of printing executed with punctuality and dispatch. *Charges moderate.*

Offices open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Oct. 31, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED'S	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	25	28	28¾
Alta	1	—	—
Amador Tunnel	¾	¾	—
American Flag	7½	6	—
Arizona & Utah	1⅝	—	1½
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—
American Flat	5¼	5¾	5¼
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	7	7½	7¼
Belcher	70	74	72
Belmont	8¼	8¾	—
Huron	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	7	8¼	10
Buckeye	—	—	—
Caledonia	17¼	19½	19
Ledesburg	—	—	—
Central	13	13½	14½
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	¾	⅝	—
Chief East Extension	—	—	—
Chollar	47	50	63½
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	5¾	6½	8
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—
Cons. Imperial Virginia	51	57	51
Crown Point	—	—	—
Crown Point	104	106	110
Central No. 2	—	10	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	1⅜	—	—
Eclipse	4⅝	—	4½
El Dorado	5¾	4½	—
Empire Mill	1	1½	1
Empire Idaho	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	10½	9	—
Eureka G. V.	—	—	—
Exchequer	9	10	—
Golden	—	¾	½
Golden Chariot	23½	16½	—
Gould & Curry	11	14¼	13¼
G. H. Quartz	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	26½	29	25
Hermes	—	2	—
Hubn & Hunt	—	1	—
Hayes	—	1½	—
Ida Elmore	—	—	—
Imperial	5	5½	5¼
Independent	—	—	—
Ingomar	¾	¾	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—
Jackson	—	—	—
Julia	3¼	3¼	3¼

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WED'S	FRI'Y
Justice	8¼	9¼	8½
Kentuck	14½	15	14
Kentucky	3½	—	—
Knickerbocker	3	3½	3
Kossuth	—	—	—
Louise	—	—	—
Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Mahogany	7¼	7	—
Mammoth	—	—	—
Meadow Valley	11	13¾	—
Minnesota	—	—	—
Newark	4¼	4¼	—
New York Consolidated	¾	1½	1½
Noonday	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	67	67	67½
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	—	—
Overman	19¼	22½	22½
Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Page & Panaca	⅞	—	—
Pea Vine	—	—	—
Phoenix	—	—	—
Piute	—	—	—
Pioche	5¼	4½	—
Pioche West	—	1⅜	—
P. Phoenix	—	—	—
Raymond & Ely	53	56½	—
Rescue Consolidated	—	—	—
Rye Patch	6¾	7½	—
Red Jacket	—	—	—
Savage	53½	62	57
Seg. Belcher	96½	63	62
Sierra Nevada	—	14¾	13¼
Silver Peak	—	—	—
Silver Hill	10	10	10
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	1¾	—	—
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	5	—	—
South Overman	20	—	—
St. Patrick	—	—	—
South Comstock	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Tyler	⅝	⅝	⅝
Union Consolidated	—	1⅛	1⅛
Utah	3⅛	—	—
Washington & Creole	⅝	1½	—
Ward	—	—	—
Woodville	1¼	1¼	1¼
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	62½	69	63
Young America	—	—	—

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 2 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, ale yards, and fine drives and walks on all the place. The waters of the Springs are most [illegible] [illegible] to the [illegible] [illegible] to resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths a first class table and bar at [illegible] [illegible].

April 26. [illegible], [illegible] late of the Ocean Side House.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME and AJAX connecting with steamers [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] and O. and [illegible] R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

June 14. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan 4. No. 60 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London; National Provincial Bank of England; Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank; Oriental Bank Corporation; London and Westminster Bank; Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland; London Joint Stock Bank; Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane; The Alliance Bank (limited), Bartholomew lane; Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st.; London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bdgs, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S. Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 21 Hoswell Road, E. C.; South Flder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster al, E. C.; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool; Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President

G. W. SMILEY, Vice-President.

B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.

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F. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Budd, W. C....440 California st.

Burling & Bro., 323 Califor'a st.

Riggins, W. L. . 411 Cal'a st.

Jones, J. H. 509 California st.

Keene, J. R. . 435 California st.

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Peckham, E. P. 413 Cal'a st.

Schmiedell, H....401 Cal'a st.

Smiley, G. W.......444 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, south-east corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all without leaning to any, and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

WHERE DWELL THE DEAD?

Mr. Editor:—The query that heads this article is the grand question which has, more than all others, agitated the minds of the human family, from creation's dawn down to the present time, from every square rod of all on this terrestrial ball, whereon the foot of man hath trod, from Greenland's stunted Esquimaux to the wild Maories of the Australian Isle, from Africa's dusky sons, from Asia's countless hordes, from Europe's classic home of polished men, where Brain is Power, and Mind the king that sits enthroned on Times' progressive car, and with the wizard wand of Science marks the unerring movements of the countless worlds of light that flock the starry universe. From every savage breast, from every cultivated mind, through every age and time and place, rolls up the long earnest, anxious cry, the great momentous question of "Where dwell the dead?" The question is unanswered; the grand problem remains unsolved; the mystic riddle still unread. Nature in the silent working of her mysterious law, of cause and effect, hath never yet presented to the inquiring mind of man the magic key by which he might unlock that most tremendous secret. But the world's history presents a shameful record to the pitying gaze of thinking minds of [illegible] myriads of designing knaves, of praying counterfeits, of pious frauds, of fat and well fed cheats with sanctimonious face and oily tongue have, through Times' revolving cycles of unnumbered years, seized upon man's grand desire and longing hope and aspiration for a future life and reared upon human nature's weak credulity the religion's monstrous pandemonium of unnumbered creeds, whose propagators invented gods of every color, caste, and shade, thunder and lightning, fire and flood, and pestilence and blazing war, and dead, dumb images of brass, and sticks and stones and bugs and worms and all the vile and vicious things of earth,

"From the slimy serpents of the Nile
To Ganges scale-clad crocodile."

Every page of the world's literature that treats upon the subject of a future state, or answers the question of "Where dwell the dead?" shows the anomaly of man a creation, a tool and then falling down and worshiping the criminal [illegible] of his distempered fancy, until he believes in and becomes frightened at the bugbear which he has called into being. For all practical purposes, the Christian's God of the nineteenth century is no improvement on any of his cast-off predecessors, his favors are all stored in an improbable Heaven, where by a popular fiction some of the dead are supposed to dwell, his favors are done up in parcels to suit all classes of customers, and are still, as they have ever been, articles of traffic and trade, for coin. The packages are all marked religion, and can be purchased at any of the retail trading temples in San Francisco. The quality of the article is the same everywhere, the price depends on the tone and standing of the sanctuary at which the purchase is made, and the silk, velvet and tinsel in which the article is encased. For instance, a superior article of velvet-clad salvation can be bought of Brother Stebbins, with a box to keep it in, for $1,250 per annum. Brother Hemphill has for sale a delightful brand of sugar-coated redemption in crimson plush packages at $800 per annum (no Irish need apply). The Rev. Mr. Stone has on hand a large assortment of articles marked, Fancy Favors for the Faithful. They are heavily mounted with brass and upholstered in the gorgeous pattern of the New Jerusalem. The entire lot can be bought and left on show in his temple for $500 per annum, or the heavenly morsels will be sold singly without dressing at the following prices, as per schedule in the catalogue: Grace of God, $9; Home in Glory, $7 50; Abraham's Bosom for ladies, 75 cents; Over Jordan, 3 bits; The Narrow Way, 50 cents; Hell Bridged Over, 15 cents. The Rev. Hallelujah Cox has a large supply of cheap favors of the Lord gotten up in plain style, which he scatters among the unwashed at 25 cents a bushel. The above mentioned gentlemen, and the class which they represent are known to the traders in religion as Protestants. The firm comprises three partners, their trade-mark is the copy of an old cross, an instrument of torture used by the ancient Romans in the execution of their State criminals. There is another large army of traders and peddlers of religion, known as Catholics, who have many decent trading temples established all over the civilized world. They carry on their swindling traffic under the firm name of "Virgin Mary, St. Peter and the Pope." The Pope being the earthly head center, receives most of the cash. Their trading temples have everything for sale, from absolution for the crime of murder to a petty larceny, also indulgences for sale, which means license to commit any crime for so much money. The trade-mark of this faction is also that same old cross, and a bitter war has been carried on for centuries between the two opposing factions, Protestant and Catholic, for the exclusive right to peddle out their religion under this ancient trade-mark.

Let each and every vendor of the so-called sacred love through all the forgotten centuries has failed to point out, to the sons of earth, "Where dwell the dead?" The divine creators of these are no wiser than their dead and forgotten Pagan brethren, the polished, well fed, well dressed and refined popular tub-pounder of today, when he enters his pulpit and then lies forth eternal salvation for those who think as he thinks and everlasting torment for those who differ from him, and pictures to the gaping crowd the homes of the departed, setting himself up as the personification of infinite wisdom, and answers the world's great conundrum of "Where dwell the dead." I repeat, that this gaudy inflated human butterfly, who has but lately thrown off the chrysalis of the grub, knows that he is attiring a broad, glaring, barefaced falsehood, for which he is receiving the Lamb's-ransom money of the toiling millions, gives them as an equivalent an old and stereotyped [illegible] howling to the multitude, in brazen impudence, upon a subject of which he is entirely ignorant.

And what a curse the canting knaves
Have wrought upon their pious slaves,
Eternity may scarce efface
The burning blush of their disgrace.
Glance backward, down the tide of years,
Behold the misery, blood and tears,
And war and rapine, lust and crime,
Along the broad highway of Time,
Consult the records of the world,
The land that waste and ruin buried,
And death and desolation cast
Over the earth, from first to last,
Still watered the bloody creeds High,
Still pointed to the Crises beyond the sky!
And scheming priests are daily fed
By peddling [illegible] for the dead,
Ex[illegible] [illegible] hath made
A little God in which to trade,

And far beyond you azure dome,
In [illegible] somewhere made his home;
Endowed him with a blissful land,
And mansions never made by hand,
Where ransomed souls beyond the tomb,
Can each lodge in a furnished room,
If through the church to heaven they're
With [illegible] receipted for the rent [illegible],
[illegible]!! The day dawns now
That [illegible] from off thy brow,
[illegible] [illegible] race
The [illegible] of thy face
And Human Reason [illegible]
[illegible] skeleton
Away [illegible] [illegible],
[illegible] wave
With [illegible] lies
Who states where man goes when he dies.

Yours, in deep mourning, THE PARSON.

THE OAKS, October, 1873.

Editor of News Letter—Most Worthy Concentration of Venom: My attention has just been called to your sarcastic abuse, in consequence of the very flattering notice which you gave me last week under the title of "Humbug." Being a stranger in California, I hardly expected so early an appreciation from my best of the press. As your taste in announcing me it is not strange that you have fallen into one of about errors which I will point out. For instance, you call me "Q. U. A. C. K.," which I understand to mean, "Quite Unequal About Christ's Kingdom." But I beg to assure you that I am not unopean (sic) in any of my ideas. To illustrate: I think you are a liar by instinct, a slanderer by practice (sic), with an appetite like a buzzard, a digestion like an ostrich, sympathy like a crockodile (sic), conscience like a sawmill, & odor like a polecat. Had I been unopean (sic) I should have simply thought you an inkhorn, & entered your name in the list of cursed, "A No. 1." But we will let that pass.

Again. You announce me "A. S. S.," which evidently means, "A Statesman Speaks." Now, between you & me, I am no statesman, but then, as you say, the people of San Francisco are such fools they will never know the difference, unless you expose me, for you are the only smart man here.

One thing I regret, however, namely, that you misspelled my name, although it may have been entirely the fault of those devilish printers. The types call me "Cheeky Cheney," instead of "W. H. Chaney." Please correct this in the next issue of your filthy sheet, so the poor fools of this city may know who is meant, and be taught to look up to me as a statesman, realizing that there is a God in Israel, and that Rag Tag Buzzard (which means you) is his prophet.

And now, my dear Rag Tag, let us moralize. I think you are the meanest skunk I have ever nosed up in all my travels, & I am anxious to speedily cultivate your acquaintance. There should be no delay, for you have such a cost venous of ideas, & such a diarrhea of words, that you must soon become as empty as a balloon after the gas has escaped. Besides, smart men do not live to be very old, & you are decidedly smart. Probably if you had been as good as you are smart, you would have died during infancy, but meanness has hitherto prolonged your unprofitable life, & since the supply must be nearly exhausted, judging by the lavish expenditure, I fear that the "grim messenger" will get hold of you first unless I hurry. So bear in mind, my gentle buzzard, that you are liable at any moment to be summoned before the awful bar of some dispenser of fluids, meeting me face to face, while we drink confusion to all fools, more especially San Francisco fools, for I quite agree with you that they can double discount the fools of the whole world, else they would not so long have tolerated and patronized such a slandering whelp as yourself. I pray that I may soon get hold of a "short quarter," & thus be enabled to call you out some dark night, "when graveyards yawn," to be pleasant, punishing some cheap whisky. I remain, your humble-come-tumble up three flights of stairs & down again, *E pluribus numbskull*, which means "nothing or die."

Serenely Thine,

San Francisco, October 30th, 1873. W. H. CHANEY

SAFETY OF LONG WHARF—OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

The following letter, addressed to the Editor of the *Bulletin*, will be found commented upon elsewhere:

EDITOR BULLETIN: In reply to your editorial of the 27th instant, I would state that the misapprehension in regard to the safety, or the present condition of the Oakland Wharf, is to be regretted, and no good reason can be assigned for doubting the strength of a work recognized by all builders to be equal to any of like character in the world. From the report of S. S. Montague, Chief Engineer of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, referring to this wharf, dated July, 1873, to the Board of Directors, you will find that he unhesitatingly says that "in manner of construction and for excellence of material, I think this may safely challenge a comparison with any similar structure in the world." Again, he says "the stability of this structure has as yet been unaffected by the action of the currents, or by the heavy storms which at times prevail in the Bay of San Francisco." Its life will greatly exceed that of the San Francisco wharves, where the ravages of the teredo have been so destructive to all wooden structures exposed to their attacks.

"This immunity of the wharves on the eastern shore of the bay is undoubtedly due to the fresh water from the Straits of Carquinez, which, at certain stages of the tide, flows along this shore."

It may be well here to state, for the benefit of those wishing correct information, that the construction, maintenance and superintendence of all wooden structures of the Railroad Company is a separate department, and under the immediate supervision of Arthur Brown, Superintendent of Bridges and Buildings, under whose vigilant watchfulness no accident has occurred, from faulty construction or want of timely repairs, on some sixteen hundred miles of railroad since its beginning. Fully recognizing the economy of watchfulness and timely repairs to avoid all accidents and disaster, frequent and minute examinations of all wooden structures on the roads are required, always keeping in view that "a stitch in time saves nine."

Besides the vigilance of the Department of Bridges and Buildings, it is the duty of all employed in the Engineer and Track Department to report anything that in their opinion may need repairs.

The piles in the *old* wharf were renewed about five (5) years ago, and in no case are trains passing over bridges resting on piles driven *ten years ago*, as asserted. It seems fair to conclude that the chances for any serious difficulty are very few.

The *new* wharf was finished and ready for business January 1, 1871, and the piles are now as sound as the day they were driven, and less than three years old, instead of six, as stated. As to the other timbers no one can question.

For the purpose of a more satisfactory examination several piles have every year, at various times, been drawn out, or broken off, and thus far we are unable to discover any deterioration, or loss of strength. The ferry travelers, therefore, need have no fears as to the strength of the wharf in question.

As to the storing of grain on the wharf, it is not the intention of the Company to do warehousing business. The dock and its appurtenances were designed solely for the transportation and convenient transfer of freight from cars to ships, and vice versa.

The Company furnishes space to those desiring to construct warehouses at various points along the line of their roads where the interest of commerce may demand, but in no case at terminal points, where it is believed the interests of shippers and warehousemen may be safely relied on to provide the necessary facilities for the warehousing business. L. M. CLEMENT,

Chief Assistant Engineer and Superintendent of Track, Central Pacific Railroad.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 29, 1873.

THE AGRICULTURAL BUREAU OF THE PLACARD EXCHANGE,

No. 613 MERCHANT STREET.

Have for Sale the Following Tracts or Parcels of Land, to wit:

40 Acres near Oak Grove, 1½ miles from the Railroad, between Mayfield and Mountain View.

100 Acres ¾ mile south of Mayfield lying on both sides of the San Jose Railroad. Very desirable for country residence. To be sold in tracts to suit. Contains Live Oak Trees.

320 Acres on the road from Saratoga to Pescadero, four miles from the former place.

500 Acres, three miles from the City of San Bernardino. A living stream of water passes across it.

600 Acres near the line of the proposed Railroad from Los Angeles to San Bernardino—about midway.

8,000 Acres near Anaheim, Los Angeles County, in tracts to suit purchasers. Several living springs on it.

Also Tracts of [illegible] and 640 acres, to suit purchasers, lying in Los Angeles, San Bernardino and San Diego Counties, on which are Springs of good water.

NOTE.—Sellers as well as purchasers can be accommodated at the "Bureau," where maps and descriptions of lands for sale, can at all times be seen. Nov. 1.

CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED.)

FOR HONGKONG VIA YOKOHAMA.

The magnificent new Clyde built screw Steamship Vasco de Gama, (class 100 A 1 at Lloyd's, 3,[illegible] tons register, 2[illegible] horse power), [illegible], Commander. This fast and powerful vessel, the first of the fleet of the "China Trans-Pacific Steamship [illegible]" will leave on or about the 5th January [illegible]. She has been built expressly for the service between [illegible] and Japan and is fitted up most luxuriantly with all the latest improvements for the comfort and safety of the passengers. The steamship carries an experienced Surgeon and Stewardess. For freight or passage apply to

Nov. 1. MACONDRAY & CO., Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

FOR GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

Regular Steamship Line to Mexican Ports, sailing every twenty days.—Freight at Reduced Rates.—The favorite Steamer NEWBERN, Wm. Metzger, Captain, will sail from Mission-street Wharf for the above ports, on SATURDAY, Nov. 15th, at [illegible] o'clock [illegible]. For freight at REDUCED RATES, or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to

Oct. 18. EDWARD NORTON, Agent, 16 Front street.

THE BRITISH LION AROUSED.

"Yes, I think it is time"— with a yawn,
Said the Lion,—"the sword should be drawn,
And, now you compel me to waken,
Shall measures so active be taken,
My forces I hope I shall bring
To bear on you—early in Spring!"
Oh, the British Lion's a sight sublime—
If you only can get him aroused in time!

"Meanwhile, you know, hurry won't do.
You can kill of my men there a few
And others will die of the chills
Your pestilent climate distills.
I delay, for I cannot escape
From the tangles and toils of red-tape!"
Oh, the British Lion's a beast acute—
When he isn't a sleepy old muddled brute.

So the Lion he blinked and winked,
But the niggers they never shrinked
When he licked them, and finished the war,
Came a bill to be settled for,
For the sad waste of life and pelf
While the Lion was stretching himself
For the British Lion's no mongrel pup—
But it is such a job to wake him up!

—*Fun.*

FELT HAT MAKING IN JAPAN.

It appears that the manufacture of felt hats is one of the latest of the many foreign industries which the Japanese have sought to domesticate among them. The mode of manufacture of the hats is rather an odd process, and we are indebted to one of the Hiogo papers for details. The felt is obtained from otter and rabbit skins, which are first brushed over with a mixture of nitric acid and quicksilver, the fumes of which are said to produce effects anything but beneficial upon the workpeople. Women detach the fur with sharp knives, when it is placed in a revolving horizontal cylinder. Here the tufts are separated by projecting studs. Next, by means of a kind of winnowing apparatus contained in this drum, the fur is blown up a wooden shaft through the ceiling into a room up stairs, here the wind from the blower carries it under, over, and through a box-like structure several feet in length. This box is furnished with receptacles at certain intervals into which the brown fur falls, the lightest and most valuable, being, as a matter of course, carried furthest, while the coarse heavy hair, with the dirt, is dropped close to the shaft. The cleansed fur is then taken to the blow ng-room. The "bow" resembles a large violin bow, and has one thick cord made of the entrails of some fish. The substance is called "tsuro," and is excellently adapted to the purpose. The bow is suspended from the ceiling, and the workman holding it in his left hand, proceeds by means of a short round stick which he holds in his right hand to make the cord sharply vibrate against the bow and through a portion of the heap of fur upon which he is engaged, so making the particles fly in the air. This has the effect of still further separating the mass and so enlarging its bulk that by the time it has been twice so treated there seems enough to fill a good sized bed-tick. The bower now takes a piece of coarse copper wire netting about 14-in by 18-in, curved so as not to be unlike a nursery fireguard, this he presses firmly, convex side downwards, upon the fluffy heap. Next he takes a coarse sieve of cane, this too he presses down upon the now flattened mass, giving it a sort of half turn with his wrist every now and again. Taking off the sieve it is now seen that the fur is resolved into a coarse but soft, gray felt. The completed hats sell about $2.50 a-piece, and are said to be far softer and more flexible than those of American or European manufacture.—*The British Journal of Trade.*

THE TRIAL OF MARSHAL BAZAINE.

The London correspondent of the Scotsman says he has it on authority from France, which, were he at liberty to mention, would be absolute, that the finding of the court-martial on Bazaine is already as good as settled. A preliminary inquiry of this kind in France involves the taking of the whole evidence, as in a Scotch precognition, and the members composing the court-martial meet and deliberate upon the evidence as it comes in. The court-martial proper, therefore, is to a great extent a mere formality. The first count of the indictment on which Marshal Bazaine will be tried is the charge of having surrendered the French army in the field in the face of the enemy. By French military law, a conviction for this offence involves absolutely the penalty of death. Were Bazaine, therefore, found guilty of it, there could be no escape from that penalty. It is not desired that he should be shot. The view of the court is rather expected to be that the entrenched camp and fortress of Metz took away from Bazaine's army the character of an army in the field. The second count charges that of surrendering a French fortress on a basis involving other than purely military conditions. In other words, if Bazaine, as a soldier, could have held out longer, it is suspected that he had no right as a politician, or in any other than a purely military capacity, to surrender so soon as he did. Of this charge it is expected Bazaine will be found guilty, there being ample existing proof that other than military conditions were involved in his surrender. Death is also one of the penalties of this crime, but there is an alternative punishment in the shape of degradation. The punishment in the French army is purely ignominious. The insignia of rank are stripped off on parade and trodden under foot, after which it is allowable for any private soldier on the parade to come up to the degraded man and kick him in the presence of those assembled. To this degradation it is confidently asserted Bazaine will never submit. It is pretty certain that the trial is an embarrassment to the French military authorities, and that they would have been by no means sorry if Bazaine had escaped in the course of the long imprisonment to which he has been subjected. Every facility, indeed, except telling him to go, has been afforded during the period that public opinion was directed to other topics. Now, however, that public opinion centers on the forthcoming trial, escape is impossible, and there is no alternative either for Bazaine or the military authorities but that the trial should proceed.

A new manner of catching rats is exciting great interest among the relorming boarders in Madison avenue. A barrel is filled half full of water. A layer of powdered cork is laid on its surface, and over this a layer of corn meal is sifted. A chair and a box or two are placed unobtrusively in the neighborhood, whereby the rat gets on the edge of the barrel. He sees nothing but the meal. He has no innate ideas which teach him to beware of the treacherous foundation on which that tempting surface rests. He sniffs, he leaps, and goes gently down through meal and cork to his watery grave. If any of his friends see him disappear from the edge of the barrel, they hasten after him to get their share of the plunder, and are in turn taken in by hospitable death. The plan seems effective as against the rats, but it is calculated to destroy their confidence in human nature. —*N. Y. Tribune.*

An Irish Vocalist.—At St. Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin, there was an old Vicar Choral who loved his dinner "not wisely but too well." He had bought a fine quarter of mutton, and intended to have it for his Sunday's repast, after the fatigue of chanting the morning service, but forgot to tell his wife in what manner he wished it to be cooked. The good lady, however, was equal to the emergency. In the middle of the *Te Deum*, a small boy was observed to creep up the aisle till he came near the choir, where his father was singing, and in a piping treble mingled with the chorus thus: "My mother's got a quarter of mutton, and she don't know what to do-o-o wi' it." The father responded: "Let her boil the leg, roast the loin, and make a dumpling of the su-u-u-et. *Omnes*—Amen."

A parson, who was not over promptly paid by his parishioners, on entering the church one Sabbath morning, met one of the most wealthy of his flock, and asked the loan of a sovereign. "Certainly," said the man, at the same time handing over the coin. Dominie put it into his pocket, and preached his usual most capital style, and on coming down handed the identical sovereign to the man from whom he borrowed it. "Why," exclaimed the lender, "you have not used the money at all." "It has been of great service to me, nevertheless," replied the parson. "I always preach so much better when I have money in my pocket." The hint was taken, and the balance of his salary was got together the following afternoon.

NEW FIRM.

San Francisco, Sept. 1st, 1873.—The undersigned beg leave to inform you that they have established themselves in the MERCHANT TAILORING BUSINESS, at 526 Montgomery st. (in the New Building corner of Clay). C. STALLMAN has just returned from New York, where he was engaged in the Fashionable Tailoring Business for eight years, and having formerly been at 426 Montgomery street in this city, in Tailoring, for eleven years, he hopes his many friends will kindly remember him. H. BRUGGEMAN has for the last ten years been cutter at Mr. J. Eisenberg's, and flatters himself to be favorably known to the public. The new firm starts with a large and well selected stock of the latest novelties in French and English COATINGS, FANCY CASSIMERES, SUITINGS, Etc. Confident of giving the fullest satisfaction to our patrons by the excellence of our stock, by reasonable prices, and by the fashionable style in which we propose to cut and manufacture, we request the favor of an early visit and remain,

Very Respectfully Yours, STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,
Sept. 12. Merchant Tailors, 526 Montgomery street.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed. **BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.**
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec 9.]

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.
NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. [May 31.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 20. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S.F.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov 16. Portland, Maine.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept 12.

HARNESS AND SADDLERY

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage Single and Double Buggy and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dressers, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing.
April 12

JAMES BEHRENS,

Commission Merchant and Agent, 308 Battery street, opposite U. S. Custom House, San Francisco. Importer of the famous ALFRED DE LUZE'S BORDEAUX WINES, CLARETS, SAUTERNES, and CHATEAU YQUEM. Champagnes, French and Domestic. "C. Lauteren's" Rhine Wines. Cordials, Bitters, etc.
Oct 11.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. Gambill.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 400 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been refitted and is now open. Visitors may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

C. STALLMAN.] **STALLMAN & BRUGGEMAN,** [H. BRUGGEMAN, Late with J. Eisenberg.

Merchant Tailors, 526 Montgomery street (New Building, corner of Clay), San Francisco. An Elegant and Well Assorted Stock of Novelties, in French and English Coatings, Fancy Cassimeres, etc.
Sept 13.

EDINBURGH ALE.

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March 20. 412 Front street, S. F.

WANTED

A good House-Maid wanted, that can wash, iron, cook, and attend generally to a small family. Wages, $20. Inquire at Jones street, between Lombard and Chestnut, third house from the corner; or Placard Exchange, Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct 18.

L. H. NEWTON.] **NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,** [MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. 114 and 116 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

VOLCAN IRON WORKS

Furnishes all classes of Machinery. Sole manufacturers of Moore's PATENT HOIST FOR STORES. N. D. ARNOT, Manager,
Oct. 18. 15 and 17 Fremont street.

NOTICE.

Dr. A. J. Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 622 Clay street. Office Hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Sept. 6.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 29.

H. S. CLYDE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.—Entrance to Office, 622 Clay st., and 625 Merchant street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco. [Oct 4.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Sub Houses. No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23

C. L. CRACKBON.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 5.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, N. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs.) San Francisco. August 2.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE. THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W. I. Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
BADEN BADEN. Hotel de Hollande.
WEISBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH. Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA. Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS. Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES. Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS. Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA. Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN. Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Danieli's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME. Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURG.—Hotel Demouth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel, London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD. Royal Hotel.
ST. LAWRENCE ON SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel. (Tintern Abbey, 5 miles.)
DUBLIN. The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel.
EDINBURGH.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK. Imperial Hotel.
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager.
OTTAWA. Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, E. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC. Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House. Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE. Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA. Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Filiberto.
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Banos de Colima, Hotel Santiago.
RIO DE JAN.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY. Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—Albion Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phoenix Hotel.
TAHITI. Poa, Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

The power of the human eye over beasts has been often mentioned, but more rarely verified. An instance is given of a recent curious experiment which is worth recording. A professor of elocution, who is a believer in the influence of the eye, in the presence of several friends selected a ferocious bull, which was the terror of the neighborhood, as the object of his experiment. The scientific gentleman sauntered into the pasture where the bull was peacefully grazing, and without loss of time fixed his eye on the dangerous animal. The next thing the bystanders saw was the spectacle of the professor twenty-seven feet in the air.

Once more I sing of solace-bringing draughts,
Once more the dream of pleasure holds me fast,
Once more the sparkling, bubbling wine is quaffed,
But O, to think this bottle is my last!

No, no! the ecstacy I must renew:
The elixir vitæ shall again be mine;
Here, bring another dozen for this crew,
Of that soul-cheering, heavenly Gerke wine.

A lot of minstrels went to a town not far away, and advertised to give a performance for "the benefit of the poor, tickets reduced to sixpence." The hall was crammed full. The next morning a committee for the poor called upon the treasurer of the concern for the amount the said benefit had netted. The treasurer expressed astonishment at the demand. "I thought," said the chairman of the committee, "you advertised this concert for the benefit of the poor!" Replied the treasurer, "Didn't we put the tickets down to sixpence so that the poor could all come?" The committee vanished.

Who would be a merman bold,
Under the sea, on a throne of gold,
Singing a sea song under the rocks,
And grasping the mermaids by their locks?
It would not be for any of these
You would catch me under the seas.

But if I went, 'twould be, you see,
For the oysters under the sea.
I do not care for the mermaid's lock,
But I love the oyster *Saddle Rock*,
But as friend *Corrillé* keeps them by the score,
I think I'd rather stay on shore.

A little boy of witty Aberdeen was asked by his teacher to write a composition on the subject of water, and the following is the production: "Water is good to drink, to swim in, and skate on when frozen. When I was a little baby the nurse used to bathe me every morning in water. I have been told that the Ashantees don't wash themselves but once in ten years. I wish I was an Ashantee."

The poet Cowper, when he gazed upon
The picture of his mother, done in oils,
Was so entranced that for the moment he
Forgot his poetic toils.

What would his joy have been, could he have seen
His mother *photographed!* How this loving son,
For instance, would have praised a cabinet
By Bradley & Rulofson!

"You hev heern, gentlemen of the jury," said an eloquent advocate—"you hev heern the witness swar he saw the prisoner raise his gun, you heern him swar he saw the flash and heerd the report, you hev heern him swar he saw the dog fall dead, you hev heern him swar he dug the bullet out with his jack-knife, and you hev seen the bullet produced in court, but whar, gentlemen, whar, I ask you, is the man who saw that bullet hit that dog?"

I love it, I love it, and who shall dare
To chide me for loving that new arm chair!
Its comfort is won'drous, its springs are a charm,

The padding is soft to the back and the arm,
'Tis one of a set that I bought from friend Cole—
May the heavens get as easy a chair for his soul.

No Positivist.—The caution of the New Englander in giving an answer to a direct question, was illustrated the other day when I asked an Eastern friend of mine, whose family were not noted for very active habits: "Was not your father's death rather sudden?" Slowly drawing one hand from his pocket and pulling down his beard, the interrogated cautiously replied: "Wal, rayther sudden, *for him!*"

Multum in parvo's the rule of the day—
All other rules should be banned.
Put the fruit of all extra labor away,
All *other* fruit to be canned.

Messrs. C. James King of Wm. & Co.
In their line are unsurpassed,
No matter where on the world they go,
Their goods have a charm that will last.

We are Passing Away.—Genius loses a part of itself, as it were, by the death of a brilliant man in any profession or walk of life. This is well illustrated in the case of a Troy "supe," whose brain-wearing task it was to remove the chairs from the theater-stage. When Edwin Forrest's death was announced, he, with dramatic gesture and feeling, exclaimed, "Great God, another one of us gone!"

In the swate fields of Eaden there is rist for you;
There, bedad, ye'll have the run of the holy "mountain dew."
But whilst ye thrive on airth, shure 'tis betther far, I think,
That you some airthly ll, or quite as phore shud dhrink.
So drink Schlieffer's Brandies and Champagnes, and begorra thin ye naden
Fear but what ye'll git to the holy "mountain dew" in Eaden!

Coleridge.—Coleridge says there are four kinds of readers. The hour-glass, whose reading runs in and out and leaves no trace of gain; the second, like the sponge, takes everything; the third retains only refuse that some one would throw away; but the fourth, like the miner among gems, keeps the gems and casts away the clippings.

Washington was a great general, Cicero an unequaled orator, Dr. Lord is a terrific humbug, Howard a most notable philanthropist, but O, far greater than all of these, the man who invented the Pipifax Bitters. A tonic of supreme qualities, refreshing, invigorating, an unequaled straightener-up. They are sold everywhere, because everybody asks for them. Do not forget the name, "Pipifax Bitters"—*P-i-p, pip; i, i, pipi; f-a-x, fax; Pipifax.*

An old Aberdeen gentleman of eighty-four having taken to the altar a young damsel of sixteen, the clergyman said to him, "You will find the font at the other end of the church." "What do I want with the font?" asked the old gentleman. "I beg your pardon, I thought you had brought the child to be christened."

I watch thy grace, and in its place
My heart a charmed slumber keeps;
While I muse upon thy face,
A loving fire through me creeps.

So I spake, scarce awake
From a dream of extra bliss;
Houseworth only I know could take
Such a photograph as this.

In a recent thunderstorm, the warring of the elements was so inspiring that the hair in a dish of butter in the pantry turned completely white during the night.

How any one in their senses can suffer the inconveniences of short-sightedness when Muller's Spectacles are obtainable for an outlay that need give no one a moment's consideration, is a matter that has often surprised us. These spectacles are invaluable.

Every one remembers the pretty story of Lady Godiva, and how she, "robed in chastity," and only that, rode through the streets of Coventry and so removed the heavy tax which her cruel lord had placed on the burdened citizens. Who has not pitied the poor lady, riding literally bare-backed through the "staring streets?" Then the question arises, what sort of saddle and bridle did she use? Since that time, what wonderful advances have been made in equine equipment. An inspection of the stock of Messrs. Main & Winchester, Sansome street, convinces us that *they have arrived at perfection* in the manufacture of harness. Call and examine the stock, and you will be of the same opinion.

Dr. Lettsom, a famous physician of the last century, used to sign his prescriptions, "I. Lettsom," which gave rise to the following:

"When any patients call in haste,
I physics, bleeds, and sweats 'em;
If after that they choose to die,
Why, what cares I?
I. LETS 'EM."

Have you noticed the frequency of the fires lately? Four or five alarms every day. Boom! boom! goes the great bell, and then there is a clatter and clash, and there rush by you a great smoking engine, belching out sparks like a fire demon, a coil of hose, like an anaconda on a spindle, and the hook and ladder wagon, surging to and fro like mad, with helmeted men clinging on like anything. Consider the expense that must be entailed to the city by every alarm, and then consider that almost every fire is caused by a defective flue or a bad stove. But the De La Montanya Union Range has never been known to cause a fire or to disappoint the buyer.

A wife, who had been lecturing her husband for coming home intoxicated, became incensed at his indifference, and exclaimed, "Oh, that I could wring tears of anguish from your eyes!" To which the hardened wretch hiccoped, "Tai, 'tain't no use, old woman, to bore for water here."

The Good Templar's grog is said to be animal spirits and water. Very pretty and moral as this sentiment seems to be, we do not hold with it, for we prefer distilled spirits, and drink a drop of water with it. But animal spirits are far preferable to the ordinary rot-gut and tangle-brain, so widely sold here. When there is good liquor, why not drink it? Now, Cutter's whisky *is* good spirits, wholesome, mild and healthy. One might run on an hour descanting on its good properties, but they are patent to everybody. "Cutter's whisky" is always asked for by your knowing one. Hotaling is the agent.

The Tycoon of Japan knows how to start a newspaper. He does not offer premiums for subscribers, but having taken an interest in the publication of a newspaper at the Japanese capital, he has issued an order that all men of certain social and political standing shall take it or be beheaded.

There are certain times in a man's life when existence has no charms for him. He is out of order, completely demoralized, so to speak, a sort of physical and mental topsy-turvyness. To this state of despondency an ekle is not unfrequently the wind up. But, how foolish this is; all this miserable demoralization, this frightful lowness of health and spirits is to be avoided in the simplest manner of course, we mean by drinking Napa soda. Just try it as a regular thing for a week now, and dyspepsia and misery will go to the devil—the blue devil's rather. The depot of the natural soda is at 18½ Geary street, but is sold *everywhere.*

"When is a baby not a baby?" is a very good riddle, to which, of course, the answer is, "When he is a tea-thing." (A teething, cutting his teeth, don't you see?) But to the question, "When did you ever visit the Villa of the Golden Gate Park, and fail to be cheered and charmed by the hospitality of the Management?" There is but one answer, and that is, "*Never.*" From the Twin Brothers to the Seal Rock the answer is repeated in flying echoes, "*Never, never!*"

Cross-Examination.—Q.—Was there anything in the glass? A.—Well, there were summit in it. Q. Ah! I thought we should come to it in time. Well, my good friend, what was the *something* in it?—come, out with it. A.—(After thinking). Well, it *were a spoon.*

Ernst Schlott's Concert was a success of instrumentation except in the matter of the piano, which was simply an instrument of torture. We could not exactly make out the name of the maker from where we sat, but we are induced to believe that Herr Schlott had been led away by some fellow feeling to endeavor to introduce some inferior German thing. Why not have had some first class piano, say, of Hallett & Davis, of which Wm. G. Badger is the agent here? We can only repeat what we have said of these pianos, that they are combinations of perfect mechanism and exquisite tone.

I clasped her tiny hand in mine; I vowed to shield her from the wind, and from the world's cold storm. She set her beauteous eyes on me, and with her little lips she said, "An umbrella will do as well."

For a long time the idea has obtained possession that New York men were better dressed than those of all other cities. This idea has been proved fallacious, and chiefly through the exertions of a certain San Francisco firm. The members of this firm (we refer to Messrs. Stallmann & Bruggemann, corner of Clay and Montgomery) have by their elegant cut, first-class material and artistic adaptation to shape, proved themselves to be *the tailors* of the Pacific Coast, and from a wide-spread experience, we are enabled to affirm that saying this includes the whole continent.

Said Mrs. Jenks on her return from church: "When I see the shawls of those Johnsons, and then think of what I have to wear, if it was not for the consolations of religion, I don't know what I would do."

We still maintain the opinion that the only fair way to settle this school furniture steal business, is to annul the contract of Palmer & Co., and give it to the next lowest bidders, who are Messrs. Gilbert & Moore. This firm, we know from long and tried experience, is the soul of honor in all its transactions, and, as far as we are able to judge, the furniture manufactured by this firm is as far superior to that produced by any other as they are above descending to such tricks of trade as we have lately been made witnesses of.

A curious fact, founded upon long and close observation, is worthy the attention of the British Association. Every spotted dog has the end of his tail white, and every spotted cat the end of the tail black.

Now, there is going to be no nonsense about this paragraph; it is to be the simple statement of a very remarkable fact, a fact which "nobody can deny." The statement is simply this, given in as few words and as gravely as the character of the subject requires, that Eberhart & Lachman's Native Wines and Champagnes are *unequaled*. There, we know no one could deny it. What everybody says must be true, and everybody says that the Native Wines and Champagnes of Messrs. Eberhart & Lachman are *unequaled.*

The Legislature of Nevada, prior to final adjournment, recently passed a resolution thanking the chaplain for the brevity of his prayers.

"A good cabaret needs no bush" say the French, and so the Six Mile House, on the San Bruno Road, depends entirely for its patronage on the fact that Harry Blanken keeps it in first-class manner. So, we say no more.

A French writer describes a young lady as a creature that ceases to kiss gentlemen at twelve, and begins again at twenty.

Tested by Time.—For Throat Diseases, Colds, and Coughs, "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" have *proved* their efficacy by a test of many years.

COURT CHAT.

Gordon, the Scottish painter, used to tell this story of Lord Palmerston: "I had exhibited for several years, but without any particular success. One year however, the year before I painted 'The Corsicans'—Lord Palmerston took a sudden fancy to my picture, called 'Summer in the Low lands,' and bought it at a high figure. His lordship at the same time made inquiries after the artist, and invited me to call upon him. I waited upon his lordship accordingly. He complimented me upon the picture, but there was one thing about it he could not understand. 'What is that, my lord?' I asked. 'That there should be such long grass in a field where there are so many sheep,' said his lordship, promptly, and with a merry twinkle of the eye. It was a decided hit this, and, having bought the picture and paid for it, he was entitled to his joke. 'How do you account for it?' he went on, smiling, and looking first at the picture and then at me. 'Those sheep, my lord,' I replied, 'were only turned into that field the night before I finished the picture.' His lordship laughed heartily, and said 'Bravo' at my reply, and gave me a commission for two more pictures, and I have cashed since then some very notable cheques of his—dear old boy!"

Among distinguished English artists who have practiced scene-painting should be added the name of Sir Edwin Landseer, just deceased. In the time of the late John, Duke of Bedford, private theatricals were much in vogue at Woburn, and Sir E. Landseer was then a frequent and honored visitor, and on one of these occasions he painted a scene, which represents the interior of a room opening in the center on to a terrace or balcony. In the doorway stands a tally dog, marvelously touched, in a listening attitude, with one of the forepaws uplifted, exhibiting in a striking degree all the artist's wondrous power even in the coarse and hasty manner incidental to the scene-painter's art.

At Berlin it excited some surprise that King Victor Emmanuel did not touch a single dish at any of the Royal banquets, nor even take his napkin from his plate. The explanation, however, has been given that the King is extremely frugal, takes but one meal a day, and that consisting of only three dishes prepared by his own cook, just before his bedtime. Whenever His Majesty departs in the slightest from this extraordinary habit, he is completely overpowered by sleepiness, and is therefore obliged to be particularly careful at a foreign court or on any state occasions. He is also very moderate as regards wine.

A communication from Lord Hatherley states that in Lord Eldon's time the salary of the Lord Chancellor, including bankruptcy fees, exceeded £20,000 a year. At a much more recent date it was as high as £14,000. Lord Hatherley says: "The last reduction was made by Lord Truro, and I had the pleasure as Solicitor-General, of introducing the bill which reduced the salary from £14,000 to its present amount of £10,000, namely, £6,000 as Lord Chancellor and £4,000 as Speaker of the House of Lords."

It is asserted at Berlin that Field-Marshal Count Wrangel, "Papa Wrangel" as he is popularly called, is engaged in the task of writing his autobiography. The book promises to be amusing, not merely by virtue of the writer's well-known and well-appreciated humor than on account of his eventful life. The volume, however, is not to be published, but will be reserved for private circulation only among the field-marshal's friends.

A Russian general arrived at Constantinople to have an interview with a Turkish Pasha. Entering the presence he found the Pasha seated on a divan, arrayed in the habit of a Turk, but the two had no sooner cast eyes upon each other, than the following dialogue ensued. Russian General—"What! is that you, Sandy Macpherson!" Turkish Pasha—"Eh! Jock Macdonald, wha'd hae thocht o' meeting you here!"

The death of Sir Edwin Landseer was announced to the Queen by telegraph. Her Majesty, who had always entertained a high personal regard for Sir Edwin in addition to her appreciation of his great talents as an artist (having known him for thirty-five years), was constant in her inquiries after his health during his long illness. The news of his death deeply grieved the Queen, who deplores his loss greatly.

The large and valuable library of the late Dowager Empress of Brazil has been sold by auction at Lisbon. The collection of books was, it is said, valuable, there being several works of some rarity among the number, the predominating literature was French and German. The attendance was, however, small, and the prices ran tolerably low.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh has been appointed Commandant of the Second Battalion of Marines of the Black Sea Fleet. The battalion will bear the name of "His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh's Second Black Sea Marines."

A pretty mess is coming off in Morocco, for, according to authority, the throne of Morocco is claimed by four relatives of the late Sultan—His son Muley Hassan, his eldest and fourth brothers, M. Ahmed and M. el Abbas, and his cousin M. [illegible].

Her Majesty the Queen having declined to accept an invitation to be present at the unveiling of the Prince Consort's statue on the Holborn Viaduct, an application has been made to the Prince of Wales to attend the ceremony.

The betrothal of Prince Alfred and the Grand Duchess Mary of Russia will shortly be celebrated at Livadia, according to the rites of the orthodox Church. The marriage is fixed upon for January.

The King of Italy has made a present to the Empress of Austria of a costly set of jewelry from the atelier Castellani at Rome.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Tuesday, September 30th, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A.M. (daily) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P.M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) to Stockton only, connecting at Lathrop with Express Train for Merced, Visalia, Delano, and Los Angeles.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P.M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland). Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND AND ALAMEDA FERRY.

From San Francisco to Alameda.—"Daily"—7:00, 9:00, [illegible] and 10:30 A.M., 12:[illegible], [illegible], [illegible], 5:00, 6:00 and 10:30 P.M. "Sundays only"—11:00 A.M., and 1:30 P.M.

From San Francisco to Fruit Vale.—"Daily, except Sundays"—7:00, 9:00 and 10:00 A.M.; 3:00 and 10:30 P.M.

From San Francisco to Brooklyn.—"Daily"—[illegible] and [illegible] A.M. [illegible] P.M. "Daily, except Sundays" [illegible] and 11 [illegible] P.M. "Sundays only"—[illegible], 11:30 A.M., and 12:30 P.M.

From Brooklyn to San Francisco.—"Daily"—[illegible] P.M. "Daily, except Sundays" [illegible] A.M. "Sundays only"—11 [illegible] A.M., and 1:25 P.M.

From Alameda to San Francisco.—"Daily" [illegible], 8:00 and 9:00 A.M.; 3:00, [illegible], 5:00, 6:00 and 7:00 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—6:30, 11:00 A.M., and 1:30 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:00, 11:00 A.M.; 12:00 and 1:00 P.M.

From Fruit Vale to San Francisco.—"Daily, except Sundays"—6:55, 8:00 and 11:05 A.M.; 2:35 and 4:05 P.M.

☞ All Trains stop at "Broadway Station," Oakland.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South	Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—			
San Francisco	8.40 a m	*3.30 p m	4.45 p m
San Jose ... Arrive	11.10 a m	5.30 p m	7.25 p m
Gilroy ... Arrive	12.45 p m		
Pajaro ... Arrive	1.55 p m	....	....
Castroville ... Arrive	2.20 p m		
Salinas ... Arrive	[illegible] p m	....	....
Soledad ... Arrive	[illegible] p m	....	....
Hollister ... Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Tres Pinos ... Arrive	[illegible] p m		

Trains North	San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—			
Tres Pinos			[illegible] a m
Hollister			11 30 a m
Soledad			[illegible] a m
Salinas			[illegible] a m
Castroville			[illegible] a m
Pajaro			12:20 p m
Gilroy			[illegible] p m
San Jose	[illegible] a m	7:[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m
San Francisco ... Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m

*SATURDAYS at 2.30 p m. Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:30 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:30 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4:15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at 1:00 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at [illegible] p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11 [illegible] a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April [illegible]th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8:30 and 11 A.M., 4 and 6 P.M. Saucelito at [illegible] and 9:30 A.M., 2:30 and 5 P.M. On Saturday, from Saucelito at [illegible] and 11 A.M., [illegible] and [illegible] P.M. From San Francisco at [illegible] and [illegible] P.M. [illegible] On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6 [illegible] A.M. SUNDAY TIME—Leave San Francisco [illegible] A.M., 2 and 4 P.M. Leave Saucelito [illegible] A.M., 1, and 5 P.M.
H. A. COBB, President.
April 2. 27 Montgomery street.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February [illegible], the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:30 a.m., 1:30 p.m., 4:30 p.m. San Rafael, 7:15 a.m., 11 [illegible] a.m., 3 [illegible] p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a.m., 3:00 p.m. San Rafael 8:00 a.m., 1 p.m. W. B. TAYLOR, President,
Aug. 24. C. C. S. N. Co.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Carryalls, Side Bar [illegible] Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, except the iron bolts and clips, they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run with the [illegible] ease and [illegible]. [illegible] The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, trade wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, and ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned materials on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before purchasing elsewhere. The Factory at Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of the manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 29.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements, [illegible] her machinery adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible] A.M. Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Healdsburg. W. B. TAYLOR, President
Aug. 24. C.C.S.N.Co.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 25. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST. EPPS'S COCOA. GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Stuff, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Stationery, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, to [illegible] by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE, July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce [illegible] the season at the table for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, [illegible], and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E.C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 5.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

L. A. Amerman, President; H. S. Herbert, Secretary; Wm Harney, Treasurer. Directors: L. A. Amerman, Wm Harney, H. H. Herbert, F. M. Freer, J. H. Trabe, [illegible], Mehrtens, J. C. Langton, J. F. [illegible], A. Meyer. HALSEY & BROWN, Agents. Office—324 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House 204 and 206 California street. Salesdays, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A.M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons. to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 5. Agents, 423 Front street.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Courts—City Hall Build'g
Justices—[illegible] Montgomery St.
County—City Hall
Probate—City Hall.
Third District—Mechanics Institute Building.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—[illegible] Montgomery street.
Nineteenth District—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—[illegible] California street.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—[illegible] Clay street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—[illegible] Merchants' Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Conservatory Yard—Sacramento street near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor's Room—City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—[illegible] Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Surveyor—City Hall.
Health Office—[illegible] Geary st.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—[illegible] street, bet. Pierce and Steiner.
Quarantine—[illegible] Jackson st.
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and East.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street; Messageries Maritimes (the letter to agents), [illegible] street; Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austinfriars; Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Wardock, Secretary; Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary; Pacific Saw Mills, Hakodate, Arrowstead & Co. agents 71 Old Broad street; [illegible] Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. ag'ts, 21 St. Swithin's Lane; Singapore [illegible] Steam Saw Mills, Paterson, Simons & Co. agents 21 St. Swithin's Lane; [illegible] Dock Co., John Pook, agent, Lime-st [illegible] Dock, Morrison & Co. [illegible], Crown Court [illegible]; China [illegible] Co. [illegible] Matheson & Co., agents, 3 Lombard st.; Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street; Hongkong Insurance Co., Gledstanes & Co. agents, 20 Austinfriars; China Traders Insurance Co. [illegible] Paterson & Co. ag'ts, 10 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st.; Ceylon Co., [illegible] Buildings, Old Broad st., R. A. Cameron, Sec'y; [illegible] Lane, Wm. Martin, Manager; Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (limited) of Singapore, Mactaggart, Tidman & Co. ag'ts, 31 Great St. Helens; Hongkong [illegible] Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, Chairman; Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, [illegible] Manager; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, [illegible] Broad street, [illegible] General Manager; Comptoir [illegible] Paris, [illegible] Hall street; [illegible] Bank [illegible]; Oriental [illegible] of Berlin, agents; National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within; German Bank of London, Bartholomew [illegible]; Bank of Rotterdam, [illegible] Bank of London, agents, Princes st.; Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 31 Lombard street; National Bank of India, [illegible], King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending October 25, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.

Monday, October 20th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Orlo F Swett to John Skerrett	S 5th Ave or 8th pey, 375 sw 5th, sw 5? x 75—subdivision 10 x 206	$3,750
Bd of Tide Land Com to C J Platt	Lot 6, blk 589, Tide Lands	180
Joseph S Paxson to E Black Ryan	Sw Stanley Pl, 100:7½ se Harrison, se 31:4½ x 125—sub 100 v 75 subj to mort for $1,500	7,000
Richd L Ogden to Wm C Ralston	W cor Bryant and 4th, nw 275 x 275—100 v 172, subj to mort for $45,000	5
Silver Ter Hd Assn to Chas Cooper	Lots 112, 113, Silver Terrace Hd	771
Same to Same	Lots 428, 429, same	860
John O Kane to Same	Lots 431, 434, 435, 436, Silver Ter Hd	400
H H Colby to Francis C O'Donnell	N Grove, 100 e Buchanan, e 25 x n 68:9—subdivision W A 223	2,800
Same [illegible] to John Graff	Und ½ 100 x 114	1
John Lucas to James G Farnham	E Dolores, 213 s 22d, s 25 x 117:6	600
Franklin Heywood to E A Nolan	N Clay, 172:6 w Larkin, w 40 x n 127:8½—W A 18	15,000
John T Wright to Geo S Wright	Lots 13, 11, blk 274, S S F Hd & R R Assn	1
Same to Same	Lot 1, blk 123, Same	1
Samson Rosenblatt to Isaac Hect	Nw Post and Van Ness Ave, n 120 x w 109—subdivision W A 81	31,500
D B V Henarie to J F Cutler	Sw Berry and Jones, n 137:6 x w 137:6	5
I Lockwood to Wm C Kruger	W Mission Ave, 335:8 s 17th, w 193:6, s [illegible], n 16 to com	450
J C R B Philips to Em Lowenthal	Lot 72, West End Homestead	$100
A McManus to J Ambrose	W York, 131 s 23d, s 26 x w 100	800
Daniel Drossel to Abijah Baker	Se Natoma, 275 ne 6th, ne 37:6 x se 80—subdiv 1 of 203	6,500
Selig Kalisky to Robert Wilson	Lot 58, City Center H'd	600
City and Co S F to W H Mueller	E Utah, 375 s Yolo, s 100 x e 58—subdiv P N 85	Prem
Marie Louise Gaol to H H Schafer	E Hyde, 87:6 s Sutter, s 55 x e 87:6—sub 50 v 1270	10

Tuesday, October 21st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Bd Tide Ld Commrs to C J Platt	Lot 3, blk 539, Tide Lands	$180
Same to Same	Lot 4, blk 539, Tide Lands	231
David Conkling to R H Lloyd	Se Lagoon and Walnut Ave, e 102:11 x s 93—subdivision W A 200	1,500
Giovanni Cuneo to S Garbini	W Dupont, 57:6 n Union, n 20 x w 90	5
Same to Same	W Dupont, 57:6 n Union, s 12:4 in x w 90	160
Same to Michele Perata	W Dupont, 37:6 n Union, n 16:4 in x w 90	233
S Garbini to Nicola Marini	W Dupont, 74 n Union, n 8½ x w 90	500
Same to Giovanni Cuneo	W Dupont, 87:6 n Union, n 20 x w 90	5
Wm F Helling to G A Helling	N Ellis, 142 w Polk, e 25 x n 120—sub W A 61	Gift.
Hugh Corbett to Frank Kennedy	S Pacific, 197:6 w Buchanan, w 30 x s 117—sub W A 357, subject to mortg for $1,[illegible]	6,000
Frederick Buel to Harriet A Buel	Ne Hampshire and Temple, n 76:6 x 100	5
Same to Emma W Buel	E Hampshire, 76:6 n 25th, n 75 x 100	5
Same, J G. Moore to Wm G Koch	W Mason, 109:6 s Filbert, s 25 x w 80	3,000
William Hollis to O B Adams	E Tennessee, 17? n Ridley, n 25 x e 80—subdivision M B 22	3,000
Wm G Kruger to Adolphus J Plate	W Mission Ave, 335:8 s 17th, w 193:0, s [illegible], n 16 to com	450
D Sullivan to Julius Grollman	Lots 1, 2, blk 8 West E Map 2, re-record	-
Sav & Loan Soc to G B de Noe	Ne Guerrero and Hill, e 15 x n 137:6—subdivision H A 10	675
J B Palmer to Henry Paulissen	S Pacific, 220 w Dupont, w 20 x s 52:6—subdivision 50 [illegible]	500

Wednesday, October 22d

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Edwin R Sproul to Thos Findley	N Bush, 102:6 e Jones, e 82:6 x n 137:6—sub 50 v 1034	27,000
R F Morrison to James W Haley	50 v lot 4, in blk 290, W A	50
P F McGovern to Mary Feeney	Se Shipley, 100 ne 6th, ne 25 x se 75—sub 100 v 297	1,650
James Johnson to A Draycor	W William, 112:6 n O'Farrell, n 23 x w 66—subdivision 50 v 1042	2,100
Wm S Blunt to Wm W Crane, Jr.	Se Webster and Lombard, s 120 x e 137:6—subdivision W A 260	2,195
Wm W Crane, Jr to Jas W Haley	Same	1,000
Abijah Baker to Susan B Goodwin	S Natoma, 275 ne 6th, ne 18:9 x se 80—subdivision 10 v 203	2,700
J McCombe to Mary E Pleasant	Se Clary, 105 ne 4th, ne 20 x se 80—sub 100 v 72	5
R Flannery to City & Co San Fco	W Hartman Pl, 93:0 s Lombard, s 22, w 113, [illegible] to com	2,168
B Gallagher to Agnes Gallagher	N Geary, 100 w Devisadero, w 65:0 x n 137:6	Gift.
Thos Cullen to Elizabeth Stoltz	Re-record	----
Lucian Curtis to John Calvert	W Kearny, 137:6 n Pacific, w 101:63-100, nw 5:20-100, n 55:93-100, e 75, n 29, e 3:22, s 52 to com—subdivision 50 v 43	10
Hyam Joseph to Same	W Kearny, 137.6 n Pacific, w 101:63-100, nw 5:20-100, n 55:93-100, e 75, n 29, e 52:94-100, s 89 to com—sub 50 v 43	27,500
Catherine Fogarty to Wm Hayes	W Dupont 187:6 s Sutter, n 23 x w 110—subdivision 40 v [illegible]	10
J A Brinkhouse to F Ackerman	S Temple, 50:10 w Church, w 50:11 x s 114	10
John Calvert to James M Curtis	Und ½, w Kearny, 137:6 n Pacific, w 101:63-100, nw 5:20-100, n 55:93-100, e 75, n 29, e 52:93-100, s 89	10
Julius Grollman to S S Arnheim	Lots 5, 6, blk 8, West End Map 2, also lots 1, 2, blk 8, West End Map 2, also, lots 209, 211, Gift Map 3; also, lots 84, 85, West End Hd, also, lot 116, Silver Terrace Hd	1,300
John N Wilson to Josiah Moulton	W Hampshire, 280 s 25th, w 100, s 130, ne to Hampshire, ne 60 to com; also, ne Potrero and Serpentine Ave, n 150:7, s 200, e 55, sw 230 to com; also, nw Sutter and Devisadero, w 100x137:6, also, 50 v lot 1, blk 355, W A	
Josiah Moulton to John N Wilson	S [illegible] and Bryant, s 110 x e 100, [illegible] nw 25th and Potrero Ave, n 201.6 x w 100; also, 50 v 6, blk 885, W A	----

Thursday, October 23d.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Day Park Hd Assn to Mrs K Piper	Lot 27, blk 501	$ 300
Hevillo Wells to M Moritz	Sw P[illegible] and 23d Ave, w 170.8, s 600:10, e 592:1, n 600	500
Sil Ter Hd Assn to C Burkhardt	Lots 288, 289, Silver Terrace Hd	831
Same to John Stevens	Lots 118, 119, Same	718
Same to Daniel O Donnell	Lots 157, 158, Same	1,021
Same to Charles Wilson	Lots 117, 1?8, Same	641
Pt Lobos Ave & Park Hd to Same	Lot 29, blk 338, and lot 31, blks 338, 339	530
Ferdinand Reis to Same	W West [illegible], 225:4 n C, e 1 [illegible], w 27:1, ne 108 [illegible] to com—sub O L B 338	1
James Sherry to William Tardif	Und ½, s Frederick, 125 w 1st, w 62:6 x s 80—sub 100 v 91; also w ½ lot 137, blk 97, Central Park Hd; also, lot 16, blk [illegible], w ½ lot 5, blk 106, S S F Hd	1
Jacob Weaver to B Richardson	Lots [illegible] blk 11, Univty, M S, lots 11, blk [illegible], City Land Assn	700
William Tardif to James Sherry	Und ½, lot 118 S S F Hd [illegible], e ½ lot 137, blk 97, C P Hd, lot 8, blk 352; also, e ½ lot 5, blk 1?8, S S F Hd	1
Leon McJasson to John Shirly	N Jackson, 49 e Kearny, e 24 x n 68—sub 50 v 35	1
J Scirly to City & Co of San Fco	Com 67:5 n Jackson, 49 e Kearny, n 4.7, e 24, s 9.5, nw 37:8 to com	8,448
Same to Same	Com 49 e Kearny, 68 n Jackson, n 15 x e 24	315
Jas M Curtis to John [illegible] Carroll	Und ½, w Kearny, 137:6 n Pacific, w 101:62-100, nw 5:20-100, n 55:93-100, e 75, n 29, e 52:92-100, s 89—sub 50 v 43	13,000
David Fitzgibbon to Arthur Quinn	Mission Block 26	500
Arthur Quinn to John Durr	S Liberty, 130 e Guerrero, e 25 x s 100—subdivision M B 26	2,000
Same to Thomas H Kennedy	S Ridley, 165 e Guerrero, e 25 x s 100—M B 26	2,000
T P Riordan to Eugene Riordan	W Vermont, 100 n Nevada, n 33:4 x w 100—subdivision P N 109	1,190
John Grant to Thomas O Clancy	Se Perry, 400 ne 3d, ne 25 x se 75—sub 100 v 77	1,550
W S Beebe to Mrs Winifred Greeley	W Scott, 27:6 n O'Farrell, n 55 x w 96:0—sub W A 455	1,450
John Grant to Henry Doolittle	Se Perry, 325 ne 3d, ne 25 x se 75—sub 100 v 77	1,575

Friday, October 24th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
John Stark to John Spelan	N Dale, 229:10 e Dolores, e 27:1 x n 114—subdivision H A 31	$ 300
R Montgomery to W Montgomery	Se Wayland and Mansfield, e 120 x s 100	200
O F Graves to John Ballard	S Berry, 137:10 ne 6th ne 15:10 x se 240—subdivision S B blk 22	1,500
P Panzavecchia to Wm Jenkins	W Rondell, 133:10½ s Valencia, 159:4 s 16th, 222 x w 64—subdivision M B 40	2,300
Mary A Doyle to James Daly	Se Stevenson, 100:11 sw Potter, sw 25 x se 100—subdivision M B 13	1,400
Wm K Van Allen to C H Crowell	S Clay, 188:11 e Cen Ave, e 62 x s 127:8½	1
Sil Ter Hd Assn to J H McKay	Lots 198, 199, Silver Terrace Hd	780
E A Soiberg to J C Duncan	Lots 37, 38, blk 211, O'N & H	300
Thomas H Holt to E L Beard	1-6 int in Winter Tract, subject to mort	650
C S Lord to F A W Davis	Com on Bryant, 37 [illegible] fr se cor Bryant and Gilbert, ne 42:6 x se 125	2,800
J W Pearson to J D Roberts	S Dorland, 225 e Dolores, e 50 x s 115	6,000
Bd Tide L Com to C J Wingerten	Lots 1 to 24 inc, blk 855, Tide Lands	315
Rebecca Green to Henry Planz	W [illegible] v 1041, 126 s Geary, s 25 x e 50	1,050
W R Montgomery to J C Dias	Lot 8, blk 161, lot 8, blk 166, Univ Ex Hd	1,000
P Beranato to Antonio Spinetti	S Vallejo, 97:6 e Dupont, e 26.3 x s 34—subdivision 50 v 131	2,500
Leon Levy to Sarah Levy	Sw 8d, 25 nw Harrison, nw 25 x sw 80	Gift
S Carstensen to H Christensen	S Ellis, 110 e Polk, e 27:6 x s 120	Gift

Saturday, October 25th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Jas Gibb to John Conrad Beckler	Nw Tehama, 312:6 ne 4th, ne 25 x nw 80—subdivision 100 v 53	$1,250
Wm Hodzkins to James Gibb	Same	2,100
Michael Murray to Henry B Atkins	S Page, 192:6 e Gough, e 27:6 x s 120—sub W A 143	3,125
A J Merriam to Michael Lynch	Lot 379, Gift Map No 1	85
J J E Hawkins to Thomas [illegible]	Lot 291, blk 31, Mission & 30th St Hd	400
Geo Middlemis to Emile Artignes	Und ½, lot 11, blk 95, Tide Lands	600
D Peterson to Sav & Loan Society	Lots 330 to 335 inc, Gift Map 1	600
Wm P Chase to Henry C Wright	Und ½ of 1-16, Winter Tract	600
Agnes Birch to Wm R Sloan	S Russell w Hyde, 40x60	
Patrick Flood to Mathew Swift	Und half of lots 7 and 8 blk 11, W E M 2	1[illegible]5
E Barrett to David Stewart	Se Natoma sw 7th, 2[illegible] x 75	3,7[illegible]0
Ursula V Moxley to Chas G Moxley	Nw cor Fell and Franklin, 120x137:6	Gift
P Demartini to Alfred Rising	S Broadway w Dupont, w 17:2, s 60, etc	500
Alfred Rising to Louis Raffetti	S Broadway w Dupont, w 17:2, s 60, etc	3,000
Sebastian E Shaw to R H Cowan	Nw Jersey and Church, 80x140	1,000
M O'Brien to Geo Ulshofer	Ne 19th Ave nw L st, 100x100	100
F L A Pioche to James Collins	Lots 22 and 23, blk 49, City Land Assn	150
Same to Patrick Collins	Lots 12 and 13 blk 63, City Land Assn	150
Wm H Hanlon to Henry Philip	Und ½, Harrison & Hawthorne 112:6x156	5,000
Harrison St Hd Assn to J Dickson	Lot 55 blk 142, Harrison St Hd	800
Same to Margaret Dickson	Lot 56, same	800
Same to Wm Dodd	Lot 57, same	800

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one general depository case [illegible] properly classified and made most attractive, will [illegible] and [illegible] interests. In a word the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor [illegible] of the Pacific States and [illegible] industries, manufactures and wealth, bringing [illegible] the adjacent Territories [illegible]. Every occupant of one or more feet of placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive [illegible] will be received at the office of the Company, [illegible] Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March [illegible]. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.
California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos 607 to 6[illegible] Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

HUMBUG RAMPANT.

We said sixteen Paternarias, the lord's Prayer backwards, repeated Abracadabra times without number and exhausted all our other religious forms of expressing thanksgiving when we read that there's a split in the camp between the lecherous free lovers and the drivelling spiritualists. A society for the discussion of spiritualism has been formed, the conditions to the admission of which are quite as lax as the sentiments discussed. All you have to do to constitute yourself a member being to declare your belief in spiritual manifestations—the old collection trap coming into action, of course. At the meeting of the society, several free lovers will persist in introducing their tenets of faith at *and purpose* meetings. To this has been objected by the spiritualists, and last Sunday the fire which had been long smouldering was fanned into a flame. Most sincerely do we pray that Spontaneous Combustion and Uller Annihilation may be the fate of the whole damned rack. The two have heretofore stood we I together, for in their union they know lies their strength. But now the house is divided against itself, and we are thoroughly and earnestly determined to do our utmost to level the house, pestiferous and lazar like, to the very ground. We think it a very shame and disgrace to the people of San Francisco that these two written, fungi of society, the spiritualists and free lovers, should be permitted to feed and nourish themselves upon us. What is so particularly aggravating in this matter is that the parasitical tribe flourish and grow fat, whilst many honest men and women have actually hard work to make both ends meet. We attended a meeting of these spiritualistic free lovers once and found them all in broadcloth and satin actually reeking with fat. That same afternoon, a carriage painter, a man of temperate habits, told us the story of his three months' unsuccessful attempt to gain any sort of employment. The very next day he sold his furniture to obtain means to carry himself and family into the country. You must know of scores of patriotic sufferers. The difficulty men have of obtaining employment, and yet these lazy, good-for-nothing, and most offensive to all common sense parasites are sleek and well fed and richly clothed. Some of these "astrologers"—they are all from the same stinking tar-pot—have their offices crowded from morning to night with fools, rich in pocket, but O! so wretched poor in brains, and their exorbitant fees are paid without a murmur. You laugh, at the idea of swallowing a spider-pill for rheumatism, and call it a relic of the old dark days. Are not astrologers and magicians then a relic of the old dark days? And yet, good God, look how they flourish here! Astrologers, spiritualists, free lovers, fortune tellers are all one great society of Rampant Humbugs, and for these signs of intermecine quarrels and foreshadowed dissolution of partnership, we are so thankful. But how much more thankful should we be if the common sense of San Francisco would awake to the mangled humbug and superstition that are about us, take action and sweep away its great shame!

THE SHAH ONCE MORE.

The Shah of Persia has returned to Persia, and doubtless has his hands full. It must, however, be a great comfort to get back again into "our et waters," amongst one's wives and children, and have done with European secretly-paged ideas—much more oppressive than any other. The Shah visited Europe and became the guest of the "civilized Powers," he being a moderate man, he only from, his three wives with him. This the pious Christian civilized sovereigns could not stand, and he was told to send them back. Had he brought a hundred concubines it would have been all right, and peripatetic, let to be my three was fell to be—let us say—rather a sarcasm on the sovereigns of the "Civilized Powers," who only keep one wife—and steal a endeavor to debauch all their neighbors' wives and daughters. "The King of Kings" is not civilized enough by half. The piety of England and of all her "By Begs," from Henry the Eighth downward, has been proverbial. It is therefore most fortunate that he had sent back his *legitimate* wives before reaching her shores, rendered more than sacred by Saint George the Fourth of blessed memory. Wives are "difficult subjects" and full of matter for serious consideration, we only wonder there are so many of them. There is surely no necessity for the Shah to be bedeviled wail any, even in poor England, he would have done without one, it seems. However, there is no accounting for taste. Perhaps the *underfed* individual may interfere in some very far fetched of actual affect on for ally young females, and contended that it was not also, other girl to follow the European fashion of kicking them out into the street as soon as you get "tired of them." Unfortunately in the East they have an unfashionable idea that a good and honorable man ought to take care of and provide for all his wives and all his children and that seduction, infanticide and baby farming are not reputable. But then it must be remembered that our missionaries have not yet brought the Gospel to a focus on them, or made them Christians.

Q. U. A. C. E.

We publish, verbatim et literatim, to-day, under the head of "Letter Box," one of the most extraordinary and elegant letters it has ever been our good fortune to receive. From the opening sentence in the vocative, to the conclusion in the possessive, the letter is marked by an originality of style and freedom of language quite refreshing, and often flattering. Professor Cheeky Chaney, like Bottom, is evidently "roused," or—with a forcible application of the old proverb—is a good deal "stirred." We have two purposes in printing Cheeky Chaney's letter which are these. First, we wished to show him up as a quack, but he has saved us the trouble by doing so himself. The internal evidence of the letter convicts him of being a smart, uneducated and exceedingly vulgar man, one who, by the help of cheek, slang and brass-faced impudence, traps poor fools into the belief that he is what he is not, and if this is not the definition of a quack, then may Cheeky Chaney flourish. Secondly, this—men and women of San Francisco is the sort of man that steals away your money and then laughs at you for being so easily swindled or robbed. You are laughed at, and, as we said last week, slapped in the face by an ignorant, prating mountebank. As to Cheeky Chaney's badly-spelled invective, we take them as so many evidences that our free lance has struck home, and sharply, which is rather a remarkable thing, for generally those of the Cheeky Chaney class have such infernal pyrkh hides that nothing short of the sturdy application of a red-hot poker makes them jump. But, by the Holy Poker, the Right Reverend, Immaculate, Brazen faced Doctor Cheeky Chaney, Q. U. A. C. E., and A. S. S., dances to our tune this week like pop-corn on a griddle. Jump, you beggar, jump! Squirm, you beggar, squirm!

It is announced that the Chinese are at present going through the ceremony of driving out the devil. The defilement of the announcement has caused some consideration. General Wilson wrote a long note made of *Allis*, Pickering has been discovered in rebellious gray moustache, looking at Cheeky Chaney, Harry George is elevated several inches by new boot-heels, and Dr. Young goes about completely disguised as a gentleman. Phil Roach has bought a bottle of hair dye, and the fiery D. M. Gibson is perfectly willing to be taken for Fred Martenstein. James La Grange wears a bandage with small effect, and Cassidy has been heard to whisper concerning the natural position of the heathen Chinee. Meantime the classic hoodlum flings no more stones, and arrests are few.

When the devil was sick,
The devil a monk would be;
When the devil got well,
The devil a monk was he.

Pinnegus has failed. Pinnegus, the mighty, the pitiesant, the trenchant, the powerful, has been, mustache and all, to Sing Lake, and failed to bring Harris back with him. Alas, never more will shall military form, and shall military legs be seen striding with their old familiar pomp, for Pinnegus, the redoubtable, has failed. No more shall his round red eye roll with its suspicious glare upon the skulking victims who shrank beneath its light, for Pinnegus, the invincible, has fained. Nay, may it not even have been that certain author-line, watching out for a brother-hoodlum individual in the person of Thomas Harris, suspected and had almost arrested the valiant "Colonel Henry Pinnegus, United States Secret Service Detective?"

To W. C. Nesfield, of the Los Angeles *Daily Herald*, many sincere thanks. We shall attend to his business heartily and sincerely. He will succeed without our aid or any other.

THE CLOUD.

A cloud came over a land of leaves
(O, hush, ye little leaves, let it pass you by!)—
How they had waited and watched for the rain,
Mountain and valley and vineyard and plain,
With never a sign from the sky!
Day after day had the pitiless sun
Look down with a lifeless eye.

But now! On a sudden a whisper went
Through the topmost twigs of the poplar spires!
Out of the East a light wind blew
(All the leaves trembled and murmured and blew
Hope to the heart of desires).
It stirred the faint pulse of the forest tree
And breathed through the brake and the brier.

Slowly the cloud came, then the wind died,
Dumb lay the land in its hot suspense;
The crash on the clinkwood suddenly stopped,
The weather-worn dove saw in mid flying dropped,
The linnet ceased song in the fence,
Mute the cloud moved, till it hung overhead,
Heavy, big-bosomed and dense.

* * * * * * *

Ah, the cool rush through the dry tongued trees,
The patter and plash on the thirsty earth,
The eager bubbling of raines, and rill,
The dripping of leaves that have drunk their fill,
The freshness that follows the dearth!
New life for the wood and, the vineyard, the vale,
New life with the world's new birth!

—*All the Year Round.*

THE PARSONS

It is utterly against our will that the Parsons of this city intrude themselves upon the columns of the *News Letter*. They are a sect against whose twaddle we have set our face. We hear a lot oil and pathy to the twelve chokers and their sanctimonious shine. We had rather see a bailiffer, or a Harris, or even a Wank, with the magical apparatus, than a Parson pitilaud, ring an ugly the cope on Communion Day. They do the trick neater. But if the Parsons will keep kicking up such ructions to make news, we, in virtue of our character as a newspaper, must mention them. In Parshall to roam at will among the vestals of his congregation, putting out their lamps on the sly, and we not speak of it? By Hercules, no. His sin is as old as Adam, and as natural as Eve, but only becomes heinous when done under the mask of the lamb a black domino, alias cassock, or a clerical coat and white tie. We don't mind a little wickedness when a sinner grovels in the earth yah by and copy, but when he cocks one eye upward and the other down, the spirit within moves us to an indirect desire to let the cunning old watch have such a fling blow straight between the two, as will knock such little tricks out of his mind for the time being. As for Renegade Duggan, whose coat is of another color we prefer infallibility to a cobbler gentlemen of his cloth. They are both mischievous rubbish, but the former is better on a Parson's stomach than the latter, and does not stink in his breath. We have been ex-cobbling on a career for the new renegade gentleman since he has been out of the bows, but we fear he is not even fit to be a pot-house. He shows his game too soon. As for the world Christian, we disinterestedly advise him to keep away from wandering vagabonds, and confine the pulpit of Calvary to his own blowing. No one believes in that effete old humbug, the Pope, any the more or the less for his sympathy. As a lady-killing Parson, he is a complete success, as a Samaritan or a card-writer, an ignominious failure. At any rate, the first is his opinion, the second most decidedly ours.

THE BULLETIN APOLOGISES.

The Bulletin has been compelled to do that thing which of all others it most detests to do. It has been compelled to apologise. It has been detected and exposed in an attempt to injure the Railroad by one of those lies that are capable of exposition. It can write against the Company, it can bow our statements with false figures. It can attack its foreign credits, it can misrepresent its aims and objects, it can be absurd, frothish and foolish, and all this can be done with comparative impunity, but in reference to its malicious insinuations against the safety of the Oakland pier, the answer is so immediate, so complete, the denial of its statements so irresistible, that it has no alternative left but to apologise and claim that it was done in the interest of the community. The statement that the Oakland pier was unsafe was done to alarm the travelling public and to injure the Central Pacific Railroad Company, and if possible to compel the Company to buy them off from blackmailing. The *Bulletin* is losing money, its circulation, owing to its extravagantly high price, is falling off, its business is declining. The *Post* exceeds it in circulation and is proving a formidable competitor. The *Chronicle* is outstripping the *Morning Call* in business, circulation and influence. So there is trouble all around. The *Bulletin* is like the pay of Jim Bags, the organ grinder. It means to grind the machine under the Central Pacific windows until it is bought. The Railroad has been in the habit of giving money to the *Union*, *Call* and *Bulletin*. These journals have spent their force and are now harmless of evil. They have had their influence, have been highly vexatious. It would have been better, perhaps, to have bought them off, but the danger is now past and the annoyance over, and the people are beginning to realize that the prosperity and progress of California depends upon railroads and not upon newspapers.

THE GENTLE CAPTAIN.

If what the Post of last evening says respecting the new aspect of Captain Clarke's barbarity be true, and we have no reason to disbelieve it, then the whipping block and the pillory, every day for the period of his imprisonment, would be light punishment. We thought at first of writing vehemently on this subject, but we are convinced that the facts are too patent, the ferocious cruelty too plain to need any coloring from our pen. On Monday the Captain, who was once a man, but whose brutish nature has some time since crushed out his manhood, is to receive his sentence. *Let his punishment but be commensurate with his crimes*, and every one, except the three dead sailors—we must not forget them—will be satisfied. But let there be the judicial farce of "a light sentence" played, and —

We like to record the eccentricities of rich men. Therefore, while the dispensers of the Lick Observatory fund are setting people by the ears by locating it in all sorts of unseemly and impossible places, Mike Reese, that most public spirited of citizens, is engaged in putting down the tailors, in blacking a tailor's eye—in short, is trying to cook a tailor's goose. There is no doubt that tailors, generally speaking, to whom bills are due, are an unfortunate race, and should be equalized. If Michael Reese succeeds in getting his cost cleared for nothing, a precedent is established, and he is a benefactor of the race, especially the impecunious race. It only remains for Loning to go up in a balloon and John Parrott to invent a pavement.

It is confidently expected that the *Mail Bag* will be out on Monday, in fact, it is certain sure. We are aware that the announcement will create some excitement, for the rush to obtain the best of monthlies it promises marvellously every issue. The number for November will contain, besides the most interesting matter from the *News Letter* of the past month, a photograph and capitally written memoir of Capt Lapidus, full of adventure and in table facts.

We were glad to welcome back from the East our old friend O. Livermore, Esq., who returns as hearty as ever to the scene of his multifarious business and land transactions. Mr. L. says that there is no place like California, and that out of six houses where he dined when away, four of them took in the San Francisco *News Letter*.

The coinage of dimes at the San Francisco Branch Mint commences to-day.

NEW BOOKS
—OF—
THE WEEK.

Songs of the Sub Lands. By Joaquin Miller. 16mo, cloth.
Silver and Gold. By Rossiter W. Raymond. 8vo, cloth.
A Wonderful Woman. A Novel. By May Agnes Fleming. 12mo, cloth.
The Land of Moab. By H. B. Tristram, M. A. Crown, 8vo, cl.
The Three Midshipmen. A Story for Boys. By W. H. G. Kingston. 12mo, cloth.
Workshop Receipts. By Ernest Spon. 12mo, cloth.
The School Singer. By W. H. Venable. 12mo, cloth.
Marjorie Daw and Other People. By J. B. Aldrich. 12mo, cloth.
Miss Gwendoline's Charge. By the author of "Miss Van Kortlandt." 12mo, cloth and pa.
Civilization Considered as a Science. By Geo. Harris. 12mo, cloth.

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Oct 11.

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Oct 25

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An eight-page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars of the school, and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free by addressing
E. P. HEALD,
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Aug 10. San Francisco

DR. ABORN,
Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Lab. factory, 218 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union square. April 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

Satire should, like a polished razor keen,
Wound with a touch that is scarcely felt or seen

Oh Heaven! that such companions thou dst unfold,
And put in every honest hand a whip
To lash the rascal naked through the world,
Even from the East to the West—OTHELLO, Act IV, Scene I.

LAUS OLEOMARGARINI.

[*A Macaronic Hymn, dedicated to Professor Duff and Superintendent Seaman, by our Polyglot Poet.*]

Shine O shine, with joy, mes yeux!
No more fondez vous en eau
Since mighty Paraf in our view
A mis le cher beurrée en tombeau.

Seamanus puer! bono macte,
Facieus bon beurre sine lacte,
O quod bonum in fenestri!
O quod dorum tu dedisti!

Rustic maids of charms refulgent;
Pis illa quae les bon vaches mulgent,
Virgines of tastes loco c,
Homines nymphae, fond of frolic,
Gone is now your occupation—
Aux epiceiri the chorus vocation!

Paraf! Seamanum! vos laudamus
Omnes qui la beurre amamus,
Henceforth the poor man need not munch
His bread unbutted at his lunch
Nor spread it thin, like prudent Reese,
Lest his argentum should decrease
But gladly eat in years to come
Panem cum butyro ilium

Habemus nunc butyrum bonum
Per omnes domos regionum
Oleomargarini steals
Paccem panis, sparsit bella,
Regnum suum gloriosum
Venit victrix et formosum

Charles Warren Stoddard has given birth to another literary infant, and a very sickly, puling babe it is. It is true, Osgood & Co., (that highly respectable, but not always wide-awake firm), advertise the work with a highly inflated and altogether overdone puff, but then we do not expect fish vendors to cry "salt herring" dishes. The truth is, our young poetaster has essayed a higher flight than the cut on wings of his Pegasus can sustain. We can revel in Swinburne's dreamy mysticism and sensual love of all things beautiful until we begin to despise all goodness, and to believe with Chastelard, that "to be quite fair is best," we can read Tennyson's "Lotus Eaters" until the subtle influence of the "enchanted stem" seems creeping over us, and we envy Ulysses his "land of streams," but Charley's wishy-washy ideas concerning the beauties of *dolce far niente* simply bore and sicken us until, more in sorrow than in anger, we lay the book aside. Poor boy! he has at least contributed one small celestine to the pavement of hell in the way of a good intention. It is certainly amusing to see how quickly these pennyroyal poets will imagine they have acquired a wonderful fame, as soon as they have managed to get a few verses into print. Some of them, it is true, by dint of a multitudinous impudence, have succeeded in obtaining both money and notoriety in the Old World. Our Long-haired Laureate of the Sierras, for instance, but Charley has not brass enough for this, and therefore must unfortunately go under. Why, the poem might cannot even spell. We recollect when Bret Harte was editor of the *Overland*, he used occasionally to send us one of Charley's effusions, asking us to insert it if we had room, as he could not publish it, and if W. S. would be offended by being pointed if he could not get it printed. We would agree on condition that the writer corrected the awful spelling in his manuscript; and there the poor lad would sit in our office, with Webster's dictionary on one side and a primer on the other, and the big tears roll big down his cheeks, trying to make head and tail of the words he had written when the "fine frenzy" was on him, and generally try an in vain. O Charley! Charley! thou will grow wise in time, though we fear thou will never become a poet, and when that time arrives thou will heartily wish that thou hadst stuck to thy mother's apron strings in Cod for to instead of wandering into foreign lands in search of an oyst on which shall never be thine.

San Francisco has been in a tumult of joy this week. It was seriously discussed whether the churches should observe Thanksgiving services on that day. The Jesuits of the Church of Rome, however, defeated the project. Salutes were to be fired by the forts at Alcatraz, but it was found that the ammunition was low and the Government limited at the Modoc. But, at any rate, the city has been jubilant, and there was not a dry eye in the place. The President of the Oakland Library, and the cause of the general gladness? This: That on Friday there was "ONE MORE CHANCE TO HEAR DR. JOHN LORD LECTURE!" The course of lectures at the Mercantile Library was over, to be sure, but the "learned lecturer" actually consented to give us "one more chance." Dear, good, kind, wonderful, moving, grubbing Dr. Lord! shall we ever forget such generosity? Shall we ever forget the time when you have proved yourself to be a shrewd compiler of early facts, but a shrewder bunch of sharp? Shall we ever forget that you—queer, very queer student—refused to clinch a cash offer of twenty dollars, and yet, poor in Oakland until your hundred dollars were doubly assured you? Shall we ever forget that other little fact, which has not as yet crept into print to shame you, if that were possible, that you refused to fill the pulpit of a sick brother unless the most exorbitant fee was paid you? Shall we ever forget that in all your doings here, you have proved yourself a very Shylock? "One more chance to hear Dr. Lord" stutter out his dry, hard facts and crabbed ideas. "One more chance to hear Dr. Lord" gratify his vanity before his few hearers with the sound of a mere tongue grating voice that seemed natural to such an old dry. "One more chance to hear Dr. Lord" prove himself to be the greatest humbug of a lecturer and valiest of ancient fools. San Francisco is so thankful, the *Town Crier* is so thankful, not for the "one more chance," but that it is the *last*!

When woman shall have learned that devotion to an idealized man is not her only object in life, she will have advanced a long stride towards the bad tendence she has so often craved and never possessed. Do not understand it at the *Town Crier* desires a loving, there is no nobler one on than that which, which permanent, is called Love. He only desires to say that woman owes some duties to herself as well as to the individual of the "superior sex" who has considerately taken her in hand. Not of Cupidon's darts, elegant and useless, passed along by a mere sentiment. Man has learned that all ethics is compact in a word—duty. Woman has made a business of affection. It is a recreation in his younger manhood, to flirt, and shrill speech to his wife. Yet it never so thoroughly alarmed him that he down town occupation is neglected for its sake, on the contrary, the store and funds him rest and occupation, and his mind, by reason of necessary activity, is spared from monotony dwelling on that which is "woman's whole existence." To make her an element so large that love may not not mean police it, is the secret which will grant that sense of equality which will make her less a plaything, and warrant her in demanding respect with affection. It may be expected in that men are given to flirtation and credit for absorbing passion. It is admitted that there have been instances of it—and the antiquity of the poet. But even then this romantic devotion is paramount only to the hymenial gate, the poet dare not follow further lest he find that family entity with a not fated, self sacrificing, imbecile girl has tired contempt in the poet. Tired and idiot! Yes of weak young men who, repulsed in puppy-love, cannot perceive that shows to their vanity, and drown themselves in what they feel only but so to be an hero in manner, but really is pig, pig blindness.

The Town Crier is not at all surprised that Renegade Duggan did not put in an appearance at the Hempill Theatre on Saturday morning last. He was, we hold, too cowardly to face the Hempill, fearing that the introduction of the sensational might injure the patronage of the legitimate drama business of his house, should drop poor Duggan as though he were a red hot Murphy. Let him combat with Harry Andrews and see if an exchange might not be accomplished—say, the Fire King and Queen—for Duggan, or what would be still more appropriate, trade Duggan for the Vampire.

It has, from time to time, been the *Town Crier's* fate to be thrown in contact with a stray number of a certain Sunday newspaper published in this city, and each time misfortune has so overtaken him, he has in the very ecstacy of his contempt and misery inadvertently cast his eye over its columns. Each time he has observed in one of them a conglomerated mess of state jokes, farmer quotations, Bertram Coast sang, and mean puns, and inverted commas, unpunctuated, jumbled together into what was intended to pass for an original article. The side-handed booby who holds himself responsible for the existence, or reason, of this mass of stuff fancifully terms himself "Corty S. Pondent." The *T. C.* has hitherto contented himself from the trashy nonsense with an indescribable sickness at the stomach, and has refrained from noticing the existence of the little donkey, who fancies himself an author in the hope that the sight of a name we'd lose sire this have died from sheer inanition, or else have been choked off by some disgusted subscriber to the periodical that publishes his absurd vacuities. But no. Only last week the *T. C.* "boiled rag" was sent home, carefully pinned by John, a copy of the *Golden Era*. Now, in all sincerity, it is not to be conceived that any editor can reconcile it with his conscience to allow this ninny to affect his subscribers, or, how, on the other hand, subscribers will submit to the outrageous treatment. Choke him off? Souse him Cudgel him soundly, do anything in fact, that would knock the stuffing out of his absurd aspirations in a literary line, and prevent a further repetition of his twaddle in print.

Now, the Chronicle has gained a triumph. *Now*, indeed, it can crow over its poor contemporaries. Now it has proved itself the paper of the Pacific Coast, the superior journal of the West. *Now*, it shall fear no contradiction when it swears and rants "I am the paper." For why? Read this editorial copied from its Monday issue. "Among the number of items of news received by express on Saturday night, and published in yesterday's *Chronicle*, which the *Call* did not contain, was the announcement of the death of John C. Heenan. We are sorry the *Call* is this way every day. And yet that paper, with wonderful effrontery is constantly boasting of the superiority of its dispatches." What do you think of that, young men and maidens? O, that the *Town Crier's* words were graven on a rock, that it might forever be remembered that the *Chronicle* did, in its Sunday edition, publish a telegram of the death of a prize fighter and gambler, which the *Call* did not. "Ah, but We are beating the *Call* in this way every day, you know." Private dispatch received from black eye, cutthroats and human trash generally is able us to do this sort of thing, you understand. And yet the *Call* is constantly boasting of the superiority of its news! O, miserable *braggart* of a paper! Its boast of such superiority! Our last lingering hat in any good in your columns has gone. To boast, and cackle, and strut, and swe, because you had the first news of the death of a pugilist-gamester. Braggart, low braggart, exceedingly mean braggart!

A Miracle! a Miracle!—The Wandering Jew has turned up again, and is writing for the *Chronicle Bell*. All hail, Shaughnessy! Hail to thee, our present Hebrew! We hail thy independent spirit borne thee up for nigh two thousand years since the day when thou, a cobbler of Jerusalem, didst strike the Man of Sorrows, heavy laden, and thereby earned the sentence, "Tarry, I come." O dauntless Israelite, we envy thee thy powers. Today we peruse the First Epistle to the San Francisans from London to-morrow in the mail brings us the Second Epistle to the Londoners from San Francisco. In the evening then art writing an impossible description of Edinburgh in thy hotel in that and entirely next morning thou correctest thy proofs in the office of the *Chronicle*, and cackle *gratis* throughout the day. Verily, thy cheek is sublime. O thou chosen of God's chosen people, and the *Barnacle* hath a treasure in thee, for in thee abideth age, ugliness, impudence, three three, but the greatest of these is impudence. Wherefore, most ubiquitous Ahasuerus, we do most fervently unite our prayers with those of Brother de Young that thy "tarrying" may be long, for old Satan has been waiting his fangs for the nearly two thousand years, and swears that hereafter thou shalt for ever rub up "Old Clo" in the hottest corner in hell.

It is with feelings of mingled astonishment and satisfaction that we chronicle the death of Mr. Edward Hooper, better known to the Shotgun of Humbug Alley as Bill the Hoodlum. We really bear no grudge to Old Bill, where we congratulate him upon the accomplishment of his own. Nor are we conscious of any animosity toward the deceased himself. We are consci ous only of a feeling of rebuke and enjoyment and honest satisfaction in the thought of a new subject State prisoner's corpse. What with packed juries, hanged hangmen, Governor's pardons, and manslaughter verdicts, it is long since we have received the enjoyment of the article mentioned, and may be long again. Where are we hope they gave him a roaring and jolly funeral. We hope it may not be deemed at all presumptuous folly if we exclaim, in concert with his shaven striped brethren of the chain, "Heaven rest his Bowens."

Taking the poor dumb thing roughly from the carriage, he threw it violently on the hard pavement. Then seizing a stout, knotted stick he forced and beat it most unmercifully. Not a sound did the poor thing utter, though it writhed and quivered at every blow. Thicker and heavier fell the blows the stick being brought round with an ugly swish every time, when the whole neighborhood was roused with no be the force and agony produced. Not content with its ruling cutting flows, the cruel man then kicked the poor thing heavily, and seizing it in both hands, O, God—dashed it with all his force against the wall. But as 'twas only a carriage cushion the *Town Crier* did not think himself called upon to interfere.

Stokes, the murderer, has escaped with four years imprisonment. *O tempora! O mores! O ranlas vanitatum!* O Justice! blind indeed, when one man can shoot another down like a dog, in cold blood, and escape with such a punishment as this. Hoodlum shoots hoodlum for seducing hoodlum, and the jury remembering the fate of the kilkenny cats and trusting for a similar result, hang lazily and let the thing go by. This is well enough, but the murder of Pinkus was something more than this, and his blood cries from the ground for justice at least, if not for vengeance.

It is suggested that a commission of lunacy be appointed to investigate the mental condition of the present municipal commissioners. January, Quest Stokes, Kenny, Shelleck by his obscurity. In regard to the other, the public mind has varied and fluctuated. At one time he was regarded as a pompous encyclopedian expert, yet a deft council proved him to be an asinine old blockhead—his encyclopedia having gone back on him to the extent of a vowel or two. Since the suicide of Connolly, after his release from this twain of blunderers, the conviction is borne upon our mind that the long-wluded swan is unmitigatedly a dumphool.

The sand lot forming the southwest corner of Taylor and Geary, has been noticed by the *T. C.* for the past nine years as never being without the rank, festering, sleep-loon carcass of dead dogs, cats, fowls, etc. She wonders over the time when poll cousin will have enough sense to realize that it is dangerous and never breed pestilence, instead of spending their time at the corner grocery just above "Dead Dog Corner!"

It is noted as a remarkable fact in the English papers that "a bootmaker has just invented a boot with small wheels which will enable one to go as rapidly as a horse, with the advantage of dispensing at a moment's notice." Marty, some ye The wheels of the old world sadly want oiling. Why, the skaters at Woodward's Gardens, in this city, have been using the same thing for the past—Lord knows how many—years.

With true Christian joy the *T. C.* notices the gradual reorganization of the hoodlum congregation on the southeast corner of Bush and Kearny: their day increasing, too fervous observably, their curses (their lively observations, you the gentler reader who happen to pass that corner) the artistic manner in which the corner loafer squirts his cutting saliva upon the ladies dresses, etc., etc.

A New York Jenkins, minutely describing a recent fashionable wedding, says: "The nuptials were consummated in the drawing-room to the presence of a distinguished party of invited guests." This may be the fashion in New York, but elsewhere such things are less publicly attended to.

The Church of the Flying Trapeze, which is Trinity, has been the scene of another miracle: *Bishop Kip backed his hair out.* After this nothing will surprise the congregation—except good preaching.

POSTSCRIPT TO THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER California Advertiser.

VOLUME 23. SAN FRANCISCO, NOV. 1, 1873. NUMBER 40

BIZ.

The month of October has been fraught with considerable life and animation in commercial circles. Money has at all times been plentiful; no panic or monetary stringency as at the East, no lack of currency, no slacking off of trade, no suspension of banks or banking houses, no failures, no stoppage of mills or factories. Every thing works smoothly with us, and all to be credited to the admirable currency, which is and ever has been maintained upon the Pacific Slope. Gold and Silver is the basis of all monetary transactions; no depreciated paper currency with us, but in lieu thereof the two or three National Gold note banks continue to circulate to the extent of perhaps $1,500,000, and these are at all times redeemable with Gold upon demand. We deal in Greenbacks, Legal Tender Notes, as if they were a merchantable commodity, buying and selling them at their market value. It is in this way that we have been enabled to escape the financial storm, which continues to carry off its Eastern victims. Our bounteous crops of cereals, etc., have been and are in constant demand for export, and the proceeds of Sterling Bills drawn against these heavy shipments of Wheat and Flour afford us a constant supply of twenty dollar gold pieces, which are our mainstay and support.

The Imports during October have been of considerable importance, including the usual assortment of general merchandise. The Australian Coal supplies have been notably large, but of other staple articles we have no excessive stocks to winter over. Business for a year or two past has, with us, been conducted upon a conservative basis—caution and prudence very generally observable. No speculative purchases in vogue, our merchants have very generally confined their operations to their legitimate trade requirements, buying goods in quantities sufficient to meet current wants, following the ups and downs of the market, thus avoiding any great risks of decline. And while pursuing this prudent course concerning imports, our exports of Wheat, Wool, Wine, Hops, Fruits, etc., have been steadily increasing, so that California is to-day the creditor State of the Union. Our financial status is now the wonder and admiration of the whole United States. Thus far our exports of Breadstuffs for the season exceed in value those of any past year for a corresponding period, and the outward flow continues with uninterrupted freedom. By the close of the Calendar year California's exports will loom up wonderfully.

The Grain Fleet of the week was headed by the new California ship Three Brothers, carrying the largest and most valuable cargo of Wheat ever floated across the ocean. She was dispatched by Mr. TenBosch, agent of a large miller in France. The ship and cargo is bound to Havre. This vessel was followed the day after by ships Queen of Nations and the British King, and since then by about a dozen other ships, all loaded with Wheat and Flour for the United Kingdom. This season's Grain Fleet to the old world, counting from July 1st, numbers 85 vessels, all carrying Wheat, with the exception of a few, which had 67,640 bbls Floor, and 34,000 centals Barley. Here are the figures.

	Ctls.	Value.
Totals since July 1st, 1873, 85 vessels	2,567,557	$6,393,837
100 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	3,090,09[illegible]	5,133,291
17 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	460,198	1,120,111
68 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	1,8[illegible]0,076	3,417,665
86 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	2,429,244	4,277,555

We have at date 23 vessels additional on the Liverpool berth, aggregating 31,626 tons registered tonnage. At this writing, tonnage is abundant; plenty of disengaged vessels here open for business. The ship Herald of the Morning, for Liverpool, with dispatch in October, gets £3 5s. The bark Vesuvius, with customary lay days, to Liverpool direct, got £3 2s. 6d. This is the present outlook of the freight market.

The market for Flour and Wheat is more or less active. The offerings are light. Exporters and millers take all the grain offered at $2 20@2 25, and occasionally pay a trifle more. Flour commands $6 50@6 75 for extra and $5 50 a 5 75 for superfine. Barley continues in good request at $1 45 a 1 55 per cental for feed and brewing; Corn, $1 35 a 1 45; Oats, $1 55 a 1 60 per cental.

Oregon continues to send freely of both Flour and Wheat. The last arrival, brig Perpetua, from Columbia River with 6,162 sacks. This makes upwards of 81,000 centals of wheat received at this port during the current month, exclusive of Flour. The ship Cutwater has just been chartered to proceed to Portland for a full cargo of Wheat. She gets £4 5s freight to Cork. Kinney Brothers of this city and Salem, Oregon, load her, but have sold the cargo to N. TenBosch—say, 1,400 tons at about 60s 6d; charter, freight, and insurance.

The ship John Bryce has completed her loading 3,100 tons of Wheat. Her cargo was also purchased by N. TenBosch at 60s 6d, charter, freight, and insurance, and clears for Queenstown.

Richard Patrick & Co., importers of foreign and domestic hardware, 123 Battery street, have one of the best stocks of shelf and heavy goods in this city.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

San Francisco, October 29th, 1873.—The Wool Market continues inactive and prices are weakening. We have seen Wools offered at from 2½@3c. per pound under old rates, with no takers. All the warehouses, where Wool is usually stored, are full, but it keeps on coming. Eastern advices are hopeful but there is no positive improvement there.

WATT & MCLENNAN, Wool Commission Merchants,
625 Sansome street, San Francisco.

Motley, the historian, Mrs. Motley, Mrs. Ives and party, arrived lately at the Balmoral Hotel, Edinburgh, from visiting the Duke and Duchess of Argyll, at Inverary Castle.

OUR FOUL PAVES.

A quid of tobacco, after a course of energetic mastication, is a filthy object to look upon. The disgusting fluid ejected therefrom during the masticating process, is, not to put too fine a point upon it, unparalleled in nastiness. Yet upon both of these are we compelled to gaze day after day. We must either pick our way among them, or wade boldly and unflinchingly through these pools of refuse filth. We sniff their vile odor with the very air we breathe, for the stones upon which we walk are dotted at intervals of perhaps two and three inches with huge masses of slimy, sickening, yellow saliva, nasty enough in all conscience to read of, but infinitely nicer than the sidewalks themselves to contemplate.

It were bad enough if confined to the sidewalks, but there is not a staircase along the line of thoroughfares that is not washed down with the same dirty stream. It trickles in little rills upon the floors of the street cars, it settles itself in miniature lakes upon their platforms. It descends in sodden avalanches upon silk robes, it garnishes the trowser legs of unsuspecting pedestrians. It falls in showers upon the floors of theaters and concert halls. It comes flying out of windows with the well aimed spurt of a practiced expectorator. It trickles down the sides of fair white China spittoons, into which receptacle it seems never to go straight. It flows a stream of bounteous plenty all through the land, at all times and in all places—excepting the middle of the street. An obliging sun dries it up sometimes, or it is wiped up by the trailing garments of our fastidious womankind. Occasionally an unwary pedestrian loses his balance upon its slippery surface, and leaves one clean place on the sidewalk—when he gets up. But it does not take long to play havoc with this little oasis of cleanliness. Unlike Spring Valley, the supply is exhaustless; the workers are unremitting, and in a marvelously short time the familiar fluid holds its own again

Yet how easily much of this could be remedied. A step to the curbstone would change the channel of streams, rivers, oceans of tobacco juice. It would be trodden into the renovating earth by the feet of myriads of passing teams. Its stench would cease to reek in the nostrils of pedestrians; its filth would cease to stain the trailing garments of the fair street-sweepers. As for the beast who spits indiscriminately in the street cars—expectorate is too fine a word for him—he should be arrested as a nuisance. A man is arrested who defaces a wall, drives his horses too fast or disturbs his neighbor by loud noise. Why, then, should not he too be arrested who is a nuisance to a whole city by making the public walks or the public vehicles a receptacle for the nauseating nastiness which is rejected by his own system. A law can scarcely be passed to prevent a man from chewing tobacco; but the law should certainly do something with the man who abuses his privilege by flinging the signs of his dirty habit in every available place frequented by men, women and children.

SHAMEFUL MISREPRESENTATION.

We like the Court Journal, although its bitter opposition to the Gladstone administration and evident belief in Britain's decline—we refer to the frequent insertion of those paragraphs with the common title, "The Beginning of the End" are somewhat harshly and unwisely prominent. Also, of course, in virtue of our Republican sympathies, we have to laugh a little at the adulation of and belief in all things Royal, Aristocratic and Fashionable, which sentiments run through its pages like the scarlet thread through the Government ropes, one only has to cut them to find the evidences of a supple back-bone. But then we remember this is its business. And now having gently stroked it the wrong way, let us smooth down its fur—we beg pardon, ermine. We do not know a better arranged weekly, or one containing a greater variety or mass of news. It seems to be capitally edited, is well printed, always acknowledges its extracts from us, and—but if we go further in this strain we shall imagine we are puffing it, and forever lose our self-respect. By the bye, in the number of October 4th, it has taken this from our Notabilia:

"Gladstone, the English Premier, though by no means an Adonis, is always remarkable for the taste he displays in his choice of neckties, etc. He is acknowledged to be one of the neatest-dressed men in England.—*S. F. News Letter.*"

Reading so, it looks as if we were sneering at Willy G.; but the conclusion of the sentence, which has been omitted, was an advertisement of a San Francisco firm where the Premier was supposed to purchase the articles referred to. We wish to set our readers right on this very important point, and we do here declare before heaven and all tail-less, cherubimic butterflies, that our political opinions must not be tampered with in this way, and that we don't care a damn for either Gladstone or Dizzy, by gosh!

ROAD STEAMER IN CHINA.

Mr. Morgan, British Consul at Tientsin, mentions the import of one of Thomson's road steamers or traction engines, with a passenger omnibus and and trucks, intended to be used at first for the conveyance of passengers and merchandise between Taku and Tientsin. On two occasions the Chinese authorities came to witness trials of this engine, and on the second of these the Governor-General himself and the chief mandarins of Tientsin took a ride on the omnibus through the British settlement. His Excellency also minutely inspected the machinery, and was evidently quite astonished at the facility with which it could be managed. Previously to the Governor-General's visit, the Customs Taotai had expressed a wish to name the road steamer, and after some reflection he fixed upon the term "Li-yung," suggested to him by a passage in one of the ancient classics, where the component characters form part of a sentence, which runs thus: "That which can drag heavy weights to a distance is beneficial to the world at large." He thought these words well exemplified by the useful qualities of the traction engine. But the country unfortunately was so flooded that when the Consul made his report, at the end of last march, there seemed no likelihood of the road steamer being able to traverse the open plain for a long time; and it was feared that its traversing the highway between Tientsin and Taku was practically impossible while the roads and bridges remained in their then state.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.---Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, NOV. 8, 1873. No. 41.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California Colon Mill, California Mall Bag, South side Merchant street No. 60. to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—SILVER BARS—3@6 ₩ ct. discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 93@91. Mex. Dollars, 8@9c., old; 4½@5c., new. Trade Dollar, par.

☞ Exchange on New York, ⅛ per ct. for Gold; Currency, 6⅛ per cent. On London, Bankers 49¾@49⅞; Commercial, 51⅛@—; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1⅛.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, Nov. 7, at 3 P. M., 107⅜. Latest price of Sterling, 105¼@106⅜.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. . . . . Nov 7, 1873

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1860-7-8	100	104	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	12¾	13
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	98	1.0	Oakland Gas	1 5	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	98	100	Spring Valley Water Co	81	84
Legal Tender Notes	93	93½	Omnibus Railroad Company.	40	45
California State Bonds, 7s '57	97½	100	Central Railroad Company.	55	60
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	95	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co.	50	52½
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	93	95	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	20	21
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.	70	75
Sacramento City Bonds	80	82½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins Co	75	80
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	8[illegible]	90
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	93	Union Insurance Co	87	90
Santa Clara Bonds, 8s	90	93	Pacific Bank	91	94
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	—	The Bank of California	128	130
San Francisco Gas Light Co.	69	69½	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	110

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

The notice in yesterday's papers of the withdrawal of Mr. Vernon Seaman from the management of the California Oleomargarine Manufacturing Company, has occasioned considerable surprise among the many friends of that gentleman in this city. The activity and perseverance of Mr. Seaman in organizing the company, and getting it well under way, is already well known to our readers, and needs no comments at our hands, and we are pleased to know that his withdrawal from the company has for its object only a wider range of usefulness in connection with Mr. Alfred Paraf's invention. Mr. Seaman's commendations of his approved successor, Mr. Phillips, to the community, is amply sufficient to assure the public that the affairs of the Company will be diligently and faithfully conducted, and we have only to urge upon this gentleman to emulate the energy of his retiring predecessor

Mr. Henry Phillips, in taking charge of the California Oleomargarine Company, would respectfully announce to the public of this city, that the company will begin manufacturing butter, at their factory, the latter days of next week. The favorable notices of the press of California have prepared the public mind for a grand success, and the officers now extend a general invitation to ladies and gentlemen to call during the coming two weeks, and witness the process of manufacture. They have no hesitation in assuring them that their most sanguine expectations will be fully realized.

Eastern private advices to bankers resident in this city report Sterling Bills down to 105 for best Bankers' Bills; even Brown Brothers' 60 day Bills on London at this low rate, while Commercial Bills are obtainable at even 103 or less. The very great redundancy of Sterling Bills is the natural result of our immense export trade in Breadstuff, Petroleum, Provisions, Cotton, etc., while our imports are proportionably less. Great Britain and France must have our Flour, Wheat and Corn, or else starve; and while the balance of trade is so immensely in America's favor, it is really surprising that capitalists here and at the East did not long since send their Sterling Bills to London *en masse* for collection and draw out the gold rather than sell their Bills at the low rates of the past month. It is futile to attempt to stop the flow of gold to the United States; so long as the balance of trade continues in our favor gold will flow hither, and the premium on the same fall to 0. The last New York quotation is 106⅜.

The steamer Constantine will sail for Santa Barbara this afternoon.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

A Permanent Paragraphic Advertisement, Respectfully Dedicated to the Spring Valley Water Works.

A Miner's Inch of Water is about twenty-thousand gallons. The usual Price for an Inch of Water in the mines is ten cents. The Spring Valley Company sells water in large quantites at seventy-five cents per thousand gallons, or at fifteen dollars seventy-five cents per inch—which is one hundred and fifty-seven times the price which miners pay. Furnished in small quantities to housekeepers, the Company charges from thirty to fifty dollars an inch—five hundred times the miner's rates. IGNOTUS.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

Our local money market continues to rule easy, without however any redundant means. All legitimate business interests are well cared for by our Banks and Banking institutions. The rate 8 a 12 per cent as extremes—the inside figure for long loans on real estate. We have no failures in any line of business. There is no complaint in regard to Currency—Gold and Silver are both plentiful. Some of our Banks are now paying out Trade Dollars at their face, while Silver alone suffices for change as of old. Business is good, and all are cheerful at the handsome profits realized.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange. — NEW YORK, November 7, 1873.—Gold opened at 10[illegible] . . 11 A. M. at 106¾, 3 P. M. at 107⅜. United States Bonds — Five-twenties of 1862 116, 1867, 110⅜. Sterling Exchange, 105¾@108. Pacific Mail, 26¼. Quicksilver Mining Company, 15. Wheat, $1 56@$1 75 quiet. Pork, 14¾, dull. Cotton, 13¾. Hides, dry, 23½@24, green, 13, dull Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 44@$1 45, fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 6[illegible]@—; Whale, quiet, 58@68c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 67@70c. Wool—Spring, fine, 25@35c.; Burry, 20@27c.; Pulled, 35@50c. Fall Clips, 20@26c.; Burry, 16@20c. LONDON, Nov. 7.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 10d@13s. 1d. Club, 13s.@3d @13s. 6d. United States Bonds, 90. Consols, 92⅛@92⅜, 92¾@⅞.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, October 17th, 1873:—John B. Newton, Mrs. H. H. Day, Gen. J. P. Miller and family, A. E. Head and family, Thomas Sunderland and family, Wm. M. Lent and family, H. M. Heuston and family, Theo. Bogle and family, C. G. Hooker and wife, Henry Roesner, General Ihrie, C. F. Fargo, Frank Cunningham, Mrs. S. W. Ladd, Mrs. Chris. Reis and family, Mrs. Jno. B. LeGay, Miss Annie LeG. Boyd, A. C. Whitcomb, F. P. Austin, J. Whittaker and wife, Mrs. Kibbe, Miss Kibbe, Mrs. Hassey, Master Frank Hassey.

London and Liverpool, Nov. 7, 1873—1 P. M.—Floating cargoes off Coast, unchanged. Cargoes on passage, neglected; no business doing. Mark Lane, quiet. Quotations for No. 2 Spring Wheat off Coast, 57s 6d. English and French country markets remain unchanged. Liverpool market, slow. Liverpool quotations—California Club, 13s 6d; Average, 12s 9d, Red Western Spring, 11s 11d@11s 6d. The trade in Wheat has suffered some depression, owing to the large supplies arriving from the United States. The weather throughout Europe continues fine.

Messrs Webb & Holladay and New Zealand.—In reply to Mr Johnston, Mr Vogel, the Premier, said that two securities of £25,000, given by Messrs. Webb & Holladay, were held by the Government. Mr Webb had refused to pay, but the bonds were good and the Government would recover the money; that £10,000 had already been withheld from moneys due Mr Webb.—*Auckland Herald.*

There was quite a flurry in Gold at New York yesterday, opening at 106⅜ and closing at 2 P. M. at 107⅜. A later dispatch gives the rate at 107⅜, a gain of 1⅛ points from Thursday evening. Sterling, 105⅜ a 108; Quicksilver, 15, Pacific Mail, 26¼.

Several interesting book-notices are unavoidably crowded out this week; but in our next issue our readers will have the opportunity to judge of what is going on in the book-writing world.

The latest English telegram states that the application for the extension of time to November, 1874, for another hearing of the Tichborne claimant, has been granted by the Queen's Bench.

The San Francisco Mint is still engaged in coining dimes, having turned out nearly $30,000 since the 1st instant. It will go on to half dollars next week.

The bark Comet, for Honolulu, to-day, will carry a mail.

COWAN & CO., Paper Makers, Edinburgh, Diploma of Honor, Vienna. MILLER & RICHARD, Type Founders, Edinburgh, A. B. FLEMING & CO., Ink Manufacturers, Edinburgh. Highest Medal, Vienna.
ELIC HEAD, Agent,
Nov. 8. Office, 412 Pine street, San Francisco.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

LITTLE GIRLS

Brown and healthy, fresh and fair,
Hearts so light, as care can't trouble ere
Fettered by no thought of care
Do you hear me, little girls?
With your sunny, flowing curls,
Fairest things in all the world!

Do not try to overgrow
All the pretty plays you know,
Simple things that charm you so;
Aping other children, who
Had far better be like you,
Daisies, gemmed with morning dew

Do not don a lengthened gown,
And the brow a woman's crown,
Wait till it has tumbled down
'Tis a burden hard to bear,
All these many things they wear,
Who are under fashion's care!

Silly little these are, I know,
Who so anxious are to grow,
(What's the reason I don't know)
That before they reach their teens,
On the streets they may be seen,
Trailing garments like a queen.

Quirks and curls and waterfalls,
Silly misses, are they all,
Hastening up to be so tall.
Let your pleasant childhood stay,
With its charming, healthful play,
Soon enough 'twill flit away

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF ASHANTEE.

The country is generally mountainous, save some small tracts to the east and west, though the mountains are neither abrupt nor precipitous. It is well watered, among the rivers being the Assinee, which is looked upon as the boundary between the Ivory and Gold Coasts, and is, for some distance, the western boundary of the Empire, and the Volta or Adirwah, the principal river, which runs a course of over 600 miles before reaching the sea. [illegible] of the climate are held to be exaggerated, though the former, from October to March, the hot season, is very great. During the rest of the year it is more moderate. Thin dress and warm clothing are not amiss. The nights, indeed, are always cool, and in the forest the warmth is as necessary against the cold as as against the wild beasts. The climate is not, the coast being especially unhealthy, especially to Europeans, owing partly to the chilly nights following scorching hot days, but mainly to a kind of miasma which rises from the swamps and the [illegible] rivers. The interior is healthy. Usually the air is calm, but there are tornadoes frequently, and the harmattan, as the wind from the desert is called. The latter is felt between the end of December and the beginning of February, and is very destructive, blowing sometimes for two or three days only, but occasionally for a fortnight together, and it is so dry that it absorbs the moisture of everything it comes in contact with. There are two rainy seasons and one dry in Ashantee. The first rains occur about the end of May or the beginning of June, and are followed by fogs and hazy weather, very dangerous and very powerful in July and August. The second rains come on in October, after which the April is the dry season. For about half its length, more or less, that is, from about 75 miles' latitude to the coast, and for the whole breadth between the Assinee and the Volta rivers, the country is a mass of forest, the trees of which are all on an immense scale, varying, however, on the coast and inland. Thus, near the coast are to be found the baobab, the cactus, the mangrove, various species of palms, the cotton, and other large trees, all mixed with a wild entanglement of thorny bush, itself grown up to an almost impenetrable size. When the first rank of the first mountains is reached about 15 miles inland, the baobab disappears and is replaced by another tree of equal magnitude. So, too, does the mangrove, the palms become scarce, but other trees are found in their stead, including a new kind of [illegible] and [illegible]. In the north there are trees and shrubs only in patches, and the country is covered with jungle and grass of an enormous height and thickness, and which is dried and used for manuring the plantations. The sugar-cane grows wild and there are also tobacco, maize and Indian corn, millet, yams, rice, potatoes, and every kind of tropical plant in abundance, of gums and aromatic plants, of dyes and hard woods. The animals are numerous and various. There are elephant, rhinoceros, giraffes, buffaloes, deer, antelopes, civet cats, monkeys, porcupines, and goats, as well as lions, tigers, leopards, jackals, wolves, wild boars and wild cats. The rivers swarm with hippopotami and alligators, but the animals seemingly peculiar to Ashantee are a gigantic rat, an odoriferous mouse and the ground-or man-eater, which digs up and devours dead bodies. Reptiles are numerous, including serpents of every size, scorpions, and centipedes, toads and frogs, some of the former being of an immense size, and lizards. Of birds there are pheasants, partridges, and wild ducks, of a very beautiful plumage, doves, crown birds, parrots, parroquets, such as sparrows, becaficos. The waterfowl are herons, storks, and sea mews. Birds of prey include eagles, kites, and one, not larger than a dove, but bolder and more rapacious than any other bird. Those peculiar to the country are the pookoe, useful in destroying field rats, and a bird about twice the size of a sparrow with a shrill, hollow note, and the sound of which is held to be of ill omen. All the Ashantee birds are remarkable for their plumage, but none have pleasing voices, the only songsters being the nightingal and the [illegible]. The woods are full of bees and species of ant called termes so numerous and rapacious that a sheep attacked by them in the night has been found a skeleton in the morning. Fireflies, dragon-flies, a fly like the cantharides in appearance and scent, and all tropical insects but the mosquito are found here. Black and hump-backed whales are found on the coast between September and December, and there are plenty of sharks, which form the common food of the Gold Coast natives, and other sea-fish, and rivers, and cocoas and oysters, which feed on the branches of the mangrove and other trees, but are not good for food if the water be fresh. — *Land and Water.*

SOMETHING TERRIBLE.

Like California, Peru is agitated with the Chinese question. Large numbers of coolies are employed in cultivating the plantations along the coast, and the slavery to which they are subjected is of the most galling character. When kindly treated these coolies make excellent servants, but abuse fosters a spirit of revenge in them that is insatiable. The Peruvians are given to the bullying, inhuman method of treatment, and consequently live in continual fear that their cruelty will be visited on their own heads. An instance of this vengeful spirit, and of the barbarous retaliation that attends any expression of it, is detailed in recent correspondence of the *Chicago Tribune*. A Chinaman on a plantation near Callao accidentally committed a blunder while waiting at table, and his master struck him across the mouth so severely as to bring blood. Choking down his rage, the coolie waited till night, and then, armed with a common bread knife, perpetrated a terrible revenge by murdering his master and the entire family — seven in all, as they slept. But his punishment was as speedy as it was cruel. The infuriated populace, taking the poor wretch to the public plaza, chained him to an iron post, and, pouring oil over his body, the torch was applied and he was burned to a cinder, his coolie brethren being driven in from the neighboring estates to witness the edifying spectacle. So exasperated, however, are the down-trodden Chinamen becoming at the manifold injustices practiced upon them, that an open revolt is anticipated, and some of the plantations are guarded by government troops to prevent, if may be, such an uprising. If they should rise, their overwhelming numbers would enable them to carry everything before them in the country districts, and a reign of bloodshed and terror would be inaugurated such as marked the war of races in Hayti in the days of Toussaint L'Ouverture.

Such instances as the following, related by an English magistrate at a public meeting, are not uncommon. He said that he had been examining the children in a denominational school, and had been struck with their ignorance and stupidity. At last he asked one boy who had been some years at school: "If he could write?" Answer, "No." "Can you read?" Answer, "No." "Can you cipher?" Answer, "No." "Then what on earth can you do?" Answer, "I can do catechism." "Well," said the gentleman, "let us see if you know that: what did your godfathers and godmothers then do for you?" Answer, "They did promise and vow that I should nurse the devil and all his works, and renounce the pomps of this wicked world."

An epitaph in a country churchyard reads: "Here lieth the body of Amy Major, who departed this life March 20, 1792. Suffice it to say that she was an honest woman — the second noblest work of God."

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 311 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies:

[illegible] of Philadelphia $250,000
[illegible] of Leavenworth 250,000
[illegible] of St. Louis 250,000
St. Paul, of Minnesota .... 12,000 National Life, U. S. A., Phila
Mutual Insurance Association, of [illegible] 1,250,000
New Orleans .... [illegible]

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents.

August 9. 311 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital $[illegible]. Officers: [illegible] President; [illegible] Vice-President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; [illegible] Marine Secretary; H. H. Bigelow, General Manager. Directors: San Francisco — Geo. H. Howard, [illegible] Atherton, [illegible], John H. Redington, A. W. [illegible], [illegible], [illegible] Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. S. Tilden, W. M. Greenwood, S. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann, [illegible] Wilson, W. H. [illegible], Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. [illegible] — P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. [illegible], [illegible] Lewis, [illegible] Crawford, [illegible] Marysville — [illegible] Manager, W. T. [illegible], Treasurer; [illegible] San Jose — [illegible] Manager; [illegible] — William Watt, [illegible], Nevada; T. W. Sigourney. Feb 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE—UNION INS CO OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash Capital $[illegible] in Gold. [illegible] Directors: [illegible] Moses Heller, [illegible], Charles Kohler, [illegible] Nicholas Luning, [illegible] Parrott, [illegible], Gustave Touchard, [illegible] Henry Falling. New York — J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their offices to No. [illegible] California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner of California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This company transacts a GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, [illegible] Directors: [illegible] Sprecklee, Seldon S. Wright, [illegible] Cummings, C. J. MacDermot, James M. Harney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. [illegible], [illegible] Dering, John H. Wise, [illegible] Stevens, [illegible], Jas. [illegible], L. [illegible], D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, [illegible] Thayer, Jas. Chapman, Charles Main.
C. W. KELLOGG, President.
R. G. H[illegible], Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY

The public are invited to take notice that the Aetna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the [illegible] to the opposite side of California street, No. [illegible] Merchants Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent [illegible]. All business of the Company will be attended to by the newly appointed General Agent. The Aetna has cash assets of $5,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. [illegible] This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent.
April 21. N. E. cor. California and [illegible] streets, opposite Bank of California.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 13 Merchants Exchange. [illegible] in any other first-class company. [illegible]
MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.
Jan 25.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000. Accumulated Funds, upwards of $1[illegible] 750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, [illegible] Losses promptly paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
No. 319 California street, San Francisco.
The Policies of this Company are [illegible]

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
No. 4[illegible] California street.
Feb 8.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov 18.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, [illegible] will be supplied [illegible] on application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, [illegible] California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the News Letter in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, [illegible] street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 1.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street over Bank of California. Nov 20.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Elder, Smith & Co., Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—J. D. Hooker, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co., Thomas Furnal, Wayte, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co., W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner, Ed. Garrett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanasseinth & Fils; Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyce & Co., Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres, Jacques [illegible] & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange, Bourse.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Garrett & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Frankfort—S. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Guaymas—[illegible] & Co., A. Willard, Esq.; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Laeisz & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine; Borsen Halle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie, Wanner, Langer & Co., C. Dabois & Co., Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Melrich, Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq., H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co., Rothschild, Bank of London, Baring Bros. & Co., Denny, Davis & Co., F. K. Anelli, M. D., "Pall Mall Gazette," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co., Alsop & Co., Heath, Grenning & Co., Pate, Stokes & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; B. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Praise Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co., Theodore La Caze & Co.
Marseilles—Feral, Fils & Co., Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co., Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Laurier & Co., McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co., Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co., Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

The popular fallacy that house-plants poison the air of a room by the exhalation of carbonic acid during the night, has been demonstrated by recent experiments of Prof. Kedzie of the Michigan Agricultural College. To make as conclusive a test as possible, instead of taking the air from the room containing a few plants only, the professor gathered it from the college green-house, where more than 6,000 plants were growing. The room had been closed for more than twelve hours, and, if the plants exhaled carbonic acid to an injurious extent, the analysis of air from such a room would certainly disclose this fact. Three specimens of this impregnated air was gathered shortly before sunrise, from different parts of the room, the analysis of which gave 4.11, 4.00, 4.00 parts of carbonic-acid in 10,000 of air or an average of 4.04 in 10,000 while the outside air contained 4 parts in 10,000, thus proving that the air in the green house was better than "pure country air."

A woman living at Patchogue, L. I., has charged her husband with intending to poison her. The girl, however, repented at the last moment, and her mistress died. [illegible] her husband was arrested. Unwilling to give entire credence to so terrible a story, the woman tested the properties of the tea by trying its effects on a casual washerwoman, whom she induced to drink some of it. The washerwoman being made violently ill, all doubt was at an end, and the outraged wife immediately took measures to bring her husband to justice. The story is certainly a remarkable one, and the presence of mind of the woman in making her experiment to test the poisonous nature of the tea is quite unprecedented. She has undoubtedly added to the uses of washerwomen, and [illegible] we may expect to see washerwomen entirely replacing the old-fashioned chemical tests in investigations of suspected poisoning cases.

Giornale delle Colonie, who writes from Massowa, Africa, captured the pretender to the throne, Ali [illegible]. His ears were filled with gun cotton by Johannes, and the cotton was then exploded, blowing the head to atoms. It is also reported that he lately caused the right hands and the left legs of no less than twenty-seven captives to be chopped off in the Imperial presence, and then abandoned them (after the fashion of the Roman emperors) to be preyed upon by lions, hyenas, and panthers. It is stated, however, we can hardly credit the statement, that an English man, Colonel Kirkham, in the service of the Emperor Johannes, lately returned from a mission to England, was an eye-witness to these barbarities.

A very singular accident has occurred in Moelfre Bay, Anglesey, Wales. A famous diver, [illegible] of the *Royal Charter*, which was wrecked there fourteen years ago, and which has lately been employed as a professional diver, but within the last few weeks he has donned the diver's suit and gone down. [illegible] A few days since he took down a cask of powder for blasting. By some mishap this cask exploded, breaking the glass of the helmet, and suffocating the man, who was drawn up out of the water dead.

An extraordinary scene has been witnessed in one of the streets of Sheffield, England. A new sewer was being put down at [illegible] excavation was made through a seam of coal which there crops up almost to the surface. News of this discovery was quickly spread among the humbler residents of the neighborhood, and the result was that several hundred women and children, at noon, appeared with baskets, buckets, and sacks, and all kinds of receptacles, for the collection of the "black diamonds" as they were thrown up by the workmen.

The correspondent of an English paper asserts that a very large trade is carried on in Birmingham in the export of flint muskets, commonly called Africans or Park pieces, for the use of the Ashantees against the Britishers. These rude weapons are quite as effective at short ranges as the Martini or any other elaborate arms. They are made by thousands in Birmingham, also a so very formidable matchet, knives about two feet long.

Steps are being taken to establish an Irish Club in London. A committee has been formed, which numbers amongst its members several Irish M. P.'s, merchants, journalists of various shades and parties—for the proposed club will be non-political. Funds will, it appears, be forthcoming as soon as suitable premises shall have been secured, and aim is the subscriptions offered is one of £1,000 from a representative of a Leinster constituency. About 300 gentlemen have already expressed their willingness to become members.

An English gentleman has recently discovered near the wells of Moses, by the Red Sea, the remains of ironwork so vast that they must have employed thousands of workmen. Near the works are to be found the ruins of a temple, and of a barracks for the soldiers protecting or keeping the workmen in order. These works are supposed to be at least 4,000 years old.

A workman of Milan has been taken into custody for beating a statue of the Madonna. It appears that the man had for many days been supplicating for the intercession of the statue in behalf of his wife, who lay at home grievously sick. The prayers proved unavailing, for the wife died, and the irate husband straightway thrashed the statue.

Professor Agassiz received, on his birthday, a gift of one hundred thousand dollars from his son-in-law, Mr. Quincy Shaw, at a little dinner party the latter had arranged for him, and at the same time his son gave him a check for twenty thousand dollars. The professor proposes to devote the whole to science.

The white population of Fiji have raised an objection to the payment of taxes, and, for the enforcement of their objection, have taken up arms. The captain of H. M. S. *Rosario* has, however, after an interview with the foreign consuls, forbidden British subjects to arm.

The scarcity of seamen is becoming a greater and greater grievance in London. Many a merchant ship is are now waiting in the docks for the complement of men required to send them to sea. Some go away half manned, others are almost exclusively manned by foreigners.

Mr. Wilkie Collins has selected his story—"The Dream Woman: A Mystery"—and re-written it for his American reading tour. His agents have received over one thousand five hundred applications for Mr. Collin's appearance in different places.

A recent invention is the cheapening of the ponderous fly wheels of large engines, by making them to be hollow and filling the hollow with iron ore sand, which is packed and pressed into the hollow space of the wheel, making the weight nearly equal to the solid metal.

The demand for school mistresses has greatly increased in England since the passage of the elementary education act in 1870. The mistress gets from £71 to £80 a year for five days of five or six hours each in a week, with six weeks' vacation during the year.

Two Jewish ladies recently passed a government examination in Rome, and obtained certificates to enable them to become teachers in a common school. This fact is noteworthy, in so far that this instance is the first of that kind that has ever occurred at Rome.

The Darwinians are jubilant over a recently discovered reptile in Australia called the "Frilled Lizard," which habitually runs about on its hind legs, seldom or never touching the ground with its fore feet, the latter being but feebly developed.

Our readers will not be surprised to hear that A. H. Wyman, the cook of the United States hotel at Portland, Maine, who took a long pull at a flask of bed-bug poison, a few nights ago, under the impression that it was whisky, is dead.

The Portuguese authorities have declared the port of Liverpool infected with cholera, and a vessel arriving at Lisbon from the Mersey will be subjected to three days' quarantine.

The total number of persons who have visited the Vienna Exhibition is stated to be 5,0[illegible],125.

Chloroform will remove paint from woven fabric when benzole or bisulphide of carbon fails.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Joyce's Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps, Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gas Tight Cartridges for Pin-fire and Central Fire Breech Loading Guns, Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gun-makers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, Sept. 1. 57 Upper Thames street, London.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply [illegible] Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialities: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, [illegible] Pancreatic Emulsion, and Powder, [illegible] obtained from the pancreas by which the digestion [illegible] of fat is effected. [illegible] a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements [illegible] Creasote, [illegible] the only British manufacturers [illegible]. Sold [illegible] Messrs. Scott, [illegible], Pomeroy and [illegible], Messrs. Brewster & Co.; [illegible] Messrs. [illegible] & Hughes; [illegible], [illegible] and [illegible], Pharmaceutical Trading Co., Limited.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne was the discoverer. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of Europe to be the most efficacious remedy ever discovered. To prevent fraud the Government stamp has the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d. by all chemists. Sole manufacturer J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK — J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 1.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England, Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of clothing that have been put aside as faded or useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black, Puce, [illegible] Lavender, [illegible] Sold by all Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B. A small bottle of Judson's Dye will dye twelve yards of bonnet ribbon. "See that you get JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, [illegible] both in appearance and taste [illegible] [illegible] THOS. KEATING, London. Export Chemist and Druggist. [illegible] Jan 25.
Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & CO., corner Battery and Clay streets, San Francisco.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every capsule he makes for the Leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Patentee and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND IN BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringement. Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME is on EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, to meet the [illegible] vendor purchaser [illegible] not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, [illegible] One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. [illegible] [illegible] Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS, under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 20.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, [illegible] Watches, Cartier, Howkins & [illegible] Fine Jewelry, [illegible] Britannia [illegible] Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, [illegible] Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and [illegible]. March 16.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for two Weeks ending Nov. 4, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
L Stevens et al to J Thompson	Oakland: E Franklin 88x2 n 14th st and thence n 16x150	$ 640
D H Crocker to Priscilla S Crocker	Same: Lots 68 and 69 Buena Vista Hd.	5,000
J T & G D Hall to J Ziegenbein	Same: N Middle st 390 ft e from Peralta thence e 19x145	3,000
M J Ashmore to E Pattiani	Same: S 14th st 68 ft e from West thence e [illegible]	2,750
J Caperton to P Cox	Same: Sw corner Market and R R Avenue, 25x100	900
J Held to C Searing	Same: Se cor Clay and 9th st, 75x75	3,300
N J Thompson to J J Conloy	Same: N of 5th st 75 ft e from Castro th e 75x100	3,000
G M Condee et al to A D Smith	Same: [illegible] Myrtle [illegible] ft n from 8th st th n 50x125	6,500
A A Moore to W W Moore	Same: S 20th st 100 ft e from West and thence e 50x100	800
J H Latham to N M Latham	Oakland: E Jackson 1270 ft n from 12th st th n 500x150 along Lake Avenue	Gift
J L Tredd to L G H Bruns	Same: E Adeline 431:6 n from 12th st, th n [illegible]	1,400
J E Marchand to George D Ha[illegible]	Same: S Middle 90 ft e from Peralta th e 50x145	1,100
S H Wade to D S Webster	East Oakland: Ne 17th st 100 nw from 11th and thence nw 50x100	600
M H Gay to Enos Taylor	Same: Nw cor Jackson & Clay, 150x150	3,000
A C Nichols to J S Derby	Same: [illegible] Washington and [illegible] about 150 w corner Washington and Friedman st	7,400
M Noe to J A Rodrigues	Same: Sw Adams 50 nw from Antonio thence nw 25x140	600
T J Foster to T Sanjurjo	Same: Se Jones 100 ft ne from East 19th st th ne 100x150	...
T Bael to Rosa A Bael	East Oakland: Part of block 33 Clinton and lots 1 to 8 in blk "I" Lynn	5
Enos Taylor to J F Chapman	Same: W cor Jackson and Clay, 75x150.	1,700
M Curtis to M Macgeelyn	Oakland Tp: 3 acres part of plot 61	2,500
S Merrill to M A Reilly	Same: 191x210, adjoining Univer'ty Site	1,300
E Adams to H K Moore	Same: Tract on San Pab Road 4 miles n from Oakland	1,000
A M & G A Peralta to F Peralta	Brooklyn Tp: 4 acres	1
S Merritt to J Bachman	Berkeley: 40x110, Tract adjoining Univ site	400
P G Buchanan to H Durant	Same: Tract adjoining same	5
M A Cohen to First Presb Church	Alameda: 1 acre nw cor [illegible] and Versailles Ave (Sisters' Title)	1
Tide Land Com'rs to Mrs V Taaffe	Same: 2½ acres marsh on San Leandro Bay	40
W W Chapman to E Mayrisch	Same: W 3d Ave 292 n from Central Av thence n 106:3x191:8	600
W E Brown to G F Elliot	Alameda: Lots C & D in blk 10 Alameda Park Homestead Tract	600
I Yoakum to Wm J Field	Fitchburg: 3 acres San Leandro Road	1,600
H Bongers to O O Slayton	Haywood: 63 acres 4 miles se from same	909
C P R R Co to same	Same: 63 acres 5 miles se from same	157
P & E Canavan to J D Horn	Washington Corners: 1 acre	375
T Ellsworth to H L Dearing	Decota. Lots 12 13 and 14 in blk B	900
[illegible]	Haywood [illegible]	250
A H Griffin to M S[illegible]	Washington Township: 30 acres Road Alvarado to Centerville	4,200
G Carm[illegible] et al to M Cochran	Pleasanton: Lots 3 and 4 in block D	300
J H Bernal to T Rafferty	Same 100x112	400
Geo May to J M O[illegible]	Livermore: 160 acres 9 miles ne of same	1,800
W M Mendenhall to J Beazell	Same: Lots 4 to 9 in blk 34	300
R Hansen to A J Bryant	Same: 160 acres 3 miles n of Livermore	900
W M Mendenhall to W H Palmer	Livermore: Lots 11 and 12 in blk 10	175
R B Campbell to M Burke	Same: Lots 6 and 7 blk 14	800
O E Corbitt to J Corbitt	Mission San Jose 120 acres 3 miles e of same	3,000
Est of E Tompkins to J T Walker	Same: 120 acres	16,000
G W Dam to H C Parker	Oakland E line Telegraph [illegible] n from Hawthorne thence n 60x450 to Elm st	5,200
Same to R Dudgeon	Same: E line Telegraph 200 n fm Hawthorne thence n 90x250 to Elm	8,500
H D McGeorge to M Holland	Same: E line Linden 450 n fm 28th st th n [illegible]	1,500
L Van Laak et al to L Van Laak	Same: N line 9th st 75 w from Franklin westerly 100x100	10,000
W F Boardman to F A Lewis	Same: 100x150 ne cor West and 14th st also por 18th bet Brush and Market	.
D McDougall to M Cavanagh	Same: N line 265 e from West st thence e 50x100	600
W B Swain to C H Kelly	Same: Bounded by 24th, 26th, Kirkham and Peralta	7,000
P Thomson to Althof & Bahls	Same: E line Linden 10[illegible] n from 10th st [illegible]	5,200
G Warner to H E Raymond	Same: [illegible] bounded [illegible] by Clay n and s by 12th and 13th	18,500
C H Sawyer to P McGee	Same: An interest in [illegible] of Frederick 300 w from Telegraph w 100x100	1,000
A Carroll to A Farrell	Same: E line Clay 50 n from 6th st th n 50x75	3,500
O R E Associates to L Young	Same: W line Filbert 101 s from 26th st thence s 100x125	1,000
M Curtis to E Gilmore	Same: S line 25th st 100 w from Curtis th w [illegible]	600
B Campbell to D Girst	Same: [illegible] cor Lewis and 5th	3,400
L W Kimball et al to G W Taylor	Same: Lots 49 and 50 Kimball Tract on San Pablo Ave.	200
P Bartlett to J & W Brasher	Same: W line Center st 73 1 n from Middle st thence n 25:1x102:1	500
Jenks & Mead to J B Hill	Alameda: S line Clement 230 6 e from Everett thence e 45x150	475
Same to C A McCreery	Same: N line [illegible] from Everett thence e [illegible]	600
Hayward's Pk R Union to T White	Haywood 100x150	25
Same to A Evans	Same 100x150	250
W Hayward to J Pimentel	Same [illegible]	375
M Altamarano to C Duern	Near Livermore 1 acre	1
J & Walker to A O Slayton	Eden Tp: 153 acres	901
W Carroll to H H Lawrence	Brooklyn Tp: 3 acres near Sausal Creek	1
D D Bowers to same	Same: Same	1
H Durant to C O'Donnell	Berkeley [illegible] in tract adjoining University site	250
S Merritt to H Durant	Same: 250x150 same [illegible]	[illegible]
H Durant to A Carroll	Same [illegible] same	250

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Nov. 4.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 7th, 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in [illegible]

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,244,737 66, as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale [illegible] Bonds the sum of $[illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 14.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor, MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor, May 10 JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever [illegible] useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 621 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished, and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built, not like a public hotel, but as it is named, an elegant Villa. "THE VILLA" is located at the last or northwestern gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice.
August 2. GUIDO MANGENBERG & CO., Proprietors.

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. [illegible] for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to City Collections, and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 14.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J H CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER-HANGERS and GLAZIERS, [illegible] Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

JAS LINFORTH. [illegible] BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agricultural IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS,
August 16. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 21.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

C. W. GILBERT,] GILBERT & MOORE, [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, [illegible] street. Feb. 1.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE
[illegible] Manager [illegible]

J. H. JONES & CO,

Stock Brokers.—Members of San Francisco Stock and Exchange Board. Office—320 California street. Sept 6.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 27

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Doney's Brick Building Santa Rosa June 5

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FOR SALE, OR FILED FOR READING, AT THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF [illegible] THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—[illegible]
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Ma[illegible]
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—[illegible]
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co, Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamnitz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS

BELGIUM—Consul General—S [illegible]
CHILI—Consul General—F. Seguro [illegible], U. S. Court Building. Consul—H. Barroll[illegible]
DENMARK—[illegible] O'Hara Taaffe [illegible]
ECUADOR—[illegible] Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil [illegible] Jackson st
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul
GUATEMALA—Consul General—[illegible]
GERMAN EMPIRE—[illegible]
GREECE—[illegible]
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front.
HONDURAS—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerrutti, 702 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks Acting Consul—Horace D. Dunn
MEXICO—[illegible]
NETHERLANDS—[illegible]
NICARAGUA—[illegible] F. Herrera, [illegible]
COSTA RICA—[illegible]
PERU—[illegible]
PORTUGAL—[illegible] La Rey, [illegible]
SPAIN—[illegible] Martin, [illegible]
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—[illegible] O'Hara Taaffe 32 California.
RUSSIA—[illegible] Martin Klin[illegible] Battery street.
BOLIVIA—[illegible] F. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—R. [illegible]
TURKEY—Consul—Geo. W Gibbs, [illegible] street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. Baum, 610 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—[illegible] Berton, Swiss American Bank.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—G. Muecke, 109 California street.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

HEART'S CONTENT.

There is an isle far over troublous seas,
Above whose valleys bluest skies are bent,
Where sweetest flowers perfume the pleasant leas—
Men call it Heart's Content.

And every prow that rides the sea of life
Toward that dear, distant isle is turned for aye,
Through treacherous calms and stormy shoals of strife
Holding its doubtful way.

Oft in the midmost ocean bark meets bark,
And, as they pass, from each the challenge sent
Comes back the same across the waters dark.
"We steer for Heart's Content!"

For many an isle there is so like, so like,
The mystic goal of all that travail sore,
That oft the wave-worn keels on strange sands strike,
And find an alien shore.

But ever as the anchor drops, and sails
From off the storm-strained yards are all unbent,
From the tall mast-head still the watcher hails:
"Lo! yonder!—Hart's Content!"

And so once more the prow is seaward set,
Hearts still hope on, though waves roll dark around,
And on the stern men write the name "Regret,"
And fare forth, outward-bound. —*Barton Grey.*

A STORY OF A BANK NOTE.

An extraordinary affair happened about the year 1740. One of the directors, a very rich man, had occasion for thirty thousand pounds, which he was to pay as the price of an estate he had just bought. To facilitate the matter, he carried the sum with him to the bank, and obtained for it a bank note. On his return home he was suddenly called out upon particular business; he threw the note careless on the chimney, but when he came back a few moments afterwards to lock it up, it was not to be found. No one had entered the room; he could not, therefore, suspect any person. At last, after much ineffectual search, he was persuaded that it had fallen from the chimney into the fire. The director went to acquaint his colleagues with the misfortune that had befallen him; and as he was known to be a perfectly honorable man, he was readily believed. It was only about twenty-four hours from the time he had deposited the money; they thought, therefore, that it would be hard to refuse his request for a second bill He received it upon giving an obligation to restore the first bill, if it should ever be found, or to pay the money himself, if it should be presented by any stranger. About thirty years afterward (the director having been long dead, and his heirs in possession of his fortune) an unknown person presented the lost bill at the bank, and demanded payment. It was in vain that they mentioned to this person the transaction by which that bill was annulled; he would not listen to it. He maintained that it came to him from abroad, and insisted upon immediate payment. The note was payable to bearer, and the thirty thousand pounds were paid to him. The heirs of the director would not listen to any demands of restitution, and the bank was obliged to sustain the loss. It was discovered afterwards that an architect, having purchased the director's house, and taking it down, in order to build another on the same spot, had found the note in a crevice of the chimney, and made his discovery an engine for robbing the bank.—*Old and New London.*"

MARK TWAIN'S NOVEL, "THE GILDED AGE."

Mark Twain's novel, "The Gilded Age," written in conjunction with Mr. Warner, of Hartford, U. S., may be looked for any day now, but will probably be delayed a few weeks. It is the first work of fiction the humorist has attempted, and is devoted chiefly to pictures of American life both in towns and in the wilds of the Far West. The opening of the work, and such chapters as serve to get us fairly into the gist of it, are wholly from Mark Twain's hand; Mr. Warner then takes up the thread, but the two authors work in conjunction thenceforth to the end. It will be curious to speculate on the portions respectively contributed by each, and these it will possibly not be very hard to identify, as the two writers have distinct peculiarities of style, though their combination is wholly to the advantage of the work, the result being such as each of himself could not have brought about. Mr. Warner, it may be interesting to state, is a contributor to *Scribner's* and other American magazines, and also editor of a newspaper at Hartford. He has written on many and diversified subjects. It is to the accident of his being Mr. Clemens' (Mark Twain's) next door neighbor while the latter was in America that we owe the forthcoming novel. Under the circumstance of the joint production and the fact that Mr. Clemens has written some portion of the work since he has been in England, the joint authors are enabled to secure a double copyright, English and American. We may add that "The Gilded Age"—a suggestive modification of the fabled "Golden Age"—most applicable to these modern times, will be published simultaneously by Messrs. Routledge & Co. and Mr. Clemens' own American publisher.—*Mirror, London October 16th.*

PERILS OF THE DESERT.

We clip the following letter from the Los Angeles *Daily Herald:*

DOS PALMAS STATION, October 1, 1873.—Four days ago the son of old Chino Theodore, from Fort Yuma, came to this station about dark, on foot, and nearly dead for water. He said that he had left his father and a boy, the brother of Mrs. Jeagar, out 40 miles on the desert, without water, and nearly dead for the want of it, having been without it for three days when he left there twenty-four hours before. Joe Ditller, the station keeper, and Hank Brown started the next morning with a team and plenty of water to find them. After going 25 miles they came upon the old man. He had found a cask of water that had been left by surveyors, and had nearly drank himself to death. One of the party staid with him, and the other went to look for the boy. After going 15 miles he was discovered stretched out under a bush, naked, and almost dead, his tongue being swollen and black, and blood running out of his nose and ears. He was brought to after two hours' hard work, having been without water for five days and nights. Their three horses died. The party are now stopping here and getting along all right. The old man says that if he had not lost his knife he would have cut his throat, and ended his misery. The station keeper and Brown deserve praise for the manner in which they acted, being without food three days on their return

The Edinburgh Daily Review records an amusing conversation which took place in the gallery of the Free Church Assembly lately: Young lady. "There's old Dr. A—— going to speak. Isn't he a bore!" Old lady (laughing), "Well, I suppose he is; but do you know I rather like him." Young lady: "I can't bear him." Old lady (after some time): "Who is that nice old gentleman speaking?" Young lady: "Ah, that's Mr B——, of C——." Old lady (hesitatingly): "Don't you think he is—rather prosy?" Young lady (indignantly): "No, indeed, I do not. Allow me to inform you that is my father." Old lady "Oh, indeed! Then I am glad I hit the mark so gently, because 'Old Dr. A——' is my husband. So I suppose we have both got a lesson, my dear, don't you think?"

There is an anecdote told of one of Queen Anne's chaplains to the following effect: "His duty was to read the Church prayers in the anteroom while the Queen was at her toilet within. Occasionally the door was shut 'while Her Majesty was shifting herself,' during which interval the doctor left off, and resumed when the door was reopened. The other chaplains had not been so fastidious, and the doctor was asked by one of Her Majesty's women why he did not go straight on with his reading; upon which he replied that he 'would never whistle the Word of God through a key-hole.'"

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO

Capital, $5,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, No. 33 Pine street; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. The Bank has Agencies at Virginia City, Gold Hill, and Correspondents in all the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, [illegible], Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main [illegible]

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper. Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, [illegible] Directors—[illegible] Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. [illegible] Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street. North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest.
DIRECTORS.—L. Gottig, F. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler Dan. Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED.)

412 California st., San Francisco.—London Office, 3 Angel Court; New York Agents, J. W. Seligman & Co., 21 Broad street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000. Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange and Bullion, loan Money, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world.
Oct. 4. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, } Managers.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott. Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, [illegible] Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other [illegible] Office, No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building [illegible]) San Francisco. Oct. 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't. Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May [illegible]

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; B. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Dexter Tafft, deceased.—Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executors of the estate of DEXTER TAFFT, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executors, at the office of E. V. Joice, No. 6 Merchants' Exchange, corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, in the County of San Francisco, California. W. C. RALSTON. E. V. JOICE.
Dated Oct. 8, 1873. Executors of the Estate of Dexter Tafft, deceased.
W. H. L. Barnes, Attorney for Estate. Oct. 11.

SITUATION WANTED

A young man, who speaks fluently the English, French and German languages, and has finished his classical education in a German university, is desirous of obtaining a situation as Private Tutor in a family. The highest testimonials will be given. Address "W." News Letter office; or, California Placard Exchange, 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct. 25.

MACHINERY WANTED

By the Kimball Manufacturing Co.—One 30-inch Engine Lathe; One Medium Sized Shaper; One Drill and Slotting Machine Combined; One Planer, ordinary size. Oct. 25

A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO

Have removed to the Southeast corner of California and Battery streets, where they invite the attention of their customers and others to their large assortment of the Best and Finest Brands of CHEWING and SMOKING TOBACCO, HAVANA CIGARS and CIGARITOS. Consignments of Choicest Brands of Cigars received by every Steamer. [Oct. 18.] A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

C. L. TAYLOR.] C. L. TAYLOR & CO., [E. BARSON, JR.

Shipping and Commission Merchants, No. 34 California st., below Davis, San Francisco, Cal., and 101 State street, Boston. Oct. 18.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers, Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco. Pacific Coast Agency Depot, FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

REMOVAL.

The Offices of the Southern Pacific Railroad Co., Market Street RAILWAY CO., POTRERO AND BAY VIEW RAILROAD CO., and MISSION BAY [illegible] FOURTH AND TOWNSEND STREETS [illegible] Oct. [illegible]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance daily, from 10 a m to 1 p m, by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 25.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street.

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE COMPANY.

Manufacturing Co.'s Offices—405 and 407 Sansome st., San Francisco. Oct. 11.

HAVANA CIGARS.

Having received a Fresh Invoice of Bock & Co.'s celebrated Cigars, we offer the same for sale. GILDEMEISTER, [illegible] & CO.,
Nov. 1. 109 California street.

RICHARD PATRICK & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, No. 1?? Battery street, San Francisco. [illegible]

COKE—CHEAPEST FUEL.

Sixty Cents per Barrel; Nine Dollars per Ton. At Gas Works, cor. Howard and Fremont; Corner Second and King, Potrero. Nov 1

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California.—In our opinion, and we think in that of the Treasurer of this theater, San Franciscans have had quite enough of Irish plays. *Faugh-a-Ballagh* this week has drawn but poor—sometimes very poor—houses, and even the miseries of *A Happy Man* and the blandishments of *Black-Eyed Susan*, as additional attractions, have proved "dull, flat, stale and unprofitable." *Faugh*, etc., is the usual old thing over again; a very good, though sensational, scene in the second act, in which the rising of the waters from a reservoir that had broken its dam, being, like the flooding tree business in *Peep o' Day*, the principal attraction. In saying this, with all due deference to Mr. Shiel Barry's real abilities, we do not except him or his singing. If the plain truth must be told, when you have seen Mr. Barry as "Thady," you have seen all that is striking in the actor's impersonations of Irish character. We can only so judge, at least, from what he has given us thus far. Possibly, very possibly, the plays in which he has had the mis-fortune to appear have something to do with the situation, and are no index of any decidedly new line of acting. Be that as it may; there has been a miserable and tiresome sameness in everything put on the stage, from the very first day of Mr. Barry's engagement to this. Last week we said, and we say so now, the fair stock company, the good scenery—often extremely good—and a droll comedian have failed in drawing good houses. *The Foster Brothers* is to be put on next week. Is it not one of precisely the same class of Irish pieces we have been treated to lately? And if so, bowing most reverently as we do to the great dramatic talents and local fame of the author, will this not mean a repetition of empty benches and another line up Mr Barry's lofty alabaster forehead?

Lest we should lay ourselves open to the imputation of unfair criticism in the above, we went to the California again last evening, determined to judge most impartially of the performance, and were forced to these conclusions: That the only difference between Mr Barry as "Thady" in *Eileen Oge* and Mr Barry as "Lanty" in *Faugh-a-Ballagh*, is that in the latter play he wears a very ugly frieze cape, a shape over white hat and black wig; that the actors fee themselves most anxiously in trying the positions and do to try a mean how the piece goes; that the success of the play is chiefly due to the amount of guns fired off; that "Lanty O'Brien" has a voice like a rheumatic bull frog; that Maggie Moore is a much better Irish girl than Shiel Barry is an Irishman; that the music by the orchestra is the best part of the performance; that there were not one hundred and fifty people in the orchestra stalls and dress circle; and, that the whole play appeals exclusively to the gallery, and smacks strongly of the Bowery.

Opera House.—Still the best entertainment in the city—by far. Of course, our readers know that *The Grand Duchess* has been holding her court at this theater this week, and it seems in very likely to hold it next week, too. One is never tired of seeing the vagaries of this sprightly young Royal Highness—of this little sausage, so to speak, of the great family sausage of past and gone German petty royalty—and hearing the light, tripping music of Offenbach. Miss Gallton gives us the "Grand Duchess" as an artistic, artless girl who does not exactly know what to do with her new found womanhood, as yet, but soon learns—by the end of the opera. Her music she sings with a strong and laudable effort to make spirit overcome a relaxed throat and she does it in very many cases. If your critic were a woman, your Highness, he would go into ecstasies over your dress, but he only knows that they look generally charming. Then that the right word? Miss Lee, as "Wanda," shows herself possessed of a sweet, sympathetic voice; we refer particularly to the "Letter Song" for which she receives a nightly encore. Offenbach had he known Miss Lee, would very likely, have written a verse or two more of it. General Boom is Mr Arnold, we mean Mr. Arnold is "General Boom," and if we take a little exception to the extravagance of his "get up," that is the only place we can pick a hole in his miraculous scarlet coat. The "Fritz" of Alfred Kelleher has the charm of naturalness to a high degree. He bears his ups, ups, and his down, downs with beautiful equanimity and stolidness, singing all the time—except in the desertion song with rather monotonous evenness. "Baron Puck" for the first few minutes baffled us; we couldn't make out John Howson anywhere until he spoke. The snuff taking, pottling diplomatist is most excellently burlesqued, and as yet we do not recall one commendatory epithet we have bestowed on this good comedian. Thompson's "Grog" is grotesque and Robinson's "Nepomuc" an evident imitation of Harry Beckett's woodenest soldier of the Hero stamp and an excellent mode, too, Mr Robinson, sir. A good orchestra, rather noisy at times, and a well-trained chorus, rather shaky now and then, help to make *The Grand Duchess* a Grand Success.

Alhambra.—The California Minstrels have redeemed themselves. The performance all through this week has been particularly good, notwithstanding the loss of Baker and Robinson. The first part now called "Tete a Tete," included some good songs and outrageous jokes, often stale, frequently new, and always laughable. Russell sings a couple of songs in pretty good style, and certainly in magnificent voice. Ella Wesner, a female who gives male impersonations, made her first appearance on Monday, and made a most favorable impression. It is the usual style of swell-dom song done in an unusual style—the last song, "Schneidmus," in which Miss Wesner is a jolly sailor boy, and dances a lively hornpipe, taking immensely. This young man woman is particularly neat in her characters, and one young gentleman, who signs himself "Admirer," has sent us such a gushing piece of rapturous admiration, that, if we are to believe him, Miss Wesner must be a sort of lightning-change divinity. Possibly he is short-sighted, or very possibly we are; at any rate, we can't gush over her as he does, although we say again she is a neat little actress with a trim figure and any amount of *chic* and cheek. In the *Scientific Research After Experience*, Manning and Sweatnam appear together, and the fun, the uproariousness, outrageous fun these two make, we leave to the imagination of the reader. *The Miller and His Men*, a negro extravaganza, concludes one of the best programmes the Minstrels have offered for a long time. We should uncommonly like to hear Sweatnam's "Sentimental Ballads" once more—the "Give my Chewing Gum to Mary" business, we mean.

Platt's Hall.—Crowded audiences are the best proof of the success of a piece or troupe, and crowded audiences have flocked to Platt's Hall to hear and see Herne as "Rip Van Winkle," and little Fay Templeton's precocious eccentricities. We think it rather a pity such a time-worn play as *Rip* should have been the initial piece produced, but people never seem to get tired of laughing at the merry, good-for-naught humor, and looking dimly at the pathetic condition of the character. Herne is, we think, a better "Rip" than Raymond, though not so good as McWade, and, of course, Jefferson. He is more natural than Raymond, but less pathetic than McWade. Alice Vane is the termagant wife, and save being strongly viperish and stagely repentant, does not offer any particular feature for notice. Averse as we are to precocities, we feel bound to make an exception in favor of Little Fay. We were prepared to treat her as we elsewhere treated "The Infant Orator," but her wonderful coolness and yet child like absence of affectation have completely disarmed us. At the time of writing we have not heard her sing, but we hope to and we hope, too, that she will soon get over her "baddest cold." The remaining characters were up to the average, and we see no reason why the engagement should not be a most successful one.

Swanson's Concert.—We went to this entertainment, and were well pleased, only we were very sorry to see no larger an audience than there was present. The singing was up to our expectation, which was very pleasant, inasmuch as the music performed must be so well known by all concert goers. The playing of Mr Swanson is wonderful, considering the dreadful difficulty under which he labors; every one must feel for him. The gem of the evening was "With Verdure Clad," sung beautifully by Mrs Pierce, who has a truly sweet voice. Mr Vernon Line in a solo, "In Native Worth," was also very good, and far the best of the men's solos. We must also mention Mrs Lincoln Martel's rendering of that old alto solo of "O Thou that Tellest," which was fully equal to her usual good style, the low notes being particularly good, but was not the time at the commencement a little too quick? The singing of the choruses was fair, but the trebles seemed slow in taking up their parts, especially in "For Unto Us" and the "Hallelujah." The remaining music, by Mrs Hawkins, Messrs B D Mayer, W Campbell and Jos. Maguire, was as good as usual.

The Liederkranz Masquerade promises to be a thorough success. We learn that persons purchasing tickets and reserved seats at the central office, can also secure a carriage, the Society having made arrangements with several carriage-owners, whereby it will cost but fifty cents extra.

ART NOTES.

The casts received by the Art Association having been unpacked, we are glad to learn that the damage done to them by three transhipments, and the united efforts of Neptune, Boreas and the thirsty crew of the *Ravenscraig*, is not so serious as might have been expected. All can be repaired and set up in time for the reception. The salvors evidently thought that the word "fragile" inscribed on the boxes referred to bottles, and pryed open one or two of them, to find nothing but plaster corpses of the Ajax, Belvidere and the Venus de Milo. The damaged statues are now in hospital, the ladies' dressing room having been appropriated for that purpose. Nearly all of the figures from the antique are strictly in a state of Nature, and, as the artists think, in a state of grace, too. How far a society which once prudishly objected to exhibit a fine copy of Titian's Venus will stand all this, remains to be seen. We however recommend the Association to exhibit them "just as they are, with not one piece, except, may be, the inscription over all of *Honi soit qui mal y pense*."

In connection with the arrangement and setting up of the above collection, which, large and small, numbers enough to count over 150 pieces, we have a suggestion to make. At the Kensington Museum and at the Sydenham Crystal Palace, London, at the first Great Exhibition of 1851 and the second one of 1862 and in other places within our cognizance, the sculpture was, and in the former cases is, always mounted on pedestals or other stands, covered with crimson cloth. Not merely does the color set off the pure whiteness of the plaster model, but it heightens up the whole exhibition. It is, further, an admirable foil to the pictures on the walls, more especially as the larger specimens. Of course the bas-reliefs, portions of the body intended for studies, etc., and the ornamental pieces, can be mounted on or hung to the walls. But the full sized figures and busts of complete statues should certainly be displayed to all advantage, and the Society should not think at a little extra expense. The matter is however in such good hands that it may safely be left there. It indeed almost seems like impertinence on our part to make any suggestions to Mr Mezzara, who, we trust, has *carte blanche* from the Society.

Hill has on the easel a charming composition of woodland and cattle. He will shortly move into his new studio in Duncan's Building, California street. Marple has completed a Sacramento river scene, showing the Capitol in the distance. The sky of this picture is the work of a master. S. M. Brookes has in the window of Snow & Roos' establishment a fine painting of salmon—silvery, fresh and bright. "Fishy," an uncomplimentary term as applied to a story, is the only one we can use in connection with this. Mr Jorgensen is employed upon a genre picture, a study from life. It represents the interior of a settler's cabin in the mountains, the old man perusing a letter from some far-off dear ones by the fire-light glow. The head is full of character. We have so few figure painters that Jorgensen, who won reputation before he left Denmark, is a most welcome addition to our artist corps. He is a member of the Royal Academy of Copenhagen. Deakin has sketched in a picture from his study of Falling Leaf Lake, mentioned by us last week, and has succeeded in preserving the natural tone and feeling. Bloomer has completed a careful cabinet picture of Clark's Valley, on the Sierra Nevada, the mountain above standing out with startling effect. It is on view at the Post Street Gallery. Niles, the well-known picture dealer, etc., of Kearny street, is fixing up a large gallery on the second floor above his own and an adjoining store, for the exhibition of original works.

We mentioned last week a few of the celebrated singers who prefer the Weber Piano to all others. We'll a week give the names of a few more piano and planists who are of the same opinion. These are Mme. Arabella Goddard, James M Wehli, Johann Strauss, Geo. W. Morgan, Miss Alide Topp, S. B. Mills and Wm. Mason. When such notable characters as these are of the opinion that the Weber Piano is best, surely no one can hesitate a moment what piano to purchase. Sherman & Hyde are the agents.

PLATT'S MUSIC HALL

Benefit of St. Luke's Hospital, on Thursday Evening, Nov. 13th, when will be presented the sparkling comic Opera THE DOCTOR OF ALCANTARA by the following ladies and gentlemen who have kindly tendered their valuable aid: "Donna Lucretia," Miss Nellie Sloane; "Isabella," Miss Ida Garnett; "Inez," Mrs Hal McAllister; "Dr Paracelsus," Mr G Dungan; "Don Carlos," Mr W Lloyd; "Don Lorenzo," Mr W C Campbell; "Senor Balthazar," Mr J C Tippett; "Sancho," and "Perez," Porters Mr W E Sprague and Mr J H Sayre. Chorus—Messrs J Bradley, J A Maguire, F Gould, C Steiner, E N M Olney, E Maslen, and others. Musical Director—Mr Geo T Evans. Stage Manager—Mr S W Leach. Single Tickets, $1. No extra charge for Reserved Seats. Boxes $25 and $7 each. Box Sheet open at Gray's Music store, on and after Friday, Nov 7th. Nov 8. S W BUGBEE, Manager.

BELLA UNION THEATER

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; F. Zimmer, Musical Director. Saturday Evening, November 8th, and until further notice—The great success of the Police. Crowded nightly. An Enormous Hit. The Comic Drama of SATAN IN SAN FRANCISCO. Miss Jennie Jones will personate the Mysterious Stranger. The popular Comedian Charley Vickers concludes an engagement at this house next week. The Perry Brothers are immense favorites, and Cassin and Fritz are the admiration of everybody. Bree Kelly, Hatch and Hart appear in the laughable Irish sketch, "The Siamese Twins." Our old Home; "Uncle Jim's Visit," and Japanese Tommy. Fanny Garretson, Marie Gault, May St John, Maggie Kelly and Susie B. Elliott contribute many gems to our brilliant Interlude. The comic sketch of the "Lost Bravery," concludes the great variety performance that is commenced by the Male and Female Minstrels. Come early if you want a good seat. Particulars at the Bella Union. Nov 8.

PLATT'S HALL

New Tripple Alliance. James A. Herne, Alice Vane, Fay Temple-ton—Sunday Evening, Nov 9th, last night of RIP VAN WINKLE, Or, THE SLEEP OF TWENTY YEARS. James A. Herne as "Rip Van Winkle." Fay Templeton will appear in her CUPID MEDLEYS, assisted by this little artiste. Saturday, Nov 8th, at 2 o'clock, Grand Rip Van Winkle Matinee. No performance Saturday Evening, the Hall being previously engaged. Admission—Orchestra Chairs 50 cents. Orchestra Reserved Seats $1. Dress Circle 50 cents. Gallery 25 cents. In active preparation—LITTLE HOT SPOT OF THE CLIFFS and PAREPA ROSA. Seats can be secured at the box Office without extra charge. Nov 8.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; Sam Wetherill, Treasurer.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon—MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. The Wonderful ELLA WESNER, the acme of perfection in the rendition of male representations of character and popular songs, will appear in her several roles. Billy Sweatnam, Manning, Welch and Rice, Billy Mac, J. G. Russell, and a full Company. Will shortly appear—DICK CARROLL and his wonderful children, Little Dick, The General and Master Eddie. Nov 8.

GRAY'S OPERA HOUSE

Bush St., between Kearny and Montgomery.—The Doctor of Alcantara—Decided Success of SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE LEE Opera Bouffe, Burlesque and Comedy Troupe.—Offenbach's great Opera, entitled GRANDE DUCHESSE. Grand Matinee, Saturday Afternoon. Will shortly be produced—Offenbach's comic Opera LA PERICHOLE. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Orchestra, 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5 and $6; Parquette, 25 cents. Nov 8.

CALIFORNIA THEATER

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, at 2 o'clock—Faugh A Ballagh. Matinee. Saturday Evening, Nov 8, the new historical and romantic Irish Drama entitled FAUGH A BALLAGH, will be performed for the last time in conjunction with the nautical Drama of BLACK EYED SUSAN. Monday Evening, Nov 10th, First production of Mr T. J. Boucicault's new Irish American Drama, THE FOSTER BROTHERS, in which MR SHIEL BARRY will appear. Nov 8.

CALIFORNIA THEATER

John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager; Barton Hill, Acting Manager—ITALIAN OPERA, under the direction of SIG. G. MANCUSI—Sunday Evening, Nov 9th, Verdi's Grand Opera in four acts of IL TROVATORE. Full Orchestra and Chorus. Conductor, SIG. A. SPADONA. Prices of Admission as usual. Box Sheet now open. [Nov 8.] CHAS SCHULTZ, Business Manager.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr K engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 31.]

Stuart Soldon Wright,

ATTORNEY

AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

OFFICES:

Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., up stairs.

Aug 9.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	50 @	55
Cheese, Cal.	20 @	25
Honey	25 @	35
Eggs, ℔ doz	[illegible]	60
Lard, ℔ ℔	16 @	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔ ℔	16 @	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75 @ 1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔ ℔	3 @	4
Lima beans, ℔ ℔	[illegible]	
Tomatoes, ℔ ℔	3 @	4
Onions, ℔ ℔	3 @	5
Squashes, ℔ ℔	2½ @	4
Pumpkins, ℔ ℔	2½ @	3
Cabbages, each	10 @	15
Cauliflowers, each	10 @	15
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	10 @	15
Celery, ℔ doz b.	75 @ 1	00
Beets, ℔ doz b	20 @	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b	15 @	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	15 @	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	15 @	25
Green Peas, ℔ ℔	6 @	8
String Beans, ℔ ℔	5 @	8
Apples, ℔ ℔	4 @	8
Pears, ℔ ℔	5 @	10
Peaches, ℔ ℔	5 @	15
Pine Apples, each	50 @ 1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔ ℔	15 @	25
[illegible]	8 @	12
Oranges, ℔ doz	40 @	75
Lemons, ℔ 100	[illegible] 1	50
Limes, ℔ doz	25 @	
Chickens, each	75 @ 1	00
Quail, ℔ doz	[illegible] 1	50
Turkeys, ℔ ℔	20 @	25
Geese, ℔ pair	[illegible]	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	1 25 @ 2	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25 @	40
Hares, each	25 @	40
Oysters, ℔ 100	75 @ 1	00
Clams, ℔ 100	50 @	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25 @	
Salmon, smoked, ℔ ℔	15 @	18
Salmon, fresh, ℔ ℔	10 @	
Codfish, ℔ ℔	12½ @	15
Rockfish, ℔ ℔	8 @	12
Smelts, ℔ ℔	10 @	15
Tomcod, ℔ ℔	12 @	
Sturgeon, ℔ ℔	12½ @	18
Flounders, ℔ ℔	25 @	
Halibut, ℔ ℔	30 @	50
Perch, ℔ ℔	8 @	
Shrimps, ℔ ℔	10 @	12
Anchovies, ℔ ℔	5 @	8
Soles, ℔ ℔	25 @	50

E. S. TIBBEY,

Stock Broker,

No 6 Leidesdorff St

Aug 9.

H. F. Williams & Co.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

ROOM 20,

STEVENSON'S BUILDING,

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

California and Mont. sts.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Aug. 23.

BIZ.

San Francisco continues to occupy an enviable position as regards progress in all that constitutes financial wealth and commercial success. She has been known to commerce for less than thirty years, except in the capacity of a small trader in hides and skins. In 1847 trade began with the discovery of gold, and from that time on our city and State has grown steadily. Its commerce is now known and felt throughout the civilized world. Our exports now stand third on the list of cities in the United States, and the statistics of the port stand in like ratio. There is no mistaking the fact that California is now in the front rank of States. Oregon, too, is looming up and things upon the Pacific Slope present a cheering outlook. As we write the rain comes pattering down, and from this on we may late the advent of the rainy season, with a good average rain fall the present season, we may rest assured that no efforts will be spared in plowing and seeding a greater acreage than ever before, and with a good season in 1874, reap a larger crop of cereals than previously garnered.

The first week of November has been fruitful of numerous arrivals from sea, bringing Coal and general merchandise in exchange for Breadstuff. Quite a number of large ships have also recently arrived in ballast, and thus prepared to take cargo at once. This has been a great relief to many whose urgent necessities required that the Wheat long held by them should be convoyed. Imports of Staple Goods at Eastern merchandise are not excessively large. Our merchants are not oppressively burdened with heavy stocks of goods, as has often been the case in years past. Orders sent out have been within bounds—limited to consumptive wants. In years past we were burdened with large and cumbersome stocks of undesirable, not to say perishable, goods; but happily we are rid of that load, and we now buy and import only to the extent of actual needs. In this way we have become equally independent of Eastern and Foreign Marts. California is an creditor not a debtor State.

The Breadstuff Market has advanced somewhat during the week. Choice white Wheat now commands $2 30 ℔ ctl. Flour has a so risen 25c ℔ bbl for the best milk dressed, such as Golden Age, Golden Gate and Stars. Sack dressed extras, $6 75 @ 7 ℔ bbl is now the rate demanded, whilst Superfine meet $5 50 @ 5 75. Extra Superfine, $6; Baker's and Family Extra, $6 25 @ 6 75, according to brand, and quality. Barley of choice quality, for brewing and export, commands $1 90 @ 1 95, Chevalier is very scarce at $1 70 @ 1 75 ℔ ctl. Oats are plentiful at $1 70 @ 1 75, extra choice $1 85 @ 2—latter for seed. Corn is dull at $1 30 ℔ ctl. Rye, $1 85. Buckwheat, $2. Potatoes, 75c @ $1 15 ℔ ctl, according to quality. Alfalfa Seed, 25 @ 30c. Beans, 2½ @ 4c ℔ ℔. Mustard Seed, 2 @ 3½c ℔ ℔. Flax Seed or Linseed, 2½ @ 3c. Beeswax is plentiful and slow of sale at 25c for Yellow. Hides are dull at 16 @ 17c for Dry; Wet Salted, 9 @ 9½. Tallow is in good request at 7 @ 7½c for crude, and 9 @ 9½ for refined.

Shipments of Breadstuff to the United Kingdom are continued on a generous scale. Quite a number of ships have been chartered this week to load Wheat to Cork, including the British steamship Quang Se, which steamer has for some time past been under a monthly contract to the Pacific Mail Steamship Co., and has made two or three successful round voyages to Hongkong and return. President Bradbury, since his arrival on this coast to look after the interests of the Pacific Mail Company, finds it unnecessary to continue her in the service between this and China and Japan, and has succeeded in chartering the Quang Se for a full cargo of Wheat to Liverpool direct. This steamer registers 2,768 tons. The terms of the charter are withheld. She is advertised to sail on the 12th inst., and expects to reach her destination early in January. This is the first steamer that has ever loaded a cargo of Wheat for the Atlantic, and it may be the pioneer effort of a very large and important steam carrying trade for the future of this Coast.

Our Grain Fleet for the current harvest year dating from July 1st now numbers 91 vessels to the United Kingdom, and is exclusive of the China and Central America fleet constantly employed in the service. Our total exports of Flour from July 1st to date, is 1871 [illegible] bbls, against 55,[illegible] bbls same time in 1872. Our Wheat shipments to all ports for same period of 1872 and 1873, 3,413,182 ctls. It should be stated that notwithstanding the large exports this season, the cash value of the product is considerably more, as will be seen by what immediately follows. The total Grain fleet to the United Kingdom is thus compared for four seasons past:

	Ctls	Value.
Totals since July 1st, 1873, 91 vessels	2,855,121	$7,091,905
116 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	3,272,176	5,046,958
17 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	120,156	1,129,111
71 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	2,102,172	2,856,611
90 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	2,345,511	4,447,[illegible]

In addition to the Wheat enumerated herein, the values and cargoes specified include 7,020 bbls Flour sent to Liverpool, etc. The Barque shipped for the St John, to Liverpool, 31,925 ctls, is not included in the above figures, and is valued at $60,[illegible].

Tonnage is now very plentiful in these waters on the berth, 30 vessels aggregating 45,[illegible] tons register. The disengaged fleet numbers 30 vessels aggregating 31,520 tons. At this writing £3 to a direct port is considered the market rate for spot ships ready to load at once. Several charters have been concluded during the week at £3 for Wheat to Liverpool, and the usual difference to Cork and a market.

The ownership of the California ship Three Brothers, Captain Cummings, 2,783 tons register, and which recently sailed for Havre with 87,731 centals of Wheat, will be of interest and value to our readers: George Howes, 9-32, Jabez Howes, 9-32, Oliver Eldridge, 1-32, John Parrott, 4-32, S. H. Coombs, 2-32, D S. Taylor, 2-32, George Cumming, 5-32.

For Hamburg Direct.—The German clipper bark Elise Schmidt, Captain F. Hermsen, is advertised with dispatch. She will probably carry Ores, Hides etc.—[illegible] some return goods unsalable.

Quicksilver continues steady in price, with us, $1 10. In New York, $1 15 per ℔ both cos. In London, £15 @ £11 per flask. The exports for the week include 300 flasks to Hongkong per Colorado.

Coal Imports are very liberal. Australian Steam from Sydney, sells at $9 50 @ from Newcastle, $9 50 @ $9 75. West Hartley, $[illegible] per cargo. Anthracite, $11 to $13, latter for Lehigh. Cumberland, in casks, $[illegible], $21 @ $22, in bulk, from yard, $17 @ $20. Coos Bay and Seattle, $[illegible]. Bellingham Bay, $8 50, Mount Diablo, $6 25 @ $8 25 for coarse and fine respectively. Scotch, $11 @ $12. West Hartley, $13 @ $14.

Metals.—The market for Pig Iron continues dull and depressed, supplies free. Post is en stocked, and require the new stock. Price, $[illegible] @ $[illegible]. The trade is moving to advance the price of Bar Iron by combination of interests.

Nails.—The demand is considerable, and the consumption large, price, $5 00 @ $5 25 for standard, up to $7 25 @ $7 50. Stocks light.

Coffee is firm, with a continued overland demand to Chicago and St. Louis. Some 2,500 bags Central American Greens changed hands this week, at 20 @ 22c, one-half of which goes East.

Sugar and Syrup.—Refined White and Yellow Sugars are unchanged say 11 @ 13½c for the former and 11½c for Yellow Coffee. Hawaiian raws, 7 @ 9½c. Golden Syrup in kegs has been advanced to 65c, with large sales, bbls and hf bbls California Syrup, 47½ @ 60c.

Rice is very plentiful. Stock large and prices nominal, say 6 @ to 6½c for Siam and China.

China Nut Oils.—Sales of 500 cases at 70 @ 72½c.

Chile Walnuts.—Sales of 2,300 sacks from Valparaiso, private, say 9 @ 10c.

Cheese.—Speculative purchases of 3,000 California Dairy, Elders & Steele's, with a view to an advance in rates are long.

Our new interest—that of the California Oleo-margarine Company—seems to be steadily gaining in public estimation ever since the exhibit at the Pacard Exchange, and to which reference has before been made in the *News Letter*. Not to take all the credit to ourselves, we copy the following from the *Commercial Herald* of this week, first under the head of Provisions: "We hear of considerable dealing on the part of two leading jobbers in the way of buying up a few thousand Cheese of our best dairies, with a view to better prices ere long. Firkin Butter is neglected, and so is pickled, the demand running largely on fresh Roll, even at the high and extravagant prices paid for it. This high rate for Table Butter must drive consumers to the more general use of the Oleomargarine Butter, now being manufactured here on a large scale. The patentee comes here from New York fortified with strong testimonials as to its purity, sweetness, etc. It certainly needs no endorsement for culinary uses, and as for Table Butter time will determine as to its general use and popularity with the people. The demand for Eastern Salted Meats is steady at unchanged rates, California cured selling freely, and compelling in price with Eastern for the first time in two years. Eastern shipments seem now to be temporarily suspended." Again, from the same paper, under the head Dairy Products: "Butter supplies of fresh roll are lessening daily, now only 4,000 ℔s weekly, and the price very high. This opens the door wide for the Oleomargarine, or patent Butter, which promises great results. Orders are already coming in to a considerable extent, and the establishment will soon be in complete working order. At present prices of fresh roll, 100 per cent profit can easily be realized, and the consumer gets a pure, clean article. Very little choice Eastern Butter comes here of late, there is none here. A fair supply of Western Reserve is on hand, with but little demand. California pickled Butter is now more in favor, with an increasing demand at our quotations. Roll is jobbing at 55 @ 62½c for extra choice; ordinary to fair, 37½@45c. Pickled Butter is in good supply, selling readily at 32½ @ 37½c. California Cheese, 15 @ 17c, the latter for choice Dairy; Eastern Cheese, 14 @ 16c for good to choice. Fresh California Eggs are scarce at 55 @ 60c for choice lots; Eastern very scarce, worth 40 @ 45c. 5,000 dozen Oregon, per steamer, just arrived, sold quick at 55c." Now this all looks reasonable, and we don't see why our friends should not succeed in its opposition to the cow interest.

California Golden Syrups for Hamburg.—The German bark Elise Schmidt is to go for Baden and, and is to carry 50,000 gallons of Refined California Syrup. Claus Spreckles and Eggers & Co have arranged for the shipment, all in new made barrels. This superior article is in greater supply here than can be profitably consumed; 1,000 bbls of same has recently been shipped by the California Sugar Refinery via Cape Horn to New York, besides a large amount to Chicago and St Louis by rail. The Pacific Distillery has also used 1,[illegible] bbls this season, and for all this there is a surplus. Present price, in bbls 45@42½c, half bbls, 45 and kegs, 55c; 5,000 kegs sold to the trade during the week.

The quantity of wool exported from the Colony of Victoria during five years ending with 1872, was 309,548,000 pounds, against 263,127,000 pounds during the five years ending 1867, showing an increase in the wealth of the classes connected with the production of wool of £2,[illegible] a year.

Mrs. Emeline M North vs North American Life Insurance Co.—The above case, that has occupied the United States Circuit Court seven days, was yesterday decided by the jury in favor of the plaintiff, amount, $20,000, and interest at 7 per cent. Some of the most prominent merchants in the city were on the jury. The late Captain John G North was the builder of those splendid steamers of the late California Steam Navigation Company, and any number of other vessels that are now navigating the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans. The verdict seems just.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Nov 7, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	—
Alpha	21	—	21
Alps	1¼	1¼	—
Amador Tunnel	—	—	—
American Flag	12	9	—
Arizona & Utah	—	1¾	2¾
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—
American Flat	4¼	5	—
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	6¾	7	6½
Belcher	73	75	77
Belmont	27	29	—
Bullion	—	—	—
Best & Belcher	8	9	10
Buckeye	—	—	—
Caledonia	17½	18	17¾
Cedarberg	—	—	—
Central	11	13	12½
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	2¼	2¼	—
Chief of East Extension	—	4	—
Chollar	44	46½	45
Columbus	—	—	—
Confidence	6¾	5¾	6¼
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	—	—	—
Consolidated Virginia	51	46	52
Cook & Geyer	—	—	—
Crown Point	103	101	97
Central No 2	19	—	19
Consolidated Amador	44	—	—
Daney	1	—	1½
Eclipse	4½	5	5
El Dorado	5½	6¼	—
Empire Mill	4¾	4¾	4¼
Empire Idaho	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	10	9¾	—
Eureka, G. V.	—	—	—
Exchequer	9¾	9¾	9¾
Globe	—	1½	1¾
Golden Chariot	15	16	—
Gould & Curry	13	12¾	12¾
G. H. Quartz	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	30	33¼	31
Hermes	3¼	3¼	—
Hunn & Hunt	3¾	4¼	—
Hayes	3½	3	—
Ida Elmore	—	3	—
Imperial	5	5¾	5½
Independent	3¾	2¾	—
Ingomar	—	—	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—
Jackson	—	—	—
Julia	3¼	3	3

NAME OF STOCK.	MON	WEDS	FRI'Y
Justice	5¼	5	[illegible]
Kentuck	13½	13¾	13¾
Kentucky	3½	—	—
Knickerbocker	3	2½	—
Kossuth	—	3¼	1½
Louise	40	45	—
Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Mahogany	6¾	—	—
Mammoth	—	10	—
Meadow Valley	16¼	16	—
Minnesota	—	—	—
Newark	5¼	4¾	—
New York Consolidated	3½	3¼	3
Nevada	—	—	—
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	44	46	46½
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	4	—	—
Overman	21	21	21
Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Page & Panaca	1	1½	—
Pea Vine	—	—	—
Phoenix	—	—	—
Picton	—	—	—
Poorbe	6¼	5½	—
Proche West	1¾	1¾	—
P Phoenix	—	—	—
Raymond & Ely	57	61	—
Revenue Consolidated	—	—	—
Rye Patch	4½	5	—
Red Jacket	2¼	2	—
Savage	52	52¼	53½
Seg. Belcher	63	62	[illegible]
Sierra Nevada	20	19	17¾
Silver Peak	1¼	1½	—
Silver Hill	2¼	2½	12
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	2¼	2	—
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	5	—	—
South Overman	—	—	—
St. Patrick	—	—	—
South Comstock	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Tyler	—	¼	¾
Union Consolidated	2¾	2¾	2¾
Utah	2½	3	3
Washington & Creole	2¾	4	—
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	1¾	—	1¾
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	62	64	66
Yale Gravel	—	—	—

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a fine tennis yard, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 26. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

WINE CIRCULAR.

OFFICE OF J. M. CURTIS, late Manager Lake Vineyard Wine Co.,} Wine and Spirit Commission Merchant, No. 431 Jackson St. }

San Francisco, Cal., November 1st, 1873.—The vintage is rapidly drawing to a close, and the small [illegible] yield of less than 5,000,000 gallons makes the season a gloomy one for the vintagers. Last year the frost cut down the anticipated product of 8,000,000 gallons to an actual yield of 4,000,000. This year, owing to unseasonable frosts, our anticipated vintage of 10,000,000 gallons will scarcely reach a quarter of that amount, and will be generally of a quality inferior to last year's vintage, as the districts best stocked with fine varieties of vines have suffered most severely from frost. To add to the misfortunes of the wine-growers, the demand for wine has been light, our exports for the first nine months of the year showing a gain of only 7,988 gallons over the corresponding period of 1872. The home trade has been better, giving a gain of 25 per cent. this year, as near as can be estimated from the receipts of wine in this city as given by the daily press.

The exports of Native Wine and Brandy to the 1st of October have been:

	Quarter Ending March 31st Gallons.	June 30th. Gallons.	Sept. 30th. Gallons.	Total. Gallons.
From San Francisco, by sea	144,370	159,515	145,726	449,547
From San Diego, by sea			14,931	14,931
From San Francisco, by rail	30,509	98,765	106,231	206,142
From the Interior, by rail	4,584	25,706	17,290	47,730
Totals	189,716	282,784	286,871	757,373
During same period 1872	150,024	318,636	280,705	749,365

The exports by sea to other ports than New York show a small gain over those of last year. By rail to the Western cities the gain amounts to 31,580 gallons, or 11¼ per cent., while to New York our shipments show a loss of about 25,000 gallons, or 5½ per cent.

Prices have been steady at my quotations of August 1st, and have varied very little during the last year. We have thus far failed to realize the advance expected by many to arise in sympathy with the advance in Foreign Wines. Manufacturers, however, are now paying from 15 to 30 per cent. more for grapes than they paid last year, except in Los Angeles County, where prices have declined. This will be partially offset by diminished cost of cooperage and by improved facilities for manufacturing. The advance, therefore, if any occurs, will be slow and gradual.

The stock of 1871 Dry Wines in the hands of vignerons may be fairly estimated at 4,000,000 gallons of merchantable Wine, while stocks held by merchants in this city and Sacramento amount to 450,000 gallons. Similar Wines of 1872 probably amount to 2,000,000 gallons, of which about one third is held by merchants.

Port Wine of prime quality is in light supply and in fair demand at current rates. Angelica moves slowly. Wines resembling Sherry or Madeira are in fair demand for the domestic market. Red Wines that are slightly deficient in color and in dryness are abundant and unsalable, while deep-colored and good Red Wines are in active demand, the supply small. Dry White Wines are in abundant supply, but move steadily, forming the bulk of our export, and show a slight tendency to hardening prices.

The prices current for 1871 Wines, of good shipping quality, in round lots, delivered free on board ship or rail, casks included, are:

	Per Gallon—Gold.
Dry Red Wines from Mission Grapes	$ 40 @ 45
Dry Red Wines from Mission Grapes (blended)	— 45 @ — 55
Dry White Wines from Mission Grapes	45 @ 65
Dry White Wines from Mission Grapes (blended)	— 55 @ 65
Dry White Wines from Muscat or Muscatelle Grapes	— 60 @ 75
Port	— 80 @ 1 00
Angelica	75 @ 90
Sweet Tokay	— — @ 65
Sweet Dessert Wines	— 85 @ 1 00
Sherry	— 90 @ 1 00
Sparkling Wines [Fermented], quarts	9 00 @ 12 00
Sparkling Wines [Fermented], pints	10 50 @ 14 00
Sparkling Wines [Charged], quarts	6 50 @ 9 00
Sparkling Wines [Charged], pints	8 00 @ 10 50

The present rates of freight are:

By sail via Cape Horn to Liverpool or London	6d. per gallon
By sail via Cape Horn to New York	10 cents per gallon, currency
By steamship via Panama (fast)	15 cents per gallon, gold.
By steamship via Panama (slow)	12½ cents per gallon, gold.
By rail to New York (in carloads 18,000 pounds)	$2 70 currency
By rail to St. Louis, Chicago, Dubuque, and Burlington (18,000 lbs)	$2 currency
By rail to St. Louis and Chicago, not less 3,000, under 18,000, lbs	$2 25 currency
By rail to Cincinnati (carloads)	$2 25 currency
By rail to Louisville (carloads)	$2 25 currency
By rail to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Pittsburg, not less than 3,000 and under 18,000 pounds	$2 75 currency
By rail to Milwaukee, in carloads	$2 15 currency
By rail to Milwaukee, not less than 3,000 and under 18,000 lbs	$2 35 currency
By rail to Omaha, 3,000 pounds and upwards	$2 00 currency

I invite the correspondence of all desiring to purchase Pure California Wines or Brandy, or of obtaining information regarding them, and beg leave to call the attention of dealers to my Catalogue of Wines and Brandies following:

On hand and for sale in lots to suit Wines and Brandies from the following manufacturers, for which I am sole agent in this city: The Orleans Hill Viticultural Association, Sacramento, California—Port, Sweet Tokay, White, Hock, Riesling, Orleans, Muscatel. Pellet & Carver, St. Helena, California—Port, White, Hock, and Red Wines. Burrage & Tucker, Vine Cliff Vineyard, Napa, California—Hock, Berger (White), Rose of Peru (White), Red Zinfandel, Red Mission, Angelica and Sweet Muscat. J. R. Nickerson, Lincoln, California—Rose of Peru, Black Hamburg, Malaga and other White Wines, Grape Brandy and Apple Jack. La Loma Vineyard, Napa, California—Red and White Mission Wines, White and Red Wines, Port, Angelica, from all varieties of Grapes, Brandy and Pure Grape Spirit from many Vineyards located in all the Wine Districts of the State. Brandy, in bond or duty paid, from Jan. 1st to [illegible] 1870, Cognac, France. Corn Spirit from the Southern Refining Company, Los Angeles, California. Wheat Spirit and Alcohol from the Potrero Distillery Company, San Francisco, Cal.

J. M. CURTIS,
Wine and Spirit Commission Merchant, 431 Jackson Street.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted) from Front street Wharf at 2:30 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at [illegible] A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at [illegible] A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages for all the principal points.

SUNDAY EXCURSION.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving [illegible] Petaluma at [illegible]. Returning will leave Cloverdale at [illegible] and arrive at San Francisco at [illegible]. The [illegible] will be [illegible] at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's office, No. 4 Montgomery street.

For all information apply at the Company's office, 426 Montgomery street.

May 31 PETER DONAHUE, President.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.

[March 29.]

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House 204 and 206 California st. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.

Dec 11. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

Placard Exchange

AND

BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Managing Committee of the above institution have the pleasure of giving notice, that after some necessary delay, the Directors are now fully prepared to receive orders for the purchase and sale of lands of the State or elsewhere, such as ranches, private land claims, or public Lands of the United States—they having secured the services of **Col. Leander Ransom**, the well-known Land Agent, who for ten years was the *State Agent for the Disposition of the School Lands*. The department is now fully supplied with maps and charts, and every necessary means of information relating to operations in land. Owners of ranches and real estate properties generally, desirous of disposing of the same, will find the Placard Exchange, with its facilities, an excellent medium for bringing their estates under the notice and attention of capitalists. Those, also, who desire to make purchases, **of any of the Public Domain in the State of California**, either in large or small tracts, will be sure to be accommodated. Maps and charts furnished, and all needful information imparted when required. Large landholders desiring to sell, can have their tracts subdivided into farms, or smaller subdivisions, with maps and accurately calculated quantities of each. Also, all kinds of printing executed with punctuality and dispatch. *Charges moderate.*

Offices open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

THE AGRICULTURAL BUREAU OF THE PLACARD EXCHANGE,

No. 613 MERCHANT STREET.

Have for Sale the Following Tracts or Parcels of Land, to wit:

40 Acres near Oak Grove, 1½ miles from the Railroad, between Mayfield and Mountain View.

100 Acres ½ mile south of Mayfield, lying on both sides of the San Jose Railroad. Very desirable for country residence. To be sold in tracts to suit. Contains Live Oak Trees.

320 Acres on the road from Saratoga to Pescadero, four miles from the former place.

500 Acres, three miles from the City of San Bernardino. A living stream of water passes across it.

600 Acres near the line of the proposed Railroad from Los Angeles to San Bernardino, ½ mile away.

8,000 Acres near Anaheim, Los Angeles County, in tracts to suit purchasers. Several living Springs on it.

Also, Tracts from 80, 160, 320 and 640 acres, to suit purchasers, lying in Los Angeles, San Bernardino and San Diego Counties, on which are Springs of good water.

NOTE.—Sellers as well as purchasers can be accommodated at the "Bureau," where maps, and descriptions of lands for sale, can at all times be seen. Nov 1

A RARE CHANCE FOR CAPITALISTS.

A man with $30,000 can hear of a chance to double his money in eighteen months on a land operation on the line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, by calling at the Agricultural Bureau of the Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant street. Delays are dangerous. Nov 8

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Nov. 1st—Steamer COLORADO ... Capt. Dearborn
Nov. 16—Steamer JAPAN ... Capt. Freeman

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 4th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Nov. 4—Steamer CONSTITUTION ... Capt. Nolan
Nov. 19—Steamer NEVADA ... Capt. Austin

All Steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all except the Constitution call at SAN DIEGO.

Steamers call at [illegible] to take mails for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets issued to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M. as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Harlow, Monday, Oct. 27; Friday, Nov. 7; Wednesday, Nov. 19.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Saturday, Nov. 1; Thursday, Nov. 13; Tuesday, Nov. 25.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO.

But takes no freight for San Simeon.

SENATOR, Capt. Harlow, for San Luis Obispo and way ports, Saturday Nov. 15, at 3 P. M.

GIPSY, Capt. Rogers, carrying articles, oils and combustibles—for San Diego and way ports, Thursday, Nov. [illegible], at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Nov. 8] S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—REDUCED RATES.

Steamer [illegible] connecting with the San Francisco and N. P. R. R. Co. at Donahue Landing for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE and Way Stations—Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at 8 A. M., from Front st. Wharf, arriving at Cloverdale [illegible] P. M. Leaves Cloverdale [illegible] A. M. Arriving in San Francisco [illegible] P. M. Excursion Tickets good from Saturday till the following Monday. [illegible] This [illegible] and THE GEYSERS [illegible] at Cloverdale, connecting [illegible] other places of interest.

DAILY TIME TABLE.—Steamer leaves San Francisco at 2:30 P. M., from Front street Wharf. Arrives at Cloverdale [illegible] P. M. Leaves Cloverdale [illegible] A. M. Arriving in San Francisco [illegible] A. M. For all information apply at the Company's Office, 426 Montgomery street.

[May 1.] PETER DONAHUE, President.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London; National Provincial Bank of England; Wilkins & Co., Lescon's Old Bank; Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane; The Alliance Bank (Limited), Bartholomew lane; Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st.; London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bldgs., W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S.; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 24 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Monument, E. C.; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool; Henry Laffoon and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, Vice-President.
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W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

VALE BOHEMIA.

Vale, valete fair Bohemia!
Thou Lotos Land, thou dwelling-place of peace!
I soon must leave thee, fair Bohemia,
But never shall my love for thee decrease.

Never again through all the long, long years
Can I have glimpses of that glorious life;
For lo! the flame of Hymen's torch appears,
And I must soon be fettered with a wife.

No more to totter home at break of day,
And feebly prod for key-holes on the door,
Stumble up stairs, blaspheming all the way,
And slumber sweetly on my bed-room floor.

Never again to call the world my home,
And bid defiance to all social ties.
Fettered at last, I can no longer roam,
Bound by a chain I love and yet despise.

Already do I hear the crab-like babe
Making night hideous with its awful yells,
Yet, though my wrath tempts me to choke the plague,
I must get up and dandle it by spells.

Kill me, ye gods, or take away the charm
Of woven paces and of waving hands
That lures me from Bohemia's peaceful calm,
To rashly enter matrimonial lands.

San Francisco, October 7, 1873. T. A. H.

THE LAST OF DR. LORD.

Dear News Letter—How strongly this suggests the advice, *Ne sutor ultra crepidam*, which, as everybody knows, means—the cobbler should not go beyond his last. I considered myself most unfortunate in being in the country during Dr. Lord's lectures in this city. I could scarcely reconcile the following glowing calculations of the daily press and the trenchant criticism of the *News Letter*, though of course I recognized the acknowledged superiority of the latter's literary opinion. I had an opportunity of judging for myself on last Sunday evening, at Dr. Stone's church, where the lecture was advertised to deliver positively his last lecture. Let me at once and unhesitatingly indorse your opinion of this literary tramp, and thank you for promptly exposing the emptiness of the old fossil's pretensions to be considered a first-class lecturer. He might run a third rate little bethel with profit, if not success, but there ends his capability. With the keen eye to the dimes which characterizes these gospel sharps, it was announced that this old "Lark" would not discourse without "mon." Accordingly the usual raid was made on our pockets. *Ad majorem gloriam Dei* for the greater glory and benefit of Lord, who, when it was nearly bagged, essayed to answer the conundrum "Where was Moses when the candle was out?" He left us at the termination of his discourse in exactly the same condition as the answer to said conundrum left the mythical author of the Pentateuch—in the dark. But then, he emphatically declared, he was not lecturing for skeptics, savans or rationalists. Oh, no! not to men of intelligence and reason, able to discriminate between common sense and the veriest bosh, but to old women, who can swallow the most frozen statements with as much faith as the staunchest Infallibility dogma realignment. I care not to further criticise the dreary religious platitudes and make-believe earnestness of this old played-out antediluvian, but hope the next Mercantile Library Association's importation will be of a better brand. DOUBLEBAY.

THE GREAT INTERNATIONAL RUNNING RACE.

On Saturday next, there comes off, at the Ocean View Race Track, *the* great sporting event of the year, to wit: four miles and repeat, for the Pacific Jockey Club purse of *twenty thousand dollars* in gold coin. The following are among the entries: "Hubbard" of New York, "Joe Daniels" of Michigan, "True Blue" of Kentucky, "Arizona" of Tennessee, "Thad Stevens" of California, and three others not yet selected, but all to be named at the post. As may naturally be expected, great excitement is being manifested in the coming contest, and sporting gentlemen are being much exercised thereon. A. J. Bryant is President, and we are assured the race will positively come off as advertised. We look for a crowded course and a magnificent race, and we think it extremely likely the event will come up to our expectations.

St. Luke's Hospital Benefit.—The opera to be given by the Amateurs on Thursday evening, 13th inst., for the benefit of St. Luke's Hospital, will be *the* event of the season in musical and fashionable circles. The opera will be *The Doctor of Alcantara*, and the characters will be sustained by ladies and gentlemen of well-known ability, who kindly give their aid to a worthy charity. St. Luke's Hospital is not sectarian, and the names of the gentlemen who are its Trustees, Messrs. Babcock, Kirkham, Howard, Eastland, Meade and others, afford evidence of its judicious management. We only wish Platt's Hall were five times as large, so that all might obtain admission who ought to do so. We refer to the programme in another part of our impression.

We are glad to learn that J. C. Olmsted, the well known oyster man at Lunch cater, once at the [illegible] saloon, and late at Louis Eppinger's, has now come to charge of the Grand Central Hotel, Oakland. He is a universal favorite, a most courteous gentleman, and from old experience knows how to keep a hotel. The appointment is sure to give entire satisfaction to the guests of the house and to the traveling public.

Once more we call the attention of those who like good clothes—and who does not?—to the store of Messrs. Purdy & Litchfield, clothiers and merchant tailors, northwest corner of Washington and Sansome streets. Their clothes fit admirably, the material is first-class, and yet their charges are *most* moderate. How they do it puzzles us, but it is a fact, nevertheless. Call on them and see if you can find out.

That Chronicle reporter, who was the first on the Modoc field of battle, the first to view it from a distance, and left Fort Klamath in company with the female portion of the tribe, is now in Wyoming interviewing Mrs. Captain Jack. Is she about to change her name?

We have received a complimentary ticket of invitation to a Re-union of McCarty Brothers and Sisters' juvenile pupils, at Dashaway Hall this evening. Although we do not think we shall be able to attend, we have no doubt those who do go will "have a gay time."

The City Gas Co.'s Coke is remarkable for its heating and absence of dust or fumes; in fact, its qualities are of a very superior character, and we strongly advise householders to begin at once the laying in of their stock.

To-morrow evening the opera I Lombardi will be performed at the California Theater. This grand work of Verdi, with the extra attraction of the California stage, will doubtless be something brilliant.

We call attention to the advertisement of our friend Coker in another column. To those who want a man thoroughly competent, we cheerfully recommend him to their consideration.

Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D.D., LL.D., will preach Sunday in St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street, at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. The public are cordially invited to attend.

Every one admires pretty feet, and Bush shoes sets them off to better advantage than those made by P. Kelly, Bush street, below Kearny.

Those in want of a fine Silk, Gingham, Alpaca, or Cotton Umbrella, will find the best variety at Bullock & Jones, 421 Montgomery street.

THE VICTORIA EDUCATIONAL AND INDUSTRIAL BUREAU,

85 Praed street, Paddington, W.—Remunerative Occupations for Women obtained in various employments, through the means of technical instruction. Registry of Professional, Commercial, Industrial, and Domestic Employments, conducted in connection with the Clergy of all denominations throughout England and Scotland, and with offices in New York and Chicago. Information respecting Emigration to United States and Colonies. Correspondence invited from all interested in woman's work and progress. A Reading Room for the benefit of employers in the Bureau and neighborhood. A course of Practical training afforded young servants. A fund for the relief of cases thoroughly investigated, and also for technical training in various industries. Lectures to Working Women on household management, economy, and cookery, treatment of children, and laws of health. Opened September, 1873. Conducted by

Nov 8. EMILY FAITHFULL.

THE GREAT INTERNATIONAL RUNNING RACE.

Four Miles and Repeat, for the Pacific Jockey Club Purse of TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, Gold Coin, comes off November 15th, 1873. The following are among the entries: HUBBARD, of New York, JOE DANIELS, of Michigan, TRUE BLUE, of Kentucky, ARIZONA, of Tennessee, THAD STEVENS, of California, and three others not yet selected, but all to be named at the post. The race will positively come off as advertised.

A. J. BRYANT, President. E. WILSON, JAMES SARGENT, Vice Presidents.
CHAS. ROSSITER, Treasurer. [Nov. 8] WM. SHEAR, Secretary.

PROPOSALS FOR BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT.

Office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, San Francisco, November 1, 1873. Sealed proposals for furnishing and setting in place one Burglar-proof Vault for Treasurer's Office, complete, according to specifications and drawings, which are now ready and to be seen at the office of the Board, will be received up to 3 o'clock P. M. of FRIDAY, the FIFTH OF DECEMBER prox.

Nov 8 By order of the Board. ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary.

X LINE—FOR LIVERPOOL, DIRECT.

The A 1 Full-powered Iron Steamship Queen St. Lochland, Master, is intended to sail from Pacific Mail S. S. Co.'s dock WEDNESDAY, Nov. 12th.

Freight Taken in Lots to Suit Shippers.

Apply to E. E. MORGAN'S SONS,
Nov 8. 320 California street.

NOTICE.

If this should meet the eye of Stephen Snider, who left England in 1852 or '53, and formerly of Furze Hill, Newbury, Berks, England, or any one that can tell of his whereabouts, he or they are earnestly solicited to communicate to Stephen Stanbrook, of No. 272 Cambridge Road, London, N. E., England, and they will be liberally rewarded. Nov. 8.

WANTED.

A Situation as Bookkeeper, Collector, or Copyist, by one thoroughly competent, with the best of references. Address,

Nov 8 J. R. COKER, No. 420 Sansome street.

F. W. VAN REYNEGOM JNO. H. DICKINSON.

VAN REYNEGOM & DICKINSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, 502 Montgomery st., cor. Sacramento (Rooms 12 and 13), San Francisco. Nov 8.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE FOR 1874.

200 pages; 500 Engravings, and Colored Plate. Published Quarterly, at TWENTY FIVE CENTS A YEAR. First number for 1874 just issued. A German edition at same price. Address,

Nov 8. JAMES VICK, Rochester N. Y.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Oriflamme, E. Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom-street wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, Nov 8, at 10 o'clock A. M. [Nov 8] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED.)

FOR HONGKONG VIA YOKOHAMA.

The magnificent new Clyde built screw Steamship Vasco de Gama, (classed 100 A 1 at Lloyd's, 4,000 tons register, 2,600 horse power effective), F. Rice, Commander. This fast and powerful vessel—the first of the fleet of the China Trans-Pacific Steamship Co., Limited—will leave as above about the 20th January, 1874. She has been built expressly for the service between this and China and Japan and is fitted up most luxuriantly, with all the latest improvements for the comfort and safety of the passengers. The Steamship carries an experienced surgeon and Stewardess. For freight or passage apply to

Nov 1 MACONDRAY & CO., Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

FOR COLORADO RIVER, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The Steamer Newbern, William Metzger, Master, will sail for the above ports on [illegible] at 12 o'clock, noon, from Vallejo-st. Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the River. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. No freight received for Mexican Ports after 3 P. M. of the [illegible] inst., and bills of lading of all shipments must be accompanied by Custom house and consular clearances. For freight or passage apply to

Oct 4 E. NORTON, Agent, 410 Front street.

FOR GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

Regular Steamship Line to Mexican Ports, sailing every twenty days.—Freight at Reduced Rates.—The favorite Steamer NEWBERN, Wm. Metzger, Captain, will sail from Mission-street Wharf for the above ports on SATURDAY, Nov. 8th, at 12 o'clock noon. For freight at REDUCED RATES, or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to

Oct 18 EDWARD NORTON, Agent, 410 Front street.

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17 E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly.— Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and [illegible] R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

June 14 WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED leaves Folsom street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct 19] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

NOTICE.

Shippers to Santa Barbara and other Coast Ports, are requested not to rely on a paper called "The Guide" for information as to the movements of our vessels. See advertisement in daily papers.

Sept 26. GOODALL, NELSON & PERKINS, Corner Clay and East sts.

J. H. COLEMAN & CO.,

Late of the Alta, General Collector.—Room 6, No. 420 Montgomery street. Refers to Messrs. F. MacCrellish & Co., Richards & Harrison, Cutting & Co., Grover, Shreve & Co. Oct. 11

JAS. B. HAM.] PETERS & HAM. [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

LOVETIDE.

Chiseled cups of fairest flowers
Through the fields are blossoming;
Summer splendor bathes the hours
In a rosy coloring
Days are sweet when love is turning
Things of earth to brightest gold;
Days are sweet when souls are yearning
Heart to heart to fold and hold

Where the stream goes leaping by,
Lisping ripples kiss each shore;
Hark, the willows softly sigh
To the waters they hang over.
Youth and maiden half forget -
Scarcely heed the world without;
Hands by tender hands are met;
Lips are pressed by lips devout.

Oh, the paradise of pleasure,
Where souls ascend in love!
Mingling rapture without measure,
As they soar to heaven above.
Stay, sweet moments; life is fleeter
Than the streamlet rushing by;
Stay, sweet moments; love is sweeter
Than all earth-born ecstacy. —*Tinsley's Magazine.*

CURIOUS ORIGIN OF POPULAR SONG CHORUSES.

The stones at Stonehenge and on the Sussex Downs are connected with the Sun-worship of the old Britons, who formed circles of them, such as that existing at Stonehenge, in which they have hailed and adored the Lifegiver as he rose in the East. Around these circles, too, did they wend in solemn procession, chanting their songs of praise to the God of Day. The stones, and in some places the circles themselves, still stand as mementoes of their sun-worship; but the songs they sang—where are they? "Gone! gone forever," says the reader," buried, deep buried in the sea of ages." Not wholly so, for remnants of them still exist; musical sounds, meaningless to the masses—ay, and to erudite men as well—exist in the considered nonsense-sounds of our old ballads and songs as choruses, to which the learning of a writer in a late number of *All the Year Round* has now given sense. Thoughts never die; they always did exist and ever will exist. Seeming nonsense is oft transformed in this world of ours into wisdom. Who would believe that the word "Church" owes its origin to the cirque, formed of Saxon stones? That church and circus have a like origin? A north Briton may realize this when he thinks of his kirk. But what Briton can now even guess that a portion of the worship of the cirque is embodied in the seeming nonsensical burdens of our old songs, such as "Fal, la, la!" "Down, down, derry down!" "Tooral looral!" "High trolollie, lolldo lol, high trolollie lee!" "Fal, lero, lero loo!" "Fal, la! lanky, or langtre down, dilly!" "Heigh nonnie, nonnie no!" "Trim go trix!" "Novel ri, novelle!" and "Lilly Burlero!" Every lover of English literature who call up a host of old songs, of which these are the still older burdens. "Not much sense," says the reader, "to be extracted from those nonsensical sounds." But, as there is nothing new under the sun, let us try if these choruses are really old. Let us first take "Fo, la, la." How glibly does this flow from the singer's tongue in "To all you Ladies now on Land," or Morley's "Invitation to May." This is written, in Welsh, "fal, là," or "fàlla, là," fal being a circle and là a day, meaning the circle or completion of day. Who cannot now imagine the Druids marching round the circle and singing their meaningful "Falla là." "Down, down, derry down," which in the original is "Dun, dun, daragan dun" ("To the Hill, to the Hill, to the Oaks, to the Hill!") "Toorallooral" (from turall lualhrall—pronounced tarall—sloo, quick, a music al movement, sou what akin to ritardo, and slowly and quickly, we are certain, did the Druids march round the circle in this tune. "High trolollie lollie, lol. High trolollie, lee." Al, or Albhe, hall; trath, the silent tran, early; la, day. All tra la, la, la. All tra la, la, la. Hall, early day! Hall, bright day! with the repetition of the la, or day, which wonderfully reminds us of "Hall! smiling morn, smiling morn," and in being the British forerunner of the English glee. Well might the writer exclaim, "It is a chorus such as the priests of Baal might have sainted the rising sun in the far East which traveled into Western Europe," and there, after the lapse of ages, became degraded into the unknown burden of a pot-house song! That glorious old Puritan poet, George Withers, used without knowing it another of these Druidical choruses to one of his most pleasant ditties:

"There was a lass, a fair one,
As fair as e'er was seen,
She was, indeed, a rare one,
Another Sheba Queen.

But, fool as then I was,
I thought she loved me true,
But now, alas! she's left me,
Fal, lero, lero, loo!"

Fal, the circle, or sun, lero, the sea; lindh dh, silent praise—being the chorus of a song of praise to the sun rising above the sea! Here is another of the series:

"Sir Eglamour, that valiant knight,
Fal, la, lanky down dilly!
He took his sword and went to fight!
Fal, la, lanky down dilly!"

The original of this is, "Fal! la! lan—ri—dun dile." "The circle of the day is full, let us go to the hill of rain." May be, Mount Cissbury or Cabora, or some of the other high places which circle our hill tops.

THE COMIC PAPERS.

Punch.—COMMUNICATED.—A "Home Rider"—My wife.—WHOLESALE.—Swell Customer: Ye-as, this is neat. Augh, I'm wather 'xtway'gant 'n 'mbwellaha!—nevah go out without one—somebody's; and nevah go home with one—anybody's. Ye-as. Now—ah—what do you charge for these by the gwoss?—POACHING MADE EASY.—Sportsman: "Well, Jim, I hope you have not been in trouble for poaching this season!" Jim: "Not I, sir. The birds I'd brought up so tame for you genis now, that there beant no trouble and precious little sport in looking after them!"—SPORTING DEFINITION. A Grecian nose—the straight tip.—LITERARY INTELLIGENCE.—Among forthcoming works of interest an "Essay on the Art of Snubbing Deputations" may, we hear, be shortly looked for at the hand of the Home Secretary. Moreover, it is whispered that the Premier is devoting some spare hours (when he can find them) to the discussion, in a pamphlet, of the merits of the question, "Shall Hodge have a Vote?"

Fun.—SOMETHING TO BE GRATEFUL FOR.—Sister: "But you mustn't complain, Willie dear; look how many things you enjoy." Willie (in a sort of cut and dried way): "Plenty of grub and clothes." Sister: "And nothing else to be thankful for?" Willie: "O, I don't know. Yes (in a half whisper), I heard the bathing woman tell ma this morning her rheumatiz was coming on again."—DON'T HURRY.—Among the various articles which are being sent out to the Gold Coast are a number of wooden hats for the soldiers. But at the present rate of active preparation we think our brave fellows will be in possession of Ashanty before the hats arrive.—ANSWERED.—Mr. Practice, M. A. (having met one of his lazy scholars determines to give him a lecture): "Where are you going, sir?" Boy: "To get a pen'orth o' nails, sir." Mr. P.: "What for, sir?" Boy: "A penny, sir."

Judy.—NOT SO VERY BAD OF THE OLD GENTLEMAN.—Severe Proctor (to Undergraduate, who, after the approved fashion, is wearing his mortar board, but carrying his gown): "I say, young sir, I should imagine the gentleman whose gown you are taking home would be very displeased to find you wearing his hat."—Bradaugh, the atheist, has gone to America to lecture against the principles of Christianity. Dr Brindley, a well-known theological controversialist, follows him, with a view to counteract his pernicious teaching in any towns which Bradaugh may visit—on the principle, "After the bane, the antidote." We have just paid the Americans fifteen millions of dollars on account of the *Alabama* affair; cannot they, in return, manage to keep this mischief-monger on their side of the Atlantic for the future? We could spare him.

Hornet.—PROGRESS OF THE TRIAL.—The Tichborne trial progressed splendidly last week. Dr. Kenealy accused Mr. Hawkins of secreting a certain envelope. Mr. Hawkins gave Dr. Kenealy the lie direct. The Lord Chief Justice said that he was much hurt. Justice Mellor remarked that he had never been so insulted. Dr. Kenealy observed that he would not be surprised at anything Justice Mellor might say. Mr. Hawkins declared that he would never speak to Dr. Kenealy this side of the grave. No contempt of court was published during the week.

Junius.—It is not true that an official in the telegraph office at Madrid has been detected in an attempt to send a true dispatch.—It is not true that Mr Gladstone has resolved to revive the borough of Old Sarum in order to secure a seat for himself in the next Parliament.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monthly and Annual Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec 21

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!
Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B. B. B Rye.
None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento | J. T. DODGE, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec. 9.]

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.
NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 111 Commercial streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. [May 24.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.
Our spring importation is being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO, Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.
Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO., Portland, Maine.
Nov 16.

C. MAIN. MAIN & WINCHESTER. E. B. WINCHESTER.
Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 204 and 206 Battery street, San Francisco S. F.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12

HARNESS AND SADDLERY.
Main & Winchester, 204 and 206 Battery st., San Francisco, have the finest stock of Carriage, Single and Double Buggy, and other varieties of Harness ever offered for sale in the State. A complete assortment of Horse Dresses, Blankets, Robes, etc., which we invite our friends and the public to call and examine before purchasing. April 12.

JAMES BEHRENS,
Commission Merchant and Agent, 308 Battery street, opposite U. S. Custom House, San Francisco. Importer of the fam ous ALPHIS DE LUZE'S BORDEAUX WINES, CLARETS, SAUTERNES, and CHATEAU YQUEM Champagnes, French and Domestic. "C Lautcrer's" Rhine Wines. Cordials, Bitters, etc. Oct. 11.

THE "STAR AND GARTER."
Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL. The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads (but one mile from the city, and 600 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been refitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL

EDINBURGH ALE.
Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO., 612 Front street, S. F.
March 30.

WANTED.
A good House-Maid wanted, that can wash, iron, cook, and attend generally to a small family. Wages, $30. Inquire at Jones street, between Bush and Chestnut, third house from the corner; or Placard Exchange, Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct. 18

L. H. NEWTON.] NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., [MORRIS NEWTON
Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

VULCAN IRON WORKS
Furnishes all classes of Machinery. Sole manufacturers of Moore's PATENT HOIST FOR STORES. N. D. ARNOT, Manager.
Oct. 18. 135 and 137 Fremont street.

NOTICE
Dr. A. J. Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 622 Clay street. Office Hours from 10 A M to 3 P M. Sept 5.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]
Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2

NOTICE.
For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 629 Montgomery street. Oct. 29

R. S. CLYDE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.—Entrance to Office, 622 Clay st., and 623 Merchant street, bet Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco. Oct 4.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,
Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs.) San Francisco. August 7.

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.
Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 37 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

C. L. CHACKNOS.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.
Job Printers, Successors to H. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 5.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,
Jan. 4. No. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W. I.—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 8.
BADEN BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande
WIESBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Daniell's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORFU.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris
ST PETERSBURGH.—Hotel Demuth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar.
St. Nicholas Hotel
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel London Hotel. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel. Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Mapple Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST. LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel. (Tintern Abbey, 6 miles.)
DUBLIN.—The Hibernian Hotel. Melbourne Hotel
EDINBURGH.—Dublin Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager
OTTAWA.—Russell House
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, H. S. Sheard, Proprietor.
QUEBEC.—Shaughnessy Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House, Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Filberto
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochera.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Banosde Collins, Hotel Santiago
RIO DE JAN.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—Albion Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phoenix Hotel.
TAHITI.—Pea, Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

Raillery.—Dumas, the elder, was a bright man, but often met his match. He was proud of the large sum paid for his writings. One evening in the saloon of a rich financier the conversation turned on the remuneration of men of letters. "I," said Dumas, "am certainly the best paid. I receive thirty sous a line." "Indeed, monsieur," said a bystander, "I have never worked for less than a million a line; what do you think of that?" "You are joking." "Not at all." "What are you, then?" "Constructor of railways."

A friend of ours, who rode up the country some week or two since, sends us the following extract from a letter dated Plainsburg, Merced county: "You can form no idea of the sensation I created. Crowds of Digger Indians and wild-whooping Modocs gathered around the horse and myself with every expression of the greatest wonder and admiration. I could not for the life of me make out what the devil was up, until one bearded miner with whom I took a drink explained the mystery by exclaiming, 'Wal, now ride me on a rail if that thar saddle and bridle don't beat everything I ever see (I omit this gentleman's expletives). Who's the maker of them thar togging now?' The finest bridle and saddle were those I purchased from Messrs. Main & Winchester just before leaving old Sodom"—by which we suppose he meant moral San Francisco.

Some years ago a clergyman, a stranger, going to officiate in a country church on a lovely Summer afternoon, on finding no kneeling hassock in the desk, desired the clerk to supply one, who, after a brief interval, appeared with one of a very primitive description, a sod freshly cut from the turf on the outside. For a short time this sufficed tolerably well; but soon the clergyman had to rise most abruptly, as the sod proved to have been cut from an ant-hill, and, as can easily be imagined, swarmed with thousands of its tenants.

We read in the papers, in fact the incident is to be found in "Special Brevities," of the very curious death of a farmer who attempted some amateur diving and got killed in the attempt. It is a dangerous thing, any how to endeavor to explore the mysteries of the sea. The mysteries and treasures of the sea! What a subject for weird surmises, and strange, unlimited freaks of the imagination. There is one sub-marine treasure with which we are thoroughly acquainted, and that is the Saddle Rock Oyster. When we say "we," all who know what good oysters are, is meant. Emerson Coville, Fine street, *does*, and the proof is, that he has secured the sole right to sell these magnificent bivalves. The crowd of *bon viveurs* who flock there is to be imagined

Some Simple Language.—In which latter discrepancy lies struggle without end. And now, let but, by ill chance, in such ever-enduring struggle—your thin earth rind be once *broken*. The fountains of the great deep boil forth; fire fountains, envelaping, engulfing. Your earth-rind is shattered, swallowed up, instead of a green flowery world there is a waste wild weltering chaos—which has again, with toilsome and struggle, to *make* itself into a world.—*Thomas Carlyle.*

Disguise it as he might there could be but little doubt but that on the previous evening he had been on a rare old bust. His speech was still clogged, his eyes still heavy and bleary, his breath like a simoon through the bung-hole of a whisky barrel, and his hands still fluttered and trembled like the leaves of a gum tree. "My head is *splitting*," he exclaimed, "for God's sake give me something soothing!" The attendant familiar brought him a bottle, from which the cork flew out like a streak of greased lightning. He drank, he gulped it down, and, "I am another man," he cried, rapturously. "What is that nectar?" "Dilat nectar," said Sambo, showing a tooth or two, "guess that's wot him call Napa Thoda, sold everywhar."

An old Aberdeen laird's wife, when some of her acquaintances were enriching the tea-table conversation with broad descriptions of the many vices of their several spouses, said of her own, that he "was just a gueed, well-tempered, couthy, quest, innocent, deedlin, drucken body—wi' nae ill practices about him ava!"

We were listening to some of old Mother Goose's melodies set to music the other day. One, called "Lullaby," particularly struck us, "twas so sweet and pathetic, reminding us strongly of the *Lieder ohne Worte*. "Why," we asked, "is it possible that such good music is to be thid away in such a form?" "Oh, 'tis not the music so much as the piano," replied the musician. "The tone of this piano is so exquisite," he continued, "the forte and piano parts so splendidly arranged, the mechanical part so magnificently attended to, that anything would sound well on it." We looked at the maker's name. We read "Hallett & Davis." W. G. Badger is the agent.

"The Good Time 'Cumming,' Wait a Little Longer."—We are told that there will be no total eclipse of the sun visible in England until August 11th, 1999; and even then it will be confined to the south-western part of the island. This news is as interesting as the information lately put forward by a continental astronomer to the effect that in ten thousand years the Winters will not be quite so cold as they are at present.

Mr. and Mrs. Honeyton, in the comedy of *The Happy Pair*, give us a very notable insight into one of the causes that lead to quarrels, that lead to separation of married folks. There is another cause, that we have often referred to, and one that admits of a wider *range* of differences than any else. We mean the stove, the range, the cookery thing, the heating apparatus. There is one range that always satisfies, one range that never disappoints, one range that is always in good working order, if you could only prevail on us to tell you. "Do tell." Well, to keep up our reputation for unlimited kindness of heart, we will. It is the De La Montanya Union Range.

"Father, did you ever have another wife besides mother?" "No, my boy, what possessed you to ask such a question?" "Because I saw in the old family Bible where you married Anna Domini, 1846, and that isn't mother, for her name is Sally Smith."

One of Will Carleton's most amusing, and at the same time most touching, Irish stories, is that of the "Hedge School." Fancy the poor little chaps huddled in a gutter, with divil a chair to sit on but a turf, and divil a desk to use but a stone! Dear, dear, what changes take place, to be sure! Why, now-a-days the comfort of our school children is attended to quite as much as that of the master, and maybe a trifle more. And if Gilbert & Mc re—first-class manufacturers of all style of school furniture—had only been allowed to have their own, there would have been one of this tale about scampy desks and seats, and everything we did have been *comme il faut*.

Said a woman to a physician who was weighing two grains of calomel for a child: "Dhon be so mean wi' it; it is for a poor fatherless baiza."

There is one great difference between drinks. Some hurt and others do good. Moderation ever being observed, we mean. This we suppose is mainly dependent on the honesty of the manufacturer and dealer. We can hold up as a model in this direction Herr Schleifer, who only sends out the purest and best liquors. His brandies and champagnes, sold everywhere in the city, surpass anything of the kind we have ever tasted, and this, Mrs Notabilium says, is no mean criterion.

A postmistress in Pennsylvania employs her husband as head clerk. Women's rights at last

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat, requires immediate attention, as neglect oftentimes results in some incurable Lung Disease. "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" will almost invariably give relief

These are the apples, pears and peaches that grew on the trees. This is the sun that ripen'd the fruit that grew on the tree. This is the man that picked the fruit that the sun had ripened as it grew on the tree. This is the steamer that brought the fruit here, that ripened in the sun as it grew on the tree. This is the can to hold the fruit, brought here in a steamer from where it ripened in the sun, as it grew on the tree. This is the firm of C. Jas. King of Wm. & Co., that canned the fruit that ripened in the sun as it grew on the tree. And this is the housewife who said, "O, my! delicious!" as she tasted the fruit canned by C. Jas. King of Wm. & Co.

A Hindoo widow (the first) has been married in Madras. The gay widow was but thirteen, and those who are fond of names may be pleased to learn that here was Poongavanu Ummall, daughter of C. Angoo Moodeliar, of Chintaudrepettah, and married Vlohoor Soobramania Moodeliar.

Not so very many hundred years ago, rushes or straw on the floor was esteemed a great luxury, one only to be indulged in by the rich. So, too, the chairs and tables were of the roughest, rudest description with never an idea of a cloth for the one or a cushion for the other. But look at the change now. Every one is able to surround himself with home comforts and elegancies. In this part of the world the man who enables people to gratify their tastes in this direction in the most completest manner—excuse the double superlatives—is friend Cole, the prince of furniture manufacturers. Call on him on Bush street all ye folk about to furnish your houses.

A lady who, on the death of her first husband, married his brother, has a portrait of the former hanging in her dining room. One day, a visitor, remarking the painting, asked, "Is that a member of your family?" "Oh, that's my poor brother-in-law," was the ingenious reply.

Did you ever hear Gough's peroration on water? Pretty string of grandiloquent eloquence and respectable clap-trap as it is, there is something very taking about the unceasing flow and ripple and rush of great words and well turned phrases. Double all his graces and quadruple all his passionate apostrophes, and apply them to Eberhart & Lachman's Native Wines and Champagnes, and we should have a peroration worth something. These splendid Wines and Champagnes are of such transcendent qualities that any man would become an orator when decanting on them—or decanting them.

"Unhooked."—A young lady had coquetted until the victim was completely exhausted. He rose to go away. She whispered, as she accompanied him to the door, "I shall be at home next Sunday evening." "So shall I," he replied.

He was a man of princely presence and kingly mien. Taking a companion by the arm, he marched him off without a moment's hesitation. The companion looked but a moment on the face of his captor, and then surrendered as meekly as a lamb. The two sapient ones, without hesitating a moment, walked straight to a bar and called for two whisky straights. "Cutter's, of course," said the bartender. "Well, it is the only whisky worth drinking that I know of," was the reply. And in this reply all who know good liquor coincide. Hotaling is the agent, and it is sold at every bar in the city.

Lightning recently struck a telegraph pole and ran along the wire into the office at Coolsville, Ind., when the operator, seated at the instrument, excitedly telegraphed back, "Don't send so fast!"

I watched the dimples deepen in the mobile face, the gentle lips quiver and pout, the transparent eyelids, fringed with curling lashes, tremble and fall, the rounded bosom heave and pulsate, the delicate nostrils dilate and the pearly ears twitch. In fact, the beauteous maiden was going to cry. She held in her snowflake hand a cabinet photograph. "So lifelike, so very lifelike, so sharp in all its outlines," she murmured, wiping her glorious orbs with a gaudy pocket handkerchief. "Who could have taken this dear picture?" She turned the photograph and read the name of *Houseworth!*

A railroad guard, after twenty years of experience, concludes that he had rather attend to the wants of 20,000 men passenger than have one lone lorn female in his train.

Again the store windows have their oft recurring decoration of portraits of theatrical celebrities. This time the Herne Troupe figure conspicuously, and, as is always the case, the photographs are marvels of clearness and well-defined expression. It is a *very remarkable* fact, one attested to by all the actors who have ever been so far West, that only in San Francisco do they have photographs taken that do themselves justice and the photographers infinite credit. We need scarcely mention that the portraits we speak of were taken by Bradley & Rulofson.

The creditors of an absconding Yankee banker found, on opening his safe, that the only thing he had laid up for a rainy day was an umbrella.

There is a great deal in first appearances, although some less candid cares may pretend not to be influenced by or care for such. But, let it be granted that appearances have a weight, and we must look around to see who are best calculated to minister to such a want. For perfection of fit, great attention to the wants and wishes of all customers, and a steady endeavor to keep up their reputation of the first-class tailors, commend us to Messrs. Stallmann & Brüggemann, corner of Montgomery and Clay

The Skye terrier headdress is the latest freak of the fashionable girls in New York City. They will have the distemper as the next fashionable thing.

Charles Warren Stoddard has given birth to another literary litter, entitled "Idyls of the South Seas," or something very like that, at all events. In these Idyls he discourses sweetly enough of the *dolce far niente* of laziness on board the Pacific Isles. Good enough, but for our part we are able to enjoy any variety and stage of pleasure here at home, chiefly the pleasures of good liquors—palaw for cocoanut milk or mango wine—and chief among good liquors that of Gerke Wine, *the* wine of all wine *par excellence* and by gosh

A Waterbury man has christened his daughter Glycerine. He says it will be easy to prefix "Nitro" if her temper resembles her mother's.

It was a monk, we believe, who discovered the blessed healing properties of Peruvian bark, and for this discovery we are most thankful to him. But since then another discovery has been made, totally eclipsing the first. We refer to the discovery of the Pipiñax Bitters. These bitters are of world-wide use, and their discovery is one of deep significance and importance. In the possession of their peculiar properties they stand unrivaled and unapproachable.

A man who rode in the same railway-carriage with a bridle couple fifty miles heard her call him "dear Charles" just 516 times.

At home it is said that the Yorkshire and Cornish people are the most hospitable in the world. Let them come to San Francisco, drive out to the Golden Gate Park and put up at The Villa, and this idea will be modified. Mr. and Mrs. Mangenberg are rapidly earning the name of Prince and Princess of Hosts, a name every one will concede to be rightly applied

We have no patience with the man who goes squinting about here and there, stumbling over this and that, and making a short-sighted nuisance of himself generally, when a pair of Moller's spectacles would set everything right.

Stay, weary traveler, on the dusty San Bruno Road; go no farther than the Six Mile House, for there, good luck, you will find good cheer for man and beast; and Harry Blanken, the stout of heart, the genial caterer

COURT CHAT.

Lord Lytton and Lord Dalling seem to have fared very differently in their way through the world. The first died leaving a handsome fortune, the second left his affairs in a very embarrassed state. The estate of the last mentioned of the two brothers has been realized under the direction of the Court of Chancery, and it turns out that while the debts allowed against the estate amount to nearly £11,000, the assets are under £5,500, so that the dividend will be less than 10s in the pound. This is not a very satisfactory result of a life spent in diplomacy and letters, seeing that Lord Dalling held the best-paid embassies, and must have been handsomely paid for his "Life of Lord Palmerston," if not for his "Historical Characters." Lord Dalling had, however, no idea of living for Lord Dalling, and forgot with great pleasure the feelings of executors who had to administer to an estate encumbered so deeply in debt.

Mr. Lowes Dickinson's portrait of Her Majesty the Queen is the only one of Her Majesty in robes of State painted since her widowhood. Regarded as a work of art it is unquestionably one of the best likenesses ever taken. The face is singularly full of character and expression, and an air of lifelike reality marks the whole figure. Her Majesty is represented as wearing a tiara of diamonds, a necklace of [illegible] stones with a diamond cross, the gift of her late husband, and on her breast, which is girt with the jeweled ribbon of the Garter, the famous Kohinoor diamond. All these accessories are exquisitely treated by the artist. The picture engraves beautifully, coming out clear and bright, with no traces of heaviness in any detail.

The following circular has recently been issued from the British Admiralty: —"Several instances have recently occurred of marriages having been performed on board Her Majesty's ships on foreign stations by the commanding officer, no chaplain or consul being in the neighborhood. As the law officers have given their opinion that marriages so contracted under the circumstances stated above are *not* valid, their lordships are pleased to direct that no marriage shall in future be solemnized on board one of Her Majesty's ships by the commanding officer."

The Shah rather mingles the every-day first and the regal third person style in his dispatches. Here is one of that style: "To his Royal Highness the Grand Duke of Baden—We shall never forget the honor and friendship shown by you at our reception in your country. Now we have returned to our capital [illegible] thought before all of letting you hear from us, hoping that our connection with you will last forever." Forever! That is a long winded dispatch.

A curious anecdote is being related showing the tendency of great minds on solemn occasions. At the time of Mazzini's death he reopened his will and wrote in it, "I open once more my will to order when dead they burn me, and keep my ashes at home. By all the Superna and Inferna Gods, my ashes shall not serve the charlatan Moderates for a drum to beat at fair time."

The hostility of the Duke of Cambridge to officers who write either for the papers is notorious and this is no doubt the origin of a good joke which is going about in military circles that the Duke has taken care to choose for the Ashantee expedition as large a number as possible of officers who write. As going to Ashantee is looked on as almost identical with "going home," the joke is "well found."—*Court Journal.*

The following English officers have accepted retirement on pensions in accordance with the provisions of Her Majesty's Orders in Council, 22d February, 1870, and August 4th, 1873:—Captains.—The Hon. Maurice Horatio Nelson, John Carnegie, Francis Wood, R. G. Cochrane, H. W. Chetwynd. Lieutenants. —Count Eugene G. F. Guidoboni Visconti, the Hon. Harry Vere Pery.

The Sultan contemplates the gift of some handsome horses to his neighbor the Czar. The Sultan has also conferred the Order of the Medjidie upon a number of Austrian public officials engaged in the service of the Austrian Lloyd.

Great sensation was created a few days back at Vienna by the suicide of the Baroness Pino-Friedenthal, an aged member of the aristocracy, the mother of the Governor of the Bukovina. The deceased poisoned herself in a fit of melancholia.

The 2d of December next will be twenty five years since the present Emperor of Austria ascended to the throne. The day will be kept as a voluntary holiday all over the empire. Committees are forming to devise programmes for the various celebrations.

Queen Isabella, at Trouville, in attempting to afford help to her son Prince Alfonso, who was in some danger of drowning, was herself carried away, and would have been lost if one of the bathing men had not saved her.

The death of Lieutenant-General Lord Howden, G. C. B., K. H., is announced. No great loss will be caused by the noble lord's demise, as he had retired some years from the service.

The Comte de Chambord has given orders to an eminent horse dealer to purchase the horses and gala carriages rendered necessary to celebrate the restoration within two months.

Many mansions of the French aristocracy in the Faubourg St. Germain at Paris, which have not been occupied this long time, are now being restored and refurnished.

Captain Henry Fairfax has been appointed private secretary to the First Lord of the Admiralty, in the place of Captain Tryon, C. B., resigned.

From Paris the death is announced of Count Flavigny, President of the Society for the Relief of the Sick and Wounded.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Monday, November 3d, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Red Bluff and Portland (O.), Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A.M. (daily) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P.M. (daily), San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland) stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) to Stockton only, connecting at Lathrop with Express Train for Merced, Visalia, Delano, and Los Angeles.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Pacific Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P.M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND AND ALAMEDA FERRY

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO OAKLAND.—"Daily"—7:00, [illegible] and 10:00 A.M., [illegible] 5:20, 6:30 [illegible] and 11:30 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible] P.M. "Sundays only"—10:30 and 11:30 A.M.; 12:30 and 1:30 P.M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO ALAMEDA.—"Daily"—7:00, [illegible] 2:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00 and 10:30 P.M. "Sundays only" 11:30 A.M., and 1:30 P.M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO FRUIT VALE.—"Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible] 5:00 and [illegible] P.M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO BROOKLYN.—"Daily"—[illegible] P.M. "Daily, except Sundays" [illegible] A.M. and [illegible] P.M. "Sundays only"—9:00, 11:00 A.M., and 12:00 P.M.

FROM BROOKLYN TO SAN FRANCISCO.—"Daily"—[illegible] 7:50, 9:00 and 10:00 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible] A.M. Sundays only [illegible] A.M. and [illegible] P.M.

FROM ALAMEDA TO SAN FRANCISCO.—"Daily"—[illegible] and 7:00 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays —[illegible] A.M., and 1:30 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:00, 11:30 A.M.; 12:30 and 1:00 P.M.

FROM FRUIT VALE TO SAN FRANCISCO.—"Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible] A.M., [illegible] and [illegible] P.M.

FROM OAKLAND TO SAN FRANCISCO.—"Daily"—[illegible] 10:50 and [illegible] P.M. "Daily, except Sundays" [illegible] A.M., and 1.00 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:20 and 11:20 A.M., 12:20, 1:20 and 1:50 P.M.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, Gen. Superintendent. [illegible]

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South		Through Train.	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—				
San Francisco		8 40 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11 10 a m	5 0 p m	7:40 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12 4[illegible] p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	1:35 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2 [illegible] p m		
Salinas	Arrive	2 [illegible] p m		
Soledad	Arrive	4 2[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	[illegible] p m		

Trains North	San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave			
Tres Pinos			[illegible] a m
Hollister			11 [illegible] a m
Soledad			[illegible]
Salinas			11 [illegible] a m
Castroville			[illegible]
Pajaro			12 [illegible] p m
Gilroy			[illegible] p m
San Jose	†[illegible] a m	[illegible] 0 a m	[illegible] p m
San Francisco Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9:30 a.m. Returning, will leave San Jose at 5:30 p.m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at [illegible] a m, arrive at San Francisco [illegible].

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco [illegible] arrive at San Francisco at 11 [illegible] a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen. Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] and [illegible] P.M.; Saucelito at 7:30 and 9:30 A.M., 2:30 and 5 P.M. On Saturday, from Saucelito [illegible] and [illegible] P.M. On Monday [illegible] from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] A.M. SUNDAY TIME: Leave San Francisco [illegible] and [illegible] P.M.; Leave Saucelito [illegible] A.M., [illegible] P.M.

April 7. [illegible], President. [illegible] Montgomery street.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive, For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, [illegible] street.

March 23.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and [illegible] to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, [illegible] Wood Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest ash and hickory wood, and iron with [illegible] iron on latest built buggies. The case with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, headed wagons, freight wagons, baggage wagons, and business, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the best material and workmanship. Parties desiring [illegible] are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Folsom street cars pass both within [illegible] of the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringers on the patents of the company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 29.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

**Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 5, 1873, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 A.M. Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Healdsburg. W. H. TAYLOR, President.

Nov. 29. [illegible] Co.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving all other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Kearsley's are the only genuine; the box is wrapped in white paper, and has G. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for freckles, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles [illegible] Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS, 150 Oxford st., London.

July 26.

BREAKFAST. -EPPS'S COCOA —GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labelled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Druggists' Sundries, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly [illegible]. BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE, 16 Coleman st., London.

July 11.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.—The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable warming at taste [illegible] the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It [illegible] flavor is [illegible]. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 22.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc. and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries at [illegible] Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on receipt of business Card. April 5.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. N. Herbert, Secretary, Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Peunie, F. M. Tenant, H. Tracy, [illegible] W. Herbert, J. W. Mehrmann, J. L. Langton, [illegible] Meyer [illegible] HALLEY & BROWN, Agent. Office [illegible] Montgomery street [illegible] Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 11.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 21, 1873, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco [illegible] A.M., 1:30 p.m., [illegible]. San Rafael, [illegible] a.m., 11.15 a.m., 2:30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leave San Francisco at 10:00 a.m., 3:00 p.m.; San Rafael, 6:00 a.m. [illegible] p.m. W. H. TAYLOR, President.

Aug. [illegible] [illegible] Co.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

- POLICE COURT—City Hall Build'g.
- JUSTICES—50 Montgomery St.
- COUNTY—City Hall
- PROBATE—City Hall
- THIRD DISTRICT—Mechanics Institute Building
- FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall
- TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
- FIFTEENTH DISTRICT 715 Montgomery street
- NINETEENTH DISTRICT—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal
- DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
- CITY AND CO. ATTY—City Hall.
- POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall
- GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
- SHERIFF—City Hall
- PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—430 California street
- CITY PHYSICIAN—Co'nty Hospital.
- CORONER—[illegible] street
- CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street
- COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants' Exchange.
- ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Haywards Building
- POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets
- CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street [illegible]
- MAYOR—City Hall
- BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall
- CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall
- TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall
- SUPT. STREETS—City Hall.
- ASSESSOR—City Hall
- COUNTY CLERK—City Hall
- FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place
- RECORDER—City Hall.
- SUPT. PUB. SCHOOLS—City Hall.
- STATION HOUSE—City Hall
- AUDITOR—City Hall
- TREASURER—City Hall
- HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets
- FIRE DEPARTMENT—23 Kearny.
- LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
- INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
- SURVEYOR—City Hall
- HEALTH OFFICE—[illegible] Geary st
- CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall
- POUND KEEPER—Pine street, bet Pierce and Scott
- QUARANTINE—Jackson st
- HARBOR MASTER—Corner Pacific and East
- BANK OF POLICE—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street; Messageries Maritimes (head office), Paris; [illegible] street; Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co. [illegible]; Hongkong and China Gas Company, [illegible] Jewry [illegible]; J. C. Waldock, Secretary; Singapore [illegible] Mary Axe, [illegible] Secretary; Pacific Saw Mills, [illegible] street; [illegible] agents, [illegible] St. Swithin's Lane; Singapore [illegible] Steam Saw Mills Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. agents, 31 St. Swithin's Lane; [illegible] Dock [illegible] Square; Hongkong and Whampoa Dock [illegible] agents, Crosby [illegible] Square; China Insurance Co., 3 Cornhill; J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary; Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co., [illegible] Lombard street; [illegible] Yard, Moorgate street; [illegible] Hongkong Fire Insurance [illegible] Austinfriars; China Traders Insurance Co. [illegible] Hongkong [illegible] agents, 31 Great St. Helens [illegible] and Japan Marine Insurance Co. [illegible] agents, [illegible] Moorgate street; Ceylon Co. [illegible] Hongkong [illegible] Cameron, Sec'y; Borneo Co. 7 Mincing Lane, Wm. Martin, Manager; Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (limited) of Singapore, Mactaggart, Tidman & Co. ag'ts, 34 Great St. Helens. BANKS—Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street; J. Thompson, Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, [illegible] street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager; Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, [illegible] street; Deutsche Bank [illegible]; [illegible] National Provincial Bank of England, [illegible] street, Within; German Bank of London, [illegible] Lane, Lothbury; [illegible] Bank; Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 31 Lombard street; National Bank of India, R. O. Sawers, Chief Manager, 40 King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending November 1, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, October 27th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Savings & Loan Soc to L Goodwin	Sundry properties in south portion city	$ 1
L Brand to D V T Koogmanschap	Lot 16 blk 53 Bay Pk Hd	400
Mas Cem Ass'n to L H Larrabee	Lot 5 sec 20 in Addition to Masonic Cem	162
Paul Tract Hd Ass'n to L Sturner	Lot 7 blk 23 Paul Tract Hd	600
C Reynolds to John J Perkins	Lot 13 blk 763 S S P H d and R R Ass'n	2,500
Laurel Hill Cem Asn to B F Hardy	Lot 2119, Laurel Hill Cemetery	1 3
Wm H Swain to John Piggott	Se Sanchez and Vale, s 56.6 x e 100	800
Harrison St H Ass'n to F Cashell	Lot 60 blk 142 Harrison St Homestead	800
Wm B Carr to A A Louderback	Ne Eddy and Leavenworth, 137 6x137 6	2,000
Adolph Unger to Anna Bermann	S Bay e Mason, 22.11x60	350
A B McCreery to Saml W Holladay	Nw Scott and Fulton, 275x137 6	1
Hib Cath Cem to B Murphy	Nw Clary sw 5th, sw 25x80	8
L Hase to Jeanne Richelt	N Jackson w Stockton 25x62:6	4,800
F J C Lavillan to Peter R Schmidt	N Pine w Van Ness Ave, 30x137 6	10
Isaac Lankershim to same	Same	3,000
City and Co of S F to C E Elroad	Nw Hyde and Pine, 60x112 6	...
Same to Wm Davis	N Pine e Hyde, 77 6x112 6	...
Same Hering to F M Eckert	S Washington w Hyde, 27 6x102 6	2,000
John Lueddeling to A B McCreery	Und vid of 50-vara lot 6 blk 420, W A.	10
John Morton to same	Same of blk 450	10
A B McCreery to C L Pease et al	Undivided half of 50-vara 5 blk 530 W A	...
F P Heeley to George Brown	Se Tyler and Broderick, 137 6x137 6	1,000
Jos S Friedman to same	Sundry lots in Western Addition	5

Tuesday, October 28th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
John Sullivan to James U Cary	50-v 1 blk 470, W A also 50-v 4 blk 418	$ 1
F B A[illegible] to John H Turney	N Bush e Laguna, 70x137 6 also nw Waseand Clay, n 127:6x137:6, being subdivision W A 514	5,000
Chas C Butler to same	N Bush e Laguna, e l ft x e 137:6	100
H H Lawrence to Catherine Koch	Se Polk and Fern Ave [illegible]	15,500
Geo Hearn to A B McCreery	S McAllister w Broderick, 68:9x137:6	10
Same to same	Subdivision W A 521	10
Gottlieb Haser to Michael O'Brien	Sw Fine and Buchanan, 75x80	825
Dennis E Boran to Wm Johnston	Sw Mission Howard 25x75	800
Casper T Hopkins to E Merrifield	E corner Folsom and 11th, se 132, ne etc	10
Jas P McIntosh to A M Schrekkert	Sw Garden se Harrison, 25x75	1,500
Sam to Henry Boer	Sw Garden se Harrison, 25x75	1,700
S W Holladay to A B McCreery	Se Devisadero and McAllister, 412x137 6 and W A 449; also, a Fulton 175 w of Scott, w 150, a 137 6, e 100 n 137 to com	5
E Ross to Leonard M Felker	E Mason e Greenwich, s 17 inches, etc	350
Sav and Loan Soc to A Lemaire	Sw Tehama, sw 7th, 50x75	5,250
B W Burr to Sav & L Society	Same	5,100
Silver Ter H'd Ass'n to H Schulte	Lots 180 and 181, Silver Terrace H'd	751
Same to Fred'k Hagemann, Jr	Lots 44, 46, 177, 178, 179	2,064
Same to Fred'k Hagemann	8 Lots	3,366
Same to same	Lots 77, 78, 99, 129, 140, 163, 164, 165 to 171 inclusive, 264 to 268 inc, 251, 252, 411, 412, 415, 450 to 454 inclu, Sil Ter H	11,440
Timothy Ellsworth to Isaac P Frink	S Market e Stuart, 117:6	1,000

Wednesday, October 29th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
A B McCreery to George Brown	Lot bounded by Fulton, Baker, etc	$ 10
Same to same	N Fulton w Broderick, 75x137 6	10
Silver Terrace H Ass'n to C J Flatt	Sundry lots Silver Ter Hd	500
John Grant to H Bingold	Se Ferry ne 3d, ne 25x75—sub 100-v 77	1,650
Geo F Sharp to Henry C Downing	50-v 1 blk 364, W A, nw McAllister and Fillmore	1
Jergen Chrisenson to G Pistolesi	N Union e Dupont, 20x77:6	3,000
W Hanscom to Abbie P Hanscom	N O'Farrell w Leavenworth, 137:6x25	Gift.
Nancy M Farwell to F M Farwell	Blk bounded by Larkin, Beach, Hyde and North Point Streets; blk bounded by Larkin, Beach, Hyde and Jefferson; also sw Beach and Larkin, e 137:6 x w 68:9, also w Beach & Larkin, 275x68:9	5,000
Wm Hollis to Thos O. Nye	N. Devisadero and Tyler, 30x100	5,150
Nathaniel Gray to E W Playter	Nw Bush and Octavia, 120x100	1
E W Playter to Wm Hollis	Same, subject to mortgage for $3,000	0,000
Francis D Cleary to Pat Cleary	E Howard, [illegible] 27th, e 97 6 x e 115	10 [illegible]
Pat Cleary to Francis D Cleary	S Howard [illegible] 27th [illegible] 115	10 [illegible]
Chas E Broad to Chas Broad	S Bush w Hyde, w 137 6x137 6	1 [illegible]

Thursday, October 30th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Hib Sav and Loan Soc to W Meyer	Ne 11th, 100 se Howard, 23 4x70	$1,[illegible]
A J Bowie to same	Same	1,575
Thos Martin to Michael Gannon	Re-recorded	....
Silver Ter Hd Assn to C Stedman	Five lots in Silver Ter Hd	130
E B Ragsdale to B J Shay	E Howard n 13th, n 75, e 131 8, s 60, etc	8,[illegible]
Jacob Heinen to Alice McInerney	Five lots in Gift Map 1	400
John O Brien to J T Brien	Nw Mission nw 1st, 58x26 and one half a Clementina s 4th, s 80, nw 80	0,000
H T S[illegible] to J D Saunders	N Sutter and Dupont, n 60x37 6	70,000
John H Saunders to Same	Same	5,000
B J Shay to John Claffey	Se Howard ne 13th, being sub M B 16	3,000
Isaac [illegible] to [illegible]	Lot 15 blk 121, Central Park Hd	770
Geary St Ex [illegible] to [illegible] A Forsyth	Lot 41 blk 21	350
J P [illegible] to A Bernard	[illegible] W A blk 131	1,100
Jas H Hesse to Albert Voltino	Potrero Nuevo blk 140	7,000

Friday, October 31st

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Thos McInerney to Cath Miller	[illegible] Road, sub lot 76, P Val	$ 310
Sil Ter H'd Ass'n to Cath Strobel	Lots 462 and 463, Silver Ter Hd	801
Chas Mayne to Gustav A Scott	S Grove w Laguna, 25x120	9,000
L Lercari to Giuseppe Spinetta	[illegible] Powell, 22.11x137 6	863
A S Hallidie to G Mitchler	N Sacramento w Jones, [illegible]	270
J Schwendell to Mary A Chaloner	E Kearny [illegible] Union, 12 x 60	1,000
Ferdinand Reis to Geo Dougherty	Se Mission and Napa, 100x1 0	10
Paul Roussel to W D Heath	E 18th s C st, 133:4x240, O L B k 292	200
Henry Woods to Louisa R W[illegible]	S Eddy e Devisadero, 77 6x137 6	Gift
Tid Tide Ld Comm'rs to R R Rogers	Sundry lots Salt Marsh and Tide Lands	8,000
John Connolly to Jas McEnding	S Howard sw 8th, 25x85	2,500
W C Burnett to J T Callender	N O Farrell e Devisadero, 25x137 6	1
Edward H Ferris to John Colder	E Harrison n 21st, n 5x100	1,000
James S Welton to Chas Main	Ne Sacramento and Buchanan, 275x412:6	3,000
A Carman to Chas F Meyer	Se Clary ne 10:10x75	2,525
J H Hill to Wm R Sloan	Lot 6 Central Par H'd Ass'n	330
Ira M Wentworth to B H Yates	Turk e Devise, 27 6x117 6	4,000
C S Capp to Died'rich W Tietjen	Union e Stockton, 35.0x68.9; also, all int in remaining por of said 50-vara	2,330

Saturday, November 1st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
S F Savings Union to Chas Rock	N Greenwich, 257:9 e Dupont, 17 9x70	$1,950
Carsten Hellebrandt to H Goetze	Ne Montgomery and Union, 87 6x23	5,025
Geo Brown to August Drucker	S Fulton w Broderick, 40x137 6	550
Neylan F Foster to G R Starr	S Geary w Octavia, 31 8x120	2,700
Michael Gannon to Rodger Shields	W Rich s Folsom, 25x75	2,900
Lewis P Sage to Wm E Neumeyer	Nw Green and Baker, sub blk 573, Cem P'k Homestead	1,000
Chas J Jansen to E W McGraw	N 21st e Guerrero, 50x115	5
Samuel McHenry to same	Same	6,000
J W Harrison to Alex R Baldwin	Sundry lots in Western Addition	20
Wm Hogg to M A Anderson	E Guerrero n Ridley, 25x90	3,000
Amelia A Brown to B B Newman	S Clark w Drum, w 77 6x60; also, w of Hubbard, 112:6 s Howard, w 112:6x92 6	5,000
Garden T'ct H Ass'n to W Johnson	Lots 3 and 10, blk 1, Garden Tract H d	700
John G Beck to G W Chapman	Lot 29, Mission H'd	1,800
Marcus Abrams to J Atkinson	Market sw 6th, 25x90	13,000
David O'Brien to Pat'k Moran	Sanchez n Henry, 25x105	400
University Ex H Ass'n to G Gayther	Lot 6 blk 171, University Ex H d	400
F Barques to Marcus Abrams	Market sw 6th, 25x90	12,500
Harrison St Hd Ass'n to S & L Socy	Lot 65, Harrison St H d	800
City and County S F to L Smith	Solano w Tennessee, 50x200	prem
M W Welton to David Conkling	Laguna n Post, 25x102 11	200

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR	CLOSE A M	CLOSE P M	ARRIVE A M	ARRIVE P M
* Sundays excepted.				
Alameda	6 30			9 00
Antioch, Black Diamond, etc		1 10		12 10
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co's steamers)		3 15		9 00
Cloverdale and Coast Points		3 15	0 [illegible]	
Eureka		1 [illegible]	12 00	
Napa Benicia via Vallejo		3 4[illegible]	12 [illegible]	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 30			2 00
Oakland	6 30	3 40		1 00 / 9 00
Overland	6 30			9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points		1 15		12 30
Sacramento via Vallejo	7 15	3 40		12 40 / 8 40
San Rafael	9 1[illegible]		9 00	
San Jose	7 [illegible]	4 10	9 30	6 00
Southern California and Arizona	[illegible]			6 00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 [illegible]	3 40	1 [illegible]	9 10
Vallejo and Benicia	[illegible] 15	3 4[illegible]	12 40	9 00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		3 4[illegible]		3 10
Great Britain Monday and Thursday		[illegible] 00		

MAILS DISPATCHED by foreign steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. daily, except Sundays. N. B. STONE, P. M.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast industries of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every exhibitor of every foot of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 3d. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 6.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares; Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc.; Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland [illegible] on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F. Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

TAXES! TAXES!—1873-74.

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Assessment Book of the Taxable Property of the City and County of San Francisco (REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY) for the Fiscal Year 1873-74 has this day been received, that the State, City and County Taxes for said Fiscal Year are now due and payable at the office of the undersigned (Room No. 1 City Hall), and that the taxes in regard to their collection will be strictly enforced. Taxes will be [illegible] on the FIRST MONDAY in January, 1874, and unless paid prior thereto, five per cent. will be added to the amount thereof. A. AUSTIN, Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

Nov. 1.

FOR SALE.

Property 137 feet on California st., between Sansome and Battery. Also, 24 feet on Battery street, between Halleck and Sacramento. Also 125 feet on Sacramento street, between Battery and Sansome. Also, [illegible] feet [illegible] east corner Sansome and Sacramento streets. Also, [illegible] feet southwest corner Sansome and Sacramento streets. Also [illegible] vara Lot on Telegraph Hill. Also, 50 acres improved Lands East Oakland. Any part of this property will be sold on easy terms, to suit purchasers. [Nov 1.] L. MAYNARD.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general Brewing and Malting business, under the firm name and style of MERRIFIELD & ROSLNER. Office and Brewery, corner of Eleventh and Folsom streets, San Francisco. E. MERRIFIELD, LEVI ROSLNER.

San Francisco, October 1, 1873. [Nov. 1.]

DESIRABLE CITY RESIDENCE PROPERTY FOR SALE

Unimproved 50-vara Lot north side California st., between Jones and Leavenworth streets. Also, unimproved 50-vara Lot northeast corner Jackson and Steiner streets. Inquire of JOS. W. JORDAN, S. E. corner Clay and Front streets, San Francisco.

Nov. 1.

ADAMANTINE CANDLES

1,000 boxes Schaeffer's 14 oz. Adamantines. 7,000 bxs Emery's 12 oz. Adamantines. [illegible] Emery's 11 oz. Adamantines. In store and for sale by [Nov. 1.] WM. T. COLEMAN & CO.

PETER SHORT,

Merchant Tailor, No. 613, N. W. corner Montgomery and Merchant streets, San Francisco. Nov. 1.

THE INDUSTRY OF RELIGION.

A village maiden of Judea, some eighteen hundred years ago, became enciente. She married a good, honest carpenter, and in explanation of the round ton and the innocent purity of her virgin life, charged the paternity of her child to the Invisible. People believed in the immaculate conception. The boy grew up to the carpenter's trade. Upon the revival of the story, as he advanced in years, the father and mother confessed to him his miraculous birth and he conceived himself the son of God. Among the ignorant of his village, and the country round about, this story raised credence, and this idea found he lovers. Pure in life, a preaching a morality in contrast with the evils of the time, endeavoring to reform the errors of the Jewish belief, and attempting to correct some of the abuses of the worship, he gained so great a following as to attract the attention of the Roman authorities, and he was executed according to the then custom, upon the cross. Thus was laid the foundation of a new church and a new belief. Paganism had been found out and its priests detected. It was old and corrupt, and it fell to pieces from the accumulated weight of its errors and the absurd pretensions of its ministers. The new religion took its place; young priests pushed over the trembling old ones, new altars were built upon the ruins of the old, new temples were built of the stolen material of the old, new gods usurped the place of the old gods, and a new testament was grafted in upon the old one. New dogmas took the place of old ones, miracles were substituted for old traditions, and a new belief established in it against old superstition. Rome was the capital of the world, so Rome became the seat of the new religion. The head of the church became the civil monarch. Spiritual affairs were above the civil, so the Pope was above Kings. The ecclesiastical law came from God, civil law from man, so the ecclesiastical governed. The Pope was (and is) a Vicegerent on earth, and had a right to dictate to Emperors, Kings and Magistrates. Believers in the Pope and in the religion of Rome owed an allegiance to the church superior to that due their magistrates or laws of their own country. Hence civil conflicts and civil wars, hence wars of dynasties and successions. Henry VIII wanted more wives and oftener than the Pope would allow, hence Henry became Pope of England and made himself the head of a church. The Queen of Scots was Catholic, and Elizabeth was not, hence Mary was intended for Queen of England and Scotland. Charles IX would please the Pope and the Queen Mother, hence the massacre of St. Bartholomew. The King of Spain was a loyal son of the church, hence Alva and his massacres in the Netherlands. So long as the church had the ascendancy, the devil was happy. War, murder, rapine and chaos existed throughout the world. The found faith of the church was in prurience and a superstitious belief in the absurd story of the Judean maiden, and it is doubtful if her son had the consciousness and cramped the intellect of the world. Upon this ridiculous romance, at which the intelligent world now laughs, a powerful sect established and have maintained a religion, and even down to the present time women and children believe in it. Occasionally a full grown man, apparently sincere, and otherwise seeming to possess common sense, affects to assert belief. Even yet there is a Pope in Rome, and he is said to be the lineal descendant of a former incumbent, claiming the seat of Peter a Prince from the Lord, and the Creator of this poor old man keeps up his state of church and palace and cardinals and priests and monks. Even yet claims not to be the Holy Vicar, feels a Vicegerent, but in the dark ages he puts forth a new claim, viz. that of Infallibility, and all his priests and women and children affect to believe in it. He only performed miracles to be performed and pilgrimages to be made to forty thousand shrines. The sick are cured and the lame are made sound, and our friend Mr. Wolcott says he is made to play the stale old exploded trick of the stigmata, and oh, bleeding in hands and bosom, and palms and soles of feet, and the bloody farce is witnessed in San Francisco by good men and women. A religious war now rages in Spain, a civil war is now in progress in France, and one in Italy and Germany. We say religious war, because if there was no Pope and no church and every boy priest had to earn his living by work instead of practicing upon the fears of the ignorant and the credulity of the idiots, there would be no wars. Don Carlos and the Duke of Chambord and the Bishops of Germany would be harmless enough, and the Pope of Rome would be a loved quietly to die in the sulkan, and let blame fall upon the keys of St. Peter, and there would be peace on earth. This industry of religion is a shameless sham. The bible and each one of the tenets of its concepts, resurrection, redemption, the dogmas of the church, the special idea of a future state, is an absolute nonentity, to say the least, in order to give the preachers a life of indolence. No intelligent man pretends to believe in it. San Francisco is full of churches, priests and preachers, and each endeavors to outvie the other. The Catholic church in San Francisco has an idea of property, and yet, except the Orphan Asylum, it is not a Catholic charity in the town, with all their wealth there is not one dollar for the sick or the destitute. There is not a Catholic lost million where a poor old sick man or woman can find shelter or care. Hence we denounce the whole thing as a sham and a pretense, as a selfish industry, the ruin of and only protected which is its support. Hell and lazy priesthood. Protestants are just as bad as Catholics. In both churches there is here and there an earnest, unprejudiced feel which thinks he has a religious service, but the great mass and bulk of the whole thing is one from wicked. We look around among the preachers and we see them fat and jolly, and yet we hear in a sermon of trouble. Our last trial now at Oakland illustrates the fleshly, for he is a Protestant. Another is getting drunk around San Francisco, and he is a Catholic. We find the men with the cassock in a dangerous one to deal with. We turn the key in the church and we quickly take up our pockets when a business man comes around who wants to join. We go into some of the churches, and we believe he is cloak or blinder for the noise of reality, and we say some of the gems in particular business circles. The free school houses and the free press is the sure remedy for all this. If there was a pedagogue in every hamlet in Europe who should teach the child to read and a *News Letter* put in every family, the whole power of the Catholic hierarchy, the subtlety of all the Jesuits, the combined influence of all the Clergy, of Ecclesiastical Courts, Evangelical Alliances, would be found too feeble to resist the influence of intelligence and free thought. A generation of educated people allow the freedom of discussion, and all the fables of this region of the son of the virgin maiden of Judea, would be as much a thing of the past as is now the mythology of the Greeks.

POOR BULLETIN! POOR DEACON! POOR DEVIL!

The once pulsant Bulletin wakes feebly querulous in its old age, as its strength decays and its troubles multiply. No old woman still fed with the "hippo" was ever more uncontrollably lachrymose than Deacon Fitch's ewer organ has become in the long days. Degenerated into a chronic grumbler, to whom existence has become a bore, and the grave longed for a boulevard, it views all sublunary things with a jaundiced eye and in violation of spirit because the times are out of joint, and the *Bulletin* is no longer a power in the land. Not that the Board of Supervisors pay the Bulletin the respect in passed last Monday evening by the Board of Supervisors prohibiting the corporation advertising, shall be done by three newspapers, one being the official paper, and the other two a morning and evening paper *having the largest circulation*. Our friend feels contemptuously grows hysterical over this very just and proper resolution, and sends the Board with the decrepit lady of a superannuated bedame "Get a job," she cries the excited lady, with her cap awry, as her nerves are shattered. Get a job! Is and of supervisors, here is the offer of $20 00, or more, if I turn up on the affidavit, the deepest and darkest publicity. The Job covered up by the resolution is a scandalous one! It is a job to more desperate and consequence than newspaper job there! Such are the incoherent ravings of the crazed author of the exciting press. It is not difficult to understand why the paper sign vanes larks which has given rise to the old adage, jolt-a-head, Bulletin. The Bulletin to be found on the chase order of the printing, to be given to a morning and evening newspaper having the largest circulation! The *Bulletin* dare not go into competition, lest the box of circulation should be exposed. *How little lackeyism! Fawning quintessence Bulletinism!* By retaining to one friend and compliments for advertising, the Bulletin will incline to the decline of the evening organ to go to and perish. But as he knows perfectly well that the actual circulation of the paper has dwindled until it has become insignificant, he cannot enter the arena as a competitor. He is an awkward fellow really deserving an honest out spin, after, it is unnecessary to say, are with the Deacon. But we see no hope for him. The case is desperate.

"ONLY A WOMAN'S HAIR."

After Dean Swift's Death, there was found in his desk a paper containing a lock of hair, jewelled dead Stella's—with the legend, "Only a Woman's Hair."

Relic of by-gone love,
Precious as flake of pure;
Free as you waxed above,
Beauty that vanquished lore.
Dearer than sun gold,
Brighter than jewels rare,
Treasured from days of old—
"Only a woman's hair!"

Earnest of plighted troth,
Broken, but precious still;
Fragile as woman's wrath,
Help-less as woman's will.
Cherished in secret long,
Hidden with loving care,
Subject of many a song—
"Only a woman's hair!"

Relic of lovelit days,
Poem that never palls;
Only the warmest rays
Truly thy tints calls.
Faded thy growth, gold,
Vanished the sunlight rare;
Dearly 'twas bought and sold—
"Only a woman's hair!"

A SENSELESS CLAMOR—THE MINT SCANDAL.

The San Francisco daily papers seem to have degenerated into the basest and most reckless kind of scandal mongers. Under the lead and example of the only live paper, they have gradually sunk to the disgusting position of hawks and pimps to the lecherous lust-prurient-minded lovers of obscene sensation. The latest exploit has been an outrageous attack upon Gen. Ketcham, Superintendent of the San Francisco Branch Mint. The antecedents of this amiable gentleman are not to the initiated. Ever since entering upon the duties of his office, the Superintendent has been beleagured by a hungry throng of applicants for position in the Mint, who possessed no qualifications to justify their appointment. By his refusal to comply with the demands of these importunate beggars, Gen. Ketcham has created a host of raisons as enemies. These, cooperating with certain discharged officials, who, when they held position in the Mint, aspired to run the entire institution, have recently raised a batch of old and exploded charges against the Superintendent, and they are now clamoring for him to "come out and disprove the accusations." In the newspapers. We suspect that he has too much sense and self respect to attempt anything of the kind. His defence, when a defence becomes necessary, will be made before the proper tribunal, and not before the mass meetings and blackguard accusers who, having first invented these charges, would now modestly constitute themselves an impartial and dispassionate judge and jury to try them. The Superintendent has in our judgment, done well in not initiating the President's secret service, and giving no heed to the clamor of his irresponsible and unbridled assailants. We predict that he will inflexibly persevere in this course, and old-fashioned Americans will be ready to prove himself innocent, at least until something specific and tangible in the way of evidence is adduced against him. No man who wears the valuable ear can afford to waste any portion of his time in combating vague rumors and anonymous slanders. Besides it would be an act of disrespect to the Superintendent's official superiors for him to notice these charges before they are presented in an authentic shape. When they are so presented at Washington a formal investigation will be instituted, and then they will be promptly, not and satisfactorily disposed of. Meanwhile the Superintendent will preserve his equanimity unruffled by the yelping of the pack of curs who are making such an unmeaning hubbub.

OUR NOTABILIA.

The English Standard, one of the principal bulwarks of a Conservative constituency, and a paper with a daily circulation of over a hundred thousand, has an evident appreciation of the advantages of the art of advertising, as witness the following, which we cut from its columns. This, not only one of scores of evidences we constantly receive that our *Notabilia*, by their novelty and wit, attract wide attention. "How much farther the art of advertising can be carried must be left for decision to the inventive powers of the San Francisco *News Letter*, which is far ahead of all other publications at present. Leaders of London papers are occasionally startled by a something which looks like a gross gaff until a parenthesis and explains the matter, but the 'Frisco' paper goes to the extreme verge of delicacy. The dexterous manner in which the reader is led through a line or two before quite the *entire joke* suddenly breaks in upon him is sublime. The recent rage for bulletins is of course a blot sight of by us, unless advertisers. Students of this paper are told that 'The Graphic Balloon, the monster of the world, has burst. Professors Wise and Donaldson are disconsolate, and are seen sitting for hours in seeking pensive and wrapped in melancholy study, at times exclaiming in most piteous accents, 'Up in a balloon, boys!' Wise is an old man, and fears that by the time the next is made he may have paid off his debts, Donaldson is younger and more hopeful. However, let no one put our trust in his. Don't stop on earth and buy lately used furniture from N. P. Cole. It never bursts! A little more, too, is attractive, and easily paid. 'We, well,' said Dublin to his own little sweetheart Mary, 'so you say that the doctor says you are to take tonics to keep your strength up, take my advice and drink all the stuff in the family trash. 'Tis what we did you have me talk.' Asked Mary blushingly with brown modestly in the dining room question John 'You can obtain every day to the Saddle Rock in Pine street, and have a plate of oysters, you know.' Well, I think, by interspersed amongst similar notices quaint *facetiæ* find a home, will now and then an effort of the muse

"Oh, give me those worth's photographs,
So lifelike and so sweet,
All taken at his gorgeous place,
At 12 Montgomery street."

Homeworth might almost have said as much in prose perhaps, but no one would be rash enough to hint that a 'Frisco' advertiser does not know what is best for his own shop."

SENATOR CASSERLY'S WILL.

We have been favored with a copy of this celebrated statesman's will, which has been pronounced by legal friends fully equal in logic, sound in law, and of a natural moral tone, I'd make this my last Will and Testament.

First. My political virtue I give to Dr. Sharp in trust for the benefit of the Democratic poor.

Item. I bequeath to my post captaincy to the *Examiner*, to be used as a sink or fund when the city and county printing shall be given to another.

Item. I give all and single my law library to Col. Barnes, as a slight token of my appreciation of unpaid check.

Item. A debt due me for services rendered in my official capacity, by any corporations, corporation or individual, and which I failed to collect in advance, I devise to the Hall of Justice in Assessor.

Item. I give my family jewels to Bishop Kip, as a reward for his laudable zeal in remembering his ancestors to the exclusion of his successors.

Item. My mantle of mantle I freely give to any one, who, Elisha-like, stands and raises it up.

Item. I bequeath my will, genius, and ability, unreserved, to the Democratic Committee in San Francisco, but not to be used until I am no more.

Item. I direct all my earnings upon the High School Investigating Committee, who is the most known part, to be honestly in California. The second to a policeman who can never be found on his beat, the third an apostate clergyman of good character, the fourth a ward politician who never told the truth, the fifth the editor of a "live" paper, and the sixth the *News Letter* man, whom it is my desire to punish.

I do also appoint Governor Booth my executor without bonds.

Sunrise Harris has been captured and the *Bell* has paid the reward of $400—which was the moving power of his capture—like a man, and an honorable one at that.

NEW BOOKS
—OF—
THE WEEK.

Songs of the Sun Lands. By Joaquin Miller. 16mo, cloth.
Silver and Gold. By Rossiter W. Raymond. 16mo, cloth.
A Wonderful Woman. A Novel. By Mrs. Agnes Fleming. 12mo, cloth.
The Land of Noah. By H. B. Stram, M.A., Cantab., Sec. C.
The Three Midshipmen. A Story for Boys. By W. H. G. Kingston. 12mo, cloth.
Workshop Receipts. By Ernest Spon. 12mo, cloth.
The School Stage. By W. H. Venable. 12mo, cloth.
Harpie Dan and Other People. By J. B. Aldrich. 12mo, cloth.
Miss Dorothy's Charge. By the author of "Miss Van Kortland." Illustrated and in Christmas Considered as a Series. By Geo. Harris. 12mo, cloth.

A. ROMAN & CO.,
Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers.
11 Montgomery st., Lick House Block.

JOUVIN
GLOVES.

None genuine unless one of each pair bears the TRADE MARK of Original Inventor and Patentee, with date of patent, 1854,

Veuve Xavier Jouvin & Cie,
PARIS & GRENOBLE.

AUPHY, GRANT & CO.,
Sole Agents for Pacific Coast,
San Francisco.
Sept 20.

A. P. NYE. T. N. ACHESON.

NYE & ACHESON,
IMPORTERS OF
GAS FIXTURES,
313 and 317 Pine st.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
Oct 11.

NOTICE.
Charles J. Collins,
Pioneer Hatter,
Under Odd Fellows' Hall,
Guarantees the Highest Satisfaction to his Patrons.
No 321 Montgomery street.
Oct 25

HEALD'S
BUSINESS COLLEGE,
24 Post st., San Francisco.

THE ONLY THOROUGH BUSINESS College on the Coast. Young Men and Ladies should see it and investigate. HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Sessions and evening throughout the year. Sent free. Address P. HEALD, President Business College, San Francisco.
Aug. 1

DR. ABORN,
Oculist Aurist etc. Office and Lateral O. 213 Geary street, ab. ve stock Exchange, Sits Union Square. April 26.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier." "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil sir, with you."

Satire should like a polished razor keen
Wound with a touch that's scarcely felt or seen.

Oh Heaven! that such companions thou'dst unfold,
And put in every honest hand a whip
To lash the rascal naked through the world,
Even from the East to the West.—OTHELLO, ACT IV, SCENE I.

WIDMUNG.

A mamere porssamas glancopes Athene der wunderschoenen hras goddess Sapientiae et reliquiis certelli d' on fod.

Lio schreiben gute Poesie
Qeod est non semper facile
Lane Oleomargarini
J'avonee est bon, oui! j'ai la pis.

Spose you poltach sitkum dollar
Iwe ty skookum, make you holar
Pero no cutl ch la hot pe
Which means its Dutch to Patrick Molloy

Butyrum olim ex lacte factum
Isti cibi so gut wie
"Hoc" est ex mamma vaccae pressum
"Ilia" wants nasty cow, God bless um

Le rang des raches, si doux et fin
Rend place à l'Oleomargarin
Manteca, butter, butyrum, beurre
De cette invention est pour.

Ad le mousa! sen amore!
Beaucoup trippa! not a sing your story
Mah to vou Israel Adonai!
Ish, not for Jewish folks, my boy.

Capamos suavizer, mon cier
Es let kem Schmutz or grease of bear
Hermanos! ha, ha! grand sonus
Lachaim! all except the farmers.

LOS ANGELES, November 30th, 1873. D. W. C. N.

The Town Crier, on looking at his calendar for the month, notices that "about this time do the lower animals begin to couple." Some few days ago a "*Chic lete* man and "*Chic* newsdet-ective" went up in a balloon together, and after paying mock here ca above and experiencing very real frolics—the first published in full the second discretely finished up by nearly getting drowned, and by leaving the balloon gone, where they had very nearly gone—to the devil. And now two other, or possibly the same, representatives of these papers have got up an exceedingly weak and wishy-washy imitation of Greenwood's "Amateur Casual," and attempted to create a sensation by capering and enduring the mention of a night in the City Prison. The *Call's* report of the thing is not so bad, but the air of melodramatic, voluntary martyrdom with which the *Chronicle* man seeks to invest himself is too rich. Likewise is there a dark hint of strange ways and means unknown to the outside world, but with which the reporter from real experience—is well, though darkly, acquainted, that freezes our very blood. "How the reporter managed to get within the prison's sacred portals as a prisoner, or by whose means, the public is not concerned to know." Ha! Ha! Mystery! Well, continue *mysteri*. It is the ambition of this order of the Reporter family to be looked upon as a *something* very strange, and gilded with awful powers far, far above the rest of this less remarkable fellow-kind. A terrible personage laden with terrible secrets which holds the "open sesame" for everywhere. A superior creature gifted with an unerring instinct and piercing eye to which nothing is impenetrable, nothing hidden. Now instead of all this, most of the reporters the *Town Crier* has ever known have been over-worked, meddling, not particularly neat men, very ordinary, extremely ordinary, mortals, and generally sellers of very bad English. This cloak of secrecy and mystery, this attempt to hold up the Reporter especially be of the *Chronicle*, as a cross between a Nemesis and a Bunsbon, is *mere ridiculous*. To go back to our sheep, our wives, like black sheep. The prime gold scovery the *Chronicle* man made after he had passed the "sacred portals"—sacred tomfoolery seems to have been that "the floors were very dirty." This remark sickened a reader's palate some half-dozen times. Sorrow, it did not sell all this "to doom the prisoner," to find out that. One of the subheads is "A Chronicle Reporter Prisoner." Well we do not see anything remarkable in that, at all events. This fellow may attempt to make a sensation out of a paddle, very likely one of the "*Chronicle* man's" own making, is about the wretchest of fizzle that even the fine paper has been guilty of, and as far as the *Town Crier* has yet earned, the only man who thoroughly appreciated the poor reporter's position and character was the keeper Dalchimer, who he called him "an old lum."

The screaming farce of The Gentle Captain is being played by the members of the United States Circuit theatre. Treasure with immense success. The scenes in which the villain of the play, "Captain Clarke, comes up again and again before the low comedy judge, "Lorenzo Sawyer," and is again and again refrandled, are immensely amusing. The chief villain, "M. H. Hendrix" plays his part with great unction, and in a villainy quite as home in the "Quibble" gas. Some of this actor's antics and acrobatic feats are marvellous. The ballet corps, "The Sylphs," are not exactly up to the mark. Their dancing (attendance) is rather moroseness, but their exhibitions are much freer now than they were at first, not so *fettered*. The *premier danseur*, "Kent," has afforded great amusement by being positively tripped up and hackguarded by the villain's chum. The ballet corps appreciate the whole thing hugely, as well they might, for the fun colic seized the whole, a capital, cast need. The management could hardly expect the play to run for some months yet, at cost we see the thing advertised for Monday week, when the old—billing, romantic scenery will be repeated, with great burlesque effects. A spitball adolitt has been made to the troupe, in the person of "Mate Harris," who, in the character of the brutal villain, is unsurpassed. The force although only one of the very many capital actors of the United States Circuit Theater Troupe have performed fully fair to be by far the most accurate. We are happy to find that the blind young woman, "Justice," between whom and the comedy judge there is such a funny "set-to," is, after all, but a lay-figure, and never had any actual *existence* in America. Very many of the audience—the public—the same, and for a long time imagine that such a character actually and honest an object is, but the fact is now completely exposed, and the last scene in which the comedy judge and the villain chum unkindly tear the garments and shower blows upon her statue to be nothing but an effect, to add, noise, waste, wind, rain, folly, words, fuss, sheepskin, plunder, precedent, jargon, gammon, and splitsnach proves this, by night.

The Town Crier hopes the imbecile who writes from London over the signature "Prentice Mulford," and finds a fitting receptacle for his drivellings in the columns of the *Bulletin*, will soon be able to procure some employment better suited to his mental capacity, inflicting slang on a very doubtful English upon us. California "Old Cap!" The idiotic ass is very fearfully traveling in England as he used in California, and laughter is often cut them nothing rail on very short. The advice is needless. We never put up at anything lower than a fifth rate hotel, and therefore always find gas. He want to see *Tally and Cleopatra*, and say he was forced the first two acts, grew tired of his "stand up room for twenty-five" and left, whereupon the gas man put out and, of course, that he never could see the plot. Poor and women's talk, talking—nay talk torn. We never for a moment suspected the booby of having brains or rather enough to appreciate Shakespeare, but it is a very unnecessary for him to parade his ignorance, as though it were a virtue. He can partly excuse the poor fellow's prejudices, he says, we offenders helped to swell his paper by relishing his exquisite sarcasm, for selling the savoir of that transpired within, as though he had been an eyewitness. With these jolly tedious. For many years of these special correspondents, good Lord, deliver us! In fact the Gulliver of the *Bulletin* with her European sketches. The letters had an odd of culture and good taste about them that the chief exponent of the Gutter Snipe Press and prize discoverer of the cheap and nasty has never since acquired.

Although the Town Crier respects the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, and has often held Mrs. Town that he will at length be driven to make appeal on this behalf for protection, yet he thinks it possible that the members may, in the zealous efforts go a little too far and become red cross. The Foundation society has been arrested at the instigation of Frank Edwards, a member of the above society, for striking a dog by the hind leg! Well, now, candidly, we don't see where the cruelty of the crime lay. No doubt the doggie felt it as *pleasant* to be seized by the hind leg, but we as yet fail to appreciate the *cruelty*. If the members of this very excellent society, its sign board is stuck up in the fare as we write, are really so very on zealous in suppressing, and so troubling anxious to tell o'clock error, there are plenty of opportunities for doing so. Let Mr. Edwards take the advice of the old Scotch lady in regard to the poodle, "pelt the him name," or at least to the pound, and see how the dogs are kept out of the cart, perhaps not even so tender as "by the hind leg," or, rather, let him walk through the markets and take note of the state of the livers. For hours and hours, and we believe for days together, are the poor, wretched fowls kept there, cooped together in a state of wedge-dom and misery that beggars description. There are plenty of outlets for your philanthropic yearnings, Mr. Edwards, and all your other members too, if you really are so very energetic, etc.

Hannah Curtin is reclaimed, she is again virtuous. Some two or three months ago, her boy sickness was shot dead by her father, and the "ruined" young woman was sent to the Magdalen Asylum. The piece of a blunderbuss grist has been rapidly passed through the reclamant mill and has come out period. The [illegible] change the silent blackening up a reputation with a vengeance, and we know of several other young women who, if it be the better for a parallel to be very possibly the of the miraculous process of purification taking place made public. Mrs. *Town* says, let the bad creature be kept in the Asylum for life, but we, severe in our Joseph-ic purity, say, "let her go." Who knows but that at her next prominent appearance may be on the stage of the 4's forth Theater as the "Very New at Magdalen," warranted natural. Turned lake. We have had a passionate longing to make some astounding joke about "dropping the curtain," "raising the curtain," or something like that, you know, all the time writing the above, but the opportunity did not come!

The California Theater has heretofore been somewhat noted for the respectable and tone of its performances. If this Temple of the Muse had a fault it was squeamishness. How are the mighty fallen! The same stage which accommodated the burlesques order protest and lull an embargo upon time-honored and pranks now devotes its Sunday night to the skillful hand of a Varick! We could stand a Sacred Concert, with an act on the trapeze, the introduction of fresh dogs, or some such "little pleasing variety," but the hospitable stage, with the pilgrims and handsome Rofe now parade gaily cents to kick, hand around afterwards, and the curious crowd pokes their pockets to see how much [illegible] Fatchen balance! It is very sickening. Oh, John McCullough, Hind! McCullough, Card and McCullough, or whatever else they call you on your triumphal tour, as the *Illustrated* says it, how very evil will some guard and the others from your classic mouth. If you could behind your throat or descerated by the Professor's pen the sign "See the blood drip!"

A few years ago, in the British Colony of Victoria, Australia, a priest named Maul was degraded and convicted of a monstrous crime, a Baptist minister named Jan was proved to have lived in adultery for eighteen years with more than one of his congregation, to whom he monthly gave the common cup, and a Presbyterian minister named Booth got out of his pulpit and broke a dog's leg in two, which had handed during service because it barked in church. But these were all centuries and as pure as Florida water compared with a stagnant Christian, who by the side of Parshal the beast. And yet this sanctified child of Gomorrah, this spotted leper, this re-incarnated essence of a lewd cross between Judas Iscariot and Brigham Young, has got another congregation. With San Francisco's permission he will and Bible is after a prayer-book, he ought to be set as a special indulgence to the Puget Sound squaws. Let the dog return to his vomit, for of such is the kingdom of heaven, etc., etc.

On Wednesday night the city lay in darkness, all because of the very stupid conduct of the Gods and Moon. The City Fathers had decided that there was to be a Moon on that night, and therefore that gas was unnecessary. But the Moon went a-visiting, and the dark parts of Oakland, and never showed her face here at all, at all, which was very fortunate, as it left to the report of San Francisco, for had it not been decided that there was to be a Moon and there for that there was to be no gas. But men will. Mortals went groping about in thick darkness, splashing here and there, throwing mud and big stones, upset temper and pants, and all because the Moon had gone a visiting one of the darkest parts of Oakland, or else because the City Fathers are a set of dunderheaded and antiquated dolts.

It is reported that Donaldson has swallowed the ball which he received at the hands of McArasy. It is not necessary to enter into further details regarding the fate of the ball. That will take care of itself. But we would like to earn the man's cooking trick. Young man, we have received strength, by many a mistake day by day, a digestive apparatus marvellously thick. Also of cast iron, on the stomach, is not also, the [illegible] capable, yet if in future of its ultimate fate, in any way there, we would handle the breath of our brothers with a great deal more care and *gravity* than we have yet done. Not that we have, but we have broken our nails, but these trate brothers among us are such a deluded lot, with the shots that they might take as for some other fellow.

The marriage in the balloon was a swindle, a thousand, premeditated swindle, and if Messrs. Lay and Stevens think, for that they can deceive people after this fashion with impunity, they are dar mah mistaken. But we are not so angry at the marriage trick as we are grieved that an association must with the two pound 1 wappers reporters crawling in the basket. And to know we were blasted around that the balloon, the ballast, and the occupants up, have been driven to Tuolumne, and in ever, never come back any more. To this prayer we are sure all haters of intermediate Paul Pry, otherwise reporters, would have sent up a grand "Amen!"

The leading illustrator of these Pacific Coasts, that John McCough, has had a long talk with the President. Yes, at last, says a Washington telegram the President Grant remembering the sight of Mister Jack Strat, an equally shine have conceived a high opinion of the illustrator of the Sunday Chronicle San Francisco. We should like to know more about the meeting of these congenial warriors, and how what they conversed. McCough has a very high opinion of fast stock, and is willing to talk about it, but at a loss did not hold of stock to that affected by the President. That telegram was provokingly pernicious of information.

Mrs. Thompson, of Pine street, declares her brain was worn out at sixteen with hard study, and she doesn't propose cramming the rest of the family. Unless the rest of the family starts in with a full more material we are afraid that a future general mania also be writing letters whose results will keep up the family reputation. We advise Mrs. Thompson to get the rest of the family to search, and keep out of the newspapers. There may be lodgings to let in the family garret. It is not necessary to pay the rent for them.

The Oakland Transcript gives an account of an old fool's persecution of a little girl on board the ferry steamer. Was it the fool? A parting kick at the vain old humbug will be found in our "Letter Box." Let any man, the *Town Crier* wish, shall be on board that boat with his beast of prey for twenty years.

The Chronicle of it, with its doubtful innocence, murders Tom Mary Mulcahy for [illegible] a very trivial indication which she has been [illegible] for a year. It really is remarkable, and we can only exp the [illegible] by supposing it to be a *coded* version of the Chronicle's [illegible].

The column-long editorial in Tuesday's *Bulletin* to prove its superiority to the Chronicle is one of the most convincing, [illegible] that ever was. We knew that could have been indeed. Tim was with the *Bulletin* and not have gone to that trouble for any journal in the land.

The Bulletin says: "Prices has appreciated." Mrs. Partington is on the staff, evidently.

GREEN FIELDS IN SIGHT.

At the portals of the morning
Stood a child with dainty feet;
All about him golden sunshine,
Pearly dew and blossom sweet;
And with tender dimpled fingers
Plucked the flowers fresh and fair,
And the overhanging branches
Laid their dew drops in his hair.

Looking forward o'er life's pathway,
Saw he broader fields of green,
Skies with snowy clouds so fleecy
Here and there, now shreds between;
And with swiftly flying footsteps
Started he for fields more bright;
But in vain be hurried onward—
They were always just in sight.

Warmer, brighter, grew the sunshine;
Broader, rougher grew the way;
But with greenfields just before him,
Nothing could his footsteps stay.
So he wandered on till manhood
Took the place of childhood fair;
Then he threw aside his flowers,
Wiped the dew-drops from his hair.

Onward, onward, toiling, striving,
Helping others with his might,
Saw he that the blooming meadows
That are always just in sight
Lie within the dark, cold river.
Here we only wish and wait,
Till the Master calls us over,
And unbars the pearly gate.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

Thirty-one iron plates for the *Costa Rica* arrived from the East on Tuesday. They will be put in place immediately, and in about a week the steamer will be ready for service again.——A daring woman leaped recklessly from a Kearny street car on Monday, and hurt her knee-pies very much in consequence.——Hayes Park Block is being divided into building lots, and is rapidly losing its old appearance.——A paragraph, to the effect that it is felony to procure a spare key to your Post-Office letter box, is going the round of the papers, so suppose we may as well repeat it.——Dr. Andrei, the olive-faced surgeon, has, with the aid of nature, given a man a new elbow-joint, the old one having been taken out, decayed.——The ladies of the First Congregational Church will open a fair in the Horticultural Hall about the 1st of December. Those who have money to throw away are respectfully invited to attend.——James Trevillian, a Cornishman of Virginia City, has challenged Patsy Hogan, the light weight, to fight him for $1,000 or $500, at any time or place.——There can be no doubt that the Ocean View Race Track will be literally crowded to-day.——The regular church Union of the Episcopal Church Un[illegible] was held at Trinity Church Chapel on Monday evening.——Henry George, editor of the *Post*, is again at his post, but his [illegible] will be [illegible] till his arm is out of its sling.——Serafino [illegible], a Swiss carpenter, [illegible] Monday morning, at 522 Vallejo street.——The Alms House has 329 inmates.——John Donaldson, shot by McArary, is pronounced out of danger.——The U. S. frigate *Tuscarora* is now at [illegible].——Sixty-four names were on the books of the *Three Brothers* when she sailed.——Scarlet fever does not seem to abate. Three children were lost to one family on Folsom street in than twice as many weeks.——John Mengels, who won the chief prize at the National Rifle Club Meeting, at Harbor View on Sunday last, has already been challenged.——Father Sheehy, the [illegible] gave his farewell [illegible], after on Tuesday evening.——Corner of Bush and [illegible] streets is rapidly becoming the [illegible] head-quarter.——Rev. W. H. Hall, the new pastor of Grace Church, arrived here on Sunday. The Rev. gentleman has not called on us, nathless we trust his new [illegible] may be a success.——H. B. M. steam-frigate *Repulse*, six days from Esquimault, arrived in port on Monday.——Fred Baxter, the sporting sharp, has [illegible] without saying good-bye, and the papers are beginning to find out 'twas what they had expected all along.——Uncle Jimmy Kennovan, having got gloriously drunk on Monday, some kind friend led him to the Police Station.——E. D. Herrick, the P. O. clerk, arrested for opening his own letters, has been honorably discharged.——Some 2,440 through passengers went East, and 5,919 came West, on the Central Pacific Railroad during the month of October.——James Otis, Mayor-elect, arrived by the overland cars on Thursday evening.——The bullet fired through the windows of the San Jose cars turns out to have been a stone shied by a mischievous youngster.——The *Japan*, P. M. S. S. Co.'s steamer from China, came into harbor on Wednesday with fifteen cabin passengers and three hundred Chinese in the steerage.——It is said there is a deficiency of cars on the Sutter street line between five and six o'clock in the evening.——The shooting match between Streoll and Mengels will take place at Alameda to-morrow, commencing at 9 A.M.——Patsy Hogan has accepted Trevillian's challenge, and the fight seems likely to come off at Colfax.——Chief Engineer Scannell arrived on Thursday evening, and met with an enthusiastic reception.——Thursday was quite a damp day, not so much fair, honest rain as a dirty, greasy, general mistiness, you know.——A fatal accident occurred on the wharf of the P. M. S. S. Co. on Thursday, by which a laborer was crushed to death.——The vegetable famine is at an end, for the Italian dealers have returned to their senses and gone over to Market street.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

Reported political difficulties between France and Italy are denied at Paris.——Carrier pigeons are used to convey the reports of Marshal Bazaine's trial from Versailles to Paris.——Two of the nephews of the Ameer of Cabul have enlisted themselves in the British Army at Lahore.——On the authority of the *Times of India*, the King of Siam will shortly lay aside his crown and enter the priesthood for a fortnight.——Further confirmation of the Carlist dissensions has been received. The tradesmen of Barcelona have resolved not to pay the new war tax, and the Cartagena insurgents are thought to be demoralized.——The diplomatic negotiations between Persia and Turkey have resulted in an agreement on all points except on the question of criminal jurisdiction.——The Government organs of the Austro-Hungarian provinces declare that by means of the alliance of the three Emperors and the King of Italy, the peace of Europe is secured for a long time to come. Let us hope so.——Much excitement has been produced in connection with the Tichborne trial by the appearance of a witness who swears to the finding of a boat of the *Bella*, and nursing the defendant on board the *Osprey* for three months.——Prince Hassan, the Khedive's third son, who was educated at Oxford University, where he graduated and received the honorary degree of D. C. L., is at Berlin pursuing his military studies, having received a lieutenant's commission in a Prussian regiment of artillery.——Travellers to Russia will do well to pay attention to the singular section 242 of the new Russian customs tariff, according to which the import from abroad of Russian silver and copper coin to Russia is prohibited. Such coin found on travellers will be confiscated.——During her stay in Livadia, Queen Olga questioned the Czar as to his sentiments towards Greece, the Czar replying that he was personally well disposed towards the Greeks, but that reasons of policy did not permit him to countenance the cause of Hellenism.——Anonymous charity is the best of all charity. On Monday there appeared in the London *Times'* advertising sheet acknowledgments of gifts to charities from twelve anonymous donors to the amount of $60,000. One of these anonymous donors was thanked for the fifth time for a fifth gift of $5,000.——The committee representing the French residents of San Francisco [illegible] on Sunday will an address. The [illegible] that the Monarchists had suffered a check, and that a conservative Republic was assured.——Letters from the Island of Anticosti represent a starving condition of the inhabitants. The Canadian Government has dispatched a steamer with provisions.——Exceptional rates at from 10 to 12 per cent. have been charged at the Bank of England.——A violent gale prevailed on the British and Irish Coasts on Monday, the harbors being filled with disabled vessels.——It is reported that a wide-spread plot in favor of the Comte de Paris has been discovered in the French capital.——The British railroads carried 423,000,000 passengers last year.——The highest inhabited spot in the world is the Buddhist cloister of Hanle (Thibet), where twenty priests live, at the enormous height of 16,800 feet.——The Cuban war promises to become a bloody one, especially since the execution of the crew of the *Virginius*. Affairs between the United States and the Provincial Government of that Island look ugly.——Baron Lynden died in London on Wednesday, aged 73.——[illegible] proclamations have been issued forbidding all in the employ of the Chinese Government to attack [illegible].——The [illegible] of the [illegible] Exchange have adopted a resolution that four shillings British, per dollar American, be the rate of exchange after the 3d of November.——[illegible] placards are being posted up in Unchang to the effect that the foreign [illegible] are [illegible] the brains and eyes of the Celestial bambinos.

FIFTEEN MILLION SOVEREIGNS AND HALF SOVEREIGNS.

The London Court Journal says: "The Royal Mint has turned out fifteen millions of sovereigns and half-sovereigns this year, representing 120 tons of metal, and of course the Master of the Mint has been under the impression that most of this fresh coin was required to replenish the currency at home, and that it was all finding its way into what are called the channels of circulation. It is insisted upon that all our newest and heaviest coins are sent out of the country either by the Bank of England or the bullion brokers, before they have lost the bloom of the Mint. The Bank of England has accordingly been asked to explain what has become of these fifteen millions of sovereigns which the Mint has been working overtime all through the year to turn out; and it comes out, it is said, that there are not three millions of new sovereigns in the Bank cellars. The provincial bankers have been asked, or are to be asked, to examine the coins passing through their hands to see whether any large proportion of the new money can be traced in the currency. The belief in Whitehall is that the mass of this money has been transmitted to Germany for re-coinage at the Prussian Mint. Of course we can do nothing. The trick is legitimate; and we must grin and bear it. But it is hard, nevertheless, that we should put ourselves to the expense of £40,000 or £50,000 to refine, assay, weigh, and mix gold with alloy in a mathematically correct proportion, keep the moneyers on Tower Hill working fifty-five weeks in the year, and then find that after all it is labor lost, that we have not been working for ourselves or replenishing our own currency, but simply doing the roughest part of the work of coining for the German Mints. Our new sovereigns have been bought up as soon as they have been issued, packed in sawdust and sent off to the Rhine to be thrown into a melting-pot, mixed with a little more alloy, and coined into twenty-mark pieces. It is not a friendly act, of course, on the part of Prince Bismarck; but it is our own fault, for in striking money free we hold out a temptation to every State in Europe to take the best sovereigns they can find in our market and use them for their own purposes. There is reason to believe, also, that goldsmiths, jewelers, and dentists melt down thousands of sovereigns every year for the purposes of their work, and that they always select the freshest and heaviest sovereigns for the purpose."

THE CHRONICLE'S PRACTICAL ECONOMY.

If any one were to have read the Chronicle regularly for the last few months, and to have placed implicit credence in its statements, he would believe that the climax of honest journalistic enterprise had been attained in our State by the exertions of that paper. A few facts, however, are all that is required to turn on to the full the light of truth on the results by it attained, and on the mode of attaining them. Concerning that long-exploded swindle, the *Chronicle* map, it is unnecessary to speak. All who suffered themselves to be over-persuaded by its specious representations have, ere this, acknowledged themselves the victims of their own gullibility and the plausible duplicity of the live paper. But with regard to the long lists of new subscribers, whose names adorned and still occasionally adorn the columns, and which, if genuine, certainly represented a fair amount of energy and enterprise, a few words of explanation may not be amiss. The staff of canvassers who were sent throughout California, Nevada and Utah, might be reasonably supposed to indicate a considerable expenditure. Far otherwise. This outside canvassing was the most cheaply executed portion of the entire scheme—that is, for every one but the canvassers. One by one they have returned to the city, all more or less in debt to the *Chronicle*. One, for his six weeks' work, had nothing to show but a *debt* of $60, which he spent the ensuing month in work ng off! Another, in about the same period, incurred a debt of $50, but he was fortunately in a position to produce the amount and cut the connection at once and forever. Still another, after three months' absence, returned with a liability of from $100 to $200! In fact, the only instance we have heard of a canvasser emerging on the credit side of the account, was one whose nonequally successful labor had gained him the munificent sum of 25 cents! This indebtedness was quickly incurred by men who, on $2 per day, were sent to parts of the country where the bare necessaries of life for the twenty-four hours frequently exceeded $4, never were below $2 50, and the entire arrangement speaks damned well for the acuteness of rather too wide-awake Charley.

A GOOD APPOINTMENT.

The Examiner of Tuesday, in noticing the reappointment of the Hon. Jos. Austin as Port Warden says: "We observe that the Honorable Joe. Austin has been reappointed by the Governor a Port Warden for the Port of San Francisco. This is an appointment eminently fit to be made. Mr. Austin has been in this office now for almost six years, and has discharged its arduous and exacting duties with credit to himself and satisfaction to the commercial community. His great experience and notable industry recommended him to Executive favor, and overcame the objection urged by some that he was a sterling Democrat, who never scratched a ticket or bolted a nomination. If Mr. Austin outlives this new term, and his ruddy appearance would indicate he is good for half a dozen more, he will have been ten years in that snug berth; a period of service exceeding any of his predecessors. Indeed, we believe he has already been in office for a longer period than any before him. This is a proof of his superiority in that branch of the public service. We are glad to see that in one instance, at least, Governor Booth has acted according to the spirit of the Civil Service reform and retained in office, without any solicitation or bargaining, a faithful public servant. The mercantile class and the ship-masters cannot but be gratified at this act of the Governor's, which adds so much to their convenience. The rotations in the office of Port Warden have always been more or less a cause of annoyance and inconvenience to shippers and masters of vessels; and if the reappointment of the Hon. Joseph Austin means that such positions are hereafter to depend on special fitness rather than partisan claims, we shall have no objection to interpose." We fully indorse the *Examiner's* opinion, and are sure that the duties of the office will be discharged in the most honorable and efficient manner by the worthy holder.

FROM OUR LOS ANGELES CORRESPONDENT.

Local dottings are sparse in Los Angeles. A chinamen was beaten to death in the streets on Saturday night—Allah is great, and Mahomet is his prophet. Unrighteous men are racing ungodly horses six days in succession. The fastest do not always win, for the race is not always to the swift, nor the battle to the strong yet the wicked know when to copper a pool. Two farmers' sons left their homes, at Anaheim, à la Jack Sheppard, but were recaptured without blood. The town is lonely infested with gamblers, demi-mode, and members of other religious denominations. Fat parsons are preaching against races, and the congregation cry: "Parshall! Parshall! Pa shall take me to see the horses run." A theater troupe is baying to the moon—Piercy as leading actor. Madame Duret redeemed it somewhat. *Market report:* Traveling menageries at a discount; thermometer 66, in the shade; oranges as sweet as ministers are on school children; limes and lemons as sour as a cuckold church member. Weather as warm as Jonah was in the abdominal cavity of the cetacean mammal. The murderer of the Mexican at the Encino is still unknown. The murderers of the English tongue are disbanded. From all Teachers' Institutions, good Lord deliver us. Amen.

ST. LUKE AND ST. VANITAS.

We are not naturally sarcastic, but we can't help thinking that pomp and vanity had more to do with the throng at Platt's Hall than poultices or varioloid, that the hospital was less thought of than the White House, and the "Doctor of Alcantara" reigned supreme over the doctor at the Potrero. It was a dress rehearsal of the greatest of the three cardinal virtues. Mrs. A. wore the very last novelty from Paris, Mrs. B fastened her diamonds in her hair, Mrs. C. was glorious with the choicest spoils from the White House, etc., etc. Every body came early, hoping to be the first to see the *entrée* of the others and at every arrival a battery of opera glasses was leveled in minute criticism. After a crucial examination of the costume of the three lady performers, public attention appeared to be chiefly addressed to a patient dissection of the audience, and many, and sometimes not understood, were the remarks disparaging or otherwise. The most rigid scrutiny failed to detect anything wrong in the dresses that came from the White House.

Vol. 4. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR NOVEMBER, 1873, No. 2.
CONTAINING A SPLENDID PHOTOGRAPH AND BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH OF CAPTAIN LAPIDGE,
IS NOW OUT AND READY FOR DELIVERY. - - - PRICE, 25 CENTS.
For Sale by all News Dealers. Offices, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.---Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, NOV. 15, 1873. No. 42.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California Chinese Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—870@875—SILVER BARS 3@8 ℔ ct. discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 91¼@93. Mex. Dollars, 2@2½c., old; 2¼@3c., new. Trade Dollar, par.

☞ Exchange on New York, ¼ per ct. for Gold; Currency, 8¾ per cent. On London. Bankers 49¾@49½; Commercial, 51¼@—; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, Nov. 14, at 3 P. M., 109¾. Latest price of Sterling, 106¼@106¾.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month -Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. Nov. 14, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	103¾	104	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	120	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1861	94¾	100	Oakland 10s	115	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	93¾	100	Spring Valley Water Co.	83	84
Legal Tender Notes	[illegible]	92	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	45
California State Bonds, [illegible]	91¾	100	Central Railroad Company	55	60
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, [illegible]	[illegible]	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	60	52½
S. F. City and Co. Bonds 6s, [illegible]	90	95	Front St. M. and O. R. R. Co	20	21
San Francisco City Bonds 7s	100		Fireman's Fund Insurance Co	[illegible]	[illegible]
Sacramento City Bonds.	30	32½	Merchants' Mutual M. Ins. Co	[illegible]	65
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	[illegible]	—	California Insurance Co	[illegible]	[illegible]
Yuba County Bonds [illegible]	[illegible]	95	Union Insurance Co	[illegible]	93
Santa Clara Bonds [illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Pacific Bank	91	91
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	[illegible]		The Bank of California	[illegible]	150
San Francisco Gas Light Co	60	63½	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers cor California and Leidesdorff streets.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

San Francisco, Nov. 8th, 1873.—There is nothing encouraging to report in the state of the Wool Market, as the general depression and want of movement continue. Although there are no transactions to establish quotations, it is generally conceded that Wools could be bought at 17@19 cts. for "good to choice" —14@16½ cts. for "average"—and 10@16 cts. for "Burry." Purchasers even at these prices are not to be found.

WATT & MCLENNAN, Wool Commission Merchants,
625 Sansome street, San Francisco.

BEERBOHM'S TELEGRAM.

London and Liverpool, Nov. 14, 1873--1 P. M.—Floating cargoes off Coast: Continental Demand. Cargoes on passage, quiet. Mark Lane, unaltered English Country Markets, quiet. French Country Markets, firm. Liverpool, quiet. California Club, 12s 6d@12s 8d; Average, 13s@12s 9d. Red Western Spring, 11s 10d@11s 6d.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, October 24th, 1873:—D. O. Mills and family, Wm. Norris and wife, J. B. Dickinson and family, Mrs. J. W. Ladd, Mrs. Jno. B. LeGay, Miss Annie LeG. Boyd, A. E. Head and family, Thomas Sunderland and family, Wm. M. Lent and family, H. M. Henston and family, C. G. Hooker and wife, Theo. Bode and family, Mrs. H. C. Kibbe, Miss Kibbe, Mrs. F. A. Hassey, Master Frank Hassey, J. Whittaker and wife, F. B. Austin, Gen. J. P. Miller and family, General Ihrie, C. F. Fargo, Frank Cunningham, A. C. Whitcomb, Mrs. C. Reis and family, Mrs. A. L. Barnes, John B. Newton, Mrs. C. J. Hillyer and family.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, November 14, 1873.—Gold opened at 108¾, 11 A. M. at 109½, 3 P. M. at 109¾. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 107¾; 1867, 112¾. Sterling Exchange, 107@109. Pacific Mail, 29¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 19. Wheat, $1 55@$1 75 quiet. Pork, 14¾, dull. Cotton, 15¾. Hides, dry, 21¾@21, green, 13, dull Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 44@$1 45, fair demand. Winter Bleached, $1 68@—; Whale, quiet, 58@63c. quiet: Winter Bleached, 67@70c. Wool—Spring, fine, 25@35c.; Burry, 20@27c.; Pulled, 25@50c. Fall Clips, 20@20c.; Burry, 16@20c. LONDON, Nov. 14.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 10d@13s. 1d. Club, 10s.@13d @13s. 6d. United States Bonds, 90¾. Consols, 91⅞@92⅛, 92⅛@⅞

We regret to hear that while on a visit to Northiam, Sussex, England, the only sister of Augustus Laver, the architect, died very suddenly. We are sure all friends here will sympathize with this bereavement.

A mail will be dispatched to Honolulu by the ship *Topgallant* to-day.

COWAN & CO., Paper Makers, Edinburgh, Diploma of Honor. Vienna. MILLER & RICHARDS, Type Founders, Edinburgh, A. B. FLEMING & CO., Ink Manufacturers, Edinburgh. Highest Medal, Vienna. ELLIS READ, Agent, Office, 412 Pine street, San Francisco.
Nov 8

A Permanent Paragraphic Advertisement, Respectfully Dedicated to the Spring Valley Water Works.

A Miner's Inch of Water is about twenty-thousand gallons. The usual Price for an Inch of Water in the mines is ten cents. The Spring Valley Company sells water in large quantites at seventy-five cents per thousand gallons, or at fifteen dollars seventy-five cents per inch—which is one hundred and fifty-seven times the price which miners pay. Furnished in small quantities to housekeepers, the Company charges from thirty to fifty dollars an inch—five hundred times the miner's rates. IGNOTUS.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

We still present a cheerful face, a bold front to the world; and while other cities and towns upon the other side of the Continent are mourning over losses, and groaning under financial panics, and failures of long standing mercantile houses of reputed wealth, with millions of assets, and the suspension of such commercial firms as the Spragues, Claflins, Peake, Opdyke, etc., the closing of immense manufactories, throwing thousands out of employment with nothing but a sad Winter of suffering before them, we are quietly reposing under a genial sky, with health and prosperity coupled with an easy money market. These are our present inheritances, and we have reason to rejoice and be glad that our lot is cast in pleasant places upon these Pacific shores. Our Banking Institutions continue to furnish all needed currency, and meet promptly the wants of borrowers. Business men find little occasion for complaint. Money is plentiful for all legitimate commercial purposes. No failures or suspensions of manufacturers or mercantile firms have occurred here in many months. The year has been one of steady growth and prosperity. Our city shows it everywhere. New houses, dwellings, and improvements are constantly being added. Our population is rapidly being augmented. Our hotels and dwellings are filled with well-to-do inhabitants. We are prosperous.

The failure of Makin & Hubback is announced—a two-year-old Commission House, largely engaged in buying and shipping Wheat to the United Kingdom. Their liabilities are placed at $140,000; assets, $60,000; deficit, $80,000—which sum is scattered around amongst a score of houses, including two wealthy farmers belonging to the Grangers, who, for the sake of doing business on the cheap plan, have become mulcted for about $25,000.

War and rumors of war have advanced Gold and Sterling Bills not a little, the former having advanced nearly 3 per cent. from the lowest point touched. Bills on London have also appreciated, much to the joy of all shippers of Wheat and Flour.

The California Oleomargarine Company will begin the manufacture of butter on Monday next, the 17th inst. We are informed that they have been delayed by trouble in getting the galvanized plates for their mammoth presses, but these are positively promised for to-day. Hereafter the people may eat cheap butter and praise God and Paraf in their daily prayers.

Since the reorganization in the management of the manufacturing department of the California Silk Company, all objections heretofore made as to the quality of the silk have been removed, and the silk now made is admitted to be of the best. About sixty hands are employed by the Company, mostly girls. The manufactured articles consist of machine and sewing silk, twist, tram, organzine, fringe and hair silk. The spools are warranted to contain 100 yards of twist; while it is well known that silk of Eastern manufacture sold here is deficient in length and weight. The new machinery is of the latest improved kind, and the Superintendent and Assistants are the most capable possible to obtain, probably equal to any in the country.

Five steamships will leave this port to-day as follows: At 10 A. M., *Ajax* for Portland, and *Ventura* for Santa Barbara and adjacent ports; at 12 M., *Newbern* for Colorado River and ports in Mexico; at 1 P. M., *Coquille* for Eureka and adjacent ports; at 3 P. M., *Senator* for San Luis Obispo and way ports.

The Black Diamond Coal Mining Company have on hand a large stock of Sydney and Bellingham Bay Coal, and are receiving monthly 15,000 tons of Mt. Diablo Coal. Dealers' attention is invited.

The Committee of the London Stock Exchange adopted a resolution on Wednesday, that four shillings British, per dollar American, shall be the rate of exchange in future.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

GIVE US THE RAILROADS, GOVERNOR!

Give us the railroads, Governor!
Now we have stagnant streams,
The life that makes our State to wealth
Are certainly railroads!
Could San Francisco but have a way
Sped clear to each one's backyard,
And have a train that's hitched to bay,
We'd soon become a town of note!

Give us the railroads, Governor!
Let to the farm a way,
He knows good feed to your steel-ribbed
cows,
As on they readily fly,
For the forlorn they bear in their lengthy
train,
Are wealth unto towns now born,
Which they in death has gathered on
distant plains
Where once barrenness reigned forlorn

Give us the railroads, Governor!
Be bold, and do not pause,
The people will bless that terrible schemes
Are not checked by opposition "law,"
Let them know you're "road-lock,"
And so rifle in the land,
When is there one who dare can show
Such proofs of an enriched land?

Give us the railroads, Governor!
Why, the river State will grow rich and
great,
With the rivers she will fall
Over the mountains, and over the plain,
From the East and to the West,
To the end to be the pride of the chain
Over Earth's broad breast.

Give us the railroads, Governor!
Strike! strike in earnest!
The Lord's grace breath is now
Sudden all the lands of the
grain,
And the heart of the blue-checked grape,
Will farmer, and saw, and whirling
plane
Mold cities into shape.

Give us the railroads, Governor!
Be bold, and do not pause,
The people will bless that terrible schemes
Are not checked by opposition "law,"
Let them know you're "road-lock,"
And so rifle in the land,
When is there one who dare can show
Such proofs of an enriched land?

SIR J. D. COLERIDGE ON THE BRITISH HOUSE OF COMMONS.

The foundation stones of Government schools were recently laid at Exeter, England, by the members of the Science Board. At the luncheon, among other toasts proposed was that of the House of Parliament.

The Attorney-General, in behalf of the House of Commons, said he was called on to say a few words in behalf of the House of Commons, and he was called upon to say a few words in behalf of the House of Commons, and he was called upon to say a few words in behalf of the House of Commons, and he was called upon

ONLY A JOCKEY.

BY A STABLE-HELP.

Only a jockey, mind you, "a fellow that rode for pay!"
'Twould puzzle a chap to find you a better this many a day!
Dead! no one people call it, and we work so talking horse
Should be daily told we were wicked if we said he'd finished his course.

He died, they say, of consumption, which means he died of light weights;
And maybe the Royal Commission on Horses in their debates
Have found out why it's considered improving the animal's breed
To bring down the modern race-horse to a six-stone carrying weed.

Ah, it isn't the men they carry, but the money they carry that tells—
Well, I know some jockeys are blackguards, but how of your high-born swells?
For "noble" is so like "nobble" at times that it's hard to see,
Unless you're well up in your spelling, what difference there can be.

Well, anyhow, he, poor fellow, was honest and true and tried;
He was tempted no doubt pretty often, but he never pulled nor lied,
Though the swells of course were the tempters, he stuck to his purpose strong;
A man that was killing himself to go straight was not the chap to go wrong!

You may say he died in his harness, and died for honor and glory.
There's many a man less honest than Tom has got a place in story.
He was only honest, earnest, and true, and did the work that he found.
Will they say as much about me and you, when they put us into the ground?

—London Fun.

THE ANTIQUITY OF BUTTER-MAKING.

Herodotus, the Greek historian, is the most ancient writer who, in his account of the Scythians, described a process for making butter. The word *butyron* first occurs in Hippocrates, who was nearly contemporary with Herodotus, in the fifth century B. C. "The Scythians," says Hippocrates, "pour the milk of mares into wooden vessels and shake it up violently, making it foam, when the fat part, which is light, rises to the top and becomes butyron." Dioscorides, 33 B. C., says that good butter is prepared from the fattest milk of sheep or goats, by shaking it in a vessel till the fat separates. He says, also, that it can be melted and poured over pulse and vegetables, instead of oil, and might be used in many branches of cookery, as well as in pastry, instead of oil. It is evident from this that dressed butter is not a modern invention, and that our pastry cooks have certainly learned something from their grandmothers. But the principal use of butter among the Greeks and Romans was as an ointment and a medicine. The Romans were accustomed to anoint the bodies of their children with it to render them pliable, and the Burgundians extended its application by using it as a hair oil. Plutarch, the prince of ancient story-tellers, informs us that a Spartan lady once paid a visit to Berenice, the wife of Dejotarus, and that one smelt so strongly of ointment and the other of butter, that neither could endure the other. We are not told what kind of ointment it was, but we can safely assert that the butter must have been very rancid. The ancient Christians of Egypt burnt butter in their lamps instead of oil; and in more recent times it was used for the same purpose in Roman Catholic churches, during the Christmas festival, to avoid the great consumption of olive oil. The cathedral of Rouen has a tower called the butter tower, from the fact that the Archbishop of Rouen, in A. D. 1500, finding the supply of oil to fail, during Lent, permitted the use of butter in lamps, on condition that each inhabitant should pay six deniers, with which money the tower was built. There are other "butter towers," Notre Dame, Bourges, etc.—*Scientific American.*

FAILURE OF THOS. SCOTT TO NEGOTIATE HIS BONDS.

The announcement that Thomas Scott has failed for the present, in negotiating his bonds, will be received with regret by all in this portion of the State and country. Now work will be necessarily suspended. Only so much will be done as will keep the contract with the government intact. It is probable, though, that before many months the loan can be negotiated, and the work carried on with vigor. This blow, of course, will be injurious to the present interests of southern California, but it will fall more lightly on Los Angeles than on the other cities in this locality. The Southern Pacific has been rapidly building its road during the past few months, and has its arms reaching out from Los Angeles twenty-five miles in four directions. They may stop when their contract with the county is completed; but this will not be injurious. It will enable the country to grow to the railroad development, and the immigration will be confined to more narrow boundaries in its location. This will be advantageous in some respects, for a close population is more desirable than a scattered one. It enables more rapid and complete improvements to be made. It brings better schools, more manufactories, better roads and better developed resources. As these railroad branches all center in Los Angeles, the trade of the country and villages, must also center there.

—Los Angeles Herald, Oct. 31st.

Teaching a Jackdaw to Talk.—I am much pleased to have an opportunity of telling one of my brother-readers something on this subject, for generally when any body possesses a jackdaw they wish it to talk, and many adopt the cruel practice of cutting the poor bird's tongue. If you wish your bird to talk properly, tend him and feed him entirely yourself, allowing no one else to interfere with him, and every time before feeding him, chatter to him. You had better begin with one word, such as Jack. If, after repeating it several times, he attempts to mock you, immediately feed him; and do the same at every meal, each time making him say something before you give him anything to eat, and in time he will talk himself, without coaxing. You will require a deal of patience, and maybe Jack won't think proper to talk at first, but do not despair. If you are kind to him, he will soon know what you want, for birds of this class are very sensible, and, like every living thing, fully appreciate kindness.

New Zealand.—We learn from the Lyttleton *Times*, "that the war threatened with the Maories has been averted by the judicious action of the Government in trailing the murder of Sullivan as an ordinary crime, which should be dealt with by the usual legal tribunals. Had they taken the murder up on the ground of its political significance, war would have been unavoidable; even the most uncompromising opponents of the Government admit that they have acted with great good judgment. The fact is, that Mr McLean's policy is now pretty generally accepted as the best; indeed, the only one for the Colony. Fighting means expenditure of money, involving stagnation in trade and general depression. The maintenance of peace means a moderate annual expenditure on the natives, and a gradual but sure advance through the barriers they have set up on the path of civilization and settlement."

In speaking of the late meeting of the Evangelical Alliance, *Appleton's Journal* says: The leading characteristic of the assembly was clearly seen and it is the hopeful one that we have tried to depict. Charity, liberal thought, clear understanding, and humanity—these have gained. Narrow theologies, mere dogmatism, ecclesiastical supremacy over men's opinions, narrowness in every form—these, we think, have been the losers, by this gathering of leaders in the Christian Church.

Rev. Celia Burleigh has made a new and telling point against the present style of feminine attire. Woman was originally created a biped, she says; the Creator doubtless intended her to remain a biped. But at present, thanks to her swinging flounce, capacious dress, woman was forced to make use of her hands in "scrooging" through any narrow passage-way up or down stairs, and so vicious is reduced to a quadruped.

Years ago, when Henry Ward Beecher's reputation was not world-wide, a West'n Young Men's Christian Association tried to persuade the divine to go out and sing to them without charge, saying it would increase his fame. He telegraphed in reply, "I will lecture for Y. M. C. A.—fifty and my expenses."

Always examine an old pump, but before you kick it.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until Wednesday, May 13, 1874, at 12 o'clock M., for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds authorized to be issued by the Board of Delegates of said city, under and by virtue of the Act of the Legislature of said State, entitled "An Act to provide for the laying out of a street to the City and County of San Francisco, to be called Montgomery Avenue," and to take private lands therefor," approved April 26, 1870.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1874, and are issued at the rate of $1000 per acre, payable in one annual payment, payable at the option of the City and County of San Francisco, but not sooner than five years from the date of issue, and bearing interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, at the office of the Treasurer of said City and County of San Francisco, but not sooner than five years from the date of issue. Principal and interest are payable in gold coin of the United States of America.

The Act of the Legislature aforesaid provides that the damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue are not to exceed the sum of $7 25, as ascertained and settled by decree of the Supreme Court of State of California.

The property liable for the Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed at forty per cent of its present value, for the present fiscal year at $[illegible] and $[illegible] Bonds, and said property stands the highest on the tax roll of said City and County.

A portion of said Bonds have already been issued at par by parties interested, and a portion also sold at a premium, leaving a balance of $[illegible] for the sale of Bonds offered herein. Parties bidding will state the number of Bonds they desire, and the price they will give for the same.

It is well worth the attention of Capitalists, as the Bonds are a portion of a series issued by the City and County of San Francisco, and are payable at the option of the City and County of San Francisco, and not at the option of the holders.

Proposals will be opened by the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, in the Mayor's Office, City Hall, on the day and hour above mentioned, and the highest and best bid will be accepted, or all bids rejected, at the option of the Board of Delegates, and the Bonds will be issued to the purchaser, or his assignee, on the day following the opening of the bids, or as soon thereafter as the Board of Delegates may direct.

Bids for the Bonds will be received at the Office of the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, in the City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for Montgomery Avenue Bonds."

The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 13, 1874.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 13.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer, to wit:
WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor,
May 16. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can be used by any intelligent person. Other microscopes of no more power cost $5 each and upward. A microscope difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address

D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.
Oct. 25

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet-Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, localized with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled in the Atlantic States. As a business, I consider it perhaps superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HALVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 621 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec. 24.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is equally furnished and is 5 miles from Public Park and The Presidio. Omnibus meets every train. Fare, 10 cents. Public Hall in connection with "The Villa." Situated at the last stop of the northwestern gate of the Park. Excursions, Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. OTTO MANGENELLO & CO., Proprietors.
August 1

H. W. JONES,

Collector and General Business Agent, 612 Clay street, San Francisco. Office Hours, 9 A. M. and 1 P. M. Having completed my arrangements for making Country Collections, they are now unsurpassed. Every attention will be given to City Collections, and in all instances prompt returns guaranteed. Loans negotiated, and money advanced on Real Estate. June 14.

CUTTER WHISKY

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 131 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGINGS, and GLAZIERS, No. 417 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO BENSLEY. L. B. DESCHLET.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, AgriCULTURAL IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS. No. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco. August 1

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your orders at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, Railway street. We take measures, and fit them in complete. [May 23] J. M. EGGELPUT & CO.

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE. [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 319 Bush street. Factory, Gilbert street. Feb 1

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 14 and 16 Montgomery street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco.
HENRY GERKE,
OF BOSQUEJO, Manager. Nov 11.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 2

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Posey's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 15.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco, California. Jan 1

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [A. J. HOFMANN

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 13 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Bayn A Nunes.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbocker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. O. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S S Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamulz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Boisa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Grunling & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. B. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Governor William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS

Belgium—Consul General—B. Morhange, Grand Hotel. Consul, E. Grisar, N. W. cor. Broadway and Sansome.
China—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanova, U. S. Court Building. Consul—H. Parrott, 524 Montgomery street.
Denmark—Consul—Charles Lando, 2 Drumm street.
Belgium—Consul, Dan. I. Wolf, Acting Consul, J. J. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
France—Consul General, Eugene Rimpau, 204 Second street, 524 Jackson st.
Great Britain—W. H. Rae, General. Charles Mason, Vice Consul.
Guatemala—Consul-General—Isaac Hinks, 2 Drumm street.
German Empire—Consul—A. L. Hallenberg, 1133 Jackson street.
Greece—Consul—N. J. Kabatis, 8 Pine, California & Sansome.
Hawaiian Islands—Consul—Henry W. Severance, Front, Hinds and Drumm streets. William Wells, Mayor's office.
Italy—Consul—Gustave Corbett, 602 Washington street.
Japan—Consul—W. Brooks.
Mexico—Consul—Manuel Argüello, 1 Dupont street.
Netherlands—Consul—J. De Fremery, 1 Drumm street.
Nicaragua—Consul—J. J. Herrera, 531 Montgomery st.
Costa Rica—Consul—Isaac Hinks, 2 Drumm street, S. W. cor. Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
Peru—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanova, Court House.
Portugal—Consul—Francisco Lemos, Vice Consul, H. Dalbey, San Antonio, Alameda.
Spain—Consul—Eugenio Maria Merello, 121 California street.
Sweden and Norway—Consul—Oscar Hans Tamm, 611 Montgomery st.
Russia—Consul—Martin John Kelly, 8 Battery street.
Bolivia—Consul—J. J. Herrera, 531 Montgomery street.
U. S. of Colombia—Consul—R. M. Fox, 30 Washington st.
Turkey—Consul—Jno. W. Gibbs, 8 Battery street.
Argentine Republic—Consul—[illegible], 8 Battery st.
Switzerland—Consul—Francis Perlon, [illegible]
Austria—Consul—J. Mueller, Consul, 40 Merchant st, Central Chambers.
San Salvador—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

SIR EDWIN LANDSEER. BORN 1802. DIED OCT. 1, 1873.

The following are the four closing verses from a poem of thirty stanzas published in *Punch*:

Few have lived happier, dearer lives than he,
Whose Art piled with delight, delight still gave;
And if at last a cloud fell o'er his glee,
It hung not long between him and the grave.

Our best-known name in Art has passed away:
Of gifts, though bounded, truest most his own;
Who did such work as none of earlier day,
And shall by that to latest days be known.

And as the artist wrought, so lived the man:
Humorous, joyous, genial of mood,
With love that took all live things in its span,
And, without effort, all things to it wooed.

Whatever growth of Art may grace our time,
His still shall hold its place—apart—alone;
Others as high by other roads may climb,
None can be wideller loved, or worthier known.

A LITTLE STORY FOR WRITERS—WITH A MORAL.

In the Attic days of yore, a youth ambitious essayed the creation of a tale wherein no woman should appear. Boldly mounting his Pegasus and endaunted by the difficulty of his task, he motioned the sixths, and breathing a prayer to Apollo, commenced with chapter one; and warriors bold, and bloody battles, in which many were killed or sorely wounded. In the second chapter, all who were not annihilated by war made many and various treaties of peace. At the third chapter his resources failed him, and in despair he hastened to consult an oracle. The venerable mouth-piece of the gods, scratching his grey beard, said: "My son, the task you have undertaken is impossible. You cannot compose a tale without romance and love, and without women there is neither the one nor the other. The perfection of life would be spoiled, men live only to destroy, and the world would be a cursed and unfruitful desert. Go, young man, seek love, find romance, for they are the charms of life; gather wisdom by experience; and if you must write, describe always life as it is, and as one who has been an eye witness, for a thousand men are not equal to one woman."

The youth departed in deep thought. A year had passed away when he returned. His manner was gay, his mien was debonair, a smile lighted his countenance. He said to the savant: "I have found all that you have said. I have loved many beautiful women, and with many adventures, and many successes. I am happy, and I will write a romance as it should be." The ancient purveyor of the wisdom of the gods shook his grey locks. "No," said he, "this is only the folly of youth, you have learned nothing; you only trifle with love. Go, my son, seek farther; already you approach the threshold of passion—you go to taste its pleasures and its sorrows." The young man departed gaily, singing an ode to Cupid.

The savant waited many years. Finally his pupil returned. His brow was clouded, his eyes sunken, his step slow and weary. "Old man," he said, "I return, for I am sick and weary. Life is only a grief. I return to die near you. She that I loved is no more, and my soul is sick unto death, my task is a failure."

"No," said the venerable sage; "your lesson is well completed. To love and be loved is to know the power of the soul and taste the nectar of the gods. The sorrow so bitter as to seek death can never efface the memory of the joys you have felt. Now you can write a romance that will live."

A HINDOO STORY.

A tiger, prowling in a forest, was attracted by a bleating calf. It proved to be a bait, and the tiger found himself trapped in a spring-cage. There he lay for two days, when a Brahmin happened to pass that way.

"Brahmin!" piteously cried the beast, "have mercy on me; let me out of this case!" "Ah! but you will eat me."

"Eat you! Devour my benefactor! Never could I be guilty of such a deed," responded the tiger.

The Brahmin, being benevolently inclined, was moved by these entreaties and opened the door of the cage. The tiger walked up to him, wagging his tail, and said: "Brahmin, prepare to die, I shall now eat you."

"O, how ungrateful! how wicked! Am I not your savior?" protested the trembling priest.

"True," said the tiger, "very true; but it is the custom of our race to eat a man when we can obtain one, and I am entitled to dispose of you."

"Let us submit the case to an arbitrator," said the Brahmin. Here comes a fox. The fox is wise; let us abide by his decision."

"Very well," replied the tiger.

The fox, assuming a judicial aspect, sat on his haunches with all the dignity he could muster, and, looking at the disputants, he said:

"Good friends, I am confused at the different accounts which you give of this matter; my mind is not clear enough to render equitable judgment, but if you will be kind enough to act the whole transaction before my eyes, I shall attain unto a more perfect knowledge of the case. Doubtless, Mr Tiger, you then lost how you approached and entered the cage, and you, Mr Brahmin, show me how you detained him, and I shall be able to render a proper decision."

They assented, for the fox was a man of authority. The tiger walked into the cage; the spring-door fell and shut him in. He was a prisoner. The judicial expression faded from the fox's countenance, and, turning to the Brahmin, he said: "I advise you to go home as fast as you can, and abstain in future from doing favors to rascally tigers. Good morning, Brahmin; good morning, tiger."

EXTRAORDINARY AFFAIR.

The Russian paper, La Volx, relates the following lamentable story: The steward of a large landed proprietor inhabited, with his family, a handsome house, attached to the estate, not far from Moscow. His eldest daughter, a young woman of great beauty, was betrothed to the son of a rich merchant, and their marriage was fixed for an early date. The lover obtained permission to celebrate the young lady's birthday and also her name-day (St. Elizabeth), which immediately followed, by fêtes to be given at her father's residence. The first evening, all dinner the guests drank deeply, and became intoxicated, when his conduct became so violent that the guests retired, and he was with difficulty conveyed to his father's house. The next day, however, he presented himself at the ball which he had arranged, and danced with his betrothed. When the dance was ended the young lady requested the band to play a favorite air, and retired alone to the balcony, whence immediately afterwards was heard the sound of firearms, and the unhappy girl was found to have shot herself through the heart with a revolver she had concealed. A letter found upon her assigned the discovery of her intended husband's brutal nature as the motive for her fatal action.

There is a good deal of venomous truth in these remarks of the *Saturday Review*. It says: "The position of a journalist in a democratic society is not very different from that of the court fool of another period. His relations with his master are intimate and confidential; he enjoys the emoluments and privileges of a favorite, and his tongue had also a considerable license; now and then he can slip in a sharp word or two even about the great man himself, and to the great man's face; but he must be wary how he mixes criticism with flattery; his first obligation is to please, to humor, to amuse; and he must take care to follow his master's moods, and always to jump to the right tune."

Cayuga Lake is reported to yield bull-frogs weighing as much as fifteen pounds each; but there is a suspicion that the statement emanated from a real estate agent in that quarter, who wishes to attract French emigrants to that district. Perhaps he heard the story of the German ventriloquist who brags that, when serving in the late Franco-Prussian war, he shot eleven French sentries by squatting to the tall rushes and imitating the croak of a frog, and so decoying them within range.—*Daily Graphic.*

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $3,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, No. 8 Pine street. In Boston, Tremont National Bank. In London, the central bank of Scotland. The Bank has agencies at Virginia City, Gold Hill and correspondents in all the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise through all the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, Frankfort, Berlin, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Leipsic, Vienna, Lyons, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. Sept 20

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Herrick; Cashier, N. Ayer; Assistant Cashier, Jas. Moffitt. DIRECTORS: Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Chas. Crocker, Jas. Moffitt, Jas. C. Flood, Edward Martin, Thos. Gallagher, Samuel Herrick, Nathaniel Ayers, Jas. Lick & C. L. Ladd. Drafts on London, Paris, New York and Australia. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States. Great Britain and Ireland. Letters of Credit issued, available in Europe, Australia and Japan. Time Drafts purchased. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Collections and Exchange business transacted. Interest on Savings Deposits, compounded twice a year, at the rate of 8 per cent per annum. Gold Dust received for safe keeping. Gold and Silver purchased. Interest allowed on Gold Dust. Collections promptly made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, between Montgomery and Kearny streets. Hours for Business, 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Extra hours on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P. M. for receiving Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other Unexceptionable Securities at current rates of Interest. DIRECTORS: L. Gerstle, H. Ehrenbaum, H. Schutzbach, Chas. Kohler, Dan. Meyer, Chas. Mack, H. Dutton, Geo. H. Eggers. L. GERSTLE, Secretary. L. GOTTIG, President.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED)

412 California st., San Francisco.—London Office, 3 Angel Court; New York Agents, J. W. Seligman & Co., 21 Broad street. Authorized Capital $[illegible] in shares of $[illegible] each. Receives Deposits, allows Interest, discounts Bills and sells Exchange and Bullion (Coin Money), and transacts Business generally throughout the world. H. DE SOLA, } Managers.
JON. STERNHAGEN, } Oct. 4

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office—No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't; Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 13.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Hahn, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Dexter Taft, deceased.—Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executors of the estate of DEXTER TAFT, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executors, at the office of E. Valtice, No. 6 Merchants' Exchange, corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, in the County of San Francisco, California. W. P. LAYSON, } Executors
Dated Oct. 9, 1873. } of the Estate of Dexter Taft, deceased.
W. H. L. Barnes, Attorney for Estate. Oct 11

SITUATION WANTED

A young man, who speaks fluently the English, French and German languages, and has had three years' experience in a German university, desires a situation as Private Tutor in a family. The highest testimonials will be given. Address "W," NEWS LETTER office; or, California Placard Exchange, 638 Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct. 25.

A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO

Have removed to the Southeast corner of California and Battery streets, where they invite the attention of their customers and others to their large assortment of the Best and Finest Brands of CHEWING and SMOKING TOBACCO, HAVANNA CIGARS and CIGARITOS. Consignments of Choicest Brands of Cigars received by every Steamer. [Oct. 18.] A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

C. L. TAYLOR.] C. L. TAYLOR & CO., [E. BARSON, JR.

Shipping and Commission Merchants, No. 31 California st., below Davis, San Francisco, and 30 State street, Boston. Oct 1.

JOHN D. WEST, San Francisco. } H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO,

Importing Stationers, and Letter Ruling and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco.
Importers and Jobbers of
FABER'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS [April 19.]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and liberally receive and give information relating to the society. [Oct 11] J. P. M. HILL, Sec'y, 708 Montgomery street.

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE COMPANY.

Manufacturing Co.'s Offices—403 and 407 Sansome st., San Francisco. Oct 11

HAVANA CIGARS.

Having received a fresh Invoice of Herd & Co.'s celebrated Cigars, we offer the same at retail. OTTO DEMPESTER, MOFFITT & CO. Nov 1 10 California street.

RICHARD PATRICK & CO,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, No. 122 Battery street, San Francisco. Nov 1

COKE—CHEAPEST FUEL.

Sixty Cents per Barrel; Nine Dollars per Ton. At the Works, cor. Howard and Fremont; Corner Second and Bryant, Potrero. Nov 1

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind. Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

C. L. CHACKMAN.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to H. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 8.

THE BENEFIT IN AID OF ST. LUKE'S HOSPITAL.

Charity, it is said, covereth a multitude of sins, and last Thursday evening at Platt's Hall [illegible] covered a multitude of charity. Never has San Francisco witnessed a [illegible] of her best and brightest as on the occasion of the performance of the *Doctor of Alcantara* by an amateur troupe composed of Mrs. Nellie Stone, Miss Garnett, Mrs. Hall McAllister, and Messrs. Duncan, Campbell, Tippett, Sprague and Sayre. Had the ladies been chosen for their beauty alone, the attraction would have been great; but when to personal charms are added the graces of intellect, our readers may well imagine what a treat was presented. The hall was densely crowded, every aisle was two deep with spectators, everybody was dressed in her best, and the handsomest and loveliest of San Francisco were present. The performance went off as smoothly as if played by experienced professionals. Miss Garnett has a superb voice, and Miss Stone was exceedingly graceful, with a by-play that was admirably shown when she imagines "Don Carlos" to be in love with her. But if we are permitted to make a distinction where all was so good, it would be in favor of the piquante, arch, fascinating Inez. If Mrs. McAllister had been trained to the stage she could not have shown more appreciation of her character and greater ease and self possession. This, with her rich voice and musical talent, gave increased effect to the character, which is, in fact, one of the most prominent and important in the opera. Mrs. McAllister's costume was in excellent taste and keeping, at the same time extremely becoming. But we have no right to say more than to express our thanks to those who contributed so much to our enjoyment. The gentlemen were all good, especially, in our opinion, Mr. Lincoln. The arrangements were capital, as everything is under the management of Mr. Sommerfield, and we understand the hospital nets something in the neighborhood of two thousand five hundred dollars. The principle of this institution accords with the highest type of charity, inasmuch as there is nothing sectarian in its nature; the sufferer is regarded and not his creed, and the doors of the hospital are not open to one church and closed to another. Therefore, it was that all denominations crowded to its benefit. We can hardly pretend to give the names of one half of those present, the only way would be to take the Directory and pick out our worthiest and most respectable families, but from what we can gather, the following were among the spectators. In the boxes lining the gallery, I. C. Garland and wife, T. H. Selby and family; another box contained Messrs. Eddy, Thompson, and Ballard, who seemed to know everybody in the house; then came John Benson, T. Aitcheson, Charles Cushing, and George King, W. T. Coleman and family, Dr. Haynes, Dr. Gibbons, J. G. East and wife, Joseph Austin and lady, M. S. Latham and wife, D. Bernard, M. Dore and family, J. B. Haggin and the like, Dr. and Mrs. Toland, H. Wetherbee and [illegible] Mrs. S. D. Mayer, [illegible] Garnett and family, Major Alvord, Mr. and Mrs. Skaverw [illegible] pretty Miss Harmon from Oakland, W. H. Babcock and family, J. B. Throckmorton, ex-Alcalde Hoag, P. Sather and his belongings, I. Thornbury, T. Marks and lady, Generals [illegible] and Kirkham, A. B. Forbes and family, Mr. and Mrs. D. Lent, a charming group of the Hall McAllister family with well pleased paterfamilias in the rear, Mr. and Mrs. Barroilhet with the lesser lights Van Santen and Bevoe, Captain Moore, H. B. Williams and H. J. Booth and family of Sanna Ranch fame. The four boxes in the rear of the gallery were occupied by William H. Howard and wife, E. F. Hall, Tiburcio Parrott, and George H. Howard and their respective friends and families. The seats in the parquet were as brilliantly filled as those of the boxes. We noticed there Colonel J. D. Johnstone, Cutler McAllister, the Rev. Dr. Lathrop, Major Mendell, Colonel McAllister, the Rev. Dr. Platt, the new minister of Grace Church, Mr. Tubbs and his family, Ira P. Rankin and his [illegible] Tiden and his wife, with Dr. Jeffreys, H. B. Shaw and wife accompanied by Miss Quinn, H. S. Brooks and wife, Mr. and Mrs. John McLaren, S. Avery, wife, and daughter, Richard Ogden, William Kip, wife, and her mother, Count Olter, R. Olmsted, Sydney M. Smith and wife, Judge Hoffman, Henry Chauncey, and a host of others, most fair dames and demoiselles, accompanied by their cavaliers, whose memory confuses our brain to remember, and would numb our hand to write.

AMATEUR OPERA.

Dear News Letter—Amateur opera is a good thing in many senses. I thought so the other evening when witnessing the performance at Platt's Hall. I paid two dollars for a seat and half a dozen other people did the same for the same seat. We turned each other out half a dozen times before getting settled. These young gentlemen acting as ushers most certainly were "Amateurs," and evidently did not know their business, and moreover, did not show a commendable zeal in their efforts to earn it. They looked at the seat tickets and waved you graciously to some portion of the house, without troubling themselves to go there and show people their seats. One young man did, in some cases, and in nearly instance, assigned them to the wrong seats. That nice young gentleman with much spread of coat tail, with a pink in his button-hole, seemed to consider the whole thing a joke and rather amusing. It was not so for people who had paid their money and expected to get what they paid for. The mere fact of its being a performance by amateurs, did not afford any excuse for the confusion in seats. It was literally a theatrical and a public affair, as much so as any other in town for the nonce. There was no difference, and when amateurs set out to give public performances, and take money at the doors, they put themselves on the same footing as any public performers and cannot expect to escape criticism.

The ostensible purpose of the performance was for a charitable object, the benefit of St. Luke's Hospital. Verily, charity covers a multitude of ambitious aspirations. The object is plead in justification of the questionable taste of ladies appearing before a mixed audience to exhibit their charms and musical education. Is it not as much to gratify an inordinate ambition and love of admiration as charity? Is it a good school for a young lady just entering society? It requires a strong head to withstand the effect of the plaudits of an assemblage like that of Thursday evening. That they were justly deserved no one can gainsay, such remarkable beauty and voice combined as is placed in most unusual, but the ice broken, and that love of admiration—a weakness poor human nature is prone to—may develop to a point. The ordinary routine of daily life becomes insipid and insufficient to satisfy a higher ambition. We all know that an actress who has won the adulation of the public and been the pet of the public, can never settle down to the hum-drum of life—she sighs for the scenes of her former triumphs, and it generally ends in her returning to the stage when her charms have faded, to find she no longer has the powers of pleasing, and encounters bitter disappointment. Grisi lived to be hissed from the stage.

There is a certain freedom and liberty that custom allows the married condition that is considered "mauvais goût" in a young lady. Charity in itself is beautiful, but does it always justify the measures taken in its name to illustrate its Christian character? I don't mean to say that in many particulars the "scheme" in this instance was not commendable; but if I was personally interested in the matter, and my opinion was asked, I would say, Stop right here. You can't do this sort of thing much more without invoking serious criticism as to your real motives. As a performance, the opera was a success and the dramatic personæ sang and acted with all the self possession of artists familiar with the boards for a lifetime. The singing was excellent, the "by-play" was rather overdone, and a little slang, introduced in bad taste, might have been omitted to advantage. Too much gesticulation is not well—arms and hands, gyrating like a wounded duck on its back paddling the air, gives too much conspicuousness to those useful members, and opening the fingers—claw fashion—is too suggestive. Hands are troublesome members to dispose of, anyhow, and it is not easy to provide business for them at times; but they should not be given too much active employment. Repose is better than unnecessary vehemence of manner. As "Hamlet" says, "suit the action to the word." The gentlemen did remarkably well. "Señor Balthazar" was a little tame, and the character was not properly dressed for a grim old Don of the times. If "Dr. Paracelsus" would hold his head up, and talk to objects more elevated than the floor, it would be an improvement. The chorus was a triumph, and I should most willingly pay two dollars for a seat every night to hear so good a performance. The duet between the two "Porters," Messrs. Sprague and Sayre, was never better done on any stage. What a pity our friend Maguire can't engage the new troupe for a season and thereby replenish his coffers wasted upon [illegible]. There would be some one, too, [illegible] to give another performance for his benefit, then we could go through the list of hospitals, Magdalen Societies, and a wind up for Emperor Norton. Whoray! let's do it.

"Fool."

(COMMUNICATED.)

The Doctor of Alcantara, at Platt's Hall, by the amateur troupe, drew an audience as brilliant as it was fashionable, and the performance fully merited the appreciation received. Plaudits everywhere will agree with me that it is a loss to the lyric drama that Mrs. McAllister's lot has not been cast upon the opera to the stage, for which her *personnel*, her voice and vivacity, fit her as eminently as her social position and grace. Miss Garnett, as [illegible], in a charming costume, acted with rare modesty and grace, and captivated all with her fresh sweet voice and excellent style, wonderful in one so young. Miss Stone, as the state of "Donna Lucrezia," was a most excellently contrived, and sang her part with spirit. The unique duet of the porters received an encore, as usual, and the chorus was quite a treat. Take it for all in all, as an amateur performance it was something remarkable, and, under such circumstances, we are willing repeatedly to give charity in the name of St. Luke, St. John, or the whole twelve, not even omitting the miscreant Judas.

PROF. FABER'S TALKING MACHINE.

This very horrible but exceedingly ingenious machine was privately exhibited to the members of the press, and other invited guests, at the Occidental Hotel on Thursday afternoon. Prof. Faber introduced the machine in a speech that we have no doubt was replete with curious information for those who understood him. The machine has a bellows for a lungs, tubes for throat, a thing that goes "flip" for a tongue, another tube for a nose, jaws with teeth and a diaphragm and several other little curious arrangements far too numerous to mention. Mr. Faber is the Professor and relation to be perfectly manipulated the machine with wonderful dexterity and becoming gravity. "You don't can say, no zis ze machere does not say," boasts the Professor, and considering that it squawked in Spanish, bad English, German, Dutch, Prussian and Hebrew, we think his boast was no vain one. The machine talks like a foreign child with its throat cut, and is altogether a pretty toy for nervous ladies and shaky drunks to amuse themselves with. It is to be exhibited for a few nights at the California Theater, commencing on Monday.

Next Tuesday evening the Commencement Exercises of the Medical Department of the University of California will be held at Pacific Hall, at half past 7. There will be music by a good orchestra, prayer by Bishop Kip, addresses by Mr. Wilson, Professor Ingham and on the part of the Graduates by Eugene Martinson. The candidates will then be presented by the Dean, R. Beverly Cole; the Diplomas will then be conferred and the Hippocratic oath administered by Professor Toland, who we are happy to greet on his return from the East. The Exercises will end with prayer by the Rev. T. W. Brotherton. This, we believe, is the first granting of degrees by the University since the incorporation of the Toland College, and promises to be highly interesting.

New Metal Works.—Our old friend, F. C. Beldon, has inaugurated a new branch of industry in our city and now manufactures Babbitt metals, solder and type-metal superior to any now in use here. He also galvanizes iron cheaper than the imported article. From his well known industry and intelligence we predict great success to Mr. Beldon in his enterprise. Samples of the metals can be seen at the works, No. 215 First street.

For the past two weeks we have given the [illegible] of famous musicians and singers who prefer playing on and singing to the accompaniment of the Weber pianos to all others. And now we call attention to the verdict of that greater power, the *tout pejeul*. This great success, we confidently assert, says that the Weber piano is far superior to all others, whether in order, tone, quality, or power. Sherman & Hyde, corner of Kearny and Sutter streets, are the Agents.

Do you want a suit of really good fitting clothes? Then by all means call on Messrs. Purdy & Lichfield, corner of Washington and Sansome streets. They are making up in English Carr Meltons, the most stylish, elegant and finest fitting overcoats in San Francisco. They guarantee a true fit and at prices that suit. Many more pretentious firms charge about 25 per cent. over them and do not produce half so good an article.

D'etre bien gante et bien chausse, to be well gloved and well shod say the French, are the distinctive marks of a well-dressed man. To be well, to be splendid shod, go to P. Kelly, the prize bootmaker of Bush street, below Kearny.

Doctor Platt, the great sensationalist and thunderer of the Somerville pulpit, has come among us to stir up the sinners of San Francisco. He will appear at Grace Church to-morrow.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL.

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Sansome, under the direction of Sheridan [illegible] commencing MONDAY, Nov. [illegible], and every evening. Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. Farewell Season of the Master of the Mystic Art and Great [illegible] VANEK. Artist Extraordinary [illegible] to his Majesty the [illegible] of the Great Silver Medal of Art and Science. [illegible] SPIRITUALISM [illegible] LEVITATION SCENE, a Grand Magical Experiment, executed by PROFESSOR VANEK only. [illegible] and Experiments [illegible] All the ordinary [illegible] entertainments should be addressed [illegible] Dramatic Musical and Lecture Agency, Exchange Building, rear of the City Hall, San Francisco. Nov. 5.

PLATT'S HALL.

Grand Triumph! Splendid Novelties! By the New Star Alliance, JAMES A. HERNE, ALICE VANE, FAY TEMPLETON. Grand New Attractions.—Saturday and Sunday, Nov. 15th and 16th. Saturday Matinee at 2 o'clock, the beautiful new sensation, LIGHTHOUSE OF THE CLIFFS, and first [illegible] pleton specialty, the new Operatic Extravaganza, PAREPA ROSA. Popular Prices: Orchestra Chairs 50 cents; Orchestra [illegible] Chairs, 75 cents; Balcony [illegible] Parquette, 25 cents. Box sheet open daily. Nov. 15.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor.—Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. ELLA WESNER in her unsurpassable portraiture of Male character, with magic changes of the most fashionable and unique styles, and new and popular Songs, etc. SOCIAL SCANDAL; Or, SONG AND CHIT-CHAT. Welch and Rice as "The Two Morning Glories." Mr. [illegible] in "Negro Art," by Manning, Little Mac Reed, [illegible] Funny That Way and Actual [illegible] by ELLA WESNER the Darling [illegible] VIRGINIA CUPIDS [illegible] DICK CARROLL and his wonderful children, Little Dick, The General and Master Eddie. They are the Wonders of the Age. Nov. 15.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, at 2 o'clock. Arrah na Pogue. Matinee Saturday Evening, Nov. 15th. Mr. SHIEL BARRY with a [illegible] artistic impression [illegible] Boucicault's drama of ARRAH NA POGUE. Monday Evening, Nov. 17th. First production of Lewis Morrison's original American society play, founded on incidents of the late war written for him by Mr. J. B. N. Williams of Philadelphia and called FIELD AND FIRESIDE. During the evening PROF. FABER of Vienna will introduce his triumph of mechanical art, THE WONDERFUL TALKING MACHINE. Nov. 15.

OPERA HOUSE

Bush St., between Kearny and Montgomery.—[illegible] Every Evening during the week—SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE LEE'S Opera Bouffe, Burlesque and Comedy Troupe. [illegible] great Opera THE GRAND DUCHESS [illegible] Evening, Nov. [illegible] will be produced Offenbach's Opera, LA PERICHOLE. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Gallery, 50 cents. Nov. 1.

KENNEDY, MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 31.]

Stuart Seldon Wright, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.

OFFICES.

Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., up stairs.

Aug 9.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries.

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	50@	55
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	25@	35
Eggs, ℔ doz	45	50
Lard, ℔	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal.	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish ℔	3@	4
Lima Beans, ℔	6@	
Tomatoes, ℔	3@	4
Onions, ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ℔	2½@	4
Pumpkins, ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	15
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	10@	15
Celery, ℔ doz b.	75@1	00
Beets, ℔ doz b.	20@	25
Turnips ℔ doz b.	20@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b.	@	25
Green Peas, ℔	5@	8
String Beans, ℔	6@	8
Apples, ℔	4@	8
Pears, ℔	6@	10
Peaches, ℔	5@	15
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	12@	25
Do Figs, ℔	5@	12
Oranges, ℔ doz	6@	75
Lemons, ℔ 100		50
Limes ℔ doz	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Quail, ℔ doz	@1	50
Turkeys, ℔	20	25
Geese, ℔ pair	4	00
Ducks ℔ pair	1 25@2	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25	40
Hare, each	35	40
Oysters, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Clams, ℔ 100	5@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	15@	18
Salmon, fresh, ℔	10@	
Codfish, ℔	12@	15
Rockfish, ℔	8@	12
Smelts, ℔	12@	15
Tomcod, ℔	12@	
Sturgeon, ℔	12@	15
Flounders, ℔	25@	
Halibut, ℔	20@	50
Perch, ℔	5@	
Shrimps, ℔	10@	12
Anchovies, ℔	6@	8
Soles, ℔	20@	60

E. S. TIBBEY, Stock Broker,

No. 6 Leidesdorff St.

Aug.

H. F. Williams & Co., REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

ROOM 20, STEVENSON'S BUILDING, SOUTHWEST CORNER OF California and Mont. sts., SAN FRANCISCO.

Aug 23.

THE RATTLING OF THE CHAINS.

If, in matters of religious belief, the *News Letter* was not above the cant and hypocrisy of the [illegible] of San Francisco we should feel ourselves out of place in furnishing a journal for intelligent and reflecting minds. If we consented to allow ourselves to be driven in harness by those who profess a belief in all the absurd dogmas that priestcraft has invented for the selfish advancement of the [illegible] and worthless classes to which they belong, we should feel humiliated. The men who do not believe in a God are the brightest intellects of the age. The men who resent the audacious insinuation that because they do not, credit the Christian fable that, therefore, they are not good citizens are the best men in society. The truly good and charitable are not those who have accepted from priests and preachers a standard of excellence that looks to creeds and acts of worship, but they are those who square their lives by the rules of honor and govern their intercourse with their fellow men by their own pride of self respect. Draw a cord across a highway, and arrest one hundred intelligent men of independent minds who think for themselves, and ninety will reject the whole absurd teachings of modern religion; seven will be found professing to believe through an ignorant fear of hell, and three will be found to be knaves, who have stolen the cloak of religion to shield their [illegible], and one of these will be a preacher. We print the following from the biography of John Stuart Mill and we declare that it is our firm belief that among the Philosophers and Men of Science now living in the world there is not one in [illegible] who acknowledges the [illegible] in the wicked and demoralizing dogmas of this modern faith, called the Christian religion, and taught by the Christian church.

John Stuart Mill's Religious Views—His Disbelief not only in Christianity but in a God—His assumption that Theology must be Denounced as an Enemy to Mankind.

[Extract from John Stuart Mill's Autobiography.]

I was brought up from the first without any religious belief, in the ordinary acceptation of the term. My father, educated in the creed of Scotch Presbyterianism, had by his own studies and reflections been early led to reject, not only the belief in Revelation, but the foundations of what is commonly called natural religion. I have heard him say that the turning point of his mind on the subject was reading Butler's "Analogy." That work, of which he always continued to speak with respect, kept him, as he said, for a considerable time a believer in the divine authority of Christianity, by proving to him that, whatever are the difficulties in believing that the Old and New Testaments proceed from or record the acts of a perfectly wise and good being, the same and still greater difficulties stand in the way of the belief that a being of such a character can have been the maker of the universe. He considered Butler's argument as conclusive against the only opponents for whom it was intended. Those who admit an omnipotent as well as perfectly just and benevolent maker and ruler of such a world as this, can say little against Christianity but what can, with at least equal force be retorted against themselves. Finding, therefore, no halting place in Deism, he remained in a state of perplexity until, doubtless after many struggles, he yielded to the conviction that concerning the origin of things nothing whatever can be known. This is the only correct statement of his opinion, for dogmatic atheism he looked upon as absurd, as most of those whom the world has considered Atheists have always done. These particulars are important because they show that my father's rejection of all that is called religious belief was not, as many might suppose, primarily a matter of logic and evidence; the grounds of it were moral still more than intellectual. He found it impossible to believe that a world so full of evil was the work of an author combining infinite power with perfect goodness and righteousness. His intellect spurned the subtleties by which men attempt to blind themselves to this open contradiction. The Sabæan or Manichæan theory of a good and evil principle struggling against each other for the government of the universe he would not have condemned, and I have heard him express surprise that no one revived it in our time. He would have regarded it as a mere hypothesis, but he would have ascribed to it no depraving influence. As it was, his aversion to religion, in the sense usually attached to the term, was of the same kind with that of Lucretius—he regarded it with the feelings due, not to a mere mental delusion, but to a great moral evil. He looked upon it as the greatest enemy of morality; first, by setting up fictitious excellencies—belief in creeds, devotional feelings, and ceremonies, not connected with the good of human kind—and causing these to be accepted as substitutes for genuine virtues, but, above all, by radically vitiating the standard of morals, making it consist in doing the will of a being on whom it lavishes indeed all the phrases of adulation, but whom in sober truth it depicts as eminently hateful. I have a hundred times heard him say that all ages and nations have represented their gods as wicked, in a constantly increasing progression; that mankind have gone on adding trait after trait till they reached the most perfect conception of wickedness which the human mind can devise, and have called this God, and prostrated themselves before it. This *ne plus ultra* of wickedness he considered to be embodied in what is commonly presented to mankind as the creed of Christianity. Think, he used to say, of a being who would make a hell—who would create the race with the infallible foreknowledge, and therefore with the intention, that the great majority of them were to be consigned to horrible and everlasting torment. The time, I believe, is drawing near when this dreadful conception of an object of worship will be no longer identified with Christianity, and when all persons, with any sense of moral good and evil, will look upon it with the same indignation with which my father regarded it. My father was as well aware as any one that Christians do not, in general, undergo the demoralizing consequences which seem inherent in such a creed, in the manner or to the extent which might have been expected from it.

The same slovenliness of thought, and the subjection of the reason to fears, wishes and affections, which enable them to accept a theory involving a contradiction in terms, prevent them from perceiving the logical consequences of the theory. Such is the facility with which mankind believe at one and the same time things inconsistent with one another, and so few are those who draw from what they receive as truths any consequences but those recommended to them by their feelings, that multitudes have held the undoubting belief in an Omnipotent Author of Hell, and have nevertheless identified that being with the best conception they were able to form of perfect goodness. Their worship was not paid to the demon which such a being as they imagined would really be, but to their own ideal of excellence. The evil is, that such a belief keeps the ideal wretchedly low, and opposes the most obstinate resistance to all thought which has a tendency to raise it higher. Believers shrink from every train of ideas which would lead the mind to a clear conception and an elevated standard of excellence, because they feel, even when they do not distinctly see, that such a standard would conflict with many of the dispensations of nature, and with much of what they are accustomed to consider as the Christian creed. And thus morality continues a matter of blind tradition, with no consistent principle, nor even any consistent feeling to guide it.

It would have been wholly inconsistent with my father's ideas of duty to allow me to acquire impressions contrary to his convictions and opinions respecting religion: and he impressed upon me from the first that the manner in which the world came into existence was a subject on which nothing was known; that the question, "Who made me?" cannot be answered because we have no experience or authentic information from which to answer it, and that any answer only throws the difficulty a step further back, since the question immediately presents itself, "Who made God?" He, at the same time, took care that I should be acquainted with what had been thought by mankind on these impenetrable problems. I have mentioned at how early an age he made me a reader of ecclesiastical history; and he taught me to take the strongest interest in the Reformation as the great and decisive contest against priestly tyranny for liberty of thought.

I am thus one of the very few examples, in this country, of one who has not thrown off religious belief, but never had it. I grew up in a negative state with regard to it. I looked upon the modern exactly as I did upon the ancient religion, as something which in no way concerned me. It did not seem to me more strange that English people should believe what I did not, than that the men I read of in Herodotus should have done so. History had made the variety of opinion among mankind a fact familiar to me, and this was but a prolongation of that fact.

In regard to the question of religion our religious topics by those holding his father's opinions, Mr. Mill has the following remarks, which have about them the ring of a manifesto.

I think that few men of my father's intellect and public spirit, holding with such intensity of moral conviction, as he did, unpopular opinions on religion, or on any other of the great subjects of thought, would now either practise or inculcate the withholding of them from the world, unless in the cases, becoming fewer every day, in which frankness on these subjects would either risk the loss of means of subsistence, or would amount to exclusion from some sphere of usefulness peculiarly suitable to the capacities of the individual. On religion in particular the time appears to me to have come when it is the duty of all who, being qualified in point of knowledge, have on mature consideration, satisfied themselves that the current opinions are not only false, but hurtful, to make their dissent known at least, if they are among those whose station or reputation gives their opinion a chance of being attended to. Such an avowal would put an end at once and forever to the vulgar prejudice that what is called, very improperly, unbelief is connected with any bad qualities either of mind or heart. The world would be astonished if it knew how great a proportion of its brightest ornaments—of those most distinguished even in popular estimation for wisdom and virtue—are complete sceptics in religion, many of them refraining from avowal, less from personal considerations than from a conscientious, though now, in my opinion, a most mistaken apprehension lest, by speaking out what would tend to weaken existing beliefs, and by consequence—as they suppose—existing restraints, they should do harm instead of good.

THE VICTORIA EDUCATIONAL AND INDUSTRIAL BUREAU,

85 Praed street, Paddington, W.—Remunerative Occupations for Women obtained in various employments, through the means of technical instruction. Registry of Professional, Commercial, Industrial and Domestic Employments, etc. [illegible] in connection with the [illegible] throughout England and Scotland, and with offices in New York and Chicago. Information respecting Emigration to United States and Colonies. [illegible] all interested in woman's work and progress. A Reading Room [illegible] employees in the Bureau and neighborhood. A course of practical training afforded young servants. A fund for the relief of cases that [illegible] and [illegible] technical training in various industries. Lectures [illegible] management, economy, and cookery, treatment of children, and laws of health. Opened September, 1873. Conducted by

Nov. 8. EMILY FAITHFULL.

THE GREAT INTERNATIONAL RUNNING RACE.

Four Miles and Repeat, for the Pacific Jockey Club Purse of TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, Gold Coin, comes off November 15th. The following are among the entries: HUBBARD, of New York, JOE DANIELS, of Michigan; TRUE BLUE, of Kentucky; ARIZONA, of Tennessee; THAD. STEVENS, of California, and three others not yet selected, but all to be named at the post. The race will positively come off as advertised.

A. J. BRYANT, President. E. WILSON, JAMES SARGENT, Vice Presidents. CHAS. HOSMER, Treasurer. [Nov. 8.] WM. SHEAR, Secretary.

PROPOSALS FOR BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT.

Office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, San Francisco, November 4, 1873.—Sealed proposals for furnishing and setting in place one Burglar-proof Vault, for Treasurer's Office, complete, according to specifications and drawings, which are now ready and to be seen at the office of the [illegible] and will be received up to 2 o'clock P. M. of FRIDAY, the FIFTH OF DECEMBER prox.

Nov. 8. By order of the Board. ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary.

NOTICE.

If this should meet the eye of Stephen Nolder, who left England in 1852 or 1853, and formerly of Furze Hill, Newbury, Berks, England, or anyone that can tell of his whereabouts, he or they are earnestly solicited to communicate to Stephen Sanbrook, No. 272 Cambridge Road, London, N. E., England, as they will be liberally rewarded. Nov. 8.

WANTED.

A Situation as Bookkeeper, Collector, or Copyist, by one thoroughly competent, with the best of references. Address,

Nov. 8. J. B. LORELL, No. 420 Sansome street.

F. W. VAN REYNEGOM. JNO. D. DICKINSON.

VAN REYNEGOM & DICKINSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, 503 Montgomery st., cor. Sacramento (Rooms 12 and 13), San Francisco. Nov. 8.

VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE FOR 1874.

200 Pages: 500 Engravings and Colored Plate. Published Quarterly, at TWENTY FIVE CENTS A YEAR. First number for 1874 just issued. A German edition at same price. Address,

Nov. 8. JAMES VICK, Rochester, N. Y.

CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED.)

FOR HONGKONG VIA YOKOHAMA.

The magnificent new Clyde built screw Steamship Vasco de Gama, classed 100 A 1 at Lloyd's, [illegible] tons register, [illegible] horse power, effective F. Hire, Commander. This fast and powerful vessel, the first of the fleet of the China Trans-Pacific Steamship Co. [illegible] will leave as above on or about the [illegible] January [illegible] She has been built expressly for this service between this and China and Japan, and is fitted up most luxuriously, with all the latest improvements for the comfort and safety of the passengers. The steamship carries an experienced surgeon and stewardess. For freight or passage apply to

Nov. 1. MACONDRAY & CO., Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The Steamer Newbern, William Metzger, Master, will sail for the above ports on............ at 12 o'clock noon from Vallejo street Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the River. The ship bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. No freight received for Mexican Ports after 3 P. M. of the day last, and bills of lading for the [illegible] must be accompanied by Custom house and consular clearances. For freight or passage apply to

Oct. 4. E. NORTON, Agent, 416 Front street.

FOR GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

Regular Steamship Line to Mexican Ports, sailing every twenty days.—Freight at Reduced Rates.—The favorite Steamer NEWBERN, Wm. Metzger, Captain, will sail from Mission-street Wharf for the above ports on SATURDAY, Nov. 15th, at 12 o'clock noon. For freight at REDUCED RATES, or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to

Oct. 18. EDWARD NORTON, Agent, 416 Front street.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 225 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and to and with O. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

June 21. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde built steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves from Folsom street wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 4 P. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

JAS. H. HAM.] PETERS & HAM, [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. Sept. 1.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, with no leaning to any; and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

Mr. Editor.—Permit me through the columns of your *truly religious* and widely circulated journal, the *News Letter*, to give to the Christian world my experience of the last ten days as an old, unswerving pilgrim among the faithful laborers in the vineyard of the Lord. I had not until for some time past, with deep sorrow and a painful solicitude, the wide margin of glaring inconsistencies between the precept and example, the preaching and practice of the professing Christian. Realizing, therefore, in its fullest sense, the obligation I owe to the christianized world, and my duty as a progressive person to my fellow man, I girded up my loins in the determined spirit becoming one of God's anointed, and plunged headlong among the multitude, determined if possible to seek out and expose the error which has taken such a positive hold of the mind of the average Christian, as to cause him to profess one thing and practice another, to profess one act and perform its opposite, to shake your hand in the sunlight and stab you in the dark, to a pre[illegible] to the disgusted gaze of the thinking world the pitiable spectacle of a living, moving, hypocritical, counterfeit, or, in more concise language, a walking lie. With my Bible in my hand I called on a leading merchant who had made a corner in grain, and asked him how he reconciled the enriching of himself at the expense of Europe's starving operatives, with his profession of religion as taught by the meek and lowly Jesus? He offered me a three bit cigar, and replied, pointing to the Bible, "Look in that blessed book, old boy, where it says, 'to him that hath much shall be given, and to him that hath not shall be taken away, even that which he hath.'" I was answered. With a drooping step I turned me away amid the jeers of his employes. In crossing the street I beheld a [illegible] brutal, inhuman monster belaboring, with a heavy club, a harmless and inoffensive mule, accompanying each blow with a horrible oath. I stepped up to the creature, and raising my Bible aloft in one hand, begged his forbearance. I asked him if he was not aware that the mule was a direct descendant of that sacred animal on which our Saviour rode into Jerusalem? "My friend," said I, "are you a Christian?" "That's a hell of a question to ask me," said he, "a Christian, of course I am." "Why then," said I, "you know that it is wicked to beat that sacred mule." "Look here, old psalm singer," said he, "I have authority for what I do in that holy book which you hold in your hand; turn to the Song of Solomon where it says

> Things have come to a damn pretty pass,
> When a man can't wollop his own Jackass."

I was silenced, and retreated in disorder, accompanied by the prolonged whistle of the blasphemous mule-driver. I next called on the [illegible] She received me with all the loving caresses and fond endearments of a newly fledged campmeeting convert, while she whispered in her sisterly ear, "Sure I am a ... sister." "Get thee stray-bird from thee out of the Lord," said I, "you are mistaken, I am not a wordly [illegible] to be opened by the oyster-knife of iniquity. I am a saintly Sunday sifter of the seeds of Satan. I winnow the wheat from the wild weeds of the world's wickedness. I come to warn you from the wrath to come." "Get out, you old buzzard," said she, "I am a better Christian than you are, a blamed sight. You come canting and praying around here, trying to warm a few [illegible] out of us, on a scare about our immortal souls, but it won't do. We're posted, we've read that little of yours, and [illegible] once, and Solomon in particular, was be[illegible] of the Lord for taking care of just such saints as we are." I was [illegible] convicted against by my own witness, the Bible. I next visited a condemned murderer on the eve of his execution. "My friend," said I, "have you made your peace with God?" "Made my peace?" said he, "I never had any quarrel with him. I am all right according to that holy book which you hold in your hand. I'm sorry I've been caught, and I believe in Jesus. That's a ticket to the dress circle in heaven, what more can I have?" I bowed my head in a humility. I saw that the teachings of my blessed book were a premium to crime. I then proceeded in company with our prison counsellor, and visited our State Prison. We interviewed nine hundred and fifty state prisoners, who had been convicted of all the various crimes in the calendar. They were all Christians with one solitary exception, and he was sentenced for a life term for shooting a clergyman in defence of the truth. This literary exile was a free thinker and [illegible] in consequence of which he was the butt for all the jeers, ridicule and [illegible] of all the inmates. I remarked to the chaplain of the prison that this was not evincing a proper Christian spirit. He replied that I was a poor Christian; that the good book taught us that "that those who are not for us are against us; believe on me or be damned; an eye for an eye and a tooth for a tooth," and that this infidel wretch must be made to see the error of his ways and embrace Jesus and be saved. I asked the reverend gentleman how it came about that so many pious Christian souls were confined in the State Prison for committing such [illegible] crimes?

"Oh," said he, "the ways of Providence are past finding out. They are but instruments in the hands of an all wise God, no doubt for the working out of some great design which is most wisely hid from the vulgar gaze of common men." He referred me to my Bible, where it says "the ... of the Lord ... he chasteneth." It was as clear to my mind, but I doubted the use of I [illegible] and thought it was hard on the instruments. I called on the most corporate, and to my ... and gently inquired, "Are you Christians, gentlemen?" Their unvarying answer was, "No, only in a professional sense, and to assist us in our practice, in making money." I presented my Bible to the legal gentlemen, members of the bench and bar, and asked them if they imposed the oath on that book? Their answer was a decided and unqualified "No." "It requires," said they, "a few men to remain honest by keeping outside of the church, in order to settle the differences [illegible] of the Christian [illegible]. I [illegible] and began to see faith in my holy book, but as a last resort [illegible] boy who was playing marbles, hoping to find true and abiding piety in his young mind. "Sonny," said I, "Do you know that Christ died [illegible] to save sinners?" He turned on me with the most contemptuous [illegible] I ever beheld, and roared out, "Boy! for Christ! It's my next shot!" That floored me. I gave up. I was convinced that my blessed book was used only as a cloak to cover the world's iniquity. With a heart overloaded with intense [illegible], I conveyed my talented old sermons ... a pair of tongs out into the back yard, and hurled it into the ash heap, and I wept... contemplating the case of misplaced confidence, I sat down on an inverted ... keg, and I wept, giving full strength to my overcharged feelings by murmuring the following mournful melody:

> Thou art vanished and gone, like a toad in a puddle,
> And never no more my brains will thou muddle.
> Thy bundle of lies, which through hell I have trusted,
> Are now [illegible] and my ... [illegible] busted.
> In the heap of waste ashes ... a grave,
> My bondage is over, I'm no more thy slave,
> Thy promise of bliss, in a home in the sky,
> I find, to my cost, a stupendous lie.
> The veil of deceit from thy pages I tear,
> And thy threats of a Hell ... impotent to scare.
> This heap of waste ... where all things are rotten,
> Is the bed that befits thee. Be thou ... and forgotten.
>
> Yours, in melancholy madness,
> THE PARSON.

THE OAKS, November, 1873.

An Irish paper urges every true son of Erin to enthusiastically pray for the success of the British ... that brave and ... to dethrone the King of Ashantee!

The admirers of Miss Florence Montgomery will be glad to hear a new story by her ... awarded ... Duncan ... Nest.

Pilgrimages may be termed the ... of faith.

Placard Exchange

AND

BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Managing Committee of the above institution have the pleasure of giving notice, that after some unnecessary delay, the Directors are now fully prepared to receive orders for the purchase and sale of lands of the State or elsewhere, such as ranches, private land claims, or public lands of the United States—they having secured the services of **Col. Leander Ransom**, the well known Land Agent, who for *ten years was the State Agent for the disposition of the school Lands*. The department is now fully supplied with maps and charts, and every necessary means of information relating to operations in land. Owners of ranches and real estate properties generally, desirous of disposing of the same, will find the Placard Exchange, with its facilities, an excellent medium for bringing their estates under the notice and attention of capitalists. Those, also, who desire to make purchases, **of any of the Public Domain in the State of California**, either in large or small tracts, will be sure to be accommodated. Maps and charts furnished, and all needful information imparted when required. Large landholders desiring to sell, can have their tracts subdivided into farms, or smaller subdivisions, with maps and accurately calculated quantities of each. Also, all kinds of printing executed with punctuality and dispatch. *Charges moderate.*

Offices open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

THE AGRICULTURAL BUREAU OF THE PLACARD EXCHANGE,

No. 613 MERCHANT STREET.

Have for Sale the Following Tracts or Parcels of Land, to wit:

40 Acres near Oak Grove, 1½ miles from the Railroad, between Mayfield and Mountain View.

100 Acres, a mile south of Mayfield, lying on both sides of the San Jose Railroad. Very desirable for country residence. To be sold in tracts [illegible] Live Oak Trees.

320 Acres on the road from Saratoga to Pescadero, four miles from the former place.

500 Acres, three miles from the City of San Bernardino. A living stream of water [illegible] it.

600 Acres near the line of the proposed Railroad from Los Angeles to San Bernardino [illegible] Way.

8,000 Acres near Anaheim, Los Angeles County, in tracts to suit purchasers. Several living springs on it.

Also, Tracts from [illegible] and 610 acres, to suit purchasers, lying in Los Angeles, San Bernardino and San Diego Counties, on which are [illegible]

NOTE.—Sellers as well as purchasers can be accommodated at the "Bureau," where maps and descriptions of lands for sale, can at all times be seen. Nov. 1.

A RARE CHANCE FOR CAPITALISTS.

A man with $30,000 can hear of a chance to double his money in eighteen months, in a land operation on the line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, by calling at the "Agricultural Bureau" of the Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant street. Delays are dangerous. Nov. 8.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan streets, on the 1st and 16th of every month at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Nov. 17—Steamer JAPAN ... Capt. Freeman.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA,

Leave at 12 o'clock noon, on the 8th and 18th of each month for PANAMA, and connecting via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Nov. 18—Steamer NEVADA ... Capt. Austin.

All Steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all our ... at SAN DIEGO.

[illegible] at ... for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Through ... to ..., Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, ... Copenhagen, ... Norway.

When the sailing day ... Panama steamer ... on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at ... A.M. as follows:

MOHONGO, Capt. Dowgass, Monday, Oct. 27, Friday, Nov. 7, Wednesday, Nov. 19.

ORIZABA, Capt. Johnson, Saturday, Nov. 1, Thursday, Nov. 13, Tuesday, Nov. 25.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT

SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,

But takes no freight for San Simeon.

SENATOR, Capt. Harlow, for San Luis Obispo and way ports, Saturday, Nov. 15, at 9 A. M.

... Capt. ..., carrying ... oils and combustibles—for San Diego and way ports, Thursday, Oct. ..., at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. ... S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS—REDUCED RATES

Steamer Antelope, connecting with the San ... S. P. R. R., at Donahue Landing, for PETALUMA, SANTA ROSA, HEALDSBURG, CLOVERDALE and Way Stations. Steamer leaves every SUNDAY at ... A. M. from ... Wharf ... Arriving in San Francisco ... Tickets ... This is the cheapest, quickest, shortest and most pleasant route to Skaggs' Springs and THE GEYSERS. ... Tickets on sale at the Office ...

Daily Time Table ... Wharf ... Leaves ... San Francisco ... Arriving ... Montg... (May 1) ... ARTHUR HUGHES, General ...

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO

Jan 4. No. 613 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses. The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England; Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., Bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate [illegible]; Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China; Hallett, Smith, Payn & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo-Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dennistoun, Cross & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane; The Alliance Bank (Limited), Bartholomew lane; Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 10 Moorgate; East Cheapside Merchants Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st.; London Suburban Bank (Limited), 265 Fulham road; Credit Foncier of Mauritius (Limited), 37 Cheapside; Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street; East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; San Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Westminster Bank, 3 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton, [illegible]; W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge; Sam's Coffee House, London; Langham Hotel, Portland Place; W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 21 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno. Marriott, 11 ... street, E. C.; Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange Enterprise; Henry Lafon, and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD

WM. BURLING, . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, . Secretary.

Budd, W. C. . 440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 323 ... st.
Higgins, W. L. . 411 California st.
Jones, J. H. . 509 California st.
Keene, J. R. . 435 California st.
Marion, E. J. Dell, with ...
... & Co., . 4.6 Montgomery st.
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Peckham, E. P. . 419 California st.
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Smiley, G. W. . 414 California st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of ... and ... streets, San Francisco. Aug. 16.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, ... Montgomery and Sacramento, ... Nov. 7. May 23.

WAITING FOR THE WAITER.

> We said we'd meet at half-past three—
> It's twenty minutes later,
> And while poor Lucy waits for me,
> I'm waiting for the waiter.
>
> She'll vow "I do it just to tease."
> If [illegible] I really hate her,
> Will my excuse cool at her? "Please
> I waited for a waiter."
>
> My double of that are very great,
> My love of her is greater,
> Each passing moment adds a weight
> To waiting for the waiter.
>
> I'll have to stand a bonnet new,
> A trip to the theater,
> And this extravagance is due
> To waiting for the waiter.
>
> I only want a pint of stout,
> A chop and a "pertater,"
> I'm hungry—Jammed! I can't get out,
> I'm waiting for the waiter.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California.—It has been we find, Mr. Shiel Barry's misfortune to have all along hid his light under a bushel. In all the characters in which he has appeared up to Wednesday night he has given us the impression of his being nothing but a [illegible] from his strong ... with the [illegible] of Irishy ... As Michael Feeney ... in *Peep o' Day*, he proves himself if not a ... at least a thorough actor. Shiel Barry was ... and in his place was an embodiment of [illegible] such contemptible cowardice that we longed ... and over ... kick ... not Mr. Barry, but Mr. Barry's "Michael Feeney." Every attitude, every movement of the body, every aspect of the face, was in perfect artistic keeping. Cringing before his superiors, domineering in his exultation over poor imprisoned Shaun, ... in his love-making, a skulking, vindictive craven throughout. If Mr. Barry would kindly forget the precious hard names we have given him, he would much oblige. Another ... proof that circumstances make the man. We confess to feeling a ... of satisfaction when Shaun seized him by the throat, and were only sorry that he did not ... the little wretch entirely for Mr. Barry's "Michael Feeney" ... The other characters were good, especially "Shaun the Post" [W. Lamson], "Arrah na Pogue" [Maggie Moore], and "Col. O'Grady" [Harry Edwards]. The first makes a better Irishman than we expected, the second ... surprising powers of pathos, and the last was a glorious personation of a free hearted, wrong headed, true and most ... Irish gentleman. The scenery throughout ... great credit on the scenic artist and carpenters, except when they persisted in putting a round tower into a drawing room.

On Monday, a something called *The Foster Brother* was put on, about which the ... Mr. Johns ... himself, with characteristic modesty, over a column notice in his ... programme, which extended notice of the play only went to prove what the public had already found out, that it wasn't worth a rap.

Opera House.—Another opera bouffe by the jolly little company at this house ... a fortnight ... a notable fact, when the small number of transient visitors in San Francisco is taken into consideration. *The Grand Duchess* contains ... as ever and a better song, and much better acted than at first. The increase of taking business is especially apparent. The troupe is at present hard at work on *La Perichole*, the appearance of which we are anxiously awaiting. That ... *The Duchess* and *The Brigands* we have not ... We are very much pleased to find that Maguire has at last seen the necessity of giving ... Troupe ... Italian opera. He has secured ... Madame Agatha States and Signora Rocco, Orlandini and ... with a crew of ... and chorus, so that a prosperous voyage seems very likely, wind and weather (their money) permitting. The opera nights are Thursday and Sunday of each week.

Woodward's Gardens have this advantage amongst their myriad others. [illegible] at the programme for today and tomorrow ... feeding, the ... Hall ... the ... performance, and Mons. Duret—who looks very much like a Dulsley—with his trained animals—all these besides good music, a first class menagerie, lovely flowers, etc., etc., ... Harry ... is a wonderful ... for the ... amusement. The amount of ... the way in which he does it, and his ... energy ... remarkable. H. D. Woodward may congratulate himself on possessing a "perfect treasure."

Alhambra.—The California Minstrels have been playing this week to first-class houses. "Tête à tête" is now changed to "Bong and Chit-Chat," a very good name for the first part, and one we advise them to retain. In it are some ... and ... We ... than anything ... *Wiring In* ... [illegible] ... grows terribly monot... [illegible]

Platt's Hall.—The "Star Alliance" have found San Franciscans so well [illegible] ... Tom ... appeared ... uninterrupted night after night, ... [illegible]

The Great International Running Race.—The excitement about this race ... today will be ... described. Every vehicle in town has been chartered, and the crowd on the Course will ... thing ... in the sporting ... of California. ... owned by William Hall of San Jose ... starter ... eight men of ... to-day ... the track ... Fox ... being the favorite ... In fact, today ... San Francisco ... in America ... S. P. R. R. ... for the races ... at 9, 10, 11, 12 ... 2.30. Fare for the round trip ... from Industrial School Station, only ... cents.

The Great Decapitator, Professor Vanek, will on Monday evening next commence his ... at Mercantile Library Hall under the direction of Sheridan Corbyn. Platt's Hall was always crowded during the ... and is really not as well adapted for the display of some of the Professor's clever tricks as is the present location. Vanek is not merely excellent in all the mysteries of the conjuring art, but displays some brilliant and startling electrical experiments, and the dissolving Cyclorama which concludes the exhibition is very beautiful. The (with two e's) sensation of the evening is, however, undoubtedly the wonderful ... decapitation ... off with his head, ... mistake; a cold shudder runs through the audience, men shiver, ladies avert their eyes, yet go again and recommend their friends to go. With Corbyn as manager, the ... will certainly be a great success, for what Sheridan knows not of the show business is not worth knowing.

Saint Andrew's Society.—On Monday evening, 17th inst., at 8 o'clock, the ... [illegible] ... subject "Hugh Miller" ... Members, friends and the ladies ... invited. By order LITERARY COMMITTEE.

Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D. D., will preach Sunday in St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street, at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. The public is cordially invited to attend. At the commencement of the morning service children may be presented for baptism.

HER BEAUTIFUL EYES.

> Is it in depth, in color, or size,
> The charm which lies in those lovely eyes
> [illegible] the summer sky?
> A baby's, a child's, a woman's in one,
> My heart is drank up as the dew by the sun,
> By the glance of her beautiful eye.
>
> Softly, timidly glancing up,
> [illegible] like a violet cup,
> Looks wondrously sweet and shy;
> Gazing into its depths, I know
> The charm which sets my heart in a glow
> Is the *soul* in her beautiful eye.
>
> —*Vere Egerton in Appleton's Journal.*

ART NOTES.

Our art community has sustained a decided loss by the departure of Mr. Gilbert Munger for New York, where he will re-establish himself for a time. Munger has in the last two seasons traveled a most incessantly, part of the time in company with Clarence King, the geologist, and has visited not merely all the leading points of interest to an artist in California, but has extended his trips through inaccessible portions of Utah, Wyoming, Idaho, Oregon, etc., securing an immense number of valuable sketches. This artist's style is eminently finished and complete, hence we were not surprised to learn that he has received commissions ... during his travels and stay in this city to occupy his time for the next year or more, working hard at that. Among his patrons is Lord Skelmersdale, M. P., the purchaser of the famous [illegible] Eastern ..., who, meeting him in Yosemite Valley, was greatly struck by his characteristic sketches. It is a further proof of this artist's fidelity to nature, that Prof. Whitney and several other scientific men have given him commissions. Poor Munger! we would rather paint for the most exacting of connoisseurs than for the scientists. But let that pass; we can bear ample testimony to this artist's genius and talent, as well as to his untiring energy and conscientiousness. His two years studies have been made for the most part on a large scale, and in number are sufficient to cover the entire walls of the Art Association gallery, and they should have been secured for at least one evening by that society. The art ... under review has been little represented here, his remarkable "Shoshone Falls" being the only large work exhibited by him this year. His success in obtaining commissions *in the field* from travelers and tourists, will, we expect, stimulate some of our younger men to *sketch* more carefully and spend more time among the beauties of nature. Munger's sketches have nothing meretricious about them, he aims at strong natural effects very frequently. It is true some think his works a little too severe, but if so, it is seen ... painting of the best and highest order. For the rest his numerous separate studies of foliage, rocks geologically true, snow under all effects, skies and clouds innumerable, convince us that this artist is working in the right spirit, and is sure of attaining a foremost place in his profession.

Marple has added a fine studio for his own use, to his Art Gallery in Tucker's building, and Hill has moved into his new suite of rooms in Duncan's building, California street. By taking a few trips up his stairs to the "Summit," inspecting and purchasing a picture or two while there, you can save all the worry, vexation and trouble of a visit to the country, get good exercise and permanent, nay, increasing value for your money.

Mezzara has, with his assistants, been steadily at work "restoring"—and very successfully, too—the damaged beauties among the French casts at the Art Association Rooms. A number of the pedestals are ready, and the Parthenon marbles have been boxed in or framed. While on this topic, we must not forget a very charming little head just modeled in plaster by Mr. Irwin, the portrait and figure painter. It is that of a young boy, and was made from *sketches* we believe, taken after death. It is very chaste and tender and excellent in *drawing*, applying that term, as we may legitimately, to modeling.

We have so few water color artists practicing among us, that we must chronicle an accession in the person of Major Sutherland, an English artist, who has some dozen capital works at the Art Association rooms, the ... of one or two of which are excellent. "An Italian Scene at the foot of the Abbruzzi Mountains, near Naples," and "San ... Near ...," struck us as particularly worthy of mention. Laver, the well known lithographer, has completed a characteristic picture of "Mt. Shasta from Castle Dome," and has some pleasing views from the Conway Valley, New Hampshire.

An eighty guinea prize, from the Art Union of London, has fallen to San Francisco, and Mr. Laver, the Architect of the ... Hall, holds the lucky number. The picture has been received, and is a fine work by Edwin A. Pettitt, a well known artist. It represents "Sn... Val St. Nicola," an old hamlet and church, in a rocky gorge, with torrent dashing impetuously down from the mountains. It is an ... piece of good painting, and the handling is very masterly. It is now on view at the California Placard Exchange, adding one more attraction to that valuable institution.

A FITTING REBUKE.

There are many men in existence who seem it no harm to speak slightingly of woman. According to the ... that the strong should ... a well known ... of reputation received a severe rebuke on a recent occasion. At a dinner, at which no ladies were present, this man, in responding to a toast, "Woman," dwelt most unkindly on the frailty of the sex, claiming that the best of them were little better than the worst, the chief difference being in their surroundings. At the conclusion of the speech a gentleman present arose, to his feet and said: "I trust the gentleman, in his application of his ... refers to his own mother and sisters, not ours." The effect ... this just and timely rebuke was overwhelming, and the maligner of women was covered with confusion and shame.

The Sunday (N. Y.) Mercury of October 26th relates a very characteristic anecdote ... people. A Mr. Thomas Ryan, who resides on West Fifty sixth street, near Sixth Avenue, offered to register yesterday afternoon, but he had failed to bring his naturalization paper with him. He was told that without it his name would not be placed upon the roll, unless he could swear that he had lost it and could not procure a duplicate. But Tom was not to be put about in this way. "By Jabers," he said, "I've got my paypers an' I'll bring them." He went home, and in less than an hour he came back with the whole door of his house ... on his head. "Here," said he, "there's me paypers, look at them," and there ... the certificate of the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of the city was pasted upon the door.

The Appetite of a Child is as ... as it is excellent. A baby in New Bedford has won ... by swallowing thirty seven, but one ... four of them brass ... pants ... a ... button, and a thimble, and yet the pretty pledge ... a prosperous baby.

TO THE COAL TRADE

The Black Diamond Coal Mining Co. have for sale 3,000 tons best quality Wallsend and Waratah Sydney Coal, 1,000 tons Bellingham Bay Coal. And are receiving 1,000 tons per month of Black Diamond and other Mount Diablo Coal. Office—Spear street, between Folsom and Harrison.

Nov. 15. P. B. CORNWALL, Prest. B. D. C. M. Co.

To An. G.—Unlucky beggar. But I still got only pense. Your mother and aunt are both dead, the former died in June this year. All information ... Mrs. J. S. H. ... at her old address in London ... Nov. 15.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Ajax, ... Bolles, ... street wharf for the above port on SATURDAY, Nov. ..., at ... o'clock A. M. ... WM. ... Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

Special Notice.—The Steamer Senator, for San Luis Obispo and way ports, ... SATURDAY, Nov. 15th, will sail at ... o'clock A. M. ... at latest ... (Nov. ...) S. K. HOLMAN, Agent.

BED-TIME STORIES.

Among the real literary benefactions of the season are Mrs. Louise Chadler Moulton's *Bed Time Stories*, published by Roberts Brothers, Boston. They are simply and gracefully told full of the spirit of love and charity; and teach lessons of unselfishness, patience and courage. The following dedication is exquisitely fine:

TO MY DAUGHTER FLORENCE.

It is you that I see, my darling,
On every page of this book,
With your flowing, golden tresses,
And your wistful, wondering look,

As you used to linger and listen
To the "Bed-Time Stories" I told,
Til the sunset glory had faded,
And your hair was the only gold.

Will another as kindly critic
So patiently hear them through!
Will the many children care for
The tales that I told to you?

You smile, sweetheart, at my question,
For answer your blue eyes shine,
"We will please the rest, if it may be,
But the tales are—yours and mine."

BOOK NOTICES.

THOREAU; THE POET NATURALIST. With Memorial Verses. By William Ellery Channing. Published by Roberts Brothers, Boston.

What is to be expected of a book in which the author introduces himself and work to the public in the preface in such a motley style "In a biographic thesis, there can hardly occur very much to amuse, if of one who was reflective and not passionate, and who might have entered, like Anthony Wood in his journal 'This day old Joan began to make my bed'—an entry not fine enough for Walpole. At the same time the account of a writer's stock in trade may be set off like the catalogues of George Robins, auctioneer, with illustrations even in Latin, or

'The learned Greek, fit in rich epithets,
Blest in the lovely marriage of pure words.'

Byron's bath at Newstead is described as a dark and cellar-like hole. The halos about the brows of authors tarnish with time. Heraklion, too, must be respected—that law of Nature. Authors carry their robes of State, not on their backs, but, like the Indians seen by Wafer, in a basket behind them "the times epitome." But, as the cheerful host says,

I give thee all, I can no more,
If poor the offering be.

The best scraps in the larder, like Pip's porkpie." And so he goes on in several paragraphs of patchwork, until one imagines that one is reading a dictionary of quotations, or glancing over an old maid's scrap-book. A man has no right to transform the spiritual, cultivated, entertaining companion, into the disagreeable, tiresome bore that Mr. Channing, with his curtailed sentences, attempts at aphorisms and remarkable English, inflicts on us, bewildering his readers most effectually as to the pursuits, life, and pleasures of a most interesting man. For instance: "Once when a follower was *done up* with headache and incapable of motion, hoping his associates would comfort him, and perhaps *afford* him a sip of tea, he said, 'There are people who are sick in that way every morning, and go about their affairs,' and then marched off about his. *In such limits, so inevitable, was he completed.*" "He was entered of Harvard College in the year 1833, and was a right-eous and respectable student, having done a bold reading in English poetry." Another qualification: "Never in too much hurry for a dish of gossip, he could 'sit out the oldest frequenter of the bar-room,' as he believed and was alive from top to toe with curiosity, a *quality, it is true, not latent in our people.*" His opinion of poor relations "He did not wish for a set of cheap friends to eat up his time, was rich enough to go without a train of poor realtions—the menagerie of dunces with open mouths." Mr Channing speaks of his eating a half loaf of bread for dinner on an Albany bound boat—"A plain man could do this heartily, an ornamental scented thing looks affected. This was before the pedestrian disease!" Another would-be aphorism of the author's, chosen for elegance and the meaning conveyed "Soap grease is not diamond." Thoreau "worshiped a hero in mortal desire, under the shape of that homely son of justice, John Brown," consequently Mr Channing gushes in this strain of Thoreau "He shot corruscations from rockets at Framingham and elsewhere, and took his chance to preaching at those animated free churches which, pushed from the rolling tempest of the Southern hotbed. At Worcester, he is said to have read a damaging institution lecture upon 'Brains' that never got to print. He, too, had the glory of speaking the first public good word for Captain John Brown after his attack upon the beast ran for the American plate that Moloch colored by Jeff Davis and backers. In ten years more, the United States, that killed instead of protecting bold Ossawatomie, was enlisting North Carolina slaves to fight against Virginia slave holders!" What rotten bosh! what tiresome old twaddle! Did Mr Channing stay at home expressly to write to us, and send his wise relations "on to Richmond?" It sounds very like it. Just such bombast, such miserable trash, draw the attention of the reader from the life of the Poet Naturalist, and he bestows his time in bewailing the fate of Thoreau, who had such a friend as William Ellery Channing to write his life.

WOMANHOOD; ITS SANCTITIES AND FIDELITIES. By Isabella Beecher Hooker. Published by Lee & Shepard, Boston.

Mrs Hooker is a member of the remarkable family of Beechers, and though less known to fame than her brothers and sisters, has the gift of stating her opinions with force and maintaining them with power. Her object in this little work "is to present in the most effective manner the argument against the licensing of prostitution," and to incite the women of America to take up with the same enthusiasm, "the work done for moral purity by the noble women of England." The pamphlet contains three distinct papers, the first, a letter on "Motherhood," addressed to the Rev Dr Todd in answer to a "serious and earnest article from his pen, which appeared in the Boston *Congregationalist*, entitled 'Fashionable Murder,' in which the crime of foeticide was severely condemned," the second, correspondence with John Stuart Mill in regard to the "Subjection of Women," and the third, on "State Patronage of Vice," in which she says "Men, in dealing with this subject alone, however well disposed, have shown their incompetence to it. It is for women, with a profound interest in a question so vitally affecting their own sex and the public morals, to address themselves to the subject with courage, with their strong sense of right, and with their instinctive delicacy. It is no time for false timidity," etc. To those interested in this important question, this work will furnish abundant food for thought and reflection.

MIND AND BODY, THE THEORIES OF THEIR RELATION. By Alexander Bain, L.L.D., Professor of Logic in the University of Aberdeen. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

Another volume in the valuable "International Scientific Series," for the publication of which Messrs Appleton & Co are deserving of thanks from all those interested in the scientific education of the youth of our country.

Now that Christmas draws near, the tide of holiday books sets in. Each year an improvement on the last is visible in their publication. The type, paper, binding, illustrations, are all perfect in their way, and the reading matter, provided by some of the most popular authors, bids fair to be a rare treat for the little folks. The following are some of the juvenile publications, by Lee & Shepard, Boston.

JOHN GODFREY'S LEGACY. By Rev. Elijah Kellogg. No. 5 of the "Pleasant Cove Series," to be completed in six volumes. The last, "The Fisher Boys," is now in press.

THE YACHT CLUB; OR, THE YOUNG BOAT BUILDER. By Oliver Optic. With thirteen illustrations. This volume belongs to the "Yacht Club Series," and will be welcomed by the legions of admirers that Oliver Optic, by his magic pen, has created for himself.

BED-TIME STORIES. By Louise Chandler Moulton. Published by Roberts Bros., Boston. A charming collection of stories for girls.

TURNING OF THE TIDE, one of the "Whispering Pine Series," is full of useful information pleasantly given. The struggles and successes of a self-taught blacksmith and surgeon are depicted in such a manner as to absorb the reader deeply in their troubles and triumphs. Iron, a grim enough subject, is so overlaid with pleasant story of energy, perseverance and industry, as to teach the dullest boy whether he will or no. For sale at the house of A. L. Bancroft & Co.

FIRESIDE SAINTS, MR CAUDLE AT THE BREAKFAST TABLE, AND OTHER PAPERS, is a collection of sketches not included in the collected works of Douglas Jerrold. Like everything from his pen, they abound with rarest humor and keenest wit. Our old friend Caudle, truly the recipient of universal sympathy, appears in entirely new colors. With the unhappy Mrs C. No. 2, he is more completely the tyrant as he was the slave of No. 1, and his breakfast table lectures do ample justice to his certain training. In the miniature sketches of Fireside Saints, we recognize many familiar presences of the Ingle-nook. The Hedgehog Letters complete a volume of racy reading. For sale at the house of A. L. Bancroft & Co.

THE SALARY GRAB. By W. S. Robinson (Warrington). We are glad to see any of these political grabs thoroughly ventilated, and the author of this book seems to have taken great pains and to be well acquainted with his subject. We recommend it to the perusal of politicians as a warning. Boston, Lee & Shepard.

GOLDEN SUNBEAMS. Just received from A. Roman & Co. The music is composed by Messrs. Hodge & Tinney, and the words by various composers. This book, in our opinion, is for the most part eminently qualified for the use of children, being simple. The words in some cases are peculiar, q. v. "Stand Fast," No. 136; "Sister Dora," No. 53, is pretty, but, like other of the tones, is rather too much like the ballads sung by nigger minstrels. Boston, Lee & Shepard.

PRONOUNCING HANDBOOK. The most useful little book that we have seen for some time, and if introduced into our schools (as is done at the small price of 60 cents), would correct a great deal of the very bad pronunciation that is so often heard from the mouths of men, who should have had, if they really have not a good education. It is a book much needed out here. Boston, Lee & Shepard.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

金山唐山新聞紙

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to Chinese correspondents. Dec. 24.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco. Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.
Dec. 9.]

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec. 9.]

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.
Our spring importation is being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin and other makes. Kid Gloves.
March 20. MURPHY GRANT & CO., Sansome cor Bush, S. F.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.
Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov. 10. Portland, Maine.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.
NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
San Francisco. [May 24.

C. MAIN. MAIN & WINCHESTER E. H. WINCHESTER.
Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc. Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. Sole Agents for [illegible] Harness [illegible] on hand. Sept. 1.

JAMES BEHRENS,
Commission Merchant and Agent, 1.5 Battery street, opposite U.S. Custom House, San Francisco, [illegible] VERZENAY, SILLERY, ... Cognac, Cordials, Bitters, etc. Oct. 11.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"
Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL. The popular Hotel formerly known as Thorpe's, at the junction of the San Bruno road, [illegible] ... Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything in the market.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

EDINBURGH ALE
Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD, FOULKES & CO.
March 20. 412 Front street, S. F.

L. H. NEWTON.] NEWTON BROTHERS & CO. [MORRIS NEWTON
Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries, 412 and 214 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

VULCAN IRON WORKS
Furnishes all classes of Machinery. Sole manufacturers of Moore's PATENT HOIST FOR STORES. N. D. ARNOT, Manager,
Oct. 18. 135 and 1 Fremont street.

NOTICE.
Dr. A. J. Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 622 Clay street. Office Hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Sept. 21.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]
Importers of Teas and East India Goods. Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2.

NOTICE.
For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 29.

R. S. CLYDE,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.—Entrance to Office, 622 Clay st., and 6. Merchant street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco. [Oct 4.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,
Commission Merchants, N. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs.) San Francisco. August 2.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE. THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES.—W. I. Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
BADEN BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande.
WIESBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
[illegible]—Hotel Bellevue.
[illegible]—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Danieli's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURGH.—Hotel Demuth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel, London B. Langham Hotel, Port and Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel (Tintern Abbey, 5 miles.)
DUBLIN.—The Gresham Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel.
EDINBURGH.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel.
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager.
OTTAWA.—Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, E. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC.—Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House. Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter, Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Filiberto.
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Banos de Collins, Hotel Santiago.
RIO DE JAN.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—Albion Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phenix Hotel.
TAHITI.—Fan. Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

The following whimsical epitaph is from a stone in a parish churchyard of Ayrshire:

"Here lye the banes of Thomas Tyre,
Wha lang had bulg'd thro' slush and mire,
In carrying bundles and sic like,
His task performing wi' sma' fyke;
To deal in aff Tam aye was free,
And served his friends for little fee.
His life obscure was nothing new,

Yet we must own his faults were few;
Although at Yule he sip'd a drap,
And in the church whiles took a nap,
True to his word in every case,
Tam scorned to cheat for ocht base.
Now he is gone to test the fare
Which none but honest men will share.
Died January 2, 1795. Aged 72."

At the Lord Mayor of London's banquet, held on the 9th, there were of course a host of delicacies and good things to eat and drink from all parts of the world. What attracted his Lordship's attention and that of the Aldermen about him—people who know what's what, you bet—were liberal samples of Messrs. Eberhart & Lachman's native California wines and champagnes, sent over for the occasion. All the gastronomic authorities there present were heard to observe that California was a wonderful country, and that Messrs. Eberhart & Lachman's wines were quite as good as any Rhenish vintages they had ever tasted."

"Thrice the age of a dog is that of a horse,
Thrice the age of a horse is that of a man;
Thrice the age of a man is that of a deer;
Thrice the age of a deer is that of an eagle;
Thrice the age of an eagle is that of an oak tree."

Of all the queer names given to drinks that of "Corpse Reviver," we think the most original and odd, and of all the whiskies we have tasted that of Cutter's is the best. It licks all other whiskies hollow. "We never think of keeping a stock of any sort," say all the saloon keepers, and it really is so. "Cutter's Whisky" is invariably asked for. "Why?" you say. Because of its first-class qualities and great purity. Ask Hotaling, who is the Agent here, what his sales are per week, and see if your eyes don't open.

The following is said to have been a Yankee's reasoning on progress in locomotion. "I can recollect ten or twelve years ago, that I started from Boston on a Wednesday I could get on to Philadelphy on the next Saturday, making just three days. Now I can git from Boston to Philadelphy in one day, and I have been calculating that if the power of steam increases for the next ten years as it has been doin' for the last ten years, I'd be in Philadelphy just two days before I started from Boston."

I know a firm that makes school furniture,
In the very best manner and of the best wood;
No scamping is there, for, let it be known,
If improvements they could make we know that they would.
Messrs Gilbert & Moore is the name of the firm,
The best in the city we firmly affirm.

"Now, then, madam, please look steadily at this place on the wall," said a photographer to an old lady, when he had put her in position and the plate in the camera. The old lady looked hard at the designated spot from her seat, then got up and walked across the floor and minutely inspected it, and then turning to the photographer, gently remarked, "I don't see anything there."

Slowly the setting sun sank
Behind a purple cloud bank,
As I lay on the grassy bank,
And drink, for the great gods drank
Most excellent Gerke wine.

I want no maiden fair,
(Though I know one real debonaire).
No, give me true solace from care,
Give me a drink past compare,
Most excellent Gerke wine!

A Dutchman getting excited over an account of an elopement of a married woman, gave his opinion thus: "If my vife runs away mit anoder man's vife, I shake him out of his preeches, if she be my fadder, mine Got."

Sparkling, buzzing, fizzing,
It freshing warm ones,
With its glorious qualities
Of cheering all earth's sons.

Napa soda gives new life
And health and spirits bright;
Sold everywhere you'll find it now,
Called for from morn 'till night.

"Is your house a warm one, landlord?" asked a lady, in search of a dwelling. "It ought to be, the painter has just given it two coats," was the reply.

From rosy morn to dewy eve,
She waits for that letter,
And vowed she'd do something like a pout,
That he *should* treat her better.

At last the letter came, and, then,
Sweet smiles her face did cover.
It held—by Bradley & Rulofson—
A portrait of her lover!

Western journals are remarkably felicitous in their phraseology. A St. Louis paper, for instance, calls finding the body of a drowned person "catching a floater."

"Le petit chapeau" of the great Napoleon has become an object of historical interest, and it is a somewhat singular fact that the business or profession of a man may be known by the sort of hat he wears more readily than by any other article of apparel. The punctilious merchant by his well-brushed stove-pipe, the easy Bohemian by his soft slouch felt, the sailor by his hard-glazed, and so on. The best men in the city for hats, that we know of, are Messrs. Nickerson & Son, 35 Kearny street.

A lady once, whose love was sold,
Asked if a reason could be told
Why wedding rings were made of gold,
I ventured thus to instruct her:

Love and lightning are the same;
On earth they glance, from Heaven they came,
Love is the soul's electric flame—
And gold its best conductor.

The old miracle, of giving sight to the blind, is repeated time and again now-a-days with but slight variation. No matter how bad a man's sight may be, go to Muller the optician, get a pair of his pebble glasses and *Ephphatha!*

As no roads are so rough as those that have just been mended, so no sinners are so intolerant as those who have just turned saints.

Home he brought his fair young wife
To their cottage on a street,
Showed her all the furniture,
She exclaiming, "O, how sweet!"

"There's a something, too, enchanting,
Quite too stylish! On your soul,
Tell me, dear, who is the upholsterer!"
"Quoth he truly, "N. P. Cole."

A Harper's Ferry man owns a whole mountain, and offers to trade it for a shotgun.

Once more we simply repeat the remark that Harry Blanken keeps the Six-Mile House, on the San Bruno Road, and once more we are sure that this repetition will be quite in order for every wise man who travels that road.

A Missouri woman won a house and lot at a raffle, and then she had to buy a rifle to keep her adorers from wearing out the steps.

Every house wants a stove or a range of some sort, and we think it just as well to have a thoroughly good one while we are about it. To get the best articles, by all means go to the enormous store of James de la Montanya, to which there are two entrances, one on Battery street and the other on Jackson. There you will find the most magnificent and extensive collection of all the best kinds of stoves, and particularly the Union Range, a range unequaled in the market, and perfect in operation, as every purchaser declares.

An interesting exhibit of the comparative popularity of Dickens' works in this country is shown in the sales. "David Copperfield" stands at the head of the list, "Christmas Stories" second, "Pickwick Papers" third, and then "Nicholas Nickleby," "Oliver Twist" and "Dombey and Son." The "Tale of Two Cities" is at the foot.

"Do play us something," said Mrs. A. to her accomplished visitor, Mrs. B. (by which name we will at present designate the famous pianiste ...). Miss B. sailed gracefully to the piano and, sitting down, struck the opening chords of one of Schubert's prettiest morceaux. "What a magnificent tone and what ease and finish of action the keys have," exclaimed she, stopping suddenly in her play. "Who is the maker?" It was ... we say? one of Hallett & Davis, of which makers W. G. Badger is the agent here.

Here is an excuse from a Southern paper which is an excuse. One wonders whether the pressman and compositors go off in this manner and afterwards excuse their conduct in the paper. "The Senior is attending Chatham Court, and the City Editor is at Goldsboro in attendance upon the Press Convention, of which he will furnish a report. This will account for the defects in our local columns."

The curfew no more tolls the knell of parting day;
But still some fine old customs we retain,
And that of eating oysters when we find them good,
Will, we expect, for many a year remain.
On Pine street, Corvill keeps a splendid stock
Of these delicious natives, called the Saddle Rock.

The moonlight nights we have had lately have been made the most of. The Mangenbergs, who keep the Golden Gate Park "Vinot" in such magnificent style, say that they never remember having had such a good time. But they make one mistake. They put down the increase of business to the loveliness of the moonlight nights. That's not it. It's all owing to the increase of popularity and fame they are making for themselves.

There is unfortunately such an evil as intoxication, and to that evil California is somewhat subject. But to that evil there is a simple, very simple remedy, and we wonder time and again, why it is not more extensively practiced. It is to drink pure liquors. The purest brandies and champagnes are those of Schilter, and to all our readers we recommend them. They are pure, of the best quality, and it is by the use of such liquors as these that the scourge of drunkenness would be taken from us.

Why is a minister near the end of his sermon like a ragged urchin? Because he's toward (tore'd) his close.

John Gilpin was a citizen,
And now it shall be known
How he caused such a sensation,
As he rode through London town.

It was because his horse had on
Such harness neat and nice,
As none but Main & Winchester
Could make at any price.

Wombwell's menagerie on its tour announces days for a "select and fashionable feeding."

There are now being issued a series of wonderful photographs attracting universal attention, and no wonder, as marvels of grand photographic success. The series we refer to is that of Houseworth's celebrities. He has fitted up his studio in such a manner as rightly to deserve the name of Photographic Parlors. We have never met any people, who after having had their portraits taken by this true artist, but have been supremely pleased.

Is "stealing a march" worse than "taking a walk?"

Coughs and Colds.—Those who are suffering from Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, etc., should try "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*"

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS
By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, ... of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc. ... Ocean Routes via Panama and Nicaragua to New York and Island and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. ...
A. L. BANCROFT & CO. Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold at all News-dealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17.]

TAXES! TAXES!—1873-74.
Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Assessment Book of the Taxable Property of the City and County of San Francisco, of REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY for the Fiscal Year 1873-74, has been received, and that the State, City and County Taxes for said Fiscal Year are now due and payable at the office of the undersigned, ... City Hall, and that the laws in regard to their collection will be strictly enforced. Taxes will become Delinquent on the FIRST MONDAY in January, 1874, and unless paid prior thereto five per cent. will be added to the amount thereof. A. AUSTIN,
Nov. 1. Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

FOR SALE
Property 131 feet on California st. between Sansome and Battery. Also, 31 feet on Battery street, between Halleck and Sacramento. Also ... feet on Sacramento street, between Battery and Sansome. Also ... feet ... east corner Sansome and Sacramento streets. Also, ... feet ... Sansome and Sacramento streets. Also, 1 Gvara lot ... Also, 50 acres improved ... Rancho Raymundo. Any part of this property will be sold on easy terms, to suit purchasers. [Nov. 1.] L. MAYNARD.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.
The undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general Brewing and Malting business under the firm name and style of MERKLE & ROSENER. Office at ... corner of Eleventh and ... streets, San Francisco.
San Francisco, October 1, 1873. [Nov. 1.] F. MERKLE, LEVI ROSENER.

DESIRABLE CITY RESIDENCE PROPERTY FOR SALE
Unimproved 50-vara Lot north side California st., between Jones and Leavenworth streets. Also, unimproved 50-vara Lot northeast corner Jackson and Steiner streets. Inquire of JOS. W. JORDAN,
Nov. 1. N. E. corner Clay and Front streets, San Francisco.

ADAMANTINE CANDLES.
1,000 boxes Schaeffer's 14 oz. Adamantines. 2,000 bxs Mary's 12 oz. Adamantines. 100 bxs Emery's 14 oz. Adamantines. In store and for sale by [Nov. 1.] WM. T. COLEMAN & CO.

PETER SHORT,
Merchant Tailor, No. 613, N. W. corner Montgomery and Merchant streets, San Francisco. Nov. 1.

JAMAICA RUM,
In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb. 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

COURT CHAT.

A correspondent at Berlin says: "Now that King Victor Emmanuel has left us, all sorts of stories are current at the court and the embassy about his sayings and doings while in the German capital. It seems that the King not only took every opportunity of expressing his admiration for the German nation and its military triumphs, but manifested great coldness towards France. 'I come here,' he said to a Prussian statesman, 'to welcome my ally, who has always been faithful to me, and to see an enlightened country which has done such great things,' and then, turning to Prince de Pourtales, the French military attache, he added: 'Je suis votre paraque la France m'y a forcé.' Every one was struck by his coldness towards the French representatives, especially as it was in such remarkable contrast to the conduct of Prince Humbert last year, who assured a French officer that Italy continues to entertain towards France 'les sympathies les plus vives.' It was also much remarked that during the King's stay the French ambassador, M. Gontaut-Biron, was not at Berlin, although he was expected some weeks back. The second secretary of the embassy, M. Demaret, having remarked to the King that the ambassador was ill, Victor Emmanuel asked in an incredulous tone if he was very ill, as he (the King) would have been glad to see him, and, speaking of the present position of France, he said: 'Vous avez perdu d'ennemis. Contentez-vous done ... rester tranquillement chez vous, et renoncez à vous mêler aux affaires des autres.' As to the diplomatic pourparlers between Austria and Italy, Signor Visconti-Venosta is said to have remarked, 'Nous n'avons rien fait avec les Autrichiens, il n'y a rien à faire avec ces gens-là.' At Berlin, too, Signor Minghetti endeavored to obtain something more tangible than mere assurances of friendship, but Prince Bismarck curtly replied, 'Il ne s'agit nullement d'une convention écrite, et il ne faut pas y songer.'"

Sir Edwin Landseer's remains rest in St. Paul's Cathedral. The Queen sent a wreath and has in other ways shown how greatly the eminent artist was esteemed by her. In this connection we may note the death, from an extraordinary accident, under very painful circumstances, of a much respected ex-M.P., Mr. Charles Paget. He was staying at Jersey, and sitting on the rocks with his wife and sister, when a high wave swept the three into the water and Mr. Paget and his wife were drowned. It is with regret we also record the death of the second son of Lord Halifax, Captain the Hon. F. L. Wood, R.N. He had just accepted his retirement through failing health.

Countess Bernstorff, the widow of the late German Ambassador to the British Court, has been surprised by the gift of a very valuable bracelet, richly set with pearls and diamonds, and bearing as second decoration a cross of sapphires, presented by her friends in England as a souvenir of her long stay in this country, during which she had acquired the respect, attachment, and sympathy of the donors, who are said to include some of the most influential members of both political parties.

The will of the Right Hon. Elizabeth Mary, Lady Byron, who died, on August 20th, at Kirkby Mallory, Leicestershire, has been proved by the Hon. and Rev. Augustus Byron and the Hon. and Rev. William Byron, the sons of the deceased, the executors, the personalty being sworn under £5,000. The testatrix ... her daughters, and the residue she gives to her said two sons.

The Pope is said to be in excellent health, and holds receptions daily. Recently, while giving audience to some members of the Catholic party, he was questioned as to the period of the triumph of his cause. He replied, "We give way to no illusions on this point, humanly speaking it is very far off."

The marriage of Lady Augusta Keppel, youngest daughter of Earl Albemarle, with Robert Noel, Esq., only son of the late Hon. and Rev. Baptist Noel, was celebrated at Quidenham, Norfolk, on October 1.

Mr. Russell Gurney, the Recorder of the City of London, has returned to England, after his long sojourn in the United States as one of the commissioners for settling the claims under the Treaty of Washington.

News has reached Vienna from St. Petersburg that a ukase has been issued by the emperor of Russia, declaring all endowments of Greek schools invested in land estate in Russia to be forfeited.

A window in commemoration of the restoration to health of the Prince of Wales, the gift of a lady living in Bath, has just been completed in the south-western transept of the Abbey Church at Bath.

It is said that the Sultan will shortly visit the Czar at Livadia, the Sultan having signified to General Ignatieff his desire to have a personal interview with the northern potentate.

A serious accident occurred on the 14th, to the Crown Prince of Saxony. He was thrown from his carriage and severely injured, but is now able to leave his bed, and is out of danger.

The Emperor of Austria is expected to visit St. Petersburg at the period of the Russian Christmas, or for some time between January 2 and 14, next.

Her Majesty the Queen of England has presented ... to the Marquis of Lorne. Is there not some deep political significance in this?

The Duke of Edinburgh has been named chief of the second Russian naval division in the Black Sea, the uniform of which he already wore.

His Highness the Maharajah Dhuleep Singh, has been entertaining a shooting party at his seat in Suffolk.

The Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg-Schwerin gave birth to a son on the 17th ultimo.

The fashionable ladies of Paris have begun to wear their armorial bearings on their veils.

The Queen is still in Scotland.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Wednesday, November 12, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland, Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) to Stockton only, connecting at Lathrop with Express Train for Merced, Visalia, Delano and Los Angeles.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND AND ALAMEDA FERRY

From San Francisco to Oakland—Daily—7.00, 7.30, 8.50, 8.20, 9.20, 9.50, 10.50, and 11.50 A.M., 12.20, 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 4.30, 5.20, 5.30, 6.30, 6.30, 7.10, 8.30 and 10.20 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—11 ... P.M. "Sundays only"—... and 11.00 A.M., ... P.M.

From San Francisco to Alameda—"Daily"—7.00, ... and ... A.M., 12.00, 1.00, 3.00, 5.00 and 6.30 P.M. "Sundays only"—... A.M., and 1.30 P.M.

From San Francisco to Fruit Vale—"Daily, except Sundays"—... and 10.00 A.M., ... and ... P.M.

From San Francisco to Brooklyn—"Daily"—7.00, ... A.M., ... P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—... A.M. and ... P.M. "Sundays only"—... A.M., and 12.00 P.M.

From Brooklyn to San Francisco—"Daily"—6.40, ... and 10.40 A.M., 12.10, 1.40, 3.40, 5.10, 6.40, ... and 10.00 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—... A.M. "Sundays only"—11.4 A.M. and 1.25 P.M.

From Alameda to San Francisco—"Daily"—6.40, ... and 10.00 A.M., ... and ... P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—... A.M., and 11 ... A.M. "Sundays only"—... A.M., ... and ... P.M.

From Fruit Vale to San Francisco—"Daily, except Sundays"—6.5, 8.5, and 10.55 A.M. ... and ... P.M.

From Oakland to San Francisco—"Daily"—... 7.30, ... 9.20, 9.50, 10.5 and 11.50 A.M., 12.5, ... P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—... A.M., and 1.0 P.M. "Sundays only"—10.2 and 11.20 A.M., ... 1.0 and 1.5 P.M.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent. (31—3—30.)

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave— San Francisco		8.10 a m	*3.30 p m	†4.45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11.0 a m	5.30 p m	7.5 p m
Gilroy	Arrive	12.45 p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	1.25 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	2.20 p m		
Salinas	Arrive	... p m		
Soledad	Arrive	... p m		
Hollister	Arrive	... p m		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	... p m		

Trains North	San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave— Tres Pinos			1.5 a m
Hollister			11.0 a m
Soledad			... a m
Salinas	....	....	11.5 a m
Castroville	....	....	11.30 a m
Pajaro			12.0 p m
Gilroy			2 ... p m
San Jose	†6.50 a m	8.0 a m	3.50 p m
San Francisco ..Arrive	8.30 a m	10.10 a m	5.30 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2.30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at 9.30 a m. Returning, will leave San Jose at ... p m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4.16 a m, arrive at San Francisco at 1.00 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1.00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at ... and ... A.M. and 6 P.M.; Saucelito at ... and ... A.M. ... and ... P.M. On Saturday, from Saucelito at ... and 11 A.M. ... and 6 P.M.; from San Francisco at 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P.M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6.30 A.M. SUNDAY TIME.—Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P.M. Leave Saucelito, 11 A.M., 1, and 3 P.M. H. A. COBB, President.

April 12. ... Secretary.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 423 Front Street.

March 25.]

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco have on hand of their own manufacture, and for sale ... to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupés, Hacks, Phaetons, Carryalls, Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned styles both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having put little ... their construction ... the times, they have only the weight with all the strength of ... to ... woods and iron with ... the usual creak and clatter of ... The case with which they carry is ... The company have for sale new and ... stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, ... freight wagons, army wagons, ... and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, and large stock of the best seasoned lumber ... they are prepared to fill all orders ... at short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect stock before buying elsewhere. The bearing and ... street cars ... will ... Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle and the Steel Center Plate will be met with prompt and energetic prosecution to the full extent of the law. Nov. 29.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 5, 1873, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, all greatly to the speed and comfort, will ... leave Petaluma daily ... Returning, leave San Francisco at ... connecting at Petaluma ... for ... and ... W. H. TAYLOR, President.
Nov. ...

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving the inconvenience which the female frame is liable to, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should observe that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed in the Government stamp. Price 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists the world over. Also Dr. JOHNSON'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for removing ... and any roughness of the skin ... Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS, 150 Oxford street, London.
Feb ...

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tins labelled "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic ... Patent Medicines, Drugs ... Paints, Drysalteries, ... Glassware, Chemicals, ... Sent forward free of all ... BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & CO., ... Coleman street, London.
July 31.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. —Prepared by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE. ... as a ... for ... and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgical Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, ... etc., and Dealers in all kinds of ... Warehouse, ... London ... April 5.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

L. A. Amermann, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary. ... Trustees ... H. V. Herbert ... BALLEY ... Agent ... Public ...

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours—On and after Saturday, February 2d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," ... will leave ... San Francisco at 10.00 a m ... 2.30 p.m. ... W. H. TAYLOR, President.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g.
Justices—601 Montgomery St.
County ... City Hall.
Probate—City Hall.
Third District—Mechanics Institute Building.
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street.
Nineteenth District—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall.
Public Administrator—430 California street.
City Physician—County Hospital.
Coroner—... Clay street.
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—401 Merchants' Exchange.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building.
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
Mayor—City Hall.
Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall.
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall.
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—... City Hall.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 14, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—23 Kearny.
Treasurer ... City Hall.
Industrial School—City Hall.
Sealer of ... City Hall.
Health Office—... street.
Chief of Police—City Hall.
Pound Keeper—... street.
Quarantine—... Jackson st.
Harbor Master—Cor. Pacific and East.
Harbor Police—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES

Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street; Messageries Maritimes, their office in Paris, ... street. Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austinfriars; Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Walduck, Secretary. Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, Robert ... Secretary. Pacific ... 21 St. Swithin's Lane; Singapore ... Paterson, Simons & Co., agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane ... Co. ... 84 Great St. Helens; China and Japan Marine Insurance ... Co., Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad st., R. A. Cameron, Sec'y; Borneo Co., 7 Mincing Lane ... Agra Bank ... Lombard street ... Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, ... Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China ... street, ... Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, ... street, ... Bank of Rotterdam, Union Bank of London, agents, Princes st.; Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 12 Lombard street; National Bank ... Chief Manager, 40 King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending November 8, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, November 3d

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Butler B Minor to Louis T Haggin	E Taylor 70:0½ n Washington, n 63 4½ x 137 6	$ 1
Patrick Carey to Daniel Keefe	Lots 21 and 22, blk 13, Junction Hd	500
M M Estee to John P Jones	Ne cor Pierce and Union, e 148 x w 286—subdvis on 416 W A	25,000
Same to Same	Sw cor Pierce and Union, w 286 x ... 414, W A, subj to mort for $12,000	1
Leopold Loupe to John Parrot	Ne Sacto and Front, e 60 x n 60	26,000
Silver Ter Hd Assn to P Moller	Lots 315 and 346, Silver Terrace Hd	761
W H L Barnes to Michael Fagan	Nw Natoma 175 ne 6th, ne 25 x 80—sub 100 v 220	5
Michael Fagan to Robert Smith	Same	4,000
Charles Kane to William Keegan	Se Minna, 250 sw 4th, sw 25 x 75—sub 100 v 132	4,250
Charles H Kilroy to C Robinson	E Octavia, 125 n Broadway, n 27 6 x 137 6	1,000
Jas Ambrose to Thos O Connor	S Sacramento, 78 e Powell, e 21 x 68 9—subdivision 50 v 123	3,700
Jas H Gardner to Charles Goodall	Se Pierce and McAllister, s 137 6 x 137 6—sub W A 380	9,000
Patk Lanigan to Henry Proll	Larkin and Clay, ...	2,100
Geo W Frank to Geo Hearst	Por blk 81, Outside Lands	1
Silver Ter Hd Assn to P Hedrick	Lots 462 and 463, Silver Terrace Hd	451
Wm Tynan to Wm Harney	... Oak, 25x75	2,500
Wm Harney to Margaret Harney	Same	Gift
Samuel M Wilson to T Ryland	Blks 166, 167 and 168, Potrero Nuevo	5
Same to Bartlett Doe	Blk 168, Potrero Nuevo	2,500
D O Mills to Same	Same	1
Saml M Wilson to Same	Blocks 166, 167, 168	5

Tuesday, November 4th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Hillside Hd Assn to T O Lewis	Lot 103, Hillside Hd	$ 500
Francis Lovingston to L Stanford	Nw King, 114 7 from ... Hill, sw 22 11 x 60—subdivision blk 15 S B	875
L Seligman to Cont and Fin'e Co	N King, ... sw 4th, sw 91 8 x 120—sub S B and W, Lot 15	6,400
Wm K Van Alen to C H Crowell	S Clay, 135 ... Central Ave, e 62x127 ...	1
Wm B Hooper to M B Gerard	S 25th, 50 11 e Noe, e 50 11 x 114	800
Joan Berghauser to M Berghauser	... Pacific and Kearny, s 137 6x68 9, ... Dupont, w 26 ... x 76 ...	6
Sam to Same	N Bdway, 137 6 e Taylor, e 68 ... x ... 22	5
Henry A Gullixson to T H Kent	Se Ewer, 137 6 e Annie, ... 1 40 x 9	7,250
I W Knowles to George Brown	Nw Tyler and Broderick, e 137 6 x 137 6, 50 v ... blk 71, W A	790
James Aston to Jonas Olsen	Nw Minna, 97 6 ... Jane, ne 40 x 80	5,500
Benjamin Hall to Leon A Hall	... Napa, ... Francis, ... 11 ... Sierra, ... W 57 6 to com	1,000
Pacific M Church to Chas Vinzent	Se Minna, ... sw 4th, sw 45 x 80—sub 100 v 133	8,500
Gustave Touchard to Jas Diamond	Se Clara, 125 sw 4th, sw 25 x 77 ... 100 v 117	5
Jas Diamond to Patrick Murtha	Same	2,750

Wednesday, November 5th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Thos Dowles to E A Bancroft	S Harrison ... Dupont, w 22 11 x ...	$1,800
... to William Carpenter	... Dupont, e 13 x ...	17,500
City & County of San Francisco to A Fert...	Sundry Outside Lands	
Wm C Ralston to Richard Cotter	S ... Ave, 150 w C, w 25 x 100—sub blk 156, S S F Hd and R R Assn	600
Marie L Gault to Gustave Dussol	... Hayes and Buchanan, ... sub W A 281	5,000
Samuel H Harmon to O G Palmer	... lot, thence ...	5
Chas C Butler to Wm K Van Alen	S Clay, 22 ... Central Ave, e ... x 127 ...—sub W A 623	500
Same to Charles H Crowell	S Clay, 200 ... Central Ave, e ... x 127 ... W A 623	625
Frank H Woods to Geo L Bradley	... Fremont and Scott, e 137 6 x 137 6—subdivision W A ...	3,000
Richard Tobin to John Tobin	Sundry Lots W A	Gift
Water Front L Co to John Kruse	... , 90 e J, e ... —sub blk ...	770
A L Warner to Charles Holland	Lot 5, blk 223, S S F Hd and R R Assn.	1,500

Thursday, November 6th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
H L Hutchinson to Daniel Bayley	Se Lyon, 77 6 ... 4th, ... 50 x 69—sub 100 v 45	$ 3,000
Samuel Hancock to F A Longley	Nw 20th and Sanchez, w 105 x 57	700
Elizabeth Shaw to Cheral Shaw	N ... De Tay ... e 20 x 75—sub 50 v ...	5
James L King to Chas McLaughlin	... sw Hayes and Larkin, ... Market ... thence to Polk, ... to Hayes, ... to Larkin, thence to commence, all w ... from 1119 ... Market, n 141 ..., sw 119 ..., thence to com	11,000
Mendel Yaretsky to Marcus B Levy	... Geary, ... Dupont, w 22 ... x 90	700
John McCombe to B J Sears	E Mission, 150 s 17th, s ... x 122 6	600
Wm J Glenn to Edw L A Wheeler	Lots 22, 23, blk 96, Horners Addition	200
Folsom & ... to W Estrup	Lots Howard and Folsom St Prop ...	1,000
Bernardo Perata to G Delfino	N Vallejo, 175 e Kearny, e 20 x 137 6—sub 217	3,000
Geo H Howard to Jas L Riddle	E Montgomery, 30 n Commercial, e 50 x n 5 ...	5
Martin Mangels to T M Fitzgerald	Sw Grove and Gough, w ... x ... W A 119	3,400
Emma J Johnson to R L Ogden	W cor 4th and Bryant, nw ... x 275 ... 100 x 175	75,000
Leon Dingeon to L A Pavillier	Lots ... 360, Silver Terrace Hd	500
Wm J Gunn to James S Hand et al	S ... Fell, 137 6 w Octavia, w ... x 120—sub W A ...	600
E S Swan to Horace D Gates	... Webster, ... Sierra, n ... x 100—P N ...	750
M Berghauser to John Berghauser	No Taylor and Broadway, ...	5
Geary St Ex Hd Assn to C Tracy	Lot 6, blk 167, Geary St Ex Hd	350
J W Roberts to A A Louderback	E Utah, 300 n Yolo, n 100 x ...—sub P N 86	2,500

Friday, November 7th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Thos Kelley to Walter H Cook	E St. ... 72 n Geary, n 60 x 94 6, also, w Avery, 100 s Post—sub W A 356	$1,750
P Dempsey to James Gillespie	Sw Shotwell and 17th, w 25 x 100	1,400
Auguste Drayer to D Kohler	W William 112 0 n O'Farrell, n 25 x 36 ... 50 v 1042	2,100
Silver Ter Hd Assn to T Klostry	Lots 418 and 419, Silver Terrace Hd	711
A Forbes to City & Co of San Fco	Street and Right of ways	...
P S Lawrence to Jas F Cond	Se Verona 164.8 ne 3d, se 70 x 23.8	2,100
B McDougall to O J Preston	N Turk, 51 9 e Webster, n 120 x 51.6—subdivision W A 290	7,300
Bd T L Com to J P Van den Bergh	Whole of blk 724 Tide Lands	189
Same to Same	Lots 1 to 8, 21 to 24, blk 799, Tide Lands	126
Same to Same	Lots 7 to 11, 14, 15, 16, blk 35, Tide Lands	249
Same to Same	1 to 5, 7, 24, 11, 18, 19, 20, blk 800, Tide Lands	135
John Reynolds to H H Reynolds	Nw Green and Laguna, n 100 x 125	4,000
Alfred Wright to John F Morse	Lots 17, 18, 21, blk 11, Univ M Survey.	500
S A W ... to G L Adams	... acres, Woodbury Tract	1,000
Edward Martin to Chas Le B Jones	N Hayes, 136.2 w Laguna, w 25 x 120—sub W A 222	1,700
Claus Brommer to D Brommer	Lots 77, 78, 79, 120, 143, 164 to 171, 206 to 218, 231, 232, 431, 432, 415, 450 to 454, Silver Terrace Hd	3,500

Saturday, November 8th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Saml Hancock to Nathan Atkinson	Se Howard, 343.6 ne 3d, ne 42 x 80—sub 100 v 54, subject to mortgage	15,000
Gottlieb Zeh to John G Koch	N Page, 113 w Franklin, w 27 6 x 120—subdivision W A 142	4,225
T B Valentine to William Hollis	Se Steiner and Clay, N 127 ..., e 275, ... e 137 6, ... 102 8½, w 412 6 to com—sub W A 351	1
I C Wade to Same	Same	15,000
Maria B Gammy to L Quast	Se Bay and Polk, e 137 6 x 137 6—50 v 4, blk 20, W A	100
Real Estate Associates to W Hollis	Sundry Lots in W A	5
Wm Hollis to Adolphe Hartmann	E St ... Clay, s 30 x 119 9—subdivision W A 24	4,000
Nuecos Hd Assn to F W Myrick	Lots 33 and 34, blk 38, Nuecos Hd	800
F W Myrick to F A Sallet	Same	790
Patrick J White to Marie J Carlo	Sundry Lots W A	1
Edwd Martin to Patk J Gallagher	N Hayes and Buchanan, ... x 72—subdivision W A 222	3,000
Julia O'Connor to Nels Gustafsen	W Langton, 200 n Folsom, n 25 x 75—subdivision 100 v 25	3,100
R Smith to James H Gardner	Se McAllister and Pierce, e 3 x 137 6—subdivision W A 380	1
Geo Cumming to John Bain	Nw Perry 237 6 ne 3d, ne 37 6 x 80	1,000
Maria L D Wolf to Daniel Lydon	E Gottingen, 175 n St ...—sub ... University Hd Extension	350
F L A Pioche to J B P Dupuytren	Nw New County or Telegraph Rd, ... sw from cor Spring Valley Water Co's tract, sw 119 4, nw 200, sw 253, nw 777 1, n 70 ... deg, e 453 4, ne 333 5—sub Bernal Rancho	3,040

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending Nov. 11, 1873.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
A Jane to G Andrade & N Gaxiola	Oakland: 4 acs on San Pablo Road, 4 miles n fr ...	$ 500
Edson Adams to Same	Same: 72 acs, same locality	500
A K P Harmon to H O Colord	Same: W ... Ave, 119 ... n fr 12th, n 75 x 150	2,750
H C Dobrs to Mrs M Lynch	Same: E Broadway, 175 s fr 9th, s 37 6 x 80	10,000
A Milton to F Warner	Same: 50 x 100, sw cor San Pablo Ave & 26th	1,000
I Z ... to A G ...	Same: ... from Peralta, thence ... to Chester	600
Z A M A Kerr to W K Bacon	Same: ... or cor Washington ...	1 0
D McDougal to F Richard	Same: W Grove, 50 s fr 25th thence s ... x 40	667
Oakland Hd Assn to T Green	Oakland Tp: Lot 121, blk 9, Maxwell T	5
Same to ...	Same: Lot 122 same	5
M ... to A Kohler	Same: ... acs, part plot 30	5
S ... Hd Assn to B M Bruton	Same: Lot 2, blk 2, site ... Hd Assn	700
... to The ... Bros	... Hays and ...	950
H F Shepardson to A C Southwick	... W Euclid, ... fr ... Ave, thence n 1 ... x 217 6	2,000
Theo W Cook to Maria Russel	Same: ... Broadway, ... sw fr Central Ave, thence sw 50 x 140	1,225
K McLean to Lewis Sober	Near Mission San Jose: 65 acs	6,500
F ... to O ... Miller	Same ... 10 acs	500
... to Same	Same: 160 ...	500
S A Degan to Lewis Gregory	At Centerville: 2 acs	50
H W ... to Same	Same: Same	10
G ... to W W ...	... Livermore: 100 acs	1,000
C G ... to Sam	Same: 1½ acs	
J ... to M E de Yeager	San Leandro: 1 0 x 105	600
E A ... to B J Raschke	Same: 100 x 150	500
T Joseph ... to P W Thomas	Same: 1 acs	1,500
Same to Joseph P W Thomas	Same: 3 acs	1,200
Thos Le B ... to Joseph Azevedo	Same: Lot D, blk 30	25
A Kohler to M ...	Oakland Tp: 71.8 acs	5
H Darant to Joshua Barker	Same: 0½ acs, Lot 14, plot 13	4,874
P W Dalbageli to Tobias Hack	Same: Lot 9, blk 4, State Univ Hd Tract No 4	500
S E Allen to G Koch	Same: Lot 13, blk 2,110, Alden Tract, Temescal Creek	450
E N Hooper to I Hyde	Same: Various Lots in Vernon Park	6,000
E Koenig to James Davis	Same: Part Lots 1, 2, blk A, Vernon Pk	600
The Capitol Hd to D F Burrows	E Oakland: 100 x 120, Capitol Hd Tract, Lake Merritt	720
G Schneider to M Sance	Same: Sw 1 Abel, 325 nw fr Alameda, thence nw 75 x 140	100
C C Fisher to M E Green	Same: W 1 Charter, 127 8 n fr Alameda, thence n 25 x 140	150
G W Thompson to A T Dewey	Brooklyn Tp: 91 & 165 acs, near Sausal Creek, 3 miles ne fr Lake Merritt	3,000
J M Haven & W Flint to R Knox	Same: 5 acs, part of Cameron Tract on Moraga Road	3,000
W B Clement to R Hall	Same: Lots 6, 7 and 8 Clement's Addn to Melrose	1,200

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Nov. 11.

THE NATIONAL CENTENNIAL.

It is known to all readers of the News Letter—who are supposed to know everything—that Congress has authorized the holding of a grand international exposition in Philadelphia, in the year 1876, in celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the Declaration of Independence. John Bull has never yet commemorated the Magna Charta signature, so unwilling to wring from King John, except in a few mild toasts of post-prandial speeches; but Brother Jonathan is prouder of a youth not yet so far off, and is bound to set a good example. So a National Centennial Commission has been formed, consisting of a member and alternate from each State, appointed by the Governor thereof, and this Commission has gone vigorously to work, through an able Executive Board in Philadelphia. That city has given the free use of 450 acres of its lovely forest park on the Schuylkill, as a site for the exposition buildings, which are to cover fifty acres. It contributed $500,000 at once for the most pressing expenses of the Commission, and has since subscribed $1,500,000 of the $10,000,000 required to make the thing a success. All the money needed is to be raised, not by a tax upon the general people by government, collected with the usual accompaniments of waste and stealing, but by an appeal for voluntary contributions to the patriotism of Americans, who have some pride in their country. The task of raising the money has been assigned to a separate body, styled the Centennial Board of Finance, whose Directors are men of substance and high character. This body has corporate powers, and issues stock to subscribers, one million shares of $10 each, payable as follows: one fourth down, the balance in four equal quarterly payments. Interest on this stock, at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, calculated to January 1st, 1876, is to be paid out of the first assets of the Exposition. When the affair closes, the balance of receipts over expenses, including the moneys derived from the sale of the buildings and other profits, is to be divided equally among shareholders, and it is believed by many that a good part, if not the whole, of the subscriptions will thus be returned. In every State there will be a co-ordinate committee for subscription purposes. Gen. H. S. Lansing, representing, and authorized by, the National Board of Finance, has just appointed a State Committee for California, composed of the following well-known and highly respected citizens, whose names are a guarantee that the business intrusted to them will be ably and uprightly performed: Hon. H. H. Haight, Hon. M. S. Latham, H. L. Davis, A. J. Moulder, Wm. T. Coleman, Alex. Austin, James C. Patrick, Hon. James Otis, A. S. Hallidie, W. W. Dodge, Tiburcio Parrott, Charles Mayne, H. M. Newhall, W. T. Garratt, Louis Sloss. This Committee has organized, by electing Mayor-elect Otis as President, Ex-Governor Haight Vice-President, B. P. Avery Secretary, and the Bank of California Treasurer. It has appointed sub-committees to lay out a plan of operations, which will include the districting of the City and State, by wards and counties, and the local committees, the holding of public meetings, etc. In due time an appeal will be made to our people to make up California's quota of $[illegible] in aid of the Centennial Fair. As the Fair will be both patriotic and international, and the President has formally invited "all the world and the rest of mankind" to join therein, California will not fail to respond liberally, nor to have the resources of the State creditably represented. The honor of the Republic is staked upon making the Centennial a noble success, and we are largely too far gone in political immorality that the honor of the country is not still dear to most of us. So let us unite to celebrate worthily an event that made some noise in its day. Let us bring out the old cracked bell, which, true to its prophetic motto, proclaimed "liberty to all mankind."

MEANNESS AT ITS MAXIMUM.

The meanness of the venerable proprietor of the Call seems to have steadily increased with his years, and it has now reached a maximum beyond which it can no further go. To see a wealthy man, the conductor of a prosperous journal, who aspires to guide public opinion and assumes to act in the public interests, to see such an one seriously [illegible], opposing an addition to the police force of the city, merely because it will increase his tax a few dollars per annum, is indeed a pitiable spectacle. It is not often that the *Call* outspokenly expresses a positive opinion, and whenever it does speak out in such a way as to be clearly understood, the subject is invariably one that comes near to the proprietor's pocket. During the last two months the proposition to add fifty men to our police force has been much agitated, and the *Call* has published several editorials denouncing the proposed increase as a piece of unnecessary extravagance. And yet Pickering is perfectly aware that it is not safe to walk our streets at a late hour. Scarcely a morning dawns that the local columns of his own paper do not record some fearful outrage, robbery or [illegible] that occurred during the night in the thoroughfares or in places of public resort. Men are robbed and beaten and left for dead, women are attacked and outraged within the city limits, gangs of hoodlums storm corner groceries, and take possession of street cars, and burglaries and highway robberies are of almost nightly occurrence. Only a few nights ago a respectable citizen was beaten nearly to death in a saloon on Sacramento street, but a few doors from Montgomery. And yet Pickering insists that our police force is sufficient, lest the increase of it should cost him a paltry pittance. Pickering himself is never out late at nights. He is driven home from his office, in his own carriage, by his own driver, before nine o'clock every evening. He is exposed to no peril from the "dangerous classes." *He* needs no increase of the police force. As to the hundreds of men and women who have to work late, who have no carriages, and must go through unfrequented streets to their homes in distant parts of the city, if *they* need more protection, let them employ specials and pay for them, instead of [illegible] a [illegible] fraction of one per cent to the taxes paid by the wealthy and public-spirited citizen who runs the *Call*, not as a mercenary business enterprise, but as a devoted champion of the people devoted to their interests and pledged to protect them against all monopolies in which Loring Pickering is not a stockholder.

WATER.

We observe with rejoicing the organizing of a company for the purpose of furnishing San Francisco and Oakland with good drinking water. We are pleased to note a disposition on the part of capitalists to place their money in channels which will be beneficial to others besides themselves. Indeed, we are willing to extend a helping word to all competing companies that may arise. But it is our belief that permanent good can only be effected by pursuing the course which we originally advocated, viz., that the city itself own the waterworks. Any other step is but a useless beating about the bush, and the sooner this is taken the better. Just now the supply of water is fearfully insufficient, as it always is just before the rain. Spring Valley is obliged to hoard every inch. The mains are turned off at certain hours, and there is not a household from North Beach to Bay View that can depend upon the supply when they want it. This, too, when they are paying at the rate of fifteen dollars and seventy-five cents for an inch, as will be seen by reference to our first page. The *Post*, the only paper beside the *News Letter* that interests itself seriously in the matter, strenuously advocates that the Spring Valley works be condemned and purchased by the city at a fair price. If this be the course contemplated, it should be done at once, for it is a well known fact that water will have to be obtained from some other source than the present, and the need is certainly immediate. A correspondent, in last week's issue, suggested Clear Lake as the source most available and least open to objection of any kind. Upon the face of it, the prospect is certainly very fair. It is a most plain lake, admirably situated for the purpose; its water is cool, clear and sweet, and, more than all, there is plenty of it. Summer and Winter, before the rain and after the rain, and during the rain we need water. We need a full, flowing, bountiful lot of it, and we do not want it doled out to us by scant inches at longer prices, as if it were molten gold that dropped through our kitchen faucets. It is not right, in a great city, where fire is always imminent, that the water should be shut off at any time. We need, we demand that it flow through the pipes in a constant, inexhaustible stream. If the purchase of the Spring Valley works be the speediest and surest way of getting it, let them be purchased and soon. If Clear Lake or any other lake is to supply us, let it be settled, and soon, for the flow of water daily becomes more scant and precarious, yet prices do not go down. The people are beginning to see the right way out of the trouble; the press is arousing from its stupor. It only remains for our legislative, anti-monopoly delegation to do the work.

GOAT ISLAND.

LELAND STANFORD, *loquitur*.

The Isle of Goats! the Isle of Goats!
What visions through my fancy floats;
I see my iron network crawl,
And cling about its rocky wall;
I hear my laboring engines' roar
Resound along its sea-washed shore;
I stand upon its rugged crest,
And grasp the commerce of the West.

Between the Isle and Oakland's strand
I see a city great and grand,
Spring into life above the sea—
A monument of mine and me.
And there, within its crowded streets,
The Occident the Orient meets,
And to its wharves, with sails unfurled,
There sweeps the shipping of the world.

From scenes like this I turn away,
To gaze where San Francisco lay,
That city which, with foolish pride,
Long me and all my might defied.
I see her crumbling to the dust,
Her energies consumed with rust,
Her streets, once loud with human tread,
Now like a city of the dead.

I hear no more the hum of trade,
The clink of trowel, ring of spade;
I hear no more the lumbering wain
Groan with its load of golden grain;
I see no smoke from chimneys rise,
I hear no sturdy sailors' cries,
For commerce all has sped away,
And left the "wrong side of the Bay."

But dreams like this are all in vain,
I hear the nation all complain,
And know its firm resolve to be
Goat Island never shall pass to me.
I know my mud flats can't be filled,
And San Francisco can't be killed;
I see a way disputes to end,
And make that place my lasting friend.

My iron horses soon shall race
Across the intervening space,
And at the close of every day
Shall stabled be in Mission Bay!
Here is a way! I have a will,
And soon my carpets will be still;
For let it now be understood,
I'll bridge the Bay at Ravenswood.

MAX.

THE WAR-CLOUD—MORE ASSASSINATIONS.

The bloodthirsty ferocity of the Spanish character has been ready been sufficiently illustrated in the history of the Cuban war, but it has culminated in an outrage so atrocious that it is sure to produce a thrill of indignation throughout the civilized world. Yesterday's dispatches inform us that on the 9th instant *one hundred and eleven* men, the remainder of the crew of the *Virginius*, were shot after the revolting farce of a drum-head court-martial at Santiago de Cuba. Among these victims, it is stated that there was a considerable number of Americans, who was concerned in the war now waging in Cuba. If this be so, the Government at Washington ought at once to abandon the shuffling, truckling policy hitherto pursued by Secretary Fish, and vindicate the national honor by dealing summarily with the Spanish wild beasts who have so long made a great slaughter-house of the Queen of the Antilles. If we were to go through history with a drag-net, from the butchery of the Infants of Judea by Herod to the massacre of St. Bartholomew by the pious adherents of the Vicar of Christ, we could find no act of bloodshed more atrociously devilish than this latest horror of Spanish rule. Among the one hundred and eleven victims were poor sailors, working at their calling for wages, innocent of any participation in Cuban affairs, and of any understanding of them. Among them also was a number of emigrants engaged for work in Jamaica. The old spirit that inspired the roasting and racking of the Inquisition, and that cropped out in the religious wars, appears again in this hideous massacre. There was a devilish exultation and a fierce haste in the execution of the victims that showed a fearful enjoyment of the horrid scene. No time was given for explanation or defense. No discrimination was attempted between the innocent and the guilty. But the wretched captives were at once driven in a confused mass to the place of execution, like a flock of sheep to the shambles, and butchered. It is said that there were also British subjects among the victims, and also that the *Virginius* was captured in British waters. If to all this it prove that such was indeed the case, Spain will speedily be called to a strict account by a power that has never yet been remiss in protecting her subjects, nor slow in avenging their wrongs. Meantime the inflammable American spirit seems to have been fired by this crowning atrocity to such a degree that it appears by no means improbable that the massacre of these one hundred and eleven men may cost Spain the beautiful island which she has long regarded as the choicest of her possessions.

LITTLE JACK HORNER

H. J. Booth, assessor, and others have great sympathies for plums. They display a special dexterity in finding them, and no doubt, have an equal facility for swallowing them. The nursery rhyme, however, does not chronicle the latter feat. It casts the famous "little Jack" in a state of petrified astonishment as he was exhibiting his thumb, and forgets to relate the further fate of the plum. Jack Horner Booth, [illegible] chance of sticking his thumb into such a dish. A certain warden of the city pantry, styled Veto, bids fair to rescue it. Supervisors Menzies, Forbes, Story, and King are likewise determined that the plum shall not leave the shelf. The [illegible] [illegible] for [illegible] purposes, it would be received quite an exchange [illegible] [illegible] in Puget Sound and Victoria, [illegible] The property was leased to the city for other purposes as reported. Why, then, should the city rob itself [illegible] rich and [illegible] [illegible] It is [illegible] [illegible] remarkable to note how accurately every one can gauge the Supervisors [illegible] little jobs of this kind are on hand. [illegible] thoroughly a matter of course with a few of them that they both fly and show. [illegible] Menzies and his two or three adherents, who try to keep all the [illegible] [illegible] is wearing [illegible], and they stand [illegible] that is [illegible]. Now is the time for the manipulators [illegible] schemes to approach the treasury [illegible]. They need careful watching and watching from now till the first of December, [illegible] a desperate one. [illegible] Meazle & Co., and let little Jack Horner eat his Christmas pie with never a sign of a plum in it.

THE CHIEF CLERKSHIP.

It seems that Marcus D. Boruck, the best Clerk that ever held the position in the State, is spoken of for re-election to his old position in the Assembly; and for that the Sacramento *Union*, *Bulletin* and *Call* take offence. If, as the *Union* says, that the friends of Mr. Boruck are willing to give the Democracy every other position in the Assembly in order to elect Mr. Boruck Clerk, then it shows how popular a man he is among his friends. Now, we are in favor of Boruck's election, because he is the best fitted man in the State for the place, and because he who is [illegible] for his [illegible]. No man alive is more faithful to the duties of clerk than he, and we [illegible] all else but the demands of the House. And we happen to know this about Boruck, which the members of the Legislature and they [illegible] should also know, and it is this: that in the appointment of the last session draw their *per diem* pay, or, in other words, Boruck refused to accept one farthing of perquisite [illegible] the pay of his [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and could afford to pay him two or three dollars per day off their pay for their appointments, they could afford to labor for the State at the reduced valuation they desired to put upon their services; and when the Speaker declared the Assembly adjourned, Mr. Boruck's work as Clerk of the House was fully and thoroughly completed. And, for the first time in the history of the Legislature of this State, on account of his assiduity, the country Assembly was not called upon to pay one farthing for work left undone by the preceding Assembly. If the members of the Assembly desire experienced and expeditious work, they should elect Marcus D. Boruck unanimously as Chief Clerk of the Assembly.

Mark Twain gave his first public lecture in England at the Hanover Square Rooms, his subject being "Our Fellow Savages of the Sandwich Islands."

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Songs of the Sun Lands. By Joaquin Miller. 16mo., cloth.
Silver and Gold. By R. Rossiter W. Raymond. 8vo., cloth.
A Wonderful Woman. A Novel. By May Agnes Fleming. 12mo., cloth.
The Land of Moab. By H. B. Wistram, M. A. Crown 8vo., cl.
The Three Cadabbies. A Story for Boys. By W. H. G. Kingston. 12mo., cloth.
Workshop Receipts. By Ernest Spon. 12mo., cloth.
The School Stage. By W. H. Venable. 12mo., cloth.
Marjorie Daw and Other People. By J. B. Aldrich. 12mo., cloth.
Miss Dorothy's Charge. By the author of "Miss Van Kortland." 8vo., cloth and pa.
Civilization Considered as a Science. By Geo. Harris. 12mo., cloth.

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Oct 11

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Oct 25

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THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

Satire should, like a polished razor keen,
Wound with a touch that's scarcely felt or seen.

Oh Heaven! that such companions thou'dst unfold,
And put in every honest hand a whip
To lash the rascal naked through the world
Even from the East to the West.—OTHELLO, ACT IV, SCENE I

STOLEN AND GIVEN.

Remedy the Social Evil! is the everlasting song,
Oil, to grease the wheels of conscience! Law, to legalize the wrong!

Bring it to a business basis, let us have the money down,
Let the fruit of shame and sorrow swell the coffers of the town.

Let them give a sign like Rahab, when she heard the trumpet blast,
Label each one with a license brand upon each forehead "Fast."

This, the cry of Goths and Vandals, those who heed will nothing win,
For a sin doth lose its savor, when the law allows the sin.

We remember stolen apples always tasted very sweet—
Now that we are free to buy them, apples we can never eat.

Thus it is with all the pleasures that are naughty but are nice—
Given, they have little value; stolen—they are past all price. T. A. H.

Of all the tribe of groveling creatures of brazen brow and callous sensibilities, the San Francisco interviewer is at once the meanest and the most impudent. It has long been a matter of wonder with the *Town Crier* that such a community as the one in which we live should so long have submitted to the insufferable tyranny of this shameless tool of the shameless proprietors of the sensational newspapers. To the interviewer, nothing is sacred. He respects neither the decencies of social life nor the privacy of recent bereavement. He no longer listens furtively at keyholes, or sneaks into wedding parties to which he has not been invited in the sale disguise of a gentleman, but with the truculent assurance of a bravo boldly demands admittance, and props onto his insolent interrogatories with an assumption of magisterial authority. He rouses people out of their beds at their private residences at all hours of the night to subject to an Old Bailey cross-examination. He meddles with the administration of justice, examines prisoners and persons charged with crime, and presents them to the public for trial in advance of a judicial investigation. He torments invalids and helpless women in distress whose husbands or fathers have committed suicide, or who have been arrested upon some grave accusation. If a distinguished man or a public character arrives overland, the interviewer hunts him at his hotel before he has had time to divest himself of his duster. There is no nuisance by which we are now afflicted that calls so loudly for abatement. The question suggests itself, why do respectable men and women submit to the domination of this vulgar inquisitor? Why is he not kicked out of every house into which he intrudes? Why do officials of every grade answer his impertinent questions, and treat him as if he were himself clothed with some sort of official authority? Why do those who despise and detest him, who know that he is an ignoble creature engaged in a dirty business, a creature more brazen than a sail- rob selling-house runner, and meaner than a thief—why do men who know it still treat him as if he were a gentleman? It is because they have not the moral courage to show the disgust and indignation they feel. They dread the revenge which the rebuffed seeker for information would instantly take in the columns of his sensational print. However brave in the face of ordinary dangers, their courage oozes away before the prospect of a scurrilous paragraph. But on Wednesday the *Call's* interviewer encountered a gentleman in the person of the Hon. James Pollock, just arrived from the East on business connected with the Mint, who, not having the fear of the sensational press before his eyes, snubbed him unmercifully, and sent him about his business no wiser than he came. On the same day the fellow met with a similar rebuff at the hands of [illegible] McKenzie, keeper of the County Jail. These are noble examples, and if they were generally imitated the community might hope for a speedy deliverance from the intolerable tyranny of the interviewer.

If Mr. Frank Edwards, the very tender-hearted and very effective member of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, would do us and the horses a favor, let him take a position anywhere on Sutter street, between Dupont and Leavenworth, about 5 or 6 o'clock on any evening, and use his right of arresting to full. The cars on this street are supposed to hold between twenty and thirty people, that number being included, although a by-law of the Company prohibits passengers riding on the latter, and yet we have frequently counted as many as fifty two or three, once fifty-six, men and women on and in one car. Packed together like sardines, hanging on outside by each other's legs, coat-tails and coats, their sole object seems to be to ride. Why, we actually saw one adipose [illegible] to stand [illegible] outside holding on to the horse's tail. We prayed heartily to the God of this "gentleman" that the horse would kick, but the poor beast was gone beyond even resisting the indignity. No matter what discomfort they endure, no matter how the poor horses never more than three on this steep, [illegible] stumble, and tug, and strain, no matter how the driver flogs and curses the poor, weary brutes—the horses, not the passengers—at this time, no matter what distress they cause each other and the jaded, panting overworked dumb animals, these ladies and gentlemen will persist in riding. Not only is it a mystery to the *Town Crier* how these people stand alternately shutting their eyes to the advantages of a short walk, but, and a far more important matter, he considers it a crying shame that such instances of brutality and gross Cruelty to Animals should be permitted when there exists in the city a Society with the sole ostensible object of its prevention. Surely, if a man is guilty of cruelty because he seizes a dog by the hind leg, these Christian and [illegible] men and women, who know of no such thing in this world as mercy to a beast, come under the active expression of Mr. Frank Edwards' very right anger. The Directors of these lines of cars are guilty of great cruelty in *allowing* the practice of crowding already overcrowded cars, the conductors and drivers are guilty of greater cruelty in *not refusing* to allow passengers to [illegible] when there is already an overload aboard, but the passengers themselves are guilty of the greatest cruelty in daily *providing* the evidence of utter [illegible] to anything like a feeling in their animal. Come now, Mr. Frank Edwards, let us see if your energy is worth anything beyond its transient outbreak in re *Tiaga*.

Not that reference is here made to any recent "Reception," but because of the [illegible], would the *Town Crier* take the attempt to show the absurdity of this custom. A respectable citizen of average standing and of no particular merit, we will suppose, has been spending a few months in the East, or even in Europe. His return is telegraphed, and [illegible] [illegible] that [illegible] by the [illegible] is fixed up for the welcome. Straightway a mob of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] him a "Reception" [illegible] march, preceded by a band, to the Oakland boat, and when the ferry, bearing the expectant citizen of average standing and [illegible], is [illegible] by the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible], [illegible] "Wow, the conquering hero comes," when he a [illegible] [illegible] breaks, or [illegible] like some little fast [illegible] of Course, there are two views of the subject. The Pitying which we have finished with, and The Harsh. The Harsh is that all this beating of trumpets and whacking of drums, this hastening to welcome back a rich man, is nothing but a piece of degrading toadying to our only Aristocracy, that of money, got up for no other purpose in the world than sueing thus meanly for things to come. Anyhow these "Receptions" are farces, and those who partake in them always bear a part either in *The Great Simpleton*, or *The Toadying Knaves*.

The city editor of the Chronicle is a most profound logician. The *Town Crier* is led to envy him with the divine fame which the publication of this statement confers, because of the following paragraph in Thursday's issue of the live paper, under the heading of "Local Melange": "On Tuesday afternoon the residents of No. 127 Montgomery street were startled by a heavy fall, which jarred the building. At first they thought it an earthquake, but on inquiry it was found that a large marble mantel in another room had fallen. It is probable that the dampness of the atmosphere caused a loosening of the cement. *Had any one been sitting in front of the mantel, the consequences might have been serious.*" (The italics are ours.) The subtle process of reasoning displayed here calls for more than a passing notice. It is not often one finds more conclusive evidence of perfect command of the art of ratiocination. From the clear, easy manner in which the paragraph is written, the casual reader might imagine it to be but an ordinary piece of reportorial English. But when we show in detail the skill required to produce such a faultless example of argumentation, our readers will share our reverence for the man whose massive and brilliant mind thus adds weight and sparkle to the local columns of the *Chronicle*. First, you see, the premises had to be carefully and elaborately stated. The premises are—*a*, That something fell on Tuesday afternoon at No. 127 Montgomery street. *b*, That No. 127 Montgomery street is a habitable building, or, which is, by the bye, a minor deduction almost too simple to state, and by extending the ramification of the problem, adding considerably to the difficulty of arriving at a fair ulterior inference). That being a habitable building, it is to be assumed that there were people therein. *d*, That there were people therein. *e*, That what fell was a heavy marble mantel piece. *f*, And that it was this marble mantel piece that fell. Ah! There you see we have the premises. Now, these premises having been admitted to be just, what is the legitimate inference to be drawn therefrom? This, says the logician: That, "*had any one been sitting in front of the mantel, the consequences might have been serious.*" What an unimpeachable evidence is here of a mighty, master intellect! The skilled discrimination and lucid order of arrangement displayed are—*can we say more?*—worthy of a paper which very nearly approaches the *Police News* and *Day's Doings* in the cultivation and scholarly ability displayed in its articles!

"Hero Worship" in California means Blackguard Worship. A man doesn't become notorious here, in the bad sense of the word, by playing the rogue and ruffian; he achieves a reputation as "one of *the* most remarkable men in the country," is looked up to in the streets, and asked to drink on all possible occasions. From the very time when the *Chronicle* man reported the brute Allen to have walked up to his murderer with a club in his hand in a "quiet and *gentlemanly* manner," to the *Alta's* eulogistic reporter's disgusting account of Allen embalmed, this mistaken and most unhealthy sentiment has been prominent. Allen is said by another paper to have been "singularly handsome." All damned nonsense. He was nothing of the kind. He was simply a heavy, fat, low, vulgar man, with no one single good quality about him except that of his dying when stuck as any other pig would have done. We don't know Dr. Bentley's purpose in embalming the clumsy carcass, but unless it was to show how rogues and evil men fatten in San Francisco, we think he has very rogue, loon's wasted his not very precious time. The *Alta* calls the result "an embalmed *chef d'œuvre*," and talks a out "deceased's two inches of fat under the epidermis of the whole trunk." Sickening! We should think it was and the term of "sickening" applies forcibly to the false, rotten sentimentalism that leads Californians to make a live Blackguard a Hero, a maudlin clergyman to coddle a hanged Murderer as a Martyr, and a silly doctor to stuff a fat, cold deadfall!

At the private exhibition of the guttural machine, the visitors were asked to give certain words and phrases, which were to be repeated as a test of the machine's talking capabilities. Sitting in the front row, and with an expression of stolid nothingness on his antique features, was one of those terrible School Directors. "Give me same ut zat ze macheen vill repeat," said Prof. Faber, addressing the individual, whose name might be say Mosgrove. A look of under bashfulness stole over the Director's face, and, putting a taper finger to his lips he said: "*I don't think of nothing now.*" The guide and censor of public education "didn't think of nothing then." The elected Director of what shall be taught, and how it shall be taught, "doesn't think of nothing." The man upon whose decision—and that of his so extremely intelligent fellows—rests the discharge or retaining of an instructor accused of being guilty of bad grammar, "don't think of nothing." God knows the avowal of mental vacuity was not news to the *Town Crier*, who sat next him, but that he, the school magnate, should publicly make the avowal, was indeed a surprise, until it struck him that the man "*didn't know nothing*," and so, following the example of Balaam's animal, created for himself a cognate notoriety when he "opened his mouth and spake."

Isn't the Minnie Walton photograph business getting to be rather run to ground? Minnie is a trifle of beauty and has marvelous blue eyes, to say nothing of her temper, which did not hurt her a bit, but we commend our gallery to a little variety. In Bradley's she looks prayerfully upward; in Morse's pathetically downward; in Taber's she rests on her right elbow; at Elliott's she [illegible] left; at the New York Gallery she varies a little, by leaning comfortably on both. The boys in the theater peddle her around with a hat on, and the picture stores possess her with a hat off, while in Houseworth's she is represented in every position which it is possible for a limber young woman to assume, except standing on her head. This suggestion is entirely at Mr. Houseworth's disposal.

A City on the Left-hand Road.—At a religious gathering in Chicago, a few days since, one of the speakers was the venerable Dr. Goodall. Broken in mind and body, but animated by the occasion, the aged clergyman said: "Friends, I am far on on my journey towards the Celestial City, but I could not help stopping on my way to attend this meeting in Chicago." Here a voice from the multitude was heard by all: "Chicago is not on that road!" The effect was electrical, especially upon the poor old gentleman, who was so confused that he could say no more, and was obliged to sit down.

The management of the California Theater has a way of turning off the lights from the auditorium before the audience is half out of the house. This proceeding is liberal, enlightened, sagacious, and worthy of remembrance. The people who happen to be in front blunder and stumble out, unable to see their neighbors, who may be pick-pockets—a class not slow to learn of the ill-advised action, and seize advantage of it. The *Town Crier* would suggest that one dime be added to the price of admission, to enable the management to pay their gas bills.

Harrington—we believe that is the name of the ambitious youth who aspires to paint altar pieces in these godless days—is recommended to the amateur opera troupe for a subject. Mr. Lincoln as that tender flower "Don Carlos," bears so strong a resemblance to the principal figure in Da Vinci's "Last Supper," as to open a new career for him when his voice shall have given out, viz.; a model for sacred pictures.

In the opinion of injured womankind, Vanek's horrible placards have been outdone by Professor Faber's talking machine, which represents a woman's head protruding in a shockingly uncomfortable looking way from a bellows! Does the Professor mean to insinuate that women are blowers?

The Vigilance Committee is making things hot for bad characters in the town of Gilroy. This sort of thing is contagious, and as a sequence, Fitch and Pickering begin to shake in their cowhides. "Mob law" is a ghost that always makes these two reprobates think hell is let loose.

Clearly, Pixley and Bassett have left the *Chronicle*. Of late its editorials rival, if they do not exceed, those of the *Call* in senseless drivel. Has De Young bought a sausage machine? and does he, in imitation of Pickering, grind out his own editorials?

The population must be diminishing at Houston, Texas. When a stranger stuck his head in at a bar-room window in that town, the other day, and yelled, "Is the Colonel here?" only thirteen men rose and responded "He is."

The point on which the Lick Observatory is to be located is known, among the fishermen and millmen of the vicinity, as "Lousey Point." Though exceedingly euphonious, we think a change of name desirable.

POSTSCRIPT TO THE

SAN FRANCISCO

NEWS-LETTER

California Advertiser.

VOLUME 23. SAN FRANCISCO, NOV. 15, 1873. NUMBER 42.

BIZ.

The shipping in our harbor is now plentiful. The arrivals during the past week have been numerous, attracted hither by the promising freights held out to them in the early Fall season. Not all that resort here realize expectations. Those that were fortunate enough to secure charters in advance did well, but those that came seeking, and are now disengaged, will be glad to secure £3 to a direct port in the United Kingdom. A few ships have recently been taken for Wheat at this rate up to £3 2s 6d @ £3 5s to Cork for orders. There is little business now offering ships, though a Lumber charter is obtained occasionally at high figures. At this writing we have a disengaged fleet in port of 23 vessels, having a registered tonnage of 20,500 tons.

The Whaling Fleet is now making this harbor their rendezvous for the season; already some ten or more vessels have entered port, including the Russian whaling bark Tugar, 24 days from the Ochotsk Sea, with 1,100 lbs. Polar Oil and 15,000 lbs bone. It is as yet impossible to give the result of this season's catch. The impression prevails that the product of oil and bone will be less than the average. The probabilities are that the bulk of the oil and bone will be shipped to New Bedford for owners' account. The steamship Quang Se, for Liverpool, carries 22,000 lbs. Whalebone, and the St. Charles, for New York, 0,288 gallons Whale Oil. At this writing several whale ship owners are now here from New Bedford, purchasing supplies and outfits for their vessels. They will require some 150,000 lbs. Bread, Flour, Molasses, Sugar and other ship stores in quantities, and through them considerable money will be distributed along shore. The British steamship Quang Se gets £6,000 sterling for her Liverpool cargo, which consists in part of the bulk of 5,000 bbls Starr Mills Extra Flour, 600 tons Extra Club Wheat, 332 bales Orchilla, 1,250 pks Case Salmon, and Fruits from Cutting & Co., 500 Hides, 400 cases Borax, 50 rolls Sole Leather, etc. This fine steamer is to have immediate dispatch.

Our Grain Fleet to the United Kingdom, beginning at the harvest year, aggregates 200 ships, with a cash value of $7,500,000 for 4½ months, being an increase, as compared with same time last year, of $1,500,000, and more than twice that sum for any previous year. Here are the figures:

	Cls.	Value.
Totals since July 1st, 1873, 100 vessels	2,091,915	$7,198,321
127 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	3,641,523	6,069,286
18 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	453,259	1,109,111
74 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	2,402,472	2,886,612
96 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	2,695,783	4,706,999

Considerable Flour has also been sent to the United Kingdom, the values included in the above figures.

The excess of imports over exports into the United States for the fiscal year of 1872-3 was $56,300,000, while in 1871-2 the excess of imports was $116,300,000. Here is an exhibit of our Foreign Commerce for the year 1872-3. The last monthly report of the Bureau of Statistics enables us to compare the movement of imports and exports for the whole country, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1873. We compile the following from the official returns:

IMPORTS (GOLD VALUE)

	1872-3.	1871-2.
Merchandise	$641,629,660	$526,595,077
Specie	21,180,937	13,743,629
Total imports	$663,410,597	$540,338,706
Increase	23,071,891	

EXPORTS (GOLD VALUE).

	1872-3.	1871-2.
Domestic Produce	$500,033,439	$428,487,131
Specie, Domestic	73,905,546	72,798,210
Do. Foreign	10,703,028	7,079,291
Foreign Merchandise	17,445,453	15,690,455
Total Exports	$607,087,466	$524,055,120
Increase	83,032,346	

COMPARISON OF TOTAL IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

	1872-3.	1871-2.
Imports	$663,410,597	$540,338,706
Exports	607,087,466	524,055,120
Excess of Imports	$56,323,131	$116,283,646

It will thus be seen that the imports aggregated $763,400,000—an amount 23,000,000 in excess of the previous year; nearly $10,000,000 of this increase, however, arose from augmented importations of specie. The exports, including specie and re-exports of foreign merchandise, amounted to $607,000,000, or $83,000,000 more than last year, of which increase $76,600,000 accrued upon our exports of domestic produce. This is a very remarkable showing, and goes far to explain the reason for the great influx of gold coin into the United States, and compelled the Bank of England to advance its rate of discount to 9 per cent.

Wheat finds buyers at $2 25@$2 30 per cental. Barley is held at $1 60@$1 65 for Brewing, and $1 40@$1 45 for Feed. Oats, $1 60@$1 65. Corn, $1 50.

Wool is very stagnant. Stock large, chiefly of the Fall Clip, and does not vary much from 10,000,000 lbs; price nominal, say 14@17c for all grades, including Burry. The Eastern monetary panic, stoppage of factories, etc., the withdrawal of Eastern orders, and the absence of buyers from the East, all contribute to the general depression with us. There are those, however, here who are prepared to purchase freely at low prices, believing there is a handsome profit to be realized from operating at extremely low prices on this coast during the current winter [illegible]

There has been a decided advance in Coal during the past fortnight. Australian (Wallsend) has been freely bought by the Gas Company at $11. Anthracite has also been advanced in proportion; now $16. Scotch is held at $11 50. West Hartley is scarce at $16. Black Diamond and Bellingham Bay command $8 50. Coos Bay and Seattle, $10. The Emerald's cargo of 1,800 tons Lehigh—afloat in this harbor for nearly a year—has been finally purchased by the Government, upon terms reserved.

The Coffee Market exhibits a good degree of firmness. Central American Greens command 21 @ 23c; Hawaiian (Kona), 20½ @ 21c; O. G. Java, very scarce and high.

Sugar is plentiful and unchanged in value. Hawaiian raws, 6½ @ 9⅜c; Refined (white), 11 @ 11½c; Golden Coffees, 9½c; China Refined, 8⅝ @ 9⅛.

The markets for Flour and Grain exhibit a good degree of firmness. Exports of Wheat and Flour are of considerable importance. Best silk dressed Flour from the Golden Age and Golden Gate Mills continues to command $6 75 @ 7, and is greatly desired for shipment to Central American markets, while the Starr Mills, of Vallejo, are making large shipments of best extra Flour to Great Britain, shipping 5,000 bbls of same per the steamship Quang Se, besides several thousand tons by various ships. The National Flouring Mills, the Genesee and other local establishments are running full time on export orders, while the Commercial and Golden Gate do much in supplying local trade wants. The fact is, that the quality of California Flour is equal to the best extras, and will compare favorably with that made any and everywhere. We quote Baker and Family Extras, $6 50 @ 6 75; Extra Superfine, $6; Standard Superfine, $5 50 @ 5 75.

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A lady correspondent in London writes to us as follows: The most striking feature about the newest Parisian dresses is the enormous oxydized ornaments which are worn upon them. Four inches across is no uncommon size for the circular buckles, which are all the rage now. Anything uglier or commoner looking cannot be imagined, for they look like lead, and seem to answer no purpose whatever. Tunics are looped with them at the side, and even behind; and I have seen one stuck on the front of a bonnet. The most eccentric form of them is a coiled serpent, the head in the middle, with two bright little eyes gleaming in it. There is a dress in the window of a West-End house now, made of olive-green velvet, trimmed with satin of the sickly yellow color so fashionable now, and the tunic looped with these coiled serpents, each one large enough for a small dog's collar. Though these entire ornaments are most common in oxydized silver, they are made in pearl, jet, or steel; and sometimes one sees them put on, it seems to me, wherever there is room, so that a lady adress, when fully trimmed, rattles as if loaded with fetters. Indeed, the fetters are by no means imaginary, for some ladies who aim at the very topmost flight of singularity in dress, substitute in place of the same material as their buttons, which that color of the cords for the cords and tassels, which are very much worn with heavy materials. Rather a novel trimming is being sold by the yard for winter dresses. I see it can be had in almost any color, though it is rather costly. It is made of several crossway folds of some light soft material, crossed with slanting bows of velvet of a good contrasting color, or black, and edged on both sides with velvet. This trimming is made in several widths, and looks very well in black and white on a colored dress or jacket.

The new opera cloaks from the Paris houses are very stylish. They are made with a drapery across the front, something like a Roman toga, and are very richly embroidered. For a tall slight figure they are extremely graceful. A new and very comical looking fur is being shown as likely to be fashionable, though I must confess that I don't think its beauty will recommend it. It is something of the quality of ermine, but exactly the reverse in color. The fur is black but the tips are white. I asked the name of it the other day, and had some unpronounceable polysyllable in Russian given me as the proper designation for it. It is prettiest in trimming. There is a rather eccentric though comfortable looking costume heavily trimmed with it in Regent street, and called the Alexandrina. A slight variation of the kilt plaiting so much worn is made by wearing each plait so as to give a zigzag appearance to the folds. When the whole front of the dress is kilted this has a very peculiar appearance. The fashion of wearing paper articles is coming up again; paper traises in great variety are being worn, some of them are edged with most delicate-looking lace and have the appearance of very costly work. Perhaps the oddest things in the way of paper articles are the Japons, which may be worn on a fine day without the slightest risk of detect on, and look like fine calico and pretty embroidery. What would our great-grandmothers have thought of paper pett coats, I wonder? The paper bed-quilts are marvels of imitation. In appearance they exactly resemble a Marsalla counterpane of a handsome pattern. The table cloths, which may be bought for sixpence a piece, are not so successful, they lack the smoothness of damask, and being rough they catch the dirt very easily. Short lace curtains for windows made of paper cut into extremely delicate lace patterns are very pretty, and if not pulled about will last clean a long time, and the cost of them is very little more than the price of washing the heavier and ugder muslin and leno ones.

When you have lost money in the streets, every one is ready to help you to look for it; but when you have lost your character, every one leaves you to recover it as you can.

When a man's neck-tie is untied, how untie(d)y he looks!

What word is always pronounced wrong? *Wrong.*

Vol. 4. THE CALIFORNIA MAIL FOR NOVEMBER 1873 No. 2.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.---Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO

NEWS-LETTER

California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, NOV. 22, 1873. No. 43.

☞ **OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL, California Mail Bag,** South side Merchant street No 60, to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—870@875—SILVER BARS—3@3 ⅌ ct. discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 90⅞@91⅛. Mexican Dollars, par, old; 2½@3c., new. Trade Dollar, par.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@⅝ per ct. for Gold; Currency, 0 per cent. On London, Bankers 49⅛@19⅜; Commercial, 51⅛@—; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1⅛.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, Nov. 21, at 3 P. M., 110⅝. Latest price of Sterling, 107@107¼.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½ Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

San Francisco, Nov 21, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	102½	103¼	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co	120	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	99	100	Oakland 10s	105	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	99	100	Spring Valley Water Co	82½	83¼
Legal Tender Notes	90¾	91¼	Omnibus Railroad Company	40	42
California State Bonds, 7s	105	106	Central Railroad Company	65	67
S. F. City Bonds, 6-1855	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	52	52½
S. F. City and County Bonds, 6s	93	95	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	20	21
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insurance Co	72	75
Sacramento City Bonds	20	22½	Merchants' Mutual Ins. Co	45	50
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co	60	70
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	95	Union Insurance Co	85	90
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	95	Pacific Bank	91	91
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	—	The Bank of California	—	150
San Francisco Gas Light Co	62	63½	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FIELDSON, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The Bank of England rate of discount, which had reached 9 per cent. a week since, has receded to 8 per cent. This was somewhat unexpected, as it was well known that even higher rates than 9 per cent., some say 13, had been exacted in London. There seems to be a more cheerful aspect in monetary circles in New York and at the East. Exchange on London was higher. Gold during the week reached 110¾ in New York, but has since eased off a little in Wall street. There does not seem to be any permanent improvement, nor will there be until the meeting of Congress, when the question of war will be determined. It is, however, exceedingly questionable, and we hope a peace congress will prevail. Monetary affairs upon this coast remain easy and unruffled. Business is slack, but this is always the case at this season of the year. The shipping interest of the coast continues to be measurably prosperous—dispatch is given to ships loading wheat for the United Kingdom, and the rate of freight remains at £3. We hear that 65 shillings has recently been paid in London for two cargoes of California wheat (near by) while 63 shillings has been obtained for one or more cargoes sailing hence this month. The feature of the week has been the tea sale of Macondray & Co., at which advanced rates of 2¾c. per pound were obtained. This is by some attributed to the prevailing impression that Congress will in December restore the duty of 15 cents upon tea. It is also proposed to lay a tax upon coffee. Both articles are now free of duty, and the restoration of the old tariff upon these two staple articles will add greatly to the revenues of the Government without oppressing the consumer. It was a mistaken policy to remove the duty in the first place.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

San Francisco, Nov. 15th, 1873.—The Wool Market continues quiet, and although there are few or no purchasers, holders are quite firm and are disposed to make but small concessions. During the last few days there seems to have been an under current of inquiry by parties not regularly in the trade but who seek a lucrative investment for their spare capital, and it is but fair to expect, that confidence once restored in the East, and money a little easier, Wools will move off briskly at present quotations. The change may not come for months, but we feel that it will come. Choice, 18@20c; Average 14@17c Burry, 10@12½c

WATT & MCLENNAN, Wool Commission Merchants, 423 Sansome st, S. F.

BEERDHOM'S TELEGRAM.

London and Liverpool, Nov. 21, 1873--1 P. M.—Floating cargoes off Coast: Demand Cargoes in Passage have an upward tendency. Mark Lane Dearer. London quotations No. 1 Spring Wheat off Coast, 65s 6d. London quotations for Average California for shipment, 63s 6d. London quotations for American Spring for shipment, 7[illegible]s 6d. The arrivals of coast for the past week have been small. English country Markets are firm dearer. French country Markets continue firm. Liverpool Market very strong. California, 10s 6d. Liverpool Market California Average, 12s 10d @ 13s 1d. Red Western Spring, 12s 9d @ 13s 1d.

☞ **MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London,** is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

A Permanent Paragraphic Advertisement, Respectfully Dedicated to the Spring Valley Water Works.

A Miner's Inch of Water is about twenty-thousand gallons. The usual Price for an Inch of Water in the mines is ten cents. The Spring Valley Company sells water in large quantites at seventy-five cents per thousand gallons, or at fifteen dollars seventy-five cents per inch—which is one hundred and fifty-seven times the price which miners pay. Furnished in small quantities to housekeepers, the Company charges from thirty to fifty dollars an inch—five hundred times the miner's rates. IGNOTUS.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

Width on the north end	216 miles.
Extreme extension from west to east	552 miles.
Average width (about)	233 miles.
Extension from north to south	651 miles.
A direct line from the north-west corner of the State to Fort Yuma, being the longest line of the State, is	830 miles.
A direct line from San Francisco to Los Angeles	342 miles.
A direct line from San Francisco to San Diego	421 miles.

San Diego lies 320 miles south, and 235 miles east of San Francisco. Los Angeles lies 258 miles south and 225 miles east of San Francisco.

Cape Mendocino, the most westerly point of the State, is 90 miles west from San Francisco and 180 miles north.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—New York, November 21, 1873.—Gold opened at 109¾; 11 A. M. at 110⅛; 3 P. M. at 110⅜. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 108; 1867, 112¾. Sterling Exchange, 107¼@108¾. Pacific Mail, 29¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 20¾. Wheat, $1 35@$1 40 quiet. Pork, 14¼, dull. Cotton, 15¾. Hides, dry, 23¼@24, green, 15, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 38@$1 40, fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 65@$1 70; Whale, quiet, 58@64c, quiet; Winter Bleached, 66@70c. Wool—Spring, fine, 25@35c; Burry, 20@27c; Pulled, 35@50c. Pull Clips, 30@35c; Burry, 16@20c.

Liverpool, Nov. 21.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s. 3d. Club, 13s.@13s@13s. 6d. United States Bonds, 91¾. Consols, 92½@92¾, 93.

After steadily advancing the rate of discount from 5 to 9 per cent, without checking the outflow of coin and bullion, the Directors of the Bank of England, at their meeting on Thursday, reduced the rate to 8 per cent. During this interval of about two months, it is estimated that London has sent New York about $30,000,000 in gold, mostly sovereigns, a large number of which have found their way to the Assay office, and ultimately to the Mint, for recoinage into double eagles. This reduction to the rate of discount has had a tendency to ameliorate the financial condition in London as well as New York, and the present outlook is more hopeful.

The Oleomargarine Butter promises to be a brilliant success. Just now the company is busy executing orders and doing what it can for the general good. The fact is that choice mil butter has been forced up so high that consumers begin to kick, and wish for something better. There is now a good healthy competition existing between the two different factions of the trade, and we don't see anything to prevent our Sansome street friend from carrying off the palm of the business. The rush is great, the butter is good, and orders have been received for *treble* the quantity the machinery is adequate to supply.

Cuba.—The following figures respecting the Queen of the Antilles will be doubly interesting to our readers at the present time: Length, 700 miles; width, 28 to 187 miles; area, 4,300 square miles; highest land, 8,000 feet above the level of the sea; population in 1870—whites, 800,000; slaves, 400,000; free black, 200,000; total, 1,400,000; towns and villages, 540.

The next steamer from China will be the Great Republic, to arrive on or about the 1st proximo. The first steamer in the new English line will arrive in January. The agents have secured the privilege of landing at Front street wharf, and will erect the necessary accommodations.

South American advices, via Panama, November 8th, say that the Bank of Valparaiso and the Bank of South America have decided upon uniting. Their nominal capital will then amount to $30,000,000. The shares have risen in consequence.

Telegrams Unknown.—Dispatches to the following named persons are at the Western Union Telegraph Office: J. B. De Long, D. F. Toomey, Mrs. Reed, A. B. Bowen, M. L. Britton, Clay (cablegram), H. B. Benbaum.

Still no tidings, says the *Conservatice*, have reached either continent of the missing Anchor Line steamship *Ismailia*, and the impression is daily gaining ground that she has foundered at sea.

The Cape Argus, one of our South African exchanges, of the 25th of September, says there have been some very large and valuable finds at the diamond fields, and trade there is very prosperous.

There is a sensational rumor abroad that an attempt has been made to assassinate Gen. Sickles at Madrid, but as yet it lacks confirmation.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

THE OLD COUPLE.

They sat in the sun together
Till the day was almost done,
And then, at its close, an angel
Stepped over the threshold stone.

He folded their hands together,
He touched their eyelids with balm,
And their last breath floated upward
Like the close of a silent psalm.

Like a bridal pair they traversed
The unseen mystical road
That leads to the beautiful city
Whose builder and maker is God.

Perhaps, in that miracle country,
They will give her lost youth back,
And the flowers of a vanished spring-time
Shall bloom in the spirit's track.

One draught of the living waters
Shall restore his manhood's prime,
And eternal years shall measure
The love that outlives time.

But the shapes they left behind them,
The wrinkles and silver hair—
Made sacred to us by kisses
The angel imprinted there—

We'll hide away in the meadow,
When the sun is low in the west,
Where the moonbeams cannot find them,
Nor the wind disturb their rest.

But we'll let no tell-tale tombstone,
With its age and date, arise
O'er the two who are no longer,
In their Father's house in the skies.

THE WEATHER AND LEECHES.

This time-honored subject is at present attracting more than usual attention, an attention showing itself chiefly in the anxiously reiterated query: What sort of season are we going to have? The complete answer to this is beyond us, but we present to our readers the details of a curious arrangement, that will unerringly predict the atmospheric changes and condition for twenty-four, or even thirty-six hours in advance, at any rate. When we consider how often anxiety is expressed as to the state of the weather, it would seem probable that an infallible barometer, which could be obtained at the cost of a few pence, would be looked upon as invaluable, and find a place in every house. Such, however, is not the case; those who patronize this living barometer are "few and far between," and it is with the desire of making others better acquainted with what has been proved to be a most useful aid to weather-wisdom that the following notes are put together. This barometer is none other than the common leech, which we are perhaps accustomed to look upon with more or less disgust, in spite of the undoubted benefits which its operations bring to us. The poet Cowper was well acquainted with this property of the leech. In a letter to Lady Hesketh, he says: "Yesterday it thundered, last night it lightened, and at three this morning I saw the sky as red as a city in flames could have made it. I have a leech in a bottle that foretells all these prodigies and convulsions of nature. No—not, as you will naturally conjecture, by articulate utterance of oracular notices, but by a variety of gesticulations, which here I have not room to give an account of. Suffice it to say, that no change of the weather surprises him, and that in point of the earliest and most accurate intelligence, he is worth all the barometers in the world. None of them, indeed, can make the least pretence to foretell thunder—a species of capacity of which he has given the most unequivocal evidence." In Hone's "Everyday Book" there is a letter dated March, 1820, in which the following observations, "made by a gentleman who kept a leech several years for the purpose of a weather glass," are given. The leech was kept in an ordinary eight-ounce bottle, about three parts filled with water, and covered at the mouth with a piece of linen rag. It was kept in a window and the water was changed once a week in summer, and every fortnight in winter. His observations coincide so nearly with those which we have ourselves made that we shall extract them for the benefit of those who may make a similar experiment, so that they may know in advance what observation would soon teach them—the meaning of the different movements of the prisoner.

"If the weather proves serene and beautiful, the leech lies motionless at the bottom of the glass, and rolled together in a spiral form. If it rains either before or after noon, it is found crept up to the top of its lodging, and there it remains till the weather is settled. If we are to have wind, the poor prisoner gallops through its limpid habitation with amazing swiftness, and seldom rests till it begins to blow hard. If a storm of thunder and rain is to succeed, for some days previously it lodges almost continually out of the water, and discovers very great uneasiness in violent throes and convulsions. In the frost, as in clear summer weather, it lies constantly at the bottom, and in snow, as in rainy weather, it pitches its dwelling upon the very mouth of the phial."

Our personal experience of these "clerks of the weather" is but limited; so far as it goes, it generally tends to confirm the foregoing remarks. The following observations, however, of a lady naturalist, to whom we are indebted for our introduction to leeches in their barometrical capacity, and who has herself kept a daily record of their movements for more than twelve years, admirably supplement what has been already quoted.

"As a rule, during fine and wet weather, the leeches remain at the bottom of the vessel. When a change is slowly approaching, they move upwards, twenty-four hours, or, at times, thirty-six hours, in advance of it. When a storm is rapidly approaching, the leeches become very restless, and rise quickly, while before a thunder-storm they pass entirely out of the water. A tight-fitting wire-work cover must be placed over the top, as the leeches soon escape, especially in stormy weather. When the change occurs, they become still at the bottom of the vessel; but if under such circumstances they rise again or keep above the water, length or violence of storm is indicated. If the leeches rise during a continuance of east wind, wind rather than rain is to be expected. When a storm comes direct from a distance, we shall observe the rapid rising and restlessness alluded to above, but much shorter notice—from four to six hours—will be given. When heavy rain or high wind is to be expected, the leeches are also restless and keep out of the water, but their movements are much less rapid. It is advisable to keep the vessel in a temperature as even as possible. When the temperature falls below 45 degrees the leeches cease to indicate any change, they become quite torpid, or, in other words, hybernate *pro tem*. In a small jar at a temperature above 75 degrees, the excessive heat may cause them to rise, otherwise they would not do so."

From this description—the more trustworthy as being the result of the observations of many years—our readers will be able to gather what the various motions of the leeches indicate, should they be induced by this short notice to set up a living barometer. In more than one instance, when in apparently cloudless and settled weather a sudden storm has been indicated by the leeches and foretold by their owner, the amazement of those not in the secret has been very amusing. We do not hesitate to say that many disappointments at picnics or excursions would be prevented were these weather-wise creatures more generally known and more frequently consulted.

HOME RULE.

Home Rule seems to advance with giant strides in the sister island. A week or ten days ago it was announced that upwards of 200 clergymen of the Popish Church in one diocese had given in their adherence to home rule, and this week we are informed that additional names to a considerable amount have followed in the same course. It may be of importance, indeed, of vital importance—to both England and Scotland, especially the latter, to inquire more narrowly as to what "home rule" really means. Some home rulers will not allow that it means repeal of the Union between England and Ireland; then, if so, what does it mean? Is it a larger slice of good things to be extracted from the British Government, and diminished responsibility in its support? If this is the case, Scotchmen had better look at the following facts, and take into consideration whether or not it would be advisable to try something in the Scottish home rule as an antidote to the present agitation. "Some facts, already pretty well known, regarding the comparative revenue and expenditure of Ireland and Scotland have been confirmed by the issue of a return moved for by Mr M'Laren. It shows that while Scotland yields £8,513,067 of revenue, and Ireland only £7,010,63?, the Civil Service Estimates for the latter amount to £3,410,??, compared with only £731,??7 for Scotland." Ireland has engrossed so large a share of the attention and labors of the British Legislature for years past, that it is time some more even handed method of distributing justice were adopted. If English and Scotch representatives were somewhat more united in determination to deal equally by all parties, we have no doubt that Ireland, and especially her home rulers, would soon find to their cost that they have all along been getting the lion's share, and that, were they now placed on rigidly equal terms, especially with Scotland, they would have been greater gainers to have kept silence.—*English Ladies' Own Miscellany.*

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 311 California street, represent the following well known and reliable companies:

Girard, of Philadelphia	$350,000	Penn, of Philadelphia	$2..,000
Amazon, of Cincinnati	1,...	Kansas, of Leavenworth	2..,...
North Missouri, of St. Louis	1,2..,...	Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago	2..,000
St. Paul, of Minnesota	4..,...	Natl. Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	1,..,000
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August 9. 311 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $..,000. Officers —John H Redington, President; George H Howard, Vice-President; Charles R Story, Secretary; S B Fitly, Marine Secretary; H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. DIRECTORS—San Francisco—Geo H Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A B Gregan, John H Redington, A. W. Bowman, L. S. Latham, B. M. Hartshorne, D Conrad, Wm H. Morris, S Johnson, H N Tilden, W M. Greenwood, B. L. Jones, Geo S Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W H Foster Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C Waterhouse, A P Hotaling. Oregon branch: P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, [illegible] ... Marysville—[illegible] ... Sacramento Branch: Charles Crocker, A Redington, Mark Hopkins, [illegible] ... Stockton Branch—H H Hewlett, Geo S Evans, ... Grass Valley ... Nevada ... Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO OF S F

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W C Ralston, [illegible] ... Jabez Howes, Nick. Luning, John Parrott, Milton S Latham, J Baum, M D Sweeney, Joseph Frankenstein, Gustave Touchard, [illegible] ... Sacramento—[illegible] ... Marysville—[illegible] ... Portland, O—[illegible] ... New York—J G Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N G KITTLE, Vice President.
CHARLES D HAVEN, Secretary. GEO T BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 226 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazards assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this act and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens:
DIRECTORS—W W Dodge, Claus Spreckels, Seligman Wright, W B Cummings, [illegible] MacDermot, James M Harvey, C W Kellogg, [illegible] ... John H Wise, [illegible] ... James Gamble, [illegible] ... W B Hooper, G L Bradley, D B Haskell, H B Crocker, [illegible] ... Charles Main.
C W KELLOGG, President.
R G HOBSON, Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the premises of ... street, No. ... Merchants Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The Ætna has cash assets of $5,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO C BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM MACDONALD, Agent. Nov 21

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over SEVEN MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies non-forfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among its Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Non-forfeiture Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 24.] N. E. cor California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants. No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, at rest and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouses and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. All losses paid in U S Gold Coin.
Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,- 750,000. Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,... Losses Promptly Paid in U S Gold Coin.
W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
Jan 19.] No. 3.9 California street, San Francisco.
The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of all the Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 San- some street, San Francisco. Nov 15.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, the resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 3?5 California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 4.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale.—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street over Bank of California. Nov 16.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 17.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING AGENTS AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce, Esler, Smith & Co., Wm Young, Burfold & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hodges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co., Thomas Turrell, Wayte, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T Watkins, Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner, Ed. Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanzenith & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres, Jacques, Allison & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Børsen.
Colombo—Chas Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce, Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber of Commerce and Manufactures.
Frankfort—N M Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq.; James H Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Ulterroth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co., Carl Heine, Bœrsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co, Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co. H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Mil Beton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gurney & Co., Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring Bros & Co, Dudley, Davies & Co., Erk Anetle, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," new papers Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co. Alsop & Co., Huth, Gruning & Co., Bates, Stokes & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Lidas Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excelentisimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Jacobo de la Calle & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co, Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce, Brice, Lamner & Co., McCulloch, Sellars & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co., Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; G. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrick & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimerman, Fair & Co.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending Nov. 18, 1873

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
P S Wilcox to P Swasey	Oakland 50x96 3, nw cor West 5th and Myrtle	$3,175
W F Kelsey to G J Nicholson	Same 50x140, nw cor Elm and Grove	1,500
A J Gadding to D Roodebush	Same Lots 2, 3, 4, 5, blk M, and Lots 8, 9, blk N, Peralta Hd Tract	700
C A Tuttle to G Stakemire	Same S l Charter, 550 e fr San Pablo, thence e 50x124	800
J B Woolsey to E K Miller	Same Lot 61, Buena Vista Hd Tract	600
J C Hays to Geo Atkinson	Same W l Market, 5?? n fr West 5th, thence n 25x100	690
Durant & Bigelow to M Daly	Same 50x?? ne corner West 5th and Chester	950
P L Wilcox to A J Snyder	Same N l 9th, 100 w fr Bdway, thence w 40x75	2,500
W Benlts to Same	Same 75x100, nw cor 10th & Franklin	6,600
T A Gachey to M McLean	Same 75x100:11, se cor Linden and R Road Ave	1,000
P Sather to J S Fogg	Same Part blk 45?	150
J Chart to F F Schwagermann	Same W l Franklin, 75 n fr 9th, thence n 25x75	1,250
G C Potter to P Kadol	Same W l Telegraph, 58 n from 17th, thence n 25x1??	3,500
P McNamara to Blethen & Terry	Same S l 21, 100 w fr Bdway, thence w 5?x1??	2,000
Armes & Sather to T A Gochey	Same 75x1:6.11, se cor R Rd Ave and Linden	
J Altman to W T Coleman	Same ¼ acre, w l San Pablo Rd	6,000
J S Fogg to J C Finigan	Same N l West 5th, 175 w fr Market, thence w 25x100	1,350
Wall & Sanford to O Gas Light Co	Same N l 1st, w 150 w fr Bdway, thence w 50x100	4,000
Capital Hd Ass'n to S L Marks	East Oakland, 51x121, Capital Hd Tct, on Lake Merritt	3/1
S L Marks to P Short	Same Same	300
H Tolbs to C Quill	Same Ne Humbert, 125 nw fr Benton, thence nw 25x150	200
W Atkinson to A C Cordan	Same Ne l East 15th, 55 se fr 10th Ave, thence se 25x90	1,300
D G Barnes to J West	Same Ne l Hepburn, 177 6 se fr Antonio, thence se 5?x1??	350
J B Watson to A E Newland	Same 1½ acs, Watson Tct near Lake Merritt	9,510
E Bigelow to W K Howell	West Oakland. Various portions of Casserly Tract	22,500
Same to M and M Rickard	Same N l Chase, 127:6 e fr Wood, thence e 25x135	625
Same to F Bastain	Same N l 8th, 187 8 w fr Willow, thence w 29x??	775
Same to F N Langley	Same 100x102 6, ne cor Willow & Case	2,500
J H McCourtney to M McCourtney	Near Oakland, N city limits, 66 acres, Telegraph and Broadway Ave	Gift
Hays & Caperton to C H Collin	Alameda, Nw Bdway, 150 ne fr Lincoln, thence ne 50x14?:2	400
C Churchill to J F & H W Taylor	Same 35 acs, marsh, Estuary S Leandro	5,000
H W Taylor to H C Sawyer	Same ½ lot 35 acs, marsh, same	800
Samuel J F Taylor	Same ¼ lot tract, marsh, same	1
J Wesley to J H Gilmor	Same ¼ lot tract, marsh, same	1
C H Hallo to N Porter	Same Lots 1 to 6, blk 51, near High	1
E B Rodington to D Klintworth	Same: 100x160:2, sw cor Buena Vista & Willow	250
N Porter to C H Hallo	Same: Lots 7, 12, 13 and 14, blk 51, near High	5
A Montgomery to C H Hallo	Same ½ lot, blk 61, near High	100
Hays & Caperton to W N Meeks	Same Nw l Broadway, 1.69 ne fr Santa Clara thence ne 50x140:2	15,000
S Prichard to J Connors	Oakland Tp Various Lots Regent St Hd Tract	21,000
E Babson to G Bunnell	Same 10 acs, part plot 68	5,?00
H Durant to M Cashman	Same 10 acs San Pablo Ave	4,000
Durant & Merritt to J Chart	Berkeley 140x110 3, tract adjoining University site	1,000
A Lelos to C Sivlo	Brooklyn Tp 33 and 21 acs	1,500
J M Moore to J Silva	Near Mission San Jose, 40 acs	4,000
S Nash to A Cowden	Same: 51 acs	5,616
A O Hopkins to M S Luna	Same: 63 acs	7,000
G M Walters to L E Osgood	Centerville: 1 acre	400
S M Wilson to Alameda Water Co	Vallejo's Mills ½ tract	10
C Hadsell to Same	Alameda, Laguna, San Antonio, & Calaveras Creeks Water rights	10
G W Harlan to R B Campbell	Livermore Lots 5 and 6, blk 18	275
S... well Williamson to A Schach	Same 50x100	100
Beazell & Crowell to Same	Same 50x100	60
A S Bachelo to W Ludwig	Same 2 lots, each 50x100	800
H M Teague to J O Brien	Same Lot 2, blk 11	750
J D Poyorena to E Anbury	Near Livermore 10 acs	500
F D Atherton to C Booken	Rd Haywood to Amador Valley 43 acs	1,085
C Silvie to A Silva	Washington Tp 5 acs	1,500
O B Bowman to W Ludwig	Pleasanton Lots 8 and portion 9, blk J	900
E & J Decoto to A Decoto	Decoto, near Alameda: Various lots	5
J & A Decoto to E Decoto	Same Same	5
E & A Decoto to J Decoto	Same Same	5

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Nov 18.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's Records) Office: Adjoining the COURT HOUSE, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to the Court House. Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. Sept 13.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Condensed descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Lake Tahoe, the Geysers, Big Trees, etc., Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
September 27.

SITUATION WANTED.

A young man, who speaks fluently the English, French and German languages, and has finished his classical education in a German university, desires a situation as Private Tutor in a family. Highest testimonials given. Address "W," News Letter office, or, California Hazard Exchange, ... Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct. —

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Joyce's Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps, Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Waddings, Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges, for Pin-fire and Central-fire Breech-loading Guns. Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept 1.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Smith, Stanistreet & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. ... & Hughes; Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The Right Hon. Earl Russell has communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne. See Lancet, Dec. 1, 64. Extract from the General Board of Health, London: "So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most efficacious remedy ever discovered. To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents, $1 and $1 75, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK—J. ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as household words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, can be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: small bottles, 1s; large bottles, ... each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world; or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles ... KEATING'S BONBONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in tins of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Expert Chemist and Druggist. Inducements for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 25.
Agents: CHARLES LANGLEY & CO., corner Battery and Clay sts., San Francisco.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer to identify the genuineness of the capsule but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

MARAVILLA COCOA

Taylor Brothers, the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion and especially High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and Dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS, under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 19.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles ... Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodds Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co's Solid Silver and Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry. Diamond Setters and Lapidaries.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

The preparations for the Ashantee campaign include a number of guns for mountain warfare. These are to be packed on mules. The first introduction of these guns—which were originally employed in the Abyssian campaign—was accompanied by an amusing incident. Some genius thought it would be a good idea to so arrange the guns that they could be fired from the backs of the animals which carried them, thus saving the time and trouble of unpacking. An experiment was tried, a gun was placed on the back of a donkey, his tail was turned towards a target on one of the Kent marshes, and a slow match was applied in the presence of an admiring assembly of authorities. Anxious expectancy was depicted on every countenance, when lo! the animal began to *turn round*! Scientific interest gave way to utter horror. Some scampered off at the top of their speed, wiser men flung themselves flat on their faces, and the one wisest of all made a dash to the head of the donkey. After a few seconds, which seemed an age, the gun went off, the shot ricochetted harmlessly amongst some timber, while the miserable donkey turned a complete somersault in the air.

The Choctaws are behaving in a very treacherous way, in refusing to fulfil their treaty engagements. In the treaty of 1866, Congress agreed to give the Choctaws $300,000 for the strip of country known as the "leased district," provided the Choctaws would, within two years, adopt into the nation and make citizens about 3,000 negroes, formerly their slaves, and give forty acres of land to each individual. The time expired without act on having been taken, and from Council to Council the Government has extended the time. This money, with interest, now amounts to more than $400,000, yet so strong is the prejudice against allotting their lands that they have again refused to pass the act of adoption. The negroes are excited, and will send a strong delegation to Washington to urge their rights before Congress. They do not want to be compelled to leave their homes, and desire to have their status determined.

The Shanghai correspondent of the London Times writes: I see there is a project at home to give a railway to the Emperor of China, in order to convince him of the merits of steam as an institution, but I fear the gentlemen who have taken up this idea hardly understand the character of the people they intend to benefit. The leading Chinese officials are not ignorant of railways; they see plenty of steamers, travel by them very frequently, and have lately built several of their own. It is quite within the scope of their intelligence to know that what a steamer is on water a railway would be on land. The fact of having a small railway given them, instead of having to spend £60,000 in its acquisition, will not affect them at all. It is not the cost they fear, but the change.

If any proof were needed of the impression made by the Chinese and Japanese collection at Vienna upon European taste, we might point to the extraordinary prevalence in the fashionable world of the bizarre combinations of colors hitherto confined to China, in the imitations of cloisonne in china-ware, metals, and even wall-papers and textile fabrics, and also to the many articles of toilette and household use, which are labeled and recommended as *à la Chinois*, or, *à la Japonais*. But in addition to all this we learn that in Vienna, in the well-known and popular scenic opera-ballet *Ettore*, a dance of Orientals in correct and approved Chinese costumes is received with extraordinary favor, and is welcomed with great applause.

The captain of her British Majesty's steamer Basilisk has taken possession of New Guinea in the name of the Queen. The possession of this island, one of the largest in the world, teeming with every variety of mineral and vegetable products, occupied by three distinct races of men, numbering several millions, intersected in every direction by navigable rivers, and having every gradation of climate, is of more than ordinary importance, as it virtually gives to England the command of the South Pacific and the China Seas, and must have a very important influence in augmenting her Eastern commerce. The only country which now has a foothold in that region is Spain, which holds the Philippine Islands.

The monarchical cause has received a considerable "leg up" by the declaration of Marshal MacMahon that, whilst he has had absolutely nothing to do with bringing about the present situation, he shall not consent to remain where he is after the present attempt to establish a settled Government ends one way or the other. Thus, France must choose between Monarchy and—nothing. M. Thiers still keeps silence; and many people opine that he may yet yield to the suggestions of conscience and patriotism and desist from an opposition which would probably prove as futile as it would be unscrupulous; and it is by no means impossible that the *fou furieux* and his hordes will be left in the lurch.

The earnings of Sir Astley Cooper afford a striking example of the slow promotion of even the most skillful and deserving of doctors. In the first year he netted five guineas. In the second, £26; in the third, £64; in the fourth, £96; in the fifth, £100; in the sixth, £200; in the seventh, £400; in the eighth, £610; in the ninth, the year in which he secured his hospital appointment, £1,100. The highest amount he ever received in any one year was £21,000; but for many years his average income was £15,000. The most that the famous Abernethy ever realized in one year was £5,000, showing that his vagaries and eccentricities were by no means a source of profit to him.

To supersede as far as possible the employment of horse labor in Woolwich Arsenal, an extensive system of narrow-gauge tramways is being laid down through all the roads in that vast establishment, and into every conceivable corner where horses and carts can penetrate. The rails are but eighteen inches apart, and trucks adapted to the same gauge are being manufactured, specially contrived for the carriage of guns, metals, coal, and stores of all kinds, as well as one or two for passengers.

It is stated in an Eastern paper that Adah Isaacs Menken, the noted woman who was wont to ride horses on the stage, does not seem to have been the only wife of John C. Heenan. Since his death a Mrs. Sarah Stevens Heenan, who was an actress in California many years ago, has turned up in London, and is on her way to this country for the purpose of claiming his estate.

Good news for oyster eaters has come from the Herefordshire coast. A Colchester fishing smack has opened up a hitherto undiscovered bed off Portland, which is said to be miles in extent. The lucky crew had dredged several tons of the bivalves, and had, of course, found a ready sale for them, when a whole expedition of oyster dredgers from Colchester bore down on the new "diggings."

Mrs. Fawcett, in a lecture delivered in London, stated that there were 2,500,000 unmarried women in England, and half of these must remain unmarried. The world, however, was changing its views as to the position of women. She heard that the Messrs. Baring were taking women into their banks, and were satisfied with the result.

The "Bazaine trial" seems to be going against the accused, and the people are beginning to ask, Will he be shot? It is quite possible. But if he is, he will be shot for the offense of disbelieving in the Fourth of September and in the advent of Henri Cinq. How many people would have to be shot for similar incredulity!

From April 1st to the 18th ult., the Exchequer receipts amounted to £37,681,049, as compared with £30,916,403 in the corresponding period of last year. The expenditure has been £45,650,592. On the 18th the balance in the Bank of England was £904,496.

Miss Rye, famous for the promotion of female emigration, has made propositions to the French Government with a view to the importation of a swarm of marriageable young women into New Caledonia.

There was a great assemblage of clergy on the 17th ult. at Ely, Cambridgeshire, to celebrate the 1200th anniversary of the foundation of the cathedral of that city.

In England last year the number of deaths attributed by coroners' juries to excessive drinking was 379—258 men and 121 women.

Every English soldier who is sent out with the Ashantee expedition is to be provided with a pocket filter.

One of the features of the Bazaine trial is a black reporter.

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

MAILS FOR * Sundays excepted.	CLOSE. A. M.	CLOSE. P. M.	ARRIVE. A. M.	ARRIVE. P. M.
Alameda	6.30		..	9 00
Antioch, Black Diamond, etc		1 40		12 00
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co.'s steamers		3 45		9 00
Cloverdale and Coast Points		3.15	9 30	
Eureka		1 40	12 00	
Napa Route via Vallejo		5 40	12 40	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory.	6 30			9 00
Oakland	6 30	3 40		1 00 9 00
Overland	6.30			9 00
Petaluma and Coast Points		1 15		12 30
Sacramento via Vallejo	7.15	3 40		12 40 8 40
San Rafael	9.15		9 00	....
San Jose	7 05	4 10	9 30	6.00
Southern California and Arizona	7 50			6.00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	6 30	3 40	3 00	9 00
Vallejo and Benicia	7 15	3 40	12 40	9 00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare County		3 40		3 00
Great Britain, Monday and Thursday		9 00		....

MAILS DISPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 6.30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from 9 to 10 a.m. Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily, except Sundays.

N. B. STONE, P. M.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 4th, 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and Interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,211,737 25, as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 1872.

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $,0,49. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor,
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but scientific men can use them. The Universal always gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address
Oct. 26. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 14.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 417 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, AgriCULTURAL IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS,
August 16. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 413 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 21.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

C. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE, [B. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 219 Bush street. Factory, 445 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 23.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Doney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Francisco California. Jan. 1.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alianca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Hoyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co, Commercial Exchange.
St Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—P. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamplz & Co, "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa, Cross & Co, Alsop & Co, Wm Gibbs & Co, Huth, Gruning & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co, Jardine, Mathison & Co, Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevil, W. Birch, Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

BELGIUM—Consul General—S. Morhange, Grand Hotel. Consul, E Grisar, N. W. cor Broadway and Sansome.
CHILI—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanueva, U. S. Court Building. Consul—H. Carroll-bet, 324 Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 220 California street.
ECUADOR—Consul—Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
GUATEMALA—Consul General—Lewis C. Hanks, 201 California.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul—C. A. C. Dollenberg, 314 Sacramento.
GREECE—Consul—S. J. Kabath, S. E. cor California & Sansome.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 426 Front.
HONDURAS—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 703 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Act'g Consul—Horace D. Dunn.
MEXICO—Consul—Manuel Aspiroz, 424 California street.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, 310 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—Consul-General—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S.W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—P. de la Fuente y Sobiera, Lick House.
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Bertoo. Vice Consul—H. Laidley, Swiss-American Bank.
SPAIN—Consul—Camilo Martin, 423 California street.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 220 California.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 510 Battery street.
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—R. Morales, 410 Washington st.
TURKEY—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, 33 Battery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. Baum, 410 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss-American bank.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—G. Muecke, 109 California street.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

A KITCHEN ROMANCE.

Now, Mr. Malone, whin ye're al jokin' like that,
It is asy to see — Arrah, get out o' that!
Whin dise spalpeen wid ladies polit ness should tache
That ye're not to use hands, sir, to-till o' yere spache.
Should the missus come down, sir, how would I appear
Wid me hair in disordher? —

Och! Kitty, my dear,
Yer pardon I ax; but yer mouth is so sweet
It's a betther acquaintance I'm seekin' wid it!
An' I love ye that fondly—begorra, it's thrue!—
That I'm always unaisy unless I'm wid you.
An' thin I'm onaisy as bad as before,
An' there's nothin' 'll aise me at all any more,
Until yer betrothal I've got, and, bedad,
I'll not let ye go till yer promise I've had.

Well, I like yer impertinence, Mr. Malone!

It is noways impertinent, Kitty, ochone!
For a man to be lovin' the likes o' yerself;
An' ye might marry worse, if I say it meself.
For me heart is yer own an' me wages is good,
An' I know of a residence, built out of wood,
To be had for the askin' of Dennis McCue,
For he's goin' to lave it, an' thin it 'll do,
Wid some fixin' an' mendin', to keep out the air,
An' a bit of a board to patch up here and there,
An' a trifle o' mud to discourage the cracks,
An' we'll make up in lovin' whatever it lacks;
An' it's built on a rock, with a very fine view
Of the counthry surroundin' that same avenue;
An' to be quite genteel an extension we'll rig,
An' therein establish an illigant pig;
An' thin we shall prosper as nate as ye plaze,
An' ye'd see me an alderman some o' those days,
An' the childther will grow up with schoolin' an' sich,
An' in polit cs, thin, they'll be sure to get rich—
Och! this is the land for improvin' the race;
So, Kitty, mavourneen, just turn round yer face,
An' give us one kiss the betrothal to own—

The divil a one to you, Teddy Malone!
D'ye think I'd be lavin' a house o' brown stone
For the tumble-down shanty ye're talkin' about,
While I live like a lady wid two evenin's out,
An' me wages is high an' me wardrobe complate!
Sure, ye couldn't tell missus from me on the strate;
An' at home it's the same, for she's fond of her aise,
An' ye couldn't say which of us bosses the place;
An' ye're only presumin' to ask me to lave,
An' by the same token now wid ye behave!
Let loose of me hand, sir!

But, Kitty, my dear,
Ye can't be intendin' to always live here,
Wid niver a husband to love ye at all,
And niver a baby —

Whist, Mr. Malone!
Y'ere very indelicate —

Divil a wan!
It's only the truth that I'm tellin' indade,
That ye're niver intindin' to die an old maid.

'Tis right ye are, Teddy! How could ye know this?

Well, thin, will it plaze ye to give me the kiss?

Get out wid ye now, sir! An' how can I tell
But perhaps there's another would suit me as well?

Arrah! Kitty, me darlin', don't say that agin
If ye wouldn't be killin' the thruest of min:
But if there's another ye likes more than me,
Then it's faithless ye are an' its goin' I'll be,
An' I will die broken-hearted for lack of the joy
That I thought to be gainin' —

Why Teddy, me boy,
Is it dyin' ye're spakin' of? What would I do,
To be left like a widdy a-mournin' for you!
And ye wanted a kiss? Well there, if you must.
Och, murdther! The man is devourin' me just!
Is it 'atin' me up ye'd be afther be like?
Well it's not so unplasant—ye may if ye like;
An' if any one's askin' about ye I'll own,
That a broth of a boy is me Teddy Malone.

—*Peleg Arkwright.*

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A lady correspondent in London writes to us as follows: The tremendous length of the feathers and ribbon ends is the principle feature of the newest bonnets and hats this month. No plume seems too long nor too thick to be considered stylish. The most approved, and also the most costly style, is to have a single feather of great beauty and softness, taken from the front of the hat round or over the crown, according to taste, and hang on the shoulders behind. In a ruby velvet hat prepared for H. R. H. the Princess of Wales, the long feather, which was white, was twisted in a peculiar manner, which gave it the effect of a huge curl. The Princess looks better than she has done for some time, and her familiar face is already seen almost daily in her usual resorts. At the theater the other night she had adopted a very pretty style of headdress. The hair was rolled up from her face in large, careless looking rolls, sufficiently waved to save them from looking stiff, and tiny Marguerites glittered here and there among them. From her back it all fell upon her shoulders in curls, not the small cork screw ringlets we have had so much of lately, but large heavy curls, each one well defined and beautifully soft looking. At the left side above the ear a pale pink rose was worn. The whole effect was very pretty, though very foreign looking. Indeed, the whole appearance of her Royal Highness with the Elizabethan frill standing up around her dress, and the glittering fan she carried, was rather like a gay picture of some bygone period. She looks pretty in everything, but I think the simpler her costume the more lovely she is. We are going back to the Elizabethan era in our costumes. The modistes say that very long waists, even approaching the deformity of the Virgin Queen in that respect, are to be introduced and rigidly enforced by the costumiers; let us hope they won't insist on the farthingales and monstrous skirts as well. I had a pair of Parisian corsets in my hand the other day, and was assured that they are to be the precise fashion for the coming Winter. They are exactly the shape of twenty years ago, when the longer the waist the better the figure was supposed to be. Little coifs of the Marie Stuart shape are being worn for the theater and evenings now. They are precisely the shape made so familiar to us in the portraits of the hapless Queen, and are trimmed according to the fancy of the wearer. They look best in point lace, modern or antique, and very well embroidered in tiny pearls, or even gold or silver, but I saw one in a West End window with a trimming of cut steel which looked as ugly and vulgar as can possibly be imagined. Steel daggers are worn on bonnets, too, and large, bristling aigrettes standing straight up from the top of the crown so as to catch the light from every possible point. The newest fashion for frilles and sleeve ruffles is to have them of gold lace, not the stiff lace used in trimmings, but a soft kind of which the basis is silk and the gold only runs through. It is very brilliant and rich looking, of course, but neither tasteful nor, I think, in good style. Some of the new waterproofs are very ugly. The most useful ones differ very little from those which we have seen for years; those which aim at novelty are eccentric and useless. The very newest is the "Princesse," a long classical looking garment, trailing on the ground behind and flying loose, with a huge pointed hood at the back. It has arm-hanging sleeves, and tassels everywhere where a tassel can hang. It is graceful looking enough, but would be a sore incumbrance in the sort of weather when ladies are supposed to wear waterproofs. The "Diana" goes to the other extreme, and is so tight fitting that it looks like an indoor dress, and would be a trouble to get off if its wearer did wear it in wet weather. The latest fancy with ladies of abundant means is that the chatelaine and the articles on it shall, to a certain extent, match the dress with which it is worn. As many of the little trinkets have velvet or silk in their cases, it is only those who can afford to pay for almost any whim that can do this. The velvet bag, clasped and mounted in silver, which is so universally worn now, is made to come out of its clasps by a most ingenious piece of mechanism inside, so that the bag may be of a dozen different colors and the clasps do for all.—*Glasgow Mail.*

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President. Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, No. 21 Pine street; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. The Bank has Agencies at Virginia City, Gold Hill, and Correspondents in all the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Locano, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. Sept. 20.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, S. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort. NEW YORK AGENTS—Jay Cooke & Co. London Agents—Jay Cooke, McCulloch & Co. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hours on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest. DIRECTORS—L. Gottig, F. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler, Dan Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED.)

412 California st., San Francisco.—London Office, 3 Angel Court; New York Agents, J. W. Seligman & Co., 21 Broad street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000. Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange and Bullion, loan Money, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world.
Oct. 4. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office No. 301 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't, Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 13.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 415 California street. July 9.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general Brewing and Malting Business, under the firm name and style of MERRIFIELD & ROSENER. Office and Brewery, corner of Eleventh and Folsom streets, San Francisco. E. MERRIFIELD,
San Francisco, October 1, 1873. [Nov. 1.] LEVI ROSENER.

DESIRABLE CITY RESIDENCE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Unimproved 50-vara Lot north side California st., between Jones and Leavenworth streets. Also, unimproved 50-vara Lot northeast corner Jackson and Steiner streets. Inquire of JOS. W. JORDAN,
Nov. 1. N. E. corner Clay and Front streets, San Francisco.

TO THE COAL TRADE.

The Black Diamond Coal Mining Co. have for sale 3,000 tons best quality Wallsend and Waratah Sydney Coal; 5,000 tons Bellingham Bay Coal. And are receiving 1,000 tons per month of Black Diamond and other Mount Diablo Coal. Office—Spear street, between Folsom and Harrison.
Nov. 15. P. B. CORNWALL, Prest. B. D. C. M. Co.

PROPOSALS FOR BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT.

Office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, San Francisco, November 4, 1873. Sealed proposals for furnishing and setting in place one Burglar-proof Vault, for Treasurer's Office, complete, according to specifications and drawings, which are now ready and to be seen at the office of the Board, will be received up to 2 o'clock P. M. of FRIDAY, the FIFTH OF DECEMBER prox.
Nov. 8. By order of the Board. ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary.

NOTICE.

If this should meet the eye of Stephen Nalder, who left England in 1842 or 1843, and formerly of Furze Hill, Newbury, Berks, England, or any one that can tell of his whereabouts, he or they are earnestly solicited to communicate to Stephen Stanbrook, No. 273 Cambridge Road, London, N. E., England, and they will be liberally rewarded. Nov. 8.

WANTED.

A Situation as Bookkeeper, Collector, or Copyist, by one thoroughly competent, with the best of references. Address,
Nov. 8. J. R. COKER, No. 420 Sansome street.

F. W. VAN REYNEGOM. JNO. H. DICKINSON.

VAN REYNEGOM & DICKINSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, 502 Montgomery st., cor. Sacramento (Rooms 12 and 13), San Francisco. Nov. 8.

To An. G.—Unlucky beggar. Honi soit qui mal y pense. Your mother and aunt are both dead, the former died in June this year. All information concerning them you can obtain from their friend, Mrs. J. S. B....., at her old address in London, who will be glad to hear from you. Nov. 15.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any, and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

THE GREAT RACE.

Mr. Editor:—Independent of my own feelings, which are elevated to the highest pinnacle of religious enthusiasm, on account of the signal success bestowed upon our pious community by an all-wise and beneficent Providence, in granting us the blessed privilege of capturing the $20,000 purse which was hung up for competition by our Christian friends, a few days ago, at the Ocean View Race Track, it is at the earnest solicitation of a majority of the leading clergymen of our State that I am led, as a progressive divine, to lay before the readers of that truly religious journal, the *News Letter*, a correct account, from a moral and religious standpoint, of the great running race between "True Blue," "Thad Stevens," "Joe Daniels," and "Miss Mamie Hall." To the sceptical and jaundiced eye of the enemies of religion, horse-racing may appear to be a carefully veiled species of gambling. I admit that in some instances such may be the case; but I would say to the doubter, the scoffer, the infidel and ungodly, that I have the solemn assurance of the representatives of Fashionable Religion, and leading members of our prominent churches, who attended the great race, that the match was projected by the followers of the meek and lowly man of Nazareth, and that the magnificent purse of $20,000 was subscribed to, and raised by, contributions from our pious and God-fearing fellow-citizens. We were determined to show those wicked men from New York how different the result would be between a race gotten up in pure worldly mindedness—as was the case of "Occident" and "Lucy"—and a match of horseflesh, made under the benign influence and pious supervision of a Christian Jockey Club. The Eastern world—which is Chicago, New York and Boston—have for a long time gazed with jealous eyes upon our magnificent temples of worship, whose gilded domes and burnished spires and lofty minarets rise in solemn grandeur from every part of our saintly city, directing the eye of the weary worldling to his peaceful home in a blissful hereafter. Eastern infidels have also beheld with envious eye, and covetous feeling of the soul, the palatial mansions of our Christian nabobs, which look frowning down from the face of every hill, and with a yearning spirit of grasping avarice they longed to possess themselves of our magnificent redwood castles, with their lofty turrets of burnished tin—

Around whose consecrated towers
The sunlight falls in golden showers.

Accordingly those cunning Eastern financiers, taking advantage of the gambling spirit which lies latent in every human bosom, brought to our shores last year "Goldsmith Maid" and "Lucy," and imposing on the youth, innocence and inexperience of Mr. Stanford, through him and his horse "Occident," relieved our faithful and trusting Christian brethren of much coin. Since that time, by a continuous, prolonged, and wistful gaze down into the secret depths of an empty pocket, they have discovered the error of their ways, and a prayerful few, having met in holy conclave, resolved in a Christian spirit to [illegible] an act of evil, that good might come. They were determined to break up the [illegible] system of gambling on horse racing, and decided that the best means of so doing, was to offer a large sum as a purse, to entice the Eastern gamblers here once more, and then, by uniting in prayer, make a strenuous effort to induce the Lord to favor the California horse. The result of the Great Race shows that their pious and [illegible] interested efforts were crowned with a glorious and unprecedented success. It was all owing to the prayers of the faithful, their pledges to the Lord, and the training of the horse. Every devoted Christian who staked his dollar on "Thad Stevens," went on high with joy [illegible] that it might be returned to him at [illegible] doubled, and every saintly [illegible] of [illegible] who sneaked around and bid for a pool on the favorite horse, recorded in his [illegible] mind a silent pledge to donate every dollar of his winnings to the paying off the debt of his church, or [illegible] the corner stone of a [illegible] hospital. To the unprejudiced eye of the [illegible] observer, it will become apparent in a moment on [illegible] to bet his consecrated dollar. "True Blue" and his ancestors have been in the hands of men of the world, atheists, freethinkers, and infidels, fed upon unsanctified oats, and surrounded by the unhallowed fumes of tobacco, brandy, and the amber-colored fluid of the Rhine, while "Thad Stevens" was sired on a Sunday, first saw the light on All Saints Day, was sprinkled and received his name on Ash Wednesday, and was reared in the care of infancy on new milk and honey, with which the land of Canaan is supposed to flow. He received his first caress from the gentle hand of a pious missionary from A[illegible]'s Isle, and was left a sacred legacy to a saintly Mormon, who was gathered to his fathers at Salt Lake City. Since then he has passed through the hands of the professors of a [illegible], and was [illegible] from an Irish wake by a Catholic priest. In training for the great race he was fed on consecrated food, and his thirst was quenched by copious libations of magnetized water, the essential, invigorating influence coming direct from the ghost of his great namesake, through the spirit mediumship of Professor Herm. I also, in company with three eminent divines who had staked large sums on "Thad," called on a celebrated *seer*, and had an interview with the invisible essence of the original "Thad." He promised to be at the track on the day of the race, and unseen by mortal eye, to ride his favorite nag to glory and success. At the request of the Rev. J. A. Bryant, Pastor of the Club, I have recorded the main features of the race in a poem, which can be set to music, and sung at the dedication of any public building, erected for religious purposes, such as a church, theater, almshouse, club room, stable for racing stock, or jail.

THE RACE.

That morn, the Autumn sun shone down
In mellow light, on hills of brown,
And tipped with gold the waves of blue,
Which skirt the Track at Ocean View.
But ere he rose the hills aboon,
And crossed the sultry arch of noon,
A motly crowd came pouring down
The hills, from San Francisco town.
In eager haste they rushed along
With gibe and jeer and jest and song;
Some on a high-bred charger's back,
Some squeezed and sweltering in a hack,
Some in a lumbering hotel coach,
And some with trappings sans reproach.
The iron horse drew thousands out
Among the hills to join the rout;
Miles upon miles the dusty way
Was lined with wagon, cart, and dray.
The fiery phaeton's tandem team
Swept by the foot-pad, like a dream;
Great upper-tendom's silken skirt
Was trailed along in common dirt,
And maidens, with their close cut hair,
Jostled the haughty millionaire.
The citizen of every grade
That day aside his task had laid,
Each one had joined this steeple chase,
To see two Blooded horses race,
And stake his coin at Ocean View
On old "Thad Stevens," or "True Blue."

"True Blue" was favorite of the East,
Whilst "Thad" was California's beast.
And what a world of wealth was there—
Charms in the sunlight, almost bare,
And globes of snow and golden hair,
And locks of every hue and shade,
The raven tress and auburn braid,
And curls that o'er the bosom played,
And eyes, whose soul bewitching spell,
A universal story tell.
The steeds are now upon the track,
Each rider in [illegible] his courser's back,
And as the racers reach the score,
Hushed is the people's wild uproar.
Deep silence for a moment falls
Over the scene; till Bryant calls,
Then answering to the watchword, "Go!"
Like arrows shot from warrior's bow,
Leaving a cloud of dust behind,
The flying steeds outstrip the wind
Then loud Hosannahs rend the air,
And hearts beat high, and many a prayer
From fash[illegible] lip was sent
High up the azure firmament.
Around the track the horses flew,
Old "Thad" ahead, and then "True Blue."
Four times round and then repeat,
But "Thad" [illegible] the winning heat,
And gobbled up the golden bag,
And left behind the Eastern nag.

Yours, in exuberance of spirits—Amen,

THE OAKS, November, 1873. THE PARSON.

Nobody ever used to notice our feet until some few months ago we bought a pair of boots of P. Kelly, Bush street, below Kearny, and then we heard the remark frequently passed *sotto voce*: "Look at those handsome boots!" "What perfectly fitting boots!" etc. *Verbum sap.*

EXTRACTS OF EUROPEAN CORRESPONDENCE.

From time to time interesting matter comes by mail to some of our friends, and we are permitted to make extracts. The following is from a gentleman behind the scenes:

"You will have noticed as an extraordinary fact that in almost every election which has taken place in Great Britain for the last two years the Liberals have been beaten. There is a combination of reasons which will explain it. I think it is to the pot-house keepers and persons that a good deal of the reaction is due; but still more to the absurd encouragement which has been given to Trades Unionism by the Liberal party, and the consequent enhancing of prices without any diminution of taxation. Liberal as I am, I would be a Republican if I could, still I cannot see that Trades Unionism is anything but adverse to the vital principles of our side. It is *Protection* in the worst form. So long as the farmers wanted to protect their wheat, there was a grand howl against the system; but now, that it is found to answer the workman's purpose to protect his labor, not a word of objection is heard from the very quarters where Protection of old received its death blow. I fancy that in America you have no chance of having the bane of Trades Unionism cast among you in addition to your other unpleasantnesses. Your material resources are too large, and you have such a power of expansion, in fact elbow-room, such as we have not here, and it is in this producing its natural result in the form of pressure upon the middle classes that the Liberal party is for the present going to the dogs. Personally, I have always foreseen this result, and fought as hard as I could against the system, so I shall not have to reproach myself. The Government has been wrong, too, about education. This leaving the religion element in to please the Church has alienated a lot of votes; but I fancy from the fact of Bright rejoining the Cabinet they are going to alter this mistake. Then again the beer houses are an enormous difficulty, and having been far more leniently treated than they deserve are, of course, turning round and doing all the harm to the party they can. As for the parsons, where was there a parson (except D——) anything but a thick-skulled donkey who could neither desire nor deserve liberal reforms. And unluckily the parsons are just now a strong element here. You may thank goodness for your exemption from this class of cattle in America, as by law established I mean."

LONDON, November 1, 1873.

My Dear News Letter,—It is customary for Englishmen to write to the *Times* when they wish to relieve their mind about some real or fancied grievance, but I fly to you for consolation. My dear friend, were you ever hanged? Were you ever under the surgeon's knife? Did you ever come out of a fight with six revolver bullets in your carcass,—if so, you may perhaps understand my feelings the first time I was shaved in England. I used to esteem a shave a sort of luxury, and generally managed to get forty winks when under the manipulation of Charley at the Occidental, who was certainly a tonsorial artist of the first degree. Having in my mind the delicious sensations formerly experienced, I walked into a saloon and ordered a shave and shampoo, and I got them. The shaving was performed in a chair without any rest for the head, and when I got through I imagined that I had been garroted. It took me some time to regain my senses, and when I did I looked in the glass and discovered that the barber had made a chopping-block of my face, which was so sore that I prayed to be shot to relieve me from my misery. But I wasn't through yet; the shampoo was to come, and I thought that this operation would be more gentle, and it was, for I never had such a delicate shampoo. The mixture he used he called egg julep, and was a compound of decayed bad fruit and soda, which gave it a very gamey perfume. He poured a few drops on my head, as if it cost $20 an ounce, and then carefully wiped his hands on my hair a few times to clean them, then pushed my head under a water-spout and squirted about a pint of water on it, being careful to run a small stream down my spinal column. A towel was then brought into requisition, which about half did the purpose for which it was intended, my hair was then combed and brushed, and my swell artist said "Thank you, sir. Would you like to be weighed?" (They generally keep a weighing machine in their shops.) Perhaps he wanted to see what weight of meat he had cut off my face. Since that memorable day I have been trying to shave myself, and succeed passably well. It is true I have cut off half of one of my ears, but then as it doesn't interfere with my hearing I don't mind it much. Anything rather than submit to the tortures of another such barber, whose genius for inflicting pain would make a Modoc commit suicide from envy. Now, my dear *News Letter*, can you give any advice on this subject to your

GREAT ORIENTAL.

NAVAL VESSELS.

Dear News Letter:—The Stockton *Daily Independent* of Saturday last, in speaking of the Cuban affair, says: "It will be well for Uncle Sam to try his persuasive powers and send a few of his *naval vessels* and if necessary an army of regulars and volunteers to Cuba to see that order is restored. * * * The present time may possibly be deemed an auspicious moment to carry this *American idea* into practice." Will you kindly inform me what a *naval vessel* is? I have puzzled over it, and give it up as really being an impenetrable *American idea*. Why not send some of those *legal vessels*, that hang round our Police Court, to Cuba? they certainly could be well spared. If a broadside from the *Dudley* would not bring those "human blood hounds" to terms, I think Uncle Sam's *Naval Vessels* had better shut up. Your devoted admirer,

JOHNNY BULL.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL,

Bush Street, between Montgomery and Sansome, under the direction [illegible] MONDAY, Nov. 17, 1873, and every evening [illegible] Matinees, Wednesday and Saturday [illegible] Music [illegible] Nov. 22.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon. MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. [illegible] Billy Manning [illegible] Explanations. Lottie Mac [illegible] Songs [illegible] made by Sweatnam, Welch and Reed. To conclude with "A Slippery Day." Dick Carroll and his three sons will shortly appear. Nov. 22.

OPERA HOUSE.

Bush St., between Kearny and Montgomery.—Unprecedented Success. Every Evening during the week [illegible] SAN GALTON and JENNIE LEES [illegible] Opera Bouffe [illegible] PERICHOLE. In active preparation—Offenbach Opera [illegible] Dress Circle, $1; Gallery, 50 cents.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Saturday Matinee, at 2 o'clock—FIELD AND FIRESIDE. Monday Evening, Nov. 24—Benefit of W. A. MESTAYER—the latest Play of LONG BRANCH. In rehearsal, a new Drama of powerful [illegible] CUBA. [illegible] Nov. 22.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Benefit of W. A. Mestayer, Monday Evening, Nov. 24th, the Great Play of LONG BRANCH. Look out for HOOPLA! HOOPLA! and the BLACKBERRY SWAGGER. [illegible]

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Oriflamme, E. Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom-street wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, Nov. 22, at 3 o'clock P. M. [Nov. 22.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

KENNEDY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,
French Cassimeres
and Beavers.
—ALSO—
Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 24.]

Stuart Soldon Wright,
ATTORNEY
AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW
OFFICE:
Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., up stairs.
Aug 9.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ⅌ lb	50 @	55
Cheese, Cal	20 @	25
Honey	25 @	35
Eggs, ⅌ doz	[illegible] @	60
Lard, ⅌ lb	16 @	19
Ham & Bacon, ⅌ lb	16 @	20
Cranberries, ⅌ gal	75 @ 1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ⅌ lb	3 @	4
Lima Beans ⅌ lb	6 @	
Tomatoes ⅌ lb	3 @	4
Onions, ⅌ lb	[illegible] @	5
Squashes, ⅌ lb	2½ @	4
Pumpkins, ⅌ lb	2	3
Cabbage, each	10 @	15
Cauliflowers, each	10 @	15
Cucumbers, ⅌ doz	10 @	15
Celery, ⅌ doz	75 @ 1	10
Horseradish ⅌ doz	20 @	25
Turnips ⅌ doz	[illegible]	25
Parsnips ⅌ doz	15 @	25
Radishes ⅌ doz	[illegible] @	25
Green Peas, ⅌ lb	[illegible] @	8
String Beans, ⅌ lb	[illegible]	8
Apples, ⅌ lb	[illegible] @	8
Pears, ⅌ lb	6 @	10
Peaches, ⅌ lb	[illegible] @	15
Pine Apples, each	[illegible]	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ⅌ lb	12 @	25
Do. new, ⅌ lb	[illegible]	18
Oranges, ⅌ doz	[illegible]	75
Lemons, ⅌ 100	[illegible]	50
Limes, ⅌ doz	25 @	
Chickens, each	75 @ 1	00
Quail, ⅌ doz	[illegible] 1	50
Turkeys, ⅌ lb	20 @	25
Geese, ⅌ pair	[illegible]	00
Ducks, ⅌ pair	25 @	00
Rabbits, ⅌ pair	25 @	40
Hares, each	[illegible]	10
Oysters, ⅌ 100	75 @ 1	00
Clams [illegible]	[illegible]	
Mussels, ⅌ 100	25 @	
Salmon, smoked, ⅌ lb	12 @	18
Salmon, fresh, ⅌ lb	10 @	
Codfish, ⅌ lb	12 @	15
Rock cod, ⅌ lb	[illegible]	12
Smelts, ⅌ lb	10 @	15
Tom cod ⅌ lb	[illegible]	
Flounders, ⅌ lb	[illegible]	18
Halibut ⅌ lb	[illegible]	
Perch, ⅌ lb	30 @	50
Shrimps, ⅌ lb	[illegible]	12
Anchovies, ⅌ lb	[illegible]	8
Soles, ⅌ lb	30 @	50

E. S. TIBBEY,
Stock Broker,
No. 6 LEIDESDORFF ST.
Aug. 9.

H. P. Williams & Co.,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
ROOM 20,
STEVENSON'S BUILDING,
SOUTHWEST CORNER OF
California and Mont. sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
Aug 23

BIZ.

This has been rather a quiet week in commercial circles—imports light and a dull trade for goods from first hands. The jobbers, however, continue to do a large and profitable business with the interior. Payments are made with unusual promptness. This is the natural result of good prices realized for an abundant crop of Cereals, etc. There is no scarcity of money for all legitimate pursuits. Gold and silver for currency continue plentiful. Our merchants, as a body, are sound to the core, and have done a satisfactory year's business; with the exception of importers of British and foreign goods—they have, for the most part, been doing business upon a falling market. Exchange has been against them for more than sixty days past, and the losses incurred by the decline in Sterling Exchange has indeed been quite a formidable item with many. It has been particularly severe upon exporters of Breadstuffs, some of whom have of late been made to bleed freely.

Exports to the United Kingdom continue large, consisting chiefly of Wheat and Flour. Our grain fleet since July compares as follows with years preceding:

	Ctls.	Value.
Totals since July 1st, 1873, 108 vessels	3,259,697	$5,121,128
1[illegible] vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	3,884,002	6,409,079
30 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	648,346	1,332,218
77 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	2,[illegible]	4,[illegible]
[illegible] vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	2,818,152	4,[illegible],121

In addition to the Wheat, we have sent abroad since July 1st upwards of 400,000 bbls extra Flour, and there are [illegible] more in preparation for shipment to the United Kingdom. There is now on the Liverpool berth 31 vessels, with an aggregate [illegible] to [illegible] tons. There will more [illegible] to dispatch before the close of the year. The present rate of freight to a direct port, £3. Present price of Wheat, $2 30 per cental. We hear that the cargo of "Average" Wheat, hence for Queenstown per Ravenscraig, November 16th, has been sold *en route* at 63s, c. f. and i.

The ship Emerald, Capt. Hill, 1187, arrived here Dec. 19th, 1872, with 1,800 tons Coal, Lehigh, consigned to Williams, Blanchard & Co. Prior to her arrival they communicated by telegraph to her owners, East, an offer of $31 gold for the 1,800 tons of anthracite Coal, and a Wheat charter for the ship of £3 2s. 6d. to the United Kingdom—both offers refused. The vessel dropped anchor in our harbor and there remained eleven months, when the Eastern owners sold her cargo to Government at $19 currency. In the interim (for the vessel has remained here through two grain seasons) a second Grain charter of £3 was offered for the ship—that also was refused. Now the Emerald is at Mare Island discharging her Coal, and the ship having lost a year's earnings at extravagant rates, now finds herself here seeking business at £3 freight.

The feature of the week's business was the auction sale of fresh Teas, recent importations from China and Japan, the property of Macondray & Co. The attendance was numerous; the trade well represented; bidding spirited. Terms liberal, 90 days, or 3 per cent. discount for cash. The prices for standard Japans, in papers, 40¼c, an advance of 2¾c ⅌ lb upon previous public sale. "Congou" Oolongs sold at 71½c. Lacquered boxes "Tycoon," 68c; do "Oojee," [illegible]; Japan [illegible] for large Jars, [illegible] for small do, "Shie 1" Japan in boxes, 13½c [illegible]. Common Japans in papers, [illegible]. English Breakfast, 46@34c. Basket, [illegible].

The press of this coast teems with fresh accounts of rich Quicksilver mines in various parts of the State, and yet we fail to realize any benefits therefrom. Clearly the production on this coast is diminishing year by year, while the consumption is steadily increasing. The same [illegible] are operating elsewhere. In London, the price per flask has risen to £20 [illegible], here the rate has been advanced to $1 30 per pound, and [illegible] of orders from New York, Mexico, and Central America, there has been a demand from China, which cannot be filled. The Great Western Quicksilver Company, as well as the St. John, are producing steadily, but the New Almaden, New Idria, and Redington [illegible], have been and are still our main dependencies. Surely the very extraordinary high prices ruling here and elsewhere ought to stimulate the production very materially.

No more Sugar from Hawaii is now the cry from the Islands. The Bark D. C. Murray, on her last trip, did not bring a pound—the first instance in ten years that a regular liner did not have more or less. The J. W. Seaver is soon expected, without Sugar, both bringing Molasses instead, and this article the distillers buy at a paying price. Our Honolulu advices are unfavorable to our Sugar markets. The Australian Colonies offer a better price for their Sugars, and ere long are to loose them without a treaty—reciprocity, which the planters and merchants must seek after. Our stock of Sandwich Island Sugars is light, with sales this week of several hundred packages, at an advance on previous quotations. No change in the price of white refined Sugars. Distillers pay 22½c for Island Molasses.

Flour maintains its price, and is likely to rule high as the season advances. Golden Age silk dressed, Golden Gate, Starr M[illegible] and other fancy extras command $6 75 a $7. So also of Santa and Oregon Imperial Mills, while Baker and Family Extras, for shipping, rule from $6 50 a $6 75. Superfine sells at $5 50 a $6 75 ⅌ 196 lbs. Extra Superfine, $6. Wheat is less plentiful at $1 16 a $1 30 ⅌ ctl; Barley, $1 40 a $1 65; Corn, $1 35 a $1 40; Oats, $1 55 a $1 85 ⅌ ctl; Hay, $14 a $20 ⅌ ton; Bran, $19; Middlings, $30 ⅌ ton.

Wool is rather more called for. The receipts for the Fall embrace something like [illegible] about two-thirds of which remain as yet unsold. The telegraph advices from both Europe and the East are rather favorable than otherwise for Wool and woolens, still [illegible] market continues dull, and advices do not [illegible] large and increasing stock. Our [illegible] have not yet supplied [illegible] surplus, and their purchases are still confined only to [illegible] week to week. Among the holders of Wool there is rather a more hopeful feeling that ere long Eastern orders will reach here quite liberally, which, with a demand of large surplus by coast factories, would soon exhaust the better class of Wool, of which there is a [illegible] here. On the other hand, the shippers of Wool [illegible] to the opinion that dull ideas and low prices will rule until after the holidays. Present price, 13 a 14c for Burry, 16c for average clips, and 18 a 20c for choice fleece.

Coal is held with more firmness. Australian, $11, Scotch, $11; Anthracite, $15 a $17 50; Wallsend, $16 a $17; Bellingham Bay, $8 50; Black Diamond, $8 25; Coos Bay, $10.

Coffee is in high favor. 850 bags O. G. Java sold at 30c; Costa Rica, 21 a 22c; other Central American, 20 a 21½c.

Rice is very dull and languid; prices nominal.

Raisins from Malaga, via New York and Panama, are arriving in large quantities, and find ready sale at good prices—say, $3 60 a $4 50, former for whole and latter for fractional boxes. Prunes, Currants, Citron, etc., are each and all in good stock for the holidays.

Furs and Skins are going forward to London, overland, in large quantities. The Alaska Commercial Company fully alive to cent per cent.

CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED.)
FOR HONGKONG VIA YOKOHAMA.

The magnificent new Clyde built screw Steamship Vasco de Gama, [illegible] Captain [illegible]. This fast and powerful vessel, the first of the Trans-Pacific [illegible], will leave as above about the 20th January, and is fitted up [illegible] luxuriously, with all the latest improvements for the comfort [illegible] of the passengers. The Steamship carries an experienced Surgeon and Stewardess. For freight or passage apply to MACONDRAY & CO., Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Nov 12, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED'Y	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	—	—	
Alpha	50	38	37
Alps	—	¾	—
Atlantic Tunnel	—	39	—
American Flag	6¾	6¾	—
Arizona & Utah	1½	1¾	—
Arkansas	—	—	—
Alamo	—	—	—
American Flat	4	3¾	3¾
Bacon	—	—	—
Baltimore Consolidated	5¾	5	5
Belcher	72	76½	71
Belmont	25	25	—
Bullion	—	—	29
Best & Belcher	9¼	9¾	9¾
Buckeye	—	—	—
Caledonia	16	16¾	16½
Cedarberg	—	5	—
Central	13½	12½	—
Charter Oak	—	—	—
Chapman	—	—	—
Chief of the Hill	1½	1¾	—
Chief East Extension	—	1	—
Chollar	51	54½	52
Colon Lue	—	—	—
Confidence	8	7¾	7¾
Consolidated Hill Quartz	—	—	—
Consolidated Virginia	49	47	46
Cook & Bayer	—	—	—
Crown Point	99	95	94
Central No. 2	—	—	—
Consolidated Amador	—	—	—
Daney	1¾	—	2
Eclipse	5½	5½	5½
El Dorado	7	5	—
Empire Mill	1¾	1¾	1¾
Empire Idaho	—	—	—
Eureka Consolidated	5	5¾	—
Eureka G. V.	—	—	—
Exchequer	17	15½	16
Globe	—	1¾	1¾
Golden Chariot	16½	—	—
Gould & Curry	12	13	13
G. H. Quartz	—	—	—
Hale & Norcross	31	36	37
Hermes	3	3½	—
Hahn & Hunt	1½	1¾	—
Hayes	2	2½	—
Ida Elmore	5	4½	—
Imperial	5	5½	6
Independent	4	3	—
Inca Mar	¼	30	—
Insurance	—	—	—
Ivanhoe	—	—	—
Jackson	—	—	—
Julia	3¾	3¾	3¾

NAME OF STOCK.	MON.	WED'Y	FRI'Y
Justice	7½	7	—
Kentuck	12½	11¾	11½
Kentucky	3	3½	—
Knickerbocker	2¾	2¾	1
Kossuth	—	—	—
Leopard	30	40	—
Lower Comstock	—	—	—
Mahogany	7	7	—
Mammoth	—	—	—
Meadow Valley	14	14½	—
Minnesota	—	—	—
Newark	1½	1	—
New York Consolidated	2	2	3
Nevada	2	—	1½
Occidental	—	—	—
Ophir	85	74	73½
Orig'l Hidden Treasure	—	3½	—
Overman	26	26	25
Original Gold Hill	—	—	—
Page & Panaca	1	—	—
Pea Vine	—	—	—
Phenix	60	—	—
Potosi	—	—	—
Pioche	5	5	—
Pioche West	—	—	—
P Phenix	—	—	—
Raymond & Ely	58	58	—
Rescue Consolidated	—	—	—
Rye Patch	5	6	—
Red Jacket	—	—	—
Savage	56	58	53
Seg. Belcher	67½	62	63
Sierra Nevada	17	16½	17¾
Silver Peak	1½	1¾	—
Silver Hill	8½	10	—
Silver Mountain	—	—	—
Sterling	—	—	—
Succor	2¼	3	4
Southwest Consolidated	—	—	—
Silver Chariot	6¼	—	—
South Overman	—	—	40
St. Patrick	5	3½	—
South Comstock	—	—	—
Tecumseh	—	—	—
Tyler	—	¾	¾
Union Consolidated	1½	2¾	2¾
Utah	6	7	7
Washington & Creole	7	5	—
Washoe	—	—	—
Woodville	1	1¾	1¾
Wellington	—	—	—
Yellow Jacket	65	61	61
Yule Gravel	—	—	—

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES

METALS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1	$50 00 @ 52 50
Bar Iron, ass'td, ⅌ lb	3 @ — 4
Metal Sheathing, ⅌ lb	— 24 @ — 25
Tin Plates, I. C., ⅌ box	15 00 @ 16 50
Tin Plates, I. X., ⅌ box	18 00 @ 19 00
Lead, Pig, ⅌ lb	6 @ — 6½
Lead, Sheet, ⅌ lb	— 9 @ — 11
Babbit Tin, ⅌ lb	— 6 @ — —
Quicksilver	1 20 @ — —
COAL.	
West Hartley, ⅌ ton	17 00 @ 17 50
Australian	11 00 @ 10 50
Cumberland	22 00 @ 25 50
Anthracite	14 00 @ 15 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ —
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50
COFFEE.	
Guatemala, ⅌ lb	— 20 @ — 21½
Java, Old Government	— 25 @ 26
Manila	— — @ — 21
Costa Rica	21 @ 22
RICE.	
China, No. 1, ⅌ lb	— 6¾ @ — 6¾
China, No. 2	— 5¾ @ — 5¾
Hawaiian	— 6¾ @ — 7½
WINES.	
Champagne, ⅌ doz	20 00 @ 35 00
Port, according to brand, ⅌ gal	2 00 @ 7 75
Sherry, do do	1 25 @ 7 00
OIL.	
Coal and Kerosene	— 31 @ — 75

TEAS.	PRICES.
Japans	$ — 45 @ — 75
Oolong	— 50 @ 55
SUGARS.	
China, No. 1, ⅌ lb	— 9 @ — 9¾
Sandwich Island	6¾ @ — 9½
Manila	— — @ — 7½
Crushed, American	— 11 @ 11½
Muscovado	6 @ — 8
Peruvian	— [illegible] @ — 8
CANDLES.	
Sperm Wax, ⅌ lb	— 30 @ — 42
Adamantine	— 17 @ 19
SPIRITS AND LIQUORS.	
Whisky, American	1 25 @ 1 00
Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 12
Rum, Jamaica	4 00 @ 25
Brandy, French	4 00 @ 16 00
BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Calcutta Gunnies, 22x36	20 00 @ — 21
Gunny Bags in bales	20 @ — 21
Burry Bags	— 15 @ — 15½
Hessian, 40 inch, ⅌ yard	9 @ — 9½
DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
Wool, ⅌ lb	— 14 @ — 20
Tallow	— @ — 7½
Hides	— 16½ @ — 17½
Wheat ⅌ 100 lbs	2 15 @ 0
Barley	[illegible] @ 1 65
Oats	1 50 @ 1 85
Flour ⅌ 196 lbs	5 50 @ 7 00

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Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Dec. 1—GREAT REPUBLIC, Capt. Howard.
Dec. 16—ALASKA, Capt. Morse.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon on the 4th and 19th of each month for PANAMA, connecting via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamships at ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Dec. 4—MONTANA, Capt. Connolly.
Dec. 19—ARIZONA, Capt. Cavarly.

All steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all except the [illegible] will call at SAN DIEGO.

Steamers of the 19th connect at Acapulco for ALL CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:

MOHONGO, Capt. Douglass, Monday, Dec. 1; Friday, Dec. 19; Wednesday, Dec. 24.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Tuesday, Nov. 25, Saturday, Dec. 6, Thursday, Dec. 18, Tuesday, Dec. 30.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,

But takes no freight for San Simeon.

SENATOR, Capt. Bogert, for San Luis Obispo and way ports, Saturday, Nov. 29, at 9 A. M.; Monday, Dec. 15, at 9 A. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. Nov. 22.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

BIRTHS.

Brydges—In this city, November 16th, to the wife of M. C. Brydges, a daughter.
Bideman—In this city, November 16th, to the wife of Wm. A. Bideman, a son.
Holz—In this city, November 19th, to the wife of Louis Holz, a daughter.
Johnson—In this city, November 17th, to the wife of T. P. Johnson, a son.
Jennings—In this city, November 16th, to the wife of J. T. Jennings, a daughter.
Tableman—In this city, November 20th, to the wife of H. Tableman, a son.
Tyler—In this city, November 18th, to the wife of Wm. L. Tyler, a son.
Vandergaw—In this city, November 12th, to the wife of C. M. Vandergaw, a son.

ALTAR.

Breese-Patterson—In this city, November 11th, J. C. Breese to Agnes Patterson.
Boyd-Bowden—In this city, November 11th, Oliver D. Boyd to Jane Bowden.
Ewald-Gies—In this city, November 20th, Anton Ewald to Josephine Gies.
Martens-Loschry—In this city, November 16th, M. H. Martens to Anna Loschry.
Morong-Lincoln—In this city, November 19th, J. C. Morong to Myra E. Lincoln.
Norris-Whitney—In this city, November 16th, H. J. Norris to Kate Whitney.
Van Dusen-Dickson—In this city, November 17th, J. Van Dusen to S. Dickson.

TOMB.

Chipman—In this city, November 16th, Wm. W. Chipman, aged 53 years.
Hart—In this city, November 16th, Morris Hart, aged 56 years.
Neagle—In this city, November 16th, Thos. P. Neagle, aged 40 years.
Smith—In this city, November 20th, E. L. Smith, aged 37 years.
Goldthwait—In Sacramento, November 17th, Rosetta A. Goldthwait, aged 40 years.
Martin—In this city, November 23d, J. M. Martin, aged 43 years.
Summers—In this city, November 20th, Alice Summers, aged 31 years.

Correction.—In our last issue we married Mr. Oliver D. Boyd to Miss Jennie Johnson. This was a mistake; the "blushing bride" was really Miss Jane Bowden.

NEW BOOKS FROM A. ROMAN & CO.

STORIES OF INFINITY; LUMEN. HISTORY OF A COMET. IN INFINITY. By Camille Flammarion, author of "The Atmosphere," "The Plurality of Inhabited Worlds," etc. Translated from the French, by S. R. Crocker. Published by Roberts Brothers, Boston.

The deep and anxious curiosity which pervades every human heart regarding the mysteries of the next world and our hereafter, causes every work treating [illegible] after [illegible] real. The peculiar theories of M. Camille Flammarion are maintained with much force and grace of diction, [illegible] for argument and grave thought. In the article entitled "Lumen," he says of death:

"Death is not. What you call death, the separation of the body and the soul, does [illegible] in fact [illegible] under a material form, and [illegible] than is the new-born child of his birth. We are infants in heavenly life, just as we have been infants in earthly life. Only the soul, not being wrapped in the corporeal swaddling-bands which clothe it here below, acquires far more rapidly a knowledge of [illegible] There are some who, during [illegible] toward heaven, never longed to master the laws of creation. Such, still under the dominion of bodily appetites, dwell a long time in a state of trouble and unconsciousness. There are others, happily, who at the close of this life soar on [illegible] the law of [illegible] note, step by step, the numbness that mounts to their hearts, and when the last flutter, faint and imperceptible, ceases, they are already far above the body which [illegible] magnetic bands, they feel themselves borne by an unknown force towards that point in the creation to which their aspirations, their feelings and hopes have attracted them." In the same article he [illegible] forward [illegible] the "History of a Comet," he says, is not a romance of pure fancy, grown spontaneously in the fertile fields of the imagination; it belongs wholly, and by right of birth [illegible] and take entire possession of one for the time. Altogether we regard this as a most readable work, full of suggestive thought, and possessing a rare charm for a speculative mind.

SILVER AND GOLD. An Account of the Mining and Metallurgical Industry of the United States, with Reference Chiefly to the Precious Metals. By Rossiter W. Raymond, Ph. D. [illegible] New York.

The sixth [illegible] that [illegible] transmits his report on mines and mining in the States and Territories of California, Nevada, Oregon, Idaho, Montana, Utah, Arizona, New Mexico, Colorado, and Wyoming, giving a general review of the history of this industry in rich districts, and of its conditions and prospects, with such comments and suggestions as seem likely to be of use to miners, metallurgists, capitalists and legislators." He also says, in conclusion, that "the nature of the increase of the bullion product is still more gratifying than its amount, since it shows clearly that the decline of production from superficial mining is more than compensated by a steady augmentation from deeper and more permanent [illegible]."

MEMORIALS OF A QUIET LIFE. By Augustus J. C. Hare, Author of "Walks in Rome." Revised for American Readers by William L. Gage. Published by Roberts Bros., Boston.

It is good for the world to know the inner home life of such men as Augustus and Julius Hare. Eminent divines, learned scholars, distinguished authors, in whom birth, breeding, culture and refinement were united, whose society was sought far and wide, and whose intimate friends and associates were such men as Wordsworth, Landor, Bishop Heber, Bunsen, Dean Stanley, Arnold, etc. As Mr. Gage says in his preface: "Who of us has not longed to enter the homes of our great men and women, and listen to their voices and feel the power of their presence. Here is an instance where, owing to a strong sense of duty to the world, the barriers have been taken down, the shades have been drawn, the faces are seen by the firelight, and the words reach us through the open windows, and when I see what delicate and modest spirits dwell within, I honor them for this public confidence, and cannot withhold my thanks that this great and most unexampled kindness has been shown, and the cherish [illegible]."

NAMES OF THE SUPREME BEING.

IN FORTY-FIVE LANGUAGES.

Hebrew	*Elohim or Eloah*	French	*Dieu*	Polish	[illegible]
Chaldaic	*Elah*	Spanish	*Dios*	[illegible]	[illegible]
Assyrian	*Ellah*	Portuguese	*Deos*	[illegible]	[illegible]
Syriac and Turkish	*Allah*	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Malay	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	Italian	*Dio*	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	German and Swiss	*Gott*	Coromandel	[illegible]
Armenian	[illegible]	Flemish	[illegible]	Tartar	[illegible]
Greek	[illegible]	Dutch	[illegible]	Persian	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] and Old Saxon	[illegible]	Chinese	*Prussa*
Latin	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Japanese	*Goezur*
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] and Swedish	[illegible]	Madagascar	*Zannar*
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

ART NOTES.

The next reception of the Art Association is fixed for the evening of December [illegible], and desirous of aiding the society as far as possible, we shall briefly indicate the conditions of membership, that such of our readers who may wish to join may do so before the next *soiree*. Life members are elected by a majority vote of the Board of Directors, and pay $100 down, which entitles them to all the privileges of the society to all time—or at least to all *their* time. Ordinary members' names pass before both the Board of Directors and a general members' meeting, and it is needless to say that all but a very few—excluded for sufficient reasons—have been elected. The precautions adopted are simply for the purpose of keeping the association select and respectable, and in point of fact, there is no society in the city the membership roll of which contains so large a proportion of [illegible] Members pay $2.50 entrance fee and $1 per month, and those joining before the next [illegible], whether or not a general meeting has been previously called, provided their names pass the Board of Directors. All tickets admit a lady with the bearer. Ladies are eligible to membership and to office in the society. As is generally known, the association will shortly inaugurate a School of Design, when it is probable that State aid will be invoked.

We think that we recognize the hand of Mr. B. P. Avery in the long and carefully written description in the *Bulletin* of the Art Association's recent acquisition of casts from the antique. That gentleman is preparing a careful *catalogue raisonne* for the use of members and visitors, which will make the inspection of these casts and models doubly interesting.

The following, from a recent number of the New York *Nation*, may be interesting to our readers: "The first art college established in an American university took being on the 18th ultimo, when a Fine Arts Department was opened at Syracuse. Two courses are organized at present—architecture and painting—with which the faculty will undoubtedly find their hands full; sculpture is not [illegible] about, nor is room made for any fine art addressed to the ear, except [illegible]. The scheme, thus restricted to principles of design, includes those studies which give scope and intelligence to design, such as chemistry and photography, mathematics, history, æsthetics and languages. It is truly cheering to be promised a breed of artists who shall not be remarkable for complete ignorance of things connected with a liberal education. * * * The whole experiment is a novelty. It will be watched with deep interest, and we think it not unreasonable to hope that, especially in the department of architecture, some solid results will follow upon skilled training; it is, of all the arts, most like a science, and has the largest ingredient of calculation and common sense. * * * The successful European schools depend above all upon the personal magnetism of the great artists who conduct them. It is surprising how adroitly these men of genius shun the college tendency to rest in pedantry, precedent, boredom and ennui. They watch their classes with pride and care, in the hope of founding a propaganda, working for nominal salaries, to the detriment of their personal affairs. The art-idea springs up quickly between them and their pupils, as a language springs up between babe and nurse. There are not observable among the professors of Syracuse men who have made a mark in the practice of art, but doubtless they are selected for their competency. We observe with admiration that landscape and portrait are taught by one gentleman, irresistibly carrying the thoughts back to Titian, the last painter known to have excelled in those branches equally. The Dean of the Faculty is George F. Comfort, A. M., an enthusiastic student of æsthetics for many years. To him and his fellow professors belongs the critical task of proving what has not yet been proved: whether a college, that capital machine for teaching a science, is a good machine for teaching an art."

Hill is now occupying his fine new studio, or suite of the same, in Duncan's Building, and Marple his'n over Tucker's establishment. The first is busy on the two grand Yosemite views mentioned by us previously, and the second has in hand [illegible] cabinet landscapes, painted in a very different key to his works in general, more, in fact, like the French school. At his art gallery adjoining, he has a fine animal composition by Clementson, an English artist, the subject being a group of deer—buck, doe and fawn. This work is almost worthy of Landseer himself, the pictures of this artist have been very frequently engraved. In Nile's window on Kearny street, Keith exhibits a large painting, "The Great Toolumne Cañon," which is more of a composition than some of this artist's previous works. The ancient moss-covered trees and falling water, the towering cliffs and rugged rocks, are very finely rendered. Nile will shortly open a large gallery above his store for the exhibition of works of art; it will be capable of displaying about two hundred pictures, and has two entrances on Kearny street. In the same place, Gebhardt's picture of "Heidelberg by Moonlight" is now on view. *Apropos* of Keith, we understand this artist is now sketching in Utah, having accompanied Watkins the photographer, on his great trip. Watkins has two special cars, which will be hooked on or detached at pleasure from the regular trains of the overland route. He takes with him his wagon and horses, so that he can visit points distant from the railroad, and will make a grand series of views on the trans-continental highway. Keith's fine view on Russian River has been purchased by P. F. Sherwood, the broker, for a handsome sum. In the Post-street gallery, Bloomer exhibits a very bright, pleasing view of "Emerald Bay."

COWAN & CO., Paper Makers, Edinburgh, Diploma of Honor, Vienna. MILLER & RICHARDS, Type Founders, Edinburgh. A. B. FLEMING & CO., Ink Manufacturers, Edinburgh. Highest Medal, Vienna. ELLIS READ, Agent,
Nov. 8. Office, 112 Pine street, San Francisco.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The Steamer Newbern, William Metzger, Master, will sail for the above ports on..........at 12 o'clock, noon, from Vallejo-st. Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the River. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. No freight received for Mexican ports after [illegible] M. of the 3d inst., and bills of lading for those ports must be accompanied by Custom-house and consular clearances. For freight or passage apply to [illegible] E. NORTON, Agent, 6[illegible] Front street.

FOR GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

Regular Steamship Line to Mexican Ports sailing every [illegible] days.—Freight at Reduced [illegible] Metzger, Captain, will sail from [illegible] SATURDAY, Nov. 15th, at 12 o'clock [illegible] passage, having superior accommodation [illegible]
Oct. 18. EDW[illegible] 616 Front street.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. [illegible] and Staterooms secured at office of
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OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly.... Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND [illegible]
June [illegible] WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The [illegible] wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 10 A.M. [illegible]

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,
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THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; [illegible] Bank, [illegible] Australia and China, Hatton Court. Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 121 Bishopsgate (within); Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co, bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Chrapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., [illegible] (Limited), 202 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escomte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside, Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard; Bedford Hotel, 4 Southampton Bdge, W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S; Sam's Coffee House, London, Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.; George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hoxton, N.; Thos. Mills, 21 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 16 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row; Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st [illegible], Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M[illegible]d, Managing Directors.

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Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May [illegible]

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California Theater.—The play of *Field and Fireside*, presented at the California this week, is rather good—certainly a *much* better style of thing than the *Ebber Dhu* and *Faugh a Ballagh* rubbish. The plot is easy and unstrained throughout, with the sole exception of the wind-up, where the States prisoner is released on his own recognizances, through the importunities of his supposed "brave" niece. (We draw the obvious inference that an embezzlement from the Government on a large scale in this country *does* pay, after all.) Mr. Morrison, as "Capt. Airey," gave his part quietly and well, and considering that the play was written expressly for him, he deserves much praise for the kind feeling evinced towards his fellow actors in not thrusting himself too forward. Between "John Shelton" (Harry Edwards), "Merrygrave" (Barton Hill), and "Old Derrick" (Walter Leman), there is hardly any choice, the acting of the three being well above mediocrity; but we think we may fairly give the preference to H. Edwards in the scene in Act III., where "Cora" avows her marriage with "Capt. Airey." This was the best little bit of natural acting we have seen for some time—no furious hair-clutchings or breast-thumpings, after the usual exceedingly stupid style. John Wilson, as "Dick Derrick," made a good unlicked cub, passable, if it were not for the infernal manner in which he rolls his eyes about. "John," called servant to "Shelton" (W. Barry), does the nigger well; but "Wash" (Williamson), and "Eliza" (Alas! Miss Maggie Moore) overdid their parts, and at times mistook the California for the Alhambra. "Abe Gordon" [S. W. Leach], might have been anything. But we were most sorry for Mestayer, who generally plays fairly. As "Lieut.-Col. Fitz-Roy Bull," he showed a bad conception of the part, and acted worse. 'Twas neither the real article nor a passable burlesque. "Cora" [Miss Graham], "Delia" [Miss Wilton], and "Mrs. Jones" [Miss Stanley], were all as usual, even to the inevitable red something in Miss Graham's hair. Taking it all together, *Field and Fireside* is a success. The fight in the trenches was wonderfully well got up, but the march past was most dismally indicrous. The "put [illegible]," though, reflected great credit on the management and Mr. Porter. After the overture, the horrible talking machine squawked and gibbered.

Opera House.—The pretty little Peruvian story of *La Perichole*, done into music by Mons. Offenbach, is being rendered at this theater by the members of the Susan Galton Opera Bouffe troupe. We might have said, successfully rendered, for although *La Perichole* can never be such a favorite as *The Duchess*, still there can be no doubt that it is another addition to the troupe's list of successes. The story being given on the programmes—a very sensible arrangement—we have only to criticise the performers and performance. Miss Galton makes such a piquante, saucy, charming little street-singer, that we are not surprised there should be more than one man in Lima to fall in love with her—"La Perichole." Her singing is full of life and sweetness, whilst her costume is evidently a crib from a rainbow. Mr. Kelleher is her partner, "Pequillo," and we must confess that as "Pequillo" he acts better than he sings, which remark admits of equivocation although none is intended. But how about his costume? Why does he change from a Peruvian street-singer of last century into an English swell of the twelfth or thereabouts? Admitting the change of condition, we object to the flagrant anachronism. Mr. Arnold's "Viceroy" is the best character he has taken as yet. It is very nearly perfect, and is certainly a most faithful rendition of a doting old man, with a fine baritone voice. Howson and Baker make the most of their small parts. The hostesses of the "Three Sisters," especially "Gendelera," (Miss Ellerman), in an extremely pretty flower song, sing and play their parts well. The chorus is sometimes good, often bad, and frequently execrable. We can't make out what has come over this hitherto efficient adjunct, unless it be not enough practice.

Italian Opera.—A crowded house greeted the re-appearance of our favorite prima donna Agatha States last Thursday at the new Opera House, and most nobly did this gifted lady respond to the welcome. We do but echo the remark of all opera goers when we assert that Mrs. States has wonderfully improved of late, both in voice and execution, but above all, in dramatic expression. She has become so familiarized with the leading operas that all appearance of effort has passed away. The opera was *Trovatore*. In the serenade "Deserto su la terra," in the first act, Baccei overdid himself and his voice appeared strained, but subsequently he was good, and his solo in the marriage scene, "Ah si ben," was excellent. Mrs. States was "Leonora," and she acted her character with a depth of feeling and passion which transported the whole assemblage. Every one knows the arias in the opening scenes, but the great triumph was reserved for the "d'amor sull" in the third act, which roused the audience to enthusiasm. In the fourth act, the recitative and air "In quest'oscura notte" was, in our opinion, the gem of the evening. Orlandini was indisposed, but his duo with "Leonora," "Mira di acerbo," was very good indeed, as was also the finale to the second act. Mme. Bianchi was so evidently suffering that we can only refer to our formerly expressed admiration of her rendition of the part of "Azucena."

Alhambra.—There has been a capital bill presented at this theater this week; the best, we think, since the Minstrels' return. In the first part, good jokes alternate with well sung songs. Welsh and Rice continue their "Morning Glories," as well they might, for it is the funniest and most extravagant piece of break-down [illegible] ever put on any stage. The encores generally run up to something in the 'teens, and serve them right, for if any one could resist shouting and yelling for a repetition of such a screaming burlesque as the Scotch reel or jig, or whatever it is, let him be anathematized as a Maranather. *Here's Your Fishing Line* is only [illegible] again, and, funny as it is, we would rather see something new. Mr. M[illegible] song was sick. Ella Wesner puts on more trousers and coats, pulls out more pocket-handkerchiefs—we confess to not seeing the joke of this—and is recalled nightly to sing "Nicodemus." The *Serenade* is the best thing on the programme, as Sweatnam who, if not the best nigger ever in San Francisco is certainly the funniest—has a chance in it. We are anxiously waiting for his [illegible] *Slippery Day* concludes the bill, and, although pretty well acted, bears [illegible] evidences of the absence of Bob Hart.

Vanek, the Magician and Decapitator, will have a half-price matinee [illegible] tion act," which is necessarily retained on the bills. We hear that there would be some probability of his appointment as public executioner, but that the authorities are afraid he might sometimes, out of pity, restore the heads to his victims! A large number of new views will be added to the Cyclorama next week, and many think this the most attractive portion of the entertainment. A pianiste, Madame Espinosa, intersperses, with good taste, some most pleasing music between the acts of the performance.

Platt's Hall.—The merits of little Fay Templeton have been strangely overlooked by the critics generally. Her imitation of Parepa Rosa is wonderful for so young a girl, being perfect in action and gesture, and she is an excellent singer, too, her voice being fairly trained and stronger than one could expect for her age. While the audiences have been—in view of the wretched support given by the company to Herne, a first-class actor—cold and unsympathetic, they have invariably warmed up to enthusiasm when the little Templeton appeared on the [illegible].

Benefits.—On Monday evening next the popular and painstaking actor, W. A. Mestayer, will take a benefit at the California Theater. On this occasion he [illegible] the benches will be crowded with his hosts of friends and admirers. *Long Branch* [illegible] on the boards of the theater, in which the author-actor has showed to such advantage.

On Friday next, the prince of comic niggers, Billy Sweatnam, will take his benefit at the Alhambra, when, if he does but give us his Sentimental Balads, they will be enough to draw a full house.

Trinity Church Choir.—The Second Chamber Concert of this large and well-trained choir will be given in the school-room adjoining the church, on Tuesday evening next. A capital programme, consisting of sacred and secular choruses, solos, duets and quartets, has been prepared, and we have no doubt the pleasant memory of the last concert will be as pleasantly renewed by this.

Messrs. Sherman & Hyde claim to be the agents of the best pianos now manufactured, and as sweeping a statement as this is, public opinion and facts seem to bear out the claim. The Weber Piano has become the favorite instrument of the artistic world, and is endorsed by every musical authority as *the* piano *par excellence*. These pianos are specially adapted to the human voice, and are sold at prices as low and easy as is consistent with thorough workmanship.

Messrs. Parker & Flannagan, formerly of the "Bank Exchange," have moved to 62 Halleck street, where they hope to see, and are sure of seeing, all their old friends. These two gentlemen have ever made it their rule to attend strictly and pleasantly to the wishes of their patrons, and the success that has attended their efforts is the best proof that they have succeeded.

The latest new Song and Chorus is "There's a Letter in the Candle," composed by Geo. T. Evans and published by M. Gray.

Bullock & Jones' specialties are clothing and shirts to order: No. 431 Montgomery street.

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTURING CO.

Would respectfully inform the public that they are now prepared to supply the market with the best quality of

FRESH BUTTER.

In lots to suit purchasers, at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Office and Manufactory, 405 and 407 Sansome street.

WEST EVANS, President
HENRY PHILIPS, General Manager
JOHN G. BAKER, Secretary.
Nov 21

NOTICE.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City Hall, San Francisco, Nov. 14, 1873.—The Report of the Board of Public Works, in the matter of the OPENING OF MONTGOMERY AVENUE, having on this fourteenth day of November, 1873, been finally approved and confirmed by the County Court of the city and county of San Francisco, notice is hereby given, that the said Board is now prepared to deliver MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS to all persons for damages awarded to them, in amounts equal to the damages awarded for lands taken and improvements thereon. WM. ALVORD,
H. S. TIBBEY, Secretary. [Nov. 22.] President of the Board of Public Works.

CUTTING & CO.,

PACKERS AND DEALERS IN

CANNED SALMON.

Manufactory—Columbia River, Oregon. Office and Salesroom—415 Front street,
Nov — San Francisco.

JAMES GILBERT HURLE.

If James Gilbert Hurle (of Dundee), Engineer, San Francisco, Cal., or his widow, or children (if any) will communicate with DAVID DUNCAN, Jr., Solicitor, Dundee, Scotland, they will receive payment of the legacy left Mr. Hurle by his brother; and any one furnishing Mr. Duncan with authentic information of the death or present residence of Mr. Hurle or any other of the above parties, will be suitably rewarded. Nov. 22.

FOR SALE,

BEST IMPORTED HAVANA CIGARS,

Of the famous brand of Bock & Co., Havana. 1a Regalia Reina; 1a Regalia Rey; 1a Regalia Espana; 1a Regalia Reina Fina; 1a Regalia del Principe; 3a Regalia de [illegible]. In lots to suit, in bond or duty paid.
Nov 22 GILDEMEISTER, MUECKE & CO., 109 California street.

WIDENING OF OLD SAN JOSE ROAD

From Twenty-third to Twenty-sixth street, in the City and County of San Francisco.

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Report and Assessment in the matter of the widening of the Old San Jose Road, from Twenty-third to Twenty-sixth street, has this day been placed in my hands for collection. Assessments thereon are now due and payable. ALEX. AUSTIN,
Nov. 22. Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

SULLIVAN, KELLY & CO.,

Importers and dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass, Etc., 101, 103 and 105 Front street, corner Pine, San Francisco. Nov. 22.

TAXES! TAXES!—1873-74.

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Assessment Book of the Taxable Property of the City and County of San Francisco (REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY) for the Fiscal Year 1873-74 has this day been received, that the State, City and County Taxes for said Fiscal Year are now due and payable at the office of the undersigned (Room No. 1 City Hall), and that [illegible] ection will be strictly enforced. Taxes will become Delinquent on the FIRST MONDAY in January, 1874, and unless paid prior thereto, five per cent. will be added to the amount thereof. A. AUSTIN,
Nov. 1. Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished, and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built, not like a public hotel, but as it is named, an elegant Villa. "THE VILLA" is located at the last [illegible] stern gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, [illegible] on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENBERG & CO.,
August [illegible] Proprietors.

FOR SALE.

Property 137 feet on California st., between Sansome and Battery. Also, 21 feet on Battery street, between Halleck and Sacramento. [illegible] me and Sacramento streets. Also, 100-vara Lot on Telegraph Hill. Also 50 acres (improved) Canada Raymundo. Any part of the property [illegible] on easy terms, to suit purchasers. [illegible] L. MAYNARD.

J. H. COLEMAN & CO.,

Late of the Alta, General Collector.—Room 5, No. 120 Montgomery street. [illegible] Messrs. F. MacCrellish & Co.; Richards & Harrison; Cutting & Co.; Geo. C. Shreve & Co. Oct. 11.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.
[March 29.]

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California st. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A.M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

JAS. R. HAM.] PETERS & HAM, [WM. D. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1

ANTON ROMAN.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

BEFORE SUNSET.

In the lower lands of day,
On the hither side of night,
There is nothing that will stay,
There are all things soft to sight;
Lighted shade and shadowy light
In the wayside and the way,
Hours the sun has spared to smite,
Flowers the rain has left to play.

Shall those hours run down and say
No good thing of thee and me?
Time that made us and will slay
Laughs at love in me and thee,
But if here the flowers may see
One whole hour of amorous breath,
Time shall die, and love shall be
Lord as time was over death.

A COLUMN FOR THE CURIOUS.

IN LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ART.

Tyrolese Dairies.—Personal experience, says a writer in *Lippincott's*, after two summers in the Tyrol, had made us reflect very much upon the butter and cheese question. Whether regarded as a luxury or a necessity, the Swiss Gruyere and Emmenthal cheese, and the fresh, dainty pats of butter, made the contrast striking in the Tyrol. The milk and cream were rich and delicious, but became simply loathsome when transformed into butter or cheese. We wondered how and why it was that we could never obtain perfectly palatable butter, until we discovered the universal practice of churning it, without salt, into huge oblong balls, large as the nave of a wheel, which naturally soon turn rancid. It does not, on this account, lose its value to the natives, who use very little butter, melting it down into clarified dripping called schmalz, for their endless fryings and frizzlings. This badly-made butter is, however, often adorned with the emblems of the Passion, such as the cross, ladder, crown of thorns, and nails. It is considered to enhance the value of the butter kugel or ball, especially when given to the priest in payment for masses said for dead relations. The Ursuline Sisters were paid for Moidel's education in butter. And the native cheese—meagre cheese as it is justly called—is a poor, insipid, not over-clean curd cheese. The curds are often merely squeezed in a cloth, then turned out and placed upon an upper shelf to dry, where they look like back portions of gigantic skulls, until damp and mould somewhat destroy the resemblance. The kind called fat cheese is not much better. It is, however, made with greater care, and dried in bands of pink bark in the Alpine kitchen. The mountain dwellings are dark and badly constructed, and if furnished with a proper dairy, the prejudiced housewife often refuses to use it, believing that cream will not set unless the milk is warm; thus, much becomes sour, and is either thrown away or turned into still more inferior cheese. Or she purposely lets the cream become rancid before she churns, that the children may not take too great a fancy to the schmalz, and thus it may last longer.

The Guardian says it may be remarkable how few great English painters have borne purely English names. Celts or foreigners have distanced the Anglo-Saxon. Landseer, a German name, is probably of Jewish origin. Reynolds was probably Welsh or Cornish. Mulready, Maclise, Wilkie, Phillips, Grant, Faed, Frith, Watts, Leighton, Millais, Marks, Riviere, Fildes, Walker, Topham, Burton, Burne, Jones, Rosetti, all are either Scotch, Irish, Welsh, French, Italian, or Jewish. So, too, among sculptors, Foley, Macdowell, and one or two more, are of Irish extraction, Woolner, Theed, Boehm probably German. It is the same with architects. Of living architects, the three who have attained to academical honors are Mr. Street, whose name is a translation of the French de la Rue; and Sir G. G. Scott and Mr. Norman Shaw, who nominally at least belong to the other side of the Tweed. Englishmen may, however, comfort themselves with some of the greatest artists on the British list. Gainsborough, Wren, Chantrey, Turner, are enough; and we have among us Poynter, Holman Hunt, Butterfield, Waterhouse, and several more. But not many.

A journal of Bogota, New Granada, the *America*, announces a discovery so strange that confirmation is required before giving credence to it. Don Joaquim de Costa is reported to have found, on one of his estates, a monumental stone, erected by a small colony of Phœnicians from Sidonia, in the year IX. or X. of the reign of Hiram, contemporary of Solomon, about ten centuries before the Christian era. The block has an inscription of eight lines, written in fine characters, but without separation of words or punctuation. The translation is said to be that those men of the land of Canaan embarked from the port of Aziongaber (Boy-Akobal), and having sailed for twelve months from the country of Egypt (Africa), carried away by currents, had landed at Guayaquil, in Peru. The stone is said to bear the name of the voyagers.

One of the most racy, sparkling novels that has lately appeared is "Mr. Carington: a Tale of Love and Conspiracy," from the pen of Mr. Robert Turner Cotton. During the run of this tale in the *St. Paul's Magazine*, there have been innumerable guesses at its authorship. It is an agreeable surprise to know that it is the work of a new writer of fiction. The novel is in the highest degree attractive. For boldness and originality of conception, as well as ingenuity of treatment, it is an immense success. A story dealing with Russian conspirators in the persons not only of fierce and high-ranked men, but of lovely women, disclosing the weaknesses of the Earl of Delamere, and unveiling a number of mysteries and illegitimacies, must needs contain some doubtful passages. But Mr. Cotton's is a fascinating story.

The town of Woolwich recently experienced a sudden and almost unexampled visitation of darkness. The darkness was not that of a London fog, but more resembled the darkness of midnight. There was a reddish tint in the sky like that occasioned by a great fire. The atmosphere was very heavy and oppressive. Fowls went to roost, pigeons and other birds stopped in their flight to seek the nearest shelter, and every living thing seemed impressed by the gloom. The period of intense darkness lasted about five minutes, when light gradually broke in from the west, and an hour afterwards there was brilliant sunshine.

A new mineral composition, known as Oroide Gold, has been employed by an English jeweler in the manufacture of various kinds of jewelry, which bid fair by their handsome appearance and extreme cheapness to become largely patronized by the fair sex. They are the best imitation of the pure metal that could have been contrived, and the various ornaments are in the highest state of finish, the engraving and chasing being most admirable. Oroide Gold, we are told, wears extremely well, and this, combined with the low price at which they can be produced, will no doubt stimulate the demand in no ordinary degree.

The Paris Jardin d'Acclimatation has just received a large consignment of rare animals from the Coromandel Coast, Polynesia, and South America. Amongst them are four young Patagonian hares, which grow to the size of a fawn, some curious ducks, from the *Dafila Spinicauda* (never before brought to Europe), to the *Melopiona papouaca* of Micronesia, a swan which looks like a floating log, thence called *Dendrocygna arcuata*; some tufted partridges; a *Criptonyx Cristatus*, whose eyes are half covered with a red eyelid; quails from Coromandel, the *Coturnix Coromandelica*, etc.

It is said that the Duke of Sutherland has prohibited killing the birds or taking the eggs of the eagle and hawk tribe on his extensive domains in Sutherland, Scotland, on account of their rapid decrease, and that his keepers have frequent offers from egg collectors of £5 for a golden eagle's egg, and about £2 apiece for the eggs of other rare birds of prey. In one instance, says the *Inverness Advertiser*, a golden eagle's egg taken in Scotland, and purchased from the keeper at five guineas, was resold for £10.

The earth, in traveling around the sun, once in a year, goes at the rate of 19 miles a second. The velocity of light is 192,000 miles per second. At that rate, it takes about 8¼ minutes for light to pass from the sun to the earth. Light comes from the nearest star [*Centauris*] to the earth in 3½ years; from the polar star in 48 years, and from Capella, the beautiful star in the "Goat," in 70¾ years! Yet there are supposed to be stars so remote that their light has not yet reached us.

Tartar on Teeth.—Diluted acetic acid, mixed with rose-water, applied to the teeth every morning for a few days will remove the tartar without affecting the enamel. When free from tartar, keep the teeth cleansed with charcoal-powder.

In a recent number of the Aldine, a sonnet was published as a relic of the late Edgar A. Poe. It turns out to be a well-known sonnet of Thomas Hood's.

The Druggists' Circular says that powdered nitre, moistened with water, applied to the face night and morning, will soon remove all traces of freckles.

California — Eureka — Placard Exchange

AND

BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Managing Committee of the above institution have the pleasure of giving notice, that after some necessary delay, the Directors are now fully prepared to receive orders for the purchase and sale of lands of the State or elsewhere, such as ranches, private land claims, or public lands of the United States—they having secured the services of **Col. Leander Ransom,** the well-known Land Agent, who *for ten years was the State Agent for the disposition of the School Lands.* The department is now fully supplied with maps and charts, and every necessary means of information relating to operations in land. Owners of ranches and real estate properties generally, desirous of disposing of the same, will find the Placard Exchange, with its facilities, an excellent medium for bringing their estates under the notice and attention of capitalists. Those, also, who desire to make purchases, **of any of the Public Domain in the State of California,** either in large of small tracts, will be sure to be accommodated. Maps and charts furnished, and all needful information imparted when required. Large landholders desiring to sell, can have their tracts subdivided into farms, or smaller subdivisions, with maps and accurately calculated quantities of each. Also, all kinds of printing executed with punctuality and dispatch. *Charges moderate.*

Offices open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

THE AGRICULTURAL BUREAU OF THE PLACARD EXCHANGE,

No. 613 MERCHANT STREET.

Have for Sale the Following Tracts or Parcels of Land, to wit:

40 Acres near Oak Grove, 1½ miles from the Railroad, between Mayfield and Mountain View

100 Acres ¼ mile south of Mayfield, lying on both sides of the San Jose Railroad. Very desirable for country residence. To be sold in tracts to suit. Contains Live Oak Trees

320 Acres on the road from Saratoga to Pescadero, four miles from the former place

500 Acres, three miles from the City of San Bernardino. A living stream of water passes across it.

600 Acres near the line of the proposed Railroad from Los Angeles to San Bernardino—about midway.

8,000 Acres near Anaheim, Los Angeles County, in tracts to suit purchasers. Several living Springs on it.

Also, Tracts from 40 to 640 and 640 acres, to suit purchasers, lying in Los Angeles, San Bernardino and San Diego Counties, on which are Springs of good water

NOTE.—Sellers as well as purchasers can be accommodated at the "Bureau," where maps, and descriptions of lands for sale, can at all times be seen. Nov 1

A RARE CHANCE FOR CAPITALISTS.

A man with $30,000 can hear of a chance to double his money in eighteen months, in a land operation on the line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, by calling at the "Agricultural Bureau" of the Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant street. Delays are dangerous. Nov 8.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Estate of Dexter Tafft, deceased.—Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executors of the estate of DEXTER TAFFT, deceased, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against the said deceased, to exhibit them with the necessary vouchers, within ten months after the first publication of this notice, to the said executors, at the office of E. V. Joice, No. 6 Merchants' Exchange, corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, in the County of San Francisco, California. W. C. RALSTON, E. V. JOICE,

Dated Oct. 8, 1873. Executors of the Estate of Dexter Tafft, deceased.

W. H. L. Barnes, Attorney for Estate. Oct. 11.

A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

Have removed to the Southeast corner of California and Battery streets, where they invite the attention of their customers and others to their large assortment of the Best and Finest Brands of CHEWING and SMOKING TOBACCO, HAVANA CIGARS and CIGARITOS. Consignments of Choicest Brands of Cigars received by every Steamer. [Oct. 18.] A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers,
Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco
Pacific Coast Agency Depot,
FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society [Oct 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 70 Montgomery street.

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE COMPANY.

Manufacturing Co.'s Offices—405 and 407 Sansome st., San Francisco. Oct. 11.

RICHARD PATRICK & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, No. 122 Battery street, San Francisco. Nov. 1.

COKE—CHEAPEST FUEL.

Sixty Cents per Barrel; Nine Dollars per Ton. At Gas Works, cor. Howard and Fremont; Corner Second and King, Potrero. Nov. 1.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind

Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

C. L. CRACKBON.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America, Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W. I.—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
BADEN-BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande.
WEISBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Danieli's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURGH.—Hotel Demuth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel. London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST.-LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel. (Tintern Abbey, 5 miles.)
DUBLIN.—The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel.
EDINBURGH.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel.
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager.
OTTAWA.—Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, E. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC.—Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House, Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Filiberto.
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Banosde Colima, Hotel Santiago.
RIO DE JAN.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—Albion Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phœnix Hotel.
TAHITI.—Fan, Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

An Odd Epitaph.—The following epitaph is to be found in Braken churchyard, Shetland:

"He was a peaceable and quiet man, and to
All appearance a sincere Christian.
His death was very much regretted,
Which was caused by the stupidity of
Laurence Tollochin Glothlater, who
Gave him saltpetre instead of Epsom salts,
Of which he died in the space of three
Hours after taking a dose of it."

One of Her Majesty the Queen of England's favorite pastimes is to sit and listen to some simple Scottish airs played on the piano by one of her attendants. Some few days ago the attendant was playing "Auld Robin Gray," when the Queen interrupted him by saying, "I never remember having heard that air to such advantage. Are you playing better than usual, or what is it?" "Your Majesty, this is a new piano," replied the attendant; "an American one, by Hallett & Davis, of which firm W. G. Badger of San Francisco, California, is, I believe, a prominent Agent." "It is an excellent piano," said Her Majesty, taking a pinch of snuff.

EPITAPH ON A DRUNKEN J. P.

Here lies the Justice, gone at last
To get the thing he merits;
Our comfort is—he need not thirst,
He's in "the land of spirits." —*Judy.*

Wine worth forty thousand dollars a drop sounds like nonsense, doesn't it? And yet the city of Bremen claims to possess twelve hogsheads of wine worth that miraculous price. At the end of next year the wine will be 250 years old, and as in 1624 it was worth 500 gold thalers a hogshead, at the rate of 5 per cent., the value has, of course, risen to something prodigious. The native wines of California are hardly worth this yet; but we venture to affirm, without the slightest fear of contradiction, that the Native Wines and Champagnes of Messrs. Eberhart & Lachman are quite equal in point of flavor and purity—and very possibly superior.

Dido-die-did.—The following is an epitaph on the death of a young lady engaged to be married:

"The wedding-day appointed was,
And wedding dress provided;
But ere the wedding-day arrived
Dido fell sick and die-did"

WELCOME TO A LECTURER.

"'Tis time we Twain did show ourselves." 'Twas said
By Cæsar, when one Mark had lost his head.
By Mark, whose head's quite bright, 'tis said again;
Therefore, "go with me, friends, to bless this Twain." —*Punch.*

No less than three hundred and seventy-nine people died in England last year from excessive drinking, and out of this number over a hundred and twenty were women. These, by-the-bye, are only the Coroners' returns. Now this "died from excessive drinking" is only another term for "poisoned," for bad liquor kills a man even though he be a moderate drinker, whereas good liquor does not. O! if the poor people of England were only blessed as we are with such healthy spirit as Cutter's Whisky, how happy they would be! Hotaling is the Agent. Sold everywhere.

The queerest object in nature is a Spanish beggar, for these beggars beg on horseback; and it is an odd thing to see a man riding up to a poor foot passenger and asking alms. A gentleman in Valparaiso, being arrested by one of these mounted beggars, replied, "Why, sir, you come to beg of me, who have to go on foot, while you ride on horseback!" "Very true, sir," said the beggar, "and I have the more need to beg, as I have to support my horse as well as myself."

It is the extraordinary fashion in some parts of Africa to fatten the wives of the king by means of milk until they are perfectly incapable of standing up. Speke, the celebrated traveler, measured one such sylph, and found her to be 23 inches round the arm and 60 round the waist. This, as the result of the fattening properties of milk, is rather remarkable. But a much better article of diet is the magnificent Saddle Rock oyster, luscious, delicious, and healthy, sold by Emerson Corville, on Pine street.

In the "Life of Moscheles," recently published, is a funny anecdote of his struggles with the English language. At Bath, soon after his arrival in England, he was asked at dinner what fruit he would take. "Some sneers," he answered. It afterward appeared that he had endeavored to frame his English phrase according to the dictionary, and having read in that, that "not to care a fig" meant "to sneer at a person," he concluded that "sneer" was a synonyme of "fig."

There is a rumor that the cholera has appeared in Ireland, and we think it very possible, for this plague always makes itself a home in crowded and not particularly clean families. How careful ought we to be to keep all our children well washed and wholesomely fed! And how necessary, too, that schools should be furnished with desks and forms that are adequate to the purpose for which they are made. Messrs. Gilbert & Moore do manufacture such furniture. Every article they turn out is up to the mark. Strong, neat, of good wood, and well put together.

Felt Gratitude.—A preacher took up a collection on Sunday, and found, when his hat was turned, that there wasn't a cent in it. "I thank my God," said he, turning the hat upside down and tapping the crown of it with his hand, "that I have got my hat back from this congregation."

A character that bids fair to rival Old Parr in longevity, has been found in England in the person of one Mr. Martin Maddison, partner in a large Southampton firm, and who, if he lives till May next, will reach the ripe old age of 115 years. This result he mainly attributes to the possession of an excellent digestion. If you, too, would gain and retain an excellent digestion, and, by this, longevity, drink regularly every day two or three bottles of the pure natural Soda called Napa. Sold everywhere.

A panic smitten Boston paper says: "The fact that day broke yesterday is no evidence that Time is bankrupt." How does it account for the widely-spread rumor, "We take no note of time?" Isn't the old fellow's paper good!

All the civilized world has recently been ringing with the news of the Cuban outrage. Some particulars of the bloody massacre have already reached us, and others are daily arriving. One of the most touching incidents in connection with the sad affair was the finding on the body of one of the shot the photograph of a beautiful girl. Even the barbarous murderers were touched with the beauty of the face, and acknowledged the evidences of high photographic art. It was one taken by Houseworth, of this city.

A man being awakened by the captain of a steamboat with the announcement that he must not occupy his berth with his boots on, very considerately replied, "Oh, it won't hurt 'em; they're an old pair."

Your eyesight failing you, you say. Well, that need not distress you so long as Muller's wonderful spectacles are to be had. Cheap, light and light giving.

Women are beginning to have their rights at last. One of the largest London banks, that of Messrs. Baring & Co., has determed to employ a number of female clerks. We have no doubt that they will get on well, neither have we any doubt that any woman of sense would think of going elsewhere than to Cole, on Bush street, for her furniture. Elegant, cheap, of first-class make and material, the furniture Cole manufactures is prime. Every householder should patronize him and be happy.

A grocer asked an artist, "Is sculpture difficult?" The artist replied, "Why, bless you, no. You have only to take a block of marble and a chisel, and knock off all the marble you don't want."

"Early to bed and early to rise," it seems, is after all nothing but old woman's nonsense. It has been proved that it is absolutely unhealthy for very many people to rise from bed much before eight o'clock, and it has been proved, indubitably proved, too, that Gerke Wine is of all light wines the best. Harmless, refreshing, invigorating, pure, these and a score other good qualities it possesses, and the firm hold it has taken upon the People's taste and liking is wonderful.

A Nebraska man on his dying bed, remembered that his wife was smoking hams, and he said: "Now, Henrietta, don't go to snuffling round and forget them hams."

The dying words of a Delaware woman were: "Harry, if you marry again, remember that it only takes a cupful of sugar to sweeten a quart of gooseberries."

The trial of Marshal Bazaine is drawing to a close, and people are beginning anxiously to discuss the question of 'Will he be shot?' There has only been one thing that supported him in his lengthy and wearisome trial, and that was at every recess to go to the buffet and drink a *petit verre* of Schleifer's Brandy. Schleifer's Brandies and Champagnes are sold everywhere in the city, and are appreciated and constantly drank by those who know good liquors from bad.

Louisville young ladies say to a beau who does not promptly offer his arm, "Tip us yer flipper, old fel, and don't stand there grinning like a baked skunk!"

The Tichborne trial has now run six months and the conclusion seems as far off as ever. It is to be resumed sometime in this month, we believe, but are not exactly sure of the day. But we are very, very sure that the photographs of Messrs. Bradley & Rulofson are marvels of soft light and shade, delicate yet distinct printing and perfect finish. No one has ever received his or her dozen or two pictures from this firm and found one that did not completely satisfy him or her.

England is celebrated for its fogs, France for its frogs, Ireland for its bogs, Canada for its dogs, Maine for its logs, and Ohio for its hogs.

A black reporter is a feature at the Bazaine trial—a dark feature, one might say. It is uncertain as yet whether he represents the *Boorhibooilan Gazette* or the *Ujiian Herald*. Be this as it may one thing is certain, that Main & Winchester are the best harness makers in the world. Every piece, every set of harness they produce is a masterpiece of finish, strength, and elegance. You will find the store on Sansome street. Give them a call by all means.

A little baby is an easy thing to love; but a big baby is a very hard thing to love, say a veteran observer—especially if you have married her.

Gerald Massey, the poet-lecturer, says that every man is his own devil, and that the horn-hoof-tail business is gone to the devil. Although the drift of this subject has great charms for us, we do not at present intend entering into it, but simply confine ourselves to the statement that Messrs. Nickerson & Son, of 35 Kearny street, are the best hatters in the city. They have the best make, the best stock, and sell at moderate prices.

"A prudent woman," says a Frenchman, "is like a pin—her head prevents her from going to far."

It is suggested that a large fog horn be placed on the top of St. Paul's for the guidance of London pedestrians. One might suppose from this that London is not particularly clear in fog-time. One thing, however, is clear, that no one ever thinks of visiting the Golden Gate Park without calling on the Mangenbergs, at the Villa. The best of cheer and the best of welcome.

Good ties to keep one's business from going to pieces—Advertise.

There is an oasis on the San Bruno Road, and we should be doing the world a wrong did we not make its existence as public as possible. The Six Mile House, by Harry Blanken, is the place.

Ought not a hermit to call his house a man-shun?

Valuable and Reliable.—"BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES" are invaluable to those exposed to sudden changes, affording prompt relief in Coughs, Colds, etc.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec 24.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 2 30 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 6 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10 20 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

SUNDAY EXCURSIONS.—On and after Sunday, April 13, 1873, will leave San Francisco at 8 A. M., arriving in Cloverdale at 1 P. M. Returning, will leave Cloverdale at 2 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at 7 P. M. This will allow excursionists several hours at any of the places along the line of the road. For all information apply at the Company's office, 12 Montgomery street.

For all information apply at the Company's office, 420 Montgomery street.

May 31 PETER DONAHUE, President.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20 GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House

NOTICE.

Shippers to Santa Barbara and other Coast Ports, are requested not to rely on a paper called "THE GUIDE" for information as to the movements of our vessels. See advertisement in daily papers.

Sept. 20. GOODALL, NELSON & PERKINS, Corner Clay and East sts.

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 9.] AGARD, FOULKES & CO., 413 Front street.

COURT CHAT.

Lord Derby was lately entertained at a non-political banquet at Liverpool, and spoke at some length regarding the state of trade and the Ashantee war. He stigmatized as a phenomenal craze the belief that American or Continental manufacturers would ever be able to undersell British workmen, the conditions existing here to advance prices were equally prevalent abroad, neither would strikes ever enable workers to advance the rates of trade values beyond what the market would bear. As for the coal famine, it might prove a blessing in place of a curse if it learned us to burn our own smoke.

The Emperor William has left Vienna. The scene (says a *Daily News* telegram) was most brilliant. The station was entirely illuminated. Both Emperors embraced and kissed each other three times. The Emperor William was in tears. When the Austrian Emperor noticed Prince Bismarck, he quickly approached, and shook him by the hand several times very warmly. Amid loud cheers the train started at half-past seven o'clock. During the afternoon the Emperor William ascended to the top of the Rotunda at the Exhibition, and expressed the highest admiration of the splendid view. Many thousand persons were below continually cheering.

Several deputies having waited on Marshal MacMahon, on October 21st, to ask if it was true that he refused to accept a prolongation of his powers, the marshal replied: "I have already had occasion to tell several of your colleagues what is the resolution I have come to on that subject. As a soldier, I will always be at the service of France; but as a politician I do not think that I ought to retain office whatever be the form in which it is offered to me. I was appointed by the Conservatives, and I shall not separate from them." This declaration, of which a report was circulated in the evening, produced a great impression.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the *Independance Belge* says that in the Russian capital they are busy preparing for the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh with the Grand Duchess Maria. In the workshops of Cronstadt they are making standards bearing the duke's arms. These consist of the Royal Arms of England bearing the duke's special cognizance on a scutcheon of pretence; this scutcheon bears the silver bend charged with cross gules and two anchors of the same.

Among the papers of the deceased Lord Hardwicke, author, statesman and gentleman, has been found a document addressed to Lady Hardwicke and his executors, in which he says, under date of N[illegible] 23th, 1871: "It is my earnest desire to be buried in the most private manner, and to be followed to the tomb only by my children. I know the generosity of the public in paying respect to the departed, but I trust in my case they will abstain from honoring my funeral."

Silver weddings are becoming fashionable in England. That of the Marquis and Marchioness of Exeter was recently celebrated at Burghley House, Stamford. His lordship gave a ball to the servants in the banqueting hall, which was splendidly and artistically decorated with evergreens and banners. During the evening the Marquis and Marchioness, Lord Burghly, Lord William Cecil, Lady Isabella Cecil, and other members of the family, joined in the dancing.

The London correspondent of the Manchester Guardian hears that Mr H. M. Kemshead, for many years chairman of the Court at the Middlesex Sessions, is about to intimate his resignation of his office at the end of the year, and that the Marquis of Salisbury has consented to be put in nomination as his successor. The magistracy is understood to consist of about 400 members.

The Zouave, the Lord Chief Justice's yacht, goes to sea every Friday evening or Saturday morning with the learned Judge for a cruise of about forty-eight hours, this giving his lordship time to be in London on Monday morning for the Tichborne trial. The Chief Justice, when on board, is engaged almost the whole time in writing.

A Yeddo publisher has brought out a "Life of Washington," in 41 volumes, printed in Japanese characters and profusely illustrated. The Father of his Country is represented in the clothes of the present day, wears a mustache, carries a cane, and is accompanied by a Skye terrier.

John Bull hears that it is not improbable that a *cause celebre,* which caused a great sensation at the West-end of London some years ago, will be re-opened in the shape of an indictment for conspiracy against the plaintiff — possibly Sir Charles Mordaunt.

It is stated that the German Emperor's letter to the Pope was penned by his Majesty himself. A few additions were made by his Ministers, but none of them amounted to much, and, on the whole, the letter may stand for the Emperor's own mind, expressed in his own words.

Out of the total number of about 560 noblemen who constitute the Peerage of Great Britain and Ireland, there are now only 16 who held their titles at the accession of her present Majesty, in June, 1837.

Prince Roland Bonaparte, grand nephew of Napoleon I, and second cousin of the late Emperor of the French, has been entered as a pupil at the Royal Naval School, New Cross, England.

King Victor Emmanuel, the Italian journals state, has sent his portrait to Field-Marshal Wrangel with some complimentary remarks written on the back with his own hand.

A woman who claims to be the granddaughter of Napoleon has taken up her abode in one of the old Bonaparte Mansions, near Bordentown, New Jersey.

The Prince of Saxony was recently thrown from his carriage, with great violence. He now lies in a very critical state.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Wednesday, November 12, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A M (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A M (daily) Cal P R R Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making close connection at Napa with stages for [illegible].

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) to Stockton only, connecting at Lathrop with Express Train for Merced, Visalia, Delano and Los Angeles.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland). Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND AND ALAMEDA FERRY

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO OAKLAND—"Daily" 7:00, [illegible], 8:00, 8:30, [illegible], 1:00, and 11:30 A.M.; 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, [illegible], 4:00, 4:30, [illegible], 5:30, [illegible], 6:30 [illegible] and 11:30 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays" [illegible] P.M. "Sundays only"—10 [illegible] and 11:30 A.M. [illegible] P.M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO ALAMEDA—"Daily" 7:00, [illegible], 9:00 and 10:00 A.M.; 12:00, 2:00, [illegible], 5:00, 6:00 and 10:30 P.M. "Sundays only"—[illegible] A.M., and 1:30 P.M.

FROM SAN FRAN[CISCO] TO FRUIT VALE—"Daily, except Sundays"—7 [illegible] A.M., 5:00 and [illegible] P.M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO BROOKLYN—"Daily"—[illegible], 6:30 and 9:30 A.M.; 1:00, 3:30, 4:30, [illegible], [illegible], 6:00, [illegible] and 9:30 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—11:00 A.M. and 11 [illegible] P.M. "Sundays only" [illegible], 11:30 A.M., and 12:30 P.M.

FROM BROOKLYN TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily" 6:10, [illegible], [illegible] and [illegible] A.M.; [illegible], 2:4[illegible], 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, [illegible] and [illegible] P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible] A.M. "Sundays only"—11 [illegible] A.M., and 1 [illegible] P.M.

FROM ALAMEDA TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily"—[illegible], [illegible] and [illegible] A.M.; [illegible], [illegible] 6, and [illegible] P.M. "Daily, except Sundays" 5:25, [illegible] A.M., and 1:30 P.M. "Sundays only" [illegible], 11 [illegible] A.M., [illegible] and [illegible] P.M.

FROM FRUIT VALE TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily, except Sundays"—6 [illegible], [illegible] and 11:05 A.M., [illegible] and [illegible] P.M.

FROM OAKLAND TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily"—[illegible] [illegible] and 1[illegible] A.M. [illegible] P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible] A.M., and [illegible] P.M. "Sundays only"—[illegible] and 11:20 A.M., [illegible], 1 [illegible] and [illegible] P.M.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South	Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—			
San Francisco	8:40 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:45 p m
San Jose ......Arrive	11:10 a m	6:40 p m	7:06 p m
Gilroy ......Arrive	12:1? p m		
Pajaro ......Arrive	1:25 p m		
Castroville ......Arrive	2:?0 p m		
Salinas ......Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Soledad ......Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister ......Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Tres Pinos ......Arrive	[illegible] p m		

Trains North	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave—			
Tres Pinos			[illegible] a m
Hollister			11 [illegible] a m
Soledad			[illegible] a m
Salinas			11 [illegible] a m
Castroville			1 [illegible] a m
Pajaro			1 [illegible] p m
Gilroy			[illegible] p m
San Jose	[illegible] a m	7 [illegible] a m	[illegible] p m
San Francisco ...Arrive	[illegible] a m	10:10 a m	5:20 p m

*SATURDAYS at [illegible] p m. †Sundays excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at [illegible] a.m. Returning will leave San Jose at [illegible] p m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4.15 a m; arrive at San Francisco at 1:00 a m.

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco at 1:00 p m, arrive at San Francisco at 11 30 a m.

A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and After Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at [illegible] and 11 A M, and 4 P M. Saucelito at [illegible] and 9:30 A M, [illegible] P M. On Saturday from Saucelito at 6 and 11 A M, 1 and [illegible] P M. From San Francisco at [illegible] and [illegible] P M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco Meiggs' Wharf at 6:30 A M. SUNDAY TIME: Leave San Francisco [illegible] 11 A M, 2 and 4 P M. Leave Saucelito, 11 A M, 1, and [illegible] P M.
April 2. D. A. COBB, President, 27 Montgomery street.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT

312 Tons to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 423 Front street.
March 2.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, Side, or Wood C Spring Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body in antique. Having but little metal in their construction excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The case with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, loaded wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order, at short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: For the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 30.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, Wilson Warner, Captain, having undergone a thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at [illegible] A.M. Returning: Leave San Francisco at [illegible] P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Healdsburg. W. H. TAYLOR, President.
Aug 21. C. C. S. N. Co.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving all the complaints to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers will observe that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price 2s 9d per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin. In bottles, 2s 6d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 2. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets labeled: "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Sh[illegible], Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty Days [illegible] of the above forwarded, free of charge [illegible].
BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. [illegible] Coleman st, London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Patronized by special [illegible] of H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.—The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable warming and stimulating qualities [illegible] Edinburgh Sauce [illegible] unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers at 1/0 [illegible]. Nov 2.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12, Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 5.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

L. A. Amermann, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm Harvey, Treasurer. Directors: L. A. Amermann, Wm Harvey, H. Byrne, J. C. [illegible], M. Freund, H. Trnabe, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. Mehe[illegible], C. Langton, J. T. Emerson. Advisory: Aug. Meyer. HARVEY & BROWN, Agents. Office: 324 Montgomery street, Montgomery block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 11.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, for conveying with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco [illegible] P.M. San Rafael, [illegible] A.M. [illegible] until further notice. SUNDAYS as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:30 A.M. [illegible] San Rafael [illegible]. W. H. TAYLOR, President.
Aug 21. C. C. S. N. Co.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Build'g.
JUSTICES—64 Montgomery st.
COUNTY—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
THIRD DISTRICT—Mechanics Institute Building.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—713 Montgomery street.
NINETEENTH DISTRICT—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATTY—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—430 California street.
CITY PHYSICIAN—Co'ty Hospital.
CORONER—[illegible] Clay street.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants' Exchange.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City H.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT. OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place.
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT. PUB. SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSE—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 11, City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—[illegible] Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall.
HEALTH OFFICE—[illegible] Geary st.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall.
POUNDKEEPER—[illegible] street, bet. Pierce and Steiner.
QUARANTINE—[illegible] Jackson st.
HARBOR MASTER—Corner Front and East.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes, head office in Paris, [illegible] street. Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., [illegible] Agents, Hongkong and China Gas Company, [illegible] Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Waldock, Secretary, Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, [illegible] King, Secretary; Pacific Saw Mills, Hakodadi, Armistead & Co., agents, 21 Old Broad street; Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co., ag'ts, [illegible] Swithin's Lane. Singapore [illegible] Saw Mills Co., Paterson, Simons & Co., agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane. [illegible] Dock Co., John Pook, agent, [illegible] Square [illegible] Docks, [illegible] & Co., agents, [illegible] China Insurance Co., 25 Cornhill, J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary; Canton Insurance Co. [illegible] [illegible] Yard, [illegible] agents, [illegible] Insurance Co., [illegible] agents, [illegible] St. Helens, China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co., ag'ts, 40 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st.; Ceylon Co., [illegible] Buildings, Old Broad st., E. A. Cameron, Sec'y; [illegible] Martin, Manager, [illegible] Bank, [illegible] Mactaggart, Tidman & Co. ag'ts, 31 Great St. Helens. Banks: Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, Chairman. Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. [illegible], Manager. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Old Broad street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager. Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street. Deutsche Bank, "Actien [illegible] of Berlin, agencies [illegible] National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street. [illegible] German Bank of London, Bartholomew Lane, Lothbury; Bank of Rotterdam, [illegible] Bank of London, agents. [illegible] Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, [illegible] Manager. [illegible] National Bank of India, [illegible], King William street. Oriental Bank Corporation, [illegible] Threadneedle street, J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

[illegible] [illegible] [illegible] to the [illegible] the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending November 15, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, November 10th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
J B Dillon to Catherine Dillon	N Fell, 27 6 e Laguna, e 27 6x120—sub W A 200	
A C Evers to Jesse Franklin	Und 5-6, e Montg, 77 11¾ s Vallejo, s 30 9¾x57 5 sub 60 v 194	$3,333
Anna M Evers to Same	Und 1-6, same	660
T W McCue to T W McCue	Ne Kate, 135 se Bryant, se 60x50—Record	
Mary A Chaloner to Daniel Scales	E Kearny, 34 1¼ s Union, s 18 2¼x60	1,200
Alice M Swain to Chas S Ives	S Francisco, 102½ e Hyde, e 25x137 6	2,000
Mission & 30th St E H to B Randall	Lots 135, 163, blk 22, Mission and 30th St Hd Union	912
Same to Same	Lots 135 and 140, same	1,000
T McCreaby to H A Gallison	E Leavth, 60 n Washn, e 137 6x77 6	7,250
C F McDermot to J J Menlaro	W Jones, 68 9 n Washn, n 68 9x137 6	10,000
D Quiltaros to Adison Champion	S Bdway, 114 8 e Kearny, e 22 10x68 9	2,000
Water Front L Co to R Sullivan	S 5th Ave, 75 e J, e 50x100	1,500
J P Taylor to Harry W Taylor	Und ½, w Michigan, 125 n Sierra, w to center of stone wall, n to land owned by Connelly e Michigan s 75	1
P I Sheridan to Anne Sheridan	S Liberty, 225 e Guerrero, e 25x115	1
Lawrence Brannan to Jas Brannan	Se Louisa, 442 6 ne 4th, ne 40x60	5
Silver Terrace H Ass'n to J Lore	Lot 122, Silver Terrace Hd	961
Same to Annie Kerrnan	Lot 122, Silver Terrace Hd	926
E S Josecyn to Sophia Beardsley	S Geary, 83 6 e Leavth, e 27x83	3,600
Flora Campion to Fred'k Hellwig	Se Morton P, and Dupont, e 60x20	9,500

Tuesday, November 11th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
John Landers to Ansley G Davis	S Bush, 137 6 w Leavenworth, w 27 6 x 137 6—sub 50 v 1229	14,000
H S Dorland to John Barry	S Church Lane, 137 6 e Church, e 25, s 137 more or l, w 25, n 137 6 more or l to com	450
Jane V Phillips to Wm Vincent	N 14th, 310 e Dolores, e 25x80	600
J L Moody to Peter R Schmidt	N Pine, 130 w Van Ness Ave, w 30x137 6—sub W A 87	500
Francis Harnesthy to W Hogan	N Sacto, 275 w Taylor, n 130x22 11—sub 50 v 823	2,250
John Evans to C H Parker	N Jackson, 137 6 w Dupont, w 34 3 x 137 6—sub 50 v 75	
Pt Lobos A B'd As'n to C Kennedy	Lot 23, blk 641, Pt Lobos Ave Hd	300
Maurice Dore to Michl Mussle	W Powell, 60 s Bay, s 20x68 9 sub 50 v 1527	1
Wm d Giery to Same	Same	600
J W Rosy to Same	Same	200
City and Co S F to G H Parker	W Capp, 120 s 22d, s 40 w 122 6—sub M B 147	
G H Parker to Wm E Stevens	Same	2,200

Wednesday, November 12th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
John Garretson to T M J Hebon	Mining claim in Lander Co, Nev	$500
Mark M Crowell to Helena Gumpel	Se Sherwood Pl, 225 ne 3d, ne 9x55—sub 100 v 73	5
D F McDonald to Isabella French	1 acre McDonald Tract	1,000
J S McCue to Wm R Sloan	Ne Kate, 105 se Bryant, se 25x50—sub 100 v 212	400
Geo Turner to F G Edwards	E Jones, 40 n Chestnut, n 20x68 3—sub 60 v 708	350
S and L Soc'y to L O de Andrado	Se Guerrero and Elizabeth, s 91 6x13 0¾	3,000
Wm Hollis to John McClintock	E Guerrero, 100 n Ridley, n 25x80—sub M B 22	3,750
J McClintock to Sarah McClintock	Same	Gift
Wm Hollis to M S Whiting	Se Sacto and Steiner, e 93.9x28—sub W A [illegible]	6,250
J M Lord to Wm Hollis	W Middle e 87 6 s Clay, 120 e Fillmore, s 50 x w 89—sub W A 313	1,900

Thursday, November 13th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
T D Mathewson to Jos Emerie	Und ½, s Ridley, 230 w Guerrero, s 80, w 230, n 110, ne 317 e to com	$5,600
Martin Weaver to N Landry	Lot 3, blk R, R R Hd No 2	65
G R Starr to Aaron M Ta[illegible]	S Geary, 110 w Octavia, w 25 10 x 120—sub W A 51	1,500
A Wilkie to Frank Koenig	Nw Natoma, 225 sw 5th, sw 40x80—sub 100 v 126	6,750
Margt Murphy to Mary Murphy	Lot 2, blk 1, Garden Tract Hd	Gift
E F Ston to W C Ralston	S Bush, 137 6 w Leavth, w 137 6x137 6—50 v 1229	1
John Landers to F B Reynolds	S Bush, 275 e Hyde, e 27 6x137 6—sub 50 v 1229	13,500
Dorothea Frisch to F S Reddeld	W Taylor, 82 9 s Filbert, s 46x77 6—sub 50 v 31?	6,000
Wm J Richardson to Jas Dowling	W W[illegible]ster, 57 6 s Ellis, s 25x87 6—sub W A 335	9,000
Geo D Roberts to John Hamill	S Dorland, 325 e Dolores, e 50x115—sub M B 79	3,000
Silver Terrace H As'n to M L Gally	Lots 204 and 205, Silver Terrace Hd	731

Friday, November 14th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Mend I Yaretski to B J Shay	N Geary, 92 6 w Dupont, w 22 6x60	$ 50
M Workleman to M Yaretski	Same	4,000
C Spreckels to John W Pearson	S Dorland, 425 e Dolores, e 50 x s 115—sub M B 79	2
John W Pearson to G D Roberts	S Dorland, 325 e Dolores, e 50 x s 115—sub M B 79	
J F Dorland to Same	S Dorland, 325 e Dolores, e 50 x 115	10
H E Greene to John W Heneric	Und ½, s Irwin, 112 6 sw Harris, thence along s l of Irwin to Center, thence to Price, se to Hubbell, ne to a pt 400 sw Harris and Hubbell, thence nw 120, sw 112 6, nw 120 to com	1
C Harlson to G L Lansing	Ne Fillmore and Bdway, e 68 9, n 137 6, w 54, s 135, s 5 6 to com—sub W A 220	15,000
G L Lansing to M R Lansing	Same	2,500
W Hastings to Wm E Darby	Sw Priest and Washn, w 31 3x57 6	2,500
Peter Connoff to Nicholas Connoff	S Welsh, 150 e 4th, e 40x8—sub 100 v 159	100
City and County S F to C L Place	S Tyler, 137 6 w Broderick, w 137 6 x 137 6—sub W A 530	6,000
J O'Regan to A J Gosch	San Leandro, 9¼ acres	3,677
A Harding to Trust s O H of Saw	Oakland, block 1, Peralta H'd Tract	1
R Perrin to C H Polard	Washington T'p, The A B Forbes place	4,125

Saturday, November 15th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
J H Turney to L M Graham	Nw Clay and Walnut, n 127 8¾x137 6—W A 814	$2,500
Sidney L Johnson to L Quint	Se Bay and Polk e 137 6x137 6—sub W A 30	5
L Quint to Francis S Spring	Same	500
E E Koch to George Brown	Se Masonic Ave and McAllister, e 237 6 x137 6—sub W A 650	4,000
E N Riotte to Louis Lekens	Lot 4, West End Hd	500
R H McDonald to S M Hodgdon	Se Howard, 330 sw 7th, sw 25x100—sub 100 v 258	5,000
Thos McInerney to J W Hansell	Lots 2141, 2153, G ft Map 4	250
Wm J Gunn to Jane Corwell	N Navy, 251 e Church, e 26x114—sub H A 60	250
G C Johnson to R R Johnson	All int in Estate of Geo C Johnson, decd	1
O F Cen[illegible] As'n to J Catania	Lot 6, Hope Sect plat 2	54
A H Cushing to M E Cushing	Und ½ lot 5, blk 11 Market St H'd	Gift
P Spreckles to M E R Dempster	12th w Howard, e 15 1, n 75, etc	....
C J Dempster to Peter Spreckles	12th w Howard, s 25 ¾, s 65 11 ½, etc	
Harrison St H'd As'n to S Levy	Lot 79, Harrison St H'd	600
Silver Terrace H'd As'n to same	Lots 258 and 259, Silver Terrace H'd	991
Lewis Goodwin to S and L Soc'y	23d e Guerrero, 22x5?, also, 24th and Guerrero, n 23?, e 218 4, etc, also, Elizabeth e Guerrero, 91 6x61 8, also, 23d e Guerrero, s 114, etc, also, Elizabeth e Guerrero, 114x60	1
Margaret Pelborn to Nora Carl	Lot 340, Gift Map No 1	100

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc, and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Depository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 20. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.
California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 601 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

W. W. DODGE & CO.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec 9.]

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov 16. Portland, Maine.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
SAN FRANCISCO. [May 24.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept 1.

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 100 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened May 11th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

EDINBURGH ALE

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March 3. 112 Front street, S. F.

L. H. NEWTON.] **NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,** [MORRIS NEWTON.

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. 113 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

NOTICE.

Dr. A. J. Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 622 Clay street. Office Hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Sept 27.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—(Established, 1850.)

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 1.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct. 21.

R. S. CLYDE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.—Entrance to Office, 622 Clay st., and 625 Merchant street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco. [Oct 1.

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs), San Francisco. August 1.

THE NEW CITY HALL.

We take note of an extraordinary argument in a recent number of the Sacramento *Union* in reference to the cost of our New City Hall and Law Courts. It is deplorable, if not sad, to hear our contemporary's voice raised on a subject in which it has little or nothing to do, or its citizens to pay for, and particularly when we all know of the excessive cost of, if not swindling in, the erection of the New State Capitol, now nearly completed in its own city. It is still more to be deplored that some of our own city journals should descend to such a low condition of groveling as to clip from the *Union* such trashy, thin, and transparent misstatements when they *must* have a better knowledge of the facts, or, if not, could obtain them on application to the Secretary of the City Hall Commissioners, or to the Commissioners themselves. The building cannot, as now constructed in brick, cost what is stated—seven to nine millions of dollars. It would only be easy, we suppose, to accomplish this by making all the interior apartments a series of marble halls, with imported Italian statuary, with columns of alabaster, and other finishings, inlaid with gold and precious stones. No; our notion is, that the building can handsomely, on the basis of the present massive, though inexpensive construction, be given to the public for an extra million or thereabouts. What, then, becomes of the additional six millions so constantly laid by some of our own journals before their readers, with a view to traduce the Commissioners, who have done their best to give the people an enduring fire and earthquake proof public work, and one which already is, and will be more so, as the building advances, the pride of San Francisco. Another wilful falsehood is, that a mill on and a half will be expended and only the foundation put in. It is unpardonable right here on the spot to make such a statement. What are the facts? We state without fear of contradiction, that the Commissioners will give to this city, for the amount appropriated, a building, the main portion of which will be erected to an even height of 73 feet, or two stories above the terrace level, and clear of the foundation altogether. In addition to this, the Record Hall will be built entire, with the various galleries, corridors and offices of the Recorder, together with the wrought iron dome, cast and rolled iron joists for the whole of the floors of this building, as also for the three floors of the City Hall proper, or what is termed the main building. In addition to this, the wrought iron built up girders, which are with the cast iron columns throughout, are all included in the appropriation. We should say that it would require more ingenuity than our contemporary's to imagine to spend the six millions of dollars on this work, beyond what will necessarily be required in a plain, substantial edifice for city and county purposes, unless all the parties who *grant* at a moderate amount be not voted by the open-handed Legislature should be subsidized, or have it in their official power to steal this large amount, and to put out the three honest Commissioners who have thus far done their work faithfully and well, and to the entire satisfaction of the vast majority of the community. This has been the record of public works erected in Sacramento, and we do not thank the *Union* for bringing its own city's standards to San Francisco nor our own poor papers for perpetuating those gross misstatements, when true information can be obtained in this city, where the work is being constructed. We have all been early taught to beware of the friends of our own household. Let the *Union* soil its own nest as it may, we will not lend ourselves to the dirty business, but will show up the [illegible] school of those daily upstart papers, unfortunately in our midst, which dare to malign the reputation of our fair city and its leading public citizens.

AUDI ALTERAM PARTEM.

We have seen in the last few days a great deal of virtuous indignation expended over the capture of the *Virginius* and its consequences. Let us hear, however, what the Spaniards have to say. In the *Voz de Cuba* of November 10th we find the following: "The execution of the prisoners of the *Virginius* is as humane as anything of the kind can be, and much more so than the conduct of those who, under the cloak of an ostentatious and pretended philanthropy, applaud the energy displayed in favor of the rebels, and particularly those whom the filibustering steamer *Virginius* brought to Cuba to increase the sanguinary nature of the war. The court-martial which tried the prisoners is still in session, and its labors proceed with promptitude. Among the crew were found Alfaro, disguised as a stoker and as seaman, Bosa, Are Arrona, Castellanos, Pueblo Molla, [illegible] and other persons of importance. Captain Ryan was well aware of the object of the expedition on which he embarked and of the nature of the cargo, which [illegible] *a large sum of money*, he undertook to land, thinking that the chances were as 99 to 1 in his favor. It is believed that this will be the last effort of the insurgents. The Captain and crew were shot in the Plaza by a detachment of marines. It is to be regretted that these executions took place so hastily, as no time was allowed for communication with the Governments of Spain and the United States. We cannot conceal from ourselves, however, the fact that America has long coveted the *[illegible] de Cuba* and that the Spanish Government has been continually thwarted in its efforts to maintain peace and order by filibustering expeditions fitted out on a greater or less scale in the United States. The brilliant failure of Lopez will readily recur to your recollection. The steamer *Virginius* has been for about two years aiding and abetting the rebels, not from any love for them, but as a matter of profit, and perhaps with a [illegible] hope of the annexation of the Island. But still, it is a very common thing to hear Americans say, 'It ought to be ours, and we are bound to have it, anyhow.' This [illegible] forcibly reminds us of an old story, which, nevertheless, will bear repeating, viz: 'And Ahab spake unto Naboth, saying, Give me thy vineyard, that I may have it for a garden of herbs, because it is near unto my house: and I will give thee a better vineyard than it; or, if it seem good to thee, I will give thee the worth of it in money. And Naboth said to Ahab, The Lord forbid it me that I should give the inheritance of my fathers unto thee.'"

AN EVENING WITH THE DOCTORS.

On Tuesday evening the Commencement Exercises of the Medical Department of the University of California were celebrated at Pacific Hall. There was an address, or rather an oration, by J. W. Winans, of a much higher grace than such things generally are [illegible] Bishop Kip [illegible] by doing some elegant and orthodox praying. Prof. C. B. Brigham, as amiable a looking gentleman, and as mild mannered, as ever [illegible] a skull, gave the graduating class some excellent advice [illegible] persuasive as would induce most young men [illegible] advice. President Gilman conferred the degrees in good Connecticut Latin, pronouncing "*nihil*" as if it were "mighty." Dr. Beverly Cole, Dean of the Faculty, administered the Hypocratic Oath in his most profound and impressive bass. The exercises being concluded, and eight or nine new doctors being turned loose to ravage a defenceless community, the Bishop blessed the crowd, after which the most favored portion of the platform statuary adjourned by invitation to Professor Brigham's rooms, where a very elegant collation was discussed. Some sixty guests, including a number of ladies, were here assembled. The rooms were most tastefully decorated with flowers and a fine band of music was in attendance. Justice having been done to the cold turkey, ice cream, champagne, etc., Dr. Shorb neatly proposed the health of the orator of the evening, to which the orator neatly replied. Dr. Cole was then called on and expatiated on the glories of medical science and the blessedness of being a doctor. James F. Bowman was next elicited by a general call and discoursed with his characteristic [illegible] in a rather aggressive strain, arguing that the highest usefulness of the medical profession was in keeping down population. Then the music struck up, the doors between Prof. Brigham's rooms and those of the Japanese Embassy were thrown open, and dancing was inaugurated. The whole affair was very delightful. We don't know whether Professor Brigham or the Dean was the purveyor of the refection; but whoever it was thoroughly understands superintending that sort of thing.

We had the pleasure of hearing Dr. Platt, the recently arrived Rector of Grace Church, last Sunday morning and evening, and it was a real consolation to us poor sinners, to hear the Word of God dispensed so learnedly and eloquently as did this pious and devoted clergyman of our Episcopal faith. Go and hear him to-morrow, and our word for it, you will go home a better man, pray more earnestly, and think more seriously of the great unforeseen and unknown Hereafter.

JOSEPH FRONTIN VS. JOTHAM SALISBURY AND JOSEPH HICKS.

[FROM OUR SPECIAL REPORTER.]

This was a case in which plaintiff claimed commission as a broker upon the sale of the Mead House property. The witnesses for the plaintiff were Mr. John Shirley, Mr. James Flood, and the plaintiff himself. The chief witness for the defendant was Mr. Richard Brown, a retired barber and owner of the late and well known Cochituate Bath Establishment and Shaving Saloon on Sansome street. Mr. McAllister, for the plaintiff, said that Brown's testimony was brought forward at all points to fill up every need and defect of the defence; that it reminded him of the answer of the clown in *All's Well that Ends Well*:

"CLOWN.—But for me, I have an answer will serve all men.
COUNTESS.—Marry, that is a beautiful answer that fits all questions.
CLOWN.—It is like a barber's chair that fits all buttocks; the pin—buttock; the quatch—buttock; the brawn—buttock, or any buttock!"

The lawyer for plaintiff also said that the real contest in the testimony was between Brown, the barber, on the one side, and Shirley, Frontin and Flood on the other; that it reminded him of the fight by a barber described by Campbell in the *Trip to Cambridge*; that with slight alterations, Campbell's lines would read thus:

> "Thus when the barber and John Shirley fight,
> John Shirley beats the luckless barber—*white*.
> The pond'rous Frontin, on the other tack,
> And big with vengeance, beats the barber—*black*.
> In comes the winning man, the mighty Flood,
> And soon, we see, he s draws the barber's blood
> *Black*, *red* and *white*, the colors of his pole,
> Mark the poor barber and o'erwhelm his soul."

The jury rendered a verdict for plaintiff for $5,200, being 2 per cent interest on the value of the property sold last Spring, through the agency of Mr. Joseph Frontin, to Messrs. Flood & O'Brien, for the sum of $260,000. This lot has been held in the same family, up to the time of sale, since 1847, when its cost to the purchaser was the modest sum of eight dollars and seventy-five cents.

THE BACKSLIDING OF THE SAINTS.

Holy Mother Church seems to have fallen upon evil days. The world groans as in the time of the heretical Arius to find itself growing atheistic. The secret defections from the faith on the right hand and on the left. Heresies and schisms sh[illegible] up like toad stools after a spring rain, and grow and flourish like tares and brambles in fallow land. The Vicegerent of Christ and successor of St. Peter is ruthlessly despoiled of his patrimony. Italy grows cold, as and Mexico turns a cold shoulder on the church. The newspapers indulge freely in scurrilous attacks upon the creeds and the clergy, and yet no man is racked, roasted, or [illegible] Science is subsidized and declares that the world moves yet is not all need [illegible] Devotion [illegible] over whom Satan and the lusts of the flesh prevail in some unguarded hour, so that the holy David they are betrayed into sin, are held up by a blackguard and ungodly press to the derision of an unbelieving public. Ministers of the Gospel, belonging the most evangelical denominations, are the objects of scurril ous attacks. The secular papers hoot the stupidity of the organs of the sects, and are not suppressed or mulcted for the enormity. The theaters flourish, while the churches decay, and actors are held in better general repute than parsons. Men profess deism or atheism, and are still respected and trusted. Men who "profess religion" are watched as we watch pickpockets. There is a disposition to associate the ideas of meanness, insincerity, intellectual flabbiness, spiritual pride, dogmatism, arrogance, [illegible], cowardice, cupidity, uncharitableness, a narrow mind, and [illegible] with the very name of priest. Finally, brother Stone's admirable and truly [illegible] family paper, the *Pacific*, has no readers, and can get only a few cheap advertisements by importunate begging and strong wrestlings with the Lord in prayer, while the wicked and ungodly *News Letter*, the special and accredited organ of Satan, is read in every quarter of the civilized world, and is coining the ducats so fast that we have to keep seven distinct bank accounts. Truly, this is a sad condition of things, and the final consummation must be close at hand.

THE CHINA BASIN.

We extend to H. J. Booth, associates and assigns, our sincerest sympathy for the early blighting of their ship-building career. We quite appreciate the regret with which they behold their many masted visions become thin air, and thoroughly understand the peculiar adaptability of the China Basin to their contemplated works. [illegible], we cannot withhold our admiration of Mayor Alvord [illegible] unmistakable and downright English document which it has been our fortune to see for some time. "An honest man's the noblest work of God," somebody says who knows, and as we do not frequently meet with such *chef d'œuvres* we take the [illegible] [illegible] It is our [illegible] task to include in the category the four Supervisors who, by well timed absence, [illegible] the [illegible] as the great Incomprehensible would style it. There is little doubt that they have been in a state of mind bordering on [illegible] [illegible] We tender them our disinterested advice. When [illegible] the [illegible] catechism, [illegible] language and parliamentary [illegible] It [illegible] to place them again in offices of trust, and we hope they may figure better as [illegible] As for [illegible] it has probably reached his comprehension by this time that the [illegible] The stocks [illegible] Basin, the [illegible] will continue to disport in its waters until the city [illegible] [illegible] the mighty Tweed [illegible] Sing Sing [illegible] officers are getting careful, lest their fingers get snapped in the treasury door.

NUMBER FIVE.

Last Wednesday evening Montgomery street in the neighborhood of the Occidental Hotel [illegible] an excellent band of music headed by Charley Schultz. It was the fifth anniversary of Mrs. Lillie [illegible] and the old Knickerbockers No. 5 turned out in force to do honor to the occasion and [illegible] And, indeed, the reception [illegible] heartfelt [illegible] [illegible] They [illegible] fiery element [illegible] organized and paid fire [illegible] nothing remains but the memory of pleasant times and [illegible] moments. Few of our readers know how kindly Mrs. [illegible] remembered when she was Miss Lillie Hitchcock, what gentle attentions were bestowed on the sick, and when the last rites [illegible] the rare flowers on the bier were sent by her. [illegible] still wears the golden badge No. 5. Therefore, the serenade was a graceful tribute to the honorary member of the company.

THE SPANISH SITUATION.

War between the United States and Spain seems imminent and unavoidable. The Spanish flag [illegible] popular favor. The [illegible] of the Spaniards [illegible] the latest illustration is the wholesale butchery of the passengers and crew of the *Virginius*, and the attitude which the Spanish Government has deliberately adopted in regard to the matter. That [illegible] to ignore all the well settled principles of international law applicable to the matter in dispute. Whom the Gods wish to ruin they first make mad. Spain seems to be mad on this subject. War seems inevitable. No doubt Castelar, who is a Statesman and a man of solid sense, would favor the proposition to [illegible] proper apologies and reparation to our Government in connection with the *Virginius* affair. But Spanish pride and obduracy will not permit anything of the kind; and the consequences cannot be anticipated.

NEW BOOKS
—OF—
THE WEEK.

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THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

Satire should, like a polished razor keen,
Wound with a touch that's scarcely felt or seen.

Oh Heaven! that such companions thou'dst unfold,
And put in every honest hand a whip
To lash the rascal naked through the world,
Even from the East to the West.—OTHELLO, ACT IV, SCENE I.

"OLD MAN PIERCE'S BUCK."

[A PLAINSBURG LEGEND.]

Far out upon the Plainsburg Plains,
Where the huge spiders roam,
And the wild dogs at midnight howl,
A shepherd made his home.

There curlews screamed their dismal
And fed on—God knows what! [scream,
For no worm ever could live there,
So parched the ground, and hot.

The shepherd was a weird old man,
And none knew whence he came,
He never spoke the passer by,
And no one knew his name.

The folks all called him "Old Man Pierce,"
Though why none seemed to know,
Unless that he *must* have a name,
Where names abundant grow.

His furrowed brow and downcast eye
Told of some heavy care,
Some skeleton that haunted him
Always, and everywhere.

Some one once passing in the night,
Stopped to inquire the way,
And listening at the old man's door,
Declared he heard him say:

"Blood will wash out! blood will wash
But this blood never can: [out!
My hand's as red with blood to-day,
As when I knifed poor Dan."

For years he lived this hermit's life,
Till feebler grew his tread,
And a rumor came to Plainsburg
That "Old Man Pierce" was dead.

The owner of the sheep went out,
The sheep were safe and sound,
But not a sign of "Old Man Pierce"
Could anywhere be found.

In the hut they found his blankets,
His coat and pants and vest,
The same in which for many years
The old man had been drest.

They found a bloody-handled knife,
A lock of human hair,
And a likeness of a handsome boy
Wrapt up with wond'rous care.

And then they counted out the sheep—
A flock of half-bred ewes—
And found among them one old buck,
How got there, no one knows.

For lambing time was coming on,
And many months before,
They'd taken all the bucks away—
Least so the owner swore.

The buck had neither mark nor brand,
Was thin and rather lame,
But had an eye that seemed to burn,
And glitter like a flame.

They drove the ewes to pastures new,
But not a yard could they
Persuade that queer, odd-looking buck
From the corral to stray.

And there to-day, if on the plain,
By good or evil luck,
You fine that hut, you'll certainly
See "*Old Man Pierce's Buck.*"

W. L. E., Plainsburg, 1873.

One of the noblest sentiments that can animate a people is that of patriotism, and one of the noblest evidences of this grand sentiment is that furnished by the militia of San Francisco. We have patriots in blue coats and hats like powder-puffs, we have patriots in green tunics and scarlet trousers; patriots all over green and patriots all over black; patriots who are fac-similes of the Prussian Grenadiers and patriots who are fac-similes of the French Zouaves; patriots on horseback and patriots on foot; patriots who dress for parade and patriots who dress for masquerade. Almost every European nation has here its representative body of (American) patriots, all burning with a strong desire to defend the land of their adoption. We have glorious proofs of patriotism in bright, shiney buttons, in parti-colored fringe, in broad red stripes, in epaulettes like unto door-mats, and uniforms such as none but a drum major in a nightmare ever dreamt of. To be sure the noble companies show but little signs of drill or efficiency, but what is that, fellow citizens, compared to the constant proofs they afford of the nobler quality of patriotism in giving socials and publishing the names of all the patriots and patriotesses present in the next day's papers? Do you want any further proof of patriotism? Then for God and Liberty's sake look at their drums. Can we listen to the martial music of, say "*Die Wacht am Rhein*," or "The Wearing of the Green," and not feel our eyes fill with worthy tears at the thought of the magnificent *blowing* of these our brave defenders. Let but the "Chow-Chow Hang-High Company of Celestial Guards" be fully organized—band and all—and then. Come on! Come on, ye marauding bands from Marin County! Come on, ye fierce hordes from the San Pablo Road! Come on, ye well-trained cohorts from Alameda and Brooklyn! Come on, ye ferocious, untrained swarms from the Farallone Islands, or ye fiercer untamed islanders from the Seal Rock! We do *not* fear ye! Our Queen City is secure whilst she has a Franco-Germanic-Irish-Mexican-English-Chinese-Spanish-Etceteraish Militia, each corps with a band and different uniform, and all ready to give another social and parade, so that her walls may be kept inviolate from your onslaughts!

There are grave and distressing rumors current, that the "Thumb Sucking Club" has "busted." It is always sad to hear of misfortune overtaking those of tender years, and with this great affliction of the giddy young creatures, who so vainly attempted to imitate men, the *Town Crier* profoundly sympathizes. 'Tis said that, at a meeting held the night before the great race, the Secretary was instructed, with a burst of enthusiasm, to "back the California horse, and invest the Club funds in an 'Old Thad' pool." But, on Saturday morning, the Secretary, on counting up the dimes, nickels and postage stamps in the tin savings bank which the Club uses as a treasury, found, to his dismay, that there were but six dollars and seventy-eight cents on hand. Alas! he couldn't buy a "Thad" pool with that, you know, and he couldn't call a meeting and have the resolution rescinded, for the hills were dotted with toiling and foot-sore "Thumb Suckers," bound for Ocean View, some of whom had started the night before, to be in time. What was to be done? The brain of our incipient financier was equal to the emergency. Quickly gathering together the empty bottles and sacks which the last admitted members had paid as their initiation fee, he realized on them with a passing junkman. More dead than alive, he reached the race course, and there became aware of the appalling fact that to back "Thad" was out of the question, and that "Mamie Hall" was the only horse within the reach of his slender finances. Indeed, he still lacked fifteen cents of a sufficient sum to invest on her. But should *the* Club of the city be unrepresented in the great race for a paltry fifteen cents? Not much! Perish the thought! Not if he had to refrain from Chinese cigars for a month! So, supplying the required deficiency from his own private exchequer, *he bought a "Mamie Hall" pool*. Talk about the late monetary panic! That was as nothing compared to that which, in its terrible effect, has aged the broken-hearted members almost to discretion, and bursted the Thumb Sucking Club!

Somebody looked up a Bostin. [illegible] on Tuesday [illegible] The description of the body and what covered it are not particularly interesting, but something found on the body's [illegible] indicates that the poor man committed suicide. In the coat-pocket of the deceased was found a copy of the *Evening Bulletin*, of the date of the 14th instant! And in that paper there were two columns of editorial matter! There can be no [illegible] that the poor wretch [illegible] to read through this, and overwhelmed by the [illegible] had plunged into the cold waters of the bay, carrying that which had driven him to death in his pocket! [illegible] in this connection, that we take no [illegible] citizens have a deadly dose, [illegible] served out to them on the street corners and [illegible] to prevent the wholesale distribution of [illegible] The matter is one that should be looked into, and this *must* be the last victim to that noxious, pernicious, [illegible] stupefying and intolerable [illegible] known as 'Hitchcock's Black Draught,' the *Evening Bulletin*.

A legion of unclean spirits has possessed the devil-dodgers alias "God's Anointed." The pulpit-pounders have returned to the flesh-pots, and the Gospel-grinders are confounded. The reverend goat familiarly known as "the beast Parshall," is eclipsed; the lustre of his fame for pre-eminence in lust is dimmed; his escutcheon, the motto on which was "feed my lambs," is blotted; a monster, a very *lusus naturæ* in the way of beastliness, has deposed him, and steps upon the boards and before the public as Champion Evangelical Blackguard. The former erred only as we all err—except that we do not all beat our breasts at the street corners and thank God that we are not as other men, we can, to a certain extent, sympathize with him—even the sons of God saw that the daughters of men were fair; but the sin of this St. Van Demon's Mark should place him beyond the pale of pity from anything human. We say *should*, but it *has not*. The very sex that he has most wronged has commiserated him, merely because he denies the wrong in the teeth of evidence gravely brought and well sustained. Oh, credulous women! Let him at least disprove the charges made, for Cæsar's wife should be above suspicion. This is the kind of shepherd that prates about "strayed lambs" and that daily deplores the unchastity of woman. Verily *he* would not render them chaste. This is the heavenly director who points the way to salvation. Let him, we say, be brought before some tribunal competent to give him an impartial trial; not before one composed of members of his own cloth, for such a conclave of iniquity would assuredly bring destruction upon the city, but before men who, if he be guilty, will mete him out such a punishment as shall cause a shuddering to future generations, and make his name a bye-word and a hissing for all time to come. In the meantime, we suggest to the proprietor of the Pacific Hall that he cover the building with a fire and brimstone proof roof, lest it share the fate of the cities of the plain.

We do not consider Solomon responsible for the brainless head of any parson that ever whined a nasal prayer, or preached a vapid sermon; but in the sins of the flesh they are his lineal descendants, if there be truth in genealogy, and if the chronicles of the lecherous old wise-head's amours have come down to us faithfully. His true disciples are at his tricks all the time. There is no restraining them. A Parshall scarce achieves a filthy renown ere a Van De Mark arises to eclipse him. The priests—good judges of solid comfort—are boldly throwing off the yoke of enforced celibacy, one by one, according to the precepts of the saint Paul. But to the average parson, a wife is a mere bagatelle in his list of luxuries. The fruit which grows high on the wall is more tempting than that within easy plucking, and the parsons have a long reach. Parents with growing daughters are becoming so used to the present state of affairs that they pray with one eye on the pulpit and the other on the budding flower. The stories come in thick and fast. A pastor in New Jersey is responsible for the paternity of several broods. Another in Kansas has gone through a whole orphan asylum. One in Illinois has decamped with a leading citizen's wife and coin. Among ourselves we have had an Eagan, a Parshall, and a Van De Mark. What is going on *sub rosa*, we not dare to guess at. But in the state of civilization to which we have attained when it becomes impossible to suppress crime, we regulate. Wherefore the *News Letter* suggests, that with the parsonage, the salary, and the perquisites, each incoming pastor be also presented with a well assorted harem of all ages, styles, and kinds, of such variety and quantity that having wide choice he may be prevented from casting a baleful eye upon any she outside its walls. Furthermore, that as parsons in such lines are irrepressible, their sin, like the social evil, shall be legalized, and the harem and its appurtenances be considered one of the legitimate and ordinary belongings of the holy office.

The Chronicle and Bulletin have got something now to fight about. This time the occasion is very small and, so far, mysterious innuendo has not ripened into open hostility. The *Chronicle* stated that Eagan, the too expert locksmith, made an almost successful attempt to break jail, and gave an elaborate account of the entire *modus operandi*, which lays the reportorial staff open to the suspicion of possessing a [illegible] who has "been there." Next, the *Bulletin*, with all the official force of the prison to lend authority to the contradiction, denies the statement *in toto*. This we may style "the lie with circumstance," for assuredly neither paper troubles itself to progress through the "retort courteous," or any of the milder forms of disagreement. The *Chronicle* speedily followed suit with the "countercheck quarrelsome," nor was the *Bulletin* behindhand with the "lie direct." This we believe to be the last in the catalogue, and the word that precedes the blow; but we have no doubt that the *Chronicle's* ingenuity, seconded by the querulous irritability of its opponent, will prolong the pleasing little wrangle *ad infinitum*. If it amuses them, it assuredly hurts no one else, so we counsel them to "nail your flags to your poles and strike—" but do not "bear," like the couple of wrongheaded and quarrelsome bickerers that you are.

The Young Californian gives us this peep behind the scenes.

"I heard it!" "Who told you?" "Lord help us!" "Poor creature!"
"Her friend." "You don't say!" "So artful!" "So sly!"
"'Tis dreadful." "Yes, awful!" "No beauty!" "Quite thirty!"
"Don't tell it, I pray!" "Between you and I!"
"Good gracious!" "Who'd think it?" "I'm going!" "Do stay, love!"
"Well, well!" "Dear, dear me!" "I can't!" "I'm forlorn!"
"I have my suspicions!" "Farewell, dear!" "Good-bye sweet!"
"And I, too, you see!" "I'M GLAD SHE IS GONE!"

Fashionable Intelligence.—It is whispered in high military circles that the celebrated veteran, Hector A. Stuart, author of *How to Effect a Breach Upon a Pair of Pants*, *The Rampant Rampart*, and other standard military works, as well as composer of that celebrated national song, "We won't go home till morning," has volunteered to lead an army of a thousand men to the aid of the Cuban patriots, if an appreciative public will contribute $200,000 to defray expenses. We have no doubt an appreciative public will immediately subscribe the small sum, and that the gallant Hector will prove himself such a terrible and puissant warrior, that the Cubans will invest him with the very worthy and richly deserved title of Don Key Stuart!

We commend to Frederick Walter, sailor—an estimable, but not moderate, gentleman—the California rule: Knock at your wife's door and walk three times round the block before you enter. Such a course would have saved Mr. Walter much trouble. It would have saved the city a trifle in the matter of electricity for the fire alarm. It would have saved the neighbors the trouble of interfering in some one else's business, and the fire department the trouble of turning out. It would have saved the gentleman himself an unenviable notoriety, a bruised face, a night in the station house, a quart of kerosene, and a torrent of confounding [illegible] "He that is robbed, not knowing," etc. And all this row because his lodger strayed into the wrong bed-room.

A morning journal announced a few days since that "Mrs. Swift was about to be the recipient of a surprise party," since which time that estimable matron has been cultivating an expression of goggle-eyed wonder with which fitly to receive her guests. She also rehearses little ejaculations of "Oh my!" "Good gracious!" "Who'd have thought it!" etc., at such odd times as somewhat to alarm her spouse as to the condition of her mind. She considers the public announcement an excellent thing in its way, since it enables one to make well ready, but is a little mystified as to whether it is a hint for the hostess herself to procure refreshments. Will the aforesaid journal please drop a hint to the anxious housewife!

A zealous member of the Young Men's Christian Association yesterday met with a[illegible] He was out on the evangelical work of distributing tracts, and [illegible] entitled "The Pearl of Great Price," into the hands of an old gentleman who was severely [illegible] during the Black and Arnold excitement. The elder glanced at the title of the publication, and with a repellant wave of the hand, exclaimed, "Go away, young man! Go away! I don't go a cent in your pearl investment. It's another one of them [illegible] [illegible]" The young man retired to offer up prayer on behalf of that hard-hearted sinner.

Brother Parshall and Brother Van De Mark are about to open a Young Ladies Seminary in Oakland. Particular attention will be given to the spiritual welfare of the pupils. The Seminary will be run on strictly evangelical principles.

FACTS AND FIGURES VS. THE BULLETIN'S LIES.

"Mark, rogue, how plain a tale will put thee down."

It is but an act of simple justice that the community should be made acquainted with the exact facts connected with the Sheriff's office during the administration of Mr. Adams, and contrast it with that of his predecessors, without prejudice or partiality to either, since certain newspapers have sought to blacken the reputation of one to the elevation of the other.

STATEMENT OF SHERIFF ADAMS.

Mr. Adams states that the amount received for mileage, for transporting insane persons, he was advised by his counsel was intended, according to the reading of the law, for the person who conveyed them, and that the expenses are to be paid from such remuneration, which amounted to from $15 to $40 per day, according to the number of persons conveyed. When the Auditor made the demand upon Mr. Adams for the payment of the sums so received, he informed him of the particulars of the case, and requested that the same should be submitted to the City and County Attorney, who gave his opinion to the effect that the same should be paid into the Treasury. Mr Adams' counsel not agreeing with this opinion, and backed by the opinion of other attorneys, requested that an agreed case should be made before one of our District Courts, and the question finally and justly adjudicated. This alternative was refused Mr. Adams, and as it appeared a plot was laid by the County Judge and others to oust Mr Adams from office if he did not immediately pay the same. Upon advice of counsel he paid the entire amount received, without deducting the expenses paid by him—which amounts to fully two-thirds of the gross receipts—under protest, intending to contest the matter in Court. Of the amounts received by Sheriff Adams for the maintenance of United States prisoners and witnesses confined in the County Jail, Mr. Adams had expended a large portion of the same in providing extra food and necessary comforts not allowed to the prisoners of this county, according to instructions from the United States Marshal, who pays $1 in currency per day for their maintenance, whilst the prisoners of this county are fed at the rate of 16 cents per day, according to contract with the Board of Supervisors. The amount of expenditure being nearly as much as the amounts paid, Mr. Adams concluded that he would make a statement of the receipts and disbursements to the Auditor at the end of his term, and, if there remained any surplus, to pay the same over to the Treasury. This step became more necessary from the fact that the amounts paid are never in full, but on account, and there now remains a large amount due by the United States Marshal. The amount of supplies for the prisoners always exceeded the amount paid on account, therefore the balance now due. He also paid over to the Treasurer the amounts received for the transportation of prisoners to the State Prison, without deducting his expenses. He did this on account of the question of the mileage being in doubt, and as he intends to test the same in Court. He has also paid over to the Treasurer the amounts received for keeping prisoners from other counties, as soon as he received the same.

During Mr. Adams' term he has paid into the County Treasury $1,000 *more than any preceding Sheriff, exclusive of the amounts stated above.* The business of the office has been more diligently dispatched, and the books kept in a more comprehensive and business like manner than during any of the terms of his predecessors. In fact, a comparison of the books of the past Sheriffs with the present could not fail to convince any impartial person that Mr. Adams deserves more credit than has been given him, and his predecessors much less than they have been reputed to be entitled to.

An investigation of the past Sheriffs shows that Mr. H. L. Davis never paid the fees for copies, which would amount to about $1,500; nor the mileage for conveying prisoners to the State Prison, amounting to about $1,400; nor the sums received by him for the keeping of United States prisoners, which, after an examination, shows to be $1,835 for about two years of his term. Mr. White does not attempt to deny that he has retained all the fees for mileage, copies, transportation of prisoners and keeping of United States prisoners and prisoners from other counties, which in the aggregate would amount to fully $20,000 during his administration of four years. The Auditor and County Judge were alike aware of the foregoing facts, but made no effort to bring the same before the notice of the public, as they did in the case of Mr. Adams. If Mr. Adams has acted wrong in his construction of the law providing for mileage, surely Messrs. Davis and White, who never paid any, are alike culpable. Yet, in the case of Mr. Adams, a great cry of "corruption in office" was made by the *Bulletin*, who at a previous time held up Mr. Davis as a criterion of an honest and faithful public officer, and cited his present position as President of a bank as a proof of his past ability and integrity.

It is not intended by these recitals to asperse the character of the gentlemen, but to prove the inconsistency of the *Bulletin* and its well known hypocrisy. It is nothing new for the *Bulletin* to endeavor to crush and malign an honest citizen to gratify its personal spite, and its hounding of Sheriff Adams can find its motive in his being favorably disposed, in the recent election, to what was then termed the "Carr ticket," to which the *Bulletin* was deadly opposed, and having learned through some of the treacherous emissaries which that paper is capable of employing, that such was the preference of Mr. Adams, the *Bulletin* determined to get even with him, and started to defeat his renomination to the office of Sheriff, and having accomplished that, now hopes to tarnish his reputation by calumny and misrepresentation.

In order to reduce the whole matter to its simplest form, so that any plain man can see how grossly the *Bulletin* has falsified the facts, the following figures, taken, from the books of the office, and which can be substantiated beyond possibility of contradiction, are submitted:

Amount of fees paid into the Treasury from December 4th, 1871, to November 30th, 1873	$52,528 00
Amount due by United States Marshal	4,000 00
Total	$56,528 00
Besides the following for mileage:	
For transmission of insane	$3,672 60
For transmission of prisoners	801 00
Total	$4,473 60
Amount paid into the Treasury by P. J. White for the two last years of his term	$33,010 63
RECAPITULATION.	
Paid by Adams	$56,528 00
Paid by White	33,010 00
Adams' excess over White	$23,518 00

It is a fact well known that there has been less litigation during the past two years than for six or eight years preceding, and as the revenue of the Sheriff's office depends chiefly on the amount of litigation, it is difficult to conceive how such a large difference could be made. It is known that the motives which are at the bottom of this persecution of the Sheriff's office are for the purpose of bringing it into disfavor, and resuscitating the old Constable bill, and those who are among the head and front of this scheme expect to be rewarded by being appointed Constables.

That there are land sharks as well as water sharks, and rascally law crimps as well as sea captains and mates at sea, poor Jack of the *Sunrise* has lately found. Out of the proceeds of the civil suits against Capt. Clarke, each sailor, it is said, has received ten dollars, the remaining one hundred and ninety dollars having been swallowed up in legal expenses. Talk about buzzards and other foul things—all maw and gizzard—we are only surprised that the cunning lawyers did not manage matters so as to bring each sailor a debtor of an extra dollar or so to *them*. Rapacity and extortion are only ugly changes of that uglier word, thieving.

British Benevolent Society.—The regular monthly meeting will be held at the rooms, 730 Montgomery street, on Monday next, at 7:30 P. M.

THE $50,000 BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.

YEOMAN VS. VANCE

[By Our Especial Interviewer.]

Having noticed a one-sided article in the Chronicle in regard to the above suit, we sent our particular Reporter to interview Mr. Bulkeley, the counsel for Miss Yeoman, (who has played, with credit to herself, at the Metropolitan Theater, under the sobriquet of Miss Ingolls). When he first called at his office, 603 Washington Street, a clerk informed him that the luxurious counsel was at breakfast, it being then 10½ A.M. We took a view of the premises, and found three large rooms fitted up in style of Eastern grandeur; not a thing out of place; and the whitest handkerchief would not be soiled by rubbing it on the elegant carpets and costly furniture. Every thing betokened the most exquisite taste, and a lavish expenditure of money.

REPORTER—Does Mr Bulkeley usually breakfast as late as this?

CLERK—Yes; he does just about what he likes. He sits up reading till two or three o'clock in the morning, and must sleep *some* time.

REPORTER—I should think his clients would find fault at his not being here in the morning?

CLERK—"*Find fault!*" He would soon tell them to go to the D—l. He doesn't care for promiscuous business. He's the most independent man you ever met. He is here from 11 to 2, and you had better come in then.

At this point the door opened, and the Lord Chesterfield of the Bar entered with a dignified smile, and proceeded to light a delicious cigar.

MR. BULKELEY—What is your business with me?

REPORTER—You don't know me, of course. I have lately arrived in this country. I was sent here from one of the newspapers to get information in regard to the Vance Breach of Promise case. Will you oblige me with the facts.

MR. BULKELEY—I don't believe in trying cases through the papers, nor in answering sensational articles that appear in them. A man named Naphtaly, who said he was a reporter, has been running after me, and I told him that when the trial came on, it would be time enough to give a report of the case, and then both sides could be fairly heard. I see he has made incorrect statements in the *Chronicle* this morning (Thursday) about my client, but I think the public understand how much weight is due to them, and I prefer to try this case in the usual way.

REPORTER—But that report is so clearly written in the interest of Vance that I want to know the facts.

MR. BULKELEY—I have no objection to informing you, though I think my client needs no vindication, for so far as I have been able to learn, no one can truthfully say aught against her. She came to me a stranger and laid before me letters from Vance to her containing the most violent and sickening protestations of love; told me that he prevented her from accepting a flattering theatrical engagement, under the pretext that as soon as he had his house finished in Eureka he should marry her, and altogether showed me such convincing proofs of his perfidy that after writing to Vance the same kind of a letter that every gentleman in our profession sends before bringing suit, I filed the complaint in the case.

REPORTER—Will you let me see those letters?

MR. BULKELEY—No, not for publication.

REPORTER—Let me see them, to convince me that Vance's statement is incorrect about only having a casual acquaintance with her.

MR. BULKELEY [Giving a puff or two at his cigar]—By the way, I didn't think to ask if you smoke?

Upon the Reporter assuring him that he was guilty of the soft impeachment, he produced a box of "Boquet Regalia Especiale," and while the Reporter was lighting one, proceeded into another room and brought out a large bundle of letters labelled "Letters from John Vance to Lizzie Ingolls," and handed three or four promiscuously from the bundle, among which was the following, verbatim et literatim:

"EUREKA, June 23, 1872.

"MY ONLY HOPE: I cannot go on this steamer, I shall go on som sail Vesel after the forth, for I am so buisey with the Hotel giting red of the Mechanicks. When I go down I shall be down som time giting a fit out for my house. I wish you was with me I long for the time when I can embrace my harts delight—Without you, my life is a blank, we shall meet to part no more.

"One thousand Kisses and best wishes."

REPORTER—Here is one that you ought to let me have for publication.

MR. BULKELEY—I would rather that no notice be taken of the case until the trial for it looks like trying to prejudice the public against Vance. I have no feeling against him, and never saw or heard of him until plaintiff called to consult me, and let each party stand or fall by the *proofs*.

REPORTER—Yes, but Vance has made a statement which might injure her.

MR. BULKELEY—Well, take the letter, but whatever you state about the case, let it be brief and without any coloring. The *Chronicle* has misstated the testimony given by that mate of the *Pelican*. He did not say that he ever saw plaintiff with Minnie Warren. He said that Kitty Pell, another actress, and Miss Ingols were together at the steamer. Every one tells me that Lizzie Ingolls is a kind, noble girl, and it is an outrage to publicly defame her. The man who will slander a woman should have his tongue pulled out by the roots. Miss Ingolls has never played or been engaged in any but a first-class theater. She told me to-day that the alleged statements of Vance in the *Chronicle* were entirely false, and his own letters to her proved it. [The Reporter thought so too.]

Here our interview was interrupted by the entrance of some clients and we left.

LOST ARTS AND LOST WORKS.

At a coterie of literary people, one day, the question was raised, which of known lost things would be most desirable to have restored? An historian suggested the missing volumes of Livy; a bibliophile with large views the restoration of the Alexandrian Library. A discussion arose as to whether it ever existed, and if ever it did, whether it was worth anything. The first proposition was decided in the negative, which settled the second question. A politician wished a complete report of Bolingbroke's speeches, a faded beauty the secret of Ninon L'Enclos; an astronomer looked for the lost Chaldean tables, a geographer for the map of Holland ere her lands were reclaimed from the sea, but a quiet, lady-like looking woman, who had hitherto remained silent, said that the most popular work that could be restored would be that mentioned by Diodorus Siculus, called "The theory of dress from the earliest ages." The book is not extant, but the theory is exemplified at the City of Paris (Ville de Paris). Nothing can be in better taste and composed of better materials than the dresses they import from France. They have in effect restored the lost work.

HAIL TO THE CHIEF!

We are always in the secret, whatever it may be, and this time have to chronicle a coming event of a very pleasant nature. This evening a little surprise party will assemble for the purpose of offering a handsome testimonial to the incoming Chief of Police. It consists of an enamelled gold shield, manufactured by Kohler & Ritter of Merchant street. The shield is surmounted by an eagle of gold, the eye of which is a fine ruby. From the bill depends a ribbon, bearing the word "Vigilant." In the center of the shield is a radiant star on which is an eye, the pupil of which is represented by a diamond, weighing upwards of a carat. Above and below the star are the words "Chief of Police," in diamonds, and on either side of the shield, an engraved wreath of oak and laurel. The whole is a practical testimonial of esteem to Chief Cockrill from a number of our leading merchants. As a work of art, it deserves to rank high. The Chief reads the *News Letter*, and we are, therefore, able to gently break the pleasant intelligence to him.

The Cape Argus of Oct. 4th says: "We received three photographs, 'natural size,' of the two nuggets mentioned by us last week—one of which photo's is to be seen at our office. The actual weight of these nuggets is 16½ ozs. 17½ dwts. respectively." Another African paper of later date says in corroboration: "We have reassuring news again from the goldfields. We have now photographs of the nuggets. 'The Emma,' 16½ ozs., and 'The Adeline,' 22 ozs. 17½ dwts. We have a report of another of 20 ozs., and Mr. Slater assures the Manager of the Gold Co. that he has seen one found during the last week weighing 30 ozs., and a party here has received authentic information of one of 4 lbs. weight."

Vol. 4. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR DECEMBER, 1873, No. 3.
Will be Issued about DECEMBER THIRTEENTH, containing a Splendid Cabinet Photograph, with Biographical Memoir, of
PROFESSOR PARAF,
THE INVENTOR OF "OLEOMARGARINE."
For Sale by all News Dealers. Offices, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.---Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, NOV. 29, 1873. No. 44.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California Chinese Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper

GOLD BARS—890@875—SILVER BARS—3@6 ℔ ct. discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 91@91¼. Mexican Dollars, par, old; par, new. Trade Dollar, 1 per ct. dis.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¼ per ct. for Gold; Currency, 8⅝@8¾. On London, Bankers 49¾@49⅞; Commercial, 51@51¼; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, Nov. 28, at 3 P. M., 109¾. Latest price of Sterling, 107@107¾

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO.......................Nov. 28, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1st, 7-8	104	105	National Gold B'k & Trust Co	120	125
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1864	99	100	Oakland 10s	105	107
U S Bonds 5-20s 1862	99	100	Spring Valley Water Co	89½	89¾
Legal Tender Notes	91¼	91	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	42
California State Bonds, 7s '57	97½	100	Central Railroad Company	35	40
S F City Bonds, '55	[illegible]	—	N B and Mission R R Co	50	52½
S F City and Co Bonds 6s	90	95	Front St, M and O R R Co	20	[illegible]
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co	70	75
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M Ins Co	75	80
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co	87	90
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	96	Union Insurance Co	85	90
Santa Clara Bonds, 7s	90	93	Pacific Bank	91	91
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	—	The Bank of California	—	120
San Francisco Gas Light Co	88½	90	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	105

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers cor California and Leidesdorff streets

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

California Street presents its usual life and animation. Stock sharps and monied men generally have no occasion for fault finding. All legitimate business demands for money are promptly accomodated by our banks and banking institutions. Yesterday was our semi-monthly Collection day, and payments were generally made with accustomed promptness. Our exemption from failures during the three months panic at the East goes to show the beauty of our currency. A valued contemporary says, in its issue of yesterday, that "the almost complete exemption of California from the financial distress which has borne so heavily on the Eastern States was undoubtedly due to her steadfast refusal to deal in paper money. Never before has there been so complete an opportunity to exhibit the contrast between a community which deals only in gold and silver and gold notes redeemable at sight, and one which traffics in half a dozen different styles of currency, each of which has a value disagreeing with the others, and of a fluctuating, unreliable character. The recent rise in the price of gold furnishes no trustworthy indication of the actual difference between that metal and legal tender notes. Events are always occurring of which speculators avail themselves to raise or depress the gold premium. Immediately succeeding the recent panic there was a terrible shrinkage in values, supplemented by heavy remittances of gold from England, in payment of our domestic products, and the two acted in combination to lower the price of gold. It was at once inferred that we were reaching a condition which would authorize an early return to the resumption of specie payments; but, the brutal conduct of the Spanish authorities in Cuba gave a sudden turn to the situation, and sent the gold premium kiting. Inasmuch as the results of the panic furnished no reliable criterion for the actual difference between gold and legal tenders, so the rebound, under the possible contingency of war with Spain, gives no satisfactory proof of what that difference may really be. We must seach for some other measure of values besides the sudden rise or fall in the gold premium.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

San Francisco, Nov. 28th, 1873.—During the last ten days there has been considerable inquiry for wools, and some small transactions at about old quotations. Good wools are most in demand; Burry and Defective being much neglected. The tone of Eastern correspondence is improved, although business continues light. We quote Choice, 19@20c, Average, 14@17c; Burry, 10@12½c.

WATT & MCLENNAN, Wool Com'n Merchants, 625 Sansome st, S. F.

BEERBOHM'S TELEGRAM.

London and Liverpool, Nov. 28, 1873—1 P. M.—Floating cargoes, strong. Cargoes on passage and for shipment, still. Mark Lane, firmer. Wheat, per 500 lbs, shipments for orders, 65s 6d. On Passage, 65s 6d. English Country Markets, firmer. French Country Markets, steady. California White Wheat per cental, 13s. 6d. @13s 9d. Liverpool Wheat Spot, active. Everything has an upward tendency in price.

A Permanent Paragraphic Advertisement, Respectfully Dedicated to the Spring Valley Water Works.

A Miner's Inch of Water is about twenty-thousand gallons. The usual Price for an Inch of Water in the mines is ten cents. The Spring Valley Company sells water in large quantites at seventy-five cents per thousand gallons, or at fifteen dollars seventy-five cents per inch—which is one hundred and fifty-seven times the price which miners pay. Furnished in small quantities to housekeepers, the Company charges from thirty to fifty dollars an inch—five hundred times the miner's rates. IGNOTUS.

Oleomargarine.—This new article of Butter is now being openly manufactured in this city. The novelty of the invention calls forth much curiosity from citizens desirous of testing its relative merits. Seeing is believing, and all who visit the manufactory on Sansome street are surprised at the neatness and simplicity of the operation. Cleanliness is next to godliness.—Then this Butter surely ought to be the *best* in the market. Let all prejudice be removed by going to see the ingredients from which it is made. Clean Suet from fat beef cattle, purified seven times by fire and then churned with good sweet milk from the dairy, gives now per day 1,000 pounds of choice family Butter at 35c. In a few weeks 5,000 pounds per day will be turned out, at an expense, or rather, cost, of 12½c per pound. The profit is now large; all the Stearine product is sold to the candle dealers. Just remember that for 70c you can buy a two-pound roll of this choice Butter, while $1 25 is the price of ordinary, or rather choice old-fashioned made Butter. There have been over one million pounds of this article sold, which have given universal satisfaction. In New York two large establishments are fitted up for 20,000 pounds per day. Massachusetts, New Jersey, Maryland, etc., are in full blast of success. California is now in a condition, with its Oleomargarine Butter, to defy ranches, dealers, marketmen, and to supply the market with a Butter good in quality and easy in price.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, November 28, 1873.—Gold opened at 109¾; 11 A. M. at 109⅝; 3 P. M. at 109¾. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 108⅞; 1867, 115. Sterling Exchange, 107¾@108¼. Pacific Mail, 33¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 20. Wheat, $1 73@$1 80 quiet. Pork, 14½, dull. Cotton 16½. Hides, dry, 23¼@24, green, 18, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 38@$1 40, fair demand. Winter Bleached, $1 63@1 70; Whale, quiet, 55@65c quiet. Winter Bleached, 66@70c. Wool—Spring, fine, 25@33c., Burry, 20@27c; Pulled 35@50c. Fall Clips, 20@25c, Burry, 16@20c. LONDON, Nov 28.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 13s. 4d.@13s 6d. Club, 13s.@13s 6d @14s. United States Bonds, 91. Consols, 92⅛@92¼, ac, 92⅝.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, November 3d, 1873. Wm Norris and wife, D O Mills and family, Wm M Lent and family, General J F Miller and family, Mrs Thos Sunderland and family, A E Head and family, Mrs C J Hillyer and family, C F McDermott and family, O W Main, C F Fargo, Frank Cunningham, H M Heuston and family, Mrs I W Ladd, Theo Bogie and family.

Cars for Clay Street Hill Railroad.—The Kimball Manufacturing Company are just delivering the last instalment of cars on their contract with Clay Street Railroad for ten cars and six "dummies." The beauty of finish and complete appointments of these cars attract much attention, and reflect great credit on the manufacturers.

The following are the dimensions of the Church of St. Peter's, at Rome, the largest gospel shop in the world: Length, 607 feet; width, 396 feet; hight to top of cross, 448 feet. Expense of building, $48,000,000. Covers 8 acres. Costs $30,000 annually to keep it in repair. It took 178 years to build it.

We are very happy to greet and welcome the arrival of our old friend, Robert Rodgers, of Liverpool, formerly of this city. He arrived here overland on the evening of the 26th inst. In connection with the above, we expect some further announcement next week.

The Japanese are delighted with their paper schemes. Within a few months the Dai Jo-kan, or Supreme Council, has issued $48,000,000 worth of paper; and subsequently the Mim-bu-sho, or Department of the Interior, has been commissioned to issue $7,500,000 more.

The Cape Argus of Oct. 4th says: "Mr C. Eckard, of Dasslesfontein, passed through Richmond the other day with sixty-two young ostriches in a buggy." [Were they eggs, or was the buggy a wagon?]

Four ocean steamers will leave this port to-day, as follows: *Ajax* for Portland, *Senator* for San Luis Obispo and way ports, *Ventura* for Santa Barbara and adjacent ports, and *Salinas* for Santa Cruz.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

THE ANGEL OF PAIN.

BY SAXE HOLM.

Angel of Pain, I think thy face
Will be, in all the heavenly place,
The sweetest face that I shall see,
And swiftest face to smile on me.
All other angels fail and tire,
Joy wearies, and forsakes desire,
Hope face to face with Fate,
And dies because it cannot wait,
And Love eats short each loving day,
Because fond hearts cannot obey
That subtlest law which measures bliss
By what it is content to miss.
But thou, O loving, faithful Pain—
Hated, reproached, rejected, slain—
Dost only closer cling and bless
In sweeter, stronger steadfastness.
Dear, patient angel, to thine own
Thou comest, and art never known
Till late, in some lone twilight place
The light of thy transfigured face
Sudden shines out, and, speechless, they
Know they have walked with Christ all day.

SAN FRANCISCO AS IT IS.

It is always interesting to hear what other people have to say of us, even if their remarks are not altogether of a flattering nature. This reason alone would be sufficient to warrant us printing the following, but when to it are added the extraction of the extract being from a work published by the respectable English firm of Longmans, Green & Co., and the general justice of the observations, we think this chapter on "'Frisco as It Is," may safely be inserted in the *News Letter* as something superior to the general run of wayside pencillings. The writer says:

I cannot speak very favorably of the architecture of the city. Around the old adobe church of the Mission Dolores many of the old clay houses still remain, bearing the marks of a century. The dwellings are not generally elegant, and stately mansions are rare. Small, one story, three-roomed houses are occupied by the people. Recently some fine private houses have been erected, but all seem very unhomelike in their exterior appointments. The public buildings are so out of proportion, that they exhibit no architectural beauty. House-builders seem to have accepted the situation—that every October the earth *will* quake, and that masonry *will* crack, and ceilings and chimneys *will* fall; hence they have sacrificed taste to a style which they call "earthquake proof." The great hotels—the Lick and the Grand—present long and somewhat imposing *façades*; the Occidental has the most harmonious front, but is considered too high for that "peculiar institution," an earthquake. The newer buildings are of wood; and all are covered with ornaments to such an extent that they become often very repulsive. The structure which the Bank of California has erected for its offices, although neither large nor pretentious, is, to my eye, the best specimen of graceful and classical architecture. The Treasury Building of stone, in the Doric style, has just been completed, and compares favorably with the Government buildings of other cities. The new City Hall is not far enough advanced to decide its merits, although the plans show a very elaborate but still very ornate design.

The churches in their architecture are not as a whole pleasing. Several new ones, among them Dr. Stone's on Post-street, are fair in their proportions, but there is in them all a lack of harmonious blending of materials used, and in the adjustments of the lines of gables, windows, and doors. The Episcopal church is almost only in its appearance. Calvary is better, but has the look of an opera-house. The church which the lamented Starr King designed, and in which his society still worship, has a pleasing and harmonious Gothic front. This edifice also in its interior finish and arrangements shows the cultivated taste, as well as the wisdom, of its architect. Just outside this church, within the little yard, separated from the street by an iron fence, beneath the shade of a Monterey cypress, is the sarcophagus which holds the cherished dust of Starr King. New England gave of her best when she sent this eloquent divine, in the trying hours of need, to the Pacific. He infused his own life and teachings into a people who now hold his name in honor, and revere his memory, telling their children of him whom they loved so well. This done his mission seemed ended. The memory of his life and his recorded utterances remain a perpetual legacy to the people of the state of his adoption as well as to those among whom his labors began.

In riding about San Francisco, one is amazed with the luxuriance of foliage and blooms which are seen in the gardens. Hedges made with the fish geranium, fuchsias trained against the house reaching above the windows, or in a tree, with stem four inches in diameter, the century plant in full bloom, the heartsease, pelargonium, and the choicest pinks, all growing out of door without protection, such are some of the sights. There is a lack of shade-trees along the streets, but in the garden I saw the pepper-tree, with its delicately-fashioned leaves, the cypress, with its feathery foliage, the eucalyptus, from Australia, which grows very fast, and is said to rival in size the sequoia (of which species are the "big trees" of California), the fig, the several varieties of palm, and choice evergreens, the arborvitæ, the cedars, and many other trees, all growing in luxuriance. As there are no grasses indigenous to this region, much difficulty has been found in making lawns, but some of the southern grasses, like Kentucky red-top, the Timothy, together with the white clover, have been made to grow upon prepared soil, with constant irrigation; for even here a windmill is almost as common, and certainly as useful, as in Stockton. The lawns, however, are not like those which give to the English places their special charm. As you look at these plants and trees, growing the year round, it seems that they must be tired, and need a Northern winter to sleep away a part of the year.

The schools I found much better than could have been expected. By the kindness of the superintendent, I was enabled to visit several of them. The scholars are much farther advanced at the same age than with us. They excel in the languages. We found children of ten or twelve years speaking quite fluently French and German, and those, too, who hear only English at home. They show great talent for the drama. In the rendering of selections from the authors, they not only spoke well, but acted well and brought into play accessories in costume and furniture in a manner creditable to an Eastern Amateur Dramatic Society. Much prominence is given to instruction in instrumental and vocal music.

There is in the city but very little manufacturing of any kind. The Mission Woolen Mills are now, by the union with the Pacific Mills and by using Chinese labor, enabled to keep their machines running. The market being so limited, they are forced to produce a great variety of fabrics, among which the "Mission blanket" is justly celebrated the world over. Some few shoe-factories are carried on with Chinese labor, as described we, but little more, and Chicago—now so near, since the railroad was completed—is made to supply what the city ought to produce within itself. The click of machinery, the hum of the loom, and the puff of the steam-engine, are all lacking, which make Eastern cities so full of life, and which tell that within our workshops are being fashioned the most curiously-formed products, both useful and ornamental, which other States will need in exchange for the farm products and cattle.

As is well known, California, unwisely, as it seems to us, and now, to very many of her people, refused a paper currency, and has to this day used only gold and silver. That they are now learning that a paper note, when duly honored, is more convenient for use than coin, is at last acknowledged by the bankers and merchants in the demand for a national gold bank, which has recently been established, and whose issues, in lieu of coin, are eagerly sought for by the people. The smallest piece of money used, after the early custom of using gold-dust ceased, was an old nine-pence (twelve and one-half cents), which was always called a "bit." A quarter of a dollar was a "two-bit piece," a half dollar a "four-bit piece," etc. Now that this coin has departed, and the nomenclature as well as practice remains, a great difficulty is experienced. If you buy anything for a "bit," and hand a quarter of a dollar in payment, they return ten cents in change, which would be, as they say, "taking the long bit," the "short bit" being a dime. A person who tenders a dime for a "bit" is stamped as a mean man, and is avoided; so, what is demanded is, that you should try to pay about equally *long* and *short*. No nickels are seen, and very few silver half-dimes. The leading bankers, I think, are now satisfied that it would have been better to have adopted our common currency, and if this State had done so, the difference between gold and greenbacks would have been long ago made up by the general confidence in our paper. I discover two reasons which determined the course: first as the people had always been accustomed to gold coin, never having used paper currency, it was a difficult matter to effect a change; and secondly, it must be said, although I regret it, that there was a large and very influential minority who were favorable to the South during the late civil war, and averse to the use of the "war issue" of currency.

The Bank of California is the leading financial institution, wielding an immense influence, and presided over by Mills and Ralston so ably that it has the confidence of the entire financial world.

The street cars are of all sorts and sizes—two-horse cars, four-horse cars, and one-horse cars; and the prices for riding in these conveyances vary, like the cars, from three cents up to seven cents. As there is little small silver and no cents in use, the passenger is forced to accept tickets in settlement of the balance of the dime (ten cents), which he has presented the conductor, for his ride. The consequence is, that, after you have been in "Frisco" a few days, you have a collection of car tickets, which, for variety in shape, color and printing, cannot be surpassed. The roads do not generally exchange; but the three-cent line takes a seven-cent ticket of any other company. How the people submit to such inconvenience it is hard to say; but I suppose a horse-railroad company is substantially of the same *genus* in "Frisco" that it is in—say Boston.

"Fighting the Tiger" is the phrase used for gambling. In the early days of the city, all the people spent their nights around the gaming table, and with the miners, even although they have become rich, the love of Faro remains. There are in the city numerous dens where you can lose your money almost surely, although Californians boast of their "square game." What was once done openly is now carried on in defiance of law. With the old population gaming is a passion, and they stake their money with that reckless ease which is born of becoming suddenly rich, and with the numerous placers in gold mines still undrawn. Admittance to a Faro Bank is easily obtained, and as a warning, in nearly all the dens you will see hanging upon the wall a tiger's head with open jaw, ready to seize his prey. Once having "bearded the lion," they say this becomes only a pleasing picture—a wall decoration.—"*The Atlantic to the Pacific*," *by J. F. Lester* (*Longmans*.)

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May 7th, 1873, 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 187 , and bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund. The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,2[illegible] as ascertained and settled by decree final on the 14th day of November, 187

The property liable under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion disposed of at a former sale, leaving to be provided for by the sale of Bonds the sum of $ [illegible]. Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders where the bids are at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer. WM. ALVORD, Mayor, MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor,
May 10. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

LONG LOOKED FOR COME AT LAST.

The Universal Microscope.—The best low-priced Microscope ever made, exceedingly useful for examining flowers, insects and minute objects, detecting counterfeit money, and disclosing the wonders of the microscopic world. It is adapted to the use of Physicians, Teachers, Students and the Family Circle. Requires no focal adjustment, and can therefore be readily used by any person. Other microscopes of no greater power cost $3 each and upwards, and are so difficult to understand that none but a scientific man can use them. The Universal gives satisfaction. One single Microscope will be sent carefully packed, by mail, on receipt of $1. Agents wanted everywhere. Address,
Oct. 25. D. L. STAPLES & CO., Allen, Michigan.

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the Best Whisky in the United States. March 19.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS. Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGINGS, and GLAZIERS, No. 511 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agri- CULTURAL IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS, August 16. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 24.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

O. W. GILBERT.] GILBERT & MOORE, [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Sales- room, 319 Bush street. Factory 445 Brannan street. Feb 1.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the favorite Wines from the celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina Tehama County, is now permanently located at 4.8 and 10 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE,
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Doney's Brick Building Santa Rosa. June 15.

AGARD, FOULKES & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, 412 Front street, San Fran- cisco, California. Jan. 4.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co., Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hodges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co., Thomas Torrel, Wayte, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange, Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner, Ed Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanarchith & Fils; Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society, Martin, Dyre & Co, Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres, Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Boersen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co, A. Willard, Esq., James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Tait roth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhall.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co., Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co; Rothschilds; Bank of London, Baring Bros & Co; Delisy, Davies & Co, F'k Antle, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co; Alsop & Co., Hoth, Grunning & Co., Bates, Stokes & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, E. Kendall, Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Calas Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pastal, Fillis & Co; Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumner & Co., McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Lelechman & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; O. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimerman, Fair & Co.

THE PRIEST'S HEART.

It was Sir John, the fair young priest,
He strode up off the strand,
But seven fisher maidens he left behind,
All dancing hand in hand.

He came unto the wise-wife's house:
"Now, mother, to prove your art,
To charm May Carleton's merry blue eyes
Out of a young man's heart."

"My son, you went for a holy man,
Whose heart was set on high,
Go sing in your psalter, and read in your books;
Man's love flits lightly by."

"I had lever to talk with May Carleton,
Than with all the saints in heaven;
I had lever to sit by May Carleton
Than climb the spheres seven.

"I have watched and fasted, early and late,
I have prayed to all above,
But I find no cure save churchyard mould,
For the pain which men call love."

"Now heaven forfend that ill grow worse
Enough that ill be ill
I know of a spell to draw May Carleton,
And bend her to your will."

"If thou didst that which thou canst not do,
Wise woman though thou be,
I would run and run till I buried myself
In the surge of yonder sea.

"Scatheless for me are maid and wife,
And scatheless shall they bide,
Yet charm me May Carleton's eyes from the heart
That aches in my left side."

She charmed him with the white witchcraft,
She charmed him with the black,
But he turned his fair young face to the wall,
Till she heard his heart-strings crack.

—*Canon Kingsley, in Macmillan's Magazine.*

Mr. Spurgeon, in the *Sword and Trowel* for October, writes:—As elections are very numerous just now, it is to be hoped that no Nonconformist will vote for any man who is not pledged to the disestablishment of the Anglican Church. Liberal and Tory alike are useless to us if they will not do this much for us. When evangelic truth was preached from her pulpits we might be quiet, but now that on all sides images are set up in her churches, and full-blown Popery is preached to her pulpits, we are bound to demand that she shall no longer be the national church. Let those who approve of ritual and mummeries pay for them themselves, and have the credit of them, but to say this synagogue of heresies at the door of us all, as our own national Church, is abominable.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending Nov. 25, 1873.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
J Hagarty to N & J Gallagher	Oakland: 12..6x95.2 se corner Telegraph and Laurel	$1,750
P Thomson to H Althof	Same: W line Filbert 100 s for West 10th street thence s 75x125	3,000
W Bryan to T Sargent	Same: 195x150 ne cor Harrison and 8th	1,2[illegible]
P S Wilcox to C H Bradley	Same: 7?x125 se cor Brush and 13th	6,300
T Hartwig to M Freiberg	Same: S line 8th st 47 6 w from Webster to ... w 37 6x75	700
M A Reilly to A Miller	Same: West line Webster 506 n from 14th street thence n 100x150	8,000
R A Loomis to B N Bayhlsclch	Same: Lots 34 and 35 Academy Rd	1,300
R C Alden to E J Crane	Same: 87.6x125 e cor 12th and Brush	2,000
J C & E Coleman to W H Norton	Same: E line Louise 100 s from 28th st thence s 100x115	600
C A Kose to J Eaton	Same: E line Harrison 102½ n from 12th st, th n 75x150	1,400
E M Hall to H E Hitchcock	Same: W line Frank 100 n from Hir-... line thence n 50x150	1,875
T Cleary to A Baker	Same: N line 5th st 75 e from Jefferson th e 50x100	Gift
J Cassidy to Daly & Ward	Same: S line West of 13th st 208 w from Kirkham th w 62x110	5
J Bauman to J Frey	Same: 52x101.9 nw cor Kirkham and 15th sts	500
J Kraney to M Ryan	East Oakland: Sw line Madison 100 nw from San Francisco, nw 50x140	1,250
H Haynes to Board of Education	Same: 200x200 Madison, Clay, Monroe and Taylor	9,000
A Gineosis to L Larne	Same: Lot Walker, Adams & Commerce	250
A & P Harmon to J N Omstead	Same: So line Taylor 100 sw from Madison, th sw 50x120	3,200
F Lehnig to L Gottig	West Oakland: 151:2x75:4 se corner of Goss and Bay	3,140
E B Mastick to O P R R Co	Alameda: Tract s by Railroad Avenue, e by Prospect	2,000
F D Atherton to J H Wisener	Near Haywood: 61 acres and 177 acres	2,938
J Naran to Duffy & Farrell	6 miles ne from Livermore 160 acres	2,500
A Bauma to Habernig & Ohlsen	5 miles nw from Dublin: 160 acres	3,000
A D Spilvalo to N P Holmes	Livermore: Block 20	600
Same to N Milovick	Same: Lot 5 in blk 19	100
Same to P Callaghan	Same: Lot 2 in blk 11	100
H M Teague to N Melovich	Same: Lot 9 in blk 19	325
C Murphy to A Kane	Washington Tp: 10 acres Alameda Ck	2,700
S W Levy to F Mandall	Near Haywood: 6 acres San Lorenzo Ck	1,100
A Enos to J S Foot	Near Alvarado: 8 acres	1,180
J Fielding to W Mayes	San Leandro: Lot on Watkin's st	400
P Silveria to J J Silveria	Same: ½ acre	850
F D Atherton to M Callano	San Lorenzo: 4 acres	1,000
J Davis to J H Davis	Brooklyn Tp: 17 acres San Leandro Ck	Gift
J D Farwell to Pacific Cordage Co	Same: 100x147 at Melrose	25
L G Brague to G W Harris	Oak and Tp: 13 acres part of plot 14	15,000
Thos Cull to B Meacham	Same: 100 Alcatraz Ave x 200	400
H Linden to S J Beebe	Same: Lots 9 and 23 Linden Rd Tract	1,100
T S T Goepp	Same: Lot 5 in blk 1 T S & H Tract	500

Reported by G. W. McKRAND, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Nov. 25.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

GEORGE W. McKRAND, (who is properly qualified by Profes- sional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records), office Adjoining the COURT HOUSE, EAST OAKLAND, Reference fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately opposite the Court House. Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. Sept. 14.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution AGAINST FRAUD.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammuni- tion, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps, Chemically prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges, for Pin-fire and Central-fire Breech-loading Guns, Wire Cartridges for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. 1.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion, in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules; Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatine, in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected; Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son were the only British manufacturers for a long time; a perfect and economical substitute for isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Brockett & Hughes; Umballa and Meean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Col- lis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best and most certain remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London: "So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. To prevent fraud the Government have sanctioned a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 1s 1½d, 2s 9d, and 4s 6d, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK: ASPINWALL, William street. F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE."

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as 'Household Words.'" Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s. 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B. A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. "SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S LOZENGES, CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, form and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.
Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & CO., corner Battery and Clay sts, San Francisco.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are pre- pared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 15.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Cornell Watch Company, Carter, Hawkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Company, Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry. Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 1.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

A Hint from Mr. Ruskin.—The art students of Mansfield Mechanics' Institute [illegible] taken [illegible] by Mr. Ruskin at the Duke of St. Alban's and they ought to be very much the better for the advice [illegible]. Here is a specimen from Mr. Ruskin's brief letter: "You think you are going to do better things, each of you, than Titian or Phidias, write better than Virgil, think more wisely than Solomon. My good young people, this is an [illegible] that could pass into your empty [illegible] of heads. There is no one in any room you who can ever be great in anything. To be greater than the greatest that have been [illegible], perhaps, to [illegible] in Europe in the course of the [illegible] centuries. But because you cannot be Handel or Mozart, is that any reason why you should not learn to sing "God save the Queen" properly, when you have a mind to? Because a girl cannot be *prima donna* in the Italian Opera, is it any reason that she should not learn to play a [illegible] for her brothers and sisters in good time, or [illegible] little time for her tired mother, or that she should not [illegible] to please herself, among the dew, on a May morning?" So precious [illegible] of course, should not be lost.

The women are catching it hard in all quarters on the score of extravagance. [illegible] texts at them [illegible] jokes at their bonnets and [illegible]. The papers print all manner of [illegible] about their ruinous and spend-thrift ways; and now even the German journals have taken the matter up, and dish out whole columns of homilies [illegible] for the female readers. [illegible] this thing is rather overdone. [illegible] that woman has but one pet weakness, while man has a whole family of them, and that for every dollar she throws away on [illegible] wastes ten on cigars, champagne, fancy [illegible], cards, theatres, clubs, and other things of the sort, there is rather more talk than there is [illegible], and we all know a world is made out of [illegible] breath are worse than empty. Three-quarters of the extravagance of [illegible] to happen to be of the masculine gender, and three-quarters of the extravagance of women of which we hear so much is of masculine origin. [illegible] the facts of the case it would be rather more becoming if some of our masculine censors prated less and economized more. An ounce of practice is worth a pound of preaching any time.

A meeting of the Royal Mail Steam Company was held on the 22d ultimo, when the directors' report was adopted, and an interim dividend was declared in accordance therewith. The report stated that, owing to the heavy cost of coals, the increase in the expenditure has exceeded the growth of the receipts, and that the surplus on the working account is consequently less by £27,079 than for the first half of the year 1872. The directors, however, are able to advert [illegible] to the [illegible] state of the insurance account, through the careful navigation of the fleet, and an immunity from disaster. The balance on the 30th of June was £2[illegible], but although [illegible] the [illegible] sum, it will be matter for consideration at the end of the financial year whether in consequence of the increased number of vessels employed, and the great rise in the cost of iron ships, it will not be desirable to retain a larger amount. In the interim the directors feel justified in recommending a dividend of £2 10s. per share as a [illegible] for the half year, and from the insurance account a bonus of £1 15s. per share, making in all £4 per share.

Handsome People.—Handsome men and women, when they are tolerably [illegible] with brains, [illegible] the least [illegible] section of humanity. For handsome people have no need to [illegible] about the [illegible] of dress [illegible] the [illegible] because it is [illegible] in fact, to throw over their own faces and figures at all. Society only calls dressing well [illegible] a duty to society, but it is a duty very easily performed by handsome people. It is the [illegible] with a rough [illegible] and rounded [illegible], who finds [illegible] arrangement a severe duty, and who in despair [illegible] which is the most [illegible] starting point [illegible]. And by some [illegible] the [illegible] of the other sex, who study [illegible] and patronize [illegible] private [illegible] whiskers, and have quarrels with their tailors, and by [illegible] regard [illegible] looking glasses and urge, and owning the [illegible] deficiencies about their [illegible] good points.

At the meeting of the St. Pancras Board of Guardians it was stated that one of the inmates was the Hon. Miss Eyre, an old lady of 80. She was a sister of [illegible], of Dublin, and a [illegible] of these celebrated [illegible]. She had never been married, and at one time possessed considerable wealth, and, as curious [illegible] in her possession proved, she was visited by large numbers of the aristocracy, [illegible] of the old [illegible] family. She had, however, got into bad hands and was ruined. Her relations had settled £[illegible] a year upon her, but even that [illegible] had been robbed of, and several notes were abstracted [illegible] forth [illegible] her box as a [illegible]. As a means of protection she had been sent into the workhouse, and [illegible] desired that the surplus of the £[illegible] after paying for her maintenance should be taken care of to give her a decent, and not a pauper burial. The matter was referred to the Vestry Committee.

The Belgian Government has recently ordered securely locked letter boxes to be placed in all the insane asylums of the country, public or private, in such a position where they will be easily accessible to all the inmates. They are designated "*Lettres M. [illegible]*" to allow complaints of [illegible] to be made to the authorities in a way independent of any of the officers or attendants. No one connected with the [illegible] can have access to them. They are in charge of the Procureur du Roi of the district, and the letters which they contain are taken to him weekly for examination. The complaints made are [illegible] and if any one assert that he is sane, he is [illegible] to be examined by medical experts. Abuses are corrected. The system exerts a wholesome influence, and tends to secure proper management in all its details.

Strange Death in a Graveyard.—A woman has died under extraordinary circumstances at Auckland, Australia. Her body was found lying in a half nude state in the Cemetery, most of her clothes having been taken off and laid by her side. Her shawl had been folded up and laid under her head like a pillow. It was found from a *post mortem* examination of the body that the woman had died from the effects of [illegible] and exposure. [illegible] must have undressed herself and laid down [illegible] she was getting into bed.

Technical Education for Housebreakers.—An ex-convict discharged the [illegible] a first offence [illegible] asked, "Before I entered —— Convict Prison I knew nothing of burglary, now I [illegible] easily break into any house in London, and I know the [illegible] where to obtain the [illegible] for the purpose, all of which I learned from my fellow prisoners." And yet it is [illegible] that nothing is done in this country for "technical education."—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

In the course of a sermon recently preached on behalf of a fund for the widows of [illegible], the Bishop of Manchester turned the [illegible] of his brethren who are party to [illegible]. Dr. Fraser [illegible] that [illegible] as [illegible] among the clergy, and [illegible] the doctrine that such [illegible] as that of which he complained is nothing less than a great crime.

Costa Rica is chiefly taken up with her railroad schemes. Congress has approved the new contracts to enable the contractor, Harry Meiggs, to extend the railroad to the [illegible], which the old contract did not provide for. The price of $[illegible] for construction of the part from Port Limon to Alajuela would leave the contractor with a loss, but the acceptance of the new contract would enable him to make it up.

The German Government announces semi-officially that the emigration, particularly from the eastern provinces, has decreased this year.

Coal in large quantities is said to have been found at the South African diamond fields.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies:

Girard, of Philadelphia,	$[illegible]
Amazon, [illegible]	[illegible] Kansas of Leavenworth, [illegible]
North Missouri, of St. Louis	[illegible] Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago [illegible]
St Paul, [illegible] Minnesota	[illegible] National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia 1,[illegible]
Mutual Insurance Association, of New [illegible]	

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.
HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents,
August 9. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. [illegible] Officers: John H. Redington, President; [illegible] Ward, Vice-President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. D. [illegible], Marine Secretary; H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. Directors—San Francisco: [illegible] ... P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, D. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, [illegible] ... —[illegible] Watt, Robert Watt, Nevada. T. W. [illegible] Feb 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE—UNION INS CO OF S. F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash Capital $750,000 in Gold. [illegible] ... San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, [illegible] W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, L. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph [illegible] ... GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. [illegible] KITTLE, Vice-President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their Offices to No. 2[illegible] California street, in Tucker's New Bank Building, Northeast corner [illegible] and [illegible] streets, San Francisco. This Company [illegible] A GENERAL FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE [illegible] ... C. W. KELLOGG, President.
[illegible], Secretary. May 3.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Etna Insurance Com-pany [illegible] from [illegible] California and [illegible] to [illegible] North Merchants' Exchange Building. [illegible] ... $5,[illegible], and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire [illegible].
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov 21.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets [illegible] Nine Million Dollars. The law of Massachusetts makes all its [illegible] ... This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent.
April 23.] N. E. cor. Clay and Sansome [illegible], [illegible] the Bank of California.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants. No. 13 Merch Exchange. [illegible] ... Company. Office, 13 Merchants' Exchange [illegible] ... MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.
Jan 29

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $8,750,000. Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,[illegible]. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
Jan [illegible] No. [illegible] California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policy-holders of this Company are not only [illegible] by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in [illegible] Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8 No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 408 San-some street, San Francisco. Nov 15.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island [illegible] ... W. H. HENDERSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 3[illegible] California street, San Francisco. Nov 15.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the News Letter in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 1.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street over Bank of California. Nov 15.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells Fargo & Co.'s, Main street, Los Angeles. June 12.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce, Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman, C. [illegible]
New Zealand—Wellington, Ed. [illegible] Smith, Agent. Nelson, [illegible], Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alliança.
Odessa—Rafal[illegible] & Co., C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson, Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co., Martin Dyce & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Robert Towns & Co., Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Landa, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stamuls & Co; "Free Presse."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co., Alsop & Co., Wm. Gibbs & Co., Bath, Grating & Co., Graham Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia, Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co., Jardine, Matheson & Co., Dent & Co., Russell & Co., Augustine Heard & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathieson & Co., F. Beall, W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

Belgium—Consul-General—S. [illegible], Grand Hotel, [illegible] Street, N. W. cor. Broadway and [illegible].
Chili—Consul-General—F. [illegible], U. S. Court Building. Consul—H. Farrow, [illegible] Montgomery street.
Denmark—Consul—C. O'Hara Taaffe, [illegible] California street.
Ecuador—Consul—[illegible] Wolff. Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
France—Consul-General—Ed. [illegible], cor. Jackson and [illegible] st.
Great Britain—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
Guatemala—Consul-General—[illegible] Hanke, [illegible].
German Empire—[illegible] C. Putzenberg, 317 Sacramento.
Greece—Consul—N. J. Kabath, [illegible] California & Sansome.
Hawaiian Islands—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front.
Honduras—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
Italy—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 02 Washington street.
Japan—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Acting Consul—[illegible].
Mexico—Consul—[illegible], [illegible] street.
Netherlands—Consul—J. De Fremery, [illegible] Sansome street.
Nicaragua—Consul-General—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery st.
Costa Rica—Consul-General—[illegible], S. W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
Peru—Consul-General—F. de la [illegible].
Portugal—Consul—[illegible]. Vice-Consul—H. Halley, Swiss American Bank.
Spain—Consul—Camilo Martin, 42[illegible] California street.
Sweden and Norway—Consul—C. O'Hara Taaffe, California.
Russia—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, [illegible] Battery street.
Bolivia—Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
U. S. of Colombia—Consul—R. Morales, 10 Washington st.
Turkey—Consul—Geo. W. Gibbs, 25 Battery street.
Argentine Republic—Consul—G. Baum, 310 Battery street.
Switzerland—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss American Bank.
Austrian Empire—[illegible] Consul de [illegible] street.
San Salvador—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

THE LAST SUPPER.

[BY JOAQUIN MILLER.]

What song sang the Twelve with the Saviour
When finished the sacrament wine?
Were they bowed and subdued in behaviour,
Or bold as made bold with a sign?

Were the hairy breasts strong and defiant?
Were the naked arms brawny and strong?
Were the bearded lips lifted reliant,
Thrust forth, and full, sturdy with song?

What sang they? What sweet song of Zion,
With Christ in their midst like a crown?
While here sat Saint Peter, the lion,
And there, like a lamb, with head down,

Sat St. John, with his silken and raven
Rich hair on his shoulders, and eyes
Lifting up to the faces unshaven
Like a sensitive child in surprise.

Was the song as strong fishermen swinging
Their nets, full of hope, to the sea?
Or low, like the ripple-wave, singing
Sea-songs on their loved Galilee?

Were they sad with foreshadows of sorrows,
Like the birds that sing low when the breeze
Is tiptoe with a tale of to-morrows
Of earthquakes and sinking of seas?

Ah! soft was their song as the waves are
That fall in low musical moans;
And sad I should say as the winds are
That blow by the white gravestones.

THE END OF THE WORLD.

We do not doubt for a moment the religious honesty of the small company of people who have been for a [illegible] encamped on an island in the Connecticut river, waiting for the end of the world, and the advent of the Son of Man. Through these crisp November days and nights, the men and women at this encampment—a few score of watchers all told—have been holding themselves in readiness for the great event, and gazing wistfully up into heaven, during the hours of sunshine and the hours of starlight, to see if they could discern the signs of His approach. They have passed their time in praying, singing hymns, and all sorts of religious exercises, assured that the day of their translation was at hand. Their study of the prophetic Scriptures had led them to believe that the 5th of the present month or Wednesday of last week, was the day appointed for the consummation of all things. Most people are familiar with the way in which these Second Adventists interpret the prophecies of Daniel, and the visions of the Apocalypse. Most people have heard or read their theories of the "days" and "times" and "beasts" and "kingdoms" and "Mystery of Babylon." They are certainly very ingenious, and often to [illegible] there seems a sort of plausibility about their ideas. But they are evidently mistaken in their calculations, and their method of interpretation. A hundred times within the last half century, they have figured out the precise date and circumstances of the end. As many times they have been in error. On the present occasion, they were sure, beyond the possibility of doubt, that they had got at the truth. They knew that the 5th of November would see the heavens open, and the Lord God come down to set up his millennial kingdom on this earth. It was an awful day for them, and they waited [illegible] of awe. But it passed, [illegible] days. And when it had gone they decided that they had made a slight error in their calculations, but that the Day of Judgment would certainly, in any event, arrive before the close of the present year. It is very easy to laugh at these people, and ridicule them, as some of the papers have been doing. It is easy to say that they must be fools and fanatics, or knaves and schemers. We say none of these things. But we do say that they have sorely mistaken, and do entirely mistake, the prophecies of the Bible. We also say that they do not advance the cause of religion, but injure it. We further say that they should, hereafter, approach the prophecies in a reasonable spirit, and that they must speak with less assurance about things which are among the Divine mysteries, which must be very apparent to all that the only event which "The Second Adventists" desired or sought to commemorate on the 5th day of November was Guy Fawkes day, a day in the old country always commemorated by school boys as the only one day never to be forgotten when "Guy" was caught with a dark lantern in the cellar beneath the House of Commons, with every preparation of 1,100 barrels of gunpowder ready, as the leader of the gunpowder plot to blow up the King, Lords, and Commons to a height which would have brought about a Roman hierarchy to rule the kingdom.

THE POPE AND THE KAISER.

Germany is still much exercised by the correspondence between the Emperor William and Pius IX. The Emperor so far has much the better of the argument, and the Pope has only given one more proof of his ignorance and presumption. But we confess we are utterly unable to understand the condition of rage into which the Germans have lashed themselves about this Papal Letter, and we cannot help suspecting that the press, in continuing to make such a fuss about it, is merely obeying a hint from Prince Bismarck to pile up the agony. It is absolutely necessary for that statesman to persuade his countrymen and Europe generally that there is internecine war between the Vatican and Germany, and that the Papacy is struggling and conspiring to rend Germany in pieces, in order to justify the amazingly stringent and despotic legislation which has been passed against the Roman Catholic [illegible]. Archbishop Manning has [illegible] taking up the defence of his Episcopal brethren on the Continent; and had he only been more discriminating, he might have made a successful point or two against the Ecclesiastical Laws recently passed at Berlin. We confess it seems to us a tremendous stretch of the rights of the State, such as should be resorted to only in the direst extremities, to insist that bishops shall neither appoint, suspend, nor remove priests without the assent of the civil power; but we cannot allow that it is either unreasonable or unjust to demand that all young men intended for the ministry should receive a [illegible] to pass a portion of their curriculum at a national university. Naturally, however, the State wishes to prove that it is wrong, that the Church is wrong, and [illegible] tries to make as much noise and keep up as much [illegible] as possible. That terrible champion of Rome, Archbishop Ledochowski, has once more been fined for fresh disregard of the new laws. Bishop Kott['s] death leaves a vacancy at Fulda, and it is expected that the filling of it will afford room for another pretty quarrel between Rome and Berlin.

A correspondent wishes to know who are the principal shippers of Wheat from San Francisco this season. [illegible], there have been one hundred and eight cargoes of Wheat and Flour cleared for Europe since July 1st. Of these, E. E. Morgan's Sons cleared the largest number, say 21; Makin & Hubbick, 18; Dickson, De Wolf & Co., 16; Macfarlane, [illegible] & Co., 1[illegible]; Hodgers & Meyers, 9; Balfour, Guthrie, & Co., 8; Kasmir & [illegible], 8; N. [illegible] Bosch, 7; R. B. Irwin & Co., [illegible]; [illegible], William T. Coleman, 1; Farmers' Co-operative Union, 2; and the following houses each one cargo: Henry Lund, A. E. Sabatie & Co., R. [illegible] & Co., Parrott & Co., O'Hara Taaffe and Starr Brothers & Campbell. The two cargoes cleared by the Farmers' Co-operative Union were sold before leaving port, one to Golden & [illegible], Meyerke & Co. and the other to Falkner & Bell, and one of the cargoes cleared by E. E. Morgan's Sons was sold to N. Ten Bosch before the vessel had finished loading. With these and other trivial corrections the figures given represent the whole number of cargoes cleared by the respective houses. This is the first season E. E. Morgan's Sons to [illegible] through the house has long been established in New York. The season so far has been a poor one for shippers, and considerable money has already been lost, chiefly on vessels chartered to arrive.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cash-ier. AGENTS—In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, No. 2 Pine street; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. The Bank has Agencies at Virginia City, [illegible] ... Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw Direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Locarno, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. Sept 23.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, S. K. Masten. DIRECTORS—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. Hooker, M. P. Jones, James Moffitt, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, D. Callaghan, Samuel Hort.
NEW YORK AGENTS: Duncan, Sherman & Co.
BOSTON AGENTS: Blackstone National Bank.
LONDON AGENTS: [illegible]. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available [illegible] ... collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rates of Exchange. May 4.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Guarantee Capital, $200,000.—Office 520 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. [illegible] ... loans on Real Estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest. DIRECTORS—[illegible] Gottig, [illegible] Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler, Dan. Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, [illegible], [illegible] Eggers.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb 1] [illegible] GOTTIG, President.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED.)

412 California st., San Francisco.—London Office, 3 Angel Court; New York Agents, J. W. Seligman & Co., 21 Broad street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000. Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange and Bullion, loan Money, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world. F. F. LOW, IGN. STEINHART, Managers.
Oct 4.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lin-coln; Secretary, S. L. Abbot, Jr.; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office, No. [illegible] Sansome street (Hayward's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct 11.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $100,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposits. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Prest. Wm. H. Culver, Vice President, R. T. Graves, Secretary. May 15.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collaterals at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manilla, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 1.

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTURING CO

Would respectfully inform the public that they are now prepared to supply the market with the best quality of

FRESH BUTTER,

In lots to suit purchasers, at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
Office and Manufactory, 405 and 407 Sansome street.
WEST EVANS, President.
HENRY PHILLIPS, General Manager.
JOHN G. BAKER, Secretary.
Nov 21.

NOTICE.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City Hall, San Francisco, Nov. 14, 1873. The Report of the Board of Public Works in the matter of the OPENING OF MONTGOMERY AVENUE having, on the [illegible] day of November, 1873, been finally approved and [illegible] by the County Court of the city and county of San Francisco, notice is hereby given, that the said Board is now prepared to deliver MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS to all persons for damages awarded to them in amounts equal to the damages awarded for lands taken and improvements thereon. WM. ALVORD,
H. S. TIBBEY, Secretary. [Nov. 21.] President of the Board of Public Works.

CUTTING & CO.,

PACKERS AND DEALERS IN
CANNED SALMON.

Manufactory: Columbia River, Oregon. Office and Salesroom—415 Front street,
Nov. 22. San Francisco.

TAXES! TAXES!—1873-74

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Assessment Book of the Taxable Property of the City and County of San Francisco (REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY) for the Fiscal Year 1873-74 has this day been received, that the State, City and County Taxes for said Fiscal Year are now due and payable at the office of the undersigned (Room No. 1 City Hall), and that the laws in regard to their collection will be strictly enforced. Taxes will become Delinquent on the FIRST MONDAY in January, 1874, and unless paid prior thereto, five per cent. will be added to the amount thereof. A. AUSTIN,
Nov. 1. Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

JAMES GILBERT HURLE.

If James Gilbert Hurle, of Dundee, Engineer, San Francisco, Cal., or his widow, or children (if any) will communicate with DAVID DUNCAN, Jr., Solicitor, Dundee, Scotland, they will receive payment of the legacy left Mr. Hurle by his brother; and any one furnishing Mr. Duncan with authentic information of the death or present residence of Mr. Hurle or any other of the above parties will be suitably rewarded. Nov 22.

FOR SALE.

BEST IMPORTED HAVANA CIGARS,

Of the famous brand of Bock & Co., Havana. La Regalia Reina; La Regalia [illegible], La Regalia Especial, La Regalia Rosa Flor, La Regalia [illegible] Principe, [illegible]. In lots to suit. Duty paid.
Nov 22. GIESENBERGER, [illegible] & CO., 10[illegible] California street.

WIDENING OF OLD SAN JOSE ROAD

From Twenty-third to Twenty-sixth street, in the City and County of San Francisco.

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Report and As-sessment in the matter of the widening of the Old San Jose Road from Twenty-third to Twenty-sixth street, has this day been placed in my hands for collection. Assessments thereon are now due and payable. ALEX. AUSTIN,
Nov. 22. Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

SULLIVAN, KELLY & CO.,

Importers and dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass, Etc., 101, 103 and 105 Front street, corner Pine, San Francisco. Nov. 22.

THANKSGIVING.

A mandate from our magistrate
Now runs throughout our golden State,
It bids us bow our heads and pray,
To banish merriment away,
And solemn keep Thanksgiving Day,
With reverence meek and low

Great Bullion heard the solemn swells
Of melody from morning bells,
And as their music fill'd the air,
He laughed in his luxurious lair,
And mocked at offering a prayer
Where it would make no show.

He drew the rich lace curtains wide;
The morning sun, in all its pride,
Poured in his mellow light again,
Through many a variegated stain,
That decked each gorgeous window pane
With all the rainbow dyes.

Old Bullion gazed with fond delight,
His thirsty soul drank in the sight —
Not of the sunbeam's golden ray,
His eager eye glanced on the bay,
Where his proud ships at anchor lay,
Then on the bank across the way,
Where his heart's idol lies.

"Give thanks!" quoth Bullion, "thanks to whom?"
He glanced around the gorgeous room,
Where avarice, with its serpent coil,
Entwined in its folds the spoil
Wrung from the needy sons of toil,
Till dire starvation came.

"I'll thank myself," proud Bullion cries.
"Fools worship myths beyond the skies,
My faith lies in my subtle brain;
I bend the knee to golden gain,
I wreck not of the thousands slain
By famine's scorching flame.

But now I'll to the house of prayer,
And in their hollow worship share;
We'll keep the toiling millions' eyes
Fixed on their home beyond the skies,
For in our bright example lies
The source of all our wealth.

And while their mental sight grows dim
By gazing on the cherubim—
While wrapt in sweet religious trance,
Their whole soul in the heavenward glance,
Be watchful, Bullion, there's your chance
To take their all by stealth."

The rich man's carriage rolled away,
Where knaves and fools and bigots pray,
The knaves go there to use the fools,
The bigots claim their doctrine's rules,
While Bullion laughs, they're all his tools
To keep his coffers full.

He reached the consecrated pile—
He softly trod the holy aisle,
Then stepped within the cushioned pew,
And, ever to his training true,
Over his eyes he gently drew
The soft religious wool.

"Give thanks to God!" the preacher said.
Old Bullion meekly bowed his head,
And echoed in a solemn tone
Each accent of the bleeding moan,
While in his eye the teardrop shone,
Like dew upon a flower.

How well old Bullion wears the mask!
The church of him no questions ask—
Each member feels the power of gold,
Each hath the other bought and sold;
Religion's car hath ever rolled
On golden wheels to power.

The day's sad mockery is o'er,
The servile sexton tends the door,
He flings the ponderous portal wide—
The lesser schemers stand aside
Before great Bullion's heavy stride;
None dare to cross his path.

The great man's sweet benignant smile
Threw sunshine o'er the holy aisle;
But now his visage wears a frown,
His pious eyes, in gazing down,
Fell on a woman of the town,
Who raised old Bullion's wrath.

She meekly raised her feeble voice—
She barred his way, he had no choice,
But must this fallen creature meet,
Who asked for alms upon the street,
With fury Bullion's bosom beat
To hear the wanton's words.

From her pale lips the sad sound fell:
"I loved not wisely, but too well.
I will not here the tale unfold,
How thou hast triumphed with thy gold,
How I, by thy vile serpent lured,
Was charmed like other birds.

I will not brand thy pious brow
With my soul's degradation now,
I'm ill and starving. All I crave,
In my dark passage to the grave,
That thou wilt raise thine arm to save
Our child from fate like mine."

High swelled the rich man's haughty pride;
He thrust the fallen wretch aside,
And then, with mingled shame and fear,
Beckoned a policeman near,
And bade him from his pathway clear,
This sore to eyes divine.

That night old Bullion could not sleep,
Dark fancies wound around him creep,
He strove to fix his scheming brain
Upon his heaps of glittering gain,
His tenant thoughts would not remain
Long on the stolen store.

They ever seemed to turn his gaze
Where a pale light shone through the haze,
Whose mellow radiance, soft and warm,
Enveloped one pale female form,
Who show'd the wreck of many a storm
On life's tempestuous shore.

Old Bullion saw, with soul aghast,
Roll up the long forgotten past;
He heard a low voice gently say:
"You thrust my worn-out form away,
My soul hath left its worthless clay,
And now comes back to thee.

"Thy bolts and bars and granite walls
Shall no more keep me from thy halls;
I enter with the viewless air.
I come to claim a father's care
For my poor child his rightful share,
Which was denied to me.

"Behold," she cried, "the lovely scene,
The wildwood with its mantle green,
Summer still paints the hill and lea
With flowers; but never more for me,
My sun set in a stormy sea,
Where waves of Lethe roll.

"My wreck lies on Life's haunted isle,
Its shore is strewn for many a mile
With forms of those who spread their sail
Before the breath of passion's gale
I listened to a traitor's tale,
Who my heart's jewel stole.

"I little dreamed that Summer day,
When you among the blossoms lay
To rest you from the noon day heat,
A serpent lurked in my retreat.
You vowed your bosom only beat
With purest love for me.

"Enough! What boots it now to tell
The why I trusted, how I fell!
You came with treachery's cunning power,
Fondled the blossom for an hour,
Then cast aside the withered flower
On Time's remorseless sea.

"False heart. Time brings a demon here
To haunt thee through each coming year.
I leave the demon age with thee!
His breath shall blight thy threshold tree.
Thy dim eye shall no longer see
The God thou hast worshipped here

"Time numbs the sense and chills the brain,
And wracks thy shrivelled limbs with pain,
The eagles thou hast loved so long
Have sung to thee their farewell song.
No magic can their strain prolong
To greet thy dull ear

"I see a darkly rolling wave,
That bears thee onward to the grave;
Thy proud soul trembles at the thought
That all thy wealth so dearly bought,
And heart's ambition comes to naught,
And thou must feed the worm.

"No future hope gleams in thine eye;
Thou'st made thy bed, now on it lie.
Die sordid soul, die all alone,
Let the dark angels claim their own.
Reap the full harvest, thou hast sown
On earth the poisoned germ."

Yours, thankfully,
THE OAKS, November, 1873. THE PARSON.

CUI BONO?

Turkeys were abundant on Thursday. Little boys ran through the streets, like Scrooge's messenger, bearing over sized gobblers in every conceivable attitude. Roast turkey was obtainable in all the restaurants—for a consideration—and one enterprising saloon-keeper procured the bones of some gigantic feathered biped, over which he benignantly presided, gravely assuring the numerous applicants for free lunch that he had just helped the last of it away, and inquiring with an interest that was quite aggravating why they had not come sooner. N. B.—This is from observation, and not experience, of course. Turkey raffles were advertised in various gin mills, but conducted or with what success, was not apparent to the uninitiated. Alas for the departed glories of the day! Would that the muse who inspired in Elia his lofty thoughts on "roast pork" could likewise infuse into this pen a power to portray the vanished delights of roast turkey. Thanksgiving Day seems now chiefly celebrated by a universal hecatomb of innocent and fat-fed birds. It is a painful commentary on the lust and avarice of man, and his constant disposition to convert his religion to his own enjoyment. Why not? He would be a greater fool if he didn't. One is inclined to inquire with regard to pious matters, as with regard to secular, Cui bono?

BELLA UNION THEATER

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; J. Zimmer, Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, November 29, and till further notice. Extra attraction. First week of the great Song and Dance Men Moore and Bray. Will be produced in addition to the sparkling catalogue of specialties the laughable sketches of "After Night," "Lady of Lyons," "Select," "Dol Mason," and the "Happy Couple." Our Quartette of Fun—Matt Kelly, Charley Nickerson, Tommy Rice and Tommy Dayton, appear nightly. Dutch Fred is excellent—"Barney's Bumblers." Carroll and Fritz are still the wonder of their admirers in their startling feats. Miss Jennie Johnson's splendid singing continues to win golden opinions from all sorts of folks. The popular Male and Female Minstrels every evening. A new and sensational Drama, in four acts, entitled TOM BELL, THE HIGHWAYMAN OF CALIFORNIA, will be produced Friday Evening, Dec. 5th, in which will be introduced a quartz mill in active operation, grand mountain scenes, Chinese mining camp, robbing the stage on the road, and many other startling and thrilling effects. Nov 29.

PLATT'S MUSIC HALL.

Monday Evening, December 1st, Verdi's Grand Opera, Un Ballo IN MASCHERA will be given, for the BENEFIT OF THE ITALIAN HOSPITAL, tendered by the following artists who have kindly volunteered: Conductor, Sig. A. Spalina. Amelia, Signora Ida Visconti; Oscar, Mme Agatha States; Ulrica, Sig.na G. Bianchi; Ricardo, Sig. P. Bacceli; Renato, Sig. C. Orlandini; Iago, Sig. E. Iago; Tom, Mons. Charles Silvara; Sig. Farbacelata. A powerful Chorus, who have also volunteered, and an efficient Orchestra. Tickets—to Lower [illegible] reserved seats, 50 cents extra. Boxes, $10, $... and $5. Box Office open at the Hall on Saturday and Monday. Nov 29.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; R. G. Marsh, Stage Manager.—Every Evening and Saturday. After-noon, MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS: In First Part, Songs, Jokes, Choruses, etc., by Messrs. ..., Montague, Sweatnam, Manning, Lewis, Charles, and others. The Finished and Exquisite ELLA WESNER. WELLS and RICE, the Marked Comedians. "The Four Spaniards," Wells, Rice, Little Mac, Reed, Randall, Montague. "Secrets Exploded," Sweatnam, Manning, Reed. The Inimitable Ella Wesner in her famous Songs. "Snyder's Court," shop, Welch and Rice. To conclude with Bourbon and Jinks. Nov 29.

OPERA HOUSE

Bush St., between Kearny and Montgomery.—Overwhelming Success in this beautiful Temple of Music, of the SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE KEES Opera Bouffe, Burlesque and Comedy Troupe.—Matinee at 2 o'clock.—This Evening, Nov. 29th, BARBE BLEU. Monday Evening, Dec. 1st—Complimentary Benefit to JOHN HOWSON, upon which occasion will be presented the beautiful English Opera, entitled THE BOHEMIAN GIRL. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Gallery, 50 cents. Nov. 29.

CALIFORNIA THEATER

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager; Barton Hill, Acting Manager. Saturday Matinee, Nov. 29, at 2 o'clock—LANCASHIRE LASS. Saturday Evening—Benefit of T. J. French (Treasurer)—THE THREE GUARDSMEN. Monday Evening, Dec. 1, First production of a new drama of powerful interest, by H. C. Dunter, Esq., entitled CUBA, OR, OUR FLAG. Due notice will be given of the production of Goldsmith's SHE STOOPS TO CONQUER and Sheridan's Comedy of THE RIVALS. Nov. 29.

ST ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

Eleventh Anniversary Banquet, at the Lick House, on Monday Evening, Dec. 1, 1873, commencing at 6½ o'clock. Tickets—Five Dollars. To be had of the Committee, or at Anderson & Irving's, 219 Montgomery st. [Nov. 29.

JAPAN TEAS

Just received, a fresh consignment of our

FINE T—|—C TEAS.
W
& CO.

in half chests and small boxes (flowered and lacquered), to which we invite the attention of the trade. [Nov 29.] WM. T. COLEMAN & CO

TO TAXPAYERS

The delay, confusion and annoyance experienced by you during the last week or two prior to Taxes becoming delinquent is occasioned by your own procrastination in procuring your Tax Bills. To avoid this, forward to the office with form ... of your property, which can be done through the Post-office, if more convenient, and your bills will be made out and ready for you when you call, or, if you so request, sent to your address. The a... [illegible] ... bills, and, if found correct, enclose check drawn to order, and when so received, receipted bills will be returned to you. By doing this you will greatly facilitate business in the Tax Collector's office and save your own time. Until further notice, the office will be open to receive Taxes EVERY SATURDAY EVENING, from 7 until 9 o'clock, for the convenience of those whose time is occupied during the day. Taxes remaining unpaid on the FIRST MONDAY IN JANUARY next will be delinquent, and five per cent, in accordance with law, will be added thereto.
Respectfully,
A. AUSTIN, Tax Collector.
San Francisco, Nov 24, 1873. Nov 29

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Ajax, E. Holles, Commander, will leave Folsom street wharf, for the above port, on SATURDAY, Nov 29, at 12 o'clock M. (Nov 29.) WM NORRIS, Agent

FOR PORTLAND.

The A 1 Clipper-Schooner Hera, J. G. Miller, Master, will receive freight at Folsom street Wharf, and sail for the above port on SATURDAY, the 29th inst. For freight apply to JESSE HOLLADAY,
Nov 29. 2__ Sansome street

P. W. VAN REYNEGOM. JNO. H. DICKINSON.

VAN REYNEGOM & DICKINSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, 502 Montgomery st., cor. Sacramento (Rooms 12 and 13), San Francisco. Nov. 8.

A. L. SANBORN.] W. A. BYRNES.

SANBORN & BYRNES,

Stair Builders and Turners, Mechanics' Mill, Mission street, bet. First and Fremont, San Francisco. All kinds of Plain and Fancy Turning, Circular, Band, and Scroll Sawing. Orders from the Country for Stair Material promptly attended to. Nov 22.

$10 TO $20 PER DAY

Agents wanted everywhere. Particulars free. A. H. Blair & Co., St. Louis, Mo. Nov 22.

FOR BRIGHT'S DISEASE

Try Bethesda Spring Mineral Water. Sure Cure. Depot, No. 230 Sutter street. Nov 29.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Jackson street Wharf, at 2:30 P.M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at ... A.M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at ... P.M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.
For all information apply at the Company's office, 420 Montgomery street.
May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO,

Jan 4 No. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco

KENNEDY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,
French Cassimeres
and Beavers.
—ALSO—
Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, of gentility made, and fashionable garments. May 21

Stuart Seldon Wright.
ATTORNEY
AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW
OFFICES:
Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., upstairs.
Aug 9

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries.

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔ ℔	50@	55
Cheese, Cal	20@	25
Honey	20@	25
Eggs, ℔ doz	40	50
Lard, ℔ ℔	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔ ℔	16@	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔ ℔	2@	4
Lima Beans, ℔ ℔	6@	
Tomatoes, ℔ ℔	3@	4
Onions, ℔ ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ℔ ℔	2½@	4
Pumpkins, ℔ ℔	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	15
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	10@	15
Celery, ℔ doz	75@1	00
Beets, ℔ doz b	20@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b	[illegible]	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	[illegible]	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	[illegible]	25
Green Peas, ℔ ℔	6@	8
String Beans, ℔ ℔	6@	8
Apples, ℔ ℔	5@	8
Pears, ℔ ℔	5@	10
Peaches, ℔ ℔	6@	15
Pine Apples, each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔ ℔	12½@	25
Do new, ℔ ℔	8@	12
Oranges, ℔ doz	50	75
Lemons, ℔ 100	@1	50
Limes, ℔ doz	25@	
Chickens, each	75@1	00
Quail, ℔ doz	@1	50
Turkeys, ℔ ℔	20@	25
Geese, ℔ pair	@3	00
Ducks, ℔ pair	1 25@2	00
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	[illegible]	40
Oysters, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Clams, ℔ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔ ℔	15@	18
Salmon, fresh, ℔ ℔	10@	
Codfish, ℔ ℔	15@	15
Rockfish, ℔ ℔	5@	12
Smelts, ℔ ℔	10@	15
Tomcod, ℔ ℔	12@	
Sturgeon, ℔ ℔	12@	18
Flounders, ℔ ℔	25@	
Halibut, ℔ ℔	30@	50
Perch, ℔ ℔	5@	
Shrimps, ℔ ℔	10@	12
Anchovies, ℔ ℔	5@	8
Soles, ℔ ℔	20@	50

E. S. TIBBEY,
Stock Broker,
No. 6 LEIDESDORFF ST
Aug 9

H. F. Williams & Co.,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
ROOM 20,
STEVENSON'S BUILDING,
S. E. CORNER CORNER OF
California and Mont. sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO
Aug 23.

BIZ.

We have had a little cloud burst from the City of the Saints, from which we conclude that financial affairs are not altogether lovely in that burgh where Brigham Young holds his sway. It appears that Zion's Co-operative Mercantile Institution of Salt Lake is in trouble. Their indebtedness is *one million* in *greenbacks*, the great bulk of which is owing to Eastern creditors, leaving a bare $100,000 to be arranged for on this coast. The complaint is that there is a scarcity of currency in Utah, and that being the case, the *Saints* appeals to the *Gentiles* to come to their relief. They ask not for a compromise, but for an extension of four, six and eight months upon the face of their indebtedness. This extension came was quite unexpected to our merchants, and though it will be cheerfully granted, it must rest the unswerving faith in the Mormons' wealth. "*The Church United*" ought to be a tower of strength even in *Mormondom*, but we fear that they are but mortals, and like others of the race, look out for the main chance.

Commercial affairs are not—usually at this season of the year—very brisk, and the present is no exception to the general rule. *Imports* are free, and *Exports* of considerable importance. *Whalers* are now here in force, refitting for another cruise. Some fifteen or more vessels of the fleet have entered this port during the past month, bringing 116,000 lbs Whalebone and 12,900 bbls Whale Oil, and upwards of 12,000 lbs Ivory. We believe the price fixed for settlement with the men was, for Oil, 40c.; Bone, 75 a 80c. The owners of these New England whale ships are, many of them, in this city, arranging for the reshipment of their Oil East. The Whalebone goes mostly to Liverpool. The amount of Bread, Flour, Beef, Pork, etc., required for the season's outfit of the whalers is quite a little item of expenditure among our merchant traders, and scatters also considerable money among longshoremen.

The markets for Imports have not been tested severely by buyers during the current week. The Jobbers, however, have been busy executing interior orders with fair demand meeting a good local trade demand. Coals have not largely been dealt in. The Steamers have ceased their supplies for a season. Anthracite $19 50 a $1 for West end, Scotch and English Steam, $1 , Lehigh and West Hartley, $16 a $17 50, Cumberland, $2 , $2 , Bellingham Bay and Mount Diablo Black Diamond, $8 50, and Coos Bay $11. Coffee is unchanged in value, Kona, 21c; Central American, 20@22c, O. G. Java, 30c. Chemicals are in more liberal stock, with considerable sales of Caustic Soda, to arrive, at 7 to 8c. Candles are in good demand, the holidays calling for Sperm and Wax to some extent, while Adamantines rule from 12 to 18c, with a good demand. Grant's continue the favorite among miners.

Dry Goods, particularly domestic Cottons, have of late declined not a little, out of sympathy with lessened Eastern cost, as the result of the panic on the other side of the continent where such houses as Stewart's, Claflin's, Opdyke's, etc., are offering to sell their millions of stocks at greatly reduced prices for cash. Overland supplies of these goods are now reaching us in quantities, and must be sold, for the fashions will soon change.

Fish are plentiful, and our exports of Salmon to the United Kingdom steadily augmenting. Cod are in good supply, both from the Atlantic and Pacific.

Fruits are plentiful. Oranges from La Paz, Strawberries in profusion from our own gardens.

Case Goods are very abundant including Fruits and Vegetables, Jams, Jellies, etc., while much is being done in Dried Fruits of superior quality by the new patent Alden Process. Raisins, Almonds and Walnuts, as well as Figs, Grapes, etc., from our own orchards.

Furs and Skins from Kodiac, etc., continue to arrive and go East over and in bond for the London market. The Alaska Commercial Company is reaping rich returns—fat takes—from their exclusive trade on the North Coast.

The Metal dealers have at length combined and raised by combination the price of bar, bundle and band iron some ½ a ¾c per ℔. Rolling rates for standard, 5c for bar, 6c for band. Pig Iron is dull and nominal. Banca Tin slabs sell for 38 to 40c per ℔.

Oils are sluggish and prices unchanged for all sorts except Petroleum, which has been advanced to 32½c for Downer's, Day 32 and other outside brands, 30a 35c. Pratt's Devoe's, at Hayward's Depot, remain unchanged. This brilliant oil sells at 37c, 38 a 39c for the three styles of cans.

A new Meat Packing House has been incorporated here by Dieterich and three of the leading Front street provision houses. Capital, $250,000. Death to the Hogs now. The market for Eastern Sugar Cured Hams is depressed and prices dropped to 13 a 14c for the best. Bacon and Lard are less affected by Eastern supplies. Butter and Cheese of choice quality continue to rule high.

Quicksilver still rules at $1 50, with a scant stock, far short of the demand.

The stock of Rice is now about 15,250,000 lbs. Of this over 10,000,000 lbs. is China, 1,450,000 lbs Patna, 1,750,000 lbs Siam, Japan, 620,000 lbs, Hawaiian, 300,000 lbs. Price, 6 a 6½c for Siam and China, best Table, 7 a 8c, Japan, 4½c.

Spirits, Alcohol and California Neutral have each and all been advanced by local distillers 5c per gallon. Three extra Cologne Spirits, $1 25, Pure Spirits, No. 1, $1 20, do, No. 2, $1 15, Alcohol per wine gallon, $2, all to the trade. There is no change to be noted in French Brandies, Holland Gin, or Jamaica Rum. But Whiskies generally are the tone dearer. There is, however, no change to be noted in the price of G. D. Blakes Rye and Bourbon, nor in that of J. H. Cutter's Superior Old Kentucky Bourbon. These Whiskies continue to command the market, and, therefore, many attempts are made to palm off a spurious brand of Cutter Whiskey, well calculated to deceive the unwary.

Our Breadstuff Export trade is steadily augmenting. From July 1st to November 27th, 1873, 210,125 bbls Flour, 3,542,725 ctls Wheat, same time 1872, 81,842 Flour, 1,412,178 Wheat. more Flour, but less cereals of Wheat than last year, yet the aggregate value is more this year by $1,700,000. There are at this date at vessels on the Liverpool berth, all of which we hope to dispatch by the 1st of January next. We annex the comparison of shipments to the United Kingdom:

	Ctls	Value
Totals since July 1st, 1873, 117 vessels	3,540,034	$5,730,211
147 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	4,30[illegible]	7,15[illegible]
21 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	571,574	1,4[illegible]
55 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	2,418,31	4,641,074
165 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	12,905,720	6,051,884

In addition to the Wheat given above, several large cargoes of Flour have been shipped this season to the United Kingdom. The price of shipping extra Flour is $5 50 a 6 75, the mill price for city made, mills dressed family and baker's Flour, like the Golden Age, Golden Gate and Vallejo Starr Mills at $6 75 a 7. This is also the jobbing price of Saxon Mills and Imperial Mills, Oregon. Wheat commands $2 25 a 2 30 ℔ ctl., Barley, $1 45 a 1 65 for feed and brewing, Oats, $1 50 a 1 85 ℔ ctl. Rye, $1 80 a 1 85, Corn, $1 55 a 1 60 ℔ ctl, Hay, $15 a 20 ℔ ton; Bran, $20 ℔ ton.

Hides move off sluggishly, while leather has declined one cent per pound. Tallow is in active request by the candle and other factories.

Our retail markets abound with Winter Apples, Pears, etc., in all their beauty and splendor, Oranges from La Paz and Tahiti, while our own gardens at San Jose furnish us with delicious Strawberries, grown in the open air. This is pretty good for the last of November.

Sugars.—The market for Refined is unchanged, say 11⅞@11¾c for all descriptions of White, Yellow Coffee, 9½c. Hawaiian Grocery Grades are becoming low in stock, and prices are the trade are, say 8¾@9½c.

Teas are more active. The Great Republic adds 3,633 pkgs to our stock, and for first cargoes ... 9,627 pkgs to go over the Central Pacific. It is more than probable that Congress will in January next reinstate the tax of 15c on this staple, hence the improved feeling.

Loupe & Haas.—It will be remembered that some weeks since we noted that this prominent wholesale grocery house had bought a site, corner Front and Sacramento streets, intending thereon to erect a fine store for their own accommodation. Since then, John Parrott, Esq., has finished his elegant and costly block on California street, corner of Davis street. This property has been leased by Loupe & Haas, they having resold their valuable site on Front street to John Parrott. We presume the exchange is agreeable to all parties, for already Loupe & Haas have removed to this new block and taken quiet possession of stores Nos. 100 and 102 California street. They have a splendid stock of groceries, and are besides large importers of Eastern goods.

Tobaccos have been sold through the auction rooms at low prices. The season's jobbing trade has, however, been eminently satisfactory to all leading houses in the business.

Wines from France, other than Clarets, are neglected. Champagnes are giving place to the Native product from Gerke's Vineyard. The local demand for Landsberger & Co.'s superior Sparkling is continued. We have now to notice the Champagnes made here by F. Schilling & Co., the quality and flavor of these Sparkling Wines are to be commended, being fully equal, if not superior, to any Native Wines yet manufactured in the United States. We quote the same Fleur de Vigne, quarts, $12, pints, $14, Sparkling Muscatel, quarts, $14; pints, $16 per case.

COWAN & CO., Paper Makers, Edinburgh. Diploma of Honor, Vienna. MILLER & RICHARDS, Type Founders, Edinburgh, A. B. FLEMING & CO., Ink Manufacturers, Edinburgh. Highest Medal, Vienna. ELLIS READ, Agent,
Nov. 8. Office, 412 Pine street, San Francisco.

CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED)
FOR HONGKONG VIA YOKOHAMA.

The magnificent new Clyde built screw Steamship Vasco de Gama, class 100 A 1 at Lloyd's, 2,... tons register, 2,500 horse power effective, F. Rice, Commander. This fast and powerful vessel, the first of the fleet of the "Old China Trans-Pacific Steamship Co., Limited"—will leave as above about the 20th January, 1874. She has been built expressly for this service between this port and Japan, and is fitted up most luxuriantly, with all the latest improvements for the comfort and safety of the passengers. The steamship carries an experienced Surgeon and Stewardess. For freight or passage apply to
Nov 1. MACONDRAY & CO., Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street

FOR COLORODO RIVER, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The Steamer Newbern, William Metzger, Master, will sail for the above ports on ... at 12 o'clock, noon, from Vallejo street Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamers and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the River. The usual bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. No freight received for Mexican Ports after 3 P. M. of the ... inst., and bills of lading for those ports must be accompanied by Custom-house and consular clearances. For freight or passage apply to
Oct. 4. E. NORTON, Agent, 16 Front street.

FOR GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

Regular Steamship Line to Mexican Ports, sailing every twenty days.—Freight at Reduced Rates. The favorite Steamer NEWBERN, Wm. Metzger, Captain, will sail from Mission street Wharf for the above ports, on SATURDAY, Nov. 15th, at 12 o'clock noon. For freight at REDUCED RATES, or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to
Oct. 18. EDWARD NORTON, Agent, 16 Front street.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and staterooms secured at office of
May 17. E. F. MORGAN'S SONS, 306 California street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamers JOHN L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and to the O. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co., through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
June 14. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde built steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Hathaway's wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 10 A.M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.20 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, fish, garden, fire ... and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free ball ...
April 20 GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House

PROPOSALS FOR BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT.

Office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, San Francisco, November 4, 1873.—Sealed proposals for furnishing and setting in place one Burglar-proof Vault, for Treasurer's office, complete, according to specifications and drawings, which are now ready and to be seen at the office of the Board, will be received up to 3 o'clock P. M. of FRIDAY, the FIFTH OF DECEMBER prox.
Nov. 8. By order of the Board. ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary

NOTICE.

Shippers to Santa Barbara and other Coast Ports, are requested not to rely on a paper called "The Guide" for information as to the movements of our vessels. See advertisement in daily papers.
Sept. 20. GOODALL, NELSON & PERKINS, Corner Clay and East sts.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general Brewing and Malting business, under the firm name and style of MERRIFIELD & ROSENER. Office and Brewery, corner of Eleventh and Folsom streets, San Francisco.
San Francisco, October 1, 1873. [Nov. 1.] E. MERRIFIELD, LEVI ROSENER.

DESIRABLE CITY RESIDENCE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Unimproved 50-vara Lot, north side California st., between Jones and Leavenworth streets. Also, unimproved 50-vara Lot, northeast corner Jackson and Steiner streets. Inquire of JAS. W. JORDAN,
Nov. 1. N. E. corner Clay and Front streets, San Francisco

TO THE COAL TRADE.

The Black Diamond Coal Mining Co. have for sale 3,000 tons best quality Wallsend and Waratah Sydney Coal. 7,200 tons Bellingham Bay Coal. And are receiving 1,000 tons per month of Black Diamond and other Mount Diablo Coal. Office—Spear street, between Folsom and Harrison.
Nov 15. P. B. CORNWALL, Prest. B. D. C. M. Co.

WANTED

A Situation as Bookkeeper, Collector, or Copyist, by one thoroughly competent, with the best of references. Address,
Nov. J. B. COKER, No. 4.. Sansome street

JAMAICA RUM,

In Quarter Casks.—30 Qr. Casks High Proof—For sale in Bond or duty paid, by [Feb 3] HOARD, FOULKES & CO., 412 Front street.

CUBA.

O ye fair stained lands of Cuba! [illegible]
Nations see your [illegible] to-day
On the [illegible] clean and shining,
By the hideous mark d [illegible]
What dumb martyred men would say

Are ye ashen [illegible] and stricken,
Of [illegible] quicken
At the [illegible] of your dead?
Can ye hear, O Cuba, crying
Of your [illegible] dying
And kneel down where they have bled!

Ye are rent with swords, brave Cuba,
Ye are [illegible] with words, poor Cuba,
From a nation's [illegible] heart,
Crimson [illegible] of roses
Where prone Liberty reposes,
Pricked to death by council's art.

Gird your loins, [illegible] Cuba,
[illegible] Cuba,
Cry aloud for [illegible] life!
[illegible] freedom
To thy succor it shall lead them
Conquerors in an holy strife.

And ye, O heroes, nobly martyred,
Not too dearly is life bartered,
Since ye died for fellow men;
[illegible] grave [illegible] ringing,
Through [illegible] are ringing,
And ye live again.

Washington, D. C. — Marie Le Baron.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

It is stated that one merchant in this city has contracted to load eighteen ships with wheat.——General M. B. Cox has been selected General Superintendent of the new line of [illegible] steamers.——The Frenchman who [illegible] from Woodward's on Sunday came down with comparative ease, receiving only a few scratches and bruises.——The [illegible] House contains 314 inmates. [illegible]——There is a report of a huge shark having been seen in the bay [illegible]——[illegible] We note with pleasure that Harry Courtaine is performing with success at San Jose. [illegible]——The Stars and Stripes [illegible] the New Mint for the first time on Thursday.——[illegible] at the [illegible] Holidays.——[illegible] of the S. P. R. R. [illegible] take place after to-morrow. The trains to San Jose [illegible] [illegible] wagons, have been [illegible] [illegible] Sunday [illegible]——Barnham Rigby has gone East to lecture on California.——Madame Anna Bishop sang during the offertory at the Trinity Church on Sunday morning.——The second [illegible] of the Oriental [illegible] at the California Theater, [illegible]——[illegible] Sunday [illegible] the Presidio [illegible] [illegible] Thanksgiving Day [illegible] Howard, with crew from the California Theater, won the race and [illegible]——Parts of [illegible] Oak and has been [illegible] San Francisco [illegible]——The P. M. S. S. [illegible] arrived on Sunday [illegible] [illegible] Prospect [illegible] [illegible] The steamer [illegible] will in future leave the city at two o'clock. No more [illegible] on Sunday.

ACTION.

Sydney Smith said of Lord John Russell, that he was one of those men who [illegible] [illegible] Market streets [illegible] California Theater [illegible] [illegible] the Stock Board [illegible] [illegible] Mechanics' [illegible] San Francisco [illegible] Palace [illegible] Market [illegible] [illegible] Sutter [illegible] Market [illegible] C. H. Peters [illegible] community. May his shadow be never the less.

We called the other evening at the [illegible] store of Messrs [illegible] Weber Pianos played on by [illegible] accompanying us. From what we heard and saw that evening we can [illegible]

OBITUARY.

The numerous friends of Wm W Chipman, Attorney-at-Law, of this city, will be grieved to learn of his unexpected and sudden death, after a most [illegible] prostrated and [illegible] without a moment's warning [illegible] upon his bed [illegible] consciousness [illegible] which knows no wakening. Mr. Chipman was born in Vermont, on the shore of Lake Champlain, where he spent his early years. He studied law with Stoddard, of Ohio, and practised for many years in Dayton in that State. Robert Schenck and T. [illegible] were his particular friends. Mr. C. came to California early in '50, [illegible] Block now stands, which was used for offices, and also opened the first reading room in California. From the first he realized fully what a grand future was before this country, and seemed to think only of great enterprises to be undertaken, and vast improvements to be made. The beautiful "Encinal" of San Antonio spoke to him of great promise, and indeed it was a question in those early times whether or no that side of the bay would not be the rendezvous and emporium of the Pacific. He accordingly made arrangements, and, together with his [illegible], Gibson [illegible], purchased the "Encinal San Antonio" in 1851. In 1852, he ran the first steamer, *Bonita*, for one month, after which he bought the *Ranger*, which he continued to run across the Bay from Alameda to San Francisco. He built a bridge across the Estuary of San Leandro and a shell road, at an expense of $[illegible] across the marsh connecting Bay Farm (or what is now known as the Island), with Alameda. But he was in advance of the times. The spirit that pervaded all the community was the power of money, and nothing was thought of improvement and enterprise. The soil of Alameda was rich [illegible] Oakland, would be [illegible] church [illegible] [illegible] grafted fruit in [illegible] [illegible] Mr. Chipman [illegible] dertook a cause, however remunerative it might be, unless he felt his client had the right on his side, and then, assured of this, he thought no obstacle too great to [illegible] [illegible] heart of hearts.

DEATH OF A PROMINENT MEXICAN.

The Santa Barbara Index and the Los Angeles Herald both mention with regret the death and burial of Jose Rodriguez, a well known citizen of Santa Barbara. [illegible] When [illegible] to Rome [illegible] [illegible] San Francisco [illegible] firm of Barron & Co., [illegible] more than half a million of dollars. His abilities as an engineer and a fondness for more active life led him to abandon this position and take charge of the surveying and location of the railroad between Vera Cruz and the City of Mexico. Subsequently he became a resident of Santa Barbara, and was the agent of Don [illegible] [illegible] His body was attended to the grave by a large concourse of friends.

Thanksgiving with the State and nation comes but once a year, and [illegible] [illegible] and their fellows look after the deserving poor, the sick and needy, the widow and the orphan, and give *them*, at least, one square meal in the year. This would be Christian charity in deed and in truth. The prisoners, are they meritorious of the service [illegible]

Answers to Correspondents.—"Art [illegible] versus war" is thanked for his [illegible] [illegible] don't even know where Spain is, and we certainly don't intend to Utiliate the antiquated aquatic fowl of the genus Anser. This is our answer.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, [illegible] Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Dec. 1—GREAT REPUBLIC, [illegible]
Dec. 16—ALASKA, [illegible]

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon every seventeenth day for Panama, and [illegible] with one of the Company's steamers from ASPINWALL FOR NEW YORK.

[illegible] MONTANA [illegible]
[illegible] ARIZONA [illegible]

All steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and [illegible] CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS [illegible]

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on [illegible]

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A.M., as follows:
MONTANA, Capt. Douglass, Monday, Dec. [illegible], Friday, Dec. [illegible], Wednesday, Dec. 24.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Tuesday, Nov. [illegible], Saturday, Dec. 6; Thursday, Dec. 18; Tuesday, Dec. 30.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT
SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO.

SENATOR, Capt. [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Freight only, including acids, oils and combustibles [illegible] ports, Monday, Dec. [illegible] at 2 P.M. [illegible]

[illegible] Pacific Mail [illegible] Company [illegible] at their Wharf [illegible] Nov. 29.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* [illegible] the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, [illegible] Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., [illegible] Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, [illegible] Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 [illegible] street, Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, [illegible] Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, [illegible] street, Bank of British North America, [illegible] Bank of Australia No. 1 Bank [illegible] Branch of Agra Bank, No. [illegible] Lane, [illegible] Bank of Sydney, [illegible] bankers, Prescott, Grote, [illegible] & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers. The City Bank, [illegible] Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. [illegible] Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Imperial Bank [illegible] Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside. Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London [illegible] Bank [illegible] Credit Foncier of Mauritius [illegible] Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., [illegible] The Jerusalem Coffee House, [illegible] Cornhill. Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank [illegible] Bedford Hotel [illegible] Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, [illegible] London [illegible] Langham Hotel, [illegible] [illegible] Elder & Company, [illegible] 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; [illegible] Sample [illegible] Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM BURLING,	President.
G W SMILEY,	Vice-President
B H COIT	Chairman
H. SCHMIEDELL,	Treasurer.
F LAWTON,	Secretary

Budd, W. C. ...[illegible] California st.
Burling & Bro., [illegible]
Higgins, W. L. ...411 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. ...509 California st.
Keene, J. R. ... 435 Calif'nia st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with L. Gla. [illegible] & Co. [illegible]
Noble, H. H. [illegible] California st.
Peckham, E. P. ...418 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. ...401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W. [illegible]

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his [illegible] streets, San Francisco. [illegible]

GEO W SHOURDS,

Engraver [illegible] the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 25.

THEATRICAL, ETC

California Theater.—On Monday evening Miss [illegible] made her *début*, it being her first appearance on any stage. Playing the part of "Julia," in the *Hunchback*, [illegible] large audience assembled. She was [illegible] with the exception of her occasionally overacting her part and the present weakness of her voice, she was admirable. The lady has a very expressive face, and it is so refreshing to see the color [illegible] We must especially commend her in her scene with "Clifford," where he calls her "Madam," [illegible] We had every reason to be well satisfied. She dressed handsomely, though her make-up was not particularly good. Of the remaining characters, Miss Walton was the best, the part of "Helen" suiting her a vast deal better than any we have seen her in before. Wm. Barry, as "Fathom," was superb, and most amusingly funny; his part could not have been improved. W. A. Mestayer, as "Master Modus," was very good, especially in the play where "he liked it, cousin Helen." "Sir Thomas Clifford" (L. Morrison) and "Master Walter" (H. Edwards [illegible] On Monday evening *Long Branch* [illegible] On Thursday and Friday, Byron's successful play of the *Lancashire Lass* was presented, and this, too, drew good houses. To-night, Mr. T. J. French's benefit, with the *Three Guardsmen*.

Opera House.—This is the last night of *Barbe Bleue*, and we take the opportunity of saying a few words on its performance. They must necessarily be few this week, for we are much crowded for space. Miss Galton plays "Boulotte," and [illegible] Miss Galton is too *petite* [illegible] [illegible] the Alchemist, than we thought possible. All the other characters were passable, but let the chorus sing never so [illegible]

Alhambra.—The minstrels this week have presented a magnificent programme [illegible] [illegible] got the jammed house [illegible] and came out in great force.

Benefits.—Monday evening, Dec. 1st, is John Howson's benefit. Simply saying [illegible] *The Three Guardsmen* [illegible] the splendid baritone and most efficient stage manager of Gray's Opera House, takes *his* benefit. We pray for a fine night and the crowd he so well deserves.

From a letter recently received by Mr. John Howson from his sister, Miss Emma Howson, now in Milan, we learn that it is the intention of Sig. Lamperti, [illegible] Opera House in Cairo, Egypt [illegible] [illegible] many friends of Miss Emma Howson with as much pleasure as we write it.

The many friends of Miss Minnie Walton, Mrs. [illegible], will be glad to [illegible] in her profession. By private letter [illegible] Baltimore [illegible] or not Miss Minnie was to advise him on the fashions, but know that she might be engaged in that billet with great advantage.

We see that the St. Andrew's Society [illegible] Anniversary Banquet at [illegible] For further information see advertisement in another column.

ART NOTES.

It appears to us that [illegible] Art Association [illegible] ties" to a considerable extent, it might very easily organize an "Art Union," which would materially assist some of our young artists, and also give great satisfaction to the members [illegible] to works by our younger artists, always provided they show artistic ability, and are not artistic quacks. Then let the paintings on an appointed day be [illegible] times are changed, and we should anyhow like to see the idea [illegible]

We believe that it is understood among the members of the Art Association that on the establishment of the School of Design the aid of the State [illegible] A few thousand dollars per annum would be all that the Society would perhaps need. Altogether, however, we should prefer to see the [illegible] by private enterprise [illegible] the Society only requires a lot and building of moderate dimensions, with a couple of picture galleries, a life school-room, antique ditto, library and offices; money [illegible] to come.

A real curiosity in Art is on view at John Werner's, 619 Merchant street. It is a mosaic of wood, a small reduction from Ruben's celebrated "Descent from the Cross," at Antwerp. Not pretending to be omniscient, we shall not decide on its [illegible]

The Rev. Dr. Scott will preach Sunday at 11 A. M. and 7½ P. M. in St. John's Presbyterian Church [illegible] church is the largest and finest on the Pacific Coast, and that [illegible] George Evans is the organist.

HAIL SUPERVISORS.

There be dismal prophets who, [illegible] "A new broom [illegible] the stumps, and there is such an accumulation of thieving rubbish that the new broom will have enough to do. That the work will for the most part be well done, we are inclined to prophesy. The gentlemen composing the new board were, with few exceptions, supported by the *News Letter* during the September campaign—a sufficient guarantee for their honesty. Mr. Menzies, from the First Ward, who may be looked upon as something of a patriarch among the Supervisors, has held, and will continue to hold his seat, with credit to himself and advantage to the city. His opposition to thieving jobs, and his obstinacy in putting them down are proverbial. Mr. Kenny has also been re-elected. The other gentlemen are all new to the position, but are well known through the city, and comprise merchants and mechanics of good standing, two School Directors and a physician—a very necessary man in the Board. Our new Supervisors will have little chance to sit with folded hands. There is plenty of work ahead, and they will be obliged to perform under the watchful eyes of a public and press grown suspicious of Supervisors in the aggregate. It will be the pleasure of the *News Letter* to approve them loudly and warmly while all goes right. It is the peculiar province of the *News Letter* to assail keenly and mercilessly when aught goes wrong. At present we have the utmost confidence in the legal majority of these gentlemen, and we place our gas and water troubles, our Hospitals, Almshouses, and Industrial Schools, our idle lands, our Parks, City Halls and frightful streets, in their hands confidingly. Although Mr. Otis, the new Mayor, has not been much known as occupying public positions, there is no reason to entertain the slightest doubt of his efficiency. Mr. Otis is only really spoken of as a man of good, sound, high reputation with a vast number of friends, and is a gentleman who will fill the position of leading official of the city with as much ability as even-handedness.

THE BETHESDA MINERAL SPRING.

If the one-tenth part of the wonderful things said and sworn to concerning the medicinal virtues of the water of the Bethesda Mineral Spring, of Waukesha, Wisconsin, is true, it has brought power as marvelous as the [illegible] [illegible] testimony to the extraordinary fact, that this mineral water is *Nature's sure remedy for Diabetes, Dyspepsia, diseases of the Liver* [illegible] *Bright's Disease of the Kidneys*. The names that are for [illegible] charlatans seek to bolster up their pernicious nostrums, and impose upon a credulous community. Among these names are those of Hon. Stephen J. Field, Alvinza Hayward, [illegible] A. T. [illegible] Captain A. T. Fletcher, Levi Strauss & Co. and others as well known as they on California and Battery streets, in San Francisco, have all authorized their names to be used as reference in regard to the healing virtues of the Bethesda Mineral Spring Water, which they have personally tested. Those who are afflicted with the maladies enumerated, or who feel any interest in the great natural remedy, are invited to call at the depot, No. 23 Sutter street, at the building of the Y. M. C. Association, where they can try the waters.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The paucity of the English language renders us unable to express in terms sufficiently strong, our disgust at the [illegible], the investigations, the manipulations, and the general worthlessness among the public schools. The whole concern seems to be composed of a set of arrant [illegible] ignorant dolts, scheming [illegible] It is a chance if [illegible] the Board of Education can write their names legibly. It is a chance if five of them can [illegible] [illegible] a crockery contract, a meat [illegible] a grocery [illegible] at the back of it. [illegible] [illegible] no Board, there would not be so many prominent blockheads, and one set of [illegible] [illegible] department could run itself better than it does now, and any change could scarcely be for the worse. When the school system [illegible] reduced to a crockery basis, there is something fearfully British about the whole affair.

Mr. Wm. G. Hobson has placed upon our table two very useful books as specimens of [illegible] Commercial Bank of India [illegible] perfect capability to direct us in any commercial duty of record.

The drama of "Cuba," to be produced at the California Theater next Monday evening, is destined, if report speaks true, to meet with a successful run in our city. [illegible] most of the opportunity. It will afford us much pleasure to chronicle its success.

The good tailor makes the man—anyhow has something to do with making him up. But then, you know, some tailors put you into mere bags, and others, virtually, into tights. We should like to know, however, where you can possibly get better suited [illegible] than at the great clothing and general outfitting establishment of Messrs. [illegible] & Litchfield, corner of Washington and Sansome streets. They always satisfy.

Asa L. Waugaman will open a new and splendid saloon, with the best of [illegible] He has fitted up, in fine style, the northeast corner of [illegible] streets, where his friends can find him [illegible] several quiet reading rooms.

New Music.—We have received copies of the songs, "I am Tired of the Bards," "I Feel the Cooling Spray," and "The Ring my Mother Wore;" as well as the November number of "Our Boys and Girls," edited by Henry Kowalsky.

The rainy season is approaching, and one article of all is quite as necessary as an umbrella will be a good pair of boots. For these strong, waterproof, and made in first-class style, call on P. Kelly, Bush street, below Kearny.

A nice shirt is the noblest work of man, and as nice a shirt as there is in the city you will find at [illegible] A. Thayers, [illegible] and importers of shirts and men's furnishing goods [illegible] Montgomery street.

AFTER ALL THE WAKEFUL YEARS.

Is it then so hard to die!
  Life hath not such unmarred bliss,
After the last parting cry
  Death is but blank nothingness.
Now it seemeth sad to be
  Laid in some drear chamber dead,
While the loved ones tearfully
  Move around with awed, hushed tread.
Then we shall be sleeping deep,
  Theirs, not ours, will be the tears;
Is it then so hard to sleep,
  After all the wakeful years.

What should make us fear or fall
  That we never wake again!
What is death that we should quail—
  Is it not sure end of pain?
Perfect slumber, perfect rest,
  No more heat, or rains or snows,
No more hopeless, weary quest,
  No more fading of life's rose.
No more sorrow-lands to reap,
  No more waking unto tears;
Is it then so hard to sleep,
  After all the wakeful years!

A COLUMN FOR THE CURIOUS.

IN LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ART.

Spiritualism fails to meet with recognition in the patent office of the United States. "Psychic stand" was the name of a device on which a Massachusetts inventor wanted a patent because, as he stated, it would spell out words and sentences known as spiritual communications through an alphabet not only invisible to the operator, but the very location of which he cannot know." "Moreover," he added, "the mode of its operation precludes all possibility of trick or imposture." The obdurate examiner, however, not only refused to perceive the peculiar merits of this useful invention, but gave, as an opinion, that spiritual manifestations are "largely mixed with ignorance, deception and fraud." The office, it is stated, offered to issue letters patent on the contrivance as a game table, thereby adding insult to injury on the exasperated inventor, who, shaking the dust of the capital from his feet, departed in a state of indignation bordering on absolute ferocity.

A Canadian paper notes that a curious circumstance is related of the lad Kingston, who lost an arm recently by a thrashing machine in Adelaide. It appears that subsequently to the amputation, and the limb having been buried, he complained that his hand was cramped, causing him extreme pain, and desired the arm to be disinterred. No attention, however, was paid to the request for some time, but the boy still persisted, asserting that if the arm was not raised he would not recover. The limb was accordingly disinterred and the hand found to firmly shut together. During the operation of opening the hand the patient evinced great agony, and afterwards declared that he felt relieved of the sensation of cramp from which he appeared to suffer so acutely. The circumstance if true, says the Sunbury *Dispatch*, is certainly a curious one, not more so, however, than many others in the records of medical experience.

Profound study has led a M. D'Arpentigny to the conclusion that hands represent three types. Those who have fingers with pointed tips are possessed of a rapid insight into things; are extra sensitive and pious; impulsive. To this class belong the poets and artists. To the "square tops" belong scientific people, sensible, self-contained characters; professional men. The spade shaped tops—thick tips, with little pads of flesh on each side of the nails—are materialists, commercial, practical, with a high appreciation of all that tends to bodily ease and comfort. Each finger, no matter what the kind of hand, has also one joint—that which is nearest to the palm—represent ng the body; another—the middle—the mind; and the top, the soul. Each of these divisions corresponds with one of the types above given.

"Calling out Loudly for the Earth."—A few years ago I was a juror at a coroner's inquest touching the death of a child by poison. The weather was very warm at the time, and there had been some little delay in holding the inquiry, so that decomposition had set in. As we entered the room in which the corpse was laid, I remarked to the aunt of the deceased that the smell was very offensive. She replied in a kind of chiding tone, either in reference to the delay of the inquest, or to my apparently unfeeling remark, or perhaps to both, "Yes, sir, the little dear is calling out loudly for the earth." I thought the saying was expressive and preferable to the one I had used. The person who replied was a native, I believe, of Hampshire.—*Notes and Queries.*

Lime as a Preservative of Wood.—A writer in *Chambers' Journal* says that certain facts have been made known which show that lime is a good preserver of timber. Ships and barges used for the transport of lime last longer than others. A small coasting-schooner, laden with lime, was cast ashore and sunk. She was raised and set afloat once more, and remained sound for thirty years. Again, a platform of nine planks was used to mix lime on during three generations; then, being no longer required, was neglected, and at length hidden by grass that grew over it. Sixty years afterwards, on clearing the ground, it was discovered sound and well-preserved.

Mr. Mayall, the London photographer, has introduced a method of ensuring the durability of photographs which promises to be successful. His plan is to use a film of colloid on, not only for taking the glass negative but also to cover and fix every positive impression printed from it. All the fine detail which a good photograph possesses is thus brought into one-half relief, and over and above the picture is sealed from the influence of light and moisture, and thus the durability of the photograph is ensured.

To assist your dyspeptic readers we (*Medical Press and Circular*) quote the following French wrinkle, to ascertain the age and consequent freshness of an egg:—Dissolve 120 grammes of common salt in a litre of water. If the egg is one day old it will sink to the bottom. If it was laid the day before, it will not reach the bottom; if three days old it floats; and if more than five it comes to the surface, and the shell projects more and more according to the staleness.

Hair cloth is made from the hair of horses' tails, which is brought, some of it from South America, but more from Russia. In the latter country it is collected at the fairs of Nijni Novgorod and Irbbit. It is of all shades of color, and for use is dyed black. In the fabrication of hair cloth the hair is wetted with water, and when well soaked is put into the loom to be woven with a cotton warp.

Milk in London.—Dr. Stevenson, medical officer of health and food analyst for the St. Pancras district, London, states: "I am very sorry to say that I cannot give a very favorable account of the milk supply of this parish." In 67 samples of milk examined he found 22 skimmed, 8 watered; 11 skimmed and watered; 11 poor, and only 22 genuine.

Mr. Thomas Webb, the oldest bookseller in Dublin, and probably in Ireland, died a few days ago, at the age of 82. He had been 60 years in business in Dublin, and 50 years ago he established, in connection with his bookselling trade, a circulating library of the same type as Mr. Mudie's of the present day.

A correspondent of the Scientific American say a certain cure for nose bleeding is to extend the arm perpendicularly against a wall or post, or any convenient object for a support. The arm on the side from which the blood proceeds is the one to elevate.

Not long ago mention was made of a Japanese translation of Mr. Smile's "Self-Help." We now hear that Mr P. Lely, of the Bombay Civil Service, a resident at Ahmedabad, and late of Pembroke College, Oxford, is about to translate into Gujerathi Smile's book on Character.

The last of the many ventures in English trade journalism, the *Confectioner's Journal*, has made its appearance three times, and will no longer cumber the earth, or, perhaps, more correctly, the "lollipop shop."

An establishment at Nassau, Bahama Islands, has about a thousand hands employed in canning pineapples. This season they purchased 1,000,000 pineapples, and packed 1,010,000 cans.

Ostrich feathers are worth 60 guineas or $260 per pound in the London market.

Placard Exchange

AND

BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Managing Committee of the above institution have the pleasure of giving notice, that after some necessary delay, the Directors are now fully prepared to receive orders for the purchase and sale of lands of the State or elsewhere, such as ranches, private land claims, or public lands of the United States—they having secured the services of **Col. Leander Ransom**, the well-known Land Agent, who for *ten years was the State Agent for the disposition of the School Lands.* The department is now fully supplied with maps and charts, and every necessary means of information relating to operations in land. Owners of ranches and real estate properties generally, desirous of disposing of the same, will find the Placard Exchange, with its facilities, an excellent medium for bringing their estates under the notice and attention of capitalists. Those, also, who desire to make purchases, **of any of the Public Domain in the State of California**, either in large of small tracts, will be sure to be accommodated. Maps and charts furnished, and all needful information imparted when required. Large landholders desiring to sell, can have their tracts subdivided into farms, or smaller subdivisions, with maps and accurately calculated quantities of each. Also, all kinds of printing executed with punctuality and dispatch. *Charges moderate.*

Offices open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

THE AGRICULTURAL BUREAU OF THE PLACARD EXCHANGE,

No. 613 MERCHANT STREET,

Have for Sale the Following Tracts or Parcels of Land, to wit:

40 Acres near Oak Grove, 1¼ miles from the Railroad, between Mayfield and Mountain View.

100 Acres ½ mile south of Mayfield, lying on both sides of the San Jose Railroad. Very desirable for country residence. To be sold in tracts to suit. Contains Live Oak Trees.

320 Acres on the road from Saratoga to Pescadero, four miles from the former place.

500 Acres, three miles from the City of San Bernardino. A living stream of water passes across it.

600 Acres near the line of the proposed Railroad from Los Angeles to San Bernardino—about midway.

8,000 Acres near Anaheim, Los Angeles County, in tracts to suit purchasers. Several living Springs on it.

Also, Tracts from 80, 160, 320 and 640 acres, to suit purchasers, lying in Los Angeles, San Bernardino and San Diego Counties, on which are Springs of good water.

Note.—Sellers as well as purchasers can be accommodated at the "Bureau," where maps, and descriptions of lands for sale, can at all times be seen. Nov 1

A RARE CHANCE FOR CAPITALISTS.

A man with $50,000 can hear of a chance to double his money in eighteen months, in a land operation on the line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, by calling at the "Agricultural Bureau" of the Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant street. Delays are dangerous. Nov 8

A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

Have removed to the Southeast corner of California and Battery streets, where they invite the attention of their customers and others to their large assortment of the Best and Finest Brands of CHEWING and SMOKING TOBACCO, HAVANA CIGARS and CIGARITOS. Consignments of the best Brands of Cigars received by every Steamer. [Oct 18.] A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO

John D. Yost, San Francisco.] [H. S. Crocker, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers, Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco. Pacific Coast Agency Depot, FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct 23.] J. P. McCURRIE Sec'y, 720 Montgomery street

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE COMPANY.

Manufacturing Co.'s Offices—405 and 407 Sansome st., San Francisco. Oct 11

RICHARD PATRICK & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, No. 42 Battery street, San Francisco. Nov 1.

COKE—CHEAPEST FUEL

Sixty Cents per Barrel: Nine Dollars per Ton. At Gas Works, cor. Howard and Fremont, Corner Second and King, Potrero. Nov 1

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

C. L. Crackbon.] O. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. Murdock.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 538 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 3

SITUATION WANTED

A young man, who speaks fluently the English, French and German languages, and has finished his classical education in a German university, is desirous of obtaining a situation as Private Tutor in a family. The highest testimonials will be given. Address "W.," News Letter office, or, California Placard Exchange, 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct 25

B. S. CLYDE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.—Entrance to Office, 622 Clay st., and 623 Merchant street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco. [Oct 4.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America Etc., Etc.

Note.—The News Letter is regularly mailed to each Hotel in this list.

Athens.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
Barbadoes, W. I.—Albion Hotel.
Berlin.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
Baden-Baden.—Hotel de Hollande.
Weisbaden.—Hotel Rose.
Munich.—Hotel Bellevue.
Dresden.—Victoria Hotel
Vienna.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
Geneva.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
Paris.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London
Boulogne-sur-mer, France.—Hotel Des Bains.
Bordeaux.—Grand Hotel de France
Marseilles.—Grand Hotel de Marseille.
Lyons.—Hotel de l'Europe.
Nice.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
Brussels.—Hotel de Europe.
Ostend.—Bath Hotel
The Hague.—Hotel Paulez.
Genoa.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
Turin.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
Milan.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
Como.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
Florence.—Hotel New York.
Venice.—Daniell's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
Leghorn.—Victoria and Washington Hotel
Rome.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
Naples.—Washington Hotel
Palermo.—Hotel Central
Cordova.—Fonda Suiza.
Seville.—Fonda de Paris.
St Petersburgh.—Hotel Demuth
Moscow.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
Constantinople.—Hotel d'Angleterre
London.—Bridge House Hotel. London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
Leamington.—Regent Hotel.
Liverpool.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
Nottingham.—Maypole Hotel.
Birmingham.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
Sheffield.—Royal Hotel
St.-Lawrence-on-Sea, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
Plymouth.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
Chepstow.—Beaufort Arms Hotel. (Tintern Abbey, 5 miles.)
Dublin.—The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel.
Edinburgh.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel
Glasgow.—Queen's Hotel.
Cork.—Imperial Hotel.
Killarney.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
Montreal.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C Brown, manager.
Ottawa.—Russell House.
Toronto.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, B. P. Shear, Proprietor.
Quebec.—Stadacona Hotel.
Halifax.—White Swan Hotel
Washington D. C.—Arlington House, Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
Baltimore.—Carrolton House.
New York.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter Prop.
Vera Cruz.—La Casa de Diligencias.
Mexico.—Hotel Iturbide.
Guadalajara.—Hotel Hidalgo.
Mazatlan.—Hotel de San Filiberto.
Lima.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
Valparaiso.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
Santiago de Chile.—Bano de Colliua, Hotel Santiago
Rio de Jan.—Cafe Americano.
Sydney.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
Melbourne.—Albion Hotel
Cape of Good Hope.—Port Elizabeth, Phœnix Hotel
Tahiti.—Fan. Hotel de Paris.
Japan.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
Honolulu.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

Another Curious Epitaph.—The following epitaph is on a tombstone in the churchyard of Wigtown, after a list of deaths of the different members of the family of an inhabitant of that town, and is said to have been written by the son whose memory it celebrates:—

And his son John, of honest fame,
In stature small, and one leg lame,
Content he was with portion small,
Kept shop in Wigtown, and that's all.

The Ashantee war promises to be a big thing, and one in which England will have to depend entirely on herself. Notwithstanding Sir Garnet Wolseley's stirring address to the Fantee Kings, and the munificent offer of seven cents a day, these potentates and supposed allies remained statuesque on their hams and made no answer. Sir Garnet Wolseley made one great mistake: he omitted to offer any enticing inducement. If he had offered each king a bottle apiece of Messrs. Eberhart & Lachman's *unequaled* native wines and champagnes, the appreciative dusky monarchs would have put on their war paint and cried "*Habet!*" or "You bet!" before you could have said "*Fiz!*" For these are princely liquors.

A sailor thus described a figure in a quadrille: "You first heave ahead and pass your adversary's yard-arm, regain your berth on the other tack in the same order, take your station with your partner in line, back and fill, and then fall on your heel, and bring up with your partner; she then maneuvers ahead, off alongside of you; then make sail in company with her until nearly astern of the other line; make a stern board, cast her off to shift for herself, regain your place the best way you can, and let go your anchor.

Talking about wholesale adulteration, we see there are no less than ten million pounds of tea in bond in London which have been declared as unfit for consumption. This is doing it with a vengeance, and "the coming man" seems fast learning, and even improving, upon the black arts of his white brother. How people drink such quantities of tea is a mystery to us, when there are other and better beverages to be had, with not even the faintest particle of a suspicion of adulteration about them. Let us kindly and gently call your attention for one moment to Cutter's Whiskey, *the* whiskey of the world. Come and take a drink now. Hotaling is the agent, but it is sold everywhere.

Obituary.—Some originality has at last found its way into the obituary columns of the George W. Childs—the Philadelphia *Ledger*—rather:

Lay aside his little trousers,
  That our darling used to wear,
He will never on earth want them,
  He has climbed the golden stair.

Abd-el-Kader, the famous Algerian chieftain, is dead. Constantly embroiled in quarrels with the French, he remained a prisoner in France from '48 to '52, when he was liberated by Napoleon the Third. It is said that he was the finest horseman in the world, and that he knew the Koran by heart at fourteen. Be this as it may, there can be no doubt that he would have lived a much healthier and happier life had he been a Californian and shared the inestimable advantage we enjoy of being able whenever we choose to drink a bottle or so of Napa soda, healthy and reviving as the day is long. Depot, 18½ Geary street, but sold everywhere.

An old Troy river man says he is disgusted to hear people nowadays talk of low water in the Hudson. He remarks that he can remember well, years ago, when the river was low. He asseverates that at one time all the passengers on the New York boat had to close their windows during the entire passage down, because the steamer's wheels raised such a dust

One of the latest tricks of trade, or business dodges, is to size cotton goods so heavily as to give them extra weight (by which they are sold), a trick, however, resulting in fermentation and mildew in transition. The size weight-giving properties are something extraordinary, being from 80 to 120 per cent. in yarn and twist. How happy we should be in the possession of a firm who never condescend to anything of the sort, but who are in all their dealings the soul of honor, and show in all the school furniture they produce, care, artistic conception, appreciation of what is wanted, and thorough honesty. Of course we refer to Messrs Gilbert & Moore, manufacturers of all kinds of school furniture.

A certain Highlandman meeting one day with a friend in the lowlands, the latter expressed himself thus, at the same time helping himself to a glass of real mountain dew: "Naething better, Donald, on a cold morning than a glass of good whuskey and water." "Ah," replied Donald, with a shrug of his shoulders, "I ken fu' weel what's better nor a glass o' whuskey an' watter." "What is't then, Donald?" "Twa glasses o' whuskey and nae watter!" "So say I."

The greatest herdsman in the world is said to be Samuel N. Allen, of Texas, who owns 225,000 cattle. He has one little ranch eighty miles long and forty wide between the Navado and Colorado rivers, which pastures 120,000, besides a few other small lots of moderate dimensions. The value of his live stock alone exceeds five millions and a half. We follow up this statement with one equally worthy of notice, more so, in fact, and quite as veracious. This, that the pianos of Hallett, Davis & Co. have all the qualities requisite to make them the favorite pianos, whether for the concert or drawing room. W. G. Badger is the agent here.

A newly married couple found themselves in a railway carriage with only one fellow-passenger, who appeared to sleep profoundly. Soon the lady commenced to call her young husband all the endearing names that natural history can supply. The traveler roused up, begged the lady to call her partner a "Noah's ark," at once, and allow him to sleep quietly.

There is a gigantic moving bog in the County of Galway, Ireland, that threatens to make a second Slough of Despond of the town of Dunmore. The cavity formed in the bog proper by the part gone a-voyaging, is a mile in length by half a mile broad, and should that district be visited by heavy rains, Dunmore will be no more. We, reading of this in our comfortably furnished rooms, can form but little idea of the misery impending. We say "comfortable rooms," of course they are comfortable and handsomely furnished, for of course you had your furniture from N. P. Cole, if you are men and women of sense, as of course you are.

A Lincoln man, whose wife has been ill for some time, came out one day with a face longer than his arm. A friend who met him grasped him by the hand in tearful sympathy and murmured, "Oh, when did she die?" "O goodness," was the solemn reply; "she ain't dead, she's cleaning the house."

The great "frozen meat experiment" has proved a failure. It was thought by a Mr. Harrison that whole carcasses of beef and mutton could be transported from Australia to England in a good state of preservation if only kept frozen the entire voyage, but when the ship, laden with the iced meats came into London, it was found that the officers had been obliged to throw the cargo overboard—too high. For ourselves, none of these things move us as long as we have Emerson Corville's Saddle Rock Saloon, on Pine street, to go to and get the best oysters in the city.

Vulgar.—"Those who live in glass houses shouldn't throw stones." Polite.—Dwellers in crystal palaces should refrain from the propulsion of irregular shaped particles of granite formation.

Tourgeneff, the famous Russian novelist, notwithstanding his name, is said to be completely broken down by a combination of calamities. Within a year his wife and only daughter have died, most of his money has gone by bank failures, and his favorite nephew sent to prison for outrageous felonies. The only thing that keeps him from becoming absolutely broken-hearted is the possession of magnificent photographic portraits taken of the dear departed whilst they were here on a visit to San Francisco, by Bradley & Rulofson, the photographers of the elite. The only photographic studio reached by an elevator in the world.

A Pennsylvania preacher while holding service, recently gave thanks in a fervent prayer, for the prosperous condition of their crops—"excepting, O Lord, the corn, which is backward, and the oats, which are mighty thin in spots."

Good Lord, who would have believed it? There are no less than three hundred and fifty churches in New York, valued at forty-six million dollars. And yet New York is not particularly celebrated for her religion or morality. Is it another case of inverse rates? We will not waste your time in a perhaps fruitless inquiry into the merits of the case, but this we can say, that if you want a charming, exquisite, beautifully finished photograph of yourself, or that other one, go, as you value your peace of mind and a good *carte*, to Houseworth's Photographic Parlors

Hard times in Alabama, according to a Southern paper that says: "Some consummate scoundrel, on Friday night, exhumed the corner-stone of the new colored church at Opelika and extracted there from a one-dollar bill."

A terrible famine is again threatening Bengal, and appeals to the philanthrophy of the English people are being made through the columns of the *Times*. The White Horse is on the rampage again, and—but talking of horses, did you ever in all your travels see such taste and finish shown in harness and equine outfits as in those produced by Messrs. Main & Winchester of Sansome street? Never? I thought not, and I agree with you, that they are as near perfection as is possibly for mortal saddlers and harness makers to produce.

During a sermon in the chapel of the Georgia State Prison, 530 convicts struck up, "We'll all drink stone blind." They had taken a slight objection to the chaplain.

A real novelty has appeared this season in dinner-party cards printed in lithographic colors of various unique and sometimes extremely laughable designs, space being left for the name of the person whose place at table is thus fancifully designated. But pretty cards allowed, good wine is still more necessary to the success of a dinner party, and that good wine we can recommend as the best of all white wines in the world is the Gerke wine.

Economy is the parent of integrity, of liberty, and of ease, and the beautiful sister of temperance, of cheerfulness and health; and profuseness is a cruel and crafty demon, that gradually involves her followers in dependence and debt.

The people of San Francisco seem only beginning to appreciate the beauties and advantages of our beautiful Golden Gate Park, destined sometime to be the prettiest park in America. But none who have been there have failed to call at the Mangenbergs' Villa, and none who have ever called there but have had but one difficulty—that of tearing themselves thence.

A lazy, overfed lad, returning from dinner to his work, was asked by his employer if he had no other motion than that. "Yes," said the boy, "slower."

There are two men in this city we know of who are preparing for the Holidays in downright earnest, and those are Messrs. Nickerson & Son, *the* hatters of Kearny Street, No. 33. Their new assortment of boys' hats is magnificent, and they have a new mixed gray hat (pepper and salt) that will be sure to take. It is the most genteel and prettiest thing in hats we have seen for a long time.

The bats are so thick at Yorktown, Va., that evening church services are interrupted by the minister dodging

Public Speakers and Singers will find "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*" beneficial in clearing the voice before speaking or singing, and relieving the throat after any exertion of the vocal organs. For Coughs and Colds the *Troches* are effectual.

Mrs. Partington says she gets up every morning at the shrill carrion of the chanticler.

"Things a little blurred in the distance?" Don't let it trouble you a minute, but go to Muller's, the great optician, and get a pair of his pebble spectacles." He went, and now sees clearly.

In what month do ladies talk the least?—February.

The Six Mile House is on the San Bruno Road. The Six Mile House is the cosiest and neatest of public-houses in existence, and Harry Blanken keeps it.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished, and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built, not like a public hotel, but as it is named, a neat Villa "THE VILLA" is located at the out or northwestern gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENBERG & CO.,
August 2 Proprietors.

FOR SALE.

Property 141 feet on California st., between Sansome and Battery. Also, 24 feet on Battery street, between Halleck and Sacramento. Also, 125 feet on Sacramento street between Battery and Sansome. Also, 80x70 feet southeast corner Sansome and Sacramento streets. Also, 6x6 feet southwest corner Sansome and Sacramento streets. Also, 50-vara Lot on Telegraph Hill. Also, 500 acres improved. Canada Raymundo. Any part of this property will be sold on easy terms, to suit purchasers. [Nov. 1.] L. MAYNARD.

J. H. COLEMAN & CO.,

Late of the Alta, General Collector.—Room 6, No. 420 Montgomery street. Refers to—Messrs. F. MacCrellish & Co.; Richards & Harrison, Cutting & Co.; Geo. C. Shreve & Co. Oct. 11.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.
[March 29.]

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California st. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

Jas. H. Ham.] PETERS & HAM, [Wm. H. Peters.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

Anton Roman.] A. ROMAN & CO., [J. A. Hofmann

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23

COURT CHAT.

A correspondent of the *Overland Mail* states that the nature of the booty found in the palace of the Khan of Khiva proves that almost all [illegible] obtained by the [illegible] by stopping caravans was stored in Khiva, and that the city was in fact the robbers' cave of the steppes. About [illegible] worth towards $3,000 of silver coin, and a profusion of valuable property in the shape of jeweled harness, choice weapons, carpets, shawls, and dresses, etc., were stored in these palaces; but the most damaging discoveries were those of articles not usually required in Asiatic households, as, for instance, sewing machines and Marsala wine. Large quantities of powder were also found in the palace and harem, supplied poured into crocks and covered with little boards.

It is stated upon good authority, that at the opening of the next Easter term a writ of [illegible] will be applied for in the Court of Queen's Bench at Westminster, calling upon the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone to show by what warrant or authority he continues to exercise the public office and privilege of sitting in the Commons House of Parliament as representative of the borough of Greenwich, he having, it is alleged, vacated his seat by the acceptance of an office of profit under the Crown.

Serious Accident to the Dowager Duchess of Athole.—On October [illegible] the Dowager Duchess of Athole was taking an airing on horseback in the grounds of Dunkeld House, Scotland, and [illegible] some garden [illegible] the pony [illegible] and bolted off at a great pace [illegible] struck her grace was caught by the branch and [illegible] to the ground, sustaining a severe fracture of the right arm between the shoulders and elbow.

Lady Franklin and the Rev H. W. Gell, grandson of the late Sir John Franklin, have written to the London *Times* denying the statements recently made in the obituary notices of Sir Robert M'Clure, that he was the discoverer of the North-West Passage. Lady Franklin says that none can dispute the great qualities of Sir Robert M'Clure as a navigator of the highest skill and daring, but claims for her husband and his companions "the proud distinction of being discoverers of the North-West Passage."

King John I. of Saxony died after a short illness on October [illegible]. He is succeeded by his son Albert, who on assuming the reins of Government as successor to his father, has issued a proclamation, wherein he assures the people of Saxony that he will constantly devote his most [illegible] endeavors to the [illegible] and the promotion of the well-being and best interests of the country. His Majesty declares that he will promise to observe, uphold, and protect the constitution and [illegible].

In the presence of the Emperor of Austria and the whole Imperial Court, the new Vienna waterworks were inaugurated on October 24th. The water comes from the Alps, a distance of fifty-four miles, by means of tunnels and aqueducts. The waterworks are the largest in the world. The inaugural ceremony took place at the [illegible] of Vienna, which throws up water 180 feet high. The cost of the works has been twenty millions florins, and they have been finished in three years and a half.

In English legal circles it is stated that Mr. R. P. Amphlett, Q.C., [illegible] Vice-Chancellor Baron's Court, will be the successor of Vice-Chancellor Wickens. It is a remarkable fact that within the last ten years England has lost no less than nine Equity Judges: Lords Westbury and Chelmsford, Sir John [illegible], Sir [illegible] Selwyn, Sir [illegible], Sir [illegible], Sir James Wigram, Sir George Turner, and now Sir John Wickens.

On October 29th there was not a single prisoner in the county gaol of Anglesey and Beaumaris, at [illegible]. The gaol, though it has a population of 52,000, is so far as it at only one prisoner, who was committed for a trifling offence, has been in the gaol for the last fortnight.

The Duke of Edinburgh left Livadia on Saturday [illegible], and arrived at Odessa the following day. The Imperial Crown Princess of Germany [illegible] of England, it is arranged, will be present at the marriage of the Duke, as representative of Queen Victoria.

Her Majesty the Queen of England accompanied by Prince Leopold and Princess Beatrice, will [illegible] November 22d for Windsor [illegible] the Court will remain until after [illegible] and then leave for Osborne, remaining there till after Christmas.

Telegrams from both Rome and Vienna state that the Pope has addressed [illegible] to the Emperor William. It is positively stated that the Holy See [illegible] but at Berlin the question is not yet decided.

Rajah Brooke of Sarawak and his wife, the Ranee, are on their way to England, having [illegible] the steamer *Hydaspes* within seven days.

The Sultan of Turkey has conferred the Grand Cordon of the Order of the Osmanlie upon the Duc [illegible] [illegible] decoration [illegible] upon Marshal MacMahon.

Sir Samuel Baker, since his return to England, has [illegible] Mrs. Maxwell [illegible].

Mr Thomas Villiers Lister has been appointed [illegible] Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Wednesday, November 12, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily) Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) Cal.P.R.R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 M. (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) touching at Vallejo, Benicia and landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland) stopping at all Way Stations.

1.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train via Oakland [illegible] connecting at Lathrop with Express Train for Merced, Visalia, Delano and Los Angeles.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) touching at Benicia and landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND AND ALAMEDA FERRY.

From San Francisco to Oakland—Daily [illegible]

From San Francisco to Alameda—"Daily" 7.00 [illegible] P. M. "Sundays only"—11:00 A.M., and 1:30 P.M.

From San Francisco to Fruit Vale—"Daily, except Sundays" [illegible] P.M.

From San Francisco to Brooklyn—Daily [illegible]

From Brooklyn to San Francisco—Daily [illegible]

From Alameda to San Francisco—"Daily" [illegible]

From Fruit Vale to San Francisco—"Daily, except Sundays" [illegible] A.M. [illegible] P.M.

From Oakland to San Francisco—Daily [illegible] 12:50 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—5:50 A.M., and 1:50 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:20 and 11:20 A.M.; 12:20, 1:20 and 1.30 P.M.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing August 12, 1873.

Trains South.		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave San Francisco		8.10 a m	**3.20 p m	4.45 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11.10 a m	5.30 p m	7.05 p m
[illegible]	Arrive	[illegible]		
[illegible]	Arrive	1.25 p m		
Castroville	Arrive	[illegible]		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible]		
Soledad	Arrive	[illegible]		
[illegible]	Arrive	[illegible]		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	[illegible]		

Trains North		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—Tres Pinos				[illegible] a m
[illegible]				11.20 a m
Soledad				[illegible]
Salinas				[illegible]
Castroville				[illegible]
[illegible]				12.[illegible] p m
[illegible]				[illegible]
San Jose		10.[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	3.[illegible] p m
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	[illegible] p m

**SAT. [illegible] p m (Sundays excepted).

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco on Sundays at [illegible]. Returning, will leave San Jose at 7.30 p m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at 4.15 a m, arrive at San Francisco at [illegible]. [illegible] leave San Francisco [illegible] to arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] a m.
A. N. TOWNE, [illegible] BASSETT, [illegible] Superintendent. [illegible] Assistant Superintendent.
T. H. GOODMAN, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April [illegible] Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco, Meiggs' Wharf [illegible] On Saturday, [illegible] [illegible] Meiggs' Wharf [illegible] SUNDAY TIME [illegible] leave Saucelito, 8 a. m., 1, [illegible] p. m.
H. A. COBB, President,
April [illegible] 327 Montgomery street.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT

312 Tons, to Arrive, For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM
March [illegible] [illegible] street.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco have on hand of their own manufacture, [illegible] for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Phaetons, Coupes, Hacks, [illegible] Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, [illegible] Wagons, Carpets, Hubs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Harness and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood Spring [illegible], Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and lightly ornamental style of body [illegible]. Having but little weight in their construction, the [illegible] the weight with strength of the toughest of hickory [illegible] and the usual breaking [illegible] The company have for sale a [illegible] stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, [illegible] carts, hand carts, and also street cars. Having the largest [illegible] manufactory [illegible] States, with large supplies of the best [illegible] we are prepared to build [illegible] other [illegible] guarantee the lowest [illegible] Parties already [illegible] [illegible] Fourth street cars going [illegible] will [illegible] [illegible] and the Steel Center Plate will [illegible] prompt and energetic prosecution [illegible] fullest extent of the law. Nov 29

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

**Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement. On and after WEDNESDAY, November 5, 187[illegible], the steamer PETALUMA [illegible] [illegible] W. H. TAYLOR, President.
Aug [illegible]

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills [illegible] J. SANGER & SONS, [illegible] Oxford street, London.
Feb [illegible]

BREAKFAST—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The *Civil Service Gazette* remarks: [illegible] JAMES EPPS & CO., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic [illegible], Patent Medicines, Druggists' [illegible], Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, [illegible] Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries [illegible] BURGOYNE, BURBIDGE & SQUIRE, [illegible] London.
July 11

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Muir & Son, Aberdeen. [illegible] Duke of Edinburgh [illegible] Nov 29

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgical Instruments, [illegible] April 1

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. A. Herbert, Secretary [illegible] HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent.
Office—624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 24, 18[illegible], the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco [illegible] W. H. TAYLOR, President.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Build'g.
[illegible]
PROBATE [illegible]—City Hall
THIRD DISTRICT—Mechanics In[illegible]
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—[illegible] Mont[illegible]
NINETEENTH DISTRICT—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall
CITY AND CO. ATT'Y—City Hall
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—430 California street
CITY PHYSICIAN—County Hospital
CORONER—Clay street
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants' Exchange
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets
CURRENCY [illegible]—Sacramento [illegible]
MAYOR—City Hall
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall
SUPT. STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—[illegible]
BOARD [illegible]—City Hall.
SUPT [illegible]—City Hall.
[illegible]—City Hall
AUDITOR—City Hall
TREASURER—City Hall
HALL OF [illegible]—Washington and Kearny streets
FIRE DEPARTMENT—[illegible] Kearny
[illegible]—City Hall
[illegible]—City Hall
[illegible]
HEALTH OFFICE—[illegible] Geary st.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall
POUND KEEPER—[illegible] street, bet Pierce and Steiner.
QUARANTINE—[illegible] Jackson st
HARBOR MASTER—Corner Pacific and East.
HARBOR [illegible]—Cor Pacific and Davis streets

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING MEMBERS.

[illegible] Oriental Steam Navigation [illegible] street, Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 9, Cannon street, Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., [illegible] Hongkong and China Gas Company, [illegible] [illegible] China Insurance Co., [illegible], J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary; Canton Insurance [illegible] [illegible] Co., Gledstanes [illegible] Austinfriars, [illegible] Chartered Bank of India, Australia, [illegible] tional Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within; German Bank of London, Bartholomew Lane, Lothbury; [illegible] Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 32 Lombard street, National Bank of India [illegible] [illegible] Paris [illegible].

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending November 22, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, November 17th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
T P Riordan to Thos McC Harvey	W Vermont n Nevada, 33:4x100	$1,175
S I C Swezy to J D F Von [illegible]	S Fell w Laguna, [illegible]x120	1
Harrison St Hd Ass'n to [illegible] Miller	Lots 30 and 31, blk 112, Harrison St Hd	1,600
A W Macpherson to Donald Fraser	Se Bush and Hyde, 57:6x87:6	1
David E Buell to Nina L Buell	[illegible] Harrison, 50 sw Rincon Pl, sw 75, se 140, [illegible], nw 30 [illegible]—sub 20[illegible]	Gift
Wm J Richardson to John A Ross	S Turk w Devisa, 75x137:6	9,100
Silver Ter H'd Ass'n to F Round	Lots 122 and 123 Silver Terrace Hd	631
Levi C [illegible] to Augustus [illegible]	S W[illegible]ington e Webster, 1[illegible]	2,500
Catherine H Behrens to J Behrens	E Stockton s Lombard, 2[illegible]	Gift
Jas B [illegible] to Henry Bazer	Same subject to mortgage $1,500	10
A H [illegible] to Abraham Jacobs	W Powell s Jackson, [illegible]	3,500
Wm Loonan to H W Newbauer	N Sutter, 1[illegible] e Gough, 30x120	3,700
John Agnew to Max Sav and L Bk	Dora nw Bryant, [illegible]	1,[illegible]
M Cannavan to Same	Kearny and Lombard, 137:6x137:6	16,671
John Agnew to Same	Jessie ew 5th, 50x75	4,[illegible]
R B Dyham to Thos Steeley	17th and Guerrero, 1[illegible]x1[illegible]	200
Thos Steeley to Andrew J Goulson	Guerrero s 17th, [illegible]	3 [illegible]
Chas H Mead to Horatio N Cook	Pennsylvania av n Mariposa, 75x100	2,[illegible]
Geo E [illegible] to John Hayes	Devisadero n [illegible], 2[illegible]x75	700
Sil Ter Hd Ass'n to H Kirchhimer	Lots 21[illegible] and 2[illegible], Silver Terrace H'd	831

Tuesday, November 18th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
J C Hutchinson to J Daly et al	Nw Solano and Columbia, 25x100	$1,320
J H Blood to Juna H Van Reed	W corner of 7th and Howard, nw 30x75, also nw Howard, 75 sw 5th, nw 25x80	1
Board Tide Ld Comrs to C Driscoll	Blk 547 Tide Lands	69
Same to same	Blk 544 Tide Lands	501
Peter Sander to John Miller	Sw [illegible] Mission, 25x75, being sub lot 12, subject to a mortgage for $8,500	12,500
John S Manson to Henry Kohler	E Kearny, 91 s from Union, 22[illegible]x1[illegible]	2,000
L E Weston to John Apel	Sw Pine and Webster, 27x87:6	1
Antoine Borel to same	Same	1,650
John Apel to Job D Willson	Same	1,800
Paul Tract Hd Assn to W J Gray	Lots 2 and 3, block 31, Paul Tract Hd	1,000
A J Moo[illegible] to Wm A Frederick	Sw cor Market and Pearl, sw 52, se 60, n 70, being [illegible] M B 22	3,300
S G Pierce to Francis E Pierce	Commencing at a point on the range [illegible] 5 and 6 w, distant [illegible] Ryan Pre-emption claim, and 21 ch[illegible] line [illegible], containing 5 acres	3,500
F N Jones to R W Putnam	Lots 24 and 25 blk [illegible], Haley Tract	300
Mission St Ex H Assn to J [illegible]	Lots 4[illegible] and 4[illegible], Mission St Ex Hd	805
G H Livingston to J M Livingston	Deed confirming acts of Jas M Livingston, done under power of attorney dated April 11th 18[illegible]	
Samuel G Inmore to John Druseldom	W Mission [illegible], sub [illegible] lot and 4[illegible]	4,700
Patrick McDonald to Sav & L Soc	Se Tehama n [illegible] 20x80	250

Wednesday, November 19th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
University Hd Assn to W Foggarty	Lot [illegible] blk 110 University Homestead	$ 315
T Wanot[illegible] Up H[illegible] & Art C Assn	Sw Mission [illegible] 115 sw [illegible]	30,000
John G North to Wm H Swain	50 [illegible] blk 344, W A	1,556
John [illegible] to Ann Crowley	N Minna [illegible] 7th [illegible]	2,000
Chas Henne to Chas H Parker	Sw Taylor and Broadway, 137:6x137:6	6,0[illegible]
Hannah Beck to R H Lloyd	S [illegible]	1[illegible]
Harriet Ann Smith to Geo L Smith	N [illegible] Pike, 30x70—a belly [illegible] subject to deed of trust for $3,500	6,000
Eadee S [illegible] to J G Goldsmith	Nw [illegible] Boston Place, etc	1
L[illegible] Hacker to [illegible]	Lot 112 blk 571, Central Pk Hd	285
A Everett to T[illegible] Sanchez	N 16th w Guerrero, n 11[illegible], w 58, e 112 etc	3,600
Martha D[illegible] to A E R[illegible]	Same	3,600
Mission St Ex H Assn to S Weinbrand	Lots 422 and 423, Mission St Ex Hd	805
Jas O Bryan to T[illegible]	E York n 240, 52x100	850

Thursday, November 20th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Elizabeth Wright to L C Ranck	Lots 24 and 25, blk 32, City Land Ass'n; also, lot 21 Mission St R R H'd	$ 155
Robt McElroy to Leon Levy	W cor Harrison and [illegible]	10,000
A C [illegible] to Jacob Schleicher	N Geary [illegible] Larkin, e 47[illegible]	7,500
Sav & Loan Soc to John C R[illegible]	S Tehama, [illegible] ne 9th, [illegible]	1,[illegible]
Silver Ter Hd Assn to Wm Wieger	Lots 129, 130 and 131, Silver Terrace Hd	917
Jno L Love to L Gottig	W Devisadero s Waller, etc—sub W A 520	8,[illegible]
Same to same	N Haight w Steiner, etc	1,570
Same to same	[illegible] W A	9,[illegible]
Walter L Cook to Jno Collins	E S[illegible] n Geary, 25x91:6	650
Same to Jas E [illegible]	E S[illegible] n Geary, 25x91:6	650
P L Corbusier to Edward L Fell	City Slip lots [illegible] blk [illegible] by Clay, Commercial, Drumm and Davis	500
Edw L Fell to Daniel S Roberts	Same	600
City and Co S F to Robt B Pearson	N Central Wharf, 100 e Davis, e 25x119:6 by City Slip lots 9 and 10	16,100
C F W[illegible] to C [illegible]	N Post w [illegible], w [illegible]	7,5[illegible]
Henry Toomy to Ann McCarthy	Se Turner n Bush, 37:6x[illegible]	6,70[illegible]

Friday, November 21st

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
Arthur O'Brien to John R Morton	Se [illegible], [illegible] 16:10x75	$ 1
Margaret O'Brien to Same	Same subject to mortgage	5
Joanne [illegible] to Geo Williams	Sw 8th [illegible]	4,100
E B [illegible] to R L Tracey	Lots 11, 1[illegible] to 42 inclusive block [illegible] Hd	5
M C Axberg to John T Boyd	N [illegible] Leavenworth, [illegible]	200
E W [illegible] to Olive Palmer	Ne 21 [illegible] nw Harrison, nw [illegible]	
Thos Martin to John Devlin	N Jackson, 5[illegible] e Hyde, 20x62:6	1,300
Geo K Porter to Harriet Wilson	N Ridley, 2[illegible] w Mission, w 40, e 109:4, e 45:1, s 110 to commencement	1
J Harrington to Catherine Finegan	Sw Julia, 23 se Minna, se 25x50—subdiv [illegible]	1,500
Robt R Govens to Wm [illegible]	Lot [illegible], Columbia Hd	[illegible]
Wm H Chapman to Rob't R Govens	[illegible] Mason, [illegible]	2,540
J L King to C McLaughlin	Sundry Gift Map lots in south part city	6,000
Same to same	Lots 891 and 893, Gift Map 2	1,000
Mary Ellis to Geo H Moore	N cor Washington and Spear, [illegible] etc	10
[illegible]	[illegible]	1,[illegible]
F W [illegible] to [illegible]	[illegible] Park H[illegible]	[illegible]
A M[illegible] to R[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	1,1[illegible]
David [illegible]	[illegible]	1

Saturday, November 22d

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
M Kelde to Rudolph Armstrong	E Hampshire, 225 s 22d, s 25x100	$ 375
E M Dewey to Marianna A Wills	Lots 1[illegible] and 1273, Gift Map 4	150
Jean Tronis by Jean Lachaux	E Polard Pl 117:6 n Vallejo, n 20x58:6	975
City and County S F to M T Divine	Ne Scott and Pacific Ave, 137:6x275	..
J H Blood to Juna H Van Reed	W cor 5th and Howard, nw 30 etc	Gift
R M Sherman to Thos Noble et al	N Tyler, 137:6 w Webster, 137:6x68:9	4,305
Walter H Cook to Samuel Williams	W Avery, 100 s Post, 25x91:6	400
Robt B Pearson to E T Crane	S Clay, 100 e Davis, e 25x119:6	10,000
John Shanahan to L Kane	Se Mission, sw 11th, etc	2,000
Samuel Williams to H P Avery	W Avery, 75 s Post, s 25x91:6	400
Gottlieb Habsch to Chas Kornfeld	Lots 25 to 14 inclusive Precita Val Lands	800
W E Darby to G H Winterburn	Sw Priest and Washington, 21:3x57:6	300
Geo F Norton to Eliz Brown	S Lombard, 81 e Gough, e 107, s 27[illegible] deg e 75:6, w 68[illegible] deg, w 81:3, n 70 deg, w 60, n 9 to commencement	1,000
T P Riordan to Chas J Mosley	E Nebraska, 200 n Nevada, n 66:8x100—sub P N 109	2,330

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current, Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Mining Review, complete summary of Telegraphic News to date, latest Eastern Market Reports, etc, etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec 21

S T SUIT & CO'S CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon, | National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon, | Breckenridge B B B Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco,
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequalled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec 24.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc. Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts. Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St Louis, etc. Ocean Routes via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17.]

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL. The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads thirteen miles from the city, and [illegible] yards from the San Bruno [illegible] has [illegible] been [illegible] May [illegible]. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7 A. J. GAMBILL.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions, Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.
NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento. | J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.
Dec 9.]

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc., Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle thread, Venus Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves, etc.
March 20 MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor Bush, S. F.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov 15 Portland Maine.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
San Francisco. [May 24

MAIN & WINCHESTER

C. MAIN. E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc. Nos 214 and 216 Battery street San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept 12

EDINBURGH ALE

Robert Younger's Celebrated Edinburgh Pale Ale, in bulk and bottles, ex late arrivals. For sale by AGARD FOULKES & CO.,
March 20 4[illegible] Front street, S. F.

NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,

E. H. NEWTON.] [MORRIS NEWTON

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries, 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7

NOTICE.

Dr. A. J. Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 632 Clay street. Office Hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Sept. 27.

CASTLE BROTHERS—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods. Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. [illegible]

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. up [illegible] Nov [illegible]

RETURNING REASON.

Now, at length, it seems as if the people were beginning to be ashamed of themselves for their drunken fury against Spain, in the matter of the *Virginius*. But their shame, like their fury, does them no honor. They raged because they hate Spain and the Spaniards, and they are ashamed, because Washington does not know its own mind, and but one prominent politician, the only S. S. Cox, has been found to take up the war-cry against the "Spanish butchers." Every one knows the fool in whom we trust, but our fetish is a member of Congress. That out of so many hundreds only one should dare to commit himself has given the popular mind pause, and it thinks not without reason, that it has made an ass of itself. It is a pity Thersites died so long ago. If he could have seen the "nods and becks and wreathed smiles" of our Government during the last four weeks, how would he have applauded himself for discovering with how little wisdom nations are governed! He saw some curious Cabinets in his time, but never anything quite so low or poor in the element of wisdom as the hucksters of Washington in 1873. Everybody knows the history of the *Virginius*, but everybody has not remarked that the traditional American [illegible] for Cuba, taken up officially by the present administration, in 1869, has been quite too closely connected with the career of that vessel and with the operations of the Cuban Junta in the U. S. Secretary Fish has read Macchiavelli to so little purpose that he allowed himself to [illegible] the Cuban representatives in New York as not worthy their "noble cause." If he had been a Statesman, he would have said nothing, or he would have praised their love of country. It is a rash thing to say when one has no proofs to bring forward, but we say, however rashly, that the Department of State, at Washington, is the father and mother and sister and brother of the Cuban Junta at New York. The *Virginius* has been kept on the register for good cause, and the man-of-war, which helped her at more than one pinch, happened to be in the right place, according to instructions. The Administration has counted on three constant quantities: the American greed for Cuba; the inexhaustible element of cant in our people, and the supposed weakness of Spain. The first two held good. We are sick with longing for the rich island, we daily watch each other's faces with unbounded blackboard rhetoric about the progress of humanity and the patriotisms of Cuba. But the amazement of our sagacious rulers knew no limits when it was found that Spain, with war in Cuba, and civil war in the Peninsula, was more than ready to fight, if the great apostle of humanity pushed her too hard. From blowing hot with persistent vigor, Washington began all at once to blow cold, and the people began to suspect that they had been juggled, as they had. The blame, which attaches to Spain in this business, is small, and it may be summed up in the charge of undue haste, to carry out a most righteous verdict. No one is permitted to forget, for an instant of time, that, from the first years of the Republic to this day, the American people have sought more or less successfully, to steal the lands of their neighbors. We may occasionally lose sight of this noble national trait, the people, whose homes are in danger, do not forget the past or feel secure in the present. We have to thank the Spaniards and the Mexicans for the only moral lessons which the New World has contributed to the history of the human race for the past twenty-five years, viz: The execution of Lopez and his fifty American followers at Havana, the execution of Maximilian at Queretaro, and the summary justice dealt out to the pirates of the *Virginius*. Massimo D'Azeglio used to say that Lincoln's philanthropy consisted in setting free the slaves of their enemies. The Spaniards and the Mexicans want to be masters in their own homes, and the lesson we have just received will undoubtedly cool our gushing humanitarianism for some time to come.

GOOD-BYE, SUPERVISORS!

With cheerful alacrity we pen the obituary of the ten honorable gentlemen who, as Supervisors, are now defunct. *De mortuis nil nisi bonum.* Of the departed in their official capacity we have naught but praise to speak. As Supervisors, they justified every precedent. They were subtle of understanding, nimble of finger, ready of trick, round of belly, plethoric of pocket, lavish with the city's money, lavish with the city's table. They were masters of domestic economy, since upon a salary, too trivial to mention, they clothed the body in purple and fine linen and refreshed the inner man with turtle and champagne. They were the sworn friends of the poor contractors who came with a little job in one hand, a little coin in the other. Stevenson, Phipps and Flannagan, and all the rest will heave deep groans over lost official graves, and [illegible] the new comers pan out. H. J. Booth & Co. will plant a cypress tree in the Cuban [illegible] when they get it. Spring Valley will furnish the water to sprinkle their graves (at fifteen dollars and seventy-five cents per inch). Harrison of the Industrial School will thrash a boy and send him to weep his tears over them. Bentley will send them a grand feed, the sole relic of turkey bones, oyster shells, and other lovesome remnants of an almost lost lunch. Who would not be thus mourned? Who would not be a Supervisor to pilfer plunder and prevaricate? In the midst of our distracting grief at their retirement from the public, it is a consolation to know that they read one final bow at the city Treasury in the shape of some four hundred dollars which they have kindly invested in the [illegible] of their own [illegible]. Long after the memory of them shall have passed away it will be our mournful pleasure to gaze upon those [illegible] of classic art made upon the [illegible] of Kenny and Swett, who, with [illegible] accurately [illegible], upon the [illegible] of Stewart and [illegible], who appear as a pair of heavy weights just arranging a fight upon the [illegible] faces and [illegible] expressions of Taylor and King, whose new Dane is given to judgment to take up the sins of a Van De Mark upon the other [illegible], and [illegible] of the [illegible] upon the [illegible] face of Barrett, where the [illegible], and the [illegible] of [illegible], [illegible] the restaurateur at the [illegible] customer at last. It has been our [illegible] to [illegible] the [illegible] in the former part of their career, and [illegible] what [illegible] side. We might [illegible] that we always adhered to truth in consequence of what we have received from all of them [illegible] between [illegible] money. It was our ardent hope that Joe [illegible] would have shuffled off the Supervisorial [illegible] company with [illegible] and [illegible], but it was not to be, and one else which has been sharpened for new work may spend [illegible] of the street with [illegible] order of whisky shops, groceries, and coal yards, with the [illegible] conviction that the *News Letter* was up to all their little tricks. *Vale* Supervisors.

THE GILDED THIEF.

The power of money is proverbial, and how else can we find a better illustration of it than in the case of Boss Tweed. The criminal of the law are supposed to grapple the criminal and [illegible] the [illegible] of the people. It is the more strange, in these days that as we advance, great wealth should be considered of avail doing. That the men in whom the people [illegible] to see their image and whom they elect to represent justice and the majesty of the law, should prove incorrupt, [illegible] and worthy of being trusted [illegible] a great surprise, and these men, these judges and jurors with no virtue is at best purely negative, that much as they merely do what they are paid to do as [illegible] friends, do wrong when they [illegible] strictly, are lauded to the skies, and their portraits in the papers, and [illegible] held up as models, and [illegible] to be followed by all future generations. But the clutch of the law, though they [illegible] the great thief in prison, do not disembowel his pockets or force him to disgorge the gold he has stolen. The Boss was unlucky in being caught, and foolish in trusting too much to the corruptibility of his fellow men, but yet his fate [illegible] a hard one. Had he been a poor [illegible] he would have been hustled off to jail, a pick or a shovel or [illegible] would have been thrust into his hand, and with harsh words, or perhaps blows, he would have been forced to work out his sentence. Nobody would have dreamed of his being a gold [illegible]. Being poor, according to the eternal fitness of things, he must be guilty. As the case stands, he is flunkied and pampered by everybody that approaches him. His room, which is facetiously called his "cell," is sumptuously furnished and warmly carpeted; he is kept supplied with the latest papers that he may read to his own gratification how intensely people are interested in the fate of the great thief. His meals are served up to him from a first class restaurant and altogether he is treated more like a great State prisoner than a felon convicted of robbery. Of course this is all at his own expense, which means that it is at the expense of the people he pillaged. Whether he will regain his liberty "all at his own expense," or no, remains to be seen.

THANKSGIVING.

For the power thou giv'st the press
  We thank thee, Lord.
For the means to give redress
  We thank thee, Lord.
For the sting that's in our tail,
Making us a moral flail
To make sinners weep and wail,
  We thank thee, Lord.
For the copies we have sold
  We thank thee, Lord.
For the cash our pockets hold
  We thank thee, Lord.
For the news that thou hast sent
Of men o'er wickedness intent
For all the money on us spent
  We thank thee, Lord.

That we're read from pole to pole
  We thank thee, Lord.
That we're feared by every soul
  We thank thee, Lord.
That the lightest word we speak
Makes the frightened sinner sick,
Makes the rampant hoodlum meek,
  We thank thee, Lord.
That all other papers fail
  We thank thee, Lord.
That their news is ever stale
  We thank thee, Lord.
That thou they [illegible] didst not slight
On a pleasant Friday night
Of our first proofs to catch a sight
  We thank thee, Lord.

If thou wilt ever advertise
  Tell us, O Lord,
And thou shalt have the largest size
  Of type, O Lord,
We will charge thee less per line
Than at any other time,
For thou hast made our face to shine
  Well oil, O Lord.

T. A. H.

THE LABORS OF THE "DOLLIES" AT THE COMING SESSION.

The next Legislature will have a very promising job before it, compared to which all the Twelve Labors of Hercules are but a [illegible]. We hope the Dolly Varden Solons and their colleagues of the Straight-out Democratic and Republican persuasions may be able to accomplish at least an infinitesimal fraction of the many and great things so confidently expected and so [illegible] demanded of them. There are many hopeful souls who think that the "overthrow of the railroad power" and the rout of the "monopolists" in the Legislative reckoning is to usher in a business and political millennium. We shall see whether these good and sagacious people are to be disappointed. It must be admitted that they look for a vast deal; but then is that so very unreasonable when we consider the prodigious talents, untiring industry and numerous virtues of the statesmen selected by Brother Pickering and his road, alone for the Herculean task of going to Sacramento to encircle the Railroad Hydra with his hundred heads where he [illegible] in the swamps near Rabel's Tannery? What we might not dare hope for from common men may not be beyond the achievement of such intellectual Titans as John F. Swift, Washington Bartlett, A. J. Gunnison and their scarcely less puissant compeers in the upper and lower houses. If St. George killed but the one dragon, why should we doubt or despair when we see Brother Pickering patting M. M. Estee on the shoulder and bidding him on to the charge against the Hydra of the Slough? We do not underrate the difficulty of the tasks set for the Dolly Varden Knights. To correct all abuses in office, abolish the fee system, cut down salaries, pry into all manner of extravagances, reform the Board of Equalization, the Harbor Commissioners, and all the smaller fry of offices whom Fitch and Pickering regard as corrupt; to abolish the State printing, regulate freights and fares on a basis that shall be just to railroad men and [illegible] to the Grangers, the traveling public, and all mankind who have merchandise to transport, to amend the Codes, make a fence-law equally satisfactory to the grazing and the agricultural interests, to regulate the subject of water supply, prevent the lakes, springs, rivers, and watersheds from being appropriated by the grasp of Von Schmidt and his rapacious associates, to promote immigration, increase production, reform our land policy, make business brisk, money abundant, the rate of wages mutually pleasing to employers and employed, and [illegible] every one of us to [illegible] high and buy cheap, to ascertain whether True Blue was "cut down," settle which of the cheap morning papers has committed the grossest perjury touching its circulation, and finally to elect a United States Senator satisfactory to Brother Pickering and the De Youngs. These are a few of the tasks remaining with which the Dolly legislators will be expected to grapple by a majority of their enlightened constituency. Ordinary men might shrink with diffidence if not with dismay from the task, but Estee, Swift & Co. are men too heroic to be dismayed, and we don't believe that either of them ever had an instant's personal experience of so ignoble an emotion as diffidence.

SNEAKING OUT OF IT.

Some weeks ago the *Call* published several columns of dastardly insinuations against Gen. La Grange, Superintendent of the San Francisco Branch Mint. There was something peculiarly mean about the manner in which the attack was got up. It was elaborate, and notwithstanding it appeared in the *Call* as a news, a circumstance which, of itself, *prima facie* evidence that it was written by some person not regularly connected with that establishment. Every irresponsible charge that has ever been made against the General by disaffected employés for his partiality in employees [illegible] for [illegible], or by unsuccessful beggars for a place in the establishment (and their name is legion) was carefully trumped up and sneakingly insinuated. Instead of adopting the course which is usual when charges that have not yet been investigated or taken official shape are concerned against a man in the Superintendent's position—that is of merely alluding to them as matters of [illegible] and maintaining an impartial attitude until they are established by proof—instead of pursuing this fair and manly course, the *Call* virtually endorsed them all, and pronounced the Superintendent guilty in advance. There was no mistaking the animus of the article. It was written "to kill." The heart of the writer was "set on fire of hell." The man was maligned in the most approved style of the [illegible] at the counsellor of the [illegible]. Well, a pet scheme having been got up, a high official came on from Washington to investigate the charges. They have been investigated and declared to be without foundation. And now the *Call*, with monstrous effrontery, lies as follows in its Thursday's issue: "In reference to Gen. La Grange, the *Call* has published in its local columns the charges made against him—which were just then the subject of official investigation—purely as a matter of news, no more, no less. It has not tried to injure this gentleman. Gen. La Grange, so far as we are concerned, is perfectly welcome to hold the office of Mint Superintendent, and we do not know but he will manage its affairs as well as any person," etc. It is false that the charges that appeared in the *Call* "were just then the subject of official investigation." The investigation came afterwards. It is false that the charges were "news matter." They were not a copy or synopsis of any document or specification of charges that had been drawn up. They were merely the embodiment of fly-blown rumor, and of every evil whisper that ears greedy of scandal and sharpened by malice could gather from the four winds. When the *Call* says, speaking of itself: "It has not sought to injure this gentleman," it utters the most monstrous falsehood of all. It is not hard to form a theory of the genesis of this pack of gross and palpable lies. When Pickering found that the manufactured slanders to which he had given currency were officially pronounced baseless, the prudent old gentleman scented a libel suit, and grew nervous. In that demoralized condition he probably sat down to pen the awkward and confused "retraction" from which we have quoted a few of the more shameless "bouncers."

Familiar Phrases.—The term, "Masterly inactivity," originated with James Mackintosh. "God tempers the wind to the shorn lamb," which everybody who didn't suppose it was in the Bible, credited to Sterne, was stolen by him from George Herbert, who translated it from the French of Henry Estienne. "The cup that cheers but not inebriates," was "conveyed" by Cowper from Bishop Berkely in his 'Siris.' Wordsworth's, "The child is father of the man," is traced from him to Milton, and from Milton to Sir Thomas Moore. "Like angels visits, few and far between," is the offspring of an "Hook"—it is not Thomas Campbell's original thought. "There's a gude time coming," is Scott's phrase in "Rob Roy." And the "Almighty dollar" is Washington Irving's happy hit.

NEW BOOKS —OF— THE WEEK.

Sub-Tropical Rambles. By Nicholas Pike. 8vo, cloth.
Records of a Quiet Life. By Augustus J. C. Hare. 12mo, cl.
Jessamine. A Novel. By M. Harland. 12mo, cloth.
The Fair God. A Tale of Mexico. By General Lew Wallace. 12mo, cloth.
Doing His Best. A Story for Boys. By J. T. Trowbridge. 12mo, cloth.
What Can She Do. By Rev. E. P. Roe. 12mo, cloth.
Normandy Picturesque. By Henry Blackburn. 12mo, cl.
The Story of Goethe's Life. By G. H. Lewes. 12mo, cloth.
The Herd Marquise. By Leonard Kip. 12mo, cloth.
The Boy with an Idea. By Mrs. Eiloart. 12mo, cloth.
Christian Rhetoric. By G. W. Hervey. 8vo, cloth.

A. ROMAN & CO.,
Publishers, Stationers, Importers and Booksellers.
11 Montgomery st., Lick House Block.

JOUVIN GLOVES.

None genuine unless one of each pair bears the TRADE MARK of Original Inventor and Patentee, with date of patent, 1834.

Veuve Xavier Jouvin & Cie,
PARIS & GRENOBLE.

MURPHY, GRANT & CO.,
Sole Agents for Pacific Coast,
San Francisco.
Sept 2

A. P. NYE. T. S. ACHESON.

NYE & ACHESON,

IMPORTERS OF

GAS FIXTURES,

315 and 317 Pine st.,

San Francisco.

Oct 11

NOTICE.

Charles J. Collins,
Pioneer Hatter,
Under Odd Fellows' Hall,
Guarantees the Highest Satisfaction to all his Patrons.

No. 321 Montgomery street.
Oct 25

HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE,
24 Post St. San Francisco.

THE ONLY THOROUGH Business College on the Coast. Young Men and [illegible] should receive a thorough practical Education at HEALD'S BUSINESS COLLEGE, 24 Post street, San Francisco. Sessions day and evening the year. [illegible] Each receives separate instruction. There is a Preparatory Department for those not sufficiently advanced for the Business Course. Visitors are always welcome at the College. Send for

Heald's College Journal,
An eight-page paper, published monthly by the College, giving full particulars in regard to the school, and containing a large variety of interesting reading. Sent free to all [illegible].

E. P. HEALD,
President Business College,
Aug 11 San Francisco.

DR. ABORN,
Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Infirmary, [illegible] street, [illegible] Union Square. April 20

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

Satire should, like a polished razor keen,
Wound with a touch that's scarcely felt or seen.

THE PARSON'S SOLILOQUY.

Death in the cup! Death in the cup!
See how they drink the poison up,
While we of the joys of heaven tell,
And brandish that ancient bug bear—Hell.

O foolish fools! to believe that we
Through the unknown future can clearly see,
Or that we have faith in the word we preach,
Or trust in the mouldy trash we teach.

We talk for money—it must be done,
The bread of life must be much on won,
And when fools listen and pay to hear
We heed not the few who jibe and sneer.

We lie for a living, and do it well,
With our joys of heaven, and pangs of hell;
So may lying flourish, and sin prevail,
Lest by truth and goodness the parson fail.

T. A. H.

The Ignatian Literary Society has been debating the question, "Has Morality kept Pace with Civilization?" Taking morality to mean the duties of men and women in their social character, we answer, unhesitatingly, Yes. Civilization has arrived at a high state of perfection, and morality has kept pace with it. Especially the morality of San Francisco. We live here in a state of beautiful simplicity, pastoral innocence, breathing an atmosphere of saint-like brotherly kindness. The stranger who tarries within our gates is struck with the evidences of a thorough conformity to the rules of right noticeable on all sides. Our public men are patterns of upright living, with the only shadow around or about them that cast by their own effulgent brightness. Our public institutions are models of successful management and honest dealing. Who would ever think of asking for an "investigation" into the conduct of the officers of asking for a public auditing of their accounts? Why, they are nearly all—shall we say greasy?—with the Lord's anointing oil, and lambs, or rams rather, without blemish. Our courts of justice do what little they have to do in such a spirit of transcendant fairness and purity impartially as to excel the truest reverence of a community so nobly pure, moral and high-toned as ours. No golden-linked judges; it is no borrowed days in a judicial office, everything pretty and proper. This, we believe, is chiefly owing to all the legal dignitaries, from the highest Chief Justice to the lowest special officer, being born Americans. And then look at the private life of the people! What a picture of morality are presented! A sort of kaleidoscopic series of bright and charming effects. Turn it which way you choose, and something new and pretty is presented. We have no murders, no suicides, no outrages, no nothing wrong. Our women are vestals as maidens and Susannahs as wives. Unapproachable, pure and chaste, they have earned for themselves a name indeed. On this particular subject there can be no doubt. The morality of San Francisco society is perfectly done. And how pleasantly and happily we all live together. Not a pistol in the city, a little and prayer book in every man's pocket, church every day, penance and spiritual songs nightly, and nearly from Monday. We [illegible] all vacant lots, no gambling, the Sabbath respected, our papers conducted by princely spirits, who kiss and [illegible] whenever they meet, no drunkards, no drinking, no lewd women and no Chinese. Brethren, we live in a holy city and in a holy time. Morality has kept step with civilization. Let us praise the Lord! Sound, [illegible]! [illegible]! Yah!

John Purcell, one of the dealers about the corner grocery of Mission and Sixteenth streets, had a little difficulty with his wife and threw her down stairs. It hurt her a little, fractured her arm, disfigured her face and so on. But what we want to say is this. The [illegible] differences are becoming so frequent, and "gentlemen" of *Chronicle* gentlemen are sometimes so impetuous and careless in keeping up their position as "Lords of the Family," We think a set of rules for the mild correction of wives would be of service. Something like this:

No. I. THE UNSTEADY HAT. *Application.*—Let it be supposed that on coming home at night, the husband cannot fit his latch-key. Let him rattle the knob like old fury until his wife comes and opens the door, when he is to give her a growl and blacken both her eyes. This is the Obscure Hint, that in future she had better remind and not have queer key holes in the street door. No. II. THE UNSTABLE PEANUTS. *Application.*—Let it be supposed that the coffee at breakfast is so hot that the husband burns the tip of his tongue in hastily drinking. It is immediately to seize the [illegible] hand pour the coffee down his wife's back, making at the same time some pleasant joke about [illegible] and Mocha. This will [illegible] her to be on the [illegible] the next time she hands it to her husband. No. III. THE LAST APPEAL. *Application.*—Let it be supposed that the husband says he thinks it'll rain to-morrow, and that the wife ventures to think 'twill be fine. He is at once to seize her by both ears and knock her head against the wall until the neighbors think he has bought a [illegible]. If the wife is nursing a baby 'twill be so much the better, and will be a lesson to the child, whether boy or girl, how to behave when he or she grows up. This is the Last Appeal to her sense of what is due her lord and master. No. IV. THE SETTLEMENT OF THE DIFFICULTY. *Application.*—Let it be supposed that the husband on coming home on Saturday night is asked by his half-a-loaf [illegible] he has brought. And so, coming to ask to [illegible] at the bed that night [illegible]. And on [illegible] the wife to [illegible], the husband is immediately to seize a chair and knock her down. There is the chance of the blow killing her to be sure, but we think that after all the best Settlement of the Difficulty. The *Chronicle* commends its remarks to the vast army of persecuted husbands, and the [illegible] army of sad-hearted and broken-spirited wives—God help them!

The Hoodlum Rough of San Francisco has a pleasant, honorable way of [illegible] of a great point about him. He doesn't sneak up to your face in a cowardly manner to tell you to take care of yourself, and wait till you are ready. He comes behind you [illegible] as a first rate [illegible] should, and [illegible] Nor does he, when in [illegible] all his [illegible] you [illegible] square and plump in your face, an [illegible] in your [illegible], [illegible] eye or two. He has several [illegible] a saloon, which he [illegible] with [illegible]. When a row is on, when [illegible] and bullets are whizzing, when knife and pistol are out, you will see you hoodlum, who knows what's what, take a large beer glass, grasp it by the handle and smash half [illegible] that for a short-handed encounter [illegible]. Sharper than a razor, and [illegible], [illegible] into that row! and never [illegible] check [illegible] of San Francisco to feel proud at possessing the inventor of this pretty little instrument? Remember the humane sand-club too. The hoodlum is a *noble* creature, that is, if to be noble means to be the incarnation of all that is useless and idle and repulsive and the meanest and most cowardly skulk that ever cursed God's earth.

Mr. P. Mish, who, from his advertisement, evidently contemplates a domestic change, invites his friends and the public to come up and buy his elegant and costly furniture. We advise our townsmen to [illegible]. A [illegible] would have advertised "Furniture [illegible] while in [illegible] gone [illegible], [illegible] for a [illegible] a half [illegible] recklessly [illegible]. Mr. Mish [illegible] costly sale, [illegible] cut [illegible] our [illegible], [illegible] admiration, but, we fear, [illegible].

"Set a thief to catch a thief" is receiving a very practical application in these latter days. The *Chronicle*, on Sunday last, published a statement to the effect that the circulation of the moral and family sheet had risen to the astounding total number of *three hundred and fourteen!* To say nothing of the exchanges. This statement stirred old Pickering terrible bad, and next morning he went for the upstart daily and gave it fits. More than this he showed to frightful perfection how the trick was done, tearing down the curtain and showing the strings that pulled the cards. *Christian* No. 1 threw back the vile aspersion on the purity of his character, declared that in *his* performance there was "no deception ladies and gentlemen," overthrew his rival's *tables*, showed the hole where the extra ball was hid, patched up his own curtain and hoped the conjuring performance would go on without further interruption. Not a bit of it. Nimble-fingered Loring, jealous of his reputation as *the* Hey-Presto and Prize Conundrum-Propounder of the Pacific Coast, came back to the onslaught with renewed vigor and another bottle of hair-dye, smashed his rival's "properties," and raved to generally. *He* knew all about it, *he* had been there, and no dodges on earth were going to blind such an out and out dodger as he. And so the classic war rages. And so the dailies of San Francisco uphold "the dignity of the press," about which they prate with such overwhelming old-woman-like shallowness and miserable misconception of what the very words mean. Two great dailies engaged in an animated discussion on the extent of their circulation! Not a bit of it, simply Tweedledum and Tweedledee quarreling, in a very undignified and hoodlumish manner, banging each other about the head with gall-slop bladders. Their papers, to wit—and afford us one more proof of what excessively low and tricky papers they are. For how, in the name of common sense, can we judge otherwise when we find the present tore, for a whole week, each trying to prove the other a trickster! And, good Lord, we needed *that* proved!

If there is any one thing that makes us feel meaner than another, it is having to affect an interest in a "mother's darling," when that darling is anything under six and is the only child. You are asked to examine the "dear child's" legs, to feel how plump, how firm, or how something they are, and if you would not be thought a brute you have to assume an idiotic smile and finger the mottled limb and say, "Dear me! Surprising! Hah"—and ten chances to one, all you get in repayment for this examination of the little beggar's extremities is a kick in the stomach or a dig in the eye from a small red leather boot, on which the mother never fails to remark, "Bless the little duck's activity. Isn't it astonishing! And only three years old!" Or, you have finished dinner and are chatting pleasantly with the host, when the fond mother brings in "her boy" that you may, as a favor, be allowed to admire him. The little cherub is put down on the floor and immediately steers toddlingly for you and wipes its little dingy fingers, sticky and with the sticky remnants of cranberry pie, on your white waistcoat. "See how familiar the dear love is with you, Mr. *Town*," says the mother, and you rub your head and say that children always *do* take to you. But if you only have that frightfully familiar child yours for a few minutes near a convenient water-butt, wouldn't you wash him! The fuss and cackling these hens with a brood of one make over the solitary chick is very beautiful, and proves that natural affection is not yet extinct. And it is thought has put us in a better frame of mind. We *do* love little children. We love to hear them bawl and yell, for is it not a happy sign that their lungs are sound? We love to have baby fingers thrust into our eyes, for is it not a charming proof that *they* can see? And we love to take a dear child and trot it on our knee, and, if the consequences are disastrous, have you not the satisfaction of knowing that you have made the dear child happy, even though it necessitates a change of nether garments of both yours and the little angel?

The daily press of this city has become so utterly demoralized, that no issue of the [illegible] cheap morning papers is now considered complete unless it contains one or more articles of an outrageously defamatory character. The best [illegible] minister to the depraved tastes of the proletarian rabble, the objects of attack selected are generally prominent citizens whose characters are above reproach. General Lafayette and Sheriff Adams have been among the more recent victims, and the [illegible] which the [illegible] have [illegible] to resort to, is of such a character that in a highly civilized community it would excite disgust and loathing, while in a frontier settlement it would at once provoke a resort to the bowie-knife and pistol. The *Chronicle* set the fashion by imagining that the rock was as safe as as private character, and the *Call*, after a little hesitation, determined to not content or decency, commenced howling salt. If there were any particle of [illegible] [illegible], or [illegible] salt to be [illegible] the [illegible] brutality of these assaults there might be a measure of indulgence. The [illegible] with the clumsiness of a clown, and the dexterity of a butcher who likes his [illegible] for its own sake. The only hope of a [illegible] is that the two may in the excitement of their competing perjury, swear themselves into the State Prison.

One Thomas Brown, a *Sunrise* sailor, attempted to become "dear ungrateful and unpleasant," by precipitating himself into the waters of the bay, but was saved by an absent minded policeman. We protest. If abused sailors choose to dispose of their persons in [illegible], in the name of [illegible] there enough of them on hand who are to receive the board and [illegible] for the [illegible] brutes on their [illegible] bodies. We have [illegible] Captain Clarke because every [illegible], something [illegible]. We have regarded him as a relentless bloodhound, a gorged vulture, a fierce hyena, a treacherous jungle tiger, a remorseless cannibal, a ship Dionysius, a blood-sucking vampire,—as everything that is cruel, wicked and merciless. But abused sailors and cruel captains are pouring in on us so fast that our vocabulary is giving out; we can't think of any more pet names like the above, and we are disposed to take the other side of the question for a verbal change. Wherefore we cheerfully offer the Bay to all desponding sailors as a safe refuge from ships and courts; and we furthermore guarantee the fishes a meal that will try their digestions quite as [illegible] as the [illegible] fishes will afterwards try ours.

Bohemian High Jinks, November 22, 1873.—Headquarters of the Bohemian Club. Special Order No. 1. The members of this battalion [illegible] and [illegible] are hereby notified to assemble at their place of meeting, the 29th inst. at six o'clock sharp, for exercise in the art of war, as taught by [illegible]. The [illegible] have sung of the Battle [illegible] William of Germany, Bismarck, Von Moltke, Marshal MacMahon, Grant, Sheridan and Sherman, are hereby excused from attendance. The [illegible] of the [illegible] War [illegible] at the hour named, and bring their seats and [illegible]. Any [illegible] failing to comply with this order, will, like Gen. Dix at the Battle of New Orleans, be hauled down and shot on the spot. By order of W. H. L. Barnes, Sire.

The Chronicle of Sunday, in its advertising columns, gravely announced "the debut of Miss Adele Saiz the hunchback." A long course of observation has prepared us for any defect in a young lady histrionically inclined. A huge wart on the nose excites no shudder in our æsthetic soul. A squint does not call for even a passing remark. Crooked knee-joints and spectral limbs have become familiar things. The opera choruses have robbed the charnel-house of its horrors. Dresses low in the neck and brief in the skirt have made us hideously acquainted with female anatomy in the [illegible]. But to back-bones growing out of [illegible] straight we object. We might, upon a pinch, endure a well-developed wen, but a hunch on the back, Mr. *Chronicle*, is too much, even for either our complaisance or education.

The curtain has at length come down on the screaming farce of the *Gentle Captain* and the tickling trio have received their bouquets. Clarke goes to the County Jail for a few months, where he will doubtless pass his time at his ease, writing articles against cruelty to animals. Harris, the tool (very brutal tool for all that), has been sent to the State Prison for four years, which makes *him* a [illegible] Mallonry gets a trifle more than his deserts in proportion. What a stupid, stupid, stupid piece of legal thimble-rigging. And this is American justice! "Alas poor *Pat*."

The excitement about the "great race" still rages in sporting circles, and they estimate that the interest in it of a trial [illegible] of [illegible] for half the [illegible] and they [illegible] with so much animation and profanity as ever. What [illegible] the [illegible] from [illegible] the turf, or take yourselves and your "Byres" East, and settle it there.

THE PRESIDENT'S, GOVERNOR'S, AND MAYOR'S MESSAGES.

The last week has been prolific of speeches and the reports of the first of December term with valedictory, salutatory, admonitory, and congratulatory addresses. Past incumbents of office have, in some instances, retired gracefully, in others reluctantly, and some have refused to retire at all; but in all cases there has been an immense expenditure of good, bad, and indifferent grammar. The President's Message is by far the longest that Mr. Grant has favored the nation with since his accession to office, and to it, as that of the Chief Magistrate, we first turn. The message opens with a slight allusion to the money crisis and panic, as well as to the *Virginius* affair, both of which are subsequently dilated upon, then follows the assurance of friendly relations with the rest of the world, continuing with a notice of the Vienna Exhibition Commission, and patting the American exhibitors on the back by saying that "they had received a gratifying number of medals and diplomas during the Exposition." The reception of ambassadors of Western powers by the Emperor of China; a slight progress in the suppression of the Coolie trade; the settlement of the north-western boundary in accordance with the award of the Emperor of Germany; the receipt of the fifteen millions of dollars paid in advance by England after the decision of the Geneva Board of Arbitration; all these are complacently brought to notice. Then follows the settlement of all claims other than Alabama between Great Britain and the United States, showing a balance due the former of about two millions. Great Britain's claim was ninety-three millions, and that of the U. S. somewhat more on the principle of "if you claim that I will claim this;" but now all claims on either side are dismissed. Next in importance is the joint Mexican Commission to assess claims for trespassing on Texas, with H. B. M.'s representative at Washington as umpire; the assumption of a protectorate over San Domingo, in the same way that the frogs asked the stork to be king; the vexed question of extradition laws and their insufficiency with the claims of returned foreigners to protection from military duty, refreshing the memory of his audience with the fact that "The U. S. led the way in the overthrow of the feudal doctrine of perpetual allegiance." Then follows a necessary congratulation to Spain having established its republic, with an earnest hope that the abolition of slavery begun in Porto Rico may be extended to Cuba. That leads to the question of the *Virginius*, and the President presents a succinct, impartial history of the steamer, from the date of the 26th of September, 1870, when she was duly registered at the port of New York as a part of the Commercial Marine of the U. S., to the day when she was forcibly seized by the Spanish gunboat *Tornado*. He then details the demand by the Government for the restoration of the *Virginius*, the surrender of the survivors of her passengers and crew, with due reparation to the flag, and punishment of the authorities who had been guilty of the illegal acts of violence. "The Spanish Government," he continues, "has recognized the justice of the demand, and arranged for its being immediately complied with;" in the mean time the Secretary is authorized to put the Navy on a war footing. Some slight modifications of the Executive Veto and the work of extra sessions of Congress are then suggested and followed by the pleasant announcement that the excess of receipts over expenditures for the past fiscal year is more than forty-three millions of dollars, qualified, however, by the doubt whether the exhibit for the present fiscal year will be equally favorable, while upon the strictest economy is recommended in appropriation for public buildings, to river and harbor improvements, where such are of little benefit, and to fortifications. This literally means doing away with jobs, such as lower coast harbors and impossible breakwaters to tease the commerce of San Francisco. The message then grapples with the financial question, and here, we think, the President gets out of his depth and flounders. He begins by saying that the general panic may after all be a blessing in disguise, like a bitter pill with all the sugar coating in the inside; the blessing, we gather to be, is the hastening towards specie payment, "which cannot be reached until our exports exclusive of gold pay for our imports." Our currency is required to keep all the industry of the country employed, and thereby increase our exports. The exact medium being specie, that obtained, a currency of a determined degree of elasticity is obtained, and the experience of the past panic has satisfactorily proved that the currency of the country based upon its credit is the best that has ever been devised. Usually in troublous times, government securities become depreciated or worthless, but in this last trial they appreciated and were hoarded.

The National Bank question, of course, next comes in review, with a recommendation of mild ligatures, to prevent too much expansion or circulation, and a prohibition of interest on deposits, thereby preventing the accumulation of capital in great cities, at the same time giving the banks power to cancel their own notes and withdraw a corresponding amount of deposited bonds. Next, is a gratifying statement of the reduction of the currency during the last four years, the increase of the population, of the miles of railroad constructed, of the manufactories established, of the millions of acres of land opened to cultivation, and of the hoped for tendency of the age to a resumption of specie payments. Then comes a wail over the fact that we pay eighty millions of dollars per annum to foreign vessels for the transportation of our surplus products to a market, thereby increasing the balance of trade against us to that amount; (the balance of the report, as it has reached us, on this subject is unintelligible). An extension of the great international system of water carriage, connecting North, East, South, and West, is next recommended, as well as an expedition to survey the waters of the Amazon and its tributaries, after which the attention of Congress is drawn to the Army and Navy, with the cheering intimation that the Secretary of the Navy has been quietly employed during the past year in getting the largest monitors in a condition for active service. The report of the Postmaster-General is next referred to, postal savings banks and postal telegraphs commended for their popular utility, the grave question of the imperfect execution of the laws in Utah, and the inefficiency of the bankrupt laws, the Southern Claims Commission, and Indian Reservation muddles. The reports of the transactions of the Land Office are next touched upon: the announcement that a large body of Russians desire to form a colony in this country is made; a census is recommended to be taken in 1875 and published for the centennial anniversary; a smile is given to improvements in Washington, and the Message concludes with a glance at the disagreeable subject of civil service reform, and a recommendation that Colorado be admitted as a State.

In our own State, the principal events have been the message of Governor Booth and the addresses of Mayors Alvord and Otis. The Governor felt his way carefully, in view of the Senatorship, but could not keep out of the railroads. He recommended that fares and freight should be regulated by the Legislature. Is opposed to capital punishment, but thinks, as we do, that the plea of insanity for murder involves imprisonment for life. No more necessity for State Spanish printing, as the few Spaniards who retain their lands have adopted Anglo-Saxon manners and speech; advocates the return of the $12,000 paid by the C. P. R. R. for the Oakland flats, and the redemption of the land; deprecates war between the oldest and the youngest of modern republics, and concludes with a thanksgiving and a blessing.

Mayor Alvord, in bidding adieu to the Board of Supervisors, referred to the necessity of obtaining from the Legislature a new charter for the city and county, more particularly for the sake of preserving the Pueblo lands. Again, the absurdity of the city of San Francisco being represented on the basis of the census of 1860 must be done away with, for the city is only half represented as by law established. A brief statement of the finances shows the city indebtedness to be more than four and a half millions, of which the floating debt is a million and a quarter, which his Honor recommends should be paid and funded. "Fund City Hall and Law Courts bonds," says he, "for posterity will benefit thereby, but not the debt incurred for present improvements." A quiet dig at the onpopular new revenue code with respect to taxation next follows with an expression of conviction of the urgency of inviting foreign capital, and a demand for reduction of municipal expenses, joined to an exhaustive report on the condition of our streets, to which we refer our readers. The mud quarry of the present police force is referred to, and a pean is sung in favor of public parks. The necessity of protecting the land reservations from our citizen thieves is then indignantly noticed; the New City Hall comes in for only qualified praise, the æsthetic gentleman struggling with the utilitarian magistrate. An appeal for destitute and abandoned children, for overcrowded theater-goers and street car travelers follows, and, with a hope for cheaper and better water, this most excellent discourse, to which we have not done justice, concluded by a congratulation on the prosperity of the city and its escape from fire and panic, and ended by introducing

MAYOR OTIS,

whose address was in many parts an indorsement of the policy of his predecessor, with a recommendation of a little more public spirit and liberality, a deprecation of wooden pavements, a desire for better and oftener flushed sewers, the freezing out of low bar rooms, the lighting our streets irrespective of the moon's calendar, the rendering the Mission Bay lands available, the necessity of a water front railroad, a good word for the market wagons and an evil one for those empty drays and vehicles which block our streets, an earnest desire for the establishment of more manufactories for the employment of our men, women and children, and a recommendation for economy, were among the principal points of the sound address of the present sensible, practical man of business Mayor of San Francisco.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

A successful concert was held at the Taylor street Congregational Church on Tuesday evening.——During November the Poundkeeper captured 882 dogs, of which number 237 were sent to the happy hunting grounds.——There are 331 patients in the County Hospital.——George Treat proposes to enter "Thad Stevens" for the two-mile heats at Oakland, on Christmas Day. Stakes amount to $2,500.——Fourteen paupers were admitted to the Almshouse last week.——The Temperance Societies are resolved upon uniting their forces to obtain drinking fountains for the city masses. Better leave it till after the rains.——Special services for the increase of success in the Episcopal Missions were held at Grace Church, on Wednesday morning and evening, in conjunction with the Church of England, all over the world.——The Clay street cars are improved, but the time of running has not yet been extended as promised.——Chief Cockrill's manifesto against the women of the town is as sensible and rightly vigorous an order as has ever been issued.——Coroner Rice held his first inquest on Tuesday.——Mayor Otis and Superintendent of Streets Kent were serenaded on Monday night.——Look Chung, the head of the Hip Tee Tong Society, having had his Celestial claret let out, on Friday night, has gone home. He was buried on Monday with great pomp and many pigs.——The next praise service at Dr Stone's Church will be held on Dec. 28th.——Judge Chilson delivered a lecture on the Modocs at the Larkin st. Church, on Tuesday evening.——Sunrise Harris was taken to San Quentin on Monday.——Twenty-one persons were examined by the Commissioners of Lunacy during last month.——Two new lakes have been discovered, one at the corner of Bush and Kearny, named Lake Kearny, and the other on Mission, between Twenty-second and Twenty-fourth streets, called Lake Ashley. The first has been drained, but the second would still float a moderate navy.——George Wilkes and John Chamberlain are still at logger-heads and using bad language about "True Blue's" failure.——At the Atlantic Hotel fire on Monday, a man named Adams was burnt to death.——The ship *Cultivator* arrived in port on Monday with most of her crew stricken with scurvy.——The P. M. steamer *Montana*, now loading for Guaymas, will take on board six months' provisions for the U. S. war vessel *Narragansett*.——Purcell, charged with throwing his wife down stairs, has been discharged, as his wife refuses to testify against him.——Preparations for the Oriental Masked Ball, at the California Theater in January, are being carried on vigorously.——A decline in the supply of the fish market is said to be noticeable.——Fancy a snow storm *here* in the beginning of our California Winter! and yet a heavy one took place on Wednesday. Snow, six inches deep, is reported from Sacramento.——The San Francisco Benevolent Association makes another appeal for aid.——There will be a masquerade of the French Zouaves at Platt's Hall, on Saturday week.——The Chinese progresseth. Ah Hong was arrested on Wednesday, for having illicitly manufactured three hundred packages of matches.——Deakin has capitally sketched the site of the Lick Observatory.——A dozen Chinamen are at work on the hull of the war ship *Dacota*, completely breaking her up.

NEW ZEALAND.

New Zealand has abandoned the system of levying duties by the "cubic foot" measurement in favor of "ad valorum duties," which the Hon. Mr. Vogel, the Treasurer, thinks will be "*more convenient!*" which we can readily imagine when we reflect upon the immense labor which would devolve upon an importer who, having received a dozen cases of assorted merchandise, in order to ascertain the actual cost of each article, set to work to ascertain the cubic contents of the various articles, including flutes, fiddles, fiddle strings, umbrellas, shirts, ladies' slippers, a countryman's boots, a lady's dress, a chignon, a gentleman's hat, a lady's bonnet, tobacco pipes, perhaps a bottle of oil, a box of pomatum, a tub, a broom, a brush for the teeth, the hair, or to scrub, baskets, a suit of clothes, chinaware, fare, hardware, etc., etc. The scale of duties under the new law is 10, 12½ and 15 per cent respectively, with 10 per cent added for freight and charges. The ad valorum mode certainly appears to be more equitable than that of measurement, by which all coarse goods would pay a high rate than the fine. For instance, a miner's boot would measure double the measurement of a gent's French calfskin, as would a suit of coarse clothes, compared with a fine, and very many articles commended by the poorer classes would pay double the rate the same articles of fine quality would pay. The new tariff will, we think, increase, or create a demand for many articles of American manufacture, which our merchants will not be slow to discover.

OUR LOCAL LEGISLATURE.

THE STANDING COMMITTEES.

At the meeting of the Board of Supervisors, held on Monday evening, Mayor Otis announced the Standing Committees, appointed by him for the year, in accordance with the resolution of the Board. He said it was a delicate duty, and a difficult matter for him to perform to the satisfaction of all the members. He had endeavored to select Committees in a manner that would be most conducive to harmony, and allow of the dispatch of the most business with the least practicable labor; that with the good of the city in view was the object. The Committees, which were selected as named by the Mayor, are as follows: *Judiciary*—Menzies, Lynch and Roberts. *Finance and Auditing*—Ebbetts, Menzies and Roberts. *Fire and Water*—Lynch, McDonald and Scott. *Streets and Wharves*—Scott, Menzies and McDonald. *Public Buildings*—McDonald, Pease and Sims. *Health and Police*—Wangenheim, Hewston and Kenney. *License and Orders*—Deering, Lynch and Wangenheim. *Hospital*—Hewston, Deering and Roberts. *Printing and Salaries*—Pease, Ebbetts and Wangenheim. *Industrial School*—Roberts, Deering and Ebbetts. *Fire Alarm*—Sims, Kenney and Scott. *Street Lights*—Kenney, Sims and Scott. *Outside Lands*—Lynch, Menzies, McDonald, Kenney and Scott.

DIABLEMENT RISQUEE, MAIS DIABLEMENT BELLE.

Some twenty years ago, Gavarni, in one of his inimitable sketches, presented a very pretty face, with straggling curls over the brow and a luxuriance of interwoven ringlets wantoning about the entire head, with underneath it the above inscription. We said at the time, "How very pretty, but who dare wear it." To-day it is the mode, and it was but the first bold, pretty face that was necessary to conquer the prejudice in favor of straight bands or plaited *noppes*. The same thing might be said of the sauciest, prettiest, most coquettish little hat or lady's chapeau, which we saw last Wednesday in the window of the White House. First of all, it was of that indescribable color which is all the fashion now-a-days, that color which is not sea-weed, nor bottle-green, nor dark crysophrase, nor lichen, nor that strange green which is sometimes seen near the horizon at sunset, but that nameless green so much the rage. And the shape! A little more raised on one side than the other, a kind of mocking tilt to the brim, a feather, a buckle to hold it, and only a head wanting to match it. It was indeed *diablement risquée mais diablement belle*.

Obituary.—James Linen, formerly of San Francisco, died at New York on the 20th of last month, aged 65. This short announcement will bring back to the memory of old Californians the simple, talented, good-hearted Scotch poet, who dwelt in our midst. Not of the highest order, but genial, full of feeling, with a slight dash of vanity, which never led him to bitterness of criticism on others. He had many friends, and we have yet to learn that he had enemies.

Vol. 4. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR DECEMBER, 1873, No. 3.

Will be Issued about DECEMBER THIRTEENTH, containing a Splendid Cabinet Photograph, with Biographical Memoir, of

PROFESSOR PARAF,

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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, DEC. 6, 1873. No. 45.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—875@880—SILVER BARS—3@6 ₩ ct. discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 89½@89¾. Mexican Dollars, par, old; par, new. Trade Dollar, 1 per ct. dis.

☞ Exchange on New York, 5-10@¼ per ct. for Gold, Currency, 7½ @ 8. On London, Bankers 49¾@—; Commercial, 50½@51. Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1¼.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, Dec. 5, at 3 P. M., 108, 109¾. Latest price of Sterling, 107¾@108.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1½ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1½@2. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO. Dec. 6, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask	Stocks and Bonds	Bid	Ask
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	10.	116	National Gold B'k & Trust Co	100	125
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1861	[illegible]	1.0	Oakland Gas	115	117
U S Bonds, 5-20s 1862	91	1.0	Spring Valley Water Co	83½	83¾
Legal Tender Notes	91	97	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	42
California State Bonds, 7s '57	97½	100	Central Railroad Company	35	40
S F City Bonds, 6s, 1855	[illegible]	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	52½
S F City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	93	93	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co.	20	34
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insurance Co.	70	75
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	75	80
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co	87	90
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	12	96	Union Insurance Co	87	90
Santa Clara Bonds	90	93	Pacific Bank	91	91
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	50	—	The Bank of California		[illegible]
San Francisco Gas Light Co	65½	70	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

A Permanent Paragraphic Advertisement, Respectfully Dedicated to the Spring Valley Water Works.

A Miner's Inch of Water is about twenty-thousand gallons. The usual Price for an Inch of Water in the mines is ten cents. The Spring Valley Company sells water in large quantities at seventy-five cents per thousand gallons, or at fifteen dollars seventy-five cents per inch—which is one hundred and fifty-seven times the price which miners pay. Furnished in small quantities to housekeepers, the Company charges from thirty to fifty dollars an inch—five hundred times the miner's rates. IGNOTUS.

CALIFORNIANS ABROAD.

Paris.—Miss Nelly and Miss Lizzie Chapman, 29 Boul. Haussmann; Doctor and H. D. Cogswell, 29 Rue Caumartin; Mrs. H. H. Day, gone to London; Mrs. J. W. Ladd, on her way home; Mrs. John B. and Miss Annie Le Gay, on their way home; Mrs. J. B. and Miss Jennie Ritter, Hotel Splendide; John M. Tracy, 12 Rue Jacob; Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Bartlett and Miss M. Alice Bartlett, 29 Rue Caumartin; W. E. Brown and family, 91 Boulevard Clichy; Mrs. A. M. Easton, 11 Rue de la Bienfaisance; Mrs. H. C. and Miss Jennie L. Kibbe, Grand Hotel; Wm. M. Lent, 12 Av. du Roi de Rome; Mr. and Mrs. D. O. Mills, Hotel Splendide; the Misses Nudd, 29 Rue Caumartin; Mr. and Mrs. Norris Roberts, Hotel Meurice. LONDON—H. Bosling, M. Rosenfeld, W. J. Shaw, Langham Hotel, Hon. George ... Mrs. and Miss N. Turner, 8 Hanover Square. Mr. J. Edmond and family, Langham Hotel, H. H. Cadwell, 3 Salisbury street. H. Hawes, sailed, Mrs. H. Jackson, 25 Southampton street, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Merrill, Fenton's Hotel, Hon. B. H. and Mrs. Red ... gone to Vienna. Dr. and Mrs. G. L. Simmons, gone to Vienna, Hon. George, Mrs. and Nellie Turner, 8 Hanover Square. GENEVA—Mrs. J. Clarke and family, Mrs. George and W. R. Hearst, Miss Ross. WIESBADEN—Alfred Godefroy. VIENNA—Mrs. Theodore, Warren R. and T. P. Payne, Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Dewey, C. Iser. PRAGUE—Adolphe C. Low and family.—*American Register.*

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, November 11th, 1873. S. C. Bigelow, D. T. Murphy, George S. Lawrence, C. F. Fargo, Frank Cunningham, A. C. Whitcomb, Henri de Laureneel, Dr. Celle, C. W. Main, Miss Jessie Carr, Mrs. C. J. Hillyer and family, Mrs. Thos. Sunderland and family, D. O. Mills and family, A. E. Head and family, Wm. M. Lent and family, C. F. McDermot and family, H. M. Heuston and family, Gen. J. P. Miller and family, Theo. Bogle and family, Jonas G. Clark and wife, W. E. Brown and family, A. Godefroy, W. A. Macondray and family, E. P. Breed.

THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

Width on the north end	216 miles
Extreme extension from west to east	552 miles
Average width (about)	2[illegible] miles
Extension from north to south	651 miles.
A direct line from the north-west corner of the State to Fort Yuma, being the longest line of the State, is	830 miles
A direct line from San Francisco to Los Angeles	312 miles
A direct line from San Francisco to San Diego	451 miles

San Diego lies 230 miles south, and 255 miles east of San Francisco. Los Angeles lies 258 miles south and 225 miles east of San Francisco.

Cape Mendocino, the most westerly point of the State, is 96 miles west from San Francisco and 180 miles north.

BEERBOHM'S TELEGRAM.

London and Liverpool, December 5th, 1873.—Floating cargoes Wheat, American, neglected, whilst for other sorts there is good demand. Cargoes on passage, quiet; English County Markets, quiet, shipments of Wheat from Baltic, very small; California White Wheat, per cental, 13s 1d to 13s 5d. French Country Markets, quiet; Liverpool Wheat spot, quiet, California White Wheat, per cental, 13s 6d@14s 1d; Red American Spring, 12s to 12s 6d.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

The rise in Sterling Exchange at New York has its influence here in a corresponding advance in Grain Bills drawn upon London at 60 days sight. Heavy purchases of bills of this description have recently been made here by the Bank of California, which, it is said, will return a profit to that institution of 4 per cent. We remark continued ease in the money market. There is no scarcity of currency for the legitimate business of this coast. Gold predominates as usual. Gold Notes are in growing favor, but the amount in general circulation is very considerably less than that of silver half dollars. It is a notable fact that recently silver dollars of the old coinage, as well as of the new "trade" dollars, now compose a part of our circulating medium. It is only a short time since that these dollars commanded a premium of 2½ per cent. on Gold.

The blessed rain has come in copious effusions, sending joy and gladness to the hearts of all tillers of the soil. Now the farmer can run his plow over the mountain sides in all directions, and be encouraged to plant and sow his seed with a liberal hand. The closing days of November gave us nearly an inch of rain, and since then December has furnished double that quantity. Many farmers, holding over large stocks of wheat fearing a dry season, will now be willing to market their grain without delay. There are others holding out for higher prices than those now ruling. The farmer's outlook is now cheering.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, December 5, 1873.—Gold opened at 109⅞; 11 A. M. at 109¾; 3 P. M. at 109¾. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 11¾; 1867, 116½. Sterling Exchange, 108@109. Pacific Mail, 38½. Quicksilver Mining Company, 31. Wheat, $1 75@$1 80 quiet. Pork, 15, dull. Cotton, 15⅝. Hides, dry, 23½@24, green, 13, dull. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 45@$1 50, fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 63@1 70; Whale, quiet, 55@56c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 60@70c. Wool—Spring, fine, 26@27c.; Burry, 23@30c; Pulled, 35@50c. Fall Clips, 20@28c.; Burry, 16@22c. LONDON, Dec. 5.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 13s. 4d@13s. 6d. Club, 13s.@6d @14s. United States Bonds, 93. Consols, 91⅞@92; ac., 92⅛@92¼.

California Cotton for Liverpool.—The ship Golden Fleece carries 74 bales, weighing 31,633 pounds, valued at $6,377. A sale has been made during the week of 10,000 pounds to local factories, at 16½c. This year's crop will scarcely equal 1,000 bales, but 1874 will tell a bigger story to the credit of this State, then we hope California's crop will reach 5,000 bales at least. The experiments made thus far in the Merced and other valleys of the State are eminently encouraging to the grower of Cotton, and arrangements are made and making for the planting of much seed the coming season. The ship Staffordshire, for Liverpool, carries 33 bales Tahitian Cotton, weighing 21,850 pounds. This island Cotton trade seems to be steadily growing in importance under the French Government.

Oleomargarine.—The demand continues in excess of the supply. The high rates ruling for choice roll Butter gives a wonderful stimulus to the demand for this article. Orders come in from the country faster than they can be filled. The Oleomargarine Company of New York, we observe, has already paid a dividend of 5 per cent a month for four months consecutively, on a paid up capital of $500,000. In "Biz" will be found an extract from a contemporary on this subject.

The Merchants' Exchange of our city seems to be unusually well attended of late. Ship owners, ship masters, merchants, mechanics and traders congregate there in unusual numbers at the hour of High 'Change. This is certainly ominous of stirring times. Business is certainly looming up, and the copious rains of the past week is the backbone of the whole. The rain furnishes the mill grist.

Hawaiian Advices.—By the *Fanny* we have a weeks later news from Honolulu. Private letters report that the King has had a relapse; that his health is very poor, and his condition very precarious.

The rainfall this season, up to 8 o'clock Friday morning, 5.48; same time 1872, 2.97; ditto, 1871, 4.02. This places us in a good position for a full crop of cereals in 1874.

"Gold is up." Friday's closing quotation, 109¾, being a rise of one per cent since Thursday.

A MARRIAGE IN HIGH LIFE.

The joining together of the members of the English aristocracy in the bands of holy matrimony seems to be something of extraordinary brilliancy and ceremony. We give the account of a fashionable marriage recently consummated in England, which will at least be of some interest to the fairer portion of our "upper ten." The *Court Journal* of November 8th says: The marriage of the Hon. Eleanore Gifford, fifth daughter of the late Lord Gifford and niece of Lord and Lady Fitzhardinge, to Mr. Edward Mash[illegible] Dansey, lieutenant of the First Life Guards, was celebrated on Wednesday at Berkeley Castle, though the bride lives at Ampney Park, near Cirencester, the present residence of Lady Gifford. The approach to the castle from the roadway was overarched with an imposing structure of clustering evergreens, the lofty central span being flanked with smaller arches adorned with flags, and surmounting the central arch was the inscription, "Long life and happiness to the bride and bridegroom." At the entrance to the outer court the massive arch was covered with evergreens, interspersed with artificial flowers, and surmounted with the Berkeley arms, with the motto, "*Dieu avec nous*." The carriage-drive from the castle steps to the church was overarched with greenery, amid which appeared the words, "God bless them." At the north entrance to the churchyard, another floral arch had been erected, ca[illegible] with the inscription, "Long may they be happy." In the space from the carriage-drive to the west door (where are still visible the bullet marks made during the civil war) was a temporary corridor, or arcade, consisting of a series of arches of evergreens, of graceful design, covered with an awning. A voluntary from the organ announced the arrival of some of the bridal party. The ladies of the party were dressed with exquisite taste and the richness and variety of their costumes fully engaged attention pending the arrival of the bride and her immediate attendants. Several of the dresses were composed of two shades of a fashionable color, and they were much admired. Mrs. Dansey was attired in a grey silk dress, elegantly embroidered with delicate floral work; it was trimmed with satin exquisitely blending two shades—mauve and French grey, the velvet fichu of mauve admirably setting off the whole costume; a bonnet of mauve, trimmed with Brussels lace and feather, completed a most elegant attire. Lady Gifford wore a black silk dress trimmed with white lace, and mauve and white bonnet. The Hon. Mrs. Kingscote, sister of the bride, was richly attired in a [illegible] dress trimmed with two shades of blue velvet, and bonnet to match; the Hon. Mrs. Trotter also appeared in a costume having two shades of blue, and bonnet to match; the Hon. Mrs. Pennant, a handsome silk costume of two colors—bright pink and a rich shade of claret or ruby, the front of the skirt being of the former, and the back of the latter color, bonnet and feather to match. The Hon. Mrs. Spier, rich brown silk skirt with salmon color piping, brown velvet bodice, and bonnet to match. Lady Fitzhardinge, a very elegant costume of velvet and silk, in which blue and black were effectively used, the skirt being looped up with silver buckles. Mrs. C[illegible] a blue moire dress trimmed with velvet of same color and white lace, set off with steel buttons, white bonnet and feather. The Duchess of Beaufort, Lady Emily Kingscote, Mrs. O'Brien, and others, were also among the brilliantly dressed and fashionable assemblage. The bridegroom was accompanied by Captain Byng, of the First Life Guards, who ably discharged the duties of "best man." The densely crowded assemblage rose to their feet as the fair bride appeared leaning on the arm of the Right Hon. Lord Fitzhardinge, who gave her away. The pure whiteness of her bridal costume formed a strong contrast to the dazzling lustre and the profusion of diversified and gorgeous colors of the dresses of those around her. She wore a rich white silk train, trimmed with satin and Brussels lace flounces, with bouillonnés at back, fichu of Brussels lace, Elizabethan ruffles of lace, and coiffure of orange blossoms, while a simple veil of tulle fell gracefully around her figure. She was attended by six bridesmaids, comprising the Hon. Miss Alice Gifford (her cousin), the Hon. Miss Elizabeth Gifford and the Hon. Miss Edith Gifford (her sisters), Lady Blanche Somerset, Miss G. Sumner, and Miss Beatrice Sumner. These ladies were uniformly attired in white grenadine skirts over white silk, rich blue velvet basque bodices, long sashes to match, and white sleeves trimmed with blue velvet bows. They also wore, instead of veils or wreaths, Tyrolese hats of white straw, trimmed with blue velvet and feather, imparting a charmingly picturesque effect to the bridal costumes as those [illegible] up the nave to the spot where the bride and bridegroom, with Lord Fitzhardinge, stood before the rood screen. Here they were met by the officiating clergyman, the Rev. J. H. Sapte, uncle of the bride (rector of Cranley, near Guildford, and honorary canon of Winchester), and the Rev. J. L. Blackburne, chaplain to Lord Fitzhardinge. The service was choral, and the first portion of it, including the ceremony itself, was conducted by the Rev. J. H. Sapte. Afterwards the bride and bridegroom and their attendants entered the chancel and approached the altar rails, where the interesting service was concluded. As the numerous party left the altar and streamed down through the crowded assembly, the "Wedding March" was played on the organ, and the merry clang of the wedding bells went echoing through the Vale of Berkeley in celebration of the joyous event. The nuptial party returned to the Castle, in the grand hall, quoting [illegible] of which a sumptuous repast was prepared. The noble hall, rich in historic trophies and adorned with the emblazonries illustrative of the alliances of the Berkeleys, was beautifully adorned with exotic plants and flowers. Before the breakfast the happy couple left the Castle and drove to Stroud, where they took train with the intention of proceeding to Bosworth House, Brentford, the seat of C[illegible] Clitheroe. As they left they were greeted with hearty ringing cheers, and in accordance with the old fashioned custom, handfuls of rice were thrown after them by their friends. In the afternoon Lord Fitzhardinge and several of his guests enjoyed some sport at the decoy pools, and there was a large dinner party at the Castle in the evening.

The bridal presents were exceedingly handsome and numerous. Amongst them were the following: Mr. Dansey (the bridegroom), watch, lapis and gold chain, gold locket with diamond fly, pearl and diamond horseshoe ring, sapphire and diamond ring, pearl and lapis studs; Hon. [illegible] Gifford, pearl horseshoe [illegible] ring; Duke of Beaufort, gold and pearl bracelet; the Misses Trotter, silver spoon and box; Mr. Arthur Master, ormolu [illegible] tray; Mrs. Henry [illegible] figures; Hon. Cecil Howard, barometer; Lady T. Howard, [illegible] tea and coffee set; Mrs. Porter, water jug and goblets; Mr. W. Gillett, ice vase; Mr. Henry Farquhar, tea caddy; Mr. Dennison, oxydised silver [illegible]; Mr. and Mrs. [illegible], Mrs. Augustus Master, cream jug; Miss Marion Marjoribanks, worked chair; Messrs. George and Dudley Marjoribanks, worked stool; Mr. Algernon Master, silver salt cellars; Lady [illegible], silver box; Mr. Maurice Mor[illegible], silver gilt [illegible]; Mrs. Mackay, china figures; Mrs. Master, Minton china; teachers and pupils at Ampney school, book of [illegible] Ampney choir, the *Christian Year*; Misses H. and M. Sumner, silver [illegible]; Mrs. and Miss Hawkey, oriental vase; Miss [illegible], glove box; Mrs. Home Sumner, silver box; Mr. [illegible] Duncombe, china looking-glass; Mr. Cecil Sapte, cream jug; Miss E. Ryder, letter weight; Lady Marjoribanks and Lady Kirk, salt cellars; Miss E. and Evelyn Strachey, leather and silver [illegible] case; Hon. W. Hood, oxydized silver card dish; servants at Boston House and Holham, old silver sugar basin; the Misses Holland, silver bell; Mr. G. Mosson, Madonna painted plate; Mr. Daubeny, *Hymns Ancient and Modern*; Miss Daubeny, letter case; Mr. and Mrs. Mildred, candlesticks; Lady Catherine Barker, [illegible] cups; Mr. H. Gifford, gilt pencil case; Mrs. W. H. Cooper, picture and frame; Rev. H. S. Holland, picture and frame; Mr. and Mrs. Paul Butler, Dresden baskets; Miss Alice Gifford, silver inkstand; Rev. B. Dunn, despatch box; Mr. William [illegible], ivory pencil case; Mr. Smith, case of eau de Cologne; Hon. H. Bowyer, [illegible] book; the Earl of Ducie, gold and pearl pin; Hon. Ashton Curzon, fan; Messrs. A. and C. de Murrieta, travelling clock; Earl and Countess Shrewsbury, [illegible]; Madame Murrieta, Chantilly lace parasol; Colonel and Mrs. Keith Fraser, silver [illegible] box; Hon. T. Fitzwilliam and Hon. C. [illegible], barometer; Mr. H. Lane Fox, water jug and [illegible]; Captain G. Stirling, [illegible] sticks; Mr. A. Sumner, silver clock; Lord F[illegible], silver and gold [illegible]; Lady Gifford, claret decanters and silver [illegible]; Captain H. Candy, silver coffee pot; Hon. Mrs. Candy, gilt card [illegible]; Mr. and Mrs. W. Candy, silver gilt tea service; Mr. and Mrs. [illegible], silver tea service; Viscount Sydney, claret jug; Rev. A. Bligh, claret jug; Mrs. [illegible], [illegible]; Lord Langford, [illegible]; Mrs. [illegible]; Hon. Mrs. A. Calthorpe, [illegible] paper knife and tray; Lord [illegible], salt cellars; Mr. Leopold [illegible], silver [illegible] basket; Mrs. [illegible], [illegible]; Mr. Richard Marsh, pocket-book; Hon. Evelyn [illegible], silver plat[illegible]; Mr. and Lady Maria Hood, silver cream [illegible]; Countess of Westmoreland and Lady [illegible] Kingscote, silver candlesticks; Lady Blanche Somerset, [illegible]; Colonel and Mrs. Clitheroe, silver knives and carving [illegible]; Mrs. O'Brien, [illegible] spoons, forks, salt cellars; Hon. and Rev. and Mrs. Gifford, [illegible]; Mr. John Stacey, [illegible]; Lady Elizabeth [illegible], [illegible]; Lady Cowell, Brussels lace fan; Rev. William Stacey, [illegible]; the Misses Milligan, silver gilt chatelaine; Lord [illegible], [illegible] box; Sir Henry and Lady Tufton, flower vase; Hon. Edward Gifford, gold thimble; Hon. Edward Maurice Fitzhardinge, [illegible]; Mrs. Howard, card case; Mr. John Stacey, inkstand and paper case; Mr. William Stacey, Dresden china; Hon. Lady Gifford, inkstand and tea tray; the Rev. J. and Miss Sapte, [illegible] box and stamp case; [illegible] at Ampney Park, [illegible] book; Mr. [illegible] Dresden clock; Mr. and Mrs. W[illegible], [illegible]; Hon. F[illegible], white china; Rev. J. Blackburne, [illegible]; Mrs. [illegible] and Miss [illegible], cross and frame; Mrs. Majoribanks, candlesticks; Mr. [illegible], [illegible]; Mr. and Mrs. Cator, silver tankard; Miss Edith Master, [illegible]; Mr. Godfrey Webb, silver scent bottle; Mr. Harry Master, [illegible]; Lord Edward Somerset, [illegible]; Mr. H. [illegible], [illegible]; Hon. Charles Berkeley, [illegible]; Mrs. Smith, [illegible] vase; Mrs. Van Neck, [illegible]; Mr. [illegible], scent [illegible]; Mrs. O'Brien, pearl ring; Lord Fitzhardinge, [illegible]; Mrs. Dansey, pearl neck [illegible] and diamond pendant, locket and [illegible]; Lady Gifford, [illegible] and scent bottle; Lady Fitzhardinge, pearl snake; Col. and Mrs. Clitheroe, diamond and emerald ring, and pearl earrings; Sir Dudley and Lady Majoribanks, [illegible] and bracelet; Mr. and Mrs. Majoribanks, gold necklace, pearl and diamond locket and [illegible]; Col. and Hon. Mrs. Trotter, diamond and turquoise ring; Colonel and Hon. Mrs. A. P. Pennant, travelling bag; Mr. and Hon. Mrs. Spier, [illegible]; Mr. and Hon. Mrs. T. Kingscote, travelling clock; Hon. Elizabeth Gifford, [illegible] watch; Hon. Mrs. Fox Strangways, silver chatelaine; Miss Majoribanks, coral, pearl and diamond pendant; Miss E. Majoribanks, [illegible]; Mrs. L. Majoribanks, [illegible] bracelet; Earl and Countess [illegible], [illegible]; Mr. and Lady Fanny Majoribanks, pearl and diamond locket; Mrs. Greenwell, turquoise bracelet; [illegible], gold neck[illegible] and diamond cross; Hon. Mrs. G. Berkeley, silver necklace; Mr. Horace Farquhar, pearl and diamond earrings; Miss Howey, pearl and diamond ring; Miss Leslie, old silver cross; Match cases of Hastings, ruby and diamond [illegible]; Colonel and Mrs. Salisbury Everard, lapis and pearl locket; Mrs. E. Arkwright, [illegible]; Mr. J. Hartop, Bohemian glass; Captain Williams Buckley, Indian shawl; Duchess of Beaufort, brass [illegible]; Colonel Babson, breakfast set; Captain C. Duperoche, [illegible] bowls; Captain H. R. Talbot, [illegible]; Captain [illegible] Needham, gold pencil case and pen; Captain C. Thorold, silver kettle; Captain Walter Dunn, [illegible] desk; [illegible] travelling clock; Captain Hon. C. Byng, pearl and [illegible] bracelet; [illegible] and diamond studs; Mr. Vereker, [illegible] studs; Mr. J. Dunbar, [illegible] stand; Hon. R. [illegible], stamp; Mr. J. T. Spier, [illegible] barometer; Viscount Hood and Lord Rosmore, silver tea [illegible], cream jug and sugar basin; Viscount Grimston, [illegible] and silver tankards; Hon. R. Fitzpatrick, ormolu clock; Viscount [illegible], [illegible]; Mr. Hill Trevor, [illegible]; Lord A. Hill and Marquis of Ormonde, [illegible]; Marquis of Waterford, old [illegible]; Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Biddulph, lamp; Lord Beaumont, inkstand; Captain A. C. Duncombe, letter box; Mr. T. L[illegible], claret decanter; Viscount Lymington, silver tankard; Lady Peyton, paper knife; Mrs. F. Wilson Patten, [illegible]; Mrs. Owen Williams, silver seal; Marquis of Worcester and Lady A. Somerset, Dresden clock.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, [illegible] Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. Directors—Geo. F. Hooper, Peter Donahue, Charles G. H[illegible], M. P. Jones, James M. Hill, James C. Flood, Edward Martin, [illegible], Samuel Hort.

New York Agents .... Duncan, Sherman & Co.
Boston Agents .... Blackstone National Bank.
London Agents .... [illegible]

[illegible] Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain and Ireland. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business. Deposits of [illegible] and Currency received. [illegible] attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. May 4.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO

Capital, $5,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS: In New York, Agency of the Bank of California; [illegible]. The Bank has Agencies [illegible] the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of [illegible] United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Berlin, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. Sept. 6.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. M[illegible]. Open every week day from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra [illegible] Saturday evenings [illegible] for the receiving of Deposits. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest. Directors—[illegible] Gottig, [illegible]. Geo. Letter, Secretary. Feb. 11. L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, [illegible]; Attorney, [illegible]. Loans made on Real Estate and [illegible]. [illegible] the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 11.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED)

412 California st., San Francisco.—London Office, 3 Angel Court; New York Agents, J. W. Seligman & Co., 21 Broad street. Authorized Capital, [illegible]. Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange and Bullion, loan Money, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world. [illegible] STEINHART, } Managers. Oct. 6.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Prest. Wm. H. Culver, Vice President, O. T. Graves, Secretary. May 12.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and [illegible] negotiable certificates at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 1.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. S. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 431 California street. July 2.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. [illegible]. Mobile, Mobile & Co., General Agents.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND [illegible] OF THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co; [illegible] & Co.
Amsterdam—[illegible] & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse
Alexandria—[illegible] Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hodges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Torres, Wayte, Upton Pres.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co, W. Hopkins
Batum—Merchants' Exchange, [illegible] & Co
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants' Exchange
Boston—J. L. [illegible], Ed Gassett, Merchants' Exchange
Bordeaux—J. L[illegible] & Fils, [illegible], Pierre Schaeder & Co
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Falr & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of [illegible]
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co
Constantinople—[illegible] Freres, [illegible] & Co
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; [illegible]
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers
Guaymas—Bank & Co, A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry
Gibraltar—[illegible] & Co
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co., H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; [illegible]
Havre—[illegible] Freres et Cie, Walter [illegible] & Co, [illegible] & Co, Banque Commerciale
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co, A. [illegible], Walker & Co, H. M. Whitney
Havana—Crawford, Esq.; H. B. Montserrat
Jamaica—Middleton & Co
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, [illegible] the Bank of England, [illegible], Bank of London, [illegible], Dawes & Co, [illegible], "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," [illegible], Private Secretary of Queen Victoria
Luna—William Gibbs & Co, Al[illegible] & Co, [illegible], [illegible] & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co, [illegible] & Company
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, [illegible], Liverpool Central Brokers Association
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce, [illegible] Hall
Lisbon—[illegible] Commercial
Madrid—[illegible], [illegible], Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadle & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fils & Co, [illegible]
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce, [illegible] & Co, McCulloch, [illegible] & Co
Madras—[illegible] & Co, Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co
Mauritius—James [illegible] & Co; Chamber of Commerce
Montreal—St. James Club, C. M. McNab
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co, [illegible] & Co, Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimerman, Falr & Co

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

The kinsatsu, or "money cards," issued by the Imperial Treasury in Yeddo, are of various denominations, ranging from the size of a United States Treasury [illegible] the smallest size of our postal currency. With us lower [illegible] is read down on the opposite of what it is in Japan, perhaps [illegible]. Hence, the Japanese paper money are read from top to bottom perpendicularly and right to left. The [illegible] dollar and the *tempo*-piece [illegible] equal to [illegible], with five of [illegible] pieces, complete the divisions of their paper money. The new money, [illegible] ornamented with the sacred [illegible], dragons, the crest of the Mikado, etc., are [illegible] characters, stating their value, date of issue, and the fact that they are current for thirteen years, but they bear no promise to pay on their face. The average [illegible] of the new currency is that of a *carte de visite*, and, in beauty and rate of perfect mechanical execution, it is equal to any in the world. In a circle of flowers you may see two celestial birds, with their racing [illegible] what a [illegible] the [illegible] of a paper [illegible]. They have long, [illegible] and stand [illegible] on one foot. [illegible] two [illegible] wonderfully [illegible] why they were [illegible]. Above these happy [illegible] an open chrysanthemum and, [illegible] Chinese characters and the English words, "Imperial Japanese Treasury," which, [illegible] several hundred times. The cherry blossom, the national flower of Japan, is also conspicuous. Beneath are the omnipresent dragons, which, with claws, tail, horns and moustaches, are made to look as respectable as possible. On the reverse side are circles, small birds, peacocks, dragon-flies, crests, stars, and much microscopic printing in English. Each piece is stamped in blue, red and green ink, with the elaborate seal of the Japanese Imperial Treasury. The whole amount of paper money thus far issued by the Japanese Government is as follows: [illegible], bearing the seal of the Daijokwan, or Supreme Council of Japan, [illegible] by the Mimbusho, or Department of the Interior, [illegible] paper money, manufactured by the daimios, [illegible] still in circulation, [illegible] intended to replace all the old paper, both real and national, [illegible]. In addition to the above, stamped [illegible] have been issued by the Japanese Government to the extent of [illegible] dollars.

Americans Abroad.—The *Saturday Review* says that American tourists are [illegible] for their [illegible] of scrambling [illegible] sights in the [illegible] interval [illegible] that the time before them is shorter than their allotted task. They rush through noble scenery, along the crowded high-roads, and dare not allow themselves themselves to loiter in those sequestered nooks where Nature is really to be seen and courted in her beauty. When they do linger for a time in a capital—Paris, for example—they leave their wives and daughters to do the churches, the galleries and the shopping, and seek recreation and repose in the restaurants, cafés, and bank [illegible]. [illegible] carry them back to the States, [illegible] of America [illegible] only [illegible] of real [illegible], [illegible], it was scarcely worth crossing the Atlantic to [illegible]. If appearances are not [illegible] deceptive, we can speak with more confidence as to the pleasures of their trip than as to its profit. There is no mistaking the worn and wistful look which tells of continual effort and an irrepressible desire to have it well over.

An enormous quantity of bad fish has been seized at Billingsgate, London, [illegible] the past four months by the officers of the Fishmongers' Company. In [illegible] were condemned; in August, 54[illegible]; in September, [illegible]; and in October, [illegible], making in all [illegible]. The fish condemned [illegible] in which there were [illegible] bushels of whelks, 10 of mussels, [illegible] of oysters, [illegible] of periwinkles, 66 of [illegible], and [illegible] of [illegible], [illegible] of salmon, [illegible] gallons of shrimps, [illegible] of prawns, and 2,[illegible] lbs. of eels.

Coal at the Cape.—The most important item of news from the Diamond Fields [illegible] the discovery of coal of [illegible] description, and in large quantities, within [illegible] distance of Kimberley. The news [illegible] regarded [illegible] for the diamond [illegible] to keep [illegible], and the trees [illegible] in the district [illegible] now nearly exhausted. The company, [illegible], [illegible] if they have [illegible] as we hear they have, the coal company's shares will be more valuable than those of any diamond [illegible].

Dreadful heresy has been preached by Canon Kingsley, at Westminster Abbey. He declared, [illegible] of the *Spectator*, avers, "to take any narrow or sectarian view of the great problem of immortality, or to hand over to eternal [illegible]." [illegible] he did [illegible], the very [illegible] that [illegible] Dickens, [illegible] whether the [illegible] work had made men wiser, better, and happier." This is terribly [illegible].

King Coffee Calcalli and Great Britain.—According [illegible] Cape Coast Castle [illegible] of Ashantee has sworn to [illegible] Coast Castle [illegible] in the attempt. [illegible] of his [illegible], [illegible] have crossed the [illegible]. [illegible]. The last has been [illegible], drawn up, arrayed for the [illegible] marines at a moment's notice, and for the [illegible] of the [illegible].

A gang of sharpers recently induced a simple faced countryman, who was apparently [illegible] on his way, [illegible] At the [illegible] they wanted to show the countryman [illegible] to play at cards, and [illegible]. Then it [illegible] Sergeant C[illegible] detectives, etc.

An Expensive Partridge.—Some few evenings ago, a partridge, [illegible] of [illegible] Hall, [illegible], England, [illegible] a [illegible] plate glass, [illegible] which was about [illegible] of an inch in thickness. The bird fell dead to the ground, but was picked up and conveyed inside the Hall, when no doubt it was handed over to the *chef de cuisine*, and subsequently served up. The value of the glass broken was $15.

In a published letter from the Bishop of Manchester, his Lordship stated: "I am perfectly satisfied [illegible] of the human heart that an organized system of confession [illegible] necessary [illegible] of the [illegible]. His [illegible] and to [illegible] priest."

An advertisement was recently inserted by the authorities of a small hospital [illegible] that [illegible] who, in return for five [illegible] years, was [illegible] to know the answer to the [illegible], pleadis was a colonel in Her Majesty's army and a [illegible] family.

More Light.—It is reported that the [illegible] at the parish church of Frome, England, have [illegible] for several times [illegible] in their [illegible] on Sunday night [illegible] the body of the church in darkness [illegible].

As an instance of the stagnation of trade in India, the *Times of India* [illegible] that when an assistant to a merchant was lately refused an increase in his salary, his employer added, "If you don't take care we'll make you a partner."

LEA & PERRINS CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution [illegible] Messrs. CROSSE & BLACKWELL, London, etc., etc., and by Grocers and Oilmen universally. Messrs. [illegible] & Co., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition [illegible]. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, [illegible], London.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, [illegible] digestion, and Pancreatine in powder, [illegible] principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for Invalids and Children, [illegible].

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. [illegible] Extract from the [illegible] of the immense value of these [illegible] not too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases. [illegible] publicly acknowledged [illegible]. J. T. DAVENPORT, [illegible]. New York. J. ASPINWALL, [illegible]. [illegible] street. Aug. 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. [illegible] DANIEL JUDSON & SON, [illegible].

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior [illegible]. THOMAS KEATING, [illegible]. Agents—CHARLES L[illegible] & CO., [illegible] San Fran[illegible].

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules [illegible]. MANUFACTORIES: 1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent infringement, Notice is hereby given, that [illegible]. Manufactories—1, Wharf Road, City Road, London, and Bordeaux, France.

MARAVILLA COCOA

Taylor Brothers (the Largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), [illegible]. N. B.—Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition [illegible]." [illegible] British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, [illegible] TAYLOR BROTHERS, [illegible] the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, [illegible] STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May [illegible].

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Lyon Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for [illegible].

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies:

Girard, of Philadelphia	$655,000	Penn, of Philadelphia	[illegible]
Amazon, of Cincinnati	1,314,000	Kansas, of Leavenworth	[illegible]
North Missouri, of St. Louis	1,[illegible]	Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago	[illegible]
St. Paul, of Minnesota	[illegible]	National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	1,[illegible]
Mutual Insurance Association, of New Orleans	1,[illegible]		

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents,

August 9. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, [illegible] John H. Redington President, George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; [illegible] Marine Secretary; [illegible] General Manager. Directors—San Francisco—[illegible] Howard, [illegible] A. P. Hotaling, John H. [illegible], A. W. Bowman, [illegible], H. M. Hartel, [illegible], [illegible] Hart, H. M. Newhall, H. N. Tilden, W. M. Greene, [illegible] Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster Jr., [illegible], W. T. Garratt, [illegible] A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—[illegible] D. Mackay, C. H. Lewis, [illegible] Harrison Boyd, Manager, [illegible] Treasurer. Marysville—D. E. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—[illegible] Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F. Houghton, [illegible] Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, [illegible], Secretary. Stockton Branch—[illegible] Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, N. M. Orr, W. F. McKee, [illegible], A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, [illegible], N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, [illegible] Manager, [illegible] Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 1[illegible]

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS. CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, [illegible] Assets [illegible] [illegible] Prompt Settlement of Losses! [illegible] DIRECTORS—SAN FRANCISCO—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, [illegible] J. Park, [illegible], W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, [illegible], Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, [illegible] Ralston, [illegible] Lawrence, [illegible], N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. [illegible], M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, [illegible], Lehman Meyer, J. H. Baird, [illegible] Kirberger. SACRAMENTO—[illegible], J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—L. Cunning[illegible]. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, [illegible], Jabez Pheno.

GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice-President.

CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. [illegible] California street, in [illegible] New Bank [illegible] Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] The attention of the insuring public is called to the fact and also to the following list of directors [illegible] citizens:

[illegible] W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckels, [illegible] Wright, W. B. Cummings, [illegible] McDermot, James M. Barney, [illegible] A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. [illegible] Lent, [illegible] James [illegible] E. T. Otis, W. B. Hooper, G. L. [illegible], D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, [illegible] Freeman, N. D. Thayer, Jas. Phelan, Charles Main.

C. W. KELLOGG, President.

[illegible] Secretary. May 3

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its policies [illegible]. It is a Purely Mutual Company, [illegible] every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.

WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,

April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 14 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $6,[illegible], and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.

GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent

WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,- 750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,[illegible]. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.

W. L. BOOKER, Agent,

Jan. 1. No. 330 California street, San Francisco.

☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.

FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,

Feb 6. No. [illegible] California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 206 San- some street, San Francisco. Nov. 15.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, the resources and [illegible] will be supplied to intending settlers and others, [illegible] to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 415 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, [illegible], Essex, England. May 31.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 11.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 22.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Perry's Brick Building, Santa Rosa. June 15.

CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED)

FOR HONGKONG VIA YOKOHAMA.

The magnificent new Clyde built screw Steamship Vasco de Gama, (classed 100 A 1 at Lloyd's), [illegible] tons register, 2,[illegible] horse power effective), F. Rice, Commander. The fast and powerful vessel—the first of the fleet of the "China Trans-Pacific Steamship Co., Limited"—will leave as above about the 20th January, 1874. She has been built expressly for the service between this and China and Japan, and is fitted up most luxuriantly, with all the latest improvements for the comfort and safety of the passengers. The Steamship carries an experienced Surgeon and Stewardess. For freight or passage apply to

Nov. 1. MACONDRAY & CO., Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers con- necting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 6 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:20 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with stages to and from all points.

For all information apply at the Company's office, 126 Montgomery street.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President

FOR COLORODO RIVER, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The Steamer Newbern, William Metzger, Master, will sail for the above ports on [illegible], at 12 o'clock, m., from Vallejo st. Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamers and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all ports on the river. Through bills of lading will be furnished [illegible]. No freight received for Mexican Ports after 3 P. M. of the [illegible] [illegible] passed by Custom house and consular [illegible]. For freight or passage apply to

Oct. 4. [illegible] NORTON, Agent, [illegible] Front street

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships JOHN L. STEPHENS, OLDFLAMME, and AJAX connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.

June 14. WM. NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17 [illegible] MORGAN'S SONS, [illegible] California street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED leaves Hathaway's wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 10 A. M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't

NOTICE.

Shippers to Santa Barbara and other Coast Ports, are requested not to rely on a paper called "THE OUTOK" for information as to the movements of our vessels. See advertisement in daily papers.

Sept. 20. GOODALL, NELSON & PERKINS, Corner Clay and East sts.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES:

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed

BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.

Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished, and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built, not like a public hotel, but as it is named, an elegant Villa. "THE VILLA" is located at the last or northwestern gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENBERG & CO.,

August 2. Proprietors.

W. W. DODGE & CO.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,

Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH, C. T. WHEELER, Sacramento.	J. T. GLOVER, W. W. DODGE, San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

TO THE COAL TRADE

The Black Diamond Coal Mining Co. have for sale 3,000 tons best quality Wallsend and Waratah Sydney Coal. 7,[illegible] tons Bellingham Bay Coal. And are receiving 15,000 tons per month of Black Diamond and other Mount Diablo Coal. Office—Spear street, between Folsom and Harrison.

Nov. 15. P. B. CORNWALL, Prest. B. D. C. M. Co.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. BENSLEY. L. D. BENCHLEY

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agri- CULTURAL IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS,

August 16. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,

113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,

SAN FRANCISCO. [May 24

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your [illegible]. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 413 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 24] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [H. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Sales- room, 215 Bush street. Factory, [illegible] Brannan street. Feb 1.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.

GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California st. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments

Dec. 11 E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer

JAS. B. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 331 Pine street, San Francisco March 1

NOTICE.

Dr. A. J. Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 622 Clay street. Office Hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Sept. 27

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4 No. 605 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS, [illegible] THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel, Fifth Avenue Hotel.

Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.

Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.

New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.

Oporto—Banco Allianca.

Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.

Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.

Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mills.

Point de Galle—James Black.

Panama—Francisco Alvarez.

Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.

St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.

Singapore—Rawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.

Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Robert Towns & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.

Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.

Shanghai—F. De Lands; P. M. S. S. Co.

Toronto—The Bank of British North America.

Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co; S. H. Stametz & Co; "Free Press."

Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co, Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.

Vera Cruz—British Consul.

Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.

Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co. Dent & Co; Russell & Co, Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce.

Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.

Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.

Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

BELGIUM—Consul General—S. Morhange, Grand Hotel. Consul, E. Grisar, N. W. cor. Broadway and Sansome.

CHILI—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanueva, U. S. Court Building. [illegible] Barril[illegible], 534 Montgomery street

DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California street

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FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson st.

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ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, [illegible] Washington street.

JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Act'g Consul—Horace D. Dunn.

MEXICO—[illegible] Manuel Aspiroz, [illegible] California street

NETHERLANDS—Consul—[illegible] Fremery, [illegible] Sansome street

NICARAGUA—Consul General—F. Herrera, [illegible] Montgomery st

COSTA RICA—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S. W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.

PERU—Consul General—F. de la Fuente y Solinas, Lick House

PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Berton. Vice Consul—[illegible] Laidley, Swiss American Bank

SPAIN—Consul—Camilo Martin, [illegible] California street

SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, [illegible] California.

RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 510 Battery street.

BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, [illegible] Montgomery street

U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—R. Moralles, 510 Washington st.

TURKEY—Consul—[illegible] Gibbs, [illegible] Battery street

ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. [illegible], [illegible] Battery street

SWITZERLAND—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss-American Bank

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—[illegible] [illegible], [illegible] California street.

SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

UP TO THE HILLS.

"I will lift up mine eyes unto the hills,"
Though cold the mists of morning shroud their brow,
And faith, as through a glass, sees dimly how
"From thence shall come my help."

"I will lift up mine eyes unto the hills"
Through the fierce heat and burden of the day:
The "shadow of the rock" lies o'er the way
"From whence shall come my help."

"I will lift up mine eyes unto the hills"
Where reverent evening sets the gates ajar,
And glimpses come of what the glories are
"From whence shall come my help."

A COLUMN FOR THE CURIOUS.

IN LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ART.

A new aerial machine.—The Council of the Aeronautical Society of Great Britain recently held a meeting at London for the purpose of inspecting the working model of the aerial machine patented by Messrs. Moy & Shill, of Farringdon street, now in course of construction. There were present quite a number of distinguished scientists, to whom the principles and action of the machine were explained, and they manifested great interest and approval. Afterwards the mode of constructing a light steam-engine was explained, whereby a safe and efficient motor can be obtained with an average weight of ten pounds for actual horse-power. Several of the gentlemen present were of the opinion that the aerial problem was near its solution.

Charles Warren Stoddard, in his "South Sea Idyls," writes: "Our craft rocked softly on the summer sea, swinging her idle canvas in the sun. The exquisite nautilus floated past us; the strange anemone laid its pale, sensitive petals on the lips of the wave and panted in ecstasy; a sailor sang while he hung in the ratlines and tarred down the salt-stained shrouds. The afternoon waned; down went the swarthy sun into his tent of clouds; the waves were of amber; the fervid sky was flushed, it looked as though something were about to happen up there, and that it could hardly keep the secret much longer. Then came the purplest twilight, and then the sky blossomed all over with the biggest, ripest, goldenest stars—such stars as hang like fruits in sun-fed orchards; such stars as lay a track of fire in the sea; such stars as rise and set over mountains and beyond low green capes, like young moons, every one of them; and I conjured up my spells of savage enchantment, my blessed islands, my reefs baptized with silver."

What becomes of lost umbrellas? For five days a fortnight ago auctioneers were hard at work disposing of the proceeds of one year's forgetfulness on the English Midland line of rails. We suppose it is within the mark to say that the Midland Company does not carry more than one-tenth of English railway passengers, and yet on that line alone no less than 11,035 umbrellas, 156 sun-shades, and 352 walking-sticks were lost in a single twelvemonth. The miscellaneous lots are as various and unexpected as the stock-in-trade of a marine-store dealer, from a "cask of marmalade" to a "box of organ pipes," from "two and a half tons of pig iron" to "Maw's patent feeding-bottle."

How we Fade.—As the trials of life thicken, and the dreams of other days fade one by one in the deep vista of disappointed hope, the heart grows weary of the long-continued struggle, and we begin to realize our insignificance. Those who have climbed to the pinnacle of fame, or revel in luxury and wealth, go to the grave at last with the poor mendicant who begs by the wayside, and, like him, are soon forgotten. Generation after generation, says an eloquent writer, has felt as we feel, and their fellows were as active in life as ours are now. They passed away as vapor, while nature wore the same aspect of beauty as when the Creator commanded her to be.

A shoemaker living in a garret in Soho bore off the prize for grapes at the recent Crystal Palace Exhibition, at which Baron Rothschild and many of the nobility were exhibitors. The shoemaker's bunch was the largest and heaviest, and the bloom was perfect.

Forests in Germany.—Few people have any idea of the extent of forest land in Germany, and most imagine that of the Black Forest little is left except a tradition and a conventional blister of woodland, so named. On the contrary, in Hanover alone there are 900,000 acres of wood under State management, while nearly a fourth part of the area of Prussia is in forest, although half of that is in private hands.

Feat in Swimming.—We are told that a bridal party East, recently crossing a swollen stream on the journey home, accidentally tumbled into the water and were nearly drowned. The bridegroom, however, who never swam before, managed somehow to swim on this occasion, and rescued his young bride from a watery grave by carrying her in his arms a distance of several yards to the shore.

It is said that all the persons (with one exception) employed in London in rolling first-class cigarettes are male Russians, and in Russia itself no women are employed for this purpose. The reason is worth searching for.

At a London school examination, a class of forty boys, having been set to write out the second commandment, contrived to spell the word "jealous" in twenty-eight different ways. The same bright youths metamorphosed Pontius Pilate into "pladn spilt," "bunch of spied," and "punches pilot." These choice bits, gleaned from the field of elementary education, are, however, poor in comparison to those to be found in academical pictures. The last muddle made by a Cambridge university man in the agonies of examination is, we hear on the best authority, the following. The question was: "Who was Joab?" The instantaneous reply was, "Joab is my wash-pot."

In an account of Napoleon the Great's Russian campaign an historian relates: "The Russians were massed upon a frozen swamp. Napoleon pointed his artillery at them, and twenty thousand bit the dust!" What dust could there have been in a frozen swamp?

Since the death of Sir Edwin Landseer several of his most celebrated pictures, including "Dignity and Impudence" and "Diogenes and Alexander," have been placed in the National Gallery.

A RATTLING SNAKE STORY.

The Greenbrier (Va.) Independent says:—In Fayette County, near the line of Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, there is a famous rattle-snake den. A short time since, two daring young men resolved to make an experiment, by way of forming some insight as regarded their number, and, clothing themselves from head to foot in suits of thick buckskin with large sharp knives in hand, they sallied forth into the poison invested region. They entered, cutting and slashing, the snakes rattling, hissing, and striking at their adversaries, and, when these quickly rising youths landed on the other side, their clothes were a sight to see! As a snake would strike, his fangs would be deeply and firmly implanted in the buckskin, and off would go his head by a well-directed blow by the hand and knife. By making a fair count, it was found that 340 snakes heads were attached to the clothes of one of the party, and 160 heads firmly fastened to the other. More would have been secured, but it was not a good day for snakes.

BISMARCK AND THE DEVIL.

The Jesuits of Germany ornamented a wall in Berlin with a huge cartoon, representing a vast cathedral with a rope around it, at which Bismarck was pulling with all his might, and a figure of the devil standing at his side and regarding his efforts with great curiosity. The following dialogue explains the picture: "His Satanic Majesty—What the d—l are you doing there? Bismarck—I am going to pull down the church. H. S. M.—Indeed, you are going to pull down the church! and how long do you think it will take you? Bismarck—About three or four years. H. S. M.—Indeed! Well, I have been at the same job these 1,800 years and have not accomplished it yet. If you do it in three or four years, I will resign my office in your favor."

TO TAXPAYERS

The delay, confusion and annoyance experienced by you during the last week or two prior to Taxes becoming delinquent, [illegible] occasioned by your own procrastination [illegible] Tax Bills. To avoid this, [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] when you call, or, if you are represented, [illegible] This being done, examine your bills and if found correct enclose check drawn to order, and when collected, receipted bills will be sent to you. By doing this you will greatly facilitate business in the Tax Collector's office and save your own time. Until further notice, the office will be open to receive Taxes EVERY SATURDAY EVENING, from 7 until 9 o'clock, for the convenience of those who are [illegible] during the day. Taxes remaining unpaid on the FIRST MONDAY IN JANUARY, 1874, will be delinquent, and five per cent, in accordance with law, will be added thereto.

Respectfully, A. AUSTIN, Tax Collector

San Francisco, Nov. [illegible] Nov. 29.

TAXES! TAXES!—1873-74.

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Assessment Book of the Taxable Property of the City and County of San Francisco (REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY), for the Fiscal Year 1873-74, has this day been received, that the State, City and County Taxes for said Fiscal Year are now due and payable at the office of the undersigned (Room No. 1 City Hall), and that the laws in regard to their collection will be strictly enforced. Taxes will become Delinquent on the FIRST MONDAY in January, 1874, and unless paid prior thereto, five per cent. will be added to the amount thereof. A. AUSTIN,

Nov. 1. Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

WIDENING OF OLD SAN JOSE ROAD
From Twenty-third to Twenty-sixth street, in the City and County of San Francisco.

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Report and As- sessment in the matter of the widening of the Old San Jose Road, from Twenty-third to Twenty-sixth street, has this day been placed in my hands for collection. Assessments therein are now due and payable. ALEX. AUSTIN,

Nov. 22 Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

JAMES GILBERT HURLE

If James Gilbert Hurle (of Dundee), Engineer, San Francisco, Cal., or his widow, or children (if any) will communicate with DAVID DUNCAN, Jr., Solicitor, Dundee, Scotland, they will receive payment of the legacy left Mr. Hurle by his brother, and any one furnishing Mr. Duncan with authentic information of the death or present residence of Mr. Hurle or any other of the above parties, will be suitably rewarded. Nov. 22.

A. J. SANBORN.] **SANBORN & BYRNES,** W. A. BYRNES.

Stair Builders and Turners, Mechanics' Mill, Mission street, bet. First and Fremont, San Francisco. All kinds of Plain and Fancy Turning, Circular, Band, and Scroll Sawing. Orders from the Country for Stair Material promptly attended to. Nov. 29.

$10 TO $20 PER DAY.

Agents wanted everywhere. Particulars free. A. H. Blair & Co., St. Louis, Mo. Nov. 29.

FOR BRIGHT'S DISEASE

Try Bethesda Spring Mineral Water. Sure Cure. Depot, No. 230 Sutter street. Nov. 22.

NOTICE.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City Hall, San Francisco, Nov. 14, 1873.—The Report of the Board of Public Works, in the matter of the OPENING OF MONTGOMERY AVENUE, having on this fourteenth day of November, 1873, been finally approved and confirmed by the County Court of the city and county of San Francisco, notice is hereby given, that the said Board is now prepared to deliver MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS to all persons for damages awarded to them, in amounts equal to the damages awarded for lands taken and improvements thereon. WM. ALVORD,

H. S. TIBBEY, Secretary. [Nov. 22.] President of the Board of Public Works.

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE MANUFACTURING CO.

Would respectfully inform the public that they are now prepared to supply the market with the best quality of

FRESH BUTTER,

In lots to suit purchasers, at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Office and Manufactory, 405 and 407 Sansome street.

WEST EVANS .... President.
HENRY PHILIPS .... General Manager.
JOHN O. BAKER .... Secretary.

Nov 21

PROPOSALS FOR BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT.

Office of the Board of City Hall Commissioners, San Francisco, November [illegible] 1873.—Sealed proposals for furnishing and setting in place one Burglar-proof Vault, for Treasurer's Office, complete, according to specifications and drawings, which are now ready and to be seen at the office of the Board, will be received up to 3 o'clock P. M. of FRIDAY, the FIFTH OF DECEMBER, prox.

Nov. 8. By order of the Board. ROBERT GEORGE, Secretary

CUTTING & CO,

PACKERS AND DEALERS IN

CANNED SALMON,

Manufactory—Columbia River, Oregon. Office and Salesroom—415 Front street, San Francisco

Nov. 22

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE

The undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general Brewing and Malting business, under the firm name and style of MERRIFIELD & ROSENER. Office and Brewery, corner of [illegible] streets, San Francisco. S. MERRIFIELD,

San Francisco, [illegible] 1873. [Nov. 1] LEVI ROSENER.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,

Nov. 16. Portland, Maine.

F. W. VAN REYNEGOM. JNO. H. DICKINSON.

VAN REYNEGOM & DICKINSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, 302 Montgomery st., cor. Sac- ramento (Rooms 12 and 13), San Francisco. Nov. 8

DESIRABLE CITY RESIDENCE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

Unimproved 50-vara Lot north side California st., between Jones and Leavenworth streets. Also, unimproved 50-vara Lot northeast corner Jackson and Steiner streets. Inquire of JOS. W. JORDAN,

Nov. 1 N. E. corner Clay and Front streets, San Francisco

WANTED.

A Situation as Bookkeeper, Collector, or Copyist, by one thorough- ly competent, with the best of references. Address,

Nov. 8. J. R. CORE, No. 420 Sansome street

QUICKSILVER

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street over Bank of California. Nov. 15.

Cowan & Co., Paper Makers, Edinburgh, Diploma of Honor Vienna. **Miller & Richards, Type Founders, Edinburgh, A. B. Fleming & Co., Ink Manufacturers, Edinburgh. Highest Medal, Vienna** ELLIS READ, Agent,

Nov. 8. Office, 412 Pine street, San Francisco.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

Opera House.—French opera bouffe has given place to English Opera, and the change is most decidedly [illegible] for the better. The appearance of the *Bohemian Girl*, we hope, the inauguration of a new season of success and to tell the honest truth, this was sorely needed for a few weeks of such misery as *Barbe Bleue* would have played old Harry with the reputation of this talented and [illegible] hard-worked little troupe. Monday, the first night, was chosen as John Howson's benefit. There was a splendid house, scarce [illegible] for want of room. At the end of the first act the beneficiary was called before the curtain, and there made the usual "thousand thanks" speech. In the opera, "Count Arnheim" was given by Mr Arnold, in really first rate style. His singing was, almost without exception, *good*, and was at times, particularly in the "Heart Bowed Down," characteristic [illegible] most careful expression and taste. Mr Kelleher gave a "Thaddeus" infinitely better than he did *Le Roi Barbe*. As "Thaddeus," he entered into the spirit of the part, dressed well, and [illegible] much better, in our opinion, than he has since his stay amongst us. "The Fair Land of Poland," we think his best song, and [illegible] on Tuesday evening, "When Other Lips," received the encore. John H[illegible] Devilshoof, and barring a [illegible] equal to Lablache, [illegible] at [illegible] that we [illegible] he took it capitally. There is always something striking about the [illegible], to [illegible] and [illegible] character, so that [illegible] Mr Howson's comedy *repertoire*, he did well we think in assuming it. Miss Ellis was, of course, "Arline." Not even on the first night of her appearance here did she, with the exception of a slight huskiness in the middle register, sing more charmingly than she did on Monday night, and [illegible] as [illegible] of [illegible] in the old days. We think we like [illegible] singing better even in the duet of "The Secret of thy Birth" than in the solo, "I Dreamt I Dwelt." Miss Elfermann as "Queen of the Gipsies," we thought at first an overrated part, but by the end of the opera we became convinced that her conception of the revengeful, evil tempered Bohemian was the true and artistic one. Mr Baker as "Florestein" was a marked improvement upon his previous performances, and the chorus was at times [illegible] and [illegible], a [illegible] and beautiful [illegible]. We must not forget to commend the orchestra, and particularly the oboe solo of Herr Mondw[illegible].

Alhambra.—Taking the performance as a whole, you can pass away the evening very pleasantly. Of Russell and Clark we cannot say much this week. They both have good voices, unfortunately counteracted by the bad style in which they sing. Clark has a high tenor, but in "showing it off" he frequently overstrains it, while Russell should not shout quite so loudly, and might tone his [illegible] a little more smoothly. But the grand mistake is in the choruses, they have lost all the charm of the original ideas associated with the old "Christys." Little Mac's personification of a monkey seemed quite natural to him, he has evidently studied from Nature. Manning and Sweatnam were in their usual good form and [illegible]. The latter, in his other songs and fun, was very amusing, [illegible] is everlastingly funny. Miss Ella Wesner tries to be "a nice young man," and introduces more pocket handkerchiefs, the coat and trousers are *Frozen*. The "Scandal in Gambles," by Welch and Rice, were certainly good, though not nearly equal to the "Two Mornings [illegible]." The finale of *Ma[illegible] Fix* makes a good wind up, and all the characters were well played. [illegible] Manning's [illegible] and disappearance from the effects of sea-sickness was a most ludicrous sight. Altogether there was lots of fun.

California Theater.—*Cuba* did not draw such good houses as was to be expected, which is to be taken rather as a proof that the [illegible] interest in the subject is not very great, than that the play was bad. On Wednesday evening, *The Lancashire Lass* was given for the last time. For this we are sorry, for if we had a dozen other opportunities of seeing Mr Barton Hill as "the party by the name of Johnson," we should avail ourselves of them. The character is full of strong, sturdy points of character, and of each Mr Hill makes the most. In the drunken scene he quite equals Sothern, in *Garrick*, in intensity, although "Garrick's" sham [illegible] is [illegible] to "Johnson's" really drunk in artistic finish. On Thursday and Friday, *Lost in London* was produced, a play [illegible] that which ought to be put upon the boards of the [illegible]. We [illegible] Mr Hill will soon give us another such finished picture from his sketch book as that of "the party by the name of Johnson."

To-morrow evening, the popular opera of *Linda di Chamounix* will be given at the California Theater, with Ilma di Murska, Anna [illegible], and [illegible], [illegible], Grand [illegible] in the cast. If the public support [illegible], it will be the [illegible] for the inauguration of a regular opera season.

CHIT-CHAT.

HERE

We hope we are not guilty of a breach of confidence in stating that the proceeds at the Opera House on Monday night last, the occasion of John Howson's benefit, amounted to very nearly $[illegible]. —A certain young woman who sings and dances in male attire at a certain theater in this city is in the habit of appearing in the streets *en homme*. People are beginning to talk about this sort of [illegible], and Miss —— had better take warning. —*Ruy Blas* will not be produced at the Opera House on Monday evening, through want of time for thorough preparation. We may expect it, however, on Thursday night, when Mr T. A. Arnold will in all probability take his benefit. —We hear from Salem, Oregon, that Mr John W. McKenzie has left his troupe and joined Madame St [illegible], a soprano of note. His voice has changed to a good [illegible] baritone. —The New [illegible] will be one of the great attractions at the California Theater [illegible] coming season. —We have received two papers from Cleveland, [illegible] containing most favorable notices of John McCullough['s] [illegible] and "Othello." *Hamlet* and *Macbeth* are advertised for performance there. —[illegible], followed by the [illegible] Opera Troupe. —From Baltimore [illegible] that Miss [illegible] Washington has charmed the city of [illegible] by her pretty face and figure, but by the sprightliness, vivacity, and perfect ease of her acting. [illegible] Sothern as "Garrick." —For beautiful politeness, gentle urbanity, and constant regard to the wants and wishes of the audience, commend us to that [illegible] young man, with the incipient moustache, who is [illegible] a door-keeper to the Opera House on Bush street. —George Darrell is in town. His engagements at Virginia City were successful. —Ready as we always are to make use of the items from the *Spirit of the Times*, we are frequently unable to do so, because of their inaccuracy. It says, for instance, that Miss Galton and her company proposed to travel after the production of *La Perichole*. Considering that the [illegible] engagement is for a year, and that they have been here but four months, it is not exactly correct. Again it says that one of the attractions of a theater in this city is "a man, who with a rifle at thirty paces distance, shoots a half dollar out of another man's hand." Is this Yankee? —Madame Anna Bishop and troupe are once more in Frisco. —Fred Lyster writes from New York to a gentleman of this city as follows: "As usual, a letter from Stephen Massett has failed to [illegible] of [illegible] for me. The moment Frank Leslie read his note he offered me the chair of the *Ladies' Journal and Magazine*, and I am now regularly at work." —In an obituary notice in the *Alta* of the Scotch poet James [illegible] there never occur "Many of our citizens have heard and will [illegible] the song and tender song, 'Take Back the Ring, Dear Jamie,' as sung so sweetly by Madame Anna Bishop." But they forget to mention the name of the composer of the music, one of the most charming of Stephen Massett's [illegible] and [illegible] by him to Mrs H. B. Brooks of this city. The probability is, this poem owes its popularity to the fact of Mr Massett setting it to music, and the admirable singing of Madame Bishop.

ELSEWHERE

According to the Paris *Figaro*, Mdll. Heilbron, the new operatic star, has been offered £1,000 to sing at ten concerts in London. —Mr Sothern and Mr Southey are likely to appear together in March next, and Mr Carl Rosa is [illegible] in the *Lily of Killarney*. Mr Santley playing his original part, "Danny Mann," and Sims Reeves, for the first time. [illegible] —Miss [illegible] and Mr [illegible] play in the Front street Theatre, [illegible]. —[illegible] Sisters are playing in Savannah. —Miss [illegible] Lucy [illegible] to [illegible] an adapted play called *Lost in California*. —Miss [illegible] engaged by Daly as a member of his Fifth Avenue company. —Miss May Howard, with her fifteen thousand dollar wardrobe, is slowly wending her way Eastward.

ART NOTES.

The collection of casts from the antique, presented by the French Government to the Art Association, [illegible] by Mr M[illegible], at [illegible] The [illegible] principal attraction of the [illegible] Wednesday evening next, for no such collection has ever before been on exhibition here. Mr Benj. P. Avery, the Secretary, has made a very complete catalogue, preparing [illegible] condensed story notes on Greek art which will be ready for the members on Wednesday evening, and will greatly add to the interest of the exhibition. Mr Avery says of the casts: "In every case they show the exact condition of the original marble. In a few cases the originals were restored or completed, several by no less a master than Michael Angelo, but, in most cases, they have been left as they were found, and the casts reproduce exactly the mutilations and the surface flaking of the marbles. This will be particularly observed in the Venus of Milo. The casts from the frieze of the Parthenon, twenty-six slabs, and [illegible] the [illegible] pieces selected by the Association, comprise the finest [illegible] after the antique, the [illegible] a [illegible] work by Michael Angelo, the last being composed by some one [illegible] life-size, and [illegible]."

The catalogue includes careful historical notes upon all the leading statues: the Apollo Belvedere, [illegible], the Discobolus, [illegible] Flora, [illegible], Venus of Milo, [illegible] Venus [illegible], Moses [illegible], the Medici, the Venus [illegible] and many others, [illegible] the British Museum [illegible] to get these marbles, and, we [illegible] them.

The beauty of [illegible] of the smaller pieces in this collection cannot be overstated, and the portrait busts have historical interest attached to them. For instance the "Julius Caesar" [illegible] B[illegible] as is the one ridiculed by Gen. Butler [illegible] D. O. Mills, Esq. The bust of Socrates conforms to the [illegible] Hawthorne wrote [illegible]. In this [illegible] to set [illegible] actual [illegible] perpetrated [illegible] of [illegible]. I rather respect him for it, and all the more [illegible] The various Fauns in the series [illegible] history. Mr Avery [illegible] them as "a kind of [illegible] between man and [illegible]," with their [illegible] and [illegible] tales. And [illegible] "Human form [illegible]" [illegible] only [illegible] The Exhibition will be thrown open to the public on Tuesday [illegible] next week.

Marple & Co. [illegible] have opened their elegant little gallery, in Tucker's building, to the public. In the Pres[illegible] establishment [illegible] a picture [illegible] at Lake Tahoe—for the Lick Observatory. All that we can say is that the "observers" would have a very charming spot to work in.

The Ladies' Fair at the Horticultural Hall is emphatically a success, and [illegible] It is not [illegible] kind, where [illegible] purchaser is expected to pay fabulous prices for articles which are [illegible] [illegible]. The [illegible] there are no [illegible] and [illegible] are [illegible] described. [illegible] Bradley & Rulofson. The [illegible] Hop Park [illegible] but notwithstanding [illegible] the attendance has been large, and we hope it will continue to be so.

The finest Magic-Lantern and Stereopticon views we have ever seen [illegible] Thos. Houseworth & Co., No. 9 [illegible] Montgomery street. [illegible] produced [illegible] during the holidays. The [illegible] we are especially deserving of credit [illegible] taken from [illegible] photographs. [illegible] some of the best of photographs are taken, and we are pleased to chronicle the fact.

The Scottish friends of the Rev. Robert Scrimgeour, pastor of the Westminster Presbyterian Church, [illegible] members of the St. Andrew's Society, propose to give that gentleman a substantial benefit. To carry out this object the Rev. Mr Scrimgeour will deliver a lecture in the Central Tabernacle Church on Tuesday evening, December 16th. Subject: "Robert Burns."

The Rev. Dr Scott will give his final study upon Jeroboam the Hardy, on Sunday evening at 7½ o'clock, in St. John's Presbyterian Church. The pastor will also preach at 11 A.M. Sunday. All are cordially invited to attend.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor. [illegible] Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. The [illegible] ELLA WESNER, in her [illegible] Burlesque [illegible] "Mischievous Monkey," [illegible] Welch & Rice. Ballads, Billy Sweatnam. Look out for Holiday Novel[ties]. Dec 6.

OPERA HOUSE

Bush St., between Kearny and Montgomery.—Overwhelming Success of the [illegible] GALTON and JENNIE [illegible] Opera [illegible] Burlesque and Comedy Troupe.—Saturday Evening, Dec. 6, Balfe's charming Opera, THE BOHEMIAN GIRL. Sunday Evening, Dec. —Will be presented the Comedy entitled KIND TO A FAULT, and the beautiful play of [illegible] [illegible] Admission [illegible] Dress Circle [illegible] Gallery [illegible] Dec 6.

CALIFORNIA THEATER

Sunday, December 7th, 1873, Linda di Chamounix, a Grand Opera. [illegible] appear MME. INES [illegible] EVANS [illegible] Conductor J. SPADINA. Prices [illegible] Reserved Seats [illegible] extra. Seats can be secured on Saturday and Sunday, from 10 until 4 o'clock P.M.

CHAS. SCHULTZ, Business Manager.

CALIFORNIA THEATER

Bush St., above Kearny. John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager [illegible] [illegible] Dec. 6.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr Kennedy's stock of rare patterns in

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fits, [illegible] made, and fashionable garments.

May [illegible]

Stuart Soldon Wright,

ATTORNEY

AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW

OFFICES

Nos. 10 and 11, 131 California st., upstairs.

Aug 9

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	[illegible]	70
Cheese, Cal.	[illegible]	25
Honey	7½	30
Eggs, ℔ doz	[illegible]	65
Lard, ℔	10	18
Ham & bacon ℔	16	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75	1 00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	2	[illegible]
Lima Beans ℔	8	10
Tomatoes, ℔	[illegible]	3
Onions ℔	[illegible]	6
Squash ℔	[illegible]	3
Turnips, ℔	2	3
Cabbage, each	[illegible]	15
Cauliflower, each	10	15
Cucumbers, doz	[illegible]	15
Celery, per bunch	[illegible]	1 00
Beets, ℔ doz	[illegible]	25
[illegible]	[illegible]	25
Parsnips, ℔	[illegible]	25
Radishes, ℔	[illegible]	[illegible]
Green Peas, ℔	6	8
String Beans ℔	5	8
Apples, ℔	12½	[illegible]
Pears, ℔	5	[illegible]
Peaches ℔	[illegible]	15
Pine Apples, each	[illegible]	1 00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	[illegible]	25
Lemons, ℔	[illegible]	12
Oranges, ℔	[illegible]	1 00
Bananas, ℔	[illegible]	[illegible]
Limes, ℔	[illegible]	50
Chickens, each	[illegible]	87½
Geese, each	2	2 50
Turkeys, ℔	[illegible]	25
Geese, ℔	[illegible]	1 50
Ducks, [illegible]	1 50	1 75
Rabbits, ℔ pair	[illegible]	10
Hare, each	20	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	[illegible]	1 00
Clams, ℔ 100	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mussels, ℔ 100	[illegible]	[illegible]
Salmon, smoked, ℔	[illegible]	[illegible]
Salmon, fresh, ℔	[illegible]	30
Codfish, ℔	[illegible]	[illegible]
Rockfish ℔	[illegible]	[illegible]
Smelts, ℔	[illegible]	20
Tomcod, ℔	[illegible]	30
Sturgeon, ℔	[illegible]	8
Flounders, ℔	[illegible]	[illegible]
Halibut ℔	[illegible]	15
Perch, ℔	10	12½
Shrimps, ℔	[illegible]	[illegible]
Anchovies, ℔	[illegible]	10
Soles, ℔	[illegible]	75

E. S. TIBBEY,

Stock Broker,

No. 6 Leidesdorff St.

Aug 9

H. F. Williams & Co.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

ROOM 25

STEVENSON'S BUILDING,

[illegible]

California and Mont. sts.,

San Francisco.

Aug. 23.

BIZ.

Oleomargarine.—As stated in our last issue, this new interest is attracting considerable attention and bids fair to be [illegible] to [illegible] than they [illegible]. The price is [illegible] ℔. As soon as the machinery now erected is in working order, 3,000 ℔s per day will be [illegible] of this [illegible]. [illegible] We have [illegible] to gather for a [illegible] working of this [illegible] patent [illegible] that [illegible] have been [illegible] United States. In New York City there are two factories [illegible] Fifty-sixth street and one [illegible] Twentieth street, the former making [illegible] per day, and the latter 4,000 ℔s. In Dryden, Mass., [illegible] there is a factory of 10,000 ℔s capacity. These all [illegible] of the [illegible] Company. There is another factory in [illegible] Baltimore, 8,000 ℔s per day. [illegible] New Jersey Dairy Company, of [illegible] daily capacity, [illegible] in other States. [illegible] in New York city. It is said that the New York company has declared two dividends of five per cent each for eight months' work, this said to be from earnings after paying for machinery and all expenses. We have watched the working of this [illegible] [illegible] and have [illegible] with our first [illegible] for themselves, and [illegible] practical [illegible]. What the result will be on this coast depends upon the supply of the raw material.

The Breadstuff Market continues strong under the influence of hardening [illegible] Liverpool [illegible]. Exports of Flour to the United Kingdom [illegible] A [illegible] to Liverpool, [illegible] 41 [illegible] for the current harvest year, 30,[illegible] bbls against [illegible] [illegible] of Extra Flour for shipment is $7 50 for [illegible] Extra [illegible] [illegible] Extra Superfine $6 [illegible], and for standard superfine, $[illegible]. Wheat is very firm with [illegible] for the [illegible] at $[illegible] [illegible] $1 [illegible] per [illegible]. Oats are [illegible] $1 [illegible] for White and Yellow [illegible] Buckwheat commands $2 [illegible]. [illegible] from Oregon, price, [illegible] per ℔ [illegible] for [illegible].

The ship Cultivator, Captain Knapp, owned by Upton of Boston, has arrived at this port 171 days from New York. The captain, his wife, and [illegible] 20 men [illegible] [illegible] two [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] of this ship. [illegible] and & Co., having learned that the vessel was probably "[illegible]" [illegible] to the Collector of this port to send a Revenue Cutter in search of her [illegible] Scammon, [illegible] [illegible] went [illegible] to her [illegible] [illegible] overhauled her, made fast [illegible] on the morning of December 1st [illegible] [illegible] or less by a [illegible] to furnish [illegible] and other proper food to all men. Had it not been for the kindness of the captain of the [illegible] Charles [illegible] furnishing fresh provisions and men, several lives would have been lost. As it is, ten of her have been taken to the U. S. Hospital.

Our Exports of Breadstuff to the United Kingdom are continued with a free and active trade, and though less in quantity than for [illegible] the current harvest year, [illegible] corresponding date of last year by nearly two millions of [illegible]. There is [illegible] [illegible] having a tonnage register of 57,[illegible] tons, and all to be dispatched within [illegible] days.

	Ctls	Value
Totals since July 1st, 1873, 123 vessels	[illegible]	[illegible]
150 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with	[illegible]	7,[illegible]
22 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with	[illegible]	[illegible]
5[illegible] vessels since July 1st, 1870, with	[illegible]	[illegible]
112 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with	[illegible]	5,[illegible]

In addition to the Wheat above noted, many thousands of barrels of Flour have been shipped to the United Kingdom more than ever before.

Sugar has advanced [illegible] the week [illegible] per pound on all refined white and yellow. The Bay Refinery [illegible] with an [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] The San Francisco [illegible] Refinery [illegible] [illegible] the Golden Gate Refinery [illegible] [illegible] of the California Refinery seem to have [illegible] Syrup market [illegible] Hawaiian Grocery Sugars have [illegible] [illegible] the stock of [illegible] of the California Refinery is very small. The price of all White Sugar is now [illegible], Yellow [illegible] 10c. Hawaiian, 9 [illegible] 10c. The California Refinery has just shipped 50,000 galls Golden Syrup to Hamburg [illegible] [illegible] barrels, 47 ½c.

The copious rains of the past week will result in an increased wheat plant of about 50,000 sacks [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] to [illegible] have [illegible] [illegible] in 1871. [illegible] [illegible] of water at this date than [illegible] than an average [illegible].

The following competitive table of exports for four years past will be of interest to the [illegible]:

	WHEAT, 100-lb sks	BARLEY, 100-lb sks	OATS, 100-lb sks	FLOUR, 100-lb sks
Exports from November 25th to date	181,11[illegible]	21		[illegible]
Previously from June 30th, 1873	3,5[illegible]	13,16[illegible]	1,174	212 [illegible]
Total				
Shipped up to same period in 1872	[illegible]745,769	1[illegible]	1 174	21[illegible]
Shipped up to same period in 1871	1,[illegible]	1[illegible]	1[illegible]	[illegible] 19
Shipped up to same period in 1870	617,7[illegible]	3,256	2,081	132,610
Shipped up to same period in 1869	2,568,615	119,343	6,093	80,774
	3,180,181	223 [illegible]	6,382	173,[illegible]

Per Hamburg.—Henry Balzer & Co. have just dispatched the German bark [illegible] with a valuable cargo of California products, [illegible] [illegible], 1,75[illegible] gallons and 17 cases Native Wine, 250 cases [illegible] Borax, and [illegible] extra [illegible] family Flour for the old folks at [illegible]. This Wine and Flour is in lots, designated as presents, an exp[illegible] to show the Dutch how we people live and thrive on buckwheat cakes, golden syrup, and wine that maketh glad the heart of man.

Provisions.—The market is overstocked with Eastern sugar-cured Hams and prices [illegible] have fallen to [illegible] for standard brands. Bacon, [illegible], Lard, 10c. Mess Beef, $[illegible], Extra Prime Pork $[illegible] per bbl, Cheese, [illegible].

Coal.—The market is fully supplied with Sydney, price $11, Lehigh, $16, West Hartley, $15, Scotch and English, $[illegible].

Metals continue in good supply. Pig Iron $47 50 @$50 for American and Scotch bar Iron, [illegible], Extra do, [illegible], Horse do, [illegible].

The Coffee market shows increased firmness with a fair overland demand for Chicago and St. Louis. In New York prices of green have advanced [illegible] The [illegible] materially [illegible] [illegible] to be had [illegible] stock for the season.

Borax continues to be in [illegible] in quantities [illegible] supply [illegible] price, 12½. [illegible] Exports [illegible] to Hamburg and [illegible] to London.

Quicksilver.—The demand exceeds the supply; price $1 20, with an upward tendency. The price in London has, however, declined to £10 ℔ flask. In New York $1 25 is the ruling rate.

Oysters in quantities continue to arrive here in considerable amount from Shoalwater Bay, Oregon. Within less than six days [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] of [illegible] oysters. Many thousand cases of Eastern oysters [illegible] for [illegible] [illegible] to [illegible] an important one, as well as profitable. M Morrass [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] good quality and size, but [illegible] a few [illegible] with water and put in half a dozen oysters only. This barefaced fraud brings its own just recompense of reward. They are unsalable, a drug upon the market.

Wool is more in request, both for local use and shipment East. The steamer [illegible] for Panama, carried [illegible] route to New York [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] shipments of [illegible] [illegible] choice Northern [illegible] clip, [illegible] Berry and Garlby, 12 @ 15c. Stock very large. Sales for the week [illegible] with a range.

Hides are much sought after within the range of 16 @ 18c, latter for best city, wet salted, [illegible].

Tallow is in active request, and prices are higher, say 7½ @ 8c.

Leather is [illegible] demand for shipping East and to England. We quote Sole, 26 @ 30c, Rough, 22 @ 25c.

Hops are in fair stock, but there is little doing, and prices are nominal at 25c.

Spirits maintain the last rise of 5c per gallon. We note sales of "Pure XXX" [illegible] at $1 10. Late arrivals of [illegible] Bourbon Whisky [illegible] genuine old Kentucky, which continues to command the market.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES

METALS	PRICES	TEAS	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1	$[illegible]	Japans	$ 45 @ 75
Bar Iron, [illegible] ℔	— 5 @ 6	Oolong	— 35 @ — 85
Mercury, [illegible] ℔	[illegible]	SUGARS	
Tin Plate [illegible]	1 [illegible]	China, No. 1 ℔	— 9 @ — 9½
Tin [illegible] box	11 00 @ 12 00	Sandwich Island	— 8 @ 10
Lead, Pig ℔	[illegible]	Manila	— [illegible]
Lead Sheet ℔	— [illegible]	Crushed, American	11½ @ — 12
Zinc [illegible] ℔	[illegible]	Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Quicksilver	1 20	Peruvian	— 7 @ — 9
COAL		SPICES	
West Hartley ℔ ton	15 00 @ 17 50	Sperm Wax ℔	[illegible] @ — 42
Australian	[illegible] @ 11 00	[illegible]	25½ @ — [illegible]
Cumberland	[illegible]	SPIRITS AND LIQUORS	
Anthracite	[illegible]	Whisky, American	1 [illegible]
Bellingham Bay	[illegible]	Whisky, Scotch	[illegible]
Mount Diablo	[illegible]	Whisky, Irish	[illegible]
COFFEE		Alcohol, American	[illegible]
Guatemala, ℔	[illegible]	Rum, Jamaica	[illegible]
Java, Old Government	— [illegible]	Brandy, French	[illegible]
Manila	21 @ — 22	MANUFACTURES	
Costa Rica	— 22 @ —	Oil, Kerosene [illegible]	[illegible] 21
RICE		[illegible]	— [illegible] 21
China, No. 1 ℔	— 6¼ @ — 6½	Burlaps [illegible]	[illegible]
China, No. 2	— [illegible] @ — 5½	[illegible] yard	[illegible]
Hawaiian	[illegible]	DOMESTIC STAPLES	
WINES		Wool ℔	[illegible]
Champagne ℔ doz	20 00 @ 25 00	Tallow	— [illegible] @ 20
Port [illegible]		Hides	— [illegible]
℔ gallon	2 00 @ 3 75	Wheat, ℔ 100 lbs	[illegible]
Sherry, ℔ [illegible]	1 75 @ 3 50	Barley	[illegible]
OIL		Oats	1 @ 1 [illegible]
Coal and Kerosene	— 31 @ — [illegible]	Flour ℔ 196 lbs	[illegible]

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast hereby [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] Photographs [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH and [illegible] ONE HUNDRED [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

J. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, No. [illegible] Merchant street, San Francisco.

March [illegible]

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 47 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare $1.25 by [illegible] [illegible] and fine drives and walks around the place. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, [illegible]. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, first class table and [illegible] rates.

April [illegible] GEO. MELLEN, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

MAIN & WINCHESTER

C. MAIN E. H. WINCHESTER

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, [illegible] Saddlery Warehouse, Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. [illegible]

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents [illegible] of the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon [illegible] [illegible] United States.

March 1[illegible].

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and [illegible] PAINTERS, [illegible] PAPER HANGERS and GLAZIERS, [illegible] Walls [illegible], Whitened and Colored. [illegible] promptly attended to.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.

[March [illegible]]

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, N. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs), San Francisco.

NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.

[illegible] NEWTON] [illegible] NEWTON

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries, Nos. [illegible] Front street, San Francisco, Cal.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street.

Oct.18

THE AUSTRALIAN LINE.

From a very interesting London Letter we make the following extracts:

"John Bull is, as Napoleon I said, essentially a 'shop-keeper,' and it is due to John to say that he knows how to keep shop well. To-day the present trade of Australia, or any part thereof, came straight home to the first shop-keeper in the world, and he was fairly aroused. Australia, without New Zealand or the Isles of the Pacific, supplies 22 per cent. of his imports, and takes 19 per cent. of his exports. It ranks next to India, and is twice as valuable for shop-keeping purposes as all the Canadas. He was too shrewd a shop-keeper not to see that this line would largely control the future of the South Pacific. He therefore fought it, tooth and nail. He would have had no line at all by way of San Francisco, if he could have prevented it, but he could not. The Colonies, especially New South Wales and New Zealand, were too determined to operate a steam line to the many points up the Pacific to be shut off, even by the jealousy of the Old Country. The next best thing, therefore, John could do was to keep control of the line himself. But there was and is just one obstacle to his being gone—the mails have to be got across the American Continent. The representative of New Zealand, has agreed to the trip by way of America, and and it says that the United States Government will have something to say upon a matter which so closely concerns their material interests. This trade belongs by right of position to America, and she has only to say and determine it shall be hers in order to gain it, or, at any rate, a large share of it. That word is as good as said already. President Grant, in his last annual address to Congress, called official attention to it. Postmaster Creswell and the Secretary of the Navy did the same and the Senate's Committee upon Post Roads recommended attention to it in a practical form. Burns & Co. claimed the contract because their tender was the lowest, and because New Zealand had already decided in their favor, but Sydney would hear none of it. It was nothing to Sydney's agent that questions of honor and good faith were involved. It was nothing to him that he was invariably told on 'Change that he was morally bound to give the contract to the Americans. The usual answer was more emphatic than polite, and could not be translated literally here. It is sufficient to say that it amounted to about this: That he would rather resign his office than give the contract to the d——d Yankees. As against this rude gentleman, it ought to be remembered that when Sydney first started a line to California it came from the enterprise of Mr. Hall, with no previous arrangement as to the transmission of mails or passengers, and without the funds usually required to send a steamer to sea, yet the line was hailed with courtesy and almost with enthusiasm. Every necessary was supplied, and there are Californians who have to mourn their consequent loss. The Government transmitted the mails with the utmost celerity, and special advantages were given the passengers, etc. Mr. Hall's bankruptcy enabled him to pay only five cents on the dollar. The London press took up the matter strongly, especially the *Pall Mall Gazette*. Then it was that the *Standard* came out with a double-leaded leading article, dealing very severely with the question, and pointing out the great interests involved in the South Pacific trade. Indeed, the matter is viewed with great interest throughout London.

Meanwhile, it may be easily shown that it would be profitable to establish an American line, from a direct money view, irrespective of the great future interests involved. To carry the three or four postal cars in loose bins that will be required to go each way every twenty-eight days, would entail a loss of $150,000 per annum to the United States Government. Then, as we at present do a trade with Australia of $6,000,000, it may fairly be reckoned that, at the high rate charged both ways, the passage would amount to $400,000 per annum. Our steam line to Hawaii has hitherto cost us $75,000, and has been given up because that price was insufficient. The new one would of course perform that service, which is worth $150,000. The postage with New Caledonia, Fiji and other Islands of the Pacific would not be less than $50,000 per annum. Thus by establishing an American line we would at once save $250,000 per annum, which with the contribution the Colonies are ready to give, would be amply sufficient for a really efficient service. This is entirely irrespective of the great trade advantages that are the main objects of all steam lines. I ought to have mentioned earlier that Melbourne, so soon as she learned of Sydney's mistake, telegraphed the readiness of herself and of all the other Colonies except Sydney, to join with the American tenderers to make the line a success. Let us see our own advantages. It would be folly to lose the game by passing weak cards whilst you have strong trumps in your hand. Here is a list compiled from the Blue Book of 1872, which shows the British subsidies to steam lines:

Line to India, China and Japan, touching at numerous places in the Mediterranean and Red Seas	£450,000
Line to West Indies and Eastern Coast of South America	172,414
Line on Western side of South America	15,215
" to Brazil	31,000
" " Australia and New Zealand	31,000
" " Cape of Good Hope	170,000
" " Zanzibar	30,000
" " Aden to Zanzibar	25,000
Cunard line to the United States	10,000
Inman line to the United States	70,000
Allen line to Canada	3,000
Distributing lines in the Indian Ocean	62,000
Minor services	170,000
	25,000
Amount paid annually in pounds sterling	£1,151,961

These subsidies show plainly enough by what means "Britannia rules the waves." This letter might be lengthened by lessons drawn from the results obtained by England through these subsidized lines. COMMERCE.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

Several fires were caused in London by the mischievous practices of Guy Fawkes day.—At Aberdeen, Scotland, bad harvests have been indicated as unseaworthy by direction of the London Board of Trade.—The German Parliament, the duration of which terminates in March 1874, will probably be dissolved very shortly.—Madras has 131 lions ever being executed ... neither eat to their nourishment.—The Russians and Turks the aim to occupy Khiva. British troops have left Aden to preserve our position.—A new English edited life of Mr. M... biography is to be published at once. The first was sold out in a week.—The Berlin papers speak of an alliance between Germany and Austria for establishing a customs union between the two countries.—The Duchess of Madrid has, at the request of the French Government, transferred her residence from Pau to Arcachon.—The Emperor William has, it is stated from Rome, proposed to visit that city in January, but nothing is yet decided respecting the journey.—The Vienna correspondent of the Cologne Gazette states that the news regarding the health of the Empress of Austria is becoming more and more alarming.—The English Mint has been engaged in coining £800,000 worth of three-penny pieces for exportation to the Gold Coast. It is said that there coins are needed for the payment of the Ashantee.—Postal cards are shortly to be issued in the Dutch Indies on rather curious conditions. If the sender appear to the Post-office, the letter be of an insulting nature the card will be sent under cover to the addressee.—The new law for the reorganization of the Italian army has been promulgated accompanied by the lists of the military forces framed on a peace footing. According to these lists the standing army in time of peace will number 214,000 men.—The weather prophets of England have begun to foretell a very severe winter. The plentiful supply of holly-berries in all the English woods is in an old fashioned way cited as betokening corroboration of the approaching one.—The Irish poet the Irish Fridays last Church are dissatisfied with the returns it has to the Synod on fund.—Much dissatisfaction is expressed in Prussia at the course taken by the Post Election Committee in West Prussia.—The steeple of a church at Ripponden, in Yorkshire, was thrown ... , which destroyed a portion of the works of the clock and set ... The ... attracted the attention of persons, who found that ... had also ignited the case of the ... This ... good ... "American paper."—Archbishop ... has been ordered to ... He has received a letter from the Pope ...—Sir Samuel Baker is suffering from ...—Alexander Mackenzie, President of the ... Dominion, has been elected by acclamation to ...

—

clamation to represent the county of Lambton.—Special despatches report between sixty and seventy cases of small pox in Toronto, Canada, only twelve of which are at the hospital.—The additional iron-clads are to be sent to the Gulf in Spanish waters.—A serious railway accident is reported near Birmingham, England. Many persons were injured, but no details are received.—A concession to construct a railway from the Rio Grande frontier to the city of Mexico, thence to the Pacific, has been granted to a company of Mexicans. This leaves the matter in the hands of Mexicans, who will, doubtless, interest other parties in the enterprise, or dispose of their concession to the greatest advantage to themselves.—Grave apprehensions are felt for the safety of the British ship *Sheries*, now thirty-six days out from Halifax, for England. She had a crew of nearly one hundred men, and the captain expressed confidence in making the passage in a fortnight.—The Augsburg *Gazette* says the King of Bavaria has signed a decree repealing the concordat with the Pope.—Lord Kensington, Liberal, has been re-elected to the English Parliament.

TO THE PUBLIC.

28 BRUNSWICK STREET, LIVERPOOL, ENGLAND,
Temporary office, 315 California street, San Francisco, Dec. 1st, 1873.

Having retired to-day from the firms of Messrs Robert Rodgers & Co., of Liverpool, and Messrs Rodgers, Meyer & Co., of San Francisco, California, and Portland, Oregon, we shall henceforward, in conjunction with Mr. Bernhard Von Ammon, continue to carry on business in Liverpool and San Francisco, California, as Commission and Shipping Merchants, under the style, at both places, of Roberts, Caspari & Co. The interests of our houses in Liverpool and San Francisco will be identical. Mr Harold Hold ... will have a share in our business, and will sign our firm per procuration. Soliciting a continuance of your valued support, Your obedient servants,
ROBERT ROBERTS,
OTTO CASPARI.

BANKERS: The Liverpool Commercial Bank (Limited), Liverpool. The London and San Francisco Bank (Limited), San Francisco. London Office, 22 Old Broad street, E. C.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS.

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Dec. 5, 1873.

NAME OF STOCK	MON	WED	FRI'Y
Adams Hill	–	–	–
Alpha	33	35	37
Alps	–	–	–
Amador Tunnel	–	–	–
American Flag	6	4	–
American & Utah	1¼	1½	2
Arkansas	–	–	–
Aums	–	–	–
American Flat	4¼	5	6½
Bacon	–	–	–
Baltimore Consolidated	6¼	6¼	6¼
Belcher	59	54	59
Belmont	2	2¼	–
Bullion	15	–	18
Best & Belcher	35¾	43	43
Buckeye	1¼	1¾	1½
Caledonia	19	17½	18¼
Cederberg	–	–	–
Central	12	–	11¾
Charter Oak	–	–	–
Chapman	–	–	–
Chief of the Hill	17	15	–
Chief East Lebanon	–	1	–
Chollar	54	55	55
Columbus	–	–	–
Confidence	4	7¾	7¾
Cons. Gold Hill Quartz	–	–	–
Consolidated Virginia	57½	57	58
Cook & Geyser	–	–	–
Crown Point	63½	65	64
Central No. 2	–	–	–
Consolidated Amador	–	–	–
Daney	–	3	3
Eclipse	5	–	5½
El Dorado	5½	1½	–
Empire Mill	4½	1¾	1½
Empire Idaho	–	–	–
Eureka Consolidated	10	9¼	–
Eureka, G. V.	15	14	–
Exchequer	15	18	18
Globe	1¼	1¼	2
Golden Chariot	22	2½	–
Gould & Curry	15½	16	16½
G. H. Quartz	–	–	–
Hale & Norcross	37½	33	34
Hermes	–	3	–
Huron & Hunt	2	2	–
Hayes	1½	1¼	–
Ida Elmore	–	4½	–
Imperial	5½	6¼	5½
Independent	3	3	–
Ingomar	–	20	–
Insurance	–	–	–
Ivanhoe	–	–	–
Jackson	–	–	–
Julia	4½	4½	4

NAME OF STOCK	MON	WED	FRI'Y
Justice	4½	7	3
Kentuck	13¼	13¼	13¼
Kentucky	6	–	–
Knickerbocker	4½	4½	4
Kossuth	–	–	–
Louise	30	40	–
Lower Comstock	–	–	–
Mahogany	7	–	–
Mammoth	3	–	–
Meadow Valley	15	15	–
Minnesota	–	–	–
Newark	2¾	2¾	–
New York Consolidated	3	3	3¼
Nevada	1¾	3	2½
Occidental	–	–	–
Ophir	47½	50	62
Original Hidden Treasure	3¾	–	–
Overman	40	42	41
Original Gold Hill	–	–	–
Page & Panaca	3	3	–
Pea Vine	–	1¼	–
Phœnix	1¼	1½	–
Picho	–	–	–
Pioche	6	5	–
Pioche West	–	–	–
P. Phœnix	–	–	–
Raymond & Ely	63	63	–
Revenue Consolidated	–	–	–
Rye Patch	6¼	6¼	–
Red Jacket	4	2	–
Savage	59	61	57
Seg. Belcher	61	–	–
Sierra Nevada	17	18	20
Silver Peak	1½	1½	–
Silver Hill	–	9¼	9
Silver Mountain	–	–	–
Sterling	–	–	–
Succor	–	–	–
Southwest Consolidated	4	4½	3¼
Silver Chariot	8½	8¾	–
South Overman	–	–	40
St. Patrick	6½	9	–
South Comstock	–	–	–
Tecumseh	–	–	–
Tyler	¾	¾	¾
Union Consolidated	4¼	4½	–
Utah	7	7	7
Washington & Creole	5¼	5	–
Washoe	–	–	–
Woodville	1	–	1¼
Wellington	–	–	–
Yellow Jacket	62	62	63
Yale Gravel	–	–	–

SAN FRANCISCO POSTOFFICE.

* Sundays excepted

MAILS FOR	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	ARRIVE A.M.	ARRIVE P.M.
Alameda	6 30			9.00
Antioch, Black Diamond, etc.		1 40		12 00
Benicia and Rio Vista (by C P R R Co's steamers)		3 15		9 00
Cloverdale and Coast Points		3 15	[illegible]	
Eureka		1 4	[illegible]	
Napa Junction via Vallejo		3 40	12 [illegible]	
Northern California, Oregon and Washington Territory	6 30			9 00
Oakland	6 30	[illegible]		1 00
Overland	6 30			[illegible]
Petaluma and Coast Points		3 15		12 50
Sacramento via Vallejo	[illegible]	[illegible]		6 40
San Rafael	9 1		9 [illegible]	
San Jose	7 15	3 15	[illegible]	6 00
Southern California and Arizona				6 00
Stockton via Western Pacific Railroad	8 30	[illegible]	[illegible]	3 00
Vallejo and Benicia	7 15	3 15	12 1	00
Visalia, Kern and Tulare county		[illegible]		3 10
Great Britain Monday and Thursday				

MAILS DESPATCHED by sea-going steamers will be closed one hour before the advertised time of sailing of steamers.

GENERAL DELIVERY open daily from 8 a.m. till 7:30 p.m. On Sundays the office is open from ... Postal Money Order Office open from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. daily, except Sundays.
S. B. STONE, P. M.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, Threadneedle street, London; Alexander, Jr., Union Bank of London, National Provincial Bank of England, Whatley & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn, Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street, Branch of London and County Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street, Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within), Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co., Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street, Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within), Union Bank of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings, Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane, Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st., Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers, Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers, Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers, The City Bank, Finch lane, The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane, Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st., E. C., Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C., London and River Plate Bank, 13 Moorgate, East Cheapside, Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 362 Fulham road, Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill, Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris, 11 Leadenhall street, East Indian ..., Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C., The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill, Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue, London & Venezuela Bank, 3 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, Southampton Bldgs, W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C., London Bridge Hotel London Bridge, S., Sam's Coffee House, Lord ..., Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W., George Smith, 7 Catherine street, Hexton, N., Thos. Miles, 21 Goswell Road, E. C., Smith, Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm. Marriott, Crown Office Row, Jno. Marriott, 11 Glosteral, E. C., Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gold, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM BURLING, . . . President
G. W SMILEY, Vice-President
B. H. OCIT, ... Chairman
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Budd, W. C. 440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 321 California st.
Higgins, W. L. .. 411 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. .. 509 California st.
Keene, J. R. ....435 California st.
Marina, E J DeS, with ...
... & Co ......426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. .435 California st.
Peckham, E. P. .. 411 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. . 401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W. .. 441 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals of this State every day, at office corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6.

GEO W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

BANQUET OF THE ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

The St. Andrews Society celebrated its eleventh anniversary by a grand banquet at the Lick House, on Monday evening. After a few introductory remarks by Thomas Anderson, President of the Society, the annexed programme was carried out with the usual enthusiasm of Auld Scotia: "The day and a' wha honor it," responded to by J. W. Stow. "The Queen," drank in silence. "The President of the United States," responded to by Senator Stewart. "The land o' Cakes," Rev. Mr. Halliday. "The land we live in," R. S. Clyde. "Scottish literature," Rev. M. M. Gibson. "Our sister benevolent societies," J. W. Stow. "The civic authorities of San Francisco," Stewart Menzies. "The Press," W. G. Hudson. "The lasses," W. D. Walker. The reunion was one of the pleasantest in the history of this worthy association.

The speeches made by the several gentlemen above named were characterized by good sense and were eloquently delivered. J. W. Stow, Esq., who responded to "The day and a' wha honor it," said that, though not exactly a Scot, he loved the country, and had some Scottish blood in his veins, fearfully intermixed, by-the-bye, with English, German and a drop or so of the snapping-turtle Yankee blood. Still he could "The day and a' wha honored it."

Senator Stewart was very happy in his remarks in response to "the President of the United States," who, said Mr. Stewart, though a tanner and the grandson of a Scotchman, had risen to be the President of the United States, and had wielded his power with greater justice and equity than ever did the border thieves of Scotland.

"The Land o' Cakes" was responded to by Rev. Mr. Halliday, in a style that did honor to his knowledge of Scottish literature and his love of country.

Our friend, R. S. Clyde, in responding to "The land we live in," soared upon the spread eagle's wings as none but a true-born Scot can do, and eloquently set forth the advantages of America in all its points of political and civil equality, and as a vast field for enterprise opened to his countrymen.

"Scottish literature" was ably responded to by Rev. M. M. Gibson, who ran through the productions of the names known to fame in Scottish literature. After the regular toasts of the evening, Mr. Anderson, President elect, proposed the health of David Porter, Esq., the President, and the retiring officers, in which he eulogized the conduct of the late President during four years of office, in which he had advanced the interests of the Society and retired leaving it in the most flourishing condition in which it had ever been.

The health of David Porter having been drunk with Highland honors, (cap in hand, one foot on chair, 'tother on table,) his friends—amongst whom were many that had strenuously worked against his re-election—gathered around him, and, bearing him shoulder high, conveyed him from the banquet hall to the sidewalk. Now, as Mr. Porter weighs 230 pounds, our readers will please remember, that it was not *necessary* to *carry* Mr. Porter, as he proved by *walking* home when released.

Here numerous voluntary toasts followed, among which were "The health of Joseph Moore, of the Risdon Foundry," and "Prosperity to the foundries and mechanical industries of California," and the health and prosperity of all the officers of the Society.

At the end of each toast the band discoursed sweet and appropriate music, and the wee sma' hours were filled up with recitations and songs of Auld Scotia, sweet to all, but much more so to her native sons in a foreign clime.

FERVENT IN BUSINESS.

We have before us a small folio sheet, entitled "*The Daily Messenger*, published in the interest of the Bazaar and Promenade Concert of the First Congregational Church." The "First Congregational Church" is the Rev. Dr. Stone's Church. The *Messenger* has four pages of advertisements, we presume paid for. On the third page it is announced that the Bazaar and Concert are "in aid of the church," and, that the prominent features of the affair will be a number of stands or shops "at which articles will be sold as low as can be bought in the city," and that "a fine and carefully selected stock of goods will be offered for sale." Among the articles so offered are jewelry, silverware, perfumery, soaps, fancy groceries, candy and toys. Here we find the Church starting into quite a variety of branches of business in opposition to those legitimately employed in it. As the Church probably *buys* its stock in trade, it can of course undersell the regular trader, and take the bread out of the mouths of the poor devils who have laid in a stock of holiday goods which, if not disposed of this season, will prove nearly a dead loss. But it seems the Church can't be sustained by legitimate means. The pious won't put their hands into their pockets for contribution or pay high enough figures for pews and pay rents to make up the pastor's salary and other expenses, wherefore the public must be fleeced. Because the salaries won't come down, the shops must be sold. To prevent outsiders from going into bankruptcy an appeal must be had to the world, the flesh, and the devil. If he who scourged the money changers out of the temple were to visit Platt's Hall during this "Bazaar and Promenade Concert," in the interest of the kingdom of Heaven, as is in full blast, we suspect that the Rev. Doctor also ... would be unable to start. We omitted to mention that "another stand" is announced among the pleasant features of the Fair. With the addition of a bar, everything would be complete.

STATE CONTROLLER'S REPORT FOR 1873

We are under obligations to the State Controller, James J. Green, Esq., for his report of October 10, 1873. It is a document of 125 pages, including the appendix, and is well worth the examination of every taxpayer. We are much pleased with the "ring" of the document, and its healthy recommendations towards the reduction of expenses. It speaks out boldly and fearlessly towards reform in all the departments of the Government. It says:

"After a becoming familiarity with the financial transactions of the State, through the office I have the honor to hold, I am more deeply impressed than ever with the great necessity of retrenchment in the public expenditures. A comparison of the expenses of State and county and municipal government in California with that of the other States composing the Federal Union, convinces me that in proportion to wealth and population, California is laboring under heavier burdens of taxation than any other State in the Union, without exception. The aggregate on the assessment roll of 1872 reached the enormous sum of $9,480,399, of which $3,183,805 was for State purposes." We hope the members of the Legislature will have time to read it. We shall refer to this report again.

A Prosperous Undertaking.—It will possibly surprise many of our readers to learn that stair-building is made almost a specialty by some carpentering firms of this city. Messrs. Sanborn & Byrnes have a factory used almost for this sole purpose, a factory which, if not yet gigantic, bids fair to become one of the most flourishing of its kind in the city. Entering the building, which is situated on Mission street, between First and Fremont, one is struck with the evidences of busy industry displayed. Lathes in motion, saws buzzing, everything running at a furious rate. Mr. Sanborn informed us that the work they have on hand is to such an extent that the firm are quite pushed to get the orders out in time. This is something like business, and the success is deserved, for all the work turned out by Messrs. Sanborn & Byrnes, plain and fancy turning, circular, band and scroll sawing, is, without exception, *first rate*.

"Military Honors" mean just as much here as does the title of Professor, *i. e.*, nothing at all. We except the ludicrous part of this exceedingly stupid style of phraseology, of which the *Call's* report of Major Morrow's funeral is a pertinent example. It took place on Thursday, when, after the body had been "lying in state" at the military headquarters on Stockton street, "the cortege was escorted with military honors" to the Oakland boat, "followed by a detachment of artillery." Now, we can stand the "cortege" and the "lying in state," but that "detachment of artillery" is too much. The real fact of the matter is—for we saw the whole affair—that some eight or nine very badly dressed recruits, waddled and splashed by the hearse, looking as much like soldiers marching as they looked like a detachment. And it is this foolish, miserable style of doing *pit-pat* and saying ... *tumble-thundering-blowhard* that keeps up the American reputation for bombast and bunkum!

Died.—In this city, December 5th, Wm. Andrew Spence, aged 5 years.

—

The treasurers of the theaters have worn blank faces during the past week, for the "beggarly array of empty benches" has been too much for their peace of mind. Ever since Monday last this bad state of affairs has been noticeable, and the Clerk of the Weather has had the blame laid at his door. He has been unjustly accused, however, for the real reason of the desertion of the places of amusement is, that on Monday Messrs. D. Lawton & Co. opened their holiday show, and everybody in the city has rushed to their store to see the finest stock of new clocks in the city. Bronzes and vases of all beautiful sizes and shapes, Parisian figures and Parisian ware, make their store a feast for the eyes, and a treat to all people of taste, new clocks of every imaginable design and beauty certainly forming the chief and most attractive feature. Their store is, as of course you know, on Market street, under the Grand Hotel.

Every week we find in the English papers advertisement after advertisement copied from the *News Letter*, and headed "A Model Puff," "The Right Way to Advertise," or something to that effect. So that when a thing is said to be good in these columns, the statement is repeated by nearly the whole world. So to the whole world we say again that the Weber Pianos are far superior to any other manufactured for beauty of tone, ease of touch, unlimited expression and beauty of finish. Messrs. Sherman & Hyde are agents in San Francisco.

Kearny street presents a lively appearance; the windows are very attractive, and useful presents are in demand. M. Price, the Premium Cutler, 415 Kearny street, has the finest and best stock of razors, knives, shears, etc. The carvers and sets of his own manufacture are the best and handsomest ever turned out in this or any other city. As a holiday present, nothing can supersede them.

Talk about a suit of armor, what breast-plate in the world is equal to the immaculate and snowy white shirt bosom that you may always have if you patronize Messrs. Godge & Thayer, shirt manufacturers and furnishers of men's goods, 323 Montgomery—and pay your laundry bills.

These rainy days are trying to the sole; yes, and upper leather, too. The only boots in the city that stand the test of our slippery streets, keep the feet warm and dry, and retain their shape, are those of P. Kelly, on Bush street, below Kearny.

Van Schaack's is the place to buy furnishing goods! You're shouting! He walks away with the rest of the dealers. "The bearings of these observations lies in the application on them."

Mr. Charles Barrett, late of New York, now in the employ of Purdy & Liebold, is a first-class artist as a cutter, and we are pleased to note that the public are finding it out, and govern themselves accordingly.

The Colusa Independent has been disposed of to the old established paper of that town, and the leading editor, S. P. Davis, has returned to Marysville.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Dec. 1—GREAT REPUBLIC . . . . . . Capt. Howard.
Dec. 16—ALASKA . . . . . . Capt. Morse.

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon every seventeenth day for Panama, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Dec. 3—MONTANA . . . . . . Capt. Connolly.
Dec. 20—ARIZONA . . . . . . Capt. Cavarly.
Jan. . . . . . . Capt. ——
Jan. . . . . . . Capt. ——
Feb. 10— . . . . . . Capt. ——
Feb. — . . . . . . Capt. ——

All steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all except the ... will call at SAN DIEGO.

Steamers of Jan. ... and Feb. 10 will call at CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS, both ways, and during the coffee season, the first steamer leaving each month will call at these ports both ways.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M. as follows:
MOHONGO, Capt. Douglass, Monday, Dec. 1, Friday, Dec. 12, Wednesday, Dec. 24.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Tuesday, Nov. 25, Saturday, Dec. 6, Thursday, Dec. 18, Tuesday, Dec. 30.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT
SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,
But takes no freight for San Simeon.

SENATOR, Capt. Bogert, carrying Freight only, including acids, oils and combustibles, for SAN DIEGO and way ports, Saturday, Nov. 29, at 3 P. M.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, carrying Freight only, including acids, oils and combustibles, for San Luis Obispo and way ports, Monday, Dec. 15, at 3 P. M. For San Diego and way ports, Tuesday, Dec. 3, at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. Dec. 6.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

Bullock & Jones offer many Novelties in their line, which are well worthy of inspection. No. 121 Montgomery street. Dec. 6.

LOUPE & HAAS,

Importers and Wholesale Grocers, have removed to corner of California and Davis streets, one block below their former location. Dec. 6.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Company's Steamship Oriflamme, will leave Folsom-street wharf, for the above port, on TUESDAY, Dec. 9, at 10 o'clock A. M. [Dec. 6.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

FOR EUREKA, HUMBOLDT BAY.

The Steamship Pelican, J. D. Howell, Commander, will leave for the above port on TUESDAY, Dec. 9, at 9 o'clock A. M. Dec. 6. BEN. HOLLADAY, Jr., Agent, 413 Sansome street.

SULLIVAN, KELLY & CO.,

Importers and dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass, Etc., 101, 103 and 105 Front street, corner Pine, San Francisco. Sole Agents for Chanels, 21 and 23 Crystal street. Nov. 29.

J. H. COLEMAN & CO.,

Late of the Alta, General Collector.—Room 6, No. 420 Montgomery street. Refers to—Messrs. F. MacCrellish & Co., Richards & Harrison, Cutting & Co.; Geo. C. Shreve & Co. Oct. 11.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2.

THE WELCOME REST.

The following lines were suggested by the finding beside a dry creek of a rude mound roughly fenced in to keep the body from desecration by the wild animals around. On inquiring who was buried there, the writer was told that it was an old man, found dead on the plains, of whom nothing was known, not even his name.

THE WELCOME REST.

Storm tossed upon the rough, rough sea of life,
Having no home, no children, and no wife;
Without a dollar for his daily bread,
His only roof, the hat upon his head;
Too weak to work, too proud to beg his way,
On the roadside an old man dying lay.

The night birds screeched, the pale moon dimly shone;
Thick grew his breath; his pulse was nearly gone;
But as he felt Death's clammy hand's chill touch,
He hailed a friend, and welcomed him as such.
Before his eyes dim with Death's filmy gaze
Flitted the phantoms of his childhood's days.

He saw his mother in her highbacked chair
Waiting to hear his lisped out evening prayer;
He saw his father's stern yet kindly face,
His sister's form, full of sweet easy grace,
He saw the school, his schoolboy friends as well,
And heard the tolling of the old church bell.

Then the scene changed. Beside an open grave,
He, weeping, stood, as only weep the brave;
He saw the sexton gently strew the earth
That hid forever, her who gave him birth;
Then hot tears trickled from his sunken eyes,
And his last breath escaped in broken sighs.

Next morn with wonted splendor rose the sun,
But cheered him not; *his* race on earth was run.
A shepherd found him lying stiffened there,
The dew-drops shining 'mid his long, white hair
Like fairy tears for erring mortals shed;
A pitying tribute to the unmourned dead.

A rough pine coffin three feet under ground,
An unpretentious little weed grown mound,
And a rail fence put up with care as haste,
As if such use of timber were a waste,
Now mark the spot where, friendless and unblest,
The tired stranger takes his Welcome Rest.

—*W. L. F., Plainsburgh.*

"THE BLACK INTERNATIONALS."

[FROM OUR PIOUS LONDON CORRESPONDENT.]

"The 'Ultramontane' and Superior Clergy" of the Church of Rome seem to forget that this is the nineteenth century, and to be forcibly shutting their eyes to the logic of facts. It is all very well to denounce "heretics" and call "atheist" and "infidel," but of a truth heretics have had *very little* to do with the present state of affairs in Europe. They were Catholics who opened the game in France. They are Catholics now who have been compelled to emancipate themselves from priestly rule in Catholic Italy, Catholic Spain, Catholic Austria, etc., etc. It ought never to be forgotten that the first Protestant had been a Catholic, and was driven to change his faith by the selfish corruption and rascality of the degraded higher clergy of his church. Depend on it, the opposition to the Church of Rome is not the result of a dislike to the religion, but to its ambitious scheming priesthood; not to the "inferior clergy," but to the benighted clerical fossils at the headquarters of all tyranny—Rome. All priests have a like tendency, and as they have not been sufficiently exposed and play more of the sneak game, we feel much more inimical to the *Protestant* than the Catholic priests. God save us from all priests; they have ever been an unmitigated curse to the human family. At the present moment his Holiness the Pope, and his merry men, the Jesuits—"the Black Internationals"—are trying to galvanize obsolete and dead ideas into life. As a rule, people believe what they are taught to believe and never ask a question. This state may have had its advantages, but if it is on its last legs, "the Church" is alone to blame in the education matter, and highly likely to prevent or delay the Home Government movement—the greatest want the country has. Had Ireland her own native government, the scheming "superior clergy" of that country would have been handed, long since, over to the tender mercies of the Catholic laity, whose duty it is to keep these gentry in their proper place. Instead of doing this, the incompetent English Government—having their own little motive in view—have been playing false with the Black Internationals—all promises and no performances—who now have declared against the Government, and for home rule! There is no love for or belief in home rule amongst these dodgers. The *poor* Catholic priests and curates of Ireland, uncorrupted by ambition, power or wealth, are honest as the sun, and in every respect sincere, so are doubtless a very few of the first class. The difficulty of the question has been enhanced, and the Protestant and Catholic utensils will be set to throwing dirt—calling "idolater" and "heretic!" Heaven help the people who inherit the incubus of an established religion and a wealthy priesthood. I shudder when I reflect what Europe would be to-day, had the laity never wrested any concessions from the priesthood. The priest and the tyrant are as substance and shadow. We have always urged the necessity of a Protestant reformation, and we feel sure that that will come yet, but through the Catholics, the majority, and not through the Protestants, the minority, or from within. The people are compelled to *protest* against "hypocrisy, equivocation and unreasoning dogmatism." In fact the people are compelled to become Protestants, and all that are honest in the Catholic priesthood are disposed to follow them. What else can they do? Almighty God has planted in the breast of most men a respect for truth and a reverence for all things truly sacred. At the present moment "the Black Internationals" are at work, "hammer and tongs" to destroy all that is dear to the men of this age. In Spain they are striving to upset the Republic; in France to do the same, and introduce as king a utensil of their own; in Italy to break it up for other utensils of the Bombo stripe; in Germany and Austria the same game is being played, and in Ireland, firebrand Cullen, solely for the interests of "Mother Church," has taken a start in the same direction.

NOTES FROM HONOLULU.

HAWAIIAN HOTEL, Oct. 25, 1873.

Dear Old News Letter:—We find ourselves in the beautiful little city of Honolulu, not quite ten thousand miles from your immaculate sanctum, but far enough to feel that we shall never see each other again until we reach the happy shore where missionaries, lawyers and virgins never enter. *Aloha* that these three great afflictions of mankind shall not follow us to Heaven. So much for an introduction. Well, what a change from the cool, bracing air, the vigorous winds and the thick fogs of San Francisco, to the dreamy atmosphere of this metropolis. For the first few days after arrival, we found the change affected us, having just reached here when the winds were from the South, and the thermometer coquetting at 90. With southerly winds, people complain of headaches, but they are of short duration. The regular trade winds have set in, and the change in the temperature is very marked. These trades act like a great fanning machine, and coming, as they do, after a hot spell, we feel their beneficial influence. I will not on this occasion attempt to say much about the place, people or government. I know nothing about them yet except from books, and it would be unjust to write them up after a few day's observation. Since my arrival I have had the pleasure of making many friends. To the members of the Press I am specially indebted for many courtesies. Business is very dull. No sugar will be shipped by the *Murray* to San Francisco. The health of the King is rapidly improving. We have taken quarters at the Hawaiian Hotel, one of the finest houses we have ever seen, and from thence shall drop you notes as occasion offers. In haste. S. A.

Placard Exchange

AND

BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Managing Committee of the above institution have the pleasure of giving notice, that after some necessary delay, the Directors are now fully prepared to receive orders for the purchase and sale of lands of the State or elsewhere, such as ranches, private land claims, or public lands of the United States—they having secured the services of **Col. Leander Ransom**, the well-known Land Agent, who for *ten years was the State Agent for the disposition of the School Lands.* The department is now fully supplied with maps and charts, and every necessary means of information relating to operations in land. Owners of ranches and real estate properties generally, desirous of disposing of the same, will find the Placard Exchange, with its facilities, an excellent medium for bringing their estates under the notice and attention of capitalists. Those, also, who desire to make purchases, **of any of the Public Domain in the State of California,** either in large or small tracts, will be sure to be accommodated. Maps and charts furnished, and all needful information imparted when required. Large landholders desiring to sell, can have their tracts subdivided into farms, or smaller subdivisions, with maps and accurately calculated quantities of each. Also, all kinds of printing executed with punctuality and dispatch. *Charges moderate.*

Offices open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

THE AGRICULTURAL BUREAU OF THE PLACARD EXCHANGE.

No. 613 MERCHANT STREET.

Have for Sale the Following Tracts or Parcels of Land, to wit:

40 Acres near Oak Grove, 1¼ miles from the Railroad, between Mayfield and Mountain View.

100 Acres ½ mile south of Mayfield, lying on both sides of the San Jose Railroad. Very desirable for country residence. To be sold in tracts to suit. Contains Live Oak Trees.

320 Acres on the road from Saratoga to Pescadero, four miles from the former place.

500 Acres, three miles from the City of San Bernardino. A living stream of water passes across it.

600 Acres near the line of the proposed Railroad from Los Angeles to San Bernardino—about midway.

8,000 Acres near Anaheim, Los Angeles County, in tracts to suit purchasers. Several living Springs on it.

Also, Tracts from 80, 160, 320 and 640 acres, to suit purchasers, lying in Los Angeles, San Bernardino and San Diego Counties, on which are Springs of good water.

NOTE.—Sellers as well as purchasers can be accommodated at the "Bureau," where maps, and descriptions of lands for sale, can at all times be seen. Nov 1.

A RARE CHANCE FOR CAPITALISTS.

A man with $30,000 can hear of a chance to double his money in eighteen months, in a land operation on the line of the [illegible] Railroad, by calling at the "Agricultural Bureau" of the Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant street. Delays are dangerous. Nov 8.

A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

Have removed to the Southeast corner of California and Battery streets, where they invite the attention of their customers and others to their large assortment of the Best and Finest Brands of CHEWING and SMOKING TOBACCO, HAVANA CIGARS and CIGARITOS. Consignments of Choicest Brands of Cigars received by every Steamer. [Oct. 15.] A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers, Corner Sacramento and [illegible] streets, San Francisco. Pacific Coast Agency Depot, FAIRCHILD's GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 12.]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 21.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 536 Montgomery street.

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE COMPANY.

Manufacturing Co.'s Offices—405 and 407 Sansome st., San Francisco. Oct. 11.

RICHARD PATRICK & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, No. 122 Battery street, San Francisco. Nov. 1.

COKE—CHEAPEST FUEL.

Sixty Cents per Barrel; Nine Dollars per Ton. At Gas Works, cor. Howard and Fremont, Corner Second and King, Potrero. Nov 1.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

C. L. CRACKBOS.] **C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,** [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 3.

SITUATION WANTED

A young man, who speaks fluently the English, French and German languages, and has finished his classical education in a German university, is desirous of [illegible] a Private tutor in a family. [illegible] Address "W." News Letter office, or, California Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct. 25.

R. S. CLYDE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.—Entrance to Office, 622 Clay st., and 613 Merchant street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco. [Oct 4.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W. I.—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
BADEN-BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande.
WEISBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel do Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Danieli's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURG.—Hotel Demuth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel. London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST.-LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel. (Tintern Abbey, 5 miles.)
DUBLIN.—The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel.
EDINBURGH.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel.
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager.
OTTAWA.—Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, E. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC.—Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House. Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa do Diligencias.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Filiberto.
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle do Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Banos de Colina, Hotel Santiago.
RIO DE JAN.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—Albion Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phœnix Hotel.
TAHITI.—Pan. Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

An Irish laborer, in the employment of an English gentleman residing in Ireland, was on one occasion about going to a fair, at a village, when his master endeavored to dissuade him. "You always," said he, "came back with a broken head; now stay at home to-day, Phelim, and I'll give you five shillings." "I'm forever obliged to your honor," replied Phelim, "but does it stand to reason," added he, flourishing his shillelagh over his head—"that I'd take five shillings for the grate batin' I'm to get to-day?"

The cholera has proved a scourge indeed to Prussia during the past six months. An official return of the eight eastern provinces, up to the 7th of October, shows the cases to have numbered 38,024, of which 19,656 proved fatal. We firmly believe that had the Prussians adopted one simple remedy, this decimation would not have occurred. We are sure that if the Government had ordered out an unlimited quantity of Cutter's Whisky, and given a drink to each patient directly he was stricken, the plague would have been stayed. Every one drinks it here, and finds every glass a draught from the fountain of health.

A very prudent man in Danbury provides himself with an extra hat for November. He carries it in his coat-tail pocket, and when the wind lifts the one from his head, he straightway jams on the other, and then puts after the first, and thus not only saves much chaffing from the unregenerate, but actually gets credit as a philanthropist—the general impression being that he is in pursuit of somebody else's hat.

The losses sustained by the musicians of the recently destroyed old Opera House of Paris are something very, very serious. One of the orchestra lost a Stradivarius (violin) worth $1,400. The harps alone were worth $4,000. But what the lessee grieved for more than all else put together, was a cask of Gerke Wine that had been sent him a present from John McCullough. Frenchman as he is, and accustomed to good wines as he is, the French lessee has declared over and over again, that the Gerke Wine, for fine dry qualities, surpassed all light wines he had ever tasted.

"I was going," said an Irishman, "over Westminster bridge the other day and I met Pat Hewins. Hewins, says I, how are you." "Pretty well," says he, "thank you, Donnelly." "Donnelly! says I; that is not my name." "Faith, no more is mine Hewins," says he. "So we looked at each other again, and sure it turned out to be neither of us—and where's the bull of *that* now?"

An organ grinder of noble name is making the tour of Ireland, under a heavy wager to visit all the principal towns in that country and support himself in the chief hotels, solely by voluntary contributions he receives for playing. Of course, this is a foolish freak; but if he had chosen the idea of giving pianoforte recitals on a piano of Hallett, Davis & Co. we should immediately have put him down as a man of discernment and musical taste, for these pianos are unequalled in tone and expression. W. G. Badger is the Agent here.

It has been very truthfully and indignantly asserted that no woman, however nervous she may be, has a right to wake her husband from a sound sleep only to tell him on his inquiring what is the matter, "Nothing, only I wanted to know if you were awake."

Of all queer dodges, we think this to be the queerest. It is said that in Paris the old sardine boxes are gathered up by rag-pickers, and sold to builders, who fill them with mortar and use them as bricks in the construction of cheap houses. Let the houses be made of whatever material builders like, as long as the interior is comfortable and warm and we shall not complain. And let the furniture come from N. P. Cole, and nothing will be needed to make every room perfect, from carpet to curtains and from sofa to settee.

A new version of "Old Uncle Ned" has become popular in the Boston suburbs. It runs something as follows:—"Then pull up the wicket and the stake, And put by the mallet and ball; For no more croquet 'll be played this year—It's getting to late in the Fall."

Dear, dear, what a terrible burden married life seems to be to the good people of Illinois! The courts of that State are reported to have over eight thousand divorce cases on their dockets, and new applications are coming in in shoals! Now, all this marital quarreling and squabbling could be obviated, if in the State of Illinois there were such an institution as the Saddle Rock Oyster Saloon (Pine street); kept by Emerson Corville. A dish of his oysters, whether raw, stewed, or fried, would heal any little difference quicker'n nothing.

A lady of the shoddy aristocracy found, on returning from a walk, some visiting-cards on her table. She called a servant, in great haste, saying, "John, John, take these and run quick! Them ladies is forgot their tickets."

One of the most sadly beautiful things in the Vienna Exhibition was a case of artificial flowers in the center of the Brazil department. Alas, each flower was made from the bright feathers of ten or twelve tiny humming-birds. But one of the most beautiful things this side the Atlantic, without any sadness in it, is a photograph taken by Bradley & Rulofson, at their Elite studio, which is the only studio in the world reached by an elevator. No bother of mounting over so many pairs of steps there.

The near-sighted hen that ate saw-dust supposing it to be cornmeal, then went and laid a nest full of bureau knobs, sat on them three weeks, and hatched out a complete set of parlor furniture, was a pretty fair hen.

We shall soon find a use for everything under the sun, even hoodlums. In Canada they use leather made of the skin of the white whale as a regular article of manufacture. Shoe-strings made of it never break. The best leather we have ever seen, durable as the hide of the crocodile and pliable as that of the chamois, is that used by Messrs. Main & Winchester, saddlers and harness manufacturers. Their store and warehouse is on Sansome street, and the orders they receive from all over the world show how their splendid work is appreciated.

A young lady in conversing with a gentleman, spoke of having resided in St. Louis. "Was St. Louis your native place?" asked the gentleman. "Well, yes—part of the time," responded the lady.

Early next year the world will be astonished by the manufacture of grape sugar directly from rice, which contains over 70 per cent. of starch, the constituent chiefly necessary to the formation of grape sugar. Already the world has been astonished by California's production, and above all by her Native Wines and Champagnes. Those of Messrs. Eberhart & Lachman are the best. Their fame has reached from pole to pole, and from shore to shore.

There is a woman down East so large round the waist that her husband cannot hug her all at once; but when he takes one hug, he makes a chalk mark so as to know where to commence the next time going round.

Sixty-five millions of postal cards already used in the United States sounds outrageous, doesn't it? And yet that immense number has been issued. Congress expects that one hundred millions will be used in the first year. Nearly half that number has been received by Houseworth, the artist of the Photographic Parlors, bearing orders from all parts of the States for new dozens of photographs from those who had the great good fortune to be taken while here.

An old sea captain used to say that he didn't care how he dressed when abroad, "because nobody knew him; and he didn't care how he dressed when at home, "because everybody knew him." This same extremely sensible old gentleman never comes to San Francisco without getting a gross of bottles of Napa soda, "the healthiest drink in all creation," he says. Depot, 18½ Geary street, but sold everywhere.

"Jacob kissed Rachel and lifted up his voice and wept," says the Scripture. Now, if Rachel was a pretty girl, and kept her face clean, we can't see that Jacob had much to cry about.

Fancy the Chinese turning their junks into steamboats! And yet it is so, for we read that a successful trial trip has been made with one fitted with steam power. And fancy any other firm than that of Gilbert & Moore getting the contract for the school furniture. Rule of thumb and not of merit there. Every desk and form is made by our friends G. & M. with due regard to comfort, convenience and durability.

"Put that right back where you took it from," as the girl said when her lover snatched a kiss.

Ladies are patronizing the fur of the young bear. Couldn't there a joke be made about fur-bear, or something after that fashion? However, we'll let the joke slide, and confine our statements *apropos* of patronizing to this: that everybody who has any appreciation of fare and pleasant hospitality, inevitably call on the Mangenbergs' Villa when visiting the Golden Gate Park.

Dr. Franklin used to say that rich widows were the only piece of second-hand goods that sold at prime cost.

We often see the advertisement "hats that are hats," at such and such a place, but the only place to get a really good hat that we know of in the city, is at Messrs. Nickerson & Son, 35 Kearny street. Their new gray (pepper and salt) hats, are the prettiest and neatest things out.

In the fire which destroyed the Grand Opera House in Paris recently, the scores of the musical library dating from the days of Lulli and Rameau were burnt.

We have a friend who was almost blind through extremely weak and defective eyes. He, at our urging, bought a pair of Muller's Pebble spectacles, and now can see a fly on a church tower sixteen blocks off.

Mr. Stephen Lock was recently married to Miss Lucy Check. This was a decided case of *lock-jaw.*

Harry Blanken is one of the best and whole-hearted hosts in America. His place is at the Six-Mile House on the San Bruno Road. Give him a call.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, until WEDNESDAY, May [illegible] 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works [illegible] an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April [illegible] 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 187[illegible], and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of [illegible] Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act [illegible] The damages to be paid for the opening of the Avenue amount to the sum of $1,[illegible],757 46, as ascertained and settled by decree [illegible] day of November 1872.

The property [illegible] under said Act and Decree for the payment of the Bonds, principal and interest, is assessed for purposes of general taxation for the present fiscal year at sixty-five millions of dollars ($65,000,000), and said property stands pledged for the redemption of these Bonds.

A portion of said Bonds have already been accepted at par by parties damaged, and a portion [illegible] Parties damaged have a preference over other bidders [illegible] at the same rate, to the extent of their assessed damages.

Bidders will state the rate per cent. at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditioned that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds." The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April [illegible]
WM. ALVORD, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

The above advertisement will be continued from day to day for bids, which bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer.
May 30. WM. ALVORD, Mayor. MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor. JOHN A. BAUER, Treasurer.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec 21.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States. Comprising, Routes and Maps of Travel, Distances, Fares, Con[illegible] descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other [illegible] Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, [illegible] Ocean Routes via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and to [illegible] the Coast, etc. (Published monthly.)
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[illegible]

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 100 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been refitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Children's and Misses' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. For Men's Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of kid gloves.
March [illegible] MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

COURT CHAT.

The Duke of Edinburgh and the Princess Mary will be married according to the ceremony of the Anglican Church, but prior to that will be married according to the ceremony of the Greek Church. It may be interesting to know the forms thereof. The ceremony, which is accompanied with rites of a very imposing and elaborate character, is introduced by a selection of appropriate prayers after which the rings are blessed by the archimandrite. To this succeeds the ceremony of crowning, two crowns which have been previously blessed, one being placed on the head of the bridegroom and the other appropriately in a similar manner to the bride. Each then takes in hand a glass of common wine, during which certain prayers are repeated, and a sponsor or witness to the union then comes forward. The rings and the crowns worn by the bride and bridegroom are then interchanged, after which hymns are sung by an officiating priest. Three circles are then made by the bride and bridegroom who carry lighted candles, the archimandrite bearing the censer. An the prayers then offered up, commending the parties to the Almighty, and imploring a blessing upon the union, signifying, in accordance with the rites of the Greek Church, the union of Christ with His Church, and after the archimandrites have conferred absolution the ceremony is brought to a conclusion.

The death of Sir Henry Holland leaves England with only one of the old worthies who rallied round [illegible] and exchanged wit with Sheridan. Earl Russell is the sole survivor of the brilliant gatherings of Holland House in its best days. If he has prepared an autobiography, or left material for one, it must be by far the most interesting book of the kind that has been published this century. Sir Henry Holland gave a book of "Recollections" to the world some time ago but being of an essentially scientific turn of mind, he scarcely touched the vast and interesting field of anecdote which we should have expected in a work of the kind.

A story is told of the Comte de Chambord in the late Lord Lytton's *Parisians*, which seems to us happily characteristic of the exiled and visionary Prince. When Louis Napoleon was President of the French Republic, and when many fears as to the future of the country were abroad, it was suggested to the Comte de Chambord that he should come forward and save his native land by offering himself as a candidate for the throne. "No," he is reported as replying, with a calm smile on his face, "the wrecks come to the shore, the shore does not go to the wrecks."

It has now been finally decided that the memorial by the corps of Royal Engineers to their late distinguished officer, the late Field-Marshal Sir John Burgoyne, shall take the form of a statue, which will be placed near Whitehall, London. Mr [illegible], the eminent sculptor, has been entrusted with the work. About £1,000 has been contributed towards the fund by the officers and men.

It is reported that Madame la Comtesse de Chambord has manifested [illegible] of the future, and, knowing her husband's character, fears the result of what he would do after [illegible] the throne [illegible] do [illegible] not to accept the throne if offered by a small parliamentary majority, and in this Madame shows both prudence and good sense.

The old time-honored festival of Hallowe'en was celebrated with the greatest [illegible] at Balmoral. At [illegible] the Queen and the Royal Family witnessed a torch-light procession of [illegible] a hundred torchbearers in honor of the occasion, and the influence of the august patronage was very manifest at Braemar, a larger number than usual having participated in the ceremony.

Sir Henry Holland was one day engaged in [illegible] with Baron Smith, an ex-Advocate-General, [illegible] the merits of their respective professions. "You will admit," said Holland, "that your profession does not make angels of men." "No," retorted Baron Smith, "there you have the best of it. Yours certainly gives them the best chance."

The Marquis and Marchioness of Bute, accompanied by the Very Rev. Monsignor Capel, have started for Rome. It is believed that Lord Bute's mission is connected with the projected establishment of the new Catholic University in England.

On dit, at the Vatican, that the Pope intends to present Henry V with a gold crucifix on the event of his [illegible] to the throne. It will be set in the middle of the finest water and bear the following inscription: *In hoc signo vinces.*

From private and [illegible] information we have received, another baby hippopotamus is expected in the Zoological Gardens, about next April, and Barnum is [illegible] to obtain it.

The Turkish Government has just borrowed £1,000,000 at 22 per cent. At this rate of interest, which would startle the old-fashioned world with its notions of usury, figures.

It is rumored that a well-known firm of English [illegible] to [illegible] the artistic collections of the late Sir Edwin Landseer's studio.

With a band of three hundred elephants, Jung Bahadoor, an Indian potentate, contemplates a Royal elephant hunt in the Doon this cold season.

Sir John Coleridge, the Solicitor General, has accepted a seat upon the English Bench, and it is said that his title is to be Baron Ottery.

An enthusiastic Paris patriot has [illegible] the [illegible] of [illegible] across which is written "[illegible]."

The rumor is repeated that the Duke of Argyll is about to resign the post of the India Office.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Wednesday, November 12, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (Or.), Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A.M. (daily) Cal P R R Steamer (from Broadway Wharf) connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento, making connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P.M. (daily), San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Last San Train (via Oakland) to Stockton, [illegible], connecting at Lathrop with Express Train for Merced, Visalia, Delano, and Los Angeles.

4.00 P.M. (Saturdays excepted) Cal P R R Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P.M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND AND ALAMEDA FERRY

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO OAKLAND—"Daily," 7.00, [illegible].

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO ALAMEDA—"Daily," 7.00, [illegible].

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO FRUIT VALE—Daily, except Sundays—[illegible].

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO BROOKLYN—"Daily," [illegible]. "Daily, except Sundays," [illegible]. "Sundays only"—[illegible].

FROM BROOKLYN TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily," [illegible]. "Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible]. "Sundays only"—[illegible].

FROM ALAMEDA TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily," [illegible]. "Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible] and 1:30 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:00, 11:30 A.M., 12:00 and 1:00 P.M.

FROM FRUIT VALE TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible] and 11:00 A.M., [illegible] P.M.

FROM OAKLAND TO SAN FRANCISCO—"Daily," [illegible]. "Daily, except Sundays"—[illegible]. "Sundays only"—[illegible].

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, Gen. Superintendent. [illegible]

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 30, 1873.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—				
San Francisco		8.30 a m	[illegible] p m	[illegible] p m
San Jose	Arrive	11.16 a m	5.40 p m	[illegible] p m
Gilroy	Arrive	[illegible]		
Pajaro	Arrive	[illegible]		
Castroville	Arrive	[illegible]		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible]		
Soledad	Arrive	[illegible]		
Hollister	Arrive	[illegible]		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	[illegible]		

Trains North		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—				
Tres Pinos		....	....	10.45 a m
Hollister		....	....	11.20 a m
Soledad				[illegible]
Salinas				[illegible]
Castroville				[illegible]
Pajaro				[illegible]
Gilroy				[illegible]
San Jose		[illegible]	7.00 a m	[illegible]
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible]	[illegible]	5.10 p m

*SATURDAYS [illegible] excepted.

An Extra Train will leave San Francisco [illegible] Sundays at [illegible] [illegible] San Jose at [illegible] p m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Through Trains leave San Francisco at [illegible] a m; arrive at San Francisco at [illegible].

Trains for San Jose and Way Stations leave San Francisco [illegible], arrive at San Francisco at [illegible] a m.

A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent.
T. H. GOODMAN, [illegible] Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April [illegible], the Steamer [illegible] will leave San Francisco, Meiggs' Wharf [illegible]. SUNDAY TIME—Leave San Francisco [illegible] and [illegible], 2 and 4 P.M. Leave Saucelito, [illegible].

H. A. COBB, President.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, [illegible] Front street.

March 15.]

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and transferred to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Carriages, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End-side or Wood Spring Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Harness, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to their celebrated [illegible] Springs, which carryalls, and buckboards, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned coaches and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods and free with all the usual creaking and chatter of ironed and steel built buggies. The care with which they carry is unsurpassed. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, head-d wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned materials on hand, we are prepared to fill orders at short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Particular attention of purchasers are invited to call and inspect stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov 29.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1873, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily, Sundays excepted [illegible]. Returning—Leave San Francisco at [illegible] P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Healdsburg. W. H. TAYLOR, President.
Aug 21. C. S. N. Co.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in effectually removing obstructions and relieving all other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s 9d, per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also, DR. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for freckles, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles, 1s 6 1/2d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 29. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills." Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in [illegible] labeled "JAMES EPPS & CO., Homeopathic Chemists, London."

DRUGS, ETC

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic [illegible] Patent Medicines, Druggists' Sundries, Surgical Instruments, [illegible], Perfumery, [illegible], Chemicals, Oilmen's Stores, Medicines, [illegible] Thirty Thousand Pieces of the above forwarded [illegible] monthly by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Muir & Son, Aberdeen. [illegible] the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce [illegible] table, [illegible] Prepared by John Muir & Son, Aberdeen; [illegible] by all respectable stores. Nov 23.

S MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding bottles, [illegible] and [illegible] Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E.C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on receipt of Business Card. Aug 13.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY

I. A. Amerman, President; H. W. Herbert, Secretary. Wm. Harris, Treasurer. Directors—I. A. Amerman, Wm Harris, H. W. [illegible], M. [illegible], [illegible], Aaron Meyer. HALEY & BROWN, Agents. Office—[illegible] Montgomery street. Mining [illegible] Block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 14.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, will [illegible] the [illegible] San Francisco [illegible]. W. H. TAYLOR, President.
Aug 1. C. C. S. N. Co.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Building.
JUSTICES—[illegible] Montgomery St.
COUNTY—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
THIRD DISTRICT—Mechanics Institute building.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—[illegible] Montgomery street.
NINETEENTH DISTRICT—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATT'Y—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—430 California street.
CITY PHYSICIAN—Co'nty Hospital.
CORONER—[illegible] Clay street.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—[illegible] Merchants' Exchange.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place.
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT PUB SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION II [illegible]—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 14, City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—[illegible] Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—City Hall.
HEALTH OFFICE—[illegible] Geary st.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall.
POUND KEEPER—[illegible] street, bet Pierce and Steiner.
QUARANTINE—[illegible] Jackson st.
HARBOR MASTER—Corner Pacific and East.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street; Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), [illegible] street; Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 3 Austinfriars; Hongkong and China Gas Company, [illegible] Jewry Chambers, J C Walden, Secretary; S[illegible]pore Gas Co., [illegible] Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary; Pacific Saw Mills, Hakodadi, Armistead & Co., agents, [illegible] Broad street; Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., [illegible] St Helen's Place; Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mill Co., [illegible] & Co., Agents, [illegible] St Swithin's Lane; Amoy Dock Co., John Pook, agent, [illegible] Kowloon Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co., agents, [illegible]; China Insurance Co., [illegible], J S Mackintosh, Secretary, Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co., agents, [illegible] Lombard street; Union Insurance Society of Canton, [illegible] & Co., agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street; Hongkong Insurance Co., [illegible] & Co., agents, [illegible] Austinfriars; China Traders' Insurance Co., Hongkong Fire and [illegible] & Co., agents, [illegible] St Helen's, China and Japan Marine Insurance, Robert B[illegible] & Co., agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate st.; Ceylon Co., [illegible] buildings, Old Broad st.; [illegible] Sec'y, [illegible] Mincing Lane; Wm Martin, Manager, Trading Sugar [illegible] Co. (Limited) of [illegible], Marlin[illegible] [illegible] & Co., agents, [illegible] Great St Helens. Banks—Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street; J. Thompson, Chairman. Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street; J. H. Gwyther, Manager; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, [illegible] Broad street; D. J. Robertson, General Manager. Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, [illegible] Leadenhall street; [illegible] Bank; [illegible], agent; National Provincial Bank of England, [illegible] street; [illegible] and [illegible] Bank of [illegible]; Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation; W. H. Vacher, Manager, [illegible] Lombard street; National Bank of India, [illegible] Bowers, Chief Manager; [illegible] King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, [illegible] Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending December 1, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, November 24th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
C P Gerichten to A Fenkhausen	E Fillmore, 90 s Waller, s 25x81 3—sub W A 291	$ 5
John Satterlee to Theo B Lyman	Sundry Lots W A	5
Theo B Lyman to Robert C Downs	Ne Clay and Gough, n 127:8 1/2x137:6	15,000
John Pforr to H S Hawxhurst	Se Jessie, 225 sw 4th, sw 25x70—sub 100 v 141, subject to mortgage for $2,500	4,500
William Howe to Mary Howe	Ne Bush and Mason, e 30x60	Gift
Geo Crook to John W Pearson	E 6th, 2-5 s Harrison, s 50x100, subj to mortgage for $4,000	30,000
John Parrott to Louise Hardie	S Brown, 137:6 w Folsom, w 137 6x275—subdivision M B 16	15,000
Noah W Barker to Jos M English	S cor Market and 10th, sw 272:6x195—subdivision M B 5	1
John W Shaw to Thomas Bell	W Howard, 250 s 17th, w 245x250	2,150
D Hollingsworth to W C Chapman	Lots 4, 5, and 6, Sec 36, Tp 2 S, R 6 W, containing 5[illegible] 7-100 acres	2,000
Jas Monson to Amos Mccartney	S Washn 46 w Dupont, w 11 3x15.6	2,800
Wm Thornauer to James C Weir	S Post, 137 6 w Polk, w 27 6x120—sub W A 59	1,500
Alex H Reid to George Babcock	N Sacto, 100 w Drumm, w 25x119 6	9,000

Tuesday, November 25th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
George Babcock to Henry Goold	Und 1/2, n Sacto, 100 w Drumm, w 25x 119 6	$4,500
Isaac N Thorne to Richard Tobin	Und 1/2 nw cor of land claimed by the late John Clyne	375
Annie V R Wells to Same	Same	750
Alexander Wells to Same	Same	1
R Wilson to John Hen[illegible]	Sundry Lots in W A	500
Jos W Winter to Hetty W Hall	Ne Stanley Pl, 100 nw Bryant, nw 150 x ne 112.6—sub 10 v 89	600
City & Co San Fco to F Bonnaffon	Portion O L blks 72, 73, 85, 89, 90	...
Water Front L Co to G Tommas[illegible]	Ne 6th Ave and J, n 25x100	750
Samuel Gilmore to Donald McNeil	Sw 24th Ave, 125 se K, se 25x100	360
Same to James Foley	Sw 24th Ave, 150 se K, se 25x100	390
J C Flood to James G Fair	Nw Montgomery and Pine, n 125x137 6 50 v 278	107750
Wm C Ralston to Richard Coller	S 6th Ave, 150 w C, w 25 x 100—sub blk 176, S S F Hd and R R Assn	600
Marie L Gant to Gustave Dussol	Und 1/2, se Hayes and Buchanan, s 50 varas x e 50 varas—sub W A 221	5,000
Samuel H Harmon to O G Palmer	Nw 1 100 v lot 66, 40 sw fr ne cor of said lot, thence se 137:6 x sw 42:6	5
Chas C Butler to Wm K Van Alen	S Clay, 225 11 e Central Ave, e 25x127 8 1/4—sub W A 621	500
Same to Charles H Crowell	S Clay, 250 11 e Central Ave, e 25x127 8 1/4—sub W A 621	625
Frank H Woods to Geo L Bradley	Se O Farrell and Scott, e 137 6 x 137:6—subdivision W A 130	6,000
Richard Tobin to John Tobin	Sundry Lots W A	Gift
Water Front L Co to John Kruse	S 5th Ave, 50 e J, e 25x100—sub blk, S S F Survey	750
A L Warner to Charles Holland	Lot 5, blk 235, S S F Hd and R R Assn	1,500

Wednesday, November 26th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
F H Canavan to L L Robinson	S Washn, 15 e 1st Ave, e 175, s 28, nw 130, to com	$ 250
Michael Donnelly to H J Moore	S Minna, 420 sw 3d, sw 20x70—sub 100 v 18	650
James L King to Same	Same	15
Henry J Moor to Terrence Clark	Same	2,600
Paul Tract Hd to H J Meyn	Lot 3, blk 25, Paul Tract Hd	500
J C Wein to Hong On Tong	Com ble fr m sw cor of Frick Building on e cor of Jackson and Washn Alley, thence e 3x[illegible]	1,000
Masonic Sav and L Bk to M Kelly	Nw [illegible], 1[illegible] sw 6th, sw 25x75	4,400
Mary J Oelbending to B Sheehan	W Bartlett, 255 s 23d, s 25x125	1,000
Geo H Behrens to Johns George	Se [illegible] 65d, [illegible] sw 62 6, [illegible] sub 100 v 215; also, [illegible] nota, Tuolumne Co	1
B Pfaff to Anna Pfaff	Sw Stockton and Card's Alley, s 31x65	Gift
V Guerrero to Sav and Loan Soc	E Dolores, 1[illegible] Center, [illegible] 10, n 14 [illegible] w 92, s 71 deg 45 m n, etc	2,000
A Guerrero to Same	Same	4,400
Charles Fitel to Same	Nw Heron, 125 ne 8th, ne 20x80—sub 100 v 276	1,400
Thos Douglass to E A Bancroft	N Harlan Pl, 206 3 w Dupont, w 22.11 x 61—sub 50 v 24	$1,800
John Wieland to William Campe	S Jackson, 30 e Dupont, e 40 x 48	15,300

Friday, November 28th

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
A D Spilvalo to Jane Glover	N Vallejo, 110 e Kearny, e 27 6x68 0—sub 50 v 18	$1,750
Wm Connors to Abraham Hughes	W Hampshire, 107 6 n Santa Clara, n 25x 100	250
Masonic Cem'y Asn to J McKenzie	Lot [illegible] and portion lot 60, Sec [illegible] Masonic Cemetery	108
Jas R Kelly to Zador Einstein	S Hayes 1[illegible]0 e Van Ness, e 1[illegible]x155—sub W A 69	20,750
Ca[illegible] B & L Soc'y to Same	Same	...
B J Shay to Same	Same	
Fred H Jones to Jas McHaffie	W Fair Oaks, 274 n 25th, n 31x117 6, subj to mortgage for $2,500	3,200
Mary Goodman to Fred'k Hall	Lot [illegible], blk 218, W A sw Haight and Buchanan, 137 6x1[illegible]	6,000
Wm de Wolf to Jas R Kelly	S Hayes 1[illegible]0 e Van Ness Ave, e 1[illegible]x155	22,000
Laurel Hill Cem'y Ass'n to A Grimm	Lot 2054 Laurel Hill Cemetery	1,310
P G Partridge to Peter Kelly	S Fell, 220 e Octavia, e 27:6x120—sub W A 147	3,050
Wm Hollis to John Paul Weber	S Grove, 160 e Webster, e 25x120—sub W A 25[illegible]	1,800
A Rosenfield to Benjamin Cortez	S Eddy, 125 e Van Ness Ave, e 68 9x100—subdivision W A 63	9,000
Milo B Tainter to A N Edwards	E Vicksburg, 90 s 23d, s 40x117 6, lot 21), blk 186, Central Park Hd	1,500
Chas Suckow to City and Co S F	S Jackson, 21 w Maiden Lane, w 21 6 1/2, [illegible] n 61 8—sub 50 v 58	6,380
Hermann Levy to Jas Dunn	W Powell, 37 6 n Eddy, n 27 6x60—sub 50 v 161	3,250
J M Shotwell to S and L Soc'y	W Capp, 160 s 23d, s 43x122 6	500
N S Arnold to J M Shotwell	Same	101

Saturday, November 29th

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
J H Applegate to J Satterlee	Sw Franklin and Vallejo, w 137 6x137 6—sub W A 119	$ 40
W C Talbot to A J Pope	Und 1-6, n Mission, 275 w 7th, w 100, n 165, e 95, etc	1
Martin Ryan to Mary McDevitt	Nw Clementina, 825 sw 5th, sw 25x75—100 v 255	2,125
W C Talbot to A J Pope	Und 1-6, n cor Mission and 7th, ne 275 x nw 275	1
Same to Same	Und 1-6, e Stewart, 91 9 n Howard, n 45 10x137 6	1
Same to Same	Und 1-6, ne Stewart, 229 2 nw Howard, nw 45:10x137 6	1
Same to Same	Und 1-6, sw 3d and King, se 275x137 6	1
Same to Same	Und 1-12, B and W lot 635	1
R R Ryan to Edw Sweeney	E Valencia, 80 s Ridley, s 75 x e 80—sub M B 27	...
I Lankershim to H P W Davis	Ne Franklin and Pine, n 137:6x137:6—W A 37	13,500
S Lowenberg to Jacob Cohen	N Turk, 87 6 e Leavenworth, e 25x137 6	3,000
R D Magee to D Swannack	S Hayes, 15 e Fillmore, e 22:6x70—sub W A 299	900
Bay View H'd As'n to J C Peters	Lot 5, blk 487, Bay View Hd	500
John Thompson to Rob't Murdoch	Lots 1473 and 1474, Gift Map 3	1
H G Shanke to City and Co S F	Sw cor Jackson and Maiden Lane, w 21, s 61:8, se 1 3/4, e 1[illegible]3, n 63	9,256
L Hutchings to D F Hutchings	E Leavnth, 70 n Jackson, n 22.6x70—sub 50 v 891	5
B F Bohen to A R Neustadt	S Sacto, 272 6 w Larkin, w 30x118—sub W A 16	3,600
A J Gladding to E D Neustadt	S Sacto, 80 e Polk, e 60x118—sub W A 16	5
Jas Ryan to C A Spaulding	N Bdway, 68 3 e Mason, e 31 4 1/2x137 6—sub 50 v 312	640
W J Richardson to Eliza Bonner	W Webster, 62 6 s Ellis, 25x87 6—sub W A 366	2,000
H G Shanke to Chas Suckow	Com at inter of Mont'y Ave and Gibb, nw 4.31-100, s 3.31 100, thence s 76-100	50
J F Pinkham to P W Pinkham	Lot 304, G R Map 1	100
W H Lyon to T B Kent	Se Jessie, 312 6 fr e cor Jessie and 2d, sw 40x68—subdivision 100 v 9	15,000
Jas Adams to Same	Se Bryant, 110 sw 2d, sw 25x80	531
Same to Same	Se Howard, 85 ne 2, ne 10x165	812
Jas McGregor to Ellen McGregor	Lots 770 and 772, Gift Map 2	Gift
C E P Wood to Same	Same	5

Monday, December 1st.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Silver Terrace H'd As'n to J Cryer	Lots 394 and 395, Silver Terrace Hd	$ 645
F K Mayer to C S Patterson	W Noe, 30 s 15th, s 25x110	700
S E McElrath to Jas Daly	Ne 1/4 of Sec 25, Tp 2 S, R 6 W	....
Silver Terrace H As'n to W Hollis	Lot 461, Silver Terrace Hd	515
Same to Same	Lots 459, 460 and 461, Silver Terrace Hd	1,302
Henry Pellatier to W O Weissich	Sw Stewart, 120 nw Mission, nw 20x91:8—sub B and W lots 634, 642 and 648	5
L H Wakefield to Henry Henkel	S Fell, 137 6 e Webster, e 55x120—sub W A 287	3,500
Thos Magee to C Kleinclaus	E Howard 40 s 20th, s 25x122:6—sub M B 56	1,450
A G Abell to Masonic Hall As'n	Nw Montgomery and Post, n 160x75	5
W F Land Co to P G Partridge	S 5th Ave, 25 e J, e 25x100—sub blk 100, S S F	750
D F McDonald to C J Collins	5 acres, portion McDonald Ranch	2,500
Timothy Foley to P G Partridge	Nw 15th Ave, 175 ne K, nw 50x100	1,500
E Noah Parr to Eugene Avy	S Chestnut, at ne cor of 50 v 536, w 34.3 x117 6	1,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.,

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending Dec. 2, 1873

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
J Chart to B Armand	Oakland. W line Frank in 50 n from 9th st, thence n 50x76	$1,275
L H Cary to A Cary	Same. 104x65 ne corner west 8th and Myrtle	Gift
M Kenny to W Blair	Same. Lot 48, Buena Vista H'd Tract	400
W T Barton to A J Snyder	Same. E line Ruby 100 s from Weston, thence s 50x100	400
L P Tenney to E Quinn	Same. N line west 5th st 60 e fr Lewis, thence e 50x100	1,200
J Chart to J Peterson	Same. E line Louisa 160:6 s from 24th st, thence s [illegible]x115	100
M Curtis to M & B Leonard	Same. [illegible] ne cor Lydia and Market	600
Central Land Co to A V de Freitas	Same. Lot 33 (49:9x120:3), Brown Tract	600
G B Hitchcock to A J Snyder	East Oakland. N line east 21st at 200 e fr 21st av, thence e 125x250	810
S & P D Shepherd to A J Snyder	Same. Se line 11th av 25 sw from east 17th st, thence sw 25x [illegible]	512
M P Predas to F Chase	Same. N line Jackson 175 se fr Walker, thence se 25x150	68
S H Wade to E E Webster	Same. Ne line east 17th st 150 nw from 11th av, thence nw 50x100	600
A L Page to J P Jones	Near Lake Merritt. Lots 9 to 15 in blk C, Oakland View H'd	8,000
W Blair to Oakland B of Savings	Oakland Tp. Various lots White House Plot	1
Oakland H d As'n to T Clancy	Same. Lot 81 in blk 4, Maxwell Tract	5
W Hask[illegible] to E[illegible] Scott	Same. Lot 15, Linden H'd Tract	550
A J Gladding to D C Thompson	Same. 54 acres, part plot 75	2,500
T W Cook to A Allsop	Alameda: 166:1x132:1 se cor Everett and Buena Vista	2,000
A T Dewey to G D Morse	Brooklyn Tp. 91 acres and 165 acres, 3 miles ne from Lake Merritt	13,750
W Y Hotner to E L Beard	Near Washington Corners. 8 acres	250
W F B Lynch to Same	Same. 4 acres	10
E L Beard to Wash'n College Ass'n	Same. 8 acres and 4 acres	10,000
G Brown to P Zambrizcke	Haywood. 34x72	351
F D Atherton to P Tobarca	Same. 50x[illegible]	150
Same to W A & J W Mattox	Near Haywood. 205 acres	13,360
W A & J W Mattox to J T Stratton	Same: Same	...
A A Averacker to E N Ackley	Livermore: Lots 1 and 2 in blk 20	300

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Dec 2.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records). Office: Adjoining the COURT HOUSE, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to the Court House. ☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. Sept. 13.

WITH A FAN.

A fan, *mon amie*, just, you know,
A thing of fluff and feather;
A toy to balance to and fro
In warm or lazy weather.

A sceptre swayed o'er friends and foes
In that sweet realm of passion,
Where flounces, frills, and furbelows,
And flirts are all the fashion.

A "trifle light as air;" in short
(To span my verse's chasm
With just one obvious pun), a sort
Of fanciful phantasm.

And yet there is a meaning, too,
Not all imagination,
In my bestowing upon you
This symbol of flirtation.

Perhaps, when under other moons—
Forgetting past romances—
Your pulses thrill to other times,
Your eyes meet other glances—

Then this same fan that hides your face
And veils both yawns and blushes,
May whisper by love's special grace
Of summer calms and hushes.

And still through jest and *badinage*,
Vague whim and wild vagary,
It may endure an airy *gage*
Of something not so airy.

But should you change (as all girls do),
And these frail bonds be riven,
The fan may point its moral, too,
Light gift to light soul given.

And if the memory of to-day
Should ruffle then one feather,
Why, raise the fan and brush away
The past and me together.
—*Barton Grey.*

WHAT PEOPLE ARE SAYING.

That there has been a sufficient fall of snow at Sacramento to cover out of sight the rotten shingles and dilapidated roofs around the Capitol. That the proposed bill to repeal so much of the Postal Act as prohibits weekly papers from passing through the mails free of postage is a bill that ought to go right through. That in the Protocol in the *Virginius* matter signed by Admiral Polo and Secretary Fish, the Spaniard got the better of the Yankee. That the Spanish Commandante at Santiago de Cuba has no occasion to feel seriously alarmed for the safety of his head, seeing that he is to be tried by his own government for offences of which that government secretly approves. That Boruck, of the horse paper, is the great American Danton of the latter half of the 19th century. That the Democrats seem to have carried Texas. That Dr. Stone's show and huckster's shop at Agricultural Hall, for the benefit of the Lord, has not been a success on account of the unpropitious weather. That the Doctor thinks it rather small of the Lord to send such weather at such a time. That Booth is sure of the long term. That he always was sure of it. That every one who had any "savey" knew from the first that he couldn't fail of it. That Judge Wallace can have the short term if he wants it. That he don't want it, and won't have it on any terms. That he don't hanker after it, but might accept it if it was neatly done up in a satin-paper box like a chunk of wedding-cake, tied with a white ribbon, and presented to him on a silver salver. That Casserly's resignation was a *coup d'etat* to consolidate the Democracy, and that it failed to consolidate worth a dime. That his resignation was not the real *coup*, but followed upon the failure of the real *coup*. That he resigned because he had the gout. That he resigned because he was afraid of Col. Mellan, Volney E. Howard, and an investigation. That he resigned in order to be elected to the long term. That he resigned at the suggestion of Archbishop Alemany, because the atmosphere of Washington was prejudicial to his spiritual welfare. That Fish gained a great and vital point when Polo agreed to "salute the U. S. flag," though it may still be regarded as doubtful whether such salute will bring the dead to life, or indemnify the survivors who were dependent upon them. That Senator Jim Stewart, of Nevada, has erected the "most palatial" residence in Washington. That the money that built the palatial residence (with a rotunda and a ball-room) was the result of the self-denying economy of the Sage Brush Senator in saving up his pay and mileage, and of his total abstinence from cigars and drinks during long years of labor, and nights devoid of ease. That said money was left the Senator by a rich aunt, who went up in a balloon and never came down. That it was left him by a rich uncle, who went down in a diving-bell and never came up. That the funds that erected said palatial residence, with a rotunda, etc., were the proceeds of the famous Emma Mine Swindle, in which an American Minister and an American Senator were implicated. That a blasted Britisher named Paffard, who took a small amount of stock in said mine, knows all about it, and is anxious to tell. That the straight out Republicans are willing to support any Democrat to beat Booth. That the Railroad Hydra has lost one-half of its hundred heads. That it hasn't lost nary a head, and is lying low in the swamp back of Rabel's Tannery, waiting the opportune moment for advancing on the Capitol and capturing the situation. That ex-Governor Downey is on his way up from Los Angeles with a big bag of twenty dollar pieces, to take a hand in the Senatorial fight. That if he does go in seriously, he will make it very hot for Booth. That the loss of the *Ville du Havre* was due to the lack of discipline on board, and that nearly all might have been saved had the crew obeyed orders. That the Spanish in Havana are raging over the Protocol, and swear the *Virginius* shan't be given up, nor the American flag saluted. That 101 of the *Virginius* prisoners still breathe the breath of life, only 57 having been executed. That the remaining 101 ought to be shot like the rest. That the U. S. Government ought to demand peremptorily that the 101 be forthwith given up to said Government. That if such demand were made they would be given up. That they wouldn't. That as between the essays in the *Saturday Review* and the editorials of the *Call*, the latter are superior as models of classical English and sagacious thought. That the election of Estee to the position of Speaker of the Assembly is proof [illegible] that the majority of that body do not think the place too great to be filled by a small man. That Estee was only joking when he made believe he wanted to go to the U. S. Senate. That he wasn't joking at all, but was [illegible] enough to think he had a show. That only 26 persons met at Grace Church on Wednesday to unite with the Episcopal Churches of the world in the prayer for the success of missions. [illegible] the two parishes of St. Peter's and Trinity had turned out [illegible] out of two whole parishes. That the prayer business is pretty nearly [illegible] except by old women and young children. That it would be edifying to test the efficacy of special supplications by a praying match, according to the plan suggested by Professor Tyndal, so as to compel the Lord to show his hand. That as things look just now (Friday) at Sacramento, Booth may be beaten after all. That the return of Beck and Graves to the Democratic fold [illegible]. That the Beerwaldites may go into caucus, and if they should, they will be pretty sure to nominate a Democrat for the long term. That if they do nominate such a Democrat, Booth is gone up, and the Hydra will come to [illegible] in his lair back of Rabel's Tannery. That in pardoning Mary McCauley, the "Hoodlum Queen," out of State Prison, Governor Booth has shown that gallant and tender consideration for the gentler sex which has always been one of his most engaging characteristics. That the Governor is a hard-shell [illegible], while a [illegible] belongs to the school of the [illegible] philosopher who formed the docile mind and inspired the [illegible] tastes of the amiable [illegible]. That it is a [illegible] that San Francisco is the only great city in the U. S. that has not a public market. That Charley Peters has an idea in his head on the subject of markets superior to any other idea on that subject ever before conceived by the human mind. That Charley is backed up by capital by the [illegible], and will carry out his idea. That Charley can't [illegible] his magnificent projected [illegible] cellar for $25,000 in advance, and never will be able, by jingo, to carry his grand scheme into execution. That Charley can and will lease said cellar, by blank, and can and will carry out his magnificent, beneficent, etc., project, by blank. That the present [illegible] has occupied that office about long enough, and that it is time for a change, unless the present incumbent is considered to have a life lease of the place. That ten years is a pretty long term for one man to feast continuously upon the [illegible]. That [illegible] Tilney, for instance, would make an efficient and faithful [illegible], and that he deserves the appointment. That [illegible] Tilney is [illegible] by a host of our best and foremost citizens of all shades of political opinion. That the *Call* is [illegible] editorial departments the ablest paper in California. That the *Chronicle* is the most [illegible], and [illegible]. That the *Alta* is the most sprightly. That the *News Letter* is the most pious sheet now published anywhere on the outer crust of this planet, and ought to be prayerfully read by all godly-minded persons.

Not a single instrument was saved from the burning Opera House at Paris. Their loss alone is estimated at 100,000 francs, or £4,000.

EXIT AND ENTER.

A fair exchange is no robbery. While we sincerely regret the retirement from office of our whilom Mayor, than whom a better has not done a city's honors, we congratulate ourselves upon the accession of the gentleman who will so worthily succeed him. A Mayor, being at the head of the municipality, is essentially the most representative man in the city. It is greatly to our own credit, therefore, to give this post of honor to a gentleman upon whose integrity and administrative ability we may rely, and of whom we may always be proud. No one can deny to Mayor Alvord every attribute befitting his position. We have every reason to believe Mayor Otis quite as thoroughly adapted to the same office. That both these gentlemen have given every attention to the needs of the city, may easily be gathered from their respective addresses, valedictory and salutatory. To one or two most flagrant abuses Mayor Alvord called particular attention. Of the special policeman system, he says: "The system of special police I would most unqualifiedly condemn, as not filling the purpose intended. Aside from the right of every citizen to be protected at the expense of the public treasury, the system is a wrong one, as no man can be independent where his support in a pecuniary way comes from the very people over whom he is specially appointed; and by substituting the regular force you would find a large difference in the execution of many petty ordinances for the benefit of all, where now their infringement is winked at." These sentiments will most certainly receive the endorsement of the many citizens who have suffered peculiarly under the special police system. With unqualified gratification we observe that our late Mayor agrees fully with the *News Letter* upon the water question, touching which we have so persistently spoken. He says: "I cannot abstain from expressing my conviction that an element as vital as the air we breathe, and as freely furnished by the Creator, should not be confined, as a merchantable commodity, in the hands of a few individuals, but should be distributed through public agency at the lowest possible cost, or, if revenue is to be derived from it, the profit should go into the public treasury, and be used for the public good in other things." It is plainly evident from Mayor Otis' able address, with its many practical suggestions, that he, too, has studied our many shortcomings, and goes into office with open eyes and plans for remedy. Like his predecessor, he dwells upon the inadequacy of the present police force, and suggests that at least fifty more be appointed. The necessity of such a course is obvious. He also speaks of the much vexed question—the street pavements—and boldly declares "that not a city in the country has such miserable streets and sidewalks as San Francisco." In this we most heartily concur, and also agree with him that it will be cheaper and better never again to use any more wood or perishable material. We have had a most uncomfortable experience of these cheap ills, and are ready for a more expensive remedy. Mayor Otis alludes to the abominable practice of leaving the city without gas on moonlight nights, to the alarming increase of bar-rooms, to the Mission Bay lands, and, more than all, to our grossly defective sewerage. In this connection, he observes: "The matter of sewerage, in all its phases, is of more importance, and demands more immediate and energetic action, than any other department of your duties." With Mayor Otis' regard for our health, our comfort and our pecuniary advancement, we feel guaranteed in opining that the term of office of our new municipal head will be as satisfactory as the last, which is saying much.

A SHORT CHAPTER FROM THE FIRST BOOK OF CHRONICLES

1. Now there dwelt in a certain city two men, and the name of the one was Loring, and the name of the other was Charley.

2. Now Loring gave himself out to be an exceeding great man, and deceived the people many years. Howbeit Charley respected him not.

3. And Loring wrote many lies for many years, and sent them abroad unto the people, and the people read them, and some believed, but many doubted.

4. In those days arose Charley and said: "Go to, let us build a paper which will envelope Loring, and make him even as Zebah and as Zalmunnah." And he did so. Is not this the *Chronicle* of 'Frisco?

5. And the *Chronicle* grew, and waxed exceeding great. Howbeit Charley followed not the straight path, but turned aside, and lied even as others. And the people believed him not.

6. But Loring was exceeding wrath, and took council with him in his bed, and he said:

7. "Is not this lewd fellow a serpent in the way, an adder in the path? How, then, shall he prosper in his falsehood, and find favor in the evil deeds that he doeth?"

8. But Loring knew that his heart was not right in him, and he was sore afraid.

9. But in those days Charley waxed fat and arrogant, and he forgot his humility; wherefore the people laughed him to scorn, and Loring was exceeding glad.

10. But for all this their anger was not turned away from Loring, and they would not hearken to his voice, nor would they hearken to the voice of Charley, nor would they read his lies, for they said: "Go to. Let us not hearken to these vain fellows. Are they not bums, both of them?" And they laughed them to scorn.

11. Then arose Charley, and said: "Give ear and hearken all ye people. Lo! this day do I give you a map of this country, that ye may know where ye abide, ye, your wives, and your little ones, that ye may see that I, Charley, am the newspaper man of 'Frisco, and that there is none beside me."

12. Howbeit the people laughed at him and said: "Ye take too much upon you, ye sons of De Young. Know we not that ye are as stubble, and Loring is as chaff, and ye shall both burn together, and none shall quench you."

13. Then was Charley exceeding wrath, and he swore a mighty oath before the Judge in 'Frisco, and said: "I am mightier than Loring."

14. Then arose Loring and swore an oath, and he said: "Charley hath forsworn himself, and is a debtor. Judge therefore between me and him all ye people of 'Frisco.

15. Now the rest of the acts of Loring and Charley, and all that they did, and the wars that they warred, and the lies that they told, are they not written in the Book of the Chronicles of the Beats of 'Frisco!

BORUCK AND THE HOUNDS.

The ex-Chief Clerk and Temporary Speaker of the Assembly, during its organization, showed himself a man of rare pluck and nerve when he stood firm against the howling mob of "reformers" who were determined to organize the House at once, in the teeth of all law and precedent. A weak man would have given way before the storm, but Boruck remained imperturbable as an oyster, and immovable as a rock. In vain Coggins spattered and Swift raved, while the crowd of Dolly Vardens raved and clamored and threatened. Boruck didn't "intimidate" worth a dime. He ruled down the uproarious Swift, and compelled him to recognize him—Boruck—as [illegible] officer when addressing the Assembly. "Robert Greathouse" yielded with a bad grace, but he had to yield. Deacon Fitch, who was a spectator in the lobby, was sorely grieved at poor Jack's humiliating discomfiture. All the Dolly Varden kennel are now in full cry at Boruck's heels. The *Union*, *Bulletin* and *Call* yelp in chorus; and the whiffling, treacherous little *Chronicle*, that a few weeks ago pitched into the Dolly Vardens tooth and nail, has now turned tail and joined the pack. However, Boruck can stand it. He isn't much hurt.

A contributor suggests that a grand sewer, running from North Beach to South Beach, should be built along the level line as directly as possible, say the line of Sansome or Battery streets immediately below, or east of the [illegible] grade, which commences about the Montgomery street line. Build this grand main sewer so deep and capacious that the small sewers east of it may all drain into it. Have at the North Beach and the South Beach gates [illegible] upon the bay. On the flood-tide, open the North Beach gate until the grand sewer is flooded. There is a difference of twenty or thirty minutes in tide between North and South Beaches when the tide ebbs, open, first, the north, and at the [illegible] the south gate, [illegible] the grand sewer, and all the branches were "twice in twenty-four hours." There is sanitary safeguard and common sense.

We received last evening, but unfortunately too late for publication, Gov. Booth's Message, in full. Next week we shall present our readers with a full synopsis thereof.

NEW BOOKS
—OF—
THE WEEK.

Sub-Tropical Rambles. By Nicholas Pike. 8vo. cloth.
Records of a Quiet Life. By Augustus J. C. Hare. 12mo. cl.
Jeannine. A Novel. By M. Harlan. 12mo., cloth.
The Fair God. A Tale of Mexico. By General Lew Wallace. 12mo., cloth.
Doing His Best. A Story for Boys. By J. T. Trowbridge. 12mo., cloth.
What Can She Do. By Rev. E. P. Roe. 12mo., cloth.
Normandy Picturesque. By Henry Blackburn. 12mo. cl.
The Story of Goethe's Life. By G. H. Lewes. 12mo. cloth.
The Dead Marquise. By Leonard Kip. 12mo., cloth.
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NOTICE.

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DR. ABORN,
Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory 213 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union square. April 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

Satire should, like a polished razor keen,
Wound with a touch that's scarcely felt or seen.

Oh Heaven! that such companions thou'dst unfold,
And put in every honest hand a whip
To lash the rascal naked through the world,
Even from the East to the West.—OTHELLO, ACT IV, SCENE I.

FRAGMENTS FOUND ON THE FLOOR OF THE ART GALLERY.

Nothing but leaves—the artist grieves
Over a mould bereft.
Where once was vigor, strength, and life,
Peace for the household, comfort for the wife,
The storm hath rolled and left
Nothing but leaves.

Weep for Apollo; mourn his manhood fled,
His nerves unstrung by dire mutilation
Weep for the Belvidere—his matchless head
Past all Creation.

Daughters of Thespis, don your virgin zone,
Great Hercules is as harmless as a lamb;
Clad in his Nessus shirt, he sits alone,
Not worth a damn.

Oh blest be the fig leaf that hides our shame,
And cursed be the band amputarent,
For maidens may giggle, and parsons may hem,
But the mayhem cannot be apparent.*

The Mayor was there, and took a chair
With Mezzara as his tutor.
And in view of the Cuban "little affair,"
Hercules, Mars, and Jupiter,
With other demi-Gods equally bare
Beside the Apollo Belvidere,
Were rendered perfectly neuter.

But Cupid laughed in his downy nest,
As he [illegible] a life in clover,
For the molest judge who had doomed the undressed
Had passed his mityness over.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 5th, 1873.

*Not a parent. Devil.

There is an intense religious awakening at the Fifth Baptist Church, and Professor Vanek, the German conjuror, is giving exhibitions at Platt's Hall, for the benefit of the God of the Powell street Methodist churchites. At one place they are getting into heaven through howling and bitter lamentations, whilst another church is leading its dear children to the sweet fields of Eden through conjuring apparatus and a magic lantern. We wonder who will get to heaven first, the howling Baptists or the pleasure-seeking Methodists? All the churches seem to be going in for benefits. On Sunday next the Church of the Advent will take its benefit at Woodward's Gardens, when the Bolslay Brothers and the Talking Machine will be made instrumental in saving precious souls. [N. B.—Admission for same precious souls, *only* 25 cents each.] On the succeeding Wednesday the Jackson street Circus will be transmogrified into a "little heaven below" in aid of the Taylor Street Church. Seven prominent class-leaders are expected to take active part in the performance. On the following Saturday a Masked Ball will be given in the Pavilion of the City Gardens, in aid of the Lord's treasury kept at the Stockton Street Presbyterian Church. Anybody will be admitted in any costume, provided the wearer comes prepared to give liberally to the offertory. On this occasion the bars will be under the supervision of the minister and his sanctified attendants. Drinks will be charged two bits, but the Lord loveth a cheerful drinker, and will not this conduce to very many happy drunks? We hear that Blondin has been engaged for the Church of the Flying Trapeze, and the Salamanders for New Platt's Hall. My Christian friends and brethren, the good work prospereth. Daily is the devil receiving such kicks from the toe of the righteous that an air cushion has to be provided him. The ungodly would lift up a heel against us but we will smite him under the fifth rib. As it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be, we can humbug the people if we only keep the collection plate going. Therefore let us take a benefit, my brethren, and damn the means, so long as it brings in the dollars.

Thank God, the country is saved! The Rev. Brother Bonte has been appointed Chaplain of the Senate at five dollars per diem. We do not know of a more pleasing fact in the whole course of American history. Now we may sleep quietly in our beds, assured that the blessing of God will rest upon the [illegible] of our noble Senators. As a gauge, too, of the [illegible] of prayer, the [illegible] Brother Bonte's [illegible] worth just five dollars a day. We should have thought it worth a trifle more, say, six dollars and ten cents, but suppose such an august and learned body as that at Sacramento would be sure to know. At first we had an idea of proposing the Talking Machine in place of Brother B., but Brother B. does it cheaper and perhaps [illegible] Edgerton of Sacramento, who seems to be of a pious turn of mind, as he [illegible] highly respected and much loved by his confrères, believes it little enough to be daily reminded of the existence of a God for. Why, [illegible] a weak point truly, for we are prepared to bet anything from a Senator's [illegible] that no single day will pass without the invocation of God and other persons of the Trinity, too, arising from the Senate Chamber times innumerable. In fact the reminders of the existence of such persons are generally too frequent from the mouths of Senators as well as [illegible]. [illegible] mostly partake of the nature of [illegible], but what of that, is it not the pleasant fashion of the advanced age we live in? Thank God, however—the *Town Crier* says it with true *News Letter* unction and reverence—Brother Bonte is going to mumble a prayer daily for the Senate, and thus the country is saved and the devil cochred.

It is with awe we contemplate the terrible strait to which San Francisco would be reduced were there [illegible] not a Scannell. It is a matter of wonder that London, Paris, New York [illegible] and [illegible] commanding abilities, have not long since succumbed to the [illegible] element. It [illegible] of the [illegible] that we do not [illegible] treasures, and [illegible] with the present [illegible] annals, instead of [illegible] We [illegible] present at the [illegible] lot of [illegible] of the three [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] the present two [illegible] If [illegible] calmly [illegible] capital [illegible] credit, in doing the part of a [illegible] unsettled a state to be at all [illegible] the Whitney and Scannell cans are matters of [illegible] who care only for [illegible] and legalized officers. [illegible] the [illegible] qualities of the [illegible] take the [illegible] of Scannell and Whitney, which has come to such a disagreeable [illegible].

The Hoodlum Queen, Mary McCauley, has, through the discriminating clemency of Governor Booth, been pardoned, after serving out one year of a term of four for grand larceny, and Barbary Coast intends giving a renegade ball—to wind up with a prayer meeting—in honor of virtue rewarded and suffering innocence released. There are one or two other dear creatures at San Quentin who are waiting further action of the merciful and appreciative Governor.

There seems to be but little doubt that a war with Spain will not grow out of the *Virginius* affair. The disappointment consequent on the peaceful termination of the affair is *terribly* galling to one young man of the city. We do not mean Hector Armstrong Stuart whose patriotic aspirations will thus be ruthlessly crushed, and who will not be able to lead his gallant cohorts to liberty and glory, but we *do* mean Charley de Young. When the first little dark weather came up, the proprietor of the free paper rubbed his hands in ecstatic gloating over the prospects of a war. The columns of the dead alive paper were filled with inflammatory articles, urging every one to "cry havoc, and let slip the dogs of war!" Our country's honor must be vindicated, the insult must be avenged, blood for blood; the eagle aroused, etc., etc. Now all this high falutin bad rubbish simply meant just this one thing: That cunning Charley was itching to breed a row between the United States and Spain, solely because he knew that in the excitement *he would be able to sell a few extra Chronicles!* Nothing more or less than that, and could this gentleman have had his way there should have been a war and no mistake. This burning patriotism meant absolutely *nothing*, for the measure of Charley's interest in any public movement, from a only real war to the burial of a prize fighter, is gauged solely and entirely by the answer to the question: "How will it affect our circulation?" As it is, we quite imagine the wringing of hands, the gnashing of teeth, and the weeping and wailing that make night hideous around the *Chronicle* office, now that Peace seems probable and the downfall of the last rickety prop that would have kept the paper on its legs for some time, is alas! inevitable.

That enlightened, large-minded, and patriotic American citizen, Loring Pickering, is now hard at work in both his organs discouraging subscriptions in aid of the Centennial Exposition. His cry is, that California should not to aid the project, because it "will take money out of the country" to help adorn and beautify Philadelphia. Every other State in the Union is contributing to the Exposition, yet Pickering would have California disgrace herself by refusing any aid on the niggardly plea that it will tend to benefit the capital of another State. This small-souled opposition is quite of a piece with Pickering's vicious and persistent opposition to the increase of the police force, on the ground that such increase would add grievously to the burdens of the tax-payers. It is notorious that the present force is inadequate to the wants of the city and insufficient for the protection of life and property. Every day the Pickering's own papers record crimes of violence committed in the public thoroughfares before 9 o'clock at night, which could not occur if we had a sufficient number of efficient policemen. No one understands the need of an increase better than he, yet, for fear that the addition of fifty or a hundred more men to the force might raise his taxes a few dollars per annum, he opposes the increase, and makes himself virtually an accomplice of the roughs, hoodlums, and malefactors, who swarm through out the city perpetrating all manner of crimes and outrages with comparative impunity, because of the weakness of the police department.

Somebody's "Noddle" has conceived a few "New Definitions," and sent them to the N. Y. *Daily Graphic*. They are so good that the *Town Crier* honors them by a "transfer." *Justice*—A popular [illegible] game played on the principle of "heads you lose, tails I win." The winning side is always the party who tosses the gold. *Religion*—Society's trade mark. *Credit*—An air-line route to wealth or ruin. *Love*—An issue of "preferred stock." *Marriage*—A "corner" in love. *Politics*—The entrance to the national grab-bag. *Politician*—A person who values his purse above his good name. *Policeman*—An Irishman in uniform, whose motto is, "Self preservation is the first law of nature." *Modern Poetry*—Rhymed nonsense. *Contract*—Legalized theft. *Friendship*—Exchanging checks. *Sentence*—This word has undergone some remarkable changes. Derived originally from the Latin *sentio*, to think, it afterwards became so perverted as to signify the "judgment pronounced by a court upon a criminal." Of late years it has returned to its original meaning; thus, "Stokes was *sentenced* for murder"—*id est*, he has been requested to *think over his mistake*. *Opera*—The legitimate drama on a spree. *Drama*—Emotional gymnastics. *American Independence*—"Shinny on your own side." *Honor*—Obsolete. *Industrial Exhibition*—Elegant style of highway robbery. *Reform*—A political fever-blister. *Critic*—Conceit personified. *Honesty*—(Not used.)

California, of all places in the world, affords the greatest variety of occupations, and presents the queerest combinations of employments. For example, a saloon keeper may spend part of his time in the Legislature, and a boot-black turn scene shifter "when the evening dew it falleth, and the mosquito sweetly calleth" [Shakespeare.] But of all the odd combinations, that of cook and theatrical critic is, we think, by long odds the oddest. And yet the *Town Crier's* little bird—an owl—has whispered him that the brilliant Light who *Flashes* at weekly intervals across our otherwise dark and dismal sky does, in the interim, devote his mighty intellect and valuable time unto the concoction and culinary culmination of the best free lunch in the city. No harm in that. Of course not, but we merely mention it as a peg on which to hang one or two brief remarks. First, we are surprised that the moral and erudite paper to which the gentleman is an appendage should be able to afford occupation to an individual of such high social standing and domestic attainments. Secondly, that the secret of the successful cookery book is now out. Thirdly, that attempting to cook an actor's goose, compounding theatrical hashes, getting into a stew about nothing, etc., are all as natural to him as an apron. Fourthly, we always knew he was distressingly *oily*, and now we know the reason.

New Platt's Hall, which is Grace Church, has been doing good business lately. The new leading man is a thorough actor and true artist. His gesticulation and action are occasionally a little out of keeping, but are mostly true to the sensational character he assumes. He is much better in tragedy than comedy, and notwithstanding his general good conception of the part, occasionally gives way to a tendency to burlesque, to keep out betraying a prize training. His stage presence is fair, his voice sonorous, and in the conclusion of the last act, when he damns everybody, is particularly impressive. Last Sunday evening appropriate quotations from Edgar Allan Poe, Swinburne, Hector A. Stuart, and other sacred poets, were introduced with good effect. Altogether, the performance is a capital one; the orchestra is well trained and up to the mark, and the Church of the Flying Trapeze is already beginning to feel the effects of the successful opposition. There is an actual want of a new company of holy acrobats at this latter church, for the houses are falling off considerably and the treasury growing beautifully less.

A Scottish publisher of religious works, only forty years ago, advertised a list of books as good for the edification of the faithful, among which appeared the following: "The Danger of Damnation," "Hell as it Really is," "Wrath of the Almighty," "The Bottomless Pit," "Total Depravity Proved by the Bible," "Doomed to Perdition," "The Fiery Pit as a Means of Grace," with some score of other cheerful volumes of equally captivating titles, all full of that sort of "consolation" which the pious mind derives from the conviction that ninety-nine one-hundredths of the human family are doomed to perdition. The *Town Crier* wonders that none of these admirable works are offered for sale at Dr. Stone's "Bazaar," now in full blast at Agricultural Hall. The last title—"The Fiery Pit as a Means of Grace"—is peculiarly attractive. Why won't some of our San Francisco pulpiteers of unquestioned orthodoxy preach a discourse on the subject? It would be certain to draw, and that's the chief thing in Modern Religion.

To what a pitiful pass have the parsons come. Hallelujah Coxy, failing to draw an audience by legitimate business (congregation is scarcely the word in these times) has been compelled to resort to the tricks of having his Thanksgiving sermon spoken by the talking machine, in a Sunday garden! One faith in parsons has long been an extinct dame. Our confidence in the talking machine is now thoroughly shaken. We know it to be a speaky, monotonous affair and a [illegible]. But it possesses all the character [illegible], the [illegible] gospel-dispensers are [illegible], and therefore, [illegible] patronized it. However, it is meet it should descend to such uses. Like the preachers themselves, it is an elaborate piece of [illegible]. Like them it is a [illegible], as guiltless of cadence of voice as it is [illegible]. Like them it is a [illegible]. And like them it promulgates the word of God at so much per head, because it is more [illegible] as pleasant, than earning the money [illegible].

WHAT PEOPLE ARE SAYING.

"'Twas whispered in Heaven, 'twas muttered in Hell,
And Echo caught faintly the sound as it fell."

That Cockrill, the new Chief of Police, will be systematically opposed, snubbed and voted down in the sessions of the Police Commissioners, by his two fellow Commissioners, Otis and Louderback. That Baraine is justly convicted, and ought to be shot. That he has been made a scape-goat for the sins of the French Government, and a sacrifice to the wounded vanity of the French people. That Postmaster Napoleon B. Stone's head is in danger, his decapitation having been fully determined upon by Senator Sargent. That Bennett, the editor of the late *Independent Defender*, will not be re-appointed Pension Agent, the Department at Washington not being satisfied with the mode in which the gentleman, whose complexion belongs to one continent while his nose pertains to another, keeps and presents his accounts. That the choice of Matt. Carpenter as President *pro tem* of the United States Senate, was, in view of the flagrant scandals to which his conduct has given rise, an outrage upon decency. That Matt's election was a well-deserved rebuke to the Washington scandal-mongers, and does credit to the spirit of the Senators. That the removal of Wm. Gouverneur Morris, late U. S. Marshal, is the result of *News Letter's* special attention to the case of that official personage. That Morris says he doesn't care a blank about his removal, for Capt. Clarke has promised him a situation as first mate after he has served out his time in jail. That it seems a little funny to see our San Francisco representatives at Sacramento voting themselves (by Committee) the sum of $35.10 for mileage, at the same time that they are shrieking for a reduction of railroad fares, $35.10 for mileage between here and Sacramento! And yet this is the economical Assembly that haggled over the price of a prayer, and finally, by formal vote, reduced the Chaplain's pay from $5 to $3 per day. That "Father Duggan," the pretended convert from Popery, who was to have lectured at Platt's Hall on Thursday night, swindled a generous hearted benefactor, the Rev. Mr. Hemphill, to the tune of a couple of hundred dollars. That Duggan failed to appear as announced because he was drugged by the Jesuits. That he failed to appear because he was bought off by Archbishop Alemany. That he failed to appear because he had no lecture prepared, and grew so nervous as the appointed hour approached, that he couldn't muster courage to face an audience. That Assemblyman Tinnin's anti-deadhead bill, making it a felony on the part of railroad companies to give free passes to legislators, etc., is a *terrible* blow to the corporations and monopolists, and more especially to the C. P. R. R. That said bill will prove a remunerative blessing to the railroad companies, and a sore affliction to the great tribe of office-holders who rejoice in free-passes. That Tinnin introduced the bill for the purpose of depriving the monopoly of its best friends. That he was secretly instigated by the monopoly to bring in the bill, with the purpose of freeing said monopoly from a horde of dead-head leeches that have for years preyed upon it, and rendered no return. That the "rising young statesman" from San Francisco, Cowdery, who jumps up every five minutes in the Assembly to set some one right, will peg out before the end of the session. "So wise so young, they say do never live long." That Swift, the Boanerges and first clown of the Dollies, is fearfully jealous of Cowdery, and is lying *perdu* to take his scalp. That the "leadership" of the Assembly is between Swift and the "rising young statesman"—no one else making any pretensions. That there will be no peace or harmony among the Democratic legislators till Wallace is withdrawn. That we are on the eve of another lively time in mining stocks. Everything going up—two parties fighting for the control in Ophir, the battle being between the Bank of California on the one side, and the forces marshalled by the redoubtable Alvinza Hayward on the other. That the Spanish war-cloud is dispersing, the proud hidalgos having concluded to take water. That the Spanish war-cloud is blacker and more threatening than ever, the Volunteers having sworn that the *Virginius* and the remaining prisoners shall not be given up. That the Spanish Volunteers have become so intoxicated with rage and chagrin that they openly declare: "On the day when the *Virginius* is given up, every American found in the ever-faithful isle will go up in the air." That the *Bulletin* and *Call* are in such a precarious condition that they have taken to canvassing the city for subscribers, and that their agents are besieging every corner grocery, and every thread-and-needle shop in San Francisco, with solicitations to subscribe. That they knew the Duggan couldn't lecture. That he was on a spree, drunk on communion wine. That Bishop Alemany had locked him in a dark chamber, and laid a spell on him with a crucifix. That Tyler Curtis has returned to pay his debts. That he is as dead-broke as ever. That promising young cantatrices have another chance. That the *Chronicle*, as a fence-straddler, is a masterpiece. That it hurrahs for Booth and hurrahs for caucus in a breath. That the *Post*, owing to the quality of the paper whereon it is printed, is absolutely useless to ladies for bustling purposes. That in the person of MacNamara, Mormonism among the schools is discouraged. That the wickedness of MacNamara was not unique among his brethren and sisters of the ferrule. That Max Wolff took the evening train once too often. That his next trip will probably be on the morning boat. That Sharon and Bob Morrow don't want any more Meadow Valley. That there will be precious little traveling among State officials hereafter. That the Assembly have most properly begun retrenchment by docking the religious expenses. That Emperor Norton is the wisest man in Sacramento. That it's going to rain. That it isn't. That the *Geneva Cross* is a well-written drama badly played. That the *Geneva Cross* is a badly written drama well played. That things are so out of joint at the California, that the true cross itself wouldn't draw till John McCullough comes back. That our U. S. Surveyor-General has sent up his resignation, and that somebody by the name of Stratton has been nominated by the President to fill the vacancy. That Hardenbergh was a go-ahead officer, and one who attended strictly to his duties, both in his office and to the political post, outside which every appointee is now rejoiced to perform. That the favoritism in letting too much work to one man, in which he copied after two or more of his predecessors, is a principal cause of his being invited to resign. That the question is asked by those not acquainted, "Who is Stratton?" That those who know him say he is a "one-horse Surveyor" residing on the Oakland side of the bay, and that "if Hardenbergh was dishonest, what will be gained by the change?" That Senator Sumner's bill to amend the Constitution of the United States, so as to elect the President for six years, is the entering wedge *to transform the American Republic into a Limited Monarchy*. That it is to be regretted that the Commission as proposed for the examination into the conduct of the City Hall Commissioners, was not ordered by the Legislature, as it would inevitably have resulted in an indorsement of their excellent labors, and a continuance of the work by an extra appropriation.

THE HOLLY BUSH AND CHRISTMAS OFFERINGS.

It is pleasant to note the happy, eager faces that throng our streets at this season. It is quite a study to observe the serious, matronly air of the good housewife who takes time by the forelock, and makes her purchases in due season. It is a glorious treat to walk through the long aisles of the White House and see the piles of silks, laces, shawls, and miscellaneous goods of the best quality, so temptingly spread and officered over by so many gentlemanly, obliging attendants. The very windows are a study, and crowds of gazers are attracted to them morning, noon, and night. It is like an Aladdin's palace. One day, one sees behind the immense plate-glass windows the richest silks from the looms of Lyons, another department is devoted to the more sober home garments, a third glows with exquisite Parisian articles in ormolu, crystal, bronze, and Sevres porcelaine, not to mention the numberless *accessaries* in Russia and Morocco leather; and the next day, presto, all is changed, and fresh luxuries are spread to view. Everything that everybody wants for a Christmas present is to be found at the White House—and then the price. The facilities that a large capital, unlimited credit and great knowledge of business give are brought to bear for the benefit of the public. What is the consequence? The newest, most beautiful, most artistic goods, of the most enduring quality, are offered at prices that tempt the most careful buyers, and put aside any possibility of competition. The great merit of this establishment is, that nothing is wanting, from a child's pocket handkerchief to the most costly robe that fashion can desire, and whether it is the child that wants the simple purchase, or the millionaire who desires the purple and fine linen, the same courteous demeanor supplies the one and robes the other.

California Oranges.—The entire crop of the Los Angeles orchards has been bought up on contract, at a price equal to $30 ℔ M. on the trees—a big price to pay

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

The "welcome" rain has made the hills green and the streets sloppy.—At eleven o'clock, on Wednesday, the overland mail reached the P. O., and in less than an hour the letters were being distributed.—Tyler Curtis is telegraphed as being on his way back to California.—The gardeners seem to have come off best in the late contest, for many still stay on Sansome street with seeming impunity.—Fred. Jordan, mate of the ship *Cultivator*, was arrested by U. S. Marshal Carter, on Wednesday, on a charge of cruelty to the steward.—Two boys are missing, one employed in Winterburn's printing office and one from an office on California street.—Small pox seems to be pleasantly prevalent among the Chinese. And yet we are not happy.—The story of the nine children being carried off by scarlatina, out of one family, is not exactly true. Divide by three, and you get it.—One Tuesday evening, a Lick House hack started off along Broadway, turned down Front street wharf and plunged into the bay. It was drowned, and back a wreck.—Officer Rogers has begun his morality jobbing among the Chinese.—Immigrants are said to be arriving here at the rate of two cars in every three days.—A breakdown on the Sacramento train on Tuesday delayed it two hours.—Chief Cockrill has given Officer Colvin a taste of street duty, and put Sam Alden on prison duty.—It snowed at Vallejo on Tuesday morning.—In future, the opposition steamer *Whipple* will make but two trips a week, leaving here on Tuesday and Friday.—It is said that the members of the Fire Department have been compelled to subscribe $5,000 to aid Whitney in his effort to oust Scannell.—Several cases of pocket-picking at the Post Office are spoken of. A chance to distinguish yourself, Chief Cockrill.—One hundred deaths occurred in the city last week, being the largest weekly mortality for the year.—The next praise-service at Dr Stone's takes place on Sunday, the 28th.—Five hundred Chinamen came down from Knight's Landing on Sunday evening, they had been working on the railroad.—It is said that large property owners are again moving for cutting down the hill on Stockton street, between Sutter and Sacramento streets.—The next quarterly meeting of the Church Union will take place at Trinity Church on Sunday evening.—Booth & Co. have begun their contract to construct machinery for the mint.—The odoriferous pool at North Beach is again attracting attention.—Ten thousand pounds of chestnuts arrived from the East on Saturday, and went off at the rate of twenty cents per pound.—The New City Hall, when complete, will contain $40,000 worth of iron.—Eighteen marriage licenses were issued by the County Clerk on Saturday.—Postmaster Stone is in Washington arranging for further improvements in our local delivery.—The number of through passengers over the C. P. R. R. during last month was as follows: East, 1,657; West, 5,191. Total, 6,848.—Up to half-past one on Monday morning, 4.80 inches of rain had fallen since the commencement of the storm on the preceding Wednesday.—Judge McKinstry, we are pleased to hear, is slowly recovering.—The course of lectures to be given at the Pacific Hall, under the auspices of the Odd Fellows Library Association, commenced on Wednesday evening.—During last week, Tax Collector Austin paid $103,774 into the County Treasury.—Mayor Otis exercised his first veto on Monday evening, in the matter of granting a special privilege to Messrs. Gleeson & Fell.—The United States District Court will open on Monday.—The Librarian of the Mercantile Library reports 7,093 books withdrawn by members during November, of which number 5,012 were novels.—The San Francisco Candle Works were damaged to the extent of $25,000 or $30,000, by an explosion which took place on Wednesday morning.—Bancroft's building is beginning to look itself again.—It is probable that Lizzie Gannon, the young woman who shot at Charles MacDermot, will never be tried, as certain important witnesses will conveniently remain absent.—A heavy white frost coated the sidewalks on Thursday morning.—School Superintendent Denman will in future be at his office every day between 3 and 4 P.M.—On Thursday evening the overland train arrived on time. This is to be quoted as an item extraordinary.—E. P. Batchelor, D. P. Verdenal and F. P. Dann are spoken of as candidates for the office of Prosecuting Attorney for the Police Court.—Charley Duane has sworn out a warrant for the arrest of the man who shot him in the recent squatter row.—Weather.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

A Terrible Railroad Collision is reported near Birmingham, England. Thirty passengers were killed and injured. A heavy fog prevailed at the time.—A special dispatch says, as Baron Reuter has not begun the internal improvements in Persia within the time fixed, the Shah has declared the convention void.—Brig. General Juan Nepomuceno Burriel y Linch is the Cuban butcher's full name and title. It is reported that he has been promoted to the full rank of General for his recent bravery and Spanish patriotism at Santiago.—The Polish Provinces are included in the draft ordered for the Russian army. Six out of each one thousand inhabitants is the proportion required.—Advices from Havana say that ninety-two of the prisoners from the "Virginius" were sent from Santiago de Cuba to Cienfuegos, but as soon as the fact became known at Havana the Captain General ordered their immediate return.—Queen Victoria, though the head of the Anglican Church, while on a recent visit to Dundee, Scotland, partook of the communion in a Presbyterian Church.—Nigra will probably return to Paris as the representative for the Italian Kingdom.—Gounod, the composer, has offered the whole of his profits from "Faust" for the coming year for the benefit of the workmen thrown out of place by the burning of the Paris Opera House.—Mme. Benedek, the wife of Marshal Benedek of the Austrian army, lately drew a prize of £12,000 in the Roumelia Railway lottery; small consolation for Sadowa.—The dispatches on Monday last state that the bombardment of Carthagena, Spain, still continues, and that the city is on fire in a number of places.—Thomas Carlyle, Archbishop Manning, Dean Stanley, Professor Tyndall and Wilkie Collins are among the shareholders in the company which is building the "Workmen's City," at Clapham, London.—Dr. Burrows succeeds the late Sir Henry Holland as one of the physicians in ordinary to Queen Victoria.—Pere Hyacinthe lives with his wife and baby in a little cottage on the lake shore, about a mile from Geneva.—The Mexican Federal Government has ordered the restriction recently placed on merchandise imported into the Zona Libre, to be taken off. This restores the right of merchants to dispatch merchandise to any of the towns within the Zona Libre without payment of duty, and will revive trade on the frontier, which has been languishing under the restriction just removed.—The Bank of England rate is reduced to 4½ per cent.—It is rumored that Lizarraga has captured and shot the Cura of Santa Cruz.—The Carlist Junta announces another victory over the Government troops. One Republican General is reported wounded, and a number of officers killed, including several Colonels.—The Rothschilds have bought out the Hungarian loan of thirty seven millions.

The bewildering Cleopatra was perhaps a trifle extravagant in the matter of pearls. Her sisterhood, dark skinned or fair, those covetously inclined or of nun-like simplicity, although they do not flavor vinegar with precious stones, have still her love for jewels. And rightly enough. What toilet, whether of the rich velvet of Genoa, the sheeny silk of Lyons, or the foamy lace of Brussels, is complete without them? Every woman's eye brightens at sight of the refulgent diamond with its many hued glitter, the blue sapphire, whose fading colors warn of a friend's treachery; the simple turquoise, the wearing of which is said to preserve one from bodily harm; the pale opal, whose imprisoned colors fade or brighten with the wearer's spirits, and the gleaming pearl, emblem of all purity, to say naught of the rich dullness of Etruscan gold, or the artistic finish of the beautiful cameo. As the holiday season approaches, with its promise of good wishes and welcome gifts, ladies are to be seen leaning over counters, discussing the charms of these costly toys, selecting that which is to be particularly shown to an inquiring husband or brother. And nowhere do these fair visitors so thickly congregate as in the house of Anderson & Randolph, 112 Montgomery street, where, beside a bewildering array of jewels, bracelets and chains, they are certain to find reasonable prices, and to get the full value of their money in return.

A walk along the city front reveals the gratifying fact that the wharves are all busy with life and animation; ships in every berth discharging and receiving cargo. The shipping business of the port is active: vessels loading Wheat and Flour have prompt dispatch. Freights to the United Kingdom are this week the turn dearer.

Vol. 4. THE CALIFORN "MAIL BAG" FOR DECEMBER, 1873, No. 3.

Will be Issued NEXT WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER SEVENTEENTH, containing a Splendid Cabinet Photograph, with Biographical Memoir, of

PROFESSOR PARAF,

THE INVENTOR OF "OLEOMARGARINE."

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SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, DEC. 13, 1873. No. 46.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, CALIFORNIA CAIRN MAIL, CALIFORNIA MAIL BAG. South side Merchant street No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

GOLD BARS—875@880—SILVER BARS—3¼ ℔ ct discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 91@91½. Mexican Dollars, 1 per cent. prem., old; 1 per. ct. prem., new. Trade Dollar, par.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¾ per ct. for Gold; Currency, 9 per ct. On London, Bankers 49½@—; Commercial, 50@50½. Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1 per ct.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, December 12, at 3 P.M., 110¼. Latest price of Sterling, 108½@109¼.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO . . . . . . Dec. 12, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	104	106	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	120	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1864	93	100	Oakland 10s	106	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	93	100	Spring Valley Water Co	83	83½
Legal Tender Notes	91¼	91	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	12
California State Bonds, 7s '57	97½	100	Central Railroad Company	55	60
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1858	9½		N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	5½
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	93	96	Front St. M. and O. R. R. Co	20	24
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insur'nce Co.	80	90
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	75	80
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	74	—	California Insurance Co.	95	100
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	96	Union Insurance Co	89	91½
Santa Clara Bonds, 8	90	93	Pacific Bank	9	91
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	—	The Bank of California	123	127
San Francisco Gas Light Co	6½	63	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor California and Leidesdorff streets.

FLUCTUATIONS IN THE BANK OF ENGLAND RATES OF INTEREST DURING THE YEAR 1873.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Business affairs seem to be exceedingly promising in all trade departments. We hear no complaints of monetary stringency. Mining stocks are again attracting considerable attention. California street is alive with curb-stone brokers swapping jackets, while sales at the Board, in a regular way, are becoming daily of more and more importance. Transactions are of considerable magnitude, and there is a prospect of an early advance throughout the line. The demand for money to pay taxes is becoming more urgent. All legitimate demands for coin are promptly met by banks at old rates. Sterling Bills have lately advanced, and this is an important item to wheat exporters. The very loose manner in which our civic affairs are sometimes managed has just been illustrated in telling style. Our late Board of Supervisors took it upon themselves to strike from the assessment books the taxes upon solvent debts assessed against the savings banks, without waiting for the Collector's affidavit, as required by law. The case was carried to the Supreme Court, which issued a peremptory mandamus to Auditor Ashbury, directing him to restore the assessments to his books. The amount involved reaches fifty millions of dollars, and if the assessments be finally paid, the State will receive one-quarter of a million, and the city half a million of dollars. This decision of the Supreme Court was concurred in by a full Bench, but it does not affect the constitutionality of double taxation, such as that of taxing property and also mortgages upon the same property. It merely asserts that the Board of Supervisors and Auditor has no authority to strike the assessments from the books, and leaves the question of final payment where it stood.

A Permanent Paragraphic Advertisement. Respectfully Dedicated to the Spring Valley Water Works.

A Miner's Inch of Water is about twenty-thousand gallons. The usual Price for an Inch of Water in the mines is ten cents. The Spring Valley Company sells water in large quantites at seventy-five cents per thousand gallons, or at fifteen dollars seventy-five cents per inch—which is one hundred and fifty-seven times the price which miners pay. Furnished in small quantities to housekeepers, the Company charges from thirty to fifty dollars an inch—five hundred times the miner's rates. IGNOTUS.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

REPORT OF WOOL MARKET.

San Francisco, December 9th, 1873.—Since our last, the inquiry we then spoke of has developed into large sales at full prices, and has given our market a very healthy tone. At no time during the present long spell of inactivity has it been really weak, and we are now, in a measure, beginning to realize our expectations. We are much in need of making heavy sales, as our stock of Wool, especially of "average" and "defective," is very large. Eastern reports, however, are so favorable that we may expect decided relief from that quarter very shortly. There have been sales of about 150,000 lbs. Choice, at 19@22c; the latter for extra Choice. We quote Average at 14@16c.; Burry, 10@11c.

WATT & McLENNAN, Wool Com's'n Merchants, 625 Sansome St, S. F.

BEERBOHM'S TELEGRAM.

London and Liverpool, Dec. 12th, 1873, 1 P.M.—Floating Cargoes off Coast, firm. Cargoes on Passage, do.; Mark Lane, do.; London Quotation for California off Coast, 66s per qr.; English and French Country Markets the turn easier; Liverpool, active and tending upwards; California Club, 13s. 10d.@14s. 3d.; California Average, 13s. 6d.@13s. 9d.; Red Western Spring, 12s. 1d.@12s. 6d. The Weather in England is frosty.

The affairs of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company seem to be strangely mixed up of late, both at the home office in New York as well as the California branch, judging from the various articles that have appeared in the New York *World*. Russell Sage is now President, and Rufus Hatch Vice-President. Messrs Alexander and Hatch are also appointed managing Directors in New York. Mr S. K. Holman, acting agent here, was removed some weeks since, and Captain Bradbury tendered his resignation as President, after holding the office only a few months, during which time he visited this coast and Holman went East. Now we are told that Capt. Edward Higgins, lately out here looking into the Company's affairs, is expected to arrive here on the 18th inst., per *Constitution*, from Panama, and will then assume the agency in this city.

The Manufacture of Butter by Artificial Means has made great progress in the last month in the city of San Francisco; in fact the original process has been so much improved and remodeled as to make an entirely new article as far as its production is concerned, but what is more interesting to the public at large it is an article of Butter of such a fine quality that nothing heretofore produced can compete with it. This, combined with reasons of a private character, have induced the officers of the California Oleomargarine Manufacturing Co. to dissolve said Company, and they have again reorganized under the name of "The California Butter Company." They justly claim that they produce in quantities or lots to suit purchasers, an article of Butter of such a quality, in every respect as was never before produced in the world.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, November 7th, 1873.—D. O. Mills and family, Wm. M. Lent and family, A. F. Head and family, Mrs. Thos. Sunderland and family, C. F. McDermott and family, Mrs. C. J. Hillyer and family, General J. P. Miller and family, H. M. Houston and family, Theo. Bogle and family, Mrs. J. W. Ladd, Jonas G. Clark and wife, Mrs. H. C. Kibbe, Miss Kibbe, Mrs. F. A. Hassey, Master Frank Hassey, Mrs. H. H. Day, D. T. Murphy, Mr. Yates, C. F. Fargo, J. Robert, Henry Laurencel, C. W. Main, Frank Cunningham, A. C. Whitcomb, Dr. Cello, Charles R. Goodwin, John B. Newton, W. E. Brown and family, Mrs. Tuthill, Miss Tuthill, Dr. H. D. Coggswell and wife.

The Golden Fruits of a bountiful harvest are now discernible. Farmers are no longer needy borrowers—have money to loan. As an instance of this, country bankers are in the city trying to loan out their surplus money to parties here upon interest. This is a healthy sign, and another year there will be a still greater abundance.

Havana, December 12th.—The steamship *Virginius* was towed out of the harbor of Havana at half-past four o'clock this morning by a tug boat. She was escorted by the Spanish man-of-war *Arabella la Catolica*. The tug boat returned to the city at 7 o'clock. The destination of the *Virginius* is supposed to be Key West.

Paris, December 12th.—President MacMahon has commuted the sentence of Marshal Bazaine to twenty years seclusion, and to bear the effects of degradation from rank, but to be spared the humiliating ceremony.

IS ANY ONE LOOKING FOR ME

The swallow is going ... [illegible] the star,
[illegible] decay,
[illegible]
And whisper that [illegible] the door,
But I feel like a bird that soon will be free,
Oh, tell me! is any one looking for me?

All Nature seems weary or hushed, or half dead,
Now the sun o'er the mountain scarce raises his head,
The very birds are [illegible],
And they grieved to be chanting so eternal a strain,
But a rosy light gathers o'er all things I see
As I whisper, "Is any one looking for me?"

What other heart grew lighter for my drawing near?
[illegible] I shall appear!
[illegible]
[illegible] the pleasure I bring!
Ah tell me, [illegible] alone, as I wait
[illegible] be glad when I'm looking for me!

FEMININE CHIT-CHAT.

A lady correspondent in London writes to us as follows:—The "Ristori" [illegible] in the fashionable [illegible] somewhat oddly arranged [illegible] Lady Macbeth. I hope [illegible] the Grande Duchess Marie of Russia [illegible] The article ordered for her [illegible] the "Grand Duchess." The pattern I saw was white silk, which looked at a little distance as if [illegible] I am told that two dresses [illegible] for her Imperial Highness, one in pink and one in white. The "Marie" sash [illegible] quite so [illegible] It is more a set of trimmings than a sash, and is curious if not pretty. Silk mounted on stiff muslin [illegible] foundation, and then with silk covered with bead trimming and edged with a kind of bead gimp. There are three sash ends more than a quarter of a yard in width [illegible] finished off with a heavy bead fringe. From the back of the dress there [illegible] military epaulettes [illegible] very comical. [illegible] the Russian Princess would look terribly [illegible] I have seen some very pretty new shapes, especially in children's hats. The little girls of H. R. H. the Princess of Wales were wearing very pretty hats of white felt when I caught a glimpse of them the other day. The brims [illegible] in front and up at the side, and [illegible] trimmed with [illegible] ribbons and white feathers. The dresses were remarkably plain [illegible] in two shades [illegible] the elegant simplicity of her children's toilettes always seems to me an evidence of the good taste of her Royal Highness. A very [illegible] bonnet—and, at the same time, very handsome—was prepared for her Royal Highness before the court mourning. It was composed of blue silk, and had a soft crown, at the side of which was a large cluster of white flowers, with two or three pale pink [illegible] asters mixed with them. The front was composed of a [illegible] with a [illegible] of lace above and below. It and the rim was a band of darker blue, thickly embroidered with beads of the same color, and from the back of the bonnet to the shoulders hung a square lappet to match finished off with a feather fringe, a small plume of feathers was placed at the back of the right side, the ends curling down over the lappet, and mixing with the trailing spray from the flowers. The bonnet had no strings. A curious dress from Paris has an [illegible] according to taste and finished with a large [illegible] Anything [illegible] it has the effect of dragging from the shoulder [illegible] the fashion of wearing [illegible] mounted in black velvet [illegible] is becoming very general, especially amongst ladies, on whose fair skin the black shows so well. [illegible] I have seen [illegible] think the effect so good as [illegible] a setting.

THE COMIC PAPERS

Punch.—Desperate!—Medical Man (gingerly): I think—perhaps—you might—drop a line, and have your wife up. Patient: O, doctor, you're always for such extreme measures!——Nominal Nonsense.—The Russians, according to the Moscow *Gazette*, have laid the first stone of a fortress to be erected [illegible] and to the name of Petro [illegible] and to harbor a garrison of Cossacks on the Oxus. It may reassure some persons interested in the East [illegible] to consider that the Oxus is very far from flowing, as they might suppose it from its name to do, into the Bosphorus.——Comparatively Well Off. You hear people saying, "I've had a [illegible] Lucky [illegible] so much as this!" Many of us seem to have none at all.——"Equality."—Customer: Aw—I wish to be measured 'couple pair o' boots (removes one). Tradesman: Well, sir, fact is, I'm just going to my luncheon. If you don't mind [illegible]

Fun.—Why Not? We learn from the American papers that Stokes, who shot the great Erie Railway swindler, has got off with four years' imprisonment. We wonder the American nation did not raise a statue to him, considering that he wiped out a Fisk.——Freedom of Licence! A new paper is announced under the title of the *Free Speaker*. It will probably be more free than we care for. It seems likely it is to be merely an alter exponent of the Yankee rowdyism with which the press has been of late afflicted, and which could only be suppressed by the publication of a *Truth Teller*.——A Lingering Death.—Fitz Jones (referring to his Indian experience): Oh yes, we have, or used to have, some terrible affairs out there—aw. Katy: Oh! yes. Fitz Jones: Poor servant of mine got killed there, literally eaten up by a tiger, and the poor fellow lived twenty-four hours afterwards. (And Fitz Jones still wonders why Katy laughed!)

Judy.—The Ministerial ship has experienced another severe shock. Unable to battle with the advancing wave of Conservatism, the [illegible] has now given way. The Liberal crew in charge stuck manfully to her, but the wave swept them overboard, when, to their dismay, they found out the mistake they had made in clinging to a Reed. They ought, instead to have made a rush to support the Councillor [illegible] of the Conservatives by voting for Pease.——True Enjoyment. Wooley: Oh, yes, a great you are [illegible] going to a party just to-day [illegible] I don't care a bit of that a bit, and I shouldn't go at all if I wasn't sure to get a lot of things to eat that'll make me ill, and then the doctor will come, and I'll have an extra holiday!

Figaro.—Deputy Atkins, the chairman of the Improvement Committee, informed the Court of Common Council, that he is taking active measures for unveiling the statue of the Prince Consort at the west end of the Viaduct. We shall be happy to lend Deputy Atkins a man [illegible] the statue in four minutes and forty-nine seconds.——[illegible] every one ought to know how to distinguish between those things that are good to eat and those that are [illegible] to the poor.

Hornet.—"Save me from my friends," says Mr Gladstone, "and especially from [illegible]."——We congratulate [illegible] of the Life Guards and his officers upon the result of the examination before Justice King. But what were those gentlemen doing at such a place as the Argyle Rooms which sober?——An unknown quantity—a ton of coals.

A NEW CALIFORNIA MAGAZINE

The "**Oakland Monthly Review**" is its name. Its scope is sufficiently comprehensive, for it is devoted to Literature, Science, Art, Politics, and the Agricultural, Mining, Mechanical, and Commercial Interests of the Pacific Coast." The first number [illegible] a brief entry and an early death. Its [illegible] embracing specimens of the good, bad and indifferent. There are articles on "The Farmer's League," "Its Purpose and Effects," "[illegible]," "The [illegible] System," "The Influence of Character on Republics," "Talk ng Machines," "Utah and the Mormons," "The Seaward [illegible]," "Poetry of the Pacific," together with several editorial poems, and a highly melodramatic, sensational [illegible] "A Threat from the Scaffold." The editorial department, consisting of "[illegible] things" and "Current Events," is on quality [illegible] of the articles are [illegible] and with [illegible] one to literary elegance. There is one poem, "A Prayer For Rain," by Frank Soule, which is about the average for the verse. We would like to quote it entire, but have only space for a single stanza:

> "God! give us rain! to Thee our hearts are crying!
> [illegible] mournful words
> To Thee [illegible] and our [illegible] and [illegible] lying,
> From dust and thirst pleads for the starving herds.
> The [illegible] of the springs of [illegible],
> In thirst and doubt, are dread, men, beasts and birds
> An [illegible] common prayer for "rain"
> God of the tempests! shall they plead in vain!"

Most of the articles are short, some of them [illegible], resembling in style news, apart rather than magazine writing. Upon the whole we do not think that Mr [illegible] regard the *Oakland Review* as a very dangerous rival of the *Overland*. The only story in this number [illegible] but it is a [illegible] the [illegible] of the [illegible] "Short [illegible] Stories" and [illegible] The description of the "[illegible] day," and its incidents is particularly good. The names of the writers of the articles are not given—except in the case of two of the poems, but the publisher announces that Frank Soule, James F. Bowman, Wm. H. Rhodes, [illegible] and William Bausman are among the contributors to the present number. The [illegible] of the initial number of the *Review* are sufficiently [illegible] the fact that it has some eighteen pages of [illegible] advertisements. That ought to console the publishers for any shortcomings in other directions. Probably it does.

A LADY'S CONTEMPT FOR "UNMENTIONABLES."

[*This a letter from our late [illegible] from London, appearing in another part of the News Letter.*]

Mrs Olive Logan, in a speech at the Brooklyn woman's meeting, said: "I reject the trowsers with contempt, and scorn [illegible] a sufficiently red colour [illegible] The truth is they don't like their own custom, and are envious of our laces, jewelry, frills and flowers. "Trowsers, forsooth, trowsers!" Shake not the red colour garment at me. No, so long as we can have our silks, satins and shawls, we refuse [illegible] bifurcated unmentionables. Look at [illegible] you look precisely like monkeys, and I don't wonder that one of your number has written a book showing that animal to be the father of his race." This speech was greeted with laughter and applause.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, from day to day, [illegible] for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, [illegible] issued by the Board of Public Works of said City and County, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California [illegible] Montgomery Avenue," and to take private lands [illegible]

Said bonds are [illegible] of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st [illegible] at the rate of six per cent per annum, payable [illegible] July and the first day of January of each year at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest [illegible] Principal and Interest are payable in [illegible] United States of America.

[illegible] at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable [illegible] United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a [illegible] the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, [illegible] if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds."

[illegible] each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer.

The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 30, 1878.

[illegible], Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.

MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.

April 12] CHAS. HUBERT, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,

Only 37 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by [illegible] twice daily. The [illegible] and Swiss cottages are all new, and [illegible] There is a lake, boats, gardens, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated, [illegible] resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, at [illegible]

April 20 GEO. MELLON, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

MAIN & WINCHESTER.

O. MAIN. E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc. Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept 12

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of [illegible] J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon [illegible] Undeserved [illegible] parts, [illegible] palmed off on [illegible] It is really the finest Whisky in the United States. March 19.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and Fresco PAINTERS [illegible] PAPER HANGERS & GLAZIERS, No. [illegible] Jackson street, between [illegible] and Montgomery, San Francisco. [illegible] and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan 25

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris. [March 27]

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. up stairs, San Francisco. August 7

NEWTON BROTHERS & CO.,

[illegible] NEWTON

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. [illegible] and [illegible] Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS [illegible] THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce. Edward, Smith & Co., Wm Young [illegible] & Co.
Amsterdam—[illegible] & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—[illegible] Freres.
Acapulco—L. H. Hodges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce, Brown, Campbell & Co., Thomas Tarrell, Wayle, Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co., W. J. Hopkins.
Baton—Merchants' Exchange, [illegible] & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins, Merchants Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner, Ed. Gassett, Merchants Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lerasoth & Fils, Barton & Guestier, Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India, Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co., Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce, Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
Constantinople—Hanson Freres, Joseph Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq., English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange, [illegible]
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce, Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Frankfort—M. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufactures.
Guaymas—Black & Co., A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langiry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; [illegible]
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie., Wanner, Langer & Co., Dubois & Co., Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co., Aldrich, Walker & Co., H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq., H. B. Mestones.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange, Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gunn & Co., Rothschilds, Bank of London, Baring Bros. & Co., Drury, Davies & Co., Ek Anstie, M. D., "Public Opinion," "Standard," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—Williamson, Gibbs & Co., Alsop & Co., Heath, Granning & Co., Bates, Stokes & Co., Graham, Rowe & Co., Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce, Exchange Hall, Liverpool General Brokers Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Casa Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, [illegible] Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co., Thomson, Latham & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fils & Co., Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co., Chamber of Commerce, Gilles, Lyman & Co., McCulloch, Sellars & Co.
Madras—Binny & Co., Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Lelechman & Co., Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club, C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co., Peele, Hubbell & Co., Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange, Zimerman, Fair & Co.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

The Navies of Europe.—According to a list published by the *Cologne Gazette*, which [illegible] from authentic sources, England possesses a war navy of 18 vessels, of 2,000 horse power, and 543 [illegible] The [illegible] consists of 11 armor-plated vessels, four plated batteries, and five plated gunboats, of more than 30,000 horse-power, and carry 162 guns. The war navy of Russia counts 15 plated frigates and [illegible] vessels, of 12,000 horse-power and 154 guns. The [illegible] from the Mediterranean fleet ships and 3 plated batteries, with 2,710 horse-power and 91 guns. Germany has a war navy composed of 14 plated frigates of [illegible] horse-power, and 53 guns (not including five plated frigates and 11 plated corvettes of 5,700 horse-power and 44 guns), now in course of construction. The German coastguard fleet consists of 2 turret ships of [illegible] horse-power and 7 guns. The war navy of France is composed of 16 plated frigates and 12 plated corvettes of 17,400 horse-power in all, and carrying [illegible] guns. The French [illegible] squadron contains 11 armored vessels, 15 plated batteries, and 6 rams, of 9,800 horse-power, and carrying 264 guns. Austria has a war navy of 7 plated frigates and 4 casemated ships of 8,120 horse-power, bearing 144 guns. There is no Austrian [illegible] squadron. The Italian war navy consists of 14 plated frigates, 2 plated corvettes, and 1 ram, of [illegible] horse-power and having 198 guns. Turkey has a war navy of considerable strength, composed of 15 large plated war vessels, 9 of which have [illegible] of [illegible] horse-power, in all, and carrying [illegible] guns of the [illegible] Spain has 7 plated frigates of 5,500 horse-power, and 145 guns, while in her coast fleet there are turreted [illegible] with [illegible] power and carrying 9 guns. Finally, the Netherlands [illegible] a coastguard fleet of 22 vessels of various kinds, of [illegible] horse-power, and 114 guns.

The statistics of 1870 show an increasing tendency to suicide throughout America. The percentage was 3.6 per [illegible] In 1860 it was 112, and in 1850 201. [illegible] more than three-fourths being men. [illegible] who have reached maturity, the majority of the cases being confined to the romantic period of life [illegible] Men, on the contrary, [illegible] The [illegible] among the whites [illegible] the blacks [illegible] cheerful, contented disposition of the latter [illegible] The rate is higher in the bustling commercial North than in the more quiet South. But the German and French minds, on [illegible] others appear to be particularly prone to suicide. These nationalities [illegible] as compared with the Irish, and four to one compared with the native American.

Horse Meat appears to have acquired a permanent footing in the popular Austrian [illegible] Statistics of the consumption of this convenient substitute for beef are carefully kept and published in the Vienna papers. According to the *Neue Freie Presse* the slaughter of horses for food in June last amounted to 303, in August to 181, and in September to 221. In the [illegible] quarter no less than [illegible] horses were converted into food. The price at which horse meat is sold is certainly not exorbitant. The fore quarters are quoted at from 12 to 14 kreutzers per lb., the hind quarters at from 14 to 16, the ribs and loins at from 16 to 18 [illegible] at from [illegible] as the [illegible] and [illegible] 1 florin and 20 kreutzers.

An Extraordinary Story of Perversion.—The *Times of India* tells an extraordinary story of [illegible] Mr. R. [illegible] M. [illegible] of the Civil Service, has [illegible] Mahometanism, and marrying a native girl. He has already a Christian wife; his Mahometan one is only fourteen years of age. The [illegible] from the service on account of his change of religion, he [illegible] proved that for bigamy. His Christian wife can, however, obtain a divorce, and the Government can keep him unemployed, thus reducing him to the three hundred a year which a member of the Civil Service is said to be "good for—dead or alive."

Indecency of Ladies' Fashions.—A Mr. Thompson, of Oxford street, London, was indicted at the Middlesex Sessions at the instance of the Society for the Suppression of Vice, for selling certain indecent photographs. The Judge said it appeared to him that, with one exception, there was not a photograph amongst them that could not be found in every shop and on every drawing-room table in the kingdom. He was lately present at the Exhibition of the Royal Academy, where there was a portrait of a lady of high rank, and well known in London society, who had more of her person exposed than could be found in any of the photographs before him.

At the banquet given in the evening by the municipality of Turin, Italy, at the unveiling of the statue of Cavour, to [illegible] the British Minister, Sir Augustus Paget, assured the Italians of the sympathy of England with the Italian cause, and its high admiration of the great statesman who ensured its success. Sir Augustus went on to say that he [illegible] the *Times* with a touching allusion to his predecessor, Sir James Hudson, the old friend of Cavour, who had always admired, loved, and supported him [illegible] Sir Augustus concluded by a cry of "Vive l'Italie!" which roused a loud response of "Viva Inghilterra!" The enthusiasm raised by the British Minister's speech was immense.

Prevailing Vices of Modern Society.—A correspondent states that Canon [illegible] recently preaching at Greenwich, England, denounced most strongly what he regarded as the prevailing vices of modern society, and said a [illegible] at door to a [illegible] he regarded as more vicious than those of former days. The [illegible] were coarse, but those of recent date were more insidious, as they were founded upon adultery, bigamy, elopements and the like.

The Last Excuse of a Milk Adulterator.—An Exeter, England, dairyman was brought up before the magistrates the other day, charged with selling milk, a portion which was liberally mixed with water. As the milk was there, and the fact was [illegible] the presence of [illegible] per cent of water, but the dairyman accounted for it by stating that there was a heavy dew on the grass the cows had cropped just before being milked. The magistrates, however, were unbelieving to the amount of 20s and costs.

From a circular issued by the Silk Association of America we learn that the imports of Raw Silk at New York and San Francisco during the first nine months of the last seven years were as follows:—1866, 1,973 packages, value $1,442,685; 1867, 2,709 packages, value $1,990,[illegible]; 1868, 2,859 packages, value $1,[illegible]; 1869, 3,0[illegible] packages, value $1,854,357; 1870, [illegible] packages, value $1,[illegible]; 1871, 7,97[illegible] packages, value $5,409,[illegible]; 1872, [illegible] packages, value $3,[illegible].

Wholesale Infanticide in New South Wales.—Infanticide must be carried to a fearful extent in Sydney. At a meeting, for the purpose of establishing a Foundling Hospital, a lady stated that she knew of 15 or 16 cases in which young women had come to Sydney for the birth of their children, and had lodged with a certain woman, who nursed them, and dosed their children with laudanum till they died. The murderess got away to California.

The notorious yacht Deerhound has arrived at Plymouth, England, after a most tempestuous voyage across the Bay of Biscay. Her captain, Colonel Travers, states that though during his absence in Spain he fell into hostile hands and suffered two months' imprisonment, he succeeded in accomplishing his mission, 25,000 stand of arms which he took out with him being now safe in Carlist possession.

The failure is announced of Messrs. O. [illegible] Brothers & Co., of Cannon street, London, wine merchants, a firm of about five years' standing, with liabilities of £[illegible], are [illegible] Advices from Lima state the suspension of two firms Messrs. Harmon, Roel & Co., with liabilities for £70,000, and Messrs. Bianchi Brothers & Co., with liabilities for £[illegible], [illegible]

According to a statement in the *Panama Star and Herald*, an understanding has been arrived at between Guatemala, Salvador, and Nicaragua to take possession of Honduras, and divide it between them, on the ground that it is incapable of governing itself.

The English plenipotentiary at the Suez Canal Conference has proposed that the [illegible] rate of transit be [illegible] or about $2.50, per ton, the net tonnage to be ascertained by the English method of measurement.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution Against Fraud. The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the wrapper, labels, stopper and bottle. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against manufacturers and vendors of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps. Also Caps prepared for Central Fire [illegible] Lightest Cartridges, for Breech Loading Central fire Breech Loading Guns. Wire Cartridges for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all Gunmakers and Dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers, Sept. 1] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion. [illegible] Pancreatic Emulsion and Pancreatic Powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable article of food for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and despatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott Thompson & Co.; Bombay, and [illegible] Messrs. Treacher & Co., Kurrachee; Messrs. Budgett & Hughes, Umballa; and Mean Meer, and Lucknow and Simla; Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Cramp, Consumption, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Colic, Spasms, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 1, 1864. Extract from the Medical Times and Gazette, London: "It is strongly to [illegible] the immense value of [illegible] that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most efficacious remedy ever discovered. Caution: To prevent fraud the Government have authorised a stamp with the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 60 cents, $1.40, and $2.25, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. Agents in New York—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO. 15 Franklin street. Ja 11

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them until [illegible] can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s. 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *.*"SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BONBONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, both in appearance and taste, an agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29 Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & Co., corner Battery and Clay sts. San Francisco.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Patentee and the Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES, 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME is on EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendors, purchasers and consumers not only to identify the genuine use of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor in his judgment said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution: "MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For other favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS under the ablest Homœopathic advice aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 10

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 134 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Hawkins & Hobbs, Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Company, and Reed & Barton's Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies:

Girard of Philadelphia	$655,000	Penn. of Philadelphia	$255,000
Alliance of Cincinnati	[illegible]	Kansas of Leavenworth	[illegible]
North Missouri of St. Louis	[illegible]	Atlantic and Pacific of Chicago	250,000
St. Paul, of Minnesota	625,000	National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	1,525,000
Mutual Insurance Association, of New Orleans	[illegible]		

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.
HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents,
August 2. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 433 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $[illegible]. Officers —John H. Redington President; George H. Howard, Vice President; Charles R. Story, Secretary; S. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary. H. H. BIGELOW, General Manager. Directors San Francisco—Geo. H. Howard, F. D. Atherton, H. F. Teschemacher, A. B. Grogan, John H. Redington, A. W. Bowman, C. S. Hobbs, B. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm H. Moor, Geo. S. Johnson, H. N. Tilden, W M. Greenwood, B. L. Jones, Geo S. Mann, Cyrus Wilson, W. H. Foster, Jr., Jos. Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C. Waterhouse, A. P. Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P. Wasserman, B. Goldsmith, L. F. Grover, D. Macleay, C. H. Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J. A. Crawford, D. M. French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager. W. L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D. F. Knight. San Diego—A. H. Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas Carolan, J. F. Houghton, D. W. Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar Manager. [illegible], Secretary. Stockton Branch—H. H. Hewlett, Geo. S. Evans, J. D. Peters, S. M. Orr, W. F. Weber, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H. M. Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, S. M. Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A. Pfister, J. S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N. Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D. Murphy, J. J. Denny, Manager, S. E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W. Sigourney. Feb. 17.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO. OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J. Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N. J. T. Dana, M. J. O'Connor, W. W. Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos Seller, W. C. Ralston, I. Lawrence Pool, A. Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J. Baum, M. D. Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G. Brignardello, [illegible] Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J. H. Baird, T. E. Lindenberger. SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L. A. Booth. MARYSVILLE—[illegible], Peter Decker. PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing. NEW YORK—J. G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G. KITTLE, Vice President.
CHARLES D. HAVEN, Secretary. GEO. T. BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No. 228 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens:
DIRECTORS.—W. W. Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C. F. MacDermot, James M. Barney, C. W. Kellogg, A. W. Jee, Peter Dean, C. J. Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, W. B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, N. D. Thayer, Jas Phelan, Charles Main.
C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G. HORNER, Secretary. May 3.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Insurance Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 34 Merchants Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new Location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,[illegible],000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
WM. MACDONALD, Agent. Nov 21.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,3[illegible]. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. BOOKER, Agent,
(Jan. 11.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of the [illegible] Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital, $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No. 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 18.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco. Nov. 16.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [F. A. HOFMANN.

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 77 Howard street, New York. [July 23.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, [illegible] Angeles. June 13.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 27.

P. O. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Temple and Johnson's Office, Santa Rosa. June 15.

CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED.)
FOR HONGKONG VIA YOKOHAMA.

The magnificent new Clyde built screw Steamship Vasco de Gama, (classed 100 A 1 at Lloyd's, 600 tons register, 2,650 horse power effective), F. Rice, Commander. This fast and powerful vessel—the first of the fleet of the "China Trans-Pacific Steamship Co., Limited"—will leave as above on the 20th January. She has been built expressly for the service between this and China and Japan, and is fitted up most luxuriantly, with all the latest improvements for the comfort and safety of the passengers. The Steamship carries an experienced Surgeon and Stewardess. For freight or passage apply to
Nov. 1. MACONDRAY & CO., Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 2:30 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 6 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:20 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.
For all information apply at the Company's office, 420 Montgomery street.
May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The Steamer Newbern, William Metzger, Master, will sail for the above ports on [illegible] at 12 o'clock, noon, from Vallejo st. Wharf, connecting at the Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the River. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. No freight received for Mexican Ports after 3 P. M. of the day [illegible], and bills of lading for these ports must be accompanied by Custom house and consular clearances. For freight or passage apply to
Oct. 4. [illegible] NORTON, Agent, 416 Front street.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly—Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co. and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
June 14 WM NORRIS, Agent, 1[illegible] Sansome street.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,
CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of
May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 230 California street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Hathaway's wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 10 A.M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets [Oct 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

NOTICE.

Shippers to Santa Barbara and other Coast Ports, are requested not to rely on a paper called "THE GUIDE" for information as to the movements of our vessels. See advertisement in daily papers.
Sept. 20. GOODALL, NELSON & PERKINS, Corner Clay and East sts.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento. W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed is now open. The house is elegantly furnished, and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being [illegible], not like a public hotel, but as it is named an elegant Villa. "THE VILLA" is located at the last or northwestern gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENBERG & CO.,
August 2. Proprietors.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,

Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH,	J. T. GLOVER,
C. T. WHEELER,	W. W. DODGE,
Sacramento.	San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

TO THE COAL TRADE

The Black Diamond Coal Mining Co. have for sale 3,000 tons best quality Wallsend and Waratah Sydney Coal, [illegible] tons Bellingham Bay Coal And are receiving 1,500 tons per month of Black Diamond and other Mount Diablo Coal. Office—Spear street, between Folsom and Harrison.
Nov 15. F. D. CORNWALL, Prest. B. D. C. M. Co.

JAS. LINFORTH. JNO. BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agricultural Implements and Mining Tools,
August 16. Nos. 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
San Francisco. [May 24.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete [May 21.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [G. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 31½ Bush street. Factory, 445 Brannan street. Feb 1.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 415 and 430 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California st. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

JAS. H. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 331 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

NOTICE.

Dr. A. J. Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 622 Clay street. Office Hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Sept. 27.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan 4 No. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS [illegible] THE WORLD:

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson—J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Allianca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co; Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Hawson & Co; Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce, Robert Town & Co, Gilchrist, Watt & Co
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S. S. Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L. Biederman & Co, S. H. Stamois & Co, "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co, Alsop & Co; Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bowman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co, Dent & Co; Russell & Co, Augustine Heard & Co; Chamber of Commerce
Washington (D. C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S. Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F. Bevill; W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

BELGIUM—Consul General—B. Merchange, Grand Hotel. Consul, E. [illegible], N. W. cor Broadway and Sansome.
CHILI—Consul General—F. Segundo Casanueva, U. S. Court Building. Consul—H. Barr. Il het, 324 Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 120 California street.
ECUADOR—Consul—Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
FRANCE—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN—W. L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
GUATEMALA—Consul General—Leslie C. Hanks, 304 California.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul—C. A. C. Dulsenberg, 311 Sacramento.
GREECE—Consul—S. J. Kabath, S. E. cor. California & Sansome.
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—Consul—Henry W. Severance, 405 Front.
HONDURAS—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
ITALY—Consul—G. B. Cerruti, 502 Washington street.
JAPAN—Consul—C. W. Brooks. Acting Consul—Horace D. Dunn.
MEXICO—Consul Manuel Aspiroz, 455 California street.
NETHERLANDS—Consul—J. De Fremery, 310 Sansome street.
NICARAGUA—Consul General—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery st.
COSTA RICA—Consul General—T. Lemmen Meyer, S. W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
PERU—Consul General—F. de la Fuente y Subirat, Lick House.
PORTUGAL—Consul—Francis Berton. Vice Consul—H. Lobley, Swiss American Bank.
SPAIN—Consul—Camilo Martin, 435 California street.
SWEDEN AND NORWAY—Consul—G. O'Hara Taaffe, 120 California.
RUSSIA—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 10 Battery street.
BOLIVIA—Consul—F. Herrera, 331 Montgomery street.
U. S. OF COLOMBIA—Consul—R. Morallos, 10 Washington st.
TURKEY—Consul—Geo W. Gibbs, 23 Battery street.
ARGENTINE REPUBLIC—Consul—C. Baum, 32 Battery street.
SWITZERLAND—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss-American Bank.
AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN EMPIRE—Consul—G. Muecke, 109 California street.
SAN SALVADOR—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

FOLK LORE AND FASHION.

A sleeping beauty in the wood,
Now slumbering on her mossy bed,
Would half a yard of chignon, good,
Have piled aloft upon her head.

On beauty's crown a hair-rick towers,
A thing of grace, O Christian friends!
Adorned with artificial flowers,
And sprigs and shreds and ribbons' ends.

Forms of the smaller *fauna*, some,
Would in her top-knot find a lair;
The little birds and dormice come,
And build and nestle in her hair.
—*Punch*.

EXTRAORDINARY HAUL OF FISH.

An esteemed correspondent, says the *Clonmel Chronicle*, sends us the following account of the visit of an extraordinary shoal of fish to Waterford Harbor, and its results. The "take" of herrings and turbot exceeded anything ever heard of upon that coast:—"During the past few days the harbor of Waterford has been literally alive with fish, and large numbers, not alone of hardy fishermen, but of the peasantry from miles around, have been kept busily engaged in their capture. The shoal of herrings was such as to baffle description. The fish were actually wedged together into one compact mass, and so dense was the living mass that the men could not let out more than half their nets lest the immense weight of fish would break them. The farmers around came with their carts to reap an unexpected harvest, and there was not an available boat or net in Dungarvan, Youghal, or Cork, which was not employed, while baskets, creels, and even cradles were used by many in drawing in the inexhaustible supply. The first Dungarvan fisherman to hear the news, put off at once and arrived shortly after the shoal entered the harbor. In two days he sent his poor wife and family a cheque for £80. The news of his good fortune soon spread, although the local men tried to keep it as secret as possible, and ere long the harbor was crowded with fishing crafts of every description. Two buyers came over from England or Scotland, and bought all they could manage to barrel and cure, thus serving greatly to increase the value of the take. A lighter full of herrings was sent to Ross and the cargo sold by auction. About fifteen boat-loads were brought up to Waterford, and gave much employment in packing the fish and sending it off by steamer; for sixty years old inhabitants say such a quantity of herrings never visited this coast, or fish in as prime condition. There followed in the wake of the shoal a large quantity of turbot, hake, and dogfish; numbers of the herrings were marked with their bite. Four baskets of turbot were received at the railway yesterday for the Dublin market, each weighing half a hundredweight, representing a value of £40. The herrings have now moved off to the Wexford side of the river."

HEROISM OF YOUNG LADIES.

The following cases of remarkable courage have just been brought before the English Royal Humane Society. The first case was that of Miss Olivia Georgiana E. Maude. She saved the life of a girl named Adele Greaven, who sank while bathing at Sea Point, Monkstown, under the following circumstances: Miss Maude and her sister, who had themselves been bathing, were dressed and sitting on the rocks watching the other bathers, when their attention was aroused by an alarming outcry—a girl had disappeared in deep water. No assistance was at hand, no boat or ropes, and even the usual attendants were absent or otherwise engaged. The child soon rose to the surface, but, unable to swim, sank again. She rose a second time, and the bystanders and bathing women, thoroughly alarmed and crying for assistance, were shocked at perceiving that the child's bathing dress had got over her face and head, and that her arms were entangled in it. At this moment Miss Maude leaped into the deep water, dressed as she was, without even taking time to remove her watch, caught the child as she was disappearing the third time, and took her safely to shore. The other case was that of Miss Mary Kerridge, who saved a lad of fifteen named Stewart, who sank while bathing at a town called Wentworth in New South Wales. The boy, it appears, had gone with a companion to bathe in the river Darling, and was carried by a strong current into deep water. Neither he nor his companion could swim, and he cried loudly for help. Miss Kerridge was about a hundred yards off, and, hearing the boy's cries, ran as fast as she could to the spot, plunged into the river with all her clothes on, and caught the lad as he rose the third time. After considerable difficulty, owing to the rapidity of the current, having only one hand at liberty, and her efforts being impeded by the weight of her clothes, she ultimately succeeded in placing the lad in safety. The Royal Humane Society bestowed medals for saving life, with suitable testimonials, on each of the young ladies.—*Glasgow Mail*.

ECONOMY IN THE USE OF BESSEMER STEEL.

Mr. Thomas Brassey, in an address delivered at a meeting of the Social Science Association at Norwich, 1873, states upon the authority of Mr. Bessemer, that the average quantity of coal required to make one ton of pig iron is about two tons. Two tons of coal to convert one ton of pig iron into iron railway bars. To produce one ton of steel rails by the old process of making steel at Sheffield, a total consumption of 10 tons, 8 cwt. of coal is required; and the conversion of iron bars into blistered steel occupies from 18 to 20 days. To make Bessemer steel from pig iron into steel rails consumes 1 ton, 8 cwt. of coal. But to form a correct estimate of the economy in the employment of steel instead of iron for railways, we must compare the life of each; for instance, at the London and Northwestern Station, at Crewe, the iron rails are so rapidly worn that they require to be reversed in four months, each rail being completely worn out in eight months. Bessemer rails used at this station, after being in constant use for seven years, were removed in consequence of re-building the station, one side of the rail only having been used, and this not quite worn out—showing the duration of the Bessemer rail to be fourteen years, against eight months for the iron rail, and consumption of 1 ton, 8 cwt. of coal in the steel, against 20 tons of coal in the iron. The employment of steel rails is important not only in the saving of fuel, but in the labor required constantly to lay and relay the iron rails, as well as in the interruption to travel, an important item when the traffic is heavy.—*Practical Magazine*.

A FRUGAL BANQUET.

A Masonic Banquet recently took place at the Cannon Street Hotel, London, which deserves notice. After the usual lodge work was done, the members of the "Great City" Lodge of Freemasons adjourned to their banquet room, where, instead of the accustomed sumptuous dinner, there was spread a frugal meal of bread and cheese and ale. The Worshipful Master presided, and all the officers and visitors partook of the repast; and, when the cloth had been removed, the president explained to the visitors that the lodge had determined to give up one banquet (which cost between £50 and £60), and to give the amount thus saved to the charity fund of the lodge. Most of the visitors spoke, and expressed themselves as highly delighted with the novel banquet, and the members were so gratified at the unexpected success of the experiment that it was proposed to give up four out of six of the monthly banquets, and so increase the charitable fund to the extent of about £200. The proposal was well received, and after the usual toasts had been duly honored the list went round for individual subscriptions to the Masonic Benevolent Institution, when about £30 was subscribed and more promised.

Latest News from Dr. Livingstone.—CAPE COAST CASTLE, Oct. 9th. The Grandy expedition has passed safely through this district, where their passage had been disputed, under an escort from the King of St. Salvador. It was reported among the natives at St. Salvador that Dr. Livingstone was in the interior about thirty or forty miles from that place. Diamonds of fine water have been discovered near a place called Sooke, ninety-five miles up the Kongo river.

Two New York 'bus drivers, taking a drink on the company's money, discussed a visit one of them had paid to Wood's Museum. "Jim," said one, "I see a mummy there 3,000 years old." "Hold hard, brother," replied his friend, "drop a few years, it's only 1873 now."

An old lady from Maine called recently at the Boston Conservatory, to enter her granddaughter as a pupil, saying she had timed her in Thalberg's "Sweet Home," to two minutes and fifty seconds.

TO TAXPAYERS.

The delay, confusion and annoyance experienced by you during the last week or two prior to Taxes becoming delinquent, is occasioned by your own procrastination in procuring your Tax Bills. To avoid this, furnish the office with memoranda of your property, which can be done through the Postoffice, if more convenient, and your bills will be made out and ready for you when you call, or, if you so request, sent to your address. This being done, examine your bills, and if found correct, enclose check drawn to order, and when collected, receipted bills will be sent to you. By doing this you will greatly facilitate business in the Tax Collector's office and save your own time. Until further notice, the office will be open to receive Taxes EVERY SATURDAY EVENING, from 7 until 9 o'clock, for the convenience of those whose time is occupied during the day. Taxes remaining unpaid on the FIRST MONDAY IN JANUARY, 1874, will be delinquent, and five per cent., in accordance with law, will be added thereto.
Respectfully, A. AUSTIN, Tax Collector.
San Francisco, Nov. 24, 1873. Nov 29.

TAXES! TAXES!—1873-74.

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Assessment Book of the Taxable Property of the City and County of San Francisco (REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY) for the Fiscal Year 1873-74 has this day been received, that the State, City and County Taxes for said Fiscal Year are now due and payable at the office of the undersigned (Room No. 1 City Hall), and that the laws in regard to their collection will be strictly enforced. Taxes will become Delinquent on the FIRST MONDAY in January, 1874, and unless paid prior thereto, five per cent. will be added to the amount thereof. A. AUSTIN,
Nov. 1. Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

WIDENING OF OLD SAN JOSE ROAD
From Twenty-third to Twenty-sixth street, in the City and County of San Francisco.

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Report and Assessment in the matter of the widening of the Old San Jose Road, from Twenty-third to Twenty-sixth street, has this day been placed in my hands for collection. Assessments thereon are now due and payable. ALEX. AUSTIN,
Nov. 22. Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

JAMES GILBERT HURLE.

If James Gilbert Hurle (of Dundee), Engineer, San Francisco, Cal., or his widow, or children (if any) will communicate with DAVID DUNCAN, Jr., Solicitor, Dundee, Scotland, they will receive payment of the legacy left Mr. Hurle by his brother, and any one furnishing Mr. Duncan with authentic information of the death or present residence of Mr. Hurle or any other of the above parties, will be suitably rewarded. Nov. 21.

A. J. SANBORN.] **SANBORN & BYRNES,** W. A. BYRNES.

Stair Builders and Turners, Mechanics' Mill, Mission street, bet. First and Fremont, San Francisco. All kinds of Plain and Fancy Turning, Circular, Band, and Scroll Sawing. Orders from the Country for Stair Material promptly attended to. Nov. 24.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares; Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc.; Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts; Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St. Louis, etc.; Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17.]

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the Junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 600 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7 A. J. GAMBILL.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Veuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30 MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

NOTICE.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City Hall, San Francisco, Nov. 14, 1873.—The Report of the Board of Public Works in the matter of the [illegible] OF MONTGOMERY AVENUE, having on this fourteenth day of November, 1873, been finally approved and confirmed by the County Court of the city and county of San Francisco, notice is hereby given that the said Board is now prepared to deliver MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS to all persons for damages awarded to them in amounts equal to the damages awarded for lands taken and improvements thereon. WM. ALVORD,
H. S. TIBBEY, Secretary. [Nov. 22.] President of the Board of Public Works.

CUTTING & CO,
PACKERS AND DEALERS IN CANNED SALMON.

Manufactory—Columbia River, Oregon. Office and Salesroom—115 Front street,
Nov. 21. San Francisco.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general Brewing and Malting business, under the firm name and style of MERRIFIELD & ROSENER. Office and Brewery, corner of Eleventh and Folsom streets, San Francisco. E. MERRIFIELD,
San Francisco, October 1, 1873. [Nov. 1.] LEVI ROSENER.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov 16. Portland, Maine.

F. W. VAN REYNEGOM. JNO. H. DICKINSON.

VAN REYNEGOM & DICKINSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, 502 Montgomery st., cor. Sacramento (Rooms 13 and 15), San Francisco. Nov 8.

WANTED.

A Situation as Bookkeeper, Collector, or Copyist, by one thoroughly competent, with the best of references. Address,
Nov. 8. J. R. COKER, No. 430 Sansome street.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street over Bank of California. Nov 15.

FOR BRIGHT'S DISEASE

Try Bethesda Spring Mineral Water. Sure Cure. Depot, No. 330 Sutter street. Nov 29.

LOUPE & HAAS,

Importers and Wholesale Grocers, have removed to corner of California and Davis streets, one block below their former location. Dec. 6.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 3.

DEMON KISSES.

Together they stand on the height, while the sun in his glory is setting,
She tender and fair and brown, he swarthy and tall and strong,
Living but in the time that is, and that was, all that may be forgetting,
Hearing now and but there two low tones and the nightingale's evening song

But the face of her lover is shadowed though red with the glare of the sun,
And his form begins to tremble, as if from excess of pain,
And she sees in his deep black eyes the light she has often feared would come,
And she feels the increasing strength of his touch, and the beat of each swelling vein.

A moment her heart in her bosom leaped, and her sweet face grew deadly pale,
She knew that her demon lover too long had delayed to depart,
She knew the great evil that he bore her could be of no avail,
The evil spell had him bound in chains, and his clutch held the strings of her heart.

Then lifting her lips to his lowering face, she, kissing him tenderly, said:
Mine is the fault you have stayed so long but sorrowful you will be
When the wicked charm that enfolds you now, with to-morrow's light has fled,
And you know that the form you have loved so well, you never again shall see."

"I feel no sorrow, I am but glad to die by the strength of your arm,
You love me not, you do not know you are sending me down to death
Ah! cruelest of lovers, what can strength there be in the fatal charm,
One more presence of lip to lip, my love, though I die by your scorching breath."

* * * * * * * *

He cannot hear her, he sees her not, what matter her cries to him?
The madness of hell is upon him as he crushes her close to his breast,
And his lips are wet with the blood of her heart, as he rends her limb from limb,
But the deed he does, though he know it not, shall never allow him rest.

T. A. H.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

California.—*The Geneva Cross* has drawn good houses throughout the week and there seems to be a probability of public interest remaining fresh in it for some time. We consider *The Geneva Cross* one of the prettiest and most sensible plays that has been put on the stage for a long time, and Mr Geo F Rowe deserves great credit for the skill evinced in building up such a healthy and wholesome play, a play in which the dialogue is not simply a coarse piece of thread on which to string incidents, but a continuation of sharp, sparkling conversation, that is very seldom wearisome and often brilliant. The play is put on the boards of the California in exceedingly good style, the scenery is at all times appropriate, and with the exception of the third act almost entirely new. This third act, by the bye, is the weakest of the whole four and is a pretty fair example of profound bathos and pathos, the only redeeming feature being the little bit of acting so sadly true to life, by Miss Wynn as "Fanette the little mulatto." The characters that call for special remark are few. First of course, stands Miss Annie Graham, as "Gabriele," a character that is especially suited to her. She is weak at times in the first act, but in the concluding three particularly impressive and impassioned. There are several good people, and very many bad about Mr M...'s "Il...do Bourg," but, on the whole, the occasional glimpses of fire he shows, and general good conception of the part, more than overbalance his too patent affectations in manner and dress. Mr Edwards makes the most of "Mathew Moneau," a character unsuited to him, and Williamson's "Cornichet" is as far below mediocrity as his "Me too Moss" was above it.

Opera House.—An entire change of bill this week. First came the capital comedy of *Kind to a Fault*, which brings Miss Lee on the stage after her voluntary retirement. As "Jennie," she is bright and full of fun and chic, but we have liked her much better in other characters, particularly in *The Happy Couple* and *Delicate Dune*. Mr Burnett, on the other hand, pleased us more as "Frank the dawdy" than in anything he has yet given us. He looked and acted the very reality of the literal man, "kind to a fault." John Howson, as "Parker," was unusually good, and in the drunken scene extremely funny. We must not forget to mention the "Jessie" of Miss Vavasour, a beginner, a part played prettily, with evident care, and certainly to better perfection. Miss Isabelle Everman as "Mrs Drewitt," was at all times pleasing and graceful. Off which a trio operatta of *Sixty-six*, in which Miss Graham and Messrs Arnold and Keleher appeared to advantage, closed the bill. We liked the operatta exceedingly, not only for its own pretty, light music, but because it gave Miss Graham an opportunity to introduce "Home, Sweet Home," a song which she sings nearly to perfection.

Next week, *Fra Diavolo* is to be put on, with a strong cast. On Monday evening Mr J A Arnold, the stage manager and baritone of the troupe, takes a benefit, and all those who have so often found pleasure in listening to his magnificent voice, giving his good action, and commend one the capital way in which everything has been put upon the stage, will surely certainly come and give him a bumper. Monday evening, remember, *Fra Diavolo*.

Alhambra.—Capital business at the house this week, because of a capital bill. Rose Jennings once more sings the favorite, "You and I," and is nightly encored. The old *Second Hand Hotel* is brought to the fore again, and, as everybody seems to enjoy it, brought wisely. *At Play* is new and exceedingly funny. Kate Weaver continues to be a wonderful favorite, with her inexhaustible stock of pocket handkerchiefs and budget of songs. *Where is my Boy* concluded a bill on the whole as good as any given. Last evening Little Mac took his benefit when an extra bill was presented, and a jammed house attested the hold the gigantic Ethiopian has upon the hearts of the public.

A new Christmas piece, by Fred Lyster, founded on "Gabriel Grub" (Dickens Christmas stories) will be brought out at the Olympic Theater, N. Y., during the holidays.

Miss Minnie Walton will play in the Fifth Avenue company during the holidays.

ELSEWHERE.

Mr John McCullough's engagement in Cleveland brought out one of the most fashionable audiences of the season. His personation of "Othello" was pronounced by critics and audience to be a most scholarly and able performance, eliciting at times the greatest enthusiasm.——Holman's Opera House, Toronto, will be opened about Christmas, and he'll open Opera House, at the same place, about March 1st.——Little Nell, the "California Diamond," made her bow at Washington on the 24th ult., from the Opera House stage.——Owen Marlowe, lately a member of the New Park Theater, Brooklyn, appears as a realist at Robinson's Hall next Friday evening. He styles his selections "Gems."——The proposed engagement of the Aimee Opera Bouffe Troupe here will not be consummated this season. The troupe have been doing so well in Havana that they will remain in Cuba as long as it pays.——Mr Joseph Jefferson will be among the first attractions at the Varieties, New Orleans, under John T Raymond's management.——Miss Charlotte Thompson and company will be at Wilmington, Delaware, December 27th and 28th.——Miss May Howard paused in her journey towards the rising sun at Denver, for two weeks ending to-day.——Lydia Thompson and her merry maidens will spend the Christmas holidays in St. Louis.

"Elite."—Bradley & Rulofson, long the recognized leaders in Photography, have again distinguished themselves by a notable advance in their beautiful art. With lavish hands and liberal brains, they are ever delighting and astonishing the "Elite," who constantly throng their establishment. Their last development is an improvement in their steam roller, which produces a beautiful "satin finish" on their Photographs superior to anything heretofore produced. Great honor to whom it is due. These gentlemen have secured at tremendous expense, is an art at with equal in California, and his crayon and water colors appeal to a truly cultivated taste. Too much cannot be said in praise of the taste, skill and enterprise of this firm, and we advise our friends to make home happy during the holidays by securing a gem of art from their hands.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be understood that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion as to the truth of their contents. We open our columns to all without leaving it to the writer to decide for the publication of articles of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

AN APPEAL TO THE CLERGY.

Mr. Editor:—As a begotten son and pious clergyman, as a devout parson, as a holy vessel of the Lord, as a consecrated heart-stirring instrument of Jehovah, as an unselected Sunday converting seeker of sinners, I deem it my Christian duty, unmindful of mud and trial, to enter a solemn and dignified protest against the wicked, impious and insidious innovations which are being introduced into the average orthodox sermon by the parson preacher of the day. It is with feelings of rage, shame and indignation, mingled with a gentle sorrow for my sacred calling, that I feel called upon, as a man of God, to thus publicly protest against the unseemly levity and disrespect with which our holy religion, with all its sacred concomitants, is treated every Sabbath, by a well-fed and fast growing religious clergy. I sorrow for the good old days when the wild clamor of hot rowdy mysteries ... about our saintly forms ... when the cloak of religion enveloped us in the simple fold, hiding the errors and deformities of our sanctified persons from the vulgar gaze of the common herd. In those blissful and never-to-be-forgotten days, we ate of fat, we had all the whole meat on the turkey, our toast was buttered on both sides, we prayed in secret, over our cold duck and New England rum. In those happy days, we retired to the sacred seclusion of our library, lighted a cheerful fire, soothed our inner man and braced the nerves of our corporeal being with a quart of mulled port, closed the shutters, drew down the heavy silk curtains, sat in a half drowsy sitting, in the hearth of the dinner and then wrestled manfully with the spirit of evil in combating, the bewitching glances and tender tears of some pious devoted votary, who, with mistaken fervor in her religious zeal, had compounded the worship of the Deity with love for his spiritual adviser.

Dear happy days, forever flown, Those love-feasts of the soul are o'er,
We never shall see their like again, I miss the place where I sat
When, like a monarch on his throne, And did sweet consolation pour,
The parson swayed the minds of men, Like the soft purring of a cat.

But these are degenerate times. Look at the preacher of to-day, he has reached the lowest level of a fashionable fop, with a gilded exterior covering a soulless automaton, an article of trade and traffic, a being of many words and few ideas. But what hurts me is, that the vain and conceited enthusiast is spoiling our business. Instead of sticking to the legitimate drama of the judgment days, and thundering hell and damnation from his consecrated stage, and flashing on the affrighted gaze of his astonished hearers sheets of flame, fire and brimstone, with a blissful heaven in the far-off back-ground for favored ones who love their deacons, he prates of politics like Kipp, or starts a trading post like Hemphill, or opens a fair like Stone, or turns renegade like Duncan, or, like Platt the latest importation, of Grace Church, he tells his congregation to treat ... as an article of trade, to look at it with a financial eye to take the pecuniary investment that will pay ... debts, or, like Cox bowing around everywhere, trading himself off for anything he can get and so on to the end of the chapter. Against all this I enter my earnest protest. I raise my warning voice. Brethren beware! Step while you are on praying ground. Don't lift the thin veil of sanctity from our roof in the situation! Don't raise the ample folds of our religious cloak and permit the gaze of the great unwashed to rest on the mouldering skeleton within! Don't strip off the romance from religion, or they'll ... the impregnable foundation of our stupendous fiction. Have some respect, my brethren for this time-honored usage. Don't cast adrift the fast anchored hopes of millions. If they have booked on to a myth, don't tell them so, they will never know the difference. Don't make religion common, don't peddle it about the streets in connection with old rope, ... brooms, rails, soap-fat and saw-dust. Don't auction it off in a frescoed cathedral from a velvet-lined pulpit, like the calls in a stock board. Keep your eye shut, ... don't tell the shell, they will never know how rotten it is inside. Stick to your first love, promise to satisfy the longing desire of the semi-mortal with a bower of ... and the cupidity of the cunning world with streets of gold and a sapphire throne, shine the brilliant diamond ... at the ... stand ... with awe, give them the ... the whole life ... and ... let ... make them swallow it, and the good things of this world are ours once more, fat goose, cold duck, bright eyes, and our salaries secured. We'll be happy yet. 'Tis well. Amen.

Yours, hopefully, THE PARSON.

THE OAKS, December, 1873.

Hampstead, London, Nov. 16th, 1873.—Ed News Letter. An "Olive Harper" has been ... all the about me to some of her European letters to the journals which employ what she is, ... to call her ... but it becomes important to her that I ... against her ... doing ... not ... I, ... therefore, I beg you will insert the following letter, which, I believe, will need no explanation. Very truly yours, A. G. BIERCE.

London, May 23d, 1873.—DEAR MADAM It would be a favor to Mrs. (or Miss) "Harper" if you would kindly intimate to her, in any way you like, that I hope she will not do me the doubtful honor of calling. Perhaps when she shall have associated long enough with the nobility and tradespeople, her manners will improve, and her conversation acquire a little decency, a propos with the... *Le ...* vulgar. I trust this will not offend you. If it does I shall be very sorry. I cannot imagine the woman is a friend of yours. Anyhow, it is better you should hear it from me than to have my servant shut the door in her face. I shall be glad to see you at my lodgings at any time, when you are sure of a hearty welcome. I am, very truly yours, A. G. BIERCE.

Joaquin Miller, B. Muse in ...

A DODGE FOR THE ART ASSOCIATION.

Editor News Letter—Sir:—A ... of the modesty displayed by the chaste Art Association of this city in regard to the casts of statuary on exhibition, I ... suggest for their future guidance the plan adopted by the janitor at West Point a number of years ago. There were several casts of the statues at the academy which the Superintendent desired to show his lady friends, but they were figures of men, and stood adorned with the gifts of Nature which ... shock our Association, and as the worthy Superintendent could not ask ladies to look upon such statues, he directed the janitor to drape the statues so as to hide the delicate features. Imagine his astonishment when he entered the room with his ladies to find Pat had cut the thumbs from some box gloves and therewith *draped* the statues, so that the purest and most modest could gaze without shame.

Yours, SCULPTOR.

One of the first places the stranger visits when in Paris is the Palais Royal, where all the charms of Parisian manufacture are so tempting y displayed. Few there are, indeed, who can withstand the temptation to purchase, and no wonder. San Francisco has its own Palais Royal, in the shape of Messrs. C. Lawton & Co.'s magnificent store, on Market street, Grand Hotel Block. Articles of bijouterie and vertu, innumerable and beautiful, crowd the place. Delicate ormolu goods, classic bronzes, artistic vases, graceful jardinieres and clocks of every imaginable shape, size and pattern, make the place an Exhibition in miniature. For choosing a holiday present from, the place is unrivaled.

One of the great evils of pianos now-a-days, is that they so quickly get out of tune, and anything worse than a piano out of tune we cannot imagine. Now the Weber Pianos have the peculiarity of remaining in tune longer than any other pianos manufactured, and on this ground alone should claim superiority over all others. Besides this they have numberless good qualities which are cordially allowed by those who have the good fortune to possess a Weber Piano. Messrs. Sherman & Hyde are the agents in San Francisco, and the stock they keep is a rich and varied one, indeed.

For the Holidays.—Pollock & Jenn offer many novelties in their line, which are well worthy of inspection. No 421 Montgomery street.

KENNEDY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No 505 California st, above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,
French Cassimeres
and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for them from selected samples.

Mr K engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments.
[May 31]

Stuart Soldon Wright,
ATTORNEY
AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW
OFFICES
Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., upstairs.
Aug 9

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries.

Butter, Cal, fresh ℔	60@	70
Cheese, Cal	10@	25
Honey	25	30
Eggs, ℔ doz	50@	65
Lard, ℔	16@	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16@	20
Cranberries ℔ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish ℔	2@	
Lima Beans, ℔	8@	10
Tomatoes, ℔	4@	5
Onions, ℔	3@	5
Squashes, ℔	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℔	2@	3
Cabbages each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	15
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	10@	15
Celery, ℔ doz	75@1	00
Beets, ℔ doz	20@	25
Turnips, ℔ doz	20@	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz	20@	25
Radishes, ℔ doz	20@	25
Green Peas, ℔	6@	8
String Beans, ℔	5@	8
Apples, ℔	12½@	
Pears, ℔	8@	
Peaches, ℔	6@	15
Pine Apples each	50@1	00
Figs, Cal dried, ℔	12½@	25
Dates, ℔	8@	12
Oranges, ℔ doz	75@1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	6@1	50
Limes ℔ doz	25@	
Chickens, each	75@87½	
Quail, ℔ doz	2 25@2	50
Turkeys, ℔	22@	25
Geese, ℔ pair		00
Ducks, ℔ pair	1 50@1	75
Rabbits, ℔ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	30@	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	75@1	00
Clams, ℔ 100	75@	
Mussels, ℔ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	15@	
Salmon, fresh, ℔	25@	30
Codfish, ℔	25@	
Rockfish ℔	20@	
Smelts, ℔	15@	20
Tomcod, ℔	25@	30
Sturgeon, ℔	6@	8
Flounders, ℔	25@	
Halibut, ℔	35@	45
Perch, ℔	10@12½	
Shrimps, ℔	15@18¾	
Anchovies, ℔	8@	10
Soles, ℔	60@	75

E. S. TIBBEY,
Stock Broker,
No 6 LEIDESDORFF ST.
Aug 9

H. F. Williams & Co.,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS,
ROOM 10,
STEVENSON'S BUILDING,
SOUTHWEST CORNER OF
California and Mont. sts.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
Aug 23

BIZ.

The Rain Fall for the season is 7.51 inches to December 11th, same time in 1872, 2.77, same time in 1871, 4.02. This is cheering to the husbandman, and gives promise of a golden harvest of grain and gold for 1874. The snow upon the tops of the mountains is deep, and this will give vitality to the Summer streams to benefit the mines. The heavy water fall thus early in the season will enable Placer miners to prosecute their search for gold with renewed zest. All industrial interests on the Pacific slope receive a wonderful impetus from this timely and bountiful rain, extending from San Diego on the south, up to the extreme northern boundary of the State. The rain fall at Los Angeles is said to be 6.75 inches, this is something remarkable, and yet, perhaps not more so than six inches of snow at Sacramento, or 14 inches of the same at Calistoga, and so of many other towns and cities where snow was unknown before to fall. Surely, the season thus far has been a remarkable one, and the tillers of the soil are determined to improve the opportunity to the best advantage. An immense range of virgin land will be broken up at once, and brought under cultivation. Wheat will be sown in greater quantities than ever before, besides more attention will be given to Cotton and Tobacco.

The San Francisco Candle Company seems to be unfortunate. A few months since the factory building was burned down, and since it had been running but a few weeks successfully, when an explosion of some of the minor machinery took place, which will cause a suspension of manufacture for perhaps thirty days. The company fully expect to supply this market in 1874 with 100,000 boxes of Grant's stearic acid Candles of standard quality. At the time of the explosion they were making 100 boxes per day. The Mission Candle Factory is yet in operation and for their ... 17@17½c obtained for Soap Wax and 25c for their Chemical Wax. Of Emery's Eureka brand stock 13,000 boxes sold the past sixty days at 12c, and the price now advanced to 12½@13c.

Hongkong advices of November 27th quote California Flour in quarter sacks at $1 55, which is a rise of 20c. The Pacific Mail Steamship Company charges $7 per ton freight on Flour for the Alaska, hence December 16th.

The Columbia River, Oregon, is now closed by ice. This will place a temporary embargo upon exports of Wheat and Flour from that State, and cut off an important line of our trade with the Oregonians.

Rice Movement.—There has been considerable business done here recently in the way of purchases of Japan table Rice at low rates, with a view to a concentration of this article. Price, 4¾@4⅞c, now held at 5¼c. The stock of all other kinds is large, say 15,000 pockets.

The Coal market shows a decided improvement. Australian has been advanced to $12 @12 50 for cargo lots; Lehigh is scarce, and so also is West Hartley, and both are worth $17 50; English and Scotch Steam command $11@12 from ship. The recent cold and damp weather has largely increased the home consumption of coal and this draws heavily upon Bellingham Bay and Coos Bay supplies, as also those of Lehigh, West Hartley, and Wallsend, Cumberland rules high, say $27 50 in casks. Black Diamond and other California Mount Diablo Coals are in large demand at $8 25 for coarse, $7 35 for screenings. This latter article is very generally used by our molders and others for steam purposes, and that, too, in preference to the Lump Coal, the same kind of coal in England and Scotland is considered refuse, but here all is utilized to good advantage.

Cheap Meats.—Eastern Sugar Cured Hams of standard brands, last season's packing, are now being sold here by the car-load at 11@12c ℔ ℔, Bacon sides, 10@11c. Shoulders, 7¾c, Lard, 14c.

Government Contracts.—We note recent purchases by the Government of 525 bbls prime Mess Pork at $15 45, 250,000 ℔s extra clear Bacon at 12 9-10@12 2-10c ℔ ℔, and 15,000 ℔s Eastern Cured Hams, new crop, at 14 7-10c.

Whalemen's Stores have recently been purchased here to the amount of $25,000, including Ship Bread in quantities, 150 bbls Mess Beef at $9, 100 bbls Extra prime Pork at $16 50, 20 bbls clear Pork at $20 50, and 50 half bbls do. $11.

Freights are Higher.—Wheat engagements to Liverpool are now ruling at £3 5s 6d, to the United Kingdom, £3 12s 6d, to Havre, £3 17s 6d. This is an important advance, and is somewhat encouraging to ship owners. There is considerable disengaged tonnage in this port, but vessels in berth have commendable dispatch considering the inclement weather of the month.

Wheat and Flour Exports.—Since December 1st the following vessels have been dispatched with Wheat and Flour to the United Kingdom and France:

Cleared	Name of Vessel.	Destination.	Wheat, ctls.	Value.
Dec 4	Antoinette Accame	Queenstown	22,332	$ 44,000
Dec 4	*Altcar	Liverpool		148,270
Dec 4	Admiral Fitzroy	Cork	11,113	20,200
Dec 5	Malabar	Queenstown	16,819	33,700
Dec 6	Charles Dalling	Queenstown	19,729	81,400
Dec 6	Golden Fleece	Liverpool	29,317	97,135
Dec 6	Neptune	Liverpool	15,000	30,500
Dec 10	Grand Duchess	Liverpool	42,452	85,000
Totals since December 1st	8 vessels		311,724	$ 715,025
Previously since July 1st	121 vessels		1,721,234	9,133,817
Totals since July 1st, 1873	131 vessels		3,934,758	$9,748,842
159 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with			1,681,627	7,735,865
24 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with			617,225	1,613,668
92 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with			2,641,...	5,030,680
113 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with			1,121,787	7,...

* Also bbls Flour

There are now on the berth 25 vessels, having a registered tonnage of 31,464 tons. In giving this table of values, we remark that it includes many shipments of Flour not included in the column of Wheat centals, which, if reduced to Wheat, would lessen the apparent difference in quantity as compared with previous seasons. The Flour shipments from July 1st to Dec 9th, aggregate 233,000 bbls, which is a considerable increase over like shipments in years past.

The Breadstuff market continues quite animated. The sales of extra Flour for the United Kingdom are of considerable importance. Price, $6 50@6 75. Extra silk dressed, Golden Age and Golden Gate command $7 from the local trade, superfine Flour for Hongkong, $5 75@5 ℔ bbl. Wheat is in active demand, with large sales within the range of $2 25@2 35 ℔ ctl. Barley is firm at $1 45@$1 65 for feed and brewing. Oats sell at $1 55@1 85. Corn commands $1 50@$1 60, Rye, $1 75@1 80, Potatoes, $1@1 10, do sweet, $2@2 50 ℔ 100 ℔s, Beans, 2½@4c. Hides (dry) 17@18c, wet salted, 8½@9c, tallow, 6¾@7½c. Wool is in active request at 12½c for Burry, 16@18c for average good to choice fleece, Fall clip, 18@20c, extra choice, 22½c. Sales for the week, 1,250,000 ℔s.

The Spirit market is active, as is customary at this season of the year. French Cognac Brandy seems to be largely superseded and displaced by Old Kentucky Bourbon—a decided preference being given to that of the genuine J. H. Cutter Whisky. Many mistake the brand, and buy an imitation article made in this city. Hotaling is the agent for the Simon pure, on Jackson street.

The Wine market is more active as the Holiday season advances. Piper Heidsieck leads here as in New York, yet Landsberger's California Sparkling has a strong hold upon consumers. As for still Wines, there are none better than those of H Gerke's, his White and Red Wines are indeed choice, and ought to be found on every connoisseur's table. They are equal, if not superior, to the French, and cost less. We note the purchase of 135 pipes French Claret (cover wine), at 60@65 cents.

Quicksilver is without change in value. The supply at present is below trade requirements, and now that the roads in the interior are almost impassable, since the late heavy rains, receipts will be small. Price, $1 20.

Sugar Imports.—Two cargoes of raws received. The Fanny, from La Union, brought upwards of 700,000 ℔s Central American, and this was purchased by the Bay Refinery. The Favorita's cargo of 4,512 bags, from Callao, has not yet been placed. The San Francisco and Pacific Refinery will soon close for its usual annual settlement and for repairs. The California is carrying a large stock of raws, and is under full headway supplying the trade with all kinds of white refined, at current rates of 11¾c, and yellow coffees 10c. Hawaiian raws are in light stock, prime grocery grades command 9@10c. There is considerable China refined here, from the Hongkong refinery, that is at present held above the market. One of our refineries is shipping about 10,000 gallons Golden Syrup to Valparaiso upon a venture. Price here in bbls, 47½c, half bbls, 50c, kegs, 55c ℔ gallon.

Salt.—The stock of Liverpool has now become reduced to less than 500 tons, and during the current year over 2,000 tons of this kind were consumed here. This is a much greater quantity than ever before used here in a single year, owing, we suppose, to the very low prices ruling. The whole business has, however, been done at a loss.

The Coffee Market is strong, thus far during December, 3,250 bags Greens taken for Chicago and St Louis, at something less than 22c for Central American. The price now held higher for prime Costa Rica. A few hundred bags Kona, from Honolulu, sold at 22c, which is an advance. Old Government Java is held at 30c.

The Borrowdale's cargo of 1,000 tons Wheat and 1,000 extra Flour, now loading at Vallejo Starr Mills, has been purchased by the resident agent of a French miller at full rates.

Raisins from Spain.—The finest Malaga fruit ever brought to this market is now on sale at Castle Brothers, Front street. We allude particularly to the flat quarter boxes of Loyal and Layers, put up in fancy style. At the same store can be had Bunch and Muscatel Raisins, Citron, Currants, Spices, etc., and the largest and finest assortment of Teas, Coffee, Sugar, etc., to be found in the city at wholesale.

CALIFORNIANS ABROAD.

Paris.—Henry L. Breed, Hotel Splendide, Miss Jessie D. Carr, Hotel Byron, Dr. and Mrs. H. D. Cogswell, 29 Rue Caumartine; Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Hewston, 61 Av. Josephine; Mr. & Mrs. C. F. MacDermot, 61 Av. Josephine; Mr & Mrs. W. A. Macondray and family, Grand Hotel; C. W. Main, 61 Avenue Josephine; D. O. Mills and family, Hotel Splendide, Mrs. J. B. and Miss Jennie Ritter, Hotel Splendid, Mrs C. G. Sheldon, 143 Boul Malesherbes, Alex Weill and family, Hotel Beaufort. NICE. Alex. Martin, Grand Hotel. LONDON. Mr and Mrs J. C. Bateman, 11 St George's Terrace, E. H. Shaw, 8 St George's Place, C. W. Stoddard, 11 Museum street, J. Wedderspoon, Langham Hotel.—*American Register.*

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, December 12, 1873.—Gold opened at 109½, 11 A. M. at 109⅞, 3 P. M. at 110. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 112¾, 1867, 115⅞. Sterling Exchange, long, at 108½. Pacific Mail, 38¾. Quicksilver Mining Company, 27. Wheat, $1 75@1 90 steady. Pork, 15½, strong. Cotton, 15¾. Hides dry, 24@24½, green, 13. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 45@$1 50, fair demand. Winter Bleached, $1 65@1 70; Whale, strong, 56@65, quiet. Winter Bleached, 67@71c. Wool: Spring, fine, 26@27c, Burry, 22@26c, Pulled, 35@50c. Fall Clip, 24@28c, Burry, 17@23c.
LONDON, Dec 12.—Liverpool Wheat Market 11s 9d@12s 5d. Club, 12s 3d@11s. United States Bonds, 92¾. Consols, 91¾@92, ac, 92, 92¾.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS	PRICES
Pig Iron, Scotch, No 1	$45 00 @ 50 00
Bar Iron, assorted, ℔ ℔	5 @ 6
Muntz Sheathing, ℔ ℔	— 24 @ — 25
Tin Plates, I C, ℔ box	13 00 @ 14 00
Tin Plates, I X ℔ box	14 00 @ 15 00
Lead, Pig ℔ ℔	— 6 @ — 6¾
Lead, Sheet ℔ ℔	— 9 @ — 10
Banca Tin, ℔ ℔	— 35 @ — 40
Quicksilver	1 20 @ — —
COAL	
West Hartley, ℔ ton	15 00 @ 16 00
Australian	12 00 @ 12 50
Cumberland	22 50 @ 25 00
Anthracite	14 00 @ 17 00
Bellingham Bay	5 50 @ —
Mount Diablo	6 50 @ 8 50
COFFEE	
Guatemala, ℔ ℔	— 21 @ — 22
Java, Old Government	— 30 @ —
Manila	21 @ — 22
Costa Rica	— 22 @ — —
RICE	
China, No 1, ℔ ℔	— 6¾ @ — 6⅞
China, No 2	6 @ — 5⅞
Hawaiian	— 6¾ @ — 7⅛
WINES	
Champagne ℔ doz.	20 00 @ 25 00
Port according to brand ℔ gallon	3 00 @ 6 75
Sherry, do do	1 75 @ 7 00
OIL	
Coal and Kerosene	— 35 @ — 50

TEAS	PRICES
Japan	$— 45 @ — 75
Oolong	50 @ — 55
SUGARS	
China, No 1, ℔ ℔	— 9 @ — 9½
Sandwich Island	— 9 @ — 10
Manila	7 @ — 7½
Crushed, American	— 11¾ @ — 12
Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Peruvian	— 7 @ — 8
CANDLES	
Sperm Wax, ℔ ℔	— 30 @ — 42
Adamantine	17½ @ — 17⅞
SPIRITS AND LIQUORS	
Whisky, American	1 25 @ 4 00
Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 7 50
Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 50
Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
BAGS AND BAGGING	
Chicken Gunnies 200 ℔	— 20 @ — 21
Gunny Bags in bales	20 @ — 25
Burlap Bags	— 12½ @ — 13½
Hessian, 60-inch, ℔ yard	— 9½ @ — 10
DOMESTIC STAPLES	
Wool, ℔ ℔	— 14 @ — 20
Tallow	— 6¾ @ — 7½
Hides	17 @ — 18
Wheat, ℔ 100 ℔s	2 25 @ 2 35
Barley	1 40 @ 1 65
Oats	1 55 @ 1 85
Flour, ℔ 196 ℔s.	5 75 @ 7 00

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Dec 16—ALASKA .... Capt Morse
Jan 1, 1874—COLIMA .... Capt ———

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon every seventeenth day for Panama, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Dec 20—ARIZONA .... Capt Cavarly
Jan —CONSTITUTION .... Capt Nolan
Jan 24— .... Capt ———
Feb. 10— .... Capt ———
Feb 2— .... Capt ———
.... Capt.

All Steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all except the Constitution call at SAN DIEGO.

Steamers of Jan. 7 and Feb. 10 will call at CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS, both ways, and during the coffee season, the first steamer leaving each month will call at these ports both ways.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows.
MOHONGO, Capt. Douglass, Monday, Dec. 1; Friday, Dec. 12, Wednesday, Dec. 24.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Tuesday, Nov. 25, Saturday, Dec. 6, Thursday, Dec. 18, Tuesday, Dec 30.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT
SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,
But takes no freight for San Simeon.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, carrying Freight only, including acids, oils and combustibles, for Santa Cruz, Monterey and way ports, Monday, Dec 15, at 3 P. M. For San Diego and way ports, Tuesday, Dec. ..., at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts.
Dec. 13.

CRADLE, ALTAR, AND TOMB.

CRADLE.

Lewis—In this city, December 6th, to the wife of S. F. Lewis, a son.
Reddan—In this city, November 8th, to the wife of John Reddan, a son.
Hassard—In Oakland, December 7th, to the wife of Henry Hassard, a daughter.
Dorrance—In this city, December 8th, to the wife of [illegible] Dorrance, a daughter.
Stolz—In this city, December 8th, to the wife of Abraham Stolz, a daughter.
Lamar—In this city, December 7th, to the wife of R. C. Lamar, a daughter.
Dibble—In this city, December 10th, to the wife of M. B. Dibble, a daughter.
Fletcher—In this city, December 6th, to the wife of R. J. Fletcher, a son.
Newman—In this city, December 6th, to the wife of [illegible] Newman, a son.
Lovely—In this city, December 8th, to the wife of George S. Lovely, a son.
Wempe—In this city, December 11th, to the wife of H. L. Wempe, a daughter.

ALTAR.

Dixson-Gremar—In this city, December 2d, H. J. Dixson to Caroline Gremar.
Egestorff-Mehlhop—In this city, December 7th, H. Egestorff to Anne Mehlhop.
Jurgewitz-Kosbie—In this city, December 7th, J. Jurgewitz to Louise Kosbie.
Lerch-Bachmann—In this city, December 11th, Matthew Lerch to E. Bachmann.
Morris-Gerson—In this city, November 10th, A. Morris to A[illegible] Gerson.
Short-Blanchard—In this city, Dec. 11th, Hon. J. M. Short to S. A. Blanchard.
Thomas-Madden—In this city, December 4th, Henry Thomas to Mary A. Madden.
Wallace-Rose—In Sacramento, December 10th, G. M. Wallace to Eliza [illegible] Rose.

TOMB.

Alexander—In this city, December 2d, George Alexander, aged 24 years.
Brandt—In this city, December 10th, Henrietta Brandt, aged 25 years.
Barkol—In this city, December 9th, Richard Barkol, aged 63 years.
Colby—In Napa, November 15th, Benjamin F. Colby, aged 60 years.
Hecklin—In this city, December 9th, Mrs. A. W. Hecklin, aged 44 years.
Lange—In this city, December 10th, Anna Lange, aged 24 years.
Madison—In this city, December 10th, James Madison, aged 50 years.
Regan—In this city, December 9th, John Regan, aged 41 years.
Ross—In Sacramento, December 6th, Mrs. Hacllia Ross, aged 63 years.
Stockton—In this city, December 9th, Mrs. A. W. Stockton, aged 44 years.
Talley—In this city, November 15th, Owen Talley, aged 41 years.

A SQUARE FIGHT OVER THE AUSTRALIAN LINE.

There are two Richmonds in the field! The British and American interests contend for the South Pacific trade by means of a line of steamers to Australia. The matter is highly important to this port. If the former succeeds the trade will go southwards to Sydney, whilst if the latter controls the matter business will tend northwards to San Francisco. The question is, which interest will triumph! The *News Letter*, always desiring to be perfectly fair, will state the elements at work with perfect impartiality, and then draw from such premises the logical deduction as to the result. On general principles we should have been inclined to bet upon John Bull, if it were not for certain exceptions to the general rule in this case, for he is a very determined character in anything that touches his breeches pockets. He has a firmer grip in such concerns than our people generally exhibit. But there are two things that he strongly dislikes. He cannot tolerate bad company nor bad faith, and he finds that both these are involved in the fight in which he is engaged in this matter. Before he became aware of the details, it was a fact that Gen. Burnside was the lowest tenderer for the service and was entitled to it as a matter of *right*. Then he did not know the kind of company he accepted when the remarkably energetic but marvelously unscrupulous Hall arrived as his champion. From the hour John began to find these things out he has not held on with his accustomed grip. Although advised by the press to be liberal, he does not seem to see it, and has subscribed a beggarly amount to help the thing along for six months, hoping that in the meanwhile something will turn up. Therefore John does not enter into the struggle with his accustomed *vim*, else we should consider well before staking our money against him. The fact is he has found himself humbugged before he knew it. Yet his position is not to be despised even now. He will be first in the field, and possession is nine points of the law. Then, as a rule, he manages maritime enterprises rather better than we do; and with him money and labor are cheaper than with us. These are strong points. Still, those on the other side are, it must be admitted, stronger. The American continent, from Greenland to Cape Horn, stands as a barrier between Great Britain and her grand Australasian possessions. The road across that barrier is ours, and there is a strong public feeling that it shall be used to the advantage of the people whose enterprise it really is. That feeling settles the whole question. Then on the American side there are gentlemen of high character and abundant means who know no such word as fail. They on good grounds have the sympathy of the people and the press with them, and it appears almost certain that Congress this time will help an honest proposition,—which means the building of American iron steamers, guaranteed to make 12 knots per hour. There yet remains an advantage not to be ignored. In all such enterprises we like to know the measure of the men whose executive minds inspire all action on either side. Hall, with all his faults, and despite the fact that when he last started this self-same enterprise he finished it by paying five cents on the dollar, nevertheless has certain extraordinary qualities. He is a man of almost unsurpassed energy. He works all day and dreams pretty well all night about this steam line—but he is vain, unscrupulous and most abominably false. In regard to his vanity, for instance, he has once been offered what some men would esteem a small fortune to retire from the line, and let it be called by some more happy omened name. He spurned it, and showed that he would rule or else ruin it. It must be called "Hall's line" or nothing. His unscrupulousness we know of in many ways. We know how he extracted $50 each out of some thousand men to come here and work for the Central Pacific Railroad, representing that he had been instructed to send them, but when they arrived this turned out to be false, and the men had no redress. His lying is so continuous that he is not now to be blamed, for its oft repetition has misled even himself, until now he verily believes all he says to be gospel truth. This is a true picture, as all will recognize who know the man. This is the executive mind on the one side. On the other, the inspiring mind is like Hall's in all its good qualities, and totally unlike it in all others. Hall is known the world-wide over as the originator of an Australian line. Nelson caused the establishment of one line, and will certainly be the means of establishing another that will be the permanent one, and yet he is hardly known outside of a narrow circle, though that circle is of the highest and best. Possessing a mind of wide grasp, he sees well the possible and the impossible. He uses just the right means to this end, and he works like a beaver in respect of his energy and quietness. He is content to be a hewer of wood and a drawer of water. He is an accomplished writer, has the run of most the newspapers, and is a believer in the new doctrine, that it is the press that moves the world, and so never fails to keep that portion of his armour bright. We trace his hand along the whole route from Australia to London. When matched against Hall before he fairly defeated him. He went in the interest of Holladay & Webb to New Zealand, took away Hall's contract in favor of his principals, and completely knocked up Hall's line. This time he had good reason to believe that the organization he has been working for had succeeded; they were the lowest tenderers, and New Zealand actually prepared a contract, but Sydney backed out in favor of Hall. The fight still goes on. Nelson knew well the mind of public men in each of the colonies, and so made a combination with most of them, and is now back in this country ready for the next move. If Congress acts as it seems well nigh certain it will, then Nelson succeeds, and the line will be an American one, in the hands of Burnside & Co. Take it all and all, the fight is interesting. We shall watch its further developments with interest.

The statement that Steinway & Sons have manufactured *thirty thousand pianos* [illegible] *ten pianos a day*, being one for each working hour. These facts must speak for themselves, for truly success is the reward of merit. This enormous number of Steinways' manufactured can of course only mean a correspondingly enormous demand for them. M. Gray, 621 Clay street, is the agent here.

ART NOTES.

Nearly one thousand persons attended the Art Association *soiree* on Wednesday evening, and it is estimated that at one time there must have been seven hundred closely packed in the room. The daily journals have spared us the necessity for any detailed account of the company present; suffice it to say that it represented most of the intelligence and talent, and a good share of the wealth of our city. Most social clubs, and so forth, are necessarily more or less "run" by nationalities or cliques; but here is a society open to all—for Art is for all time, nations and peoples—and the result was a gathering unique in itself. The party was by all pronounced a thorough success, and those who had done so much towards that consummation, whether our late Mayor—a whole team by himself—Hill, the Chief Hangman; Mezzara, the sculptor, surgeon and "restorer;" or Avery, the literary "illustrator," deserve all praise. Nor can we forget Mr. Martin, the most indefatigable of Secretaries, a thorough worker. The hall was brilliant with chandeliers, flowers, handsome toilettes, and, in short, all forms of beauty, and the satisfied expression on everybody's face was one of the most pleasant features of the whole affair. An excellent little band, under Prof. Stockmeyer, enlivened the proceedings. We are glad to learn that the reception will be duplicated before the close of the present exhibition, which meantime is open daily and nightly to members and the public. We understand that some seventy-five *new* names have been presented for election to membership.

"All modern art dates from the Attic," says Mr. Avery, in his interesting notes prefacing the catalogue, and though it was not intended for a *double entendre*, there has generally been much truth in the remark. We fancy, however, that our artists are doing about as well as their brethren elsewhere, and are quite sure that they deserve so to do. The present collection is above the average, and contains some fine works from our local studios. Hill is represented by his grand work, "The Source of the Saco," a picture full of vigor, and undeniable truth to nature; "The Last Gleam," a painting mentioned by us before, and which, for its quiet "feeling" of repose, would be noticeable in any collection in the world; and by "Mill Creek, Knight's Valley," a masterly combination of forest foliage and water. Saml. M. Brookes has a number of admirable still life pictures, foremost of which we place that thoroughly "fishy" pair of salmon. Marple is represented by some choice "bits" of landscape, and by his "Twilight on the American River," a thoroughly Claude-like picture, which we knew would stand out well among much of the surrounding falseness, inevitable in all large collections. Denny's "Abandoned" is by all considered the best work he has exhibited for years. Wandesforde has a "Camp in the Redwoods," a good illustration of the "bigness" of California productions, and some very feeble pencil studies, which contrast very decidedly with the splendid studies from life by Harrington, immediately adjoining. Our new man, Eller Jorgensen, exhibits a finished life-like portrait of a young lady, noticeable for the "character" displayed in the face, and for its masterly execution. This in its turn is set off by the utterly ridiculous fifty-year-old, flabby baby in the "Two Friends," which was generally recognized as a portrait of Tweed, from its evident resemblance to the fallen "Boss." Narjot, however, has one excellent portrait and a pleasant composition, "Under the Redwoods, Spout Farm," the figures in which are very naturally drawn and grouped, and the landscape of which is the only weak part. Geo. A. Frost has a very careful [illegible] Indians. The snow in this picture is admirable. Shaw is represented by some very recognizable portraiture, among which is one of poor Albert Sonnner, (brother of the well-known short-hand writer of this city) who was lost on the *Atlantic*. Ditto, Irwin, who also shows his "Don Quixote," an admirable work. Deakin has a pleasant view of Falling Leaf Lake. Thos. Ross shows marked progress in two Yosemite views. Shed is improving rapidly, as instanced by his "View in Connecticut," and a new comer, Maj. Sutherland, shows a good deal of ability in his marine view "The White Cliffs of Old Albion." A small cabinet picture, by R. J. Bush, the subject of which is "Knight's Creek," is very fresh and natural. We ought before this to have noted Hahn's "Convalescence," or rather the convalescence of a very interesting and [illegible] invalid who is convalescent, with a lady friend. We have no artist here who can touch Mr. Hahn in this class of work, perfect as it is in the drawing and [illegible] of both figures and [illegible]. Mr. Jorgensen's "Far from the Old Home" is also an excellent piece of work, perhaps open to the criticism of being a little [illegible]. We, however, have seen more than one cabin quite as neat and comfortable as this one, and the settler's head is certainly admirable.

Of the many fine works contributed from private collections we can only write briefly. First and foremost comes the great "Bank Exchange" picture, "Samson and Delilah," by E. Jacobs, long on view for gentlemen only, but now to be seen and admired by our lady friends. A work which [illegible] is Heisch's "Daniel in the Lion's Den," which we have re-christened "Van Amburgh appealing to the gallery," (before putting his head into the king beast's mouth.) The figure is finely drawn in some respects, but the head is too feminine and the action melo-dramatic. Two highly-finished works by Le Chevalier Quadrone, "La Benedezione di San Antonio," and "La Trida del Grano," attract much attention for their admirable drawing, more especially of the horses. We must defer any further notice of these [illegible].

We must compliment Mr. H. P. Avery for the careful and complete descriptive catalogue of casts, etc., which he has furnished,—with him, doubtless, a labor of love. The members are generally "posting themselves" up on Greek art from this source [illegible]. Whenever you overhear in the gallery that "The first period of Greek art culminated about 470 [illegible]" or ever catch a [illegible] Phidias, the Apollo [illegible], you walk off, mentally ejaculating, "Catalogue!" The beautiful collection of casts has been duly noticed by us before, and their arrangement is excellent.

[illegible] to make [illegible] Christmas or New Year's presents. Few of such *cadeaux* retain any permanent value; much that is given away at the festive season has absolutely no intrinsic value whatever, however much [illegible] for the donor's sake [illegible] and some other things that we could mention, unless indeed very first-class, depreciate largely the moment they change hands. Now *good* pictures *have* an actual market status, which frequently enhance greatly within a short time, *may* quadruple, quintuple, or any number of "uples," in value. All that is required is to buy with judgment, or take good advice from competent authorities. In the Art Gallery there are numbers of works for sale which would [illegible] handsome presents, and the smallest would be a very graceful and tasteful gift. In Marple and Gump's gallery, over Tucker's jewelry store, there is also a very choice little collection of foreign pictures now open to public inspection, which we would recommend to the consideration of those looking out for appropriate presents. These works were selected by Mr. Marple, an artist himself and an excellent judge, and there is not a picture in the gallery which [illegible]. We can only note a few of them. A view of New York harbor, with shipping, outgoing steamer, etc., by Ed. Moran, is a beautiful piece of [illegible]. A very graceful [illegible] two sisters in a library, by De La Hoese, and another by the same artist, two old buffers playing cards, are works that would grace any collection. Notice also the "French [illegible]" by [illegible], and Tureau's admirable game studies painted on the natural panels. A larger still life picture by Thompson [of Paris] is very vigorous and full of good painting, and there are many fine works which we have mentioned before, selected from the French, English, Belgian and other schools.

In a studio adjoining the Art Association rooms, R. J. Bush & Co. have a fine collection of genuine bronzes, which are really works of art. They have been selected in Paris, through the agency of Charles Le Gay, and for beauty of finish and workmanship are perfection, whilst the classic and other designs are of the highest type. They embrace all subjects, reductions from the antique, modern statuettes, vases, tazzas, clocks, etc. A number of them are quite worthy of a place in the Art Gallery, and might well be placed there.

And still the tide of emigration is in our favor: By the report of Mr. A. D. N. McCulloch, Ticket Agent of the Central Pacific Railroad, we learn that 5,191 through passengers came westward in November, while only 1,657 went eastward—a gain to California of 3,534 during the month.

Mr. Charles Barrett, late of New York, now in the employ of Pardy & Litchfield, is a first-class artist as a cutter, and we are pleased to note that the public are finding it out, and govern themselves accordingly.

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London, J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brecon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers, Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street; Branch of the National Bank, 13 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court; Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers; Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, [illegible]; Barnett, Hoare, Bevan, Hanbury & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Roberts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D Escomte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland; Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, [illegible], W. C.; Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, [illegible]; Saracen's Head, [illegible]; [illegible], 7 Catherine street, Strand, [illegible]; 21 Goswell Road, E. C.; Smith Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W.; Wm. Marriott, 6 Crown Office Row, Jno. Marriott, [illegible]; [illegible] Royal Exchange; [illegible]; Isaac [illegible], Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, ... Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
P. LAWTON, ... Secretary

Budd, W. C....440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 323 Califor'a st.
Higgins, W. L. ..411 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H. ..509 California st.
Keene, J. R. . 435 Calif'nia st.
Marine, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co.......426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H. .435 California st.
Peckham, E. P.....418 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H. ...401 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W.......444 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

R[illegible] San Francisco. April 6

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

E[illegible] ed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

WATER LILIES.

[BY F. W. BOURDILLON.]

There are water lilies lying
 Large and lustrous to desire,
With the snow for whiteness vying,
 Holding each a heart of fire:
Lilies with large leaves for shadow,
 Where the sunbeams flash and quiver,
Where thro' many a copse and meadow
 Steals along the silent river.

Like a fairest, sweetest maiden
 Lies each lily in its brightness,
All her heart with love's fire laden,
 All her soul of purest whiteness;
Furled and folded all her petals
 Round she raps her heart to cover,
'Till on her the strong sun settles,
 And her whole heart hails her lover.

THE FIRST OF MADAME ANNA BISHOP'S FAREWELL CONCERTS.

In spite of the wretched weather, an appreciative audience greeted the favorite prima donna at Pacific Hall on Tuesday evening. Madame Bishop was in particularly good voice, and in the Recitative and air "Must I Leave Thee" (Eve's Lamentation), by the late celebrated English composer, M. P. King, created quite a sensation, being vociferously encored, and giving in return "Home Sweet Home." Frank Gilder's pianoforte recitals were loudly applauded, and we think he can [illegible] who have [illegible] to dash and finish in the performance [illegible] all an unusual charm. Both Mr. Gottschalk and Mr. Wilke [illegible], as were Madame Bishop and Mr. Wilke in [illegible] noticeable points in Madame Bishop's singing [illegible], which, when contrasted with Mr. Wilke's, is [illegible] and such as we respect and admire Madame, we should [illegible] friendly advice. First, Mr. Gilder's habit of keeping [illegible] kicking the pedal is a frightful habit and [illegible]. Secondly, Mr. Wilke might as well sing his songs in doubly inverted Hindostanee as in English for all the audience hears of the words. Thirdly, Mr. [illegible] that are full of action and life, "What Shall I Sing?" and "The Stirrup Cup," for instance, and sings them with as much life and action as a rail-fence, and so mars the effect of his really fine voice. Lastly, we consider the fulsome "Biographical Sketch" on the programme of questionable taste, and altogether unworthy the subject. The Thursday's concert was much better attended, and the matinee to-day we hope to [illegible].

The Saint Andrew's Society is going ahead. The Literary Committee is already at work getting up a programme for next year. On the first or second Monday after the holidays, the Rev. Mr. Halliday (whose historical literary abilities are of a high order) will deliver an address entitled "Lord Macaulay." The month following there will be a public debate on the "Comparative Influences of the Pulpit and the Press," and next on the list comes a "Musical Conversazione," when efforts will be made to raise funds to purchase a piano for the use of lady members of the society, and friends.

We back San Francisco for the enterprise of her merchants and tradesmen against any other place in the world. For instance, Houseworth & Co., not content with owning and running the Photographic Parlors, have their Yosemite Art Gallery and salesrooms 9 Montgomery street (under the Lick House) in conjunction with the first-named establishment. At the salesrooms are found those wonderful Yosemite views, which as works of art have no equal, and magic lantern and stereopticon views of California's scenery produced by a process which is entirely new, and by which some extraordinary effects are produced. The patronage of the people is flowing in to both these places.

Now that the cold nights and days are come, people are beginning to look about for their stoves, and in consequence to ask, "Where shall we buy a good one?" Let us answer that question for you, and allow us to introduce you to Messrs. Geo. H. Tay & Co., of 614, 616, and 618 Battery street, between Jackson and Pacific streets. There you can take your choice of stoves and ranges in countless varieties; but we should recommend you particularly to the celebrated wrought iron Monitor Stove, and the Richmond, French, Cabinet, Tip Top, and Improved Empire City Ranges.

H. W. Arthur Nahl has opened a studio, and we are glad of it. There is a freshness of coloring and crispiness of detail about his works that the eye has pleasure to dote upon. Witness the picture of a young girl in C. C. Hasting's window, taken from a mere card photograph. Besides which, Mr. Nahl teaches in his own house all the branches of drawing and painting, from crayon work enlarged from smaller pictures, to the elaborated water color or oil painting, which last forever and are a blessing and light in the household.

How often has the peace of a house been destroyed: how often have husband and wife disagreed, and how often has a dinner party been made a failure solely for one cause—that of a poor carving knife? Now all [illegible] might be prevented, and a knife secured that will last a life time, if you will only buy your cutlery of M. Price, the Premium Cutler, 415 Kearny street. His stock of razors, knives, shears, etc., is the finest in the city.

On Tuesday Evening, Dec. 16th, "Robert Burns" will be the theme of a lecture, in the Tabernacle, Tyler street church, by the Rev. Robt. Scrimgeour. Tickets, 50 cents. This entertainment has been gotten up by the friends and admirers of Mr. Scrimgeour, with the view of giving him a substantial benefit. It is expected that songs and recitations by well known gentlemen will be added to the lecture.

Williams, Blanchard & Co., agents for the Salem Lead Company, are in [illegible].

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco, have the largest and best assortment of harness, saddles, bridles, whips, saddlery, hardware, and collars of every description, of their own and other manufacture, ever offered on the Pacific Coast.

Fashions may change, and kingdoms may fall, but there is one thing that never changes, and that is the shape of a boot made by P. Kelly, the prize bootmaker on Bush street, below Kearny. Good in material, and make, they never alter shape.

What looks nicer than a nice white shirt on a man, and where can you get a better one than those made by Messrs. Gedge & Thayer, shirt manufacturers and furnishers of men's goods, 323 Montgomery street? Nowhere in the city at any rate.

"Beesness vas oful dull," but the rain has cheered us up, and as we all want nice, comfortable furnishing goods, naturally enough we go to the best place, i. e. Van Schaack & Co., Kearny street, opposite the Plaza. Stand by!!

A theatrical manager, who has a nice little place in the country, has put up on his garden fence [illegible] the fruit ripened, a sign board reading: "Free list absolutely suspended."

The Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D.D., will preach at 11 o'clock Sunday morning, in St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street, and in the evening will exchange pulpits with the Rev. Mr. Page, of Larkin Street Church. The public cordially invited to attend.

BELLA UNION THEATER.

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; F. Zimmer, Musical Director. [illegible] THE BAGHWANANS OF CALIFORNIA, a new [illegible] full of startling situations. [illegible] Wonderful mechanical effects [illegible] Moore and Bray appear every evening [illegible] brilliant acts. Matt Kelly and Charley Nickerson are very heavy, and consequently cast for heavy parts. They appear nightly quite often. A splendid performance [illegible] after the Drama. The [illegible] The thrilling Drama, in one act and one scene, entitled, "One Barroom in the Night," will wind up the torture. You can leave when you please, if you can [illegible]. Dec. 13.

OPERA HOUSE.

Bush St., between Kearny and Montgomery.—Continued Success of the SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE LEE'S Opera Bouffe, Burlesque and Comedy Troupe.—Saturday Evening, Dec. 13, the performance will commence with the Comedy entitled KIND TO A FAULT. To conclude with Offenbach's Operetta of 66! Or, FORTUNE'S CHANCE with a full Chorus. Monday Evening, Dec. 15—Complimentary Benefit to JAS. A. ARNOLD, upon which occasion the beautiful Opera, FRA DIAVOLO, will be presented. Admission—Dress Circle, $1; Gallery, 50 cents. Dec. 13.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; [illegible] Stage Manager. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon, MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. [illegible] "Barnum's Menagerie." To conclude with "[illegible] in a Fog, Or Chased by a Spanish Cruiser." [illegible]

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Barton Hill, Acting Manager. Saturday Matinee, Dec. 13, at 2 o'clock. Saturday Evening, and until further notice—Mr. George Fawcett Rowe's Splendid Drama, THE GENEVA CROSS, with beautiful scenery and Appointments, Novel Mechanical Effects, all the original Music, and an admirable cast. Dec. 13.

D. CALVERT CHAMPAGNE.

FOR SALE BY
DICKSON, DeWOLF & CO.,
410, 412 and 414 Battery street,
SAN FRANCISCO. Dec 13.

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, E. D. Morgan. AGENTS—London, Baring Brothers & Co.; [illegible] New York [illegible] Japan. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. Dec. 13.

NOTICE.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that for reasons satisfactory to themselves and all concerned with the late "California Oleomargarine Manufacturing Company," they have dissolved the same and incorporated under the name of the CALIFORNIA BUTTER COMPANY. Liabilities of the old concern will be settled by the new Company. Office and manufactory will remain as before, at 405 and 407 Sansome street, where first class Fresh Butter will be shipped in lots to suit purchasers at Low Prices.
WEST EVANS, President. HENRY PHILLIPS, Gen'l Manager.
JOHN G. BAKER, Secretary. Dec. 13.

ART ASSOCIATION.—OPENING OF WINTER EXHIBITION.

The Gallery of the San Francisco Art Association, 313 Pine street, is now open to the public [illegible] A. M. [illegible] P. M. A splendid collection of CASTS FROM THE ANTIQUE is on exhibition for the first time, embracing many of the most famous Greek Statues and Parthenon Frieze Relievos. Also, more than

100 Original Oil Paintings,

by resident and foreign artists, including the celebrated picture, by Jacobs, of "SAMSON AND DELILAH." Season Tickets, admitting gentleman and lady, $3. Single admission, 50 cents. Dec. 1

PURE WHITE LEAD.

The undersigned having been appointed Agents for the Salem Lead [illegible]
WILLIAMS, BLANCHARD & CO.
Dec. 13. 219 California street.

MILLS' SEMINARY.

The next term of this well known institution will commence on WEDNESDAY, Jan 7th, 1874. With its healthy location, ample grounds, commodious buildings, and large, efficient corps of teachers, the institution offers unrivaled facilities in all its departments for a thorough and finished education. All letters of inquiry, and all communications relative to admission, should be addressed to [Dec. 13.] REV. C. MILLS, Brooklyn, Alameda Co., Cal.

MATHUSHEK PIANOS

Will hold their original purity of tone, and will stay in tune ten [illegible]. C. [illegible] EWING, Agent.
Dec 13. [illegible] street

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

The celebrated brand of Carte Blanche, quarts and pints. For sale to the trade in lots to suit, by MACONDRAY & CO.
Dec 13. Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

YELLOW SHEATHING METAL.

Manufacture of the Revere Copper Company of Boston.—10 ounces; [illegible] ounce, 20 ounce, 22 ounce, [illegible] ounce. For sale by
Dec. 13. MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for California.

NOW OPEN.

Marple & Gump's Art Rooms.—Free exhibition of Choice Paintings over Tucker's Jewelry store, from 9 A. M. till 10 P. M. Dec 13.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO

Special Notice.—The Steamship Arizona, for Panama, Dec. 20th, will call at MAGDALENA BAY and PUNTA ARENAS. Dec. 13.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct.28

$10 TO $20 PER DAY

Agents wanted everywhere. Particulars free. A. H. Blair & Co., St. Louis, Mo. Nov. 29.

COLUMN FOR THE CURIOUS.

IN LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ART.

M. Gimbert, who has been long engaged in collecting evidence concerning the Australian tree "Eucalyptus globulus," the growth of which is surprisingly rapid, attaining besides gigantic dimensions, has addressed an interesting communication to the Academy of Sciences. This plant, it now appears, possesses an extraordinary power of destroying miasmatic influence in fever-stricken districts. It has the singular property of absorbing ten times its weight of water from the soil, and of emitting antiseptic camphorous effluvia. When sown in marshy ground it will dry it up in a very short time. The English were the first to try it at the Cape, and within two or three years they completely changed the climatic condition of the unhealthy parts of the colony. A few years later its plantation was undertaken on a large scale in various parts of Algeria. At Pardock, twenty miles from Algiers, a farm situated on the banks of the Hamyze was noted for its extremely pestilential air. In the spring of 1867 about 13,000 of the eucalyptus were planted there. In July of the same year—the time when the fever season used to set in—not a single case occurred; yet the trees were not more than 9 feet high. Since then a complete immunity from fever has been maintained. In the neighborhood of Constantine the farm of Ben Machydlin was equally in bad repute. It was covered with marshes both in winter and summer. In five years the whole ground was dried up by 14,000 of these trees, and farmers and children enjoy excellent health. At the factory of the Gue de Constantine, in three years a plantation of eucalyptus has transformed 12 acres of marshy soil into a magnificent park, whence fever has completely disappeared. In the island of Cuba this and all other paludal diseases are fast disappearing from all the unhealthy districts where this tree has been introduced. A station-house at one of the ends of a railway viaduct in the Department of the Var was so pestilential that the officials could not be kept there longer than a year. Forty of these trees were planted, and it is now as healthy as any other place on the line.

We trust, remarks the *Echo* (November 8th), that in future those who, suspecting that some article of food or drink has been adulterated, want to get it analyzed, will be very careful to remember that there is all the difference in the world between a "quantitative" and a "qualitative" analysis. The former tells the truth, the latter does not. Truth, however, is dear, costing £25; whereas falsehood only costs £2.50. In spite, therefore, of its manifest drawbacks, the "qualitative" analysis will, we fear, continue to be patronized by people of small means; while the "quantitative" will remain a luxury which the rich only can indulge in. A Mr Butler stated at the Shoreditch Vestry that he had lately, as an experiment, made a loaf adulterated with alum to a large extent, viz., a drach of alum to a 2 lb. loaf. It was submitted for analysis to the local authority, and the certificate returned "not adulterated." It was then sent to Professor Gardner, of the Polytechnic, who, after analyzing it, wrote: "I have examined this piece of bread left with me; it is perfectly free from alum." Hereupon Mr. Butler wrote to tell the Professor that in this bread "perfectly free from alum," a drachm of alum had been purposely put. Ah! said the Professor, I should have found that out if you had asked for a quantitative analysis, price £5, but you only had a qualitative analysis, price 10s. 6d., and the consequence was that although I found a trace of alum, it was of so slight and feeble a character that I did not think it worth while to mention it.

Tobacco Poisoning.—A fatal case of poisoning by tobacco is reported in the *British Medical Journal*. It occurred in the person of a boy of the *Implacable*. He had been frequently punished for chewing tobacco, and had often presented himself at the sick bay complaining of debility, giddiness, and faintness, which were traced to the poisonous influence of tobacco. On two occasions he had swallowed pieces of tobacco to prevent detection. On the night of his death he went to his hammock, telling his messmates that he felt sick. About ten minutes afterwards, the occupant of the next hammock heard him breathing stertorously, and immediately tried to awake him. Finding he could not, he was conveyed to the sick bay, and at once seen by a medical officer, who found him moribund. The pupils were insensible to the influence of light, and the pulse, which was scarcely perceptible, in three minutes ceased to beat. On *post mortem* examination of the body, two small pieces of tobacco were found in the stomach.

A correspondent of a Bombay contemporary lately saw two children laid to sleep under a bamboo pipe communicating with a mountain stream, from which a thin jet of water played continuously upon the crown of their heads, without touching any part of their bodies, which were warmly wrapped up. The infants lay on their side, perfectly free, as though in a state of stupor, their faces cold, and their wrists pulseless, and were thus kept asleep for several hours. It is but fair to state that their mothers adopt this method of keeping them quiet under the idea that it strengthens their brains, and makes them healthy and hardy.

About Hydrophobia.—In his late work on the "Influence of the Mind Upon the Body," Dr Luke supports the hypothesis that hydrophobic symptoms are often developed without previous inoculation. In illustration, he relates a notable instance of a physician of Lyons, who, having assisted in the dissection of several victims of the disorder, imagined that he himself had become inoculated. On attempting to drink, he was seized with spasm of the pharynx, and in this condition roamed about the streets for three days. At length his friends succeeded in convincing him of the groundlessness of his apprehensions, and he at once recovered.

Diamonds in New South Wales.—There have lately been large finds of diamonds in the district of Bingara, N. S. W. The following are given as the get of the Croydon Company, operating at Doctor's Creek: On July 23, from six loads of washdirt, 41; on July 29, from five loads of washdirt, 42; on July 30, from four-and-a-half loads of washdirt, 143; on August 1, from six loads of washdirt, 86; on August 2, a new prospect four feet square, 22; on August 4, from six loads of washdirt, 163; on August 5, from six loads washdirt, 69; on August 6, from the refuse dirt, tubs, machine, etc., 45: total, 619.

Another Literary Savage.—The editor of *All the Year Round* has captured another literary savage. More than twenty years ago there was published in *Household Words* a story of Australian adventure, entitled "Two-Handed Dick, the Stockman." Very recently this same story, exact in every particular, was offered for publication to *All the Year Round*, and, we regret to say, the offender has been traced to the Ellesmere Club, in Manchester, England.

Startling Query.—A venerable German Chief Rabbi has called the attention of the *Univers Israelite* to the fact that the Emperor of Germany never mentions in all his pious manifestations the name of the founder of the Christian faith, but only speaks of "God" and of "the Lord." Is there, then, any truth in the assertion that the Hohenzollerns are of Jewish origin?

Among the treasures to be found in the Khedive Museum (says the *Art Journal*), is a necklace worn by Queen Aahhept, mother of King Aahmes, the founder of the 18th dynasty, who was not only coeval with Abram and Sarai, but the identical Pharaoh, who was "plagued with great plagues" because of Sarai, Abram's wife.

A Russian Christmas tale, entitled "Two Nights in a Haunted House in Russia," by Mr. Tracy Turnerell, written in commemoration of the marriage of the Grand Duchess Marie of Russia with the Duke of Edinburgh, will be published at Christmas. The book is dedicated to Her Imperial Highness the Grand Duchess.

The Chinese Curing Diptheria in Australia.—It is alleged by the Buangor correspondent of the Ararat *Advertiser* (Australia), that a Chinese doctor named Ah Suo has successfully treated eleven cases of diptheria in that district, and the attention of the Government has been called to the matter.

Some interesting discoveries have been lately made at Pompeii. A shop, supposed to be a tanner's, has been excavated, and a number of tools used in the manipulation of leather found. It is somewhat singular that these tools bear a strong resemblance to those used at the present day.

The following are the correct dimensions, etc., of the great Egyptian Pyramid of Cheops: Length of side of base, 763 feet; perpendicular height, 480 feet; number of steps, 203. It took 100,000 men 20 years to build it. It covers over 13 acres.

After four years labor, Holman Hunt has finished his great picture of the "Shadow of Death."

Placard Exchange

AND

BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Managing Committee of the above institution have the pleasure of giving notice, that after some necessary delay, the Directors are now fully prepared to receive orders for the purchase and sale of lands of the State or elsewhere, such as ranches, private land claims, or public lands of the United States—they having secured the services of **Col. Leander Ransom,** the well-known Land Agent, who for *ten years was the State Agent for the disposition of the School Lands*. The department is now fully supplied with maps and charts, and every necessary means of information relating to operations in land. Owners of ranches and real estate properties generally, desirous of disposing of the same, will find the Placard Exchange, with its facilities, an excellent medium for bringing their estates under the notice and attention of capitalists. Those, also, who desire to make purchases, **of any of the Public Domain in the State of California,** either in large or small tracts, will be sure to be accommodated. Maps and charts furnished, and all needful information imparted when required. Large landholders desiring to sell, can have their tracts subdivided into farms, or smaller subdivisions, with maps and accurately calculated quantities of each. Also, all kinds of printing executed with punctuality and dispatch. *Charges moderate.*

Offices open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

THE AGRICULTURAL BUREAU OF THE PLACARD EXCHANGE.

No. 613 MERCHANT STREET.

Have for Sale the Following Tracts or Parcels of Land, to wit:

40 Acres near Oak Grove, 1½ miles from the Railroad, between Mayfield and Mountain View.

100 Acres ½ mile south of Mayfield, lying on both sides of the San Jose Railroad. Very desirable for country residence. To be sold in tracts to suit. Contains Live Oak Trees.

320 Acres on the road from Saratoga to Pescadero, four miles from the former place.

500 Acres, three miles from the City of San Bernardino. A living stream of water passes across it.

600 Acres near the line of the proposed Railroad from Los Angeles to San Bernardino—about midway.

8,000 Acres near Anaheim, Los Angeles County, in tracts to suit purchasers. Several living springs on it.

Also, Tracts from 40, 160, 320 and 640 acres, to suit purchasers, lying in Los Angeles San Bernardino and San Diego Counties, on which are big ranges of good water.

1,600 Acres choice Lands in Fresno County, near King's River.

Note.—Sellers as well as purchasers can be accommodated at the "Bureau," where maps, and descriptions of lands for sale, can at all times be seen. Nov. 1.

A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

Have removed to the Southeast corner of California and Battery streets, where they invite the attention of their customers and others to their large assortment of the Best and Finest Brands of CHEWING and SMOKING TOBACCO, HAVANA CIGARS and CIGARITOS. Consignments of Choicest Brands of Cigars received by every Steamer. [Oct. 18.] A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers, Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco. Pacific Coast Agency Depot, FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS [April 19.]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct 23.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE COMPANY.

Manufacturing Co.'s Offices—405 and 407 Sansome st., San Francisco. Oct 11.

RICHARD PATRICK & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, No. 22 Battery street, San Francisco. Nov 1.

COKE — CHEAPEST FUEL.

Sixty Cents per Barrel; Nine Dollars per Ton. At Gas Works, cor. Howard and Fremont; Corner Second and King, Potrero. Nov 1.

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind.
Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

C. L. CRACKNON.] [C. A. MURDOCK.

C. A. MURDOCK & CO.,

Job Printers. Successors to M. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb 3.

SITUATION WANTED

A young man, who speaks fluently the English, French and German languages, and has finished his classical education in a German university, is desirous of obtaining a situation as Private Tutor in a family. The highest testimonials will be given. Address "W.," NEWS LETTER office, or, California Placard Exchange, 613 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct, 25.

R. S. CLYDE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.—Entrance to Office, 622 Clay st., and 625 Merchant street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco. [Oct 4.

SULLIVAN, KELLY & CO.,

Importers and dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass, Etc., 101, 103 and 105 Front street, corner Pine, San Francisco. Sole Agents for Chances, 21 and 263 Crystal street. Nov 22

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W. I.—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
BADEN-BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande.
WEISBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel de Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hote. de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Danieli's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME.—Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURGH.—Hotel Demuth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel, London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST.-LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel. (Tintern Abbey, 5 miles.)
DUBLIN.—The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel.
EDINBURGH.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel.
KILLARNEY.—Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager.
OTTAWA.—Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, E. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC.—Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel.
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House, Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencia.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Filiberto.
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Banos de Colima, Hotel Santiago.
RIO DE JAN.—Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—Albion Hotel.
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phœnix Hotel.
TAHITI.—Fas. Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

THE BRIDAL DAY.

By one decisive argument,
Giles gained his lovely Kate's consent,
To fix the bridal day.
"Why in such haste, dear Giles, to wed?
I shall not change my mind," she said;
"But then," said Giles, "I may"

Here is a noteworthy fact in the fashions: High-heeled shoes and boots are disappearing, and low, broad, flat heels are the proper thing. Only for evening toilettes are the stilts to be put on. We don't exactly know whether we're glad or sorry at the change, but we do know that we have just received a dozen cabinet photographs from Houseworth, and that they have perfectly charmed us. There is a certain something about them which we do not see in any other photographs. "A nameless charm," which, perhaps, if we were better acquainted with the technicalities of the art, we might be able to explain. As it is, we are perfectly willing to give the photographs their due of admiration, and recommend all to give a share of their patronage to Mr. Houseworth.

A good instance of epigrammatic quotation is recorded of Hamilton Reynolds, well known as possessing an exceptionally great acquaintance with Shakespeare's works. He was present at Gore House one evening, among a number of distinguished men, and as the Countess of Blessington saw him at the door on his departure, she said, "I understand, Mr. Reynolds, that you enjoy the reputation of being able to give a Shakespearian quotation most suitable to every occasion. Come, what have you to say now?" "Madame," replied Reynolds, without a moment's hesitation, "I take my leave 'Under the shade of melancholy boughs.'" He bowed profoundly as he spoke, and departed.

Some very important experiments are being made in Paris as to the effects of the beverages popularly known as "bitters." In nearly all, vermouth or absinthe has been found in combination with inferior qualities of alcohol. Both vermouth and absinthe produce epilepsy, the essential oil of the latter being almost as deadly as prussic acid. Why will people persist in drinking these inferior concoctions when there are such perfectly healthy and pure liquors to be had as the Native Wines and Champagnes of Messrs. Eberhart and Lachman! It surprises us. These Californian products are winning their proper place in the people's estimation, steadily and surely.

"Why return you so soon
To a life full of woes,
Poor flower of one moon!"
Said the Bush to the Rose.

"I come not without good,"
Said the Rose, dewy wet;
"A sweet odor I leave,
And I take no regret."

Twenty years ago, thirteen friends agreed to dine together every year on the same day, at one of the principal restaurants of Paris, keeping the places of those who had died. Last week, the thirteen covers were laid, but only one old man came and quietly sat down to dine. This was M. Rubelles, a painter, the last of the thirteen. Now if the deceased twelve gentlemen had lived in California, and possessed the advantage we possess, of drinking, whenever we please, that best of all drinks, Gerke Wine, the probability, the great probability, almost amounting to a certainty, is that the thirteen friends would have been alive to this day, and drinking each other's health in a glass of it.

The Climate of England.—A native of New South Wales, who had enjoyed threescore years in the sunny clime of Australia, had occasion to visit the old country on business. He took up his abode at Manchester, where he stayed about eleven months, but rarely seeing the sun. He then in November proceeded to London, whence he forwarded to his family in Australia the following rhyme —

Dirty days has September,
April, June, and November;
From January up to May,
The rain it poureth every day.
All the rest have thirty-one
Without one blessed gleam of sun,
And if any of them had two-and-thirty,
They'd be just as wet and twice as dirty.

Adulteration of food is one of the pet cries of the day, and doubtless in this, as in all other popular expressions of opinion or feeling, there is a great deal of reason. Analytical chemists are springing up like mushrooms. Taking about popular expressions of opinion one of the most pronounced that it has been our fortune to meet with is that concerning the articles turned out by Messrs. Main & Winchester, the saddlers and harness makers of Sansome street. Everyone speaks well of them, with praises for their durability and admiration for the style of work, and we all know that what everybody says must be true.

A Jealous Phantom.—A gentleman in Syracuse, blest with a very jealous wife, gave her a lesson and himself a hearty laugh by a very simple yet ingenious device. While his wife was away calling, he cut from a paper a couple of figures represented in the act of kissing. He put the paper in such a position that the light would reflect a life-size shadow upon the curtain of the widow that she would see on arriving, and waited the results. He heard footsteps, than they paused, and were followed by a mad rush into the house, where the little affair explained itself, and the story ended.

All customs have an origin, and that somewhat peculiar one of wearing orange-blossoms for bridal-wreaths is derived from the Saracens, among whom the orange-branch, from the circumstance of its bearing fruit and flowers at the same time, was considered an emblem of prosperity. There is another custom universally practised by all San Franciscans, and that is going to Emerson Corville's, at the Saddle Rock (Pine street), whenever they want the best plate of fried, raw, or stewed oysters in the city.

An eccentric traveller lately astonished the ostler at an Aberdeen inn by addressing him as follows —"My lad, extricate my quadruped from the vehicle, stabulate him, donate him a sufficient supply of nutritious aliment, and when the aurora of morn shall again illuminate the oriental horizon, I will reward you a pecuniary compensation for your amiable hospitality."

To show the amazing superiority in force of gun-cotton to gun-powder, we may simply mention the fact that the velocity of detonation of gun-cotton is 90,000 feet per second, while that of a projectile from a rifled gun is but 1,400 feet; and to show the amazing superiority of Messrs. Gilbert & Moore's school furniture to that of any other manufacturer in the city, we have only to ask any man who knows "what's what" to examine the stock of Messrs. G. & M. These gentlemen will only be too happy to show you their establishment, replete as it is with models of elegance and durability.

An Angelic Creature.—A gentleman at the last masked ball in New York, meeting a lady whose husband he knew to be exceedingly jealous, exclaimed, "Good heavens, madame, you here! I thought your husband kept you under lock and key." "So he does," replied the angelic creature; "but he's in bed with the typhus fever now, and I take the advantage of it to have a little fun."

The most novel and ingenious plan of giving children castor oil is, we think, that practised by the physicians of a children's hospital in Paris, to which 300 tiny loaves of bread are daily sent, each containing a modicum of the oil, which in this form is perfectly palatable and thoroughly disguised. But we know a much better plan than that, which is, to drink no spirits but Cutter's whisky, pure, palatable, and healthy, and you will never need to use castor oil—nasty stuff! Cutter's whisky is sold everywhere.

We children of older growth "pooh-pooh" the idea of Santa Claus and his marvellously generous heart, being let in behind the scenes and seeing how the wires are pulled, but still in the Christmas that is coming, all, old and young, expect something in the way of a present. There is a certain present which every housewife is looking forward to—of course, if she doesn't possess it—as that which will complete the happiness of her married life. No, it's not a baby, as you might suppose, but it is a De la Montanya Union Range, a range which is perfect in its appliances and unequaled in working; never gets out of order, and burns less fuel than any other range manufactured. In fact, we might say the De la Montanya Range is all the rage.

A new cholera preventive is suggested by an Indian newspaper, in the form of silk shirts. It says that the well-to-do Chinese protect themselves absolutely from the epidemic by wearing these garments. Another thing the Chinese have discovered is that there is no cure for dyspepsia in the world equal to Napa Soda. Thousands of cases of this splendid natural soda are shipped every month to China, and here in the city the quantity consumed is something enormous. Sold everywhere, drunk by everyone.

The following tender missive was picked up in a ladies' sitting-room at a railroad depot:—"Dear Charles, do you love me as much as you did at a quarter to twelve last night? Say you do, dearest, and it will give me spirit to go down and tackle those cold beans left over from yesterday."

There are some extraordinary discoveries being made at Pompeii, principally one of the form of a human body impressed on the ashes, which has been preserved in plaster of Paris, and is said to be far superior to any that have been hitherto taken. Just as this cast is far superior to any other taken so are the pianos of Hallet, Davis & Co far superior to any other pianos for expression, beauty of tone, ease of touch, and finish of manufacture. W. G. Badger is the San Francisco Agent.

Here is the experience of the wife of the owner of the wee dog that was lost:—"Katarina, my peloved Sehnsucht, I likes to know who gief you de privilege dat you shall go out spent me fife pence for to buy dat ploo ribbon vot you got died around your vater-fall? You vant to prate me oop in pieces, eh! My peloved Sehnsucht Katarina, light of my eye, I bet you one kreutzer dem dings don't never happens agin in dis family, because I scalp you town so flat as you can't stant, at all, my peloved Sehnsucht Katarina?"

Grant has been quite extravagant the past Autumn. The Presidential mansion has been re-painted, re-gilded, re-panelled, re-frescoed, and the furniture newly and elegantly upholstered throughout. It may, perhaps, surprise our readers to learn, that the entire upholstering was done under the supervision of Mr N. P. Cole, the great furniture man of Bush street, of whose splendid stock and unexceptionable taste the President has long been acquainted—through the columns of our *Notabilia*.

"**It was not** that I loved her overmuch
That made our parting bitter;
It was not for the softness of her touch,
Or her eyes' glitter
'Twas not that when we parted her small [hand
Waved an adieu—I did not discern it;
'Twas that she borrowed my umbrella, and
My old friend's lost—she did not return it."

If any of you suffer from toothache or neuralgia, and care about obtaining relief, just dip a small piece of cotton or wool into a strong solution of ammonia and apply it immediately to the affected tooth. The effect is something astonishing, and only equaled by the beauty, clearness, finish and truthfulness of the photographs of Messrs. Bradley & Rulofson. Their Elite studio is reached by an elevator, and is by the bye the only studio in the world owning the great convenience.

"**What do you call that?**" indignantly asked a customer at a cheap restaurant, pointing out an object that he had discovered in his plate of hash. "Wristband, with a sleeve-button attached, sir," said the waiter briskly. "Well, do you consider that a proper thing for a man to find in his hash?" asked the customer in wrath. "Good heavens, sir!" cried the waiter, "would you expect to find a ten-dollar silk umbrella in a fifteen-cent plate of hash?"

Chas. R. Peters wants to improve and beautify the city. The city would be all the better for a little beautifying to be sure. As it is, its great redeeming charm is the Golden Gate Park, and the great charm of the Park is the "Villa," kept by the Mangenbergs, who for hospitality, that has some style about it, are *par excellence*.

A New Hampshire editor, who has been keeping a record of big beets, announces at last that "the beet that beat the beet that beat the other beet is now beaten by a beet that beats all the beets, whether the original beet, the beet that beat the beet, or the beet that beat the beet that beat the beet.

"**Who's your hatter?**" used to be the great slang call in London some few years ago, but the cry is not needed here, because no one thinks of getting a hat from anywhere except at the store of Messrs. Nickerson & Son, 35 Kearny street. Call and admire the stock, especially their new gray hats (pepper and salt).

During an address by Mr. ——, a few days ago, a gentleman in the audience arose partly to his feet, and seemed to be much excited by, and interested in, the subject on which Mr. —— was holding forth. The gentleman alluded to, however, had been sitting on a wasp, and the wasp had just noticed it.

Colds and Coughs.—Sudden changes of climate are sources of *Pulmonary and Bronchial affections*. Take at once "*Brown's Bronchial Troches*," let the Cold, Cough, or Irritation of the Throat be ever so slight.

Recently a bearded woman was on exhibition in a tent in Paris. A curious lady went to see her, and to satisfy herself it was real beard, pulled it. On retiring, she said to a little girl who was selling tickets at the entrance, "Is the bearded lady your mamma?" She replied, "Oh, no, it is my papa."

On the San Bruno Road, six miles from San Francisco, lives Harry Blanken. He is one of the best fellows out, and no one ever dreams of passing without giving him a call.

Vulgar: "It is a long lane that has no turning." *Refined.* That rustic pathway is indubitably of elongated that hath no circumlocution. *Vulgar.* "Love me, love my dog." *Refined.* Evince an amatory disposition towards myself, let your deportment to my quadruped be also affectionate.

As pants the hart for cooling streams, so does the weak-sighted man long for a pair of Muller's pebble spectacles, which are cheap, and efficiently aid the worst sights going.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.

HARVEY S. BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 634 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec 21

COURT CHAT.

It has been settled that the marriage of the Duke of Edinburgh and the Grand Duchess Marie of Russia is to be solemnized either on the 8th or 10th of January (new style) in the Winter Palace. The Prince and Princess of Wales will, during their presence at St. Petersburg, reside in the Anitchkine Palace as the guests of the hereditary grand duke. After the marriage the Duke and Duchess of Edinburgh will proceed to Tsarskoe Selo, where they will reside a short time, removing thence to the Winter Palace, where the apartments of the Empress have been placed at their disposal.

The latest Home Rule gossip news is that Sir Charles Gavan Duffy is to settle in Ireland, and be elected for a constituency, in order to be able to advocate the new remedy for the discontent of the country from which he has been so long absent. It is very certain that Sir Charles will do nothing of the kind. He has had some experiences of Irish agitations of a more attractive description than that which is now being promoted by Mr. Butt and his friends, and the "men of '48" are already sufficiently represented.

The Late Communion Services at Crathie.—We deeply regret, says the *Church Herald*, to observe that our most religious and gracious Majesty the Queen has thought it consistent with her duty to Almighty God, and to the faithful of the ancient Church of England, to partake of bread and wine at the so-called Communion of the Scotch Presbyterians, an event unparalleled in the history of the National Church.

The Marriage of Miss Gladstone.—A committee of ladies of Hawarden, the residence of the English Premier, and the neighborhood has been formed, and a subscription opened for the purpose of purchasing a suitable present for Miss Gladstone on the occasion of her marriage. Miss Gladstone has already received many valuable presents, including one from her Majesty the Queen.—*Chester Chronicle*.

The will of the late King of Saxony is dated 1851. His Majesty has left his two favorite country seats, which were his private property, the one Jahnishausen, to the Queen Dowager; the other, Castle Wesenstein, to his second son, Prince George. The late King's Memoirs, edited by Herr von Witzleben, a long time his aide-de-camp, will shortly be published. They promise to be of unusual interest.

On dit that the ex-King of Naples is about to pass the Winter at Nice, together with sundry other ex's, amongst whom the ex-Duke of Modena. It is said the reason Nice has been fixed upon is the fact that it is the gate of Italy, and Bourbonists view with no small satisfaction the *rapprochement* of Francis and the ex-Grand Duke.

An American Belle.—Miss Edith Fish, daughter of the American Secretary of State, will probably head the list of *debutantes* this season. Miss Fish is handsome, stylish, and very bright. Last year she only appeared at her mother's entertainments, and was allowed to accept no invitation to other houses.

The Ex-Empress of Mexico and her son are at present in Terre Haute, Ind., guests of the Hon. Thos. H. Nelson, late U. S. Minister to Mexico. The distinguished lady will spend the Winter in Washington, and her son—a lad of ten years—will soon sail for Europe, where he will be placed at school.

We have to record the death of another Peninsula and Waterloo man, Lord George Lennox. His lordship served upon the staff of the "Iron Duke," and was present at all the battles fought in Spain, Portugal, South of France, and Belgium. He was Lord in Waiting to the late Prince Consort.

The Queen of England has been pleased to appoint the Rev. Henry White, M. A., chaplain to the House of Commons, and of the Chapel Royal, Savoy, and honorary chaplain to the Queen, to be one of the chaplains in ordinary to Her Majesty.

The Queen of England has honored Mr Edwin Douglas, late of Edinburgh, by selecting from his studio a picture, as a present to the Prince of Wales on the occasion of his birthday, 9th November. The subject of the picture is two setters—a Gordon and a liver and white.

It is rumored that the Comte de Chambord has written a letter to Don Carlos, addressing him as "Your Majesty," and that the latter has replied in similar terms. They have invited each other to their coronation.

The London Hour says it has reliable information that by the privately expressed wish of Pius IX., the Cardinals have been in consultation and selected Cardinal Pecci, Archbishop of Perugia, for the next Pope.

Lieut.-Colonel Frederick Dent Grant, son of President Grant, is currently reported engaged to Miss Cooke, daughter of the Hon. Henry D. Cooke, late Governor of the District of Columbia.

Lord Geo. F. Train, who left America a few months ago, vowing "never to return," arrived from Europe by the *Spain*, Nov. 12, accompanied by his wife and daughter.

"Je le crois bien," was the Duchess of MacMahon's joyous response when the Shah of Persia, pointing to her eldest son, said, "C'est l'espoir de la France."

It is stated that Earl Spencer has resigned the Lord Lieutenancy of Ireland, and that he holds office only till his successor be appointed.

The Emperor of Germany is convalescent. No thanks to the prayers of the Pope.

Dr. Lyon Playfair is to be the future Postmaster General of England.

The ex-King of Hanover will shortly leave for England.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Wednesday, November 12, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) Cal P.R.R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P.M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) to Stockton only, connecting at Lathrop with Express Train for Merced, Visalia, Delano, and Los Angeles.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND AND ALAMEDA FERRY

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO OAKLAND — Daily" 7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, and 11:00 A.M., 1:00, 1:30, 2:00, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00 [illegible] 9:20 and 10:30 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays" [illegible] P.M. "Sundays only"—10:30 and 11:30 A.M.; [illegible] P.M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO ALAMEDA.—"Daily"—7:00, 9:00 [illegible] A.M.; 12:00, 2:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00 and 10:30 P.M. "Sundays only"—11:00 A.M., and 1:30 P.M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO FRUIT VALE.—"Daily, except Sundays" [illegible] P.M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO BROOKLYN.—"Daily"—6:30, 8:30 and 9:30 A. M.; 1:00, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:00, 8:10 and 9:20 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—11:00 A.M. and 11:45 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:30, 11:30 A.M., and 12:30 P.M.

FROM BROOKLYN TO SAN FRANCISCO.—"Daily" [illegible] 5:40, 6:40, [illegible] and [illegible] P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—5:35 A.M. "Sundays only"—11:40 A.M. and [illegible] P.M.

FROM ALAMEDA TO SAN FRANCISCO.—"Daily"—7:00, 8:00 and 9:00 A.M.; 3:00, 3:35, 5:00, [illegible] P.M. "Daily except Sundays"—5:25, 11:30 A.M., and 11:30 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:00, 11:00 A.M.; 12:00 and [illegible] P.M.

FROM FRUIT VALE TO SAN FRANCISCO.—"Daily, except Sundays"—6:35, 8:00 and 11:05 A.M.; 3:55 and 6:05 P.M.

FROM OAKLAND TO SAN FRANCISCO.—"Daily"—6:50, 7:20, 7:50, 8:25, 8:50, 9:20, 9:50, 10:50 and 11:50 A.M.; 12:50, 2:50, 3:20, 3:50, 4:20, 4:50, 5:20, 5:50, 6:20, 6:50, 7:20, 8:00, 9:10 and 10:20 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—6:20 A.M., and 1:20 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:20 and 11:20 A.M.; 12:20, 1:20 and 1:35 P.M.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent. [illegible]

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 30, 1873.

Trains South		Through Train	San Jose Only	San Jose Only
Leave—San Francisco		8:40 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:40 p m
San Jose	Arrive	11:10 a m	5:10 p m	7:?? p m
Gilroy	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Pajaro	Arrive	2:?? p m		
Castroville	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Salinas	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Soledad	Arrive	[illegible] p m		
Hollister	Arrive	2:30 p m		
Tres Pinos	Arrive	[illegible] p m		

Trains North		San Jose Only	San Jose Only	Through Train
Leave—Tres Pinos				[illegible] a m
Hollister				11:?? a m
Soledad				[illegible] a m
Salinas				[illegible] a m
Castroville				12:?? a m
Pajaro				11:?? p m
Gilroy				[illegible]
San Jose		[illegible] a m	7:?? a m	2:?? p m
San Francisco	Arrive	[illegible] a m	[illegible] a m	10 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday April [illegible] the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco, Meiggs' Wharf, at [illegible] and [illegible] A M and 6 P M [illegible] 2:30 and [illegible] P M. On Saturday from San Francisco at [illegible] P M. From San Francisco at [illegible] On Monday a trip from San Francisco, Meiggs' Wharf, at [illegible] A M. SUNDAY TIME: Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. Leave Saucelito, 11 A. M., 1, and 5 P. M.
H. A. COBB, President,
April 12. 227 Montgomery street.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM,
March 25.] Agents, 423 Front street.

J. H. COLEMAN & CO

Late of the Alta, General Collector.—Room [illegible] 6, No. [illegible] Montgomery street. Refers to—Messrs [illegible] & Co., [illegible] Richards & Harrison, [illegible] & Co., Geo. C. Shreve & Co. [illegible]

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Landaus, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, [illegible] Spring Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of [illegible] The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons headed wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 20.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 A.M. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 2:30 P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. W. H. TAYLOR, President.
Aug 21 C C S N Co

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving [illegible] inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin; in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb 28. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shop Fittings, Perfumery, Colors [illegible] Sundries, Veterinary [illegible] the above forwarded, free of all charges [illegible]
BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE,
July 11. 16 [illegible] London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.—The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unequaled. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov 25.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors: I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. [illegible] M. Freund, H. Traube, [illegible] H. V. Herbert, [illegible] Pomeroy, [illegible] Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, [illegible]
Office—524 Montgomery street, [illegible] Block next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan 11

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 3d, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie, connecting with the San Rafael Railroad, will leave as follows: San Francisco, 8:20 a.m., 1:00 p.m. [illegible] San Rafael, [illegible] 11:15 a.m., 2:30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a.m., 3:30 p.m.; San Rafael, 2:00 a.m. 5:20 p.m. W. H. TAYLOR, President.
Aug. 31. C. C. S. N. Co.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Build'g.
JUSTICES' COURT—Montgomery st.
COUNTY—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
THIRD DISTRICT—Mechanics In[stitute] [illegible]
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—713 Montgomery street.
NINETEENTH DISTRICT—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Sac'l.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATT'Y—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—[illegible] Clay street.
CITY PHYSICIAN—Coun'ty Hospital.
CORONER—[illegible] Clay street.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants' Exch'nge.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE—Washington and Battery streets.
COMMISSARY [illegible] Sacramento street, near Dupont.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City H.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Ha
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT. OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—[illegible]
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT. PUB. SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSE—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 11, City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—23 Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall
INTERNAL REVENUE—City Hall
SURVEYOR—623 Washington st
HEALTH OFFICE—174 Geary st
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall
POUND KEEPER—Pine street, bet. Pierce and Steiner.
QUARANTINE—331 Jackson st.
HARBOR MASTER—Corner Pacific and East.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street; Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 25 Cannon street; Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 15 Austinfriars; Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Wallock, Secretary; Singapore Gas Co., 8 St. Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary; [illegible] Saw Mills, Hakodadi, [illegible] & Co. agents, [illegible] [illegible] Square; Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co. agents, Crown-court, Philpot Lane; North China Insurance [illegible] J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary; Canton Insurance [illegible] [illegible] Yard, [illegible] Hongkong Insurance Co., [illegible] agents, 26 Austinfriars; China Traders Insurance Co., Hongkong, Fearon & Co. agents, 34 Great St. Helens [illegible] Japan Marine Insurance [illegible] [illegible] Agra Bank, 23 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, Chairman; Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Old Broad street, [illegible] Manager; Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street; Deutsche Bank [illegible] of Berlin [illegible] [illegible] Bishopsgate street, Within; German Bank of London, Bartholomew Lane, Lothbury; [illegible] Bank of London, agents, Princes st.; Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, [illegible] Manager; [illegible] Bank of India, R. O. Sawers, Chief Manager, 80 King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending December 6, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Tuesday, December 2d.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Mission St Ex H'd Ass'n to S Ross	Lot 419, Mission St Ex Hd	$ 402
Great Park Hd to Geo Barstow	Lots 7 and 22, blk 361, 5 and 23, blk 309, and sundry other lots in Gt Pk Hd	...
Silver Terrace Hd Ass'n to C J Elatt	Lots 471 to 474 inclusive, Silver Terrace Homestead	1,783
Wm Hollis to N R Ellis	W Farren Avenue, 125 s Ellis, s 25 x 90, being subdivision Western Addition 431	2,050
Carl W Hinke to Ferd N M Hinke	Undivided half of se Valencia and 26th street, s 85x125	5
Jas Conroy to Patrick Degan	E Cemetery Ave, 102 n Geary, e 113:6 n 52, w to Cemetery Avenue, s 70 to com being subdivision W A 616	650
Patrick Kenefick to M Gallagher	Sw Decatur, 25 se Bryant, se 25x80, being subdiv 100-v 212	663
Charles Vinzent to Church of Christ	Se Minna, 348:9 sw 4th, sw 45x75—sub 100-v 133, subject to a mortgage for $4,000	4,500
S P Goodall to Jos S Friedman	Nw Channel, 366:8 ne of 6th, ne 45:10 x 275	5
Wm D Gooy to Armor McLaughlin	N Francisco, 68:9 w Mason, n 60x22:11, being subdiv 50-v 1508	650
John Manahan to James Lough	N Mission, 108 w 1st, w 31x55, being sub of 100-v 1	5,500

Wednesday, December 3d.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Henry P Coon to Byron G Crane	N California 137:6 e Gough, n 68:9x137:6 being subdiv W A 125	$7,500
Same to Everett L Hastings	N California, 206:3 e Gough, e 68:9x137:6 being subdiv W A 125	7,500
Jas O Weir to Adaline A Haskin	S Post, 137:6 w Polk, w 27:6x120, being subdiv W A 59	11,000
L S Thompson to Jno S Drum	S Washington, 88:0 e Battery, e 20x60	4,000
James F Place to L Treadwell	Nw Francisco and Fillmore, e 137:6x120 subdiv W A 328	1
Sil Ter Hd Asn to J C McKewen	Lot 147, Silver Terrace Hd	321
Same to same	Lot 443 and 444, Silver Ter Hd	640
Same to same	Lot 110, Silver Ter Hd	310
Felton T [illegible] Hd Ass'n to W A Bilery	Lot 41 blk 1201	170
Henry Pierce to Henry Kohler	N Green, 232 w Powell, w 35x63, being subdiv 50-v 366 and 367	3,000
Wm T Coleman to Frank Coen	Lot 5, West End Hd	400
Michel Buer to Chas Sealy	Commencing sw corner B and w 1st 725, nw 22:11x62:6	1,500

Thursday, December 4th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Thomas Kendall Jr to D Witgen	W Mason, 97:6 s Broadway, s 20x137:6	$2,000
E S Swan to D M Henderson	W Arkansas, 275 n Sierra, n 25x100, being subdiv P N 412	720
J C Duncan to A W Robinson	Lots 5 and 7, blk G, R R Hd	130
Geo E Reed to Jos E Butler	W Fillmore, 103 n Sacramento, n 25x113	3,750
Jas Palache to C J Parsons	Ne Zoe, 125 nw Brannan, nw 25x75	5,000
Chas Geiser to Maria Vorweck	S Greenwich, s 22:6x70, being subdiv 50-vara 479	8,400
Jacob B Moore to C C Moore	Sw 6th and Brannan, w 65x75, being sub 100-v 317	10
A G de Noe to C V de Gonzalez	Undivided one-third, n 16th, 178:8 e Dolores, e 29x140	5
Wm Hollis to Geo Stewart	S Grove, 144 e Webster, e 25x120, being subdiv W A 285	4,500
J K Basford to H A Deming	Lot 45 blk 341, Park Hd	1
Wm J Gunn to Chas S Neal	N Sutter, [illegible] w Franklin, w 27:6x120—subdiv W A 125	3,200

Friday, December 5th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Henry F Williams to W C Ralston	Sw Hayes and Larkin, w 275, s 137.50 e 102.78, ne 212.21, n 13.45 to commencement, being subdiv W A 1	60,000
H H Haight to Wm Turnbull	Nw Sansome and Gold, n 60x80, being [illegible]	1
Chris Reis to J C Weir	E Taylor, 112:6 s Geary, s 25x87:6, being subdiv [illegible]	2,500
R M Wilson to John Fennessy	E Octavia, 100 s Tyler, s 50x100	[illegible]
Same to Matilda Caroline Stohr	S Tyler, 25 e Octavia, e 75x100	5,100
Same to Margaret Quinn	E Octavia, [illegible] s Tyler, s 25x100, being subdiv W A 152	1,450
J H Applegate to Eugene Celle	Block [illegible] W A, bounded by Tyler, Laguna, McAllister and Octavia	5
Donald Fraser to Thos Bell	Nw Kearny and C street, [illegible]	15,000
Henry Williams to Chas Hathaway	E Battery, 82 n California, n 31x77:6, being subdiv Beach and Water lots 221 and 222	32,000

Saturday, December 6th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Edwd B Perrin to Agnes K Willett	Sw Silliman and Holyoke, w 240x400 in blk 36 of University Mound Survey	$5,500
Same to same	Ne D street and 26th Ave, n 600x240, O L blk 405	8,000
E A Atwood to Caroline L Atwood	Undivided half w Diamond, 110 n 20th, w 125x190; also, e Eureka, 110 n 20th, e 125x110, separate property	1,300
J B Palmer to Rienzi Hughes	Se Tehama, 255 ne 3d, ne 20x80, being subdiv 100-v 31	1,500
Matilda C Stohr to C R Richardson	S Tyler, 25 e Octavia, 75x100	Gift
F L A Pioche to T C Edwards	Lot 29 blk 25, City Land Ass'n	50
T C Edwards to John R Knarston	Same	50
Edward Martin to Thos Corbett	N Hayes, 31:3 e Buchanan, e 25x72	1,250
Mary Russau to City & Co S F	S Jackson, 61:3 w Maiden Lane, w 10:7, s 16:7, n 12:[illegible]	700
Jas McClasson to T B Kent	Se Jessie, 115 sw 2d, sw 22:6x110, being subdiv 100-v 7	10,000
J Bollentine to Rudolph Rickwardt	S of Jessie, 111 sw 9th, sw 25x70, being subdiv M B 4	[illegible]
Thos McInerney to Cath Miller	[illegible] San Jose Road, [illegible] P Val	510
Sil Ter H'd Ass'n to Cath Strobel	Lots 462 and 463, Silver Ter Hd	[illegible]
Chas Mayne to Gustav A Scott	S Grove w Laguna, 25x120	2,000
L Lercari to Guiseppe Spinetta	Und ½ n Francisco e Powell, 22:11x137:6	852
A S Hallidie to G Mitchler	N Sacramento w Jones, 12x58:9	270
J Schwendell to Mary A Chaloner	E Kearny s Union, 12:2x60	1,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending Dec. 9, 1873

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
M S Wickersham to S Merritt	Oakland: N line 11th st 50 e from Webster thence e 50x100	$6,000
E Murphy to M Ragel	Same: S line 4th st 125 e from Franklin thence e 50x100	1,000
A Milton to Murry & Foley	Same: N line 26th st 150 w from San Pablo Ave thence w 50x100	500
Murry & Foley to W Hurlbutt	Same: Same	5
W Hurlbutt to H F Steel	Same: Same	600
E Bigelow to P & M McNamara	Same: 60x94 sw cor 3d and Myrtle	500
Same to C M Allen	Same: S line 16th st 100 w from Clay th w 75x103:9	1,900
Same to M & A M Barstow	Same: E line Harrison 700 n from 14th street thence n 75x150	2,600
A J Snyder to O Bank of Savings	E Oakland: Se line 11th Ave 25 sw from East 17th st thence sw 25x100	900
E N Ackley to M G Monteverde	Same: Portions of same	350
J L Troth to G Cannon	10 miles e from Livermore: 149 acres	400
P Wilson to S P Cristy	20 miles e from Alvarado: 177 acres	10
A Bank of Savings to P & M Miller	Same: Same	900
L D Mulville to M A Frament	Alameda: 217x240 se cor Fern and Quail	2,500
W E Brown to G P Adams	Same: 50 e line Park x 126:10	875
C T F H Lampl to W H Winch	Same: 100x150 sw corner of Walnut and Central	5
S U Hd Ass'n to Mrs A Stebbins	Oakland Tp: Lot 2 blk 3 S U Hd	780
L W Kimball to J Avon	Same: 175 San Pablo Av and 210 Adeline	1,000
H Chick to O Chick	Same: Lots 9 and 10 Temescal Park	1,000
Brown & Walton to G F Leonard	Same: 5 acres Dohr's Tract	3,500
P H Sumner to J D Fry	Brooklyn Tp: A portion of the Quigley Tract	10,000
H Crowell to A M Crane	Near Mission San Jose: A Tract	5,000
H David to F Frates	Road Alvarado to Vallejo's Mills: 106 acs	15,500
Hayward's Pk H Asn to D Prescott	Haywood. 100x150	250
W Blair to O Bank of Savings	Oakland: Lot 48 Buena Vista Hd	1

Reported by G. W. McKEAND, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Dec 9.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY.

GEORGE W. McKEAND, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records) Office: Adjoining the COURT HOUSE, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to the Court House. ☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. Sept. 13.

THE CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL AND FLYING DRAGON

紙聞新山唐山金

For Every China Steamer, will be issued on the day of sailing, containing a review of Markets and Prices Current; Grain, Shipping, Monetary and Bullion Review; complete summary of Telegraphic News to date; latest Eastern Market Reports, etc., etc. The most complete and valuable newspaper for transmission to China correspondents. Dec. 24.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, No. 33 Pine street; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. The Bank has Agencies at Virginia City, Gold Hill, and Correspondents in all the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Locano, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort on the Main. Sept [illegible]

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from [illegible] A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hours on Saturdays from [illegible] to [illegible] P M, for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. DIRECTORS—L. Gottig, F. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler, Dan. Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers.
GEORGE LETTE, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 504 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED.)

412 California st., San Francisco.—London Office, 3 Angel Court; New York Agents, J. W. Seligman & Co., 21 Broad street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000. Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange and Bullion, loan Money, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world.
Oct. 4. R. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, } Managers.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't; Wm H. Culver, Vice-President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 3.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; R. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 13 Merchants' Exchange [illegible] against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings [illegible] Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan [illegible] MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

COWAN & CO., Paper Makers, Edinburgh, Diploma of Honor Vienna. MILLER & RICHARDS, Type Founders, Edinburgh. A. B. FLEMING & CO., Ink Manufacturers, Edinburgh. Highest Medal, Vienna. ELLIS READ, Agent.
Nov. 8. Office, 412 Pine street, San Francisco.

PICKERING AS A BULLY.

Since the last legislative election, Brother Pickering of the *Bulletin-Call* seems to have undergone a transformation as astonishing and almost as sudden as those of the harlequin in a pantomime. Prior to that time he was known in this community as a mean-spirited, avaricious time-server; knavish in his proclivities, but without sufficient ability to become a dangerous knave; malicious in his nature, but with a malice so restrained by constitutional indecision and timidity as to render it ineffective; a whipper and a trimmer, who never expressed an opinion without a qualifying clause, and growing alarmed lest *that* might amount to an opinion, tacked on a counter qualification to insure a perfect equilibrium of unmeaning noncommittalism. No one could have anticipated that a moral sneak of this type would ever turn up in the role of a moral bully. Yet the thing has come to pass. Pickering has been raised to such a pitch of elation by the temporary success of the Dolly Varden movement (of which he considers himself the originator, leader, and dictator), that he has taken to issuing orders to the members of the Legislature, telling them with whom they may, and with whom they must not associate. The *Call's* Sacramento correspondent writes to that paper: "Gen. By Gosh Carr has taken up quarters at the Orleans, and provided a big dining-room with accommodations for twenty-two persons. Here he dines and wines such as are low enough to accept his hospitality. He is particularly anxious to entertain the Independent members of the Legislature. Should any of them consort with this notorious railroad trickster, I shall not hesitate to show them up by name." So much for the "man;" now hear what the "master" says in the editorial column: "We have no fear as to Billy Carr's decoying 'Independent members of the Legislature' to his rooms. If there be a Senator or Assemblyman who runs with Billy Carr—Republican or Democrat—his name should be published, so that his constituents may know him and shun him." But Pickering is not content with dictating to members of the Legislature. In his new-blown arrogance of victory and fancied power he aspires to the position of a sort of general censor and grand inquisitor for the regulation of the conduct of men both in public and private station. He doesn't like Gov. Stanford's associates, and thinks it very "bold" of him to choose his company, as is indicated in the following piece of insolence from his correspondent at the Capital, which he publishes: "Some little disgust was made manifest at the bold manner in which Stanford showed his hand. He came up in the Directors' palace car, well provided with such luxuries as monopolists cannot go without, and had for his companions General By Gosh Carr, Steve Gage, the latter's right-hand man, Tom Shannon, who so disgraced himself at the last session, old Folke, one of the same expanded kidney, and one or two others, who love the people well enough to grab all within their reach." We wonder what sort of a government the proprietor of the *Call* supposes we are living under. Whatever kind of an "ocracy" he might choose to name it, he evidently considers it a government in which the supreme power is vested in Loring Pickering, who is authorized to issue decrees and edicts on all matters, and of binding authority on all citizens, through the columns of the daily *Call*.

GAS AND WATER.

The motion of Mr. Lynch in the Board of Supervisors has had the effect of an electric touch. Until very recently people have not realized the burden under which they were bending. Now, all are up in arms to resist its further pressure. The days of the gas and water monopolies are numbered. It is the beginning of the end, as Wilkie Collins would say. People have been trifled with long enough by mushroom oppositions, who, by a trick of words, have broken their contracts and left their patrons to flounder again in the depths of extortionate prices from which extrication was hopeless. It is absurd that, in a city of two hundred thousand inhabitants, of daily growing importance, of superb location for commercial purposes, of good financial standing, its people should pay at the rate of $4 for a thousand feet of gas and $15 75 for an inch of water; that the corporation expenses for these two items alone should be $425,225 for gas and $28,800 for water, to say naught of the crushing weight of such prices on householders. From the beginning we have advocated the plan which is now the popular one, that the city own its gas and water works. The legislative candidates who figured on the *News Letter* ticket during the campaign, were those who were known to favor this measure. The time has come for them to work. We have been very effectually hoodwinked in granting a charter to one opposition company; it behooves us to be hoodwinked no longer. It is an undeniable fact that gas of much better quality and for much less money can be manufactured than that which is now sparingly and dearly dealt to us. It is an undeniable fact, also, that the benefit accruing from such course should go rather to the city than to the gorged few. Wherefore we urge the immediate passage of the necessary bill, and fail to see the use of waiting a single day to do the good work. The gas and water monopolies go hand in hand; with the downfall of the one will come the crash of the other. Upon the water problem the people have long been pondering. The gas excitement is newly risen, but it is meet that both evils should be remedied as soon as possible. If the purchase of the Spring Valley works be necessary, let them be purchased at once, that we may the sooner look about for the water supply which their exhausted resources fail to give. In the present brightening condition of affairs, we look forward with delighted eyes to the time when, the gas and water works having become municipal property, we shall be as other prosperous cities, and light and water, two God-given and vital elements, will be as abundant in the homes of the poor as in those of the rich. In common with our oppressed brethren, we most impatiently await the action of the legislature.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Standing Committees of the Senate.—The following is the result of a series of resolutions which were adopted, appointing the Committees of the Senate: On Judiciary—Farley, Edgerton, Pendegast, Laine, Graves, DeHaven, O'Connor, Hopkins and Bartlett. On Claims—Perkins, McMurray, McCune, Fraser and O'Connor. On Finance—Irwin, McKusick, Evans, Bartlett and Tuttle. On Elections—Turner, Irwin, Hopkins, O'Connor and Bush. On Public Lands—Lindsey, McKusick, Boggs, DeHaven and Pendegast. On Commerce and Navigation—Roach, Perkins, Duffy, McCoy and Bartlett. On Federal Relations—Finney, Gibbons, Graves, Eakin and Crane. On Hospitals—Keyes, Goodale, Martin, Bush and Perkins. On Mines and Mining Interests—Hendricks, Bush, Turner, McMurray, Neff, Eakin and Fraser. On State Prison—Neff, McCoy, DeHaven, Edgerton and Tuttle. On Education—Finney, Irwin, Tuttle, Dyer and Gibbons. On Contingent Expenses—Garratt, Lindsey, Goodale, Hendricks and McMurray. On Military Affairs—Andros, Evans, Roach, Edgerton and Kent. On Public Expenditures—Perkins, Beck, Laine, Hopkins and Fraser. On Public Morals—Crane, Lindsey, Dyer, Goodale and Tuttle. On Engrossed Bills—Tuttle, Neff, Bush, Beck, DeHaven and Hendricks. On Enrolled Bills—McKusick, McMurry, Duffy, Andros, McCune and Martin. On Internal Improvements—Spencer, Kent, Gibbons, Boggs and McCoy. On State Library—Edgerton, Andros and Farley. On Mines—Spencer, Beck and Keyes. On Corporations—Farley, Evans, Graves, Laine and Dyer. On Counties and County Boundaries—Boggs, Turner, Kent, Pendegast and McCune. On Agriculture—Finney, Keyes, McCoy, McCune and Spencer. On Printing—McCusick, Irwin, Roach, Crane and Laine. On Roads and Highways—Duffy, Martin and Eakin. On Swamp and Overflowed Lands—Boggs, Hendricks, Lindsey, McCune and Duffy. On Public Buildings—McMurray, Boggs, Garratt, Beck and Pendegast. On State and County Revenue—Neff, Perkins, O'Connor, Laine and Farley. On Irrigation and Water Rights—Hopkins, Lindsey, McCune, Fraser, Farley, Keyes and Evans. On Retrenchment—Edgerton and Finney. Mr. Edgerton stated that Senator Oulton's name had been omitted from all Committees, at his own request.

OLEOMARGARINE.

The manufacture of Butter from suet and the oils of animals has thus far been a perfect success. The company originally incorporated under the title of the Oleomargarine has been changed to that of the California Butter Company—same officers and under same management. It looks as though the butter product was entering into general use, not only here, but in the interior.

The head of United States Marshal Morris has been dropped into the *Sunrise* basket. Good. His successor is Edward S. Marcellus.

THE TIMES.

Let the upright look to their feet and the honest man hide his head,
For politics swarm in the street and honor affrighted has fled.

The chink of the dollar is heard as the votes are purchased and sold,
And the heart of the people is stirred with a bribe of silver and gold.

The ape-like mouth of the 'Mick' mutters prayers to the golden calf,
And he chuckles with glee at his trick—selling votes for 'two-and-a-half'

Monopolies sputter and foam and companies riot and tear,
Lobbyists mutter and moan—alternately hope and despair.

Bribery stalks in the street unmasked and unchallenged by law;
The thief and the rogue and the cheat need cover their face no more.

The Will of the nation is dead, for Will is the servant of Gain;
The garments of Mammon are red with the blood of the Truth that is slain.

The high places are crowded with men whose whole care is to feather their nest,
The sword of the knave is the pen, and the fool in the toga is dressed.

There cometh a rumor of war and the heart of the people is glad;
Peace hastily closeth the door and the face of the nation is sad

For the prospect of plunder is gone, and a good chance is thrown away;
What matters it, right or wrong, if the spilling of blood but pay?

Redemption is bought with gold, and lots near the throne are leased;
All gilt are the bars of the fold that the dazzled flock may be fleeced.

But balm is in Gilead yet, one form is still holy and pure,
For the *News Letter*, God's own pet, is found without blemish or flaw. T. A. H.

ACTION VERSUS TALL TALK.

From end to end of the greatest country the sun ever shone upon there has been bounce, bluster and talk. From the President to the humblest laborer there has been nothing but bluster about obtaining satisfaction about the *Virginius* outrage. But it has all ended in talk and bragadocia of the worst kind. Nothing has been done except signing a protocol, which the authorities to this hour are frightened to enforce. Whilst we have been sending vessels to Havana and elsewhere, under sealed orders, and all that sort of folly has been going on, a plain commander of an English ship of war has been acting, and that without orders that are sealed or concealed, but under a strict sense of responsibility which can alone be the guide of such an officer when an emergency arises away from home which no set rules could provide for, inasmuch as no such hasty act of barbarity could have been expected from one of the civilized powers. The story is not from any English authority. The "American Press Association" tells it in the following language: "Timely Protest of a British Naval Officer. The British war-vessel *Niobe* and her commander Lorraine, left Jamaica in such haste that several of her crew, who were ashore on leave, were left behind. He hardly stopped to cast anchor at Santiago before he hastened ashore and protested against the killing of any more of the *Virginius* crew. General Burriel answered him sneerily in a letter, saying that every execution that had been ordered would be proceeded with. Commander Lorraine instantly returned a reply that in the absence of an American man-of-war he would protect not only the interests of his country, but those of the United States, and that if Burriel harmed a hair of another prisoner he would bombard the city. It was generally believed at Santiago that this action of the British Commander saved the lives of the rest of the *Virginius* crew. Commander Lorraine afterwards obtained five copies of the process of the Court Martial condemning them to death, two of which he intended to transmit to our Government and two others to his own." To add one word in praise of such conduct would be like gilding refined gold. The story conveys its own moral.

OUR SAN FRANCISCO PURITANS.

Is our excellent ex-Mayor, and President of the Art Association, a Puritan of the strictest sect? We think we have heard him spoken of as a devout and exemplary Episcopalian, who makes the responses in an audible voice, and drops a twenty-dollar piece into the plate every Sunday at morning service. But, if so, he seems nevertheless to have retained some of the notions characteristic of the most austere Presbyterians and Independents of the Praise-God-Barebones Parliament. Macaulay, speaking of these cross-grained Puritans, says: "They proved as intolerant and meddling as ever Laud had been. They interdicted the use of the Book of Common Prayer, not only in churches, but in private houses: * * * Churches and sepulchres, fine works of art and curious remains of antiquity were brutally defaced. The Parliament resolved that all pictures in the Royal collection which contained representations of Jesus or the Virgin Mother should be burned. Sculpture fared no better. Nymphs and Graces, the work of Ionian chisels, were delivered over to Puritan stone masons to be made 'decent.'" This seems to be the school of theology and of art in which our benevolent ex-Mayor, and most efficient President of the Art Association has been studying.

THE NAVIGATOR ISLANDS.

A telegram was published by the papers the other day, to the effect that the Navigator Islands had been sold in London to a party of Melbourne capitalists. The information it conveyed was rather mixed, yet it had considerable truth in it. What has occurred is this. The Melbourne people saw that if the American steam line be established it will in no small degree be owing to the large influence and assistance they have thrown into the scale in favor of Burnside & Co. as against the [illegible] arrangement, and they saw, too, how important a place the Harbor of Pago-Pago would soon become, they therefore negotiated for the purchase of 4,000 acres out of the 50,000 held by the Company here, for which they are about to pay $4 an acre. Indeed, to close the bargain several thousand dollars have been paid in London already. This looks like business. The schooner *Julia Ann* leaves here with a portion of the party in a fortnight's time, and will cruise among the Islands for three or four weeks and then return to San Francisco. Berths are about to be fitted up for twelve or fifteen passengers who may be inclined to visit these lovely isles.

NO CHANGE.

A howl was raised, at the close of the last election, concerning the sweeping changes that would be made in the Police Office. We are pleased to record that no such changes are likely to take place. No one more fully recognizes than Chief Cockrill the fact that such a course would be hasty and unadvised. The force remains as it was almost without exception. The physiognomy and tricks of rogues is a knowledge not easily acquired, and the men who, by time and practice, have been made familiar with them, are invaluable in their peculiar line. None the less is Chief Cockrill to be approved for his discretion in retaining the old force, since the first act of a new officer is generally a wholesale beheading (witness the Scannell and Whitney alterations). We hope our new Chief will soon be provided with the fifty additional officers he asks for, an addition certainly necessary in a city of our size and population.

Aqua Mirabilis.—This wonderful water of the Spring Valley Company! What is it? Something very wonderful, surely, or else, why should the water bill of an ordinary family be considerably more than the bread bill? If it be *aqua simplex*, why should the largest stockholders of the Spring Valley Co. be the loudest shriekers against Stanford and monopoly? Answer us this question, Mr. *News Letter*.

Rev. Dr. Platt will preach morning and evening on Sunday next, at Grace Church, corner Stockton and California streets. The Doctor's utterances or discourses since his arrival here, have attracted unusual attention and commanded universal approval. We are more than gratified to place the Doctor among the leading divines of the Pacific Coast.

Senator Roach has been appointed Chairman of the Committee on Commerce and Navigation, a position he held twenty-one years ago.

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The largest and finest Stock ever offered for sale on the Pacific Coast, consisting of
STANDARD WORKS,
In fine Library Bindings.
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Standard Poets, Galleries,
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Writing Desks, Portfolios,
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Gold Pens of finest quality,
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None genuine unless one of each pair bears the TRADE MARK of Original Inventor and Patentee, with date of patent, 1834.
Veuve Xavier Jouvin & Cie,
PARIS & GRENOBLE.
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Sole Agents for Pacific Coast,
San Francisco.
Sept. 20.

A. F. NYE. T. S. ACHESON.

NYE & ACHESON,
IMPORTERS OF
GAS FIXTURES,
315 and 317 Pine st.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
Oct. 11.

NOTICE.
Charles J. Collins,
Pioneer Hatter,
Under Odd Fellows' Hall,
Guarantees the Highest Satisfaction to all his Patrons
No. 321 Montgomery street.
Oct. 25.

BANCROFT'S,
721 Market Street.
HOLIDAY GIFTS!
THE
FINEST ASSORTMENT OF
BOOKS
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IN THE CITY.
DIARIES FOR 1874,
THE FINEST IN THE MARKET.
We cordially invite the Public to give us a call.
A. L. BANCROFT & CO.,
Publishers, Manufacturers, Etc., Etc. [Dec. 6.

DR. ABORN,
Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory, 712 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

Satire should, like a polished razor keen,
Wound with a touch that's scarcely felt or seen.

Oh Heaven! that such companions thou'dst unfold,
And put in every honest hand a whip
To lash the rascal naked through the world,
Even from the East to the West.—Othello, Act IV, Scene I.

THE LADIES' PROTEST.

"Moi qui n'ai pas l'habitude de regarder les statues à de certains endroits, je trouvais, comme les autres, la feuille de vigne, découpée par les ciseaux de M. le chargé des beaux-arts, la chose la plus ridicule du monde. Il paraît que j'avais tort, et que la feuille de vigne est une institution des plus méritoires. * * * * Ces gens-là ne savent aussi de la romance de Rodrigue que le couplet de la couleuvre.—S'il y a quelque nudité dans un tableau ou dans un livre, ils y vont droit comme le porc à la fange, et ne s'inquiètent pas de fleurs épanouies ni des beaux fruits dorés qui pendent de toutes parts."
THÉOPHILE GAUTIER.

Against the shameful barbarous mutilation,
Of Gods and demi-Gods of glorious station,
We do protest with grief and indignation.

Shorn by the Trustees of their fair proportions,
Wronged by the chisel's pitiless distortions,
They tell their voiceless pain by strange contortions.

Heroes and demi-Gods renowned in story!
Famed in old wars and love, and crowned with glory,
How dare they fling such foul dishonor o'er ye!

Ye stand, as conscious of your degradation,
Pallid as ghosts, in deep humiliation,
Disqualified for love or propagation.

Against this vandal act, we lift our voices;
In "Beauty unadorned," man's heart rejoices,
And "Nature uncurtailed," true woman's choice is.

The wise and courteous journals of this city have taken upon themselves somewhat to uphold the bully, McShane, because the guest with whom he kicked up such a rumpus cut his hair according to the fashion of another country, and spoke English with the liquid accents of the Motherland. Facetious reporters quite forget that the New England twang, the western burr, or the southern drawl would sound quite as oddly in Pall Mall as the final g, or the rules of syntax, in Montgomery street. That Mr. Murphy's only ostensible belongings were a high-sounding middle name and a carpet sack, was scarcely sufficient reason for Mr. McShane to attempt his guest's life for three dollars. Three dollars! His empty portmanteau was worth that, or his umbrella, or his handkerchief, if he wore fine linen. Even had he appeared in a state of absolute nudity, and not carrying a penny's worth with him, the brutish landlord was not justified in firing at him with bad aim in an open thoroughfare, where peaceful and unsuspecting citizens were passing by. We suggest to Mr. McShane a change of occupation. The highway would perhaps suit him, where accuracy of aim is not necessary, the touch of cold steel being all sufficient. A man who considers three dollars a sufficient financial basis upon which to take a life, could speedily accumulate a fortune, according to his own ideas. A peanut stand might be more in his line—he being accustomed to provender—where he could dock a few nuts in every quart, and make three dollars by the operation every month or so. Or he might take to church begging, which is profitable enough, but he would have to put by his pistol and his bullying, and assume a sanctimonious whine, which is essentially different from a bull-dog's snarl. At all events, we advise him to abandon the keeping of a first-class hotel, where sometimes ladies and gentlemen stop, who are in the habit of settling their bills otherwise than at the mouth of an irate Irishman's pistol, and who do not care to subject themselves to the vagaries of a would-be murderer. Bully McShane's minor offence, of belaboring his guest with an umbrella, is so overshadowed by the attempt to take his life that it has been overlooked, but it was scarcely more justifiable. As Mr. Murphy paid his bill five minutes after, he can scarcely have been so total a stranger or so complete a "bilk" as Mr. McShane and his clerk represent him to be. In conclusion, if justice fails to deal with the memento flourisher as he deserves, we hope the "Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals" will set him up in a shooting gallery, with a huge wooden target to fire at, and a loud-sounding pop-gun to fire with.

Next to dear little children we love nice little boys. There is an innate tenderness and love of truth about most of the breed that are sufficient proofs of divine origin. We have chiefly to do with this tenderness at present, of which the following is a favorable instance: On Monday last a boy of the Lincoln School struck another a severe blow in the back with his fist—*in play*—the result of which blow was an instantaneous paralysis of the lower limbs of the boy who was struck. [That reads very much like an example of syntax.] This is the sort of boy who employs his leisure time in worrying neglected stumbling flies, setting dogs to fight, and other pretty amusements. We believe that every boy is at heart and in practice a bully. He certainly is at heart, and, as for practice, the boy who can't bully a school will bully his little sister, and he who can't bully his sister will bully the cat or the dog. The boys of San Francisco are particularly nice. Their language is as cultivated as that of a miner's camp, their manners as refined as those of a Pacific-street hoodlum, and their aspect towards their parents as respectful as that of a South Sea Islander. There used to be a time when boys had some ambition to be thought little gentlemen, but now the more dissipated and rough and rude the boy is, the more is he respected and admired by the other members of the hopeful gang to which he belongs. There can be no doubt that the whole fault lies with the parents, who mistake carelessness for leniency, and only wake up to their dismal mistake when their sons, whom they may possibly love, but whom they treated as if they hated, furnish an item in the newspapers under the heading of Police News. The gradation is easy and simple enough. A spoilt child becomes, ninety-nine times out of a hundred, mean and bullying. Your bully is always rough and brutal, as well as an exceeding coward, and unless your rough, cowardly, hoodlumish bully comes to a bad end, it's a miracle, and no thanks to the parents.

It is perhaps the inherent wickedness of the Town Crier that moves him when a young lady of exceptional deportment and peculiarly shy demeanor is missing, to be possessed of a racking curiosity as to the tenants of private foundling hospitals and other strange abiding places which it is not his modest custom to mention. It is the world's loss that the *T. C.* is not a detective in the line of missing young women, for he is usually on the right scent. He has a peculiar distrust of those young persons who go through the world with downcast eyelids and Madonna faces, gentle of voice and ready of blush. He prefers the rollicking, bustling, jolly, outspoken girl. She is rarely missing. If she is, her noise betrays her whereabouts. Her silent friend, on the contrary, seeks the darkness and retires to private hospitals to have her respectability tinkered up like cracked China. The flaw remains, but is almost invisible, unless, indeed, as was recently the case, the ambitious morning journals undertake to advertise the concern for the benefit of young men who are in a quandary. This knowledge, however, of privacy, utter seclusion and perfect safety of the place introduce a strange jangle and unpleasant discord in the chime of wedding bells, as in the recent Oakland case.

The Chronicle has issued a notice to the effect that Benjamin F. Napthaly is not employed as a reporter for that paper, although he has misrepresented himself as such. Charley has gone back on "little Benjamin," evidently. And yet we think there must be a mistake somewhere, for cheeky and low as Benny is, he cannot have got so far down as to claim a connection with the assignation sheet, when he was lucky enough some time ago to break it.

Our sentiments towards Renegade Duggan have entirely changed. We now consider him a sharp, shrewd, wily rascal, who has tricked the people in downright good style, and as such we thoroughly respect him. The way in which he dusted the eyes of the Anti-Catholic Association is worthy of a California street stock-broker, and that glorious sell at Platt's Hall, a joke worthy of Boss Tweed. A Roman Catholic priest he was, and is, and never intended to be any other. The way in which he has led the long-eared proselytizers through thick and thin is something delicious. How the wily priest must have laughed at the way the bait took! The tender lamb who had strayed from the right fold and wanted to get back again, was naked and hungry, and the simple-hearted shepherd fed and clothed him. The lamb was introduced to the ewes, and had sheep-eyes innumerable thrown at him. But, alas! the little lamb has thrown off its fleece and turned out to be a fox, and a very cunning fox at that. There is grief and mourning in the Flock of the Simple, sack-cloth and ashes have been ordered, and the shepherd hides his diminished head—all except his ears—and is going to be more careful in future. Duggan is no more to be known as the Renegade, but as Duggan the Fleecer, for as a piece of successful fooling and Jesuitical deception the whole business, from beginning to end, stands unequaled. The camp of the enemy has been spied out and has been discovered to be very, very weak. Our earnest, silly brethren, who would have compassed sea and land to make one proselyte, thought they had caught a beauty, but lo! and behold, like Paddy's flea, when they put their finger upon him he wasn't there. Special services are to be held at St. Mary's, when Duggan the Fleecer is to be received with open arms by Bishop Alemany, whilst the choir chaunts to Gregorian music, these words:

"Black sheep, black sheep, have you any wool?"

To which Duggan, laying his finger beside his glowing nose, will answer:

"Yes, father; yes father, three bags full,
One that the public kindly helped me to fill,
And two from the pockets of duped Hemphill!"

It has come to the ears of the Town Crier this week, that Monsieur Jacques Laidil and Señor Alvino Caulfieldo, two extremely fashionable residents of this city, are to settle a difference that has arisen between them, by resorting to the only gentleman's mode: that of a duel. The terms of the duel are somewhat peculiar, the weapons selected being ten-inch Parrott guns, and the distance between the principals five miles. M. Laidil having won the choice of positions, has decided on Goat Island, while Snr. Caulfieldo has chosen an elevated position on the Bernal Heights. As far as we can ascertain from rumors at the Union Club, the breach between the above gentlemen arose from a contested point in musical matters, M. Laidil declaring that no opera had ever been written with a part for a Fortissimo Crescendo Falsetto obligato, Snr. Caulfieldo asserting that he had filled such a position in Bombay. Should you therefore hear an exchange of shots some clear morning, you will immediately know that the issue of this singular and remarkable combat has been decided. *Court Journal* and *Musical Times* please copy.

Trust a woman for a strong expression of feeling where another woman is concerned. The *Town Crier* while at the Art Reception overheard among criticisms of pictures and paintings, this, on an elderly maiden, who was giggling to such an extent as to seriously endanger her unity—her holding together, we mean. "Gushing old Fossil!" said some one behind us. We turned expecting to see some other unhappy sister of uncertain age, but imagine our surprise when we found the gentle critic to be a little girl, who possibly might have seen seventeen summers. Good heavens! and had she already got to "*gushing old Fossil?*" Saints protect us from a woman's tongue, indeed, if it is dipped in gall to this extent before they are much more than half through their teens. Could she have taken it in with her mother's milk? But how if she were brought up by hand and a feeding bottle? *Gushing old Fossil* eh! Gracious goodness what's the world coming to?

We acknowledge to one weakness common to humanity: a liking for rich people. Our solicitude for their health, their comfort, and their welfare, is something quite extraordinary. Our usual regard for truth compels us to state that in consequence our sympathies have been chiefly extended to convicts and rascals. There was a time when all went well with them; when hanging was *en règle*, if poor men strained the hemp—the rich escaped with imprisonment. Later, when hanging and imprisonment both went out, many of our warmest friends were rescued through the insanity dodge. Alas! emotional insanity is played out, and conviction has become popular. What resource is now left our moneyed friends in limbo! Hark, from the Tombs, from Auburn, from Sing Sing, from Blackwell's, an echo answereth: "The Hospital!"

It troubled us for some time to find a cause for the unceasing efforts of the *Chronicle* to dislodge the *Figaro* from Tom Maguire's two theaters; but at twenty-three minutes to four yesterday afternoon we struck ile, through the aid of an ink-cocktail. The rapid decline of the dead-alive paper's influence and circulation has, of course been apparent to its proprietors for even a longer time than to the public and feeling in their heart of hearts—which is their pocket—that their day was past and over, and that not even advertisements of catarrh bestialities and assignations could save it from returning to its original form of advertisement-programme, rant, strive and labor to get the *Figaro* out of the way so that there may be but one Richmond in the field. Is there not something in the fable book about "the dog returning to its vomit?"

Michael Scanlon, the father of ten children, has been sent to Stockton as insane, the principal evidence in favor of his noncompos-ity being the testimony of two witnesses, who swore to having seen Scanlon threaten to assault his wife with a carving-knife. This is a very difficult case, and the decision of insanity is one that does not exactly please us, for, ready as we are to admit that being the father of ten children is enough to send any poor devil mad ten times over, still on the other hand there is the fact of his having threatened his wife with a carving-knife, and this assuredly can only be taken as evidence of sanity and civilization. However, he's gone to Stockton, and assaults with carving-knives, and pokers, and chairs, may all in future come under the Insanity Dodge.

The medical faculty has decided that nineteen children out of every twenty sick with scarlatina can be saved if properly taken care of. What a merciful dispensation of Providence it is, that implanted in every mother's heart there lies implicit confidence in the doctor! So, after all, we see our salvation clear, for in every case of scarlatina the man of prescriptions and fees will be called in, and as recovery depends upon their "being properly taken care of," thank God and the doctors, the plague of children will be somewhat stayed. Doctors and decimation, or coddling and cure. In the name of Suffering Humanity, then call in the doctors!

Merit has at length received its reward. Wm. Mestayer and Senator Roach have each been presented with a gold badge for their factotum services to the San Francisco Stock Board. The proud recipients intend to wear them around their necks—tag fashion. Mestayer on the strength of his will write a new society play, and Roach intends using his as a lever to lift him to the Governor's chair. On Mestayer's badge is the inscription "To an old stager," and on Roach's, the legend runs "For a good little boy."

Apprehensive parents are informed that the curious of the rising generation may visit the rooms of the Art Association with impunity. Samson and Delilah may be a little *prononcé* for the eyes of Miss Prude, but Mezzara's chisel has disposed of the superfluities of the plaster casts as effectually as the Jewish Giant was shorn of his strength by the willing shears of treacherous Delilah. What greater sacrifice can be offered at the shrine of modesty than that of neutralizing even Apollo Belvidere!

On Thursday, a notice appeared in the dailies to the effect that an owner was wanted for a fine silk umbrella, then at the Police Station, taken on the preceding day from a disreputable character. Before eleven o'clock on Thursday morning three thousand seven hundred and forty-one men, thirteen hundred and eleven women, fifty-five boys and girls, and fourteen Chinese had applied for it.

The Church of the Flying Trapeze, which is Trinity, is beginning to look up. Of late the houses at this place of amusement have been small and ill paying, but now that the orchestra and chorus are fully organized a run of the present company may be expected until Christmas. The general holy bowl commences to-morrow morning.

WHAT PEOPLE ARE SAYING.

"'Twas whispered in Heaven, 'twas muttered in Hell,
And Echo caught faintly the sound as it fell."

That the prices of California legislators have gone up since the time of Casserly's election. That the disappearance of the Spanish war-cloud is a serious disappointment to certain "operators," who were ready and anxious for a government contract. That the Great Powers were joking when they assured President Castelar that they would recognize the Republic as soon as the Cartagena insurrection should be suppressed. That the Montgomery Avenue assessments are an outrage and a blight upon the property. That the improvements raise the value of the property out of all proportion to the amount of the assessments. That the Act creating the Avenue is unconstitutional, and that Judge Wheeler will so decide. That any lawyer who says the Act is unconstitutional, thereby proclaims himself an ass. That Foster, the "great medium," is a tolerably clever juggler. That he may be a juggler, but he has certainly told some queer things, by Jupiter! That the *Post* editor clearly proved Foster to be a humbug in his Sacramento "Editorial Correspondence." That he didn't prove anything of the kind, but on the contrary proved himself a blockhead. That Booth—oh, bother! we're sick of hearing about Booth. That Charley Peters may be crazy, but if he is, there's a heap of method in his madness. That a big cauliflower, measuring 45 inches in circumference, has been sent to the *Call* office, where it may now be seen by the curious in the editorial rooms. That if the gigantic cauliflower were a gigantic cabbage, and the *Call* editor should by any unfortunate accident lose his head, the means of repairing the loss would be at hand. That the Bulls have captured California street, and are masters of the situation. That the Bears have wiped away their tears, and are prepared for a grand rally. That the rise of Central from $40 to $71 on Wednesday took some of the oldest heads on the street by surprise. That the chaste and virtuous Laura D. Fair bought into Central a week ago at a low figure, and sold out on Thursday, realizing a few thousands. That Laura was posted and advised by an insider. That the infatuated youth who posted her was ——, by Jove! That a "benefit for a widow and her fatherless infants" was given last Sunday evening at the California Theater, which benefit was gotten up and carried through by some benevolent Jewish gentlemen. That said benefit was what you might call a charitable "sell." That it panned out handsomely—some $1,600, net. That the "fatherless infants" of the house of Israel are bouncing girls of eighteen summers and upwards—*and are rabid Romanists!* That the deceased husband was a Jew, who, except with those who knew him in Europe, did not pass for one; but that, like most of that peculiar people, Mr. Hersburg wanted to be buried among Jews. That he also belonged to the "Solidarite Francaise." That at a member's death, each person belonging to that Society pays one dollar for the benefit of the survivors, so that they are far from destitute. That Harvey Brown in his new stove-pipe, and his York-and Lancaster blue cloak, looks like some of the portraits of bluff old Henry VIII though the "Defender" didn't sport a cylinder. That the "Western Echoes" is rather a hollow name for a society of pretty young women in Oakland; that "Wild Echoes" would be more apropos, yet Tennyson's "blow bugle, blow," would set them flying. That our great California University, our beloved *Alma Mater*, like not Homer, sometimes nods. That a few days ago an interesting and aspiring youth, of a temperament similar to his who "fired the Ephesian dome," applied to the Medical Department to be enrolled as a student of the art of Esculapius. That he found a Professor and a young graduate of the institution, and that upon the latter devolved the arduous duty of examining the young neophyte. That the youth was questioned in regard to the five declensions of Latin nouns, and failed on the fifth, though he had passed the ordeal of one of the best preparatory schools (so reputed) in the country. That the young candidate attempted a correction, and in so doing made matters still worse. That the fifth declension does not exactly teach the medical students the precise amount of mercury or rhubarb a patient may require. That a young man who pretends to have completed his medical studies, in which every second word is in Latin, must, if he is ignorant of the grammar of that language, have been pretending to read books which he cannot understand, and will be quite likely to commit murder by a prescription. That things at Sacramento still seem a good deal mixed, and that it will take a better prophet than Brother Pickering, and a clearer clairvoyant than Foster to predict the result. That both sides are making a close, crafty, resolute fight and that, at the present writing, it looks like an even thing. That Senator Jones, of Sagebrush-land, is not in the great fight at Sacramento at all. That there are seven legislators ready to "drop down" if the inducements are sufficient. That the friends of the immaculate and Swedenborgian Booth are using money to strengthen feeble knees among his wavering partisans, and at the same time charging every honest Democrat who dares support Farley with being "bought by railroad money." That the old, but somewhat obsolete colored person is again putting in an appearance in politics serenely astraddle of the Senatorial fence. That Pickering and Fitch have been hurting Booth badly by their impudent and frantic attempts to dragoon, bullyrag and intimidate all Republicans who wish to vote for Shafter, and all Democrats who fancy that it is no sin in a Democrat to stand by his party organization. That all men whose time is valuable, and who are endowed with a modicum of common sense, will offer up a tribute of devout praise and thanksgiving to Almighty God when this perplexing, exasperating, and altogether anomalous and paradoxical Senatorial fight is over, ended, finished, wound up, settled, and consigned to the sewer of oblivion.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

The Italian frigate Garibaldi and Alcatraz exchanged salutes on Thursday morning.—Over 200 seizures of unstamped cigars have recently been made by Collector Sedgwick.—The P. M. S. S. *Constitution* arrived from Panama on Wednesday.—Chief Cockrill has issued special orders that no person is to be admitted into the prison without a written order from him, except members of the press.—The *Daily Sun* made its first appearance on Thursday morning.—A Mr. J. H. Round has invented a new school slate, which, it is said, will take the place of all slates and blackboards now in use.—Captain Fisher, of the bark *Alaska*, has been sentenced to 20 days imprisonment and a fine of $100, for cruelty to sailors at sea.—A Christmas festival will be held in the Central Presbyterian Tabernacle on Monday evening.—Two thousand Christmas trees have been shipped to this city from the interior on the schooner *Sacramento*.—The U. S. S. S. *Tuscarora* is ordered to proceed from San Francisco to Japan on another sounding cruise via San Diego and Honolulu.—The old Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum building, on Market street, is being torn down to make room for the Palace Hotel.—W. W. Vanderbilt supersedes Mr Waddell as General Superintendent of the business of the P. M. S. S. Co. at this port.—Up to two o'clock on Thursday afternoon the rainfall was 8.65 inches for the season.—On Thursday morning Judge McKinstry rendered judgment for the defendants in 18 street assessment suits.—The worth of the silk-worms brought from Japan on the *Alaska* is stated to be half a million dollars.—On and after the 1st of January, 1874, Clay Street R. R. car tickets will be taken on other routes.—The *William Taber* is at the dry dock for repairs.—The office of the S. F. Transfer Co. was broken into on Monday night. Nothing to take, so nothing stolen.—During the storm on Sunday night several vessels dragged their anchors off North Point.—Five additional charges of cruelty were preferred on Wednesday against Ferguson, the first mate of the *Seminole*.—F. P. Carroll, the young man who killed himself while laboring under a fit of insanity, has been buried beside his father.—The overland train which should have arrived on Tuesday evening did not get here till well on in Wednesday morning.—The Grand Jury went through the formality of an inspection of the City Prison on Wednesday.—Out of nineteen "drunks" on Wednesday, only three were able to pay the $5 fine.—Samuel Gardiner, the two-ace swindler, was fined $100 in the Police Court on Wednesday morning.—Brannan street is securing itself a good reputation for burglaries and garrotings in open daylight.—There was a rainbow visible for an hour on Tuesday morning—something to be remembered in these days of the second flood.—There were 359 inmates of the almshouse last week.—Canvassers are busily employed canvassing for Langley's New Directory for 1874.—Hector A. Stuart has sold his portrait of Byron to M. D. Wilkie, of Sacramento.—Suicides are becoming delightfully frequent, and yet we are not happy.—Tyler Curtis has returned to the city.—Only one death from scarlatina in Oakland during the past month.—The Alhambra Theater was broken into on Sunday afternoon, and the "properties" of several actors stolen.—The vampire at Woodward's Garden died on Monday morning.

FOSTER, THE MEDIUM.

When we sat down to Mr. Foster's seance on Thursday afternoon, we promised him to give simply a plain statement of what occurred. This we intend doing, and the result, we believe, will be a thorough conviction on the part of every reader, that of all humbugs, bilks and impostors, Foster, the Medium, is chief. We give him the credit of being a sharp, shrewd knave, although in certain manipulations he is exceedingly clumsy; a man who, as a detective, would be an acquisition to any police force, for he has the faculty of putting two and two together, dovetailing this and that, and drawing a pretty fair inference from every word, look or half-formed letter in a high degree. But there is such a preponderance of the animal about the man, that even did we believe in that most absurd and brazen-faced of modern abominations, the Spiritual Medium, the very idea of *his* occupying such a position would be particularly and exceedingly repellant. Thinking that it was only fair to match deceit with deceit, we prepared beforehand a series of questions—questions that were, without a single exception, *traps, inventions and falsities!* There were only three present besides Foster, being Mr. and Mrs. A. and the writer. We threw our questions, written on long slips of paper closely folded, on the table, and Foster commenced the jugglery by passing them rapidly across his forehead. Our slips were folded longitudinally, and then doubled over in the middle. In the forehead gag, the slips were passed to their full length, and by this means the doubling was undone, although the folding still remained *in statu quo*. But when, after this, Foster gathered all the slips together in his hand, the folding did not remain intact, but did somewhat suffer. Our gentleman has eyes sharp as needles and quick as lightning, with eyelids that droop so that twenty glances might be taken at the slip without detection, unless he were watched very closely. So far we have only inferential proof that Foster did actually read with those quick eyes of his what was written on the slips, but we do not lack positive ocular proof that he looked in, for we are prepared to swear that we did see him take a sly peep at the contents of one of Mr. A.'s slips, which were written in pencil and on opaque paper. Our own questions were purposely written in distinct characters, on semi-transparent paper. We know that Mr. Foster can write backwards, and he would be deficient, indeed, in his trickster business, if he could not read reversed writing. Indeed, the very slips he read are now before us, and we find no difficulty in deciphering the contents backwards with the slips folded. But our circumstantial evidence is the most damning. The questions we prepared, as we said, were all traps, and into these traps Foster fell with ludicrous and surprising blindness. Here is one: "Two brothers of mine are dead. If here, could they give me their names and present condition? Their names alone would satisfy me of their presence."

Now the first statement in the question is a fraud and an untruth, for we have not two brothers dead, but only one whose name was James, and yet two young gentlemen, named respectively "Bob" and "Ben," came from Heaven to tell us of their happiness. Here is another question of the same description: "Although separated from my wife—last heard from in Toronto, Canada—it would interest and please me to hear of her welfare if alive, or state of being if dead." The writer never had a wife and doesn't want one, and yet in answer to this pleasant little fiction, an "angular" woman with two sweet babes made their appearance, the angular woman loving me tenderly still, and the sweet babes singing, "Father, dear father, come home." This nearly upset our gravity, and only the desire of dragging Mr. Foster still further into the mire kept us quiet. The next question settled him: "Monsieur Alcime Livet, mon ancien comrade, et cher ami, voyagé pendant l'année 1859 dans l'interieur d'Afrique. On n'a jamais d'y reçu des nouvelles. Est il mort?" There was an African influence in reply to this, and the dead and gone comrade came and told us that he was buried at Mozambique. Had we known Mons. Alcime Livet we should have been glad to hear that the poor devil was buried, but as the whole question was an invention of the most flagrant character, we couldn't even take heart to say a *requiescat*. This is all we can find space for this week, but we think we have written enough to prove that Foster, on the occasion of the seance on Thursday afternoon, did without doubt make himself surreptitiously, slyly and meanly acquainted with the contents of the slips of paper, and trusted to *his* not very brilliant powers of invention for the silly answers. Even if we do not continue this *exposé* next week, although we think we shall, as there are many curious little dodges of Mr. Humbug that we should like to ventilate, it is very evident that there can be but one conclusion come to from reading the above simple statement of facts, and that is that Charles Foster, the spiritual medium, is an arrant cheat of rather a low description, who has grown fat, very fat, on the credulity and foolishness of human nature. He doesn't even deserve the slightest credit for turning the weakness and simplicity of fools to account, for his trickery is of just that very low type we should expect from the man, unredeemed by a single master stroke of conjuring—as far as we have seen—frightfully absurd in its *modus operandi*, and full of weak bungles throughout. It isn't even clever roguery, and as a *clumsy* cheat and most transparent humbug, the *News Letter* hasn't done with you yet, Mr. Foster.

AN ELOQUENT PREACHER.

The Rev. W. H. Platt, the new Rector of Grace Church, preached the sermon at the quarterly meeting of the Episcopal Church Union, held at Grace Church—we beg pardon, Grace Cathedral—last Sunday evening. The subject of the discourse was "A Peculiar People." Our normally obfuscated contemporary, the *Alta*, seems to have understood the allusion to have been to "The Pioneers of the Pacific Coast." But, as usual, the *Alta* was inept. The "Peculiar People" to whom the reverend gentleman alluded were the followers of the Nazarene—peculiar for their faith, their character, and their extraordinary capacity for belief. The discourse was eloquent in manner, and solidly consecutive and logical in matter. It is not often that the San Francisco pulpit gives forth such powerful utterances. Take the following as a specimen: "The Cæsars and Napoleons of the world bathe it in blood and heap it with human skeletons to acquire and wield governing power. Art and Genius are taxed and exhausted to divert man and occupy the leisure of his opulent life; but the enterprise and energy of the Christian life and the grand movement of the Christian Church are in good works." One high authority in the primitive church said: "Faith without works is dead." Dr. Platt evidently holds to the same doctrine.

OBITUARY.

It is with the most sincere regret that we have to record the death of another of our California Pioneers, Samuel Price, at the age of 61. His father was an Englishman, who was one of the Commercial Pioneers of Chili, and his mother was a Chilian. He received his education principally in England; but it would be hard to say whether his sympathies were more English or Chilian. He came to this country in '49, and from his goodness of heart, and genial kindness of disposition, soon made a host of friends. It is by no means our intention in this notice to follow him through his commercial career, which has always been of the most honorable character, but simply to record our sympathy with his family and friends in their loss. He married Francisca Walkinshaw, a daughter of the late Robert Walkinshaw, who was interested in the New Almaden Mine from the time of its first discovery, if we are not mistaken. We believe, we can say with truth that no Pioneer of 1849 was better known, or more universally beloved in San Francisco, both by rich and poor than Samuel Price. R. L. F.

AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

The Great San Francisco Emporium of Fashion, on Kearny street, the White House, has girded up its loins in serious preparation for the swiftly approaching holiday season. A rich and varied assortment of household articles and fancy goods has been laid in, including fine laces, rich velvets, costly shawls, and linens of the finest quality. This rare and choice stock has been selected with taste and care, and gathered from every available source. It includes everything that is rich and *recherché*. Those who have looked elsewhere in vain for anything that is novel, fresh, and exceptionally elegant, may be sure of finding it at the White House. The superior facilities for purchasing enjoyed by the White House are such as will enable its managers to sell superior articles at lower prices than any of their competitors. Their motto is, "The best goods at the cheapest rates."

Vol. 4. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR DECEMBER, 1873, No. 3.
Will be Issued NEXT WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER TWENTY-FOURTH, containing a Splendid Cabinet Photograph, with Biographical Memoir, of
PROFESSOR PARAF,
THE INVENTOR OF "OLEOMARGARINE."
For Sale by all News Dealers. Offices, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.---Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, DEC. 20, 1873. No. 47.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, California China Mail, California Mail Bag, South side Merchant street No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—877@890—SILVER BARS—3@6 ₽ ct. discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 90@91½. Mexican Dollars, par to 1 per cent. Trade Dollar, par to ½ per ct. dis.

☞ Exchange on New York, 6-10@¼ per ct. for Gold; Currency, 10¼ per ct. On London, Bankers 49¼@—; Commercial, 50@50¼; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1 per ct.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, December 19, at 3 P. M., 110½. Latest price of Sterling, 106¼@108¼.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1½. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO.......... Dec. 19, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid.	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s '67-8	101	107	Nat'nal Gold Bk & Trust Co	120	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1861	102	104	Oakland 10s	105	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	102	104	Spring Valley Water Co	83	84
Legal Tender Notes	90	91	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	42
California State Bonds, 7s '57	97½	101	Central Railroad Company	33	40
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	96	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	52½
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s, '58	93	96	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	20	24
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insurance Co	80	90
Sacramento City Bonds	70	[illegible]	Merchants Mutual M. Ins. Co	75	80
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	73	—	California Insurance Co	95	100
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	72	96	Union Insurance Co	89	92½
Santa Clara Bonds	90	91	Pacific Bank	91	94
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	—	The Bank of California	125	127
San Francisco Gas Light Co	65½	69	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	100	160

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor California and Leidesdorff streets.

THE SITUATION.

The outlook is at present very cheering to all residents of the Pacific slope who desire the growth and welfare of California. The rains of December have been copious and free; at this writing, 8.55 inches of water have fallen for the season, comparing with the same period in 1872 thus, 2.97 inches, and in 1871 4.02 inches. This supply is all that is needed at present by the agriculturist. The ground is now fairly saturated for all purposes, and with a return of pleasant drying weather, plows will be found running in every direction, and thousands of acres of virgin land, that have heretofore run to waste, will now be seeded with grain, and with every assurance of abundant crops in return. And for the protection of the Placer Miner during the heat and drought of Summer, the mountains are deeply covered with snow, thus insuring an abundant supply of water throughout the year. With this prospect in view, we find the Mining share market especially active. California street is alive with operators, and during the past week it may with truth be said, that the mining stock market has been and still is "booming." Since our last reference, the general list of Comstock shares have taken a most remarkable upward stride, the same being based on promised developments and a greater confidence in an improved condition of the whole range of the lode, both north and south. It seems as though this celebrated lode was just being properly developed, and when the more northern mines begin their out-turn of the precious metals—of which there is every prospect in the near future—we may look for a vastly increased business in the stock market, equal to the most exciting period we have ever had on California street. The future of our mining interests looks exceedingly healthy, and a greater degree of prosperity than we have had for years will surely follow. These remarks apply to the gold as well as the silver regions of the Pacific Coast, for there is activity and hope, based on facts, in many localities heretofore almost deserted. The sales of the week ending Wednesday evening have been very large, at rapidly advancing rates, amounting to $6,500,000 in round numbers, being more than the aggregate sales of the two previous weeks. This is a wonderful exhibit, and shows very clearly the abundance of money-coin with which to operate in. In all cases heavy margins are required to carry these stocks, and the wonder is where the multitude of buyers and sellers come from. The solution of this is, that the miners of the mountains have been driven out by the severe storms, and are here to spend the holidays, and improve the time by operating in stocks. Wonderful stories are told us of large profits already realized by "stock sharps," and all we can say is, that we hope the final result will be for the general good of the readers of the *News Letter*.

Too much Corn.—Mr. Alex. Delmar having returned to the United States from a tour made on occasion of his attendance at the Statistical Congress at St. Petersburg, is endeavoring to convince his countrymen that the world is producing more bread than it can eat, and that greater attention should be paid to other industries. Taking returns for the year 1870, he represents the cereal product of the commercial world at 7,797,000,000 of bushels, and estimates the population at 428,000,000, thus allowing upwards of 18 bushels a head, while the capacity for consumption does not exceed 10 bushels a head. "The total consumption in England, one of the best fed populations in the world (!) is less than 10 bushels, including the enormous quantities consumed for manufacturing purposes, food for animals, seed, etc., etc."

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

A Permanent Paragraphic Advertisement, Respectfully Dedicated to the Spring Valley Water Works.

A Miner's Inch of Water is about twenty-thousand gallons. The usual Price for an Inch of Water in the mines is ten cents. The Spring Valley Company sells water in large quantities at seventy-five cents per thousand gallons, or at fifteen dollars seventy-five cents per inch—which is one hundred and fifty-seven times the price which miners pay. Furnished in small quantities to housekeepers, the Company charges from thirty to fifty dollars an inch—five hundred times the miner's rates. IGNOTUS.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

CALIFORNIA BUTTER COMPANY.

This is a decided improvement on the original name given to the Oleomargarine, and the *Butter* is actually improved by the change. Now for business; this company is thus far a success; the product is of approved quality, and there is a demand greater than the supply, which is yet limited to 1,200 pounds per day. Orders from the country come in daily, not only for an experimental box to try, but after a full trial and test, duplicate orders come in for package after package to go forward at regular and stated intervals. This choice, freshly made butter is now obtainable in the California-street Market, where there is a depot for its sale at retail. The writer of this, from personal use and experience, knows that the butter is good and sweet, and is steadily going into general use in some of our best families. There is no use in discussing the question; the proof of the pudding is in the eating thereof, and when we see wife and children eating the nice, fresh bread and butter without complaining, we know it must be good, and when we see our shrewdest capitalists like Lloyd Tevis and Haggin treating for the stock, and Michael Reese counting the dividends in prospect, we feel quite sure that there is money in it, even at 30@35c per pound.

A paying stock is that of the CALIFORNIA BUTTER COMPANY. Of this there can be no possible dispute, as any person can see by looking at the daily returns of the Butter Factory on Sansome street. We make bold to say that the daily profits of the concern do not vary materially, at present butter prices, from $1,000 to $1,600 per day—or say the net proceeds is 60 per cent. This is beyond cavil. This, then, offers a fine show for profit to men of small means having but a few hundred dollars to invest with a surety of large dividends. Of the whole 3,000 shares of the company, there is none now to be had, but we learn that in a few days a few hundred shares will be offered to the public.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—NEW YORK, December 19, 1873.—Gold opened at 111¼; 11 A. M. at 111¼; 3 P. M. at 110½. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 115; 1867, 119. Sterling Exchange, 108½@109¼. Pacific Mail, 37½. Quicksilver Mining Company, 22. Wheat, $1 75@$1 90 steady. Pork, 18, strong. Cotton, 16¼. Hides, dry, 21½@24, green, 13, firm. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 45@$1 50, fair demand; Winter Bleached, $1 65@$1 75; Whale, strong, 58@63c, quiet. Winter Bleached, 67@71c. Wool—Spring, fine, 26@27c.; Burry, 22@30c.; Pulled, 35@50c. Fall Clips, 20@28c., Burry, 17@22c. LONDON, Dec. 19.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 12s 5d@13s. 8d. Club, 13s.6@13s.@14s. 3d. United States Bonds, 91½. Consols, 91¾@91⅞, ac., 92.

Californians Registered at the Office of Charles Le Gay, American Commission Merchant, 1 Rue Scribe, Paris, November 21st, 1873:—W. A. Macondray and family, Mrs. Wm. M. Thornburgh, Miss Thornburgh, D. O. Mills and family, Wm. M. Lent and family, A. E. Head and family, C. F. McDermott and family, H. M. Heuston and family, Theo. Bogie and family, Jonas G. Clark and wife, Mrs. Thos. Sunderland and family, Mrs. C. J. Hillyer and family, Mrs. Alexander, H. L. Breed, A. Goddefroy, D. T. Murphy, C. F. Fargo, C. W. Main.

BEERBOHM'S TELEGRAM.

London, Dec. 19th, 1873, 1 P.M.—Floating Cargoes, downward tendency. Cargoes on Passage, heavy. Mark Lane Wheat, quiet. French Country Markets, very heavy. Liverpool Wheat Spot, quiet. California Wheat, 13s 6d to 13s 9d. Liverpool California White Wheat 13s 10d@13s 3d.

Our New Feature.—The *News Letter* has been most unjustly considered by the undiscriminating as an enemy of the Lord. To correct this erroneous impression we propose next week to give a well-considered and complete synopsis of the pulpit fulmination of the great guns of all the sects and denominations represented in San Francisco. It will be found on the second page of our next issue.

In consequence of great press of matter, several interesting book notices are unavoidably crowded out this week.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

MARGARET.

"The lilies blossom in thy face,
Margaret, fair Margaret;
Thine eyes are truth's abiding-place.
Within their quiet deeps I trace
A world of gentleness and grace
Margaret, rare Margaret!

"Lift up to me thy tender eyes,
Margaret, sweet Margaret—
Across thy cheek the rose-flush flies;
I wait to catch thy low replies
To my wild importunities,
Margaret, dear Margaret!

"Be kind, and do not bid me go,
Margaret, shy Margaret,"
I plead, and lo! across the snow
Of her pure cheeks red roses flow,
I catch my answer, whispered low,
Margaret, my Margaret!

MR. GLADSTONE ON THE CONDITION OF GREAT BRITAIN.

At the inaugural banquet of the new Lord Mayor of London, given at the Guildhall on the 9th ult., Mr Gladstone, in replying for Her Majesty's Ministers, referred to the remark of the Lord Mayor in proposing the toast—that if the right honorable gentleman had any Cabinet secrets to disclose, the company would be pleased to hear them. He laid it down as one of the well-understood duties of a Minister addressing an assembly in Guildhall on the Lord Mayor's day to study not how much, but how little be can tell. In accordance with this principle, Mr. Gladstone said nothing as to the intentions of Ministers for the future. After congratulating the company on the generally amicable relations existing between Great Britain and foreign powers, he referred to the affairs at Ashantee, by saying that "even the deplorable incidents that have lately occurred there would not be without their use if they should serve to impress upon the minds of the people of England a great caution and a great circumspection with regard to the primary steps in contracting new and ill-defined political relations—relations which, once they have been established, are found to entail consequences and to impose duties that were never dreamed of at the first moment of their creation, and that may undoubtedly be attended with much of temporary embarrassment and inconvenience." Turning to domestic topics, Mr Gladstone ridiculed the statements made in certain newspapers as to the condition of the country, a condition that has been said to be simply deplorable. "Is it not," said the right honorable gentleman, "a most extraordinary circumstance that all this mischief should have been done without our knowing it! Because, although I see constant statements of this kind, I have never been so fortunate or unfortunate—as the case may be—to meet the man who could give chapter and verse of the particulars of the ruin and destruction he described. What is the sense of the condition of the country? When we say all the interests of the country are assailed, I say the aggregate of the country is made up of these separate interests; and if all these interests are assailed, the country in the aggregate must be in a very miserable condition. How is this general condition of the country to be ascertained? I say if you test it in moral respects, so far as its moral condition depends on its public policy, it has not retrograded. Whether Parliament may in every instance have been wise in every measure it has adopted I will not undertake to say, but I will undertake to say that at no period has the policy of Parliament been inspired by loftier or by wider aims than during the years to which these disparaging references are made." After characterizing the statements referred to as vague and random allegations, "I want to know," he asked, "where are these signs of ruin in the material condition of the country? No doubt it has been constantly asserted; no doubt it has been pertinaciously prophesied, from the day when I was a child to the day when I am passing to old age. Almost all of those changes with regard to which our prophets have indulged in these dismal vaticinations, have been adopted by the nation with an intelligent Parliament, and by a people that knew what it wanted, and how to carry its end. And where are we now? I ask you, was there ever a time when the institutions of the country stood firmer and more deeply rooted in the popular affections? I ask you, was there ever a time when the classes that make up a great and civilized community were more firmly united together in the bonds of good understanding? I am almost ashamed to descend from these considerations and to ask you again if there ever was a time when the trade of the country—when the revenue of the country had exhibited a more extraordinary buoyancy and elasticity than during the recent years during which we have lived? I will venture to say as the result of the observation for which at least I have had abundant opportunities, that not only have we witnessed a development in which our industry and commerce have experienced an extraordinary extension, but that extension has been attended with this peculiar feature, that along with it there has been a constant confirmation of the basis on which it stands. While it has become wider and larger, it has also become more firm and more solid. In years gone by the disturbance of some particular country, the loss of some particular market, the casual occurrence of a bad harvest was enough at once to throw us into distress and to derange the balance of the public income and expenditure—to produce, in fact, a paralysis of our trade. But now, on the contrary, so large have we established our relations with the whole human race, and with the wants of the whole human race, that a particular failure can no longer have that effect. So comprehensive are the relations in which we stand to all the world, and such has been the remarkable uniformity of the progress of our industry and enterprise, that they have not only produced a very secondary, and in some respects even questionable advantage, of increasing the number of our rich men, but it has produced effects which will forever be memorable in the history of this country, in enlarging the resources of the poor man, and in enabling the laborer of this country—to whatever class he belongs—to find a more abundant subsistence for his wife and children in relieving the conditions, necessarily too often severe, of his existence, and in attaching him more firmly than he has ever been attached before, to the laws and institutions under which he lives."

MATRIMONIAL.

In London, there is a most extraordinary paper published, called "*The Matrimonial News.*" Its success has taken persons unacquainted with human nature, or possessed of unreflecting minds, with perfect surprise. That people have married, or wished to do so since the days of Adam and Eve, is as true as it is that their Maker destined they should. What wonder, then, that a paper conducted with the highest honor, and offering undoubted guarantees of integrity, and whose mission was that of bringing bona fide marrying people together, with a view to their future happiness, should prove a marked success. In other times the lads and lasses used to hie themselves to the village fair, to the dance on the green, or to other outdoor trysting places, in order to get mated. The times now, however, are too active, busy, pushing, for young people to come together in that way. How many amongst us there are whose life is so busy that he has had neither opportunity nor time to meet just the kind of wife he would like to take for better or for worse for the remainder of his days. This is the cause, doubtless, of the many divorces amongst us. People marry in haste, with too little opportunity of knowing each other, and then what wonder is it that they repent at leisure? It may seem too unpoetical to receive introduction through an experienced lady who is not one of your personal acquaintances. But why should it? Being experienced, she does her work with good judgment and discretion. Having no more interest in you than in the hundreds of her other customers, she causes no unpleasant newsmongering. And as for the lack of the poetry, that is neither here nor there. This is a wonderfully practical age, and if one succeeds in getting a good wife, he can dispense with the poetry which, by the by, too often only attends the obtaining of a bad one. These, it may be assumed, are the common sense views which have influenced John Bull. Whether they are or not, it is certain that he, after consideration and inquiry, has taken kindly to his *Matrimonial News*. You will see it in all the news shops, and hear of its being in the hand of every news boy. It sells for three times as much as the great dailies, and obtains wonderfully high prices for its advertisements. Thousands of marriages are made annually by its means, by parties who would never otherwise have met. Clergymen advertise for wives in livery frequently; also, occasionally, a nobleman, the ladies are of course numerous, and always good looking. What are the times coming to!

The Parisians are going to get up a Baby Show in imitation of English "manners."

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, Samuel Hort; Cashier, N. K. Masten. AGENTS—London, Baring Brothers & Co.; Chartered Mercantile Bank (India, London and China); New York, Duncan, Sherman & Co.; Boston, Blackstone National Bank; Chicago, First National Bank. This Bank is prepared to transact a general Banking business. Deposits in Gold, Silver and Currency received subject to check or on special deposit. Exchange for sale on the principal cities of the United States, Great Britain, Ireland and the Continent. Commercial Credits issued available in Europe, China and Japan. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. Dec 13.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, No. 33 Pine street; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. The Bank has Agencies at Virginia City, Gold Hill, and Correspondents in all the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Locano, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. Sept 20.

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours, from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hour on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M., for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. Directors.—L. Gottig, F. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler, Dan. Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers.
George Letts, Secretary. [Feb. 1.] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Dixon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office No. 304 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED).

412 California st., San Francisco.—London Office, 3 Angel Court; New York Agents, J. W. Seligman & Co., 21 Broad street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000. Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange and Bullion, loan Money, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world.
R. G. SNEATH,
IGN. STEINHART, } Managers.
Oct. 4.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK,

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't. Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 13.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Mahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest.

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manila, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; H. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House, 415 California street. July 2.

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings at ... and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. All losses paid in U. S. Gold.
Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO. General Agents.

D. CALVERT CHAMPAGNE.

FOR SALE BY
DICKSON, DeWOLF & CO.,
410, 412 and 414 Battery street,
San Francisco. Dec 13

NOTICE.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that for reasons satisfactory to themselves and all concerned with the late "California Oleomargarine Manufacturing Company," they have this day changed the name and incorporated under the name of the CALIFORNIA BUTTER COMPANY. All liabilities of the old concern will be settled by the new Company. Office and Manufactory will remain as before at 105 and 107 Sansome street, where first class Fresh Butter will be shipped ... to suit purchasers at Low Prices.
WEST EVANS, President. HENRY PHILLIPS, Gen'l Manager.
John G. Baker, Secretary. Dec. 13.

ART ASSOCIATION.—OPENING OF WINTER EXHIBITION.

The Gallery of the San Francisco Art Association, 313 Pine street, is now open to the public daily, from 10 A.M. to 5 P.M., and from 7 to 10 P.M. A splendid collection of CASTS FROM THE ANTIQUE is on exhibition for the first time, embracing many of the most famous Greek Statues and Parthenon Frieze Relievos. Also, more than

100 Original Oil Paintings,

by resident and foreign artists, including the celebrated picture, by Jacobs, of "SAMSON AND DELILAH." Season Tickets, admitting gentleman and lady, $3. Single admission, 50 cents. Dec. 13.

PURE WHITE LEAD.

The undersigned having been appointed Agents for the Salem Lead Company, will be in receipt of regular shipments of this well known brand of White Lead which they offer to the trade on reasonable terms. In consequence of the personal supervision and care exercised in its manufacture, this Lead has established a reputation of wearing longer and handsomer, and withstanding the action of the weather better than most other brands now offered to the public.
Dec. 13. WILLIAMS, BLANCHARD & CO.
218 California street.

MILLS' SEMINARY.

The next term of this well known institution will commence on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 7th, 1874. With its healthy location, ample grounds, commodious buildings, and large, efficient corps of teachers, the institution offers unrivaled facilities in all its departments for a thorough and finished education. All letters of inquiry, and all communications relative to admission, should be addressed to [Dec. 13.] REV C. MILLS, Brooklyn, Alameda Co., Cal.

MATHUSHEK PIANOS

Will hold their original purity of tone, and will stay in tune ten times longer than any others. C. G. EWING, Agent,
Dec 13 311 Montgomery street.

COWAN & CO., Paper Makers, Edinburgh. Diploma of Honor Vienna. MILLER & RICHARD, Type Founders, Edinburgh. A. B. FLEMING & CO., Ink Manufacturers, Edinburgh. Highest Medal, Vienna.
ELLIS READ, Agent,
Nov. 8. Office, 412 Pine street, San Francisco.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co; Thomas Turrell, Wayte; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett, Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanazeinth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Colombia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co
Constantinople—Baltozzi Freres; Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce; Commercial Bank of India; Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Boersen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Black & Co; A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutteroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie, Wanner Langer & Co, Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England — Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds, Governor of the Bank of England, Gurney & Co, Rothschilds' Bank of London, Baring Bros & Co, Decizy, Davies & Co, Editor of the M. D., "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers, Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co, Alsop & Co, Heath, Granbury & Co, Bates, Stokes & Co, Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; E. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Unias Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo; Excellentissimo Don Jose de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Roux de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co; Chamber of Commerce; Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce; C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co; Russell & Sturgis; Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimerman, Fair & Co.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

A correspondent at Bath, England, reports a marriage which was recently celebrated there, but only after repeated disappointments. A worthy artisan and a blooming housemaid had fixed 11 A.M. for their marriage. On the day appointed, "the hour was come, but not the man"—nor the woman either—nor, indeed, any of the wedding party. At ten minutes to twelve the clergyman sent to inquire whether they meant to come after all. This brought the bride and her attendant bridesmaid, but the bridegroom was still missing. Five minutes later he put in an appearance, but a further difficulty then arose, that the bride's father had not arrived, and only at three minutes to twelve the ceremony proceeded. But, alas! before the nuptial knot could be effectually tied, the fatal stroke of twelve sent the wedding party home disappointed. On the following morning, however, all were at church betimes, and, on this occasion, the marriage ceremony was completed. But when it was time to leave the church, it was discovered that it was raining heavily. The bridegroom, however, being a man of resource, hailed a Bath chair, and, getting into it, took his bride on his knee, and the happy pair were drawn away in triumph, whereupon the best man followed suit, and, calling another Bath chair, took the bridesmaid on his knee, and they, too, were shut safely in and drawn along after their principals.

A Good American Idea.—Dr. Toner, of Washington, advocates the establishment of "free parks and camping-grounds, or sanitariums for the sick and debilitated children of the poor of crowded cities during the summer months." "Such parks," says Dr. Toner, "should be free to all who have sick or debilitated children, and persons while there should be permitted to live in tents or cottages, and in such style as their means and tastes justify, so long as they do not violate the laws of health or incommode their neighbors—the main purpose of the institution being to secure by a healthy rural residence the restoration to health and the preservation of the lives of the children of the poor, suffering from, or threatened by, diseases incident to, and aggravated by, the excessive heat of summer in cities." The plan seems worthy of serious consideration, especially here in California, where there are many healthy high grounds uncultivated.

To illustrate the practical working of the *claque*, let us instance one of the most popular of the Parisian theaters, the Bouffes-Parisiens. The *claque* here is posted in the second gallery, generally in the front row, which it well-nigh fills. The *chef* is stationed on the extreme left-hand side of the theater, looking at the stage; the *chef* holds up one finger, and the *claque* applaud lustily; the *chef* holds up two fingers of his right hand, the applause of the *claque* is redoubled, and loud cries of "*bis*" are heard from the direction of the second gallery. The song is of course encored. A great amount of judgment is required to make a good *chef de claque*, and the emoluments and perquisites attached to the office are often very valuable.

The famine in the northwestern part of Iowa seems to be a more serious matter than the eastern public has hitherto supposed. The people in half a dozen counties have been reduced to the direst extremities, and a number have actually starved, while the prospects for the winter are very gloomy. The country being new, even for the West, there is but a small accumulation of wealth, and the crops on which the farmers relied were destroyed in June by the grasshoppers. There is no wood, and the sufferers being too poor to buy coal, grass is almost the only fuel they have. The rest of Iowa is moving for their relief, and eastern people may have a chance to contribute.

There is now being constructed at Cronstadt a submarine vessel of enormous dimensions. In it two thousand tons of iron and steel have been employed. It is propelled by two powerful air engines, will be armed with a formidable ram, and will carry all the means for fixing to the hulls of vessels large cylinders of powder, which it can afterwards explode by electricity. Two glass eyes will enable the crew to find their way about, and they may choose their course at what depth they please below water.

"About the third of May last," said Bradlaugh in a recent lecture, "I was conversing with a number of Spanish gentlemen in Spain on the situation in Cuba, when one, a leading statesman, said: I am in favor of seeing the Cubans gain their independence; I am in favor of their establishing a republic; I sympathize with them in their struggles, and am with them in everything but one thing, and that is when they say, "Death to Spain"—for I am a Spaniard." That statesman's name is Emilio Castelar.

The trial trip of the splendid new screw-steamer *Pomerania*, the latest addition to the Hamburg-America fleet, took place recently. During the return sail on the Firth, dinner was served on board—Mr. J. T. Caird, builder of the steamer, presiding. In proposing the success of the *Pomerania*, Mr. Caird stated the remarkable fact that within the last twenty years his firm had built 49 similar steamers for the Germans, at a cost of upwards of £3,000,000.—*Glasgow Herald*

It is believed at Berlin that a further financial crash is still to come. Of the legion of new joint-stock companies which have sprung up since the war, the greater part will be swept away either by their own act or else by stern necessity. The more solvent are said to be preparing for voluntary dissolution. Several banking companies are known to be buying up their own shares, so as to be able to wind up at a trifling loss.

A new gun-boat, built by the Messrs. Armstrong, of Elswick, for the Dutch Government, and armed with Major Moncrieff's new gun, mounted on the hydro-pneumatic principle, will be sent in a few days from the Tyne to the Thames. This is the first practical application of Major Moncrieff's invention afloat, which may be regarded as destined to work an entire revolution in the construction and armament of ships of war.

The Board of Trade Surveyors are still continuing their investigations into the seaworthiness of ships in the port of Aberdeen. Altogether thirteen vessels have been prevented from going to sea until surveyed. In the list are five belonging to one owner. In several cases the repair would cost more than the vessel is worth, and in consequence they will be broken up. One vessel has been officially condemned.

The Paris Figaro thinks that its readers must sometimes be bored with politics, and so has determined to give them a hol day every Monday, the number for that day being filled with literary and artistic gossip, and those amusing Parisian stories and *on dits* for which that journal is so renowned.

The Liverpool people have their little peculiarities too. A local print of a recent date gives two consecutive items, one of which explains the dodge of playing idiot on a tramway car to avoid the payment of the fare, and the other item chronicles the theft of a crape from a poor man's door-knob.

A society has been formed in Belgium for collecting all waste paper, and selling it for the benefit of the Pope. The society has appealed to the possessors of all "bad books, such as the works of Voltaire, Rousseau, Diderot, Volney, and other detestable authors," to hand them over as waste paper.

A monument to the memory of Fanny Fern has recently been placed in Mount Auburn Cemetery. It is a Roman cross, draped with interlacing fern leaves, carved with remarkable fidelity to nature. It was erected by Robert Bonner, of the New York *Ledger*.

It has been determined that the request of Sir Garnet Wolseley for two battalions, at the seat of the Ashantee War, shall be immediately complied with. A third will be in readiness in case its services should be required.

During last winter, 425 bird-cages for sparrows were made and securely fastened to trees in the public grounds at Washington. The birds have increased rapidly, and seem to be perfectly acclimated.

Oregon has a surplus of four million bushels wheat, this season, and is selling it at $1 per bushel, gold. This is pretty well for a population of 100,000.

The Brandon Iron Works and 1,000 acres of land, which cost $104,000, are offered for $50,000, and other property will be taken in exchange.

Harriet Beecher Stowe failed to draw an audience recently, at Lawrence, Massachusetts.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution AGAINST FRAUD.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with powers of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps; Chemically-prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges, for Pin-fire and Central-fire Breech-loading Guns; Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. 7.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice; an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimulation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Smith, Stanistreet & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co.; Kurrachee, Messrs. Budgett & Hughes; Umballa and Meian Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best, safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhea, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 60 cents, $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street; F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles 6d, Large bottles, 1s 6d each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B. A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *.*SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist.
Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 29.
Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & Co., corner Battery and Clay sts, San Francisco.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS, under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin-lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 10.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Charles E. Jacot Watches, Carter, Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co.'s and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry, Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 14.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,
FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 311 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies

Girard, of Philadelphia	$350,000	Penn, of Philadelphia	$255,000
Amazon, of Cincinnati	1,111,000	Kansas of Leavenworth	250,000
North Missouri, of St Louis	1,250,000	Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago	250,000
St Paul, of Minnesota	250,000	National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	1,225,000
Mutual Insurance Association, of New Orleans	1,4 8,925		

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents,

August 8. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 423 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company Capital, $750,000. OFFICERS John H Redington President, George H Howard, Vice President, Charles R. Story, Secretary, S. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary H H BIGELOW, General Manager DIRECTORS—San Francisco—Geo. H Howard, F D. Atherton, H F. Teschemacher, A. B. Grogan, John H Redington, A W Bowman, C S. Hobbs, R. M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm H. Moor, Geo S Johnson, H N. Tilden, W M Greenwood, B. L. Jones, Geo. S. Mann Cyrus Wilson, W H Foster, Jr, Joe Galloway, W. T. Garratt, C Waterhouse, A P Hotaling Oregon Branch—P Wasserman, R Goldsmith, L F Grover, D. Macleay, C H Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J A Crawford, D M French, J. Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W L. Ladd, Treasurer Maryville—D E. Knight San Diego—A H. Wilcox Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A. Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas Carolan, J F Houghton, D. W Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Weitzlar, Julius Weitzlar, Manager, I Lohman, Secretary Stockton Branch H H Hewlett, Geo S Evans, J D Peters, N M Orr, W F McKee A. W Simpson, A T Hudson, H M Fanning, H H Hewlett, Manager, N M Orr, Secretary San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A Pfister, J S Carter, Jackson Lewis, B Hayes, Noah Palmer, B D Murphy, J J Denny, Manager, A B Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley —William Watt, Robert Watt Nevada—T W Sigourney. Feb. 17.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO. OF S F.

The California Lloyds—Established in 1861—Nos. 416 and 418 California street Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses!! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N J T. Dana, M J. O'Connor, W. W Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Joe Seller, W C Ralston, J Lawrence Pool, A Weill, N G Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S Latham, J Baum, M. D Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G Brignardello, George C Hickox, T Lemmen Meyer, J H Baird, T. E Lindenberger SACRAMENTO—Edw. Cadwalader, J. F. Houghton, L A Booth MARYSVILLE—L Cunningham, Peter Decker PORTLAND, O.—Henry Failing NEW YORK—J G Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.

GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President N G KITTLE, Vice-President.

CHARLES D HAVEN, Secretary. GEO T BOHEN, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No 228 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens:

DIRECTORS.—W. W Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Felden S. Wright, W. B. Cummings, C F MacDermot, James M Barney, C. W Kellogg, A W. Jee, Peter Dean, C J Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T Gile, W D Hooper, G L. Bradley, D. H. Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, N. D. Thayer, Jas. Phelan, Charles Main. C. W. KELLOGG, President.

H G. HORNER. Secretary. May 3.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century Its assets amount to over NINE MILLION DOLLARS The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy-holders. This is the ONLY Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law

WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,

April 23.] N E cor California and Sansome sts, opposite Bank of California.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets to the opposite side of California street, No. 11 Merchants' Exchange Building Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,162,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.

GEO. C BOARDMAN, General Agent.

WM MACDONALD, Agent. Nov. 21

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000; Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,154,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U. S. Gold Coin. W. L. BOOKER, Agent,

Jan 13.] No. 319 California street, San Francisco.

☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital. $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.

FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,

Feb 1 No 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital. $5,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 208 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov. 15.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities, will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. B. H. ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 315 California street, San Francisco Nov. 16.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the NEWS LETTER in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E. JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

ANTON ROMAN.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. HOFMANN

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York [July 29.

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells. Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles June 19.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada March 22

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county, Temple and Johnson's Office, Santa Rosa June 15.

CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED)

FOR HONGKONG VIA YOKOHAMA

The magnificent new Clyde built screw Steamship Vasco de Gama, (classed 100 A 1 at Lloyds), 3,000 tons register, 3,000 horse power effective), F. Rice, Commander This fast and powerful vessel—the first of the fleet of the "China Trans-Pacific Steamship Co., Limited —will leave as above at the 20th January, 1874 She has been built expressly for the service between this and China and Japan, and is fitted up most luxuriantly, with all the latest improvements for the comfort and safety of the passengers The steamship carries an experienced Surgeon and Stewardess For freight or passage apply to

Nov 1. MACONDRAY & CO., Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 2.30 P. M Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 6 A M, connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10.20 A. M The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points

For all information apply at the Company's office, 426 Montgomery street.

May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors Also, residence lots beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10 As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market

HARVEY S BROWN,

Agent Decoto Land Company, 421 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office Dec 24.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly— Steamships J. L. STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co and Oregon C. R. R. Co. through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon

June 11. WM NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

CUNARD LINE.—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of

May 17. E. E MORGAN'S SONS, 320 California street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Hathaway's wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 10 A. M For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

NOTICE.

Shippers to Santa Barbara and other Coast Ports, are requested not to rely on a paper called "THE GUIDE" for information as to the movements of our vessels. See advertisement in daily papers

Sept. 20. GOODALL, NELSON & PERKINS, Corner Clay and East sts.

S. T. SUIT & CO.'S
CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B. B. Rye.

None of the above brands are UNDER THREE YEARS OLD Quality Guaranteed

BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.

Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open The house is elegantly furnished, and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built, not like a public hotel, but as it is named, an elegant Villa "THE VILLA" is located at the last or northwestern gate of the Park Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice. GUIDO MANGENBERG & CO.,

August 2. Proprietors.

W. W DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,

Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH,	J. T GLOVER,
C T WHEELER,	W. W. DODGE,
Sacramento	San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

TO THE COAL TRADE.

The Black Diamond Coal Mining Co. have for sale 3,000 tons best quality Wallsend and Waratah Sydney Coal 7,500 tons Bellingham Bay Coal. And are receiving 1,000 tons per month of Black Diamond and other Mount Diablo Coal, Office—Spear street, between Folsom and Harrison

Nov 15. P. B CORNWALL, Prest. B. D. C M Co.

JAS LINFORTH. JNO BENSLEY. L. B. BENCHLEY.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agricultural IMPLEMENTS and MINING TOOLS,

August 16. Nos 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO

113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,

SAN FRANCISCO [May 24.

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire SCREENS fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 412 Clay street. We take measures, and fit them up complete. [May 31.] J. M. ECKFELDT & CO.

C. W. GILBERT.] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [B. A. MOORE.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 319 Bush street. Factory, 465 Brannan street. Feb. 1.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.

GEORGE HAMLIN, Manager. Nov. 11.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California st. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A M. Cash advances on consignments.

Dec. 14. E. M. PATTEN, Auctioneer.

JAS. B. HAM.] **PETERS & HAM,** [WM. B. PETERS.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco March 1.

NOTICE.

Dr. A. J. Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 622 Clay street Office Hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M Sept. 27.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY SATURDAY, TO THE FOLLOWING ADDRESSES AND PLACES OF BUSINESS RESORT THROUGHOUT THE WORLD:—

New York—Chamber Commerce; Astor House; Metropolitan Hotel; St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson J. Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Alliance.
Odessa Rafalowich & Co, O. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Mails.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co, Commercial Exchange.
St Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co, Chamber of Commerce
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co, Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S S Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna M L. Biederman & Co, S H. Stamalz & Co, "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa; Cross & Co; Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov. A E. Kennedy
Victoria (Hongkong)—Bosman & Co; Jardine, Mathison & Co; Dent & Co; Russell & Co; Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D C.)—Willard's Hotel; His Excellency President U. S Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathison & Co; F Bevill, W Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

BELGIUM—Consul General—S. Morhange, Grand Hotel Consul, E Grisar, N W cor Broadway and Sansome.
CHILI Consul General—F Segundo Casanova U S Court Building. Consul—H. Barroilhet, 524 Montgomery street.
DENMARK—Consul—G O'Hara Taaffe, 220 California street
ECUADOR—Consul—Daniel Wolf Acting Consul F Herrera, 521 Montgomery street
FRANCE Consul General Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson st.
GREAT BRITAIN W L. Booker, Consul Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
GUATEMALA—Consul General—Leslie C. Hanks, 201 California.
GERMAN EMPIRE—Consul—C A. C Duisenberg, 314 Sacramento
GREECE—Consul—N J Sabath, S E cor California & Sansome
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THE DOMICILE ERECTED BY JOHN.

[TRANSLATED FROM THE VULGATE.]

Behold the mansion reared by dædal Jack.

See the malt stored in each plethoric sack,
In the proud cirque of Ivan's bivouac

Mark how the rat's felonious fangs invade
The golden stores in John's pavilion laid.

Anon, with velvet foot and Tarquin strides,
Subtle Grimalkin to his quarry glides,—
Grimalkin grim, that slew the fierce *rodent*
Whose tooth insidious Johann's sackcloth rent.

Lo! now the deep-mouthed canine foe's assault,
That vexed the avenger of the stolen malt,
Stored in the hallowed precincts of that hall
That rose complete at Jack's creative call.

Here stalks the impetuous cow with crumpled horn,
Whereon the exacerbating hound was torn,
Who bayed the feline slaughter-beast that slew
The Rat predaceous, whose keen fangs ran through
The textile fibres that involved the grain
Which lay in Hans' inviolate domain.

Here walks forlorn the Damsel, crowned with rue,
Lactiferous spoils from vaccine dugs, who drew,
Of that corniculate beast whose tortuous horn
Tossed to the clouds, in fierce vindictive scorn,
The harrowing hound, whose braggart bark and stir
Arched the lithe spine and reared the indignant fur
Of Puss, that with verminicidal claw
Struck the weird rat in whose insatiate maw
Lay reeking malt that erst in Juan's courts we saw,
Robed in senescent garb that seems in sooth
Too long a prey to Chronos' iron tooth.

Behold the man whose amorous lips incline,
Full with young Eros' osculative sign,
To the lorn maiden whose lact-a-ble hands
Drew albu-lact-c wealth from lacteal glands
Of that immortal bovine, by whose horn
Distort, to realm ethereal was borne
The beast catulean, vexer of that sly
Ulysses quadrupedal, who made die
The old mordacious Rat that dared devour
Antecedaneous ale in John's domestic bower.

Lo, here, with hirsute honors doffed, succinct
Of saponaceous locks, the Priest who linked
In Hymen's golden band the torn unthrift,
Whose means exiguous stared from many a rift,
Even as he kissed the virgin all forlorn,
Who milked the cow with implicated horn,
Who in fine wrath the canine torturer skied,
That dared to vex the insidious muricide,
Who let auroral effluence through the pelt
Of the sly Rat that robbed the palace that Jack had built.

The loud cantankerous Shanghae comes at last,
Whose shouts arouse the shorn ecclesiast,
Who sealed the vows of Hymen's sacrament,
To him who, robed in garments indigent,
Exosculates the damsel lachrymose,
The emulgator of that horned brute morose,
That tossed the dog, that worried the cat, that *kilt*
The rat, that ate the malt, that lay in the house that Jack built.

—*Bombaugh's Gleanings.*

A PIONEER STORY.

California seems to be an inexhaustible mine of gold, adventure, and ridicule. The virtues and the vices, the thoughts and speculations of the brain appear more buoyant here with precious metals, more so than in any other part of the world A time will come when every hill and hollow and mountain pass will evoke the memories of deeds of splendor,—of deeds of shame, where every mine, every institution, every family and home will be coupled with the name of some reckless adventurer of the past, whose chief merit was luck. Let us record here another of those lawless adventures, where the ridicule palliates the crime, and the daring seems to consecrate and protect the man from a just recrimination of our judgment.

A mining seat called. In the good old pioneering times of our State, I came to a certain insignificant mining town to see a friend on business. The country all round was rough, but very productive in ore The character of its inhabitants was certainly in keeping with the place A set of more desperate, bearded, gambling, and swearing miners would have been difficult to find on our coast. Very soon, my friend personally introduced me to all the notabilities of the place, and told the numberless adventures of each one's experience in California. How many men one had shot in his life, how many times another had made a fortune and been flat broke, in how many lawsuits a third had been engaged about land claims, in fine, in what precarious and uncertain a state their lives, purses, and homes were day and night. The most conspicuous person at the time in the place was a certain trapper, Brown, who had, indeed, come across the plains in search for gold, but soon abandoned the grovelling rat-like scraping, as he called it, and had taken to his old friend, an unerring rifle once more. This supplied him with a scanty, but sufficient subsistence, and on account of his capital jokes, he was a welcome guest in every saloon Moreover, seeing he was over six feet and always well armed, spoke little, and had cut short several differences of opinion by cutting his adversary's throat, he was in the tranquil enjoyment of a well earned respect from his fellow-citizens.

As we were one evening inspecting the thronged gambling halls in the Eldorado of the place, where the play happened to be more than usually high and exciting, the Herculean form of Brown appeared in the rooms.

"Hallo! Captain," said one "Come to the table," said another.

The trapper, in the meantime, loosened a gigantic powder horn from his side, and in a loud, gruff voice said:

"I have not got a d—d cent. It's no use, we must all together travel now to hell, I guess."

With that he threw the horn into the roaring flames of the fire-place. A scene of almost confusion ensued. With the most infernal swearing and cursing, all leaving places and money, rushed frantic out of the doors, leaped through windows, tore down the the sail-cloth where there was no wood, to escape with life or at least from imminent danger Outside the disorder increased. Brown's name, the cry of "water," "yo u let," "there she goes," volleys of true California miner's oaths, made up the most diabolic, harmonious discord you ever heard in your life. In course of time a few buckets of water were thrown by the bravest of the brave on the fire, and as no explosion ensued, we all slowly advanced on our former positions. The horn was found to be empty. The trapper disappeared in the confusion, and with him a good round sum from the tables. The mystery was solved.

A friend of Landseer, who knew him well, and had watched his mode of working, says: "It has been said that he was a very rapid painter, and in a sense this is true The actual laying on of the color upon canvas was done with marvellous rapidity, but then he had previously spent a considerable amount of time in putting together his idea of what he meant to do, and he would scrape the paint off his canvas, and begin again half a dozen times over, till he got it to please him. His studio was like a glazier's shop on this account He kept a great heap of pieces of glass beside his easel, in order to efface work he did not like Thus, the final painting was swift, but the preparation for it was often slow and laborious."

TO TAXPAYERS.

The delay, confusion and annoyance experienced by you during the last week or two prior to Taxes becoming delinquent, is occasioned by your own procrastination in procuring your Tax Bills To avoid this, furnish the office with a memorandum of your property, which can be done through the Postoffice, if more convenient, and your bills will be made out and ready for you when you call, or, if you so request, sent to your address. This being done, examine your bills, and if found correct, enclose check drawn to order, and when collected, receipted bills will be sent to you By doing this you will greatly facilitate business in the Tax Collector's office and save your own time Until further notice, the office will be open to receive Taxes EVERY SATURDAY EVENING, from 7 until 9 o'clock, for the convenience of those whose time is occupied during the day Taxes remaining unpaid on the FIRST MONDAY IN JANUARY, 1874, will be delinquent, and five per cent., in accordance with law, will be added thereto.

Respectfully, A AUSTIN, Tax Collector.

San Francisco, Nov 24, 1873. Nov. 29.

TAXES! TAXES!—1873-74.

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Assessment Book of the Taxable Property of the City and County of San Francisco (REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY) for the Fiscal Year 1873-74 has this day been received, that the State, City and County Taxes for said Fiscal Year are now due and payable at the office of the undersigned (Room No. 1 City Hall), and that the laws in regard to their collection will be strictly enforced. Taxes will become Delinquent on the FIRST MONDAY in January, 1874, and unless paid prior thereto, five per cent. will be added to the amount thereof A AUSTIN,

Nov. 1. Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

WIDENING OF OLD SAN JOSE ROAD
From Twenty-third to Twenty-sixth street, in the City and County of San Francisco.

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Report and Assessment in the matter of the widening of the Old San Jose Road, from Twenty-third to Twenty-sixth street, has this day been placed in my hands for collection. Assessments thereon are now due and payable ALEX AUSTIN,

Nov 22. Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

JAMES GILBERT HURLE.

If James Gilbert Hurle (of Dundee), Engineer, San Francisco, Cal., or his widow, or children (if any) will communicate with DAVID DUNCAN, Jr., Solicitor, Dundee, Scotland, they will receive payment of the legacy left Mr. Hurle by his brother; and any one furnishing Mr. Duncan with authentic information of the death or present residence of Mr Hurle or any other of the above parties, will be suitably rewarded. Nov 22.

A. L. SANBORN.] **SANBORN & BYRNES,** W. A. BYRNES.

Stair Builders and Turners, Mechanics' Mill, Mission street, bet. First and Fremont, San Francisco. All kinds of Plain and Fancy Turning, Circular, Band, and Scroll Sawing. Orders from the Country for Stair Material promptly attended to Nov 29.

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts, Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St Louis, etc., Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York; all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by

A. L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S. F.

Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents. [September 17.]

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL. The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the Junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 600 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened May 4th Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.

June 7. A. J. GAMBILL.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc Furnishing Goods of all kinds, Lisle Gloves, Venus Jouvin, and other makes of kid Gloves.

March 30. MURPHY, GRANT & CO., Sansome cor. Bush, S. F.

NOTICE.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City Hall, San Francisco. Nov 14, 1873.—The Report of the Board of Public Works, in the matter of the WIDENING OF MONTGOMERY AVENUE, having on this fourteenth day of November, 1873, been finally approved and confirmed by the County Court of the city and county of San Francisco, notice is hereby given that the said Board is now prepared to deliver MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS to all persons for damages awarded to them, in amounts equal to the damages awarded for lands taken and improvements thereon WM ALVORD,

H S TICHNER, Secretary. [Nov 22.] President of the Board of Public Works.

CUTTING & CO.,
PACKERS AND DEALERS IN
CANNED SALMON.

Manufactory—Columbia River, Oregon. Office and Salesroom—415 Front street,

Nov 22. San Francisco.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general Brewing and Malting business, under the firm name and style of MERRIFIELD & ROSENER. Office and Brewery, corner of Eleventh and Folsom streets, San Francisco. E. MERRIFIELD,

San Francisco, October 1, 1873. [Nov. 1.] LEVI ROSENER.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free Address G. STINSON & CO.,

Nov 10. Portland, Maine.

F W VAN REYNEGOM. JNO. H. DICKINSON.

VAN REYNEGOM & DICKINSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, 302 Montgomery st., cor. Sacramento (Rooms 12 and 13), San Francisco. Nov 8.

WANTED

A Situation as Bookkeeper, Collector, or Copyist, by one thoroughly competent, with the best of references. Address,

Nov. 8. J. R. COKER, No. 420 Sansome street.

QUICKSILVER

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 305 Sansome street over Bank of California. Nov 16.

FOR BRIGHT'S DISEASE

Try Bethesda Spring Mineral Water. Sure Cure. Depot, No. 230 Sutter street. Nov. 29.

LOUPE & HAAS,

Importers and Wholesale Grocers, have removed to corner of California and Davis streets, one block below their former location Dec 6.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco August 2.

A REMARKABLE ART SALE.

On Tuesday morning next, a really noteworthy sale of original foreign paintings will take place at Messrs. Newhall's Auction Rooms on Sansome street. The collection has been imported by Mr Wooll, so long and favorably known in connection with the old firm of Jones, Wooll & Sutherland, and the whole were selected by him in the principal galleries and studios of London, Paris, Brussels, Munich, New York, etc. We are not going out of our way when we say that there is not a bad picture in the whole series; all are safe investments; a large part of them are bound to enhance greatly in value, some of them are already more valuable than when purchased this Spring and Summer. The reason is sufficiently obvious: Mr. Wooll has large experience himself, and has had the best of advice. For example, in Paris he was greatly assisted in his selection of works purchased there by the brother of *our* eminent sculptor, Mezzara; himself an artist and "brother of the chisel." Another point: many of these works are from the *ateliers* of young and rising men. Take as proof the works of Holyoake, a constant exhibitor in the Royal Academy, London, whose works have been frequently engraved in the *Illustrated London News*, and whose pictures are doubling in value each year. The purchaser of such works has no elephant on his hands—except in a new and growing sense. This artist receives hundreds of pounds for his pictures now, and connoisseurs know that they will go up into the thousands ere long. The same remarks apply in greater or lesser degree to the works of Veron, Savry, Cortes, Pinta, Gontier, Menard, Rigon, Pinzes, Normand, and many others in the list. Some admirable examples of Harvey Young's work are included in the collection, and half a dozen very sweet little water color "bits," by Matthews of London deserve attention. We cannot begin to do justice to the whole series—which numbers 91 works—but shall attempt to notice briefly some of the more prominent ones. These pictures will be on view to-day, and up to the morning of the sale at Newhall's Rooms. All are original, with one exception, which is a copy of Turner's great picture:

The Fighting Temeraire, or rather, as we think Ruskin better termed it, "The old Temeraire tugged to her last berth." This is a very fine reproduction, and we understand was copied by E. T. Haynes, of London, exclusively for his own practice, with no intention of selling it, until Mr. Wooll induced him to part with it. Thornbury, Turner's biographer, says of the original: "The setting sun in this picture can only be compared with the finest sun picture he left to the nation. I mean Ulysses and Polyphemus." We next note

Cattle and Landscape, by Savry, a native of the Hague, whose works are original in style, and much esteemed by connoisseurs, as are also the cattle pieces by A. Cortes, of Paris, a pupil of Troyon. Our word for it, any of these are good investments. Passing along we note a very charming

Scene in Normandy, by Pinta, of Paris. This artist received a medal at the Great French Exposition, and his pictures are deservedly ranked high. And now we come to a pair of pictures possessing great merit, and which will please all—two things by no means found together all the time in works of art:

Roses, and the Flowers and Vase, by C. Gontier, of Paris. These are simply superb, because they are not merely perfect as regards truth to nature; they are really fine compositions. The grouping is exquisite. Those who cannot imagine that simple flowers and foliage pictures can be great works of art, had better inspect this charming pair.

But the paintings of all others which have thoroughly "fetched us," and are certainly the most attractive in the whole collection, because, while the works of a master hand, they appeal to all hearts, are those by W. Holyoake, of London. Most of us remember several recent magazine and newspaper illustrations (such as "The Lord's Prayer," "Grandmother's Treasures," etc., in the *Illustrated News*), which have rendered this artist's name very familiar in the household. *First* and foremost among these pictures we place that entitled

"Men were Deceivers, Ever." A young girl looking through an open door way at the retreating figure of a cavalier, and that other female who has lured him off; nothing more. Her first lesson in flirtation, perhaps—the first glimmer of the fact that man can say so much and mean so little. Half puzzled and half sad, and no doubt decidedly jealous, with nobody but a faithful spaniel to stand by her. The face of the blonde young lady is a perfect gem, while the effect of light in the garden-walk outside is most masterly. Perhaps the next picture by this artist which we would place on a level with the above named, is

"The Catechism." "What is your name?" "Who gave you this name?" "And why, in the name of common sense, did they do it?" A young lady is questioning two children in their cottage home, that's all. But we would rather be the happy possessor of this commonplace subject than half the grandly historical, mythological or diabolically melo-dramatic works that adorn the galleries of Europe. Are we were almost as much struck by the

"Poppy Field." A young child among the poppies and other flowers, with a very recognizable glimpse of English Coast scenery in the distance. The face of the little girl is lovely. The pictures of the "Gleaners" and the "Cottage door" are almost equally good. But we must pass on, and among surrounding works of merit would note the

Fire in the Meadows, by Pinto, of Paris, a work exhibited at the French Exposition of 1869. Each figure of the startled group of peasants is a perfect study. Two works—

Plowing, and a Landscape and Sheep—by Donat Quillot, of Paris, a man who stands A No. 1 in the French capital, are most noteworthy, as in fact are a dozen others of this school. Let us call attention to the "Italian landscape," by Tony de Bergue, "Farm Scene," by Rene Menard, "Marine View," by G Gallard Spina, several works by Pinzes, etc. The

Forest and Stag, by C. de Hagemann, of Paris, is in another style, and is one of that kind of works only understood by a genuine connoisseur. But in its comparatively rough handling, the master is apparent. The same remark applies to several fine examples of A. Rigon, an artist of the very highest reputation. But when we come to Veron, we must pause, for we are approaching a master who commands about the highest prices paid in Europe. His

Landscape and Washerwomen is a very fine example of his works. Who that has traveled in France has not observed the washerwomen squatting by the river side, while perhaps the lady of the farm, or chateau, as the case may be, is idly watching the progress of her quarterly or half-yearly "wash?" Many a time have we slept between the snow-white sheets of a French provincial bed, which had been cleaned by the rude appliances depicted here. A little picture of the place where "good Americans go to," otherwise

Paris, with the Seine, Palace of the Tuileries, etc., by G. Rossi, will bring up pleasant memories to many of us. This work was selected from the last exhibition of the Palace of Industry. We cannot be expected to notice everything where so much is good, but the cabinet work entitled

Lost in the Snow, by Beaume, of Paris, is a little picture which appeals to all. Two children, locked in each other's arms, dead in the snow, under the shadow of the roadside cross.

"On the Rhine," by P. Kowaseeg, of Munich, is an admirable, spirited and true picture of one of the torrents on the upper portion of the great river, which the Germans call "green," although the poets generally dubb it "silver," while some think it pretty nearly the color of "The Great Muddy."

"Off the French Coast," near St. Valory, and a view off Calais Pier, by W. N. Williamson, of London, are bold, dashing marine views, selected from this year's exhibition of the Society of British Artists. There are several others by this gentleman, and several other marine views by other artists, all deserving mention, but we forbear.

"A Wood Scene," Lake George, and the "Autumn Scene" of Harvey Young are three pictures painted in the unmeretricious and genuine manner for which this artist is celebrated. There are several other excellent works by New York artists, but we have certainly said enough to indicate that this is a most interesting and varied collection, and we desist.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

Opera House.—*Fra Diavolo* this week in capital style. Miss Galton as "Zerlina," sings the sweet music allotted her with grace and finish, and although there are at times evidences that a rest would be all the better for her, there is no general lack of freshness, such as was shown in *Barbe Bleue*. She *looks* prettier as "Zerlina" than in any character she has yet assumed—particularly in the bed-room scene. Mr. Kelleher gives us "Diavolo" with rather more of the fop than the bandit about him. The extremely difficult and catchy music he has completely mastered, and gives with rather more expression and *empressement* than he generally favors us with. Mr. Arnold as "Beppo," is good throughout, and in the last scene, where the great struggle between fear of death and shame for the coward's part he is playing, really fine. The duet between "Beppo" and "Giacomo," the latter character, faithfully given by Stephen Leach, has received a nightly encore, the burlesque imitation of "Zerlina's" song being irresistibly droll. Miss Ellerman makes an exceedingly graceful and ladylike "Lady Allcash," and sings her music with her usual correctness and marks of cultivation. It is by far the best character she has yet taken. Mr Howson, although his personation of "Lord Allcash" was a little overdrawn, made up for the fault by his good acting and splendid business. But the character is, we think, out of his line. Mr. Baker as "Lorenzo," was generally good, sometimes poor, and occasionally excellent. The chorus, after the first night, went smoothly; the orchestra is much improved by the additional instruments, and the scenery is grand and beautiful beyond conception.

Alhambra.—The bill for this week has been particularly excellent. After a first part rather superior to the general run of songs and chit-chat, there comes an amusing little sketch entitled *The Last of the Mohicans*, the chief features of which are Sweatnam's "body-guard" and the pleasantly neat acting of Miss Esther Williams. Sweatnam and Manning, as stump orators, are quite equal to Bob Hart, and sometimes were superior to him. Ella Werner only pulled out one pocket-handkerchief, which was a marked improvement. But had she not better get some new songs? The old ones are getting rather worn out. *Le Roi D'Yvetot* is not good, and, notwithstanding Mlle. Gaugain's graceful dancing, is the weak thing of the evening.

California Theater.—*The Geneva Cross* has drawn good houses all the week and seems still to retain its hold on the public taste. But to-day's matinee will see its positively last appearance. To-night Miss Annie Graham's benefit with a strong bill. *The Naiad Queen* is almost ready, and if glorious scenery, a good ballet, first rate music and ample preparation can insure a success, then it is will be one.

Extraordinary Performance.—On Tuesday evening next, the artists of the Italian Opera residing in San Francisco will perform Verdi's grand Opera, *I Lombardi*, and other operatic selections, in honor of H.R.H. the Duke of Genoa, the Commander and Staff of the Italian man-of-war *Garibaldi*. A splendid performance and a brilliant house may be confidently expected

ELSEWHERE.

Mr. E. D. Davies, who is undoubtedly the most accomplished ventriloquist now before the public, began an engagement at Fox's American Theater on the 1st. "Joe" accompanies him, and "that settles it"—Collodion, the caricaturist, brought to this country by Lydia Thompson, and his wife, were among the victims of the *Ville de Havre*.—Mr. John McCullough appeared at the Park Theater, Brooklyn, for one week, commencing Monday evening Dec. 8th; the business of the week consisting as follows: Monday, *Richelieu*; Tuesday and Wednesday, *Gladiator*; Friday and Saturday matinee, *Jack Cade*; Saturday evening, *Richard*

HARRY EDWARDS' BENEFIT.

On Monday, December 22d, that sterling actor and popular favorite, Harry Edwards, will take a benefit at the California Theater. The features of the occasion will be the screen-scene from the *School for Scandal*, favorite songs by Madame Anna Bishop, the comedietta of the *Happy Pair*, in which Miss Jennie Lee and Mr. J. P. Burnett will appear; after which the second act of *William Tell* will be given. The entertainment will conclude with the second and third acts of Buckstone's drama, *Green Bushes*. Harry offers one of the best bills of the season, and one that is sure to bring a crowded house.

CALIFORNIA THEATER

The following attractive Programme will be presented on Monday, December 22, 1873, for the Benefit of HENRY EDWARDS. The curtain will rise at 8 precisely, on the Screen Scene from the SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL, characters by Miss Annie Graham, Mr. Barton Hill, Mr. John Wilson, Mr Henry Edwards. The distinguished cantatrice, MADAM ANNA BISHOP, has kindly volunteered and will sing "Home Sweet Home." After which [illegible] HAPPY PAIR, [illegible] MISS JENNIE LEE and MR. J. P. BURNETT will appear. Followed by the 2d Act of WILLIAM TELL, characters by Miss Sophie Edwin, Miss Carrie Wyatt, Mr [illegible] and Mr Edwards. The entertainment [illegible] with the 2d and 3d Acts [illegible] GREEN BUSHES, in which the celebrated Artiste MADAME MARIE [illegible] will make her first appearance in eight years, [illegible] Messrs. [illegible] Williams, W. [illegible] Buckley, [illegible] Wilson [illegible] and [illegible]

BELLA UNION THEATER

Kearny street, near Washington.—Samuel Tetlow, Proprietor; F. Zimmer Musical Director.—Saturday Evening, December 20, and till further notice—The great sensational novelty, TOM BELL, THE HIGHWAYMAN OF CALIFORNIA, a new four-act Drama, entirely original and full of startling situations. Beautiful and appropriate scenery by Barney McFarland. Wonderful mechanical effects [illegible] "The bell," the Darling [illegible] always so [illegible] by Miss Jennie [illegible] First week of Miss [illegible] the beautiful [illegible] Vocalist. [illegible] appear every evening in the [illegible] and [illegible] acts. Matt [illegible] and [illegible] are very heavy, and [illegible] cast for heavy parts. They appear [illegible] quite often. A splendid performance before and after the Drama. The Interlude will contain the usual feast of fun. The thrilling Drama, in one act and one scene, entitled, "One Barroom in One Night," will wind up the torture. You can leave when you please, if you come early enough.

Dec. 20.

MAGUIRE'S ALHAMBRA THEATER.

Bush street, between Montgomery and Kearny.—Thomas Maguire, Sole Proprietor; H. C. Marsh, Stage Manager. Every Evening and Saturday Afternoon—MAGUIRE'S CALIFORNIA MINSTRELS. The favorite ELLA WERNER in her Songs and [illegible] MLLE MARIE GAUGAIN & [illegible] "O'Shaunnessey Guards." "The Far West, Or, The Last of the Mohicans." "Advertising for a Husband." Mr Sparkles with several [illegible] Miss Ella Werner. "[illegible] and [illegible]" [illegible] Monday Evening Dec. 22. First appearance of the world-renowned SEIGRIST and ZANFRETTA TROUPE [illegible] with their wonderful Dogs.

CALIFORNIA THEATER

Mr. John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager. Mr. Barton Hill, Acting Manager.—Tuesday, Dec. 23, Extraordinary Performance, given by the Artists of the Italian Opera residing in San Francisco [illegible] H. R. H. the DUKE OF GENOA, the Commander and Staff of the Italian man-of-war Garibaldi, [illegible] the performance [illegible] Opera I LOMBARDI [illegible] with the following cast: SIGNORA IDA VISCONTI, SIGNORA AGATHA STATES, SIGNORA GIOVANNI BIANCHI, SIGNORI [illegible] SIG. G. ORLANDINI, SIG. T. GLOSSI [illegible] Conductor, A. BADINA.

OPERA HOUSE

Bush St., between Kearny and Montgomery.—Continued Success of the SUSAN GALTON and JENNIE LEE'S Opera Bouffe, Burlesque and Comedy Troupe.—Saturday Evening, Dec. 20, will be presented, Auber's charming Opera of FRA DIAVOLO. Look out for extra attractions on Christmas and New Year. Admission—Dress Circle and Orchestra, $1; Family Circle, 50 cents.

CALIFORNIA THEATER.

Bush St., above Kearny.—John McCullough, Proprietor and Manager, Barton Hill, Acting Manager. Saturday Matinee, Dec. 20, at 2 o'clock,—GENEVA CROSS. Saturday Evening, Benefit of MISS ANNIE GRAHAM. Monday Evening Dec. 22, Benefit of MR. HENRY EDWARDS. Tuesday Evening, Dec. [illegible] Italian Opera, in honor of H. R. H. the Duke of Genoa. In preparation—The Grand Spectacular Play, THE NAIAD QUEEN.

Dec. 20.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments.

[May 31.]

Stuart Seldon Wright,

ATTORNEY

AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW

OFFICES:

Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., upstairs.

Aug. 9.

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℔	[illegible]	70
Cheese, Cal	[illegible]	25
Honey	7 @	30
Eggs, ℔ doz	[illegible]	65
Lard, ℔	16 @	18
Ham & Bacon, ℔	16 @	20
Cranberries, ℔ gal	75 @1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℔	2 @	
Lima Beans, ℔	8 @	10
Tomatoes, ℔	4 @	5
Onions, ℔	3 @	6
Squashes, ℔	2 @	3
Pumpkins, ℔	2 @	3
Cabbages, each	10 @	15
Cauliflowers, each	1 @	15
Cucumbers, ℔ doz	1 @	15
Celery, ℔ doz b.	75 @1	00
Beets, ℔ doz b	20 @	25
Turnips, ℔ doz b	40 @	25
Parsnips, ℔ doz b	16 @	25
Radishes, ℔ doz b	16 @	25
Green Peas, ℔	6 @	8
String Beans, ℔	6 @	8
Apples, ℔	12½ @	
Pears ℔	6 @	
Peaches, ℔	5 @	15
Pine Apples, each	[illegible] @1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℔	12 @	25
Do. new, ℔	8 @	12
Oranges, ℔ doz	75 @1	00
Lemons, ℔ 100	[illegible]	50
Limes, ℔ doz	25 @	
Chickens, each	65 @	87½
Quail, ℔ doz	[illegible]	50
Turkeys, ℔	20 @	25
Geese, ℔ pair	[illegible]	50
Ducks, ℔ pair	[illegible]	75
Rabbits, ℔ pair	[illegible]	40
Hares, each	30 @	50
Oysters, ℔ 100	75 @1	00
Clams, ℔ 100	[illegible]	
Mussels, ℔ 100	[illegible]	
Salmon, smoked, ℔	1 @	
Salmon, fresh, ℔	25 @	30
Codfish, ℔	[illegible]	
Rockfish ℔	20 @	
Smelts, ℔	15 @	20
Tom cod, ℔	25 @	30
Sturgeon, ℔	6 @	8
Flounders, ℔	25 @	
Halibut, ℔	35 @	45
Perch, ℔	[illegible]	12½
Shrimps, ℔	[illegible]	15½
Anchovies, ℔	[illegible]	10
Soles, ℔	[illegible]	75

E. S. TIBBEY,

Stock Broker,

No. 6 Leidesdorff St.

Aug 9.

H. F. Williams & Co.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

ROOM 20,

STEVENSON'S BUILDING,

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

California and Mont. sts.,

SAN FRANCISCO.

Aug 23.

BIZ.

The operations of the week in general merchandise have been of considerable importance. It is seldom that much business is done in the winter months, but we find that this is an exceptionable year. Recent purchases of Coffee, Tea, and of other leading staple imports have been of magnitude, stimulated no doubt by the promise of increased duties at an early day. One fact, however, is to be borne in mind, that the Pacific Railroad is constantly bringing us into closer connexion with the millions of consumers of goods upon the other side of the continent, and merchants in Eastern cities are giving more heed than heretofore to the advantages held out to them by importers in this city. For instance, look at the growing importance of our Coffee trade with St. Louis: thousands of bags or prime green Central American have already been drawn thither from us this year; Chicago was slow to see the drift of this trade, but she is now waking up to its importance and is a buyer now; and we are also informed that Philadelphia is now here as a Coffee buyer. Then look at the course of the Tea trade: this traffic across the continent is slowly but surely expanding. Chicago, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Buffalo, Detroit, Louisville, and other western cities are now seeking supplies of Japan Teas from us, while New York, Boston, and Philadelphia are not unmindful of the advantages held out to them upon the Pacific Slope. The Silk trade of this port has already become the first in the nation, and so we might go on to enumerate details of our growth. The Sugar and Syrup product of our several refiners now find a market in all the Territories; so also our Fruits, Case Goods, Fisheries, etc. During the past Salmon year many thousand cases of Pacific Salmon sold in London, Liverpool, and New York to good advantage, and buyers are here now prepared to make large contracts for Salmon of the next season's catch. Then to look at our immense shipments of Wheat, Wool, Wine, Flour, Barley, Hops, Hides, Leather, etc. All go to swell the business of the coast.

The Alaska from Hongkong via Yokohama to the Pacific Mail Company arrived safely with her large cargo and many passengers. She encountered a hurricane at sea, and had a rough time generally. The passengers speak in the highest terms of the bravery and seamanship of Captain Moore. Owing to the repairs needed to the steamer, the regular semi-monthly trip, advertised for December 15th, will be omitted, and no steamer dispatched to Hongkong until January 1st. Minister C. E. De Long and family were among the passengers on the *Alaska*; also, 151 Chinese. There was in addition quite a number of passengers for Europe, etc., to go on overland. The *Alaska's* cargo consisted of the following: 17,802 pkgs Tea, 135 pkgs Silk, 6,427 pkgs Mdse, including 359 cs Silkworm Eggs for Europe and New York, estimated to contain 17,000,000 eggs and valued at $200,000. The Tea was distributed as follows: Overland, 11,730 pkgs; San Francisco, 6,072 pkgs. For New York, 7,637 pkgs Tea, 97 pkgs Silk, 510 do Mdse; to Boston, 1,521 pkgs Tea and 8 Sundries, to Hartford, 85 pkgs Mdse; to Chicago, 2,486 pkgs Tea; to Europe and Canada, 683 pkgs Tea and 242 pkgs Mdse.

Later from the Hawaiian Islands.—By the arrival of the *Garibaldi*, an Italian frigate, 19 days from Honolulu under sail, we have a few later news down to November 27th. A private letter says: "We have only short notice of the bearer going to your port, and have no time to say much. The whaling fleet has all arrived, some few fitted and sail for a cruise to westward. The arrivals have been *Camden* from Puget Sound with lumber; *Falkenberg* from Oregon with produce, and *Onward* from Sydney with coals, and *Comet* from your port. Owing to a scarcity of flour and bread, a number of whalers will be detained until some vessels arrive either from your port or Oregon. The *Comet* will get away in a week; will have no sugar, unless some little in bags may be sent over for a trial. The *Robert Cowan* sailed for Sydney some two weeks ago with a full cargo of sugar and paiu. The *Falkenberg* will carry away 200 tons for Oregon, and a like quantity is held for Victoria waiting arrival *Delaware*. This will leave our market bare."

Our Breadstuff exports are steadily augmenting. Since July 1st, we have sent off 391,584 bbls Flour, against 107,023 bbls same time last year. Our Wheat exports to all parts in same period, 4,242,318 centals, against 4,924,349 ctls in 1872, and since December 1st the following vessels have been dispatched with Wheat and Flour to the United Kingdom and France:

Cleared	Name of Vessel.	Destination.	Wheat ctls	Value
December 4	Antoinette Accame	Queenstown	22,1[illegible]	$4[illegible]
December 4	*Altcar	Liverpool		11[illegible]
December 4	Admiral Fitzroy	Cork	11 11[illegible]	2[illegible]
December 5	Madeline	Queenstown	1[illegible]	3[illegible]
December 6	Charles Laing	Queenstown	[illegible]	6[illegible]
December 6	Golden Fleece	Liverpool	49,3[illegible]	9[illegible]
December 6	Neptun	Liverpool	[illegible]	1[illegible]
December 10	Grand Duchess	Liverpool	42,1[illegible]	8[illegible]
December 11	Valparaiso	Liverpool	[illegible]	71,[illegible]
December 11	Magna Charta	Queenstown	[illegible]	9[illegible]
December 12	*Borrowdale	Liverpool	18,7[illegible]	115,[illegible]
December 13	David Brown	Cork	26,710	6[illegible]
December 13	†America	Liverpool		1[illegible]
December 15	§Cornelia	Liverpool	12,952	[illegible]
December 16	**Staffordshire	Liverpool		117,[illegible]
December 16	Sophia D.	Cork	2[illegible]	51,[illegible]
December 16	Concordia	Falmouth	15,[illegible]	[illegible]
December 17	‡‡Celestial Empire	Liverpool	4[illegible]	[illegible]
December 17	Queen	Cork	[illegible]	8[illegible]
December 17	Southern Cross	Liverpool	31,311	78,951
Totals since December 1st, 20 vessels			496,364	$1,038,900
Previously since July 1st, 128 vessels			3,723,231	9,153,817
Totals since July 1st, 1873, 148 vessels			4,219,[illegible]	$10,792,816
168 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with			1,882,712	6,061,7[illegible]
23 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with			617,[illegible]	1,[illegible]
95 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with			2,7[illegible]	5,[illegible]
117 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with			3,[illegible]	5,[illegible]

*31,880 bbls Flour. †Also 10,600 bbls Flour. ‡22,880 bbls Flour §Also 6,722 bbls Flour **18,117 bbls Flour ‡‡Also 911 bbls Flour

In addition to the above, there are now on the berth 26 vessels, aggregating 29,004 tons register. This fleet to the United Kingdom is having dispatch with a view of clearing as many as possible before the close of the year. The last freight engagements to Liverpool, £3 7s 6d, to Cork for U. K., £3 12s 6d. There is a plentiful supply of tonnage disengaged now in port, quite sufficient for present needs of commerce.

Barley for the East to Chicago, Overland.—There is an order here for 1,000 tons Choice Brewing Barley to go to Illinois. 500 tons bought at $1 75 currency, has this week gone forward, and the balance will soon follow. This grain will cost over 3½c, gold, delivered in Chicago; but then the quality is very superior, worth 33⅓ per cent. more than any raised in Illinois.

Flour and Wheat.—During the week several cargo sales of both have been reported. The Baltic with 2,700 tons at $2 27½, f., o., b., how, the freight on this was at an extremely low rate, say, £2 14s, insurance 4 per cent. The 1,000 tons Flour and 1,000 tons Wheat were also sold at very extreme figures, f., o., b.; but then it should be remembered that freights on all were much below to-day's rates of £3 10s to Liverpool, or £3 15s to Cork.

The market for Coal shows increasing firmness. The supply of Coos Bay is temporarily short, and prices advanced to $11 ex ship. Bellingham Bay is largely used for household purposes, and is sold to the trade at $9 50. Mt Diablo, coarse, $8 25; do., fine, screenings $6 25, for steam purposes, and for this purpose is a great favorite. Nanaimo is in scant supply. Seattle is out of market. Sydney by the cargo is held at $12 @ 12 50, latter for Wallsend. Anthracite is in light stock; Lehigh, $16 @ 17; West Hartley, from yard, $17 50

Quicksilver.—The price remains at $1 20, with a scant supply.

Flour and Wheat continue in active request for export, with large shipments to the United Kingdom. Superfine Flour we quote at $5 75 @ 6; Extra Superfine, $6 25 @ 6 50; Golden Age and Golden Gate Extra Baker's and Family silk dressed, $6 75 @ 7. Wheat rules from $2 25 @ 2 30; extra choice lots, $2 32½ @ 2 35. Barley commands $1 45 @ 1 65 as extremes, with an Eastern demand for choice brewing. Oats are quiet at $1 65 @ 1 85. Corn, $1 50 @ 1 60 ℔ 100 ℔s. Hay, $15 @ $19 ℔ ton. Bran, $20. Middlings, $30.

The Coffee market seems to be excited, both here and at the East, with considerable parcels changing hands at advanced prices. The last sales of prime Costa Rica, 23½ @ 24c, for St. Louis and Chicago.

Metals continue without movement. Pig Iron stock accumulates, and in the absence of any special demand, the price remains nominal at $50; Bar, Bundle, and Strap Iron is held firmly at the late rise.

Borax.—We note sales of 200 tons Concentrated and 200 cases Refined for export upon private terms. The supply is large and the price extremely low

The Tea market is strong under the belief that duties will be reinstated by Congress at an early day. Some 2,000 packages have changed hands during the week at an advance of 2½ @ 5c. Stocks moderate.

The Provision market is well stocked with Eastern Sugar Cured Hams at 12½ @ 15c for old and new of standard brands. Bacon, 10 @ 12c; Lard, 10 @ 11c, according to package; Clear Pork, $20 per bbl; extra prime Pork, $16; City Mess Beef, $9 50; Butter, choice dairy, 50c; patent Butter, 30c; pickled Butter, 30 @ 35; Eastern Cheese, 14 @ 16c; California do. 18 @ 17c; Eggs, 45 @ 50c; ditto., Oregon, 35 @ 40c; Eastern do 25 @ 30c.

Spirits in good supply, both domestic and foreign. The America for Liverpool carried 4,000 gallons California Grape Brandy. Neutral commands $1 10 @ 1 15, for Eastern; California treble refined, $1 25; Bourbon Whisky, $2 @ 3 50; The "J. H. Cutter" brand of fine old Kentucky Bourbon still continues to command the market at $3 50 @ 5 50, according to age; Holland Gin, $3 25 @ 3 50; Old Jamaica Rum, $4 @ 4 50; Cognac Brandy, $1 50 @ 7 75, according to vintage.

The Sugar stock is now reduced below the average; two-thirds of the entire stock here in first and second hands is held and controlled by the California Refinery, and more Spreckles and Eggers continue to control the price of all refined. The California is alone running its full capacity, supplying the market generously at low prices—say 11@11½c for all White Refined, and 10c for Yellow Coffees. The stock of Hawaiian Sugar is light. The Syrup made in California is of good quality. We have before referred to a shipment of 53,000 galls to Hamburg; now 200 bbls go to Valparaiso, and we are continually sending more or less to Oregon, overland, and have supplies in Chicago, St. Louis, etc.

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, from day to day, until further notice, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in gold coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a deposit [illegible] satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds."

Bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer.

The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

JAMES OTIS, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] CHAS. HUBERT, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

FOR COLORODO RIVER, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The Steamer Newbern, William Metzger, Master, will sail for the above ports on SATURDAY, Dec. 20th, at 12 o'clock, noon, from Folsom-street Wharf, connecting at Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamers and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company, [illegible] into the River. Through bills of lading will be furnished and no others signed. No freight received for Mazatlan ports after 3 P. M. of the 2[illegible] inst., and bills of lading for [illegible] must be accompanied by Custom house and Consular clearances. For freight or passage apply to

Dec 2[illegible] E. NORTON, Agent [illegible] Front street

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States.

March 19

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials, House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS, No. 437 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco.

Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to.

Jan 25.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris.

[March 29.]

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs) San Francisco.

August 2

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street.

Oct 2[illegible]

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

The celebrated brand of Carte Blanche, quarts and pints. For sale to the trade in lots to suit, by MACONDRAY & CO.,

Dec. 13. Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast.

YELLOW SHEATHING METAL.

Manufacture of the Revere Copper Company of Boston.—16 ounce; 18 ounce; 20 ounce; 22 ounce; 24 ounce; 26 ounce; 28 ounce. For sale by

Dec. 13. MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for California.

NOW OPEN.

Marple & Gump's Art Rooms.—Free exhibition of Choice Paintings, over Tucker's Jewelry store, from 9 A. M. till 4:30 P. M.

Dec 11.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,

Jan. 4 No. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

$10 TO $20 PER DAY.

Agents wanted everywhere. Particulars free. A. H. Blair & Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Nov 29.

OUR LETTER BOX.

[It is distinctly to be borne in mind that we do not, by inserting letters, convey any opinion favorable to their contents. We open our columns to all, without leaning to any; and thus supply a channel for the publication of opinions of all shades, to be found in no other journal.]

FATHER DUGGAN'S LECTURE.

Dear News Letter:—I am quite surprised at the silence of the local religious press in regard to the masterly effort of Father Duggan, in his recent lecture delivered at Platt's Hall. In consideration of the lofty eminence occupied in Protestant religious circles by the learned and distinguished clergyman, Mr. Hemphill, who trotted out this strange renegade biped of the chameleon genus, and held him up to the anxious gaze of an inquiring public, and also in consideration of the silence of the *Alta*, *Call*, *Chronicle*, *Bulletin*, and other infidel journals of the day, in regard to the scathing rebuke administered to the Catholic Church, from a Protestant stand-point, by his reverence, Father Duggan, I, as a God-fearing citizen, and a man hankering after religion, deem it my solemn duty, as the pious correspondent of the evangelical *News Letter*, to give to the world a synopsis of the Rev. apostate's soul-stirring address, delivered under the supervision of his eminent Presbyterian tutor. The immense building was filled to overflowing with the wealth, fashion, and piety of our commonwealth. The lofty hall was appropriately decorated with emblems of piety and symbols of religion. The genius of American liberty was painted in glowing colors on an immense banner, which ornamented one end of the hall; it represented a delicate female figure, seated on an illustrated Bible, struggling desperately with legions of snakes, with Jesuits' heads, who were trying to strangle free thought, paralyze the brain, and prevent the march of mental freedom. At the rear of the rostrum, and facing the audience, was a monster drawing of the morning sun, rising from out the steeple of a Presbyterian church, while in the background was painted in flaming colors a gorgeous hell, with the Church of Rome, St. Peter, the Pope, cardinals, priests and laymen, all going at railroad speed, on the down grade to perdition; underneath were these words: "The World is ours." The Rev. renegade was led on to the speaker's stand by an aged female dressed in bottle green, who towed him along by a string from a broken lyre. His reverence was attired in the sober habiliments of a demure Quaker, in a color known as dun brown. He was received by the audience in dead silence, the highest compliment ever paid by the American people. So death-like was the stillness in the vast hall, you could hear a ten-pin drop. As a prelude to his address, the Rev. gent repeated the Lord's prayer, with his eyes directed to a mouse-hole in the ceiling. He then sung with soul-stirring pathos that sacred hymn by Dr. Watts:

> "While the lamp holds out to burn,
> The vilest sinner may return."

"Yes, friends and brethren, you behold before you to-night the vilest sinner that ever disgraced the Catholic or any other church. I have wintered and summered with the vices that infest the Vatican. I've committed murder, arson, robbery, rape, idolatry, theft, perjury and [illegible], and [illegible], I've been through the entire list in the [illegible] of crime, and all for the glory of God and for coin for Mother Church. I've strangled my [illegible] and given [illegible] to their [illegible] in private [illegible]. How often have I laughed in my sleeve when [illegible] absolution on some poor girl for her hard-earned twenty-five cents. I've sat by the bed-side of many a dying old woman and frightened her in her last moments into [illegible] to Mother Church, thus robbing her children of their inheritance. Romanism, my friends, is a gigantic secret organization for the enslaving of the entire human race; it is controlled and directed by learned, able and unscrupulous men; it is bolstered up, propagated, held sacred and worshiped by an army of ignorant, zealous, fanatical and devoted women, any and all of whom would rob the grave for the church. Well do the rulers of this despotic system of religion know that money is power, hence the standing rule in the church is to get money; no matter how, but get money. Through coin the satellites of Rome reach social position and political eminence, and each good Catholic keeps his eye steadfastly fixed on the grand end, aim and object of the Romish Church, which is to subvert free Governments, overturn Republics, and establish absolutism with the Pope as the great head center of the world, and the United States as his local habitation. But I've seen the error of my ways. I toiled for the Catholic religion for years, and never got a cent. I became disgusted and quit. I've been white-washed with a Protestant brush, and feel perfectly clean; I've bathed in the dew distilled from a Presbyterian condenser, and am pure as a snow-drop. I've gazed through the lens of an Evangelical spy-glass, and have seen my new Redeemer. (Loud cheers, and cries of 'Bully for Duggan.') My friends, from my adhesive qualities, as shown by my antecedents, you will be enabled to judge of how long I will stay by my new faith. (Cries of 'he's a brick,' 'stick to it, old beeswax,' 'you're a stickrat,' 'a blister,' 'a poor man's plaster,' 'a leech,' and many other classical remarks from the [illegible] audience.) My object, my Christian friends, in uniting myself with the Protestant religion, is that it is more fully recognized in politics than the Catholic, and with the aid of our worthy Bishop Kip, I am in hopes to be enabled to get appointed on the Police." At this stage of the play, the gentleman who had charge of the hall came in and stated that the time for which we had paid in advance for gas had expired, and immediately put out the lights, and darkness shrouded the universal world.

Yours gloomily,
THE PARSON.

THE OAKS, December, 1873.

THE AUSTRALIAN LINE.

To the Editor of the News Letter—SIR:—The last issue of the *News Letter* contains an article written in bad taste with the caption of "A Square Fight over the Australian Line," in which the writer [illegible] Mr. Nielson of the defunct "Webb Line" at the expense of Mr. Hall, the American, whose [illegible], and whose enterprise inaugurated the *first line of steamers between Australia and California*, which enterprise, we are informed, was "bursted" by Mr. Nielson in behalf of Webb & Holladay, who caused the government of New Zealand to take from Hall the contract he had secured for the mail service via California, and so badly "bursted" was Mr. Hall that he was unable to pay more than five cents on the dollar! We are advised that Mr. Neilson "is an accomplished writer, and has the run of most of the newspapers, and is a firm believer in the new doctrine that it is 'the press' that moves the world" (pity he didn't put some of its force on the Webb steamers), is employing his energy and time on behalf of Burnside & Co.; that a contract was drawn! that "Sydney backed out in favor of Hall?" Out of what? "If Congress acts, as it seems well nigh certain it will (not), then Neilson succeeds, and the line will be an American one, in the hands of Burnside & Co.," of The Texas Pacific R. R., with San Diego for terminus! and poor Hall will be "bursted" again. If we understand what we read, as we think we do, then Sydney determined long since to have steam communication with England via California with or without the cooperation of the other colonies, to prepare the way for that trade with the United States which will [illegible] follow the removal of existing barriers [illegible] by a prohibitive tariff. Sydney has much to offer in exchange for what she requires. [illegible] policy is a "Tariff for revenue;" buy in the cheapest, sell in the dearest market, and give a preference to those who reciprocate just as individuals do in their every day life. "If you patronize me, I will patronize you." [illegible] Why did you [illegible] Hall? [illegible] you didn't know him? [illegible], if we don't patronize them, they won't patronize us." Sydney, having determined to establish [illegible] communication with England to secure [illegible] to the service [illegible] contracted for. In the mean while, others have been [illegible] under contract for temporary service. New Zealand was invited to participate in the contract upon equal terms; she declined unless the service was diverted to Auckland instead of to Sydney. The agents of the two governments in London have [illegible] a compromise, by which the trip will [illegible]. Had not this compromise been effected, then Sydney [illegible] to carry the mails for ten years [illegible] to the [illegible]. [illegible] from the part of Sydney, N. S. W., to add another line of steamers to those already [illegible]. Should the Government at Washington determine to subsidize the Neilson-Burnside line, we will have two lines [illegible] a few years earlier than otherwise. In the

article referred to above, it is conceded that Mr. Hall was the first in the field, and had obtained a postal contract from the Government of New Zealand before Mr. Neilson, in the interest of Webb, Holliday & Co., appeared, to "burst it up." It is stated, also, that Mr. Hall was offered what to many men would be deemed a fortune!—to retire from the contest—which offer he spurned, preferring to be "bursted," and to pay his friends in Sydney five cents on the dollar, which he did, for which generous dividend, his friends have determined to stand by him, and give him another start!—which they have done. In admiration of his intelligence to appreciate the great importance of the enterprise, and the pluck he has shown in the fight, we cordially wish him success, and think we may assure him a hearty welcome from his countrymen when he arrives on the first steamer of the new line —foreign though it may be.

Yours, etc., CALIFORNIA.

TO THE EMPLOYEES OF THE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

The undersigned, in commencing upon his duties as Agent for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, at this point desires to impress upon the employees of the company, that a faithful and earnest attention to their duties will be required and exacted from them.

That among those duties, a courteous and affable demeanor to all having official business with them, whether great or humble, ashore or afloat, *is imperative*.

It must be remembered that we are the servants of the Public, and not its masters.

The present Directors regret the necessity which compels them to reduce the pay of the old and tried employees of the company, but *it is a necessity*.

Every man must work for the company to promote its interests, and it is expected that if his particular duties for the day are over, and others need assistance, he will cheerfully turn in and help them through.

A rigid system of economy in the administration of its affairs has been entered upon by the company.

I am the representative of this system both in feeling and person, and you may be assured that I shall discharge my duties under it without fear or favor.

EDWARD HIGGINS, Agent.

Office of the Agency of the P. M. S. S. Co., San Francisco, Dec. 18th, 1873.

Our readers will perhaps remember our making the statement, last week, that Steinway & Sons have turned out *thirty thousand pianos*. This statement alone is astonishing, but we just learn that this most successful firm has recently built large works on Staten Island for the manufacture of the metals alone used in making their instruments. What an evidence of giant progress we have here! The inference is obvious [illegible] the Steinway [illegible] most [illegible] over the world, and so they are. In San Francisco [illegible], the demand for these pianos is prodigious, and M. Gray, 621 Clay street, the agent, has enough to do to fill the crowd of orders.

We always say, encourage home manufacture and this is exactly what Messrs. [illegible] King of William & [illegible] do. Their canned goods are of world-wide fame. Only fresh fruits and first-class goods are put up. No *tolerance* are employed, and satisfaction is guaranteed. The canned goods of the firm are sent to all parts of the world, and are superior to those put up by any other firm. Their stores are at 517 and 519 Sansome street, where a collection of material is to be seen that is perfectly surprising.

There is one thing as requisite to housekeeping as a pantry or a table, and that is a set of good table cutlery, with an excellent carving knife as the completion. For such articles there is no such place in San Francisco as the store of M. Price, the Premium Cutler, 415 Kearny street. Fancy what a jolly present you could choose from his magnificent stock of household cutlery to make to your wife.

In the Town Crier will be found an article on the feet of the San Francisco ladies. It is a strange thing that in every instance where a foot looked well, the boot was found to come from P. Kelly, the prize bootmaker, on Bush street, below Kearny.

Main & Winchester, 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco, have the largest and best assortment of harness, saddles, bridles, whips, saddlery, hardware, and collars of every description, of their own and other manufacture, ever offered on the Pacific Coast.

If you do want a nice shirt, a shirt that will look well after a year's washing, and come back to you every week like a new one, buy of Messrs. Gedge & Thayer, shirt manufacturers and men's furnishers, 323 Montgomery street.

Toys are in demand, furnishing goods are needed by all, and Van Schaack & Co., Kearny street, opposite the Plaza, have the largest and best stock at the lowest rates. "Can any man say otherwise? No. Avast, then!"

A very extensive assortment of gas fixtures and gas stoves can be seen at Thomas Day's stores, No. 335 Pine street, near Montgomery, and No. 732 Montgomery street, near Jackson.

We must congratulate the Rev. Robert Scrimgeour for his chaste and elegant lecture upon "Robert Burns," delivered last Tuesday evening at the Central Presbyterian Tabernacle. The audience, considering the stormy weather, was surprisingly large. The lecture was enthusiastically received by those present. The whole thing was a success financially as well as otherwise, and we do hope the lecturer will be induced to repeat the same at an early day.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Jan. 1, 1874—ALASKA .... Capt. Morse
Jan. 16—COLIMA .... Capt. ——

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon every seventeenth day for Panama, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Dec. 29—ARIZONA .... Capt. Cavarly.
Jan. [illegible]—CONSTITUTION .... Capt. Nolan.
Jan. [illegible]—NEVADA .... Capt. Austin.
Feb. [illegible]— .... Capt. ——
Feb. [illegible]— .... Capt. ——

All steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all except [illegible] will call at SAN DIEGO.

Steamers of Jan. [illegible] and Feb. 10 will call at CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS, both ways, and during the coffee season, the first steamer leaving each month will call at those ports both ways.

The cash tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamers falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at [illegible] as follows:

MOHONGO, Capt. D[illegible], Monday, Dec. 1; Friday, Dec. 12; Wednesday, Dec. 24.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnson, Tuesday, Nov. 25; Saturday, Dec. 6; Thursday, Dec. 18; Tuesday, Dec. 30.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,
But takes no freight for San Simeon.

GIPSY, Capt. [illegible], carrying freight only, including [illegible], oils and combustibles—for San Luis Obispo and way ports, Monday, Dec. 15, at 3 P. M. For San Diego and way ports, Tuesday, Dec. 30, at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. Dec. 20

THE "NEWS-LETTER" IN LONDON.

Irrespective of the large number of copies of the *News-Letter* distributed by our agent in London, copies are sent regularly to the following addresses: The Chairman, Bank of England, in Threadneedle street, London; J. Alexander, Jr.; Union Bank of London, National Provin'l Bank of England, Wilkins & Co., Brocon's Old Bank, Oriental Bank Corporation, London and Westminster Bank, Glyn Mills & Co., bankers; Bank of Scotland, London Joint Stock Bank, Branch Bank of New Zealand, 50 Old Broad street; Branch of London and Country Banking Co., 21 Lombard street, Branch of the National Bank, 18 Old Broad street; Branch of Colonial Bank, 13 Bishopsgate (within); Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, Hatton Court, Smith, Payne & Co., bankers; Williams, Deacon & Co., bankers, Coutts & Co.; Branch of Anglo Italian Bank, 16 Leadenhall street; Bank of British North America, 124 Bishopsgate (within); Union B'k of Australia, No. 1 Bank Buildings; Branch of Agra Bank, No. 35 Nicholas Lane; Commercial Banking Co. of Sydney, 39 Lombard st.; Dunsdale, Fowler & Co., bankers; Prescott, Grote, Cave & Co., bankers; Robarts, Lubbock & Co., bankers; The City Bank, Finch lane. The Alliance Bank (Limited) in Bartholomew lane. Anglo-Egyptian Banking Co., Lombard st. E. C.; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China; Imperial Bank (Limited), 6 Lothbury, E. C.; London and River Plate Bank, 40 Moorgate, East Cheapside; Merchants' Banking Company of London, 112 Cannon st., London Suburban Bank (Limited), 262 Fulham road; Credit Foncier, of Mauritius (Limited), 17 Change alley, Cornhill; Comptoir D'Escomte de Paris, 13 Leadenhall street, East Cheapside; Northern Assurance Company, No. 1 Moorgate, E. C., and No. 3 King street, Aberdeen, Scotland. Sun Fire Insurance Co., Threadneedle street, E. C.; The Jerusalem Coffee House, Cowper's Court, Cornhill; Bank of British Columbia, 5 East India avenue; London & Venezuela Bank, 9 Tokenhouse Yard, Bedford Hotel, [illegible], W. C., Charing Cross Hotel, Charing Cross, E. C.; London Bridge Hotel, London Bridge, S., Salmon Coffee House, [illegible], Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W., [illegible], 7 [illegible] street, Hoxton, N., The [illegible], 21 Cornwall Road, E. C., Smith, Elder & Company, Publishers, 15 Waterloo Place, S. W., Wm. Marriott, [illegible] Office Row, Jno. Marriott, 11 Gloster st., E. C., Commission Sale and Sample Room Company, Exchange, Liverpool, Henry Lafone and Isaac M. Gadd, Managing Directors.

A FEW OF THE MEMBERS OF THE S. F. STOCK AND EXCHANGE BOARD.

WM. BURLING, . . . President.
G. W. SMILEY, . Vice-President.
B. H. COIT, . . . Chairman.
H. SCHMIEDELL, . Treasurer.
F. LAWTON, ... Secretary.

Budd, W. C....440 California st.
Burling & Bro., 323 Califor'a st.
Higgins, W. L....411 Cal'a st.
Jones, J. H....609 California st.
Keene, J. R....435 Californa st.
Marina, E. J. De S., with I. Glazier & Co......426 Montg'y st.
Noble, H. H..435 California st.
Peckham, E. P....413 Cal'a st.
Schmiedell, H....407 Cal'a st.
Smiley, G. W. . 411 Cal'a st.

W. E. LOOMIS,

Receives subscriptions to all Papers and Periodicals at his Stationery Depot, southeast corner of Sansome and Washington streets, San Francisco. April 6

GEO. W. SHOURDS,

Engraver on Wood, has removed to the corner of Montgomery and Sacramento, Room No. 7. May 20.

ART DOTTINGS.

In Marple's Gallery, over Tucker's building, there are some admirable works not noted before by us, first of which we must place "The Gypsies," by Van der Venne, a master indeed. The gypsies have just camped, and the woman—pipe in mouth—is plucking a goose that they have "corralled" *en route*, whilst the hungry youngsters are watching the process, anticipating a rich treat. Note the wonderful clouds, general effect and handling of this picture. It is one that would "tell out" in any gallery in the world.——One of Broome's fruit pieces, grapes that are grapes, and pears and apples that are themselves, is very fine, and two views in Holland by Kuwassig, are worthy of all praise. Marple himself has just completed a very charming grey picture of Cascade Lake.——The Art Association exhibition will be kept open day and evening throughout the holidays. The membership roll of the society is increasing daily.——M. Gustave Mahe has presented the charming little studies by Tojetti, of cupids in all conceivable attitudes on land, cloud and water, to the Art Association.——Unintentional injustice was done to our worthy ex-Mayor, last week, in coupling his name specially with the surgical transactions recently considered necessary by the general voice of the Art Association.——"Hands off" is a very appropriate motto for one corner of the Art Gallery, where are the models from life, but is hardly to the Venus of Milo: her arms, and not merely her hands, have been off for centuries.

A SPLENDID CASTING.

We paid a visit last evening to the Vulcan Iron Works of Messrs. Savage & Co., on First street, to witness the casting of one of the enormous pillars for the new City Hall. At a quarter to five the great kettles were filled with the molten fluid and the moulds received their contents. The sight was a magnificent one, the shower of sparks and steady stream of fire far surpassing any pyrotechnic display we had ever witnessed. After the casting was over, we were shown around the extensive works, and saw everywhere the marks of progress and success. In the lathe was the counterpart of the pillar whose casting we had just seen. It measured twenty-two feet six inches long, and weighed four tons and a half. One of the most remarkable things in the factory was a lot of cast-iron coffins, which coffins Mr. Savage told us were sent all over the world, orders coming in more thickly than they could attend to. Railings of graceful patterns, grates, window weights, stove tops, etc., were everywhere to be seen in countless numbers. The prettiest piece of work, however, was the mould of a life-sized lion's head, destined to take its place over the entrance to the vault of a San Francisco bank. The mould was a piece of thoroughly artistic work, and we only wish we had more space and time to dilate upon the many interesting sights to be seen in the works of these estimable votaries of Vulcan, Messrs. Savage & Co.

The Italian frigate Garibaldi came into harbor on Wednesday, and on Thursday the officers made the parade of the town. Although the weather was not [illegible] Italian, still the handsome, though lean and sun-dried men, seemed glad [illegible] to get on shore. It was noticed by a curious observer, that one place in particular struck their fancy, and this was *not* Chinatown, as might be imagined, but the Photographic and Art Gallery of C. E. Watkins, 20 and 25 Montgomery street. So struck were they with the beauty and charms of his photographs that they went *en masse* to have their portraits taken, and had it not been that the weather had not permitted it, they—the portraits—would be on exhibition now. The officers also went into raptures of admiration over the magnificent views of California scenery, for which Mr. Watkins has a world-wide celebrity. Each bought a host of copies, and so great was the bulk of pictures purchased, that a hack had to be specially chartered for their conveyance. The young Duke of Genoa was particularly loud in his praises of Mr. C. E. Watkins' photographs.

The Drapers' Trade Journal, in a recent issue, affords us a curious peep into a French wardrobe of fashion. It says that a first-class *couturière* will employ more than 170 young men—as many as twenty being in the show-rooms. In the trying-on department, the dressmakers pin and unpin in search of inspiration, for the "latest Paris fashions" germinate in the brains of the patient women there. We have recently taken a peep into the workshop of fashion on Bush street presided over by N. P. Cole. But his is the workshop of fashion in furniture, and rich are the stores there displayed. Lounges full of soft ease and grace, chairs of every fashion and make, settees of beautiful proportions and design, whatnots that are miracles of delicate work and pretty plan, such bedsteads as princes might feel proud to sleep under; everything, in fact, to make a home beautiful and complete is found at N. P. Cole's. His store should rightly be called the furniture emporium of the city, and as such it stands unrivalled.

The daughter of Secretary Fish has "come out" this season, and made quite a sensation. At a recent *soirée musicale* at which she was present, she astonished the guests by playing in a style that was said to be brilliant in the extreme. Congratulations poured in, and Mrs. Fish was asked to what she attributed her daughter's success as a pianiste. In reply, Mrs. Fish said that although she gave due credit to the unceasing efforts of a first-rate master, and a natural aptitude on the part of her daughter, she could not help feeling convinced that a great deal of her brilliancy and fine execution was due to the piano on which she had always played. That piano was a Weber, and we consider Mrs. Fish perfectly right, for no one can help playing well on such glorious instruments as those of the Weber manufacture. Sherman & Hyde are the agents here.

The following advertisement appears in a newspaper of recent date: "THE TIMES.—A country priest will say mass once a week for the benefit of any one who will regularly send him the *Times* newspaper, second-hand, on the day of publication." That priest is a genius, and as such he deserves a great reward. The greatest reward we can think of, would be to allow him to visit the magnificent store of Messrs. O. Lawton & Co., on Market street, Grand Hotel Block, and choose whatever he would from their almost bewildering stock of things beautiful and useful. Unless you visit them and inspect their ormolus, bronzes, vases, and wonderful variety of clocks, you can form no idea of the artistic and aesthetic treasure San Francisco has. This is the place of all others to choose your holiday present from.

There is in every house something or somebody called "the cat," that constantly plays the very deuce with the crockery and glassware. When things are broken of course they have to be replaced, and when you want to replace them by all means take the cars and ride to 131 Kearny street, where is situated the store of Messrs. P. Douglas & Co., dealers in crockery, glassware, silver-plated ware, cutlery, etc. We have looked over the stock of these gentlemen, admired their [illegible] dinner, desert, and breakfast sets, longed for the possession of the handsome salvers, and determined to recommend everybody to go there, which we now do.

People may talk about beauty unadorned, and all that sort of primitive and exploded nonsense, but after all it has to be confessed that a little adornment is not out of the way. What, for instance, looks better than a handsome bracelet on a pretty arm, or a good ring on a well shaped finger, or a rich necklace around a round, white neck, or a pair of delicate ear-rings in a pair of shell-like ears! All these lovely trinkets, and a score of others in every possible variety and design, you will find at the house of Messrs. Anderson & Randolph, 112 Montgomery street.

Christmas has nearly come, and home circles are getting completed. The time when friends gather round the fire and watch the faces in the burning coals is here. Stoves have been fixed, the most which have come from Messrs. George H. Tay & Co., Nos. 614, 616 and 618 Battery street, between Jackson and Pacific. Not only do they keep a splendid stock of all kinds of stoves and ranges, particularly the celebrated wrought iron Monitor Stoves, of which they are the manufacturers, but they are importers of tin-plate, sheet-iron, copper, zinc, wire, tin, pumps, hose, iron, and lead pipe, etc., etc.

If you want a nice-fitting, ready made suit of clothes, Purdy & Litchfield, corner of Washington and Sansome, can give it you, and give it you cheaply.

FIRST BOOK OF CHRONICLES.

CHAP. II.

1. **In those days** arose one who was mighty among the people; he had also flocks and herds and very much cattle, jewels of silver and jewels of gold, and raiment.
2. And the people feared him, for his power was great. Wherefore, his name was called Leland.
3. Then Loring took up the parable, and said:
4. "Woe unto thee, Charley, hypocrite, for thou has taken of the gold of the stranger, and thy hands are defiled!"
5. For Loring spoke after this wise. He said:
6. "On a certain day came Leland unto Charley; and he opened his mouth and taught him, saying:
7. 'Surely, there is a vein for the silver, and a place for the gold where they find it,' and Charley answered and said, 'You bet.'
8. And he said, 'Be content, take two talents.' And he urged him.
9. And he bound the two talents in two bags, and laid them on two of his servants, and they bare them before him."
10. And this tale of Loring's is currently reported among the people of Frisco unto this day.
11. Howbeit Charley will not admit it; but gainsays Loring to his teeth, saying, "How can these things be, seeing I know not the man?
12. Give ear and hearken to my voice, all ye people of Frisco!
13. Loring is like the deaf adder; and still will he add deafer, for his heart is hardened within him.
14. Know ye not that Leland gave him many gifts? How then hath he conceived this thing in his heart? Judge ye, therefore, between me and him, all ye people of Frisco."
15. Then the people answered and said:
16. "Now shall our indignation vex thee, Charley and Loring, as a thing that is raw.
17. Know we not that ye both are false, and would deceive us? Thus saith the people of Frisco, 'Dry up, once for all.'"

We have before us a catalogue of Messrs. Houseworth & Co.'s photographs of Yosemite and Big Trees, for the superior quality of which photographs they gained the highest prize at the Paris Exposition of 1867. Their more recent views, of which the catalogue referred to is a part, have been pronounced by the most competent judges of this coast as the crowning triumphs of the art. Besides these, they are now prepared to furnish magic lantern and stereopticon views of California scenery, their stock comprising over three thousand magnificent negatives of all the grand scenery for which the coast is celebrated. These latter views are particularly adapted to Xmas and holiday exhibition. Apply to Thomas Houseworth & Co., 9 and 12 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

We wish to call the attention of our readers to the unpretending advertisement of Messrs. Nye & Acheson, occupying a position in the centre of the 5th and 8th pages. Although the advertisement is small and unpretending, it is that of a firm who are doing the largest business in the city in the way of importing gas fixtures, gasaliers, lamps, burners, etc. Their stock is an exceedingly varied one, their prices moderate, and their mode of doing business unexceptionable. We take great pleasure in recommending to our readers, Messrs. Nye & Acheson, 315 and 317 Pine street.

Do you want to make your Xmas a happy one? Do you want to see bright faces around you? Do you want to have a peaceful and contented home? Of course you do, we know you do. And this is the way to insure that happiness, and brightness, and peace, and content. Go to Messrs. Locan & Co., 19 Montgomery street—under the Lick House—the emporium of fancy articles, wool and worsted work, and all the little nick-nacks that make a room bright and home-like. Choose, hence, a Xmas present for your little ones and wife and friends, and our word for it, there will be nothing but cheerful faces around you.

Prof. Browne will at once proceed to London, with better prospects, brighter ones, than ever. We need not say how heartily we wish him success. No one is more entitled to any good fortune which may befall him.

The Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D.D., LL.D., will occupy the pulpit of St. John's Presbyterian Church, on Post street, both morning and evening, at the usual hours of Sunday service, 11 A. M., and 7½ P. M. The public cordially invited to attend. Strangers particularly welcome.

We are in receipt of a package of visiting cards, written by Thos. H. Norwell, of the Merchants' Exchange. They are really artistic, and we would remind our readers that they are very acceptable for the holidays.—[ED.

Birth.—In this city, December 19th, to the wife of Robert Fyfe, a daughter. We pray our friend will ever blow a harmonious tune.

TO CONNOISSEURS.
THE CELEBRATED BRAND OF
CHAMPAGNE CARTE D'OR.

For the purity of its quality and the richness of its flavor it is considered by judges to be the best Wine in the country. For sale in quantities to suit. LOCKE & MONTAGUE, Sole Agents for Pacific Coast,
Dec. 20. 112 and 114 Battery street, San Francisco.

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION.

There will be a Special Meeting of the members of the Mercantile Library Association, at the [illegible] on SATURDAY, Dec. [illegible], 1873, at [illegible] P. M., for the purpose of appointing a committee to nominate officers for the ensuing year. By order of the Board of Trustees. [Dec. 20] [illegible], Rec. Sec'y.

THE CALIFORNIA BUTTER COMPANY,
OFFICE AND MANUFACTORY:
Nos. 405 and 407 Sansome st., San Francisco.

The Trade supplied with first-class fresh Butter, warranted to keep pure and sweet any length of time, in all climates. Dec. 20.

A. NAHL,

Having established a Studio at No. 121 Montgomery street, is now prepared to do any kind of Artistic Work, from a small Miniature on Porcelain to a Life-size Portrait in Crayon or Pastel. Copying from small, faded Pictures, a specialty. Also, designing of every description. Instructions given in every branch of Art. Dec. 2.

GEO. O. DAVIS. JOHN O. AYRES, GEO. W. COPE.
Member S. F. Stock and Exchange Board.
AYRES, COPE & CO.,

Stock and Exchange Brokers, 303 California street, San Francisco. Stocks of every description bought and sold, exclusively on commission. [Dec. 20.

GAS FIXTURES! GAS STOVES!

In great variety, for sale by Thos. Day, 335 Pine street, near Montgomery, and 732 Montgomery street, near Jackson. Don't fail to call before purchasing elsewhere. Dec. 20.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

Special Notice.—The Steamship Arizona, for Panama, Dec. 20th, will call at MAGDALENA BAY and PUNTA ARENAS. Dec. 20.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

Special Notice.—No Steamer will be dispatched by this Company for JAPAN and CHINA, until JANUARY 1, 1874, at which date the Steamer ALASKA will sail for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG. Dec. 20.

A COLUMN FOR THE CURIOUS.

IN LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ART.

The Healing Properties of Cabbage Leaves.—The therapeutical value of cabbage leaves, which has long been recognized in household medicine, is discussed at considerable length by Dr Blanc in the *Revue de la Thérapeutique*, and the conclusions to which he comes, concisely stated, are as follows The cabbage leaf excites and augments suppuration of the secretion of ulcers, ulcerations, vesicles, and pustules It has the same action on the integuments affected by an erysipelatous or furunculous inflammation. This property does not consist in any principle which the leaf yields for absorption, but rather in an affinity which the leaf has for the vitiated secretions. The leaf exercises this affinity on open ulcers, or on ulcers covered by a thick or thin scab or crust, it exercises it on the thickened epidermis or where it is converted into thickened rind like membranes, in simple or confluent variola, throughout mortified tissues, through the integuments, whether inflamed or non-inflamed, but removes tumors capable of absorption. When the tegumentary affection is wide-spread or general, the action of the leaves on the parts where they are applied benefits the whole disease The matter in the parts not covered by leaves is absorbed, and at once directed under the leaves, to be immediately excreted at that part Treatment, by the leaves, of a suppurative affection prevents re-absorption and consequent pyæmia. The cure obtained by this means is more complete and certain than by any other, because it is brought about only when the cause and products of disease are eliminated from the system The cure of an ulcer by the leaves, however wide-spread and long-standing it may be, is without danger, and relapse is very rare The cicatrices obtained by the leaves are remarkable for their small degree of deformity Small-pox, measles, and scarlatina, treated by applications of the leaves, have few or no sequelæ, *e.g.*, phthisis is not to be feared.

The idea of spiders traveling in a balloon is novel, yet the fact is well attested. Some men were recently crossing Seneca lake in a boat, when their attention was attracted by a small wake in the water, and on approaching they saw some spiders walking upon its surface Each was attached by a single thread to a web of considerable size, which was floating in the air some thirty feet above the water. At the first signal of danger the spiders began to ascend, one staying upon the surface until the rest had risen some distance, when he, too, let go his hold, and rapidly wound up his slender coil. At the same time the balloon rose rapidly, and the last spider was only reached with an oar by a man standing up in the boat. The others reached the trail balloon in safety and soon floated out of sight. It is reasonable to suppose that, when out of danger, one spider let himself down until he obtained a footing, and thus held the balloon at a proper distance while his comrades descended All this exhibits high intelligence, or something closely resembling it, for which we have no name We lose ourselves in conjecture as to whether this was a party traveling for pleasure, a party emigrating across the lake, or a party out fishing for the flies and mosquitoes which are always seen in swarms from fifteen to twenty feet above the water As the fact was well authenticated, we offer it to Mr Darwin for a note for the second edition of his last work.

Maori Eccentricity.—In a paragraph referring to the Maories in a settlement at Arahura, Westland, the *Church News* says "They of late completed a handsome room for the purpose of holding discussions and for general social purposes. It is very tastefully painted in old Maori style inside, and nicely carpeted with matting It possesses also an adjunct of Maori oratory, which is highly amusing to an English spectator—a carved figure of an old Maori warrior, club in hand, and tatooed with paint, with hideous eyes and teeth of white shell, and a flowing wig of horsehair, and is fixed on a revolving iron frame in the centre of the room. As each speaker rises from his squatting position on the floor to address his audience, the figure is carefully turned towards him, as though it were the chief listener and the special object of the speech It is hard to say what the exact idea of this process may be—possibly it is to give the speaker something to fix his eye on, as a listener who certainly will present at least the attitude of earnest attention, or it may be that the figure of the old warrior is intended to remind the speakers of a modern generation that their ancestors expect them to mind what they are about, and have their eyes upon them. At any rate their seems to be little or no superstition connected with the procedure, as the natives do not hesitate to joke about the matter"

A very curious and barbarous custom has, we hear, been revived in the native part of Shanghai city In the event of any public calamity, a man will come forward, and offer himself to the authorities as a sort of scapegoat or sacrifice for the rest of the people, that is, he will solemnly pray to the gods for their intervention in the matter which causes the distress, pledging his oath that if his petition is not granted within a specified time he will suffer himself to be burned alive. Now such is the anxiety prevailing among the natives on account of the prolonged drought, that not one only, but several persons have presented a petition to the Che-hien that they may be allowed to undergo this fearful ordeal; expressing a willingness, individually, to offer themselves as a sacrifice to Heaven if the prayers they propose to put up for rain are not answered within the space of three days The Che-hien however has rejected all the applications, and although we hear that one has been accepted and carried out in the instance of one man, a priest, we believe and trust there is no foundation to the rumor.

A writer in a scientific paper says: "By the way, speaking of waterproofs, I think I can give travelers a valuable hint or two. For many years I have worn india-rubber waterproofs, but I will buy no more, for I have learned that good Scottish tweed can be made entirely impervious to rain, and, moreover, I have learned to make it so, and, for the benefit of your readers, I will give the recipe. In a bucket of soft water, put half a pound of sugar of lead, and half a pound of powdered alum, stir this at intervals, until it becomes clear, then pour it off into another bucket, and put the garment therein, and let it be in for twenty-four hours, and then hang it up to dry without wringing it. Two of my party a lady and gentleman have worn the garments thus treated in the wildest storms of wind and rain, without getting wet The rain hangs upon the cloth in globules In short, they were really waterproof The gentleman, a fortnight ago, walked nine miles in a storm of rain and wind such as you rarely see in the south, and, when he slipped off his overcoat, his underware was as dry as when he put it on

Apropos of the awful story of the sudden death of the spiritualist while maintaining the power of thrusting the hand into the side of Divine Love, comes another story almost as remarkable "E. H. —, aged about seventy-five years, is now living in a village near Glastonbury, England Before he was born his father made a vow that if his wife should bring him a girl, she having had three in succession, he would never speak to the child as long as he lived The child turned out to be a boy And now what is most strange and remarkable occurred This boy would never speak to his father Moreover, during his father's lifetime, he would never speak to any one but his mother and three sisters As soon as his father died, he being then thirty five years old, his tongue was unloosed to every one, and he has remained an ordinary loquacious individual ever since.

Moral Medicine.—Parents and preceptors who find much difficulty in dealing with the passions and moral emotions of their charges, will learn with satisfaction from the homœopathic *Medical Investigator*, "that the mariner steers not his ship more unerringly and with more confidence through the trackless waste of water, guided alone by his compass, than does the homœopathic practitioner upon aconite, opium, and pulsatilla, for the effects of fright; coffee for excessive joy; colocynth for indignation, hyoscyamus for disappointed love; ignatia for grief; or nux or chamomilla for the effects of a fit of passion." Armed with a medicine for each passion and injurious emotion, we may advance with confidence in the perfectibility of the human character

As an illustration of animal instinct, a correspondent notes that on one occasion, while he was waiting at an inn door, he noticed some pigeons feeding on the oats which had fallen from the nose-bag of a horse in the yard, when, however, the supply was exhausted, a large "pouter" would fly up and flap his wings in the horse's face, thus causing him to upset his food by a shake of the head, when the supply was again exhausted the stratagem was repeated

Placard Exchange

AND

BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Managing Committee of the above institution have the pleasure of giving notice, that after some necessary delay, the Directors are now fully prepared to receive orders for the purchase and sale of lands of the State or elsewhere, such as ranches, private land claims, or public lands of the United States—they having secured the services of **Col. Leander Ransom**, the well-known Land Agent, who *for ten years was the State Agent for the disposition of the School Lands*. The department is now fully supplied with maps and charts, and every necessary means of information relating to operations in land Owners of ranches and real estate properties generally, desirous of disposing of the same, will find the Placard Exchange, with its facilities, an excellent medium for bringing their estates under the notice and attention of capitalists Those, also, who desire to make purchases, **of any of the Public Domain in the State of California**, either in large or small tracts, will be sure to be accommodated. Maps and charts furnished, and all needful information imparted when required. Large landholders desiring to sell, can have their tracts subdivided into farms, or smaller subdivisions, with maps and accurately calculated quantities of each. Also, all kinds of printing executed with punctuality and dispatch. *Charges moderate*

Offices open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Placard Exchange, 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

They have for Sale the Following Tracts or Parcels of Land, to wit:

40 Acres near Oak Grove, 1½ miles from the Railroad, between Mayfield and Mountain View

100 Acres ½ mile south of Mayfield, lying on both sides of the San Jose Railroad. Very desirable for country residence. To be sold in tracts to suit. Contains Live Oak Trees.

320 Acres on the road from Saratoga to Pescadero, four miles from the former place

500 Acres, three miles from the City of San Bernardino. A living stream of water passes across it.

600 Acres near the line of the proposed Railroad from Los Angeles to San Bernardino—about midway

8,000 Acres near Anaheim, Los Angeles County, in tracts to suit purchasers. Several living Springs on it.

Also, Tracts from 20, 100, 320 and 640 acres, to suit purchasers, lying in Los Angeles, San Bernardino and San Diego Counties, on which are Springs of good water.

1,600 Acres choice Lands in Fresno County, near King's River. This is believed to be a very desirable tract, and will be sold at a bargain.

NOTE.—Sellers as well as purchasers can be accommodated at the "Bureau," where maps, and descriptions of lands for sale, can at all times be seen. Nov. 1.

A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

Have removed to the Southeast corner of California and Battery streets, where they invite the attention of their customers and others to their large assortment of the Best and Finest Brands of CHEWING and SMOKING TOBACCO, HAVANA CIGARS and CIGARITOS. Consignments of Choicest Brands of Cigars received by every Steamer. [Oct 18.] A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

JOHN D YOST, San Francisco] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento

H. S. CROCKER & CO,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers, Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco. Pacific Coast Agency Depot, FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society [Oct. 25.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street

THE CALIFORNIA OLEOMARGARINE COMPANY.

Manufacturing Co.'s Offices—405 and 107 Sansome st., San Francisco Oct 11.

RICHARD PATRICK & CO,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, No. 2 Battery street, San Francisco Nov 1

COKE—CHEAPEST FUEL

Sixty Cents per Barrel; Nine Dollars per Ton. At Gas Works, cor. Howard and Fremont Corner Second and King, Potrero Nov 1.

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517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind

Feb. 16. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

C L. CRACKBON] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to H. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

SITUATION WANTED

A young man, who speaks fluently the English, French and German languages, and has finished his classical education in a German university, is desirous of obtaining a situation as Private Tutor in a family. The highest testimonials will be given. Address "W." NEWS LETTER office; or, California Placard Exchange, 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct. 25

R. S. CLYDE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law—Entrance to Office, 622 Clay st., and 615 Merchant street, bet Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco [Oct 4

SULLIVAN, KELLY & CO.,

Importers and dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass, Etc., 101, 103 and 105 Front street, corner Pine, San Francisco Sole Agents for Chances, 21 and 23 Crystal street. Nov. 22.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W I.—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No. 3.
BADEN-BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande.
WEISBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel.
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix Hotel Beau Rivage
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains.
BORDEAUX.—Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES.—Grand Hotel de Marseille
LYONS.—Hotel de l Europe.
NICE. Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS. Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE.—Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN. Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York
VENICE.—Danielli's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel
ROME Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES.—Washington Hotel
PALERMO.—Hotel Central
CORDOVA. Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURGH.—Hotel Demuth.
MOSCOW. Sclavonic Bazaar, St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre
LONDON.—Bridge House Hotel, London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street
NOTTINGHAM.—Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM.—The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel
ST LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH. Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW. Beaufort Arms Hotel (Tintern Abbey 5 miles.)
DUBLIN The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel
EDINBURGH.—Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW.—Queen's Hotel.
CORK Imperial Hotel
KILLARNEY. Royal Victoria Hotel
MONTREAL Ottawa Hotel. S. C Brown manager
OTTAWA Russell House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street Rossin House, E. P Shear, Proprietor
QUEBEC.—Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX.—White Swan Hotel
WASHINGTON D C Arlington House, Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House
NEW YORK Prescott House, Broadway D. Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide.
GUADALAJARA Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Fillberto
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE.—Banos de Colma, Hotel Santiago
RIO DE JAN Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY.—Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE.—Albion Hotel
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.—Port Elizabeth, Phœnix Hotel
TAHITI Pap. Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN.—Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel
HONOLULU.—Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

Through the harsh noises of our day
A low, sweet prelude finds its way;
Through clouds of doubt and creeds of fear,
A light is breaking calm and clear
That song of love, now low and far,
Ere long shall swell from star to star!
That light, the breaking day, which tips
The golden-spired apocalypse!

Just as the Mohicans dwindled away and died out so have the Modoc Indians The remnant of the fighting tribe is on the way Eastward to Wyoming, which movement is a practical extermination of the tribe. How glad we should be that we retain some interesting mementoes, and above all photographs of the chiefs of the lost tribe. Messrs. Houseworth & Co, noted all over the world for their series of photographs of celebrities, have amongst other gems of art, photographs of these notables But we, who wish for the pictured image of those near and dear to us—ourselves included—go to the Photographic Parlors of Messrs Houseworth & Co., because each portrait taken is a thing of beauty as well as a true likeness.

A simple epitaph:
Sally Thomas is here and that's enough,
The candle is out, also the snuff,
Her soul's with God, you need not fear,
And what remains is interred here.

Once again, we hear of a successful carrying out of the operation of transfusion of blood A physician of Naples has transfused blood from the carotid artery of a lamb into the veins of a lady exhausted by hemorrhage The operation was a complete success. In fact she has recovered strength sufficiently to have set out on the long journey from sunny Naples to foggy San Francisco. In coming here—we learn from a private letter from her husband, who is an old friend of ours—she has but one object in view, and that is to have her portrait taken at the *Elite* studio of Messrs Bradley & Rulofson Another proof of the world-wide fame of the beauty of their photographs. And the convalescent will not be obliged to trudge up long flights of stairs, for is there not the elevator?

"Attend your church," the parson cries.
To church each fair one goes;
The old go there to close their eyes,
The young to eye their clothes.

Strange as it may seem, it is nevertheless a fact that a society is being formed in London for the protection of the public against the police! It sounds odd enough, but it seems that the society is really needed, owing to the amount of rough military element introduced into the force. There is an odd society being formed in San Francisco, by the way nothing more or less in fact than a society to Resist the Fascination of the Hallet, Davis & Co.'s pianos. No one can hear their wonderful tone, or touch their easy movement, without becoming instantly filled with a desire for possession, and no wonder The husbands and fathers say they can't stand it, hence the society. W. G. Badger is the Agent for the pianos here.

In work or pleasure, love or drink, Your drink not madd'ning, but to cheer,
You must be still the same, So shall your bliss not pall,
Your work, not toil, your pleasures pure; For little fools enjoy too much;
Your love a steady flame; But great ones not at all.

A rather severe sentence has been passed upon a bookseller of Nuremberg. He has been condemned to prison for three months and a half for designating at a public meeting the Emperor and his Chancellor as "Herr Wilhelm Hohenzollern and his dragoon Bismarck" Thank heavens, this is a land of liberty, where we may call each other what we please and fear no imprisonment. Thank heavens, too, this is a city in which one may get a drink of Cutter's whiskey whenever you feel so inclined. Every one drinks Cutter's, never thinks of asking for anything else, and consequently it is sold *everywhere*, from North Beach to South Park, and from the foot of Market street to Lone Mountain.

Accuracy is desirable. But the Indiana editor who quoted a familiar camp-meeting hymn as follows.
"Ten thousand thousand (10,000,000) are their tongues,
But all their joys are one (1),"
carried his love of accuracy to excess

Sergeant Bates, the Republican pedestrian, is going to repeat on the Continent his mad freak or famous experiment, or whatever you like to call it, of planting the Stars and Stripes wherever he goes We can guarantee him a secure lodging in more than one European prison if he does, and we can guarantee that the saddles and sets of harness of Messrs. Main & Winchester, of Battery street, are unsurpassed in America No one can fail to notice the combined lightness and strength displayed in the harness of our teams, and it must be known that Messrs Main & Winchester turn out the best of all you see.

There was a man in Connecticut who fell from the roof of a five-story building to the sidewalk, but as he struck on the thick sole of his rubber boots, he bounded back within a quarter of an inch of the roof, and so continued to bounce, the distance decreasing by only a quarter of an inch at each journey. He subsisted on hash enclosed in rubber balls, which he managed to catch on the bound, and at the end of a month was stopped and restored to his family

A real literary curiosity has just been sold at Paris in the shape of a receipt for thirty sous, given to the steward of Louis XI. by his tailor, for having put two new sleeves to an old leather pourpoint of his Majesty. Clothes in those days used to last because they were made carefully and of good material, and these same remarks will apply to the school furniture of Gilbert & Moore. The particular excellencies are taste in design, care in construction, the superior quality of wood used, a due regard to comfort, and thorough honesty in fulfilling all contracts.

A city youth disposed to be facetious at the expense of a countryman, asked him why sheep stayed white when they eat so much green grass. The countryman said he did not know, and asked the city-bred which was the best side to milk a cow. The city-bred, in return, said he did not know, and asked the countryman which was the best side. He got for a reply, "outside," and did not ask any more questions.

One of the wonders of the world is to be the giant suspension bridge between New York and Brooklyn, which, when completed, will have a river-span of 1,595 feet. This and the Hoosac Tunnel will give Americans a real opportunity to blow, an opportunity of which they will not be slow to avail themselves But what we Californians are so particularly and justly proud of are the Native Wines and Champagnes of Messrs Eberhard & Lachman For purity, quality, and flavor these wines have obtained such a reputation as even the Widow Clicquot might envy.

Plain Explanations of Obscure Proverbs.—"The more the merrier" Multitudinous assemblages are the most provocative of cachinnatory hilarity "Birds of a feather flock together." Habitants of aether, similarly plumed, gregariously assemble "Out of the frying-pan into the fire." Emergence from the culinary utensil into the devouring element. "Too many cooks spoil the broth," A superfluity of artists deteriorates the mock turtle.

THE MODERN MAIDEN.

I fear thee, modern maiden, Yet surely there is something,
With thy lean and lengthy shape, A—so to speak—*per se*,
For I know thy slim proportions But what that something is, remains
Are of wire and of tape, A mystery to me.

If it is true, as it seems to be, that the bear-boy's deformity is artificial, then no punishment can be too great for the perpetrators Such barbarity would shock even a Fiji But let us quit so painful a subject, and allow us to call your attention to the magnificent stock of crockery, glassware, platedware, table-cutlery, French China, fancy goods, etc., exhibited by Messrs. Haviland & Co., 335 Pine street, below Montgomery. We can recommend their goods as of the first quality, the desire to please is particularly marked on the part of the whole establishment, and the perfect satisfaction of yourself with what you buy there.

From a very ancient tombstone in Scotland:
John Carnagie lies here;
Descended from Adam and Eve;
If any can boast of a pedigree higher,
He will willingly give them leave.

Sir John Bennett, an English musical enthusiast, has offered a premium of a hundred guineas for the best English national song and chorus, a musical jury to be appointed to decide upon the merits of the compositions offered Upon such an occasion as that, the verdict of a special jury would be required, but in other cases the verdict of the people is all that is needed The verdict of the people is that no light wine in the world is equal to our Gerke Wine, a wine that is getting as well known East as it is here We look forward confidently to a vast European reputation for the Prince of Light Wines—Gerke.

Of all the blessings enjoyed by human beings, there is nothing better or more desirable than a cheerful, happy home. It is, therefore, the first duty of all to endeavor to promote the most amicable relations in the home circle As easy a way to do this as we know of is to provide yourselves with a good stock of Napa Soda, for that gives a tone to the constitution, removes every disagreeable of mind or body, and insures the blessing of good health. Under these conditions a home cannot but be happy. The depot of the soda is at 18½ Geary street, but it is sold everywhere.

During Mrs Livermore's lecture at Springfield, the other night, she spoke with considerable severity of tight-lacing, and, when she had closed her remarks relating to corsets, according to a local report, "a young lady in the gallery, with great difficulty and much perseverance, burst her corset strings, and drawing them forth, knotted them together, and tossing them to some young gentlemen near by, remarked, 'Here, boys, you can have this to play cat-cradle with.'"

A vigorous attempt is being made to introduce Canadian oysters into the English market. Ten barrels, each containing a thousand oysters, were sent over last week, but all efforts to sell them privately to dealers were unavailing They were at length sold by auction at $2 25 per thousand People will say, "What a sacrifice!" Well, well perhaps it is, but there must be something in *vox populi*, and *vox populi* says that oysters that are oysters are those sold by Emerson Corville, at the Saddle Rock Saloon, Pine street The oysters sold there are delicious, and Corville's manner of cooking them is something to be admired.

A young New Yorker, spending a month with his uncle in New Jersey, wrote thus to his mother "The peach trees here are too slippery for me to climb; uncle won't let me sail boats in the milk-pails; there's no bird's nests that I can see; Sallie Law spilt molasses on my best pants; a smaller boy than I am, who plays with me, wears a gold chain, and I want to go home."

"Le p'tit chapeau" of the Great Napoleon was almost as celebrated as his valor, and it is astonishing how much attention one pays to the covering of a man's upper story. In consideration of this, how very careful we should be to get a good, respectable-looking hat Filled with this idea, please go instantly to Messrs Nickerson & Son, *the* Hatters of Kearny street (No. 35), examine their stock, and choose a hat that pleases you, which you can never fail to do if you go there.

Advertisement from a London paper: "A nobleman and his wife, keeping a most comfortable establishment near town, would receive two American or English ladies or gentlemen to introduce into the best society. High references asked Terms according to requirements. Private sitting-room, carriages, etc. Address Lady ——."

Professor Agassiz is dead, and America, in losing him, has lost one of the lights of the world A sage in wisdom and a child in worldly simplicity, he filled a niche high, indeed, in the monument, whose summit is perfect on There is only one thing that consoles us in our grief, and that is that on Wednesday last we purchased a the La Montanya Union Range, and this purchase has brought such comfort and peace to the household that not even the death of Agassiz can disturb us.

Simple Conundrum.—A professor of one of the Philadelphia medical colleges habitually puts this simple conundrum to a class whenever he can find a class to put it to "If monobromanthraquinone is obtained by oxidation of trybomanthracene what would result from the union of bibthaniline with dilute dichlor, or dibromthracene disulphuric acid?"

If a hall can be found large enough, it is proposed to call a Convention of the authors of *Beautiful Snow* There is supposed to be about ten thousand of him or her. But no hall in the world could be found large enough to contain the thousands of admirers of the hospitality of the Mangeants at the "Villa," in the Golden Gate Park. Go swell the number my friend, and be happy!

Horne Took, being asked by George III whether he played cards, replied, "I cannot, your Majesty, tell a king from a knave."

There is only one thing that draws people out on the San Bruno Road now, and it is strange that they only go as far as the Six Mile House. But why? you ask. Simply to see Harry Blanken, the prince of good fellows.

O. I. C. U., and we might add, clearly and distinctly, is the watchword of those who have purchased a pair of Muller's magnificent pebble spectacles.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid Hot and cold baths, a first class table and bar, and free billiards.

April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

C. MAIN. MAIN & WINCHESTER. E. H WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc, Nos 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

L. H NEWTON] NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., [MORRIS NEWTON

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

COURT CHAT.

The portrait of Queen Victoria was presented to his Majesty the King of Burmah on the 10th ult. The picture was escorted from the residency to the palace by a large number of the wives of the ministers and several officials, sent by his Majesty for the purpose, and it was conveyed in the gilded carriage of the chief Queen under the "white umbrella." The King in the first instance demurred to the present being publicly brought before him, as it was contrary to the etiquette of his court, and directed that it should be taken to the Queen's apartments; but when it was calmly but firmly represented that the instructions were to deliver the portrait to his Majesty, and that anything short of that would not suit, the King appeared with the usual formalities and duly acknowledged the gift.

The new King of Saxony has just received an unpleasant reminder from Berlin. In an order of the day which he addressed to the Saxon army he spoke of the late king as its chief. The Prussian Minister at Dresden at once received orders to demand explanations from the Saxon Government on the subject, the only chief of the Saxon army being the King of Prussia! The present King was speaking of his father, and it was certainly harsh, ill-judged, and devoid of all gentlemanly tone and tact, to challenge his utterances at such a moment, if even an error had been committed, and be for an instant forgot he was a vassal.

Mrs. Secretary Fish has already opened her house for the season, having had two Wednesday afternoon receptions. These were attended by many of the most distinguished people, few out of the charmed circle being aware of the receptions. The general house opening at the capitol will not be held before New Year's; meanwhile, everybody is busy making preparations for the season.

The King of Saxony is desirous that the coronation of himself and the Queen should take place in the presence of the Emperor of Germany. The occasion being the first succession to a German throne that has taken place since the Empire has been established, it is considered that a compliance with the wish expressed would be a most desirable thing, as making a valuable precedent.

The wife of Attorney-General Williams resumes her receptions at her residence in Washington this week. No wine will be served. She proposes to the other ladies of the cabinet that they dispense with the offering of refreshments at their afternoon receptions, which is, in reality, a needless ceremony, and that they appropriate a sum equal to the expense it would entail upon the poor of the city.

A son of the Lord-Lieutenant of Sussex, England, has turned lay preacher, and is just now giving a series of Sunday evening addresses to young men in various rural parishes of that county. The preacher is the Hon. T. Pelham, son of the Earl of Chichester. His mother was a daughter of the sixth Earl of Cardigan. As a matter of course, the services which he holds are largely attended.

It is expected in Court circles at Vienna that the Prince of Wales, who met with so exuberantly enthusiastic a reception in the Austrian capital last Spring, will be present at the Emperor Francis Joseph's *fête* on the 2d of December, held in commemoration of that Sovereign's accession to the throne just twenty-five years ago.

The Earl of Cork, at a recent Anchor dinner in the Colston Hall, said that he felt prouder of being the Lord-Lieutenant of a county which had put a check on the Conservative feeling of the country than of standing at the head of the magistracy of Somerset! A high compliment to the Somerset magistrates.

Baron and Baroness von Overbeck, *née* Dahlgren, are expected in Washington this week from Hong Kong, China, where the baron is Consul-General of Austria. They will be the guests of Mrs. Dahlgren, mother of the baroness, and will remain in Washington all Winter.

On Friday week, Miss Edith Fish formally made her *début* in society, at a ball given by her parents, Hon. and Mrs. Hamilton Fish, in Washington.

The death is announced of the Marquis Jules de Bostaing, one of the richest *propriétaires fonciers* in France.

Her Majesty the Queen has signified her intention of giving $1,000 in augmentation of the fund which is being raised for the furtherance of the Church of Scotland extension scheme in Aberdeen.

The Emperor William has appointed Prince George of Saxony commanding-general of the 12th (Saxon) Corps d'Armée in the German Army. The Prince provisionally commanded the same corps some time during the late war.

It is announced that the attack of illness from which Prince Leopold has been suffering is one of occasional hæmorrhage, to which his Royal Highness is liable.

The illuminations in St Petersburg, on the occasion of the marriage of Princess Marie and the Duke of Edinburgh, will, it is said, cost $500,000.

The great event at Cannes, France, is the marriage of H. R. H. the Count de Bardi with the Princess of the Two Sicilies, and the arrival of the ex-King of Naples for the ceremony.

Her Majesty the Queen has just made a highly interesting present to the colony of Queensland, in the shape of six splendid red deer, selected from the great herd in Windsor Park.

A villa is being prepared at the Promenade des Anglais, Nice, for the Empress of Russia on the occasion of the marriage of her daughter.

The Queen of England has been pleased to confer a baronetcy upon Mr Young, the Lord Advocate for Scotland.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Wednesday, November 12, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A.M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) Cal P.R.R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland) stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) to Stockton only, connecting at Lathrop with Express Train for Merced, Visalia, Delano, and Los Angeles.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND AND ALAMEDA FERRY.

From San Francisco to Oakland.—"Daily"—7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, and 11:00 A.M.; 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 8:10, 9:20 and 10:30 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—11.15 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:30 and 11:30 A.M., 12:30 and 1:30 P.M.

From San Francisco to Alameda.—"Daily"—7:00, 8:00, 9:00 and 11:00 A.M.; 12:00, 2:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00 and 10:30 P.M. "Sundays only"—11:00 A.M., and 1:30 P.M.

From San Francisco to Fruit Vale.—"Daily, except Sundays"—7:30, 9:00 and 10:00 A.M., 3:00 and 10:30 P.M.

From San Francisco to Brooklyn.—"Daily"—7:30, 8:30 and 9:30 A.M.; 12:00, 1:30, 4:00, 5:30, 6:30, 7:00, 8:10 and 9:20 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—11:15 A.M. and 11:15 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:30, 11:30 A.M., and 12:30 P.M.

From Brooklyn to San Francisco.—"Daily"—6:40, 7:10, 8:30, 9:40 and 10:10 A.M.; 12:40, 2:10, 4:10, 5:40, 6:40, 8:00 and 10:10 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—5:25 A.M. "Sundays only"—11.40 A.M., and 1:45 P.M.

From Alameda to San Francisco.—"Daily"—7:00, 8:20 and 9:20 A.M.; 1:30, 3:00, 5:00 and 7:00 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—5:25 A.M., and 1:30 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:00, 11:00 A.M., 12:00 and 1:00 P.M.

From Fruit Vale to San Francisco.—"Daily, except Sundays"—6:45, 8:00 and 11:05 A.M., 3:55 and 5:05 P.M.

From Oakland to San Francisco.—"Daily"—6:50, 7:20, 7:50, 8:20, 8:50, 9:20, 9:50, 10:55 and 11:55 A.M.; 1:20, 2:50, 3:20, 3:50, 4:20, 4:50, 5:20, 5:50, 6:20, 6:50, 8:00, 9:10 and 10:20 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—5:20 A.M., and 11:50 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:20 and 11:20 A.M.; 12:20, 1:20 and 1:50 P.M.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent. (11—5—300.)

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 30, 1873.

Trains South.	Through Train	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—			
San Francisco..........	8:40 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:40 p m
San Jose........Arrive	11.10 a m	6:40 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy..........Arrive	12:45 p m	....	....
Pajaro..........Arrive	2:05 p m	....	....
Castroville.....Arrive	2:35 p m	....	....
Salinas.........Arrive	2:55 p m	....	....
Soledad.........Arrive	4.10 p m	....	....
Hollister.......Arrive	2:20 p m	....	....
Tres Pinos......Arrive	3:05 p m	....	....

Trains North.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave—			
Tres Pinos			10:45 a m
Hollister			11:20 a m
Soledad			8:10 a m
Salinas			10:25 a m
Castroville			10:55 a m
Pajaro			11:20 p m
Gilroy			12:45 p m
San Jose	6.30 a m	7:0 a m	2:25 p m
San Francisco Arrive	9:[illegible] a m	10:10 a m	5:10 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:30 p m. †Sundays excepted.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 14, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8:30 and 11 A.M., 4 and 6 P.M., Saucelito at 7:30 and 9:30 A.M., 2:30 and 5 P.M. On Saturday, from Saucelito, at 7:30 and 11 A.M., 1, 5 and 7 P.M.—from San Francisco at 10 and 12 M., 2 and 6 P.M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6.30 A.M. SUNDAY TIME—Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P.M. Leave Saucelito, 11 A.M., 1, and 5 P.M.
April 12. H. A. COBB, President, 323 Montgomery street.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM.
March 25.] Agents, 413 Front street.

J. H. COLEMAN & CO.

Late of the Alta, General Collector.—Room 4, No. 420 Montgomery street. Refer to Messrs. Macondray & Co., Richards & Harrison; Cutting & Co.; Geo. C. Shreve & Co. Oct. 11.

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superseding the old fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength of the toughest and best hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons, leaded wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street rail road cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 20.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1873, the steamer PETALUMA, Wm. Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 A.M. Returning, leave San Francisco at 1:30 P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. W. H. TAYLOR, President.
Aug 24. C. C. S. N. Co.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin, in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS.
Feb. 26. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA —GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labeled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homœopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sundries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh. The Duke of Edinburgh Sauce.—The success of this sauce at the table for the appetite of sauce warming and stimulating qualities, as the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. Its aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Surgeons' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 3.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors.—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. A. Jennie, F. M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Pemerton, Main to 11th Anton Meyer. HARNEY & PLUMS, Agents. Office 424 Montgomery street, Montgomery block, next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 31.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 14, 1873, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa" (Captain J. T. McKenzie) (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:20 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 4:20 p.m. San Rafael, 7:15 a.m., 11.15 a.m., 2:30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAYS as follows: Leave San Francisco at 10:30 a.m., [illegible]. San Rafael [illegible].
Aug. 21. W. H. TAYLOR, President. C. C. S. N. Co.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

Police Court—City Hall Build'g.
Justices—501 Montgomery St.
County—City Hall
Probate—City Hall
Third District—Mechanics Institute Building
Fourth District—City Hall.
Twelfth District—City Hall.
Fifteenth District—713 Montgomery street
Nineteenth District—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal
District Attorney—City Hall.
City and Co. Att'y—City Hall.
Police Attorney—City Hall.
Grand Jury Rooms—City Hall.
Sheriff—City Hall
Public Administrator—628 Clay street
City Physician—County Hospital
Coroner—624 Clay street
Custom House—Battery street.
Collector of Internal Revenue—Old M. Exchange Building.
Assessor Internal Revenue—Hayward's Building
Post Office—Washington and Battery streets.
Corporation Yard—Sacramento street, near Drumm
Mayor—City Hall
Board of Supervisors—City H.
Clerk Board of Supervisors—City Hall.
Tax Collector—City Hall
Supt. of Streets—City Hall.
Assessor—City Hall
County Clerk—City Hall.
Fire Alarm and Police Telegraph—Brenham Place.
Board of Education—City Hall.
Supt. Pub. Schools—City Hall.
Station House—City Hall.
Auditor—Room 11, City Hall.
Treasurer—City Hall.
Hall of Records—Washington and Kearny streets.
Fire Department—23 Kearny.
License Collector—City Hall
Internal Revenue—City Hall
Surveyor—23 Washington st.
Health Office—24 Geary st.
Chief of Police—City Hall
Pound Keeper—Lombard st., bet. Pierce and Steiner
Quarantine—521 Jackson st.
Harbor Master—Corner Pacific and East
Bannon Place—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

The News Letter is regularly mailed to all of the following companies:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street. Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 9 Cannon street. Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austinfriars. Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Waddick, Secretary. Singapore [illegible], Robert King, Secretary. Pacific Saw Mills, [illegible], Arnold and A. Co. agents, 21 Old Broad street. Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. ag'ts, 41 St. Swithin's Lane; Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mills Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane. Amoy Dock Co., John Pook, agent, [illegible] Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Merriam & Co. agents, [illegible]. China Insurance Co., 25 Cornhill, J. S. Mackill [illegible] Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co. agents, 3 Lombard st. [illegible] Insurance Co. of [illegible], Dent, Palmer & Co. agents, [illegible] Yard, Moorgate street. Hongkong Insurance Co., Gilman & Co. agents, 23 Austin friars. China Traders Insurance Co., Hongkong, Fearon & Co. agents, 31 Great St. Helens. China and Japan Marine Insurance Co., Robert Benson & Co. agents, [illegible] Arms Yard, Moorgate st. Ceylon Co., Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad st., R. A. Cameron, Sec'y. Borneo Co., Mincing Lane, Wm. Martin, Manager. Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (limited) of Singapore, Macsaggart, Tidman & Co. ag'ts, 31 Great St. Helens. Banks.—Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thomson, Chairman; Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager. Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China, Old Broad street, H. T. Robertson; Central Manager Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street. Deutsche Bank, "Action Gesellschaft" of Berlin, agencies. National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within. German Bank of London, Bartholomew Lane, Lothbury, Bank of Rotterdam, Union Bank of London, agents, Princes st., Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 31 Lombard street. National Bank of India, R. C. Sawers, Chief Manager, 80 King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be included if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending December 13, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, December 8th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Joseph M Lord to M J Durney	N Pine, 110 w Devisadero, w 27:6x137:6	$ 800
Silver Ter H'd Ass'n to F C Page	Lots 185 and 186, Silver Terrace Hd	791
Peter H Boncke to Annie Bradley	E Dartmouth, 100 n Burrows, n 25x120, being subdivision blk 51, University Mound Survey	400
A M Williams to John J Marks	Sw 3d, 00 nw Everett, nw 20x75	12,000
Walter A S Kidmore to J Traves	N Francisco, 137:6 w Mason, w 22:11 x 60, being subdiv 50-v 1507	1,125
J Traves to Martin Clark	Same	1,125
J Ballentine to Annie Kirkpatrick	Se of Jessie, 150 sw 9th, sw 25x70, being subdiv M B 4	1,100
Thos Gibbons to D Wm Douthitt	E Valencia, 95 s 15th, s 25x100—subdiv M B 35	1,600
R B Irwin to Maurice Doro	Ne Pine and Van Ness Ave, n 103.6—sub W A 55	45,000
W W White to J D Casheon	Ne San Jose Road and Lizzie, n 70x70:6	5
Stephen B White to same	Same	2,300
J D Casheon to Mathew Ashe	Same	2,400
Peter Rothermel to J H Marron	S 18th, 105 w Sanchez, w 25x114, being lot 69 City Centre H d	700
Buena Vista H'd Ass'n to I H Leszinski	Lot 5 blk 93, Buena Vista H'd	500
Martin Kelly to T B Kent	Se Jessie, 92:6 sw 2d, 22:6x75, being subdivision 100-v 7	8,000

Tuesday, December 9th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Amelia A Brown to Thos Young	Sw of Sutter and Jones, s 110, w 82:6, n 27:6, e 27:6, n 82, e 55 to commencem't being subdiv 50-v 1087	$ 1
S L Peasley to J F Cochran	Lot 7 blk 231, S S F H'd and R R Ass n	300
Water Front L'd Co to N Hamilton	N 6th Ave, 125 w of I st, w 25x100, being subdiv blk 100 S San Francisco Survey	750
Fred Pelzman to M Rosenbaum	N Tyler, 137.6 e Polk, e 67:6, n 110, nw 68, s 115 to commencement, being subdivision W A 6	14,500
John F King to Irving M Scott	Se Harrison, 73 sw 1st, sw 77, se 120, ne 25, nw 20, ne 52, nw 100 to commencement, being subdivision 100-v 73	5,000
Z Amos to same	Same	1
John G Bray to Geo C Johnson	Same	5
Bd Tide Ld Com to A F Hinchman	Lots 9 to 20 inclusive, blk 304, Tide L'ds	283
Same to same	Lots 1 to 8 inclusive and 20 to 24 inclusive, blk 37, Tide Lands	612
Cyril Williams to Wm B Fox	N 14th, 175 e Howard, w 175 4, n 252, e 191.9, s 244 4 to commencement	20,000
Wm B Fox to Henry A Fox	Same, also, property in San Mateo Co	20,000
Wm B Fox to same	Ne Clay and Front, n 27 6x120 also, e Clay, 173 6½, e Kearny, e 31 4½x119 0	20,000
Henry A Fox to Wm B Fox	Same, also, n 14th, 175 4, e Howard, w 175:4, n 252, e 191:9, s 544:4 to the commencement, also, property in San Mateo County, portion Burri Burri Ranch	37,500
P H Velbert to Edward P Enright	Se Howard, 460 sw 7th, sw 25x75, being subdiv 100-v 368	3,500

Wednesday, December 10th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Cath Bastian to Philip Heuer	A subdiv of [illegible] 50-vara 518	$ 300
Conrad Beckman to Wm Nagel	Lots 19, 20 and 21 blk 86, Mission View Hd	600
Chas G Shipman to T Bagley	Undivided ½ of certain land Presidio Reserve land joining land of F M Pixley	250
David J Mills to Chas N Killey	No Union and Fillmore, e 137:6, being a subdiv of W A 323	5,000
John Ross to Jos Ross	S Bush, 137:6 e Stockton, e 45:10x137:6	6,000
Wm J Cady to Henry E Underwood	W Howard, 173 n 24th, n 50x122 6, being subdiv M B 151	3,000
George K Porter to John Kelly, Jr	Sw cor Valencia and Dorsan, w 420x30 being subdivision M B 26	400
M N Carson to M Gannon	Sw Ritch, 150 se Folsom, se 25x75, being subdiv 100-v 43	4,000
Antoine Borel to John Apel	Se Guerrero and Hill, 27x90, being subdivision M B 74	1,350
John Apel to Jeremiah Dempsey	Same	1,050
Noe Garden Hd Ass'n to P Fuchs	Lot 3, blk 11, Noe Garden H d	500
Silv Ter Hd Ass'n to E H V Pfister	Lot 159, Silver Terrace H'd	515
Same to same	Lot 60 of same	335
Same to August Ver Arx	Lots 6 and 5, same	646
Same to Eugene Bandel	Lots 7 and 8, same	631
J C Weir to C M Plum	E Taylor, 11[illegible] Geary, s 25x57 6, being subdiv 50-v [illegible], subject to mortgage to German Savings and Loan Society	10,000
Chas M Plum to J C Weir	Nw Post and Franklin, w 30x120 subdivision W A 129, subject to mortgage	11,000

Thursday, December 11th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Silver Ter Hd Ass'n to O J Flatt	Lots 100 to 105 inclusive, Sil Terrace Hd	$1,214
H Mahan to Henry A Hedger	W Scott, 25 n Tyler, n 75, w 180, s 25, e 90, s 50, e 90 to commencement, being subdivision W A 451	11,500
J M Van Dyke to Robt Hamilton	Re-record	...
Susan M Riley to John Maloney	Lots 1, 2, 6 and 7, blk 7, and lots 9 and 10 blk 6, Fairmount Tract	1,450
Owen Harrington to Sarah Meehan	Sw Decatur, 150 se Bryant, se 25x60, being subdiv 100-v 2 2	750
Jas Ballentine to A P Hotaling	Sw 9th, 175 nw Mission, nw 20, sw 131, se 70, ne 51, nw 50 ne 80 to commencement, being subdiv M B 4	6,600
O J E Fahlstein to Wm Miller	Sundry lots in Excelsior Hd	600
F A Borel to Z Hebert	Nw Tehama, 245 ne 6th, ne 25x75, being subdiv 100-v 219	4,000
Fol'm & How'd P U to E McGlynn	Lots 90 and 91, Folsom and Howard Property Union	2,000
Mission St Ex Hd to M J Jacobs	Lots 327 and 328, Mission St Ex Hd	805
Henry A Cobb to B J Shay	Lots 13 to 36, inclu blk 120, 1 to 13 inclu and 27 to 48 inclu blk 92, O'Neil and Haley Tract	3,500
J D Upton to Harriet G Otis	S Vallejo, 211 6 w Larkin, s 137 6x68.9, being subdiv W A 22	1
Harriet G Otis to Michael Brogan	Same	1,400
Alfred Bannister to D L Randolph	Se Bush and Jones, n 137 6x50, subdiv 50-v 1071 subject to mortg for $12,000	11,000
Ferdinand Hols to Geo Dougherty	Ne Mission and Napa, 1 [illegible]	15
Paul Rousset to W D Heath	E 13th [illegible]	900

Friday, December 12th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Univ Ex Hd Ass'n to T Askwith	Lots 3 and 4, blk 159, University Ex Hd	$ 800
Noe Gard Hd U'n to W R Cooper	Lot 20 blk 1, Noe Garden H'd	500
H S Gates to Wm Worthington	Se cor B St and West 31st, e 60x109:1	40
E O Andrews to Geo Stockton	Sw 15th Ave, 337:6 nw K st, nw 37:6 x 100, being subdiv blk 300, S S F Hd	70
Wm M Stockton to same	Sw 15th Ave, 225 se L st, se 37:6x100, being subdiv blk 300, S S F Hd	500
Etienne Derbec to City and Co S F	Commencing 158 w Montgomery, and 28 s Jackson, s 63.3, e 50 6 n 27, nw 75.11 to commencement	13,587
Bay City Hd Ass'n to Geo T Earle	Lot 70, blk 406, Bay City H'd	301
Wm Doolan to Maurice Maurice	S California, 117:6 w Leavenworth, w 20 s 97:6, e 60, n 40, w 40, n 56:6 to com	3,500
E E Malbee to Wm F Witzemann	No Jackson and Drumm, n 60x52	7,000

Saturday, December 13th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Edward Martin to Chas Mayne	S Grove, 81:3 e Buchanan, e 60x72, being subdivision W A 222	$2,500
John P Pope to Hib Sav & L'n Soc	E Mason, 53.6 s Broadway, s 81x68:9, being subdiv 50-v 331	5
Wm Parker to Mary B Parker	N Washington, 72 e Powell, w 20x60, being subdiv 50-v 118	Gift
Robt Hamilton to Alex Wilkie	S Minna, 300 e 6th, e 82:6x75, being subdiv 100-v 202, subject to mortgage for $2,500	10,500
Andrew C Mathison to T Nelson	N Everett, 275 w 3d, w 60x80, being sub 100-v 35	7,000
Abner Doble to Shubel H Carlisle	W Polk 61 s Clay, s 30x82:11	3,000
Same to Thos Nelson	W Polk, 31 s Clay, s 33x82 11	3,300
Same to same	N Sacramento, before widened, 137 6 w Larkin, w 137 6x137.6, being subdivision W A 17	8,000
John C Haake to S B Peterson	Sw 17th and Church, s 100x100, being subdivision Mission Block 94	1
B'd Tide L'd Com'rs to I Wormser	Whole of blk 544, Tide Lands	1,161
Same to same	Lots 7 to 14 in blk 529 Tide Lands	300
Chas H Sawyer to John O'Kane	50-v 6 in W A blk 443; also, lot 2, blk 63, Terminus Hd; also, lot 4, blk 40, Excelsior Hd	4,000
Wat F't L'd Co to Est J Fillebrown	N 6th Ave, 250 w I st w 25x100, being a subdiv of blk 10, S S Francisco	750
P L Weaver to Moses Ellis	Undivided half nw Folsom, 187:6 sw of 11th, nw 247 6x75, being subdivision M B 10; also und ½, com at a pt 209:6 sw 11th, and 247:6 nw Folsom, sw 11:3 se 247 6, nw 247:6 to commencement	12,000
Geo S Haskell to J O Rountree, Jr	E Buchanan, 112:6 s Pine, s 25x110, being subdiv W A 231	500
E Franklin to H S Dorland	Ne Dorland and Church, n 128 e 35, sw 130, w 17 to commencement	002
Hervey Sparks to Edward S Collins	Undivided portion 160 acre tract formerly owned by Joseph Ripley	200
F P Belcher to Henry F Kappke	S Union, 177:6 w Jones, 53x137:6, being subdiv 50-v 570	5,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS IN ALAMEDA CO.

As Shown by the County Records for the Week ending Dec. 16, 1873.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
M C & F G Hesse to M Detels	Oakland: S line Middle 280 e from Peralta, thence e 80x145	$1,900
Central Land Co to E K Miller	Same: Lot 41 ([illegible])x150, Brown Tract	750
W Graham to F Donnellan	Same: 140x56, nw cor Alden and West	800
E J Crane to H Marshall	Same: 87 [illegible]x125 ne cor 13th and Brush	11,500
A Seeper to C Geiser	Same: 25x75, sw cor 6th and Castro	4,000
J H Brayton to R A Heaton	Same: E Franklin 200 n from 14th, thence n 40x150	2,125
M E Brayton to Same	Same: Same	...
S F Savings Union to J Breen	Same: S line 6th st 125 e from Jefferson, thence e 37:6x150	1,200
J T & J Stewart to A S Wright	Same: E line Telegraph 95.2 s from Laurel, thence e 47:7x120.4	2,000
A W Jee to B F Bachman	Same: 238:6x182 ne cor Chishurst and West 14th sts	10,000
J D Walker to A & B Koenig	Same: 140x112 ne cor Wallace & West	5,000
D P Barstow to A Barstow	Same: 125x124 ne cor Linden and 15th, thence [illegible]x100	...
E Lavine to S O Swain	Same: S line 20th 80 e from Brush sts, thence e 35x100	2,100
F Peet to I H B Jones	East Oakland: 400x300 b'd by Hepburn, Humbert and Walker	50
W W Chipman to C E Chipman	Alameda: 2 acres Euclid and Pacific	Gift
J McGlaughlin to C B Reseler	Same: 29 Se R R Av by 49:0 near Mastick Station	66
G Chaon to T Boyce	Same: Lots 3 & 4 in blk 84, n'r High st.	100
E A Harris to Same	Same: Various lots in same	40
A C Muller to J Becht	Oakland T'p: b'd 46th, 47th, Shattuck, Telegraph	2,000
S E Alden to J Saunders	Same: Lot 1.5, Temescal Park Tract	200
E H Willett to J McKeown	Same: Lot 91, Maxwell Tract	500
L W Kimball to M A Colyber	Same: Lot 84, Kimball Tract	510
G M Blake to J Firpo	Same: 10 acres, part plot 63	8,000
Heron & Flint to T Bell	Brooklyn T'p: 5 acres in Cameron Tract	3,000
Durant & Merritt to J Chart	Berkeley: 60x100 in tract adjoining University site	500
J F Valdes to A L Farlade	San Leandro: 100x107	1,100
H Rantzan to M McCabe	Same: 1 acres	2,000
J Horsch to W A Gunn	Near Mission San Jose: A Tract	450
A J Tyler to M A Tyler	Road Washington Cor's to M San Jose: 1 acre	Gift
W M Mendenhall to P W Hinkley	Livermore: Lots 4 to 9 in blk 36	300
R N Coughill to E N Alkley	Same: Lot 3 in blk 30	100
M Heron to P O Connell	Road Alvarado to Mt Eden: 42 acres	1,500
J A Neal to M I Alviso	Pleasanton: Lot 3 in blk C	170
F D Atherton to M I Pereira	San Lorenzo: 3 acres	750
N Meek to C Bertlelson	Same: 40x130	150

Reported by G. W. McKeand, Searcher of Records for Alameda County, at East Oakland. Dec 16.

SEARCHER OF RECORDS IN AND OF ALAMEDA COUNTY,

George W. McKeand, (who is properly qualified by Professional capability and many years practice in searching this county's records. Office adjoining the COURT HOUSE, EAST OAKLAND. Residence fronting on Independence Square, and opposite the Catholic Church, immediately adjacent to the Court House. ☞ Examination of Titles made and reports furnished at small cost. Sept 13.

THE PAST.

Looking back through countless ages, down the trodden path of time,
Down the dim historic vista, for its dimness more sublime.

Giant forms and misty shadows rear themselves above the sea
Of lesser spirits, lying prostrate, waiting for the great To Be.

Though the forms have lost their substance, yet the shadows are the same,
Though they lie beneath the ages, yet the world still holds their fame.

For they stand above their fellows, let the cause be what it will;
They have left their mark behind them, and their deeds live with us still.

They are many when we view them as they stand in great array,
They are few when we compare them to the many passed away

To that bourne whence none returneth, to that dreadful sea of doubt,
Which we think we know, but know not, for our knowledge is without

The one seal of confirmation, so long waited for in vain,
From the lips of one returning, for none else can Death explain.

As they lived and looked while living, men and women seem to stand;
Speaking as they spoke while breathing, ere they felt Death's heavy hand.

Many were the woes they suffered, many were the joys they knew;
Good and bad together hustled pass in crowds before our view.

Here is one of sad demeanour—'tis a woman, wondrous fair,
With a form of god-like beauty shrouded in her yellow hair.

In her face we see her Maker, for she was the first but one
Of those who, made in God's own image, crowned the work he had begun.

In her eyes there is the awful shudd'ring look of one who hears
Curses from the lips of loved ones, as the cause of many tears;

And she says: "Spare me my children! I but sinned as many sin;
I was nothing more than human; coming first I must begin

That which was foredoomed to follow in the bitter time to come.
Spare me your reproaches, loved ones, add not to great sorrow's sum.

T. A. H.

THE CALIFORNIA IDIOT.

A call has gone forth for California's champion idiot. The New York *Graphic* has been visited with another *original idea*. It thinks the illustrated journals have rather overdone the business of supplying an admiring public with pictures of distinguished statesmen, soldiers, parsons, and other eminent scamps. The fools have been shamefully ignored, while the knaves have been honored. It is true that the portrait galleries of the picture papers have included some imbeciles, but they were not published in that character. On the contrary they were presented to the public as leading orators, reformers, preachers, etc. The New York *Graphic* now proposes that the idiots shall no longer be neglected. It thinks that "when a single photographer can advertise for sale the portraits of 'six hundred living American statesmen,' it is time that the no less numerous and hardly less important idiots of the country should be properly honored." We agree with our New York contemporary that a large harvest can be reaped in this field, and that there is scarcely a town in the United States that cannot boast at least one fool who is its perpetual butt, and whose portrait in the character of the champion idiot of the locality would be recognized by all his friends as a deserved tribute. The *Graphic* accordingly announces its intention of commencing the publication of portraits, accompanied by brief biographical sketches, "of the leading idiots of every township in the country." It proposes to furnish the counterfeit presentment of every representative idiot in the whole nation, from Maine to California—a truly gigantic undertaking. In furtherance of this great purpose, it solicits general co-operation by forwarding photographs and sketches to adorn the Idiot Gallery. We are requested to attend to the California idiots, and shall proceed to do so as soon as we have considered their several claims. But we are determined that our glorious State shall not be meanly represented. Our pre-eminence in mines, and vines, and sparkling wines, in mammoth squashes and giant pines, in our Italian sky without a cloud throughout the circle of the revolving year, in our perennial strawberry and pea, must be maintained at the same high pitch in the superior quality of our idiots. We are jealous of the honor of our State, and are resolved to turn a deaf ear to the applications of any second-class idiots like Emperor Norton, or Jacob Drehl, or the chief editor of the *Call*, for the distinction of representing the capacity of our soil and climate in the production of idiots. We shall be happy to receive portraits and sketches of really first class Pacific Coast idiots to be forwarded to New York. Applications should be in all cases accompanied by credentials establishing the claim of the applicant to be considered the champion idiot of his locality.

N. B.—Only a limited number of persons will be accepted, inasmuch as if all of that class who are decidedly idiotic were to be admitted into the Gallery, there would be but little room left for other callings. We publish the *Graphic's* call entire in another part of our present issue.

N. B. No. 2.—Moral Reformers, Women's Rights men, the street-preaching members of the Young Men's Christian Association, and other lunatics in whom the knave predominates over the bore, need not attempt to smuggle themselves into the Gallery under the false pretence that they are mere harmless idiots. We shall be on the look out for all such designing impostors.

OUR SACRAMENTO CORRESPONDENCE.

At the commencement of the legislative session we engaged a person, recommended to us by the President of the Young Men's Christian Association, as "a god-fearing young man, zealous in every good work," and endorsed by the proprietors of the *Chronicle* as "thoroughly capable and reliable, and a live, enterprising sheet-writer," to go to the capital to keep the *Letter* posted in regard to the progress and fluctuations of the Senatorial struggle. We fitted out our pious and "thoroughly capable and reliable" envoy with two new shirts and some other articles of dry goods of which he seemed to be in urgent need, also advancing him two twenties on account. Yesterday we heard from him for the first time through a communication in hieroglyphics or an unknown tongue, or possibly in some symbolic alphabet, which as nearly as the typographical resources of the *News Letter* office can produce it, is as follows:

"G LEARLEZ-TELL, SCHRAMENTO, Cembery 18 nor 19 (not sher ich) '73.

Hole fellerizzerm place upphere you'd better bliove. Every sonnuvergun of 'em from ole Stanford to Booth downterry Chrkonikly porter dead drunk 'fer time 'Maffikted 'mortal 'dache 'fecemself 'I'd split opp 'tay meanagers keep uppere, cussom I and sell'm twofore'd. Rodger bacoloways cancermedache. Numnors tday; leftrammerer thwholesty 'fthecoriorial fight 'nnantshell. S'pie felsend s'more cash, Well'n Forgoritoway 'ndon't bunenfra 20 don't lookstilgeancielant uppere. Yrs tooroolooly,

JULEMUS WRNGUE.

Having put this precious screed into the hands of an expert, who can read illegible writing and decipher cryptograms, we received the following as the interpretation of the riddle:

GOLDEN EAGLE HOTEL, SACRAMENTO,
December 18th (or 19th, not sure which), 1873.

Say, old fellow, its a rum place up here, you had better believe. Every son of a gun of them, from old Stanford and Booth down to the *Chronicle* reporter, is dead drunk all the time. I am afflicted by an awful headache. It seems as if it would split open. It's the mean cigars they keep here, curse them! And sell them two for a half dollar. Bad tobacco always causes me a headache. No more to-day, but expect a long letter to-morrow, with the whole story of the Senatorial fight in a nut-shell. Say, old fellow, send me some more cash by Wells & Fargo, right away, and don't be mean, for a twenty dollar piece doesn't look as big up here as an elephant. Yours truly, JULIUS WRANGE.

Our counsel learned in the law advises us that we have our legal remedy against the President of the Y. M. C. A. and the De Youngs for our outlay on the scamp they recommended, and if they decline to settle the matter, we shall bring suit at once.

AGASSIZ.

"Oh! what a noble heart was here undone,
When Science self destroyed her favorite son."

From a seat of learning in the North has gone forth a wail of sorrow, a wail which echoes not only through the length and breadth of our own land, but in every place in which refinement and culture have found a home, and which will thrill for years to come in many a heart at the mention of the name of the departed Agassiz is dead. The mighty brain in which grand thoughts were kindled, is, as far as our earth is concerned, at rest forever; the smile which ever shone on modest merit beams for us no more; the kind and gentle voice which spoke in earnest sympathy, with even the meanest endeavor, is hushed and still, and memory is all that is left us of one so loved. To speak in praise of his vast acquirements would be but

"To guard a title that was rich before."

The history of his adopted country will inscribe them on its brightest pages, and his works will be forever cherished amid the records of the nation. But apart from the homage which the worshippers of his genius will surely lay before its shrine; apart from the consideration of the labors which have rendered him immortal, and enrolled his name among the deathless few, there steals into the thought the recollection of that tender and gentle nature which was so magnetic in its association, and which shed so pleasing an influence upon all which came within its contact. Involved in his own cherished pursuits, he scorned the mean pretences of the world, and being, as he himself declared, "Too busy to make money," he was utterly free from the taint of selfishness, and lived less for his own advancement than for the good of others, preferring the calm enjoyment of a studious and retiring life to the tinsel glories of wealth and display. Mindful of the difficulties which beset the student of Science, and well knowing how willingly the world will sneer at what it cannot comprehend, his hand was ever extended to help the seeker after truth, and to place his feet upon a firm foundation. A father among the young; a brother among the mature, and a kind and gentle friend to all, the name of Agassiz will be loved as his genius is honored, and his childlike nature cherished as his mental powers are valued and esteemed. Above the earth which covers his remains will be mingled the bitter regrets for the loss of one so gifted, and the sighs of sympathy for those who will miss the communion of a loving heart. As on and on we journey towards the end, the pathway of our life is strewn with sorrowing memories; but the blossoms of existence diffuse their fragrance by the wayside, and teach us that all is not sad for those who mourn. The incense of good deeds ascends to Heaven, and the place which so glorious a soul as his filled on earth, becomes a monument for after time, and points to the generations which follow the shining remembrance of his power. For over fourteen years the writer has held pleasant intercourse with him; has profited by the varied store of knowledge he was ever so ready to impart, and with a saddened soul would add this poor tributary leaf to the garlands which will deck his tomb. He is but one among the many who have felt the friendly interest which Agassiz was wont to display to all who needed the help of such a teacher, and who, in the years to come, will sigh

"For the touch of a vanished hand,
And the sound of a voice that is still."

H. E.

AUSTRALASIAN AND AMERICAN M. S. S. CO.

By the politeness of Messrs J. C Merrill & Co, agents for the above line, we are enabled to say before our readers some part course of the service. A contract has been entered into by which the boats are to be built and commence running in one year. In the interim to one point, the Company has chartered four large steamers, the first of which, the *McGregor*, leaves Sydney on the 20th of this month, and will sail from San Francisco on the return trip on the 27th of January, and be followed by other steamers every 28 days. The contract for the permanent service is for a period of six years, thirteen round trips to be performed each year. The boats are to be 2,500 tons gross, or 2,000 tons register. The ships of the main line are, on a subsidy voyage, to run through, to and from the port of Sydney, N. S. W. and to and from Port Phillip, Victoria, N. Z., and on the voyage alternating with these, the mail, passengers and cargo N. S. W. Victoria and New Zealand are to be transshipped at Kandavan Fiji into ships of equal tonnage and speed with those of the main line. The contract time between Sydney and San Francisco is to be 60 hours, say 25 days, with penalties of $750 a day for overdue time up to 40 days, and $250 over the 30 days. The contract time between New Zealand and the American terminus will of course be of corresponding guaranteed speed. Therefore to be out from Sydney and San Francisco via Kandavan and to and from Port Phillip and San Francisco via Levuka, Wellington, Auckland and Kandavan, can age off say 5 days each way. The colonies of New South Wales and New Zealand have agreed to supply the subsidy of $50,000 each. The Company has made arrangements to book passengers to the each from Australasia to Europe via San Francisco, the central and Union Pacific Railroads, and the Atlantic steamers. The benefits that will accrue to San Francisco by the establishment of this line can hardly be over estimated. The following is a list of the principal officers of the company: Henry Parkes, Colonial Secretary N. S. W. Sydney, N. S. W. Hon. Colonial Secretary of New Zealand, Wellington; Saul Samuel, representing N. S. W. London, Jas. Service, Postmaster-General N. Z., Mr. Russell, charged with N. Z. interests in London.

GAS AND WATER.

It is not very long since that these two words were synonymous with everything that was at ridiculous and hopelessly unsatisfactory. We still pay the old prices, but to us it is a thing of the past. The gas company, which has ever been so bad, has had to be pushed into full time of the clock, most letter of its contract with the city. It they relent. Here is a chance for a large company will be put to stop to, at once and forever. It is indeed true, that we have a long record of fire accidents, of robbery, carrying and long freaking in our water-pipes, glued sheets. From the beginning we have urged the abolishing any, the control of the city's supplying the gas and water-works. It is the duty of every official of the city, of every enterprising journal, of every citizen to form a Comp. the beginning of the work. We need to be a company of Rothschilds to pay the present gas and water rates. The time has been in the course we have advocated. The gas question seems to be pretty well taken up. The water question is not so far advanced. We can have enough gas to pay and form Valve. We shall continually be at 10 cent. water from spring right as we do now. Or formula certainly offers to water in abundance, if people know how to look for it. Returning tak are matter to be need. It remains with the papers and editors to take advantage of the ab. advance. When the new charters are to come, certainly will be a chance and a prosperous one. Until then the people will be fleced and with a hand in almost impossible to add in the call must come from the Legislature. Now is the accepted time. We urge the immediate organization of a company for supplying gas and water at prices necessary elements gas and water at prices which the poor man can afford to pay.

Business is good, money is plentiful for all needed legitimate purposes of trade, with but a few exceptions. Our stock operations seem in abeyance, we have a corresponding fear of the stock operations. Gain is not plant no trade and common retail circles has on the whole been very satisfactory in the business of our merchants. As important for years have not occurred on the coast for a business well as collections generally are quite fair, and our trade has a large interest as in 1874. With more than an average crop of cereals, good crops of corn's are almost possibly assured, and that with plenty of rain upon the mountains as a summer reservoir of water, the power mines are sure to give forth freely of their hidden treasure. There is no doubt but that the yield of precious metals upon the Pacific Coast in 1874 will exceed that of any previous year

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Oct 11

NOTICE.

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A. L. BANCROFT & CO.,
Publishers, Manufacturers, Etc., Etc. [Dec. 6.

DR. ABORN,
Oculist, Aurist, etc. Office and Laboratory, 212 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 6

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

Satire should, like a polished razor keen,
Wound with a touch that's scarcely felt or seen.

Oh Heaven! that such companions thou'dst unfold,
And put in every honest hand a whip
To lash the rascal naked through the world,
Even from the East to the West.—ORTHELLO, Act IV, Scene I.

Now that the blessed rain has come, and our crossings are in that delightful state of muddiness which is inseparable from the full enjoyment of a San Francisco winter, the ladies do hold up their skirts when wading from one side of the street to another, and give the attentive observer an opportunity of criticising the pedal extremities of our womankind. From a series of diligent observations from various street corners, and while respectfully following certain specimens of the gentler sex up the hills, the *Town Crier* is enabled to make these remarks, which he pledges his sacred word of honor are written in a true spirit of Christian fairness and brotherly love: First, That those who show most boot and stocking have, strangely enough, very generally, and almost without exception, poor feet and ankles. Secondly, That, pretty as many feet exhibited on the crossings of San Francisco are, they do not compare favorably in smallness or shape with those of the Eastern women. Thirdly, That the German importation of large feet is at times distressingly apparent; distressingly so from an æsthetic point of view. Fourthly, That the stouter and shorter the lady, the smaller and plumper are her feet, and, *vice versa*, that the taller and thinner the divinity, the longer and flatter her tootsies. Fifthly, That a frightfully large proportion of otherwise pretty girls walk with their toes turned very badly inwards, and so look like ambling cows. Sixthly, That, although colored stockings are said to be fashionable, they are very little worn here. Seventhly, That nothing looks better than a well fitting gaiter and a clean white stocking. Eighthly, That a gaiter with a large empty space around the top, and stocking all in rucks, invariably and without exception belong to females of hard visage and bony construction. Ninthly, That pretty as the feet of the Eastern women are, they in nowise compare to San Francisco in the matter of continuations. Tenthly and lastly, That whilst the *Town Crier* awards all praise to the careful way in which the display of ankle is limited, he must confess that on Wednesday afternoon his long watch was rewarded by an exhibition which enabled him distinctly and clearly, for the full space of one minute and thirty-two seconds, to accurately determine the color and material of a certain lady's *garter!* But alas! alas! this is the only instance we have to record.

The Chronicle, on Sunday, entertained its readers with what it was pleased to term an account of the origin and derivation of the names of all the States in the Union, thirty-one of which it sets down, but by no means accounts for. It asserts that Alabama comes from a Greek word signifying "the land of rest," though what Greek word that may be, seems as much a matter of perplexity to the *Chronicle's* philologist as it probably would prove to the rest of the world if they should endeavor to prove its derivation on his hypothesis. If the classical scholar of the *Chronicle* must air his learning, we think he would have done better to fix low the commonly-received interpretation, and derive the name from two Greek words, signifying "the peaceful valley," and which possesses at least the recommendation of possibility. On the origin of such names as Pennsylvania and Virginia, he is glib enough, though he rather startles us by asserting that "*Georgia* is named in honor of *Charles II.*" He sinks into his profoundest bathos, however, when he reaches Nevada, the origin of which name, we are informed, is *unknown*. Possibly it may be so to our Clay-street philologist, though we venture to say that it is sufficiently familiar to every school-boy who has got so far in his Latin grammar as to have learned that *nivis* is the genitive case of *nix*, and means "of snow" or "snowy." Did our erudite etymologist never hear of the Sierra Nevada, and connect the words, as far as his limited powers of combination would admit, with the snow-crowned summits of that serrated ridge? For the rest he follows Hoyle's rule, more applicable to whist than philology, and "when in doubt plays—not a tramp, but—an Indian name." On the whole, we consider it quite on a par with the rest of the scholarly articles with which the sheet abounds, and are convinced that the cassy on philology, trashy and weak, need not be ashamed of its surroundings.

The audience at the Church of the Holy Humbug, which is Stone's, is being regaled with a series of Sunday lectures on "The Family." The subject is without doubt spicy and entertaining, and such sentimental lecture-titles as 'Seeking a Partner,' and 'Marriage' are well calculated to draw big houses, and thereby fill the collection-plate, which, after all, is the main consideration. Whether, however, these clap-trap plasters for drawing cash from the pimple of piety are in place in the temple of the unknown God whose high priest this oily gentleman pretends to be, rests with the conscience of the dupes who throng round the altar-horn to be plastered. The reverend hell averter commenced with 'Seeking a Partner'—a sleeping partner it is presumed—last Sunday; and next Sunday, in due order, good, sound advice on the new 'Way to treat the Baby' will be given. On that occasion the apostle of devil dodging will discuss several important questions, such as: Whether sitting on baby's stomach is a good cure for colic; whether holding baby's head up the chimney till he has his cry out be commendable, and so forth. Among other things found by parson Stone objectionable in married people are short skirts and low-necked dresses. Now towards these very two things the lord of the *T. C.* filled with loving kindness. If a lady have pretty ankles and a neck not scrugey by all means let her show them, and the *T. C.* will admire them as much as any man of any fashion. But what the great orthodox shepherd of the pastor of the Church of the Holy Humbug can find to have a pipe at, we cannot tell. Into the pure thing are pure, and nice ones, and the accounts for the *T. C.* being able to look at a high ankle or fair neck but with purity of thought, and for the uncomfortable effect which they have on the right reverend doctor.

Economical Jimmy Denman is a little hard on the teachers these gift-making times. He has just slipped out of his desk whereon some natty little presents have lain, just he forbids the like enjoyment to those he leaves behind him. What is to become of the liquorice-stick which the warm-hearted and modified pupil of the pedagogue had to fragile an ass, of the comfit our uncle rake whose nagging grandsire of the polouroy pant to impound while has 'a undistributed up in the back part of a drawer in the upper floor of the school-house, and which money paid from mamma's purse, of the old-fashioned cake, stolen from an earlier generation from among the lumber of the old museum, what is to become of these treasures, that are as much a delight to the teacher's desk with a triumphant look, and a firm conviction that the last Parliament has been administered by one more? We fear comprehend the magnitude of the offence of accepting them as liquor, justify the action of the grave and learned body on such a subject. At the same time we can't be spoiling in a spoke for the teachers with by the gross, perhaps, and duly but presents on their last of Christmas presents. It is bad enough to keep the most of their salaries as they are doing, but to keep them out of these chaste tokens also of children's affection is the acme of meanness.

Our be-pigtailed brethren are becoming rapidly civilized. One of them has just found out that vitriol is useful as a gentle corrective. Some chaste denizens of Spofford Alley refused to go to one of the country towns, whereupon Ah Lun (let his name be immortalized), instead of whacking his wife's pig-tail, after the fashion of the ordinary cruel barbarian, adopted the more educated and modernized plan of trying to fizzle her up with sulphuric acid. Every one knows the wonderful effects of vitriol, how it eats, and sears, and burns wherever flesh and nerves are, so they are, but they're a go-head people, too, and this exploit of Ah Lun places the Celestial villain and brute quite on a par with the American. Indeed the hoodlum beast will find, unless he looks sharply to his reputation, that he will be surpassed even in fiendish, cowardly cruelty to women.

The language of the law is proverbially ponderous and dignified; and the language of lawyers, though not always a model of decorum out of Court, and sometimes a little fiery when addressed to a jury, is supposed to assume a certain grave formality when deliberately reduced to writing and embodied in a printed brief. Yesterday, while lounging in a lawyer's office, we saw one of these documents, entitled "In the 15th District Court," etc., lying on the table, and as the names both of the plaintiff and defendant were familiar to us, we glanced over the "argument," when our attention was speedily arrested by the following passage: "There has been nothing in the case, or in my brief, to justify or call for a departure from the usual courtesy of gentlemen by plaintiff's counsel; and yet he accuses me of departing from our understanding," etc. "Whether these charges proceed from the gentleman's overweening vanity leading him to an assumption not only of all the learning but of all the honesty of the profession; from an inherent weakness which prevents him from understanding a plain argument; from an indulgence in flights of fancy at the expense of truth; from a dishonest attempt to misrepresent, or a malignant desire to vilify; from a soured disposition; from pure cussedness; or from vicious conglomeration of all these elements, I will not stop to inquire. It will be apparent before I close this brief." It would seem as if the code of sentiment recognized by the members of "the ancient and honorable profession" had undergone some changes during the present generation.

The Town Crier in a philanthropic and kindly spirit, would like to give a few words of advice to that young man who bid himself in the safe of the Mayor's office on the occasion of the small-pox patient's visit. We would first remind you that small-pox is *extremely*, excessively contagious, and that being within forty feet of a person suffering from the loathsome disease, is sufficient in most cases to insure infection. The devil of it is, that you can't tell for sometimes a week or two whether or no the germs of the disease have been received. That you may be able to know if you are stricken or not, we append one or two of the most marked preliminary symptoms of infection. If after drinking tea, you feel a buzzing and singing in your head, accompanied by a flushed face, you are stricken. If after eating a hearty dinner, you feel an odd sensation in the region of the upper button of your pants, you are stricken. If when walking rapidly up a hill, you feel your heart suddenly begin to thump like mad, you are stricken. If when waking early in the morning, you find an unusual difficulty in opening your eyes, you are stricken. In fact, any young friend, the *Town Crier* will not be surprised at any moment to hear of your death from that terribly loathsome and frightfully contagious disease of small-pox, for were you not in the same room with him for several moments! Did he not bend over you with that hideous face for some time! Why, good Lord, he might have touched you with his horrid fingers! You're a gone coon, sure!

A howling parson in petticoats! A ranting, roaring, raving female Methodist revivalist. Such is the latest social deformity. What will this generation give us next? We remember entertaining a certain sympathy for Adam Bede's Dinah, notwithstanding her sanctified trapesing and her sermonizing, but we remember our inexpressible relief when we learned on the last page that the Conference had forbidden the women preaching. We do not disapprove of a little religion, of small quantity and in mild doses, dispensed by one of those namby-pamby white-fingered drones, who are fit for absolutely nothing else in nature, and for whom this niche has opportunely been provided. But we are aghast, and our souls recoil before this awful creature with the iron-clad larynx, who speaks four times a day without experiencing the slightest uneasiness, and who hurls eternal damnations at the heads of a suffering congregation with the rapidity and force of Fourth of July torpedoes. We have always had an idea—our religious ideas being somewhat limited—that if we wanted the Lamb, we would seek him, and we hate to have him slung at us, so to speak, by a woman whose husband, it is our melancholy conviction, died as deaf as a post, done to death by religion, given him in a voice like a railroad whistle. If there were ever any Pille Van Cotts, which we very much doubt, they were stunned into entirely sleep by their mamma singing "I'm Going Home to Jesus," with forty-horse power!

Some of the Alta's editorials are extremely funny. The hap-hazard application of Latin quotations, selected indiscriminately from the appendix of Webster's unabridged, is droll enough, but a new reading of Shakespeare, in which the old lady has recently indulged, caps the climax. Speaking of Bazaine's sentence, we are told that he (Bazaine) might use the words of Wolsey: "Had I served my God as faithfully as I have the King, he would not leave me thus helpless in my old age." Can it be possible that the following is meant:

"Had I but served my God with half the zeal
I served my King, He would not in mine age
Have left me naked to my enemies."

This, to follow the fashion of an "Editorial Note," is "an *addendum* which, although not exactly *pro rege, lege et grege*, is still sufficiently *res angusta domi* to be accepted as a *Nemo me impune lacessit*, or a *quod erat demonstrandum, jam satis lucus a non lucendo*." Most decidedly, we should say.

The Rev. Dr. Van De Mark pertinently asks "Why don't God kill the devil?" Although we do not exactly understand the model parson's villanous intentions towards his best friend, we are not unwilling to hazard a few guesses. Perhaps the Lord doesn't want such men as Van De Mark & Co. loafing around Heaven, and as matter is indestructible, however vile, he needs the devil to provide such a fashionable lodging after San Francisco shall have done with them. Perhaps the devil has some sort of a spirit that is and don't want to be killed. Perhaps they are not so much on the shoot up in Heaven, and among the earth-worms, perhaps, as the earth-worms, they shoot with bad aim. Perhaps the devil is needed to run an emotional insane asylum. Perhaps it is his business to furnish fastidious parsons with attractive pages. Perhaps his demise would throw the parsons out of work. Perhaps it would empty the jails and penitentiaries, and play the deuce with the contractors. Perhaps the devil is not a bad fellow, after all. Perhaps the heavenly hosts are not anxious to provoke another war, for though Lucifer lost the first, he has studied since, and is famous now for his tactics. Perhaps the Lord is not particularly anxious to oblige Van De Mark, anyhow. If all these answers fall wide of the mark, we are reluctantly compelled to give the parson's conundrum up.

It is refreshing to learn that a gospel grinder is capable of doing something besides a weekly promulgation of the ancient dogmas of Christianity to a sleepy congregation. A local paper informs us that a sacrilegious crackerman boasted into the Episcopal Church at Marysville, a few nights since, destroyed the parson's sermons, appropriated several little church trinkets, and stole a gallon demijohn of communion wine. Now, most parsons would immediately have started a subscription paper to raise an indemnity, but this parson, whose name, we believe, was Davis, girded up his loins and started after the thief. Visiting various haunts of iniquity, he finally found an old bummer drunk with the blood of the saints, and searched him forthwith. Finding a book-mark presented him by a female admirer, inscribed "Love one another" on one side, and "Holiness to the Lord" on the other, in neat bead-work, he seized the scoundrel by the collar saying, "The Lord hath verily delivered thee into my hand," and dragged him to the calaboose. The *News Letter* here nominates this parson Detective in Chief, vice Finnegass, gone to glory.

Mr. Thomas Curtin desires that his thoroughly reformed daughter be liberated from incarceration in the Magdalen Asylum, it being his opinion that she will be of more service to the community outside the doors of that purifying establishment. We must heartily concur. Medicos, philosophers, scientists, philanthropists, and all the honorable gentlemen who devote their lives to the study of such subjects give it as their opinion that a certain number of such creatures is necessary for the comfort and well being of the more respectable portion of humanity. The somewhat notorious Hannah being qualified and adapted may as well begin at once, lest the delay cause the breaking in of one more who may be scarcely so well fitted by nature and inclination.

We are pleased to record that our worthy Coroner has some opportunity of wearing the flesh off his bones, the suicide season being quite lively. We are quite in hopes that the present damp and somewhat depressing weather will continue, as it has the effect of doing away with quite a number of the dead weights of society. We patiently await the breaking out of the suicidal mania among the Senatorial candidates. We presume Shafter has bought his razor.

WON AND LOST.

WON.

She is fair and she is tender,
She is all the world to me;
Even so soft and form so slender,
None so beautiful as she.

I have won her! I have won her!
She is mine—shall ever be;
Nothing now can part me from her,
Mine through all eternity.

All her face glowed warm with blushes,
When I whispered low my love,
In the hot and silent bushes
Of the moonlit poplar grove.

Then her glorious face upraising,
With the love-light in her eyes,
With expression past all praising,
Lowly, firmly she replies:

"I will never, never leave you,
Though the years may come and go;
Though all doubt I will believe you,
I am yours through weal and woe.

My great love shall not be shaken,
Though your love should change to [hate;
Though I live and die forsaken,
With no other will I mate.

When your heart is weak with sorrow,
Then shall mine be doubly strong,
Where you go my love shall follow—
Yours forever, right or wrong."

LOST.

Lost—and my heart is sad;
Day and night are as one;
Darkness covers my head,
I am utterly alone.

Gods! have ye ears to hear,
Or have ye hearts to feel?
Know ye not what I bear?
See ye not when I kneel!

Help her in this distress—
Not for myself I pray—
Make but *her* sorrow less,
Take but *her* grief away.

Deaf are ye all, I fear,
Or ye have hearts of steel,
Or all in vain my prayer,
For ye are all unreal.

Then from the blackest hell,
Devils shall hear me;
Though I my soul should sell,
Her smile would cheer me.

If I can give her peace,
Why should I waver?
Though my own pain increase,
Thus will I save her.

Home, honor, self-respect,
All these I proffer,
And, as I might expect,
Hell takes the offer.

San Francisco, December 16th, 1873. T. A. H.

FOREIGN DOTTINGS.

Regnier has sent a long letter to the *Times*, complaining of his treatment by the Bazaine court-martial, and offering to explain his conduct to a representative of the *Times* and two other English editors. The *Times* declines.——Elizabeth, Queen Dowager of Prussia is dead, aged 72.——Victor Emmanuel forbids army officers imitating his style of mustache.——Queen Victoria's daughter Beatrice is said to live very unhappily at home, and frequently goes to bed crying because her Ma scolds her.——Mr. A. B. Walker, on being elected Mayor of Liverpool recently, promised to build for the town an art gallery at a cost of £20,000.——Kenealy threatens to make his closing speech for Tichborne longer than the opening one, and there is no cure for it.——Mr. Page, a French stock broker, doing business in Lyons, has failed, owing to heavy speculations based on the Comte de Chambord coming to the French throne.——Queen Victoria feels herself unable to undertake the long journey to St. Petersburg in midwinter, to be present at her son's marriage.——The Spanish troops besieging Cartagena have occupied San Antonio, a suburb. The attack is progressing vigorously.——The official inquiry into the *Ville du Havre* disaster, on the part of the British authorities, was open at Greenwich on the 20th instant.——The London *Times* editorially approves Secretary Richardson's additional taxation propositions, and thinks the demand for retrenchment inopportune, in view of the large expenditures necessitated by the Cuban difficulties.——Meteoric displays have been prevalent during the past month among the Sandwich Islands.——Seven new members have been added to the Honolulu House of Nobles. This brings the list to eighteen, and the number of members is limited at twenty.——A proposition to increase the pay of the Honolulu local police brings out the fact that the situations are in great demand at the present wages, $25 a month.——Notwithstanding the effects of the terrible earthquake of March, and the sensible depression which has taken place this year in the price of indigo, both agriculture and commerce in San Salvador are improving.——Small-pox is raging in the province of Tarapaca, Peru.——The German Government subscribes for 21,000,000 marks of the new Hungarian loan.——In the French Assembly, on Monday, M. Belcastel, of the Extreme Right, presented a petition for the restoration of the monarchy, with 15,000 signatures.——The agreement negotiated by M. Rouher, whereby the Government of France is to restore certain art collections and pay the ex-Empress Eugenie $100,000, has been submitted to the Budget Committee.——The weather was very stormy on Monday throughout England, and on the coast much damage to shipping is reported.——The bombardment of Cartagena opened again on Monday, with increased vigor. It is said the great powers have assured President Castelar that they will recognize the Republic when the Cartagena insurrection is suppressed.——A dispatch from Sheffield, England, says the city has been visited by a terrific storm. A large number of buildings and chimneys were blown down and many persons killed. One immense chimney fell, killing and wounding several persons.——The birthday of the Mikado of Japan was celebrated with the usual festivities. In the evening the Foreign Ambassadors were entertained at dinner at Hama-go-ten, and the Consuls by the Governor of Kanagawa.——Several shocks of earthquake have been experienced during the last fortnight.

LOCAL DOTTINGS.

The British corvette Tenedos has sailed for Honolulu.——Six sharks were born in Woodward's Gardens on Sunday morning.——A 150-pound sturgeon was stunned by a blast at Rincon Rock on Monday, and captured by boys, who divided the prize for Xmas dinners.——Cook, the trapezist, fell whilst performing at the City Gardens on Sunday and split his nose.——A series of lectures on popular science by Professors of this State will commence at the Mechanics' Institute, on January 3d.——The P. M. S. S. Co.'s flags were at half-mast on Tuesday, out of respect to Vice-President Rufus Hatch, deceased.——The Bear-boy has been sent to Plumas, and we hope that's the last of him.——Garroters flourish in the region of Franklin and Sacramento streets. Two or three recent cases are reported.——Platt's Hall was crowded last night with all the youth and beauty of the colored people of San Francisco.——B. D. Bogart, of Paymaster notoriety, has returned to this city.——The School of the Deaf, Dumb and Blind, closed on Wednesday to open on the 2d prox.——The Superintendent of Streets has recommended that Montgomery street, from Washington to California, be repaved with stone blocks, the curbs reset and the sidewalks and sewers reconstructed.——Maloney, of the *Sentinel*, is dead.——On Tuesday the Nineteenth District Court, adjourned until 5th prox.——Up to Tuesday, the amount of rain fallen marked 9.25 inches.——Poor Harry Courtaine, good actor, but confirmed sot, was sent to the Home of the Inebriate on Monday morning for 100 days. Better keep him there altogether.——Thomas Bolton, of Bolton's carriage establishment holds one-fourth of the ticket No. 8,646, which drew the $500,000 in the Havana lottery.——The vegetable dealers have permission to stand their wagons on Sansome street for two months.——Cases of small-pox are said to be prevalent in the Chinese quarter.——A new minstrel troupe has been organized in this city under the name of the Alcazar Minstrels.——There is a debt of $70,000 on the Howard Presbyterian Church.——The News room of the Merchants Exchange is looking all the better for its new coat of paint.——Repairs will detain the *Garibaldi* in port about 15 or 20 days.——The Y. M. C. A. has resolved to fix up six extra beds for homeless and moneyless [illegible] men. Bedding and blankets needed.

From the Cape of Good Hope we have newspapers to November 4th. The Cape *Argus* seems to be in a state of extreme nervous excitement on the subject of an approaching general election, and has the following in type of such a monster size as the resources of the *News Letter* are unable to reproduce: "Vote for Morison, and secure railways, good roads, bridges, and general progress." The report in the same paper of prizes awarded at the agricultural show contains the following: "Best 25 lbs of *soap in bars*, a silver medal." *Query:—Does this mean free lunch?*

A NEW CURIOSITY OF LITERATURE.

We have before us a new book, a genuine Californian production, rich with the flavor of the soil, that is destined to create a sensation that will quite cast Joaquin Miller into the shade—at least in the judgment of the Society of Pioneers and all old '49ers. It is entitled "Songs of the Sand Hills, by Walking Hiller." It is published by A. L. Bancroft & Co. in a dainty little volume of faultless typography and generally attractive appearance. A few extracts will give an idea of the new poet's quality:

A pioneer of forty-nine,
As good as ere came here to mine,
Or pack around a train
O'er mountain side with pick and pan;

Indeed he was as good a man
As ever crossed the plain.
He came as others came, to mine for gold;
As other pioneers, the way to mold.

After giving a description of the pioneer's life in the early days of California, our poet brings us to the closing scene on earth:

He lived as did all pioneers,
Until now getting up in years,
Had money made enough.
But as with all first comers here,
His time was shortened in this sphere,
By life so hard and rough.
Then sickened from hard usage, now so tried,
And passed away that pioneer, and died.

He stood and looked with full intent
To see and find what Peter meant
By telling him to go;
Says, "You're the man so little knew
On earth before the cock it crew;
When you were down below,
Your Master did deny, and cursed and swore
You never knew the man your burden bore."

* * * * *

Our pioneer next proceeds to give the Saint some account of the work *he* had done in California, and thus contrasts it with Peter's career:

You were engaged in catching fish,
And nothing ere had done to wish,
Nor aught but fish in hauled.
And now you're stationed here so long,
And nothing done but that same song.

After some further discussion, in which the Californian has rather the best of it, Peter caves in, and the poem closes with this stanza:

We might as well at once comply,
And looking round and something sly,
Says, Pioneer, come in.
And all who left in forty-nine,

And all who of that time and line,
And all of that first kin;
First generation to that place and shore,
This gate is open, shall be evermore.

We are awaiting with anxiety to see what sort of a reception the new "Californian poet" will meet at the hands of the London critics who were so profuse in their praises of the Singer of the Sierras.

THE IDIOT AS AN ART SUBJECT.

AN IMPORTANT NEW FEATURE IN THE NEW YORK DAILY GRAPHIC.

From the beginning of illustrated journalism, statesmen and soldiers and criminals have been honored by the publication of their portraits. No fault can be found with this practice, but it does seem as though injustice had been done in the total neglect with which another important class of the community have been treated. The fools, as such, have been entirely ignored. Of course, the portraits of many eminent idiots have appeared, but their portraits were published, not in their character as idiots, but because they happened to be classed among statesmen, orators, or reformers. Now, we *propose* that this class shall no longer be neglected. When a single photographer can advertise for sale the portraits of "six hundred living American statesmen," it is time that the no less numerous and hardly less important idiots of the country should be properly honored. Every town and village in the United States has at least one fool, who is its perpetual butt, and whose portrait in the character of the champion idiot of the place would be recognized as a truthful and deserved tribute. Confident that by so doing we shall meet a manifest public want, we propose to publish portraits, accompanied by brief biographical sketches, of the leading idiots of every township in the country. This is unquestionably a gigantic undertaking, but it is one full of interest to the whole nation. *The Daily Graphic* is not published merely for the people of the City of New York, but for the entire country, and our proposed gallery of idiots will interest every man and woman from Maine to California. In this enterprise we solicit the co-operation of our readers in sending us photographs and sketches fitted to adorn the new gallery. No second-rate idiots need apply, but all who can establish their claim to be beyond question the leaders of that important class in their respective towns, may rest assured that they will receive due attention from *The Daily Graphic*. Contributors to the gallery must be careful to write upon each photograph or sketch the name and residence of the person it represents, so that no idiot will be credited to any undeserved locality, and there will be no danger of confounding the idiots with the statesmen and other prominent persons whose portraits are naturally looked for in the illustrated journal of the day.

THE OVERLAND FOR JANUARY.

The holiday number of our California Mag. comes to us resplendent in dress, with covers in cream-color and gold, and lettering in carmine and blue. The variety and quality of the contents are worthy of these dainty externals. There is a characteristic sketch by Prentice Mulford; two short stories; one, "It happened in Fifty-Six," by Mrs. Neall—an excellent one; some good poetry—the gem being, as usual, Miss Coolbrith's contribution; another of Powers's admirable papers on the California Indians, and half a dozen articles on miscellaneous subjects of much interest. Joaquin Miller contributes another of his iconoclastic articles; his subject being this time, "The River Rhine," which he declares "far below the Sacramento in majesty and importance, while it does not at all approach the Columbia in strength, length, breadth, or natural scenery of its banks." He avers that he has never seen this famous river when it was "blue," and adds that to him "it always looked like a vast stream of lager beer." Perhaps the crudest article of this number is the one entitled, "Poetical Self-Mutilation," in which the writer undertakes to maintain the preposterous doctrine that a poet has no right to make alterations (supposed by him to be improvements) in new editions of his works. The article seems to have been carefully and industriously prepared, and successfully establishes the deficiencies of the writer in logic and fine taste. The editorial work is in the main well done, and the editor's contribution, "Summering in the Sierra," is quite readable.

OVERWORKED.

Any one passing along Kearny street about 11 o'clock any night of the past week, could not but have noticed streaming from the corner of Post street a line of fagged yet happy faces. They were the clerks of the *White House*, who had been selling and selling and showing and showing and bowing and bowing, until body, soul, mind, and brain were reduced to a state of chaos. Never has the rush been so immense at that house as it has been this Christmas. It has not only withstood the greatest ordeal in the shape of a combination of opposition that has ever been brought to bear against it, but it has distanced its opponents so far, that competition for the future becomes an absurdity. For *reasons* well known to the initiated, the White House sells better goods, at cheaper rates, than any one else in the trade, and notwithstanding the rush at Christmas tide, and the immense drain upon their goods, there is still enough left for New Years Day, and certainly they have very tempting things of all sorts. Never mind those overworked clerks, they enjoy selling as much as the purchasers enjoy buying, and a quiet drink round the corner or elsewhere restores the equilibrium.

We have received two copies of the *Ka Nuhou Hawaii*, of dates November 25th and December 2d. Amongst other articles in this capital little bilingual paper, we notice particularly two well written leaders on "The Ministerial Collapse," and "Hawaiian Political Sentiment," evidently written by gentlemen well versed in the ways and means of Honolulu.

Vol. 4. THE CALIFORNIA "MAIL BAG" FOR DECEMBER, 1873, No. 3.
IS NOW OUT AND READY FOR DELIVERY, CONTAINING A SPLENDID CABINET PHOTOGRAPH, WITH BIOGRAPHICAL MEMOIR OF
ALFRED PARAF,
THE INVENTOR AND PATENTEE OF CALIFORNIA BUTTER.
For Sale by all News Dealers. Offices, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

The Special and Authorized Organ of the Aerial Steam Navigation Company.---Fred. Marriott, Patentee.

Price per Copy, 15 Cents.] ESTABLISHED JULY 20, 1856. [Annual Subscription, $10.

SAN FRANCISCO NEWS-LETTER AND California Advertiser.

DEVOTED TO THE LEADING INTERESTS OF CALIFORNIA AND THE PACIFIC COAST

Vol. 23. SAN FRANCISCO, SATURDAY, DEC. 27, 1873. No. 48.

☞ OFFICES OF THE SAN FRANCISCO NEWS LETTER, CALIFORNIA CHINA MAIL, CALIFORNIA MAIL BAG, South side Merchant street No. 607 to 615, San Francisco.

GOLD BARS—875@880—SILVER BARS—3@5 ₩ ct. discount. Treasury Notes are selling at 91@91⅛. Mexican Dollars, par to 1 per ct. dis. Trade Dollar, par to ⅛ per ct. dis.

☞ Exchange on New York, 0-10@¼ per ct. for Gold; Currency, 9 per cent. prem. On London, Bankers 49⅞@⅛; Commercial, 50@—; Paris, 5 francs per dollar. Telegrams 1 per ct.

☞ Latest price of Gold at New York, December 19, at 3 P. M., 110⅞. Latest price of Sterling, 108⅞@108⅞.

☞ Price of Money here, 1@1¼ per cent. per month—Bank rate. In the open market, 1@1¼. Demand active.

PRICES OF LEADING STOCKS AND GOVERNMENT BONDS.

SAN FRANCISCO . . . . . Dec. 24, 1873.

Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.	Stocks and Bonds.	Bid	Ask.
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1865-7-8	[illegible]	[illegible]	Nat'nal Gold B'k & Trust Co.	120	125
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1881	[illegible]	[illegible]	Oakland 10s	105	107
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s 1862	102	104	Spring Valley Water Co	83	85
Legal Tender Notes	[illegible]	[illegible]	Omnibus Railroad Company	—	42
California State Bonds	97½	100	Central Railroad Company	55	60
S. F. City Bonds, 6s, 1855	[illegible]	—	N. B. and Mission R. R. Co	50	52½
S. F. City and Co. Bonds, 6s	95	98	Front St., M. and O. R. R. Co	20	24
San Francisco City Bonds, 7s	100	—	Fireman's Fund Insurance Co	80	90
Sacramento City Bonds	30	32½	Merchant's Mutual M. Ins. Co.	45	50
Sacramento County Bonds, 6s	75	—	California Insurance Co.	95	100
Yuba County Bonds, 8s	92	96	Union Insurance Co	89	92½
Santa Clara Bonds	90	93	Pacific Bank	91	94
San Mateo County Bonds, 7s	90	—	The Bank of California	125	137
San Francisco Gas Light Co	64½	69	Pioneer L'd & L'n Association	106	100

WOODS & FREEBORN, Brokers, cor. California and Leidesdorff streets.

PRICES OF MINING STOCKS

Highest Quotations for Three Days of the Week ending Dec. 26th:

Alpha	73	Eclipse	7½
Arizona and Utah	3	Gould & Curry	23½
Best and Belcher	35½	Globe	2½
Belcher	105	Hale & Norcross	66
Buckeye	2¾	Imperial	8
Bacon	6½	Justice	16½
Bullion	33	Julia	6½
Baltimore Consolidated	9½	Kentuck	21
Chollar	72½	Knickerbocker	8¼
Crown Point	106	Ophir	210
Consolidated Virginia	92½	Overman	67
Consolidated Gold Hill Quartz	8¾	Silver Hill	15
Confidence	15	Segregated Belcher	105½
Daney	3¾	Succor	3¾
Caledonia	42	Savage	125
Central	120	Sierra Nevada	30
Empire Mill	0	Utah	11
Exchequer	47	Yellow Jacket	31

THE CALIFORNIA BUTTER CO.'S BUTTER.

The shipment East of three car-loads of Chicago butter is one of the signs of the times. Sixty thousand pounds of Eastern butter returned from whence it came, is significant of the progress made and making by the dairies of California, and this is soon to be followed by more of a like sort. Doubtless the successful working of the new California Butter Company has had something to do with this return shipment over the Central Pacific Railway. This patent butter is sweet and clean, and will *not* turn rancid as other butter, but will keep perfectly good for a year or more. Consequently it commands a preference over all butter made at the East and brought here in tubs and firkins. That made and sold here is of good quality, and the buyer as well as consumer gets actual tare—no loss of 5@10c. per cent. on false tares and soakage, as is the case with all Eastern packed firkin butter. This Eastern swindle in false tares, soakage, etc., has long worked to the injury of consumers buying butter packed in Ohio and Illinois, and consequently a decided preference is given to the California product. As before stated, the demand for this new butter greatly exceeds the capacity of the Sansome street factory. They now make and sell per day some 1,000 pounds of choice roll butter. Orders come from the interior, up and down the Coast—in fact, letters of inquiry and commendation are daily received at the office, showing most conclusively the high estimation placed upon its product. A depot for its sale is established in the California Market, where all interested can obtain supplies at 35c. per pound, or 70c. per roll. For oyster stews, chicken pie, and all nice pastry, it can be highly recommended as superior to all other butter. This none will dispute, as every good cook and pastry maker will testify.

The steamer Antelope, connecting at Donahue's Landing with trains of S. F. and N. P. R. R. Co., leaves Front Street wharf at 3 P. M.

☞ MR. F. ALGAR, No. 8 Clements Lane, London, is authorized to receive subscriptions, advertisements, communications, etc., for this paper.

A Permanent Paragraphic Advertisement, Respectfully Dedicated to the Spring Valley Water Works.

A Miner's Inch of Water is about twenty-thousand gallons. The usual Price for an Inch of Water in the mines is ten cents. The Spring Valley Company sells water in large quantites at seventy-five cents per thousand gallons, or at fifteen dollars seventy-five cents per inch—which is one hundred and fifty-seven times the price which miners pay. Furnished in small quantities to housekeepers, the Company charges from thirty to fifty dollars an inch—five hundred times the miner's rates. IGNOTUS.

LATEST ATOMS OF NEWS WITH NOTES.

We are winding up the old year gloriously, the skies are bright and of golden hue since the heavy rains of December. Christmas found us with fields of living green, the valleys and mountain sides furnishing the cattle and sheep with pasture, while the placer miner finds his labor well repaid with bits of glittering gold. The sand of the sea-shore also yields its golden fruits. California has reason to be glad and joyous. Our streets and avenues give testimony of its truth. The surging masses of humanity, that flit along joyously through Montgomery, Kearny, Market, and the streets connecting therewith, admiring the rich displays of fancy goods in the stores and windows, show conclusively that our people appreciate the gifts so richly displayed, and facts go to prove the assertion that more gold has this season been spent for holiday presents than ever before in the history of our State. Shopkeepers even wonder where all the twenty-dollar gold pieces come from. Eagles and half-eagles have been dealt out with a lavish hand by the wealthy. Gifts of high cost have been distributed, and the joy of many individuals and households unbounded. The United States Mint has had many visitors for new coins—bright and glittering—gold and silver. Those in moderate circumstances contented themselves with silver halves and quarters, going to the banks and refiners for the new trade dollars in quantities for pocket pieces for the children. The season, to most of our people, has been one of joy and gladness. The year has indeed dropped fatness upon the land and the people, and while the year 1873 has brought its average yield of golden grain and fruits, 1874 promises to the residents of the city and Pacific coast even more abundant harvests of grain and gold. The skies are bright and the outlook glorious. The street operators in stocks are also jubilant, and the band of the diligent is sure to enrich those who labor with the sweat of their brows.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Co., Edward Higgins agent, is out with a card, soliciting sealed proposals for ship stores, etc. *This is sensible*, which is more than can be said of many other recent acts of this hitherto formidable company. The penny wise and pound foolish policy recently inaugurated on this coast is fraught with evil, and that continually. We see it every day on 'change and wherever merchants most do congregate. Everybody versed in business affairs knows well that a very large part of this company's patronage comes from resident Chinese merchants, and for a year past they have complained most bitterly of the treatment received from employés of the company, and this has been augmented to that extreme point that they do not hesitate to proclaim their withdrawal of all patronage from the line and give it to the opposition whenever the opportunity is presented. This is not the time to fight, just when a new and powerful opposition is inaugurated. There is fun ahead, not to say severe loss and destruction to a once popular and formidable company.

[illegible] TELEGRAM.

London and Liverpool, Dec. 24th, 1873, 1 P.M.—The following is the latest telegram received in consequence of Xmas day being held as a holiday throughout England. In London, the holidays extend from the 25th to the 29th. Floating Cargoes, firm and strong; Cargoes on Passage, firm; Cargoes for shipment, firm. Mark Lane, market quiet, of a holiday character. Spring Wheat, 59s; California, 66s. Mixed American Corn, 36s 6d. California Wheat per 500 lbs, Queenstown for orders, 65s 6d; On Passage, 66s 6d; English Country Markets, very dull. French Country Markets, generally cheaper. Liverpool Wheat, very good demand. California White Wheat per cental, 13s 10d@14s 3d. Red American Spring, No. 2 to No. 1, 12s 2d@12s 8d.

Central Pacific Bonds.—The latest quotation received by telegraph for the C. P. R. R. Bonds is 96, an advance of 14 per cent. over the price they sold for at one time during the late panic. It must be gratifying to every Californian to know that while so many Eastern railways are compelled to stop paying interest on their bonds, every railroad in California has thus far paid its coupons as regular as they became due.

The Stock Exchange Committee, London, have issued the following notice respecting a resolution which was duly confirmed on the 20th ult.: "Resolved, That from and after the 30th December, 1873, 4s. per dollar be adopted as the rate of exchange for settlement of bargains in such securities as are expressed in currency of the United States of America."

Vancouver Coal Mining and Land Co.—The profits for the six months ended 30th June, including the balance brought forward, amount to £6,792, and a dividend is recommended at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, £2,002 being carried forward.

Printed and Published by the Proprietor, Frederick Marriott, 607 to 615 Merchant Street, San Francisco, California.

THE MODERN FOUR VOLUME NOVEL.

[*Contributed by Captain R. Espinasse.*]

VOL. I.

Moonlight evening, shady grove,
Two young people much in love,
Heroine—with great wealth endowed;
Hero—handsome, poor, and proud.
Troth eternal, hearts united;
Vows of changeless passion plighted.
Kisses, quarrels, sighs, carresses;
Maiden yields one of her tresses.
Obstacles to be surmounted;
Ugly rival, old and stale,
Overhears the tender tale.

VOL. II.

Morning in the east looks ruddy,
Scene—Young lady's father's study.
Hero with his hat in hand
Fumbles with its rim and band.
Angry parent storms, abuses,
And at once consent refuses;
Maiden faints beneath the blow;
Mother intercedes—no go.
Shrieks, hysterics, protestations,
Exit lover, midst the din,
And ugly rival enters in.

VOL. III.

Time—A moonlight night once more,
Scene—Outside the lady's door;
Lover with half broken heart
Swears he'd rather die than part;
Garden, flowers, ombrageous shade;
Manly accents; serenade;
Chamber window opens wide;
Descent of—expectant bride;
Willing priest will soon unite;
Tears, rope ladder, alarm! flight!
Gallant steeds; too late; night's screen,
Triumphal marriage of Beauty's Queen;
Old man's rage—d—owns forever!
Ugly rival gets scarletina.

VOL. IV.

Old man sickly; sends for child;
All forgiven and reconciled;
Young man making money fast;
Old man's blessing—dies at last;
Youthful couple prove probate,
Get the money, live in state
Family mansion, jewels, plate;
Mother's wishes crowned with joy;
Doctors, nurses—little boy.
Time proceeds; more ties endear,
Olive branches year by year,
Blessings on the good attend,
General gladness—moral end.

AN EXTRAORDINARY INCIDENT IN KINGSTOWN HARBOR.

An exciting scene was witnessed in Kingstown Harbor early on the morning of November 10th. About 1 A.M., a large merchant vessel was seen running for the harbor under full sail. As she approached, it was observed that she was on fire, and to the surprise of the lookers-on, there appeared to be no effort made to shorten sail as she neared the harbor, going through the sea like a witch with her lee gunwale under water. It was not known by those on shore how terrible was the race which was being run for life, or how great was the peril which every moment brought nearer. Notwithstanding the heavy gale and the wide spread of canvas on her spars, none of them gave way, though they whipped like fishing-rods under the heavy and surging pressure to which they were subjected. The moon, which had not long risen, clearly revealed the ship in all her weird grandeur as she rushed through the heavy sea, volumes of smoke and spray spreading over her. On opening the harbor she rounded up grandly as the smoke drifted to leeward. On she came, and still no effort appeared to be making to take in the canvas. Now a new terror presented itself. As the burning ship was dashing into the midst of the crowds of weather-bound vessels in the harbor, it was evident that collision and fire were imminent. When about half a cable's length inside the east pier, the burning ship let go her two anchors, and as she rapidly wore to the strain her canvas was taken aback, and she began to draw her anchors and drift to the southwestward. Nothing could exceed the consternation amongst the wind-bound vessels, as destruction seemed to be inevitable to any craft coming in the way of the drifting ship. She first fouled a fine schooner, deeply laden, and after a fearful crash the ill-fated vessel gave a few heavy lurches and sank, the crew escaping by jumping into the bowsprit rigging of the burning ship, which still continued her course, till she came into collision with the schooner *Pilot*. In a few moments this also was reduced to a mastless wreck. The anchors of the ship still dragged, and as she rose and fell in the seaway she carried away the moorings of the trawler *Echo*. This little vessel when cast loose went rapidly leeward, and in a few moments was broken into atoms by the powerful seas breaking on the barriers beneath the Coastguard station to the westward of the harbor. The three collisions which the burning ship experienced had the effect of checking her wild course, and fortunately she came up to her anchors a little to the northeast of the Royal Irish Yacht Club House. She proved to be the *Nagpore* (Capt. J. Morris), an iron ship of 1,621 tons, bound from Calcutta to Liverpool with a cargo of cotton, jute and saltpetre, which had now been burning four days. When it was known that she had saltpetre on board, and that an explosion was dreaded, the alarm became very great. At an early hour messengers were sent for the fire brigade, and within a half-hour two engines and a large detachment of men were on the jetty. There were no means of shipping the engines so as to bring water to bear on the burning cargo, and prevent the flames reaching the jute and saltpetre. No time was to be lost, and the conclusion was come to that there was nothing to prevent a further and greater disaster but to "scuttle" the ship at once by any means that could be procured. The only means within reach were the two six-pounders of the cruiser *Queen Victoria*, which were shotted and fired at the *Nagpore* so as to hit her "between wind and water," with the desired result. Captain Morris stated that he made a fair passage till the Channel was reached; here fell in with dirty weather, and the ship labored rather heavily. Between five and six o'clock on Sunday afternoon, while the ship was beating between Holyhead and the Isle of Man, a strong gale from the southward then blowing, the steward saw smoke issuing from the after-cabin. Captain Morris was alarmed, and the entire ship's company at once set to work to combat the fire. But they had to fight two elements, for the storm had increased, and notwithstanding the most strenuous efforts the fire appeared to be gaining. Owing to the vast quantities of smoke generated by the cargo, it was impossible to approach that part of the ship. The crew worked manfully, but it was wasted exertion. It was feared that the fire, burning dully but swiftly through the cargo, would reach the saltpetre, in which case an overwhelming explosion was certain to occur. The captain, therefore, after consultation with his chief officers, determined to run for Kingstown Harbor. Unluckily, neither the captain nor any of the crew, except the steward, had ever been in that port before, and were ignorant of its moorings or the disposition of the shipping. The cargo in value was estimated at $250,000. The loss sustained to the ship and the general property she had on board, irrespective of her lading, may be put down at $125,000 more. This is a total loss of $375,000, independent of the damage she inflicted, and for which her owners may be liable.

GAS.

A company has been formed in England to manufacture gas by a simple and efficient mode, known as "Skoine's patent, which, it is claimed will effect a saving of *one half* the coal now consumed, while the process of purification being simplified labor wages are proportionately decreased, and the wear and tear of plant diminished, and notwithstanding the great increase in the quantity, and improvement in the quality of the gas produced, the amount of coke is fully equal to that produced by the ordinary process. By the ordinary process, one ton of Pelan Main coal produces only 10,000 cubic feet of 13-candle gas, whereas over 20,000 cubic feet of 17 candle gas are obtained from the same coal under this system. One ton of coal produces 15½ cwt. of coke. The cost to manufacture gas in London, with the present high price of coal, is 2s 4d per 1,000 cubic feet, which cost, by the new process, will be reduced at least 1s per 1,000 cubic feet. The ordinary gas supplied to the metropolis contains, besides ammonia, from 20 to 30 grains of sulphur per 100 cubic feet; by the new process the gas is practically freed from this impurity, 2½ to 3 grains being the maximum per 100 cubic feet. Thus, one ton of say Sydney coal, costing in San Francisco from $10 to $12, will produce 20,000 cubic feet of gas, of an aggregate illuminating power equal to 340,000 wax candles. The number of cubic feet burned during the consumption of a wax candle, ascertained, will determine the relative value of gas and wax candles.

Isaiah an Irishman.—We think there is internal evidence enough to demonstrate to the satisfaction of any candid reader that *Isaiah* was an Irishman. Take a single example (Isaiah xxxvii, 36): "And when they arose early in the morning they were all dead corpses." We have often heard of ghosts, but have always been most afraid of live ghosts—we should like to see some *live* corpses. Oh, Paddy!

THE FIRST NATIONAL GOLD BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO, CAL

Paid up Capital, $1,500,000, Gold. President, Geo. F. Hooper; Vice-President, [illegible]; Cashier, N. K. Masten. AGENTS: [illegible] Brothers & Co.; [illegible]; Duncan, Sherman & Co.; [illegible] National Bank. This Bank is prepared to transact a general banking business [illegible] Exchange for sale on the principal cities of Great Britain, Ireland and the Continent; Commercial Credits [illegible] Japan. Collections attended to and prompt returns made at the lowest market rate of Exchange. Dec 13.

THE BANK OF CALIFORNIA, SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital, $5,000,000. W. C. Ralston, President; Thos. Brown, Cashier. AGENTS—In New York, Agency of the Bank of California, No. 33 Pine street; in Boston, Tremont National Bank; in London, Oriental Bank Corporation. The Bank has Agencies at Virginia City, Gold Hill, and Correspondents in all the principal Mining Districts and Interior Towns of the Pacific Coast. Letters of Credit issued, available for the purchase of Merchandise throughout the United States, Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia. Exchange for sale on the Atlantic Cities. Draw direct on London, Dublin, Paris, St. Petersburgh, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen, Locarno, Vienna, Leipsic, Sydney, Melbourne, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hongkong, Frankfort-on-the-Main. Sept. 20

GERMAN SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

Guarantee Capital, $200,000. — Office 526 California street, North side, bet. Montgomery and Kearny streets. Office hours from 9 A.M. to 3 P.M. Extra hours on Saturdays from 7 to 8 P.M. for receiving of Deposits only. Loans made on Real Estate and other collateral securities, at current rates of interest. DIRECTORS.—L. Gottig, F. Roeding, C. Spreckels, H. Schmiedell, Chas. Kohler, Dan. Meyer, Chas. Meinecke, H. L. Simon, Geo. H. Eggers. George Lette, Secretary [Feb 1] L. GOTTIG, President.

SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.—GUARANTEE CAPITAL, $300,000.

Officers: President, John Parrott; Vice-President, Jerome Lincoln; Secretary, T. F. Bacon; Attorney, Sidney V. Smith. Loans made on Real Estate and other Approved Securities. Office: No. 204 Sansome street (Friedlander's Building), opposite the Bank of California, San Francisco. Oct. 14.

THE ANGLO-CALIFORNIAN BANK (LIMITED.)

412 California st., San Francisco.—London Office, 3 Angel Court; New York Agents, J. W. Seligman & Co., 21 Broad street. Authorized Capital Stock, $6,000,000. Will receive Deposits, open Accounts, make Collections, buy and sell Exchange and Bullion, loan Money, and issue Letters of Credit available throughout the world.
B. G. SNEATH, IGN. STEINHART, } Managers.
Oct. 4.

MASONIC SAVINGS AND LOAN BANK.

6 Post street, Masonic Temple, San Francisco. Guarantee capital, $150,000. Moneys received on Term and Ordinary Deposit. Dividends paid semi-annually. Loans made on approved security. LEONIDAS E. PRATT, Pres't; Wm. H. Culver, Vice-President; H. T. Graves, Secretary. May 13.

FRENCH SAVINGS AND LOAN SOCIETY.

411 Bush street, above Kearny. G. Hahe, Director. Loans made on real estate and other collateral securities at current rates of interest

THE LONDON AND SAN FRANCISCO BANK (Limited).

Sell Drafts on Yokohama, Hongkong, Shanghai and Manill, at sight or on time, in sums to suit. July 4.

THE MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE BANK OF SAN FRANCISCO.

Capital Stock, One Million Dollars. Levi Stevens, President; H. N. Van Brunt, Cashier. Banking House 415 California street. July 2

MORRIS SPEYER & CO.,

Importers and Commission Merchants, No. 13 Merch. Exchange. Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Company. Office 13 Merchants' Exchange. Policies issued against loss or damage by fire on brick and frame buildings, stores and dwellings, furniture and merchandise, warehouse and contents. Premiums as low as in any other responsible company. ☞ All losses paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Jan 29. MORRIS SPEYER & CO., General Agents.

D. CALVERT CHAMPAGNE.

FOR SALE BY
DICKSON, DeWOLF & CO.,
410, 412 and 414 Battery street,
SAN FRANCISCO. Dec. 13.

NOTICE.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the public that for reasons [illegible] themselves and all concerned with the late "California Creamery or Manufacturing Company," they have dissolved [illegible] and incorporated under the name of the CALIFORNIA BUTTER COMPANY. Liabilities of the old concern will be settled by the new Company. Office and manufactory will remain as before at 106 and 108 Sacramento street, where first class Fresh Butter will be supplied in [illegible] quantities at Low Prices.
WEST EVANS, President. HENRY PHILLIPS, Gen'l Manager
JOHN G. BAKER, Secretary. Dec 13.

ART ASSOCIATION.—OPENING OF WINTER EXHIBITION.

The Gallery of the San Francisco Art Association, 313 Pine street, is now open to the public, daily, from 10 A.M. to 5 P.M., and from 7 to 10 P.M. A splendid collection of CASTS FROM THE ANTIQUE is on exhibition for the first time, embracing many of the most famous Greek Statues and Parthenon Frieze Relievos. Also, more than

100 Original Oil Paintings,

by resident and foreign artists, including the celebrated picture, by Jacobs, of "SAMSON AND DELILAH." Season Tickets, admitting gentleman and lady, $3. Single admission, 50 cents. Dec 13

PURE WHITE LEAD.

The undersigned having been appointed Agents for the Salem Lead Company, will be in receipt of regular shipments of this well known brand of White Lead, which they offer to the trade on reasonable terms. In consequence of the [illegible] and care exercised throughout the process of manufacture, this Lead has established a reputation of wearing longer and looking better and withstanding the action of the weather better than most other brands now offered to the public. WILLIAMS, BLANCHARD & CO.
Dec. 13. 218 California street.

MILLS' SEMINARY.

The next term of this well known institution will commence on WEDNESDAY, Jan. 7th, 1874. With its healthy location, ample grounds, commodious buildings, and large, efficient corps of teachers, the institution offers unrivaled facilities in all its departments for a thorough and finished education. All letters of inquiry, and all communications relative to admission, should be addressed to [Dec 13.] REV. C. MILLS, Brooklyn, Alameda Co., Cal.

MATHUSHEK PIANOS

Will hold their original purity of tone, and will stay in tune ten times longer than any others. C. C. EWING, Agent,
Dec. 13. 111 Montgomery street

Cowan & Co., Paper Makers, Edinburgh, Diploma of Honor Vienna. MILLER & RICHARD, Type Founders, Edinburgh, A. B. FLEMING & CO., Ink Manufacturers, Edinburgh. Highest Medal, Vienna. ELLIS READ, Agent,
Nov. 8. Office, 412 Pine street, San Francisco.

THE NEWS LETTER

IS FORWARDED, PREPAID, EVERY [illegible] ALL [illegible] AND PLACES OF [illegible] THE WORLD:—

Adelaide—Chamber of Commerce; Elder, Smith & Co.; Wm. Younghusband & Co.
Amsterdam—Hope & Co.
Antwerp—La Bourse.
Alexandria—Zizinia Freres.
Acapulco—L. D. Hedges, Esq.
Auckland—Chamber of Commerce; Brown, Campbell & Co, Thomas Terrell; Wayle; Upton Bros.
Aberdeen—Chamber of Commerce.
Arizona—A. Johnson & Co; W. L. Hopkins.
Berlin—Merchants' Exchange; Taylor & Co.
Baltimore—James T. Watkins; Merchants' Exchange.
Boston—J. L. Gardner; Ed. Gassett; Merchants' Exchange.
Bordeaux—J. Lanszeinth & Fils; Barton & Guestier; Pierre Schroder & Co.
Birmingham—Chamber of Commerce.
Bombay—Commercial Bank of India; Chamber of Commerce.
Batavia—Commercial Society; Martin, Dyce & Co; Dummler & Co.
Buenos Ayres—Chamber of Commerce; Zimmerman, Fair & Co.
Bristol—Commercial Rooms.
Belfast—Commercial Exchange.
British Columbia—The Governor of British Columbia.
Canton—Jardine, Matheson & Co
Constantinople—Baltazzi Freres, Jacques, Alleon & Co.
Cape of Good Hope—Commercial Reading Rooms.
Calcutta—Chamber Commerce, Commercial Bank of India, Whitney Brothers & Co.
Callao—George Petrie, Esq.; English Reading Rooms.
Copenhagen—Royal Exchange; Borsen.
Colombo—Chas. Shand & Co.
Dunedin—Chamber Commerce; Cargill & Co.
Dublin—Commercial Building.
Edinburgh—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Frankfort—N. M. Rothschild & Sons.
Glasgow—Chamber Commerce and Manufacturers.
Guaymas—Lack & Co., A. Willard, Esq; James H. Langtry.
Gibraltar—Turner & Co.
Hamburg—Lutterroth & Co.; H. J. Merck & Co.; Carl Heine; Borsenhalle.
Havre—Quesnel Freres et Cie; Wanner, Langer & Co; C Dubois & Co; Banque Commerciale.
Honolulu—Wilcox, Richards & Co; Aldrich, Walker & Co; H. M. Whitney.
Havana—Crawford, Esq; H. B. M.'s Consul.
Jamaica—Middleton & Co.
Jersey, England—Commercial Reading Rooms.
London—Chairman of London Stock Exchange; Lloyds; Governor of the Bank of England; Gunn & Co; Rothschilds, Bank of London; Baring, Bros & Co. Delizy, Davies & Co; F'k Anstie, M. D.; "Public Opinion," "Graphic," "Court Journal," newspapers; Private Secretary of Queen Victoria.
Lima—William Gibbs & Co, Alsop & Co, Huth, Grunning & Co; Bates, Stokes & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co; Farmer & Company.
Liverpool—Chamber Commerce; B. Kendall; Liverpool General Brokers' Association.
Leeds—Chamber of Commerce; Cloth Hall.
Lisbon—Union Commercial.
Madrid—Francisco de P. Retortillo, Excellentisimo Don Juan de Salamanca.
Mexico—Barron, Forbes & Co; Theodore La Cadie & Co.
Marseilles—Pascal, Fillis & Co; Roun de Fraissinet.
Manchester—Chamber of Commerce.
Melbourne—James Henty & Co, Chamber of Commerce, Grice, Lumner & Co; McCulloch, Sellers & Co.
Madras—Binney & Co; Chamber of Commerce, C. Shand & Co.
Mauritius—James Leischman & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Montreal—St. James' Club; C. M. McNab.
Manila—Martin, Dyce & Co; Peele, Hubbell & Co, Russell & Sturgis, Patterson, Morgan & Co.
Mazatlan—Kelly, Myrtle & Co.
Montevideo—Commercial Exchange; Zimerman, Fair & Co.

SPECIAL BREVITIES.

A Vienna paper relates an amusing incident which occurred to a great lady just recovered from a long and severe illness. Seated in her boudoir, she was looking over the cards of condolence that had been left for her while ill. Among the names of counts, barons, and other aristocratic sympathizers emblazoned with coronets and coats of arms she came across a simple card with the plain inscription, "Hermann Berger." In vain the lady asked who Hermann Berger was. None of her servants could give her any other information than that the individual was a remarkably handsome young man. The lady's curiosity became excited, and she gave orders to admit the person if he should call again. The order was punctually obeyed, and on the next day she received a really charming young man, dressed in exquisite style, who evidently appeared greatly embarrassed at the honor of a *tete-a-tete* with the still charming, though somewhat faded beauty. "I can hardly find words," said the lady, with a blush, "to thank you for the sympathy which you have manifested for a stranger." "I beg your pardon, gracious lady," stammered the dandy, "but I am the agent for Messrs. A. B., the undertakers!"

A Present to the Sultan.—Two stuffed Russian bears presented to the Sultan have been placed, one on each side of the entrance to the grand saloon of Dolma Bagtché palace at Constantinople. They were sent, not by the Czar, as has been stated, but by his brother the Grand Duke Nicholas, as *souvenirs* of his visit to Constantinople. When, in his interview with the Sultan, the conversation turning on bear-hunting, his Imperial Highness promised his Majesty the finest specimen his next season's chase should afford him. One of these was killed by the Grand Duke's own hand, as an inscription states. It is a magnificent jet-black beast of towering hight, and stands erect, clutching the trunk of a tree, the branches of which are tastefully made to serve for a candelabrum. The other bear, which is a brown one, holds a plate between his paws. The Grand Duke has intimated his intention of presenting the Sultan also with some fine trotting horses.

Wages in America.—The wages which emigrants to the United States of America have an opportunity of earning, vary in the different states and territories. In 18, it ranges from $30 to $40 a month, without board, for the season; the highest rate is in Utah territory, the lowest in South Carolina; in the former it is as high as $66 22, in the latter as low as $14; in 10 divisions it ranges from $20 to $30 per month, as above. These remarks apply to agricultural labor. In only nine states it attains to $40 and upwards; in five it is less than $19 upon the above specified conditions. The rate of wages of blacksmiths is stated upon an average to be, per day, $3 to $4; bricklayers, $3 to $5; carpenters, $3 to $4; masons, $4 to $8. In all the Southern States the rate of wages is low.

Tunnel Between Scotland and Ireland.—An Irish correspondent says: —"Mr. Scott, the engineer who has been five years elaborating a plan for making a submarine railway to run through a tunnel constructed between Ireland and Scotland, has at last propounded his scheme. He says he has overcome all the difficulties of drainage and ventilation which have been hitherto considered insurmountable, and all that is now wanted is capital. Mr. Scott proposes to construct his tunnel from Cushendon or Cushendall to the Mull of Cantyre in Argyllshire, about the third of the distance from Dover to Calais, where the French Government proposes to make a tunnel somewhat similar to that proposed for Scotland and Ireland."—*Belfast News Letter.*

A New Pavement.—A new pavement has been prepared, and is said to have given great satisfaction where it has been tried. It is called the Indestructible Block Pavement. This pavement is said to have been tried in New York and New Jersey, and is proposed to be introduced in St. Louis. The paving blocks are composed of lime-stone ground and heated to 300 degrees and mixed with pure asphalt, after which the blocks are subjected to a pressure of fifty tons. It is claimed that the pavement is more enduring than granite, is noiseless, and does not cause any dust. The blocks are 12 inches in length, five inches broad and five deep. The cost is $40 per square.

France.—Marshal McMahon, in opening the Assembly on November 5th, pointed out that the present Government lacked two essential conditions of which the Assembly could not longer leave it destitute without danger; it had neither sufficient vitality nor authority, and whoever the holder of the power might be, that power could do nothing durable if its right to govern was daily called into question. He then asked them to consider three dangers, and to give to society a strong and durable executive power, which would be solicitous for its future and able to defend it with energy.

President Grant's Joke about Ireland.—President Grant is not a jocular man; but once in a while he indulges in a little story, and tells it well. Referring recently to the difference in wages in Europe and America, he related the incident of a free-trade orator who was complaining of the cost of clothing in this country and its cheapness abroad. "Why, my friend," said the orator, "you can buy as much for a shilling in Ireland as you can for fifty cents in the United States." "True enough, your honor," said an Irishman in the crowd; "but the difficulty in Ireland is to get the shilling."

A project is on foot to give London one great floating swimming-bath on the Thames, for the use of the public. This has been undertaken by a company, with Admiral Elliot at its head. The capital needed is £100,000, at £2 shares, and nearly the whole has, it is said, been subscribed for. The Thames conservators have agreed to allow the Company the use of one of the landing stages of the Thames Embankment of Charing-Cross as a site, and here the public will have, before long, a bath 360 feet long by 40 feet broad. Something like a bath!

Russia.—Advices from St. Petersburg state that the Shah of Persia has offered assistance to Russia in a Spring campaign against the Turcomans, and in seizing the capital of Khorassan. It is rumored that the Russian troops are returning from Tashkend to Khiva, to prevent further Turcoman outrages. It is not likely that the Shah's offer will be accepted. It is probably only advanced to show that a good feeling exists between the two countries.

Orange Drumming Parties paraded the streets of Portadown, Ireland, on Nov. 7th. While some men tried to force their way through a Catholic district the police had to charge with the bayonet repeatedly, and were stoned by the crowd. In keeping the people back the sub-inspector and several policeman were severely hurt, and several men stabbed by the police.

A Holy War.—News from St. Petersburg states that many of the priests of Bokhara are agitating in the Central Asiatic Khanates in order to incite a holy war against Russia. A large number of Tartars in South Russia are escaping to Turkish territory in order to avoid the military conscription.

The American Manufacturer says that about 7,000 acres of timber land is cleared each week day in the United States. Of the annual crop $75,000,000 worth goes for fuel and twice as much for fencing. The locomotives in North America consume no fewer than 700,000 cords, or 100 acres a year.

A company has been formed in France to utilize the power of the ocean tides on the coast by proper machinery. The first experiment is to be made at St. Malo, were the tide rises nearly eighty feet, and overflows many square miles of flats.

A suggestion is thrown out to utilize tame elephants and domesticated buffaloes for African exploration. As beasts of burden upon which the *tsetse* fly could have no effect they are held to be unequaled.

Jute is principally manufactured at Dundee, Scotland, where there are 50 mills, ranging from four to eight stories high. The largest mill employs 5,000 hands, and works up into fabrics 999,000 lbs. of raw jute per week.

A block of properties was sold in Melbourne last month for £77,632. The original purchaser of the land obtained it in the early days of the colony for about £150.

Mr. Eugene Schuyler, of the American Legation at St. Petersburg, is writing a work on Central Asia, which will appear in England in May.

The Japanese are largely adopting European attire. Wide-awakes, Glengarry bonnets, and Inverness capes appear to be in the ascendant.

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

Declared by Connoisseurs to be the Only Good Sauce.—Caution AGAINST FRAUD.—The success of this most delicious and unrivaled condiment having caused certain dealers to apply the name of "Worcestershire Sauce" to their own inferior compounds, the public is hereby informed that the only way to secure the genuine is to ask for "Lea & Perrins' Sauce," and to see that their names are upon the WRAPPER, LABELS, STOPPER and BOTTLE. Some of the foreign markets having been supplied with a spurious Worcestershire Sauce, upon the wrapper and labels of which the names of Lea & Perrins have been forged, L. & P. give notice that they have furnished their correspondents with power of attorney to take instant proceedings against MANUFACTURERS and VENDORS of such, or any other imitations by which their right may be infringed. Ask for Lea & Perrins' Sauce, and see name on wrapper, label, bottle and stopper. Wholesale and for export by the proprietors, Worcester; Crosse & Blackwell, London, etc., etc., and by grocers and oilmen universally. To be obtained of MESSRS. CROSS & CO., San Francisco.

JOYCE'S SPORTING AMMUNITION.—ESTABLISHED 1820.

The attention of Sportsmen is invited to the following Ammunition, of the best quality, now in general use throughout England, India and the Colonies: Treble Waterproof Central Fire Percussion Caps, Chemically-prepared Cloth and Felt Gun Wadding, Joyce's Gas-Tight Cartridges, for Pin fire and Central fire Breech-loading Guns; Wire Cartridges, for killing game at long distances, and every description of Sporting Ammunition. Sold by all gunmakers and dealers in gunpowder. FREDERICK JOYCE & CO., Patentees and Manufacturers,
Sept. 4.] 57 Upper Thames street, London.

PURE CHEMICALS AND ALL NEW MEDICINES.

T. Morson & Son, 31, 33, and 124 Southampton Row, Russell Square, London, supply pure Chemicals and all New Medicinal Preparations, including the following specialties: Pepsine, the active digestive principle of the gastric juice, an agreeable and popular remedy for weak digestion—in powder, wine, lozenges, and globules. Pancreatic Emulsion, and Pancreatine in powder, containing the active principle obtained from the Pancreas, by which the digestion and assimilation of fat is effected. Saccharated Wheat Phosphates, a valuable dietetic preparation for invalids and children, supplying the elements for the formation of bone. Creosote, from wood tar, of which T. M. and Son are the only British manufacturers. Gelatine, a perfect and economical substitute for Isinglass. Shipping orders executed with care and dispatch. Foreign Agents—Calcutta, Messrs. Scott, Thomson & Co.; Bombay and Poonah, Messrs. Treacher & Co; Kurrachee, Messrs. Dodgett & Hughes; Umballa and Meian Meer, and Lucknow and Simla, Punjab Trading Co., Limited.

THE MOST WONDERFUL REMEDY EVER DISCOVERED.

Caution and Advice to Invalids.—Spurious Imitations of Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. The original and only genuine, which is the best safest and most effectual remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Consumption, Asthma, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Colic, Cramp, Rheumatism, Neuralgia. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE. The Right Hon. Earl Russell communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See Lancet, Dec. 31, 1864. Extract from the General Board of Health, London.—"So strongly are we convinced of the immense value of this remedy, that we cannot too forcibly urge the necessity of adopting it in all cases." Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is publicly acknowledged by the most eminent physicians of London to be the most effectual remedy ever discovered. ☞ To prevent fraud, the Government have authorized a stamp with the words Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne engraved thereon, without which none can be genuine. Sold in bottles at 65 cents $1 40, and $2 15, by all chemists. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell street, Bloomsbury, London. AGENTS IN NEW YORK.—J. ASPINWALL, William street F. C. WELLS & CO., 15 Franklin street. July 11.

MAGENTA.—"JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES FOR THE PEOPLE,"

Are undoubtedly the most useful article ever offered to the public. Any one can use them, anything can be dyed with them in a few minutes without soiling the hands. In England "Judson's Dyes are as "Household Words." Articles of Clothing that have been put aside as faded and useless, may be made nearly equal to new by merely following the simple directions appended to each bottle of Dye. Names of Colors: Magenta, Mauve, Violet, Scarlet, Green, Blue, Pink, Crimson, Brown, Canary, Orange, Black. Price: Small bottles, 6d. Large bottles, 1s. 6d. each. May be had of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the world, or wholesale of DANIEL JUDSON & SON, London, and all Merchants. Liberal discount to Dealers. N. B.—A small bottle of color will dye twelve yards of bonnet Ribbon. *.*SEE THAT YOU GET "JUDSON'S SIMPLE DYES."

KEATING'S COUGH LOZENGES.

Upwards of fifty years experience has fully confirmed the superior reputation of these Lozenges in the cure of Asthma, Winter Cough, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, and other Pulmonary Maladies. Sold in bottles of various sizes. KEATING'S BON-BONS, or CHILDREN'S WORM TABLETS, a purely vegetable sweetmeat, furnishing both in appearance and taste a most agreeable method of administering a well known remedy for Intestinal or Thread Worms. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and especially adapted for Children. Sold in bottles of various sizes. THOS. KEATING, London, Export Chemist and Druggist. Indents for Pure Drugs and Chemicals carefully executed. June 2.
Agents—CHARLES LANGLEY & Co., corner Battery and Clay sts, San Francisco.

CAUTION.—BETTS'S PATENT CAPSULES.

The public are respectfully cautioned that Betts's Patent Capsules are being infringed. BETTS'S name is upon every Capsule he makes for the leading Merchants at home and abroad, and he is the Only Inventor and Sole Maker in the United Kingdom. MANUFACTORIES: 1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE. June 15.

BETTS'S CAPSULE PATENTS.

Betts's Capsule Patents.—To prevent Infringements, Notice is hereby given, that BETTS'S NAME IS ON EVERY CAPSULE he makes for the principal merchants in England and France, thus enabling vendor, purchaser and consumer not only to identify the genuineness of the capsule, but likewise the contents of the vessel to which it is applied. The Lord Chancellor, in his judgment, said that the capsules are not used merely for the purpose of the ornament, but that they are serviceable in protecting the wine from injury and insuring its genuineness. Manufactories—1, WHARF ROAD, CITY ROAD, LONDON, AND BORDEAUX, FRANCE.

MARAVILLA COCOA.

Taylor Brothers (the largest Manufacturers of Cocoa in Europe), having the Exclusive Supply of this unrivaled Cocoa, invite comparison with any other Cocoa for purity, fine aroma, sanative, nutritive and sustaining power, easiness of digestion, and especially High Delicious Flavor. One trial will establish it as a favorite beverage for breakfast, luncheon, and a soothing refreshment after a late evening. N. B. Caution—"MARAVILLA" is a registered Trade Mark.

MARAVILLA COCOA

The Globe says, "Taylor Brothers' Maravilla Cocoa has achieved a thorough success, and supersedes every other Cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition, distinguish the Maravilla Cocoa above all others. For invalids and dyspeptics, we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." For further favorable opinions vide Standard, Morning Post, British Medical Journal, etc., etc.

HOMŒOPATHIC COCOA.

This original preparation has attained a world-wide reputation, and is manufactured by TAYLOR BROTHERS, under the ablest Homœopathic advice, aided by the skill and experience of the inventors, and will be found to combine in an eminent degree the purity, fine aroma, and nutritious property of the fresh nut.

SOLUBLE CHOCOLATE.

Made in one minute without boiling.—The above articles are prepared exclusively by TAYLOR BROTHERS, the largest manufacturers in Europe, and sold in tin lined packets only, by storekeepers and others all over the world. STEAM MILLS, BRICK LANE, LONDON. Export Chicory Mills, Bruges, Belgium. May 10.

CALIFORNIA JEWELRY COMPANY,

Levison Bros., No. 131 Sutter street, San Francisco.—Sole Agents for American Watch Company, National Watch Company, Howard Watch Company, Churchill Jones' Watches, Carter Howkins & Dodd's Fine Jewelry, Meriden Britannia Co. and Rogers Bros. Plated Ware. Importers of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Watch Materials and Tools, Optical Goods. Manufacturers of Jewelry. Diamond Setters and Lapidaries. March 16.

HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH,

FIRE, MARINE, AND LIFE INSURANCE AGENCY,

No. 314 California street, represent the following well known and reliable Companies:

Girard, of Philadelphia	$755,000	Penn, of Philadelphia	$255,000
Amazon, of Cincinnati	1,114,000	Kansas, of Leavenworth	250,000
North Missouri, of St Louis	1,21,000	Atlantic and Pacific, of Chicago	250,000
St. Paul, of Minnesota	630,000	National Life, U. S. A., of Philadelphia	1,225,000
Mutual Insurance Association, of New Orleans	1,456,231		

PERFECT INDEMNITY. LOSSES PROMPTLY AND EQUITABLY ADJUSTED.
HUTCHINSON, MANN & SMITH, General Agents,
August 9. 314 California street, San Francisco, Cal.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA.

No. 421 California St., Merchants Exchange Building. Fire and Marine Insurance Company. Capital, $750,000. Officers—John H Redington President, George H. Howard, Vice President, Charles R. Story, Secretary, S. B. Eddy, Marine Secretary. H H BIGELOW General Manager. Directors.—San Francisco—Geo H Howard, F D Atherton, H F Teschemacher, A B Grogan, John H Redington A W Bowman, C S. Hobbs, B M. Hartshorne, D. Conrad, Wm H Moor, Geo S Johnson, H S. Tilden, W M Greenwood, S L. Jones, Geo S. Mann Cyrus Wilson, W H Foster, Jr, Jos Galloway, R T Garratt, C Waterhouse, A P Hotaling. Oregon Branch—P Wasserman, B Goldsmith, L. F Grover, D. Macleay, C. H Lewis, Lloyd Brooke, J A. Crawford, D. M. French, J Lowenberg, Hamilton Boyd, Manager, W L. Ladd, Treasurer. Marysville—D E. Knight. San Diego—A. H Wilcox. Sacramento Branch—Charles Crocker, A Redington, Mark Hopkins, Jas. Carolan, J. F Houghton, D. W Earl, Isaac Lohman, Julius Wetzlar, Julius Wetzlar, Manager, I. Lohman, Secretary. Stockton Branch—H H Hewlett, Geo S. Evans, J. D Peters, N M Orr, W F McKee, A. W. Simpson, A. T. Hudson, H M Fanning, H. H. Hewlett, Manager, N. M Orr, Secretary. San Jose Branch—T. Ellard Beans, Josiah Belden, A Pfister, J S. Carter, Jackson Lewis, N Hayes, Noah Palmer, B. D Murphy, J J Denny, Manager, A E. Moody, Secretary. Grass Valley—William Watt, Robert Watt. Nevada—T. W Sigourney. Feb. 1.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.—UNION INS CO OF S. F.

The California Lloyds.—Established in 1861.—Nos. 416 and 418 California street. Cash capital, $750,000 in Gold. Assets exceed $1,000,000 Coin. Fair Rates! Prompt Settlement of Losses! Solid Security!! DIRECTORS—San Francisco—J Mora Moss, James Otis, Moses Heller, N J. T. Dana, M J. O'Connor, W. W Montague, Daniel Meyer, Adam Grant, Antoine Borel, Charles Kohler, Jos. Seller, W. C. Ralston, I Lawrence Pool, A Weill, N. G. Kittle, Jabez Howes, Nicholas Luning, John Parrott, Milton S. Latham, J Baum, M D Sweeney, Joseph Brandenstein, Gustave Touchard, G Brignardello, George C Hickox, T. Lemmen Meyer, J H. Baird, T. E Lindenberger. Sacramento—Edw Cadwalader, J F Houghton, L. A. Booth. Marysville—L. Cunningham, Peter Decker. Portland, O.—Henry Failing. New York—J G. Kittle, Benjamin Brewster, James Phelan.
GUSTAVE TOUCHARD, President. N. G KITTLE, Vice-President.
Charles D Haven, Secretary. Geo. T Bohen, Surveyor. Oct. 26.

REMOVAL.

The Commercial Insurance Co. of California, have removed their office to No 228 California street, in Tallant's New Bank Building, Northeast corner California and Battery streets, San Francisco. This Company transacts A GENERAL FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, determining rates commensurate with the hazard assumed, and independently of any combination. The attention of the insuring public is invited to this fact, and also to the following list of Directors, comprising many of our wealthiest and most responsible citizens:
Directors.—W. W Dodge, Claus Spreckles, Selden S Wright, W. B Cummings, C. F MacDermot, James M. Barney, C W. Kellogg, A. W Jee, Peter Dean, C. J Deering, John H. Wise, Levi Stevens, James Gamble, E. T. Gile, W B. Hooper, G. L. Bradley, D. H Haskell, H. S. Crocker, F. S. Freeman, N. D Thayer, Jas Phelan, Charles Main.
C. W. KELLOGG, President.
H. G Horner, Secretary. May 3.

NEW ENGLAND MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., OF BOSTON.

Has transacted the business of Life Insurance for over a quarter of a century. Its assets amount to over Nine Millions Dollars. The law of Massachusetts makes all its Policies nonforfeitable. It is a Purely Mutual Company, dividing every cent of surplus among Policy holders. This is the Only Company on the Pacific Coast governed by the Massachusetts Lapse Law.
WALLACE EVERSON, General Agent,
April 23.] N. E. cor. California and Sansome sts., opposite Bank of California.

REMOVAL AND CHANGE OF AGENCY.

The public are invited to take notice that the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford, have removed from the corner of California and Leidesdorff streets, to the opposite side of California street, No. 11 Merchants' Exchange Building. Also, that they have recently appointed the undersigned their General Agent for this Coast. All business of the Company will be attended to at their new location, by the newly appointed General Agent. The old Ætna has cash assets of $5,000,000, and an experience of Fifty Years in the fire insurance business.
GEO. C. BOARDMAN, General Agent.
Wm Macdonald, Agent. Nov 21.

NORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY, OF LONDON AND ABERDEEN.

Subscribed Capital, $10,000,000, Accumulated Funds, upwards of $6,750,000; Annual Fire Premiums, less re-insurance, $1,180,000. Losses Promptly Paid in U S Gold Coin.
W L. BOOKER, Agent,
[Jan 13.] No 319 California street, San Francisco.
☞ The Policies of this Company are not only guaranteed by the Capital but by the unlimited personal responsibility of fully seven hundred Shareholders.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON.

Established in 1803.—Capital $8,000,000.—Losses paid here in cash (immediately on adjustment, in United States Gold Coin.
FALKNER, BELL & CO., Agents for California,
Feb 8. No 430 California street.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE CO. OF LIVERPOOL.

Capital, $3,000,000.—Agents: Balfour, Guthrie & Co., No. 308 Sansome street, San Francisco. Nov 18.

BRITISH COLUMBIAN IMMIGRATION OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO.

Every information respecting British Columbia and Vancouver's Island, their resources and capabilities will be supplied to intending settlers and others upon application to W. H. H ADAMSON, Immigration Agent for British Columbia, 318 California street, San Francisco. Nov 16.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,

10 State street, Boston, 37 Park Row, New York, and 701 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, are our Agents for procuring advertisements for the News Letter in the above cities, and authorized to contract for advertising at our lowest rates. May 24.

ALFRED E. JONES,

Who left New York for California about four years ago, is earnestly requested to communicate with his sister, S. E JONES, who is living at Mr. Warren's, High street, Chingford, Essex, England. May 31.

Anton Roman.] **A. ROMAN & CO.,** [J. A. Hofmann

Booksellers, Publishers and Stationers, No. 11 Montgomery street San Francisco, California, and 27 Howard street, New York. [July 23

JOHN OSBORNE,

Agent to the San Francisco "News Letter."—Office at Wells, Fargo & Co's, Main street, Los Angeles. June 11.

MR. L. A. WELLER,

Of Austin, Nevada, is our authorized Agent to receive subscriptions and advertisements for Nevada. March 21.

F. G. NAGLE,

Searcher of Records, Sonoma county. Temple and Johnson's Office, Santa Rosa. June 15

CHINA TRANS-PACIFIC STEAMSHIP CO. (LIMITED.)

FOR HONGKONG VIA YOKOHAMA.

The magnificent new Clyde built screw Steamship Vasco de Gama, (classed 100 A 1 at Lloyd's, 2,500 tons register, 2,500 horse power effective), F Rice, Commander. This fast and powerful vessel—the first of the fleet of the "China Trans-Pacific Steamship Co, Limited"—will leave as above about the 20th January, 1874. She has been built expressly for the service between this and China and Japan, and is fitted up most luxuriantly, with all the latest improvements for the comfort and safety of the passengers. The Steamship carries an experienced Surgeon and Stewardess. For freight or passage apply to
Nov. 1. MACONDRAY & CO., Agents, 204 and 206 Sansome street.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R CO.

Change of Time.—On and after April 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front-street Wharf, at 2:30 P M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 6 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:30 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.
For all information apply at the Company's office, 408 Montgomery street.
May 31. PETER DONAHUE, President.

TO THE PURCHASERS OF TEN DOLLAR LOTS.

As Agent of the Decoto Land Company, I desire to call the attention of my patrons to the new town of Decoto, near the new Beet Sugar Mill, in ALAMEDA VALLEY. Choice business lots and lots for manufacturing purposes fronting on the main and side tracks of the Central Pacific Railroad, are now offered for cash, by the Directors. Also, residence lots, beautified with evergreen trees, payable in monthly installments of $10. As a shipping point for manufacturers, it is unequaled, as it commands, by railroad, the entire State. As an investment, I consider this property superior to any I have ever offered in this market.
HARVEY S BROWN,
Agent Decoto Land Company, 624 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block, next to the Bulletin Publication Office. Dec 24.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Regular Steamers to Portland, leaving San Francisco weekly—Steamships J L STEPHENS, ORIFLAMME, and AJAX, connecting with Steamers to SITKA and PUGET SOUND, and O. and C. R. R. Co and Oregon C. R. R. Co through Willamette, Umpqua, and Rogue River Valleys, Oregon.
June 14. WM NORRIS, Agent, 217 Sansome street.

CUNARD LINE—BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON & LIVERPOOL,

CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

Passage Tickets sold to and from Great Britain and the Continent. Cabin Plans can be seen and Staterooms secured at office of
May 17. E. E. MORGAN'S SONS, 330 California street.

FOR VICTORIA, DIRECT,

Carrying her Majesty's Mails, connecting with Steamers for Puget Sound. The Clyde-built Steamship PRINCE ALFRED. Leaves Hathaway's wharf on the 5th and 20th of each month at 10 A.M. For freight or passage apply at the corner of Folsom and Spear streets. [Oct. 19.] JOHN ROSENFELD, Ag't.

NOTICE.

Shippers to Santa Barbara and other Coast Ports, are requested not to rely on a paper called "The Guide" for information as to the movements of our vessels. See advertisement in daily papers.
Sept. 20. GOODALL, NELSON & PERKINS, Corner Clay and East sts.

S. T SUIT & CO.'S

CELEBRATED KENTUCKY WHISKIES!

Congress Bourbon,	National Bourbon,
Capital Bourbon,	Breckenridge B. B B. Rye.

None of the above brands are under three years old. Quality Guaranteed.
BOOTH & CO., Sacramento, W. W. DODGE & CO., San Francisco.
Dec. 9.] Sole Agents for Pacific Coast.

NEW ROADSIDE HOME, "THE VILLA,"

At the New Golden Gate Park.—The building having just been completed, is now open. The house is elegantly furnished, and has Four Public Parlors and Ten Private Dining Rooms, the whole being built, not like a public hotel, but as it is named, an elegant Villa. "THE VILLA" is located at the last or northwestern gate of the Park. Epicurean Breakfasts, Dinners and Suppers, prepared on the shortest notice.
GUIDO MANGENBERG & CO.,
August 2. Proprietors.

W. W. DODGE & CO.,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in Groceries and Provisions,
Corner Front and Clay streets, SAN FRANCISCO.

NEWTON BOOTH,	J. T GLOVER,
C. T. WHEELER,	W. W DODGE
Sacramento	San Francisco.

Dec. 9.]

TO THE COAL TRADE.

The Black Diamond Coal Mining Co. have for sale 3,000 tons best quality Wallsend and Waratah Sydney Coal, 700 tons Bellingham Bay Coal. And are receiving 1,000 tons per month of Black Diamond and other Mount Diablo Coal. Office—Spear street, between Folsom and Harrison.
Nov 15. P. B. CORNWALL, Prest. B. D. C M Co.

Jas. Linforth. Jno. Bensley. L. B Benchley.

LINFORTH, KELLOGG & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Agricultural Implements and Mining Tools,
August 16. Nos 3 and 5 FRONT STREET, near Market, San Francisco.

BAGS, TENTS, AND HOSE.

NEVILLE & CO.,
113 Clay and 114 Commercial streets,
San Francisco [May 24

"FLIES ARE IN!"

But you can keep them out by having those patent Sliding Wire Screens fitted to your doors and windows. Leave your order at the CALIFORNIA WIRE WORKS, 112 Clay street. We take measures and fit them up complete. [May 24] J M. ECKFELDT & CO.

C. W. Gilbert] **GILBERT & MOORE,** [D. A. Moore.

Manufacturers of Office, School Furniture, and Settees.—Salesroom, 315 Bush street. Factory, 115 Brannan street. Feb 1.

"GERKE" WINE.

The Depot for the sale of the Favorite Wines from the Celebrated Bosquejo Vineyard, Vina, Tehama County, is now permanently located at 418 and 420 Market street, corner of Sutter, San Francisco. HENRY GERKE.
George Hamlin, Manager. Nov. 11.

J. C. MERRILL & CO.,

Wholesale Auction House, 204 and 206 California st. Sale days, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M. Cash advances on consignments.
Dec. 11 E M PATTEN, Auctioneer.

Jas. H. Ham.] **PETERS & HAM,** [Wm. D. Peters.

Dealers in Paper Hangings, Window Shades, etc., 321 Pine street, San Francisco. March 1.

NOTICE.

Dr. A. J Bowie has resumed the practice of his profession. Office, 622 Clay street. Office Hours from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M. Sept 27.

THE NEWS LETTER

is forwarded, prepaid, every Saturday, to the following Addresses and Places of Business Resort throughout the World:—
New York—Chamber Commerce, Astor House, Metropolitan Hotel, St. Nicholas Hotel; Fifth Avenue Hotel.
Nassau (New Providence)—H. Adderly & Co.
Nevada—Charles Forman; C. Lowe.
New Zealand—Wellington—Ed. Greaves Smith, Agent. Nelson J Hounsell, Agent.
Oporto—Banco Allianca.
Odessa—Rafalowich & Co; C. Zuckerbecker & Co.
Oregon—A. C. Whitcomb; Henry Boyd.
Paris—W. C. Watson; Henry Maille.
Point de Galle—James Black.
Panama—Francisco Alvarez.
Rio Janeiro—Wright, Maxwell & Co, Commercial Exchange.
St. Petersburgh—Stieglitz & Co.
Singapore—Rawson & Co, Martin, Dyce & Co; Chamber of Commerce.
Sydney—Chamber of Commerce; Robert Town & Co; Gilchrist, Watt & Co.
Southampton—Royal Mail S. S. Company.
Shanghai—F. De Lands, P. M. S S Co.
Toronto—The Bank of British North America.
Vienna—M. L Biederman & Co; S H Stamulz & Co; "Free Press."
Valparaiso—La Bolsa, Cross & Co, Alsop & Co, Wm. Gibbs & Co; Huth, Gruning & Co; Graham, Rowe & Co.
Vera Cruz—British Consul.
Victoria (V. I.)—Bank of British Columbia; Gov A. E. Kennedy.
Victoria (Hongkong)—Boeman & Co, Jardine, Mathieson & Co, Dent & Co, Russell & Co, Augustine Heard & Co, Chamber of Commerce.
Washington (D C.)—Willard's Hotel, His Excellency President U S Grant.
Washington Territory—Govern'r William Pickering.
Yokohama—Jardine, Mathieson & Co, F Bevill, W. Birch; Commercial Bank of India.

CONSULAR CORPS.

Belgium—Consul General—S. Morange, Grand Hotel. Consul, E Grisar, N W cor Broadway and Sansome.
Chili—Consul General—F Segundo Casanueva, U. S. Court Building. Consul—H. Barrollhet, 324 Montgomery street.
Denmark—Consul—G O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California street.
Ecuador—Consul—Daniel Wolf. Acting Consul—F Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
France—Consul General—Edmond Breuil, 434 Jackson st.
Great Britain—W L. Booker, Consul. Charles Mason, Vice-Consul.
Guatemala—Consul General—Leslie C Hanks, 301 California.
German Empire—Consul—C. A. C Dalsenberg, 314 Sacramento.
Greece—Consul—N J Kabath, S E cor. California & Sansome.
Hawaiian Islands—Consul—Henry W Severance, 405 Front.
Honduras—Consul—William V. Wells, Mayor's Office.
Italy—Consul—G B Cerruti, 702 Washington street.
Japan—Consul—C W Brooks. Act'g Consul—Horace D. Dunn.
Mexico—Consul—Manuel Aspiroz, 6 x California street.
Netherlands—Consul—J De Fremery, 310 Sansome street.
Nicaragua—Consul-General—F Herrera, 321 Montgomery st.
Costa Rica—Consul General—T Lemmen Meyer, S W. corner Front and Jackson. Consul—F. Herrera.
Peru—Consul General—F. de la Fuente y Subirat, Lick House.
Portugal—Consul—Francis Berton. Vice Consul—H. Laidley, Swiss American Bank.
Spain—Consul—Camilo Martin, 423 California street.
Swe en and Norway—Consul—G O'Hara Taaffe, 320 California.
Russia—Consul—Martin Klinkofstrom, 510 Battery street.
Bolivia—Consul—F Herrera, 321 Montgomery street.
U. S. of Colombia—Consul—B. Morales, 10 Washington st.
Turkey—Consul—Geo W Gibbs, 23 Battery street.
Argentine Republic—Consul—C Baum, 510 Battery street.
Switzerland—Consul—Francis Berton, Swiss American Bank.
Austro-Hungarian Empire—Consul—G Muecke, 105 California street.
San Salvador—Consul—J. M. Alvarez.

THE CHEMIST TO HIS LOVE.

I love thee, Mary, and thou lovest me,
Our mutual flame is like th' affinity
That doth exist between two simple bodies:
I am potassium to thine oxygen.
I would that I, my Mary, were an acid,
A living acid—thou an alkali
Endowed with human sense, that brought together,
We both might coalesce into one salt,
One homogeneous crystal. O that thou
Wert carbon, and myself were hydrogen;
We would unite to form olefiant gas,
Or common coal, or naphtha. Would to heaven
That I were phosphorus, and thou wert lime,
And we of lime composed a phosphuret;
I'd be content to be sulphuric acid,
So that thou might be soda; in that case
We should be Glauber's salt. Wert thou magnesia
Instead, we'd form that's named from Epsom.
Couldst thou potassa be, I aqua fortis,
Our happy union should that compound form,
Nitrate of potash—otherwise saltpetre.
And thus our several natures sweetly blent,
We'd live and love together until death
Should decompose the fleshly tertium quid,
Leaving our souls to all eternity
Amalgamated. Sweet, thy name is Briggs,
And mine is Johnson. Wherefore should not we
Agree to form a Johnsonate of Briggs?
We will. The day, the happy day is nigh,
When Johnson shall with beauteous Briggs combine.
—*North British Advertiser.*

NEW BOOKS FROM A. ROMAN & CO.

Songs from the Southern Seas. By John Boyle O'Reilly. Published by Roberts Bros., Boston.

We have read with a great deal of pleasure many of the poems in this volume. They show originality, and possess a power to stir the reader's blood like the sound of a trumpet. Take for instance, "The Amber Whale"—the opening stanzas:

"Though it lash the shallows that line the beach,
Afar from the great sea deeps,
There is never a storm whose might can reach
Where the vast leviathan sleeps.
Like a mighty thought in a giant mind
In the clear cold depths he swims,
Whilst above him the prettiest forms of his kind
With a dash o'er the surface skims.

There is peace in power: the men who speak
With the loudest tongues do least;
And the surest sign of a mind that is weak
Is its want of the power to rest.
It is only the lighter water that flies
From the sea on a windy day:
And the deep blue ocean never replies
To the *sibilant* voice of the spray."

It is a queer story told by a harpooner to while the time away as they lie becalmed in the Indian Ocean:

"And every day like its brother—just morning and noon and night,
Nothing to break the sameness, water and wind and sun
Motionless, gentle, and blazing—never a change in one.
Every day like its brother, and when the noonday eight bells came,
'Twas like yesterday; and we seemed to know that to-morrow would be the same."

The tale goes on to say that after long sailing and weary watchings, "the masthead men made every face turn pale with the cry that we all had dreamt about—'He blows! The Amber Whale!'" The pursuit is very exciting; they wound him, and in his rage he destroys the captain's boat.

"Then we knew that the captain's boat was doomed; but the crew were no whit afraid—
They were brave New England whalemen—and we saw the harpooner
Stand up to send in his irons as soon as the whales came near—a shock, and a stifled cry
Was all that we heard, then we looked to see if the crew were afloat—
But nothing was there but a dull red patch, and the boards of a shattered boat!"

He rushes through the sea, dragging the mate's boat after him, "as if he thought he could tire his enemies out."

"With his head right dead to windward; then as straight and swift he sped
As a hungry shark for a swimming prey; and bending over his head
Like a mighty plume, went his bloody spout.
But even the strength of an Amber Whale must break before human will,
By little and little his power had failed as he spouted his blood away,
Till at midnight the rising moon shone down on the great fish as he lay
Just moving his flukes, but at length he stopped, and raising his square, black head
As high as the top-mast cross-trees, swung round and fell over—dead!"

The poems are all in simple, narrative style, but strong and graphic.

We have also received another volume of The International Scientific Series, The Study of Sociology, by Herbert Spencer. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

The Stone Age Past and Present. By E B. Tylor.

Theory of a Nervous Ether. By Dr. Richardson, F. R. S., No. 2 of the "Half Hour Recreations in Popular Science." Published by Estes & Lauriat, Boston.

Temperance Dramas. By George M. Baker. Lee & Shepard, Boston, publishers.

The Water Witch, or, The Skimmer of the Seas. A tale by J. Fennimore Cooper. Published by D. Appleton & Co., New York.

Money-Maker, or, The Victory of the Basilisk. By Oliver Optic. Published by Lee & Shepard, Boston.

We have the faith of the boys, who only question if a book be by their favorite author, Oliver, to be certain that it is worth reading.

Giles' Minority; or, Scenes at the Red House. By Mrs. Robert O'Reilly. Author of many favorite Juvenile books. Published by Roberts Bros., Boston.

What Katy Did at School. By Susan Coolidge. Author of "What Katy Did." Published by Roberts Bros., Boston.

More Enterprise.—The *Daily Graphic* of New York, having exhausted its balloon in every sense of the term, has struck a new vein of entertainment for its readers, in the shape of a critical, musical, and categorical libretto of Verdi's new opera, *Aïda*. Two pages of its broad sheet, of the number for November 26th, are taken up with the music of all the gems from the opera. First of all comes the announcement of the production of the opera at the Academy of Music, with the cast of characters, then the argument, after which the airs, interspersed with notices of the action, and critiques on their quality or excellence. The whole forms a complete guide to the opera, and consequently valuable to its visitors. In addition to which, it is a live idea in journalism, and such as we would expect from the enterprising editors of the New York *Daily Graphic.*

A prominent badge of American citizenship appears to be a soiled shirt front with gold studs.

A genius is popularly supposed to be one who can do anything except make a living.

TO TAXPAYERS.

The delay, confusion and annoyance experienced by you during the last week or two prior to Taxes becoming delinquent, is occasioned by your own procrastination in procuring your Tax Bills. To avoid this, furnish the office with memoranda of your property, which can be done through the Postoffice, if more convenient, and your bills will be made out and ready for you when you call, or, if you so request, sent to your address. This being done, examine your bills, and if found correct, enclose check drawn to order, and when collected, receipted bills will be sent to you. By doing this you will greatly facilitate business in the Tax Collector's office and save your own time. Until further notice, the office will be open to receive Taxes EVERY SATURDAY EVENING, from 7 until 9 o'clock, for the convenience of those whose time is occupied during the day. Taxes remaining unpaid on the FIRST MONDAY IN JANUARY, 1874, will be delinquent, and five per cent., in accordance with law, will be added thereto.
Respectfully, A. AUSTIN, Tax Collector.
San Francisco, Nov 24, 1873. Nov 29.

TAXES! TAXES!—1873-74.

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Assessment Book of the Taxable Property of the City and County of San Francisco (REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY) for the Fiscal Year 1873-74 has this day been received, that the State, City and County Taxes for said Fiscal Year are now due and payable at the office of the undersigned (Room No. 1 City Hall), and that the laws in regard to their collection will be strictly enforced. Taxes will become Delinquent on the FIRST MONDAY in January, 1874, and unless paid prior thereto, five per cent will be added to the amount thereof. A. AUSTIN,
Nov 1. Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

WIDENING OF OLD SAN JOSE ROAD

From Twenty-third to Twenty-sixth street, in the City and County of San Francisco.

Notice is hereby given that a certified copy of the Report and Assessment in the matter of the widening of the Old San Jose Road, from Twenty-third to Twenty-sixth street, has this day been placed in my hands for collection. Assessments thereon are now due and payable. ALEX AUSTIN,
Nov 22. Tax Collector of the City and County of San Francisco.

JAMES GILBERT HURLE.

If James Gilbert Hurle (of Dundee), Engineer, San Francisco, Cal., or his widow, or children (if any) will communicate with DAVID DUNCAN, Jr., Solicitor, Dundee, Scotland, they will receive payment of the legacy left Mr Hurle by his brother, and any one furnishing Mr Duncan with authentic information of the death or present residence of Mr. Hurle or any other of the above parties, will be suitably rewarded. Nov 22.

A. I. Sanborn] **SANBORN & BYRNES,** W. A. Byrnes.

Stair Builders and Turners, Mechanics' Mill, Mission street, bet. First and Fremont, San Francisco. All kinds of Plain and Fancy Turning, Circular, Band, and Scroll Sawing. Orders from the Country for Stair Material promptly attended to. Nov 29

BANCROFT'S GUIDE FOR TRAVELERS

By Railway, Stage, and Steam Navigation in the Pacific States, comprising Routes and Modes of Travel, Distances, Fares, Concise descriptions of the Principal Towns, Scenery, etc., Tourists' Guide to Yosemite, Tahoe, the Geysers, and other noted resorts. Through Route by the great Pacific Railroad to Chicago, St Louis, etc., Ocean Routes, via Panama and Nicaragua, to New York, all Inland and Ocean Routes on the Coast, etc. Published monthly by
A L. BANCROFT & CO., Booksellers and Stationers, 721 Market st., S F.
Sent by mail to subscribers, and sold by all Newsdealers. Price per copy, 25 cents.
[September 17]

THE "STAR AND GARTER,"

Formerly Thorpe's, thirteen miles from the city, kept by Col. A. J. GAMBILL.—The popular Hotel formerly known as "Thorpe's," at the junction of the San Bruno and County Roads, thirteen miles from the city, and 400 yards from the San Bruno depot, has been re-fitted and will be opened May 4th. Guests may be sure of being served with the best of everything to be obtained.
June 7 A J. GAMBILL.

HOSIERY DEPARTMENT.

Our spring importations being now complete, we can offer superior inducements to the trade in Ladies', Childrens' and Mens' Hosiery, Vests, Shirts and Drawers, Suspenders, Ties, etc. Furnishing Goods of all kinds. Lisle Gloves, Yeuve Jouvin, and other makes of Kid Gloves.
March 30 MURPHY, GRANT & CO, Sansome cor. Bush, S.F.

NOTICE.

Office of the Board of Public Works, City Hall, San Francisco, Nov 11, 1873.—The Report of the Board of Public Works, in the matter of the OPENING OF MONTGOMERY AVENUE, having on the fourteenth day of November, 1873, been finally approved and confirmed by the County Court of the city and county of San Francisco, notice is hereby given, that the said Board is now prepared to deliver MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS to all persons for damages awarded to them in amounts equal to the damages awarded for lands taken and improvements thereon. WM ALVORD,
H S Tibbey, Secretary. [Nov. 22] President of the Board of Public Works.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day entered into a copartnership for the purpose of conducting a general Brewing and Malting business, under the firm name and style of MERRIFIELD & ROSENER. Office at Brewery, corner of Eleventh and Folsom streets, San Francisco. E. MERRIFIELD,
San Francisco, October 1, 1873. [Nov 1.] LEVI ROSENER.

TO CONNOISSEURS.

THE CELEBRATED BRAND OF

CHAMPAGNE CARTE D'OR.

For the purity of its quality and the richness of its flavor it is considered by judges to be the best Wine in the country. For sale in quantities to suit.
LOUKE & MONTAGUE, Sole Agents for Pacific Coast,
Dec. 20. 112 and 114 Battery street, San Francisco.

THE CALIFORNIA BUTTER COMPANY,

OFFICE AND MANUFACTORY:

Nos. 403 and 407 Sansome st., San Francisco.

The Trade supplied with first-class fresh Butter, warranted to keep pure and sweet any length of time, in all climates. Dec. 20.

A. NAHL,

Having established a Studio at No. 131 Montgomery street, is now prepared to do any kind of Artistic Work, from a small Miniature on Porcelain to a Life-size Portrait in Crayon or Pastel. Copying from small, faded Pictures, a specialty. Also, designing of every description. Instructions given in every branch of Art. Dec 20.

Geo. U. Davis. John U. Ayres, Geo. W. Cope.
Member S. F Stock and Exchange Board.

AYRES, COPE & CO.,

Stock and Exchange Brokers, 303 California street, San Francisco. Stocks of every description bought and sold, exclusively on commission. [De 20.

GAS FIXTURES! GAS STOVES!

In great variety, for sale by Thos. Day, 333 Pine street, near Montgomery, and 732 Montgomery street, near Jackson. Don't fail to call before purchasing elsewhere. Dec 20.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.

Special Notice.—No Steamer will be dispatched by this Company for JAPAN and CHINA, until JANUARY 1, 1874, at which date the Steamer ALASKA will sail for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG. Dec 20.

ART NOTES.

The formation of the proposed School of Design is now the main topic among the members of the Art Association. The subject will, we are persuaded, be thoroughly ventilated before action is taken, and we beg, therefore, to make a few remarks thereon. In the first place, we suppose that the School is to be for the higher grades of aspirants—not for Tom, Dick, or Harry, nor for every school girl whose friends think she is a prodigy. Really, the matter should be conducted with great care, or the gallery will be crowded with conceited, artistic duffers and frauds, to the exclusion of the genuinely earnest students. We should suggest that each person applying for the privileges of this course of study send in a probationary drawing, and that when passed by a competent committee, the he-male or she-male aspirant be required to make a drawing in *the gallery*, subject to the supervision of one or more members of an examining committee *of artists*; this last simply to make sure that he or she is the draughtsman or draughtswoman of the first probationary drawing. The competence of the committee being satisfied, then let he or she be duly enrolled as student. We can safely leave the matter of professorships and of the dues required from students to the Art Association, the financial affairs of which, as well as most other affairs connected with the well-being of the body, having been carefully and faithfully carried out. We suggest that for the present no "life" school is required, as there are not probably twelve people in the city who could make a reasonably satisfactory drawing from the living model. Should this latter school be established, the most rigid rules would have to be enforced. Our ideas on these subjects have not been formed here. Not quite.

The sale of Mr. John Wooll's collection of foreign pictures was well attended, but the average prices realized will not clear the importer by a long shot, and we are sorry for it, as the result must be detrimental to Art, and simply lead to the importation of worthless rubbish. The principal buyers were Messrs. J. B. Haggin, E. J. Baldwin, H. W. Booth, L. L. Robinson, J. C. Duncan, and W. L. Marple. The latter, himself an artist of standing and a man of really good judgment, secured eight or ten fine works. Mr. Haggin paid the largest price for any one work, obtaining the charming picture "Men were Deceivers Ever," by Holyoake of London, for $740. We are confident that it is worth twice that sum to-morrow in London, as it is, apart from its real merit, a capital picture to engrave or 'chromo.' Had we been the artist, it would never have come to San Francisco for sale in this way. Nearly the same remarks apply to "The Catechism," purchased by Mr. Duncan, which would make one of those prints bound to be popular.

In the gallery of Messrs. Morris, Schwab & Co., on Post street, Hill exhibits two charming pastoral "bits," "Leda and the Swan," and "The Rural Post-office," a young girl placing a letter in a tree hollow for her lover to find. Virgil Williams has in the same place a "Roman Washerwoman," full of good color and drawing. Scott Tidball exhibits a masterly crayon-finished portrait of a lady. Deakin shows marked progress in two works, the first exhibited in the above-named gallery, and the second at Nile's establishment on Kearny street.

It is not generally understood that a large number of works at the Art Association Gallery are for sale, and that they range from $20 to $15,000, so that everybody's pocket can be accommodated. *Au reste*, just please remember that when you buy a good picture you have something which does not deteriorate worth a cent, and may increase in value tenfold.

THEATRICAL, ETC.

Opera House.—On Monday *The Doctor of Alcantara* was produced; on Tuesday *The Grand Duchess*, and on Wednesday *The Flower Girl of Paris*. In this last we must particularly mention and commend the introduced chorus, "Crowned with the Tempest," from *Ernani*, which was sung on that evening, in better style than is usual even in the Italian opera. On Christmas Day, two attractive pieces were put on—the first Offenbach's Chinese extravaganza of *Ching-Chow-Hi*, and the second a well localized version of *Poca-hon-tas*. The Chinese piece, in which Miss Galton and Messrs. Kelleher, Howson and Arnold appear, is extravagantly funny, and contains much of the usual Offenbachian light, tripping music. The costumes and make-ups are so good that the mother tongue sounds strange coming from the lips of the be-pigtailed heathen. To pass to the burlesque. Miss Lee, in a semi-barbaric dress of beads, feathers, and silk of the brightest and prettiest colors, gives us a "Pocahontas" full of true burlesque gaiety, sparkle and humor. *La Belle Sauvage*, indeed. Mr. Arnold's "Powhatan," surnamed Captain Jack, shows him in a new and brighter light than in any role he has yet assumed. It is a capital piece of burlesque acting; his lines are given perfectly, and his songs, simple and popular airs only as they are, have still the true artistic ring in them. Mr. Howson as "John Smith," a marine from Marin county, without affording him any particular scope for his comedian's qualities, give him an opportunity of singing a medley, for which he is each time encored, playing in capital style on the violin, and donning a handsome costume and a killing mustache. Miss Ellerman's "Weech-co-enda" is the angular school-marm to the life. Her very entrance and exit are enough to insure a hearty laugh. We have again to favorably notice Miss Navasour—this time as "Poo-tee-pet," a flower of the Modoc Lava Beds, with a touch of the stinging nettle about her. The local hits are numerous and happy, extending from Oleomargarine to Senator Booth, and from the *Sunrise* sailors to the Art Association. *Pocahontas* should have a long run.

California.—Harry Edward's benefit on Monday evening drew a jammed house. Everybody who was anybody came out on that evening to welcome a gentleman who certainly is the favorite actor of San Francisco. On Thursday evening the spectacular play of *The Naiad Queen* was produced—a play in the success of which the whole resources of the theater and a host of outside talent have been brought to minister. We must content ourselves with a short notice this week, reserving our more extended one till next week. There are the Remmelsberg sisters, Mlle. Marie Gangain, and a ballet of forty, who, in graceful evolutions, and very short skirts, delight the leg admiring eye; there is glorious scenery from the brush of Mr. Porter, for those whose admiration of the beautiful in the painter's art extends somewhat beyond a lady's cheek; there are the astonishing performances of the Girard brothers, princes of contortionists; there is well trained and well sung choral music to please the ear, and Prof. O'Reardon's musical oddities to tickle it; sword combats, striking situations, and a gorgeous transformation scene. What more can the senses desire? All are pleased, and the treasury chest is being well filled.

Alhambra.—The great attraction at this theater this week has been the Seigrist family and the trained dogs. This family, which consists of a father and three healthy and happy little boys, go through a series of such extraordinary acrobatic performances as it has seldom been our good fortune to witness. Boneless they must be, and fearless they certainly are. The great charm of their feats is the total absence of anything painful about the whole affair. The dogs are simply wonderful, and when Master Poodle sings "Home, Sweet Home," there certainly is not a dry eye in the house. The political debate between Senators Manning and Sweatnam has been wisely kept on the bills, and seems to gain nightly in deepest humor. The first part contains some good songs, particularly "The Ring my Mother Wore," by George Evans, and plenty of dull jokes and odd chaff. *Hotel Troubles* is very nearly played out. *Santa Claus Among de Children*, a sketch "by a gentleman of this city," was withdrawn after the first night's performance, but why we do not know. We had not the pleasure of seeing it. By the bye, Ella Wesner still appears. Look out for the great moral panorama!

"THE GREATEST OF THESE IS CHARITY."

The Ladies' United Aid Society of this city is a most creditable and praiseworthy charitable institution. The amount of good this Society does is almost unbounded, good that is done, too, in an unostentatious manner that is particularly pleasing. As the name implies, the aid is "united," which means that while the Society proper is the executive part (the hands, so to speak), the charitable public is expected to contribute that which shall keep the hands full. And when such especially pleasant ways are taken to further this purpose, it becomes in a double sense a pleasure to aid such a Society. We refer to the Second Grand Calico Ball to be given by this Society on Thursday evening January 8th, in Union Hall, Howard street, above Third. From an extended advertisement in another column, it will be seen that the arrangements are perfect, and if influence and good management have any weight, that the success of the Second Grand Calico Ball is assured.

RELIGION IN EUROPE.

A great "revival" is certainly taking place: all the old bones of "saints," all the "relics" are being brushed up and varnished. Whether this will pay or not remains to be seen. "The Holy Father" and the members of "The Black International" have put on forty prayers to the square inch, and are, hand over and tongue, bothering the Lord to reduce—we mean elevate—the whole world to the present state of piety, faith and humanity enjoyed by Spain. Don Carlos has had a holy bishop appointed for his own use, who is to rub holy fat into him daily, and to curse his enemies, from the longest hair on their heads to the longest toe-nail on their feet. But even with all this the laity (or in other words the devil) is getting the better of the clergy (or God's right hand cadgers). All over the world the clergy are fighting "the good fight," and if they don't use the carnal knife, 'tis certain they curse like troopers. The Duc de Chambord is now coming out—under the patronage of the Holy Father—in the miracle department, as might be expected. "At his touch

Such sanctity hath heaven given his hand,"

that he cures daily hundreds, it is said, of people afflicted with all manner of maladies. Crowds of cripples and blind beggars are being sent by the clergy from all parts of France "to be healed." There is a great religious "revival," certainly, and as a "blood sacrifice" has ever been the great characteristic of "religion," the blessed clergy are longing for bloodshed and violence! Let France and Spain look to it: the tyrant and the priest are by nature allies.

PEOPLE'S PALACE.

The volume of business now being transacted at the PEOPLE'S PALACE precludes the possibility of our closing the establishment before 10 P. M. during the Holidays. All purchases made after the 8 P. M. delivery will be sent at 8 A. M. following day.

By Order

GLEESON & FELL,

PEOPLE'S PALACE,

The Great Commission House of the State.

911 and 913 Market Street, - - - Between Fifth and Sixth.

Dec. 27.

AGENCY PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY,

San Francisco, December 23, 1873.—Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned, at the Office of the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, for furnishing supplies of the articles undermentioned for use of the Steamers of the Company, viz:

Flour, Cornmeal, Pilot Bread, Crackers, Canned Fruit and Vegetables, Wines and Liquors, Salted Provisions of all kinds, Butter, Cheese, Soap, Hardware, Crockery, Chinese Provisions, Fresh Bread, Paints, Oils, Ship Chandlery of all kinds.

These proposals will be opened on the 2d day of January, 1874, and the contracts will be awarded to the lowest bidders.

Bids will only be entertained from persons of undoubted respectability, good standing, and who are dealers in the articles they propose to furnish.

The right is reserved to cancel any contract whenever it is ascertained that the articles delivered do not conform in all respects, in quantity, weight and quality, to the agreement.

All goods delivered must be subject to the approval of the Company's Receiver of Stores, who will verify all weights when deliveries are made on our wharf.

Dec. 27. EDWARD HIGGINS, Agent.

NO DECAY, NO INFECTION

By using the Petrifying Silicate Paints, as supplied to The Admiralty, Board of Works, Austrian Lloyd's, Woolwich Arsenal, Cunard Company, Great Western and London and Northwestern Railway Companies, for House, Ship, and general use. Manufactured by the SILICATE PAINT CO., Liverpool. In all colors, have no chemical action on iron or other Metals, will stand any degree of heat without blistering, less in equal in bulk and will do the work of 2 cwt. Lead Paints. See article in "Engineering," 5th January, 1872. Damp Walls, Churches, etc., cured by the PETRIFYING LIQUID, at a cost of 2d. to 3d. per square yard. See article in "Builder," 9th March, 1872. For particulars and testimonials, apply to the SILICATE PAINT CO., Liverpool. Dec. 27.

CANNED SALMON.

CUTTING & CO.

Office and Salesroom—413 Front st., San Francisco.

Manufactory—Columbia River, Oregon. Dec. 27.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The California Savings and Loan Society, No. 512 California street. Guarantee Capital, $400,000. The Directors of the above Society have declared a dividend of ten (10) per cent per annum on Term Deposits, and eight (8) per cent per annum on Ordinary Deposits, for the term ending December 31, 1873, free from Federal tax, and payable on and after January 5, 1874. By order.

Dec. 2. D. H. CHISHOLM, Secretary.

SITUATION WANTED

As Secretary or Correspondence Clerk.—A young man of first-class education wishes a position as Secretary or Shorthand Amanuensis, or as Tutor. He is an experienced Correspondent, and can give the highest references and testimonials as to capacity and character. Would have no objection to go to the country. Address "Secretary," office of this paper. Dec. 27.

H. H. MOORE,

Dealer in Books for Libraries. A large assortment of fine and Rare Books, just received and for sale at No. 606 Montgomery st., near Merchant, San Francisco. Dec. 21.

WILLIAM CRAIG,

No. 905 Dupont st., second door from the corner of Washington. San Francisco. Choice Wines and Liquors at wholesale and retail. Families and Clubs supplied at short notice. Dec. 27.

"QUEER RETREAT,"

Northeast corner of Leidesdorff and Halleck sts.—Choice brands of Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Hot Lunch served daily.

Dec. 27. ASA L. WAUGAMAN, Proprietor.

FOR PORTLAND, OREGON.

The Oregon Steamship Co.'s Steamship Oriflamme, F. Connor, Commander, will leave Folsom-street wharf, for the above port, on SUNDAY, December 28, at 8 o'clock A. M. [Dec. 21.] WM. NORRIS, Agent.

KENNEDY,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 505 California st., above Montgomery.

Gentlemen are invited to examine Mr. Kennedy's stock of rare patterns of

English Crape Goods,

French Cassimeres

and Beavers.

—ALSO—

Scotch Tweeds

Manufactured to order for this establishment from selected samples.

Mr. K. engages the best workmen, pays the highest price for skilled labor, and guarantees perfect fitting, elegantly made, and fashionable garments. [May 31.]

Stuart Seldon Wright,

ATTORNEY

AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW

OFFICES:

Nos. 10 and 11, 434 California st., up stairs.

Aug 9

THE COST OF LIVING IN San Francisco.

Here is the Retail Market Prices for most of the Household necessaries:

Butter, Cal., fresh ℘ lb	50@	70
Cheese, Cal.	20@	25
Honey	7@	20
Eggs, ℘ doz	35@	65
Lard, ℘ lb	10@	16
Ham & Bacon, ℘ lb	16@	20
Cranberries, ℘ gal	75@1	00
Potatoes, Irish, ℘ lb	2@	
Lima Beans, ℘ lb	5@	10
Tomatoes, ℘ lb	4@	5
Onions, ℘ lb	3@	5
Squashes, ℘ lb	2@	3
Pumpkins, ℘ lb	2@	3
Cabbages, each	10@	15
Cauliflowers, each	10@	15
Cucumbers, ℘ doz	10@	15
Celery, ℘ doz b.	75@1	00
Beets, ℘ doz b.	20@	25
Turnips, ℘ doz b.	@	25
Parsnips, ℘ doz b.	@	25
Radishes, ℘ doz b.	@	25
Green Peas, ℘ lb	5@	8
String Beans, ℘ lb	5@	8
Apples, ℘ lb	12½@	
Pears, ℘ lb	8@	
Peaches, ℘ lb	5@	15
Pine Apples, each	60@1	00
Figs, Cal. dried, ℘ lb	12@	25
Do. new, ℘ lb	5@	12
Oranges, ℘ doz	75@1	00
Lemons, ℘ 100	@1	50
Limes, ℘ doz	25@	
Chickens, each	62@	87½
Quail, ℘ doz	2 25@2	50
Turkeys, ℘ lb	20@	25
Geese, ℘ pair	@3	50
Ducks, ℘ pair	1 50@1	75
Rabbits, ℘ pair	25@	40
Hares, each	30@	50
Oysters, ℘ 100	75@1	00
Clams, ℘ 100	50@	
Mussels, ℘ 100	25@	
Salmon, smoked, ℘ lb	10@	
Salmon, fresh, ℘ lb	25@	30
Codfish, ℘ lb	25@	
Rockfish, ℘ lb	25@	
Smelts, ℘ lb	15@	20
Tomcod, ℘ lb	25@	30
Sturgeon, ℘ lb	6@	8
Flounders, ℘ lb	25@	
Halibut, ℘ lb	35@	45
Perch, ℘ lb	10@	12½
Shrimps, ℘ lb	15@	18¾
Anchovies, ℘ lb	8@	10
Soles, ℘ lb	50@	75

E. S. TIBBEY,

Stock Broker,

No. 6 Leidesdorff St.

Aug 9.

H. F. Williams & Co.,

REAL ESTATE AGENTS,

ROOM 20,

STEVENSON'S BUILDING,

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF

California and Mont. sts.,

San Francisco.

Aug. 23.

BIZ.

The Business Marts of the town have shown unusual life and animation since the clearing up of the fine December rains: 9½ inches of water has already fallen this season, or an average of 10 inches throughout the length and breadth of the State. This seems to be assuring to all classes. An immense breadth of virgin land is now given over to the plowman, and thousands of acres more than ever before will in 1874 be devoted to Wheat and other grains.

During December we have had an unusual overland demand for Coffee and Tea. Philadelphia buyers made the best strike, purchasing 2,000 bags Central American Greens before the great rise, at 22c. cash. Chicago and St. Louis had bought before and after then, the last rate paid 24¼c., and for the small stock yet remaining on this Coast 25@25¼c. is now asked by importers. We cannot expect to receive the new crop Coffee till about the first of February, and in the interim our supplies will be quite exhausted. The operations in Tea have also been of considerable moment. Upwards of 5,000 packages, chiefly Japans, have been taken by leading jobbers at an average rise of 5c. ℘ lb. upon former prices. These purchases include entire lines of standard chops and well-known trade-marks. Other merchandise has also been extensively dealt in, but not affecting prices or changing quotations of moment. Coal seems to have eased off a little under free receipts of Australian, while Metals of all descriptions, particularly Pig Iron, seem to be neglected and prices nominal. We are anticipating a very large trade here the coming season in Tin Plate, judging from the attention given to salmon and fruit-packing.

The Comet, from Honolulu, brought above 2,500 bags Island Sugar for the refiners. Hawaii has sent us during 1873 about 12,000,000 lbs Sugar and exported 9,000,000 lbs same to the Australian Colonies. Now, this trade by right belongs to this coast, and the islanders prefer to send here, but to do so they want to have it sold promptly upon arrival in bond, and they save storage and the customary commissions charged upon the duties. In other words, it has heretofore been usual for commission merchants first to warehouse the Sugar and after appraisal pay duty, then sell it and charge commissions on the selling price. All right, yet the reverse is the case in New Zealand and other colonial marts, and this is an item of expense that the planter desires to save. Again, Sugar generally sent here is in kegs—that to the Colonies in bags; the former grocery grades, the latter common or refining grades. The result will be, that if sent here in bags it must all be dark Sugars and sold to refiners. If grocery grades, then kegs are requisite. In the latter case it comes into direct competition with the refiners' yellow coffees. Now, then, if an arrangement could be satisfactorily made with the refiners to contract or buy all the island product at a given price, making exclusively dark Sugars, and stop making grocery grades, then all rivalry would cease between these two contending parties, and possibly a more satisfactory result attained for the parties in interest. The next crop of Hawaiian Sugar was quite promising at last accounts. With us the stock of Hawaiian grocery grades is very limited, nor is there much of any other description on sale. The California Refinery is carrying the bulk of the supply, the aggregate of which does not probably exceed 8,000,000 lbs. The Beet Sugar Factory at Alvarado is still running, and has a supply of roots sufficient to keep it running for two or three months longer. The Sacramento Factory used up its supply of beets, and suspended work for the season a month ago. There has been very little of the product of either sugarie sold in this market. The California Refinery continues its full product, while the San Francisco and Pacific, with the Golden Gate, are delivering more or less to feed the market. We quote Hawaiian grocery grades at 8@10c, according to quality. The Refiners' price list is, for Crushed, 11⅞c; Cube and Powdered, 11⅞c; Granulated, 11@11⅜c; Golden "C," 10c. China is firmly held at 8½@9@9⅜c for the three grades in mats.

The Breadstuff Export Trade continues active. The figures of 1873 and 1872 stand respectively the same; Flour and Wheat, inclusive, say 5,500,000 centals. Our receipts for the harvest year to date, in round figures, 6,550,000 centals, against 7,350,000 centals last year, and since December 1st the following vessels have been dispatched with Wheat and Flour to the United Kingdom and France:

Cleared.	Name of Vessel.	Destination.	Wheat. Ctls.	Value.
December 4	Antoinette Accame	Queenstown	23,432	$44,900
December 4	*Alcar	Liverpool		146,270
December 4	Admiral Fitzroy	Cork	11,118	22,200
December 5	Madeline	Queenstown	16,810	33,700
December 6	Charles Luling	Queenstown	35,089	81,000
December 6	Golden Fleece	Liverpool	88,318	92,455
December 6	Neptune	Liverpool	43,606	100,700
December 10	Grand Duchess	Liverpool	42,482	85,000
December 11	Valparaiso	Liverpool	35,922	71,900
December 11	Magna Charta	Queenstown	30,027	91,000
December 12	†Borrowdale	Liverpool	18,728	115,070
December 13	David Brown	Cork	26,710	65,000
December 14	‡America	Liverpool		161,477
December 15	§Cordillera	Liverpool	12,959	75,800
December 16	**Staffordshire	Liverpool		117,800
December 16	Sophia D	Cork	22,278	51,240
December 16	Concordia	Falmouth	15,559	30,140
December 17	††Celestial Empire	Liverpool	40,559	98,780
December 17	Quorn	Cork	34,205	67,870
December 17	Southern Cross	Liverpool	34,314	78,931
December 20	Ladore	Queenstown	23,600	55,225
December 20	Annie Fish	Liverpool	44,565	89,200
December 20	Baltic	Liverpool	67,550	158,742
December 22	Caspar	Cork	28,680	66,000
December 24	‡‡Evelyn	Liverpool	18,727	95,000
December 24	New Lampedo	Liverpool	31,400	72,250
December 24	Regent	Falmouth	25,887	54,000
Totals since December 1st, 27 vessels			779,822	$2,253,650
Previously since July 1st, 123 vessels			3,723,234	9,133,917
Totals since July 1st, 1873, 150 vessels			4,463,056	$11,387,563
178 vessels since July 1st, 1872, with			5,090,014	8,541,771
24 vessels since July 1st, 1871, with			685,475	1,710,671
98 vessels since July 1st, 1870, with			2,814,616	5,330,770
120 vessels since July 1st, 1869, with			3,727,197	5,718,800

*21,880 bbls Flour. †Also, 10,600 bbls Flour. ‡22,880 bbls Flour. §Also, 6,722 bbls Flour. **18,117 bbls Flour. ††Also, 914 bbls Flour. ‡‡Also, 7,997 bbls Flour. Leaving at this writing on the berth a fleet of 25 vessels, of an aggregate registered tonnage of 27,000 tons. We have, perhaps, 150,000 tons of Wheat and Flour yet remaining in the State. Present price, $2 30. Freights to United Kingdom, £3 10s. @ £3 15s.

Latest From the Merchants' Exchange.—New York, December 26, 1873.—Gold opened at 112¾, 11 A. M. at 112¾, 3 P. M. at 110. United States Bonds—Five-twenties of 1862, 115; 1867, 117⅝. Sterling Exchange, 109⅛@109¾. Pacific Mail, 37. Quicksilver Mining Company, 25. Wheat, $1 75@$1 90 steady. Pork, 16, strong. Cotton, 16. Hides, dry, 23¾@24, green, 13, firm. Oil—Sperm, quiet, $1 50@$1 55, fair demand. Winter Bleached, $1 65@1 75. Whale, strong, 58@62c. quiet; Winter Bleached, 67@71c. Wool—Spring, fine, 25@35c.; Burry, 16@27c.; Pulled, 37@45c. Fall Clips, 20@25c.; Burry, 10@20c. London, Dec. 24.—Liverpool Wheat Market, 13s. 3d@13s. 8d. Club, 13s.@14s. 3d. United States Bonds, 91¼. Consols, 91⅞@92, ac., 92@92¼.

Send your holiday orders to Purdy & Litchfield, and if you are good, they will honor them at the lowest cash prices.

CALIFORNIANS ABROAD.

Paris.—Mr. and Mrs. Michael Castle, Hotel de l'Athenee; Miss Nellie and Miss Lizzie Chapman, 29 Boul Haussmann; Mrs. Morton and Miss Carrie Cheesman, Hotel de Hollande; Mr. and Mrs. Peter and Miss Alice Decker, Hotel de Hollande; Mrs. E. Green, gone to Rome; Mr. and Mrs. George A. Low, Hotel de l'Athenee; D. O. Mills and family, Hotel Splendide; Mrs. I. B. and Miss Jennie Hiller, Hotel de l'Athenee. Nice.—W. E. Brown and family, Hotel des Anglais; Mr. and Mrs. C. J. and the Misses Du Bois, Pension Internationale. London.—Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Bateman, 13 St. George's Terrace; J. H. Ely and family, 6 Bedford Place; Messrs. O. and J. Sachs, Langham Hotel; Hon. Mr. and Mrs. George Turner, 8 Hanover Square.

St. John's Presbyterian Church, Post street.—The Rev. Dr. Scott, Pastor, will preach Sunday at the usual hours of service, 11 A. M., 7½ P. M.; public very cordially invited to attend.

LATEST PRICES OF IMPORT AND EXPORT STAPLES.

METALS.	PRICES.
Pig Iron, Scotch, No. 1	$47 50 @ 50 00
Bar Iron, assorted, ℘ lb	— 5 @ — 6
Metal Sheathing, ℘ lb	— 21 @ — 25
Tin Plates, I C, ℘ box	13 00 @ 14 00
Tin Plates, I X, ℘ box	14 00 @ 15 00
Lead, Pig, ℘ lb	— 6 @ — 6½
Lead, Sheet, ℘ lb	— 9 @ — 10
Banca Tin, ℘ lb	— 38 @ — 40
Quicksilver	1 20 @ — —
COAL.	
West Hartley, ℘ ton	15 00 @ 16 00
Australian	12 00 @ 12 50
Cumberland	22 00 @ 24 50
Anthracite	14 00 @ 17 00
Bellingham Bay	8 50 @ — —
Mount Diablo	0 50 @ 8 50
COFFEE.	
Guatemala, ℘ lb	— 23 @ — 24
Java, Old Government	— 30 @ — —
Manila	— 22 @ — 23
Costa Rica	— 23 @ — 24
RICE.	
China, No. 1, ℘ lb	— 6⅛@ — 6½
China, No. 2	— 5⅝@ — 5⅞
Hawaiian	— 6½@ — 7½
WINES.	
Champagne, ℘ doz	20 00 @ 25 00
Port, according to brand, ℘ gallon	3 00 @ 6 75
Sherry, do. do.	1 75 @ 7 00
OIL.	
Coal and Kerosene	— 35 @ — 60

TEAS.	PRICES.
Japans	$— 45 @ — 75
Oolong	— 50 @ — 85
SUGARS.	
China, No. 1, ℘ lb	— 9 @ — 9½
Sandwich Island	— 8 @ — 10
Manila	— 7 @ — 7½
Crushed, American	— 11⅝@ — 12
Muscovado	— 6 @ — 8
Peruvian	— 7 @ — 8
CANDLES.	
Sperm Wax, ℘ lb	— 30 @ — 42
Adamantine	— 12½@ — 17½
SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.	
Whisky, American	1 25 @ 1 00
Whisky, Scotch	5 00 @ 5 50
Whisky, Irish	5 00 @ 5 50
Alcohol, American	2 00 @ 2 10
Rum, Jamaica	4 50 @ 5 25
Brandy, French	4 00 @ 10 00
BAGS AND BAGGING.	
Chicken Gunnies, 200-lb	— 18 @ — 20
Gunny Bags in bales	— 18 @ — 20
Burlap Bags	— 12½@ — 15
Hessian, 40-inch, ℘ yard	— 9½@ — 10
DOMESTIC STAPLES.	
Wool, ℘ lb	— 14 @ — 30
Tallow	— 6½@ — 7½
Hides	— 17 @ — 18
Wheat, ℘ 100 lbs	2 25 @ 2 25
Barley	1 50 @ 1 65
Oats	1 55 @ 1 75
Flour, ℘ 196 lbs	5 75 @ 7 00

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR JAPAN AND CHINA.

Leave Wharf corner of First and Brannan sts., on the 1st and 16th of every month, at noon, for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, connecting at Yokohama with the Company's Branch Line for SHANGHAI, via Hiogo and Nagasaki.

Jan. 1, 1874—ALASKA. Capt. Morse.
Jan. 16—COLIMA. Capt. ———

FOR NEW YORK VIA PANAMA.

Leave at 12 o'clock noon every seventeenth day for Panama, and connecting, via Panama Railroad, with one of the Company's Steamers from ASPINWALL for NEW YORK.

Jan. 7—CONSTITUTION. Capt. Nolan.
Jan. 24—NEVADA. Capt. Austin.
Feb. 10—... Capt. ———
Feb. 27—... Capt. ———

All Steamers will call at MAZATLAN, MANZANILLO, and ACAPULCO, and all except the Constitution call at SAN DIEGO.

Steamers of Jan. 7 and Feb. 10 will call at CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS, both ways, and during the coffee season, the first steamer leaving each month will call at these ports both ways.

Through tickets sold to and from Liverpool, Queenstown, Southampton, Bremen, Brest, Havre, Hamburg, Stettin, Copenhagen, and Norway.

When the sailing date of China or Panama steamer falls on Sunday the steamer will sail on the preceding Saturday.

FOR SANTA BARBARA, SAN PEDRO AND SAN DIEGO.

Steamers will leave at 9 A. M., as follows:

MOHONGO, Capt. Douglass, Wednesday, Dec. 24.
ORIZABA, Capt. Johnston, Thursday, Dec. 18; Tuesday, Dec. 30.

THE MOHONGO WILL CALL AT
SAN SIMEON AND SAN LUIS OBISPO,
But takes no freight for San Simeon.

GIPSY, Capt. Bogert, carrying Freight only, including acids, oils and combustibles—For San Diego and way ports, Tuesday, Dec. 30, at 3 P. M.

Apply at the Pacific Mail Steamship Company's Office, at their Wharf, corner of First and Brannan sts. [Dec. 27.] EDWARD HIGGINS, Agent.

NOTICE OF THE CALIFORNIA PLACARD EXCHANGE.

ADMISSION FREE.

The Directors of the California Placard Exchange and Bureau of Information for the Pacific Coast, hereby announce that they are now prepared to receive Placards, consisting of Chromos, Photographs, Lithographs, Diagrams, Maps, Business Cards, etc., and Public Notices of every kind relating to all Business Matters bearing upon the Interests of the Pacific Coast. These collected in one General Repository, easy of access, properly classified and made most attractive, will fill a great public want and powerfully stimulate our common interests. In a word, the Exchange will present to the eye of the visitor an Epitome of the Pacific States and San Francisco as they are, of their productions, manufactures and wealth, bringing a knowledge of the varied and vast interests of California and the adjacent Territories to a focus. Every occupier of one or more feet of Placard space will be charged at the rate of ONE DOLLAR PER SQUARE FOOT PER MONTH, and will be entitled to receive ONE HUNDRED TICKETS FOR EACH FOOT. Thus, if 10,000 feet be engaged, there will be admission tickets given to One Million of visitors. All orders for these attractive announcements will be received at the office of the Company, 605 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco, where every information will be readily supplied. It is expected that the Exchange will be thrown open to the public about March 24. J. MELVILLE, Secretary.

California Placard Exchange and Information Bureau for the Pacific Coast, Nos. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. March 8.

FOR COLORADO RIVER, GUAYMAS AND LA PAZ.

The Steamer Newbern, William Metzger, Master, will sail for the above ports on SATURDAY, ..., at 12 o'clock, noon, from Folsom-street Wharf, connecting at Mouth of the Colorado with the Steamboats and Barges of the Colorado Steam Navigation Company for all points on the River. Through bills of lading will be furnished and none others signed. No freight received for Mexican Ports after 3 P. M. of the 24th inst., and bills of lading for those ports must be accompanied by Custom-house and consular clearances. For freight or passage apply to

Dec. 20. E. NORTON, Agent, 610 Front street.

SAN FRANCISCO AND NORTH PACIFIC R. R. CO.

Change of Time.—On and after Dec. 1st, 1873, the Steamers connecting at Donahue Landing with the San Francisco and North Pacific Railroad Company, for Cloverdale and all intermediate stations, will leave San Francisco daily (Sundays excepted), from Front street Wharf, at 2:00 P. M. Returning, the Train will leave Cloverdale daily at 5 A. M., connecting at Donahue with steamers, and arriving in San Francisco at 10:20 A. M. The Steamers and Cars make close connections with Stages to and from all points.

For all information apply at the Company's office, 420 Montgomery street.

Dec. 27. PETER DONAHUE, President.

CASTLE BROTHERS.—[Established, 1850.]

Importers of Teas and East India Goods, Nos. 213 and 215 Front st., San Francisco. August 2.

DROPPINGS FROM THE SANCTUARY.

"Like holy oil which did drop down
Upon the board of Aaron." *Methodist Hymn.*

As the News Letter is generally accepted in a community as the only sound and only impartial mirror of the intellectual life and tendencies of the age, we have deemed it perfectly proper to give a more careful and systematic attention to the stated religious services in our churches than we have hitherto taken to do so. We compile the work in a few leaders, and important notices of the doings on last Sunday at some of the churches of this city. Next week others will receive attention, and in due rotation all have justice done them.

First Unitarian Church. We can tell we approached the Temple of Pure Reason and Religion from street which in respect, and for good, great reason, too, memories of San Francisco's great starr is identified, yet we know that the quality of the audience which was congregated on Sunday A.M., for, put as you may, no mere gloom gathering can boast of more of the land little grace of our city. Furthermore, we know that the creed Rock was founded in severe thinking that the merciful and open-hearted creed could not have been confined elsewhere. The congregation showed its appreciation of this in very good shape, for, by not exempt of unpaid pews in the house, and there we know the congregation was right. There are many Catholic churches where which may have been saved by faith, but only this belief for their singing. Next to creed an excellent prayer by the Rev Dr Bellows, generally considered the business of the house—the head of the firm, as we might say. We say excellent, because he asked his Creator for guidance, but did not attempt to go to Christ easier. Then followed an address by Mr H H Lincoln of Boston, as we understand, an author and theorist perhaps not unusual to the laws of street criticism. Mr H took as his subject was "Christ in the Wilderness." Alone in the world, only Christ put to go, he spoke that better time when he cried, "My God! my God! why hast thou forsaken me?" He had been the companion of the Father. Looking at common humanity, no man could be same he is around, might be lonely, happily away, by spiritual companionship from any one. The speaker should feel his position beside "Human sympathy, the sympathy of sympathy, the sympathy of sufficiency." In speaking of the former, many beautiful ideas were called and examples of true friendship mentioned. But nevertheless he did not forgetting Pope's well known lines regarding the "Christian equanimity" which must be of an exalted in regard to the troubles of others. He might, by-the-bye, have added the well-known lines, in the same vein, from Artemus Ward. Let that pass. Mr Lincoln's lecture was different, as it struck us, in one vital point. That we and in treating the direct and active sympathy of true woman was omitted altogether. We were waiting for some allusion to this, but it never came, and we think that the girls and the old preachers so he would like to be doubted. This second read was to us more satisfactory, and we feel we moderate not to the ill and silent of the orthodox, who be heart to heart with Christ were best told and appropriate. Dr Stebbins spoke in the evening on "The Religion of the Christian Religion" on a point where Confucius was so much at a!

At Grace Church—we saw the Bishop's garden at Grace Cathedral—the Rev W H Hunt preached on Infidelity, a subject on which we take a profound interest, having for a period of time, far beyond that of an average life, seriously studied profoundly as we can, and well and practiced it as an art. The discourse was an able and instructive one, and we should come to that the reverend gentleman had, at some period of his life, enjoyed the advantage of a practical experimental knowledge of the subject. He commenced by speaking of the great community with which the church came was always mentioned by the Jews "his people"—and the great and deep reverence which they invariably entertained for the Torah were not unknown to the Christ. Then followed an address by Mr H H Lincoln of Boston, as we understand, an author and theorist perhaps not unusual to the laws of street criticism. Mr H took as his subject was "Christ in the Wilderness." Alone in the world, only Christ put to go, he spoke that better time when he cried, "My God! my God! why hast thou forsaken me?" He had been the companion of the Father. Looking at common humanity, no man could be same he is around, might be lonely, happily away, by spiritual companionship from any one. The speaker should feel his position beside "Human sympathy, the sympathy of sympathy, the sympathy of sufficiency." In speaking of the former, many beautiful ideas were called and examples of true friendship mentioned. But nevertheless he did not forgetting Pope's well known lines regarding the "Christian equanimity" which must be of an exalted in regard to the troubles of others. He might, by-the-bye, have added the well-known lines, in the same vein, from Artemus Ward. Let that pass. Mr Lincoln's lecture was different, as it struck us, in one vital point. That we and in treating the direct and active sympathy of true woman was omitted altogether. We were waiting for some allusion to this, but it never came, and we think that the girls and the old preachers so he would like to be doubted. This second read was to us more satisfactory, and we feel we moderate not to the ill and silent of the orthodox, who be heart to heart with Christ were best told and appropriate. Dr Stebbins spoke in the evening on "The Religion of the Christian Religion" on a point where Confucius was so much at a!

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**At Grace

A COLUMN FOR THE CURIOUS.

IN LITERATURE, SCIENCE AND ART.

A war dance of the Kossos in one of the streets of Cape Coast Castle is thus described. Upon landing, to-day, they came up to the Government House, creating quite a sensation by performing a war dance through the streets, and when Sir Garnet Wolseley went down to inspect them, they, in their joy, performed a series of war dances. These were very singular, and would have been highly picturesque if performed in native costume, but the flannel shirts and trowsers entirely spoiled the effect. They had three performers on tom-toms of different sizes, and for some time the rest stood round in a circle and raised a sort of chorus. Then one man advanced into the middle, and danced for some time by himself; then with his sword he appeared to defy all comers. A game followed, which somewhat resembled our "bait the bear." Others advanced and lightly touched or threatened him with their swords. After enduring this for a few moments, he sprang into a state of extreme activity, and now stooping, now leaping, but always keeping his sword playing round him in a manner which showed both strength of wrist and admirable swordmanship, he drew all the others into the ring of lookers-on. Then he performed a wild sword-dance of triumph, at the close of which they all flocked round him, and, dancing round and round, sang a song, apparently in praise of his dexterity.

Toasts in the "Good Old Times."—The following story gives a good idea of the drinking style of the last century. This was what our grandfathers took for humor. Two young English noblemen were paying a visit to Lord Panmure, at Brechin Castle. One day he wrote a letter to Panlathie, a tenant of his, to come and dine with him, and at the same time he ordered him to bring a sum of money. Panlathie was aware when he received the order that something was to be done. After dinner Lord Panmure gave the first toast, which was, "All hats in the fire, or £30 on the table." Four hats were immediately in the fire. One of the English noblemen gave the next toast, "All coats in the fire, or £50 on the table." Four coats were committed to the flames. The other English nobleman gave the next toast, "All boots in the fire, or £100 on the table." The whole of the boots were committed to the flames. Panlathie's toast came next, which was, "Two fore-teeth in the fire, or £300 on the table," when Panlathie pulled his teeth out and threw them in the fire. The English noblemen looked amazed. He had false teeth unknown to them, and Panlathie went home without hat, coat or boots, but with £600 in his pocket. Lord Panmure thought much of his tenant after that.

Jonah's Whale.—Jonah's whale has been the cause of a very lively incident in the Academy of Sciences of Brussels, which has greatly exercised the political press of Belgium. M. von Beneden, the eminent zoologist, had pointed out in the course of an address to the Academy that the tradition which describes the dolphin as bringing to the shore human bodies with which it meets is very ancient and widely spread, and that it bore a resemblance to "the *fable* of Jonah." This inadvertent intimation on the part of the eminent zoologist, that he doubted whether a human body swallowed by a whale would be in a good condition three days afterwards, has raised a theological storm. Two professors of the Catholic University of Louvain demanded in a violent letter that the Academy should formally censure M. von Beneden, and the Academy having, with one dissentient, refused to do so, the two professors of Louvain have sent in their resignation. The debate has excited great interest and very various comment.

Devil Fish in a Bottle.—A Southern paper says an Arizona miner fishing recently drew up on the wharf an ordinary-sized black liquor bottle. He was not frightened at the bottle, but he was wonderfully perplexed as to what had "bitten," and how and by whom the bottle had been attached to his line about a foot above the hook. The miner called out, and several other persons near him ran to see the wonderful catch. An examination showed that there was a devil fish inside the bottle, and that one of its arms extended out of the neck, and was firmly entwined around the line. The devil fish had probably crawled into the bottle when young, and finding it a nice comfortable residence, he had committed the indiscretion of remaining there until he had grown so large that he could not get out. He had grown to nearly the size of his glass house, and in fact was rather cramped for room.

Killed by a Spider Bite.—A few days ago, while Mr. Vallier, chief of the Quapaw Indians, was going about his farm, he was bitten on the toe by a large tarantula. He immediately started for his house, but a short distance, and by the time he had reached it the pain from the bite was so severe that he was unable to sit up, and threw himself across his bed. The insect had crawled up his clothing, and soon after he lay down it gave him a second bite in the region of the small of his back. This, with the other bite, charged his system with the poison almost as quickly as if by electricity. Medical aid was immediately summoned, but before it reached him he was too near gone for it to do any good; and in the most intense agony he lingered until about ten o'clock that night, when death relieved his sufferings.

A Fact for Cutlers.—A German scientific journal says: "It has long been known that the simplest method of sharpening a razor is to put it for half an hour in water to which has been added one-twentieth of its weight of muriatic or sulphuric acid, then lightly wipe it off, and, after a few hours, set it on a hone. The acid here supplies the place of a whet-stone, by corroding the whole surface uniformly, so that nothing further than a good polish is necessary. The process never injures good blades, while badly hardened ones are frequently improved by it, although the cause of such improvement remains unexplained.

Bloodless Operations seem to be the novelty of the day, though it has been shown that the application of the principle is not new. The simple bandage has already been superseded by elastic pressure, and improvements will probably be soon proposed. In Paris, surgeons try to economize the vital fluid in operations, and we hear of an ingenious surgeon removing voluminous tumors of the face, and resecting the upper maxilla by the galvanic knife to avoid hemorrhage. But the value of these cases is somewhat lessened by the fact that the main trunks supplying the face are tied before the operation.

A Remarkable Congregation.—Among the various Christian congregations throughout Glasgow, one of the most remarkable is that which meets for divine worship where the gentleman who usually officiates is a mute, and the whole of the persons who attend his ministrations, about thirty in number, are also deaf and dumb. It is almost needless to say that among such a class of worshipers there is no external manifestation of praise. The service commences with devotional exercise, and afterwards a short discourse from some passage of Scripture, the words indicated by the finger-alphabet, which seems to be thoroughly understood by all present.

A Paper Church.—The use of paper as a substitute for wood in the construction of railway carriages has long been known, but the use to which this material can be put seems now to be without limit. The *Journal of the Society of Arts* says there is a paper church actually existing near Bergen, Switzerland, which is capable of containing about 1,000 people. It is circular within and octagonal without. The reliefs outside and the statues inside the roof, the ceiling, are all of *papier-mâché*, rendered waterproof by saturation in vitriol, lime-water, whey, and white of egg.—*Builder*

The following is the translation of an advertisement in the *Paris Journal*: "M. A. Lefeuvre, 43 bis rue Basse du Rempart, begs the lady in black who does not like draughts in omnibuses to kindly send him his purse, which she found in his pocket on the 1st July, and to keep the money it contained as a reward for her address."

A New Explosive.—Ozobenzin is the name given by two French scientists to a new explosive substance. It is produced by acting upon benzin, boiling at 81 degrees cent., with concentrated ozone. It detonates violently when struck or when simply heated. It is unstable in the air; water decomposes and dissolves it.

The Morning Post of a recent date says: "On Saturday there died at Parsonstown, Ireland, at the advanced age of 108 years, Mr. William Key. The deceased gentleman was nursed during his illness by his wife, aged 101 years. They had been wedded 75 years."

A pine-apple from Mexico, weighing as much as twenty-four pounds, was shown at a recent meeting of the Paris Acclimatization Society.

CALIFORNIA EUREKA Placard Exchange

AND

BUREAU OF INFORMATION FOR THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Managing Committee of the above institution have the pleasure of giving notice, that after some necessary delay, the Directors are now fully prepared to receive orders for the purchase and sale of lands of the State or elsewhere, such as ranches, private land claims, or public lands of the United States—they having secured the services of **Col. Leander Ransom**, the well-known Land Agent, who for *ten years was the State Agent for the disposition of the School Lands*. The department is now fully supplied with maps and charts, and every necessary means of information relating to operations in land. Owners of ranches and real estate properties generally, desirous of disposing of the same, will find the Placard Exchange, with its facilities, an excellent medium for bringing their estates under the notice and attention of capitalists. Those, also, who desire to make purchases, **of any of the Public Domain in the State of California**, either in large of small tracts, will be sure to be accommodated. Maps and charts furnished, and all needful information imparted when required. Large landholders desiring to sell, can have their tracts subdivided into farms, or smaller subdivisions, with maps and accurately calculated quantities of each. Also, all kinds of printing executed with punctuality and dispatch. *Charges moderate.*

Offices open from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily. Placard Exchange, 613 Merchant Street, San Francisco.

They have for Sale the Following Tracts or Parcels of Land, to wit:

40 Acres near Oak Grove, 1¼ miles from the Railroad, between Mayfield and Mountain View.

100 Acres ½ mile south of Mayfield, lying on both sides of the San Jose Railroad. Very desirable for country residence. To be sold in tracts to suit. Contains Live Oak Trees.

320 Acres on the road from Saratoga to Pescadero, four miles from the former place.

500 Acres, three miles from the City of San Bernardino. A living stream of water passes across it.

600 Acres near the line of the proposed Railroad from Los Angeles to San Bernardino—about midway.

8,000 Acres near Anaheim, Los Angeles County, in tracts to suit purchasers. Several living Springs on it.

Also, Tracts from 80, 160, 320 and 640 acres, to suit purchasers, lying in Los Angeles, San Bernardino and San Diego Counties, on which are Springs of good water.

1,600 Acres choice Lands in Fresno County, near King's River. This is believed to be a very desirable tract, and will be sold at a bargain.

NOTE.—Sellers as well as purchasers can be accommodated at the "Bureau," where maps, and descriptions of lands for sale, can at all times be seen. Nov. 1

A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

Have removed to the Southeast corner of California and Battery streets, where they invite the attention of their customers and others to their large assortment of the Best and Finest Brands of CHEWING and SMOKING TOBACCO, HAVANA CIGARS and CIGARITOS. Consignments of the finest brands of Cigars received by every Steamer. [Oct. 18.] A. S. ROSENBAUM & CO.

JOHN D. YOST, San Francisco.] [H. S. CROCKER, Sacramento.

H. S. CROCKER & CO.,

Importing Stationers, and Mercantile and Job Printers, Corner Sacramento and Sansome streets, San Francisco. Pacific Coast Agency Depot, FAIRCHILD'S GOLD PENS AND PENCILS. [April 19.]

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF CALIFORNIA.

Attendance, daily, from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., by the undersigned, to receive subscriptions and donations, and to furnish all information relating to the Society. [Oct. 21.] J. P. McCURRIE, Sec'y, 730 Montgomery street

RICHARD PATRICK & CO.,

Importers and Jobbers of Foreign and Domestic Hardware, No. 123 Battery street, San Francisco. Nov 1.

COKE—CHEAPEST FUEL.

Sixty Cents per Barrel; Nine Dollars per Ton. At Gas Works, cor. Howard and Fremont Corner Second and King, Potrero Nov 1

COMMERCIAL STEAM PRINTING HOUSE,

517 Clay street, and 510, 512 and 514 Commercial street. The best and cheapest place to get posters, handbills, show work, and printing of every kind. Feb. 15. FRANCIS & VALENTINE, Clay street, 510 to 514 Commercial st.

C. L. CRACKBON.] C. A. MURDOCK & CO., [C. A. MURDOCK.

Job Printers, Successors to H. D. Carr & Co., No. 532 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. Feb. 3.

SITUATION WANTED

A young man, who speaks fluently the English, French and German languages, and has filled the place of clerk and German interpreter, is desirous of obtaining a situation as Private Tutor in a family. The highest testimonials can be given. Address "W.," News Letter office, or, California Placard Exchange, 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco. Oct. 25.

R. S CLYDE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.—Entrance to Office, 522 Clay st., and 523 Merchant street, bet. Montgomery and Kearny, San Francisco [Oct 4.

SULLIVAN, KELLY & CO.,

Importers and dealers in Paints, Oils, Glass, Etc., 101, 103 and 105 Front street, corner Pine, San Francisco. Sole Agents for Chances, 21 and 263 Crystal street. Nov. 22.

L. H. NEWTON.] NEWTON BROTHERS & CO., [MORRIS NEWTON

Importers and wholesale dealers in Teas, Foreign Goods and Groceries. 119 and 121 Front street, San Francisco, Cal. June 7.

THE NEWS LETTER'S HOTEL DIRECTORY

Throughout Europe, America Etc., Etc.

NOTE.—THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO EACH HOTEL IN THIS LIST.

ATHENS.—Hotel d'Angleterre.
BARBADOES, W. I.—Albion Hotel.
BERLIN.—Hotel Royal, Unter den Linden, No 3.
BADEN-BADEN.—Hotel de Hollande.
WEISBADEN.—Hotel Rose.
MUNICH.—Hotel Bellevue.
DRESDEN.—Victoria Hotel
VIENNA.—Grand Hotel. Grand National Hotel. Grand Hotel de la Cour d'Autriche. Hotel Kaiserin Elizabeth.
GENEVA.—Grand Hotel de la Paix. Hotel Beau Rivage.
PARIS.—Hotel Meurice, 228 Rue de Rivoli. Grand Hotel du Louvre. Hotel London.
BOULOGNE-SUR-MER, FRANCE.—Hotel Des Bains
BORDEAUX. Grand Hotel de France.
MARSEILLES —Grand Hotel de Marseille.
LYONS.—Hotel de l'Europe.
NICE.—Grand Hotel Chauvain.
BRUSSELS.—Hotel de Europe.
OSTEND.—Bath Hotel.
THE HAGUE Hotel Paulez.
GENOA.—Great Hotel of Italy and Cross of Malta. Hotel de la Ville.
TURIN.—Grand Hotel Trombetta.
MILAN.—Hotel de la Ville. Hotel Pozzo.
COMO.—Hotel de la Reine d'Angleterre.
FLORENCE.—Hotel New York.
VENICE.—Daniell's Royal Hotel. Hotel Victoria.
LEGHORN.—Victoria and Washington Hotel.
ROME —Hotel d'Allemagne.
NAPLES —Washington Hotel.
PALERMO.—Hotel Central.
CORDOVA.—Fonda Suiza.
SEVILLE.—Fonda de Paris.
ST. PETERSBURGH —Hotel Demuth.
MOSCOW.—Sclavonic Bazaar. St. Nicholas Hotel.
CONSTANTINOPLE.—Hotel d'Angleterre
LONDON —Bridge House Hotel. London B. Langham Hotel, Portland Pl. Morley's Hotel, Trafalgar Sq.
LEAMINGTON.—Regent Hotel.
LIVERPOOL.—Washington Hotel, Lime street.
NOTTINGHAM Maypole Hotel.
BIRMINGHAM The Great Western Hotel, Snow Hill Station. The Hen and Chickens Hotel. The Stork Family Hotel and Posting House, Old Square.
SHEFFIELD.—Royal Hotel.
ST.-LAWRENCE-ON-SEA, Ramsgate.—The Granville Hotel.
PLYMOUTH.—Duke of Cornwall Hotel.
CHEPSTOW.—Beaufort Arms Hotel (Tintern Abbey 5 miles)
DUBLIN The Hibernian Hotel. Shelbourne Hotel
EDINBURGH —Douglas Hotel. The Balmoral Hotel.
GLASGOW Queen's Hotel.
CORK.—Imperial Hotel
KILLARNEY —Royal Victoria Hotel.
MONTREAL.—Ottawa Hotel. S. C. Brown, manager
OTTAWA Russel House.
TORONTO.—The Queen's Hotel, Front street. Rossin House, R. P. Shear, Proprietor.
QUEBEC —Stadacona Hotel.
HALIFAX White Swan Hotel
WASHINGTON, D. C.—Arlington House, Imperial Hotel, Ebbitt House.
BALTIMORE.—Carrollton House.
NEW YORK.—Prescott House, Broadway. D. Hexter Prop.
VERA CRUZ.—La Casa de Diligencias.
MEXICO.—Hotel Iturbide
GUADALAJARA.—Hotel Hidalgo.
MAZATLAN.—Hotel de San Filiberto
LIMA.—Maury's Hotel, Calle de Bodegones.
VALPARAISO.—Hotel Roma, Calle de Cochrane.
SANTIAGO DE CHILE —Hotel de Santiago, Hotel Santiago.
RIO DE JAN Cafe Americano.
SYDNEY Royal Hyde Park Ho.
MELBOURNE —Ashton Hotel
CAPE OF GOOD HOPE Port Elizabeth, Phœnix Hotel.
TAHITI.—Faa, Hotel de Paris.
JAPAN —Yeddo, Yeddo Hotel.
HONOLULU. Hawaiian Hotel.

NOTABILIA.

Alas, how easily things go wrong,
A sigh too much or a kiss too long,
And there follows a mist and a weeping rain,
And life is never the same again

Railways are said to be the best civilizers we have, and this saying is in a great measure correct. But the construction of railways is a costly and cumbersome mode of civilization, and cannot always be resorted to. We must look for other and simpler means. One of these is undoubtedly photography. Civilization and the camera go hand in hand. As a civilizer, then, Mr. C. E. Watkins, of the Photographic and Art Gallery, 20 and 25 Montgomery street, deserves the honor and good will of men. His views of California scenery are civilizers, indeed for no one can look at the magnificent collection of views he has without being the better for it.

Passports are to be abolished in Russia. It has been found that the "suspects" have always theirs ready, whilst the poor innocent English or American traveler has invariably either lost his, or got some mistake in it. Speaking to a traveler recently returned from the land of the Great Northern Bear, we were astonished to hear of the advancement made in that country in the art of photography. "But, after all," continued the wanderer, "they don't come near California in photographs." "Which do you consider the best photographs taken here?" we persisted. "Oh, those of Houseworth." N. B.—He was a man of taste.

The other day, at a concert, a gentleman having put his hat upon a chair to keep a place, returned to claim it after a short absence. The hat he found, sure enough, where it had been left, only there was a stout lady sitting on it. "Madame," said he, "you are sitting on my hat." The lady blushed a little, turned round, and said in the blandest manner: "O, I beg pardon! I am sure I thought it was my husband's."

Messrs. Haviland & Co., of 335 Pine street, below Montgomery, seem determined to eclipse all the other stores in the city by the beauty and variety of their display of goods. In crockery, they have such sets and single pieces as cause every housekeeper to break the tenth commandment ten times over. In glassware, delicate cut goods of every conceivable design; in plated-ware, salvers, and survices in numbers untold and beauty unsurpassed, besides which there is such a host of pretty and useful things in table-cutlery, French, China, fancy goods, etc., as would fill the paper to catalogue even

It has been a question for some time past how to produce portraits which, while possessing the highest degree of sharpness of outline, shall also be endowed with that perfect softness and half-tone which is scarcely attainable in the methods usually employed. Pictures with these two extremely desirable qualities have, however, for some time been produced by a photographic firm of this city, Messrs Bradley & Rulofson to wit. Their photographs have all the qualities of a soft crayon sketch and all the advantage of perfectly correct portraiture. Their Elite Studio on Montgomery street is crowded daily.

A Compliment to the Ladies.—A minister a short time ago held forth to his female auditors in the following manner "Be not proud that our blessed Lord paid your sex the distinguished honor of appearing first to a female after the resurrection, for it was only done that the glad tidings might *spread the sooner*."

A new material, consisting of flaxseed and tallow, has recently come into extensive use in Germany as a stuffing for cushions and saddles. Its advantages are said to be numerous and great. We have no doubt that our friends, Messrs. Main & Winchester, *the* saddlers and harness makers of Battery street, will immediately make arrangements about repeating the experiment here, for Messrs. M & W are people of enterprise. Not, however, that the saddles they make need any improvement, for like the sets of harness they make they are as near perfection as well can be.

The English wood market has been rather quiet during the past month, but the lumber market in San Francisco has been kept quite active, and principally owing to the vast quantities used up by Messrs. Gilbert & Moore, the wholesale school-furniture manufacturers. The demand for their desks and forms, cupboards and boards, is enormous; in fact, they often have a difficulty about fulfilling their crowds of orders on time. This they do, however, by hard work and by using every effort to keep their word, upon which they particularly pride themselves.

A Kansas City tombstone pays the following beautiful tribute to innocence:

"With a yell and whoop
He died of the croup."

In the matter of a Xmas gift, choose thou by all means something that shall please and benefit at the same time. O, male reader, take thy lady love unto that street that is called Pine; stay not until thou hast reached the Saddle Rock Oyster Saloon, kept by one Emerson Corville. Give there thy order for two plates of fried or stewed or raw, as beseemeth thee; one for thyself, and one for her that doth accompany thee, and in good sooth ye will be both well pleased, as well for the manner in which ye are served as in that which they do bring.

The body of an old man was found near Newry, Ireland, a few days ago. In his wallet there was nothing but a number of crusts, but in his pockets was discovered the sum of $1,123. Patrick Reilly is the name of the deceased, and the money goes to the next of kin, and there'll be a rush of the next of kin, we expect. A rush such as is only equaled by the crowds that gather around the bars of the city with but one drink to ask for, that of J. H. Cutter's whisky, the best and finest spirit in creation.

An Irish lady in the west of Ireland said to her cook and housemaid combined, before the company, referring to the fantastic ornamenting of a huge pie, "Why, Kate, did you do this? you are quite an artist. How did you do it?" "Indade, it was meself that did it," replied Kate. "Isn't it purty, mam! I did it with your false teeth."

We had the pleasure last week of inspecting the house of a newly-married pair, the handsomest and prettiest little bandbox you can imagine. Everything seemed perfect from kitchen to garret, and nothing seemed to be wanting except an occupant for a perambulator in the yard. "Why, where did you get your furniture from?" we asked at last. "We placed the whole affair in the hands of Mr N. P. Cole, of Bush street," answered the husband, "and everything, as you see, is tip-top and elegant."

That this is peculiarly an inventive age, we have a thousand proofs daily, and since the high price of fuel has tended to make the "cheerful fire" and much cooking expensive luxuries, many and curiously ingenious ideas have been worked out. The best, the cheapest and most effective of all these is the De la Montanya Union Range, a range that cooks longer and better with less fuel than any other; never gets out of order. Sold at 216 Jackson street.

The Same but Different.—A facetious senior asked a freshman to tell him the difference between a fac-simile and a sick family; but the laugh was on the senior, for the freshman instantly replied, "No difference. A sick family is a family that is sick, and fac-simile means the same."

There is really only one boot and shoe-maker in the city worthy to be called the Prize Boot-maker, and that is P. Kelly, on Bush street, below Kearny. Special attention to theatrical foot coverings.

Horse meat has become a staple—one might say stable—dish on the Austrian bill of fare. As many as 221 gee-gees were slaughtered in September last. Prime joints are sold at from sixteen to eighteen kreutzers per lb. It is said to be very good eating, but for our part, no, thank you. The nicest thing in the way of eating we have tasted for some time, was a dish of canned peaches, put up by Messrs. C. James King of Wm. & Co., 617 and 619 Sansome street. They were exquisite, and we know that everything put up by this house is of the same fine quality. *No Chinese.*

One of the bugbears of married life is the incessant cry of "Domestic Economy," which is constantly made the text for some disagreeable sermonizing on the part of one or the other halves. Now, there need be no more trouble about economy in the stove or grate or range line if you will only go to Messrs. George H. Tay & Co, Nos. 614, 616, and 618 Battery street, between Jackson and Pacific. All his stoves, whilst they are comfortable and cheery, are economical. Particularly can we recommend the celebrated wrought iron Monitor Stove.

A lady made a complaint to Frederick the Great, King of Prussia. "Your majesty," said she, "my husband treats me badly." "That's none of my business," said the king. "But he speaks ill of you," said the lady. "That," said he, "is none of your business."

A series of ballad concerts is being given in London at the present time, in which some of the best singers assist. It may seem strange to hear that all the accompaniments are played on a piano of American manufacture. Yet such is the case, and the piano is one of Hallett Davis & Co., of which makers W. G. Badger is the agent for this city. We ourselves are not surprised, for there is a brilliancy in the *forte*, and a subdued sweetness in the *piano* of these instruments that fit them especially for accompaniment.

Enterprise again. The German Government intends selling silver of the old currency, to the amount of 20,000,000 thalers, to the Government of the United States, which has offered the best price for it. And at home, here in this city, or just out of it, to be strictly literal, we have another evidence of enterprise. "Oh, the Golden Gate Park will never come to anything!" said the growlers, and yet the Mangenbergs took the Villa, fitted it up, and now have one of the handsomest and most frequented little places on the Pacific Coast.

A Boston preacher speaking of the danger of the Bible being crowded out by the newspapers, perpetrated the following excellent pun: "Men nowadays," said he, "are like Zaccheus, desirous of seeing Jesus, but they cannot because of the press."

The vintage in France and Germany affords ample evidence that the accounts of the damage done by the frosts at the end of April were not exaggerated. Only half a crop of Bordeaux grapes, whilst the supply of low priced claret will be less than an eighth. Fortunately this will not affect California, for as long as we have Native Wines and Champagnes of Messrs. Eberhart & Lachman we need look no where else for supplies, either in quantity or quality.

During the year 1872, 218 bales, containing 578,850 Tasmanian rabbit skins, were exported from Melbourne, valued at $25,000. It is said that most of these skins are used in making hats. Talking of hats, have you seen the stock of Messrs. Nickerson & Son, of No. 35 Kearny street? Their selection is extremely fine; but what we admire most are the new and tasteful styles of boys' and childrens' hats found there.

A minister, who preached very long and very drowsy sermons, asked one member of his congregation, what ought he to preach about next Sunday. The person quickly answered: "About five minutes."

A marked case of hydrophobia from the bite of a cat has occured in Liverpool, England. A boy of nine, five weeks after the infliction of the wound, which had been cauterized, died in great agony from a series of convulsive fits brought on by the sight of water. If we had been there we should immediately have given him a bottle of Napa Soda, for what ills of the flesh that won't cure we have yet to find out. Depot 18½ Geary street.

Forty thousand acres of land are laid out in the United States as vineyards. California this year will produce twelve million gallons of wine and a large quantity of brandy. One of the largest vineyards in California is that producing the Gerke Wine, a wine unsurpassed as a light wine either on this or the European Continent.

Of course, you would as soon think of considering yourself dressed in the morning without putting your coat on, as going on the San Bruno Road as far as the Six Mile House without giving Harry Blanken a call.

A traveler asked once in a hotel "Who is the master of this house?" "I am," answered the landlord, "seeing that my wife is dead these last three weeks."

Miracles have not gone out of fashion, for Muller's pebble spectacles help one to see in a manner that is really and truly miraculous. Get a pair, by all means

CUTTER WHISKY.

A. P. Hotaling & Co., No. 431 Jackson street, are the Sole Agents on this Coast for the celebrated J. H. CUTTER WHISKY, shipped direct to them from Louisville, Kentucky. The Trade are cautioned against the purchase of inferior and imitation brands of "J. H. Cutter Old Bourbon." Owing to its deserved reputation, various unprincipled parties are endeavoring to palm off spurious grades. It is really the BEST Whisky in the United States. March 19.

NOBLE & GALLAGHER,

Importers and Dealers in Painters' Materials. House, Sign, and FRESCO PAINTERS, Plain and Decorative PAPER HANGERS, and GLAZIERS. No. 415 Jackson street, between Sansome and Montgomery, San Francisco. Ceilings and Walls Kalsomined, Whitened and Colored. Jobbing promptly attended to. Jan. 25.

CHARLES LE GAY,

American Commission Merchant, . . 1 Rue Scribe, Paris. [March 29.]

HELLMAN BROTHERS & CO.,

Commission Merchants, S. W. corner Front and Jackson sts. (up stairs.) San Francisco. August 2.

NOTICE.

For the very best Photographs go to Bradley & Rulofson's in an Elevator, 429 Montgomery street. Oct 20

ROEDERER CHAMPAGNE.

The celebrated brand of Carte Blanche, quarts and pints. For sale to the trade in lots to suit, by MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast. Dec 13.

YELLOW SHEATHING METAL.

Manufacture of the Revere Copper Company of Boston.—16 ounce; 18 ounce; 20 ounce, 22 ounce, 24 ounce, 26 ounce, 28 ounce. For sale by MACONDRAY & CO., Sole Agents for California. Dec. 13.

NOW OPEN.

Marple & Gump's Art Rooms.—Free exhibition of Choice Paintings, over Tucker's Jewelry store, from 9 A. M. till 4:30 P. M. Dec. 13.

OFFICES OF AERIAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.,
Jan. 4. No. 607 to 615 Merchant street, San Francisco.

COURT CHAT.

Leopold II., King of the Belgians, while delivering the speech from the throne, had little idea that the absence of the "irritating discussions," which the minister desired to avoid, would have occasioned His Majesty any inconvenience. The King, expecting to have a few quiet days in the Ardennes while the Chamber was debating on the address, went down to inspect some considerable plantations now being made on the Royal estates. His Majesty was not a little surprised to learn by telegraph that the address had been voted in one sitting, and that on the succeeding day the deputation would present it. The King, who, as is well known, is most scrupulous in his observance of constitutional etiquette, at once resolved to start for Brussels, but had no time to send word to the railway officials to have the Royal carriage in readiness. His Majesty proceeded to the station of Haversin, where he waited for the first train, and entered the first compartment available, not without some "irritating discussions" from travelers who did not understand why they were asked to change to another compartment. The King reached Brussels in time to receive the deputation at the hour appointed.

A marriage has been celebrated at the Chateau de Saint-Georges, at Cannes, France, between Prince Henri de Bourbon, Count de Bardi, Infante of Spain, and the Princess Louise of the Two Sicilies, the youngest sister of the ex-King of Naples, Francis II. The bridegroom is the second son of the Duchess of Parma, sister of the Count de Chambord. He was 13 when his mother died, and since that time has never quitted his august relative, who has himself presided over the young man's education. He now espouses the sister of the wife of his brother, Duke Robert of Parma, at whose residence the wedding took place. The union is one of pure inclination.

The Crown Prince of Austria has hitherto gone through merely a theoretical military training. He will now, by his father's wish, go through a course of practical drill with the 49th Regiment of Infantry, of which detachments gradually increasing will be placed under his command, with the assistance of an experienced officer. Thus his imperial highness will begin by commanding a corporal's guard and end by commanding the entire regiment. Having mastered the infantry drill the prince will be put through the same course with a cavalry regiment.

The Berlin Monday Gazette learns on good medical authority that the Emperor William's full recovery can scarcely be looked forward to for a few days. It is only recently that His Majesty's illness has taken a favorable turn. Previously his medical advisers were under serious apprehensions, from his total loss of appetite and resulting feebleness. Appetite has now returned, and the august patient is recovering strength. The rheumatic pain in his right foot is likewise subsiding, and the Emperor is in a fair way towards convalescence.

In the beginning of the month two stained glass windows were placed one on each side of the pulpit of Crathie Church, Scotland, a gift from Her Majesty. The window on the right side of the pulpit represents King David, and is in commemoration of the Prince Consort. The window on the left is a representation of St. Paul, and has been erected to the memory of the late Dr. Norman Macleod, Glasgow.

Field-Marshal Prince Edmund Schwarzenberg died at Worlik Castle, in Bohemia, at the age of seventy—thus leaving only one Field-Marshal in the Austrian army (the Archduke Albert). The Prince was the youngest son of the winner of the battle of Leipsic. He never married, and for the last fifteen years led a most retired life at a relative's estate in Bohemia.

His Majesty the King of Siam having attained his legal majority upon the 25th of September last, retired to the monastery of Budhraluestau to become a priest according to the Siamese ancient custom. His Majesty returned upon the 10th of October to resume his Royal prerogative, and was crowned at Bangkok upon the 16th of November.

The news that the Prince of Wales has intimated his intention of unveiling the statue of the Prince Consort on Holborn Viaduct has given great satisfaction in city circles, and although the day is not fixed for the ceremonial, preparations will be made for a *fête* of more than ordinary magnificence.

A duel has been fought at Fontainebleau, with pistols, between Nico Ghika, cousin of Prince Ghika, and Prince Soutzo. On the first exchange of shots Nico Ghika was killed. He was twenty-three years of age. Prince Soutzo and his seconds have escaped.

The Prince of Wales has sent a check for £25 to the fund for building a new pavilion on the Cambridge University cricket ground. The Prince has also presented £250 to found a scholarship in connection with the Norfolk County school.

The Baroness Burdett Coutts is about to present to the Edinburgh Corporation a portrait of her grand-uncle, Mr. Coutts, the founder of the banking-house of Coutts & Co., who was provost of Edinburgh *circum* 1770.

The Hon. Admiral Howard, of Castle Howard, Malton, has been raised to the peerage, by the title of Barron Lannerton, taken from the Naworth estates, belonging to the Howards, in the north of England.

The new Sultan of Morocco is stated to have dissolved his father's harem, composed of 1,000 females, one half negresses, and intends to remain the husband of one wife, the daughter of Muley Abbas.

The marriage of the Duke of Hamilton and Lady Mary Montague, daughter of the Duke and Duchess of Manchester, will take place in the second or third week in December.

Princess Marie, the wife of the ex-King of Spain, continues dangerously ill at Monza.

C. P. R. R.

Commencing Wednesday, November 12, 1873, and until further notice, Trains and Boats will Leave San Francisco

7.00 A. M. (daily), Atlantic Express Train (via Oakland) for Sacramento, Marysville, Redding and Portland (O.), Colfax, Reno, Ogden and Omaha.

7.30 A. M. (daily) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf)—Connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento; making close connection at Napa with stages for Sonoma.

12.00 Noon (Sundays excepted) Stockton Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Vallejo, Benicia and Landings on the San Joaquin River.

3.00 P. M. (daily) San Jose Passenger Train (via Oakland), stopping at all Way Stations.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Passenger Train (via Oakland) to Stockton only, connecting at Lathrop with Express Train for Merced, Visalia, Delano, and Los Angeles.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Cal. P. R. R. Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), connecting at Vallejo with trains for Calistoga, Knight's Landing and Sacramento.

4.00 P. M. (Sundays excepted) Sacramento Steamer (from Broadway Wharf), touching at Benicia and Landings on the Sacramento River.

6.30 P. M. (daily) Overland Emigrant Train (via Oakland)—Through Freight and Accommodation.

OAKLAND AND ALAMEDA FERRY.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO OAKLAND.—"Daily"—7:00, 7:30, 8:00, 8:30, 9:00, 9:30, 10:00, and 11:00 A.M.; 12:00, 1:00, 2:00, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:00, 6:30, 7:00, 8:10, 9:20 and 10:30 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—11:45 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:30 and 11:30 A.M.; 12:30 and 1:30 P.M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO ALAMEDA.—"Daily"—7:00, 8:00, 9:00 and 10:00 A.M.; 12:00, 2:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00 and 10:30 P.M. "Sundays only"—11:30 A.M., and 1:30 P.M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO FRUIT VALE.—"Daily, except Sundays"—7:30, 9:00 and 10:00 A.M.; 5:00 and 10:30 P.M.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO TO BROOKLYN.—"Daily"—7:30, 8:30 and 9:30 A. M.; 1:00, 2:30, 4:30, 5:30, 6:30, 7:00, 8:10 and 9:20 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—11:00 A. M. and 11:45 P. M. "Sundays only"—10:30, 11:30 A. M., and 12:30 P. M.

FROM BROOKLYN TO SAN FRANCISCO.—"Daily"—6:40, 7:40, 8:40, 9:40 and 10:40 A.M.; 12:40, 2:40, 4:40, 5:40, 6:40, 7:50, 9:00 and 10:10 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—5:35 A.M. "Sundays only"—11:40 A.M., and 1:25 P.M.

FROM ALAMEDA TO SAN FRANCISCO.—"Daily"—7:00, 8:00 and 9:00 A.M.; 2:00, 3:56, 5:00, 6:08 and 7:00 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—5:25, 11:30 A.M., and 1:30 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:00, 11:00 A.M.; 12:00 and 1:00 P.M.

FROM FRUIT VALE TO SAN FRANCISCO.—"Daily, except Sundays"—6:35, 8:00 and 11:05 A.M.; 3:35 and 6:05 P.M.

FROM OAKLAND TO SAN FRANCISCO.—"Daily"—6:50, 7:20, 7:50, 8:25, 8:50, 9:20, 9:50, 10:50 and 11:50 A.M.; 12:50, 2:50, 3:20, 3:50, 4:20, 4:50, 5:20, 5:50, 6:20, 6:50, 7:20, 8:00, 9:10 and 10:20 P.M. "Daily, except Sundays"—5:50 A.M., and 1:50 P.M. "Sundays only"—10:20 and 11:20 A.M.; 12:20, 1:20 and 1:35 P.M.

T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt.
A. N. TOWNE, General Superintendent. (11—23—30.)

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

Time Schedule, Commencing Nov. 30, 1873.

Trains South.	Through Train.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.
Leave—			
San Francisco	8:40 a m	*3:20 p m	†4:40 p m
San Jose.........Arrive	11:10 a m	5:40 p m	7:00 p m
Gilroy..........Arrive	12:45 p m	....	....
Pajaro..........Arrive	2:07 p m	....	....
Castroville.....Arrive	2:35 p m	....	....
Salinas.........Arrive	2:55 p m	....	....
Soledad.........Arrive	4:10 p m	....	....
Hollister.......Arrive	2:30 p m	....	....
Tres Pinos......Arrive	3:05 p m	....	....

Trains North.	San Jose Only.	San Jose Only.	Through Train.
Leave—			
Tres Pinos	....	....	10:45 a m
Hollister	....	....	11:20 a m
Soledad	....	....	9:10 a m
Salinas	....	....	10:35 a m
Castroville	....	....	10:55 a m
Pajaro	....	....	11:30 p m
Gilroy	....	....	12:45 p m
San Jose	†6:20 a m	7:40 a m	2:25 p m
San Francisco...Arrive	9:10 a m	10:10 a m	5:10 p m

*SATURDAYS at 2:20 p m. †Sundays excepted.

A. N. TOWNE, Gen'l Superintendent. A. C. BASSETT, Assistant Superintendent.
J. L. WILLCUTT, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

SAUCELITO FERRY.

Summer Arrangement.—On and after Monday, April 7th, the Steamer PRINCESS will leave San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 8:30 and 11 A.M., 4 and 6 P. M.; Saucelito at 7:30 and 9:30 A. M., 2:30 and 5 P. M. On Saturday, from Saucelito, at 7:30 and 11 A.M., 1, 3 and 5 P. M.; from San Francisco at 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. On Monday a trip from San Francisco (Meiggs' Wharf) at 6:30 A. M. SUNDAY TIME.—Leave San Francisco 10 and 12 M., 2 and 4 P. M. Leave Saucelito, 11 A. M., 1, and 5 P. M.
April 12. H. A. COBB, President, 327 Montgomery street.

CARMEN ISLAND SALT.

312 Tons, to Arrive. For Sale in Bond, by HOLLADAY & BRENHAM, Agents, 423 Front street.
March 25.]

$10 TO $20 PER DAY.

Agents wanted everywhere. Particulars free. A. H. BLAIR & Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Nov. 29.]

THE KIMBALL CAR AND CARRIAGE MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

Corner of Fourth and Bryant streets, San Francisco, have on hand of their own manufacture, and consigned to them from the best Eastern makers, for sale, vehicles of all kinds, styles and sizes, consisting of Barouches, Clarences, Coupes, Hacks, Phaetons, Charabancs, End, side or Wood C Spring, Open Buggies, Top Buggies, Express Wagons, Delivery Wagons, Vegetable Wagons, Carpets, Rugs, Whips, Lamps, Robes, Lap and Horse Blankets. Particular attention is called to our celebrated Wood C Spring Buggies, Carriages, Carryalls, and Rockaways, which are rapidly superceding the old-fashioned makes and styles, both on account of their remarkable lightness, durability, and the new and highly ornamental style of body mountings. Having but little metal in their construction, excepting in the tires, they have only the weight with all the strength, of the toughest ash and hickory woods, and run without the usual creak and clatter of iron and steel built buggies. The ease with which they carry is unequaled. The company have for sale new and second hand stage coaches, stage wagons, farm wagons beaded wagons, freight wagons, army wagons, ambulances, horse carts, hand carts, and also street railroad cars. Having the largest and most complete manufacturing establishment of its kind in the United States, with large supplies of the best seasoned material on hand, we are prepared to build to order on short notice, and in all cases guarantee the material and workmanship. Parties desiring to purchase are invited to call and inspect our stock before buying elsewhere. The Kearny and Fourth street cars going south will land visitors at the door of manufactory. Warning is hereby given that all infringements upon the patents of this company, viz: for the Wood C Spring and the Steel Centered Axle, and the Steel Center Plate, will meet with prompt and energetic prosecution to the fullest extent of the law. Nov. 20.

PETALUMA AND SONOMA—VIA LAKEVILLE

Change of Hours—Winter Arrangement.—On and after WEDNESDAY, November 1, 1871, the steamer PETALUMA, William Warner, Captain, having undergone thorough repairs and improvements to her machinery, adding greatly to her speed and comfort, will run as follows: Leave Petaluma daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 A.M. Returning—Leave San Francisco at 1:30 P.M., connecting at Petaluma with stages for Bodega and Bloomfield. W. H. TAYLOR, President
Aug. 24. C. C. S. N. Co.

TO PARENTS AND GUARDIANS.

Kearsley's Original Widow Welch's Female Pills, long celebrated for their peculiar virtues, are strongly recommended as a safe and valuable medicine in removing obstructions and relieving other inconveniences to which the female frame is liable, especially those which at an early period of life frequently arise from want of exercise and general debility of the system. Purchasers should see that each box is wrapped in white paper, and has C. KEARSLEY printed on the Government stamp. Price, 2s. 9d. per box. May be had of all chemists throughout the world. Also Dr. LOCOCK'S LOTION FOR THE COMPLEXION, a certain remedy for insect bites, tan, sunburns, or any roughness of the skin; in bottles, 1s. 6½d. Sold everywhere. J. SANGER & SONS,
Feb. 26. 150 Oxford st., London.

BREAKFAST.—EPP'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING

The very agreeable character of this Preparation has rendered it a general favorite. The "Civil Service Gazette" remarks: "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition; and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tin-lined packets, labled, "JAMES EPPS & CO.," Homeopathic Chemists, London.

DRUGS, ETC.

Pharmaceutical Preparations, Photographic Sunries, Patent Medicines, Drysalteries, Drugs, Paints, Dry Goods, Surgical Instruments, Shopfittings, Perfumery, Colors, Lozenges, Glassware, Chemicals, Oilmens' Stores, Medicine Chests, Storekeepers' Sundries, Veterinary Sundries. Thirty thousand pieces of the above forwarded, free of all charge, monthly, by BURGOYNE, BURBIDGES & SQUIRE
July 11. 16 Coleman st., London.

THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.

Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Purveyors by special appointment to H. R. H., the Duke of Edinburgh. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH SAUCE.—The success of the season at the table, for its agreeable, warming and stimulating qualities, is the Duke of Edinburgh Sauce. It aids digestion, and for flavor is unsurpassed. Prepared by John Moir & Son, Aberdeen. Sold by all respectable Grocers and Oilmen. Nov. 28.

S. MAW & SON,

Manufacturers of Surgeons' Instruments, Infants' Feeding Bottles, Lint, etc., and Dealers in all kinds of Druggists' Sundries and Apothecaries' Wares, 11 and 12 Aldersgate street, London, E. C. Illustrated Catalogues forwarded to the Trade on Receipt of Business Card. April 5.

DECOTO LAND COMPANY.

I. A. Amerman, President; H. V. Herbert, Secretary; Wm. Harney, Treasurer. Directors.—I. A. Amerman, Wm. Harney, H. H. Byrne, J. C. Pennie, F. M. Freund, H. Traube, P. Crowley, H. V. Herbert, J. W. McKenzie, J. C. Langton, J. T. Pomeroy, Adam Smith Aaron Meyer. HARVEY S. BROWN, Agent.
Office—424 Montgomery street, Montgomery Block next to Bulletin Publication office. Jan. 14.

SAN QUENTIN FERRY.

Change of Hours.—On and after Saturday, February 24, 1872, the favorite steamer "Contra Costa," Captain J. T. McKenzie (connecting with the San Rafael Railroad), will leave as follows: San Francisco, 9:30 a.m., 1:00 p.m., 4:30 p.m. San Rafael, 7:45 a.m., 11:15 a.m., 2:30 p.m. Until further notice the steamer will make trips on SUNDAY as follows: Leaving San Francisco at 10:00 a.m., 3:00 p.m.; San Rafael, 8:00 a.m., 5:30 p.m. W. H. TAYLOR, President
Aug. 24. C. C. S. N. Co.

LOCATION COUNTY AND CITY PUBLIC OFFICES

POLICE COURT—City Hall Build'g.
JUSTICES—501 Montgomery St.
COUNTY—City Hall.
PROBATE—City Hall.
THIRD DISTRICT—Mechanics Institute Building.
FOURTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
TWELFTH DISTRICT—City Hall.
FIFTEENTH DISTRICT—713 Montgomery street.
NINETEENTH DISTRICT—Dexter's Building, Kearny near Cal.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY—City Hall.
CITY AND CO. ATT'Y—City Hall.
POLICE ATTORNEY—City Hall.
GRAND JURY ROOMS—City Hall.
SHERIFF—City Hall.
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR—628 Clay street.
CITY PHYSICIAN—Cou'ty Hospital.
CORONER—628 Clay street.
CUSTOM HOUSE—Battery street.
COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE—Old Merchants' Exch'nge.
ASSESSOR INTERNAL REVENUE—Hayward's Building.
POST OFFICE — Washington and Battery streets.
CORPORATION YARD—Sacramento street, near Drumm.
MAYOR—City Hall.
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City H.
CLERK BOARD OF SUPERVISORS—City Hall.
TAX COLLECTOR—City Hall.
SUPT. OF STREETS—City Hall.
ASSESSOR—City Hall.
COUNTY CLERK—City Hall.
FIRE ALARM AND POLICE TELEGRAPH—Brenham Place.
BOARD OF EDUCATION—City Hall.
SUPT. PUB. SCHOOLS—City Hall.
STATION HOUSE—City Hall.
AUDITOR—Room 11, City Hall.
TREASURER—City Hall.
HALL OF RECORDS—Washington and Kearny streets.
FIRE DEPARTMENT—23 Kearny.
LICENSE COLLECTOR—City Hall.
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL—City Hall.
SURVEYOR—621 Washington st.
HEALTH OFFICE—14 Geary st.
CHIEF OF POLICE—City Hall.
POUND KEEPER—Pine street, bet. Pierce and Steiner.
QUARANTINE—221 Jackson st.
HARBOR MASTER—Corner Pacific and East.
HARBOR POLICE—Cor. Pacific and Davis streets.

BANKS AND COMPANIES Connected with the Far East.

THE NEWS LETTER IS REGULARLY MAILED TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING COMPANIES:

Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co., 122 Leadenhall street; Messageries Maritimes (head office in Paris), 3 Cannon street; Netherlands India Steam Navigation Co., 13 Austinfriars; Hongkong and China Gas Company, 11 Old Jewry Chambers, J. C. Walduck, Secretary; Singapore Gas Co., 5 St. Mary Axe, Robert King, Secretary; Pacific Saw Mills, Hakodadi, Armistead & Co. agents, 21 Old Broad street; Singapore Patent Slip and Dock Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. ag'ts, 21 St. Swithin's Lane; Singapore Johore Steam Saw Mills Co., Paterson, Simons & Co. agents, 21 St. Swithin's Lane; Amoy Dock Co., John Pook, agent, Lime st. Square; Hongkong and Whampoa Dock, Morrison & Co. agents, Crown-court, Philpot Lane; N. China Insurance Co., 3 Cornhill, J. S. Mackintosh, Secretary; Canton Insurance Co., Matheson & Co. agents, 3 Lombard st.; Union Insurance Co. of Canton, Dent, Palmer & Co. agents, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate street; Hongkong Insurance Co., Gledstanes & Co. agents, 20 Austinfriars; China Traders Insurance Co. Hongkong, Fearon & Co. agents, 31 Great St. Helens; China and Japan Marine Insurance Co. Robert Benson & Co. agts., 10 King's Arms Yard, Moorgate; Ceylon Co., Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad st., R. A. Cameron, Sec'y; Borneo Co. 7 Mincing Lane, Wm. Martin, Manager; Tanjong Pagar Dock Co. (Limited) of Singapore, Mactaggart, Tidman & Co. ag'ts, 34 Great St. Helens. BANKS.—Agra Bank, 35 Nicholas Lane, Lombard street, J. Thompson, Chairman; Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, Hatton Court, Threadneedle street, J. H. Gwyther, Manager; Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, Old Broad street, D. T. Robertson, General Manager; Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris, 144 Leadenhall street; Deutsche Bank, "Actien Gesellschaft" of Berlin, Agencies, National Provincial Bank of England, 112 Bishopsgate street, Within; German Bank of London, Bartholomew Lane, Lothbury; Bank of Rotterdam, Union Bank of London, agents, Princess st.; Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, W. H. Vacher, Manager, 32 Lombard street; National Bank of India, E. O. Sawers, Chief Manager, 80 King William street; Oriental Bank Corporation, Threadneedle street, C. J. F. Stuart, Chief Manager.

☞ Companies omitted in the above list will be inserted if the particulars are forwarded.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS

Recorded in the City and County of San Francisco, California, for the Week ending December 20, 1873.

Compiled from the Records of the Mercantile Agency of Hope, McKillop & Co., 317 California Street, San Francisco.]

Monday, December 15th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
R Feurstein to Robert McGinley	Nw Dolores and 22d, w 125x52	$1 500
August Waily to John Wieland	E Fillmore, 112:6 n Pine, n 25x100, being subdivision W A 313	1,800
K McParlen to Sisters of Mercy	Lot 396, Gift Map 1	1
Mary Gaharty to same	Lots 91, 92, 93, 94, Academy Tract	5
Richard Tobin to Elizabeth Evans	Se Silver, 217:8 sw 2d, sw 22:8x75, being subdiv 100-v 87	2,050
Jos Hahn to Adam Boots	Lot 5 blk 13, Mission and 30th St Ex Hd	400
A J Ellis to John Morchio	W Kearny, 63 n Broadway, n 29x90, being subdiv 50-v 42	1
Stepen T King to H F Smith	Lots 33 and 34, blk 210, Haley & O'Neill Tract	5
Same to L Barris	Lot 4, 30, 31, 32, 35 and 36 in block 210 H & O Neil	5
L Barris to H F Smith	Lots 30, 31, 32, 35 and 36 in block 210, Hale & O Neill	3,600
Wm Hollis to Elizabeth M Kenney	W Octavia, 30 n Bush, n 30x100, being subdiv W A 198	5,000
Chas N Felton to Maurice Doro	N Pine, 137:6 w Leavenworth, w 50:137:6, being subd'v 50-vara 1226	7,500
Geo K Porter to Hannah S Crane	Nw Valencia and 15th, n 65, w 400, s 4 deg w to n line of 15th st, e 400 to com being subdiv M B 23	....
Francis King to Edward King	Sw 7th, 225 se Harrison, se 25x80, being subdiv 100-v 255	2,000
Maria B Bachelder to N Porter	Commencing at a point midway bet the e and w lines of 25th Ave, extended n in their present direction 40 ft n of the n line of blks 95, 96, th n 382 x w 210	2,000
Silv Ter Hd Ass'n to J Wastenfeld	Lots 222 and 223, Silver Terrace Hd	811
Jos Stoddard to J H Blomenberg	S Geary, 68:9 e Leavenworth, e 68:9x68:9 being subdiv 50-v 1174	600
Paul Tract H'd Ass'n to J Boland	Lot 3, blk 23, Paul Tract H'd	500

Tuesday, December 16th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Hugh Daily to Tracy Phelps	Lots 271 and 273, Gift Map 1	$ 200
J E Johnson to Wm Hill	E Folsom, 170 s 21st, s 45, e 2'5, n 20, w 122:6, n 15, w 122:6 to commencement, being M B 54	3,000
J B Palmer to August Dolet	N Pfeiffer, 135 w Dupont, w 20x52:6, being subdiv 50-v 546 and 595	450
John M Fitzgibbons to J Ambrose	E Dolores, 60 s 18th, 29x110, being subdivision M B 78	500
A Deplerris to A Deplerris	Ne Chestnut and Powell, e 137:6x137:6, 50-v 628; also, s Vallejo, 137:6 w Dup't w 25x137:6, being subdiv 50-v 70	5
Cals Ave Hd Assn to H A Deming	Lot 29 blk 90, California Ave H'd	330
H C Carlton to Solomon P Kimbal	Ne Fremont, 275 se Folsom, se 20x137:6, being subdiv 50-v 728	5
Claus Spreckles to Michael Lynch	E Dolores, 228 s 17th, s 15x110; also, n Dorland, 245 e Dolores, e 30x15; also, n Dorland, 352 e Dolores, e 45x13	2
Univ Ex H'd Ass'n to H A Deming	Lot 1 blk 40, University Ex Hd	400
Peter Mathews to Julia O'Connor	E Hampshire, 160 s 22d, s 25x100, being subdivision P N 148	300
Julia O'Connor to Margaret J Ryan	Same	400
Robt McGinley to Jos Scheper	Nw Dolores and 22d, w 125 x n 52	1,550
Masonic Cem'y Ass'n to J R Sims	Lot 12, sec 20 in n addition to Masonic Cemetery	102
Lewis P Sage to N Van Bergen	W Battey, 75 S Union, s 25x120, being a subdiv 50-v 571	12,500
D F McDonald to P J Kennedy	5 acres McDonald Tract, commencing 20 chains s and 35 chains w from the centre of sect post No 24 tp 2, s r 6 w, th n 10 chains x e 5	500
Selden S Wright to Ralph Kirkham	Undivided half, nw Harrison, 80 sw 4th, sw 195x160, being subdiv 100-v 171	100
John Hinkel to John R Deardorff	Se 24th and Bartlett, s 100x72, being sub M B 170	3,000
J H Page to J H Moore	Sw Hawthorne, 242 se Folsom, se 33:2 x 112:6, being subdiv 100-v 41	7,175
Wm C Ralston to Wm Harney	E Webster, 96:3 s California, 41:3x81:3	500

Wednesday, December 17th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Jean Lacheaux to P Sontade	E Pollard Place, 117:6 n Vallejo, 20x58:6,	
E L Sullivan to John E Magee	being subdiv 50-v 220	$1,000
Wm Warner to Thos Hendry	25x120, subdiv O L 273	400
E A Sheldon to Lucy Smith	Lot 6 blk 5, Cosmopolitan Homestead	700
Michael Hayes to Eugene Celle	S Pine, 54:3 w Fillmore, 27x77:6	650
C F Marwedel to Christ Stallmann	Sw Tyler and Octavia, 412:6 x s 6 inches	1
Silver Ter H'd Ass'n to D Riordan	N Sutter, 68:9 w Buchanan, w 127:6	1,500
Same to Katherine Downs	Lots 349, 350 and 351, Silver Ter H'd	1,157
	Lots 252, 353, 354, 365, Silver Terrace Hd	1,578
John Garretson to T M J Debon	Mining claim in Lander Co, Nev	3,940
Mark M Crowell to Helena Gumpel	Se Sherwood Pl, 255 ne 3d, ne 20x55—sub 100 v 21	5
D F McDonald to Isabella French	1 acre McDonald Tract	1,000
J S McCue to Wm R Sloan	No Kate, 105 se Bryant, se 25x50—sub 100 v 212	400
Geo Turner to F G Edwards	E Jones, 40 n Chestnut, n 20x68:3—sub 50 v 708	250
S and L Soc'y to L O de Andrade	Se Guerrero and Elizabeth, s 94:6x93:9¾	3,000

Thursday, December 18th.

GRANTOR TO GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Chas J Wingerter to Paul Rousset	50-v 981, at junction of Market, Turk and Mason streets	$ 5
Edward Clarke to H Rosekrans	S Post, 55 w Baker, w 27:6 s 110, w 55, s 27:6, e 137:6, n 27:6, w 55, n 110 to com	1,340
City and County S F to A E Smith	E Mission, 160 s 23d, s 43x122:6, being subdiv M B 154	....
Geo W Oakes to Thos J Oakes	Lot 29 blk 69, Willows Land Association	5
Same to same	Lot 685, Gift Map 2	5
City and County S F to G Blau	E Capp 200 n 24th, n 51:1½, ne 122:7¾, s 51.0 inch, w 122:6 to commencement, being subdiv M B 154	....
G Blau to City and County S F	Streets and highways	....
Visita'n Val Hd to F G Cummings	Lot 104, Visitacion Valley Hd	327
J O'Regan to A J Gooch	San Leandro: 9¼ acres	3,667
A J Gladding to Trust's O B of Sav	Oakland: Block L, Peralta H'd Tract	1
R Perrin to C H Pollard	Washington T'p: The A B Forbes place	4,125

Friday, December 19th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
Wm Harney to Fredk W Pierce	E Webster, 96:3 s California, s 41:3x81:3	$ 500
Bd Tide L Com'rs to B J Broderson	Whole of blk 814, Tide Lands	1,184
A McKay to Wm J Gunn	S Sutter, 225 w Baker, w 25x137:6	300
J Van Dewater to Horatio S Gates	S California, 137:6 w Jones, w 68:9x137:6 being subdiv 50-v 1127	1
J E Sorbier to J Brown	W Arkansas 150 s Yolo, s 50x100, being subdiv P blk 217	5
T P Riordan to Michael Riordan	Sw 16th and Valencia, s 92x88, being subdiv M B 30, subject to a mortgage for $12,000	1,000
Same to Dennis O'Leary	E Columbia, 100 n Parker, n 50x80, being subdiv 1 and 2 in blk 211, Precita Valley Lands	5
Eleanor M Brown to J Anderson	Sw Washington Avenue and Mission street s 90x25	5,500
Rebecca B Johnson to R C Johnson	All int in the estate of Geo C Johnson, deceased, heretofore set off and distributed to her, reference being made to 682 D 179; also, papers recorded on November 15th, '73	Gift
Same to Irving M Scott	Se Harrison, 73 sw 1st, sw 77, se 120, ne 25, nw 20, ne 52, nw 100 to commencement, being subdiv 100-va 73	15,000
Geo H Goddard to Emma A Curtis	S California, 137:6 w Jones, w 43:9x137:6 being subdiv 50-va 1127, subj to mortg for $1,000	12,800
C F Mebius to Thos Elpper	Sw Russ, 180 nw of Folsom, nw 20x100, being subdiv 100-v 238	1
City and County S F to C A Phelps	Sundry lots in Western Addition	....
Appoline Ayhens to Auguste Creze	E Ritch, 100, n Brannan, n 30x80	5,000

Saturday, December 20th.

GRANTOR AND GRANTEE.	DESCRIPTION.	PRICE
J H Turney to L M Graham	Nw Clay and Walnut, n 127:8¼x137:6—W A 814	$2,500
Sidney L Johnson to L Quint	Se Bay and Polk e 137:6x137:6—sub W A 30	5
L Quint to Francis S Spring	Same	500
E E Koch to George Brown	Se Masonic Ave and McAllister, e 237:6 x137:6—sub W A 650	4,000
E N Riotte to Louis Lekens	Lot 4, West End Hd	500
Silver Ter Hd Ass'n to J Ewing	Lots 372, 373, 374 and 375, Silver Terrace Homestead	440
Same to Jos Fisher	Lots 16, 17, 18 and 19, same	1,330
Same to Joseph Fischer	Lots 157 and 158, same	886
Same to same	Lots 57 and 58, same	721
Same to James Ewing	Lot 190, same	680
Same to Alice Ewing	Lots 455 and 456, same	886
Same to James Ewing	Lot 253, same	505
Same to Alice Ewing	Lots 334, 335, 336 and 337, same	300

MONTGOMERY AVENUE BONDS.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the Office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, City Hall, San Francisco, from day to day, until further notice, for the purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds, authorized to be issued by the Board of Public Works of said city and county, as provided by an Act of the Legislature of the State of California, entitled "An Act to open and establish a public street in the City and County of San Francisco, to be called 'Montgomery Avenue,' and to take private lands therefor," approved April 1st, 1872.

Said Bonds are of the denomination of $1,000 each, payable in thirty years from January 1st, 1873, and bear interest at the rate of six per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, on the first day of July and the first day of January of each year, at the office of the Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco. Interest coupons are attached to each bond, and are at the option of the holder receivable in payment of all taxes levied under said Act. Principal and interest are payable in Gold Coin of the United States of America.

The Act provides for a Sinking Fund.

Bidders will state the rate per cent at which they will purchase any portion of said Bonds, payable in Gold Coin of the United States, and each bid must be accompanied by a bond, with one or more sureties, satisfactory to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer, conditional that if any award be made the terms of the bid will be complied with.

Bids must be addressed to the Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco, City Hall, San Francisco, California, and indorsed "Proposals for the Purchase of Montgomery Avenue Bonds."

Bids will be opened at 12 o'clock noon each day, Sundays excepted, at the office of the Treasurer.

The Mayor, Auditor and Treasurer reserve the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated at the City Hall, San Francisco, April 7th, 1873.

JAMES OTIS, Mayor of the City and County of San Francisco.
MONROE ASHBURY, Auditor of the City and County of San Francisco.
April 12.] CHAS. HUBERT, Treasurer of the City and County of San Francisco.

VALLEJO WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

Only 27 1-2 miles from San Francisco. Time, 3 hours. Fare, $1.25 by Vallejo steamer, twice daily. The hotel and Swiss cottages are all new, and most elegantly fitted up and furnished. There is a lake, boats, garden, vineyards, and fine drives and walks around the place. The water of the Springs is most invigorating and refreshing to the debilitated city resident and invalid. Hot and cold baths, a first-class table and bar, and free billiards.
April 20. GEO. MELLOR, Lessee, late of the Ocean Side House.

C. MAIN. **MAIN & WINCHESTER.** E. H. WINCHESTER.

Manufacturers and Importers of Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Whips, Collars, Saddlery Ware, etc., Nos. 214 and 216 Battery street, San Francisco. N. B.—A good assortment of Concord Stage Harness constantly on hand. Sept. 12.

FIVE TO TWENTY DOLLARS PER DAY.

Agents Wanted.—All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & CO.,
Nov. 15. Portland, Maine.

F. W. VAN REYNEGOM. JNO. H. DICKINSON.

VAN REYNEGOM & DICKINSON,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law. 502 Montgomery st., cor. Sacramento (Rooms 12 and 13), San Francisco. Nov. 8.

WANTED.

A Situation as Bookkeeper, Collector, or Copyist, by one thoroughly competent, with the best of references. Address,
Nov. 8. J. R. COKER, No. 420 Sansome street.

QUICKSILVER.

For Sale—In lots to suit, by Thomas Bell, No. 203 Sansome street over Bank of California. Nov. 18.

FOR BRIGHT'S DISEASE

Try Bethesda Spring Mineral Water. Sure Cure. Depot, No. 230 Sutter street. Nov. 29.

LOUPE & HAAS,

Importers and Wholesale Grocers, have removed to corner of California and Davis streets, one block below their former location. Dec. 6.

WHAT PEOPLE ARE SAYING.

"'Twas whispered in Heaven, 'twas muttered in Hell,
And Echo caught faintly the sound as it fell."

That they thank a beneficent and all-wise Providence that Christmas is over. (It is mainly the elders and those whose purses have suffered who express themselves in this devout form of thanksgiving.) That they wish there would be another Christmas to-morrow, and one every week in the year. (This is the aspiration of the Jack Horners, who have not had enough Christmas pie, and of Jack's sisters, who are already tired of their dolls and want new ones.) That times are harder than they were on the 24th, and that the heads of large families are feeling blue. That for the positions of the fifty new policemen to be appointed, there are 1,700 applicants. That there was a substantial reason for the *Barnacle's* savage attack upon Chief Cockrill, which will be developed by and by. That things are not going with Orphean harmony in the Police Commission, and that Cockrill and his colleagues do not hitch horses. That John McCullough is smart in declining engagements in New York and London, and in resolving to wend his way back to San Francisco. That John has done quite as well—to draw it mild—as could have been reasonably expected; that he has been fully appreciated, and ought to run no further risks. That the "Local-Liner" of the *Call* must take a deep and beautifully touching interest in the health and physical well-being of Mr. D. B. Woolf, Clerk of the Municipal Court, since he thinks it worth while to furnish, as an item of general intelligence, of absorbing interest to the public, the fact that said D. B. Woolf, Clerk, etc., "has been suffering from that most agonizing malady, the neuralgia." That perhaps the Local-Liner will next week post an anxious and expectant public as to the condition of Mr. Woolf's corns. That the price—$40,000—paid for the lot, 275x265, on the northwest corner of Gough and California streets, is a pretty good price, and tends to show that the financial bottom of San Francisco has not yet dropped out. That Governor Booth, U. S. Senator elect, and the slayer of the monopolistic Hydra, is in town for the purpose of attending the Bohemian High Jinks to-night, over which his friend, the ample-bearded Jim Eastman, presides. That the *Call* carriers who steal copies of the *Chronicle*, and the *Chronicle* carriers who steal copies of the *Call* from the door-steps of subscribers, are the pettiest kind of larceners, and will never grow rich in the exercise of their profession. That the Independents having now elected two Senators and killed off the Central Pacific, it would be a great deliverance and a special mercy if their Christmas turkey should prove to have so seriously disagreed with them as to disqualify them for resuming their legislative functions, and make it necessary for them to stay at home and take physic until the end of the session. That our San Francisco preachers will feel the necessity of putting more sense into their sermons now that the *News Letter* has commenced furnishing reports of them. That the generally accurate and infallible *News Letter* has for once been betrayed into a mistake in its allusion last week to a benefit for a destitute Jewish family. That by an error, owing to a similarity of names, the *News Letter* supposed it to be the family of the late Mr. Herzberg. That the *News Letter* has inadvertently, by its rather pungent comments, given pain to the very estimable ladies, wife and daughters of the deceased gentlemen, who are held in this community in the highest esteem. That the *News Letter*, with its usual good feeling and gallantry, makes the amend. That Mr. Marcus Smith, Civil Engineer, in charge of the surveys of the western division of the Canadian Pacific Railroad, arrived here by the *Prince Alfred*, from Victoria, Vancouver Island, *en route* for Ottowa, Canada, where the reports of the surveys will be submitted and discussed, and a definite plan of action decided on. That it is believed the Canadian Government will construct the road on its own account, and from the forward state of the surveys, it appears practicable that the work should be commenced next summer. That the greatest altitude attained at any point in the line is 3,800 feet above the level of the sea. That the maximum grade is 52 feet per mile, except for a short distance in the Cascade range, where it will probably reach 100 feet in the mile. According to the *Baillie*, people in Glasgow are saying: That the patrons of Hutchesons' Hospital are about to establish a girls' school. That the girls are to be taught domestic work generally, and, specially, economical cooking. That young ladies of the "Upper Ten" might *attend* the school with advantage. That Mr. J. Fisher M'Laren, whoever he may be, wished to abolish the Glasgow Faculty of Procurators. That the Glasgow Faculty of Procurators declined to be abolished. That the Glasgow Faculty of Procurators squashed Fisher and sat upon M'Laren. That Mr. Harry Alfred Long is a lucky man. That somebody has given him two hundred and ten pounds. That the money is burning his pocket. That in order to get rid of it with punctuality and dispatch, he is about to start a newspaper. That the "Hermit of Hughenden" has been seen in the flesh in Glasgow. That the flesh isn't much. That when making Benjamin a burgess, the Provost and Corporation were dressed like waiters. That the gentlemen present wore morning costume.

PACIFIC MAIL COMPANY.

The Commercial Herald of Thursday morning, which devotes a paragraph to the universally unpopular retrenchments on the Pacific Mail Co.'s dock, observes "that the economy that has been instituted is of the kind that killed the Irishman's horse, which died just when it had learned to live upon nothing." The fast decreasing favor in which this corporation is held justifies the assertion. When Eldridge and Irwin were agents, the company had a prestige which it has lost day by day since their discharge. Later: Captain Cox, one of the most popular of men, under whom men loved to work, and upon whom all men looked with regard, was discharged after nineteen years of faithful service. After his discharge the penny wise and pound foolish policy of the company gave to one man the work of two, and Mr. William Waddell, hitherto Chief Engineer, became Superintendent of the dock in conjunction with his former duties. With his record, all Californians are tolerably familiar. His heroic conduct at the burning of the *Golden Gate*, together with his management of the *Colorado* on her first trip to China, are well known. More recently the Pacific Mail Company are indebted to his skill, patience, and indomitable energy for the saving of the *Costa Rica*, which would otherwise have added one more to their long list of disasters. He, too, has been discharged upon a day's notice, after a faithful serving of close on twenty years. We have no word to say against the gentlemen whom the new Directors have seen fit to employ, but in consideration of the fact that the Pacific Mail Steamship Company receives a subsidy of a million dollars from the Government, a much-taxed public is entitled to efficient officers. Changes have come so thick and fast that we have scarce had time to become acquainted with any one's qualifications, but the gentlemen we have named were all tried and popular. The company can scarcely expect to find the like in men who are willing to accept the responsibilities and duties of several positions for less than the pay of one. The Pacific Mail Co. has been for many years the only steamship company which floated the American flag. Its present picayunish policy is shaking the confidence of its patrons; is materially raising its insurance rates, and is helping its English Pacific rivals to prosperity and power. Good men, good work, and good pay will restore to it its pristine success and glory. Irresponsible men, indifferent work, and poor pay will soon reduce it to the level of a second-class struggling company.

A SCRAP OF AMERICAN HISTORY.

At the Banquet recently given to Professor Tyndall, Dr. Draper gave the following among other bits of American history: "At the time of the American Revolution, there resided in the town of Rumford, New Hampshire, one Benjamin Thompson, who occupied himself in teaching school. He embraced, as we Americans would say, the wrong side of the question on that occasion—he sided with the King's Government. He went to England, became a man of mark, and was knighted. Then he went on the Continent, again distinguished himself by his scientific attainments, again was titled, and this time, in memory of his American home, was called Count *Rumford*. On his return to London, Count Rumford founded the Royal Institution, and thus to a native American the world owes that establishment which has been glorified by Humphrey Davy, and James Young, and Michael Farraday, and the lustre of which is now so conspicuously maintained by Tyndall."

An Indiana poet has been sent to the penitentiary for three years for what a western paper calls "plagiarizing a horse."

PARODY ON THE "RAVEN."

The following travestie is not to be judged solely by its intrinsic merit, for it is the work of a young lady who has not yet entered her teens, and is for this reason entitled to kindly perusal:

PARODY.

Once upon a cold day dreary,
While I sat, so worn and weary,
Watching my scant breakfast cooking;
('Twas smelt fish, and nothing more);
While the fishes were a trying,
Suddenly I heard a sighing,
As of some one faintly crying;
Crying near my chamber door;
'Tis some beggar child, I muttered,
Crying near my chamber door;
Only this, and nothing more.

Then unto my fishes turning,
Just in time to save from burning,
Soon I heard again the crying
Somewhat louder than before;
"Surely," said I, "surely that is
Something at my window lattice;
Let me see, then, what thereat is,
And this mystery explore;"
Let my cooking cease a moment;
Let me this strange noise explore;
'Tis a child, and nothing more.

Open here I flung the door,
When, before I could count four,
In there stepped a little "Chenoir;"
"Chenoir" long, lean, and sore;
Not the least obeisance made he;
Not a moment stopped or stayed he;
Not a single utt'rance made he,
But sat down upon the floor;
Sat, upon a time-worn rug,
Just before my chamber door;
Sat and cried, and nothing more.

Then this bony child beguiling,
My sad fancy into smiling,
By its countenance and the strangeness
Of the queue its small head bore;
"Child, thy head is shorn and shaven;
You belong then to the Craven
Race, who, sore with bondage laden,
Wander from the Eastern shore;
Tell me, what thy heathen, outlandish name is,
On the far off Eastern shore!"
Quoth the heathen, "Nevermore."

Much I marveled this ungainly
Creature to hear speak so plainly,
Though its answer little meaning,
Little revelancy bore;
Still we cannot help agreeing
That as yet no human being
Ever has been blessed with seeing
Chinaman inside his door;
Chinaman upon the time-worn
Rug before his chamber door,
With such a name as "Nevermore."

But the heathen, still beguiling
All my sad soul into smiling,
Straight I wheeled a cushioned seat
In front of rug and child and door;
Then I sat engaged in guessing,
(But no syllable expressing
To the child whose almond eyes
Now burnt into my bosom's core),
What this grim, ungainly, ghastly,
Lean, and bony child and sore
Meant in screeching "Nevermore."

"Prophet!" said I, "thing of evil!
Prophet still, if child or devil!
Whether tempter sent or whether
Tempest tossed thee on this shore,
Much abused yet all undaunted,
On this golden land enchanted,
By your brother heathens haunted,
Tell me, tell me, I implore!
Will the Chinese e'er stop coming?"
Quoth the heathen, "Nevermore." M. T.

SOCIAL.

A few words about the grand success of the week. We refer to the "Surprise" given to Mrs. H. Barroilhet to celebrate the anniversary of her wedding. Which anniversary! We heard something about eleventh or twelfth, but knowing she was just eighteen when leaving the Church of Notre Dame a happy bride, and judging by her looks and appearance on Monday night, it cannot be more than the seventh or eighth. The fair "Surprisee" had been made acquainted with the proposed entertainment in time to receive her friends worthily, and that she did this successfully her well-known reputation for taste is sufficient proof. The beautiful residence of the B.'s had been prettily decorated, flowers in all the corners, among which were innumerable baskets and bouquets, and gifts from her numerous friends. It is a well-known fact that nothing successful can exist without its accompanying enemies. We have just had another proof of this. A member of "society," a lady—no, a woman—no, not even that—we would not honor the despicable "thing" by giving her that fair name—a wretch, in fact, who, full of spite and venom against a fellow-creature, for reasons unknown, imagined a grand plan to make the party a failure. After purloining some of the identical note paper on which the invitations had been written, and causing some poor child to become a party to her act, by writing to the invited ones that in consequence of sickness the Surprise would not take place; she goes herself after having carefully blackened her features and brings these notes around. Some good friend of the house suspecting the fraud, and discovering his surmises to be correct, drove around and related the infamy. Every one came, some even arising from their beds to be present and assure Mrs. B. of their esteem and of their contempt for the author of the vile trick. Though she must regret the occurrence, it must be for Mrs. B. a consolation to have seen how many good friends she possesses in our midst. The name of the wretched female will soon be made public, so that society may treat her as she deserves.

PEOPLE WE ALL RECOGNIZE.

He was a very tall and heavy man, but he stooped slightly, which somewhat detracted from his massive appearance. He was, at first glance, well dressed, but there was a *je ne scais quoi* about him which induced a more careful scrutiny. His brown coat was well brushed, but a trifle threadbare. His iron-gray pants had straddled somehow up his legs, and displayed above each shoe more than a trifle of wrinkled stocking. The shoes themselves were scrupulously polished, for, after all, bootblacks *have* human hearts, and possibly some one of them sympathized with his evident desire to be respectable. His shirt collar was fresh and clean, though somewhat frayed at the edges. We reflected that possibly the laundryman was more confiding than the furnishing store. He got on a Third-street car, and informed every one in a loud tone—ostensibly addressed to the conductor—that he was going down to see Mr. Stanford. He was a voluble talker, and evidently on the best terms with the leading politicians at Sacramento. He was in the act of electrifying the audience with his views on Casserly's resignation when that tiresome conductor asked for his fare. The eminent politician dismissed him with an impatient wave of the hand. The obtrusive conductor persisted; the eloquence of the distinguished stranger waxed warmer. Quoth the man of the pasteboard, with the air of one who makes a virtue of necessity, "Well, poor devil, I'll let him ride, as it's Christmas times." We looked around with startled horror to note the effect of the insolence on this eminent public man. We noticed only an expression of satisfaction on his classic features. We turned from him with a sigh. Our faith in human nature was shaken.

A COMMON-SENSE EXPLANATION.

At this blessed season of the year, when the resurrection of the sun is looked forward to by all Nature, it is worth while to recall the means by which mankind were enabled to recognize the approach of that period. Any clear night we can at this time see the dog star *sirius*, as the night of the 24th—25th of December draws near, coming closer and closer to the meridian at 12 P. M. At "low twelve" on that night he "stands" at the upper meridian, at the moment that the sun passes the lower meridian; and, having reached his most southern declination, begins to "ascend into heaven." No wonder therefore that "When they saw the star (Math. ii. 10), they rejoiced with exceeding great joy." We do so to-day although rich in Yankee clocks and two-bit almanacs. Following the Egyptian plan, the astronomers of Alexandria began their new year at the resurrection of the new year's sun-god from the Winter solstice, where for three days he had been "buried" beneath the earth and wrapped in a "winding sheet"—of snow!

The "Daily Placard" will take the place of the present large type in the dailies.

HOLIDAY GIFTS
—AT—
ROMAN'S.
The largest and finest Stock ever offered for sale on the Pacific Coast, consisting of
STANDARD WORKS,
In fine Library Bindings.
ELEGANT GIFT BOOKS.
Standard Poets, Galleries,
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Writing Desks, Portfolios,
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Gold Pens of finest quality,
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A. ROMAN & CO.,
Booksellers & Stationers,
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JOUVIN
GLOVES.
None genuine unless one of each pair bear the TRADE MARK of Original Inventor and Patentee, with date of patent, 1834.
Veuve Xavier Jouvin & Cie,
PARIS & GRENOBLE.
MURPHY, GRANT & CO.,
Sole Agents for Pacific Coast,
San Francisco.
Sept. 20.

A. F. NYE. T. B. ACHESON.
NYE & ACHESON,
IMPORTERS OF
GAS FIXTURES,
315 and 317 Pine st.,
SAN FRANCISCO.
Oct. 11.

NOTICE.
Charles J. Collins,
Pioneer Hatter,
Under Odd Fellows' Hall,
Guarantees the Highest Satisfaction to all his Patrons.
No. 321 Montgomery street.
Oct. 25.

BANCROFT'S,
721 Market Street.
HOLIDAY GIFTS!
THE
FINEST ASSORTMENT OF
BOOKS
AND
FINE STATIONERY
IN THE CITY.
DIARIES FOR 1874,
THE FIRST IN THE MARKET.
We cordially invite the Public to give us a call.
A. L. BANCROFT & CO.,
Publishers, Manufacturers, Etc., Etc. [Dec. 6.

DR. ABORN,
Oculist, Aurist, etc. Offices and Laboratory, 213 Geary street, above Stockton, opposite Union Square. April 20.

THE TOWN CRIER.

"Hear the Crier!" "What the devil art thou?"
"One that will play the devil, sir, with you."

Satire should, like a polished razor keen,
Wound with a touch that's scarcely felt or seen.

Oh Heaven! that such companions thou'dst unfold,
And put in every honest hand a whip
To lash the rascal naked through the world,
Even from the East to the West.—OTHELLO, ACT IV, SCENE I.

PALAVER VERSUS PLUCK.

[BEING A BALLAD OF THE TIMES.]

There was a great commotion
In the Caribbean Seas,
And a speck of war was visible
Among the Antilles.

For a proud Castilian man-of-war
A Yankee ship had ta'en,
While the Yankee stars and stripes were gaily
Flying at her main.

And they put the crew in irons,
And they claimed her as a prize,
For a cruising fillibuster,
And a pirate in disguise.

And they ran to Santiago,
And while yet their blood was hot,
They tried the crew as rebels,
And condemned them to be shot.

Then they led them to the slaughter house,
That stood outside the town,
And they stood them up against the wall
And coolly shot them down.

Whilst the rabble roared and shouted
When the bloody deed was done,
As if for some great victory which
Their chivalry had won.

Now over all the Continent
The cruel tidings sped,
And over all the Continent
A thrill of horror spread.

And a cry of indignation
Rose from Florida to Maine;
And a call for speedy vengeance
On the bloody hands of Spain.

So the brawling agitators
Of the platform and the press,
Denounced the horrid outrage,
And demanded swift redress.

And the Cabinet was summoned,
And they talked the matter over,
As to whether the *Virginius* was
A trader or a rover.

And swiftly to the navy yards
Went orders to complete
The ships that were repairing,
And to hurry up the fleet.

Meanwhile, the modest captain
Of a British sloop-of-war,
Who had heard about the trouble,
Came and anchored in the bar.

And he sent a modest message,
To the rulers of the place,
To request them to postpone the
Executions for a space.

Back they sent a haughty answer
To the modest man's request,
Intimating to the Briton that
They know their business best.

And he sent another message
Which was somewhat in this strain:
"*I will lay your town in ashes
If another man be slain.*"

And the bold Hidalgos wilted
When they saw him sailing down
With his guns all trained and loaded
Bearing on their crazy town.

And if they stopped the slaughter,
We may thank the British tar,
And the timely intervention
Of the British man-of-war.

San Francisco, Dec. 27th, 1873. S. D.

If women only knew how detestable they appear unto men with their faces plastered and whitened, their eyelids touched up and their eyebrows put into shape, we have still faith enough left in their common-sense to believe that they would discontinue a practice at once horrible and barbaric. We speak of Indians as savages who wear rings through their noses and paint their faces. And yet American, and particularly San Franciscan women, daub and plaster their faces and wear rings in their ears in most successful imitation of the "poor, degraded savages." If the foolish creatures who paint and powder would only stay at a distance, the cheat might never be discovered; but, unfortunately, the exigencies of life will not always allow this, and a nearer approach of or to the supposed beauty means something like the following disillusion: You see a lady—say a stranger—at one end of the drawing-room in which you are, a lady who strikes you as being particularly pretty and attractive. To say nothing of her glorious figure, the beauty of her complexion completely charms you. It is a perfect combination of pearly-white and rosy-carmine. The forehead is of alabaster, and the neck is a tower of marble. The eyebrows are of a Junoesque curve, and the long, black eyelashes sweep down over eyes that have a depth in them, deep and fascinating as a dark, swift flowing river. You are introduced, and—powers of healthy awakening!—this is what you find: The first glance will show you that the majestic eyebrows are simply heavy pencil lines. The eyelashes are unmistakably dyed, for there is some of the black stuff still on the lids. The whole face is covered with a crust of something that looks like melted wax. Powder has been laid on with no stinting hand, for there are messes of it in the hollows of the ears and the corners of the nose. Neck and shoulders look as though they had been through a flour-mill, but underneath and through the white dust there peep out patches of yellowy skin and unseemly and half-covered moles. The lips have some beastly pigment on them, and she dare not talk lest the make-up should be injured, and so sits like a ghastly selection from an anatomical museum. If she open her lips it is instantly evident that the powder puff is more used than the tooth-brush—for your painted woman is always a dirty woman; and if you dance with her you will in all probability discover that the seeming luxuriance of her hair means pads, and all her figure means the same. For God's sake, women, be natural! This is an age of frauds, many and great, but the painted, plastered, daubed, and made-up woman is the most horrible, damnable, and idiotic. Can you imagine for one moment the bare possibility of your husband loving you when he wakes every morning to find a faded, cracked, gray face beside him, in place of the lovely one of last night, and all your beauty at the bottom of the wash-basin!

Impressed with the solemnity and "sanctimoniousness" of the occasion, the *Town Crier* sat down about half-past 10 on Thursday evening to write something that should at once be pretty and appropriate. Being determined to make his solitude as pleasant as possible, he drew the cork from a bottle of Scotch—Napa soda, lit a cigar, poked the fire, dipped pen in the ink, and commenced. *Note.*—The asterisks do not so much mean breaks in the train of thought as the time occupied in certain futile efforts which the *T. C.* made to make the glass ring by moistening the rim with his lips. Let us call what follows A REVERIE. And this, then, is Christmas Day, the day of all days in the year, when we should open the casket of memory, shake the dust of forgetfulness from its contents, and think only good thoughts "and of all familiar faces." * * * Our heart glows with feelings of Peace on Earth and Good Will towards Man. Every man, in fact, for on this day we are determined to let nothing harshly hurt the soft, white wings of the gentle Angel of Peace now present. * * * It is with feelings of deep contrition for things undone which should have been undone, and for things undone which should have been undone (*vice versa*, we mean), that we look down the Vista of the fled months and think of what might have been undone and which was not done. A spirit of deep contrition * * * which, while painful for the moment, has no doubt a saltatory, that is salutary influence on mankind in general and self in particular. * * * Be that as may be, can't be helped, what's done can't be undone, to-bed, to-bed. No, must finish article first. Salutary influences crowd * * * Salutary influences crowd thick, very thick, in fact streamly thick bout me, and although any one wouldn't think so, never member passing quieter Christmas. * * * Chrism' comes but once a year, good will on earth and leave nothing undone. Train up child in way he should go and when he's old he'll keep Chrism'. * * * If he don't, pull his nose, he's no gen'leman. Ev'ry gem'man skeeps Schlemas. I skeeps Schralms, you skeeps Schchshrims, they skeeps Schremrchrs. * * * Tschlike old Krms (don't think this rgt way spell Krms—Chrmrs. N'ver mind). He's jolly good feller. O'dwill on men, what's done p'ce on e'rth. * * * Wsh vdody smry Krismschrs Hapynewyrwshlisk * * CkeNtrsmsrmrschrms * * *——!

Sunday.—The *Town Crier* reads his Bible, and takes memoranda: Proverbs xxxi, v. 6 and 7.—"Give strong drink unto him that is ready to perish, and wine unto those that be of heavy hearts. Let him drink and forget his poverty, and remember his misery no more." *Mem.*—Go well with Cutter's whisky advertisement. Stop. Was it not once neatly paraphrased by one Bobbie Burns? Let's see, how does it go?

Gi'e him strong drink
Until he wink,
That, sinking in despair,
And liquor guid,
To fire his bluid,
That's press't wi' grief and care.

There let him bouse,
And deep carouse,
Wi' bumpers flowing o'er,
Till he forgets
His woes and debts
Nor minds his sorrows more.

Proverbs xxiii, v. 29.—"Seest thou a man diligent in his business? he shall stand before kings." Romans xii, v. 11.—"Not slothful in business, fervent in spirit serving the Lord." *Mem.*—Good pious headings for *Biz* column. Proverbs xiii, v. 4.—"Labor not to be rich." *Mem.*—Pitch into stockbrokers and business people generally. Proverbs v, 16. v.—"Let thy fountains be dispersed abroad, and rivers of waters in the streets." *Mem.*—Spring Valley Water Works. Proverbs x, v. 23.—"It is as sport to a fool to do mischief." *Mem.*—Attack the hoodlums. Ephesians iv, v. 29.—"Let no corrupt communication proceed out of your mouth." *Mem.*—Query: *Chronicle* or *Call? N'importe*; will come in somewhere. Ephesians iii, v. 2.—"Beware of dogs." *Mem.*—See Supervisors. Job xix, v. 2.—"How long will ye vex my soul and break me in pieces with words." *Mem.*—Good for you, old Job; will keep that "*break me in pieces with words*" for a convenient occasion. Job xxx, v. 29.—"I am a brother to dragons." *Mem.*—Good idea for the Chinese advertisement. Job xxxi, v. 40.—"Let thistles grow instead of wheat, and cockle instead of barley. The words of Job are ended." *Mem.*—Bad for the farming interests.

It is always delightful to give pleasure. It is our welcome task to inform the Y. M. C. A. that the California is once more available as a place of amusement. Tragedy and tears have gone to San Jose, trailing skirts hang in the property room, and the female form frisks around the boards obscured by four inches of dry goods. Bonfanti sinks into insignificance for briefness of skirt, and the Rigl's were as tame doves for recklessness compared with the new divinities. The most limber of these young women threatened on two occasions to become No. 11, but her corset lace stayed the untimely severance, and her great toes are still intimate acquaintances off the stage. The delights of this charming entertainment are enhanced by the calcium man's exactitude of aim, his performance bringing down the gallery with every change of the light. The coryphees boast the usual assortment. You pay your money, you take your choice. Long legs, short legs, thick and thin, round and flat, bandy and straight, knock-kneed and vice versa, tapering and uncompromisingly uniform, spindles and barrels—forty pairs of them, all for a dollar. Take it for all in all, the *Naiad Queen* offers more leg and less *tulle* attraction than any previous exhibition of its kind, for it is the first time that the ocular proof has furnished us with the exact length of the female nether limb. Medical students cordially invited to accompany the Y. M. C. A. to give a scientific turn to the affair.

Why will the Chronicle and Call continue to exchange the nasty snarl as to the extent of their respective circulations? In the first place, it is a matter of the supremest indifference to all sensible people, to whose disinterested minds the whole is a patent catch-penny job, got up to fill space when news is scarce and advertisements are lacking. In the next place, it is utterly impossible for any one to determine which, if either, is the greater liar. The elaborate statements, supported by affidavits, and padded up with the most irrefragable proofs, are ruthlessly demolished by the opponent the following morning, and demonstrated by as seemingly convincing arguments to be a tissue of lies. The inevitable result, after a week of such discussion, is to leave people under the impression that both these enterprising journals have as proprietors masters in the art of bunkum, blow, and balderdash, qualities which they can no more divest themselves of and exchange for honesty, truthfulness and intelligence, than the Ethiopian can change his spots, the leopard lie down with the lamb, or the hop-toad whistle "Home, sweet home," with no other accompaniment than the sough of the Summer winds through a three-acre grove of tomatoes.

Bohemian Xmas High Jinks—DEC. 27TH, 1873.—Beloved Brother: You are hereby notified that all members in good standing of the 1st Bohemian Club, Sacramento street, San Francisco, are requested to assemble at the Tabernacle, on Saturday evening, December 27th, 1873, at eight o'clock, for the purpose of discussing the life, character, and literary productions of that eminent Bohemian, Doctor Watts. Copies of his *recent* works will be furnished to members of the flock on application to the Clerk. Spiritual comfort will be distributed at 9 P. M. Music appropriate to the occasion will be furnished by the Choir in connection with Schmidt's and Schlott's brass band. Owing to the large membership of the congregation and the limited number of pews, the public is cordially invited NOT to attend. Seat free. No collection. J. G. EASTMAN,
December 20th, 1873. Sire and Acting Shepherd.

Gentlemen of the sporting fraternity are invited to come forward and tip the *Chronicle*, or woe be unto them. The stereotype and the subscription list having used up all their thunder, a raking of Chief Cockrill is the next thing in order. War upon the green tables is the watchword, and whisky the inspiration. It is an unpardonable crime in the new Chief that he didn't shut up his shop when he went into office; but who could tell that a parcel of Cyprians would choose to transfer their trade to him? Do these gentle creatures drink whisky? And how did the *Chronicle* know? Oh, naughty Cyprians, drop the alcohol, and get into the respectable habit of backbiting, slandering, defaming and libeling. Go for any one that don't pay you. Set on the hounds when they don't come down. Once more, gentlemen of the green tables, the *Chronicle's* coffer is yawning.

We recommend the adoption of buttermilk in the celebration of masses, in lieu of wine. The latter gets the priests into such bad habits that nothing but that primitive beverage would be advisable. It is a little rough on the gospel that its teachers should be subject to such wicked influences, but it is an undeniable fact, that while the "ministers" are yielding to the seductive wiles of the lambs of their flock, the "priests" have gone on a series of roaring drunks. From the hights of conscious innocence and unswerving integrity we contemplate these things with yearning sorrow. We only await a rousing murder among the white neck-cloths to finish their list of iniquities.

A friend, writing from London, says: "My daughter, wishing to have her photograph taken, went to a 'studio' on Regent street, and was very much amused by the patronizing air and tone of the 'artist,' who, having placed her in an attitude that pleased him, retired to the instrument, and in the most encouraging manner possible, said, raising his index finger: 'Now, Miss, please look a little sly, 'old hup your 'ed and helevate your h-eyebrows.' Such is life. After this we think the *hartists* on Montgomery street may tremble."

It is quite consoling in these times, when the marriage business suffers such a depression, to learn that a journal is to be established devoted especially to the bringing about of that estimable sacrament. In our tender years marriage seemed to us even as the mating of doves, but with advancing time it came to us more in the light of cat claws. Even cat claws are useful in their way, but go better in pairs. Our cordial wishes are with the new journal, and we particularly commend to their care Oleomargarine Reese and the dilapidated Emperor.

Sects and Sectarianism.—It appears that there are about thirty-eight sects of the so-called Christian religion practicing their mummeries in England at the present moment, and all the priests of all these different swarms are struggling for the exclusive "right" to *warp* the mind of the rising generation, and make fanatics of them. And, more loathsome still, all their fathers and mothers (though they have long ceased to believe a tithe of what they profess) join with the priests against their own children!

Horticulture, says an exchange, is to be taught in the public schools of Cincinnati. As Cincinnati lives by pork alone, a more profitable study would be hog-riculture; that village has shown a singular apathy to pigological pursuits, except in the restricted sense of chasing ring-tailed shriekers through the public streets.